香港交易及結算所有限公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司對本公告之內容概不負責, 對其準確性或完整性亦不發表任何聲明,並明確表示概不就因本公告全部或任何 部分內容而產生或因倚賴該等內容而引致之任何損失承擔任何責任。

First Credit Finance Group Limited 第一信用金融集團有限公司

(於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達存續之有限公司) (股份代號:8215)

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 全年業績公告

第一信用金融集團有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)欣然宣佈, 本公司及其附屬公司截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的經審核全年業績。 本公告載有本公司截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度年報(「二零二零年年報」) 的全文,符合香港聯合交易所有限公司GEM證券上市規則(「GEM上市規則」)有 關附帶全年業績初步公告的資料的相關規定。本公司二零二零年年報的印刷本會 於適時向本公司股東寄發。

> 代表董事會 **第一信用金融集團有限公司** *執行董事* **黃啟倫**

香港,二零二一年三月二十三日

於本公告日期,董事會由執行董事謝絲女士、黃啟倫先生、賴思好女士及何婉薇女 士(行政總裁),以及獨立非執行董事馮錦文博士、王志維先生、陳通德先生、李龍 先生及蔡思聰先生組成。

本公告的資料乃遵照GEM上市規則而刊載,旨在提供有關本公司的資料;本公司 的董事願就本公告的資料共同及個別地承擔全部責任。各董事在作出一切合理查 詢後,確認就其所知及所信,本公告所載資料在各重要方面均屬準確完備,沒有誤 導或欺詐成分,且並無遺漏任何事項,足以令致本公告或其所載任何陳述產生誤導。

本公告將由刊登之日起至少七日在GEM網站(www.hkgem.com)「最新公司公告」網頁刊載。本公告亦會在本公司網站(www.fcfg.com.hk)刊載及保存。

CHARACTERISTICS OF GEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED ("STOCK EXCHANGE")

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate small and mid-sized companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration.

Given that the companies listed on GEM are generally small and mid-sized companies, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Stock Exchange take no responsibility for the contents of this annual report, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this annual report.

This annual report, for which the directors ("**Directors**") of First Credit Finance Group Limited ("**Company**") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange ("**GEM Listing Rules**") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this annual report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this annual report misleading.

香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) GEM的特色

GEM的定位[,]乃為中小型公司提供一個上市的市場[,]此等公司相比起其他在聯交所上市的公司帶有較高 投資風險[。]有意投資的人士應了解投資於該等公司的潛在風險[,]並應經過審慎周詳的考慮後方作出投資 決定[。]

由於GEM上市公司普遍為中小型公司[,]在GEM買賣的證券可能會較於主板買賣之證券承受較大的市場波 動風險[,]同時無法保證在GEM買賣的證券會有高流通量的市場[。]

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本年報的資料乃遵照聯交所GEM證券上市規則(「GEM上市規則」)而刊載,旨在提供有關第一信用金融集 團有限公司(「本公司」)的資料;本公司的董事(「董事」)願就本報告的資料共同及個別地承擔全部責任。 各董事在作出一切合理查詢後,確認就其所知及所信,本年報所載資料在各重要方面均屬準確完整,沒有 誤導或欺騙成分,且並無遺漏任何其他事項,足以令致本年報或其所載任何陳述產生誤導。

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Corporate Information 公司資料

DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Ho Yuen May May *(Chief Executive Officer)* Ms. Xie Si Mr. Wong Kai Lun Ms. Lai Szu Yu

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Fung Kam Man Mr. Wang Zhiwei Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain Mr. Li Long Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. Cheang Yee Wah Eva Mr. Wong Kai Lun

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo *(Chairman)* Dr. Fung Kam Man Mr. Wang Zhiwei Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain

NOMINATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain *(Chairman)* Dr. Fung Kam Man Mr. Wang Zhiwei Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Dr. Fung Kam Man *(Chairman)* Mr. Wang Zhiwei Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo

COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Dr. Fung Kam Man *(Chairman)* Mr. Wang Zhiwei Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo Ms. Lai Szu Yu

CREDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Ms. Xie Si Mr. Wong Kai Lun Ms. Lai Szu Yu Ms. Ho Yuen May May

董事

執行董事 何婉薇女士(*行政總裁)* 謝絲女士 黃啟倫先生 賴思妤女士

獨立非執行董事

馮錦文博士 王志維先生 陳通德先生 李龍先生 蔡思聰先生

授權代表

蔣綺華女士 黃啟倫先生

審核委員會成員

蔡思聰先生(主席) 馮錦文博士 王志維先生 陳通德先生

提名委員會成員

陳通德先生(*主席)* 馮錦文博士 王志維先生 蔡思聰先生

薪酬委員會成員

馮錦文博士(*主席)* 王志維先生 陳通德先生 蔡思聰先生

合規委員會成員

馮錦文博士(*主席)* 王志維先生 陳通德先生 蔡思聰先生 賴思妤女士

信貸委員會成員

謝絲女士 黄啟倫先生 賴思妤女士 何婉薇女士

Corporate Information 公司資料 (continued 續)

CREDIT REVIEW COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Dr. Fung Kam Man *(Chairman)* Mr. Wang Zhiwei Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Ms. Lai Szu Yu

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Cheang Yee Wah Eva

AUDITORS

Elite Partners CPA Limited Certified Public Accountant

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

1/F., O.T.B. Building, Nos.259-265 Des Voeux Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

STOCK CODE

8215

WEBSITE OF THE COMPANY

www.fcfg.com.hk

信貸覆核委員會成員 馮錦文博士(主席) 王志維先生 陳通德先生

監察主任 ^{賴思好女士}

公司秘書 ^{蔣綺華女士}

核數師 開元信德會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

香港主要營業地點

香港上環 德輔道中259-265號 海外銀行大廈1樓

股份過戶登記總處

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司

股份代號 8215

本公司網站 www.fcfg.com.hk

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**") continued to focus on conducting money lending business by providing both secured and unsecured loans to customers, including individuals, corporations and foreign domestic workers. The Group's average loan balance decreased from approximately HK\$961.89 million as at 31 December 2019 to approximately HK\$941.11 million as at 31 December 2020.

Since the outbreak of the coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19") in early 2020, it has grown into a global pandemic during the first guarter of 2020. The business environment of the Group has been affected by the worsening economy caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. For the money lending business. to protect the health of the valued customers and employees of the Group, most of the loan applications have been processed online during the year under review. The prevailing adverse financial and economic condition caused by the COVID-19 pandemic has posed negative impacts on the financial position and repayment ability of the Group's customers and the resulting uncertainties may continue to bring adverse impact to the business performance of the Group in the short term. The impact of the COVID-19 outbreak on the business performance of the Group continued to deteriorate in the fourth quarter of 2020, resulting in an increase in impairment loss on loans receivables by approximately 79.57% for the year ended 31 December 2020 as compared to the corresponding period in 2019. The Group expects that such challenging and unpredictable environment may affect the loan demand and lending risks of the Group. Therefore, the Group will continue to evaluate its risk management measures and ensure a proper balance between return and risk in the long run. To maintain its loan portfolio, the Group will continue to adopt prudent and cautious approaches, in particular, during the loan assessment and approval process. The Group will also keep on closely monitoring the repayment performance of its loan portfolio and evaluating the repayment ability of the customers.

The Group had also conducted assessment on liquidity positions and working capital sufficiency of the Group to evaluate the influence of the COVID-19 pandemic on the business of the Group. After considering the nature of the money lending business which has no minimum capital requirement, the size of the Company and the Group's bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$14.38 million as at 31 December 2020, it was considered that the Company would have sufficient funds to maintain its operations under the prevailing economic environment.

業務回顧及展望

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司及其附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」)繼續專注於經營放債業務,向客戶(包括個人、公司及外籍家庭傭工)提供有抵押及無抵押貸款。本集團的平均貸款結餘由二零一九年十二月三十一日約961,890,000港元減少至二零二零年十二月三十一日約941,110,000港元。

2019冠狀病毒病(「2019冠狀病毒病」)於二零二 零年初爆發, 並於二零二零年第一季度發展為全 球性大流行病。2019冠狀病毒病疫情導致經濟疲 弱,本集團的營商環境因此受到影響。就放債業務 而言,為保障本集團尊貴的客戶及僱員的健康, 於回顧年度大部分貸款申請均於網上辦理。2019 冠狀病毒病疫情引致的不利金融及經濟狀況,已 經對本集團客戶的財務狀況及償還能力產生負面 影響,由此產生的不確定因素可能於短期內繼續 對本集團業務表現帶來不利影響。2019冠狀病毒 病爆發對本集團業務表現的影響於二零二零年 第四季度持續惡化,導致截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度應收貸款減值虧損較二零一九年 同期增加約79.57%。本集團預期此充滿挑戰及不 可預測的環境可能影響本集團的貸款需求及借貸 風險。因此,本集團將繼續評估其風險管理措施並 確保長遠而言在回報與風險之間取得適當平衡。 為維持其貸款組合,本集團將繼續採取小心謹慎 的態度,特別是在貸款評估及審批過程中。本集團 亦將密切監督其貸款組合的還款情況,並評估客 戶的還款能力。

本集團對流動資金狀況及營運資金的充足性進行 評估,藉以評估2019冠狀病毒病疫情對其業務的 影響。經考慮放債業務的性質(無最低資本要求)、 本公司的規模以及本集團於二零二零年十二月 三十一日的銀行及現金結餘約14,380,000港元, 本公司認為有充足資金於當前經濟環境下維持營 運。

At the same time, the Group has endeavoured to control its expenses by taking various measures in budget control and monitoring in view of the negative impacts caused by the COVID-19. The Group will continue to pay close attention to the development of the COVID-19 pandemic and adopt appropriate measures to minimise its impact on the financial position and business operations of the Group.

Following the cessation of the securities brokerage and margin financing business of the Group ("Securities Brokerage Business") in mid-August 2019, the Group has continued to engage in proprietary investment in listed securities. The Company will explore further potential investment opportunities, including but not limited to investments in bonds, debt instruments, listed equity securities or project-based investments, subject to the prevailing market condition and taking into account the interest of the Company and its shareholders as a whole. In pursuing the investment opportunities, the Group will take into account the potential returns and seek to minimise the possible market risks and liquidity risks.

Looking forward, with the ultimate aim to maximise value for shareholders and enhance its position in the competitive industry, the Group will continue to strive for maintaining revenue and credit quality on the basis of its experience in money lending business. Meanwhile, the Group will closely monitor its capital base from time to time to ensure sufficient funding is maintained through various means for capturing different potential opportunities.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

REVENUE

The Group's revenue for the year under review was derived from interest received from the provision of various types of loan products to its customers.

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the revenue generated was approximately HK\$38.02 million, representing a decrease of approximately 57.23% from the revenue of approximately HK\$88.88 million recorded for the year ended 31 December 2019. As a result of the cessation of the Securities Brokerage Business in mid-August 2019, there was no commission income from securities brokerage services for the year under review (for the year ended 31 December 2019: negligible).

與此同時,為應對2019冠狀病毒病造成的負面影響,本集團已透過採取各種預算控制及監控措施 努力控制其開支。本集團將繼續密切關注2019冠 狀病毒病疫情的發展,並採取適當措施以減少其 對本集團財務狀況及業務營運的影響。

本集團的證券經紀及保證金融資業務(「證券經紀 業務」)於二零一九年八月中旬終止後,本集團繼 續從事自營上市證券投資。根據現行市況以及考 慮到本公司及其股東的整體利益,本公司將探索 更多潛在投資機遇,包括但不限於投資債券、債務 工具、上市股本證券或以項目為基礎的投資。尋求 投資商機時,本集團將考慮潛在回報,亦會盡力減 少潛在市場風險及現金流量風險。

展望將來,為最終實現股東價值最大化及提升其在 此競爭激烈行業的地位,本集團將憑藉其於放債業 務的經驗,繼續致力維持收益及信貸質素。與此同 時,本集團將不時緊密監察其資本基礎,通過各種 方式確保維持充裕的資金,以把握不同潛在機遇。

財務回顧

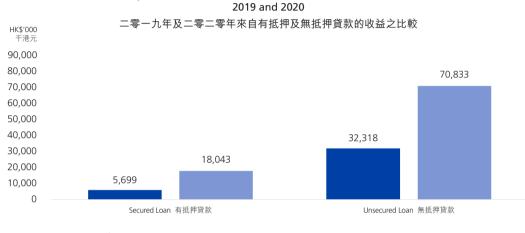
收益

本集團於回顧年度內的收益來自向其客戶提供各 類貸款產品而收取的利息。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,所帶 來的收益約為38,020,000港元,較截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度錄得收益約88,880,000港 元減少約57.23%。由於證券經紀業務於二零一九 年八月中旬終止,故於回顧年度並無來自證券經紀 服務的佣金收入(截至二零一九年十二月三十一 日止年度:微不足道)。

The decrease in revenue was mainly attributable to the decrease in accrued interest on certain past due loans receivables which were matured or impaired during the year under review. The Company will continue to monitor the credit risk of the loans receivables from time to time and modify its credit assessments and control measures when necessary.

收益減少主要是由於回顧年度若干已到期或已減 值的逾期應收貸款的應計利息減少所致。本公司將 繼續不時監察應收貸款的信貸風險,如有需要會修 改信貸評核及監控措施。



Comparison of Revenue from Secured and Unsecured Loans in

■ 2020 二零二零年 ■ 2019 二零一九年

	Revenue breakdown 收益明細		
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unsecured loans	無抵押貸款		
Personal loans	個人貸款	26,532	58,805
Corporate loans	企業貸款	2,581	6,615
Foreign domestic workers loans	外籍家庭傭工貸款	3,205	5,413
Sub-total	小計	32,318	70,833
Secured loans	有抵押貸款		
First property mortgage loans	首次物業按揭貸款	1,532	3,257
Subordinated property mortgage loans	非首次物業按揭貸款	332	603
Other secured loans	其他有抵押貸款	3,835	14,183
Sub-total	小計	5,699	18,043
Total	總計	38,017	88,876

NET INTEREST MARGIN

The Group recorded a net interest margin of approximately 8.96% for the year ended 31 December 2020 in respect of its money lending business.

The above net interest margin represented the ratio of net interest income to the average balance of gross loans receivables as at the end of the year under review after deducting certain amount of past due loans receivables which were matured or impaired during the year under review. The net interest margin calculated on the same basis for the corresponding period last year was approximately 9.84%.

In respect of unsecured loans, the net interest margin decreased from approximately 9.93% for the year ended 31 December 2019 to approximately 9.10% for the year ended 31 December 2020. Meanwhile, net interest margin in respect of secured loans decreased from approximately 9.50% for the year ended 31 December 2019 to approximately 8.45% for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The net interest margin was maintained at a low level which reflects the Group's pricing strategy under the low interest rate environment in the competitive money lending industry.

公式	白	羊
/于	、 と	左

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 就放債業務錄得淨息差約8.96%。

上述淨息差指於回顧年度末淨利息收入對應收貸 款總額平均結餘(經扣除於回顧年度已到期或已 減值的若干逾期應收貸款金額)的比率。去年同期 以相同基準計算的淨息差為約9.84%。

無抵押貸款的淨息差由截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度約9.93%減少至截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度約9.10%。同時,有抵押 貸款的淨息差亦由截至二零一九年十二月三十一 日止年度約9.50%減少至截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度約8.45%。

淨息差維持於較低水平,反映本集團在競爭激烈 的放債行業的低息環境下作出的定價策略。

	淨息差		
		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
Unsecured loans	無抵押貸款		
Individuals	個人	7.97%	9.23%
Corporations	企業	10.45%	10.31%
Foreign domestic workers	外籍家庭傭工	36.31%	43.47%
Secured loans	有抵押貸款		
Individuals	個人	8.91%	11.11%
Corporations	企業	7.83%	8.79%
All loans	所有貸款		
Unsecured loans	無抵押貸款	9.10%	9.93%
Secured loans	有抵押貸款	8.45%	9.50%

OTHER INCOME AND OTHER LOSSES

The Group's other income recorded an increase from approximately HK\$0.04 million for the year ended 31 December 2019 to approximately HK\$1.94 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 which was mainly attributable to the government subsidy received under the Employment Support Scheme launched by the government of Hong Kong under the second round of the "Anti-epidemic Fund" during the year under review.

Meanwhile, the Group recorded other losses of approximately HK\$3.10 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 as compared to other losses of approximately HK\$3.95 million for the year ended 31 December 2019. The decrease in other losses was mainly attributable to the decrease in fair value loss from investment in listed securities (i.e. financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) during the year under review.

Details of other income and other losses are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The Group's administrative expenses for the year under review mainly comprised employment expenses, depreciation charges and the Directors' and officers' insurance premium. Employment expenses included directors' emoluments, employees' salaries, bonuses, mandatory and voluntary provident fund contributions, and insurance premium for employees, etc. Administrative expenses also included occupancy costs and repair and maintenance etc. Occupancy costs included management fees, government rent and rates as well as utilities expenses.

其他收入及其他虧損

本集團的其他收入由截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度約40,000港元增加至截至二零二 零年十二月三十一日止年度約1,940,000港元,主 要由於回顧年度內香港政府推出的第二輪「防疫 抗疫基金」下「保就業」計劃中獲得的政府補貼。

同時,本集團於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度錄得其他虧損約3,100,000港元,而截至二 零一九年十二月三十一日止年度則錄得其他虧損 約3,950,000港元。其他虧損減少主要是由於回顧 年度內上市證券投資(即以公平值計入損益的金 融資產)的公平值虧損減少。

其他收入及其他虧損的詳情分別列載於綜合財務 報表附註8及9。

行政開支

本集團於回顧年度內的行政開支主要包括僱員開 支、折舊費用及董事及高級管理人員保險費。僱員 開支包括董事酬金、僱員薪金、花紅、強制性及自 願性公積金供款以及僱員的保險費用等。行政開 支亦包括租用成本及維修與保養費用等。租用成 本包括管理費、地租及差餉以及水電費用。

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group's administrative expenses decreased and recorded at approximately HK\$25.43 million as compared to approximately HK\$28.06 million for the year ended 31 December 2019 which was mainly attributable to the decrease in employment expenses and depreciation charges for the year under review.

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團的行政開支減少並錄得約25,430,000港元,而 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度則約為 28,060,000港元。行政開支減少主要由於回顧年 度的僱員開支及折舊費用減少所致。

Administrative expenses 行政開支			
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Employment expenses	僱員開支	16,209	17,424
Occupancy costs	租用成本	808	978
Depreciation charges	折舊費用	6,175	7,749
Repair and maintenance and others	維修保養及其他開支	611	467
Insurance premium	保險費	1,626	1,438
Total	總計	25,429	28,056

IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON LOANS RECEIVABLES

The Group's impairment losses mainly relate to expected credit loss ("**ECL**") allowance for loans receivables. Generally speaking, ECL assessment is done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate. The ECL on loans receivables are assessed individually for debtors with significant balances and/or collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings.

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group recorded an impairment loss on loans receivables of approximately HK\$360.19 million as compared to approximately HK\$200.58 million for the corresponding period in 2019. The significant increase in impairment loss on loans receivables is principally due to an increase in loans receivables which have past due during the year ended 31 December 2020.

應收貸款減值虧損

本集團的減值虧損主要與應收貸款預期信貸虧損 (「預期信貸虧損」)撥備有關。一般而言,預期信 貸虧損評估乃根據本集團過往信貸虧損經驗進行, 並根據債務人特定因素、整體經濟狀況以及於報 告日期對當前狀況及未來狀況預測的評估(包括 貨幣時間價值(如適用))作出調整。應收貸款的 預期信貸虧損乃就具有重大結餘的債務人進行個 別評估及/或使用具有適當分組的撥備矩陣進行 集體評估。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 錄得應收貸款減值虧損約360,190,000港元,而二 零一九年同期則為約200,580,000港元。應收貸 款減值虧損大幅增加主要是由於截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度已逾期的應收貸款增加所 致。

The impairment loss of approximately HK\$360.19 million for the year under review mainly derived from unsecured loans, involving individual and corporate borrowers, with principal amounts ranging from HK\$7,000 to HK\$40 million for unsecured personal loans and from HK\$4 million to HK\$18 million for unsecured corporate loans. The tenure of the majority of the above unsecured loans ranged from 3 to 36 months and the effective interest rates ranged from 6.5% per annum to 54% per annum. Secured loans accounted for around 20% of the impairment loss and were secured by equity interest in listed companies and private companies.

The Group performs collective assessment on impairment allowance for the loans receivables at least on a quarterly basis by dividing its loans receivables into different groups according to the loan types, with each loan type sharing similar credit risk characteristics, and calculates the ECL for each loan type. The measurement of impairment allowance for collective assessment is mainly based on the amount of loans receivables of each loan type at a point of time and will take into account the probability of default (which may be affected by the duration of delinquency and is calculated by using the adjusted transition rate as the key input from the Markov Chain Model) and loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default which is estimated with reference to the loans receivables' historical bad debt recovery rate and cash flows from the realisation of its collateral, if any) pertaining to that particular loan type, which are derived from the assessment made by the external professional valuer as at the latest year-end date based on the historical repayment performance of different loan types and adjusted by forwardlooking information such as the economic and financial environment and expected unemployment rate, etc.

The Group also performs monthly individual assessment on impairment allowance for the loans receivables. For individual assessment, the amount of impairment allowance on loans receivables will be considered on a case-bycase basis by way of discounted cash flow, taking into account, among other factors, the expected date of recovery and the fair value of the collateral (if any).

For further details of the accounting policies regarding the impairment of financial assets (including loans receivables) and the financial risk management policies in respect of loans receivables, please refer to section (F) of note 4 and section (B) of note 30 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

回顧年度之減值虧損約360,190,000港元主要來自 無抵押貸款,涉及個人及企業借款人,無抵押個人 貸款之本金額介乎7,000港元至40,000,000港元, 而無抵押企業貸款之本金額介乎4,000,000港元至 18,000,000港元。上述無抵押貸款的期限大部分 介乎3至36個月,實際年利率介乎6.5%至54%。有 抵押貸款佔減值虧損約20%,並以上市公司及私 營公司的股權作為抵押。

本集團至少每季對應收貸款的減值撥備進行集體 評估,方式為按貸款類別將應收貸款分為不同組 別(同類貸款須具備相似的信貸風險特質),再按 不同貸款類別計算預期信貸虧損。於集體評估時, 本集團主要根據某一時間點各類貸款的應收貸款 金額計量減值撥備,並將計及有關貸款類別的違 約概率(可能受逾期日數影響並以經調整的過渡 日期作為馬爾可夫鏈模型的主要輸入數據進行計 算)及違約損失率(即出現違約時虧損的程度,乃 參考應收貸款之過往壞賬收回率及變現其抵押品 所產生的現金流(如有)進行估計),以上兩項均 源自外聘專業估值師於最新年結日作出的評估, 而其評估則以各類貸款的過往還款表現為基礎, 並按前瞻性資料(例如經濟與金融環境以及預期 失業率等)作出調整。

本集團亦對應收貸款的減值撥備進行每月獨立評 估。於獨立評估時,以折現現金流方式個別考慮應 收貸款的減值撥備金額,並將計及(其中包括)預 期收回日期及抵押品的公平值(如有)。

有關金融資產(包括應收貸款)減值之會計政策及 有關應收貸款財務風險管理政策之進一步詳情, 請分別參閱綜合財務報表附註4的(F)部分及附註 30 的(B)部分。

Credit risk assessments were performed by the Group before each loan was advanced. Identity checks, financial background checks and, where applicable, relevant public searches (such as litigation search, company search and land search) were conducted on the borrowers and, where applicable, the guarantor and/or the underlying companies whose shares were charged to the Group as security. In credit assessment, the Company will normally take into account factors including, but not limited to, personal/financial background and repayment ability of the borrowers, internal and external credit checking results, the borrowers' repayment record in other financial institutions and, where applicable, value of the to-be-pledged collateral and the availability of any guarantee. During the year under review, the Group was satisfied with the credit worthiness and the repayment ability of the borrowers after conducting the credit risk assessment.

The Group also adopts a "two eyes" process requiring credit approval at successively higher levels or by the credit committee of the board of Directors ("**Board**") depending on, among other things, the size and nature of the proposed transactions.

Subsequent to the drawdown of loans, to ensure that loans repayments are punctual and past due accounts are handled efficiently, the Group actively reviews and monitors the loan repayment status under the supervision of the management on a regular basis.

During the year under review, the Group has closely monitored the loans receivables for the purpose of assessing credit risk and has put more effort in the collection procedures of the loans receivables, such as making phone calls and sending reminders to the relevant customers from time to time. The Company may also negotiate with customers on the repayment arrangements on a case-by-case basis according to the circumstances of the customers, especially during the COVID-19 pandemic. Legal actions may be brought against the relevant customers depending on the actual circumstances on a case-by-case basis.

During the collection procedures in the year under review, the Group discovered that certain customers experienced difficulties in repayments which may have arisen due to the recent changes in the economic and financial environment and other personal reasons. Among other factors, the expected longer period of recovery and the lower possibility of full repayment of the loans receivables had led to a significant increase in credit risk, thereby significantly increasing the impairment loss on loans receivables for the year ended 31 December 2020 which accounts for expected credit losses. The uncertainty in the repayment performance of certain customers of the Group has also led to a significant increase in the impairment loss on loans receivables on individual assessment during the year ended 31 December 2020.

本集團於發放每筆貸款前進行信貸風險評估。對 借款人及(如適用)擔保人及/或股份抵押予本集 團作為抵押品的相關公司進行身份核查、財務背 景調查及(如適用)相關公開信息搜索(如訴訟搜 索、公司搜索及土地搜索)。於信貸評估時,本公 司一般會考慮多項因素,包括但不限於借款人的 個人/財務背景及還款能力、內部及外部信貸審 查結果、借款人於其他金融機構的還款記錄及(如 適用)將予抵押的抵押品的價值以及是否有任何 擔保。於回顧年度,本集團於進行信貸風險評估後 信納借款人的信譽及還款能力。

本集團同時採用「雙眼」程序,根據(其中包括)擬 進行交易的規模及性質,要求由低級至高級或由 董事會(「**董事會**」)信貸委員會作出信貸批准。

於貸款提取後,為確保貸款準時償還及高效處理 逾期賬款,本集團在管理層的監督下定期積極檢 討及監察貸款還款狀況。

於回顧年度,本集團密切監察應收貸款情況,藉此 評估信貸風險,並且加大了對應收貸款追收過程 的力度,例如不時致電相關客戶及向其寄發還款 提示。本公司亦可能會因應個別客戶的實際情況, 與客戶商討還款安排,尤其是於2019冠狀病毒病 疫情期間。視乎個別個案的實際情況,本集團或會 對有關客戶採取法律行動。

於回顧年度的追收過程中,本集團發現部分客戶 出現還款困難的情況,這種情況可能是因近期經 濟及金融環境的變動以及其他個人原因所致。除 其他因素以外,應收貸款的預期回收期延長以及 悉數還款的可能性降低,均導致信貸風險大幅增 加,因此於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的應收貸款減值虧損大幅增加,導致預期信貸 虧損。於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團部分客戶的還款表現存有不確定性,此情 況亦令獨立評估的應收貸款減值虧損大幅增加。

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Impairment allowances for loans receivables on	獨立評估的應收貸款減值撥備		
individual assessment		414,963	4,328
Impairment allowances for loans receivables on	集體評估的應收貸款減值撥備		
collective assessment		(54,770)	196,253
Total	總計	360,193	200,581

Impairment loss on loans receivables 應收貸款減值虧損

OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

The Group's other operating expenses for the year ended 31 December 2020 mainly comprised legal and professional fees, audit fees, other general expenses and advertising and promotion expenses.

As compared to approximately HK\$10.37 million for the year ended 31 December 2019, other operating expenses for the year ended 31 December 2020 decreased to approximately HK\$9.36 million, which was mainly owing to the decrease in legal and professional fees as well as the decrease in advertising and promotion expenses.

其他經營開支

本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的 其他經營開支主要包括法律及專業費用、審計費 用、其他一般開支以及廣告及推廣開支。

與截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度約 10,370,000港元相比,截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度的其他經營開支減少至約 9,360,000港元,主要由於法律及專業費用減少以 及廣告及推廣開支減少所致。

其他經營開支			
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Legal and professional fees	法律及專業費用	3,192	3,972
Audit fees	審計費用	780	805
Advertising and promotion expenses	廣告及推廣開支	567	995
Other general expenses	其他一般開支	4,820	4,601
Total	總計	9,359	10,373

Other operating expenses

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FINANCE COSTS

The Group's finance costs for the year ended 31 December 2020 mainly comprised interest expenses on lease liabilities, interest expenses on consideration payable and interest expenses on bond payable. Finance costs slightly increased and recorded at approximately HK\$0.27 million for the year ended 31 December 2020, as compared to approximately HK\$0.19 million for the year ended 31 December 2019.

財務費用

本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的 財務費用,主要包括租賃負債的利息開支、應付代 價的利息開支及應付債券的利息開支。截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日止年度,財務費用輕微增 加並錄得約270,000港元,而截至二零一九年十二 月三十一日止年度則約為190,000港元。

	財務費用		
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	租賃負債的利息開支	97	187
Interest expenses on consideration payable	應付代價的利息開支	95	-
Interest expenses on bond payable	應付債券的利息開支	81	-
Total	總計	273	187

Finance costs

LOSS FOR THE YEAR

年內虧損

For the year under review, the Group recorded a significant increase in the consolidated loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$367.61 million as compared to the consolidated loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$132.89 million for the year ended 31 December 2019, which is principally due to (i) a decrease in revenue for the year under review and (ii) a significant increase in impairment loss on loans receivables for the year under review as disclosed under the paragraphs headed "Revenue" and "Impairment Loss on Loans Receivables" above.

於回顧年度,相較截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度本公司擁有人應佔綜合虧損約 132,890,000港元,本集團錄得本公司擁有人應佔 綜合虧損大幅增加至約367,610,000港元,此乃主 要由於(i)回顧年度的收益減少及(ii)回顧年度的應 收貸款減值虧損大幅增加所致(如上文「收益」及 「應收貸款減值虧損」各段中所披露)。

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

For the year under review, the Group financed its operations by cash flow from operating activities and proceeds from issuance of bond.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$14.38 million (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$17.08 million), all of which were denominated in Hong Kong dollars. There is no minimum capital requirement for the Group's principal money lending business. The Board considers that the cash level of the Group as at 31 December 2020 was satisfactory in terms of fund utilisation.

There was no bank borrowing as at 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2020. As at 31 December 2020, the Group had a bond payable in the principal amount of HK\$10 million. As for the details of the bond payable, please refer to note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2020, the net current assets of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$237.71 million (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$668.87 million) and the current ratio, being the ratio of current assets to current liabilities, was approximately 17.35 times (31 December 2019: approximately 76.22 times). The drop in current ratio was mainly attributable to a decrease in current portion of loans receivables and an increase in bond payable for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The Group adopted a treasury policy with the aims to utilise the surplus and/or idle funds of the Group and to achieve capital appreciation in the long-term. Under the treasury policy, the Group may invest in diversified investment products which the Board thinks fit, including but not limited to government bonds, debt instruments and listed equity securities on the Stock Exchange.

Where appropriate, the Group may apply for loans and/or credit facilities from independent third parties and banks and may conduct fund raising activities by issuing equity shares and/or loan notes.

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL AND FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

During the year ended 31 December 2020, there had been no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures by the Group. The Group had no specific future plan for material investments or capital assets as at 31 December 2020.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD

As at 31 December 2020, the Group did not hold any significant investments exceeding 5% of the total asset value of the Group.

流動資金、財務資源及資本結構

於回顧年度,本集團的營運資金來自經營活動所 得現金流量及發行債券所得款項。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的銀行及 現金結餘約14,380,000港元(二零一九年十二月 三十一日:約17,080,000港元),全部均以港元計 值。本集團主要放債業務並無最低資金規定。就 資金運用而言,董事會認為本集團於二零二零年 十二月三十一日的現金水平狀況令人滿意。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日及二零二零年十二 月三十一日,並無銀行借款。於二零二零年十二月 三十一日,本集團應付債券之本金額為10,000,000 港元。有關應付債券的詳情,請參閱綜合財務報表 附註23。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的流動資 產淨值約237,710,000港元(二零一九年十二月 三十一日:約668,870,000港元),而流動比率(即 流動資產除以流動負債的比率)約為17.35倍(二 零一九年十二月三十一日:約76.22倍)。流動比率 下跌乃主要由於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度的應收貸款的流動部分減少及應付債券增 加所致。

本集團已採納庫務政策,目的為運用本集團盈餘 及/或閒置資金,長遠而言達致資金增值。根據庫 務政策,本集團或會投資於董事會認為合適的多 元化投資產品,包括但不限於政府債券、債務工具 及聯交所上市股本證券。

倘合適,本集團或申請來自獨立第三方及銀行的 貸款及/或信貸融資,又或透過發行權益股份及/ 或貸款票據進行集資活動。

重大收購及出售以及重大投資或 資本資產的未來計劃

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,並無重 大收購或出售本集團附屬公司、聯營公司及合營 企業。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並無 重大投資或資本資產的具體未來計劃。

所持重大投資

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並無持有 任何超過本集團資產總值5%的重大投資。

INFORMATION ON EMPLOYEES

As at 31 December 2020, the Group employed a total of 31 staff (as at 31 December 2019: 43 staff). Total remuneration of employees (including directors' emoluments) for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$15.88 million (for the year ended 31 December 2019: approximately HK\$17.12 million). The Group's remuneration policies are formulated on the basis of performance, gualifications and experience of individual employees and with reference to the prevailing market conditions. The remuneration packages of the employees of the Group comprise monthly fixed salaries and discretionary year-end bonus which may be given to employees based on their individual performance as recognition of and reward for their contributions. The employees are also entitled to participate in the share option scheme adopted by the Company ("Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants, including the employees, who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Further details of the Share Option Scheme are set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group adopted a staff training and development policy with the aims to improve and enhance its competitiveness in the financial market as high quality staff training forms the foundation of the provision of superior financial services to the customers. Staff training (including the distribution of training materials) is provided regularly on any updates or information in relation to money lending, anti-money laundering ("AML") and anti-corruption with reference to the fast-changing market environment, the business objectives of the Group and the relevant requirements of the regulatory bodies.

CHARGES ON THE GROUP'S ASSETS

As at 31 December 2020, the Group has pledged loans receivables with an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$32 million as security for a bond issued by the Group during the year under review. Further details of the pledge of loans receivables and the bond are set out in notes 20 and 23 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

GEARING RATIO

Gearing ratio is calculated as the net debt (being total liabilities less bank and cash balances) divided by the sum of the adjusted capital (being the share capital, retained profits/accumulated losses and other reserves) and net debt.

The Group recorded a net debt of approximately HK\$2.20 million as at 31 December 2020 (as at 31 December 2019: net cash of approximately HK\$8.19 million). Therefore, the gearing ratio was approximately 0.44% as at 31 December 2020 (as at 31 December 2019: approximately -0.95%).

僱員資料

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團共有31 名員工(於二零一九年十二月三十一日:43名員 工)。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的 僱員薪酬總額(包括董事酬金)約為15,880,000港 元(截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度:約 17,120,000港元)。本集團的薪酬政策乃根據個別 僱員的表現、資格及經驗,以及參考當前市況擬定。 本集團的僱員薪酬方案涵蓋固定月薪,以及根據 個人表現可能向僱員發放的酌情年終花紅,作為 對彼等貢獻的認可及獎勵。僱員亦有權參與本公 司採納的購股權計劃(「**購股權計劃**」),以獎勵和 激勵為本集團業務邁向成功而貢獻的合資格參與 人(包括僱員)。購股權的更多詳情列載於綜合財 務報表附註27。

本集團已採納員工培訓及發展政策,藉此改善及 提升其於金融市場的競爭力,因頂尖的員工培訓 為向客戶提供優越金融服務的基石。員工培訓(包 括分發培訓材料)會因應瞬息萬變的市場環境、本 集團的業務目標及監管機構的相關規定,定期提 供有關放債行業、打擊洗錢(「**打擊洗錢**」)及反貪 污的任何最新狀況或資料。

本集團資產的押記

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團已抵押總 額約為32,000,000港元之應收貸款,作為本集團 於回顧年度已發行債券之擔保。有關抵押應收貸 款及債券之進一步詳情分別列載於綜合財務報表 附註20及23。

資產負債比率

資產負債比率按債務淨額(即負債總額減銀行及 現金結餘)除以經調整資本(即股本、保留溢利/ 累計虧損及其他儲備)與債務淨額的總和計算所 得。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團錄得債 務淨額約2,200,000港元(於二零一九年十二月 三十一日:現金淨額約8,190,000港元)。因此, 於二零二零年十二月三十一日的資產負債比率 為約0.44%(於二零一九年十二月三十一日: 約-0.95%)。

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

During the year under review, the Group was principally engaged in the money lending business in Hong Kong. As the revenue and cost of business are principally denominated in Hong Kong dollars, the exposure to the risk of foreign exchange rate fluctuations for the Group is minimal. Hence, no financial instrument for hedging was employed during the year ended 31 December 2020.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Details of the Group's contingent liabilities are set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

SUSPENSION OF TRADING

Trading in the shares of the Company has been suspended since 24 November 2017 pursuant to the direction of the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong ("**SFC**") made under Section 8(1) of the Securities and Futures (Stock Market Listing) Rules (Chapter 571V of the Laws of Hong Kong) and will remain suspended until further notice.

Announcements were made by the Company on 1 August 2018, 1 November 2018, 1 February 2019, 2 May 2019, 1 August 2019, 1 November 2019, 31 January 2020, 29 April 2020, 31 July 2020, 30 October 2020 and 1 February 2021 pursuant to Rule 17.26A of the GEM Listing Rules.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 24 June 2019, the Stock Exchange has withheld exercising its right to delist the Company although trading in its shares remained suspended on 31 July 2019. As such, trading in the shares of the Company will continue to be suspended until further notice.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 1 February 2021, the Company has made further submission to the Enforcement Division of the SFC on 31 December 2020 and has continued its effort in communicating with and addressing the concern of the SFC with a view to achieving a resumption of trading of its shares as soon as possible. The Company's trade resumption application is still pending and the Company is not in a position to provide any concrete resumption timeframe at this stage. The Company and its legal representatives will closely follow up with this matter.

匯兑風險

於回顧年度,本集團主要於香港從事放債業務。由 於業務收益及成本主要以港元計值,本集團面臨 的匯率波動風險微乎其微。因此,本集團於截至二 零二零年十二月三十一日止年度並未使用任何金 融工具進行對沖。

或然負債

有關本集團或然負債的詳情列載於綜合財務報表 附註28。

暫停買賣

根據香港證券及期貨事務監察委員會(「**證監會**」) 按香港法例第571V章《證券及期貨(在證券市場 上市)規則》第8(1)條作出的指示,本公司股份已 自二零一七年十一月二十四日起暫停買賣,且將 維持暫停買賣直至另行通知為止。

本公司已根據GEM上市規則第17.26A條,於二零 一八年八月一日、二零一八年十一月一日、二零 一九年二月一日、二零一九年五月二日、二零一九 年八月一日、二零一九年十一月一日、二零二零年 一月三十一日、二零二零年四月二十九日、二零二 零年七月三十一日、二零二零年十月三十日及二 零二一年二月一日刊發公告。

誠如本公司日期為二零一九年六月二十四日之 公告所披露,儘管本公司股份於二零一九年七月 三十一日仍然暫停買賣,但聯交所保留行使其將 本公司除牌的權利。因此,本公司股份將繼續暫停 買賣,直至另行通知為止。

誠如本公司日期為二零二一年二月一日的公告所 披露,本公司於二零二零年十二月三十一日向證 監會法規執行部提交進一步陳述,並繼續努力與 證監會溝通及回應其質詢,以求盡快恢復股份買 賣。本公司的復牌申請現時仍待批核,本公司現階 段無法提供任何具體復牌時間表。本公司及其法 律代表將密切跟進此事。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

Pursuant to Rule 18.44(2) of the GEM Listing Rules, the Board is pleased to present this corporate governance report ("**CG Report**") for the year ended 31 December 2020. This CG Report highlights the key corporate governance practices of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance. The Directors believe that sound and reasonable corporate governance practices are essential for the growth of the Group and for safeguarding the shareholders' interests. The principles set out in the Corporate Governance Code ("**CG Code**") contained in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules have been applied in maintaining an effective Board, sound internal controls, and transparency and accountability to all shareholders.

To the best knowledge of the Board, throughout the year ended 31 December 2020, save for the code provisions A.2.1 to A.2.9, A.6.5 and E.1.2 of the CG Code as detailed below, the Company had complied with all the code provisions set out in the CG Code and no other deviation from the CG Code during the year had been noted by the Company.

Details of the deviations from code provisions A.2.1 to A.2.9, A.6.5 and E.1.2 of the CG Code are set out under the paragraphs headed "Chairman and Chief Executive Officer", "Directors' Induction and Continuing Professional Development Programme" and "Communications With Shareholders And Investors And Investor Relations" in this CG Report.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiries of all the Directors, each of the Directors confirmed that he/she had complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors adopted by the Company throughout the year ended 31 December 2020. No incident of non-compliance during the year was noted by the Company. 根據GEM上市規則第18.44(2)條,董事會欣然提呈 此截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的企業 管治報告(「**企業管治報告**」)。本企業管治報告概 述本公司的主要企業管治常規。

企業管治常規

本公司致力於維持高水平的企業管治。董事深信 完善及合理的企業管治常規對於本集團的發展及 保障股東權益至關重要。GEM上市規則附錄十五 的企業管治常規守則(「**企業管治守則**」)所載原則 經已應用,以維持具效率的董事會、穩固內部監控 及對全體股東的透明度和問責。

據董事會所深知,截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度全年,除企業管治守則第A.2.1至A.2.9 條、第A.6.5條及第E.1.2條守則條文外,本公司已 遵守載於企業管治守則之全部守則條文,且本公 司並無發現年內有其他偏離企業管治守則的事件。

有關偏離企業管治守則第A.2.1至A.2.9條、第A.6.5 條及第E.1.2條守則條文的詳情,載於本企業管治 報告「主席及行政總裁」、「董事的就任須知及持 續專業發展計劃」及「與股東及投資者保持溝通及 投資者關係」各段。

董事的證券交易

本公司已採納有關董事進行證券交易的操守守則, 其條款不遜於GEM上市規則第5.48條至第5.67條 所載的交易必守標準。經向全體董事作特定查詢 後,每位董事均確認彼已於截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度一直遵守交易必守標準及本公 司所採納的有關董事進行證券交易的操守守則。 年內本公司並無發現任何違規事件。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RESPONSIBILITIES AND DELEGATION OF THE BOARD

The Board has a balance of skill and experience and a balanced composition of executive and non-executive Directors. It is responsible for formulating the Group's long-term strategy, determining and approving the Group's significant transactions and supervising the management to ensure thorough implementation of the Group's policies and effective performance of their duties. The Board also communicates with the shareholders of the Company and regulatory bodies and makes recommendation to the shareholders on final dividend and approves the declaration of any interim dividend.

The Board is accountable to the shareholders for the strategic development of the Company with the goal of maximising long-term shareholders' value, while balancing broader stakeholders' interests.

The Company has complied with Rules 5.05(1) and (2), and 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules that the Board includes at least three independent non-executive Directors, which represents at least one-third of the Board and at least one of the independent non-executive Directors possesses the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company received an annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors stating his independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and considers each of them to be independent.

Biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors" from pages 39 to 41 of the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020.

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the company secretary of the Company ("**Company Secretary**"), management staff and the compliance officer who is mainly responsible for ensuring that the Company is in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules and advising the Board on compliance matters. Directors are also provided with access to independent professional advice, where necessary, in carrying out their obligations as Directors, at the expense of the Company.

董事會

董事會的職責及授權

董事會擁有全面之專長及經驗,且執行董事及非 執行董事之組合亦均衡合理。董事會負責制定本 集團的長期策略、釐定及批准本集團的重大交易, 並監督管理層以確保本集團的政策獲徹底落實以 及確保彼等均有效地履行職務。董事會亦會與本 公司股東及監管機構溝通,以及就派發末期股息 向股東作出推薦建議,並批准宣派任何中期股息。

董事會須就本公司的策略發展向股東負責,以為 股東謀取最大長期價值為目標,同時平衡廣大持 份者的利益。

本公司已遵守GEM上市規則第5.05(1)及(2)條以及 第5.05A條,即董事會包括至少三名獨立非執行董 事,且獨立非執行董事人數至少佔董事會成員的 三分之一,其中至少一名獨立非執行董事具備適 當的專業資格,或具備適當的會計或相關的財務 管理專長。

本公司亦已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據GEM上市 規則第5.09條發出的獨立性年度確認書,且認為 彼等均為獨立人士。

董事的履歷載於本公司截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度之年報第39頁至第41頁的「董事 之履歷」一節。

全體董事均有權獲得本公司之公司秘書(「**公司秘** 書」)、管理人員及監察主任提供的意見及服務。 監察主任主要負責確保本公司符合GEM上市規則 的規定及就合規事宜向董事會提供意見。董事亦 有權於履行其作為董事的職責時獲提供獨立專業 意見(如有需要),費用由本公司承擔。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告 (continued) (continued)

The Board has delegated the day-to-day management to the executive Directors and management staff of the Company who regularly review the financial results and performance of the Group and make financial and operational decisions for the implementation of strategies and plans approved by the Board.

There is no relationship (financial, business, family or otherwise) between members of the Board and between the chairman of the Board ("**Chairman**") and the chief executive officer of the Company ("**Chief Executive Officer**").

ROTATION AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to the bye-laws of the Company ("**Bye-laws**"), at each annual general meeting ("**AGM**"), one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Such retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election and shall continue to act as a Director throughout the meeting at which he retires.

In accordance with the Bye-laws, the Directors shall have the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or, subject to authorisation by the shareholders in general meeting, as an addition to the existing Board. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of shareholders of the Company after their appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following AGM and shall then be eligible for re-election.

The executive Directors have entered into service agreements with the Company for a term of no more than three years. The Company has also issued a letter of appointment to each of the independent non-executive Directors for a term of two years. All Directors are subject to retirement, re-election and removal in accordance with the Bye-laws.

董事會已授權執行董事及本公司管理人員負責日 常管理職能,而彼等會定期檢討本集團的財務業 績及表現,以及就經董事會批准的策略及計劃的 實行作出財務及營運決策。

董事會成員之間及本公司董事會主席(「**主席**」)與 行政總裁(「**行政總裁**」)之間概無任何關係(不論 是財政、業務、家庭或其他方面)。

董事輪席退任及重選

根據本公司之細則(「公司細則」),當時三分之一 的董事(或若總數並非三之倍數,則為最接近但不 少於三分之一的數目)須於每屆股東週年大會(「股 東週年大會」)上輪席退任,惟每名董事須最少每 三年輪值退任一次。有關退任董事均符合資格膺 選連任,並在其退任的大會中繼續作為董事。

根據公司細則,董事有權不時及隨時委任任何人 士出任董事,以填補董事會的臨時空缺或作為現 有董事會的新增成員,惟須經股東於股東大會上 授權後,方告作實。任何獲董事會委任以填補臨時 空缺的董事,其任期將直至獲委任後的首次本公 司股東大會為止,並須於該大會上重選連任,而任 何獲董事會委任作為現有董事會新增成員的董事, 其任期僅至下屆股東週年大會,屆時將合資格膺 選連任。

執行董事與本公司訂立的服務協議為期均不超過 三年。本公司亦已向各獨立非執行董事發出委任 書,委任期為兩年。全體董事均受公司細則有關退 任、重選連任及罷免的條文所限。

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code provides that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual and code provisions A.2.2 to A.2.9 set out the main responsibilities of the chairman. As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 11 March 2020, Mr. Li Sin Hung Maxim, a former executive Director and Chairman of the Board, passed away on 9 March 2020. Since then and up to the date of this report, the position of the Chairman has remained vacant. Compliance with code provisions A.2.1 to A.2.9 was therefore not possible during the year ended 31 December 2020.

Notwithstanding the absence of a Chairman, the Board, which comprises experienced Directors who meet from time to time to discuss issues affecting the operation of the Group, has been able to continue performing its functions effectively and efficiently. In view of the simple structure of the Company, significant decisions are made by the Board as a whole while the daily operation and management are monitored by the Chief Executive Officer. Before each Board meeting, all Directors receive adequate information and relevant documents in a timely manner and are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings. All Directors, including the independent nonexecutive Directors, have made different contributions to the issues discussed at the Board meetings and the Board was able to make and implement decisions promptly in response to the changing environment.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, Mr. Tsang Yan Kwong acted as the Chief Executive Officer until his resignation on 19 March 2020 and Ms. Ho Yuen May May was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer on the same date. The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for overseeing the Company's day-to-day management and operations as well as to implement objectives, strategies and policies approved and delegated by the Board.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Under the code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term and subject to re-election. As at the date of this CG Report, the Company had five independent non-executive Directors and each of them entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of two years.

主席及行政總裁

企業管治守則第A.2.1條守則條文規定,主席及行 政總裁的角色應分開,不應由同一人擔任,而第 A.2.2至A.2.9條守則條文列明主席的主要職責。誠 如本公司日期為二零二零年三月十一日的公告所 披露,前執行董事兼董事會主席李錦洪先生於二 零二零年三月九日離世。自此及截至本報告日期, 主席職位仍然懸空。因此,於截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度無法遵守第A.2.1至A.2.9條守 則條文。

儘管主席職位懸空,董事會由經驗豐富的董事組 成,不時會面以討論影響本集團營運的事宜,其能 夠繼續有效及高效運作。鑑於本公司架構簡單,重 大決策由董事會全體作出,而日常營運及管理則 由行政總裁監管。每次董事會會議前,全體董事適 時獲發充足資料及相關文件及適當知悉董事會會 議上提出的事宜。全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事) 對董事會會議所討論事宜作出不同貢獻,且董事 會可迅速作出及執行決定,以應對不斷變化的環 境。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,曾仁光 先生擔任行政總裁職務直至其於二零二零年三月 十九日辭任止,同日,何婉薇女士獲委任為本公司 行政總裁。行政總裁負責監管本公司的日常管理 及營運,以及落實由董事會批准及授權的目標、策 略及政策。

非執行董事

根據企業管治守則第A.4.1條守則條文,非執行董 事應以特定任期委任並須重選連任。於本企業管 治報告日期,本公司有五名獨立非執行董事,彼等 各自已與本公司訂立為期兩年的委任書。

BOARD MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE

Regular Board meetings are scheduled to be held four times a year on a quarterly basis with notice given to the Directors at least 14 days in advance. For other Board meetings involving discussion and resolution of significant issues in relation to the operation of the Company, notice is given in a reasonable time in advance.

Before each Board meeting, all Directors are provided with a draft agenda and the accompanying board papers at least three days in advance or such other period as agreed in order to allow the Directors to include any other matters in the agenda that are required to be discussed or resolved at the meeting. To enable the Directors to make informed decisions, adequate and appropriate information in relation to the matters of the meeting are also sent to all Directors in a timely manner. According to the GEM Listing Rules, any director who or whose close associates (or associates for connected transactions) have a material interest in the contract or arrangement or any other proposal to be approved at a board meeting shall abstain from voting on the relevant resolutions and not to be counted in the quorum at the meeting.

The Company Secretary is responsible for keeping all minutes of the Board meetings. Draft minutes are normally circulated to Directors for comments within reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is made available to them for their review and signing.

董事會會議及出席記錄

董事會預定每年按季定期舉行四次董事會會議, 並至少提前十四日向董事發出通知。就需討論及 議決本公司營運的重大事宜而舉行的其他董事會 會議,通知將於合理時間提前發出。

全體董事將於各董事會會議舉行前至少三日或事 先協定的其他日期獲發議程草案及隨附董事會文 件,以允許董事將任何其他需於會議上討論及議 決的事宜納入議程。為使董事作出知情決定,與會 議討論事項有關的足夠及適當資料亦會及時發送 予全體董事。根據GEM上市規則,任何董事本人或 其緊密聯繫人(或關連交易的聯繫人)於即將在董 事會會議上審批的合約或安排或任何其他建議中 擁有重大利益,該董事須放棄就相關決議案投票, 並且不得計入有關會議的法定人數。

公司秘書負責保存所有董事會會議記錄。會議記錄 錄草案一般會於各會議後合理時間內向董事傳閱 以供其發表意見,而最終版本則可供董事審閱及 簽署。

The attendance record of each Director at the Board meetings and general meetings during the year ended 31 December 2020 is set out in the following table:

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,各董 事出席董事會會議及股東大會的次數表列如下:

Number of meetings attended/number

		Number of meetings attended/number	
		of meetings held during the tenure of	
		the relevant Direc	-
		ended 31 Dec	ember 2020
		出席會議次數	~在相關董事
		於截至二零二零年十二	月三十一日止年度之
		任期內所舉行	的會議次數
		Board meeting	General meeting
		董事會會議	股東大會
Total number of meetings held during the year	於截至二零二零年		
ended 31 December 2020	十二月三十一日止年度內		
	舉行的會議總次數	9	1
Name of Directors	董事姓名		
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Li Sin Hung Maxim <i>(former Chairman)</i> –	李鳈洪先生(<i>前任主席)</i>		
deceased on 9 March 2020	-於二零二零年		
	三月九日離世	0/0	0/0
Ms. Xie Si	謝絲女士	2/9	1/1
Mr. Wong Kai Lun	黃啟倫先生	9/9	1/1
Ms. Lai Szu Yu	賴思妤女士	9/9	1/1
Ms. Ho Yuen May May – appointed as an executive	何婉薇女士 <i>於二零二零年</i>		
Director on 7 October 2020	十月七日獲委任為執行董事	0/0	0/0
	ᅋᅶᆚᄔᆂᅸᆂ		
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Dr. Fung Kam Man	馮錦文博士	9/9	1/1
Mr. Wang Zhiwei	王志維先生	9/9	1/1
Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain	陳通德先生	9/9	1/1
Mr. Li Long	李龍先生	9/9	1/1
Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo	蔡思聰先生	9/9	1/1

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告 (continued) ((continued))

DIRECTORS' INDUCTION AND CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

According to code provision A.6.1 of the CG Code, every newly appointed director of an issuer should receive a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on appointment. Ms. Ho Yuen May May, an executive Director who was appointed during the year ended 31 December 2020, had received tailored induction package covering topics such as responsibilities of directors of listed companies as well as continuing obligations and compliance requirements of listed companies under the GEM Listing Rules.

Code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code requires all directors to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. To ensure that all Directors' contribution to the Board remain informed and relevant, during the year ended 31 December 2020, the Directors, namely Ms. Xie Si, Mr. Wong Kai Lun, Ms. Lai Szu Yu, Ms. Ho Yuen May May, Dr. Fung Kam Man, Mr. Wang Zhiwei, Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain, Mr. Li Long and Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo, had participated in continuous professional development by attending training courses provided by professional firms or institutions, or reading materials provided by the Company regarding updates on the GEM Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements. Mr. Li Sin Hung Maxim, a former executive Director and Chairman of the Board, passed away on 9 March 2020 and did not attend any directors' training during his tenure as a Director for the period from 1 January 2020 to 9 March 2020. Save as disclosed above, all Directors confirmed that they had complied with the code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code during the year under review.

BOARD COMMITTEES

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee was established in 2011 with its written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the audit committee comprised four independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo (chairman of the audit committee), Dr. Fung Kam Man, Mr. Wang Zhiwei and Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain.

董事的就任須知及持續專業發展計劃

根據企業管治守則第A.6.1條守則條文,每名新委 任的董事均應在受委任時獲得全面、正式兼特為 其而設的就任須知。執行董事何婉薇女士於截至 二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度內獲委任,彼 已獲得特為其而設的就任須知方案,內容涵蓋有 關上市公司董事的職責以及GEM上市規則下上市 公司的持續責任及合規要求的主題。

企業管治守則第A.6.5條守則條文要求所有董事參 與持續專業發展,以發展並更新其知識及技能。為 確保所有董事對董事會作出知情及相關的貢獻, 於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,列位 董事,即謝絲女士、黃啟倫先生、賴思妤女士、何 婉薇女士、馮錦文博士、王志維先生、陳通德先生、 李龍先生及蔡思聰先生已藉著出席專業公司或 機構提供的培訓課程,或閱讀本公司所提供關於 GEM上市規則及相關監管要求的最新資訊的閱讀 材料,參與持續專業發展。前執行董事兼董事會主 席李鳈洪先生於二零二零年三月九日離世,彼於 二零二零年一月一日至二零二零年三月九日的董 事任期內並未參加任何董事培訓。除上文披露者 外,所有董事已確認彼等已於回顧年度遵守企業 管治守則第A.6.5條守則條文。

董事委員會

審核委員會

審核委員會於二零一一年成立,其書面職權範圍 符合企業管治守則。於截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,審核委員會由四名獨立非執行 董事組成,即蔡思聰先生(審核委員會主席)、馮 錦文博士、王志維先生及陳通德先生。

The audit committee held 4 meetings during the year ended 31 December 2020. The composition of the audit committee and the attendance record of each member at the audit committee meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out below:

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 審核委 員會召開四次會議。審核委員會組成及各成員於 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度舉行的審 核委員會會議的出席記錄表列如下:

> Number of meetings attended/number of meetings held during

4/4

		the tenure of the
		relevant member for
		the year ended
		31 December 2020
		出席會議次數/在相關
		成員於截至二零二零年
		十二月三十一日
		止年度之任期內
		所舉行的會議次數
Total number of meetings held during the year	於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日	
ended 31 December 2020	止年度內舉行的會議總次數	4
Name of committee members	委員會成員姓名	
Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo	蔡思聰先生(<i>審核委員會主席)</i>	
(chairman of the audit committee)		4/4
Dr. Fung Kam Man	馮錦文博士	4/4
Mr. Wang Zhiwei	王志維先生	4/4

陳通德先生

Mr. Wang Zhiwei Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain

The primary function of the audit committee is to monitor integrity of the Company's financial statements, financial reports and accounts and to review the financial and accounting policies and practices of the Company and its subsidiaries. It also makes recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditors and reviews the Company's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems ("RM & IC Systems") on a regular basis.

During the year under review, the audit committee has reviewed the Group's quarterly, interim and annual financial results, the Group's financial reporting system, the RM & IC Systems and the effectiveness of the Company's internal audit function. It has discussed with the management on the RM & IC Systems to ensure that the management has performed its duty to have effective systems. The audit committee has also made recommendations to the Board on the re-appointment of the external auditors after reviewing the scope of work offered, taking into account their remuneration and terms of engagement.

During the year under review, the Board did not take a different view from the audit committee on the appointment of external auditors.

審核委員會的主要功能為監察本公司財務報表· 財務報告及賬目的完整性,並審閱本公司與其附 屬公司財務及會計的政策及常規。審核委員會亦 就委任、重新委任及撤換外聘核數師向董事會提 出建議,並會定期檢討本公司財務監控、風險管理 及內部監控體系(「**風險管理及內部監控體系**」)。

於回顧年度內,審核委員會已審閱本集團的季度、 中期及全年財務業績,檢討本公司財務申報系統、 風險管理及內部監控體系,以及本公司內部審核 職能之成效。其已經與管理層討論風險管理及內 部監控體系以確保管理層履行其職責建立有效的 系統。審核委員會於檢討外聘核數師提供的工作 並計及其薪酬及聘任條款後,亦已就重新委任外 聘核數師向董事會提出建議。

於回顧年度內,董事會對委任外聘核數師與審核 委員會持相同意見。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告 (continued) (continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group has complied with Rule 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules that the audit committee comprises non-executive Directors only, with a minimum of three members, at least one of whom is an independent non-executive Director with appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise, and that the audit committee is chaired by an independent non-executive Director and the majority of the members are independent non-executive Directors.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The nomination committee was established in 2011 with its written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. As at the date of this report, the nomination committee comprised four independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain (chairman of the nomination committee), Dr. Fung Kam Man, Mr. Wang Zhiwei, and Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo.

The nomination committee held 4 meetings during the year ended 31 December 2020. The composition of the nomination committee and the attendance record of each member at the nomination committee meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out below:

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度內,本 集團已遵守GEM上市規則第5.28條,即審核委員 會只有非執行董事,包括最少三名成員,其中最少 一名為具備適當的專業資格,或具備適當的會計 或相關的財務管理專長的獨立非執行董事,以及 審核委員會需由獨立非執行董事擔任主席且其過 半數成員須為獨立非執行董事。

提名委員會

提名委員會於二零一一年成立,其書面職權範圍 符合企業管治守則。於本報告日期,提名委員會由 四名獨立非執行董事,即陳通德先生(提名委員會 主席)、馮錦文博士、王志維先生及蔡思聰先生組 成。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,提名委員會舉行四次會議。提名委員會組成及各成員於 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度舉行的提 名委員會會議的出席記錄表列如下:

> Number of meetings attended/number of meetings held during the tenure of the relevant member for the year ended 31 December 2020 出席會議次數/在相關 成員於截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日 止年度之任期內 所舉行的會議次數

Total number of meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2020	於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度內舉行的會議總次數	4
Name of committee members	委員會成員姓名	

Mr. Li Sin Hung Maxim (former chairman of the nomination	李鳈洪先生 <i>(提名委員會前任主席)</i>	
committee) – deceased on 9 March 2020	一於二零二零年三月九日離世	0/0
Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain (chairman of the nomination	陳通德先生 <i>(提名委員會主席)</i>	
committee) – with effect from 23 March 2020	-自二零二零年三月二十三日起生效	4/4
Dr. Fung Kam Man	馮錦文博士	4/4
Mr. Wang Zhiwei	王志維先生	4/4
Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo	蔡思聰先生	4/4

The primary function of the nomination committee is to review the structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations to the Board on suitable candidates for appointment as Directors, re-appointment or re-designation of Directors, succession planning for Directors and assessment of the independence of the independent non-executive Directors.

The Company adopted a board diversity policy in September 2013 which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The board diversity policy was revised in January 2019. The Company considers that diversity of perspectives can be achieved through consideration of a number of measurable objectives including but not limited to gender, age, ethnicity, culture and educational background, skills, professional experience, knowledge, length of service and other factors that the Company deems relevant. Such measurable objectives for diversity have been taken into account in determining appointments to the Board and the continuation of those appointments to achieve the optimum composition of the Board. The nomination committee will discuss and agree on the measurable objectives if it considers necessary to the Board for adoption.

The Company also adopted a nomination policy which came into effect in January 2019. The nomination policy sets out the selection criteria in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate as Director. Such criteria include but are not limited to academic background, qualifications, relevant experiences in the industry, character and integrity of the proposed candidate. Suitable candidate can be nominated by any Director for the nomination committee's consideration. Nomination committee will evaluate the personal profile of the candidate based on the selection criteria as set out in the nomination policy and undertake adequate due diligence in respect of each proposed candidate. After comprehensive assessment, the nomination committee will then make appropriate recommendations to the Board for approval. All appointments of Directors will ultimately be based on merit while taking into account the measurable objectives with regard to the benefits of diversity on the Board. 提名委員會的主要職能為檢討董事會的架構、人 數及組成以及就董事委任的合適人選、董事的重 新委任或調任、董事繼任計劃,及評核獨立非執行 董事的獨立性向董事會提出建議。

本公司於二零一三年九月採納董事會多元化政策, 當中載列達致董事會多元化之途徑。董事會多元 化政策於二零一九年一月修訂。本公司認為,在考 慮多項可量度目標(包括但不限於性別、年齡、種 族、文化及教育背景、技能、專業經驗、知識、服務 任期及其他本公司視為相關的其他因素)後,能夠 達致多元化觀點。相關的多元化可量度目標已在 釐定董事會任命及彼等續聘上一併考慮,令董事 會的組成達到最佳化。提名委員會將每年就可量 度目標展開討論及達致共識,並向董事會推薦採 納可量度目標的變更(如有需要)。

本公司所採納的提名政策於二零一九年一月生效。 提名政策列舉甄選準則,用以評核獲提名的候選 人是否適合出任董事。有關準則包括但不限於提 名候選人的學歷背景、資歷、行業的相關經驗、人 格及誠信。由任何董事提名的合適人選,會交由提 名委員會考慮。提名委員會將根據提名政策所載 的甄選準則,評估該候選人的個人履歷,並對每位 提名候選人進行充足的盡職審查。於進行全面評 估後,提名委員會其後將向董事會作出合適推薦, 以待審批。所有董事任命最終將以任人唯才為準 則,並同時考慮與董事會多元化的裨益有關的可 量度目標。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告 (continued) (continued)

The nomination committee will review the nomination policy and the board diversity policy on a regular basis, discuss any revision that may be required and recommends any proposed changes to the Board for approval.

Since Mr. Li Sin Hung Maxim, the former Chairman, passed away on 9 March 2020, the nomination committee has been paying effort in identifying candidates suitably qualified to fill the vacancy. As at the date of this CG Report, the position of Chairman remained vacant. Despite such vacancy, the nomination committee believes that with the support of experienced and high-calibre individuals including but not limited to the executive Directors, the balance of power and authority has been adequately maintained by the operation of the Board as a whole.

During the year under review, the nomination committee also discussed on the appropriate candidate for the position of Chief Executive Officer in view of the resignation of the former Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Tsang Yan Kwong. After having reviewed the personal profile, experience and qualifications of Ms. Ho Yuen May May, the nomination committee made recommendations to the Board for the appointment of Ms. Ho Yuen May May as the new Chief Executive Officer with effect from 19 March 2020. The nomination committee also assessed and reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board during the year under review. On 7 October 2020, having made due regard to the board diversity policy and the nomination policy, the nomination committee further recommended to the Board the appointment of Ms. Ho Yuen May May as an executive Director. The nomination committee considered that an appropriate balance of diversity was maintained on the Board, which comprised members of both gender and of different gualifications and experience. In addition, the nomination committee also assessed the independence of the independent non-executive Directors as well as discussed on and reviewed the retirement and re-election of Directors and other relevant issues.

提名委員會將會定期檢討提名政策及董事會多元 化政策,討論是否需要作出任何修訂,以及將任何 建議改動推薦予董事會批准。

自前任主席李錝洪先生於二零二零年三月九日辭 世以來,提名委員會一直努力物色具備適當資格 的人選填補空缺。於本企業管治報告日期,主席的 職位仍然懸空。雖然如此,但提名委員會相信,在 經驗豐富的精幹人士(包括但不限於執行董事)的 支持下,透過董事會的整體運作,已充分保持權力 及授權的平衡。

於回顧年度,鑒於前行政總裁曾仁光先生辭任,提 名委員會亦已討論行政總裁職位的合適人選。經 審閲何婉薇女士的個人履歷、經驗及資格後,提名 委員會就委任何婉薇女士為新任行政總裁向董事 會作出推薦建議,該委任於二零二零年三月十九 日起生效。於回顧年度內,提名委員會亦評估及檢 討董事會之架構、規模及組成。於二零二零年十月 七日,經適當考慮董事會多元化政策及提名政策 後,提名委員會進一步向董事會建議委任何婉薇 女士為執行董事。提名委員會認為目前董事會由 男女雙方及資歷與經驗各異的成員組成,能夠就 多元化達致適當的平衡。此外,提名委員會亦評估 獨立非執行董事的獨立性,並討論及檢討董事退 任及重選以及其他相關事宜。

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The remuneration committee was established in 2011 with its written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. As at the date of this report, the remuneration committee comprised four independent non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Fung Kam Man (chairman of the remuneration committee), Mr. Wang Zhiwei, Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain and Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo.

The remuneration committee held 5 meetings during the year ended 31 December 2020. The composition of the remuneration committee and the attendance record of each member at the remuneration committee meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out below:

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於二零一一年成立,其書面職權範圍 符合企業管治守則。於本報告日期,薪酬委員會由 四名獨立非執行董事,即馮錦文博士(薪酬委員會 主席)、王志維先生、陳通德先生及蔡思聰先生組 成。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,薪酬委員會舉行五次會議。薪酬委員會組成及各成員於 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度舉行的薪 酬委員會會議的出席記錄表列如下:

> Number of meetings attended/number of meetings held during the tenure of the relevant member for the year ended 31 December 2020 出席會議次數/在相關 成員於截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日 止年度之任期內 所舉行的會議次數

> > 5

5/5 0/1

5/5

5/5 5/5

Total number of meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2020

Name of committee members

Dr. Fung Kam Man	馮錦文博士(<i>薪酬委員會主席)</i>
(chairman of the remuneration committee)	
Mr. Li Sin Hung Maxim – deceased on 9 March 2020	李鳈洪先生 <i>於二零二零年三月九日離世</i>
Mr. Wang Zhiwei	王志維先生
Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain	陳通德先生
Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo	蔡思聰先生

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日

止年度內舉行的會議總次數

委員會成員姓名

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告 (continued) (continued)

The primary duties of the remuneration committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure of the remuneration of all Directors and senior management and to determine the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, and ensure none of the Directors or any of their associates will determine his/her own remuneration.

The remuneration committee adopted the approach under code provision B.1.2(c)(i) of the CG Code and is authorised to determine, with delegated responsibility, the remuneration packages as well as the terms of the service contracts of the executive Directors and senior management of the Company. In addition, during the year under review, it has met to review the remuneration policy and structure and to assess the performance of Directors. It also reviewed the remuneration package and service agreement of Ms. Ho Yuen May May in view of her appointment as the Chief Executive Officer and an executive Director.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the former Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Tsang Yan Kwong, and the current Chief Executive Officer, Ms. Ho Yuen May May, were the only members of the senior management other than the Directors. For details of their remuneration, please refer to note 14(A) to the consolidated financial statements.

CREDIT COMMITTEE

The Company had set up a credit committee in 2007 for the purpose of better management of its credit risk and credit operations. The members of the credit committee are responsible for, among other things, enacting marketing strategy and issuing lending guidelines from time to time in line with the market change, approving and overseeing the Group's credit policy, monitoring the performance of credit officers and the quality of the loans and providing periodical reports to the Board for review. As at the date of this report, the credit committee comprised four executive Directors, namely Ms. Xie Si, Mr. Wong Kai Lun, Ms. Lai Szu Yu and Ms. Ho Yuen May May.

薪酬委員會的主要職責為就全體董事及高級管理 層薪酬的政策及架構,向董事會提出建議,以及釐 定個別執行董事和高級管理層的薪酬方案(包括 實物福利、退休金權利及賠償金額),並確保並無 董事薪酬由其本人或其聯繫人釐定。

薪酬委員會採納企業管治守則第B.1.2(c)(i)條守則 條文下之方針,並獲授權因應授權責任釐定薪酬 方案,以及本公司執行董事及高級管理層服務合 約的條款。此外,其於回顧年度已舉行會議檢討薪 酬政策及架構以及評估董事之表現。其亦就何婉 薇女士獲委任為行政總裁兼執行董事檢討其薪酬 待遇及服務協議。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,前任 行政總裁曾仁光先生及現任行政總裁何婉薇女士 為除董事之外的唯一高級管理層成員。有關彼等 之薪酬詳情,請參閱綜合財務報表附註14(A)。

信貸委員會

本公司已於二零零七年設立信貸委員會,以更好 地管理其信貸風險及信貸運作。信貸委員會成員 負責(其中包括)根據市場變化不時制定市場推廣 策略及發佈貸款指引、批准及監督本集團的信貸 政策、監察信貸主任的表現及貸款質素,並定期向 董事會提交報告以供審閱。於本報告日期,信貸委 員會由四名執行董事組成,即謝絲女士、黃啟倫先 生、賴思妤女士及何婉薇女士。

The credit committee held 1 meeting during the year ended 31 December 2020. The composition of the credit committee and the attendance record of each member at the credit committee meeting held during the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out below:

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,信貸委員會舉行一次會議。信貸委員會組成及各成員於 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度舉行的信 貸委員會會議的出席記錄表列如下:

Number of meetings
attended/number of
meetings held during
the tenure of the
relevant member for
the year ended
31 December 2020
出席會議次數/在相關
成員於截至二零二零年
十二月三十一日
止年度之任期內
所舉行的會議次數

1

0/0

0/1

1/1

1/1

0/0

Total number of meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2020

Name of committee members

Mr. Li Sin Hung Maxim – *deceased on 9 March 2020* Ms. Xie Si Mr. Wong Kai Lun Ms. Lai Szu Yu Ms. Ho Yuen May May – *appointed as a member of the credit committee on 7 October 2020*

COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

A compliance committee was established in 2010 serving the corporate governance function of the Company with the aim to ensure the compliance of the Group with relevant laws, rules and regulations applicable to the Group from time to time, in particular the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("**MLO**"), the GEM Listing Rules and the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("**SFO**"). The major duties of the compliance committee include to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board, to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors and to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

合規委員會

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日

李鳈洪先生一於二零二零年三月九日離世

何婉薇女士-於二零二零年十月七日

獲委任為信貸委員會成員

止年度內舉行的會議總次數

委員會成員姓名

謝絲女士

黃啟倫先生

賴思妤女十

合規委員會於二零一零年成立,肩負本公司的企 業管治職能,旨在確保本集團遵守不時適用於本 集團的相關法例、規則及法規,尤其是放債人條例 (香港法例第163章)(「**放債人條例**])、GEM上市 規則及證券及期貨條例(香港法例第571章)(「證 券及期貨條例」)。合規委員會的主要職責包括設 立及審閲本公司有關企業管治方面的政策及常規 並向董事會作出建議,審閲及監察董事及高級管 理層的培訓及持續專業發展,審閲及監察本公司 有關遵守法律及監管規定的政策及常規,設立、審 閲及監督適用於僱員及董事的行為守則及合規手 冊,以及檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則及企業管 治報告之披露規定的合規情況。

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the compliance committee comprised one executive Director, namely Ms. Lai Szu Yu, and four independent nonexecutive Directors, namely Dr. Fung Kam Man (chairman of the compliance committee), Mr. Wang Zhiwei, Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain and Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo.

The compliance committee held 4 meetings during the year ended 31 December 2020. The composition of the compliance committee and the attendance record of each member at the compliance committee meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out below:

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,合規委 員會由一名執行董事,即賴思妤女士,及四名獨立 非執行董事,即馮錦文博士(合規委員會主席)、 王志維先生、陳通德先生及蔡思聰先生組成。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,合規委員會舉行四次會議。合規委員會組成及各成員於 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度舉行的合 規委員會會議的出席記錄表列如下:

> Number of meetings attended/number of meetings held during the tenure of the relevant member for the year ended 31 December 2020 出席會議次數/在相關 成員於截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日 止年度之任期內 所舉行的會議次數

Total number of meetings held during the year	於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日	
ended 31 December 2020	止年度內舉行的會議總次數	4

委員會成員姓名

Name of committee members

Dr. Fung Kam Man	馮錦文博士 <i>(合規委員會主席)</i>	
(chairman of the compliance committee)		4/4
Mr. Wang Zhiwei	王志維先生	4/4
Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain	陳通德先生	4/4
Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo	蔡思聰先生	4/4
Ms. Lai Szu Yu	賴思妤女士	4/4

The compliance committee regularly reviews matters regarding the compliance of the Group with the MLO, the GEM Listing Rules, the SFO and other relevant laws and regulations applicable to the Group. The Company has adopted relevant compliance manuals which govern the Group's compliance matters in relation to the MLO, the SFO, the GEM Listing Rules as well as other relevant regulations. 合規委員會定期審閲有關本集團遵守放債人條例、 GEM上市規則、證券及期貨條例及適用於本集團 之其他相關法律及法規的事宜。本公司已採納相 關合規手冊,規管本集團有關放債人條例、證券及 期貨條例、GEM上市規則以及其他相關法規的合 規事宜。

During the year under review, the compliance committee had no material findings on the compliance issues of the Group. Meanwhile, it has recorded the issues identified during the review and made several suggestions to the Board and the management of the Company on issues particularly concerning internal control, corporate social responsibilities and corporate governance. For instance, the compliance committee (i) reviewed and monitored the training and continuous professional development of Directors, senior management and other employees in respect of compliance matters (including AML training and anti-corruption training); (ii) formulated, reviewed, and monitored the employees' code of conduct and compliance manual to synchronise with the latest applicable laws and regulations and the current practices of the Group; (iii) reviewed the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure of the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance in this CG Report and recommended the Company to take appropriate actions in response to the amendments to the GEM Listing Rules in relation to the environmental, social and governance matters effective from July 2020; and (iv) reviewed and monitored the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements. Also, the Company's internal control systems and the Company's internal audit function's effectiveness are regularly reviewed by the compliance committee. The Company has acted and would continue to act on the recommendations of the compliance committee.

CREDIT REVIEW COMMITTEE

A credit review committee was established in 2018 for the purpose of enhancing risk management and internal control of the Group. The major duties of the credit review committee include to conduct periodic reviews on different loan cases based on the credit review report and the past due loan report prepared by the credit control department for the purpose of monitoring credit risk. The credit review committee will give recommendations when it deems fit. The credit review committee will also review the cases of the approved loans to see whether such loans were approved in accordance with the credit policy of the Group.

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the credit review committee comprised three independent non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Fung Kam Man (chairman of the credit review committee), Mr. Wang Zhiwei and Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain.

於回顧年度內,合規委員會並未發現本集團存在 重大合規問題。同時,合規委員會已記錄審閱期間 所識別的事宜並向董事會及本公司管理層提出若 干建議,特別是內部監控、企業社會責任和企業管 治方面事宜。例如,合規委員會(i)審閱及監察董事、 高級管理層及其他僱員有關合規事項的培訓及持 續專業發展(包括打擊洗錢培訓及反貪污培訓); (ii)制定、審閱及監察僱員行為守則及合規手冊,以 符合最新適用法律及法規以及本集團現行慣例; (iii)審閱本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及在本企 業管治報告內披露本公司的企業管治政策及常規, 並建議本公司採取適當的措施,以應對自二零二 零年七月起生效的有關環境、社會及管治事宜的 GEM上市規則之修訂;及(iv)審閱及監察本公司在 遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規。合規委 員會亦定期審閱本公司內部監控體系及本公司內 部審核職能是否屬有效。本公司已採取並將繼續 按照合規委員會的建議採取行動。

信貸覆核委員會

本公司於二零一八年就改善本集團風險管理及內 部監控建立信貸覆核委員會。信貸覆核委員會的 主要職責包括根據信貸控制部為監控信貸風險而 編製的信貸覆核報告及逾期貸款報告就不同貸款 個案進行定期覆核。信貸覆核委員會將在其認為 合適的情況下提供建議。信貸覆核委員會亦將審 閱已獲批貸款個案,以查看有關貸款是否根據本 集團信貸政策獲批。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,信貸覆 核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即馮錦文 博士(信貸覆核委員會主席)、王志維先生及陳通 德先生。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告 (continued) ((continued))

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for each financial year, which should provide a true and fair view of the Company's financial information. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors have consistently selected and applied appropriate accounting policies and standards. The statement of the auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Company is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 81 to 87 of the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company engages an external service provider, Ms. Cheang Yee Wah Eva, as the Company Secretary. She is a Chartered Financial Analysts Charter holder, a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and an associate member of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. During the year ended 31 December 2020, Ms. Cheang's primary contact person at the Company was Mr. Wong Kai Lun, an executive Director of the Company. During the year under review, the Company Secretary has taken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year under review, the remuneration paid or payable to the external auditors of the Company for the audit and non-audit services provided amounted to HK\$780,000 and HK\$412,000 respectively. The non-audit services represented the review of interim results of the Group by the auditors.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

Risk management and internal control are essential elements of corporate governance. Effective risk management and internal control facilitate the day-to-day operation and business development of the Group while maintaining risk at an optimal level.

SYSTEM FEATURES

The RM & IC Systems of the Company are designed to identify and monitor risks from day-to-day operations and they are embodied by the Board through the relevant board committees, the management, the departments and the internal audit function.

董事就財務報表的財務申報責任

董事負責就各財政年度編製財務報表,以真實及 公平地反映本公司的財務資料。於編製財務報表 時,董事已貫徹選擇及應用適當的會計政策及準 則。本公司核數師有關彼等對本公司財務報表的 申報責任的聲明載於本公司截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度之年報第81頁至第87頁的獨立 核數師報告。

公司秘書

本公司委聘一名外部服務供應商蔣綺華女士為公 司秘書。彼為特許金融分析師特許資格認證持有 人、香港會計師公會會員及香港特許秘書公會資 深會員。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 蔣女士於本公司的主要聯絡人為本公司執行董事 黃啟倫先生。於回顧年度內,公司秘書已遵照GEM 上市規則第5.15條接受不少於15小時的相關專業 培訓。

核數師的薪酬

於回顧年度內,就本公司外聘核數師提供的審計 及非審計服務已付或應付的薪酬分別為780,000 港元及412,000港元。非審計服務指由核數師審閱 本集團的中期業績。

風險管理及內部監控

風險管理及內部監控為企業管治之關鍵元素。有 效的風險管理及內部監控在維持風險於合適水平 的同時,促進本集團之日常營運及業務發展。

系統特徴

本公司之風險管理及內部監控體系旨在識別及監 察日常營運的風險且由董事會透過相關董事委員 會、管理層、部門及內部審核職能中體現。

The Board recognises its responsibilities to evaluate and determine the nature and extent of the risks the Group is willing to take in achieving the strategic objectives of the Group, and ensures that the Company has established and maintained appropriate and effective RM & IC Systems. The Board is also responsible for overseeing the management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the RM & IC Systems on an ongoing basis. In this regard, the Board conducts evaluation on the effectiveness of the RM & IC Systems established and maintained by the management of the Company at least annually. The review covers all relevant financial, operational and compliance controls and reports on any failure of or deficiency in the RM & IC Systems. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board has conducted an annual review on the effectiveness of the RM & IC Systems of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 and considered these systems effective and adequate.

The Audit Committee The audit committee is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting system and the RM & IC Systems. It also develops a regular platform to discuss the RM & IC Systems with the management to ensure that the management has performed its duty to maintain effective systems. Such discussion includes the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function. The audit committee considers the major investigation findings on risk management and internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and the management's response to these findings. The audit committee also regularly reviews the findings and opinions of the internal audit function and the management to evaluate the effectiveness of the RM & IC Systems.

Credit Review Committee The credit review committee was established in January 2018 for the purpose of enhancing risk management and internal control of the Group, mainly on the aspects of credit risk. The committee has conducted periodic reviews on issues including credit quality of various cases including cases of newly drawn loans and overdue loans. Reviews on current loan cases are also conducted as a continuous monitoring on credit quality. Results and findings of the review are submitted to the Board for further discussion.

董事會確認其評估及釐定本集團達成其策略目標 時所願意接納的風險之性質及程度的職責,並確 保本公司已設立及維持合適及有效的風險管理及 內部監控體系。董事會亦有責任持續監督管理層 對風險管理及內部監控體系的設計、實施及監察: 就此而言,董事會就本公司管理層建立及維持的 風險管理及內部監控體系的有效性每年進行最少 一次評估。有關檢討涵蓋所有相關財務、營運和合 規監控,並匯報風險管理及內部監控體系中的任 何缺失或不足。有關系統乃用於管理而非消除不 能達致業務目標的風險,並僅可就重大失實陳述 或損失作出合理而非絕對的保證。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會 已就本集團風險管理及內部監控體系的有效性進 行年度檢討,並認為該等系統有效及足夠。

審核委員會 審核委員會負責監督本公司之財務申 報系統以及風險管理及內部監控體系。其亦設立 定期平台以與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控體 系,確保管理層履行其職責維持有效系統。有關討 論包括資源充足性、員工資歷及經驗、培訓計劃及 本公司之會計及財務申報職能的預算。審核委員 會考慮由董事會授權或其主動進行之風險管理及 內部監控事宜之主要調查結果,以及管理層就該 等結果的回應。審核委員會亦對該等結果及內部 審核職能及管理層的意見進行定期檢討,以評估 風險管理及內部監控體系的有效性。

信貸覆核委員會 信貸覆核委員會於二零一八年一 月成立,目的為加強本集團風險管理及內部監控, 主要為信貸風險方面。該委員會定期審閱包括新 提取貸款個案及逾期個案的信貸質素在內的事宜。 目前貸款個案亦進行審閱以持續監察信貸質素。 審閱結果及所得會呈交董事會作進一步討論。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告 (continued))

The Internal Audit Function The internal audit function is performed by Dr. Fung Kam Man, an independent non-executive Director. The internal audit function generally carries out the analysis and independent appraisal of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's RM & IC Systems.

The Management and Departments The management is responsible for designing, implementing and monitoring of the RM & IC Systems. The management implements and takes day-to-day responsibility for the Group's policies and manuals on risk management and internal control. For instance, the loans department of the Group, as the daily operation units, are responsible for reviewing and reporting potential risks from time to time to the management.

Inside Information Handling and Dissemination The Company has also adopted the disclosure policy and procedures to promote consistent disclosure practices in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules and the SFO. The policy and procedure set out the mechanism of identifying the potential inside information and escalating the matters to the Board to decide whether to make relevant disclosure in a timely manner.

內部審核職能內部審核職能由獨立非執行董事馮 錦文博士履行。內部審核職能通常就本公司之風 險管理及內部監控體系的充足性及有效性進行分 析及獨立評估。

管理層及部門 管理層負責設計、執行及監督風險 管理及內部監控體系。管理層就本集團有關風險 管理及內部監控的政策及手冊,實施並履行日常 職責。舉例而言,作為日常營運單位的本集團貸款 部門,負責不時審閱及向管理層匯報潛在風險。

內幕消息處理及發佈 本公司亦已採納披露政策及 程序,以促進符合GEM上市規則及證券及期貨條 例的一致披露常規。該政策及程序規定識別潛在 內幕消息及將事件上報董事會的機制,以決定是 否及時作出相關披露。

RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS

風險管理程序

Risk Identification 風險識別 Risk Assessment and Measurement 風險評估及計量 Risk Control and Mitigation 風險控制和緩釋

Risk Monitoring 風險監測

Risk Identification The loans department and the major subsidiaries of the Group are required to report on material risks identified in the risk management report (on department or subsidiary level) which is submitted to the management periodically.

Risk Assessment and Measurement The internal processes of risk assessment and measurement involve the participation of management in assessing the risk exposure such as identifying the impact of potential risk. The management reviews and scrutinises the material risks and ensures that appropriate controls and measures are in place or in progress. The management, through consolidating, filtering and prioritising processes, compiles a risk management report (on Company level) to the audit committee and the internal audit function. Following review by the audit committee and the internal audit function, the company risk management report would be submitted to the Board. 風險識別 本集團之貸款部門及主要附屬公司須匯 報其於風險管理報告(於部門或附屬公司層面)所 識別的重大風險,其會定期提交予管理層。

風險評估及計量 風險評估及計量之內部程序涉及 管理層參與評估所承受的風險,如識別潛在風險 的影響。管理層檢討及深入檢視重大風險,並確保 維持及採取適當監控及措施。管理層透過整合、 過濾及排次的步驟,編寫風險管理報告(於公司層 面),提交予審核委員會及內部審核職能。經審核 委員會及內部審核職能檢視後,公司風險管理報 告將呈交予董事會。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告 (continued))

Risk Control and Mitigation The management considers the risks and material internal control defects identified and recommends appropriate measures to control and mitigate risks as well as resolve material internal control defects. For instance, the management reviews the risk management report (on Company level) from time to time. Such measures vary according to the type of risks or defects and resources available.

Risk Monitoring The management, in conjunction with the audit committee, regularly monitors the Company's risk exposure and reviews the effectiveness of the RM & IC Systems in terms of risk control and mitigation. For instance, the risk management policy is subject to regular reviews in order to respond to any significant changes to the products, services or relevant laws and regulations that might impact the risk exposure of the Company.

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Board believes that transparent and timely disclosure of the Group's information will enable shareholders and investors to make the best investment decision and to have better understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. It is also vital for developing and maintaining continuing relationship with the Company's potential and existing investors.

The Company maintains a website at "www.fcfg.com.hk" as a communication platform with its shareholders and investors, where the Group's business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access. Shareholders and investors may also write directly to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at 1/F., O.T.B. Building, Nos.259-265 Des Voeux Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong or via email to enquiry@firstcredit.com.hk for any inquiries. Inquiries will be dealt with in an informative and timely manner.

The Board considers that general meetings of the Company provide an important channel for the shareholders to exchange views with the Board. According to code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code, the chairman of the Board should attend the annual general meeting. In the absence of the Chairman of the Board since the decease of Mr. Li Sin Hung Maxim, an executive Director of the Company, Mr. Wong Kai Lun, was appointed as the chairman of the AGM held on 24 June 2020 and was available to answer questions at the AGM. The chairman of each of the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee also endeavor to be available at the AGM to answer any questions raised by the shareholders.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, there was no significant change in the memorandum of continuance and the Bye-laws of the Company.

風險控制和緩釋管理層考慮已識別的風險及重大 內部監控缺陷並建議採取適當措施以控制及緩釋 風險以及解決重大內部監控缺陷。例如,管理層不 時審閱風險管理報告(於公司層面)。有關措施根 據風險或缺陷的種類及可供取用的資源而有所不 同。

風險監測 管理層連同審核委員會定期監督本公司 之風險承擔及檢討風險管理及內部監控體系於風 險控制及緩釋方面的有效性。例如風險管理政策 應定期審視,以應對可能影響本公司承受風險之 產品、服務或相關法律或法規的任何重大變動。

與股東及投資者保持溝通及投資 者關係

董事會相信,透明且及時地披露本集團資料將有 助於股東及投資者作出最佳的投資決定及加強其 對本集團業務表現及策略的了解。此外,就與本公 司的潛在及現有投資者發展及維持持續關係而言, 有關披露亦極為重要。

本公司設立了網站「www.fcfg.com.hk」作為與股 東及投資者溝通的平台,公眾可透過該網站查閲 本集團的業務發展及營運、財務資料、企業管治常 規及其他資料。股東及投資者如有任何查詢,亦可 直接寄信至本公司於香港的主要營業地點(地址 為香港上環德輔道中259-265號海外銀行大廈1 樓)或發電郵至enquiry@firstcredit.com.hk。本公 司將盡快就有關查詢提供詳盡資料。

董事會認為,本公司股東大會提供一個重要渠道 供股東與董事會交流意見。根據企業管治守則第 E.1.2條守則條文,董事會主席應出席股東週年大 會。由於李鳈洪先生離世,董事會主席一職懸空, 本公司執行董事黃啟倫先生獲委任為本公司於二 零二零年六月二十四日舉行的股東週年大會主席, 並於股東週年大會上回答提問。審核委員會、薪酬 委員會及提名委員會的主席亦盡可能出席股東週 年大會並回答股東提出的任何提問。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 的存續章程大綱及公司細則概無重大變化。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告 (continued))

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

It is the Company's responsibility to ensure that its shareholders' interests are well-protected. To do so, the Company maintains on-going dialogues with its shareholders to communicate with them and encourage their participation in AGM and other general meetings. Registered shareholders are notified by post for the convening of general meetings of the Company. Notice of meeting contains agenda, proposed resolutions and a proxy form. All registered shareholders are entitled to attend annual and special general meetings of the Company, provided that their names have been recorded in the register of members of the Company on the relevant record dates of the meetings.

Pursuant to the Bye-laws, the Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call for special general meeting. Shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right to vote at general meetings of the Company as of the date of deposit of the requisition, shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

Pursuant to the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, (i) shareholders representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all shareholders having a right to vote at the general meeting; or (ii) not less than one hundred shareholders, can submit a written requisition stating the resolution which is intended to be moved at a general meeting, or to submit a statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

Shareholders may send their enquiries or requests in respect of their rights as mentioned above to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong or via email as set out in the paragraph headed "Communications with Shareholders and Investors and Investor Relations" above.

股東權利

本公司有責任確保股東權益獲得充份保障。為達 致該目的,本公司持續與股東保持聯繫,並鼓勵彼 等出席股東週年大會及其他股東大會。我們以郵 遞方式向登記股東寄發召開本公司股東大會的通 告。大會通告包含會議議程、提呈的決議案以及代 表委任表格。所有於大會相關記錄日期名列於本 公司股東名冊內的登記股東均有權出席本公司股 東週年大會及股東特別大會。

根據公司細則,董事會可於其認為適當的任何時 候召開股東特別大會。任何於遞交要求日期持有 不少於本公司繳足股本(賦有於本公司股東大會 上投票的權力)十分之一的股東於任何時候有權 透過向董事會或公司秘書發出書面要求,要求董 事會召開股東特別大會,以處理有關要求中指明 的任何事項。有關大會應於遞交該要求後兩個月 內舉行。倘董事會未能於遞交要求當日起計21日 內開展召開該大會的程序,則遞交人士,或代表彼 等全體人士總投票權一半以上之任何人士,可自 行召開大會,惟任何如此召開的會議不可於前述 日期起計滿三個月後舉行。

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法,股東若(i)代表有權 於股東大會投票的全體股東總投票權不少於二十 分之一:或(ii)人數不少於一百,可寄發請求書,列 明擬於股東大會上動議之決議案,或就該次大會 上的任何建議決議案或將予處理的事務所提述的 事宜,提交不超過一千字的聲明。

誠如上文「與股東及投資者保持溝通及投資者關 係」一段所載,股東可將其對上述股東權利之查詢 或要求郵寄至本公司於香港的主要營業地點,或 以電郵方式作出查詢。

Biographical Details of Directors 董事之履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Xie Si, aged 32, is an executive Director. She joined the Group and was appointed as a Director in September 2017. Ms. Xie is also a director of a subsidiary of the Company. Ms. Xie graduated from Southwest University of Science and Technology with a Bachelor's degree in Accountancy. Ms. Xie has over 11 years of experience in banking and financial industry. She has extensive experiences in providing financial services to the customers, including corporate and individual clients.

Mr. Wong Kai Lun, aged 43, is an executive Director. He joined the Group and was appointed as a Director in January 2018. Mr. Wong is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Wong has various marketing and managerial experience in the beauty industry in Hong Kong. He is currently a marketing manager of Pure Derma Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability, which is principally engaged in the medical beauty business.

Ms. Lai Szu Yu, aged 32, is an executive Director and the compliance officer of the Company. She joined the Group and was appointed as a Director in April 2019. Ms. Lai is also a director of a subsidiary of the Company. Ms. Lai graduated from the University of Southern California in 2011 with a degree of Bachelor of Arts majoring in Economics. She has different experiences in financial accounting and education. She currently works in a law firm in Hong Kong responsible for administration and accounting matters.

Ms. Ho Yuen May May, aged 53, is an executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer. She was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer in March 2020 and was subsequently appointed as a Director in October 2020. Ms. Ho joined the Group in 2018 and was responsible for the overall management, business strategy and development of Asia Wealth Securities Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Ms. Ho graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1990 with a degree of Bachelor of Social Science majoring in Journalism and Communications. She has more than 10 years of experience in the securities industry with extensive management experience, in particular experience as a responsible officer specialised in Type 1 (dealing in securities) regulated activity under the SFO.

執行董事

謝絲女士,32歲,為執行董事。彼於二零一七年九 月加入本集團,並獲委任為董事。謝女士亦為本公 司一間附屬公司的董事。謝女士畢業於西南科技 大學,獲會計學學士學位。謝女士於銀行及金融行 業擁有逾11年經驗。彼於為客戶(包括企業及個人 客戶)提供金融服務方面擁有豐富經驗。

黃啟倫先生,43歲,為執行董事。彼於二零一八年 一月獲委任為董事。黃先生亦為本公司若干附屬 公司的董事。黃先生擁有香港美容行業各類營銷 及管理經驗。彼目前為Pure Derma Limited的營銷 經理。該公司為香港註冊成立的有限公司,主要從 事醫療美容業務。

賴思好女士,32歲,為執行董事兼本公司監察主 任。彼於二零一九年四月加入本集團,並獲委任為 董事。賴女士亦為本公司一間附屬公司的董事。賴 女士於二零一一年畢業於南加州大學,獲得文學 士學位,主修經濟學。彼於財務會計及教育方面擁 有不同經驗,現任職於香港一家法律事務所,負責 行政管理及會計事務。

何婉薇女士,53歲,為執行董事及行政總裁。彼於 二零二零年三月獲委任為行政總裁,其後於二零 二零年十月獲委任為董事。何女士於二零一八年 加入本公司之全資附屬公司,負責亞洲創富證券 有限公司的整體管理、業務策略及發展事宜。何女 士於一九九零年在香港中文大學畢業,取得社會 科學學士學位(主修新聞與傳播學)。彼於證券行 業擁有逾10年的經驗,累積豐富管理經驗,尤其是 擔任證券及期貨條例下第1類(證券交易)受規管 活動的負責人員的經驗。

Biographical Details of Directors 董事之履歷 (continued 續)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Fung Kam Man, aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in July 2016. Dr. Fung has obtained a Bachelor's degree in Business Administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong, a degree of Master of Science in Financial Management from the University of London and a degree of Doctor of Philosophy awarded by the University of Nottingham. Dr. Fung has been certified as a Project Management Professional by the Project Management Institute. He is a certified financial planner certified by the Institute of Financial Planners of Hong Kong and a certified financial planner of The Chinese Institute of Certified Financial Planners. Dr. Fung has experience of more than 27 years in the continuing education and vocational training field. Dr. Fung is currently a self-employed higher education development and quality assurance consultant. Dr. Fung was an independent non-executive director of Sino Vision Worldwide Holdings Limited (formerly known as DX.com Holdings Limited) (stock code: 08086), the shares of which are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange, from 1 August 2016 to 2 November 2017. He acted as the independent non-executive director of EJE (Hong Kong) Holdings Limited (formerly known as Jia Meng Holdings Limited) (stock code: 08101), the shares of which are listed on GEM, from 1 April 2015 to 21 September 2016.

Mr. Wang Zhiwei, aged 53, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in October 2016. Mr. Wang graduated from the North University of China (formerly known as Taiyuan Institute of Machinery) in 1990 with a Bachelor's degree in Mechanical Engineering. Mr. Wang has been qualified as a senior engineer in electronic engineering in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") since December 2000. Mr. Wang has over 17 years of experience in holding senior executive positions in various corporations in the PRC with businesses involving e-commerce, software development, coal and energy development and solar power. Mr. Wang was an independent non-executive director of Hang Tai Yue Group Holdings Limited (formerly known as Interactive Entertainment China Cultural Technology Investments Limited) (stock code: 08081), the shares of which are listed on GEM, from 1 August 2016 to 13 August 2018. From January 2011 to April 2014, Mr. Wang was the vice president of a subsidiary of Power Financial Group Limited (formerly known as Jun Yang Financial Holdings Limited) (stock code: 00397), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. From May 2014 to June 2016, Mr. Wang also worked as the deputy general manager of China Demeter Financial Investments Limited (formerly known as China Demeter Investments Limited) (stock code: 08120), the shares of which are listed on GEM, and participated in seeking potential investment opportunities in different projects.

獨立非執行董事

馮錦文博士,57歲,於二零一六年七月獲委任為 獨立非執行董事。馮博士於香港中文大學獲取工 商管理學士學位,於倫敦大學獲取金融管理理學 碩士學位,並獲得諾丁漢大學頒授之哲學博士學 位。馮博士為獲項目管理專業學會承認的專業項 目管理人員。彼亦為香港財務策劃師學會之認可 財務策劃師及獲中國註冊理財規劃師協會認證之 **註冊理財規劃師。馮博士於持續教育及職業培訓** 範疇擁有逾27年經驗。目前,馮博士為自僱的專 上教育發展及質素保證顧問。馮博士於二零一六 年八月一日至二零一七年十一月二日為新維國際 控股有限公司(前稱DX.com控股有限公司,其股 份於GEM上市,股份代號:08086)的獨立非執行 董事。彼於二零一五年四月一日至二零一六年九 月二十一日為壹家壹品(香港)控股有限公司(前 稱家夢控股有限公司,其股份於GEM上市,股份代 號:08101)的獨立非執行董事。

王志維先生,53歲,於二零一六年十月獲委任為 獨立非執行董事。王先生於一九九零年畢業於中 國中北大學(前稱太原機械學院),並獲機械工程 學士學位。王先生自二零零零年十二月起獲授予 中國電子工程高級工程師資格。王先生曾於中華 人民共和國(「中國」)多個企業擔任高級行政人員 職位,擁有逾17年相關經驗,其業務涵蓋電子商 務、軟件開發、煤炭及能源發展以及太陽能發電。 王先生曾於二零一六年八月一日至二零一八年八 月十三日為恒泰裕集團控股有限公司(前稱互娛 中國文化科技投資有限公司,其股份於GEM上市, 股份代號: 08081)的獨立非執行董事。王先生於 二零一一年一月至二零一四年四月,擔任權威金 融集團有限公司(前稱君陽金融控股有限公司,其 股份於聯交所主板上市,股份代號:00397)之附 屬公司之副主席。王先生由二零一四年五月至二 零一六年六月擔任國農金融投資有限公司(前稱 中國神農投資有限公司,其股份於GEM上市,股份 代號:08120)之副總經理。彼亦參與各種項目發 掘潛在投資機會。

Biographical Details of Directors 董事之履歷 (continued))

Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain, aged 66, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director in August 2017. Mr. Chan obtained a Bachelor of Science degree (with honours) in Architecture and a Diploma in Architecture from the Polytechnic of North London, the United Kingdom in 1979 and 1983 respectively. He had held a corporate membership of the Royal Institute of British Architects, United Kingdom from 1985 to 2014, and had been a registered member of the Architects Registration Board of the United Kingdom from 1984 to 2014, a member of the Royal Architectural Institute of Canada from 1994 to 2014 and a graduate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Architects from 1980 to 2014. Mr. Chan has over 18 years of experience in the architecture sector and had worked as an architect, senior architect or project manager in various architecture firms in London, the United Kingdom, Canada and Hong Kong from 1983 to 1999. Mr. Chan had also been an independent non-executive Director of the Company from April 2010 to June 2013.

Mr. Li Long, aged 63, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in September 2017. Mr. Li has over 28 years of experience in the trading industry. Mr. Li has held managerial positions in various sizeable corporations in the PRC from 1985 to 2013 and was mainly been responsible for business development, marketing and financial management.

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo, aged 61, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in November 2017. Mr. Choy obtained a Master of Business Administration degree from the University of Wales, Newport in 2004 and a Master of Business Law degree from the Monash University in 2007. Mr. Choy was awarded Fellowship by Canadian Chartered Institute of Business Administration and Honorary Doctorate of Management by Lincoln University in 2019. Mr. Choy is a fellow member of each of the Institute of Financial Accountants, the Institute of Public Accountants, The Hong Kong Institute of Directors and the Institute of Compliance Officers. Mr. Choy has extensive experience in the securities industry and has worked as a responsible officer and representative in various securities companies in Hong Kong. He is currently the vice chairman and a responsible officer of National Resources Securities Limited for Type 1 (dealing in securities), Type 4 (advising on securities) and Type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under the SFO and also the permanent honorable president and the vice chairman of the Institute of Securities Dealers Limited. Mr. Choy is currently an independent non-executive director of Luye Pharma Group Limited (stock code: 2186), Sparkle Roll Group Limited (stock code: 0970) and Zhaojin Mining Industry Company Limited (stock code: 1818), all being limited companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He was an independent non-executive director of Chengdu PUTIAN Telecommunications Cable Company Limited (stock code: 1202), a limited company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, from February 2006 to January 2018. He was also an independent non-executive director of Orient Securities International Holdings Limited (stock code: 8001), a limited company whose shares are listed on GEM, from March 2010 to May 2016.

陳通德先生,66歲,於二零一七年八月獲委任為 獨立非執行董事。陳先生分別於一九七九年及 一九八三年取得英國北倫敦理工大學建築學(榮 譽)理學士學位及建築學文憑。彼於一九八五年至 二零一四年為英國皇家建築師學會公司會員,於 一九八四年至二零一四年為英國特許註冊建築師, 於一九九四年至二零一四年為加拿大皇家建築學 會會員以及於一九八零年至二零一四年為香港建 築師學會畢業生會員。陳先生於建築領域累積超 過18年經驗,並自一九八三年起至一九九九年於 倫敦、英國、加拿大及香港多間建築師事務所擔任 建築師、高級建築師或項目經理。於二零一零年四 月至二零一三年六月期間,陳先生亦擔任本公司 獨立非執行董事。

李龍先生,63歲,於二零一七年九月獲委任為獨 立非執行董事。李先生於貿易行業擁有逾28年經 驗。李先生自一九八五年至二零一三年曾擔任中 國多間大型企業的管理職位,主要負責業務發展、 市場營銷及財務管理。

蔡思聰先生,61歲,於二零一七年十一月獲委任 為獨立非執行董事。蔡先生於二零零四年取得紐 波特威爾斯大學之工商管理碩士學位,並於二零 零七年取得蒙納士大學之商業法律碩士學位。蔡 先生於二零一九年獲授加拿大特許管理學院院士 及林肯大學管理學榮譽博士。蔡先生為財務會計 師公會、公共會計師協會、香港董事學會、法則合 規師協會的資深會員。蔡先生於證券業擁有豐富 經驗,一直擔任香港多家證券公司的負責人員及 代表。彼現時為中潤證券有限公司的副主席,並為 證券及期貨條例下第1類(證券交易)、第4類(就 證券提供意見)及第9類(提供資產管理)受規管活 動的負責人員。彼亦為證券協商會的永遠榮譽會 長及副主席。蔡先生現任綠葉製藥集團有限公司 (股份代號:2186)、耀萊集團有限公司(股份代 號:0970)及招金礦業股份有限公司(股份代號: 1818)之獨立非執行董事,該等公司均為聯交所主 板上市的有限公司。彼曾於二零零六年二月至二 零一八年一月擔任成都普天電纜股份有限公司(股 份代號:1202)的獨立非執行董事,該公司為有限 公司,其股份在聯交所主板上市。彼亦曾於二零一 零年三月至二零一六年五月擔任東方滙財證券國 際控股有限公司(股份代號:8001)的獨立非執行 董事,該公司為有限公司,其股份在GEM上市。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

The Board is pleased to present this directors' report ("**Directors' Report**") and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020. All cross-references mentioned in this Directors' Report form part of this Directors' Report.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group is principally engaged in money lending business in Hong Kong through the provision of both secured and unsecured loans to its customers, including individuals, corporations and foreign domestic workers. The Group also conducts securities related business which includes proprietary investments in listed securities. The Group has ceased to carry on the Securities Brokerage Business since mid-August 2019.

RESULTS

The Group's results for the year ended 31 December 2020 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2020 are set out in the consolidated financial statements from pages 88 to 163 of this annual report.

DIVIDENDS

The Board did not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The Company has adopted a dividend policy. The dividend policy aims at enhancing transparency of the Company and facilitating the shareholders and investors of the Company to make informed investment decisions relating to the Company. As set out in the dividend policy, the payment and the amount of any dividend depends on a number of factors, including but not limited to the Group's financial performance and liquidity position, the general economic conditions and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Group. 董事會欣然提呈本集團截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度的本董事會報告(「**董事會報告**」) 及經審核綜合財務報表。所有於本董事會報告內 提及的相互參照內容均構成本董事會報告的一部 分。

主要業務

本集團主要在香港進行放債業務,向其客戶(包括 個人、企業及外籍家庭傭工)提供有抵押及無抵押 貸款。本集團亦進行證券相關業務,包括自營上市 證券投資。本集團自二零一九年八月中旬起終止 進行證券經紀業務。

業績

本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的 業績以及本公司及本集團於二零二零年十二月 三十一日的財務狀況載於本年報第88頁至第163 頁的綜合財務報表。

股息

董事會並不建議就截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度派付任何末期股息。

本公司已採納一項股息政策。股息政策旨在提高 本公司的透明度並促進本公司股東及投資者作出 有關本公司的知情投資決定。誠如股息政策所載, 股息之派付及金額取決於多項因素,包括但不限 於本集團之財務表現及流動資金狀況、整體經濟 狀況及其他可能對本集團之業務或財務表現及狀 況有影響的內部或外部因素。

BUSINESS REVIEW

A fair review of the business of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2020, an analysis of the Group's performance using financial key performance indicators, and an indication of likely future developments of the Group's business is provided in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" from page 5 to page 17 of this annual report. Description of matters that are material for appreciation of the state of the Group's affairs can be found throughout this annual report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's business operations and financial conditions may be affected by risks and uncertainties pertaining to the Group's businesses, which mainly include the operational risks, financial risks, market risks and regulatory risks.

Operational risks are those relating to the Group's internal processes, including but not limited to potential misconduct of employees and fraud, which may bring significant adverse impact on the Group's business operations and reputation. Failures of information technology systems will result in interruption of the loan and securities related business operation of the Group and potential leakage of confidential information. Operational risks may also result from emergencies and unexpected events such as natural hazards. In view of such risks, relevant operation policies and procedures have been adopted and are in place to ensure that the daily operation of the Group is in compliance with the relevant requirements of laws and regulations, such as the MLO and the SFO. Internal reporting procedures have been established and when any suspected case of employee misconduct and/or fraud arises, any staff can report directly to the management. The staff handbook has also stipulated that employee misconduct and fraud are prohibited. The Group places considerable value on data security and data privacy. The computer systems are secured with access controls, while maintenance and update are conducted regularly by the information technology services providers. Anti-virus softwares have been installed for all computers in the office of the Company.

Directors' Report 董事會報告 (continued 續)

業務回顧

有關截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度本集 團業務的中肯審閲、運用財務主要表現指標進行 的本集團表現分析,及本集團業務未來可能發展 方向載於本年報第5頁至第17頁「管理層討論及分 析」。對了解本集團事務狀況具關鍵性的事項描述 均列載於本年報。

主要風險及不確定因素

本集團之業務營運及財務狀況可能受與本集團業 務有關之風險及不確定因素影響,主要包括營運 風險、財務風險、市場風險及監管風險。

營運風險指與本集團內部程序有關之風險,包括 但不限於潛在僱員行為不當及欺詐,可能對本集 團業務營運及聲譽造成嚴重不利影響。資訊科技 系統故障可能導致本集團貸款及證券相關業務中 斷及可能洩漏機密資訊。營運風險亦可能因天災 等緊急情況及意料以外之事件導致。鑑於有關風 險,本集團已採納和設有相關營運政策及程序,確 保本集團的日常營運遵從有關法律及法規的規定 (例如放債人條例及證券及期貨條例)。內部報告 程序已獲建立,倘出現任何僱員涉嫌行為失當及/ 或欺詐的任何案件,僱員可直接向管理層上報。員 工手冊亦規定禁止僱員作出失當及欺詐行為。本 集團甚為重視資料保安及資料穩私。電腦系統具 有存取控制保障,資訊科技服務供應商則定期維 護及更新系統。本公司辦公室內所有電腦均已安 裝防毒軟件。

Directors' Report 董事會報告 (continued 續)

Financial risks include interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk in the Group's normal course of business. Interest rate risk relates to the fluctuation of interest rates of the interest-bearing lending and borrowing of the Group. Credit risk relates to the ability or willingness of customers to meet their contractual obligations whereas liquidity risk refers to the Group's ability in maintaining sufficient fund to meet the liquidity requirements. The above financial risks may affect the finance costs incurred, revenue generated as well as impairment loss on loans receivables. Further discussion about the financial risks is set out in section (B) of note 30 to the consolidated financial statements from page 88 to page 163 of this annual report. For credit risk in respect of the loan portfolio, the Group has developed and adopted a set of loan approval procedures and credit policy. The Group strives to maintain sufficient cash and adequate funding available from its shareholders and committed line(s) of funding from financial institution(s) and other entities. To ensure the Group maintains sufficient capital and credit lines to meet its liquidity requirements, the cash flows projection of the Group is reviewed on a regular basis.

Market risks relate to the change in macroeconomic conditions and fluctuation of market variables such as gross domestic product, exchange rates, equity prices and property prices in Hong Kong. These risks may generally affect market demands and the repayment abilities of customers, in particular the customers of personal loans, corporate loans and mortgage loans, which may lead to adverse impact on the Group's revenue. The Group will from time to time fine-tune the Group's business strategies, policies and procedures, in particular the loan approval procedures, according to the market situation.

Regulatory risks may arise from potential default of the Group in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group's business and any future changes in the relevant laws and regulations. Non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations may bring various consequences to the Group, including but not limited to the revocation or suspension of the money lenders licence and/or the imposition of penalties on the Group resulting from the offence. The compliance committee of the Company was established with the aim to ensure the strict compliance of the Group, with relevant laws, rules and regulations applicable to the Group. The Company has also adopted a compliance manual which governs the Company's compliance matters in relation to the MLO, SFO, the GEM Listing Rules as well as other relevant regulations. More information about the compliance committee of the Company is set out in the paragraph headed "Compliance Committee" in the CG Report from page 31 to page 33 of this annual report.

財務風險包括本集團正常業務過程中之利率風險、 信貸風險及流動性風險。利率風險涉及本集團計 息貸款及借款之利率波動。信貸風險涉及客戶履 行合約責任之能力或意願,而流動性風險指本集 團維持充足資金以滿足流動性要求之能力。上述 財務風險可能影響所產生之財務成本、已產生之 收入以及應收貸款之減值虧損。關於財務風險之 進一步討論載於本年報第88頁至第163頁綜合財 務報表附註30的(B)部分。就貸款組合的信貸風險 而言,本集團已加強並採納一套貸款審批程序及 信貸政策。本集團致力維持充裕的現金,並從股東、 金融機構提供之承諾性融資及其他機構取得足夠 的資金。為了確保本集團備有充裕資金及信貸額 以符合其流動性規定,本集團會定期審視現金流 預測。

市場風險涉及宏觀經濟情況及市場可變因素波動, 例如香港的本地生產總值、匯率、股本價格及物業 價格。該等風險可能全面影響市場需求及客戶的 償還能力,尤其是個人貸款、公司貸款及按揭貸款 之客戶,可能對本集團之收益導致不利影響。本集 團將根據市況,不時微調本集團的策略、政策及程 序(特別是貸款審批程序)。

監管風險可能因本集團對遵守有關法律及法規有 潛在違規(對本集團業務有重大影響)及有關法律 及法規之任何未來變動而產生。不遵守有關法律 及法規可能對本集團導致各種後果,包括但不限 於撤銷或暫停放債人牌照及/或因該罪行而向本 集團施加罰款。本公司已成立合規委員會,旨在確 保本集團嚴格遵守對本集團適用之相關法律、規 則及法規。本公司亦已採納合規手冊,規管本公司 關於放債人條例、證券及期貨條例、GEM上市規則 及其他有關法規之合規事宜。關於本公司合規委 員會之更多資料載於本年報第31頁至第33頁企業 管治報告內「合規委員會」一段。 Further discussion on the risk management and internal control of the Company is set out in the section headed "Risk Management and Internal Control" in the CG Report from page 34 to page 37 of this annual report.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is aware of its rising environmental responsibility to the community and is committed to reducing the negative impacts on the environment caused by the operation of its business and enhancing its influence among different stakeholders. It also strives to maintain an environmental-friendly business mechanism across its operation.

The Group treasures natural resources and encourages efficient use of electricity, water and papers. Environmental-friendly workplace guidelines are provided to employees to facilitate the creation of a green workplace. Employees are encouraged to use both sides of papers, recycled papers, or choosing "2 pages per sheet" printing mode when printing documents. Also, the Group nurtures recycling habit of employees and over 760 kg of used papers were recycled during the year under review. The Group also initiates to reduce waste on festive occasions. For instance, it provided "Green Christmas Tips" to staff for reducing packaging waste resulting from Christmas presents.

Further details of the Group's environmental policies and performance are set out in the section headed "Environmental Aspects" in the environmental, social and governance report ("**ESG Report**") from pages 62 to 70 of this annual report.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The operations of the Group are based in Hong Kong and the Group itself is listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange. In light of this, the Group upholds high corporate governance standards and strives to ensure that its business practice complies with all relevant laws and regulations in the jurisdiction. Reviews on regulatory compliance of its business operation are conducted from time to time. During the year under review and up to the date of this annual report, the Group has been in compliance in all material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on its money lending business and securities related business in Hong Kong which mainly include the GEM Listing Rules, the MLO as well as the SFO.

Directors' Report 董事會報告 (continued 續)

關於本公司風險管理及內部監控之進一步討論載 於本年報第34頁至第37頁企業管治報告內「風險 管理及內部監控」一節。

環境政策及表現

本集團已意識到日益增多的社會環境責任,且致 力減少由其業務營運而產生對環境的負面影響, 以及加強本集團於不同持份者間的影響,亦致力 於其營運中維持環保的業務機制。

本集團珍惜天然資源並鼓勵有效運用電力、水及 紙張。本集團向僱員提供環保工作場所的指引以 促進創造綠色工作環境。本集團鼓勵僱員打印文 件時使用紙張的雙面、循環用紙或選擇「每張2頁」 的印刷模式。本集團亦培養僱員循環利用的習慣 且於回顧年度內有逾760公斤舊紙張得以回收。本 集團亦提倡節日減廢。舉例而言,本集團給予員工 「綠色聖誕貼士」,以減少聖誕禮物產生的包裝廢 物。

有關本集團環境政策及表現之進一步詳情載於本 年報第62頁至第70頁之環境、社會及管治報告(「環 境、社會及管治報告」)內「環境層面」一節。

遵守相關法律及法規

本集團於香港營運,且本集團於聯交所GEM上市。 有鑒於此,本集團維持高標準的企業管治及致力 於確保其業務實踐遵守司法權區所有相關法律及 法規,且不時進行有關業務營運符合監管規定的 審閲。於回顧年度內及截至本年報日期,本集團於 所有重大方面一直遵守對於其香港放債業務及證 券相關業務有重大影響的相關法律及法規,主要 包括GEM上市規則、放債人條例及證券及期貨條 例。 The MLO provides for the control and regulation of money lenders and money lending transactions, the licensing of persons carrying on business as money lenders, and provides protection and relief against excessive interest rates and extortionate stipulations in respect of loans. As a licenced money lender in Hong Kong, the Group has to ensure strict compliance with the MLO. The Group's money lending business is subject to licensing requirements. The money lenders licence is granted by the licensing court and is renewable annually subject to satisfaction of all licensing conditions. Any non-compliance with the MLO and/or the licensing conditions may result in revocation or suspension of the money lenders licence, imposition of fines and hindrance for future renewal of the money lenders licence, which may have an adverse impact on the Group's money lending business.

For the year under review and up to the date of this annual report, there has been no material breach or non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations which have a material impact on the business and operations of the Group.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS

Employees

The fact that employees are crucial assets of the Group is of no doubt. The Group strives to enhance employees' loyalty and sense of belongings to the Group through various policies and practice. It emphasises the importance of labour diversity and equal opportunities in recruitment process. It also provides staff with a caring, safe and healthy working environment. In order to help cater for the continuous development of the employees, professional trainings and self-development sponsorships are provided. The Group values any feedback from employees and maintains open communication with them, which contributes to a good and long-lasting relationship.

Further details about the Group's policies and relationship with its employees are set out in the sub-section headed "Employment and Labour Practices" under the section headed "Social Aspects" in the ESG Report from page 70 to 80 of this annual report.

Customers

Customer-oriented principle is adopted across the business operation of the Group. Product mix (e.g. loan portfolio) and service quality are regarded as key to good relationship with customers and are reviewed from time to time with the aim to cater for target customers' fast-changing needs and enhance their satisfaction with the products and services of the Group. The Group also strives to ensure that honest and comprehensive information about its products is provided to customers so that they can make appropriate informed decision. In addition, as a large amount of personal and confidential information is handled and processed by staff in day-to-day operation, guidelines regarding security of customers' personal data privacy and avoidance of information leakage are in place.

放債人條例規定有關放債人及放債交易的監控和 規管條文,發出牌照以進行放債人業務,並為對付 過高的貸款利率及敲詐性的貸款規定提供保障及 濟助。作為香港持牌放債人,本集團必須恪守放債 人條例。本集團的放債業務受牌照規定所限。放債 人牌照由牌照法庭頒發以及當局信納所有發牌條 件的前提下才會每年續期。任何不遵守放債人條 例及/或發牌條件的情況均可能導致放債人牌照 被撤銷或暫時吊銷、徵收罰款及妨礙放債人牌照 的日後重續,這可能對本集團的放債業務造成不 利影響。

於回顧年度內及直至本年報日期,概無發現重大 違反或並無遵守相關法律及法規的情況而對本集 團業務及營運造成重大影響。

重要關係

僱員

僱員無疑是本集團重要資產。本集團致力通過多 種政策及實踐加強僱員的忠誠度及對本集團的歸 屬感,強調勞動力的多樣性及招聘過程的機會平 等,亦為員工提供關懷、安全及健康的工作環境。 為幫助員工持續發展,我們提供專業訓練及自我 進修資助。本集團重視僱員的任何反饋並與其維 持有助於良好而持久關係的開放交流。

有關本集團僱員政策及其與僱員關係之更多詳情 載於本年報第70頁至第80頁環境、社會及管治報 告「社會層面」一節下「僱傭及勞工常規」分節。

客戶

本集團於業務營運中採取以客戶為本的宗旨。本 集團視產品組合(例如貸款組合)及服務質量為與 客戶維持良好關係的關鍵,並不時審閱產品組合 及服務質量以希望達到迎合客戶瞬息萬變的需求 及提高彼等對本集團產品及服務的滿意度。本集 團亦致力確保向客戶提供誠實及全面的產品資料, 令彼等作出適當的知情決定。此外,由於日常營運 中員工經手並處理大量的個人私穩資料,本集團 已設有有關客戶個人隱私安全及避免信息洩露的 指引。 During the year under review, the Group's major customers came from the money lending business. With a diversified customer base, the Group did not rely on any of its major customers. During the year under review, the revenue generated from the five largest customers of the Group in aggregate accounted for less than 20% of the revenue generated from the money lending business of the Group. The five largest customers were related to the Group's money lending business and comprised four individuals and one corporation, all of which were third parties independent with the Company and its connected persons. All of the five largest customers had outstanding loan balances with the Group as at 31 December 2020.

During the year under review, the credit period of the loans granted to the major customers ranged from 1 year to 3 years, which was negotiated on an arm's length basis with reference to the commercial practice and the Group's credit policy. The management of the Company will closely monitor the loan portfolio, in particular the loans to major customers, periodically and will continue to adopt risk control and management strategies while broadening the customer base.

As far as the Directors are aware, neither the Directors, their close associates nor any shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the five largest customers of the Group during the year under review.

Further details about the Group's policies and relationship with its customers are set out in the paragraphs headed "Products and Services" and "Data Privacy" under the sub-section headed "Operating Practices" in the ESG Report from page 76 to 77 of this annual report.

Suppliers

Given that the Group is engaged in the finance industry which is office based, it does not rely on any major suppliers for its business operation in general. The Group's suppliers are mainly those who provide services supporting the daily office operation of the Group such as cleaning service companies, office consumables suppliers and so on. The Group therefore considers that the risk arising from cooperation with suppliers is minimal, and is unlikely that the relationships with these suppliers will bring significant impact on the business operation of the Group as it is comparatively easy to seek alternative suppliers in the market.

Besides, guidelines were established and adopted to outline criteria to be considered when selecting suppliers and vendors. Factors such as whether the potential suppliers own shared values with the Group in terms of sustainable development will be considered. During the year under review, the Group has worked closely with its suppliers and maintained good relationship with them.

Directors' Report 董事會報告 (continued 續)

於回顧年度,本集團的主要客戶來自放債業務,具 有多元化客戶基礎,本集團並無依賴任何主要客 戶。於回顧年度,本集團五大客戶所得收益合共為 本集團由放債業務所得收益貢獻不足20%。該五 大客戶與本集團的放債業務有關,由四名個別人 士及一間企業組成,全為獨立於本公司及其關連 人士的第三方。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,所 有五大客戶均與本集團具有未償還的貸款結餘。

於回顧年度,授予主要客戶的貸款信貸期介乎一 年至三年,乃參考商業常規及本集團的信貸政策 按公平基準磋商。本公司管理層將定期密切監察 貸款組合,尤其是授予主要客戶的貸款,並將繼續 採用風險監控及管理策略,同時擴大客戶基礎。

據董事所知,於回顧年度內概無董事或其緊密聯 繫人或就董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上 的任何股東於本集團五大客戶中擁有任何權益。

有關本集團的政策和與客戶關係的更多詳情,載 於本年報第76至77頁環境、社會及管治報告內「營 運慣例」分節下「產品及服務」及「資料隱私」段落 內。

供應商

鑑於本集團所從事的金融業以辦公室作基地,通 常其業務營運無須依賴任何主要供應商。本集團 的供應商主要為提供可協助本集團辦公室日常營 運的服務,比如清潔服務公司、辦公室消耗品供應 商等。因此,本集團認為與供應商合作而產生的風 險甚微,且由於在市場上較易尋找其他替代供應 商,故與供應商的關係不會對本集團的業務營運 帶來重大影響。

此外,本集團已設立並採納挑選供應商及賣方時 供考慮的指引,考慮因素如潛在供應商是否與本 集團就持續發展擁有共同價值觀。於回顧年度,本 集團與供應商合作緊密且維持良好的關係。

Directors' Report 董事會報告 (continued 續)

Further details about the Group's policies and relationship with its suppliers are set out in the paragraphs headed "Supply Chain Management" under the subsection headed "Operating Practices" in the ESG Report on page 75 of this annual report.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the year under review and the past four years is set out in the section headed "Financial Summary" on page 164 of this annual report. The summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the Company's share capital during the year under review are set out in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save for the Share Option Scheme, the details of which are disclosed in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements, no equity-linked agreement was entered into by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2020 or subsisted at the end of the year under review.

ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

During the year under review, in order to raise funds for the money lending business of the Group, First Credit Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, issued a one-year bond in the principal amount of HK\$10 million at an interest rate of 8% per annum on 6 November 2020. The bond will be due one year from the issue date and is secured by loans receivables of the Group in an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$32 million.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has issued any shares or debentures during the year under review.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws or the laws in Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a prorata basis to existing shareholders.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the Group's property, plant and equipment during the year under review are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements. 有關本集團的政策和與供應商關係的更多詳情, 載於本年報第75頁環境、社會及管治報告內「營運 慣例」分節下「供應鏈管理」段落內。

財務摘要

有關本集團於回顧年度及過往四年的業績以及資產及負債的摘要載於本年報第164頁「財務摘要」 一節。該摘要並不構成經審核綜合財務報表一部 分。

股本

本公司股本於本回顧年度的變動詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註25。

股權掛鈎協議

除購股權計劃(詳情於綜合財務報表附註27披露) 外,本公司於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度內並無訂立任何股權掛鈎協議,而且於回顧 年末時並無任何該類協議存續。

發行股份及債權證

於回顧年度,為籌集資金用於本集團之放債業務, 本公司之全資附屬公司第一信用財務有限公司於 二零二零年十一月六日發行本金額為10,000,000 港元之一年期債券,年利率為8%。債券將自發 行日期起計一年內到期,並以本集團總額約為 32,000,000港元之應收貸款作為抵押。

除上文所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司於 回顧年度內概無發行任何股份或債權證。

優先購買權

公司細則或百慕達法律均無有關促使本公司向現 有股東按比例發售新股的優先購買權的規定。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團於回顧年度內的物業、廠房及設備變動詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註17。

Directors' Report 董事會報告 (continued))

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group for the year under review are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 91 of this annual report.

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company for the year under review are set out in section (B) of note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2020, the Company's reserves available for distribution to equity holders comprised the contributed surplus which amounted to approximately HK\$213.46 million.

DONATIONS AND SPONSORSHIPS

During the year under review, the Group made charitable and other donations and sponsorships amounting to approximately HK\$398,000 (2019: approximately HK\$570,000).

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The Directors during the year under review were:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Li Sin Hung Maxim *(Chairman) – deceased on 9 March 2020* Ms. Xie Si Mr. Wong Kai Lun Ms. Lai Szu Yu Ms. Ho Yuen May May *– appointed on 7 October 2020*

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Fung Kam Man Mr. Wang Zhiwei Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain Mr. Li Long Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo

儲備

本集團於回顧年度的儲備變動詳情載於本年報第 91頁的綜合權益變動表。

本公司於回顧年度的儲備變動詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註34的(B)部分。

可供分派儲備

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公司可供分派 予權益持有人的儲備由繳入盈餘組成,金額約為 213,460,000港元。

捐款及贊助

於回顧年度內,本集團作出慈善及其他捐款以及 贊助約398,000港元(二零一九年:約570,000港 元)。

董事及高級管理層

於回顧年度內董事為:

執行董事

李鳈洪先生(*主席) -於二零二零年三月九日離世* 謝絲女士 黃啟倫先生 賴思妤女士 何婉薇女士-*於二零二零年十月七日獲委任*

獨立非執行董事

馮錦文博士 王志維先生 陳通德先生 李龍先生 蔡思聰先生

Directors' Report 董事會報告 (continued 續)

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

During the year under review, Mr. Tsang Yan Kwong acted as the Chief Executive Officer until his resignation on 19 March 2020. With effect from the same date, Ms. Ho Yuen May May has been appointed as the new Chief Executive Officer. Subsequently on 7 October 2020, Ms. Ho Yuen May May was appointed as an executive Director. As at 31 December 2020, the Company had no senior management other than the Directors.

Biographical information of the Directors are set out from page 39 to page 41 of this annual report.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the existing executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of no more than three years and each of the existing independent non-executive Directors is appointed for a term of two years, all being subject to retirement, re-election and removal in accordance with the Bye-laws.

No Director being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

EMOLUMENT POLICY

A remuneration committee was set up for reviewing the Company's remuneration policy and structure of the remuneration of all Directors and senior management. The Company offers competitive remuneration packages and constantly monitors the packages with reference to the Company's conditions and market situations. The remuneration package generally includes fees or salary, discretionary bonus, allowance and benefits and so on. Emoluments payable to Directors are generally determined based on the Group's operating results, individual performance and experience of the Directors are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Share Option Scheme was also adopted for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants, including the Directors, who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Further details of the Share Option Scheme are set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

高級管理層

於回顧年度,曾仁光先生擔任行政總裁,直至彼於 二零二零年三月十九日辭任。何婉薇女士於同日 獲委任為本公司新行政總裁。隨後何婉薇女士於 二零二零年十月七日獲委任為執行董事。於二零 二零年十二月三十一日,除董事外,本公司並無高 級管理層。

董事履歷載於本年報第39頁至第41頁。

確認獨立性

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據GEM上市規 則第5.09條發出有關獨立性的年度確認書,並認 為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

董事的服務合約

現時各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務協議,為期 不超過三年,而現時各獨立非執行董事的任期為 兩年,全體董事須遵照公司細則接受退任、重選及 罷免。

概無擬於應屆股東週年大會上重選之董事擁有本 公司在未有作出補償(法定補償除外)下,不得於 一年內終止的服務合約。

薪酬政策

本集團已設立薪酬委員會,以審閱本公司的薪酬 政策及本集團全體董事及高級管理層的薪酬架構。 本公司參考本公司的情況及市場狀況提供具競爭 力的薪酬方案並持續監察該方案。薪酬方案一般 包括袍金或薪金、酌情花紅、津貼及福利等。應付 董事的薪酬一般是根據本集團營運業績、董事個 人表現、經驗及相若市場慣例釐定。有關董事薪酬 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註14。

本集團亦採納購股權計劃,以提供激勵及獎賞予 對本集團營運成就有貢獻的合資格參與者(包括 董事)。有關購股權計劃的其他詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註27。

UPDATE ON DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

With effect from 9 January 2021, Mr. Wong Kai Lun, an executive Director, is entitled to a fixed salary of HK\$50,000 per month and an additional sum equivalent to his then current monthly salary (or such pro-rated sum for an incomplete year of service) payable in December every year. Mr. Wong is also entitled to a discretionary bonus (if any) in respect of each financial year of a sum to be determined by the remuneration committee having regard to his performance. Mr. Wong is also eligible to participate in the Share Option Scheme. The remuneration package of Mr. Wong was determined by the remuneration committee with reference to his role, qualification, level of experience, contribution to be made by him to the Company as well as the prevailing market conditions.

With effect from 20 January 2021, Ms. Ho Yuen May May, an executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer, is entitled to a fixed salary of HK\$55,000 per month and an additional sum equivalent to her then current monthly salary (or such pro-rated sum for an incomplete year of service) payable in December every year. Ms. Ho is also entitled to a discretionary bonus (if any) in respect of each financial year of a sum to be determined by the remuneration committee having regard to her performance. Ms. Ho is also eligible to participate in the Share Option Scheme. The remuneration package of Ms. Ho was determined by the remuneration committee of experience, contribution to be made by her to the Company as well as the prevailing market conditions.

FIVE INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Details of the emoluments of the five individuals with highest emoluments are set out in section (B) of note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

COMPETING INTERESTS

During the year under review, none of the Directors and their respective close associates had any business or interests in business which competes or may compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group or had any other conflicts of interest with the Group.

Directors' Report 董事會報告 (continued 續)

董事薪酬的最新資料

自二零二一年一月九日起,執行董事黃啟倫先生 有權收取固定薪金每月50,000港元,以及一筆金 額相等於其當前月薪的額外款項(或如服務不足 一年,則為按比例調整的款項),須於每年十二月 支付。黃先生亦有權就各財政年度收取酌情花紅 (如有),金額將由薪酬委員會參考其表現後釐定。 黃先生亦合資格參與購股權計劃。黃先生之薪酬 待遇乃由薪酬委員會經參考其職務、資歷、經驗水 平、其將對本公司作出之貢獻以及當前市況後釐 定。

自二零二一年一月二十日起,執行董事兼行政總 裁何婉薇女士有權收取固定薪金每月55,000港元, 以及一筆金額相等於其當前月薪的額外款項(或 如服務不足一年,則為按比例調整的款項),須於 每年十二月支付。何女士亦有權就各財政年度收 取酌情花紅(如有),金額將由薪酬委員會參考其 表現後釐定。何女士亦合資格參與購股權計劃。何 女士之薪酬待遇乃由薪酬委員會經參考其職務、 資歷、經驗水平、其將對本公司作出之貢獻以及當 前市況後釐定。

五名最高薪酬人士的酬金

五名最高薪酬人士的酬金詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註13的(B)部分。

競爭權益

於回顧年度內,概無董事及彼等各自緊密聯繫人 擁有任何會或可能會與本集團的業務造成直接或 間接競爭或與本集團有任何利益衝突的業務或業 務權益。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

Save for the Share Option Scheme, no arrangement to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party, and whose objects are, or one of whose objects is, to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate was subsisted at the end of the year under review or at any time during the year under review.

Also, no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director (including any person who at any time during the year under review was a Director) or an entity connected with a Director had material interest (whether directly or indirectly), was subsisted at the end of the year under review or at any time during the year under review.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Bye-laws, the Directors shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty. Such provisions were in force during the year under review and remained in force as at the date of this annual report.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or subsisted during the year under review.

董事於交易、安排及合約的權益

除購股權計劃外,於回顧年度末或回顧年度期間 內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立 任何安排,有關安排的目標或其中一項目標是容 許董事透過收購本公司或任何其他法團的股份或 債權證以獲取利益。

此外,於回顧年度末或回顧年度期間內任何時間, 董事(包括於回顧年度任何時候為董事的任何人士) 或與董事相關的實體並無存續任何與本公司、或 其任何附屬公司所訂立或作出的擁有重大權益(不 論直接或間接)的交易、安排或重大合約。

獲准許的彌償條文

根據公司細則,董事均可從本公司的資產及溢利 獲得彌償保證,彼等就其職務執行其職責時因作 出、發生的任何作為或不作為而招致或蒙受的所 有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害賠償及開支,可就 此獲保證免受任何損害。有關條文於回顧年度內 生效並且於本年報日期仍然生效。

管理合約

回顧年度內概無訂立或存在與本公司全部或任何 重大部分業務有關的管理及行政合約。

Directors' Report 董事會報告 (continued 續)

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2020, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standard of dealings by Directors as referred to in Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2020, the interests and short positions of the persons (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Long Position:

董事及最高行政人員於股份[、]相 關股份及債權證中的權益及淡倉

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及最 高行政人員概無於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見 證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債權 證中擁有記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第352條規 定須予存置的登記冊中的任何權益或淡倉,或根 據GEM上市規則第5.46條董事買賣守則所規定以 其他方式通知本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉。

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相 關股份中的權益及淡倉

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,於本公司股份或 相關股份中持有並記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第 336條須予存置的登記冊中的個人(董事或本公司 最高行政人員除外)的權益及淡倉如下:

好倉:

			Approximate
		Number of	percentage of the
		ordinary	Company's issued
Name	Nature of interest	shares held	share capital
			佔本公司已發行
姓名	權益性質	所持普通股數目	股本的概約百分比
Xiao Guoliang	Beneficial owner	1,070,400,000	29.50%
肖國良	實益擁有人		
Ng Kam Lung Volais	Beneficial owner	1,013,040,000	27.92%
吳金龍	實益擁有人		

Save as disclosed above, the Directors are not aware of any other person (other than the Directors or the chief executive of the Company) who/which had any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO as at 31 December 2020.

除上文披露者外,於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 董事並不知悉任何其他個人(董事或本公司最高 行政人員除外)在本公司股份或相關股份中擁有 記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定須予存 置的登記冊中的任何權益或淡倉。

Directors' Report 董事會報告 (continued 續)

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company had not entered into any connected transaction or continuing connected transaction which was subject to reporting and annual review requirements under the GEM Listing Rules.

Details of the related party transactions entered into by the Group are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements and those related party transactions did not constitute "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" (as the case may be) under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2020.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance. A report on the principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the CG Report from page 18 to page 38 of this annual report.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report.

關連交易及持續關連交易

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 並無訂立任何須遵守GEM上市規則的申報及年度 審核規定的關連交易或持續關連交易。

本集團訂立的關連方交易詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註32,且該等關連方交易並不構成GEM上市規 則第20章項下的「關連交易」或「持續關連交易」 (視情況而定)。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司 之任何上市證券。

企業管治

本公司致力於維持高水平的企業管治。有關本公 司所採納的主要企業管治常規的報告載於本年報 第18頁至第38頁企業管治報告。

足夠公眾持股量

於刊發本年報前之最後實際可行日期,根據本公司可從公開途徑取得的資料及據董事所知,本公司已發行股本總量中至少25%乃由公眾持有。

AUDITORS

With effect from 20 December 2018, RSM Hong Kong ("**RSM**"), which had been the auditors of the Group since 2012, resigned as auditors of the Company. Following the resignation of RSM, Elite Partners CPA Limited ("**Elite Partners**") was appointed as the new auditors of the Group with the recommendation of the audit committee of the Board.

During the year under review, Elite Partners was re-appointed as the auditors of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020 by the shareholders at the AGM held on 24 June 2020. Elite Partners will retire and, being eligible, offer itself for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM. A resolution to re-appoint Elite Partners and to authorise the Directors to fix its remuneration will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Wong Kai Lun Executive Director

Hong Kong, 23 March 2021

Directors' Report 董事會報告 (continued 續)

核數師

自二零一二年起出任本集團核數師的羅申美會計 師事務所(「**羅申美**」)已辭任本公司核數師一職, 自二零一八年十二月二十日起生效。羅申美辭任 後,在董事會審核委員會的推薦下,開元信德會計 師事務所有限公司(「**開元信德**」)獲委任為本集團 新任核數師。

於回顧年度內,開元信德獲股東於二零二零年六 月二十四日舉行的股東週年大會上續聘為本公司 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度之核數師。 開元信德將退任,且合資格並同意於應屆股東週 年大會膺選連任。重新委任開元信德及授權董事 釐定其酬金的決議案將於應屆股東週年大會上提 呈。

代表董事會

執*行董事* **黃啟倫**

香港,二零二一年三月二十三日

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

ABOUT THIS REPORT

Pursuant to the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide ("**ESG Guide**") set out in Appendix 20 to the GEM Listing Rules, the Board is pleased to present this ESG Report for the year ended 31 December 2020. This ESG Report highlights the initiatives and efforts of the Company and the entity which is key to the operation of the Group in terms of revenue, i.e. First Credit Limited, in the commitment to sustainable development and corporate social responsibility ("CSR") in the course of their principal businesses of money lending. Asia Wealth Securities Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, is not included in the scope of this ESG Report for the year ended 31 December 2020 due to the cessation of the Securities Brokerage Business in August 2019.

REPORTING PRINCIPLES

The Group adopts the principle of materiality in the environmental, social and governance ("**ESG**") reporting by conducting stakeholder engagement on an annual basis to understand the key ESG issues that are important to the business of the Group. For the sake of materiality principle stated in the ESG Guide, aspects and issues that are not relevant or material to the Group are excluded from this ESG Report. All the key ESG issues and key performance indicators ("**KPIs**") are reported in the ESG Report according to recommendations of the ESG Guide. The Group has complied with the "comply or explain" provisions set out in the ESG Guide for the year ended 31 December 2020. Please refer to the section of "Stakeholder Engagement and Materiality Assessment" for detailed information of the process adopted for selection of material ESG factors and the stakeholder engagement.

In preparation of relevant specific KPIs, quantitative approach is adopted for the information in the ESG Report. Sufficient description or reference to the standards adopted have been disclosed under relevant sections of the ESG Report.

關於本報告

根據GEM上市規則附錄二十所載的《環境、社會 及管治報告指引》(「環境、社會及管治指引」), 董事會欣然呈列截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度之環境、社會及管治報告。本環境、社會及 管治報告重點闡述本公司以及就收入而言對本集 團的營運實屬關鍵的實體(即第一信用財務有限 公司)致力在彼等放債的主要業務過程中,為可持 續發展及履行企業社會責任(「**企業社會責任**」) 所作出的措施及努力。由於本公司之全資附屬公 司亞洲創富證券有限公司於二零一九年八月終止 證券經紀業務,故並無將其納入截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度之本環境、社會及管治報 告範圍。

報告原則

本集團於環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」) 報告中採納重要性原則,通過每年開展持份者參 與,了解對本集團業務而言屬重要的關鍵環境、社 會及管治事宜。就環境、社會及管治指引所述的重 要性原則而言,本環境、社會及管治報告不包括與 本集團無關或非重大的層面及事宜。根據環境、社 會及管治指引的建議,所有關鍵環境、社會及管治 事宜及關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」)於環境、 社會及管治報告中呈報。截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團已遵守環境、社會及管治 指引所載的「不遵守就解釋」條文。有關選擇重要 環境、社會及管治因素及持份者參與所採納流程 的詳細資料,請參閱「持份者參與及重要性評估」 一節。

於編製相關特定關鍵績效指標時,本集團就環境、 社會及管治報告中的資料採納定量方法。對所採 納標準的充分描述或提述已於環境、社會及管治 報告相關章節披露。

Where feasible, the Group makes records and estimates for quantitative information. To ensure a comprehensive understanding of the Group's sustainability performance, the environmental performance relative to various quantitative KPIs with comparison to 2019 figures, are disclosed in each corresponding section. Information on the standards, methodologies and/or calculation references are stated wherever appropriate.

The Group uses its best endeavours to ensure consistency in the use of methods or KPIs in achieving a meaningful comparison. There is no change to the methods or KPIs used in this ESG Report as compared with those of the previous year.

REPORTING BOUNDARY/SCOPE OF THE ESG REPORT

This ESG Report primarily focuses on the sustainability performance of the Group's business activities in Hong Kong, which involve 2 offices in Central, 1 office in Sheung Wan and 1 warehouse in Kwun Tong. With the aim of augmenting the accuracy and transparency of the disclosure in this ESG Report, the environmental and social KPIs collected and disclosed in this ESG Report reflect all operations in Hong Kong, unless stated otherwise.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance. Information relating to the Group's corporate governance practices has been set out in the CG Report on page 18 to page 38 of this annual report.

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT AND MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

The Group conducts stakeholder engagement for evaluation of the materiality and importance in ESG.

The Group acknowledges the importance of intelligence gained from the stakeholders' insights, inquiries and continuous interest in the Group's business activities. The Group has identified key stakeholders that are important to its business and established various channels for communication with them. The following table provides an overview of the Group's key stakeholders and the various platforms and methods of communication used to contact with, listen and respond to the key stakeholders.

在可行的情況下,本集團對量化資料進行記錄及 估計。為確保全面了解本集團的可持續發展表現, 與各項量化關鍵績效指標(與二零一九年數字進 行比較)有關的環境表現於各相應章節披露。有關 標準、方法及/或計算參考的資料亦於適當章節 呈列。

本集團竭盡所能,確保所採用的方法或關鍵績效 指標保持一致,以便作出有意義的比較。編製本環 境、社會及管治報告所採用的方法或關鍵績效指 標與去年相比並無變動。

環境、社會及管治報告的報告範圍

本環境、社會及管治報告主要專注於本集團在香 港的業務活動的可持續發展表現,涵蓋兩間位於 中環的辦公室、一間位於上環的辦公室及一間位 於觀塘的貨倉。為提高披露的準確性及透明度,除 另有説明外,本環境、社會及管治報告所收集及披 露的環境及社會關鍵績效指標反映本集團於香港 的所有業務運營。

企業管治

本公司致力於維持高水平的企業管治。有關本集 團企業管治常規的資料列載於本年報第18至第38 頁企業管治報告內。

持份者參與及重要性評估

本集團開展持份者參與,以評估環境、社會及管治 的重大性及重要性。

本集團深明集思廣益的重要性,認為持份者對本 集團業務活動的見解、查詢及持續關注對本集團 至關重要。本集團已識別對其業務而言屬重要的 主要持份者,並建立多種溝通渠道。下表提供本集 團主要持份者的概覽,以及用於接觸、聆聽及回應 主要持份者的各種溝通平台及方式。

Stakeholder Category 持份者類別	Expectations and Concerns 期望與關注事項	Methods of Communication 溝通方式
Senior management/Board of Directors	 Compliance operation Risk management Products and services quality 	 Regular management meetings Board or Board committee meetings Financial reports
高級管理層/董事會	 合規運營 風險管理 產品及服務質量 	 定期管理層會議 董事會會議及委員會會議 財務報告
Employees	 Health and safety Employee development and training Data privacy Products and service quality Compliance operation 	 Regular meetings and management communication Job performance evaluation
僱員	 健康與安全 僱員發展及培訓 資料隱私 產品及服務質量 合規運營 	 定期會議及管理層溝通 工作表現評估
Customers 客戶	 Products and service quality Data privacy 產品及服務質量 	Service hotline服務熱線
Shareholders and investors	 資料隱私 Compliance operation Risk management Business performance 	 Annual general meeting Announcements and circulars Financial reports Email or mail
股東及投資者	 合規運營 風險管理 業績表現 	 股東週年大會 公告及通函 財務報告 電郵或郵件
Professional parties	Compliance operationAnti-corruption	MeetingsSeminars
專業人士	 Risk management 合規運營 反貪污 風險管理 	 Email or mail 會議 講座 電郵或郵件
Suppliers	• Fair and open procurement	Service hotlineEmail or mail
供應商	• 公平公開採購	 服務熱線 電郵或郵件

Stakeholder Category 持份者類別	Expectations and Concerns 期望與關注事項	Methods of Communication 溝通方式
Non-governmental organizations, media and communities 非政府組織、媒體及社區	Community service社區服務	 ESG reports Community investment projects 環境、社會及管治報告 社區投資項目
Government and regulatory authorities	 Compliance operation Risk management Payment of tax Anti-corruption AML 	 Rules and guidelines published by regulatory authorities, including the Stock Exchange and the SFC Reports of suspicious activities to Joint Financial Intelligence Unit (if applicable)
政府及監管機構	 合規運營 風險管理 繳納税款 反貪污 打擊洗錢 	 聯交所,證監會等監管機構發佈的 規則及指引 向聯合財富情報組(倘適用)報告可 疑活動

The Group has always been committed to maintain a strong relationship with its stakeholders, working towards the goal of sustainable development. Stakeholder engagement is a key part of management's strategy to manage and report on issues that are most relevant to the stakeholders and the Group's business.

The Group has evaluated the materiality and importance in ESG aspects through the following steps:

- 1. Identification: 14 highly relevant topics have been identified by referencing the Group's business development strategies and industrial practices.
- 2. Assessment: A materiality survey was developed and distributed to stakeholders including employees, customers, suppliers and shareholders to rate the potential material topics.
- 3. Review: Results of the materiality survey were analysed and presented as a materiality matrix. Stakeholders' concerns were reviewed and discussed by the management, and the identified material topics are disclosed in this ESG Report.

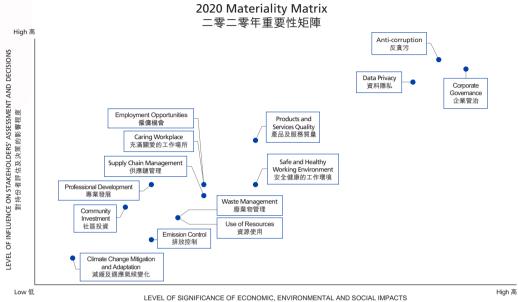
本集團一直致力與持份者維持穩固的關係,以達 致可持續發展的目標。持份者參與是管理層策略 的關鍵部分,藉以管理及匯報與持份者及本集團 業務最相關的事宜。

本集團已透過以下步驟評估環境、社會及管治方 面的重大性及重要性:

- 識別:透過參考本集團的業務發展策略及行 業慣例識別14個高度相關的議題
- 評估:制定重要性調查並向持份者(包括僱員、客戶、供應商及股東)分發,以對潛在重 要議題進行評分
- 審閱:分析重要性調查的結果並以重要性矩 陣的形式呈列。管理層檢討及討論持份者關 注的事宜,而已識別的重要議題於本環境、 社會及管治報告中披露。

The following matrix is a summary of the Group's material ESG issues:

以下矩陣為本集團重要環境、社會及管治事宜的 概要:



經濟、環境及社會影響的重要性水平

GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE 管治架構

	-	
The Board 董事會	 Oversee the relevant ESG-related issues 監督環境、社會及管治相關事宜 Define and review the ESG management approach and strategy of the Group 界定及檢討本集團的環境、社會及管治管理方針及策略 Review and discuss on the effectiveness of ESG mechanism 檢討並討論環境、社會及管治機制的有效性 Prioritise the ESG-related issues 對環境、社會及管治相關事宜進行優次排序 Approve/amend ESG-related policies 批准/修訂環境、社會及管治相關政策 Review ESG-related goals and targets 檢討環境、社會及管治相關目標及指標 	
Compliance Committee of the Board 董事會合規委員會	 Review and discuss on the effectiveness and compliance of ESG-related policies and measures with applicable laws and regulations 檢討並討論適用法律及法規下環境、社會及管治相關政策及措施的有效性及 合規情況 Report findings and make recommendations to the Board 向董事會匯報結果及作出建議 	
ESG Workforce 環境、社會 及管治工作團隊	 Introduce, facilitate and monitor implementation of ESG-related policies and measures 引入、促進及監督環境、社會及管治相關政策及措施的執行情況 Conduct review on the ESG compliance and performance of the key subsidiaries/ departments 檢討主要附屬公司/部門的環境、社會及管治合規情況及表現 Report findings and make recommendations to Compliance Committee 向合規委員會匯報結果及作出建議 	←
Key Subsidiaries/ Departments 主要附屬公司/部門	- Incorporate relevant policies and guidelines into daily business operations 將相關政策及指引納入日常業務營運當中	

The Board has a critical role in overseeing the ESG-related issues by exercising its risk-related oversight after taking into account the materiality of different ESG risks. This oversight is strategic and closely aligned with the Group's business model and operations.

For the year under review, the Board effectively oversees risks posed by ESG issues throughout the risk evaluation, prioritization and management processes. The Board evaluates and determines the nature and extent of the ESG-related risks that are relevant and material in achieving the Group's strategic objectives based on the results/findings of the materiality assessment. Various measures and policies have been established and implemented to manage and monitor the risks related to the ESG matters. The Board oversees the implementation of the ESG measures and monitors the ESG-related issues through the risk management system during the annual review.

An ESG workforce was established to introduce and facilitate implementation of ESG-related policies and measures. It ensures that employees are wellinformed of any introductions of or amendments to the ESG-related policies and measures. It also takes the major role of monitoring the ESG performance and ensuring the effective implementation of the ESG-related policies and measures.

Annual review is conducted regarding the ESG commitment and performance of the Group based on the relevant external and internal information gathered. Based on the findings in its annual review, the ESG workforce makes recommendations and suggestions to the compliance committee of the Board, which conducts review and reports findings and suggestions to the Board correspondingly. The Board then conducts overall review with the aim to enhance ESG mechanism and policies of the Group. 董事會在考慮不同環境、社會及管治風險的重要 性之後,通過行使其與風險相關的監督職能,在監 督環境、社會及管治相關事宜方面擔當重要角色。 此項監督職能具有戰略意義,並與本集團的業務 模式及營運高度一致。

於回顧年度內,董事會於風險評估、優次排序及管 理過程中有效監督環境、社會及管治事宜所帶來 的風險。董事會根據重要性評估的結果/發現,評 估及釐定與達成本集團策略目標相關並屬重大的 環境、社會及管治相關風險的性質及程度。本集團 已制定及實施多項措施及政策,以管理及監察與 環境、社會及管治事宜有關的風險。董事會監督環 境、社會及管治措施的實施情況,並於年度檢討過 程中透過風險管理系統監察環境、社會及管治相 關事宜。

本集團已成立環境、社會及管治工作團隊,以引入 環境、社會及管治相關政策及措施並促進該等政 策及措施的實施。該工作團隊確保僱員充分了解 任何新引入的環境、社會及管治相關政策及措施 或其修訂,亦在監督環境、社會及管治表現及確保 環境、社會及管治相關政策及措施的有效實施方 面發揮主要作用。

根據所收集的相關外部及內部資料,環境、社會及 管治工作團隊對本集團的環境、社會及管治承諾 及表現進行年度檢討。基於年度檢討之結果,環境、 社會及管治工作團隊向董事會合規委員會作出建 議及意見,而合規委員會則相應進行檢討並向董 事會匯報結果及作出建議。董事會其後進行全面 檢討,藉以提升本集團之環境、社會及管治機制及 政策。

ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS

EMISSIONS CONTROL

The Group understands the importance of environmental protection. The Group is committed to minimising air pollutant and greenhouse gas ("**GHG**") emission as it knows that problems of global warming should never be overlooked. The Group therefore implements various measures on emission reduction. Reminder emails are issued to employees regularly to encourage the use of emails for communication and circulation of documents where practicable so as to promote paperless culture in a digitalized community. The Group also encourages the use of video or telephone conference so as to reduce the need for business trips of the staff. The Group encourages its staff to take public transport and requires employees to turn off the office electronic appliances that are not in use before they get off from work.

For calculating GHG emissions, SME Carbon Audit Toolkit ("**Toolkit**") invented by the University of Hong Kong and City University of Hong Kong is used by the Group. Considering the scale of the Group's business, the emission factors of the Toolkit are considered suitable and are adopted in calculating the GHG emissions of the Group that are disclosed in this ESG Report. Even though the Toolkit was established in 2011, the Group considers that the potential inaccuracies due to time factor will cause only minor influence on the results. Apart from the Toolkit, other external resources obtained from relevant institutions such as China Light and Power Company Limited ("**CLP**") and Hong Kong Electric Company Limited ("**HK Electric**") and those extracted from the IPCC Fifth Assessment Report 2015 (AR5) are also adopted in calculating the GHG emissions of the Group. Considering the business nature of the Group, GHG emissions stated in this ESG Report in relation to the respective consumption by the key subsidiaries and offices are calculated in the unit of kilogram of carbon dioxide in equivalent ("**Kg CO₂ eq-**"), or in kilogram ("**kg**").

環境層面

排放控制

本集團深明環保之重要性。本集團認為全球暖化 問題不容忽視,因而致力減少空氣污染物及溫室 氣體(「**溫室氣體**」)排放。故此,本集團實施多項 措施降低排放。本集團亦定期向僱員發出提示電 郵,鼓勵在可行情況下使用電郵溝通及傳閱文件, 從而於數碼化社會裡推廣無紙文化。本集團亦鼓 勵使用視像或電話會議,從而減少僱員公幹需求。 本集團鼓勵僱員乘搭公共交通工具,並要求僱員 於下班前關閉不使用的電器。

計算溫室氣體排放量方面,本集團採用香港大學 及香港城市大學研發的中小企業碳審計工具箱(「工 **具箱**」)。考慮到本集團業務規模,工具箱的排放 係數被視作合適,並被採納用於計算本集團於本 環境、社會及管治報告中披露的溫室氣體排放量。 雖然工具箱於二零一一年建立,惟本集團認為由 於時間因素導致的潛在誤差將對結果產生影響輕 微。除工具箱外,自相關機構(如中華電力有限公 司(「中電」)及香港電燈有限公司(「香港電燈」) 獲取的其他外部資源及摘錄自二零一五年IPCC第 五次評估報告(AR5)的資源,亦被採納用於計算本 集團的溫室氣體排放量。考慮到本集團的業務性 質,本環境、社會及管治報告中列載有關主要附屬 公司及辦公室相應消耗產生的溫室氣體排放量, 乃以公斤二氧化碳當量(「公斤二氧化碳當量」)或 以公斤(「公斤」)為單位計算。

For the year under review, the Group's principal business was money lending. In other words, the main operation of the Group is office-based and hence it generally does not lead to significant direct emission of air pollutant and GHG. The only cause of direct emissions in the Group's operation was from the use of vehicles which run on petrol. The volume of direct emission of air pollutant by types caused by the Group's use of vehicles during the year under review, together with the comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2019, are as follows: 於回顧年度,本集團主要業務為放債。換言之,本 集團主要於辦公室營運,因此一般並不會導致大 量空氣污染物及溫室氣體直接排放。本集團營運 過程中直接排放的唯一來源是使用汽車(使用汽 油開動)。本集團使用汽車於回顧年度內產生按種 類劃分的空氣污染物直接排放量,連同截至二零 一九年十二月三十一日止年度的比較數字如下:

			Direct Emission (Note 1) 直接排放(附註1)		
					Percentage
			2020	2019	Change
			二零二零年	二零一九年	百分比變動
		Note	(in kg)	(in kg)	
		附註	(千克)	(千克)	
Nitrogen oxides (" NO _x ")	氮氧化物(「 NO_x」)		2.19	4.40	50.23%
Sulphur oxides (" SO _x ")	硫氧化物(「 SO _x 」)	2	0.07	0.08	12.50%
Particulate matter (" PM ")	顆粒物(「PM」)		0.16	0.32	50.00%

- Note 1: The emission factors of NO_x, SO_x and PM by vehicles extracted from Appendix 2 to the Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs are 0.0747 gram/kilometer, 0.0147 gram/litre and 0.0055 gram/kilometer respectively.
- 附註1: 自環境關鍵績效指標匯報指引附錄二摘錄之 NO_x、SO_x及PM的汽車排放係數分別為每公里 0.0747克、每公升0.0147克及每公里0.0055克。
- Note 2: The figure for the year 2019 has been restated as the calculation methodology has been adjusted to align with the calculation method provided in "How to prepare an ESG Report – Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited.
- 附註2: 由於已對計算方法進行調整以符合香港交易及 結算所有限公司發佈的「如何編製環境、社會及 管治報告-附錄二:環境關鍵績效指標匯報指 引」,故二零一九年的數據已修正。

Apart from direct emissions, the Group's operation also leads to energy indirect emissions of GHG caused by the use of electricity, for example in lighting and air-conditioning system, and other indirect emissions of GHG caused by waste disposal, water consumption and public transportation of staff. The volume and intensity of emissions of GHG generated by the Group during the year under review, together with the comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2019, are as follows:

除直接排放外,本集團營運亦因耗電而引起的能 源間接排放溫室氣體,例如燈光及空調系統中的 耗電,以及因廢物棄置、耗水及員工差旅所產生的 其他間接排放温室氣體。本集團於回顧年度內產 生的溫室氣體排放量及密度連同截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度的比較數字如下:

			(kg C	ion (Note 1) O₂ eq-))(公斤二氧化碳當量)	Intensity (Note 1) (kg CO₂ eq-/sq. feet) 密度 (附註1)(公斤二氧化碳當量/平方呎)		
		Note	2020	2019	2020	2019	
		附註	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年	
Scope 1 – Direct	範圍1 一直接排放						
Emissions	兹国2 张海眼拉排技。	2	13,015	13,198	1.12	1.81	
Scope 2 – Energy	範圍2 一能源間接排放	2 2	20.057	27.005	2.40	4.22	
Indirect Emissions: Scope 3 – Other	範圍3 一其他間接排放:	2, 3	28,857	37,685	2.18	4.22	
Indirect Emissions:		4					
Non-hazardous	無害廢棄物處置						
Waste Disposal		5	24,075	2,070	2.07	0.28	
Water Consumption	耗水量	6	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	
Public Transportation	員工差旅						
of Staff			1,211 25,286	1,774 3,844	0.10 2.17	0.24 0.52	
Total	總計	2	67,158	54,727	5.47	6.55	

- Note 1: GHG includes carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide etc. For easy understanding, the amount of GHG emissions stated in this table is calculated in the unit of kg CO₂ eq- produced. The global warming potential values for methane and nitrous oxide are 28 and 265 respectively. Given that the principal business of the Group is office-based, the unit of square feet ("**sq.ft**.") is used as a factor in calculating the intensity of direct emissions, energy indirect emissions and other indirect emissions in this table. The total area of operating premises of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019 was amended from 7,331 sq.ft. to 7,305 sq.ft. to rectify a mis-calculation. For the year ended 31 December 2020, due to the addition of new office, the total area of the operating premises of the Group has increased to 11,613 sq.ft.
- Note 2: The intensities of the direct emissions, energy indirect emissions, and total GHG emissions for the year ended 31 December 2019 have been restated due to the amendment in the total area of operating premises of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019 as disclosed above.
- 附註1: 溫室氣體包括二氧化碳、甲烷及一氧化二氮等。 為便於理解,本表所載溫室氣體排放量以已產生 公斤二氧化碳當量為單位進行計算。甲烷及氧化 亞氮的全球變暖潛力值分別為28及265。鑑於本 集團的主要業務於辦公室進行,故在本表中以平 方呎(「**平方呎**」)為係數計算直接排放、能源間 接排放及其他間接排放的密度。本集團截至二零 一九年十二月三十一日止年度經營物業的總面 積從7,331平方呎修正為7,305平方呎,以對誤算 進行修正。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,由於增加新辦公室,本集團經營物業的總面 積已增至11,613平方呎。
- 附註2: 由於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度本 集團經營物業總面積進行了上述修正,已經對截 至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度的直接排 放密度、能源間接排放密度及溫室氣體總排放密 度進行了修正。

- Note 3: Energy indirect emissions by the Group are mainly from electricity consumption. The latest emission factor of CLP was extracted from the CLP sustainable report of 2019, and the latest emission factor of HK Electric was extracted from the carbon calculator of HK Electric in calculating the data of 2020. The emission factors are 0.50 kg CO₂ per unit for the electricity supplied by CLP and 0.81 kg CO₂ per unit for electricity supplied by HK Electric. The total area of operating premises of the Group for the purpose of calculating the intensity of the energy indirect emissions by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2020 were 8,924 sq. ft. and 13,232 sq. ft. respectively as the Group's warehouse with an area of 1,619 sq. ft. was also taken into account.
- Note 4: The Toolkit is used to calculate the data of other indirect emissions of GHG by the Group.
- Note 5: Non-hazardous waste disposal of the Group mainly comprises general office waste and waste generated from the renovation of certain operating branches. Owing to practical reasons, the data of non-hazardous waste disposal is estimated figures. The data of 2019 and 2020 is estimated by taking a daily average volume of non-hazardous waste disposal as a sample. The construction and hazardous waste generated during the renovation of operating branches of the Group was borne by the construction company and therefore the data of the Group.
- Note 6: Since the Group operates in leased office premises, the data of its water consumption is not available to the Group.

The direct emissions of the Group has slightly decreased by approximately 1.39% during the year under review as compared with last year as a result of a decrease in the use of vehicles in the year under review. The amount of petrol used for the Group's vehicles decreased by approximately 12.50% from approximately 5,592 litres for the year ended 31 December 2019 to approximately 4,893 litres for the year ended 31 December 2020. In the future, the Company will continue to encourage employees to take public transport in substitution for the use of private vehicles so as to further reduce the emission of air pollutant and GHG.

The total indirect emissions of GHG resulting from energy consumption decreased by approximately 23.43% from approximately 37,685 kg CO₂ eqfor the year ended 31 December 2019 to approximately 28,857 kg CO₂ eq- for the year ended 31 December 2020. The decrease in indirect emission of GHG resulting from energy consumption is mainly attributable to the close down of certain operating branches of First Credit Limited.

The total other indirect emissions of GHG resulting from non-hazardous waste disposal, water consumption and public transportation of the staff increased from approximately 3,844 kg CO_2 eq- for the year ended 31 December 2019 to approximately 25,286 kg CO_2 eq- for the year ended 31 December 2020. The increase in other indirect emissions of GHG for the year under review is mainly attributable to the renovation and relocation of certain operating branches of the Group that resulted in the increase in non-hazardous waste disposed.

- 附註3:本集團的能源間接排放主要來自耗電。於計算二 零二零年數據時,中電的最新排放係數摘錄自中 電二零一九年可持續發展報告,而香港電燈的最 新排放係數則摘錄自香港電燈的碳計算機。中電 供電的排放係數為每單位0.50公斤二氧化碳,而 香港電燈供電的排放係數為每單位0.81公斤二 氧化碳。本集團用於計算截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 能源間接排放密度的經營物業總面積分別為8,924 平方呎及13,232 平方呎,此乃由於本集團倉庫的 面積1,619平方呎亦考慮在內。
- 附註4: 工具箱用作計算本集團溫室氣體的其他間接排 放量。
- 附註5: 本集團無害廢棄物棄置主要包括一般辦公室廢 物及若干經營分行翻新所產生的廢棄物。由於實 際原因,無害廢棄物棄置的數據為估計數字。二 零一九年及二零二零年數據乃以無害廢棄物棄 置的每日平均容量為樣例進行估算。本集團經營 分行翻新期間產生的建築及有害廢棄物由建築 公司承擔,因此相應的排放不計入本集團的其他 間接溫室氣體排放內。
- 附註6: 由於本集團在租賃辦公室內經營,故無法獲取其 耗水量數據。

於回顧年度,本集團的直接排放較去年輕微減少約1.39%,此乃由於回顧年度減少使用汽車所致。 用於本集團汽車的汽油量從截至二零一九年十二 月三十一日止年度約5,592公升減少約12.50%, 至截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約4,893 公升。本公司日後將繼續鼓勵員工乘坐公共交通 工具代替駕駛私家車,以進一步減少空氣污染物 及溫室氣體排放。

能源消耗產生的溫室氣體間接排放總量由截至二 零一九年十二月三十一日止年度約37,685公斤二 氧化碳當量減少約23.43%,而截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度約28,857公斤二氧化碳當 量。能源消耗產生的溫室氣體間接排放減少,主要 由於第一信用財務有限公司若干經營分行關閉所 致。

由無害廢棄物棄置、耗水及員工乘搭公共交通工 具所引致的其他溫室氣體間接排放總量,由截至 二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度3,844公斤二氧 化碳當量增加至截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度約25,286公斤二氧化碳當量。回顧年度的 溫室氣體其他間接排放量增加,乃因本集團若干 經營分行進行翻新及搬遷導致無害廢棄物處置量 增加。

During the year under review, the intensity of GHG emissions has reduced by approximately 16.49% as compared to the corresponding period in 2019. Moving forward, we aim to maintain or reduce the intensity of GHG emissions and achieve our emissions target by introducing a series of initiatives focusing on reducing emissions from vehicles and energy consumption. These emission reduction measures are as follows:

- encourage employees to turn off the engine when the vehicle is not in use;
- remind employees to plan routes ahead of time to reduce route repetition and optimize fuel consumption;
- arrange regular maintenance service to the vehicles to ensure optimal engine performance and fuel use; and
- actively adopt energy conservation measures which are described in the section headed "Use of Resources" below.

WASTE DISPOSAL AND RECYCLING

As the principal business of the Group is office-based, no hazardous waste as defined in the "Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and their Disposal, 1989" was produced during the year under review. Meanwhile, the Group strives to promote recycling habits among the employees. In February 2020, the Group organised a red packets recycling event to encourage employees to recycle unused red packets after the Lunar New Year festival. Staff members are also encouraged to re-use office consumables such as printing paper and manila envelopes. The Group implements policies to enhance employees' awareness of waste separation and recycling. For the year ended 31 December 2020, the weight of used paper collected for recycling is 764 kg, implying a contribution of 3,667 kg CO₂ eq-GHG reductions.

The estimated amount of non-hazardous waste generated by the Group increased from approximately 1,380 kg for the year ended 31 December 2019 to approximately 16,050 kg for the year ended 31 December 2020. The intensity of non-hazardous waste generated by the Group increased from approximately 0.19 kg/sq. ft. for the year ended 31 December 2019 to approximately 1.21 kg/sq. ft. for the year ended 31 December 2020. The increase in non-hazardous waste generated by the Group for the year under review is due to the relocation and renovation of certain operating branches of the Group.

於回顧年度內,溫室氣體排放密度較二零一九年 同期減少約16.49%。展望未來,我們的目標是維 持或減少溫室氣體排放密度,並透過推出一系列 專注於減少汽車排放及能源消耗的措施實現我們 的排放目標。該等減排措施如下:

- 鼓勵僱員不使用車輛時關閉引擎;
- 提醒僱員提前規劃路線,減少路線重複及優 化燃料消耗;
- 安排定期進行車輛保養,以確保引擎性能及
 燃料使用處於最佳狀態;及
- 積極採取下文「資源使用」一節所述的節能 措施。

廢物棄置及循環再用

由於本集團主要業務於辦公室進行,於回顧年度 內並無產生「一九八九年控制危險廢物越境轉移 及其處置巴塞爾公約」所定義的有害廢物。同時, 本集團致力推動僱員培養循環再用習慣。於二零 二零年二月,本集團舉辦一次紅包回收活動,以鼓 勵僱員在農曆新年後回收未使用的紅包。我們亦 鼓勵僱員重復使用辦公室消耗品,如打印紙及馬 尼拉紙質信封。本集團實施政策以提高僱員對廢 物分類及循環再用的意識。截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度,共收集超過764公斤的舊紙張 以作回收,意味協助減少3,667公斤二氧化碳當量 的溫室氣體。

本集團產生的無害廢棄物估計數量由截至二零 一九年十二月三十一日止年度約1,380公斤增加至 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約16,050 公斤。本集團產生的無害廢棄物密度由截至二零 一九年十二月三十一日止年度約0.19公斤/平方 呎增加至截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 約1.21公斤/平方呎。本集團於回顧年度產生的無 害廢棄物增加乃因本集團若干經營分行進行搬遷 及翻新所致。

In the future, the Group will continue its efforts to handle non-hazardous waste with the aim of maintaining or reducing the total generation of such waste. Actions to reduce wastes are as follows:

- encourage the use of electronic scanning or electronic fax to reduce photocopying; and
- introduce collection and recycling of e-waste such as old computers or other office equipment.

The Group is not aware of any material non-compliance with the Motor Vehicle Idling (Fixed Penalty) Ordinance (Chapter 611 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group relating to air pollutant and GHG emissions, discharges into water and land, or generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste during the year ended 31 December 2020.

USE OF RESOURCES

The Group treasures natural resources as a gift from nature, and it encourages efficient use of resources to avoid over-consumption. The Group pledged to support "Earth Hour" by turning off all non-essential lights for one hour on 28 March 2020. Employees are encouraged to turn off lights and electronic appliances that are not in use after business hours. Reminder tags are placed in the office to remind employees to adjust thermostats at a reasonable room temperature. Office consumables such as light bulbs and stationery are replaced or purchased only when necessary in order to avoid wastage.

The Group's business is office-based, and it merely involves regular daily water consumption and discharge. No issue arises in sourcing water that is fit for the purpose of the Group's operation as the water supply is managed by the building management office. Employees are reminded to turn off the water faucet when it is not in use. Reminder tags of water conservation are placed at a conspicuous position near the sinks to remind employees to save water. Besides, in order to promote the habit of conservation of natural resources, reminder tags are placed in the office's washrooms to encourage the staff to conserve toilet paper and tissues. As the saying goes, "many a little makes a mickle", all these habits can bring significant impacts to our environment.

未來,本集團將繼續努力,處理無害廢棄物,以維 持或減少該等廢棄物的產生總量。減少廢棄物的 措施如下:

- 鼓勵使用電子掃描或電子傳真以減少影印; 及
- 收集及回收電子廢物(如舊電腦或其他辦公 室設備)。

本集團並不知悉截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度任何涉及空氣污染物及溫室氣體排放、排 放至水源及土地或產生有害及無害廢物而嚴重違 反香港法例第611章《汽車引擎空轉(定額罰款) 條例》及其他相關法律及法規且會對本集團產生 重大影響的事件。

資源使用

本集團珍惜天然資源,視之為大自然的禮物,並鼓 勵有效地運用資源,避免過度消耗。本集團承諾支 持「地球一小時」活動,於二零二零年三月二十八 日關閉全部非必要電燈一小時。本集團鼓勵僱員 在營業時間後關閉室內不使用的電燈及電器。辦 公室內設有提醒標籤,以提醒僱員在合理的室溫 下調節恒溫器。僅在有需要的時候才更換或購買 如燈泡及文具等辦公室消耗品,以免浪費。

本集團的業務於辦公室進行,並只涉及日常用水 及排放。本集團於求取適用於營運的水源方面並 無產生問題,因用水供應乃由大廈管理處管理。本 集團提醒僱員在不使用水龍頭時將其關閉。於水 龍頭附近當眼地方貼有保護水資源的提醒標籤以 提醒僱員節約用水。此外,為促進維護自然資源的 習慣,辦公室洗手間設有提醒標籤,鼓勵員工節約 廁紙及紙巾。俗語有云,「積少成多」,這些習慣將 對我們的環境帶來重大影響。

As the Group is not engaged in the manufacturing business, its operation does not involve the use of packaging materials and labelling.

The volume and the intensity of energy and water consumption by the Group during the year under review, together with the comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2019 are as follows. Given that the principal business of the Group is office-based, sq. ft. is used as the unit in calculating the intensity of electricity and water consumption:

由於本集團並不從事生產業務,故其營運不涉及 包裝材料及標簽的使用。

本集團於回顧年度內的耗能及耗水量和密度,連 同截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度的比較 數字如下。鑑於本集團的主要業務在辦公室進行, 因此平方呎被用作計算耗電及水耗密度的單位:

			Energy and Water Consumption 耗能及耗水				
			2	020		201	19
			二零	二零年		二零一九年	
		Note	Unit	Unit/sq. feet	Note	Unit	Unit/sq. feet
				每平方呎			每平方呎
		附註	用量	用量	附註	用量	用量
Direct energy – Petrol (kilowatt-hour (" kWh ") in '000s) Indirect energy – Electricity (kWh in '000s)	直接能源一汽油 ('000千瓦小時 (「 千瓦時 」)) 間接能源-電力 ('000千瓦時)	1	47,420 35,689	4.08 2.70	2	54,197 47,103	7.42 5.28
Water Consumption	耗水	3	N/A 不適用			N/A 不	適用
Total:	總計:		83,109	6.78		101,300	12.70

Note 1 The relevant conversion factors are referenced from the International Energy Agency.

- Note 2: The intensity of indirect energy consumption of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019 has been restated as the total area of operating premises of the Group for the purpose of calculating such intensity should be 8,924 sq. ft. as the Group's warehouse with an area of 1,619 sq. ft. should also be taken into account.
- Note 3: Since the Group operates in leased office premises, the data of its water consumption is not available to the Group.

- 附註1 相關轉換系數乃參考國際能源署數據。
- 附註2: 由於本集團在計算截至二零一九年十二月三十一 日止年度間接能源消耗密度時,倉庫的面積1,619 平方呎亦應計入經營物業總面積內,故經營物業 總面積應為8,924平方呎,因此,已對本集團截至 二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度的間接能源 消耗密度進行修正。
- 附註3: 由於本集團在租賃的辦公室內經營,故本集團無 法獲取其耗水量數據。

In the following year, the Group is committed to initiating further measures addressing energy consumption, with the aim to maintain or reduce the intensity of energy consumption. The respective measures are as follows:

- replace broken electronic devices and electric appliances with more energy-efficient models;
- regularly clean lamps or light bulbs to ensure luminous efficiency and effective illumination;
- keep doors, windows, and entrances closed to prevent loss of air conditioning in the office; and
- assure the cooling effect of air conditioning equipment by proper maintenance.

ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Being a financial institution, most business operations of the Group involve document printing. No significant impacts are made on the environment and natural resources resulting from the Group's operation except from the printing of loan documents and internal documents that can result in the consumption of a large amount of printing papers. The Group therefore emphasises on minimising the use of paper, such as promoting the use of double-sided printing and recycling non-confidential used paper. Reminder tags are placed to encourage employees to use double-sided printing function, recycled paper, or choose "2 pages per sheet" printing function. To enhance environmental awareness of the staff not just within the office, but also in everyday life, the Group also provides some environmental-friendly tips to employees such as "Green Christmas Tips" for reducing the waste of packaging materials and food resulting from Christmas presents and meals. The Group also organised "Green Gift Exchange" during Christmas to encourage the recycling of unused materials.

The head office and the principal place of business of the Group was relocated to new office premises in October 2020. All construction wastes generated from the relocation were handled and disposed of in accordance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Chapter 354 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and the relevant regulations. The electronic wastes such as old computers and computer monitors were recycled, and environmental-friendly materials were used in the course of relocation, so as to minimise the impact of such waste on the environment.

Owing to the office-based business nature of the Group, the Group is not aware of any business activities which had significant impacts on the environment and natural resources during the year ended 31 December 2020. 未來一年,本集團將致力於採取進一步措施解決 能源消耗問題,以維持或減少能源消耗密度。有關 措施如下:

- 以更具能源效益的型號替代已損壞的電子 設備及電器;
- 定期清潔照明燈具或燈泡,確保照明效率及 有效照明;
- 保持門窗及入口關閉,防止辦公室空調冷氣 流失;及
- 透過適當保養確保空調設備的冷氣效果。

環境及天然資源

作為一間金融機構,本集團大部分業務營運涉及 文件打印。除打印貸款文件及內部文件可導致消 耗大量打印紙張外,本集團的營運對環境及天然 資源並無造成重大影響。故此,本集團強調節約用 紙,如推廣使用雙面影印及回收非機密的廢紙。放 置提醒標籤,鼓勵員工使用雙面打印功能、循環再 用紙或選擇將兩頁列印於一頁紙的打印功能。為 了提高員工在辦公室以及日常生活中的環保意識, 本集團亦向僱員提供若干環保貼士(如有關減少 來自聖誕節禮物及食物的包裝材料及食物浪費的 「綠色聖誕貼士」)。本集團亦於聖誕節舉辦「環保 禮物交換」活動,鼓勵回收未使用過的物品。

本集團的總辦事處及主要營業地點於二零二零年 十月搬遷至新辦公場所。搬遷產生的所有建築廢 物已根據《廢物處置條例》(香港法例第354章)及 相關規例處理及處置。在搬遷過程中,對舊電腦、 電腦顯示器等電子廢棄物進行回收利用,並使用 環保材料,盡量減少此類廢棄物對環境的影響。

由於本集團業務活動在辦公室進行,據本集團所 知,截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度並無 對環境及天然資源造成任何重大影響的業務活動。

Climate Change

As the principal business of the Group is office-based, there are no significant climate-related issues which have impacted or which may impact the Group. In view of the possible natural disasters or adverse weathers which might affect the Group's operation, a business contingency plan is in place to define the recovery process for restoring the critical business functions of the Group and minimising the loss of revenue, customers or data. The staff handbook of the Group also stipulates the work arrangements for office in the event of typhoon or rainstorms.

The Group conducts year to year comparison for the data on its GHG emission, the use of resources, including electricity consumption, and discharges of nonhazardous solid waste to quantify the Group's achievements in terms of its measures on emission and waste reduction and initiatives on efficient use of resources. Due to the energy conservation measures adopted by the Group and the close down of certain operating branches of First Credit Limited, the Group recorded a decrease in the consumption of electricity and the volume of indirect emissions during the year under review. The management considers that the overall results of the environmental protection measures are satisfactory, and the Group will continue to make contributions to environmental protection.

SOCIAL ASPECTS

EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR PRACTICES

Employment

The fact that employees are crucial assets of the Group is of no doubt. A caring workplace helps enhance employees' sense of belonging. Comprehensive guidelines and procedures regarding human resources, including but not limited to recruitment, working hours, rest periods as well as compensation are established. Guidelines on recruitment, promotion and staff appraisals are set forth in the Recruitment Policy. Employees who commit misconducts or violate company rules may be dismissed according to the Group's Dismissal Policy. To encourage retention and foster a sense of belonging, a Remuneration Policy and Structure is formulated to govern the remuneration package of all management and staff of the Group. In addition to maternity leave, paternity leave and condolence leave, employees are entitled to birthday leave which shows the Group's emphasis on its relationships with employees. Other benefits and welfare are documented in the Group's Staff Handbook. To promote a breastfeeding-friendly work environment, the Group has also joined the "Say Yes to Breastfeeding" campaign launched by UNICEF HK in collaboration with the Food and Health Bureau of the Department of Health.

Due to the outbreak of COVID-19, some staff events of the Group were suspended or cancelled during the year under review given the need to reduce physical interaction for the sake of health consideration for the employees of the Group. The Group will continue its effort to promote a caring working environment to its employees in the future.

氣候變化

由於本集團的主要業務在辦公室進行,故並無影響或可能影響本集團的重大氣候相關問題。鑑於 可能發生的自然災害或不利天氣可能影響本集團 的營運,本集團已制定一套業務應變計劃,確定復 原本集團關鍵業務功能的恢復程序,並盡量減少 收益損失、客戶損失或數據丢失。本集團的員工手 冊亦訂明有關颱風或暴雨天氣的辦公安排。

本集團每年比較其溫室氣體排放、資源使用(包括 耗電量)及無害固體廢物排放的數據,以量化本集 團在減排及減廢措施以及資源使用成效措施方面 的成績。由於本集團採取節能措施及第一信用財 務有限公司若干經營分行關閉,本集團於回顧年 度內錄得耗電量及間接排放量減少。管理層認為 整體環保措施表現成果令人滿意,本集團將會繼 續為環保作出貢獻。

社會層面

僱傭及勞工常規

僱傭

毋庸置疑, 僱員乃本集團至關重要的資產。充滿關 愛的工作場所有助增強僱員的歸屬感。本集團已 建立有關人力資源的全面指引及程序(包括但不 限於招聘、工時、休息時間及補償薪酬方面)。招 聘政策中載列有關招聘、晉升及員工考核的指引。 作出失當行為或違反公司規章的僱員,可按照本 集團解僱政策被解僱。為鼓勵留任及培養歸屬感, 本集團已制定薪酬政策及架構,規管本集團全體 管理層及員工的薪酬待遇。除產假、侍產假及喪假 外, 僱員亦享有生日假期,體顯了本集團重視與僱 員的關係。其他待遇及福利載於本集團的員工手 冊內。為促進建立母乳餵哺友善的工作環境,本集 團亦參與聯合國兒童基金香港委員會聯同香港特 別行政區政府食物及衛生局推出的「母乳育嬰齊 和應」活動。

由於2019冠狀病毒病爆發,為了本集團僱員健康 考慮,需要減少身體方面的互動,故回顧年度某些 員工活動被暫停或取消。本集團日後將繼續努力 為僱員營造一個充滿關愛的工作環境。

During the year under review, the Group had a total of 31 employees and the turnover rate was 46%. The following charts demonstrate the distribution of employees and turnover by gender, age group, employment type and geographical region.

Male

於回顧年度內,本集團共有31名僱員,流失率為 46%。以下圖表顯示按僱員性別、年齡組、僱傭類 型及地區劃分的僱員分佈情況及流失率。



2020

流失率 (%)

30

16

5.4

35

5.4

46

0

During 2020, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other employment-related laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group.

Safe and Healthy Working Environment

The Group strives to create a safe working environment as recommended by the Occupational Safety and Health Council in Hong Kong. For instance, computer workstations for employees are designed in a way that will help alleviate health problems like upper limb pains and discomfort resulting from inappropriate postures. Reading materials in relation to occupational safety and health are circulated to all employees to ensure they are equipped with updated knowledge in this regard. The Group is committed to creating a working environment free of discrimination and harassment, which can reduce employees' work stress. Discrimination is prohibited in any circumstances. Reporting channel is also provided for staff who feels being treated unfairly and appropriate actions will be taken to address such issues if they arise. Further, a business contingency plan is in place to protect the Group from possible threats and risks caused by emergent situation or disaster in order to maintain the safety of employees in such situations.

In response to the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has taken certain actions to strengthen the health and safety precautionary measures in its workplace so as to ensure the health of its employees. Apart from increasing the frequency of office cleaning and sterilisation, employees are also required to wear surgical face masks in office areas. Epidemic prevention supplies such as thermometer and alcohol-based hand sanitisers are provided in office, and guideline on the disposal of surgical face masks is provided to employees to ensure face masks are properly disposed after use. The Group has strictly followed guidelines and announcements made by the Center for Health Protection in regards to epidemic prevention, and the Group strives to provide a healthy and safe working environment for employees.

於二零二零年,本集團並不知悉任何嚴重違反《僱 傭條例》(香港法例第57章)及其他僱傭相關法律 及法規且對本集團產生重大影響的事件。

安全及健康的工作環境

本集團致力建構符合香港職業安全健康局所建議 的安全工作環境。例如,僱員的電腦工作桌椅的設 計有助舒緩因姿勢不正確引致上肢痛症和不適等 健康問題。有關職業安全及健康的閱讀材料分發 給所有僱員,以確保彼等掌握這些方面的最新知 識。本集團致力營造零歧視及零騷擾的工作環境, 有助減輕僱員的工作壓力。嚴禁在任何情況下的 歧視行為。若員工感受到不公平對待,本集團亦有 提供申報渠道,且倘發生此種情況,本集團於會採 取適當行動解決此類事宜。此外,本集團已制定一 套業務應變計劃,以保護本集團免受因緊急狀況 或災難引致的潛在威脅及風險,從而在此種情況 下保護僱員的安全。

為應對2019冠狀病毒病疫情的爆發,本集團已採 取若干行動加強工作場所的健康與安全預防措施, 以確保僱員的健康。除增加辦公室清潔及消毒的 頻率外,僱員亦須於辦公室內佩戴外科手術口罩。 於辦公室內提供溫度計及酒精消毒洗手液等防疫 用品,並為僱員提供處置外科手術口罩的指引,以 確保口罩使用後得到妥善處理。本集團嚴格遵守 衛生防護中心有關防疫的指引及公告,並致力為 僱員提供健康且安全的工作環境。

Given the nature of the Group's money lending and securities-related business, there was no significant risk relating to employees' health and safety. During the year under review, there were neither work-related fatalities nor any lost workdays due to work injury. The Group was also not aware of any material non-compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance (Chapter 509 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other health and safety-related laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group.

Development and Training

The Group adopted a Staff Training and Development Policy with the aims to improve and enhance its competitiveness in the financial market as high-quality staff training forms the foundation for the provision of superior financial services to the customers. Staff training (including the distribution of training materials) is provided regularly on any updates or information, in particular, in relation to the money lending industry with reference to the fast-changing market environment, the business objectives of the Group and the relevant requirements of the regulatory bodies. A self-development sponsorship policy is also in place to encourage continuous learning and development of staff by providing financial supports to nurture talents and explore various potentials of staff.

The Group provides continuous professional trainings to employees to ensure they are equipped with updated knowledge and skills to perform their duties. Staff training is conducted every year to ensure employees are well-informed of the policies and procedures of the Group. Besides, staff trainings in relation to the MLO, AML, counter-terrorist financing ("**CTF**") and anti-corruption were conducted during the year under review. Details regarding the staff trainings on AML, CTF and anti-corruption are set out in the sub-paragraph headed "Anti-corruption, AML and CTF" in the section headed "Operating Practices" in this ESG Report. 基於本集團放債及證券相關業務的性質,僱員工 作時並無有關健康及安全威脅的重大風險。於回 顧年度,概無因工死亡事件,亦無因工傷而損失工 作日數。本集團亦不知悉任何嚴重違反《職業安 全及健康條例》(香港法例第509章)及其他健康 與安全相關法律及法規且會對本集團產生重大影 響的事件。

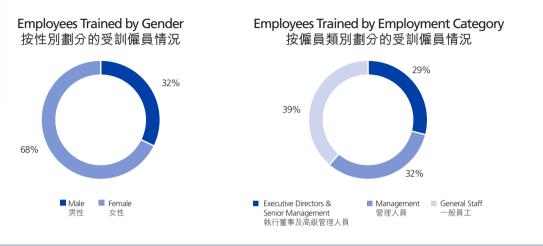
發展及培訓

本集團已採納員工培訓及發展政策,藉此改善及 提升其於金融市場的競爭力,因頂尖的員工培訓 為向客戶提供優越金融服務的基石。員工培訓(包 括分發培訓材料)會因應瞬息萬變的市場環境、本 集團的業務目標及監管機構的相關規定,定期提 供有關放債行業的任何最新狀況或資料。本集團 亦已制定自我進修資助政策,透過提供財務支援 鼓勵員工持續進修及發展,藉此培育人才及發掘 員工的多樣潛能。

本集團為僱員提供持續專業培訓,以確保彼等具 備最新知識及技能履行職責。每年會舉行員工培 訓會,以確保僱員充分瞭解本集團政策及程序。 此外,有關放債人條例、打擊洗錢、恐怖分子資金 籌集(「**恐怖分子資金籌集**」)以及反貪污的員工培 訓,亦於回顧年度舉行。有關打擊洗錢及恐怖分子 資金籌集以及反貪污的員工培訓之詳情,載於本 環境、社會及管治報告「營運慣例」一節「反貪污、 打擊洗錢及恐佈分子資金籌集」的分段內。

The following charts and table demonstrate the breakdown of employees trained and average training hours by gender and employee category during the year under review:

以下圖表顯示於回顧年度內按性別及僱員類別劃 分的受訓僱員明細及平均培訓時數:



		2020 二零二零年 Average training hours 平均培訓時數
		(hours) (小時)
By Gender	按性別劃分	
Male	男性	1.67
Female	女性	2.00
By Employee Category	按僱員類別劃分	
Executive Directors and Senior Management	執行董事及高級管理人員	2.11
Management	管理人員	2.71
General Staff	一般員工	1.33

Labour Standard

The Group emphasises the importance of labour diversity and equal opportunities in recruitment and promotion matters. Candidates with different gualifications and experiences are welcome in order to diversify the labour base. The Recruitment Policy of the Group sets out a transparent mechanism and practice for recruitment in compliance with the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group in relation to child and forced labour prevention, recruitment and promotion, equal opportunity and anti-discrimination. It also states clearly that criteria such as age, gender, marital status, nationality, race and religious belief should not be considered in the candidates screening process so as to ensure equal treatment to all applicants. Child and forced labour are strictly prohibited in the Group. To avoid illegal employment of child and forced labour, each of the job applicants is required to fill in an employment application form, in which personal data necessary for ensuring that the applicant is over the statutory minimum age for employment is collected. Personal information such as the number of identity card is collected for the sake of identity verification.

During 2020, no complaints were received regarding child or forced labour, unfair treatment or discrimination during the recruitment and promotion process. The Group is also not aware of any material non-compliance with the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other child and forced labour related laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group.

OPERATING PRACTICES

Supply Chain Management

Given the business of the Group as a financial services provider, suppliers of the Group are mainly service providers who provide services supporting the daily office operation of the Group such as information technology services, property management services, advertising services, legal and consulting services. The Group also works with suppliers that supply office consumable products, and those that provide printing and cleaning service. During 2020, the Group had over 40 suppliers, and all of them are from Hong Kong.

In order to build up cooperation relationships with different suppliers in a socially responsible manner, guidelines were established and adopted to outline the criteria to be considered when selecting suppliers and vendors with an aim to establish a sustainable relationship with suppliers and to safeguard the welfare of the workers, the community and the environment. The criteria include the application of environmental-friendly principles, protection of workers' human rights, safety and health by the suppliers and so on. The Group's employees are required to follow the guidelines when selecting suppliers and the Group will periodically review their implementation.

勞工準則

本集團在招聘及晉升事宜上強調勞動力多元化及 平等機會的重要性。本集團歡迎具不同資歷和經 驗者應徵工作,使勞工基礎更多元化。本集團之招 聘政策載列具有透明度的招聘機制及常規,符合 《僱傭條例》(香港法例第57章)及其他有關防止 童工及強制勞工、招聘及晉升、平等機會及反歧視 且對本集團具有重大影響的法律及法規。該政策 亦清晰説明,不得於篩選候選人的過程中考慮年 齡、性別、婚姻狀況、國籍、種族及宗教信仰等標 準,以確保各求職者得到公平對待。另外本集團嚴 禁任何童工和強制勞工。為避免非法僱用童工及 強制勞工,各求職者須填寫僱傭申請表,當中搜集 的個人資料須確保求職者超過法定最低僱傭年齡。 亦會收集身份證號碼等個人資料進行身份鑑別。

於二零二零年,在人事招聘及晉升過程中,未有收 到任何有關童工及強制勞工、不公平對待或歧視 的投訴。本集團亦不知悉任何嚴重違反《僱傭條 例》(香港法例第57章)及其他童工及強制勞工相 關法律及法規且會對本集團產生重大影響的事件。

營運慣例

供應鏈管理

鑑於本集團的業務為提供金融服務,本集團供應 商主要指為本集團辦公室日常營運提供支援服務 (如資訊科技服務、物業管理服務、廣告服務以及 法律及諮詢服務)的服務供應商。本集團亦與供應 辦公消耗品以及提供印刷及清潔服務的供應商合 作。於二零二零年,本集團超過40名供應商,全部 來自香港。

為了以對社會負責的方式與不同供應商建立合作 關係,本集團已建立及採納指引,以概括挑選供應 商及賣方時應考慮之標準。此舉旨在與供應商建 立可持續關係,並保障員工福利、保護社區與環境。 該標準包括供應商環保原則的應用以及員工人權、 安全和健康的保障等。本集團的僱員於選擇供應 商時須遵守指引,而本集團將定期檢討其實施情 況。

The Group also puts efforts into picking environmental-friendly products or office consumables in its daily operations as well as office relocation and renovation. The products selected by the Group in the renovation work in 2020 included LED fluorescent tubes, durable and washable wallpaper, carpets and floors with a material recycling rate of 70%. These carpets and floors bear the ECO mark certified by the Japan Environmental Association which acknowledges the practicality of products in terms of environmental protection and the CRI Green Label Plus certified by The Carpet and Rug Institute to identify products with very low emission of volatile organic compounds (VOCs).

The Group evaluates and monitors the ESG risks along the supply chain in accordance with the risk management policy of the Group. Details of the risk management system are set out in the section headed "Risk Management and Internal Control" in the CG Report of the Company set out from page 34 to 37 of the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020. During 2020, the risk of suppliers bringing significant negative impacts (whether actual or contingent) on the Group's business is negligible, and the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance incidents of suppliers regarding environmental and labour protections.

Products and Services

The Group has always striven to provide diversified financial solutions to customers. Honest and comprehensive information about the products is provided to customers with the aim to help them make appropriate informed decisions. In addition, with its customer-oriented principle, the Group emphasises quality services to raise customers' satisfaction. Members of staff are encouraged to give prompt response and provide the best assistance to customers.

To ensure the products and services provided are in compliance with applicable laws, regulations and relevant guidelines, proper approval procedures and relevant risk assessment would be conducted before launching any new products. The money laundering and terrorist financing risks of all existing products would be reviewed regularly as an ongoing monitoring control of the product risk.

Money lending is the principal business of the Group. Product recall and quality assurance procedures are therefore not applicable to the Group. The Group strives to provide quality financial services to the customers and values customers' needs. Customers who wish to make any inquiries, feedback, recommendation or complaints may refer to the contact details set out in the section headed "Dialogue and Communication" in this ESG Report. During 2020, the Group had not received any service-related complaints.

本集團亦努力在日常營運及辦公室搬遷與翻新過 程中挑選環保產品或辦公耗材。本集團於二零二 零年翻新工程中選擇的產品包括LED螢光燈管、耐 用及可清洗墻紙、材料循環再用率達70%的地毯 及地板,此等地毯及地板具有經日本環保協會認 證的ECO標誌(用以肯定產品在環保方面的實用 性)以及CRI綠色標籤+(由地毯協會推出的項目, 用以識別揮發性有機化合物(VOCs)排放量極低的 產品)。

本集團根據其風險管理政策評估及監察供應鏈中 的環境、社會及管治風險。有關風險管理系統的詳 情列載於本公司截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度的年報第34至37頁本公司企業管治報告內 「風險管理及內部監控」一節。於二零二零年,供 應商對本集團業務造成重大負面影響(不論實際 或或然)之風險極微,而本集團並不知悉供應商有 任何關於環境及勞工保障之嚴重違規事件。

產品及服務

本集團一直致力向客戶提供多元化財務解決方案。 向客戶提供誠實及全面的產品資料,旨在幫助其 在知情情況下作出適當決定。此外,基於其以客戶 為中心的原則,本集團強調品質服務,以提升客戶 的滿意度。我們亦鼓勵員工迅速回應客戶需求及 提供最佳的協助。

為確保所提供的產品及服務符合適用法律、法規 及相關指引,本集團將於推出任何新產品前進行 適當的審核程序及相關風險評估。作為對產品風 險的持續監控,本集團將定期檢討所有現有產品 的洗錢及恐怖份子資金籌集風險。

放債為本集團之主要業務。因此,產品召回及質量 保證程序並不適用於本集團。本集團致力為客戶 提供優質的金融服務,重視客戶需求。客戶如有任 何查詢、反饋、建議或投訴,可參閱本環境、社會 及管治報告「對話及溝通」一節所載的聯絡詳情。 於二零二零年,本集團並無收到任何服務相關的 投訴。

As a financial service provider, observation and protection of intellectual property rights is rather immaterial to the Group's operation. The Group registered its trademark with The Trade Marks Registry under the Intellectual Property Department in 2013 to enjoy exclusive right to use the trademark during its provision of financial services to customers and in the Group's publications and advertising materials.

During the year under review, no material breach or non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations regarding the business and operations of the Group is found. In particular, the Group adhered to the applicable laws regulating its principal business of money lending i.e., MLO. In respect of advertising, the Group complied with the latest additional licensing conditions imposed on money lenders and was not aware of any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group relating to advertising during 2020.

Due to the nature of the Group's business of money lending, issues relating to health and safety of products and services provided, and compliance of the relevant laws and regulations in those aspects are not of relevance to the Group.

Data Privacy

The Group values security and protection of customers' privacy and personal data. Information provided by customers is handled with due care and in accordance with the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Chapter 486 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("**PDPO**") and other relevant laws and regulations. Guidelines regarding the handling of confidential information are provided to staff to enhance information security in business operations and across departments. Emails are encrypted and passwords are added to attachments when necessary in order to preserve the confidentiality of material information. Statement for the collection of personal data is provided to customers before the collection of personal data. A data protection officer is appointed by the Group to oversee the Group's compliance with the PDPO.

No issue regarding material non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations mentioned above was identified or reported during the year under review. In particular, no incidents regarding infringement of customers' privacy or loss of customer data were found. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with the PDPO and other relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group relating to privacy matters.

The customers can contact the data protection officer of the Group if they have any complaints or concerns in relation to the Group's compliance with the PDPO and/or any other relevant laws and regulations relating to personal data privacy.

作為金融服務供應商,遵守及保護知識產權對本 集團營運之重要性頗低。然而,本集團於二零一三 年向知識產權署轄下商標註冊處註冊其商標,以 於向客戶提供金融服務期間及於本集團刊物及廣 告材料中享有獨家商標使用權。

於回顧年度,並無發現嚴重違反或不遵守有關本 集團業務及經營之相關法律及法規。尤其是本集 團已遵守監管其放債主要業務的適用法例(即放 債人條例)。在廣告宣傳方面,本集團已遵守對放 債人施加的最新額外發牌條件,且並不知悉於二 零二零年任何涉及廣告宣傳而違反相關法律及法 規,及會對本集團產生重大影響的事件。

由於本集團放債業務的性質使然,有關所提供產品及服務的健康及安全,以及於該等方面遵守相關法律及法規的事宜均與本集團無關。

資料隱私

本集團重視客戶隱私及個人資料之安全及保護。 客戶所提供的資料根據《個人資料(私隱)條例》 (香港法例第486章)(「**私隱條例**」)及其他法律及 法規審慎處理。本集團已向員工提供有關處理保 密資料之指引,以改善業務營運及各部門的資訊 保安。電郵於必要時會加密處理,且附件設有密碼, 以保障重要資料的保密度。收集個人資料前,本集 團會向客戶提供收集個人資料聲明。本集團已委 任一名資料保障主任,監察本集團遵守私隱條例 的情況。

於回顧年度內,並無識別或申報有關嚴重違反上 述相關法律及法規的事件。尤其是,並無發現有關 侵犯客戶隱私或損失客戶資料之事件。截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團並不知悉 任何涉及隱私事宜而嚴重違反私隱條例及其他相 關法律及法規且會對本集團產生重大影響的事件。

倘客戶對本集團遵守私隱條例及/或任何其他有 關個人資料隱私的相關法律及法規的事宜有任何 投訴或疑問,其可聯絡本集團的資料保障主任。

Anti-Corruption, AML and CTF

Engaging in the money lending business, the Group's employees have to deal with money transactions in the day-to-day business operation. Potential risks regarding improper or dishonest handling of money by customers or employees cannot be neglected. Guidelines in relation to anti-corruption and fraud and a policy and procedure regarding AML and CTF ("AML and CTF Policy") are formulated and stated to the staff.

The Group strives to achieve high standards of ethics in its business operations and does not tolerate any corruptions and other behaviours violating work ethics. The Group stipulates the code of conduct in the staff handbook and encourages the staff to report any incident of soliciting and accepting advantages.

As part of the loan approval process, the Group will carry out appropriate customer due diligence procedures on a risk-based approach to assess the risk of money laundering and terrorist financing. Details of the Group's customer due diligence measures are set out in the Company's AML and CTF Policy. Besides, measures regarding monitoring and reporting of suspicious cases are also implemented and maintained throughout the operation of the Group. Any suspicious case of money laundering or terrorist financing which comes to the staff's knowledge will be reported to the money laundering reporting officer ("**MLRO**") of the Group immediately. Taking the relevant information into account, MLRO will evaluate the suspicious case on a case-by-case basis and will report to the Joint Financial Intelligence Unit of the Hong Kong Government as soon as practicable if he considers it necessary. To ensure that the existing AML and CTF systems are up-to-date, effective and able to efficiently manage the potential money laundering and terrorist financing risks, regular reviews will be conducted.

For the year under review, in order to fulfill the additional licensing condition for money lenders to comply with the Guideline on Compliance of Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing Requirements for Licensed Money Lenders ("**AML and CTF Guideline**") published by the Companies Registry, the Company has enhanced its AML and CTF systems in accordance with the latest AML and CTF Guideline. Staff trainings on AML and CTF were also conducted during the year under review to update and familiarise the staff with the latest AML and CTF measures and to provide an overview of the enhanced AML and CTF systems of the Company. Anti-corruption trainings conducted by the Independent Commission Against Corruption ("**ICAC**") were also provided to the directors and staff of the Group for the year under review. Reading materials in relation to business ethics and anti-corruption were circulated to all staff, so as to enhance employees' understanding of anti-bribery and anticorruption.

反貪污、打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集

本集團從事放債業務,日常業務營運中需要本集 團僱員處理金錢交易,故不能忽視客戶或僱員處 理金錢不當或不實之潛在風險。本集團已定立,並 向員工述明有關反貪污及欺詐等指引,以及有關 打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集的政策及程序(「**打** 擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集政策」)。

本集團致力在其業務營運中達致高水平的道德標 準,絕不容忍任何貪污及其他違反職業道德的行 為。本集團在員工手冊中規定行為守則,並鼓勵員 工報告任何索取及收受利益的事件。

作為貸款批核過程中的一部分,本集團將按以風 險為本的方針實施適當的客戶盡職審查程序,以 評估洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集的風險。有關本集 團客戶盡職審查措施詳情載於本公司打擊洗錢及 恐怖分子資金籌集政策。此外,本集團亦實施有關 監控及申報可疑個案的措施,並會在本集團營運 中維持。當員工知悉任何洗錢或恐怖分子資金籌 集的可疑個案時,將立即向本集團洗錢報告主任 (「洗錢報告主任」)匯報。洗錢報告主任考慮到有 關資料後,將會按逐個案件評估可疑個案,並於彼 認為必要時在切實可行的情況下盡快向香港政府 聯合財富情報組匯報。為確保現有的打擊洗錢及 恐怖分子資金籌集系統為最新、有效並能有效管 理潛在洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集的風險,本集團 將會定期進行檢討。

於回顧年度內,為履行放債人牌照的額外發牌條 件以符合公司註冊處發佈的《持牌放債人遵從打 擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集規定的指引》(「**打擊** 洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集指引」),本公司已根據 最新的打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集指引改善其 打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集系統。於回顧年度 內,本集團亦提供打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集指引改善其 的員工培訓,以使員工得知及熟悉本公司最新的 打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集措施以及提供經改 善後的打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集精施以及提供經改 善後的打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集系統的概覽。 於回顧年度,本集團董事及員工亦獲提供由廉政 公署(「**廉政公署**」)舉辦的反貪污培訓。關於商業 道德及反貪污的閱讀材料已分發給所有員工,以 加強僱員對反賄賂及反貪污的了解。

Staff handbook of the Company sets out the code of conduct regarding accepting and soliciting advantages. All members of the staff are required to follow the code of conduct. A reporting mechanism is also established for staff to report any non-compliance incidents in relation to bribery, corruption, fraud, money laundering or terrorist financing.

No significant risks relating to improper or dishonest handling of money were identified during the year under review. The Group did not receive any whistleblowing reports from its employees during the year as well. There were also neither any confirmed incidents or suspected incidents regarding bribery, corruption, fraud, money laundering or terrorist financing against the laws of Hong Kong nor any legal proceedings regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or its employees during the year under review. The Group was not aware of any non-compliance with the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Chapter 201 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other laws and regulations relating to bribery, extortion, fraud, money laundering or terrorist financing which have a significant impact on the Group for the year 2020.

COMMUNITY

Initiatives and efforts of social service organisations should be recognised and supported. The Group will also explore possibilities to cooperate with different organisations that share the same values and principles with the Group. The Group strives to raise employees' awareness in terms of social involvement and civic consciousness. The Group established the First Credit Volunteering Team. Employees are also encouraged to participate in community enhancement events such as volunteering and fundraising activities.

For the year under review, the Group mainly focused on environmental concerns and labour needs in its community engagement. The Group participated in "Earth Hour 2020" organized by World Wide Fund For Nature Hong Kong to show its concerns about climate crisis and deterioration of biodiversity, and "Say Yes to Breastfeeding Campaign 2020/2021" initiated by the Hong Kong Committee for UNICEF in collaboration with the Food and Health Bureau of the Department of Health to show its support in promoting breastfeeding friendly workplace. Also, the Group made donations to Feeding Hong Kong Limited ("**FHK**") and First Credit Volunteering Team took part in FHK's special festive food parcel packing sessions in August 2020.

It was the Group's plan to participate in volunteering sessions organized by FHK in a half-yearly basis, yet, the outbreak and development of COVID-19 during the year brought difficulties in coordination since the Group adopted shift system and flexible working hours to cope with the epidemic, while some volunteering sessions were cancelled by FHK given the risk of crowd gathering and the need to maintain social distance.

本公司的員工手冊載列有關接受及索取利益的行 為守則。所有員工均須遵守行為守則。我們亦為員 工建立舉報機制,以報告任何有關賄賂、貪污、欺 詐、洗錢或恐怖分子資金籌集的違規事件。

於回顧年度內,一概無識別有關處理金錢不當或 不實的重大風險。於本年度內本集團亦無收到來 自僱員的任何舉報。於回顧年度內並無確認已違 反或懷疑違反香港法律的有關賄賂、貪污、欺詐、 洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集事件,亦無對本集團或 其僱員提起的貪污訴訟案件。於二零二零年,本集 團並不知悉任何涉及賄賂、敲詐、欺詐、洗錢及恐 怖分子資金籌集而違反《防止賄賂條例》(香港法 例第201章)及其他有關賄賂、敲詐、欺詐、洗錢及 恐怖分子資金籌集的法律及法規,且會對本集團 產生重大影響的事件。

社區

社區服務組織付出的積極努力應被肯定並支持。 本集團亦將探討跟本集團秉持同樣價值及原則的 不同組織合作的可能性。本集團致力提高僱員對 社會參與的覺悟及公民意識。本集團已成立第一 信用義工團隊。本集團亦鼓勵僱員參與社區活動, 如義工及籌款活動等。

本集團原計劃每半年參加由樂餉社舉辦的義工活動,然而,2019冠狀病毒病於本年度之爆發及發展帶來協調方面的困難,此乃由於本集團採取輪班制及彈性工作時間以應付疫情,而鑑於人群聚集之風險及保持社交距離之需要,樂餉社取消了部分義工活動。

AWARDS

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group received the award of Caring Company (2020/21) from The Hong Kong Council of Social Service which represents a recognition of the team efforts paid by the Group on CSR.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Group upholds high corporate governance standards and strives to ensure that its business practice complies with the relevant laws and regulations in the jurisdiction. The Group is responsive to regulatory changes and will evaluate the need to amend its existing policies and practice from time to time. Details of the Group's corporate governance structure and practices are set out in the CG Report from page 18 to page 38 of the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020.

DIALOGUE AND COMMUNICATION

The Group will continue to maintain open communication opportunities with various stakeholders on CSR matters from time to time. The Group values every feedback and recommendations from its stakeholders on CSR matters in order to improve its existing CSR policies and practice. Stakeholders may write directly to the Group's principal place of business in Hong Kong at 1/F., O.T.B. Building, Nos.259-265 Des Voeux Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong or via email to enquiry@firstcredit.com.hk for any inquiries, feedback and recommendation regarding CSR-related issues.

獎項

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團收到由香港社會服務聯會頒發的二零二零/ 二一年度商界展關懷獎項,反映本集團在企業社 會責任方面的團隊努力得到認可。

企業管治

本集團維持高標準的企業管治及致力於確保其業務實踐遵守司法權區所有相關法律及法規。本集 團對監管方面的變動作出迅速響應,並將評估是 否需要不時修訂現有政策及常規。本集團企業管 治架構及常規的詳情載於本公司截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度的年報第18至38頁企業管 治報告。

對話與溝通

本集團將繼續就企業社會責任事宜不時與各個持 份者持續保持開放溝通的機會。本集團重視其持 份者有關企業社會責任事宜的每一項意見及建議, 以提升現有企業社會責任政策及常規。持份者如 有任何有關企業社會責任事宜的查詢、意見及建 議可直接郵寄至本集團之香港主要營業地點(地 址為香港上環德輔道中259-265號海外銀行大廈 1樓)或以電郵方式發送至enquiry@firstcredit.com. hk。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

C elite partners

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF FIRST CREDIT FINANCE GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of First Credit Finance Group Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**") set out on pages 88 to 163, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "**Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTER

Key audit matter is the matter that, in our professional judgment, was of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. The matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on the matter.

致第一信用金融集團有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達存續之有限公 司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「**吾等**」)已審計列載於第88 頁至第163頁第一信用金融集團有限公司(「**貴公** 司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「**貴集團**」)的綜合財務 報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零二零年十二月 三十一日的綜合財務狀況表以及截至該日止年度 的綜合損益及其他全面收入表、綜合權益變動表 和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括 主要會計政策概要。

吾等認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師 公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈之香港財務報告準 則(「**香港財務報告準則**」)真實而公平地反映 貴 集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀 況及截至該日止年度 貴集團的綜合財務表現及 綜合現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》的披露 規定妥為編製。

意見基準

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則 (「**香港審計準則**」)進行審計。吾等根據該等準則 的責任於吾等報告中「核數師就審計綜合財務報 表的責任」進一步描述。根據香港會計師公會之專 業會計師道德守則(「**守則**」),吾等獨立於 貴集 團,且吾等已根據守則履行吾等其他道德責任。吾 等相信,吾等獲得之審計證據充分及適當,足以為 吾等之意見提供基準。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項為吾等的專業判斷中,審計本期綜 合財務報表中最重要的事項。吾等於審計整體綜 合財務報表處理此事項及就此形成意見,而不會 就此事項單獨發表意見。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告 (continued 續)

KEY AUDIT MATTER (Cont'd)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit MatterHow our Audit Addressed the Key Audit Matter關鍵審計事項吾等的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Impairment of loans receivables

(Refer to notes 20 and 30(B) to the consolidated financial statements)

The measurement of expected credit loss ("**ECL**") requires the application of significant judgements which include the identification of exposures with a significant deterioration in credit quality, and assumptions used in the ECL models, such as the probability of default, loss given default, expected future cash flows and forward-looking macroeconomic factors.

Due to the significance of loans receivables (representing approximately 88% of total assets) and the corresponding uncertainty inherent in such estimation of ECL allowance, we considered this as a key audit matter.

Our audit procedures included the assessment of the design and operating effectiveness of controls over the origination, segmentation, ongoing internal credit quality assessments, recording and monitoring of loans receivables.

We also assessed the operating effectiveness of key controls over the application of the impairment methodology, the governance for the ECL models, inputs and assumptions used by the Group in calculating the ECL and the mathematical accuracy of the ECL calculations.

For collectively assessed ECL, we assessed the validity of the Group's ECL models, including model input, model design and model performance for significant portfolios.

We assessed the Group's criteria for assessing if a significant increase in credit risk had occurred against the requirements of HKFRS 9 and tested the staging of the Group's financial assets against these criteria.

We challenged whether historical experience is representative of current circumstances and the recent loss experience incurred in the portfolios.

We assessed whether the forward-looking adjustments, including the economic variables and assumptions used in each of the economic scenarios and their probability weightings were consistent with internal information and external economic and market data with a particular focus on the impact of COVID-19. Where changes had been made in model parameters and assumptions, we evaluated the appropriateness of such changes.

We also assessed and tested the sensitivity of the credit loss provisions to changes in modelling assumptions.

For a sample of exposures that were subject to an individual impairment assessment, we reviewed the Group's assumptions of the expected future cashflows, including assumptions in respect of the realisable value of collateral. In light of COVID-19, we included borrowers which are more vulnerable to the pandemic in our risk-based sampling approach to perform loan review procedures.

We also evaluated the adequacy of financial statement disclosures relating to the Group's exposure to credit risk.

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告 (continued))

KEY AUDIT MATTER (Cont'd)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit MatterHow our Audit Addressed the Key Audit Matter關鍵審計事項吾等的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

應收貸款減值

(參閱綜合財務報表附註20及30(B))

計量預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)需要應用重大判斷,包括 識別信貸質量顯著惡化之風險,以及預期信貸虧損模式所用假設, 例如違約概率、違約虧損、預期未來現金流量及前瞻性宏觀經濟 因素。

鑑於應收貸款(佔資產總值約88%)之重要性,且有關預期信貸 虧損撥備估算內含相應不確定性,吾等認為此為一項關鍵審計 事項。 吾等之審核程序包括評估對應收貸款的產生、分類、持續內部 信貸質素評估、記錄及監督的控制於設計及營運方面之有效性。

吾等亦評估應用減值法之關鍵控制、預期信貸虧損模式之管 治, 貴集團於計算預期信貸虧損時所用之輸入數據及假設於 營運方面之有效性以及預期信貸虧損之計算準確性。

就集體評估的預期信貸虧損而言,吾等評估了 貴集團預期信 貸虧損模式的有效性,包括重大貸款組合的模式輸入、模式設 計及模式表現。

吾等根據香港財務報告準則第9號的規定評估了 貴集團評估 信貸風險是否大幅增加的標準,並根據該等標準測試 貴集團 金融資產的階段。

吾等質詢了歷史經驗是否代表當前情況以及組合中近期產生 的虧損情況。

吾等評估了前瞻性調整(包括每種經濟情景中使用的經濟變量 及假設及其概率權重)是否與內部資料及外部經濟及市場數據 一致,尤其重點關注2019冠狀病毒病的影響。倘模式參數和假 設已作出變動,則吾等評估該等變化的適當性。

吾等亦評估並測試了信貸虧損撥備對建模假設變動的敏感性。

就個別減值評估的樣本而言,吾等審閱了 貴集團對預期未 來現金流量的假設,包括有關抵押品可變現價值之假設。鑒於 2019冠狀病毒病疫情,在吾等運用以風險為基礎的抽樣方法執 行貸款審閱程序時,將更易受疫情影響的借款人納入其中。

吾等亦評估了與 貴集團的信貸風險有關的財務報表披露的充 足性。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告 (continued))

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他資料

董事負責其他資料。其他資料包括年報所載資料, 但不包括綜合財務報表及相關核數師報告。

吾等對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料, 吾等亦不對其他資料發表任何形式的核證結論。

審核綜合財務報表時,吾等的責任為閱讀其他資料,於此過程中,考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報 表或吾等於審計過程中所瞭解的情況有重大抵觸, 或者似乎有重大錯誤陳述。基於吾等已執行的工作,倘吾等認為其他資料有重大錯誤陳述,吾等須 報告該事實。於此方面,吾等沒有任何報告。

董事及負責管治之人士對綜合財 務報表的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務 報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規定編製真 實而公平地呈列的綜合財務報表,並為其認為必 須為使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導 致的重大錯誤陳述的內部監控負責。

編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持 續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營 有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非 董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其 他實際的替代方案。

負責管治之人士有責任監督 貴集團的財務報告 過程。 Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告 (continued 續)

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion, solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表的責 任

吾等的目標為合理確定整體綜合財務報表是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的任何重大錯誤陳述, 並按照百慕達一九八一年公司法第90條僅向 閣 下(作為整體)發出載有吾等意見的核數師報告, 除此之外本報告別無其他目的。吾等不會就本報 告內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理確定屬高層次核證,但不能擔保根據香港審 計準則進行的審核工作總能發現所有存在的重大 錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可源於欺詐或錯誤,倘個別或 整體於合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據綜合財 務報表作出的經濟決定時,則被視為重大錯誤陳 述。

根據香港審計準則進行審核時,吾等運用專業判 斷,於整個審核過程中保持專業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表由於欺詐或錯誤 而導致的重大錯誤陳述風險,因應此等風險 設計及執行審核程序,獲得充足及適當審核 憑證為吾等的意見提供基礎。由於欺詐涉及 合謀串通、偽造、故意遺漏、誤導性陳述或 凌駕內部控制,因此未能發現由此造成的重 大錯誤陳述風險較未能發現由於錯誤而導 致的重大錯誤陳述風險更高。
- 瞭解與審核有關的內部控制,以設計恰當的 審核程序,但並非旨在對 貴集團內部控制 的有效程度發表意見。
- · 評估所用會計政策是否恰當,以及董事所作 會計估計及相關披露是否合理。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告 (continued))

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表的責 任*〔續〕*

- 總結董事採用以持續經營為基礎的會計法 是否恰當,並根據已獲取的審核憑證,總結 是否有對 貴集團持續經營的能力構成重 大疑問的事件或情況等重大不確定因素。倘 吾等總結認為存在重大不確定因素,吾等需 於核數師報告中提請注意綜合財務報表內 的相關資料披露,或如果相關披露不足,則 修訂吾等的意見。吾等的結論以截至核數師 報告日期所獲得的審核憑證為基礎。然而, 未來事件或情況可能導致 貴集團不再具 有持續經營的能力。
- 評估綜合財務報表(包括資料披露)的整體 列報、架構及內容,以及綜合財務報表是否 已公允反映及列報相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內各實體或業務活動的財務資料獲得充足的審核憑證,以就綜合財務報表發表意見。吾等須負責指導、監督及執行集團的審核工作。吾等須為吾等的審核意見承擔全部責任。

吾等與負責管治之人士就(其中包括)審核工作的 計劃範圍,時間安排及重大審核發現,包括吾等於 審核期間識別出內部監控的任何重大缺陷溝通。

吾等亦向負責管治之人士提交聲明,説明吾等已 遵守有關獨立性的道德要求,並就所有被合理認 為可能影響吾等的獨立性的關係及其他事宜及為 消除威脅採取的行動及已採納之防範措施(如適用) 與彼等溝通。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告 (continued))

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Mr. Siu Jimmy with Practising Certificate number P05898.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表的責 任*〔續〕*

吾等從與負責管治之人士溝通的事項中,決定某 些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審核工作最為重要, 因而構成關鍵審計事項。除非法律或法規不容許 公開披露此等事項,或於極罕有的情況下,吾等認 為披露此等事項可合理預期的負面後果將超越公 眾利益而不應於報告中披露,否則吾等會於核數 師報告中描述此等事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為蕭俊 武先生(執業證書編號: P05898)。

Elite Partners CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

10/F, 8 Observatory Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

23 March 2021

開元信德會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

香港 九龍尖沙咀 天文臺道8號10樓

二零二一年三月二十三日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收入表 For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
	Notes	нк\$	HK\$
	附註	港元	港元
	6	38,016,626	88,881,668
	8	1,944,128	39,663
其他虧損	9	(3,095,214)	(3,949,780)
		36,865,540	84,971,551
行政開支		(25,429,197)	(28,055,902)
應收貸款減值虧損淨額	11		(200,581,489)
撇銷貿易權	19	-	(3,100,000)
其他經營開支		(9,359,472)	(10,373,177)
經營虧捐		(358 116 536)	(157,139,017)
*正		(330,110,330)	(157,155,017)
財務費用	10	(273,171)	(187,051)
除税前虧損	11	(358,389,707)	(157,326,068)
所得税(開支)/抵免	12	(9,221,821)	24,432,997
太公司擁有人確佔在內虧捐			
とりを見てきる。		(367,611,528)	(132,893,071)
		HK cents	HK cents
			港仙
每股虧損			ні с ,
基本	16	(10.13)	(3.66)
	應收貸款減值虧損淨額 撇銷貿易權 其他經營開支 經營虧損 財務費用 除稅前虧損 所得税(開支)/抵免 本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損 及全面虧損總額	收益 6 其他收入 8 其他虧損 9 行政開支 第 應收貸款減值虧損淨額 11 激銷貿易權 19 其他經營開支 12 好務費用 12 所得税(開支)/抵免 12 本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損 12 每股虧損 上	Notes 附註 二零二零年 HKS 港元 收益 其他收入 其他成利 6 38,016,626 其他收入 其他成利 8 1,944,128 9 (3,095,214) 36,865,540 行政開支 應收貸款減值虧損淨額 11 (36,865,540 方改開支 應收貸款減值虧損淨額 11 (360,193,407) 激銷貿易權 其他經營開支 19 (358,116,536) 財務費用 10 (273,171) 除稅前虧損 11 (358,389,707) 所得税(開支)/抵免 12 (9,221,821) 小宿税,(開支)/抵免 12 (367,611,526) 大公司擁有人應佔年內虧損 及全面虧損總額 14 (367,611,528) 母股虧損 上 HK cents <u>港仙</u>

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	нк\$	HK\$
		附註	港元	港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	17	3,183,665	484,297
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	18	5,086,347	2,514,134
Loans receivables	應收貸款	20	221,441,816	151,877,137
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	24	26,557,406	35,812,011
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		256,269,234	190,687,579
Current assets	流動資產			
Loans receivables	應收貸款	20	225,812,161	646,178,852
Financial assets at fair value through	以公平值計入損益			
profit or loss ("FVTPL")	(「以公平值計入損益」)			
	的金融資產	21	8,018,780	10,476,000
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及其他			
other receivables	應收款項		4,038,539	4,022,233
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘		14,377,955	17,081,890
Total current assets	流動資產總額		252,247,435	677,758,975
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項		1,287,472	1,673,476
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	22	2,015,208	1,416,997
Consideration payable	應付代價		1,059,958	
Bond payable	應付債券	23	10,000,000	_
Current tax liabilities	即期税項負債		175,124	5,801,202
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		14,537,762	8,891,675
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		237,709,673	668,867,300
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		493,978,907	859,554,879
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	22	2,035,556	-
	非流動負債總額		2,035,556	_
Total non-current liabilities			_/000/000	

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表 (continued 續)

At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日

		Notes	2020 二零二零年 HKS	2019 二零一九年 HK \$
		附註	港元	港元
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	25	72,576,000	72,576,000
Reserves	儲備	26	419,367,351	786,978,879
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		491,943,351	859,554,879
TOTAL EQUILI	てていた。		491,945,551	039,334,879

The consolidated financial statements on pages 88 to 163 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 23 March 2021 and are signed on its behalf by: 第88至163頁所列載之綜合財務報表於二零二一年 三月二十三日經董事會批准及授權刊發,並由下列 董事代表簽署:

Wong Kai Lun 黃啟倫 *Director* 董事 Lai Szu Yu 賴思妤 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表 For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

			Attr	ibutable to own 本公司擁		bany	
		Share capital 股本 HKS 港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HKS 港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HKS 港元	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 HKS 港元	Retained profits/ (accumulated losses) 保留溢利/ (累計虧損) HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HKS 港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	72,576,000	356,661,862	141,829,615	213,460,470	207,920,003	992,447,950
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額	_	_	_	_	(132,893,071)	(132,893,071)
Changes in equity for the year	年內權益變動	-	-	_	-	(132,893,071)	(132,893,071)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年十二月 三十一日及二零二零年 一月一日	72,576,000	356,661,862	141,829,615	213,460,470	75,026,932	859,554,879
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額	-	-	-	-	(367,611,528)	(367,611,528)
Changes in equity for the year	年內權益變動	-	-	-	-	(367,611,528)	(367,611,528)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日	72,576,000	356,661,862	141,829,615	213,460,470	(292,584,596)	491,943,351

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表 For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

			2020	2019
				二零一九年
		Notes	—————————————————————————————————————	—令 八中 HKS
		附註	港元	港元
	须数迁载故田太法皇			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動的現金流量			
Loss before tax	除税前虧損		(358,389,707)	(157,326,068
Adjustments for:	經以下各項調整:			
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
plant and equipment		17	864,530	2,827,60
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	18	5,310,966	4,921,80
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備虧損			
plant and equipment		9	54	
Gain on early termination of	提前終止租賃協議的收益			
lease agreement		9	(11,100)	
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	8	(103)	(2,14
Other interest income	其他利息收入	8	(13)	(3,81
Dividend income	股息收入	8	_	(31,64
Trading right written off	撇銷貿易權	19	_	3,100,00
Realised loss from financial assets	以公平值計入損益的金融			
at FVTPL	資產的已變現虧損	9	_	265,37
Fair value loss from financial assets	以公平值計入損益的金融			,
at FVTPL	資產的公平值虧損	9	3,106,260	3,684,41
Finance costs	財務費用	10	273,171	187,05
Impairment loss on loans receivables	應收貸款減值虧損	10	415,252,199	201,005,15
Recoveries of loans receivables	收回已減值或撇銷的		413,232,133	201,003,13
impaired or written off	應收貸款		(55,058,792)	(423,66)
Operating profit before working	營運資金變動前經營溢利			
capital changes	呂廷貝亚反刧刖紅呂加州		11,347,465	58,204,05
Increase in loans receivables	應收貸款增加		(9,391,395)	(57,121,03
	腐收貢 _秋 垣加 預付款項、按金及其他		(3,531,535)	(57,121,05
Increase in prepayments,	應收款項增加		(16,306)	(700.12
deposits and other receivables Decrease in bank balances	銀行結餘一信託及		(10,500)	(700,13
				150 14
- trust and segregated accounts	獨立賬戶減少		-	159,14
Increase in financial assets at FVTPL	以公平值計入損益的 金融資產增加		(640.040)	(14 435 70
	並 融 貢 座 「 振 款 減 少		(649,040)	(14,425,78)
Decrease in accounts payable			_	(159,14
Decrease in accruals and other payables	款項減少 款項減少		(467,100)	(766,13
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	營運所得/(所田)租全		823,624	(14,809,01
Hong Kong profits tax paid	已付香港利得税 已付香港利得税		(5,593,294)	(14,809,01
Net cash used in operating activities	經營活動所用現金淨額		(4,769,670)	(14,847,43

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Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表 (continued 續)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動的現金流量			
Bank interest received	已收銀行利息	8	103	2,141
Other interest received	已收其他利息	8	13	3,818
Dividend received	已收股息	8	-	31,640
Purchases of property, plant and	購置物業、廠房及設備			
equipment		17	(3,563,952)	(223,765)
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(3,563,836)	(186,166)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動的現金流量			
Proceeds from consideration payable	應付代價所得款項	31	1,864,683	_
Proceeds from issuance of bond	發行債券所得款項	31	10,000,000	_
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	31	(5,238,312)	(5,053,208)
Repayment of consideration payable	償還應付代價	31	(900,000)	_
Interest paid	已付利息	31	(96,800)	(187,051)
Net cash generated from/(used in)	融資活動所得/(所用)			
financing activities	現金淨額		5,629,571	(5,240,259)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH	現金及現金等價物減少淨額			
EQUIVALENTS			(2,703,935)	(20,273,858)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	年初現金及現金等價物		17,081,890	37,355,748
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR, represented by:	年末現金及現金等價物 [,] 指:			
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘		14,377,955	17,081,890

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

First Credit Finance Group Limited (the "**Company**") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands and duly continued in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability under the laws of Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The address of its principal place of business is 1/F., O.T.B. Building, Nos. 259 – 265 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**"). On 24 November 2017, the Securities and Futures Commission directed the Stock Exchange to suspend the trading in the shares of the Company. As at the date of approval of these financial statements, the trading of shares of the Company remains suspended.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("**HK\$**"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS")

(A) AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs THAT ARE MANDATORILY EFFECTIVE FOR THE CURRENT YEAR

In the current year, the Group has applied the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards and the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2020 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKAS 1	Definition of Material
and HKAS 8	
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Definition of a Business
Amendments to HKFRS 9,	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform
HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7	

1. 一般資料

第一信用金融集團有限公司(「本公司」)在 開曼群島註冊成立,並根據百慕達法律以 獲豁免有限公司形式正式於百慕達存續。 其註冊辦事處的地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。 其主要營業地點地址為香港德輔道中259-265號海外銀行大廈1樓。本公司股份於香 港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)GEM上 市。於二零一七年十一月二十四日,證券及 期貨事務監察委員會指令聯交所暫停本公 司股份之買賣。於本財務報表獲批准日期, 本公司股份繼續暫停買賣。

本公司為一家投資控股公司。其附屬公司之 主要業務列載於綜合財務報表附註33。

本綜合財務報表以港元(「**港元**」)呈列,港 元亦為本公司之功能貨幣。

應用香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則」)之修訂

(A) 於本年度強制生效之香港財務報告準則之修訂

為編製本綜合財務報表,本集團於本 年度已首次應用由香港會計師公會 (「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈並於二零 二零年一月一日或之後開始的年度期 間強制生效的香港財務報告準則中概 念框架引用之修訂及以下香港財務報 告準則之修訂:

香港會計準則第1號 重大之定義 及香港會計準則 第8號之修訂 香港財務報告準則 業務之定義 第3號之修訂 香港財務報告準則 利率基準改革 第9號、香港會計 準則第39號及 香港財務報告準則 第7號之修訂



2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS") (Cont'd)

(A) AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs THAT ARE MANDATORILY EFFECTIVE FOR THE CURRENT YEAR (*Cont'd*)

The application of the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards and the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

(B) NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendment to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

 應用香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則」)之修訂 (續)

(A) 於本年度強制生效之香港財務報 告準則之修訂(續)

於本年度應用香港財務報告準則中概 念框架引用之修訂及香港財務報告準 則之修訂對本集團於本年度及過往年 度之財務狀況及表現及/或本綜合財 務報表內所載之披露並無重大影響。

(B) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則

本集團並無提早應用下列已頒佈但尚 未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則:

		Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後 開始的年度期間生效
HKFRS 17 香港財務報告準則第17號	Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments 保險合約及相關修訂	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日
Amendment to HKFRS 16 香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂	COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions 2019冠狀病毒病疫情相關租金減免	1 June 2020 二零二零年六月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 3 香港財務報告準則第3號之修訂	Reference to the Conceptual Framework 概念框架引用	1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2	1 January 2021
THERS 4 and HERS 10 香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計準則 第39號、香港財務報告準則第7號、 香港財務報告準則第4號及香港財務 報告準則第16號之修訂	利率基準改革-第二階段	二零二一年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	A date to be determined
香港財務報告準則第10號及 香港會計準則第28號之修訂	投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的 資產出售或注資	日期待定

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS") (Cont'd)

 應用香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則」)之修訂 (續)

- (B) NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Cont'd)
- (B) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則(*續*)

		Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後 開始的年度期間生效
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)	1 January 2023
香港會計準則第1號之修訂	負債分類為流動或非流動及香港詮釋 第5號(二零二零年)之相關修訂	二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
香港會計準則第16號之修訂	物業、廠房及設備-擬定用途前之 所得款項	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
香港會計準則第37號之修訂	虧損性合約-履行合約之成本	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018 – 2020	1 January 2022
香港財務報告準則之修訂	香港財務報告準則二零一八年至 二零二零年之年度改進	二零二二年一月一日

Except for the new and amendments to HKFRSs mentioned below, the directors anticipate that the application of all other new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future. 除下文所述之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則外,董事預期應用所有其他新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則於可見將來不會對綜 合財務報表造成重大影響。



2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS") (Cont'd)

- (B) NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Cont'd)
 - (a) Amendment to HKFRS 16 COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions

The amendment introduces a new practical expedient for lessees to elect not to assess whether a COVID-19related rent concession is a lease modification. The practical expedient only applies to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 that meets all of the following conditions:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lessee applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions in the same way as it would account for the changes applying HKFRS 16 Leases if the changes are not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waiver of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs.

The application is not expected to have impact on the Group's financial position and performance as the Group does not intend to apply the practical expedient.

- 應用香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則」)之修訂 (續)
 - (B) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則(續)
 - (a) 香港財務報告準則第16號之 修訂「2019冠狀病毒病疫情 相關租金減免」

該修訂引入一項新的可行權宜 方法,允許承租人選擇不評估 2019冠狀病毒病疫情相關租金 減免是否屬為租賃修改。該可 行權宜方法僅適用於滿足以下 所有條件的2019冠狀病毒病疫 情直接引致之租金減免:

- 租賃付款的變動使租賃
 代價有所修改,而經修改
 的代價與緊接變動前租
 賃代價大致相同,或少於
 緊接變動前租賃代價:
- 租賃付款的任何減少僅影響原到期日為二零二一 年六月三十日或之前的 付款;及
- 租賃的其他條款及條件
 並無實質變動。

應用該可行權宜方法的承租人 就租金減免產生的租賃付款變 動所用的入賬方式,與其應用 香港財務報告準則第16號租賃 時就變動所用的入賬方式相同 (倘有關變動並非租賃修改)。 租賃付款的寬免或豁免作為可 變租賃付款入賬。相關租賃負 債予以調整以反映寬免或豁免 的金額,並於該事件發生期間 於損益確認相應調整。

由於本集團無意應用該可行權 宜方法,故預期有關應用不會 對本集團的財務狀況及表現產 生影響。

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS") (Cont'd)

- (B) NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Cont'd)
 - (b) Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 relate to the modification of financial assets, financial liabilities and lease liabilities, specific hedge accounting requirements and disclosure requirements applying HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures to accompany the amendments regarding modifications and hedge accounting.

Modification of financial assets, financial liabilities and lease liabilities

A practical expedient is introduced for modifications required by the reform (modifications required as a direct consequence of the interest rate benchmark reform and made on an economically equivalent basis). These modifications are accounted for by updating the effective interest rate. All other modifications are accounted for using the current HKFRSs requirements. A similar practical expedient is proposed for lessee accounting applying HKFRS 16;

- 應用香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則」)之修訂 (續)
 - (B) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則(*續*)
 - (b) 香港財務報告準則第9號、香 港會計準則第39號、香港財 務報告準則第7號、香港財務 報告準則第4號及香港財務 報告準則第16號之修訂「利 率基準改革-第二階段」

香港財務報告準則第9號、香港 會計準則第39號、香港財務報 告準則第7號、香港財務報告準 則第4號及香港財務報告準則第 16號之修訂「利率基準改革一 第二階段」涉及金融資產、金融 負債及租賃負債的變更、特定 對沖會計處理規定以及連同香 港財務報告準則第7號「金融工 具:披露」一併應用有關變更及 對沖會計處理之修訂的披露規 定。

金融資產[、]金融負債及租 賃負債的變更



2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS") (Cont'd)

- (B) NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Cont'd)
 - (b) Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 (Cont'd)

Disclosures

The amendments require disclosures in order to allow users to understand the nature and extent of risks arising from the interest rate benchmark reform to which the Group is exposed to and how the entity manages those risks as well as the entity's progress in transitioning from interbank offered rates to alternative benchmark rates, and how the entity is managing this transition.

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "**GEM Listing Rules**") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

- 應用香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則」)之修訂 (續)
 - (B) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則(續)
 - (b) 香港財務報告準則第9號、 香港會計準則第39號、香港 財務報告準則第7號、香港 財務報告準則第4號及香港 財務報告準則第16號之修訂 「利率基準改革-第二階段」 (續)

- 披露

該等修訂要求作出披露, 以便使用者了解:本集團 承受的利率基準改革所 產生的風險性質及程度, 以及實體如何管理該等所 息過渡至替代基準利率 的進展情況,以及實體如 何管理這一過渡。

預期應用該等修訂不會對本集 團的財務狀況及表現產生重大 影響。

3. 綜合財務報表之編製基準

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈 之香港財務報告準則編製。此外,綜合財務 報表包含聯交所GEM證券上市規則(「GEM 上市規則」)及香港公司條例規定的適用披 露。

綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本基準編製,惟於 各報告期末按公平值計量的若干金融工具 除外,相關説明載於下文會計政策。

歷史成本一般按換取貨品及服務所付代價 之公平值計算。

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED 3. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

綜合財務報表之編製基準 (續)

公平值為於計量日期市場參與者進行有秩 序交易中出售資產可收取或轉讓負債時須 支付之價格,而不論該價格是否直接可觀察 或可使用其他估值方法估計。於估計資產或 負債的公平值時,本集團會考慮市場參與者 於計量日期對資產或負債定價時所考慮的 資產或負債的特點。在本綜合財務報表中計 量及/或披露的公平值均在此基礎上予以 確定,惟香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份為 基礎之付款」範圍內以股份為基礎之付款交 易、以及與公平值類似但並非公平值的 計量(例如,香港會計準則第16號入賬的租 賃 交易以及與公平值類似但並非公平值的 計一(例如,香港會計準則第36號「資產 減值」中的使用價值)除外。

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量根據公 平值計量的輸入數據可觀察程度及公平值 計量的輸入數據對其整體的重要性分類為 第一級、第二級或第三級,詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據為實體於計量日期可 取得的相同資產或負債於活躍市場的 報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據為資產或負債可直接 或間接觀察的輸入數據(第一級包含 的報價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據為資產或負債的不可 觀察輸入數據。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註 (continued 續)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4. 主要會計政策

(A) BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to owners of the Company.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

(A) 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及由本公司 及其附屬公司控制之實體之財務報表。 當符合以下條件時,本公司即取得控 制權:

- 擁有對投資對象的權力;
- 因參與投資對象業務而承擔浮動回報的風險或享有浮動回報
 的權利;及
- 有能力運用其權力影響其回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制因 素中有一項或多項出現變化,本集團 會重新評估其是否對投資對象擁有控 制權。

本集團於取得附屬公司控制權時將附 屬公司綜合入賬,並於失去附屬公司 控制權時終止綜合入賬。具體而言, 年內所收購或出售附屬公司之收入及 開支乃自本集團取得控制權當日起計 入綜合損益及其他全面收益表,直至 本集團不再控制相關附屬公司之日為 止。

損益及其他全面收益各項目歸屬於本 公司擁有人。

如有必要,附屬公司的財務報表會作 出調整,以使其會計政策與本集團的 會計政策一致。

所有集團內公司間資產及負債、權益、 收入、開支及與本集團成員公司間交 易有關的現金流量均於綜合入賬時悉 數對銷。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(B) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after the property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of the property, plant and equipment, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of that asset.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	10%
Leasehold improvements	50%
Furniture and fixture	50%
Office equipment	50%
Computers	50%
Motor vehicle	25%
Motor yacht	12.5%

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

(B) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備為持作用於生產或 供應貨品或服務或作行政用途的有形 資產。物業、廠房及設備按成本減其 後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如 有)於綜合財務狀況表列賬。

資產的成本包括購入價及任何使該項 資產達致其運作狀況及地點作擬定用 途的直接應佔成本。物業、廠房及設 備投入運作後產生的開支(如維修及 保養)一般於產生期間自損益扣除。 倘清楚顯示有關開支導致預期日後使 用物業、廠房及設備所得的經濟效益 增加,則有關開支將予以資本化,作 為該項資產的額外成本。

折舊乃按以直線法於資產估計可使用 年期內撇銷資產成本(經扣除剩餘價 值)而確認。估計可使用年期、剩餘價 值及折舊方法於各報告期末予以檢討, 並採用未來適用法對估計變更的影響 進行核算。估計可使用年期如下:

10%
50%
50%
50%
50%
25%
12.5%

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售後或預 期繼續使用該項資產不會產生未來經 濟效益時終止確認。出售或報廢物業、 廠房及設備項目所產生的任何收益或 虧損按出售所得款項與該項資產賬面 值之間的差額釐定,並於損益確認。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Cont'd)*

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(C) LEASES

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified or arising from business combinations on or after the date of initial application or arising from business combinations, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

The Group as a lessee

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components, including contract for acquisition of ownership interests of a property which includes both leasehold land and non-lease building components, unless such allocation cannot be made reliably.

As a practical expedient, leases with similar characteristics are accounted on a portfolio basis when the Group reasonably expects that the effects on the consolidated financial statements would not differ materially from individual leases within the portfolio.

(C) 租賃

租賃之定義

倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間 內控制可識別資產使用的權利,則該 合約屬租賃或包含租賃。

就於首次應用日期或之後訂立或修改 或因業務合併而產生的合約而言,本 集團於開始日期、修訂日期或收購日 期(如適用)根據香港財務報告準則 第16號項下之定義評估合約是否為租 賃或包含租賃。除非合約的條款及條 件隨後出現變動,否則不會重新評估 該合約。

本集團作為承租人

分配代價至合約組成部分

就包含租賃部分以及一項或多項額外 租賃或非租賃部分的合約而言,本集 團根據租賃部分的相對獨立價格及非 租賃部分的總獨立價格將合約代價分 配至各租賃部分,包括收購物業(包 括租賃土地及非租賃樓宇部分)所有 權權益的合約,除非有關分配無法可 靠作出。

作為可行權宜方法,當本集團合理預 期對綜合財務報表的影響與組合內個 別租賃並無重大差異時,具有類似特 徵的租賃按組合基準入賬。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Cont'd)*

(C) LEASES (Cont'd)

The Group as a lessee (Cont'd)

Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; and
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

- **4.** 主要會計政策(續)
 - (C) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

使用權資產

使用權資產之成本包括:

- 租賃負債的初始計量金額;
- 於租賃開始日期或之前作出的 任何租賃付款,扣除任何已收 租賃優惠;及
- 本集團所產生的任何初始直接 成本。

使用權資產按成本減任何累計折舊及 減值虧損計量,並就任何重新計量的 租賃負債作出調整。

本集團合理確定於租賃期結束時可取 得相關租賃資產擁有權的使用權資產, 於租賃開始日期起至可使用年期結束 期間計算折舊。否則,使用權資產則 於估計可使用年期或租賃期(以較短 者為準)按直線法折舊。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內將使用權 資產單獨呈列。

可退回租賃按金

已支付的可退回租賃按金是根據香港 財務報告準則第9號入賬並按公平值 初步計量。於初始確認時之公平值調 整視作額外租賃付款,並計入使用權 資產之成本。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Cont'd)*

(C) LEASES (Cont'd)

The Group as a lessee (Cont'd)

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include fixed lease payments (including insubstance fixed payments).

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures the lease liability (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use asset) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment; and
- the lease payments change due to changes in expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

(D) INTANGIBLE ASSETS - TRADING RIGHT

Trading right with indefinite useful life that is acquired separately is carried at cost less any impairment losses. Impairment is reviewed annually or when there is any indication that the trading right has suffered an impairment loss.

(C) 租賃(*續*)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團按當日未付 的租賃付款現值確認及計量租賃負債。 計算租賃付款的現值時,倘無法即時 釐定租賃的隱含利率,則本集團使用 租賃開始日期的增量借貸率進行計算。

租賃付款包括固定租賃付款(包括實 質性固定付款)。

於租賃開始日期後,租賃負債按利息 增長及租賃付款進行調整。

本集團於下列情況重新計量租賃負 債(及對相關使用權資產作出相應調 整):

- 租賃期變動或行使購買選擇權 的評估有變,在此情況下,租賃 負債於重估日期透過使用經修 訂折現率折現經修訂租賃付款 重新計量;及
- 保證餘值下預期付款變動導致 租賃付款變動,在此情況下,相 關租賃負債通過使用初始折現 率折現經修訂租賃付款重新計 量。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內將租賃負 債單獨呈列。

(D) 無形資產一貿易權

獨立收購而具有無限可使用年期的貿 易權按成本扣除任何減值虧損列賬。 本集團每年或當有任何跡象顯示貿易 權出現減值虧損時審閱減值。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(E) IMPAIRMENT OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit ("**CGU**") to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a CGU) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a CGU, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of CGUs, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of CGUs, with the recoverable amount of the group of CGUs. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of CGUs. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of CGUs. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(E) 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資 產之減值

於報告期末,本集團檢討物業、廠房 及設備以及使用權資產的賬面值,以 釐定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產已 出現減值虧損。倘存在任何有關跡象, 則估計相關資產的可收回金額,以釐 定減值虧損(如有)的程度。

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的 可收回金額乃個別估計。倘無法個別 估計可收回金額,則本集團會估計該 資產所屬現金產生單位(「現金產生 單位」)的可收回金額。

可收回金額指公平值減出售成本與使 用價值兩者中之較高者。在評估使用 價值時,採用税前折現率將估計未來 現金流量折現至其現值,該税前折現 率應反映對貨幣時間價值的當前市場 評估及該資產(或現金產生單位)特 有的風險(未針對該風險調整估計未 來現金流量)。

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)的可 收回金額低於其賬面值,則資產(或 現金產生單位)的賬面值將調低至其 可收回金額。就未能按合理一致的基 準分配至現金產生單位的企業資產或 部分企業資產而言,本集團將一組現 金產生單位的賬面值(包括分配至該 組現金產生單位的企業資產或部分企 業資產的賬面值)與該組現金產生單 位的可收回金額進行比較。於分配減 值虧損時,首先分配減值虧損以減少 任何商譽的賬面值(如適用),然後根 據該單位或現金產生單位組別內各項 資產的賬面值按比例分配至其他資產。 資產賬面值不得減少至低於其公平值 減出售成本(如可計量)、其使用價值 (如可釐定)及零,三者之中的最高者。 本應分配至相關資產的減值虧損金額 按比例分配至單位內或現金產生單位 組別的其他資產。減值虧損會即時於 損益內確認。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Cont'd)*

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(E) IMPAIRMENT OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (*Cont'd*)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU or a group of CGUs) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a CGU or a group of CGUs) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(F) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expenses over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

(E) 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資 產之減值(續)

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則資產(或現 金產生單位或現金產生單位組別)的 賬面值將增至其經修訂的估計可收回 金額,惟增加後的賬面值不得超過假 設該資產(或現金產生單位或現金產 生單位組別)於過往年度並無確認減 值虧損而釐定的賬面值。減值虧損撥 回會即時於損益內確認。

(F) 金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於集團實體成為 工具合約條文的訂約方時確認。

金融資產及金融負債初步以公平值計 量。收購或發行金融資產及金融負債 (以公平值計入損益的金融資產或金 融負債除外)直接應佔的交易成本於 初始確認時加入金融資產或金融負債 的公平值或自金融資產或金融負債的 公平值扣除(如適用)。收購以公平值 計入損益之金融資產及金融負債直接 應佔的交易成本即時於損益內確認。

實際利率法為計算金融資產或金融負 債的攤銷成本及於有關期間分配利息 收入及利息開支的方法。實際利率為 將金融資產或金融負債於預計年期或 較短期間(如適用)內估計未來現金 收入及付款(包括構成實際利率不可 或缺部分的所有已付或已收費用及點 數、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)準 確折現至初始確認時賬面淨值的利率。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES **4.** 主要會計政策(續) (Cont'd)

(F) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 Business Combinations applies.

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

(F) 金融工具(續)

金融資產

金融資產之分類及其後計量

符合下列條件的金融資產其後按攤銷 成本計量:

- 金融資產於目的為收取合約現
 金流量的業務模式內持有;及
- 合約條款於特定日期產生的現 金流量純粹為支付本金及未償 還本金的利息。

所有其他金融資產其後以公平值計入 損益計量,惟於初始確認金融資產時, 倘股本投資並非持作買賣,亦非收購 方於香港財務報告準則第3號業務合 併所適用的業務合併中確認的或然代 價,則本集團可不可撤銷地選擇於其 他全面收益呈列股本投資公平值的其 後變動。

在下列情況下,金融資產為持作買賣:

- 購入之主要目的為於短期內出 售;
- 於初始確認時,屬本集團整體 管理之已識別金融工具組合之
 一部分,且近期有實際短期獲 利模式;或
- 屬並非指定及有效作為對沖工 具之衍生工具。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Cont'd)*

(F) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired. For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the creditimpaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer creditimpaired.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "other income" line item.

(F) 金融工具(*續*)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融資產(續)

攤銷成本及利息收入

其後按攤銷成本計量的金融資產的利 息收入乃使用實際利率法確認。利息 收入乃對金融資產賬面總值應用實際 利率予以計算,惟其後出現信貸減值 的金融資產而言,自下一報告期起, 利息收入乃對金融資產攤銷成本應用 實際利率予以確認。倘信貸減值金融 工具的信貸減值,於釐定資產不再存 在信貸減值後,自報告期開始起利息 收入乃對金融資產賬面總值應用實際 利率予以確認。

以公平值計入損益之金融資產

不符合按攤銷成本計量標準的金融資 產以公平值計入損益計量。

以公平值計入損益的金融資產於各報 告期末按公平值計量,任何公平值收 益或虧損於損益確認。於損益確認的 收益或虧損淨額不包括相關金融資產 賺取的任何股息或利息,並計入「其 他收入」項目內。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(F) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("**ECL**") model on financial assets (including loans receivables, deposits and other receivables and bank balances) which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at the end of each reporting period to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the end of the reporting period as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for loans receivables without significant financing component. The ECL on these assets are assessed individually for debtors with significant balances and/or collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings.

For all other instruments, the Company measures the loss allowance equal to 12-month ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition. (F) 金融工具(續)

金融資產*(續)*

金融資產減值

本集團根據預期信貸虧損(「**預期信貸** 虧損」)模式對根據香港財務報告準則 第9號須進行減值評估的金融資產(包 括應收貸款、按金及其他應收款項以 及銀行結餘)進行減值評估。預期信 貸虧損金額於各報告期末更新,以反 映信貸風險自初始確認以來的變動。

全期預期信貸虧損指於相關工具預期 年期內所有可能違約事件導致的預期 信貸虧損。相反,十二個月預期信貸 虧損則指預期於報告期末後十二個月 內所有可能違約事件導致的部分全期 預期信貸虧損經驗進行,並就債務人特 定因素、整體經濟狀況以及對於報告 期末的當前狀況及未來狀況預測的評 估作出調整。

本集團一直就並無重大融資成分的應 收貸款確認全期預期信貸虧損。該等 資產的預期信貸虧損乃就具有重大結 餘的債務人進行個別評估及/或使用 具有適當分組的撥備矩陣進行集體評 估。

就所有其他工具而言,本公司計量的 虧損撥備等於十二個月預期信貸虧損, 除非當信貸風險自初始確認以來顯著 上升,在此情況下,本集團確認全期 預期信貸虧損。評估是否應確認全期 預期信貸虧損乃基於自初始確認以來 發生違約的可能性或風險有否顯著上 升。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Cont'd)*

(F) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the end of the reporting period with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- (a) an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- (b) significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- (d) an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; or
- (e) an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

(F) 金融工具(續)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融資產(續)

(i) 信貸風險顯著上升

於評估信貸風險自初始確認以 來是否顯著上升時,本集團比 較金融工具於報告期末出現違 約的風險與該金融工具於初始 確認日期出現違約的風險。作 此評估時,本集團會考慮合理 及有理據的定量及定性資料, 包括過往經驗及毋須花費不必 要成本或努力即可獲得的前瞻 性資料。

具體而言,評估信貸風險是否 顯著上升時會考慮以下資料:

- (a) 金融工具外部(如有)或內部信用評級的實際或預期顯著惡化;
- (b) 信貸風險的外部市場指標顯著惡化,如信貸息差、債務人之信貸違約掉期價格大幅增加;
- (c) 業務、財務或經濟狀況目 前或預期有不利變動,預 計將導致債務人償還債 項的能力顯著下降;
- (d) 債務人經營業績實際或 預期顯著惡化;或
- (e) 債務人的監管、經濟或技 術環境的實際或預計重 大不利變動,導致債務人 償還債項的能力顯著下 降。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Cont'd)*

(F) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (Cont'd)

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

(ii) Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either one of the following criteria are generally not recoverable:

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the debtor; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate. (F) 金融工具(續)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融資產(續)

(i) 信貸風險顯著上升(續)

不論上述評估結果如何,本集 團均假設合約付款逾期超過30 天後金融資產的信貸風險自初 始確認以來已顯著上升,除非 本集團有合理及有理據的資料 證明並非如此。

本集團定期監察用以確定信貸 風險有否顯著上升的標準成效, 並於適當時候作出修正,從而 確保有關標準能夠於款項逾期 前識別信貸風險顯著上升。

(ii) 違約之定義

由於過往經驗顯示,符合下列 任何一項標準的應收款項一般 不可收回,故本集團認為就內 部信貸風險管理目的而言,下 列情況構成違約事件:

- 債務人違反財務契據;或
- 內部產生或獲取自外部 來源的資料顯示,債務人 不太可能向其債權人(包 括本集團)全額還款(不 計及本集團持有的任何 抵押品)。

不論上文所述,本集團認為,當 金融資產逾期超過90日時,即 屬發生違約事件,除非本集團 有合理及有理據的資料證明較 寬鬆的違約標準更為適用,則 作別論。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

(F) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider; or
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

(iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the borrower is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the borrower has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss. (F) 金融工具(續)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融資產(續)

(iii) 信貸減值金融資產

倘發生對金融資產的估計未來 現金流量有不利影響的一項或 多項事件,則該金融資產出現 信貸減值。金融資產出現信貸 減值的證據包括以下事件有關 的可觀察數據:

- (a) 發行人或借款人出現重 大財務困難;
- (b) 違反合約,如拖欠或逾期 事件;

(c) 借款人的貸款人因有關 借款人財務困難的經濟 或合約原因而向借款人 授出貸款人本不會考慮 給予的優惠;或

(d) 借款人很可能將破產或 進行其他財務重組。

(iv) 撇銷政策

當有資料顯示借款人陷入嚴重 財務困難,且並無實際收回的 可能時(例如,借款人已被清盤 或進入破產程序),本集團會撇 銷該金融資產。於考慮法律意 見(如適用)後,已撇銷的金融 資產可能仍須根據本集團收回 程序進行法律行動。撇銷構成 終止確認事件。任何其後收回 於損益確認。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

(F) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. The Group uses a practical expedient in estimating ECL on loans receivables using a provision matrix taking into consideration historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL for certain trade receivables are considered on a collective basis taking into consideration past due information and relevant credit information such as forward-looking macroeconomic information. For collective assessment, the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:

- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

(F) 金融工具(*續*)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- 金融資產(續)
- (V) 預期信貸虧損之計量及確認

一般而言,預期信貸虧損為根 據合約本集團應收的所有合約 現金流量與本集團預期將收取 的現金流量之間的差額,並按 初始確認時釐定的實際利率折 現。

若干貿易應收款項的全期預期 信貸虧損乃經計及逾期資料及 相關信貸資料(如前瞻性宏觀 經濟資料)後按集體基準考量。 對於集體評估,本集團在確定 分組時考慮以下特徵:

- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人的性質、規模及行 業;及
- 外部信用評級(如有)。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Cont'd)*

(F) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Cont'd)

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of loans receivables, where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received. On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

(F) 金融工具(續)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融資產(續)

(v) 預期信貸虧損之計量及確認 (續)

> 管理層定期檢討分組情況,以 確保各組別成份仍具有類似信 貸風險特性。

> 利息收入按金融資產的賬面總 值計算,除非金融資產出現信 貸減值,在此情況下,利息收入 按金融資產的攤銷成本計算。

> 本集團透過調整賬面值於損益 確認所有金融工具的減值收益 或虧損,惟應收貸款除外,其相 應調整乃透過虧損撥備賬確認。

終止確認金融資產

倘從金融資產收取現金流量之合約權 利已到期,或金融資產已轉讓且其擁 有權之絕大部份風險及回報轉移至另 一實體,本集團方會終止確認該項金 融有權體,本集團方會終止確認該項金 強有權之絕大部份風險及回報,並繼 續控制已轉讓立資產,則本集團會確 認其文付的款項確認相關負債。倘若本 集部份風險及回報,則本集團繼續 認 大部份風險及回報,則本集團繼續 於終止確認按攤銷成本和 開合權之絕 於終止確認按攤銷成本計量 的金融資產時,資產賬面值與已收及 應收代價總和之間的差額於損益確認。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Cont'd)*

(F) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities and equity

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including accruals and other payables, lease liabilities and bond payable are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

- 4. 主要會計政策(續)
 - (F) 金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益

分類為債務或權益

債務及權益工具乃根據合約安排之內 容以及金融負債及權益工具之定義分 類為金融負債或權益。

權益工具

權益工具為可證明擁有某個實體於扣 除其所有負債後之資產中剩餘權益的 任何合約。本集團發行之權益工具於 已收取所得款項時扣除直接發行成本 予以確認。

按攤銷成本入賬之金融負債

金融負債(包括應計費用及其他應付 款項、租賃負債及應付債券)其後使 用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

終止確認金融負債

當本集團的責任獲解除、取消或屆滿 時,且僅當此時,本集團方會終止確 認金融負債。終止確認的金融負債的 賬面值與已付及應付代價之間的差額 於損益確認。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註 (continued 續)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Cont'd)*

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(G) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(H) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

(i) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All shortterm employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave) after deducting any amount already paid.

(ii) Retirement benefit obligations

Payments to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "**MPF Scheme**") and state-managed retirement benefit schemes are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

The Group operates the MPF Scheme under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution scheme, the assets of which are held in separate trustee-administered funds.

(G) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行及手頭現 金、銀行活期存款及原到期日為三個 月或以下可隨時轉換為已知數額現金 且價值變動風險不大的短期高流動性 投資。

(H) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利於僱員提供服務 時按預期將支付福利的未折現 金額確認。所有短期僱員福利 確認為開支,除非另一項香港 財務報告準則要求或允許將福 利計入資產成本。

僱員應得福利(如工資及薪金、 年假及病假)於扣除任何已付金 額後確認為負債。

(ii) 退休福利責任

向強制性公積金計劃(「**強積金** 計劃」)及國家管理之退休福利 計劃作出的供款,於僱員已提 供服務而有權享有關供款時確 認為開支。

本集團根據香港強制性公積金 計劃條例為受香港僱傭條例管 轄之僱員設立強積金計劃。強 積金計劃為界定供款計劃,其 資產由獨立信託管理基金持有。

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

主要會計政策(續)

4.

(H) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Retirement benefit obligations (Cont'd) (ii)

Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, with the employers' contributions subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. The Group's contributions to the scheme are expensed as incurred and are vested in accordance with the scheme's vesting scales. Where employees leave the scheme prior to the full vesting of the employer's contributions, the amount of forfeited contributions is used to reduce the contributions payable by the Group.

(iii) Termination benefits

A liability for a termination benefit is recognised at the earlier of when the Group entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit or when it recognises any related restructuring costs.

(|) SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at the fair value (excluding the effect of non-market based vesting conditions) of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled sharebased payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non-market based vesting conditions.

僱員福利(續) (H)

退休福利責任(續) (ii)

> 根據強積金計劃,僱主及其僱 員各自須按僱員相關收入的5% 作出供款,僱主供款以每月相 關收入30,000港元為上限。本 集團向該計劃作出的供款於產 生時支銷, 並根據該計劃的歸 屬比例歸屬。倘僱員於僱主供 款 全 數 歸 屬 前 退 出 該 計 劃, 沒 收的供款金額將用作扣減本集 團應付的供款。

(iii) 離職福利

離職福利負債於本集團實體不 能撤回提供的離職福利時確認 或任何相關重組成本時(以較 早者為準)確認。

(|) 以股份為基礎之付款

以股權結算並以股份為基礎的付款乃 按權益工具於授出日期的公平值(不 計及非市場歸屬條件的影響)計量。 以股權結算並以股份為基礎的付款於 授出日期釐定的公平值根據本集團估 計最終歸屬的股份,於歸屬期間以直 線法支銷,並就非市場歸屬條件的影 響作出調整。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Cont'd)*

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(J) TAXATION

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from loss before taxation because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

(J) 税項

所得税指即期及遞延税項之總和。

即期應付税項按年內應課税溢利計算。 由於有於其他年度應課税或可扣税之 收入或開支項目以及從來毋須課税或 不可扣税之項目,故應課税溢利有別 於除税前虧損。本集團有關即期税項 之負債採用於報告期末前已頒佈或實 質上已頒佈之税率計算。

遞延税項按綜合財務報表內資產及負 債賬面值與計算應課税溢利所用相應 税基之間的暫時差額確認。遞延税項 負債一般就所有應課税暫時差額確認。 在可能取得應課税溢利而可動用可扣 税暫時差額時,就所有該等可扣税暫 時差額確認遞延税項資產。倘暫時差 額因初始確認不影響應課税溢利及會 計溢利的交易中資產及負債而產生, 則不會確認遞延税項資產及負債。

遞延税項負債乃就與於附屬公司之投 資有關之應課税暫時差額而確認,惟 本集團可控制暫時差額之撥回及暫時 差額很可能於可見將來不會撥回之情 況除外。與該等投資相關的可扣税暫 時差額所產生的遞延税項資產,僅於 可能有足夠應課税溢利以動用暫時差 額的利益及預期於可見將來可以撥回 時確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告期末 作檢討,並在不再可能有足夠應課税 溢利抵銷全部或部分資產時作調減。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(J) TAXATION (Cont'd)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss.

(K) REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same. Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

 the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;

(J) 税項(*續*)

遞延税項資產及負債乃以報告期未已 頒佈或實質上已頒佈的税率(及税法) 為基準,按預期於償還負債或變現資 產期間之適用税率計量。

遞延税項負債及資產的計量反映本集 團於報告期末,預期將要收回或清償 其資產及負債之賬面值的税務後果。

當有可合法執行權利將即期税項資產 與即期税項負債抵銷,且遞延税項資 產及負債與同一税務機關對同一應課 税實體徵收的所得税有關時,則可將 遞延税項資產及負債互相抵銷。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認。

(K) 來自客戶合約之收益

本集團於(或隨著)完成履約責任,即 與特定履約責任相關之貨品或服務的 「控制權」轉移至客戶時,確認收益。

履約責任指一項明確貨品或服務或一 系列實質相同的明確貨品或服務。當 滿足下列條件之一時,控制權在一段 時間內轉移且收益按照完成相關履約 責任的進度在一段時間內確認:

 客戶於本集團履約時同時取得 並消耗本集團履約所提供的利 益;

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(K) REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS (Cont'd)

- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

Interest income from loan facilities

Interest income charged on loan facilities is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset.

Commission income from securities brokerage services

Commission income from securities brokerage services is recognised at a point in time on the date of transaction when the relevant services are rendered.

(L) PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

- (K) 來自客戶合約之收益(續)
 - 本集團的履約行為創造或改良 了一項資產,而該項資產於本 集團履約時由客戶控制;或
 - 本集團的履約行為並未創造一項可被本集團用於替代用途的 資產,且本集團具有就迄今為 止已完成之履約部分獲得付款 的可執行權利。

否則,於客戶取得該項明確貨品或服 務之控制權的時間點確認收益。

貸款融資之利息收入

就貸款融資收取的利息收入乃採用實 際利率法於產生時確認。就並無信貸 減值而按攤銷成本計量之金融資產而 言,實際利率應用於資產賬面總值。 就信貸減值金融資產而言,實際利率 應用於資產攤銷成本(即賬面總值扣 除虧損撥備)。

證券經紀服務之佣金收入

證券經紀服務的佣金收入於提供相關 服務之交易日期的某個時間點確認。

(L) 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團因過往事件而須承擔現行法 律或推定之責任,而履行該責任很可 能會導致經濟效益外流,並可作出可 靠的估計時,將會就發生時間或數額 不定的負債作出撥備。倘貨幣的時間 價值重大,則按預期履行責任所需開 支的現值作出撥備。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(L) PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

(M) RELATED PARTIES

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (A) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (B) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
 - both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;

(L) 撥備及或然負債(續)

倘經濟效益外流的可能性較低,或是 無法對有關數額作出可靠的估計,便 會將該責任披露為或然負債,惟經濟 效益外流的可能性極低者則除外。須 視乎某宗或多宗未來事件是否發生才 能確定存在與否的潛在責任,亦會披 露為或然負債,惟經濟效益外流的可 能性極低者則除外。

(M) 關連人士

倘在下列情況下,有關人士將被視為 與本集團有關連:

- (A) 倘屬以下人士,則該人士或該
 人士之近親家庭成員與本集團
 有關連:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的主要管理人員。
- (B) 倘符合下列任何條件,則實體 與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一 集團之成員公司(即各母 公司、附屬公司及同系附 屬公司彼此間有關連);
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之 聯營公司或合營企業(或 另一實體為成員公司之 集團旗下成員公司之聯 營公司或合營企業);
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三 方之合營企業;

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES **4.** 主要會計政策(續) (Cont'd) (M) RELATED PARTIES (Cont'd)

- (B) (Cont'd)
 - one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the (iv) other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for (v) the benefit of employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a (vi) person identified in (A):
 - (vii) a person identified in (A)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); or
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 4, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

(NA)關連人士(續)

- (續) (B)
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體 之合營企業,而另一實體 為同一第三方實體之聯 營公司;
 - 該實體為本集團或與本 (v)集團有關連之實體就僱 員利益設立之離職福利 計劃;
 - (vi) 該實體受(A)所識別人士 控制或共同控制;
 - (vii) 於(A)(i)所識別人士對該 實體有重大影響力或屬 司)的主要管理人員;或
 - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團之 任何成員公司向本集團 或本集團之母公司提供 主要管理人員服務。

一名人士的近親是指預期在與 實體的交易中可影響該人士或 受該人士影響的家庭成員。

5. 重大會計判斷及估計不確定 因素的主要來源

於應用附註4所述的本集團會計政策時,董 事須就不可透過其他資料來源而輕易取得 的資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。 該等估計及相關假設乃根據過往經驗及其 他被視為相關的因素作出。實際結果可能有 別於該等估計。

將會持續對該等估計及相關假設作出檢討。 倘會計估計的修訂僅對作出修訂的期間產 生影響,則有關修訂只會在該期間內確認; 倘會計估計的修訂對現時及未來期間均產 生影響,則會在作出該修訂期間及未來期間 內確認。

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Cont'd)

CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the directors have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Significant increase in credit risk

As explained in note 4, ECL measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. HKFRS 9 does not define what constitutes a significant increase in credit risk. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Impairment allowance for loans receivables

The directors estimate the amount of loss allowance for ECL on loans receivables based on the credit risk of loans receivables. The amount of the loss allowance based on ECL model is measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. Where the future cash flows are less than expected, or being revised downward due to changes in facts and circumstances, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2020, impairment allowance for loans receivables was approximately HK\$519.37 million (2019: approximately HK\$216.85 million).

5. 重大會計判斷及估計不確定 因素的主要來源(續)

應用會計政策時作出之重大判斷

除涉及估計的判斷外,以下為董事於應用本 集團會計政策過程中作出且對綜合財務報 表內確認的金額產生最重大影響的重大判 斷。

信貸風險顯著增加

如附註4所述,預期信貸虧損就第一階段資 產按相等於十二個月預期信貸虧損的撥備 計量,就第二階段或第三階段資產按全期預 期信貸虧損的撥備計量。資產於其信貸風險 自初始確認後顯著增加時轉入第二階段。香 港財務報告準則第9號並無界定構成信貸風 險顯著增加的因素。本集團考慮合理及可靠 的定性及定量前瞻性資料,評估資產的信貸 風險是否顯著增加。

估計不確定因素之主要來源

以下為涉及日後的主要假設及於報告期末 估計不確定因素的其他主要來源,該等假設 及來源很可能導致下個財政年度的資產及 負債的賬面值出現大幅調整。

應收貸款減值撥備

董事根據應收貸款的信貸風險估計應收貸 款的預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備金額。根據預 期信貸虧損模式計算的虧損撥備金額按根 據合約應付本集團的所有合約現金流量與 本集團預期收取的所有現金流量之間的差 額(按初始確認時釐定的實際利率折現)計 量。倘未來現金流量低於預期,或因事實及 情況變化而下調,則可能產生重大減值虧損。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,應收貸款的 減值撥備約為519,370,000港元(二零一九 年:約216,850,000港元)。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

6. **REVENUE**

6. 收益

	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$ 港元
Revenue from Contracts with Customers within the scope of HKFRS 15香港財務報告準則第15號範圍 內來自客戶合約的收益Interest income from loan facilities (note 1)貸款融資的利息收入 (附註1)Commission income from securities brokerage services (note 2)證券經紀服務的佣金收入 (附註2)	38,016,626	88,875,502 6,166
	38,016,626	88,881,668
Notes:	附註:	
(1) Interest income on the impaired loans receivables for the year ended 31 December 2020 amounted to HK\$8,196,611 (2019: Nil).		ニ月三十一日止年度・已 息收入為8,196,611港元
(2) The Group ceased the Securities Brokerage Business in mid-August 2019.	(2) 本集團於二零一九3 紀業務。	年八月中旬終止證券經
. SEGMENT INFORMATION 7.	分部資料	
The Group has identified the following reportable segments:	本集團已識別下列可呈	報分部:
Money lending – provision and arrangement of credit financing in Hong Kong	放債 一 於香港	提供及安排信貸融資
Securities trading – provision of services in relation to securities brokerage and proprietary investments in listed securities		關證券經紀的服務及 資上市證券
The Group's operating segments are strategic business units that offer different services. They are managed separately because each business requires different technology and marketing strategies.	本集團之營運分部為损 業務單位。由於各業務系 場推廣策略,故該等營業	頃應用不同技術及市
 Segment profit or loss does not include the following items: unallocated other income unallocated other gains and losses unallocated corporate expenses 	分部損益不包括以下項 一 未分配其他收入 一 未分配其他收益及 一 未分配企業開支	
Segment assets/(liabilities) do not include the following items: – deferred tax assets/(liabilities) – other unallocated assets/(liabilities)	分部資產/(負債)不有 一 遞延税項資產/ — 其他未分配資產/	(負債)

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

7. 分部資料(續)

Information about operating segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

有關營運分部損益、資產及負債之資料:

		Money Lending 放債 HK\$ 港元	Securities Trading 證券買賣 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HK\$ 港元
Year ended 31 December 2020	截至二零二零年			
	十二月三十一日止年度			
Revenue	收益	38,016,626	-	38,016,626
Segment loss	分部虧損	(359,038,919)	(4,755,607)	(363,794,526)
Interest revenue	利息收入	38,016,646	16	38,016,662
Interest expenses	利息開支	(264,173)	(8,998)	(273,171)
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
plant and equipment		(854,411)	(3,488)	(857,899)
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	(4,092,127)	(1,175,305)	(5,267,432)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(9,213,859)	-	(9,213,859)
Other material non-cash item:	其他重大非現金項目:			
– Impairment loss on loans	一應收貸款減值虧損			
receivables, net	淨額	360,193,407	-	360,193,407
Additions to segment non-current	分部非流動資產添置			
assets		3,563,952	-	3,563,952
As at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年			
	十二月三十一日			
Segment assets	分部資產	463,311,004	14,960,864	478,271,868
Segment liabilities	分部負債	16,236,592	50,000	16,286,592



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註 (continued 續)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

7. 分部資料(續)

Information about operating segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities: (Cont'd)

有關營運分部損益、資產及負債之資料: (續)

		Money	Securities	
		Lending	Trading	Total
		放債	證券買賣	總額
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元
Year ended 31 December 2019	截至二零一九年			
	十二月三十一日止年度			
Revenue	收益	88,875,502	6,166	88,881,668
Segment loss	分部虧損	(114,725,922)	(11,928,185)	(126,654,107)
Interest revenue	利息收入	88,876,717	4,090	88,880,807
Interest expenses	利息開支	(120,223)	(66,828)	(187,051)
Depreciation	折舊	(5,926,542)	(1,760,573)	(7,687,115)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	24,480,075	_	24,480,075
Other material non-cash items:	其他重大非現金項目:			
– Impairment loss on loans	一應收貸款減值虧損			
receivables, net	淨額	200,581,489	-	200,581,489
– Trading right written off	一撇銷貿易權	_	3,100,000	3,100,000
Additions to segment non-current	分部非流動資產添置			
assets		217,685	6,080	223,765
As at 31 December 2019	於二零一九年			
	十二月三十一日			
Segment assets	分部資產	811,735,444	17,872,277	829,607,721
Segment liabilities	分部負債	7,869,281	678,085	8,547,366

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

7. 分部資料(續)

Reconciliations of reportable segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

可呈報分部損益、資產及負債之對賬:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Profit or loss	捐益		
Total loss of reportable segments	一 可呈報分部總虧損	(363,794,526)	(126,654,107)
Unallocated amounts:	未分配金額:	(,	(
Administrative and other operating expenses	行政及其他經營開支	(5,753,143)	(6,194,027)
Other income	其他收入	1,944,103	2,141
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(7,962)	(47,078)
Consolidated loss for the year	年度綜合虧損	(367,611,528)	(132,893,071)
Assets	資產		
Total assets of reportable segments	工 可呈報分部總資產	478,271,868	829,607,721
Unallocated amounts:	未分配金額:		,,
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	26,557,406	35,812,011
Other receivables and other assets	其他應收款項及其他資產	3,687,395	3,026,822
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額	508,516,669	868,446,554
Liabilities	負債		
Total liabilities of reportable segments	可呈報分部總負債	16,286,592	8,547,366
Unallocated amount:	未分配金額:		
Other liabilities	其他負債	286,726	344,309
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額	16,573,318	8,891,675

All of the Group's revenue from external customers and non-current assets was generated from and located in Hong Kong during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

For the year ended 31 December 2020, no revenue from a single external customer amounted to 10% or more of the Group's revenue (2019: Nil).

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團所有來自外界客戶 的收益及非流動資產均產生自香港並存置 於香港。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,並 無來自單一外界客戶的收益佔本集團收益 的10%或以上(二零一九年:無)。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註 (continued 續)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

8. OTHER INCOME

8. 其他收入

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	103	2,141
Other interest income	其他利息收入	13	3,818
Dividend income	股息收入	-	31,640
Sundry income	雜項收入	12	2,064
Government grants	政府補助	1,944,000	-
		1,944,128	39,663

9. OTHER LOSSES

9. 其他虧損

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$ 港元
Fair value loss from financial assets	以公平值計入損益的金融資產的		
at FVTPL	公平值虧損	(3,106,260)	(3,684,410)
Realised loss from financial assets	以公平值計入損益的金融資產的		
at FVTPL	已變現虧損	-	(265,370)
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備虧損		
plant and equipment		(54)	-
Gain on early termination of	提前終止租賃協議的收益		
lease agreement		11,100	_
		(3,095,214)	(3,949,780)

10. FINANCE COSTS

10. 財務費用

	2020 二零二零年 HKS 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Interest expenses on lease liabilities 租賃負債的利息開支 Interest expenses on consideration payable 應付代價的利息開支 Interest expenses on bond payable 應付債券的利息開支	96,800 95,275 81,096	187,051 _ _
	273,171	187,051

11. LOSS BEFORE TAX

11. 除税前虧損

The Group's loss before tax has been arrived after charging the following:

本集團的除税前虧損為扣除下列各項後所 達致:

		2020 二零二零年 HKS 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Auditor's remuneration Depreciation of property,	核數師酬金 物業、廠房及設備折舊	780,000	755,000
plant and equipment		864,530	2,827,603
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	5,310,966	4,921,802
Legal and professional fees	法律及專業費用	3,191,944	3,682,517
Impairment loss on loans receivables, net	應收貸款減值虧損淨額	360,193,407	200,581,489

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE/(CREDIT)

12. 所得税開支/(抵免)

		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
		нк\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Current tax – Hong Kong Profits Tax	即期税項-香港利得税		
Provision for the year	年內撥備	34,766	8,277,739
Over-provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(67,550)	(5,976
		(32,784)	8,271,763
Deferred tax (note 24)	遞延税項(附註24)	9,254,605	(32,704,760
		9,221,821	(24,432,997

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE/(CREDIT) (Cont'd)

12. 所得税開支/(抵免)(續)

Under the current two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of assessable profits of a corporation will be taxed at 8.25%, and assessable profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. For the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, Hong Kong Profits Tax of the nominated Group company is calculated in accordance with the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The assessable profits of other Group companies in Hong Kong will continue to be taxed at the tax rate of 16.5%.

The reconciliation between the income tax expense/(credit) and the product of loss before tax multiplied by the Hong Kong Profits Tax rate is as follows:

港元應評税利潤之税率為8.25%,而超過 2,000,000港元應評税利潤之税率為16.5%。 截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一 日止年度,獲提名集團公司的香港利得税乃 按照利得税兩級制計算。其他本集團的香港 公司的應評税利潤繼續按16.5%的税率繳税。

根據現時的利得税兩級制,公司首2,000,000

所得税開支/(抵免)與除税前虧損乘以香 港利得税税率之積對賬如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(358,389,707)	(157,326,068)
Tax at the applicable tax rate of 16.5%	按適用税率16.5%(二零一九年:		
(2019: 16.5%)	16.5%)計算的税項	(59,134,302)	(25,958,801)
Tax effect of a two-tiered profits	利得税兩級制的税務影響		
tax rates regime		-	(165,000)
Tax effect of income that is not taxable	毋須課税收入的税務影響	(281,178)	(353)
Tax effect of expenses that	不可扣除開支的税務影響		
are not deductible		247,281	455,488
Tax effect of temporary difference	未確認暫時差額的税務影響		
not recognised		8,939,844	34,602
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses	動用過往未確認税項虧損的		
not previously recognised	税務影響	(125,568)	_
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	尚未確認税項虧損的税務影響	59,643,294	1,207,043
Over-provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(67,550)	(5,976)
Income tax expense/(credit)	所得税開支/(抵免)	9,221,821	(24,432,997)

13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES

13. 僱員福利開支

		2020 二零二零年 HKS 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Employee benefits expenses (excluding directors' emoluments): Salaries, bonuses and allowances Pension scheme contributions	僱員福利開支 (不包括董事酬金): 薪金、花紅及津貼 退休金計劃供款	12,686,125 779,491	13,631,107 969,907
		13,465,616	14,601,014

(A) PENSION SCHEME CONTRIBUTIONS

No forfeited contributions were utilised during the year (2019: Nil). No balance (2019: Nil) of forfeited contributions were available at the year-end to reduce future contributions.

(B) FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees in the Group during the year included one (2019: one) director whose emoluments are set out in note 14. The emoluments of the remaining four (2019: four) highest paid employees are as follows:

(A) 退休金計劃供款

年內概無動用已沒收供款(二零一九 年:無)。於年結日,概無已沒收供款 的結餘(二零一九年:無)可用於抵銷 未來供款。

(B) 五名最高薪僱員

年內,本集團五名最高薪僱員包括一 名(二零一九年:一名)董事,其酬金 列載於附註14。其餘四名(二零一九 年:四名)最高薪僱員之酬金詳情載 列如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Performance related bonuses Pension scheme contributions	薪金、津貼及實物福利 表現相關花紅 退休金計劃供款	4,171,436 607,413 270,904	3,970,755 - 386,259
		5,049,753	4,357,014

13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES (Cont'd)

13. 僱員福利開支(續)

FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (Cont'd) (B) 五名最高薪僱員(續) (B)

The emoluments of the remaining four (2019: four) highest paid employees fell within the following bands:

其餘四名(二零一九年:四名)最高薪 僱員的酬金介乎以下範圍:

		2020 二零二零年 Number of employees 僱員人數	2019 二零一九年 Number of employees 僱員人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,000 to HK\$1,500,000 HK\$1,500,000 to HK\$2,000,000 HK\$2,000,000 to HK\$2,500,000	零至1,000,000港元 1,000,000港元至1,500,000港元 1,500,000港元至2,000,000港元 2,000,000港元至2,500,000港元	2 1 - 1	2 1 1

14. 董事福利及利益 14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

(A) DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS' **EMOLUMENTS**

(A) 董事及行政總裁酬金

The remuneration of every director and chief executive officer for the year ended 31 December 2020 is set out below:

各董事及行政總裁截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度的酬金載列如下:

			whet	her of the Con	npany or its sub	osidiary underta	tor/chief executiv king :服務已付或應付的	
		Fees 袍金	Salaries 薪金	Allowance and benefits in kind (note (f)) 津貼及 實物福利 (附註(f))	Performance related bonuses 表現相關 花紅	Pension scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款	Share- based payments 以股份 為基礎的付款	Total 總額
		HK\$	新並 HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	司 副供款 HK\$	局盔啶的内款 HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
Executive directors: Li Sin Hung Maxim (note (a)) Xie Si	執行董事: 李錝洪(附註(a)) 謝絲	-	173,556 240,000	-	-	4,500	-	178,056 240,000
Wong Kai Lun	黄啟倫		520,000		50,000	18,000		588,000
Lai Szu Yu Ho Yuen May May (note (b))	賴思妤 何婉薇(附註(b))	-	240,000	-	-	12,000	-	252,000
(Chief executive officer)	(行政總裁)	-	179,667	-	50,000	4,210	-	233,877
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:							
Fung Kam Man	馮錦文	120,000	-	-	-	-	-	120,000
Wang Zhiwei	王志維 陳通德	120,000	-	-	-	-	-	120,000
Chan Tung Tak Alain Li Long	床////////////////////////////////////	120,000 120,000	-	-	-	-		120,000 120,000
Choy Sze Chung Jojo	^{子 昨} 蔡思聰	120,000	-	-	-	-	-	120,000
Chief executive officers:	行政總裁:							
Ho Yuen May May (note (b))	何婉薇(附註(b))	-	315,548	-	-	10,234	-	325,782
Tsang Yan Kwong (note (c))	曾仁光(附註(c))	-	313,548	-	-	39,194	-	352,742
Total	總額	600,000	1,982,319	-	100,000	88,138	-	2,770,457

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS 14. 董事福利及利益(*續*) (Cont'd)

(A) DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS' EMOLUMENTS (Cont'd) (A) 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

The remuneration of every director and chief executive officer for the year ended 31 December 2019 is set out below:

各董事及行政總裁截至二零一九年
十二月三十一日止年度的酬金載列如
下:

Executive directors: 執行董事: Li Sin Hung Maxim (note (a)) 李錄洪 (附註(a)) Wong Kai Lun 黃歐倫 Cao Huifang (note (d)) 曹慧芳 (附註(d)) Xie Si 謝絲 Lai Szu Yu (note (e)) 賴忠好 (附註(e)) Independent non-executive directors: 獨立非執行董事: Fung Kam Man 馮錫文 Wang Zhiwei 玉志維 Chan Tung Tak Alain 陳通德 Li Long 李龍 Choy Sze Chung Jojo 蔡思聰 Chief executive officer: 行政總裁 : Tang Yan Kwong (note (c)) 盲仁光 (附註(c))	- 80,000 - 240,000 - 160,667 120,000 - 120,000 - 120,000 - 120,000 - 120,000 - 120,000 - 120,000 - 120,000 - 120,000 - 1,560,000	- - - - - - 84,500	-	- 8,033 - - - - - 180,000	-	80,00 240,00 168,70 120,00 120,00 120,00 120,00 120,00 120,00
Li Sin Hung Maxim (note (a)) 李鳈洪 (附註(a)) Wong Kai Lun 黃啟倫 Cao Huifang (note (d)) 曹慧芳 (附註(d)) Xie Si 謝絲 Lai Szu Yu (note (e)) 類思好 (附註(e)) Independent non-executive directors: 獨立非執行董事: Fung Kam Man 馮錦文 Wang Zhiwei 王志維 Chan Tung Tak Alain 陳通德 Li Long 李龍	- 240,000 - 160,667 120,000 - 120,000 - 120,000 - 120,000 -	-			- - -	240,00 168,70 120,00 120,00 120,00 120,00
Li Sin Hung Maxim (note (a)) 李錄洪 (附註(a)) Wong Kai Lun 黃 欣倫 Cao Huifang (note (d)) 曹慧芳 (附註(d)) Xie Si 謝絲 Lai Szu Yu (note (e)) 類思好 (附註(e)) Independent non-executive directors: 獨立非執行董事: Fung Kam Man 馮錦文 Wang Zhiwei 王志維 Chan Tung Tak Alain 陳通德 Li Long 李龍	- 240,000 - 160,667 120,000 - 120,000 - 120,000 - 120,000 -	-			- - -	240,00 168,70 120,00 120,00 120,00 120,00
Li Sin Hung Maxim (note (a)) 李棣洪 (附註(a)) Wong Kai Lun 黃啟倫 Cao Huifang (note (d)) 曹慧芳 (附註(d)) Xie Si 謝絲 Lai Szu Yu (note (e)) 賴思纾 (附註(e)) Independent non-executive directors: 獨立非執行董事: Fung Kam Man 馮錦文 Wang Zhiwei 王志維 Chan Tung Tak Alain 陳通德	- 240,000 - 160,667 120,000 - 120,000 -	-			- - -	240,00 168,70 120,00 120,00
Li Sin Hung Maxim (note (a)) 李棣洪(附註(a)) Wong Kai Lun 黃散倫 Cao Huifang (note (d)) 曹慧芳(附註(d)) Kie Si 謝絲 Lai Szu Yu (note (e)) 賴思芬(附註(e)) Independent non-executive directors: 獨立非執行董事: Fung Kam Man 馮錦文 Wang Zhiwei 王志維	- 240,000 - 160,667 120,000 -		-		-	240,00 168,70 120,00
i Sin Hung Maxim (note (a)) 李棣洪 (附註(a)) Wong Kai Lun 黃啟倫 Tao Huifang (note (d)) 曹慧芳 (附註(d)) Kie Si 謝絲 ai Szu Yu (note (e)) 賴思好 (附註(e)) ndependent non-executive directors: 獨立非執行董事:	- 240,000 - 160,667	-	-			240,0 168,7
Li Sin Hung Maxim (note (a)) 李棣洪 (附註(a)) Wong Kai Lun	- 240,000	-	- -			240,0
Li Sin Hung Maxim (note (a)) 李棣洪 (附註(a)) Wong Kai Lun 黃啟倫 Cao Huifang (note (d)) 曹慧芳 (附註(d)) Xie Si 謝絲	- 240,000	-	-			240,00
Li Sin Hung Maxim (note (a)) 李缐洪(附註(a)) Wong Kai Lun 黃啟倫 Cao Huifang (note (d)) 曹慧芳(附註(d))		-	-	-	-	
Li Sin Hung Maxim (note (a)) 李線洪 (附註(a)) Wong Kai Lun 黃啟倫						
	- 480,000	-	-	18,000	-	498,0
	- 910,000	_	_	18.000	_	928,0
	港元 港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港
	HK\$ HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HI
	袍金 薪金	(附註(f))	花紅	計劃供款	為基礎的付款	總
		津貼及 實物福利	表現相關	退休金	以股份	
	Fees Salaries	(note (f))	bonuses	contributions	payments	Tot
		in kind	related	scheme	Share-based	
		benefits	Performance	Pension		
		Allowance				
	就任何人士以董事/行	Allowance and benefits	Performance	Pension		9酬金

Notes:

- (a) Deceased on 9 March 2020.
- (b) Appointed as chief executive officer on 19 March 2020 and appointed as executive director on 7 October 2020.
- (c) Resigned on 19 March 2020.
- (d) Resigned on 30 April 2019.
- (e) Appointed on 30 April 2019.
- (f) The allowance and benefits in kind refer to untaken leave provision for chief executive officer.

There was no arrangement under which a director or chief executive officer waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2019: Nil).

附註:

(a) 於二零二零年三月九日離世。

(b) 於二零二零年三月十九日獲委任為 行政總裁並於二零二零年十月七日 獲委任為執行董事。

- (c) 於二零二零年三月十九日辭任。
- (d) 於二零一九年四月三十日辭任。
- (e) 於二零一九年四月三十日獲委任。
- (f) 津貼及實物福利指行政總裁之未放 取假期撥備。

年內概無董事或行政總裁放棄或同意 放棄任何酬金的安排(二零一九年: 無)。

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS 14. 董事福利及利益(*續*) (Cont'd)

(B) DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company (including any person who at any time during the year was a director) or the director's connected entity had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

15. DIVIDENDS

The directors did not recommend the payment of any dividend to shareholders for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).

16. LOSS PER SHARE

BASIC LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic loss per share is based on the loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$367,611,528 (2019: HK\$132,893,071) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 3,628,800,000 (2019: 3,628,800,000) in issue during the year.

DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE

No diluted loss per share are presented as the Company did not have any dilutive potential ordinary shares during the two years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

(B) 董事於交易、安排或合約的重大 利益

本公司董事(包括於年內任何時候為 董事之任何人士)或董事的關連實體 概無於年終或年內任何時候仍然存續 以本公司作為訂約方且與本集團業務 有關的重大交易、安排及合約中擁有 直接或間接的重大利益。

15. 股息

董事不建議就截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度(二零一九年:無)向股東 派付任何股息。

16. 每股虧損

每股基本虧損

每股基本虧損乃基於本公司擁有人應佔 年內虧損367,611,528港元(二零一九年: 132,893,071港元)及年內已發行普通股加 權平均股數3,628,800,000股(二零一九年: 3,628,800,000股)計算。

每股攤薄虧損

由於本公司於截至二零二零年及二零一九 年十二月三十一日止兩個年度並無任何潛 在攤薄普通股,故並無呈列每股攤薄虧損。

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

17.物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings 樓宇 HKS 港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 HKS 港元	Furniture and fixture 傢俱及 固定裝置 HK S 港元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 HKS 港元	Computers 電腦 HKS 港元	Motor vehicle 汽車 HKS 港元	Motor yacht 遊艇 HKS 港元	Total 總額 HKS 港元
Cost At 1 January 2019 Additions Disposals	成本 於二零一九年一月一日 添置 出售	187,561 - -	5,556,010 - -	1,018,329 - -	1,157,842 8,307 (5,900)	3,221,009 215,458 (26,041)	260,000 _ _	-	11,400,751 223,765 (31,941)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 Additions Disposals	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及 二零二零年一月一日 添置 出售	187,561 - -	5,556,010 970,730 (1,275,170)	1,018,329 185,306 (528,766)	1,160,249 7,494 (783,034)	3,410,426 535,739 (638,007)	260,000 - -	_ 1,864,683 _	11,592,575 3,563,952 (3,224,977)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	187,561	5,251,570	674,869	384,709	3,308,158	260,000	1,864,683	11,931,550
Accumulated depreciation At 1 January 2019 Charge for the year Disposals	累計折舊 於二零一九年一月一日 年內支出 出售	162,174 18,756 –	3,787,935 1,712,119 -	681,622 282,460 -	880,795 262,188 (5,900)	2,762,173 487,080 (26,041)	37,917 65,000 -	- - -	8,312,616 2,827,603 (31,941)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 Charge for the year Disposals	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及 二零二零年一月一日 年內支出 出售	180,930 6,631 –	5,500,054 177,297 (1,275,170)	964,082 77,410 (528,766)	1,137,083 24,757 (782,980)	3,223,212 338,621 (638,007)	102,917 65,000 -	- 174,814 -	11,108,278 864,530 (3,224,923)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	187,561	4,402,181	512,726	378,860	2,923,826	167,917	174,814	8,747,885
Carrying amount At 31 December 2020	賬面值 於二零二零年十二月三十一日	-	849,389	162,143	5,849	384,332	92,083	1,689,869	3,183,665
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	6,631	55,956	54,247	23,166	187,214	157,083	-	484,297



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註 (continued 續)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

18. 使用權資產

		Leasehold land 租賃土地 HK\$ 港元	Lease property 租賃物業 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HKS 港元
Cost At 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	成本 於二零一九年一月一日、 二零一九年十二月三十一日及			
Additions Written off	二零二零年一月一日 添置 撇銷	1,618,044 _ _	6,194,308 7,973,656 (3,290,558)	7,812,352 7,973,656 (3,290,558)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	1,618,044	10,877,406	12,495,450
Accumulated depreciation At 1 January 2019 Charge for the year	累計折舊 於二零一九年一月一日 年內支出	376,416 43,534	– 4,878,268	376,416 4,921,802
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 Charge for the year	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及 二零二零年一月一日 年內支出	419,950 43,534	4,878,268 5,267,432	5,298,218 5,310,966
Written off At 31 December 2020	撇銷 於二零二零年十二月三十一日	- 463,484	(3,200,081) 6,945,619	(3,200,081) 7,409,103
Carrying amount At 31 December 2020	賬面值 於二零二零年十二月三十一日	1,154,560	3,931,787	5,086,347
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	1,198,094	1,316,040	2,514,134

The following table is the amounts recognised in profit or loss:

下表為於損益確認的金額:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		нк\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	5,310,966	4,921,802

The Group had total cash outflows for leases of HK\$5,335,112 for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: HK\$5,240,259).

本集團於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度因租賃而產生的現金流出總額為 5,335,112港元(二零一九年:5,240,259港 元)。

18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Cont'd)

For both years, the Group leases various offices for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 4 months to 3 years (2019: 3 years). Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

19. INTANGIBLE ASSETS – TRADING RIGHT

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Group has fully written off a trading right of HK\$3.10 million as a result of the derecognition of the trading right of Asia Wealth Securities Limited due to the cessation of the Securities Brokerage Business in mid-August 2019. As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, no trading right was recognised.

20. LOANS RECEIVABLES

18. 使用權資產(續)

於此兩個年度,本集團為其營運租賃多個辦 公室。租賃合約按四個月至三年的固定期限 (二零一九年:三年)訂立。租賃條款乃按個 別基準磋商,並包含不同條款及條件。於釐 定租賃期及評估不可撤銷期限的長度時,本 集團應用合約的定義並釐定合約可強制執 行的期限。

19. 無形資產一貿易權

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團已全數撇銷貿易權3,100,000港元, 乃因二零一九年八月中旬終止證券經紀業 務後而取消確認亞洲創富證券有限公司的 貿易權。於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日,概無確認貿易權。

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Loans to customers Accrued interest receivables	客戶貸款 應收應計利息	924,497,125 42,131,754	966,238,754 48,663,938
Less: Impairment allowance on	減:獨立評估的減值撥備	966,628,879	1,014,902,692
individual assessment Impairment allowance on collective assessment	集體評估的減值撥備	(360,257,902) (159,117,000)	(2,959,703) (213,887,000)
		447,253,977	798,055,989
Analysed as:	列為:		
Non-current	非流動	221,441,816	151,877,137
Current	流動	225,812,161	646,178,852
		447,253,977	798,055,989

20. 應收貸款

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註 (continued))

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

20. LOANS RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

20. 應收貸款(續)

The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding loans receivables to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by management.

本集團一直嚴格控制未收回的應收貸款,務 求將信貸風險減至最低。管理層定期檢查逾 期結餘。

The loans receivables above were denominated in HK\$. The credit quality analysis of the loans receivables are as follows:

上述應收貸款以港元計值。應收貸款的信貸 質量分析如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Neither past due nor impaired	未逾期或減值		
– Secured	一有抵押	32,548,467	62,864,597
– Unsecured	一無抵押	79,487,593	130,751,890
Less than 3 months past due	逾期不足三個月	7,681,024	69,203,582
Over 3 months past due	逾期超過三個月	11,877,698	569,908,192
		131,594,782	832,728,261
Impaired (note)	減值(附註)	835,034,097	182,174,431
		966,628,879	1,014,902,692

Note: Represents the gross amount of individually impaired loans receivables for which impairment loss has been provided partially or in full as at year end date.

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors were of the opinion that no provision for impairment on these loans was necessary as these loans receivables would be substantially/fully settled subsequent to the reporting period or there had not been a significant change in credit quality that these balances were still considered fully recoverable. 附註:指於年結日已就減值虧損作出部分或全數 撥備的個別減值應收貸款總額。

並無逾期亦無減值的應收款項與眾多近期 並無拖欠記錄的不同類型客戶有關。

已逾期但並無減值的應收款項與多名於本 集團有良好往績記錄的客戶有關。根據過往 經驗,由於該等應收貸款已於報告期後大部 分/悉數收回或信貸質量並無重大改變,且 該等結餘仍被視為可全數收回,故董事認為 毋須就此等貸款作出減值撥備。

20. LOANS RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

As at 31 December 2020, amongst all past due but not impaired loans, (i) a first mortgage loan of HK\$1,823,656 was secured by collateral with fair value amounted to HK\$5,200,000; and (ii) a secured revolving loan of HK\$10,054,042 (at 31 December 2019: HK\$23,945,757) was secured by equity interest in a private company with value amounted to HK\$300,000,000 (at 31 December 2019: HK\$60,300,183). Save for the above, the Group did not hold any collateral in respect of the remaining individually past due but not impaired loans receivables as at 31 December 2020, while as at 31 December 2019, a secured fixed loan of HK\$19,423,750 was secured by equity interest in a private company with value amounted to HK\$3,639,547 and a secured installment loan of HK\$1,737,398 was secured by insurance policies with value amounted to HK\$11,700,000.

The individually impaired loans receivables relate to customers that were in financial difficulties and only a portion of the receivable was expected to be recoverable. As at 31 December 2020, impaired secured fixed loans of HK\$84,000,000 (2019: HK\$68,072,583) were secured by equity interest in listed companies and equity interest in a private company with value amounted to HK\$33,943,228 (2019: HK\$48,224,028), and impaired secured revolving loans of HK\$73,265,737 (2019: HK\$48,781,646) were secured by equity interest in private companies and assets held by a private company with value amounted to HK\$62,732,366 (2019: HK\$11,544,030). Save for the above, the Group did not hold any collateral in respect of the remaining individually impaired loans receivables as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group has pledged loans receivables with aggregated amount of approximately HK\$32,000,000 for a bond payable described in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

20. 應收貸款(續)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,於所有已 逾期但未減值的貸款中,(i)首次按揭貸款 1,823,656港元以公平值為5,200,000港 元的抵押品作為抵押;及(ii)一筆有抵押 循環貸款10,054,042港元(於二零一九年 十二月三十一日:23,945,757港元)以價值 300,000,000港元(於二零一九年十二月 三十一日:60.300.183港元)的一間私營公 司股權作為抵押。除上述者外,於二零二零 年十二月三十一日,本集團並無就餘下個別 已逾期但並無減值的應收貸款持有任何抵 押品,而於二零一九年十二月三十一日,一 筆有抵押固定貸款19,423,750港元以價值 3.639.547港元的一間私營公司股權作為抵 押,及一筆有抵押分期貸款1,737,398港元 以價值11,700,000港元的保單作為抵押。

個別已減值應收貸款與陷入財務困難的 客戶有關,預期僅可收回部分應收款項。 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,已減值有 抵押固定貸款84,000,000港元(二零一九 年:68,072,583港元)以價值33,943,228港 元(二零一九年: 48,224,028港元)的上市 公司股權及一間私營公司股權作為抵押, 及已減值有抵押循環貸款73,265,737港 元(二零一九年:48,781,646港元)以價值 62,732,366港元(二零一九年: 11,544,030 港元)的私營公司股權及一間私營公司所 持資產作為抵押。除上述者外,於二零二 零年十二月三十一日及二零一九年十二月 三十一日,本集團並無就餘下個別已減值的 應收貸款持有任何抵押品。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團已就 綜合財務報表附註23所述的應付債券抵押 總額約為32,000,000港元的應收貸款。

21. 以公平值計入損益的金融資

產

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		нк\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Listed securities held for trading:	持作買賣的上市證券:		
- Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	- 於香港上市的股本證券	8,018,780	10,476,000
Analysed as:	列為:		
Current assets	流動資產	8,018,780	10,476,000

21. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註 (continued 續)

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21. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (Cont'd)

The fair values of equity securities listed in Hong Kong are based on the current market prices of such equity securities as at the end of the reporting period.

The above financial assets represent investments in listed equity securities that offer the Company the opportunity for return through dividend income and fair value gains. They have no fixed maturity or coupon rate.

At 31 December 2020 and 2019, the fair value measurements of the Group's investment in listed securities classified as financial assets at FVTPL are recurring and are determined using level 1 inputs (2019: Level 1 inputs).

22. LEASE LIABILITIES

At 31 December 2020, the lease liabilities were repayable as follows:

21. 以公平值計入損益的金融資 產(續)

於香港上市的股本證券的公平值乃基於該 等股本證券於報告期末的現行市價。

上述金融資產指於上市股本證券的投資,乃 透過股息收入及公平值收益為本公司提供 回報機會。其並無固定到期日或票面息率。

於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一 日,本集團分類為以公平值計入損益的金融 資產的上市證券投資的公平值計量屬經常 性,並使用第一級輸入數據(二零一九年: 第一級輸入數據)釐定。

22. 租賃負債

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,應償還的租 賃負債如下:

	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
一年內	2,015,208	1,416,997
一年後但兩年內	1,372,752	_
兩年後但五年內	662,804	_
減:流動負債項下於十二個月內 到期結算的款項	4,050,764	1,416,997
	(2,015,208)	(1,416,997)
非流動負債項下於十二個月後 到期結算的款項	2.025.556	
	一年後但兩年內 兩年後但五年內 減:流動負債項下於十二個月內 到期結算的款項 非流動負債項下於十二個月後	二零二零年 一年內 一年後但兩年內 一年後但兩年內 兩年後但五年內 662,804 減:流動負債項下於十二個月內 到期結算的款項 非流動負債項下於十二個月後

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities range from 5% to 5.54% (2019: 5%).

適用於租賃負債的加權平均增量借貸利率 介乎5%至5.54%(二零一九年:5%)。

22. LEASE LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

Movement of the bond payable is as follows:

22. 租賃負債(續)

The following table is the amounts recognised in profit or loss:

下表為於損益確認的金額:

		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
		HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	租賃負債的利息開支	96,800	187,051

23. BOND PAYABLE

23. 應付債券

應付債券之變動如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HKS 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$ 港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	_	_
Proceeds from issuance of bond	債券發行所得款項	10,000,000	_
Accrued interests	應計利息	81,096	_
		10,081,096	_
Less: Accrued interests recognised	減:於應計費用及其他應付款項		
in accruals and other payables	確認的應計利息	(81,096)	-
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	10,000,000	-

The balance is repayable within one year and shown under current liabilities.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, First Credit Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, issued a bond with a principal amount of HK\$10,000,000 (2019: Nil). No transaction cost is attributable to the issuance of the bond. The bond is secured by loans receivables of the Group of approximately HK\$32,000,000 as described in note 20 to the consolidated financial statement. The maturity date of the bond is falling on the first anniversary of the issue date. The interest rate of the bond is fixed at 8% per annum, and the interest is payable semiannually. 結餘須於一年內償還,並列作流動負債。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司的全資附屬公司第一信用財務有限 公司發行了本金額為10,000,000港元(二零 一九年:無)的債券。發行債券沒有產生交 易成本。如綜合財務報表附註20所述,債券 以本集團金額約為32,000,000港元的應收貸 款作抵押。債券的到期日為發行日期起計滿 一週年當日。債券的固定年利率為8%,及每 半年支付一次利息。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註(continued 續)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

24. DEFERRED TAX

24. 遞延税項

The following are deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised by the 以下為本集團確認之遞延税項資產及負債: Group:

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊 HK\$ 港元	Provision for impairment on loans receivables 應收貸款 減值撥備 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HKS 港元
At 1 January 2019 Credited to profit or loss for the year (note 12)	於二零一九年一月一日 年內在損益表中計入 (附註12)	- (520,656)	(3,107,251) (32,184,104)	(3,107,251) (32,704,760)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 Charged to profit or loss for the year (note 12)	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及 二零二零年一月一日 年內在損益表中扣除 (附註12)	(520,656) 217,555	(35,291,355) 9,037,050	(35,812,011) 9,254,605
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	(303,101)	(26,254,305)	(26,557,406)

The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for statement of financial position purposes:

以下為就財務狀況表而言的遞延税項結餘 分析:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	26,557,406	35,812,011

At the end of the reporting period, no deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax losses amounting to HK\$396,432,562 (2019: HK\$34,848,011) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

於報告期末,由於無法預測未來溢利來源, 故並無就税項虧損396,432,562港元(二零 一九年:34,848,011港元)確認遞延税項資 產。税項虧損可能無限期結轉。

25. SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY

25. 本公司的股本

		2020 二零二零年 HKS 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Authorised: 250,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.02 each	法定: 250,000,000,000股 每股0.02港元的普通股	5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000
Issued and fully paid: 3,628,800,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.02 each	已發行及繳足: 3,628,800,000股 每股0.02港元的普通股	72,576,000	72,576,000

26. RESERVES

(A) GROUP

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 88 and 91 of this annual report respectively.

(B) NATURE AND PURPOSE OF RESERVES

(i) Share premium

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

Pursuant to a special resolution passed in an extraordinary general meeting held on 24 December 2014, the change of the domicile of the Company from the Cayman Islands to Bermuda was approved by the shareholders. The change of domicile of the Company was completed on 5 February 2015. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, the funds in the share premium account of the Company may be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

26. 儲備

(A) 本集團

本集團的儲備金額及其變動分別載列 於本年報第88頁及第91頁的綜合損益 及其他全面收入表及綜合權益變動表。

(B) 儲備性質及目的

(i) 股份溢價

根據開曼群島公司法,本公司 股份溢價賬的資金可分派予本 公司股東,惟緊隨建議分派股 息日期後,本公司須有能力償 還其於日常業務過程中已到期 之債務。

根據於二零一四年十二月 二十四日召開的股東特別大會 上通過的特別決議案,本公司 由開曼群島遷冊至百慕達已獲 股東批准。本公司遷冊於二零 一五年二月五日完成。根據百 慕達一九八一年公司法,本公 司股份溢價賬的資金可以繳足 紅股方式分派。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

26. RESERVES (Cont'd)

26. 儲備(續)

(B) NATURE AND PURPOSE OF RESERVES (Cont'd)

(ii) Capital reserve

The capital reserve of the Group arose as a result of the Group's reorganisation implemented in preparation for the listing of the Company's shares in 2009 and represented the difference between the nominal value of the aggregate share capital of the subsidiaries acquired under the reorganisation scheme, over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange therefore.

The capital reserve of the Company arose as a result of the Group reorganisation implemented in preparation for the listing of the Company's shares in 2009 and represented the excess of the consolidated net assets of the subsidiaries acquired, over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange therefore.

(iii) Contributed surplus

The contributed surplus of the Group and the Company arose as a result of the Group's cancellation of the share premium account of the Company.

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, contributed surplus account is available for distribution to shareholders. However, the Company cannot declare or pay dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if:

- the Company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- the realisable value of the Company's assets would thereby be less than its liabilities.

(B) 儲備性質及目的(續)

(ii) 資本儲備

本集團的資本儲備乃因本集團 預備本公司股份於二零零九年 上市而進行重組所產生,指根 據重組計劃收購的附屬公司的 總股本面值與本公司作為交換 而發行的股本面值之差額。

本公司的資本儲備乃因本集團 預備本公司股份於二零零九年 上市而進行重組所產生,指已 收購附屬公司當時的綜合資產 淨值超出本公司作為交換而發 行的股本面值之金額。

(iii) 繳入盈餘

本集團及本公司的繳入盈餘乃 因本集團註銷本公司股份溢價 賬所產生。

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法, 繳入盈餘賬可供分派予股東。 然而,倘發生以下情況,則本公 司不得宣派或派付股息,或自 繳入盈餘中作出分派:

- 本公司現時或在派付後
 將無法償還其到期負債;
 或
- 本公司資產的可變現價 值在派付後將低於其負 債。

27. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme ("Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations and providing the Group with a more flexible means to reward, remunerate, compensate and/or provide benefits to the eligible participants. Eligible participants include full-time or part-time employees, directors (including executive, non-executive or independent non-executive directors) and any consultants or advisers (whether professional or otherwise and whether on an employment or contractual or honorary basis or otherwise and whether paid or unpaid), distributor, contractor, supplier, service provider, agent, customer and business partner of the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries ("Eligible Participants"). The Share Option Scheme was adopted on 24 November 2011 and, unless otherwise terminated by the shareholders or the directors of the Company, will remain in force for 10 years from the adoption date.

The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Group must not, in aggregate, exceed 10% of the issued ordinary shares of the Company as at the listing date of the Company or the date of shareholders' approval of a refreshment of such limit in a general meeting of the Company ("Scheme Limit"). The Scheme Limit was refreshed pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 28 June 2017 and the Scheme Limit as refreshed is 362,880,000 ordinary shares, which represents 10% of the issued ordinary shares of the Company as at the date of this annual report. The maximum aggregate number of ordinary shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Group must not exceed 30% of the issued ordinary shares of the Company from time to time.

Unless approved by the shareholders of the Company, the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each Eligible Participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company.

27. 購股權計劃

本公司實施購股權計劃(「**購股權計劃**」), 旨在為對本集團成功營運作出貢獻的合資 格參與者提供獎勵及回報,且本集團提供更 具彈性靈活的方式,向合資格參與者提供獎 勵、酬勞、補償及/或福利。合資格參與者 包括本公司及/或其任何附屬公司的全職 或兼職僱員、董事(包括執行、非執行或獨 立非執行董事)及任何諮詢人或顧問(無論 為專業或其他,並無論以聘請或合約制或義 務性質或其他方式,且無論為受薪或無薪)、 包銷商、承包商、供應商、服務提供者、代 理、客戶及業務夥伴(「**合資格參與者**」)。購 股權計劃已於二零一一年十一月二十四日 獲採納,除非本公司股東或董事另行終止, 購股權計劃將由接納日期起十年內有效。

按購股權計劃及本集團任何其他購股權計 劃所授出所有購股權獲行使下可能發行的 股份總數合共不得超過本公司於其上市日 期或股東於本公司股東大會批准更新有關 限制(「計劃限制」)當日已發行普通股的 10%。計劃限制根據股東於二零一七年六 月二十八日舉行的本公司股東週年大會上 通過的一項普通決議案予以更新,而經更新 的計劃限制為362,880,000股普通股,即本 公司於本年報日期已發行普通股的10%。按 購股權計劃或本集團任何其他購股權計劃 所授出且未獲行使的所有尚未行使購股權 獲行使下可能發行的普通股總數上限不得 超過本公司不時已發行普通股的30%。

除非獲本公司股東批准,按於十二個月的期 間內向各合資格參與者授予的購股權獲行 使下發行及將予發行(包括已行使及尚未行 使的購股權)的股份總數不得超過本公司已 發行股本的1%。

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27. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

27. 購股權計劃(續)

Share options to be granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval by all the independent non-executive directors of the Company (excluding any independent non-executive director who is the grantee of the options). In addition, any proposed grant of options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, which would result in the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant representing in aggregate in excess of 0.1% of the total issued share capital of the Company on the date of offer and having an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares on the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, are subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

The offer of grant of an option shall remain open for acceptance for such period as determined by the Board of Directors of the Company, which period shall not be more than 14 days from the date of the offer. Upon acceptance of the offer, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant.

An option may be exercised in whole or in part at any time during a period as may be specified by the Board of Directors of the Company, the expiry date of such period not to exceed 10 years from the date of grant of the option. Unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors of the Company, there is no general requirement on the minimum period for which an option must be held or any performance targets which must be achieved before an option can be exercised.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the Board of Directors of the Company, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on GEM as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of the offer of the share options, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares on GEM as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares on the date of the offer.

Share options do not confer rights on the holder to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

No option has been granted under the Share Option Scheme since its inception.

向本公司董事、最高行政人員或主要股東或 彼等之任何聯繫人授出購股權,須獲本公司 全體獨立非執行董事(不包括為購股權承配 人之任何獨立非執行董事)事先批准。此外, 倘擬向本公司主要股東或獨立非執行董事 或彼等之任何聯繫人授出之購股權將導致 於截至有關授出日期(包括該日)止十二個 月期間向有關人士已授出及將予授出的所 有購股權)獲行使後已發行及將予發行的股 份總數合共超出本公司於要約日期的已發 行股本總額的0.1%及總值(按本公司股份 於授出日期的價格計算)超過5,000,000港 元,則須獲股東於股東大會上批准。

授出購股權之要約須於本公司董事會決定 的有關時期內供接納,而此期間須為要約當 日起計不超過十四日。於接納要約後,承配 人須向本公司支付1.00港元作為授出的代 價。

購股權可於本公司董事會可能指定的期間 內任何時候悉數或作部分行使,有關期間的 屆滿日期不得超過購股權授出當日起計的 十年。除非本公司董事會另有其他決定,否 則不會對持有購股權的最少期間設下一般 規定,或須達成任何表現目標後方可行使購 股權。

購股權的行使價可經本公司董事會釐定,惟 不可低於下列中的最高者:(i)本公司股份於 提呈購股權日期(須為營業日)於聯交所日 報表所載在GEM的收市價;(ii)本公司股份 於緊接提呈日期前五個交易日於聯交所日 報表所載在GEM的平均收市價;及(iii)本公 司股份於提呈日期的面值。

購股權並無授予持有人收取股息或於股東 大會上投票的權利。

自購股權計劃成立以來,並無根據購股權計 劃授出任何購股權。

28. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At 31 December 2020, the Group had the following significant contingent liabilities:

The Group's external legal counsel advised that the Group's loan agreements which involve charging an interest rate at a rate more than 48%, but less than 60% per annum shall be presumed to be extortionate and such portion of extortionate interest is potentially unenforceable as determined by the court. Subject to the court's consideration of facts relevant to individual borrowers, this presumption may be rebutted if the court, having regard to all circumstances, is satisfied that such rate is not unreasonable or unfair. As at 31 December 2020, the Group's maximum exposure to such legal risk comprised its aggregate loans receivables of approximately HK\$0.12 million (2019: HK\$15.86 million).

29. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adopt various means such as payment of dividends, issuance of new shares, raising new debts or redemption of existing debts as may be appropriate in the circumstances.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by adjusted capital plus net debt. Net debt comprises borrowings and lease liabilities less bank and cash balances. Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity (i.e. share capital, retained profits and other reserves).

No change was made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

28. 或然負債

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團有以 下的重大或然負債:

本集團的外部法律顧問提出,本集團涉及收 取超過48%但低於60%的年利率的貸款協 議應推定為欺詐性,屬於欺詐性利率的部分 可能由法庭認定為不可強制執行。然而,倘 法庭在考慮與個別借款人相關的事實以及 所有情況之後信納上述利率並非不合理或 不公平,則此推定可予駁回。於二零二零年 十二月三十一日,本集團面臨有關法律風險 的最高金額為其應收貸款總額約120,000港 元(二零一九年:15,860,000港元)。

29. 資本風險管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標為保證本集團 繼續持續經營的能力及維持良好的資本比 率,以支持其業務及盡力提升股東價值。

本集團管理資本結構並根據經濟狀況之轉 變及相關資產之風險特性而作出調整。本集 團可以通過採納多種方式,例如股息派付、 發行新股、發行新債務或贖回現有債務(如 適用)以保持或調整資本結構。

本集團根據資產負債比率監察資本。此比 率乃按債務淨額除以經調整資本與債務淨 額的總和計算所得。債務淨額包括借貸及租 賃負債減銀行及現金結餘。經調整資本包括 所有權益部分(即股本、保留溢利及其他儲 備)。

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團管理資本的目標、 政策或程序並無變動。

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29. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

29. 資本風險管理(續)

The externally imposed capital requirement for the Group is that in order to maintain its listing on the Stock Exchange it has to have a public float of at least 25% of the shares.

The Group receives a report from the share registrars on a monthly basis on substantial share interests showing the non-public float and it demonstrates continuing compliance with the minimum 25% public float requirement throughout the year. As at 31 December 2020, 31.43% (2019: 31.43%) of the shares were in public hands.

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(A) CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

本集團受限於外來資本規定是為了維持其 於聯交所的上市地位,其必須至少25%的股 份由公眾持有。

本集團每月接獲股份過戶登記處發出列示 非公眾持股量的重大股份權益的報告,該報 告顯示本集團於整個年度內一直符合最低 25%的公眾持股量要求。於二零二零年十二 月三十一日,公眾持股量為股份的31.43% (二零一九年:31.43%)。

30. 金融工具

(A) 金融工具類別

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Financial assets: Financial assets at FVTPL Financial assets at amortised cost	金融資產: 以公平值計入損益的金融資產 按攤銷成本計值的金融資產	8,018,780 463,109,077	10,476,000 817,712,065
Financial liabilities: Financial liabilities at amortised cost	金融負債: 按攤銷成本計值的金融負債	16,391,933	2,824,882

(B) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(B) 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團經營活動面臨各種金融風險, 包括價格風險、信貸風險、流動資金 風險及利率風險。本集團整體的風險 管理是關注不可預測的金融市場和尋 求降低潛在的負面因素對本集團財務 表現所帶來的風險。

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(B) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具 (*續*)

(B) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

Price Risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk mainly through its investment in listed equity securities which are classified as financial assets at FVTPL. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk and return profiles. The Group's equity price risk is mainly concentrated on equity securities quoted on the Stock Exchange.

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 10% higher/lower (2019: 10% higher/ lower), loss after tax for the year would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$0.8 million (2019: decrease/increase by approximately HK\$1.05 million). This is mainly due to the changes in fair value of held-for-trading investments.

Credit Risk and Impairment Assessment

Credit risk refers to the risk that the Group's counterparties default on their contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Group. The Group's credit risk exposures are primarily attributable to loans receivables, deposits and other receivables and bank balances. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets, except that the credit risks associated with loans receivables is mitigated because some of them are secured over properties.

Loans receivables

The management estimates the estimated loss rates of loans receivables based on historical credit loss experience of the customers as well as the fair value of the collateral pledged by the customers to the loans receivables. Based on assessment by the management, the loss given default is from 25% to 100%.

價格風險

本集團承受的股本價格風險主要源於 投資分類為以公平值計入損益的金融 資產的上市股本證券。管理層透過持 有不同風險及回報組合的投資組合來 管理此項風險。本集團的股本價格風 險主要集中於聯交所上市的股本證券。

下述敏感度分析乃根據報告期末所承 受的股本價格風險釐定。

倘股本價格上升/下降10%(二零 一九年:上升/下降10%),年內除 税後虧損將減少/增加約800,000 港元(二零一九年:減少/增加約 1,050,000港元)。此乃主要由於持作 買賣投資之公平值變動。

信貸風險及減值評估

信貸風險指本集團對手方違反其合約 責任而導致本集團產生財務虧損的風 險。本集團的信貸風險主要來自應收 貸款、按金及其他應收款項以及銀行 結餘。本集團並無持有任何抵押品或 其他信貸增強措施以涵蓋與其金融資 產有關的信貸風險,惟與應收貸款有 關的信貸風險因某些應收貸款以物業 作抵押而減低。

應收貸款

管理層根據客戶的過往信貸虧損經驗 以及客戶就應收貸款抵押的抵押品的 公平值估計應收貸款的估計虧損率。 根據管理層的評估,違約損失率為 25%至100%。

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

(B) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Credit Risk and Impairment Assessment (Cont'd)

Loans receivables (Cont'd)

As part of the Group's credit risk management, the Group applies internal credit rating for its customers. The Group considers all loans receivables (except for unsecured loans with small loan amount) as doubtful if, on an individual assessment by way of discounted cash flow, the repayment of principal and/or interest has been overdue and may not be recoverable and the fair value of the collateral, in case of secured loans, may not be able to fully settle the amount of the outstanding principal and/or interest. Such loans receivables would be considered as loss immediately if the collection of the principal and/or interest in full is improbable. For unsecured loans with small loan amount, the Group considers the loans receivables as loss immediately if the repayment of principal and/or interest has been overdue and the collection of the principal and/or interest in full is improbable.

The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk for loans receivables using the Group's credit rating system:

(B)	金融風險管理目標及政策(續)
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信貸風險及減值評估(續)

應收貸款(續)

作為本集團信貸風險管理的一部分, 本集團對其客戶採用內部信貸評級。 倘根據以貼現現金流量方式進行的個 別評估,本金及/或利息還款已逾期 且可能無法收回,而抵押品(如為有 抵押貸款)的公平值可能無法悉數結 清未償還本金及/或利息,則本集團 款除外)屬呆賬。如不可能悉數收回 款除外)屬呆賬。如不可能悉數收回 款除外)屬眾賬。如不可能悉數收回 款除外)屬眾賬。如不可能悉數收回 款除如息,有關應收貸款 口能悉數收回本金及/或利息,則本 集團將應收貸款即時視為虧損。

下表利用本集團的信貸評級系統提供 有關應收貸款的信貸風險資料:

			2020 二零二零年)19 一九年
		Average			
		loss rate	HK\$	loss rate	HK\$
		平均虧損率	港元	平均虧損率	港元
Performing	履約	7%	131,594,782	20%	832,728,261
Doubtful	呆賬	58%	771,440,165	29%	180,280,145
Loss	虧損	100%	63,593,932	100%	1,894,286
			966,628,879		1,014,902,692

The expected loss rates are estimated based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure relevant information about specific customers is updated.

Due to greater financial uncertainty triggered by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has increased the expected loss rates in the current year as there is a higher risk that a prolonged pandemic may lead to increase in credit default rates.

預期虧損率乃根據債務人預期年期內 的歷史觀察違約率估計,並就毋須付 出過多成本或努力即可獲得的前瞻性 資料作出調整。管理層定期檢討分類, 以確保更新有關特定客戶的相關資料。

由於2019冠狀病毒病疫情引發的較大 財務不確定性,本集團已增加本年度 的預期虧損率,此乃由於疫情長時間 持續可能導致信貸違約率增加的風險 較高。

30. FIN	NANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)	30. 金融工具(續)			
(B)	FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)	(B)	金融風險管理目標及政策 <i>(續)</i>		
	Credit Risk and Impairment Assessment (Cont'd)		信貸風險及減值評估 <i>(續)</i>		
	Loans receivables (Cont'd)		應收貸款(續)		
	(a) The following table shows the movement in gross loans		(a) 下表列示應收貸款總額的變動:		

(a) The following table shows the movement in gross loans receivables:

		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$ 港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HKS 港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HKS 港元	Total 總額 HK\$ 港元
Gross loans receivables At 1 January 2019 New loans/financing originated Loans/financing derecognised or repaid during the year	應收貸款總額 於二零一九年一月一日 已發起的新貸款/融資 年內取消確認或已償還的 貸款/融資(撇銷除外)	834,217,401 426,098,727	81,852,932 _	30,575,367 _	946,645,700 426,098,727
(other than write-offs)		(320,119,856)	(79,949,313)	(3,526,251)	(403,595,420)
Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1) Transfer to lifetime ECL not	轉撥至十二個月預期信貸虧損 (第一階段) 轉撥至非信貸減值的全期	-	-	-	_
credit impaired (Stage 2)	預期信貸虧損(第二階段)	(567,501,443)	567,501,443	-	-
Transfer to lifetime ECL credit impaired (Stage 3)	轉撥至信貸減值的全期 預期信貸虧損(第三階段)	(153,336,939)	(151,271)	153,488,210	-
Total transfer between stages Write-offs	各層級之間的轉撥總額 撇銷	(720,838,382)	567,350,172	153,488,210 (2,910,253)	- (2,910,253)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 New loans/financing originated Loans/financing derecognised or repaid during the year	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及 二零二零年一月一日 已發起的新貸款/融資 年內取消確認或已償還的 貸款/融資(撇銷除外)	219,357,890 121,124,723	569,253,791 -	177,627,073 _	966,238,754 121,124,723
(other than write-offs)		(98,108,421)	(18,582,082)	(2,242,668)	(118,933,171)
Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1) Transfer to lifetime ECL not	轉撥至十二個月預期信貸虧損 (第一階段) 轉撥至非信貸減值的全期	-	-	-	-
credit impaired (Stage 2) Transfer to lifetime ECL	特级王升信員,减值的王州 預期信貸虧損(第二階段) 轉撥至信貸減值的全期	(11,818,193)	11,818,193	-	-
credit impaired (Stage 3)	預期信貸虧損(第三階段)	(112,810,733)	(550,671,709)	663,482,442	-
Total transfer between stages Write-offs	各層級之間的轉撥總額 撇銷	(124,628,926) –	(538,853,516) –	663,482,442 (43,933,181)	- (43,933,181)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	117,745,266	11,818,193	794,933,666	924,497,125

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30. FII	NAN	CIAL INSTRUMENT	S (Cont'd)	30. :	金融工具(〔續〕	
(B)	FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIE (Cont'd)			CIES ([B) 金融風險	會理目標及正	汝策 <i>(續)</i>
	Crea	dit Risk and Impairment Ass		信貸風險	及減值評估	(續)	
	Loans receivables (Cont'd)				應收貸款	<i>卞(續)</i>	
	(b)	An analysis of changes in the is as follows:	e corresponding ECL allowa	nces		應預期信貸虧損 斤如下:	撥備的變動
				Stage 1 第一階段 HKS 港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HKS 港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HKS 港元	Total 總額 HKS 港元
		ECL allowance At 1 January 2019 New loans/financing originated Loans/financing derecognised or repaid during the year (other than write-offs)	預期信貸虧損撥備 於二零一九年一月一日 已發起的新貸款/融資 年內取消確認或已償還的 貸款/融資(撤銷除外)	7,695,794 3,935,034 (3,363,651)	6,686,591 - (6,343,077)	4,682,860 - (201,237)	19,065,245 3,935,034 (9,907,965)
		Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1) Transfer to lifetime ECL not	轉撥至十二個月預期信貸虧損 (第一階段) 轉撥至非信貸減值的全期	-	_	-	-
		credit impaired (Stage 2) Transfer to lifetime ECL credit impaired (Stage 3)	預期信貸虧損(第二階段) 轉撥至信貸減值的全期 預期信貸虧損(第三階段)	(4,775,335) (1,017,876)	4,775,335 (171,370)	- 1,189,246	-
		Total transfer between stages Movements due to changes in credit risk Write-offs	各層級之間的轉撥總額 信貸風險變動導致的變動 撤銷	(5,793,211) 8,576,186 –	4,603,965 147,160,837 –	1,189,246 49,129,532 (1,112,166)	- 204,866,555 (1,112,166)
		At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 New loans/financing originated Loans/financing derecognised or repaid during the year (other than write-offs)	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及 二零二零年一月一日 已發起的新貸款/融資 年內取消確認或已償還的 貸款/融資(撇銷除外)	11,050,152 10,337,109 (872,133)	152,108,316 - (4,647,306)	53,688,235 - (178,541)	216,846,703 10,337,109 (5,697,980)
		Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1)	轉撥至十二個月預期信貸虧損 (第一階段)	(,,	(40.4004)	(110)211)	(0,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,
		Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit impaired (Stage 2) Transfer to lifetime ECL credit impaired (Stage 2)	轉撥至非信貸減值的全期 預期信貸虧損(第二階段) 轉撥至信貸減值的全期	(89)	- 89	-	-
		credit impaired (Stage 3) Total transfer between stages Movements due to changes in credit risk	預期信貸虧損(第三階段) 各層級之間的轉撥總額 信貸風險變動導致的變動	(9,060,682) (9,060,771)	(147,461,010) (147,460,921)	156,521,692 156,521,692	-
		Write-offs	撤銷	(2,442,786) –	1,147	312,230,906 (11,900,197)	309,789,267 (11,900,197)
		At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	9,011,571	1,236	510,362,095	519,374,902

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

- 30. 金融工具 (*續*)
- (B) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Credit Risk and Impairment Assessment (Cont'd)

Concentration of credit risk

As at 31 December 2020, the Group has certain concentrations of credit risk as approximately 7% (2019: approximately 7%) of the Group's loans receivables were due from the Group's largest customer, and approximately 19% (2019: approximately 19%) were due from the five largest customers determined on the same basis.

Secured loans made up to approximately 21% (2019: approximately 22%) of the total loans receivables as at 31 December 2020. Such collaterals comprise residential and commercial properties and listed/unlisted equity securities pledged against the balances. As at 31 December 2020, the fair value of collaterals for the first mortgage loans which are mainly residential flats based on its prevailing market prices amounted to approximately HK\$32.85 million (2019: approximately HK\$42.65 million). The fair value of properties collateralised for the second mortgage loans before discounting credit protections available to the first mortgagees amounted to approximately HK\$13.70 million (2019: approximately HK\$14.50 million). The fair value/net asset value of other collaterals which mainly include listed/unlisted equity securities amounted to approximately HK\$465.86 million (2019: approximately HK\$519.02 million).

Other receivables and deposits

For other receivables and deposits, the management makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables and deposits based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. The management believes that there is no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12-month ECL. For the year ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group assessed the ECL for other receivables and deposits to be insignificant and thus no loss allowance is recognised. (B) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

信貸風險集中

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集 團約7%(二零一九年:約7%)的應 收貸款來自本集團最大客戶,按相同 基準釐定,約19%(二零一九年:約 19%)的應收貸款來自五大客戶,故 本集團存有一定程度的信貸集中風險。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,有抵 押貸款佔應收貸款總額最多約21% (二零一九年:約22%)。該等抵押品 包括就貸款結餘抵押的住宅及商用 物業以及上市/非上市股本證券。 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,首 次按揭貸款的抵押品(主要為住宅 單位)按現行市價計算的公平值約 為32,850,000港元(二零一九年:約 42,650,000港元)。未折現適用於第一 承按人的信用保障前第二次按揭貸款 的物業抵押品公平值約為13,700,000 港元(二零一九年:約14,500,000港 元)。其他抵押品(主要包括上市/非 上市股本證券)的公平值/資產淨值 約為465,860,000港元(二零一九年: 約519,020,000港元)。

其他應收款項及按金

就其他應收款項及按金而言,管理層 根據過往結算記錄、過往經驗以及屬 合理及有理據支持的前瞻性資料的定 量及定性資料,對其他應收款項及按 金的可收回性進行定期個別評估。管 理層認為,該等款項的信貸風險自初 始確認以來並無顯著增加,且本集團 根據十二個月預期信貸虧損計提減值。 截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團評估其他應 收款項及按金的預期信貸虧損並不重 大,因此並無確認虧損撥備。

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(B) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Credit Risk and Impairment Assessment (Cont'd)

Bank balances

The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from bank balances is limited because the counterparties are reputable banks and financial institutions with high credit-rating assigned by international credit-rating agencies, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its payment obligations when they are due. The Group manages its liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding from shareholders of the Company. The directors are responsible to ensure the Group maintains sufficient capital funding and credit lines to meet liquidity requirements. This is achieved by projecting cash flows on a regular basis. The accounts department of the Group monitors and reports the funding needs to management.

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

30. 金融工具(續)

(B) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

銀行結餘

本集團因銀行結餘而產生的信貸風險 有限,原因是對手方為獲國際信貸評 級機構給予高信貸評級且信譽良好的 銀行及金融機構,本集團認為彼等之 信貸風險很低。

流動資金風險

流動資金風險是本集團未能履行其到 期付款責任的風險。本集團藉維持充 足現金,加上可從本公司股東獲得的 資金,管理流動資金風險。董事負責 確保本集團維持充足的資本融資及信 貸額度以應付流動資金需要。此舉乃 藉定期預測現金流量而達致。本集團 的會計部監察資金需要以向管理層匯 報。

下表列示本集團非衍生金融負債於報 告期末的餘下合約到期情況,此乃根 據合約未貼現現金流量(包括使用合 約利率或(如屬浮動利率)根據報告 期末的現行利率計算的利息付款)及 本集團須付款的最早日期而得出:

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

- (B) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES
 (B) (Cont'd)
-) 金融風險管理目標及政策(*續)*

流動資金風險(續)

Liquidity Risk (Cont'd)

		Weighted Average Interest rate 加權平均利率	On demand or less than 1 year 按要求或 少於一年 HKS 港元	More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years 多於一年 但不超過兩年 HKS 港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未折現現金 流量總額 HKS 港元	Carrying amount 賬面值 HKS 港元
At 31 December 2020 Consideration payable Bond payable Lease liabilities Accruals and other payables	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 應付代價 應付債券 租賃負債 應計費用及其他應付款項	9% 8% 5.46% –	1,100,000 10,800,000 2,091,600 1,185,191	- - 2,290,097 -	1,100,000 10,800,000 4,381,697 1,185,191	1,059,958 10,000,000 4,050,764 1,185,191
Total	總額		15,176,791	2,290,097	17,466,888	16,295,913
At 31 December 2019 Lease liabilities Accruals and other payables Total	於二零一九年十二月三十一日 租賃負債 應計費用及其他應付款項 總額	5%	1,426,581 1,407,884 2,834,465	-	1,426,581 1,407,884 2,834,465	1,416,997 1,407,884 2,824,881

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from lease liabilities, interest-bearing loans receivables, bank balances-trust and segregated accounts and bank and cash balances. Loans receivables and bank and cash balances at variable rates and at fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively. The Group does not use financial derivatives to hedge against the interest rate risk. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out below.

利率風險

利率風險指金融工具的公平值或未來 現金流量因市場利率變動而波動的風 險。本集團的利率風險主要來自租賃 負債、應收計息貸款、銀行結餘一信 託及獨立賬戶以及銀行及現金結餘。 按浮動利率及固定利率計息之應收貸 款以及銀行及現金結餘分別令本集團 面臨現金流量利率風險及公平值利率 風險。本集團並無使用金融衍生工具 對沖利率風險。本集團由管理層監察 之利率概況載列如下。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具 (*續*)

(B)	FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)	(B)	金融風險管理目標及政策 <i>(續)</i>
	Interest Rate Risk (Cont'd)		利率風險(續)
	Interest rate profile		利率概況
	The following table is an establish the management of the Crows		工主教司方太年團祭理屋口おかお生

The following table, as reported to the management of the Group, details the interest rate risk profile of the Group's borrowings at the end of the reporting period:

下表載列向本集團管理層呈報的報告 期末本集團借款的利率風險狀況詳情:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Fixed rate deposits/ (borrowings):	固定利率存款/ (借款):		
Loans receivables	應收貸款	964,747,738	1,013,003,053
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	(4,050,764)	(1,416,997)
Consideration payable	應付代價	(1,059,958)	-
Bond payable	應付債券	(10,000,000)	_
		949,637,016	1,011,586,056
Variable rate deposits/	浮動利率存款/		
(borrowings):	(借款):		
Loans receivables	應收貸款	1,881,141	1,899,639
Bank balances	銀行結餘	14,055,084	16,800,951
		15,936,225	18,700,590

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

利率風險(續)

敏感度分析

(B)

(B) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Interest Rate Risk (Cont'd)

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below is presented for the Group's bank deposits and loans receivables at floating interest rates.

本集團於浮動利率下的銀行存款以及 應收貸款的敏感度分析呈列如下。

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

		Change in basis points 基點變動		Effect on profit after tax 對除税後溢利的影響		Effect on equity 對權益的影響	
		2020 2019 二零二零年 二零一九年		2020 二零二零年 HK \$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK \$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Bank deposits Interest-bearing loans receivables	銀行存款 應收計息貸款	+/-50 +/-50	+/-50 +/-50	+/-70,275 +/-7,854	+/-84,005 +/-7,929	+/-70,275 +/-7,854	+/-84,005 +/-7,929

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) and other components of consolidated equity that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period. In respect of the exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arising from floating rate non-derivative instruments held by the Group at the end of the reporting period, the impact on the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) and other components of consolidated equity is estimated as an annualised impact on interest expenses or income of such a change in interest rates. The analysis was performed on the same basis as 2019. 上述敏感度分析顯示,假設利率變動 已於報告期末發生,並已應用於重新 計量本集團所持有的於報告期末使本 集團面臨公平值利率風險的金融工具, 則本集團的除税後溢利(及保留溢利) 及綜合權益的其他組成部分將會產生 的即時變動。就本集團於報告期末持 有的浮動利率非衍生工具所產生的現 金流利(及保留溢利)及綜合權益其他 組成部分的影響按有關利率變動對利 息開支或收入的年度影響進行估計。 分析按與二零一九年相同的基準進行。

31. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING 31. 融資活動所產生負債之對賬 FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

下表載列本集團融資活動所產生負債之變 動詳情,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動 所產生的負債為現金流量已經或其未來現 金流量將會於本集團綜合現金流量表分類 為融資活動的現金流量的負債。

		Consideration payable 應付代價 HK S 港元	Bond payable (note 23) 應付債券 (附註23) HK\$ 港元	Lease liabilities (note 22) 租賃負債 (附註22) HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HKS 港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	_	_	6,470,205	6,470,205
Payment of lease liabilities	租賃負債付款	_	_	(5,053,208)	(5,053,208)
Interest paid	已付利息	_	_	(187,051)	(187,051)
Interest expenses	利息開支	-	-	187,051	187,051
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及 二零二零年一月一日		_	1,416,997	1,416,997
Proceeds from financing activities		1,864,683	10,000,000	7,973,657	19,838,340
Early termination of lease agreement	提前終止租賃協議	-	-	(101,578)	(101,578)
Payment of lease liabilities	租賃負債付款	_	_	(5,238,312)	(5,238,312)
Payment of consideration payable	應付代價付款	(900,000)	_	-	(900,000)
Interest paid	已付利息	_	_	(96,800)	(96,800)
Interest expenses	利息開支	95,275	81,096	96,800	273,171
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	1,059,958	10,081,096	4,050,764	15,191,818
Analysed by:	呈列為:				
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日				
– Bond payable	一應付債券	_	10,000,000	_	10,000,000
– Interest payable recognised	一於應計費用及其他應付				
in accruals and other payables	款項確認的應付利息	-	81,096	-	81,096
– Lease liabilities	一租賃負債	-	-	4,050,764	4,050,764
– Consideration payable	一應付代價	1,059,958	-	-	1,059,958
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日				
– Lease liabilities	□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□			1,416,997	1,416,997

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

32. 關連方交易

COMPENSATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL OF THE GROUP

本集團主要管理人員的酬金

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

年內,董事及其他主要管理人員的薪酬如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Short term employee benefits including salaries, bonuses, paid annual leaves and sick leaves	短期僱員福利 (包括薪金、花紅、 有薪年假及病假) 僱員退休福利	2,682,319	4,115,167
Post-employment benefits	准只这小佃小]	88,138 2,770,457	4,339,200

33. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 33. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情 OF THE COMPANY

Details of the principal subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一 日,本公司直接及間接持有之主要附屬公司 詳情載列如下:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation 註冊成立/	Issued and paid up/ registered capital 已發行及繳足/		of ownership o the Company	Principal activities	
附屬公司名稱	註冊及經營地點	註冊資本	本公司應佔 Direct 直接	瘫有權百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務	
First Holdings Consortium Limited First Holdings Consortium Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	HK\$150,000,000 150,000,000港元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股	
First Credit (China) Limited 第一信用財務 (中國) 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK \$1 1港元	100	-	Inactive 暫無營業	
Asia Wealth Financial Holdings Limited Asia Wealth Financial Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$90 90美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股	
Capital First Holdings Limited 資本第一控股有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股	
Gorgeous Investment Holding Limited Gorgeous Investment Holding Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$100 100美元	100	-	Inactive 暫無營業	
First Credit Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$153,550,000	-	100	Provision and arrangement of credit facilities	
第一信用財務有限公司	香港	153,550,000港元			提供及安排信貸融資	
Honour Event Limited Honour Event Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	Inactive 暫無營業	
Asia Wealth Securities Limited 亞洲創富證券有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$90,000,000 90,000,000港元	-	100	Securities trading 證券買賣	
First Credit (HK) Limited 第一信用財務 (香港) 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK \$10,000 10,000港元	-	100	Inactive 暫無營業	
First Credit Holdings Limited 第一信用控股有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK \$ 1 1港元	-	100	Property holding 持有物業	

Note: All the above subsidiaries are limited liability companies.

附註:上述所有附屬公司皆為有限責任公司。

34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

(A) STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

(A) 本公司的財務狀況表

動

34. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
		111 #1	72.70	/8/6
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的投資		72,731,282	222,731,282
6	法私次主			
Current assets	流動資產 預付款項、按金及			
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	其他應收款項		1,139,213	488,761
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項		387,584,221	485,685,939
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘		1,044,853	620,199
			1,011,000	020,199
Total current assets	流動資產總值		389,768,287	486,794,899
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項		108,102	39,710
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項		788	20,241
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		108,890	59,951
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		389,659,397	486,734,948
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		462,390,679	709,466,230
	只 哇/† 但		402,330,079	709,400,230
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	25	72,576,000	72,576,000
Reserves	儲備	34(B)	389,814,679	636,890,230
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		462,390,679	709,466,230

Approved by the Board of Directors on 23 March 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

於二零二一年三月二十三日經董事會 批准,並由下列董事代表簽署:

Wong Kai Lun 黃啟倫 Director 董事 Lai Szu Yu 賴思妤 Director 董事

34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (Cont'd)

(B) MOVEMENT IN THE COMPANY'S RESERVES

		Share premium 股份溢價 HKS 港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HKS 港元	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 HKS 港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HKS 港元
At 1 January 2019 Loss for the year	於二零一九年一月一日 年內虧損	356,661,862 -	138,279,615 _	213,460,470	(48,621,209) (22,890,508)	659,780,738 (22,890,508)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 Loss for the year	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及 二零二零年一月一日 年內虧損	356,661,862 –	138,279,615 -	213,460,470 -	(71,511,717) (247,075,551)	636,890,230 (247,075,551)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	356,661,862	138,279,615	213,460,470	(318,587,268)	389,814,679

(B) 本公司儲備變動

34.本公司財務狀況表及儲備變 動(續)

Financial Summary 財務摘要

FINANCIAL RESULTS

A summary of the financial results and the assets, liabilities and equity of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the Group's audited financial statements and restated as appropriate, is set out below. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

摘自本集團經審核財務報表關於過去五個財政年 度本集團的財務業績以及資產、負債及權益並作 適當重列的摘要如下。本摘要並不構成經審核財 務報表的一部分。

財務業績

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$	2019 二零一九年 HK \$	2018 二零一八年 HK\$	2017 二零一七年 HK\$	2016 二零一六年 HK \$
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
Revenue, other income and other gains and losses	收益、其他收入以 及其他收益及虧損	36,865,540	84,971,551	100,123,307	133,660,098	81,191,777
(Loss)/profit before tax Income tax (expense)/credit	除税前(虧損)/溢利 所得税(開支)/抵免	(358,389,707) (9,221,821)	(157,326,068) 24,432,997	31,599,901 (5,674,308)	64,176,447 (11,270,017)	40,774,144 (7,127,652)
(Loss)/profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利	(367,611,528)	(132,893,071)	25,925,593	52,906,430	33,646,492
(Loss)/profit and total comprehensive (loss)/ income attributable to:	以下人士應佔 (虧損)/溢利及 全面(虧損)/收入 總額:					
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益	(367,611,528) –	(132,893,071) _	25,925,593 _	53,177,690 (271,260)	33,646,492 _

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

資產、負債及權益

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元	2018 二零一八年 HK \$ 港元	2017 二零一七年 HK \$ 港元	2016 二零一六年 HK \$ 港元
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總額 負債總額	508,516,669 (16,573,318)	868,446,554 (8,891,675)	995,618,539 (3,170,589)	1,140,494,151 (174,601,381)	1,023,527,303 (98,115,879)
		491,943,351	859,554,879	992,447,950	965,892,770	925,411,424
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人 應佔權益	491,943,351	859,554,879	992,447,950	965,892,770	925,411,424

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