Annual Report 2014 年報

Megalogic Technology Holdings Limited

宏創高科集團有限公司

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GROWTH ENTERPRISE MARKET ("GEM") OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE "STOCK EXCHANGE")

香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) 創業板 (「創業板」) 的特色

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration. The greater risk profile and other characteristics of GEM mean that it is a market more suited to professional and other sophisticated investors.

創業板的定位,乃為相比起其他在聯交所 上市的公司帶有較高投資風險的公司提供 一個上市的市場。有意投資的人士應瞭解 投資於該等公司的潛在風險,並應經過審 慎周詳的考慮後方作出投資決定。創業板 的較高風險及其他特色表示創業板較適合 專業及其他老練的投資者。

Given the emerging nature of companies listed on GEM, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

由於創業板上市公司新興性質使然,在創業板買賣的證券可能會較於主板買賣之證券承受較大之市場波動風險,同時無法保證在創業板買賣的證券會有高流通量的市場。

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This report, for which the directors (the "Directors") of Megalogic Technology Holdings Limited (the "Company") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

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Corporate Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Qing (Chairman)

Mr. Li Kwei Chung (Chief Executive Officer) Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo (Chief Financial Officer)

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Ye Jian

Mr. Liu Kam Lung

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chan Sun Kwong

Mr. Chiu Yu Wang

Mr. Ko Yin Wai

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Liu Kam Lung (ceased to be a joint company secretary upon re-designation with effect from 16 October 2014)

Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo (appointed as joint company secretary with effect from 24 December 2014)

Ms. Chan Lok Yin (appointed as joint company secretary with effect from 1 April 2014)

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Li Kwei Chung

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Li Kwei Chung Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo

Ms. Chan Lok Yin

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Sun Kwong (Chairman)

Mr. Chiu Yu Wang

Mr. Ko Yin Wai

董事會

執行董事

張慶先生(主席)

李桂聰先生(行政總裁)

宋得榮博士(財務總監)

非執行董事

葉堅先生

廖金龍先生

獨立非執行董事

陳晨光先生

趙汝宏先生

高賢偉先生

公司秘書

廖金龍先生(自2014年10月16日調任後不再 為聯席公司秘書)

宋得榮博士(自2014年12月24日委任為聯席 公司秘書)

陳樂燕女士(自2014年4月1日委任為聯席 公司秘書)

監察主任

李桂聰先生

授權代表

李桂聰先生

宋得榮博士

陳樂燕女士

審核委員會

陳晨光先生(主席)

趙汝宏先生

高賢偉先生

Corporate Information (Continued) 公司資料(續)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Sun Kwong (Chairman)

Mr. Chiu Yu Wang Mr. Ko Yin Wai

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Sun Kwong (Chairman)

Mr. Chiu Yu Wang Mr. Ko Yin Wai

AUDITOR

JH CPA Alliance Limited

LEGAL ADVISOR

Pang & Co. in association with Loeb & Loeb LLP

COMPLIANCE ADVISOR

Ample Capital Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

190 Elgin Avenue, George Town, Grand Cayman KY1-9005, Cayman Islands (with effect from 29 December 2014)

HEADOUARTER AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Suite 2101, 21/F., Chinachem Century Tower

178 Gloucester Road

Wan Chai

Hong Kong

薪酬委員會

陳晨光先生(主席)

趙汝宏先生

高賢偉先生

提名委員會

陳晨光先生(主席)

趙汝宏先生

高賢偉先生

核數師

晉華會計師事務所有限公司

法律顧問

Pang & Co. 與美國樂博律師事務所聯營

合規顧問

豐盛融資有限公司

註冊辦事處

190 Elgin Avenue, George Town, Grand Cayman KY1-9005, Cayman Islands (自2014年12月29日

起生效)

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港

灣仔

告士打道178號

華懋世紀廣場21樓2101室

Corporate Information (Continued) 公司資料(續)

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Royal Bank of Canada Trust Company (Cayman) Limited 4th Floor, Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road, George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

8242

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.megalogic.com.hk

主要股份過戶登記處及 轉讓辦事處

Royal Bank of Canada Trust Company (Cayman) Limited 4th Floor, Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road, George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記份處及 轉讓辦事處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓

股份代號

8242

公司網站

www.megalogic.com.hk

Chairman's Statement

主席報告

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board") of Megalogic Technology Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I hereby present the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2014.

本人謹此代表宏創高科集團有限公司(「本公司」)董事會(「董事會」)呈報本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至2014年12月31日止年度的年報。

BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT

Significant uncertainties remained in 2014 global economy. During the year, the PRC continued to adjust its economic structure and further slowed down the pace of its economic growth. Europe also struggled to build momentum in their economic recovery. Although the United States managed to show signs of sustainable growth, market competition there became quite keen. Despite the volatile industry landscape and fluctuating demand in integrated circuit ("IC") market, the Group recorded an increase in its overall revenue, driven by the increase in sales of DVD Player ICs, LCD Driver ICs for instrument panel and the Power Management ICs. The Group continued to enhance research and development activities to diversify and improve its IC products and a number of new ICs were introduced in 2014 to extend our portfolio. These included LED Lighting Driver IC, Power Management IC, Electronic Cigarette IC and DVD Player IC. As at 31 December 2014, the Group had 16 new IC models under development. Certain customers took prudent view in project investment and extended the process of evaluation, acceptance and modification and therefore, the completion time of development was prolonged.

業務環境與發展

2014年,全球經濟仍面臨重大不確定因素。 年內,中國繼續調整經濟結構,其經濟增長 步伐進一步放緩。歐洲亦艱難地為經濟復甦 創造動力。儘管美國釋放出持續增長信號, 惟該國的市場競爭變得十分激烈。雖然集成 電路(「集成電路」)市場的行業格局不穩及需 求出現波動,惟在DVD播放器集成電路、供 儀器板使用的LCD驅動器集成電路及電源管 理集成電路銷售增長的驅動下,本集團錄得 總體收益增長。本集團繼續加強其研發活動 以擴充及改善其集成電路產品,並於2014年 推出多款新的集成電路以拓展我們的產品組 合。該等新產品包括LED燈光驅動器集成電 路、電源管理集成電路、電子煙集成電路及 DVD播放器集成電路。於2014年12月31日, 本集團有16款新集成電路型號正在開發中。 若干客戶對項目投資持審慎取態,並且延長 了評估、接受及修改的流程,因此,延長了開 發的完成時間。

Chairman's Statement (Continued)

主席報告(續)

On 31 May 2014, the Group completed the acquisition of a money lending business, which owned a money lender license in Hong Kong. The business aims to provide both secured and unsecured loans to earn interest income. While the industry competition of money lending is guite keen, the management strived to develop this business and it started contributing revenue to the Group since the third quarter of 2014. In June 2014, the Group established a subsidiary in Chengdu of the PRC. In September 2014, the Group entered into a memorandum of understanding with Sichuen Hengrong Logistics Company Limited and with the intention to acquire interests in its wholly owned subsidiary, Chengdu Jinchenghang Logistics Company Limited, a company principally engaged in the business of logistic in the PRC, by way of capital injection (the "Proposed Capital Injection"). The Proposed Capital Injection is subject to further negotiation and results of the due diligence, which may or may not materialize. As at the date of this report, no legally binding agreement or contract relating to the Proposed Capital Injection has been agreed or entered into by the Group.

As a result of the increased overhead in relation to the business expansion and development, the loss of the Group for the year 2014 was increased despite the increase in revenue and gross profit. We would like to share more details of the Group's performance, financial position and other information in the year 2014 with shareholders in the following section of "Management Discussion and Analysis".

儘管收益及毛利有所增長,但由於有關業務拓展及發展的開支增加,2014年本集團的虧損增加。我們於下文的「管理層討論及分析」一節,將向股東提供更多有關本集團於2014年的業績、財務狀況及其他資料的詳情。

In order to strengthen the general working capital base for business development, the Group will consider to carry out fund raising activities when and where necessary and appropriate. On 24 September 2014, the Group completed the placing of 48 million new shares of the Company at the price of HK\$0.40 per share. The net proceeds from the placing are approximately HK\$18.6 million. After this placing, we also have greater flexibility to explore other suitable business opportunities to improve the Group's profitability. For details of the business progress and use of placing proceeds, please refer to the following section of "Management Discussion and Analysis".

為了增強一般營運資金基礎以發展業務,本集團將考慮於必要及合適時開展籌資活動。於2014年9月24日,本集團完成按每股股份0.40港元的價格配售48,000,000股本公司新股份。配售收取之所得款項淨額約為18.6百萬港元。於本次配售後,我們亦可更加靈話地發掘其他合適的商業機會以改善本集團的證的詳情,請參閱下文「管理層討論及分析」一節。

Chairman's Statement (Continued)

主席報告(續)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board remained committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance and all board committees have effectively supported the Board in carrying out its responsibilities. The Board will continue to explore opportunities to maximize the long term interests for the shareholders as a whole.

企業管治

本集團鋭意保持高水平的企業管治,並由各董事會委員會有效協助董事會執行職務。董事會將繼續發掘機會,努力為全體股東帶來最大的長遠利益。

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my sincere thanks to the valuable contribution from our management team. I would also like to express my gratitude to all staff for their hard work in the execution of the Group's strategies and operations during the past year. Last but not least, I wish to thank all shareholders, customers, suppliers, business partners and bankers for their continuous support and confidence in the Group.

感謝

本人謹代表董事會,對我們管理層隊伍的寶 貴貢獻致以衷心謝意。本人亦非常感謝全體 同事在過去一年為實行本集團的策略及營運 而努力工作。最後,非常重要的是,本人要感 謝全體股東、客戶、供應商、商業夥伴和銀行 對本集團的不斷支持與信心。

Mr. Zhang Qing

Chairman

Hong Kong, 20 March 2015

張慶先生

主席

香港,2015年3月20日

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group continues to engage in integrated circuit ("IC") business, specialized in design, development and sales of ICs, as well as the provision of IC solutions. Following the acquisition of a money lending company in mid-2014, the Group is also involved in the money lending business in Hong Kong.

於截至2014年12月31日止年度,本集團繼 續從事集成電路(「集成電路」)業務,專門設 計、開發及銷售集成電路以及提供集成電路 解決方案。繼於2014年中收購一間放債公司 後,本集團亦於香港從事放債業務。

BUSINESS REVIEW

IC Business

Through its wholly-owned fabless semiconductor subsidiary, MiniLogic Device Corporation Limited, the Group sells IC under its own brand name "MiniLogic" and provides application specific IC service ("ASIC Service") in design and development of tailor-made IC to its customers. The Group also provides tailor-made IC solutions and sells tailor-made ICs to customers under the ASIC Service business section (the "ASIC Section"); and independently develops and sells generically-applicable ICs for sale in the market under the MiniLogic Brand IC business section (the "Standard IC Section").

業務回顧

集成電路業務

透過本集團全資擁有的無晶圓廠半導體附 屬公司一微創高科有限公司,本集團以 「MiniLogic」的品牌銷售集成電路並向其客戶 提供設計和開發度身訂造集成電路的特定用 途集成電路服務(「ASIC服務」)。本集團亦提 供度身訂造的集成電路解決方案以及向ASIC 服務業務分部的客戶銷售度身訂造的集成電 路(「ASIC部分」);另外,在MiniLogic品牌集成 電路業務分部獨立開發及銷售普遍適用的集 成電路以在市場銷售(「標準集成電路部分」)。

管理層討論及分析(續)

Over the past year, the Group has made continuous progress in research and development ("R&D"). In 2014, the R&D teams deployed 7 more new IC models. During the year, 5 new IC models were completed and launched as follows:

過去一年,本集團在研發(「研發」)方面取得持續進展。2014年,研發團隊開發多7款新集成電路型號。年內,本集團完成並推出的5款新集成電路型號如下:

	Section	Product Name	Period of development	Period of sale
	分部	產品名稱	開發期	銷售期
				204040404
1	ASIC	MP1213 Motor Driver IC for Portable DVD Player	November 2012 to March 2014	March 2014 to present
	ASIC	MP 1213可攜式 DVD播放器馬達 驅動器集成電路	2012年11月至2014年3月	2014年3月至今
2	ASIC	MP1304 MR16 LED Driver IC	July 2013 to March 2014	March 2014 to present
	ASIC	MP1304 MR16 LED驅動器集成電路	2013年7月至2014年3月	2014年3月至今
3	ASIC	MP1305 USB Charger IC	October 2013 to June 2014	June 2014 to present
	ASIC	MP1305 USB充電器集成電路	2013年10月至2014年6月	2014年6月至今
4	ASIC	MP1308 Rechargeable Electronic Cigarette IC	January 2014 to November 2014	November 2014 to present
	ASIC	MP1308可充電電子煙集成電路	2014年1月至2014年11月	2014年11月至今
5	ASIC	MP1401 DVD Player PMU and Tray Driver	January 2014 to November 2014	November 2014 to present
	ASIC	MP1401 DVD播放器專用電源管理 及盤子驅動器	2014年1月至2014年11月	2014年11月至今

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had 16 new IC models under development and customer evaluation. The completion of the development of several new IC models has been extended as the process was prolonged due to customer evaluation, acceptance and modification work. Developing IC products with suitable technology that appeal to the market is essential for the growth of IC business and the key to the Group's long term success. This can also expand the range of the Group's products and maintain the Group's competitiveness.

於2014年12月31日,本集團有16款新集成電路型號正在開發中或接受客戶評估。若干新集成電路型號開發的完成時間被延長,原因是流程因客戶的評估、接受及修改工作而延長。開發配備合適技術及受市場歡迎的集成電路產品對集成電路業務的增長至關重要,並且是本集團取得長期成功的關鍵因素。此舉亦可增加本集團產品的種類及維持本集團的競爭力。

管理層討論及分析(續)

ASIC Section

Under the ASIC Section, the major products are Electronic Cigarette ICs, DVD Player ICs, Power Management ICs and CCD Surveillance System ICs. There were 5 new IC models launched in 2014. Among these products, Electronic Cigarette ICs remained as the largest contributor to our revenue, although the Group faced downward pressure in 2014 given by the increasing competition in the market, particularly in the United States. Revenue from the provision of ASIC Service decreased by 28.1% from approximately HK\$3.7 million in 2013 to approximately HK\$2.6 million in 2014, as most of the customers took prudent view in project investment due to the uncertain economy environment. Demand and selling price for CCD Surveillance System ICs continued to fall in 2014. However, with the new IC model for Power Management launched in 2014, the aforesaid drop in revenue was mitigated by the increased revenue from the new tailor made Power Management ICs. The revenue and selling prices of DVD Player ICs were increased due to growing demand from our customers. These ICs boost the growth of ASIC section. As a result, revenue from this section increased by 15.2% from approximately HK\$38.0 million in 2013 to approximately HK\$43.8 million in 2014.

Standard IC Section

Under the Standard IC Section, the major IC products are LCD Driver ICs for instrument panel, Power Management ICs and LED Lighting Driver ICs. No new IC model was launched in 2014, due to prolonged stagnant demand in new type of standard IC products. As compared with that of the same in 2013, the revenue for Power Management ICs were decreased along with downward adjustment in selling prices. For LED Lighting Driver ICs, the Group is developing more series of LED Lighting Driver ICs with the expectation to attract more customers' order in LED Lighting market for the near future. Yet, with improving market sentiment and demand for our LCD Driver ICs for instrument panel in Europe, the revenue of LCD Driver ICs for instrument panel were improved significantly. As a result, the revenue of the Standard IC Section were increased significantly by 75.1% from approximately HK\$4.8 million in 2013 to approximately HK\$8.3 million in 2014.

ASIC部分

ASIC部分之主要產品為電子煙集成電路、 DVD播放器集成電路、電源管理集成電路及 CCD監察系統集成電路。本集團於2014年推 出5款新集成電路型號。在該等產品之中,電 子煙集成電路仍然是我們最大的收益來源。 由於市場競爭加劇,尤其是美國,本集團該 收益於2014年面臨下行壓力。來自提供ASIC 服務的收益由2013年度約3.7百萬港元下降 28.1%至2014年度約2.6百萬港元,原因是大 部分客戶因不確定的經濟環境而對項目投資 持審慎取態。2014年, CCD監察系統集成電 路的需求及售價繼續下降。然而,隨著2014 年新的電源管理集成電路型號的推出,前述 收益下降由來自新度身訂造電源管理集成電 路的收益增長所緩解。DVD播放器集成電路 的收益及售價因來自我們客戶的需求增長 而上升。該等集成電路推動了ASIC部分的增 長。因此,來自該部分的收益由2013年度約 38.0百萬港元增長15.2%至2014年度約43.8 百萬港元。

標準集成電路部分

標準集成電路部分之主要集成電路產品為供 儀器板使用的LCD驅動器集成電路、電源管理 集成電路及LED燈光驅動器集成電路。於2014 年並無推出新的集成電路型號,因為新款標 準集成電路產品的需求持續停滯。與2013年 同期相比,電源管理集成電路的收益隨著售 價下調而下降。LED燈光驅動器集成電路方 面,本集團正在開發更多系列的LED燈光驅動 器集成電路,期望在不久將來吸引更多LED燈 光市場的客戶訂單。然而,隨著歐洲市場情 緒及我們供儀器板使用的LCD驅動器集成電 路的需求改善,供儀器板使用的LCD驅動器集 成電路的收益大幅增長。因此,標準集成電 路部分的收益由2013年度約4.8百萬港元大幅 增長75.1%至2014年度約8.3百萬港元。

管理層討論及分析(續)

Money Lending Business

On 23 May 2014, the Group entered into a memorandum of understanding in relation to the acquisition of a money lending business. After due diligence, the Group entered the formal sale and purchase agreement on 30 May 2014. The acquisition was completed on 31 May 2014 with the final consideration of HK\$109,831 and Easy Loan Finance Limited has become a subsidiary of the Group. Details of the acquisition of Easy Loan Finance Limited were disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 23 May 2014 and 2 June 2014 respectively.

This business aims to earn interest income from secured and unsecured loans. In 2014, the development of the business is still in early stage. Accordingly, revenue from this business was insignificant.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Change in Accounting Policy

For the years ended on or before 31 December 2013, the Group had adopted the revaluation model for its property, plant and equipment in the financial statements in accordance with HKFRS. From the financial year ended 31 December 2014, the Group adopted the cost model as its accounting policy. The adoption of cost model constituted a change in accounting policy of the Group in accordance with HKFRS.

The revaluation model requires the Group to measure its property, plant and equipment periodically, whereas the cost model requires that property, plant and equipment of the Group be carried at the costs less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Using the cost model would align the Group's accounting policies with that adopted by its industry peers and improve comparability of the Group's financial performance and it would also reduce the expenditure on engaging professional valuer to estimate the valuation of property, plant and equipment of the Group periodically. The change in accounting policy fairly reflects the actual situation of the Group's property, plant and equipment and is in compliance with relevant HKFRS and enables the Group to provide more relevant consolidated financial information about its performance and financial position.

放債業務

於2014年5月23日,本集團就收購放債業務訂立諒解備忘錄。經盡職調查後,本集團於2014年5月30日訂立正式的買賣協議。收購於2014年5月31日完成,最終代價為109,831港元,而易按財務有限公司成為本集團的附屬公司。有關收購易按財務有限公司的詳情分別披露於本公司日期為2014年5月23日及2014年6月2日的公告。

該項業務致力於提供有抵押及無抵押貸款以 賺取利息收入。2014年,該項業務的發展仍 處於早期階段。因此,來自該項業務的收益 並不顯著。

財務回顧

會計政策變動

截至2013年12月31日或之前止年度,本集團根據香港財務報告準則於財務報表中就其物業、廠房及設備採用重估模式。自截至2014年12月31日止財年起,本集團採用成本模式作為其會計政策。根據香港財務報告準則,採用成本模式構成本集團之會計政策變動。

This change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively and the comparative figures for the corresponding prior periods have been restated.

該會計政策變動已獲追溯應用,且之前相應 期間的比較數字已獲重列。

The following tables summarise the effects of the Change on consolidated basis for the quarterly periods ended 31 March 2014 31日及2014年9月30日止季度期間之影響: and 30 September 2014:

下表概述變動按綜合基準對截至2014年3月

			\s at 31.3.2014 2014年3月31			As at 30.9.2014 2014年9月30	
Items of consolidated state of changes in equity 綜合權益變動表項目	ement	before the Change 變動前	after the Change 變動後	Effects of the Change 變動影響	before the Change 變動前	after the Change 變動後	Effects of the Change 變動影響
(Amounts in HK\$'000) (金額以千港元列示)		(unaudited) (a) (未經審核)	(unaudited) (b) (未經審核)	(b) – (a)	(unaudited) (a) (未經審核)	(unaudited) (b) (未經審核)	(b) – (a)
		(a)	(b)	(b) – (a)	(a)	(b)	(b) – (a)
Asset revaluation reserves	資產重估儲備	174	_	(174)	174	_	(174
Accumulated losses	累計虧損	(493)	(437)	56	(4,657)	(4,454)	203
Total equity	權益總額	62,059	61,941	(118)	76,538	76,567	29
ltown of consolidated state		截至201	ths ended 31.3 4年3月31日止	3個月	截至201	ths ended 30.9	-9個月

			ths ended 31.3 4年3月31日止			ths ended 30.9 4年9月30日止	
Items of consolidated statem		before the	after the	Effects of	before the	after the	Effects of
and other comprehensive inc		Change	Change	the Change	Change	Change	the Change
綜合損益及其他全面收益表項	具日	變動前 (unaudited)	變動後 (unaudited)	變動影響	變動前 (unaudited)	變動後 (unaudited)	變動影響
(Amounts in HK\$'000, except pe	er share data)	(a)	(b)	(b) – (a)	(a)	(b)	(b) – (a)
(除每股數據外,金額以千港)	元列示)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)		(未經審核)	(未經審核)	
		(a)	(b)	(b) - (a)	(a)	(b)	(b) – (a)
QAYYOYAYA							
Depreciation	折舊	(447)	(361)	86	(1,453)	(1,192)	261
Income tax expense	所得税開支	_	(14)	(14)	_	(42)	(42)
Loss and total comprehensive	期內虧損及全面開支						
expense for the period	總額	(2,254)	(2,182)	72	(6,418)	(6,199)	219
Loss per share attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔						
owners of the Company	每股虧損一基本及	()	()		()	()	
— Basic and diluted (cents)	攤薄(仙)	(0.94)	(0.91)	0.03	(2.66)	(2.57)	0.09

As at 30.6.2014

The following tables summarise the effects of the Change on consolidated basis for the interim and annual results of 2014:

下表概述變動按綜合基準對2014年中期及年 度業績之影響:

As at 31.12.2014

		,	15 41 501012017		7.5	at 5 ii izizo i-	
		於	2014年6月30	Ħ	於20	日	
Items of consolidated statem	ent	before the	after the	Effects of	before the	after the	Effects of
of financial position		Change	Change 變動後 (unaudited)	the Change 變動影響	Change	Change 變動後 (audited)	the Change
綜合財務狀況表項目		變動前			變動前 (unaudited)		變動影響
(Amounts in HK\$'000)		(unaudited)					
		(a)	(b)	(b) - (a)	(a)	(b)	(b) - (a)
(金額以千港元列示)		(未經審核)	(未經審核)		(未經審核)	(經審核)	
		(a)	(b)	(b) – (a)	(a)	(b)	(b) – (a)
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	4,166	4,111	(55)	3,639	3,764	125
Deferred tax asset	遞延税項資產	_	9	9	_	_	
Total net assets	淨資產總額	60,630	60,584	(46)	74,952	75,077	125
Asset revaluation reserves	資產重估儲備	174	_	(174)	159	2892	(159)
Accumulated losses	累計虧損	(1,922)	(1,794)	128	(6,229)	(5,945)	284
Total equity	權益總額	60,630	60,584	(46)	74,952	75,077	125
					40 41		
			ths ended 30.6 14年6月30日』			hs ended 31.1 年12月31日』	
Items of consolidated statem	ent of profit or loss	before the	after the	Effects of	before the	after the	Effects of
and other comprehensive inc	•	Change		the Change	Change	Change	the Change
綜合損益及其他全面收益表工		變動前	變動後	變動影響	變動前	變動後	變動影響
(Amounts in HK\$'000, except pe		(unaudited)	(unaudited)	2007	(unaudited)	(audited)	200
	,	(a)	(b)	(b) – (a)	(a)	(b)	(b) – (a)
(除每股數據外,金額以千港	元列示)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)		(未經審核)	(經審核)	
		(a)	(b)	(b) – (a)	(a)	(b)	(b) – (a)
Depreciation	折舊	(942)	(770)	172	(1,977)	(1,625)	352
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	(5 12)	_	_	590	591	1
Income tax expense	所得税開支	_	(28)	(28)	_	(38)	(38)
Loss and total comprehensive	期/年內虧損及		(=0)	(=0)		(= 0)	(30)
expense for the period/year	全面開支總額	(3,683)	(3,539)	144	(8,005)	(7,690)	315

Revenue, Cost of Sales and Gross Profit

Loss per share attributable to

owners of the Company

Basic and diluted (cents)

The total revenue of the Group increased by 21.9% from approximately HK\$42.8 million in 2013 to approximately HK\$52.1 million in 2014. The increase was mainly due to the abovementioned increase in revenues from ASIC products and Standard IC products.

本公司擁有人應佔 每股虧損一基本及

攤薄(仙)

收益、銷售成本及毛利

0.06

本集團的總收益由2013年度約42.8百萬港元 增長21.9%至2014年度約52.1百萬港元。該增 長乃主要由於上述來自ASIC產品及標準集成 電路產品的收益增長。

(3.16)

(3.04)

0.12

(1.54)

(1.48)

Cost of sales of the Group solely related to the IC business. It increased by 24.1% from approximately HK\$32.9 million in 2013 to approximately HK\$40.9 million in 2014.

The overall gross profit of the Group increased by 14.4% from approximately HK\$9.8 million in 2013 to approximately HK\$11.3 million in 2014. The gross profit of the ASIC Section decreased by 12.9% from approximately HK\$8.8 million in 2013 to approximately HK\$7.7 million in 2014, and gross profit margin of ASIC Section was 17.6% for the year 2014, representing a decrease of 5.7 percentage point from 23.3% for the year 2013. The decrease in gross profit margin of ASIC Section was mainly due to the drop in revenue of ASIC Service which had a higher margin and the decrease in margin of certain ASIC products in 2014. The gross profit of the Standard IC Section increased significantly by 257.2% from approximately HK\$1.0 million in 2013 to approximately HK\$3.6 million in 2014, and the gross profit margin of Standard IC Section was 42.6% for the year 2014, representing an increase of 21.7 percentage points from 20.9% for the year 2013. The increase in gross profit margin of Standard IC Section was primarily due to the increase in sales of high margin LCD Driver ICs for instrument panel in 2014.

Expenses

Staff costs increased by 41.7% from approximately HK\$6.4 million in 2013 to approximately HK\$9.0 million in 2014. The increase was primarily attributable to the increase in general pay rise and that more experienced and senior staff was recruited during the period to cope with the business development.

Operating lease rentals increased by 144.8% from approximately HK\$0.4 million in 2013 to approximately HK\$1.0 million in 2014, which was mainly due to the opening of new offices in Hong Kong and the PRC during 2014. Depreciation also increased by 19.0% from approximately HK\$1.4 million in 2013 to approximately HK\$1.6 million in 2014, mainly due to the increase in acquisition of fixed assets for the need of business development and aforesaid new offices in Hong Kong and the PRC.

本集團的銷售成本僅涉及集成電路業務。 銷售成本由2013年度約32.9百萬港元上升 24.1%至2014年度約40.9百萬港元。

本集團的整體毛利由2013年度約9.8百萬港元上升14.4%至2014年度約11.3百萬港元。ASIC部分毛利由2013年度約8.8百萬港元下降12.9%至2014年度約7.7百萬港元,2014年度ASIC部分的毛利率為17.6%,較2013年度23.3%下降5.7個百分點。ASIC部分的毛利率下降,乃主要由於2014年利潤率較高的ASIC服務收益下降及若干ASIC產品的利潤率下降。標準集成電路部分的毛利由2013年度約1.0百萬港元大幅上升257.2%至2014年度約3.6百萬港元,2014年度標準集成電路部分的毛利率上升率為42.6%,較2013年度20.9%上升21.7個百分點。標準集成電路部分的毛利率上升,乃主要由於2014年利潤率較高的供儀器板使用的LCD驅動器集成電路的銷售增長。

開支

員工成本由2013年度約6.4百萬港元上升 41.7%至2014年度約9.0百萬港元。該增長乃 主要由於工資普遍上漲及期內為應對業務發 展而招聘更多有經驗的高級員工所致。

經營租賃租金由2013年度約0.4百萬港元上升144.8%至2014年度約1.0百萬港元,此乃主要由於2014年度在香港和中國開設新辦事處所致。折舊亦由2013年度約1.4百萬港元上升19.0%至2014年度約1.6百萬港元,主要由於增加收購固定資產以滿足業務發展需要及前述在香港和中國開設新辦事處。

管理層討論及分析(續)

Other operating expenses decreased by 6.5% from approximately HK\$8.9 million in 2013 to approximately HK\$8.3 million in 2014. The decrease was primarily attributable to reduction in product development expenses and operating costs, which outweighed certain outgoings for the expansion and development of the business, such as legal and professional fees.

其他經營開支由2013年度約8.9百萬港元下降 6.5%至2014年度約8.3百萬港元。下降乃主要 由於產品開發費用及營運費用的減少,超過 了業務拓展及發展的若干開支,例如法律及 專業費用。

Loss Attributable to Owners of the Company

The consolidated loss attributable to owners of the Company for the year 2014 was approximately HK\$7.7 million. For the year 2013, the consolidated loss attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$6.1 million. The increase was mainly because the increase in gross profit was more than offset by the overhead related to business expansion and development, such as staff costs, operating rentals, depreciation and legal and professional fees.

本公司擁有人應佔虧損

2014年度本公司擁有人應佔綜合虧損為約7.7 百萬港元。於2013年度,本公司擁有人應佔 綜合虧損為約6.1百萬港元。該增長乃主要由 於毛利增長更多地被有關業務拓展及發展的 開支所抵銷,例如員工成本、經營租金、折舊 及法律及專業費用。

RISKS RELATING TO THE GROUP AND ITS BUSINESS

Reliance on a few key customers

The Group's ability to maintain close relationships with its customers is important to its ongoing growth and profitability. Although the Group's sales to specific customers vary from period to period, a significant portion of the Group's total revenue was derived from a few major customers for the year ended 31 December 2014 and the corresponding period in last year. The five largest customers accounted for approximately 79.4% and 82.7% of the Group's revenue while the largest customer accounted for approximately 37.0% and 38.9% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2014 and 2013 respectively. The largest customer is an independent third party (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules), principally engaged in sales of ICs, related devices and components and the production of electronic devices. The Group has established its business relationship with the largest customer since the year of 2006. The Group normally allows a credit period ranging from "cash on delivery" to 90 days, which is in line with other customers, to its major customers for year ended 31 December 2014 and 2013. As the Group does not enter into long term or master sales contracts with its major customers, there is no assurance that any of its major customers will continue to purchase products from the Group at the same level as they have done historically.

與本集團及其業務相關的風險

依賴少數主要客戶

本集團與其客戶維持緊密關係的能力對其持 續的增長及盈利能力而言甚為重要。儘管本 集團向特定客戶所作的銷售每個期間不同, 但於截至2014年12月31日止年度及去年同 期,本集團總收益中主要部分乃來自少數主 要客戶。截至2014年及2013年12月31日止年 度,五大客戶分別佔本集團收益約79.4%及 82.7%,而最大客戶則分別佔本集團收益約 37.0%及38.9%。最大客戶為獨立第三方(定 義見創業板上市規則),主要從事集成電路、 相關電子裝置及元件的銷售以及電子裝置的 生產。本集團自2006年開始與最大客戶建立 起業務關係。截至2014年及2013年12月31日 止年度,與其他客戶一樣,本集團通常為其 主要客戶提供「貨到付款」至90日的信貸期。 由於本集團並無與其主要客戶訂立長期或主 要銷售合約,因此並不保證其任何主要客戶 將繼續以與以往購買數量相等的數量購買本 集團產品。

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$57.2 million (2013: approximately HK\$48.9 million) and did not have any borrowings, banking facilities or any loan arrangement containing any covenant. The current ratio of the Group as at 31 December 2014 was 1,861.7% (2013: 1,262.0%), reflecting the fact that the liquidity of the Group remained healthy in 2014. The gearing ratio calculated as the ratio of total interest-bearing debt to total assets was nil as at 31 December 2014 (31 December 2013: nil). Taking into account the cash reserves and the net proceeds from placing of the Company's shares in the year 2013 and 2014, the Group's financial position is healthy, positioning the Group advantageously to expand its core business and to achieve its business objectives.

CHARGES ON ASSETS

As at 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013, the Group did not have any charges on its assets.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

The Group's transactions are mainly denominated in United States dollars, Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi. Therefore, the Group is exposed to foreign currency exchange risk. The Group has not implemented any foreign currency hedging policy at the moment. However, continuous monitoring on the foreign exchange exposure is carried out by the management and the management will consider hedging against significant foreign exchange exposure should the need arise.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENT

Save for those disclosed in this annual report, the Group did not have other significant contingent liabilities or capital commitment as at 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013.

流動資金、財務資源及資本架構

於2014年12月31日,本集團的銀行及現金結餘約為57.2百萬港元(2013年:約48.9百萬港元)及並無任何借款、銀行融資或載有任何契諾的任何貸款安排。於2014年12月31日,本集團的流動比率為1,861.7%(2013年:1,262.0%),反映2014年本集團的流動性維持健康。於2014年12月31日,本集團的資產的比率(即總計息債務對總資產的比率)為經考慮現金儲備及(2013年12月31日:零)。經考慮現金儲備及本公司於2013年及2014年內配售股份所得款項淨額,本集團的財務狀況健康,讓本集團具備有利條件可擴充其核心業務並達成其業務目標。

資產抵押

於2014年12月31日及2013年12月31日,本集 團並無任何資產抵押。

外匯風險

本集團的交易主要以美元、港元及人民幣計值。因此,本集團承受外匯風險。本集團現時並無實行任何外幣對沖政策。然而,管理層持續監察所承受的外匯風險及在有需要時考慮對沖重大外匯風險。

或然負債及資本承擔

除本年報所披露外,本集團於2014年12月31 日及2013年12月31日並無其他重大或然負債 或資本承擔。

管理層討論及分析(續)

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, AND FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

所持重大投資、附屬公司的重大 收購及出售以及未來重大投資或 資本資產計劃

Save for those disclosed in this annual report, there were no other significant investments held by the Group as at 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013, nor were there other material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries by the Group during these years. Apart from those disclosed in this annual report, there was no other plan authorized by the Board for other material investments or additions of capital assets at the date of this report.

除本年報所披露外,於2014年12月31日及 2013年12月31日,本集團並無持有其他重大 投資,該等年度本集團亦無附屬公司的其他 重大收購及出售。除本年報所披露外,董事 會於本年報日期並無批准任何其他重大投資 或購入資本資產的其他計劃。

DIVIDEND

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2014.

股息

董事不建議就截至2014年12月31日止年度派付末期股息。

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

The Group has approximately 20 (2013: 16) employees as at 31 December 2014. The total staff costs for the year 2014, including directors' remuneration, amounted to approximately HK\$9.0 million (2013: approximately HK\$6.4 million). The Group's remuneration policies are in line with the prevailing market practice and remuneration to employees are determined on the basis of performance, qualification and experience of individual employee.

僱員及薪酬政策

於2014年12月31日,本集團約有20名(2013年:16名)僱員。2014年度的總員工成本(包括董事酬金)為約9.0百萬港元(2013年:約6.4百萬港元)。本集團的薪酬政策符合現行市場慣例,僱員薪酬乃根據個別僱員的表現、資歷及經驗而釐定。

We recognize the importance of a good relationship with our employees. The remuneration payable to our employees includes salaries and allowances. Other benefits include training, discretionary bonus and others.

我們明白與僱員建立良好關係的重要性。應 付僱員的薪酬包括薪金及津貼。其他福利包 括培訓、酌情花紅及其他。

管理層討論及分析(續)

COMPARISON OF BUSINESS OBJECTIVES WITH **ACTUAL BUSINESS PROGRESS**

An analysis comparing the business objectives as set out in the Company's prospectus dated 30 December 2011 ("Prospectus") for the period from 23 December 2011, being the latest practicable date as defined in the Prospectus ("LPD"), to 31 December 2013 (the "Review Period") with the Group's actual business progress up to 31 December 2014 (the "Current Period") is set out as follows:

Business Objective for the Review Period

Actual Business Progress up to 31 December 2014

Enhancing product development by diversifying into new IC products and improving existing IC products

Develop and launch 12 new MiniLogic Brand IC models

4 new MiniLogic Brand IC models still were under development, including (i) ML1370 LED Light Tube Driver IC, (ii) MP1110 24V LED Backlight Driver with dimming control IC which was sold to ASIC customer with its development work in progress, (iii) ML1361 MR16 LED Lighting Driver with Buck/Boost Feature IC, and (iv) ML1372 E27 LED Light Bulb Driver IC during the Current Period. The completion of development of these new IC models had been extended as the process was prolonged due to customer evaluation, acceptance and modification work.

1 new IC model of MiniLogic Brand IC models, namely MP1205 USB Backup Power Supply IC was developed and launched under the category of power management in November 2013.

業務目標與實際業務進展的比較

本公司的2011年12月30日招股章程(「招股章 程」)所載2011年12月23日(即招股章程所界 定的最後實際可行日期(「最後可行日期」)至 2013年12月31日期間(「審閱期間」)的業務目 標與本集團於截至2014年12月31日止期間 (「本期間」)的實際業務進展的比較分析載列 如下:

截至2014年12月31日止 審閱期間的 業務目標 的實際業務進展

以多元化策略開發新集成電路產品 及改良現有集成電路型號以加強產 品開發

12款新 MiniLogic 品牌集成 電路型號

開發及推出 於本期間,4款新MiniLogic品牌 集成電路型號仍在開發中, 包括:(i) ML1370 LED 光管驅動 器集成電路、(ii) MP1110 24V 具有調光暗控制功能的LED 背光驅動器集成電路已售予 ASIC客戶繼續其開發工作 ·(iii) ML1361 MR16具有升/降壓 功能的LED燈光驅動器集成電 路、及(iv) ML1372 E27 LED 燈 泡驅動器集成電路。該等新 集成電路型號的開發,因客 户評估、接受及修改工作,使 其完成的時間被延長。

> MiniLogic品牌集成電路型號 的1款新集成電路型號,即 MP1205 USB後備電源供應集 成電路,已於2013年11月開 發及推出,並且歸屬於電源 管理類別。

管理層討論及分析(續)

As to LED Light Bulb Driver with PFC feature IC and 4 more new MiniLogic Brand IC models under the category of LED Lighting Driver ICs, and 2 more new MiniLogic Brand IC models under the category of green energy, the projects had not been deployed due to the specification of market demand being unclear.

Develop and launch 13 new ASIC products

- Up to 31 December 2014, the total number of product development of new IC model of ASIC products was 21, which is 8 more than that stated in the business objective as set out in the Prospectus.
- 11 new ASIC products were still under development, including (i) MP1103 18V Dual Channel Buck Converter IC, (ii) MP1113 Class-D Stereo and Subwoofer Audio Power Amplifier IC, (iii) Ai9123 Low Voltage Video Amplifier with Low Pass Filter IC, (iv) Ai8149 Power Management Unit for CCD Camera ICs, (v) MP1017 Portable Electronic Charger IC, (vi) MP1209 Linear LED Driver IC, (vii) RC101 IR Remote IC, (viii) MP1407 DVD Player PMU IC, (ix) MP1408 Candle Light LED Driver IC, (x) MP1409 Candle Light LED Driver IC, and (xi) MP1410 Linear LED Driver IC, during the Current Period. The completion of development of these new IC models had been extended as the process was prolonged due to customer evaluation, acceptance and modification work.

至於屬於LED燈光驅動器集成電 路系列中具有PFC功能的LED 燈泡驅動器集成電路及另外 4款新MiniLogic品牌集成電路 型號、及另外2款屬於綠色能 源類別的新MiniLogic品牌集 成電路型號,由於市場需求 規格並未清晰,該項目未有 開展。

13款新 ASIC產品

- 開發及推出 截至2014年12月31日止, ASIC 產品新集成電路型號的產品 開發總數為21款,比招股章 程之業務目標所載者多出8 款。
 - 於本期間,11款新ASIC產品仍 在開發中,包括(i) MP1103 18V雙通道降壓轉換器集成 電路、(ii) MP1113 D類立體 聲及低音喇叭音頻放大器集 成電路、(iii) Ai9123低電壓與 低通濾波器的視頻放大器集 成電路、(iv) Ai8149 CCD攝影 機電源管理器集成電路、(v) MP1017可携式電子充電器集 成電路、(vi) MP1209線性LED 驅動器集成電路、(vii) RC101 紅外線遙控集成電路、(viii) MP1407 DVD播放器專用電源 管理集成電路、(ix)MP1408燭 光LED驅動器集成電路、(x) MP1409燭光LED驅動器集成 電路、及(xi)MP1410線性LED 驅動器集成電路。該等新集 成電路型號的開發, 因客戶 評估、接受及修改工作,使其 完成的時間被延長。

管理層討論及分析(續)

- 10 new IC models of ASIC products, namely (i) MP1204 LDO and Tray Driver IC, (ii) MP1109 Portable DVD Power Management Unit IC, (iii) MP1202 Single Time Electronic Cigarette with blue LED IC, (iv) MP1201 Electronic Cigar IC, (v) MP1212 Electronic Lighter IC, (vi) MP1303 IR Filter Switch Driver IC, (vii) MP1304 MR16 LED Driver IC, (viii) MP1305 USB Charger IC for power management, (ix) MP1308 Rechargeable Electronic Cigarette IC, and (x) MP1401 DVD Player PMU and Tray Driver IC, were developed and launched in July 2012, September 2012, September 2012, January 2013, August 2013, November 2013, March 2014, June 2014, November 2014 and November 2014 respectively.
- 10款新ASIC產品的集成電路型 號完成開發,並分別於2012 年7月、2012年9月、2012年 9月、2013年1月、2013年8 月、2013年11月、2014年3 月、2014年6月、2014年11 月及2014年11月推出,其為 (i) MP1204 LDO與盤子驅動器 集成電路、(ii) MP1109可攜式 DVD播放器專用電源管理集 成電路、(iii) MP1202 一次性 電子煙連藍色LED集成電路、 (iv) MP1201電子雪茄集成電 路、(v) MP1212電子打火機集 成電路、(vi)MP1303紅外線 濾光開關驅動器集成電路, (vii) MP1304 MR16 LED 驅動器 集成電路、(viii)進行電源管理 的MP1305 USB充電器集成電 路、(ix) MP1308可充電電子煙 集成電路、及(x)MP1401 DVD 播放器專用電源管理及盤子 驅動器集成電路。

Improve and launch 12 modified existing IC models

- 1 modified existing IC model, MP1402 PMU for Power Bank, was still under improvement during the Current Period. The completion of development of this new IC model had been extended as the process was prolonged due to customer evaluation, acceptance and modification work.
- 3 new modified existing IC models, namely (i) MP1105 Static LCD COG Driver IC, (ii) MP1203 Rechargeable Electronic Cigarette IC, and (iii) MP1213 Motor Driver IC for portable DVD player, were developed and launched in May 2013, November 2013 and March 2014 respectively.

As to 8 more modified IC model of existing IC models, the project had not been deployed due to the specification of market demand being unclear.

- 12 款改良 現有集成 電路型號
- 改良及推出 於本期間,1款改良現有集成電 路型號MP1402移動電源專 用電源管理仍在改良中。該 款新集成電路型號的開發, 因客戶評估、接受及修改工 作,使其完成的時間被延長。
 - 3款新改良現有集成電路型號 完成開發,並分別於2013年 5月、2013年11月及2014年3 月推出,其為(i)MP1105靜態 LCD COG驅動器集成電路、(ii) MP1203可充電電子煙集成電 路及(iii) MP1213可攜式DVD播 放器馬達驅動集成電路。
 - 至於另8款改良現有集成電路型 號,由於市場需求規格並未 清晰,該項目未有開展。

管理層討論及分析(續)

Strengthening R&D capabilities by establishing a research and development centre and sales office in Suzhou, the PRC

透過於中國蘇州設立研究及開發中 心及銷售辦事處加強研發能力

Establish Suzhou office

Visits had been made to Suzhou Industrial Park, Suzhou, the PRC by the management of the Group during the Current Period. However, in view of uncertain economic outlook in the PRC market, the establishment of Suzhou office would be delayed until the market becomes positive.

設立蘇州辦事處 於本期間,本集團管理 層已拜訪中國蘇州 工業園,但由於中 國市場經濟前景不 穩定,故設立蘇州

> 辦事處將會延遲直 至市場變得明朗。

Recruit 12 new employees with Not yet commenced

engineering expertise

招聘12名具備工程 專業知識的新僱員

尚未展開

Provide supporting services to

Hong Kong R&D team

Not yet commenced

支援香港的研發團隊 尚未展開

Further develop 4 new

IC products or models under

the ASIC Segment

Not yet commenced

進一步開發ASIC部

尚未展開

分下的4款新 集成電路產品或

型號

Explore new opportunities to

cooperate with local universities in Suzhou, PRC Not yet commenced

與中國蘇州本地大學 尚未展開

與至少一間中國大學 尚未展開

合作探索新機會

Collaborate with at least one

PRC University on one R&D project and to develop a long term collaborate relationship

Not yet commenced

合作進行一項研 發項目及建立長 期合作關係

Develop into a full-fledged

R&D centre

Not yet commenced

設立完備的研究及開 尚未展開

發中心

Expanding the customer base and sales network in 擴闊中國的客戶基礎及銷售網絡 the PRC

Formulate a marketing plan

In view of uncertain economic outlook in the PRC market, the formulation of a marketing plan would be delayed until the market becomes positive.

擬定市場推廣計劃 由於中國市場經濟前景

> 不穩定,故擬定的市 場推廣計劃將會延 遲直至市場變得明

Recruit 7 new sales and marketing staff

Not yet commenced

招聘7名銷售及 市場推廣新員工 尚未展開

Promote the Group's IC products and ASIC Service

Not yet commenced

宣傳本集團的集成 電路產品及

尚未展開

ASIC服務

Explore and develop new sales and marketing network in

Not yet commenced

開拓及發展蘇州

尚未展開

Suzhou region

地區的新銷售及 營銷網絡

將銷售及市場

尚未展開

Extend sales and marketing activities to Wuxi regions, Shanghai and Kuzhan region, and other parts of the Yangtze Delta Area

Not yet commenced

推廣活動擴展至 無錫地區、上海及 昆山區、以及長江 三角洲其他地區

The principal risks and uncertainties in implementation of the Group's business strategies are the failure to implement our expansion plans successfully. As disclosed in the Prospectus, the Group planned to establish a research and development centre and sales office in Suzhou, the PRC and to carry out sales and marketing activities through the Suzhou office. Should the expansion plans be affected by the uncertain economic outlook in the PRC market unexpectedly, the Group's expansion plan will be adversely affected. As such, the directors will observe and monitor the progress of the expansion plan and will consider amending the expansion plan to the best of the interest of the Group in due course according to the actual circumstances.

實施本集團業務策略的主要風險及不確定 因素為未能成功實施我們的擴張計劃。誠如 招股章程所披露,本集團計劃於中國蘇州設 立研究及開發中心及銷售辦事處,以透過蘇 州辦事處開展銷售及營銷活動。倘若擴張計 劃意外地被中國市場不確定的經濟前景所影 響,本集團的擴張計劃將受到不利影響。因 此,董事將觀察及監控擴張計劃的進展,並 將在適當的時候根據實際情況考慮修訂擴張 計劃以符合本集團的最佳利益。

管理層討論及分析(續)

FUNDRAISING ACTIVITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Placing as set out in the Prospectus

The net proceeds from the issue of new shares of the Company under the placing as set out in the Prospectus were approximately HK\$24.3 million, which was different from the estimated net proceeds of approximately HK\$33.8 million (estimated on the assumption that the placing price would be the mid-point of the stated range as stated in the Prospectus). We intend to adjust the use of proceeds in the same manner and in the same proportion as shown in the Prospectus, and approximately HK\$11.9 million, HK\$10.7 million, HK\$1.6 million and HK\$0.1 million were adjusted for (i) enhancing product development by diversifying into new IC products and improving existing IC products, (ii) establishing a research and development centre and sales office in Suzhou, the PRC, (iii) expanding PRC customer base and sales network and (iv) working capital of the Group respectively. As at the date of this report, we do not anticipate any change to the plan. Up to 31 December 2014, the Group has applied the net proceeds as follows:

集資活動及所得款項用途

招股章程所載的配售

			Adjusted use of net proceeds in the same manner and proportion as stated in Prospectus	Actual usage
		Notes 附註	按與招股章程 所示的相同方式 及比例調整所得 款項淨額用途 HK\$ million 港幣百萬元	實際用途 HK\$ million 港幣百萬元
Enhancing product development by diversifying into new IC products and improving existing IC products	以多元化策略開發新集成 電路產品及改良現有 集成電路型號以 加強產品開發	1	11.9	11.9
Strengthening R&D capabilities by establishing a research and development centre and sales office in Suzhou, the PRC	透過於中國蘇州設立研究 及開發中心及 銷售辦事處 加強研發能力	2	10.7	
Expanding the customer base and sales network in the PRC	擴闊中國的客戶基礎及 銷售網絡	2	1.6	
Working capital	營運資金	26	0.1	0.1
			24.3	12.0

管理層討論及分析(續)

- Comparatively, there were less new IC product development projects deployed due to the specification of market demand being unclear, resulting in less actual spending. However, the completion of development of several new IC models had been extended as the process was prolonged due to customer
- 評估、接受及修改工作,使其完成的時 evaluation, acceptance and modification work, resulting in 間被延長,增加了實際支出。 more actual spending. Visits had been made to Suzhou Industrial Park, Suzhou, the 於本期間,本集團管理層已拜訪中國蘇 2. PRC by the management of the Group during the Current 州工業園,但由於中國市場經濟前景不
- The remaining unused net proceeds as at 31 December 2014 were placed as interest bearing deposits with licensed bank in Hong Kong and is expected to be used as stated in the Prospectus.

delayed until the market becomes positive.

Period. However, in view of uncertain economic outlook in

the PRC market, the establishment of Suzhou office would be

Placing under General Mandate on 30 August 2013

On 30 August 2013, a total of 40,000,000 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each of the Company were successfully issued under the general mandate from shareholders and placed to not less than six placees at the placing price of HK\$0.25 per share. To the best of the directors' knowledge, information and belief having made all reasonable enquires, the placees and their ultimate beneficial owners were independent third parties. None of the placees and their respective associates has become a substantial shareholder of the Company immediately after the completion of the placing. On the date of the placing agreement, 15 August 2013, the closing price per share of the Company was HK\$0.275. The net proceeds from this placing were approximately HK\$9.7 million and the net price per placing share was approximately HK\$0.24.

於2014年12月31日之餘下未使用的所得款項 淨額已存放於香港持牌銀行作計息存款,並

市場變得明朗。

比較而言,較少新集成電路型號的產品

開發計劃因市場需求規格並未清晰而未

有開展,減少了實際支出。但是,當中

有幾個新集成電路型號的開發,因客戶

穩定,故設立蘇州辦事處將會延遲直至

於2013年8月30日根據一般授權配售

預期按招股章程所載的用途使用。

於2013年8月30日,已根據股東一般授權成 功發行合共40,000,000股每股0.1港元之本公 司新普通股股份並按配售價每股0.25港元配 售予不少於六名承配人。董事在作出一切合 理查詢後,就其所知、所悉及所信,承配人 及其最終實益擁有人為獨立第三方。配售完 成後,概無承配人及彼等各自之聯繫人士將 成為本公司之主要股東。於配售協議日期(即 2013年8月15日),本公司股份收市價為每股 0.275港元。本次配售之所得款項淨額為約 9.7百萬港元,每股配售股份之價格淨額為約 0.24港元。

管理層討論及分析(續)

The directors had considered various ways of raising funds and believed that the placing represented an opportunity to raise capital for the Company while broadening the shareholder's base and capital base of the Company. The utilisation of the net proceeds up to 31 December 2014 is:

董事已考慮多個集資途徑,並相信配售乃本公司集資之良機,可同時擴大本公司之股東基礎及資本基礎。截至2014年12月31日止, 所得款項淨額之應用為:

Net proceeds	Intended use of the net proceeds	Utilisation of the net proceeds up to 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止所得款項淨額之使用		
所得款項淨額	所得款項淨額擬定用途 ————————————————————————————————————			
Approximately HK\$9.7 million	Approximately HK\$9.7 million will be used for opportunistic investments should appropriate opportunities arise and where the directors consider it in the interest of the Company to do so and/or for general working capital of the Group.	As at 31 December 2014, all of the net proceeds had been utilized. Approximately HK\$0.1 million had been utilized for the acquisition of Easy Loan Finance Limited, which operates a money lending business, in May 2014. The remaining amounts of approximately HK\$9.6 million had been utilized for general working capital of the Group. Such utilisation of net proceed is in accordance with the intended use of the net proceeds.		
約9.7百萬港元	約9.7百萬港元將用於合適機會 湧現時董事認為符合本公司利益 之投資機會及/或本集團之 一般營運資金。	於2014年12月31日,全部所得款項 淨額已獲動用。約0.1百萬港元 已用作於2014年5月收購易按財務 有限公司,該公司經營一項放債 業務。剩餘款項約9.6百萬港元 已用作本集團之一般營運資金。 該所得款項淨額之使用乃根據 所得款項淨額擬定用途作出。		

Placing under General Mandate on 24 September 2014

於2014年9月24日根據一般授權配售

On 24 September 2014, a total of 48,000,000 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each of the Company were successfully issued under the general mandate from shareholders and placed to not less than six placees at the placing price of HK\$0.40 per share. To the best of the directors' knowledge, information and belief having made all reasonable enquires, the placees and their ultimate beneficial owners were independent third parties. None of the placees and their respective associates has become a substantial shareholder of the Company immediately after the completion of the placing. On the date of the placing agreement, 12 September 2014, the closing price per share of the Company was HK\$0.41. The net proceeds from this placing are approximately HK\$18.6 million and the net price per placing share was approximately HK\$0.39.

於2014年9月24日,已根據股東一般授權成功發行合共48,000,000股每股0.1港元之本公司新普通股股份並按配售價每股0.40港元包售予不少於六名承配人。董事在作出一场已理查詢後,就其所知、所悉及所信,承配告承成後,概無承配人及彼等各自之聯繫日期(成為本公司之主要股東。於配售協議日期(2014年9月12日),本公司股份收市價為每股0.41港元。本次配售之所得款項淨額為約18.6百萬港元,每股配售股份之價格淨額為約0.39港元。

The directors had considered various ways of raising funds and believed that the placing represented an opportunity to raise capital for the Company while broadening the shareholder's base and capital base of the Company. The utilisation of the net proceeds up to 31 December 2014 is:

董事已考慮多個集資途徑,並相信配售乃本 公司集資之良機,可同時擴大本公司之股東 基礎及資本基礎。截至2014年12月31日止, 所得款項淨額之應用為:

Net proceeds	Intended use of the net proceeds	Utilisation of the net proceeds up to 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止所得款項淨額之
所得款項淨額	所得款項淨額擬定用途	使用
Approximately HK\$18.6 million	Approximately HK\$18.6 million will be used for general working capital of the Group and/or financing future investment opportunities.	As at 31 December 2014, none of the net proceeds had been utilized. The unused net proceeds were placed as interest bearing deposits with licensed bank in Hong Kong.
約18.6百萬港元	約18.6百萬港元將用於本集團之 一般營運資金及/或為未來投資 機會提供資金。	於2014年12月31日,概無所得款項 淨額已獲動用。未使用的所得款項 淨額已存放於香港持牌銀行作計息 存款。

OUTLOOK

Looking ahead to 2015, despite some uncertainties remaining in the global economic outlook, the Group will endeavour to develop its existing IC business and money lending business. We will continue to enhance research and development activities, particularly those related to green energy and power management, to maintain our competitiveness in the IC markets. We will also strive to develop the money lending business. At the same time, the management will consider any other suitable business opportunities to broaden the sources of revenues and cash inflows of the Group, taking into account the cash flow requirement and associated business risk.

前景

展望2015年,儘管全球經濟前景仍存在若干 不確定因素,惟本集團將努力開發其現有的 集成電路業務及放債業務。我們將繼續加強 研發活動,特別是有關綠色能源和電源管理 的研發,以維持我們在集成電路市場的競爭 力。我們亦將努力開發放債業務。同時,管理 層將考慮任何其他合適的商機,在計及現金 流需求及相關業務風險的情況下,擴展本集 **国的收益及現金流入來源。**

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Pursuant to Rule 18.44 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Board is pleased to present this corporate governance report for the year ended 31 December 2014.

根據創業板上市規則第18.44條,董事會欣然 呈報截至2014年12月31日止年度的企業管治 報告。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Group has committed to upholding high standards of corporate governance. The Board considers that enhanced public accountability and corporate governance are beneficial for the healthy growth of the Group, improving customer and supplier confidence and safeguarding the interests of shareholders of the Group.

The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules as its own code and has complied with the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2014. The Board has continued to monitor and review the corporate governance principles and practices to ensure compliance.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors (the "Model Code") on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Rule 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Upon the specific enquiry made to all the Directors, the Company was not aware of any non-compliance with the Model Code regarding securities transactions by the Directors during the year ended 31 December 2014.

企業管治常規

本集團致力維持高水平的企業管治。董事會認為,加強公眾問責性及企業管治有利於本集團的穩健增長,提升客戶及供應商信心, 並保障本集團股東的利益。

本公司採納創業板上市規則附錄15所載之《企業管治守則》(「企業管治守則」)之原則作為其本身的守則,及截至2014年12月31日止年度內,本公司一直遵守企業管治守則。董事會繼續監察及檢討企業管治原則及常規,以確保遵守守則。

董事的證券交易

本公司已採納一套條款不寬鬆於創業板上市規則第5.48至5.67條所載的交易必守標準(「交易必守標準」)之董事進行證券交易之行為守則。

經向所有董事作出特定查詢後,而本公司並不知悉截至2014年12月31日止年度內有任何未符合交易必守標準之董事進行證券交易之行為守則之情況。

企業管治報告(續)

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition

The Board currently comprises 8 Directors, including the Chairman (being an Executive Director), the other 2 Executive Directors, 2 Non-Executive Directors and 3 Independent Non-Executive Directors. An updated list of Directors identifying their roles and functions and whether they are Independent Non-executive Directors has been published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange respectively. The profiles of the Directors are set out in the section "Profiles of Directors and Senior Management" of this report.

As announced by the Company, Mr. Chiu Yu Wang was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director with effect from 17 February 2014; Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo was re-designated from an Independent Non-Executive Director to an Executive Director with effect from 7 March 2014; Mr. Lee Cheung Ming resigned as an Executive Director and Chairman of the Board of the Company with effect from 1 July 2014; Mr. Zhang Qing was appointed as an Executive Director and Chairman of the Board of the Company with effect from 1 July 2014; Mr. Ye Jian was appointed as a Non-Executive Director with effect from 26 August 2014; and Mr. Liu Kam Lung was re-designated from an Executive Director to a Non-Executive Director with effect from 16 October 2014.

董事會

組成.

董事會現由8名董事組成,包括主席(為執行 董事)、其餘2名執行董事、2名非執行董事及 3名獨立非執行董事。最新一份董事會成員名 單(列明其角色和職能以及彼等是否獨立非執 行董事)已分別刊載於本公司及聯交所網站。 董事的履歷詳情載於本年報「董事及高級管理 人員的履歷 | 一節。

誠如本公司所公告,趙汝宏先生獲委任為獨 立非執行董事,於2014年2月17日生效;宋得 榮博士由獨立非執行董事調任為執行董事, 於2014年3月7日生效;李長銘先生於2014年 7月1日辭任本公司執行董事及董事會主席; 張慶先生獲委任為本公司執行董事及董事會 主席,於2014年7月1日生效;葉堅先生獲委 任為非執行董事,於2014年8月26日生效;及 廖金龍先生由執行董事調任為非執行董事, 於2014年10月16日生效。

Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告(續)

During the year ended 31 December 2014, 4 regular Board meetings and 11 other Board meetings were held in addition to circulation of written resolution. The composition of the Board during the year and up to the date of this report, and its members' attendance record of meetings held in 2014 are shown below:

截至2014年12月31日止年度,除了以傳閱方 式的書面議案外, 共舉行了4次董事會常規 會議及11次其他董事會會議。於年內及截至 本報告日期為止之董事會的組成及其成員於 2014年內舉行的會議的出席紀錄如下:

Attendance record of meetings held in 2014 於2014年內舉行的會議出席記錄

	Annual				
	General		Audit	Remuneration	Nomination
Name of member	Meeting	Board	Committee	Committee	Committee
成員名稱	週年股東大會	董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會
	In number (in %)				
	次數(百份率)	次數(百份率)	次數(百份率)	次數(百份率)	次數(百份率)
Total Number of Meetings	1	15	5	7	8
會議次數總數		(Note 7)			
		(附註7)			<u> </u>
Number of Meetings attended/Total 出席會議次數/總數					
Executive Directors 執行董事					
Mr. Zhang Qing (Chairman) (Note 1)	N/A	8/8	N/A	N/A	N/A
張慶先生(<i>主席)</i> (附註1)	不適用	(100%)	不適用	不適用	不適用
Mr. Li Kwei Chung (Chief Executive Officer)	1/1	14/15	N/A	N/A	N/A
李桂聰先生(行政總裁)	(100%)	(93%)	不適用	不適用	不適用
Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo (Chief Financial					
Officer) (Note 2)	1/1	13/13	N/A	N/A	N/A
宋得榮博士(財務總監)(附註2)	(100%)	(100%)	不適用	不適用	不適用
Mr. Liu Kam Lung (Note 3)	1/1	12/13	N/A	N/A	N/A
廖金龍先生(附註3)	(100%)	(92%)	不適用	不適用	不適用
Mr. Lee Cheung Ming (Note 4)	1/1	7/7	N/A	N/A	N/A
李長銘先生(附註4)	(100%)	(100%)	不適用	不適用	不適用

Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告(續)

Attendance record of meetings held in 2014 (Continued)

於2014年內舉行的會議出席記錄(續)

	Annual				
	General		Audit	Remuneration	Nomination
Name of member	Meeting	Board	Committee	Committee	Committee
成員名稱	週年股東大會	董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會
	In number (in %)				
	次數(百份率)	次數(百份率)	次數(百份率)	次數(百份率)	次數(百份率)
Non-Executive Directors					
非執行董事					
Mr. Ye Jian (Note 5)	N/A	5/5	N/A	N/A	N/A
葉堅先生(附註5)	不適用	(100%)	不適用	不適用	不適用
Mr. Liu Kam Lung (Note 3)	N/A	2/2	N/A	N/A	N/A
廖金龍先生(附註3)	不適用	(100%)	不適用	不適用	不適用
Independent Non-executive Directors					
通立非執行董事					
Mr. Chan Sun Kwong	1/1	15/15	5/5	7/7	8/8
陳晨光先生	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)
Mr. Ko Yin Wai	1/1	15/15	5/5	7/7	8/8
高賢偉先生	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)
Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo (Note 2)	N/A	1/2	N/A	1/2	1/2
宋得榮博士(附註2)	不適用	(50%)	不適用	(50%)	(50%)
Mr. Chiu Yu Wang (Note 6)	1/1	13/13	5/5	6/6	7/7
趙汝宏先生(附註6)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)
Notes		F4:	† `		

Notes:

- 附註:
- Mr. Zhang Qing was appointed as an Executive Director and Chairman of the Board with effect from 1 July 2014.
- Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo was re-designated from an Independent Non-Executive Director to an Executive Director with effect from 7 March 2014.
- Mr. Liu Kam Lung was re-designated from an Executive Director to a Non-Executive Director with effect from 16 October 2014.
- 張慶先生獲委任為執行董事及董事會主席自 2014年7月1日生效。
- 宋得榮博士由獨立非執行董事調任為執行董事 自2014年3月7日生效。
- 廖金龍先生由執行董事調任為非執行董事自 2014年10月16日生效。

Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告(續)

- Mr. Lee Cheung Ming resigned as an Executive Director and Chairman of the Board with effect from 1 July 2014.
- 李長銘先生辭任為執行董事及董事會主席自 4 2014年7月1日生效。
- Mr. Ye Jian was appointed as a Non-Executive Director with effect from 26 August 2014.
- 葉堅先生獲委任為非執行董事自2014年8月26 日牛效。
- Mr. Chiu Yu Wang was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director with effect from 17 February 2014.
- 趙汝宏先生獲委任為獨立非執行董事自2014年 2月17日生效。
- The Board held 4 regular Board meetings and 11 other full Board meetings 7. during the year ended 31 December 2014.
- 截至於2014年12月31日止年度內,董事會舉行 了4次董事會常規會議及11次其他全體董事會會 議。

THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD

董事會的職責

The Board is responsible for the control and leadership of management of Company's business and is collectively responsible for the Company's affair under the Board's direction and supervision. All the Directors should make decision objectively in the interests of the Company.

董事會負責領導及監控本公司業務之整體管 理,並共同承擔指導及監督本公司事務之責 任,推動本公司達至成功全體董事應以本公 司之利益為依歸,客觀作出決策。

The overall responsibilities of the Board include considering and making decisions on the following matters:

董事會的整體職責包括就下列事項進行審議 並作出決定:

- Setting the corporate goals of the Group and formulating the (i) Group's strategy and monitoring the implementation;
- 制定本集團的企業目標,並制定本集團 的策略,並監控其執行情況;
- Diversification and extension of activities into new business (ii) area;
- 作多元化和擴展新的業務領域; (ii)
- (iii) Approving the annual, half year and quarterly results;
- (iii) 批准年度,半年度及季度業績;

Dividend policy; (iv)

股息政策; (iv)

Material acquisitions and disposal;

- 重大收購及出售; (v)
- (vi) Reviewing and monitoring the Group's internal control systems;
- 檢討及監察本集團之內部監控系統; (vi)
- (vii) Monitoring the performance of the Management; and
- (vii) 監控管理層的表現;及
- (viii) Determining and reviewing the composition and diversity of the Board.
- (viii) 決定及審閱董事會的組成及多元性。

企業管治報告(續)

BOARD COMPOSITION AND DIVERSITY POLICY

The Company has adopted the board diversity policy since 30 August 2013. The policy sets out the approach to achieve diversity in the Board that should have a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Group's business and compliance with policies. The composition and diversity policies of the Board is reviewed annually and regularly. The Board should ensure that its changes in composition will not result in any undue interference. The Board members should possess appropriate professionalism, experience and trustworthiness in performing duties and functions. The Board would diversify its members according to the Company's situations and need. While participating in nomination and recommendation of director candidates during the year, each member of the Board may consider a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, or professional experience in achieving diversity for the benefit of the Company's various business development and management. The Board is to review the policy concerning diversity of Board members, and to disclose the policy or a summary of the policy in the corporate governance report, including any quantitative targets and standards and its progress with policy implementation.

During the year of 2014, the Board has reviewed the diversity of the Board and considered the Board composition and diversity policy appropriate.

MANAGEMENT

The daily management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the Chief Executive Officer and senior management (the "Management"). The delegated functions and assignments are periodically reviewed. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to entering into any significant transactions by the above mentioned officers

董事會的組成及成員多元化政策

本公司自2013年8月30日起採納董事會成員 多元化政策。政策列載董事會應按本公司業 務及政策合規的要求,每年定期檢討董事會 的組成及成員多元化政策,以使董事會具備 適當所需技巧、經驗及多樣的觀點與角度。 董事會應確保其組成人員的變動將不會帶來 不適當的干擾。董事會成員應具備所需的專 業、經驗及誠信,以履行其職責及效能。董事 會應視乎本公司情況需要,對成員予以多元 化,董事會各成員參與年內就董事候選人的 提名及推薦時,可透過考慮多項因素達到, 包括(但不限於)性別、年齡、文化及教育背 景或專業經驗,有利於本公司各項業務的發 展及管理。董事會檢討涉及董事會成員多元 化的政策,於企業管治報告內披露其政策或 政策摘要,包括為執行政策的任何可計量目 標及達標的進度。

於2014年期間,董事會已檢討董事會成員的 多元性及認為董事會的組成及成員多元化政 策合適。

管理層

本公司日常管理、行政及經營委派予行政總 裁及高級管理層(「管理層」),所委派職能及 工作任務由董事會定期進行檢討。上述高級 職員於訂立任何重大交易前須獲得董事會批 准。

企業管治報告(續)

The overall responsibilities of the Management include considering and making decisions on the following matters:

管理層就下列事項進行審議並作出決定:

- (i) Implementing the Group's policy and strategies as set by the Board:
- (i) 實行由董事會制定本集團的政策和策略;
- (ii) Strategic planning of different business and functions;
- (ii) 策劃不同的業務及職能;
- (iii) Closely monitoring operational and financial results in accordance with plans and budgets;
- (iii) 按照計劃和預算密切監察營運及財務業績;
- (iv) Putting adequate operational, planning and financial control systems in place; and
- (iv) 建立適當的營運,規劃和財務控制制 度;及

(v) Managing the Group's day to day business.

(v) 本集團的日常業務管理。

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

確立獨立性

In compliance with Rules 5.05(1) and (2) of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has appointed 3 Independent Non-Executive Directors; and at least one of whom has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. Each of the independent non-executive Directors has made an annual confirmation in writing of his independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and the Company considers that all the independent non-executive Directors were independent during the year.

本公司已委任3名獨立非執行董事,其中至少一名具備適當的專業資格或會計或相關的財務管理專長,以遵守創業板上市規則第5.05(1)及(2)條。各獨立非執行董事已根據創業板上市規則第5.09條之規定,以書面確認其年度之獨立性。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

All Independent Non-Executive Directors are identified as such in all corporate communications containing the names of the Directors by the Company.

本公司於所有刊載董事姓名的公司通訊中, 皆説明所有獨立非執行董事身份。

Save as otherwise disclosed herein, there is no family or other material relationship among members of the Board.

除本文另有所披露外,董事會成員之間概無 家屬或其他重大關係。

企業管治報告(續)

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

All Directors, including Independent Non-Executive Directors, should keep abreast of their collective responsibilities as Directors and of the businesses and activities of the Group. The Group also provides briefings and other training to develop and refresh the Directors' knowledge and skills, and updates all Directors on the latest developments regarding the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance and to enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices.

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Directors provided their training record to the Company in respect of their participation in training activities such as attending seminars relevant to their duties and responsibilities as directors of a listed company, particulars of which are as follows:

持續專業發展

所有董事(包括獨立非執行董事)應及時瞭解 作為公司董事的集體職責及本集團的業務及 動向。本集團亦提供簡報及其他培訓以增進 及更新各董事的知識和技能;及提供有關創 業板上市規則及其他適用監管規定之最新訊 息予全體董事,確保董事遵守及提升對良好 企業管治常規之警覺性。

截至2014年12月31日止年度內,董事亦向本 公司提供參與培訓活動之培訓紀錄(例如出席 研討會)有關作為上市公司董事的義務和責任 的資料。詳情如下:

Reading		Attending
materials		the seminar
relevant to	Attending	relevant to
directors'	the seminar	the skill of
duties and	provided by	the Director's
responsibilities	the Company	position
閱讀有關		出席與其董事
董事職務及	出席由公司	職能相關之
職責之資料	提供之講座	技術講座

Executive Directors

執行董事

Mr. Zhang Qing (Chairman) (Note 1) 張慶先生(主席)(附註1)

Mr. Li Kwei Chung (Chief Executive Officer) 李桂聰先生(行政總裁)

Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo (Chief Financial Officer) (Note 2)

宋得榮博士(財務總監)(附註2)

Corporate Governance Report (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

	Reading materials relevant to directors' duties and responsibilities 閱讀有關 董事職務及 職責之資料	Attending the seminar provided by the Company 出席由公司 提供之講座	Attending the seminar relevant to the skill of the Director's position 出席與其董事 職能相關之 技術講座
Mr. Liu Kam Lung (Note 3) 廖金龍先生(附註3)	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Lee Cheung Ming (Note 4) 李長銘先生(附註4)	✓		
Non-executive Directors 非執行董事 Mr. Ye Jian (Note 5) 葉堅先生(附註5)	✓	✓	
Mr. Liu Kam Lung (Note 3) 廖金龍先生(附註3)	✓	✓	✓
Independent Non-executive Directors 獨立非執行董事 Mr. Chan Sun Kwong	✓	✓	✓
陳晨光先生			
Mr. Ko Yin Wai 高賢偉先生	✓	✓	
Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo (Note 2) 宋得榮博士(附註2)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. Chiu Yu Wang (Note 6) 趙汝宏先生(附註6)	✓	✓	

企業管治報告(續)

Notes:

- Mr. Zhang Qing was appointed as an Executive Director and Chairman of the Board of the Company with effect from 1 July 2014.
- Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo was re-designated from an Independent Non-Executive Director to an Executive Director with effect from 7 March 2014.
- Mr. Liu Kam Lung was re-designated from an Executive Director to a Non-Executive Director to with effect from 16 October 2014.
- Mr. Lee Cheung Ming resigned as an Executive Director and Chairman of the Board of the Company with effect from 1 July 2014.
- Mr. Ye Jian was appointed as a Non-Executive Director with effect from 26 August 2014.
- Mr. Chiu Yu Wang was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director with effect from 17 February 2014.

附註:

- 張慶先生獲委任為本公司之執行董事及董事會 主席自2014年7月1日生效。
- 宋得榮博士由獨立非執行董事調任為執行董事 自2014年3月7日生效。
- 廖金龍先生由執行董事調任為非執行董事自 2014年10月16日生效。
- 李長銘先生辭任為本公司之執行董事及董事會 主席自2014年7月1日生效。
- 葉堅先生獲委任為非執行董事自2014年8月26 日生效。
- 趙汝宏先生獲委任為獨立非執行董事自2014年 2月17日生效。

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Up to 1 July 2014, the Chairman of the Board of the Company was Mr. Lee Cheung Ming and since 1 July 2014, Mr. Zhang Qing has become the Chairman of the Board of the Company. The Chief Executive Officer of the Company is Mr. Li Kwei Chung. The roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are separated and not executed by the same individual to prevent power concentration on any one individual. The Chairman is primarily responsible for managing the Board, whereas the Chief Executive Officer is primarily responsible for overseeing the various businesses of the Group. Their respective roles and responsibilities are summarised as follows:

Responsibilities of the Chairman include:

- (i) leading the Board and ensuring that the Board functions effectively and smoothly;
- chairing the Board and shareholder's meetings; (ii)
- approving the agenda for each Board meeting, taking into account, where appropriate, any matters proposed by the other Directors and the Company Secretary for inclusion in the agenda;

主席及行政總裁

直到2014年7月1日,本公司董事會主席為 李長銘先生,自2014年7月1日起,本公司董 事會主席為張慶先生,而本公司之行政總裁 為李桂聰先生。主席與行政總裁的角色有區 分,並非由一人同時兼任,以確保權力不會 集中於一位人士。主席主要負責董事會的經 營管理,而行政總裁之角色則主要負責監管 本集團各項不同業務。其各自的角色及職責 總結如下:

主席的職責包括:

- 領導董事會並確保董事會有效和平穩地 (i) 運作;
- (ii) 主持董事會和股東會議;
- 批准每次董事會會議的議程,並考慮在 (iii) 適當的情況下,將其他董事及公司秘書 提出的事項列入議程;

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- (iv)ensuring that all Directors receive all relevant information prior to each meeting and are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings;
- (iv) 確保每次會議前所有董事收到所有相關 信息,且適當知悉在董事會會議 | 提出 的問題;
- ensuring all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the (v) Board in a timely and constructive manner;
- 確保所有重要及適當事項於董事會適時 (v) 和有建設性地進行討論;
- encouraging all Directors, including the Independent Non-Executive Directors, to actively participate in all Board and Board Committees meetings and promoting a culture of openness for the Directors to share and voice their concerns on all matters during each meeting;
- 鼓勵所有董事(包括獨立非執行董事)積 (vi) 極參與所有董事會及董事會委員會會 議, 並向董事提倡公開文化以分享和表 達彼等在每次會議期間關注的一切事
- (vii) ensuring good corporate governance practices and procedures are established and followed; and
- (vii) 確保良好的企業管治常規及程序得以建 立和遵循;及
- (viii) taking appropriate steps to provide effective communication with shareholders and to ensure that shareholders' view are communicated to the Board as a whole.
- (viii) 採取適當步驟向股東提供有效之溝通並 確保股東的整體意見傳達給董事會。

Responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer include:

行政總裁的職責包括:

- (i) implementing the Group's policy and strategies as set by the Board;
- (i) 實行由董事會制定本集團的政策和策 略;
- strategic planning of different business and functions; (ii)
- 策劃不同的業務及職能; (ii)
- closely monitoring operational and financial results in (iii) accordance with plans and budgets;
- 按照計劃和預算密切監察營運及財務業 (iii) 績;
- assuming full accountability to the Board for all aspects of the Group's operations and performance;
- 向董事會承擔對本集團各方面的業務和 (iv) 表現的全部責任;
- (v) maintaining ongoing dialogue with the Chairman and the other Directors;
- (v) 保持與主席及其他董事經常性對話;
- developing and leading an effective executive team;
- 發展和領導一群有效率的行政團隊; (vi)
- (vii) putting adequate operational, planning and financial control systems in place; and
- (vii) 建立適當的營運,規劃和財務控制制 度;及
- (viii) representing the Company and managing the Group's day to day business.
- (viii) 代表本公司及本集團的日常業務管理。

企業管治報告(續)

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF **DIRECTORS**

All the Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) are appointed for an initial term of one year and subject to retirement by rotation and eligible for re-election in accordance with the Company's articles of association. At each annual general meeting, not less than one third of the Directors then in office shall retire and every Director is subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

All existing Directors are entitled to a fixed remuneration per month or fee per annum respectively. The remuneration of each Director is subject to the annual review of the Board with reference to his contribution in terms of time, effort and his expertise.

Details of remuneration paid to each of the Directors during the year are disclosed in Note 12 (a) to the financial statements.

All Directors are entitled to be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred during the performance of their duties to the Company and are eligible for share options under the share option scheme of the Company.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established the board committees, namely, the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee, all with specific terms of reference clearly defining the powers and responsibilities of the respective board committees. All board committees are required by their terms of reference to report to the Board in relation to their decisions, findings or recommendations.

董事委仟及重選

所有董事(包括獨立非執行董事)的初步任期 為一年,並須根據本公司章程細則輪值退任 及符合資格重選。於各股東週年大會上,不 少於三分一當時在任的董事須退任,而每名 董事須最少每三年輪值退仟一次。

目前所有董事均可各自獲得固定月薪或年 薪。每位董事的薪酬每年須由董事會經參考 其所貢獻的時間、精力及其專業知識進行檢 計。

於年內,董事獲得之個別薪酬詳情,於財務 報表附註12(a)披露。

全體董事均有權因履行本公司職務期間產生 合理的開支而獲得補償及符合資格根據本公 司購股權計劃獲授購股權。

董事會委員會

董事會設立之董事會委員會,即審核委員 會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,均具備各自 特定的職權範圍,清楚列明各委員會之權力 及責任。所有董事會委員會均須按照其職權 範圍規定向董事會匯報其決定、發現及建議。

企業管治報告(續)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established an audit committee ("Audit Committee") with written terms of reference that are in conformity with the requirements of the CG Code which are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Audit Committee is currently composed of the 3 Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chan Sun Kwong, Mr. Chiu Yu Wang and Mr. Ko Yin Wai, and chaired by Mr. Chan Sun Kwong, with all members being Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company in full compliance with Rule 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules.

For the year ended 31 December 2014, 5 audit committee meetings were held and the members' attendance is shown on page 29 to 31 of this report.

The function of the Audit Committee include the following:

(i) Relationship with the Company's auditors

- (a) to be primarily responsible for making recommendation to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of resignation or dismissal;
- (b) to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards. The Audit Committee should discuss with the auditor the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations before the audit commences; and

審核委員會

本公司按照創業板上市規則之規定設立審核 委員會(「審核委員會」),並已制定符合企業 管治守則規定的書面職權範圍並可於聯交所 及本公司之網站查閱。

審核委員會現由3名獨立非執行董事組成,包括陳晨光先生、趙汝宏先生及高賢偉先生,並由陳晨光先生擔任主席,而所有成員均為本公司之獨立非執行董事,充份遵守創業板上市規則第5.28條。

截至於2014年12月31日,舉行了5次審核委員會會議及其與會成員出席紀錄刊登於本年報第29至31頁。

審核委員會的職能包括以下各項:

(i) 與外聘核數師的關係

- (a) 就外聘核數師的委任、重新委任及 罷免向董事會提供建議、批准外聘 核數師的薪酬及聘用條款,及處理 任何有關該核數師辭職或辭退該 核數師的問題;
- (b) 按適用的標準檢討及監察外聘核 數師是否獨立客觀及核數程式是 否有效;審核委員會應於核數工作 開始前先與核數師討論核數性質 及範疇及有關申報責任;及

企業管治報告(續)

- (c) to develop and implement policy on engaging an external auditor to supply non-audit services. For this purpose, "external auditor" includes any entity that is under common control, ownership or management with the audit firm or any entity that a reasonable and informed third party knowing all relevant information would reasonably conclude to be part of the audit firm nationally or internationally. The Audit Committee should report to the Board, identifying and making recommendations on any matters where action or improvement is needed.
- 就外聘審計師提供非審計服務制 (c) 定政策, 並予以執行。就此規定而 言,外聘審計師包括與負責審計的 公司處於同一控制權、所有權或管 理權之下的任何機構,或一個合理 知悉所有有關資料的第三方,在合 理情況下會斷定該機構屬於該負 責審計的公司的本土或國際業務 的一部分的任何機構。審核委員會 應就其認為必須採取的行動或改 善的事項向董事會報告,並建議有 哪些可採取的步驟。

(ii) Review of the Company's financial information

- to monitor the integrity of the Company's financial statements and annual report and accounts, half-year report and/or quarterly reports, and to review significant financial reporting judgments contained in them before submission to the Board, focusing particularly on:
 - any changes in accounting policies and practices; (1)
 - major judgmental areas; (2)
 - significant adjustments resulting from the audit; (3)
 - the going concern assumptions and any qualifications;
 - compliance with accounting standards; and (5)
 - compliance with GEM Listing Rules and legal requirements in relation to financial reporting.

(ii) 監察公司財務資料

- (a) 監察公司的財務報表及年度報告 及賬目、半年度報告及季度報告的 完整性,並審閱報表及報告所載有 關財務申報的重大意見。在這方 面,委員會在向董事會提交有公司 年度報告及賬目、半年度報告及季 度報告前作出審閱有關報表及報 告時,應特別針對下列事項:
 - 會計政策及實務的任何更改;
 - 涉及重要判斷的地方; (2)
 - (3) 因核數而出現的重大調整;
 - 企業持續經營的假設及任何 (4)保留意見;
 - 是否遵守會計準則;及 (5)
 - 是否遵守有關財務申報的《創 業板上市規則》及其他法律規 定。

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Regarding (ii)(a) above,

- (1) the members of the Audit Committee should liaise with the Board and senior management and the Audit Committee must meet, at least twice a year, with the Company's auditors; and
- (2) the Audit Committee should consider any significant or unusual items that are, or may need to be, reflected in the reports and accounts, it should give due consideration to any matters that have been raised by the Company's staff responsible for the accountant, compliance officer or auditors.

(iii) Oversight of the Company's financial reporting system and internal control procedures

- (a) to review the Company's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems;
- (b) to discuss the internal control system with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have an effective internal control system. The discussion should include the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function;
- to consider major investigation findings on internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and management's response to these findings;
- (d) where an internal audit function exists, to ensure coordination between the internal and external auditors, and to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Company, and to review and monitor its effectiveness;

就上述(ii)(a)項而言,

- (1) 審核委員會成員須與董事會 及高層管理人員聯絡。委員 會須至少每年與公司的審計 師開會兩次:及
- (2) 委員會應考慮於該等報告及 賬目中所反映或需反映的任 何重大或不尋常事項,並須 適當考慮任何由公司屬下會 計及財務匯報職員、監察主 任或審計師提出的事項。

(iii) 監察公司財務申報系統及內部監 控程序

- (a) 檢討發行人的財務監控、內部監控 及風險管理制度;
- (b) 與管理層討論內部監控系統,確保管理層已履行職責建立有效的內部監控系統,包括考慮發行人在會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算又是否充足:
- (c) 主動或應董事會的委派,就有關內 部監控事宜的重要調查結果及管 理層的回應進行研究;
- (d) 如公司設有內部審計功能,須確保內部和外聘核數師的工作得到協調;也須確保內部審計功能在發行人內部有足夠資源運作,並且有適當的地位;以及檢討及監察內部核數功能是否有效;

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- (e) to review the group's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- to review the external auditor's management letter, any (f) material gueries raised by the auditor to management about accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response;
- to ensure that the Board will provide a timely response to the issues raised in the external auditor's management letter;
- (h) to report to the Board on any matters above;
- (i) to consider other topics, as requested by the Board;
- to review arrangements employee of the Company can (j) use, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters. The Audit Committee should ensure that proper arrangements are in place for fair and independent investigation of these matters and for appropriate follow up action; and
- to act as the key representative body for overseeing the (k) Company's relationship with the external auditor.

Major accomplishments in 2014 comprised the following:

reviewed the quarterly, half-yearly and annually results of the Group as well as discussed and reviewed financial and other reports for the year;

- 檢討集團的財務及會計政策及實 (e) 務;
- 檢查外聘審計師給予管理層的《審 (f) 核情況説明函件》、審計師就會計 紀錄、財務賬目或監控系統向管理 層提出的任何重大疑問及管理層 作出的回應;
- (q) 確保董事會及時回應於外聘審計 師給予管理層的《審核情況説明函 件》中提出的事宜;
- (h) 就本守則條文所載的事宜向董事 會匯報;
- 研究其他由董事會界定的課題;
- 檢討公司設定的以下安排: 僱員可 (j) 暗中就財務匯報、內部監控或其他 方面可能發生的不正當行為提出 關注。審核委員會應確保有適當安 排,讓公司對此等事宜作出公平獨 立的調查及採取適當行動;及
- (k) 擔任公司與外聘審計師之間的主 要代表,負責監察二者之間的關 係。

於2014年主要達成事項包括以下各項:

檢閱了本集團之季度、半年度及年度業 (a) 績,並對年度內財務報告及其他報告作 出討論及審閱;

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- reviewed the external auditor's significant findings and (b) management's response to the recommendation raised;
- (b) 審閱外聘核數師的主要審核結果,以及 管理層對所提出審核建議的回應;
- reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control system and (c) the adequacy of the accounting and financial reporting function of the Group;
- 檢討本集團內部監控系統的效能以及會 (c) 計與財務匯報功能的充足程度;
- reviewed and approved the external auditor's statutory audit scope for 2014 and the letter of representation to be given by the Board;
- 審閱外聘核數師2014年的法定審核範 (d) 圍,以及由董事會給予的聲明書;
- considered and approved the 2014 external audit fees and engagement letters; and
- 審議及批准2014年度的外聘核數費用及 (e) 聘仟書;及
- monitored the audit and non-audit services rendered to the (f) Group by its external auditor and ensures their engagement in other non-audit services, if any, will not impair their audit independence or objectivity.
- 就外聘核數師對集團提供的核數及非核 (f) 數服務作出監察,及確保當中的非核數 服務(如有)並不會削弱外聘核數師之獨 立性或客觀性。

There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the external auditors for the year ended 31 December 2014.

截至2014年12月31日止為止,董事會並無與 審核委員會對甄選、委任、辭任或罷免外聘 核數師之事宜並沒有意見分歧。

The Audit Committee has reviewed the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 and recommended approval to the Board.

審核委員會已審閱本集團的截止2014年12月 31日止年度經審核財務報表,並推薦董事會 批准。

企業管治報告(續)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established a remuneration committee ("Remuneration Committee") with written terms of reference in accordance with the requirement of the CG Code. In accordance with provisions set out in the CG Code are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Remuneration Committee is currently composed of the 3 Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chan Sun Kwong, Mr. Chiu Yu Wang and Mr. Ko Yin Wai, and chaired by Mr. Chan Sun Kwong.

For the year ended 31 December 2014, 7 remuneration committee meetings were held and the members' attendance is shown on page 29 to 31 of this Report.

The role and function of the Remuneration Committee includes:

- to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- (ii) to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goal and objectives;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management. This should include benefits in kind, person rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment;
- (iv) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive directors;
- to consider salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group;

薪酬委員會

本公司已根據企業管治守則之規定設立薪酬 委員會(「薪酬委員會」),並已根據企業管治 守則之規定制定書面職權範圍。其職權範圍 符合企業管治守則所載之條文並可於聯交所 及本公司之網站查閱。

薪酬委員現由3名獨立非執行董事組成,包括 陳晨光先生、趙汝宏先生及高賢偉先生,並 由陳晨光先生擔任主席。

截至於2014年12月31日,舉行了7次薪酬委 員會會議及其與會成員出席紀錄刊登於本年 報第29至31頁。

薪酬委員會之角色及職能包括:

- 就各董事及高級管理人員的薪酬待遇政 策及結構和建立一個規範及透明的釐 定薪酬政策程序事宜,向董事會提出建
- 透過參照董事會不時通過的公司目標, (ii) 檢討及批准按表現而釐定的薪酬;
- 就各執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬待 (iii) 遇向董事會提出建議。這該包括薪酬待 遇及其他非金錢薪酬相關事宜,包括支 付那些與喪失或終止職務或委任有關的 賠償;
- 向董事會提出非執行董事薪酬建議; (iv)
- 考慮同比公司薪酬、參與時間及責任、 (v) 以及集團內現存僱用條款;

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- (vi) to review and approve compensation payable to executive directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive;
- 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理人員 支付那些與喪失或終止職務或委任有關 的賠償,以確保該等賠償按有關合約條 款釐定;若未能按有關合約條款釐定, 賠償亦須公平合理,不會對公司造成過 重負擔;
- (vii) to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or remove of directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate; and
- (vii) 檢討及批准因董事行為失當而解僱或罷 免有關董事所涉及的賠償安排,以確保 該等安排按有關合約條款釐定;若未能 按有關合約條款釐定,有關賠償亦須合 理適當;及
- (viii) to ensure that no director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration.
- (viii) 確保任何董事或其任何連絡人不得自行 釐訂薪酬。

Major accomplishments in 2014 comprised the following:

於2014年主要達成事項包括以下各項:

- reviewed matters relating to the existing remuneration (i) packages and emoluments of Directors and senior management; and
- (i) 審閱董事及高級管理人員現行薪酬待遇 和酬金的相關事宜;及
- considered and reviewed the Group's remuneration policy with reference to time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors and the senior management, desirability of performance-based remuneration.
- 根據董事及高級管理人員須付出的時間 及職責、是否應該按表現釐訂薪酬,考 慮及檢討本集團之薪酬政策。

企業管治報告(續)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established a nomination committee ("Nomination Committee") with written terms of reference. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are in conformity with the requirements of the CG Code and are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Nomination Committee is currently composed of the 3 Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chan Sun Kwong, Mr. Chiu Yu Wang and Mr. Ko Yin Wai, and chaired by Mr. Chan Sun Kwong.

For the year ended 31 December 2014, 8 Nomination Committee meetings were held and the members' attendance is shown on page 29 to 31 of this Report.

The role and function of the Nomination Committee includes:

- to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- (ii) to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of, individuals nominated for directorships;
- (iii) to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors in particular the Chairman and the chief executive of the Company; and

提名委員會

本公司設立提名委員會(「提名委員會」), 並 已制定書面職權範圍,由上市日期起生效。 其職權範圍符合企業管治守則所載之條文並 可於聯交所及本公司之網站查閱。

提名委員會現由3名獨立非執行董事組成,包 括陳晨光先生、趙汝宏先生及高賢偉先生, 並由陳晨光先生擔任主席。

截至於2014年12月31日,舉行了8次提名委 員會會議及其與會成員出席紀錄刊登於本年 報第29至31頁。

提名委員會之角色及職能包括:

- 檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成(包括 技能、知識及經驗方面),並就任何擬作 出的變動應每年最少1次向董事會提出 建議,以配合公司企業策略;
- 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事的人士, (ii) 向董事會提出有關委任或重選執行及非 執行董事的建議;
- (iii) 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其 是主席及行政總裁)繼任計劃的有關事 官向董事會提出建議;及

企業管治報告(續)

- (v) where the Board proposes a resolution to elect an individual as an independent non-executive director at the general meeting, it should set out in the circular to shareholders and/ or explanatory statement accompanying the notice of the relevant general meeting why the Nomination Committee believes he should be elected and the reasons why the Nomination Committee considers him to be independent.
- (v) 當董事會決議提呈召開股東大會委任個 人為獨立非執行董事時,應就提名委員 會相信為何他/她獲得委任及考慮其獨 立性事宜,需在股東通函及/或於召開 有關股東大會的通知附註上説明。

Major accomplishments in 2014 comprised the following:

- 於2014年主要達成事項包括以下各項:
- recommended to the Board with respect to the retirement and re-election of Directors at the last annual general meeting held on 30 April 2014;
- (i) 向董事會提出於2014年4月30日舉行之 上屆股東週年大會上有關退任及重選董 事的建議;
- (ii) recommended to the Board the appointment of Mr. Zhang Qing as an Executive Director and the Chairman of the Board of the Company;
- (ii) 向董事會提出委任張慶先生為本公司執 行董事及董事會主席的事宜;
- (iii) recommended to the Board the appointment of Mr. Ye Jian as a Non-Executive Director;
- (iii) 向董事會提出委任葉堅先生為本公司非 執行董事的事宜:
- (iv) recommended to the Board the appointment of Mr. Chiu Yu Wang as an Independent Non-Executive Director;
- (iv) 向董事會提出委任趙汝宏先生為本公司 獨立非執行董事的事宜;
- (v) recommended to the Board the re-designation of Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo from an Independent Non-Executive Director to an Executive Director; and
- (v) 向董事會提出調任宋得榮博士由獨立非 執行董事為執行董事的事宜:及
- (vi) recommended to the Board the re-designation of Mr. Liu Kam Lung from an Executive Director to a Non-Executive Director.
- (vi) 向董事會提出調任廖金龍先生由執行董 事為非執行董事的事宜。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

企業管治職能

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties set out in the code provision D.3.1 of the CG Code.

本公司已根據企業管治守則之規定,董事會 負責執行企業管治守則之守則條文D.3.1職權 範圍所載之企業管治職責。

The Board held 2 meetings for the purpose of reviewing the compliance of corporate governance policies for the year ended 31 December 2014.

截至2014年12月31日止年度內,董事會就審 閱企業管治政策之遵守情況舉行2次會議。

Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告(續)

The duties of the Board include:

to develop and review the Group's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;

- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (iii) to review and monitor the Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (iv) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors; and
- to review the Group's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the CG Report.

Major accomplishments in 2014 comprised the following:

- evaluated the Group's policies and practices on corporate governance and made appropriate amendments;
- arranged the training and continuous professional (ii) development of Directors and senior management; and
- (iii) reviewed the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

董事會所履行之工作概要包括:

- 制定及檢討本集團的企業管治政策及常 規,並向董事會提出建議;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培訓 及持續專業發展;
- 檢討及監察本集團在遵守法律及監管規 (iii) 定方面的政策及常規;
- 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事的操守準 (iv) 則及合規手冊;及
- 檢討本集團遵守企業管治守則的情況及 (v) 在企業管治報告內的披露。

於2014年主要達成事項包括以下各項:

- 評估本集團的企業管治政策及常規,並 作出合適修訂;
- 安排董事及高級管理人員的培訓及持續 (ii) 專業發展;及
- (iii) 審閱本公司遵守企業管治守則及企業管 治報告內之披露。

企業管治報告(續)

AUDITOR

Auditor's Remuneration

The fees in respect of audit and non-audit services provided by the external auditor to the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 amounted to approximately HK\$380,000 and HK\$200,000 respectively. The non-audit service represented service fees for the annual review of internal control and other non-audit services.

The accounts for the year 2014 were audited by JH CPA Alliance Limited whose term of office will expire upon the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. The Audit Committee has recommended to the Board that JH CPA Alliance Limited be reappointed as the auditors of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparation of the Group's financial statements to give a true and fair view. The responsibilities of auditors in respect of the financial statements are set out in the report of the auditors forming part of this Report.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to establish, maintain and review the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal controls with a view to ensuring that shareholders' investments and the Group's assets are safeguarded. This responsibility is primarily fulfilled on its behalf by the Audit Committee. In the year under review, JH CPA Alliance Limited as independent consultant, has reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Group, covering material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions.

核數師

核數師酬金

截至2014年12月31日止年度內,外聘核數師對本集團提供之核數及非核數服務之費用分別約為380,000港元及200,000港元。非核數服務乃指內部監控系統的年度審閱服務費用及其他非審計服務。

2014年度之賬目由晉華會計師事務所有限公司審核,其任期將於即將舉行之本公司股東週年大會上屆滿。審核委員會已向董事會建議,於本公司即將舉行之股東週年大會上再次委任晉華會計師事務所有限公司所為本公司之核數師。

董事承擔財務報表之責任

董事明白彼等有責任編製本集團之財務報表。於編製財務報表時,已採納香港普遍採納之會計原則,並已使用及貫徹應用適當之會計政策,以及作出合理審慎之判斷及估算。

內部監控

董事會確認其負責設立、維護及檢討本集團內部監控系統之有效程度,以確保股東之資產得到保障。此責任主要由審核委員會履行。於回顧年度,獨立顧問一華會計師事務所有限公司已檢討本集團內部監控制度的效用,當中涵蓋重大監控方面(包括財務、運作及合規監控以及風險管理功能)。

企業管治報告(續)

Based on the review, the Audit Committee is of the view that the Group's internal control system was effective and in compliance with the requirements of the CG Code C.2.1 for the year ended 31 December 2014.

根據審閱結果,審計委員會認為,本集團內 部控制行之有效及於截止2014年12月31日止 年度內符合企業管治守則C.2.1的要求。

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company improves its business and operational activities by identifying the areas of significant business risks via a regular review and taking appropriate measures to control and mitigate these risks. The management of the Company reviews all significant control policies and procedures and highlights all significant matters to the Board and Audit Committee.

風險管理

本公司透過定期檢討以確定重大業務風險 領域,以及採取適當措施控制和減低該等風 險,從而改進其業務與營運活動。本公司管 理層審閱所有重要監控政策及程序,並向董 事會及審核委員會特別提出所有重大事件。

COMPANY SECRETARY

As at 31 December 2014, the Joint Company Secretaries were Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo and Ms. Chan Lok Yin.

Details of backgrounds and qualification of the Joint Company Secretaries of the Company are set out in the "Profiles of Directors and Senior Management" of this report.

A written record had been received by the Company from Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo and Ms. Chan Lok Yin to confirm that each of them took not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 December 2014. The Company is of the view that Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo and Ms. Chan Lok Yin have complied with Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

公司秘書

於2014年12月31日,聯席公司秘書為宋得榮 博士及陳樂燕女士。

本公司之聯席公司秘書的履歷詳情載於本年 報「董事及高級管理人員的履歷|一節。

本公司已收到宋得榮博士及陳樂燕女士發出 之文書,彼等確認截至2014年12月31日止年 度內已參與不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。 本公司認為宋得榮博士及陳樂燕女士均符合 創業板上市規則第5.15條之規定。

企業管治報告(續)

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS TO CONVENE EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

In order to safeguard shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolutions are proposed at shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual directors, for shareholders' consideration and voting.

The following procedures for shareholders of the Company to convene an extraordinary general meeting are subject to the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles"), and the applicable legislation and regulation, in particular the GEM Listing Rules:

- (i) any one or more shareholders of the Company holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company (the "Eligible Shareholder(s)") carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary"), to require an extraordinary general meeting (the "EGM") to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition pursuant to Article 58 of the Articles; and
- (ii) if within 21 days of the deposit of the requisition, the Board fails to proceed to convene such EGM, the Eligible Shareholder(s) himself/herself/themselves may do so, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned by the Company.

召開特別股東大會之股東權利

為保障股東權益及權利,本公司就各重大事項(包括選舉個別董事)於股東大會提呈獨立 決議案,以供股東考慮及投票。

本公司股東召開股東特別大會之程序乃受下 列本公司章程細則(「章程細則」)、適用法例 及法規,特別是創業板上市規則所規限:

- (i) 根據章程細則第58條,於遞呈要求日期 持有不少於本公司繳足股本(賦予權利 於本公司股東大會上投票)十分之一的 任何一名或多名本公司股東(「合資格股 東」)隨時有權向董事會或本公司之公司 秘書(「公司秘書」)發出書面要求,要求 董事會召開股東特別大會(「股東特別大 會」),以處理有關要求中指明的任何事 項;及
- (ii) 倘董事會未能在要求書遞交後21天內召開股東特別大會,則合資格股東可自行召開股東特別大會,而因董事會未能召開該大會令有關合資格股東產生的所有合理費用,本公司須向有關合資格股東進行償付。

企業管治報告(續)

PROCEDURES FOR SENDING ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

Apart from sending email to info@megalogic.com.hk, shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by addressing them to the headquarter and principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong at Suite 2101, 21/F., Chinachem Century Tower, 178 Gloucester Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong, by post or by fax to (852) 2539 0323, for the attention of the Company Secretary.

PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO PUT FORWARD PROPOSALS AT SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

There are no provisions allowing Shareholders to move new resolutions at the general meetings under the Companies Law (Revised) of Cayman Islands. However, pursuant to the Articles, Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may by means of requisition convene an EGM following the procedures set out above.

INVESTOR RELATIONSHIP

During the year ended 31 December 2014, there was no significant change in the Company's memorandum and articles of association.

向董事會查詢的程序

股東可向本公司董事會寄發其查詢及關注事宜,除了電郵至info@megalogic.com.hk外,可以郵寄方式將上述事項寄往本公司於香港的總辦事處及主要營業地點為香港灣仔告士打道178號華懋世紀廣場21樓2101室或傳真至(852)25390323,收件人為公司秘書。

股東於股東大會提呈建議的程序

根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂),概無條文批 准股東於股東大會動議新決議案。然而,根 據章程細則,有意動議決議案的股東可於依 循上述程序後按提交要求書面方式召開股東 特別大會。

投資者關係

於截至2014年12月31日止年度內,本公司的 章程大綱及細則並無重大變更。

Profiles of Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理人員的履歷

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Qing, aged 46, is an executive director and Chairman of the Board of the Company with effect from 1 July 2014. He has been appointed as an investor relations officer of the Company since 18 March 2014. Mr. Zhang is also a director of the certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Zhang obtained a bachelor's degree in economics from Guangzhou Institute of Foreign Trade* (廣 州對外貿易學院) (currently known as Guangdong University of Foreign Studies (廣東外語外貿大學)) in the People's Republic of China in July 1991 and further obtained a master's degree in business administration from San Diego State University in the United States in December 1998. From July 1991 to July 1996, he worked as the foreign sales staff of China National Light Industrial Products Import & Export Corporation*. From February 2000 to November 2003, Mr. Zhang worked as the manager of investment department of Sichuan Harmony Enterprises (Group) Limited*. From July 2006 to February 2013, he worked as the investment manager of Canada Shenghe Investment Inc. Besides, Mr. Zhang acted as the director of Sichuan Harmony Enterprises (Group) Limited* during the period from 8 March 2011 to 12 September 2013.

The English translation of names or any descriptions in Chinese which are marked with "*" is for identification purpose only.

Mr. Li Kwei Chung, aged 45, is one of the founders of the Group, chief executive officer and compliance officer of the Company. He was appointed as an Executive Director on 15 June 2011. Mr. Li has been a director of major subsidiary of the Company, MiniLogic Device Corporation Limited, since September 2004 and is also a director of two of the Company's subsidiaries. He is responsible for daily operations, research and development activities, procurement and quality control of the Group. Mr. Li obtained a bachelor's degree of Engineering and master's degree of Science in Engineering from the University of Hong Kong in 1992 and 1998 respectively. He has over 20 years of experience in the semiconductor field. Mr. Li was appointed as a member of the Information and Communication Technology R&D Centre Technology Review Panel of ASTRI for the years of 2011 to 2014. His responsibilities includes advising ASTRI on improving the quality of ASTRI's R&D projects in terms of technical merit as well as the commercialisation prospects and technology transfer potential of the projects and assisting in evaluating the effectiveness of funded projects in terms of assisting Hong Kong and Pearl River Delta based companies' to upgrade their technological competitiveness.

董事

執行董事

張慶先生,46歲,自2014年7月1日起為本 公司之執行董事及董事會主席。他於二零一 四年三月十八日獲委任為本公司之投資者關 係主任。張先生亦擔任本公司屬下某些附屬 公司的董事。張先生於一九九一年七月獲中 華人民共和國廣州對外貿易學院(現稱為廣東 外語外貿大學)經濟學學士學位,並於一九九 八年十二月獲美國聖地亞哥州立大學*授予 工商管理碩士學位。由一九九一年七月至一 九九六年七月,他擔任中國輕工業品進出口 總公司的外銷員。由二零零零年二月至二零 零三年十一月,張先生擔任四川怡和企業(集 團)有限責任公司的投資部經理。由二零零 六年七月至二零一三年二月,他擔任Canada Shenghe Investment Inc. 的投資經理。此外,張 先生於二零一一年三月八日至二零一三年九 月十二日期間出任四川怡和企業(集團)有限 責任公司的董事。

標有「*」的英文翻譯名稱或任何中文描述乃僅供識別。

李桂聰先生,45歲,為本集團創辦人之一,亦 是本公司的行政總裁兼合規主任。他於2011 年6月15日獲委任為執行董事。李先生自 2004年9月起為本公司一間附屬公司微創高 科有限公司的董事,亦為本公司的其他兩間 附屬公司的董事。他負責本集團日常運作、 研發活動、採購及質量監控。李先生於1992 年及1998年獲香港大學分別頒授工程學學士 學位及工程科學碩士學位。他於半導體行業 積逾20年經驗。李先生獲委任為香港應科院 資訊及通訊技術研發中心技術評審委員會於 2011至2014年度的成員。他負責向香港應科 院提出意見,以改善香港應科院的研發項目 於技術水平及商業化發展方面的質素及該等 項目的技術轉讓潛力,以及協助評估受資助 項目是否有效幫助以香港及珠江三角洲為基 地的公司提升其於技術上的競爭力。

Profiles of Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事及高級管理人員的履歷(續)

Dr. Sung Tak Wing, Leo, aged 54, is currently an executive director, chief financial officer, joint company secretary and authorized representative of the Company. Dr. Sung was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 23 December 2011, re-designated as an executive director of the Company with effect from 7 March 2014 and appointed as a joint company secretary of the Company with effect from 24 December 2014. Dr. Sung is also a director of all of the Company's subsidiaries. Dr. Sung is responsible for accounting and finance management, and business development as well as company secretarial matters of the Group. He obtained a bachelor's degree of Commerce in Management and Marketing from Curtin University of Technology in Australia in 2002 and also obtained a master's degree of Accountancy from Lingnan University in 2012. Dr. Sung has been awarded the distinction of an honorary doctor in Business Administration from American Purlinton University on 12 January 2013. He is currently a member of Institute of Public Accountants, Australia. From September 2004 to February 2014, Dr. Sung served as the managing director and a responsible officer of King's HT Securities Limited, a licensed corporation under the SFO, and accumulated working in the securities industry for about 12 years. Before entering into securities industry, he worked for several solicitors' firms in Hong Kong for about 17 years.

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Ye Jian, aged 47, is a businessman engaging in pawn business and experienced in market analysis and risk assessment on pawn transactions, and an investor experienced in market analysis and risk assessment on business and securities investments for more than 13 years. As at 31 December 2014, Mr. Ye is the sole owner of Metro Classic Limited, a company which is beneficially interested in 21,800,000 ordinary shares of the Company, representing approximately 7.57% of the issued share capital of the Company.

宋得榮博士,54歲,現為本公司之執行董事、 財務總監、聯席公司秘書及授權代表。他於 2011年12月23日獲委任為本公司之獨立非執 行董事及調任為本公司之執行董事並於2014 年3月7日生效。宋先生亦為本公司之所有附 屬公司的董事。宋先生是負責會計核算和財 務管理,業務發展,以及本集團之公司秘書 事宜。他於2002年獲得澳洲科庭科技大學頒 授商業管理及市場學學士學位,及亦於2012 年獲嶺南大學頒授會計學碩士學位。於2013 年1月12日,宋博士獲得美國普林頓大學授予 工商管理榮譽博士殊銜。他現為澳洲公共會 計師協會會員。由2004年9月至2014年2月, 宋博士出任皇冠亨達國際證券有限公司(證券 及期貨條例下的持牌法團)的董事總經理及負 責人員,及累計於證券行業工作約有12年。 於加入證券行業前,他曾於香港多家律師事 務所工作約17年。

非執行董事

葉堅先生,47歲,為一名從事典當業務並對 典當交易的市場分析和風險評估具經驗的 商人,並為一名對商業及證券投資的市場分 析和風險評估具超過13年經驗的投資者。 於2014年12月31日, 葉先生為Metro Classic Limited的唯一擁有人,該公司實益擁有本公 司21,800,000股股份中權益,相當於本公司已 發行股本總數約7.57%權益。

Profiles of Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事及高級管理人員的履歷(續)

Mr. Liu Kam Lung, aged 51, has been a Non-executive Director since 16 October 2014. Mr. Liu obtained a Diploma of Business Administration from Hong Kong Shue Yan College (now known as Hong Kong Shue Yan University) in 1990. Mr. Liu was admitted as an associate of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators of the United Kingdom, an associate of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries, an associate of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, a full member of the Society of Registered Financial Planners and an associate of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong in 1993, 1994, 1995, 1999, 2009 and 2010 respectively.

廖金龍先生,51歲,自二零一四年十月十六 日起為一名非執行董事。廖先生於一九九零 年獲香港樹仁學院(現稱為香港樹仁大學)頒 授工商管理文憑。廖先生於一九九三年、一 九九四年、一九九五年、一九九九年、二零 九年及二零一零年分別獲認可為英國特許公 書及行政人員公會會員、香港特許秘書 會員、香港會計師公會會員、特許公認會 計 節公會資深會員、註冊財務策劃師協會正式 會員及香港稅務學會會員。

Mr. Liu has over 24 years of experience in the financial industry. Mr. Liu is currently the chief executive officer of China Rise Finance Group Company Limited, being a subsidiary of Symphony Holdings Limited (HK stock code: 1223), the independent non-executive director of Pak Tak International Limited (HK stock code: 2668) and the independent non-executive director of Enterprise Development Holdings Limited (HK stock code: 1808). Mr. Liu had been a non-executive director of Kith Holdings Limited (HK stock code: 1201) for the period from October 2010 to June 2013, and an executive director, finance director, company secretary and authorized representative of the Company for the period from March 2011 to October 2014.

廖先生於金融業積逾24年經驗。廖先生現為新澧集團有限公司(香港股份代號:1223)附屬公司之一華晉金融集團有限公司的首席執行官、百德國際有限公司(香港股份代號:2668)的獨立非執行董事及企展控股有限公司(香港股份代號:1808)的獨立非執行董事。廖先生由二零一零年十月至二零一三年六月期間,出任僑威集團有限公司(香港股份代號:1201)的非執行董事。廖先生亦於二字一一年三月至二零一四年十月期間出任本權代表。

Profiles of Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事及高級管理人員的履歷(續)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chan Sun Kwong, aged 48, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 23 December 2011. He is the company secretary of Sam Woo Construction Group Limited (Stock Code: 3822) and independent non-executive director of Pak Tak International Limited (Stock Code: 2668). Mr. Chan obtained a Diploma of Business Administration from Hong Kong Shue Yan College (now known as Hong Kong Shue Yan University) in 1990. He is currently a fellow of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators in the United Kingdom. Mr. Chan has more than 20 years of auditing, accounting and company secretarial experience. He is currently the chairman of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

Mr. Chiu Yu Wang, aged 55, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 17 February 2014. He obtained a certificate in Business Studies (Banking) from Lee Wai Lee Technical Institute of the Vocational Training Council Hong Kong in August 1983. He has over more than 20 years of marketing experience in banking industry. Since May 2010, Mr. Chiu has become a shareholder and a director of Sparkle Well Environmental Lighting Company Limited, which is principally engaged in trading of environmental lighting products. He is currently a member of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

獨立非執行董事

陳晨光先生,48歲,於2011年12月23日獲委 任為獨立非執行董事。彼為三和建築集團(股 份代號:3822)的公司秘書及百德國際有限公 司(股份代號:2668)的獨立非執行董事。陳 先生於1990年獲香港樹仁學院(現稱為香港 樹仁大學)頒授工商管理文憑。彼現為英國特 許公認會計師公會、香港會計師公會、香港 特許秘書公會及英國特許秘書及行政人員公 會的資深會員。陳先生擁有逾20年審計、會 計及公司秘書經驗。他現為審核委員會、薪 酬委員會及提名委員會的主席。

趙汝宏先生,55歲,於2014年2月17日獲委任 為獨立非執行董事。他於一九八三年八月取 得香港職業訓練局李惠利工業學院商業學(銀 行)證書。他擁有超過20年在銀行業的業務經 驗。自二零一零年五月起,趙先生成為耀佳 環保照明有限公司的股東及董事,該公司主 要從事環保照明產品的貿易業務。他現為審 核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會的成員。

Profiles of Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事及高級管理人員的履歷(續)

Mr. Ko Yin Wai, aged 52, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 23 December 2011. He currently is an enterprise consultant for Dongguan Changping Qiaohui Lipeng Plastic & Hardware Manufacturing Company (東莞常平橋滙勵鵬塑 膠五金製品廠) and a marketing strategic consultant for Shenzhen Lanshuo Communication Equipment Company Limited (深圳市藍碩 通訊設備有限公司). Mr. Ko has been working in the electronic consumer products industry for about 18 years. He is currently a member of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

高賢偉先生,52歲,於2011年12月23日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。他現任東莞常平橋 滙勵鵬塑膠五金製品廠的企業顧問,及出任 深圳市藍碩通訊設備有限公司的營銷策略顧 問。高先生於電子消費產品行業工作約有18 年。他現為審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名 委員會的成員。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Lam Nim Yin, aged 55, joined one subsidiary of the Company, MiniLogic Device Corporation Limited, in March 2007 and is currently the marketing director. He has been a director of MiniLogic Device Corporation Limited since June 2013. He is responsible for sales and marketing activities, logistic and warehouse control. Mr. Lam has been working in semiconductor industry for about 27 years. During the period from 1993 to 2009, he served as a director of a company engaging in trading of electronics such as IC.

Mr. Liu Loi Ying, aged 37, joined one subsidiary of the Company, MiniLogic Device Corporation Limited, in July 2003 and is currently the engineering director and team leader in the R&D Department. He is responsible for leading a team of engineers in R&D operations, and supporting sales and marketing activities. Mr. Liu was an executive director of the Company during the period from 15 June 2011 to 30 April 2013. He obtained a bachelor's degree of Engineering in Computer Science and Computer Engineering and a master's degree of Science in IC Design Engineering from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in 2001 and 2005 respectively. He has been working in the semiconductor field for about 13 years.

高級管理人員

林念賢先生,55歲,於2007年3月加入為本公司一間附屬公司微創高科有限公司及現為營銷總監。他自2013年6月起為微創高科有限公司的董事。他負責銷售及營銷活動、物流及倉庫管理。林先生於半導體行業工作約27年。於1993年至2009年期間,他出任一間公司之董事,該公司從事電子產品(如集成電路)貿易。

廖來英先生,37歲,於2003年7月加入本公司一間附屬公司微創高科有限公司工作,現為工程總監及研發部內的團隊領導。他負責帶領一支工程師團隊進行研發工作,以及支援銷售及營銷活動。廖先生於2011年6月15日至2013年4月30日期間曾任本公司執行董事。他於2001年及2005年獲香港科技大學分別頒授計算機科學及計算機工程學士學位及集成電路設計工程碩士學位。他於半導體行業工作約13年。

Profiles of Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事及高級管理人員的履歷(續)

Ms. Chan Lok Yin, aged 30, was appointed as Assistant to Finance Director and Company Secretary of the Company from 1 April 2012 to 31 March 2014 and is responsible for accounting and financial management, and company secretarial matters of the Group. Since 1 April 2014, she is the Joint Company Secretary, and authorized representative of the Company. Ms. Chan is an associate of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. She obtained a bachelor's degree of accounting from Edinburgh Napier University in United Kingdom in 2008. Before joining the Company, she worked in audit firms in Hong Kong for more than 3 years, with last position being an accountant.

陳樂燕女士,30歲,自2012年4月1日起至 2014年3月31日獲委任為本公司財務總監兼 公司秘書的助理及負責本集團會計及財務管 理和公司秘書事務。自2014年4月1日起,她 為本公司的聯席公司秘書及授權代表。陳小 姐為香港會計師公會會員。她於2008年獲英 國愛丁堡龍比亞大學頒授會計學學士學位。 加入本公司之前,她任職於香港的核數師樓 超過3年,彼離職時的職位為會計師。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo and Ms. Chan Lok Yin are the Joint Company Secretaries of the Company. For details of their profile, please refer to the paragraph headed "Executive Directors and Senior Management" under these section.

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Li Kwei Chung is the compliance officer of the Company. For details of his profile, please refer to the paragraph headed "Executive Directors" under this section.

公司秘書

宋得榮博士及陳樂燕女士為本公司的聯席公 司秘書。有關他們的履歷詳情,請參閱本節 [執行董事及高級管理人員]一段。

監察主任

李桂聰先生為本公司的監察主任。有關他的 履歷詳情,請參閱本節「執行董事」一段。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

The directors ("Directors") of Megalogic Technology Holdings Limited (the "Company") submit herewith their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2014.

宏創高科集團有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」)呈報本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至2014年12月31日止年度的年報及經審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND GEOGRAPHICAL ANALYSIS OF OPERATION

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities and other particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 17(a) to the consolidated financial statements. The Group acquired Easy Loan Financial Limited, which operates a money lending business in Hong Kong during the year. There were no other significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

The analysis of geographical locations of the company and its subsidiaries for the year are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATION

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 and the state of the Company's and the Group's affairs as at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 77 to 83.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2014.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

Details of the segment information of the Group for the ended 31 December 2014 are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

主要業務及業務的地域分析

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。本公司的附屬公司的主要業務及其他詳情載於綜合財務報表附註17(a)。於年度內,本集團收購易按財務有限公司,它從事香港放債業務。本集團的主要業務性質並無其他重大改變。

於本年度,本公司及其附屬公司的地域分析 資料載於綜合財務報表附註9內。

業績及分派

本集團截至2014年12月31日止年度的業績以及本公司及本集團於該日的財務狀況載於第77至83頁的綜合財務報表。

董事不建議派發本年度截至2014年12月31日 止之任何股息。

分部資料

本集團於截至2014年12月31日止之分部資料 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註9。

董事會報告(續)

RESERVES

Details of the movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the "Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity" and note 28(b)(ii) to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

儲備

有關本集團及本公司儲備於年內的變動詳情 分別載於綜合財務報表之綜合權益變動表及 附註28(b)(ii)。

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EOUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

物業、廠房及設備

有關本集團及本公司物業、廠房及設備於年 內的變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16。

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 28(a) to the consolidated financial statements. 48,000,000 ordinary shares were issued during the year ended 31 December 2014 upon placing under general mandate.

股本

有關本公司股本於年內的變動詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註28(a)。於截至2014年12月31日 止年度內,根據一般性授權於配股時發行了 48,000,000股普通股股份。

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

The Company's reserve available for distribution as at 31 December 2014 was approximately HK\$32,153,000.

本公司可供分派儲備

本公司於2014年12月31日可供分派的儲備金 額為約32.153.000港元。

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association, or the laws of Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則或開曼群島法例並無載 有優先購買權條文規定本公司須按比例向現 有股東發售新股。

FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last 5 financial years is set out on page 180 of the annual report.

五年財務概要

本集團最近5個財政年度之業績及資產與負 債概要載於本年報第180頁。

董事會報告(續)

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2014.

Details of the Share Option Scheme of the Company adopted on 16 May 2012 are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

有關本公司於2012年5月16日所採納的購股權計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表附註32。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證

本公司或其任何附屬公司於截至2014年12月

31日止年度概無購買、出售或贖回任何本公

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Mr. Zhang Qing (Chairman)
(appointed with effect from 1 July 2014))
Mr. Li Kwei Chung (Chief Executive Officer)
Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo (Chief Financial Officer)
(re-designated with effect from 7 March 2014)

Mr. Liu Kam Lung

as an Executive Director)

(re-designated with effect from 16 October 2014 as Non-Executive Director)

Mr. Lee Cheung Ming (resigned on 1 July 2014)

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Ye Jian (appointed with effect from 26 August 2014)
Mr. Liu Kam Lung
(re-designated with effect from 16 October 2014
as a Non-Executive Director)

董事

司上市證券。

購股權計劃

於年內及截至本報告日期為止,本公司的董 事如下:

執行董事

張慶先生(主席)
(自2014年7月1日起委任生效)
李桂聰先生(行政總裁)
宋得榮博士(財務總監)
(自2014年3月7日起生效調任
執行董事)
廖金龍先生
(自2014年10月16日起生效調任為
非執行董事)
李長銘先生(自2014年7月1日起辭任生效)

非執行董事

葉堅先生(自2014年8月26日起委任生效) 廖金龍先生 (自2014年10月16日起生效調任為 非執行董事)

董事會報告(續)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Sun Kwong

Mr. Chiu Yu Wang (appointed with effect from 17 February 2014 as an Independent Non-executive Director)

Mr. Ko Yin Wai

Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo (re-designated with effect from 7 March 2014 as an Executive Director)

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS IN THE FORTHCOMING ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

In accordance with the Article 83(3) of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Zhang Qing, who was appointed as an Executive Director with effect from 1 July 2014, and Mr. Ye Jian, who was appointed as an Non- Executive Director with effect from 26 August 2014, shall hold office until the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election. Mr. Zhang Qing and Mr. Ye Jian have agreed to offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. Pursuant to the Article 84 of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Liu Kam Lung, Mr. Li Kwei Chung and Mr. Chan Sun Kwong shall retire from office as Directors by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting. Save for Mr. Li Kwei Chung and Mr. Chan Sung Kwong who have indicated not to seek for reelection at the forthcoming annual general meeting, Mr. Liu Kam Lung, being eligible, have agreed to offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

DIRECTORS' SERVICES CONTRACTS

Each of the independent non-executive Directors and non-executive Directors is appointed for an initial term of one year commencing from their respective dates of appointment and shall continue thereafter from year to year until terminated by one month's notice in writing served by either party on the other party.

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

獨立非執行董事

陳晨光先生

趙汝宏先生(自2014年2月17日起生效為 獨立非執行董事)

高賢偉先生

宋得榮博士

(自2014年3月7日起生效調任為 執行董事)

於應屆股東週年大會上的董事輪任

根據本公司組織章程細則第83(3)條之規定,張慶先生(其於2014年7月1日生效獲委任為執行董事)及葉堅先生(其於2014年8月26日生效獲委任為非執行董事)任期將直至本公司應屆股東週年大會及符合資格膺選連任。。 慶先生及葉堅先生已同意於應屆股東週東是年。 會上膺選連任。根據本公司組織章程細則則 會上膺選連任。根據本公司組織章程細則則 會上應國股東週年大會上輪值則則 是光先生將於應屆股東週年大會上輪值明 展光先生將於應屆股東週年大會上輪值明於 應屆股東週年大會上不膺選連任。廖金龍先 生符合資格且同意應屆股東週年大會上膺選 連任。

董事服務合約

各獨立非執行董事及非執行董事已獲委任, 初始任期由各自的委任日期起計為期一年, 並將於其後每年繼續生效,直至其中一方給 予對方一個月的書面通知而終止。

擬於即將舉行之股東週年大會上膺選連任之 董事概無訂立任何不得於一年內在無需支付 任何賠償(法定賠償除外)之情況下由本集團 終止之服務合約。

董事會報告(續)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

No contracts of significance to which the Company, its controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

董事於合約的權益

於年終或年內任何時間,本公司、其控股股 東、或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司概無 作為一方參與訂立本公司董事於其中直接或 間接擁有重大權益的重大合約。

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Profiles of the Directors and senior management of the Group are set out on pages 53 to 58 of this report.

董事及高級管理層的履歷

本集團董事及高級管理層的履歷資料載於本報告第53至58頁。

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the Directors of the Company are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

酬金政策

本集團僱員的酬金政策由薪酬委員會按其表現、資歷及能力而訂立。

本公司董事的酬金由薪酬委員會經考慮本公司的經營業績、個人表現及可比較市場統計 數據而釐定。

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and five individuals with highest emoluments are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

董事及5名最高酬金人士的薪酬

有關董事及5名最高酬金人士的薪酬詳情載 於綜合財務報表附註12。

RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

Details of the retirement benefit scheme of the Group are set out in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

退休福利計劃

有關本集團的退休福利計劃詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註26。

董事會報告(續)

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES. UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED **CORPORATION**

董事及最高行政人員於本公司或 任何相聯法團股份、相關股份及 債券的權益及淡倉

As at 31 December 2014, the interests and short position of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")), as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the required standard of dealings by directors of listed issuers as referred to in Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules were as follows:

於2014年12月31日,按本公司根據證券及期 貨條例第352條存置的登記冊所記錄,或按本 公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) 根據創業板上市規則第5.46條的作為上市發 行人所需求的董事交易準則所獲通知,董事 及最高行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義 見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV 部)的股份、相關股份及債券的權益及淡倉如 下:

Long positions

Ordinary shares of the Company

好倉

本公司的普通股

Name of Director	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Total number of issued ordinary Shares held 所持已發行	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行股本
董事名稱	身份/權益性質	普通股總數目	的百分比
Ma Wa Ban	laterate for any last arrange (Alata 4)	24 000 000	7.570/
Mr. Ye Jian	Interest of a controlled company (Note 1)	21,800,000	7.57%
葉堅先生	受控制法團權益(附註1)		
Note:	附註:		

- Mr. Ye Jian is the beneficial owner of all of the issued share capital of Metro Classic Limited, and is therefore deemed to be interested in the 21,800,000 ordinary shares of the Company in which Metro Classic Limited is beneficially interested.
- 葉堅先生為Metro Classic Limited全部已發行股 本之實益擁有人,因此被視為擁有Metro Classic Limited 實益擁有21.800.000股本公司普通股之權 益。

董事會報告(續)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2014, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standard of dealings by directors of listed issuers as referred to in Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules.

除上文所披露外,於2014年12月31日,概無董事或最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有須記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條存置之登記冊內或根據創業板上市規則第5.46條作為上市發行人所要求的董事交易準則。

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

收購股份或債券的安排

於年內任何時間內,本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司概無作為一方參與任何安排,致令本公司董事可藉購入本公司或任何其他法團的股份或債券而獲得利益。

Directors' Report (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

主要股東及其他人仕於本公司股 份及相關股份的權益及淡倉

As at 31 December 2014, the following persons (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under 336 of the SFO:

於2014年12月31日,本公司根據證券及期貨 條例第336條存置的登記冊顯示,以下人士 (除本公司的董事或最高行政人員外)擁有本 公司股份及相關股份的權益或淡倉:

Long positions

Ordinary shares of the Company

好倉

本公司的普通股

Name of Shareholder	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Number of issued ordinary Shares held 所持已發行	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 約佔本公司已發行股本的
股東名稱	身份/權益性質	普通股數目	百分比
Mr. Wong Siu Piu	Interest of a controlled company and spouse (Notes 1 & 2)	50,395,342	17.50%
黃小彪先生	受控制法團及配偶權益(附註1及2)		
Ms. Yang Min	Beneficial owner and interest of spouse (Notes 1 & 2)	50,395,342	17.50%
楊敏女士	實益擁有人及配偶權益(附註1及2)		
Vital Apex Group Limited	Beneficial owner (Notes 1 & 2) 實益擁有人(附註1及2)	39,020,342	13.55%
Mr. Zhang Yuncheng 張運誠先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	27,489,276	9.54%
China Rise Capital Company Limited 華晉資本有限公司	Beneficial owner (Notes 3) 受控制法團權益(附註3)	23,000,000	7.99%

董事會報告(續)

Name of Shareholder 股東名稱	Capacity/Nature of Interest 身份/權益性質	Number of issued ordinary Shares held 所持已發行 普通股數目	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 約佔本公司已發行股本的百分比
China Rise Finance Group Company Limited 華晉金融集團有限公司	Interest of a controlled company (Notes 3) 受控制法團權益(附註3)	23,000,000	7.99%
Cosmo Group Holdings Limited	Interest of a controlled company (Notes 3) 受控制法團權益(附註3)	23,000,000	7.99%
Essential Holdings Limited	Interest of a controlled company (Notes 3) 受控制法團權益(附註3)	23,000,000	7.99%
Jin Dragon Holdings Limited	Interest of a controlled company (Notes 3) 受控制法團權益(附註3)	23,000,000	7.99%
Symphony Holdings Limited 新灃集團有限公司	Interest of a controlled company (Notes 3) 受控制法團權益(附註3)	23,000,000	7.99%
Metro Classic Limited	Beneficial owner (Note 4) 實益擁有人(附註4)	21,800,000	7.57%

Notes:

ital 1.

附註:

- 1. Mr. Wong Siu Piu is the beneficial owner of all of the issued share capital of Vital Apex Group Limited, and is therefore deemed to be interested in the 39,020,342 ordinary shares of the Company in which Vital Apex Group Limited is beneficially interested. His spouse, Ms. Yang Min, is the beneficial owner of 11,375,000 ordinary shares, therefore Mr. Wong Siu Piu is also deemed to be interested in the 11,375,000 ordinary shares of the Company. As a result, Mr. Wong Siu Piu is deemed to be interested in an aggregate of 50,395,342 ordinary shares of the Company.
- Ms. Yang Min is the beneficial owner of 11,375,000 ordinary shares of the Company. Her spouse, Mr. Wong Siu Piu, is the beneficial owner of all the issued share capital of Vital Apex Group Limited, and therefore her spouse, Mr. Wong Siu Piu, is deemed to be interested in the 39,020,342 ordinary shares of the Company in which Vital Apex Group Limited is beneficially interested and accordingly, Ms. Yang Min is beneficially interested and deemed to be interested in an aggregate of 50,395,342 ordinary shares of the Company.
- 1. 黃小彪先生為Vital Apex Group Limited全部已發行股本之實益擁有人,因此被視為擁有Vital Apex Group Limited實益擁有之39,020,342股本公司普通股之權益,而他的配偶楊敏女士為11,375,000股普通股之實益擁有人,因此黃小彪先生亦被視為擁有11,375,000股本公司普通股之權益,所以黃小彪先生被視為擁有合共50,395,342股本公司普通股之權益。
- 2. 楊敏女士為11,375,000股本公司普通股之實益擁有人,而她的配偶黃小彪先生為Vital Apex Group Limited全部已發行股本之實益擁有人,因此她的配偶黃小彪先生被視為擁有Vital Apex Group Limited實益擁有之39,020,342股本公司普通股之權益,所以楊敏女士實益擁有及被視為擁有合共50,395,342股本公司普通股之權益。

董事會報告(續)

- China Rise Capital Company Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of China Rise Finance Group Company Limited which in turn is a wholly owned subsidiary of Jin Dragon Holdings Limited. Jin Dragon Holdings Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Essential Holdings Limited which in turn is a wholly owned subsidiary of Cosmo Group Holdings Limited. Cosmo Group Holdings Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Symphony Holdings Limited, its shares were listed on Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code 1223. Accordingly, China Rise Finance Group Company Limited, Jin Dragon Holdings Limited, Essential Holdings Limited, Cosmo Group Holdings Limited and Symphony Holdings Limited are deemed to be interested in 23,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company.
- 華晉資本有限公司為華晉金融集團有限公司的 全資附屬公司,而華晉金融集團有限公司則為 Jin Dragon Holdings Limited 的 全 資 附屬 公 司。Jin Dragon Holdings Limited 為 Essential Holdings Limited 的全資附屬公司,而Essential Holdings Limited則 為Cosmo Group Holdings Limited的全資附屬公 司。Cosmo Group Holdings Limited為新豐集團有 限公司的全資附屬公司,其股份於聯交所主板 上市,股份代號為1223。因此,華晉金融集團 有限公司、Jin Dragon Holdings Limited、Essential Holdings Limited、Cosmo Group Holdings Limited 及 新灣集團有限公司被視為擁有23.000.000股本公 司普通股之權益。
- Metro Classic Limited is wholly owned by Mr. Ye Jian, a non-executive director of the Company.
- Metro Classic Limited由本公司非執行董事葉堅先 生全資擁有。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2014, no other interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

除上文所披露外,於2014年12月31日,根據 本公司按照證券及期貨條例第336條所存置 之登記冊顯示並沒任何其他本公司股份權益 或淡倉。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

主要客戶及供應商

The information in respect of the Group's sales and purchases attributable to the major customers and suppliers respectively during the year are as follows:

本集團的主要客戶及供應商應佔本年度銷售 及採購的資料如下:

		Sales 銷售	Purchases 採購
The largest customer	最大客戶	37%	N/A 不適用
Five largest customers in aggregate	五大客戶合計	79%	N/A 不適用
The largest supplier	最大供應商	N/A 不適用	35%
Five largest suppliers in aggregate	五大供應商合計	N/A 不適用	89%

None of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors owned more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had any interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人士或任何就董事所 知擁有本公司逾5%之股東概無擁有於本集團 五大客戶或供應商的任何權益。

董事會報告(續)

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Significant related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2014 are disclosed in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements, which do not fall under the definition of "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicity available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float.

INTEREST IN A COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year ended 31 December 2014, none of the Directors, the controlling shareholders of the Company and their respective close associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) had any interest in any business which competes or is likely to compete, directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group or any other conflicts of interest with the Group.

管理合約

本年度內,本公司並無全盤業務或其中重大 部分的管理及行政事宜簽訂或存有任何合約。

關連交易

本集團於截至2014年12月31日止年度訂立重 大關連人士之交易於綜合財務報表附註第34 項披露,其並不符合創業板上市規則第二十 章的關連交易或持續關連交易的定義。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司所掌握之公開資料及就董事所知, 截至本報告日期本公司一直保持足夠公 眾持股量。

於競爭業務的權益

截至2014年12月31日止年度,本公司的董事、控股股東及他們各自的聯繫人(定義見創業板上市規則)概無於任何緊密業務中擁有任何權益與本集團業務直接或間接構成或可能構成競爭,或有任何其他利益衝突。

董事會報告(續)

INTERESTS OF THE COMPLIANCE ADVISER

As notified by the compliance adviser of the Company, Ample Capital Limited, as at 31 December 2014, except for the compliance adviser agreement entered into between the Company and Ample Capital Limited dated 29 December 2011, neither Ample Capital Limited nor its directors, employees or close associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) had any interest in relation to the Group.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

On 29 December 2011, a non-competition undertaking dated 29 December 2011 (the "Undertaking") was given by Kith Holdings Limited, Mr. Hui King Chun and each of the then executive directors of the Company, namely Mr. Li Kwei Chung, Mr. Liu Kam Lung, Mr. Liu Loi Ying (collectively the "Covenantors") in favour of the Company (for itself and for the benefit of its subsidiaries) pursuant to which, among other things, each of the Covenantors has given certain undertakings and covenants in favour of the Company.

Pursuant to the Undertaking, the Undertaking shall take effect upon the initial listing of the shares of the Company on GEM and shall cease to be of any force and effect in relation to a party at the earlier of:

- (a) the shares of the Company cease to be listed and traded on the Stock Exchange;
- in relation to Kith Holdings Limited, the date on which it ceases to be the controlling shareholder (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) of the Company; and
- in relation to Mr. Hui King Chun and the executive Directors, the date on which he ceases to be a director of the Company,

provided that the Undertaking shall continue to be in full force and effect as against the other parties to the Undertaking.

合規顧問的權益

誠如本公司合規顧問豐盛融資有限公司的告 知,於2014年12月31日,除於2011年12月29 日本公司與豐盛融資有限公司訂立的合規顧 問協議外,豐盛融資有限公司或其董事、僱 員或聯繫人概無擁有與本集團有關的任何權 益。

不競爭承諾

於2011年12月29日,以本公司為受益人(對 本身和其附屬公司有利益)由僑威集團有限公 司、許經振先生和本公司每一位當時的執行 董事(名為李桂聰先生,廖金龍先生、廖來英 先生)(統稱「契諾人」)發出日期為2011年12月 29日之不競爭承諾(「承諾」),據此,每位契 諾人均提供以本公司為受益人的承諾及契約。

根據承諾,承諾將於本公司股份首次於創業 板上市後生效,並將於以下較早時間對某一 方而言終止具有任何效力及生效:

- 股份被終止於聯交所上市及買賣;
- 對僑威集團有限公司而言,其終止為本 (b) 公司的控股股東(定義見創業板上市規 則)之日;及
- 對許經振先生及執行董事而言,彼終止 (c) 為本公司董事之日,

惟承諾將對承諾的其他訂約方繼續具有全面 效力及生效。

Directors' Report (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

Accordingly, the Undertaking has ceased to be of any force and effect in relation to (i) Kith Holdings Limited since 16 April 2013; (ii) Mr. Hui King Chun since 10 April 2013; (iii) Mr. Liu Loi Ying since 30 April 2013; and (iv) Mr. Liu Kam Lung since 16 October 2014.

故此,承諾已於以下時間對下述各方而言終止具有任何效力及生效:(i)對僑威集團有限公司而言,自2013年4月16日起;(ii)對許經振先生而言,自2013年4月10日起;(iii)對廖來英先生而言,自2013年4月30日起;及(iv)對廖金龍先生而言,自2014年10月16日。

For the year ended 31 December 2014, Mr. Li Kwei Chung and Mr. Liu Kam Lung have complied with the Undertaking and have signed and made an annual declaration on compliance with the Undertaking for the year ended 31 December 2014. The said written annual declarations have been received by the Company.

截至2014年12月31日止年度,李桂聰先生及廖金龍先生履行承諾及並向本公司簽署及作出截至2014年12月31日止年度遵守承諾的年度聲明,本公司已收妥該年度聲明。

In compliance with the Undertaking, Mr. Li Kwei Chung and Mr. Liu Kam Lung made the annual declaration on the compliance with the Undertaking in this annual report as follows:

按照承諾,李桂聰先生及廖金龍先生在本年報中作出遵守承諾的年度聲明如下:

that he/she/it did not and procured that none of his/her/its associates (other than the Group) would, either on his/her/its own account or in conjunction with or on behalf of any person, firm or company, directly or indirectly be interested or engaged in or acquire or hold any rights or otherwise involved in (in each case whether as a shareholder, partner, agent or otherwise and whether for profit, reward or otherwise) any business in all the countries and regions presently carried on by the Group or any other business that may be carried on from time to time during the term of the Undertaking ("Business");

(a) 彼不會及促使其聯繫人士(本集團除外) 不會自行或聯同或代表任何人士、商號 或公司直接或間接擁有或從事或收購本 集團現時於所有國家或地區進行的業 務,或任何其他於承諾有效期間可能不 時進行的業務(「該等業務」)或持有該等 業務的任何權利或涉及其中(在各情況 下不論是否以股東、合夥人、代理或其 他身份及不論有否利潤、回報或其他利 益);

Directors' Report (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

- (b) if he/she/it and/or any of his/her/its associates (other than the Group) was offered or became aware of any opportunity in relation to the Business, whether directly or indirectly, he/she/ it would have notified the Company of such opportunity, provide such information as is reasonably required by the Company as soon as practicable in order to enable it to come to an informed assessment of such opportunity and used his/ her/its best endeavours to procure that such opportunity is offered to the Company on terms no less favourable than the terms on which such opportunity is offered on him/her/it and/ or his/her/its associates (other than the Group); and
- (b) 倘彼及/或其任何聯繫人士(本集團除外)獲提供或知悉與該等業務有關的任何機會(不論直接或間接),彼須通知本公司該機會、盡快提供本公司合理要求的資料以助其對該機會作出知情評估,且盡其最大努力促使本公司可按不遜於向彼及/或其聯繫人士(本集團除外)提供的條款向本公司提供該機會;及
- (c) he/she/it provided all information necessary for the enforcement of the Undertaking and made this annual declaration on the compliance with the Undertaking in this annual report.
- (c) 彼須提供執行承諾所需的一切資料,並 須每年在本公司年報中作出遵守承諾的 年度聲明。

EVENT AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

Details of event after reporting period are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

報告期後事項

報告期日後事項的詳細資料載於附註36合併 財務報表。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

A corporate governance report is set out on pages 27 to 52 of this report. Mr. Li Kwei Chung whose biographical details are set out on page 53 of this report, is the Compliance Officer of the Company and Dr. Sung Tak Wing Leo and Ms. Chan Lok Yin whose biographical details are set out on page 54 and 58 of this report, are the Joint Company Secretaries of the Company.

企業管治報告

本公司的企業管治報告載於本報告第27至52 頁。李桂聰先生(其履歷刊載於本年報第53 頁)為本公司之監察主任。宋得榮博士及陳樂 燕女士(其履歷刊載於本年報第54及58頁)為 本公司之聯席公司秘書。

Directors' Report (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

AUDITOR

Graham H.Y. Chan & Co. was re-appointed as the auditors of the Company and its subsidiaries at the annual general meeting held on 30 April 2014. Graham H.Y. Chan & Co. resigned as an auditor of the Company and its subsidiaries on 31 October 2014. JH CPA Alliance Limited was appointed as an auditor of the Company and its subsidiaries by the Board of the Company on 5 December 2014 to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of Graham H.Y. Chan & Co..

Save as disclosed, there is no other change in the auditors of the Company in any of the preceding 3 years. The financial statements have been audited by JH CPA Alliance Limited.

A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint JH CPA Alliance Limited as the auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Mr. Zhang Qing *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 20 March 2015

核數師

陳浩賢會計師事務所已於2014年4月30日舉行之股東週年大會上獲重新委任為本公司及其附屬公司之核數師。陳浩賢會計師事務所於2014年10月31日辭任為本公司及其附屬公司之核數師。晉華會計師事務所有限公司於2014年12月5日獲本公司之董事會委任為為本公司及其附屬公司之核數師以填補陳浩賢會計師事務所辭任之空缺。

除所披露外,於任何過去三個年度,本公司 核數師未有其他變更。晉華會計師事務所有 限公司已審核本財務報表。

於本公司之應屆股東週年大會上將提呈一項 決議案,以重新委任晉華會計師事務所有限 公司為本公司之核數師。

代表董事會

張慶先生

主席

香港,2015年3月20日

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告



香港尖沙咀東慶地道 75 號 南洋商業中心第二座 8 棲 801-802A 室 Room 801-802A, 8/F, Tower 2, South Seas Centre 75 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong 電郵 E-mail: info@ihcpa.com.hk

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MEGALOGIC TECHNOLOGY HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Megalogic Technology Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 77 to 179, which comprise the consolidated and the Company's statements of financial position as at 31 December 2014, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

致宏創高科集團有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

吾等已審核列載於第77至179頁宏創高科集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此等綜合財務報表包括於2014年12月31日的綜合財務狀況表及 貴公司之財務狀況表、截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註解釋。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈 的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露 規定編製綜合財務報表,以令綜合財務報表 作出真實而公平的反映,及落實其認為編製 綜合財務報表所必要的內部控制,以使綜合 財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重 大錯誤陳述。

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

獨立核數師報告(續)

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors of the Company, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

核數師的責任

吾等的責任是根據吾等的審核對該等綜合財務報表作出意見,並僅根據吾等協定的告別東報告,除此之外本報告的內內內方。 其他目的。吾等不會就本報告的內內等已長 其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。吾等且便 香港會已根據 香港會說等準則要求吾等遵守道德規範, 核。該等準則要求吾等遵守道德規範 表表表不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

吾等相信,吾等所獲得的審核憑證能充足和 適當地為吾等的審核意見提供基礎。

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2014 and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

意見

吾等認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財 務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴公司及 貴集團於2014年12月31日的財務狀況及 貴 集團截至該日止年度的虧損及現金流量,並 已按照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

JH CPA Alliance Limited

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, 20 March 2015

FUNG Kwok Leung

Practising Certificate Number P2357

晉華會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師 香港,2015年3月20日

馮國良

執業證書編號:P2357

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		Note 附註	2014 2014年 HK\$′000 千港元	(Restated) (經重列) 2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	6	52,136	42,769
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(40,883)	(32,934)
Gross profit	毛利		11,253	9,835
Other income	其他收入	7	488	1,126
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	8	591	(83)
Staff costs	員工成本		(9,038)	(6,377)
Depreciation	折舊	-0-0	(1,625)	(1,366)
Operating lease rental — land and	經營租賃租金一土地及		(), ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
buildings	樓宇		(1,038)	(424)
Other operating expenses	其他經營開支	100	(8,283)	(8,862)
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	M	(7,652)	(6,151)
Income tax (expense)/credit	所得税(開支)/抵免	10	(38)	61
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(7,690)	(6,090)
Loss attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔虧損		(7,690)	(6,090)
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:	其他全面收益(扣除所得税) 其後可能重列至損益之 項目:			
Exchange differences arising on translation	換算產生之匯兑差額	999	4	
Total comprehensive expense for the year	年內全面開支總額		(7,686)	(6,090)
Total comprehensive expense for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年度全面 開支總額		(7,686)	(6,090)
Loss per share attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔每股虧損	15		
Basic and diluted (cents)	基本及攤薄(港仙)	404	(3.04)	(2.85)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014 於2014年12月31日

				(Restated) (經重列)	(Restated) (經重列)
			At	(紅里列) At	(紅里河) At
			31.12.2014	31.12.2013	1.1.2013
			於2014年	於2013年	於2013年
			12月31日	12月31日	1月1日
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
000000000000000000000000000000000000000		附註	千港元 	千港元 ■	千港元 ————
Non-current assets	非流動資產				
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16	3,764	3,466	3,185
Deferred tax asset	遞延税項資產	27(a)	_	38	_
			3,764	3,504	3,185
Current assets	流動資產				
Inventories	存貨	18	8,486	7,790	6,566
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	19	3,868	7,013	8,041
Loan receivables	應收貸款	20	202	_	_
Trading securities	貿易證券	21	3,810	_	_
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款項	22	1,781	2,155	1,406
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		_		991
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	23	57,214	48,878	43,901
Total current assets	總流動資產		75,361	65,836	60,905
Current liabilities	流動負債				
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	24	2,102	2,222	1,524
Other payables and accruals	其他應付及應計款項	25	1,946	2,995	2,077
Total current liabilities	總流動負債		4,048	5,217	3,601
Net current assets	淨流動資產		71,313	60,619	57,304
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		75,077	64,123	60,489
Non-current liability	非流動負債				
Deferred tax liability	遞延税項負債	27(a)	-	-	11
Net assets	淨資產		75,077	64,123	60,478
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備				
Share capital	股本	28(a)	28,800	24,000	20,000
Reserves	儲備	28(b)	46,277	40,123	40,478
Total equity	權益總額		75,077	64,123	60,478

ZHANG Qing 張慶 Director

SUNG Tak Wing Leo 宋得榮 Director 董事

Statement of Financial Position - the Company 財務狀況表一本公司

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014 於2014年12月31日

		Note 附註	2014 2014年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	16	402	
Property, plant and equipment Investment in subsidiaries	物業、廠房及設備 於附屬公司之投資	16 17(a)	403 —	20802
			403	
Current assets	流動資產			20000
Amount due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	17(b)	2,409	799
Loan receivables	應收貸款	20	201	MONAGE
Trading securities	貿易證券	21	3,810	02020
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款項	22	56	180
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	23	54,268	47,725
Total current assets	總流動資產		60,744	48,704
Current liabilities	流動負債			80000
Other payables and accruals	其他應付及應計款項	25	194	363
Total current liabilities	總流動負債		194	363
Net current assets	淨流動資產		60,550	48,341
Net assets	淨資產		60,953	48,341
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備	-0.50		50000
Share capital	股本	28(a)	28,800	24,000
Reserves	儲備	28(b)	32,153	24,341
Total equity	權益總額	3949	60,953	48,341

ZHANG Qing 張慶 *Director* 董事 SUNG Tak Wing Leo 宋得榮 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Merger reserve 合併儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Asset revaluation reserve 資產重估 儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Retained profits/ (Accumulated losses) 保留溢利/ (累計虧損) HK\$'000	Total equity 權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2013, as previously reported Change in accounting policy (note 2(c))	於2013年1月1日, 之前已呈報 會計政策變動(附註2(c))	20,000	14,702	17,941 —	173 (173)	7,606 229	60,422 56
At 1 January 2013, as restated	於2013年1月1日, 經重列	20,000	14,702	17,941	_	7,835	60,478
Changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2013	截至2013年12月31日 止年度之權益變動						
Loss for the year, as restated	年內虧損,經重列	_	_	_	_	(6,090)	(6,090)
Total comprehensive expense for the year, as restated	年內全面開支總額, 經重列		_	<u> </u>	_	(6,090)	(6,090)
Issue of shares upon placing Expenses incurred in connection with the issue of shares	因配售發行股份 年內發行股份產生的 開支	4,000	6,000	1 -	_	-	10,000
during the year	(71) X.	_	(265)	_	_	_	(265)
At 31 December 2013, as restated	於2013年12月31日, 經重列	24,000	20,437	17,941	<u> </u>	1,745	64,123

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Continued) 綜合權益變動表(續)

		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Merger reserve 合併儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Asset revaluation reserve 資產重估 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits/ (Accumulated losses) 保留溢利/ (累計虧損) HK\$'000 千港元	Total equity 權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2014, as previously reported Change in accounting policy (note 2(c))	於2014年1月1日, 之前已呈報 會計政策變動(附註2(c))	24,000 —	20,437 —	17,941 —	174 (174)	_ _	1,761	64,313 (190)
At 1 January 2014, as restated	於2014年1月1日, 經重列	24,000	20,437	17,941	_	_	1,745	64,123
Changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2014	截至2014年12月31日止 年度之權益變動							
Exchange differences arising on translation Loss for the year	換算產生之匯兑差額 年內虧損			_		4	— (7,690)	4 (7,690)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	年內全面開支總額	_	_	_	_	4	(7,690)	(7,686)
Issue of shares upon placing Expenses incurred in connection	因配售發行股份 年內發行股份產生的	4,800	14,400	_	_	_	_	19,200
with the issue of shares during the year	開支	_	(560)	_	_	_	_	(560)
At 31 December 2014	於2014年12月31日	28,800	34,277	17,941	_	4	(5,945)	75,077

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

		Note 附註	2014 2014年 HK\$′000 千港元	(Restated) (經重列) 2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
04046040404040				
Cash flows from operating activities	來自經營活動之現金流量			
Loss before tax	除税前虧損		(7,652)	(6,151)
Adjustments for:	經以下調整:			
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	7	(270)	(240)
Depreciation of property, plant	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
and equipment			1,625	1,366
Gain on disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及			
and equipment, net	設備收益淨額	8	(1)	_
Provision/(reversal of provision) for	滯銷及過時存貨撥備/			
slow-moving and obsolete	(撥回撥備)			
inventories			293	(386)
Fair value gain on trading securities	貿易證券之公平值收益	8	(841)	_
Bad debt	壞帳	8	23	12
602026260E0L6	857-01-51-50-50-			
Operating cash flows before	營運資金變動前經營現金流量			
working capital changes			(6,823)	(5,399)
Increase in inventories	存貨增加		(989)	(838)
Decrease in trade receivables	應收貿易賬款減少		3,122	1,016
Increase in loan receivables	應收貸款增加		(202)	_
Decrease/(increase) in deposits and	按金及預付款項減少/			
prepayments	(增加)		424	(749)
(Decrease)/increase in trade payables	應付貿易賬款(減少)/增加	.41	(120)	918
(Decrease)/increase in other payables	其他應付及應計款項			
and accruals	(減少)/增加		(1,058)	698
Cash outflow from operations	來自經營之現金流出		(5,646)	(4,354)
Hong Kong Profits Tax refund	香港利得税退款		(3,040)	1,003
——————————————————————————————————————	百/仓州特优处永			1,003
Net cash used in operating activities	用於經營活動之淨現金		(5,646)	(3,351)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) 綜合現金流量表(續)

				(Restated)
			2044	(經重列)
			2014	2013
		Nete	2014年	2013年
		Note	HK\$'000 て	HK\$'000 て洪二
		附註	千港元	千港元 ————————————————————————————————————
Cash flow from investing activities	來自投資活動之現金流量			2000
Payment for purchase of property,	收購物業、廠房及			206069
plant and equipment	設備之付款		(1,918)	(1,647)
Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及			
plant and equipment	設備之所得款項		10	KOKKO-
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司	29(d)	(55)	02022
Acquisition of trading securities	收購貿易證券	454	(2,969)	
Bank interest received	已收銀行利息		270	240
Net cash used in investing activities	用於投資活動之淨現金		(4,662)	(1,407)
Cash flow from financing activity	來自融資活動之現金流量			
Issue of shares upon placing, net	因配售發行股份,淨額		18,640	9,735
Net cash generated from financing activity	融資活動產生之淨現金		18,640	9,735
- Intalicing activity			10,040	3,733
Net increase in cash and	現金及現金等價物淨增加	596		
cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents	於1月1日的現金及現金等價物		8,332	4,977
at 1 January	於 I 力 I 自 II 先 立 及 先 立 夺 良 彻	540	48,878	43,901
Effects of foreign exchange	外匯匯率變動之影響		,,,,,	00000
rate changes			4	2000
Cash and cash equivalents	於12月31日的現金及	509		
at 31 December	現金等價物	999	57,214	48,878
	06-04-04-06-0	747		0000
Analysis of balance of cash and cash equivalents:	現金及現金等價物結餘分析:			
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	500	57,214	48,878

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 31 March 2011, as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law Cap. 22 of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is located at 190 Elgin Avenue, George Town, Grand Cayman KY1-9005, Cayman Islands. The address of its principal place of business was located at Suite 2101, 21/F, Chinachem Century Tower, 178 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The Company's shares were listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 19 January 2012 ("Listing"). The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries (together with the Company referred to as the "Group") are the provision of Integrated Circuit ("IC") solutions and are engaged in design, development and sales of ICs in addition to the money lending business. The details of particulars of subsidiaries of the Company are set out in note 17.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company and all value are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CHANGE IN **ACCOUNTING POLICY**

In the current year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") that are relevant to its operations and effective for its accounting year beginning on 1 January 2014. HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"); Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS"); and Interpretations.

1. 一般資料

本公司於2011年3月31日根據開曼群島 法第22章公司法在開曼群島計冊成立為 一間獲豁免有限責任公司。本公司註冊 辦事處地址位於190 Elgin Avenue, George Town, Grand Cayman KY1-9005, Cayman Islands。其主要營業地址為香港灣仔告 士打道178號華懋世紀廣場21樓2101室。

本公司股份自2012年1月19日起在香港 聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)創業板 上市(「上市」)。本公司乃一間投資控股 公司,其附屬公司(連同本公司合稱「本 集團1)的主要業務為提供集成電路(「集 成電路」)的解決方案,並從事集成電路 的設計、開發及銷售以及放債業務。本 公司附屬公司之詳情載於附註17。

本綜合財務報表以本公司的功能貨幣港 元(「港元」)呈報,除另有所指明者外, 所有金額均已調整至最接近千港元。

2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則以及會計政策變動

於本年度,本集團已採納香港會計師公 會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之所有有關 其業務並於其自2014年1月1日起的會 計年度生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)。香港財 務報告準則包括香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則」);香港會計準則(「香 港會計準則」);及詮釋。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

- APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CHANGE IN **ACCOUNTING POLICY (Continued)**
 - (a) New and revised HKFRS adopted

Amendments HKFRS 10, Investment entities HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27

Amendments to HKAS 32 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Amendments to HKAS 36 Recoverable amount

disclosures for nonfinancial assets

Amendments to HKAS 39 Novation of derivatives and

continuation of hedge

accounting

HK (IFRIC)-Int 21 Levies

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 — Investment entities

The amendments provide consolidation relief to those parents which qualify to be an investment entity as defined in the amended HKFRS 10. Investment entities are required to measure their subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss. These amendments do not have an impact on these consolidated financial statements as the Company does not qualify to be an investment entity.

- 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則以及會計政策變動 (續)
 - (a) 所採納之新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則

香港財務報告準則 投資實體 第10號、香港財務 報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則 第27號(修訂本)

香港會計準則 金融資產和 第32號(修訂本) 金融負債

的互相抵銷

香港會計準則 非金融資產之

可收回金額 第36號(修訂本)

披露

衍生工具之 香港會計準則

第39號(修訂本) 更替及對沖 會計之延續

香港(國際財務報告 徵費

詮釋委員會) 一 辞 釋 第 2 1 號

香港財務報告準則第10號、香 港財務報告準則第12號及香港 會計準則第27號(修訂本)一投 資實體

該修訂本放寬符合經修訂香港財 務報告準則第10號界定的投資實 體的母公司的綜合入賬要求。投資 實體須按公平值於損益中計量彼 等的附屬公司。由於本公司並不符 合投資實體的定義,故該等修訂本 對該等綜合財務報表並無任何影 響。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

- APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CHANGE IN **ACCOUNTING POLICY (Continued)**
 - (a) New and revised HKFRS adopted (Continued)

Amendment to HKAS 32 — Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

This amendment clarifies that the right of set-off must not be contingent on a future event. It must also be legally enforceable for all counterparties in the normal course of business, as well as in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy. The amendment also considers settlement mechanisms. The amendment did not have a significant effect on the Group's financial statements.

Amendment to HKAS 36 — Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets

The amendments reduce the circumstances in which the recoverable amount of assets or cash-generating units is required to be disclosed, clarify the disclosures required, and introduce an explicit requirement to disclose the discount rate used in determining impairment (or reversals) where recoverable amount based on fair value less costs of disposal is determined using a present value technique. The amendments do not have an impact on these consolidated financial statements as the recoverable amounts of assets or cash-generating units have been determined on the basis of their value in use.

- 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則以及會計政策變動 (續)
 - (a) 所採納之新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第32號(修訂 本)一 金融資產和金融負債的 互相抵銷

該修訂本澄清抵銷的權利不得依 賴於未來事件,其亦必須在日常業 務過程中以及當出現違約、無力償 債或破產時,均可對所有對手方合 法強制執行。該修訂亦考慮到結算 機制。該修訂對本集團財務報表並 無重大影響。

香港會計準則第36號(修訂 本)一非金融資產之可收回金 額披露

該修訂本減少了須披露資產或現 金產生單位的可收回金額的情況, 闡明所需披露,並引入一項明確要 求,明確在可收回金額(基於公平 值減出售成本)乃採用現值技術釐 定時,披露釐定減值(或撥回)所用 的貼現率。該修訂對該等綜合財務 報表並無影響,乃由於資產或現金 產生單位的可收回金額乃根據其 使用價值而釐定。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY (Continued)
 - (a) New and revised HKFRS adopted (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 39 — Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting

The amendments to HKAS 39 provide relief from discontinuing hedge accounting when novation of a derivative designated as a hedging instrument meets certain criteria. The amendments do not have an impact on these financial statements as the Group has not novated any of its derivatives.

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The Interpretation provides guidance on when a liability to pay a levy imposed by a government should be recognised. The amendments do not have an impact on these consolidated financial statements as the Group is not currently subjected to significant levies.

- 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則以及會計政策變動
 - (a) 所採納之新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第39號(修訂本)一衍生工具之更替及對沖會計之延續

香港會計準則第39號(修訂本)放 寬為符合若干標準並指定作為對 沖工具的衍生工具進行更替時的 終止對沖會計規定。由於本集團並 無更替其任何衍生工具,故該修訂 本對該等財務報表並無影響。

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)- 註釋第21號

該 詮釋於支付政府徵費的負債須 予確認時提供指引。由於本集團目 前毋須繳付重大徵費,故該修訂本 對該等綜合財務報表並無影響。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CHANGE IN **ACCOUNTING POLICY (Continued)**
 - (b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but not yet effective:

HKFRS 9	Financial instruments ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS28	Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture ⁴
Amendments to HKFRS 11	Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations ⁴
HKFRS 15	Revenue from contracts with customers ³
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization ⁴
Amendments to HKAS 27	Equity method in separate financial statements ⁴
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2010–2012 cycle ⁶
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2011–2013 cycle ⁵
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2012–2014 cycle ⁴

- 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則以及會計政策變動 (續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則

本集團並無提早應用下列已頒布 但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則 金融工具1 第9號 香港財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營 第10號及香港 公司或合營企業 會計準則第28號 的資產出售或 (修訂本) 注資4 香港財務報告準則 收購合營業務 第11號 權益之會計法4 (修訂本) 香港財務報告準則 客戶合約收入3 第15號 香港會計準則 對可接受的 第16號及 折舊及攤銷 方法的澄清4 香港會計準 則第38號 (修訂本) 香港會計準則 獨立財務報表 第27號(修訂本) 的權益法4 香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則 (修訂本) 2010年至 2012年週期之 年度改進6 香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則 (修訂本) 2011年至 2013年週期 之年度改進5 香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則 (修訂本) 2012年至 2014年週期之

年度改進4

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY (Continued)
 - (b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)
 - Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with earlier application permitted.
 - Effective for first annual HKFRS financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016, with earlier application permitted.
 - Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017, with earlier application permitted.
 - Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, with earlier application permitted.
 - Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, with earlier application permitted.
 - Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, with limited exception. Earlier application is permitted.

HKFRS 9 — Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows (the business model test) and that have contractual terms that give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (the contractual cash flow characteristics test) are generally measured at amortised cost. Debt instruments that meet the contractual cash flow characteristics test are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") if the objective of the entity's business model is both to hold and collect the contractual cash flows and to sell the finance assets. Entities may make an irrevocable election at initial recognition to measure equity instruments that are not held for trading at FVTOCI. All other debt and equity instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

- 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則以及會計政策變動 (續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則 (續)
 - ¹ 於2018年1月1日或以後開始的年 度期間生效,並允許提前應用。
 - 於2016年1月1日或以後開始的首份年度香港財務報告準則財務報表生效,並允許提前應用。
 - 3 於2017年1月1日或以後開始的年 度期間生效,並允許提前應用。
 - 4 於2016年1月1日或以後開始的年 度期間生效,並允許提前應用。
 - 5 於2014年7月1日或以後開始的年 度期間生效,並允許提前應用。
 - 6 於2014年7月1日或以後開始的年度期間生效,只有少數情況例外。 允許提前應用。

香港財務報告準則第9號 一金融工具

香港財務報告準則第9號引入金融 資產分類及計量的新規定。按業 務模式持有資產而目的為收取合 約現金流的債務工具(業務模式測 試)以及具產生現金流的合約條款 且僅為支付本金及未償還本金利 息的債務工具(合約現金流特徵測 試),一般按攤銷成本計量。倘該 實體業務模式的目的為持有及收 取合約現金流以及出售金融資產, 則符合合約現金流特徵測試的債 務工具以按公平值計入其他全面 收益(「按公平值計入其他全面收 益」)計量。實體可於初步確認時作 出不可撤銷的選擇,以按公平值計 入其他全面收益計量並非持作買 賣的股本工具。所有其他債務及股 本工具以按公平值計入損益賬(「按 公平值計入損益賬」)計量。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

- APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CHANGE IN **ACCOUNTING POLICY (Continued)**
 - (b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRS 9 — Financial Instruments (Continued)

HKFRS 9 includes a new expected loss impairment model for all financial assets not measured at FVTPL replacing the incurred loss model in HKAS 39 and new general hedge accounting requirements to allow entities to better reflect their risk management activities in financial statements.

HKFRS 9 carries forward the recognition, classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities from HKAS 39, except for financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, where the amount of change in fair value attributable to change in credit risk of the liability is recognised in other comprehensive income unless that would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch. In addition, HKFRS 9 retains the requirements in HKAS 39 for derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 — Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture

Amendments to HKAS 28:

The requirements on gains and losses resulting from transactions between an entity and its associate or joint venture have been amended to relate only to assets that do not constitute a business.

- 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則以及會計政策變動 (續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則 (續)

香港財務報告準則第9號一金 融工具(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號就並非按 公平值計入損益賬計量的所有金 融資產納入新的預期虧損減值模 式(取代香港會計準則第39號的已 產生虧損模式)以及新的一般對沖 會計規定,以讓實體於財務報表內 更好地反映其風險管理活動。

香港財務報告準則第9號貫徹香港 會計準則第39號有關金融負債確 認、分類及計量規定,惟按公平值 計入損益賬的金融負債除外,該負 債信貸風險變動應佔的公平值變 動金額於其他全面收益確認,除非 會導致或擴大會計錯配。此外,香 港財務報告準則第9號保留香港會 計準則第39號有關終止確認金融 資產及金融負債的規定。

香港財務報告準則第10號及香 港會計準則第28號(修訂本)一 投資者與其聯營公司或合營企 業的資產出售或注資

香港會計準則第28號(修訂本):

實體與其聯營公司或合營企 業之間的交易所產生的收益 及虧損之規定已修訂為只涉 及到不構成業務的資產。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY (Continued)
 - (b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 — Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 28: (Continued)

- A new requirement has been introduced that gains or losses from downstream transactions involving assets that constitute a business between an entity and its associate or joint venture must be recognised in full in the investor's financial statements.
- A requirement has been added that an entity needs to consider whether assets that are sold or contributed in separate transactions constitute a business and should be accounted for as single transaction.

Amendments to HKAS 10:

 An exception from the general requirement of full gain or loss recognition has been introduced into HKFRS 10 for the loss control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business in a transaction with an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method.

- 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則以及會計政策變動
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則 (續)

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(修訂本)一投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業的資產出售或注資(續)香港會計準則第28號(修訂本):(續)

- 新規定已經引入,據此,實體 與其聯營公司或合營企業之 間的下游交易(當中涉及構成 業務的資產)的收益及虧損必 須於投資者之財務報表中悉 數確認。
- 添加了一項規定,據此,實體需要考慮在一項獨立交易中出售或注入之資產是否構成一項業務及應否作為單一項交易入賬。

香港會計準則第10號(修訂本):

• 香港財務報告準則第10號就 失去一間附屬公司之控制(並 不包含與以權益法入賬之聯 營公司或合營企業之交易中 的業務)引入悉數收益或虧損 確認的全面規定之豁免。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

- APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS AND CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY (Continued)**
 - (b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not vet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 -Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 10: (Continued)

New guidance has been introduced requiring that gains or loss resulting from those transactions are recognised in the parent's profit or Loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in that associate or joint venture. Similarly, gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement at fair value of investments retained in any former subsidiary that has become an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method are recognised in the former parent's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor' interests in the new associate or joint venture.

Amendments to HKFRS 11 — Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations

The amendments to HKFRS 11 provide guidance on how to account for the acquisition of an interest in a joint operation in which the activities constitute a business as defined in HKFRS 3. Specifically, the amendments state that the relevant principles on accounting for business combinations in HKFRS 3 and other standards (e.g. HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets regarding impairment testing of a cash generating unit to which goodwill on acquisition of a joint operation has been allocated) should be applied. The same requirement should be applied to the formation of a joint operation if and only if an existing business is contributed to the joint operation by one of the parties that participate in the operation.

- 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則以及會計政策變動 (續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則

香港財務報告準則第10號及香 港會計準則第28號(修訂本)一 投資者與其聯營公司或合營企 業的資產出售或注資(續) 香港會計準則第10號(修訂本): (續)

已經引入新指引而規定該等 交易產生之收益或虧損在母 公司之損益賬確認,惟僅以 非關連投資者於該聯營公司 或合營企業中之權益為限。 同樣地,任何已成為聯營公 司或合營企業並按權益法入 賬之前附屬公司所保留之投 資按公平值重新計量所產生 之 收 益 及 虧 損 , 乃 於 前 母 公 司之損益賬確認,惟僅以非 關連投資者於新聯營公司或 合營企業中之權益為限。

香港財務報告準則第11號(修 訂本)一收購合營業務權益之 會計法

香港財務報告準則第11號(修訂 本)就如何為活動構成香港財務報 告準則第3號業務合併所界定業務 的收購合營業務權益作會計處理 提供指引。具體而言,該等修訂規 定,有關香港財務報告準則第3號 所述業務合併會計處理方法的有 關原則及其他準則(例如香港會計 準則第36號資產減值,內容有關 已分配收購合營業務產生商譽的 現金產生單位的減值測試)應予採 用。倘及僅倘現有業務通過參與合 營業務的一方對合營業務作出貢 獻,上述規定則須應用相同規定於 業務的成立。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY (Continued)
 - (b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 11 — Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations (Continued)

A joint operator is also required to disclose the relevant information required by HKFRS 3 and other standards for business combinations.

HKFRS 15 — Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The new standard establishes a single revenue recognition framework. The core principle of the framework is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. HKFRS 15 supersedes existing revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 Revenue, HKAS 11 Construction Contracts and related interpretations.

- 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則以及會計政策變動
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則 (續)

香港財務報告準則第11號(修訂本)一收購合營業務權益之會計法(續)

合營經營商亦須披露香港財務報告準則第3號及業務合併的其他準則規定的有關資料。

香港財務報告準則第15號 一來 自與客戶合約的收益

本項新準則設立一個單獨的收益確認框架。該框架的核心原則為實體應確認收益以用金額描述轉讓承諾商品或服務予客戶,該金額語。 該實體有權就交換該實體有權就交換該等商品及服務所收取的代價。香港財務 報告準則第15號將取代現行收益 確認指引(包括香港會計準則第11號 「收益」、香港會計準則第11號 「建築合約」及相關詮釋)。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

- APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CHANGE IN **ACCOUNTING POLICY (Continued)**
 - (b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRS 15 — Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Continued) HKFRS 15 requires the application of a 5 steps approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract with a customer;
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in a customer;
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price;
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract;
- Step 5: Recognized revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

HKFRS 15 includes specific guidance on particular revenue related topics that may change the current approach taken under HKFRS. The standard also significantly enhances the qualitative and quantitative disclosures related to revenue.

- 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則以及會計政策變動 (續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則 (續)

香港財務報告準則第15號一來 自與客戶合約的收益(續) 香港財務報告準則第15號要求應 用五個步驟確認收益:

- 第一步: 識別與客戶的合約;
- 第二步: 識別客戶的履約責 任;
- 第三步: 釐定交易價;
- 第四步: 將合約交易價分配 至履約責任;
- 第五步:於(或當)實體完成 履約責任時確認收益。

香港財務報告準則第15號包含與 特定收益相關的特定指引,該等指 引或會更改香港財務報告準則現 時應用的方法。該準則亦對收益相 關的披露作出大幅質化與量化改 進。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY (Continued)
 - (b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

Amendment to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 — Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation

The amendments to HKAS 16 prohibit the use of a revenue-based depreciation method for items of property, plant and equipment. The amendments to HKAS 38 introduce a rebuttable presumption that revenue is not an appropriate basis for amortisation of an intangible asset. This presumption can only be rebutted if either the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue or revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are highly correlated.

Amendments to HKAS 27 — Equity method in separate financial statements

The amendments allow an entity to account in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in its separate financial statements.

Apart from the aforementioned, the adoption of these new standards and amendments to standards is not expected to have any significant impact on the results and financial position of the Group.

- 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則以及會計政策變動
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則 (續)

香港會計準則第27號(修訂本) 一獨立財務報表之權益法 該等修訂允許實體於其獨立財務 報表中確認附屬公司、合營企業及 聯營公司。

除前述者外,採納該等新訂準則及 準則修訂本預期不會對本集團業 績及財務狀況有任何重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

- APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CHANGE IN **ACCOUNTING POLICY (Continued)**
 - (c) Change in accounting policy

For the years ended on or before 31 December 2013, the Group had adopted the revaluation model for its property, plant and equipment in the financial statements in accordance with HKFRS. From the financial year ended 31 December 2014, the Group adopted the cost model as its accounting policy. The adoption of cost model constituted a change in accounting policy of the Group in accordance with HKFRS.

The revaluation model requires the Group to measure its property, plant and equipment periodically, whereas the cost model requires that property, plant and equipment of the Group be carried at the costs less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Using the cost model would align the Group's accounting policies with that adopted by its industry peers and improve comparability of the Group's financial performance and it would also reduce the expenditure on engaging professional valuer to estimate the valuation of property, plant and equipment of the Group periodically. The change in accounting policy fairly reflects the actual situation of the Group's property, plant and equipment and is in compliance with relevant HKFRS and enables the Group to provide more relevant consolidated financial information about its performance and financial position.

This change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively and the comparative figures for the corresponding prior periods have been restated.

採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則以及會計政策變動 (續)

(c) 會計政策變動

截至2013年12月31日或之前止年 度,本集團根據香港財務報告準則 於財務報表中就其物業、廠房及設 備採用重估模式。自截至2014年 12月31日止財年起,本集團採用 成本模式作為其會計政策。根據香 港財務報告準則,採用成本模式構 成本集團之會計政策變動。

重估模式規定本集團須對其物業、 廠房及設備定期計量,成本模式則 規定本集團的物業、廠房及設備按 其成本減累計折舊及任何累計減 值虧損列賬。採用成本模式將使本 集團的會計政策與其同業所採用 者貫徹一致,並可更為便於比較本 集團與其同業之財務表現,其亦可 減低定期聘請專業估值師估計本 集團的物業、廠房及設備估值的開 支。有關會計政策變動公平反映本 集團物業、廠房及設備的實際情況 並符合相關香港財務報告準則,並 讓本集團能夠就其表現及財務狀 況提供更為相關的綜合財務資料。

該會計政策變動已獲追溯應用,且 之前相應期間的比較數字已獲重 列。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY (Continued)
 - (c) Change in accounting policy (Continued)

The following table summarises the retrospective adjustments that have been made in accordance with the change of accounting policy as described above to each of the line items in the financial statements:

- 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則以及會計政策變動 (續)
 - (c) 會計政策變動(續)

下表概列已根據上述會計政策變動對財務報表各行項目作出的追 溯調整:

			As at	
			於	
		31 December	31 December	1 January
		2014	2013	2013
		2014年	2013年	2013年
		12月31日	12月31日	1月1日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	25-2-2-26	千港元	千港元	千港元
Increase/(decrease) on items of consolidated statement	綜合財務狀況表項目 增加/(減少)			
of financial position				
Assets	資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	125	(228)	67
Deferred tax asset	遞延税項資產	-	38	8000
Liabilities	負債			
Deferred tax liability	遞延税項負債	-	8085	11
Equity	權益		0000	
Asset revaluation reserves	資產重估儲備	(159)	(174)	(173)
Retained profits	保留溢利	_	(16)	229
Accumulated losses	累計虧損	(284)	1000	

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CHANGE IN **ACCOUNTING POLICY (Continued)**
- 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則以及會計政策變動 (續)
- (c) Change in accounting policy (Continued)
- (c) 會計政策變動(續)

For the year ended

截至下列日期止年度

31 December 31 December 2014 2013 2013年 2014年 12月31日 12月31日 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元

Increase/(decrease) on items of consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	綜合損益及其他全面收益表 項目增加/(減少)		
Depreciation	折舊	(352)	60
Other income — reversal of impairment	其他收入一撥回物業、廠房		
of property, plant and equipment	及設備減值	_	(116)
Other gains and losses — gain on	其他收益及虧損一出售物業、		
disposal of property, plant and	廠房及設備之收益		
equipment		1	_
Taxation expense	税項開支	38	(29)
Loss for the year, attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損		
owners of the Company		(315)	147
Surplus on revaluation of property,	重估物業、廠房及設備之盈餘		
plant and equipment		_	(99)
Total comprehensive expense	年內全面開支總額		
for the year		(315)	246
Loss per share attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔每股虧損		5050
of the Company			
— Basic and diluted (cents)	一基本及攤薄(港仙)	(0.12)	0.07

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs, which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the HKICPA, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "GEM Listing Rules"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 2 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

(b) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is the historical cost basis except for trading securities which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

3. 主要會計政策

(a) 遵例聲明

香港會計師公會頒佈多項新訂及 經修訂之香港財務報告準則。此等 準則在本集團及本公司當前之會 計期間開始生效或可供提前採用。 首次採用此等變動所引致本集團 當前和以往會計期間的會計政策 變動已於本綜合財務報表內反映, 有關資料載列於附註2。

(b) 編製基準

截至2014年12月31日止年度的綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司。

綜合財務報表乃以歷史成本慣例 為編製基準(除了於各報告期末按 公平值計量的貿易證券外),會計 政策的解釋載於下文。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Basis of preparation (Continued)

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

主要會計政策(續)

(b) 編製基準(續)

歷史成本一般基於就換取貨品及 服務而支付之代價的公平值。

公平值是於計量日期市場參與者 於有秩序交易中出售資產可收取 或轉讓負債須支付的價格,而不論 該價格是否直接可觀察或可使用 其他估值技術估計。若市場參與者 於計量日期對資產或負債定價時 會考慮資產或負債的特點,則本集 團於估計資產或負債的公平值時 會考慮該等特點。

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計 量根據公平值計量的輸入數據可 觀察程度及公平值計量的輸入數 據對其整體的重要性分類為第一 級、第二級或第三級,詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據是實體於計 量日期可以取得的相同資產 或負債於活躍市場之報價(未 經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據是就資產或 負債直接或間接地可觀察之 輸入數據(第一級內包括的報 價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據是資產或負 債的不可觀察輸入數據。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Basis of preparation (Continued)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 4.

The principal accounting policies are set out in subsequent paragraphs.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 編製基準(續)

管理層會不斷審閱各項估計和相關假設。如果會計估計的修訂只是影響作出有關修訂的期間,其影響便會在該期間內確認:如果修訂對當前和未來期間均有影響,則會在作出有關修訂的期間和未來期間確認。

管理層於應用香港財務報告準則 時所作出對財務報表及估計不明 朗因素的主要來源有重大影響的 判斷於附註4討論。

主要會計政策載於其後各段。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司以及本公司及其附屬公司控制的實體(包括結構實體)的財務報表。本公司獲得控制權若其:

- 對被投資公司擁有權力;
- 對其參與被投資公司的浮動 回報承受風險或享有權利: 及
- 有能力運用其權力影響回報。

若事實及情況表明上文所列控制權的三個元素之一或以上出現變動,本集團會重估其是否控制被投資公司。

倘本集團於被投資公司之投票權未能佔大多數,則當投票權足以賦予本公司實際能力以單方面指揮被投資公司的相關活動時即對投資對象擁有權力。本集團於評估本集團於投資對象的投票權是否足以賦予其權力時考慮所有相關事實及情況,包括:

- 相較其他投票權持有人所持 投票權的數量及分散情況, 本集團持有投票權的數量;
- 本集團、其他投票權持有人 或其他人士持有之潛在投票 權;

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 綜合基準(續)

- 其他合約安排產生的權利; 及
- 需要作出決定時,本集團目前能夠或不能指揮相關活動的任何額外事實及情況(包括於過往股東會議上的投票模式)。

附屬公司之綜合入賬於本集團取得有關附屬公司之控制權起開始,並於本集團失去有關附屬公司之控制權時終止。具體而言,年內所收購或出售附屬公司之收入日本集團取得控制權之至本則起計入綜合全面收益表,直至本期之計入綜合有關附屬公司之日期為止。

損益及其他全面收益之每個項目 乃歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股 權益。附屬公司之全面收益總額歸 屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益, 即使此舉會導致非控股權益產生 虧絀結餘。

於必要時,將對附屬公司之財務報 表作出調整,以令彼等之會計政策 與本集團之會計政策一致。

有關本集團成員之間交易的所有 集團內公司間之資產及負債、權 益、收入、支出及現金流量於綜合 時悉數對銷。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

主要會計政策(續)

(c) 綜合基準(續)

本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權 之變動

本集團於現有附屬公司擁有之權 益出現變動,但並無導致本集團失 去該等附屬公司的控制權,均以權 益交易入賬。本集團之權益與非控 股權益之賬面值均予以調整,以反 映彼等於附屬公司之相關權益之 變動。非控股權益所調整之款額與 所付或所收代價之公平值兩者之 間的差額,均直接於權益確認並歸 屬於本公司擁有人。

倘本集團失去附屬公司控制權,則 收益或虧損於損益確認並按(i)所收 代價之公平值及任何保留權益之 公平值的總額與(ii)該附屬公司之 資產(包括商譽)及負債以及任何 非控股權益之前的賬面值兩者之 間的差額計算。先前於其他全面收 益就該附屬公司確認之所有款額, 會按猶如本集團已直接出售該附 屬公司之相關資產或負債入賬(即 按適用香港財務報告準則所訂明/ 允許而重新分類至損益或轉撥至 另一權益類別)。於失去控制權當 日於前附屬公司保留之任何投資 之公平值,視為根據香港會計準則 第39號作其後會計處理之首次確 認公平值,或(如適用)於一家聯營 公司或一家合營企業投資的首次 確認之成本。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(d) Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquire and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

(e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including buildings and leasehold land (classified as finance leases) held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 業務合併

收購業務採用收購法入賬。業務合併所轉讓的代價按公平值計量,而計算方法為本集團所轉讓的資產、本集團向被收購方原擁有人產生的負債及本集團於交換被收購方的控制權發行的權益於收購日之公平值總額。有關收購的成本一般於產生時在損益賬中確認。

(e) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備,包括持作生產 或供應貨品或服務用途或作行政 用途之樓宇及租賃土地(歸類為融 資租約),乃按成本減其後之累計 折舊及其後之累計減值虧損(如有) 於綜合財務狀況表內列賬。

其後成本只在與該項目有關的日 後經濟利益很可能會流向本集時 及該項目的成本能可靠地計量時, 始會計入該資產的賬面值內或確 認為另一項資產(如適用)。所有其 他維修及保養於其發生的財政期 間在損益表內確認。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost or revalued amounts over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. The principal annual rates used for this purpose during the reporting period are as follows:

Computer	30%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Instruments	20%
Office equipment	30%
Motor vehicle	30%

Leasehold improvement Over the lease term

The estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

(f) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated on the first-in-first-out basis and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備的折舊按足以在 其估計可使用期內撇銷其成本或 重估金額的比率按直線法計算。於 報告期間就此目的所用的主要年 率如下:

電腦	30%
傢俱及裝置	20%
工具	20%
辦公室設備	30%
汽車	30%
租賃物業裝修	於租賃期內

估計可使用年期及折舊方法於各報告期末檢討,估計變動之影響按預提基準入賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時或 預期日後繼續使用該資產不會再 產生經濟利益時即終止確認。出售 或棄用一項物業、廠房及設備所產 生之盈虧以出售所得款項及資產 賬面值之差額計算,並於損益內確 認。

(f) 存貨

存貨以成本及可變現淨值之較低者列賬。成本乃按先進先出基準計算,並包括所有採購成本、加工成本及其他使存貨達致其現時地點及狀況而產生之成本。可變現淨值指存貨的估計售價減所有估計完成成本及銷售費用。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(f) Inventories (Continued)

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(g) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(i) Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets "at fair value through profit or loss" (FVTPL) and "loans and receivables".

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(f) 存貨(續)

倘售出存貨,則該等存貨之賬面值 在相關收益確認之期間確認為支 出。任何撇減存貨至可變現淨值之 金額及存貨之所有虧損於撇減。因 出現虧損之期間內確認為支出。因 可變現淨值增加而轉回任何撇減 存貨之金額於出現撥回之期間沖 減列作支出之存貨金額。

(q) 金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於集團實體 成為有關工具合約條文的訂約方 時確認。

(i) 金融資產

金融資產被分類為以下特定 類別:「按公平值計入損益 賬」之金融資產和「貸款及應 收款項」。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

(ii) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

(iii) Financial asset at FVTPL

Financial asset is classified as at FVTPL when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- It has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- On initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- It is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 金融工具(續)

(ii) 實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算債務工具 攤銷成本及於相關期間內分 配利息收入的方法。實際利 率乃按債務工具預期年期或 適用的較短期間準確貼現估 計未來現金收款(包括構成實 際利率不可或缺部分的所有 已付或已收費用及點子、交 易成本及其他溢價或折讓)至 初步確認時賬面淨值的利率。

債務工具的收益乃按實際利 率基準確認。

(iii) 按公平值計入損益賬之金 融資產

當金融資產乃持作買賣或指 定為按公平值計入損益賬 時,金融資產被分類為按公 平值計入損益賬。

倘若出現下列情況,則金融 資產分類為持作買賣:

- 購入的主要目的為於不 久將來出售;或
- 於初步確認時其為本集 團聯合管理的已識別金 融工具組合的一部分, 而近期實際具備短期獲 利的模式;或
- 其為不指定及實際作為 對沖工具的衍生工具。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

- (iii) Financial assets at FVTPL (Continued)

 A financial asset other than a financial asset held
 for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon
 initial recognition if:
 - such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
 - the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
 - it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement permits the entire combined contract to be designated as at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item. Fair value is determined in the manner described in note 3(b).

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 金融工具(續)

- (iii) 按公平值計入損益賬之金融資產(續) 金融資產(持作買賣的金融資產除外)可於下列情況下於初步確認時指定為按公平值計入損益賬:
 - 該指定消除或大幅減少可能會出現的計量或確認方面的不一致性;或

 - 其構成包含一項或多項 嵌入式衍生工具的合約 的一部分,而香港會計 準則第39號金融工具: 確認及計量允許將整個 組合合約指定為按公平 值計入損益賬計量。

按公平值計入損益賬之金融資產按公平值列賬,而由重新量產生之任何收益或虧損於損益賬確認。於損益賬確認之淨收益或虧損包括自金融資產賺取之任何股息或利息,並計入「其他收益及虧損」項目。公平值乃按附註3(b)所述方式釐定。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

(iv) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables (including trade receivables and bank balances and cash) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables where the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

(v) Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 金融工具(續)

(iv) 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為具有固定 或可釐定付款額但於活躍市 場並無報價的非衍生金融資 產。貸款及應收款項(包括貿 易應收賬款及銀行結餘及現 金) 乃以實際利率法按攤銷成 本減任何減值計量。

利息收入乃採用實際利率 確認,惟倘確認利息屬不重 大,則短期應收款項除外。

(v) 金融資產減值

金融資產於各報告期間末就 減值跡象進行評估。倘出現 客觀證據,顯示投資的估計 未來現金流量因一項或多項 於初步確認金融資產後發生 的事件而遭受影響,則金融 資產視作已減值。

減值的客觀證據可包括:

- 發行人或交易對手面臨 重大財政困難;或
- 違約,例如欠繳或拖欠 利息或本金付款;或

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

- (v) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)
 - it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation; or
 - the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods (see the accounting policy below).

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 金融工具(續)

- (v) 金融資產減值(續)
 - 借款人可能將會破產或 進行財務重組;或
 - 該金融資產的活躍市場 因財政困難而消失。

就按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產而言,已確認減值虧損金額為該資產賬面值與按金融資產原來實際利率貼現的估計未來現金流量現值之間的差額。

就按成本入賬的金融資產而言,減值虧損的金額按同類金額按百類金融資產的現行市場回報率貼現的估計日後現金流量現值兩者之差額計量。上述減值虧下之差額計可會撥回(參見下文會計政策)。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

(vi) Financial liabilities and equity instruments Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 金融工具(續)

(v) 金融資產減值(續)

(vi) 金融負債及股本工具 分類為債務或股本

集團實體發行的債務及股本 工具乃按照所訂立的合約安 排內容及金融負債及股本工 具的定義而分類為金融負債 或股本。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

(vi) Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

(vii) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities (including trade and other payables) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 金融工具(續)

(vi) 金融負債及股本工具(續)

股本工具

股本工具是證明某實體的資產(於扣除所有負債後)有剩餘權益的合約。由本集團發行的股本工具以所收取的款項扣除直接發行成本後列賬。

本公司購回本身之股本工具 於權益內直接確認及扣除。 本公司購買、出售、發行或註 銷本身之股本工具時一概不 會於損益內確認收益或虧損。

(vii) 金融負債

金融負債(包括應付貿易及其 他應付賬款)其後以實際利率 法按攤銷成本計量,除非貼 現影響無關緊要,則在此情 況下以成本列賬。

實際利率法

實際利率法是計算金融負債 攤銷成本及將利息支出分配 於有關期間的一種方法。實 際利率是指於初步確認時將 金融負債的預計存在期(或明 適用,較短期間)的估計日後 現金付款準確貼現至淨賬面 值的利率。

利息支出以實際利率基準確 認。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

(viii) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group continues to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement and recognises an associated liability. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

主要會計政策(續)

(q) 金融工具(續)

(viii) 終止確認

本集團僅在資產所產生現金 流量的合約權利屆滿或於其 轉讓金融資產以及資產擁有 權絕大部分風險及回報予另 一實體時終止確認該金融 資產。倘本集團並無轉讓或 保留擁有權絕大部分風險 及回報,並繼續控制已轉讓 資產,則本集團將繼續確認 資產,惟以其持續參與者為 限, 並確認相關負債。倘本集 團保留已轉讓金融資產擁有 權絕大部分風險及回報,則 本集團將繼續確認該金融資 產,及確認已收所得款項的 有擔保借款。

倘完全終止確認金融資產, 資產賬面值與已收及應收代 價與已於其他全面收入確認 並於權益累積的累計收益或 虧損的總和之間的差額將於 損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

(viii) Derecognition (Continued)

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety, the Group allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 金融工具(續)

(viii) 終止確認(續)

倘非完全終止確認金融資 產,本集團將於其繼續確認 的部分與其不再確認的部分 之間按該等部分於轉讓日期 的相關公平值基準分配該金 融資產先前賬面值。獲分配 予不再確認部分的賬面值與 就不再確認部分所收取代價 與任何分配予該部分並已於 其他全面收入確認的累計收 益或虧損的總和之間的差額 將於損益確認。已於其他全 面收入確認的累計收益或虧 損於繼續確認的部分與不再 確認的部分之間按該等部分 的相關公平值基準進行分配。

本集團僅於本集團的責任獲解除、取消或到期時終止確認金融負債。已終止確認金融負債賬面值與已付及應付代價之間的差額於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cashgenerating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or the cashgenerating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

主要會計政策(續)

(h) 非金融資產減值

於各報告期末,本集團審閱其非金 融資產賬面值,以決定該等資產有 否出現減值虧損的跡象。倘出現任 何該等跡象,則對資產的可收回金 額作出估計,以確定減值虧損(如 有)的程度。倘不可能估計個別資 產的可收回金額,則本集團將估計 資產所屬現金產生單位的可收回 金額。當可識別合理持續的分配基 準時,公司資產亦會分配至個別現 金產生單位或分配至可識別合理 持續分配基準的最小現金產生單 位組別。

可收回金額為公平值減去銷售成 本及使用價值兩者中的較高者。於 評估使用價值時,估計未來現金流 量以税前貼現率貼現至其現值,該 貼現率反映市場現時所評估的金 錢時間值及並未就其調整估計未 來現金流量的資產特定風險。

倘資產(或現金產生單位)的估計 可收回金額低於其賬面值,則資產 (或現金產生單位)的賬面值將被調 低至其可收回金額。減值虧損即時 於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows.

(j) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plan

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 非金融資產減值(續)

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則資產(或 現金產生單位)的賬面值將上調至 其經修訂估計可收回金額,惟經上 調賬面值不得超出資產(或現金產 生單位)於以往年度並無確認減值 虧損時原應確定的賬面值。減值虧 損撥回即時於損益確認。

(i) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包含銀行存款 及庫存現金、存放於銀行和其他金融機構的活期存款,以及短期和和動性極高的投資項目。這些項別的現金數項所須承受的價值變動風險甚如的領承受的價值變動風險。就編製金所須承之而言,現金及現金統量表而言,現金及現金等價物也包括須按要求償還,並構成本集團現金管理一部分的銀行透支。

(i) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利及向定額供 款退休計劃作出的供款

> 薪金、年度獎金、有薪年假、 定額供款退休計劃供款及非 金錢福利的成本,均在僱員 提供相關服務的年度內累 計。倘付款或結算延遲而影 響屬重大,則上述數額會按 其現值列賬。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Employee benefits (Continued)

(ii) Termination benefit

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when it recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

(iii) Share option scheme

The Company operates share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

For share options granted under the share option scheme, the fair value of the employee's services rendered in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense and credited to an employee share based compensation reserve under equity. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted at the grant date. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that is expected to become exercisable. It recognises the impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, and a corresponding adjustment to the employee sharebased compensation reserve over the remaining vesting period.

主要會計政策(續)

僱員福利(續)

(ii) 離職福利

離職福利於本集團不再能取 消提供該等福利時及本集團 確認涉及支付離職福利的重 組成本時(以較早者為準)確 認。

(iii) 購股權計劃

本公司設有一項購股權計 劃,為對本集團業務成功作 出貢獻之合資格參與者提供 鼓勵與獎賞。本集團僱員(包 括董事)以股份支付交易之 方式收取報酬,而僱員則提 供服務作為權益工具之代價 (「權益結算交易」)。

就根據購股權計劃授出之購 股權而言,僱員所提供服務 換取獲授購股權之公平值確 認為開支,並計入權益項下 僱員之以股份為基礎支付之 補償儲備。歸屬期間支銷之 總額參照授出日期所授出購 股權之公平值釐定。於各報 告期末,本集團修訂預計成 為可予行使購股權數目之估 計。其於綜合全面收益表內 確認修訂原有估計(若有)之 影響及餘下歸屬期間內對僱 員的以股份為基礎支付之補 償儲備之相應調整。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Employee benefits (Continued)

(iii) Share option scheme (Continued)

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification, which increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share, if any.

(k) Taxation

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 僱員福利(續)

(iii) 購股權計劃(續)

尚未行使購股權的攤薄影響 已反映於計算每股盈利(如 有)時的額外股份攤薄。

(k) 税項

本年度所得税包括即期税項及遞延税項資產和負債的變動。即期税項及遞延税項資產和負債的變動均在損益內確認,惟與於其他全面收益或直接於權益內確認之項目有關者除外,在此情況下,相關税項金額分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益內確認。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

主要會計政策(續)

(k) 税項(續)

遞 延 税 項 資 產 和 負 債 分 別 由 可 抵 扣和應税暫時差異產生。暫時差異 是指資產和負債就財務報告而言 的賬面值與這些資產和負債的計 税基礎的差異。遞延税項資產也可 以由未利用税項虧損和未利用税 款抵減產生。

除了某些例外情況外,所有遞延 税項負債和遞延税項資產(只限於 很可能獲得能利用該遞延税項資 產來抵扣的未來應稅利潤)都會確 認。支持確認由可抵扣暫時差異所 產生遞延税項資產的未來應稅利 潤包括因轉回目前存在的應税暫 時差異而產生的數額;但這些轉回 的差異必須與同一稅務機關及同 一應税實體有關,並預期在暫時差 異預計轉回的同一期間或遞延税 項資產所產生税項虧損可轉回或 結轉的期間內轉回。在決定目前存 在的應税暫時差異是否足以支持 確認由未利用税項虧損和未利用 税款抵減所產生的遞延税項資產 時,亦會採用同一準則,即倘若該 等差異與同一税務機關及同一應 税實體有關,且預期在能使用税項 虧損或税款抵減的期間內轉回,則 會計及該等差異。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Taxation (Continued)

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

 in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously; or

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 税項(續)

本集團於每個報告期末檢討遞延 税項資產之賬面值。如不再可能獲 得足夠之應課税溢利以抵扣相關 之稅務利益,該遞延稅項資產之賬 面值便會調低;但如日後有可能獲 得足夠之應課税溢利,有關減額便 會撥回。

即期和遞延税項結餘及其變動額將各自列示,並不予抵銷。即期及遞延税項資產會在本公司或本集團有合法可強制執行權利時,以即期所得税項資產抵銷即期所得税項資產抵銷即期所得稅項負債,並且符合以下附帶條件之情怳下,方可分別抵銷即期及遞延稅項負債:

即期税項資產及負債:本公司或本集團計劃按淨額基準結算,或同時變現該資產及 清償該負債;或

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Taxation (Continued)

- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(I) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 税項(續)

- 遞延税項資產和負債:此等 資產及負債必須與同一税務 機關就以下其中一項徵收之 所得稅有關:
 - 一 同一應課税實體;或

(1) 撥備及或然負債

當本集團因過往事件而承擔現有 責任(法律或推定),而本集團可能 須履行該項責任及可以可靠地估 計該項責任之金額時,則會確認撥 備。

確認為撥備的金額為清償報告期末的現時責任並計入該責任的風險及不明朗因素所需代價的最佳估計。倘使用估計用以清償現時責任的現金流量計量撥備,其賬面值為該等現金流量的現值(如貨幣時間價值的影響屬重大)。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(I) Provisions and contingent liabilities (Continued)

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(m) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold or services provided in the normal course of business, net of returns and discounts. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

Revenue from the sales of goods Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered at the customers' designated location which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue is after deduction of any trade discounts.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(I) 撥備及或然負債(續)

倘用以償還撥備之部分或全部經濟利益預期將由第三方收回,則當實質上確認將收到償款且應收金額能可靠計量時,應收款項方確認為資產。

若流出經濟利益之可能性較低,或相關數額未能作出可靠估計時,該責任將披露為或然負債,惟流出經濟利益之可能性極低者除外。僅由於一項或多項未來事項之發生而確認是否存在之可能對不發生而確認是否存在之可能責任亦須披露為或然負債,惟流出經濟利益之可能性極低者除外。

(m) 收入確認

收入按已收或應收之代價之公平 值計量,相當於在正常業務過程中 出售貨物或提供服務應收之金額, 並扣除退貨及折扣。倘經濟利益可 能會流入本集團,而收入及成本 (如適用)亦能夠可靠計算時,收入 便會根據下列基準在損益賬內確 認收入:

(i) 來自銷售貨品的收入 收入在貨品抵達客戶指定的 地點,而且客戶接收貨品及 其所有權相關的風險及回報 時確認。收入已扣除任何營 業折扣。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(m) Revenue recognition (Continued)

- (ii) Revenue from the provision of integrated circuits packaging service Revenue from the provision of integrated circuits packaging service is recognised in the period in which the relevant service is provided.
- (iii) Revenue from fixed-price contracts
 Revenue from fixed-price contracts for the provision of application specific integrated circuit service ("ASIC Service") is recognised under the percentage of completion method, which is based on the services performed to date as a percentage of the total services to be performed under the relevant contract.
- (iv) Interest income Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

(n) Operating lease

Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases. Where the Group has the use of assets under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease terms, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Lease should recognise the aggregate benefit of incentives as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 收入確認(續)

- (ii) 來自提供晶片包封服務的 收入 來自提供晶片包封服務的收 入於提供相關服務的期間確 認。
- (iii) 來自固定價格合約的收入 來自提供應用指定集成電路 服務(「ASIC服務」)的固定價 格合約的收入按照完成百分 比法確認,乃根據相關合約 截至該日止已提供的服務佔 將予提供的全部服務的百分 比確認。
- (iv) 利息收入 利息收入按實際利率法於產 生時確認。

(n) 經營租賃

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(o) 外幣

於編製個別集團實體的財務報表時,以該實體的功能貨幣以外外貨幣(外幣)進行的交易均以各自的功能貨幣(即該實體經營所在的主要時經濟環境的貨幣)按交易日的當時經率入賬。於報告期間末,以外幣運運來入實數項目按當日的當時計貨幣項目不須再換算。

來自貨幣項目結算及於再換算貨 幣項目時的匯兑差額於其發生的 期間於損益中確認。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits:
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

The amount initially recognised for internally-generated intangible assets is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above. Where no internally generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred.

During the reporting periods, all research and development expenditure has been expensed.

主要會計政策(續)

(p) 研究與開發開支

研究活動的開支於其產生的期間 確認為支出。

當及僅當以下各項得到證明的情 況下,來自開發(或來自一個內部 項目之開發階段)之內部產生無形 資產將予以確認:

- 完成無形資產使可供使用或 出售的技術可行性;
- 完成無形資產及使用或出售 的意圖;
- 使用或出售無形資產的能力;
- 無形資產將如何產生可能的 日後經濟利益;
- 有足夠的技術、財務及其他 資源去完成開發及使用或出 售無形資產;及
- 能可靠地計量與無形資產於 開發時有關的開支。

內部產生的無形資產的初步確認 金額乃由無形資產首次符合上述 確認準則日期起所產生的開支總 和。倘並無可確認的內部產生無形 資產,則開發開支於其發生的期間 內於損益中扣除。

於報告期間,所有研究與開發開支 均已支銷。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(q) Related parties

- (A) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parents.
- (B) An entity is related to the Group is any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
 - (iii) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third party;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;

3. 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 關連人士

- (A) 該名人士須符合以下條件 時,該名人士或其家族之 近親與本集團方有關連:
 - (i) 對本集團擁有控制權或 聯合控制權;
 - (ii) 對本集團擁有重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司之主要管理層成員。
- (B) 倘實體適用於以下任何條 件,與本集團方有關連:
 - (i) 實體與本集團為同一 集團公司成員,即母公司、附屬公司及同系附屬公司各自彼此相互關連;
 - (ii) 某一實體為另一實體之聯營公司或合營公司, 或為另一實體所屬集團 公司成員之聯營公司或 合營公司;
 - (iii) 實體均為同一第三方之 合營公司;
 - (iv) 實體為第三實體之合營 公司,而另一實體為第 三方之聯營公司;
 - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集 團有關之實體之僱員福 利設立離職後福利計 劃:

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(q) Related parties (Continued)

- (B) An entity is related to the Group is any of the following conditions applies: (Continued)
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (A); or
 - (vii) a person identified in (A)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

(r) Segment report

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

主要會計政策(續)

(q) 關連人士(續)

- (B) 倘實體適用於以下任何條 件,與本集團方有關連: (續)
 - 實體受(A)所界定人士控 (vi) 制或聯合控制;或
 - (vii) (A)(i)所界定人士對實體 擁有重大影響或為實體 (或該名實體母公司)之 主要管理層成員。

該名人士家族之近親是指有 關人士在與實體交易時,預 期可影響或受該名人士影響 的家族成員。

(r) 分部報告

經營分部及綜合財務報表所呈列 各分部的金額,乃從為向本集團各 項業務及地理位置分配資源及評 估其業績而定期向本集團最高行 政管理層提供的財務報表當中識 別出來。

個別重要的經營分部不會合計以 供財務報告之用,但如該等經營分 部的產品和服務性質、生產工序性 質、客戶類別或階層、分銷產品或 提供服務的方法以至監管環境的 本質等經濟特性均屬類似,則作別 論。個別不重要的經營分部如果符 合以上大部分條件,則可以合計為 一個報告分部。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other information that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period.

(i) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

In applying the accounting policy on property, plant and equipment with respect to depreciation, management estimates the useful lives of various categories of property, plant and equipment based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of assets of similar nature and functions. The Group will revise the depreciation charge where useful lives are different to those previously estimated, or it will write off or write down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

4. 估計不明朗因素的主要來源

於應用本集團的會計政策(載於附註3)時,管理層須就從其他來源不易得知的資產與負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。估計及相關假設乃基於歷史經驗及認為相關的其他資料。實際結果可能與這些估計不同。

對估計及相關假設會不斷作出檢討。 對會計估計的修正,如修正只影響該期間,則於估計修正的期間確認,或如修 正影響現行期間及日後期間,則於修正 期間及日後期間確認。

以下是關係到日後的主要假設,以及於報告期間末對下一個財政期間的資產與 負債賬面值有引致重大調整風險的其他 估計不明朗因素主要來源。

(i) 物業、廠房及設備的可用期

在對物業、廠房及設備的折舊應用 會計政策時,管理層根據類似性質 及功能的資產實際可用期的過往 經驗估計各類物業、廠房及設備的 可用期。倘可用期與之前估計不 同,本集團會修正折舊支出,或 銷或撇減技術上已過時或已廢棄 或出售的非策略性資產。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

(ii) Allowance for slow-moving and obsolete inventories

Allowance for slow-moving and obsolete inventories is made based on the aging and estimated net realisable value of inventories. The assessment of the allowance amount involves judgment and estimates. Where the actual outcome in future is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and the allowance charge/write-back in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

(iii) Impairment of trade receivables

The Group makes impairment of trade receivables based on assessments of the recoverability of the trade receivables, including the aging analysis of the trade debts, the current creditworthiness and/or the past collection history of each debtor. Impairment arises where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of bad and doubtful debt requires the use of judgment and estimates. Where the actual result is different from the original estimate, such difference will have impact on the carrying value of the trade receivables and doubtful debt expenses in the reporting period in which such estimate has been changed.

(iv) Provisions and contingent liabilities

The Group recognises provision for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligations and a reliable estimate can be made. Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as contingent liability in a note to the consolidated financial statements.

估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)

(ii) 對滯銷及過時存貨的撥備

對滯銷及過時存貨的撥備乃根據 存貨的賬齡及估計變現淨值而作 出。評估撥備額涉及判斷和估計。 倘日後的實際結果與原來估計不 同, 上述差異將會對上述估計已改 變期間的存貨賬面值和扣除/撥回 撥備有影響。

(iii) 應收貿易賬款減值

本集團根據對應收貿易賬款的可 收回程度的評估對應收貿易賬款 作出減值,包括貿易債項的賬齡分 析、各欠債方的現行信譽及/或過 往收賬歷史。倘發生事件或改變 時,其情況顯示結餘可能無法收 回,即出現減值。識別呆壞賬須運 用判斷和估計。倘實際結果與原來 估計不同,上述差異將會對估計改 變的報告期間的應收貿易賬款與 呆賬支出賬面金額有影響。

(iv) 撥備及或然負債

當本集團因過往事件而須負上法 律或推定責任,且可能須就履行該 等責任而導致經濟利益流出,並能 夠就此作出可靠估計,本集團會就 該等未能確定發生時間或金額不 定的負債作出撥備。倘不一定需要 流出經濟利益履行責任或未能可 靠估計款額,則該等責任將於綜合 財務報表附註中披露作或然負債。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

5. 金融工具

(a) Categories of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities as at the end of each reporting year are as follows:

(a) 金融工具的分類

本集團於各報告年末的金融資產 與負債賬面值如下:

2014

2013

		2014	2013
		2014年	2013年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Group	本集團		
Financial assets:	金融資產:		
Fair value through profit or loss	透過損益入賬的公平值		
— Trading securities	一貿易證券	3,810	
— Loan receivables	一應收貸款	202	
Loans and receivables	貸款及應收款項		
— Trade receivables	一應收貿易賬款	3,868	7,013
— Bank balance and cash	一銀行結餘及現金	57,214	48,878
		65,094	55,891
Financial liabilities:	金融負債:		
Financial liabilities measured at	按攤銷成本計量的金融		-0-4-0
amortised cost	負債		
— Trade payables	一應付貿易賬款	2,102	2,222
— Other payables and accruals	一其他應付及應計款項	1,946	2,062
		4,048	4,284

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

5. 金融工具(續)

(a) Categories of financial instruments (Continued)

(a) 金融工具的分類(續)

		2014 2014年	2013 2013年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
5260808608			
Company	本公司		
Financial assets:	金融資產:		
Fair value through profit or loss	透過損益入賬的公平值		
— Trading securities	一貿易證券	3,810	_
— Loan receivables	一應收貸款	201	_
Loans and receivables:	貸款及應收款項:		
 Amount due from subsidiaries 	一應收附屬公司款項	2,409	799
— Bank balances and cash	一銀行結餘及現金	54,268	47,725
		60,688	48,524
97070909707070			
Financial liabilities:	金融負債:		
Financial liabilities measured at	按攤銷成本計量的金融		
amortised cost:	負債:		
— Other payables and accruals	一其他應付及應計款項	194	43

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are described below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的活動面對多種財務風險: 市場風險(包括貨幣風險及利率風 險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。 如何減低這些風險的政策載於下 文。管理層管理及監察這些風險以 確保及時及有效地實施適當的措 施。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(i) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk primarily through sales and purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk include United States dollars ("USD") and Renminbi ("RMB"). In addition, certain bank balances of the Group are also denominated in USD. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy with respect to its foreign exchange exposure. However, management monitors foreign exchange exposures and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of each reporting period are as follows:

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(i) 貨幣風險

本集團於各報告期間末以外 幣計值的貨幣資產及貨幣負 債的賬面值如下:

		2014	2013
		2014年	2013年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		756	
Group	本集團	140	
Assets	資產	YO!	
USD	美元	4,394	6,990
RMB	人民幣	106	297
5-5-0-00	5050505050	204	0000
Liabilities	負債	40	
USD	美元	2,061	2,165
RMB	人民幣	61	-

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Currency risk (Continued) Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

> The Group mainly exposes to foreign exchange fluctuation of the currencies of USD and RMB against the currency of Hong Kong dollar ("HKD"). The directors consider that the Group's exposure to USD does not give rise to significant foreign currency risk on the ground that HKD is pegged to USD. Therefore, no sensitivity analysis of USD against the functional currency of the respective group entity is disclosed.

> A reasonably possible change of 5% in the exchange rate between RMB and HKD would have no material impact on the Group's profit or loss during the reporting periods and there would be no material impact on the Group's equity as at the end of each reporting period. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding RMB denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of respective reporting period for a 5% change in the currency rate. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk in respect of RMB internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in the exchange rate of HKD against RMB.

金融工具(續)

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)
 - 貨幣風險(續) (i) 外幣敏感度分析 本集團主要承受美元和人民 幣兑港元(「港元」)的外匯波 動。董事認為,由於港元與 美元掛鈎,本集團所承受由 美元引起的外幣風險並不重 大。因此,概無披露美元兑相 關集團實體之功能貨幣之敏 感度分析。

人民幣與港元之間的匯率可 能出現的5%合理變動不會對 本集團於報告期間的溢利或 虧損構成重大影響,亦不會 對本集團於各報告期間末之 權益構成重大影響。敏感度 分析只包括未償還並以人民 幣計值之貨幣項目,及於各 自之報告期間末時作出5%貨 幣匯率之匯兑調整。在向主 要管理人員內部匯報有關人 民幣之外幣風險時,5%為所 用的敏感率比率,亦代表管 理層評估港元兑換人民幣之 合理可能變動。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arises primarily from its variable-rate bank deposits.

The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors the Group's exposure to interest rate risk on an ongoing basis and will consider hedging interest rate risk should the need arise.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been prepared based on the exposure to interest rates for the Group's variable-rate bank deposits at the end of each reporting period. The analysis is prepared assuming the amount of these assets and liabilities outstanding at the end of each reporting period were outstanding for the whole period. A 100 basis points increase or decrease in interest rates is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates. The analysis has been performed on the same basis throughout the reporting periods.

5. 金融工具(續)

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)
 - (ii) 利率風險

本集團承受之現金流量利率 風險主要來自其可變利率銀 行存款。

本集團現時概無任何利率對 沖政策。然而,管理層會持續 監控本集團之利率風險,並 在有需要時考慮對沖利率。

利率敏感度分析

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (Continued) Interest rate sensitivity analysis (Continued) At the end of the reporting period, if interest rates had been 100 (2013: 100) basis points higher/ lower in respect of the Group's variable-rate bank deposits and bank overdrafts, with all other variables held constant, there would have decreased/increased by approximately HK\$259,000 (2013: HK\$437,000) on the Group's loss during the reporting period. The Company's loss for the year ended 31 December 2014 would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$250,000 (2013: HK\$436,000). These are mainly attributable to Group's and Company's exposure to interest

rate on its variable rate bank balances.

(iii) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables, loan receivables and bank deposits. As at 31 December 2014 and 2013, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is the carrying amounts of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statements of financial position.

The Group has a credit policy in place and will perform credit evaluations on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. The Group also has an export credit insurance with the Hong Kong Export Credit Insurance Corporation to cover risks on non-payment by customers.

金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

利率敏感度分析(續)

利率風險(續) (ii)

於報告期末,倘本集團之可 變利率銀行存款及銀行诱支 之 利 率 上 升/降 低 100 (2013 年:100) 個基點(而所有其 他可變因素保持不變),本 集團於報告期間的虧損將 減 少/上 升 約259,000港 元 (2013年:437,000港元)。本 公司於截至2014年12月31 日止年度的虧損將減少/增 加約250,000港元(2013年:

436,000港元)。這主要是歸因

於本集團及本公司就其可變 利率銀行結餘的利率風險。

(iii) 信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要是 來自應收貿易賬款、應收貸 款及銀行存款。於2014年及 2013年12月31日,因交易對 手未能履行責任而將對本集 團造成財務損失之最高信貸 風險為綜合財務狀況表所呈 列相關已確認金融資產之賬 面值。

本集團有適當的信貸政策並 將對要求獲得超過若干金額 的信貸的所有客戶進行信貸 評估。本集團亦有向香港出 口信用保險局購買覆蓋某些 客戶不繳款之風險之出口信 用保險。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iii) Credit risk (Continued)

In order to minimise the credit risk, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt regularly to ensure that adequate allowance for impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management of the Group considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has concentration of credit risk as the Group's top two (2013: two) trade debtors accounted for 69% (2013: 71%) of its total trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period. In addition, the Group's five largest trade debtors accounted for 89% and 87% of its total trade receivables as at 31 December 2014 and 2013 respectively.

The Group only has one (2013: nil) loan receivable as at 31 December 2014.

The credit risk for liquid funds is limited because such amounts are placed with various banks with good credit ratings.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are set out in note 19.

Collateral held as security and other credit enhancements

The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets.

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(iii) 信貸風險(續)

為盡量減低信貸風險,本集 團定期審閱個別貿易債務的 可收回金額,以確保為不能 收回之金額作出足夠的減值 虧損撥備。就此而言,本集團 之管理層認為本集團之信貸 風險已大幅降低。

於報告期末,本集團前兩大(2013年:兩大)應收貿易賬款 佔其總應收貿易賬款之69%(2013年:71%),故本集團之信貸風險集中。此外,於2014年及2013年12月31日,本集團五大應收貿易賬款分別佔其總應收貿易賬款的89%及87%。

於2014年12月31日,本集團 僅有一項(2013年:零項)應 收貸款。

本集團在流動資金方面之信 貸風險有限,因為有關資金 存放在多間信貸評級良好之 銀行。

有關本集團所承受來自應收 貿易賬款的信貸風險的進一 步定量披露載於附註19。

持有作擔保之抵押品及其 他信貸增強措施

本集團並無持有任何抵押品 或其他信貸增強措施以為其 金融資產相關之信貸風險提 供保障。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iv) Liquidity risk

The Group's liquidity position is monitored closely by the management of the Group. In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

During the reporting periods, the Group financed its working capital requirements principally by funds generated from operations and issue of shares.

The following table details the Group's contractual maturities at the end of each reporting period for its financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(iv) 流動資金風險

本集團之管理層會密切監察 本集團之流動資金狀況。在 管理流動資金風險方面,本 集團監控及維持管理層視為 充足之現金及現金等價物水 平,以為本集團之營運撥資 及應付其短期及較長期的流 動資金需求。

於報告期內,本集團主要透 過營運產生的資金及發行股 份提供所需營運資本。

下表詳列本集團於各報告期 末金融負債之合約到期分 析。下表是根據金融負債之 未貼現現金流量,並以本集 **国**須要付款的最早日期為基 準編製。表內包括利息及主 要的現金流量。

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5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

5. 金融工具(續)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
 - (iv) Liquidity risk (Continued)

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)
 - (iv) 流動資金風險(續)

		Repayable on				
		demand or		Between	Total	
		within	Between	3 months to	undiscounted	Carrying
Group		1 month	1-3 months	1 year	cash flows	amount
		須按要求或於	一個月	三個月	未貼現現金	
本集團		一個月內償還	至三個月	至一年	流量總額	賬面金額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 31 December 2014	於2014年12月31日					
Trade and other payables	應付貿易及其他應付賬款	4,048			4,048	4,048
	應的貝勿及共他應的照款	4,048			4,048	4,048
As at 31 December 2013	於2013年12月31日					
Trade and other payables	應付貿易及其他應付賬款	4,284	_	_	4,284	4,284
		Danasa kila an				
		Repayable on demand or				
		demand or within 1	Between	Between	Total undiscounted	
Commons		month	1-3 months		cash flows	Carrying
Company		須按要求或於	1-3 months 一個月	1 year 三個月	未貼現現金	amount
本公司		須 按 妄 水 或 於 一 個 月 內 償 還	至三個月	至一年	不知	賬面金額
平公司		一個月內頁逐 HK\$'000	王二個月 HK\$'000	HK\$'000	加里 版 银 HK\$'000	版 山 亚 银 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		1/8/0	1 /6 //	T AS A	I /e /C	1 /e /l
As at 31 December 2014	於2014年12月31日					
Trade and other payables	應付貿易及其他應付賬款	194	_	_	194	194
				1009	5904	000
As at 31 December 2013 Trade and other payables	於2013年12月31日) HANGE	0.0
	應付貿易及其他應付賬款	43			43	43

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(v) Other price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk mainly through its investment in listed equity securities. Management's decision to buy or sell trading securities are based on daily monitoring of the performance of individual securities compared to that of the market, as well as the Group's liquidity needs, in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

Equity price sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 50% higher/lower, the Group's loss for the year ended 31 December 2014 would decrease/increase by HK\$1,591,000 (2013: nil). This is mainly due to the changes in fair value of held-for-trading investments.

金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

其他價格風險 (v)

本集團主要因其上市權益證 券投資而承擔股價風險。管 理層購買或出售貿易證券的 決定乃按照本集團設定的限 制基於每日監測個別證券相 對於市場的表現以及本集團 的流動資金需求。

股價敏感度分析 以下敏感度分析乃根據報告 期末股價風險釐定。

倘若股價上漲/下跌50%, 本集團截至2014年12月31日 止年度之虧損將減少/增加 1,591,000港元(2013年:零)。 此乃主要由於持作買賣投資 公平值變動。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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6. REVENUE

The Group is principally engaged in the design, development and sales of integrated circuits ("ICs") and money lending business. Revenue represents the amount received and receivable for goods sold and services provided by the Group at invoiced value, net of returns and discounts, and interest income from money lending business is recognized using the effective interest method, during the reporting periods. An analysis of the Group's revenue recognised during the year is as follows:

6. 收益

本集團主要從事集成電路的設計、開發和銷售以及放債業務。收益指本集團於報告期內因出售貨物及提供服務已收及應收金額的發票價值,並扣除退貨及折扣,以及來自放債業務的利息收入乃使用實際利率法確認。本集團於年內已確認收益分析如下:

		2014 2014年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from sales of ICs Revenue from provision of ASIC Service Revenue from money lending business	來自銷售集成電路的收益 來自提供ASIC服務的收益 來自放債業務的收益	49,496 2,633 7	39,109 3,660 —
		52,136	42,769

7. OTHER INCOME

7. 其他收入

			(Restated)
			(經重列)
		2014	2013
		2014年	2013年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		66	00000
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	270	240
Compensation received	已收補償	-	466
Rebate of approved project cost	認可項目成本退款	206	264
Sundry income	雜項收入	12	156
		201	0000
		488	1,126

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

8. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

8. 其他收益及虧損

		2014 2014年 HK\$′000 千港元	(Restated) (經重列) 2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fair value gain on trading securities Gain on disposal of property,	貿易證券之公平值收益 出售物業、廠房及設備	841	_
plant and equipment, net	收益淨額	1	_
Exchange loss	匯兑虧損	(228)	(71)
Bad debt	壞帳	(23)	(12)
		591	(83)

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The chief operating decision maker has been identified as the executive directors and certain senior management (collectively referred to as the "CODM") that make strategic decisions. Information reported to the CODM, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the types of goods or services delivered or provided. In respect of the design, development and sales of integrated circuits constitute one operating segment, while money lending business being the other reporting segment.

The CODM considers that the Group had only one single reporting segment, being the design, development and sales of integrated circuits, prior to the completion of acquisition of a money lending business on 31 May 2014. Following the acquisition, the Group was engaged in two business segments, namely IC business, being the design, development and sales of ICs, and money lending business. The CODM regularly reviews the nature of their operations and the products and services. Each of the Group's business segments represents a strategic business unit that offers products and services which are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of the other business segments.

9. 分部資料

主要營運決策者為負責作出策略決策的執行董事及若干高級管理層(統稱為「主要營運決策者」)。向主要營運決策者呈報以分配資源及評估分部表現的資料,著重所付運貨品或提供服務的類別。設計、開發和銷售集成電路構成一個經營分部,而放債業務則為另一個報告分部。

主要營運決策者認為,在於2014年5月 31日完成收購一項放債業務之前,本集 團僅有一個報告分部,即設計、開發 銷售集成電路。於收購後,本集團從計 兩個業務分部,即集成電路業務(設計 開發和銷售集成電路)及放債業務 開發通決策者定期審閱其經營及 要營運決策。本集團各業務分部為 服務業務單位,提供產品及服務的風險 與回報不同於其他業務分部。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

9. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

9. 分部資料(續)

An analysis of the Group's revenue from major products and services is set out in note 6 above.

本集團來自主要產品和服務的收益分析 載於上文附註6。

Segment results, assets and liabilities

(i) 分部業績、資產及負債

		IC 集成 ¹ 2014 2014年 HK\$'000 千港元		Money lo 放行 2014 2014年 HK\$'000 千港元	_	Unalloo corpo 未分配 2014 2014年 HK\$'000 千港元	rate	Tota 合言 2014 2014年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Results Revenue from external customers	業績 來自外界客戶 的收益	52,129	42,769	7		_		52,136	42,769
Gross profit	毛利	11,246	9,835	7		_		11,253	9,835
Bank interest income Depreciation Other income and expenses	銀行利息收入 折舊 其他收入及 開支	1 (1,470) (11,373)	1 (1,366) (11,608)	— (5) (445)	-	269 (150) (5,732)	239 — (3,252)	270 (1,625) (17,550)	240 (1,366) (14,860)
Income tax (expense)/ credit	所得税(開支)/ 抵免	(38)	61				——————————————————————————————————————	(38)	61
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(1,634)	(3,077)	(443)	_	(5,613)	(3,013)	(7,690)	(6,090)
Assets Reportable segment assets	資產 可呈報分部 資產	19,010	21,381	645		59,470	47,959	79,125	69,340
Liabilities Reportable segment liabilities	負債 可呈報分部 負債	3,835	4,847	_		213	370	4,048	5,217
Other segment information Additions to property, plant and equipment	其他分部資料 添置物業、廠房 及設備	1,306	1,647	43		569		1,918	1,647

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

Segment revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales in the current year (2013: nil).

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment profit or loss represents the profit or loss earned by each segment without allocation of central administration costs including directors' emoluments, investment and other income, other gains and losses, and income tax expenses. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

(ii) Information about major customers

The Group's revenue from customers which accounted for 10% or more of the Group's total revenue are as follows:

分部資料(續)

分部業績、資產及負債(續)

以上呈報之分部收益指外界客戶 產生之收益。本年度並無分部間銷 售(2013年:零)。

經營分部的會計政策與附註3所述 之本集團會計政策相同。分部溢利 或虧損指各分部賺取之溢利或虧 損,不計分配中央管理成本(包括 董事薪酬、投資及其他收入、其他 收益及虧損以及所得税開支)。此 乃向主要營運決策者呈報以分配 資源及評估分部表現的數據。

(ii) 有關主要客戶的資料

來自佔本集團總收益10%或以上 的客戶的本集團收益如下:

		2014 2014年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013年 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Customer A	客戶A	19,275	16,636
Customer B	客戶B	8,266	6,278
Customer C	客戶C	8,334	n/a
			不適用
Customer D	客戶D	n/a	5,652
		不適用	
0000000			-0-1-0
0000000		35,875	28,566

Note:

n/a: not applicable, as the corresponding figure did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group

附註:

不適用:不適用,因為相關數字並未貢獻 本集團總收益10%以上

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

9. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

(ii) Information about major customers (Continued)

The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong. The geographical location of customers is based on the location of the customers, irrespective of the origin of the goods or services. The geographical location of the non-current assets is based on the physical location of the asset, in the case of property, plant and equipment. The Group's revenue from external customers and information about its non-current assets by geographical location of the assets are set out below:

(iii) Revenue from external customers

9. 分部資料(續)

(ii) 有關主要客戶的資料(續)

本集團的業務位於香港。客戶的地域位置乃根據客戶的所在地而完就物或服務的來源地。就物業、廠房及設備而言,非流動資產的地域位置乃根據資產的實際地點而定。本集團按地域位置劃分來自外界客戶的收益及有關其非流動資產的資料如下:

(iii) 來自外界客戶的收益

		2014 2014年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong (place of domicile) The PRC, excluding Hong Kong	香港(居駐地) 中國,不包括香港及台灣	5,946	3,770
and Taiwan		40,018	33,211
Korea	韓國	1,031	1,421
Taiwan	台灣	574	854
USA	美國	1,188	3,198
Russia	俄羅斯	3,083	2
Others	其他	296	313
			04050
		52,136	42,769

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

9. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

9. 分部資料(續)

(iv) Non-current assets (other than deferred tax asset)

(iv) 非流動資產(遞延税項資產 除外)

			(Restated)
			(經重列)
		2014	2013
		2014年	2013年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
0889898080			
Hong Kong (place of domicile)	香港(居駐地)	680	411
The PRC, excluding Hong Kong	中國,不包括香港及台灣		
and Taiwan		397	202
Taiwan	台灣	2,687	2,853
OKOKOUKUKO KO			
5585858585858		3,764	3,466

10. INCOME TAX (EXPENSE)/CREDIT

10. 所得税(開支)/抵免

- (a) Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:
- (a) 綜合損益及其他全面收益表 中的税項指:

			(Restated)
			(經重列)
		2014	2013
		2014年	2013年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
020000000000			
Current tax — Hong Kong Profits	即期税項一之前年度香港 利得税		
Tax overprovision for prior year	超額撥備	_	12
Deferred tax (expense)/credit	遞延税項(開支)/抵免		-
(note 27(a))	(附註27(a))	(38)	49
0000000000			
		(38)	61

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

10. INCOME TAX (EXPENSE)/CREDIT (Continued)

(a) Taxation in the consolidated comprehensive income represents: (Continued)

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% (2013: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profits for the year ended 31 December 2014. No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax is made since the Group has no estimated assessable profit for the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013: nil).

Under the Law of the People's Republic of China ("PRC") on Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiary is 25%. No provision for EIT is made since the PRC subsidiary has no estimated assessable profit for the year ended 31 December 2014. No subsidiary operated in the PRC for the year ended 31 December 2013.

10. 所得税(開支)/抵免(續)

(a) 綜合全面收益表中的税項 指:(續)

截至2014年12月31日止年度,香港利得税按估計應課税溢利之16.5%(2013年:16.5%)計算。由於本集團於截至2014年12月31日止年度並無產生任何估計應課稅溢利(2013年:零),故並無就香港利得稅作出撥備。

根據中華人民共和國(「中國」)企業所得税(「企業所得税」)法及企業所得税法實施條例,中國附屬公司之税率為25%。由於中國附屬公司於截至2014年12月31日止年度並無產生任何估計應課税溢利,故並無就企業所得税作出撥備。截至2013年12月31日止年度,並無於中國經營附屬公司。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

10. INCOME TAX (EXPENSE)/CREDIT (Continued)

10. 所得税(開支)/抵免(續)

- (b) Reconciliation between tax (expense)/ credit and loss before tax at applicable tax rates:
- (b) 按適用税率計算的税項(開 支)/抵免及除税前虧損對 賬如下:

		2014 2014年 HK\$′000 千港元	(Restated) (經重列) 2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	7,652	6,151
098980205050			
Tax at applicable income tax rate	按適用所得税税率計算的税項	1,284	1,015
Tax effect of expenses not deductible	就税項而言不可扣減開支的		
for tax purpose	税務影響	(1,010)	(537)
Tax effect of income not taxable	就税項而言無須課税收入的		
for tax purpose	税務影響	44	40
Deferred tax assets not recognised	未確認遞延税項資產	(356)	(469)
Overprovision in prior year	之前年度超額撥備	_	12
Income tax (expense)/credit for the year	年度所得税(開支)/抵免	(38)	61

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

11. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

11. 年內虧損

Loss for the year has been arrived at after charging:

年內虧損已扣除:

(Restated)

						(經重列)
				2014		2013
				2014年		2013年
				HK\$'000		HK\$'000
				千港元	69	千港元
(-)	Staff and	()			X	
(a)	Staff cost		員工成本		08	
	Staff costs including director' emolument	S	包括董事酬金的員工成本		920	
	 Salaries, bonus and benefits in kind 		一薪金、花紅及	0.707	75	C 100
	Chaff walfam		實物福利	8,707	23	6,188
	— Staff welfare		一員工福利	71	-0	14
	— Contributions to retirement		一退休福利計劃供款		-42	475
	benefit scheme			260		175
			-0-0626404			
			5-5-0-05-5	9,038		6,377
(h)	Other items	(h)	其他項目			
(2)	Depreciation of property,	(6)	物業、廠房及設備折舊		23	
	plant and equipment			1,625		1,366
	Auditor's remuneration		核數師薪酬	380	10	420
	Legal and professional fee		法律及專業費用	2,430	KO	1,990
	Design and development costs		設計及開發成本	2,798	58	4,208
	Cost of inventories sold recognised as		確認作為開支的已售	_,,,,,		.,200
	an expense*		存貨成本*	40,883		32,934

including provision for slow-moving and obsolete inventories of approximately HK\$293,000 (2013: reversal of provision of HK\$386,000)

包括滯銷及過時存貨撥備約293,000港元 (2013年: 撥回撥備386,000港元)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

12. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE **HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS**

(a) Remuneration of Directors

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 78 of Schedule 11 to the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), with reference to section 161 of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32) is as follows:

12. 董事及五名最高薪酬人士的 金櫃

(a) 董事酬金

依照新香港公司條例(第622章)附 表11第78條及參照前身香港公司 條例(第32章)第161條之規定,董 事酬金披露如下:

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

				赵王20	14十 12 万 3 1 1	4 工 干 及	
						Employer's contributions	
					Other	to Mandatory	
			Director's		benefits	Provident	
Name of Director			fee	Salary	(Note12)	Fund	Total
					其他福利	強制性公積金	
董事姓名			董事袍金	薪金	(附註12)	僱主供款	合計
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
PERENDA							
ZHANG Qing	張慶	1	_	423	_	9	432
LEE Cheung Ming	李長銘	2	_	360	_	8	368
LI Kwei Chung	李桂聰	3	_	811	66	17	894
SUNG Tak Wing Leo	宋得榮	4	18	686	_	14	718
LIU Kam Lung	廖金龍	5	25	625	_	14	664
YE Jian	葉堅	6	42	_	_	_	42
CHAN Sun Kwong	陳晨光	7	138	_	_	_	138
KO Yin Wai	高賢偉	7	115	_	_	_	115
CHIU Yu Wang	趙汝宏	8	102	_	_	_	102
20000	<u> </u>						
Total	合計		440	2,905	66	62	3,473

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

12. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (Continued)

12. 董事及五名最高薪酬人士的酬金(續)

(a) Remuneration of Directors (Continued)

(a) 董事酬金(續)

Year ended 31 December 2013 截至2013年12月31日止年度

Name of Director			Director's fee	Salary	Other benefits (Note12)	Employer's contributions to Mandatory Provident Fund	Total
董事姓名		Note 附註	董事袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	薪金 HK\$'000 千港元	其他福利 (附註12) HK\$'000 千港元	強制性公積金 僱主供款 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$′000 千港元
LEE Cheung Ming LI Kwei Chung LIU Loi Ying LIU Kam Lung HUI King Chun SUNG Tak Wing Leo CHAN Sun Kwong KO Yin Wai CHAN Chi Kwong, Dickson	李李廖廖許宋陳高陳長桂來金經得晨賢智銘聰英龍振榮光偉光	2 3 9 5 10 4 7 7		563 806 199 672 — — —	- 32 - - - - - -	14 15 5 15 — — —	577 853 204 687 — 100 120 100
Total	合計	-119	353	2,240	32	49	2,674

Notes:

- 1. appointed as executive director and Chairman on 1 July
- 2. resigned as executive director and Chairman on 1 July 2014
- 3. Chief Executive Officer and executive director
- re-designated from independent non-executive director to executive director on 7 March 2014
- re-designated from executive director to non-executive director on 16 October 2014
- 6. appointed as non-executive director on 26 August 2014
- 7. independent non-executive director
- 8. appointed as independent non-executive director on 17 February 2014
- 9. retired as executive director on 30 April 2013
- 10. resigned as non-executive director on 10 April 2013
- 11. retired as independent non-executive director on 30 April 2013
- 12. Other benefits include quarter, car rental allowance and leave pay

附註:

- 1. 於2014年7月1日獲委任為執行董事及主席
- 於2014年7月1日辭任執行董事及 主席
- 3. 行政總裁及執行董事
- 4. 於2014年3月7日由獨立非執行董 事調任為執行董事
- 5. 於2014年10月16日由執行董事調 任為非執行董事
- 6. 於2014年8月26日獲委任為非執行 董事
- 7. 獨立非執行董事
- 8. 於2014年2月17日獲委任為獨立非 執行董事
- 9. 於2013年4月30日退任執行董事
- 10. 於2013年4月10日辭任非執行董事
- 11. 於2013年4月30日退任獨立非執行 董事
- 12. 其他福利包括宿舍、租車補貼及假 期薪資

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

12. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE **HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (Continued)**

(b) Five highest paid individuals' remuneration

The five highest paid individuals of the Group included three directors of the Company for both of the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, details of whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in above. The emoluments of the remaining two highest paid individuals for the year ended 31 December 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

12. 董事及五名最高薪酬人士的 酬金(續)

(b) 五名最高薪酬人士的酬金

本集團截至2014年及2013年12月 31日 | 上年度各年的五名最高薪酬 人士當中,包括本公司三名董事, 其薪酬詳情列入上文披露中。截至 2014年及2013年12月31日 止年度 餘下兩名最高薪酬人士的薪酬如 下:

		2014 2014年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits	薪金、津貼及實物福利		
in kind		1,518	1,430
Contributions to Mandatory	強制性公積金供款		
Provident Fund		34	30
0040402005050			
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	62505000	1,552	1,460

The emoluments of the 2 (2013: 2) individuals with the highest emoluments are all within Nil to HK\$1,000,000.

None of emoluments has been paid to these individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the financial year (2013: Nil). In addition, none of the directors of the Company has waived any emoluments during the year.

該2名(2013年:2名) 最高薪酬人 士的薪酬介乎零港元至1,000,000 港元。

財政年內,本集團並無向上述人士 支付酬金作為鼓勵加入或於其加 入本集團時的獎勵或作為離職的 補償(2013年:無)。此外,概無本 公司董事於年內放棄任何酬金。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

13. LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated loss attributable to owners of the Company includes a loss of approximately HK\$6,028,000 (2013: HK\$2,998,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (see note 28b).

14. DIVIDENDS

No dividends was declared or paid during the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013: Nil).

15. LOSS PER SHARE

(a) Basic loss per share

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the consolidated loss attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2014 of approximately HK\$7,690,000 (2013: HK\$6,090,000), and the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year ended 31 December 2014 of 253,019,178 (2013: 213,589,041).

(b) Diluted loss per share

The Group did not have any dilutive potential ordinary shares during the year ended 31 December 2014 and 2013.

13. 本公司擁有人應佔虧損

本公司擁有人應佔綜合虧損包括已於本公司財務報表處理之虧損約6,028,000港元(2013年:2,998,000港元)(請參閱附註28b)。

14. 股息

截至2014年12月31日止年度,並無宣派 或支付任何股息(2013年:零)。

15. 每股虧損

(a) 每股基本虧損

截至2014年12月31日止年度的每股基本虧損乃根據本公司擁有人應佔綜合虧損約7,690,000港元(2013年:6,090,000港元)及截至2014年12月31日止年度已發行股份加權平均數目253,019,178股股份(2013年:213,589,041股股份)計算。

(b) 每股攤薄虧損

本集團於截至2014年及2013年12 月31日止年度並無任何具攤薄潛力的普通股。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 16. 物業、廠房及設備

		Computer Equipment 電腦設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Instruments 工具 HK\$'000 千港元	Office Equipment 辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor Vehicle 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and Fixture 傢俱及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvement 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Group	本集團							
Valuation/Cost At 1 January 2013,	估值/成本 於2013年1月1日,							
as previously reported	之前已呈報	215	5,201	7	18	25	_	5,466
Change in accounting policy (note 2c)	會計政策變動(附註2c)	299	4,515	37	148	65	150	5,214
At 1 January 2013, as restated	於2013年1月1日,							
A 1.192	經重列	514	9,716	44	166	90	150	10,680
Additions Disposal, as restated	添置 出售,經重列	50 (274)	1,597 (1,848)	(32)	_	(69)	_	1,647 (2,223)
Disposal, as restated	山台「紅里列	(274)	(1,040)	(32)		(03)		(2,223)
At 31 December 2013 and at 1 January 2014, as restated	於2013年12月31日及 於2014年1月1日,							
	經重列	290	9,465	12	166	21	150	10,104
Additions through acquisition of a subsidiary	透過收購一間附屬公司	12		7				10
Additions	添置 添置	131	1,280	21		90	396	19 1,918
Disposal	出售	(18)	(31)	_	(166)	_	_	(215)
At 31 December 2014	於2014年12月31日	415	10,714	40	_	111	546	11,826
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊							
At 1 January 2013	於2013年1月1日	134	2,175	7	18	14	_	2,348
Change in accounting policy	會計政策變動(附註2c)	.5.	271.75					2/3 .0
(note 2c)		292	4,457	37	148	63	150	5,147
At 1 January 2013, as restated	於2013年1月1日,							
The Frantacity 2015, as restated	經重列	426	6,632	44	166	77	150	7,495
Charge for the year, as restated	年內支出,經重列	54	1,308	_	_	4	_	1,366
Written back on disposals	於出售時撥回	(275)	(1,848)	(32)		(68)		(2,223)
At 31 December 2013 and	於2013年12月31日及於							
at 1 January 2014, as restated	2014年1月1日,經重列	205	6,092	12	166	13	150	6,638
Addition through acquisition	透過收購一間附屬公司							-
of a subsidiary Charge for the year	添置 年內支出	4 78	1,414	1 3		16	114	5 1,625
Written back on disposals	於出售時撥回	(18)	(22)	_	(166)	— 10 —	——————————————————————————————————————	(206)
2000000	0202							
At 31 December 2014	於2014年12月31日	269	7,484	16		29	264	8,062
Net book value At 31 December 2014	賬面淨值 於2014年12月31日	146	3,230	24		82	282	3,764
At 31 December 2013, as restated	於2013年12月31日, 經重列	85	3,373			8		3,466
At 1 January 2013, as restated	於2013年1月1日, 經重列	88	3,084			13		3,185

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16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 16. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(Continued)

		Computer Equipment 電腦設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and Fixture 傢俱及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvement 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Company	本公司				
Cost	成本				
Additions and	添置及於2014年				
at 31 December 2014	12月31日	94	72	385	551
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊				
Charge for the year and	年內支出及於				
at 31 December 2014	2014年12月31日	23	12	113	148
Net book value	賬面淨值				
At 31 December 2014	於2014年12月31日	71	60	272	403

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

17. 於附屬公司之權益

(a) Particulars of the Subsidiaries of the Company

(a) 本公司附屬公司詳情

2014

2013

		2014年	2013年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
		106	
Unlisted, at cost	非上市,按成本	407	
1 January	1月1日	16	8
Additions	添置	7	8
		501	
31 December	12月31日	23	16

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17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

(a) Particulars of the Subsidiaries of the Company (Continued)

At as 31 December 2014, the Company had direct or indirect interest in the following subsidiaries, all of which are private companies, particulars of which are set out below:

17. 於附屬公司之權益(續)

(a) 本公司附屬公司詳情(續)

於2014年12月31日,本公司於下 列附屬公司中擁有直接或間接權 益,該等附屬公司全部為私營企 業,相關詳情載列如下:

Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益比例

	Place of		Group's	Interest	/1	
Name of Company 公司名稱	Incorporation	Particulars of Issued Capital/ Registered Capital 已發行股本/註冊 資本詳情	•	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有權益	Held by a Subsidiary 由一間附屬	
公可右悔	經宮地熱	貝 平 矸 间	員际惟盆		公可持有	土安耒肦
Directly held 直接持有 Megalogic Business Limited	BVI	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%	100%		Investment
Megalogic Business Limited	英屬處女群島	1股面值1美元的普通股	100%	100%	750a -	holding 投資控股
Megalogic Investment Limited	BVI	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%	100%	_	Investment
Megalogic Investment Limited	英屬處女群島	1股面值1美元的普通股	100%	100%	_	holding 投資控股
Minilogic Investment Limited	BVI	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
Minilogic Investment Limited	英屬處女群島	1股面值1美元的普通股	100%	100%	_	投資控股
Indirectly held 間接持有						
Easy Loan Finance Limited (note 29)	Hong Kong	2,000,000 ordinary share of HK\$1	100%	-	100%	Money lending
易按財務有限公司(附註29)	香港	2,000,000股面值1港元的 普通股	100%	_	100%	放債
MiniLogic Device Corporation Limited ("MiniLogic HK")	Hong Kong	7,651,200 ordinary share of HK\$1	100%		100%	Design, development and sales of ICs
微創高科有限公司 (「微創高科香港」)	香港	7,651,200股面值1港元的 普通股	100%		100%	設計、開發及 銷售集成 電路
Megalogic China Development Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1	100%		100%	Investment holding
宏創中國發展有限公司	香港	1股面值1港元的普通股	100%	-	100%	投資控股
成都宏創投企業管理有限公司	PRC	Registered capital HK\$1 million	100%		100%	Inactive
成都宏創投企業管理有限公司	中國	註冊資本1百萬港元	100%		100%	暫無營業

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

17. 於附屬公司之權益(續)

(b) Amount due from subsidiaries of the Company

(b) 應收本公司附屬公司款項

		2014 2014年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Company Amount due from subsidiaries Less: Impairment	本公司 應收附屬公司款項 減:減值	3,109 (700)	799 —
		2,409	799

As at 31 December 2014 and 2013, the amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. Several subsidiaries had recurring operating losses and after reviewing the financial performance and financial position of these subsidiaries, impairment loss of approximately HK\$700,000 has been made for the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013: nil). The carrying amount approximates to its fair value as at the reporting date.

於2014年及2013年12月31日,應收附屬公司款項為無抵押、免息並須應要求償還。若干附屬公司擁有經常性經營虧損,於審閱該等附屬公司之財務業績及財務狀況後,已就截至2014年12月31日止年度計提減值虧損約700,000港元(2013年:零)。於本報告日期,該款項賬面值與其公平值相若。

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18. INVENTORIES

18. 存貨

		2014 2014年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Group	本集團		
Raw materials	原材料	1,032	1,860
Work in progress	在製品	3,814	2,394
Finished goods	成品	4,331	3,934
		9,177	8,188
Less: Provision for slow-moving and	減:滯銷及過時存貨		
obsolete inventories	撥備	(691)	(398)
28585858		8,486	7,790

At as 31 December 2014, slow-moving and obsolete inventories amounting to approximately HK\$691,000 (2013: HK\$398,000) had been fully provided for impairment. Apart from that no inventory was carried at net realizable value.

於2014年12月31日,滯銷及過時存貨約 691,000港元(2013年:398,000港元)已 就減值作全面撥備。除此之外,並無存 貨以可變現淨值入賬。

19. TRADE RECEIVABLES

19. 應收貿易賬款

		2014 2014年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Group Trade receivables	本集團 應收貿易賬款	3,868	7,013

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19. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(a) Aging analysis

The Group normally allows a credit period ranging from "cash on delivery" to 90 days to its trade customers as at 31 December 2014 and 2013. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables at the end of each reporting period, presented based on the invoice date:

19. 應收貿易賬款(續)

(a) 賬齡分析

於2014年及2013年12月31日,本 集團通常為其貿易客戶提供「貨到 付款」至90日的信貸期。以下是於 各報告期末按發票日期呈列的應 付貿易賬款的賬齡分析:

		2014	2013
		2014年	2013年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			120208
0–30 days	0-30 日	1,936	3,681
31–60 days	31-60 日	919	1,761
61–90 days	61-90 日	977	1,119
More than 90 days	超過90日	36	452
		0.20	20200
		3,868	7,013

Amounts included in trade receivables at 31 December 2014 and 2013 related to both IC sold and services performed under ASIC services contracts and invoiced to those customers.

The Group has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks on potential customers before granting credit. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties. The Group's exposure and credit ratings of its counterparties are monitored by management. The maximum credit risk of such financial assets is represented by the carrying value of asset.

於2014年及2013年12月31日,列入應收貿易賬款的款項與集成電路銷售及根據ASIC服務合約提供服務有關,並已向該等客戶開具發票。

本集團已制定政策,要求授出信貸 前對潛在客戶進行適當信貸審查。 本集團的政策為僅與信譽良好的 對手方進行交易,而管理層亦會注 意本集團所面對的風險及其對手 方的信貸評級。相關金融資產的最 高信貸風險為資產的賬面值。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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19. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(a) Aging analysis (Continued)

Before accepting any new customer, the Group uses an internal credit assessment process to assess the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Credit limits attributed to customers are reviewed by the management regularly. In determining recoverability of a trade receivable, the Group considers any change in credit quality of the trade receivable from the date credit was initially granted up to the end of the reporting period.

(b) Trade receivables that are not impaired

Included in the Group's trade receivables balance are debtors with approximately aggregate carrying amount of HK\$2,279,000 and HK\$3,180,000 which are past due as at 2014 and 2013 respectively for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

The aging analysis of the Group's trade receivables which are past due but not impaired is as follows:

19. 應收貿易賬款(續)

(a) 賬齡分析(續)

於接納任何新客戶之前,本集團運 用內部信貸評估程序以評估潛在 客戶的信貸質素及界定客戶的信 貸限額。給予客戶的信貸限額由管 理層定期檢討。釐定應收貿易賬款 的可收回程度時,本集團考慮自初 次授出信貸當日至報告期末應收 貿易賬款信貸質素的任何轉變。

(b) 並無減值之應收貿易賬款

列入本集團應收貿易賬款結餘中 有賬面值合共約為2,279,000港元 及3,180,000港元的應收款項,該等 款項已分別於2014年及2013年逾 期,而本集團尚未為減值虧損作出 撥備。本集團並無就該等結餘持有 任何抵押品。

本集團的已逾期但未減值的應收 貿易賬款賬齡分析如下:

		2014 2014年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
0–30 days	0-30 日	348	229
31–60 days	31–60 ⊟	919	1,380
61–90 days	61-90 日	977	1,119
More than 90 days	超過90日	35	452
000000000		0/0	
		2,279	3,180

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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19. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(b) Trade receivables that are not impaired (Continued)

Trade receivables that were past due but not impaired related to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary as there has not been a significant change in credit quality up to the date of this report and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

19. 應收貿易賬款(續)

(b) 並無減值之應收貿易賬款 (續)

已逾期但未減值的應收貿易賬款與近期並無拖欠記錄的若干獨立客戶有關。根據過往經驗,管理層認為毋需作出減值撥備,原因是截至本報告日期信貸質素並無重大改變,而結餘仍被視為可全數取回。

20. LOAN RECEIVABLES

20. 應收貸款

		2014 2014年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Group Loan to a customer Accrued interest receivables	本集團 授予一名客戶之貸款 應收應計利息	200	
		202	08000
		2014 2014年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Company Loan to a subsidiary Accrued interest receivables	本公司 授予一間附屬公司之貸款 應收應計利息	200	
		201	0000

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

20. LOAN RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The above balances are unsecured, interest bearing, neither past due nor impaired and are repayable with fixed terms agreed with the customer and the subsidiary. The loan receivables related to money lending business.

The Group has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks on potential customers before granting loan.

The Group's exposure and credit ratings of its counterparties are monitored by management. The maximum credit risk of such financial assets is represented by the carrying value of asset. Before accepting any new customer, the Group uses an internal credit assessment process to assess the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits.

In determining recoverability of a loan receivable, the Group considers any change in credit quality of the loan receivable from the date of the loan was initially granted up to the end of the reporting period.

20. 應收貸款(續)

上述結餘為無抵押、計息、未逾期及未減值而且應於客戶與附屬公司協定之固定期限內償還。應收貸款涉及放債業務。

本集團已制定政策,要求授出貸款前對 潛在客戶進行適當信貸審查。

管理層會注意本集團所面對的風險及其對手方的信貸評級。相關金融資產的最高信貸風險為資產的賬面值。於接納任何新客戶之前,本集團運用內部信貸評估程序以評估潛在客戶的信貸質素及界定信貸限額。

釐定應收貸款的可收回程度時,本集團 考慮自初次授出貸款當日至報告期末應 收貸款信貸質素的任何轉變。

21. TRADING SECURITIES

21. 貿易證券

		2014 2014年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Group and Company Listed equity securities at fair value in Hong Kong	本集團及本公司 香港按公平值計量的 上市股本證券	3,810	

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

21. TRADING SECURITIES (Continued)

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's and the Company's trading securities measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.

Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

21. 貿易證券(續)

(i) 公平值層級

下表列示本集團及本公司於報告期末按經常性基準計量之貿易證券之公平值,並分類為香港財務報告準則第13號公平值計量所界定之三級公平值架構。將公平值計量分類之等級乃經參考如下估值方法所用數據之可觀察性及重要性後釐定:

第一級估值:僅使用第一級輸入數據(即於計量日同類資產或負債於活躍市場之未經調整報價)計量之公平值。

第二級估值:使用第二級輸入數據 (即未能達到第一級之可觀察輸入 數據)且並未使用重大不可觀察輸 入數據計量之公平值。不可觀察輸 入數據為無市場數據之輸入數據。

第三級估值:使用重大不可觀察輸入數據計量之公平值。

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21. TRADING SECURITIES (Continued)

21. 貿易證券(續)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

(i) 公平值層級(續)

Fair value measurement as at 31 December 2014 Categorized into

於2014年12月31日之公平值計量分類為

Level 3	Level 2	Level 1
第三級	第二級	第一級
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元

Group and Company Trading securities

本集團及本公司

貿易證券

3,810

The fair value of all the trading securities of the Group and the Company measured as at 31 December 2014 on a recurring basis were categorised into Level 1 valuations. During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group and the Company did not have trading securities under Level 2 and Level 3 valuations.

本集團及本公司於2014年12月31 日按經常性基準計量之所有貿易 證券之公平值均分類為第一級估 值。截至2014年12月31日止年度, 本集團及本公司並無分類為第二 級和第三級估值的貿易證券。

22. DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

22. 按金及預付款項

		2014 2014年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013年 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Group	本集團		
Deposit for purchase of raw materials	採購原材料之按金	798	1,629
Rental and utilities deposits for leases	租約之租金及水電按金	384	192
Deposits for decoration	裝修之按金	_	130
Prepayment for director's quarter	董事宿舍預付款項	160	_
Prepayment for legal and professional fees	法律及專業費用預付款項	219	77
Others	其他	220	127
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
		1,781	2,155

The amount of the Company's deposits and prepayments mainly represents prepayment of expenses as at 31 December 2014 and 2013.

於2014年及2013年12月31日,本公司之 按金及預付款項金額主要指開支預付款

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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23. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balance and cash comprise cash and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less which are held with financial institutions and carry interest at prevailing market rates. The average effective interest rates of the Group's bank balances are 0.78% and 0.55% per annum, as at 31 December 2014 and 2013 respectively.

23. 銀行結餘及現金

銀行結餘及現金包括現金及存放於金融機構原到期時間為三個月或以下及以現行市場利率計息的短期存款。於2014年及2013年12月31日,本集團銀行結餘的平均實際年利率分別為0.78%及0.55%。

		2014	2013
		2014年	2013年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 ———————	千港元
			168068
Group	本集團		
Fixed deposit with banks	銀行定期存款	25,035	43,296
Cash at bank and in hand	銀行及庫存現金	32,179	5,582
		(0)	
		57,214	48,878
415-6-19	9-15-D-0-15-0	THE KOKES	
		2014	2013
		2014年	2013年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		28	20008
Company	本公司	107	59660
Fixed deposit with banks	銀行定期存款	25,035	43,296
Cash at bank and in hand	銀行及庫存現金	29,233	4,429
		08	50000
		54,268	47,725

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

24. TRADE PAYABLES

An aging analysis of the Group's trade payables, presented based on the invoice date at the end of each reporting period, is as follows:

24. 應付貿易賬款

本集團於各報告期末按發票日期呈列的 應付貿易賬款的賬齡分析如下:

		2014 2014年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 2013年 HK\$′000 千港元
Group	本集團		
0–30 days 31–60 days	0–30 日 31–60 日	1,159 943	871 1,351
		2,102	2,222

25. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

The Group's other payables and accruals mainly represent accrued expenses, deposit and receipt in advance from customers. As at 31 December 2014, the balance includes amounts due to a director of HK\$192,000 (2013: nil), which represents an expense of the Group paid by the director and is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The Company's other payables and accruals mainly represent accrued expenses.

25. 其他應付及應計款項

本集團其他應付及應計款項主要指應計 開支、按金及預收客戶款項。於2014年 12月31日,結餘包括應付一名董事款項 192,000港元(2013年:零),該款項指該 董事支付的本集團費用,為無抵押、免 息並須應要求償還。

本公司其他應付及應計款項主要指應計 開支。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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26. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

The Group participates in a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("the MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, the Group and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000 (HK\$25,000 prior to 1 June 2014). Contributions to the MPF scheme vest immediately. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in fund under the control of trustees.

The PRC subsidiary of the Group also participate in a defined contribution retirement benefit scheme ("the PRC scheme") organised by the PRC municipal and provincial government authorities whereby the PRC subsidiary is required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the retirement benefit scheme. The Group has accrued for the required contributions which are remitted to the respective local government authorities when the contributions become due. The local government authorities are responsible for the pension obligations payable to the retired employees covered under the PRC Schemes.

The total expense recognised in profit or loss represents contributions payable to these schemes by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the schemes. The Group has no other material obligation for payment of retirement benefits beyond the contributions as described above.

26. 退休福利計劃

本集團為所有香港合資格僱員參與根據香港強制性公積金計劃係例設立的強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃乃由獨立信託人管理的定額供款退休計劃。根據強積金計劃,本額與不分別須按僱員有關收入分數。向該計劃作出供款,而有關收入分數。向該計劃作出供款,而有關收入的以每月30,000港元(2014年6月1日之前為25,000港元)為上限。向強積金計劃資產乃與本集團資產分開持有,放置於受託人控制的基金內。

本集團中國附屬公司亦參與一項由中國 市級及省級政府部門組織的定額供款屬 公司被要求將其若干比例的工資貢獻 予退休福利計劃。本集團已產生規定 款,該等供款乃於供款到期時匯 大政府部門。地方政府部門負 大政府部門。地方政府部門負 大政府部門。越 大政府部門。越

於損益賬確認之開支總額指本集團應按 計劃條款指定比例向該等計劃支付之供 款。本集團除上述供款外,並無其他重 大的支付退休福利責任。

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27. DEFERRED TAXATION

(a) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised:

The components of deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

27. 遞延税項

(a) 確認的遞延税項資產及負

於綜合財務狀況表確認的遞延稅 項(資產)/負債組成部分以及其於 年內的變動如下:

		Revaluation of property, plant and equipment 重估物業、 廠房及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税務 折舊 HK\$'000 千港元	Unused tax losses 未動用税務 虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$′000 千港元
Deferred tax arising from	n 所產生的遞延税項				
At 1 January 2013, as previously reported Change in accounting	於2013年1月1日, 之前已呈報 會計政策變動	34	454	(488)	_
policy (note 2c)	(附註2c)	(34)	45		11
At 1 January 2013, as restated Credited to profit or loss,	於2013年1月1日, 經重列 計入損益,經重列		499	(488)	11
as restated	引入損益, 紅里別	_	48	(97)	(49)
At 31 December 2013, as restated	於2013年12月31日, 經重列		547	(585)	(38)
At 1 January 2014, as previously reported Change in accounting	於2014年1月1日, 之前已呈報 會計政策變動	54	531	(585)	- -
policy (note 2c)	(附註2c)	(54)	16	-	(38)
(Credited)/charged to	(計入)/扣除損益		547	(585)	(38)
profit or loss	CHI S VIV. JEIW JSS TILL	-	(19)	57	38
At 31 December 2014	於2014年12月31日	880-	528	(528)	

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

27. DEFERRED TAXATION (Continued)

(b) Deferred tax assets not recognised

As at 31 December 2014, the Group has unused tax loss of approximately HK\$13,017,000 (2013: HK\$9,997,000) available for offset against future profits that may be carried forward indefinitely. Deferred tax assets have been recognised in respect of HK\$3,205,000 (2013: HK\$3,550,000) of such tax loss. No further deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax loss due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

27. 遞延税項(續)

(b) 未確認的遞延税項資產

於2014年12月31日,本集團尚未動用之税項虧損約為13,017,000港元(2013年:9,997,000港元),可用以抵銷未來溢利並可無限期結轉。本集團已就此等税項虧損確認3,205,000港元)之遞延税項資產。因未能預測未來溢利來源,故並未就税項虧損確認更多遞延税項資產。

28. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Share capital

28. 股本

(a) 股本

				2014年 2013 c. of shares Nominal value No. of shares 股份數目 面值 股份數目 '000 HK\$'000 '000	
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each					
At 1 January and 31 December	於1月1日及 12月31日	10,000,000	1,000,000	10,000,000	1,000,000
Ordinary share, issued and fully paid	已發行及繳足 的普通股				
At 1 January Issue of shares upon placing	於1月1日 因配售發行股份 (附註(i))	240,000	24,000	200,000	20,000
(note (i))		48,000	4,800	40,000	4,000
At 31 December	於12月31日	288,000	28,800	240,000	24,000

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

28. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

(a) Share capital (Continued)

premium account.

(i) Issued of share upon placing On 30 August 2013, 40,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each were issued by way of placing at a price of HK\$0.25 per share (the "Placing Price I") for cash consideration of HK\$10,000,000. The excess of the Placing Price I over the par value of the Shares issued was credited to the share

On 24 September 2014, 48,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each were issued by way of placing at a price of HK\$0.40 per share (the "Placing Price II") for cash consideration of HK\$19,200,000. The excess of the Placing Price II over the par value of the Shares issued was credited to the share premium account.

(b) Movements in components of equity

(i) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 80 and 81 of the consolidated financial statements.

Merger reserve arose as a result of the reorganization taken place on 20 December 2011 which represents the differences between the issued shares and share premium of MiniLogic HK upon group reorganization and the nil-paid issued of 380,000 shares of the Company which credited as fully paid.

28. 股本(續)

(a) 股本(續)

因配售發行股份 (i)

於2013年8月30日,本公司 透過配售方式按每股0.25港 元的價格(「配售價」)發行 40.000.000股每股面值0.10港 元的普通股以換取現金代價 10.000.000港 元。配售價I超 出已發行股份面值的部分已 計入股份溢價賬。

於2014年9月24日,本公司 透過配售方式按每股0.40港 元的價格(「配售價III)發行 48,000,000股每股面值0.10港 元的普通股以換取現金代價 19,200,000港元。配售價Ⅱ超 出已發行股份面值的部分已 計入股份溢價賬。

(b) 權益組成變動

(i) 本集團

本集團本年度及往年的儲備 金額及其變動呈列於綜合財 務報表第80及81頁的綜合權 益變動表內。

2011年12月20日因重組而產 生的合併儲備指集團重組後 微創高科香港的已發行股份 及股份溢價與本公司以未繳 股款方式發行的380,000股入 賬列為繳足的股份之間的差 額。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

28. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

(b) Movements in components of equity (Continued)

(ii) The Company

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

28. 股本(續)

(b) 權益組成變動(續)

(ii) 本公司

本集團綜合權益各組成部分 期初與期末結餘的對賬載於 綜合權益變動表。本公司各 個權益組成部分於本年度期 初至期末的變動詳情如下:

				(Accumulated losses)/	
		Share capital	Share premium	retained profits (累計虧損)/	Total
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance as at 1 January 2013	於2013年1月1日結餘	20,000	14,702	6,902	41,604
Loss for the year	年度虧損	_	_	(2,998)	(2,998)
Total comprehensive expense	全面開支總額	-		(2,998)	(2,998)
Transactions with owner:	與擁有人之交易:				
Issue of shares upon placing (note 28(a)(i)) Expenses incurred in connection with the issue of shares during the year	因配售發行股份 (附註28(a)(i)) 年內發行股份產生 的開支	4,000	6,000	88848	10,000
		0	(265)	0400-0	(265)
		4,000	5,735	3050F	9,735
Balance as at 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	於2013年12月31日及 2014年1月1日結餘	24,000	20,437	3,904	48,341
Loss for the year	年度虧損	-	- 200	(6,028)	(6,028)
Total comprehensive expense	全面開支總額		000	(6,028)	(6,028)
Transactions with owner:	與擁有人之交易:				
Issue of shares upon Placing (note 28(a)(i)) Expenses incurred in connection with	因配售發行股份 (附註28(a)(i)) 年內發行股份產生	4,800	14,400	3000	19,200
the issue of shares during the year	的開支	60-	(560)	40.40	(560)
0-0-0-0-0-0-1	10.90.989	4,800	13,840	0000	18,640
Balance at 31 December 2014	於2014年12月31日結餘	28,800	34,277	(2,124)	60,953

綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

28. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

(c) Capital Management

The Group manages its capital to ensure the entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and retained profits.

The management of the Group reviews the capital structure periodically. The Group considers the cost of capital and risk associated with each class of capital, and will balance its overall capital structure through payment of dividends, issuance of new shares as well as the raising of new debts.

29. ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY

On 31 May 2014, the Group obtained control of Easy Loan Finance Limited ("Easy Loan") by acquiring 100% issued share capital and voting interest in Easy Loan through an indirectly wholly owned subsidiary. Taking control of Easy Loan enables the Group to explore the opportunity of developing the money lending business and to diversify the Group's existing business.

Since the acquisition of Easy Loan and up to 31 December 2014, Easy Loan contributed revenue of approximately HK\$7,000 and incurred a loss of approximately HK\$443,000 to the Group's results. Had Easy Loan been consolidated from 1 January 2014, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income would show pro-forma revenue and loss of approximately HK\$52,136,000 and HK\$8,129,000 respectively.

28. 股本(續)

(c) 資本管理

本集團管理其資本以確保本集團 旗下實體能持續經營業務,而另一 方面能透過優化債務與股本結餘 為股東爭取最大回報。

本集團的資本架構包括本公司擁 有人應佔權益(包括已發行股本、 儲備及保留溢利)。

本集團的管理層定期檢討資本架構。本集團考慮與各類資本有關的資本成本和風險,並會透過支付股息、發行新股以及舉新債以平衡其整體資本架構。

29. 收購一間附屬公司

於2014年5月31日,本集團透過一間間接全資附屬公司收購易按財務有限公司(「易按」)100%已發行股本及投票權益而獲得易按控制權。獲得易按的控制權為本集團提供開展放債業務的機會以及分散本集團現有之業務。

自收購易按起至2014年12月31日,易按貢獻收益約7,000港元及為本集團的業績產生虧損約443,000港元。倘若易按自2014年1月1日起合併,綜合全面收益表將會分別顯示備考收益及虧損約52,136,000港元及8,129,000港元。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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29. ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY (Continued)

29. 收購一間附屬公司(續)

(a) Consideration transferred

The following table summarises the acquisition-date fair value of consideration transferred:

(a) 已轉讓代價

下表概列已轉讓代價於收購日期的公平值:

As at acquisition date fair value 於收購日期的 公平值 HK\$'000 千港元

Cash and total consideration transferred

現金及已轉讓代價總額

110

The following table summarises the acquisition-date fair value of consideration transferred:

The consideration was determined at approximately HK\$110,000 based on the audited net asset value of Easy Loan of approximately HK\$809,000 less the amount due from shareholder of approximately HK\$699,000 as at 31 May 2014.

(b) Acquisition-related costs

The Group incurred acquisition-related costs of approximately HK\$27,000 relating to due diligence and stamp duty. These costs have been included in "other operating expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2014.

下表概列已轉讓代價於收購日期的公平值:

代價約為110,000港元,乃基於易按的經審核資產淨值約809,000港元減於2014年5月31日的應收股東款項約699,000港元釐定。

(b) 收購相關成本

本集團產生與盡職調查及印花税有關的收購相關成本約27,000港元。該等成本已計入截至2014年12月31日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表的「其他經營開支」。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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29. ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY (Continued)

(c) Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarises the recognised amounts of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition:

29. 收購一間附屬公司(續)

(c) 所收購的可識別資產及所承 擔的負債

下表概列假設於收購日期所收購 的資產及所承擔的負債的已確認 余額:

> As at acquisition date 於收購日期 HK\$'000 千港元

	4-44 ch = 7 10 /#	4.4
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	14
Rental deposit	租賃按金	50
Amount due from shareholder	應收股東款項	699
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	55
Other payables	其他應付賬款	(9)
Total identifiable net assets acquired	所收購的可識別淨資產總額	809

Fair values measured on a provisional basis Employees under the Easy Loan's employment contract are subject to employment regulations. The Group had conducted an assessment of the unpaid annual leave provision and has recognized a provisional amount.

(d) Net cash flow on acquisition

按臨時基準計量之公平值 易按僱傭合約下的僱員須受僱傭 條例規限。本集團已對未付年假撥 備開展評估,並已確認撥備金額。

(d) 收購時的淨現金流量

As at acquisition date fair value 於收購日期的 公平值 HK\$'000

千港元

Net cash outflow	現金流出淨額	(55)
balances acquired	價物結餘	55
Add: cash and cash equivalent	加上:所收購的現金及現金等	
Consideration paid in cash	以現金支付的代價	(110)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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30. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At the end of the reporting period, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating lease in respect of leased properties are payable as follows:

30. 經營租賃承擔

於報告期末,根據不可撤銷經營租賃持 有的租賃物業之日後最低租賃總付款如 下:

	2014 2014年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 2013年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year — 年內 After one year but within five years — 年後但五年內	1,277 1,026	434 312
	2,303	746

Operating lease payments mainly represent rentals payable by the Group for its office premises and a warehouse in Hong Kong. Lease payments are fixed throughout the lease term agreed. None of the leased includes contingent rentals. 經營租賃付款主要指本集團就其位於香港的辦公室單位及倉庫應付的租金。租賃付款乃根據協定的租期釐定。已租賃項目不包括或然租金。

31. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Group did not have any material capital commitments as at 31 December 2014 (2013: nil).

31. 資本承擔

本集團於2014年12月31日並無任何重 大資本承擔(2013年:無)。

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 16 May 2012 ("the Adoption Date"). Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years effective from 10 July 2012 of the scheme and will expire on 9 July 2022.

The purpose of the Share Options Scheme is to provide incentives to the participants. The participants of the Share Option Scheme, as absolutely determined by the Board, include:

 (a) any employee (whether full time or part time employee, including any executive directors) of any member of the Group or any entity in which the Group holds any equity interest ("Invested Entity");

32. 購股權計劃

本公司於2012年5月16日(「採納日期」) 採納一項購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。 購股權計劃由2012年7月10日起10年內 有效直至2022年7月9日屆滿。

購股權計劃之目的為獎勵其參與者。購 股權計劃之參與者(均由董事會全權決 定)包括:

(a) 本集團任何成員公司或本集團持 有任何股權之任何實體(「受投資 實體」)之任何僱員(不論全職或兼 職僱員,包括任何執行董事);

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

- any non-executive directors (including independent nonexecutive directors) of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- any supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- any customer of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; and
- any adviser (professional or otherwise) or consultant to any area of business or business development of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity.

The maximum number of shares in respect to which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company on the date of adopting the Share Option Scheme. The limit may be refreshed at any time provided that the new limit must not be in aggregate exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the shareholders' approval in general meeting. However, the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other scheme of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue on the last date of such 12-month period unless approval of the shareholders of the Company has been obtained in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules. A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable on acceptance of the grant of an option.

32. 購股權計劃(續)

- 本集團任何成員公司或任何受投 資實體之任何非執行董事(包括獨 立非執行董事);
- 向本集團仟何成員公司或仟何受 投資實體提供貨物或服務之任何 供應商;
- 本集團任何成員公司或任何受投 資實體之任何客戶;
- 向本集團任何成員公司或任何受 投資實體提供研究、開發或其他技 術支援之任何人士或實體;
- 本集團任何成員公司或任何受投 (f) 資實體之任何股東或本集團任何 成員公司或任何受投資實體所發 行任何證券之任何持有人;及
- 本集團任何成員公司或任何受投 資實體之任何領域業務或業務發 展方面之任何顧問(專業或其他) 或諮詢者。

根據購股權計劃可能授出之購股權所涉 及的股份數目,最多不得超過採納購股 權計劃當日本公司已發行股本之10%。 該上限可隨時更新,惟新限額合共不得 超過股東於股東大會批准當日本公司已 發行股本之10%。然而,根據購股權計 劃及本公司任何其他計劃已授出但尚未 行使之全部購股權獲行使時,可予發行 之股份數目合共不得超過當時已發行股 份之30%。於任何十二個月期間內,向 任何個別人士授出之購股權獲行使時, 可予發行之股份數目不得超過該十二 個月期間最後一天本公司已發行股份之 1%,除非按照創業板上市規則經由本 公司股東批準則作別論。接納授出之購 股權時,應付象徵性代價1港元。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Options may be exercised at any time from the date of grant of the option to the 10th anniversary of the date of grant as may be determined by the Directors. The exercise price is determined by the Directors, and will not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price per share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets on the date of the grant of the options; (ii) the average closing price per share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the grant of the options; or (iii) the nominal value of a share.

On the basis 10% of the shares of the Company in issue as at the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme, the total number of shares of the Company which may be issued upon the exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme is 20,000,000 shares, representing 6.9% of the issued share capital of the Company, and 20,000,000 shares, representing 8.3% of the issued share capital of the Company, as at the dates of this annual report and 2013 annual report respectively.

No share option was granted, exercised, cancelled, expired or lapsed since the adoption of the Share Option Scheme and up to 31 December 2014 and there were no outstanding share options under the Share Option Scheme as at 31 December 2014.

33. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2014, 7 (2013: 7) employees of the Group have completed the required number of years of service under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance (the "Ordinance"), to be eligible for long service payments on termination of their employment. The Group is only liable to make such payments where the termination meets the circumstances specified in the Ordinance.

32. 購股權計劃(續)

購股權可在授出當日起至授出日之十周 年為止期間內隨時行使,而期限由董事 釐定。行使價將由董事釐定,但不會低 於下列之最高者:(i)每股股份在購股權 授出當日在聯交所每日報價表上之收市 價:(ii)緊接授出購股權日期前五個營業 日每股股份在聯交所每日報價表上之平 均收市價:或(iii)股份面值。

按採納購股權計劃日期本公司已發行股份之10%計算,於本年報及2013年年報日期,購股權計劃將予授出之所有購股權獲行使而可予發行之本公司股份總數分別為20,000,000股(代表本公司已發行股本6.9%)及20,000,000股(代表本公司已發行股本8.3%)。

自採納購股權計劃起及截至2014年12月 31日止,概無任何購股權已獲授出、行 使、取消、到期或失效,且於2014年12 月31日該計劃項目下概無任何尚未行使 之購股權。

33. 或然負債

於2014年12月31日,本集團有7名(2013年:7名)僱員已完成根據香港僱傭條例 (「該條例」)的所需服務年數而合資格於 終止僱用時享有長期服務金。本集團只 就該終止符合該條例所指定的情況下須 作出有關付款。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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33. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

If the termination of all such employees met the circumstances set out in the Ordinance, the Group's liability as at 31 December 2014 and 2013 would be approximately HK\$91,000 and HK\$94,000 respectively. No provision has been made for these amounts in the consolidated financial statements as the directors of the Company are of the view that these amounts are not expected to crystallise in the foreseeable future

Save as disclosed above, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2014 and 2013.

34. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in note 12(a) and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in note 12(b), is as follows:

33. 或然負債(續)

如所有上述僱員終止服務符合該條例所 載列的情況,則本集團於2014年及2013 年12月31日的負債分別約為91,000港元 及94,000港元。本集團並無就這些金額 於綜合財務報表中作出撥備,因為本公 司董事認為預期這些金額於可見將來不 會實現。

除以上所披露外,本集團於2014年及 2013年12月31日並無任何重大或然負 倩。

34. 關連人士披露

(a) 主要管理人員的薪酬

本集團主要管理人員的酬金,包 括如附註12(a)所披露已支付予本 公司董事的金額及已支付如附註 12(b)所披露的若干最高薪酬僱員 的金額如下:

		2014 2014年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 2013年 HK\$′000 千港元
Salary and other short term employee benefits	薪金及其他短期僱員福利	4,489	3,767
Post employment benefits	離職福利	95	86
		4,584	3,853

(b) Related party balance

Details of the Group's outstanding balances with related parties are set out in note 25.

(b) 關連人士結餘

本集團與關連人士尚未結清結餘 之詳情載於附註25。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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34. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

(c) Applicability of the GEM Listing Rules relating to connected transactions

None of above related party transactions falls under the definition of connected transaction or continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 20 of GEM Listing Rules.

35. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

As a result of the change in accounting policy as disclosed in note 2(c), certain comparative figures have been adjusted accordingly. In addition, certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

36. EVENT AFTER REPORTING PERIODS

On 15 January 2015, Easy Loan Finance Limited ("Easy Loan"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and Mr. WONG Siu Piu, a substantial shareholder of the Company entered into a loan agreement, pursuant to which Easy Loan agreed to grant the loan in the amount of HK\$8.7 million for a term of 6 months.

37. AUTHORISATION OF ISSUE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 20 March 2015.

34. 關連人士披露(續)

(c) 創業板上市規則對關連交易 的適用性

根據創業板上市規則第20章,概無上述關連方交易不符合關連交易 或持續關連交易的定義。

35. 比較金額

由於附註2(c)披露之會計政策變動,若 干比較數字已相應地作出調整。此外, 若干比較金額已經重列,以符合本年度 之呈列方式。

36. 報告期後事項

於2015年1月15日,本公司間接全資附屬公司易按財務有限公司(「易按」)與本公司一名主要股東黃小彪先生訂立一項貸款協議,據此,易按同意授出金額為8.7百萬港元為期6個月之貸款。

37. 授權刊發綜合財務報表

董事會已於2015年3月20日批准並授權 刊發綜合財務報表。

Summary of Five Year Financial Information 五年財務資料概要

The following is a summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements and restated/reclassified as appropriate:

以下為摘自已刊發經審核財務報表及經恰當 重列/重新歸類之本集團過去五個財政年度 之業績、資產及負債概要:

RESULTS

業績

		Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度				
		2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
		2014年	2013年	2012年	2011年	2010年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
			(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
02020202			(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)
	105055					
Revenue	收益	52,136	42,769	31,281	59,134	66,066
(Loss)/profit for the year	年度(虧損)/溢利	(7,690)	(6,090)	(17,354)	10,847	16,263
(Loss)/earnings per share	每股(虧損)/盈利					
(HK cents)	(港仙)	(3.04)	(2.85)	(8.79)	7.23	10.84

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

資產及負債

		As at 31 December					
		於12月31日					
		2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	
		2014年	2013年	2012年	2011年	2010年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
			(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	
			(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)	
200000	1020-Y000						
Total assets	總資產	79,125	69,340	64,090	46,842	33,633	
Total liabilities	總負債	4,048	5,217	3,612	3,332	10,971	
Net assets	資產淨值	75,077	64,123	60,478	43,510	22,662	

Note: As a result of the change in accounting policy for the Group's property, 附註: 由於本集團物業、廠房及設備的會計政策於 plant and equipment from revaluation model to cost model in 2014, the Group has retrospectively adjusted the amounts reported for previous periods.

2014年由重估模式變更為成本模式,本集團已 追溯調整就之前期間呈報的金額。



