



**CNC HOLDINGS LIMITED**  
**中國新華電視控股有限公司**  
*(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)*  
**(Stock Code: 8356)**

**ANNUAL RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

**CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG  
KONG LIMITED**

**GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate small and mid-sized companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration.**

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*This announcement, for which the Directors collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this announcement is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this announcement misleading.*

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

## Consolidated Results

For the year ended 31 March

	Changes	2019 <b>HK\$'000</b>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Revenue	-12.3%	<b>324,855</b>	370,515
Gross profit	-89.3%	<b>3,484</b>	32,515
Loss before income tax	38.8%	<b>(68,878)</b>	(49,639)
Loss attributable to the owners of the Company	42.5%	<b>(65,302)</b>	(45,817)
Basic loss per Share ( <i>HK cents</i> )	42.5%	<b>(1.61)</b>	(1.13)
Dividend per Share ( <i>HK cents</i> )	N/A	<b>N/A</b>	N/A

## Consolidated Financial Position

As at 31 March

	Changes	2019 <b>HK\$'000</b>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Total assets	1.7%	<b>292,101</b>	287,130
Cash and cash equivalents	13.7%	<b>79,915</b>	70,296
Total liabilities	9.7%	<b>459,092</b>	418,426
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company	-27.2%	<b>(166,991)</b>	(131,296)

## Ratios

As at 31 March

	2019	2018
Return on equity ( <i>Note a</i> )	<b>N/A</b>	N/A
Return on assets ( <i>Note b</i> )	<b>-22.4%</b>	-15.9%
Current ratio ( <i>Note c</i> )	<b>1.19 times</b>	0.45 time
Gearing ratio ( <i>Note d</i> )	<b>111.0%</b>	102.1%

Notes:

- Return on equity is calculated as net loss divided by Shareholders' equity.
- Return on assets is calculated as net loss divided by total assets.
- Current ratio is calculated as total current assets divided by total current liabilities.
- Gearing ratio is calculated as total amount of promissory note, convertible notes, finance lease payables and advance received from customers divided by total assets.

## DEFINITIONS

In this announcement, unless the context otherwise requires, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings when used herein:

<b>“Board”</b>	the board of Directors
<b>“BVI”</b>	the British Virgin Islands
<b>“China Xinhua NNC”</b>	China Xinhua News Network Co., Limited (中國新華新聞電視網有限公司), a company incorporated in Hong Kong and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Xinhua News Agency (新華社) and a Shareholder of the Company
<b>“CNC China”</b>	中國新華新聞電視網有限公司, a company incorporated in the PRC, which owns 100% of the equity interests in China Xinhua NNC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Xinhua News Agency and a substantial Shareholder of the Company
<b>“Company”</b>	CNC Holdings Limited (中國新華電視控股有限公司), a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability on 15 March 2010
<b>“Director(s)”</b>	director(s) of the Company
<b>“Financial Statements”</b>	the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2019
<b>“GEM”</b>	the GEM of the Stock Exchange
<b>“GEM Listing Rules”</b>	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM
<b>“Government”</b>	the Government of Hong Kong
<b>“Group”</b>	the Company and its subsidiaries
<b>“HK\$” and “HK cent(s)”</b>	Hong Kong dollar(s) and cent(s), respectively, the lawful currency of Hong Kong
<b>“Hong Kong”</b>	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC

<b>“Macau”</b>	the Macau Special Administrative Region of the PRC
<b>“PRC”</b>	the People’s Republic of China, excluding Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan
<b>“SFO”</b>	the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) as amended or otherwise modified from time to time
<b>“Share(s)”</b>	ordinary share(s) of the Company
<b>“Share Option Scheme”</b>	the share option scheme of the Company adopted on 11 August 2010
<b>“Shareholder(s)”</b>	holder(s) of the Share(s)
<b>“Stock Exchange”</b>	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
<b>“WSD”</b>	Water Supplies Department (水務署) of the Government
<b>“Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific”</b>	Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific Operating Co., Limited (新華電視亞太台運營有限公司), a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability on 22 December 2009 and an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company
<b>“%”</b>	per cent

The Board is pleased to present the audited consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2019 together with the comparative figures for 2018 as follows:

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	<i>Notes</i>	<b>2019</b> <b>HK\$'000</b>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Revenue	4	<b>324,855</b>	370,515
Cost of services		<u><b>(321,371)</b></u>	<u>(338,000)</u>
Gross profit		<b>3,484</b>	32,515
Other income	5	<b>450</b>	4,093
Other gains and losses	6	<b>3,032</b>	268
Amortisation expenses		<b>(18,594)</b>	(19,734)
Selling and distribution expenses		–	(100)
Administrative expenses		<b>(22,441)</b>	(32,101)
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		<u><b>(9,123)</b></u>	<u>(1,308)</u>
Loss from operations	8	<b>(43,192)</b>	(16,367)
Finance costs	9	<b>(25,686)</b>	(33,331)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries		–	114
Impairment loss on trade receivables		<u>–</u>	<u>(55)</u>
Loss before income tax		<b>(68,878)</b>	(49,639)
Income tax	10	<u><b>3,576</b></u>	<u>3,822</u>
Loss for the year		<b>(65,302)</b>	(45,817)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income			
<i>Items that may be classified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>			
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		<b>(1,531)</b>	2,958
<i>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:</i>			
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		<u><b>(1,057)</b></u>	–
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year, net of income tax		<u><b>(2,588)</b></u>	<u>2,958</u>
Total comprehensive loss for the year		<u><b>(67,890)</b></u>	<u>(42,859)</u>
Loss for the year attributable to the owners of the Company		<u><b>(65,302)</b></u>	<u>(45,817)</u>
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the owners of the Company		<u><b>(67,890)</b></u>	<u>(42,859)</u>
Loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company – Basic and diluted ( <i>HK cents</i> )	12	<u><b>(1.61)</b></u>	<u>(1.13)</u>

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

	<i>Notes</i>	<b>2019</b> <b>HK\$'000</b>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment		<b>38,302</b>	41,277
Intangible assets		<b>44,362</b>	62,678
Available for sale financial assets		–	2,302
Deferred tax assets		<b>320</b>	–
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		<b>1,245</b>	–
		<u><b>84,229</b></u>	<u>106,257</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Trade and other receivables	<i>13</i>	<b>105,738</b>	102,116
Tax recoverable		<b>521</b>	521
Contract assets		<b>15,517</b>	–
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		<b>6,181</b>	7,940
Cash and cash equivalents		<b>79,915</b>	70,296
		<u><b>207,872</b></u>	<u>180,873</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u><b>292,101</b></u>	<u>287,130</u>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	<i>14</i>	<b>88,973</b>	89,546
Contract liabilities		<b>65,156</b>	–
Finance lease payables		<b>42</b>	2,413
Employee benefits		<b>3,550</b>	3,315
Promissory note		–	43,026
Convertible notes		–	247,511
Current tax liabilities		<b>16,904</b>	17,854
		<u><b>174,625</b></u>	<u>403,665</u>
<b>Net current assets/(liabilities)</b>		<u><b>33,247</b></u>	<u>(222,792)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u><b>117,476</b></u>	<u>(116,535)</u>

	<i>Notes</i>	<b>2019</b> <b><i>HK\$'000</i></b>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Finance lease payables		–	102
Promissory note		<b>43,123</b>	–
Convertible notes		<b>225,475</b>	–
Interest payables	<i>14</i>	<b>2,214</b>	–
Deferred tax liabilities		<b>13,655</b>	14,659
		<u><b>284,467</b></u>	<u>14,761</u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<u><b>459,092</b></u>	<u>418,426</u>
<b>Net liabilities</b>		<u><b>(166,991)</b></u>	<u>(131,296)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Share capital		<b>4,055</b>	4,055
Reserves		<b>(171,046)</b>	(135,351)
<b>Total equity</b>		<u><b>(166,991)</b></u>	<u>(131,296)</u>

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital reserves HK\$'000	Convertible notes equity reserves HK\$'000	Foreign currency translation reserves HK\$'000	Investment revaluation reserves HK\$'000	Other reserves HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
At 1 April 2017	4,055	1,238,195	2,758	62,631	(3,074)	-	9,868	(1,416,168)	(101,735)
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(45,817)	(45,817)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax :									
Items that may be classified subsequently to profit or loss:									
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	-	-	-	-	2,958	-	-	-	2,958
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	-	2,958	-	-	(45,817)	(42,859)
Transfer to accumulated losses upon maturity of convertible notes	-	-	-	(62,631)	-	-	-	62,631	-
Recognition of convertible notes equity reserves on extension of convertible notes	-	-	-	1,562	-	-	11,994	-	13,556
Deferred tax liability arising on extension of convertible notes	-	-	-	(258)	-	-	-	-	(258)
At 31 March 2018	4,055	1,238,195	2,758	1,304	(116)	-	21,862	(1,399,354)	(131,296)
Adoption of HKFRS 9 (note)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,557)	(1,557)
Adjusted balance at 1 April 2018	4,055	1,238,195	2,758	1,304	(116)	-	21,862	(1,400,911)	(132,853)
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(65,302)	(65,302)
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax:									
Item that may be classified subsequently to profit or loss:									
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	-	-	-	-	(1,531)	-	-	-	(1,531)
Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:									
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	(1,057)	-	-	(1,057)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(1,531)	(1,057)	-	(65,302)	(67,890)
Transfer to accumulated losses upon maturity of convertible notes	-	-	-	(1,304)	-	-	-	1,304	-
Recognition of convertible notes equity reserves on extension of convertible notes	-	-	-	17,245	-	-	19,352	-	36,597
Deferred tax liabilities arising on extension of convertible notes	-	-	-	(2,845)	-	-	-	-	(2,845)
At 31 March 2019	<b>4,055</b>	<b>1,238,195</b>	<b>2,758</b>	<b>14,400</b>	<b>(1,647)</b>	<b>(1,057)</b>	<b>41,214</b>	<b>(1,464,909)</b>	<b>(166,991)</b>

Note: Upon the adoption of HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" on 1 April 2018 has accumulated impact of HK\$1,557,000 was recorded as an adjustment to the accumulated losses as at 1 April 2018, which represented the impairment loss allowance net of deferred tax impact.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. GENERAL

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 15 March 2010 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961 as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The registered office and principal place of business of the Company are located at the offices of Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and Suites 2708-2710, 27/F., Everbright Centre, 108 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong respectively.

The Shares of the Company were listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange on 30 August 2010.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are provision of civil engineering services for the public sector in Hong Kong and television broadcasting business in the Asia-Pacific region (excluding the PRC) in return for advertising and related revenue.

## 2.1. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”)

### (a) Adoption of HKFRSs effective for annual periods on or after 1 April 2018

In the current year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations (the “new and amendments to HKFRSs”) issued by Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “HKICPA”) for the first time in the current year.

HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers and the related Amendments
HK(IFRIC) – Int 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration
Amendments to HKFRS 2	Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions
Amendments to HKFRS 4	Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance Contracts
Amendments to HKAS 28	As part of the Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014 – 2016 Cycle
Amendments to HKAS 40	Transfers of Investment Property

Except as described below, the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group’s financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

### ***Impact on the consolidated financial statements***

The following tables show the adjustments recognised for each individual line item. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included. As a result, the sub-totals and totals disclosed cannot be recalculated from the numbers provided. The adjustments are explained in more detail by standard below.

<b>Consolidated statement of financial position (extract)</b>	31 March			1 April
	2018	HKFRS 9	HKFRS 15	2018
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
<b>Non-current assets</b>				
Available for sale financial assets	2,302	(2,302)	–	–
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	–	2,302	–	2,302
Deferred tax assets	–	308	–	308
<b>Current assets</b>				
Trade and other receivables	102,116	(1,182)	(16,199)	84,735
Contract assets	–	(683)	16,199	15,516
<b>Current liabilities</b>				
Trade and other payables	(89,546)	–	14,020	(75,526)
Contract liabilities	–	–	(14,020)	(14,020)
<b>Net current liabilities</b>	<b>(222,792)</b>	<b>(1,865)</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>(224,657)</b>
<b>Net liabilities</b>	<b>(131,296)</b>	<b>(1,557)</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>(132,853)</b>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>				
Reserves	(135,351)	(1,557)	–	(136,908)
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>(131,296)</b>	<b>(1,557)</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>(132,853)</b>

### ***HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments***

In the current year, the Group applied HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments, Amendments to HKFRS 9 Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation and the related consequential amendments to other HKFRSs. HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for 1) the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, and 2) expected credit losses (“ECL”) for financial assets.

The Group has applied HKFRS 9 in accordance with the transition provisions set out in HKFRS 9, i.e. applied the classification and measurement requirements (including impairment under ECL model) retrospectively to instruments that have not been derecognised as at 1 April 2018 (date of initial application) and has not applied the requirements to instruments that have already been derecognised as at 1 April 2018. The difference between carrying amounts as at 31 March 2018 and the carrying amounts as at 1 April 2018 are recognised in the opening accumulated losses and other components of equity, without restating comparative information.

Accordingly, certain comparative information may not be comparable as comparative information was prepared under HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

Below illustrates the classification and measurement (including impairment) of financial assets and financial liabilities and other items subject to ECL under HKFRS 9 and HKAS 39 at the date of initial application, 1 April 2018.

Under the transition methods chosen, the Group recognises the cumulative effect of the initial application of HKFRS 9 as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at 1 April 2018. Comparative information is not restated. The following table gives a summary of the opening balance adjustments recognised for each line item in the consolidated statement of financial position that has been affected by HKFRS 9.

#### Classification and measurement

	<b>HKAS 39 carrying amount at 31 March 2018 HK\$'000</b>	<b>Reclassification HK\$'000</b>	<b>Remeasurement HK\$'000</b>	<b>HKFRS 9 carrying amount at 1 April 2018 HK\$'000</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>				
Available for sale financial assets	2,302	(2,302)	–	–
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	–	2,302	–	2,302
Deferred tax assets	–	–	308	308
<b>Current assets</b>				
Trade and other receivables	102,116	–	(1,865)	100,251
<b>Capital and reserves</b>				
Accumulated losses	(1,399,354)	–	(1,557)	(1,400,911)

#### ***Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 9***

##### *Available-for-sale (“AFS”) investments*

From AFS financial assets to fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVTOCI”), the Group elected to present in OCI for the fair value changes of all its equity investments previously classified as available-for-sale financial assets. These investments are not held for trading and not expected to be sold in the foreseeable future. At the date of initial application of HKFRS 9, HK\$2,302,000 were reclassified from available-for-sale financial assets to financial assets at FVTOCI, of which HK\$2,302,000 related to unquoted equity investments previously measured at cost less impairment under HKAS 39.

*Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost*

Trade receivables arising from contracts with customers are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15.

All recognized financial assets and financial liabilities that are within the scope of HKFRS 9 are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

The measurement categories for all financial liabilities remain the same. The carrying amounts for all financial liabilities at 1 April 2018 has not been impacted by the initial application of HKFRS 9.

*Impairment under ECL model*

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measure ECL which uses a lifetime ECL for all trade receivables and contract assets. Except for those which had been determined as credit impaired under HKAS 39, ECL for other financial assets at amortised cost, including other receivables and bank balances, are assessed on 12-month ECL (“12m ECL”) basis as there had been no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

As at 1 April 2018, the directors of the Company reviewed and assessed the Group’s existing financial assets for impairment using reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort in accordance with the requirements of HKFRS 9.

All loss allowances including trade receivables, contract assets and other financial assets at amortised cost as at 31 March 2018 reconciled to the opening loss allowances as at 1 April 2018 are as follows:

	<b>Trade receivables</b> <i>HK\$'000</i>	<b>Contract assets</b> <i>HK\$'000</i>	<b>Total</b> <i>HK\$'000</i>
At 31 March 2018 – HKAS39	2,686	–	2,686
Reclassification Amounts re-measured through opening – accumulated losses	<u>1,182</u>	<u>683</u>	<u>1,865</u>
At 1 April 2018 – HKFRS9	<u><u>3,868</u></u>	<u><u>683</u></u>	<u><u>4,551</u></u>

The reserve movement as at 31 March 2018 reconciled to the opening balances as at 1 April 2018 are as follows:

	<b>Accumulated losses HK\$'000</b>
Balance as at 31 March 2018, as originally presented	(1,399,354)
Remeasurement under HKFRS 9	
Increase in provision for	
– trade receivables	(1,182)
– contract assets	(683)
Increase in deferred tax assets	<u>308</u>
At 1 April 2018, as restated	<u><u>(1,400,911)</u></u>

### ***HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers***

The Group has adopted HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and the related Amendments from 1 April 2018 which resulted in changes in accounting policies and adjustments to the amounts recognised in the financial statements. In accordance with the transitional provisions in HKFRS 15, prior period comparative figures have not been restated. In summary, the following adjustments were made to the amounts recognised in the balance sheet at the date of initial application (1 April 2018):

	<b>HKAS 18 carry amount at 31 March 2018 HK\$'000</b>	<b>Reclassification HK\$'000</b>	<b>Remeasurement HK\$'000</b>	<b>HKFRS 15 carrying amount at 1 April 2018 HK\$'000</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>				
Deferred tax assets	–	–	308	308
<b>Current assets</b>				
Trade and other receivables	102,116	(16,199)	(1,182)	84,735
Contract assets	–	16,199	(683)	15,516
<b>Current liabilities</b>				
Trade and other payables	89,546	(14,020)	–	75,526
Contract liabilities	–	14,020	–	14,020

The following tables summarise the impacts of applying HKFRS 15 on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position at 31 March 2019 and its consolidated statement of cash flows for the current year for each of the line items affected. There is no impact on the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the current year. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included.

**Impact on the consolidated statement of financial position**

	Carrying amounts as report HK\$'000	Adjustments HK\$'000	Carrying amounts without application of HKFRS 15 HK\$'000
<b>Current assets</b>			
Trade and other receivables	105,738	15,517	121,255
Contract assets	15,517	(15,517)	–
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	88,973	20,156	109,129
Amounts due to customers for contract works	–	45,000	45,000
Contract liabilities	65,156	(65,156)	–

**Impact on the consolidated statement of cash flows**

	Carrying amounts as report HK\$'000	Adjustments HK\$'000	Carrying amounts without application of HKFRS 15 HK\$'000
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Increase in trade and other receivables	(21,081)	4	(21,077)
Decrease in contract assets	4	(4)	–
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Increase in trade and other payables	6,598	6,136	12,734
Increase in amounts due to customers for contract works	–	45,000	45,000
Increase in contract liabilities	51,136	(51,136)	–

*(i) Presentation of assets and liabilities related to contracts with customers*

The Group has also changed the presentation of the following amounts in the balance sheet to reflect the terminology of HKFRS 15:

- Up to date of initial application of HKFRS15, HK\$16,199,000 and HK\$14,020,000 of retention receivables and retention money payables were reclassified to contract assets and contract liabilities respectively.

*(ii) Timing of revenue recognition*

As a result of the changes in the Group's accounting policies, except for the reclassification of the contract assets/contract liabilities from trade and other receivables and amounts due from/to customers for contract works, HKFRS 15 was generally adopted without restating any other comparative information. The adoption of HKFRS 15 in the current period does not result in any impact on the amounts reported in the consolidated financial information and/or disclosures set out in the consolidated financial information.

**(b) New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue not yet effective**

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 16	<i>Leases<sup>1</sup></i>
HKFRS 17	<i>Insurance Contracts<sup>2</sup></i>
HK (IFRIC) – Int 23	<i>Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments<sup>1</sup></i>
Amendments to HKFRS 3	<i>Definition of a business<sup>4</sup></i>
Amendments to HKFRS 9	<i>Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation<sup>1</sup></i>
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	<i>Sale and Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture<sup>3</sup></i>
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8	<i>Definition of Material<sup>5</sup></i>
Amendments HKAS 19	<i>Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement<sup>1</sup></i>
Amendments to HKAS 28	<i>Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures<sup>1</sup></i>
Amendments to HKFRSs	<i>Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle<sup>1</sup></i>

<sup>1</sup> *Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2019*

<sup>2</sup> *Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021*

<sup>3</sup> *Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined*

<sup>4</sup> *Effective for business combinations and asset acquisitions for which the acquisitions date is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1 April 2020*

<sup>5</sup> *Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2020*

***HKFRS 16 Leases***

HKFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. HKFRS 16 will supersede HKAS 17 “Leases” and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

HKFRS 16 distinguishes lease and service contracts on the basis of whether an identified asset is controlled by a customer. Distinctions of operating leases and finance leases are removed for lessee accounting, and is replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognised for all leases by lessees, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost (subject to certain exceptions) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. Subsequently, the lease liability is adjusted for interest and lease payments, as well as the impact of lease modifications, amongst others. Upon application of HKFRS 16, lease payments in relation to lease liability will be allocated into a principal and an interest portion which will be presented as financing and operating cash flows respectively.

In contrast to lessee accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17, and continues to require a lessor to classify a lease either as an operating lease or a finance lease.

Total operating lease commitment of the Group in respect of its office, director's quarter, certain office equipment, television broadcasting right, the use of satellite capacity and broadcasting services as at 31 March 2019 was amounting to approximately HK\$21,248,000. The directors of the Company do not expect the adoption of HKFRS 16 as compared with the current accounting policy would result in a significant impact on the Group's results at this stage but it is expect certain portion of these lease commitments will be required to be recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities.

The application of new requirements may result in changes in measurement, presentation and disclosure as indicated above. The Group intends to elect the modified retrospective approach for the application of HKFRS 16 as lessee and will recognize the cumulative effect of initial application to opening retained earnings without restating comparative information.

Except disclosed above, the Directors do not anticipate that the application of other new and revised HKFRSs will have a material impact on the Group's financial performance and financial position.

### **3. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

#### **(a) Statement of compliance**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs, which is a collective term that includes all applicable individual HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations ("Ints") issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and by the disclosures requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance ("CO").

#### **(b) Basis of preparation**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 or value in use in HKAS 36.



In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

**(c) Going concern**

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company have given careful consideration to the future liquidity of the Group notwithstanding that the Group has incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$65,302,000 during the year ended 31 March 2019 and, as of that date, the Group had net liabilities of approximately HK\$166,991,000 respectively.

The directors of the Company adopted the going concern basis in the preparation of Financial Statements and implemented the following measures in order to improve the working capital and liquidity and cash flow position of the Group:

**(1) Financial support**

China Xinhua News Network Co., Limited (“China Xinhua NNC”), one of the major shareholders of the Company and a convertible notes holder, has confirmed to provide financial support to the Group in a reasonable manner under relevant laws and regulatory requirements, to maintain the going concern of the Company. The financial support only refers to allow the Company to extend the repayment for the liabilities due to China Xinhua NNC to not earlier than 12 months commencing from 31 March 2019, including (1) the convertible notes in the principal amount of approximately HK\$257,030,000; (2) the interests payable on the convertible notes amounted to approximately HK\$43,382,000 as of 31 March 2019; and (3) the liabilities due to China Xinhua NNC of approximately HK\$17,337,000 as of 31 March 2019 in respect of annual fee for television broadcasting right, carriage fee payment and satellite transmission fee, if the repayment would cause the Company to be unable to settle its liabilities due to other parties when they fall due.

**(2) Alternative source of funding**

The Group is actively considering to raise new capital by carrying out fund raising activities including but not limited to rights issue, open offer, placing of new shares and issuance of convertible note.

In the opinion of the directors, in light of the various measures/arrangements implemented after the end of the reporting period, the Group will have sufficient working capital for its current requirements and it is reasonable to expect the Group to remain a commercially viable concern. Accordingly, the directors are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the Financial Statements on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue to operate as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any future liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities respectively. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the financial statements.

**(d) Functional and presentation currency**

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (“HK\$”), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (HK\$’000) except otherwise indicated.

**4. REVENUE**

An analysis of the Group’s revenue for the years ended 31 March 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

**(i) Over time of revenue recognition**

	<b>2019</b>	2018
	<b>HK\$’000</b>	HK\$’000
Construction works	<b>323,895</b>	369,420
Advertising income*	<b>960</b>	1,095
	<b>324,855</b>	370,515

\* No publication income (2018: approximately HK\$129,000) was included in advertising income during the year ended 31 March 2019.

(ii) **Revenue expected to be recognised in the future arising from contracts with customers in existence at the reporting date**

As at 31 March 2019, the aggregated amount of the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation under the Group's existing contracts is approximately HK\$178,749,000. This amount represents revenue expected to be recognised in the future from pre-completion construction contracts and advertising contracts entered into by the customers with the Group. The Group will recognised the expected revenue in future when or as the work is completed or service is provided which is expected to occur within the next 12 months.

**5. OTHER INCOME**

Other income recognised during the years ended 31 March 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	<b>2019</b>	2018
	<b><i>HK\$'000</i></b>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Interest income	78	23
Dividend income	198	295
Realised gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	–	3,770
Sundry income	174	5
	<u>450</u>	<u>4,093</u>

**6. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES**

Other gains and losses recognised during the years ended 31 March 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	<b>2019</b>	2018
	<b><i>HK\$'000</i></b>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Exchange gain/(loss), net	1,035	(2,195)
Gain arising from extinguishment of promissory note	1,939	2,320
Net gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	131	143
Allowance for expected credit losses recognised for trade receivables	(78)	–
Reversal of allowance for expected credit losses for contract assets	5	–
	<u>3,032</u>	<u>268</u>

## 7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's segment information is presented on the basis on internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segments and assess their performance. For each of the Group's reportable segments, the executive directors of the Company reviews internal management reports on a regular basis.

Under the segment structure implemented during the year ended 31 March 2019, information reported to the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods or services delivered or provide are:

- (i) Provision of civil engineering services – provision of waterworks engineering services, road works and drainage services and site formation works for public sector in Hong Kong; and
- (ii) Television broadcasting and advertising business – the business of broadcasting television programmes on television channels operated by television broadcasting companies in the Asia-Pacific region (excluding the PRC) in return for advertising and related revenue.

Each of these operating segments is managed separately as each of the products and service lines requires different resources as well as marketing approaches.

### Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segment.

#### *For the year ended 31 March 2019*

	Provision of civil engineering services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Television broadcasting and advertising business <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Revenue from external customers	323,895	960	324,855
Other income and gains	245	–	245
<b>Reportable segment revenue</b>	<b>324,140</b>	<b>960</b>	<b>325,100</b>
<b>Reportable segment results</b>	<b>4,004</b>	<b>(30,511)</b>	<b>(26,507)</b>
Unallocated corporate income			2,210
Unallocated corporate expenses			(18,895)
Finance costs			(25,686)
<b>Loss before income tax</b>			<b>(68,878)</b>

For the year ended 31 March 2018

	Provision of civil engineering services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Television broadcasting business <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Revenue from external customers	369,420	1,095	370,515
Other income and gains	191	–	191
<b>Reportable segment revenue</b>	<u>369,611</u>	<u>1,095</u>	<u>370,706</u>
<b>Reportable segment results</b>	<u>27,280</u>	<u>(35,640)</u>	(8,360)
Unallocated corporate income			6,527
Unallocated corporate expenses			(14,475)
Finance costs			<u>(33,331)</u>
<b>Loss before income tax</b>			<u>(49,639)</u>

Segment revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales for the years ended 31 March 2019 and 2018.

Segment profit/loss respects the profit earned/loss incurred by each segment without allocation of central administration costs, dividend income, interest income, finance costs, change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, gain arising from extinguishment of promissory note and income tax expense. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

## Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segment:

### At 31 March 2019

	Provision of civil engineering services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Television broadcasting and advertising business <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Segment assets	149,098	51,589	200,687
Unallocated			<u>91,414</u>
<b>Consolidated assets</b>			<b><u>292,101</u></b>
Segment liabilities	83,392	30,729	114,121
Unallocated			<u>344,971</u>
<b>Consolidated liabilities</b>			<b><u>459,092</u></b>

### At 31 March 2018

	Provision of civil engineering service <i>HK\$'000</i>	Television broadcasting business <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Segment assets	135,349	65,267	200,616
Unallocated			<u>86,514</u>
<b>Consolidated assets</b>			<b><u>287,130</u></b>
Segment liabilities	38,900	16,772	55,672
Unallocated			<u>362,754</u>
<b>Consolidated liabilities</b>			<b><u>418,426</u></b>

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than available for sale financial assets, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, cash and cash equivalents, current tax recoverable and assets for corporate use; and
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than convertible notes, current and deferred tax liabilities, finance lease payables and promissory note.

### Other segment information

#### For the year ended 31 March 2019

	Provision of civil engineering services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Television broadcasting and advertising business <i>HK\$'000</i>	Unallocated <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Additions to non-current assets	20,436	3	–	20,439
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	19,410	735	1,718	21,863
Amortisation of film rights	–	278	–	278
Amortisation of intangible assets	–	18,316	–	18,316
Allowance for expected credit losses recognised for trade receivables	78	–	–	78
Reversal of allowance for expected credit losses recognised for contract assets	(5)	–	–	(5)
Net gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(131)	–	–	(131)
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	–	–	9,123	9,123
Gain arising from extinguishment of promissory note	–	–	(1,939)	(1,939)

#### For the year ended 31 March 2018

	Provision of civil engineering Services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Television broadcasting business <i>HK\$'000</i>	Unallocated <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Additions to non-current assets	16,198	7	–	16,205
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	15,815	738	2,742	19,295
Amortisation of film rights	–	1,418	–	1,418
Amortisation of intangible assets	–	18,316	–	18,316
Impairment loss on trade receivables	–	55	–	55
Net gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(143)	–	–	(143)
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	–	–	1,308	1,308
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	–	–	(114)	(114)
Gain arising from extinguishment of promissory note	–	–	(2,320)	(2,320)

## Revenue from major products and services

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue from its major products and services were as follows:

	<b>2019</b> <i>HK\$'000</i>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Construction works	<b>323,895</b>	369,420
Advertising income	<b>960</b>	1,095
	<hr/> <b>324,855</b> <hr/>	<hr/> 370,515 <hr/>

## Geographical information

The Group's operations are mainly located in Hong Kong and the PRC.

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue by location of customers:

	<b>2019</b> <i>HK\$'000</i>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Hong Kong	<b>324,855</b>	369,518
PRC	<b>–</b>	997
	<hr/> <b>324,855</b> <hr/>	<hr/> 370,515 <hr/>

The following is an analysis of the carrying amount of non-current assets, excluding the financial assets, analysed by the geographical area in which the assets are located:

	<b>2019</b> <i>HK\$'000</i>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Hong Kong	<b>80,998</b>	100,689
PRC	<b>1,666</b>	3,266
	<hr/> <b>82,664</b> <hr/>	<hr/> 103,955 <hr/>



## Information about major customers

Included in revenue arising from provision of civil engineering services of approximately HK\$323,895,000 (2018: HK\$369,420,000) are revenue generated from three (2018: four) customers amounting to approximately HK\$303,716,000 (2018: HK\$366,065,000) has individually accounted for over 10% of the Group's total revenue. No other single customers contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue for the years ended 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2018.

Revenue from major customers is as follows:

	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Customer A ( <i>Note (i)</i> )	–	44,437
Customer B	146,709	100,568
Customer C	121,117	150,321
Customer D	35,890	70,739
Others	21,139	4,450
	<u>324,855</u>	<u>370,515</u>

*Note:*

- (i) No information was disclosed as the corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 March 2019.

## 8. LOSS FROM OPERATIONS

Loss from operations has been arrived at after charging:

	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Contract costs recognised as expenses	310,758	325,762
Amortisation of film rights (included in amortisation expenses)	278	1,418
Amortisation of intangible assets (included in amortisation expenses)	18,316	18,316
Television broadcasting right fee and TV satellite fees (included in cost of services)	8,623	8,647
Other direct costs attributable to television broadcasting business (included in cost of services)	945	1,585
Other direct operating costs (included in cost of services)	1,045	2,006
Auditors' remuneration		
– Audit services	700	700
– Non-audit services	–	–
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment*	21,863	19,295
Staff costs	91,962	101,721
Realised gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	–	3,770
Operating lease rentals in respect of rented premises	14,425	14,757

\* *Depreciation of property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$18,893,000 (2018: approximately HK\$15,093,000) and HK\$1,045,000 (2018: approximately HK\$2,006,000) have been separately expensed in contract costs recognised as expenses and cost of services respectively.*

## 9. FINANCE COSTS

	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Interest on:		
Finance leases payables	26	104
Promissory note	3,388	2,085
Convertible notes	<u>22,272</u>	<u>31,142</u>
	<u><u>25,686</u></u>	<u><u>33,331</u></u>

## 10. INCOME TAX

The amount of income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:

	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Current tax – Hong Kong profits tax		
– tax for the year	1,240	2,126
– (over)/under-provision in respect of prior years	<u>(1,690)</u>	<u>167</u>
	----- (450) -----	----- 2,293 -----
Current tax – PRC Enterprise Income Tax		
– under-provision in respect of prior year	<u>735</u>	<u>–</u>
	<u>285</u>	<u>2,293</u>
Deferred tax		
– current year	<u>(3,861)</u>	<u>(6,115)</u>
Income tax credit	<u><u>(3,576)</u></u>	<u><u>(3,822)</u></u>

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment.) (No. 7) Bill 2017 (the “Bill”) which introduces the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2,000,000 of assessable profits of qualifying corporations will be taxed at 8.25%, and assessable profits above HK\$2,000,000 will be taxed at 16.5%. The assessable profits of corporations not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%. The Group is subject to Hong Kong Profit Tax at a rate of 16.5% for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands (the “BVI”), the Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in BVI are not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the BVI respectively.

Under the prevailing tax law in the PRC, the Enterprise Income Tax rate of the subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC is 25% (2018: 25%).

## 11. DIVIDENDS

The board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 March 2019 (2018: nil).

## 12. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	<b>2019</b>	2018
	<b><i>HK\$'000</i></b>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Loss for the year attributable to the owners of the company for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	<u><u>(65,302)</u></u>	<u><u>(45,817)</u></u>
	<b>Number of shares</b>	
	<b><i>'000</i></b>	<i>'000</i>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per Share	<u><u>4,055,350</u></u>	<u><u>4,055,350</u></u>

Diluted loss per share for the years ended 31 March 2019 and 2018 are the same as the basic loss per share. The computation of diluted loss per share for the years ended 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2018 does not assume the Company’s outstanding convertible notes since the assumed conversion of convertible notes would result in a decrease in loss per share.

### 13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Trade receivables ( <i>note (i)</i> )	61,930	42,810
Allowance of expected credit losses	<u>(3,946)</u>	<u>(2,686)</u>
	57,984	40,124
Retention receivables ( <i>note (iv)</i> )	–	16,199
Other receivables and prepayments ( <i>note (v)</i> )	43,675	41,924
Deposits	<u>4,079</u>	<u>3,869</u>
	<u><b>105,738</b></u>	<u><b>102,116</b></u>

*Notes:*

- (i) Trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period mainly derived from provision of construction works on civil engineering contracts. The related customers are mainly government department/organisation and reputable corporations. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

An aging analysis of the trade receivables as of the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of provisions, is as follows:

	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Current or less than 1 month	57,959	40,124
1 to 3 months	–	–
More than 3 months but less than 12 months	25	–
More than 12 months	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>
	<u><b>57,984</b></u>	<u><b>40,124</b></u>

The Group grants an average credit period of 30 days (2018: 30 days) to its trade customers of contract works. Application for progress payments of contract works is made on a regular basis.

Trade receivables disclosed above include amounts (see below for aged analysis) which are past due at the end of the reporting period for which the Group has not recognised an allowance for doubtful debts because there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable.

**Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts:**

	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,660
Write-off	(29)
Impairment loss recognised on trade receivables	<u>55</u>
Balance at the end of the year	<u><u>2,686</u></u>

Impairment loss of approximately HK\$55,000 was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the year ended 31 March 2018 as the directors of the Company consider that the outstanding amount were not recoverable.

**Movement in allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables**

Movement in lifetime ECL that has been recognised for trade receivables in accordance with simplified approach set out in HKFRS 9 for the year ended 31 March 2019.

	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Balance as at 31 March 2018 under HKAS 39	2,686
Adjustment upon application of HKFRS 9	<u>1,182</u>
Adjusted balance as at 1 April 2018	3,868
Allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL")	<u>78</u>
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2019</b>	<u><u>3,946</u></u>

- (ii) For the year ended 31 March 2018, retention monies withheld by customers of contract works are released after the completion of maintenance period of the relevant contract or in accordance with the terms specified in the relevant contract.
- (iii) Trade and other receivables are short term and hence the Directors consider the carrying amounts of trade and other receivables approximate their fair values at the end of reporting periods.
- (iv) Upon the adoption of HKFRS 15 on 1 April 2018, the balance of retention receivables of HK\$16,199,000 was reclassified to contract assets.
- (v) It mainly consists of prepayments for insurance and advance payment to subcontractors.

#### 14. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Trade payables	12,327	11,157
Retention money payables	–	14,020
Amounts due to a shareholder ( <i>note (i)</i> )	17,337	14,330
Interest payables	45,596	36,534
Amount due to a related party ( <i>note (ii)</i> )	2,009	2,009
Other payables and accruals	<u>13,918</u>	<u>11,496</u>
	<u><b>91,187</b></u>	<u><b>89,546</b></u>
Less: payables within twelve months shown under current liabilities	<u>(88,973)</u>	<u>(89,546)</u>
Interest payables shown under non-current liabilities	<u><b>2,214</b></u>	<u><b>–</b></u>

*Notes:*

- (i) Amount due to a shareholder represents amount due to a major substantial Shareholder, China Xinhua NNC, which is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (ii) Amount due to a related party represents amount due to 新華音像中心. 新華音像中心 and China Xinhua NNC have a common shareholder, Xinhua News Agency (新華社). The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The Group normally settles trade payables within 30 days (2018: 30 days) credit term. Based on the invoice date, ageing analysis of trade payables at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	<b>2019</b>	2018
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
Current or less than 1 month	<b>11,234</b>	10,325
1 to 3 months	<b>225</b>	661
More than 3 months but less than 12 months	<b>868</b>	171
More than 12 months	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
	<b><u>12,327</u></b>	<b><u>11,157</u></b>

## 15. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, during the years ended 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2018, the Group had entered into the following transactions with related parties which, in the opinion of the directors, were conducted on normal commercial terms and in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

(a) During the year, the Group entered into the following related party transactions:

<b>Related party relationship</b>	<b>Type of transaction</b>	<b>2019</b>	2018
		<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
A company that Mr. Chia Kar Hin, Eric John ("Mr. Chia"), a former Director had material interest	Service fee for announcement posting agreement	—	3
A company that the spouse of Mr. Chia had material interest	Legal and professional fee paid	—	40
China Xinhua NNC	Annual fee for television broadcasting right ( <i>note (i)</i> )	<b>3,000</b>	3,000
	Accrued interests on convertible notes ( <i>note (ii)</i> )	<b>7,710</b>	7,727
		<b><u>7,710</u></b>	<b><u>7,727</u></b>

*Notes:*

- (i) Pursuant to the agreements signed between the Group and China Xinhua NNC on 5 September 2011, China Xinhua NNC granted the television broadcasting right to Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific for the period from 1 September 2011 to 31 August 2021 on an exclusive basis with an annual fee of approximately HK\$1,000,000 payable by Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific to China Xinhua NNC prior to 31 December 2016, and approximately HK\$3,000,000 payable by Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific to China Xinhua NNC with effect from 1 January 2017. The transactions constituted continuing connected transactions under the GEM Listing Rules.

- (ii) During the year ended 31 March 2019, the convertible notes interests payable to China Xinhua NNC was amount to approximately HK\$7,710,000 (2018: approximately HK\$7,727,000).
- (iii) One of the Directors, Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung (“Mr. Kan”), who is also a shareholder of the Company, has provided personal guarantee to the lessor in respect of the Group’s obligations under finance lease as at the end of the reporting period.

As at 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2018, the banking facilities of the Group were secured by corporate guarantee executed by Shunleetat (BVI) Limited, which is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Kan, the charges over the properties held by Mr. Kan and personal guarantee provided by Mr. Kan.

The Directors considered that the above related party transactions were conducted on normal commercial terms and in the ordinary and usual course of the Group’s business.

**(b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group**

The key management personnel of the Group are the Directors.



## **EXTRACT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

The following is an extract of the independent auditors' report on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2019:

### **OPINION**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2019, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### **MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATING TO GOING CONCERN**

We draw attention to Note 3 in the financial statements, which indicates that the Company incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$65,302,000 during the year ended 31 March 2019 and, as of that date, the Company's net liabilities of approximately HK\$166,991,000. As stated in Note 3, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 3, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### **MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

#### **Business Review**

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of civil engineering services for the public sector in Hong Kong and television broadcasting business in the Asia-Pacific region (excluding the PRC) in return for advertising and related revenue. During the year ended 31 March 2019, the Group continued to focus on rendering civil engineering services to the public sector in Hong Kong and develop its television broadcasting business in the Asia-Pacific region (excluding the PRC).

## ***Provision of civil engineering services***

During the year ended 31 March 2019, the Group has been undertaking three main contracts and eight subcontracts. Among the eleven contracts, two are related to provision of waterworks engineering services and the remaining is related to provision of drainage services and site formation services. Details of the contracts undertaken are set out below:

<b>Contract number</b>	<b>Particulars of contract</b>	<b>Client</b>	<b>Contract period under main contracts</b>		
<b>Main contracts</b>					
3/WSD/13	Mainlying near She Shan Tsuen, Tai Po	WSD	Sept 2013 – Jul 2016	} <b>Total contract value</b> HK\$2,211.9 million  <b>Total amount of works certified</b> (Note) HK\$1,959.6 million	
DC/2013/09	Advance Works for Shek Wu Hui Sewage Treatment Works – Further Expansion Phase 1A and Sewerage Works at Ping Che Road	Drainage Services Department of the Government	Jul 2015 – Aug 2017		
Q067133	Elevated Road along LOHAS Punk Road and the Pedestrian Footbridge FB1	MTR Cooperation Limited	Mar 2019 – Jul 2019		
<b>Subcontracts</b>					
DC/2012/04	Sewerage in Kau Lung Hang San Wai, Kau Lung Hang Lo Wai and Tai Hang	Hsin Chong Tsun Yip Joint Venture	Jun 2012 – Dec 2017		
DC/2012/07	Lam Tsuen Valley Sewerage – village sewerage, stage 2, phase 1	Hsin Chong Tsun Yip Joint Venture	Oct 2012 – Jul 2016		
DC/2012/08	Lam Tsuen Valley Sewerage – village sewerage, stage 2, phase 2	Hsin Chong Tsun Yip Joint Venture	Oct 2012 – Aug 2016		
5/WSD/13	Replacement and rehabilitation of water mains, stage 4 phase 1 and stage 4 phase 2 – mains in northern and eastern New Territories	Hsin Chong Tsun Yip Joint Venture	Nov 2013 – May 2016		
CV/2015/03	Site Formation and Infrastructural Works near Tong Hang Road and Tsz Tin Road in Area 54, Tuen Mun	Hsin Chong Tsun Yip Joint Venture	Nov 2015 – May 2019		
810B	West Kowloon Terminus Station South, Contract 810B	Laing O'Rourke – Hsin Chong – Paul Y Joint Venture	Jun 2015 – Oct 2015		
Q044763	Elevated Road along Lohas Park Road and the pedestrian footbridge FB1	Hsin Chong Construction Company Limited	Sept 2016 – Nov 2018		
CV/2016/10	Site Formation and Association Infrastructural Works For Development of Columbarium at Sandy Ridge Cemetery	Hsin Chong Tsun Yip Joint Venture	Dec 2017 – Jun 2021		

*Note:* Amount of works certified is based on the certificates of payment received from client.

Among the above eleven contracts, a main contract (contract numbered Q067133) was newly awarded while three subcontracts (contract numbered DC/2012/04, DC/2012/07 and Q044763) was completed during the year ended 31 March 2019.

During the year ended 31 March 2019, the two contracts with contracts numbered CV2015/03 and CV2016/10 were the main contributors to the Group's revenue, which generated approximately HK\$118.6 million and approximately HK\$143.5 million, constituting approximately 36.5% and approximately 44.2% of the Group's total revenue respectively.

### ***Television broadcasting business***

Facing keen competition as well as deteriorating market development, the Group continued to sustain larger pressure and challenges in this business segment which have created certain pressure to the Group's revenue and gross profit margins in this year. The Group intended to seize the opportunities of the "Belt and Road" strategy to redevelop the Chinese ancient architectures and the Group intended to co-operate with different investors of redevelopment of ancient architectures to produce documentary and promotional video to record the redevelopment process of such redevelopment so as to increase the revenue of the television broadcasting business. However, due to the trade disputes and other factors, the global economy became unstable in year 2018 and thus the development of redevelopment of the Chinese ancient architectures became stagnate and did not generate satisfactory result.

However, in the current year, the Group had successfully entered into an advertising agency agreement pursuant to which the Group granted the exclusive right to use certain documentary programmes produced by the Group and partial advertising time slot of China Xinhua News Network Channel and China Xinhua News Network World Channel (collectively the "CNC Channels") to the advertisement agent exclusively for a total minimum guarantee of USD1.01 million for term of two years. The Group believes that the new co-operation arrangement would increase the utilization of airtime slot of the CNC Channels as well as minimize the costs and risks.

The Group would continue to seek other suitable opportunities to diversify its sources of income and is actively looking for candidates that can further broaden and enrich the management's expertise and experience and assist the Group in executing an appropriate business strategy to better position the Group in a highly competitive business environment.

## Financial Review

### Revenue

For the year ended 31 March 2019, the Group reported a revenue of approximately HK\$324.9 million (2018: approximately HK\$370.5 million), representing a decrease of approximately 12.3% as compared with that for the previous year. The revenue derived from provision of civil engineering services and television broadcasting business constituted approximately 99.7% and 0.3% of the Group's total revenue respectively. The decrease in revenue was mainly due to decrease in work order from certain civil engineering projects completed during the year and reaching maintenance stage or nearly completion stage. For the year ended 31 March 2019, the Group derived aggregate advertising revenue of approximately HK\$1.0 million (2018: approximately HK\$1.1 million) from television broadcasting business.

During the year ended 31 March 2019, the revenue of the Group was primarily generated from the undertaking of civil engineering contracts in the capacity of a subcontractor and a joint venturer. The breakdown of total revenue by nature of capacity of the Group is set forth below:

	For the year ended 31 March			
	2019		2018	
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>% of total</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>% of total</i>
Main contractor	<b>31,796</b>	<b>9.8</b>	59,470	16.1
Subcontractor	<b>141,222</b>	<b>43.6</b>	194,758	52.7
Jointly controlled operations	<b>150,877</b>	<b>46.6</b>	115,192	31.2
Total	<b><u>323,895</u></b>	<b><u>100.0</u></b>	<b><u>369,420</u></b>	<b><u>100.0</u></b>

## *Cost of services*

The Group's cost of services decreased by approximately 4.9% to approximately HK\$321.4 million (2018: approximately HK\$338.0 million) for the year ended 31 March 2019 as compared with that for the previous year. The Group's cost of services mainly includes costs of construction services, costs of television broadcasting business and other direct operating costs. Costs of construction services mainly comprise raw materials, direct labour and subcontracting fee for services provided by the subcontractors. Costs of television broadcasting business mainly comprise transmission costs, broadcasting fee and other direct costs attributable to television broadcasting business. Transmission costs comprise satellite transmission fee and carriage fee payable to satellite operators while broadcasting fee comprises annual fee payable to media broadcasting providers and China Xinhua NNC. Other direct operating costs mainly comprise depreciation charges of LED displays screens. The following table sets out a breakdown of the Group's cost of services:

	For the year ended 31 March			
	2019		2018	
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>% of total</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>% of total</i>
<b>Costs of construction services</b>				
Raw materials	24,049	7.5	39,545	11.7
Direct labour	83,082	25.8	87,096	25.8
Subcontracting fee	74,194	23.1	116,682	34.5
Other direct costs	129,433	40.3	82,439	24.4
Subtotal	310,758	96.7	325,762	96.4
<b>Costs of television broadcasting business</b>				
Transmission costs	2,500	0.8	2,500	0.7
Broadcasting fee	6,123	1.9	6,147	1.8
Other direct costs attributable to television broadcasting business	945	0.3	1,585	0.5
Subtotal	9,568	3.0	10,232	3.0
<b>Other direct operating costs</b>	1,045	0.3	2,006	0.6
Subtotal	1,045	0.3	2,006	0.6
<b>Total</b>	<b>321,371</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>338,000</b>	<b>100.0</b>

### ***Gross profit***

The gross profit for the Group for the year ended 31 March 2019 decreased by approximately 89.3% to approximately HK\$3.5 million (2018: approximately HK\$32.5 million). The gross profit margin of the Group was approximately 1.1% (2018: approximately 8.8%) for the year ended 31 March 2019. The decrease in gross profit was mainly due to decrease in work from certain civil engineering projects completed during the year, reaching the maintenance stage or nearly completion stage and thus marginal profits decreased for the year.

### ***Other income***

The Group's other income for the year ended 31 March 2019 decreased by approximately 89.0% to approximately HK\$0.5 million (2018: approximately HK\$4.1 million) as compared with that for the previous year. The other income mainly consisted of cash dividend received from investment in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss for the year. The decrease in other income was mainly due to the realised gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss recognised in the previous year.

### ***Other gains and losses***

The Group's other gains and losses for the year ended 31 March 2019 increased by approximately 10.3 times to approximately HK\$3.0 million (2018: approximately HK\$0.3 million) as compared with that for the previous year. Other gains and losses mainly consisted of gains arising from extinguishment of promissory note, net gains on foreign exchange difference and net gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment for the year.

### ***Amortisation expenses***

The Group's amortisation expenses for the year ended 31 March 2019 decreased by approximately 5.8% to approximately HK\$18.6 million (2018: approximately HK\$19.7 million) as compared with that for the previous year. The amortisation expenses mainly consisted of amortisation charges of television broadcasting right and film rights for the television broadcasting business.

### ***Selling and distribution expenses***

No selling and distribution expenses were incurred for the year. The selling and distribution expenses of approximately HK\$0.1 million mainly consisted of advertising expenses for the television broadcasting business for the year ended 31 March 2018.

### ***Administrative expenses***

The Group's administrative expenses for the year ended 31 March 2019 decreased by approximately 30.1% to approximately HK\$22.4 million (2018: approximately HK\$32.1 million) as compared with that for the previous year. The administrative expenses mainly consisted of auditors' remuneration, legal and professional fees, staff costs (including Directors' remuneration), depreciation expenses and rental expenses. The decrease in the administrative expenses was mainly attributable to effective cost control for the year.

### ***Finance costs***

The Group's finance costs for the year ended 31 March 2019 decreased by approximately 22.9% to approximately HK\$25.7 million (2018: approximately HK\$33.3 million) as compared with that for the previous year. The finance costs mainly consist of interest expenses for the promissory note and convertible notes.

### ***Assessment of recoverable amount of intangible assets***

During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with China Xinhua NNC, APT Satellite TV Development Limited and Proud Glory Investments Limited to acquire entire equity interest of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$700.0 million, comprising (a) issuance of 474,335,664 Shares to China Xinhua NNC at HK\$0.196 per share; and (b) HK\$607,030,210 by way of the issue of the convertible notes to China Xinhua NNC, Proud Glory Investments Limited and APT Satellite TV Development Limited at a conversion price of HK\$0.196 per Share. The Group completed its very substantial acquisition (the "Acquisition") of the entire equity interest in Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific on 9 December 2011 and commenced the television broadcasting business since then.

The recoverable amounts of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific as at 31 March 2019 and 2018, were determined with reference to a valuation conducted by an independent valuer, based on income-based approach, after considering the financial information of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific as at 31 March 2019 and 2018, including but not limited to (i) the financial position of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2019 and 2018; (ii) the total revenue derived from television broadcasting business; (iii) number of existing contracts and memorandum of understanding; and (iv) the market and industry condition. The recoverable amount of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific has been determined on the basis of value in use calculation and is based on certain key assumptions. The value in use calculation is based on discounted cash flow projections prepared from financial budgets approved by the directors of the Company covering a 5-year period and a pre-tax discount rate of 22.14%. Cash flows beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated using a growth rate ranged from 2.5% to 10% for different countries and the growth rate does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the industry. The discount rates used reflect specific risks to the segment. Other key assumptions for the value in use calculation related to the estimation of cash inflow and outflows include budgeted revenue and gross margin, such estimation is based on the past performance and management's expectations for the market development and possible business opportunities of television broadcasting business.

The recoverable amount of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific approximated to the carrying amount of intangible assets, i.e., television broadcasting right as at 31 March 2019. Therefore, no impairment loss was recognised during the year ended 31 March 2019. To the best of knowledge and belief of the Directors, there had not been any change of valuation methodology and basis of valuation as at 31 March 2019 and no other changes in circumstance and reasons giving rise to changes in valuation approach. All changes of inputs were made to reflect the recent development of television broadcasting business as compared to that expected in previous years.

The recoverable amount of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific approximated to the carrying amount of intangible assets, i.e., television broadcasting right as at 31 March 2018. Therefore, no impairment loss was recognised during the year ended 31 March 2018. To the best of knowledge and belief of the Directors, there had not been any change of valuation methodology, basis of valuation and assumptions as at 31 March 2018 and no other changes in circumstance and reasons giving rise to changes in valuation approach. All changes of inputs were made to reflect the recent development of television broadcasting business as compared to that expected in previous years.

### ***Net loss***

The net loss attributable to the owners of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2019 increased by approximately 42.5% to approximately HK\$65.3 million (2018: approximately HK\$45.8 million) as compared with that for the previous year. The increase in net loss was mainly resulted from decrease in gross profit and increase in fair value loss of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss for the year.



## ***Loss per Share***

The basic loss per Share for the year ended 31 March 2019 was approximately HK1.61 cents (2018: approximately HK1.13 cents).

## **Prospects**

The Group anticipates that it is still a challenging year for the forthcoming year. The provision of civil engineering service business will continue to provide a stable source of revenue and remains the major contributor to revenue while the Group will continue to develop the television broadcasting business. The Group will continue to diversify the business spectrum and to broaden the revenue base of the Group.

### ***Provision of civil engineering services***

The Group is currently facing tougher operating environment in respect of provision of civil engineering services business. The construction industry in Hong Kong is very challenging in recent years due to the growing number of competitors for limited available tenders for construction works even though certain large projects would be launched by the Hong Kong Government. Furthermore, the shortage of supply of experienced labour and increase in raw material price would have adverse impact on the profitability of the Group.

Looking forward, the Group anticipates that the Hong Kong construction market will remain challenging with rising trend in subcontracting costs and intensive competition, which is expected to continue to place repeated pressure on the profit margin of the Group. In face of these risk factors, the Group is always cautiously monitoring the overall construction costs with respect to the works undertaken by the Group, providing more accurate basis for bidding and quotations of new construction contracts and reviewing the overall progress and performance of different construction contracts which are affected by various different situations including, but not limited to the overall market conditions, costs in the construction industry and the overall economy in Hong Kong. The Group will continue to exercise due care in the pursuance of this core business so as to balance the risks and opportunities in this industry and adjust its business strategies from time to time if required.

## ***Television broadcasting business***

The forthcoming financial year is expected to be challenging due to the competitive market conditions in the advertising industry. However, the Group is still prudently confident about the outlook and the prospects of the advertisement and culture market in Hong Kong and the Asia-Pacific. By capturing the opportunities of resume and new development of the “Belt and Road” initiative in the World recently, the Group aimed at speeding up the development of potential redevelopment of Chinese ancient architectures in countries or regions and co-operating with different investors of redevelopment of ancient architectures to produce documentary programmes of television broadcasting business. The Group will also stay alert of any changing business environment that may impact on its operations and its profitability. At the same time, the Group will evaluate and determine if any business strategy can be adopted in order to take advantage of growth opportunities as they arise in all regions. Looking forward, the Group will continue to differentiate itself in a strong position to capture any opportunities of advertising market by a balanced and synergistic approach and the Group will continue to explore cooperation and investment opportunities to enrich our business and broaden our income stream.

In light of increasing challenges due to market situations, the Group will continue to monitor market changes and is determined to enhance operation efficiency and capture market consolidation opportunities that come along. The Group will cautiously monitor its business segments and assess new opportunities with a view to delivering sustainable shareholders’ returns. The Group will make use of experience gained in the current businesses and adhere its development strategy to explore potential business opportunities and expand the income streams of the Group.

## **Capital Structure**

The Shares were listed on GEM on 30 August 2010. The capital of the Group comprises only ordinary shares.

Total equity attributable to the owners of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$167.0 million in deficit as at 31 March 2019 (31 March 2018: approximately HK\$131.3 million). The decrease in equity was mainly resulted from net loss for the year.

## **Liquidity and Financial Resources**

During the year ended 31 March 2019, the Group generally financed its operations through internally generated cash flows.

As at 31 March 2019, the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$33.2 million (31 March 2018: net current liabilities of approximately HK\$222.8 million), including cash balance of approximately HK\$79.9 million (31 March 2018: approximately HK\$70.3 million). The current ratio, being the ratio of current assets to current liabilities, was approximately 1.19 as at 31 March 2019 (31 March 2018: approximately 0.45). The increase in current ratio were primarily due to the fact that the promissory note and convertible notes were extended to 30 June 2020 and 9 December 2020 respectively and thus reclassified as non-current liabilities.

## **Gearing Ratio**

The gearing ratio, which is based on the total amount of promissory note, convertible notes, finance lease payables and advance received from customers divided by total assets, was approximately 111.0 % as at 31 March 2019 (31 March 2018: approximately 102.1%).

## **Foreign Exchange Exposure**

The group entities collect most of the revenue and incur most of the expenditures in their respective functional currencies. The Directors consider that the Group's exposure to foreign currency exchange risk is insignificant as the majority of the Group's transactions are denominated in the functional currency of each individual group entity. During the year ended 31 March 2019, the Group was mainly exposed to foreign currency exchange risk of Renminbi and the management mainly monitored the foreign currency exchange risk with advices from the Group's major banks.

## **Capital Commitment**

As at 31 March 2019, the Group did not have any significant capital commitments (31 March 2018: nil).

## **Charges on the Group's Assets**

As at 31 March 2019, the Group's motor vehicles with net book values amounted to approximately HK\$0.1 million were held under finance lease. As at 31 March 2018, the Group's motor vehicles and machineries with net book values amounted to approximately HK\$4.7 million and approximately HK\$0.7 million respectively were held under finance lease.

## **Contingent Liabilities**

As at 31 March 2019, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities (31 March 2018: Nil).

## **Information on Employees**

As at 31 March 2019, the Group had 234 full-time staff in Hong Kong and over 90% of them are direct labour. Total staff costs (including Directors' remuneration) for the year ended 31 March 2019 amounted to approximately HK\$92.0 million (2018: approximately HK\$101.7 million), representing a decrease of approximately 9.6% over that for the previous year. The decrease was mainly due to the effective cost control for the year.

Remuneration is determined with reference to the nature of job, performance, qualifications and experience of individual employees, as well as the result of the Group and the market trend. The Group carries out staff performance appraisal once a year and the assessment result is used for salary reviews and promotion decisions. The Group recognises the importance of staff training and thus regularly provides internal and external trainings for its staff to strength their skills and knowledge.

## **Significant Investment Held**

As at 31 March 2018, the Group held 20% equity interest in the issued share capital of Beijing Hua Dong Express Rail Media Technology Limited\* (北京華動高車傳媒科技有限公司) which is engaged in provision of audio and video mobile content services in Express Rail in the PRC as a long term investment. On 15 February 2019, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement pursuant to which the Group disposed of the entire 20% equity interest in the issued share capital of Beijing Hua Dong Express Rail Media Technology Limited\* (北京華動高車傳媒科技有限公司) to an independent third party at approximately RMB1.07 million. The disposal has been completed in April 2019.

Except for investment in subsidiaries and the investment as disclosed above, during the year ended 31 March 2019 and as at the end of the reporting period, the Group did not hold any significant investment in equity interest in any company.

## **Future Plans for Material Investments and Capital Assets**

As at 31 March 2019, the Group did not have other plans for material investments and capital assets.

## **Material Acquisitions and Disposals of Subsidiaries and Affiliated Companies**

During the year ended 31 March 2019, the Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies.

## **DIVIDENDS**

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2019.

## **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 5 August 2019 to Friday, 9 August 2019, both days inclusive. During this period, no transfer of Shares will be registered. In order to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfers of Shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Share Registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queens's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong (and with effect from 11 July 2019 onwards, at level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong) not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 2 August 2019.

## **PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE SHARES**

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Shares during the year ended 31 March 2019.

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and enhance the performance of the Group.

The Company has applied the principles and code provisions in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules.

In the opinion of the Board, the Company has complied with the Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2019, except for paragraphs A.2.7 and A.6.7 of the Code. This announcement further illustrates in detail as to how the Code was applied, inclusive of the considered reasons for any deviation throughout the year ended 31 March 2019.

Paragraph A.2.7 of the Code provides that the chairman should at least annually hold meetings with the independent non-executive Directors without the executive Directors and non-executive Directors present. Although the chairman did not hold a meeting with the independent non-executive Directors, excluding the executive Directors and non-executive Directors during the year ended 31 March 2019, he delegated the company secretary to gather any concerns and/or questions that the independent non-executive Directors might have and report to him for setting up follow-up meetings, whenever necessary, in due course.

Paragraph A.6.7 of the Code requires that independent non-executive directors and non-executive directors shall attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders.

A non-executive Director, namely Ms. Tang Li, did not attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 8 August 2018 due to overseas commitment and pre-arranged business engagements. Other Board members, the chairmen of the relevant Board committees and the external auditor of the Company also attended the annual general meeting to inter-face with, and answer questions from the Shareholders.

A non-executive Director, namely Ms. Tang Li, did not attend the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 12 February 2019 due to overseas commitment and pre-arranged business engagements. Other Board members and the chairmen of the relevant Board committees also attended the extraordinary general meeting to inter-face with, and answer questions from the Shareholders.

## **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

Save as disclosed above, no significant event has taken place subsequent to 31 March 2019 and up to the date of this announcement.

## **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company has established an audit committee (the “Audit Committee”) on 11 August 2010 with terms of reference in compliance with paragraph C.3.3 of the Code.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee include, among other things, reviewing and supervising the financial reporting process and internal control systems, as well as the overall risk management of the Group, reviewing the financial statements and the quarterly, interim and annual reports of the Group, and reviewing the terms of engagement and scope of audit work of the external auditors.

The composition of the Audit Committee is as follows:

*Independent non-executive Directors*

Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth (*Chairman*)

Mr. Wu Guo Ming

Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, *BBS, JP*

*Non-executive Directors*

Ms. Tang Li

Mr. Law Cheuk Hung

The members of the Audit Committee possess diversified industry experience and the chairman of the Audit Committee has appropriate professional qualifications and experience in accounting matters.

The Audit Committee had reviewed the Financial Statements and is of the opinion that the preparation of such statements complied with the applicable accounting standards and that adequate disclosures have been made.

\* *For identification purpose only*

By Order of the Board  
**CNC Holdings Limited**  
**Li Yong Sheng**  
*Vice Chairman & CEO*

Hong Kong, 19 June 2019

*As at the date of this announcement, the Directors are Dr. Jiang Yan<sup>1</sup> (Chairman), Dr. Li Yong Sheng<sup>1</sup> (Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer), Mr. Liu Da Yong<sup>1</sup>, Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung<sup>1</sup>, Ms. Tang Li<sup>2</sup>, Mr. Law Cheuk Hung<sup>2</sup>, Mr. Fan Chun Wah, Andrew, JP<sup>3</sup>, Mr. Wu Guo Ming<sup>3</sup>, Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, BBS, JP<sup>3</sup> and Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth<sup>3</sup>.*

<sup>1</sup> *Executive Director*

<sup>2</sup> *Non-executive Director*

<sup>3</sup> *Independent non-executive Director*

*This announcement will remain on the GEM website at <http://www.hkgem.com> on the “Latest Company Announcements” page for at least seven days from the day of its posting and the Company’s website at <http://www.cnctv.hk>.*