

ANNUAL REPORT 2016/17 年報



**UNION ASIA
ENTERPRISE HOLDINGS LTD
萬亞企業控股有限公司**

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限責任公司)
(Stock Code 股份代號: 8173)

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Ms. Yip Man Yi (*Chairman*)
Mr. Shiu Chi Tak, Titus
Mr. Cheung Hung Man (*removed on 23 May 2016*)

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Liang Tongwei
Mr. Wong Chi Man

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Wan Ho Yuen, Terence
Mr. Li Kwok Chu
Mr. Lau Shu Yan
Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor (*retired on 26 July 2016*)
Mr. Tong Wan Sze (*resigned on 27 July 2016*)
Mr. Fung Kwok Leung (*resigned on 27 July 2016*)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Hung Wai Man (*appointed on 30 June 2016*)
Ms. Leung Pui Ki (*resigned on 30 June 2016*)

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Shiu Chi Tak, Titus
Ms. Hung Wai Man (*appointed on 30 June 2016*)
Ms. Leung Pui Ki (*resigned on 30 June 2016*)

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Ms. Yip Man Yi

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Dr. Wan Ho Yuen, Terence (*Chairman*)
(*designated on 27 July 2016*)
Mr. Li Kwok Chu
Mr. Lau Shu Yan
Mr. Tong Wan Sze (*resigned on 27 July 2016*)
Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor (*retired on 26 July 2016*)
Mr. Fung Kwok Leung (*resigned on 27 July 2016*)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Li Kwok Chu (*Chairman*)
Mr. Lau Shu Yan
Dr. Wan Ho Yuen, Terence
Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor (*retired on 26 July 2016*)
Mr. Fung Kwok Leung (*resigned on 27 July 2016*)

董事會

執行董事

葉敏怡女士(*主席*)
邵志得先生
張雄文先生(*於二零一六年五月二十三日免除職務*)

非執行董事

梁桐偉先生
黃志文先生

獨立非執行董事

溫浩源博士
李國柱先生
劉樹人先生
朱宏霖先生(*於二零一六年七月二十六日退任*)
湯雲斯先生(*於二零一六年七月二十七日辭任*)
馮國良先生(*於二零一六年七月二十七日辭任*)

公司秘書

孔慧敏女士(*於二零一六年六月三十日獲委任*)
梁珮琪女士(*於二零一六年六月三十日辭任*)

授權代表

邵志得先生
孔慧敏女士(*於二零一六年六月三十日獲委任*)
梁珮琪女士(*於二零一六年六月三十日辭任*)

監察主任

葉敏怡女士

審核委員會

溫浩源博士(*主席*)
(*於二零一六年七月二十七日任命*)
李國柱先生
劉樹人先生
湯雲斯先生(*於二零一六年七月二十七日辭任*)
朱宏霖先生(*於二零一六年七月二十六日退任*)
馮國良先生(*於二零一六年七月二十七日辭任*)

提名委員會

李國柱先生(*主席*)
劉樹人先生
溫浩源博士
朱宏霖先生(*於二零一六年七月二十六日退任*)
馮國良先生(*於二零一六年七月二十七日辭任*)

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Li Kwok Chu (*Chairman*) (*designated on 26 July 2016*)
Mr. Lau Shu Yan
Dr. Wan Ho Yuen, Terence
Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor (*retired on 26 July 2016*)
Mr. Fung Kwok Leung (*resigned on 27 July 2016*)

REGISTERED OFFICE

P.O. Box 309,
Ugland House,
Grand Cayman,
KYI-1104,
Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit A, 29/F,
CKK Commercial Centre,
289-295 Hennessy Road, Wanchai,
Hong Kong

SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Union Registrars Limited
Suites 3301-04, 33/F,
Two Chinachem Exchange Square,
338 King's Road,
North Point,
Hong Kong

AUDITOR

Elite Partners CPA Limited
10th Floor,
8 Observatory Road, Tsimshatsui,
Kowloon,
Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.

STOCK CODE

8173

COMPANY WEBSITE

<http://www.unionasiahk.com>

薪酬委員會

李國柱先生(*主席*)(*於二零一六年七月二十六日調任*)
劉樹人先生
溫浩源博士
朱宏霖先生(*於二零一六年七月二十六日退任*)
馮國良先生(*於二零一六年七月二十七日辭任*)

註冊辦事處

P.O. Box 309,
Ugland House,
Grand Cayman,
KYI-1104,
Cayman Islands

總辦事處及香港主要營業地點

香港
灣仔軒尼詩道285-295號
朱鈞記商業中心
29樓A室

香港股份過戶登記處

聯合證券登記有限公司
香港
北角
英皇道338號
華懋交易廣場2期
33樓3301-04室

核數師

開元信德會計師事務所有限公司
香港
九龍
尖沙咀天文臺道8號
10樓

主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司
交通銀行股份有限公司

股份代號

8173

公司網址

<http://www.unionasiahk.com>

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group's revenue for the year amounted to approximately HK\$84,730,000 (2016: approximately HK\$14,195,000 (as restated)), increased by approximately HK\$70,535,000 as compared to the Year in 2016. The significant increase in revenue was mainly attributed to the prospected trading businesses commenced during the year.

The Group has incurred a gross profit of approximately HK\$16,113,000 (2016: a gross loss of approximately HK\$1,646,000 (as restated)). Other gains amounted to approximately HK\$80,296,000 (2016: other loss of approximately HK\$160,268,000 (as restated)). Profit for the year increased to approximately HK\$2,686,000 as compared to loss approximately HK\$498,230,000 in last year.

The significant decrease in loss for the year was mainly attributable to the reversal of trade and other receivables made in prior years, gain on redemption of convertible bonds liabilities and fair value gain of investment properties.

With reference to the announcement of the Company dated 11 November 2016, it was made known to the Company by its legal advisor on 9 September 2016 that the government of the PRC has imposed a fine on 20 May 2016 to Aquaterra China Trading (Shanghai) Company Limited, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Pan Asia Mining (Beijing) Company Limited ("PAM (BJ)"), a company incorporated in the PRC and is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, in the amount of approximately RMB7,116,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$8,415,000) regarding the tampered production and expiry dates by supplier of certain bottled mineral water in its inventory. Accordingly, the relevant inventory has been fully impaired amounting to approximately RMB2,842,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$3,212,000). The financial impact has been reflected this year.

財務回顧

本集團之年內收益約為84,730,000港元(二零一六年：約14,195,000港元(經重列))，與二零一六年比較增加約70,535,000港元。收益大幅增加乃主要由於年內開展之預期買賣業務所致。

本集團產生毛利約16,113,000港元(二零一六年：毛損約1,646,000港元(經重列))。其他收益約為80,296,000港元(二零一六年：其他虧損約160,268,000港元(經重列))。年內溢利增至約2,686,000港元，而上年度虧損約為498,230,000港元。

年內虧損下降顯著，主要由於先前年度貿易及其他應收款項之撥回、贖回可換股債券負債之收益以及投資物業之公平值收益所致。

經參考本公司日期為二零一六年十一月十一日之公告，於二零一六年九月九日，本公司獲其法律顧問告知，中國政府於二零一六年五月二十日向寰亞宏華商貿(北京)有限責任公司(「PAM (BJ)」，一間於中國註冊成立之公司，為本公司之間接全資附屬公司)之直接全資附屬公司宏華加業商貿(上海)有限公司處以罰款，金額約人民幣7,116,000元(相當於約8,415,000港元)，罰款與其存貨中若干瓶裝礦泉水遭供應商篡改生產及到期日期有關。因此，相關存貨已悉數減值約人民幣2,842,000元(相當於約3,212,000港元)。此財務影響已於本年度中反映。

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND LIQUIDITY

Completion of Rights Issue and Early Redemption of Convertible Bonds

On 18 May 2016, the Company completed a rights issue on the basis of eight rights shares for every one consolidated share held on 20 April 2016 at a subscription price of HK\$0.112 per rights share (“**Rights Issue**”). A total number of 2,529,776,120 ordinary shares of HK\$0.08 each were issued with net proceeds of approximately HK\$270,000,000. The Company used HK\$229,300,000 of the net proceeds to early redeem the outstanding convertible bonds issued on 12 May 2015 with the principal amounts of US\$30,000,000.

As a result of the completion of Rights Issue and early redemption of convertible bonds with the outstanding principal amount of US\$30,000,000 on 18 May 2016, the conversion price of the convertible bonds with the outstanding principal amount of US\$50,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$390 million), due for full redemption on 12 May 2020, has been adjusted from HK\$4.0 per Share to HK\$1.73 per Share and the number of outstanding converted Shares has been adjusted from 97,500,000 Shares to 225,433,526 Shares.

Proposed Capital Reorganization

On 4 July 2016, the Company proposed to implement the capital reorganization which involved:

- (i) the proposed share consolidation whereby every ten issued shares of the Company (“**Share**”) of HK\$0.08 each will be consolidated into one consolidated share of HK\$0.80 each (“**Consolidated Share**”);
- (ii) the proposed reduction of the issued share capital through a cancellation of the paid up capital to the extent of HK\$0.7999 on each of the Consolidated Share such that the nominal value of each issued Consolidated Share will be reduced from HK\$0.80 to HK\$0.0001 (“**Capital Reduction**”);

資本架構及流動資金

完成供股及提早贖回可換股債券

於二零一六年五月十八日，本公司完成按於二零一六年四月二十日每持有一股合併股份供八股供股股份之基準進行之供股，認購價為每股供股股份0.112港元（「**供股**」）。合共發行2,529,776,120股每股0.08港元之普通股，所得款項淨額約為270,000,000港元。本公司使用所得款項淨額中之229,300,000港元以提早贖回於二零一五年五月十二日所發行本金額為30,000,000美元之未贖回可換股債券。

由於完成供股及提早贖回於二零一六年五月十八日未償還本金額為30,000,000美元之可換股債券，未償還本金額為50,000,000美元（相當於約390百萬港元，於二零二零年五月十二日到期時全面贖回）之可換股債券之兌換價已由每股股份4.0港元調整至每股股份1.73港元，而發行在外已兌換股份數目已由97,500,000股股份調整至225,433,526股股份。

建議股本重組

於二零一六年七月四日，本公司建議實行股本重組，當中涉及：

- (i) 建議股份合併，據此，本公司每十股每股面值0.08港元之已發行股份（「**股份**」）將合併為一股每股面值0.80港元之合併股份（「**合併股份**」）；
- (ii) 建議透過將每股合併股份之繳足股本註銷0.7999港元以削減已發行股本，使每股已發行合併股份之面值將由0.80港元削減至0.0001港元（「**股本削減**」）；

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- (iii) the credit arising from the Capital Reduction shall be applied towards offsetting the accumulated deficit of the Company as at the effective date of the Capital Reduction, thereby reducing the accumulated deficit of the Company. The balance of credit (if any) will be transferred to a distributable reserve account of the Company and be applied for such purposes as permitted by all applicable laws and the memorandum and articles of association of the Company and as the Board considers appropriate; and
- (iv) immediately following the Capital Reduction, the proposed share subdivision whereby each of the authorized but unissued Consolidated Shares of HK\$0.80 be sub-divided into eight thousand new Shares of HK\$0.0001 each ("**Share Subdivision**").

The aforesaid capital reorganization was approved by the Shareholders as special resolution at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 11 August 2016. As at the date of this report, the capital reorganization has not become effective.

Completion of Placing of New Shares Under General Mandate

On 12 August 2016, completion of the placing took place. 569,199,627 placing shares (the "**Placing Shares**") have been placed by the placing agent at the placing price of HK\$0.08 to not less than six places. The Placing Shares represent 20% of the issued share capital of the Company of 2,845,998,135 Shares as at 28 July 2016 and approximately 16.67% of the issued share capital of the Company of 3,415,197,762 Shares as enlarged by the placing. The net proceeds from the placing, after deducting the placing commission and other relevant expenses, amounted to approximately HK\$44.0 million and have been used as general working capital of the Group.

- (iii) 股本削減產生之進賬將用於抵銷本公司於股本削減生效日期之累計虧絀，從而減低本公司之累計虧絀。進賬餘額(如有)將轉撥至本公司可分派儲備賬及用作所有適用法例及本公司之組織章程大綱及細則所准許且董事會認為合適之用途；及
- (iv) 緊隨股本削減後建議股份拆細，據此，將每股面值0.80港元之法定但未發行合併股份拆細為八千股每股面值0.0001港元之新股份(「**股份拆細**」)。

上述股本重組已於二零一六年八月十一日舉行之本公司股東特別大會上獲股東批准成為特別決議案。於本報告日期，股本重組尚未生效。

根據一般授權完成配售新股份

於二零一六年八月十二日，配售事項落實完成。569,199,627股配售股份(「**配售股份**」)已由配售代理按配售價0.08港元配售予不少於六名承配人。配售股份佔本公司於二零一六年七月二十八日已發行股本2,845,998,135股股份之20%，及佔經配售事項擴大後本公司已發行股本3,415,197,762股股份約16.67%。配售事項所得款項淨額經扣除配售佣金及其他相關開支後約為44.0百萬港元，已用作本集團一般營運資金。

Assignment of Loan

On 4 November 2016, the Company received a notice from the solicitors of CAAL Capital Company Limited (“CAAL”) that, by a deed of assignment dated 31 October 2016, Kesterion Investments Limited (“Kesterion”) (in which Kesterion is a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and is wholly-owned by Ms. Wong) has assigned all its rights, title and interest in all the debts and liabilities owed by the Company to Kesterion to CAAL. As such, Kesterion has ceased to be a creditor of the Company.

As at 31 March 2017, the Group has a current ratio of approximately 0.83 times (31 March 2016: approximately 0.07 times). Gearing ratio, calculated based on non-current liabilities of approximately HK\$396,045,000 (31 March 2016: approximately HK\$383,521,000) against total deficit of approximately HK\$348,777,000 (31 March 2016: total deficit of approximately HK\$561,180,000) decreased from -68.34% for 2016 to -113.55% for 2017.

As at 31 March 2017, the Group did not have any material contingent liability (31 March 2016: Nil).

As at 31 March 2017, the Group did not have any material capital commitment (31 March 2016: Nil).

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

The Group had the following major acquisitions and disposals during the year.

Acquisition of Subsidiaries

On 19 April 2016, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, Allied Power Global Limited, entered into a memorandum of understanding (“MOU”) in relation to a proposed acquisition with a vendor in which the target company will be principally engaged in the operation and management of a solar power plant. However, the MOU was terminated on 19 July 2016 upon expiry of the exclusive period.

貸款轉讓

於二零一六年十一月四日，本公司接獲CAAL Capital Company Limited(「CAAL」)之律師通知，根據日期為二零一六年十月三十一日之轉讓契據，Kesterion Investments Limited(「Kesterion」)(為一間於英屬處女群島註冊成立之公司，並由Wong女士全資擁有)已將本公司結欠Kesterion之所有債項及債務中所擁有之所有權利、所有權及權益轉讓予CAAL。因此，Kesterion不再為本公司之債務人。

於二零一七年三月三十一日，本集團之流動比率約為0.83倍(二零一六年三月三十一日：約0.07倍)。資產負債比率乃根據非流動負債約396,045,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日：約383,521,000港元)對虧絀總額約348,777,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日：虧絀總額約561,180,000港元)計算，由二零一六年之-68.34%減少至二零一七年之-113.55%。

於二零一七年三月三十一日，本集團並無任何重大或然負債(二零一六年三月三十一日：無)。

於二零一七年三月三十一日，本集團並無任何重大資本承擔(二零一六年三月三十一日：無)。

重大收購及出售事項

下列為本集團於年內之重大收購及出售事項。

收購附屬公司

於二零一六年四月十九日，本公司全資附屬公司Allied Power Global Limited與賣方就建議收購事項訂立諒解備忘錄(「諒解備忘錄」)，其中目標公司將主要從事營運及管理太陽能電廠。然而，諒解備忘錄於獨家磋商期屆滿後於二零一六年七月十九日終止。

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On 10 June 2016, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, Zhanhui Limited, entered into an agreement with another vendor to acquire 100% of the issued share capital of Fu Hang Metal (Asia) Limited (“**FuHang**”) at the consideration of HK\$12,500,000 which has been satisfied by (i) HK\$4,000,000 in cash and (ii) HK\$8,500,000 by the issuance of the promissory note to the vendor. FuHang is engaged in trading of stainless steel wires in Hong Kong and the People’s Republic of China (“**PRC**”).

On the other hand, on 25 August 2016, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, Diamond Year Limited, entered into an agreement with another vendor to acquire the entire issued share capital of Ultra Treasure Limited (“**Ultra Treasure**”) and the entire outstanding unsecured interest free shareholder’s loan owed by Ultra Treasure at the consideration of HK\$19,000,000 by issuance of a promissory note to the vendor. Ultra Treasure owes a vessel that has been registered in Hong Kong.

For details of the above, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 19 April 2016, 10 June 2016, 19 July 2016 and 25 August 2016.

Termination of Disposals of Two Subsidiaries

On 17 June 2016, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Black Sand Enterprises Limited (“**BSE**”), has entered into a sales and purchase agreements with an independent third party to sell all issued shares of PAM (BJ) (the “**Disclosable Disposal**”), which is principally engaged in trading of bottled mineral water and tea products in the PRC. The total consideration is HK\$80,000, which shall be satisfied by cash within 10 days after completion of the transaction, which was subject to obtaining relevant approval from relevant PRC governmental authorities.

於二零一六年六月十日，本公司全資附屬公司Zhanhui Limited與另一名賣方訂立一份協議，以收購富恆金屬（亞太）有限公司（「**富恆**」）之全部已發行股本，代價為12,500,000港元，將以下述方式支付：(i) 4,000,000港元以現金支付，及(ii) 8,500,000港元藉向賣方發行承兌票據支付。富恆於香港及中華人民共和國（「**中國**」）從事不銹鋼線買賣。

另一方面，於二零一六年八月二十五日，本公司全資附屬公司Diamond Year Limited與另一名賣方訂立一份協議，以收購怡資有限公司（「**怡資**」）全部已發行股本及怡資欠付之全部未償還無抵押免息股東貸款，代價為19,000,000港元，藉向賣方發行承兌票據支付。怡資擁有一艘已於香港登記之船舶。

有關上述詳情，請參閱本公司日期為二零一六年四月十九日、二零一六年六月十日、二零一六年七月十九日及二零一六年八月二十五日之公告。

終止出售兩家附屬公司

於二零一六年六月十七日，本公司全資附屬公司黑砂實業控股有限公司（「**BSE**」）與一名獨立第三方訂立買賣協議，以出售PAM (BJ)（其主要於中國從事買賣瓶裝礦泉水及茶品）之全部已發行股份（「**須予披露出售事項**」）。總代價為80,000港元，須於交易完成後十日內以現金償付，並須待自相關中國政府機關取得相關批准後方可作實。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

On the same day, BSE has entered into another sales and purchase agreement with Ms. Eva Wong (“**Ms Wong**”), the spouse of Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee (“**Mr Koh**”) who was an ex-executive director of the Company, to sell all issued shares of Black Sand International (Singapore) Pte. Limited, a company incorporated in Singapore and is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the “**Major Disposal**”), which is principally engaged in trading of scrap metals in Singapore. The total consideration is HK\$5,000,000, which shall be satisfied by setting off against part of the loan provided by Kesterion before upon completion of the transaction, which was subject to obtaining relevant approval from relevant governmental authorities, the Board and the independent shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company.

Nevertheless, on 1 September 2016, parties to the sale and purchase agreement in relation to the Disclosable Disposal mutually agreed not to proceed with the Disclosable Disposal and entered into a termination agreement to terminate such. Also, the Company intended to terminate the Major Disposal and thus kept continuing to negotiate with Ms Wong, in which the Major Disposal was subsequently be terminated legally on the Long Stop Date on 30 October 2016. For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 17 June 2016, 7 August 2016 and 1 September 2016.

Surrender of Leasehold Property

On 6 April 2016, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Evotech (Asia) Pte. Limited (“**Evotech**”) and Jurong Town Corporation (“**JTC**”) had entered into the Surrender Agreement pursuant to which Evotech agreed to surrender a leasehold property to JTC at the consideration of S\$5,620,000 excluding goods and services tax in Singapore. Completion had taken place on 27 June 2016. The Surrender Agreement and the Transaction were only made known to the Company after trading hours on 2 September 2016 by the independent internal control advisor and have not been approved and authorized by the Company.

同日，BSE與本公司前執行董事許達利先生（「**許先生**」）之配偶Eva Wong女士（「**Wong女士**」）訂立另一份買賣協議，以出售Black Sand International (Singapore) Pte. Limited（一間於新加坡註冊成立之公司，為本公司之間接全資附屬公司，主要於新加坡從事買賣廢金屬）之全部已發行股份（「**主要出售事項**」）。總代價為5,000,000港元，須於交易完成前以抵銷部分Kesterion之前所提供貸款之方式償付，並須待取得相關政府機關、董事會及獨立股東於本公司股東特別大會之相關批准後方可作實。

然而，於二零一六年九月一日，有關須予披露出售事項之買賣協議之訂約方互相協定不會進行須予披露出售事項，並訂立終止協議以終止須予披露出售事項。同時，本公司擬終止主要出售事項，因此仍繼續與Wong女士進行磋商。其後主要出售事項於截止日期（二零一六年十月三十日）合法終止。有關詳情，請參閱本公司日期為二零一六年六月十七日、二零一六年八月七日及二零一六年九月一日之公告。

移交租賃物業

於二零一六年四月六日，本公司之間接全資附屬公司 Evotech (Asia) Pte. Limited（「**Evotech**」）與 Jurong Town Corporation（「**JTC**」）訂立退租協議，據此，Evotech同意向JTC移交租賃物業，代價為5,620,000新加坡元（不包括新加坡商品及服務稅）。完成已於二零一六年六月二十七日落實。本公司僅於二零一六年九月二日交易時段後獲獨立內部監控顧問告知退租協議及該交易，而退租協議及該交易並未獲本公司批准及授權。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

The Company's Singapore legal advisors have completed their investigation(s) into the circumstances relating to and leading to the Transaction and have concluded that:

- (i) the directors of Evotech have breached Section 160 of the Companies Act (Cap 50) Singapore (the "Act") in failing to obtain approval for the Transaction in general meeting of Evotech which constituted an offence under the Act; and
- (ii) there were misuse of Company funds by Evotech from the proceeds of the Transaction.

Upon the advice of the Company's Singapore legal advisors, Evotech has on 23 November 2016 commenced legal proceedings at the High Court of The Republic of Singapore against Mr. Koh for breaches of his duties as director and employee of Evotech and against Lily Bey Lay Lay ("Lily Bey") for breaches of her duties as director of Evotech, for S\$2,285,000 and US\$1,070,000.

For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 4 September 2016 and 23 November 2016.

LITIGATION

- (1) On 4 September 2016 the Company announced, amongst other things, that (i) Evotech had entered into a Surrender Agreement with JTC on 6 April 2016 pursuant to which Evotech agreed to surrender its leasehold interest in the real property located at 42 Gul Circle, Singapore 629577 to JTC at the consideration of S\$5,620,000 and such transaction was completed on 27 June 2016 without the approval and authorization of the Board ("the Unauthorized Transaction"), and (ii) the Company was investigating into the circumstances leading to the entering into the Unauthorized Transaction and the payments made by Evotech from the proceeds of the Unauthorized Transaction.

本公司之新加坡法律顧問已完成其有關該交易及導致該交易之情況之調查，並有以下結論：

- (i) Evotech之董事違反新加坡(第50章)公司法第160條(「法令」)，未能於Evotech之股東大會上就該交易獲取批准，從而觸犯法令；及
- (ii) 有關Evotech透過該交易所得款項濫用本公司資金。

按照本公司新加坡法律顧問之意見，Evotech已於二零一六年十一月二十三日就許先生違反其作為Evotech董事兼僱員之職責及就Lily Bey Lay Lay(「Lily Bey」)違反其作為Evotech董事之職責於新加坡共和國高等法院展開法律訴訟，以追討2,285,000新加坡元及1,070,000美元。

有關詳情，請參閱本公司日期為二零一六年九月四日及二零一六年十一月二十三日之公告。

訴訟

- (1) 於二零一六年九月四日，本公司宣佈(其中包括)(i)於二零一六年四月六日，Evotech與JTC訂立退租協議，據此，Evotech同意向JTC移交其位於42 Gul Circle, Singapore 629577之房地產之租賃權益，代價為5,620,000新加坡元，而該交易於未經董事會批准及授權之情況下已於二零一六年六月二十七日完成(「未授權交易」)；及(ii)本公司正調查導致訂立未授權交易以及Evotech動用未授權交易所得款項支付款項之情況。

Upon completion of the said investigation and with the benefit of legal advice, Evotech has on 23 November 2016 commenced legal proceedings at the High Court of The Republic of Singapore against Mr. Koh for breaches of his duties as director and employee of Evotech and against Lily Bey, another ex-director of Evotech, for breaches of her duties as director of Evotech and, for recovery of damages in the sums of S\$2,285,000 and US\$1,070,000 (the “**Singapore Legal Action**”).

In the Singapore Legal Action, Mr. Koh and Lily Bey filed their Defence and Counterclaim to contest the claims by Evotech and commenced Third Party Proceedings against the Company and others (the “**Singapore Third Party Proceedings**”) alleging that as the ultimate holding company of Evotech the Company had authorized all the monetary transactions claimed by Evotech in the Singapore Legal Action and that Mr. Koh and Lily Bey are entitled to set off so much of the benefit received by the Company in those monetary transactions against the claims by Evotech in the Singapore Legal Action.

On 17 January 2017 the High Court of The Republic of Singapore granted leave for service of the Singapore Third Party Proceedings on the Company and other third parties involved out of the jurisdiction of the Republic of Singapore and the Company has duly instructed its attorney in The Republic of Singapore to enter appearance in the Singapore Third Party Proceedings denying the alleged authorization of those monetary transactions claimed by Evotech in the Singapore Legal Action and contesting the relief so claimed by Mr. Koh and Lily Bey.

The Board has obtained proper legal advice from its attorney in Singapore and formed the view that both Evotech and the Company have meritorious claim and defence in the Singapore Legal Action and the Singapore Third Party Proceedings and such proceedings shall have no adverse impact upon the financial position of the Group. Therefore, no provision in respect of the Singapore Legal Action and the Singapore Third Party Proceedings was made in the consolidated financial statements.

於上述調查完成及尋求法律意見後，Evotech已於二零一六年十一月二十三日就許先生違反其作為Evotech董事兼僱員之職責及就另一名Evotech前董事Lily Bey違反其作為Evotech董事之職責於新加坡共和國高等法院展開法律訴訟，以追討2,285,000新加坡元及1,070,000美元之損失(「**新加坡法律行動**」)。

於新加坡法律行動中，許先生及Lily Bey已對Evotech提出之索償作出抗辯及反索償，並對本公司及其他方展開第三方法律程序(「**新加坡第三方法律程序**」)，聲稱作為Evotech之最終控股公司，Evotech於新加坡法律行動提出的所有金錢交易乃經本公司授權，而許先生及Lily Bey有權以本公司於該等金錢交易中收取之利益作為Evotech於新加坡法律行動中提出之索償的辯護。

於二零一七年一月十七日，新加坡共和國高等法院對本公司及於新加坡共和國司法權區外涉案之其他第三方送達新加坡第三方法律程序之文件，而本公司已正式指示其於新加坡共和國之律師就新加坡第三方法律程序出庭應訊，否認Evotech於新加坡法律行動中提出有關該等金錢交易之指稱授權，並對許先生及Lily Bey提出的免責作出抗辯。

董事會已自其新加坡律師獲取適當法律意見，並認為Evotech及本公司於新加坡法律行動及新加坡第三方法律程序中之索償及抗辯佔有優勢，而該等訴訟對本集團財務狀況並無不利影響。因此，概無就新加坡法律行動及新加坡第三方法律程序於綜合財務報表計提撥備。

(2) On 12 December 2016 Team Kingdom Limited (“**Team Kingdom**”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, commenced legal proceedings entitled DCCJ 5968/2016 (“**DCCJ Action 5968/2016**”) at the District Court of the Hong Kong S.A.R. against Mr. Koh for the recovery of a sum of HK\$500,000 together with interest due under an Acknowledgment of Indebtedness dated 6 June 2016 and BSE, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, also commenced legal proceedings entitled DCCJ 5967/2016 (“**DCCJ Action 5967/2016**”) at the District Court of the Hong Kong S.A.R against Mr. Koh for the recovery of a sum of HK\$100,000 for unlawful conversion of the property of BSE to his own use.

Mr. Koh has filed his Defence and Counterclaim in DCCJ Action 5968/2016 and DCCJ 5967/2016 contesting the respective claims by Team Kingdom and BSE.

The Board has obtained proper legal advice from its legal representative and formed the view that both Team Kingdom and BSE do have meritorious claims against Mr. Koh and both DCCJ Action 5968/2016 and DCCJ Action 5967/2016 shall have no adverse impact upon the financial position of the Group. Therefore, no provision in respect of DCCJ Action 5968/2016 and DCCJ Action 5967/2016 was made in the consolidated financial statements.

Having considered the costs to be incurred in both DCCJ Action 5968/2016 and DCCJ Action 5967/2016 and the amount at stake, the parties to DCCJ Action 5968/2016 and DCCJ Action 5967/2016 have amicably settled the matters, whereby they respectively withdrew their claims and counterclaims in both Actions with payment of a nominal sum as costs by the Company to the defendants involved.

(2) 於二零一六年十二月十二日，本公司全資附屬公司 Team Kingdom Limited (「**Team Kingdom**」) 於香港特別行政區區域法院展開案件編號為 DCCJ 5968/2016 之法律訴訟(「**DCCJ 訴訟5968/2016**」)，以根據日期為二零一六年六月六日之債務聲明向許先生追討 500,000 港元連同應付利息之款項，而本公司全資附屬公司 BSE 亦於香港特別行政區區域法院就許先生非法轉移 BSE 物業供自用而向其展開案件編號為 DCCJ 5967/2016 之法律訴訟(「**DCCJ 訴訟5967/2016**」)，以追討 100,000 港元款項。

許先生已分別就 DCCJ 訴訟 5968/2016 及 DCCJ 訴訟 5967/2016 對 Team Kingdom 及 BSE 各自提出之索償作出抗辯及提出反索償。

董事會已自其法律代表獲取適當法律意見，並認為 Team Kingdom 及 BSE 對許先生提出之索償佔有優勢，而 DCCJ 訴訟 5968/2016 及 DCCJ 訴訟 5967/2016 對本集團財務狀況並無不利影響。因此，概無就 DCCJ 訴訟 5968/2016 及 DCCJ 訴訟 5967/2016 於綜合財務報表計提撥備。

經考慮 DCCJ 訴訟 5968/2016 及 DCCJ 訴訟 5967/2016 將產生之成本及所涉及金額，涉及 DCCJ 訴訟 5968/2016 及 DCCJ 訴訟 5967/2016 各方已分別撤銷彼等於該等訴訟之索償及反索償，並由本公司向涉及訴訟之被告人支付作為成本之名義代價，就該等事宜達成和解。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

Save as discussed in the above sections, during the year ended 31 March 2017, no member of the Group is engaged in any litigation or arbitration or claim of material importance and no litigation or claim of material importance is known to the Directors to be pending or threatened by or against any member of the Group.

LISTING STATUS

The Company has received a letter dated 2 December 2016 from the Stock Exchange considered that the Company has failed to maintain sufficient operations or assets under Rule 17.26 of the GEM Listing Rules to warrant the continued listing of its shares. The Stock Exchange has therefore decided to suspend trading in the Company's shares under Rule 9.04 of the GEM Listing Rules and commence the procedures to cancel the Company's listing under Rules 9.14 to 9.16 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Letter serves as a notice to the Company under Rule 9.15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

After considering legal advice, the Company through its lawyer submitted a written request to the GEM Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange (the "**Committee**") pursuant to Chapter 4 of the GEM Listing Rules for reviewing of the Decision on 6 December 2016. On 14 December 2016, it was confirmed by Stock Exchange that the review hearing of the GEM Listing Committee has been scheduled on 7 March 2017.

On 17 March 2017, the Stock Exchange notified the Company that the Committee having considered all the submissions (both written and oral) made by the Company to the Listing Department of the Stock Exchange, the Committee considered that the Company had failed to maintain sufficient operations or assets under GEM Listing Rule 17.26 to warrant the continued listing of the Company's shares. The Committee therefore decided to uphold the Decision to suspend trading in the Company's shares under GEM Listing Rules 9.04 and commence the procedures to cancel the Company's listing under GEM Listing Rules 9.14 to 9.16.

除上文各節所述者外，於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本集團成員公司概無涉及任何重大訴訟或仲裁或索償，且董事亦不知悉有任何待決或威脅或對本集團任何成員公司提出之重大訴訟或索償。

上市地位

本公司接獲聯交所日期為二零一六年十二月二日之函件，認為本公司未能根據創業板上市規則第17.26條維持足夠程度之業務運作或資產，以保證其股份繼續上市。因此，聯交所已決定根據創業板上市規則第9.04條要求本公司股份暫停買賣，並根據創業板上市規則第9.14條至第9.16條展開取消本公司上市地位程序。該函件乃根據創業板上市規則第9.15條給予本公司之通知。

經考慮法律意見後，於二零一六年十二月六日，本公司按照創業板上市規則第4章已透過其律師就覆核決定向聯交所創業板上市委員會（「**委員會**」）提交書面要求。於二零一六年十二月十四日，聯交所確認，創業板上市委員會之覆核聆訊計劃於二零一七年三月七日進行。

於二零一七年三月十七日，聯交所通知本公司，委員會經考慮本公司向聯交所上市科提交之全部資料（包括書面及口頭資料）後，認為本公司未能根據創業板上市規則第17.26條維持足夠程度之業務運作或資產，以保證本公司股份繼續上市。因此，委員會已決定根據創業板上市規則第9.04條暫停本公司股份買賣，並根據創業板上市規則第9.14條至第9.16條展開取消本公司上市地位之程序。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

After considering legal advice, the Board has decided not to appeal against the decision of the Committee to the Listing Appeals Committee. Accordingly, trading in the shares of the Company is required to be suspended and the Company is required to submit a resumption proposal to demonstrate that it has a sufficient level of operations or assets as required by Rule 17.26 of the GEM Listing Rules at least 10 business days before the expiry of a period of six months from the date of the decision of the Committee (i.e. 17 September 2017). If the Company fails to submit a viable resumption proposal by the aforesaid deadline, the Stock Exchange will proceed with cancellation of the Company's listing.

At the request of the Company, trading in the shares of the Company has been suspended with effect from 9:00 am on 20 March 2017.

For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 2 December 2016, 6 December 2016 and 20 March 2017.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 March 2017, the Group has 27 full time employees (31 March 2016: 61) in Hong Kong, Singapore, Indonesia and the PRC. During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group incurred staff costs (including Directors' emoluments) of approximately HK\$7,432,000 (2016: approximately HK\$26,509,000).

Employees are remunerated with reference to market terms and according to their individual work performance, qualification and experience. Remuneration includes monthly basic salaries, retirement benefits under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "**Scheme**"), medical schemes and performance-lined discretionary bonuses.

All qualifying employees of the Group in Hong Kong participate in the Scheme. The assets of the Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustees. Contributions by the Group were grossly matched by employee contributions.

經考慮法律意見後，董事會決定不向上市上訴委員會申請駁回委員會之決定。因此，本公司股份須予暫停買賣，而本公司須於委員會作出決定日期(即二零一七年九月十七日)起計滿六個月前至少十個營業日提交復牌建議，以顯示其根據創業板上市規則第17.26條擁有足夠程度之業務運作或資產。倘本公司未能於上述截止時間前提交可行復牌建議，則聯交所將開始取消本公司上市地位。

應本公司要求，本公司股份已於二零一七年三月二十日上午九時正起暫停買賣。

有關詳情，請參閱本公司日期為二零一六年十二月二日、二零一六年十二月六日及二零一七年三月二十日之公告。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零一七年三月三十一日，本集團在香港、新加坡、印尼及中國有27名全職僱員(二零一六年三月三十一日：61名)。於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本集團所產生之員工成本(包括董事酬金)約為7,432,000港元(二零一六年：約26,509,000港元)。

僱員乃參照市場條款及根據彼等之個別工作表現、資歷及經驗支薪。薪酬包括基本月薪、強制性公積金計劃(「計劃」)之退休福利、醫療計劃及與表現掛鈎之酌情花紅。

本集團在香港之全體合資格僱員均參加計劃。該計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開，以由受託人控制之基金持有。本集團供款與僱員供款大致相同。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

The emoluments of the executive Directors are recommended by the remuneration committee, and approved by the Board as authorized by the shareholders of the Company in the annual general meeting of the Company, having regard to the respective Directors' experience, responsibility, workload and time devoted to the Group; and the executive Directors may be granted options pursuant to the Share Option Scheme as defined in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements and/or any other such schemes of the Company as part of their remuneration packages.

BORROWING FACILITIES

As at 31 March 2017, the Group has obtained credit facilities from various banks, financial institutions and independent third parties up to a maximum amount of approximately HK\$14,870,000 (2016: approximately HK\$12,647,000) and approximately HK\$13,870,000 (2016: approximately HK\$11,919,000) of the credit facilities has been utilized.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At 31 March 2017, investment properties located in the PRC at carrying values of approximately RMB25,180,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$28,406,000) (31 March 2016: a warehouse property located in Singapore at carrying value of S\$7,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$40,219,000) and investment properties located in the PRC at carrying values of approximately RMB13,599,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$16,290,000)) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.

執行董事之薪酬乃由薪酬委員會建議，並由本公司股東於本公司股東週年大會上授權董事會經考慮各董事之經驗、責任、工作量及投入本集團之時間後批准；而執行董事可根據綜合財務報表附註41所界定之購股權計劃獲授購股權及／或本公司任何其他有關計劃作為彼等薪酬組合之部分。

借款融資

於二零一七年三月三十一日，本集團自多間銀行、金融機構及多名獨立第三方獲得最高約14,870,000港元(二零一六年：約12,647,000港元)之信貸融資額，並已動用該信貸融資額中約13,870,000港元(二零一六年：約11,919,000港元)。

資產抵押

於二零一七年三月三十一日，位於中國之投資物業賬面值約人民幣25,180,000元(相等於約28,406,000港元)(二零一六年三月三十一日：位於新加坡之貨倉物業賬面值7,000,000新加坡元(相等於約40,219,000港元))及位於中國之投資物業賬面值約人民幣13,599,000元(相等於約16,290,000港元)已予抵押，以擔保本集團獲授之一般銀行融資。

TREASURY POLICIES

The transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries are mainly denominated in United States Dollar and the majority of the Group's tangible assets are denominated in Hong Kong Dollar. The outstanding convertible bonds are denominated in United States Dollar and are redeemable or convertible using an agreed fixed rate of HK\$7.8 to US\$1.0. As a result, the convertible bonds have no exposure to exchange rate fluctuations. The Group has no other material exposure to exchange rate risk and has not made any arrangement to hedge against expenses, assets and liabilities for exchange rate fluctuation.

The Group adopts a conservative approach towards its treasury policies. The Group strives to reduce exposure to credit risk by all effective means. To manage liquidity risk, the Board closely monitors the Group's liquidity position to ensure that the liquidity structure of the Group's assets, liabilities and commitments can meet its funding requirements.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

TRADING OF STAINLESS STEEL WIRES

The Group has acquired this business segment in the first quarter of the current financial year. Since the stainless steel wires are widely applied in the manufacturing of electric appliances, mobile communication equipment and high precision surgical instruments, with the continuous growth of the smartphone market, rapid development of the mobile communication and rising demand for advanced medical equipment in Hong Kong and the PRC, demand of stainless steel wires from mobile communication and medical industries as raw materials thus increased steadily throughout the current year.

Stainless steel wires are also used as raw material of glass frame and zipper. In view of the change of trend of fashion recently in the PRC and the Asian markets, design for both industries is expected to incline to metal. Thus the Group anticipates the business of trading of stainless steel wires will continuous to grow in the coming year.

庫務政策

本公司及其附屬公司之交易主要以美元計值，而本集團之有形資產大部分以港元計值。未贖回可換股債券乃以美元計值，並可按經協定之固定匯率7.8港元兌1.0美元予以贖回或兌換。因此，可換股債券並無承受匯率波動風險。本集團並無承受任何其他重大匯率風險，亦無作出任何安排以對沖有關匯率波動之開支、資產及負債。

本集團之庫務政策採取保守態度。本集團致力以一切有效方法減低信貸風險。為管理流動資金風險，董事會密切監察本集團之流動資金狀況，以確保本集團資產、負債及承擔之流動資金結構能夠滿足其資金要求。

業務回顧及前景

買賣不銹鋼線

本集團於本財政年度第一季度購入該業務板塊。鑒於不銹鋼線廣泛應用於生產電子產品、移動通訊設備及高精密度手術儀器，隨著智能手機市場持續增加，香港及中國手機通訊快速發展及對先進醫療設備之需求不斷上升，因此，手機通訊及醫療行業對不銹鋼線作為原料之需求於本年度整年穩步增長。

不銹鋼線亦用作玻璃框架及拉鍊之原材料。鑒於近期中國及亞洲市場時裝趨勢之變動，預期該兩個行業之設計將趨於金屬化。因此，本集團預計不銹鋼線買賣業務將於未來一年持續增長。

TRADING OF SKINCARE AND HOUSEHOLD PRODUCTS

To further broaden the source of income of the Group, the Group has commenced the trading of cosmetic and household products in June 2016. The Group primarily imports the products from Korea and Japan and sell the products on a wholesale basis to distributors in Hong Kong and the PRC. The Group considers that the performance of this business segment is acceptable taking into account the current economic climate and the time required for the development of the business.

And to in line with the corporate strategy for further fostering the Group's revenue and diversifying the Group's revenue base, the sales for this business segment will continue to seek for various opportunities to expand the product lines and the Group is optimistic about this expected increasing trend of revenue.

OTHERS

Nephrite business has shown a steady trend of revenue for the Group. The Group will continue to explore opportunity to increase income and raise the market reputation of the Group.

Performance of water trading was marginal in the current financial year. However, the Group believes that the market of clean and worry-free drinking water in PRC will still be a large potential market in view of the arising awareness of healthy lifestyle. The Group will grasp this chance to expand the existing market share.

Chartering of vessel constitute part of strategic investments of the Group to diversify its business segments and for the Group to capitalize new opportunities to achieve new and regular income stream and financial growth.

The Group will continue to review its existing businesses from time to time and strive to improve the business operation and financial position of the Group. It has been the business strategy of the Group to proactively seek potential investment opportunities. The Group consider that this to diversify its existing business portfolio into new line of business with growth potential and to broaden its source of income.

買賣護膚及家用產品

為進一步擴闊本集團的收入來源，本集團於二零一六年六月開始經營化妝品及家用產品買賣業務。本集團主要從韓國及日本進口有關產品，然後以批發形式將產品銷售予香港及中國之經銷商。本集團認為，考慮到當前經濟形勢及發展有關業務所需時間，該業務板塊之表現屬可接受。

為配合公司策略，以進一步促進本集團之收益及多元化拓展本集團之收益基礎，該業務分部之銷售將繼續尋求各種機遇擴展產品系列，而本集團對收益之預期增長趨勢抱持樂觀態度。

其他

本集團軟玉業務之收益呈穩定趨勢。本集團將繼續探索機會以增加收入並提升本集團之市場聲譽。

於本財政年度，水買賣業績所作貢獻輕微。然而，本集團認為，鑒於健康生活方式之意識不斷提升，中國純淨及無憂飲用水市場將繼續是潛在龐大之市場。本集團將抓緊此機會以擴大現有市場份額。

船舶租賃為本集團戰略投資其中一環，藉此多元化發展其業務分部，使本集團得以把握新機遇以實現新常規收入來源及取得財務增長。

本集團將繼續不時檢討其現有業務，致力改善本集團之業務運營及財務狀況。本集團已制定業務策略，積極尋求潛在投資機遇。本集團認為，此舉將使其能夠將現有業務組合多元化發展為具有增長潛力之新業務線，並拓寬其收入來源。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintain and ensure high standards of corporate governance practices to safeguard the interests of all shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 15 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market (the "GEM Listing Rules"). Except for the deviations as disclosed in this report, the Company has complied with the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2017.

The Company will continue to enhance its corporate governance practices appropriate to the conduct and growth of its business and to review its corporate governance practices from time to time to ensure they comply with the statutory requirements and the CG Code and align with the latest developments.

CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS AND RELEVANT EMPLOYEES

The Company has adopted the code of conduct for securities transactions by Directors set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors. The Company issues notices to its Directors 4 times a year reminding them of the general prohibition on dealing in the Company's listed securities during the blackout periods before the publication of announcements of quarterly, interim and annual results.

The Company confirms that, having made specific enquiry of all Directors, all Directors have complied with the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules during the year ended 31 March 2017.

企業管治常規

本公司致力維持及確保高標準之企業管治常規，以保障全體股東權益以及提升企業價值及問責性。本公司之企業管治常規乃基於創業板證券上市規則(「創業板上市規則」)附錄十五所載之企業管治守則及企業管治報告所載原則及守則條文(「企業管治守則」)。除本報告所披露之偏離外，本公司已於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度整年遵守企業管治守則。

本公司將繼續就業務經營及增長提升適用之企業管治常規，並不時檢討企業管治常規，確保有關常規符合法定規例及企業管治守則和符合最新發展。

董事及有關僱員之證券交易守則

本公司已採納創業板上市規則第5.48至5.67條所載之董事證券交易守則作為本身董事進行證券交易操守之守則。本公司每年向董事發出四次通知，以提醒彼等於發表季度、中期及年度業績公告前之限制期間內一般禁止買賣本公司之上市證券。

本公司在向全體董事作出具體查詢後確認，全體董事已確認彼等於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內已遵守創業板上市規則第5.48條至5.67條所載之必守買賣標準。

The Company has adopted the same code of conduct for securities transactions by relevant employees to regulate certain employees of the Group who are deemed to be in possession of unpublished inside information of the Company when dealing in the securities of the Company.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of the Company comprises the following members:

Name	Changes	名稱	變動
Executive Directors		執行董事	
Ms. Yip Man Yi (<i>Chairman</i>)		葉敏怡女士(<i>主席</i>)	
Mr. Shiu Chi Tak, Titus		邵志得先生	
Mr. Cheung Hung Man (<i>Chief Executive Officer</i>)	(removed on 23 May 2016)	張雄文先生 (<i>行政總裁</i>)	(於二零一六年五月二十三日 免除職務)
Non-Executive Directors		非執行董事	
Mr. Liang Tongwei		梁桐偉先生	
Mr. Wong Chi Man		黃志文先生	
Independent Non-executive Directors		獨立非執行董事	
Dr. Wan Ho Yuen, Terence		溫浩源博士	
Mr. Li Kwok Chu		李國柱先生	
Mr. Lau Shu Yan		劉樹人先生	
Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor	(retired on 26 July 2016)	朱宏霖先生	(於二零一六年七月二十六日退任)
Mr. Tong Wan Sze	(resigned on 27 July 2016)	湯雲斯先生	(於二零一六年七月二十七日辭任)
Mr. Fung Kwok Leung	(resigned on 27 July 2016)	馮國良先生	(於二零一六年七月二十七日辭任)

本公司亦已採納相同證券交易操守守則作為有關僱員進行證券交易之操守守則，以規管本集團若干被認為可能會擁有本公司之未公開內幕資料之僱員買賣本公司之證券。

董事會

本公司董事會由下列成員組成：

The biographies of the current directors are set out on pages 49 to 52 of this report. The Directors do not have any relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s)) with each other.

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company. It also oversees the Group's business, strategic decisions and directions, and overall performances including an oversight of the management of the Group. The management of the Group has been delegated with the authority and responsibility by the Board for the general and day-to-day management of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to other committees. Further details of the committees are set out in this report. The Board reserves for its decisions on all major matters of the Company, including the approval and monitoring of major policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant financial and operational matters. The delegated functions and work tasks are reviewed from time to time. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions to be entered into.

The non-executive Directors serve the relevant function of bringing independent judgement on the development, performance and risk management of the Group through their contributions in board meetings. They are also serving on audit committee, remuneration committee, and nomination committee. Through their active participation, they provide their valuable skills, expertise and experience to the Board and the committees on which they serve so that the management process can be critically reviewed and controlled.

現任董事之履歷載於本報告第49至52頁。各董事之間並無任何關係(包括財政、業務、家庭或其他重大/相關關係)。

董事會負責本公司之領導及監管，其亦監督本集團之業務、策略決定及方向，以及整體表現(包括監督本集團之管理層)。本集團管理層就本集團之一般日常管理獲董事會授出授權及職責。此外，董事會亦向其他委員會授出不同職責。該等委員會之其他詳情載於本報告。董事會亦保留就本公司所有重要事項作出決策之權力，包括批准及監控重大政策事宜、整體策略及預算、內部監控及風險管理制度、重大交易(尤其是有可能涉及利益衝突者)、財務資料、委任董事及其他重大財務與營運事宜。獲指派之職能及工作會不時進行檢討。訂立任何重大交易前須取得董事會批准。

非執行董事透過彼等在董事會會議上之貢獻，就本集團之發展、表現及風險管理作出獨立判斷之相關職能。彼等亦為審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。透過彼等之積極參與，彼等為董事會及彼等為成員之各委員會提供彼等之寶貴技能、專長及經驗，使管理過程能得到批評性檢討及控制。

Throughout the year ended 31 March 2017, the Company has complied with Rule 5.05(2) of the GEM Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least one independent non-executive director (“**INED**”) possessing appropriate professional qualification, or accounting or related financial management expertise. All independent non-executive Directors are considered to be independent by the Board as the Board has received from each independent non-executive Director his annual confirmation on independence as required by Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Throughout the year ended 31 March 2017, the Company has complied with Rule 5.05(1) of the GEM Listing Rules relating to the appointment of a minimum of three INED.

Throughout the year ended 31 March 2017, the Company has complied with Rules 5.19 of the GEM Listing Rules relating to one of its executive directors assumes responsibility for acting as a compliance officer.

The Board meets regularly to review the financial and operating performance of the Company. During the financial year ended 31 March 2017, the Board held 4 regular Board meetings (within the meaning of the CG code) at approximately quarterly interval and 20 other Board meetings which were convened when board-level decisions on particular matters were required. During the regular Board meetings the Directors discuss and formulate the overall strategies of the Company, review and monitor the business and financial performances and discuss the quarterly, half-yearly and annual results, as well as discuss and decide on other significant matters. During the year under review, the Chairman of the Board has met once with the non-executive Directors (including INEDs) without the executive Directors present according to the code provision A.2.7 of the CG Code. The attendance record of each member of the Board is set out at **Details of the attendance of each member of the Board and Committees on page 29 of this report.**

本公司已於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度整年遵守創業板上市規則第5.05(2)條委任至少一名為擁有合適專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長之獨立非執行董事(「**獨立非執行董事**」)。由於董事會已收到各獨立非執行董事根據創業板上市規則第5.09條發出之年度獨立性確認，故董事會認為全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

本公司已於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度整年遵守創業板上市規則第5.05(1)條有關委任最少三名獨立非執行董事之規定。

本公司已於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度整年遵守創業板上市規則第5.19條有關其中一名執行董事須擔任監察主任之規定。

董事會定期舉行會議以商討本公司之財務及經營表現。於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度，董事會曾舉行四次定期董事會會議(定義見企業管治守則)(間隔約一個季度)，並另舉行20次董事會會議，以便就特定事宜作出董事會之決定。於定期董事會會議上，董事討論及制訂本公司之整體策略、審閱及監管業務及財務表現，並討論季度、半年及年度業績，並就其他重大事項討論及作出決定。回顧年內，董事會主席已根據企業管治守則守則條文第A.2.7條在無執行董事出席之情況下與非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)舉行一次會議。董事會各成員之出席記錄載於**本報告第29頁董事會及委員會各成員之會議出席詳情內。**

Under the code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code, the chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting and she should also invite the chairmen of the audit, remuneration, nomination and any other committees (as appropriate) to attend. The Chairman of the Company was unable to present at the annual general meeting held on 26 July 2016 and the extraordinary general meetings held on 8 April 2016 and 11 August 2016 as she had other important engagements at the relevant time.

In addition, under code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code, INEDs and other non-executive directors should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Several Directors were unable to present at the annual general meeting held on 26 July 2016 and the extraordinary general meetings held on 8 April 2016 and 11 August 2016 due to their other important engagements at the relevant time, but they have appointed the other attended Directors as their representatives at the meetings to answer questions of the shareholders of the Company. In the future, the Company will try its best to encourage and ensure the non-executive Directors and INEDs will attend the general meetings. The attendance record of each member of the Board is set out at **Details of the attendance of each member of the Board and Committees on page 29 of this report.**

Under code provision A.1.8 of the CG Code, the Company had arranged insurance cover in respect of legal actions and potential claims against the Directors throughout the year ended 31 March 2017.

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第E.1.2條，董事會主席應出席股東週年大會，亦應邀請審核委員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員會及任何其他委員會(如適當)之主席出席。本公司主席於有關時間因其他重要事務未能出席於二零一六年七月二十六日舉行之股東週年大會以及於二零一六年四月八日及二零一六年八月十一日舉行之股東特別大會。

此外，根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.6.7條，獨立非執行董事及其他非執行董事須出席股東大會，以均衡了解股東意見。若干董事於有關時間因彼等個人其他重要事務而未能出席本公司於二零一六年七月二十六日舉行之股東週年大會以及於二零一六年四月八日及二零一六年八月十一日舉行之股東特別大會，惟彼等已委任其他出席董事於大會上作為彼等之代表回答本公司股東之提問。未來，本公司將盡其最大努力鼓勵及確保各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事出席股東大會。董事會各成員之出席記錄載於本報告第29頁董事會及委員會各成員之會議出席詳情內。

根據企業管治守則守則條文第A.1.8條，本公司於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止整個年度已就對董事之法律訴訟及潛在申索為董事作投保安排。

APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

According to the articles of association of the Company (the “**Articles of Association**”), one-third of the Directors are required to retire from office at each annual general meeting, provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once in every three years.

According to the code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term of service. All of non-executive Directors and INEDs have entered into a service contract with the Company for a fixed term of office of one year, and they are subject to retirement by rotation and offer themselves for re-election at the annual general meeting at least once for every three years in accordance with the Articles of Association. The Company believes such practice meets the same objective and no less exacting than those prescribed under code provision A.4.1.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Company has a board diversity guideline (the “**Board Diversity Guideline**”) setting out the approach to achieve and maintain diversity on the Board in order to enhance the effectiveness of the Board.

Pursuant to the Board Diversity Guideline, the Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service.

All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

董事之委任、重選及免職

根據本公司之組織章程細則(「**組織章程細則**」)，三分之一董事須於每屆股東週年大會上輪值告退，惟每名董事均須至少每三年輪值告退一次。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.4.1條，非執行董事須按特定任期委任。全體非執行董事及獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立固定任期一年之服務合約，且彼等須按照組織章程細則於股東週年大會至少每三年輪值告退及膺選連任一次。本公司相信，該等常規符合守則條文第A.4.1條規定之相同目的，並不比該條文所規定者寬鬆。

董事會成員多元化政策

本公司設有董事會成員多元化指引(「**董事會成員多元化指引**」)，當中列載董事會為達致及維持成員多元化以提升董事會之有效性而採取之方針。

根據董事會成員多元化指引，本公司透過考慮眾多因素(包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、族群特性、專業經驗、技能、知識以及服務年資)尋求董事會成員多元化。

所有董事會成員之委任將以用人唯才為基礎，經適當考慮董事會成員多元化之利益，將考慮候選人之客觀條件。

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. The ultimate decision will be made upon the merits and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

The Nomination Committee will review the Board Diversity Guideline from time to time to ensure its continued effectiveness.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Under code provision A.2.1 of the CG code, the role of chairman (the “**Chairman**”) and chief executive officer (the “**CEO**”) of the Company should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual to ensure their respective independence, accountability and responsibility. To ensure a balance of power and authority, the Company has a clear and defined division of the responsibilities between the Chairman and the CEO in accordance with the CG Code. The Chairman is responsible for the Group’s strategic planning and the management of the operations of the Board, while the CEO takes the lead in the Group’s operations and business development.

Subsequent to the removal of former CEO Mr. Cheung Hung Man by the Board on 23 May 2016, the post has been vacant as at 31 March 2017. The Board will keep reviewing the current structure of the Board from time to time and the Company will make appointment with suitable knowledge, skill and experience to fill the post of the CEO as appropriate.

甄選人選時將考慮多項多元化因素，包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能及知識。最終決定將依據獲選對象之長處及將為董事會作出之貢獻而作出。

提名委員會將不時檢討董事會成員多元化指引，以確保其持續行之有效。

主席及行政總裁

根據企業管治守則守則條文第A.2.1條，本公司之主席（「**主席**」）及行政總裁（「**行政總裁**」）之職能須予分開，且不應由相同人士擔任，以確保彼等之獨立性、問責性及責任性。為確保權力及權限平衡，本公司已根據企業管治守則明確及界定劃分主席及行政總裁之職責。主席負責本集團戰略計劃及董事會營運管理，而行政總裁則領導本集團之經營及業務發展。

自前行政總裁張雄文先生於二零一六年五月二十三日被董事會免職起，該職位截至二零一七年三月三十一日一直懸空。董事會將繼續不時檢討董事會目前之架構，且倘物色到具備適當知識、技能及經驗之候選人，本公司將作出委任以適當填補行政總裁之空缺。

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

Under code provision of A.4.2 of the CG Code, every director should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Although the existing Articles of Association do not have exact provisions to this effect, they do however provide that one-third of the Directors shall retire from office by rotation and the Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election. The actual operation of the aforesaid provisions of the existing Articles of Association should in principle result in each Director being subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Considered in this perspective, the Company has substantially complied with the CG Code regarding the requirement that every Director should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. In addition, the Board will ensure that the code provision of A.4.2 of the CG Code will be complied with in practice.

DIRECTORS' TRAINING AND CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

For each newly appointed Director, the Company has provided induction and information to ensure that he/she has a clear understanding of the Company's operations and business and is fully aware of his/her responsibilities under the relevant statutes, laws, rules and regulations.

The Directors understand the need to continue developing and refreshing their knowledge and skills for making contributions to the Company. The Company provides regular updates, changes and developments relating to the Group's business and the legislative and regulatory requirements to the Directors.

The Directors has complied with the requirement of the code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code on Directors' training. All Directors has participated in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills and kept a record of training they received for the year ended 31 March 2017.

董事輪值告退

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.4.2條，各董事均須每三年最少輪值告退一次。雖然現行組織章程細則並無令此事宜生效之確切條文，惟已規定須要有三分之一董事輪值告退，而每年告退之董事均須為對上一次當選以來在任最久者。現行組織章程細則中之上述條文之實際運作在原則上將導致各董事均須每三年最少輪值告退一次。考慮到此觀點後，本公司已大體上遵循企業管治守則內有關各董事均須每三年最少輪值告退一次之規定。此外，董事會將確保企業管治守則之守則條文第A.4.2條將按章遵行。

董事培訓及持續專業發展

各新委任的董事均獲本公司提供入職培訓及資料，確保其對本公司的營運及業務有清晰的了解以及其於相關法規、法例、規則及條例下對彼等的責任有充分的了解。

董事亦明白彼等有需要持續發展及吸收新知識及技能，藉以為本公司作出貢獻。本公司亦定期為董事提供有關本集團的業務及法律及規則規定的更新、變動及發展資料。

董事已遵守有關董事培訓的企業管治守則之守則條文第A.6.5條之規定。全體董事均參與持續專業發展以發展並更新其知識及技能以及保存彼等於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度所接受的培訓之記錄。

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The remuneration committee of the Company (the “**Remuneration Committee**”) was established in March 2006 and currently consists of three members, all of which are INEDs, namely Mr. Li Kwok Chu, Dr. Wan Ho Yuen, Terence and Mr. Lau Shu Yan. Mr. Li Kwok Chu was designated as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee with effect from 26 July 2016 following the retirement of Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor on 26 July 2016.

The roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee are set out in the written terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee which include the determination of the specific remuneration packages of all executive Directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment, making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of the non-executive Directors and to review and approve performance-based remuneration. The terms of reference can be obtained from the website of the Company and the Stock Exchange. The Remuneration Committee has adopted the operation model where it performs an advisory role to the Board, with the Board retaining the final authority to approve the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2017, the remuneration of Directors was determined by their experience, responsibility, workload and the time devoted to the Group. Executive Directors and employees also participate in bonus arrangements determined in accordance with the performance of the Group and the individual's performance.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2017, the Remuneration Committee held 1 meeting for, inter alia, reviewing and approving the remuneration packages of the existing Directors. The attendance record of each member of the Remuneration Committee is set out at **Details of the attendance of each member of the Board and Committees on page 29 of this report.**

薪酬委員會

本公司薪酬委員會(「**薪酬委員會**」)於二零零六年三月成立，現時有三名成員，全部為獨立非執行董事，即李國柱先生、溫浩源博士及劉樹人先生。李國柱先生於二零一六年七月二十六日朱宏霖先生退任後獲指定為薪酬委員會主席，並自二零一六年七月二十六日起生效。

薪酬委員會之職務及職能載列於薪酬委員會之書面職權範圍，包括釐定全體執行董事及高級管理層之特定酬金組合(包括實物利益、退休金權利及補償金(包括任何離職或撤職或委任應付補償))、就非執行董事之酬金向董事會提出建議以及審閱及批准表現掛鈎酬金。職權範圍可從本公司及聯交所網站獲得。薪酬委員會已採納其擔當董事會顧問角色之運作模式，董事會保留最終批准個別執行董事及高級管理層人士薪酬待遇之權力。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度，董事之酬金乃參考董事之經驗、責任、工作量及奉獻給本集團之時間釐定。執行董事及僱員亦可參與按本集團表現及個別人士之表現而釐定之花紅安排。

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度，薪酬委員會曾舉行一次會議，以(其中包括)審閱及批准現任董事之薪酬組合。薪酬委員會各成員之出席記錄載列於**本報告第29頁董事會及委員會各成員之會議出席詳情內。**

Details of Directors' emoluments for the financial year ended 31 March 2017 are set out in the note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") was established in March 2012 and currently consists of three members, all of which are INEDs, namely Mr. Li Kwok Chu, Mr. Lau Shu Yan and Dr. Wan Ho Yuen, Terence. The chairman of the Nomination Committee is Mr. Li Kwok Chu.

The roles and function of the Nomination Committee are set out in the written terms of reference of the Nomination Committee which include the review of the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board, making recommendations on any proposed changes and on the appointment and re-appointment of and succession planning for Directors and to assess the independence of INEDs. The terms of reference can be obtained from the website of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Where vacancies on the Board exist, the Nomination Committee will carry out the selection process by making reference to the Board Diversity Guideline, the skills, experience, professional knowledge, personal integrity and time commitments of the proposed candidates, including the independence status in the case of an INED, the Company's needs and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations. During the year, all the newly appointed Directors were appointed by going through the selection process stated as above.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2017, the Nomination Committee held 2 meetings for, inter alia, considering the retirement and re-election of the Directors at the annual general meeting and to assess, review and make recommendations on the structure, size and composition of the Board and considering the removal of a Director. The attendance record of each member of the Nomination Committee is set out at **Details of the attendance of each member of the Board and Committees on page 29 of the report.**

董事於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度之酬金詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16。

提名委員會

本公司提名委員會(「提名委員會」)於二零一二年三月成立，現時有三名成員，全部均為獨立非執行董事，即李國柱先生、劉樹人先生及溫浩源博士。薪酬委員會主席為李國柱先生。

提名委員會之職務及職能載列於提名委員會之書面職權範圍，包括檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗方面)、就董事建議變更、委任或重新委任以及董事繼任計劃向董事會提供建議，並評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性。職權範圍可從本公司及聯交所網站獲得。

倘董事會出現空缺，提名委員會將參考董事會成員多元化指引、建議候選人之技能、經驗、專業知識、個人誠信及所能付出之時間及其獨立性(倘為獨立非執行董事)，以及本公司之需要及其他相關法定規定及規例，以進行甄選程序。本年度，所有新委任董事乃透過上文所述甄選程序委任。

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度，提名委員會曾舉行兩次會議，以(其中包括)考慮於股東週年大會之董事退任及重選、評估及審閱董事會架構、規模及組成以及考慮董事之免職，並就此提出建議。提名委員會各成員之出席記錄載列於本報告第29頁董事會及委員會各成員之會議出席詳情內。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company (the “**Audit Committee**”) currently comprises three members, of which all are INEDs, namely Dr. Wan Ho Yuen, Terence, Mr. Li Kwok Chu and Mr. Lau Shu Yan. Dr. Wan Ho Yuen, Terence was designated as the chairman of the Audit Committee with effect from 27 July 2016 following the resignation of Mr. Tong Wan Sze on 27 July 2016.

The role and functions of the Audit Committee are set out in the written terms of reference of the Audit Committee which includes overseeing the relationship with auditor, reviewing and supervising the financial reporting system and internal control procedures of the Group and reviewing and approving the Company’s annual reports and accounts, interim report and quarterly reports to the Board. The terms of reference can be obtained from the website of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

During the year, the Audit Committee has reviewed the Group’s unaudited quarterly and interim results and annual audited results for the financial year ended 31 March 2017 and also reviewed the system of internal control of the Group in accordance with code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code. The Audit Committee was of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and requirements and adequate disclosures have been made and is of the view that the system of internal control of the Group is sufficient to safeguard the interests of the Group after gradually reorganised the existing daily operation. The Audit Committee has closely monitored and supervised the internal control procedures of the Group.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2017, the Audit Committee held 8 meetings for, inter alia, reviewing the Group’s quarterly, interim and annual results, the financial reporting and compliance procedures, reviewing and approving internal control review report and considering the appointment and resignation of auditors of the Company. The attendance record of each member of the Audit Committee is set out at **Details of the attendance of each member of the Board and Committees on page 29 of this report.**

審核委員會

本公司審核委員會(「**審核委員會**」)現有三名成員，全部為獨立非執行董事，即溫浩源博士、李國柱先生及劉樹人先生。溫浩源博士於二零一六年七月二十七日湯雲斯先生辭任後獲指定為審核委員會主席，自二零一六年七月二十七日起生效。

審核委員會之職務及職能載列於審核委員會之書面職權範圍，包括監察與核數師之關係、檢討及監察本集團之財務報告制度及內部監控程序以及審閱及批准向董事會提交之本公司年報及賬目、中期報告及季度報告。職權範圍可從本公司及聯交所網站獲得。

本年內，審核委員會已審閱本集團之未經審核季度及中期業績，以及截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度之經審核年度業績，並已根據企業管治守則之守則條文第C.2.1條檢討本集團之內部監控系統。審核委員會認為，該等業績已根據適用會計準則及審閱及規定而編撰，並已作出充分披露，並且認為本集團之內部監控系統於逐步重組現有日常營運後可充分保障本集團之利益。審核委員會已緊密監控及監督本集團之內部監控程序。

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度，審核委員會曾舉行八次會議，以(其中包括)審閱本集團季度、中期及年度業績、財務報告及合規程序、審閱及批准內部監控檢討報告以及考慮本公司核數師的委任及辭任。審核委員會各成員之出席記錄載列於**本報告第29頁董事會及委員會各成員之會議出席詳情內。**

DETAILS OF THE ATTENDANCE OF EACH MEMBER OF THE BOARD AND COMMITTEES:

董事會及委員會各成員之會議出席詳情：

Name	Changes	Board Meetings	Remuneration Committee Meetings	Nomination Committee Meetings	Audit Committee Meetings	Board Meeting for chairman and non-executive directors	Annual general meeting	Extraordinary general meeting
						主席及非執行董事之董事會會議		
姓名	變動	董事會會議	薪酬委員會會議	提名委員會會議	審核委員會會議	非執行董事之董事會會議	股東週年大會	股東特別大會
Executive Directors 執行董事								
Ms. Yip Man Yi (Chairman)	葉敏怡女士(主席)	23/24	-	-	-	1/1	0/1	1/3
Mr. Shiu Chi Tak, Titus	邵志得先生	24/24	-	-	-	-	1/1	3/3
Mr. Cheung Hung Man	張雄文先生 (removed on 23 May 2016) (於二零一六年五月二十三日免除職務)	3/5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Executive Directors 非執行董事								
Mr. Liang Tongwei	梁桐偉先生	13/24	-	-	-	0/1	0/1	0/3
Mr. Wong Chi Man	黃志文先生	24/24	-	-	-	1/1	0/1	1/3
Independent Non-executive Directors 獨立非執行董事								
Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor	朱宏霖先生 (retired on 26 July 2016) (於二零一六年七月二十六日退任)	10/10	1/1	2/2	3/3	1/1	0/1	0/3
Mr. Tong Wan Sze	湯雲斯先生 (resigned on 27 July 2016) (於二零一六年七月二十七日辭任)	8/10	-	-	2/3	1/1	0/1	0/3
Mr. Fung Kwok Leung	馮國良先生 (resigned on 27 July 2016) (於二零一六年七月二十七日辭任)	6/10	1/1	1/2	3/3	1/1	0/1	0/3
Dr. Wan Ho Yuen, Terence	溫浩源博士	17/24	1/1	2/2	5/8	0/1	0/1	1/3
Mr. Lau Shu Yan	劉樹人先生	21/24	1/1	2/2	8/8	1/1	0/1	1/3
Mr. Li Kwok Chu	李國柱先生	23/24	1/1	2/2	8/8	1/1	0/1	1/3

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Board is also responsible for performing the corporate governance duties in the Code Provision D.3.1 as set out below:

- a) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices and compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- e) to review the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 March 2017, the total remuneration in respect of audit services and other non-audit services provided by the auditor of the Company, Elite Partners CPA Limited, were approximately HK\$450,000 and HK\$200,000 respectively (2016: RSM Hong Kong approximately HK\$600,000 and HK\$72,000 respectively).

企業管治職能

董事會亦負責履行下列守則條文第D.3.1條所載之企業管治職責：

- a) 制定及檢討本公司之公司管治政策及常規；
- b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員之培訓及持續專業發展；
- c) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面之政策及常規；
- d) 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事之操守準則及合規手冊(如有)；及
- e) 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則之情況及在企業管治報告內作出披露。

核數師酬金

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本公司之核數師開元信德會計師事務所有限公司所提供之審計服務及其他非審計服務之酬金總額分別約為450,000港元及200,000港元(二零一六年：中瑞岳華(香港)會計師事務所之酬金分別約為600,000港元及72,000港元)。

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

The Directors acknowledged their responsibilities for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group and of the Group's result and cash flows for year then ended. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and have applied them consistently, adopted appropriate Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") and Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") which are pertinent to its operations and relevant to the financial statements, made judgement and estimates that are prudent and reasonable, and have prepared the accounts on the going concern basis.

The statement of the auditor of the Company, Elite Partners CPA Limited, about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 66 to 71 of this annual report.

COMPANY SECRETARY

During the financial year ended 31 March 2017, Ms. Leung Pui Ki resigned as the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") on 30 June 2016 and Ms. Hung Wai Man ("Ms. Hung") was appointed as the Company Secretary on 30 June 2016. During the year ended 31 March 2017, Ms. Hung has complied with Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules by taking no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training. Ms. Hung is responsible for distributing detailed documents to the Directors prior to the Board Meetings to ensure the Directors are able to make informed decision regarding the matters discussed in the meetings. And all Directors have access to the advice and service of the Company Secretary with a view to ensure that the Board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations are followed.

董事及核數師各自之責任

董事確認其須負責編製截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表，該等財務報表須真實及公平反映截至上述日期止年度本公司及本集團之事務狀況及本集團之業績及現金流量。在編製截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之財務報表時，董事已選擇並貫徹應用適用的會計政策，採取與其業務及財務報表有關之適合香港財務報告準則（「香港財務報告準則」）及香港會計準則（「香港會計準則」），作出審慎及合理之判斷及估計，並按持續經營基準編製賬目。

本公司核數師開元信德會計師事務所有限公司就本集團綜合財務報表之報告責任發出之聲明載於本年報第66頁至71頁獨立核數師報告內。

公司秘書

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度，梁珮琪女士於二零一六年六月三十日辭任本公司公司秘書（「公司秘書」），而孔慧敏女士（「孔女士」）於二零一六年六月三十日獲委任為公司秘書。於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，孔女士已遵守創業板上市規則第5.15條進行不少於15個小時之相關專業培訓。孔女士負責在董事會會議前向董事分派詳盡文件，以確保董事能夠就於會議上討論之事宜作出知情決定。所有董事均可獲公司秘書提供意見及服務以確保董事會程序及所有適用規則及規定均獲遵守。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening an Extraordinary General Meeting

Pursuant to Article 72 of the Articles of Association, the Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting. General meetings shall also be convened on the written requisition of any two or more members of the Company deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionists, provided that such requisitionists held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. General meetings may also be convened on the written requisition of any one member of the Company which is a recognised clearing house (or its nominee(s)) deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitioner, provided that such requisitioner held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting to be held within a further 21 days, the requisitioner(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitioner(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

股東權利

召開股東特別大會

根據組織章程細則第72條，董事會可在其認為適當情況下召開股東特別大會。本公司任何兩名或以上股東可以書面要求召開股東大會，彼等須在本公司的香港主要辦事處或（如本公司不再設立該主要辦事處）註冊辦事處遞交書面要求，當中列明召開該股東大會的目的並由提出要求人士簽署，惟該等提出要求人士須於遞交要求日期持有不少於附帶本公司股東大會投票權之本公司繳足股本之十分之一。本身為認可結算所（或其代名人）的本公司任何一名股東亦可以書面要求召開股東大會，該股東須在本公司的香港主要辦事處或（如本公司不再設立該主要辦事處）註冊辦事處遞交書面要求，當中列明召開該股東大會的目的並由提出要求人士簽署，惟該提出要求人士須於遞交要求日期持有不少於附帶在本公司股東大會上投票權之本公司繳足股本十分之一。如董事會於接獲要求日期起計21日內未有正式著手召開將於其後21日內舉行的會議，則提出要求人士本身或其中佔彼等所有投票權超過一半的任何人士可盡可能按由董事會召開大會最接近之相同方式召開股東大會，惟以此方式召開之任何大會不得於遞交要求日期起計三個月期間屆滿後舉行，而提出要求人士因董事會未有召開大會而產生之一切合理開支將由本公司向彼等作出彌償。

Shareholders may put forward proposals at general meeting of the Company by sending the same to the Company at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong.

Procedures for Putting Forward Proposals at a General Meeting

A shareholder shall make a written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary at the Company's principal office in Hong Kong, specifying the shareholding information of the shareholder, his/her contact details and the proposal he/she intends to put forward at general meeting regarding any specified transaction/business and its supporting documents.

Procedures for Sending Enquiries to the Board

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board, shareholders may send written enquiries to the Board of Directors or the Company Secretary at the Company's principal office in Hong Kong. For the avoidance of doubt, shareholder(s) must deposit and send the original duly signed written requisition, notice or statement, or enquiry (as the case may be) to the Company's principal office in Hong Kong and provide their full name, contact details and identification in order to give effect thereto. Shareholders' information may be disclosed as required by law.

股東可於本公司股東大會上提呈動議，有關動議須送交本公司之香港主要辦事處。

於股東大會上提呈建議之程序

股東須致函本公司香港主要辦事處向董事會或公司秘書提出書面要求，當中列明該股東之股權資料、其聯絡詳情，以及就任何特定交易／事項而於股東大會上擬提呈之建議及其證明文件。

可向董事會作出查詢的程序

就向董事會提出任何查詢而言，股東可在本公司於香港的主要辦事處向董事會或公司秘書發出書面查詢。為避免產生疑惑，股東必須向本公司於香港之主要辦事處提交及發送經正式簽署之正本書面請求、通知或聲明或查詢（視情況而定），並提供彼等之全名、聯絡詳情及身份證明，以令其生效。股東之資料可按法律規定作出披露。

SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS RELATIONS

The Board recognizes the importance of maintaining a close relationship with shareholders of the Company and investors by clear, timely and an effective communication. The Company has disclosed all necessary information to its shareholders and investors in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules. The Board has maintained close communications with the shareholders and investors of the Company through (i) the publication of the Company's latest business developments and financial performance through its annual, interim and quarterly reports, notices, announcements and circulars; (ii) the general meetings which provides an opportunity for the shareholders of the Company to raise comments and exchange views with the Board; and (iii) the Company's website which provides an effective communication platform between the Company, its shareholders and investors.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the year ended 31 March 2017, changes in the Company's constitutional documents were as below:

The Company's name has been changed from "Pan Asia Mining Limited" to "Union Asia Enterprise Holdings Limited", and to change the dual foreign name of the Company from "寰亞礦業有限公司" to "萬亞企業控股有限公司". Certificate of Incorporation on Change of Name has been issued by the Registry of Companies in Cayman Islands on 12 April 2016.

Pursuant to the ordinary resolution passed in the extraordinary general meeting held on 8 April 2016, every eight (8) issued and unissued shares was consolidated into one (1) consolidated share. Resolution for share consolidation has been issued by General Registry in Cayman Islands on 11 April 2016.

股東及投資者關係

董事會深明與本公司股東及投資者維持清晰、適時及有效通訊以保持緊密關係之重要性。本公司已根據創業板上市規則向股東及投資者披露所有必需資料。董事會透過下列渠道與本公司股東及投資者維持緊密通訊：(i)透過其年度、中期及季度報告、通告、公告及通函，發佈本公司的最新業務發展及財務表現；(ii)在股東大會上讓本公司股東有機會向董事會提出評論和交換意見；及(iii)本公司的網站為本公司、其股東與投資者提供有效溝通平台。

組織章程文件

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本公司的組織章程文件變動如下：

本公司之名稱已自「Pan Asia Mining Limited」更改為「Union Asia Enterprise Holdings Limited」，並將本公司之雙重外國名稱由「寰亞礦業有限公司」更改為「萬亞企業控股有限公司」。開曼群島公司註冊處已於二零一六年四月十二日發出更改名稱註冊成立證書。

根據於二零一六年四月八日舉行之股東特別大會上通過之普通決議案，每八(8)股已發行及未發行股份已合併為一(1)股合併股份。開曼群島註冊總處已於二零一六年四月十一日發出股份合併之決議案。

Pursuant to the special resolution and ordinary resolution passed in the extraordinary general meeting held on 29 August 2016, Article 98 of the article of association of the Company was replaced by a new Article 98. With the new Article 98 duly passed as special resolution, the Company can determine the maximum number of Directors by ordinary resolution. An ordinary resolution was passed to fix the maximum number of Directors of the Company at seven (7). Resolution of the amendment to the article of association has been issued by General Registry in Cayman Islands on 12 September 2016.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is overall responsible for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks that it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives, and ensuring that the Group established and maintained appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems.

The Audit Committee reviews the risk management and internal controls that are significant to the Group on an on-going basis. The Audit Committee would consider the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience and training of staff and external advisor of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting function.

The management of the Group is responsible for designing, maintaining, implementing and monitoring of the risk management and internal control system to ensure adequate control in place to safeguard the Group's assets and stakeholder's interest.

The Group has established risk management procedures to address and handle significant risks associated with the business of the Group. The Board would perform annual review on significant change of the business environment and establish procedures to response the risks result from significant changes of business environment. The risk management and internal control systems are designed to mitigate the potential losses of the business.

根據於二零一六年八月二十九日舉行之股東特別大會上通過之特別決議案及普通決議案，本公司組織章程細則第98條細則已由新第98條細則取代。隨著新第98條細則獲正式通過作為特別決議案，本公司可透過普通決議案決定最高董事數目。一項普通決議案已獲通過，以將本公司之最高董事數目訂為七(7)人。開曼群島註冊總處已於二零一六年九月十二日發出修訂組織章程細則之決議案。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責評估及釐定本集團為達成策略目標所願意承擔之風險性質及程度，並確保本集團設立及維持合適有效之風險管理及內部監控系統。

審核委員會持續審閱對本集團而言屬重大之風險管理及內部監控。審核委員會將考慮、本集團於會計、內部審閱及財務申報職能方面之職員及外部顧問之資源資質、經驗及培訓之充足性。

本集團管理層負責設計、維持、實施及監控風險管理及內部監控系統，確保有充足監控以保障本集團之資產及持份者權益。

本集團已設立風險管理程序，以解決及處理與本集團業務有關之所有重大風險。董事會將每年就業務環境之任何重大變動進行審閱，設立程序應對業務環境重大變動帶來之風險。本集團設計風險管理及內部監控系統以減少業務之潛在虧損。

The management would identify the risks associated with the business of the Group by considering both internal and external factors and events which include political, economic, technological, environmental, social and staff. Each of the risks has been assessed and prioritised based on their relevant impacts and occurrence opportunities. The relevant risk management strategy would be applied to each type of risks according to the assessment results. Type of risk management strategy has been listed as follows:

- Risk retention and reduction: accept the impact of risk or undertake actions by the Group to reduce the impact of the risks;
- Risk avoidance: change business process or objective so as to avoid the risk;
- Risk sharing and diversification: diversify the effect of the risk or allocate to different location or product or market;
- Risk transfer: transfer ownership and liability to a third party.

The internal control systems are designed and implemented to reduce the risks associated with the business accepted by the Group and minimise the adverse impact resulted from the risks. The risk management and internal control system are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

During the year under review, the Board has appointed an independent adviser to conduct a special review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Group. The review has covered all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions and some recommendations were provided in the internal control review report. The Group has focused on improving internal control and has gradually reorganised the existing daily operation.

The Board considered that, for the year ended 31 March 2017, the risk management and internal control system and procedures of the Group, covering all material controls including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions were reasonably effective and adequate.

管理層將透過考慮內部及外部因素及事件(包括政治、經濟、技術、環境、社會及僱員)識別與本集團業務有關之風險，對各項風險進行評估並根據其相關影響及發生之概率區分優先次序。相關風險管理策略將根據評估結果應用於各類型風險。風險管理策略類型載列如下：

- 風險留置及降低：本集團接受風險之影響或採取行動以降低風險之影響；
- 風險避免：改變業務流程或目標以避免風險；
- 風險分擔及分散：分散風險影響或分配予不同地區或產品或市場；
- 風險轉移：轉移所有權及負債予第三方。

本集團設計及實施內部監控系統以降低本集團承擔之業務相關風險，並使風險帶來之不利影響結果降至最低。風險管理及內部監控系統乃設計以管理而非消除無法實現業務目標之風險，及僅可就重大失實陳述或虧損提供合理而非絕對之保證。

於回顧年內，董事會已委任獨立顧問就本集團之內部監控系統成效進行特別檢討。檢討涵蓋所有重大監控，包括財務、營運及合規監控、風險管理職能以及若干於內部監控檢討報告中規定之建議。本集團專注於改善內部監控，並已逐步重組其現時之日常營運。

董事會認為，截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統及程序(涵蓋所有重大監控，包括財務、營運及合規監控及風險管理職能)屬合理有效及充足。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

環境、社會及管治報告

INTRODUCTION AND SCOPE OF ESG REPORT

The Board is pleased to present the first Environmental, Social and Governance (“**ESG**”) report of the Group prepared according to Appendix 20 Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the “**ESG Reporting Guide**”) set out by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on GEM Board (“**GEM Board Listing Rule**”). The Group is committed towards sustainability and understands the importance of sustainable development of its business and community.

As this is the first ESG report of the Group it would present mainly policies, initiatives and performance of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017. It will also highlight material aspects identified from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017 with the Board confirming that the report has been reviewed and approved to ensure all material issues and impacts are fairly presented.

The ESG report of the Group has been presented into two subject areas, Environmental and Social and each subject area will have various aspects to disclose the relevant policies and the status of compliance with relevant laws and regulations as addressed by the ESG Reporting Guide. The following will show the ESG issues that found material for the Group and the relation to the ESG Reporting Guide:

ESG Reporting Guide	Relevant ESG issues to the Group
A. Environmental	
A.1 Emissions	Pollutants emission and waste management
A.2 Use of resources	Electricity, paper consumption and gasoline
A.3 Environmental and natural resources	Measures in reducing environmental impact

環境、社會及管治報告緒言及範圍

董事會欣然提呈根據香港聯合交易所有限公司創業板(「**創業板上市規則**」)所載附錄20環境、社會及管治(「**環境、社會及管治**」)報告指引(「**環境、社會及管治報告指引**」)所編製本集團首份環境、社會及管治報告。本集團致力於可持續發展，並理解其業務及社區可持續發展之重要性。

由於此為本集團首份環境、社會及管治報告，其將呈列本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之主要政策、措施及表現，亦將強調自二零一六年四月一日至二零一七年三月三十一日期間所識別之重大事項，董事會確認，本報告已經審閱並批准，以確保公正呈列所有重大問題及影響。

本集團之環境、社會及管治報告分為環境與社會兩個主要範疇呈列，各主要範疇將從若干層面披露環境、社會及管治報告指引所提出相關政策以及遵守相關法律及法規之情況。以下將展示被認為對本集團屬重大之環境、社會及管治問題，以及與環境、社會及管治指引之關係：

環境、社會及管治報告指引	本集團相關環境、社會及管治問題
A. 環境	
A.1 排放物	污染物排放及廢棄物管理
A.2 資源使用	電力、紙張消耗及汽油
A.3 環境及天然資源	減少環境影響之措施

ESG Reporting Guide	Relevant ESG issues to the Group	環境、社會及管治報告指引	本集團相關環境、社會及管治問題
B. Social		B. 社會	
B.1 Employment	Labour practices	B.1 僱傭	勞工條例
B.2 Health and safety	Risk management and workplace health and safety	B.2 健康與安全	風險管理及工作場所健康與安全
B.3 Development and training	Employee development and training	B.3 發展及培訓	僱員發展及培訓
B.4 Labour standards	Child labour and forced labour	B.4 勞工準則	童工及強制勞工
B.5 Supply chain management	Supplier management	B.5 供應鏈管理	供應商管理
B.6 Product responsibility	Product safety and quality	B.6 產品責任	產品安全及質素
B.7 Anti-corruption	Anti-corruption and money laundering	B.7 反貪污	反貪污及洗錢
B.8 Community investment	Community involvement	B.8 社區投資	社區參與

ABOUT THE GROUP

The Group is principally engaged in trading of stainless steel wires, skincare and household products, nephrite, beverage and securities and the chartering out of pleasure vessel. Due to the change of economic conditions and the highly competitive environment in the PRC for the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group has shifted its business focus from the PRC back to Hong Kong to reduce the business risk.

The corporate social responsibility factors, ESG factors, have figured ever more prominently in the value of corporations. A wide variety of sustainability or non-financial factors can better understand the potential impact on the valuation of the Company.

The Group follows a sustainable development strategy by providing the employees with a safe and healthy working environment as well as training and promoting supply chain policies and implementing a set of comprehensive measures for environmental protection.

關於本集團

本集團主要從事不銹鋼線、護膚及家用產品、軟玉、飲料及證券買賣業務以及出租遊樂船隻業務。由於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度中國之經濟狀況改變及激烈競爭環境，本集團已將其業務重點由中國移歸香港，以減少業務風險。

企業社會責任因素(即環境、社會及管治因素)已予識別，以凸顯企業價值。多種可持續性或非財務因素能讓我們更了解對本公司價值之潛在影響。

本集團遵循可持續發展戰略，為僱員提供安全與健康之工作環境，培訓及提倡供應鏈政策，並實行一系列環境保護綜合措施。

A. ENVIRONMENTAL

The Group has maintained a systematic framework to manage the immediate and long term environmental impacts of an organisation's products, services and processes.

A.1 Emission

Carbon dioxide (CO₂) emission

The major source of CO₂ emission of the Group is from the Charter segment of which diesel is consumed to empower the vessel. The Group has acquired the vessel during the year ended 31 March 2017 to diversify the business for reducing the risk of its trading business and also as part of its business strategy to shift the market from the PRC back to Hong Kong. The other source of the CO₂ emission is from the trading business of the Group of which electricity is used for maintaining the offices located in the Hong Kong and the PRC and empower the offices' equipment and computers of the Group. The Group has established policies for reducing CO₂ emission as follows:

- Restriction on the use of the vessel except for the purpose of generation of charter income and necessary business matters;
- Restriction to turn off the light and turn the computer to sleep mode when staff are out of office for more than half hours during the luncheon time;
- Encouraging the staff to travel on the public transport when there is need for out of office; and
- Restriction on maintaining proper room temperature to reduce the electricity used in the air-conditioning environment.

A. 環境

本集團設有系統化框架以管理組織產品、服務及流程之即時及長期環境影響。

A.1 排放物

二氧化碳(CO₂)排放

本集團之二氧化碳排放主要來源為使用柴油以行駛船舶之租賃分部。截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本集團已收購船舶，藉以使業務更趨多元化，從而減低其買賣業務之風險，此舉亦為其將市場從中國轉至香港之業務策略一部分。另一個二氧化碳排放來源為本集團之買賣業務，有關業務使用電力運作位於香港及中國之辦公室及本集團之辦公室設備及電腦。本集團已制定以下減排二氧化碳政策：

- 限制使用船舶(為產生出租船舶收入及必要業務事項除外)；
- 倘員工於午飯時間離開辦公室超過半小時，規定必須關燈並須將電腦轉設為睡眠模式；
- 鼓勵員工於需要出外辦公時使用公共交通工具；及
- 規定須維持適當室溫，以節省空調環境所用電力。

Waste Management

The Group would also produce certain land waste from the offices located both in Hong Kong and the PRC when conducting the business. The major land waste is the paper used to prepare the shipping and office documents as well as the packing materials from the warehouse. The Group has also established policies to reduce and handle the land waste as follows:

- Emphasis on the use of recycle paper when printing the internal documents;
- Encouragement on use of double-sided printing when printing documents for external use; and
- Establishment of procedures on handling waste paper and waste materials with the priority on i) selling to recycle merchants; ii) directly disposal to recycle bins; iii) directly disposal to regular bins; iv) use third party merchant services for disposal of waste.

The Group has constantly updated with the local legislation and standards for environmental protection and assess whether these legislation and standards are related to the business of the Group and the Group's compliance status of these legislation and standards. During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group has complied with environmental laws and regulations applicable to the Group's business.

廢棄物管理

進行業務活動時，本集團於香港及中國之辦公室亦產生若干土地廢棄物。土地廢棄物主要為準備出貨及辦公室文件之用紙以及貨倉之包裝材料。本集團亦制定以下政策以減少及處理土地廢棄物：

- 於列印內部文件時注重循環使用回收紙；
- 鼓勵雙面列印外部文件；及
- 制定處理廢紙及廢料之程序，依次為i) 出售予回收商戶；ii) 直接棄置於回收箱；iii) 直接棄置於普通垃圾箱；iv) 使用第三方商戶服務以處置廢棄物。

本集團持續更新本地環保法例及標準，並評估該等法例及標準是否與本集團之業務有關，以及本集團有關該等法例及標準之合規情況。截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本集團已遵守適用於本集團業務之環境法律及法規。

A.2 Use of Resources

Resources Consumption

The Group is committed to perform regular assessment in analysing data which aims for better management in the use of resources. The resources majorly used by the Group relates to electricity and gasoline. The Group has various policies to efficiently use resources during operations to reduce wastes with optimal schedule of trading.

From 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017, all factories and offices of the Group consumed over 14,285 kwh electricity. The Group aims to reduce consumption through targeted efforts by participating in an energy conservation programme.

The Group's resources consumption is listed in the table below:

Resources Consumption	資源消耗	Unit 單位	Amount 數量
Electricity consumption	電力消耗	kWh 千瓦時	14,285
Paper consumption	紙張消耗	Copies 張	4,202
Gasoline	汽油	Litre 升	1,532.132

Assessment from management will be made to reduce the environmental impact from these resources. During the year, the Group encourage employees to save paper by printing or photocopying documents at 2-sided or reuse the blank sides of used paper. Besides, the Group also arranged for empty toner cartridges to be collected by vender for recycling purpose.

A.2 資源使用

資源消耗

本集團致力於通過分析數據進行定期評估，旨在更有效地管理資源使用情況。本集團主要使用資源涉及電力及汽油。本集團已採取多種政策，以於運營過程中有效使用資源，從而以最佳貿易時間表減少浪費。

自二零一六年四月一日至二零一七年三月三十一日，本集團所有廠房及辦事處之耗電量逾14,285千瓦時。本集團旨在通過參與節能計劃透過更具針對性之措施減少消耗。

下表列出本集團之資源消耗量：

管理層將進行評估以減少該等資源之環境影響。年內，本集團鼓勵僱員通過雙面列印或影印文件，或重複利用已使用紙張之空白頁面以節省紙張。此外，本集團亦準備空墨盒以便供應商收集作回收用途。

A.3 The Environmental and Natural Resources

Measures in reducing environmental impact

According to the Group's environmental philosophy, all sub-companies are committed to trade various products while also ensure that all business activities impact the environment positively.

The Group is challenged with unprecedented energy efficiency and environmental protection needs. Therefore, energy efficiency and environmental protections are great concerns and long-term arduous tasks for the Group and the society.

A.3 環境及天然資源

減少環境影響之措施

根據本集團之環境理念，各附屬公司均致力於買賣多種產品，同時亦確保所有業務活動對環境產生正面影響。

本集團面臨前所未有之能源效率及環境保護需求挑戰。因此，能源效益及環境保護至關重要，且為本集團與社會長期而艱鉅之任務。

B. SOCIAL

B.1 Employment

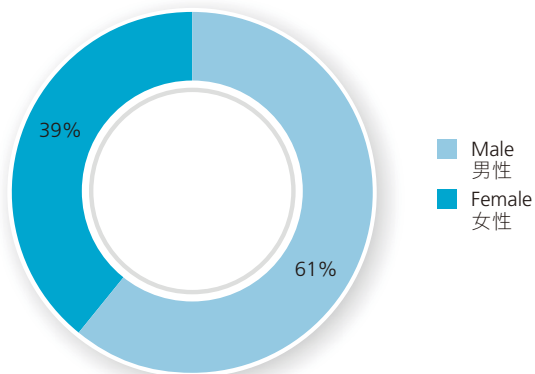
The Group values its employees as they are the key to success. It is committed in a good workplace practice without discrimination and received equal opportunities for all despite of age, gender, race, colour, sexual orientation, disability or marital status.

B. 社會

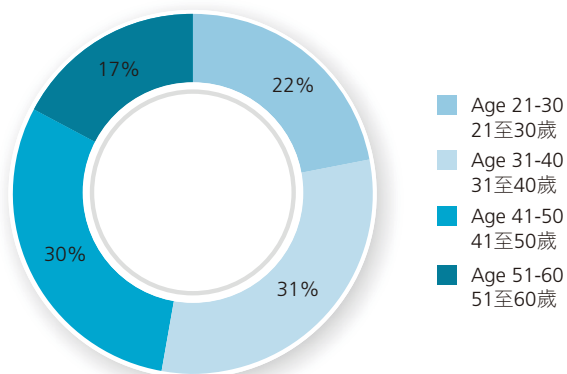
B.1 僱傭

本集團重視其員工，因為彼等為我們取得成功之關鍵。本集團致力於制定不帶歧視成分之良好工作場所條例，並為所有人提供平等機會，不論其年齡、性別、種族、膚色、性取向、殘疾或婚姻狀況。

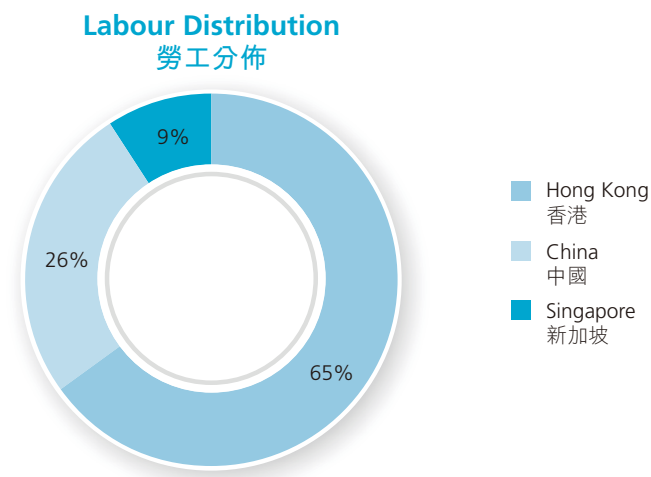
Gender Profile
性別分佈



Age Profile
年齡分佈



The following diagram has shown the distribution of labour in three different regions.



下圖顯示三個不同地區之勞工分佈情況。

During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group complied with Employment Ordinance and Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other labour related law and regulations such as Labour Law of the People's Republic of China 《中華人民共和國勞動法》, Labour Contract Law of People's Republic of China 《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》.

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本集團已遵守僱傭條例及香港法例第485章強制性公積金計劃條例以及其他勞工相關法律及法規，例如《中華人民共和國勞動法》及《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》。

Labour Practices

The Company's practices and policies with respect to:

1. Compensation and dismissal
2. Recruitment and promotion
3. Working hours
4. Rest periods
5. Equal opportunity
6. Diversity

勞工條例

本公司之常規及政策涉及下列各方面：

1. 薪酬及解僱
2. 招聘及晉升
3. 工作時數
4. 休息時間
5. 平等機會
6. 多元化

7. Anti-discrimination

7. 反歧視

8. Welfare and other benefits

8. 福利及其他利益

Our employment contract specified the terms including compensation and dismissal, working hours, rest periods and other benefits and welfare for our staff. The Group's employee handbook distributed to employees also highlight important information of policies on compensation, employee benefits, rights on termination, business conduct and leave benefits. The Group also provides comprehensive medical insurance to employee which included in-patient and out-patient benefit.

僱傭合同明確規定員工之薪酬及解僱、工作時數、休息時間以及其他利益及福利等條款。本集團分發給僱員之員工手冊亦強調薪酬、僱員福利、終止權利、商業操守及休假福利政策等重要資料。本集團亦為僱員提供全面醫療保險，包括住院及門診福利。

B.2 Health and Safety

Risk management

The Group cares about every employee's welfare and safety to achieve "zero accidents" in the workplace with clear policies. From 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017, there was no record of work related fatalities. Creating a healthy and safe workplace means having an effective health and safety program and meeting other basic requirements.

Workplace health and safety

The Group has priority to focus on the Occupational Health and Safety for the employees. The Group has been fully complied with relevant occupational safety and health legislation of Hong Kong, the PRC and Singapore.

B.2 健康與安全

風險管理

本集團關心每一位僱員之福利及安全，以清晰政策實現工作場所「零事故」。自二零一六年四月一日至二零一七年三月三十一日，概無錄得工作相關致命事故。打造健康及安全之工作場所意味著有效之健康及安全計劃且滿足其他基本要求。

工作場所健康與安全

本集團優先關注於僱員職業健康及安全。本集團已全面遵守香港、中國及新加坡之相關職業安全及健康法規。

Workplace is equipped with fire and safety equipment to prevent outbreak of fire accident and the validity of the fire facilities have been regularly checked. During the year, the Group has reported zero work related fatalities and work injuries.

B.3 Development and Training

Employee development and training

The Group encourages its employees to advance and improve themselves by pursuing further studies. It has various training programmes, internal and external, to fully develop its workforce. Regularly, staff would be sent to attend continuous professional training courses such as Tax Framework, top-up courses for Corporate Law and Governance and Human Resource Management Certificate Studies. Besides, the Group will provide financial sponsorship to employee to attain professional qualifications.

For all new employees, the Group will be provided orientation and induction trainings to help them to integrate into the new working environment.

B.4 Labour Standards

As a trading company, the employment standards are the critical things to be concerned. The Group has strictly complied with Employment Ordinance.

Child labour and forced labour

Any individuals under legal working age and individuals without any identification documents are disqualified from employment. The Group has committed to protect the labour rights of staff and established complaint mechanism for staff to report the violation for labour right.

為防止火災事故發生，工作場所已配備消防安全設備，並定期檢查消防設施之有效性。年內，本集團錄得零工作相關致命事故及工傷。

B.3 發展及培訓

僱員發展及培訓

本集團鼓勵其僱員通過繼續進修提升及完善自身。為全面發展員工，本集團已制定多種內部及外部培訓計劃。定期派員工參加持續專業培訓課程，例如稅收框架、公司法及管治以及人力資源管理研究證書之進修課程。此外，本集團將為僱員提供財政贊助以獲取專業資格。

就全體新僱員而言，本集團將提供見面會及入職培訓以幫助彼等融入新工作環境。

B.4 勞工準則

作為一間貿易公司，勞工準則至關重要。本集團已嚴格遵守僱傭條例。

童工及強制勞工

任何未滿合法工作年齡之人士及並無持有任何身份證明文件之人士均不會獲僱用。本集團致力於保護員工之勞動權利，並為員工彙報侵犯勞動權利之行為設立投訴機制。

Insurance and work security packages:

保險及工作安全方案：

Hong Kong

香港

People's Republic of China

中華人民共和國

Mandatory Provident Fund (MPF)

強制性公積金(強積金)

Medical Insurance

醫療保險

Performance Bonus

表現花紅

Severance Payment/Long Service Payment

遣散費/長期服務金

Maternity/Paternity Leave with Pay

有薪產假/侍產假

Employment Compensation Insurance

僱員補償保險

Medical Insurance

醫療保險

Unemployment Insurance

失業保險

Work-related Injury Insurance

工傷保險

Childbirth Insurance

生育保險

Housing Accumulation Funds

住房公積金

Health and Safety Endowment Insurance

健康及安全儲蓄保險

For the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group has complied with all relevant labour standards though some standards may vary in different jurisdictions. No violation regarding to the age of employment and labour dispute has incurred between the Group and employees.

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本集團已遵守所有相關勞工準則，惟部分準則於不同司法權區可能有所差異。概無違反有關僱員年齡之法規，且本集團與僱員之間概無勞資糾紛。

B.5 Supply Chain Management

Supplier Management

The Group also tended to maintain long term relationship with its suppliers for ensuring stable supply of materials or goods. Group's suppliers are appointed from the approved list which is reviewed yearly. The approved list of suppliers is subjected to product quality and environmental commitment.

B.5 供應鏈管理

供應商管理

本集團亦擬與其供應商維持長遠關係，以確保材料或貨物之穩定供應。本集團之供應商乃從每年審閱之經批准名單中委聘。經批准名單中之供應商是參考其產品質量及環保意識而釐定。

B.6 Product Responsibility

Product Safety and Quality

The Group puts products and services quality as our first priority. For our trading products in PRC such as stainless steel wires and bottled water, are subjected to the Product Quality Law of the People's Republic of China 《中華人民共和國產品質量法》 which makes the Group having a responsibility to compensate for the damage made to the person or property if the products are defected.

Also, the Group has a confidentiality practices relating to observing and protecting the Business Practices and Consumer Protection Act for clients and suppliers' data protection and privacy guideline. To protect clients and suppliers' data and privacy of client information, they are kept with confidentiality and destroyed on a timely basis.

B.7 Anti-Corruption

Anti-corruption and Money Laundering

A system with good moral integrity and anti-corruption mechanism is the cornerstone for a sustainable and healthy development of the Group. The Group adopted guideline for reporting violations and any suspicious transactions would be notified and reported to the relevant governing body by responsible officer.

The Group has complied to facilitate combatting the Proceeds of Crime (Money Laundering) and Terrorist Financing Act. The Group's guideline stresses on no tolerance towards corruption, fraud, money laundering, bribery and extortion and has compliance with relevant laws and regulations.

B.6 產品責任

產品安全及質量

本集團優先考慮產品及服務之質量。我們於中國之貿易產品，如不銹鋼線及瓶裝水，受《中華人民共和國產品質量法》所規管，使本集團須因產品缺陷對人或物業所造成之損害承擔責任。

此外，本集團設有有關遵守及保障客戶及供應商之數據保護及私隱政策之商業實務和消費者保護法之保密制度。為保障客戶及供應商數據以及客戶私隱資料，該等資料須予保密並及時銷毀。

B.7 反貪污

反貪污及洗錢

一個具良好道德操守及反貪污機制之系統是本集團持續及健康發展之基石。本集團就舉報違規採用指引，負責員工將向相關管治機關通知及舉報任何可疑之交易。

本集團已遵守協助打擊《犯罪所得(反洗錢)和反對資助恐怖主義條例》之法例。本集團之指引強調對貪污、欺詐、洗錢、賄賂及勒索行為採取零容忍態度，並遵守相關法律及法規。

In addition, the Group has implemented specific measures to detect and deter money laundering and the financing of terrorist activities. For instance,

- Establishing record keeping and client identification requirements for financial services providers;
- Requiring the reporting of suspicious financial transactions and cross-border movements of currency; and
- Establishing an agency that is responsible for ensuring compliance with the Act.

The Group would frequently provide any latest update about the relevant regulations of anti-money laundering and the code of conduct.

B.8 Community Investment

Community involvement

The Group has devoted time and effort to return to the society as it has always encouraged its employees to take part into supporting environmental protection such as energy saving initiative and volunteer work for the community.

In the future, the Group will:

- a) seek opportunities to work with charitable organisations to get involved in various community programmes and contribute to the society; and
- b) promote the health of its employees and customers by organising and taking part in sports and fitness activities.

此外，本集團已制定專門偵破及阻止洗錢及資助恐怖主義活動之具體措施。例如，

- 對財務服務供應商實施記錄保存制度及客戶身分識別之要求；
- 要求匯報可疑財務交易及跨境貨幣流動；及
- 設立代理負責確保法規得以遵守。

本集團將經常提供任何有關反洗錢之相關法規及行為守則之最新資訊。

B.8 社區投資

社區參與

本集團投放時間及努力回饋社會，並一向鼓勵員工參與支持環境保護，如節約能源之行動及社區之義工活動。

本集團將於未來：

- a) 尋求與慈善機構合作之機會，以參與各項社區活動及對社會作出貢獻；及
- b) 舉辦及參與體育及健身活動，以提倡其員工及客戶追求健康。

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS

董事履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Yip Man Yi (“Ms. Yip”), aged 45, is an executive Director since 14 November 2015, the compliance officer of the Company since 1 December 2015 and the Chairman of the Company since 31 December 2015. Ms. Yip graduated from Seneca College of Applied Arts and Technology, Toronto, Canada and has over 18 years’ experience in financial market and money market. Ms. Yip has worked with HSBC Market (Asia) Limited for Global Markets and company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. She was actively involved in formulating investment strategy and was responsible for overseeing the management operations of various investment projects. Ms. Yip also has experience in the management of listed company at Hong Kong. She was formerly a chairman and an executive director and a member of the remuneration committee of Evershine Group Holdings Limited (formerly known as TLT Lottotainment Group Limited) (stock code: 8022) from 10 April 2012 to 2 October 2013, a company listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange. She was also formerly a managing director and an executive director of Unity Investments Holdings Limited (stock code: 913) from 7 October 2013 to 29 November 2013, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Shiu Chi Tak, Titus (“Mr. Shiu”), aged 35, is an executive Director since 14 November 2015 and the authorised representative of the Company since 1 December 2015. Mr. Shiu holds a Master of Science Degree in Marketing Management from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He has practical experiences in corporate finance projects for listed companies in Hong Kong including corporate advisories, mergers and acquisitions and fund raising activities.

執行董事

葉敏怡女士(「葉女士」)，45歲，自二零一五年十一月十四日起擔任執行董事、自二零一五年十二月一日起擔任本公司監察主任及自二零一五年十二月三十一日起兼任本公司主席。葉女士畢業於加拿大多倫多Seneca College of Applied Arts and Technology，並在金融市場及貨幣市場方面擁有逾18年經驗。葉女士曾於HSBC Market (Asia) Limited環球市場部門及聯交所主板上市公司工作，並積極參與制定投資策略及負責監管多個投資項目之管理運作。葉女士亦於管理香港上市公司方面擁有經驗。彼曾於二零一二年四月十日至二零一三年十月二日期間擔任聯交所創業板上市公司永耀集團控股有限公司(前稱彩娛集團有限公司，股份代號：8022)之主席、執行董事及薪酬委員會成員。彼曾於二零一三年十月七日至二零一三年十一月二十九日期間擔任聯交所主板上市公司合一投資控股有限公司(股份代號：913)之董事總經理兼執行董事。

邵志得先生(「邵先生」)，35歲，自二零一五年十一月十四日起擔任執行董事及自二零一五年十二月一日起兼任本公司授權代表。邵先生持有香港理工大學市場管理理學碩士學位。彼擁有於香港上市公司企業融資項目之實質經驗，其中包括企業諮詢、合併和收購及集資活動。

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Liang Tong Wei (“Mr. Liang”), aged 50, is a non-executive Director of the Company since 30 November 2011. He holds a bachelor degree of Industrial and Business Administration and Management from Foshan Radio and Television University (佛山市廣播電視大學) in the People’s Republic of China (“PRC”). Mr. Liang possesses about 28 years of experiences in the business administration and management. He has worked at 佛山市奇槎色料廠 and 佛山市宏陶陶瓷集團有限公司 in the PRC and was promoted to sales general manager before he left 佛山市宏陶陶瓷集團有限公司. Mr. Liang has been the chairman and general manager of 佛山市三水宏源陶瓷企業有限公司 since 2004.

Mr. Wong Chi Man (“Mr. Wong”), aged 34, is a non-executive Director since 13 October 2015. Mr. Wong is currently an associate director of a licensed securities dealer in Hong Kong. Mr. Wong has over 7 years of experience in the field of investment, finance and securities advisory. He holds a Master of Applied Finance degree from Monash University and a Bachelor degree in Commerce from Deakin University, Australia. Besides, Mr. Wong was formerly the non-executive director of Merdeka Financial Services Group Limited (formerly known as Merdeka Mobile Group Limited) (Stock Code: 8163) from 24 August 2012 to 27 November 2015, the issued shares of which are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange.

非執行董事

梁桐偉先生(「梁先生」)，50歲，自二零一一年十一月三十日起為本公司非執行董事。彼持有中華人民共和國(「中國」)佛山市廣播電視大學頒授之工商管理學士學位。梁先生在工商管理方面累積約28年經驗。彼在離開佛山市宏陶陶瓷集團有限公司前，在中國之佛山市奇槎色料廠及佛山市宏陶陶瓷集團有限公司工作，並獲晉升為銷售總經理。自二零零四年以來，梁先生出任佛山市三水宏源陶瓷企業有限公司之董事長兼總經理。

黃志文先生(「黃先生」)，34歲，自二零一五年十月十三日起擔任非執行董事，黃先生現為一間香港持牌證券交易商之聯席董事。黃先生於投資、財務和證券顧問領域擁有超過7年經驗。彼持有澳洲Monash University應用財務碩士學位及Deakin University商業學士學位。此外，黃先生曾於二零一二年八月二十四日至二零一五年十一月二十七日期間擔任萬德金融服務集團有限公司(前稱萬德移動集團有限公司，股份代號：8163)(其已發行股份於聯交所創業板上市)之非執行董事。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Wan Ho Yuen, Terence (“Dr. Wan”), aged 49, is an independent non-executive Director since 14 November 2015 and a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee since 31 December 2015. Dr. Wan was designated as the chairman of the Audit Committee on 27 July 2016. Dr. Wan is currently the director of an accounting firm based in Hong Kong. Dr. Wan is currently an independent non-executive director of Tai Shing International (Holdings) Limited, a company listed on the GEM (stock code: 8103) since 31 December 2015. Dr. Wan was formerly an independent non-executive director of China National Culture Group Limited (formerly known as China Railsmedia Corporation Limited) (stock code: 745) from 17 January 2014 to 9 April 2015, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Dr. Wan obtained a bachelor of law degree from Tsing Hua University, the PRC in January 2004; and a doctorate degree of philosophy in business administration from Bulacan State University, Philippines in May 2006. Dr. Wan is a Certified Public Accountant (Practicing) of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Dr. Wan has over 10 years of experiences in taxation advisory, business management and accounting with several professional accounting firms and companies.

Mr. Li Kwok Chu (“Mr. Li”), aged 60, is an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee since 31 December 2015. Mr. Li was designated as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee on 26 July 2016. Mr. Li is a chairman and chief executive officer of Pakco Group and he has rich experience in administration and management field. Prior to Mr. Li joining Pakco Group, he was the managing director of Pakco Security (HK) Limited. He was formerly an independent non-executive director of Evershine Group Holdings Limited (formerly known as TLT Lottotainment Group Limited) (stock code: 8022), a company listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange for the period from 16 March 2012 to 31 October 2013.

獨立非執行董事

溫浩源博士(「溫博士」)，49歲，自二零一五年十一月十四日起擔任獨立非執行董事，自二零一五年十二月三十一日起擔任審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。溫博士於二零一六年七月二十七日獲任命為審核委員會主席。溫博士現任一間香港會計公司董事。溫博士現任泰盛國際(控股)有限公司(股份代號：8103，其自二零一五年十二月三十一日起於創業板上市之公司)之獨立非執行董事。溫博士曾於二零一四年一月十七日至二零一五年四月九日擔任聯交所主板上市公司中國國家文化產業集團有限公司(前稱中國鐵聯傳媒有限公司，股份代號：745)之獨立非執行董事。溫博士於二零零四年一月取得中國清華大學法律學士學位，及於二零零六年五月取得菲律賓比立勤國立大學工商管理哲學博士學位。溫博士為香港會計師公會之註冊會計師(執業)。溫博士於稅務諮詢、業務管理及會計方面擁有逾10年經驗，曾任職於多間專業會計師行及公司。

李國柱先生(「李先生」)，60歲，自二零一五年十二月三十一日起擔任獨立非執行董事、提名委員會主席以及審核委員會及薪酬委員會成員。李先生於二零一六年七月二十六日獲任命為薪酬委員會主席。李先生為柏高集團主席兼行政總裁，彼於行政及管理領域經驗豐富。李先生於加入柏高集團前，曾任柏高警衛(香港)有限公司董事總經理一職。彼曾於二零一二年三月十六日至二零一三年十月三十一日期間擔任聯交所創業板上市公司永耀集團控股有限公司(前稱彩娛集團有限公司，股份代號：8022)之獨立非執行董事。

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS

董事履歷

Mr. Lau Shu Yan (“Mr. Lau”), aged 35, is an independent non-executive Director and a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee since 31 December 2015. Mr. Lau is currently a partner of an audit firm. He had previously worked in an international accounting firm and has over 10 years of experience in finance, auditing and accounting fields. Mr. Lau graduated from the University of Newcastle upon Tyne, United Kingdom with a Bachelor of Arts degree majoring in accounting and financial Analysis. He is a certified public accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Lau is currently an independent non-executive director, chairman of the audit committee and member of the remuneration committee of Perfectech International Holdings Limited (stock code: 765) and an independent non-executive director and the chairman of the audit committee of Daohe Global Group Limited (Stock Code: 915), the issued shares of both companies are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He is also an independent non-executive director and the chairman of the nomination committee of 深圳市明華澳漢科技股份有限公司 (Shenzhen Mingwah Aohan High Technology Corporation Limited) (Stock Code: 8301), the issued shares of which is listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Lau was formerly an independent non-executive director of Evershine Group Holdings Limited (formerly known as TLT Lottotainment Group Limited) (stock code: 8022) from 11 July 2012 to 16 January 2014, the issued shares of which are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange.

劉樹人先生(「劉先生」)，35歲，自二零一五年十二月三十一日起擔任獨立非執行董事以及審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。劉先生現時為一間核數公司之合夥人。彼之前曾在一間國際會計事務所工作，於金融、審計及會計領域積累逾10年經驗。劉先生畢業於英國紐卡素大學(University of Newcastle upon Tyne)，獲頒文學士學位，主修會計及財務分析。彼為香港會計師公會之執業會計師及英國特許公認會計師公會之資深會員。劉先生現任威發國際集團有限公司(股份代號：765)之獨立非執行董事、審核委員會主席兼薪酬委員會成員，以及道和環球集團有限公司(股份代號：915)之獨立非執行董事兼審核委員會主席。該兩間公司之已發行股份均於聯交所主板上市。彼亦為深圳市明華澳漢科技股份有限公司(股份代號：8301，其已發行股份於聯交所創業板上市)之獨立非執行董事兼提名委員會主席。劉先生曾於二零一二年七月十一日至二零一四年一月十六日期間擔任永耀集團控股有限公司(前稱彩娛集團有限公司，股份代號：8022，其已發行股份於聯交所創業板上市)之獨立非執行董事。

DIRECTORS' REPORT

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2017.

CHANGE OF COMPANY NAME

The Company's name has been changed from "Pan Asia Mining Limited" to "Union Asia Enterprise Holdings Limited", and to change the dual foreign name of the Company from "寰亞礦業有限公司" to "萬亞企業控股有限公司" passing of a special resolution approved by the shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 8 April 2016. Certificate of Incorporation on Change of Name has been issued by the Registry of Companies in Cayman Islands on 12 April 2016 certifying that the Company has changed its English name from "Pan Asia Mining Limited" to "Union Asia Enterprise Holdings Limited" and the dual foreign name of the Company be changed from "寰亞礦業有限公司" to "萬亞企業控股有限公司" with effect from 11 April 2016. The Certificate of Registration of Alternation of Name of Registered Non-Hong Kong Company was issued by the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong on 17 May 2016 confirming the registration of the new name of the Company in Hong Kong under Part 16 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) with effect from 17 May 2016. Following the change of Company's name, the shares of the Company have been traded on the Stock Exchange under the new English stock short name of "UNION ASIA ENT" and new Chinese stock short name of "萬亞企業控股", instead of "PAN ASIA MINING" in English and "寰亞礦業" in Chinese, with effect from 31 May 2016. the stock code of the company remains as "8173". Accordingly, the Company has also adopted a new logo which will be printed on all corporate documents of the Company.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 48 to the consolidated financial statements.

董事會報告

董事謹此提呈本公司截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之年報連同經審核綜合財務報表。

更改公司名稱

本公司之名稱已由「Pan Asia Mining Limited」更改為「Union Asia Enterprise Holdings Limited」及本公司之雙重外國名稱已由「寰亞礦業有限公司」更改為「萬亞企業控股有限公司」，於二零一六年四月八日舉行之本公司股東特別大會上以通過特別決議案之方式批准。開曼群島公司註冊處已於二零一六年四月十二日發出更改名稱註冊成立證書，證明本公司已將其英文名稱由「Pan Asia Mining Limited」更改為「Union Asia Enterprise Holdings Limited」及本公司之雙重外國名稱已由「寰亞礦業有限公司」更改為「萬亞企業控股有限公司」，自二零一六年四月十一日起生效。香港公司註冊處處長已於二零一六年五月十七日發出註冊非香港公司變更名稱註冊證明書，確認本公司根據香港法例第622章公司條例第16部於香港登記新名稱，自二零一六年五月十七日起生效。於更改公司名稱後，本公司股份已於聯交所新英文股份簡稱「UNION ASIA ENT」及新中文股份簡稱「萬亞企業控股」買賣，代替「PAN ASIA MINING」(英文)及「寰亞礦業」(中文)，自二零一六年五月三十一日起生效。本公司之股份代號仍為「8173」。因此，本公司亦已採納新標誌，該標誌將印於本公司所有公司文件。

主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司。其附屬公司之業務載於綜合財務報表附註48。

SEGMENT INFORMATION

An analysis of the principal activities and geographical locations of operations of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017 are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 72 to 75.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: Nil).

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 227 to 228.

MAJOR SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

Particulars of major subsidiaries and associates of the Group are set out in notes 48 and 26 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements. There were capital reductions of the Company, issue of shares under right issue and placing and redemption of convertible securities, during the year ended 31 March 2017.

分部資料

有關本集團於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之主要業務及地域經營地點分析載於綜合財務報表附註8。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度業績載於第72至75頁之綜合損益及其他全面收入表。

董事並不建議派發截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度股息(二零一六年：無)。

財務摘要

前五個財政年度本集團業績及資產與負債之摘要載於第227至228頁。

主要附屬公司及聯營公司

本集團主要附屬公司及聯營公司詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註48及26。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備於年內之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註20。

股本

本公司股本於年內之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註39。於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本公司曾削減股本、根據供股及配售發行股份以及贖回可換股債券。

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and note 47 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

The Company had no reserves available for distribution to shareholders of the Company as at 31 March 2017 (2016: Nil).

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECT

A fair review and prospect of the business of the Group as well as discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the year and the material factors underlying its financial performance and financial position can be found in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" set out on pages 4 to 17 of this annual report respectively.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's financial condition, results of operations, businesses and prospects would be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties including market risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk. The risk management policies and practices of the Group are shown in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group commits to the long term sustainability of the environment and communities in which it operates. Acting in an environmentally responsible manner, the Group endeavours to comply with laws and regulations regarding environmental protection and adopt effective measures to achieve efficient use of resources, energy saving and waste reduction.

The Group also commits to the principle and practice of recycling and reducing. To help conserve the environment, it implements green office practices such as re-deployment of office furniture as far as possible, encourage use of recycled paper for printing and copying, double-sided printing and copying, reduce energy consumption by switching off idle lightings, air conditioning and electrical appliances.

儲備

本集團及本公司於年內之儲備變動已分別載於綜合權益變動表及綜合財務報表附註47。

本公司於二零一七年三月三十一日概無可供分派本公司股東之儲備(二零一六年：無)。

業務回顧及展望

本集團業務之公平審閱及展望以及本集團本年度表現之討論與分析以及其財務表現及財務狀況相關之重大因素可分別參閱載於本年報第4至17頁之「管理層討論及分析」。

主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團之財務狀況、經營業績、業務及前景受眾多風險及不明朗因素影響，包括市場風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。本集團之風險管理政策及常規呈列於綜合財務報表附註6。

環境政策及表現

本集團致力於其經營所在環境及社區之長期可持續性。本集團以對環境負責之方式行事，盡力遵守有關環保之法律及法規，並採取有效措施達致有效利用資源、節約能源及減少廢物。

本集團亦奉行循環利用和節約之原則與實踐。為幫助保護環境，本集團實施綠色辦公室行動，如盡可能重新調配辦公室傢具、鼓勵使用再造紙作打印及複印、提倡雙面打印和複印、以及透過關閉閒置之照明、空調及電器減少能源消耗。

COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

As far as the Board is aware, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group. During the year, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

RELATIONSHIP WITH SUPPLIERS, CUSTOMERS AND OTHER STAKEHOLDERS

The Group understands the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its suppliers, customers and other stakeholders to meet its immediate and long-term goals.

During the year, there were no material and significant dispute between the Group and its suppliers, customers and/or other stakeholders.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY

Pursuant to the memorandum and article of association of the Company, the applicable laws and regulations, every Director shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them may incur or sustain in the execution of their duties in their offices. Such permitted indemnity provision has been in force throughout the year. The Company has arranged appropriate Directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Group.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the articles of association of the Company, or the laws of Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders of the Company.

遵守相關法律法規

就董事會所知，本集團已於各重要方面遵守對本集團業務及經營產生重大影響之相關法律法規。本年度，本集團概無嚴重違反或不遵守適用法律法規。

與供應商、客戶及其他持份者之關係

本集團明白與其供應商、客戶及其他持份者維持良好關係，對達致即時及長遠目標極為重要。

本年度，本集團與其供應商、客戶及／或其他持份者並無發生重大及嚴重糾紛。

獲准許之彌償

根據本公司組織章程大綱及細則、適用法律及法規，每名董事就彼等或彼等任何一人基於其職位履行其職務而產生或蒙受之所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開支，均可自本公司之資產及溢利獲得彌償，確保免就此受損。該等獲准許之彌償條文已於本年度生效。本公司已就本集團董事及高級職員購買合適之董事及高級職員責任保險。

優先購買權

本公司之組織章程細則或開曼群島法例並無有關優先購買權之規定而使本公司須按比例向本公司現有股東提呈發售新股。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

The Company has not redeemed any of its listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2017. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2017.

RETIREMENT SCHEME

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 laws of Hong Kong) for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 laws of Hong Kong). The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement scheme administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, each of the employer and employee are required to make contributions of 5% of the employees' relevant income to the scheme, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Contributions made to the scheme are vested immediately.

The employees of the subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC and Singapore participate in the retirement schemes operated by the local authorities. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of salaries to these schemes to pay the benefits. The only obligation of the Group in respect to these schemes is the required contributions under the schemes.

For the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group's total contributions to the retirement schemes charged in the Consolidated Statement of profit or loss amounted to approximately HK\$1,083,000 (2016: HK\$2,063,000).

買賣或贖回本公司之上市證券

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本公司並無贖回其任何上市證券。本公司或其任何附屬公司於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內概無買賣本公司之任何上市證券。

退休計劃

本集團根據香港法例第485章香港強制性公積金計劃條例為受香港法例第57章香港僱傭條例管轄之司法權區之受聘僱員實行強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃為一項由獨立受託人管理之界定供款退休計劃。根據強積金計劃，僱主及僱員均須按僱員有關收入之5%向該計劃供款，而每月有關收入之上限為30,000港元。向計劃作出之供款即時歸屬。

本集團於中國及新加坡附屬公司之僱員參與地方機關營辦之退休計劃。附屬公司須按薪金之若干百分比向該等計劃供款，以支付福利。本集團就該等計劃承擔之唯一責任為根據該等計劃作出規定之供款。

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本集團向退休計劃作出之供款總額(於綜合損益表內扣除)約為1,083,000港元(二零一六年：2,063,000港元)。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 31 March 2017, the aggregate sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 74% (2016: 85%) of the Group's total sales and the sales attributable to the Group's largest customer accounted for approximately 46% (2016: 60%) of the Group's total sales. During the year ended 31 March 2017, the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 84% (2016: 100%) of the Group's total purchases and the purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier accounted for approximately 29% (2016: 100%) of the Group's total purchases.

None of the Directors, their associates or substantial shareholders (which to the best knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the share capital of any of the five largest customers and suppliers of the Group.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Ms. Yip Man Yi
Mr. Shiu Chi Tak, Titus
Mr. Cheung Hung Man (removed on 23 May 2016)

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Wong Chi Man
Mr. Liang Tongwei

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor (retired on 26 July 2016)
Mr. Tong Wan Sze (resigned on 27 July 2016)
Mr. Fung Kwok Leung (resigned on 27 July 2016)
Dr. Wan Ho Yuen, Terence
Mr. Li Kwok Chu
Mr. Lau Shu Yan

Pursuant to Article 116 of the Articles of Association, Mr. Wong Chi Man and Liang Tongwei shall retire from office by rotation at such forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company but they will not offer themselves for re-election.

主要客戶及供應商

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本集團五大客戶應佔總銷售額佔本集團銷售總額約74%（二零一六年：85%），而本集團最大客戶應佔銷售額佔本集團銷售總額約46%（二零一六年：60%）。於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本集團五大供應商應佔總採購額佔本集團採購總額約84%（二零一六年：100%），而本集團最大供應商應佔採購額佔本集團採購總額約29%（二零一六年：100%）。

董事、彼等之聯繫人或據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本逾5%之主要股東概無於本集團任何五大客戶及供應商股本中擁有任何實益權益。

董事

於本年度及直至本報告日期止在任之董事如下：

執行董事

葉敏怡女士
邵志得先生
張雄文先生（於二零一六年五月二十三日免除職位）

非執行董事

黃志文先生
梁桐偉先生

獨立非執行董事

朱宏霖先生（於二零一六年七月二十六日退任）
湯雲斯先生（於二零一六年七月二十七日辭任）
馮國良先生（於二零一六年七月二十七日辭任）
溫浩源博士
李國柱先生
劉樹人先生

根據組織章程細則第116條，黃志文先生及梁桐偉先生將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上輪席退任，惟彼等將不膺選連任。

DIRECTORS' REPORT

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

All of the current executive Directors have entered into service contracts with the Company and are not appointed for a specific term, but all are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election provisions in the Articles of Association.

Each of the current non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors have entered into a service contract with the Company with a fixed term of office of 1 year from the date of their appointment. Such service contracts will be automatically renewable for successive terms of one year unless terminated by either party by one month's written notice to the other party. They are also subject to rotation and re-election provisions in the Articles of Association.

None of the Director being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company has any service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors of the Group are set out on pages 49 to 52 of this annual report.

UPDATE ON DIRECTOR'S INFORMATION UNDER RULE 13.51B(1) OF THE LISTING RULES

Upon specific enquiry by the Company and following confirmations from the Directors, there are some changes in the information of the Directors required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 17.50A(1) of the GEM Listing Rules subsequent to the date of the Company's interim report 2016/2017.

董事服務合約

全體現任執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約，亦無獲按特定任期委任，惟均須遵守組織章程細則輪值告退及膺選連任之條文。

現任非執行董事及獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約，任期固定為自彼等獲委任日期起一年。該等服務合約會自動多次重續一年，除非任何一方向另一方發出一個月書面通知予以終止。彼等亦須根據組織章程細則內條文輪值告退及膺選連任。

概無將於本公司應屆股東週年大會膺選連任之董事訂立本集團不得於一年內不付賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止之服務合約。

董事履歷

本集團董事之履歷詳情載於本年報第49至52頁。

根據上市規則第13.51B (1)條更新董事資料

經本公司具體查詢及各董事確認後，於本公司之二零一六至二零一七年度中期報告日期後，董事資料有若干變更須根據創業板上市規則第17.50A (1)條予以披露。

Mr. Lau Shu Yan, independent non-executive Director, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of the audit committee and member of the remuneration committee of Perfectech International Holdings Limited (stock code: 765) with effect from 28 November 2016 and as an independent non-executive director and the chairman of the audit committee of Daohe Global Group Limited (Stock Code: 915) with effect from 11 January 2017, the issued shares of both companies are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statement.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

In order to attract and retain high quality staff and to enable smooth operation within the Group, the Group offers competitive remuneration packages (with reference to market conditions and individual's and the Group's performance). The remuneration packages are subject to review on a regular basis.

The emoluments of the Directors are reviewed by the remuneration committee of the Company, having regard to the Company's operating results, market competitiveness, individual performance and achievement, and approved by the Board.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to Directors and eligible employees, details of the Share Option Scheme is set out in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements.

自二零一六年十一月二十八日起，獨立非執行董事劉樹人先生獲委任為威發國際集團有限公司(股份代號：765)之獨立非執行董事、審核委員會主席及薪酬委員會成員，以及自二零一七年一月十一日起，獲委任為道和環球集團有限公司(股份代號：915)之獨立非執行董事兼審核委員會主席。該兩間公司之已發行股份均於聯交所主板上市。

董事及五位最高薪金人士之薪金

本集團董事及五位最高薪金人士之薪金詳情載於綜合財務報表附註15。

薪酬政策

為吸引及挽留優秀員工並確保本集團業務順暢，本集團提供豐厚薪酬福利(經參考市況以及個人及本集團之表現)。薪酬福利會定期進行檢討。

董事之薪酬乃由本公司薪酬委員會經計及本公司之經營業績、市場競爭力、個人表現及成就而檢討並由董事會批准。

本公司已採納購股權計劃作為對董事及合資格僱員之鼓勵，有關購股權計劃之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註41。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements, there were no contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

INDEPENDENCE CONFIRMATION

The Company has received annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules from each of the independent non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Wan Ho Yuen, Terence, Mr. Li Kwok Chu and Mr. Lau Shu Yan, and as at the date of this report considers them to be independent.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 March 2017, the interests of each Director and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meanings of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong (the "SFO")) which (i) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of SFO (including interests and short positions which he was taken or deemed to have under such provisions of SFO); or (ii) were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or (iii) were required, pursuant to Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

董事於合約中之權益

除於綜合財務報表附註16所披露者，於本年度結算日或本年內之任何時間，本公司或其任何附屬公司並無訂立與本集團業務有關而董事直接或間接擁有重大利益之重要合約。

獨立性確認

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事(即溫浩源博士、李國柱先生及劉樹人先生)根據創業板上市規則第5.09條發出之年度獨立性確認，並於本報告日期認為彼等屬獨立人士。

董事及最高行政人員所擁有之股份、相關股份及債權證權益或短倉

於二零一七年三月三十一日，本公司各董事及最高行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有(i)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所(包括根據該等證券及期貨條例規定當作或視作擁有之權益)；或(ii)根據證券及期貨條例第352條須登記於該條所述登記冊；或(iii)根據創業板上市規則第5.46條須知會本公司及聯交所之權益如下：

Long and short positions in shares of the Company 於本公司股份之長倉及短倉

Name of Directors/ chief executive 董事／最高行政人員姓名	Number of Shares 股份數目	Approximate percentage of shareholding 概約持股百分比	Capacity 身份
Liang Tongwei 梁桐偉	12,500,000 (L) 12,500,000 (L)	0.37 0.37	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人

(L) – Long position

(L) – 長倉

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2017, there are no long and short positions of the Directors and the chief executives of the Company in the Shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations that (i) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (iii) were required, pursuant to Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

除上文披露者外，於二零一七年三月三十一日，董事及最高行政人員概無於本公司及其相聯法團之股份、相關股份及債權證中，擁有(i)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所(包括根據證券及期貨條例該等條文彼等被當作或視作擁有之權益及短倉)；或(ii)根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記入該條所述登記冊；或(iii)根據創業板上市規則第5.46條須知會本公司及聯交所之長倉及短倉。

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS DISCLOSABLE UNDER THE SFO

主要股東根據證券及期貨條例須予披露之權益及短倉

As at 31 March 2017, so far as the Directors are aware, the following persons (other than Directors and chief executives of the Company) had an interest and/or a short position in the shares or underlying shares in respect of equity derivatives of the Company that has to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO and as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO (including interests and/or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO):

於二零一七年三月三十一日，就董事所知，下列人士(本公司董事及最高行政人員除外)於本公司股本衍生工具之股份或相關股份擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之規定須向本公司披露及記入根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予存置之登記冊之權益及／或短倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文彼等當作或視作擁有之權益及／或短倉)：

Long and short positions in shares of the Company 於本公司股份之長倉及短倉

Name of Shareholder 股東姓名	Number of shares 股份數目	Approximate percentage of shareholding 概約持股百分比	Capacity 身份
Yeung Wing Yee 楊榮義	846,760,000 846,760,000	24.79 24.79	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2017, the Company has not been notified by any other persons (other than any directors or chief executives of the Company) who had an interest or a short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept pursuant to Section 336 to the SFO.

除上文所披露者外，於二零一七年三月三十一日，概無任何其他人士（本公司任何董事或最高行政人員除外）知會本公司彼等於本公司股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有記入根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予存置之登記冊之權益或短倉。

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements, the sections "Directors' and chief executives' interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures" above, at no time during the year was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, or any of its fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors or chief executives of the Company or their respective associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) to have any right to subscribe for securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations as defined in the SFO or to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

董事購買股份或債權證之權利

除綜合財務報表附註16及上文「董事及最高行政人員所擁有之股份、相關股份及債權證權益或短倉」所披露者外，本公司或其任何附屬公司或其任何同系附屬公司於年內任何時間並無訂立任何安排，使董事或本公司最高行政人員或彼等各自之聯繫人（定義見創業板上市規則）擁有權利認購本公司或其相聯法團（定義見證券及期貨條例）之證券或可藉購入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債權證而獲益。

SHARE OPTIONS SCHEME

A summary of the share option scheme and details of the movements in share options of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2017 are set out in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements.

購股權計劃

購股權計劃之概要及本公司於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之購股權變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註41。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transaction disclosed in note 46 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 were constituted connected transactions as defined in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules. Save as disclosed therein, there was no other transaction which would need to be disclosed as connected transactions in compliance with the disclosure requirements in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The Directors consider that the above transaction of the Group was incurred under normal commercial terms and in the ordinary and usual course of business, and the terms are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of significant events occurring after the reporting date are set out in note 49 to the consolidated financial statements.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contracts concerning the management or administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business were entered into or in existence during the year ended 31 March 2017.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors or any of their associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules), is or was interested in any business apart from the Group's business, that of the Company competes or competed or is or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's business at any time during the year ended 31 March 2017 and up to and including the date of this report.

關連交易

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表附註46所披露之關連人士交易詳情構成創業板上市規則第二十章界定之關連交易。除本報告所披露者外，並無其他交易須根據創業板上市規則第二十章之披露規定按關連交易予以披露。

董事認為上述本集團交易乃根據正常商業條款及於一般及日常業務過程中訂立，且條款屬公平合理，並符合本公司股東整體利益。

報告期後事項

於報告日期後發生之重大事項詳情載於綜合財務報表附註49。

管理合約

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本公司並無簽訂任何關於本公司全部或大部分業務的管理或行政合約，亦無此等合約存在。

董事於競爭業務權益

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度及截至本報告日期（包括該日），概無董事或彼等之任何聯繫人（定義見創業板上市規則）現在或過往於本公司正在或曾經或正在或可能直接或間接與本集團業務存在競爭之任何業務（本集團業務除外）中擁有權益。

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained sufficient public float as required under the GEM Listing Rules.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Information on the Company's Corporate Governance Practices are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 18 to 36 of this annual report.

AUDITOR

At the Company's last Annual General Meeting, RSM Hong Kong ("**RSM HK**") was re-appointed as auditor of the Company. On 22 March 2017, RSM HK has resigned as the auditor of the Group as RSM HK and the Company could not reach a consensus on the audit fee for the financial year ended 31 March 2017. The Company has appointed Elite Partners CPA Limited ("**Elite Partner**") as the auditors of the Group on the same date to fill the casual vacancy.

Elite Partner will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of Elite Partner as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

By Order of the Board

Yip Man Yi
Chairman

Hong Kong
8 May 2017

公眾持股量

根據本公司公開之資料並就董事所知，於本報告日期，本公司維持創業板上市規則規定之足夠公眾持股量。

企業管治

有關本公司企業管治常規之資料載於本年報第18至36頁之企業管治報告。

核數師

於本公司上次股東週年大會，中瑞岳華(香港)會計師事務所(「**中瑞岳華香港**」)再獲委任為本公司之核數師。於二零一七年三月二十二日，由於中瑞岳華香港及本公司無法就截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度之核數費用達成共識，因此中瑞岳華香港辭任本集團核數師。本公司已於同日委任開元信德會計師事務所有限公司(「**開元信德**」)為本集團核數師，以填補臨時空缺。

開元信德將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上退任，惟符合資格可獲續聘。有關續聘開元信德為本公司核數師之決議案將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上予以提呈。

承董事會命

葉敏怡
主席

香港
二零一七年五月八日

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告



開元信德會計師事務所有限公司
ELITE PARTNERS CPA LIMITED
Certified Public Accountants

**TO THE MEMBERS OF
UNION ASIA ENTERPRISE HOLDINGS LIMITED**
(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

We were engaged to audit the consolidated financial statements of Union Asia Enterprise Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 72 to 226, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2017, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Because of the significance of the matters described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our audited report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements. In all other respects, in our opinion, the consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致萬亞企業控股有限公司
全體股東
(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

免責聲明

我們已獲委聘審核列載於第72至226頁萬亞企業控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表，包括於二零一七年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表，及截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收入表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表，以及綜合財務報表附註，包括主要會計政策概要。

我們並不就 貴集團之綜合財務報表發表意見。由於我們經審核報告中「免責聲明之基準」一節所述事項之重要性，我們未能取得足夠之合適審核憑證，以就此等綜合財務報表發表審核意見。就所有其他方面而言，我們認為綜合財務報表已根據香港公司條例之披露規定妥為編製。

BASIS FOR DISCLAIMER OF OPINION**1) Misuse of Company funds from disposal of leasehold property**

As disclosed in note 44(1), on 6 April 2016, Evotech (Asia) Pte. Limited (“Evotech”), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into an agreement with Jurong Town Corporation (“JTC”) of the Singapore government, without the knowledge, consent or approval by the Company, to surrender a leasehold property to JTC at the consideration of Singapore dollar (“S\$”) 5,620,000 (equivalent of approximately HK\$32,232,000) excluding goods and services tax in Singapore (“Transaction”). To the best knowledge of the Directors, the net proceeds received from the Transaction (“Proceeds”) were used for (i) settlement of bank borrowing of Evotech of approximately S\$1,362,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$7,700,000); (ii) fund transfer to Kesterion Investment Limited, a former substantial shareholder of the Company of approximately US\$570,000 and S\$1,600,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$13,399,000); (iii) fund transfers to Koh Tat Lee, a former director of the Company and two independent third parties namely Yao Jun and Yew Eng Piow, of approximately US\$500,000 and S\$685,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$7,677,000) ((ii) to (iii) referred to as the “Fund Transfers”) and the remaining balance of the Proceeds were used as working capital of the Group.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Proceeds were misused. Under this circumstance, the directors of the Company considered that the Company has the right to recover the Fund Transfer and consequentially, the amounts of approximately HK\$21,076,000 has been accounted for as other receivables in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2017.

免責聲明之基準**1) 濫用出售租賃物業之公司資金**

誠如附註44(1)所披露，於二零一六年四月六日，貴公司之間接全資附屬公司Evotech (Asia) Pte. Limited(「Evotech」)在未經貴公司知悉、同意或批准之情況下與新加坡政府的Jurong Town Corporation(「JTC」)訂立協議，向JTC移交一項租賃物業，代價為5,620,000新加坡元(「新加坡元」)(相當於約32,232,000港元)(不包括新加坡商品及服務稅)(「該交易」)。據董事所深知，自該交易收取之所得款項淨額(「所得款項」)用作(i)清償Evotech銀行借款約1,362,000新加坡元(相當於約7,700,000港元)；(ii)向貴公司之前主要股東Kesterion Investment Limited轉撥資金約570,000美元及1,600,000新加坡元(相當於約13,399,000港元)；(iii)向貴公司之前董事許達利及兩名獨立第三方Yao Jun及Yew Eng Piow轉撥資金約500,000美元及685,000新加坡元(相當於約7,677,000港元)((ii)至(iii)統稱「資金轉撥」)，而所得款項餘額用作貴集團之營運資金。

貴公司董事認為，所得款項遭濫用。在此情況下，貴公司董事認為貴公司有權收回資金轉撥，因此，金額約21,076,000港元已於二零一七年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表入賬為其他應收款項。

Due to the irregular nature of the Transaction, we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence of the Transaction and the usage of the Proceeds, including but not limited to (i) the Company's board resolution of approval for the Transaction; (ii) the Company's board resolution of approval for the usage of the corresponding Proceeds; and (iii) direct confirmation from each of the recipient of the Fund Transfers to confirm the nature of the Fund Transfers and the outstanding balances of each recipient Fund Transfers as at 31 March 2017. Accordingly, we were unable to verify the validity, classification and nature of such balances (i.e. whether the Fund Transfers were correctly accounted for as other receivables or should be deduction of liabilities).

Given the circumstances described above, the scope of our audit work was limited and there was no alternative audit procedures that we could perform to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to satisfy ourselves as to (i) the Transaction and the usage of corresponding Proceeds were properly authorised and approved by the Board of Directors; and (ii) the validity, classification, nature and recoverability for the balances of other receivables of approximately HK\$21,076,000 due from the recipient of the Fund Transfers as at 31 March 2017 were free from material misstatement. Any adjustments that might have been found necessary will have an effect on the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2017, and consequently financial performance and cash flows of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017 and the related disclosures thereof in the consolidated financial statements.

由於該交易之不合規性質，我們無法就該交易及所得款項用途取得足夠合適之審核憑證，包括但不限於(i) 貴公司就批准該交易之董事會決議案；(ii) 貴公司就批准有關所得款項用途之董事會決議案；及(iii)資金轉撥之收款者各自就確認資金轉撥性質作出之直接確認及於二零一七年三月三十一日各資金轉撥收款者之未動用餘額。因此，我們無法核實有關結餘之有效性、分類及性質(即資金轉撥是否正確入賬為其他應收款項或應為負債扣減項目)。

鑒於上述情況，我們審核工作的範圍有限，而我們亦無替代審核程序可進行以取得足夠合適之審核憑證，以使我們信納(i)該交易及有關所得款項用途已獲董事會正式授權及批准；及(ii)於二零一七年三月三十一日應收資金轉撥收款者之其他應收款項結餘約21,076,000港元之有效性、分類、性質及可收回性並無存在重大錯誤陳述。任何可能發現之調整事項將對二零一七年三月三十一日之綜合財務報表造成影響，從而對截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度 貴集團綜合財務報表之財務表現及現金流量以及其相關披露事項造成影響。

2) Deconsolidation of subsidiaries

The Group were unable to locate complete set of books and records of the 寰亞宏華商貿(北京)有限責任公司 and 宏華加業商貿(上海)有限公司 (“Deconsolidated Subsidiaries”). In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the controls over the Deconsolidated Subsidiaries were lost. Accordingly, the financial results, assets and liabilities of the Deconsolidated Subsidiaries have been de-consolidated from the consolidated financial statements as at 31 March 2017 and recorded a loss on deconsolidation of Deconsolidated Subsidiaries of approximately HK\$6,151,000.

Given the circumstances described above, the scope of our audit work was limited and there was no alternative audit procedures that we could perform to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to satisfy ourselves to (i) the timing and whether it was appropriate to deconsolidate the assets and liabilities of the Deconsolidated Subsidiaries; (ii) the transaction of the Deconsolidated Subsidiaries during the year ended 31 March 2017 and the balances of assets and liabilities of the Deconsolidated Subsidiaries as at the date of deconsolidation and the net loss of de-consolidation of Deconsolidated Subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 52 to the consolidated financial statements were properly recorded and free from material misstatements; and (iii) any contingent liabilities, commitments, related party transactions and significant subsequent events relating to the Deconsolidated Subsidiaries and the related disclosure thereof.

MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY IN RELATION TO GOING CONCERN BASIS

We draw attention to note 2 in the consolidated financial statements which indicates that the Group had net current liabilities and net liabilities of HK\$15.5 million and HK\$348.8 million respectively. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not disclaimed on this matter.

2) 終止附屬公司綜合入賬

貴集團無法取得寰亞宏華商貿(北京)有限責任公司及宏華加業商貿(上海)有限公司(「終止綜合入賬附屬公司」)之完整賬冊及記錄。貴公司董事認為，貴集團失去對終止綜合入賬附屬公司之控制權。因此，終止綜合入賬附屬公司之財務業績、資產及負債已於二零一七年三月三十一日之綜合財務報表中終止綜合入賬，並就終止將終止綜合入賬附屬公司綜合入賬錄得虧損約6,151,000港元。

鑒於上述情況，我們審核工作的範圍有限，而我們亦無替代審核程序可進行以取得足夠合適之審核憑證，以使我們信納(i)終止終止綜合入賬附屬公司之資產及負債綜合入賬之時間及此舉是否恰當；(ii)截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度終止綜合入賬附屬公司之交易、終止綜合入賬附屬公司於終止綜合入賬日期資產及負債之結餘以及綜合財務報表附註52所披露終止終止綜合入賬附屬公司之綜合入賬虧損淨額是否已妥善記錄及並無存在重大錯誤陳述；及(iii)任何或然負債、承擔、關連方交易及有關終止綜合入賬附屬公司之重大期後事項及其相關披露事項。

有關持續經營之重大不明朗因素

謹請垂注綜合財務報表附註2，其指出 貴集團之流動負債淨額及負債淨額分別為15,500,000港元及348,800,000港元。此等情況連同綜合財務報表附註2所載其他事宜，均指出存在重大不明朗因素，令我們可能對 貴集團持續經營之能力存有重大質疑。我們並無拒絕對此事項發表意見。

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors of the Company determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA and to issue an auditor's report. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. However, because of the matters described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements.

董事及管治層就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定編製綜合財務報表，以令綜合財務報表作出真實而公平之反映，及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要之有關內部監控，以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時，貴公司董事負責評估貴集團持續經營之能力，並於適用情況下披露與持續經營有關之事項，以及使用持續經營為會計基礎，除非貴公司董事有意將貴集團清盤或停止經營，或別無實際可行之替代方案。

管治層負責監督貴集團之財務報告程序。

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

我們之責任是根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)對貴集團之綜合財務報表進行審核，並出具核數師報告。我們不會就本報告之內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。然而，由於我們報告中「免責聲明之基準」所述之事項，我們無法取得足夠合適之審核憑證，以就此等綜合財務報表發表審核意見。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Yip Kai Yin with Practising Certificate number P05131.

Elite Partners CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

10/F, 8 Observatory Road,
Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon,
Hong Kong
8 May 2017

根據香港會計師公會發佈之專業會計師道德守則(「守則」)，我們獨立於貴集團，我們亦已遵照守則履行其他道德責任。

出具該獨立核數師報告之審計項目合夥人是葉啟賢，執業證書編號為P05131。

關元信德會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

香港
九龍尖沙咀
天文臺道8號10樓
二零一七年五月八日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收入表

For the year ended 31 March 2017

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Turnover	營業額	9	147,643	14,195
Continuing operations	持續經營業務			
Revenue	收益	9	84,730	14,195
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(68,617)	(15,841)
Gross profit/(loss)	毛利/(毛損)		16,113	(1,646)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(40,045)	(94,834)
Other income	其他收入	10	19	128
Other gains/(losses)	其他收益/(虧損)	11	80,296	(160,268)
Profit/(loss) from operations	經營溢利/(虧損)		56,383	(256,620)
Finance costs	財務成本	12	(50,580)	(74,670)
Profit/(loss) before tax	除稅前溢利/(虧損)		5,803	(331,290)
Income tax (expense)/credit	所得稅(開支)/抵免	13	(3,117)	1,963
Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations	年內持續經營業務之溢利/(虧損)	14	2,686	(329,327)
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務			
Loss for the year from discontinued operations	已終止經營業務之年內虧損	17	-	(159,903)
Profit/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)		2,686	(489,230)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附附註為此等綜合財務報表之組成部分。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收入表

For the year ended 31 March 2017

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Other comprehensive income after tax:	除稅後其他全面收入：		
<i>Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:</i>	不會重新分類至損益之項目：		
Revaluation (deficit)/surplus of leasehold building	租賃樓宇之重估(虧絀)/盈餘	-	(7,654)
<i>Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss:</i>	可能重新分類至損益之項目：		
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	換算外國業務產生之匯兌差額	577	(293)
Gains on revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產重估收益	-	1,446
Release upon impairment of available-for-sales financial assets	可供出售金融資產減值時解除	(1,446)	-
Other comprehensive expenses for the year, net of tax	年內其他全面開支，扣除稅項	(869)	(6,501)
Total comprehensive income/(expenses) for the year	年內全面收入/(開支)總額	1,817	(495,731)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附附註為此等綜合財務報表之組成部分。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收入表

For the year ended 31 March 2017

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利/(虧損)		
– from continuing operations	– 來自持續經營業務	2,686	(328,356)
– from discontinuing operations	– 來自已終止業務	–	(102,343)
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利/(虧損)	2,686	(430,699)
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to non-controlling interest	非控股權益應佔年內溢利/(虧損)		
– from continuing operations	– 來自持續經營業務	–	(971)
– from discontinuing operations	– 來自已終止業務	–	(57,560)
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔年內溢利/(虧損)	–	(58,531)
		2,686	(489,230)
Total comprehensive income/ (expenses) for the year attributable to:	應佔年內全面收入/(開支)總額：		
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	1,819	(437,200)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(2)	(58,531)
		1,817	(495,731)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. 隨附附註為此等綜合財務報表之組成部分。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收入表

For the year ended 31 March 2017

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙 (Restated) (經重列)
Earnings/(loss) per share	每股盈利/(虧損)	19		
From continuing and discontinued operations	來自持續及已終止經營業務			
Basic	基本		0.09	(119.37)
Diluted	攤薄		不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A
From continuing operations	來自持續經營業務			
Basic	基本		0.09	(91.01)
Diluted	攤薄		不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附附註為此等綜合財務報表之組成部分。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2017

於二零一七年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	As at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	As at 31 March 2016 於二零一六年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	As at 1 April 2015 於二零一五年 四月一日 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Non-current assets	非流動資產				
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	20	24,234	38,406	52,062
Investment properties	投資物業	21	28,406	18,836	18,614
Payment for mining claims	支付採礦權	22	–	–	109
Exploration and evaluation assets	勘探及評估資產	23	–	–	158,568
Goodwill	商譽	24	10,137	–	3,435
Intangible assets	無形資產	25	–	313	595
Interests in associates	聯營公司之權益	26	–	–	–
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	27	–	6,472	–
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		62,777	64,027	233,383
Current assets	流動資產				
Inventories	存貨	28	3,662	4,308	17,271
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	29	40,088	7,230	187,763
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公平值 計算之金融資產	30	29,239	–	295
Amounts due from associates	應收聯營公司款項	26	–	83	83
Amount due from a director	應收一名董事款項	16(b)	–	–	2,699
Restricted bank balance	受限制銀行結餘	31	–	28	–
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	31	2,369	5,190	9,817
Total current assets	流動資產總額		75,358	16,839	217,928
TOTAL ASSETS	資產總額		138,135	80,866	451,311

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2017

於二零一七年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	As at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	As at 31 March 2016 於二零一六年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	As at 1 April 2015 於二零一五年 四月一日 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Current liabilities	流動負債				
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	32	77,157	134,367	188,993
Amounts due to directors	應付董事款項	16(b)	–	963	897
Finance lease payables	融資租賃應付款項	33	–	251	263
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	34	13,342	122,871	24,936
Current tax liabilities	即期稅項負債		368	73	1,327
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		90,867	258,525	216,416
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ ASSETS	流動(負債)/ 資產淨額		(15,509)	(241,686)	1,512
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總額減 流動負債		47,268	(177,659)	234,895
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債				
Finance lease payables	融資租賃應付款項	33	–	329	636
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	34	89,526	–	109
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	35	256,774	361,145	857,287
Promissory notes	承兌票據	36	24,478	–	–
Corporate bonds	公司債券	37	20,806	19,794	–
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	38	4,461	2,253	1,886
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		396,045	383,521	859,918
NET LIABILITIES	負債淨額		(348,777)	(561,180)	(625,023)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2017

於二零一七年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	As at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	As at 31 March 2016 於二零一六年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	As at 1 April 2015 於二零一五年 四月一日 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
EQUITY	權益				
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益				
Share capital	股本	39	273,216	25,298	796,888
Reserves	儲備	40	(611,551)	(576,038)	(1,470,002)
			(338,335)	(550,740)	(673,114)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(10,442)	(10,440)	48,091
Total equity	權益總額		(348,777)	(561,180)	(625,023)

The consolidated financial statements on pages 72 to 226 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 8 May 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

第72頁至第226頁所載之綜合財務報表已於二零一七年五月八日由董事會批准及授權刊發，並由下列董事代表簽署：

YIP Man Yi

葉敏怡

Director

董事

SHIU Chi Tak, Titus

邵志得

Director

董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2017

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company 本公司股權持有人應佔										
		Share capital	Share premium	Foreign currency translation reserve	Share option reserve	Convertible bonds equity reserve	Property revaluation reserve	Investment revaluation reserve	Accumulated losses	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
		股本	股份溢價	外幣匯兌儲備	購股權儲備	可換股債券之權益儲備	物業重估儲備	投資重估儲備	累計虧損	總額	非控股權益	權益總額
		HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	796,888	3,647,887	(3,700)	8,251	1,263,605	8,161	-	(6,394,206)	(673,114)	48,091	(625,023)
Total comprehensive expenses	全面開支總額	-	-	(293)	-	-	(7,654)	1,446	(430,699)	(437,200)	(58,531)	(495,731)
Issue of shares on conversion of convertible bonds	於轉換可換股債券時發行股份	468,000	(54,844)	-	-	(169,726)	-	-	-	243,430	-	243,430
Redemption of convertible bonds	贖回可換股債券	-	-	-	-	(1,263,605)	-	-	1,183,721	(79,884)	-	(79,884)
Issuance of convertible bonds	發行可換股債券	-	-	-	-	396,028	-	-	-	396,028	-	396,028
Capital reduction	股本削減	(1,239,590)	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,239,590	-	-	-
Change in equity for the year	年內權益變動	(771,590)	(54,844)	(293)	-	(1,037,303)	(7,654)	1,446	1,992,612	122,374	(58,531)	63,843
At 31 March 2016 (Restated)	於二零一六年三月三十一日(經重列)	25,298	3,593,043	(3,993)	8,251	226,302	507	1,446	(4,401,594)	(550,740)	(10,440)	(561,180)
At 1 April 2016	二零一六年四月一日											
As previously reported	如先前報告所述	25,298	3,620,942	(3,993)	8,251	227,243	507	1,446	(4,514,496)	(634,802)	(10,440)	(645,242)
Prior year's adjustments (Note 51)	於年度調整前(附註51)	-	(27,899)	-	-	(941)	-	-	112,902	84,062	-	84,062
At 1 April 2016 (restated)	二零一六年四月一日(經重列)	25,298	3,593,043	(3,993)	8,251	226,302	507	1,446	(4,401,594)	(550,740)	(10,440)	(561,180)
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	-	-	577	-	-	-	(1,446)	4,132	3,263	(2)	3,261
Placing of shares	股份配售	45,536	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45,536	-	45,536
Issue of rights shares	發行供股股份	202,382	68,363	-	-	-	-	-	-	270,745	-	270,745
Early redemption of the convertible bonds	提早贖回可換股債券	-	-	-	-	(84,863)	-	-	(22,276)	(107,139)	-	(107,139)
Released upon disposal	於出售時解除	-	-	-	-	-	(507)	-	507	-	-	-
Share option lapsed	失效購股權	-	-	-	(8,251)	-	-	-	8,251	-	-	-
Change in equity for the year	年內權益變動	247,918	68,363	577	(8,251)	(84,863)	(507)	(1,446)	(9,386)	212,405	(2)	212,403
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	273,216	3,661,406	(3,416)	-	141,439	-	-	(4,410,980)	(338,335)	(10,442)	(348,777)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2017

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務所得現金流量		
Profit/(loss) before tax	除稅前溢利/(虧損)		
Continuing operations	持續經營業務	5,803	(331,290)
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務	-	(159,903)
		5,803	(491,193)
Adjustments for:	就以下項目作出調整：		
Finance costs	財務成本	50,580	74,670
Interest income	利息收入	(19)	(128)
Net interest payable on trade balances	應付貿易結餘利息淨額	-	24,239
Depreciation	折舊	2,016	4,343
Allowances for trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項撥備	6,985	132,919
Allowance for obsolete inventory	過時存貨撥備	3,212	11,458
Reversal of allowances for trade and other receivables	回撥貿易及其他應收款項撥備	(77,520)	(2,403)
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損/(收益)	2,816	(1,518)
Loss on deconsolidation	終止綜合入賬虧損	6,151	-
Fair value loss/(gain) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公平值計算之金融資產之公平值虧損/(收益)	3,869	7,436
Gain on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公平值計算出售金融資產之收益	(5,916)	-
Fair value gain on investment properties	投資物業之公平值收益	(10,998)	(1,173)
Impairment loss on exploration and evaluation assets	勘探及評估資產減值虧損	-	158,677
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	-	3,435
Impairment loss on amount due from associate	應收聯營公司款項減值虧損	83	-
Impairment loss on available for sale	可供出售減值虧損	5,026	-
Impairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產減值虧損	313	287
Gain on redemption of convertible bond	贖回可換股債券之收益	(13,752)	-
Operating loss before working capital changes	營運資金變動前經營虧損	(21,351)	(78,951)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	存貨(增加)/減少	(6,434)	904
Decrease in trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項減少	1,909	20,591
Decrease in trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項減少	(37,117)	(8,187)
Cash used in operations	經營活動所用現金	(62,993)	(65,643)
Net proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公平值出售金融資產之所得款項淨額	62,913	332
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	購買透過損益按公平值計算之金融資產	(90,105)	-
Income tax paid	已繳所得稅	(73)	1,191
Net cash used in operating activities	經營活動所用現金淨額	(90,258)	(64,120)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2017

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

	Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所得現金流量		
Purchases of available-for-sale financial assets	購買可供出售金融資產	-	(3,950)
Interest received	已收利息	19	128
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備	(7,986)	(111)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司	(3,993)	-
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項	32,232	2,247
Cash outflow from deconsolidation of subsidiaries	附屬公司終止綜合入賬之現金流出	(886)	-
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	投資活動所得/(所用)現金淨額	19,386	(1,686)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所得現金流量		
Net proceeds from bank loan and other borrowings	銀行貸款及其他借款所得款項淨額	41,101	46,114
Net proceeds from issuance of corporate bonds	發行公司債券所得款項淨額	-	19,200
Early redemption of convertible bonds	提早贖回可換股債券	(229,320)	-
Bank loan interest paid	已付銀行貸款利息	(1,224)	(1,338)
Interest paid for other borrowings	已付其他借款利息	(4,283)	(3,036)
Placing of shares	股份配售	45,536	-
Proceeds from issue of rights shares	供股發行所得款項	270,745	-
Repayment of amount due to directors	償還應付董事款項	-	411
Repayment of finance lease payables, net	償還融資租賃應付款項淨額	(580)	(386)
Repayment of bank loan	償還銀行貸款	(46,700)	-
Finance lease charges paid	已付融資租賃開支	(70)	(30)
Net cash generated from financing activities	融資活動所得現金淨額	75,205	60,935
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物增加/(減少)淨額	4,333	(4,871)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動影響	215	1,239
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1 APRIL	於四月一日之現金及現金等價物	(2,239)	1,393
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31 MARCH	於三月三十一日之現金及現金等價物	2,309	(2,239)
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物分析		
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	31	5,190
Restricted bank balance	受限制銀行結餘	-	28
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	34	(7,457)
		2,309	(2,239)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Union Asia Enterprise Holdings Limited (“the Company”) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability. The address of its registered office is P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KYI-1104 Cayman Islands. The address of its principal place of business is Unit A, 29/F., CKK Commercial Centre, 289-295 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong. The Company’s shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market (“GEM”) of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”).

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its major subsidiaries are set out in note 48 to the consolidated financial statements.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “HKICPA”). HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRS”); Hong Kong Accounting Standards (“HKAS”); and Interpretations. The consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange and with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622).

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$15,509,000 (2016: approximately HK\$241,686,000 (as restated)) and net liabilities of approximately HK\$348,777,000 (2016: approximately HK\$561,180,000 (as restated)). These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that might cast significant doubt about the Group’s ability to continue as a going concern and therefore the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

1. 一般資料

萬亞企業控股有限公司(「本公司」)乃一間於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司。其註冊辦事處地址為P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman KYI-1104, Cayman Islands。其主要營業地點為香港灣仔軒尼詩道289-295號朱鈞記商業中心29樓A室。本公司之股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)創業板(「創業板」)上市。

本公司為投資控股公司。其主要附屬公司之主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註48。

2. 編製基準

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之所有適用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)而編製。香港財務報告準則包括香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」);香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」);及詮釋。綜合財務報表亦符合聯交所創業板證券上市規則之適用披露條文及第622章香港公司條例之披露規定。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團有流動負債淨額約15,509,000港元(二零一六年:約241,686,000港元(經重列))及負債淨額約348,777,000港元(二零一六年:約561,180,000港元(經重列))。該等狀況顯示現時存在重大不明朗因素,其可能對本集團之持續經營能力構成重大疑問,因此本集團可能不能變現其資產及於日常業務過程中清償其債務。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

The directors of the Company have taken account of the following measures to improve the Group's financial position and performance, and liquidity in foreseeable future:

- (i) On 10 June 2016, the Group entered into an agreement to acquire 100% of the equity interests of Fu Hang Metal (Asia) Limited, which is engaged in trading of stainless steel wires in Hong Kong and the PRC. The directors of the Company expect that the acquisition will improve the profitability and operating cash flows of the Group as disclosed in the note 42 to the consolidated financial statements;
- (ii) The Group obtained an extension of the repayment of the loan from an independent third party with a carrying amount of approximately HK\$88,938,000;
- (iii) Subsequent to the financial year end, the Group obtained additional financing facilities from independent third parties of approximately HK\$23,000,000; and
- (iv) The Group will apply cost cutting measures to reduce administrative expenses and cash outflows for the next twelve months.

The directors of the Company are of the opinion that these measures will be successfully implemented and that the Group will therefore be able to meet its financial obligations as may fall due for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the directors of the Company have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to the consolidated financial statements to write down the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities respectively.

2. 編製基準(續)

本公司董事已考慮於可預見未來改善本集團財務狀況及表現以及流動資金之措施如下：

- (i) 於二零一六年六月十日，本集團訂立一項協議，以收購富恆金屬(亞太)有限公司之全部股本權益。富恆金屬(亞太)有限公司於香港及中國從事不銹鋼線買賣。誠如綜合財務報表附註42所披露，本公司董事預期該項收購將會改善本集團之盈利能力及經營現金流量；
- (ii) 本集團已就賬面值約為88,938,000港元之獨立第三方貸款取得延期還款；
- (iii) 財政年度結束後，本集團已取得獨立第三方約23,000,000港元之額外融資；及
- (iv) 本集團將會採取削減成本措施以減少未來十二個月之行政開支及現金流量。

本公司董事認為該等措施將會成功推行，因而本集團將能夠履行其於可見未來可能到期之財務責任。因此，本公司董事已按持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表。

倘本集團未能持續經營，則須對綜合財務報表作出調整，以撇減本集團資產價值至其可收回金額，為可能產生之任何其他負債計提撥備，並將非流動資產及負債分別重新分類為流動資產及負債。

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3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

(a) Application of new and revised HKFRSs

In the current year, the Group has adopted the following amended HKFRSs and HKASs issued by the HKICPA that are relevant to its operations and effective for its accounting year beginning on 1 April 2016.

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28	<i>Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception</i>
Amendments to HKFRS 11	<i>Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations</i>
Amendments to HKAS 1	<i>Disclosure Initiative</i>
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	<i>Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation</i>
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41	<i>Agriculture: Bearer Plants</i>
Amendments to HKFRSs	<i>Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle</i>
HKFRS 14	<i>Regulatory Deferral Accounts</i>
Amendments to HKAS 27 (2011)	<i>Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements</i>

Except as described below, the application of the above amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則

(a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則

於本年度，本集團已採納下列由香港會計師公會所頒佈與其業務有關並於二零一六年四月一日開始之會計年度生效之經修訂香港財務報告準則及香港會計準則。

香港財務報告準則第10號、 香港財務報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則第28號(修訂 本)	<i>投資實體：應用綜合入賬之例 外情況</i>
香港財務報告準則第11號(修 訂本)	<i>收購合營企業權益之會計處理 方法</i>
香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)	<i>披露計劃</i>
香港會計準則第16號及 香港會計準則第38號(修訂 本)	<i>澄清可接納之折舊及攤銷方式</i>
香港會計準則第16號及 香港會計準則第41號(修訂 本)	<i>農業：生產性植物</i>
香港財務報告準則(修訂本)	<i>二零一二年至二零一四年週期 香港財務報告準則之年度改 進</i>
香港財務報告準則第14號 香港會計準則第27號 (修訂本)(二零一一年)	<i>監管遞延賬戶 獨立財務報表之權益法</i>

除下文所述者外，於本年度應用上述香港財務報告準則修訂本對本集團本年度及過往年度之財務表現及狀況及／或此等綜合財務報表所載之披露並無重大影響。

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3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

(a) Application of new and revised HKFRSs (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 “Disclosure Initiative”

The Group has applied the amendments to HKAS 1 Disclosure Initiative for the first time in the current year. The amendments to HKAS 1 clarify that an entity does not need to provide a specific disclosure required by an HKFRSs if the information resulting from that disclosure is not material, and give guidance on the bases of aggregating and disaggregating information. However, the amendments reiterate that an entity should consider providing additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in HKFRS is insufficient to enable users of consolidated financial statements to understand the impact of particular transactions, events and conditions on the entity’s financial position and financial performance.

As regards the structure of the consolidated financial statements, the amendments provide examples of systematic ordering or grouping of the notes. Furthermore, the amendments require that an entity’s share of the other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using the equity method should be presented separately from those arising from the Group, and should be separated into the share of items that, in accordance with other HKFRSs: (i) will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (ii) will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Other than such a change in presentation, the application of these amendments has not resulted in any impact on the financial performance or financial position of the Group.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)「披露計劃」

本集團於本年度首次應用香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)披露計劃。香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)釐清，倘具體披露之資料並不重要，則實體毋須按香港財務報告準則規定提供該項披露，並提供有關匯總及分列資料基礎之指引。然而，該等修訂本重申，倘遵守香港財務報告準則之具體規定不足以令綜合財務報表使用者理解特定交易、事件及狀況對實體財務狀況及財務表現之影響時，則實體應考慮提供額外披露。

就綜合財務報表之結構而言，該等修訂本為附註之系統化排序或分組提供範例。此外，該等修訂本要求實體分佔採用權益法入賬之聯營公司之其他全面收入須與本集團產生之其他全面收入分別呈列，並獨立呈列根據其他香港財務報告準則分佔：(i)隨後將不會重新分類至損益之項目；及(ii)當符合特定條件時隨後將重新分類至損益之項目。除呈列方式之變動外，應用該等修訂本未有對本集團之財務表現或財務狀況造成任何影響。

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3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

(b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs and HKASs that have been issued but are not yet effective.

HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ¹
HKFRS 15 and amendments to HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers ¹
HKFRS 16	Leases ²
Amendments to HKFRS 2	Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ³
Amendments to HKAS 7	Disclosure Initiative ⁴
Amendments to HKAS 12	Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses ⁴
Amendments to HKAS 40	Transfers on Investment Property ¹
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle ⁵

- 1 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.
- 2 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.
- 3 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.
- 4 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.
- 5 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 or 1 January 2018, as appropriate.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these will have a material effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則

本集團並未提早應用下列已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則及香港會計準則。

香港財務報告準則第9號	金融工具 ¹
香港財務報告準則第15號及 香港財務報告準則第15號 (修訂本)	來自與客戶訂約之收益 ¹
香港財務報告準則第16號	租賃 ²
香港財務報告準則第2號(修 訂本)	以股份為基礎之付款交易之 分類及計量 ¹
香港財務報告準則第10號及 香港會計準則第28號(修 訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司或合營 企業間之資產出售或投入 ³
香港會計準則第7號(修訂本)	披露計劃 ⁴
香港會計準則第12號(修訂 本)	就未變現虧損確認遞延稅項 資產 ⁴
香港會計準則第40號(修訂 本)	轉讓投資物業 ¹
香港財務報告準則(修訂本)	二零一四年至二零一六年週 期香港財務報告準則之年 度改進 ⁵

- 1 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- 2 於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- 3 於將予釐定之日期或其後開始之年度期間生效。
- 4 於二零一七年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- 5 於二零一七年一月一日或二零一八年一月一日(如適用)之後開始之年度期間生效。

本公司董事預期應用此等準則將不會對本集團之綜合財務報表造成重大影響。

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3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

(b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 has introduced new requirements for a) classification and measurement of financial assets, b) impairment of financial assets and c) general hedge accounting.

Specifically, with regard to the classification and measurement of financial assets, HKFRS 9 requires all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKFRS 9 to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of each of the subsequent accounting periods. Debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI). All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Further, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 applies) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss and that cumulative fair value changes will not be reclassified to profit or loss upon derecognition of the investment.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具

香港財務報告準則第9號引入a)金融資產分類及計量；b)金融資產減值；及c)一般對沖會計之新規定。

特別是，就金融資產分類及計量而言，香港財務報告準則第9號規定屬於香港財務報告準則第9號範圍內之所有已確認金融資產其後須按攤銷成本或公平值計量。按其目標為收取合約現金流量之業務模式所持有之債務投資及合約現金流量僅為支付本金及未償還本金之利息之債務投資一般於各後續會計期間結束時按攤銷成本計量。於目的為同時收回合約現金流量及出售金融資產之業務模式中持有，以及合約條款是純粹為支付本金及未償還本金之利息之債務投資，一般以透過其他全面收入按公平值計算(透過其他全面收入按公平值計算)之方式計量。所有其他債務投資及權益投資均於後續會計期間結束時按公平值計量。此外，根據香港財務報告準則第9號，實體須作出不可撤回之選擇，以於其他全面收入呈報權益投資(並非持作買賣或收購方於香港財務報告準則第3號適用之業務合併所確認之或然代價)公平值之其後變動，只有股息收入一般於損益確認；當取消確認投資後，累計公平值變動將不會重新分類至損益。

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3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

(b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of a financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of such changes in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss is presented in profit or loss.

With regard to impairment of financial assets, HKFRS 9 has adopted an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model required under HKAS 39. In general, the expected credit loss model requires an entity to assess the change in credit risk of the financial asset since initial recognition at each reporting date and to recognise the expected credit loss depending on the degree of the change in credit risk.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具(續)

就計量指定為透過損益按公平值計算之金融負債而言，香港財務報告準則第9號規定該金融負債之信貸風險變動以致該負債公平值變動之金額於其他全面收入內呈報，除非於其他全面收入中確認有關變動將造成或加大損益內之會計錯配則作別論。金融負債之信貸風險引致之公平值變動其後不會重新分類至損益。根據香港會計準則第39號，指定為透過損益按公平值計算之金融負債公平值變動全部金額均於損益內呈列。

就金融資產減值而言，與香港會計準則第39號規定之已產生信貸虧損模式相反，香港財務報告準則第9號採納預期信貸虧損模式。一般而言，預期信貸虧損模式規定實體於各報告日期評估金融資產自初始確認以來之信貸風險變動，並根據信貸風險變動程度確認預期信貸虧損。

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3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

(b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

With regard to the general hedge accounting requirements, HKFRS 9 retains the three types of hedge accounting mechanisms currently available in HKAS 39. Under HKFRS 9, greater flexibility has been introduced to the types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the types of instruments that qualify for hedging instruments and the types of risk components of non-financial items that are eligible for hedge accounting. In addition, the effectiveness test has been overhauled and replaced with the principle of an 'economic relationship'. Retrospective assessment of hedge effectiveness is also no longer required. Enhanced disclosure requirements about an entity's risk management activities have also been introduced.

The Group is still in the process of assessing the impact of HKFRS 9. The directors of the Company believe that it is impractical to disclose the impact in these consolidated financial statements until the Group has completed the assessment.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具(續)

就一般對沖會計規定而言，香港財務報告準則第9號保留香港會計準則第39號目前可運用之三類對沖會計機制。根據香港財務報告準則第9號，已為合資格作對沖會計處理之各類交易提供更大之靈活性，特別是擴闊合資格作為對沖工具之工具類別以及合資格作對沖會計之非金融項目之風險成分類型。此外，成效測試已作重整，並以「經濟關係」原則取代。對沖成效亦毋須進行追溯評估。新規定同時引入增加披露有關實體風險管理活動之規定。

本集團仍在評估香港財務報告準則第9號之影響。本公司董事相信，須待本集團完成評估後，才能夠於此等綜合財務報表披露有關影響。

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3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

(b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 15 “Revenue from Contracts with Customer”

HKFRS 15 was issued which establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 “Revenue”, HKAS 11 “Construction Contracts” and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for goods and services. Specifically, HKFRS 15 introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第15號「來自與客戶訂約之收益」

香港財務報告準則第15號已頒佈，其建立一個單一而全面之模式供實體用作將來自與客戶訂約之收益入賬。香港財務報告準則第15號於生效後，將取代現時之收益確認指引，包括香港會計準則第18號「收益」、香港會計準則第11號「建築合約」及相關詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第15號之核心原則為實體應確認描述向客戶轉讓承諾貨品或服務之收益，金額為能反映該實體預期就交換該等貨品及服務應得之代價。具體而言，香港財務報告準則第15號引入確認收益之五個步驟：

- 步驟1：識別與客戶之合約
- 步驟2：識別合約之履約責任
- 步驟3：釐定交易價格
- 步驟4：將交易價格分配至履約責任
- 步驟5：於實體履行履約責任時(或就此)確認收益

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3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

(b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 15 “Revenue from Contracts with Customer” (continued)

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when “control” of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

In 2016, the HKICPA issued Clarifications to HKFRS 15 in relation to the identification of performance obligations, principal versus agent consideration, as well as licensing application guidance.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may result in more disclosures. As for the timing and amounts of revenue recognised in respective reporting period, the Group is still in the process of assessing the impact of HKFRS 15. The directors of the Company believe that it is impractical to disclose the impact in these consolidated financial statements until the Group has completed the assessment.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第15號「來自與客戶訂約之收益」(續)

根據香港財務報告準則第15號，實體於完成履約責任時(或就此)確認收益，即於特定履約責任相關之貨品或服務之「控制權」轉讓予客戶時。香港財務報告準則第15號已就特別情況之處理方法加入更明確之指引。此外，香港財務報告準則第15號要求更詳盡之披露。

於二零一六年，香港會計師公會頒佈香港財務報告準則第15號有關識別履約責任、委托人與代理之考量及許可證申請指引之澄清。

本公司董事預期，於日後採納香港財務報告準則第15號可能會導致作更多披露。本集團仍在評估香港財務報告準則第15號對各報告期間確認收益之時間及金額之影響。本公司董事認為，於本集團完成評估前於此等綜合財務報表披露該等影響屬不切實際。

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3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

(b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 16 “Leases”

HKFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. HKFRS 16 will supersede HKAS 17 “Leases” and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

HKFRS 16 distinguishes lease and service contracts on the basis of whether an identified assets is controlled by a customer. Distinctions of operating leases and finance leases are removed for lessee accounting, and is replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognised for all leases by lessees, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost (subject to certain exceptions) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. Subsequently, the lease liability is adjusted for interest and lease payments, as well as the impact of lease modifications, amongst others. For the classification of cash flows, the Group currently presents upfront prepaid lease payments as investing cash flows in relation to leasehold lands for own use and those classified as investment properties while other operating lease payments are presents as operating cash flows. Under HKFRS 16, lease payments in relation to lease liability will be allocated into a principal and an interest portion which will be presented as financing cash flows.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

香港財務報告準則第16號為識別出租人及承租人之租賃安排及會計處理引入一項綜合模式。香港財務報告準則第16號於生效後將取代香港會計準則第17號「租賃」及相關詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第16號以客戶能否控制所識別資產區分租賃及服務合約。除短期租賃及低價值資產租賃外，經營租約及融資租約之差異自承租人會計處理中移除，並以承租人須就所有租賃將予確認使用權資產及相應負債之模式取代。

使用權資產初步按成本計量，其後按成本(除若干例外情況外)減累計折舊及減值虧損計量，並就任何租賃負債重新計量作出調整。租賃負債初步按當日尚未支付租賃款項之現值計量。其後，租賃負債就利息及租賃款項以及(其中包括)租賃修訂之影響作出調整。就現金流量分類而言，本集團目前將其他預付租賃款項呈列為與租賃土地以供自用有關之投資現金流量並分類為投資物業，而其他經營租賃款項則列為經營現金流量。根據香港財務報告準則第16號，有關租賃負債之租賃款項將分配呈列為融資現金流量之本金及利息部分。

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3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

(b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 16 "Leases" (continued)

Under HKAS 17, the Group has already recognised an asset and a related finance lease liability for finance lease arrangements and prepaid lease payments for leasehold lands where the Group is a lessee. The application of HKFRS 16 may result in potential changes in classification of these assets depending on whether the Group presents right-of-use assets separately or within the same line item at which the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned.

In contrast to lessee accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17, and continues to require a lessor to classify a lease either as an operating lease or a finance lease.

Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 16.

As at 31 March 2017, the Group as lessee has non-cancellable operating lease commitments of approximately HK\$598,000 as disclosed on note 45. A preliminary assessment indicated that these arrangements will meet the definition of a lease under HKFRS 16, and hence the Group will recognise a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability in respect of all these leases unless they qualify for low value or short-term leases upon the application of HKFRS 16. In addition, the application of new arrangements may result changes in measurement, presentation and disclosure as indicated above. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect until the Group performs a detailed review.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」(續)

根據香港會計準則第17號，本集團已就融資租賃安排及租賃土地(本集團為承租人)的預付租賃款項確認資產及相關融資租賃負債。視乎本集團單獨或於擁有相應有關資產時應予呈列之同一項目內呈列使用權資產，應用香港財務報告準則第16號可能導致該等資產之分類發生潛在變動。

相較承租人會計處理而言，香港財務報告準則第16號實質上沿用香港會計準則第17號之出租人會計規定，及繼續要求出租人將租賃分類為經營租賃或融資租賃。

此外，香港財務報告準則第16號要求更詳盡之披露。

如附註45所披露，於二零一七年三月三十一日，本集團作為承租人擁有不可撤銷經營租賃承擔約598,000港元。初步評估顯示，該等安排將符合香港財務報告準則第16號項下租賃之定義，因此本集團將就所有該等租賃確認使用權資產及相應之負債，除非有關租賃於應用香港財務報告準則第16號後符合低價值或短期租賃。此外，應用新安排可能導致上文所述計量、呈列及披露發生變動。然而，於本集團完成詳盡審閱前，提供有關影響之合理估計並不切實際。

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3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

(b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 7 Disclosure Initiative

The amendments require an entity to make disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities. The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments will have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, unless mentioned otherwise in the accounting policies below (e.g. investment properties, available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that are measured at fair value).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 5.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are set out below.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則及規定(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第7號(修訂本)披露計劃

該等修訂本規定實體作出可令財務報表使用者評估融資活動所產生負債變動之披露。本公司董事預期應用該等修訂本將不會對本集團綜合財務報表造成重大影響。

4. 主要會計政策

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本慣例編製，惟下文會計政策另有所述者除外(即投資物業、可供出售金融資產、透過損益按公平值計算之金融資產按公平值計量)。

編製符合香港財務報告準則之財務報表需使用若干關鍵會計估計，其亦要求管理層在應用本集團之會計政策時作出判斷。涉及高度判斷或高度複雜性之範疇，或涉及對綜合財務報表屬重大之假設及估計之範疇披露在附註5。

編製綜合財務報表時應用之主要會計政策如下。

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綜合財務報表附註

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(a) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 March. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve relating to that subsidiary.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 綜合

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至三月三十一日止之財務報表。附屬公司是指本集團對其擁有控制權之實體。當本集團承受或享有參與實體所得之可變回報，且有能力透過其對實體之權力影響該等回報時，則本集團控制該實體。當本集團之現有權利令本集團現時有能力指示相關活動(即嚴重影響實體回報之活動)時，本集團支配該實體。

於評估控制權時，本集團考慮其潛在投票權及由其他人士持有之潛在投票權。只要持有人切實有能力行使潛在投票權，則計及該潛在投票權。

附屬公司在控制權轉移至本集團之日起綜合入賬，並在控制權終止之日起停止綜合入賬。

出售附屬公司而導致失去控制權之盈虧乃指(i)出售代價公平值連同於該附屬公司保留之任何投資公平值與(ii)本公司應佔該附屬公司資產淨值連同與該附屬公司有關之任何餘下商譽以及任何相關累計外幣匯兌儲備兩者間之差額。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(continued)

(a) Consolidation (continued)

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling shareholders and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

(a) 綜合(續)

集團內公司間之交易、結餘及未變現溢利均予以對銷。除非交易提供憑證顯示所轉讓資產出現減值，否則未變現虧損亦予以對銷。倘有需要，附屬公司之會計政策會作出調整，以確保符合本集團採納之政策。

非控股權益指並非由本公司直接或間接佔有之附屬公司權益。非控股權益於綜合財務狀況表及綜合權益變動表之權益內列賬。於綜合損益及其他全面收入表內，非控股權益呈列為本年度損益及全面收入總額在本公司非控股股東與擁有人之間的分配。

損益及各項其他全面收益項目歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股股東，即使導致非控股權益結餘出現虧絀。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(b) Business combinations and goodwill

The acquisition method is used to account for the acquisition of a subsidiary in a business combination. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at the acquisition-date fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued, liabilities incurred and any contingent consideration. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the subsidiary in the acquisition are measured at their acquisition-date fair values.

The excess of the sum of the consideration transferred over the Group's share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the sum of the consideration transferred is recognised in consolidated profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase which is attributed to the Group.

The non-controlling interests in the subsidiary are initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling shareholders' proportionate share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities at the acquisition date. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 業務合併及商譽

業務合併中收購附屬公司採用收購法入賬。業務合併所轉撥之代價按收購日期所給予之資產、所發行之股本工具、所產生之負債及任何或然代價之公平值計量。收購相關成本於產生成本及接受服務期間確認為開支。收購附屬公司之可識別資產及負債按收購日期公平值計量。

所轉撥代價之總和超出本集團所佔附屬公司之可識別資產及負債公平淨值之差額列賬為商譽。本集團所佔可識別資產及負債公平淨值超出所轉撥代價之總和之差額於綜合損益確認為撥歸本集團議價收購之收益。

於附屬公司之非控股權益初步按公平值或非控股股東應佔該附屬公司於收購日期之可識別資產及負債之公平淨值比例計算。計量基準視乎每項交易而作出選擇。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(b) Business combinations and goodwill

(continued)

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units ("CGUs") or groups of CGUs that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of the CGUs containing the goodwill is compared to its recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

(c) Associates

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity but is not control or joint control over those policies. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible, including potential voting rights held by other entities, are considered when assessing whether the Group has significant influence. In assessing whether a potential voting right contributes to significant influence, the holder's intention and financial ability to exercise or convert that right is not considered.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 業務合併及商譽(續)

於初步確認後，商譽乃按成本減累計減值虧損計量。就減值測試而言，業務合併所獲商譽會分配至預期將受益於合併協同效應之各現金產生單位（「現金產生單位」）或現金產生單位組別。獲分配商譽之各單位或單位組別為本集團內就內部管理目的而監察商譽之最低層次。商譽每年進行減值檢討，或當有事件出現或情況改變顯示可能出現減值時，作出更頻密檢討。現金產生單位（包含商譽）賬面值與可收回金額作比較，可收回金額為使用價值與公平值減出售成本之較高者。任何減值即時確認為開支，且其後不會撥回。

(c) 聯營公司

聯營公司是指本集團對其有重大影響之實體。重大影響乃指參與某一實體之財務及經營政策決策但非控制或共同控制該等政策之權力。於評估本集團是否具有重大影響時，會考慮現時可行使或可轉換之潛在投票權（包括其他實體持有之潛在投票權）之存在及影響。評估潛在投票權是否擁有重大影響力時，持有人之意向及是否有財政能力行使或轉換該權利均不予考慮。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(c) Associates (continued)

Investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method and is initially recognised at cost. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate in an acquisition are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. The goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is tested for impairment together with the investment at the end of each reporting period when there is objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

The Group's share of an associate's post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, and its share of the post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in the consolidated reserves. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 聯營公司(續)

於一間聯營公司之投資以權益法於綜合財務報表列賬，且初步按成本確認。於收購中，聯營公司之可識別資產及負債於收購日期按公平值計量。投資成本超出本集團應佔聯營公司可識別資產及負債之公平淨值差額列為商譽。商譽計入投資之賬面值，且倘有任何客觀證據顯示投資已減值，則於各報告期末連同投資進行減值測試。本集團應佔可識別資產及負債公平淨值超出收購成本之任何差額於綜合損益確認。

本集團應佔聯營公司之收購後溢利或虧損於綜合損益及其他全面收入表確認，而其應佔之收購後儲備變動則於綜合儲備確認。當本集團應佔聯營公司之虧損相當於或超逾其於聯營公司之權益(包括實質上構成本集團於該聯營公司之投資淨值一部分之長期權益)時，本集團不會確認進一步虧損，惟其須代表聯營公司承擔責任或付款除外。倘聯營公司其後錄得溢利，則本集團僅於其應佔溢利與未確認之應佔虧損相等後，方會繼續確認其應佔溢利。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(continued)

(c) Associates (continued)

The gain or loss on the disposal of an associate that results in a loss of significant influence represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that associate and (ii) the Group's entire carrying amount of that associate (including goodwill) and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve. If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture, the Group continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

Unrealised profits on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(d) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's presentation currency. The functional currency of the Company is United States dollars ("USD"). The directors consider that choosing HK\$ as the presentation currency best suits the needs of the shareholders and investors, who are mostly located in Hong Kong.

(c) 聯營公司(續)

出售一間聯營公司導致失去重大影響力之收益或虧損指(i)出售代價之公平值加該聯營公司保留任何投資之公平值與(ii)本集團該聯營公司之整體賬面值(包括商譽)及任何有關累計外幣匯兌儲備之間的差額。倘於聯營公司之投資成為合營公司之投資，則本集團將繼續應用權益法，且不會重新計量保留權益。

本集團與其聯營公司進行交易之未變現溢利以本集團於聯營公司之權益對銷。未變現虧損亦會對銷，除非該交易有證據顯示所轉讓資產已出現減值。聯營公司之會計政策已按需要變更，以確保與本集團所採納政策貫徹一致。

(d) 外幣換算

(i) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體之財務報表所列項目，均以該實體營運主要經濟環境之貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。綜合財務報表乃以本公司之呈列貨幣港元(「港元」)呈列。本公司之功能貨幣為美元(「美元」)。董事認為選擇港元作為呈列貨幣最能滿足大部分位於香港之股東及投資者之需要。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(d) Foreign currency translation (continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 外幣換算(續)

(ii) 各實體財務報表中之交易及結餘

外幣交易按交易日期之現行匯率於初步確認時換算為功能貨幣。以外幣呈列之貨幣資產及負債按各報告期末之匯率換算。此換算政策所產生收益及虧損於損益確認。

以外幣公平值計量之非貨幣項目按釐定公平值日期之匯率換算。

當非貨幣項目之收益或虧損於其他全面收入中確認時，該收益或虧損之任何匯兌部分會於其他全面收入中確認。當非貨幣項目之收益或虧損於損益中確認時，該收益或虧損之任何匯兌部分會於損益中確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(continued)

(d) Foreign currency translation (continued)

(iii) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve.

(d) 外幣換算(續)

(iii) 綜合賬目換算

本集團所有實體之功能貨幣倘有別於本公司之呈列貨幣，則其業績及財務狀況須按以下方式換算為本公司之呈列貨幣：

- 各財務狀況表呈列之資產及負債均按照該財務狀況表日期之收市匯率換算；
- 期內收入及開支均按平均匯率換算（除非此平均匯率未能合理接近於交易日匯率所帶來之累計影響，在此情況下，收入及開支則按交易當日之匯率換算）；及
- 所有產生之匯兌差額均於其他全面收入確認並於外幣匯兌儲備中累計。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(d) Foreign currency translation (continued)

(iii) Translation on consolidation

(continued)

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the monetary items that form part of the net investment in foreign entities and of borrowings are recognised in the other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are reclassified to consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

(e) Property, plant and equipment

Leasehold building is stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at its revalued amount, being the fair value at the date of revaluation, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amounts do not differ materially from those that would be determined using fair values at the end of each reporting period. All other property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 外幣換算(續)

(iii) 綜合賬目換算(續)

於綜合賬目時，因換算貨幣項目產生之匯兌差額構成海外實體投資淨額及借款之部分，並於其他全面收入確認及於外幣匯兌儲備累計。當出售海外業務時，該等匯兌差額於綜合損益重新分類為出售盈虧的一部分。

收購海外實體產生之商譽及公平值調整被視作該海外實體之資產及負債，並按收市匯率換算。

(e) 物業、廠房及設備

租賃樓宇按其重估值(即於重估當日之公平值減去任何其後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損)於綜合財務狀況表中列賬。於重估日期之任何累計折舊會與資產之賬面總值對銷，而淨額重列為資產之重估值。重估將會定期進行，以使賬面值不會與於各報告期末採用公平值所釐定之金額相差過大。所有其他物業、廠房及設備按成本減其後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有)於綜合財務狀況表中列賬。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(continued)

(e) Property, plant and equipment

(continued)

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of such leasehold building is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in property revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss, in which case the increase is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously expensed. A decrease in the carrying amount arising on the revaluation of such leasehold building is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the property revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset.

Depreciation of revalued leasehold building is recognised in profit or loss. On the subsequent sale or retirement of a revalued leasehold building, the attributable revaluation surplus remaining in the property revaluation reserve is transferred directly to accumulated losses.

(e) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

僅在與項目相關之日後經濟效益有可能流入本集團及能可靠計算項目成本之情況下，其後成本方會計入資產賬面值或確認為獨立資產(視情況適用)。所有其他維修及保養成本於其產生期間在損益確認。

任何重估有關租賃樓宇所產生之重估增值均於其他全面收入確認並於物業重估儲備累計，惟其撥回該資產先前於損益中確認之重估減值除外，在此情況下，重估增值按先前已扣除之重估減值計入損益。重估有關租賃樓宇所產生之賬面值減少若超過該項資產於先前之有關物業重估儲備之餘額(如有)，則於損益中確認。

經重估之租賃樓宇之折舊於損益中確認。經重估之租賃樓宇於其後出售或報廢時，其於物業重估儲備內餘下之所屬重估盈餘會直接轉撥至累計虧損。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(e) Property, plant and equipment

(continued)

Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost or revalued amount less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Leasehold building	Over the lease term
Leasehold improvement	Over the lease term
Furniture and fixtures	25% – 50%
Office equipment	25% – 50%
Motor vehicles	12.5% – 30%
Machinery	12.5% – 30%
Vessel	3.3%

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

其他物業、廠房及設備以直線法按足以撇銷其成本或重估值減剩餘價值之比率，於估計可使用年期計算折舊。主要年率如下：

租賃樓宇	租期
租賃物業裝修	租期
傢具及裝置	25%至50%
辦公設備	25%至50%
汽車	12.5%至30%
機器	12.5%至30%
船舶	3.3%

剩餘價值、可使用年期和折舊方法於各報告期末進行檢討和調整(如適用)。

出售物業、廠房及設備之盈虧指銷售所得款項淨額與有關資產賬面值之間之差額，並於損益確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(continued)

(f) Investment properties

Investment properties are buildings held to earn rentals. An investment property is measured initially at its cost including all direct costs attributable to the property.

After initial recognition, the investment property is stated at its fair value based on valuation by an external independent valuer. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of the investment property are recognised in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

The gain or loss on disposal of an investment property is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the property, and is recognised in profit or loss.

(g) Leases

The Group as lessee

(i) Operating leases

Leases that do not substantially transfer to the Group all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets are accounted for as operating leases. Lease payments (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(f) 投資物業

投資物業乃持作賺取租金之樓宇。投資物業初步按其成本(包括物業之所有直接應佔成本)計量。

於初步確認後，投資物業乃按外部獨立估值師釐定之公平值列賬。投資物業公平值變動產生之盈虧於產生期間在損益中確認。

出售投資物業之盈虧為該物業出售所得款項淨額與賬面值之差額，於損益中確認。

(g) 租賃

本集團作為承租人

(i) 經營租賃

並無實質上將資產擁有權之一切風險及回報轉讓予本集團之租約列為經營租賃。租賃款項(扣除自出租人收取之任何優惠)按租賃期以直線法確認為開支。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(g) Leases (continued)

(ii) Finance leases

Leases that substantially transfer to the Group all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets are accounted for as finance leases. At the commencement of the lease term, a finance lease is capitalised at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the present value of the minimum lease payments, each determined at the inception of the lease.

The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the statement of financial position as finance lease payable. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Assets under finance leases are depreciated the same as owned assets over the shorter of the lease term and their estimated useful lives.

(h) Payments for mining claims

Mining claims represent all the rights of the Group to explore, develop and utilise in and to magnetite other minerals located in the specified mining area pursuant to the issuance of an exploration permit and mineral production sharing agreement by the relevant authorities of the Philippines. Payments for mining claims, pending the issuance of the exploration permit, are stated at cost and are reclassified as exploration and evaluation assets when the exploration permit is issued.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(g) 租賃(續)

(ii) 融資租賃

實質上將資產擁有權之所有風險及回報轉移至本集團之租賃列為融資租賃。融資租賃在開始時按租賃資產之公平值及最低租賃款項現值(兩者均於租賃開始時釐定)之較低者入賬。

出租人之相應債務於財務狀況表中列作應付融資租賃。租賃款項按比例分配為融資費用及減除未付債務。融資費用於各租賃期內分攤，以便為債務結餘得出一個貫徹之定期利率。

於融資租賃下之資產於租賃期及估計使用年期內(以較短者為準)按與自置資產相同之方式計算折舊。

(h) 支付採礦權

採礦權包括本集團根據菲律賓有關當局發出之採礦許可證及礦物生產分成協議進行勘探、開發及利用位於指定採礦區之磁鐵沙及其他礦物之一切權利。於發出採礦許可證前，採礦權之付款按成本列賬，於發出採礦許可證時重新分類為勘探及評估資產。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(continued)

(i) Exploration and evaluation assets

Exploration and evaluation assets are recognised at cost on initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, exploration and evaluation assets are stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses, if any. Exploration and evaluation assets include the cost of exploration rights and the expenditures incurred in the search for mineral resources as well as the determination of the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting those resources. When the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting mineral resources become demonstrable, previously recognised exploration and evaluation assets are reclassified as mining rights and mineral properties under intangible assets and property, plant and equipment respectively.

Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets

The carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation assets is reviewed annually and adjusted for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets whenever one of the following events or changes in circumstances indicates that the carrying amount may not be recoverable:

- the period for which the Group has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed;
- substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned;

(i) 勘探及評估資產

勘探及評估資產於初步確認時按成本確認。初步確認後，勘探及評估資產按成本減任何累計減值虧損(如有)列賬。勘探及評估資產包括勘探權之成本以及尋找礦產資源以及釐定開採該等資源之技術可行性及商業可行性所招致之開支。當可證實開採該等資源之技術可行性及商業可行性時，先前確認之勘探及評估資產分別重新分類為無形資產及物業、廠房及設備項下之採礦權及礦產。

勘探及評估資產減值

勘探及評估資產之賬面值每年進行檢討，當下列某一事件或情況轉變顯示賬面值可能無法收回時，按照香港會計準則第36號－資產減值作出減值調整：

- 本集團擁有之特定區域之開發權於期內屆滿或即將屆滿，並且預期不會再更新；
- 在特定區域進一步勘探及評估礦產資源所產生大額開支不在預算及計劃之內；

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(i) Exploration and evaluation assets

(continued)

Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets (continued)

- exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the Group has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area; or
- sufficient data exist to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development of by sale.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

(j) Metals import licenses

Metals import license with indefinite useful life is stated at cost less any impairment losses. Impairment is reviewed annually or when there is indication that the metals import license has suffered an impairment loss.

(k) Club membership

Club membership with indefinite useful life is stated at cost less any impairment losses. Impairment is reviewed annually or when there is any indication that the club membership has suffered an impairment loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 勘探及評估資產(續)

勘探及評估資產減值(續)

- 本集團在特定區域進行之礦物資源勘探及評估並無發現有利可圖之礦量，故決定終止該特定區域之勘探及評估活動；或
- 有充分數據顯示，儘管可能會於特定區域開發，但勘探及評估資產之賬面值似乎不大可能成功開發或銷售而獲全數收回。

當資產之賬面值超過其可收回金額時，會於損益內確認減值虧損。

(j) 金屬進口許可證

具有無限可使用年期之金屬進口許可證按成本減任何減值虧損列賬。金屬進口許可證每年及當有跡象顯示出現減值虧損時進行減值檢討。

(k) 會所會籍

具有無限可使用年期之會所會籍按成本減任何減值虧損列賬。會所會籍每年及當有跡象顯示出現減值虧損時進行減值檢討。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(continued)

(l) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(m) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire; the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets; or the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets but has not retained control on the assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

(l) 存貨

存貨以成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。成本按加權平均法釐定。可變現淨值指於日常業務過程中之估計售價，減估計完成成本及估計銷售成本。

(m) 確認及終止確認金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於本集團成為工具合約條文之訂約方時，於綜合財務狀況表確認。

倘從資產收取現金流量之合約權利已屆滿；本集團已將其資產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報轉移；或本集團並無轉移及保留其於資產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報但並未保留對資產之控制權，則金融資產將予以終止確認。於終止確認金融資產時，資產賬面值與已收代價及已於其他全面收入確認之累計收益或虧損兩者總和之差額，將於損益確認。

倘於有關合約之特定責任獲解除、取消或屆滿，則金融負債將予以終止確認。終止確認之金融負債賬面值與已付代價兩者間之差額於損益確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(m) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

(n) Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis where the purchase or sale of a financial asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the financial assets within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value, plus directly attributable transaction costs except in the case of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

(i) Financial assets at fair through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets classified as held for trading or designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition. These financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of these financial assets are recognised in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 確認及終止確認金融工具(續)

當有法定可執行權利可抵銷已確認金額，並有意圖按淨額基準結算或同時變現資產及結算負債時，金融資產與負債可互相抵銷，並於資產負債表報告其淨額。法定可執行權利不得依賴未來事件而定，而在一般業務過程中以及倘公司或交易對手出現違約、無償債能力或破產時，這也必須具有約束力。

(n) 金融資產

倘根據合約買賣金融資產，而合約條款規定該等金融資產須於有關市場所定時限內交付，則該等金融資產將按交易日基準確認及終止確認，並初步按公平值加直接應佔交易成本計量，惟透過損益按公平值計算之金融資產除外。

本集團將其金融資產分為以下類別：透過損益按公平值計算以及貸款及應收款項。分類取決於收購金融資產之目的。管理層於初步確認時釐定金融資產之類別。

(i) 透過損益按公平值計算之金融資產

透過損益按公平值計算之金融資產為分類為持作買賣之金融資產或於初步確認時指定為透過損益按公平值計量。該等金融資產其後按公平值計算。因該等金融資產之公平值變動所產生之收益或虧損於損益確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(continued)

(n) Financial assets (continued)

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. These assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method (except for short-term receivables where interest is immaterial) minus any reduction for impairment or uncollectibility. Typically trade and other receivables, bank and cash balances are classified in this category.

(iii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are not classified as loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of these investments are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve, until the investments are disposed of or there is objective evidence that the investments are impaired, at which time the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified from equity to profit or loss. Interest calculated using the effective interest method and dividends on available-for-sale equity investments are recognised in profit or loss.

(n) 金融資產(續)

(ii) 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為固定或可釐定付款之非衍生金融資產，其並無於交投活躍之市場中報價。此等資產採用實際利率法按攤銷成本(惟利息並不重大之短期應收款項除外)減任何減值或不可收回款項列賬。一般情況下，貿易及其他應收款項、銀行及現金結餘歸入此類。

(iii) 可供出售之金融資產

可供出售之金融資產指並未分類為貸款及應收款項、持有至到期之投資或透過損益按公平值計算之金融資產之非衍生金融資產。可供出售金融資產其後按公平值列賬。因公平值變動所產生之收益或虧損於其他全面收入中確認及於投資重估儲備中累計，直至有關投資被出售或有客觀證據顯示該等投資出現減值時，則以往於其他全面收入內確認之累計收益或虧損由權益重新分類至損益內。採納實際利率法計算之利息，及可供出售股本投資之股息均於損益內確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(o) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment.

(p) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. Bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

(q) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(o) 貿易及其他應收款項

貿易應收款項為於日常業務過程中就已售商品而應收客戶之款項。倘貿易及其他應收款項之收回預期於一年或以內(或倘更長時間，則於正常業務經營週期內)，則被分類為流動資產；否則按非流動資產呈列。

貿易及其他應收款項初步按公平值確認，其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本扣除減值撥備計量。

(p) 現金及現金等價物

就現金流量表而言，現金及現金等價物指銀行及手頭現金、存於銀行及其他金融機構之活期存款，以及可隨時轉換為已知數額現金而價值變動風險不大之短期高流通量投資。須按要求償還並構成本集團現金管理之主要部分之銀行透支亦計入現金及現金等價物之一部分。

(q) 金融負債及股本工具

金融負債及股本工具根據已訂立合約安排之內容及香港財務報告準則項下之金融負債及股本工具之定義進行分類。股本工具為任何證明本集團扣除其所有負債後之剩餘資產權益之合約。以下載列為就特定金融負債及股本工具所採納之會計政策。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(continued)

(r) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

(s) Convertible bonds

Convertible bonds issued on 18 December 2008

Convertible loans which entitle the holder to convert the loans into a fixed number of equity instruments at a fixed conversion price are regarded as compound instruments consisting of a liability and an equity component. At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible debt. The difference between the proceeds of issue of the convertible loans and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the embedded option for the holder to convert the loans into equity of the Group, is included in equity as convertible loans reserve. The liability component is carried as a liability at amortised cost using the effective interest method until extinguished on conversion or redemption.

Transaction costs are apportioned between the liability and equity components of the convertible loans based on their relative carrying amounts at the date of issue. The portion related to the equity component is charged directly to equity.

(r) 借款

借款初步按公平值(扣除所產生交易成本)確認，其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

借款分類為流動負債，除非本集團享有無條件權利可將償還負債之期限推遲至報告期後至少十二個月。

(s) 可換股債券

於二零零八年十二月十八日發行之可換股債券

賦予持有人權利按固定兌換價將貸款兌換為固定數目之股本工具之可換股貸款被視為由負債及權益部分組成之複合工具。於發行日期，負債部分之公平值按當時適用於類似非可換股債項之市場利率估計。發行可換股貸款之所得款項與劃定為負債部分之公平值之差額，即讓持有人將貸款轉換為本集團權益之嵌入式期權，計入權益列作可換股貸款儲備。負債部分使用實際利率法按攤銷成本列賬為負債，直至獲轉換或贖回時註銷為止。

交易成本根據可換股貸款之負債及權益部分於發行日期之賬面值按比例分配。與權益部分有關之份額直接於權益中扣除。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(s) Convertible bonds (continued)

Convertible bonds issued on 12 May 2015

Convertible bonds issued on 12 May 2015 which entitle the holder to convert the bonds into a fixed number of equity instruments at a fixed conversion price and entitle the Company, at its options, to redeem any portion or the entire amount of the outstanding principal amount of the convertible bonds at predetermined redemption price, comprised a liability, a derivative component and an equity component.

At the date of issue, the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible debt. The equity component is recognised at the residual amount after deducting the fair value of the liability component and derivative component from the fair value of the convertible bonds as a whole.

In subsequent periods, the liability component is carried as a liability at amortised cost using the effective interest method until extinguished on conversion or redemption.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(s) 可換股債券(續)

於二零一五年五月十二日發行之可換股債券

二零一五年五月十二日發行之可換股債券由負債、衍生工具及股權部分組成，其賦予持有人權利按固定兌換價將債券兌換為固定數目之股本工具，並賦予本公司權利選擇按預設贖回價全數或部分贖回可換股債券之未償還本金額。

於發行日期，負債部分以類似非可換股債據之現行市場利率估計。自可換股債券之整體扣除負債部分及衍生工具部分之公平值後，股本部分按剩餘值確認。

於往後期間，負債部分使用實際利率法按攤銷成本列賬，直至獲轉換或贖回時註銷為止。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(t) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(u) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(v) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

(i) Sales of goods

Revenues from the sales of metals, coals, beverages, household products and nephrite are recognised on the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered and the title has passed to the customers.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

(iii) Securities trading

Securities trading is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer.

(iv) Rental income

Rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(t) 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項初步按公平值確認，其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量，除非貼現影響並不重大，則按成本入賬。

(u) 股本工具

本公司所發行之股本工具按已收訖之所得款項(扣除直接發行成本)入賬。

(v) 收益確認

收益按已收取或應收取代價之公平值計量，並於經濟利益有可能流向本集團且收益金額能夠可靠計量時確認。

(i) 貨品銷售

金屬、煤炭、飲料、家用產品及軟玉銷售之收益於擁有權之重大風險及回報轉讓時確認，一般與貨品交付予顧客及所有權轉讓時同時進行。

(ii) 利息收入

利息收入採用實際利率法按時間比例基準確認。

(iii) 證券買賣

證券買賣於擁有權之重大風險及回報轉移予買方時確認。

(iv) 租金收入

租金收入於租期內按直線法確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(w) Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Pension obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(w) 僱員福利

(i) 僱員享有之休假

僱員年假及長期服務假於員工享有休假時確認。本公司會就僱員截至報告期末提供之服務所享有年假及長期服務假期估計須承擔之負債作出撥備。

僱員病假及產假於實際休假時方予確認。

(ii) 退休金責任

本集團為所有僱員向定額供款退休計劃供款。本集團及僱員之計劃供款根據僱員基本薪金之百分比計算。自損益扣除退休福利計劃成本指本集團須向基金支付之供款。

(iii) 終止僱用福利

終止僱用福利於本集團不再提供該等福利時及本集團確認重組成本及涉及支付終止僱用福利時(以較早日期為準)予以確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(continued)

(x) Share-based payments

The Group issues equity-settled share-based payments to certain directors, employees and consultants.

Equity-settled share-based payments to directors and employees are measured at the fair value (excluding the effect of non-market based vesting conditions) of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non-market based vesting conditions.

Equity-settled share-based payments to consultants are measured at the fair value of the services rendered or, if the fair value of the services rendered cannot be reliably measured, at the fair value of the equity instruments granted. The fair value is measured at the date the Group receives the services and is recognised as an expense.

(y) Borrowing costs

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(x) 以股份為基礎之付款

本集團向若干董事、僱員及顧問作出以股權結算之股份付款。

向董事及僱員作出以股權結算之股份付款按股本工具於授出日期之公平值計量(不計入非按市場為基礎之歸屬條件之影響)。於以股權結算之股份付款授出日期釐定之公平值，於歸屬期間按本集團估計最終歸屬之股份以直線法基準支銷，並就非按市場為基礎之歸屬條件之影響作出調整。

向顧問作出之以股權結算之股份付款按所提供服務之公平值計量，或倘所提供服務之公平值不能可靠計量，則按所授出股本工具之公平值計量。公平值於本集團接獲服務之日計量並確認為開支。

(y) 借款成本

所有其他借款成本均於產生期間於損益中確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(z) Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(z) 稅項

所得稅指即期稅項及遞延稅項之總和。

應繳即期稅項按年內應課稅溢利計算。由於其他年度應課稅或可扣稅收入或開支項目及從不課稅或不可扣稅項目，應課稅溢利與於損益中確認之溢利不同。本集團之即期稅項負債按報告期末已頒佈或實際上已頒佈之稅率計算。

遞延稅項就綜合財務報表內資產及負債賬面值與計算應課稅溢利所用相應稅基兩者間之差額確認。遞延稅項負債一般會就所有應課稅暫時差額確認，而遞延稅項資產於可能出現應課稅溢利，以致可扣稅暫時差額、未動用稅項虧損或未動用稅項抵免可予動用時確認。倘因商譽或因初步確認一項既不影響應課稅溢利亦不影響會計溢利之交易(業務合併除外)中其他資產及負債引致暫時差額，則不會確認該等資產及負債。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(continued)

(z) Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

(z) 稅項(續)

除非本集團可控制暫時差額撥回及暫時差額不大可能於可見將來撥回，否則會就與於附屬公司及聯營公司之投資所產生之應課稅暫時差額確認遞延稅項負債。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值於各報告期末進行檢討，如不再有足夠應課稅溢利可供收回全部或部分資產，遞延稅項資產須相應減少。

遞延稅項按預期於基於報告期末已頒佈或實際上已頒佈之稅率結算負債或變現資產期間應用之稅率計算。除非遞延稅項與在其他收入或直接於權益內確認之項目有關，在此情況下，遞延稅項亦在其他全面收入或直接於權益內確認，否則遞延稅項於損益內確認。

遞延稅項資產及負債之計量反映隨本集團預期於報告期末收回或償還其資產及負債賬面值所產生之稅務後果。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(z) Taxation (continued)

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model of the Group whose business objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. If the presumption is rebutted, deferred tax for such investment properties are measured based on the expected manner as to how the properties will be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(aa) PRC land appreciation tax ("LAT")

LAT is levied at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds from sales of properties less deductible expenditures including land costs, borrowing costs, business taxes and all property development expenditures. LAT is recognised as an income tax expense. LAT paid is a deductible expense for PRC enterprise income tax purposes.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(z) 稅項(續)

就計量按公平值模式計量之投資物業之遞延稅項而言，假定該等物業之賬面值可透過出售收回，除非假定被駁回則另作別論。惟若該投資物業可予折舊，而本集團之業務目標為隨時間消耗該投資物業所包含之絕大部分經濟利益（而非透過出售）之商業模式持有，此假定則被駁回。如假定被駁回，該等投資物業之遞延稅項按該等物業之預期收回方式計量。

倘有法律上可強制執行權利以即期稅項資產抵銷即期稅項負債，並於遞延稅項資產及負債與同一徵稅機關有關以及本集團有意按淨額基準結算即期稅項資產及負債時，則將遞延稅項資產及負債抵銷。

(aa) 中國土地增值稅(「土地增值稅」)

土地增值稅按土地價值之增值以累進稅率30%至60%徵收，即銷售物業所得款項減可扣減開支，包括土地成本、借款成本、營業稅及所有物業發展支出。土地增值稅確認為所得稅開支。就中國企業所得稅而言，已付土地增值稅為可扣減開支。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(bb) Impairment of non-financial assets (excluding exploration and evaluation assets)

Intangible assets that have indefinite useful life or that are not yet available for use are reviewed for impairment annually and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

The carrying amounts of other non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date for indications of impairment and where an asset is impaired, it is written down as an expense through the consolidated statement of profit or loss to its estimated recoverable amount unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal of the individual asset or the cash-generating unit.

Value in use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows of the asset/cash-generating unit. Present values are computed using pre-tax discount rates that reflect the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset/cash-generating unit whose impairment is being measured.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(bb) 非金融資產減值(不包括勘探及評估資產)

具有無限可使用年期或尚未可供使用之無形資產每年及每當有事件發生或情況出現變化顯示賬面值可能不可收回時檢討有否減值。

其他非金融資產之賬面值於各報告日期檢討有無減值跡象，倘資產已減值，則作為開支透過綜合損益表撇減至其估計可收回金額，惟有關資產按重估值列賬除外，在此情況下，減值虧損視為重估減值處理。可收回金額就個別資產釐定，惟倘資產並無產生大部分獨立於其他資產或資產組合之現金流入，則可收回金額就資產所屬之現金產生單位釐定。可收回金額按個別資產或現金產生單位之使用價值與其公平值減出售成本兩者中之較高者計算。

使用價值為資產／現金產生單位估計未來現金流量之現值。現值按反映貨幣時間價值及資產／現金產生單位(已計量減值)之特有風險之稅前貼現率計算。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(bb) Impairment of non-financial assets (excluding exploration and evaluation assets) (continued)

Impairment losses for cash-generating units are allocated first against the goodwill of the unit and then pro rata amongst the other assets of the cash-generating unit. Subsequent increases in the recoverable amount caused by changes in estimates are credited to profit or loss to the extent that they reverse the impairment unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

(cc) Impairment of financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether its financial assets (other than those at fair value through profit or loss) are impaired, based on objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For available-for-sale equity instruments, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the investment below its cost is considered also to be objective evidence of impairment.

In addition, for trade receivables that are assessed not to be impaired individually, the Group assesses them collectively for impairment, based on the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the delayed payments in the portfolio, observable changes in economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables, etc.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(bb) 非金融資產減值(不包括勘探及評估資產)(續)

現金產生單位減值虧損首先就該單位之商譽進行分配，然後按比例在現金產生單位其他資產間進行分配。因估計變動而造成其後可收回金額增加將計入損益，除非有關資產按重估值列賬，否則撥回減值，在此情況下，減值虧損之撥回視為重估增值。

(cc) 金融資產減值

本集團會於各報告期末根據客觀證據，即由於初步確認後發生之一宗或多宗事件，金融資產之估計未來現金流量受到影響，評估其金融資產(透過損益按公平值計算之金融資產除外)有否減值。

就可供出售權益工具而言，有關投資公平值大幅或長期跌至低於其成本亦被視為客觀之減值證據。

此外，就單獨評估並無減值之貿易應收款項而言，本集團將根據本集團之過往收款經驗、組合內延遲還款之增加、與應收款項違約情況有連帶關係之經濟狀況出現明顯改變等共同評估有否減值。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(cc) Impairment of financial assets

(continued)

Only for trade receivables, the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

For all other financial assets, the carrying amount is directly reduced by the impairment loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if the amount of the impairment loss decreases in a subsequent period and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed (either directly or by adjusting the allowance account for trade receivables) through profit or loss. However, the reversal must not result in a carrying amount that exceeds what the amortised cost of the financial asset would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed.

In respect of available-for-sale equity securities, an increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in revaluation reserve; impairment losses are not reversed through profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(cc) 金融資產減值(續)

僅貿易應收款項之賬面值按撥備賬扣減，其後收回之已撇銷數額計入撥備賬。撥備賬之賬面值變動於損益中確認。

就所有其他金融資產而言，賬面值會直接按減值虧損作出扣減。

就按攤銷成本計量之金融資產而言，倘減值虧損之金額於其後期間減少，而該減少可以客觀地與確認減值後發生之一宗事件有關，則先前已確認之減值虧損透過損益撥回(直接或透過調整貿易應收款項之撥備賬)。然而，撥回不得導致撥回減值當日之賬面值超過該金融資產於未確認減值時之攤銷成本。

就可供出售權益證券而言，出現減值虧損後之公平值增加於其他全面收益確認，並於重估儲備累計；而減值虧損不會透過損益撥回。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(dd) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

(ee) Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period are adjusting events and are reflected in the financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(dd) 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團須就已發生之事件承擔法律或推定責任，而預期履行該責任很可能會導致經濟效益外流，在可以作出可靠之估計時，本集團便會就該時間或數額不定之負債計提撥備。倘貨幣時間值重大，則按預期履行該責任所需支出之現值計提撥備。

倘經濟效益外流之可能性較低，或是無法對有關金額作出可靠之估計，則該責任披露為或然負債，但經濟效益外流之可能性極低則除外。倘本集團之可能責任須視乎某宗或多宗未來事件是否發生才能確定是否存在，亦會披露為或然負債，但經濟效益外流之可能性極低則除外。

(ee) 報告期後事項

可提供有關本集團於報告期末狀況之額外資料之報告期後事項均屬於調整事項，並於財務報表內反映。屬於未調整事項之報告期後事項於綜合財務報表之附註內披露(倘重大)。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(continued)

(ff) Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.

(ff) 關聯方

關鍵方為與本集團有關聯之人士或實體。

- (a) 倘屬以下人士，則該人士或該人士家庭近親成員與本集團有關聯：
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團；
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響；或
 - (iii) 為本公司或本公司母公司之主要管理人員。
- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件，則實體與本集團有關聯：
 - (i) 該實體與本公司屬同一集團之成員公司(即各母公司、附屬公司及同系附屬公司彼此間有關聯)。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之聯營公司或合營企業(或另一實體為成員公司之集團旗下成員公司之聯營公司或合營企業)。
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方之合營企業。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(ff) Related parties (continued)

(b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
(continued)

- (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
- (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
- (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
- (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
- (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(ff) 關聯方(續)

(b) 倘符合下列任何條件，則實體與本集團有關聯：(續)

- (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體之合營企業，而另一實體為該第三方實體之聯營公司。
- (v) 實體為本集團或與本集團有關聯之實體就僱員利益而設立之離職福利計劃。倘本集團本身便是該計劃，提供資助之僱主亦與本集團有關聯。
- (vi) 實體受(a)所識別人士控制或受共同控制。
- (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對實體有重大影響或屬該實體(或該實體母公司)之主要管理人員。
- (viii) 該實體或任何本集團之成員公司為報告實體或報告實體之母公司提供主要管理人員服務。

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5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the accounting policies, the directors have made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements (apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with below).

(a) Going concern basis

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends upon the Group's ability to (i) improving the profitability and operating cash flows; and (ii) apply cost cutting measures to reduce administrative expenses and cash outflow. Details are explained in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Deferred tax for investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the directors have reviewed the Group's investment property portfolio and concluded that the Group's investment properties are not held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, in determining the Group's deferred tax for investment properties, the directors have adopted the presumption that investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered through sale.

5. 關鍵判斷及主要估計

應用會計政策之關鍵判斷

於應用會計政策之過程中，董事已作出以下對確認綜合財務報表之數額具最大影響之判斷（惟該等涉及估計者除外，並將於下文處理）。

(a) 持續經營基準

綜合財務報表已按持續經營基準編製，其有效性視乎本集團能否(i)改善盈利能力及經營現金流量；及(ii)採取削減成本措施以減少行政開支及現金流出。詳情於綜合財務報表附註2解釋。

(b) 投資物業之遞延稅項

為計量以公平值模式計量之投資物業之遞延稅項，董事已檢討本集團之投資物業組合，並得出結論認為本集團投資物業並非以旨在隨時間消耗投資物業所包含之絕大部分經濟利益（而非透過出售）之商業模式持有。因此，在釐定本集團之投資物業遞延稅項時，董事已採取之假設為以公平值模式計量之投資物業透過銷售收回。

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5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(a) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

The Group determines the estimated useful lives, residual values and related depreciation charges for the Group's property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. The Group will revise the depreciation charge where useful lives and residual values are different to those previously estimated, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned.

5. 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源

下文論述於報告期末有關未來的主要假設及估計不明朗因素的其他主要來源，該等主要假設及其他主要來源具有導致須對下一財政年度的資產及負債賬面值作出重大調整的重大風險。

(a) 物業、廠房及設備以及折舊

本集團自行釐定其物業、廠房及設備之估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及相關折舊開支。是項估計根據類似性質及功能之物業、廠房及設備之實際可使用年期及剩餘價值之過往經驗作出。當可使用年期及剩餘價值與先前估計不同時，本集團將修訂折舊開支，或將已棄用之技術過時或非策略資產作出撇銷或撇減。

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5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(b) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

The Group assesses annually whether property, plant and equipment has suffered any impairment or have any indication of impairment in accordance with the accounting policy. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amounts of assets or cash-generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates, such as discount rates, future profitability and growth rates. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

(c) Impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value.

(d) Fair value of investment properties

The Group appointed an independent professional valuer to assess the fair value of the investment properties. In determining the fair value, the valuer has utilised a method of valuation which involves certain estimates. The directors have exercised their judgement and are satisfied that the method of valuation and inputs used are reflective of the current market conditions.

5. 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

(b) 物業、廠房及設備之減值

本集團每年根據會計政策對物業、廠房及設備進行評估，以確定其有否蒙受任何減值或有無任何減值跡象。每當有事件或有情況改變顯示該資產賬面值超過其可收回金額時，將會檢討該資產有否減值。資產或現金產生單位之可收回金額已根據使用價值計算釐定。該等計算需要使用估計，例如貼現率、未來盈利能力及增長率。倘實際未來現金流量少於預期數額，則可能會產生重大減值虧損。

(c) 商譽減值

釐定商譽是否減值須估計獲分配商譽之現金產生單位使用價值。計算使用價值時，本集團須估計預期可自現金產生單位產生之未來現金流量及適當貼現率，從而計算現值。

(d) 投資物業之公平值

本集團已委聘獨立專業估值師評估投資物業之公平值。釐定公平值時，估值師所利用之估值方法涉及若干估計。董事已行使其判斷，並信納所使用之估值方法及輸入資料能反映現時市況。

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5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(e) Allowance for trade and other receivables

The Group makes allowance for trade and other receivables based on assessments of the recoverability of the trade and other receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. Impairments arise where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of bad and doubtful debt, in particular of a loss event, requires the use of judgements and estimates. Where the actual result is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of the trade and other receivables and allowance for trade and other receivables in the year in which such estimate has been changed.

(f) Allowance for obsolete inventories

Allowance for obsolete inventories is made based on the aging and estimated net realisable value of inventories. The assessment of the allowance amount involves judgement and estimates. Where the actual outcome in future is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and allowance charge/write-back in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

5. 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

(e) 貿易及其他應收款項撥備

本集團會根據貿易及其他應收款項之可收回性評估(包括每名債務人之現時信用可靠性及過往收款歷史)作出貿易及其他應收款項撥備。倘有事件或情況變動顯示結餘可能無法收回，則產生減值。確認呆壞賬(尤其是虧損事件之呆壞賬)須使用判斷及估計。倘實際結果與原有估計不同，則有關差額將會對於該估計已作出變動之年度內貿易及其他應收款項之賬面值及貿易及其他應收款項撥備產生影響。

(f) 過時存貨撥備

過時存貨撥備是根據存貨之賬齡及估計可變現淨值作出。撥備金額之評估涉及判斷及估計。倘若日後實際結果與原有估計不同，則有關差額將影響有關估計已變更之期間存貨之賬面值及撥備扣除/撥回。

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group mainly operated in Hong Kong and PRC. Most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currencies of the Group entities except for certain receivables denominated in foreign currencies that exposed the Group to foreign currency risk. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group monitors its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

At 31 March 2017, the impact of a hypothetical 10 per cent weakening of Hong Kong dollar against the Renminbi ("RMB") with all other variables held constant, on the Group's total equity is decrease of HK\$7,185,000, arising mainly as a result of the foreign exchange gain on other variables denominated in RMB. Since Hong Kong dollars is pegged to United States dollar, the management considers that there is no significant exposure expected on United States dollars transactions and balances.

6. 財務風險管理

本集團業務承擔多項財務風險：外匯風險、信貸風險、流動資金風險及利率風險。本集團整體風險管理計劃針對財務市場之不可預料性，並尋求降低對本集團財務表現之潛在不利影響。

(a) 外匯風險

本集團主要於香港及中國經營業務。除若干使本集團面對外匯風險之應收款項以外幣計值外，本集團大部分業務交易、資產及負債主要以本集團實體之功能貨幣計值，故本集團面臨外匯風險。本集團目前並無就外幣交易、資產及負債制定外匯對沖政策。本集團緊密監管其外匯風險，並將於需要時考慮對沖重大外匯風險。

於二零一七年三月三十一日，假設港元兌人民幣（「人民幣」）貶值10%，而所有其他變數維持不變，對本集團權益總額之影響為減少7,185,000港元，主要由於以人民幣計值之其他變數之匯兌收益所致。由於港元與美元掛鈎，管理層認為，預期美元交易及結餘並無重大風險。

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 6. 財務風險管理(續)

(continued)

(b) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade and other receivables. The directors closely monitor the credit quality of the customers and counterparties on a regular basis by taking into account their financial position, credit history and other factors. Allowance shall be provided if there is indication that the outstanding amount is no longer recoverable.

The Group has certain concentration risk on trade receivables. Details of the concentration risk associated with the revenue from major customers is set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

The credit risk on bank and cash balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with sound credit-ratings.

(c) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

(b) 信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要來自其貿易及其他應收款項。董事定期密切監察客戶及交易對手之信貸質素，計及彼等之財務狀況、信用記錄及其他因素。倘有跡象顯示未收回款項不再能夠收回，則須計提撥備。

本集團於貿易應收款項有若干集中風險。與來自主要客戶之營業額有關之集中風險詳情載於綜合財務報表附註8。

銀行及現金結餘之信貸風險有限，原因是交易對手均為具有良好信用評級之銀行。

(c) 流動資金風險

本集團之政策為定期監察目前及預期之流動資金需求，從而確保本集團維持足夠現金儲備以應付其短期及長期之流動資金需求。

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 6. 財務風險管理(續)

(continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The maturity analysis, based on the undiscounted cash flows, of the Group's financial liabilities is as follows:

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

本集團按未貼現現金流量劃分之金融負債到期分析如下：

		Less than 1 year 不足一年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 一至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 8 years 兩至八年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	77,157	–	–
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	13,342	588	88,938
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	–	–	421,200
Corporate bonds	公司債券	–	–	30,000
Promissory notes	承兌票據	–	–	31,490
		90,499	588	571,628

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 6. 財務風險管理(續)

(continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

		Less than 1 year 不足一年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 一至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 8 years 兩至八年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2016 (Restated)	於二零一六年三月三十一日 (經重列)			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	134,367	–	–
Amounts due to directors	應付董事款項	963	–	–
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	122,871	–	–
Finance lease payables	融資租賃應付款項	251	329	62
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	–	–	686,400
Corporate bonds	公司債券	–	–	30,000
		258,452	329	716,462

At 31 March 2017, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$15,509,000 (2016: HK\$241,686,000), and net liabilities of approximately HK\$348,777,000 (2016: HK\$561,180,000). The directors have taken steps to improve the Group's liquidity position and mitigate its liquidity risk as disclosed in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零一七年三月三十一日，本集團有流動負債淨額約15,509,000港元(二零一六年：241,686,000港元)及負債淨額約348,777,000港元(二零一六年：561,180,000港元)。如綜合財務報表附註2所披露者，董事已採取措施改善本集團之流動資金狀況及減輕其流動資金風險。

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 6. 財務風險管理(續)

(continued)

(d) Interest rate risk

The Group's bank deposits and bank loans and overdrafts bear interests at variable rates varied with the then prevailing market condition and therefore are subject to interest-rate risk.

At 31 March 2017, if interest rates at that date had been 100 basis points lower/higher with all other variables held constant, consolidated loss after tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$146,000 (2016: HK\$127,000) higher/lower, arising as a result of the net increase/decrease in the net effect of interest income arising from bank deposits and interest expense from bank loans and overdrafts.

The Group currently has not used any interest rate swaps to hedge its exposure to interest rate but may enter into interest rate hedging instruments in the future to hedge any significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

(d) 利率風險

本集團之銀行存款及銀行貸款及透支按與當時市況不同之浮動利率計息，因此須承擔利率風險。

於二零一七年三月三十一日，倘該日利率下降／上升100個基點，而所有其他變量維持不變，則該年內除稅後綜合虧損約增加／減少約146,000港元(二零一六年：127,000港元)，乃由於銀行存款產生之利息收入以及銀行貸款及透支利息開支之淨影響之淨增加／減少所致。

本集團目前並無使用任何利率掉期對沖利率風險，但未來可能會訂立利率對沖工具以在必要時對沖任何重大利率風險。

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 6. 財務風險管理(續)

(continued)

(e) Categories of financial instruments at 31 March

(e) 於三月三十一日之金融工具類別

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Financial assets:	金融資產：		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公平值計算之金融資產		
– held for trading	– 持作買賣	29,239	–
Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	貸款及應收款項(包括現金及現金等價物)	42,457	10,741
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	–	6,472
		71,696	17,213
Financial liabilities:	金融負債：		
Financial liabilities at amortised costs	按攤銷成本計算之金融負債	482,083	639,720

(f) Fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

(f) 公平值

於綜合財務狀況表內反映之本集團金融資產及金融負債之賬面值與其各自之公平值相若。

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7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following disclosures of fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy that categorises into three levels the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value:

Level 1 inputs: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of any of the three levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

7. 公平值計量

公平值為市場參與者於計量日期進行之有序交易中出售資產所收取或轉移負債所支付之價格。以下公平值計量披露資料所用之公平值層級按用以計量公平值之估值方法所使用之輸入數據分為三個等級：

第一級輸入數據：本集團可於計量日期獲得之相同資產或負債於活躍市場之報價（未經調整）。

第二級輸入數據：直接或間接之資產或負債可觀察之輸入數據，而非第一級所包括之報價。

第三級輸入數據：資產或負債之不可觀察輸入數據。

本集團之政策為確認截至事件或情況變動日期導致轉讓之任何三個級別轉入及轉出情況。

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7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued) 7. 公平值計量(續)

(a) Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy at 31 March 2017:

(a) 於二零一七年三月三十一日之公平值層級披露：

Description		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	2017 Total
類型		第一級	第二級	第三級	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Recurring fair value measurements:	重複性公平值計量：				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss listed securities in Hong Kong	透過損益按公平值計算之金融資產 香港上市證券	29,239	–	–	29,239
Investment properties in the PRC	於中國之投資物業	–	–	28,406	28,406
Total recurring fair value measurements	重複性公平值計量總額	29,239	–	28,406	57,645

Fair value measurements using:

使用下列公平值計量：

Description		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	2016 Total
類型		第一級	第二級	第三級	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Recurring fair value measurements:	重複性公平值計量：				
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產				
Unlisted equity securities	未上市股本證券	–	–	6,472	6,472
Investment properties in PRC	於中國之投資物業	–	–	18,836	18,836
Total recurring fair value measurements	重複性公平值計量總額	–	–	25,308	25,308

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7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

(b) Reconciliation of assets measured at fair value based on level 3:

7. 公平值計量(續)

(b) 基於第三級按公平值計量之資產對賬：

Description 類型	Investment properties 投資物業 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2016 Total fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or losses	18,836 10,997
Exchange differences recognised in other Comprehensive income	(1,427)
At 31 March 2017	28,406

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7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

(c) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements at 31 March 2017:

The management of the Company is responsible for the fair value measurement of assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair value measurements. Review of valuation process and results are held at least twice a year.

Level 3 fair value measurements

Description 項目	Valuation technique 估值方法	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察得出輸入資料	Range 範圍	Effect on fair value for increase of inputs 輸入資料增加對公平值之影響	Fair value 2017 公平值 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value 2016 公平值 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Investment properties in PRC 於中國之投資物業	Market comparable approach 市場比較法	Price per square meter 每平方米價格	RMB14,271 to RMB14,915 (2016: RMB14,271 to RMB14,915) 人民幣14,271元至 人民幣14,915元 (二零一六年： 人民幣14,271元至 人民幣14,915元)	Increase 增加	28,406	18,836

During the two years, there were no changes in the valuation technique used.

7. 公平值計量(續)

(c) 披露二零一七年三月三十一日本集團所採用之估值程序以及公平值計量所採用之估值方法及輸入資料：

本公司管理層負責就財務報告進行所需之資產及負債之公平值計量(包括第三級公平值計量)。每年進行至少兩次估值程序及有關結果之審核。

第三級公平值計量

於該兩年內，所用估值方法並無改變。

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8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has eight reportable segment, in its continuing operations during the year.

Beverages – Trading of bottled mineral water and tea products

Metals – Trading of stainless steel and scrap metals including aluminum, copper

Coals – Trading of coals

Bunker Fuels – Trading of vessel fuels

Household products – Trading of daily essentials including baby products and skincare products

Nephrite – Trading of nephrite

Charter – Rental income on rent of vessel

Securities – Investment and trading of listed securities

Segment profits or losses do not include corporate administration costs, other operating loss and income tax expense and unallocated other operating income and expenses and other gains and losses. Segment assets do not include financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, derivative financial instruments, available-for-sale investments and unallocated corporate assets which are jointly used by reportable segments. Segment liabilities do not include current tax liabilities, deferred tax liabilities, bank and other borrowings, convertible bonds and unallocated corporate liabilities which are jointly liable by reportable segments.

The segment information does not include any amounts for discontinued operations, which are disclosed in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

8. 分部資料

年內，本集團有八個可申報持續經營分部。

飲料—買賣瓶裝礦泉水及茶品

金屬—買賣不銹鋼及廢金屬(包括鋁、銅)

煤炭—買賣煤炭

船舶燃料—買賣船隻燃料

家用產品—買賣日常用品(包括嬰兒產品及護膚產品)

軟玉—買賣軟玉

租賃—出租船舶租金收入

證券—投資及買賣上市證券

分部溢利或虧損不包括公司行政成本、其他經營虧損、所得稅開支、未經分配其他經營收入及開支，以及其他收益及虧損。分部資產不包括透過損益按公平值計算之金融資產、衍生金融工具、可供出售投資及可申報分部共同使用之未分配公司資產。分部負債不包括即期稅項負債、遞延稅項負債、銀行及其他借款、可換股債券及可申報分部共同承擔之未分配公司負債。

此分部資料並不包括綜合財務報表附註17所披露已終止經營業務之任何金額。

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8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Information about reportable segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

8. 分部資料(續)

可申報分部溢利或虧損、資產及負債有關之資料：

		Household							Total
		Metals	Beverages	Coals	products	Nephrite	Charter	Securities	
		金屬	飲料	煤炭	家用產品	軟玉	租賃	證券	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Year ended	截至二零一七年								
31 March 2017	三月三十一日止年度								
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶之收益	26,140	1,911	-	39,907	15,761	1,011	-	84,730
Segment profit	分部溢利	1,671	363	-	327	287	1,175	1,476	5,299
Interest expenses	利息開支	295	-	-	-	-	-	1	296
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	330	1,071	-	-	-	251	-	1,652
Impairment loss	減值虧損	6,985	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,985
Additions to segment non-current assets	添置分部非流動資產	78	7,913	-	-	-	15,046	-	23,037
As at 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日								
Segment assets	分部資產	41,961	18,540	-	3,095	4,661	14,795	29,239	112,291
Segment liabilities	分部負債	10,865	4,124	-	-	30	108	-	15,127

		Household								Total
		Metals	Beverages	Coals	Mining	products	Nephrite	Charter	Securities	
		金屬	飲料	煤炭	採礦	家用產品	軟玉	租賃	證券	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Year ended	截至二零一六年三月									
31 March 2016	三十一日止年度									
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶之收益	12,728	1,467	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,195
Segment (loss)/profit	分部(虧損)/溢利	(21,608)	(70,190)	(126,400)	593	-	-	-	-	(217,605)
Interest expense	利息開支	515	913	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,428
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	1,174	1,511	535	149	-	-	-	-	3,369
Impairment loss	減值虧損	3,133	46,785	94,079	-	-	-	-	-	143,997
Additions to segment non-current assets	添置分部非流動資產	30	147	3	-	-	-	-	-	180
As at 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日									
Segment assets	分部資產	36,772	7,951	1,429	193	-	-	-	-	46,345
Segment liabilities	分部負債	9,811	18,208	119,777	594	-	-	-	-	148,390

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8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

8. 分部資料(續)

Reconciliations of reportable segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

可申報分部溢利或虧損、資產及負債之對賬：

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit or loss	溢利或虧損		
Total profit/(loss) of reportable segments	可申報分部之溢利/(虧損)總額	5,299	(217,605)
Unallocated amounts:	未分配金額：		
Other income	其他收入	19	128
Depreciation	折舊	(2,016)	(3,369)
Fair value gain on redemption of extinguishing financial liabilities with equity instruments	以股本工具贖回抵銷金融負債之公平值收益	13,752	-
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	66,544	(4,338)
Interest on convertible bonds	可換股債券之利息	(41,702)	(69,672)
Corporate administrative expenses	公司行政開支	(39,210)	(34,471)
Consolidated profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations	年內持續經營業務之綜合溢利/(虧損)	2,686	(329,327)
Assets	資產		
Total assets of reportable segments	可申報分部之資產總額	112,291	46,152
Unallocated amounts:	未分配金額：		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公平值計算之金融資產	5,916	-
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	-	6,472
Corporate assets	公司資產	19,928	28,242
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額	138,135	80,866
Liabilities	負債		
Total liabilities of reportable segments	可申報分部之負債總額	15,127	147,796
Unallocated amounts:	未分配金額：		
Current tax liabilities	即期稅項負債	368	73
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	4,461	2,253
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	102,868	122,871
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	256,774	361,145
Corporate liabilities	公司負債	107,314	7,908
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額	486,912	642,046

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8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Geographical information:

The Group's revenue from external customers by location of operations and information about its non-current assets (excluding interests in associates and available-for-sale financial assets) by location of assets are detailed below:

		Revenue 收益		Non-current assets 非流動資產	
		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Hong Kong	香港	61,196	–	23,851	124
PRC except Hong Kong	中國(香港除外)	21,539	1,467	35,942	21,018
Singapore	新加坡	105	12,728	1,513	35,890
Others	其他	1,890	–	1,471	6,995
Consolidated total	綜合總計	84,730	14,195	62,777	64,027

Revenue from major customers:

來自主要客戶之收益：

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Metals segment:	金屬分部：		
Customer a	客戶a	–	2,796
Customer b	客戶b	–	2,235
Customer c	客戶c	–	2,221
Customer d	客戶d	–	1,696
Household products segment:	家用產品分部：		
Customer e	客戶e	38,654	–

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9. REVENUE

The Group's revenue for the year from continuing operations is as follows:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Sales of beverages	銷售飲料	2,434	1,467
Sales of metals	銷售金屬	26,140	12,728
Charter income from vessel	出租船舶收入	1,011	-
Sales of household products	銷售家用產品	39,907	-
Sales of nephrite	銷售軟玉	15,238	-
Revenue	收益	84,730	14,195
Proceeds from sale of listed securities	出售上市證券所得款項	62,913	-
Turnover	營業額	147,643	14,195

9. 營業額

本集團年內來自持續經營業務之營業額如下：

10. OTHER INCOME

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	19	1
Interest income from available for sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產之利息收入	-	127
		19	128

10. 其他收入

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11. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

11. 其他收益及虧損

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Gain on redemption of convertible bonds liabilities	贖回可換股債券負債之收益	13,752	-
Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公平值計算之金融資產公平值虧損	(3,869)	(7,436)
Gain on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公平值計算出售金融資產之收益	5,916	-
Loss on deconsolidated subsidiaries	終止綜合入賬之附屬公司虧損	(6,151)	-
Fair value gain on investment properties	投資物業之公平值收益	10,998	1,173
Reversal of allowances for trade and other receivables	回撥貿易及其他應收款項撥備	77,520	2,403
(Loss)/gain on disposal on property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備(虧損)/收益	(2,816)	1,518
Allowance for trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項撥備	(6,985)	(132,919)
Allowance for obsolete inventories	過時存貨撥備	(3,212)	(11,458)
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值	-	(3,435)
Impairment of available for sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產減值	(5,026)	-
Impairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產減值虧損	(313)	(287)
Others	其他	482	(9,827)
		80,296	(160,268)

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12. FINANCE COSTS

12. 財務成本

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Finance lease charges	融資租賃開支	70	30
Interest on bank loans and overdrafts	銀行貸款及透支利息	1,224	1,338
Interest on other borrowings	其他借款利息	4,283	3,036
Interest on convertible bonds	可換股債券利息	41,702	69,672
Interest on corporate bonds	公司債券利息	1,012	594
Interest on promissory note	承兌票據利息	2,289	-
		50,580	74,670

13. INCOME TAX (EXPENSE)/CREDIT

13. 所得稅(開支)/抵免

Income tax relating to continuing operations has been recognised in profit or loss as following:

已於損益確認之持續經營業務所得稅載列如下：

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Current tax – Overseas	即期稅項 – 海外		
Provision for the year	年內撥備	368	-
Overprovision in respect of previous years	過往年度之超額撥備	-	(2,432)
Deferred tax	遞延稅項	2,749	469
		3,117	(1,963)

Entities incorporated in other countries are subject to income tax rates of 16.5% to 30% (2016: 16.5% to 30%) prevailing in the countries in which such entities operate, based on existing legislation, interpretation and practices in respect thereof.

於其他國家註冊成立之實體，根據該實體經營所在國家之現有法律、詮釋及慣例按現行稅率16.5%至30%(二零一六年：16.5%至30%)繳納所得稅。

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13. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

The reconciliation between the income tax expense and the product of loss before tax multiplied by the weighted average tax rate of the consolidated companies and a reconciliation of the weighted average rate to the effective tax rate, are as follows:

13. 所得稅開支(續)

所得稅開支與除稅前虧損乘以綜合公司加權平均稅率之乘積之對賬，及加權平均稅率與實際稅率之間之對賬如下：

		2017 二零一七年		2016 二零一六年	
		HK\$'000 千港元	%	HK\$'000 千港元	%
Profit before income tax (from continuing operations)	(持續經營業務) 除所得稅前 溢利	5,803		23,477	
Tax at the weighted average tax rate	按加權平均稅率計算之稅項	1,114	19	883	3.8
Tax effect of income that is not taxable	免課稅收入之稅務影響	(13,359)	(230)	(42,036)	(179.3)
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible	不獲減免開支之稅務影響	2,239	39	31,284	133.4
Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised	未確認暫時差額之稅務影響	7,949	137	382	1.6
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised	動用先前未確認稅項虧損之稅務影響	1,052	18	(44)	(0.2)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認稅項虧損之稅務影響	4,122	71	10,000	42.6
Overprovision in respect of previous years	過往年度之超額撥備	-	-	(2,432)	(10.4)
Income tax credit at affective tax rate (relating to Continuing operations)	(有關持續經營業務)按實際稅率計算之所得稅抵免	3,117	54	(1,963)	(8.5)

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14. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

The Group's profit for the year is stated after charging/(crediting) the following:

14. 年內溢利

本集團年內溢利經扣除／(計入)下列各項後列賬：

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation	折舊	2,016	4,342
Fair value gain on investment properties	投資物業之公平值收益	(10,998)	(1,173)
Operating lease charges in respect of land and buildings	有關土地及樓宇之 經營租約開支	2,354	6,225
Auditor's remuneration	核數師薪酬	450	672
Cost of inventories sold	已售存貨成本	68,617	15,841

15. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

15. 僱員福利開支

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Employee benefits expense (Excluding directors' emoluments):	僱員福利開支 (不包括董事酬金):		
Salaries, bonuses and allowances	薪金、花紅及津貼	5,622	16,114
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	1,045	2,009
		6,667	18,123

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15. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE (continued)

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included one (2016: one) director and no ex-director (2016: one) whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in note 16. The emoluments of the remaining four individuals (2016: three individuals) and the portion of emoluments of the ex-director after his resignation as a director are set out below:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, bonus and allowances	薪金、花紅及津貼	2,060	4,159
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	63	18
		2,123	4,177

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

介乎下列範圍內之酬金：

		2017 二零一七年 Number of individuals 人數	2016 二零一六年 Number of individuals 人數
Nil – HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	4	1
HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	0	1
HK\$1,500,001 – HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	0	1
HK\$2,000,001 – HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	0	1

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2016: Nil).

年內，本集團概無向任何董事或最高薪人士支付酬金作為其加入或當加入本集團時之獎勵或離職補償（二零一六年：無）。

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16. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS 16. 董事福利及利益

(a) Directors' emoluments

The emoluments of each director for the year ended 31 March 2017 were as follows:

(a) 董事酬金

各董事於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之酬金如下：

		Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 就個人擔任(不論為本公司或其附屬公司) 董事職務已付或應收之酬金					
		Salaries, bonus and allowances	Accommodation benefit	Share based payments for employees 以僱員作出 以股份為基礎 之付款	Retirement benefits scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款	Total	
		Director's fee					
		薪金、花紅 及津貼	住宿福利			總計	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Ms. Yip Man Yi (Note (i))	葉敏怡女士(附註(i))	—	592	—	18	610	
Mr. Shiu Chi Tak, Titus (Note (i))	邵志得先生(附註(i))	—	365	—	17	382	
Mr. Cheung Hung Man (Note (ii))	張雄文先生(附註(ii))	—	52	—	3	55	
Non-executive directors	非執行董事						
Mr. Liang Tongwei	梁桐偉先生	120	—	—	—	120	
Mr. Wong Chi Man (Note (iii))	黃志文先生(附註(iii))	180	—	—	—	180	
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor	朱宏霖先生	38	—	—	—	38	
Mr. Tong Wan Sze	湯雲斯先生	39	—	—	—	39	
Mr. Fung Kwok Leung (Note (iv))	馮國良先生(附註(iv))	39	—	—	—	39	
Dr. Wan Ho Yuen, Terence (Note (i))	溫浩源博士(附註(i))	180	—	—	—	180	
Mr. Li Kwok Chu (Note (i))	李國柱先生(附註(i))	120	—	—	—	120	
Mr. Lau Shu Yan (Note (i))	劉樹人先生(附註(i))	120	—	—	—	120	
Total for 2017	二零一七年總計	836	1,009	—	38	1,883	

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16. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

The emoluments of each director for the year ended 31 March 2016 were as follows:

		Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 就個人擔任(不論為本公司或其附屬公司) 董事職務已付或應收之酬金					
		Salaries, bonus and allowances	Accommodation benefit	Share based payments for employees	Retirement benefits scheme contributions	Total	
		薪金、花紅 及津貼	住宿福利	以股份為基礎 之付款	退休福利 計劃供款	總計	
		Directors' fee					
		董事袍金					
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Ms. Yip Man Yi (Note (i))	葉敏怡女士(附註(i))	—	263	—	7	270	
Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee (Note (v))	許達利先生(附註(v))	—	938	—	18	956	
Mr. Shiu Chi Tak, Titus (Note (i))	邵志得先生(附註(i))	—	164	—	6	170	
Mr. Cheung Hung Man (Note (ii))	張雄文先生(附註(ii))	—	964	—	23	987	
Mr. Tan Chong Gin (Note (vi))	陳崇仁先生(附註(vi))	—	1,069	—	—	1,069	
Non-executive directors	非執行董事						
Mr. Liang Tongwei	梁桐偉先生	120	—	—	—	120	
Mr. Wong Chi Man (Note (iii))	黃志文先生(附註(iii))	84	190	—	—	274	
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor	朱志霖先生	120	—	—	—	120	
Mr. Tong Wan Sze	湯雲斯先生	120	—	—	—	120	
Mr. Fung Kwok Leung (Note (iv))	馮國良先生(附註(iv))	120	—	—	—	120	
Dr. Wan Ho Yuen, Terence (Note (i))	溫浩源博士(附註(i))	68	—	—	—	68	
Mr. Li Kwok Chu	李國柱先生	30	—	—	—	30	
Mr. Lau Shu Yan	劉樹人先生	30	—	—	—	30	
Total for 2016	二零一六年總計	692	3,588	—	54	4,334	

Salaries, allowance and benefits in kind paid to or for the executive directors are generally emoluments paid or receivable in respect of those persons' other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and its subsidiaries.

支付予執行董事之薪金、津貼及福利通常為就該等人士有關管理本公司及其附屬公司事務之其他服務已付或應收之酬金。

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16. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

- Notes: (i) Appointed on 14 November 2015
 (ii) Removed on 23 May 2016
 (iii) Appointed on 13 October 2015
 (iv) Appointed on 30 October 2014
 (v) Resigned on 29 March 2016
 (vi) Appointed on 10 February 2015 and resigned on 19 November 2015

There was no arrangement under which a director of the Company waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2016: Nil).

(b) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate and connected entities

- (i) The information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings entered into by the Company or subsidiary undertaking of the Company in favour of directors is as follows:

Name of director	董事姓名	Total amount payable 應付總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Outstanding amount at the beginning of the year 未償還金額 HK\$'000 千港元	Outstanding amount at the end of the year 未償還金額 HK\$'000 千港元	Maximum outstanding amount during the year 年內最高未償還金額 HK\$'000 千港元	Term 期限	Interest rate 利率	Security 抵押品
As at 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日							
Quasi-loans or credit transactions:	準貸款或信貸交易:							
Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee (Note)	許達利先生(附註)	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無
As at 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日							
Quasi-loans or credit transactions:	準貸款或信貸交易:							
Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee (Note)	許達利先生(附註)	Nil 無	2,699	Nil 無	2,699	No fixed repayment 無固定還款期限	Nil 無	Nil 無

Note: The former director was ceased to be a director of the Company upon his resignation on 29 March 2016.

(a) 董事酬金(續)

- 附註：(i) 於二零一五年十一月十四日獲委任
 (ii) 於二零一六年五月二十三日免除職位
 (iii) 於二零一五年十月十三日獲委任
 (iv) 於二零一四年十月三十日獲委任
 (v) 於二零一六年三月二十九日辭任
 (vi) 於二零一五年二月十日獲委任及於二零一五年十一月十九日辭任

年內概無本公司董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金之安排(二零一六年：無)。

(b) 有關以董事、受控制法人團體及關聯實體為受益人之貸款、準貸款及其他交易之資料

- (i) 有關本公司或本公司附屬公司以董事為受益人訂立之貸款、準貸款及其他交易之資料載列如下：

附註：該前任董事於二零一六年三月二十九日辭任，不再擔任本公司董事。

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16. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (continued)

(b) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate and connected entities (continued)

(ii) The information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings entered into by the Company or subsidiary undertaking of the Company in favour of a controlled body corporate of Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee is as follows:

16. 董事福利及利益(續)

(b) 有關以董事、受控制法人團體及關聯實體為受益人之貸款、準貸款及其他交易之資料(續)

(ii) 有關本公司或本公司附屬公司以許達利先生之受控制法人團體為受益人訂立之貸款、準貸款及其他交易之資料載列如下：

Name of borrower	借款人名稱	Total amount payable 應付總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Outstanding amount at the beginning of the year	Outstanding amount at the end of the year	Maximum outstanding amount during the year	Term	Interest rate	Security
			年初未償還金額 HK\$'000 千港元	年末未償還金額 HK\$'000 千港元	年內最高未償還金額 HK\$'000 千港元			
As at 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日							
Quasi-loans or credit transactions:	準貸款或信貸交易：							
Kesterion Investments Limited ("Kesterion") (Note)	Kesterion Investments Limited(「Kesterion」) (附註)	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無
As at 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日							
Quasi-loans or credit transactions:	準貸款或信貸交易：							
Kesterion (Note)	Kesterion(附註)	Nil 無	10,313	Nil 無	10,313	No fixed repayment 無固定還款期限	Nil 無	Nil 無

Note: The former director was ceased to be a director of the Company upon his resignation on 29 March 2016.

附註：該前任董事於二零一六年三月二十九日辭任，不再擔任本公司董事。

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16. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS *(continued)*

(c) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Except as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company and the director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

17. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

For the year ended 31 March 2017, there was no results attributable to the discontinued operations as the Group had ceased its mining business during the year ended 31 March 2016 when its exploration permits were expired.

The loss attributable to the discontinued operations for the year ended 31 March 2016 mainly represented the impairment loss of approximately HK\$158,568,000 in relation to the exploration and evaluation assets as disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

16. 董事福利及利益(續)

(c) 董事於交易、安排或合約之重大權益

除於綜合財務報表內其他部分所披露者外，本公司董事及董事之關連方概無於年終或年內任何時間仍然存續以本公司作為訂約方且與本集團業務有關之重大交易、安排及合約中擁有直接或間接之重大權益。

17. 已終止經營業務

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，並無已終止經營業務應佔業績是由於本集團已於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度探礦許可證到期時終止其採礦業務。

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度，已終止經營業務應佔虧損主要指有關綜合財務報表所披露勘探及評估資產之減值虧損約158,568,000港元。

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17. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued) 17. 已終止經營業務(續)

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Loss for the year from discontinued operations:	已終止經營業務之年內虧損：		
Administrative expenses	行政開支	-	(277)
Impairment	減值	-	(159,626)
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	-	(159,903)
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	-	-
Loss for the year from discontinued operations	已終止經營業務之年內虧損	-	(159,903)
Attributable to:	應佔：		
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	-	(102,343)
Non-controlling interest	非控股權益	-	(57,560)
		-	(159,903)

Loss for the year from discontinued operations include the following: 已終止經營業務於年內之虧損如下：

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Depreciation	折舊	-	1
Cash flows from discontinued operations:	已終止經營業務之現金流量：		
Net cash outflows from operating activities	經營活動之現金流出淨額	-	(276)
Net cash outflows	現金流出淨額	-	(275)

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18. DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend (2016: Nil).

18. 股息

董事不建議派付任何股息(二零一六年：無)。

19. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

(a) From continuing and discontinued operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the following:

19. 每股盈利／(虧損)

(a) 來自持續及已終止經營業務

每股基本及攤薄盈利按以下方式計算：

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Profit/(loss)	溢利／(虧損)		
Profit/(loss) for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share	用作計算每股基本及攤薄盈利／(虧損)之溢利／(虧損)	2,686	(430,699)

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19. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE (continued)

(a) From continuing and discontinued operations (continued)

Number of shares	股份數目	2017 二零一七年 '000 千股	2016 二零一六年 '000 千股 (Restated) (經重列)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share	用作計算每股基本及攤薄盈利/(虧損)之普通股加權平均數	2,892,062	360,798

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings/(loss) per share has been retrospectively adjusted to assume that share consolidation and the bonus element of the rights issue were in effect since 1 April 2015. The weighted average number of ordinary shares previously presented in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 did not retrospectively adjust for the share consolidation and the bonus elements of the right issue before the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 were authorised for issue on 24 June 2016.

The computation of diluted earnings/(loss) per share does not assume the conversion of the Company's outstanding convertible bonds since their assumed exercise would result in an increase in/(a decrease) in earnings/(loss) per share from continuing operations.

19. 每股盈利/(虧損)(續)

(a) 來自持續及已終止經營業務(續)

用於計算每股基本盈利/(虧損)之普通股加權平均數已作追溯調整，以假設供股之股份合併及紅利成分已自二零一五年四月一日起生效。於二零一六年六月二十四日授權刊發截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表前，先前於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表呈列之普通股加權平均數並未就供股之股份合併及紅利成分進行追溯調整。

每股攤薄盈利/(虧損)之計算方法未有假設轉換本公司之未贖回可換股債券，原因為假設行使有關債券將導致來自持續經營業務之每股盈利/(虧損)有所增加/(減少)。

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19. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE (continued)

(b) From continuing operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share from continuing operations is based on the following:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Profit/(loss) for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share	用作計算每股基本及攤薄盈利/(虧損)之溢利/(虧損)	2,686	(328,356)

The weighted average numbers of ordinary shares used as denominates in calculating the basic earnings/(loss) per share are the same.

(c) From discontinued operations

Basic and restated diluted earnings/(loss) per share from the discontinued operations is HK\$nil cents per share (2016: (restated) HK28.36 cents per share), based on the loss for the year from discontinued operations attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately HK\$ nil (2016: approximately HK\$102,343,000) and the denominators used are the same as those detailed above for basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share.

19. 每股盈利/(虧損)(續)

(b) 來自持續經營業務

來自持續經營業務之每股基本及攤薄盈利/(虧損)按以下方式計算：

	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Profit/(loss) for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share	2,686	(328,356)

於計算每股基本盈利/(虧損)時用作分母之普通股加權平均數相同。

(c) 來自已終止經營業務

按本公司擁有人應佔來自已終止經營業務年內虧損約零港元(二零一六年：約102,343,000港元)計算，來自已終止經營業務之每股基本及經重列攤薄盈利/(虧損)為每股零港仙(二零一六年：(經重列)每股28.36港仙)，所用之分母與上述有關每股基本及攤薄盈利/(虧損)所詳列之分母相同。

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20. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

20. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold building 租賃樓宇	Vessel 船舶	Machinery 機器	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置	Office equipment 辦公室設備	Motor vehicles 汽車	Leasehold improvement 租賃物業裝修	Total 總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	
Cost or valuation	成本或估值								
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	43,305	-	235	1,894	2,643	12,321	3,717	64,115
Additions	添置	-	-	-	3	108	-	-	111
Disposals	出售	-	-	-	(30)	(237)	(8,996)	-	(9,263)
Deficit on revaluation	重估盈餘	(7,654)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,654)
Elimination of accumulated depreciation	撇銷累計折舊	(746)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(746)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	143	-	2	(18)	(13)	(130)	(141)	(157)
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016 (restated)	於二零一六年三月三十一日及 二零一六年四月一日(經重列)	35,048	-	237	1,849	2,501	3,195	3,576	46,406
Additions	添置	-	-	-	205	1,630	2,994	3,157	7,986
Surrender of leasehold property (note 41(1))	移交租賃物業 (附註41(1))	(35,048)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35,048)
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	5
Acquisition of vessel	收購船舶	-	15,046	-	-	-	-	-	15,046
Written-off of PPE	撇銷物業、廠房及設備	-	-	-	(35)	(441)	(399)	-	(875)
Deconsolidation of subsidiaries	附屬公司終止綜合入賬	-	-	-	(222)	(156)	-	(584)	(962)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	-	-	3	7	(4)	(168)	(179)	(341)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	-	15,046	240	1,804	3,535	5,622	5,970	32,217
Accumulated Depreciation	累計折舊								
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	-	-	138	1,541	1,745	7,137	1,492	12,053
Charge for the year	年內開支	746	-	38	245	479	1,861	974	4,343
Written back on disposal	出售時撥回	-	-	-	(30)	(237)	(7,272)	-	(7,539)
Written back on revaluation	重估時撥回	(746)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(746)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	-	-	2	-	7	(52)	(68)	(111)
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016 (restated)	於二零一六年三月三十一日及 二零一六年四月一日(經重列)	-	-	178	1,756	1,994	1,674	2,398	8,000
Charge for the year	年內開支	-	251	14	275	291	360	825	2,016
Written-off of PPE	撇銷物業、廠房及設備	-	-	-	(35)	(441)	(399)	-	(875)
Deconsolidation of subsidiaries	附屬公司終止綜合入賬	-	-	-	(216)	(149)	-	(584)	(949)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	-	-	2	5	(4)	(71)	(141)	(209)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	-	251	194	1,785	1,691	1,564	2,498	7,983
Carrying amount	賬面值								
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	-	14,795	46	19	1,844	4,058	3,472	24,234
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	35,048	-	59	93	507	1,521	1,178	38,406

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20. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(continued)

At 31 March 2017, the carrying amount of motor vehicles held by the Group under finance lease amounted to HK\$nil (2016: HK\$1,043,000).

At 31 March 2017, the carrying amount of leasehold building pledged as security for the Group's bank loans amounted to HK\$nil (2016: HK\$35,048,000).

21. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group's investment properties are situated in the PRC and are held under long term leases. The investment properties were revalued on 31 March 2016 and 2017 by 廈門銀興資產評估土地房地產評估有限公司, an independent professionally qualified valuer, on direct comparison of price properties of similar size, character and location (level 3 measurement). The key input used is the price per square meter. The investment properties pledged as security for the Group's bank loans amounted to approximately HK\$11,101,000 (2016: HK\$18,836,000)

The Group's investment properties are held for rental purposes and continued to seek for leasing the investment properties during the year.

20. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於二零一七年三月三十一日，本集團根據融資租賃持有之汽車賬面值為零港元(二零一六年：1,043,000港元)。

於二零一七年三月三十一日，為本集團銀行貸款抵押作擔保之租賃樓宇賬面值為零港元(二零一六年：35,048,000港元)。

21. 投資物業

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April	於四月一日	18,836	18,614
Fair value gains	公平值收益	10,997	1,173
Exchange differences	外匯差額	(1,427)	(951)
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	28,406	18,836

本集團之投資物業位於中國並按長期租約持有。投資物業於二零一六年及二零一七年三月三十一日由獨立專業合資格估值師廈門銀興資產評估土地房地產評估有限公司通過直接比較具有類似面積、特徵及地段之物業價格(第三級計量)而予以重估。所用之主要輸入數據為每平方米價格。投資物業已予抵押，作為本集團約11,101,000港元(二零一六年：18,836,000港元)銀行貸款之抵押品。

年內，本集團之投資物業乃就出租目的持有並持續尋求租賃投資物業。

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22. PAYMENT FOR MINING CLAIMS

22. 支付採礦權

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April	於四月一日	–	109
Impairment loss	減值虧損	–	(109)
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	–	–

In April 2010, Mt. Mogan Resources and Development Corporation (“Mogan”), a subsidiary of the Company, submitted a new exploration permit application to the Mines and Geosciences Bureau (the “MGB”) of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources of the Philippines (the “DENR”) for the exploration of iron ore and other associated mineral in an area covering with 3,022 hectares in the offshore Leyte of the Philippines.

As mentioned in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group ceased the mining business during the year ended 31 March 2016 and payment for mining claims was considered to be fully impaired.

於二零一零年四月，本公司附屬公司Mt. Mogan Resources and Development Corporation(「Mogan」)就勘探位於菲律賓萊特省(Leyte)對出海灣佔地3,022公頃地區之鐵礦石及其他相關礦產向菲律賓環境及自然資源部(「DENR」)之礦業地質局(「MGB」)提交新探礦許可證申請。

誠如綜合財務報表附註17所述，本集團已於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度終止採礦業務，而採礦權付款被視為全數減值。

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23. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS **23. 勘探及評估資產**

		Exploration rights	Evaluation expenditure	Total
		勘探權	評估開支	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost	成本			
At 1 April 2015, 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	於二零一五年四月一日、 二零一六年三月三十一日 及二零一六年四月一日	8,429,879	16,568	8,446,447
Written off	撇銷	(8,429,879)	(16,568)	(8,446,447)
31 March 2017	二零一七年三月三十一日	-	-	-
Accumulated impairment	累計減值			
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	8,287,879	-	8,287,879
Impairment loss	減值虧損	142,000	16,568	158,568
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日 及二零一六年四月一日	8,429,879	16,568	8,446,447
Eliminated on written off	於撇銷時對銷	(8,429,879)	(16,568)	(8,446,447)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	-	-	-
Carrying amount	賬面值			
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	-	-	-
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	-	-	-

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23. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

As at 31 March 2016, Mogan owned two exploration permits (“EPs”) to explore iron ore and other associated mineral in specified offshore area in the Leyte Gulf and San Pedro Bay off Leyte and Samar Provinces of the Philippines (the “Exploration Area”). The EPs issued by the Mines and Geosciences Bureau of Philippines (the “MGB”) was valid for two years from its first renewal date on 22 June 2012 and was renewable for a further term of 2 years. Mogan applied for the second renewal of its EPs during the year ended 31 March 2015 but fail in securing the renewal before the EPs was due to final expire on 22 June 2016.

As of the approval date of the consolidated financial statements, the MPSA were yet to be awarded to Mogan and the EPs were expired.

In 2016, the Group ceased its mining business due to unfavorable market conditions and the failure to secure renewal of the exploration permits. Accordingly, full impairment loss of HK\$158,568,000 was recognised in respect of the exploration and evaluation assets for the year ended 31 March 2016.

23. 勘探及評估資產(續)

於二零一六年三月三十一日，Mogan擁有兩項探礦許可證(「探礦許可證」)，獲准在菲律賓萊特省(Leyte)及薩馬省(Samar)對出之萊特灣及聖帕德羅灣指定海域(「勘探區」)內勘探鐵礦石及其他相關礦藏。探礦許可證由菲律賓礦業地質局(「MGB」)頒發，自其首次延長日期二零一二年六月二十二日起有效，有效期2年，並可再次續期2年。截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度，Mogan申請第二次續期其探礦許可證，但未能於探礦許可證於二零一六年六月二十二日屆滿前續期。

截至綜合財務報表批准日期止，礦物生產分成協議仍未授予Mogan，而探礦許可證則已到期。

於二零一六年，由於不利市場狀況及未能確保續期探礦許可證，本集團已終止其採礦業務。因此，已就截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之勘探及評估資產確認158,568,000港元之全額減值虧損。

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24. GOODWILL

24. 商譽

		Trading of Steel Wires 買賣鋼線 HK\$'000 千港元	Trading of beverages 買賣飲料 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost:	成本：			
At 1 April 2015, 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	於二零一五年四月一日、 二零一六年三月三十一日 及二零一六年四月一日	–	13,595	13,595
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司	10,137	–	10,137
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	10,137	13,595	23,732
Accumulated impairment:	累計減值：			
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	–	10,160	10,160
Impairment loss recognised	已確認減值虧損	–	3,435	3,435
At 31 March 2016, 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017	於二零一六年三月三十一日、 二零一六年四月一日及 二零一七年三月三十一日	–	13,595	13,595
Net carrying value: At 31 March 2017	賬面淨值： 於二零一七年三月三十一日	10,137	–	10,137
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	–	–	–

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated, at acquisition, to the cash generating units (“CGUs”) that are expected to benefit from that business combination. The carrying amount of goodwill had been allocated as follows:

業務合併所獲商譽會於收購時分配至預期將受益於該業務合併之現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)。商譽之賬面值分配如下：

		Note 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK'000 千港元
Trading of steel wires:	買賣鋼線：			
– FuHang	– 富恆	(a)	10,137	–
Trading of beverages:	買賣飲料：			
– Brighton	– 耀中	(b)	–	–
Total	總計		10,137	–

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24. GOODWILL (continued)

Notes:

- (a) The goodwill which related to the trading of steel wires resulted from acquisition of subsidiaries in 2016, details are disclosed in note 42 ("Steel wires CGU").

The recoverable amounts of the steel wires CGUs are determined on the basis of their value in use calculations. The recoverable amount of the Steel wires CGU of goodwill is determined taking into account the valuation performed by independent professional external valuers not connected to the Group, based on the cash flow forecast derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by the management covering a 5-year period in accordance with the expected cash inflows generating period, and at a discount rate of 16.7% per annum. Other key assumptions for the value in use calculations are the budgeted revenue and budgeted gross margin, which are determined based on past performance, management's expectations for the market development and market trend. The management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount is based would not cause the carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.

- (b) The goodwill which related to the trading of bottled mineral water and tea products from business combination in 2013.

Due to the adverse economic condition in 2016 and the tense competition in the PRC's beverage market, the Group expected that there would not be sufficient trading activities to cover all relevant costs and expenses for this CGUs in the near future. Consequently, the directors determined to write off the goodwill allocated to trading of beverages activities amounting to approximately HK\$3,435,000 in 2016.

24. 商譽(續)

附註：

- (a) 與買賣鋼線有關之商譽於二零一六年收購附屬公司產生，詳情於附註42披露(「鋼線現金產生單位」)。

鋼線現金產生單位之可收回金額根據其使用價值計算結果釐定。鋼線現金產生單位之可收回金額乃經計及與本集團概無關連之獨立專業外部估值師進行之估值，並按照管理層根據預期現金流入產生期間批准涵蓋五年期間之最近期財務預算得出之現金流量預測，以每年16.7%之貼現率釐定。使用價值計算之其他主要假設為預算收益及預算毛利率，是根據過往表現、管理層對市場發展及市場趨勢之預期而釐定。管理層認為，可回收金額所依據主要假設之任何合理可能變動均不會導致賬面值超過其可回收金額。

- (b) 與買賣瓶裝礦泉水及茶品有關之商譽於二零一三年之業務合併產生。

由於二零一六年之不利經濟狀況及中國飲料市場之激烈競爭，本集團預期此現金產生單位之買賣業務於短期內將不足以涵蓋全部相關成本及開支。因此，董事決定撇銷於二零一六年分配至買賣飲料業務之商譽約3,435,000港元。

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25. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

25. 無形資產

		Coal Import Licenses 煤炭進口 許可證 HK\$'000 千港元	Metal Import Licenses 金屬進口 許可證 HK\$'000 千港元	Club Membership 會所會籍 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本				
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	28,724	285	310	29,319
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	-	2	3	5
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	於二零一六年 三月三十一日及 二零一六年四月一日	28,724	287	313	29,324
Written off	撇銷	(28,724)	(287)	-	(29,011)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年 三月三十一日	-	-	313	313
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	累計攤銷及減值虧損				
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	28,724	-	-	28,724
Impairment loss	減值虧損	-	287	-	287
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年 三月三十一日	28,724	287	-	29,011
Impairment loss	減值虧損	-	-	313	313
Eliminated on written off	於撇銷時對銷	(28,724)	(287)	-	(29,011)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年 三月三十一日	-	-	313	313
Carrying amount	賬面值				
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年 三月三十一日	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年 三月三十一日	-	-	313	313

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25. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

The Group carried out reviews of the recoverable amount of its club membership during the year. The review led to the recognition of an impairment loss of HK\$313,000 that have been recognised in the profit or loss.

The Group carried out reviews of the recoverable amount of its metal import licenses in 2016, which are used in the Group, these assets are used in the Group's metal segment. Having regard to the decline in the metal price, impairment is carried out. The review led to the recognition of an impairment loss of HK\$287,000 metal import license that have been recognised in the profit or loss.

26. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

25. 無形資產(續)

本集團已檢討年內由本集團使用之會所會籍之可收回金額。檢討致使已於損益確認之313,000港元被確認為減值虧損。

本集團已檢討二零一六年由本集團使用之金屬進口許可證之可收回金額，此等資產已用於本集團之金屬分部。考慮到金屬價格下降，故就此進行減值。檢討致使已於損益確認之287,000港元金屬進口許可證被確認為減值虧損。

26. 聯營公司之權益

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted investments outside Hong Kong	香港以外非上市投資		
Share of net assets	應佔資產淨值	-	-

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26. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

The amounts due from/(to) associates are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. Particulars of the Group's associates as at 31 March 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 經營地點	Issued and paid up capital 已發行及 實繳股本	Group's effective holding 本集團之 實際持股量	Direct/ Indirect 直接/ 間接	Principal activity 主要活動
Belgravia Holdings & Investments, Inc	The Philippines 菲律賓	25,000 ordinary shares of Philippines Peso ("PHP") 100 each 25,000股每股 100菲律賓比索 (「菲律賓比索」)之 普通股	40%	Indirect 間接	Investment holding 投資控股
Triple Edge Resources Holdings, Inc	The Philippines 菲律賓	25,000 ordinary shares of PHP 100 each 25,000股每股 100菲律賓比索之 普通股	40%	Indirect 間接	Investment holding 投資控股

The following table shows, in aggregate, the Group's share of the amounts of all individually immaterial associates that are accounted for using the equity method.

26. 聯營公司之權益(續)

應收/(應付)聯營公司款項為無抵押、免息及按要求償還。本集團聯營公司於二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日之詳情如下：

下表顯示本集團合共應佔所有個別而言並不重大之聯營公司(採用權益法入賬)之金額。

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March:	於三月三十一日：		
Carrying amounts of interests	權益之賬面值	—	—
Year ended 31 March:	截至三月三十一日止年度：		
Loss from operations	經營業務虧損	—	(41)
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	—	(41)

The Group has not recognised loss for the year amounting to HK\$nil (2016: HK\$41,000) for Belgravia Holdings & Investments, Inc. and Triple Edge Resources Holdings, Inc, since the interests in associates have been fully impaired and were dormant during the year ended 31 March 2017. The accumulated losses not recognised were HK\$479,000 (2016: HK\$479,000).

本集團並無確認年內 Belgravia Holdings & Investments, Inc. 及 Triple Edge Resources Holdings, Inc. 之虧損零港元(二零一六年：41,000港元)，原因為聯營公司之權益已悉數減值，且於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度並無業務。並無確認之累計虧損為479,000港元(二零一六年：479,000港元)。

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27. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS 27. 可供出售金融資產

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted equity securities	非上市股本證券	–	6,472

The available-for-sale financial assets were initially measured at fair value less any direct transaction cost and were subsequently carried at fair value.

可供出售金融資產初步按公平值減任何直接交易成本計量，並於其後按公平值列賬。

Due to the unfavorable economic condition and performance of the unlisted equity securities, available-for-sale financial assets were fully impaired during the year ended 31 March 2017.

由於非上市股本證券之不利經濟狀況及表現，故可供出售金融資產於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度已悉數減值。

As at 31 March 2016, the fair value of the assets at initial recognition and at the end of the reporting period were determined by Greater China Appraisal Limited, an independent professionally qualified valuer, on direct comparison of trading price of comparable business (level 3 based measurement). The key input used is "Price-to-Book Value".

於二零一六年三月三十一日，資產於初步確認時及報告期末之公平值由獨立專業合資格估值師漢華評值有限公司直接比較可資比較業務之買賣價格（以第三級為基準計量）而釐定。所用之主要輸入數據為「市賬率」。

The available-for-sale financial assets are classified as current assets and denominated in Australia dollars as at year end date.

於年結日，可供出售金融資產獲分類為流動資產且以澳元計值。

28. INVENTORIES

28. 存貨

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Finished goods	成品	18,332	15,766
Allowance for obsolete inventories	過時存貨撥備	(14,670)	(11,458)
		3,662	4,308

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29. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

29. 貿易及其他應收款項

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	17,332	212
Rental and other deposits	租金及其他按金	993	3,728
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項	21,763	3,290
		40,088	7,230

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	124,494	100,397
Allowance for trade receivables	貿易應收款項撥備	(107,162)	(100,185)
		17,332	212

The Group maintains a defined credit policy for its trade customers and the credit terms given vary according to the business activities. The financial strength of and the length of business relationship with the customers, on an individual basis, are considered in arriving at the respective credit terms. The credit terms generally range from 1 to 180 days (2016: 1 to 30 days). The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by management.

本集團根據不同業務活動對其貿易客戶設定信貸政策及信貸期。在達成各自信貸期時會按個別基準考慮客戶之財務實力及與客戶之業務關係長短。信貸期通常介乎1至180天(二零一六年：1至30天)。本集團力求嚴格控制其尚未收回之應收款項。逾期結餘乃由管理層定期審閱。

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29. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 29. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

(continued)

The aging analysis of trade receivables, based on the invoice date, and net of allowance, is as follows:

以下為按照發票日期扣除撥備後，貿易應收款項之賬齡分析：

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
0 to 90 days	0至90天	8,916	183
91 to 180 days	91天至180天	7,152	29
Over 180 days	超過180天	1,264	-
		17,332	212

During the year, impairment allowance of trade receivables has provide by the Company with amount of approximately HK\$37,657,000 (2016: restated HK\$79,044,000).

年內，本公司計提貿易應收款項減值撥備為數約37,657,000港元(二零一六年：79,044,000港元(經重列))。

As at 31 March 2017, an aggregate allowance was made for estimated irrecoverable trade receivables of approximately HK\$107,162,000 (2016: HK\$100,185,000).

於二零一七年三月三十一日，已就估計不可收回貿易應收款項計提撥備總額約107,162,000港元(二零一六年：100,185,000港元)。

Reconciliation of allowance for trade receivables:

貿易應收款項撥備之對賬：

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
At 1 April	於四月一日	100,185	21,209
Allowance for the year	年內撥備	6,985	79,044
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	(8)	(68)
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	107,162	100,185

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29. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 29. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

(continued)

As at 31 March 2017, trade receivables of approximately HK\$1,264,000 (2016: HK\$nil) were past due but not impaired. The balance as at 31 March 2017 relates to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The aging analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

於二零一七年三月三十一日，貿易應收款項約1,264,000港元(二零一六年：零港元)逾期但並無出現減值。於二零一七年三月三十一日之結餘與數名近期並無違約記錄之獨立客戶有關。該等貿易應收款項之賬齡分析如下：

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Up to 3 months	3個月以上	1,264	-
3 to 6 months	3至6個月	-	-
Over 6 months	超過6個月	-	-
		1,264	-

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團貿易應收款項之賬面值以下列貨幣計值：

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Renminbi ("RMB")	人民幣(「人民幣」)	3,334	3
USD	美元	6,573	209
JPY	日元	1,057	-
HK\$	港元	6,368	-
		17,332	212

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29. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(continued)

Included in other receivables were total of approximately HK\$21,076,000 paid to (i) funds transfer to Kesterion Investment Limited, a former substantial shareholder of the Company; and (ii) paid to Koh Tat Lee, a former director of the Company and two independent third parties namely Yao Jun and Yew Eng Piow. In the opinion of the directors, the other receivables were misused of Company funds from disposal of leasehold property during the year ended 31 March 2017.

29. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

其他應收款項包括合共約21,076,000港元用作(i)向本公司前主要股東Kesterion Investment Limited轉撥資金；及(ii)向本公司前董事許達利及兩名獨立第三方Yao Jun及Yew Eng Piow付款。董事認為，截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，其他應收款項為遭濫用之出售租賃物業所得公司資金。

30. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

30. 透過損益按公平值計算之金融資產

	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong, at fair value	29,239	-
於香港上市之權益證券， 按公平值計算		

The equity investments listed on the Stock Exchange are held-for-trading that offer the Group the opportunity for return through dividend income and fair value gains. They have no fixed maturity or coupon rate. The fair value of listed equity investments are based on current bid prices.

於聯交所上市之權益投資為持作買賣，透過股息收入及公平值收益為本集團提供回報機會。權益投資並無固定到期日或票面息率。上市權益投資之公平值根據目前投標價計算。

During the year, the Group disposed of its equity investments amounted to HK\$95,372,000 (2016: HK\$295,000) and a gain of HK\$5,916,000 (2016: HK\$37,000) was recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

於本年度，本集團出售其權益投資為數95,372,000港元(二零一六年：295,000港元)，且5,916,000港元(二零一六年：37,000港元)之收益於綜合財務報表內確認。

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For the year ended 31 March 2017

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31. RESTRICTED BANK BALANCE AND BANK AND CASH BALANCES

Bank and cash balances are denominated in the following currencies:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK\$	港元	1,691	3,508
RMB (note)	人民幣(附註)	191	136
USD	美元	380	96
SGD	新加坡元	105	1,439
Others	其他	2	39
		2,369	5,218

Note: Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations.

On 12 October 2015, 廈門三裕豐能源有限公司 ("Plaintiff A", a customer of the Group) filed a civil claim against Xiamen Yaozhong Asia – Pacific Trading Co., Limited, ("Xiamen Yaozhong"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company situated in the PRC, to the People's Court of Fujian Province (the "Civil Claim 1").

According to the Civil Claim 1, Xiamen Yaozhong was alleged for the failure refund the deposit paid for certain coal trading contracts entered into with Xiamen Yaozhong and Plaintiff A.

31. 受限制銀行結餘以及銀行及現金結餘

銀行及現金結餘以下列貨幣計值：

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK\$	港元	1,691	3,508
RMB (note)	人民幣(附註)	191	136
USD	美元	380	96
SGD	新加坡元	105	1,439
Others	其他	2	39
		2,369	5,218

附註：將人民幣兌換為外幣須遵守《中華人民共和國外匯管理條例》及《結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定》。

於二零一五年十月十二日，廈門三裕豐能源有限公司(「原告人A」，為本集團之客戶)向福建省人民法院就廈門耀中亞太貿易有限公司(「廈門耀中」，為本公司位於中國的全資附屬公司)提出民事申索(「民事申索一」)。

根據民事申索一，廈門耀中被指稱未能退還就廈門耀中與原告人A訂立之若干煤炭買賣合約已支付之押金。

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31. RESTRICTED BANK BALANCE AND BANK AND CASH BALANCES

(continued)

On 23 November 2015, the People's Court of Fujian Province made an judgement and ordered Xiamen Yaozhong to repay the plaintiff the contracted amount with compensation amounted to RMB314,000. The Fujian Court also ordered the temporarily frozen of the bank accounts of Xiamen Yaozhong with the same amounts.

On 14 December 2015, Xiamen Yaozhong received another civil claim (the "Civil Claim 2") which were filed to the Fujian Court by 廈門外代報關行有限公司 ("Plaintiff B", a service provider of the Group).

According to the Civil Claim 2, it was alleged that Xiamen Yaozhong failed to pay for the amount for certain storage services contracts entered into with Xiamen Yaozhong and Plaintiff B.

On 14 January 2016, the Fujian Court made a judgement and ordered Xiamen Yaozhong to repay the contracted amount with compensation totaling RMB680,000 to the Plaintiff B. The court also ordered the temporarily frozen of the bank accounts of Xiamen Yaozhong with the same amounts.

As at 31 March 2016, the ordered amounts were yet to be settled and the balance of RMB23,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$28,000) remained frozen as Xiamen Yaozhong yet to settle the judgement sums.

As at 31 March 2017, all remain ordered amounts were settled and the court ordered to unfrozen the bank accounts of Xiamen Yaozhong. Hence, Xiamen Yaozhong has no outstanding judgement sums.

31. 受限制銀行結餘以及銀行及現金結餘(續)

於二零一五年十一月二十三日，福建省人民法院作出裁決，指令廈門耀中向原告人償還訂約金額，並賠償人民幣314,000元。福建省法院亦指令臨時凍結廈門耀中銀行賬戶的相同金額。

於二零一五年十二月十四日，廈門耀中接獲廈門外代報關行有限公司(「原告人B，本集團之服務供應商」)向福建省法院提出的另一民事申索(「民事申索二」)。

根據該民事申索二，廈門耀中被指稱未能就廈門耀中與原告人B訂立之若干儲存服務合約支付有關金額。

於二零一六年一月十四日，福建省法院作出裁決，指令廈門耀中向原告人B償還訂約金額，並作出賠償，合共為人民幣680,000元。法院亦指令臨時凍結廈門耀中銀行賬戶的相同金額。

於二零一六年三月三十一日，指令金額仍未清償而結餘賬款人民幣23,000元(相等於約28,000港元)仍然凍結，因為廈門耀中仍未清償裁決金額。

於二零一七年三月三十一日，所有餘下指令金額已清償，且法院指令解除凍結廈門耀中之銀行賬戶。因此，廈門耀中概無未清償裁決金額。

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32. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

32. 貿易及其他應付款項

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	37,200	51,943
Accruals	應計款項	21,366	74,398
Other payables	其他應付款項	18,591	8,026
		77,157	134,367

As at 31 March 2017, the aging analysis of the trade payables, based on the date of receipt of goods, is as follows:

於二零一七年三月三十一日，貿易應付款項按接收貨物日期計算之賬齡分析如下：

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 to 90 days	0至90天	-	54
91 to 180 days	91至180天	-	51,209
Over 180 days	超過180天	37,200	680
		37,200	51,943

The carrying amounts of the trade payables are denominated in the following currencies:

貿易應付款項之賬面值以下列貨幣計值：

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
RMB	人民幣	29,535	149
USD	美元	5,564	529
SGD	新加坡元	-	51,265
HK\$	港元	2,101	-
Total	總計	37,200	51,943

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33. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES

33. 融資租賃應付款項

		Minimum lease payments 最低租賃付款		Present value of minimum lease payments 最低租賃付款現值	
		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Within one year	一年內	-	281	-	251
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	-	369	-	329
Less: Future finance charges	減：未來融資開支	-	650 (70)	-	580 -
Present value of lease obligations	租賃責任現值	-	580	-	580
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)	減：於十二個月內應予結算之款項(流動負債所示)			-	(251)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	於十二個月後應予結算之款項			-	329

The average lease terms of the Group's motor vehicles under finance lease are 3 years. The average effective borrowing rate was 4.4% per annum. Interest rate are fixed at the contract dates and thus expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. All these are on a fixed repayment basis.

The Group's finance lease payables are secured by the lessor's title to the leased assets.

本集團根據融資租賃所持有汽車之平均租賃年期為3年。平均實際借款年利率為4.4%。利率於合約日期釐定，並使本集團面臨公平值利率風險。所有租賃合約按固定還款基準釐定。

本集團的融資租賃應付款項以租賃資產出租人業權作為抵押。

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34. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

34. 銀行及其他借款

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank loans	銀行貸款	11,689	12,583
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	60	7,457
Loan from a former substantial shareholder	來自一名前主要股東之貸款	-	92,831
Loan from independent third parties	來自獨立第三方之貸款	91,119	10,000
		102,868	122,871

The borrowings are repayable as follows:

應償還之借款如下：

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	於一年內	13,342	122,871
More than one year, but not exceeding two years	一年以上但不超過兩年	588	-
More than two years	兩年以上	88,938	-
		102,868	122,871
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)	減：於12個月內應予結算之 款項(列為流動負債)	(13,342)	(122,871)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	於12個月後應予結算之款項	89,526	-

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34. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS **34. 銀行及其他借款(續)**

(continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團借款之賬面值以下列貨幣計值：

		Hong Kong dollars 港元 HK\$'000 千港元	Singapore dollars 新加坡元 HK\$'000 千港元	Renminbi 人民幣 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
2017	二零一七年		2		
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	-	60	-	60
Bank loans	銀行貸款	588	-	11,101	11,689
Loan from independent third parties	來自獨立第三方之貸款	91,119	-	-	91,119
		91,707	60	11,101	102,868
2016	二零一六年				
Bank loans	銀行貸款	-	664	11,919	12,583
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	-	7,457	-	7,457
Loan from former substantial shareholder	來自前主要股東之貸款	92,831	-	-	92,831
Loan from independent third parties	來自獨立第三方之貸款	10,000	-	-	10,000
		102,831	8,121	11,919	122,871

The average interest rate at 31 March were as follows:

於三月三十一日之平均利率如下：

		2017 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
Bank loans	銀行貸款	6.6%	6.6%
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	Prime rate 最優惠利率	Prime rate 最優惠利率
		+0.5%	+0.5%
Loan from former substantial shareholder	來自前主要股東之貸款	N/A 不適用	5%
Loan from independent third parties	來自獨立第三方之貸款	1.5%-5%	1.5%

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34. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS 34. 銀行及其他借款(續)

(continued)

Bank loans and bank overdrafts are arranged at floating rates and expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Other borrowings are arranged at fixed interest rates, thus exposing the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

At 31 March 2017, bank loans of HK\$11,101,000 (2016: HK\$11,919,000) are secured by a charge over the Group's investment properties (note 21) amounted to approximately HK\$28,406,000 (2016: HK\$18,836,000) as at year end date and guarantee executed by the director of the Company and an individual company.

The Loans from independent third parties of approximately HK\$2,181,000 and approximately HK\$88,938,000 as at 31 March 2017 were unsecured, repayable on demand and in two years as of year end date respectively.

The loan from former substantial shareholder during the year ended 31 March 2016 are unsecured and repayable within one year as of the year end date.

At 31 March 2017, the Group had available undrawn borrowing facilities of HK\$1,000,000 (2016: HK\$728,000).

銀行貸款及銀行透支按浮動利率進行安排，並使本集團面臨現金流量利率風險。其他借款按固定利率進行安排，因此本集團面臨現金流量利率風險。

於二零一七年三月三十一日，為數11,101,000港元(二零一六年：11,919,000港元)之銀行貸款乃以本集團於年結日約28,406,000港元(二零一六年：18,836,000港元)之投資物業(附註21)及本公司董事與一間個人公司簽立之擔保作抵押。

於二零一七年三月三十一日，來自獨立第三方之貸款為數約2,181,000港元及約88,938,000港元均為無抵押及分別為按要求及截至年結日於兩年內償還。

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度，來自前主要股東之貸款為無抵押及於截至年結日一年內償還。

於二零一七年三月三十一日，本集團有可動用尚未提取借款融資1,000,000港元(二零一六年：728,000港元)。

35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

35. 可換股債券

	Note 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restarted) (經重列)
Non-current liabilities			
Liability component of:			
Convertible bonds issued on 18 December 2008	(a)	-	-
Convertible bonds issued on 12 May 2015	(b)	256,774	361,145
		256,774	361,145

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35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

(a) Convertible bonds issued on 18 December 2008

On 18 December 2008, the Company entered into a subscription agreement with Kesterion for the issue of unsecured zero coupon convertible bonds with an aggregate principal amount of USD655,128,205 (equivalent to approximately HK\$5,110,000,000) (the "Old CB") in connection with the acquisition of 64% equity interest in Mogan. The Old CB were convertible, at any time between the issue date and maturity date, and at the option of the holders, into ordinary shares of the Company at a fixed conversion price of HK\$0.70 per conversion share, subject to any anti-dilution adjustments and certain events such as share consolidation, share subdivision, capitalisation issue, capital distribution, rights issue and other equity or equity derivative issued. In 2011, the conversion price of the Old CB was adjusted to HK\$22.79 per share upon the completion of the capital reorganisation, share consolidation and rights issue.

The Old CB were redeemable in part(s) or in full by the Company, using an agreed fixed exchange rate of USD1 = HK\$7.8, at any time before the maturity date on 18 December 2018. On the maturity date, the Old CB will be redeemed at par, using an agreed fixed exchange rate of USD1 = HK\$7.8.

35. 可換股債券(續)

(a) 於二零零八年十二月十八日發行之可換股債券

於二零零八年十二月十八日，本公司就收購 Mogan 之 64% 股權與 Kesterion 訂立認購協議，發行本金總額為 655,128,205 美元（相當於約 5,110,000,000 港元）之無抵押零票息可換股債券（「舊債券」）。舊債券於發行日期至到期日可隨時按認股權持有人之選擇按每股可換股股份之固定換股價 0.70 港元兌換為本公司普通股，可予任何反攤薄及就若干事項（如股份合併、股份拆細、資本化發行、資本分派、供股及已發行之其他股本或股本衍生工具）作出調整。於二零一一年，舊債券之換股價於資本重組、股份合併及供股完成後經調整為每股 22.79 港元。

舊債券於到期日二零一八年十二月十八日前任何時間可由本公司採用 1 美元兌 7.8 港元之協定固定匯率部分或全部贖回。於到期日，舊債券將採用 1 美元兌 7.8 港元之協定固定匯率按面值贖回。

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35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

(a) Convertible bonds issued on 18 December 2008 (continued)

The movements of the liability component and principal amount of the Old CB for the year ended 31 March 2016 were as follows:

		Liability component	Principal amount
		負債部分	本金額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	857,287	1,571,500
Imputed interest charged for the year	年內收取之實際利息	16,187	-
Extinguished during the year	年內註銷	(873,474)	(1,571,500)
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	-	-

During the year the Old CB were extinguished under a bond restructuring exercise as set out in note 35(b) below.

The interest charged for the year was calculated by applying an effective interest rate of 17.7% (2015: 17.7%) per annum to the liability component.

35. 可換股債券(續)

(a) 於二零零八年十二月十八日發行之可換股債券(續)

舊債券於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之負債部分及本金額變動如下：

年內，舊債券已根據下文附註35(b)所載之債券重組活動註銷。

年內收取之利息透過對負債部分採用每年17.7厘之實際利率(二零一五年：17.7厘)計算。

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35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

(b) Convertible bonds issued on 12 May 2015

On 22 September 2014, the Company and Kesterion entered into a bond restructuring agreement, which was amended by a supplementary agreement on 1 November 2014 (collectively referred to as the "Bond Restructuring Agreements"). Pursuant to the Bond Restructuring Agreements, the Company and Kesterion conditionally agreed that:

- (i) the terms of Old CB would be amended to grant the Company a right to redeem all the outstanding Old CB at a redemption price of USD140,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,092,000,000);
- (ii) the Company would exercise such redemption right; and
- (iii) in satisfaction and cancellation of the redemption amount payable under the amended Old CB following such redemption, the Company will issue the new bonds (the "New CB") to Kesterion. The New CB is a five-year 2.0% convertible bonds in principal amount of USD140,000,000. The coupon is payable in arrear semi-annually from the issue date.

The holder of the New CB has the right to convert the New CB into the ordinary shares of the Company at a fixed conversion price of HK\$0.5 per share, subject to any anti-dilution adjustments, at any time before the maturity date. During the year ended 31 March 2017, the conversion price of the New CB was adjusted to HK\$1.73 per share upon the completion of the share consolidation and rights issue.

35. 可換股債券(續)

(b) 於二零一五年五月十二日發行之可換股債券

於二零一四年九月二十二日，本公司與 Kesterion 訂立債券重組協議(經二零一四年十一月一日之補充協議修訂)(統稱為「債券重組協議」)。根據債券重組協議，本公司及 Kesterion 有條件同意：

- (i) 修訂舊債券之條款以授予本公司按贖回價 140,000,000 美元(相等於約 1,092,000,000 港元)贖回所有未兌換舊債券之權利；
- (ii) 本公司將行使有關贖回權；及
- (iii) 有關贖回後根據經修訂之舊債券償付及註銷應付贖回金額後，本公司將向 Kesterion 發行新債券(「新債券」)。新債券為本金額 140,000,000 美元之五年期 2.0% 可換股債券。票息自發行日期起每半年期末支付。

新債券持有人有權以每股 0.5 港元之固定兌換價於到期日前任何時間兌換新債券為本公司普通股，惟可進行任何反攤薄調整。截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，於完成股份合併及供股後，新債券之兌換價調整為每股 1.73 港元。

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35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

(b) Convertible bonds issued on 12 May 2015 (continued)

The Company shall have the right, at its options, to redeem any portion of or the entire outstanding principal amount of all of the New CB at 110% of the principal amount at any time before the maturity date.

On maturity date, the New Bonds will be redeemed at par, using a fixed exchange rate of USD1:HK\$7.8.

On 12 May 2015, all the condition precedents to the Bond Restructuring Agreement had been fulfilled. Accordingly the Company has fully redeemed the Old CB and issued the New CB in accordance with the terms of the Bond Restructuring Agreement.

The fair value of the New Bonds at the issue date has been split between the liability component, the derivative component and the equity component as follows:

35. 可換股債券(續)

(b) 於二零一五年五月十二日發行之可換股債券(續)

本公司有權選擇於到期日前任何時間以110%之本金額贖回所有新債券之任何部分或全部之未償還本金額。

於到期日，新債券將以固定匯率1美元兌7.8港元按面值予以贖回。

於二零一五年五月十二日，債券重組協議之所有先決條件獲達成。因此，本公司已根據債券重組協議之條款悉數贖回舊債券並發行新債券。

於發行日，新債券之公平值分拆為下列負債部分、衍生工具部分及權益部分：

		HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Liability component at issue date	於發行日之負債部分	557,330
Derivative component at issue date	於發行日之衍生工具部分	-
Equity component at issue date	於發行日之權益部分	396,028
Fair value of the New Bonds at issue date	於發行日之新債券公平值	953,358
Carrying amount of Old Bonds at redemption date	於贖回日之舊債券賬面值	
- Liability component	- 負債部分	(873,474)
- Equity component	- 權益部分	(1,263,605)
		(2,137,079)
Gain on redemption of convertible bond recognised in accumulated losses	於累計虧損中所確認贖回可換股債券之收益	(1,183,721)

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35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

(b) Convertible bonds issued on 12 May 2015 (continued)

The amount of the aggregate carrying amount of the Old CB in excess of the fair value of the New CB at the issue date of HK\$1,183,721,000 is accounted for as a deemed contribution from substantial shareholder of the Company as the bond restructuring agreement above is a transaction with equity holder of the Company.

The movements of liability component and principal amount of the New CB for the year ended 31 March 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

35. 可換股債券(續)

(b) 於二零一五年五月十二日發行之可換股債券(續)

由於以上債券重組協議是與本公司權益持有人訂立之交易，故舊債券賬面總值超逾新債券於發行日期之公平值之金額1,183,721,000港元入賬為視作本公司主要股東注資。

截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日止年度，新債券之負債部分及本金額之變動如下：

		Liability component	Principal amount
		負債部分	本金額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		(Restated)	
		(經重列)	
Issue of the New Bonds	發行新債券	557,330	1,092,000
Conversion into shares	兌換為股份	(243,430)	(468,000)
Coupon payment	票息款項	(6,240)	-
Imputed interest charged for the year	年內收取之實際利息	53,485	-
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2017	於二零一六年三月三十一日及二零一七年四月一日	361,145	624,000
Early redemption	提早贖回	(135,933)	(234,000)
Coupon payment	支付票息	(10,140)	-
Imputed interest charged for the year	年內收取之實際利息	41,702	-
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	256,774	390,000

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35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

(b) Convertible bonds issued on 12 May 2015 (continued)

On 18 May 2016, the Company early redeemed a portion of the New CB with principal amount of USD30,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$234,000,000) at a cash consideration of HK\$229,320,000.

At the date of redemption, the aggregate carrying amount of the New CB with principal amount of USD30,000,000 is HK\$220,796,000 of which approximately HK\$135,933,000 and HK\$84,863,000 represented the carrying amounts of liability component and equity component respectively. The fair value of the liability component of the New CB was approximately HK\$122,181,000. Accordingly, a gain on early redemption of convertible bonds liabilities of HK\$13,752,000 was recognised in profit or loss and as amount of approximately HK\$22,276,000 was recognised directly in accumulated loss in the consolidated statement of changes in equity

The interest charged for the year is calculated by applying an effective interest rate of 17.60% (2016 (Restated): 17.60%) per annum to the liability component.

The fair value of derivative component of the New CB was insignificant at issue date, at 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017.

35. 可換股債券(續)

(b) 於二零一五年五月十二日發行之可換股債券(續)

於二零一六年五月十八日，本公司提早贖回部分本金額為30,000,000美元(相當於234,000,000港元)之新債券，現金代價為229,320,000港元。

於贖回日期，本金額為30,000,000美元之新債券賬面總值為220,796,000港元，其中約135,933,000港元及84,863,000港元分別指負債部分及權益部分之賬面值。新債券負債部分之公平值約為122,181,000港元。因此，提早贖回可換股債券負債之收益13,752,000港元已於損益確認，而約22,276,000港元之金額則已直接確認於綜合權益變動表之累計虧損。

年內收取之利息透過對負債部分採用每年17.60厘之實際利率(二零一六年(經重列)：17.60厘)計算。

於二零一六年三月三十一日及二零一七年三月三十一日，新債券衍生工具部分之公平值於發行日並不重大。

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36. PROMISSORY NOTES

36. 承兌票據

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April	於四月一日	-	-
Promissory notes issued	已發行承兌票據	22,189	-
Imputed interest expenses	實際利息開支	2,289	-
		24,478	-
Less: Amount due within one year shown under current liabilities	減：於一年內到期之款項 (列為非流動負債)	-	-
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	24,478	-

On 10 June 2016, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note with principal value of HK\$8,500,000 for the acquisition of subsidiaries. The promissory note carries 10% interest per annum and fall due on 10 June 2019. The fair value of the promissory note at the date of acquisition of subsidiaries was approximately HK\$7,144,000.

於二零一六年六月十日，本公司發行本金額為8,500,000港元之無抵押承兌票據以收購附屬公司。承兌票據按每年10厘計息，於二零一九年六月十日到期。承兌票據於收購附屬公司日期之公平值約為7,144,000港元。

During the year ended 31 March 2017, imputed interest of approximately HK\$890,000 was charged to profit or loss of the Group.

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，實際利息約890,000港元於本集團損益扣除。

On 25 August 2016, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note with principal value of HK\$19,000,000 for the acquisition of intangible assets through acquisition of subsidiaries. The promissory note carries 3% interest per annum and fall due on 25 August 2018. The fair value of the promissory note at the date of acquisition of subsidiaries was approximately HK\$15,046,000.

於二零一六年八月二十五日，本公司發行本金額為19,000,000港元之無抵押承兌票據以透過收購附屬公司收購有形資產。承兌票據按每年3厘計息，於二零一八年八月二十五日到期。承兌票據於收購附屬公司日期之公平值約為15,046,000港元。

During the year ended 31 March 2017, imputed interest of approximately HK\$1,398,000 was charged to profit or loss of the Group.

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，實際利息約1,398,000港元於本集團損益扣除。

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37. CORPORATE BONDS

37. 公司債券

		HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	
Issue of bonds	發行債券	19,200
Imputed interests expenses	實際利息開支	594
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	19,794
Imputed interests expenses	實際利息開支	1,012
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	20,806

The Company issued an unsecured corporate bonds with principal value of HK\$30,000,000 in 2015. The corporate bonds carry 4.5% interest per annum and fall due in 2023. The effective interest rate is 5.74% (2016: 5.74%).

本公司已於二零一五年發行本金額為30,000,000港元之無抵押公司債券。公司債券按每年4.5%計息，於二零二三年到期。實際利率為5.74%（二零一六年：5.74%）。

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38. DEFERRED TAX

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised by the Group.

38. 遞延稅項

以下為本集團確認之主要遞延稅項負債。

		Revaluation of investment properties 重估投資物業 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	1,886
Charge to profit or loss for the year (note 13)	於年內損益扣除(附註13)	469
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	(102)
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日及 二零一六年四月一日	2,253
Charge to profit or loss for the year (note 13)	於年內損益扣除(附註13)	2,749
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	(541)
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	4,461

At the end of the reporting period the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$179,991,000 (2016: HK\$171,972,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax assets has been recognised in respect of these tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in the unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately HK\$1,134,000 (2016: HK\$55,587,000) that will expire in three to five years from the year such losses were incurred. Other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

At the end of the reporting period, there is no undistributed earnings of subsidiaries (2016: Nil).

於報告期末，本集團尚未動用之稅項虧損為179,991,000港元(二零一六年：171,972,000港元)可用於抵銷未來溢利。由於未來溢利流不可預見，故並無對該等稅項虧損確認遞延稅項資產。將於產生虧損年度起三至五年內到期約1,134,000港元(二零一六年：55,587,000港元)之虧損計入未予確認之稅項虧損。其他稅項虧損或可無限結轉。

於報告期末，附屬公司並無未分配盈利(二零一六年：無)。

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39. SHARE CAPITAL

39. 股本

		Authorised 法定		Issued and fully paid 已發行及繳足	
		Number of shares 股份數目	Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元	Number of shares 股份數目	Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元
Ordinary share of HK\$0.5 each at 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日 每股面值0.5港元之普通股	5,000,000,000	2,500,000	1,593,776,120	796,888
Conversion from convertible bonds (note (a))	自可換股債券兌換(附註(a))	-	-	936,000,000	468,000
Capital reduction (note (b))	股本重組(附註(b))	-	-	-	(1,239,590)
Sub-division (note (b))	拆細(附註(b))	245,000,000,000	-	-	-
Ordinary share of HK\$0.01 each at 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日及 二零一六年四月一日每股 面值0.01港元之普通股	250,000,000,000	2,500,000	2,529,776,120	25,298
Consolidation of shares (note (c))	股份合併(附註(c))	(218,750,000,000)	-	(2,213,554,105)	-
Issue of rights shares (note (d))	發行供股股份(附註(d))	-	-	2,529,776,120	202,382
Placing of shares (note (e))	股份配售(附註(e))	-	-	569,199,627	45,536
Ordinary share of HK\$0.08 each at 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日 每股面值0.08港元之普通股	31,250,000,000	2,500,000	3,415,197,762	273,216

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39. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Notes:

- (a) On 15 May 2015, 9 June 2015, 15 June 2015, 6 August 2015 and 21 August 2015 respectively, the Company issued a total of 936,000,000 shares at HK\$0.5 per share on conversion of principal amount of US\$60,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$468,000,000) in aggregate of convertible bonds issued on 12 May 2015.
- (b) Pursuant to a resolution passed in the extraordinary general meeting held on 24 September 2015, the Company announced (i) the proposed capital reduction to reduce the par value of each issued share of the Company from HK\$0.5 to HK\$0.01 by cancelling the capital paid-up thereon to the extent of HK\$0.49 on each of its issued shares (the "Capital Reduction") and (ii) to sub-divide the authorised but unissued shares of HK\$0.5 each into fifty new shares of HK\$0.01 each (the "Sub-Division").
- The Capital Reduction and Sub-Division became effective on 23 December 2015 and the credit arising from the Capital Reduction of approximately HK\$1,239,590,000 had been applied towards offsetting the accumulated losses of the Company as at the effective date of the Capital Reduction, thereby reducing the accumulated losses of the Company.
- (c) Consolidation of every eight shares issued and unissued into one consolidated share on 11 April 2016 pursuant to the ordinary resolution passed in the extraordinary general meeting held on 8 April 2016.
- (d) Allotment and issue of new shares on 18 May 2016 by way of rights issue on the basis of eight rights shares for every one consolidated share at subscription price of HK\$0.112 per share pursuant to the ordinary resolution passed in the extraordinary general meeting held on 8 April 2016.
- (e) On 12 August 2016, the Company issued 569,199,627 new ordinary shares under general mandate pursuant to placing agreement dated 28 July 2016 at subscription price of HK\$0.08 per share for a total cash consideration of approximately HK\$45,536,000.

39. 股本(續)

附註：

- (a) 於二零一五年五月十五日、二零一五年六月九日、二零一五年六月十五日、二零一五年八月六日及二零一五年八月二十一日，因於二零一五年五月十二日發行合共本金額為60,000,000美元(相當於約468,000,000港元)之可換股債券獲兌換，本公司已發行合共936,000,000股每股0.5港元之股份。
- (b) 根據二零一五年九月二十四日舉行之股東特別大會通過之一項決議案，本公司宣佈(i)擬股本削減，藉註銷其每股已發行股份已繳資本0.49港元，將本公司每股已發行股份的面值由0.5港元減至0.01港元(「股本削減」)；及(ii)拆細每股0.5港元之法定但未發行股份為五十股每股0.01港元之新股份(「拆細」)。
- 股本削減及拆細於二零一五年十二月二十三日生效，股本削減產生約1,239,590,000港元進賬，已用於抵銷本公司於股本削減生效日期之累計虧損，從而減少本公司累計虧損。
- (c) 根據於二零一六年四月八日舉行之股東特別大會所通過之普通決議案，於二零一六年四月十一日，每八股已發行及未發行股份合併為一股合併股份。
- (d) 根據於二零一六年四月八日舉行之股東特別大會所通過之普通決議案，於二零一六年五月十八日，以供股形式按每持有八股供股股份獲發一股合併股份基準配發及發行新股份，認購價為每股0.112港元。
- (e) 於二零一六年八月十二日，本公司根據日期為二零一六年七月二十八日之配售協議之一般授權按認購價每股0.08港元發行569,199,627股新普通股，總現金代價約為45,536,000港元。

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39. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maximise the return to the shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The Group sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the payment of dividends, issue new shares, buy-back shares, raise new debts, redeem existing debts or sell assets to reduce debts.

The Group had a capital deficiency at HK\$348,777,000 as at 31 March 2017 (2016 restated: HK\$561,180,000). The directors have considered the solvency of the Group and taken steps to improve the Group's capital base and liquidity disclosed in note 2.

The externally imposed capital requirements for the Group are: (i) in order to maintain its listing on the Stock Exchange it has to have a public float of at least 25% of the shares; and (ii) to meet financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing borrowings.

The Group demonstrates continuing compliance of the public float with the 25% limit throughout the year.

Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing borrowing for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.

39. 股本(續)

資本管理

本集團管理資本之目標為保障本集團持續經營之能力，從而透過優化債務及股本平衡為股東提供最大回報。

本集團按風險比例設置資本金額。本集團管理資本架構，並根據經濟狀況之變動及相關資產之風險特點對其作出調整。為維持或調整資本結構，本集團或會調整支付之股息、發行新股、購回股份、增加新債務、贖回現有債務或出售資產以減低負債。

於二零一七年三月三十一日，本集團之資本不足額為348,777,000港元(二零一六年經重列：561,180,000港元)。誠如附註2所披露，董事已考慮本集團償債能力，並已採取措施改善本集團之資本基礎及流動資金。

本集團由外部施加之資本規定是：(i)為維持本集團於聯交所上市之地位，其公眾持股量至少維持25%之股份；及(ii)履行計息借款所附之財務契諾。

本集團全年持續符合公眾持股量為25%限額之規定。

倘違反財務契諾，銀行可即刻收回借款。截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日止年度，並無任何計息借款之財務契諾遭違反。

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40. RESERVES

(a) The Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 72 and 79 of the consolidated financial statements respectively.

(b) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries into the presentation currency. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies in note 4(d) to the consolidated financial statements.

40. 儲備

(a) 本集團

本集團儲備金額及其變動分別呈列於綜合財務報表第72頁及第79頁之綜合損益及其他全面收入表及綜合權益變動表。

(b) 儲備之性質及用途

(i) 股份溢價

根據開曼群島公司法，本公司股份溢價賬之資金可供分派予本公司股東，前提為緊隨建議分派股息日期後，本公司有能力償付其於正常業務過程中到期之債項。

(ii) 匯兌儲備

匯兌儲備包括換算海外附屬公司財務報表為呈列貨幣所產生之所有匯兌差額。該儲備根據綜合財務報表附註4(d)所載會計政策處理。

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40. RESERVES (continued)

(b) Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

(iii) Share option reserve

The share option reserve represents the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to the employees and consultants of the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments in note 4(x) to the consolidated financial statements.

(iv) Convertible bonds equity reserve

The value of unexercised equity component of convertible bonds issued by the Company is recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for convertible bonds in note 4(s) to the consolidated financial statements.

(v) Property revaluation reserve

The property revaluation reserve has been set up and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies adopted for the leasehold building in note 4(e) to the consolidated financial statements.

(vi) Investment revaluation reserve

The investment revaluation reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of available-for-sale financial assets held at the end of the reporting period and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy in note 4(n) to the consolidated financial statements.

40. 儲備(續)

(b) 儲備之性質及用途(續)

(iii) 購股權儲備

購股權儲備指授予根據綜合財務報表附註4(x)所載就以股份為基礎之付款所採納之會計政策所確認之本集團僱員及顧問之實際或估計未行使購股權數目公平值。

(iv) 可換股債券之權益儲備

本公司發行之可換股債券未行使權益部分之價值根據綜合財務報表附註4(s)所載就可換股債券所採納之會計政策予以確認。

(v) 物業重估儲備

本公司已設立物業重估儲備並按照綜合財務報表附註4(e)所載就租賃樓宇所採納之會計政策進行處理。

(vi) 投資重估儲備

投資重估儲備包括於各報告期末所持有可供出售金融資產公平值累計淨變動，並根據綜合財務報表附註4(n)所載會計政策處理。

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41. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 30 July 2012 (the "New Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to the eligible participants who contributed to the growth of the Group. Under the New Share Option Scheme, the directors may grant options to eligible full-time or part-time employees, including any executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors, and consultants or advisers of the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries. The New Share Option Scheme is valid and effective for a period of ten years from the adoption date.

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the New Share Option Scheme, and any other option schemes is not permitted to exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company without prior approval from the Company's shareholders.

41. 以股權結算之股份付款

本公司於二零一二年七月三十日採納一項購股權計劃(「新購股權計劃」)，以向對本集團發展有貢獻之合資格參與者提供獎勵及回報。根據新購股權計劃，董事可向合資格全職或兼職僱員(包括本公司及／或其任何附屬公司之任何執行、非執行及獨立非執行董事及專業顧問或顧問)授出購股權。新購股權計劃自採納日期起計十年期內有效及生效。

根據新購股權計劃及任何其他購股權計劃可能授出之購股權涉及之股份總數不得超逾本公司不時已發行股本之30%。在未取得本公司股東事先批准情況下，於任何一年可能授予任何個人之購股權所涉及之股份數目不得超逾本公司已發行股本之1%。

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41. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Company's shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

Options granted must be taken up within thirty days of the date of grant, upon payment of HK\$1 per grant.

Options may be exercised at any time during a period to be notified by the board of Directors (the "Board") upon the grant of options provided that the option period shall not exceed 10 years from the date of grant of the options. No minimum period for which an option must be held is required. The exercise price, which is determined by the Board is the highest of: (i) the closing price per share on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price per share for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

Options do not confer rights on the holder to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

Under the New Share Option Scheme, if the options remain unexercised after a period of 3 years from the date of grant, the options expire. Options are forfeited if the employee is dismissed by the Group by reason of persistent or serious misconduct, breach of material term of the relevant employment contract or summary dismissal.

41. 以股權結算之股份付款(續)

授予本公司董事、最高行政人員或主要股東或彼等任何聯繫人之購股權須經獨立非執行董事事先批准。此外，於任何十二個月期間內，倘授予本公司主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等任何聯繫人之任何購股權超逾本公司任何時候已發行股份之0.1%或根據於授出日期本公司股份收市價格計算之總值超過5,000,000港元，則須經股東於股東大會上事先批准。

購股權須於授出日期起計三十日內予以接納，並須就每份購股權支付1港元。

於授出購股權將由董事會(「董事會」)知會之期間內之任何時間，購股權可予行使，惟購股權行使期間不得超過授出購股權當日起計10年。購股權並無須持有之最短期間。行使價由董事會釐定，為以下三者之最高者：(i)授出日期之每股收市價；(ii)緊接授出購股權當日前五個營業日之平均每股收市價；及(iii)股份面值。

購股權並不賦予持有人收取股息或於股東大會投票之權利。

根據新購股權計劃，倘於授出日期起計三年期間後購股權仍未行使，則購股權即告屆滿。倘僱員因持續或嚴重不當行為、違反相關僱傭合約之重要條款或即時解僱而被本集團解聘，購股權會被註銷。

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41. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

The options outstanding at 31 March 2016 have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 0.99 years and the exercise prices of HK\$3.58.

The estimated fair value of the options that were granted on 21 August 2012 and 27 March 2013 were HK\$8,236,000 and HK\$246,000 respectively.

The fair value was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The inputs into the model are as follows:

41. 以股權結算之股份付款(續)

於二零一六年三月三十一日，尚未行使購股權之加權平均剩餘合約期限為0.99年，而行使價為3.58港元。

於二零一二年八月二十一日及二零一三年三月二十七日授出之購股權之估計公平值分別為8,236,000港元及246,000港元。

該公平值乃採用柏力克－舒爾斯期權定價模式計算。該模式之輸入資料如下：

		21 August 2012	27 March 2013
		二零一二年 八月二十一日	二零一三年 三月二十七日
Share price	股價	HK\$0.475 0.475港元	HK\$0.540 0.540港元
Exercise price	行使價	HK\$0.500 0.500港元	HK\$0.550 0.550港元
Expected life	預算年期	0.716 year 0.716年	1.5 years 1.5年
Expected volatility	預期波幅	69.508%	69.798%
Risk free rate	無風險利率	0.152%	0.152%
Expected dividend yield	預期股息收益率	Nil 無	Nil 無

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41. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Expected volatility was determined by calculating the historical volatility of the Company over the expected life. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on the Group's best estimate, for the effects of non transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioral considerations.

Share options granted to consultants were incentives for helping the group expand its business network, acquire and explore new business projects and opportunities. The fair value of such benefit could not be estimated reliably and as a result, the fair value is measured by reference to the fair value of share options granted.

During the year ended 31 March 2017, the share options lapsed.

42. ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY

On 10 June 2016, the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Zhanhui Limited, entered into an agreement with an independent third party for the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of FuHang at the consideration of HK\$12,500,000 ("FuHang Acquisition"). FuHang is a company incorporated in Hong Kong, and principally engaged in trading of stainless steel wires in Hong Kong and the PRC. The consideration was satisfied by HK\$4,000,000 in cash and issued of a promissory note with principal amount of HK\$8,500,000. The FuHang Acquisition was completed on 10 June 2016.

41. 以股權結算之股份付款(續)

預期波幅乃計算本公司於預算年期之歷史波幅而釐定。因受不可轉讓性質、行使限制及習慣性考慮因素之影響，模式所用預算年期已根據本集團之最佳估計進行調整。

授予專業顧問之購股權乃旨在為本集團拓展其業務網絡、獲取及開發新業務項目及商機而作出之獎勵措施。有關福利之公平值或許無法可靠估計，因此，公平值乃參考已授出購股權之公平值所計量。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，購股權已失效。

42. 收購一間附屬公司

於二零一六年六月十日，本公司及其全資附屬公司 Zhanhui Limited 與一名獨立第三方訂立一份協議，以收購富恆之全部已發行股本，代價為 12,500,000 港元（「富恆收購事項」）。富恆為於香港註冊成立之公司，主要於香港及中國從事不銹鋼線買賣。代價已透過支付現金 4,000,000 港元及發行本金額為 8,500,000 港元之承兌票據償付。富恆收購事項已於二零一六年六月十日完成。

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42. ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY (continued)

The fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the FuHang as at the date of acquisition were as follows:

42. 收購一間附屬公司(續)

富恆可識別資產及負債於收購日期之公平值如下：

		HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	5
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	7
Other receivables, prepayments and deposits	其他應收款項、預付款項及按金	1,480
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	2,628
Inventories	存貨	431
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	(799)
Accruals and other payables	應計款項及其他應付款項	(1,312)
Bank loan	銀行貸款	(1,433)
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	按公平值計算之可識別資產淨值總額	1,007
Goodwill	商譽	10,137
		11,144

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42. ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY (continued)

At the date of acquisition in 2017, goodwill of HK\$10,137,000 has been determined based on the acquirees' provisional fair value of the business of trading steel wires acquired. Goodwill arose on the acquisition of a subsidiary because the acquisitions included the benefit of future profitability as at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill of HK\$10,137,000 in relation to the acquisition of the subsidiary under trading of steel wires have been recognised by the Group.

42. 收購一間附屬公司(續)

於二零一七年之收購日期，商譽10,137,000港元已根據所收購被收購方之買賣鋼線業務之暫定公平值而釐定。由於收購包括於收購日期之未來盈利能力利益，故收購附屬公司產生商譽。

本集團已確認有關買賣鋼線項下收購附屬公司之商譽10,137,000港元。

Consideration was satisfied by the fair value of:	代價以下列各項之公平值償付：	
Cash	現金	4,000
Promissory note	承兌票據	7,144
		<hr/>
		11,144

An analysis of the cash flows in respect of the acquisition is as follows:	收購相關現金流量之分析如下：	
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價	4,000
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	已收購現金及現金等價物	(7)
		<hr/>
Net cash outflow of cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物之淨現金流出	3,993

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43. ACQUISITION OF VESSEL THROUGH ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY

On 25 August 2016, the wholly-owned subsidiary, Diamond Year Limited (“Diamond Year”), entered into an agreement with an independent third party (the “Vendor”) for the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Ultra Treasure Limited (“Ultra Treasure”) at consideration satisfied by the issuance of a promissory note with principal amount of HK\$19,000,000. Ultra Treasure is a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong. Ultra Treasure is principally engaged in investment holding in Hong Kong and did not carry out any significant business transactions on acquisition date. In the opinion of the directors, the acquisition did not constitute an acquisition of business in substance. The acquisition of the vessel were then considered as acquisition of assets through acquisition of subsidiaries.

Therefore, the acquisition was not accounted for as a business combination in accordance with HKFRS 3 – Business Combination. The acquisition of Ultra Treasure was completed on 25 August 2016.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed arising as at the respective date of acquisition are as follows:

43. 透過收購一間附屬公司收購船舶

於二零一六年八月二十五日，全資附屬公司 Diamond Year Limited (「Diamond Year」) 與一名獨立第三方 (「賣方」) 訂立一份協議，以收購怡資有限公司 (「怡資」) 全部已發行股本，透過發行本金額為 19,000,000 港元之承兌票據償付代價。怡資為於香港註冊成立之有限公司。怡資主要於香港從事投資控股業務，且於收購日期並無進行任何重大業務交易。董事認為，該項收購實質上並不構成一項業務收購。收購船舶其後被視為透過收購附屬公司收購資產。

因此，該項收購並無按香港財務報告準則第3號－業務合併入賬列作業務合併。收購怡資已於二零一六年八月二十五日完成。

於有關收購日期，已收購之可識別資產及已承擔負債如下：

		HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15,046
Consideration was satisfied by the fair value:	代價以下列項目之公平值償付：	
Promissory notes	承兌票據	15,046
An analysis of the cash flows in respect of the acquisition is as follows:	收購相關現金流量之分析如下：	
Cash and cash equivalents in a subsidiary acquired	已收購一間附屬公司之現金及現金等價物	—

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44. LITIGATION

- (1) On 4 September 2016, the Company announced, amongst other things, that (i) Evotech had entered into a Surrender Agreement with JTC on 6 April 2016 pursuant to which Evotech agreed to surrender its leasehold interest in the real property located at 42 Gul Circle, Singapore 629577 to JTC at the consideration of S\$5,620,000 and such transaction was completed on 27 June 2016 without the approval and authorization of the Board (“the Unauthorized Transaction”), and (ii) the Company was investigating into the circumstances leading to the entering into the Unauthorized Transaction and the payments made by Evotech from the proceeds of the Unauthorized Transaction.

Upon completion of the said investigation and with the benefit of legal advice, Evotech has on 23 November 2016 commenced legal proceedings at the High Court of The Republic of Singapore against Mr. Koh for breaches of his duties as director and employee of Evotech and against Lily Bey, another ex-director of Evotech, for breaches of her duties as director of Evotech and, for recovery of damages in the sums of S\$2,285,000 and US\$1,070,000 (the “Singapore Legal Action”).

During the year ended 31 March 2017, Mr. Koh and Lily Bey filed their defence and counterclaim to contest the claims by Evotech commenced the proceeding from surrender of leasehold property against the Company and others (the “Singapore Third Party Proceedings”) alleging that the Company had authorised all the monetary transactions claimed by Evotech in the Singapore Legal Action and that Mr. Koh and Lily Bey are entitled to set off so much of the benefit received by the Company in those monetary transactions against the claims by Evotech in the Singapore Legal Action.

44. 訴訟

- (1) 於二零一六年九月四日，本公司宣佈（其中包括），(i)於二零一六年四月六日，Evotech與JTC訂立退租協議，據此，Evotech同意向JTC移交其位於42 Gul Circle, Singapore 629577之房地產之租賃權益，代價為5,620,000新加坡元，而該交易於未經董事會批准及授權之情況下已於二零一六年六月二十七日完成（「未授權交易」）；及(ii)本公司正調查導致訂立未授權交易以及Evotech動用未授權交易所得款項支付款項之情況。

於上述調查完成及尋求法律意見後，Evotech已於二零一六年十一月二十三日就許先生違反其作為Evotech董事兼僱員之職責及就另一名Evotech前董事Lily Bey違反其作為Evotech董事之職責於新加坡共和國高等法院展開法律訴訟，以追討2,285,000新加坡元及1,070,000美元之損失（「新加坡法律行動」）。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，許先生及Lily Bey已對Evotech提出之索償作出抗辯及反索償，對本公司及其他方展開移交租賃物業之法律程序（「新加坡第三方法律程序」），聲稱Evotech於新加坡法律行動提出的所有金錢交易乃經本公司授權，而許先生及Lily Bey有權以本公司於該等金錢交易中收取之利益作為Evotech於新加坡法律行動中提出之索償的辯護。

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44. LITIGATION (continued)

(1) (continued)

The Board has obtained proper legal advice from its attorney in Singapore and formed the view that both Evotech and the Company have meritorious claim and defence in the Singapore Legal Action and the Singapore Third Party Proceedings and such proceedings shall have no adverse impact upon the financial position of the Group. Therefore, no provision in respect of the Singapore Legal Action and the Singapore Third Party Proceedings was made in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

- (2) On 12 December 2016, Team Kingdom Limited (“Team Kingdom”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, commenced legal proceedings entitled DCCJ 5968/2016 (“DCCJ Action 5968/2016”) at the District Court of the Hong Kong S.A.R. against Mr. Koh for the recovery of a sum of HK\$500,000 together with interest due under an Acknowledgment of Indebtedness dated 6 June 2016 and Black Sand Enterprises Limited (“Black Sand Enterprises”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, also commenced legal proceedings entitled DCCJ 5967/2016 (“DCCJ Action 5967/2016”) at the District Court of the Hong Kong S.A.R against Mr. Koh for the recovery of a sum of HK\$100,000 for unlawful conversion of the property of Black Sand Enterprises to his own use.

Mr. Koh has filed his Defence and Counterclaim in DCCJ Action 5968/2016 and DCCJ 5967/2016 contesting the respective claims by Team Kingdom and Black Sand Enterprises. The Board has obtained proper legal advice from its legal representative and formed the view that both Team Kingdom and Black Sand Enterprises do have meritorious claims against Mr. Koh and both DCCJ Action 5968/2016 and DCCJ Action 5967/2016 shall have no adverse impact upon the financial position of the Group. Therefore, no provision in respect of DCCJ Action 5968/2016 and DCCJ Action 5967/2016 was made in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

44. 訴訟(續)

(1) (續)

董事會已自其新加坡律師獲取適當法律意見，並認為Evotech及本公司於新加坡法律行動及新加坡第三方法律程序中之索償及抗辯佔有優勢，而該等訴訟對本集團財務狀況並無不利影響。因此，概無就新加坡法律行動及新加坡第三方法律程序於簡明綜合財務報表計提撥備。

- (2) 於二零一六年十二月十二日，本公司全資附屬公司 Team Kingdom Limited (「Team Kingdom」)於香港特別行政區區域法院展開案件編號為DCCJ 5968/2016之法律訴訟(「DCCJ 訴訟5968/2016」)，以根據日期為二零一六年六月六日之債務聲明向許先生追討500,000港元連同應付利息之款項，而本公司全資附屬公司黑砂實業控股有限公司(「黑砂實業」)亦於香港特別行政區區域法院就許先生非法轉移黑砂實業物業供自用而向其展開案件編號為DCCJ 5967/2016之法律訴訟(「DCCJ 訴訟5967/2016」)，以追討100,000港元款項。

許先生已分別就DCCJ 訴訟5968/2016及DCCJ 訴訟5967/2016對Team Kingdom及黑砂實業各自提出之索償作出抗辯及提出反索償。董事會已自其法律代表獲取適當法律意見，並認為Team Kingdom及黑砂實業對許先生提出之索償佔有優勢，而DCCJ 訴訟5968/2016及DCCJ 訴訟5967/2016對本集團財務狀況並無不利影響。因此，概無就DCCJ 訴訟5968/2016及DCCJ 訴訟5967/2016於簡明綜合財務報表計提撥備。

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44. LITIGATION (continued)

- (3) On 11 November 2016, it was made known to the Company by its legal advisor on 9 September 2016 that the government of the PRC has imposed a fine on 20 May 2016 to Aquaterra China Trading (Shanghai) Company Limited, an direct wholly-owned subsidiary, in the amount of approximately RMB7,116,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$8,415,000) regarding the tampered production and expiry dates by supplier of certain bottled mineral water in its inventory. Accordingly, the relevant inventory has been fully impaired amounting to approximately RMB2,842,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$3,212,000). This financial impact has been reflected in this consolidated financial statements.

45. LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 March 2017, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	398	3,800
In the second to fifth years inclusive	第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	200	530
		598	4,330

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its offices and living quarters for employees. Leases are negotiated for terms ranging from one to two years (2016: one to five years).

44. 訴訟(續)

- (3) 於二零一六年十一月十一日，本公司獲其法律顧問於二零一六年九月九日告知，中國政府於二零一六年五月二十日向直接全資附屬公司宏華加業商貿(上海)有限公司處以罰款，金額約人民幣7,116,000元(相當於約8,415,000港元)，罰款與其存貨中若干瓶裝礦泉水遭供應商篡改生產及到期日期有關。因此，相關存貨已悉數減值約人民幣2,842,000元(相當於約3,212,000港元)。此財務影響已於本綜合財務報表中反映。

45. 租賃承擔

於二零一七年三月三十一日，不可註銷經營租約項下之未來最低租賃付款總額應予支付如下：

經營租約付款指本集團就若干辦公室及員工宿舍應付之租金。租期協商介乎一至兩年(二零一六年：一至五年)。

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46. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

In addition to those related party transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with its related parties during the years ended 31 March 2016 and 2017 and balances with related parties as at 31 March 2016 and 2017.

(a) Amounts due to directors

The amounts due to directors are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

(b) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration paid/payable to key management personnel of the Group, including the emoluments of the Company's directors and the highest paid individuals as disclosed in notes 15 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements, is as follows:

46. 關聯方交易

除財務報表其他部分所披露之該等關聯方交易及結餘外，截至二零一六年及二零一七年三月三十一日止年度，本集團與其關聯方擁有下列交易，且於二零一六年及二零一七年三月三十一日與關聯方擁有下列結餘。

(a) 應付董事款項

應付董事款項為無抵押、免息及按要求償還。

(b) 主要管理人員之薪酬

已付／應付予本集團主要管理人員之薪酬(包括綜合財務報表附註15及16所披露之本公司董事及最高薪個人之酬金)如下：

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, bonus and allowances	薪金、花紅及津貼	3,904	5,100
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	101	72
		4,005	5,172

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47. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY 47. 本公司財務狀況表

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Investments in subsidiaries	投資於附屬公司	10	1,751
Current assets	流動資產		
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項	159	1,519
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	22,489	–
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	19	43
Total current assets	總流動資產	22,667	1,562
TOTAL ASSETS	資產總值	22,677	3,313
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	權益及負債		
Share capital	股本	273,216	25,298
Reserves	儲備	(652,653)	(616,371)
Total equity	權益總額	(379,437)	(591,073)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	256,774	361,145
Corporate bonds	公司債券	20,806	19,794
Promissory notes	承兌票據	24,478	–
Other borrowings	其他借款	88,938	92,831
Total non-current liabilities	總非流動負債	390,996	473,770
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Accruals and other payables	應計款項及其他應付款項	10,510	2,764
Interest-bearing loans	計息貸款	–	117,625
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	608	227
Total current liabilities	總流動負債	11,118	120,616
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	總權益及負債	22,677	3,313

Approved by the Board of Directors on 8 May 2017
and are signed on its behalf by:

董事會於二零一七年五月八日核准，並由下列董事
代表簽署：

YIP Man Yi
葉敏怡
Director
董事

SHIU Chi Tak, Titus
邵志得
Director
董事

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47. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (continued) 47. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

Reserves

儲備

		Share premium	Share option reserve	Convertible bonds equity reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
		股份溢價	購股權儲備	可換股債券之權益儲備	累計虧損	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	3,647,887	8,251	1,263,605	(6,103,699)	(1,183,956)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額	-	-	-	(445,788)	(445,788)
Issue of shares on conversion of the New CB	發行股份以轉換新債券	(54,844)	-	(169,726)	-	(224,570)
Redemption of the Old CB	贖回舊債券	-	-	(1,263,605)	865,930	(397,675)
Issuance of the New CB	發行新債券	-	-	396,028	-	396,028
Capital Reduction	股本削減	-	-	-	1,239,590	1,239,590
Changes in equity for the year	年內權益變動	(54,844)	-	(1,037,303)	1,659,732	567,585
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016 (restated)	於二零一六年三月三十一日及二零一六年四月一日(經重列)	3,593,043	8,251	226,302	(4,443,967)	(616,371)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額	-	-	-	2,494	2,494
Share option lapsed	失效購股權	-	(8,251)	-	8,251	-
Issue of rights shares	發行供股股份	68,363	-	-	-	68,363
Early redemption of the New CB	提早贖回新債券	-	-	(84,863)	(22,276)	(107,139)
Changes in equity for the year	年內權益變動	68,363	(8,251)	(84,863)	(11,531)	(36,282)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	3,661,406	-	141,439	(4,455,498)	(652,653)

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48. PARTICULARS OF MAJOR SUBSIDIARIES 48. 主要附屬公司詳情

Particulars of the major subsidiaries as at 31 March 2017 are as follows:

於二零一七年三月三十一日之主要附屬公司詳情如下：

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation 註冊成立/ 登記及經營地點	Issued and paid up capital/ registered capital 已發行及實繳 股本/註冊資本	Percentage of ownership interest/ voting power/ profit sharing 所有權權益/ 投票權/ 分享溢利百分比		Principal activities 主要活動
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Black Sand Enterprises Limited 黑砂實業控股有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$300,000 300,000港元	–	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Bright Wise Enterprise Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	–	100%	Trading of household products 買賣家用產品
Brighton Asia Pacific Investment Holdings Limited 耀中亞太控股有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	–	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Diamond Year Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	1 ordinary share of USD1 each 1股1美元之普通股	100%	–	Investment holding 投資控股
Evotech (Asia) Pte Ltd	Singapore 新加坡	500,000 ordinary shares of SGD1 each 500,000股每股1新加坡元之普通股	–	100%	Trading of metals 買賣金屬
Fu Hang Metal (Asia) Limited 富恆金屬(亞太)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 1,000,000股每股1港元之普通股	–	100%	Trading of metal 買賣金屬
Gilmer Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	10 ordinary shares of USD1 each 10股每股1美元之普通股	–	100%	Investment holding 投資控股

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48. PARTICULARS OF MAJOR SUBSIDIARIES 48. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

(continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation 註冊成立/ 登記及經營地點	Issued and paid up capital/ registered capital 已發行及實繳 股本/註冊資本	Percentage of ownership interest/ voting power/ profit sharing 所有權權益/ 投票權/ 分享溢利百分比		Principal activities 主要活動
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Team Kingdom Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	100%	–	Provision of management services 提供管理服務
Team Profit Corporation Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	–	100%	Trading of nephrite 買賣軟玉
Topone Global Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	1 ordinary share of USD1 each 1股 1美元之普通股	100%	–	Securities trading 證券買賣
Trade World Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	1 ordinary share of USD1 each 1股 1美元之普通股	100%	–	Investment holding 投資控股
Ultra Treasure Limited 怡資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	–	100%	Rent of vessel 出租船舶
Xiamen Yaozhong Asia-Pacific Trading Co., Limited 廈門耀中亞太貿易 有限公司	PRC 中國	Registered capital of HK\$50,000,000 註冊資本 50,000,000港元	–	100%	Trading of beverages 買賣飲料
Zhanhui Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	1 ordinary share of USD1 each 1股1美元之 普通股	100%	–	Investment holding 投資控股

The above list contains the particulars of major subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group.

上述清單載列主要影響本集團業績、資產及負債之主要附屬公司詳情。

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49. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There are no significant events after the reporting period.

50. REPRESENTATION OF COMPARATIVE FIGURES

During the year ended 31 March 2016, the Group initiated a plan to dispose Black Sand International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd and its subsidiaries ("BSI Group"). The Group was actively seeking buyers for BSI Group and expected to dispose BSI Group in 2017. BSI Group have been classified and accounted for at 31 March 2016 as a disposal group held for sale.

On 17 June 2016, Black Sand Enterprises Limited ("BSE") entered into a sales and purchase agreement with Ms. Eva Wong ("Ms. Wong"), the spouse of Mr. Koh who was a former director of the Company. Pursuant to which Ms. Wong agreed to buy and BSE agreed to sell the entire shareholding of BSI Group at a consideration of HK\$5,000,000. BSI Group are principally engaged in metal trading business and part of the coal trading business. However, the disposal of BSI Group was terminated on 30 October 2016.

49. 報告期後事件

報告期後概無重大事件。

50. 重列比較數字

於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度，本集團展開出售Black Sand International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd及其附屬公司(「BSI集團」)之計劃。本集團積極為BSI集團尋求買家並預期於二零一七年出售BSI集團。於二零一六年三月三十一日，BSI集團分類及入賬為持有待售出售集團。

於二零一六年六月十七日，黑沙實業控股有限公司(「BSE」)與本集團前董事許先生之配偶Eva Wong女士(「Wong女士」)訂立一項買賣協議。據此，Wong女士同意購買，而BSE同意出售BSI集團全部股權，代價為5,000,000港元。BSI集團主要從事金屬買賣業務及部分煤炭買賣業務。然而，出售BSI集團已於二零一六年十月三十日終止。

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50. REPRESENTATION OF COMPARATIVE FIGURES (continued)

Due to the termination of sales and purchase agreement for BSI Group as mentioned above, the Directors reassessed whether BSI Group continued to meet the criteria for classification as disposal group held for sale. It was then determined that, the assets and liabilities of BSI Group should be reclassified from disposal group held for sales and that the results of operations of BSI Group be presented as income from continuing operations. In accordance with the requirement set out in HKFRS 5, the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the periods since classification as held for sale shall be amended accordingly as the disposal group ceases to be classified as held for sale.

Since BSI Group ceased to be classified as held for sale, the assets and liabilities related to BSI Group have been represented in the corresponding line items presented in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2017 and 2016. The results related to BSI Group were represented in the corresponding line items in the continuing operations in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.

50. 重列比較數字(續)

由於上文所述終止BSI集團之買賣協議，董事已重新評估BSI集團是否能持續達致作為持有待售出售集團之分類標準。彼等當時釐定BSI集團之資產及負債應自持有待售出售集團重新分類，且BSI集團之經營業績應呈列為持續經營業務收入。根據香港財務報告準則第5號所載規定，由於出售集團不再分類為持有待售，故本集團自分類為持有待售起期間之綜合財務報表應相應作出修訂。

由於BSI集團不再分類為持有待售，故有關BSI集團之資產及負債已於二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日綜合財務狀況表所呈列之相應項目中重列。有關BSI集團之業績已於截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收入表內持續經營業務之相應項目中重列。

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51. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS

In preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017, the Directors had identified the facts and circumstances associated with issuance of the New CB in satisfaction and cancellation of the Old CB and the calculation of loss per share for the year ended 31 March 2016 and identified certain necessary adjustments to be made to the comparative figures in respect of the recording of the above issuance of the New CB in satisfaction and cancellation of the Old CB and the calculation of loss per share in the previously issued consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016. These consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 have been restated to correct these errors. The effect of the restatements in the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the Group are summarised below:

(a) Early extinguishment of the Old CB

During the year ended 31 March 2016, the Company entered into the Bond Restructuring Agreements with Kesterion, a substantial shareholder at the issue date of the New CB, to issue the New CB in satisfaction and cancellation of the Old CB, as disclosed in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements. The Group had previously recorded a gain of approximately HK\$251,146,000 arising from the early redemption of the Old CB in profit or loss. The amount of the gain represented the difference between the carrying amount of liability component of the Old CB of approximately HK\$873,474,000, and the aggregate fair value at initial recognition of liability and early redemption option components of the New CB in satisfaction for the cancellation of the Old CB of approximately HK\$622,328,000.

51. 上年度調整

在編製本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表時，董事已知悉有關發行新債券以償付及註銷舊債券以及計算截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度每股虧損之事實及情況，並已於先前刊發之截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度綜合財務報表中就記錄上述發行新債券以償付及註銷舊債券以及計算每股虧損時識別若干必要之比較數字調整。截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之此等綜合財務報表已重列以修正此等錯誤。重列本集團綜合財務狀況表以及本集團綜合損益及其他全面收入表之影響概述如下：

(a) 提早註銷舊債券

於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度，本公司與於新債券發行日期之主要股東Kesterion訂立債券重組協議以發行新債券以償付及註銷舊債券，於綜合財務報表附註35披露。本集團先前已將因提早贖回舊債券所產生之收益約251,146,000港元於損益中入賬。該收益金額指舊債券負債部分之賬面金額約873,474,000港元與就償付及註銷舊債券於初步確認新債券之負債及提早贖回選擇權部分之總公平值約622,328,000港元間之差額。

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51. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS (continued)

(a) Early extinguishment of the Old CB (continued)

However, in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 32 (“HKAS 32”), when the Group extinguished the Old CB before maturity (i.e. 18 December 2018) through an early redemption or repurchase, the fair value at initial recognition of the New CB represented the consideration paid for the extinguishment and shall be allocated to the liability and equity components of the Old CB using the same residual method as that used in the original allocation of proceeds to these separate components when the Old CB was issued. Hence, the amount of gain or loss recognised in profit or loss in respect of extinguishment of the liability component of the Old CB shall be calculated as the difference between the fair value of liability component of the Old CB at the date of extinguishment and the carrying amount of liability component of the Old CB at that date.

In addition, since the Bond Restructuring Agreements were entered into the Company and a substantial shareholder of the Company, the amount of the aggregate carrying amount of the Old CB in excess of the fair value of the New CB at the issue date is accounted for a transaction with equity holder of the Company and recognised directly in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

The effect of the restatements on the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is to eliminate the fair value gain on redemption of convertible bond liabilities of approximately HK\$251,146,000 in profit or loss and to instead recognise the amount of the aggregate carrying amount of the Old CB in excess of the fair value of the New CB at the issue date of HK\$1,183,721,000 in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. There was no effect of the restatement on the consolidated statements of financial position as at 31 March 2016.

51. 上年度調整(續)

(a) 提早註銷舊債券(續)

然而，按照香港會計準則第32號(「香港會計準則第32號」)，當本集團透過提早贖回或購回之方式於到期日(即二零一八年十二月十八日)之前註銷舊債券時，新債券於初步確認時之公平值指就該項註銷已付之代價，且須採用舊債券發行時將所得款項原分配至此等獨立部分時所採用的同一剩餘法分配至舊債券之負債及權益部分。因此，就註銷舊債券之負債部分而於損益確認之盈虧金額，須作為舊債券負債部分於該註銷日期之公平值與舊債券負債部分於該日之賬面值間之差額計算。

此外，由於債券重組協議由本公司與本公司一名主要股東所訂立，故舊債券賬面總值超逾新債券於發行日期之公平值之金額入賬為與本公司權益持有人訂立之交易，並直接於綜合權益變動表中確認。

重列對綜合損益及其他全面收入表之影響為須於損益中對銷贖回可換股債券負債之公平值收益約251,146,000港元，並於綜合權益變動表中確認舊債券賬面總值超逾新債券於發行日期之公平值之金額1,183,721,000港元。重列對於二零一六年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表概無影響。

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51. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS (continued)

(b) Fair value of early redemption derivative component of the New CB

Furthermore, as described in above, the Company issued the New CB as consideration for the early extinguishment of the Old CB. At the initial recognition of the New CB, the Company had previously allocated the fair value of the New CB at the issue date of HK\$1,020,003,000 to the liability component, the early redemption derivative component (an asset) and the equity conversion option component of approximately HK\$718,835,000, HK\$96,507,000 and HK\$397,675,000 respectively. The fair value of the derivative component of the New CB of approximately HK\$96,507,000 and HK\$292,000 at issue date of the New CB and at 31 March 2016 respectively were previously estimated using the Black-Scholes model with Trinomial Tree Method.

However, in estimating the fair value of the liability component and the early redemption derivative component of the New CB at the issue date and 31 March 2016, assumptions were used that related to underlying equity value, including but not limited to the Company's share price, conversion price and volatility of the Company's share price, instead of using relevant factors that does not associated with equity component. The fair value of early redemption derivative component of the New CB when estimated using non-equity assumptions were insignificant as the issue date and at 31 March 2016.

51. 上年度調整(續)

(b) 新債券提早贖回衍生工具部分之公平值

此外，誠如上文所述，本公司發行新債券作為提早註銷舊債券之代價。於新債券初步確認時，本公司先前將新債券於發行日期之公平值1,020,003,000港元分配予負債部分、提早贖回衍生工具部分(一項資產)及權益兌換選擇權部分，分別約為718,835,000港元、96,507,000港元及397,675,000港元。於新債券發行日期及於二零一六年三月三十一日之新債券衍生工具部分之公平值分別約為96,507,000港元及292,000港元，先前已採用柏力克-舒爾斯模式及三項式期權模式進行估計。

然而，在估計新債券負債部分及提早贖回衍生工具部分於發行日期及二零一六年三月三十一日之公平值時，已採用有關相關股本價值之假設(包括但不限於本公司之股價、兌換價及本公司股價之波幅)，而非採用與權益部分並無關連之相關因素。採用非股本假設計之新債券提早贖回衍生工具部分之公平值於發行日期及二零一六年三月三十一日並不重大。

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51. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS (continued)

(b) Fair value of early redemption derivative component of the New CB (continued)

The effect of the restatement on the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is to decrease the fair value loss on derivative financial instrument of approximately HK\$54,855,000 in profit or loss and to increase finance costs of approximately HK\$8,599,000. The effect of the restatement on the consolidated statements of financial position is to decrease the derivative financial instrument by approximately HK\$292,000 and to decrease the liability component of the New CB by approximately HK\$84,354,000.

(c) Calculation of loss per share for the year ended 31 March 2016

The calculation of basic loss per share from continuing and discontinued operations in the previously issued consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 was previously based on the loss for the year of approximately HK\$284,341,000. However, in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 33, the basic loss per share shall be calculated using the amounts of loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$225,810,000. This error also affected the previous calculation of basic loss per share from continuing operation and from discontinued operations.

51. 上年度調整(續)

(b) 新債券提早贖回衍生工具部分之公平值(續)

重列對綜合損益及其他全面收入表之影響為須於損益中減少衍生金融工具之公平值虧損約54,855,000港元，並增加財務成本約8,599,000港元。重列對綜合財務狀況表之影響為須減少衍生金融工具約292,000港元並，減少新債券負債部分約84,354,000港元。

(c) 計算截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之每股虧損

於先前刊發之截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表中，來自持續經營及已終止經營業務之每股基本虧損於先前乃根據該年度之虧損約284,341,000港元計算。然而，按照香港會計準則第33號，每股基本虧損須採用本公司擁有人應佔虧損之金額約225,810,000港元計算。此錯誤亦影響先前對來自持續經營業務及已終止經營業務之每股基本虧損之計算。

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51. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS (continued)

(c) Calculation of loss per share for the year ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

In addition, in calculating the diluted loss per share, the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on the conversion of the Old CB were previously determined based on the original conversion price of HK\$0.70 per conversion share. However, the conversion price of the Old CB was adjusted to HK\$22.79 per share in 2011 upon the completion of the capital reorganisation, share consolidation and rights issue. The adjustment to the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued assuming the conversion of the Old CB was approximately 7,536,000 ordinary shares based on the adjusted conversion price rather than 245,355,000 ordinary shares as presented in the previously issued consolidated financial statements. The effect of dilutive potential ordinary share on the Old CB became anti-dilutive as the prior year adjustments above-mentioned in (a).

The above prior year adjustments do not have financial effects on the consolidated and Company statements of financial position on 1 April 2015.

51. 上年度調整(續)

(c) 計算截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之每股虧損(續)

此外，於計算每股攤薄虧損時，於兌換舊債券時將予發行普通股之加權平均數先前乃根據每股兌換股份0.70港元之原兌換價釐定。然而，舊債券之兌換價已於資本重組、股份合併及供股完成後於二零一一年調整至每股22.79港元。根據經調整兌換價計算，假設兌換舊債券時將予發行普通股之加權平均數調整為約7,536,000股普通股，而非於先前刊發之綜合財務報表中呈列之245,355,000股普通股。由於上述(a)中上年度之調整，潛在攤薄普通股對舊債券之影響成為反攤薄影響。

上述上年度調整對於二零一五年四月一日之綜合及本公司財務狀況表並無造成財務影響。

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51. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS (continued)

The effects of the restatements described above on the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2016 are as follows:

51. 上年度調整(續)

上述重列對截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收入表之影響載列如下：

		Before adjustments 調整前	(a)	(b)	(c)	Restated 經重列
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	36,023	(251,146)	54,855	-	(160,268)
Finance costs	財務成本	(66,071)	-	(8,599)	-	(74,670)
Loss for the year from continuing operations	年內來自持續經營 業務之虧損	(124,437)	(251,146)	46,256	-	(329,327)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(284,340)	(251,146)	46,256	-	(489,230)
Loss for the year from continuing operations attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 年內來自持續經營 業務之虧損	(123,466)	(251,146)	46,256		(328,356)
Loss for the year attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 年內虧損	(225,809)	(251,146)	46,256		(430,699)
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 年內全面收入總額	(232,310)	(251,146)	46,256		(437,200)

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51. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS (continued)

Loss per share (continued)

From continuing operations

51. 上年度調整(續)

每股虧損(續)

來自持續經營業務

		Before adjustments 調整前	(a)	(b)	(c)	Restated 經重列
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Loss	虧損					
Loss for the purpose of calculating basic loss per share	計算每股基本虧損之虧損	(124,437)	(251,146)	46,256	971	(328,356)
Finance costs on convertible bonds issued on 18 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月十八日發行可換股債券之財務成本	16,187	(16,187)	-	-	-
Gain on redemption of liabilities component of convertible bond issued on 18 December 2008	贖回於二零零八年十二月十八日發行可換股債券負債部分之收益	(251,146)	251,146	-	-	-
Loss for the purpose of calculating diluted loss per share	計算每股攤薄虧損之虧損	(359,396)				(328,356)

		Before adjustments 調整前	(a)	(b)	(c)	Restated 經重列
		HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙
Loss per share	每股虧損					
Basic	基本	(34.49)	(69.61)	12.82	0.27	(91.01)
Diluted	攤薄	(99.61)				N/A不適用

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51. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS (continued)

Loss per share (continued)

From discontinued operations

51. 上年度調整(續)

每股虧損(續)

來自己終止經營業務

		Before adjustments 調整前	(a)	(b)	(c)	Restated 經重列
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Loss	虧損					
Loss for the purpose of calculating basic loss per share	計算每股基本虧損之虧損	(159,903)	-	-	57,560	(102,343)
Finance costs on convertible bonds issued on 18 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月十八日發行可換股債券之財務成本	-	-	-	-	-
Gain on redemption of liabilities component of convertible bond issued on 18 December 2008	贖回於二零零八年十二月十八日發行可換股債券負債部分之收益	-	-	-	-	-
Loss for the purpose of calculating diluted loss per share	計算每股攤薄虧損之虧損	(159,903)				(102,343)

		Before adjustments 調整前	(a)	(b)	(c)	Restated 經重列
		HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙
Basic	基本	(44.32)	-	-	15.95	(28.37)
Diluted	攤薄	N/A				N/A不適用

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51. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS (continued)

The effects of the restatements described above on the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group as at the end of the immediately preceding financial year, 31 March 2016 are as follows:

51. 上年度調整(續)

上述重列對本集團於緊接截至二零一六年三月三十一日止財政年度結束前之綜合財務狀況表之影響載列如下：

		Before adjustments 調整前	(a)	(b)	(c)	Restated 經重列
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Derivative financial instrument	衍生金融工具	292	-	(292)	-	-
Total assets	總資產	81,158	-	(292)	-	80,866
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	445,499	-	(84,354)	-	361,145
Total liabilities	負債總額	726,400	-	(84,354)	-	642,046
Reserve	儲備	(660,100)	-	84,062	-	(576,038)
Total equity	總股本	(645,242)	-	84,062	-	(561,180)

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52. DECONSOLIDATION OF SUBSIDIARIES

Due to the circumstances that the Group was unable to locate complete set of books and records of the two subsidiaries, namely 寰亞宏華商貿(北京)有限公司 (Pan Asia Mining (Beijing) Company Limited) and 宏華加業商貿(上海)有限公司 (Aquaterra China Trading (Shanghai) Co. Limited) (“Deconsolidated Subsidiaries”), in the opinion of the Directors, the controls over the Deconsolidated Subsidiaries were lost. Accordingly, the financial results, assets and liabilities of the Deconsolidated Subsidiaries have been de-consolidated from the consolidated financial statements with effective from 31 March 2017 (“Date of Deconsolidation”) and recorded a loss on deconsolidation of Deconsolidated Subsidiaries of approximately HK\$6,151,000.

For the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group had consolidated the financial results, assets and liabilities of the Deconsolidated Subsidiaries up to the Date of Deconsolidation based on an unaudited management information received.

In the opinion of the Directors, the carrying values of the amounts due from the Deconsolidated Subsidiaries were not recoverable and, accordingly, an impairment loss of approximately HK\$83,000 had been recognised in the profit or loss.

The following is the financial information, before intra-group balances and transactions elimination, of the Deconsolidated Subsidiaries.

52. 附屬公司終止綜合入賬

鑒於本集團無法取得兩間附屬公司寰亞宏華商貿(北京)有限公司及宏華加業商貿(上海)有限公司(「終止綜合入賬附屬公司」)之完整賬冊及記錄，董事認為，本集團失去對終止綜合入賬附屬公司之控制權。因此，終止綜合入賬附屬公司之財務業績、資產及負債已自二零一七年三月三十一日(「終止綜合入賬日期」)起於綜合財務報表中終止綜合入賬，並就終止將終止綜合入賬附屬公司綜合入賬錄得虧損約6,151,000港元。

為編製截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表，本集團已根據所得未經審核管理層資料，整合截至終止綜合入賬日期終止綜合入賬附屬公司之財務業績、資產及負債。

董事認為，應收終止綜合入賬附屬公司款項之賬面值不可收回，因此已於損益確認減值虧損約83,000港元。

以下為終止綜合入賬附屬公司扣除集團間結餘及交易撇銷前之財務資料。

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52. DECONSOLIDATION OF SUBSIDIARIES

(continued)

(a) Loss on deconsolidation of Deconsolidated Subsidiaries (continued)

52. 附屬公司終止綜合入賬(續)

(a) 終止將終止綜合入賬附屬公司綜合入賬之虧損(續)

		Deconsolidated Subsidiaries 終止綜合 入賬附屬公司 HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	14
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	14,051
Prepayment, deposit and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	4,681
Inventory	存貨	4,299
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	886
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	(450)
Amount due to group companies	應付集團公司款項	(83)
Accruals and other payables	應計款項及其他應付款項	(14,765)
Amount due to a former director	應付一名前董事款項	(1,798)
Net liabilities of the Deconsolidated Subsidiaries	終止綜合入賬附屬公司負債淨額	6,835
Impairment losses on the amount due from the Deconsolidated Subsidiaries	應收終止綜合入賬附屬公司款項之減值虧損	83
Translation reserve	匯兌儲備	(767)
Loss on deconsolidation	終止綜合入賬虧損	6,151

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52. DECONSOLIDATION OF SUBSIDIARIES

(continued)

(b) Transactions of the Deconsolidated Subsidiaries included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017

52. 附屬公司終止綜合入賬(續)

(b) 計入截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度本集團綜合損益表之終止綜合入賬附屬公司交易

		Deconsolidated Subsidiaries 終止綜合 入賬附屬公司 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	205
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(115)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(2,196)
Finance costs	財務成本	(122)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(2,228)

53. APPROVAL OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 8 May 2017.

53. 批准綜合財務報表

綜合財務報表已於二零一七年五月八日由董事會批准及授權刊發。

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		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務					
Revenue	營業額	84,730	14,195	10,661	17,598	-
Profit/(loss) from operations	經營溢利/(虧損)	56,383	(256,620)	(46,597)	(30,713)	(16,078)
Finance costs	財務成本	(50,580)	(74,670)	(129,982)	(110,479)	(94,465)
Profit/(loss) before tax	除稅前溢利/(虧損)	5,803	(331,290)	(176,579)	(141,192)	(110,543)
Income tax (expense)/credit	所得稅(開支)/抵免	(3,117)	1,963	(367)	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)	2,686	(329,327)	(176,946)	(141,192)	(110,543)
Loss for the year from discontinued operations	年內已終止經營業務之虧損	-	(159,903)	-	-	-
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year, net of tax	年內其他全面(虧損)/收入，扣除稅項	(869)	(6,501)	(4,741)	1,101	(372)
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	年內全面收入/(開支)總額	1,817	(495,731)	(181,687)	(140,091)	(110,915)
Profit/loss for the year attributable to:	以下各方應佔年內溢利/虧損：					
Owner of the Company	本公司擁有人	1,819	(437,200)	(181,687)	(140,091)	(110,915)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(2)	(58,531)	-	-	-
		1,817	(495,731)	(181,687)	(140,091)	(110,915)

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ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS 資產、負債及非控股權益

		At 31 March 於三月三十一日				
		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets	資產總額	138,135	80,866	451,311	1,529,670	1,395,134
Total liabilities	負債總額	(486,912)	(642,046)	(1,076,334)	(1,125,108)	(829,533)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	10,442	10,440	(48,091)	(387,965)	(387,348)
		(338,335)	(550,740)	(673,114)	16,597	178,253



UNION ASIA
ENTERPRISE HOLDINGS LTD
萬亞企業控股有限公司