
APPENDIX V

SUMMARY OF ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

This appendix contains a summary of the main provision of the Articles of Association of the Company adopted on March 21, 2025, which will take effect from the date of the [REDACTED] of H Shares on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. The main purpose of this appendix is to provide potential investors with an overview of the Articles of Association of the Company, so it may not contain all the information that is important to potential investors.

ISSUANCE OF SHARES

The Company shall issue shares under the principles of openness, fairness and equality and shares of the same class shall carry the equal rights.

Shares of the same class issued at the same time shall be issued under the same condition and at the same price. Shares subscribed by any entity or individual shall be paid for at the same consideration.

INCREASE, REDUCTION AND REPURCHASE OF SHARES

Increase of Capital

The Company may, based on its operating and development needs, increase its capital in the following ways pursuant to the requirements of laws and regulations and subject to the resolutions separately passed at the general meetings:

- (i) by public offering of shares;
- (ii) by non-public offering of shares;
- (iii) by allotting bonus shares to its existing shareholders;
- (iv) by converting common reserve fund into share capital;
- (v) by any other means which is stipulated by law and administrative regulations and approved by the CSRC.

Reduction of Capital

The Company may reduce its registered capital in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association. The Company shall reduce its registered capital in accordance with the PRC Company Law and other relevant regulations as well as the procedures stipulated in the Articles of Association.

Repurchase of Shares

The Company shall not repurchase its shares except in the following circumstances:

- (i) to reduce its registered capital;
- (ii) to merge with another company that holds the shares;
- (iii) to utilize shares in the employee share ownership scheme or for share incentive;

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- (iv) to acquire the shares upon request by shareholders who vote against any resolution adopted at the general meeting on the merger or division of the Company;
- (v) to use the shares in the conversion of the convertible corporate bonds issued by the Company;
- (vi) necessary for the Company to protect its value and the shareholders’ equity;
- (vii) other circumstances permitted by laws, regulations and regulatory rules of the place where the Company’s shares are listed.

Where the Company repurchases its shares under the circumstances set out in items (i) and (ii) of the preceding paragraph, it shall be subject to the resolution of the general meeting; where the Company repurchases its shares under the circumstances set out in items (iii), (v) and (vi) of the preceding paragraph, it shall be subject to the resolution of the Board meeting attended by more than two-thirds (2/3) of the directors in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association or the authorization of the general meeting.

The shares repurchased by the Company in accordance with the paragraph 1 shall be processed in the following ways: for the circumstance in item (i), such shares shall be canceled in ten(10) days after the date of repurchase; for the circumstance in item (ii) or (iv), such shares shall be transferred or canceled in six(6) months; for the circumstance in item (iii), (v) or (vi), the total number of shares held by the Company shall not exceed 10% of the total issued shares of the Company, and such shares shall be transferred or canceled in three (3) years.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

Shares issued by the Company prior to its public offering shall not be transferred within one (1) year as of the date on which the shares are listed and traded in a stock exchange.

The Directors, supervisors, and senior management of the Company shall regularly declare the number of shares held by them and the relevant changes. The number of shares transferred each year during their term of office shall not exceed 25% of the total number of shares of the Company held by them. The shares of the Company held by them shall not be transferred within one (1) year as of the listing date of the shares of the Company. The shares of the Company held by them shall not be transferred within six months after their resignation. Where the rules of the stock exchange where the Company’s shares are listed have other provisions on the transfer of shares, such provisions shall also be complied with.

The Company shall not accept its own shares as collateral.

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RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS

Shareholders

The Company shall establish a register of shareholders with the information provided by the securities registration authority. The register of shareholders shall be sufficient evidence of the holding of the shares of the Company by the shareholders. A shareholder shall enjoy the rights and assume the obligations attached to the class of shares held. Shareholders holding the same class of shares shall be entitled to the same rights and assume equal obligations.

Rights and Obligations of Shareholders

Shareholders of the Company shall entitle the following rights:

- (i) to the Company for dividends and other forms of profit distribution according to the proportion of shares they hold;
- (ii) to request, convene, hold, participate or authorize proxies to attend shareholders' general meeting, and to exercise voting rights according to the proportion of shares they hold;
- (iii) to supervise the business operations of the Company and to make suggestions or inquiries;
- (iv) to transfer, give or pledge the shares held by them in accordance with the laws and regulations, the regulatory rules of the place where the Company's shares are listed, and the Articles of Association;
- (v) to inspect and copy articles of association, all of the register of Shareholders, resolutions of the Board meetings, resolutions of the Supervisory Committee meetings, financial and accounting reports and minutes of general meetings of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries; Shareholders who, individually or collectively, hold more than 3% of the Company's shares for more than 180 consecutive days may, in accordance with the provisions of the PRC Company Law, request to access the accounting books and accounting vouchers of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries;
- (vi) to participate in the distribution of the remaining property of the Company according to the proportion of shares they hold when the Company is terminated or liquidated;
- (vii) to require the Company to buy back its shares in the event that shareholders objecting to resolutions of the general meeting concerning merger or division of the Company satisfy the requirements of the Articles of Association and relevant laws and regulations on the procedures for share buy-back by the Company;
- (viii) to inspect the Hong Kong branch of register of Shareholders; however, the Company may, in accordance with equivalent provisions under Section 632 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), suspend the registration of shareholders; and
- (ix) other rights set out in laws and regulations and the Articles of Association.

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A shareholder requesting for inspection and copying of information or access to materials referred to in the preceding Article shall produce to the Company written documents evidencing the class and number of shares that the shareholder holds. The Company shall provide such information and materials as requested by the shareholder after confirming the identity of the shareholder.

Shareholders of the Company shall assume the following obligations:

- (i) to abide by the laws and regulations and the Articles of Association;
- (ii) to make a capital contribution according to the shares they subscribe for and the capital participation method;
- (iii) not to withdraw shares unless otherwise provided by laws and regulations;
- (iv) not to abuse their shareholders' rights to harm the Company's or other shareholders' interests; not to abuse the Company's legal person status or the shareholders' limited liability to harm the interests of the Company's creditors;
- (v) other obligations to be assumed by the Shareholders according to the laws and regulations and the Articles of Association.

If a shareholder abuses his/her shareholder rights and causes a loss to the Company or other shareholders, he or she shall be held liable for damages in accordance with laws. If a shareholder abuses the independent legal person status of the Company or the limited liability of shareholders in order to evade debts and thereby seriously damages the interests of the Company's creditors, he or she shall assume joint and several liability for the Company's debts.

SHAREHOLDERS' GENERAL MEETING

General rules for the Shareholders' General Meeting

The general meeting acts as the organ of authority of the Company which, according to laws, exercises the following functions and power:

- (i) to decide on the Company's operational and investment plans;
- (ii) to elect and replace the directors and supervisors assumed by non-representatives of the employees and decide on matters relating to the remuneration of the directors and supervisors;
- (iii) to review and approve the reports of the board of directors;
- (iv) to review and approve the reports of the board of supervisors;
- (v) to review and approve the Company's profit distribution plans and loss recovery plans;
- (vi) to decide on the increase or reduction of the Company's registered capital, as well as the issuance of any type of shares, warrants, and other similar securities;
- (vii) to decide on the issue of bonds by the Company;
- (viii) to decide on merger, division, dissolution, liquidation of the Company, or changes in the form of the Company;
- (ix) to amend these Articles of Association;

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- (x) to decide on the appointment or dismissal of the accounting firms of the Company;
- (xi) to review and approve the security-related matters stipulated in Article 43;
- (xii) to review the matters of purchase and/or sale by the Company within one year of significant assets exceeding 30% of the latest audited total assets of the Company;
- (xiii) to review and approve the related party transaction matters in accordance with laws, regulations, the listing rules of the place where the Company’s shares are listed and the Connected Transactions Management System;
- (xiv) to review and approve the change of the use of the raised funds;
- (xv) to review stock incentive plans and employee stock ownership plans;
- (xvi) to review other matters which, according to laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or these Articles of Association, are subject to shareholders’ approval in general meetings;

The Company shall convene an extraordinary general meeting within two (2) months in any of the following cases:

- (i) When the number of Directors is less than the number prescribed by the PRC Company Law or less than two-thirds (2/3) of the amount required by these Articles of Association;
- (ii) When the Company’s uncovered losses amount to one-third (1/3) of the total paid-up share capital;
- (iii) When Shareholders, individually or collectively, holding more than ten percent (10%) of the voting shares of the Company request;
- (iv) When the Board of Directors deems it necessary;
- (v) When the Board of Supervisors proposes to convene it;
- (vi) Other circumstances as stipulated by laws, regulations, the listing rules of the place where the Company’s shares are listed or these Articles of Association.

The Convening of the General Meeting

The independent non-executive Directors shall have the right to propose to the Board of Directors the convening of an extraordinary general meeting. In response to a proposal by an independent non-executive Director to convene an extraordinary general meeting, the Board of Directors shall, in accordance with the laws and regulations and these Articles of Association, provide written feedback within ten (10) days after receiving the proposal to agree or disagree with the convening of the extraordinary general meeting. If the Board of Directors agrees to convene an extraordinary general meeting, it will issue a notice of the convening of the general meeting within five (5) days after making a resolution of the Board of Directors.

The Board of Supervisors has the right to propose to the Board of Directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting, and shall make such proposal in writing. The Board of Directors shall, in accordance with the laws and regulations, the Listing Rules and these Articles of Association, provide written feedback on whether it agrees or disagrees with the convening of an extraordinary general meeting within ten (10) days after receiving the proposal.

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Shareholders who individually or collectively hold more than ten percent (10%) of the shares of the Company may sign written requests to the Board of Directors for the convening of an extraordinary general meeting. The Board of Directors shall, in accordance with the laws and regulations, the Hong Kong Listing Rules and these Articles of Association, provide written feedback within ten (10) days after receiving the request, whether it agrees or does not agree to convene an extraordinary general meeting.

If the Board of Directors agrees to convene an extraordinary general meeting, it shall, within five (5) days after making a resolution of the Board of Directors, issue a notice to convene the general meeting, and any changes to the original request in the notice shall be subject to the consent of the shareholders concerned.

If the Board of Directors does not agree to convene an extraordinary general meeting, or does not provide feedback within ten (10) days after receiving the request, shareholders, individually or collectively, holding more than ten (10) percent of the shares of the Company shall have the right to propose to the Board of Supervisors the convening of an extraordinary general meeting, and shall submit their request in writing to the Board of Supervisors.

If the Board of Supervisors agrees to convene an extraordinary general meeting, it shall, within five (5) days after receiving the request, issue a notice convening the general meeting, and any changes to the original proposal in the notice shall be subject to the consent of the shareholders concerned.

If the Board of Supervisors fails to issue a notice of a general meeting within the prescribed period, it shall be deemed not to convene and preside over the general meeting. Shareholders who individually or collectively hold more than ten percent (10%) of the shares of the Company for more than ninety (90) consecutive days may convene and preside over the general meeting on their own. The shareholding of the convening shareholder shall not be less than ten percent (10%) before the announcement of the resolution of the general meeting.

Notices of the Shareholders’ General Meeting

The convener shall notify all shareholders at least twenty (20) days prior to the annual general meeting, and shall notify all shareholders at least fifteen (15) days prior to the extraordinary general meeting.

The notice of the general meeting shall meet the following requirements:

- (i) the time, venue and duration of the meeting;
- (ii) subject matters and proposals submitted for consideration and approval at the meeting;
- (iii) particulars shall be in clear text that all shareholders are entitled to attend general meetings and may appoint their proxies in writing to attend and vote at the meetings. Such proxies need not be shareholders of the Company;

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- (iv) the equity registration date of the shareholders who are entitled to attend on the general meetings;
- (v) name(s) and telephone number(s) of the standing contact person(s) for the affairs of meetings;
- (vi) online or other means of voting time and voting procedures;
- (vii) other requirements stipulated by laws and regulations, regulatory rules of the place where the Company’s shares are listed and the Articles of Association.

Resolutions at the General Meeting

The resolutions of a general meeting are classified into ordinary resolutions and special resolutions.

Ordinary resolutions of the general meeting shall be adopted by more than half (1/2) of the voting rights held by the shareholders (including shareholders’ proxies) present at the general meeting.

Special resolutions of the general meeting shall be adopted by more than two-thirds (2/3) of the voting rights held by the shareholders (including shareholders’ proxies) present at the general meeting.

The following matters shall be resolved by way of ordinary resolution of the general meeting:

- (i) work reports of the board of directors and the board of supervisors;
- (ii) proposals formulated by the board of directors for distribution of profits and for making up accrued losses;
- (iii) appointment and removal of members of the board of directors and the board of supervisors, their remuneration and method of payment of their remuneration;
- (iv) annual report of the Company;
- (v) all matters required to be approved by a general meeting other than those required to be approved by way of special resolution under any laws, regulations, securities regulatory rules of the place where the shares of the Company are listed or these Articles of Association.

The following matters shall be resolved by way of special resolution of the general meeting:

- (i) the increase or reduction of the registered capital by the Company, as well as the issuance of any type of shares, warrants, and other similar securities;
- (ii) the merger, spin-off, division, dissolution, or liquidation of the Company, or change in corporate form;
- (iii) the amendment to these Articles of Association;
- (iv) the amount of purchase and the sale of major assets or the guarantee by the Company within one year exceeds 30% of the latest audited total assets of the Company;

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- (v) the share incentive schemes;
- (vi) other matters which the laws, regulations, securities regulatory rules of the place where the shares of the Company are listed or these Articles of Association require to be adopted by special resolutions and which the general meeting, by an ordinary resolution, considers to have a material impact on the Company and therefore require to be adopted by a special resolution.

Shareholders (including shareholders’ proxies), may exercise voting rights in the amount of the voting shares they represent and each share shall have one vote.

Shares held by the Company do not carry any voting rights and shall not be counted in the total number of voting shares represented by shareholders present at a general meeting.

When a connected transaction is considered at a general meeting, the connected shareholders shall abstain from voting, and the number of voting shares represented by them shall not be counted in the total number of valid votes.

Where any shareholder is, under the Hong Kong Listing Rules, required to abstain from voting on any particular resolution or restricted to voting only for (or only against) any particular resolution, any votes cast by or on behalf of such shareholder in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted.

DIRECTORS AND THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Directors

Directors shall be elected or replaced at the general meeting for a term of three (3) years, and may be re-elected upon the expiration of the term.

The general manager or other Senior Management Members may concurrently serve as Directors, provided that the total number of Directors who concurrently serve as general manager or other Senior Management Members shall not exceed half (1/2) of the total number of Directors of the Company.

Board of Directors

The Company shall have a Board of Directors, which shall consist of nine (9) Directors and shall have one (1) chairman of the Board, and three (3) independent non-executive Directors.

The Board of Directors shall be accountable to the general meeting and exercises the following functions and powers:

- (i) to convene general meetings and report on its work to the general meetings;
- (ii) to implement the resolutions of the general meeting;
- (iii) to determine the business operation plans and investment plans of the Company;

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- (iv) to formulate the profit distribution plans and loss recovery plans of the Company;
- (v) to formulate proposals for the increase or reduction of the Company’s registered capital, the issuance of bonds or other securities of the Company and listing of shares of the Company;
- (vi) to formulate plans for material acquisitions, purchase of shares of the Company or merger, division, dissolution, liquidation or change of corporate form of the Company;
- (vii) to decide on matters such as external investment, acquisition and disposal of assets, pledge of assets, external guarantees, entrusted wealth management, connected transactions and external donations of the Company within the scope of authorization of the general meeting;
- (viii) to determinate the setup of the Company’s internal management organizations;
- (ix) to decide on the appointment or dismissal of the Company’s general manager and secretary to the board of directors; and to decide on the appointment or dismissal of the Company’s deputy general manager, chief financial officer and other senior management as well as their remunerations and rewards and punishments according to the nomination of the general manager;
- (x) to formulate the basic management system of the Company;
- (xi) to formulate the amendment to the Articles of Association;
- (xii) to manage the information disclosure of the Company;
- (xiii) to request the general meeting to engage or replace the accounting firm that provides audits for the Company;
- (xiv) to listen to the work report of the general manager of the Company and inspect the work of the manager;
- (xv) other functions and powers conferred by laws and regulations, the listing rules of the place where the Company’s shares are listed, the Articles of Association or the general meetings.

The chairman of the Board shall exercise the following functions and powers:

- (i) to preside over general meetings and to convene and preside over meetings of the Board of Directors;
- (ii) to supervise and inspect the implementation of the resolutions of the Board of Directors;
- (iii) to sign important documents of the Board of Directors and other documents which shall be signed by the legal representative of the Company;
- (iv) in the event of force majeure emergency such as the occurrence of a major natural disaster, to exercise special disposal authority over the affairs of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the law and the interests of the Company, and to report to the Board of Directors and the general meeting of shareholders of the Company afterwards;
- (v) other functions and powers conferred by laws and regulations, the listing rules of the place where the Company’s shares are listed, the Articles of Association or the Board of Directors.

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The Board of Directors shall convene at least two (2) regular meetings each year. The notice of a regular Board meeting shall be sent to all Directors at least ten (10) days before the date of the meeting.

Shareholders representing more than one tenth (1/10) of all voting rights, more than one thirds (1/3) of all directors or the board of supervisors may propose the holding of an interim meeting of the board of directors. The chairman of the board of directors shall, within ten (10) days of receipt of such proposal, convene and preside over the meeting of the Board of Directors.

A meeting of the Board of Directors may only be held if more than half of the Directors are present. Resolutions of the Board of Directors shall be passed by more than half of all Directors. Where laws, regulations, regulatory rules of the place where the Company’s shares are listed and the Articles of Association require the minimum number of directors required for a quorum, or consent of more Directors to form a resolution, such provisions shall prevail.

GENERAL MANAGER

The Company shall have one (1) general manager, who shall be appointed or dismissed by the Board of Directors.

The Company shall have two (2) deputy general managers who shall be appointed or dismissed by the Board of Directors upon nomination by the general manager.

The general manager shall be directly accountable to the Board of Directors and exercise the following functions and powers:

- (i) to be in charge of the production, operation and management of the Company, to organize and implement the resolutions of the Board of Directors, and to report on his/her work to the Board of Directors;
- (ii) to organize and implement the Company’s annual business plan and investment plan;
- (iii) to formulate the plan for establishment of the Company’s internal management organization;
- (iv) to formulate the Company’s basic management system;
- (v) to formulate the detailed rules and regulations of the Company;
- (vi) to request the Board of Directors to engage or dismiss deputy general manager and chief financial officer of the Company;
- (vii) to appoint or dismiss management personnel other than those required to be appointed or dismissed by the Board of Directors;
- (viii) other functions and powers conferred by the Articles of Association and the Board of Directors.

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SECRETARY TO THE BOARD

The Company shall have one (1) board secretary, whose responsibilities include preparing general meetings and board meetings of the Company, maintaining documents and managing shareholder information of the Company, and handling the information disclosure of the Company, appointed by and being accountable to the Board of Directors.

SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE

The Company shall establish a board of supervisors, shall consisting of five (5) supervisors. The board of supervisors shall appoint a chairperson, who shall be elected by more than half of the supervisors. The meetings of the board of supervisors shall be convened and presided over by the chairperson of the board of supervisors. If the chairperson of the board of supervisors is unable or fails to perform his/her duties, such meeting shall be convened and presided over by a supervisor elected by half or more of the supervisors.

The board of supervisors consists of shareholder representatives and an appropriate proportion of employee representatives of the Company, which proportion shall not be lower than 1/3. The employee representatives of the board of supervisors shall be elected by employees of the Company at the employee representatives’ meeting, employee meeting or otherwise democratically.

The directors of the Company, general managers and other senior management shall not serve concurrently as supervisors.

The Board of Supervisors shall exercise the following functions and powers:

- (i) To check the finance of the Company;
- (ii) To supervise the Directors and senior management members in the performance of their duties and to propose the dismissal of aforementioned people who violate laws, regulations, the Articles of Association or resolutions of the general meeting;
- (iii) To require the Director or other Senior Management Members to correct his/her act that is detrimental to the Company’s interests;
- (iv) To propose the holding of extraordinary general meetings and, in the event that the Board of Directors fails to perform its duty of convening and presiding over a general meeting, to convene and preside over such a meeting in accordance with the PRC Company Law and the Articles of Association;
- (v) To submit proposals to the general meeting;
- (vi) To file legal proceedings against directors and senior management under the PRC Company Law;
- (vii) To investigate any irregularities in the operation of the Company; if necessary, professional institutions such as accounting firms and law firms may be engaged to assist in their work at the expense of the Company;
- (viii) To review the regular reports of the Company prepared by the Board of Directors and to submit written review opinions thereon;

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- (ix) other functions and powers imposed by the laws, regulations and the Articles of Association.

FINANCIAL AND ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

The Company shall formulate its own financial and accounting systems in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and the requirements of relevant state departments.

The Company shall publish and disclose its annual report within four (4) months from the ending date of each financial year, its interim report within two (2) months from the ending date of the first half of each financial year, and quarterly reports if required regulations of the stock exchange where its shares are listed, to the CSRC (if applicable) and the stock exchange where the Company’s shares are listed. If the regulatory rules of the stock exchange where the Company’s shares are listed provide otherwise, such rules shall prevail. The above-mentioned annual and interim reports shall be prepared in accordance with the relevant laws, administrative regulations and the provisions of the CSRC and the stock exchange(s).

PROFIT DISTRIBUTION

The Company shall implement a continuous and stable profit distribution policy. The profit distribution of the Company attaches importance to the reporting of investment and reasonable investment. The cash dividend policy target is steady growth of dividend.

The Company may implement interim cash dividends.

Form of profit distribution: the Company may distribute profits in the form of cash, shares or a combination of cash and shares. Under the premise of ensuring the necessary funds for normal production, operations, and development, the company shall distribute an appropriate proportion of cash dividends.

The Company is not required to distribute profits if:

- (i) the audit report on it for the most recent year is either a non-unqualified opinion or an unqualified opinion with a significant uncertainty paragraph relating to going concern;
- (ii) the asset-liability ratio at the end of the most recent fiscal year is higher than 70%;
- (iii) the operating cash flow is negative in the most recent fiscal year;
- (iv) any other circumstances that the Company deems inappropriate for distribution occurs.

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DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION OF THE COMPANY

The Company may be dissolved for any of the following reasons:

- (i) the term of business operation prescribed in the Articles of Association expires or any other circumstance for dissolution prescribed in the Articles of Association occurs;
- (ii) the general meeting resolves to dissolve the Company;
- (iii) dissolution is required due to merger or division of the Company;
- (iv) the Company is revoked of its business license, ordered to close down or annulled according to law due to violation of laws and regulations;
- (v) by articles 231 of PRC Company Law.

Where any of the circumstances prescribed in items (i) occurs and has not yet distributed assets to Shareholders, the Company may continue to exist after the amendment to the Articles of Association or by resolution of the general meeting.

If the Company is dissolved under items (i), (ii), (iv) or (v) above, a liquidation committee shall be set up, which shall start liquidation within fifteen (15) days from the date of occurrence of the cause for dissolution. The members of such liquidation committee shall be composed of directors, unless otherwise stipulated in the Articles of Association or where the Shareholders’ general meeting resolves to appoint other persons.

If the liquidation committee is not established within the prescribed period, creditors can submit an application to the people’s court to appoint relevant officers to establish such committee to carry out the liquidation.

The liquidation committee shall notify its creditors within a period of ten (10) days since the date it is established, and make announcements in newspapers or the National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System within sixty (60) days. Creditors shall, within thirty (30) days since the date of receiving the notice, or for creditors who do not receive the notice, within forty five (45) days since the date of the public announcement, report their creditors’ rights to the liquidation committee.

If the liquidation committee, having thoroughly examined the Company’s property and prepared a balance sheet and schedule of assets, discovers that the Company’s property is insufficient to pay its debts in full, it shall apply to the People’s Court for a declaration of bankruptcy.

After the People’s Court has ruled for the Company to declare itself bankrupt, the Company’s liquidation committee shall refer the liquidation matters to the People’s Court.

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Following the completion of liquidation of the Company, the liquidation committee shall formulate a liquidation report, submit the same to the general meeting or the people’s court for confirmation, and submit the aforementioned documents to the company registration authority to apply for company deregistration, and announce the Company’s termination.

AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

The Company shall amend the Articles of Association under any of the following circumstances:

- (i) after the PRC Company Law or relevant laws and regulations or regulatory rules of the place where the Company’s shares are listed are amended, the provisions of the Articles of Association are in conflict with the provisions of the amended ones;
- (ii) there has been a change to the Company, resulting in inconsistency with the contents in the Articles of Association;
- (iii) the general meeting decides to amend the Articles of Association.