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# CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GROWTH ENTERPRISE MARKET OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration. The greater risk profile and other characteristics of GEM mean that it is a market more suited to professional and other sophisticated investors.

Given the emerging nature of companies listed on GEM, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

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This report, for which the Directors collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

#### 香港聯合交易所有限公司創業板之特色

創業板乃為較於聯交所上市之其他公司帶有更高投資風險之公司提供上市之市場。有意投資者應瞭解投資於該等公司之潛在風險,並應經過審慎周詳考慮後方作出投資決定。創業板之較高風險及其他特色表示創業板較適合專業及其他經驗豐富之投資者。

基於創業板上市公司之新興性質,在創業板買賣之證券可能會承受較於聯交所主板買賣之證券為高之市場波動風險,亦無法保證在創業板買賣之證券會有高流通量之市場。

香港交易及結算所有限公司及聯交所對本報告之內容概不負責,對其準確性或完整性亦不發表任何聲明,並明確表示概不就因本報告全部或任何部分內容而產生或因倚賴該等內容而引致之任何損失承擔任何責任。

本報告載有根據創業板上市規則而提供有關本公司之資料,各董事願就本報告共同及個別承擔全部責任。董事在作出一切合理查詢後確認,就彼等所知及所信,本報告所載資料在所有重大方面均屬準確完整及並無誤導或欺詐成份,且本文或本報告並無遺漏任何其他事項致使當中任何聲明有所誤導。

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# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務摘要

Cash and cash equivalents

Equity attributable to owners of

Total liabilities

the Company

## CONSOLIDATED RESULTS ## For the year ended 31 March    Changes					
Changes   2015   2014   2零 - 五年   二零 - 四年   HK\$'000   HK\$'000   千港元   千港元   千港元   日本元	CONSOLIDATED RESULTS		綜合業績		
### Revenue	For the year ended 31 March		截至三月三十一日	1止年度	
### Revenue					
HK\$'000			Changes	2015	2014
Revenue 收益 14.0% 369,635 324,331 50,100 Loss before income tax 除所得税前虧損 -90.6% (45,352) (443,513) (431,292) Basic loss per Share (HK cents) 每股基本虧損(港仙) N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 March			變動	二零一五年	二零一四年
Revenue 收益 14.0% 369,635 Gross profit 毛利 -53.9% 23,082 (45,352) (483,513) Loss attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應估虧損 -90.3% (41,723) (431,292) Basic loss per Share (HK cents) 每股基本虧損 (港仙)				HK\$'000	
Second Profit				千港元	千港元
Second Profit					
Loss before income tax 除所得税前虧損 -90.6% (45,352) (483,513) Loss attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應估虧損 -90.3% (41,723) (431,292) Basic loss per Share (HK cents) 每股基本虧損 (港仙) -94.7% N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用  CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION	Revenue	收益	14.0%	369,635	324,331
Loss attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應估虧損 -90.3% (41,723) (25.14) Dividend per Share (HK cents) 每股基本虧損(港仙) N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 March   CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION	Gross profit	毛利	-53.9%	23,082	50,100
Basic loss per Share (HK cents) 每股基本虧損 (港仙) -94.7% N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用 Septiment Septimen	Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	-90.6%	(45,352)	(483,513)
Dividend per Share (HK cents) 每股股息 (港仙) N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用 Share (HK cents) 年 N/A不適用 N/A	Loss attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔虧損	-90.3%	(41,723)	(431,292)
### CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION  ### As at 31 March    Changes	Basic loss per Share (HK cents)	每股基本虧損(港仙)	-94.7%	(1.34)	(25.14)
As at 31 March    於三月三十一日	Dividend per Share (HK cents)	每股股息(港仙)	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
As at 31 March    於三月三十一日					
Changes       2015       2014         變動       二零一五年       二零一四年         HK\$'000       HK\$'000         千港元       千港元	CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POS	SITION	綜合財務狀況		
<ul><li>變動 二零一五年 二零一四年</li><li>HK\$'000 HK\$'000</li><li>千港元 千港元</li></ul>	As at 31 March		於三月三十一日		
<ul><li>變動 二零一五年 二零一四年</li><li>HK\$'000 HK\$'000</li><li>千港元 千港元</li></ul>					
<ul><li>變動 二零一五年 二零一四年</li><li>HK\$'000 HK\$'000</li><li>千港元 千港元</li></ul>			Changes	2015	2014
<b>千港元</b>			變動	二零一五年	二零一四年
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Total assets 總資產 10.1% <b>366,612</b> 332,957				千港元	千港元
Total assets 總資產 10.1% <b>366,612</b> 332,957					
	Total assets	總資產	10.1%	366,612	332,957

現金及現金等價物

本公司擁有人應佔權益

總負債

20,609

740,896

(407,939)

201.6%

-46.6%

92.9%

62,166

395,578

(28,966)

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務摘要

**RATIOS** 

As at 31 March

比率

於三月三十一日

2015

2014

二零一五年

二零一四年

Return on equity (Note a)
Return on assets (Note b)

Current ratio (Note c)
Gearing ratio (Note d)

權益回報(附註a) 資產回報(附註b)

流動比率(*附註c*)

資產負債比率(附註d)

N/A不適用 -11.4%

1.66 times倍 70.1%

0.18 time倍

178.8%

N/A不適用

-129.5%

Notes:

(a) Return on equity is calculated as net loss divided by Shareholders' equity.

- (b) Return on assets is calculated as net loss divided by total assets.
- (c) Current ratio is calculated as total current assets divided by total current liabilities.
- (d) Gearing ratio is calculated as total amount of bank overdraft, promissory note, convertible notes, finance lease payables and advance received from customers divided by total assets.

附註:

- (a) 權益回報乃按淨虧損除以股東權益計算。
- (b) 資產回報乃按淨虧損除以總資產計算。
- (c) 流動比率乃按流動資產總額除以流動負債總額計 質。
- (d) 資產負債比率乃按銀行透支、承兑票據、可換股票據、融資租賃應付款項及已收客戶墊款總和除以總資產計算。

# CORPORATE PROFILE 公司簡介

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of waterworks engineering services for the public sector in Hong Kong, television broadcasting business in the Asia-Pacific region (excluding the PRC) in return for advertising and related revenue and large outdoor display screen advertisement in the PRC.

本集團主要為香港公營部門提供水務工程服務,並於亞太區(不包括中國)從事電視播放業務以取得廣告及相關收益以及於中國進行大型戶外顯示屏廣告業務。

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961 as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands on 15 March 2010 and the Shares were listed on GEM on 30 August 2010.

本公司於二零一零年三月十五日根據開曼群島公司法第22章(一九六一年法例3,經綜合及修訂)於開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限責任公司,其股份於二零一零年八月三十日在創業板上市。

Currently, the Group's television broadcasting business is mainly carried out through Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific and its subsidiaries. The Group's large outdoor display screen advertisement business is mainly carried out through Shenzhen Qianhai Xinhua TV Cultural Development Limited\* (深圳前海新華電視文化發展有限公司).

目前,本集團之電視播放業務主要經新華電視亞太台及其附屬公司進行。本集團之大型戶外顯示屏廣告業務則主要經深圳前海新華電視文化發展有限公司進行。

The Group's business of provision of waterworks engineering services for the public sector is carried out through TYW and TY Civil respectively with TYW responsible for signing and implementing civil engineering contracts as a main contractor and forming joint operations while TY Civil responsible for signing and implementing civil engineering contracts as a subcontractor.

本集團乃分別透過進業水務及進業土木為公營 部門提供水務工程服務業務,進業水務負責以 主承建商身份以及成立合營企業簽訂及履行土 木工程合約,而進業土木則負責以分包商身份 簽訂及履行土木工程合約。

<sup>\*</sup> for identification purpose only

# CORPORATE PROFILE 公司簡介

# REGISTRATIONS HELD FOR UNDERTAKING PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

#### 為從事主要業務持有之註冊

Value of project which the Group is eligible to undertake

The Group has obtained the following registrations from Works Branch Development Bureau (發展局工務科) of the Government for undertaking projects as a main contractor:

本集團已向政府發展局工務科取得下列註冊, 以作為主承建商從事工程:

	value of project which the Group is eligible to undertake
Registration	under the relevant registration
註冊	根據相關註冊本集團合資格承接之工程之價值
	· / / / · ·
Approved Contractors for Public Works  – Waterworks Category (Group C) (probationary status) 認可公共工程承建商一水務工程類別 (丙組)(「試用」身份)	A maximum of two contracts exceeding HK\$185 million each in any one category, provided that the total value of works in any one category does not exceed HK\$500 million 最多為任何一個類別中兩項各超過185,000,000港元的合約,惟任何一個類別的工程總價值不超過500,000,000港元
Approved Contractors for Public Works  - Roads and Drainage Category (Group B) (confirmed status)	Current contract value up to HK\$185 million
認可公共工程承建商一道路及渠務工程類別 (乙組)(「經確認」身份)	合約現值最高達185,000,000港元
Approved Contractors for Public Works  – Site Formation Category (Group B)  (probationary status)	Current contract value up to HK\$185 million
認可公共工程承建商一地盤平整工程類別 (乙組)(「試用」身份)	合約現值最高達185,000,000港元

Also, the Group has registered under the Voluntary Subcontractor Registration Scheme (非強制性分包商註冊制度), which is maintained by the Construction Industry Council (建造業議會), for participating in civil engineering works, road works and drainage services and waterworks engineering services as a sub-contractor.

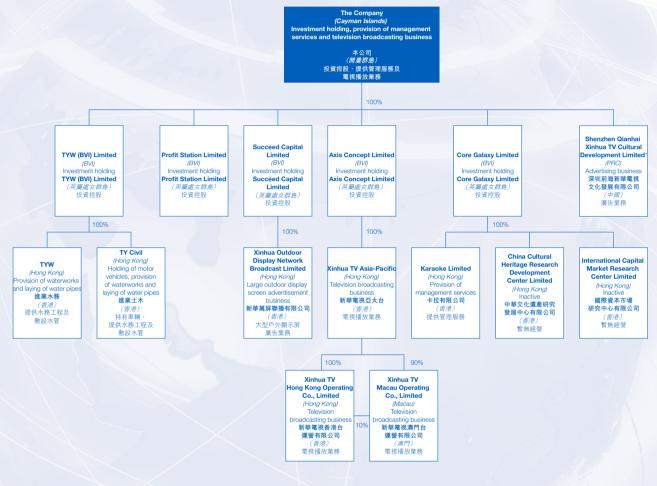
此外,本集團亦於建造業議會設立之非強制性 分包商註冊制度下註冊,以作為分包商參與土 木工程、道路工程及渠務服務以及水務工程服 務。

#### CORPORATE STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY

#### 本公司企業架構

The following diagram illustrates the corporate structure of the Company as at 31 March 2015:

下圖説明本公司於二零一五年三月三十一日之企業架構:



\* for identification purpose only

## CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

#### **DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Zhang Hao (Chairman) (appointed on 25 August 2014 as Vice chairman and redesignated as Chairman on 16 September 2014)

Mr. Zou Chen Dong (Vice chairman and Chief Executive Officer) (redesignated as Vice chairman on 25 August 2014)

Dr. Lee Yuk Lun, JP (Vice chairman)

Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung

Mr. Chia Kar Hin, Eric John

Mr. Wu Jin Cai (resigned on 15 September 2014)

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Dr. Li Yong Sheng

Ms. Liang Hui (resigned on 15 September 2014)

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

The Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP (appointed on 18 May 2015)

Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, BBS, JP (appointed on 9 February 2015)

Mr. Jin Hai Tao

Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth

Mr. Hau Chi Kit (resigned on 18 May 2015)

Mr. Chu Siu Lun, Ivan (resigned on 31 January 2015)

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Zou Chen Dong

Mr. Chia Kar Hin, Eric John

#### **COMPLIANCE OFFICER**

Mr. Chia Kar Hin, Eric John

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Li Yuet Tai, CPA

#### 董事

#### 執行董事

張浩先生(主席)(於二零一四年八月二十五日 獲委任為副主席及於二零一四年九月 十六日調任為主席)

鄒陳東先生(副主席兼行政總裁)

(於二零一四年八月二十五日

調任為副主席)

李鋈麟博士,太平紳士(副主席)

簡國祥先生

謝嘉軒先生

吴錦才先生(於二零一四年九月十五日辭任)

#### 非執行董事

李永升博士

梁慧女士(於二零一四年九月十五日辭任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

葉國謙議員,金紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年五月十八日獲委任)

尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年二月九日獲委任)

靳海濤先生

干忠業先生

侯志傑先生(於二零一五年五月十八日辭任)

朱兆麟先生(於二零一五年一月三十一日辭任)

#### 授權代表

鄒陳東先生

謝嘉軒先生

#### 合規主任

謝嘉軒先生

#### 公司秘書

李月弟女士, CPA

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth (Chairman)

Dr. Li Yong Sheng

The Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP (appointed on 18 May 2015)

Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, BBS, JP (appointed on 9 February 2015)

Mr. Jin Hai Tao

Ms. Liang Hui (resigned on 15 September 2014)

Mr. Hau Chi Kit (resigned on 18 May 2015)

Mr. Chu Siu Lun, Ivan (resigned on 31 January 2015)

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Jin Hai Tao (Chairman)

The Hon. lp Kwok Him, GBS, JP (appointed on 18 May 2015)

Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, BBS, JP (appointed on 9 February 2015)

Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth

Ms. Liang Hui (resigned on 15 September 2014)

Mr. Hau Chi Kit (resigned on 18 May 2015)

Mr. Chu Siu Lun, Ivan (resigned on 31 January 2015)

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Zhang Hao (Chairman)

(appointed on 25 August 2014)

Mr. Zou Chen Dong (appointed on 16 September 2014)

The Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP

(appointed on 18 May 2015)

Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, BBS, JP (appointed on 9 February 2015)

Mr. Jin Hai Tao

Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth

Mr. Wu Jin Cai (resigned on 25 August 2014)

Ms. Liang Hui (resigned on 15 September 2014)

Mr. Hau Chi Kit (resigned on 18 May 2015)

Mr. Chu Siu Lun, Ivan (resigned on 31 January 2015)

#### 審核委員會

王忠業先生(主席)

李永升博士

葉國謙議員,金紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年五月十八日獲委任)

尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年二月九日獲委任)

靳海濤先生

梁慧女士(於二零一四年九月十五日辭任)

侯志傑先生(於二零一五年五月十八日辭任)

朱兆麟先生(於二零一五年一月三十一日辭任)

#### 薪酬委員會

靳海濤先生(主席)

葉國謙議員,金紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年五月十八日獲委任)

尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年二月九日獲委任)

干忠業先生

梁慧女士(於二零一四年九月十五日辭任)

侯志傑先生(於二零一五年五月十八日辭任)

朱兆麟先生(於二零一五年一月三十一日辭任)

#### 提名委員會

張浩先生(主席)

(於二零一四年八月二十五日獲委任)

鄒陳東先生(於二零一四年九月十六日獲委任)

葉國謙議員,金紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年五月十八日獲委任)

尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年二月九日獲委任)

靳海濤先生

王忠業先生

吳錦才先生(於二零一四年八月二十五日辭任)

梁慧女士(於二零一四年九月十五日辭任)

侯志傑先生(於二零一五年五月十八日辭任)

朱兆麟先生(於二零一五年一月三十一日辭任)

# CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

#### **AUDITORS**

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited Certified Public Accountants

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

# HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Rooms 2601-2605, 26/F., China Resources Building, 26 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

# PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN CAYMAN ISLANDS

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

# HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai Hong Kong

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Hang Seng Bank Limited
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
Bank of Communication Corporation Limited
China Minsheng Banking Corporation Limited

#### **WEBSITE**

http://www.cnctv.hk

#### STOCK CODE

8356

#### 核數師

國衛會計師事務所有限公司 香港執業會計師

#### 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681
Grand Cayman, KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

#### 總部及香港主要營業地點

香港灣仔 港灣道26號 華潤大廈 26樓2601-2605室

#### 開曼群島股份過戶及登記總處

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

#### 主要往來銀行

恒生銀行有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 交通銀行股份有限公司 中國民生銀行股份有限公司

#### 公司網站

http://www.cnctv.hk

#### 股份代號

8356

# DEFINITIONS 釋 義

used herein:

In this report, unless the context otherwise requires, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings when

在本報告內·除文義另有所指外·下列詞語及詞 彙使用時具有以下涵義:

rio annual gonoral mooting of the compar	"AGM"	the annual general meeting of the Compar
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「股東週年大會」 指 本公司股東週年大會

"Board" the board of Directors

「董事會」 指 董事會

"BVI" the British Virgin Islands

「英屬處女群島」 指 英屬處女群島

"China Xinhua NNC" China Xinhua News Network Co., Limited (中國新華新聞電視網有限公司), a

company incorporated in Hong Kong and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Xinhua News

Agency (新華社) and a Shareholder of the Company

「中國新華新聞電視網」 指 中國新華新聞電視網有限公司,一家於香港註冊成立之公司及為新華社之全資附

屬公司,並為本公司股東

"CNC China" 中國新華新聞電視網有限公司, a company incorporated in the PRC, which owns

100% of the equity interests in China Xinhua NNC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of

Xinhua News Agency and a substantial Shareholder of the Company

「中國新華新聞電視網 指 中國新華新聞電視網有限公司,一家於中國註冊成立之公司,擁有中國新華新聞

(中國)] 電視網100%股權,為新華社之全資附屬公司及本公司之主要股東

"Company" CNC Holdings Limited (中國新華電視控股有限公司), a company incorporated in

the Cayman Islands with limited liability on 15 March 2010

「本公司」 指 中國新華電視控股有限公司,一家於二零一零年三月十五日在開曼群島註冊成立

之有限公司

"Director(s)" director(s) of the Company

「董事」 指 本公司董事

"Dr. Lee Yuk Lun, JP (李鋈麟), an executive Director

「李博士」 指 執行董事李鋈麟博士,太平紳士

"Financial Statements" the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2015

「財務報表」 指 本集團截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表

# DEFINITIONS 釋 義

"GEM" the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange

「創業板」 指 聯交所創業板

"GEM Listing Rules" the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM

「創業板上市規則」 指 創業板證券上市規則

"Government" the Government of Hong Kong

「政府」 指 香港政府

"Group" the Company and its subsidiaries

「本集團」 指 本公司及其附屬公司

"HK\$" and "HK cent(s)" Hong Kong dollar(s) and cent(s), respectively, the lawful currency of Hong Kong

「港元」及「港仙」 指 香港法定貨幣港元及港仙

"Hong Kong" the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC

「香港」 指 中國香港特別行政區

"Macau" the Macau Special Administrative Region of the PRC

「澳門」 指 中國澳門特別行政區

"Mr. Chia" Mr. Chia Kar Hin, Eric John (謝嘉軒), an executive Director

「謝先生」 指 執行董事謝嘉軒先生

"Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung (簡國祥), an executive Director

「簡先生」 指 執行董事簡國祥先生

"PRC" the People's Republic of China, excluding Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan

「中國」 指 中華人民共和國,不包括香港、澳門及台灣

"Proud Glory" Proud Glory Investments Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI which is wholly

and beneficially owned by Dr. Lee

「傲榮」 指 傲榮投資有限公司,一家於英屬處女群島註冊成立之公司,由李博士全資實益擁

有

"SFO" the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) as

amended or otherwise modified from time to time

「證券及期貨條例」 指 香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(經不時修訂或以其他方式修改)

"Share(s)" ordinary share(s) of the Company

「股份」 指 本公司之普通股

"Share Option Scheme" the share option scheme of the Company adopted on 11 August 2010

「購股權計劃」 指 本公司於二零一零年八月十一日採納之購股權計劃

"Shareholder(s)" holder(s) of the Share(s)

「股東」 指 股份持有人

"Shunleetat" Shunleetat (BVI) Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI which is wholly and

beneficially owned by Mr. Kan

「Shunleetat」 指 Shunleetat (BVI) Limited, 一家於英屬處女群島註冊成立之公司, 由簡先生全資實

益擁有

"Stock Exchange" The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

「聯交所」 指 香港聯合交易所有限公司

"TY Civil" Tsun Yip Civil Construction Company Limited ( 進業土木工程有限公司 ), a company

incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability on 16 June 2000 and an indirect

wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

「進業土木」 指 進業土木工程有限公司,一家於二零零零年六月十六日在香港註冊成立之有限公

司,乃本公司之間接全資附屬公司

"TYW" Tsun Yip Waterworks Construction Company Limited (進業水務建築有限公司), a

company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability on 6 February 1996 and an

indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

「進業水務」 指 進業水務建築有限公司,一家於一九九六年二月六日在香港註冊成立之有限公

司,乃本公司之間接全資附屬公司

"WSD" Water Supplies Department of the Government (水務署)

「水務署」 指 政府水務署

"Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific" Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific Operating Co., Limited (新華電視亞太台運營有限公司), a

company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability on 22 December 2009 and

an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

「新華電視亞太台」 指 新華電視亞太台運營有限公司,一家於二零零九年十二月二十二日在香港註冊成

立之有限公司,乃本公司之間接全資附屬公司

"%" per cent

「%」 指 百分比

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

To all Shareholders.

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to present the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2015.

#### **RESULTS FOR THE YEAR**

During the year ended 31 March 2015, we had obtained approximately HK\$369.6 million revenue, which represented an increase of approximately 14.0% over the revenue for the year ended 31 March 2014 (2014: approximately HK\$324.3 million).

The gross profit decreased by approximately 53.9% from approximately HK\$50.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2014 to approximately HK\$23.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2015.

The net loss of our Group for the year ended 31 March 2015 was approximately HK\$41.7 million, representing approximately 90.3% decrease from that of previous year (2014: approximately HK\$431.3 million).

#### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

During the year, the Group continued to generate considerable revenue from its business of provision of waterworks engineering services, while devoting efforts to further develop its television broadcasting business and large outdoor display screen advertisement business.

With the Group's proven track record in the waterworks engineering industry, comprehensive services, established operating history and numerous licences, permits and qualifications, we believe that the Group could strengthen its position in the Hong Kong market and consolidate our position as one of the major players in this sector. At the same time, we will further expand the business of provision of waterworks engineering services by undertaking more work contracts currently implemented or to be implemented by the Government in the near future. We believe our Group's proven track record in delivering works of high quality in a timely manner has placed us in an advantageous position to seize the growth opportunities in the waterworks engineering sector in Hong Kong. In the future, the Group will continue to seek to develop other projects in due time, and strive to become a leading brand in Hong Kong and will progress forward in a sustainable manner.

#### 致全體股東:

本人謹此代表董事會欣然提呈本集團截至二零 一五年三月三十一日止年度之年度業績。

#### 年度業績

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團取得約369,600,000港元之收益,較截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度之收益(二零一四年:約324,300,000港元)增加約14.0%。

毛利由截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度約50,100,000港元減少約53.9%至截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度約23,100,000港元。

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 之淨虧損約為41,700,000港元,較上一年度(二 零一四年:約431,300,000港元)減少約90.3%。

#### 未來前景

年內,本集團繼續透過其提供水務工程服務的業務產生相當可觀之收益,同時致力進一步發展 其電視播放業務及大型戶外顯示屏廣告業務。

憑藉本集團水務工程行業的良好往績記錄、全面 服務、累積經營歷史及多項牌照、許可及資格, 我們認為本集團可鞏固其於香港市場的地位。同時, 確立其為業內主要參與者之一的地位。同時,於 集團將繼續透過承接更多政府現正進行或就工程 人將來將予進行之工程合約拓展提供水務可 最工程方面之良好往績記錄已奠定本集團 地位,讓本集團得以把握香港水務工程 長機遇。本集團將於日後繼續適時尋求發展其 他項目、努力成為香港的領先品牌及將能持續 向前邁進。

During the year, both the television broadcasting business and large outdoor display screen advertisement business has made a steadily progress. Due to the rapid growth in the internet-based media technology, the Group has been pursuing a strategy designed to expand its media business and thereby generate further business growth. Currently, expanding its commercial base to other media platforms, such as mobile internet, in an attempt to keep up with global trends, has been a vital element of the Group's long-term strategy and also developed a more balanced and comprehensive business model. We believe that the diversification strategy of the Group, as well as by leveraging on the brand name of Xinhua News Agency, has the potential to lead the Group to a new horizon and are expected to generate satisfactory return to the Company and its Shareholders in the long run.

年內,電視播放業務及大型戶外顯示屏廣告業務穩定增長。由於網絡媒體技術快速發展,本集團採取拓展其媒體業務從而帶來進一步業務增長的策略。目前,本集團正將其商業基礎擴展至其他媒體平台(如移動互聯網),藉以跟從全球趨勢。此一直為本集團長遠策略的重要一環,亦能發展出更平穩全面之業務模式。我們相信本集團的多元化策略以及憑藉新華社之品牌名稱可進一步推動本集團發展及預期將能長遠為本公司及其股東產生滿意回報。

Due to the global economic sentiments and keen competition in the relevant markets, the operating environment will remain challenging. Looking forward, the Group will grasp any future profitable investment opportunities that are in line with the Group's development strategy to diversify the Group's business stream and thereby further expand the Group's source of revenue, so as to enhance the Group's profitability and the long-term benefits of the Company.

由於全球經濟氣氛及相關市場競爭激烈,營商環境仍將充滿挑戰。展望未來,本集團將把握符合本集團的發展策略的任何未來具盈利投資機會,以多元化本集團的業務流,遂進一步擴大本集團的收入來源,從而提高本集團的盈利能力及本公司的長期效益。

#### **APPRECIATION**

# Finally, on behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express my most sincere appreciation to all the management team and staff for their dedication and contribution over the past years. I would also like to thank all the Shareholders, customers, suppliers and business partners for their continuous support and trust.

#### 致謝

最後,本人願藉此機會代表董事會對全體管理 團隊及員工在過去多年的努力及貢獻致以衷心 謝意,並感謝所有股東、客戶、供應商及業務夥 伴無間斷的支持與信任。

#### **Zhang Hao**

Chairman

1 June 2015

#### 張浩

主席

二零一五年六月一日

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of waterworks engineering services for the public sector in Hong Kong, television broadcasting business in the Asia-Pacific region (excluding the PRC) in return for advertising and related revenue and large outdoor display screen advertisement business in the PRC. During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group continued to focus on rendering waterworks engineering services to the public sector in Hong Kong and further develop its television broadcasting business in the Asia-Pacific region (excluding the PRC) and large outdoor display screen advertisement business in the PRC.

# 業務回顧

本集團主要為香港公營部門提供水務工程服務、 於亞太區(不包括中國)進行電視播放業務以取 得廣告及相關收益以及於中國進行大型戶外顯 示屏廣告業務。截至二零一五年三月三十一日 止年度,本集團繼續專注於在香港為公營部門 提供水務工程服務,並進一步開展其於亞太區 (不包括中國)之電視播放業務及中國之大型戶 外顯示屏廣告業務。

#### **Provision of waterworks engineering services**

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group has been undertaking two main contracts and six subcontracts. Among the eight contracts, five are related to provision of waterworks engineering services and the remaining contracts are related to provision of drainage services. Details of the contracts undertaken are set out below:

#### 提供水務工程服務

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 一直進行兩項主合約及六項分包合約。於該八 項合約中,其中五項與提供水務工程服務有關, 其餘合約則與提供渠務服務有關。所承接合約 之詳情載列如下:

Contract number	Particulars of contract	Client	Contract period under main contracts
合約編號	合約詳情	客戶	根據主合約的合約期
Main contracts 主合約			
8/WSD/11	Construction of Pak Shek Kok Fresh Water Service Reservoir Extension	WSD	Dec 2011 – May 2014
	白石角食水配水庫的擴建工程	水務署	二零一一年十二月至 二零一四年五月
3/WSD/13	Mainlying near She Shan Tsuen, Tai Po 大埔區山村附近敷設水管	WSD 水務署	Sept 2013 – Jul 2016 二零一三年九月至 二零一六年七月

#### Contract number Particulars of contract Client **Contract period** under main contracts 合約編號 合約詳情 客戶 根據主合約的合約期 **Subcontracts** 分包合約 18/WSD/08 Replacement and rehabilitation of water Ming Hing Civil Mar 2009 mains stage 3 - mains on Hong Kong Contractors Mar 2015 Island South and outlying islands Limited 更換及修復水管工程第3階段 明興土木工程 二零零九年三月至 二零一五年三月 一港島南及離島水管工程 有限公司 8/WSD/10 Replacement and rehabilitation of Hsin Chong Apr 2011 - Dec 2015 water mains, stage 4 phase 1 Construction - mains in Tuen Mun, Yuen Long, North Company Limited District and Tai Po 更換及修復水管工程第4階段第1期 新昌營造廠有限公司 二零一一年四月至 - 屯門、元朗、北區及大埔水管工程 二零一五年十二月 DC/2012/04 Sewerage in Kau Lung Hang San Wai, Kau Hsin Chong Tsun Yip Jun 2012 - Dec 2017 Lung Hang Lo Wai and Tai Hang Joint Venture 二零一二年六月至 九龍坑新圍、九龍坑老圍及泰亨 新昌進業聯營 污水收集系統 二零一七年十二月 DC/2012/07 Lam Tsuen Valley Sewerage Hsin Chong Tsun Yip Oct 2012 - Jan 2016 - village sewerage, stage 2, phase 1 Joint Venture 二零一二年十月至 林村谷污水收集系統-第2階段第1期 新昌進業聯營 二零一六年一月

Hsin Chong Tsun Yip

Hsin Chong Tsun Yip

Joint Venture

新昌進業聯營

Joint Venture

新昌進業聯營

Oct 2012 – Aug 2016

二零一二年十月至

二零一六年八月

Nov 2013 - Feb 2016

二零一三年十一月至

二零一六年二月

Total contract value
HK\$1,959.2 million
總合約價值
1,959,200,000港元

Total amount of
works certified
(Note) HK\$1,432.9
million
已核證工程總額(附
註)1,432,900,000港元

Note: Amount of works certified is based on the certificates of payment received from client.

Lam Tsuen Valley Sewerage

- village sewerage, stage 2, phase 2

water mains, stage 4 phase 1 and stage

4 phase 2 – mains in northern and

更換及修復水管工程第4階段第1期及

第4階段第2期-新界北部及東部

林村谷污水收集系統一第2階段第2期

Replacement and rehabilitation of

eastern New Territories

水管工程

DC/2012/08

5/WSD/13

附註: 已核證工程金額乃根據從客戶收到之付款核證 確定。

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the two contracts with contracts numbered 5/WSD/13 and DC/2012/07 were the main contributors to the Group's revenue, which generated approximately HK\$161.5 million and HK\$46.3 million, constituting approximately 43.7% and 12.5% of the Group's total revenue respectively.

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,合約編號 為5/WSD/13及DC/2012/07的兩項合約是本集 團的主要收益來源,分別產生約161,500,000港 元及46,300,000港元,佔本集團總收益約43.7% 及12.5%。

#### **Television broadcasting business**

The Group has developed a broadcasting network of television channels with relatively extensive scale. Currently, it is broadcasting the television programmes relating to information contents from Xinhua News Agency in Hong Kong, Thailand, Mongolia, Malaysia, Laos and Australia. The Group maintained good relationship with those television service providers that are currently working with and in the meantime, actively sought for cooperation opportunities with other strategic partners in order to give customers a unique viewing experience and expand in the worldwide coverage of the China Xinhua News Network Channel and China Xinhua News Network World Channel (collectively the "CNC Channels").

Expect for broadcasting television programmes in the CNC Channels, the Group has currently produced several selfproduced television feature programmes. "Macau, Macau", one of the documentary television feature programme produced by the Group, for the purpose of marking the 15th anniversary of the transfer of sovereignty over Macau to the PRC, has been completed during the year ended 31 March 2015. "Macau, Macau" debuted on 1 December 2014 at a special premiere held at The Venetia Macao and was broadcasted on the CNC Channels in over 70 countries from 18 December 2014 with good response. Besides gaining social influence, the production of "Macau, Macau" was supported by the subsidy from Macau Government Tourist Office. In addition to the CNC Channels, the Company has granted the licence of certain television feature programmes, such as "Hong Kong, Hong Kong" and "Macau, Macau", to other media channel operators in respect of broadcasting these television feature programmes on its channels in Hong Kong and other different countries so as to boost up the audience rating.

#### 電視播放業務

本集團已發展一個規模龐大的電視頻道播放網絡。現時,本集團正於香港、泰國、蒙古、馬來西亞、老撾及澳洲播放有關來自新華社的資訊內容的電視節目。本集團與現時合作的該等電視服務供應商維持良好關係,同時積極尋求與其他策略夥伴合作的機會,以給予客戶獨一無二的觀賞體驗,並擴大中國新華電視中文台及中國新華電視英語台(統稱「該等CNC頻道」)的全球覆蓋範圍。

除於該等CNC頻道播放電視節目外,本集團目前已自行製作若干電視專題節目。本集團就紀念澳門主權移交中國十五週年製作的電視紀錄片《澳門、澳門》已於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度完成。《澳門、澳門》於二零一四年十二月一日在澳門威尼斯人舉行之特別首映禮上首播,及自二零一四年十二月十八日起於超過70個國家在CNC頻道上播放並獲得到好時過過70個國家在CNC頻道上播放並獲得到好時別行政區政府旅遊局資助製作。除CNC頻道外,本公司已就於香港及其他不同國家之頻道播放若干電視專題節目,例如《香港、香港》及《澳門、澳門》,向其他媒體渠道營運商授出該等電視專題節目之授權,以提升收視率。

In addition to good response from audience, the television feature programme "ICAC" which was produced in last year, has been awarded the third honor of the television documentary films in the 27th China TV Golden Eagle Award(第二十七屆中國電視金鷹獎) of the China TV Golden Eagle Award Organising Committee(中國電視金鷹獎組織委員會). It affirmed the production quality and success of the self-produced features programmes of the Group. In the future, with the great success of television feature programmes, the Group will continue to produce information contents according to different social themes.

除得到觀眾好評外,去年製作之電視專題節目《廉政公署》已在中國電視金鷹獎組織委員會第二十七屆中國電視金鷹獎中榮獲電視紀錄片三等獎,肯定了本集團自行製作節目之質素與成功。未來,隨著電視專題節目取得巨大成功,本集團將繼續根據不同社會主題製作資訊內容。

#### Large outdoor display screen advertisement business

Large outdoor display screen advertisement business segment has only made a steady development due to the challenging and competitive business environment in the PRC. Except for the LED displays in Sichuan Chengdu, Jiangsu Xuyi and Jiangsu Kunshan, the Group has constructed and installed a LED display in Yangzhou during the year. In order to increase the effectiveness on costsaving and obtain higher profit growth, the Group has formed a joint operation arrangement in respect of construction and operation of LED display in Yangzhou jointly during the year. As such, it allows the Group to share both construction and operation costs with each other and at the same time enjoy the advertising revenue derived from the joint operation. In addition to the joint operation arrangement, the Group has entered into an advertising agreement with an advertising agent pursuant to which the Group grants the right to the advertising agent for operating certain portion of the advertising air time of the LED display in Yangzhou in return for a fixed amount of advertising revenue. The Directors consider that it is a more effective way to boost the Group's advertising income.

Despite the adversities, including but not limited to the keen competition environment and high construction and operation costs, that the Group faced, the Group has actively seized business opportunities and sought for expansion of this business segment during the year. The Group has maintained good relationship with the constructors and extended the construction agreement with the constructors so as to build up more LED displays in the PRC in the coming year. Going forward, the Group will continue to negotiate with potential customers, including but not limited to commercial real estate developers, PRC government authorities and other potential partners for cooperation in order to balance the risk and return of this competitive segment.

Aimed at maximising profit and return for the Group and the Shareholders, the Group is exploring new business opportunity to broaden its source of income and expand the business operations

#### 大型戶外顯示屏廣告業務

年內,儘管存在不利市況(包括但不限於本集團面臨之激烈競爭環境及建造及營運成本高企),本集團已積極把握商機並尋求擴展業務分部。本集團已與建造商維持良好關係並與建造商延長施工協議,從而於未來年度在中國建造更多LED顯示屏。展望未來,本集團將繼續與潛在客戶,包括但不限於商業地產開發商、中國政府機構及其他潛在合作夥伴,進行磋商以開展合作,以平衡此競爭分部之風險及回報。

為盡量提高本集團及股東之溢利和回報,本集 團正開拓新商機以擴闊其收入來源和擴充其業 務營運。

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### Revenue

For the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group reported a revenue of approximately HK\$369.6 million (2014: approximately HK\$324.3 million), representing an increase of approximately 14.0% as compared with that for the previous year. The revenue derived from provision of waterworks engineering services, television broadcasting business and large outdoor display screen advertisement business constituted approximately 97.0%, 2.7% and 0.3% of the Group's total revenue respectively. The higher revenue was mainly due to the increase in works from the replacement and rehabilitation of water mains stage 4 phase 1 and stage 4 phase 2 - mains in northern and eastern New Territories. For the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group derived advertising revenue of approximately HK\$9.9 million (2014: approximately HK\$16.9 million) from television broadcasting business and approximately HK\$1.0 million (2014: approximately HK\$4.0 million) from large outdoor display screen advertisement business respectively.

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the revenue of the Group was primarily generated from the undertaking of waterworks contracts in the capacity of a subcontractor. The breakdown of total revenue by nature of capacity of the Group is set forth below:

#### 財務回顧

#### 收益

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得收益約369,600,000港元(二零一四年:約324,300,000港元),較去年增加約14.0%。提供水務工程服務、電視播放業務及大型戶外顯示屏廣告業務產生之收益分別佔本集團總收益約97.0%、2.7%及0.3%。收益增加主要由於更換及修復水管工程第4階段第1期及第4階段2期一新界北部及東部水管的工程增加所致。截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團分別從其電視播放業務產生廣告收益約9,900,000港元(二零一四年:約16,900,000港元)及從大型戶外顯示屏廣告業務產生廣告收益約1,000,000港元(二零一四年:約4,000,000港元)。

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度期間,本 集團收益主要來自以分包商身份承接之水務工 程合約。按本集團身份性質分類之總收益詳情 載列如下:

#### For the year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度

	201	5	201	4
	二零一	五年	二零一	四年
HK\$'0	000	% of total	HK\$'000	% of total
千港	表	佔總額 百分比 <b>(%)</b>	千港元	佔總額 百分比(%)
28,0	)94	7.8	15,076	5.0
247,8	391	69.1	245,035	80.8
82,6	<b>699</b>	23.1	43,273	14.2
358,6	84	100.0	303,384	100.0

Main contractor
Subcontractor
Jointly controlled operations

Total

主承建商分包商

總額

共同控制經營

#### Cost of services

The Group's cost of services increased by approximately 26.4% to approximately HK\$346.6 million (2014: approximately HK\$274.2 million) for the year ended 31 March 2015 as compared with that for the previous year. The Group's cost of services mainly includes costs of construction services, costs of television broadcasting business and direct costs attributable to large outdoor display screen advertisement business. Costs of construction services mainly comprise raw materials, direct labour and subcontracting fee for services provided by the subcontractors. Costs of television broadcasting business mainly comprise transmission costs and broadcasting fee. Transmission costs comprise satellite transmission fee and carriage fee payable to satellite operators while broadcasting fee comprises annual fee payable to media broadcasting providers and China Xinhua NNC. Direct costs attributable to large outdoor display screen advertisement business mainly comprise depreciation charges of LED display screens and control room. The following table sets out a breakdown of the Group's cost of services:

#### 服務成本

本集團於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之服務成本為約346,600,000港元(二零一四年:約274,200,000港元),較去年增加約26.4%。本集團的服務成本主要包括建築服務成本、電視廣播業務成本以及大型戶外顯示屏廣告業務應佔之直接成本。建築服務成本主要包括原材料、直接勞工及分包商提供服務的本主要包括原材料、直接勞工及分包商提供服務的本主要包括推放業務成本主要包括傳送成本包括衛星傳送費用及應付衛星營運商之傳輸費用,而播放費用則包括應付予媒體播放供應商及中國新華新聞電視網之年費。大型戶外顯示屏廣告業務應佔之直接成本主要包括LED顯示屏及控制室之折舊費用。下表載列本集團服務成本之詳情:

#### For the year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度

2014

% of total 佔總額

百分比(%)

11.3

22.7

39.8

22.8

96.6

0.9

2.1

3.0

2015

		二零一五年		二零一四年	
		HK\$'000	% of total 佔總額	HK\$'000	%
		千港元	百分比(%)	千港元	百分
Costs of construction services	建築服務成本				
Raw materials	原材料	44,155	12.8	30,915	
Direct labour	直接勞工	65,865	19.0	62,335	
Subcontracting fee	分包費用	162,374	46.9	108,850	
Other direct costs	其他直接成本	61,138	17.6	62,571	
Subtotal	小計	333,532	96.3	264,671	
Costs of television broadcasting business	電視播放業務成本				
Transmission costs	傳送成本	2,500	0.7	2,500	
Broadcasting fee	播放費用	7,784	2.2	5,861	<u> </u>
Subtotal	小計	10,284	2.9	8,361	

#### For the year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度

	0
Direct costs attributable to large outdoor display screen advertisement business	大型戶外顯示屏廣告業務 應佔之直接成本
Subtotal	小青
Total	總額

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000 % of total	HK\$'000 % of total
<i>佔總額</i> 千港元 百分比 <b>(%)</b>	信總額 千港元 百分比(%)
2,737 0.8	1,199 0.4
2,737 0.8	1,199 0.4
346,553 100.0	274,231 100.0

#### **Gross profit**

The gross profit of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2015 decreased by approximately 53.9% to approximately HK\$23.1 million (2014: approximately HK\$50.1 million) as compared with that for the previous year. The gross profit margin of the Group decreased to approximately 6.2% for the year ended 31 March 2015 (2014: approximately 15.4%). The decrease in gross profit and gross profit margin was largely due to large portion of revenue and gross margin derived from certain waterworks engineering projects recognised at the early stage in the prior years.

#### Other income

The Group's other income for the year ended 31 March 2015 decreased by approximately 86.6% to approximately HK\$4.1 million (2014: approximately HK\$31.0 million) as compared with that for the previous year. The decrease in other income was mainly due to the recognition of one-off item, i.e. waiver of interests on convertible notes of approximately HK\$30.7 million from certain noteholders in the previous year.

#### 毛利

本集團於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度的毛利為約23,100,000港元(二零一四年:約50,100,000港元),較去年減少約53.9%。本集團的毛利率下跌至截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度的約6.2%(二零一四年:約15.4%)。毛利及毛利率之減少主要由於若干水務工程項目產生之大部份收益及毛利已於過往年度之初期階段確認所致。

#### 其他收入

本集團於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度的其他收入為約4,100,000港元(二零一四年:約31,000,000港元),較去年減少約86.6%。其他收入減少主要由於去年確認之一次性項目(即若干票據持有人免除可換股票據利息約30,700,000港元)所致。

#### Other gains and losses

The Group's other gains and losses for the year ended 31 March 2015 increased by approximately 4.2 times to approximately HK\$10.6 million in surplus (2014: approximately HK\$3.3 million in deficit) as compared with that for the previous year. The increase in other gains and losses was mainly attributable to gains arising from extension of promissory note recognised during the year.

#### **Amortisation expenses**

The Group's amortisation expenses for the year ended 31 March 2015 decreased by approximately 59.5% to approximately HK\$24.1 million (2014: approximately HK\$59.5 million) as compared with that for the previous year. The amortisation expenses mainly consisted of amortisation charges of television broadcasting right and film rights for the television broadcasting business. The decrease in amortisation expenses was mainly due to the impairment loss of television broadcasting right recognised for the year ended 31 March 2014 and thus caused a significant reduction in carrying amount of television broadcasting right.

#### **Selling and distribution expenses**

The Group's selling and distribution expenses for the year ended 31 March 2015 increased by approximately 165.9% to approximately HK\$0.2 million (2014: approximately HK\$85,000) as compared with that for the previous year. The selling and distribution expenses mainly consisted of advertising expenses for the television broadcasting business. The increase in selling and distribution expenses was mainly due to the increase in marketing effort in promotion of television feature programme "Macau, Macau" during the year.

#### **Administrative expenses**

The Group's administrative expenses for the year ended 31 March 2015 increased by approximately 11.5% to approximately HK\$33.1 million (2014: approximately HK\$29.7 million) as compared with that for the previous year. The administrative expenses mainly consisted of auditors' remuneration, legal and professional fees, staff costs (including Directors' remuneration), depreciation expenses and rental expenses. The increase in the administrative expenses was mainly attributable to the increase in staff costs and depreciation expenses due to the expansion of business.

#### 其他收益及虧損

本集團於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度的其他收益及虧損為盈餘約10,600,000港元(二零一四年:虧絀約3,300,000港元),較去年增加約4.2倍。其他收益及虧損增加主要由於年內確認延長承兑票據產生之收益所致。

#### 攤銷開支

本集團於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度的攤銷開支為約24,100,000港元(二零一四年:約59,500,000港元),較去年減少約59.5%。攤銷開支主要包括電視播放業務之電視播放權及電影版權之攤銷費用。攤銷開支減少主要由於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度確認電視播放權的減值虧損,並因而導致電視播放權的賬面值大幅減少所致。

#### 銷售及分銷開支

本集團於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度的銷售及分銷開支為約200,000港元(二零一四年:約85,000港元),較去年增加約165.9%。銷售及分銷開支主要包括電視播放業務之廣告開支。銷售及分銷開支增加主要由於年內增加推廣電視專題節目《澳門、澳門》之市場推廣力度所致。

#### 行政開支

本集團於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度的行政開支為約33,100,000港元(二零一四年:約29,700,000港元),較去年增加約11.5%。行政開支主要包括核數師薪酬、法律和專業費用、員工成本(包括董事薪酬)、折舊開支以及租金開支。行政開支增加主要由於擴展業務令員工成本及折舊開支增加所致。

#### **Finance costs**

The Group's finance costs for the year ended 31 March 2015 decreased by approximately 38.8% to approximately HK\$25.7 million (2014: approximately HK\$42.0 million) as compared with that for the previous year. The decrease in finance costs was mainly due to reduction in carrying amount of convertible notes which were resulted from the exercise of conversion rights of convertible notes by certain noteholders during the year.

# Impairment loss recognised in respect of goodwill and intangible assets

During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with China Xinhua NNC, APT Satellite TV Development Limited and Proud Glory to acquire entire equity interest of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$700.0 million, comprising (a) issuance of 474,335,664 Shares to China Xinhua NNC at HK\$0.196 per share; and (b) HK\$607,030,210 by way of the issue of the convertible notes to China Xinhua NNC, APT Satellite TV Development Limited and Proud Glory at a conversion price of HK\$0.196 per Share. The Group completed its very substantial acquisition (the "Acquisition") of the entire equity interests in Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific on 9 December 2011 and commenced the television broadcasting business since then.

The recoverable amounts of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific as at 31 March 2015 and 2014, were determined with reference to valuations conducted by an independent valuer, based on income-based approach, after considering the financial informations of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific as at 31 March 2015 and 2014, including but not limited to (i) the financial positions of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2015 and 2014; (ii) the total revenue derived from television broadcasting business; (iii) number of existing contracts and memorandum of understanding; and (iv) the market and industry condition.

#### 融資成本

本集團於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度的融資成本為約25,700,000港元(二零一四年:約42,000,000港元),較去年減少約38.8%。融資成本減少主要由於年內若干票據持有人行使其可換股票據兑換權而導致可換股票據的賬面值減少所致。

#### 就商譽及無形資產確認之減值虧損

截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度,本集團與中國新華新聞電視網、亞太衛視發展有限公司及傲榮訂立買賣協議,以收購新華電視亞太台之全部股權,總代價為約700,000,000港元,包括(a)按每股0.196港元之價格向中國新華新聞電視網發行474,335,664股股份:及(b) 607,030,210港元,通過按兑換價每股0.196港元向中國新華新聞電視網、亞太衛視發展有限公司及傲榮發行可換股票據方式支付。本集團於二零一一年十二月九日完成收購新華電視亞太台全部股權之非常重大收購事項(「收購事項」)並自此開始其電視播放業務。

新華電視亞太台於二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日之可收回金額參考獨立估值師根據收益基準法進行之估值而釐定,並且考慮新華電視亞太台於二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日之財務資料,包括但不限於(i)新華電視亞太台及其附屬公司於二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日之財務狀況;(ii)自電視播放業務產生之總收益;(iii)現有合約及諒解備忘錄之數目;及(iv)市場及行業狀況。

The recoverable amount of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific approximates to the carrying amount of intangible assets, i.e., television broadcasting right as at 31 March 2015. Therefore, no impairment loss is recognised during the year ended 31 March 2015. To the best of knowledge and belief of the Directors, there has not been any change of valuation methodology, basis of valuation and assumptions as at 31 March 2015 and no other changes in circumstance and reasons giving rise to changes in valuation approach. All changes of inputs were made to reflect the recent development of television broadcasting business as compared to that expected in previous years.

於二零一五年三月三十一日,新華電視亞太台之可收回金額與無形資產(即電視播放權)之賬面值相若,因此,於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度並無確認減值虧損。據董事所知及所悉,於二零一五年三月三十一日,估值方法、估值基準及假設並無發生任何變動且引起估值方法變化的情況及理由亦並無其他變動。對輸入資料作出之所有變動乃為反映與先前年度之預期相比,電視播放業務之近期發展。

During the year ended 31 March 2014, although the television broadcasting business continued to make steady growth and progress when compared with previous years, it is still under development and far behind the development schedule as expected. It has not yet brought in satisfactory return to the Group since the Acquisition. The Group generated its first revenue from television broadcasting business during the year ended 31 March 2013.

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,儘管與 先前年度相比電視播放業務持續錄得穩定增長 及進展,但其仍處於發展當中且遠落後於預期 發展計劃。自收購事項以來,其尚未為本集團帶 來令人滿意之回報。本集團於截至二零一三年 三月三十一日止年度內首次自電視播放業務產 生收益。

Due to the unsatisfactory results in these years and relatively slow development pace of television broadcasting business, the Directors considered that major inputs regarding revenue were adjusted downwards to reflect the current situation for prudence sake. As such, the recoverable amount of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific as at 31 March 2014 was amounted to approximately HK\$163.0 million and the impairment loss, which arose from the difference between the aggregate carrying amounts of goodwill and intangible assets and the recoverable amount of entire equity interests in Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific as at 31 March 2014, of approximately HK\$151.2 million and approximately HK\$269.3 million respectively were recognised in respect of goodwill and intangible assets for the year ended 31 March 2014. Except aforesaid, to the best of knowledge and belief of the Directors, there had not been any change of valuation methodology, basis of valuation and assumptions as at 31 March 2014 and no other changes in circumstance and reasons giving rise to changes in valuation approach. All changes of inputs were made to reflect the recent development of television broadcasting business as compared to that expected in previous years.

由於電視播放業務於該等年度之業績不甚令人 滿意及相對緩慢之發展步伐,董事認為,為審 慎起見,有關收益之主要輸入資料已向下調整 以反映現時之狀況。因此,於二零一四年三月 三十一日,新華電視亞太台的可收回金額為約 163,000,000港元,並且於截至二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度,已就商譽及無形資產確認減值 虧損分別約151,200,000港元及約269,300,000 港元(乃產生自於二零一四年三月三十一日之商 譽及無形資產之總賬面金額與新華電視亞太台 全部股權之可收回金額之差額)。除前述者外, 據董事所知及所悉,於二零一四年三月三十一 日,估值方法、估值基準及假設並無發生任何變 動且引起估值方法變化的情況及理由亦並無其 他變動。對輸入資料作出之所有變動乃為反映 與先前年度之預期相比,電視播放業務之近期 發展。

#### **Net loss**

The net loss attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2015 decreased by approximately 90.3% to approximately HK\$41.7 million (2014: approximately HK\$431.3 million) as compared with that for the previous year. The decrease in net loss was mainly resulted from the recognition of one-off item, i.e., the impairment loss in respect of goodwill and intangible assets and provision for doubtful debt, made in the previous year.

#### Loss per Share

The basic loss per Share for the year ended 31 March 2015 was approximately HK1.34 cents (2014: approximately HK25.14 cents).

#### **PROSPECTS**

During the year, the respective established brandnames of the Group are given full play in our vigorously developed three main businesses, namely provision of waterworks engineering services, television broadcasting business and large outdoor display screen advertisement business. The Group is currently pursuing a strategy of diversification of business segments by developing new businesses, deeply exploring the potential and value of its existing resources, and putting greater efforts to improve the synergy of its terminal resources in order to improve its overall efficiency and expand room for development. The Group will continue to streamline and strengthen its existing businesses and operations to meet the challenges ahead. The Directors are optimistic towards its core businesses and will seize the business opportunities to achieve long-term sustainable growth for the benefits of the Group and the Shareholders as a whole.

#### 淨虧損

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,本公司擁有人應佔淨虧損為約41,700,000港元(二零一四年:約431,300,000港元),較去年減少約90.3%。淨虧損減少主要由於去年確認之一次性項目,即有關商譽及無形資產之減值虧損以及呆賬撥備所致。

#### 每股虧損

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,每股基本虧損為約1.34港仙(二零一四年:約25.14港仙)。

#### 前景

年內,本集團充份發揮各個良好品牌優勢,大力發展三項主要業務,即提供水務工程服務、電視播放業務及大型戶外顯示屏廣告業務。本集團現時正在推行多元化業務分部之策略,方式為發展新業務、深入挖掘其現有資源之潛力及價值以及增加提升其終端資源之協同效應之力度,從而改善其整體效率及拓展發展空間。本集團將持續精簡及加強其現有業務及營運以應付未來之挑戰。董事對其核心業務持樂觀態度,並將基於本集團及股東之整體利益把握業務機會以實現長期可持續增長。

#### **Provision of waterworks engineering services**

The Group's waterworks engineering services remains the major source of revenue of the Group. In the coming years, it is believed that the replacement and rehabilitation programme of water mains (the "R&R Programme") launched by WSD will continue to open up numerous waterworks opportunities to the Group. According to WSD, Stage 4 Phase 1 of the R&R Programme had commenced in March 2011 and will be completed in 2015. About 500 kilometres of water mains will be replaced and rehabilitated at this stage. Stage 4 Phase 2 of the R&R Programme had commenced in January 2012 and will be completed in 2015. About 350 kilometres of water mains will be replaced and rehabilitated at this stage.

Due to the economy of Hong Kong and intensity competition and threat from rising construction costs, Hong Kong economy is expected to continue its moderate growth, particularly for the construction industry. However, we will work closely with our subcontractors and suppliers, develop construction initiatives in technology and design for better operational efficiency, and reduce the demand for manpower to trim down the overall construction costs. Taking into account the construction industry in Hong Kong, the Group still remains prudently optimistic about the business outlook on this segment in the foreseeable future. We believe that the Group is able to take up more contracts and capture more potential business opportunities.

Going forward, the Group will continue to improve its quality of service and enhance management capabilities and competitiveness for bidding for more rewarding contracts in Hong Kong and to further scale up the Group's business. Also, the Group will intend to expand our services from time to time and apply for additional licences, permits or qualifications which may be required. The Group will continue to seek improvement in cost-savings, efficiency and profitability and identify opportunities for joint ventures or strategic alliances in a bid to drive its strategy of vertical as well as horizontal expansion.

#### 提供水務工程服務

本集團之水務工程服務仍為本集團收益之主要來源。未來數年,相信水務署推行的更換及修復水管計劃(「更換及修復計劃」)將持續為本集團提供眾多水務工程機會。按水務署的計劃,更換及修復計劃第4階段第1期已於二零一一年三月展開,並將於二零一五年完成,該階段將更換及修復約500公里的水管。更換及修復約350公里的水管。

由於香港經濟及競爭激烈以及工程成本上漲帶來之威脅,預期香港經濟會持續溫和增長,尤其是工程業。然而,我們將與我們的分包商及供應商緊密協作、落實技術及設計工程措施以獲得更佳營運效率及減少人員需求以削減整體工程成本。考慮到香港工程業,本集團對此分部於可見將來之業務前景仍保持審慎樂觀。我們相信,本集團有能力承接更多合約及把握更多潛在業務機會。

展望未來,本集團將不斷提升服務質素、強化管理實力及競爭力,在香港競投更多有利可圖的工程合約,進一步擴展本集團業務。此外,本集團擬將不時拓展我們的服務及申請可能須要的額外牌照、許可或資格。本集團將繼續尋求改善成本減省、效率及盈利能力,並物色成為合營公司或策略聯盟的機會,力求推進其策略的縱向及橫向擴展。

#### **Television broadcasting business**

Television broadcasting business is now under overwhelming competitive pressure due to the rapid growth of the media technologies which has posed great challenges to the traditional television broadcasting business. In view of the significant loss incurred in this segment for the year ended 31 March 2014, the immediate task of the Group is to achieve a turnaround in its profitability of this business segment. However, the television broadcasting business is still at the stage of adjustment and may continue to encounter difficulties as the same as the previous year. In face of the difficult operation environment, the Group is actively sought to increase the coverage of the CNC Channels by strengthening and rejuvenating its marketing and sales team internally. Besides, the Group will seek for new type of co-operation arrangements with television service providers so as to lower the cost of operation which in turn to improve its profitability.

Also, the Group will continue to produce information contents according to different social themes. Apart from continuing to serve viewers' needs for quality and informative programmes, such as Hong Kong Voice Express, the Group is actively enlarging its market share, improving its market image and developing new contents, including the production of crowd pleasing materials that cater to the tastes of the main stream audience. The Company is now preparing to produce a documentary television feature programme regarding the background and history of The University of Macau which is estimated to be completed in year 2015.

In view of these uncertainties for this business segment, the Group remains cautiously optimistic and continues to execute our business strategies while keeping a close eye on the latest developments of the market. The Group's strong backup from Xinhua News Agency and relationships with media service providers, together with the forward-looking strategy are favourable factors for the development of our business and operations.

#### 電視播放業務

由於媒體技術之迅速發展已對傳統電視廣播業務正帶來巨大挑戰,電視播放業務面臨巨大的競爭壓力。鑑於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度此分部產生之重大虧損,本集團之一之極,本集團之內部之盈利能力方面實現扭虧為盈。然而,電視播放業務仍處於調整階段及已經續遭遇與去年相同的困難。為應對艱難之營商環境,本集團積極尋求透過加強及提升其內部市場推廣及銷售團隊擴大CNC頻道之覆蓋範圍。此外,本集團將尋求與電視服務供應商達成新型合作安排,以降低營運成本,從而提升其盈利能力。

另外,本集團將繼續根據不同之社會主題製作 資訊內容。除繼續滿足觀眾對品質及資訊節目 (如香港傳真)之需求外,本集團正積極擴大其 市場份額、提升其市場形象及發展新內容,包括 製作迎合主流聽眾品味之大眾喜聞樂見素材。 本公司現時將以澳門大學之背景及歷史為主題 製作一部電視紀錄片,其預期將於二零一五年 完成。

鑑於此業務分部之該等不明朗因素,本集團在密切關注市場之最新發展之同時,仍保持審慎樂觀並繼續執行本集團之業務策略。本集團獲新華社之有力支持及與媒體服務供應商之關係、加上前瞻性策略,乃發展本集團業務及營運之有利因素。

#### Large outdoor display screen advertisement business

Upon completion of construction and installation of LED displays in Sichuan Chengdu, Jiangsu Xuyi, Jiangsu Kunshan and Yangzhou, the Group aims at constructing more LED displays in other PRC cities so as to increase the attractiveness to the potential advertising customers. With the view of fierce industry competition, the Group will continue to adopt the strategy of forming joint operation arrangements or other effective co-operation arrangements with potential partners in respect of construction and operation of LED displays so as to increase the cost-effectiveness of this segment. At the same time, the Group aims to increase the market share by comprehensively fostering marketing plan for advertising business as well as the capacity to maintain customer relationships. Meanwhile, the Group will look for new business opportunities from time to time, including but not limited to negotiating with potential commercial real estate developers, PRC government authorities and other potential partners to strengthen its market position and boost up the development of this business segment.

#### Video broadcasting business

In an era where internet and mobile internet grow sharply, the lifestyle changes rapidly nowadays. The Group has made great efforts in seeking market penetration in the mobile internet industry and transforming from television-based operation to mobile internet-based operation. Currently, the Group has been growing its advertising base through mobile and other platforms and diversified its business to video broadcasting business in the Greater China region. By leveraging on the video contents of the Group, the Company has entered into a cooperation agreement (the "Video Cooperation Agreement") with China Mobile Limited (the "China Mobile") in October 2014 pursuant to which the Group becomes a cooperation partner and content provider of certain mobile video platforms of the China Mobile, namely 和視 頻 and 和視界 (collectively the "Mobile Video Platforms"). As a result, the Group can broadcast locally produced programmes, video contents broadcasted in and extracted from CNC Channels and videos that the Group has licensed to broadcast, either with charges or free of charge, via the Mobile Video Platforms of China Mobile with effect from October 2014. The Directors aims at further co-operations with other media platforms and believed that it is another source of income in the future.

#### 大型戶外顯示屏廣告業務

於四川成都、江蘇盱眙、江蘇昆山及揚州完成建 造及安裝LED顯示屏後,本集團鋭意於中國其 他城市建造更多LED顯示屏以增加對潛在廣生 客戶之吸引力。考慮到激烈之行業競爭,本集團 將繼續採取就建造及經營LED顯示屏與潛在 作夥伴訂立合營安排或其他有效合作安排之 略,從而提高此分部之成本效益。與此同時, 略,從而提高此分部之成本效益。與此同時, 事旨在透過全面促進廣告業務之營銷規制時, 及維持客戶關係之能力而增加市場份額。同時與 及維持客戶關係之能力而增加市場份額。同時與 本集團將不時尋求新商機,包括但不限於 在商業地產發展商、中國政府機構及其他潛 在商業地產發展商、增強其市場地位,並加快此業務 分部之發展。

#### 視頻播放業務

在互聯網與流動互聯網急速發展之時代,當今 之生活方式可謂是日新月異。本集團正著力尋 找進入流動互聯網行業之切入點,從電視經營 模式轉變為流動互聯網經營模式。現時,本集團 正透過流動及其他平台擴展其廣告基礎,並擴 展其業務至大中華地區之視頻播放業務。憑藉 本集團之視頻內容,本公司已於二零一四年十 月與中國移動有限公司(「中國移動」)訂立合 作協議(「視頻合作協議」),據此,本集團成為 中國移動流動視頻服務下之若干流動視頻平台 (即和視頻及和視界)(統稱「流動視頻平台」) 之合作夥伴及內容提供商。因此,本集團可自 二零一四年十月起透過中國移動之流動視頻平 台以收費或免費形式播放自行製作之節目、於 CNC頻道播放及摘錄之視頻內容及本集團許可 播放之視頻。董事旨在與其他媒體平台進一步 合作並相信此乃未來之另一收入來源。

Despite the ever-changing economic environment, the Group will implement stringent control over the costs and make frequent review in order to maximize its profit by utilizing existing resources efficiently and maximizing synergic effects between business segments. The Group will also fine-tune the pace of operation and development and adopt flexible marketing policies to suit the development of different business segments. The Group is now developing a diversified business strategy such that its different business segments cater the taste of different groups of customers, including diversifying its business and strengthening the development of existing business. Besides, by capitalizing the advantages of business segments accumulated over the years, the Group aims penetrate into upstream resources business so as to realise vertical integration into industry-specific markets to form competitive edges across industries or regions for its long-term stable development. This allows to adapt and react to sudden changes in demand and to realise its full business potential markets.

儘管經濟環境變幻莫測,本集團將嚴格控制成本及頻繁檢討以便透過利用現有資源有效地將其溢利最大化並將業務分部間之協同效應最大化。本集團亦將對營運及發展步伐進行微調,並採納靈活之市場推廣政策以適應不同業務分部之發展。本集團現時正制定多元化業務策略,以致其不同業務分部可迎合不同客戶群之品味,包括將業務多元化及加強現有業務之發展。此外,透過利用多年來累積之業務分部之優勢,本集團鋭意滲入上游資源業務,從而實現縱在行業或區域內形成競爭優勢。此舉使本集團能適應及應對需求突變,並發揮其於市場之全部業務潛能。

The Group will continue to review its existing business segments from time to time and strive to improve the business operation and financial position of the Group. Looking forward, the Group will continue to look for business opportunities in its main business segments and take effort to optimize the synergy of its related investments and other profitable investments with a view to maximize return to the Shareholders. The Directors consider that it is beneficial for the Group to seek suitable investment opportunities from time to time to diversify its existing business portfolio into businesses with growth potential, that expand its geographical reach, broaden its source of income and further improve the financial position of the Group.

本集團將繼續不時檢討其現有業務分部,並力 求改善本集團之業務營運及財務狀況。展望未 來,本集團將繼續於其主要業務分部尋求商機, 並著力優化其相關投資及其他獲利投資之協同 效應以為股東帶來最高回報。董事認為不時尋 求適合投資機會,將其現有業務組合分散至具 增長潛力、可拓展地域範圍、擴闊收入來源並進 一步改善本集團之財務狀況之業務對本集團有 益。

#### **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

The Shares were listed on GEM on 30 August 2010. The capital of the Group comprises only ordinary shares.

#### 資本架構

股份於二零一零年八月三十日在創業板上市。 本集團股本僅包括普通股。

On 3 July 2014, the Company entered into a placing agreement with Gransing Securities Co., Limited to place an aggregate of 334,900,000 Shares to not less than six placees at an issue price of HK\$0.25 per placing Share and that the net price to the Company of each placing Share is approximately HK\$0.243. The placing price represented (i) a discount of approximately 13.8% to the closing price of HK\$0.29 per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange on 3 July 2014, being the last trading date of the placing agreement; and (ii) a discount of approximately 14.7% to the average closing price of HK\$0.293 per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange for the five consecutive trading days preceding 3 July 2014. The placing Shares were placed to not less than six placees, who and whose ultimate beneficial owners are independent institutional, professional and/or individual investors and not concert parties with the controlling shareholder(s) (if any) (as defined under Hong Kong Code on Takeovers and Mergers), and not connected with any directors, chief executive or substantial shareholder (if any) of the Company or its subsidiaries and their respective associates. None of the placees and their respective associates became a substantial shareholder of the Company as a result of the placing.

於二零一四年七月三日,本公司與鼎成證券有 限公司訂立配售協議以按每股配售股份0.25 港元之發行價向不少於六名承配人配售合共 334.900.000股股份,而本公司每股配售股份 之淨價約為0.243港元。配售價較(i)股份於二零 一四年七月三日(即配售協議之最後交易日) 在聯交所所報之收市價每股0.29港元折讓約 13.8%;及(ii)股份於二零一四年七月三日前連 續五個交易日在聯交所所報之平均收市價每股 0.293港元折讓約14.7%。配售股份已配售予不 少於六名承配人。承配人及其最終實益擁有人 乃獨立機構、專業及/或個人投資者,並非與控 股股東(如有)(定義見香港公司收購及合併守 則)一致行動之人士,且與本公司或其附屬公司 之任何董事、主要行政人員或主要股東(如有) 及彼等各自之聯繫人士概無關連。概無承配人 及彼等各自之聯繫人士於完成配售事項後成為 本公司之主要股東。

The Directors were of the view that the placing would strengthen the financial position of the Group, including its ability to meet any future obligations and further expand the Group's business. The Directors considered that the terms of the placing agreement, including the rate of the placing commission, were fair and reasonable based on the current market conditions. Accordingly, the Board considered that the placing was in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. The placing was completed on 17 July 2014 and raised gross proceeds of approximately HK\$83.7 million. The proceeds from the placing was used to finance the Group's development, payment of registered capital of a subsidiary incorporated in the PRC, repayment of unsecured and non-interest bearing advances from certain Directors and general working capital of the Company.

董事認為,配售事項將增強本集團之財務狀況(包括其應對任何未來債務之能力)及進一步擴張本集團之業務。董事認為配售協議之條款(包括配售佣金之費率)根據現行市場狀況乃屬公平及合理。因此,董事會認為配售事項符合本公司及股東之整體利益。配售事項已於二零一四年七月十七日完成及籌集所得款項總額約83,700,000港元。配售事項之所得款項已用於撥付本集團之發展、繳付一家於中國成立之附屬公司之註冊資本、償還無抵押及免息之若干董事墊款及本公司之一般營運資金。

Total equity attributable to owners of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$29.0 million in deficit as at 31 March 2015 (31 March 2014: approximately HK\$407.9 million in deficit). The decrease in deficit was mainly resulted from fund raising activities from the placing and conversion of convertible notes from noteholders.

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本公司擁有人應 佔權益總額虧絀約29,000,000港元(二零一四年 三月三十一日:虧絀約407,900,000港元)。虧絀 減少主要由於配售之集資活動及票據持有人兑 換可換股票據所致。

#### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group generally financed its operations through internally generated cash flows and net proceeds from placing exercise.

As at 31 March 2015, the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$73.2 million (31 March 2014: net current liabilities of approximately HK\$583.1 million), including cash balance of approximately HK\$62.2 million (31 March 2014: approximately HK\$20.6 million). The current ratio, being the ratio of current assets to current liabilities, was approximately 1.66 as at 31 March 2015 (31 March 2014: approximately 0.18). The change from net current liabilities to net current assets and increase in current ratio were primarily due to fund raising activities from placing, conversion of convertible notes and extension of promissory note and convertible notes during the year.

#### **GEARING RATIO**

The gearing ratio, which is based on the amount of total bank overdraft, promissory note, convertible notes, finance lease payables and advance received from customers divided by total assets, was approximately 70.1% as at 31 March 2015 (31 March 2014: approximately 178.8%). The decrease in gearing ratio was resulted from the decrease in total liabilities due to exercise of conversion rights of convertible notes by certain noteholders and increase in total assets.

#### **FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE**

The group entities collect most of the revenue and incur most of the expenditures in their respective functional currencies. The Directors consider that the Group's exposure to foreign currency exchange risk is insignificant as the majority of the Group's transactions are denominated in the functional currency of each individual group entity. During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group was mainly exposed to foreign currency exchange risk of United States Dollars and Renminbi and the management mainly monitored the foreign currency exchange risk with advices from the Group's major banks.

#### 流動資金及財務資源

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 一般透過內部產生之現金流量及配售活動之所 得款項淨額為其經營提供資金。

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團之流動資產淨額為約73,200,000港元(二零一四年三月三十一日:流動負債淨額約583,100,000港元),包括現金結餘約62,200,000港元(二零一四年三月三十一日:約20,600,000港元)。於二零一五年三月三十一日,流動比率(流動資產與流動負債之比率)為約1.66(二零一四年三月三十一日:約0.18)。由流動淨負債轉為流動淨資產及流動比率上升主要是由於年內之配售集資活動、兑換可換股票據及延長承兑票據及可換股票據所致。

#### 資產負債比率

資產負債比率乃銀行透支、承兑票據、可換股票據、融資租賃應付款項及已收取客戶墊款之總額除以總資產計算,於二零一五年三月三十一日為約70.1%(二零一四年三月三十一日:約178.8%)。資產負債比率下降是由於若干票據持有人行使可換股票據之兑換權而致負債總額減少及資產總值增加所致。

#### 外匯風險

各集團實體收取之大部份收益及所產生之大部份開支以其各自之功能貨幣計值。董事認為,本集團面臨之外匯風險甚微,乃由於本集團之大部份交易以各單獨集團實體之功能貨幣計值。截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團主要面臨美元及人民幣外匯風險,而管理層主要根據本集團主要往來銀行之建議監管外匯風險。

#### CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 March 2015, the Group did not have any significant capital commitments (31 March 2014: approximately HK\$3.5 million in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment).

#### **CHARGES ON THE GROUP'S ASSETS**

The Group's machineries and motor vehicles with net book values of approximately HK\$0.8 million (2014: approximately HK\$1.4 million) and approximately HK\$12.3 million (2014: approximately HK\$8.6 million) was held under finance lease respectively as at 31 March 2015. As at 31 March 2015, the Group pledged its machinery and motor vehicles with net book values of approximately HK\$12,000 (31 March 2014: approximately HK\$78,000) and approximately HK\$0.7 million (31 March 2014: approximately HK\$1.8 million) respectively as securities for its performance of obligations as a subcontractor of the Replacement and Rehabilitation of water mains, Stage 4, Phrase 1 – Mains in Tuen Mun, Yuen Long, North District and Tai Po.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 March 2015, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities (31 March 2014: Nil).

#### **INFORMATION ON EMPLOYEES**

As at 31 March 2015 the Group had 275 full-time staff in Hong Kong and over 90% of them are direct labour. Total staff costs (including Directors' remuneration) for the year ended 31 March 2015 amounted to approximately HK\$80.2 million (2014: approximately HK\$72.7 million), representing an increase of approximately 10.3% over that for the previous year. The increase was mainly due to the increase in the number of staff to support the expansion of the Group's business.

#### 資本承擔

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團並無任何重大資本承擔(二零一四年三月三十一日:就收購物業、廠房及設備約3,500,000港元)。

#### 本集團資產質押

本集團於二零一五年三月三十一日根據融資租賃持有賬面淨值分別約800,000港元(二零一四年:約1,400,000港元)及約12,300,000港元(二零一四年:約8,600,000港元)之機器及車輛。於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團抵押其賬面淨值分別約12,000港元(二零一四年三月三十一日:約78,000港元)及約700,000港元(二零一四年三月三十一日:約1,800,000港元)之機器及車輛,以作為履行更換及修復工程第4階段第1期屯門、元朗、北區及大埔水管工程之分包商責任之擔保。

#### 或然負債

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團並無任何重大或然負債(二零一四年三月三十一日:無)。

#### 僱員資料

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團在香港有275名全職員工,其中逾90%為直接勞工。截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之總員工成本(包括董事薪酬)為約80,200,000港元(二零一四年:約72,700,000港元),較去年增加約10.3%。總員工成本增加主要是由於為支持本集團業務擴充而增加人手所致。

#### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT HELD

As at 1 April 2014, the Group held a 17% equity interest in the issued share capital of China New Media (HK) Company Limited as a long term investment. During the year, the Group has disposed of 17% equity interest in the share capital of China New Media (HK) Company Limited.

Except for investment in subsidiaries and save as disclosed above, during the year ended 31 March 2015 and as at the end of the reporting period, the Group did not hold any significant investment in equity interest in any company.

# FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

On 8 December 2014, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party pursuant to which a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company will acquire 60% of the issued share capital of Xinhua Afanti Asset Management Limited (formerly known as Afanti Asset Management Limited) at the consideration of HK\$1.0 million. The acquisition has not yet completed as at date of this report and the acquisition is subject to approval of Securities and Futures Commission.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2015, the Group did not have other plans for material investments and capital assets.

# MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATED COMPANIES

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies.

#### 所持重大投資

於二零一四年四月一日,本集團持有中國新媒體(香港)有限公司已發行股本中17%之股本權益,作為長期投資。年內,本集團已出售中國新媒體(香港)有限公司股本中17%之股本權益。

除於附屬公司之投資及除上述所披露者外,截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度及於報告期末,本集團並無於任何公司之股本權益中持有任何重大投資。

#### 重大投資及資本資產之未來計劃

於二零一四年十二月八日,本集團與一名獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,據此,本公司之一間全資附屬公司將以代價1,000,000港元收購新華智盛資產管理有限公司(前稱為智盛資本管理有限公司)已發行股本之60%。該收購於本報告日期尚未完成及待證券及期貨事務監察委員會批准後,該收購方可作實。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一五年三月三十一 日,本集團並無就重大投資及資本資產制定其 他計劃。

#### 重大收購及出售附屬公司及聯屬公司

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團並 無任何重大收購及出售附屬公司及聯屬公司。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS 董事履歷詳情

#### **DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Zhang Hao (張浩), aged 52, the chairman of the Board and is responsible for the overall business planning and corporate strategy of the Group. Mr. Zhang graduated from the institute of German Language of Shanghai International Studies University (上海外國語學院德語系) with a degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1983. Mr. Zhang joined Xinhua News Agency after his graduation and held the positions of editor, reporter, senior editor (高級編 輯) and deputy officer of International Department of Xinhua News Agency (新華社國際部副主任). He was the officer of Xinhua News Agency Audio News Desk (新華社音像部) in 2003 and was re-designated as the deputy officer of Xinhua News Agency Audio and Video News Desk (新華社音視頻部) in 2009 and 2010. Mr. Zhang is currently the chairman of the board and legal representative of CNC China. Mr. Zhang is a director of China Xinhua NNC. In the last three years, he held no directorships in any listed public companies. Mr. Zhang has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from 25 August 2014, and will continue thereafter until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other or three months' salary being payment in lieu of notice.

#### 董事

#### 執行董事

張浩先生,52歲,為董事會主席,負責本集團之整體業務計劃及公司策略。張先生於一九八三年畢業於上海外國語學院德語系,持有文學學士學位。於畢業後,張先生進入新華社工作,歷任編輯、記者、高級編輯及新華社國際部副主任。彼於二零零三年出任新華社音像部主任,並於二零零九年至二零一零年調任為新華社音視的記事長及法人代表。張先生為中國新華新聞電視網董事。在過去三年內,彼並無於任何東新聞電視網董事。在過去三年內,彼並無於任何東新聞電視網董事。在過去三年內,彼並無於任何東新聞電視網董事。在過去三年內,彼並無於任何東新聞電視網董事。在過去三年內,彼並無於任何東新聞電視網董事。在過去三年內,彼並無於任何東新聞電視網董事。在過去三年內,彼並無於任何東新聞電視網董事。在過去三年內,彼並無於任何東新聞電視網董事。在過去三年內,彼並無於任何一方向另一方發出不少於三個月之書面終止通知或支付三個月薪金作代通知金為止。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS 董事履歷詳情

Mr. Zou Chen Dong (鄒陳東), aged 46, is the vice chairman of the Board and chief executive officer of the Group and is responsible for overseeing the overall project management and the daily operation. Mr. Zou is a reporter superior (主任記者) of Xinhua News Agency. Mr. Zou graduated from the Department of Journalism of China People's Liberation Army Nanjing School of Department Political Science (中國人民解放軍南京政治學院新 聞系) in 1990 and joined Xinhua News Agency in 2001. He was a reporter of Tibet People's Broadcast Television (西藏人民廣播 電台) and Tibet Television (西藏電視台) in 1991, a reporter in China Central People's Broadcast Television (中國中央人民廣播 電台) in 1994, a reporter in a Tibet correspondent of New China Agency People's Liberation Army in 2001 and the news director of Shanghai Securities News (上海証券報) in 2007. Mr. Zou is a director of China Xinhua NNC. Mr. Zou has about 20 years of experience in the media industry. In the last three years, he held no directorships in any listed public companies. Mr. Zou has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from 9 December 2011, and will continue thereafter until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other or three months' salary being payment in lieu of notice.

鄒陳東先生,46歲,為董事會副主席兼本集團行 政總裁,負責監督整體項目管理及日常經營。鄒 先生為新華社主任記者。鄒先生於一九九零年畢 業於中國人民解放軍南京政治學院新聞系及於 二零零一年加入新華社。彼於一九九一年任西藏 人民廣播電台及西藏電視台記者、於一九九四 年任中國中央人民廣播電台記者、於二零零一 年任新華社解放軍分社駐西藏記者及於二零零 七年任職上海証券報新聞總監。鄒先生現任中 國新華新聞電視網董事。鄒先生於傳媒業擁有 約20年經驗。在過去三年內,彼並無於任何上市 公眾公司擔任任何董事職務。鄒先生已與本公 司訂立服務合約,自二零一一年十二月九日起 初步為期三年,並將持續有效,直至任何一方向 另一方發出不少於三個月之書面終止通知或支 付三個月薪金作代通知金為止。

Dr. Lee Yuk Lun, JP (李鋈麟博士), aged 52, is the vice chairman of the Board and is responsible for business development of the Group. Dr. Lee has been engaged in the finance industry for over 17 years and, in particular, in the area of mergers and acquisitions. He also possesses over 12 years of experience in project investments in the PRC. Dr. Lee is a Committee member of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (CPPCC) Beijing Committee (中國人民政治協商會議北京市委員會政協委 員), a member of the Committee of Shunyi District, CPPCC Beijing Committee (中國人民政治協商會議北京市順義區委員會委員), a director of Beijing Chinese Overseas Friendship Association (北 京海外聯誼會理事), a director of Tung Wah Group of Hospitals (東華三院) from 2009, a part time member of the Central Policy Unit of the Government, the founding chairman of Wanchai and Central & Western District Industries & Commerce Association and the founding chairman of Dr. Lee Yuk Lun Charitable Foundation. Dr. Lee was deputy chairman and executive director of Rising Development Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 1004) since 31 August 2007. He was designated as chairman and chief executive officer from 10 March 2010 to 6 August 2013 and was re-designated as executive director from 6 August 2013 to 27 January 2014. Save

as disclosed above, Dr. Lee did not hold any directorships in any other listed public companies in the last three years. Dr. Lee has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from 22 June 2012, and will continue thereafter until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other or three months' salary

being payment in lieu of notice.

李鋈麟博士,太平紳士,52歲,為董事會副主席, 負責本集團之業務發展。李博士於金融業,特別 是合併收購方面擁有逾17年經驗,且有逾12年 在中國參與不同項目投資之經驗。李博士現為中 國人民政治協商會議北京市委員會政協委員、 中國人民政治協商會議北京市順義區委員會委 員、北京海外聯誼會理事、東華三院總理(由二 零零九年至今)、政府中央政策組非全職顧問、 灣仔中西區工商業聯合會創會主席,以及李鋈麟 博士慈善基金會創會主席。李博士於二零零七 年八月三十一日為麗盛集團控股有限公司(一 間於聯交所主板上市之公司,股份代號:1004) 之副主席兼執行董事,彼於二零一零年三月十 日至二零一三年八月六日獲委任為主席及行政 總裁,並於二零一三年八月六日至二零一四年 一月二十七日獲重新委任為執行董事。除上文 所披露者外,在過去三年內,李博士並無於任何 其他上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務。李博士 已與本公司訂立服務合約,自二零一二年六月 二十二日起初步為期三年,並將持續有效,直至 任何一方向另一方發出不少於三個月之書面終 止通知或支付三個月薪金作代通知金為止。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS 董事履歷詳情

Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung (簡國祥), aged 50, is the founder of the Group. Mr. Kan formed TYW and TY Civil in 1996 and 2000 respectively and has been the director of both companies since their formation. Mr. Kan has over 21 years of experience in handling civil engineering projects of various types. In the last three years, he held no directorships in any listed public companies. Mr. Kan has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from 11 August 2010, and will continue thereafter until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other or three months' salary being payment in lieu of notice. In addition, Mr. Kan has entered into an employment contract with TYW to act as the director of TYW for a continuous term commencing from 6 February 1996 until terminated by not less than thirty days' notice in writing served by either party on the other or thirty days' salary being payment in lieu of notice.

Mr. Chia Kar Hin, Eric John (謝嘉軒), aged 45, is the vice president and compliance officer of the Group and is responsible for the financial and compliance aspects of the Group. Mr. Chia has over 15 years of experience in corporate finance, management and investment and he joined the Group in May 2009. Mr. Chia graduated with a degree of Bachelor of Science in accounting and finance from Purdue University, Indiana, the United States of America ("USA") in 1994. In the last three years, he held no directorships in any listed public companies. He has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from 11 August 2010, and will continue thereafter until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other or three months' salary being payment in lieu of notice.

簡國祥先生,50歲,為本集團之創辦人。簡先生分別於一九九六年及二零零年成立進業水務及進業土木,並自其成立起成為該兩家工程或董事。簡先生擁有逾21年處理各類土木工是內,彼並無於任何本本出見之經驗。在過去三年內,彼並無於任何本本是可能任任何董事職務。簡先生已與本日之間,自二零一零年八月十一方之書,並將持續有效,直至任何知知是一方發出不少於三個月之書面終止通知金為止。此外,簡先生水務董事,連續任期由一九九六年二月六日起四級進業水務訂立一份僱傭合約,擔任進業水務董事,連續任期由一九九六年二月六日起書面終近通知或支付三十日薪金作代通知金為止。

謝嘉軒先生,45歲,為本集團之副總裁及合規主任,負責本集團之財務及合規事宜。謝先生於公司財務、管理及投資方面擁有逾15年經驗,並於二零零九年五月加入本集團。謝先生於一九九四年獲美利堅合眾國(「美國」)印第安納州普渡大學會計及財務理學士學位。在過去三年內,彼並無於任何上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務。彼已與本公司訂立服務合約,自二零一零年八月十一日起初步為期三年,並將持續有效,直至任何一方向另一方發出不少於三個月之書面終止通知或支付三個月薪金作代通知金為止。

#### **Non-Executive Director**

**Dr. Li Yong Sheng** (李永升), aged 44, is a reporter superior (主任記者) of Xinhua News Agency and has been working in Xinhua News Agency since his graduation from Wuhan University with a degree of Bachelor of Economics and Management in 1992. Dr. Li obtained a Doctorate of philosophy in Economics from Wuhan University of Technology in 2010. Dr. Li has held the positions of reporter and editor in financial and economical businesses. Dr. Li has served as the associate director of the service line of Xinhua News Agency (新華社服務專線副總監) since 2003 and the editor of Xinhua News Agency Audio and Video News Desk and the officer of the Financial Television Centre (財經電視中心主任) since 2009. In the last three years, Dr. Li did not hold any directorships in any listed public companies.

# **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

The Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP (葉國謙議員), aged 63, has been appointed by the Company as independent non-executive Director on 18 May 2015. The Hon. Ip is a member of the Legislative Council of Hong Kong representing the District Council (The First) functional constituency and a member of the Democratic Alliance for the Betterment and Progress of Hong Kong ("DAB"). The Hon. Ip was appointed as a Justice of the Peace (JP) in 1999 and was awarded the Gold Bauhinia Star (GBS) in the Hong Kong 2004 Honours List. The Hon. Ip is presently a Deputy to the 12th National People's Congress of PRC for Hong Kong, the Chairman of Legislative Council Panel on Security, the DAB Party Affairs Advisor and the Convenor of DAB Legislative Council Caucus. The Hon. Ip also currently serves as a non-executive director of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority and a member of Central and Western District Council (Kwun Lung). The Hon. Ip was a member of the Legislative Council between 1995-1997, a member of the Provisional Legislative Council between 1997-1998 and a member of the Legislative Council of Hong Kong representing the district council functional constituency between

# 非執行董事

李永升博士,44歲,為新華社主任記者,自一九九二年於武漢大學經濟管理系畢業後進入新華社工作。李博士於二零一零年獲得武漢理工大學經濟學博士學位。李博士曾任職金融及經濟方面之記者和編輯。李博士自二零零三年起擔任新華社服務專線副總監及自二零零九年起擔任新華社音視頻部編委兼財經電視中心主任。在過去三年內,李博士並無於任何上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務。

# 獨立非執行董事

葉國謙議員,金紫荊星章,太平紳士,63歲,於二 零一五年五月十八日獲本公司委任為獨立非執 行董事。葉議員為香港立法會議員(區議會(第 一)功能界別)及民主建港協進聯盟(「民建聯」) 成員。葉議員於一九九九年獲委任為太平紳士 及於香港二零零四年授勳名單中獲授予金紫荊 星章。葉議員現任香港第十二屆全國人民代表 大會代表、立法會保安事務委員會主席及民建 聯會務顧問及民建聯立法會黨團召集人。葉議 員現時亦擔任強制性公積金管理局非執行董事 及中西區區議員(觀龍選區)。葉議員分別於 一九九五至一九九七年擔任香港立法局議員, 一九九七至一九九八年擔任臨時立法會議員, 二零零零至二零零四年以及二零零八年至二零 一二年擔任香港立法會議(區議會功能界別)。 葉議員現任盈信控股限公司(一間於聯交所主 板上市之公司,股份代號:15)之獨立非執行董 事。除以上所披露者外,在過去三年內,葉議員 並無於任何其他上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS 董事履歷詳情

2000-2004 and between 2008-2012. The Hon. Ip is currently appointed as the independent non-executive director of Vantage International (Holdings) Limited (a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 15). Save as disclosed above, The Hon. Ip did not hold any directorships in any other listed public companies in last three years. He has not, by himself or through his firm in which he practices, provided professional services to the Company during the year ended 31 March 2015.

務。截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度期間, 彼尚未親自或透過其執業之公司向本公司提供 專業服務。

Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, BBS, JP (尹志強先生), aged 65, has been appointed by the Company as independent non-executive Director on 9 February 2015. Mr. Wan obtained a degree of master of Business Administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 2008 and a degree of master of Buddhist studies from The University of Hong Kong in 2010. Mr. Wan was appointed as a Justice of the Peace (JP) in 1997 and was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) in the Hong Kong 2004 Honours List. Mr. Wan is engaged in the business of property and chattel valuation and auction. Mr. Wan is a fellow of The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, an associate of The Institution of Business Agents, a member of The Land Institute (London), an associate of The Chartered Institute of Arbitrators and a fellow of The Institute of Administrative Accounting. Mr. Wan is currently appointed as the independent non-executive director of Lee & Man Chemical Company Limited (a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 746). Save as disclosed above, Mr. Wan did not hold any directorships in any other listed public companies in last three years. He has not, by himself or through his firm in which he practices, provided professional services to the Company during the year ended 31 March 2015.

尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士,65歲,於二零 一五年二月九日獲本公司委任為獨立非執行董 事。尹先生於二零零八年於香港中文大學獲得 工商管理碩士學位及於二零一零年於香港大學 獲得佛學碩士學位。尹先生於一九九七年獲委 任為太平紳士及於香港二零零四年授勳名單中 獲授予銅紫荊星章。尹先生從事物業及動產估 值及拍賣業務。尹先生為英國皇家特許測量師 學會之資深會員、英國商業經紀學會會員、英國 倫敦土地學會會員、英國皇家仲裁學會會員及 英國管理會計師學會之資深會員。尹先生現任 理文化工有限公司(一間於聯交所主板上市之 公司,股份代號:746)之獨立非執行董事。除以 上所披露者外,在過去三年內,尹先生並無於任 何其他上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務。截至 二零一五年三月三十一日 | 上年度期間,彼尚未 親自或透過其執業之公司向本公司提供專業服 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Mr. Jin Hai Tao (靳海濤), aged 61, has over 30 years' experience in enterprise management, investment, financing and capital market operations. He joined Shenzhen Capital Group Co., Ltd (深圳市創新投資集團有限公司) in 2004 as chairman. Currently, he is a director of Rizhao Port Co., Ltd (日照港股份有 限公司) (a company listed in the Shanghai Stock Exchange, stock code: 600017), Guangzhou Pearl River Industrial Development Holdings Co., Ltd (廣州珠江實業開發股份有限公司) (a company listed in the Shanghai Stock Exchange, stock code: 600684) and Shenzhen Terca Technology Co., Ltd (深圳市特爾佳科技股份有 限公司) (a company listed in the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 002213). Between 1993 and 2000, Mr. Jin was a deputy general manager of Shenzhen Electronic Group Co., Ltd (深圳 賽格集團有限公司) and vice president and general manager of Shenzhen SEG Co., Ltd (深圳賽格股份有限公司) (a company listed in the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 200058). In addition, Mr. Jin is the vice chairman of Shenzhen Chamber of Investment (SZCI) (深圳市投資商會常務副會長), executive vice president of Shenzhen Finance Consultant Association (深圳市 金融顧問協會執行副會長) and honorary chairman of Wenzhou Association for Investment in Enterprises (溫州市投資協會名 譽會長). He is on the professional expert board of the Science, Technology & Economic Expert Committee of the Ministry of Science and Technology (國家科技部科技經濟專家委員會專家). He has a Master degree in management from Huazhong University of Science and Technology (華中理工大學工學(管理學)碩士). Save as disclosed above, Mr. Jin did not hold any directorships in any other listed public companies in the last three years. He has not, by himself or through his firm in which he practices, provided professional services to the Company during the year ended 31 March 2015.

靳海濤先生,61歲,於企業管理、投資、融資及 資本市場運作擁有逾30年經驗。彼於二零零四年 加入深圳市創新投資集團有限公司出任主席。 彼現時為日照港股份有限公司(一間於上海證 券交易所上市之公司,股份代號:600017)、廣 州珠江實業開發股份有限公司(一間於上海證 券交易所上市之公司,股份代號:600684)及深 圳市特爾佳科技股份有限公司(一間於深圳證 券交易所上市之公司,股份代號:002213)之董 事。於一九九三年至二零零零年期間,靳先生 曾為深圳賽格集團有限公司之副總經理及深圳 賽格股份有限公司(一間於深圳證券交易所上 市之公司,股份代號:200058)之副董事長兼總 經理。此外, 靳先生為深圳市投資商會常務副會 長、深圳市金融顧問協會執行副會長及溫州市投 資協會名譽會長。彼為國家科技部科技經濟專 家委員會專家。彼於華中理工大學取得工學(管 理學)碩士學位。除以上所披露者外,在過去三 年內, 靳先生並無於任何其他上市公眾公司擔 任任何董事職務。截至二零一五年三月三十一 日止年度期間,彼尚未親自或透過其執業之公 司向本公司提供專業服務。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS 董事履歷詳情

Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth (王忠業先生), aged 47, has been appointed by the Company as the independent nonexecutive Director on 16 December 2013. Mr. Wong graduated with professional diploma in accountancy from Hong Kong Polytechnic in 1990 and obtained a degree of bachelor of law from Peking University in the PRC in 1998 and a degree of master of science from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1999. Mr. Wong has extensive experience in auditing, accounting and corporate finance. Mr. Wong is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Wong previously worked at one of the reputable international accounting firms for six years and also worked in Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited for over 13 years with last position as senior manager of the Listing Division of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited. Mr. Wong worked in a financial service institution licensed by the Securities and Futures Commission as vice president of corporate finance division for about four years. In the last three years, Mr. Wong did not hold any directorships in any listed public companies. He has not, by himself or through his firm in which he practices, provided professional services to the Company during the year ended 31 March 2015.

王忠業先生,47歲,於二零一三年十二月十六 日獲本公司委任為獨立非執行董事。王先生於 一九九零年畢業於香港理工學院,持有會計專 業文憑, 並於一九九八年於中國北京大學獲得 法律學學士學位及於一九九九年於香港中文大 學獲得理學碩士學位。王先生於核數,會計及企 業融資方面擁有豐富經驗。王先生為香港會計 師公會之會員。王先生曾於一間國際會計師事 務所任職六年及於香港交易及結算所有限公司 任職超過十三年,於離任前為香港交易及結算 所有限公司上市科高級經理。王先生曾任職一 間持有證券及期貨事務監察委員會有效牌照之 金融服務機構之企業融資部副總裁達四年。在 過去三年內,王先生並無於任何上市公眾公司 擔任任何董事職務。彼於截至二零一五年三月 三十一日止年度期間並無自行或透過所服務公 司為本公司提供專業服務。

The Board hereby presents this corporate governance report for the year ended 31 March 2015.

董事會謹此呈列截至二零一五年三月三十一日 止年度之企業管治報告。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and enhance the performance of the Group.

The Company has applied the principles and code provisions in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules.

In the opinion of the Board, the Company has complied with the Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2015, except for paragraphs A.2.7 and A.6.7 of the Code. This report further illustrates in detail as to how the Code was applied, inclusive of the considered reasons for any deviation throughout the year ended 31 March 2015.

# **DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors on terms which are the same as the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The Company periodically issues notices to its Directors reminding them of the general prohibition on dealing in the Company's listed securities during the blackout periods before the publication of announcements of financial results.

The Company has confirmed, having made specific enquiry of the Directors, that all the Directors have complied with the required standards of dealings throughout the year ended 31 March 2015. The Company was not aware of any non-compliance in this respect throughout the year ended 31 March 2015.

# 企業管治常規

本公司一直致力達到高水平之企業管治、務求 保障股東利益及提高本集團之表現。

本公司已應用創業板上市規則附錄15所載之企 業管治常規守則(「守則」)之原則及守則條文。

董事會認為,除守則第A.2.7段及A.6.7段之規定 外,本公司截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年 度全年一直遵守守則。本報告進一步詳細説明 守則如何獲應用,包括於截至二零一五年三月 三十一日止年度任何偏離情況之理由。

# 董事進行證券交易

本公司按與創業板上市規則第5.48至5.67條所 載交易必守標準相同的條款採納董事進行證券 交易之行為守則。

本公司定期向董事發出通知,提醒彼等財務業 績公佈刊發前之禁制期內買賣本公司上市證券 之一般禁制規定。

本公司經向董事作出特定查詢後確認,全體董 事截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度期間已 遵守交易必守標準。據本公司所知,截至二零 一五年三月三十一日止年度期間,並無任何違 規事宜。

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board is accountable for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs in a responsible and effective manner. Each Director has a duty to act in good faith and in the best interests of the Company.

Matters reserved for the Board include, but not limited to:

- approval of the Group's long term objectives and strategy, policies and annual budgets;
- oversight of the Group's operations and management;
- approval of major changes to the Group's corporate structure, management and control structure;
- approval of quarterly, interim and annual results;
- approval of any significant changes in accounting policies or practices;
- responsible for the system of internal control and risk management;
- approval of matters in relation to Board membership and Board remuneration;
- review of the existing policies of the Company on corporate governance;
- review of the coverage of knowledge and skills of the training sessions arranged for the Directors and senior management by the Company;
- evaluated the effectiveness of internal safeguard procedure for overseeing timely disclosure of material inside information and perseverance of its confidentiality;
- monitor the compliance of code of conduct by the Directors and relevant employees of the Group; and
- review of the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in this report.

# 董事會

董事會以負責任、重效益的態度領導及監管本公司事務,令本公司取得成功。各董事均有責任以本公司的最佳利益為前提真誠行事。

交由董事會處理的事官包括但不限於:

- 批准本集團之長期目標及策略、政策及年度預算;
- 監管本集團之業務營運及管理;
- 批准本集團的公司架構、管理層及監控架構之重大變動;
- 批准季度、中期及年度業績;
- 批准會計政策或慣例之任何重大變動;
- 負責內部監控及風險管理制度;
- 批准與董事會成員及董事會薪酬有關之事 官:
- 檢討本公司現有企業管治政策;
- 檢討本公司為董事及高級管理層安排培訓 課程之知識及技能涵蓋範圍;
- 評估監察適時披露重要內幕消息及維護消息保密性之內部保障程序之有效性;
- 監督董事及本集團有關僱員有否遵守行為 守則;及
- 檢討本公司有否遵守守則及本報告之披露 事宜。

# **Composition of the Board**

The Board currently comprises ten Directors, including five executive Directors, a non-executive Director and four independent non-executive Directors and at least one of the independent non-executive Directors has appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. Biographical details of the Directors are set out in the "Biographical Details of Directors" section on pages 35 to 42 of this report. The composition of the Board is set out as follows:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Zhang Hao (Chairman)

(appointed on 25 August 2014 as Vice chairman

and redesignated as Chairman on 16 September 2014)

Mr. Zou Chen Dong (Vice chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

(redesignated as Vice chairman on 25 August 2014)

Dr. Lee Yuk Lun, JP (Vice chairman)

Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung

Mr. Chia Kar Hin, Eric John

Mr. Wu Jin Cai (resigned on 15 September 2014)

# **Non-Executive Directors**

Dr. Li Yong Sheng

Ms. Liang Hui (resigned on 15 September 2014)

# **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

The Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP (appointed on 18 May 2015)

Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, BBS, JP (appointed on 9 February 2015)

Mr. Jin Hai Tao

Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth

Mr. Hau Chi Kit (resigned on 18 May 2015)

Mr. Chu Siu Lun, Ivan (resigned on 31 January 2015)

# 董事會之組成

董事會目前由十名董事組成,包括五名執行董事、一名非執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事,且至少有一名獨立非執行董事具備適當的專業資格,或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。董事履歷詳情載於本報告第35至第42頁「董事履歷詳情」一節。董事會之組成載列如下:

# 執行董事

張浩先生(主席)

(於二零一四年八月二十五日獲委任為副主席 並於二零一四年九月十六日調任為主席)

鄒陳東先生(副主席及行政總裁)

(於二零一四年八月二十五日

調任為副主席)

李鋈麟博士,太平紳士(副主席)

簡國祥先生

謝嘉軒先生

吳錦才先生(於二零一四年九月十五日辭任)

# 非執行董事

李永升博士

梁慧女士(於二零一四年九月十五日辭任)

# 獨立非執行董事

葉國謙議員,金紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年五月十八日獲委任)

尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年二月九日獲委任)

靳海濤先生

王忠業先生

侯志傑先生(於二零一五年五月十八日辭任)

朱兆麟先生(於二零一五年一月三十一日辭任)

#### Chairman and chief executive officer

The role and duties of the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company are carried out by different individuals.

The chairman of the Board is Mr. Zhang Hao who is responsible for strategic and business directions to the Board and ensures its effectiveness in all aspects.

The chief executive officer of the Company is Mr. Zou Chen Dong, who is responsible for the Company's day-to-day management and operations and focuses on implementing objectives, policies and strategies approved and delegated by the Board.

# Management functions delegated by the Board

The Board has delegated the responsibilities of the execution of strategies and decision making for day-to-day operation and administration functions of the Company to the management team headed by the chief executive officer. The Board has set out guidelines for management team as to when final authority should rest with the Board and its prior approval should be obtained before making decisions or entering into any commitments; issue of such include but not limited to any proposed notifiable transactions, connected transactions, significant investments, major business decisions related to operation and business strategy, change of key management of the Group and disclosure of inside information.

#### Appointment, re-election and removal

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial fixed term of three years subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGM pursuant to the articles of association of the Company. The appointment of executive Directors will continue thereafter until terminated by either party giving not less than three months' prior written notice to the other or the payment of three month salary in lieu of notice.

The non-executive Director was appointed for a specific term of three years subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGM pursuant to the articles of association of the Company.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors was appointed for a specific term of three years, subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGM pursuant to the articles of association of the Company.

# 主席及行政總裁

本公司主席及行政總裁的職位及職務由不同人十擔任。

董事會主席為張浩先生,彼負責為董事會提供策略及業務指導並確保其在所有方面均有效力。

本公司行政總裁為鄒陳東先生,彼負責本公司 之日常管理及營運,全力實踐董事會所批准及 授權之目標、政策及策略。

# 董事會轉授之管理職能

董事會已將本公司戰略執行及日常營運與行政管理決策之責任轉授予由行政總裁領導之管理團隊。董事會已為管理團隊制訂指引,列明最終決定權何時歸屬於董事會,於作出決策或訂立任何承諾前須取得事先批准,包括但不限於建議須予公佈之交易、關連交易、重大投資、涉及營運及業務戰略之重大商業決定、本集團主要管理人員變動及內幕消息披露。

# 委任、膺選連任及罷免

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,初步固定年期為三年,惟須根據本公司組織章程細則於股東週年大會上輪流退任及膺選連任。執行董事之委任將持續,直至任何一方向其他方發出不少於三個月之事先書面通知或支付三個月薪金作代通知金為止。

非執行董事獲委任之指定任期為三年,惟須根據本公司組織章程細則於股東週年大會上輪流 退任及膺選連任。

各獨立非執行董事獲委任之指定任期為三年, 惟須根據本公司組織章程細則於股東週年大會 上輪流退任及膺選連任。 In accordance with the articles of association of the Company, at each AGM one third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Such retiring Directors may, being eligible, offer themselves for reelection at the AGM. All Directors appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of Shareholders after their appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting and all Directors appointed by the Board as an

根據本公司組織章程細則,在每屆股東週年大會上,當時三分之一的董事須輪流退任,惟每位董事必須最少每三年輪流退任一次。有關退任董事可能符合資格於股東週年大會上膺選連任。所有獲董事會委任填補臨時空缺之董事,其任期僅至彼等獲委任後首次股東大會為止,並須於該大會上膺選連任,而所有獲董事會委任加入現有董事會的董事任期僅至下屆股東週年大會為止,屆時將符合資格膺選連任。

None of the Directors has a service contract with any member of the Group which is not determinable by the relevant employer within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next

following AGM and shall then be eligible for re-election.

概無董事與本集團任何成員公司訂立不可由有 關僱主於一年內終止而毋須支付任何賠償(法 定賠償除外)之服務合約。

# **Independent Non-executive Directors**

# 獨立非執行董事

Paragraph A.2.7 of the Code provides that the chairman should at least annually hold meetings with the non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors without the executive Directors present. Although the chairman did not hold a meeting with the non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors during the year ended 31 March 2015, he delegated the company secretary to gather any concerns and/or questions that the non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors might have and report to him for setting up follow-up meetings, whenever necessary, in due course.

守則第A.2.7段規定主席須至少每年與非執行董事及獨立非執行董事舉行沒有執行董事出席的會議。儘管截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度主席並無與非執行董事及獨立非執行董事舉行會議,惟彼授權公司秘書收集非執行董事及獨立非執行董事可能存有之任何疑慮及/或問題並向彼匯報,以便於適當時候召開跟進會議(如有必要)。

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

本公司已獲各獨立非執行董事根據創業板上市規則第5.09條就其獨立身份所發出的年度確認書。本公司認為,所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

#### **Relation of the Board Members**

#### 董事會成員之關係

All Directors are no relationships (including financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships) among members of the Board.

全體董事於董事會成員之間概無任何關係(包括財務、業務、家族或其他重大或相關關係)。

# **Meeting of the Board**

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Board had convened total twelve meetings, four of which are in regular nature. The attendance record of individual Directors at the Board and committees' meetings and general meetings are set out in page 54 of this report.

# **Directors' Training and Professional Development**

Every Director keeps abreast of responsibilities as a director of the Company and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company. The Company provides all members of the Board with monthly updates on the Group's performance and financial position.

The Directors are aware of the requirement under the paragraph A.6.5 of the Code regarding continuous professional development. During the year, the Company had arranged a training session to certain Directors which was conducted by an external professional firm. In addition, Directors also reviewed the monthly business and financial updates and other reading materials provided to them concerning latest developments in corporate governance practices and relevant legal and regulatory developments. A record of the Directors' participation in various continuous professional development program during the year ended 31 March 2015 is kept by the company secretary as below:

# 董事會會議

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度期間,董 事會總共已召開十二次會議,其中四次會議為 定期會議。各董事出席董事會及委員會會議以 及股東大會之記錄載於本報告第54頁。

# 董事培訓及專業發展

各董事充分瞭解作為本公司董事之職責以及本公司之營運、業務活動及發展。本公司每月向全體董事會成員提供有關本集團之表現及財務狀況之更新資料。

董事知悉守則第A.6.5段項下有關持續專業發展的規定。於本年度,本公司已為若干董事安排由外聘的專業公司舉辦的培訓。此外,董事亦已審閱每月的業務及財務更新資料,以及其他向彼等提供的閱讀材料,內容有關企業管治常規的最新發展以及相關法律及監管發展。截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,有關董事於各項持續專業發展課程的出席記錄由公司秘書保存如下:

**Training** 

		培訓			
		Self-learning 自學進修	Attend seminar 參加研討會	Induction 就職課程	
<b>Executive Directors</b>	執行董事				
Mr. Zhang Hao	張浩先生 <i>(於二零一四年</i>				
(appointed on 25 August 2014)	八月二十五日獲委任)	✓	✓	$\checkmark$	
Mr. Zou Chen Dong	鄒陳東先生	<b>✓</b>	✓		
Dr. Lee Yuk Lun, JP	李鋈麟博士,太平紳士	<b>✓</b>	✓		
Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung	簡國祥先生	<b>/</b>	✓		
Mr. Chia Kar Hin, Eric John	謝嘉軒先生	/	✓		
Mr. Wu Jin Cai	吳錦才先生(於二零一四年				
(resigned on 15 September 2014)	九月十五日辭任)	<b>✓</b>			

		Training 培訓		
		Self-learning 自學進修	Attend seminar 參加研討會	Induction 就職課程
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事			
Dr. Li Yong Sheng	李永升博士	1		/
Ms. Liang Hui	梁慧女士(於二零一四年			
(resigned on 15 September 2014)	九月十五日辭任)	✓		
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事			
The Hon, Ip Kwok Him, <i>GBS, JP</i> (appointed on 18 May 2015)	葉國謙議員,金紫荊星章, 太平紳士(於二零一五年			
	五月十八日獲委任)	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, BBS, JP (appointed on 9 February 2015)	尹志強先生, <i>銅紫荊星章,</i> 太平紳士(於二零一五年			
	二月九日獲委任)	1	✓	
Mr. Jin Hai Tao	靳海濤先生	///	✓	
Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth	王忠業先生	/	✓	
Mr. Hau Chi Kit	侯志傑先生 <i>(於二零一五年</i>			
(resigned on 18 May 2015)	五月十八日辭任)	1		
Mr. Chu Siu Lun, Ivan	朱兆麟先生(於二零一五年一月			
(resigned on 31 January 2015)	三十一日辭任)	1		

# Directors' and officers' liability insurance and indemnity

Appropriate insurance cover on Directors' and officers' liabilities has been provided by the Company to cover potential legal actions against Directors and senior officers.

# **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established three committees, namely audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") and remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee"), to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs. Their respective terms of reference are set out in the Company's website.

# 董事及管理人員之保險及保障

本公司已為董事及管理人員提供適當責任保險, 以保障針對董事及高級管理人員提出之潛在法 律行動。

# 董事委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,即審核委員會(「審 核委員會」)、提名委員會(「提名委員會」)及薪 酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」),以督導本公司特定 範疇之事務。其各自職權範圍載於本公司網站。

#### **Audit Committee**

The Company has established the Audit Committee on 11 August 2010 with terms of reference in compliance with paragraph C.3.3 of the Code.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee include, among other things, reviewing and supervising the financial reporting process and internal control systems, as well as the overall risk management of the Group, reviewing the financial statements and the quarterly, interim and annual reports of the Group, and reviewing the terms of engagement and scope of audit work of the external auditors.

The composition of the Audit Committee is as follows:

# **Independent non-executive Directors**

Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth (Chairman)
The Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP
(appointed on 18 May 2015)
Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, BBS, JP
(appointed on 9 February 2015)

Mr. Jin Hai Tao

Mr. Hau Chi Kit (resigned on 18 May 2015)

Mr. Chu Siu Lun, Ivan (resigned on 31 January 2015)

# **Non-executive Directors**

Dr. Li Yong Sheng

Ms. Liang Hui (resigned on 15 September 2014)

The members of the Audit Committee possess diversified industry experience and the chairman of the Audit Committee has appropriate professional qualifications and experience in accounting matters.

During the year, the Audit Committee had reviewed the first quarterly results for three months ended 30 June 2014, the interim results for the six months ended 30 September 2014, the third quarterly results for the nine months ended 31 December 2014 and the annual results for the year ended 31 March 2015 and is of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and that adequate disclosures have been made.

# 審核委員會

本公司已於二零一零年八月十一日成立審核委員會,其職權範圍符合守則第C.3.3段。

審核委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括)檢討及 監督本集團之財務申報程序及內部監控制度以 及整體風險管理、審閱本集團之財務報表及季度、中期及年度報告,以及審閱外聘核數師的委 聘條款及核數工作範圍。

審核委員會之組成如下:

# 獨立非執行董事

王忠業先生(主席)

葉國謙議員,金紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年五月十八日獲委任)

尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年二月九日獲委任)

靳海濤先生

侯志傑先生(於二零一五年五月十八日辭任)

朱兆麟先生(於二零一五年一月三十一日辭任)

# 非執行董事

李永升博士

梁慧女士(於二零一四年九月十五日辭任)

審核委員會之成員具有不同行業經驗,而審核委員會主席於會計事務方面擁有適當之專業資格及經驗。

本年度內,審核委員會已審閱截至二零一四年 六月三十日止三個月之第一季度業績、截至二 零一四年九月三十日止六個月之中期業績、截 至二零一四年十二月三十一日止九個月之第三 季度業績以及截至二零一五年三月三十一日止 年度之年度業績,並認為該等業績的編製符合 適用會計準則並已作出充分披露。

# **Nomination Committee**

The Company has established the Nomination Committee on 11 August 2010 with terms of reference in compliance with paragraph A.4.5 of the Code.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, identifying and nomination of directors and making recommendations to the Board on appointment and re-appointment of directors.

The composition of the Nomination Committee is as follows:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Zhang Hao (Chairman) (appointed on 25 August 2014)

Mr. Zou Chen Dong (appointed on 16 September 2014) Mr. Wu Jin Cai (resigned on 25 August 2014)

#### **Non-executive Director**

Ms. Liang Hui (resigned on 15 September 2014)

# **Independent non-executive Directors**

The Hon. Ip Kwok Him, *GBS, JP*(appointed on 18 May 2015)
Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, *BBS, JP*(appointed on 9 February 2015)

Mr. Jin Hai Tao

Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth

Mr. Hau Chi Kit (resigned on 18 May 2015)

Mr. Chu Siu Lun, Ivan (resigned on 31 January 2015)

When identifying suitable candidates for directorship, the Nomination Committee will carry out the selection process by making reference to the skills, experience, education background, professional knowledge, personal integrity and time commitments of the proposed candidates, and also the Company's needs and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations. Qualified candidates will then be recommended to the Board for approval.

# 提名委員會

本公司已於二零一零年八月十一日設立提名委員會,其職權範圍符合守則第A.4.5段。

提名委員會的主要職責包括審閱董事會結構、 大小及組成,物色及提名董事,以及就委任及續 聘董事向董事會提出推薦意見。

提名委員會之組成如下:

# 執行董事

張浩先生(主席)

(於二零一四年八月二十五日獲委任) 鄒陳東先生(於二零一四年九月十六日獲委任) 吳錦才先生(於二零一四年八月二十五日辭任)

#### 非執行董事

梁慧女士(於二零一四年九月十五日辭任)

# 獨立非執行董事

葉國謙議員,金紫荊星章,太平紳士 (於二零一五年五月十八日獲委任) 尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士 (於二零一五年二月九日獲委任)

靳海濤先生

王忠業先生

侯志傑先生(於二零一五年五月十八日辭任) 朱兆麟先生(於二零一五年一月三十一日辭任)

當物色到適合的董事候選人,提名委員會將參考候選人的技能、經驗、教育背景、專業知識、個人誠信及時間承諾開展篩選程序,亦會考慮本公司之需要及其他相關法定要求及法規。合資格候選人隨後將向董事會推薦以獲得批准。

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Nomination Committee had convened three meetings to consider (i) the appointment of Mr. Zhang Hao as an executive Director and redesignation of Mr. Zou Chen Dong as the vice chairman of the Board, (ii) the redesignation of Mr. Zhang Hao as the chairman of the Board and (iii) the appointment of Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, *BBS, JP* as an independent non-executive Director.

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度期間,提名委員會已召開三次會議考慮(i)委任張浩先生為執行董事及調任鄒陳東先生為董事會副主席, (ii)調任張浩先生為董事會主席及(iii)委任尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士為獨立非執行董事。

# **Board diversity policy**

The Company has adopted the board diversity policy on 30 August 2013 with a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development of the Group. The Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development.

In designing the Board's composition, the board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board

# **Remuneration Committee**

The Company has established the Remuneration Committee on 11 August 2010 with terms of reference in compliance with paragraph B.1.2 of the Code.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include, among other things, formulating and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy, determining the specific remuneration packages of all executive Directors and senior management and making recommendations to the Board of the remuneration of non-executive Directors.

# 董事會成員多元化政策

本公司已於二零一三年八月三十日採納董事會 成員多元化政策,旨在達致本集團可持續均衡 發展。本公司視董事會層面日益多元化為支持 其達到戰略目標及可持續發展的關鍵因素。

在設定董事會成員組合時,董事會從多方面考慮 董事會成員多元化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、 文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識 及服務任期。董事會所有委任均以用人唯才為 原則,並以客觀準則考慮人選,充分顧及董事會 成員多元化的裨益。

# 薪酬委員會

本公司已於二零一零年八月十一日設立薪酬委員會,其職權範圍符合守則第B.1.2段。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括)制訂及 向董事會建議有關薪酬政策、釐定全體執行董 事及高級管理層的具體薪酬福利,以及就非執 行董事的薪酬向董事會作出建議。

The composition of the Remuneration Committee is as follows:

# **Independent non-executive Directors**

Mr. Jin Hai Tao (Chairman)
The Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP
(appointed on 18 May 2015)
Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, BBS, JP

(appointed on 9 February 2015)

Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth

Mr. Hau Chi Kit (resigned on 18 May 2015)

Mr. Chu Siu Lun, Ivan (resigned on 31 January 2015)

# **Non-executive Director**

Ms. Liang Hui (resigned on 15 September 2014)

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Remuneration Committee had convened three meetings to consider the revision of Directors' remuneration.

# ATTENDANCE RECORDS OF MEETINGS

The Board is scheduled to meet regularly at least four times a year, and Directors will receive at least 14 days prior written notice of such meetings. For any ad hoc Board meetings, Directors are given as much notice as is reasonably practicable in those circumstances. Agendas and accompanying papers are sent not less than 3 days before the date of Board meetings to ensure that the Directors are given sufficient time to review the same. Draft and final versions of minutes of regular board meetings are circulated to all Directors for their comment and records respectively. All Directors are kept informed in a timely manner of major changes that may affect the Group's businesses, including relevant rules and regulations. The Board also understands where potential conflicts of interests arise, the independent non-executive Directors shall take the lead in discussing the relevant transactions being contemplated when there is a Director or any of his associates having a material interest in the transactions and shall abstain from voting.

薪酬委員會之組成如下:

# 獨立非執行董事

靳海濤先生(主席)

葉國謙議員,金紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年五月十八日獲委任)

尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年二月九日獲委任)

王忠業先生

侯志傑先生(於二零一五年五月十八日辭任) 朱兆麟先生(於二零一五年一月三十一日辭任)

# 非執行董事

梁慧女士(於二零一四年九月十五日辭任)

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度期間,薪酬 委員會已召開三次會議以考慮修訂董事薪酬。

# 會議出席記錄

董事會擬訂每年最少舉行四次定期會議,董事將在會議召開最少十四天前收到書面通知。任何臨時召開的董事會會議,董事可在有關情況下獲予以合理及實際可行的通知。議程及附隨之文件於董事會會議舉行日期至少三天之前寄予董事,以確保董事有充足的時間審閱有關分別。常規董事會會議紀錄之初稿及定稿將內之體董事,以徵求其意見及供彼等存案。本集團將及時告知全體董事可能影響本集團常及時告知全體董事可能影響本集團亦了解尚出現潛在利益衝突,董事或任何其聯繫之重大變動,包括有關規則及規例。董事會亦了解尚出現潛在利益衝突,董事或任何其聯繫之非執行董事須領導討論擬進行之有關交易。

Details of the Directors' attendance at Board and committees' 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,董事於 meetings and general meetings for the year ended 31 March 2015 董事會及委員會會議以及股東大會之出席率詳 are set out below:

情如下:

			Audit	Nomination	Remuneration	General
		Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	meeting
		董事會	審核委員會	提名委員會	薪酬委員會	股東大會
Number of meetings	會議次數	12	4	3	3	2
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Zhang Hao (appointed on 25 August 2014)	張浩先生 <i>(於二零一四年</i>					
	八月二十五日獲委任)	5/6	-	2/2	-	0 0/1
Mr. Zou Chen Dong	鄒陳東先生	12/12	-//	1/1	0	1/2
Dr. Lee Yuk Lun, <i>JP</i>	李鋈麟博士,太平紳士	10/12	//-	-	0 -	1/2
Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung	簡國祥先生	12/12	- /// - /	-	-	1/2
Mr. Chia Kar Hin, Eric John	謝嘉軒先生	12/12	- ///	-	-	2/2
Mr. Wu Jin Cai (resigned on 15 September 2014)	吳錦才先生 <i>(於二零一四年</i>					
	九月十五日辭任)	6/6	_	1/1	-/-	0/1
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事					
Dr. Li Yong Sheng	李永升博士	12/12	4/4	_	_	0/2
Ms. Liang Hui (resigned on 15 September 2014)	梁慧女士 <i>(於二零一四年</i>					
	九月十五日辭任)	2/6	1/2	0/1	1/2	0/1
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
The Hon, Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP	葉國謙議員,金紫荊星章,太平紳士					
(appointed on 18 May 2015)	(於二零一五年五月十八日獲委任)	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, BBS, JP	尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士					
(appointed on 9 February 2015)	(於二零一五年二月九日獲委任)	1/1	_		_	\.\
Mr. Jin Hai Tao	靳海濤先生	11/12	3/4	3/3	3/3	0/2
Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth	王忠業先生	11/12	4/4	3/3	3/3	2/2
Mr. Hau Chi Kit (resigned on 18 May 2015)	侯志傑先生 <i>(於二零一五年</i>					
, ,		9/12	2/4	2/3	2/3	1/2
Mr. Chu Siu Lun. Ivan <i>(resigned on 31 January 2015)</i>						
		8/10	3/3	1/2	2/2	0/2
	, , <u> </u>	57.0	0,0	.,_		0,2
Average attendance rate	平均出席率	87.7%	79.2%	77.1%	83.3%	33.3%
The Hon, Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP (appointed on 18 May 2015)  Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, BBS, JP (appointed on 9 February 2015)  Mr. Jin Hai Tao  Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth  Mr. Hau Chi Kit (resigned on 18 May 2015)  Mr. Chu Siu Lun, Ivan (resigned on 31 January 2015)	獨立非執行董事 葉國謙議員,金紫荊星章·太平紳士 (於二零一五年五月十八日獲委任) 尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章·太平紳士 (於二零一五年二月九日獲委任) 靳海濤先生 王忠業先生 侯志傑先生(於二零一五年 五月十八日辭任) 朱兆麟先生(於二零一五年 一月三十一日辭任)	N/A不適用 1/1 11/12 11/12 9/12 8/10	N/A不適用 - 3/4 4/4 2/4 3/3	N/A不適用 - 3/3 3/3 2/3 1/2	N/A不適用 - 3/3 3/3 2/3 2/2	N/A不適用 - 0/2 2/2 1/2 0/2

# RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Financial Statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, results and cash flows of the Group in accordance with relevant law and disclosure requirements under the GEM Listing Rules.

The statement of the auditors of the Company about its reporting responsibilities on the Financial Statements is set out in "Independent Auditors' Report" section on pages 78 and 80 of this report.

#### **AUDITORS' REMUNERATION**

The remuneration in respect of audit services provided by the Company's auditor during the year ended 31 March 2015 amounted to HK\$0.68 million.

# **INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board has overall responsibility for maintaining the soundness and effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group to safeguard the Shareholders' investment and the Group's assets.

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Company has reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system.

# 董事及外聘核數師各自的責任

董事負責根據有關法律及創業板上市規則之披露規定,編製真實及公平地反映本集團事務狀況、業績及現金流量之財務報表。

本公司核數師就財務報表而發出的報告責任聲明載於本報告第78頁及第80頁的「獨立核數師報告」一節。

# 核數師酬金

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度期間本公司核數師提供之審核服務之酬金為680,000港元。

# 內部監控

董事會負責維持本集團內部監控系統之穩健及有效性,以保障股東之投資及本集團之資產。

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度期間,本 公司已審閱本集團內部監控系統之有效性。

# **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Li Yuet Tai (李月弟), aged 32, joined the Company in September 2011 as assistant to chief financial officer and redesignated as company secretary on 1 June 2012. Ms. Li holds a bachelor's degree in business administration in Professional Accountancy from The Chinese University of Hong Kong and has over 7 years of working experience in auditing and accounting in Hong Kong and the PRC. Ms. Li is a member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Prior to joining the Company, Ms. Li has served in an international accounting firm for five years. In the last three years, Ms. Li held no directorships in any listed public companies.

The company secretary took more than 15 hours' professional training for the year ended 31 March 2015. Reporting to the chief executive officer, the company secretary plays an important role in ensuring proper Board procedures are tailored to the Company's business needs and compliance with all applicable laws, rule and regulations. The Directors could obtain advices and services from the company secretary for any updates and developments in corporate governance, applicable laws and regulations when necessary.

The company secretary, as delegated by the Chairman, is responsible for preparing the meeting agenda, serving notice to the Board at least 14 days before the regular meetings or at a reasonable time for other ad-hoc meetings, and providing relevant Board papers to Directors at least 3 days before the meetings, so as to ensure that the Directors receive adequate, accurate, clear, complete and reliable information in a timely manner for effective and informed decision making.

The company secretary also ensures that the Board meetings are convened and constituted in accordance with all applicable laws, regulations and the procedural requirements set out in the articles of association at all times. In addition, the company secretary will take minutes of the meetings and circulate them to Directors for comments at a reasonable time after the meetings. After incorporating Directors' comments, the executed version of the minutes will be maintained by the company secretary and be open for Directors' inspection during normal office hours.

# 公司秘書

李月弟女士,32歲,自二零一一年九月加入本公司為財務總監助理,並於二零一二年六月一日調任為公司秘書。李女士持有香港中文大學工商管理專業會計學士學位,並於香港及中國擁有超過7年審核及會計工作經驗。李女士為香港會計師公會會員。加入本公司前,李女士於一間國際會計師事務所任職五年。在過去三年內,李女士並無於任何上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務。

公司秘書於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度已完成超過15小時的專業培訓。公司秘書乃向行政總裁匯報,於制定適合的董事會程序以配合本公司業務需要並符合一切適用法律、規則及規例方面擔任重要的角色。董事於有需要時可就企業管治、適用法律及規例之任何最新消息及發展,向公司秘書取得意見和服務。

公司秘書(按主席授權)負責編製會議議程,於 定期會議召開至少十四日前(或就其他特別會 議而言之合理時間)向董事會發出會議通知,並 於相關會議舉行前至少三日向董事提供相關董 事會文件,以確保董事及時收到足夠、準確、清 晰、完備及可靠的資料,以作出有效及有根據的 決策。

公司秘書亦確保董事會會議一直根據所有適用 法律、規例及公司組織章程細則所載的程序規 定來召開及舉行。此外,公司秘書會把相關會議 記錄於會後一個合理時間內將其向董事傳閱以 供表達意見。綜合董事之意見後,經簽署的會議 記錄將由公司秘書保存並於正常營業時間內供 董事查閱。

# SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Board believes that general meetings can provide an open forum for communication between the Board and the Shareholders. Shareholders are encouraged to attend general meetings of the Company and give valuable advices to the Company through this direct communication platform. The Company will convene AGM every year and convene any other extraordinary general meeting ("EGM") as required.

# 1. The way in which Shareholders can convene an EGM

Any one or more Shareholders holding not less than 10% of the issued share capital at the time of deposit of the requisition and carrying the right of voting at general meeting can deposit a written request to convene an EGM.

The written request must state the purposes of the meeting, signed by the Shareholders concerned and deposited to the Board or the company secretary at the Company's principal place of business at Rooms 2601-2605, 26/F., China Resources Building, 26 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more Shareholders. The request will be verified with the Company's share registrar and upon its confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the company secretary will notify the Board to convene an EGM and include the resolution in the agenda. The Board shall convene and hold such general meeting within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If the request is verified to be not in order, Shareholders concerned will be advised of the result and no EGM will be convened.

If within twenty-one days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such general meeting, the Shareholders or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene an EGM, but any EGM so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

# 股東權利

董事會相信,股東大會可提供一個公開平台讓董事會及股東進行溝通。歡迎股東出席本公司股東大會,透過此直接的溝通平台給予本公司寶貴意見。本公司每年召開股東週年大會,並於有需要時召開任何其他股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」)。

# 1. 股東召開股東特別大會的方法

任何一名或多名股東於提交召開股東特別 大會要求時持有已發行股本10%或以上並 於股東大會上持有投票權,可以書面要求 召開股東特別大會。

書面要求必須註明會議目的,由有關股東 簽署後交回本公司主要營業地點香港灣戶 港灣道26號華潤大廈26樓2601-2605室, 指定由董事會或公司秘書接收。如附有多份形式類似的文件,則須由一名或多名司 東於每份文件上簽署。要求將由本公司 份過戶登記處核實,經確認要求為自己 行合程序後,公司秘書將通知董事會 股東特別大會並將有關決議案加入召開 股東特別大會並將有關決議案加入召開 是事會須於接獲該要求後兩個月內召開 是事會須於接獲該要求後兩個月內召開 是事會須於接獲該要求後兩個月內召開 是事會須於接獲該要求後兩個月內召開 是事會須於接獲該要求後兩個月內召開 是事會須於接獲的要求被確認為不 合程序,有關股東將獲告知結果,而本 合程序,有關股東特別大會。

倘於提交要求後二十一日內,董事會未能 召開有關股東大會,股東或佔全體該等股 東所持投票權總數一半以上的任何人士, 可親自召開股東特別大會,惟任何在此情 況下召開的股東特別大會不得於上述日期 起計三個月屆滿後舉行。

# 2. The procedures for sending enquiries to the Board

Shareholders who wish to raise any queries with the Board may write to the Company's investor relationship contact at Rooms 2601-2605, 26/F., China Resources Building, 26 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong, by phone on +852 3104 2962 or by email at cnc@cnctv.hk.

# 3. The procedures for making proposals at Shareholders' meetings

To put forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings, the Shareholders shall submit a written notice of those proposals with the detail contact information to the company secretary at the Company's principal place of business. The request will be verified with the Company's share registrar and upon its confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the company secretary will ask the Board to include the resolution in the agenda for the general meeting.

# 4. Communications with Shareholders

The Board believes regular and timely communication with Shareholders forms part of the Group's effort to help our Shareholders understand our business better. Copies of the annual report, interim report and quarterly report of the Company are distributed to its Shareholders in accordance with statutory and regulatory requirements and also to interested parties recorded in the Company's mailing lists. The publications of the Company, including financial reports, circulars and announcements, are also available on the Company's website.

The Company acknowledges that general meetings are good communication channel with the Shareholders. At the general meeting, each substantially separate issue is considered by a separate resolution, including election of individual directors, and the poll procedures are clearly explained. Paragraph A.6.7 of the Code requires that independent non-executive directors and non-executive directors shall attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders.

# 2. 向董事會提交查詢的程序

股東如欲向董事會提出任何查詢,可致函聯絡本公司投資者關係部(地址為香港灣仔港灣道26號華潤大廈26樓2601-2605室)、致電+852 3104 2962或發送電郵至cnc@cnctv.hk。

# 3. 於股東大會上提呈動議的程序

股東如欲於股東大會上提呈動議,應將列明有關動議並附有詳細聯絡資料的書面通知提交本公司主要營業地點,指定由公司秘書接收。要求將由本公司股份過戶登記處核實,經確認要求為正式及符合程序後,公司秘書將要求董事會將有關決議案加入股東大會議程。

# 4. 與股東之溝通

董事會相信,定期及適時與股東溝通為本集團致力協助股東瞭解本集團業務之其中一環。本公司根據法定及監管規定向股東及於本公司郵寄名單中記錄之有意人士寄發本公司年報、中期報告及季度報告。本公司之刊物,包括財務報告、通函及公佈亦於本公司網站可供查閱。

本公司明白股東大會為與股東溝通之良好 渠道。於股東大會,將以獨立決議案方式考 慮各重大個別事項,包括選舉個別董事, 本公司亦將清楚解釋按股數投票表決之程 序。守則第A.6.7段規定,獨立非執行董事 及非執行董事須出席股東大會,對股東的 意見有公正的了解。 The then executive Director, namely Mr. Wu Jin Cai, two executive Directors, namely Dr. Lee Yuk Lun, JP and Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung, a non-executive Director, namely Dr. Li Yong Sheng, the then non-executive Director, namely Ms. Liang Hui, an independent non-executive Director, namely Mr. Jin Hai Tao and the then independent non-executive Director, namely Mr. Chu Siu Lun, Ivan did not attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 31 July 2014 due to overseas commitment and pre-arranged business engagements. Other Board members, the chairmen of the relevant Board

committees and the external auditor of the Company also attended the annual general meeting to inter-face with, and

answer questions from the Shareholders.

Two executive Directors, namely Mr. Zhang Hao and Mr. Zou Chen Dong, a non-executive Director, namely Dr. Li Yong Sheng, an independent non-executive Director, namely Mr. Jin Hai Tao and two the then independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Hau Chi Kit and Mr. Chu Siu Lun, Ivan did not attend the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 22 January 2015 due to overseas commitment and pre-arranged business engagements.

The attendance of the Directors at the general meetings of the Company is set out on page 54 of this report.

# **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

The Company's corporate website is www.cnctv.hk. The Company may from time to time conduct investor/analysts briefings and presentations, roadshows, media interviews, marketing activities for investors and specialist industry forums etc.

All corporate communication materials published on the GEM website (http://www.hkgem.com) are posted on the Company's corporate website as soon as practicable after their release. The Company's constitutional documents are also available on our website. No significant changes were made to these documents during the year ended 31 March 2015. Information on our website will be updated on a regular basis.

當時執行董事吳錦才先生、兩位執行董事李鋈麟博士,太平紳士及簡國祥先生、一位非執行董事李永升博士、當時非執行董事梁慧女士、一位獨立非執行董事斯海濤先生以及當時獨立非執行董事朱兆麟先生因海外事務及預先事務安排未有出席本公司於二零一四年七月三十一日舉行之股東週年大會。其他董事會成員、相關董事委員會主席及本公司外聘核數師亦有出席股東週年大會以正面回答股東提問。

兩位執行董事張浩先生及鄒陳東先生、一位 非執行董事李永升博士、一位獨立非執行董 事靳海濤先生以及兩位當時獨立非執行董 事侯志傑先生及朱兆麟先生因海外事務及 預先事務安排未有出席本公司於二零一五 年一月二十二日舉行之股東特別大會。

董事於本公司股東大會之出席率載於本報告第54頁。

# 投資者關係

本公司的公司網站為www.cnctv.hk。本公司可不時舉行投資者/分析師簡介及匯報會、路演、媒體訪問、投資者市場活動及業內專業人士論壇等。

所有於創業板網站(http://www.hkgem.com)刊登的公司通訊資料須於公佈後盡快上載至本公司的公司網站。本公司的憲章文件亦於本公司網站可供查閱。截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度期間,該等文件並無重大變動。本公司網站的資料將會定期更新。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

The Directors are pleased to present this annual report together with the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2015.

董事欣然提呈截至二零一五年三月三十一日止 年度之年度報告及財務報表。

# PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company and is engaged in provision of management services and television broadcasting business. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the provision of waterworks engineering services for the public sector in Hong Kong, television broadcasting business in the Asia-Pacific Region (excluding the PRC) and large outdoor display screen advertisement in the PRC.

# **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The Group's results for the year ended 31 March 2015 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 81 to 82 of this report.

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2015.

# **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 24 July 2015 to Tuesday, 28 July 2015, both days inclusive. During this period, no transfer of Shares will be registered. In order to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfers of Shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Share Registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queens's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 23 July 2015.

# 主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司,從事提供管理服務及電視播放業務。而其附屬公司之主要業務則為在香港為公營部門提供水務工程服務、於亞太區(不包括中國)從事電視播放業務以及於中國從事大型戶外顯示屏廣告業務。

# 業績及股息

本集團截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之 業績載於本報告第81頁至第82頁之綜合損益及 其他全面收益表。

董事會不建議就截至二零一五年三月三十一日 止年度派發末期股息。

# 暫停辦理股東登記手續

本公司將由二零一五年七月二十四(星期五)至二零一五年七月二十八日(星期二)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理本公司股東登記手續,期間將不會辦理股份過戶登記手續。為出席股東週年大會並於會上投票,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票最遲須於二零一五年七月二十三日(星期四)下午四時三十分之前交回本公司股份過戶登記處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓。

# PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in note 19 to the Financial Statements.

# **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the movements in the Company's share capital during the year are set out in note 39 to the Financial Statements.

# **RESERVES**

Movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 87 of this report and note 40 to the Financial Statements.

#### **DONATIONS**

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group made the charitable donations amounting to approximately HK\$0.5 million.

# **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

As at 31 March 2015, the Company's distributable reserves, including the share premium account, calculated under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands, amounted to approximately HK\$52.9 million in deficit.

# **CONVERTIBLE NOTES**

Details of the convertible notes of the Company are set out in note 37 to the Financial Statements.

# 物業、廠房及設備

本集團及本公司於本年度之物業、廠房及設備 變動詳情載於財務報表附註19。

# 股本

本公司於本年度之股本變動詳情載於財務報表 附註39。

# 儲備

本集團及本公司於本年度之儲備變動載於本報告第87頁之綜合權益變動表及財務報表附註40。

# 捐獻

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度期間,本集團之慈善捐獻款額約為500,000港元。

# 可分派儲備

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本公司根據開曼群島公司法第22章(一九六一年法例3,經綜合及修訂)計算之可分派儲備(包括股份溢價賬)約為52,900,000港元之虧絀。

# 可換股票據

本公司之可換股票據詳情載於財務報表附註 37。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

# **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the Group's results and financial position for the last five financial years is set out on pages 239 to 240 of this report.

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The percentage of the Group's revenue, subcontracting costs and purchases of raw materials attributable to the Group's major customers, subcontractors and suppliers respectively for the year ended 31 March 2015 is as follows:

# 財務概要

本集團於過往五個財政年度的業績及財務狀況 概要載於本報告第239頁至第240頁。

# 主要客戶及供應商

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團之收益、分包成本及原材料採購應佔本集團主要客戶、分包商及供應商的百分比分別如下:

Revenue	收益	
The largest customer	最大客戶	55.3%
Five largest customers in aggregate	五大客戶合佔	97.8%
Subcontracting costs	分包成本	
The largest subcontractor	最大分包商	27.7%
Five largest subcontractors in aggregate	五大分包商合佔	76.2%
Purchases of raw materials (Notes)	採購原材料(附註)	
The largest supplier	最大供應商	23.4%
Five largest suppliers in aggregate	五大供應商合佔	79.9%

During the year, none of the Directors, their associates or any Shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in any of the Group's five largest customers, subcontractors and suppliers.

於本年度,概無董事、彼等之聯繫人或就董事所 知擁有本公司5%以上已發行股本之任何股東於 本集團五大客戶、分包商及供應商中擁有任何 權益。

# Note:

Total purchases of raw materials by the Group included purchases of raw materials by main contractors for the Group's use in carrying out waterworks engineering services as a subcontractor for respective contracts. However, the suppliers from which main contractors purchased the raw materials were not included as the suppliers of the Group as the Group did not have direct relationship with these suppliers.

# 附註:

本集團原材料採購總額包括主承建商就各合約為本集 團採購作為分包商進行水務工程服務而用的原材料。然 而,主承建商採購原材料的供應商並不納入本集團之供 應商,原因是本集團與該等供應商並無直接關係。

# **SUBSIDIARIES**

Details of the Company's subsidiaries as at 31 March 2015 are set out in note 31 to the Financial Statements.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of 於本年度內及直至本報告日期任職的董事包括: this report are:

# **Executive Directors**

Mr. Zhang Hao (Chairman) (appointed on 25 August 2014 as Vice chairman and redesignated as Chairman on 16 September 2014)

Mr. Zou Chen Dong (Vice chairman and Chief Executive Officer) (redesignated as Vice chairman on 25 August 2014)

Dr. Lee Yuk Lun, JP (Vice chairman)

Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung

Mr. Chia Kar Hin, Eric John

Mr. Wu Jin Cai (resigned on 15 September 2014)

# **Non-Executive Directors**

Dr. Li Yong Sheng

Ms. Liang Hui (resigned on 15 September 2014)

# **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

The Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP (appointed on 18 May 2015)

Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron, BBS, JP (appointed on 9 February 2015)

Mr. Jin Hai Tao

Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth

Mr. Hau Chi Kit (resigned on 18 May 2015)

Mr. Chu Siu Lun, Ivan (resigned on 31 January 2015)

# 附屬公司

本公司附屬公司於二零一五年三月三十一日的 詳情載於財務報表附註31。

# 董事

# 執行董事

張浩先生(主席)(於二零一四年八月二十五日 獲委任為副主席並於二零一四年九月十六日 調任為主席)

鄒陳東先生(副主席兼行政總裁)

(於二零一四年八月二十五日調任為

副主席)

李鋈麟博士,太平紳士(副主席)

簡國祥先生

謝嘉軒先生

吴錦才先生(於二零一四年九月十五日辭任)

# 非執行董事

李永升博士

梁慧女士(於二零一四年九月十五日辭任)

# 獨立非執行董事

葉國謙議員,金紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年五月十八日獲委任)

尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士

(於二零一五年二月九日獲委任)

靳海濤先生

干忠業先生

侯志傑先生(於二零一五年五月十八日辭任)

朱兆麟先生(於二零一五年一月三十一日辭任)

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

# **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial fixed term of three years subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGM pursuant to the articles of association of the Company. The appointment of executive Directors will continue thereafter until terminated by either party giving not less than three months' prior written notice to the other or the payment of three month salary in lieu of notice.

The non-executive Director was appointed for a specific term of three years subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGM pursuant to the articles of association of the Company.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors was appointed for a specific term of three years, subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGM pursuant to the articles of association of the Company.

None of the Directors has a service contract with any member of the Group which is not determinable by the relevant employer within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

# **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS**

The biographical details of Directors as at the date of this report are set out in the "Biographical Details of Directors" section on pages 35 to 42 of this report.

# **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contract, other than employment contracts, concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group was entered into or existed during the year.

# **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACT**

Save as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Connected Transactions", no contract of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

# 董事服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,初步固定年期為三年,惟須根據本公司組織章程細則於股東週年大會上輪流退任及膺選連任。執行董事之委任將持續,直至任何一方向其他方發出不少於三個月之事先書面通知或支付三個月薪金作代通知金為止。

非執行董事獲委任之指定任期為三年,惟須根 據本公司組織章程細則於股東週年大會上輪流 退任及膺選連任。

各獨立非執行董事獲委任之指定任期為三年, 惟須根據本公司組織章程細則於股東週年大會 上輪流退任及鷹選連任。

概無董事與本集團任何成員公司訂立不可由有 關僱主於一年內終止而毋須支付任何賠償(法 定賠償除外)之服務合約。

# 董事履歷詳情

董事於本報告日期的履歷詳情載於本報告第35 至第42頁「董事履歷詳情」。

# 管理合約

除僱傭合約外,本年度並無訂立或存在任何有 關本集團全部或任何重大部分業務的管理與行 政之合約。

# 董事於合約中的權益

除「關連交易」一段所披露者外,於年終或年內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立董事於其中直接或間接擁有重大權益之重大合約。

# **REMUNERATION POLICY**

Remuneration is determined with reference to the nature of job, performance, qualifications and experience of individual employees, as well as the result of the Group and the market trend. The Group carries out staff performance appraisal once a year and the assessment result is used for salary reviews and promotion decisions. The Group recognises the importance of staff training and thus regularly provides internal and external training for its staff to enhance their skills and knowledge.

The remuneration of the Directors is determined with reference to the duties and level of responsibilities of each Director, the remuneration policy of the Group and the prevailing market conditions.

# REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in note 13 to the Financial Statements.

# **PENSION SCHEMES**

Particulars of the pension schemes are set out in note 11 to the Financial Statements.

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Share Option Scheme has been adopted to provide incentive or reward to eligible persons for their contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group or any entity in which the Group holds any equity interest. No share options have been granted pursuant to the Share Option Scheme during the year.

# 薪酬政策

薪酬乃參考個別僱員的工作性質、表現、資歷及經驗以及本集團業績及市場趨勢釐定。本集團每年進行一次員工表現評估,評估結果用作薪金檢討及晉升決定。本集團認可員工培訓的重要性,因而定期為員工提供內部及外部培訓,以提升彼等的技能及知識。

董事薪酬乃參考各董事的職務及職責水平、本集團的薪酬政策以及當時的市況釐定。

# 董事及五名最高薪人士之薪酬

本集團董事及五名最高薪人士之薪酬詳情載於 財務報表附註13。

# 退休金計劃

退休金計劃之詳情載於財務報表附註11。

#### 購股權計劃

購股權計劃之目的為鼓勵或獎賞合資格人士對本集團所作出之貢獻及/或使本集團可聘請及 挽留優秀僱員及吸引對本集團或任何本集團持 有其任何股本權益的實體具價值之人力資源。 於本年度, 概無根據購股權計劃授出購股權。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES OR DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

董事及行政總裁於本公司及其相聯法團的 股份、相關股份或債權證的權益及淡倉

As at 31 March 2015, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions in which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standard of dealings by Directors as referred to in Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules, were as follows:

於二零一五年三月三十一日,董事及本公司行政總裁於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例的有關條文彼等被當作或視作擁有的權益及淡倉):或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於該條所述登記冊的權益及淡倉:或根據創業板上市規則第5.46條所述董事進行交易的規定標準須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

# Long position in the Shares:

# 於股份的好倉:

Name	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number of Shares held	Percentage of aggregate interests to total issued share capital 總權益佔全部已發行股本的
姓名	身份/權益性質	所持股份數目	百分比
Dr. Lee <i>(Note a)</i> 李博士 <i>(附註a)</i>	Interest in controlled corporation 於受控制法團之權益	140,000,000	3.79%
Mr. Kan <i>(Note b)</i> 簡先生 <i>(附註b)</i>	Interest in controlled corporation 於受控制法團之權益	220,590,000	5.97%
Mr. Chia 謝先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	5,500,000	0.15%

Notes:

- (a) Dr. Lee is the sole beneficial owner of Proud Glory, which was interested in 140,000,000 Shares. Under the SFO, Dr. Lee is deemed to be interested in Shares held by Proud Glory.
- (b) Mr. Kan is the sole beneficial owner of Shunleetat, which was interested in 220,590,000 Shares. Under the SFO, Mr. Kan is deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Shunleetat.

Saved as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2015, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had any other interests or short positions in any Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standard of dealings by Directors as referred to in Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules.

附註:

- (a) 李博士為傲榮之唯一實益擁有人,而傲榮擁有 140,000,000股股份權益。根據證券及期貨條例,李 博士被視為擁有傲榮所持股份之權益。
- (b) 簡先生為Shunleetat的唯一實益擁有人,而 Shunleetat擁有220,590,000股股份的權益。根據證 券及期貨條例,簡先生被視為擁有Shunleetat所持 全部股份的權益。

除上文披露者外,於二零一五年三月三十一日,概無董事及本公司行政總裁於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的任何股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部知會本公司及聯交所的任何其他權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例的有關條文彼等被當作或視作擁有的權益或淡倉);或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於該條所述登記冊的權益或淡倉;或根據創業板上市規則第5.46條所述董事進行交易的規定標準須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

主要股東及其他人士於本公司股份及相關股份的權益及淡倉

So far as was known to the Directors, as at 31 March 2015, the following persons/entities (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) had, or are deemed to have, interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or who were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of the Group or who/which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO with details as follows:

就董事所知,於二零一五年三月三十一日,下列人士/實體(董事或本公司行政總裁除外)擁有或被視作擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部的條文須向本公司披露的本公司股份、相關股份或債權證的權益或淡倉,或直接或間接擁有可於任何情況下在本集團任何成員公司的股東大會上投票的任何類別股本面值5%或以上的權益或淡倉,或擁有記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條所存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉,詳情如下:

# Long position in the Shares:

# 於股份的好倉:

		Number of Shares held  所持股份數目		Number of underlying Shares under convertible notes (Note a) 可換股票據項下之 相關股份數目 (附註a)				
Name		Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Interest in controlled corporation 於受控制	Spouse interest 配偶權益	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Interest in controlled corporation  於受控制 法團之權益	Total interests 總權益	Percentage of aggregate interests to total issued share capital 總權益 佔全部已發行 股本百分比
China Xinhua NNC	中國新華新聞電視網	1,086,580,561 (Note b) (附註b)	/A Ed /C 1/E III		1,413,419,439 (Note b) (附註b)	/A [2] / -   F	2,500,000,000	67.69%
CNC China	中國新華新聞電視網(中國)	-	1,086,580,561 (Note b) (附註b)	-	-	1,413,419,439 (Note b) (附註b)	2,500,000,000	67.69%
Ms. Lam Shun Kiu, Rosita	林舜嬌女士	-	-	220,590,000 (Note c) (附註c)	-	-	220,590,000	5.97%
Shunleetat	Shunleetat	220,590,000 (Note c) (附註c)	-	-	-	-	220,590,000	5.97%

#### Notes:

- (a) Details of the convertible notes were set out in the circulars of the Company dated 19 November 2011 and 6 January 2015.
- (b) China Xinhua NNC is wholly and beneficially owned by CNC China. Accordingly, CNC China is deemed to be interested in the 1,086,580,561 Shares and 1,413,419,439 underlying Shares held by China Xinhua NNC under the SFO.
- (c) Shunleetat is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Kan. Accordingly, Mr. Kan is deemed to be interested in the 220,590,000 Shares held by Shunleetat under the SFO. Ms. Lam Shun Kiu, Rosita is the spouse of Mr. Kan and is deemed to be interested in 220,590,000 Shares held by Shunleetat under the SFO.

Saved as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2015, the Directors were not aware of any other person/entity (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Directors' and chief executive's interests and short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations" above) who which had, or is deemed to have, interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or who which were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of the Group or who/which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

# DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in this report, none of the Directors and their respective associates including spouses and children under 18 years of age was granted by the Company or its subsidiaries any right to acquire Shares or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate, or had exercised any such right during the year ended 31 March 2015.

#### 附註:

- (a) 可換股票據的詳情載於本公司日期為二零一一年 十一月十九日及二零一五年一月六日的通函。
- (b) 中國新華新聞電視網由中國新華新聞電視網(中國)全資及實益擁有。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,中國新華新聞電視網(中國)被視為擁有中國新華新聞電視網所持有的1,086,580,561股股份及1,413,419,439股相關股份的權益。
- (c) Shunleetat由簡先生全資及實益擁有。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,簡先生被視為擁有Shunleetat所持有的220,590,000股股份的權益。林舜嬌女士為簡先生之配偶,根據證券及期貨條例被視為擁有Shunleetat所持有的220,590,000股股份的權益。

除上文披露者外,於二零一五年三月三十一日,就董事所知,概無任何其他人士/實體(並非上文「董事及行政總裁於本公司及其相聯法團的股份、相關股份或債權證的權益及淡倉」一段所披露之董事或本公司行政總裁)擁有或被視為擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部的條文須向本公司披露的本公司股份、相關股份或債權證的權益或淡倉,或直接或間接擁有可於任何情況下在本集團任何成員公司的股東大會上投票的任何類別股本面值5%或以上的權益或淡倉,或擁有記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條所存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉。

# 董事購買股份或債權證的權利

除本報告所披露者外,截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,概無董事及彼等各自的聯繫人(包括配偶及未滿18歲的子女)獲本公司或其附屬公司授出任何權利可購買本公司或任何其他法人團體的股份或債權證,亦無行使任何有關權利。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

# **PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE SHARES**

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Shares during the year ended 31 March 2015.

# SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public throughout the year ended 31 March 2015 and as at the date of this report.

# **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association and the laws of Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

# **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

During the year, the Group entered into following continuing connected transactions:

### **Television Broadcasting Right Agreement**

On 5 September 2011, Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific entered into a television broadcasting right agreement (the "Television Broadcasting Right Agreement") with China Xinhua NNC, pursuant to which China Xinhua NNC granted the television broadcasting right in respect of broadcasting information contents from Xinhua News Agency under the CNC Channels on television channels in the Asia-Pacific region (excluding the PRC) to the Group for an annual fee of HK\$1.0 million prior to 31 December 2016 and HK\$3.0 million with effective from 1 January 2017. The Television Broadcasting Right Agreement has a term of 120 months from 1 September 2011 to 31 August 2021. Since China Xinhua NNC is a substantial shareholder of the Company, and therefore a connected person of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules, the transactions contemplated under the Television Broadcasting Right Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company pursuant to Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

# 購買、出售或贖回股份

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,本公司 或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回任何 股份。

# 足夠公眾持股量

根據向本公司公開之資料及據董事所知,截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度及於本報告日期,公眾持有本公司全部已發行股本不低於25%。

# 優先購買權

本公司之組織章程細則及開曼群島法例並無載 有優先購買權條文,以規定本公司須按比例基 準向現有股東發售新股份。

# 關連交易

年內,本集團訂立以下持續關連交易:

### 電視播放權協議

於二零一一年九月五日,新華電視亞太台與中國新華新聞電視網訂立一份電視播放權協議(「電視播放權協議」),據此,中國新華新聞電視網向本集團授出於亞太地區(不包括中國)之電視獨道播放新華社之該等CNC頻道下之資訊內容之電視播放權,於二零一六年十二月三十一月三十一月之年費為3,000,000港元。電視播放至電視播放至一年九月一日此。由於中國新華和協議為本公司之主要股東,故為本公司之主要股東,故為本公司之主要股東,故為本公司之主要股東,故為本公司之主要股東,故為本公司之主要股東,故為本公司之主要股東,故為本公司之持續關連交易構成本公司之持續關連交易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

# **Advertisement Broadcasting Contract**

On 23 May 2011, CNC China and AVIC Culture Co., Ltd. (中航文化股份有限公司) ("AVIC Culture") entered into an advertisement operation cooperation contract (the "Advertisement Operation Cooperation Contract"), pursuant to which CNC China granted the exclusive right to AVIC Culture for the promotion and operation of 58% of the advertising resources of the CNC Channels (the "Partial Advertisement Operation Right") for the period from 25 May 2011 to 25 August 2016. As consideration, CNC China is entitled to a guaranteed fixed fee of Renminbi ("RMB") 90 million plus 40% of the part of advertising revenue derived from the Partial Advertisement Operation Right in excess of RMB90 million during the term of the Advertisement Operation Cooperation Contract (the "Payment under the Partial Advertisement Operation Right").

On 24 August 2012, CNC China and China Xinhua NNC entered into the an agreement (the "CNC Agreement"), pursuant to which CNC China will pay any amount that CNC China receives from AVIC Culture as the Payment under the Partial Advertisement Operation Right (on an after-tax basis and after deducting any reasonable fees) to China Xinhua NNC to reflect the fact that the commercial advertisements operated by AVIC Culture under the Partial Advertisement Operation Right will eventually be broadcasted through the television broadcasting network developed and maintained by China Xinhua NNC.

To support the operation of the Company, on 24 August 2012, China Xinhua NNC entered into an advertisement broadcasting contract (the "Advertisement Broadcasting Contract") with Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific in respect of the advertising airtime allocated to China Xinhua NNC exclusively for the commercial advertisements operated by AVIC Culture. Pursuant to the Advertisement Broadcasting Contract, China Xinhua NNC has agreed to pay Xinhua TV Asia Pacific, in cash, 50% of any amount that CNC China received as the Payment under the Partial Advertisement Operation Right (on an after-tax basis and after deducting any reasonable fees).

# 廣告播放合約

於二零一一年五月二十三日,中國新華新聞電視網(中國)與中航文化股份有限公司(「中航文化」)訂立廣告經營合作協議(「廣告經營合作協議」),據此,中國新華新聞電視網(中國)向中航文化授出獨家經營權,以就該等CNC頻道58%的廣告資源進行推廣和經營(「部分廣告經營權」),期限由二零一一年五月二十五日至二零一六年八月二十五日。作為代價,中國新華新聞電視網(中國)有權收取保底固定收費人民幣「人民幣」)90,000,000元,另加於廣告經營權項下所獲得之廣告收入超出人民幣90,000,000元之部分收取40%(「部分廣告經營權項下之付款」)。

於二零一二年八月二十四日,中國新華新聞電視網(中國)與中國新華新聞電視網訂立一份協議(「CNC協議」),據此,中國新華新聞電視網(中國)將其自中航文化收到的部分廣告經營權項下之付款的任何款額(按税後計且扣除任何合理的費用)支付給中國新華新聞電視網,以反映中航文化在部分廣告經營權項下經營之商業廣告最終將通過中國新華新聞電視網發展並保持的電視廣播網絡播放。

為支持本公司之運營,中國新華新聞電視網與新華電視亞太台就向中國新華新聞電視網分配廣告時段以全部用於播放中航文化經營之商業廣告而於二零一二年八月二十四日訂立廣告播放合約(「廣告播放合約」)。根據廣告播放合約,中國新華新聞電視網同意將中國新華新聞電視網(中國)收到的部分廣告經營權項下之付款的任何款額的50%(按稅後計且扣除任何合理的費用)以現金支付予新華電視亞太台。

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Since China Xinhua NNC is a substantial shareholder and a connected person of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules, the transactions contemplated under the Advertisement Broadcasting Contract constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company pursuant to Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

由於中國新華新聞電視網為本公司主要股東及關連人士(定義見創業板上市規則),因此根據 創業板上市規則第20章,廣告播放合約項下擬 進行的交易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

On 21 May 2014, AVIC Culture and CNC China have mutually agreed in writing to terminate the Advertisement Operation Cooperation Contract (the "AVIC Termination"). As such, AVIC Culture will not settle the remaining amount of advertising fee due to CNC China which would then be paid to China Xinhua NNC and the Group due to the termination of the initial public offering application of AVIC Culture as announced by China Securities Regulatory Commission in April 2014. Accordingly, CNC China, China Xinhua NNC and the Group have mutually agreed to terminate the CNC Agreement and the Advertisement Broadcasting Contract (collectively the "CNC Terminations") on the same day. The Board confirms that none of AVIC Culture, CNC China, China Xinhua NNC and the Group has to pay the other party any penalty and/ or compensation as a result of the AVIC Termination and the CNC Terminations and none of CNC China, China Xinhua NNC and the Group has to return any of the instalment payment previously received as part of the Payment under the Partial Advertisement Operation Right.

於二零一四年五月二十一日,中航文化與中國 新華新聞電視網(中國)已書面共同協定,終止 廣告經營合作協議(「中航文化終止」)。有鑑於 此,因中國證券監督管理委員會於二零一四年 四月宣佈終止中航文化之首次公開發售申請, 中航文化將不再支付最終支付給中國新華新聞 電視網及本集團之購買中國新華新聞電視網 (中國)之廣告時段款項之餘款。因此,中國新華 新聞電視網(中國)、中國新華新聞電視網及本 集團於同日經共同協定,終止CNC協議及廣告 播放合約(統稱「CNC終止」)。董事會確認,中 航文化、中國新華新聞電視網(中國)、中國新 華新聞電視網及本集團均毋須因中航文化終止 及CNC終止而向另一方支付任何罰款及/或賠 償,及中國新華新聞電視網(中國)、中國新華 新聞電視網及本集團亦均毋須退回任何之前已 收取之作為部分廣告經營權項下之付款。

As a result of the AVIC Termination and the CNC Terminations, the outstanding accounts receivable due from China Xinhua NNC in respect of advertisement operation cooperation with AVIC Culture of approximately HK\$9.4 million was assessed to be irrecoverable. In view of this, the Company has written off the aforesaid accounts receivable of approximately HK\$9.4 million for which the Company has made a full provision as at 31 March 2014. In addition, the Group will reduce both the revenue from China Xinhua NNC in respect of the advertisement operation cooperation with AVIC Culture and the profit of the Group for an estimated amount of approximately HK\$9.3 million per year in the subsequent years from 1 April 2014 till 25 August 2016. Apart from the abovementioned financial impact, the AVIC Termination and the CNC Terminations will not cause any material adverse impact on the existing business or operation of the Group.

由於中航文化終止及CNC終止,就與中航文化之廣告經營合作事項而應收中國新華新聞電視網之未償還賬款約9,400,000港元被評估為不可收回。有鑑於此,本公司已撤銷前述應收賬款約9,400,000港元(本公司已於二零一四年三月三十一日就其作出全額撥備)。此外,本集團於二零一四年四月一日至二零一六年八月二十四十五日期間之每年度將減少就中航文化廣告經營及上期間之每年度將減少就中航文化廣告經益及之財務影響外,中航文化終止及CNC終止將不利影響。

### **CRU Framework Agreement**

On 19 December 2012, CNC China and the Ministry of Commerce of the PRC ("MOFCOM") Department of Foreign Investment Administration entered into an advertisement broadcasting agreement (the "MOFCOM Advertisement Broadcasting Agreement") in relation to the provision of advertising resources of the television channels controlled by CNC China to broadcast advertisements of the MOFCOM Department of Foreign Investment Administration.

On 25 December 2012, Sichuan Branch of Xinhua News Agency and Yibin Wuliangye Liquor Sales Co., Ltd. entered into an advertisement broadcasting agreement (the "Wuliangye Advertisement Broadcasting Agreement") in relation to the provision of advertising resources of the television channels controlled by CNC China to broadcast advertisements of Yibin Wuliangye Liquor Sales Co., Ltd.. On 22 July 2013, CNC China and Sichuan Branch of Xinhua News Agency entered into the advertisement broadcasting authorisation agreement (the "Wuliangye Advertisement Broadcasting Authorisation Agreement") in relation to the provision of advertising resources of the television channels controlled by CNC China to broadcast advertisements of Yibin Wuliangye Liquor Sales Co., Ltd..

To support the operation of the Company, on 22 July 2013, the Company and CNC China entered into a channel resources usage framework agreement (the "CRU Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company will and will procure its subsidiaries to provide advertising resources on the television channels controlled by the Company to CNC China and its associates for the advertisement business of independent third party clients undertook by them. As consideration, CNC China and its associates will pay advertisement broadcasting fees to the Company and its subsidiaries. The CRU Framework Agreement will have a term of 3 years ending on 31 March 2016.

### 頻道資源佔用框架協議

於二零一二年十二月十九日,中國新華新聞電視網(中國)與中國商務部(「商務部」)外國投資管理司訂立廣告播放協議(「商務部廣告播放協議」),內容有關就播放商務部外國投資管理司之廣告提供由中國新華新聞電視網(中國)控制之電視頻道之廣告資源。

於二零一二年十二月二十五日,新華社四川分社與宜賓五糧液酒類銷售有限責任公司訂立廣告播放協議(「五糧液廣告播放協議」),內容有關就播放宜賓五糧液酒類銷售有限責任公司之廣告提供由中國新華新聞電視網(中國)控制之電中國新華新聞電視網(中國)與新華社四川分社訂立廣告播放授權協議(「五糧液廣告播放授權協議」),內容有關就播放宜賓五糧液酒類銷售有限責任公司之廣告提供由中國新華新聞電視網(中國)控制之電視頻道之廣告資源。

為支持本公司之營運,於二零一三年七月二十二日,本公司與中國新華新聞電視網(中國)訂立頻道資源佔用框架協議(「頻道資源佔用框架協議」),據此,本公司將並將促使其附屬公司向中國新華新聞電視網(中國)及其聯營公司就彼等承接之獨立第三方客戶之廣告業務提供由本公司控制之電視頻道之廣告資源。作為代價,中國新華新聞電視網(中國)及其聯營公司將向本公司及其附屬公司支付廣告播放費。頻道資源佔用框架協議將於二零一六年三月三十一日終止,為期三年。

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In order to implement the CRU Framework Agreement, on 22 July 2013, Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific entered into a channel resources usage agreement (the "MOFCOM CRU Agreement") with CNC China, pursuant to which Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific agreed to provide advertising resources on its television channels to CNC China for broadcasting advertisements of the MOFCOM Department of Foreign Investment Administration. On the same day, Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific entered into a channel resources usage agreement (the "Wuliangye CRU Agreement") with CNC China pursuant to which Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific agreed to provide advertising resources on its television channels to CNC China for broadcasting advertisements of Yibin Wuliangye Liquor Sales Co., Ltd.. Both MOFCOM CRU Agreement and Wuliangye CRU Agreement became effective on 22 July 2013 and will end on 31 March 2016.

七月二十二日,新華電視亞太台與中國新華新聞電視網(中國)訂立頻道資源佔用協議(「商務部頻道資源佔用協議」),據此,新華電視亞太台同意向中國新華新聞電視網(中國)提供其電視頻道之廣告資源,用於播放商務部外國投資管理司的廣告。同日,新華電視亞太台與中國新華新聞電視網(中國)訂立頻道資源佔用協議(「五糧液頻道資源佔用協議」),據此,新華電視亞太台同意向中國新華新聞電視網(中國)提供其電視頻道之廣告資源,用於播放宜賓五糧液酒類銷售有限責任公司的廣告。商務部頻道資源佔用協議及五糧液頻道資源佔用協議均於二零一三年七月二十二日起生效並將於二零一六年三月三十一日終止。

為實施頻道資源佔用框架協議,於二零一三年

As consideration for using such advertising resources, CNC China will pay the Group 50% of the advertisement broadcasting fees (after deducting applicable PRC taxes) it receives from the MOFCOM Department of Foreign Investment Administration under the MOFCOM Advertisement Broadcasting Agreement (including those received before the effectiveness of the MOFCOM CRU Agreement); and 50% of the advertisement broadcasting fees (after deducting applicable PRC taxes) it receives from Sichuan Branch of Xinhua News Agency under the Wuliangye Advertisement Broadcasting Authorisation Agreement (including those received before the effectiveness of the Wuliangye CRU Agreement). Such advertisement broadcasting fees that CNC China are entitled to equal to 30% of the advertisement broadcasting fees that Sichuan Branch of Xinhua News Agency receives from Yibin Wuliangye Liquor Sales Co., Ltd. under the Wuliangye Advertisement Broadcasting Agreement (including those received before the effectiveness of the Wuliangye Advertisement Broadcasting Authorisation Agreement).

作為佔用該等廣告資源之代價,中國新華新聞電視網(中國)將向本集團支付其根據商務部廣告播放協議自商務部外國投資管理司收取之廣告播放費(經扣除適用之中國税項後)(包括於商務部頻道資源佔用協議生效前已收取之費用)之50%;及其根據五糧液廣告播放授權協議的一个國稅項後)(包括於五糧液頻道資源佔用協議生效前已收取之費用)之50%。中國新華新聞電視網(中國)可獲得之該等廣告播放協議自宜實五糧液酒類銷售有限責任公司收取之費用)之30%。

Since CNC China is a substantial shareholder and a connected person of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules, the transactions contemplated under the CRU Framework Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company pursuant to Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

由於中國新華新聞電視網(中國)為本公司主要股東及關連人士(定義見創業板上市規則),故根據創業板上市規則第20章,頻道資源佔用框架協議項下擬進行的交易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

### **Announcement Posting Agreements**

On 6 May 2015 and 11 June 2014, the Company entered into agreements (the "Announcement Posting Agreements") with Hong Kong Listco Limited ("HKLC") pursuant to which HKLC will provide the Company with the service of dissemination of announcements including hosting and posting of announcements, press releases or other documents as required by the GEM Listing Rules on the website(s) of the Group at a monthly service fee of HK\$750 for a term of one year commencing from 1 July 2015 and 1 July 2014 respectively. HKLC is a company incorporated in Hong Kong and is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Chia. The Company considers it more cost effective to engage a professional firm to take up this announcement posting obligation after listing.

### **GEM Listing Rules Implications**

Pursuant to Rule 20.41 of the GEM Listing Rules, the transactions contemplated under the Television Broadcasting Right Agreement are subject to the applicable reporting, annual review and disclosure requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company will comply with the applicable reporting, disclosure and independent shareholders' approval requirements, as the case may be, under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules upon any variation or renewal of the Television Broadcasting Right Agreement.

Also pursuant to Rule 20.41 of the GEM Listing Rules, the transactions contemplated under the Advertisement Broadcasting Contract are subject to the applicable reporting, announcement and annual review requirements but exempt from independent shareholders' approval requirement under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules because the highest applicable percentage ratio of the annual caps, calculated on an annual basis, is more than 0.1% but less than 5%. The Company will comply with the applicable reporting, disclosure and independent shareholders' approval requirements, as the case may be, under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules upon any variation or renewal of the Advertisement Broadcasting Contract.

### 刊登公佈協議

於二零一五年五月六日及二零一四年六月十一日,本公司與公司資訊網有限公司(「公司資訊網」)訂立協議(「刊登公佈協議」),據此,公司資訊網將向本公司提供公佈發佈服務,包括於本集團網站上安排及刊登公佈、媒體報道或創業板上市規則規定之其他文件,每月服務費為750港元,分別自於二零一五年七月一日及二零一四年七月一日起為期一年。公司資訊網為一間在香港註冊成立的公司,由謝先生全資實益擁有。本公司認為於上市後委聘一間專業公司承擔公佈刊登之責任更具成本效益。

### 創業板上市規則的涵義

根據創業板上市規則第20.41條,根據電視播放權協議項下擬進行之交易須受到創業板上市規則第20章項下適用的申報、年度審閱及披露規定規管。於修改或更新電視播放權協議後,本公司將遵守創業板上市規則第20章項下適用的申報、披露及獨立股東批准之規定(視乎情況而定)。

此外,根據創業板上市規則第20.41條,由於按年計算之年度上限之最高適用百分比率超過0.1%但低於5%,因此根據廣告播放合約項下擬進行之交易須受到創業板上市規則第20章項下適用的申報、公告及年度審閱規定規管,但豁免獨立股東批准規定。於修改或更新廣告播放合約後,本公司將遵守創業板上市規則第20章項下適用的申報、披露及獨立股東批准之規定(視乎情況而定)。

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Also pursuant to Rule 20.41 of the GEM Listing Rules, the transactions contemplated under the CRU Framework Agreement are subject to the applicable reporting, announcement and annual review requirements but exempt from independent shareholders' approval requirement under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules because the highest applicable percentage ratio of the annual caps (including the proposed annual caps of the transactions under Advertisement Broadcasting Contract as mentioned above), calculated on an annual basis, is more than 0.1% but less than 5%. The Company will comply with the applicable reporting, disclosure and independent shareholders' approval requirements, as the case may be, under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules upon any variation or renewal of the CRU Framework Agreement.

此外,根據創業板上市規則第20.41條,由於按 年計算之年度上限(包括上述廣告播放合約項 下之交易的建議年度上限)之最高適用百分比 率超過0.1%但低於5%,因此根據頻道資源佔用 框架協議項下擬進行之交易須受到創業板上市 規則第20章項下適用的申報、公告及年度審閱 規定規管,但豁免獨立股東批准規定。於修改或 更新頻道資源佔用框架協議後,本公司將遵守 創業板上市規則第20章項下適用的申報、披露 及獨立股東批准之規定(視乎情況而定)。

As the annual service fee payable under the Announcement Posting Agreements referred to above is less than HK\$1.0 million and none of the percentage ratios, on an annual basis, equals or exceeds 5%, and that the Announcement Posting Agreements were entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group, the transactions under the Announcement Posting Agreements are exempt continuing connected transactions of the Company pursuant to Rule 20.33(3)(c) of the GEM Listing Rules, which are exempt from reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

由於上文所述根據刊登公佈協議應付之年度服務費低於1,000,000港元且概無年度百分比率等於或超過5%,以及刊登公佈協議乃於本集團日常及一般業務過程中訂立,根據創業板上市規則第20.33(3)(c)條,刊登公佈協議項下之交易為本公司之獲豁免持續關連交易,獲豁免遵守創業板上市規則第20章之申報、年度審閱、公告及獨立股東批准之規定。

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors, controlling Shareholders and their respective associates has any other conflict of interests with the Group during the year ended 31 March 2015. 除上文披露者外,截至二零一五年三月三十一 日止年度期間,董事、控股股東及彼等各自的聯 繫人概無與本集團有任何其他利益衝突。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Details of the Group's corporate governance practices are set out in the "Corporate Governance Report" section on pages 43 to 59 of this report.

### 企業管治

本集團企業管治常規之詳情載於本報告第43至 59頁的「企業管治報告」一節。

### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

On 8 December 2014, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party pursuant to which a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company will acquire 60% of the issued share capital of Xinhua Afanti Asset Management Limited (formerly known as Afanti Asset Management Limited) at the consideration of HK\$1.0 million. The acquisition has not yet completed as at date of this report and the acquisition is subject to approval of Securities and Futures Commission.

### **AUDITOR**

The Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2015 have been audited by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited which will retire and, being eligible, offer itself for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM. A resolution to re-appoint HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited and to authorise the Directors to fix its remuneration will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

On behalf of the Board

Zhang Hao

Chairman

Hong Kong, 1 June 2015

### 報告期後事項

於二零一四年十二月八日,本集團與一名獨立 第三方訂立買賣協議,據此,本公司之一間全資 附屬公司將以代價1,000,000港元收購新華智盛 資產管理有限公司(前稱為智盛資本管理有限 公司)已發行股本之60%。該收購於本報告日期 尚未完成及待證券及期貨事務監察委員會批准 後,該收購方可作實。

### 核數師

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之財務報 表已由國衛會計師事務所有限公司審核,其將 於即將舉行之股東週年大會上退任並符合資格 續聘。本公司將於即將舉行之股東週年大會上 提呈一項決議案續聘國衛會計師事務所有限公 司並授權董事釐定其薪酬。

代表董事會 **張浩** 

- C+

主席

香港,二零一五年六月一日

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT 獨立核數師報告



# 國 衛 會計師事務所有限公司 Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited

31/F, Gloucester Tower香港The Landmark中環11 Pedder Street畢打

11 Pedder Street畢打街11號Central置地廣場

Hong Kong 告羅士打大廈31樓

# TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CNC HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of CNC Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 81 to 238, which comprise the consolidated and Company statements of financial position as at 31 March 2015, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### 致中國新華電視控股有限公司之股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

本行已審核列載於第81至238頁中國新華電視控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,綜合財務報表包括於二零一五年三月三十一日之綜合及 貴公司財務狀況表與截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及重大會計政策概要及其他資料解釋。

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之 香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定, 編製表達真實及公平意見之綜合財務報表,以 及維持董事認為必要之有關內部監控,以確保 所編製綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而 導致之重大錯誤陳述。

### **AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### 核數師之責任

本行之責任為根據本行之審核對該等綜合財務報表發表意見,並僅向全體股東報告有關意見。除此之外,本報告不可用作其他用途。本行不會就本報告之內容對任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。本行已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港核數準則進行審核。有關準則要求本行遵守操守規定,並規劃及執行審核,以合理確定綜合財務報表是否不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載金額及披露資料之審核憑證。所選定之程序取決於核數師之判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存有重大錯誤陳述之風險。在評估該等風險時,核數師考慮與該實體編製表達真實及公平意見之綜合財務報表相關之內部監控,以設計該情況下適當之審核程序,但並非為對實體之內部監控效能發表意見。審核亦包括評估董事所採用之會計政策之合適性及所作出之會計估計之合理性,以及評估綜合財務報表之整體呈列方式。

本行相信,本行所獲得之審核憑證可充足及適當地為本行之審核意見提供基礎。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT 獨立核數師報告

### **OPINION**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2015 and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

# MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY CONCERNING GOING CONCERN BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 3 in the consolidated financial statements which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$41,723,000 during the year ended 31 March 2015 and, as of that date, the Group's total liabilities exceeded its total assets by approximately HK\$28,966,000. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 3, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

### **HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited**

Certified Public Accountants

### Hon Koon Fai, Alex

Practising Certificate Number: P05029

Hong Kong, 1 June 2015

### 意見

本行認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告 準則真實及公平地反映 貴公司及 貴集團於 二零一五年三月三十一日之財務狀況,以及 貴 集團截至該日止年度之虧損及現金流量,並已 遵照香港公司條例之披露規定而妥善地編製。

### 關於持續經營會計基準之重大不明朗因素

於作出並無保留意見時,本行提請注意綜合財務報表附註3,當中指示 貴集團於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度產生虧損淨額約41,723,000港元,及截至該日, 貴集團之總負債超過其總資產約28,966,000港元。此等條件連同附註3所載列之其他事項顯示 貴集團有重大不確定因素存在,這可能對 貴集團持續經營業務之能力構成重大疑問。

### 國衛會計師事務所有限公司

香港執業會計師

#### 韓冠輝

執業證書編號: P05029

香港,二零一五年六月一日

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表 For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

			2015	2014
			二零一五年	二零一四年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益	6	369,635	324,331
Cost of services	服務成本		(346,553)	(274,231)
Gross profit	毛利		23,082	50,100
Other income	其他收入	7	4,136	30,961
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	8	10,585	(3,307)
Amortisation expenses	攤銷開支		(24,088)	(59,463)
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支		(226)	(85)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(33,121)	(29,706)
		1 N		
Loss from operations	營運虧損	10	(19,632)	(11,500)
Finance costs	融資成本	12	(25,720)	(42,041)
Impairment loss recognised	就貿易應收款項確認之			
in respect of trade receivables	減值虧損	27	_	(9,469)
Impairment loss recognised	就商譽確認之減值虧損			
in respect of goodwill		20	_	(151,194)
Impairment loss recognised	就無形資產確認之			
in respect of intangible assets	減值虧損	22	_	(269,309)
				9-1-1-1-1-1-1
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損		(45,352)	(483,513)
Income tax	所得税	15	3,629	52,221
				3/3/ A
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(41,723)	(431,292)
	TA TA		( , - = 0)	(.5.,232)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	附註	│ <i>千港元</i>	
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入		
Items that may be classified	其後可分類至		
subsequently to profit or loss	損益之項目		
Exchange differences on translating	換算境外業務之		
foreign operations	匯兑差額	108	45
Other comprehensive income for	年內其他全面收入,		
the year, net of income tax	扣除所得税	108	45
the year, het of meorne tax	1HW/1110-1/10		0 40
Total community of the last for	<b>左</b> 4 5 <b>五 左 担 纳 </b>		
Total comprehensive loss for	年內全面虧損總額	(44.045)	(404.047)
the year		(41,615)	(431,247)
Loss for the year attributable to	本公司擁有人		
owners of the Company	應佔年內虧損	(41,723)	(431,292)
Total comprehensive loss for	本公司擁有人		
the year attributable to	應佔年內全面		
owners of the Company	虧損總額	(41,615)	(431,247)
Loss per share attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔		
owners of the Company	每股虧損		
<ul> <li>Basic and diluted (HK cents)</li> </ul>	-基本及攤薄(港仙) <i>18</i>	(1.34)	(25.14)
,			

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these 隨附之附註為此等綜合財務報表之一部分。 consolidated financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2015 於二零一五年三月三十一日

			2015	2014
			二零一五年	二零一四年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	19	40,791	45,184
Goodwill	商譽	20	-	_
Intangible assets	無形資產	22	141,081	163,040
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	24		400
			181,872	208,624
Current assets	流動資產			
Film rights	電影版權	23	-	_
Inventories	存貨	26	23,335	14,955
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	27	87,122	77,804
Financial assets at fair value through	透過損益按公平值			
profit or loss	入賬之金融資產	29	12,117	10,485
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		-	480
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	30	62,166	20,609
			184,740	124,333
Total assets	總資產		366,612	332,957
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	32	90,122	107,063
Finance lease payables	融資租賃應付款項	33	4,936	3,345
Employee benefits	僱員福利	34	2,569	2,095
Bank overdraft	銀行透支	<i>35</i>	5,978	1/4 / -
Promissory note	承兑票據	36	_	44,609
Convertible notes	可換股票據	37	_	543,234
Current tax liabilities	當期税項負債		7,932	7,087
			111,537	707,433
Net current assets/(liabilities)	流動資產/(負債)淨值		73,203	(583,100)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		255,075	(374,476)

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION** 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2015 於二零一五年三月三十一日

		The state of the s		
			2015	2014
		. 0	二零一五年	二零一四年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Finance lease payables	融資租賃應付款項	33	4,673	4,037
Promissory note	承兑票據	36	38,080	-
Convertible notes	可換股票據	37	203,326	-
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	38	37,962	29,426
			284,041	33,463
Total liabilities	總負債		395,578	740,896
Total liabilities	<b>応</b> 只貝			
				////
Net liabilities	負債淨值		(28,966)	(407,939)
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	39	3,693	1,980
Reserves	儲備		(32,659)	(409,919)
Total equity	總權益		(28,966)	(407,939)

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 1 June 2015 and are signed on its behalf by:

董事會已於二零一五年六月一日批准及授權刊 發綜合財務報表,並由下列人士代表董事會簽 署:

Zhang Hao	Zou Chen Dong
張浩	鄒陳東
Director	Director
董事	<b>董事</b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these 隨附之附註為此等綜合財務報表之一部分。 consolidated financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 財務狀況表

At 31 March 2015 於二零一五年三月三十一日

			2015	2014
			二零一五年	二零一四年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	19	3,514	5,111
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	31	76,529	45,099
		\	80,043	50,210
Current assets	流動資產			
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	27	178	433
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	31	106,093	121,643
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	30	13,474	522
			119,745	122,598
Total assets	總資產		199,788	172,808
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Current liabilities	流動負債			////
Accrued expenses and other payables				
Thorada experience and entire payables	應付款項	32	24,150	25,587
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	31	9,394	13,688
Convertible notes	可換股票據	37	_	543,234
			33,544	582,509
Net current assets/(liabilities)	流動資產/(負債)淨值		86,201	(459,911)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		166,244	(409,701)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 財務狀況表

At 31 March 2015 於二零一五年三月三十一日

			2015	2014
		~ 0	二零一五年	二零一四年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
		713 H.L.	7 78 70	77070
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
		07	000 006	
Convertible notes	可換股票據	37	203,326	_
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	38	12,161	
			215,487	
				9
Total liabilities	總負債		249,031	582,509
Total habilities				002,000
		/		
Net liabilities	負債淨額		(49,243)	(409,701)
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	// 39	3,693	1,980
Reserves	儲備	40	(52,936)	(411,681)
110001100	IHH IM		(02,000)	(111,001)
Total equity	總權益		(49,243)	(409,701)

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by 董事會已於二零一五年六月一日批准及授權刊 the board of directors on 1 June 2015 and are signed on its behalf 發財務報表,並由下列人士代表董事會簽署: by:

Zhang Hao	Zou Chen Don
張浩	鄒陳東
Director	Director
董事	<b>董事</b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these 隨附之附註為此等綜合財務報表之一部分。 consolidated financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

		Share capital	Share premium*	Convertible notes equity reserves*	Foreign currency translation reserves*	Other reserves*	Accumulated losses*	Total equity
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 39) (附註39)	股份溢價* HK\$'000 千港元 (note 40) (附註40)	可換股票據 權益儲備* HK\$'000 千港元 (note 37) (附註37)	外幣換算 儲備* HK\$'000 千港元 (note 40) (附註40)	其他儲備* HK\$'000 千港元 (note 40) (附註40)	累計虧損* HK\$'000 千港元 (note 40) (附註40)	總權益 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	1,674	735,089	17,381	_	9,868	(800,115)	(36,103)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	-	-	-	-	(431,292)	(431,292)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax: Items that may be classified subsequently to profit or loss:	年內其他全面收入·扣除税項: 其後可分類至損益之項目:							
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	換算境外業務之匯兑差額				45			45
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	年內全面收入/(虧損)總額	-	-		45	-	(431,292)	(431,247)
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of convertible notes	根據兑換可換股票據發行股份	306	60,823	(1,718)	<u>/</u> -			59,411
At 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日及 二零一四年四月一日	1,980	795,912	15,663	45	9,868	(1,231,407)	(407,939)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	-	-	-	-	(41,723)	(41,723)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax: Items that may be classified subsequently to profit or loss:	年內其他全面收入·扣除税項: 其後可分類至損益之項目:							
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	換算境外業務之匯兑差額			<u> </u>	108			108
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	年內全面收入/(虧損)總額	-	-	-	108	_	(41,723)	(41,615)
Issue of shares pursuant to placing	根據配售發行股份	335	83,390	-	-	-	-	83,725
Transaction costs attributable to issue of ordinary shares pursuant to placing Issue of shares pursuant to the conversion of	根據配售發行普通股應佔交易成本根據兑換可換股票據發行股份	T) -	(2,118)	1 - 1	-	-	-3	(2,118)
convertible notes Transfer to accumulated losses upon mature	可換股票據到期後轉撥至累計虧損	1,378	277,829	(7,731)	-	-/-	- 7	271,476
of convertible notes Recognition of convertible notes equity reserves	延長可換股票據時確認	+	-	(7,932)	-/	-	7,932	-
on extension of convertible notes  Deferred tax liability arising on extension	可換股票據權益儲備 延長可換股票據產生之遞延税項負債		-	80,844		-	-	80,844
of convertible notes	<b>烂以内安</b> 似示像在主之题是仍况具具		<u> </u>	(13,339)			<u> </u>	(13,339)
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日	3,693	1,155,013	67,505	153	9,868	(1,265,198)	(28,966)

The aggregate amount of these balances of approximately \* HK\$32,659,000 in deficit (2014: approximately HK\$409,919,000 in deficit) was included as reserves in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2015.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these 隨附之附註為此等綜合財務報表之一部分。 consolidated financial statements.

於二零一五年三月三十一日,該等款額合共約 為32,659,000港元之虧絀結餘(二零一四年:約 409,919,000港元之虧絀)已計入綜合財務狀況表 內為儲備。

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

		otes t註	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動產生之			
Logo before income toy	<b>現金流量</b> 除所得報前虧損		(AE 2E0)	(400 510)
Loss before income tax Adjustments for:	除所得税前虧損調整:		(45,352)	(483,513)
Amortisation expenses	攤銷開支		24,088	59,463
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	10	18,265	15,117
Net (gains)/losses on disposal of	出售物業、廠房及		10,203	10,117
property, plant and equipment	設備之(收益)/			
Impairment loss recognised	虧損淨額 就商譽確認之	8	(1,455)	13
in respect of goodwill		20	_	151,194
Impairment loss recognised	就無形資產確認之			
in respect of intangible assets Impairment loss recognised	減值虧損 2 就貿易應收款項	22	_	269,309
in respect of trade receivables		27	_	9,469
Finance costs	融資成本 7	12	25,720	42,041
Waiver of the interests on promissory note	免除承兑票據利息	7	(4,054)	
Waiver of the interests on	免除可換股票據利息	<b>′</b>	(4,034)	- / / /
convertible notes		7	_	(30,691)
Realised (gain)/loss arising on change in fair value of financial assets	透過損益按公平值 入賬之金融資產之			
at fair value through profit or loss	公平值變動產生之			
	已確認(收益)/虧損	8	(493)	1,311
Unrealised (gain)/loss arising on change in fair value of	透過損益按公平值 入賬之金融資產之			
financial assets at fair value	公平值變動產生之			
through profit or loss		8	(9)	1,984
Gains arising on extension of promissory note	延長承兑票據產生之	8	(8,708)	
Interest income		7	(49)	(18)
Exchange loss/(gain), net	匯兑虧損/(收益)			
	淨額	8	80	(1)
Operating cash flows before	營運資本變動前之			
movements in working capital	經營現金流量		8,033	35,678
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	存貨(増加)/減少		(8,380)	7,296
Increase in trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項 增加		(8,318)	(34,999)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and	貿易及其他應付款項			
other payables	(減少)/增加 僱員福利增加/(減少)		(23,458)	24,768
Increase/(decrease) in employee benefits	准具個利垣加入(減少)		474	(256)
Purchase of financial assets at fair value	購買透過損益按公平值		•	(=36)
through profit or loss	入賬之金融資產		(31,018)	(150,969)
Proceeds from disposal of financial	出售透過損益按公平值		(01,010)	(100,000)
	入賬之金融資產之			
assets at fair value through profit or			00.000	101,000
loss	所得款項		29,888	131,089

			2015	2014
			二零一五年	二零一四年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Cash (used in)/generated from	經營(所用)/產生之現金		(00.770)	10.007
operations Income tax refunded	退還所得税		(32,779) 151	12,607
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	經營活動(所用)/ 所得現金淨額		(32,628)	12,607
operating activities	川付先並伊银		(32,020)	12,007
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動產生之			
	現金流量			
Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之			
plant and equipment	所得款項		1,832	45
Purchase of property, plant and	購買物業、廠房及設備			
equipment			(7,239)	(23,324)
Proceeds from disposal of	出售可供出售金融資產			
available-for-sale financial assets	所得款項		400	_
Deposits paid for acquisition of	收購一間附屬公司			
a subsidiary	所付按金		(1,000)	/ // // -
Additions of film rights	添置電影版權		(2,129)	(1,231)
Interest received	已收利息		49	18
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(8,087)	(24,492)
		1		
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動產生之			
	現金流量			
Proceeds from placing of ordinary	配售普通股所得款項			
shares			83,725	-
Transaction costs attributable to issue of	根據配售發行普通股			
ordinary shares pursuant to placing	應佔交易成本		(2,118)	_
Finance lease charges paid	已付融資租賃款項		(375)	(222)
Repayment of finance lease payables	償還融資租賃應付款項		(4,783)	(3,538)
Interest paid	已付利息		(183)	(21)
Net cash generated from/(used in)	融資活動所得/(所用)			
financing activities	現金淨額		76,266	(3,781)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

		r		
			2015	2014
		0	二零一五年	二零一四年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and	現金及現金等價物			
cash equivalents	增加/(減少)淨額		35,551	(15,666)
Cash and cash equivalents	年初現金及現金等價物			
at the beginning of the year			20,609	36,229
Effects of foreign exchange rate	匯率變動之影響			0
changes			28	46
		//		
Cash and cash equivalents	年末現金及現金等價物			
at the end of the year			56,188	20,609
Analysis of the balance of cash and	現金及現金等價物結餘			
cash equivalents:	分析:			
Being:	即:			
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		62,166	20,609
Bank overdraft	銀行透支		(5,978)	
			(1)/21/2/	
			56,188	20,600
			50,100	20,609

The accompany notes form an integral part of these consolidated 隨附之附註為此等綜合財務報表之一部分。 financial statements.

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

### 1. GENERAL

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 15 March 2010 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961 as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The registered office and principal place of business of the Company are located at the offices of Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and Rooms 2601 – 2605, 26/F, China Resources Building, 26 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong respectively.

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding, provision of management services and television broadcasting business. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are the provision of waterworks engineering services, road works and drainage services and site formation works for the public sector in Hong Kong, television broadcasting business in the Asia-Pacific region (excluding the People's Republic of China ("the PRC")) in return for advertising and related revenue and large outdoor display screen advertisement business in the PRC.

At 31 March 2015, the major shareholder of the Company is China Xinhua News Network Co., Limited ("China Xinhua NNC"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong.

### 1. 一般資料

本公司於二零一零年三月十五日根據開曼群島公司法第22章(一九六一年法例3,經綜合及修訂)於開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限責任公司。本公司之註冊辦事處及主要營業地點分別為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands及香港灣仔港灣道26號華潤大廈26樓2601-2605室。

本公司之主要業務為投資控股、提供管理服務及電視播放業務,而其附屬公司之主要業務則為在香港為公營部門提供水務工程服務、道路工程及渠務服務以及地盤平整工程,並於亞太區(不包括中華人民共和國(「中國」))從事電視播放業務,以取得廣告及相關收益以及於中國從事大型戶外顯示屏廣告業務。

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本公司之主要 股東為中國新華新聞電視網有限公司(「中 國新華新聞電視網」),一家於香港註冊成 立之公司。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations ("new and revised HKFRSs") issued by Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA")that are relevant to its operations and effective for annual periods on or after 1 April 2014.

HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and Investment Entities
HKAS 27 (Amendments)

HKAS 32 (Amendments) HKAS 39 (Amendments) Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting
Levies

HK (IFRIC) - Int 21

# Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 Investment Entities

The Group has applied the amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 Investment Entities for the first time in the current year. The amendments to HKFRS 10 define an investment entity and require a reporting entity that meets the definition of an investment entity not to consolidate its subsidiaries but instead to measure its subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss in its consolidated and separate financial statements.

### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)

於本年度內,本集團已應用所有由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈及與其營運有關之新訂及經修訂之準則、修訂及詮釋(「新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則」),該等準則於二零一四年四月一日或之後之年度期間生效。

香港財務報告準則 投資實體

第10號、香港財務 報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則 第27號(修訂本)

香港會計準則第32號 抵銷金融資產及金融負債

(修訂本) 〔洪念記注即2

香港會計準則第39號 衍生工具之更替及對沖會計之

(修訂本) 延續

香港(國際財務報告 徵費 詮釋委員會)

一詮釋第21號

## 香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告 準則第12號及香港會計準則第27號投資實 體之修訂

本集團已於本年度首次應用香港財務報告 準則第10號、香港財務報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則第27號投資實體之修訂。香 港財務報告準則第10號之修訂界定投資實 體並要求符合投資實體定義之報告實體毋 須綜合計入其附屬公司,改為於其綜合及 獨立財務報表按公平值計入損益計量其附 屬公司。

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 Investment Entities (Continued)

To qualify as an investment entity, a reporting entity is required to:

- obtain funds from one or more investors for the purpose of providing them with investment management services;
- commit to its investor(s) that its business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation, investment income, or both; and
- measure and evaluate performance of substantially all of its investments on a fair value basis.

Consequential amendments have been made to HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 to introduce new disclosure requirements for investment entities.

As the Company is not an investment entity (assessed based on the criteria set out in HKFRS 10 as at 1 April 2014), the application of the amendments has had no impact on the disclosures or the amounts recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

> 香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告 準則第12號及香港會計準則第27號投資實 體之修訂(續)

為符合資格作為投資實體,報告實體須:

- 從一名或以上之投資者獲取資金,以 向彼等提供投資管理服務;
- 向其投資者承諾,其業務目的為投資 資金,純粹為獲取資本增值、投資收入 或兩者之回報;及
- 按公平值基準計量及評估其絕大部份 投資之表現。

香港財務報告準則第12號及香港會計準則 第27號已作出相應修訂,以為投資實體引 進新披露規定。

由於本公司並非投資實體(根據於二零一四年四月一日香港財務報告準則第10號所載之標準評估)·故應用該等修訂不會對本集團綜合財務報表之披露或已確認金額造成影響。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

# Amendments to HKAS 32 Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The Group has applied the amendments to HKAS 32 Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities for the first time in the current year. The amendments to HKAS 32 clarify the requirements relating to the offset of financial assets and financial liabilities. Specifically, the amendments clarify the meaning of 'currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off' and 'simultaneous realisation and settlement'.

The amendments have been applied retrospectively. The Group has assessed whether certain of its financial assets and financial liabilities qualify for offset based on the criteria set out in the amendments and concluded that the application of the amendments has had no impact on the amounts recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

# Amendments to HKAS 39 Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting

The Group has applied the amendments to HKAS 39 Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting for the first time in the current year. The amendments to HKAS 39 provide relief from the requirement to discontinue hedge accounting when a derivative designated as a hedging instrument is novated under certain circumstances. The amendments also clarify that any change to the fair value of the derivative designated as a hedging instrument arising from the novation should be included in the assessment and measurement of hedge effectiveness.

### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

### 香港會計準則第**32**號抵銷金融資產及金融 負債之修訂

本集團已於本年度首次應用香港會計準則第32號抵銷金融資產及金融負債之修訂。香港會計準則第32號之修訂釐清有關抵銷金融資產及金融負債之規定。具體而言,修訂釐清「現時擁有於法律上可強制執行之抵銷權」及「同時變現及結算」之涵義。

有關修訂已追溯應用。本集團已根據該等修訂所載之標準評估其若干金融資產及金融負債是否符合資格作抵銷,並總結應用該等修訂不會對本集團綜合財務報表之已確認金額造成影響。

### 香港會計準則第**39**號衍生工具之更替及對 沖會計之延續之修訂

本集團已於本年度首次應用香港會計準則 第39號衍生工具之更替及對沖會計之延續 之修訂。香港會計準則第39號之修訂放寬 當指定為對沖工具之衍生工具在若干情況 下更替時終止對沖會計處理之規定。有關 修訂亦釐清因更替以致指定為對沖工具之 衍生工具之公平值出現任何變動,應計入 對沖成效之評估及計量。

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

# Amendments to HKAS 39 Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting (Continued)

The amendments have been applied retrospectively. As the Group does not have any derivatives that are subject to novation, the application of these amendments has had no impact on the disclosures or on the amounts recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

### HK(IFRIC) - Int 21 Levies

The Group has applied HK(IFRIC) – Int 21 Levies for the first time in the current year. HK(IFRIC) – Int 21 addresses the issue as to when to recognise a liability to pay a levy imposed by a government. The Interpretation defines a levy, and specifies that the obligating event that gives rise to the liability is the activity that triggers the payment of the levy, as identified by legislation. The Interpretation provides guidance on how different levy arrangements should be accounted for, in particular, it clarifies that neither economic compulsion nor the going concern basis of financial statements preparation implies that an entity has a present obligation to pay a levy that will be triggered by operating in a future period.

HK(IFRIC) – Int 21 has been applied retrospectively. The application of this Interpretation has had no material impact on the disclosures or on the amounts recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

## 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

### 香港會計準則第**39**號衍生工具之更替及對 沖會計之延續之修訂(續)

有關修訂已追溯應用。由於本集團並無任何衍生工具須予更替,應用該等修訂不會對本集團綜合財務報表內所作披露或已確認金額造成影響。

### 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)- 詮釋第 21號徵費

本集團已於本年度首次應用香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第21號徵費。香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第21號針對何時就支付政府施加之徵費確認負債之問題。該詮釋界定何謂徵費,並訂明產生有關負債之責任事件為法例所確定觸發支付徵費之活動。該詮釋就不同徵費之所確與對應如何入賬提供指引,尤其釐清經濟強制或以持續經營基準編製財務報表概不表一個實體目前負有支付徵費之責任,而在未來期間營運將會觸發有關責任。

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋 第21號已追溯應用。應用此詮釋不會對於 本集團綜合財務報表內所作披露或已確認 金額造成重大影響。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

### New and revised HKFRSs in issue not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new or revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 7 and HKFRS 9 (Amendments)

Mandatory Effective Date of **HKFRS 9 and Transaction** Disclosure<sup>1</sup>

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments<sup>1</sup>

HKFRS 10 (Amendments), HKFRS 12 (Amendments)

and HKAS 28 (Amendments) Investment Equities: Applying the Consolidation Exception<sup>5</sup>

HKFRS 11 (Amendments) HKFRS 14

Accounting for Acquisitions of Interest in Joint Operations<sup>5</sup> Regulatory Deferral Accounts<sup>2</sup>

Revenue from Contracts with

HKFRS 15

Customers<sup>3</sup>

HKAS 1 (Amendments)

Presentation of Financial Statements - Disclosure Initiative<sup>5</sup>

HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 (Amendments)

Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation<sup>5</sup>

HKAS 16 and HKAS 41 (Amendments)

Agriculture: Bearer Plants<sup>5</sup>

HKAS 19 (2011) (Amendments) Defined Benefit Plans: Employee

HKAS 27 (Amendments)

HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (Amendments)

Contributions<sup>6</sup>

Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements<sup>5</sup>

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture<sup>5</sup>

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

### 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則

本集團並無提早採用下列已頒佈但尚未生 效之新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則第9號之強

制性生效日期及交易披露1

香港財務報告準則 第7號及香港財務

報告準則第9號 (修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 金融工具1

第9號

香港財務報告準則 投資實體:應用綜合入賬的 第10號(修訂本)、 例外情況5

香港財務報告準則 第12號(修訂本)及 香港會計準則第28號 (修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 收購於合營業務之權益之會計 第11號(修訂本) 處理5

香港財務報告準則 第14號

監管遞延賬目2

香港財務報告準則第 客戶合約收益3

15號

香港會計準則第1號 財務報表列報-披露計劃5

(修訂本)

香港會計準則 第16號及香港 澄清折舊及攤銷之 可接納方法5

會計準則第38號 (修訂本)

香港會計準則

農業:生產性植物5

第16號及香港 會計準則第41號 (修訂本)

香港會計準則第19號 界定福利計劃: 僱員供款6

(二零一一年) (修訂本)

香港會計準則第27號 獨立財務報表之權益法⁵

(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港

投資者與其聯營公司或合營企 業之間之資產出售或投入⁵

會計準則第28號 (修訂本)

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

# New and revised HKFRSs in issue not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRSs (Amendments)

Annual Improvements to

HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle<sup>6</sup>

HKFRSs (Amendments)

Annual Improvements to

HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle<sup>4</sup>

HKFRSs (Amendments)

Annual Improvements to
HKFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle<sup>5</sup>

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with earlier application permitted.

- <sup>2</sup> Effective for first annual HKFRS financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016, with early application permitted.
- <sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017, with earlier application permitted.
- <sup>4</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, with earlier application permitted.
- <sup>5</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, with earlier application permitted.
- <sup>6</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, with earlier application permitted.

#### **HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments**

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduced new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 was subsequently amended in 2010 to include requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition, and further amended in 2013 to include the new requirements for general hedge accounting. Another revised version of HKFRS 9 was issued in 2014 mainly to include a) impairment requirements for financial assets and b) limited amendments to the classification and measurement requirements by introducing a 'fair value through other comprehensive income' measurement category for certain simple debt instruments.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

# 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)

二零一零年至二零一二年週期 香港財務報告準則之

年度改進6

香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)

二零一一年至二零一三年週期 香港財務報告準則之

年度改進4

香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)

二零一二年至二零一四年週期 香港財務報告準則之

年度改進5

- 1 於二零一八年一月一日或其後開始之年度期 間生效,允許提早應用。
- 2 於二零一六年一月一日或其後開始之首份年 度香港財務報告準則財務報表生效,允許提 早應用。
- 3 於二零一七年一月一日或其後開始之年度期 間生效,允許提早應用。
- 4 於二零一四年七月一日或其後開始之年度期 間生效,允許提早應用。
- 5 於二零一六年一月一日或其後開始之年度期 間生效,允許提早應用。
- 6 於二零一四年七月一日或其後開始之年度期 間生效,允許提早應用。

#### 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具

於二零零九年頒佈之香港財務報告準則第 9號引入金融資產分類及計量之新規定。香港財務報告準則第9號其後於二零一零年經修訂,加入金融負債之分類及計量以及取消確認之規定,並於二零一三年進一步修訂,加入一般對沖會計處理之新規定。於二零一四年頒佈之香港財務報告準則第 9號之另一個經修訂版本主要加入a)金融資產之減值規定;及b)透過為若干簡單債務工具引入「按公平值列賬並於其他全面收益內處理」計量類別,對分類及計量規定作出有限修訂。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs in issue not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described below:

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent reporting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrecoverable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號之主要規定列述如下:

屬香港會計準則第39號金融工具:確 認及計量範圍內之所有已確認金融資 產其後均按攤銷成本或公平值計量。 具體而言,目的為收集合約現金流量 之業務模式內所持有,以及合約現金 流量僅為償還本金及尚未償還本金所 產生利息之債務投資,一般於其後報 告期末按攤銷成本計量。於目的為同 時收回合約現金流量及出售金融資產 之業務模式中持有之債務工具,以及 金融資產之合約條款令於特定日期產 生之現金流量僅為支付本金及未償還 本金利息之債務工具,按公平值列賬 並於其他全面收益內處理之方式計 量。所有其他債務投資及股本投資均 於其後會計期間末按公平值計量。此 外,根據香港財務報告準則第9號,實 體可作出不可收回選擇以於其他全面 收益呈列股本投資(並非持作買賣)之 其後公平值變動,而一般僅於損益內 確認股息收入。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs in issue not yet effective (Continued)

### HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

- With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value of financial liabilities attributable to changes in the financial liabilities' credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Previously, under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.
- In relation to the impairment of financial assets, HKFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under HKAS 39. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.
- The new general hedge accounting requirements retain the three types of hedge accounting. However, greater flexibility has been introduced to the types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the types of instruments that qualify for hedging instruments and the types of risk components of non-financial items that are eligible for hedge accounting. In addition, the effectiveness test has been overhauled and replaced with the principle of an 'economic relationship'. Retrospective assessment of hedge effectiveness is also no longer required. Enhanced disclosure requirements about an entity's risk management activities have also been introduced.

**2.** 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

### 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具(續)

- 就指定為按公平值計入損益之金融負債之計量而言,香港財務報告準則第9號規定,因金融負債信貸風險有變動之款預乃面與其公平值變動之款也全面收益呈列,除非於其他全會會負債之會計錯配。金融負債益之會計錯配。金融負債值,根公會重新分類至損益。過往,按會重新分類至損益。過往按數數人對等39號,指定名數負債公平值計入損益之金融負債公平值數之全部金額於損益內呈列。
- 就金融資產之減值而言,與香港會計 準則第39號項下按已產生信貸虧損模 式計算相反,香港財務報告準則第9號 規定按預期信貸虧損模式計算。預期 信貸虧損模式規定實體於各報告與期 將預期信貸虧損及該等預期信貸虧損 之變動入賬,以反映信貸風險自初步 確認以來之變動。換言之,毋須再待發 生信貸事件方確認信貸虧損。
- 新一般對沖會計法規定保留三類對沖會計法。然而,該會計法向合資格作對沖會計處理之交易類別引入更大靈活度,尤其是擴闊合資格作為對沖工具之工具類別及合資格作對沖會計處理之非金融項目之風險部份之類別。此外,效用測試已獲重整及取代「經濟關係」之原則,且毋須追溯評估對沖效用,亦已引入有關實體風險管理活動之披露規定。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs in issue not yet effective (Continued)

### HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

The directors of the Company anticipate that HKFRS 9 that will be adopted in the Group's consolidate financial statements for the annual period beginning 1 January 2018 and that the application of new standard may have a significant impact on amounts reported in respect of Group's financial assets. However, it is not practical to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed.

### **HKFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts**

HKFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts, describes regulatory deferral account balances as amounts of expense or income that would not be recognised as assets or liabilities in accordance with other standards, but that qualify to be deferred in accordance with HKFRS 14 because the amount is included, or is expected to be included, by the rate regulator in establishing the price(s) that an entity can charge to customers for rate regulated goods or services.

The amendments to HKFRS 14 apply prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments to HKFRS 14 will have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(續)

### 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具(續)

本公司董事預期於二零一八年一月一日開 始之年度期間將於本集團綜合財務報表採 納之香港財務報告準則第9號及應用新訂準 則,可能會對就本集團金融資產所呈報之 金額造成重大影響。然而,在詳細審閱完成 前提供該影響之合理估計並不可行。

### 香港財務報告準則第14號監管遞延賬目

香港財務報告準則第14號監管遞延賬目説 明監管遞延賬目結餘為不會根據其他準則 確認為資產或負債,但符合資格根據香港 財務報告準則第14號遞延處理之開支或收 入金額,原因為費率監管機構現時或預期 在訂立實體可就受費率規管之貨品或服務 向客戶收取之價格時將該金額計算在內。

香港財務報告準則第14號之修訂自二零 一六年一月一日或其後開始之年度期間預 先應用。本公司董事並無預期應用香港財 務報告準則第14號之該等修訂將會對本集 團之綜合財務報表造成重大影響。

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

### **Amendments to HKFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisitions** of Interests in Joint Operations

The amendments to HKFRS 11 provide guidance on how to account for the acquisition of a joint operation that constitutes a business as defined in HKFRS 3 Business Combinations. Specifically, the amendments state that the relevant principles on accounting for business combinations in HKFRS 3 and other standards (e.g. HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets regarding impairment testing of a cash generating unit to which goodwill on acquisition of a joint operation has been allocated) should be applied. The same requirements should be applied to the formation of a joint operation if and only if an existing business is contributed to the joint operation by one of the parties that participate in the joint operation.

A joint operator is also required to disclose the relevant information required by HKFRS 3 and other standards for business combinations.

The amendments to HKFRS 11 apply prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments to HKFRS 11 will have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

### **HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers**

In July 2014, HKFRS 15 was issued which establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 Revenue, HKAS 11 Construction Contracts and the related Interpretations when it becomes effective.

### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

### 香港財務報告準則第11號收購合營業務權 益之會計處理之修訂

香港財務報告準則第11號之修訂就如何為 收購構成香港財務報告準則第3號業務合併 所界定業務之合營業務作會計處理提供指 引。具體而言,該等修訂規定,有關香港財 務報告準則第3號所述業務合併會計處理 方法之有關原則及其他準則(即香港會計 準則第36號資產減值,內容有關已分配收 購合營業務產生商譽之現金產生單位之減 值測試)應予採用。倘及僅倘合營業務現有 業務通過參與合營業務之一方對合營業務 作出貢獻, 上述規定應用於合營業務之成 <del>\\</del> 0

聯合經營者亦須披露香港財務報告準則第 3號及業務合併之其他準則規定之有關資 料。

香港財務報告準則第11號之修訂預期適用 於二零一六年一月一日或之後開始之年度 期間。本公司董事預期,應用香港財務報告 準則第11號之該等修訂不會對本集團之綜 合財務報表構成重大影響。

### 香港財務報告準則第15號來自客戶合約的 收益

香港財務報告準則第15號於二零一四年七 月頒佈,其制定一項單一全面模式供實體 用作將自客戶合約所產生的收益入賬。於 香港財務報告準則第15號生效後,其將取 代現時載於香港會計準則第18號收益、香 港會計準則第11號建築合約及相關詮釋的 收益確認指引。

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# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

### **HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers** (Continued)

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

The Directors anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may have a material impact on the amounts reported and disclosures made in the Group's consolidated financial statements. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of HKFRS 15 until the Group performs a detailed review.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

### 香港財務報告準則第15號來自客戶合約的 收益(續)

香港財務報告準則第15號的核心原則為實 體所確認描述向客戶轉讓承諾貨品或服務 的收益金額,應為能反映該實體預期就交 換該等貨品或服務有權獲得的代價。具體 而言,該準則引入確認收益的五個步驟:

- 第一步: 識別與客戶訂立的合約
- 第二步: 識別合約中的履約責任
- 第三步: 釐定交易價
- 第四步: 將交易價分配至合約中的履 約責任
- 第五步:於實體完成履約責任時(或就 此)確認收益

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,實體於完 成履約責任時(或就此)確認收益,即於特 定履約責任相關的商品或服務的「控制權」 轉讓予客戶時。香港財務報告準則第15號 已就特別情況的處理方法加入更明確的指 引。此外,香港財務報告準則第15號要求更 詳盡的披露。

董事預計,日後應用香港財務報告準則第 15號可能會對本集團之綜合財務報表所呈 報金額及所作出披露造成重大影響。然而, 於本集團進行詳細審閱前對香港財務報告 準則第15號之影響提供合理估計並不切實 可行。

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

### Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 Clarification of **Acceptable Method of Depreciation and Amortisation**

The amendments to HKAS 16 prohibit entities from using a revenue-based depreciation method for items of property, plant and equipment. The amendments to HKAS 38 introduce a rebuttable presumption that revenue is not an appropriate basis for amortisation of an intangible asset. This presumption can only be rebutted in the following two limited circumstances:

- a) when the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue: or
- b) when it can be demonstrated that revenue and consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are highly correlated.

The amendments apply prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. Currently, the Group uses the straight-line method for depreciation and amortisation for its property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets respectively. The directors of the Company believe that the straight-line method is the most appropriate method to reflect the consumption of economic benefits inherent in the respective assets and accordingly, the directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 will have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

### 香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第38 號澄清折舊及攤銷的可接納方法之修訂

香港會計準則第16號之修訂禁止實體就物 業、廠房及設備項目使用以收益為基礎之 折舊法。香港會計準則第38號之修訂引入 可推翻之假設,即收益並非無形資產攤銷 之合適基準。有關假設僅可於以下兩種有 限情況被推翻:

- a) 於無形資產以計量收益之方式列賬 時;或
- b) 於其能顯示無形資產之收益與其經濟 利益之消耗有緊密關係時。

該等修訂預期應用於二零一六年一月一日 或之後開始之年度期間。現時,本集團分別 就其物業、廠房及設備以及無形資產採用 直線法進行折舊及攤銷。本公司董事認為, 直線法為反映有關資產既有經濟利益之消 耗之最適當方法,因此,董事預計應用香港 會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第38號之 該等修訂將不會對本集團之綜合財務報表 產生重大影響。

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## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

### Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41 Agriculture: **Bearer Plants**

The amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41 define a bearer plant and require biological assets that meet the definition of a bearer plant to be accounted for as property, plant and equipment in accordance with HKAS 16, instead of HKAS 41. The produce growing on bearer plants continues to be accounted for in accordance with HKAS 41.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41 will have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements as the Group is not engaged in agricultural activities.

### Amendments to HKAS 19 (2011) Defined Benefit Plans: **Employee Contributions**

The amendments to HKAS 19 (2011) clarify how an entity should account for contributions made by employees or third parties to defined benefit plans, based on whether those contributions are dependent on the number of years of service provided by the employee.

For contributions that are independent of the number of years of service, the entity may either recognise the contributions as a reduction in the service cost in the period in which the related service is rendered, or to attribute them to the employees' periods of service using the projected unit credit method; whereas for contributions that are dependent on the number of years of service, the entity is required to attribute them to the employees' periods of service.

### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

### 香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第41 號農業: 生產性植物之修訂

香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第41 號之修訂界定生產性植物並規定符合生產 性植物定義之生物資產須根據香港會計準 則第16號而非香港會計準則第41號入賬列 為物業、廠房及設備。種植生產性植物所得 產品繼續根據香港會計準則第41號入賬。

本公司董事預計,應用香港會計準則第16 號及香港會計準則第41號之該等修訂將不 會對本集團綜合財務報表產生重大影響, 因為本集團並無從事農業活動。

### 香港會計準則第19號(二零一一年)界定福 利計劃: 僱員供款之修訂

香港會計準則第19號(二零一一年)之修訂 澄清實體應如何根據供款是否取決於僱員 提供服務之年期而將僱員或第三方對界定 福利計劃作出之供款入賬。

倘供款與服務年期無關,實體可確認供款 為於提供相關服務期間服務成本減少,或 以預測單位福利法將其歸屬於僱員之服務 期間,惟倘供款與服務年期有關,則實體須 將其歸屬於僱員之服務期間。

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

### Amendments to HKAS 19 (2011) Defined Benefit Plans: **Employee Contributions** (Continued)

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments to HKAS 19 (2011) will have a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements as the Group does not have any defined benefit plans.

### Amendments to HKAS 27 Equity Method in Separate **Financial Statements**

The amendments allow an entity to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in its separate financial statements:

- At cost:
- In accordance with HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (or HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement for entities that have not yet adopted HKFRS 9); or
- Using the equity method as described in HKAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures.

The accounting option must be applied by category of investments.

The amendments also clarify that when a parent ceases to be an investment entity, or becomes an investment entity, it shall account for the change from the date when the change in status occurred.

### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

### 香港會計準則第19號(二零一一年)界定福 利計劃:僱員供款之修訂(續)

本公司董事預計,應用香港會計準則第19 號(二零一一年)之該等修訂將不會對本集 團之綜合財務報表產生重大影響,因為本 集團並無任何界定福利計劃。

### 香港會計準則第27號獨立財務報表的權益 法之修訂

該等修訂允許實體於其獨立財務報表中根 據以下各項就附屬公司、合營企業及聯營 公司之投資入賬:

- 按成本;
- 根據香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具 (或就尚未採納香港財務報告準則第9 號之實體而言,根據香港會計準則第 39號金融工具:確認及計量);或
- 採用香港會計準則第28號於聯營公司 及合營企業之投資所述之權益法。

會計方法須根據投資類型選取。

該等修訂亦澄清,當母公司不再為投資實 體或成為投資實體時,其須自身份變動當 日起就相關變動入賬。

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2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements (Continued)

In addition to the amendments to HKAS 27, there are consequential amendments to HKAS 28 to avoid a potential conflict with HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and to HKFRS 1 First time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments to HKAS 27 will have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

Amendments to HKAS 28:

- The requirements on gains and losses resulting from transactions between an entity and its associate or joint venture have been amended to relate only to assets that do not constitute a business.
- A new requirement has been introduced that gains or losses from downstream transactions involving assets that constitute a business between an entity and its associate or joint venture must be recognised in full in the investor's financial statements.
- A requirement has been added that an entity needs to consider whether assets that are sold or contributed in separate transactions constitute a business and should be accounted for as a single transaction.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 | ) *(續)* 

香港會計準則第**27**號獨立財務報表的權益 法之修訂(續)

除香港會計準則第27號之修訂外,香港會計準則第28號亦作出相應修訂,以避免與香港財務報告準則第10號綜合財務報表之潛在衝突,而香港財務報告準則第1號首次採納香港財務報告準則亦作出相應修訂。

本公司董事預計,應用香港會計準則第27 號之該等修訂將不會對本集團之綜合財務 報表產生重大影響。

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則 第28號投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之 間之資產出售或投入之修訂

香港會計準則第28號之修訂:

- 有關實體與其聯營公司或合資企業所 進行交易產生之盈虧之規定已修訂為 只限與不構成業務之資產有關。
- 已引入一項新規定,其中涉及構成實體與其聯營公司或合資企業之間業務之資產之下游交易產生之盈虧須於投資者之財務報表悉數確認。
- 已加入一項新規定,實體需考慮於獨立交易中出售或注入之資產是否構成業務,以及應否以個別交易入賬。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 10:

- An exception from the general requirement of full gain or loss recognition has been introduced into HKFRS 10 for the loss control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business in a transaction with an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method.
- New guidance has been introduced requiring that gains or losses resulting from those transactions are recognised in the parent's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in that associate or joint venture. Similarly, gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement at fair value of investments retained in any former subsidiary that has become an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method are recognised in the former parent's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the new associate or joint venture.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 will have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

> 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則 第28號投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之 間之資產出售或投入之修訂(續)

香港財務報告準則第10號之修訂:

- 悉數盈虧確認之一般要求之例外情況 已納入香港財務報告準則第10號,以 控制在與聯營公司或合營企業(以權 益法列賬)的交易中並無包含業務之 附屬公司之虧損。
- 所引入的新指引,要求從該等交易中 所得盈虧於母公司損益中確認且僅以 非相關投資者於該聯營公司或合營企 業之權益為限。同樣地,按公平值重 新計量於已成為聯營公司或合營企業 (以權益法列賬)之任何前附屬公司所 保留之投資所得盈虧於前母公司損益 中確認且僅以非相關投資者於新聯營 公司或合營企業之權益為限。

本公司董事預期應用香港財務報告準則第 10號及香港會計準則第28號之該等修訂 不會對本集團之綜合財務報表構成重大影

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2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Annual Improvement to HKFRSs 2010 - 2012 Cycle

The Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010 - 2012 Cycle include a number of amendments to various HKFRSs, which are summarised below.

The amendments to HKFRS 2 (i) change the definitions of 'vesting condition' and 'market condition'; and (ii) add definitions for 'performance condition' and 'service condition' which were previously included within the definition of 'vesting condition'. The amendments to HKFRS 2 are effective for share-based payment transactions for which the grant date is on or after 1 July 2014.

The amendments to HKFRS 3 clarify that contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability should be measured at fair value at each reporting date, irrespective of whether the contingent consideration is a financial instrument within the scope of HKFRS 9 or HKAS 39 or a non-financial asset or liability. Changes in fair value (other than measurement period adjustments) should be recognised in profit and loss. The amendments to HKFRS 3 are effective for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after 1 July 2014.

The amendments to HKFRS 8 (i) require an entity to disclose the judgements made by management in applying the aggregation criteria to operating segments, including a description of the operating segments aggregated and the economic indicators assessed in determining whether the operating segments have 'similar economic characteristics'; and (ii) clarify that a reconciliation of the total of the reportable segments' assets to the entity's assets should only be provided if the segment assets are regularly provided to the chief operating decision-maker.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

> 二零一零年至二零一二年週期香港財務報 告準則之年度改進

> 二零一零年至二零一二年週期香港財務報 告準則之年度改進包括多項香港財務報告 準則之若干修訂,概述如下。

> 香港財務報告準則第2號之修訂本(i)更改 「歸屬條件」及「市場條件」之定義;及(ii)加 入先前已獲納入「歸屬條件 | 定義項下之 「表現條件」及「服務條件」之定義。香港財 務報告準則第2號之修訂對於授出日期為二 零一四年七月一日或之後以股份支付之交 易有效。

> 香港財務報告準則第3號之修訂本釐清,分 類為資產或負債之或然代價於各報告日期 應按公平值計量,不論或然代價是否屬於 香港財務報告準則第9號或香港會計準則第 39號範圍之金融工具,或非金融資產或負 債。公平值變動(計量期間調整除外)應於 損益中確認。香港財務報告準則第3號之修 訂對收購日期為二零一四年七月一日或之 後之業務合併有效。

> 香港財務報告準則第8號之修訂本(i)規定實 體就營運分部應用合計準則時披露管理層 作出的判斷,包括所合計營運分部的概況 及於釐定營運分部是否具有「相似經濟特 點」所評估之經濟指標;及(ii)闡明可報告分 部資產總額與實體資產之對賬僅應於分部 資產定期提供給主要營運決策者之情況下 方予提供。

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

## Annual Improvement to HKFRSs 2010 - 2012 Cycle (Continued)

The amendments to the basis for conclusions of HKFRS 13 clarify that the issue of HKFRS 13 and consequential amendments to HKAS 39 and HKFRS 9 did not remove the ability to measure short term receivables and payables with no stated interest rate at their invoice amounts without discounting, if the effect of discounting is immaterial. As the amendments do not contain any effective date, they are considered to be immediately effective.

The amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 remove perceived inconsistencies in the accounting for accumulated depreciation/amortisation when an item of property, plant and equipment or an intangible asset is revalued. The amended standards clarify that the gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset and that accumulated depreciation/ amortisation is the difference between the gross carrying amount and the carrying amount after taking into account accumulated impairment losses.

The amendments to HKAS 24 clarify that a management entity providing key management personnel service to a reporting entity is a related party of the reporting entity. Consequently, the reporting entity should disclose as related party transactions the amounts incurred for the service paid or payable to the management entity for the provision of key management personnel services. However, disclosure of the components of such compensation is not required.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments will have a material effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

## 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

## 二零一零年至二零一二年週期香港財務報 告準則之年度改進(續)

對香港財務報告準則第13號結論之基礎之 該等修訂闡明,頒佈香港財務報告準則第 13號及對香港會計準則第39號及香港財務 報告準則第9號之隨後修訂並無除去按其 發票金額計量且並無指定利率及並無貼現 (如貼現影響不大)之短期應收款項及應付 款項之能力。由於該等修訂並無包含任何 生效日期,故其被認為即時生效。

香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第38 號之修訂本除去當物業、廠房及設備或無 形資產進行重估時就累計折舊/攤銷進行 會計處理時出現之不一致規定。經修訂準 則澄清總賬面值按與重估資產賬面值一致 之方式調整,而累計折舊/攤銷指總賬面 值與經計及累計減值虧損後賬面值之間之 差額。

香港會計準則第24號之修訂本澄清,向呈 報實體提供主要管理人員服務之管理實體 乃呈報實體之關連人士。因此,呈報實體應 將就提供主要管理人員服務已付或應付管 理實體之服務金額披露為關連方交易。然 而,並無規定須披露有關薪酬組成部分。

本公司董事預期應用該等修訂將不會對本 集團之綜合財務報表有重大影響。

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2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Annual Improvement to HKFRSs 2011 - 2013 Cycle

The Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011 – 2013 Cycle include a number of amendments to various HKFRSs, which are summarised below.

The amendments to HKFRS 3 clarify that the standard does not apply to the accounting for the formation of all types of joint arrangement in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself.

The amendments to HKFRS 13 clarify that the scope of the portfolio exception for measuring the fair value of a group of financial assets and financial liabilities on a net basis includes all contracts that are within the scope of, and accounted for in accordance with, HKAS 39 or HKFRS 9, even if those contracts do not meet the definitions of financial assets or financial liabilities within HKAS 32.

The amendments to HKAS 40 clarify that HKAS 40 and HKFRS 3 are not mutually exclusive and application of both standards may be required. Consequently, an entity acquiring investment property must determine whether:

- a) the property meets the definition of investment property in terms of HKAS 40; and
- b) the transaction meets the definition of business combination under HKFRS 3.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments will have a material effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

> 二零一一年至二零一三年週期香港財務報 告準則之年度改進

> 二零一一年至二零一三年週期香港財務報告準則之年度改進包括對多項香港財務報告準則之若干修訂,概述如下。

香港財務報告準則第3號之修訂本澄清,準 則並不適用於合營安排本身之財務報表中 就設立所有類別合營安排之會計處理。

香港財務報告準則第13號之修訂本澄清, 投資組合之範圍(除按淨額基準計量一組 金融資產及金融負債之公平值外)包括歸 入香港會計準則第39號或香港財務報告準 則第9號之範圍並據此入賬之所有合約,即 使該等合約未符合香港會計準則第32號項 下金融資產或金融負債之定義。

香港會計準則第40號之修訂本澄清,香港會計準則第40號與香港財務報告準則第3號並非互不相容,可能需要同時應用兩項準則。因此,收購投資物業的實體必須確認:

- a) 物業是否符合香港會計準則第40號項 下投資物業的定義;及
- b) 交易是否符合香港財務報告準則第3 號項下業務合併的定義。

本公司董事預期應用該等修訂將不會對本 集團綜合財務報表有重大影響。

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

#### Annual Improvement to HKFRSs 2012 - 2014 Cycle

The Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012 – 2014 Cycle include a number of amendments to various HKFRSs, which are summarised below.

The amendments to HKFRS 5 introduce specific guidance in HKFRS 5 for when an entity reclassifies an asset (or disposal group) from held for sale to held for distribution to owners (or vice versa), or when held-for-distribution accounting is discontinued. The amendments apply prospectively.

The amendments to HKFRS 7 provide additional guidance to clarify whether a servicing contract is continuing involvement in a transferred asset for the purpose of the disclosures required in relation to transferred assets and clarify that the offsetting disclosures (introduced in the amendments to HKFRS 7 Disclosure – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities issued in December 2011 and effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013) are not explicitly required for all interim periods. However, the disclosures may need to be included in condensed interim financial statements to comply with HKAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

The amendments to HKAS 19 clarify that the high quality corporate bonds used to estimate the discount rate for post-employment benefits should be issued in the same currency as the benefits to be paid. These amendments would result in the depth of the market for high quality corporate bonds being assessed at currency level. The amendments apply from the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements in which the amendments are first applied. Any initial adjustment arising should be recognised in retained earnings at the beginning of that period.

## **2.** 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

## 二零一二年至二零一四年週期香港財務報 告準則之年度改進

二零一二年至二零一四年週期香港財務報告準則之年度改進包括對多項香港財務報告準則之若干修訂,概述如下。

香港財務報告準則第5號之修訂本於內文引入了對實體將資產(或出售組別)從持作銷售重新分類為持作向擁有人分銷(反之亦然)或持作分銷終止入賬的具體指引。該等修訂可提前應用。

香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂本的額外指引釐清服務合約中是否持續牽涉所轉移資產(就有關資產轉移所要求的披露而言)並釐清對所有中期期間並無明確要求抵銷露(已引入於二零一一年十二月頒佈並於二零一三年一月一日或之後開始之期間生效之香港財務報告準則第7號本披露一抵銷金融資產及金融負債之修訂)。然而,披露或需載入簡明中期財務報表,以遵從香港會計準則第34號中期財務報告。

香港會計準則第19號之修訂本釐清優質公司債券(用於估計退休後福利之貼現率)應按與將予支付福利相同的貨幣發行。該等修訂會導致按貨幣層面評估的優質公司債券的市場深度。該等修訂從首次應用修訂的財務報表所呈列最早比較期間期初起應用。所引致之任何初步調整應於該期間期初於保留盈利內確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

## Annual Improvement to HKFRSs 2012 - 2014 Cycle (Continued)

The amendments to HKAS 34 clarify the requirements relating to information required by HKAS 34 that is presented elsewhere within the interim financial report but outside the interim financial statements. The amendments require that such information be incorporated by way of a cross reference from the interim financial statements to the other part of the interim financial report that is available to users on the same terms and at the same time as the interim financial statements.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these will have a material effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

#### **BASIS OF PREPARATION**

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and by the disclosures requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

## 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

## 二零一二年至二零一四年週期香港財務報 告準則之年度改進(續)

香港會計準則第34號之修訂本釐清有關香 港會計準則第34號要求於中期財務報告內 其他章節但於中期財務報表外呈列之資料 之規定。該等修訂要求該資料從中期財務報 表以交叉引用方式併入中期財務報告(按 與中期財務報表相同的條款及時間提供予 使用者)其他章節。

本公司董事預期應用該等修訂將不會對本 集團之綜合財務報表造成重大影響。

#### 編製基準

#### (a) 遵例聲明

本綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公 會頒佈之香港財務報告準則而編製。 此外,本綜合財務報表包括香港聯合 交易所有限公司創業板證券上市規則 及香港公司條例之披露規定規定之適 用披露。

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

#### (b) Going concern

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors have given careful consideration to the future liquidity of the Group notwithstanding that:

The Group has incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$41,723,000 during the year ended 31 March 2015 and, as of that date, the Group's total liabilities exceeded its total assets by approximately HK\$28,966,000.

The directors adopted the going concern basis in the preparation of financial statements and implemented the following measures in order to improve the working capital and liquidity and cash flow position of the Group:

#### (1) Financial supports

China Xinhua NNC, one of the major shareholders and convertible notes holder, has confirmed to provide continuing financial support to the Group to enable it to continue as a going concern and to settle the liabilities as and when they fall due.

#### (2) Alternative source of funding

The Group is actively considering to raise new capital by carrying out fund raising activities including but not limited to rights issue, open offer, placing of new shares and issuance of convertible notes.

## 3. 編製基準(續)

## (b) 持續經營基準

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事已仔細 考慮本集團之未來流動性,儘管:

本集團於截至二零一五年三月 三十一日止年度產生虧損淨額約 41,723,000港元,及截至該日, 本集團之總負債超出其總資產約 28,966,000港元。

董事於編製財務報表時已採納持續經 營基準並已實施下列措施以改善本集 團之營運資金及流動性以及現金流狀 況:

## (1) 財務支持

中國新華新聞電視網,本公司之 主要股東之一及可換股票據持有 人,已確認向本集團提供持續財 務支持以令其可以繼續按持續經 營基準經營以及償付到期之負 債。

#### (2) 備選融資來源

本集團正積極考慮通過開展集資 活動以籌集新資本,包括但不限 於供股、公開發售、配售新股份以 及發行可換股票據。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

## (b) Going concern (Continued)

In the opinion of the directors, in light of the various measures/arrangements implemented after the end of the reporting period, the Group will have sufficient working capital for its current requirements and it is reasonable to expect the Group to remain a commercially viable concern. Accordingly, the directors are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue to operate as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any future liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities respectively. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the financial statements.

#### (c) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

## 3. 編製基準(續)

#### (b) 持續經營基準(續)

董事認為,鑑於報告期末後實施之多項措施/安排,本集團將擁有充足營運資金以滿足其現時之要求並可合理預期本集團可繼續以符合商業利益之基準經營。因此,董事信納按持續經營基準編製財務報表屬合適。

倘本集團未能繼續作為持續經營實體 營運,則需要作出調整藉以將資產價 值撇減至其可收回金額,就可能出現 之任何未來負債作出撥備,以及將非 流動資產及負債分別重列為流動資產 及負債。該等調整之影響並未於財務 報表中反映。

#### (c) 編製基準

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本基準編製,惟於各報告期末按公平值計量之若干金融工具除外(已於下列會計政策內解釋)。

歷史成本一般根據資產交換代價之公平值計算。

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

#### (c) Basis of preparation (Continued)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 or value in use in HKAS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirely, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

## 3. 編製基準(續)

## (c) 編製基準(續)

公平值乃於計量日期市場參與者之間 於有秩序交易中出售資產所收取或轉 讓負債須支付的價格, 而不論該價格 是否為可直接觀察取得或可使用其他 估值方法估計。於估計資產或負債之 公平值時,於計量日期對資產或負債 定價時,本集團會考慮該等資產或負 債的特點。於此等綜合財務報表中計 量及/或披露的公平值均按此基準予 以釐定,惟香港財務報告準則第2號範 圍內的以股份支付之交易、香港會計 準則第17號範圍內的租賃交易及與公 平值類似但並非公平值的計量(例如 香港會計準則第2號中的可變現淨值或 香港會計準則第36號中的使用價值) 除外。

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量根 據公平值計量的輸入數據可觀察程度 及輸入數據對公平值計量的整體重要 性分類為第一級、第二級或第三級,載 述如下:

- 第一級輸入數據是實體於計量日 期可以取得的相同資產或負債於 活躍市場的報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據是就資產或負債 直接或間接地可觀察的輸入數據 (第一級內包括的報價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據是資產或負債的 不可觀察輸入數據。

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## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

#### (d) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (HK\$'000) except otherwise indicated.

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

## 3. 編製基準(續)

#### (d) 功能及呈報貨幣

本財務報表乃以港元(「港元」)列值, 港元亦為本公司之功能貨幣。除另有 指明外,所有數值均四捨五入至最接 近的千位數(千港元)。

#### 4. 重大會計政策

#### (a) 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司以及本公司 及其附屬公司所控制實體(包括結構 化實體)之財務報表。倘符合以下情 況,本公司即獲得控制權:

- 可對被投資方行使權力;
- 自參與被投資方的業務獲得或有 權獲得可變回報;及
- 有能力以其權力影響其回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上文所列控制權 三個元素之一個或多個元素出現變動,本集團會重新評估其是否對被投 資方擁有控制權。

## (a) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders:
- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and.
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (a) 綜合基準(續)

倘本集團於被投資方之投票權未能佔 大多數,則當投票權足以賦予本公司 實際能力以單方面指揮被投資方的相 關活動時即對被投資方擁有權力。本 集團於評估本集團於被投資方之投票 權是否足以賦予其權力時考慮所有相 關事實及情況,包括:

- 本集團持有投票權之規模相較其 他投票權持有人所持投票權之規 模及分散度;
- 本集團、其他投票權持有人或其 他人士持有之潛在投票權;
- 其他合約安排產生之權利;及,
- 可顯示於需要作出決定時,本集 團當前能否掌控相關活動之任何 其他事實及情況(包括於過往股 東大會上之投票方式)。

附屬公司之綜合入賬於本集團取得有 關附屬公司之控制權起開始,並於本 集團失去有關附屬公司之控制權時終 止。具體而言,年內所收購或出售附屬 公司之收入及開支乃自本集團取得控 制權之日期起計入綜合損益及其他全 面收益表,直至本集團不再控制有關 附屬公司之日期為止。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (a) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Profit or loss and each component item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

## Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (a) 綜合基準(續)

損益及其他全面收益之每個組成項目 乃歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權 益。附屬公司之全面收入總額乃分配 至本公司擁有人及非控股權益(即使 此舉會導致非控股權益出現虧絀)。

如有需要,附屬公司之財務報表會作 出調整,以使其會計政策與本集團之 會計政策一致。

集團內公司間一切資產及負債、權益、 收入、開支及有關本集團成員公司間 交易之現金流量於綜合賬目時悉數對 銷。

## 本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權權益之 變動

本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權權益之 變動如不導致本集團對附屬公司喪失 控制權,將列作權益交易核算。本集團 權益與非控制權益之賬面值應予調整 以反映彼等於附屬公司相關權益之變 動。非控制權益之調整金額與已付或 已收代價公平值之間的任何差額直接 於權益確認並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

#### (a) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

## Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries (Continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

#### (b) Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (a) 綜合基準(續)

## 本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權權益之 變動(續)

倘本集團失去附屬公司控制權,盈虧 於損益內確認,並按:(1)已收代價公平 值及任何保留權益公平值總額與(ii)附 屬公司之資產(包括商譽)及負債以及 任何非控股權益之先前賬面值之差額 計算。所有先前於其他全面收益確認 之有關該附屬公司之款項,將按猶如 本集團已直接出售該附屬公司之相關 資產或負債入賬(即按適用香港財務 報告準則之規定/許可條文重新分類 至損益或轉撥至另一類權益)。於失去 控制權當日於前附屬公司保留之任何 投資之公平值將根據香港會計準則第 39號,於其後入賬時被列作初步確認 之公平值,或(如適用)於初步確認時 於聯營公司或合營企業之投資成本。

#### (b) 業務合併

收購業務以收購法入賬。於業務合併 時轉讓的代價按公平值計量,即本集 團對被收購方前擁有人所轉讓之資 產、已產生之負債及本集團就換取被 收購方之控制權所發行之股本權益於 收購當日之公平值總和。收購相關成 本一般於產生時在損益中確認。

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## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (b) Business combinations (Continued)

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes and HKAS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date (see the accounting policy below); and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (b) 業務合併(續)

於收購日期,所收購之可識別資產及 所承擔負債按公平值確認,惟下列項 目除外:

- 遞延稅項資產或負債及與僱員福 利安排有關之資產或負債分別根 據香港會計準則第12號「所得稅」 及香港會計準則第19號「僱員福 利」確認及計量;
- 被收購方以股份為基礎之付款安 排或本集團訂立以取代被收購方 以股份為基礎之付款安排之有關負債 或股本工具,根據香港財務報告 準則第2號「以股份為基礎之付 款」於收購日期計量(見下文會計 政策);及
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號「持作出售之非流動資產及已終止經營業務」分類為持作出售之資產(或出售組別)根據該項準則計量。

商譽按轉撥代價、於被收購方之任何 非控制權益金額及收購方先前持有被 收購方股本權益(如有)之公平值之 總和超出所收購可識別資產及所承擔自 債於收購日期之淨額之差額計量。 倘所收購可識別資產及所承擔自轉 收購日期之淨額於重估後超出所 收購日期之淨額於重估後超出所權益 代價、於被收購方之任何非控制權益 金額及收購方先前持有被收購方 金額及收購方先前持有被收購的 時於損益確認為議價收購收益。

## (b) Business combinations (Continued)

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of noncontrolling interests are measured at their fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another HKFRS.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with the corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the "measurement period" (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with HKAS 39, or HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (b) 業務合併(續)

非控制權益倘為現有擁有權權益,且 賦予其持有人權利於清盤時按比例分 佔實體之資產淨值,可初步按公平值 或非控制權益按比例分佔被收購方 可識別資產淨值之已確認金額計量。 所選擇之計量基準按每項交易而定。 其他類別之非控制權益則按公平值或 (如適用)另一項香港財務報告準則規 定之基準計量。

當本集團於一項業務合併轉撥之代價 包括或然代價安排所產生之資產或負 債時,或然代價按收購日期之公平值 計量,並計入業務合併轉撥代價之一 部分。符合計量期間調整之或然代價 公平值變動會追溯調整,並對商譽作 相應調整。計量期間調整為於「計量期 間」(自收購日期起不超過一年)內取 得於收購日期已存在事實及情況之額 外資料而產生之調整。

不符合計量期間調整之或然代價公平 值變動之其後會計處理視乎或然代價 之分類。被分類為權益之或然代價, 於其後報告日期不會重新計量,而其 後結算於權益入賬。被分類為資產或 負債之或然代價,於其後報告日期須 根據香港會計準則第39號或香港會計 準則第37號「撥備、或然負債及或然資 產」(如適用)重新計量,相關收益或 虧損於損益確認。

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## **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

#### (b) Business combinations (Continued)

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to its acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised as of that date.

#### (c) Investments in subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Company is able to exercise control. Control is achieved where the Company, directly or indirectly, has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that are presently exercisable are taken into account.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (b) 業務合併(續)

倘分階段進行業務合併,本集團過往 於被收購方持有之股本權益於收購日 期重新計量至公平值,所產生之收益 或虧損(如有)於損益確認。過往於收 購日期前於其他全面收入確認之被收 購方權益所產生金額重新分類至損 益,惟有關處理方法須適用於出售權 益。

倘業務合併之初步會計處理於合併發 生之報告期間結算日尚未完成,則本 集團報告未完成會計處理項目之暫時 金額。該等暫時金額會於計量期間(見 上文)予以調整,或確認額外資產或負 債,以反映截至收購日期已存在而據 知可能影響截至該日已確認金額之事 實及情況所取得之新資料。

#### (c) 於附屬公司之投資

附屬公司指本公司能對其行使控制權 之實體。倘本公司有權直接或間接管 理一間實體之財務及經營政策藉以從 其業務中獲取利益,則本公司對其擁 有控制權。於評估控制權時,已計及當 前可行使之潛在投票權。

於本公司之財務狀況表內,於附屬公 司之投資乃按成本扣除減值虧損(如 有)列賬。附屬公司之業績由本公司根 據已收及應收股息基準入賬。

#### (d) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business (see the accounting policy above) less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

#### (e) Interests in joint operations

A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (d) 商譽

收購業務所產牛之商譽按於收購業務 日期之成本(見上文會計政策)減累計 減值虧損(如有)列賬。

就減值測試而言, 商譽分配至預期受 惠於合併所產生協同效益之本集團 各現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組 別)。

獲分配商譽之現金產生單位每年進行 減值測試或當有跡象顯示該單位可能 出現減值時更頻繁進行減值測試。倘 現金產生單位之可收回金額低於其賬 面值,則減值虧損會先用作減少任何 分配至該單位之商譽賬面值,其後則 按該單位內各項資產賬面值之比例分 配至該單位之其他資產。商譽之任何 減值虧損直接於損益確認。就商譽確 認之減值虧損不會於往後期間撥回。

出售相關現金產生單位時,應佔商譽 金額會用作釐定出售損益。

#### (e) 於合營業務之權益

合營業務乃一種合營安排,據此,對安 排擁有共同控制權的各方享有有關合 營安排之資產之權利及承擔負債之義 務。共同控制權乃指按照合約協定共 同控制一項安排,並僅在有關業務相 關的決策需共同控制的各方一致同意 時存在。

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## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (e) Interests in joint operations (Continued)

When a group entity undertakes its activities under joint operations, the Group as a joint operator recognises in relation to its interest in a joint operation:

- its assets, including its share of any assets held jointly;
- its liabilities, including its share of any liabilities incurred jointly;
- its revenue from the sale of its share of the output arising from the joint operation;
- its share of the revenue from the sale of the output by the joint operation; and
- its expenses, including its share of any expenses incurred jointly.

The Group accounts for the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to its interest in a joint operation in accordance with the HKFRSs applicable to the particular assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses.

When a group entity transacts with a joint operation in which a group entity is a joint operator (such as a sale or contribution of assets), the Group is considered to be conducting the transaction with other parties to the joint operation, and gains and losses resulting from the sale or contribution are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of other parties' interests in the joint operation.

When a group entity transacts with a joint operation in which a group entity is a joint operator (such as a purchase of assets), the Group does not recognise its share of the gains and losses until it resells those asset to a third party.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (e) 於合營業務之權益(續)

當集團實體根據合營業務經營活動 時,本集團作為合營業務者就其於合 營業務中之權益確認以下各項:

- 其資產,包括其應佔任何共同持 有之資產;
- 其負債,包括其應佔任何共同承 擔之負債;
- 其應佔來自合營業務成果之銷售 收益;
- 其應佔合營業務所產生成果之銷 售收益;及
- 其開支,包括其應佔任何共同承 擔之開支。

根據特定資產、負債、收益及開支適用 之香港財務報告準則,本集團將與其 於合營業務之權益有關之資產、負債、 收益及開支入賬。

當集團實體與合營業務交易而集團實體為合營運作方(如出售或貢獻資產),則本集團被視為與合營業務之其他各方進行交易,及該等出售或貢獻產生之收益及虧損於本集團之綜合財務報表確認,惟限於其他各方於合營業務之權益。

當集團實體與合營業務交易而集團實體為合營運作方(如購買資產),則本集團不會確認其攤佔之收益及虧損, 直至重售該資產予第三方為止。

## (f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The principal annual rates used for the current year are as follows:

Site offices	Over the respective project terms
Leasehold improvements	30% or over the respective life of the leases, whichever is shorter
Machinery	20% – 30%
Furniture and	20%
fixtures	
Office equipment	20%
Motor vehicles	20%

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (f) 物業·廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本減其後累計 折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有)於綜 合財務狀況表列賬。

處於動工階段以供生產、供應或行政 用途之物業按成本減任何已確認減值 虧損列值。成本包括專業費用及(就合 資格資產而言)根據本集團會計政策 已資本化之借貸成本。該等物業於完 成及可作擬定用途時分類為適當類別 的物業、廠房及設備。該等資產於資產 可作擬定用途時按與其他物業資產相 同的基準開始折舊。

折舊乃按資產(在建物業除外)成本減 其剩餘價值,按其可使用年期以直線 法撇銷加以確認。估計可使用年期、剩 餘價值及折舊法於各報告期末檢討, 任何估計變動之影響按預期基準入 賬。就本年度採用之主要年率如下:

地盤辦公室	按相關項目的期限計
租賃物業裝修	第 按30%或相關租賃期 限(以較短者為準)
	計算
機器	20% – 30%
傢具及裝置	20%
辦公室設備	20%
車輛	20%

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## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (f) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (g) Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### The Group as lessee

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the consolidated statement of financial position as a finance lease obligation.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (f) 物業·廠房及設備(續)

根據融資租賃持有之資產於其預計可 使用年期按與自有資產相同之基準折 舊。然而,當擁有權未能在租賃期末合 理確定,則資產須按其租賃期或可使 用年期之較短者折舊。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售或當預期持續使用該資產不再帶來未來經濟利益時終止確認。出售或報廢物業、廠房及設備項目之任何收益或虧損乃按出售所得款項與該資產賬面值之差額 釐定,並於損益內確認。

#### (g) 租賃

當租賃條款將擁有權之絕大部分風險 及回報轉移至承租人時,該租賃分類 為融資租賃。其他所有租賃皆歸類為 經營租賃。

#### 本集團作為承租人

根據融資租賃持有之資產初步按其公 平值或最低租賃付款之現值(如金額 較低)確認為本集團資產。出租人之相 應債務乃計入綜合財務狀況表作融資 租賃債務。

#### (g) Leasing (Continued)

#### The Group as lessee (Continued)

Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Group's general policy on borrowing costs (see the accounting policy below). Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

#### (h) Intangible assets

#### Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination and recognised separately from goodwill are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (g) 租賃(續)

## 本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃付款按融資開支及租賃承擔減免 作出分配,以就負債餘額達致固定利 率。融資開支即時於損益中確認,惟 其直接與合資格資產有關則除外,於 該情況下,將根據本集團有關借款成 本之一般政策撥充資本(見下文會計 政策)。或然租金於產生期間確認為開 支。

經營租賃付款以直線法按租期確認為 開支,惟存在另一種系統基準更能反 映消耗租賃資產所產生經濟利益之時 間模式除外。經營租賃產生之或然租 金於產生期間確認為開支。

倘獲租賃優惠而訂立經營租賃,則該 等優惠確認為負債。優惠總利益按直 線法確認為租賃開支之減少,惟存在 另一種系統基準更能反映消耗租賃資 產所產生經濟利益之時間模式除外。

#### (h) 無形資產

#### 業務合併所收購之無形資產

業務合併所收購之無形資產與商譽分 開確認,初步按收購日期之公平值(視 為彼等之成本)確認。

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## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (h) Intangible assets (Continued)

## Intangible assets acquired in a business combination (Continued)

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of the reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

#### (i) Film rights

Film rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. Cost comprises direct production expenditures and an appropriate portion of production overheads. The cost of film rights are expensed in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in accordance with a formula computed to write off the cost over the broadcast period.

#### (j) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (h) 無形資產(續)

#### 業務合併所收購之無形資產(續)

於初步確認後,業務合併所收購之無形資產,以成本減累計攤銷及累計減值虧損列賬。攤銷按其估計可使用年期以直線基準確認。估計可使用年期及攤銷方法於報告期末檢討,估計中任何變動之影響按預期基準入賬。具有無限可使用年期之無形資產按成本減累計減值虧損列賬。

## (i) 電影版權

電影版權按成本減累計攤銷及任何減值虧損列賬。成本包括直接生產開支及適當比例之生產費用。電影版權之成本於播放期間根據公式撇銷成本於綜合損益及其他全面收益表內列支。

#### (j) 金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於集團實體成為 工具合約條文之訂約方時確認。

#### **Financial instruments** (Continued) (i)

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, available-for-sale financial assets and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (j) 金融工具(續)

金融資產及金融負債初步以公平值計 量。收購或發行金融資產及金融負債 而產生之直接應佔交易成本於初步確 認時加入金融資產或金融負債之公平 值或從中扣除(如適用),惟按公平 值確認損益之金融資產及金融負債除 外。因收購按公平值確認損益之金融 資產或金融負債而產生之直接應佔交 易成本即時於損益中確認。

## 金融資產

金融資產分類為下列指定類別:按公 平值確認損益之金融資產、可供出售 金融資產及貸款及應收款項。分類乃 視乎金融資產之性質及用途而定,並 於初步確認時釐定。所有常規之金融 資產買賣,均按交易日基準確認及終 止確認。常規買賣為須於根據市場法 規或慣例所訂之時間內交付資產之金 融資產買賣。

#### 實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算債務工具之攤銷成 本及於有關期間分配利息收入之方 法。實際利率乃於初步確認時透過債 務工具估計年期或(倘適用)較短期 間,準確折現估計未來現金收入(包括 所有構成實際利率整體部分即時支付 或收到的費用、交易成本及其他溢價 或折讓)至賬面淨值之比率。

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## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Effective interest method (Continued)

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

(j) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

實際利率法(續)

債務工具之收入按實際利息基準確認,惟指定為按公平值確認損益之金融資產除外。

按公平值確認損益之金融資產

倘金融資產為持作買賣或指定為透過 損益按公平值列賬,則該等金融資產 分類為按公平值確認損益之金融資 產。

倘金融資產屬下列情況,則分類為持 作買賣:

- 主要為於不久將來出售而購入: 或
- 於初步確認時,構成本集團合併管理之已識別金融工具組合一部份,且近期實際短期獲利;或
- 屬於未被指定之衍生工具,並可 有效作為對沖工具。

## Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise: or
- the financial assets forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement permits the entire combined contract to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item. Fair value is determined in the manner described in note 46.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (i) 金融工具(*續*)

## 金融資產(續)

按公平值確認損益之金融資產(續)

倘屬於下列情況,金融資產(持作買賣 之金融資產除外)可於初步確認時指 定為按公平值計入損益:

- 有關指定可對銷或大幅減少可能 出現之不一致計量或確認;或
- 金融資產為金融資產或金融負債 組別或兩者之組成部份,而根據 本集團之風險管理文件或投資策 略, 金融資產乃按照公平值基準 管理及評估表現,且有關分類資 料會以該基準向內部提供;或
- 其為包括一項或多項嵌入式衍生 工具之合約之組成部份,而香港 會計準則第39號「金融工具:確認 及計量」容許將全部合併合約指 定為按公平值計入損益。

按公平值確認損益之金融資產會按公 平值列賬,而重新計量產生之任何收 益或虧損於損益確認。於損益確認之 收益或虧損淨額包括於金融資產賺取 之任何股息或利息,並計入「其他收益 及虧損」項目。公平值乃按附註46所述 方式釐定。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables, (b) held-to-maturity investments or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period (see accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not guoted in an active market. Loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續) (i)

## 金融資產(續)

#### 可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產乃指定為可供出售 或並無分類為(a)貸款及應收款項、(b) 持有至到期投資或(c)按公平值確認損 益之金融資產之非衍生工具。

並無活躍市場報價且其公平值無法可 靠地計量之可供出售股本投資及與該 等無報價之股本工具掛鈎且必須與交 付該等工具結算之衍生工具,於各報 告期末按成本減任何已識別減值虧損 計量(見下文金融資產減值虧損之會 計政策)。

#### 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項乃並無活躍市場報價 之定額或待定付款之非衍生金融資 產。貸款及應收款項(包括貿易及其他 應收款項以及現金及現金等價物)以 實際利率法按攤銷成本減任何減值計 量。

利息收入以實際利率確認,惟確認時 利息不多之短期應收款項除外。

## (j) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

## Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

For available-for-sale equity investments, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (i) 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

## 金融資產減值

除按公平值確認損益之金融資產外, 金融資產會於各報告期末評定是否有 減值跡象。金融資產於有客觀證據顯 示金融資產之預期未來現金流量因於 該金融資產初步確認後發生之一項或 多項事件而受影響時被視為減值。

就可供出售股本投資而言,該項投資之公平值顯著或長期下跌至成本以下水平,均被視為減值之客觀證據。

就所有其他金融資產而言,減值之客觀證據可包括:

- 發行人或交易對方面對重大財務 困難;或
- 違反合約,如拖欠或逾期償還利息或本金;或
- 借款人很可能宣佈破產或其他財務重組;或
- 因財政困難而導致該金融資產失 去活躍市場。

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## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (j) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 30 days, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets that are carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods (see the accounting policy below).

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (i) 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產減值(續)

就若干類別之金融資產(如貿易應收款項)而言,未有單獨評出減值之資產亦會彙集一併評估減值。應收款項組合出現減值之客觀證據包括本集團過往收款記錄、組合遲於獲授30日之平均信貸期付款之數目增加及國家或地區經濟狀況出現明顯變動導致未能償還應收款項。

就按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而言, 減值虧損金額乃按資產之賬面值與按 原有實際利率折現所得估計未來現金 流量現值間之差額確認。

就按成本列賬之金融資產而言,減值 虧損金額乃按資產賬面值與按類似金 融資產之現行市場回報率折現估計未 來現金流量之現值之差額計量。該等 減值虧損不會於往後期間撥回(見下 文會計政策)。

## Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (i) 金融工具(*續*)

## 金融資產(續)

## 金融資產減值(續)

所有金融資產之減值虧損直接於金融 資產之賬面值作出扣減,惟貿易應收 款項除外,其賬面值會透過撥備賬作 出扣減。當貿易應收款項被視為不可 收回時,其將於撥備賬內撇銷。之前已 撇銷的款項如其後收回,將計入撥備 賬。撥備賬內之賬面值變動於損益中 確認。

倘可供出售金融資產被視為減值時, 先前於其他全面收入確認之累計收益 或虧損於該期間重新分類至損益。

就按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而言, 如減值虧損金額於其後減少,而有關 減少客觀上與確認減值虧損後發生之 事件有關,則先前已確認之減值虧損 將於損益中撥回,惟該資產於減值被 撥回當日之賬面值,不得超過並無確 認減值之攤銷成本。

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## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (j) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

In respect of available-for-sale equity investments, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised directly in equity. In respect of available-for-sale debt investments, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

## Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (j) 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產減值(續)

就可供出售股本投資而言,先前於損益確認之減值虧損不會經損益撥回。於減值虧損確認後錄得之任何公平值增加乃於權益中直接確認。就可供出售債務投資而言,倘投資的公平值增加客觀上與確認減值虧損後出現之事件有關,則減值虧損於其後經損益撥回。

#### 金融負債及股本工具

#### 分類為債務或股本

集團實體發行之債務及股本工具乃按 所訂立之合約安排之性質及金融負債 與股本工具之定義分類。

#### 股本工具

股本工具乃證明一間實體於扣減其所 有負債後之資產中擁有剩餘權益之任 何合約。本集團發行之股本工具乃按 已收所得款項(扣除直接發行成本)確 認。

本公司購回本身之股本工具於權益直接確認及扣除。購買、出售、發行或註銷本公司本身之股本工具概不會於損益確認收益或虧損。

#### Financial instruments (Continued) (i)

#### Convertible notes

The component parts of compound instruments (convertible notes) issued by the Company are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible instruments. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortised cost basis using the effective interest method until extinguished upon conversion or at the instrument's maturity date.

The conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognised and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to share premium. Where the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible notes, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to accumulated losses. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (i) 金融工具(*續*)

## 可換股票據

本公司所發行之複合工具之組成部分 (可換股票據)乃根據合約安排之性質 與金融負債及股本工具之定義而分別 分類為金融負債及權益。倘轉換期權 將透過以固定金額之現金或另一項金 融資產換取固定數目之本公司本身股 本工具結算,則為股本工具。

於發行日期,負債部分之公平值按類 似不可換股工具之現行市場利率估 算。此金額按攤銷成本基準以實際利 息法入賬為負債,直至於轉換當日或 該工具到期日註銷為止。

被分類為權益之轉換期權乃透過自整 體複合工具之公平值中扣減負債部分 金額而釐定。其將於扣除所得稅影響 後在權益中確認及入賬,且隨後不可 重新計量。此外,被分類為權益之轉換 期權將一直保留於權益內,直至轉換 期權獲行使為止,而在此情況下,在權 益中確認之結餘將轉撥至股份溢價。 倘轉換期權於可換股票據到期日仍未 獲行使,在權益中確認之結餘將轉撥 至累計虧損。在轉換期權獲轉換或到 期時,不會在損益確認任何收益或虧 損。

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## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (j) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Convertible notes (Continued)

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible notes are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are recognised directly in equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability component and are amortised over the lives of the convertible notes using the effective interest method.

#### Promissory note

Promissory note is recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including trade and other payables, finance lease payables and bank overdraft) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (i) 金融工具(續)

#### 可換股票據(續)

發行可換股票據之相關交易成本會按 所得款項總額之分配比例,分配至負 債及權益部分。權益部分之相關交易 成本直接於權益確認。負債部分之相 關交易成本計入負債部分之賬面值, 並於可換股票據之年期內以實際利息 法攤銷。

#### 承兑票據

承兑票據初步以其公平值確認,隨後 以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

#### 其他金融負債

其他金融負債(包括貿易及其他應付款項、融資租賃應付款項及銀行透支)以實際利率法按攤銷成本於其後計量。

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premium or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis other than financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

#### **Derecognition**

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group continues to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement and recognises an associated liability. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (i) 金融工具(*續*)

## 實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算金融負債之攤銷成 本及於有關期間分配利息收入之方 法。實際利率乃於初步確認時透過金 融負債估計年期或(倘適用)較短期 間,準確折現估計未來現金收入(包括 所有構成實際利率整體部分即時支付 或收到的費用、交易成本及其他溢價 或折價)至賬面淨值之比率。

利息開支按實際利息基準確認,惟指 定為按公平值確認損益之金融負債除 外。

#### 終止確認

本集團僅於資產收取現金流量的合約 權利屆滿時,或向另一實體轉讓金融 資產及資產擁有權絕大部分風險及回 報時終止確認金融資產。倘本集團並 無轉讓或保留擁有權絕大部分風險及 回報且繼續控制已轉讓資產,本集團 可繼續將資產確認入賬,惟須持續涉 足該項資產,以及確認相關負債。倘本 集團保留已轉讓金融資產擁有權絕大 部分風險及回報,本集團可繼續確認 金融資產,亦可就已收取之所得款項 確認已抵押借款。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

## **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

#### **Financial instruments** (Continued) (i)

#### **Derecognition** (Continued)

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety, the Group allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (i) 金融工具(續)

#### 終止確認(續)

於全面終止確認金融資產時,資產賬 面值與已收及應收代價以及於其他全 面收入確認及於權益累計之累計收益 或虧損之總和間之差額,乃於損益中 確認。

除全面終止確認外,於終止確認金融 資產時,本集團將金融資產之過往賬 面值在其仍確認為繼續參與之部分及 不再確認之部分之間,按照該兩者於 轉讓日期之相關公平值作出分配。不 再確認部分獲分配之賬面值與該部分 已收代價及其已於其他全面收入確認 獲分配之任何累計收益或虧損之總和 間之差額,乃於損益中確認。已於其他 全面收入確認之累計收益或虧損乃按 繼續確認部分及不再確認部分之相關 公平值在該兩者間作出分配。

本集團僅在責任獲免除、取消或屆滿 時,方會終止確認金融負債。獲終止確 認之金融負債之賬面值與已付及應付 代價間之差額,乃於損益中確認。

#### (k) Construction contracts

Contract revenue comprises the agreed contract amount and appropriate amounts for variation orders and claims. Contract costs comprise direct materials. costs of subcontracting, direct labour, borrowing costs attributable directly to the construction and an appropriate portion of variable and fixed construction overheads.

Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting period, measured based on the proportion of contract costs incurred for work performed to date relative to the estimated total contract costs, except where this would not be representative of the stage of completion. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that the amount can be measured reliably and its receipt is considered probable.

Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (k) 建築合約

合約收益包括議定的合約金額及來自 更改訂單及索償之適當金額。合約成 本包括直接物料、分包成本、直接勞 工、直接應佔建築之借款成本及合適 比例之可變及定額建造費用。

倘建築合約之結果能可靠估計,合約 收益及成本會參照報告期末合約活動 之完成階段予以確認,一般會按工程 進行至該日所產生的合約成本佔估計 總合約成本之比例計量,惟此方法並 不代表完成階段。合約工程、索償及獎 金之變動僅於該金額能可靠計量且可 收取之情況下入賬。

倘建築合約之結果不能可靠估計,合 約收益僅於已產生合約成本將很有可 能收回之情况下予以確認,而合約成 本於其產生期間確認為支出。

當合約成本總額有可能超出合約收益 總額時,預計之虧損即時確認為支出。

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## **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

#### (k) Construction contracts (Continued)

When contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is shown as amounts due from customers for contract work. For contracts where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is shown as the amounts due to customers for contract work. Amounts received before the related work is performed are included in the consolidated statement of financial position, as a liability, as advances received under trade and other payables. Amounts billed for work performed but not yet paid by the customer are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under trade and other receivables.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are initially recognised at cost, and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and applicable selling expense.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## (k) 建築合約(續)

倘迄今產生之合約成本加確認溢利減 確認虧損超出進度款項,盈餘部分列 為就合約工作應向客戶收取之款項。 倘合約之進度款項超出迄今產生之合 約成本加確認溢利減確認虧損,盈餘 部分列為就合約工作應向客戶支付之 款項。執行相關工作前已收取款項於 綜合財務狀況表內列賬為貿易及其他 應付款項項下之已收客戶墊款(作為 負債)。對於已就執行的工作開具發票 但未獲客戶支付之款項,於綜合財務 狀況表內列於貿易及其他應收款項項 下。

#### 存貨 **(I)**

存貨初步按成本確認,其後按成本及 可變現淨值之較低者列賬。成本包括 所有採購成本、轉換成本及使存貨到 達目前地點及狀態所產生的其他成 本。成本以加權平均法計算。可變現淨 值按日常業務過程中的估計售價減估 計完工成本及適用的銷售費用計算。

#### (m) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances. Revenue is recognised as follows:

Revenue from construction contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the certification by architects. If the certificate of architects was not provided, revenue is recognised by reference to the proportion of actual costs incurred up to the date to the estimated total cost of the relevant contract.

Advertising revenue, net of agency commission expenses, is recognised upon the broadcast of advertisements.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established (provided that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably).

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (m) 收益確認

收益按已收或應收代價之公平值計 量。收益已就估計客戶退貨、回扣及其 他類似津貼作出扣減。收益確認如下:

建築合約所得收益將參考建築師之核 證計算,按完工百分比法確認。倘未能 提供建築師核證,收益將參考截至相 關合約之預計總成本日期所產生實際 成本的比例按完工百分比確認。

廣告收益(扣除代理佣金開支)於播放 廣告時確認。

投資之股息收入於股東收取付款之權 利確立時確認(惟有關經濟利益將流 入本集團及收益之金額可以可靠計 量)。

當經濟利益很可能流入本集團及收入 金額能可靠計量時,金融資產之利息 收入乃予以確認。利息收入按時間基 準,並參照本金額結餘及按適用實際 利率累計,而實際利率為於初步確認 時透過金融資產之預期可用年期將估 計未來現金收入準確折現至該資產之 賬面淨值之比率。

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#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

#### (n) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'loss before income tax' as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

#### 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (n) 税項

所得税開支指當期應付税項及遞延税 項之總和。

#### 當期税項

當期應付税項乃按本年度應課税溢利 計算。應課税溢利與綜合損益及其他 全面收益表中所呈報「除稅前虧損」不 同,乃由於前者不包括在其他年度應 課税或可扣税收入或支出,亦不包括 從來無須課税或可扣税之項目。本集 團之當期稅項負債乃按於報告期末已 實施或大致上已實施之稅率計算。

#### 遞延税項

遞延税項為就綜合財務報表內資產及 負債賬面值與用於計算應課税溢利之 相應税基兩者之差額而確認之税項。 遞延税項負債通常會就所有應課税暫 時性差額確認。遞延税項資產就所有 可扣税暫時性差額之確認一般僅限於 有可能有應課税溢利可用以抵銷有關 可扣税暫時性差額。若暫時性差額因 商譽或因於一項既不影響應課稅溢利 亦不影響會計溢利之交易(業務合併 除外)中首次確認其他資產及負債而 引致,則不會確認該等遞延税項資產 及負債。此外,若暫時性差額因首次確 認商譽而引致,則不會確認該等遞延 税項。

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# (n) Taxation (Continued)

#### **Deferred tax** (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (n) 税項(續)

## 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項負債乃就投資附屬公司及於 共同控制實體之權益產生之應課稅暫 時性差額確認,惟倘本集團能控制該 暫時性差額之撥回且暫時性差額將極 有可能不會於可見未來撥回則作別 論。與該等投資相關之可扣稅減暫時 性差額所產生遞延税項資產,僅於具 有足夠應課税溢利可動用暫時性差額 之利益,且預期於可見將來撥回時確 認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告期末 作出檢討,並在不大可能再有足夠應 課税溢利收回全部或部分資產時減

遞延税項資產及負債乃按預期於負債 償還或資產變現期間按於報告期末已 實施或大致上已實施之適用税率(及 税法)計量。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量反映本集 團預期於報告期末收回或償還資產及 負債賬面值產生之税務後果。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (n) Taxation (Continued)

#### Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

#### (o) Employee benefits

#### 1. Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

#### 2. Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised when they accrue to employees. In particular, a provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of reporting period. Non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (n) 税項(續)

#### 年內當期及遞延税項

當期及遞延税項於損益確認,惟倘其與於其他全面收入或直接於權益確認之項目有關,則當期及遞延税項亦分別於其他全面收入或直接於權益中確認。倘因業務合併之初步會計處理而產生當期或遞延税項,有關税務影響會計入業務合併之會計處理。

#### (o) 僱員福利

#### 1. 退休金褔利成本

定額供款退休金福利計劃之供款 於僱員提供服務並有權收取供款 時確認為開支。

#### 2. 短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利於應計予僱員時確認。特別是會就僱員直至報告期末所提供之服務而享有之年假之估計負債作出撥備。不能累積之補假(如病假及產假)不會在休假前作出確認。

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (o) Employee benefits (Continued)

#### 3. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

#### Long service payments

The Group's net obligation in respect of long service payments payable on cessation of employment in certain circumstances under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method, discounted to its present value and reduced by entitlements accrued under the Group's retirement plans that are attributable to contributions made by the Group.

# (p) Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

#### 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (o) 僱員福利(續)

#### 3. 終止福利

終止福利僅於本集團明確承諾終 止聘用,或就根據詳細正式而撤 銷可能性不大之自願離職計劃而 提供福利時予以確認。

#### 長期服務金

根據香港僱傭條例,本集團在若 干情況下終止聘用員工而須支付 之長期服務金責任淨額,為僱員 因本期及過往期間提供服務而 賺取之回報之未來利益金額。此 責任乃以預計單位貸記法計算, 並折現至其現值,再扣減本集團 就退休金計劃所作供款之應得權 益。

#### (p) 有形及無形資產(商譽除外)之減值

於各報告期末,本集團會檢討其有形 及無形資產之賬面值,以確定是否有 任何跡象顯示該等資產已蒙受減值虧 損。倘有任何有關跡象,則估計該項 資產之可收回金額,以釐定減值虧損 (如有)的程度。當不可能估計個別資 產之可收回金額時,本集團會估計該 項資產所屬現金產生單位的可收回金 額。當可識別合理及貫徹的分派基準 時,企業資產可分派至個別現金產生 單位,否則,則將企業資產分派至能識 別合理及貫徹的分派基準之最小現金 產生單位組別。

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#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

# (p) Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cashgenerating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or the cashgenerating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### (q) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

# (p) 有形及無形資產(商譽除外)之減值 (續)

可收回金額為公平值減銷售成本與使 用價值之較高者。於評估使用價值時, 估計未來現金流量採用税前貼現率貼 現至其現有價值。該税前貼現率反映 現時市場對貨幣時間價值及資產之特 殊風險評估,而未來現金流量的估計 並無就此調整。

倘資產(或現金產生單位)之可收回金 額估計低於其賬面值,則將該資產(或 現金產生單位)之賬面值減低至其可 收回金額。減值虧損即時於損益中確 認。

倘減值虧損於其後撥回,資產(或現金 產生單位)之賬面值增加至其經重新估 計之可收回金額,惟已增加之賬面值 不能超過倘該資產(或現金產生單位) 過往年度並無確認減值虧損而原應釐 定之賬面值。減值虧損之撥回即時於 損益中確認。

#### (q) 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團因過往事件承擔現有法律或 推定責任,而本集團可能須履行責任, 並可以合理估計該責任之金額,則會 確認撥備。

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (g) Provisions and contingent liabilities (Continued)

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

#### **Borrowing costs** (r)

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (a) 撥備及或然負債(續)

確認為撥備之金額為於報告期末經計 入有關責任之風險及不明朗因素後, 對履行現有責任之所需代價之最佳估 計。倘撥備採用履行現有責任之估計 現金流量計量,則其賬面值為該等現 金流量之現值(倘對貨幣時間價值之 影響屬重大)。

倘用以償還撥備之部分或全部經濟利 益預期將由第三方收回,則當實質上 確認將收到償款且應收款項之金額能 可靠計量時,應收款項方確認為資產。

凡不可能需要經濟利益流出,或金額 不能可靠估計時,則此責任將披露為 或然負債,除非經濟利益流出之機會 甚微。有可能之責任,倘其存在僅可 由一項或多項未來事件之出現與否確 定,亦披露為或然負債,除非經濟利益 流出之機會甚微。

#### (r) 借款成本

與收購、建設或生產須待一段頗長時 間後始能投入擬定用途或銷售之合資 格資產直接產生之借款成本,均計入 該等資產之成本,直至有關資產大體 上可作擬定用途或銷售為止。

作為合資格資產之待用開支之指定用 途借款所作短期投資所賺取之投資收 入自合資格撥充資本之借款成本中扣 除。

所有其他借款成本均於產生期間於損 益中確認。

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#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (s) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on repayment of the monetary items.

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of foreign currency translation reserve.

#### 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (s) 外幣

編製各個個別集團實體的財務報表時,以該實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)進行之交易均按交易日期之適用 匯率確認。於各報告期末,以外幣計值 的貨幣項目按該日之適用匯率重新換算。以外幣計值按公平值列賬之非貨 幣項目,按釐定公平值當日適用之匯 率重新換算。以歷史成本計量並以外 幣計價的非貨幣性項目並無予以重新 換算。

貨幣項目的匯兑差額乃於產生期間內於損益確認,惟應收或應付一項海外業務之貨幣項目之匯兑差額除外,其既無計劃結算及發生結算之可能性亦不大(因此構成海外業務投資淨額之一部份),初步於其他全面收益確認及於償還貨幣項目時由權益重新分類至損益。

為呈列綜合財務報表,本集團境外業務之資產及負債乃按於各報告期末之現行匯率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣(即港元)。收支乃按期內之平均匯率進行換算,除非匯率於該期間內出現大幅波動則另作別論,於該情況,則採用交易當日之匯率。所產生之匯兑差額(如有)乃於其他全面收益確認,並於權益下以外幣換算儲備累計。

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (t) Segment information

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type of class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

#### (u) Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (1) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group.

#### 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (t) 分部資料

營運分部及財務報表所呈報各分部項 目之金額乃自定期提供予本集團最高 行政管理人員之財務資料中識別得 出,以將資源分配至本集團各項業務 及地理位置,以及評估本集團各項業 務及地理位置之表現。

就財務申報而言,除非分部具備相似 經濟特徵以及產品及服務性質、生產 工序性質、客戶類型或類別、用作分配 產品或提供服務之方法及監管環境性 質方面相似,否則各重大營運分部不 會進行合算。倘個別非重大之營運分 部符合上述大部分標準,則可進行合 質。

#### (u) 關連人士

倘符合下列各項,一方被視為與本集 團有關連:

- (1) 倘一名人士(或該人士家庭的近 親成員)符合下列各項,則與本集 團有關連:
  - 控制或共同控制本集團; (i)
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
  - (iii) 屬本集團或本集團母公司主 要管理人員的成員。

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#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (u) Related parties (Continued)

- (2) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following condition applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third party.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsorship employers are also related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (1).
  - (vii) A person identified in (1)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

#### 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (u) 關連人士(續)

- (2) 倘任何下列情況出現,則一間實 體與本集團有關連:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團為同一集團 的成員(即各母公司、附屬 公司及同系附屬公司相互關 連)。
  - (ii) 一間實體屬另一間實體的聯營公司或合營公司(或屬一集團成員的聯營公司或合營公司,其中另一間實體為該集團成員)。
  - (iii) 兩間實體皆為同一第三方的 合營公司。
  - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體的合營公司及另一間實體為第三方實體的聯營公司。
  - (v) 該實體屬以本集團或屬本集 團關連實體的僱員為受益人 的離職後福利計劃。倘本集 團本身為一項計劃,提供資 助的僱主亦與本集團有關 連。
  - (vi) 該實體被於(1)項確認的人士 控制或共同控制。
  - (vii) 於(1)(i)項確認的人士對該實體有重大影響力或屬該實體 (或屬該實體的母公司)主要 管理人員的成員。

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (u) Related parties (Continued)

A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties.

#### (v) Current assets and current liabilities

Current assets are expected to be realised within twelve months of the reporting date or in the normal course of the operating cycle. Current liabilities are expected to be settled within twelve months of the reporting date or in the normal course of the operating cycle.

# 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 4, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (u) 關連人士(續)

關連人士之間涉及轉讓資源或責任之 交易被視為關連方交易。

#### (v) 流動資產及流動負債

預期流動資產將於報告日期十二個月 內或於經營週期的正常業務中兑現。 預期流動負債將於報告日期十二個月 內或於經營週期的正常業務中結算。

# 5. 重要會計判斷及估計不明朗因素之主 要來源

在應用附註4所述的本集團會計政策時,管 理層須就不可輕易自其他來源得悉的資產 及負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。估計 及相關假設乃按過往經驗及被視為相關的 其他因素得出。實際結果可能有別於該等 估計。

估計及相關假設乃按持續基準檢討。倘會 計估計的修訂僅影響修訂期間,則於修訂 有關估計期間確認該等修訂,或倘修訂影 響當前及未來期間,則會於修訂期間及未 來期間確認該等修訂。

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# 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

(Continued)

#### Critical judgments in applying accounting policies

The following is the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

#### (i) Construction contract revenue recognition

According to the accounting policies of construction contracts as stated in note 4(k), the Group uses the percentage of completion method to determine the appropriate revenues to be recognised in a given period. If the construction contract works are not certified, the stage of completion is measured by reference to the contract costs incurred up to the end of the reporting period as percentage of total estimated costs for each contract.

Upon applying the percentage of completion method, the Group needs to estimate the gross profit margin of each construction contract, which was determined based on the estimated total construction contract costs and total construction contract sum, including confirmed variation orders and claims, and liquidated damages. If the actual gross profit margin of construction contract differs from the management's estimates, the construction contract revenue to be recognised within the next year will need to be adjusted accordingly.

# **5.** 重要會計判斷及估計不明朗因素之主 要來源(續)

#### 應用會計政策之重要判斷

以下為管理層於應用本集團之會計政策時 所作出以及對於綜合財務報表確認之金額 有最重大影響之重要判斷(該等涉及估計 者(見下文)除外)。

#### (i) 建築合約收益確認

根據建築合約之會計政策(如附註4(k)列示),本集團採用完工百分比法釐定在某段期間內應確認之適當收益。倘建築合約工程未經認證,完成階段參考每份合約截至報告期末止已產生之合約成本佔該合約估計總成本之百分比計算。

當應用完工百分比法時,本集團須預計每份建築合約的毛利率,其基於預計建築合約總成本和建築合約總金額(包括已確認變動訂單及索償,以及違約賠償)釐定。倘建築合約的實際毛利率與管理層所估計者存在差異,則下年度將予確認之建築合約收益須作出相應調整。

# 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND **KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY**

(Continued)

#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

#### (i) Impairment of trade and other receivables

The provision for impairment loss on trade and other receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectability and aging analysis of accounts and on management's judgment. A considerable amount of judgment is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each account. If the financial conditions of the debtors were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

#### (ii) Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets

Determining whether goodwill and intangible assets are impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the management to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value.

The carrying amount of goodwill and intangible assets as at 31 March 2015 were approximately HK\$nil and approximately HK\$141,081,000 respectively (2014: HK\$ nil and approximately HK\$163,040,000). Details of the impairment loss calculation are disclosed in note 21.

# 5. 重要會計判斷及估計不明朗因素之主 要來源(續)

#### 估計不明朗因素之主要來源

以下為有關未來的主要假設以及於報告期 末的估計不明朗因素的其他主要來源,此 等假設及不明朗因素具有重大風險導致下 一財政年度內的資產及負債賬面值出現重 大調整。

#### (i) 貿易及其他應收款項減值

本集團之貿易及其他應收款項減值虧 損撥備,乃依據對可收回性評估、賬齡 分析及管理層之判斷而定。評估該等 應收款項最終能否變現須作出大量判 斷,包括每個賬戶之現有信貸能力及 過往收款記錄。倘債務人之財務狀況 惡化,導致其償付能力降低,則可能需 要額外撥備。

#### (ii) 商譽及無形資產減值

釐定商譽及無形資產是否減值需要對 商譽分配之現金產生單位之使用價值 進行估計。該使用價值計算需要管理 層估計有關現金產生單位預期產生之 未來現金流量及適當貼現率,以計算 現值。

於二零一五年三月三十一日,商譽及 無形資產賬面值分別約為零港元及約 141,081,000港元(二零一四年:零港 元及約163,040,000港元)。減值虧損 計算詳情披露於附註21。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

# 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

(Continued)

**Key sources of estimation uncertainty** (Continued)

#### (iii) Impairment of assets

The Group assesses annually whether the financial assets and non-financial assets have suffered any impairment in accordance with accounting policies stated in note 4(j) and 4(p) respectively. The assets are reviewed for the impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets exceeds its recoverable amount. The determination of recoverable amount requires an estimation of future cash flows and the selection of appropriate discount rates.

#### (iv) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for the Group's property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. The Group will revise the depreciation charge where useful lives are different to those previously estimated, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

#### (v) Useful lives of broadcasting right

The Group determines the estimated useful life at 10 years and related amortisation charges for its broadcasting right. The estimate is based on the license period of the broadcasting right acquired. Management will revise the amortisation charge where the useful life is difference to the one previously estimated.

# **5.** 重要會計判斷及估計不明朗因素之主 要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

#### (iii) 資產減值

本集團根據分別載於附註4(j)及4(p)之會計政策每年就金融資產及非金融資產是否出現任何減值進行評估。倘發生事件或狀況發生變動顯示有關資產之賬面值超出其可收回金額,則會檢討資產是否出現減值。釐定可收回金額須對未來現金流量作出估計並選擇適當貼現率。

#### (iv) 物業·廠房及設備之可使用年期

本集團管理層釐定本集團物業、廠房 及設備之估計可使用年期以及相關折 舊支出。該估計乃根據性質及功能相 若的物業、廠房及設備之過往實際可 使用年期作出。倘可使用年期與先前 估計的年期不同,本集團將修訂折舊 支出。本集團亦將撇銷或撇減已棄置 或出售而技術上屬陳舊或非策略性的 資產。

#### (v) 播放權之可使用年期

本集團釐定播放權之估計可使用年期 為十年,並釐定相關攤銷支出。估計 乃根據所取得的播放權許可期間而作 出。倘可使用年期與先前估計的年期 不同,管理層將修訂攤銷支出。

# 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND **KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY**

(Continued)

**Key sources of estimation uncertainty** (Continued)

#### (vi) Useful lives of film rights

The Group determines the estimated useful life in accordance to the broadcast period of individual film rights and amortisation for film rights is charged in accordance to the broadcast period of individual film rights. The estimate is based on forecasted customer attrition pattern with reference to similar market information. Management will revise the amortisation charge where the useful life is difference to the one previously estimated.

#### (vii) Valuation of inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value at the end of the reporting period. Net realisable value is determined on the basis of the estimated selling price less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The directors estimate the net realisable value for construction materials based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions. In addition, the directors perform an inventory review on a product-by-product basis at the end of each reporting period and assess the need for write down of inventories.

#### (viii) Income taxes and deferred taxation

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and the PRC. Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will accordingly be adjusted in the relevant tax account in the year in which such determination is made.

# 5. 重要會計判斷及估計不明朗因素之主 要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

#### (vi) 電影版權之可使用年期

本集團根據個別電影版權之播放期限 釐定其估計可使用年期,而電影版權 之攤銷則根據個別電影版權之播放期 限計算。估計乃參考類似市場資訊所 得之預測客戶消耗模式而作出。倘可 使用年期與先前估計的年期不同,管 理層將修訂攤銷支出。

#### (vii) 存貨估值

於報告期末,存貨按成本及可變現淨 值之較低者列賬。可變現淨值乃根據 估計銷售價格減估計進行銷售需要的 成本之基準釐訂。董事估計建築材料 的可變現淨值主要以最新近的發票價 及市場現況為基準。此外,董事於各報 告期末均按個別產品為基準進行存貨 審閱,並評估存貨撇減的須要。

#### (viii) 所得税及遞延税項

本集團須於香港及中國繳納所得税。 釐定所得税撥備須作出重大判斷。倘 最終税務結果不同於初步記錄金額, 有關差異將於作出釐定年度內之相關 税項賬目作出調整。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

#### 6. REVENUE

Revenue recognised during the years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

Construction works 建築工程 Advertising income 廣告收入

#### 6. 收益

截至二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一 日止年度確認之收益如下:

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
358,684	303,384
10,951	20,947
	9
369,635	324,331

#### 7. OTHER INCOME

Other income recognised during the years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

利息收入 Interest income 免除承兑票據之利息 Waiver of interests on promissory (附註36) note (note 36) 免除可換股票據之利息 Waiver of interests on convertible notes (note 37) (附註37) 雜項收入 Sundry income

#### 7. 其他收入

截至二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一 日止年度確認之其他收入如下:

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
49	18
4,054	-
_	30,691
33	252
4,136	30,961

#### 8. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

Other gains and losses recognised during the years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

## 8. 其他收益及虧損

截至二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一 日止年度確認之其他收益及虧損如下:

Exchange (loss)/gain, net	匯兑(虧損)/收益淨額
Net gains/(losses) on disposal of	出售物業、廠房及設備之
property, plant and equipment	收益/(虧損)淨額
Gains arising from extension of	延長承兑票據產生之收益
promissory note	
Realised gain/(loss) arising on change	透過損益按公平值入賬之
in fair value of financial assets	金融資產之公平值變動
at fair value through profit or loss	產生之已確認收益/(虧損)
Unrealised gain/(loss) arising on change	透過損益按公平值入賬之
in fair value of financial assets	金融資產之公平值變動
at fair value through profit or loss	產生之未確認收益/(虧損)

2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
<i>千港元</i> (80)	千港元
1,455 8,708	(13)
493	(1,311)
9	(1,984)
10,585	(3,307)

#### 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of services delivered or provided are:

Provision of waterworks engineering services – provision of waterworks engineering services, road works and drainage services and site formation works for public sector in Hong Kong;

# 9. 分部資料

向本公司執行董事(即主要營運決策者)所 呈報以供其分配資源及評估分部表現之資 料集中於所交付或提供之服務種類為:

(i) 提供水務工程服務-為香港公營部門 提供水務工程服務、道路工程及渠務 服務,亦從事地盤平整工程;

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

- (ii) Television broadcasting business the business of broadcasting television programmes on television channels operated by television broadcasting companies in the Asia-Pacific region (excluding the PRC) in return for advertising and related revenue; and
- (iii) Large outdoor display screen advertisement business the business of broadcasting advertisements on large outdoor display screens in the PRC.

Each of these operating segments is managed separately as each of the product and service lines requires different resources as well as marketing approaches.

#### Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segment.

# For the year ended 31 March 2015

來自外部客戶之收益 Revenue from external customers Inter-segment sales 分部間銷售 Other income and gains 其他收入及收益 可呈報分部收益 Reportable segment revenue 可呈報分部業績 Reportable segment results 未分配企業收入 Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expenses 未分配企業開支 融資成本 Finance costs

#### 9. 分部資料(續)

- (ii) 電視播放業務-在位於亞太區(不包 括中國)之電視播放公司所經營之電 視頻道進行電視節目播放以取得廣告 及相關收益之業務;及
- (iii) 大型戶外顯示屏廣告業務-在位於中 國之大型戶外顯示屏播放廣告業務。

由於各個產品和服務類別需要不同的資源 以及涉及不同的營運手法,故上述各營運 分部被分開管理。

#### 分部收益及業績

本集團按可呈報分部劃分的收益及業績分 析如下。

#### 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

Provision of		Large outdoor		
waterworks	Television	display screen		
engineering	broadcasting	advertisement		
services	business	business	Elimination	Total
提供水務	電視	大型戶外顯示		
工程服務	播放業務	屏廣告業務	對銷	總計
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
<i>千港元</i>	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
358,684	9,881	1,070	_	369,635
_	788	_	(788)	_
3	1,455	_	(	1,458
358,687	12,124	1,070	(788)	371,093
	,	74	( )	,,,,,,
12,859	(25,396)	(2,751)		(15,288)
12,000	(20,000)	(2,701)		(10,200)
				13,344
				(17,688)
				(25,720)
				(20,120)
				(AE 2E0)
				(45,352)

Loss before income tax

除所得税前虧損

#### 9. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2014

#### 9. 分部資料(續)

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

		Provision of waterworks engineering services 提供水務工程服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Television broadcasting business 電視 播放業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Large outdoor display screen advertisement business 大型戶外顯示 屏廣告業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Elimination 對銷 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	Total 總計 <i>HK\$</i> *000 <i>千港元</i>
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment sales Other income and gains	來自外部客戶之收益 分部間銷售 其 他收入及收益	303,384252	16,932 1,288	4,015 - -	(1,288)	324,331 - 252
Reportable segment revenue	可呈報分部收益	303,636	18,220	4,015	(1,288)	324,583
Reportable segment results	可呈報分部業績	28,074	(480,894)	2,037		(450,783)
Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs	未分配企業收入 未分配企業開支 融資成本				A A	55,323 (46,012) (42,041)
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損					(483,513)

Segment revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 4. Segment profit/(loss) represents the profit earned/ loss incurred by each segment without allocation of interest income, finance costs, realised gain/(loss) arising on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, unrealised gain/(loss) arising on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, waiver of interests of promissory note, waiver of interests of convertible notes, gains arising from extension of promissory note and income tax expense. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

上文所呈報的分部收益指來自外部客戶之 收益。

營運分部的會計政策與附註4所述的本集團 會計政策相同。分部溢利/(虧損)即各分 部在未分配利息收入、融資成本、透過損益 按公平值入賬之金融資產公平值變動產生 之已確認收益/(虧損)、透過損益按公平 值入賬之金融資產公平值變動產生之未確 認收益/(虧損)、免除承兑票據之利息、 免除可換股票據之利息、延長承兑票據產 生之收益及所得税開支前所賺取的溢利/ 產生的虧損。此乃向主要營運決策者呈報 以供其分配資源及評估分部表現之計量方 式。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

## 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### Segment assets and liabilities

#### At 31 March 2015

Segment assets	分部資產
Unallocated	未分配
Consolidated assets	綜合資產
Segment liabilities	分部負債
Unallocated	未分配
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債

#### At 31 March 2014

Segment assets Unallocated	分部資產 未分配
Consolidated assets	綜合資產
Segment liabilities Unallocated	分部負債 未分配
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債

# 9. 分部資料(續)

#### 分部資產及負債

## 於二零一五年三月三十一日

Provision of waterworks engineering	•	advertisement	
services	business	business	Total
		大型戶外	
┃ 提供水務	電視	顯示屏廣告	
工程服務	播放業務	業務	總計
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
129,475	145,299	11,132	285,906 80,706
			366,612
47,879	19,674	445	67,998
			327,580
			395,578

#### 於二零一四年三月三十一日

۷	Provision of vaterworks engineering services 提供水務工程服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Television broadcasting business 電視 播放業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Large outdoor display screen advertisement business 大型戶外 顯示屏廣告 業務 HK\$*000 千港元	ができます。
	118,012	165,051	11,027	294,090 38,867
				332,957
	53,005	25,754	140	78,899 661,997
				740,896

#### 9. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### Segment assets and liabilities (Continued)

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, cash and cash equivalents, tax recoverable and assets for corporate use. Goodwill is allocated to segment of television broadcasting business; and
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than bank overdraft, convertible notes, current and deferred tax liabilities, finance lease payables and promissory note.

#### Other segment information

Additions to non-current assets

Amortisation of intangible assets

Net gains on disposal of property,

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Amortisation of film rights

plant and equipment

For the year ended 31 March 2015

添置非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備折舊 電影版權攤銷

無形資產攤銷 出售物業、廠房及設備之 收益淨額

#### 9. 分部資料(續)

#### 分部資產及負債(續)

為監察分部表現及分配分部資源:

- 除可供出售金融資產、透過損益按公 平值入賬之金融資產、現金及現金等 價物、可收回税項及企業用途資產外, 所有資產均分配至營運分部。商譽乃 分配至電視播放業務分部;及
- 除銀行透支、可換股票據、當期及遞延 税項負債、融資租賃應付款項及承兑 票據外,所有負債均分配至營運分部。

#### 其他分部資料

#### 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

Provision of waterworks engineering	Television broadcasting	Large outdoor display screen advertisement		
services	business	business	Unallocated	Total
提供		大型戶外		
水務工程	電視	顯示屏		
服務	播放業務	廣告業務	未分配	總計
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
11,417	-	1,934	898	14,249
13,548	1	2,217	2,499	18,265
-	2,129	_	-	2,129
-	21,959	-	-	21,959
1,455				1,455

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

## 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

# 9. 分部資料(續)

#### **Other segment information** (Continued)

#### 其他分部資料(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2014

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

		Provision of		Large outdoor		
		waterworks	Television	display screen		
		engineering	broadcasting	advertisement		
		services	business	business	Unallocated	Total
		提供		大型戶外		
		水務工程	電視	顯示屏		
		服務	播放業務	廣告業務	未分配	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		<i>千港元</i>	<i>千港元</i>	千港元	<i>千港元</i>	<b>千港元</b>
Additions to non-current assets	添置非流動資產	16,315	7/	11,753	79	28,154
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊					
equipment		11,633	//1	1,186	2,297	15,117
Amortisation of film rights	電影版權攤銷	´ _	1,231	· _	_	1,231
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	_	58,232	_	<i>O</i> -	58,232
Net losses on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之					
plant and equipment	虧損淨額	13	_	_ (=	_/	13
Impairment loss recognised	就商譽確認之減值虧損					
in respect of goodwill		_/	151,194		1	151,194
Impairment loss recognised	就無形資產確認之減值虧損		,			,
in respect of intangible assets	200 MM 200 200 MB 100 MC 1170 MB 1140 170		269,309		_	269,309
Impairment loss recognised	就貿易應收款項確認之		200,000			200,000
in respect of trade receivables	減值虧損		9,469	_	_	9,469
in respect of tidde receivables	1/W IET/EJ 1/X		0,100			0,100

# Revenue from major products and services

# 來自主要產品及服務之收入

The Group's revenue from its major products and services were as follows:

本集團來自其主要產品及服務之收入如 下:

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
358,684	303,384
10,951	20,947
369,635	324,331

Construction works 建築工程 廣告收入 Advertising income

# 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### **Geographical information**

The Group's operations are mainly located in Hong Kong and the PRC. The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue by location of customers:

Hong Kong 香港 PRC 中國 Overseas 海外

The following is an analysis of the carrying amount of noncurrent assets (excluding available-for-sale financial assets) analysed by the geographical area in which the assets are located:

Hong Kong 香港 PRC 中國

#### 9. 分部資料(續)

#### 地區資料

本集團之業務主要位於香港及中國。下表提 供按客戶位置劃分之本集團收益之分析:

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
358,884	320,916
4,060	2,632
6,691	783
369,635	324,331

以下為按資產所在地區分析之非流動資產 (不包括可供出售金融資產)之賬面金額之 分析:

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
171,635	197,609
10,237	10,615
181,872	208,224

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

## 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### Information about major customers

Included in revenue arising from provision of waterworks engineering services of approximately HK\$358,684,000 (2014: approximately HK\$303,384,000) are revenue generated from four (2014: three) customers amounting to approximately HK\$357,617,000 (2014: approximately HK\$263,980,000) has individually accounted for over 10% of the Group's total revenue. No other single customers contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue for years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014.

Revenue from major customers is as follows:

Customer A	客戶甲
Customer B	客戶乙
Customer C	客戶丙
Customer D	客戶丁
Others	其他

#### 9. 分部資料(續)

#### 有關主要客戶之資料

提供水務工程服務所產生的收益約358,684,000港元(二零一四年:約303,384,000港元)中,包括由四名(二零一四年:三名)客戶帶來的收益約357,617,000港元(二零一四年:約263,980,000港元)個別佔本集團總收益的10%以上。概無其他單一客戶於截至二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日止年度佔本集團收益10%或以上。

#### 來自主要客戶之收益如下:

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
56,388	12,936
42,422	142,130
204,402	83,737
54,405	38,113
12,018	47,415
369,635	324,331

## 10. LOSS FROM OPERATIONS

#### 10. 營運虧損

2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元  Loss from operations has been arrived at after charging:  Contract costs recognised as expenses 確認為開支之合約成本 Amortisation of film rights (included in amortisation expenses)  Amortisation of intangible assets (included in amortisation expenses)  Television broadcasting right fee and television satellite fees (included in cost of services)  Expenses incurred in provision of large outdoor display screen advertisement business (included in cost of services)  Auditors' remuneration 核數師薪酬 680 680  Depreciation of property, 物業、廠房及設備折舊'
Loss from operations has been arrived at after charging:  Contract costs recognised as expenses 確認為開支之合約成本 amortisation of film rights (included in amortisation expenses) 開支中)
Loss from operations has been arrived at after charging:  Contract costs recognised as expenses 確認為開支之合約成本 電影版權攤銷(包括於攤銷 in amortisation expenses) 開支中) 2,129 1,231  Amortisation of intangible assets (included in amortisation expenses) 開支中) 21,959 58,232  Television broadcasting right fee and television satellite fees (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services) 提供大型戶外顯示屏 large outdoor display screen 廣告業務所產生之開支 advertisement business (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services) 2,737 1,199  Auditors' remuneration 核數師薪酬 680 680
Loss from operations has been arrived at after charging:  Contract costs recognised as expenses 確認為開支之合約成本 電影版權攤銷(包括於攤銷 in amortisation expenses) 開支中) 2,129 1,231  Amortisation of intangible assets (included in amortisation expenses) 開支中) 21,959 58,232  Television broadcasting right fee and television satellite fees (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services) Expenses incurred in provision of large outdoor display screen advertisement business (included in cost of services) 2,737 1,199 Auditors' remuneration 核數師薪酬 680 680
Television broadcasting right fee and television satellite fees (included in cost of services) [相对 cost of services] [由对 cost of se
Television broadcasting right fee and television satellite fees (included in cost of services) [相对 cost of services] [由对 cost of se
Contract costs recognised as expenses 確認為開支之合約成本 Amortisation of film rights (included in amortisation expenses) 開支中) 2,129 1,231 Amortisation of intangible assets (included in amortisation expenses) 開支中) 21,959 58,232 Television broadcasting right fee and television satellite fees (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services) 提供大型戶外顯示屏 large outdoor display screen advertisement business (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services) 2,737 1,199 Auditors' remuneration 核數師薪酬 680 680
Amortisation of film rights (included in amortisation expenses) 開支中) 2,129 1,231 Amortisation of intangible assets 無形資產攤銷(包括於攤銷 (包括於攤銷 (included in amortisation expenses) 開支中) 21,959 58,232 Television broadcasting right fee and television satellite fees (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services) 10,284 8,361 Expenses incurred in provision of large outdoor display screen advertisement business (包括於服務成本中)
Amortisation of film rights (included in amortisation expenses) 開支中) 2,129 1,231 Amortisation of intangible assets 無形資產攤銷(包括於攤銷 (included in amortisation expenses) 開支中) 21,959 58,232 Television broadcasting right fee and television satellite fees (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services) 10,284 8,361 Expenses incurred in provision of large outdoor display screen advertisement business (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services) 2,737 1,199 Auditors' remuneration 核數師薪酬 680 680
in amortisation expenses) 開支中) 2,129 1,231 Amortisation of intangible assets 無形資產攤銷(包括於攤銷 (included in amortisation expenses) 開支中) 21,959 58,232 Television broadcasting right fee and television satellite fees (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services) 10,284 8,361 Expenses incurred in provision of large outdoor display screen advertisement business (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services) 2,737 1,199 Auditors' remuneration 核數師薪酬 680 680
Amortisation of intangible assets     (included in amortisation expenses)
(included in amortisation expenses) 開支中) 58,232 Television broadcasting right fee and television satellite fees (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services) 10,284 8,361 Expenses incurred in provision of large outdoor display screen
Television broadcasting right fee and television satellite fees (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services) 10,284 8,361 Expenses incurred in provision of large outdoor display screen
television satellite fees (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services)  Expenses incurred in provision of large outdoor display screen
(included in cost of services)  Expenses incurred in provision of large outdoor display screen 廣告業務所產生之開支 advertisement business (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services)  Auditors' remuneration 核數師薪酬  10,284  8,361  2,737  1,199
Expenses incurred in provision of 提供大型戶外顯示屏 large outdoor display screen 廣告業務所產生之開支 (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services) 2,737 1,199 Auditors' remuneration 核數師薪酬 680 680
Expenses incurred in provision of 提供大型戶外顯示屏 large outdoor display screen 廣告業務所產生之開支 (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services) 2,737 1,199 Auditors' remuneration 核數師薪酬 680 680
advertisement business (包括於服務成本中) (included in cost of services) 2,737 1,199 Auditors' remuneration 核數師薪酬 680 680
(included in cost of services)2,7371,199Auditors' remuneration核數師薪酬680680
Auditors' remuneration 核數師薪酬 680 680
Depreciation of property
Doproduction of property, 如木 MM/A X X IH I/I 自
plant and equipment 15,117
Staff costs <i>(note 11)</i>
Operating lease rentals in respect of 出租物業之經營租賃租金
rented premises 19,127 19,870

- Depreciation of property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$13,002,000 (2014: approximately HK\$11,342,000) and approximately HK\$2,292,000 (2014: approximately HK\$1,199,000) have been separately expensed in contract costs recognised as expenses and expenses incurred in provision of large outdoor display screen advertisement business respectively.
- 物業、廠房及設備折舊約13,002,000港元(二 零一四年:約11,342,000港元)及約2,292,000 港元(二零一四年:約1,199,000港元)已分別 計入確認為開支之合約成本及提供大型戶外 顯示屏廣告業務所產生之開支。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

## 11. STAFF COSTS

# 11. 員工成本

	<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Staff costs (including directors' 員工成本 (包括董事薪酬)包括: remuneration) comprise: Wages, salaries and other benefits  工資、薪金及其他福利	77,823	70,526
Contribution to defined 定額供款退休計劃供款 contribution retirement plan	2,374	2,177
	80,197	72,703

# 12. FINANCE COSTS

## 12. 融資成本

FINANCE COSTS	<b>12.</b> 融負风	<b>4</b>	
		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Interest on: Finance leases payables Bank overdraft wholly repayable	以下各項之利息: 融資租賃應付款項 於五年內悉數償還之銀行透支	375	222
within five years Promissory note (note 36) Convertible notes (note 37)	承兑票據 ( 附註36 ) 可換股票據 ( 附註37 )	183 2,665 22,497	21 2,520 39,278
		25,720	42,041

# 13. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND SENIOR **MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS**

## (i) Directors' remuneration

The aggregate amounts of the remuneration paid and payable to the directors of the Company by the Group for the years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

# 13. 董事酬金及高級管理層酬金

# (i) 董事酬金

本集團就截至二零一五年及二零一四 年三月三十一日止年度已付及應付本 公司董事之酬金總額如下:

Year ended 31 March 2015	截至二零一五年 三月三十一日止年度
Executive director and chief executive officer	執行董事及行政總裁
Mr. Zou Chen Dong	鄒陳東先生
Executive Directors Mr. Zhang Hao (note (al)) Mr. Wu Jin Cai (note (dl)) Dr. Lee Yuk Lun ("Dr. Lee") Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung ("Mr. Kan") Mr. Chia Kar Hin, Eric John ("Mr. Chia")	執行董事 張浩先生(附註(a)) 吳錦才先生(附註(d)) 李鋈麟博士(「李博士」 簡國祥先生(「簡先生」 謝嘉軒先生(「謝先生」
Non-executive Directors Dr. Li Yong Sheng Ms. Liang Hui (note (d))	非執行董事 李永升博士 梁慧女士(附註(d))
Independent Non-executive Directors Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron (note (b)) Mr. Jin Hai Tao Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth (note (c)) Mr. Hau Chi Kit (note (e)) Mr. Chu Siu Lun, Ivan (note (f))	<i>獨立非執行董事</i> 尹志强先生( <i>附註(b)</i> ) 靳海濤先生 王忠業先生( <i>附註(c</i> )) 侯志傑先生( <i>附註(b</i> )) 朱兆麟先生( <i>附註(b</i> ))
2 2	71.75 SM170 TE (113 KE [977

Fees	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及	Bonus	Contributions to retirement benefit schemes 退休金福利	Total
袍金	其他福利	花紅	計劃供款	總計
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	<i>千港元</i>	千港元
_	972	50	_	1,022
	0.2			1,022
-	7	-	_	7
-	6	-	_	6
-	12	-	1	13
-	1,812	_	18	1,830
-	758	40	18	816
12				12
5				5
				·
21	_	-	_	21
136	_	-	-	136
136	_	_	_	136
136	_	_	_	136
112	_	_	_	112
558	3,567	90	37	4,252

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

# 13. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

#### 13. 董事酬金及高級管理層酬金(續)

#### (i) Directors' remuneration (Continued)

#### (i) 董事酬金(*續*)

					Contributions	
			Salaries and		to retirement	
		Fees	other benefits	Bonus	benefit schemes	Total
		<del>}</del> 5. ^	薪金及	++ 4-	退休金福利	/rfa ± 1
		<b></b>	其他福利	花紅	計劃供款	總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		TEL	TÆL	TIEL	TAL	TEL
Year ended 31 March 2014	截至二零一四年					
rodi oridod o'r ividioir 2014	三月三十一日止年度					
Executive director and	執行董事及行政總裁					
chief executive officer	11017 E 1 12 (13 20 13 20 13 20 13 20 13 20 13 20 13 20 13 20 13 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20					
Mr. Zou Chen Dong	鄒陳東先生	_	708	20	o -	728
Ŭ						
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Wu Jin Cai (note (d))	吳錦才先生(附註(d))	_	12	-	-	12
Dr. Lee Yuk Lun	李鋈麟博士	-	12	_	1	13
Dr. Kan Kwok Cheung	簡國祥先生	-	1,865	151	_ 16	2,032
Mr. Chia Kar Hin, Eric John	謝嘉軒先生	-	600	20	15	635
	/					
Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
Dr. Li Yong Sheng	李永升博士	12	-	<b>5</b>	-	12
Ms. Liang Hui (note (d))	梁慧女士( <i>附註(d</i> ))	12	_	_	-	12
	獨立非執行董事					
Independent non-executive directors Mr. Jin Hai Tao	<i>掏业非執行里争</i> 靳海濤先生	120				120
Mr. Wong Chung Yip, Kenneth	新海海儿生 王忠業先生 <i>(附註(c))</i>	120	_	_	_	120
(note (c))	工心未儿工( <i>門缸[0])</i>	35	_		1	35
Mr. Hau Chi Kit <i>(note (e))</i>	侯志傑先生 <i>(附註(e))</i>	120	_		_	120
Mr. Chu Siu Lun, Ivan <i>(note (f))</i>	朱兆麟先生 <i>(附註(f))</i>	120	_		_	120
Mr. Chan Hon Yuen (note (g))	陳翰源先生 <i>(附註(g))</i>	83	_	_	_	83
2.16.1.16.1.16.1.17.16.1	(11 km   9)					
		502	3,197	191	32	3,922
		002	0,101	101	02	0,022

#### Notes:

- (a) Appointed on 25 August 2014.
- (b) Appointed on 9 February 2015.
- (c) Appointed on 16 December 2013.
- (d) Resigned on 15 September 2014.
- (e) Resigned on 18 May 2015.
- (f) Resigned on 31 January 2015.
- (g) Resigned on 10 December 2013.

#### 附註:

- (a) 於二零一四年八月二十五日獲委任。
- (b) 於二零一五年二月九日獲委任。
- (c) 於二零一三年十二月十六日獲委任。
- (d) 於二零一四年九月十五日辭任。
- (e) 於二零一四年五月十八日辭任。
- (f) 於二零一五年一月三十一日辭任。
- (g) 於二零一三年十二月十日辭任。

# 13. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

None of directors agreed to wave any emoluments during the years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014 and there were no emoluments paid by the Group to any directors or chief executive officer as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

Senior management of the Group represents the executive directors of the Company during the years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014.

## 14. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Of the five highest paid individuals with the highest in the Group, two (2014: one) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in note 13 above. The emoluments of the remaining three (2014: four) individuals were as follows:

#### 13. 董事酬金及高級管理層酬金(續)

截至二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一 日止年度,概無董事同意放棄任何酬金,且 本集團亦無向任何董事及行政總裁支付任 何酬金以作為勸誘彼等加入本集團或於加 入時之獎勵或作為離職補償。

本集團截至二零一五年及二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度之高級管理層指本公司執 行董事。

#### 14. 僱員酬金

於本集團酬金最高之五名最高薪人士中包 括兩名(二零一四年:一名)本公司董事, 有關董事之酬金乃於上文附註13披露。其 餘三名(二零一四年:四名)人士之酬金分 別如下:

Basic salaries, bonuses and other allowances Contributions to retirement benefit schemes

基本薪金、花紅及其他津貼

退休金福利計劃供款

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
3,165	3,998
53	60
3,218	4,058

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

## 14. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

# 14. 僱員酬金(續)

Their emoluments were within the following band:

酬金介乎下列範圍的人數如下:

2015

二零一五年 Number of

2014 二零一四年

2

2

Number of

employees employees 僱員人數 僱員人數 Nil to HK\$1,000,000 零至1,000,000港元 1 HK\$1,000,000 to HK\$1,500,000 1,000,000港元至1,500,000港元 2 3

During the years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014, none of five highest paid individuals waived or agreed to waive any remuneration and there were no emoluments paid by the Group to any of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

截至二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一 日止年度,五名最高薪人士概無放棄或同 意放棄任何酬金,而本集團亦無向五名最 高薪人士中任何人支付任何酬金以作為勸 誘彼等加入本集團或於加入時之獎勵或作 為離職補償。

#### 15. INCOME TAX

The amount of income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:

#### 15. 所得税

綜合損益及其他全面收益表之所得稅金額 如下:

Current tax – Hong Kong profits Tax  – tax for the year  – over-provision in respect of prior years	當期税項-香港利得税 -年內税項 -過往年度超額撥備
Current tax – Macau Complementary Tax – tax for the year	當期税項一澳門所得補充税 一年內税項
Deferred tax (note 38)  – current year	遞延税項(附註38) 一本年度
Income tax credit	所得税抵免

<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
1,283	4,040
(169)	(519)
1,114	3,521
60	-
(4,803)	(55,742)
(3,629)	(52,221)

Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at 16.5% (2014: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year ended 31 March 2015.

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI"), the Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in BVI are not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the BVI respectively.

Macau Complementary Tax is calculated at the maximum progressive rate of 12% on the estimated assessable profits for the year ended 31 March 2015. No provision for Macau Complementary Tax had been made as the subsidiary incorporated in Macau had no assessable profits arising in Macau during the year ended 31 March 2014.

香港利得税按截至二零一五年三月 三十一日止年度之估計應課税溢利之 16.5% (二零一四年: 16.5%)計算。

根據開曼群島及英屬處女群島(「英屬處女 群島」)規則及法規,本公司及其於英屬處 女群島計冊成立之附屬公司毋須繳納開曼 群島及英屬處女群島各自之任何所得税。

澳門所得補充税按截至二零一五年三月 三十一日止年度之估計應課税溢利之最高 累進税率12%計算。於澳門註冊成立之附 屬公司於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止 年度並無於澳門產生應課税溢利,故並無 就澳門所得補充税計提準備。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

#### 15. INCOME TAX (Continued)

No provision for PRC Enterprise Income tax has been made as the subsidiary incorporated in the PRC had no assessable profits arising in the PRC for the years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014.

The tax credit for the year can be reconciled to the loss before income tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

#### 15. 所得税(續)

於中國註冊成立之附屬公司於截至二零 一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 並無於中國產生應課稅溢利,故並無就中 國企業所得税計提撥備。

年內税項抵免與綜合損益及其他全面收益 表所列之除所得税前虧損之對賬如下:

		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年		2014 二零一四年	
		<i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	%	HK\$'000 千港元	%
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(45,352)		(483,513)	
Tax calculated at the rates, applicable to profits in the countries concerned Tax effect of expenses not deductible	按有關國家適用所得税率 計算之税項 不可扣除税項的開支之	(7,771)	17.1	(79,861)	16.5
for tax purpose Tax effect of income not taxable	税務影響 毋須課税的收入之税務影響	2,955	(6.5)	25,686	(5.3)
for tax purpose	10/4/左京·加萨·越 (#	(2,149)	4.7	(3)	/-
Over-provision in respect of prior years  Tax effect of temporary difference	過往年度超額撥備 未確認暫時差異之税務影響	(169)	0.4	(519)	\ -
not recognised Utilization of tax losses previously	動用過往未確認税項虧損	256	(0.5)	200	_
not recognised		(234)	0.5	<u> </u>	
Tax effect of tax loss not recognised	並無確認之税項虧損 之税務影響	3,483	(7.7)	2,276	(0.5)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	(3,629)	8.0	(52,221)	10.7

# 16. LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE **COMPANY**

The loss attributable to owners of the Company, which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$60,130,000 (2014: approximately HK\$418,430,000).

#### 16. 本公司擁有人應佔虧損

本公司擁有人應佔虧損為約60,130,000港 元(二零一四年:約418,430,000港元)已於 本公司之財務報表處理。

# 17. DIVIDENDS

The board of directors does not recommend the payments of any dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2015 (2014: nil).

# 18. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

Loss for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share

用以計算每股基本及 攤薄虧損的虧損

## 17. 股息

董事會不建議派付截至二零一五年三月 三十一日止年度之任何股息(二零一四年: 無)。

#### 18. 本公司擁有人應佔每股虧損

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄虧損乃 根據以下數據計算:

> 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元

HK\$'000 千港元

二零一四年

2014

(41,723)

(431,292)

**Number of shares** 

股份數目

*'000'* 千股

'000 千股

Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per hare

用以計算每股基本及攤薄 虧損的普通股加權平均數

3,112,536

1,715,272

Diluted loss per share for the years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014 are the same as the basic loss per share as the convertible notes outstanding at the end of the reporting period had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic loss per share.

截至二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一 日止年度,由於報告期末之未行使可換股 票據對每股基本虧損具有反攤薄影響,因 此每股攤薄虧損與每股基本虧損相等。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

# 19. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

# 19. 物業、廠房及設備

**The Group** 

本集團

		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業	Machinery	Furnitures and fixtures	Office equipment	Motor vehicles	Site offices	Total
		裝修	機器	傢具及裝置	辦公設備	車輛	地盤辦公室	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost:	成本:							
At 1 April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	6,348	14,990	2,677	7,055	21,671	8,138	60,879
Additions	添置	3	12,221	91	809	8,513	6,517	28,154
Disposals	出售		<u> </u>		//	(423)	<u> </u>	(423)
A. 0. 14 . 1 . 00.44								
At 31 March 2014 and	於二零一四年三月							
1 April 2014	三十一日及 二零一四年四月一日	6,351	27,211	2,768	7,864	29,761	14,655	88,610
Additions	二令 四十四万 口 添置	0,331	5,023	2,700	938	8,090	181	14,249
Disposals	出售		(6,197)		930	(1,348)	(28)	(7,573)
Бюрозаю	щп	/	(0,107)	<del>//</del>		(1,040)	(20)	(1,010)
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年							
At 31 March 2015	三月三十一日	6,351	26,037	2,785	8,802	36,503	14,808	95,286
	=71=1 H							
Accumulated depreciation:	累計折舊:							
At 1 April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	1,177	7,416	972	3,557	11,468	4,084	28,674
Depreciation charge	年內折舊開支	1,111	1,110	012	0,001	11,100	1,001	20,011
for the year <i>(Note 10)</i>	(附註10)	1,881	4,197	503	1,167	3,904	3,465	15,117
Eliminated on disposals	出售時對銷	_	_	_	_	(365)	7, 1	(365)
At 31 March 2014 and	於二零一四年三月							
1 April 2014	三十一日及							
·	二零一四年四月一日	3,058	11,613	1,475	4,724	15,007	7,549	43,426
Depreciation charge	年內折舊開支							
for the year (Note 10)	(附註10)	1,881	5,769	499	1,320	5,307	3,489	18,265
Eliminated on disposals	出售時對銷		(6,109)	<u> </u>		(1,060)	(27)	(7,196)
	W =							
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年 三月三十一日	4.000	44.070	4.074	0.044	40.054	44.044	E4.40E
	ニガニT ̄ロ	4,939	11,273	1,974	6,044	19,254	11,011	54,495
Net book value:	賬面淨值:							
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年							
	三月三十一日	1,412	14,764	811	2,758	17,249	3,797	40,791
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年							
ALOT MAIOT 2014	三月三十一日	3,293	15,598	1,293	3,140	14,754	7,106	45,184
	=/1=   H	0,200	10,000	1,200	0,140	14,704	7,100	40,104

## 19. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

#### The Group (Continued)

The net carrying amount of property, plant and equipment includes the following assets held under finance leases (note 33).

Machinery 機器 車輛 Motor vehicles

As at 31 March 2015, the Group pledged its machinery with net book value of approximately HK\$12,000 (2014: approximately HK\$78,000) and motor vehicles with net book value of approximately HK\$721,000 (2014: approximately HK\$1,834,000) as securities for its performance of being a sub-contractor of the Replacement and Rehabilitation of water mains, stage 4, Phase 1 - Mains in Tuen Mun, Yuen Long, North District and Tai Po.

# 19. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

#### 本集團(續)

物業、廠房及設備之賬面淨值包括下列根 據融資租賃持有之資產(附註33)。

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
767	1,425
12,285	8,565
	16
13,052	9,990

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團抵 押其賬面淨值分別為約12,000港元(二零 一四年:約78,000港元)及約721,000港元 (二零一四年:約1,834,000港元)之機器及 車輛,以作為其作為分包商履行更換及修 復水管工程第4階段第1期一屯門、元朗、北 區及大埔水管工程之抵押品。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

## 19. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

# 19. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

**The Company** 

本公司

		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢具及裝置 HK\$*000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 車輛 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Cost: At 1 April 2013 Additions	成本: 於二零一三年四月一日 添置	6,268	669	665 501	728 	8,330 510
At 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014  Additions	於二零一四年三月三十一日及 二零一四年四月一日 添置	6,271	675	1,166 903	728 	8,840 903
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日	6,271	675	2,069	728	9,743
Accumulated depreciation: At 1 April 2013 Depreciation charge for the year	<b>累計折舊:</b> 於二零一三年四月一日 年內折舊開支	1,097 1,881	78 134	76 183	134 146	1,385 2,344
At 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014  Depreciation charge for the year	於二零一四年三月三十一日及 二零一四年四月一日 年內折舊開支	2,978 1,881	212 135	259 338	280 146	3,729 2,500
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日	4,859	347	597	426	6,229
Net book value: At 31 March 2015	賬面淨值: 於二零一五年三月三十一日	1,412	328	1,472	302	3,514
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	3,293	463	907	448	5,111

#### 20. GOODWILL

#### 20. 商譽

**The Group** 

#### 本集團

HK\$'000 千港元

#### Cost:

At 1 April 2013, 31 March 2014, 1 April 2014 and 31 March 2015

#### 成本:

於二零一三年四月一日、二零一四年 三月三十一日、二零一四年四月 一日及二零一五年三月三十一日

816.877

## **Accumulated impairment losses:**

At 1 April 2013 Impairment loss recognised in the year (note 21)

#### 累計減值虧損:

於二零一三年四月一日 665,683 本年度確認之減值虧損(附註21)

151,194

At 31 March 2014, 1 April 2014 and 31 March 2015

於二零一四年三月三十一日,

二零一四年四月一日及二零一五年

三月三十一日

816,877

# **Carrying amount:** At 31 March 2015

At 31 March 2014

# 賬面值:

於二零一五年三月三十一日

於二零一四年三月三十一日

# 21. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL AND **INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

# 21. 商譽及無形資產減值測試

Goodwill and intangible assets have been allocated for impairment testing purposes to the cash-generating units of television broadcasting business ("television broadcasting CGU").

The directors of the Company have appointed an independent valuer to perform a business valuation on the television broadcasting CGU containing goodwill and intangible assets which was acquired from the business combination of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific Operating Co., Limited ("Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific") during year ended 31 March 2012.

就減值測試而言,商譽及無形資產已被分 配至電視播放業務之現金產生單位(「電視 播放現金產生單位一)。

本公司董事已委任一名獨立估值師以對包 含商譽及無形資產(截至二零一二年三月 三十一日止年度自新華電視亞太台運營有 限公司(「新華電視亞太台」)之業務合併中 購得)之電視播放現金產生單位進行一次 商業估值。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

# 21. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL AND **INTANGIBLE ASSETS** (Continued)

For the purpose of impairment testing, the carrying amounts of goodwill and television broadcasting right (including in intangible assets set out in note 22) before impairment loss, have been allocated to the television broadcasting CGU are as follows:

商譽

電視播放權

Goodwill Television broadcasting right

The recoverable amount of television broadcasting CGU has been determined on the basis of value in use calculation and is based on certain key assumptions. The value in use calculation is based on cash flow projections prepared from financial budgets approved by the directors of the Company covering a 5-year period and a discount rate of 18.82% (2014: 18.98%). Cash flows beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated using a growth rate ranged from 2.5% to 6% (2014: 2% to 9%) for different countries and the growth rate does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the industry. The discount rates used reflect specific risks to the segment.

#### 21. 商譽及無形資產減值測試(續)

為進行減值測試,商譽及電視播放權(包括 載於附註22之無形資產)扣除減值虧損前之 賬面值已分配至電視播放現金產生單位, 載列如下:

# **The Group** 本集團

2015 2014 二零一五年 二零一四年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 816,877 816,877 432,349 375,649 1,192,526 1,249,226

電視播放現金產生單位之可收回金額乃依 據使用價值計算釐定,并基於若干主要假 設。使用價值計算乃基於本公司董事批准 之一項橫跨五年期之財務預算及18.82%之 貼現率(二零一四年:18.98%)編製之現金 流預測。該五年期後之現金流量已採用就 不同國家介乎2.5%至6%(二零一四年:2% 至9%)之增長率推斷,而增長率不超過行 業之平均長期增長率。所採用之貼現率反 映分部之特定風險。

# 21. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL AND **INTANGIBLE ASSETS** (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2015, no impairment loss was recognised in respect of goodwill and intangible assets as the recoverable amount approximated to the carrying amount of the unit which was assessed by reference to the value in use calculation.

For the year ended 31 March 2014, due to deteriorating performance and suffered continuous losses in television broadcasting business, the directors of the Company determined that there was a need for an impairment on the goodwill and intangible assets arising from the acquisition of television broadcasting business as the recoverable amount of television broadcasting CGU (being the CGU to which the goodwill and intangible assets have been allocated) based on the valuation report by an independent valuer was calculated to be lower than their aggregate carrying amounts.

Thus, the impairment loss of goodwill and intangible assets recognised to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2014 was approximately HK\$151,194,000 and approximately HK\$269,309,000 respectively.

The directors of the Company believe that the television broadcasting CGU containing goodwill and intangible assets has been reduced to its recoverable amount. The management of the Group believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount is based would not cause the carrying amount of the unit to exceed the aggregate recoverable amount of the cash generating unit.

## 21. 商譽及無形資產減值測試(續)

截至二零一五年三月三十一日11年度,由 於可收回金額與參考使用計算價值評估之 單位賬面值相若,故概無就商譽及無形資 產確認減值虧損。

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,由於 電視播放業務業績欠佳及蒙受持續虧損, 本公司董事釐定自收購電視播放業務產生 之商譽及無形資產存在所需之減值,原因 是根據獨立估值師之估值報告,計算出電 視播放現金產生單位(即已獲分配商譽及 無形資產之現金產生單位)之可收回金額 低於其總計賬面金額。

因此,已於截至二零一四年三月三十一日 止年度綜合損益及其他全面收益表內確認 之商譽及無形資產之減值虧損分別為約 151,194,000港元及約269,309,000港元。

本公司董事認為電視播放現金產生單位(包 含商譽及無形資產)已減至其可收回金額。 本集團管理層認為可收回金額所基於之主 要假設之任何合理可能變動將不會導致該 單位之賬面值超過該現金產生單位之總可 收回金額。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

#### 22. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

22. 無形資產

**The Group** 

本集團

**Television** broadcasting right 電視播放權 HK\$'000 千港元

#### Cost:

At 1 April 2013, 31 March 2014, 1 April 2014 and 31 March 2015

#### 成本:

於二零一三年四月一日、二零一四年 三月三十一日、二零一四年四月 一日及二零一五年三月三十一日

567,000

#### **Accumulated amortisation and impairment:**

At 1 April 2013 Amortisation for the year (note 10) Impairment loss recognised in the year (note 21)

At 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014

Amortisation for the year (note 10)

At 31 March 2015

# 累計攤銷及減值:

於二零一三年四月一日 76,419 年內攤銷(附註10) 58,232 年內已確認減值虧損(附註21) 269,309

於二零一四年三月三十一日及 二零一四年四月一日 年內攤銷(附註10)

於二零一五年三月三十一日 425,919

# **Carrying amount:**

At 31 March 2015

At 31 March 2014

#### 賬面值:

於二零一五年三月三十一日

141,081

403,960

21,959

於二零一四年三月三十一日

163,040

Intangible assets represent television broadcasting right acquired by the Group. The useful life of television broadcasting right is 10 years.

The directors of the Company reassessed the recoverable amount of intangible assets at 31 March 2015 and determined that no impairment loss was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2015. The recoverable amount of intangible assets was assessed by reference to the value in use calculation.

The directors of the Company had determined that there was an impairment on the television broadcasting right as at 31 March 2014 as stated in note 21.

無形資產指本集團所收購之電視播放權。 電視播放權之可使用年期為十年。

本公司董事於二零一五年三月三十一日重 新評估無形資產之可收回金額,並確定截 至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,概無 減值虧損於綜合損益及其他全面收益表中 確認。無形資產之可收回金額乃經參考使 用價值計算評估。

如附註21所述,於二零一四年三月三十一 日,本公司董事已釐定電視播放權存在減 值。

23.	FILM RIGHTS	23. 電影版權	
	The Group	本集團	
			HK\$'000 千港元
	Cost:	成本:	
	At 1 April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	1,749
	Additions	添置	1,231
	At 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日及 二零一四年四月一日	2,980
	Additions	添置	2,129
	At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日	5,109
	Accumulated amortisation and impairment:	累計攤銷及減值:	
	At 1 April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	1,749
	Amortisation for the year (note 10)	年內攤銷(附註10)	1,231
	At 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日及 二零一四年四月一日	2,980
	Amortisation for the year (note 10)	年內攤銷(附註10)	2,129
	At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日	5,109
	Carrying amount:	賬面值:	
	At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日	-
	At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	

Film rights represent television programmes produced by the Group. The useful life of film rights is expired upon the completion of broadcasting the relevant television programmes.

電影版權即由本集團製作的電視節目。電 影版權的可使用年期乃直至相關電視節目 播放完結後屆滿。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

#### 24. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

#### 24. 可供出售金融資產

本集團
2015 2014
二零一五年
HK\$'000
千港元
- 400

400

**The Group** 

Available-for-sale financial assets comprise:

Unlisted equity securities in Hong Kong

Analysed for reporting purposes as:

Non-current assets

可供出售金融資產包括:

於香港的非上市股本證券

就呈報目的而分析為: 非流動資產

Unlisted equity securities represented the securities issued by a private entity incorporated in Hong Kong. The private entity is principally engaged in outdoor advertising in Hong Kong. They are measured at cost less impairment at the end of the reporting period because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that their fair value cannot be measured reliably.

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the unlisted equity securities was disposed to an independent third party at a consideration of HK\$400,000.

非上市股本證券乃一間於香港註冊成立之 私營實體發行之證券。該私營實體主要於 香港從事室外廣告。由於預計合理公平值 之範疇十分重大,本公司董事認為其公平 值不能可靠地計量,故該等證券於報告期 末按成本減減值計量。

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,非上市股本證券已被出售予一名獨立第三方,代價為400,000港元。

## **25. JOINT OPERATIONS**

Details of investments in joint operations as at 31 March 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

## 25. 合營企業

於二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日 於合營企業之投資詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of operation 營運地點	Participati 參股		Principal activity 主要業務
		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年	2014 二零一四年	
Hsin Chong Tsun Yip Joint Venture (DC/2012/04) 新昌進業聯營(DC/2012/04)	Unincorporated joint operation operating in Hong Kong 於香港營運之非屬法團合營企業	40%	40%	Civil engineering 土木工程
Hsin Chong Tsun Yip Joint Venture (DC/2012/07) 新昌進業聯營(DC/2012/07)	Unincorporated joint operation operating in Hong Kong 於香港營運之非屬法團合營企業	43%	43%	Civil engineering 土木工程
Hsin Chong Tsun Yip Joint Venture (DC/2012/08) 新昌進業聯營(DC/2012/08)	Unincorporated joint operation operating in Hong Kong 於香港營運之非屬法團合營企業	43%	43%	Civil engineering 土木工程
Hsin Chong Tsun Yip Joint Venture (5/WSD/13) 新昌進業聯營(5/WSD/13)	Unincorporated joint operation operating in Hong Kong 於香港營運之非屬法團合營企業	17%	17%	Civil engineering 土木工程

#### Note:

Pursuant to the terms of the joint agreements, the profit sharing for each year of all joint operations listed herein above shall be distributed to the joint operators in proportion to their respective interests.

#### 附註:

根據合營協議之條款,上述所有合營企業每年之溢 利分配將依照各合營方所佔之權益比例分配予有 關合營方。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

#### **26. INVENTORIES**

#### 26. 存貨

The Group 本集團

2015 二零一五年 *HK\$'000* 千港元 23,335

2014 二零一四年 *HK\$'000* 千港元

14,955

Construction materials

建築材料

# 27. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

# 27. 貿易及其他應收款項

		The Group 本集團		The Company 本公司	
		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Trade receivables (note (i), (iii))  Allowance for doubtful debts	貿易應收款項 <i>(附註(I)、(iii))</i> 呆賬撥備	48,165 -	40,234 (9,469)	-	250 -
Retention receivables	應收保留金(附註(ii)、(iii))、	48,165	30,765		250
(note (ii), (iii)), (note 28) Other receivables and prepayments (note (iv))	(附註28) 其他應收款項及預付款 (附註(N))	9,355 23,724	5,974 36,498	- 171	- 176
Amount due from a substantial shareholder (note (v))  Deposits  Deposit paid for acquisition of a	應收一名主要股東款項 (附註(N)) 按金 收購一間附屬公司所支付之	91 4,787	91 4,476	- 7	- 7
subsidiary (note (vi))	按金( <i>附註(vi)</i> )	1,000		<del>-</del>	
		87,122	77,804	178	433

#### 27. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

#### Notes:

(i) Trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period mainly derived from provision of construction works on civil engineering contracts. The related customers are mainly government department/organisation and reputable corporations. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

Included in trade and other receivables are trade receivables (net of impairment losses) with the following ageing analysis based on invoice date as of the end of reporting period:

Current or less than 1 month 1 to 3 months More than 3 months but less than 12 months

即期或少於一個月 一至三個月 超過三個月但少於十二個月

The Group grants an average credit period of 30 days (2014: 30 days) to its trade customers of contract works. Application for progress payments of contract works is made on a regular basis.

Trade receivables disclosed above include amounts (see below for aged analysis) which are past due at the end of the reporting period for which the Group has not recognised an allowance for doubtful debts because there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable.

#### 27. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

#### 附註:

報告期末之貿易應收款項主要來自提供土木 工程合約之建築工程。相關客戶主要為政府 部門/機構及聲譽良好之企業。本集團並無 就該等結餘持有任何抵押。

> 貿易應收款項(經扣除減值虧損)計入貿易及 其他應收款項,其根據發票日期於報告期末 之賬齡分析如下:

# The Group 本集團

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
45,530	30,742
2,533	-
	- A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A
102	23
48,165	30,765
	1-1-1-1

本集團向其合約工程貿易客戶授出平均30日 (二零一四年:30日)之信貸期。合約工程進 度款項申請會定期進行。

上述披露之貿易應收款項包括於報告期末已 逾期而本集團尚未確認呆賬撥備之金額(見 下文賬齡分析),原因乃信貸質素尚無重大變 動及金額仍視為可予收回。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

## 27. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(i) (Continued)

Ageing of receivables that are past due but not impaired

27. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

附註:(續)

(i) (*續*)

已逾期但未減值之應收款項賬齡

## The Group 本集團



呆賬撥備之變動

Overdue by: 逾期: 31-60 days

Over 90 days 超過90日

31至60日

就貿易應收款項確認之減值虧損

Movements in the allowance for doubtful debts

Balance at the beginning of the year 年初之結餘

in respect of trade receivables

Impairment loss recognised

Amounts written-off during the year 年內不可收回之撇銷金額

as uncollectible

Balance at the end of the year 年末之結餘

The Group

- (ii) Retention monies withheld by customers of contract works are released after the completion of maintenance period of the relevant contract or in accordance with the terms specified in the relevant contract.
- (iii) Trade and other receivables are short term and hence the directors of the Company consider the carrying amounts of trade and other receivables approximate their fair values at the end of the reporting periods.
- (ii) 合約工程客戶之保留金於相關合約保養期結 束後或根據相關合約指定條款獲解除。
- (iii) 貿易及其他應收款項為短期,因此本公司董事認為貿易及其他應收款項之賬面值於報告期末與其公平值相若。

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#### 27. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (iv) It mainly consists of prepayments for insurance and advance payment to subcontractors.
- Amount due from a substantial shareholder is unsecured, interest free and recoverable on demand. During the year ended 31 March 2015, the highest balance of amount due from a substantial shareholder was approximately HK\$91,000 (2014: approximately HK\$91,000).
- (vi) On 8 December 2014, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party pursuant to which a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company will acquire 60% of the issued share capital of Xinhua Afanti Asset Management Limited (formerly known as Afanti Asset Management Limited) at the consideration of HK\$1,000,000. The acquisition has not yet completed at the end of the reporting period and the acquisition is subject to approval of Securities and Futures Commission.

## 28. AMOUNTS DUE FROM CUSTOMERS FOR **CONTRACT WORKS**

#### 27. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

附註:(續)

- (iv) 此項主要包括保險預付款及向分包商支付之 墊款。
- (v) 應收一名主要股東款項為無抵押、免息以及 可按要求收回。截至二零一五年三月三十一 日止年度,應收一名主要股東款項之最高結 餘約為91,000港元(二零一四年:約91,000港 元)。
- (vi) 於二零一四年十二月八日,本集團與一名獨 立第三方訂立買賣協議,據此,本公司之一間 全資附屬公司將以代價1,000,000港元收購新 華智盛資產管理有限公司(前稱為智盛資本 管理有限公司)已發行股本之60%。該收購於 報告期末尚未完成及待證券及期貨事務監察 委員會批准後,該收購方可作實。

#### 28. 應收合約工程客戶款項

**The Group** 本集團

2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元

2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元

Contracts in progress at the end of the reporting period:

Contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised loss

Less: Progress billings

於報告期末進行中合約:

迄今產生之合約成本加已確認 溢利減已確認虧損

减:進度款項

1,282,544 923,860 (1,282,544)(923,860)

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

# 28. AMOUNTS DUE FROM CUSTOMERS FOR **CONTRACT WORKS** (Continued)

"Contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits" comprise direct materials, costs of subcontracting, direct labour, an appropriate portion of variable and fixed construction overheads and gross profit earned to date of the contracts, which is measured by reference to the certification by architects.

"Progress billings" represent the amounts billed to the customers for work performed up to the end of reporting period.

At 31 March 2015, the retentions held by customers for contract works included in other receivables (note 27) amounted to approximately HK\$9,355,000 (2014: approximately HK\$5,974,000).

# 29. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS**

上市證券:

一於香港上市之股本證券

Listed securities: - Equity securities listed in Hong Kong

#### 28. 應收合約工程客戶款項(續)

「迄今產生之合約成本加已確認溢利」包括 直接物料、分包成本、直接勞工、合適比例 之可變及定額建造費用及至合約日期所賺 取之毛利,其計算乃參考建築師之核證。

「進度款項 | 指就截至報告期末所進行之工 程向客戶開具賬單之款項。

於二零一五年三月三十一日,計入其他 應收款項(附註27)之合約工程客戶持有 約5.974.000港元)。

#### 29. 透過損益按公平值入賬之金融資產

**The Group** 本集團 2015 2014 二零一五年 二零一四年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 12,117 10,485

The fair values of the listed securities are determined with reference to the quoted market bid prices available on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

上市證券之公平值乃參考香港聯合交易所 有限公司所報之市場買入價而釐定。

#### 30. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

#### The Group and the Company

Bank balances carry interest at market rates which range from 0.01% - 0.87% (2014: 0.01% - 0.35%) per annum.

#### **The Group**

As at 31 March 2015, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group included currencies denominated in Renminbi amounted to approximately HK\$888,000 (2014: approximately HK\$1,802,000) which is not freely convertible into other currencies.

#### **The Company**

As at 31 March 2015, the cash and cash equivalents of the Company included currencies denominated in Renminbi amounted to approximately HK\$106,000 (2014: approximately HK\$89,000) which is not freely convertible into other currencies.

#### 30. 現金及現金等價物

#### 本集團及本公司

銀行結餘按市場年利率介乎0.01%至0.87% (二零一四年:0.01%至0.35%)計息。

#### 本集團

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團之現 金及現金等價物包括以人民幣計值之貨幣 約888,000港元(二零一四年:約1,802,000 港元),其不可自由兑换作其他貨幣。

#### 本公司

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本公司之現 金及現金等價物包括以人民幣計值的貨幣 約106,000港元(二零一四年:約89,000港 元),其不可自由兑换作其他貨幣。

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#### 31. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

#### 31. 於附屬公司之投資

# **The Company**

本公司

2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元

76,529

2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元

非上市股份,按成本值

45,099

Amounts due from subsidiaries (note (a))

Unlisted shares, at cost

應收附屬公司款項(附註(a))

1,327,861 1,316,676

Less: Impairment loss recognised (note (b))

減:已確認減值虧損(附註(b))

(1,195,033)

106,093

9,394

(1,221,768)

121,643

13,688

Amounts due to subsidiaries (note (c))

應付附屬公司款項(附註(c))

#### Notes:

#### The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and recoverable on demand.

- (b) After considering the financial positions of the relevant subsidiaries, the directors of the Company are in the opinion that an impairment loss of approximately HK\$26,735,000 (2014: approximately HK\$405,003,000) has been recognised for the year ended 31 March 2015.
- The amounts due to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

#### 附註:

- (a) 應收附屬公司款項為無抵押、免息及可按要 求收回。
- 經考慮相關附屬公司之財務狀況,本公司董 事認為,截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年 度,已確認減值虧損約26,735,000港元(二零 一四年:約405,003,000港元)。
- (c) 應付附屬公司之款項為無抵押、免息及按要 求償還。

# 31. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Details of the Company's material subsidiaries at the year end of the reporting period are set out below.

# 31. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

本公司主要附屬公司於截至報告期止年度 之詳情載列如下:

	Place and date of incorporation	Percentage of equity interests and		
Name of subsidiary	and form of business structure	voting power attributable to the Company 本公司持有的	Nominal value of issued share capital	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點及日期以 及業務架構形式	股本權益及 投票權百分比 %	已發行股本面值	主要業務
Direct subsidiaries 直接附屬公司				
TYW (BVI) Limited	BVI, 2 July 2009, limited liability company	100	United States Dollars ("US\$") 50,000, divided into 50,000 ordinary shares of US\$1.00 each	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島,二零零九年七 月二日,有限責任公司		50,000美元(「美元」)·分為50,000股 每股面值1.00美元之普通股	投資控股
Shenzhen Qianhai Xinhua TV Cultural Development Limited* 深圳前海新華電視文化發展有限公司	PRC, 30 May 2013, limited liability company 中國·二零一三年五月三十日· 有限責任公司	100	Registered and paid up capital of RMB30,000,000 註冊及繳足資本人民幣30,000,000元	Advertising business in PRC 於中國從事廣告業務
Indirect subsidiaries 間接附屬公司				
Tsun Yip Civil Construction Company Limited	Hong Kong, 16 July 2000, limited liability company	100	HK\$20,000,000 divided into 20,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each	Holding of motor vehicles, provision of waterworks and laying of water pipes
進業土木工程有限公司	香港,二零零零年七月十六日, 有限責任公司		20,000,000港元·分為20,000,000股 每股面值1.00港元之普通股	持有車輛、提供水務工程及敷設水管
Tsun Yip Waterworks Construction Company Limited	Hong Kong, 6 February 1996, limited liability company	100	HK\$18,000,000, divided into 18,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each	Provision of waterworks and laying of water pipes
進業水務建築有限公司	香港·一九九六年二月六日· 有限責任公司		18,000,000港元·分為18,000,000股 每股面值1.00港元之普通股	提供水務工程及敷設水管

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

#### 31. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

#### 31. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

	Place and date of incorporation and form of	Percentage of equity interests and voting power		
Name of subsidiary	business structure	attributable to the Company 本公司持有的	Nominal value of issued share capital	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點及日期以 及業務架構形式	股本權益及 投票權百分比 %	已發行股本面值	主要業務

Indirect subsidiaries (Continued) 間接附屬公司(續)

Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific Operating Co., Limited

新華電視亞太台運營有限公司

Hong Kong, 22 December 2009, limited liability company

香港,二零零九年十二月 二十二日,有限責任公司

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affect the results of the assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

100 HK\$10,000, divided into 10,000 Television broadcasting ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each business in the Asia Pacific region (excluding the PRC)

10,000港元,分為10,000股 於亞太區(不包括中國)從事 每股面值1.00港元之普通股 電視播放業務

概無附屬公司於年末發行任何債務證券。

本公司董事認為上表所列本公司之附屬公 司乃主要影響本集團資產業績的附屬公 司。本公司董事認為,載列其他附屬公司之 詳情會令內容過於冗長。

#### 32. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

## 32. 貿易及其他應付款項

The Company

The Group

		本集團		本公司	
		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Trade payables Retention money payables Amount due to a shareholder (note (ii)) Amounts due to directors (note (iii)) Deferred revenue Interest payables Amount due to a related party (note (iii))	貿易應付款項 應付保留金 應付一名股東款項(附註(i)) 應付董事款項(附註(ii)) 遞延收益 應付利息 應付一名關連人士款項 (附註(ii))	22,480 15,356 17,112 2,758 555 19,917	36,401 7,723 19,112 12,858 3,857 13,501	- - 2,758 - 19,917	12,858 - 9,932
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	9,935	11,602	1,475	2,797

#### Notes:

- Amount due to a shareholder represents amount due to a major substantial shareholder of the Company, China Xinhua NNC, which is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (ii) Amount due to a related party represents amount due to 新華音 像中心. 新華音像中心 and China Xinhua NNC have a common shareholder, Xinhua News Agency (新華社). The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (iii) Amounts due to directors are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

#### 附註:

- (i) 應付一名股東款項指應付一名本公司主要股 東中國新華新聞電視網之款項,為無抵押、免 息及按要求償還。
- (ii) 應付一名關連人士款項指應付新華音像中心 之款項。新華音像中心與中國新華新聞電視 網之共同股東為新華社。該款項為無抵押、免 息及按要求償還。
- (iii) 應付董事款項為無抵押、免息及按要求償還。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

#### **32. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES** (Continued)

The Group normally settles trade payables within 30 days (2014: 30 days) credit term. Based on the invoice date, ageing analysis of trade payables at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

#### 32. 貿易及其他應付款項(續)

本集團一般於30日(二零一四年:30日)之 信貸期內清償貿易應付款項。根據發票日 期,報告期末貿易應付款項的賬齡分析如 下:

# Current or less than 1 month 1 to 3 months More than 3 months but less than 12 months More than 12 months

即期或少於1個月 1至3個月 超過3個月但少於12個月

超過12個月

—————————————————————————————————————			
2015	2014		
二零一五年	二零一四年		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
千港元	千港元		
14,767	20,883		
7,474	10,943		
-	4,086		
239	489		
22,480	36,401		
	T VEX		

The Group

#### 33. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES

The Group leases a number of its motor vehicles and machinery. The average lease term is 3 years (2014: 3 years). Interest rates underlying all obligations under finance leases are fixed at respective contract dates from 2.1% to 3.8% (2014: 2.1% and 4.0%) per annum. The Group has options to purchase the equipment for a nominal amount at the end of the lease terms. No arrangements have been entered into for contingent rental payments.

#### 33. 融資租賃應付款項

本集團租賃大量車輛及機器。平均租期為三年(二零一四年:三年)。融資租賃項下所有承擔之年利率於各合約日期釐定,介乎2.1厘至3.8厘(二零一四年:2.1厘及4.0厘)。本集團有權於租期末以名義金額購買設備。並無就或然租金付款訂立任何安排。

## 33. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES (Continued)

Future lease payments are due as follows:

**The Group** 

At 31 March 2015

Within one year				
In more than one year and				
not more more than five years				

Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)

Amount due for settlement after 12 months

於一年內

超過一年但不超過五年

减:於十二個月內到期結算 之款項(列作流動 負債)

於十二個月後到期結算 之款項

# 33. 融資租賃應付款項(續)

未來租賃付款到期情況如下:

本集團

於二零一五年三月三十一日

	Future	Present value of minimum
Minimum lease	finance	lease
payments	charges	payments
		最低租賃款
最低租賃款	未來融資開支	之現值
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元
5,239	303	4,936
4,790	117	4,673
10,029	420	9,609
		(4,936)
		4,673

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

## 33. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES (Continued)

The Group (Continued)

At 31 March 2014

# 33. 融資租賃應付款項(續)

本集團(續)

於二零一四年三月三十一日

				Present value
			Future	of minimum
		Minimum lease	finance	lease
		payments	charges	payments
				最低租賃款
		最低租賃款	未來融資開支	② 之現值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	<i>千港元</i>
Within one year	於一年內	3,572	227	3,345
In more than one year and	超過一年但不超過五年			
not more more than five years		4,186	149	4,037
		//	9	
		7,758	376	7,382
Less: Amount due for settlement	減:於十二個月內到期結算	1,100	010	7,002
within 12 months (shown	之款項(列作流動			
under current liabilities)	負債)			(2.245)
under current liabilities)	只识/			(3,345)
Amount due for settlement	於十二個月後到期結算			
after 12 months	之款項			4,037

# 34. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### 34. 僱員福利

# The Group 本集團

Liabilities for employee benefits comprise: Annual leave entitlement Long service payments entitlement

僱員福利負債包括以下項目:

年假權利 長期服務金權利

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
895	635
1,674	1,460
2,569	2,095

#### 35. BANK OVERDRAFT

#### **The Group**

Bank overdraft was secured by corporate guarantee executed by Shunleetat (BVI) Limited, which is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung, a director of the Company, the charges over the properties held by Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung and personal guarantee provided by Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung and bear interest at Hong Kong Dollars' best lending rate less 1.5% per annum.

#### **36. PROMISSORY NOTE**

#### **The Group**

A promissory note with a principal amount of HK\$45,040,000 was issued by Profit Station Limited ("Profit Station"), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company on 11 August 2011 (the "Issue Date") upon the completion of the acquisition of 17% of equity interests in China New Media (HK) Company Limited. The promissory note was unsecured, carried interest at the rate of 3% per annum and matured on 11 August 2014. Profit Station might early redeem all or part of the promissory note at any time from the Issue Date. Unless previously redeemed, Profit Station will redeem the promissory note on its maturity date.

#### 35. 銀行诱支

#### 本集團

銀行透支乃由Shunleetat (BVI) Limited (由 本公司董事簡國祥先生全資及實益擁有) 簽立之企業擔保、對簡國祥先生所持有之 物業之押記及簡國祥先生提供之個人擔保 作抵押,並按港元最優惠利率減每年1.5厘 計息。

## 36. 承兑票據

#### 本集團

本公司之直接全資附屬公司Profit Station Limited (「Profit Station」)於二零一一年 八月十一日(「發行日期」)完成收購中國新 媒體(香港)有限公司之17%股本權益後發 行本金額為45.040.000港元之承兑票據。承 兑票據為無抵押、按年利率3%計息及於二 零一四年八月十一日到期。Profit Station可 於發行日期後任何時間提前贖回全部或部 分承兑票據。除非之前已被贖回,否則Profit Station將於其到期日贖回承兑票據。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

#### **36. PROMISSORY NOTE** (Continued)

#### The Group (Continued)

On 11 August 2014 (the "Renewal Date"), Profit Station has entered into an extension agreement with the noteholder of the promissory note pursuant to which the maturity date of the promissory note was extended from 11 August 2014 to 11 August 2017 and the extended promissory note will be non-interest bearing with effect from 11 August 2014 till 11 August 2017. Furthermore, the noteholder has agreed to waive the interest accrued on the promissory note amounting to approximately HK\$4,054,000 (note 7) for the period from 11 August 2011 to 11 August 2014. Except the abovementioned, other terms and conditions of the promissory note remain unchanged.

#### 36. 承兑票據(續)

#### 本集團(續)

於二零一四年八月十一日(「更新日期」), Profit Station與承兑票據之票據持有人已訂立延長協議,據此,承兑票據之到期日自二零一四年八月十一日延長至二零一七年八月十一日,且經延長之承兑票據將自二零一四年八月十一日起至二零一七年八月十一日止免息。此外,票據持有人已同意免除承兑票據自二零一一年八月十一日至二零一四年八月十一日期間產生之利息約4,054,000港元(附註7)。除上述者外,承兑票據之其他條款及條件維持不變。

# The Group 本集團

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
44,609	43,440
917	2,520
(486)	(1,351)
(8,708)	_
1,748	
38,080	44,609

At the beginning of the year Interest charged at effective interest rate of 5.744% Interest payable Gains arising on extension of promissory note Interest charged on effective interest rate of 7.423%

At the end of the year

於年初 按實際利率5.744%計算 之利息開支 應付利息 延長承兑票據產生之收益

按實際利率7.423%計算

之利息開支

於年末

#### **36. PROMISSORY NOTE** (Continued)

#### The Group (Continued)

Interest expenses on the promissory note are calculated using the effective interest method by applying effective interest rate of 5.744% from 1 April 2014 to 11 August 2014.

Upon the extension, the fair value of the liability component of the extended promissory note was reassessed and calculated using an equivalent market interest rate for an equivalent instrument at the Renewal Date. The fair value of the liability component of the extended promissory note at the Renewal Date amounted to approximately HK\$36,332,000. The fair value is calculated using discounted cash flow method at a rate of 7,423%.

#### 37. CONVERTIBLE NOTES

#### The Group and the Company

On 9 December 2011, the Company issued convertible notes with the principal amount of approximately HK\$607,030,000, carried interest at the rate of 5% per annum as part of the consideration for the acquisition of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific. Each note entitles the holder to convert to ordinary shares at a conversion price of approximately HK\$0.196 per share.

Conversion may occur at any time between 9 December 2011 and 8 December 2014. If the notes have not been converted, the Company will redeem on 9 December 2014 at the outstanding principal amount. Interest of 5% per annum will be paid annually until the notes are converted or redeemed.

#### 36. 承兑票據(續)

#### 本集團(續)

承兑票據之利息開支乃採用實際利率法, 及自二零一四年四月一日至二零一四年八 月十一日按實際利率5.744%計算。

於延長後,經延長承兑票據負債部份之公平 值已經重估, 並以等價工具於更新日期之等 值市場利率計算。於更新日期,經延長承兑 票據負債部份之公平值為約36,332,000港 元。公平值乃以貼現現金流量法按7.423% 之利率計算。

### 37. 可換股票據

#### 本集團及本公司

於二零一一年十二月九日,本公司發行本 金額為約607,030,000港元,按年息率5%計 息之可換股票據,作為收購新華電視亞太 台之部分代價。每份票據賦予持有人權利 按每股股份約0.196港元之兑換價兑換為普 涌股。

可換股票據可於二零一一年十二月九日至 二零一四年十二月八日期間內隨時兑換。 倘票據尚未兑換,本公司將於二零一四年 十二月九日贖回未行使本金額。每年5%之 利息將須每年支付, 直至其獲兑換或贖回。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

#### **37. CONVERTIBLE NOTES** (Continued)

#### The Group and the Company (Continued)

On 9 December 2014, the Company entered into the supplemental deed with China Xinhua NNC pursuant to which the Company and China Xinhua NNC agreed to amend certain terms and conditions of the convertible notes, where (i) the maturity date of the convertible notes will be extended for 3 years and the conversion period will accordingly be extended for 3 years to 9 December 2017; and (ii) the interest rate of the convertible notes will be amended from 5% per annum to 3% per annum for the extended period, being from 9 December 2014 to 9 December 2017.

The convertible notes contains two components, liability and equity components. The equity component is presented in equity heading "convertible notes equity reserves". The effective interest rates of the liability component are 6.64% from 9 December 2011 to 9 December 2014 and 15.98% from 9 December 2014 to 9 December 2017 respectively.

#### 37. 可換股票據(續)

#### 本集團及本公司(續)

於二零一四年十二月九日,本公司與中國 新華新聞電視網訂立補充契據,據此本公 司與中國新華新聞電視網同意修訂可換股 票據之若干條款及條件,其中的可換股票據 之到期日將延長3年,且兑換期將相應延長 3年至二零一七年十二月九日;及间延長期 間(即二零一四年十二月九日至二零一七 年十二月九日)之可換股票據之利率將由 每年5%修訂為每年3%。

可換股票據由兩個部分組成,分別為負債 及權益部分。權益部分於權益中「可換股票 據權益儲備」項下呈列。負債部分之實際利 率為分別自二零一一年十二月九日至二零 一四年十二月九日為6.64%及自二零一四 年十二月九日至二零一七年十二月九日為 15.98%。

HK\$'000

Equity component at 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日之 權益部分	67,505
convertible notes	<u>-</u>	(13,339)
Deferred tax liability arising on extension of	延長可換股票據產生之遞延税項負債	
convertible notes		80,844
Recognition of equity component on extension of	延長可換股票據時確認之權益部分	
convertible notes		(7,932)
Transfer to accumulated losses upon mature of	可換股票據到期後轉撥至累計虧損	
Conversion of convertible notes	兑換可換股票據	(7,731)
and 1 April 2014	二零一四年四月一日之權益部分	15,663
Equity component at 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日及	
Conversion of convertible notes	兑換可換股票據 	(1,718)
Equity component at 1 April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日之權益部分	17,381
		千港元
		πλφ 000

#### 37. CONVERTIBLE NOTES (Continued)

#### The Group and the Company (Continued)

#### 37. 可換股票據(續)

#### 本集團及本公司(續)

		HK\$'000 千港元
Liability component at 1 April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日之負債部分	592,787
Interest charged calculated at an effective	按實際利率6.64%計算之利息開支	
interest rate of 6.64%		39,278
Interest payable	應付利息	(29,420)
Conversion of convertible notes	兑換可換股票據	(59,411)
	** = m/===   == =	
Liability component at 31 March 2014 and	於二零一四年三月三十一日及	
1 April 2014	二零一四年四月一日之負債部分	543,234
Interest charged calculated at an effective	按實際利率6.64%計算之利息開支	
interest rate of 6.64%	2121	12,791
Interest payable	應付利息	(7,519)
Conversion of convertible notes	兑换可换股票據 	(271,476)
Liability component at 9 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月九日延長前之	
before extension	負債部分	277,030
Recognition of equity component	延長可換股票據時確認之權益部分	
on extension of convertible notes		(80,844)
Interest charged calculated at an effective	按實際利率15.98%計算之利息開支	
interest rate of 15.98%		9,706
Interest payable	應付利息	(2,566)
Liability component at 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日	
Liability Component at 31 March 2013	カーマーム サニカニ I ローター	203,326
	<b>一大はポル</b>	200,020

On 31 October 2013, Proud Glory Investments Limited ("Proud Glory"), a holder of the convertible notes agreed to waive the payment of convertible notes interests incurred from 9 December 2012 to 8 December 2014 in order to support the development of the business of the Company. As such, the convertible notes interests waived for the period from 9 December 2012 to 31 March 2014 amounted to approximately HK\$10,839,000. Proud Glory has disposed part of the convertible notes, with waiver of interests, to an independent third party during the year ended 31 March 2014.

於二零一三年十月三十一日,傲榮投資有 限公司(「傲榮」)(可換股票據持有人)同 意免除自二零一二年十二月九日至二零 一四年十二月八日產生之可換股票據利息 付款,以支持本公司之業務發展。因此,自 二零一二年十二月九日至二零一四年三月 三十一日期間免除之可換股票據利息金額 為約10.839,000港元。截至二零一四年三 月三十一日止年度,傲榮已向一名獨立第 三方出售部份可換股票據(附帶免除之利 息)。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

## **37. CONVERTIBLE NOTES** (Continued)

#### The Group and the Company (Continued)

On 30 October 2013, China Xinhua NNC agreed to waive the payment of convertible notes interests incurred from 9 December 2012 to 8 December 2013 amounting to approximately HK\$19,852,000 in order to support the development of the business of the Company.

#### 38. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

#### **The Group**

# 37. 可換股票據(續)

#### 本集團及本公司(續)

於二零一三年十月三十日,中國新華新聞電視網同意免除自二零一二年十二月九日至二零一三年十二月八日產生之可換股票據利息付款約19,852,000港元,以支持本公司之業務發展。

#### 38. 遞延税項負債

#### 本集團

		Intangible assets 無形資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Convertible notes 可換股票據 HK\$'000 千港元	Accelerated depreciation allowances 加速折舊撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Unrealised income 未變現收益 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2013 (Credited)/charged to profit or	於二零一三年四月一日 (計入)/扣除年內損益	80,946	1,635	2,587	-	85,168
loss for the year (note 15)	(附註15)	(54,043)	(1,635)	263	(327)	(55,742)
At 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日及					
Recognised directly in equity (Credited)/charged to profit or loss	二零一四年四月一日 直接於權益確認 (計入)/扣除年內損益	26,903 -	13,339	2,850 -	(327)	29,426 13,339
for the year (note 15)	(附註15)	(3,623)	(1,178)	(329)	327	(4,803)
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日	23,280	12,161	2,521		37,962

## 38. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### **The Company**

# 38. 遞延税項負債(續)

#### 本公司

		Accelerated		
		depreciation	Convertible	
		allowances	notes	Total
		加速折舊撥備	可換股票據	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At1 April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	57	1,635	1,692
Credited to profit or loss for the year	計入年內損益	(57)	(1,635)	(1,692)
At 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日			
	及二零一四年四月一日	0 /-	_	66 - I
Recognised directly in equity	直接於權益確認	_	13,339	13,339
Credited to profit or loss for the year	計入年內損益	<u> </u>	(1,178)	(1,178)
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日		12,161	12,161

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$66,725,000 (2014: approximately HK\$34,574,000) available for offset against future profits that may be carried forward indefinitely. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profits streams.

於報告期末,本集團有未動用税項虧 損約66,725,000港元(二零一四年:約 34,574,000港元)可用作抵銷可無限期結轉 之未來溢利。由於未來溢利流量難以預測, 故並無就税項虧損確認遞延税項資產。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

#### 39. SHARE CAPITAL

#### The Group and the Company

#### 39. 股本

**Notes** R(+ ±+

#### 本集團及本公司

**Number of** 

-b-w--

**Nominal** 

....

		附註	shares	value
			股份數目	面值
			At HK\$0.001 each	HK\$'000
			每股0.001港元	千港元
Authorised:	法定:			
At 1 April 2013, 31 March	於二零一三年四月一日、			
2014, 1 April 2014 and	二零一四年三月三十一日、			
31 March 2015	二零一四年四月一日及			
	二零一五年三月三十一日		500,000,000,000	500,000
				0 //
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:			
At 1 April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日		1,674,735,664	1,674
•	根據兑換可換股票據		1,074,733,004	1,074
Issue of shares pursuant to				
the conversion of	發行股份	(0)	006 100 440	2006
convertible notes		(a)	306,122,448	306
At 31 March 2014 and	於二零一四年三月三十一日及			
1 April 2014	二零一四年四月一日		1,980,858,112	1,980
Issue of shares pursuant to	根據配售發行股份			
the placing		(b)	334,900,000	335
Issue of shares pursuant to	根據兑換可換股票據			
the conversions of	發行股份			
convertible notes		(C)	1,377,551,019	1,378
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日		3,693,309,131	3,693

#### Notes:

On 28 January 2014, a holder of convertible notes exercised its conversion right to convert part of the principal amount of HK\$40,000,000 into 204,081,632 shares. The excess of the conversion price over the nominal value of shares of approximately HK\$204,000, was credited to share premium of the Company.

On 13 March 2014, China Xinhua NNC, a holder of convertible notes, exercised its conversion right to convert part of the principal amount of HK\$20,000,000 into 102,040,816 shares. The excess of the conversion price over the nominal value of shares of approximately HK\$102,000, was credited to share premium of the Company.

#### 附註:

(a) 於二零一四年一月二十八日, 一名可換股票 據持有人行使其兑換權以將部份本金金額 40,000,000港元兑换為204,081,632股股份。 兑換價超出股份面值之金額約204,000港元已 計入本公司之股份溢價。

> 於二零一四年三月十三日,中國新華新聞電 視網(一名可換股票據持有人)行使其兑換 權以將部份本金金額20,000,000港元兑換為 102,040,816股股份。兑换價超出股份面值之 金額約102,000港元已計入本公司之股份溢

#### 39. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

#### The Group and the Company (Continued)

Notes:

- (b) On 17 July 2014, 334,900,000 shares of HK\$0,001 each were issued by way of placing at a price of HK\$0.25 per share for cash consideration of approximately HK\$83,725,000 for the purpose of the Group's business development, payment of registered capital of a subsidiary incorporated in the PRC, repayment of unsecured and non-interest bearing advances from certain directors of the Company and general working capital of the Company. The excess of the placing price over the nominal value of the shares issued was credited to the share premium of the Company.
- On 26 May 2014, APT Satellite TV Development Limited, a holder of convertible notes, exercised its conversion right to convert the principal amount of HK\$35,000,000 into 178,571,429 shares. The excess of the conversion price over the nominal value of shares of approximately HK\$179,000, was credited to share premium of the Company.

On 26 May 2014, China Xinhua NNC, a holder of convertible notes, exercised its conversion right to convert the principal amount of HK\$20.000.000 into 102.040.816 shares. The excess of the conversion price over the nominal value of shares of approximately HK\$102,000, was credited to share premium of the Company.

On 18 July 2014, a holder of convertible notes exercised its conversion right to convert the principal amount of HK\$60,000,000 into 306,122,448 shares. The excess of the conversion price over the nominal value of shares of approximately HK\$306,000, was credited to share premium of the Company.

On 27 August 2014, a holder of convertible notes, exercised its conversion right to convert the principal amount of HK\$47,560,000 into 242,653,061 shares. The excess of the conversion price over the nominal value of shares of approximately HK\$243,000, was credited to share premium of the Company.

On 27 August 2014, Proud Glory, a holder of convertible notes, exercised its conversion right to convert the principal amount of HK\$27,440,000 into 140,000,000 shares. The excess of the conversion price over the nominal value of shares of approximately HK\$140,000 was credited to share premium of the Company.

On 22 September 2014, China Xinhua NNC, a holder of convertible notes, exercised its conversion right to convert part of the principal amount of HK\$80.000.000 into 408.163.265 shares. The excess of the conversion price over the nominal value of shares, of approximately HK\$408,000, was credited to share premium of the Company.

#### 39. 股本(續)

#### 本集團及本公司(續)

附註:

- (b) 於二零一四年十月十十日, 诱過配售方式 按每股0.25港元之價格發行334,900,000股 每股面值0.001港元之股份,現金代價為約 83,725,000港元,用作本集團之業務發展、繳 付一間於中國註冊成立之附屬公司之註冊資 本、償還無抵押及免息之本公司若干董事墊 款及本公司之一般營運資金。配售價超出已 發行股份面值之金額已計入本公司之股份溢
- 於二零一四年五月二十六日,亞太衛視發展 有限公司(一名可換股票據持有人)行使其 兑換權以將本金金額35,000,000港元兑換為 178.571.429股股份。兑换價超出股份面值之 金額約179,000港元已計入本公司之股份溢

於二零一四年五月二十六日,中國新華新聞 電視網(一名可換股票據持有人)行使其兑 換權以將本金金額20.000.000港元兑換為 102,040,816股股份。兑换價超出股份面值之 金額約102,000港元已計入本公司之股份溢

於二零一四年七月十八日,一名可換股票據持 有人行使其兑换權以將本金金額60,000,000 港元兑换為306,122,448股股份。兑换價超出 股份面值之金額約306,000港元已計入本公司 **之股份溢價。** 

於二零一四年八月二十七日,一名可換股 票據持有人行使其兑換權以將本金金額 47,560,000港元兑换為242,653,061股股份。 兑換價超出股份面值之金額約243,000港元已 計入本公司之股份溢價。

於二零一四年八月二十七日,傲榮(一名可換 股票據持有人)行使其兑換權以將本金金額 27,440,000港元兑换為140,000,000股股份。 兑換價超出股份面值之金額約140,000港元已 計入本公司之股份溢價。

於二零一四年九月二十二日,中國新華新聞 電視網(一名可換股票據持有人)行使其兑換 權以將部份本金金額80.000.000港元兑換為 408,163,265股股份。兑换價超出股份面值之 金額約408,000港元已計入本公司之股份溢 價。

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#### **40. RESERVES**

#### **The Group**

Details of movements in capital and reserves of the Group are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 87.

## 40. 儲備

#### 本集團

本集團之資本及儲備變動之詳情載於第87 頁之綜合權益變動表。

#### **The Company**

#### 本公司

		Share premium	Convertible notes equity reserves 可換股票據	Other reserves	Accumulated losses	Total
		<b>股份溢價</b> HK\$'000 千港元	權益儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>其他儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>累計虧損</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總額</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	735,089	17,381	23,647	(828,473)	(52,356)
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of convertible notes	年內虧損及全面虧損總額 根據兑換可換股票據 發行股份	60,823	- (1,718)		(418,430)	(418,430) 59,105
At 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日 及二零一四年四月一日	795,912	15,663	23,647	(1,246,903)	(411,681)
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year Issue of shares pursuant to placing	年內虧損及全面虧損總額 根據配售發行股份	- 83,390	- -		(60,130)	(60,130) 83,390
Transaction costs attributable to issue of ordinary shares pursuant to placing Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of	根據配售發行普通股 應佔交易成本 根據兑換可換股票據	(2,118)	-	7	-	(2,118)
convertible notes  Transfer to accumulated losses upon	發行股份 可換股票據到期後轉撥至	277,829	(7,731)	-	-	270,098
mature of convertible notes Recognition of convertible notes equity	累計虧損 延長可換股票據時	_	(7,932)	-	7,932	-
reserves on extension of convertible notes  Deferred tax liability arising on extension	確認可換股票據權益儲備延長可換股票據產生之	-	80,844	-	-	80,844
of convertible notes	遞延税項負債		(13,339)			(13,339)
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日	1,155,013	67,505	23,647	(1,299,101)	(52,936)

# 40. RESERVES (Continued)

# 40. 儲備(續)

The following describes the nature and purpose of each reserve within owners' equity:

下文描述擁有人權益中各個儲備的性質及 目的:

Reserve 儲備	Description and purpose 描述及目的
Share premium	Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company is distributable to the shareholders provided that immediately following that date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts when they fall due in the ordinary course of business.
股份溢價	根據開曼群島公司法,本公司股份溢價可供分派予股東,惟緊隨擬派付股息之日期後,本公司將能夠支付日常業務過程中到期的債務。
Foreign currency translation reserves	Foreign currency translation reserves represent foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 4(s).
外幣換算儲備	外幣換算儲備指換算境外業務之財務報表所產生之外匯匯兑差額。該儲備根據附註4(s)載列之會計政策處理。
Other reserves	Other reserves of the Company represent the difference between the consolidated net assets of the subsidiaries at the date on which they were acquired by the Company and the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition at the time of the reorganisation.
其他儲備	本公司的其他儲備指附屬公司被本公司收購之日的綜合資產淨值與本公司於重組之時就收購發行之股份的面值之差額。
Accumulated losses 累計虧損	Cumulative net losses recognised in profit or loss. 於損益中確認之累計虧損淨額。

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#### 41. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT

The share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed at a Board meeting held on 11 August 2010 for the primary purpose of providing incentives or rewards to participants for their contribution to the Group. The Share Option Scheme will expire on 10 August 2020. Under the Share Option Scheme, the Board may grant options to the Directors, employees, non-executive directors of the Company, suppliers of goods and services, customers, advisors and consultants, shareholders or any of its subsidiaries for the primary purpose of providing incentives to them, to subscribe for shares in the Company with the payment of HK\$1 per offer.

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of listing of the shares unless the Company obtains the approval of the shareholders in general meeting for refreshing such 10% limit, in which case the total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company as "refreshed" shall not exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue as at the date of the approval of the shareholders on the refreshment of the limit. The number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. Options granted to substantial shareholders or independent non-executive directors in excess of 0.1% of the Company's share capital or with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders.

#### 41. 以股份為基礎之付款

本公司根據於二零一零年八月十一日舉行 之董事會會議通過之決議案採納購股權計 劃(「購股權計劃」),主要旨在就參與者對 本集團之貢獻向彼等提供鼓勵或獎勵。購 股權計劃將於二零二零年八月十日屆滿。 根據購股權計劃,董事會可向本公司董事、 僱員、非執行董事、貨品及服務之供應商、 客戶、顧問及諮詢公司、股東或其任何附屬 公司授出購股權,主要旨在向彼等提供鼓 勵,以透過每份要約支付1港元之方式認購 本公司股份。

根據購股權計劃可能授出之購股權所涉及 股份總數,不得超過於股份上市日期本公 司之已發行股份的10%,惟本公司於股東大 會上獲股東批准更新有關10%限額除外。在 此情況下,根據「經更新」購股權計劃及本 公司任何其他購股權計劃可能授出之購股 權所涉及股份總數,不得超過股東批准更 新限額當日已發行股份總數的10%。在未 獲得本公司股東事先批准的情況下,於任 何一年內可能向任何人士授出之購股權所 涉及股份數目,不得超過本公司於任何時 間之已發行股份的1%。倘授予主要股東或 獨立非執行董事之購股權超過本公司股本 之0.1%或價值超過5,000,000港元,則有關 購股權之授予須獲本公司股東事先批准。

#### 41. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT (Continued)

Options granted must be taken up within 21 business days of the date of grant, upon payment of HK\$1 per each grant of options. Options may be exercised in whole or in part by the grantee (or his legal personal representatives) at any time before the expiry of the period to be determined and notified by the board to the grantee which in any event shall not be longer than ten years commencing on the date of the offer letter and expiring on the last day of such ten-year period subject to the provisions for early termination as contained in the Share Option Scheme. The exercise price is determined by the Directors and will not be less than the highest of the closing price of the Shares on the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, the average closing prices of the Shares on the Stock Exchange on the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the options or the nominal value of the Shares.

All share-based employee compensation will be settled in equity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options other than by issuing the shares.

During the years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014, no share option was granted, exercised, expired or lapsed and there is no outstanding share option under the Share Option Scheme.

### 41. 以股份為基礎之付款(續)

授出的購股權須於授出日期起計21個營業 日內獲接納,並須就每次授出購股權支付 1港元。承授人(或其法定遺產代理人)可 於董事會釐定及通知承授人的期間(無論 如何不得長於自要約函件日期起計十年並 將於該十年期間的最後一日屆滿,惟可透 過購股權計劃所載之提前終止條文予以調 整) 屆滿前之任何時間內行使全部或部分 購股權。行使價由董事釐定,並將不低於以 下三項之最高者:股份於授出日期在聯交 所所報之收市價;股份於緊接購股權授出 日期前五個交易日在聯交所所報之平均收 市價;或股份之面值。

所有以股份為基礎支付之僱員薪酬將計入 權益。除發行股份外,本集團並無任何法定 或推定責任購回或支付購股權。

截至二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一 日止年度,概無購股權獲授出、獲行使、屆 滿或失效,且購股權計劃項下並無尚未行 使之購股權。

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#### 42. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

#### 42. 經營和賃承擔

# The Group as lessee 本集團作為承租人

2015 2014 二零一五年 二零一四年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 19,127 19,870

Minimum lease payments paid under operating leases during the year

年內根據經營租賃已付 之最低租賃款

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under noncancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

於報告期末,本集團根據不可撤銷經營租賃 承擔之未來最低租賃款之到期情況如下:

Within one year		一年內
In the second to fifth years in	clusive	第二年至第五年內
		(包括首尾兩年
Over five years		超過五年

The Group 本集團			The Co 本分	
	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
	16,480	16,361	24	24
	33,024 5,542	33,548 9,333	34 	57 
	55,046	59,242	58	81

Operating leases related to office property, director's quarter, certain office equipment, television broadcasting right, the use of satellite capacity and broadcasting services with lease term of between 1 to 10 years (2014: 1 to 10 years). All operating lease contracts contain market review clauses in the event that the Group exercises its option to renew. The Group does not have an option to purchase the leased asset at the expiry of the lease period.

辦公室物業、董事宿舍、若干辦公室設備、 電視播放權、衛星用量及播放服務之經營 租賃之租賃期介平一年至十年(二零一四 年:一年至十年)。所有經營租賃合約均包 含市場檢討條款,容許本集團行使其續約 權。本集團於租約期滿後無權購買租賃資 產。

#### 43. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

## 43. 資本承擔

**The Group** 本集團

2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元

2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元

3,480

2014

Commitments for the acquisition of 收購物業、廠房及設備之承擔 property, plant and equipment

# 44. 重大關連方交易

除於綜合財務報表其他部分所披露者外, 截至二零一五年三月三十一日及二零一四 年三月三十一日止年度,本集團與關連方 已訂立下列重大交易,本公司董事認為該 等交易乃按正常商業條款,並於本集團一 般日常業務過程中進行。

2015

(a) 年內,本集團訂立以下重大關連方交 易:

#### 44. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, during the years ended 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014, the Group had entered into the following material transactions with related parties which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, were conducted on normal commercial terms and in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

(a) During the year, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions:

Related party relationship 關連方關係	Type of transaction 交易類型	二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
A company that Mr. Chia Kar Hin, Eric John ("Mr. Chia") had material interest	Service fee for announcement posting agreement	9	9
謝嘉軒先生(「謝先生」) 擁有重大權益之公司	公佈張貼協議服務費		
	Company secretarial fees paid 已付公司秘書費用	51	53
A company that the spouse of Mr. Chia had material interest 謝先生之配偶擁有重大權益之公司	Legal and professional fee paid 已付法律及專業費用	35	56

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# 44. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

# 44. 重大關連方交易(續)

(Continued)

(a) (Continued)

(a) (續)

Related party relationship 關連方關係	Type of transaction 交易類型	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
China Xinhua NNC 中國新華新聞電視網	Annual fee for television broadcasting right (note (i)) 電視播放權年費 (附註(i))	1,000	1,000
	Advertisement broadcasting income (note (ii)) 廣告播放收入(附註(ii))	-	9,332
	Waiver of the interests on convertible notes <i>(note (iii))</i> 免除可換股票據之利息 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	-	19,852
	Accrued interests on convertible notes (note (iv)) 可換股票據之應計利息 (附註(iv))	10,085	19,542
CNC China 中國新華電視網(中國)	Advertising income (note (v)) 廣告收入 (附註(v))	2,578	2,248
A company that Dr. Lee Yuk Lun ("Dr. Lee") had material interest 李鋈麟博士(「李博士」) 擁有重大權益之公司	Waiver of interests on convertible notes <i>(note (iii))</i> 免除可換股票據之利息 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	-	10,839
	Accrued interests on convertible notes <i>(note (iv))</i> 可換股票據之應計利息 <i>(附註(iv))</i>		8,131

#### 44. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(a) (Continued)

Notes:

- Pursuant to the agreements signed between the Group and (i) China Xinhua NNC on 5 September 2011, China Xinhua NNC granted the television broadcasting right to Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific for the period form 1 September 2011 to 31 August 2021 on an exclusive basis with an annual fee of HK\$1,000,000 payable by Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific to China Xinhua NNC prior to 31 December 2016, and HK\$3,000,000 payable by Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific to China Xinhua NNC with effect from 1 January 2017. The transactions constituted continuing connected transactions under the GEM Listing Rules.
- Pursuant to the advertisement broadcasting contract signed between the Group and China Xinhua NNC on 24 August 2012, China Xinhua NNC has agreed to pay Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific, in cash, 50% of any amount that CNC China receives as the economic entitlement of CNC China under the advertisement operation cooperation contract ("Advertisement Operation Cooperation Contract") dated 23 May 2011 entered into between CNC China and AVIC Culture Co., Limited ("AVIC Culture") relating to the grant of the exclusive right by CNC China to AVIC Culture for the promotion and operation of 58% of the advertising resources of the China Xinhua News Network World Channel (the "CNC Channel") (Chinese) and CNC Channel (English) (collectively the "CNC Channels") which are developed and currently maintained by China Xinhua NNC ("Partial Advertisement Operation Right"), for the period from 25 May 2011 to 25 August 2016, being a guaranteed fixed fee of RMB90 million plus 40% of the part of advertising revenue derived from the Partial Advertisement Operation Right in excess of RMB90 million during the term of the Advertisement Operation Cooperation Contract. The transactions constituted continuing connected transactions under the GEM Listing Rules

#### 44. 重大關連方交易(續)

(a) (續)

附註:

- 根據本集團與中國新華新聞電視網於 (i) 二零一一年九月五日簽訂之協議,中國 新華新聞電視網向新華電視亞太台授 予獨家電視播放權,獨家電視播放權自 二零一一年九月一日起至二零二一年 八月三十一日止。於二零一六年十二月 三十一日前,新華電視亞太台應付中國 新華新聞電視網之年費為1,000,000港 元,而自二零一十年一月一日起,新華 電視亞太台應付中國新華新聞電視網之 年費則為3,000,000港元。該等交易已構 成創業板上市規則項下之持續關連交 易。
- 根據本集團與中國新華新聞電視網於 二零一二年八月二十四日簽訂的廣告 播放合約,中國新華新聞電視網已同意 以現金向新華電視亞太台支付根據中 國新華電視網(中國)與中航文化股份 有限公司(「中航文化」)於二零一一年 五月二十三日訂立之廣告經營合作協議 (「廣告經營合作協議」)(內容有關中國 新華新聞電視網(中國)授予中航文化 之獨家經營權(「部分廣告經營權」), 以就由中國新華新聞電視網發展並於目 前保持的中國新華新聞電視網環球頻 道(「中國新華新聞電視網頻道」)中文 台及英文台(統稱「CNC頻道」)58%的 廣告資源進行推廣和經營,期限由二零 ——年五月二十五日至二零一六年八月 二十五日)項下中國新華電視網(中國) 接收作為中國新華新聞電視網(中國) 經濟利益之任何款額之50%,包括保底 固定收費人民幣90,000,000元,另加於 廣告經營合作協議期限內就部分廣告經 營權項下所獲得之廣告收入超出人民幣 90,000,000元之部分收取40%。該等交 易已構成創業板上市規則項下之持續關 連交易。

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# 44. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(a) (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(ii) (Continued)

On 21 May 2014, AVIC Culture and CNC China have mutually agreed in writing to terminate the Advertisement Operation Cooperation Contract. As such, AVIC Culture will not settle the remaining amount of advertising fee due to CNC China which would then be paid to China Xinhua NNC and the Group. Accordingly, CNC China, China Xinhua NNC and the Group have mutually agreed to terminate the agreement concluded by CNC China and China Xinhua NNC and the Advertisement Broadcasting Contract concluded by the Group and China Xinhua NNC respectively on the same day. Details of the termination were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 28 May 2014.

- (iii) During the year ended 31 March 2014, China Xinhua NNC and Proud Glory, a company in which Dr. Lee has had material interests in, have waived the interests on convertible notes of approximately HK\$19,852,000 for the period from 9 December 2012 to 8 December 2013 and approximately HK\$10,839,000 for the period from 9 December 2012 to 31 March 2014 respectively.
- (iv) During the year ended 31 March 2015, the convertible notes interests payable to China Xinhua NNC and Proud Glory were amounted to approximately HK\$10,085,000 (2014: approximately HK\$19,542,000) and HK\$nil (2014: approximately HK\$8,131,000) respectively.

# 44. 重大關連方交易(續)

(a) (*續*)

附註:(續)

(ii) (*續*)

於二零一四年五月二十一日,中航文化與中國新華新聞電視網(中國)以書面形式共同協定,終止廣告經營合作協。有鑑於此,中航文化將不再支付給中國新華新聞電視網(中國)之廣告時段款項之餘款。因此,中國新華新聞電視網(中國)、中國新華新聞電視網(中國)、中國新華新聞電視網(中國)、中國新華新聞電視網(中國)及本集團經共同協定,分別別別別。以上中國新華新聞電視網達成之協議以上中國新華新聞電視網達成之協議以上中國新華新聞電視網達成之協議以上中國新華新聞電視網達成之協議以上中國新華新聞電視網達成之廣點,是國及中國新華新聞電視網達成之協議以上十八日之公佈。

- (iii) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,中國新華新聞電視網及傲榮(一間李博士擁有重大權益之公司)已免除二零一二年十二月九日至二零一三年十二月九日至二零一四年三月三十一日期間分別約19,852,000港元及約10,839,000港元之可換股票據之利息。
- (iv) 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度·應付中國新華新聞電視網及傲榮之可換股票據利息款額分別約為10,085,000港元(二零一四年:約19,542,000港元)及零港元(二零一四年:約8,131,000港元)。

# 44. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(a) (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

On 22 July 2013, the Company and CNC China entered into the channel resources usage framework agreement (the "CRU Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company will and will procure its subsidiaries to provide advertising resources on the television channels controlled by the Company to CNC China and its associates for the advertisement businesses of independent third party clients undertook by them. As consideration, CNC China will pay the Group certain percentage of the advertisement broadcasting fees (after deducting applicable PRC taxes) for using such advertising resources based on the terms and conditions of each agreement. The CRU Framework Agreement will have a term of 3 years ending on 31 March 2016. The transactions constituted continuing connected transactions under the GEM Listina Rules.

One of the directors of the Company, Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung ("Mr. Kan"), who is also a shareholder of the Company, has provided personal guarantee to the lessor in respect of the Group's obligations under finance lease as at the end of the reporting period as disclosed in note 33.

As at 31 March 2015, the banking facilities of the Group were secured by corporate guarantee executed by Shunleetat (BVI) Limited, which is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Kan, the charges over the properties held by Mr. Kan and personal guarantee provided by Mr. Kan.

# (b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

The key management personnel of the Group are the directors of the Company. Details of the remuneration paid to them during the year are set out in note 13.

# 44. 重大關連方交易(續)

(a) (續)

附註:(續)

(v) 於二零一三年七月二十二日,本公司與 中國新華新聞電視網(中國)訂立頻道 資源佔用框架協議(「頻道資源佔用框架 協議」),據此,本公司將並將促使其附 屬公司向中國新華新聞電視網(中國) 及其聯營公司就彼等承接之獨立第三方 客戶之廣告業務提供由本公司控制之電 視頻道之廣告資源。作為代價,中國新 華新聞電視網(中國)將根據各協議之 條款及條件,就佔用該廣告資源向本集 團支付若干百分比之廣告播放費用(經 扣除適用之中國税項)。頻道資源佔用 框架協議為期三年,將於二零一六年三 月三十一日終止。該等交易已構成創業 板上市規則項下之持續關連交易。

本公司一名董事簡國祥先生(「簡先 生1)(亦為本公司股東)已就本集團 於報告期末之融資租賃責任向出租人 提供個人擔保,詳情披露於附許33。

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集 團若干銀行融資由Shunleetat (BVI) Limited (由簡先生全資及實益擁有)簽 立之企業擔保、對簡先生所持有之物 業之押記及簡先生提供個人擔保作抵 押。

#### (b) 本集團主要管理人員薪酬

本集團主要管理人員為本公司董事。 年內已付之董事酬金詳情載於附註 13 •

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# 44. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(c) For the transactions constitutes continuing connected transactions under the GEM Listing Rules, please refer to "Connected Transactions" under "Directors' Report".

# **45. NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS**

(a) During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group entered into finance lease arrangements in respect of property, plant and equipment with a total capital value at the inception of the leases of approximately HK\$7,010,000 (2014: approximately HK\$4,830,000).

#### **46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

(a) Categories of financial instruments

# 44. 重大關連方交易(續)

(c) 有關構成創業板上市規則項下持續關 連交易之該等交易,請參閱「董事會報 告」內的「關連交易」。

# 45. 非現金交易

(a) 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團就物業、廠房及設備訂立融 資租賃安排,涉及的資本總值於租賃 開始時約為7,010,000港元(二零一四 年:約4.830.000港元)。

# 46. 金融工具

(a) 金融工具類別

# The Group

本身	長 -
2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
126,095	68,333
12,117	10,485
_	400
138,212	79,218
346,560	698,431

#### **Financial assets** 金融資產

貸款及應收款項(包括現金 Loans and receivables (including cash and 及現金等價物) cash equivalents)

透過損益按公平值入賬 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 之金融資產 Available-for-sale financial assets 可供出售金融資產

**Financial liabilities** 金融負債 Amortised costs 攤銷成本

# 46. 金融工具(續)

# (a) Categories of financial instruments (Continued)

# (a) 金融工具類別(續)

#### 本公司 2015 2014 二零一五年 二零一四年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元

122,422

582,509

**The Company** 

# **Financial assets**

Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)

# 金融資產

貸款及應收款項(包括現金 及現金等價物)

#### **Financial liabilities**

Amortised costs

# 金融負債

攤銷成本

119,574

236,870

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

Exposure to credit, liquidity and interest rate rises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group is also exposed to equity price risk arising from its equity investments in other entities and movements in its own equity share prices.

These risks are limited by the Group's financial management policies and practices described below:

# (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策

本集團於日常業務過程中面臨信貸、 流動資金及利率風險。本集團亦承受 由其他實體股本投資及自有股本股份 價格變動而產生之股本價格風險。

該等風險受到下述之本集團金融風險 管理政策及慣例所限制:

# (i) Credit risk management

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

#### 信貸風險管理

本集團之信貸風險主要來自貿易 及其他應收款項以及現金及現金 等價物。管理層已設立信貸政策, 而所承擔之該等信貸風險獲持續 監控。

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# **46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### (i) Credit risk management (Continued)

Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of trade customers and, where appropriate, credit guarantee insurance cover is purchased. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group's and the Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the carrying amounts of the recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated and the Company statement of financial position.

The default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate also has an influence on credit risk but to a lesser extent. At the end of reporting period, the Group has a certain concentration of credit risk as 35% (2014: 13%) and 54% (2014: 46%) of the total trade and other receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively.

#### (ii) Liquidity risk management

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans of cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the parent company's board when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

# 46. 金融工具(續)

# (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策 (續)

# (i) 信貸風險管理(續)

本集團會對貿易客戶的財務狀況 進行持續信貸評估,並(如適用) 購買信貸擔保保險。一般而言,本 集團並無向客戶取得抵押品。

本集團及本公司之信貸風險主要 受綜合及本公司之財務狀況表所 示已確認金融資產之賬面值所影 響。

客戶經營所在行業及國家之違約 風險亦對信貸風險有所影響,但 程度較小。於報告期末,本集團之 35%(二零一四年:13%)及54% (二零一四年:46%)貿易及其他 應收款項總額分別來自本集團最 大客戶及五大客戶,故存在一定 集中之信貸風險。

# (ii) 流動資金風險管理

# 46. 金融工具(續)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
- (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

# (ii) Liquidity risk management (Continued)

# (ii) 流動資金風險管理(續)

The tables below summarise the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities at 31 March on contractual undiscounted payments:

下表根據合約未貼現款項概述本 集團及本公司金融負債於三月 三十一日之到期情况:

# **The Group**

# 本集團

						Total	Total
		On	Less than	3 to 12	Over	undiscounted	carrying
		demand	3 months	months	1 year	cash flows	amount
						未貼現現金	
		按要求	少於三個月	三至十二個月	超過一年	流量總額	賬面值總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日						
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	31,324	22,480	20,407	15,356	89,567	89,567
Finance lease payables	融資租賃應付款項	_	1,417	3,822	4,790	10,029	9,609
Bank overdraft	銀行透支	_	5,978	_	_	5,978	5,978
Promissory note	承兑票據	_	_	_	45,040	45,040	38,080
Convertible notes	可換股票據				299,397	299,397	203,326
		31,324	29,875	24,229	364,583	450,011	346,560
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日						
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	44,501	36,401	13,501	8,803	103,206	103,206
Finance lease payables	融資租賃應付款項	76 -	987	2,585	4,186	7,758	7,382
Promissory note	承兑票據	_	_	45,525		45,525	44,609
Convertible notes	可換股票據			561,199		561,199	543,234
		44,501	37,388	622,810	12,989	717,688	698,431

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# **46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

# 46. 金融工具(續)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
- (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)
- (ii) Liquidity risk management (Continued)

(ii) 流動資金風險管理(續)

**The Company** 

本公司

						Total	Total
		On	Less than	3 to 12	-	undiscounted	carrying
		demand	3 months	months	1 year	cash flows	amount
						未貼現現金	
		按要求	少於三個月	三至十二個月	超過一年	流量總額	賬面值總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日						
Accrued expenses and	應計開支及其他應付款項						
other payables		4,233	-	19,917	-	24,150	24,150
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司之款項	9,394	-	-	-	9,394	9,394
Convertible notes	可換股票據	-	-	_	299,397	299,397	203,326
		13,627		19,917	299,397	332,941	236,870
							-
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日						
Accrued expenses and	應計開支及其他應付款項						
other payables		15,655	_	9,932	_	25,587	25,587
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司之款項	13,688	_	_	- E	13,688	13,688
Convertible notes	可換股票據	_	_	561,199	_	561,199	543,234
		00.040		571 101		600,474	582,509
		29,343		571,131		000,474	002,009

# (iii) Interest rate risk management

(iii) 利率風險管理

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk for changes in interest rates to the Group's cash at bank, convertible notes, promissory note and finance lease payables. The Company manages the risk by regularly evaluating its cash flows and by repaying the bank borrowings when sufficient funds are available.

本集團因利率變動而承受之利率 風險與本集團銀行現金、可換股 票據、承兑票據及融資租賃應付 款項有關。本公司於有足夠資金 時透過定期評估其現金流量及償 還銀行借款以管理風險。

# 46. 金融工具(續)

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

# (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

# (iii) Interest rate risk management (Continued)

# (iii) 利率風險管理(續)

Interest rate profile

利率情况

The following table details interest rates analysis that the directors of the Company evaluate its interest rate risk.

下表詳述本公司董事評估其利率 風險之利率分析。

**The Group** 

本集團

		201	15	20 <sup>-</sup>	14
		_零-	-五年	二零一	-四年
		Effective		Effective	
		interest rate		interest rate	
		實際利率		實際利率	
		(%)	HK\$'000	(%)	HK\$'000
			千港元		千港元
Financial liabilities	金融負債				
Fixed rate borrowings	定息借款				
- Finance lease payables	一融資租賃應付款項	3.6	9,609	3.2	7,382
<ul> <li>Convertible notes</li> </ul>	一可換股票據	15.78	203,326	6.64	543,234
- Promissory note	一承兑票據	7.42	38,080	5.74	44,609
Floating rate borrowings	浮息借款				
- Bank overdraft	一銀行透支	3.5	5,978	-	_
Financial assets	金融資產				
Floating rate assets	浮息資產				
- Bank balances	一銀行結餘	0.01-0.87	62,156	0.01 - 0.35	20,486

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# **46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

# 46. 金融工具(續)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
- (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)
- (iii) Interest rate risk management (Continued)

(iii) 利率風險管理(續)

Interest rate profile (Continued)

利率情况(續)

**The Company** 

本公司

<b>20</b> 二零-		20 二零-	14 - 四年
Effective		Effective	
interest rate		interest rate	
實際利率		實際利率	
(%)	HK\$'000	g (%)	HK\$'000
	千港元		千港元
15.98	203,326	6.64	543,234
0.01 - 0.87	13,474	0.01 – 0.35	522

Financial liabilities	金融負債
Fixed rate borrowings	定息借款
- Convertible notes	一可換股票據
Financial assets	金融資產
Floating rate assets	浮息資產
- Bank balances	一銀行結餘

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

# (iii) Interest rate risk management (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

# The Group

At 31 March 2015, it is estimated that a general decrease or increase of 100 (2014: 100) basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would increase or decrease the Group's loss after tax by approximately HK\$562,000 (2014: HK\$205,000). There is no impact on other components of equity.

#### The Company

At 31 March 2015, it is estimated that a general decrease or increase of 100 (2014: 100) basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would increase or decrease the Company's loss after tax by approximately HK\$135,000 (2014: HK\$5,000). There is no impact on other components of equity.

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for non-derivative financial instruments in existence at that date. The 100 basis point decrease or increase represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the next annual balance sheet date. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2014.

# 46. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

# (iii) 利率風險管理(續)

敏感度分析

#### 本集團

於二零一五年三月三十一日, 估計倘利率整體下降或上升100 (二零一四年:100)基點,在所 有其他變數維持不變的情況下, 本集團的除稅後虧損將增加或減 少約562,000港元(二零一四年: 205.000港元)。概無對權益的其 他部分產生任何影響。

#### 本公司

於二零一五年三月三十一日, 估計倘利率整體下降或上升100 (二零一四年:100)基點,在所 有其他變數維持不變的情況下, 本公司的除税後虧損將增加或減 少約135,000港元(二零一四年: 5.000港元)。概無對權益的其他 部分產生任何影響。

以上敏感度分析已假設利率變動 已於報告期末發生而釐定,並已 應用於就該日所面對來自非衍生 金融工具之利率風險。100基點 減少或增加指管理層對直至下一 個年度結算日期間之利率可能合 理變動之評估。分析乃按與二零 一四年相同之基準進行。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

# **46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

# (iv) Foreign currency risk management

The group entities collect most of the revenue and incur most of the expenditures in their respective functional currencies. The directors of the Company consider that the Group's exposure to foreign currency exchange risk is insignificant as the majority of the Group's transactions are denominated in the functional currency of each individual group entity.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

# **The Group**

United States Dollars 美元 (「美元」) ("USD") Renminbi ("RMB") 人民幣 (「人民幣」)

# 46. 金融工具(續)

# (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

# (iv) 外匯風險管理

集團實體以彼等各自的功能貨幣取得大部分的收益及產生大部分的開支。由於本集團的主要交易均以各個別集團實體的功能貨幣計值,故本公司董事認為本集團的外匯風險甚微。

本集團於報告期末以外幣計值之 貨幣資產及貨幣負債之賬面值如 下:

# 本集團

	sets 產		ilities 債
2015	2014	2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2	1,839	163	546
1,370	1,712	158	

- 46. 金融工具(續)
- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
- (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)
- (iv) Foreign currency risk management (Continued)
- (iv) 外匯風險管理(續)

**The Company** 

本公司



Renminbi ("RMB") 人民幣(「人民幣」)

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

As HK\$ is pledged to USD, the Group does not expect any significant foreign currency exposure arising from the fluctuation of the HK\$ to USD exchange rates. As a result, the directors of the Company consider that the sensitivity of the Group's exposure towards the change in foreign exchange rates between HK\$ to USD is minimal.

The Company is mainly exposed to the effects of fluctuation in RMB.

外幣敏感度分析

由於港元與美元掛鈎,本集團預 期不會因港元兑美元之匯率波動 而產生任何重大外幣風險。因此, 本公司董事認為本集團對港元兑 美元之間外幣匯率變動之敏感度 屬極低。

本公司主要面對人民幣波動影響 所帶來的風險。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

# **46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
  - (iv) Foreign currency risk management (Continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis (Continued)

The following table details the Group's and the Company's sensitivity to a 5% (2014: 5%) increase and decrease in HK\$ against RMB. The sensitivity analysis includes outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit or equity where the HK\$ strengthen 5% (2014: 5%) against RMB. For a 5% (2014: 5%) weakening of the HK\$ against RMB, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit or equity, and the balances below would be negative.

**The Group** 

Profit or loss (note)

溢利或虧損(附註)

# 46. 金融工具(續)

- (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)
  - (iv) 外匯風險管理(續)

外幣敏感度分析(續)

下表詳列因應本集團及本公司對於港元兑人民幣匯率上下波動5%(二零一四年:5%)之敏感度。敏感度分析包括未償還並且以外幣計值的貨幣項目。下列之正數表示倘港元兑人民幣升值5%(二零一四年:5%),則溢利或權益將增加。倘港元兑人民幣貶值5%(二零一四年:5%),則會對溢利或權益產生等額但相反的影響,而下列結餘將會是負數。

#### 本集團

Impact of RMB 人民幣的影響

2015 二零一五年 *HK\$'000 千港元* 

(60)

2014 二零一四年 *HK\$'000 千港元* 

(86)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
  - (iv) Foreign currency risk management (Continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis (Continued)

**The Company** 

Profit or loss (note)

溢利或虧損(附註)

Note:

This is mainly attributable to the exposure outstanding on monetary items denominated in RMB not subject to cash flow hedge at the end of the reporting period.

46. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

(iv) 外匯風險管理(續)

外幣敏感度分析(續)

本公司

# **Impact of RMB** 人民幣的影響

2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 (5)

2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元

#### 附註:

此主要屬於以人民幣計值而尚未於報告 期末受現金流量對沖限制之貨幣項目之 未收回風險。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

# **46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

# (v) Other price risks

The Group is exposed to equity price risk mainly through its investment in listed equity securities. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk and return profiles. The Group's equity price risk is mainly concentrated on equity securities quoted in the Stock Exchange. In addition, the management of the Company monitor the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

# Equity price sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk at the end of the reporting period. If the equity price had been 5% higher/lower (2014: 5% higher/lower), post-tax loss for the year ended 31 March 2015 would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$606,000 (2014: approximately HK\$524,000). This is mainly due to the changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

# 46. 金融工具(續)

# (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

# (v) 其他價格風險

本集團主要透過於上市股本證券 之投資令其承受股價風險。管理 層透過維持不同風險及回報狀況 之投資組合以管理此類風險。本 集團之股價風險主要集中於聯交 所報價之股本證券。此外,本公司 管理層監察價格風險,並將於有 需要時考慮作出風險對沖。

# 股價敏感度分析

下文之敏感度分析乃基於報告期末所面對之股價風險而釐定。倘股價上升/下降5%(二零一四年:上升/下降5%),則截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之除税後虧損將減少/增加約606,000港元(二零一四年:約524,000港元),乃主要由於透過損益按公平值入賬之金融資產之公平值變動所致。

#### (c) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices and ask prices respectively.
- The fair values of derivative instruments are calculated using quoted prices. Where such prices are not available, a discounted cash flow analysis is performed using the applicable yield curve for the duration of the instruments for non-optional derivatives, and option pricing models for optional derivatives.
- The fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding those described above) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

# 46. 金融工具(續)

# (c) 金融工具之公平值

金融資產及金融負債之公平值乃按以 下準則釐定:

- 具有標準條款及條件並於活躍市 場買賣之金融資產及金融負債, 乃分別參考所報市場買盤價及賣 盤價釐定公平值。
- 衍生工具之公平值按報價計算。 倘未能獲得有關價格,則以非期 權衍生工具之工具期限的適用孳 息曲線,以及期權衍生工具的期 權定價模式進行貼現現金流量分 析。
- 其他金融資產及金融負債(不包 括上述者)之公平值乃根據使用 貼現現金流量分析之普遍採納定 價模式釐定。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

# **46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

# (c) Fair value of financial instruments (Continued)

Except as detailed in the following table, the directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their fair values:

# **The Group**

#### **Financial liabilities** 金融負債 Convertible notes 可換股票據 承兑票據 Promissory note

# **The Company**

**Financial liabilities** 金融負債 Convertible notes 可換股票據

# 46. 金融工具(續)

# (c) 金融工具之公平值(續)

除下表所詳述者外,本公司董事認為, 於綜合財務報表中確認之金融資產及 金融負債之賬面值與其公平值相若:

#### 本集團

201	15	2014	4	
二零一	·五年	二零一四年		
Carrying		Carrying		
amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
賬面值	公平值	賬面值	公平值	
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
203,326	167,128	543,234	541,592	
38,080	26,331	44,609	45,016	

# 本公司

<b>賬面值 公平值</b> 賬面值 公平值				
Carrying Carrying amount Fair value amount Fair value 賬面值 公平值				
amountFair valueamountFair value賬面值公平值賬面值公平值	一令一五十	一令 四十		
賬面值   公平值   賬面值   公平值	Carrying	Carrying		
	amount Fair value	amount Fair value		
HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000	賬面值 公平值	賬面值 公平值		
	HK\$'000 HK\$'000	HK\$'000 HK\$'000		
<b>千港元                                    </b>	千港元 千港元	千港元 千港元		
$\diamond$		<b>⋄</b>		
<b>203,326 167,128</b> 543,234 541,592	203,326 167,128	543,234 541,592		

(c) Fair value of financial instruments (Continued)

# Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

# 46. 金融工具(續)

(c) 金融工具之公平值(續)

# 於綜合財務狀況表中確認之公平值計

下表載列於初步確認後按公平值計量 之金融工具分析,並根據其公平值可 觀察程度分為第一至第三級別:

- 第一級別公平值計量乃活躍市場 內相同資產或負債之報價(未經 調整);
- 第二級別公平值計量乃計入第一 級別之報價以外可直接(即其價 格)或間接(即源自價格)就資產 或負債觀察的輸入資料;及
- 第三級別公平值計量源自並非以 可觀察市場數據為基礎之資產或 負債輸入資料(不可觀察的輸入 資料)的估值方法。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

# **46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

(c) Fair value of financial instruments (Continued)

Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position (Continued)

**The Group** 

At 31 March 2015

Financial assets at fair value 透過損益按公平值入賬 through profit or loss 之金融資產

At 31 March 2014

Available-for-sale financial assets 可供出售金融資產 Unlisted equity securities (note) 非上市股本證券 (附註) Financial assets at fair value 透過損益按公平值入賬 之金融資產 through profit or loss

46. 金融工具(續)

(c) 金融工具之公平值(續)

於綜合財務狀況表中確認之公平值計 量(續)

本集團

於二零一五年三月三十一日

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
第一級別	第二級別	第三級別	總計
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
12,117	-	_	12,117

於二零一四年三月三十一日

Iotai	Level 3	Level 2	Level I
總計	第三級別	第二級別	第一級別
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
400	400	-	-
10,485	_	_	10,485

(c) Fair value of financial instruments (Continued)

Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position (Continued)

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used).

# 46. 金融工具(續)

(c) 金融工具之公平值(續)

於綜合財務狀況表中確認之公平值計 量(續)

本集團部分金融資產按各報告期末之 公平值計量。下表載列有關如何釐定 該等金融資產公平值之資料(尤其是 所採用之估值方法及輸入數據)。

#### Fair value as at

於以下日期之公平值

	31 March	31 March	Fair value	Valuation techniques
Financial assets	2015	2014	hierarchy	and key inputs
	二零一五年	二零一四年		估值方法及
金融資產	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	公平值等級	主要輸入數據
Financial assets at fair	Listed equity	Listed equity	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an
value through profit	securities in	securities in		active market
or loss	Hong Kong:	Hong Kong		
	– HK\$12,117,000	- HK\$10,485,000		
透過損益按公平值	於香港上市	於香港上市	第一級	在活躍市場所報的
入賬之金融資產	股本證券:	股本證券		買入價
	-12,117,000港元	- 10,485,000港元		

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 for both years.

於兩個年度,第一與第二級別之間並 無轉移。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

# **46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

(c) Fair value of financial instruments (Continued)

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets

**The Group** 

At the beginning of the year Disposal during the year

於年初 年內出售

At the end of the year

於年末

Note:

The unlisted equity securities was recognised at cost less impairment at the end of each reporting period.

# **47. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group's objective of managing capital is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce cost of capital. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debts.

# 46. 金融工具(續)

(c) 金融工具之公平值(續)

金融資產第三級別公平值計量之對賬

# 本集團

# Unlisted equity securities 非上市股本證券



附註:

於各報告期末,非上市股本證券按成本減減值確認。

# 47. 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本之宗旨為保障本集團持續 經營之能力以向股東提供回報及為其他股 權持有人帶來裨益,以及維持最優秀資本 結構以減少資本成本。本集團之整體策略 與過往年度相比維持不變。

為維持或調整資本結構,本集團可調整向 股東派付股息、向股東回報資金、發行新股 份或出售資產的金額以減少債務。

# 47. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT(Continued)

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt (which includes trade and other payables, finance lease payables, employee benefits, bank overdraft, promissory note and convertible notes, net of cash and cash equivalents) and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising share capital and reserves.

The Group's risk management reviews the capital structure on a semi-annual basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

The net debt to equity ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

Debt (note (a)) 債務(附註(a))

Less: Cash and cash equivalents 减:現金及現金等價物

Net debt 債務淨額 權益(*附註(b)*) Equity (note (b))

債務淨額及權益 Net debt and equity

債務淨額與權益比率 Net debt to equity ratio

# 47. 資本風險管理(續)

本集團之資本結構包括債務淨額(包括貿 易及其他應付款項、融資租賃應付款項、 僱員福利、銀行透支、承兑票據及可換股票 據,扣除現金及現金等價物)及本公司擁有 人應佔權益(包括股本及儲備)。

本集團之風險管理人員按每半年之基準審 閱資本架構。作為本審閱之一部分,管理 層認為資本成本及風險與各資本類別相關 連。

於報告期末之債務淨額與權益之比率如 下:

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
349,684	704,383
(62,166)	(20,609)
287,518	683,774
(28,966)	(407,939)
	j j
258,552	275,835
111%	248%

#### Notes:

- (a) Debt comprises trade and other payables, finance lease payables, employee benefits, bank overdraft, promissory note and convertible notes as detailed in note 32, 33, 34, 35, 36 and 37 respectively.
- (b) Equity includes all capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company.

# 附註:

- 債務包括貿易及其他應付款項、融資租賃應 付款項、僱員福利、銀行透支、承兑票據及可 換股票據,詳情分別載於附註32、33、34、 35、36及37。
- (b) 權益包括所有本公司擁有人應佔資本及儲 備。

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

# 48. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 8 December 2014, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party pursuant to which a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company will acquire 60% of the issued share capital of Xinhua Afanti Asset Management Limited (formerly known as Afanti Asset Management Limited) at the consideration of HK\$1,000,000. The acquisition has not yet completed as at date of this report and the acquisition is subject to approval of Securities and Futures Commission.

#### 49. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 1 June 2015.

# 48. 報告期後事項

於二零一四年十二月八日,本集團與一名獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,據此,本公司之全資附屬公司將以代價1,000,000港元收購新華智盛資產管理有限公司(前稱為智盛資本管理有限公司)已發行股本之60%權益。該收購於本報告日期尚未完成及有待證券及期貨事務監察委員會之批准後,該收購方可作實。

# 49. 批准財務報表

財務報表已於二零一五年六月一日獲董事會通過及授權刊發。

# **FINANCIAL SUMMARY** 財務概要

# **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the results and of the financial position of the Group for the last four financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below.

#### **CONSOLIDATED RESULTS**

For the year ended 31 March

# 財務概要

本集團過去四個財政年度之業績及財務狀況概 要,乃摘錄自已刊發之經審核財務報表,載列如 下。

# 綜合業績

截至三月三十一日止年度

		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
		二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
				(Restated)		
				(經重列)		
Revenue	收益	369,635	324,331	293,034	218,961	184,307
Cost of services	服務成本	(346,553)	(274,231)	(248,252)	(197,190)	(162,107)
					Cys	
Gross profit	毛利	23,082	50,100	44,782	21,771	22,200
Other income	其他收入	4,136	30,961	28,829	217	544
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	10,585	(3,307)	488	(3)	(2)
Amortisation expenses	攤銷開支	(24,088)	(59,463)	(60,474)	(17,694)	/ /  -
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支	(226)	(85)	(423)		/
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(33,121)	(29,706)	(27,615)	(32,732)	(10,737)
(Loss)/profit from operations	營運(虧損)/溢利	(19,632)	(11,500)	(14,413)	(28,441)	12,005
Finance costs	融資成本	(25,720)	(42,041)	(41,425)	(13,852)	(341)
Impairment loss recognised in respect of	就貿易應收款項確認之	( ) //	( )	( ) - /		
trade receivables	減值虧損	-	(9,469)	_		
Impairment loss recognised in respect of goodwill	就商譽確認之減值虧損	-	(151,194)	/	(665,683)	\ _
Impairment loss recognised in respect of	就無形資產確認之減值虧損		, ,			
intangible assets		-	(269,309)	- 7		_
Impairment loss recognised in respect of	就可供出售金融資產確認之					
available-for-sale financial assets	減值虧損	-		(66,741)	- /// -	
(Loss)/profit before income tax	除所得税前(虧損)/溢利	(45,352)	(483,513)	(122,579)	(707,976)	11,664
Income tax	所得税	3,629	52,221	6,390	3,079	(1,918)
						(-,,0)
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable	本公司擁有人應佔					
	年內(虧損)/溢利	(44 702)	(421 202)	(116 100)	(704 907)	9,746
to owners of the Company	十四(順俱)/ 渔利	(41,723)	(431,292)	(116,189)	(704,897)	9,740

# FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要

# **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION**

# 綜合財務狀況

As at 31 March

於三月三十一日

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (Restated)	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2011 二零一一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
				(經重列)		
Non-current assets	非流動資產	181,872	208,624	674,380	788,289	12,711
Current assets	流動資產	184,740	124,333	104,966	92,209	61,513
	// >					
Total assets	總資產	366,612	332,957	779,346	880,498	74,224
Less: Current liabilities	减:流動負債	111,537	707,433	88,498	84,451	26,659
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	255,075	(374,476)	690,848	796,047	47,565
Less: Non-current liabilities	减:非流動負債	284,041	33,463	726,951	725,554	1,785
Total net (liabilities)/assets/Total equity	總(負債)/資產淨值/ 總權益	(28,966)	(407,939)	(36,103)	70,493	45,780

