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SILVER GRANT INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS GROUP LIMITED

銀建國際控股集團有限公司

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 171)

ANNUAL RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Reference is made to the preliminary announcement ("Unaudited Results Announcement") of Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited ("Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") dated 30 March 2022 in relation to the unaudited annual results for the year ended 31 December 2021 ("Year 2021") and the announcement of the Company dated 24 March 2022 in relation to, among others, the delay in the publication of the Company's audited annual results announcement for Year 2021. Capitalised terms used in this announcement shall bear the same meanings as those defined in the Unaudited Results Announcement unless the context requires otherwise.

COMPLETION OF THE 2021 AUDIT

The Board is pleased to announce that the Company's auditor, Ernst & Young, has completed its audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for Year 2021 in accordance with the Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Notes	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Rental income Direct operating expenses	2	87,376 (5,910)	89,128 (9,016)
		81,466	80,112
Dividend income from listed and unlisted securities	2	102	116
Other income, gains and losses Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value	3	348,441	285,084
through profit or loss		(102,689)	(667)
Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments		(15,203)	39,630
(Impairment)/reversal of impairment of financial		(050)	(252
assets, net		(950) (2(7,285)	6,352
Administrative expenses		(267,285) 31,814	(224,170)
Change in fair value of investment properties Finance costs	4	(410,008)	(13,555) (216,675)
Share of (losses)/profits of:	4	(410,000)	(210,075)
— associates		(45,380)	3,325
— joint ventures		(1,417,546)	(404,061)
Loss before taxation	6	(1,797,238)	(444,509)
Taxation	5	(15,256)	3,401
Loss for the year		(1,812,494)	(441,108)
Loss attributable to:			
— Owners of the Company		(1,452,609)	(317,641)
Non-controlling interests		(359,885)	(123,467)
		(1,812,494)	(441,108)
LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY (in HK cents)	7		
— Basic — Diluted		(63.02) (63.02)	(13.78) (13.78)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$`000
LOSS FOR THE YEAR	(1,812,494)	(441,108)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR		
Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Exchange differences on translation of foreign		
operations	134,363	326,891
Total other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	134,363	326,891
Other comprehensive income/(loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	12 (22	
Gain/(loss) arising on property revaluation Income tax effect	12,632 (261)	(35,779) 9,644
Net other comprehensive income/(loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	12,371	(26,135)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	146,734	300,756
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR	(1,665,760)	(140,352)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to:		
 Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests 	(1,328,410) (337,350)	(62,450) (77,902)
	(1,665,760)	(140,352)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$`000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Investment properties		2,730,045	2,624,229
Property, plant and equipment		271,659	250,921
Right-of-use assets		51,773	54,216
Other intangible assets		2,814	
Interests in associates		335,507	85,569
Interests in joint ventures		1,568,397	3,033,385
Amount due from an associate		560,690	
Amounts due from joint ventures		1,747,964	969,951
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		167,689	2,780
Loan receivables			231,932
Total non-current assets		7,436,538	7,252,983
CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade receivables	9	4,377	7,317
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables		714,075	420,467
Amount due from a joint venture		61,078	59,528
Amount due from an associate			584,989
Loan receivables		2,239,727	1,207,369
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		952,679	875,206
Derivative financial instruments		22,280	37,483
Pledged bank deposits		24,450	23,753
Cash and bank balances		116,755	769,767
Total current assets		4,135,421	3,985,879
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accrued charges, rental deposits and other			
payables		405,116	287,160
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings		541,037	369,309
Taxation payable		109,457	108,272
Lease liabilities		2,048	
Convertible bonds		1,301,494	
Total current liabilities		2,359,152	764,741

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

At 31 December 2021

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$`000
NET CURRENT ASSETS	1,776,269	3,221,138
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		
LIABILITIES	9,212,807	10,474,121
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	3,193,628	1,571,112
Convertible bonds	—	1,232,463
Lease liabilities	52,404	48,532
Deferred tax liabilities	248,542	238,021
Total non-current liabilities	3,494,574	3,090,128
Net assets	5,718,233	7,383,993
EQUITY Equity attributable to owners of the Company Share capital Reserves	3,626,781 1,604,563	3,626,781 2,932,973
	5,231,344	6,559,754
Non-controlling interests	486,889	824,239
Total equity	5,718,233	7,383,993

NOTES:

1.1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

As at 31 December 2021, notwithstanding that the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$1,776 million, the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and convertible bonds in an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$1,843 million are due to be repayable within the next 12 months while its cash and bank balances amounted to approximately HK\$117 million.

In view of the above circumstances, the directors of the Company have given careful consideration to the Group's future liquidity requirements, operating performance and available sources of financing in assessing the Group's ability to continue operating as a going concern. The following plans and measures are formulated to manage the working capital and improve the financial position of the Group:

- (i) The Group will continue to implement measures to speed up the collection of outstanding loan receivables.
- (ii) The Group will continue to take measures to expedite the disposal of financial asset investments, including equity investments and non-performing assets portfolio.
- (iii) The Group is actively negotiating with the holders of the convertible bonds for refinancing its convertible bonds due in 2022.

The directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's cash flow projections prepared by management, which cover a period of not less than twelve months from 31 December 2021. They are of the opinion that, taking into account the abovementioned plans and measures, the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due. Accordingly, the directors of the Company are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements of the Group on a going concern basis.

Notwithstanding the above, there are inherent uncertainties as to whether the Group is able to achieve its plans and measures as described above. Whether the Group will be able to generate adequate cash flows to continue as a going concern would depend on (i) the successful and timely implementation of the plans and measures to speed up the collection of outstanding loan receivables; (ii) the successful and timely implementation of the plans for the disposal of financial asset investments; and (iii) the successful refinancing of its outstanding convertible bonds.

Should the Group be unable to achieve the abovementioned plans and measures, the Group may be unable to continue to operate as a going concern, in which case adjustments would have to be made to adjust the values of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

1.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial information relating to the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 included in this announcement of annual results does not constitute the Company's statutory annual consolidated financial statements for those years but is derived from those consolidated financial statements. The Company has delivered the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 to the Registrar of Companies as required by section 662(3) of, and Part 3 of Schedule 6 to, the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and will deliver the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 to the Registrar of Companies in due course. The Company's auditor has reported on the consolidated financial statements for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020. The auditor's report on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 was unqualified; did not include a reference to any matters to which the auditor drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying its report; and did not contain a statement under section 406(2), 407(2) or 407(3) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The auditor's report on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 was unqualified; included a reference to material uncertainty related to going concern to which the auditor drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying its report; and did not contain a statement under section 406(2), 407(2) or 407(3) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("**HKASs**") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties, leasehold land and buildings under property, plant and equipment, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments, which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) except when otherwise indicated.

The Group has adopted the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7 HKFRS 4, and HKFRS 16 Amendment to HKFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2

Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (early adopted)

The nature and the impact of the revised HKFRSs are described below:

- Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 address issues (a) not dealt with in the previous amendments which affect financial reporting when an existing interest rate benchmark is replaced with an alternative risk-free rate ("RFR"). The amendments provide a practical expedient to allow the effective interest rate to be updated without adjusting the carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities when accounting for changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows of financial assets and liabilities, if the change is a direct consequence of the interest rate benchmark reform and the new basis for determining the contractual cash flows is economically equivalent to the previous basis immediately preceding the change. In addition, the amendments permit changes required by the interest rate benchmark reform to be made to hedge designations and hedge documentation without the hedging relationship being discontinued. Any gains or losses that could arise on transition are dealt with through the normal requirements of HKFRS 9 to measure and recognise hedge ineffectiveness. The amendments also provide a temporary relief to entities from having to meet the separately identifiable requirement when an RFR is designated as a risk component. The relief allows an entity, upon designation of the hedge, to assume that the separately identifiable requirement is met, provided the entity reasonably expects the RFR risk component to become separately identifiable within the next 24 months. Furthermore, the amendments require an entity to disclose additional information to enable users of financial statements to understand the effect of interest rate benchmark reform on an entity's financial instruments and risk management strategy. The amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.
- (b) Amendment to HKFRS 16 issued in April 2021 extends the availability of the practical expedient for lessees to elect not to apply lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the covid-19 pandemic by 12 months. Accordingly, the practical expedient applies to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022, provided that the other conditions for applying the practical expedient are met. The amendment is effective retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021 with any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendment recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits at the beginning of the current accounting period. Earlier application is permitted.

The Group has early adopted the amendment on 1 January 2021. However, the Group has not received covid-19-related rent concessions and plans to apply the practical expedient when it becomes applicable within the allowed period of application.

2. **REVENUE**

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$ '000
Revenue from other sources		
Gross rental income	87,376	89,128
Dividend income from listed and unlisted securities	102	116
	87,478	89,244

Operating segment information

Year ended 31 December 2021

	Investments HK\$'000	Property leasing HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Revenue			
- Rental income	—	87,376	87,376
 Dividend income from listed and unlisted securities 	102		102
	102	87,376	87,478
Segment profit	164,943	76,517	241,460
Other unallocated income, gains and			
losses			9,970
Corporate expenses			(180,170)
Finance costs (other than interest on			
lease liabilities)			(405,572)
Share of losses of: — associates			(45,380)
— joint ventures			(1,417,546)
— Joint ventures			(1,417,540)
Loss before taxation			(1,797,238)
Taxation			(15,256)
Loss for the year			(1,812,494)

Year ended 31 December 2020

	Investments HK\$'000	Property leasing HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$`000</i>
Revenue — Rental income — Dividend income from listed and unlisted	_	89,128	89,128
securities	116		116
	116	89,128	89,244
Segment profit	211,513	32,603	244,116
Other unallocated income, gains and			
losses			45,357
Corporate expenses			(119,470)
Finance costs (other than interest on lease liabilities) Share of profit or (loss) of:			(213,776)
— an associate			3,325
— a joint venture			(404,061)
Loss before taxation			(444,509)
Taxation			3,401
Loss for the year			(441,108)

Geographical information

Revenue from external customers

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$`000
Hong Kong People's Republic of China (" PRC ")	102 87,376	116 89,128
	87,478	89,244

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

Non-current assets

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 HK\$`000
Hong Kong PRC	287,176 4,673,019	290,687 5,757,633
	4,960,195	6,048,320

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loan receivables, amount due from an associate and amounts due from joint ventures.

3. OTHER INCOME, GAINS AND LOSSES

An analysis of other income, gains and losses is as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$`000
Interest income on:		
— amount due from an associate	—	22,497
- amounts due from joint ventures	55,560	76,371
— bank deposits	3,744	545
— loan receivables	230,296	181,053
Net foreign exchange loss	(1,420)	(810)
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(408)	(24)
Impairment loss on other intangible assets	(2,807)	
Government grants*	188	631
Gain on disposal of financial assets of fair value		
through profit or loss	27,009	
Others	36,279	4,821
	348,441	285,084

* The amount represented grants received from relevant government authorities in Mainland China for the Group's operation of property leasing business. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these grants.

4. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interest on bank loans	12,546	35,216
Interest on other loans	229,050	36,077
Interest on convertible bonds	149,532	141,955
Interest on senior note	14,444	528
Interest on lease liabilities	4,436	2,899
	410,008	216,675

5. TAXATION

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$`000
Current: PRC CIT — charge for the year	3,809	930
Deferred	11,447	(4,331)
Total tax charge/(credit) for the year	15,256	(3,401)

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Company and its subsidiaries in Hong Kong incurred tax losses during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

The taxation charge of the PRC Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") for the year has been made based on the Group's estimated assessable profits calculated in accordance with the relevant income tax laws applicable to the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC. Under the Law of the PRC on Corporate Income Tax ("CIT Law") and the Implementation Regulation of the CIT Law, the tax rate of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC was 25% for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: 25%).

The withholding tax arising from dividend income received from the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC is calculated at 5%.

6. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

The Group's loss before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$`000
Auditor's remuneration	7,400	5,350
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value		
through profit or loss	102,689	667
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	12,244	11,376
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	3,980	2,784
Employee benefit expense including directors' and chief executive officer's remuneration:		
Wages and salaries*	74,979	64,206
Pension scheme contributions		
(defined contribution scheme)**	1,662	2,582
	76,641	66,788
Rental income under operating leases for investment properties, less outgoing of HK\$5,910,000		
(2020: HK\$9,016,000)	(81,466)	(80,112)
Impairment on interests in joint ventures ***	304,634	
Impairment loss on other intangible assets ****	2,807	
Write-off of loan and other receivables	37,394	62,510
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of financial assets, net	950	(6,352)
Change in fair value of investment properties	(31,814)	13,555
Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments	15,203	(39,630)

- * During the year ended 31 December 2020, wage subsidy of HK\$580,000 was granted from the Employment Support Scheme under the Anti-Epidemic Fund in Hong Kong. The amount was recognised in the administrative expenses and set-off against the amount of wages and salaries. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to this grant.
- ** There were no forfeited contributions that may be used by the Group as the employer to reduce the existing level of contributions.
- *** The impairment on interests in joint ventures is included in "share of losses of joint ventures" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.
- **** The impairment loss on other intangible assets is included in "other income, gains and losses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

7. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic loss per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company is based on the following data:

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$`000</i>
Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of		
Company used in the basic loss per share calculation	1,452,609	317,641
	Number	of shares
	2021	2020
	in thousand	in thousand
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic loss		
per share calculation	2,304,850	2,304,850

No adjustment for dilution has been made to the basic loss per share amounts presented for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 as the Company's convertible bonds outstanding had an antidilutive effect on the basic loss per share amounts presented.

8. DIVIDEND

No dividend was paid or proposed for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

9. TRADE RECEIVABLES

The Group allows a credit period of 30 to 60 days to its trade customers.

The following is an ageing analysis of trade receivables presented based on the invoice dates at the end of the reporting period, which approximated the respective revenue recognition dates:

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 HK\$`000
Within 1 month	4,377	7,317

MATERIAL DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE ANNUAL RESULTS IN THE UNAUDITED RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT AND THE ANNUAL RESULTS IN THIS ANNOUNCEMENT

As the financial information contained in the Unaudited Results Announcement has neither been audited nor agreed with the Company's auditor as at the date of its publication and subsequent adjustments have been made to such information, the shareholders and potential investors of the Company are advised to pay attention to the material differences between the annual results set out in the Unaudited Results Announcement and the annual results disclosed in this announcement, the principal details and reasons pursuant to Rule 13.49(3)(ii)(b) of the Listing Rules are set out below:

	2021 HK\$'000 (Disclosed in the Unaudited Results Announcement)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Disclosed in this announcement)	Difference HK\$'000	Notes
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss (Extract)				
Other income, gains and losses Change in fair value of financial assets	357,261	348,441	(8,820)	1
at fair value through profit or loss (Impairment)/reversal of impairment	(163,894)	(102,689)	61,205	2
of financial assets, net	6,245	(950)	(7,195)	3
Administrative expenses Share of (losses)/profits of:	(258,354)	(267,285)	(8,931)	1
— associates	(47,233)	(45,380)	1,853	4
— joint ventures	(1,523,767)	(1,417,546)	106,221	5
Loss before taxation	(1,941,571)	(1,797,238)	144,333	
Taxation	(10,130)	(15,256)	(5,126)	6
Loss for the year	(1,951,701)	(1,812,494)	139,207	
Loss attributable to:				
— Owners of the Company	(1,571,416)	(1,452,609)	118,807	7
- Non-controlling interests	(380,285)	(359,885)	20,400	8
	(1,951,701)	(1,812,494)	139,207	
LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY (in HK cents)				
—Basic	(68.18)	(63.02)	5.16	9
— Diluted	(68.18)	(63.02)	5.16	9

	2021 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000	Difference HK\$'000	Notes
	(Disclosed in the Unaudited Results Announcement)	(Disclosed in this announcement)		
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Extract)				
LOSS FOR THE YEAR	(1,951,701)	(1,812,494)	139,207	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR				
Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:				
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	129,271	134,363	5,092	13
Total other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	129,271	134,363	5,092	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	141,642	146,734	5,092	
	1+1,0+2	110,751	5,072	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR	(1,810,059)	(1,665,760)	144,299	
Total comprehensive loss attributable to: — Owners of the Company — Non-controlling interests	(1,451,757) (358,302)	(1,328,410) (337,350)	123,347 20,952	13 13
	(1,810,059)	(1,665,760)	144,299	

	2021 HK\$'000 (Disclosed in the Unaudited Results Announcement)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Disclosed in this announcement)	Difference HK\$'000	Notes
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Extract)				
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Interests in associates Interests in joint ventures Amount due from an associate Amounts due from joint ventures	333,629 1,459,870 561,980 1,750,564	335,507 1,568,397 560,690 1,747,964	1,878 108,527 (1,290) (2,600)	4 5 10 11
Total non-current assets	7,330,023	7,436,538	106,515	
CURRENT ASSETS Amount due from a joint venture Loan receivables Financial assets at fair value through	61,117 2,242,992	61,078 2,239,727	(39) (3,265)	11 3
profit or loss	888,473	952,679	64,206	2
Total current assets	4,074,519	4,135,421	60,902	
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables	387,124	405,116	17,992	12
Total current liabilities	2,341,160	2,359,152	17,992	
NET CURRENT ASSETS	1,733,359	1,776,269	42,910	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	9,063,382	9,212,807	149,425	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred tax liabilities	243,416	248,542	5,126	6
Total non-current liabilities	3,489,448	3,494,574	5,126	
Net assets	5,573,934	5,718,233	144,299	
EQUITY Reserves Equity attributable to owners of the	1,481,216	1,604,563	123,347	13
Company Non-controlling interests	5,107,997 465,937	5,231,344 486,889	123,347 20,952	13 13
Total equity	5,573,934	5,718,233	144,299	

Notes:

- 1. The changes in other income, gains and losses and administrative expenses were mainly due to the reclassification of impairment provision previously classified under other income, gains and losses.
- 2. The change was resulted from the revision of the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss following fair value assessment.
- 3. The change was resulted from the revision of the impairment loss of loan receivables following the assessment of expected credit loss.
- 4. The change was resulted from the revision of the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held by an associate following fair value assessment.
- 5. The change was resulted from the revision of the provision of impairment on interests in joint ventures.
- 6. The change was resulted from the revision of the deferred tax impact following the fair value assessment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.
- 7. The change was resulted from the revision of the loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company following the revision of certain profit or loss items.
- 8. The change was resulted from the revision of the loss for the year attributable to non-controlling interests following the revision of certain profit or loss items.
- 9. The change was resulted from the revision of the loss for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company.
- 10. The change was resulted from the revision of the impairment loss of the amount due from an associate following the assessment of expected credit loss.
- 11. The change was resulted from the revision of the impairment loss of the amounts due from joint ventures following the assessment of expected credit loss.
- 12. The change was resulted from the revision of the fair value of financial guarantee contracts following the assessment of the fair value of the financial guarantee contracts.
- 13. The change was resulted from the revision of loss and other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company and non-controlling interests following the revision of certain profit or loss items and other comprehensive income/(loss) items.

Except for the material differences disclosed above and the corresponding changes thereto, there are no material changes to the financial information disclosed in the Unaudited Results Announcement.

EXTRACT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The following is the extract of the Independent Auditor's Report from the auditor of the Company, Ernst & Young:

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to Note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements which indicates that notwithstanding that the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$1,776 million as at 31 December 2021, there are identified events or conditions that indicate the existence of a material uncertainty related to going concern, when considering that the Group's current portion of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and convertible bonds amounted to approximately HK\$1,843 million in aggregate while its cash and bank balances amounted to approximately HK\$117 million. This, along with other matters as set forth in Note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements, may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group has recorded a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$1,452,609,000 for Year 2021, as compared with that of approximately HK\$317,641,000 for the year ended 31 December 2020 ("**Year 2020**"). Basic loss per share was 63.02 HK cents for Year 2021 (Year 2020: 13.78 HK cents).

In 2021, with the adoption of proactive fiscal and monetary policies by countries around the world and the continuous increase in the global COVID-19 vaccination rate, the world's major economies had started their road to economic recovery. In particular, China's GDP for 2021 which had increased by 8.1% year-on-year and exceeded RMB110 trillion, achieved a ranking of second in the world. The performance of industrial production and exports in China was particularly outstanding during the year under review. However, under the continuing impact of a series of real estate market regulation policies issued by the Chinese central government, a number of large and medium-sized real estate developers in China experienced credit crises in the second half of 2021, which had an adverse impact on the capital markets of mainland China and Hong Kong.

During the year under review, as the international supply and consumption of crude oil recovered in tandem with the economic recovery, the price of Brent crude oil remained in a reasonable range of US\$60 to US\$80 per barrel. The recovery of oil prices had driven up the value of the inventory of oil refinery and petrochemical companies and thus their performance. Nevertheless, as a result of a tax self-review conducted as required by the relevant Chinese tax authority in relation to the basis of calculation of sales tax, 中海油氣(泰州)石化有限公司 (Zhong Hai You Qi (Tai Zhou) Petrochemical Company Limited*) ("Zhong Hai You Qi"), a joint venture of the Company principally engaged in the business of production and trading of petroleum and petrochemical products, incurred additional sales tax and related tax surcharge and late fees for prior years, leading to a significant increase in the loss incurred by Zhong Hai You Qi for Year 2021 from that for Year 2020, which had a material adverse impact on the Group's financial performance for Year 2021.

Investments

While 2021 marked the beginning of the 14th Five-Year Plan of the PRC, the prevention and resolution of material risks, in particular systemic financial risks, would likely to remain a formidable challenge. During the year under review, the financial regulatory authority of the PRC gave repeated warnings about the rebound risk of non-performing assets and urged for the speeding up of the disposal of non-performing assets by the market players and the resolution of the risks faced by the small-to-medium sized financial institutions. On the other hand, the Chinese government has fostered the development of new businesses such as non-performing personal loans, non-performing trusts and bankruptcy reorganisation, contributing to the continuous orderly expansion of the non-performing asset market.

During the year under review, the Group acquired non-performing asset portfolios consisting of mainly non-performing loans from certain commercial banks and an asset management company. As at 31 December 2021, the total principal and accrued interest of the investments held in these non-performing asset portfolios amounted to approximately RMB1,220 million in aggregate. During the year under review, the Group's investment team made vigorous moves to expedite the judicial disposal procedures and asset marketing for realising partial disposal gains from the non-performing assets held by the Group.

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Notwithstanding that the real estate industry in China is facing a new round of reshuffle, a number of high-quality property projects are yet to be discovered by investors. In light of the "Greater Bay Area" initiative of the PRC government which is to spur deeper regional economic and financial integration in Hong Kong, Macau and the Pearl River Delta Region, the Group has become confident in the property market in the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macau Greater Bay Area ("Greater Bay Area"). The Group considers the prospects of the urban redevelopment projects in the Greater Bay Area to be particularly promising, taking into consideration the prime locations of the underlying urban land of these projects in the region. As at the date of this announcement, the Group is in the course of setting up an investment fund which will invest in urban redevelopment projects in the Greater Bay Area. Upon completion of the establishment of this fund, the Group will prepare for the launch of other fund products, aiming at gaining a foothold in the urban redevelopment project investments in the Greater Bay Area and creating investment returns for its shareholders. In addition, the Group has completed the acquisition of the entire equity interest of a corporation licensed to carry out type 4 (advising on securities) and type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) during the year under review. This licensed corporation will engage in the fund management business of the Group in Hong Kong and manage funds established by the Group investing in pre-IPO investments, equity securities and urban redevelopment projects.

The Group has made investments in certain enterprises in the PRC which are classified by the Group as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. As at 31 December 2021, NT Trust Scheme (as defined below) was the most significant financial asset investment of the Group, the carrying value of which represented approximately 4.0% of the total assets of the Group. Further details of the NT Trust Scheme are set out below:

The Group has invested RMB505,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$617,359,000) in aggregate into a trust ("**NT Trust Scheme**") managed by 國民信託有限公司 (National Trust Co., Ltd.*), which holds a portfolio of limited liability partnerships investing in property development investments in Zhuozhou and Shenyang in the PRC. As at 31 December 2021, the carrying value of the NT Trust Scheme as measured at fair value through profit or loss, amounted to approximately HK\$460,235,000 (2020: HK\$556,027,000) and accounted for approximately 4.0% (31 December 2020: 4.9%) of the total assets of the Group. Out of the loss of approximately HK\$102,689,000 (2020: HK\$667,000) recorded by the Group in the change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss for Year 2021, loss of approximately HK\$110,618,000 (2020: HK\$19,146,000) was attributable to the fair value change of the NT Trust Scheme as at 31 December 2021. The Group did not receive any distribution from the NT Trust Scheme is held for trading purpose and classified as a current asset in its consolidated statement of financial position.

The objective of the Group in relation to its investments in financial assets is to capture returns from the appreciation in the values of its investments and to receive income therefrom. The Board believes that the performance of the financial asset investments of the Group is dependent on the financial and operating performance of the investee companies and market sentiment, which are affected by factors such as interest rate movements, national policies and performances of other economies globally. Among its previously invested projects, the Group is currently seeking exit opportunities after assessing the financial and operational performance of these investments against the Group's expectation, which will allow the Group to recover its capital and invest in projects with higher returns in the next few years. The Group will continue to adopt a prudent investment approach and closely monitor the performance of the investments in its portfolio.

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Property Leasing

The rental income from the Group's property leasing business decreased from approximately HK\$89,128,000 in Year 2020 to approximately HK\$87,376,000 in Year 2021. Revenue from the Group's property leasing business segment was mainly derived from East Gate Plaza, an investment property of the Group in Beijing, China, which is comprised of a residential section and a commercial section. Due to the ongoing Coronavirus Disease-2019 ("COVID-19") pandemic, the average rental rate per square metre of East Gate Plaza declined in Year 2021 notwithstanding that its occupancy rate had maintained at approximately 80% from Year 2020 to Year 2021, resulting in a slight decrease in the revenue generated from this segment for Year 2021. The Group has kept on making timely adjustment to its property leasing business strategy by actively recruiting new tenants for vacant areas and retaining its existing tenants, in order to boost the occupancy rate of the property.

PROSPECTS AND OUTLOOK

As 2021 drew to a close, the spread of the highly contagious Omicron variant of COVID-19 has brought new uncertainties to the global economic recovery. The rising inflation and expectation of tighter U.S. monetary policy further cast a cloud over the recovery outlook. In China, under the continuous impact of the pandemic, the pace of recovery varied across different domestic sectors, and the consumption of the residents has not returned to its pre-pandemic level. On the other hand, the pandemic has accelerated the digital transformation of China's economy, with rapid increase in the growth rate of mobile applications and investments in related fields. The proposed "carbon neutrality" and "emission peak" strategic goals of the Chinese government have also greatly advanced the domestic green transformation, providing a good momentum to the development of the green industry in the country.

At this epic time of crises and opportunities, the Group will fully mobilise its own resources to explore investment opportunities in high-growth areas such as technological innovation, green development and urban redevelopment, and at the same time improve the operating strategy of its property leasing business in order to increase the occupancy rate of its properties.

The Company's joint venture, Zhong Hai You Qi, will carry out certain technological modification projects in its existing factories in a stable manner, optimise its product structure and improve its product quality for the purposes of further cost reduction and efficiency enhancement. It will also seek support from its shareholders to develop its high-end lubricating oil products and chemical products.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

The Group did not have any material acquisition or disposal during Year 2021.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The loss attributable to the owners of the Company increased by approximately 357.3% from approximately HK\$317,641,000 for Year 2020 to approximately HK\$1,452,609,000 for Year 2021 and the basic loss per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company increased from 13.78 HK cents for Year 2020 to 63.02 HK cents for Year 2021, mainly due to the following:

- (i) the increase in the loss from the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of the Group from approximately HK\$667,000 for Year 2020 to approximately HK\$102,689,000 for Year 2021, mainly attributable to the decrease in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held by the Group as at 31 December 2021, as a result of the gloomy economic outlook at the end of Year 2021 in light of the global outbreak of the Omicron variant of COVID-19 and the ongoing economic conflict between the United States and the PRC;
- (ii) the increase in the finance costs incurred by the Group from approximately HK\$216,675,000 for Year 2020 to approximately HK\$410,008,000 for Year 2021, mainly as a result of the issuance by the Company of the 7.5% senior secured guaranteed note in the aggregate principal amount of US\$19,800,000 ("Senior Note") in December 2020 and the increase in the Group's other borrowings during Year 2021 as compared with those during Year 2020;
- (iii) the decline in the financial performance of 信達建潤地產有限公司 (Cinda Jianrun Property Company Limited*) ("Cinda Jianrun"), an associate of the Company, from a share of profit in Year 2020 of approximately HK\$3,325,000 to a share of loss of approximately HK\$43,669,000 in Year 2021, mainly due to the decrease in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held by Cinda Jianrun as at 31 December 2021; and
- (iv) the substantial increase in the loss shared by the Company from its joint venture, Zhong Hai You Qi, during Year 2021 from approximately HK\$404,061,000 for Year 2020 to approximately HK\$1,417,546,000 for Year 2021, mainly attributable to the additional sales tax and related tax surcharge and late fees for prior years incurred by Zhong Hai You Qi during Year 2021 following a tax self-review conducted as required by the relevant tax authority in the PRC.

Revenue

Rental income of the Group for Year 2021 amounted to approximately HK\$87,376,000 (Year 2020: HK\$89,128,000), representing a slight decrease of approximately 1.97%, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in the average rental rate per square metre of the rental properties of the Group during Year 2021.

Other income, gains and losses

The increase in other income, gains and losses from approximately HK\$285,084,000 for Year 2020 to approximately HK\$348,441,000 for Year 2021 was mainly due to (i) the increase in the interest income generated through advances by the Group during Year 2021; and (ii) the increase in the gains on disposal of financial assets and investments by the Group during Year 2021.

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Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The increase in the loss in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held by the Group from approximately HK\$667,000 for Year 2020 to approximately HK\$102,689,000 for Year 2021 was mainly attributable to the increase in the amount of fair value loss for certain financial assets and non-performing assets held by the Group as at 31 December 2021 due to the dim economic outlook at the end of Year 2021.

Finance costs

The increase in finance costs of the Group from approximately HK\$216,675,000 for Year 2020 to approximately HK\$410,008,000 for Year 2021 was mainly resulted from the issuance by the Company of the Senior Note in the aggregate principal amount of US\$19,800,000 in December 2020 and the increase in the Group's other borrowings during Year 2021 as compared with those during Year 2020.

Share of profits or losses of associates

The share of profits or losses of associates mainly represented the Company's share of the loss for Year 2021 from its associate, Cinda Jianrun, of approximately HK\$43,669,000, which had turned from its share of the profit of Cinda Jianrun for Year 2020 of approximately HK\$3,325,000, mainly due to the decrease in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held by Cinda Jianrun as at 31 December 2021.

Share of profits or losses of joint ventures

The share of profits or losses of joint ventures represented the Company's share of the loss from its joint venture, Zhong Hai You Qi, for Year 2021 of approximately HK\$1,417,546,000, which had substantially increased from that of approximately HK\$404,061,000 for Year 2020, mainly attributable to the additional sales tax and related tax surcharge and late fees for prior years incurred by Zhong Hai You Qi during Year 2021 following a tax self-review conducted as required by the relevant tax authority in the PRC.

Loan receivables

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$`000
Carrying amounts under non-current assets Carrying amounts under current assets	2,239,727	231,932 1,207,369
Total	2,239,727	1,439,301

The increase in the Group's total loan receivables from approximately HK\$1,439,301,000 as at 31 December 2020 to approximately HK\$2,239,727,000 as at 31 December 2021 was mainly attributable to the advance of short term loans to business partners and certain third parties for better returns during Year 2021.

Deposits, prepayments and other receivables

The increase in the Group's deposits, prepayments and other receivables from approximately HK\$420,467,000 as at 31 December 2020 to approximately HK\$714,075,000 as at 31 December 2021 was mainly attributable to (i) the increase in the deposits paid by the Group during Year 2021 to acquire non-performing assets; and (ii) the increase in the accrual of interest receivables due to more advances having been made by the Group during Year 2021.

Accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables

The increase in the Group's accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables from approximately HK\$287,160,000 as at 31 December 2020 to approximately HK\$405,116,000 as at 31 December 2021 was mainly attributable to (i) the increase in the accrual of interest payables due to the increase in the Group's borrowings during Year 2021; and (ii) the increase in receipts in advance due to the disposal of non-performing assets by the Group during Year 2021.

TREASURY POLICY

The Group adopts a conservative treasury policy under which the Group keeps its investment costs under control and manages the returns of its investments efficiently. The Group has guidelines in place to monitor and control its investment risk exposure and to manage its capital. The Group also strives to reduce its exposure to credit risk by performing ongoing credit assessments and evaluations of the financial status of its customers. The Board closely reviews the Group's liquidity position to ensure the Group has adequate liquidity to meet its funding requirements at all times.

Cash Position

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$`000
Pledged bank deposits Cash and bank balances	24,450 116,755	23,753 769,767
Total	141,205	793,520

The decrease in the cash and bank balances of the Group (excluding pledged bank deposits) to approximately HK\$116,755,000 as at 31 December 2021 from that of approximately HK\$769,767,000 as at 31 December 2020 was mainly due to (i) the capital injection and the advances made by the Group to a newly formed joint venture of the Company in Year 2021; and (ii) the increase in the deposits paid by the Group for the acquisition of non-performing assets during Year 2021. The cash and bank balances (including pledged bank deposits) of the Group as at 31 December 2021 were mainly denominated in HK\$, RMB and United States dollars ("US\$").

The Group conducted its business almost exclusively in RMB except that certain transactions were conducted in HK\$ and US\$. The conversion of RMB into HK\$, US\$ or other foreign currencies has been based on the rates set by the People's Bank of China. The value of RMB against HK\$, US\$ and other foreign currencies may fluctuate and is affected by factors, such as changes in the PRC's political and economic conditions. The Group has not adopted any financial instruments for hedging purposes. However, the Group will constantly assess the foreign exchange risk it encounters so as to decide on the hedging policy required against the possible foreign exchange risk that may arise.

Working Capital and Borrowings

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's total borrowings amounted to approximately HK\$5,036,159,000 in aggregate. The composition of these borrowings is summarised below:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$`000
Short term borrowings	541,037	217,848
Long term borrowings	3,193,628	1,571,112
Senior note		151,461
Convertible bonds	1,301,494	1,232,463
Total borrowings	5,036,159	3,172,884
Cash and bank balances (including pledged bank deposits)	141,205	793,520
Net borrowings	4,894,954	2,379,364

Interests for all borrowings of the Group for Year 2021 were charged at fixed and floating rates ranging from 5.35% per annum to 12% per annum (Year 2020: 5.35% per annum to 12% per annum).

Out of the long term and short term borrowings of the Group which remained outstanding as at 31 December 2021, approximately HK\$176,700,000 (31 December 2020: Nil), approximately HK\$3,552,320,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$1,691,363,000) and approximately HK\$5,645,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$97,597,000) were denominated in HK\$, RMB and US\$ respectively, while approximately HK\$1,912,311,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$587,886,000) carried floating interest rates and approximately HK\$1,822,354,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$1,201,074,000) carried fixed interest rates. As at 31 December 2021, the Group also had outstanding convertible bonds due in July 2022, which were of the aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,150,000,000 with interest payable at 7% per annum.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's cash and bank balances (including pledged bank deposits) were approximately HK\$141,205,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$793,520,000) in aggregate, out of which approximately 35.8% (31 December 2020: 5.6%), approximately 57.2% (31 December 2020: 92.5%) and approximately 7.0% (31 December 2020: 1.9%) were denominated in HK\$, RMB and US\$ respectively. As at 31 December 2021, the Group's total borrowings were approximately HK\$5,036,159,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$3,172,884,000), which comprised (1) a loan in the principal amount of approximately RMB1,600,000,000 (31 December 2020: Nil) repayable by instalments with the last instalment due in 2026; (2) a loan in the principal amount of approximately RMB670,000,000 (31 December 2020: RMB670,000,000) due in December 2023; (3) a loan in the principal amount of approximately RMB97,200,000 (31 December 2020: RMB120,000,000) due in December 2022; (4) a loan in the principal amount of approximately RMB110,700,000 (31 December 2020: RMB123,000,000) due in December 2022; (5) loans in the aggregate principal amount of approximately RMB28,128,000 (31 December 2020: RMB28,128,000) repayable on demand; (6) a loan in the principal amount of approximately RMB145,500,000 (31 December 2020: Nil) due in February 2024; (7) a loan in the principal amount of approximately RMB290,000,000 (31 December 2020: Nil) due in April 2024; (8) convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,150,000,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$1,150,000,000) due in July 2022; and (9) a loan in the principal amount of HK\$180,000,000 (31 December 2020: Nil) due in December 2022, and the Group's net current assets were approximately HK\$1,776,269,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$3,221,138,000). In addition, the Group had unutilised loan facilities of approximately RMB380,000,000 in aggregate as at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: Nil). There is generally no material seasonality of the borrowing requirements of the Group. Based on the foregoing information, the Board is confident that the Group has adequate working capital to meet its daily operations and to finance its future expansion. Notwithstanding this, the Board will seek to dispose of the Group's short and medium term investments to replenish the Group's funds in order to further enhance the Group's working capital to a stronger level.

As at 31 December 2021, the gearing ratio (calculated as interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, senior note and convertible bonds issued by the Company over equity attributable to owners of the Company) and the current ratio (calculated as current assets over current liabilities) of the Group were 96% (31 December 2020: 48%) and 1.8x (31 December 2020: 5.2x) respectively. These ratios are key performance indicators used by the management of the Group to measure the Group's level of leverage to ensure the Group has the liquidity to meet its financial obligations at all times. The Group will strive to improve its liquidity by expediting its collection of outstanding loan receivables and disposal of financial asset investments (including equity investments and non-performing loans) which will bring a reasonable return to the Group.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 December 2021, the Group pledged certain investment properties and leasehold land and buildings with aggregate carrying values of approximately HK\$ 2,650,502,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$2,542,850,000) and HK\$198,500,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$198,800,000) respectively to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group and other payable due to an independent third party. At 31 December 2021, bank deposits of approximately HK\$24,450,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$23,753,000) were pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to a joint venture of the Company.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Group's capital expenditures in 2022 are expected to be settled by cash through internal resources of the Group. While the Group's total capital commitments of approximately HK\$183,374,000 as at 31 December 2021 were made entirely for the purchase of unlisted equity securities, its total capital commitments of approximately HK\$327,791,000 as at 31 December 2020 were made for the purchase of unlisted equity securities of approximately HK\$178,147,000 and non-performing assets of approximately HK\$149,644,000. Other than as disclosed, the management of the Group does not expect there to be any plans for material investments or capital assets in 2022 with reference to the current situation as at the date of this announcement.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2021, the Group provided corporate guarantees of approximately HK\$3,841,990,000 (2020: HK\$3,630,618,000) in respect of loans granted to a joint venture.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 December 2021, the shareholders' funds of the Group decreased by approximately HK\$1,328,410,000 to approximately HK\$5,231,344,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$6,559,754,000), representing a decline of approximately 20%. The decrease was mainly due to the loss attributable to the owners of the Company in Year 2021, which was partially offset by the increase in the exchange gains on foreign exchange translation and the revaluation gain of leasehold properties in Year 2021.

HUMAN RESOURCES

The Group had in aggregate 84 employees in Hong Kong and the PRC as at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: 104). The Group's overall staff costs amounted to approximately HK\$76,641,000 for Year 2021 (Year 2020: HK\$66,788,000). The employees of the Group are remunerated according to their respective job nature, market conditions, individual performance and qualifications. Other staff benefits include annual bonus and retirement benefits. The Directors' remuneration is determined based on their qualifications, experience, duties and responsibilities, the Company's remuneration policy and the prevailing market conditions.

The Group encourages sustainable training of its employees through coaching and further studies. In-house training was provided to eligible employees during Year 2021, including training on updates of accounting standards and market updates.

The Group has not experienced any significant problem with its employees or disruption to its operations due to labour discipline nor has it experienced any difficulty in the recruitment and retention of experienced staff. The Group has maintained a good relationship with its employees. Certain senior management and staff have been working for the Group for many years.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Company aims to maximise the interests of its shareholders and at the same time maintaining a strong and healthy financial position, so as to prepare the Group for investment opportunities that may arise from time to time and its sustainable development in the future. In deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board will take into account the Group's earnings performance, financial position, investment requirements and future prospects. In addition, the Board will also take into account any restrictive covenants imposed by banks and other funding facilities granted to the Group from time to time and any other factors the Board may deem appropriate and/or relevant.

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for Year 2021 (Year 2020: Nil).

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its directors, during Year 2021 and up to the date of this announcement, the Company has maintained sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Rules ("Listing Rules") Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange").

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to establishing and maintaining a standard of corporate governance that is consistent with market practices. The Company complied with all mandatory provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code ("CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules then in force throughout Year 2021, except for code provisions A.2.1 and E.1.2 of the CG Code.

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be the same individual. As a result of the appointment of Mr. Chu Hing Tsung (alias Mr. Zhu Qing Yi) ("**Mr. Chu**") as the chief executive officer of the Company on 1 August 2021 following the resignation of Mr. Huang Jiajue, Mr. Chu has assumed the roles of both the chairman of the Board ("**Chairman**") and the chief executive officer of the Company. The Board believes that vesting both the roles of chairman and chief executive officer in the same person has the benefit of ensuring consistent leadership within the Group and enables more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. The Board considers that the balance of power and authority for the present arrangement will not be impaired and this structure will enable the Company to make and implement decisions efficiently.

Code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code stipulates that the Chairman should attend the annual general meeting of the Company. Mr. Chu, the Chairman, did not attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 10 June 2021 due to his prior engagement. The Chairman will endeavor to attend all future annual general meetings of the Company unless unexpected or special circumstances preventing him from doing so.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("**Model Code**") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. All Directors have confirmed that, following specific enquiry by the Company, they complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout Year 2021.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During Year 2021, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

REVIEW BY AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company ("Audit Committee") has reviewed and accepted the Group's annual results for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Audit Committee together with the Board have reviewed the risk management and the internal control system of the Group and were satisfied that it is adequate and effective and is appropriate for the Group for the time being.

SCOPE OF WORK OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

The figures in respect of the Group's consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of comprehensive income and the related notes thereto for the year ended 31 December 2021 as set out in this announcement have been agreed by the Company's auditor, Ernst & Young, to the amounts set out in the Group's draft consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021. The work performed by Ernst & Young in this respect did not constitute an assurance engagement in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing, Hong Kong Standards on Review Engagements or Hong Kong Standards on Assurance Engagements issued by the HKICPA and consequently, no assurance has been expressed by Ernst & Young on this announcement.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my appreciation and gratitude to those resigned directors for their contribution and service to the Group during their tenure and give my warmest welcome to those newly appointed directors for joining our Group. Moreover, I would like to express my appreciation and gratitude to our shareholders for their support and all the Group's employees for their hard work and dedication in carrying out their duties and in achieving the Group's business goal.

On behalf of the Board Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited Chu Hing Tsung Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 21 April 2022

As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises Mr. Chu Hing Tsung (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer), Mr. Luo Zhihai, Mr. Tang Lunfei and Mr. Wang Ping as executive Directors; Mr. Chen Zhiwei as a non-executive Director; and Mr. Liang Qing, Mr. Zhang Lu and Mr. Hung Muk Ming as independent non-executive Directors.