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# ANNUAL RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Revenue decreased to approximately HK\$424.4 million, representing a fall of approximately 43.8% as compared to that for 2021.

Loss attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$192.7 million as compared to loss attributable to owners of the Company for 2021 of approximately HK\$422.8 million. Such loss is mainly due to (i) the decrease in revenue as a result of temporary suspension of the upstream production since the fourth quarter of year 2021; (ii) the drop in the sales volume and the drop in average selling price and (iii) the fixed cost such as depreciation of certain property, plant and equipment in respect of the temporary suspension of the upstream production.

Excluding the effect of the impairment loss of approximately HK\$10.5 million recognised during the year (2021: HK\$418.8 million), the EBITDA (earnings before finance costs, taxation, depreciation and amortisation) is loss of HK\$103.7 million as compared to profit of HK\$43.3 million for 2021.

Net cash (bank balances and cash less total bank borrowings) is HK\$12.7 million as compared to HK\$19.8 million for 2021.

The board of directors (the "Board" or "Directors") of Hop Fung Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") announces the audited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2022 together with the comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2021 as follows:

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
Revenue Cost of sales	3	424,411 (417,014)	755,603 (1,127,114)
Gross profit (loss) Other income Other gains and losses Net reversal of impairment loss recognised		7,397 10,903 (4,289)	(371,511) 17,896 12,793
under expected credit loss model Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses Other expenses Finance costs	4	151 (18,752) (90,471) (89,988) (6,188)	1,817 (31,233) (77,477) (22,881) (8,440)
Loss before taxation Income tax (expense) credit	5 _	(191,237) (1,488)	(479,036) 56,249
Loss for the year, attributable to owners of the Company	6	(192,725)	(422,787)
Other comprehensive (expense) income for the year: Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences arising from translation of foreign operations		(94,936)	56,785
Reclassification of cumulative translation reserve upon liquidation of foreign operations	_		(5,771)
Other comprehensive (expense) income for the year		(94,936)	51,014
Total comprehensive expense for the year, attributable to owners of the Company	_	(287,661)	(371,773)
		HK cents	HK cents
Loss per share - basic	8	(23.57)	(51.71)
– diluted	_	(23.57)	(51.71)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment		798,330	944,206
Right-of-use assets		19,521	31,440
Deposits and prepayments		162,979	177,504
		980,830	1,153,150
Current assets			
Inventories		31,292	127,177
Trade and other receivables	9	60,334	112,704
Deposits and prepayments		7,857	3,737
Bank balances and cash		110,796	246,677
		210,279	490,295
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	119,885	147,233
Taxation payable		2,111	1,413
Lease liabilities		304	9,760
Unsecured bank borrowings		2,230	106,928
		124,530	265,334
Net current assets		85,749	224,961
Total assets less current liabilities		1,066,579	1,378,111
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities		_	305
Unsecured bank borrowings		95,875	119,951
Deferred taxation		8,790	8,280
		104,665	128,536
Net assets		961,914	1,249,575
Capital and reserves			
Share capital		81,764	81,764
Reserves		880,150	1,167,811
Total equity, attributable to owners			
of the Company		961,914	1,249,575

#### **Notes:**

### 1. GOING CONCERN BASIS

The Group incurred consecutive losses attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$192,725,000 and HK\$422,787,000 for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021. In addition, as disclosed in note to the consolidated financial statements, the Group has contingent liabilities of approximately HK\$215,695,000 (excluding the late payment amount) in relation to the tax payments demanded by the tax bureau in the PRC. In the event that the potential obligation becomes materialised, the Group may not have sufficient cash and bank balances, which amounted to approximately HK\$110,796,000 as at 31 December 2022, to fulfil the obligations. These conditions indicate a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

For the purpose of assessing going concern, the directors of the Company (the "Directors") have prepared a cash flow forecast of the Group covering a period of twelve months from the end of the reporting period (the "Cash Flow Forecast") with plans and measures to mitigate the liquidity pressure and to improve its financial position. In addition, the Group obtained the letter of intent from one of the principal bankers after the reporting period, under which loan facilities up to a maximum amount of approximately RMB300,000,000 are available to the Group for not less than twelve months from 31 December 2022. Based on the letter of intent and Cash Flow Forecast assuming the plans and measures can be successfully implemented as scheduled, the Directors are of the opinion that the Group is able to continue as a going concern and would have sufficient financial resources to finance the Group's operations and meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due. Accordingly, it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to the consolidated financial statements to adjust the value of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities, respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised HKFRSs and new interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") that are relevant to its operations and effective for its accounting year beginning on 1 January 2022. HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards; Hong Kong Accounting Standards and Interpretations. The adoption of these new and revised HKFRSs did not result in significant changes to the Group's accounting policies, presentation of the Group's consolidated financial statements and amounts reported for the current year and prior years.

The Group has not applied the new HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these new HKFRSs but is not yet in a position to state whether these new HKFRSs would have a material impact on its results of operations and financial position.

### 3. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's manufacturing operations are located in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The Group's operations are organised based on the type of products. Information reported to the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance is analysed based on the type of products. No operating segments identified by CODM have been aggregated in arriving at the reportable segments of the Group.

Specifically, the Group's reportable and operating segments are categorised into the manufacture and sale of:

- Containerboard corrugating medium and linerboard
- Corrugated packaging corrugated paper boards and carton boxes

Information regarding the above segments is reported below.

## Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating and reportable segments:

## For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Containerboard <i>HK\$</i> '000	Corrugated packaging HK\$'000	Segment total HK\$'000	Eliminations HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales	31,711	424,411	424,411 31,711	(31,711)	424,411
Total	31,711	424,411	456,122	(31,711)	424,411
RESULT Segment loss	(120,361)	(41,026)	(161,387)		(161,387)
Central administrative expenses Finance costs					(23,662) (6,188)
Loss before taxation					(191,237)

	Containerboard HK\$'000	Corrugated packaging HK\$'000	Segment total HK\$'000	Eliminations <i>HK\$</i> '000	Consolidated HK\$'000
REVENUE					
External sales	107,268	648,335	755,603	_	755,603
Inter-segment sales	227,148		227,148	(227,148)	
Total	334,416	648,335	982,751	(227,148)	755,603
RESULT Segment (loss) profit	(462,370)	14,602	(447,768)		(447,768)
Central administrative expenses Finance costs					(22,828) (8,440)
Loss before taxation					(479,036)

Inter-segment sales are charged at prevailing market rates. No revenue from any single customer contributed over 10% of the total revenue of the Group for both years.

## 4. FINANCE COSTS

	2022	2021
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interest on bank borrowings	5,922	8,255
Interest on lease liabilities	266	185
	6,188	8,440
5. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CREDIT)		
	2022	2021
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current tax:		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	53	485
Underprovision in prior years – Hong Kong	g Profit Tax 154	_
PRC Enterprise Income Tax	_	1,539
Macau Complementary Tax		68
	207	2,092
Deferred tax	1,281	(58,341)
	1,488	(56,249)

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime of Hong Kong Profits Tax, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%. Accordingly, the Hong Kong Profits Tax of the qualifying group entity is calculated at 8.25% on the first HK\$2 million of the estimated assessable profits and at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits above HK\$2 million.

No provision for Macau Complementary Tax has been made as the Group has no assessable profits arising in Macau for the year ended 31 December 2022. For the year ended 31 December 2021, a portion of the Group's profits is earned by a Macau subsidiary of the Group, which is subject to Macau Complementary Tax at a rate of 12% on the assessable income exceeding MOP600,000.

Under the law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both years. One of the Company's PRC subsidiaries was awarded with the High and New-Tech Enterprise and entitled to preferential rate of 15% for the Group's financial year ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

#### 6. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
	11114 000	π
Loss for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):		
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses	406,383	706,480
Exchange losses (gains), net	4,570	(6,345)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	61,164	86,038
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	9,715	9,084
Staff costs	80,710	88,292
Impairment loss recognised on property, plant and equipment as		
expenses (included in cost of sales)	6,953	420,634
Allowance for inventories (included in cost of sales)	3,678	_

#### 7. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was declared or proposed for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period.

## 8. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
Loss		
Loss for the purposes of basic and diluted loss per share	(192,725)	(422,787)

**2022** 2021

#### Number of shares

Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share

817,644,000

817,644,000

The computation of diluted loss per share for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 did not assume the exercise of the Company's share options as the exercise price of these options was higher than the average market price for shares for both 2022 and 2021.

#### 9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2022	2021
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables	51,056	102,709
Less: allowance for credit losses	(836)	(1,076)
	50,220	101,633
Other receivables (note)	10,114	11,071
Total trade and other receivables	60,334	112,704

*Note:* As at 31 December 2022, the balance included an advance to a third party amounting to HK\$8,309,000 (2021: HK\$9,108,000), which is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The Group allows credit periods ranging from 5 to 120 days to its trade customers which may be extended to selected trade customers depending on their trade volume and history of settlement with the Group. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables net of allowance for credit losses presented based on the invoice date, which approximates the respective revenue recognition dates, at the end of the reporting period:

	2022	2021
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within 30 days	32,000	100,268
31–60 days	17,441	636
61–90 days	737	378
Over 90 days	42	351
	50,220	101,633

As at 31 December 2022, no bills received are held by the Group for future settlement of trade receivables (2021: total bills of approximately HK\$1,178,000). All bills received by the Group are with a maturity period of less than one year.

Before accepting any new customer, the Group uses an external litigation search to assess the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits on a customer-by-customer basis. Limits and scoring attributed to customers are reviewed monthly.

As at 31 December 2022, included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with aggregate gross amount of HK\$19,083,000 (2021: HK\$28,845,000) which were past due at the reporting date. Out of the past due balances, HK\$835,000 (2021: HK\$351,000) has been past due 90 days or more. The past due amount relates to a number of independent customers that have good trade and payment records with the Group. There has not been a significant change in credit quality of the relevant customers and the Group believes that the balances are still recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

The average age of these receivables is 43 days (2021: 49 days) based on invoice dates.

Other than bills received amounting to approximately HK\$Nil (2021: approximately HK\$1,178,000), the Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

### 10. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

The suppliers of the Group grant credit periods ranging from 30 to 90 days. The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice due date at the end of the reporting period:

	2022	2021
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current	13,574	12,279
Overdue 1 to 30 days	13	24
Overdue 31 to 60 days	5	4
Overdue for more than 60 days	11,948	11,337
Trade payables	25,540	23,644
Trade payables under supplier finance arrangements (note a)	_	6,081
Payables for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment	4,244	6,150
Other PRC tax payables	28,898	29,780
Accrued charges (note b)	58,224	74,330
Other payables	2,979	7,248
	119,885	147,233

#### Notes:

- (a) These relate to trade payables in which the Group has issued bills to the relevant supplier for future settlement of trade payables. The Group continues to recognise these trade payables as the relevant banks are obliged to make payments only on due dates of the bills, under the same conditions as agreed with the suppliers without further extension.
- (b) Major items in accrued charges are accrued salaries and wages.

The average credit period on purchases of goods is 40 days (2021: 37 days). The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are within the credit time frame.

#### 11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### Tax issues of a subsidiary in the PRC

### (a) Tax issue in relation to the value-added tax invoices received from certain suppliers

As referred to the Company's announcement dated 17 March 2023, Green Forest (QingXin) Paper Industrial Limited (森葉 (清新) 紙業有限公司) ("Green Forest Paper"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, received on 24 June 2022 (a) a decision on tax treatment dated 20 May 2022 ("Tax Treatment Decision") and (b) a decision on administrative penalty dated 20 May 2022 ("Tax Penalty Decision"), each issued by the Second Investigation Bureau of Qingyuan District Administration of Taxation of the State Administration of Taxation ("Qingyuan Tax Bureau") (國家稅務局清遠市稅務局第二稽查局) (collectively the "Decisions"), in relation to 1,073 value-added tax ("VAT") invoices (the "VAT Invoices") received from six suppliers of the Group (the "Six Suppliers") in 2013, 2014, 2017 and 2018 for the total invoiced amount of approximately RMB742,707,000 (consisting of price for product purchased of approximately RMB636,940,000 and VAT of approximately RMB105,767,000) and the tax deduction made by the Group in relation thereto.

Based on the Decisions, the VAT Invoices were found to be irregularly issued by the Six Suppliers, therefore Green Forest Paper was required to make up the tax payments amounted to approximately RMB109,142,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$127,057,000), comprising the VAT of approximately RMB85,450,000, other taxes and surcharges of approximately RMB10,064,000 and the Enterprise Income Tax of approximately RMB13,628,000 (collectively the "Outstanding Tax Amount"), as well as a late payment at a daily rate of 0.05% on the Outstanding Tax Amount from the date such Outstanding Tax Amount was due until the date of actual payment. In addition, Green Forest Paper was also required to pay an administrative penalty in the amount of approximately RMB44,070,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$51,304,000).

Upon receiving the Decisions, the Directors, after seeking legal advice from the Group's PRC legal advisor, considered that the Outstanding Tax Amount and the administrative penalty imposed under the Decisions lacked factual and legal support. Hence, Green Forest Paper has taken various actions to object to the Decisions.

#### The Tax Treatment Decision

In early August 2022, the Group submitted the tax payment guarantee application by post. On 18 August 2022, Qingyuan Tax Bureau replied in writing that it would not accept the tax payment guarantee application of Green Forest Paper because the application was made beyond the application deadline. On 20 August 2022, Green Forest Paper disagreed with the decision of Qingyuan Tax Bureau not accepting the tax payment guarantee application and therefore applied for an administrative review with Qingyuan Tax Bureau relating to this rejection. On 20 October 2022, Qingyuan Tax Bureau decided to uphold its decision of not accepting the tax payment guarantee application. On 7 December 2022, Green Forest Paper filed an administrative proceeding against Qingyuan Tax Bureau at the People's Court of Qingxin District, Qingyuan City, Guangdong Province (廣東省清遠市清新區人民法院) to request for a revocation of the decision on not accepting the tax payment guarantee application. The hearing of the proceeding was held on 15 February 2023 and no order was made from the court up to the date of the consolidated financial statements.

#### The Tax Penalty Decision

On 22 August 2022, Green Forest Paper disagreed with the Tax Penalty Decision and applied for an administrative review with Guangdong Province Tax Bureau. On 23 August 2022, Guangdong Province Tax Bureau accepted the administrative review on the Tax Penalty Decision. On 8 November 2022, Guangdong Province Tax Bureau decided to uphold the Tax Penalty Decision. On 24 November 2022, Green Forest Paper filed an administrative proceeding against Guangdong Province Tax Bureau and Qingyuan Tax Bureau at Guangzhou Railway Transport Court (廣州鐵路 運輸法院) to request for a review of the Tax Penalty Decision.

In order to apply the administrative review application to Guangdong Province Tax Bureau, the Group has paid a certain portion of the Outstanding Tax Amount of approximately RMB20,297,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$23,628,000) and recognised in "Other expenses" during the year ended 31 December 2022.

### (b) Tax issue in relation to the value-added tax invoices received from certain suppliers

On 8 February 2023, Green Forest Paper received a tax matter notice ("Tax Matter Notice") issued by the Second Branch Bureau of Qingxin District Qingyuan City Administration of Taxation of the State Administration of Taxation ("Qingxin Tax Bureau") (國家稅務總局清遠市清新區稅務局第二稅務分局). Based on the Tax Matter Notice, since the tax credit level of Green Forest Paper was adjusted to D-level for the assessment years from 2015 to 2020, as a result, Green Forest Paper has to pay the previous VAT refund amounted to approximately RMB32,070,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$37,334,000) for the period from July 2015 to October 2020 according to the relevant regulations.

Pursuant to the Tax Matter Notice, in case Green Forest Paper disagrees with the Tax Matter Notice, Green Forest Paper must pay the outstanding VAT within the prescribed period or otherwise provide the relevant tax payment guarantee on the outstanding VAT. Once the VAT payments or the tax payment guarantee is confirmed, Green Forest Paper may submit an administrative review application to Qingxin Tax Bureau within 60 days from the date of the tax payments or confirmation of the tax payment guarantee.

Up to the date of the consolidated financial statements, Green Forest Paper has made an application for tax payment guarantee and is pending confirmation from Qingxin Tax Bureau about the acceptance of the tax payment guarantee.

Save as disclosed above, there was no further development with regard to the Decisions and the Tax Matter Notice as at the date of the consolidated financial statements.

The Directors are of the view that no provision of the relevant tax amounts as stated in the above should be provided concerning the Decisions and the Tax Matter Notice as at 31 December 2022 on the basis that the Group is in the process of objecting to the Decisions and the Tax Matter Notice by way of filing the administrative proceedings and applying the administrative review application. However, the result of the administrative proceedings and the administrative review application were not yet available up to the date of these consolidated financial statements, which led to significant uncertainties regarding the extent and financial impact arising from the Decisions and the Tax Matter Notice on the consolidated financial statement of the Company.

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

In the first half of 2022, dragged by the continued weak demand in Mainland China as a result of the lockdowns and other pandemic prevention policies during the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group's average selling price and sales volume decreased, and revenue decreased by 41.0% compared with the first half of 2021. In the second half of 2022, consumer sentiment remained sluggish due to the pandemic measures, coupled with geo-political tension and global economic slowdown. Due to the decrease in the Group's average selling price and the sale volume, the Group's revenue in the second half of the year decreased by 24.5% compared with the first half of the year, and decreased by 47.2% compared with the second half of 2021 and total revenue decreased 43.8% for the year.

Since October 2021, the Group's upstream containerboard business has been temporarily suspended. Currently, the Group continues to coordinate with the local government for the annual inspection procedures of the licenses for the coal-fuel boilers. At the same time, the Group has carried out the project to change its boilers from coal-fuel boilers to gas-fuel boilers pursuant to the environmental policies of the local government and it is expected to resume production in the second half of 2023. The Group's upstream business mainly supplied containerboard inventory to its downstream business in the first half of 2022. To ensure stable supply for the Group's downstream corrugated packaging business, the Group also purchases containerboard from third party suppliers. In 2022, there was no external revenue from upstream business compared with upstream external revenue of HK\$107.3 million in 2021 while the downstream revenue decreased by 34.5% compared with last year.

Against the backdrop of high inflation and rising interest rate around the globe, the surging costs of containerboard, which is the Group's main raw materials costs, put high pressure on the Group. Apart from this, as some of the containerboard were sourced from overseas markets, weakening Renminbi gave rise to higher raw materials costs and negative impact on the Group's profit performance. Although the Group has taken effort to strengthen the cost control management and efficiency enhancement, the proportion of recurring overhead costs remained high, resulting in the Group recording a loss for the year.

## FINANCIAL REVIEW

## **Operating results**

The Group recorded a decrease in revenue of HK\$331.2 million in 2022, representing a fall of 43.8% from HK\$755.6 million in 2021 to HK\$424.4 million in 2022. The drop in revenue was mainly attributed to the decline in sales volume resulting from the temporary suspension of production of Green Forest (QingXin) Paper Industrial Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The drop in sales volume and unit selling price of downstream business also led to decrease in revenue.

Cost of sales dropped from HK\$1,127.1 million in 2021 to HK\$417.0 million in 2022. After deducting the one-off impairment cost of HK\$420.6 million included in cost of sales in 2021, cost of sales in 2022 decreased by 41.0%. The extent of the decline in costs of sales was less than that in revenue due to the increase in the average costs of raw materials outweighed the increase in average selling price.

Gross loss from HK\$371.5 million in 2021 changed to gross profit of HK\$7.4 million in 2022. Gross loss margin changed from 49.2% to gross profit margin 1.7%. As the percentage drop in revenue was larger than that in cost of sales, after taking out the effect of one-off impairment cost of HK\$420.6 million included in cost of sales in 2021, the gross profit margin decreased.

Other income decreased from HK\$17.9 million in 2021 to HK\$10.9 million in 2022. Such decrease was mainly attributed to less service income.

Other gains and losses changed from gains of HK\$12.8 million in 2021 to losses of HK\$4.3 million in 2022, primarily due to exchange loss resulting from depreciation of Renminbi and gain on liquidation of a subsidiary in 2021 which no such gain in 2022.

Selling and distribution costs reduced 40.0% from HK\$31.2 million in 2021 to HK\$18.8 million in 2022. The decrease was in line with the decrease in revenue.

Administrative expenses increased 16.8% from HK\$77.5 million in 2021 to HK\$90.5 million in 2022. Such increase was due to re-classification of wages expense of the temporarily suspended factory from cost of sales to other expense.

Other expenses increased from HK\$22.9 million in 2021 to HK\$90.0 million in 2022. Such increase was due to re-classification of depreciation expense of the temporarily suspended factory from cost of sales to other expense.

Finance costs decreased from HK\$8.4 million in 2021 to HK\$6.2 million in 2022. The decrease was owing to lower borrowing level in 2022.

In 2022, HK\$1.5 million was charged to income tax expense, being the Hong Kong Profits Tax charge of HK\$0.2 million and deferred tax charge of HK\$1.3 million.

Loss for the year of HK\$192.7 million was recorded in 2022 while loss for the year of HK\$422.8 million was recorded in 2021, representing a decrease in loss by HK\$230.1 million. Net loss margin fell from 56.0% to 45.4%.

## Liquidity, financial and capital resources

At 31 December 2022, the Group's bank balances and cash were HK\$110.8 million (31 December 2021: HK\$246.7 million), mostly denominated in Renminbi.

All bank borrowings were unsecured, falling from HK\$226.9 million at 31 December 2021 to HK\$98.1 million at 31 December 2022. At 31 December 2022, the current unsecured bank borrowings declined HK\$104.7 million while non-current unsecured bank borrowings fell HK\$24.1 million. The group recorded a net cash level (net of bank balances and cash less total bank borrowings) of HK\$12.7 million (31 December 2021: HK\$19.8 million). Gearing ratio (total bank borrowings to total equity) and net gearing ratio (net balance of total bank borrowings less bank balances and cash to equity) were 10.2% and -1.3% respectively (31 December 2021: 18.2% and -1.6% respectively).

At 31 December 2022, net current assets and current ratio of the Group were HK\$85.7 million (31 December 2021: HK\$225.0 million) and 1.7 (31 December 2021: 1.8) respectively.

In 2022, the Group spent HK\$2.7 million on capital expenditures for property, plant and equipment in China.

Debtors, creditors and inventory turnover were 43 days (2021: 49 days), 40 days (2021: 37 days) and 69 days (2021: 44 days) respectively.

#### **OUTLOOK**

Although the anti-pandemic control policy was optimised in late 2022 and industrial activities were expected to recover, the business environment of the corrugated packaging industry remained difficult with rising interest rates, growing geo-political tension and global economic slowdown. The Group will strive to complete the annual inspection procedures for the boilers license and resume production for upstream business in 2023. As for the new factory leased in the Philippines, the Group will continue to complete the installation of large-scale pulp production lines in order to mitigate the pressure of rising costs. With its vertically integrated operating model, the Group will further strengthen its competitive advantages to realize a turnaround from loss to profit in foreseeable future.

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES**

As at 31 December 2022, the Group employed a total workforce of around 360 full time staff (2021: 805). Competitive remuneration packages were offered to employees. The Group may also grant share options and discretionary bonuses to eligible employees based on the performance of the Group and individuals.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The audit committee comprises three independent non-executive directors namely, Messrs. Tso Sze Wai, Wong Chu Leung and Chau Suk Ming. The audit committee has reviewed with the management this results announcement and the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 and has discussed auditing, risk management and internal control and financial reporting matters including the review of accounting practices and principles adopted by the Group.

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's listed securities by the Company or any of its subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2022.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Directors strive to maintain high standards of corporate governance to enhance shareholder value and safeguard shareholder interests. The corporate governance principles of the Company emphasize the importance of a quality Board, effective internal controls and accountability to shareholders. The Company has met the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited throughout the year ended 31 December 2022, except with the following deviations:

## **Code Provision C.2.1**

- Code provision C.2.1 stipulates that the division of responsibilities between the chairman and the chief executive officer should be clearly established and set out in writing.
- There are no written terms on division of responsibilities between the chairman and the chief executive officer. The Directors consider that the responsibilities of the chairman and chief executive officer respectively are clear and distinctive and hence written terms thereof are not necessary.

### **Code Provision D.3.3**

- Code Provision D.3.3 stipulates that the audit committee must meet, at least twice a year, with the Company's auditor.
- Since the Company has not engaged its auditor to review the financial information in its interim report, the audit committee has met with the Company's auditor once a year to discuss matters arising from the audit of the Company's annual results and other matters the auditor may wish to raise. The audit committee has met with the Company's auditor once during the year ended 31 December 2022.

### **Code Provision E.1.2**

- A deviation from the code provision E.1.2 is that the remuneration committee of the Company reviews and makes recommendations to the Directors on the remuneration packages of the directors only but not senior management.
- Currently, the remuneration of senior management is attended by the chairman and/or chief executive officer of the Company.

## SCOPE OF WORK OF ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA LIMITED

The figures in respect of the Group's consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and the related notes thereto for the year ended 31 December 2022 as set out in the preliminary announcement have been agreed by the Group's auditor, ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited ("Zhonghui"), to the amounts set out in the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year. The work performed by Zhonghui in this respect did not constitute an assurance engagement in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing, Hong Kong Standards on Review Engagements or Hong Kong Standards on Assurance Engagements issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and consequently no assurance has been expressed by Zhonghui on the preliminary announcement.

### EXTRACT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The following is an extract of the independent auditor's report on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022.

## **Qualified Opinion**

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

## **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

## Provision for tax payment amounts

Due to the uncertainties in relation to the contingent liabilities as disclosed in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements, we have been unable to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence for us to assess whether no provision of relevant tax amounts has been provided concerning the Decisions and the Tax Matter Notice (as defined in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements) as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are fairly stated and the profit or loss effect on the provision of relevant tax amounts for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are properly reflected. In addition, we have been unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to justify whether the other tax expenses of approximately HK\$23,628,000 in relation to the Decisions should be made in the current year or in the prior years.

Any adjustments to the figures as described above might have a consequential effect on the Group's consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 and the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022 and 2021, and the related disclosures thereof in the consolidated financial statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

## Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to note 2 to the consolidated financial statements which mentions that the Group incurred consecutive losses attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$192,725,000 and HK\$422,787,000 for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021. In addition, as disclosed in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group has contingent liabilities of approximately HK\$215,695,000 (excluding the late payment amount) in relation to the tax payments demanded by the tax bureau in the PRC. These conditions indicate a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

As far as the Company is aware, more than 25% of the issued shares of the Company were held in public hands as at 31 December 2022.

## PUBLICATION OF ANNUAL RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT AND ANNUAL REPORT

This annual results announcement is published on the Company's website (www.hopfunggroup.com) and the website of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (the "HKEX") (www.hkexnews.hk).

The annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 will be dispatched to the Company's shareholders in April 2023 and it will be available at the Company's website and HKEX's website.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

The Directors would like to take this opportunity to express our sincere thanks to our shareholders and all other associates for their support and to our staff for their commitment and diligence during the year.

By Order of the Board

Hop Fung Group Holdings Limited

Hui Sum Ping

Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 March 2023

As at the date of this announcement, the executive directors of the Company are Hui Sum Ping and Hui Sum Tai and the independent non-executive directors of the Company are Tso Sze Wai, Wong Chu Leung and Chau Suk Ming.