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(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 8215)

ANNUAL RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The board ("Board") of directors ("Directors") of First Credit Finance Group Limited ("Company") announce the audited results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2021. This announcement, containing the full text of the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 ("2021 Annual Report"), complies with the relevant requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("GEM Listing Rules") in relation to information to accompany preliminary announcement of annual results. Printed version of the Company's 2021 Annual Report will be delivered to the shareholders of the Company in due course.

For and on behalf of the Board

First Credit Finance Group Limited

Ho Yuen May May

Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 23 March 2022

As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises Ms. Ho Yuen May May (chief executive officer), Ms. Lai Szu Yu and Mr. Lui Cheuk Fung and Ms. Xie Si, as executive Directors; and Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo, Dr. Fung Kam Man, Mr. Li Long, Mr. Wang Zhiwei and Mr. Wong Kin Ning as independent non-executive Directors.

This announcement, for which the Directors collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this announcement is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this announcement misleading.

This announcement will remain on the GEM website at www.hkgem.com on the 'Latest Listed Company Information' page for at least 7 days from the date of its posting. This announcement will also be published and remains on the Company's website at www.fcfg.com.hk.

CHARACTERISTICS OF GEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED ("STOCK EXCHANGE")

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate small and mid-sized companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration.

Given that the companies listed on GEM are generally small and mid-sized companies, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and The Stock Exchange take no responsibility for the contents of this annual report, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this annual report.

This annual report, for which the directors ("Directors") of First Credit Finance Group Limited ("Company") together with its subsidiaries ("Group") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange ("GEM Listing Rules") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this annual report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this annual report misleading.

香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) GEM的特色

GEM的定位[,]乃為中小型公司提供一個上市的市場[,]此等公司相比起其他在聯交所主板上市的公司帶有較高投資風險。有意投資的人士應了解投資於該等公司的潛在風險[,]並應經過審慎周詳的考慮後方作出投資決定。

由於GEM上市公司普遍為中小型公司,在GEM買賣的證券可能會較在主板買賣之證券承受較大的市場波動風險,同時無法保證在GEM買賣的證券會有高流通量的市場。

香港交易及結算所有限公司及聯交所對本年報的內容概不負責,對其準確性或完整性亦不發表任何聲明,並明確表示概不就因本年報全部或任何部分內容而產生或因倚賴該等內容而引致之任何損失承擔任何責任。

本年報的資料乃遵照聯交所GEM證券上市規則(「GEM上市規則」)而刊載,旨在提供有關第一信用金融集團有限公司(「本公司」),連同其附屬公司(「本集團」)的資料:本公司的董事(「董事」)願就本報告的資料共同及個別地承擔全部責任。各董事在作出一切合理查詢後,確認就其所知及所信,本年報所載資料在各重要方面均屬準確完整,沒有誤導或欺騙成分,且並無遺漏任何其他事項,足以令致本年報或其所載任何陳述產生誤導。

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Corporate Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Ho Yuen May May (Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. Lai Szu Yu

Mr. Lui Cheuk Fung (appointed on 15 April 2021)

Ms. Xie Si

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo

Dr. Fung Kam Man

Mr. Li Long

Mr. Wang Zhiwei

Mr. Wong Kin Ning (appointed on 15 April 2021)

Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain (resigned on 15 April 2021)

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. Cheang Yee Wah Eva

Ms. Ho Yuen May May (appointed on 15 April 2021)

Mr. Wong Kai Lun (resigned on 15 April 2021)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo (Chairman)

Dr. Fung Kam Man

Mr. Wang Zhiwei

Mr. Wong Kin Ning (appointed to be a member on 15 April 2021)

Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain (ceased to be a member on 15 April 2021)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Kin Ning (Chairman) (appointed to be a chairman on 15 April 2021)

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo

Dr. Fung Kam Man

Mr. Wang Zhiwei

Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain (ceased to be a chairman on 15 April 2021)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Fung Kam Man (Chairman)

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo

Mr. Wang Zhiwei

Mr. Wong Kin Ning (appointed to be a member on 15 April 2021)

Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain (ceased to be a member on 15 April 2021)

董事會

執行董事

何婉薇女士(行政總裁)

賴思妤女士

呂卓鋒先生(於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任)

謝絲女士

獨立非執行董事

蔡思聰先生

馮錦文博士

李龍先生

王志維先生

黄健寧先生(於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任)

陳通德先生(於二零二一年四月十五日辭任)

授權代表

蔣綺華女士

何婉薇女士(於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任)

黄啟倫先生(於二零二一年四月十五日辭任)

審核委員會

蔡思聰先生(主席)

馮錦文博士

王志維先生

黃健寧先生(於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任為委員)

陳通德先生(於二零二一年四月十五日退任委員)

提名委員會

黃健寧先生(主席)(於二零二一年四月十五日 獲委任為主席)

蔡思聰先生

馮錦文博士

王志維先生

陳通德先生(於二零二一年四月十五日退任主席)

薪酬委員會

馮錦文博士(主席)

蔡思聰先生

王志維先生

黃健寧先生(於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任為委員) 陳通德先生(於二零二一年四月十五日退任委員)

Corporate Information 公司資料 (continued 續)

COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

Dr. Fung Kam Man (Chairman)

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo

Ms. Lai Szu Yu

Mr. Wang Zhiwei

Mr. Wong Kin Ning (appointed to be a member on 15 April 2021)

Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain (ceased to be a member on 15 April 2021)

CREDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Lui Cheuk Fung (appointed to be a chairman and

member on 15 April 2021)

Ms. Ho Yuen May May

Ms. Lai Szu Yu

Ms. Xie Si

Mr. Wong Kai Lun (ceased to be a member on 15 April 2021)

CREDIT REVIEW COMMITTEE

Dr. Fung Kam Man (Chairman)

Mr. Wang Zhiwei

Mr. Wong Kin Ning (appointed to be a member on 15 April 2021)

Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain (ceased to be a member on 15 April 2021)

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Ms. Lai Szu Yu

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Cheang Yee Wah Eva

AUDITORS

Elite Partners CPA Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

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2 Church Street,

Hamilton HM 11,

Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

1/F., O.T.B. Building,

Nos.259-265 Des Voeux Road Central,

Sheung Wan, Hong Kong

合規委員會

馮錦文博士(主席)

蔡思聰先生

賴思妤女士

王志維先生

黃健寧先生(於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任為委員)

陳通德先生(於二零二一年四月十五日退任委員)

信貸委員會

呂卓鋒先生(於二零二一年四月十五日

獲委任為主席及委員)

何婉薇女士

賴思妤女士

謝絲女士

黄啟倫先生(於二零二一年四月十五日退任委員)

信貸覆核委員會

馮錦文博士(主席)

王志維先生

黄健寧先生(於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任為委員)

陳通德先生(於二零二一年四月十五日退任委員)

監察主任

賴思妤女士

公司秘書

蔣綺華女士

核數師

開元信德會計師事務所有限公司

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House,

2 Church Street,

Hamilton HM 11,

Bermuda

香港主要營業地點

香港上環

德輔道中259-265號

海外銀行大廈1樓

Corporate Information 公司資料 (continued 續)

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

STOCK CODE

8215

WEBSITE OF THE COMPANY

www.fcfg.com.hk

股份過戶登記總處

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司中國銀行(香港)有限公司

股份代號

8215

本公司網站

www.fcfg.com.hk

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**") continued to focus on conducting money lending business by providing both secured and unsecured loans to customers, including individuals, corporations and foreign domestic workers. The Group's average loan balance decreased from approximately HK\$941.11 million as at 31 December 2020 to approximately HK\$834.50 million as at 31 December 2021.

Since the outbreak of the coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19") in early 2020, it has evolved into the ferocious fifth wave of COVID-19 pandemic, significantly impacting the economy of Hong Kong, the Group's money lending business is inevitably affected, in terms of customer repayment and the decrease of customer visits due to more stringent social distancing measures. Notwithstanding the challenging operational environment, our Group try our best effort to maintain our services to our customers.

For the money lending business, to protect the health of the valued customers and employees of the Group, the Group has taken extra care to raise the hygiene standard of our premises and provide a safe environment to our customers and staff. Most of the loan applications have been processed online during the year under review. The prevailing adverse financial and economic condition caused by the COVID-19 pandemic has posed negative impacts on the financial position and repayment ability of the Group's customers and the resulting uncertainties may continue to bring adverse impact to the business performance of the Group in the short term. The Group expects that such challenging and unpredictable environment may affect the loan demand and market risks of the Group. Therefore, the Group will continue to evaluate its risk management measures and ensure a proper balance between return and risk in the long run. To maintain its loan portfolio, the Group will continue to adopt prudent and cautious approaches, in particular, during the loan assessment and approval process. The Group will also keep on closely monitoring the repayment performance of its loan portfolio and evaluating the repayment ability of the customers.

The Group had also conducted assessment on liquidity positions and working capital sufficiency of the Group to evaluate the influence of the COVID-19 pandemic on the business of the Group. After considering the nature of the money lending business which has no minimum capital requirement, the size of the Company and the Group's bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$23.43 million as at 31 December 2021, it was considered that the Company would have sufficient funds to maintain its operations under the prevailing economic environment.

業務回顧及展望

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司及其附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」)繼續專注於經營放債業務,向客戶(包括個人、公司及外籍家庭傭工)提供有抵押及無抵押貸款。本集團的平均貸款結餘由二零二零年十二月三十一日約941,110,000港元減少至二零二一年十二月三十一日約834,500,000港元。

2019冠狀病毒病(「**2019冠狀病毒病**」)於二零二零年初爆發,進化為第五波2019冠狀病毒病疫情,對香港經濟造成嚴重影響,本集團的放債業務無可避免地受到衝擊,包括客戶還款以及因實施更嚴格的社交距離措施而令客戶到訪次數減少。儘管經營環境充滿挑戰,本集團仍竭盡全力維持提供服務予客戶。

本集團亦已對流動資金狀況及營運資金的充足性進行評估,藉以評估2019冠狀病毒病疫情對其業務的影響。經考慮放債業務的性質(無最低資本要求)、本公司的規模以及本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的銀行及現金結餘約23,430,000港元,本公司認為有充足資金於當前經濟環境下維持營運。

At the same time, the Group has endeavoured to control its expenses by taking various measures in budget control and monitoring in view of the negative impacts caused by the COVID-19. The Group will continue to pay close attention to the development of the COVID-19 pandemic and adopt appropriate measures to minimise its impact on the financial position and business operations of the Group.

與此同時,為應對2019冠狀病毒病造成的負面影響,本集團已透過採取各種預算控制及監控措施努力控制其開支。本集團將繼續密切關注2019冠狀病毒病疫情的發展,並採取適當措施以減少其對本集團財務狀況及業務營運的影響。

The Group has continued to engage in proprietary investment in listed securities. The Company will explore further potential investment opportunities, including but not limited to investments in bonds, debt instruments, listed equity securities or project-based investments, subject to the prevailing market condition and taking into account the interest of the Company and its shareholders as a whole. In pursuing the investment opportunities, the Group will take into account the potential returns and seek to minimise the possible market risks and liquidity risks.

本集團繼續從事自營上市證券投資。根據現行市 況以及考慮到本公司及其股東的整體利益,本公司將探索更多潛在投資機遇,包括但不限於投資 債券、債務工具、上市股本證券或以項目為基礎的 投資。尋求投資商機時,本集團將考慮潛在回報, 亦會盡力減少潛在市場風險及流動性風險。

BUSINESS OUTLOOK

Looking forward, with the ultimate aim to maximise value for shareholders and enhance its position in the competitive industry, the Group will continue to strive for maintaining revenue and credit quality on the basis of its experience in money lending business. Meanwhile, the Group will closely monitor its capital base from time to time to ensure sufficient funding is maintained through various means for capturing different potential opportunities.

We expect the business environment in Hong Kong to remain challenging in the second half of year 2022, we shall closely monitor the operation and the risk level of the Group, in order to stay competitive in the market.

業務展望

展望將來,為最終實現股東價值最大化及提升其在此競爭激烈行業的地位,本集團將憑藉其於放債業務的經驗,繼續致力維持收益及信貸質素。與此同時,本集團將不時緊密監察其資本基礎,通過各種方式確保維持充裕的資金,以把握不同潛在機遇。

我們預期二零二二年下半年香港的經營環境仍然 充滿挑戰,我們將密切監察本集團的營運及風險水 平,從而保持市場競爭力。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

REVENUE

The Group's revenue for the year under review was derived from interest received from the provision of various types of loan products to its customers.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the revenue generated was approximately HK\$60.24 million, representing an increase of approximately 58.46% from the revenue of approximately HK\$38.02 million recorded for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The increase in revenue was mainly attributable to the increase in accrued interest from credit-impaired loans receivables during the year under review. The Company will continue to monitor the credit risk of the loans receivables from time to time and modify its credit assessments and control measures when necessary.

For the year under review, the revenue of past due less than 3 months and over 3 months but not impaired loans was approximately HK\$4.42 million and HK\$2.56 million respectively.

財務回顧

收益

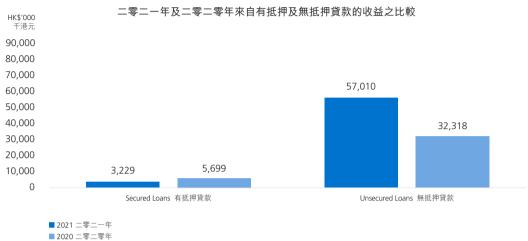
本集團於回顧年度內的收益來自向其客戶提供各 類貸款產品而收取的利息。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度·所帶來的收益約為60,240,000港元·較截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度錄得收益約38,020,000港元增加約58.46%。

收益增加主要是由於回顧年度出現信貸減值的應 收貸款的應計利息增加所致。本公司將繼續不時監 察應收貸款的信貸風險,如有需要會修改信貸評核 及監控措施。

於回顧年度,逾期少於三個月及超過三個月但未減值貸款的收益分別約為4,420,000港元及2,560,000港元。

Comparison of Revenue from Secured and Unsecured Loans in 2021 and 2020



Revenue breakdown 收益明細

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Harry and Iron	位托祖代 勒		
Unsecured loans	無抵押貸款		
Personal loans	個人貸款	49,116	26,532
Corporate loans	企業貸款	6,523	2,581
Foreign domestic workers loans	外籍家庭傭工貸款	1,371	3,205
Sub-total	小計	57,010	32,318
Secured loans	有抵押貸款		
First property mortgage loans	首次物業按揭貸款	765	1,532
Subordinated property mortgage loans	非首次物業按揭貸款	287	332
Other secured loans	其他有抵押貸款	2,177	3,835
Sub-total	小計	3,229	5,699
Total	總計	60,239	38,017

NET INTEREST MARGIN

The Group recorded a net interest margin of approximately 10.97% for the year ended 31 December 2021 in respect of its money lending business.

The above net interest margin represented the ratio of net interest income to the average balance of gross loans receivables as at the end of the year under review after deducting certain amount of past due loans receivables which were matured or impaired during the year under review. The net interest margin calculated on the same basis for the corresponding period last year was approximately 8.96%.

In respect of unsecured loans, the net interest margin increased from approximately 9.10% for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately 11.61% for the year ended 31 December 2021. Meanwhile, net interest margin in respect of secured loans increased from approximately 8.45% for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately 8.59% for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The net interest margin was maintained at a low level which reflects the Group's pricing strategy under the low interest rate environment in the competitive money lending industry.

淨息差

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 就放債業務錄得淨息差約10.97%。

上述淨息差指於回顧年度末淨利息收入對應收貸款總額平均結餘(經扣除於回顧年度已到期或已減值的若干逾期應收貸款金額)的比率。去年同期以相同基準計算的淨息差為約8.96%。

無抵押貸款的淨息差由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約9.10%,增加至截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度約11.61%。同時,有抵押貸款的淨息差亦由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約8.45%,增加至截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度約8.59%。

淨息差維持於較低水平,反映本集團在競爭激烈 的放債行業的低息環境下作出的定價策略。

Net interest margin 淨息差

	77.00-		
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Unsecured loans	無抵押貸款		
Individuals	個人	9.36%	7.97%
Corporations	企業	19.70%	10.45%
Foreign domestic workers	外籍家庭傭工	34.86%	36.31%
Secured loans	有抵押貸款		
Individuals	個人	10.88%	8.91%
Corporations	企業	6.96%	7.83%
All loans	所有貸款		
Unsecured loans	無抵押貸款	11.61%	9.10%
Secured loans	有抵押貸款	8.59%	8.45%

OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAIN AND LOSS

The Group's other income recorded a decrease from approximately HK\$1.94 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately HK\$0.43 million for the year ended 31 December 2021. The Group's other income for the year ended 31 December 2021 was mainly attributable to the adjustment of long outstanding of temporary receipt, whereas in 2020 other income was mainly attributable to the government subsidy received under the Employment Support Scheme launched by the government of Hong Kong under the second round of the "Anti-epidemic Fund".

Meanwhile, the Group recorded other gain of approximately HK\$0.33 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 as compared to other loss of approximately HK\$3.10 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. The increase in other gain was mainly attributable to the increase in realised gain from investment in listed securities (i.e. financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) during the year under review.

Details of other income and other gain and loss are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The Group's administrative expenses for the year under review mainly comprised employment expenses, depreciation charges and the Directors' and officers' insurance premium. Employment expenses included directors' emoluments, employees' salaries, bonuses, mandatory and voluntary provident fund contributions, and insurance premium for employees, etc. Administrative expenses also included occupancy costs and repair and maintenance etc. Occupancy costs included management fees, government rent and rates as well as utilities expenses.

其他收入及其他收益及虧損

本集團的其他收入由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約1,940,000港元減少至截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度約430,000港元。本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的其他收入主要來自調整長期未清付的暫收款,而二零二零年其他收入主要為香港政府推出的第二輪「防疫抗疫基金」下「保就業」計劃中獲得的政府補貼。

同時,本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度錄得其他收益約330,000港元,而截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日止年度則錄得其他虧損約 3,100,000港元。其他收益增加主要是由於回顧年 度內上市證券投資(即以公平值計入損益的金融 資產)的已變現收益增加。

其他收入及其他收益與虧損的詳情分別列載於綜合財務報表附註8及9。

行政開支

本集團於回顧年度內的行政開支主要包括僱員開支、折舊費用及董事及高級管理人員保險費。僱員開支包括董事酬金、僱員薪金、花紅、強制性及自願性公積金供款以及僱員的保險費用等。行政開支亦包括租用成本及維修與保養費用等。租用成本包括管理費、地租及差餉以及水電費用。

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's administrative expenses decreased and recorded at approximately HK\$13.92 million as compared to approximately HK\$25.43 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 which was mainly attributable to the decrease in employment expenses and depreciation charges for the year under review.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團的行政開支減少並錄得約13,920,000港元,而截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度則約為25,430,000港元。行政開支減少主要由於回顧年度的僱員開支及折舊費用減少所致。

Administrative expenses 行政開支

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Employment expenses	僱員開支	9,103	16,209
Occupancy costs	租用成本	257	808
Depreciation charges	折舊費用	3,376	6,175
Repair and maintenance and others	維修保養及其他開支	590	611
Insurance premium	保險費	595	1,626
Total	總計	13,921	25,429

IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON LOANS RECEIVABLES

The Group's impairment loss mainly relates to expected credit loss ("**ECL**") allowance for loans receivables. Generally speaking, ECL assessment is done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate. The ECL on loans receivables are assessed individually for debtors with significant balances and/or collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group recorded a reversal of impairment loss on loans receivables of approximately HK\$10.81 million as compared to net impairment loss of approximately HK\$360.19 million for the corresponding period in 2020. The decrease in impairment loss on loans receivables was principally due to recovery of impairment allowances for loans receivables on individual assessment and risk management measures of the Group in 2021.

應收貸款減值虧損

本集團的減值虧損主要與應收貸款預期信貸虧損 (「預期信貸虧損」)撥備有關。一般而言,預期信 貸虧損評估乃根據本集團過往信貸虧損經驗進行, 並根據債務人特定因素、整體經濟狀況以及於報 告日期對當前狀況及未來狀況預測的評估(包括 貨幣時間價值(如適用))作出調整。應收貸款的 預期信貸虧損乃就具有重大結餘的債務人進行個 別評估及/或使用具有適當分組的撥備矩陣進行 集體評估。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得應收貸款減值虧損回撥約10,810,000港元,而二零二零年同期則為減值虧損淨額約360,190,000港元。應收貸款減值虧損減少主要是由於本集團在二零二一年收回獨立評估的應收貸款減值撥備以及採取有效的風險管理措施所致。

The Group performs collective assessment on impairment allowance for the loans receivables at least on a quarterly basis by dividing its loans receivables into different groups according to the loan types, with each loan type sharing similar credit risk characteristics, and calculates the ECL for each loan type. The measurement of impairment allowance for collective assessment is mainly based on the amount of loans receivables of each loan type at a point of time and will take into account the probability of default (which may be affected by the duration of delinquency and is calculated by using the adjusted transition rate as the key input from the Markov Chain Model) and loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default which is estimated with reference to the loans receivables' historical bad debt recovery rate and cash flows from the realisation of its collateral, if any) pertaining to that particular loan type, which are derived from the assessment made by the external professional valuer as at the latest year-end date based on the historical repayment performance of different loan types and adjusted by forwardlooking information such as the economic and financial environment and expected unemployment rate, etc.

The Group also performs monthly individual assessment on impairment allowance for the loans receivables. For individual assessment, the amount of impairment allowance on loans receivables will be considered on a case-by-case basis by way of discounted cash flow, taking into account, among other factors, the expected date of recovery and the fair value of the collateral (if any).

本集團亦對應收貸款的減值撥備進行每月獨立評估。於獨立評估時,以折現現金流方式個別考慮應收貸款的減值撥備金額,並將計及(其中包括)預期收回日期及抵押品的公平值(如有)。

For further details of the accounting policies regarding the impairment of financial assets (including loans receivables) and the financial risk management policies in respect of loans receivables, please refer to section E of note 4 and section (C) of note 30 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

有關金融資產(包括應收貸款)減值之會計政策及 有關應收貸款財務風險管理政策之進一步詳情, 請分別參閱綜合財務報表附註4的E部分及附註30 的(C)部分。

Credit risk assessments were performed by the Group before each loan was advanced. Identity checks, financial background checks and, where applicable, relevant public searches (such as litigation search, company search and land search) were conducted on the borrowers and, where applicable, the guarantor and/or the underlying companies whose shares were charged to the Group as security. In credit assessment, the Company will normally take into account factors including, but not limited to personal financial background and repayment ability of the borrowers, internal and external credit checking results, the borrowers' repayment record in other financial institutions and, where applicable, value of the to-be-pledged collateral and the availability of any guarantee. During the year under review, the Group was satisfied with the credit worthiness and the repayment ability of the borrowers after conducting the credit risk assessment.

本集團於發放每筆貸款前進行信貸風險評估。對借款人(如適用)及擔保人及/或股份抵押予本集團作為抵押品的相關公司進行身份核查、財務背景調查(如適用)及相關公開信息搜索(如訴訟搜索、公司搜索及土地搜索)。於信貸評估時,本公司一般會考慮多項因素,包括但不限於借款人的個人財務背景及還款能力,內部及外部信貸審完結果、借款人於其他金融機構的還款記錄(如適用)及將予抵押的抵押品的價值以及是否有任何擔保。於回顧年度,本集團於進行信貸風險評估後,滿意及信納借款人的信譽及還款能力。

The Group also adopts a "two eyes" process requiring credit approval at successively higher levels or by the credit committee of the board of Directors ("**Board**") depending on, among other things, the size and nature of the proposed transactions.

本集團同時採用「雙眼」程序,根據(其中包括)擬 進行交易的規模及性質,由上級批核或由董事會 (「董事會」)信貸委員會作出信貸批准。

Subsequent to the drawdown of loans, to ensure that loans repayments are punctual and past due accounts are handled efficiently, the Group actively reviews and monitors the loan repayment status under the supervision of the management on a regular basis.

於貸款提取後,為確保貸款準時償還及高效處理 逾期賬款,本集團在管理層的監督下定期積極檢 討及監察貸款還款狀況。

During the year under review, the Group has closely monitored the loans receivables for the purpose of assessing credit risk and has put more effort in the collection procedures of the loans receivables, such as making phone calls and sending reminders to the relevant customers from time to time. The Group may also negotiate with customers on the repayment arrangements on a case-by-case basis according to the circumstances of the customers, especially during the COVID-19 pandemic. Legal actions may be brought against the relevant customers depending on the actual circumstances on a case-by-case basis.

於回顧年度,本集團密切監察應收貸款情況,藉此評估信貸風險,並且加大了對應收貸款追收過程的力度,例如不時致電相關客戶及向其寄發還款提示。本集團亦可能會因應個別客戶的實際情況,與客戶商討還款安排,尤其是於2019冠狀病毒病疫情期間。視乎個別個案的實際情況,本集團或會對有關客戶採取法律行動。

Impairment loss on loans receivables 應收貸款減值虧損

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Impairment allowances for loans receivables on individual assessment Impairment allowances for loans receivables on	獨立評估的應收貸款減值撥備集體評估的應收貸款減值撥備	15,954	414,963
collective assessment		(26,767)	(54,770)
Total	總計	(10,813)	360,193

OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

The Group's other operating expenses for the year ended 31 December 2021 mainly comprised legal and professional fees, audit fees, advertising and promotion expenses, valuation fee and other general expenses.

As compared to approximately HK\$9.36 million for the year ended 31 December 2020, other operating expenses for the year ended 31 December 2021 increased to approximately HK\$15.04 million, which was mainly owing to the increase in service fees of debt recovery agencies under other general expenses as well as the increase in valuation fee.

其他經營開支

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的 其他經營開支主要包括法律及專業費用、審計費 用、廣告及推廣開支、估值費用及其他一般開支。

與截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約9,360,000港元相比,截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的其他經營開支增加至約15,040,000港元,主要是其他一般開支項目內的債務追收代理服務費增加以及估值費用增加所致。

Other operating expenses 其他經營開支

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Legal and professional fees	法律及專業費用	3,581	3,192
Audit fees	審計費用	800	780
Advertising and promotion expenses	廣告及推廣開支	1,180	567
Valuation fee	估值費用	713	96
Other general expenses	其他一般開支	8,770	4,724
Total	總計	15,044	9,359

FINANCE COSTS

The Group's finance costs for the year ended 31 December 2021 mainly comprised interest on lease liabilities, interest on consideration payable and interest on bond payable. Finance costs increased and recorded at approximately HK\$0.90 million for the year ended 31 December 2021, as compared to approximately HK\$0.27 million for the year ended 31 December 2020.

財務費用

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的財務費用,主要包括租賃負債的利息、應付代價的利息及應付債券的利息。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,財務費用增加並錄得約900,000港元,而截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度則約為270,000港元。

Finance costs 財務費用

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債的利息	76	97
Interest on consideration payable	應付代價的利息	40	95
Interest on bond payable	應付債券的利息	788	81
Total	總計	904	273

LOSS FOR THE YEAR

For the year under review, the Group recorded a significant decrease in the consolidated loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$31.54 million as compared to the consolidated loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$367.61 million for the year ended 31 December 2020, which is principally due to (i) an increase in revenue for the year under review and (ii) a significant decrease in impairment loss on loans receivables for the year under review as disclosed under the paragraphs headed "Revenue" and "Impairment Loss on Loans Receivables" above.

年內虧損

相較截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度本公司擁有人應佔綜合虧損約367,610,000港元·於回顧年度·本集團錄得本公司擁有人應佔綜合虧損大幅減少至約31,540,000港元·此乃主要由於(i)回顧年度的收益增加及(ii)回顧年度的應收貸款減值虧損大幅減少所致(如上文「收益」及「應收貸款減值虧損」各段中所披露)。

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

For the year under review, the Group financed its operations by cash flow from operating activities and proceeds from issuance of bond.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$23.43 million (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$14.38 million), all of which were denominated in Hong Kong dollars. There is no minimum capital requirement for the Group's principal money lending business. The Board considers that the cash level of the Group as at 31 December 2021 was satisfactory in terms of fund utilisation.

There was no bank borrowing as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021. As at 31 December 2021, the Group had a bond payable in the principal amount of HK\$9 million. As for the details of the bond payable, please refer to note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2021, the net current assets of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$149.32 million (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$237.71 million) and the current ratio, being the ratio of current assets to current liabilities, was approximately 13.84 times (31 December 2020: approximately 17.35 times). The decrease in current ratio was mainly attributable to a decrease in current position of loans receivables for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Group adopted a treasury policy with the aims to utilise the surplus and/or idle funds of the Group and to achieve capital appreciation in the long-term. Under the treasury policy, the Group may invest in diversified investment products which the Board thinks fit, including but not limited to government bonds, debt instruments and listed equity securities on the Stock Exchange.

Where appropriate, the Group may apply for loans and/or credit facilities from independent third parties and banks and may conduct fund raising activities by issuing equity shares and/or loan notes.

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL AND FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

During the year ended 31 December 2021, there had been no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures by the Group. The Group had no specific future plan for material investments or capital assets as at 31 December 2021.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD

As at 31 December 2021, the Group did not hold any significant investments exceeding 5% of the total asset value of the Group.

流動資金、財務資源及資本結構

於回顧年度,本集團的營運資金來自經營活動所 得現金流量及發行債券所得款項。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團的銀行及現金結餘約為23,430,000港元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約14,380,000港元),全部均以港元計值。本集團主要放債業務並無最低資金規定。就資金運用而言,董事會認為本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的現金水平狀況令人滿意。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日及二零二一年十二 月三十一日,並無銀行借款。於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,本集團應付債券之本金額為9,000,000 港元。有關應付債券的詳情,請參閱綜合財務報表 附註23。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團的流動資產淨值約為149,320,000港元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約237,710,000港元),而流動比率(即流動資產除以流動負債的比率)約為13.84倍(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約17.35倍)。流動比率下降乃主要由於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度應收貸款的流動部分減少所致。

本集團已採納庫務政策,目的為運用本集團盈餘 及/或閒置資金,長遠而言達致資金增值。根據庫 務政策,本集團或會投資於董事會認為合適的多 元化投資產品,包括但不限於政府債券、債務工具 及聯交所上市股本證券。

倘合適,本集團或申請來自獨立第三方及銀行的 貸款及/或信貸融資,又或透過發行權益股份及/ 或貸款票據進行集資活動。

重大收購及出售以及重大投資或 資本資產的未來計劃

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,並無重 大收購或出售本集團附屬公司、聯營公司及合營 企業。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團並無 重大投資或資本資產的具體未來計劃。

所持重大投資

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團並無持有 任何超過本集團資產總值5%的重大投資。

INFORMATION ON EMPLOYEES

As at 31 December 2021, the Group employed a total of 28 staff (as at 31 December 2020: 31 staff). Total remuneration of employees (including directors' emoluments) for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$8.79 million (for the year ended 31 December 2020: approximately HK\$15.88 million). The Group's remuneration policies are formulated on the basis of performance, qualifications and experience of individual employees and with reference to the prevailing market conditions. The remuneration packages of the employees of the Group comprise monthly fixed salaries and discretionary year-end bonus which may be given to employees based on their individual performance as recognition of and reward for their contributions. The employees are also entitled to participate in the share option scheme adopted by the Company ("Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants, including the employees, who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Further details of the Share Option Scheme are set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group adopted a staff training and development policy with the aims to improve and enhance its competitiveness in the financial market as high quality staff training forms the foundation of the provision of superior financial services to the customers. Staff training (including the distribution of training materials) is provided regularly on any updates or information in relation to money lending, anti-money laundering ("AML") and anti-corruption with reference to the fast-changing market environment, the business objectives of the Group and the relevant requirements of the regulatory bodies.

CHARGES ON THE GROUP'S ASSETS

As at 31 December 2021, the Group has pledged loans receivables with an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$32 million as security for a bond issued by the Group during the year under review. Further details of the pledge of loans receivables and the bond are set out in notes 19 and 23 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

GEARING RATIO

Gearing ratio is calculated as the net debt (being total liabilities less bank and cash balances) divided by the sum of the adjusted capital (being the share capital, retained profits/accumulated losses and other reserves) and net debt.

The Group recorded a net cash of approximately HK\$11.13 million as at 31 December 2021 (as at 31 December 2020: a net debt of approximately HK\$2.20 million). Therefore, the Group has no gearing as at 31 December 2021 (as at 31 December 2020: gearing ratio was approximately 0.44%).

僱員資料

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團共有28名員工(於二零二零年十二月三十一日:31名員工)。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的僱員薪酬總額(包括董事酬金)約為8,790,000港元(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度:約15,880,000港元)。本集團的薪酬政策乃根據個別僱員的表現、資格及經驗,以及參考當前市況擬促定。本集團的僱員薪酬方案涵蓋固定月薪,以及根據個人表現可能向僱員發放的酌情年終花紅,作為對彼等貢獻的認可及獎勵。僱員亦有權參與本別被等貢獻的關內及獎勵。僱員亦有權參與本司採納的購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),以獎勵和激勵為本集團業務邁向成功而貢獻的合資格參與人(包括僱員)。購股權計劃的更多詳情列載於綜合財務報表附註27。

本集團已採納員工培訓及發展政策,藉此改善及提升其於金融市場的競爭力,因頂尖的員工培訓為向客戶提供優越金融服務的基石。員工培訓(包括分發培訓材料)會因應瞬息萬變的市場環境、本集團的業務目標及監管機構的相關規定,定期提供有關放債行業、打擊洗錢(「打擊洗錢」)及反負污的任何最新狀況或資料。

本集團資產的押記

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團已抵押總額約為32,000,000港元之應收貸款,作為本集團於回顧年度已發行債券之擔保。有關抵押應收貸款及債券之進一步詳情分別列載於綜合財務報表附註19及23。

資產負債比率

資產負債比率按債務淨額(即負債總額減銀行及 現金結餘)除以經調整資本(即股本、保留溢利/ 累計虧損及其他儲備)與債務淨額的總和計算所 得。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團錄得現金淨額約11,130,000港元(於二零二零年十二月三十一日:債務淨額約2,200,000港元)。因此,於二零二一年十二月三十一日本集團不存在資產負債比率(於二零二零年十二月三十一日:資產負債比率約為0.44%)。

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

During the year under review, the Group was principally engaged in the money lending business in Hong Kong. As the revenue and cost of business was principally denominated in Hong Kong dollars, the exposure to the risk of foreign exchange rate fluctuations for the Group is minimal. Hence, no financial instrument for hedging was employed during the year ended 31 December 2021.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Details of the Group's contingent liabilities are set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

SUSPENSION OF TRADING

Trading in the shares of the Company has been suspended since 24 November 2017 pursuant to the direction of the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong ("SFC") made under Section 8(1) of the Securities and Futures (Stock Market Listing) Rules (Chapter 571V of the Laws of Hong Kong) and will remain suspended until further notice.

Announcements were made by the Company on 1 August 2018, 1 November 2018, 1 February 2019, 2 May 2019, 1 August 2019, 1 November 2019, 31 January 2020, 29 April 2020, 31 July 2020, 30 October 2020, 1 February 2021, 30 April 2021, 30 July 2021, 29 October 2021 and 28 January 2022 pursuant to Rule 17.26A of the GEM Listing Rules.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 24 June 2019, the Stock Exchange has withheld exercising its right to delist the Company although trading in its shares remained suspended on 31 July 2019. As such, trading in the shares of the Company will continue to be suspended until further notice.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 28 January 2022, the Company has continued its effort in communicating with and addressing the concern of the SFC with a view to achieving a resumption of trading of its shares as soon as possible. The Company's trade resumption application is still pending and the Company is not in a position to provide any concrete resumption timeframe at this stage. The Company and its legal representatives will closely follow up with this matter.

匯兑風險

於回顧年度,本集團主要於香港從事放債業務。由 於業務收益及成本主要以港元計值,本集團面臨 的匯率波動風險微乎其微。因此,本集團於截至二 零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,並未使用任何 金融工具進行對沖。

或然負債

有關本集團或然負債的詳情列載於綜合財務報表 附註28。

暫停買賣

根據香港證券及期貨事務監察委員會(「**證監會**」)按香港法例第571V章《證券及期貨(在證券市場上市)規則》第8(1)條作出的指示,本公司股份已自二零一七年十一月二十四日起暫停買賣,且將維持暫停買賣直至另行通知為止。

本公司已根據GEM上市規則第17.26A條,於二零 一八年八月一日、二零一八年十一月一日、二零 一九年二月一日、二零一九年五月二日、二零一九 年八月一日、二零一九年十一月一日、二零二零年 一月三十一日、二零二零年四月二十九日、二零二 零年七月三十一日、二零二一年四月三十日、二零 二一年二月一日、二零二一年四月三十日、二零 二一年七月三十日、二零二一年十月二十九日及 二零二二年一月二十八日刊發公告。

誠如本公司日期為二零一九年六月二十四日之公告所披露,儘管本公司股份於二零一九年七月三十一日仍然暫停買賣,但聯交所保留行使其將本公司除牌的權利。因此,本公司股份將繼續暫停買賣,直至另行通知為止。

誠如本公司日期為二零二二年一月二十八日的公告所披露,本公司繼續努力與證監會溝通及回應 其質詢,以求盡快恢復股份買賣。本公司的復牌申 請現時仍待批核,本公司現階段無法提供任何具 體復牌時間表。本公司及其法律代表將密切跟進 此事。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Board is pleased to present this corporate governance report ("CG Report") for the year ended 31 December 2021. This CG Report highlights the key corporate governance practices of the Company.

董事會欣然提呈此截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的企業管治報告(「**企業管治報告**」)。本 企業管治報告概述本公司的主要企業管治常規。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to achieving and maintaining statutory and regulatory standards of corporate governance. The Board believes that sound and reasonable corporate governance practices are essential for the growth of the Group and for safeguarding the shareholders' interests. The principles set out in the Corporate Governance Code ("CG Code") contained in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules have been applied in maintaining an effective Board, sound internal controls, and transparency and accountability to all shareholders.

To the best knowledge of the Board, throughout the year ended 31 December 2021, save for the code provisions C.2.1 to C.2.9 and F.2.2 of the CG Code as detailed below, the Company had complied with all the code provisions set out in the CG Code and no other deviation from the CG Code during the year had been noted by the Company.

Details of the deviations from code provisions C.2.1 to C.2.9 and F.2.2 of the CG Code are set out under the paragraphs headed "Chairman and Chief Executive Officer", "Directors' Induction and Continuing Professional Development Programme" and "Communications With Shareholders and Investors and Investors Relations" in this CG Report.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiries of all the Directors, each of the Directors confirmed that he/she had complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors adopted by the Company throughout the year ended 31 December 2021. No incident of non-compliance during the year was noted by the Company.

企業管治常規

本公司致力達致及維持法定及監管水平的企業管治。董事會深信完善及合理的企業管治常規對於本集團的發展及保障股東權益至關重要。GEM上市規則附錄15的企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)所載原則經已應用,以維持具效率的董事會、穩固的內部監控及對全體股東的透明度和問責。

據董事會所深知,截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度全年,除下文詳述之企業管治守則第C.2.1 至C.2.9條及第F.2.2條守則條文外,本公司已遵守 載於企業管治守則之全部守則條文,且本公司並 無發現年內有其他偏離企業管治守則的事件。

有關偏離企業管治守則第C.2.1至C.2.9條及第F.2.2 條守則條文的詳情,載於本企業管治報告「主席及 行政總裁」、「董事的就任須知及持續專業發展計 劃」及「與股東及投資者保持溝通及投資者關係」 各段。

董事的證券交易

本公司已採納有關董事進行證券交易的操守守則, 其條款不遜於GEM上市規則第5.48條至第5.67條 所載的交易必守標準。經向全體董事作特定查詢 後,每位董事均確認彼已於截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度一直遵守交易必守標準及本公 司所採納的有關董事進行證券交易的操守守則。 年內本公司並無發現任何違規事件。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RESPONSIBILITIES AND DELEGATION OF THE BOARD

The Board has a balance of skill and experience and a balanced composition of executive and non-executive Directors. It is responsible for formulating the Group's long-term strategy, determining and approving the Group's significant transactions and supervising the management to ensure thorough implementation of the Group's policies and effective performance of their duties. The Board also communicates with the shareholders of the Company and regulatory bodies and makes recommendation to the shareholders on final dividend and approves the declaration of any interim dividend.

The Board is accountable to the shareholders for the strategic development of the Company with the goal of maximising long-term shareholders' value, while balancing broader stakeholders' interests.

The Company has complied with Rules 5.05(1) and (2), and 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules that the Board includes at least three independent non-executive Directors, which represents at least one-third of the Board and at least one of the independent non-executive Directors possesses the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company received an annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors stating his independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and considers each of them to be independent.

Biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors" from pages 38 to 40 of the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the company secretary of the Company ("Company Secretary"), management staff and the compliance officer who is mainly responsible for ensuring that the Company is in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules and advising the Board on compliance matters. Directors are also provided with access to independent professional advice, where necessary, in carrying out their obligations as Directors, at the expense of the Company.

The Board has delegated the day-to-day management to the executive Directors and management staff of the Company who regularly review the financial results and performance of the Group and make financial and operational decisions for the implementation of strategies and plans approved by the Board.

There is no relationship (financial, business, family or otherwise) between members of the Board and between the chairman of the Board ("Chairman") and the chief executive officer of the Company ("Chief Executive Officer").

董事會

董事會的職責及授權

董事會擁有全面之專長及經驗,且執行董事及非執行董事之組合亦均衡合理。董事會負責制定本集團的長期策略、釐定及批准本集團的重大交易,並監督管理層以確保本集團的政策獲徹底落實以及確保彼等均有效地履行職務。董事會亦會與本公司股東及監管機構溝通,以及就派發末期股息。向股東作出推薦建議,並批准宣派任何中期股息。

董事會須就本公司的策略發展向股東負責,以為股東謀取最大長期價值為目標,同時平衡廣大持份者的利益。

本公司已遵守GEM上市規則第5.05(1)及(2)條以及第5.05A條,即董事會包括至少三名獨立非執行董事,且獨立非執行董事人數至少佔董事會成員的三分之一,其中至少一名獨立非執行董事具備適當的專業資格,或具備適當的會計或相關的財務管理專長。

本公司亦已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據GEM上市規則第5.09條發出的獨立性年度確認書,且認為彼等均為獨立人士。

董事的履歷載於本公司截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度之年報第38頁至第40頁的「董事 之履歷」一節。

全體董事均有權獲得本公司之公司秘書(「**公司秘** 書」)、管理人員及監察主任提供的意見及服務。 監察主任主要負責確保本公司符合GEM上市規則 的規定及就合規事宜向董事會提供意見。董事亦 有權於履行其作為董事的職責時獲提供獨立專業 意見(如有需要),費用由本公司承擔。

董事會已授權執行董事及本公司管理人員負責日 常管理職能,而彼等會定期檢討本集團的財務業 績及表現,以及就經董事會批准的策略及計劃的 實行作出財務及營運決策。

董事會成員之間及本公司董事會主席(「**主席**」)與 行政總裁(「**行政總裁**」)之間概無任何關係(不論 是財政、業務、家庭或其他方面)。

ROTATION AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to the bye-laws of the Company ("**Bye-laws**"), at each annual general meeting ("**AGM**"), one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Such retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election and shall continue to act as a Director throughout the meeting at which he retires.

In accordance with the Bye-laws, the Directors shall have the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or, subject to authorisation by the shareholders in general meeting, as an addition to the existing Board. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of shareholders of the Company after their appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following AGM and shall then be eligible for re-election.

The executive Directors have entered into service agreements with the Company for a term of no more than three years. The Company has also issued a letter of appointment to each of the independent non-executive Directors for a term of two years. All Directors are subject to retirement, re-election and removal in accordance with the Bye-laws.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code provides that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual and code provisions C.2.2 to C.2.9 set out the main responsibilities of the chairman. As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 11 March 2020, Mr. Li Sin Hung Maxim, a former executive Director and Chairman of the Board, passed away on 9 March 2020. Since then and up to the date of this report, the position of the Chairman has remained vacant. Compliance with code provisions C.2.1 to C.2.9 was therefore not possible during the year ended 31 December 2021.

Notwithstanding the absence of a Chairman, the Board, which comprises experienced Directors who meet from time to time to discuss issues affecting the operation of the Group, has been able to continue performing its functions effectively and efficiently. In view of the simple structure of the Company, significant decisions are made by the Board as a whole while the daily operation and management are monitored by the Chief Executive Officer. Before each Board meeting, all Directors receive adequate information and relevant documents in a timely manner and are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings. All Directors, including the independent non-executive Directors, have made different contributions to the issues discussed at the Board meetings and the Board was able to make and implement decisions promptly in response to the changing environment.

董事輪席退任及重選

根據本公司之細則(「公司細則」),當時三分之一的董事(或若總數並非三之倍數,則為最接近但不少於三分之一的數目)須於每屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上輪席退任,惟每名董事須最少每三年輪值退任一次。有關退任董事均符合資格膺選連任,並在其退任的大會中繼續作為董事。

根據公司細則,董事有權不時及隨時委任任何人士出任董事,以填補董事會的臨時空缺或作為現有董事會的新增成員,惟須經股東於股東大會上授權後,方告作實。任何獲董事會委任以填補臨時空缺的董事,其任期將直至獲委任後的首次本公司股東大會為止,並須於該大會上重選連任,而任何獲董事會委任作為現有董事會新增成員的董事,其任期僅至下屆股東週年大會,屆時將合資格膺 撰連任。

執行董事與本公司訂立的服務協議為期均不超過 三年。本公司亦已向各獨立非執行董事發出委任 書,委任期為兩年。全體董事均受公司細則有關退 任、重選連任及罷免的條文所限。

主席及行政總裁

企業管治守則第C.2.1條守則條文規定,主席及行政總裁的角色應有區分,並不應由同一人同時擔任,而第C.2.2至C.2.9條守則條文列明主席的主要職責。誠如本公司日期為二零二零年三月十一日的公告所披露,前執行董事兼董事會主席李鎳洪先生於二零二零年三月九日離世。自此及截至本報告日期,主席職位仍然懸空。因此,於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度無法遵守第C.2.1至C.2.9條守則條文。

儘管主席職位懸空,董事會由經驗豐富的董事組成,不時會面以討論影響本集團營運的事宜,其能夠繼續有效及高效運作。鑑於本公司架構簡單,重大決策由董事會全體作出,而日常營運及管理則由行政總裁監管。每次董事會會議前,全體董事的獲發充足資料及相關文件及適當知悉董事會會議上提出的事宜。全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)對董事會會議所討論事宜作出不同貢獻,且董事會可迅速作出及執行決定,以應對不斷變化的環境。

During the year ended 31 December 2021, Ms. Ho Yuen May May acted as the Chief Executive Officer. The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for overseeing the Company's day-to-day management and operations as well as to implement objectives, strategies and policies approved and delegated by the Board.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,何婉薇 女士擔任行政總裁職務。行政總裁負責監管本公 司的日常管理及營運,以及落實由董事會批准及 授權的目標、策略及政策。

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

As at the date of this CG Report, the Company had five independent non-executive Directors and each of them entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of two years.

BOARD MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE

Regular Board meetings are scheduled to be held four times a year on a quarterly basis with notice given to the Directors at least 14 days in advance. For other Board meetings involving discussion and resolution of significant issues in relation to the operation of the Company, notice is given in a reasonable time in advance.

Before each Board meeting, all Directors are provided with a draft agenda and the accompanying Board papers at least three days in advance or such other period as agreed in order to allow the Directors to include any other matters in the agenda that are required to be discussed or resolved at the meeting. To enable the Directors to make informed decisions, adequate and appropriate information in relation to the matters of the meeting are also sent to all Directors in a timely manner. According to the GEM Listing Rules, any director who or whose close associates (or associates for connected transactions) have a material interest in the contract or arrangement or any other proposal to be approved at a board meeting shall abstain from voting on the relevant resolutions and not to be counted in the guorum at the meeting.

The Company Secretary is responsible for keeping all minutes of the Board meetings. Draft minutes are normally circulated to Directors for comments within reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is made available to them for their review and signing.

非執行董事

於本企業管治報告日期,本公司有五名獨立非執 行董事,彼等各自已與本公司訂立為期兩年的委 任書。

董事會會議及出席記錄

董事會預定每年按季定期舉行四次董事會會議, 並至少提前十四日向董事發出通知。就需討論及 議決本公司營運的重大事宜而舉行的其他董事會 會議,通知將於合理時間提前發出。

全體董事將於各董事會會議舉行前至少三日或事 先協定的其他日期獲發議程草案及隨附董事會文 件,以允許董事將任何其他需於會議上討論及議 決的事宜納入議程。為使董事作出知情決定,與會 議討論事項有關的足夠及適當資料亦會及時發送 予全體董事。根據GEM上市規則,任何董事本人或 其緊密聯繫人(或關連交易的聯繫人)於即將在董 事會會議上審批的合約或安排或任何其他建議中 擁有重大利益,該董事須放棄就相關決議案投票, 並且不得計入有關會議的法定人數。

公司秘書負責保存所有董事會會議記錄。會議記錄章案一般會於各會議後合理時間內向董事傳閱 以供其發表意見,而最終版本則可供董事審閱及 簽署。

The attendance record of each Director at the Board meetings and general meetings during the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out in the following table:

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,各董事出席董事會會議及股東大會的次數表列如下:

Attended/number of meeting held

	出席次數/會議舉行次數	
	Board meeting 董事會會議	
Name of Directors		
董事姓名		
Executive Directors		
執行董事	7.7	4.44
Ms. Ho Yuen May May (<i>chief executive officer</i>) 何婉薇女士 <i>(行政總裁)</i>	7/7	1/1
凹処微女士(<i>行政総裁)</i> Ms. Lai Szu Yu	7/7	1/1
賴思妤女士	777	17.1
Mr. Lui Cheuk Fung – <i>appointed as an executive Director on 15 April 2021</i> 呂卓鋒先生 <i>一於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任為執行董事</i>	3/3	1/1
Ms. Xie Si	5/7	1/1
謝絲女士		
Mr. Wong Kai Lun – resigned as an executive Director on 15 April 2021	4/4	0/0
黃啟倫先生 <i>一於二零二一年四月十五日辭任執行董事</i>		
Independent non-executive Directors		
獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo	7/7	1/1
蔡思聰先生		
Dr. Fung Kam Man	7/7	1/1
馬錦文博士		
Mr. Li Long 李龍先生	7/7	1/1
学能尤生 Mr. Wang Zhiwei	7/7	1/1
王志維先生	711	17.1
Mr. Wong Kin Ning – appointed as an independent non-executive Director on		
15 April 2021	3/3	1/1
, 黃健寧先生 <i>-於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任為獨立非執行董事</i>		
Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain – resigned as an independent non-executive Director		
on 15 April 2021	4/4	0/0
陳通德先生 <i>-於二零二一年四月十五日辭任獨立非執行董事</i>		

DIRECTORS' INDUCTION AND CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

According to code provision C.1.1 of the CG Code, every newly appointed director of an issuer should receive a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on appointment. Mr. Lui Cheuk Fung, an executive Director and Mr. Wong Kin Ning, an independent non-executive Director, who were appointed during the year ended 31 December 2021, had received tailored induction package covering topics such as responsibilities of directors of listed companies as well as continuing obligations and compliance requirements of listed companies under the GEM Listing Rules.

Code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code requires all directors to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. To ensure that all Directors' contribution to the Board remain informed and relevant, during the year ended 31 December 2021, the Directors, namely Ms. Ho Yuen May May, Ms. Lai Szu Yu, Mr. Lui Cheuk Fung, Ms. Xie Si, Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo, Dr. Fung Kam Man, Mr. Li Long, Mr. Wang Zhiwei and Mr. Wong Kin Ning, had participated in continuous professional development by attending training courses provided by professional firms or institutions, or reading materials provided by the Company regarding updates on the GEM Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements. Due to the short tenure of their directorship during 2021, Mr. Wong Kai Lun and Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain did not attend any directors' training during their tenure as Directors for the period from 1 January 2021 to 15 April 2021. Save as disclosed above, all Directors confirmed that they had complied with the code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code during the year under review.

BOARD COMMITTEES

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee was established in 2011 with its written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. As at the date of this report, the audit committee comprised four independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo (chairman of the audit committee), Dr. Fung Kam Man, Mr. Wang Zhiwei and Mr. Wong Kin Ning.

董事的就任須知及持續專業發展計劃

根據企業管治守則第C.1.1條守則條文,每名新委任的董事均應在受委任時獲得全面、正式及特為其而設的就任須知。執行董事呂卓鋒先生及獨立非執行董事黃建寧先生於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內獲委任,彼等已獲得特為其而設的就任須知方案,內容涵蓋有關上市公司的持續責任及合規要求的事宜。

董事委員會

審核委員會

審核委員會於二零一一年成立,其書面職權範圍符合企業管治守則。於本報告日期,審核委員會由四名獨立非執行董事組成,即蔡思聰先生(審核委員會主席)、馮錦文博士、王志維先生及黃健寧先生。

The audit committee held four meetings during the year ended 31 December 2021. The composition of the audit committee and the attendance record of each member at the audit committee meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out below:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,審核委員會召開四次會議。審核委員會組成及各成員於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度舉行的審核委員會會議的出席記錄表列如下:

Attended/number of meeting held 出席次數/會議舉行次數

Name of committee members

委員會成員姓名

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo (chairman of the audit committee)

蔡思聰先生(審核委員會主席)

Dr. Fung Kam Man

4/4

馬錦文博士

Mr. Wang Zhiwei

王志維先生

Mr. Wong Kin Ning – appointed as a member of the audit committee on 15 April 2021

黄健寧先生一於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任為審核委員會成員

Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain – ceased to be a member of the audit committee on 15 April 2021

陳通德先生一於二零二一年四月十五日退任審核委員會成員

The primary function of the audit committee is to monitor the integrity of the Company's financial statements, financial reports and accounts and to review the financial and accounting policies and practices of the Group. It also makes recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditors and reviews the Company's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems ("RM & IC Systems") on a regular basis.

審核委員會的主要功能為監察本公司財務報表、財務報告及賬目的完整性,並審閱本集團財務及會計的政策及常規。審核委員會亦就委任、重新委任及撤換外聘核數師向董事會提出建議,並會定期檢討本公司財務監控、風險管理及內部監控體系(「風險管理及內部監控體系」)。

During the year under review, the audit committee has reviewed the Group's quarterly, interim and annual financial results, the Group's financial reporting system, the risk management ("RM") & internal control ("IC") systems and the effectiveness of the Company's internal audit function. It has discussed with the management on the RM & IC systems to ensure that the management has performed its duty to have effective systems. The audit committee has also made recommendations to the Board on the re-appointment of the external auditors after reviewing the scope of work offered, taking into account their remuneration and terms of engagement.

於回顧年度內·審核委員會已審閱本集團的季度、中期及全年財務業績,檢討本公司財務申報系統、風險管理(「**風險管理**」)及內部監控(「**內部監控**」)體系,以及本公司內部審核職能之成效。其已經與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控體系以確保管理層積升職責建立有效的系統。審核委員會於檢討外聘核數師提供的工作並計及其薪酬及聘任條款後,亦已就重新委任外聘核數師向董事會提出建議。

During the year under review, the Board did not take a different view from the audit committee on the appointment of external auditors.

於回顧年度內,董事會對委任外聘核數師與審核 委員會持相同意見。

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company has complied with Rule 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules that the audit committee comprises non-executive Directors only, with a minimum of three members, at least one of whom is an independent non-executive Director with appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise, and that the audit committee is chaired by an independent non-executive Director and the majority of the members are independent non-executive Directors.

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內,本公司已遵守GEM上市規則第5.28條,即審核委員會只有非執行董事,包括最少三名成員,其中最少一名為具備適當的專業資格,或具備適當的會計或相關的財務管理專長的獨立非執行董事,以及審核委員會需由獨立非執行董事擔任主席,且其過半數成員須為獨立非執行董事。

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The nomination committee was established in 2011 with its written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. As at the date of this report, the nomination committee comprised four independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Kin Ning (chairman of the nomination committee), Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo, Dr. Fung Kam Man, and Mr. Wang Zhiwei.

The nomination committee held two meetings during the year ended 31 December 2021. The composition of the nomination committee and the attendance record of each member at the nomination committee meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out below:

提名委員會

提名委員會於二零一一年成立,其書面職權範圍符合企業管治守則。於本報告日期,提名委員會由四名獨立非執行董事,即黃健寧先生(提名委員會主席)、蔡思聰先生、馮錦文博士及王志維先生組成。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,提名委員會舉行兩次會議。提名委員會組成及各成員於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度舉行的提名委員會會議的出席記錄表列如下:

Attended/number of meeting held 出席次數/會議舉行次數

Name of committee members

委員會成員姓名

Mr. Wong Kin Ning (chairman of the nomination committee) – appointed as the chairman of the nomination committee on 15 April 2021 0/0 黄健率先生(提名委員會主席)-於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任為提名委員會主席 Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo 2/2 蔡思聰先生 Dr. Fung Kam Man 2/2 馮錦文博士 Mr. Wang Zhiwei 2/2 王志維先生 Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain (former chairman of the nomination committee) - ceased to be the chairman of the nomination committee on 15 April 2021 2/2

The primary function of the nomination committee is to review the structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations to the Board on suitable candidates for appointment as Directors, re-appointment or redesignation of Directors, succession planning for Directors and assessment of the independence of the independent non-executive Directors.

陳通德先生(提名委員會前任主席)-於二零二一年四月十五日退任提名委員會主席

The Company also adopted a nomination policy which came into effect in January 2019. All appointments of Directors will ultimately be based on merit while taking into account the measurable objectives with regard to the benefits of diversity on the Board. Candidate can be nominated by any Director for the nomination committee's consideration. Nomination committee will evaluate the personal profile of the candidate based on the selection criteria as set out in the nomination policy and undertake adequate due diligence in respect of each proposed candidate. After comprehensive assessment, the nomination committee will then make appropriate recommendations to the Board for approval. Such criteria including but not limited to gender, age, ethnicity, culture and educational background, skills, professional experience, character and integrity, knowledge, length of service and other factors that the Company deems relevant.

提名委員會的主要職能為檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成以及就董事委任的合適人選、董事的重新委任或調任、董事繼任計劃,及評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性向董事會提出建議。

本公司所採納的提名政策於二零一九年一月生效。 所有董事任命最終將以任人唯才為準則,並同時 考慮與董事會多元化的裨益有關的可量度目標。 由任何董事提名的合適人選,會交由提名委員會 考慮。提名委員會將根據提名政策所載的甄選準 則,評估該候選人的個人履歷,並對每位提名,提名 委員會其後將向董事會作出合適推薦,以待審批。 有關準則包括但不限於性別、年齡、種族、文化及 教育背景、技能、專業經驗、人格及誠信、知識、 務任期及其他本公司視為相關的其他因素。

The nomination committee will review the nomination policy and the board diversity policy on a regular basis, discuss any revision that may be required and recommends any proposed changes to the Board for approval.

Since Mr. Li Sin Hung Maxim, the former Chairman, passed away on 9 March 2020, the nomination committee has been paying effort in identifying candidates suitably qualified to fill the vacancy. As at the date of this CG Report, the position of Chairman remained vacant. Despite such vacancy, the nomination committee believes that with the support of experienced and high-calibre individuals including but not limited to the executive Directors, the balance of power and authority has been adequately maintained by the operation of the Board as a whole.

During the year under review, the nomination committee also discussed on the appropriate candidate in view of the resignation of the Mr. Wong Kai Lun and Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain. After having reviewed the personal profile, experience and qualifications of Mr. Lui Cheuk Fung and Mr. Wong Kin Ning, the nomination committee made recommendations to the Board for the appointment of Mr. Lui Cheuk Fung and Mr. Wong Kin Ning as an executive Director and an independent non-executive Director respectively with effect from 15 April 2021, having made due regard to the board diversity policy and the nomination policy. The nomination committee considered that an appropriate balance of diversity was maintained on the Board, which comprised members of both gender and of different qualifications and experience. In addition, the nomination committee also assessed the independence of the independent non-executive Directors as well as discussed on and reviewed the retirement and re-election of Directors and other relevant issues.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The remuneration committee was established in 2011 with its written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. As at the date of this report, the remuneration committee comprised four independent non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Fung Kam Man (chairman of the remuneration committee), Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo, Mr. Wang Zhiwei and Mr. Wong Kin Ning.

提名委員會將會定期檢討提名政策及董事會多元 化政策,討論是否需要作出任何修訂,以及將任何 建議改動推薦予董事會批准。

自前任主席李鳈洪先生於二零二零年三月九日辭世以來,提名委員會一直努力物色具備適當資格的人選填補空缺。於本企業管治報告日期,主席的職位仍然懸空。雖然如此,但提名委員會相信,在經驗豐富的精幹人士(包括但不限於執行董事)的支持下,透過董事會的整體運作,已充分保持權力及授權的平衡。

於回顧年度,鑒於黃啟倫先生及陳通德先生辭任,提名委員會亦已討論合適人選。經適當考慮董事會多元化政策及提名政策,並經審閱呂卓鋒先生及黃健寧先生的個人履歷、經驗及資格後,提名委員會就委任呂卓鋒先生及黃健寧先生分別為執行董事及獨立非執行董事向董事會作出推薦建議,該等委任於二零二一年四月十五日起生效。提名委員會認為目前董事會由男女組合及資歷與經驗各異的成員組成,能夠就多元化達致適當的平衡。此外,提名委員會亦評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性,並討論及檢討董事退任及重選以及其他相關事官。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於二零一一年成立,其書面職權範圍符合企業管治守則。於本報告日期,薪酬委員會由四名獨立非執行董事,即馮錦文博士(薪酬委員會主席)、蔡思聰先生、王志維先生及黃健寧先生組成。

The remuneration committee held four meetings during the year ended 31 December 2021. The composition of the remuneration committee and the attendance record of each member at the remuneration committee meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out below:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,薪酬委員會舉行四次會議。薪酬委員會組成及各成員於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度舉行的薪酬委員會會議的出席記錄表列如下:

Attended/number of meeting held 出席次數/會議舉行次數

Name of committee members

委員會成員姓名

Dr. Fung Kam Man (chairman of the remuneration committee)	4/4
馮錦文博士(<i>薪酬委員會主席</i>)	
Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo	4/4
蔡思璁先生	
Mr. Wang Zhiwei	4/4
王志維先生	
Mr. Wong Kin Ning – appointed as a member of the remuneration committee on 15 April 2021	1/1
黄健寧先生 <i>一於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任為薪酬委員會成員</i>	
Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain – ceased to be a member of the remuneration committee on 15 April 2021	3/3
陳通德先生 <i>一於二零二一年四月十五日退任薪酬委員會成員</i>	

The primary duties of the remuneration committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure of the remuneration of all Directors and senior management and to determine the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, and ensure none of the Directors or any of their associates will determine his/her own remuneration.

薪酬委員會的主要職責為就全體董事及高級管理 層薪酬的政策及架構,向董事會提出建議,以及釐 定個別執行董事和高級管理層的薪酬方案,包括 實物福利、退休金權利及賠償金額,並確保並無董 事薪酬由其本人或其聯繫人釐定。

The remuneration committee adopted the approach under code provision E.1.2(c)(i) of the CG Code and is authorised to determine, with delegated responsibility, the remuneration packages as well as the terms of the service contracts of the executive Directors and senior management of the Company. In addition, during the year under review, it has reviewed the remuneration policy and structure and assessed the performance of Directors. It also reviewed the remuneration package and service agreement of Mr. Lui Cheuk Fung and Mr. Wong Kin Ning in view of their appointment as an executive Director and an independent non-executive Director respectively and reviewed and recommended the renewal of service agreement of Directors.

薪酬委員會採納企業管治守則第E.1.2(c)(i)條守則條文下之方針,並獲授權因應授權責任釐定薪酬方案,以及本公司執行董事及高級管理層服務合約的條款。此外,其於回顧年度已檢討薪酬政策及架構以及評估董事之表現。其亦就呂卓鋒先生及黃健寧先生分別獲委任為執行董事及獨立非執行董事檢討其薪酬待遇及服務協議以及審閱並建議續訂董事的服務協議。

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Chief Executive Officer, Ms. Ho Yuen May May, was the only member of the senior management other than the Directors. For details of her remuneration, please refer to note 14(A) to the consolidated financial statements.

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,行政總裁何婉薇女士為除董事之外的唯一高級管理層成員。有關彼之薪酬詳情,請參閱綜合財務報表附註14(A)。

CREDIT COMMITTEE

The Company had set up a credit committee in 2007 for the purpose of better management of its credit risk and credit operations. The members of the credit committee are responsible for, among other things, enacting marketing strategy and issuing lending guidelines from time to time in line with the market change, approving and overseeing the Group's credit policy, monitoring the performance of credit officers and the quality of the loans and providing periodical reports to the Board for review. As at the date of this report, the credit committee comprised four executive Directors, namely Mr. Lui Cheuk Fung (chairman of credit committee), Ms. Ho Yuen May May, Ms. Lai Szu Yu and Ms. Xie Si.

The credit committee held one meeting during the year ended 31 December 2021. The composition of the credit committee and the attendance record of each member at the credit committee meeting held during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out below:

信貸委員會

本公司已於二零零七年設立信貸委員會,以更好 地管理其信貸風險及信貸運作。信貸委員會成員 負責(其中包括)根據市場變化不時制定市場推廣 策略及發佈貸款指引、批准及監督本集團的信貸 政策、監察信貸主任的表現及貸款質素,並定期向 董事會提交報告以供審閱。於本報告日期,信貸委 員會由四名執行董事組成,即呂卓鋒先生(信貸委 員會主席)、何婉薇女士、賴思好女士及謝絲女士。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,信貸委員會舉行了一次會議。信貸委員會組成及各成員 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度舉行的 信貸委員會會議的出席記錄表列如下:

Attended/number of meeting held 出席次數/會議舉行次數

Name of committee members

委員會成員姓名

Mr. Lui Cheuk Fung (chairman of the credit committee) – appointed as a chairman of the credit committee on 15 April 2021 0/0 呂卓鋒先生(信貸委員會主席)-於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任為信貸委員會主席 Ms. Ho Yuen May May 1/1 何婉薇女士 Ms. Lai Szu Yu 1/1 賴思妤女士 Ms. Xie Si 1/1 謝絲女士 Mr. Wong Kai Lun – ceased to be a member of the credit committee on 15 April 2021 1/1 黄啟倫先生-於二零二一年四月十五日退任信貸委員會成員

COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

The compliance committee was established in 2010 to serve the corporate governance function of the Company with the aim to ensure the compliance of the Group with relevant laws, rules and regulations applicable to the Group from time to time, in particular, the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("MLO"), the GEM Listing Rules and the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("SFO"). The major duties of the compliance committee include, to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board, to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors and to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

合規委員會

合規委員會於二零一零年成立,肩負本公司的企業管治職能,旨在確保本集團遵守不時適用於本集團的相關法例、規則及法規、尤其是放債人條例」)、GEM上市規則及證券及期貨條例(香港法例第571章)(「證券及期貨條例」)。合規委員會的主要職責包括與立及審閱本公司有關企業管治方面的政策及高級公司有關企業管治方面的政策及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展,審閱及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展,審閱及監察本立、審閱及監督適用於僱員及董事的行為守則及企業管治報告之披露規定的合規情況。

As at the date of this report, the compliance committee comprised one executive Director, namely Ms. Lai Szu Yu, and four independent non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Fung Kam Man (chairman of the compliance committee), Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo, Mr. Wang Zhiwei and Mr. Wong Kin Ning.

於本報告日期,合規委員會由一名執行董事,即賴 思好女士,及四名獨立非執行董事,即馮錦文博士 (合規委員會主席)、蔡思聰先生、王志維先生及 黃健寧先生組成。

The compliance committee held four meetings during the year ended 31 December 2021. The composition of the compliance committee and the attendance record of each member at the compliance committee meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out below:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,合規委員會舉行四次會議。合規委員會組成及各成員於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度舉行的合規委員會會議的出席記錄表列如下:

Attended/number of meeting held 出席次數/ 會議舉行次數

Name of committee members

委員會成員姓名

Dr. Fung Kam Man (chairman of the compliance committee)	4/4
馮錦文博士 <i>(合規委員會主席)</i>	
Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo	4/4
蔡思聰先生	
Ms. Lai Szu Yu	4/4
賴思妤女士	
Mr. Wang Zhiwei	4/4
王志維先生	
Mr. Wong Kin Ning – appointed as a member of compliance committee on 15 April 2021	3/3
黃健寧先生 <i>一於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任為合規委員會成員</i>	
Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain – ceased to be a member of the compliance committee on 15 April 2021	1/1
陳通德先生 <i>一於二零二一年四月十五日退任合規委員會成員</i>	

The compliance committee regularly reviews matters regarding the compliance of the Group with the MLO, the GEM Listing Rules, the SFO and other relevant laws and regulations applicable to the Group. The Company has adopted relevant compliance manuals which govern the Group's compliance matters in relation to the MLO, the SFO, the GEM Listing Rules as well as other relevant regulations.

合規委員會定期審閱有關本集團遵守放債人條例、 GEM上市規則、證券及期貨條例及適用於本集團 之其他相關法律及法規的事宜。本公司已採納相 關合規手冊,規管本集團有關放債人條例、證券及 期貨條例、GEM上市規則以及其他相關法規的合 規事宜。

During the year under review, the compliance committee had no material findings on the compliance issues of the Group. Meanwhile, it has recorded the issues identified during the review and made several suggestions to the Board and the management of the Company on issues particularly concerning internal control, environmental, social and governance and corporate governance. For instance, the compliance committee (i) reviewed and monitored the training and continuous professional development of Directors, senior management and other employees in respect of compliance matters (including AML training and anti-corruption training); (ii) formulated, reviewed, and monitored the employees' code of conduct and compliance manual to synchronise with the latest applicable laws and regulations and the current practices of the Group; (iii) reviewed the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure of the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance in this CG Report and recommended the Company to take appropriate actions in response to the amendments to the GEM Listing Rules in relation to the environmental, social and governance matters effective from July 2020; and (iv) reviewed and monitored the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements. Also, the Company's internal control systems and the Company's internal audit function's effectiveness are regularly reviewed by the compliance committee. The Company has acted and would continue to act on the recommendations of the compliance committee.

於回顧年度內,合規委員會並未發現本集團存在 重大合規問題。同時,合規委員會已記錄審閱期間 所識別的事宜並向董事會及本公司管理層提出若 干建議,特別是內部監控、環境、社會及管治和企 業管治方面的事宜。例如,合規委員會(i)審閱及監 察董事、高級管理層及其他僱員有關合規事項的 培訓及持續專業發展(包括打擊洗錢培訓及反貪 污培訓); (ii)制定、審閱及監察僱員行為守則及合 規手冊,以符合最新適用法律及法規以及本集團 現行慣例; (iii)審閱本公司遵守企業管治守則的情 况及在本企業管治報告內披露本公司的企業管治 政策及常規,並建議本公司採取適當的措施,以應 對自二零二零年七月起生效的有關環境、社會及 管治事宜的GEM上市規則之修訂;及(iv)審閱及監 察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常 規。合規委員會亦定期審閱本公司內部監控體系 及本公司內部審核職能是否屬有效。本公司已採 取並將繼續按照合規委員會的建議採取行動。

CREDIT REVIEW COMMITTEE

The credit review committee was established in 2018 for the purpose of enhancing risk management and internal control of the Group. The major duties of the credit review committee include: conduct periodic reviews on different loan cases based on the credit review report and the past due loan report prepared by the credit control department for the purpose of monitoring credit risk. The credit review committee will give recommendations when it deems fit. The credit review committee will also review the cases of the approved loans to see whether such loans were approved in accordance with the credit policy of the Group.

As at the date of this report, the credit review committee comprised three independent non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Fung Kam Man (chairman of the credit review committee), Mr. Wang Zhiwei and Mr. Wong Kin Ning.

信貸覆核委員會

本公司於二零一八年就改善本集團風險管理及內 部監控建立信貸覆核委員會。信貸覆核委員會的 主要職責包括根據信貸控制部為監控信貸風險而 編製的信貸覆核報告及逾期貸款報告就不同貸款 個案進行定期覆核。信貸覆核委員會將在其認為 合適的情況下提供建議。信貸覆核委員會亦將審 閱已獲批貸款個案,以查看有關貸款是否根據本 集團信貸政策獲批。

於本報告日期,信貸覆核委員會由三名獨立非執 行董事組成,即馮錦文博士(信貸覆核委員會主 席)、王志維先生及黃健率先生。

The credit review committee held 1 meeting during the year ended 31 December 2021. The composition of the credit review committee and the attendance record of each member at the credit review committee meeting held during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out below:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,信貸覆核委員會舉行了一次會議。信貸覆核委員會組成及各成員於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度舉行的信貸覆核委員會會議的出席記錄表列如下:

Attended/number of meeting held 出席次數/會議舉行次數

Name of committee members

委員會成員姓名

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

董事就財務報表的財務申報責任

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for each financial year, which should provide a true and fair view of the Company's financial information. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors have consistently selected and applied appropriate accounting policies and standards. The statement of the auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Company is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 77 to 83 of the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

董事負責就各財政年度編製財務報表,以真實及公平地反映本公司的財務資料。於編製財務報表時,董事已貫徹選擇及應用適當的會計政策及準則。本公司核數師有關彼等對本公司財務報表的申報責任的聲明載於本公司截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之年報第77頁至第83頁的獨立核數師報告。

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company engages an external service provider, Ms. Cheang Yee Wah Eva, as the Company Secretary. She is a Chartered Financial Analysts Charter holder, a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and an associate member of The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as "The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries"). During the year ended 31 December 2021, Ms. Cheang's primary contact person at the Company was Ms. Ho Yuen May May, an executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. During the year under review, the Company Secretary has taken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

公司秘書

本公司委聘一名外部服務供應商蔣綺華女士為公司秘書。彼為特許金融分析師特許資格認證持有人、香港會計師公會會員及香港公司治理公會(前稱「香港特許秘書公會」)會員。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,蔣女士於本公司的主要聯絡人為本公司執行董事及行政總裁何婉薇女士。於回顧年度內,公司秘書已遵照GEM上市規則第5.15條接受不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year under review, the remuneration paid or payable to the external auditors of the Company for the audit and non-audit services provided amounted to HK\$0.80 million and HK\$0.43 million respectively. The non-audit services represented the review of interim and quarterly results of the Group by the auditors.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

Risk management and internal control are essential elements of corporate governance. Effective risk management and internal control facilitate the day-to-day operation and business development of the Group while maintaining risk at an optimal level.

SYSTEM FEATURES

The RM and IC Systems of the Company are designed to identify and monitor risks from day-to-day operations and they are embodied by the Board through the relevant board committees, the management, the departments and the internal audit function.

The Board recognises its responsibilities to evaluate and determine the nature and extent of the risks the Group is willing to take in achieving the strategic objectives of the Group, and ensures that the Company has established and maintained appropriate and effective RM and IC Systems. The Board is also responsible for overseeing the management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the RM and IC Systems on an ongoing basis. In this regard, the Board conducts evaluation on the effectiveness of the RM and IC Systems established and maintained by the management of the Company at least annually. The review covers all relevant financial, operational and compliance controls and reports on any failure of or deficiency in the RM and IC Systems. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board has conducted an annual review on the effectiveness of the RM and IC Systems of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 and considered these systems effective and adequate.

The Audit Committee The audit committee is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting system and the RM and IC Systems. It also develops a regular platform to discuss the RM and IC Systems with the management to ensure that the management has performed its duty to maintain effective systems. Such discussion includes the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function. The audit committee considers the major investigation findings on risk management and internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and the management's response to these findings. The audit committee also regularly reviews the findings and opinions of the internal audit function and the management to evaluate the effectiveness of the RM and IC Systems.

核數師的薪酬

於回顧年度內,就本公司外聘核數師提供的審計 及非審計服務已付或應付的薪酬分別為800,000 港元及430,000港元。非審計服務指由核數師審閱 本集團的中期及季度業績。

風險管理及內部監控

風險管理及內部監控為企業管治之關鍵元素。有效的風險管理及內部監控在維持風險於合適水平的同時,促進本集團之日常營運及業務發展。

系統特徵

本公司之風險管理及內部監控體系旨在識別及監察日常營運的風險,且由董事會透過相關董事委員會、管理層、部門及內部審核職能中體現。

董事會確認其評估及釐定本集團達成其策略目標時所願意接納的風險之性質及程度的職責,並確保本公司已設立及維持合適及有效的風險管理是內部監控體系。董事會亦有責任持續監督管理層對風險管理及內部監控體系的設計、實施及監察:就此而言,董事會就本公司管理層建立及維持分一次評估。有關檢討涵蓋所有相關財務、營運和的人一次評估。有關檢討涵蓋所有相關財務、營運和的任何缺失或不足。有關系統乃用於管理而非消除不能達致業務目標的風險,並僅可合理(但非絕對)保證不會有重大失實陳述或損失。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會已就本集團風險管理及內部監控體系的有效性進行年度檢討,並認為該等系統有效及足夠。

審核委員會 審核委員會負責監督本公司之財務申報系統以及風險管理及內部監控體系。其亦設立定期平台以與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控體系,確保管理層履行其職責維持有效系統。討論內容包括本公司在會計及財務申報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及員工所接受自營,以及員工所接受會考過,以及負其主動進行之風險管理及內部監控事宜之主要調查結果,以及管理層就該等結果及內部應。審核委員會亦對該等結果及內部監控體系的有效性。

Credit Review Committee The credit review committee was established in January 2018 for the purpose of enhancing risk management and internal control of the Group, mainly on the aspects of credit risk. The committee has conducted periodic reviews on issues including credit quality of various cases including cases of newly drawn loans and overdue loans. Reviews on current loan cases are also conducted as a continuous monitoring on credit quality. Results and findings of the review are submitted to the Board for further discussion.

信貸覆核委員會 信貸覆核委員會於二零一八年一月成立,目的為加強本集團風險管理及內部監控,主要為信貸風險方面。該委員會定期審閱包括新提取貸款個案及逾期貸款個案的信貸質素在內的事宜。目前貸款個案亦進行審閱以持續監察信貸質素。審閱結果及發現會呈交董事會作進一步討論。

The Management and Departments The management is responsible for designing, implementing and monitoring of the RM and IC Systems. The management implements and takes day-to-day responsibility for the Group's policies and manuals on risk management and internal control. For instance, the loans department of the Group, as the daily operation units, are responsible for reviewing and reporting potential risks from time to time to the management.

管理層及部門 管理層負責設計、執行及監督風險 管理及內部監控體系。管理層就本集團有關風險 管理及內部監控的政策及手冊,實施並履行日常 職責。舉例而言,作為日常營運單位的本集團貸款 部門,負責不時審閱及向管理層匯報潛在風險。

Inside Information Handling and Dissemination The Company has also adopted the disclosure policy and procedures to promote consistent disclosure practices in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules and the SFO. The policy and procedure set out the mechanism of identifying the potential inside information and escalating the matters to the Board to decide whether to make relevant disclosure in a timely manner.

內幕消息處理及發佈 本公司亦已採納披露政策及程序,以促進符合GEM上市規則及證券及期貨條例的一致披露常規。該政策及程序規定識別潛在內幕消息及將事件上報董事會的機制,以決定是否及時作出相關披露。

RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS

風險管理程序

Risk Identification 風險識別 Risk Assessment and Measurement 風險評估及計量

Risk Control and Mitigation 風險控制和緩釋

Risk Monitoring 風險監察

Risk Identification The loans department and the major subsidiaries of the Group are required to report on material risks identified in the risk management report (on department or subsidiary level) which is submitted to the management periodically.

風險識別 本集團之貸款部門及主要附屬公司須於 風險管理報告(於部門或附屬公司層面)中匯報所 識別的重大風險·而風險管理報告會定期提交予 管理層。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告 (continued 實)

Risk Assessment and Measurement The internal processes of risk assessment and measurement involve the participation of management in assessing the risk exposure such as identifying the impact of potential risk. The management reviews and scrutinises the material risks and ensures that appropriate controls and measures are in place or in progress. The management, through consolidating, filtering and prioritising processes, compiles a risk management report (on Company level) to the audit committee and the internal audit function. Following review by the audit committee and the internal audit function, the company risk management report would be submitted to the Board.

管理層參與評估所承受的風險,如識別潛在風險 的影響。管理層檢討及深入檢視重大風險,並確保 維持及採取適當監控及措施。管理層透過整合、 過濾及排次的步驟,編寫風險管理報告(於公司層 面),提交予審核委員會及內部審核職能。經審核 委員會及內部審核職能檢視後,公司風險管理報 告將呈交予董事會。

風險評估及計量 風險評估及計量之內部程序涉及

Risk Control and Mitigation The management considers the risks and material internal control defects identified and recommends appropriate measures to control and mitigate risks as well as resolve material internal control defects. For instance, the management reviews the risk management report (on Company level) from time to time. Such measures vary according to the type of risks or defects and resources available.

風險控制和緩釋 管理層考慮已識別的風險及重大內部監控缺陷,並建議採取適當措施以控制及緩釋風險以及解決重大內部監控缺陷。例如,管理層不時審閱風險管理報告(於公司層面)。有關措施根據風險或缺陷的種類及可供取用的資源而有所不同。

Risk Monitoring The management, in conjunction with the audit committee, regularly monitors the Company's risk exposure and reviews the effectiveness of the RM and IC Systems in terms of risk control and mitigation. For instance, the risk management policy is subject to regular reviews in order to respond to any significant changes to the products, services or relevant laws and regulations that might impact the risk exposure of the Company.

風險監察 管理層連同審核委員會定期監察本公司 之風險承擔及檢討風險管理及內部監控體系於風 險控制及緩釋方面的有效性。例如風險管理政策 應定期審視,以應對可能影響本公司承受風險之 產品、服務或相關法律或法規的任何重大變動。

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

與股東及投資者保持溝通及投資 者關係

The Board believes that transparent and timely disclosure of the Group's information will enable shareholders and investors to make the best investment decision and to have better understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. It is also vital for developing and maintaining continuing relationship with the Company's potential and existing investors.

董事會相信,透明且及時地披露本集團資料將有助於股東及投資者作出最佳的投資決定及加強其 對本集團業務表現及策略的了解。此外,就與本公司的潛在及現有投資者發展及維持持續關係而言, 有關披露亦極為重要。

The Company maintains a website at "www.fcfg.com.hk" as a communication platform with its shareholders and investors, where the Group's business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access. Shareholders and investors may also write directly to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at 1/F., O.T.B. Building, Nos. 259-265 Des Voeux Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong or via email to enquiry@firstcredit.com.hk for any inquiries. Inquiries will be dealt with in an informative and timely manner.

本公司設立了網站「www.fcfg.com.hk」作為與股東及投資者溝通的平台,公眾可透過該網站查閱本集團的業務發展及營運、財務資料、企業管治常規及其他資料。股東及投資者如有任何查詢,亦可直接寄信至本公司於香港的主要營業地點(地址為香港上環德輔道中259-265號海外銀行大廈1樓)或發電郵至enquiry@firstcredit.com.hk。本公司將盡快就有關查詢提供詳盡資料。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告(continued 實)

The Board considers that general meetings of the Company provide an important channel for the shareholders to exchange views with the Board. According to code provision F.2.2 of the CG Code, the chairman of the Board should attend the annual general meeting. In the absence of the Chairman of the Board since the decease of Mr. Li Sin Hung Maxim, an executive Director of the Company, Mr. Lui Cheuk Fung, was appointed as the chairman of the AGM held on 25 June 2021 and was available to answer questions at the AGM. The chairman of each of the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee also endeavor to be available at the AGM to answer any questions raised by the shareholders.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, there was no significant change in the memorandum of continuance and the Bye-laws of the Company.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

It is the Company's responsibility to ensure that its shareholders' interests are well-protected. To do so, the Company maintains on-going dialogues with its shareholders to communicate with them and encourage their participation in AGM and other general meetings. Registered shareholders are notified by post for the convening of general meetings of the Company. Notice of general meeting contains agenda, proposed resolutions and a proxy form. All registered shareholders are entitled to attend annual and special general meetings of the Company, provided that their names have been recorded in the register of members of the Company on the relevant record dates of the meetings.

Pursuant to the Bye-laws, the Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call for special general meeting. Shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right to vote at general meetings of the Company as of the date of deposit of the requisition, shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

Pursuant to the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, (i) shareholders representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all shareholders having a right to vote at the general meeting; or (ii) not less than one hundred shareholders, can submit a written requisition stating the resolution which is intended to be moved at a general meeting, or to submit a statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

Shareholders may send their enquiries or requests in respect of their rights as mentioned above to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong or via email as set out in the paragraph headed "Communications with Shareholders and Investors and Investor Relations" above.

董事會認為,本公司股東大會提供一個重要渠道 供股東與董事會交流意見。根據企業管治守則第 F.2.2條守則條文,董事會主席應出席股東週年大 會。由於李線洪先生離世,董事會主席一職懸空, 本公司執行董事呂卓鋒先生獲委任為本公司於二 零二一年六月二十五日舉行的股東週年大會主席, 並於股東週年大會上回答提問。審核委員會、薪酬 委員會及提名委員會的主席亦盡可能出席股東週 年大會並回答股東提出的任何問題。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 的存續章程大綱及公司細則概無重大變化。

股東權利

本公司有責任確保股東權益獲得充份保障。為達 致該目的,本公司持續與股東保持聯繫,並鼓勵彼 等出席股東週年大會及其他股東大會。我們以郵 遞方式向登記股東寄發召開本公司股東大會的通 告。股東大會通告包含會議議程、提呈的決議案以 及委任代表表格。所有於大會相關記錄日期名列 於本公司股東名冊內的登記股東均有權出席本公司股東週年大會及股東特別大會。

根據公司細則,董事會可於其認為適當的任何時候召開股東特別大會。任何於遞交要求日期東大會。任何於遞交要求日期東大會上投票的權力)十分之一的股東於任何時候有會透過內開股東特別大會,以處理有關要求中間,內學行。倘董事會未能於遞交要求當日之時,則遞交人士,或代明,則號交人士,或代,可說等全體人士總投票權一半以上之任何人士,可行到開大會,惟任何如此召開的會議不可於前述日期起計滿三個月後舉行。

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法,股東若(i)代表有權於股東大會投票的全體股東總投票權不少於二十分之一;或(ii)人數不少於一百,可寄發請求書,列明擬於股東大會上動議之決議案,或就該次大會上的任何建議決議案或將予處理的事務所提述的事宜,提交不超過一千字的聲明。

誠如上文「與股東及投資者保持溝通及投資者關係」一段所載,股東可將其對上述股東權利之查詢或要求郵寄至本公司於香港的主要營業地點,或以電郵方式作出查詢。

Biographical Details of Directors 董事之履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Ho Yuen May May, aged 54, is an executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. She joined the Group as Chief Executive Officer in March 2020 and was appointed as an executive Director in October 2020. Ms. Ho was a managerial staff responsible for the overall management, business strategy and development of Asia Wealth Securities Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company in 2018. Ms. Ho graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1990 with a degree of Bachelor of Social Science majoring in Journalism and Communications. She has more than 10 years of experience in the securities industry with extensive management experience, in particular experience as a responsible officer specialised in Type 1 (dealing in securities) regulated activity under the SFO.

Ms. Lai Szu Yu, aged 33, joined the Company as an executive Director in April 2019, and was appointed as the compliance officer of the Company in December 2019. Ms. Lai graduated from the University of Southern California in 2011 with a degree of Bachelor of Arts majoring in Economics. She has different experience in financial accounting and education. She currently works in a law firm in Hong Kong responsible for administration and accounting matters.

Mr. Lui Cheuk Fung, aged 30, joined the Company and was appointed as an executive Director in April 2021, he is also the chairman of the Credit Committee of the Company. He was the portfolio manager of Masan Capital and responsible for the research activities and investment decision of the fund in 2020. Mr. Lui was a responsible officer to carry out type 4 (advising on securities) and type 9 (asset management) regulated activity under the SFO. Mr. Lui has over 5 years of experience in the asset management industry with solid experience in buy-side research and portfolio management. Before joining Masan Capital, Mr. Lui had worked as an analyst at various financial institutions. Mr. Lui started his career at BOCI-Prudential Asset Management Limited in 2015 and served as analyst at BlackRock Inc and private equity associate at Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank Limited. Mr. Lui obtained his Bachelor of Business Administration from The University of Bath in the UK in 2015.

Ms. Xie Si, aged 33, joined the Company as an executive Director in September 2017. Ms. Xie is also a director of a subsidiary of the Company. Ms. Xie is responsible for supervising the overall operation and management, formulating market strategies and ensuring the loan quality of the Group. Ms. Xie graduated from Southwest University of Science and Technology with a bachelor's degree in accountancy. Ms. Xie has over 11 years of experience in banking and financial industry. She has extensive experiences in providing financial services to the customers, including corporate and individual clients.

執行董事

何婉薇女士,54歲,為本公司執行董事兼行政總裁。彼於二零二零年三月加入本集團擔任行政總裁,並於二零二零年十月獲委任為執行董事。何女士於二零一八年擔任本公司全資附屬公司亞洲創富證券有限公司(於香港註冊成立的公司)的管理人員,負責其整體管理、業務策略及發展事宜。何女士於一九九零年畢業於香港中文大學,取得社會科學學士學位(主修新聞與傳播學)。彼於證券行業擁有逾十年的經驗,累積豐富管理經驗,尤其是擔任證券及期貨條例下第1類(證券交易)受規管活動之負責人員的經驗。

賴思好女士,33歲,於二零一九年四月加入本公司 並獲委任為執行董事,並於二零一九年十二月獲委 任為本公司合規主任。賴女士於二零一一年畢業於 南加州大學,獲得文學士學位,主修經濟學。彼於 財務會計及教育方面擁有不同經驗,現任職於香港 一家法律事務所,負責行政管理及會計事務。

呂卓鋒先生,30歲,於二零二一年四月加入本公司 並獲委任為執行董事。彼亦為本公司信貸委員會 之主席。彼於二零二零年為馬山資本的基金經理, 負責基金之研究業務及投資決策。根據證券及期 貨條例,呂先生為可進行第4類(就證券提供意見) 及第9類(提供資產管理)受規管活動之負責人員。 呂先生在資產管理行業擁有超過5年經驗,尤其於 買方研究及多元資產投資組合管理方面具有豐富 經驗。於加入馬山資本之前,呂先生曾在多間際英國 機構擔任分析師。彼於二零一五年為中銀國際英國 保誠資產管理有限公司展開其事業,並曾擔任貝 萊德之分析師及三井住友信託銀行私募基金副理。 呂先生於二零一五年於英國巴斯大學取得工商管 理學學士學位。

謝絲女士,33歲,於二零一七年九月加入本公司,並獲委任為執行董事。謝女士亦為本公司一間附屬公司的董事。謝女士負責監督本集團營運及管理、制定市場策略及確保貸款質量。謝女士畢業於西南科技大學,獲會計學學士學位。謝女士於銀行及金融行業擁有逾11年經驗。彼於為客戶(包括企業及個人客戶)提供金融服務方面擁有豐富經驗。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo, aged 62, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in November 2017. Mr. Choy obtained a Master of Business Administration degree from the University of Wales, Newport in 2004 and a Master of Business Law degree from the Monash University in 2007. Mr. Choy was awarded Fellowship by Canadian Chartered Institute of Business Administration and Honorary Doctorate of Management by Lincoln University in 2019. Mr. Choy is a fellow member of each of the Institute of Financial Accountants, the Institute of Public Accountants, The Hong Kong Institute of Directors and the Institute of Compliance Officers. Mr. Choy has extensive experience in the securities industry and has worked as a responsible officer and representative in various securities companies in Hong Kong. He is currently the vice chairman and a responsible officer of National Resources Securities Limited for Type 1 (dealing in securities), Type 4 (advising on securities) and Type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under the SFO and also the permanent honorable president and the vice chairman of the Institute of Securities Dealers Limited. Mr. Choy is currently an independent non-executive director of Luye Pharma Group Limited (stock code: 2186), Sparkle Roll Group Limited (stock code: 0970) and Zhaojin Mining Industry Company Limited (stock code: 1818), all being limited companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He was an independent non-executive director of Chengdu PUTIAN Telecommunications Cable Company Limited (stock code: 1202), a limited company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, from February 2006 to January 2018. He was also an independent non-executive director of Orient Securities International Holdings Limited (stock code: 8001), a limited company whose shares are listed on GEM, from March 2010 to May 2016.

Dr. Fung Kam Man, aged 58, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in July 2016. Dr. Fung has obtained a Bachelor's degree in Business Administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong, a degree of Master of Science in Financial Management from the University of London and a degree of Doctor of Philosophy awarded by the University of Nottingham. Dr. Fung has been certified as a Project Management Professional by the Project Management Institute. He is a certified financial planner certified by the Institute of Financial Planners of Hong Kong and a certified financial planner of The Chinese Institute of Certified Financial Planners. Dr. Fung has experience of more than 28 years in the continuing education and vocational training field. Dr. Fung is currently a self-employed higher education development and quality assurance consultant.

獨立非執行董事

蔡思聰先生,62歲,於二零一七年十一月獲委任為 獨立非執行董事。蔡先生於二零零四年取得紐波特 威爾斯大學之工商管理碩士學位,並於二零零七年 取得蒙納士大學之商業法律碩士學位。蔡先生於 二零一九年獲授加拿大特許管理學院院士及林肯 大學管理學榮譽博士。蔡先生為財務會計師公會、 公共會計師協會、香港董事學會、註冊合規師公會 各自的資深會員。蔡先生於證券業擁有豐富經驗, 一直擔任香港多家證券公司的負責人員及代表。 彼現時為中潤證券有限公司的副主席,並為證券及 期貨條例下第1類(證券交易)、第4類(就證券提 供意見)及第9類(提供資產管理)受規管活動的負 責人員。彼亦為證券協商會的永遠榮譽會長及副主 席。蔡先生現任綠葉製藥集團有限公司(股份代號: 2186)、耀萊集團有限公司(股份代號:0970)及招 金礦業股份有限公司(股份代號: 1818)之獨立非 執行董事,該等公司均是在聯交所主板上市的有限 公司。彼曾於二零零六年二月至二零一八年一月擔 任成都普天電纜股份有限公司(股份代號:1202) 的獨立非執行董事,該公司為有限公司,其股份在 聯交所主板上市。彼亦曾於二零一零年三月至二零 一六年五月擔任東方滙財證券國際控股有限公司 (股份代號:8001)的獨立非執行董事,該公司為有 限公司,其股份在GEM上市。

馮錦文博士,58歲,於二零一六年七月獲委任為獨立非執行董事。馮博士於香港中文大學獲取工商管理學士學位,於倫敦大學獲取金融管理理學碩士學位,並獲得諾丁漢大學頒授之哲學博士學位。馮博士為項目管理專業學會承認的專業項目管理人員。彼亦為香港財務策劃師學會之認可財務策劃師及獲中國註冊理財規劃師協會認證之註冊理財規劃師。馮博士於持續教育及職業培訓範疇擁有逾28年經驗。目前,馮博士為自僱的專上教育發展及質素保證顧問。

Biographical Details of Directors 董事之履歷 (continued 續)

Mr. Li Long, aged 64, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in September 2017. Mr. Li has over 29 years of experience in the trading industry. Mr. Li has held managerial positions in various sizeable corporations in the PRC from 1985 to 2013. He has mainly been responsible for business development, marketing and financial management.

Mr. Wang Zhiwei, aged 54, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in October 2016. Mr. Wang graduated from Taiyuan Institute of Machinery (currently known as the North University of China) in 1990 with a bachelor's degree in mechanical engineering. Mr. Wang has been qualified as a senior engineer in electronic engineering in the PRC since December 2000. Mr. Wang has over 18 years of experience in holding senior executive positions in various corporations in the PRC with businesses involving e-commerce, software development, coal and energy development and solar power. Mr. Wang was an independent non-executive director of Interactive Entertainment China Cultural Technology Investments Limited (currently known as "Hang Tai Yue Group Holdings Limited") (stock code: 08081), the shares of which are listed on GEM, from 1 August 2016 to 13 August 2018. From January 2011 to April 2014, Mr. Wang was the vice president of a subsidiary of Jun Yang Financial Holdings Limited (currently known as "Power Financial Group Limited") (stock code: 00397), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. From May 2014 to June 2016, Mr. Wang also worked as the deputy general manager of China Demeter Investments Limited (currently known as "China Demeter Financial Investments Limited") (stock code: 08120), the shares of which are listed on GEM, and participated in seeking potential investment opportunities in different projects.

Mr. Wong Kin Ning, aged 48, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in April 2021, Mr. Wong has over 21 years of management experience in the electronic and mechanical engineering field. Mr. KN Wong is currently holding a management position in a sizable company in Hong Kong. He is mainly responsible for strategic planning, as well as project and operation management.

李龍先生,64歲,於二零一七年九月獲委任為獨立 非執行董事。李先生於貿易行業擁有逾29年經驗。 李先生自一九八五年至二零一三年曾擔任中國多 間大型企業的管理職位。彼主要負責業務發展、市 場營銷及財務管理。

王志維先生,54歲,於二零一六年十月獲委任為獨 立非執行董事。王先生於一九九零年畢業於太原機 械學院(現中國中北大學),並獲機械工程學士學 位。王先生自二零零零年十二月起獲授予中國電子 工程高級工程師資格。王先生曾於中國多個企業擔 任高級行政人員職位,擁有逾18年相關經驗,其業 務涵蓋電子商務、軟件開發、煤炭及能源發展以及 太陽能發電。王先生曾於二零一六年八月一日至二 零一八年八月十三日為互娛中國文化科技投資有 限公司(現稱為「恒泰裕集團控股有限公司」,其股 份於GEM上市,股份代號: 08081)的獨立非執行 董事。王先生於二零一一年一月至二零一四年四月, 擔任君陽金融控股有限公司(現稱為「權威金融集 團有限公司」,其股份於聯交所主板上市,股份代 號:00397)之附屬公司之副主席。王先生由二零 一四年五月至二零一六年六月擔任中國神農投資 有限公司(現稱為「國農金融投資有限公司」,其股 份於GEM上市,股份代號:08120)之副總經理。彼 亦參與各種項目發掘潛在投資機會。

黃健寧先生,48歲,於二零二一年四月獲委任為獨立非執行董事,黃先生於電子及機械工程領域擁有逾21年管理經驗。黃健寧先生目前於香港一家大型公司擔任管理職位,主要負責策略規劃以及項目與營運管理。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

The Board is pleased to present this directors' report ("**Directors' Report**") and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021. All cross-references mentioned in this Directors' Report form part of this Directors' Report.

董事會欣然提呈本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的本董事會報告(「**董事會報告**」) 及經審核綜合財務報表。所有於本董事會報告內 提及的相互參照內容均構成本董事會報告的一部 分。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group is principally engaged in money lending business in Hong Kong through the provision of both secured and unsecured loans to its customers, including individuals, corporations and foreign domestic workers.

RESULTS

The Group's results for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2021 are set out in the consolidated financial statements from pages 84 to 167 of this annual report.

DIVIDENDS

The Board did not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Company has adopted a dividend policy. The dividend policy aims at enhancing transparency of the Company and facilitating the shareholders and investors of the Company to make informed investment decisions relating to the Company. As set out in the dividend policy, the payment and the amount of any dividend depends on a number of factors, including but not limited to the Group's financial performance and liquidity position, the general economic conditions and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Group.

主要業務

本集團主要在香港進行放債業務,向其客戶(包括個人、企業及外籍家庭傭工)提供有抵押及無抵押貸款。

業績

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的 業績以及本公司及本集團於二零二一年十二月 三十一日的財務狀況載於本年報第84頁至第167 頁的綜合財務報表。

股息

董事會並不建議就截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度派付任何末期股息。

本公司已採納一項股息政策。股息政策旨在提高 本公司的透明度,並促進本公司股東及投資者作 出有關本公司的知情投資決定。誠如股息政策所 載,股息之派付及金額取決於多項因素,包括但不 限於本集團之財務表現及流動資金狀況、整體經 濟狀況及其他可能對本集團之業務或財務表現及 狀況有影響的內部或外部因素。

BUSINESS REVIEW

A fair review of the business of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021, an analysis of the Group's performance using financial key performance indicators, and an indication of likely future developments of the Group's business is provided in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" from page 6 to page 19 of this annual report. Description of matters that are material for appreciation of the state of the Group's affairs can be found throughout this annual report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's business operations and financial conditions may be affected by risks and uncertainties pertaining to the Group's businesses, which mainly include the operational risks, financial risks, market risks and regulatory risks.

Operational risks are those relating to the Group's internal processes, including but not limited to potential misconduct of employees and fraud, which may bring significant adverse impact on the Group's business operations and reputation. Failures of information technology systems will result in interruption of the loan operation of the Group and potential leakage of confidential information. Operational risks may also result from emergencies and unexpected events such as natural hazards. In view of such risks, relevant operation policies and procedures have been adopted and are in place to ensure that the daily operation of the Group is in compliance with the relevant requirements of laws and regulations, such as the MLO and the SFO. Internal reporting procedures have been established and when any suspected case of employee misconduct and/or fraud arises, any staff can report directly to the management. The staff handbook has also stipulated that employee misconduct and fraud are prohibited. The Group places considerable value on data security and data privacy. The computer systems are secured with access controls, while maintenance and update are conducted regularly by the information technology service providers. Anti-virus softwares have been installed for all computers in the office of the Group.

業務回顧

有關截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度本集團業務的中肯審閱、運用財務主要表現指標進行的本集團表現分析,及本集團業務未來可能發展方向載於本年報第6頁至第19頁「管理層討論及分析」。對了解本集團事務狀況具關鍵性的事項描述均列載於本年報。

主要風險及不確定因素

本集團之業務營運及財務狀況可能受與本集團業 務有關之風險及不確定因素影響,主要包括營運 風險、財務風險、市場風險及監管風險。

BUSINESS REVIEW (Cont'd)

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES (Cont'd)

Financial risks include interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk in the Group's normal course of business. Interest rate risk relates to the fluctuation of interest rates of the interest-bearing lending and borrowing of the Group. Credit risk relates to the ability or willingness of customers to meet their contractual obligations whereas liquidity risk refers to the Group's ability in maintaining sufficient fund to meet the liquidity requirements. The above financial risks may affect the finance costs incurred, revenue generated as well as impairment loss on loans receivables. Further discussion about the financial risks is set out in section C of note 30 to the consolidated financial statements from page 153 to page 162 of this annual report. For credit risk in respect of the loan portfolio, the Group has developed and adopted a set of loan approval procedures and credit policy. The Group strives to maintain sufficient cash and adequate funding available from its shareholders and committed line(s) of funding from financial institution(s) and other entities. To ensure the Group maintains sufficient capital and credit lines to meet its liquidity requirements, the cash flows projection of the Group is reviewed on a regular basis.

Market risks relate to the change in macroeconomic conditions and fluctuation of market variables such as gross domestic product, exchange rates, equity prices and property prices in Hong Kong. These risks may generally affect market demands and the repayment abilities of customers, in particular the customers of personal loans, corporate loans and mortgage loans, which may lead to adverse impact on the Group's revenue. The Group will from time to time fine-tune the Group's business strategies, policies and procedures, in particular the loan approval procedures, according to the market situation.

Regulatory risks may arise from potential default of the Group in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group's business and any future changes in the relevant laws and regulations. Non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations may bring various consequences to the Group, including but not limited to the revocation or suspension of the money lenders licence and/or the imposition of penalties on the Group resulting from the offence. The compliance committee of the Company was established with the aim to ensure the strict compliance of the Group with relevant laws, rules and regulations applicable to the Group. The Company has also adopted a compliance manual which governs the Company's compliance matters in relation to the MLO, SFO, the GEM Listing Rules as well as other relevant regulations. More information about the compliance committee of the Company is set out in the paragraph headed "Compliance Committee" in the CG Report from page 30 to page 32 of this annual report.

業務回顧(續)

主要風險及不確定因素(續)

財務風險包括本集團正常業務過程中之利率風險、信貸風險及流動性風險。利率風險涉及本集團計息貸款及借款之利率波動。信貸風險涉及客戶履行合約責任之能力或意願,而流動性風險指本集團維持充足資金以滿足流動性要求之能力。上上之財務風險可能影響所產生之財務成本、已產生之收入以及應收貸款之減值虧損。關於財務風險內能影響所產生之財務成本、已產生之收入以及應收貸款之減值虧損。關於財務國際可能影響所產生之財務成本、已產生之財務報表附註30的C部分。就貸款組合的信貸風險合言,本集團已加強並採納一套貸款審批程序及時、金融機構提供之承諾性融資及其他機構取得足資的資金。為了確保本集團備有充裕資金及規稅合其流動性規定,本集團會定期審視現金流預測。

市場風險涉及宏觀經濟情況及市場可變因素波動,例如香港的本地生產總值、匯率、股本價格及物業價格。該等風險可能全面影響市場需求及客戶的償還能力,尤其是個人貸款、公司貸款及按揭貸款之客戶,可能對本集團之收益導致不利影響。本集團將根據市況,不時微調本集團的策略、政策及程序,特別是貸款審批程序。

監管風險可能因本集團對遵守有關法律及法規有潛在違規,對本集團業務有重大影響及有關法律及法規之任何未來變動而產生。不遵守有關法律及法規可能對本集團導致各種後果,包括但不限於撤銷或暫停放債人牌照及/或因該罪行而向本集團施加罰款。本公司已成立合規委員會,旨在確保本集團嚴格遵守對本集團適用之相關法律、規則及法規。本公司亦已採納合規手冊,規管本公司關於放債人條例、證券及期貨條例、GEM上市規則及其他有關法規之合規事宜。關於本公司合規委員會之更多資料載於本年報第30頁至第32頁企業管治報告內「合規委員會」一段。

BUSINESS REVIEW (Cont'd)

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES (Cont'd)

Further discussion on the risk management and internal control of the Company is set out in the section headed "Risk Management and Internal Control" in the CG Report from page 34 to page 36 of this annual report.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is aware of its rising environmental responsibility to the community and is committed to reducing the negative impacts on the environment caused by the operation of its business and enhancing its influence among different stakeholders. It also strives to maintain an environmental-friendly business mechanism across its operation.

The Group treasures natural resources and encourages efficient use of electricity, water and paper. Environmental-friendly workplace guidelines are provided to employees to facilitate the creation of a green workplace. Employees are encouraged to use both sides of paper, recycled paper, or choosing "2 pages per sheet" printing mode when printing documents. Also, the Group nurtures recycling habit of employees and over 178 kg of used paper were recycled during the year under review. The Group also initiates to reduce waste on festive occasions. For instance, it provided "Green Christmas Tips" to staff for reducing packaging waste resulting from Christmas presents.

Further details of the Group's environmental policies and performance are set out in the section headed "Environmental Sustainable Development" in the environmental, social and governance report ("**ESG Report**") from pages 60 to 66 of this annual report.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The operations of the Group are based in Hong Kong and the Group itself is listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange. In light of this, the Group upholds high corporate governance standards and strives to ensure that its business practice complies with all relevant laws and regulations in the jurisdiction. Reviews on regulatory compliance of its business operation are conducted from time to time. During the year under review and up to the date of this annual report, the Group has been in compliance in all material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on its money lending business in Hong Kong which mainly include the GEM Listing Rules, the MLO as well as the SFO.

業務回顧(續)

主要風險及不確定因素(續)

關於本公司風險管理及內部監控之進一步討論載 於本年報第34頁至第36頁企業管治報告內「風險 管理及內部監控」一節。

環境政策及表現

本集團已意識到日益增多的社會環境責任,且致 力減少由其業務營運而產生對環境的負面影響, 以及加強本集團於不同持份者間的影響,亦致力 於其營運中維持環保的業務機制。

本集團珍惜天然資源並鼓勵有效運用電力、水及紙張。本集團向僱員提供環保工作場所的指引,以促進創造綠色工作環境。本集團鼓勵僱員打印文件時使用紙張的雙面、循環用紙或選擇「每張2頁」的印刷模式。本集團亦培養僱員循環使用的習慣,且於回顧年度內有逾178公斤舊紙張得以回收。本集團亦提倡節日減廢。舉例而言,本集團給予員工「綠色聖誕貼士」,以減少聖誕禮物產生的包裝廢物。

有關本集團環境政策及表現之進一步詳情載於本年報第60頁至第66頁之環境、社會及管治報告(「環境、社會及管治報告」)內「環境可持續發展」一節。

遵守相關法律及法規

本集團於香港營運,且本集團於聯交所GEM上市。 有鑒於此,本集團維持高標準的企業管治及致力 於確保其業務實踐遵守司法權區所有相關法律及 法規,且不時進行有關業務營運符合監管規定的 審閱。於回顧年度內及截至本年報日期,本集團於 所有重大事務方面,一直遵守對於其香港放債業 務有重大影響的相關法律及法規,主要包括GEM 上市規則、放債人條例及證券及期貨條例。

BUSINESS REVIEW (Cont'd)

COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS (Cont'd)

The MLO provides for the control and regulation of money lenders and money lending transactions, the licensing of persons carrying on business as money lenders, and provides protection and relief against excessive interest rates and extortionate stipulations in respect of loans. As a licenced money lender in Hong Kong, the Group has to ensure strict compliance with the MLO. The Group's money lending business is subject to licensing requirements. The money lenders licence is granted by the licensing court and is renewable annually subject to satisfaction of all licensing conditions. Any non-compliance with the MLO and/or the licensing conditions may result in revocation or suspension of the money lenders licence, imposition of fines and hindrance for future renewal of the money lenders licence, which may have an adverse impact on the Group's money lending business.

For the year under review and up to the date of this annual report, there has been no material breach or non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations which have a material impact on the business and operations of the Group.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS

Employees

The fact that employees are crucial assets of the Group is of no doubt. The Group strives to enhance employees' loyalty and sense of belongings to the Group through various policies and practice. It emphasises the importance of labour diversity and equal opportunities in recruitment process. It also provides staff with a caring, safe and healthy working environment. In order to help cater for the continuous development of the employees, professional trainings and self-development sponsorships are provided. The Group values any feedback from employees and maintains open communication with them, which contributes to a good and long-lasting relationship.

Further details about the Group's policies and relationship with its employees are set out in the sub-section headed "Employment and Labour Practices" under the section headed "Social Sustainable Development" in the ESG Report from page 66 to 76 of this annual report.

Customers

Customer-oriented principle is adopted across the business operation of the Group. Product mix (e.g. loan portfolio) and service quality are regarded as key to good relationship with customers and are reviewed from time to time with the aim to cater for target customers' fast-changing needs and enhance their satisfaction with the products and services of the Group. The Group also strives to ensure that honest and comprehensive information about its products is provided to customers so that they can make appropriate informed decision. In addition, as a large amount of personal and confidential information is handled and processed by staff in day-to-day operation, guidelines regarding security of customers' personal data privacy and avoidance of information leakage are in place.

業務回顧(續)

遵守相關法律及法規(續)

放債人條例規定有關放債人及放債交易的監控和規管條文,發出牌照以進行放債人業務,並為對付過高的貸款利率及敲詐性的貸款規定提供保障及濟助。作為香港持牌放債人,本集團必須恪守放債人條例。本集團的放債業務受牌照規定所限。放債人牌照由牌照法庭頒發以及當局信納所有發牌條件的前提下才會每年續期。任何不遵守放債人條例及/或發牌條件的情況均可能導致放債人牌照被撤銷或暫時吊銷、徵收罰款及妨礙放債人牌照日後的重續,這可能對本集團的放債業務造成不利影響。

於回顧年度內及直至本年報日期,概無發現重大 違反或不遵守相關法律及法規的情況,而對本集 團業務及營運造成重大影響。

重要關係

僱員

僱員無疑是本集團重要資產。本集團致力通過多種政策及實踐加強僱員的忠誠度及對本集團的歸屬感,強調勞動力的多樣性及招聘過程的機會平等,亦為員工提供關懷、安全及健康的工作環境。為幫助員工持續發展,我們提供專業訓練及自我進修資助。本集團重視僱員的任何反饋,並與其維持有助於良好而持久關係的開放交流。

有關本集團僱員政策及其與僱員關係之更多詳情 載於本年報第66頁至第76頁「環境、社會及管治報 告」「社會可持續發展」一節下「僱傭及勞工常規」 分節。

客戶

本集團於業務營運中採取以客戶為本的宗旨。本 集團視產品組合(例如貸款組合)及服務質量為與 客戶維持良好關係的關鍵,並不時審閱產品組合 及服務質量以希望達到迎合客戶瞬息萬變的需求 及提高彼等對本集團產品及服務的滿意度。本集 團亦致力確保向客戶提供誠實及全面的產品資料, 令彼等作出適當的知情決定。此外,由於日常營運 中員工經手並處理大量的個人私穩資料,本集團 已設有有關客戶個人私隱安全及避免信息洩露的 指引。

BUSINESS REVIEW (Cont'd)

KEY RELATIONSHIPS (Cont'd)

Customers (Cont'd)

During the year under review, the Group's major customers came from the money lending business. With a diversified customer base, the Group did not rely on any of its major customers. During the year under review, the revenue generated from the five largest customers of the Group in aggregate accounted for less than 20% of the revenue generated from the money lending business of the Group. The five largest customers were related to the Group's money lending business and comprised four individuals and one corporation, all of which were third parties independent with the Company and its connected persons. All of the five largest customers had outstanding loan balances with the Group as at 31 December 2021.

During the year under review, the credit period of the loans granted to the major customers was 2 years, which was negotiated on an arm's length basis with reference to the commercial practice and the Group's credit policy. The management of the Group will closely monitor the loan portfolio, in particular the loans to major customers, periodically and will continue to adopt risk control and management strategies while broadening the customer base.

As far as the Directors are aware, neither the Directors, their close associates nor any shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the five largest customers of the Group during the year under review.

Further details about the Group's policies and relationship with its customers are set out in the paragraphs headed "Products and Services Responsibility" and "Data Privacy" under the sub-section headed "Operating Practices" in the ESG Report from page 71 to 72 of this annual report.

Suppliers

Given that the Group is engaged in the finance industry which is office based, it does not rely on any major suppliers for its business operation in general. The Group's suppliers are mainly those who provide services supporting the daily office operation of the Group such as cleaning service companies, office consumables suppliers and so on. The Group therefore considers that the risk arising from cooperation with suppliers is minimal, and is unlikely that the relationships with these suppliers will bring significant impact on the business operation of the Group as it is comparatively easy to seek alternative suppliers in the market.

Besides, guidelines were established and adopted to outline criteria to be considered when selecting suppliers and vendors. Factors such as whether the potential suppliers own shared values with the Group in terms of sustainable development will be considered. During the year under review, the Group has worked closely with its suppliers and maintained good relationship with them.

業務回顧(續)

重要關係(續)

客戶(續)

於回顧年度,本集團的主要客戶來自放債業務,具有多元化客戶基礎,本集團並無依賴任何主要客戶。於回顧年度,本集團五大客戶所得收益合共為本集團由放債業務所得收益貢獻不足20%。該五大客戶與本集團的放債業務有關,由四名個別人士及一間企業組成,全為獨立於本公司及其關連人士的第三方。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,所有五大客戶均與本集團具有未償還的貸款結餘。

於回顧年度,授予主要客戶的貸款信貸期為兩年,乃參考商業常規及本集團的信貸政策按公平基準磋商。本集團管理層將定期密切監察貸款組合,尤其是授予主要客戶的貸款,並將繼續採用風險監控及管理策略,同時擴大客戶基礎。

據董事所知,於回顧年度內概無董事或其緊密聯繫人或就董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上的任何股東於本集團五大客戶中擁有任何權益。

有關本集團的政策和與客戶關係的更多詳情,載於本年報第71至72頁環境、社會及管治報告內「營運慣例」分節下「產品及服務責任」及「資料私隱」段落內。

供應商

鑑於本集團所從事的金融業以辦公室作基地,通常其業務營運無須依賴任何主要供應商。本集團的供應商主要為提供可協助本集團辦公室日常營運的服務,比如清潔服務公司、辦公室消耗品供應商等。因此,本集團認為與供應商合作而產生的風險甚微,且由於在市場上較易尋找其他替代供應商,故與供應商的關係不會對本集團的業務營運帶來重大影響。

此外,本集團已設立並採納挑選供應商及賣方時 供考慮的指引,考慮因素如潛在供應商是否與本 集團就可持續發展擁有共同價值觀。於回顧年度, 本集團與供應商合作緊密且維持良好的關係。

BUSINESS REVIEW (Cont'd)

KEY RELATIONSHIPS (Cont'd)

Suppliers (Cont'd)

Further details about the Group's policies and relationship with its suppliers are set out in the paragraphs headed "Supply Chain Management" under the subsection headed "Operating Practices" in the ESG Report on page 70 to 71 of this annual report.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the year under review and the past four years is set out in the section headed "Financial Summary" on page 168 of this annual report. The summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the Company's share capital during the year under review are set out in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save for the Share Option Scheme, the details of which are disclosed in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements, no equity-linked agreement was entered into by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 or subsisted at the end of the year under review.

ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

During the year under review, in order to raise funds for the money lending business of the Group, First Credit Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, issued a one-year bond in the principal amount of HK\$10 million at an interest rate of 8% per annum on 6 November 2020. The bond will be due one year from the issue date and is secured by loans receivables of the Group in an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$32 million. The Company extended the bond maturity date to May 2022 and the carrying amount of bond for the year ended 31 December 2021 was HK\$9 million.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has issued any shares or debentures during the year under review.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws or the laws in Bermuda which the Company would be obliged to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the Group's property, plant and equipment during the year under review are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

業務回顧(續)

重要關係(續)

供應商(續)

有關本集團的政策和與供應商關係的更多詳情, 載於本年報第70至71頁環境、社會及管治報告內 「營運慣例」分節下「供應鏈管理」段落內。

財務摘要

有關本集團於回顧年度及過往四年的業績以及資產及負債的摘要載於本年報第168頁「財務摘要」 一節。該摘要並不構成經審核綜合財務報表一部 分。

股本

本公司股本於本回顧年度的變動詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註25。

股權掛鈎協議

除購股權計劃(詳情於綜合財務報表附註27披露) 外,本公司於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度內並無訂立任何股權掛鈎協議,而且於回顧 年末時並無任何該類協議存續。

發行股份及債權證

於回顧年度,為籌集資金用於本集團之放債業務,本公司之全資附屬公司第一信用財務有限公司於二零二零年十一月六日發行本金額為10,000,000港元之一年期債券,年利率為8%。債券將自發行日期起計一年內到期,並以本集團總額約為32,000,000港元之應收貸款作為抵押。本公司已將債券之到期日延後至二零二二年五月,債券於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之賬面值為9,000,000港元。

除上文所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司於 回顧年度內概無發行任何股份或債權證。

優先購買權

公司細則或百慕達法律均無有關促使本公司向現有股東按比例發售新股的優先購買權的規定。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團於回顧年度內的物業、廠房及設備變動詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註17。

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group for the year under review are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 87 of this annual report.

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company for the year under review are set out in section B of note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2021, the Company's reserves available for distribution to equity holders comprised the contributed surplus which amounted to approximately HK\$213.46 million (2020: HK\$213.46 million).

DONATIONS AND SPONSORSHIPS

During the year under review, the Group made charitable and other donations and sponsorships amounting to approximately HK\$19,300 (2020: approximately HK\$398,000).

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The Directors during the year under review were:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Ho Yuen May May

Ms. Lai Szu Yu

Mr. Lui Cheuk Fung – appointed on 15 April 2021

Ms. Xie Si

Mr. Wong Kai Lun - resigned on 15 April 2021

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo

Dr. Fung Kam Man

Mr. Li Long

Mr. Wang Zhiwei

Mr. Wong Kin Ning – appointed on 15 April 2021

Mr. Chan Tung Tak Alain – resigned on 15 April 2021

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

As at 31 December 2021, the Company had no senior management other than the Directors.

Biographical information of the Directors are set out from page 38 to page 40 of this annual report.

儲備

本集團於回顧年度的儲備變動詳情載於本年報第 87頁的綜合權益變動表。

本公司於回顧年度的儲備變動詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註35的B部分。

可供分派儲備

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司可供分派 予權益持有人的儲備由繳入盈餘組成,金額約為 213,460,000港元(二零二零年:213,460,000港元)。

捐款及贊助

於回顧年度內,本集團作出慈善及其他捐款以及 贊助約19,300港元(二零二零年:約398,000港元)。

董事及高級管理層

於回顧年度內董事為:

執行董事

何婉薇女士

賴思妤女士

呂卓鋒先生-於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任

謝絲女十

黄啟倫先生-於二零二-年四月十五日辭任

獨立非執行董事

蔡思聰先生

馮錦文博士

李龍先生

王志維先生

黃健寧先生-於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任 陳通德先生-於二零二一年四月十五日辭任

高級管理層

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,除董事外,本公司 並無高級管理層。

董事履歷載於本年報第38頁至第40頁。

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the existing executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of no more than three years and each of the existing independent non-executive Directors was appointed for a term of two years, all being subject to retirement, re-election and removal in accordance with the Bye-laws.

No Director being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

EMOLUMENT POLICY

A remuneration committee was set up for reviewing the Company's remuneration policy and structure of the remuneration of all Directors and senior management. The Company offers competitive remuneration packages and constantly monitors the packages with reference to the Company's conditions and market situations. The remuneration package generally includes fees or salary, discretionary bonus, allowance and benefits and so on. Emoluments payable to Directors are generally determined based on the Group's operating results, individual performance and experience of the Directors and comparable market practices. Details of the Directors' emoluments are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Share Option Scheme was also adopted by the Company for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants, including the Directors, who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Further details of the Share Option Scheme are set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

確認獨立性

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據GEM上市規則第5.09條發出有關獨立性的年度確認書,並認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

董事的服務合約

現時各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務協議,為期 不超過三年,而現時各獨立非執行董事的任期為 兩年,全體董事須遵照公司細則接受退任、重選及 罷免。

概無擬於應屆股東週年大會上重選之董事擁有本公司在未有作出補償(法定補償除外)下,不得於 一年內終止的服務合約。

薪酬政策

本公司已設立薪酬委員會,以審閱本公司的薪酬政策及本公司全體董事及高級管理層的薪酬架構。本公司參考本公司的情況及市場狀況提供具競爭力的薪酬方案並持續監察該方案。薪酬方案一般包括袍金或薪金、酌情花紅、津貼及福利等。應付董事的薪酬一般是根據本集團營運業績、董事個人表現、經驗及相若市場慣例釐定。有關董事薪酬詳情載於綜合財務報表附註14。

本公司亦採納購股權計劃,以提供激勵及獎賞予對本集團營運成就有貢獻的合資格參與者(包括董事)。有關購股權計劃的其他詳情載於綜合財務報表附註27。

EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the emoluments of the five individuals with highest emoluments are set out in section B of note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

COMPETING INTERESTS

During the year under review, none of the Directors and their respective close associates had any business or interests in business which competes or may compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group or had any other conflicts of interest with the Group.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

Save for the Share Option Scheme, no arrangement to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party, and whose objects are, or one of whose objects is, to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate was subsisted at the end of the year under review or at any time during the year under review.

Also, no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director (including any person who at any time during the year under review was a Director) or an entity connected with a Director had material interest (whether directly or indirectly), was subsisted at the end of the year under review or at any time during the year under review.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Bye-laws, the Directors shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty. Such provisions were in force during the year under review and remained in force as at the date of this annual report.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

During the year under review, no contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or subsisted.

董事及五名最高薪酬人士的酬金

五名最高薪酬人士的酬金詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註13的B部分。

競爭權益

於回顧年度內,概無董事及彼等各自緊密聯繫人 擁有任何會或可能會與本集團的業務造成直接或 間接競爭或與本集團有任何利益衝突的業務或業 務權益。

董事於交易、安排及合約的權益

除購股權計劃外,於回顧年度末或回顧年度期間內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何安排,有關安排的目標或其中一項目標是容許董事透過收購本公司或任何其他法團的股份或債權證以獲取利益。

此外,於回顧年度末或回顧年度期間內任何時間, 董事(包括於回顧年度任何時候為董事的任何人士) 或與董事相關的實體並無存續任何與本公司、或 其任何附屬公司所訂立或作出的擁有重大權益(不 論直接或間接)的交易、安排或重大合約。

獲准許的彌僧條文

根據公司細則,董事均可從本公司的資產及溢利獲得彌償保證,彼等就其職務執行其職責時因作出、發生的任何作為或不作為而招致或蒙受的所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害賠償及開支,可就此獲保證免受任何損害。有關條文於回顧年度內生效並且於本年報日期仍然生效。

管理合約

於回顧年度內,概無訂立或存在與本公司全部或 任何重大部分業務有關的管理及行政合約。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standard of dealings by Directors as referred to in Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2021, the interests and short positions of the persons (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Long Position:

Number of percentage of the ordinary Company's issued Name Nature of interest shares held share capital 佔本公司已發行 姓名 權益性質 所持普通股數目 股本的概約百分比 Xiao Guoliang Beneficial owner 1,070,400,000 29.50% 肖國良 實益擁有人

Save as disclosed above, the Directors are not aware of any other person (other than the Directors or the chief executive of the Company) who/which had any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO as at 31 December 2021.

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相 關股份及債權證中的權益及淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及最高行政人員概無於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定須予存置的登記冊中的任何權益或淡倉,或根據GEM上市規則第5.46條董事買賣守則所規定以其他方式通知本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉。

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相 關股份中的權益及淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,於本公司股份或相關股份中持有並記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予存置的登記冊中的個人(董事或本公司最高行政人員除外)的權益及淡倉如下:

Approximate

好倉:

除上文披露者外,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,董事並不知悉任何其他個人(董事或本公司最高行政人員除外)在本公司股份或相關股份中擁有記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定須予存置的登記冊中的任何權益或淡倉。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company had not entered into any connected transaction or continuing connected transaction which was subject to reporting and annual review requirements under the GEM Listing Rules.

Details of the related party transactions entered into by the Group are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements and those related party transactions did not constitute "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" (as the case may be) under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2021.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to achieving and maintaining statutory and regulatory standard of corporate governance and strives to ensure that its business practice complies with the relevant laws and regulations in the jurisdiction. The Group is responsive to regulatory changes and will evaluate the need to amend its existing policies and practice from time to time. Details of the Group's corporate governance structure and practices are set out in the CG Report from page 20 to page 37 of the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report.

關連交易及持續關連交易

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 並無訂立任何須遵守GEM上市規則的申報及年度 審核規定的關連交易或持續關連交易。

本集團訂立的關連方交易詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註32,且該等關連方交易並不構成GEM上市規 則第20章項下的「關連交易」或「持續關連交易」 (視情況而定)。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司 之任何上市證券。

企業管治

本公司致力於達致及維持高水平的企業管治,及確保其業務實踐遵守司法權區所有相關法律及法規。本集團對監管方面的變動作出迅速回應,並不時評估是否需要修訂現有政策及常規。本集團企業管治架構及常規的詳情載於本公司截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的年報第20至37頁企業管治報告。

足夠公眾持股量

於刊發本年報前之最後實際可行日期,根據本公司可從公開途徑取得的資料及據董事所知,本公司已發行股本總量中至少25%乃由公眾持有。

AUDITORS

The Audited Financial Statements have been audited by Elite Partners CPA Limited ("Elite Partners").

During the year under review, Elite Partners was re-appointed as the auditors of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 by the shareholders at the AGM held on 25 June 2021. Elite Partners will retire and, being eligible, offer itself for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM. A resolution to reappoint Elite Partners and to authorize the Directors to fix its remuneration will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Lui Cheuk Fung

Executive Director

Hong Kong, 23 March 2022

核數師

經審核財務報表已由開元信德會計師事務所有限 公司(「**開元信德**」)審核。

於回顧年度內,開元信德獲股東於二零二一年六月二十五日舉行的股東週年大會上續聘為本公司截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之核數師。開元信德將退任,且合資格並同意於應屆股東週年大會廣選連任。重新委任開元信德及授權董事釐定其酬金的決議案將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈。

代表董事會

執行董事

呂卓鋒

香港,二零二二年三月二十三日

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

ABOUT THIS REPORT

Pursuant to the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide ("**ESG Guide**") set out in Appendix 20 to the GEM Listing Rules, the Board is pleased to present this Environmental, Social and Governance ("**ESG**") Report for the year ended 31 December 2021. This ESG Report highlights the initiatives and efforts of the Company and the entity which is key to the operation of the Group in terms of revenue, i.e. First Credit Limited, in the commitment to environmental sustainable development and social sustainable development in the course of their principal business of money lending.

REPORTING PRINCIPLES

The Group adopts the principle of materiality in the ESG reporting by conducting stakeholder engagement on a regular basis to understand the key ESG issues that are important to the business of the Group. For the sake of materiality principle stated in the ESG Guide, aspects and issues that are not relevant or material to the Group are excluded from this ESG Report. All the key ESG issues and key performance indicators ("KPIs") are reported in the ESG Report according to recommendations of the ESG Guide. The Group has complied with the "comply or explain" provisions set out in the ESG Guide for the year ended 31 December 2021. Please refer to the section of "Stakeholder Engagement and Materiality Assessment" for detailed information of the process adopted for selection of material ESG factors and the stakeholder engagement.

In preparation of relevant specific KPIs, quantitative approach is adopted for the information in the ESG Report of the Group. Sufficient description or reference to the standards adopted have been disclosed under relevant sections of the ESG Report. KPIs that need to be revealed compulsorily as required by the "ESG Reporting Guide" were all addressed in the sections headed "Environmental Sustainable Development" and "Social Sustainable Development" of this report. Apart from complying with the reporting principles of the "ESG Reporting Guide", this report has made illustrations on our compliance with relevant laws and regulations. This document is prepared in both English and Chinese versions and have been uploaded onto the website at http://www.fcfg.com.hk and HKEXnews website at http://www.hkexnews.hk.

Where feasible, the Group makes records and estimates for quantitative information. To ensure a comprehensive understanding of the Group's sustainability performance, the environmental performance relative to various quantitative KPIs with comparison to 2020 figures, are disclosed in each corresponding section. Information on the standards, methodologies and/or calculation references are stated wherever appropriate.

關於本報告

根據GEM上市規則附錄20所載的《環境、社會及管治報告指引》(「環境、社會及管治指引」),董事會欣然呈列截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之(「環境、社會及管治」)報告。本環境、社會及管治報告重點闡述本公司以及就收入而言對本集團的營運實屬關鍵的實體(即第一信用財務有限公司)致力在彼等放債的主要業務過程中,為環境可持續發展及社會可持續發展所作出的措施及努力。

報告原則

本集團於環境、社會及管治報告中採納重要性原則,通過定期開展持份者參與,了解對本集團業務而言屬重要的關鍵環境、社會及管治事宜。就環境、社會及管治指引所述的重要性原則而言,本環境、社會及管治報告不包括與本集團無關或非重大的層面及事宜。根據環境、社會及管治指引的建議,所有關鍵環境、社會及管治事宜及關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」)於環境、社會及管治報告中呈報。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團已遵守環境、社會及管治指引所載的「不遵守就解釋」條文。有關選擇重要環境、社會及管治因素及持份者參與所採納流程的詳細資料,請參閱「持份者參與及重要性評估」一節。

於編製相關特定關鍵績效指標時,本集團就環境、社會及管治報告中的資料採納定量方法。對所採納標準的充分描述或提述,已於環境、社會及管治報告相關章節披露。本報告已就「環境、社會及管治報告指引」內規定必須報告的關鍵績效指標,分別在「環境可持續發展」和「社會可持續發展」章節全部披露。此外,除遵守「環境、社會及管治報告指引」的報告原則外,本報告同時已就遵守的相關法律和法規作出説明。本報告問時已就遵守的相關法律和法規作出説明。本報告備有中英文版本,並經已上載至本集團網站http://www.fcfg.com.hk及香港交易所披露易網站http://www.hkexnews.hk。

在可行的情況下,本集團對量化資料進行記錄及估計。為確保全面了解本集團的可持續發展表現,將各項量化關鍵績效指標與二零二零年數據進行比較,有關的環境表現於各相應章節中披露。有關標準、方法及/或計算參考的資料亦於適當章節呈列。

The Group uses its best endeavours to ensure consistency in the use of methods or KPIs in achieving a meaningful comparison. There is no change to the methods or KPIs used in this ESG Report as compared with those of the previous year.

本集團竭盡所能,確保所採用的方法或關鍵績效 指標保持一致,以便作出有意義的比較。編製本環境、社會及管治報告所採用的方法或關鍵績效指 標與去年相比並無變動。

REPORTING SCOPE

This ESG Report primarily focuses on the sustainability performance of the Group's business activities in Hong Kong, which involve one office in Sheung Wan and one warehouse in Kwun Tong. With the aim of augmenting the accuracy and transparency of the disclosure in this ESG Report, the environmental and social KPIs collected and disclosed in this ESG Report reflect all operations in Hong Kong, unless stated otherwise.

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT AND MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

The Group conducts stakeholder engagement for evaluation of the materiality and importance in ESG.

The Group acknowledges the importance of intelligence gained from the stakeholders' insights, inquiries and continuous interest in the Group's business activities. The Group has identified key stakeholders that are important to its business and established various channels for communication with them. The following table provides an overview of the Group's key stakeholders including government and regulatory authorities, shareholders and investors, professional parties, senior management and Board of Directors, employees, customers, suppliers and non-governmental organizations, media and communities and the various platforms and methods of communication used to contact with, listen and respond to the key stakeholders.

報告範圍

本環境、社會及管治報告主要專注於本集團在香港的業務活動的可持續發展表現,涵蓋一間位於 上環的辦公室及一間位於觀塘的貨倉。為提高披露的準確性及透明度,除另有說明外,本環境、社會及管治報告所收集及披露的環境及社會關鍵績效指標反映本集團於香港的所有業務營運。

持份者參與及重要性評估

本集團開展持份者參與,以評估環境、社會及管治 的重大性及重要性。

本集團深明集思廣益的重要性,認為持份者對本 集團業務活動的見解、查詢及持續關注對本集團 至關重要。本集團已識別對其業務而言屬重要的 主要持份者,包括政府及監管機構、股東及投資者、 專業人士、高級管理層及董事會、僱員、客戶、供 應商和非政府組織、媒體及社區,並建立多種溝通 渠道。下表提供本集團主要持份者的概覽,以及用 於接觸、聆聽及回應主要持份者的各種溝通平台 及方式。

Stakeholder Category 持份者類別	Expectations and Concerns 期望與關注	Methods of Communication 溝通方式		
Government and regulatory authorities	 Compliance operation Risk management Payment of tax Anti-corruption Anti-money laundering 	 Rules and guidelines published by regulatory authorities, including the Stock Exchange and the SFC Reports of suspicious activities to Joint Financial Intelligence Unit (if applicable) 		
政府及監管機構	 合規營運 風險管理 繳納税款 反貪污 打擊洗錢 	聯交所及證監會等監管機構發佈的規則及指引向聯合財富情報組(倘適用)報告可疑活動		
Shareholders and investors	Compliance operationRisk managementBusiness performance	 Annual general meeting Announcements and circulars Financial reports Email or mail 		
股東及投資者	● 合規營運● 風險管理● 業績表現	股東週年大會公告及通函財務報告電郵或郵件		
Professional parties	Compliance operationAnti-corruptionRisk management	MeetingsSeminarsEmail or mail		
專業人士	合規營運反貪污風險管理	會議講座電郵或郵件		
Senior management and Board of Directors	Compliance operationRisk managementProducts and services quality	 Regular management meetings Board and Board committee meetings Financial reports 		
高級管理層及董事會	合規營運風險管理產品及服務質量	定期管理層會議董事會及董事委員會會議財務報告		

Stakeholder Category 持份者類別	Expectations and Concerns 期望與關注	Methods of Communication 溝通方式		
Employees	 Health and safety Employee development and training Data privacy Products and service quality Compliance operation 	 Regular meetings and management communication Job performance evaluation 		
僱員	 健康與安全 僱員發展及培訓 資料私隱 產品及服務質量 合規營運 	定期會議及管理層溝通工作表現評估		
Customers	Products and service qualityData privacy	Service hotlineEmail or mail		
客戶	產品及服務質量資料私隱	服務熱線電郵或郵件		
Suppliers	Fair and open procurement	Service hotlineEmail or mail		
供應商	• 公平及公開採購	服務熱線電郵或郵件		
Non-governmental organizations, media and communities	Community service	ESG reportsCommunity investment projectsCharity		
非政府組織、媒體及社區	◆ 社區服務	環境、社會及管治報告社區投資項目慈善		

The Group has always been committed to maintaining a strong relationship with its stakeholders, working towards the goal of sustainable development. Stakeholder engagement is a key part of management's strategy to manage and report on issues that are most relevant to the stakeholders and the Group's business.

致可持續發展的目標。持份者參與是管理層策略 的關鍵部分,藉以管理及匯報與持份者及本集團 業務最相關的事宜。

本集團一直致力與持份者維持穩固的關係,以達

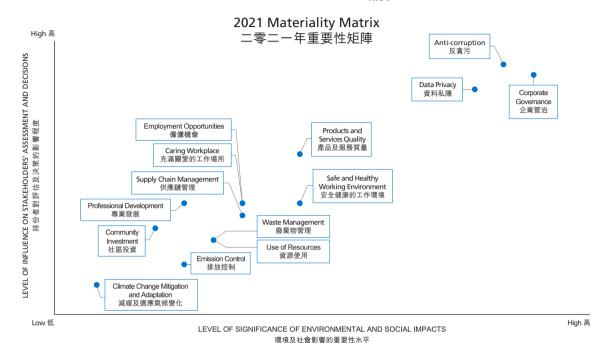
The Group has evaluated the materiality and importance in ESG aspects through the following steps:

本集團已透過以下步驟評估環境、社會及管治方 面的重大性及重要性:

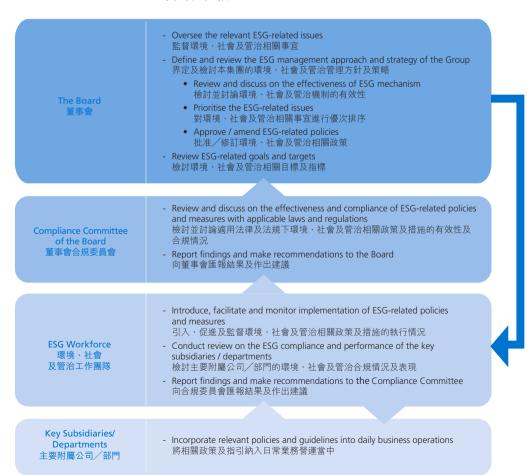
- Identification: Benchmark the disclosure common practices on ESG topics of companies in the money lending industry, 14 highly relevant topics have been identified.
- 1. 識別:審閱放債同業公司的環境、社會及管 治披露資料,以確定業界共同披露常規,並 識別14項高度相關的議題。
- Assessment: Combining the analysis of peer benchmarking and stakeholder survey, a list of ESG issues of varying materiality levels was consolidated.
- 評估:綜合同業基準評估、對持份者的調查 結果,並作出分析,整合具不同重要性的環境、社會及管治議題,並列出清單,確認最 重要的議題。
- 3. Review: Results of the materiality survey were analysed and presented as a materiality matrix. Stakeholders' concerns were reviewed and discussed by the management, and the identified material topics are disclosed in this ESG Report.
- 3. 審閱:分析重要性調查的結果,並以重要性 矩陣的形式呈列。管理層檢討及討論持份者 關注的事宜,而已識別的重要議題於本環境、 社會及管治報告中披露。

The following matrix is a summary of the Group's material ESG issues:

以下矩陣為本集團重要環境、社會及管治事宜的 概要:



GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE 管治架構



The Board has a critical role in overseeing the ESG-related issues by exercising its risk-related oversight after taking into account the materiality of different ESG risks. This oversight is strategic and closely aligned with the Group's business model and operations.

For the year under review, the Board effectively oversees risks posed by ESG issues throughout the risk evaluation, prioritization and management processes. The Board evaluates and determines the nature and extent of the ESG-related risks that are relevant and material in achieving the Group's strategic objectives based on the results/findings of the materiality assessment. Various measures and policies have been established and implemented to manage and monitor the risks related to the ESG matters. The Board oversees the implementation of the ESG measures and monitors the ESG-related issues through the risk management system during the annual review.

An ESG workforce was established to introduce and facilitate implementation of ESG-related policies and measures. It ensures that employees are well-informed of any introductions of or amendments to the ESG-related policies and measures. It also takes the major role of monitoring the ESG performance and ensuring the effective implementation of the ESG-related policies and measures.

Annual review is conducted regarding the ESG commitment and performance of the Group based on the relevant external and internal information gathered. Based on the findings in its annual review, the ESG workforce makes recommendations and suggestions to the compliance committee of the Board, which conducts review and reports findings and suggestions to the Board correspondingly. The Board then conducts overall review with the aim to enhance ESG mechanism and policies of the Group.

董事會在考慮不同環境、社會及管治風險的重要性之後,通過行使其與風險相關的監督職能,在監督環境、社會及管治相關事宜方面擔當重要角色。 此項監督職能具有策略意義,並與本集團的業務 模式及營運具同等比重。

於回顧年度內,董事會於風險評估、優次排序及管理過程中有效監督環境、社會及管治事宜所帶來的風險。董事會根據重要性評估的結果/發現,評估及釐定與達成本集團策略目標相關,並屬重大的環境、社會及管治相關風險的性質及程度。本集團已制定及實施多項措施及政策,以管理及監察與環境、社會及管治事宜有關的風險。董事會監督環境、社會及管治措施的實施情況,並於年度檢討過程中透過風險管理系統監察環境、社會及管治相關事宜。

本集團已成立環境、社會及管治工作團隊,以引入 環境、社會及管治相關政策及措施,並確保該等政 策及措施的實施。該工作團隊確保僱員充分了解 任何新引入的環境、社會及管治相關政策及措施 或其修訂,亦在監督環境、社會及管治表現及確保 環境、社會及管治相關政策及措施的有效實施方 面發揮主要作用。

根據所收集的相關外部及內部資料,環境、社會及 管治工作團隊對本集團的環境、社會及管治承諾 及表現進行年度檢討。基於年度檢討之結果,環境、 社會及管治工作團隊向董事會合規委員會作出建 議及意見,而合規委員會則相應進行檢討並向董 事會匯報結果及作出建議。董事會其後進行全面 檢討,藉以提升本集團之環境、社會及管治機制及 政策。

ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT 環境可持續發展

EMISSIONS CONTROL

The Group understands the importance of environmental protection and is committed to minimising air pollutant and greenhouse gas ("**GHG**") emission as it knows that the global warming issue should never be overlooked.

For calculating GHG emissions, SME Carbon Audit Toolkit ("Toolkit"), designed by the University of Hong Kong and City University of Hong Kong, is used by the Group. Considering the scale of the Group's business, the emission factors of the Toolkit are considered suitable and are adopted in calculating the GHG emissions of the Group that are disclosed in this ESG Report. Even though the Toolkit was established in 2011, the Group considers that the potential inaccuracies due to time factor will only have a minor influence on the results. Apart from the Toolkit, other external resources obtained from relevant institutions such as CLP Power Hong Kong Limited ("CLP") and Hong Kong Electric Company Limited ("HK Electric") and those extracted from the IPCC Fifth Assessment Report 2015 (AR5) are also adopted in calculating the GHG emissions of the Group. Considering the business nature of the Group, GHG emissions stated in this ESG Report in relation to the respective consumption by the key subsidiaries and offices were calculated in the unit of kilogram of carbon dioxide in equivalent ("kg CO₂ eq-"), or in kilogram ("kg").

The Group's principal business was money lending. The cause of direct emissions in the Group's operation was mainly from the use of vehicles and vessel which run on petrol and diesel. The increase in air pollutant emission was attributable to the increase in the usage of motor vehicles for business purposes.

The approximate amount of direct emission from the Group was as follows:

排放控制

本集團深明環保之重要性。本集團認為全球暖化問題不容忽視,因而致力減少空氣污染物及溫室氣體(「**溫室氣體**」)排放。

計算溫室氣體排放量方面,本集團採用香港大學 及香港城市大學設計的中小企業碳審計工具箱(「工 具箱」)。考慮到本集團業務規模,工具箱的排放 係數被視作合適,並被採納用於計算本集團於本 環境、社會及管治報告中披露的溫室氣體排放量。 雖然工具箱於二零一一年建立,惟本集團認為時 間因素導致的潛在誤差將對結果產生輕微影響。 除工具箱外,自相關機構(如中華電力有限公司 (「中電」)及香港電燈有限公司(「香港電燈」)獲 取的其他外部資源及摘錄自二零一五年IPCC第五 次評估報告(AR5)的資源,亦被採納用於計算本集 團的溫室氣體排放量。考慮到本集團的業務性質, 本環境、社會及管治報告中列載有關主要附屬公 司及辦公室相應消耗產生的溫室氣體排放量,乃 以公斤二氧化碳當量(「公斤二氧化碳當量」)或以 公斤(「公斤」)為單位計算。

本集團主要業務為放債。在營運過程中直接排放 的來源主要是耗用汽油和柴油的汽車和船。空氣 污染物排放量增加是由於商務用車使用增加所致。

下表為本集團直接排放概量:

			Direct Emission 直接排放		
		2021	2020		
		二零二一年	二零二零年		
		(kg)	(kg)		
		(公斤)	(公斤)		
Nitrogen oxides (" NO _x ")	氮氧化物(「NO _x 」)	10.02	2.19		
Sulphur oxides (" SO _x ")	硫氧化物(「 SO_x 」)	0.19	0.19 0.07		
Particulate matter (" PM ")	顆粒物(「PM」)	0.74	0.74 0.16		

Apart from direct emissions, the Group's operation also leads to energy indirect emissions of GHG caused by the use of electricity, such as lighting and air-conditioning system, and other indirect emissions of GHG caused by waste disposal, water consumption and public transportation of staff.

除直接排放外,本集團營運亦因耗電而引起能源間接排放溫室氣體,例如燈光及空調系統中的耗電,以及因廢物棄置、耗水及員工乘搭公共交通工具而產生的其他間接排放温室氣體。

GREENHOUSE GAS ("GHG") EMISSIONS

溫室氣體(「溫室氣體」)排放

The approximate amount of GHG emissions from the Group was as follows:

下表為本集團的溫室氣體排放概量:

		Note 附註	Unit 單位	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Greenhouse gas emissions Scope 1 emission	溫室氣體排放 範圍1排放	1	kg Co₂ eq- 公斤二氧化碳當量	31,391	13,015
Scope 2 emission	範圍2排放	2	kg Co₂ eq- 公斤二氧化碳當量	24,781	28,857
Scope 3 emission	範圍3排放	3	kg Co₂ eq- 公斤二氧化碳當量	-	-
Total GHG emissions (Scope 1+2+3)	溫室氣體排放總量 (範圍1+2+3)	4	kg Co₂ eq- 公斤二氧化碳當量	56,172	41,872
Intensity (Scope 1+2+3)	密度(範圍1+2+3)	5	kg Co ₂ eq-/sq.feet 公斤二氧化碳當量/平方呎	9.48	3.30
Public Transportation of staff	員工乘搭公共交通工具		kg Co₂ eq- 公斤二氧化碳當量	303	1,211
Total non-hazardous waste produced	所產生無害廢棄物總量				
General Waste (Disposed) – Total	一般廢棄物(已處置) -總量	6	kg Co ₂ eq- 公斤二氧化碳當量	1,770	24,075
– Intensity	一密度		kg Co₂ eq-/sq.feet 公斤二氧化碳當量/平方呎	0.30	2.07
Paper (Recycled) – Total	紙張(已回收) -總量		kg Co₂ eq-/sq.feet 公斤二氧化碳當量/平方呎	178	764

Note 1: GHG includes combustion of fuels controlled by the Group, carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide etc. For easy understanding, the amount of GHG emissions stated in this table is calculated in the unit of kg CO₂ eq-produced. The global warming potential values for methane and nitrous oxide are 28 and 265 respectively.

附註1: 溫室氣體包括本集團控制的燃料燃燒產生的氣體、 二氧化碳、甲烷及一氧化二氮等。為便於理解, 本表所載溫室氣體排放量以已產生公斤二氧化 碳當量為單位進行計算。甲烷及一氧化二氮的全 球變暖潛力值分別為28及265。

- Note 2: Energy indirect emissions by the Group were mainly from electricity consumption. The latest emission factor of CLP was extracted from the CLP sustainable report of 2020, and the latest emission factor of HK Electric was extracted from the carbon calculator of HK Electric in calculating the data of 2021. The emission factors are 0.50 kg CO₂ per unit for the electricity supplied by CLP and 0.71 kg CO₂ per unit for electricity supplied by HK Electric.
- Note 3: The Toolkit was used to calculate the data of other indirect emissions of GHG by the Group.
- Note 4: The Total GHG emissions of the Group, had increased by approximately 34% compared with last year, which was mainly attributable to the increase in the usage of motor vehicles for business purposes.
- Note 5: Given that the principal business of the Group was office-based, the unit of square feet ("sq.ft.") was used as a factor in calculating the intensity of direct emissions, energy indirect emissions and other indirect emissions in this table. For the year ended 31 December 2021, due to the relocation to the new office, the total area of the operating premises of the Group has decreased from 13,232 sq.ft. to 5,927 sq. ft..
- Note 6: Non-hazardous waste disposal of the Group mainly comprised general office waste. Owing to practical reasons, the data of non-hazardous waste disposal was estimated figures. The data of 2020 and 2021 was estimated by taking a daily average volume of non-hazardous waste disposal as a sample.

The total non-hazardous waste disposal, was decreased from approximately 24,075 kg CO_2 eq- for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately 1,770 kg CO_2 eq- during the year. The intensity of non-hazardous waste generated by the Group decreased from approximately 2.07 kg/sq. ft. for the year 2020 to approximately 0.30 kg/sq. ft. for the year 2021, mainly attributable to relocation of office premises in 2020.

During the year under review, the total GHG emissions had increased by approximately 34% as compared to the corresponding period in 2020. Moving forward, business growth may inevitably generate direct emissions, due to the increase of business activities and usage of relatively more resources. In order to strike a balance between business growth and the control of direct emissions, the Group target to maintain and control the increment of petrol and electricity consumption by 10% and 5% respectively in the coming year.

附註2: 本集團的能源間接排放主要來自耗電。於計算二零二一年數據時,中電的最新排放係數摘錄自中電二零二零年可持續發展報告,而香港電燈的最新排放係數則摘錄自香港電燈的碳排放計算機。中電供電的排放係數為每單位0.50公斤二氧化碳,而香港電燈供電的排放係數為每單位0.71公斤二氧化碳。

附註3: 工具箱用作計算本集團溫室氣體的其他間接排 放量。

附註4: 本集團的溫室氣體排放總量較去年增加約34%, 主要由於商務用車使用量增加所致。

附註5:鑑於本集團的主要業務於辦公室進行,故在本表中以平方呎(「平方呎」)為係數計算直接排放、 能源間接排放及其他間接排放的密度。於截至二 零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,由於辦公室搬 遷,本集團經營場所的總面積由13,232平方呎減 少至5,927平方呎。

附註6: 本集團無害廢棄物棄置主要包括一般辦公室廢物。 由於實際原因,無害廢棄物棄置的數據為估計數 據。二零二零年及二零二一年數據乃以日均無害 廢棄物棄置量為樣例進行估算。

無害廢棄物棄置總量由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的約24,075公斤二氧化碳當量減少至本年度的約1,770公斤二氧化碳當量。本集團產生的無害廢棄物密度由二零二零年的約2.07公斤/平方呎減少至二零二一年的約0.30公斤/平方呎,主要由於二零二零年辦公室搬遷所致。

於回顧年度內,溫室氣體總排放量較二零二零年同期增加約34%。展望未來,由於業務活動增加及使用的資源相對較多,業務增長可能不可避免地產生直接排放。為了在業務增長與控制直接排放之間取得平衡,本集團未來一年的目標是將汽油及電力消耗的增幅分別控制在10%及5%。

The emission reduction measures were as follow:

- encourage employees to turn off the engine when the vehicle is not in use;
- remind employees to plan routes ahead of time to reduce route repetition and optimize fuel consumption;
- arrange regular maintenance service to the vehicles to ensure optimal engine performance and fuel use; and
- actively adopt energy conservation measures which are described in the section headed "Use of Resources" below;
- avoid peak hour traffic; and
- encourage staff to use public transport instead of private vehicle.

WASTE DISPOSAL AND RECYCLING

As the principal business of the Group was office-based, no hazardous waste as defined in the "Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and their Disposal, 1989" was produced during the year under review. The Group implements policies to enhance employees' awareness of waste separation and recycling. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the weight of used paper collected for recycling was 178 kg.

In the future, the Group will continue its efforts to handle non-hazardous waste with the aim of maintaining or reducing the total generation of such waste. Actions to reduce wastes are as follows:

- encourage the use of electronic scanning or electronic fax to reduce photocopying;
- introduce collection and recycling of e-waste such as old computers or other office equipment; and
- Re-use office consumables such as printing paper and manila envelopes.

USE OF RESOURCES

The Group treasures natural resources as a gift from nature, and it encourages efficient use of resources to avoid over-consumption. Employees are encouraged to turn off lights and electronic appliances that are not in use after business hours. Reminder tags are placed in the office to remind employees to adjust thermostats at a reasonable room temperature. Office consumables such as light bulbs and stationery are replaced or purchased only when necessary in order to avoid wastage.

減排放量措施如下:

- 鼓勵僱員不使用車輛時關閉引擎;
- 提醒僱員提前規劃路線,減少路線重複及優 化燃料消耗;
- 安排定期進行車輛保養,以確保引擎性能及 燃料使用處於最佳狀態;及
- 積極採取下文「資源使用」一節所述的節能 措施;
- 避開交通高峰時段;及
- 鼓勵員工乘搭公共交通工具代替私家車。

廢物棄置及循環再用

由於本集團主要業務於辦公室進行,於回顧年度 內並無產生「一九八九年控制危險廢物越境轉移 及其處置巴塞爾公約」所定義的有害廢物。本集團 實施政策以提高僱員對廢物分類及循環再用的意 識。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,共收 集超過178公斤的舊紙張以作回收。

未來,本集團將繼續努力,處理無害廢棄物,以維 持或減少該等廢棄物的產生總量。減少廢棄物的 措施如下:

- 鼓勵使用電子掃描或電子傳真以減少影印;
- 收集及回收電子廢物,如舊電腦或其他辦公 室設備;及
- 重覆使用辦公室消耗品如打印紙及馬尼拉 紙質信封。

資源使用

本集團珍惜天然資源,視之為大自然的禮物,並鼓勵有效地運用資源,避免過度消耗。本集團鼓勵僱員在營業時間後關閉室內不使用的電燈及電器。辦公室內設有提醒標籤,提醒僱員將恒溫器調節至合理的室溫。僅在有需要的時候才更換或購買如燈泡及文具等辦公室消耗品,以免浪費。

The Group's business is office-based, and it merely involves regular daily water consumption and discharge. No issue arises in sourcing water that is fit for the purpose of the Group's operation as the water supply is managed by the building management office. Employees are reminded to turn off the water faucet when it is not in use. Reminder tags of water conservation are placed at a conspicuous position near the sinks to remind employees to save water. Besides, in order to promote the habit of conservation of natural resources, reminder tags are placed in the office's washrooms to encourage the staff to conserve toilet paper and tissues.

本集團的業務於辦公室進行,並只涉及日常用水及排放。本集團於求取適用於營運的水源方面並無產生問題,因用水供應乃由大廈管理處管理。本集團提醒僱員在不使用水龍頭時將其關閉。於水槽附近當眼地方貼有保護水資源的提醒標籤以提醒僱員節約用水。此外,為促進維護自然資源的習慣,辦公室洗手間設有提醒標籤,鼓勵員工節約廁紙及紙巾。

As the Group is not engaged in the manufacturing business, its operation does not involve the use of packaging materials and labelling.

由於本集團並不從事生產業務,故其營運不涉及 包裝材料及標籤的使用。

The volume and the intensity of energy and water consumption by the Group during the year under review, together with the comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2020 were as follows. Given that the principal business of the Group was office-based, sq. ft. is used as the unit in calculating the intensity of electricity and water consumption:

本集團於回顧年度內的耗能及耗水量和密度,連同截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的比較數字如下。鑑於本集團的主要業務在辦公室進行,因此平方呎被用作計算耗電及耗水密度的單位:

			Energy and Water Consumption 耗能及耗水			
				021		20
			二零	二一年	零_	二零年
		Note	Unit	Unit/sq. feet	Unit	Unit/sq. feet
				每平方呎		每平方呎
		附註	用量	用量	用量	用量
Direct energy – Petrol (kilowatt-hour (" kWh ") in '000s) Indirect energy – Electricity (kWh in '000s)	直接能源一汽油 ('000千瓦小時 (「 千瓦時 」)) 間接能源-電力 ('000千瓦時)	1	76,309 34,903	12.87 5.89	47,420 35,689	4.08 2.70
Water Consumption	耗水	2	N/A 不適用 N		N/A 7	下適用
Total:	總計:		111,212	18.76	83,109	6.78

Note 1: The relevant conversion factors are referenced from the International Energy $$\operatorname{\sc Agency}$.$

附註1: 相關轉換係數乃參考國際能源署數據。

Note 2: Since the Group operates in leased office premises, the data of its water consumption was not available to the Group.

附註2: 由於本集團在租賃的辦公室內經營,故本集團無 法獲取其耗水量數據。

In the following year, the Group is committed to initiating further measures addressing energy consumption, with the aim to maintain or reduce the intensity of energy consumption. The respective measures are as follows:

未來一年,本集團將致力於採取進一步措施解決 能源消耗問題,以維持或減低能源消耗密度。有關 措施如下:

Electricity

- replace broken electronic devices and electric appliances with new models having energy efficiency label;
- regularly clean lamps or light bulbs to ensure luminous efficiency and effective illumination;
- keep doors, windows, and entrances closed to prevent loss of air conditioning in the office;
- assure the cooling effect of air conditioning equipment by proper maintenance;
- promoting the use of energy-saving lighting system such as LED; and
- Remind employees to turn off the office electronic appliances before get off from work.

電力

- 選購獲能源標籤之新產品替代已損壞的電子設備及電器;
- 定期清潔照明燈具或燈泡,確保照明效率及 有效照明;
- 保持門窗及入口關閉,防止辦公室空調冷氣 流失;
- 透過適當保養確保空調設備的冷氣效果;
- 推動使用LED燈等節能照明系統;及
- 提醒員工在下班前關閉辦公室的電器。

Petrol

The Group's use of Petrol was mainly attributable to our official vehicles and use of diesel was mainly to our vessel, and we allocated the use of high-grade petrol and diesel to reduce the Impact on the environment. Meanwhile, we encourage employee to use public transportation as much as possible to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

汽油

本集團的汽油和柴油使用主要分別源自我們的公務車輛和船,我們倡導使用高階的汽油,降低對環境的影響。同時鼓勵員工盡量乘坐交通工具出行,以減低温室氣體排放。

ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Being a financial institution, most of the Group's business operations involve document printing. No significant impacts are made on the environment and natural resources resulting from the Group's operation except from the printing of loan documents and internal documents, which can result in the consumption of a large amount of printing papers. The Group takes the following steps to on minimise the use of paper:

- promoting the use of double-sided printing and recycling nonconfidential used paper;
- reminder tags are placed in office to encourage employees to use double-sided printing function, recycled paper; or choose "2 pages per sheet" printing function; and
- maximize usage of e-mails, Internal networks and scanners to send or store documents electronically.

環境及天然資源

作為一間金融機構,本集團大部分業務營運均涉及文件打印。除打印貸款文件及內部文件會消耗 大量打印紙張外,本集團的營運對環境及天然資源並無造成重大影響。故此,本集團採取以下措施 節約用紙:

- 推廣使用雙面影印及回收非機密的廢紙;
- 放置提醒標籤,鼓勵員工使用雙面打印功能, 循環再用紙;或選擇將兩頁列印於一頁紙的 打印功能;及
- 盡量使用電子郵件,內部網絡及掃瞄器等, 以電子方式傳送或儲存文檔。

To enhance environmental awareness of the staff not just within the office, but also in everyday life, the Group also provides some environmental-friendly tips to employees, such as "Green Christmas Tips" for reducing the waste of packaging materials and food resulting from Christmas presents and meals.

為了提高員工在辦公室以及日常生活中的環保意識,本集團亦向僱員提供若干環保貼士(如有關減少來自聖誕節禮物及食物的包裝材料及食物浪費的「綠色聖誕貼士」)。

Climate Change

As the principal business of the Group is office-based, there are no significant climate-related issues which have impacted or which may impact the Group. In view of the possible natural disasters or adverse weathers which might affect the Group's operation, a business contingency plan is in place to define the recovery process for restoring the critical business functions of the Group and minimising the loss of revenue, customers or data. The staff handbook of the Group also stipulates the work arrangements for office in the event of typhoon or rainstorms.

The Group conducts year to year comparison for the data on its GHG emission, the use of resources, including electricity consumption, and discharges of non-hazardous solid waste to quantify the Group's achievements in terms of its measures on emission and waste reduction and initiatives on efficient use of resources. The management considers that the overall results of the environmental protection measures are satisfactory, and the Group will continue to make contributions to environmental protection.

SOCIAL SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR PRACTICES

Employment

Employees are crucial assets of the Group. A caring workplace helps enhance employees' sense of belonging. Comprehensive guidelines and procedures regarding human resources, including but not limited to recruitment, working hours, rest periods as well as compensation are established. Guidelines on recruitment, promotion and staff appraisals are set forth in the Recruitment Policy. Employees who commit misconducts or violate company rules may be dismissed in accordance with the Group's dismissal policy. To encourage retention and foster a sense of belonging, a remuneration policy and structure is formulated to govern the remuneration package of all management and staff of the Group. In addition to maternity leave, paternity leave and condolence leave, employees are entitled to birthday leave which shows the Group's emphasis on its relationships with employees. Other benefits and welfare are documented in the Group's Staff Handbook. To promote a breastfeedingfriendly working environment, the Group has also joined the "Say Yes to Breastfeeding" campaign launched by UNICEF HK in collaboration with the Food and Health Bureau of the Department of Health.

氣候變化

由於本集團的主要業務在辦公室進行,故並無影響或可能影響本集團的重大氣候相關問題。鑑於可能發生的自然災害或不利天氣可能影響本集團的營運,本集團已制定一套業務應變計劃,確定復原本集團關鍵業務功能的恢復程序,並盡量減少收益損失、客戶損失或數據丢失。本集團的員工手冊亦訂明有關颱風或暴雨天氣的辦公安排。

本集團每年比較其溫室氣體排放、資源使用(包括耗電量)及無害固體廢物排放的數據,以量化本集團在減排及減廢措施以及資源使用成效措施方面的成績。管理層認為整體環保措施表現成果令人滿意,本集團將會繼續為環保作出貢獻。

社會可持續發展

僱傭及勞工常規

僱傭

During the year under review, the Group had a total of 28 full-time employees and the turnover rate was 65.5%. The following charts demonstrate the distribution of employees and turnover by gender, age group, employment type and geographical region.

於回顧年度內,本集團共有28名全職僱員,流失率 為65.5%。以下圖表顯示按僱員性別、年齡組別、 僱傭類型及地區劃分的僱員分佈情況及流失率。

			2021 二零二一年		2020 二零二零年			
				Male	Female		Male	Female
By gender	按性別劃分			男性	女性		男性	女性
– Employee diversity	-僱員多樣化	%		57.0	43.0		61.0	39.0
– Employee turnover rate	-僱員流失率	%		27.6	37.9		30.0	16.0
			Age			Age		
			under 30	30-50	Above 50	under 30	30-50	Above 50
			年齢			年齢		
By age group	按年齡組別劃分		30歲以下	30至50歲	50歲以上	30歲以下	30至50歲	50歲以上
– Employee diversity	-僱員多樣化	%	28.0	68.0	4.0	32.0	58.0	10.0
– Employee turnover rate	- 僱員流失率	%	13.8	44.8	6.9	5.5	35.0	5.5
					Outside			Outside
			Hong	Kong	Hong Kong	Hong	Kong	Hong Kong
By geographical region	按地區劃分			香港	香港以外		香港	香港以外
– Employee diversity	-僱員多樣化	%		89.0	11.0		90.0	10.0
– Employee turnover rate	-僱員流失率	%		65.5	0.0		46.0	0.0

Safe and Healthy Working Environment

The Group strives to create a safe working environment as recommended by the Occupational Safety and Health Council in Hong Kong. For instance, computer workstations for employees are designed in a way that will help alleviate health problems like upper limb pains and discomfort resulting from inappropriate postures. Reading materials in relation to occupational safety and health are circulated to all employees to ensure they are equipped with updated knowledge in this regard. The Group is committed to creating a working environment free of discrimination and harassment, which can reduce employees' work stress. The Group prohibits discrimination in any circumstances. Reporting channel is also provided for staff who feels being treated unfairly and appropriate actions will be taken to address such issues if they arise. Further, a business contingency plan is in place to protect the Group from possible threats and risks caused by emergent situation or disaster in order to maintain the safety of employees in such situations.

In response to the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has taken certain actions to strengthen the health and safety precautionary measures in its workplace so as to ensure the health of its employees. Apart from increasing the frequency of office cleaning and sterilisation, employees are also required to wear surgical face masks in office areas. Epidemic prevention supplies such as surgical face mask, thermometer and alcohol-based hand sanitisers are provided in office, and some staff events of the Group were suspended or cancelled during the year under review given the need to reduce physical interaction for the sake of health consideration for the employees of the Group. As a droplet and contact precaution, acrylic partitions have been installed at the reception counters. Special work arrangements such as flexible working hours and job rotation have also been adopted. The Group has strictly followed guidelines and announcements made by the Center for Health Protection in regards to epidemic prevention, and the Group strives to provide a healthy and safe working environment for employees.

Given the nature of the Group's money lending business, there was no significant risk relating to employees' health and safety. During the year under review, there were neither work-related fatalities nor any lost workdays due to work injury. The Group was also not aware of any material non-compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance (Chapter 509 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other health and safety-related laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group.

安全及健康的工作環境

本集團致力建構符合香港職業安全健康局所建議的安全工作環境。例如,僱員的電腦工作桌椅的設計有助舒緩因姿勢不正確引致上肢痛症和不適健康問題。本集團會把有關職業安全及健康的閱讀材料分發給所有僱員,以確保彼等掌握這些關實的最新知識。本集團致力營造零歧視及零騷擾面的最新知識。本集團致力營造零歧視及零縣團亦工作環境,有助減輕僱員的工作壓力。本集團亦有提供舉報渠道,且倘發生工。本集團亦有提供舉報渠道,且倘發生宜。此外,本集團民管探取適當行動解決此類事宜。此外,本集團已制定一套業務應變計劃,以保保養團免受因緊急狀況或災難引致的潛在威脅及風險,從而在此種情況下保護僱員的安全。

為應對2019冠狀病毒病疫情的爆發,本集團已採取若干行動加強工作場所的健康與安全預防措施,以確保僱員的健康。除增加辦公室清潔及消毒的頻率外,僱員亦須於辦公室內佩戴醫用外科口罩。本集團於辦公室內提供外科口罩、溫度計及酒精消毒搓手液等防疫用品,為了本集團僱員健康考慮,需要減少現場互動,故回顧年度某些員工活動被暫停或取消。為了預防飛沫和接觸,我們在接待檯上安裝了亞克力隔板。我們亦採納彈性工作時間及輪更等特別工作安排。本集團嚴格遵守衛生防護中心有關防疫的指引及公告,並致力為僱員提供健康且安全的工作環境。

基於本集團業務性質為放債業務,僱員於工作時並無有關健康及安全威脅的重大風險。於回顧年度,本集團概無因工死亡事件,亦無因工傷而損失工作日數。本集團亦不知悉任何嚴重違反《職業安全及健康條例》(香港法例第509章)及其他健康與安全相關法律及法規且會對本集團產生重大影響的事件。

Development and Training

The Group adopted a Staff Training and Development Policy with the aims to improve and enhance its competitiveness in the financial market as high-quality staff training forms the foundation for the provision of superior financial services to the customers. Staff training (including the distribution of training materials) is provided regularly on any updates or information, in particular, in relation to the money lending industry with reference to the fast-changing market environment, the business objectives of the Group and the relevant requirements of the regulatory bodies. A self-development sponsorship policy is also in place to encourage continuous learning and development of staff by providing financial supports to nurture talents and explore various potentials of staff.

The Group provides continuous professional trainings to employees to ensure they are equipped with updated knowledge and skills to perform their duties. Staff training is conducted every year to ensure employees are well-informed of the policies and procedures of the Group. Besides, staff trainings in relation to the MLO, AML, counter-terrorist financing ("CTF") and anti-corruption were conducted during the year under review. Details regarding the staff trainings on AML, CTF and anti-corruption are set out in the sub-paragraph headed "Anti-corruption, AML and CTF" in the section headed "Operating Practices" in this ESG Report.

The following chart demonstrate the breakdown of employees trained and average training hours by gender and employee category during the year under review:

發展及培訓

本集團已採納員工培訓及發展政策,藉此改善及提升其於金融市場的競爭力,因頂尖的員工培訓(包為向客戶提供優越金融服務的基石。員工培訓(包括分發培訓材料)會因應瞬息萬變的市場環境、本集團的業務目標及監管機構的相關規定,定期提供有關放債行業的任何最新狀況或資料。本集團亦已制定自我進修資助政策,透過提供財務支援鼓勵員工持續進修及發展,藉此培育人才及發掘員工的多樣潛能。

本集團為僱員提供持續專業培訓,以確保彼等具備最新知識及技能履行職責。每年會舉行員工培訓會,以確保僱員充分瞭解本集團政策及程序。此外,有關放債人條例、打擊洗錢、恐怖分子資金籌集(「恐怖分子資金籌集」)以及反貪污的員工培訓,亦於回顧年度舉行。有關打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集以及反貪污的員工培訓之詳情,載於本環境、社會及管治報告「營運慣例」一節「反貪污、打擊洗錢及恐佈分子資金籌集」的分段內。

下表顯示於回顧年度內按性別及僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員明細及平均培訓時數:

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Average training hours by employee category	按僱員類別劃分的平均受訓時數			
– Executive Directors and Senior Management	-執行董事及高級管理人員	(hours) (小時)	3.22	2.11
– Management	- 管理人員	(hours) (小時)	3.00	2.71
– General Staff	-一般員工	(hours) (小時)	2.40	1.33
Average training because by gooder	按性別劃分的平均受訓時數			
Average training hours by gender		/l> / ./s n± >	3.18	1.67
– Male	一男性	(hours) (小時)		1.67
– Female	一女性	(hours) (小時)	2.33	2.00
Employees trained by employee category	按僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員			
– Executive Directors and Senior Management	-執行董事及高級管理人員	%	45	29
– Management	- 管理人員	%	5	32
– General Staff	般員工	%	50	39
Face leaves to be found by some dea	· 사용 미화 / 사호케션 등			
Employees trained by gender	按性別劃分的受訓僱員	0/		22
– Male	一男性	%	55	32
– Female	一女性	%	45	68

Labour Standard

The Group emphasises the importance of labour diversity and equal opportunities in recruitment and promotion matters. Candidates with different qualifications and experiences are welcome in order to diversify the labour base. The recruitment policy of the Group sets out a transparent mechanism and practice for recruitment in compliance with the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group in relation to child and forced labour prevention, recruitment and promotion, equal opportunity and anti-discrimination. It also states clearly that criteria such as age, gender, marital status, nationality, race, sexual orientation, pregnancy, physical and mental disabilities and religious belief should not be considered in the candidates screening process so as to ensure equal treatment to all applicants. Child and forced labour are strictly prohibited in the Group. To avoid illegal employment of child and forced labour, each of the job applicants is required to fill in an employment application form, in which personal data necessary for ensuring that the applicant is over the statutory minimum age for employment is collected. Personal information, such as the number of identity card, is also collected for the sake of identity verification.

During 2021, no complaints were received regarding child or forced labour, unfair treatment or discrimination during the recruitment and promotion process. The Group is also not aware of any material non-compliance with the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other child and forced labour related laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group.

OPERATING PRACTICES

Supply Chain Management

Given the business of the Group as a financial services provider, suppliers of the Group are mainly service providers who provide services supporting the daily office operation of the Group. The Group adopted a Vendor Selection Guideline. During the supplier engagement and tender process, our evaluation criteria include factors such as product and services quality, business operation standards, delivery capabilities and price with respect to competitive fairness, in general we will invite two or more parties to submit their quotation under normal circumstances for new supplier engagement. The Group also works with suppliers that supply office consumable products, and those that provide printing and cleaning service. During 2021, the Group had around 50 suppliers, and all of them are from Hong Kong.

勞工準則

於二零二一年,在人事招聘及晉升過程中,未有收到任何有關童工及強制勞工、不公平對待或歧視的投訴。本集團亦不知悉任何嚴重違反《僱傭條例》(香港法例第57章)及其他童工及強制勞工相關法律及法規且會對本集團產生重大影響的事件。

營運慣例

供應鏈管理

鑑於本集團的業務為提供金融服務,本集團供應商主要為本集團辦公室日常營運提供支援服務的服務供應商。本集團已採納供應商甄選指引。在與供應商接洽及招標的過程中,我們的評估標準包括產品及服務質素、業務及營運標準、交付能力及價格等因素。為確保公平競爭,在一般情況下我們在接洽新供應商時,通常會邀請兩名或以上供應商提供報價。本集團亦與供應辦公室消耗品以及提供印刷及清潔服務的供應商合作。於二零二一年,本集團有約50名供應商,全部來自香港。

In order to build up cooperative relationships with different suppliers in a socially responsible manner, guidelines are established and adopted to outline the criteria to be considered when selecting suppliers and vendors with an aim to establish a sustainable relationship with suppliers and to safeguard the welfare of the workers, protect the community and the environment. The criteria include the protection of workers' human rights, safety and health by the suppliers and so on. The Group's employees are required to follow the guidelines when selecting suppliers and the Group will periodically review their implementation.

為了以對社會負責的方式與不同供應商建立合作關係,本集團已建立及採納指引,以概括挑選供應商及賣方時應考慮之標準。此舉旨在與供應商建立可持續關係,並保障員工福利、保護社區與環境。該標準包括供應商對員工人權、安全和健康的保障等。本集團的僱員於選擇供應商時須遵守指引,而本集團將定期檢討其實施情況。

Green Procurement

To promote green procurement practices in our operations, we have taken the following actions:

- 1. Use LED fluorescent tubes;
- 2. Durable and washable wallpaper;
- 3. Carpets and floors with a material recycling rate of 70%; and
- 4. Use recyclable photocopier

The Group evaluates and monitors the ESG risks along the supply chain in accordance with the risk management policy of the Group. Details of the risk management system are set out in the section headed "Risk Management and Internal Control" in the CG Report of the Company set out from page 34 to 36 of the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021. During 2021, the risk of suppliers bringing significant negative impacts (whether actual or contingent) on the Group's business is negligible, and the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance incidents of suppliers regarding environmental and labour protections.

Products and Services Responsibility

The Group has always striven to provide diversified financial solutions to customers. Honest and comprehensive information about the products is provided to customers with the aim to help them make appropriate informed decisions. In addition, with its customer-oriented principle, the Group emphasises quality services to raise customers' satisfaction. Members of staff are encouraged to give prompt response and provide the best assistance to customers.

The Group ensures the products and services provided are in compliance with applicable laws, regulations and relevant guidelines, proper approval procedures and relevant risk assessment would be conducted before launching any new products. The money laundering and terrorist financing risks of all existing products would be reviewed regularly as an ongoing monitoring control of the product risk.

綠色採購

在業務中提倡綠色採購實踐,我們已採取以下措施:

- 1. 採用LED螢光燈管;
- 2. 耐用及可清洗牆紙;
- 3. 材料循環再用率達70%的地毯及地板;及
- 4. 採用回收再生影印機

本集團根據其風險管理政策評估及監察供應鏈中的環境、社會及管治風險。有關風險管理系統的詳情列載於本公司截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的年報第34至36頁本公司企業管治報告內「風險管理及內部監控」一節。於二零二一年,供應商對本集團業務造成重大負面影響(不論實際或或然)之風險極微,而本集團並不知悉供應商有任何關於環境及勞工保障之嚴重違規事件。

產品及服務責任

本集團一直致力向客戶提供多元化財務解決方案。 向客戶提供誠實及全面的產品資料,旨在幫助客 戶在知情情況下作出適當決定。此外,基於其以客 戶為中心的原則,本集團強調品質服務,以提升客 戶的滿意度。我們亦鼓勵員工迅速回應客戶需求 及提供最佳的協助。

本集團確保所提供的產品及服務符合適用法律、 法規及相關指引,並於推出任何新產品前,進行適 當的審核程序及相關風險評估。作為對產品風險 的持續監控,本集團將定期檢討所有現有產品的 洗錢及恐怖份子資金籌集風險。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告(continued 實)

The Group strives to provide quality financial services to the customers and values customers' needs. Customers who wish to make any inquiries, feedback, recommendation or complaints may refer to the contact details set out in the section headed "Dialogue and Communication" in this ESG Report. During 2021, the Group had not received any service-related complaints.

The Group registered its trademark with The Trade Marks Registry under the Intellectual Property Department in 2013 to enjoy exclusive right to use the trademark during its provision of financial services to customers and in the Group's publications and advertising materials.

During the year under review, no material breach or non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations regarding the business and operations of the Group is found. In particular, the Group adhered to the applicable laws regulating its principal business of money lending i.e., MLO. In respect of advertising, the Group complied with the latest additional licensing conditions imposed on money lenders and was not aware of any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group relating to advertising during 2021.

Data Privacy

The Group values security and protection of customers' privacy and personal data. Information provided by customers is handled with due care and in accordance with the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Chapter 486 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("PDPO") and other relevant laws and regulations. Guidelines regarding the handling of confidential information are provided to staff to enhance information security in business operations and across departments. Emails are encrypted and passwords are added to attachments when necessary in order to preserve the confidentiality of material information. Statement for the collection of personal data is provided to customers before the collection of personal data. A data protection officer is appointed by the Group to oversee the Group's compliance with the PDPO.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with the PDPO and other relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group relating to privacy matters.

The customers can contact the data protection officer of the Group via email to contact@firstcredit.com.hk if they have any complaints or concerns in relation to the Group's compliance with the PDPO and/or any other relevant laws and regulations relating to personal data privacy.

本集團致力為客戶提供優質的金融服務,重視客戶需求。客戶如有任何查詢、反饋、建議或投訴,可參閱本環境、社會及管治報告「對話及溝通」一節所載的聯絡詳情。於二零二一年,本集團並無收到任何服務相關的投訴。

本集團於二零一三年向知識產權署轄下商標註冊 處註冊其商標,以於向客戶提供金融服務期間及 於本集團刊物及廣告材料中享有獨家商標使用權。

於回顧年度,並無發現嚴重違反或不遵守有關本集團業務及經營之相關法律及法規的情況。尤其是本集團已遵守監管其放債主要業務的適用法例(即放債人條例)。在廣告宣傳方面,本集團已遵守對放債人施加的最新額外發牌條件,且並不知悉於二零二一年任何涉及廣告宣傳而違反相關法律及法規會對本集團產生重大影響的事件。

資料私隱

本集團重視客戶私隱及個人資料之安全及保護。客戶所提供的資料根據《個人資料(私隱)條例》(香港法例第486章)(「**私隱條例**」)及其他法律及法規審慎處理。本集團已向員工提供有關處理保密資料之指引,以改善業務營運及各部門的資訊保安。電郵於必要時會加密處理,且附件設有密碼,以保障重要資料的保密度。收集個人資料前,本集團會向客戶提供收集個人資料聲明。本集團已委任一名資料保障主任,監察本集團遵守私隱條例的情況。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團並不知悉任何涉及私隱事宜而嚴重違反私隱條例及其他相關法律及法規且會對本集團產生重大影響的事件。

倘客戶對本集團遵守私隱條例及/或任何其他有關個人資料私隱的相關法律及法規的情況有任何投訴或疑問,可發送電郵至contact@firstcredit.com.hk,聯絡本集團的資料保障主任。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告(continued 實)

Anti-fraud and whistle-blowing policy

The Group has established an anti-fraud policy to detect and prevent fraud within the Group. By implementing the fraud risk assessment, the Group is able to dictate the frequency of risk assessment and apply relative investigation procedures so as to minimize the fraud risk. The Group has also implemented a whistle-blowing policy, which allows all staff and independent third parties, including customers, suppliers and contractors, to report any possible improprieties, misconducts, malpractices or irregularities in matters of financial reporting, internal control or other matters to the Board or the Audit Committee anonymously. The Group will handle the reports and complaints with care and will treat the whistle-blower's concerns fairly and properly. Any person who is found to have victimized or retaliated against those who have raised concerns under this policy will subject to disciplinary sanctions. This is no legal case regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or its employees during the reporting period.

Anti-Corruption, AML and CTF

Engaging in the money lending business, the Group's employees have to deal with money transactions in the day-to-day business operation. Potential risks regarding improper or dishonest handling of money by customers or employees cannot be neglected. Guidelines in relation to anti-corruption and fraud and a policy and procedure regarding AML and CTF ("AML and CTF Policy and Procedure") are formulated and stated to the staff.

The Group strives to achieve high standards of ethics in its business operations and does not tolerate any corruptions and other behaviours violating work ethics. The Group stipulates the code of conduct in the staff handbook and encourages the staff to report any incident of soliciting and accepting advantages.

As part of the loan approval process, the Group will carry out appropriate customer due diligence procedures on a risk-based approach to assess the risk of money laundering and terrorist financing. Details of the Group's customer due diligence measures are set out in the Company's AML and CTF Policy and Procedure. Besides, measures regarding monitoring and reporting of suspicious cases are also implemented and maintained throughout the operation of the Group. Any suspicious case of money laundering or terrorist financing which comes to the staff's knowledge will be reported to the money laundering reporting officer ("MLRO") of the Group immediately. Taking the relevant information into account, MLRO will evaluate the suspicious case on a case-bycase basis and will report to the Joint Financial Intelligence Unit of the Hong Kong Government as soon as practicable if he considers it necessary. To ensure that the existing AML and CTF systems are up-to-date, effective and able to efficiently manage the potential money laundering and terrorist financing risks, regular reviews will be conducted.

反欺詐及舉報政策

本集團已制定反欺詐政策,以發現及防止本集團內的欺詐行為。通過進行欺詐風險評估,本集團能夠確定風險評估的頻率並應用相關調查程序,從而盡量降低欺詐風險。本集團亦已實施舉報政策,允許所有員工及獨立第三方(包括客戶、供應商及電稅。在人會主任人也不當行為,不以不可可能發生的任何不當行為、失當行為、瀆職或違規行為。本集團將謹慎處理舉報及投訴,並將公平、妥善地處理舉報人的關注事項。任何人士如被發現對根據本政策提出關注的人士進行迫害或報復,將受到紀律處分。於報告期間,概無針對本集團或其僱員提出的貪污訴訟案件。

反貪污、打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集

本集團從事放債業務,日常業務營運中需要本集團僱員處理金錢交易,故不能忽視客戶或僱員處理金錢不當或不實之潛在風險。本集團已設立,並向員工述明有關反貪污及欺詐的指引,以及有關打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集的政策及程序(「打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集政策及程序」)。

本集團致力在其業務營運中達致高水平的道德標準,絕不容忍任何貪污及其他違反職業道德的行為。本集團在員工手冊中規定行為守則,並鼓勵員工報告任何索取及收受利益的事件。

作為貸款批核過程中的一部分,本集團將按以風 險為本的方針實施適當的客戶盡職審查程序, 評估洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集的風險。有關 哪客戶盡職審查措施,詳情載於本公司打擊集 及恐怖分子資金籌集政策及程序。此外,本集 及恐怖分子資金籌集政策及程序。此外,本會 實施有關監控及舉報可疑個案的措施,並會 等運中維持。當員工獲悉任何洗錢或集團在分 發電等集的可疑個案時,將立即為 發報告主任(「洗錢報告主任」) 匯報。洗錢報告主任(於考慮有關資料後,將會按逐個案件評估下現 家,並於彼認為必要時在切實可行的確保明 有效管理潛在洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集的 致,本集團將會定期進行檢討。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告(continued 實)

For the year under review, in order to fulfill the additional licensing condition for money lenders to comply with the Guideline on Compliance of Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing Requirements for Licensed Money Lenders ("AML and CTF Guideline") published by the Companies Registry, the Company has enhanced its AML and CTF systems in accordance with the latest AML and CTF Guideline. Staff trainings on AML and CTF were also conducted during the year under review to update and familiarise the staff with the latest AML and CTF measures and to provide an overview of the enhanced AML and CTF systems of the Company. Anti-corruption trainings conducted by the Independent Commission Against Corruption ("ICAC") were also provided to the Directors and staff of the Group for the year under review. Reading materials in relation to business ethics and anti-corruption were circulated to all staff, so as to enhance employees' understanding on anti-bribery and anti-corruption.

Staff handbook of the Company sets out the code of conduct regarding accepting and soliciting advantages. All members of the staff are required to follow the code of conduct. A reporting mechanism is also established for staff to report any non-compliance incidents in relation to bribery, corruption, fraud, money laundering or terrorist financing.

No significant risks relating to improper or dishonest handling of money were identified. The Group did not receive any whistle-blowing reports from its employees during the year as well. There were also neither any confirmed incidents or suspected incidents regarding bribery, corruption, fraud, money laundering or terrorist financing against the laws of Hong Kong nor any legal proceedings regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or its employees during the year under review. The Group was not aware of any non-compliance with the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Chapter 201 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other laws and regulations relating to bribery, corruption, fraud, money laundering or terrorist financing which have a significant impact on the Group for the year 2021.

COMMUNITY

Initiatives and efforts of social service organisations, should be recognised and supported. The Group will also explore opportunities to cooperate with different organisations that share the same values and principles with the Group. The Group strives to raise employees' awareness in terms of social involvement and civic consciousness. The Group also established the ESG Team. Employees are also encouraged to participate in community enhancement events such as volunteering and fundraising activities.

於回顧年度內,為履行放債人牌照的額外發牌條件以符合公司註冊處發佈的《持牌放債人遵從打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集指引」),本公司已根養所分子資金籌集指引」),本公司已根養所分子資金籌集指引」),本公司已根養所分子資金籌集系統。於可以上,其擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集系統。於可以上,其下,以一數學洗錢及恐怖分子資金等集措施以是一個人。於四顧年度,董事及本集團員工亦獲,關於一個人。於四顧年度,董事及本集團員工亦獲,關於一個人。於四顧年度,董事及本集團員工亦獲,關於一個人。於四額經過一個人。

本公司的員工手冊載列有關禁止收受及索取利益 的行為守則。所有員工均須遵守行為守則。我們亦 為員工建立舉報機制,以報告任何有關賄賂、貪污、 欺詐、洗錢或恐怖分子資金籌集的違規事件。

本集團並無發現有關處理金錢不當或不實的重大 風險。於本年度內本集團亦無收到來自僱員的任 何舉報。於回顧年度內並無已確認違反或懷疑疑院 反香港法律的有關賄賂、貪污、欺詐、洗錢及恐怖 分子資金籌集事件,亦無對本集團或其僱員提起 的貪污訴訟案件。於二零二一年,本集團並不知悉 任何違反《防止賄賂條例》(香港法例第201章)及 其他有關賄賂、貪污、欺詐、洗錢及恐怖分子資金 籌集的法律及法規,且會對本集團產生重大影響 的事件。

社區

社區服務組織付出的積極努力應得到肯定及支持。 本集團亦將探討與跟本集團秉持同樣價值觀及原 則的各組織合作的可能性。本集團致力提高僱員 對社會參與的覺悟及公民意識。本集團已成立ESG 工作小組。本集團亦鼓勵僱員參與社區活動,如義 工及籌款活動等。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告 (continued)

For the year under review, the community activities of the Group are as 於回顧年度·本集團的社區活動如下:follows:

2021 二零二一年	Programme 活動	Organization 組織者	Details 詳情
March	Pledge in Earth Hour 2021	World Wide Fund	Try to choose green habits, advocate for eco-friendly lifestyles and do our best to protect habitats for our
三月	2021年 「地球一小時」 承諾	世界自然基金會	common future; 養成環保的習慣,倡導環保的生活方式,盡最大努力保 護棲息地,為我們的共同未來添磚加瓦;
April 四月	Food Parcel Packing (Volunteer work) 食品包裝 (義工活動)	Feeding Hong Kong Limited 樂餉社	Staff go to Feeding HK's warehouse to help them for food parcel packing; 員工前往樂餉社倉庫協助包裝食品;
May 五月	Smoke-free Sportswear Day 無煙跑服日	The World Health Organization 世界衛生組織	"Go Smoke-free" to gather public support for the Smoke-free Sportswear Day on 31 May by wearing sportswear and keep exercising to create a supportive social environment for smoking cessation and promote a healthy lifestyle during the pandemic of COVID-19; 五月三十一日舉行的無煙跑服日「無煙起步」活動旨在鼓勵公眾響應穿上跑服及勤作運動,營造鼓勵戒煙的社會環境,在對2019冠狀病毒病疫情期間推廣健康的生活方式;
August 八月	Pledge in Say Yes to Breastfeeding for 2021 「2021年母乳育嬰齊和應」 活動承諾	Hong Kong Committee for UNICEF 聯合國兒童基金會香港委員會	promoting a better environment for breastfeeding in the local community; 推廣母乳餵哺友善社區;
September 九月	Mooncake Box Recycling Campaign 月餅盒回收大行動	Deliveroo/Caring Engaging Smart (by HK Housing Society) 戶戶送/房協友里(香港 房屋協會轄下平台)	Activity information was emailed to staff, so they can contribute to reducing waste by joining this activity; 通過電郵將活動資料發送予員工·讓員工參與活動·為減少浪費盡一分力:
October	Dress Casual Day	The Community Chest of Hong Kong	We made donations to support social services provided by the Chest's member agencies through joined this
十月	便服日	香港公益金	activity; and 我們透過參與此項活動,捐款支持香港公益金會員單位 提供的社會服務; 及
December	Green Gift Exchange at Christmas Lunch Party	(Internal activity)	Staff repackage items which were new and never been used from home and exchanged during the Christmas
十二月	聖誕午餐派對環保禮物交換	(內部活動)	party to reduce waste. 員工將家中從未使用的新物品重新包裝,在聖誕派對上 進行交換,從而減少浪費。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告 (continued 實)

AWARDS

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group received the award of Caring Company (2020/21) from The Hong Kong Council of Social Service which recognizes the efforts paid by the Group on ESG.

DIALOGUE AND COMMUNICATION

The Group will continue to maintain open communication opportunities with various stakeholders on ESG matters from time to time. The Group values every feedback and recommendations from its stakeholders on ESG matters in order to improve its existing ESG policies and practice. Stakeholders may write directly to the Group's principal place of business in Hong Kong at 1/F., O.T.B. Building, Nos.259-265 Des Voeux Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong or via email to enquiry@firstcredit.com.hk for any inquiries, feedback and recommendation regarding ESG-related issues.

獎項

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團收到由香港社會服務聯會頒發的二零二零/ 二一年度商界展關懷獎項,反映本集團在環境、社 會及企業管治方面的努力得到認可。

對話與溝通

本集團將繼續就環境、社會及企業管治事宜不時與各個持份者持續保持開放溝通的機會。本集團重視其持份者有關環境、社會及企業管治事宜的每一項意見及建議,以提升現有環境、社會及企業管治政策及常規。持份者如有任何有關環境、社會及管治事宜的查詢、意見及建議可直接郵寄至本集團之香港主要營業地點(地址為香港上環德輔道中259-265號海外銀行大廈1樓)或以電郵方式發送至enquiry@firstcredit.com.hk。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF FIRST CREDIT FINANCE GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of First Credit Finance Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 84 to 167, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTER

Key audit matter is the matter that, in our professional judgment, was of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. The matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on the matter.

致第一信用金融集團有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達存續之有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「**吾等**」)已審計列載於第84 頁至第167頁第一信用金融集團有限公司(「**貴公 司**」)及其附屬公司(統稱「**貴集團**」)的綜合財務 報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零二一年十二月 三十一日的綜合財務狀況表以及截至該日止年度 的綜合損益及其他全面收入表、綜合權益變動表 和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括 主要會計政策概要。

吾等認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而公平地反映 貴集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度 貴集團的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為編製。

意見基準

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則 (「香港審計準則」)進行審計。吾等根據該等準則 的責任於吾等報告中「核數師就審計綜合財務報 表的責任」進一步描述。根據香港會計師公會之專 業會計師道德守則(「守則」),吾等獨立於 貴集 團,且吾等已根據守則履行吾等其他道德責任。吾 等相信,吾等獲得之審計證據充分及適當,足以為 吾等之意見提供基準。.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項為吾等的專業判斷中,審計本期綜合財務報表中最重要的事項。吾等於審計整體綜合財務報表處理此事項及就此形成意見,而不會就此事項單獨發表意見。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告 (continued 實)

KEY AUDIT MATTER (Cont'd)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項 How our Audit Addressed the Key Audit Matter 吾等的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Impairment of loans receivables

(Refer to notes 19 and 30(C) to the consolidated financial statements)

The measurement of expected credit loss ("ECL") requires the application of significant judgements which include the identification of exposures with a significant deterioration in credit quality, and assumptions used in the ECL models, such as the probabilities of default, loss given default, expected future cash flows and forward-looking macroeconomic factors.

Due to the significance of loans receivables (representing approximately 55% of total assets) and the corresponding uncertainty inherent in such estimation of ECL allowance, we considered this as a key audit matter.

Our audit procedures included the assessment of the origination, segmentation, ongoing internal credit quality assessments, recording and monitoring of loans receivables.

For collectively assessed ECL, we assessed the reasonableness of the Group's ECL models, including the model input, model design, model performance for significant loan portfolios.

We assessed the reasonableness of the Group's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a lifetime ECL basis and the qualitative assessment.

We challenged whether historical experience is representative of current circumstances and of the recent losses incurred in the loan portfolios and assessed the reasonableness of forward-looking adjustments, including the economic variables and assumptions used in each of the economic scenarios and their probability weightings. Where changes had been made in model parameters and assumptions, we evaluated the appropriateness of such changes.

We also assessed and tested the sensitivity of the credit loss provisions to changes in modelling assumptions.

For a sample of exposures that was subject to an individual impairment assessment, we reviewed the Group's assumptions on the expected future cash flows, including assumptions in respect of the value of realisable collateral based on available market information.

We also assessed disclosures in the financial statements relating to the Group's exposure to credit risk.

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告 (continued 續)

KEY AUDIT MATTER (Cont'd)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項 How our Audit Addressed the Key Audit Matter 吾等的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

應收貸款減值

(參閱綜合財務報表附註19及30(C))

計量預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)需要應用重大判斷,包括識別信貸質素顯著惡化之風險,以及預期信貸虧損模式所用假設,例如違約概率、違約損失率、預期未來現金流量及前瞻性宏觀經濟因素。

鑑於應收貸款(佔總資產的55%)之重要性,且有關預期信貸虧 損撥備估算內含相應不確定性,吾等認為此為一項關鍵審計事項。 吾等之審核程序包括評估應收貸款的產生、分類、持續內部信 貸質素評估、記錄及監督。

就集體評估的預期信貸虧損而言,吾等評估了 貴集團預期信 貸虧損模式的合理性,包括重大貸款組合的模式輸入、模式設 計及模式表現。

吾等評估了 貴集團評估信貸風險是否顯著增加致使金融資產 之撥備應按全期預期信貸虧損基準計量所用標準以及定性評 估的合理性。

吾等對歷史經驗是否代表當前情況以及貸款組合中近期產生的虧損提出質疑,並評估了前瞻性調整(包括每種經濟情景中使用的經濟變量及假設及其概率權重)的合理性。倘模式參數和假設已作出變動,則吾等評估該等變化的適當性。

吾等亦評估並測試了信貸虧損撥備對建模假設變動的敏感性。

就個別減值評估的風險樣本而言,吾等審閱了 貴集團對預期 未來現金流量的假設,包括基於可得市場資料對抵押品可變現 價值的假設。

吾等亦評估財務報表中有關 貴集團信貸風險的披露。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告 (continued 續)

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他資料

董事負責其他資料。其他資料包括年報所載資料, 但不包括綜合財務報表及相關核數師報告。

吾等對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料, 吾等亦不對其他資料發表任何形式的核證結論。

審核綜合財務報表時,吾等的責任為閱讀其他資料,於此過程中,考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或吾等於審計過程中所瞭解的情況有重大抵觸,或者似乎有重大錯誤陳述。基於吾等已執行的工作,倘吾等認為其他資料有重大錯誤陳述,吾等須報告該事實。於此方面,吾等沒有任何報告。

董事及負責管治之人士對綜合財 務報表的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規定編製真實而公平地呈列的綜合財務報表,並為其認為必須為使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的內部監控負責。.

編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營 有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非 董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其 他實際的替代方案。

負責管治之人士有責任監督 貴集團的財務報告 過程。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion, solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表的責 任

吾等的目標為合理確定整體綜合財務報表是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的任何重大錯誤陳述,並按照百慕達一九八一年公司法第90條僅向 閣下(作為整體)發出載有吾等意見的核數師報告,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。吾等不會就本報告內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理確定屬高層次核證,但不能擔保根據香港審計準則進行的審核工作總能發現所有存在的重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可源於欺詐或錯誤,倘個別或整體於合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定時,則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

根據香港審計準則進行審核時,吾等運用專業判斷,於整個審核過程中保持專業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述風險,因應此等風險設計及執行審核程序,獲得充足及適當審核憑證為吾等的意見提供基礎。由於欺詐涉及合謀串通、偽造、故意遺漏、誤導性陳述或凌駕內部控制,因此未能發現由此造成的重大錯誤陳述風險較未能發現由於錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述風險更高。
- 瞭解與審核有關的內部控制,以設計恰當的 審核程序,但並非旨在對 貴集團內部控制 的有效程度發表意見。
- 評估所用會計政策是否恰當,以及董事所作 之會計估計及相關披露是否合理。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告 (continued)實

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表的責任(續)

- 總結董事採用以持續經營為基礎的會計法 是否恰當,並根據已獲取的審核憑證,總結 是否有對 貴集團持續經營的能力構成重 大疑問的事件或情況等重大不確定因素。 吾等總結認為存在重大不確定因素,吾等需 於核數師報告中提請注意綜合財務報表內 的相關資料披露,或如果相關披露不足,則 修訂吾等的意見。吾等的結論以截至核數師 報告日期所獲得的審核憑證為基礎。然而, 未來事件或情況可能導致 貴集團不再具 有持續經營的能力。
- 評估綜合財務報表(包括資料披露)的整體 列報、架構及內容,以及綜合財務報表是否 已公允反映及列報相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內各實體或業務活動的財務資料獲得充足的審核憑證,以就綜合財務報表發表意見。吾等須負責指導、監督及執行集團的審核工作。吾等須為吾等的審核意見承擔全部責任。

吾等與負責管治之人士就(其中包括)審核工作的 計劃範圍,時間安排及重大審核發現,包括吾等於 審核期間識別出內部監控的任何重大缺陷溝通。

吾等亦向負責管治之人士提交聲明,説明吾等已 遵守有關獨立性的道德要求,並就所有被合理認 為可能影響吾等的獨立性的關係及其他事宜及為 消除威脅採取的行動或已採納之防範措施(如適用) 與彼等溝通。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告 (continued 續)

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Mr. Siu Jimmy with Practising Certificate number P05898.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表的責任(續)

吾等從與負責管治之人士溝通的事項中,決定某 些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審核工作最為重要, 因而構成關鍵審計事項。除非法律或法規不容許 公開披露此等事項,或於極罕有的情況下,吾等認 為披露此等事項可合理預期的負面後果將超越公 眾利益而不應於報告中披露,否則吾等會於核數 師報告中描述此等事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為蕭俊 武先生(執業證書編號: P05898)。

Elite Partners CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

10/F, 8 Observatory Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

23 March 2022

開元信德會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

香港 九龍尖沙咀 天文臺道8號10樓

二零二二年三月二十三日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收入表 For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

of the year ended 31 December 2021	以エーマー ナーカー!	日正十次		
			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes	HK\$	HK\$
		附註	港元	港元
Revenue	收益	6	60,239,303	38,016,626
Other income	其他收入	8	425,305	1,944,128
Other gain/(loss)	其他收益/(虧損)	9	333,827	(3,095,214)
			60,998,435	36,865,540
			00/330/133	30,003,310
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(13,921,073)	(25,429,197)
Reversal of impairment loss/(Impairment	應收貸款減值虧損撥回/		(15/521/615/	(23) .23) .37)
loss) on loans receivables, net	(減值虧損)淨額	11	10,813,415	(360,193,407)
Loss on arising from the derecognition of			33,332,332	(===,:==,:==,
loans receivables		20	(68,564,216)	_
Other operating expenses	其他經營開支		(15,044,499)	(9,359,472)
	, tione in root		(15/5 11/155)	(= = = =
Loss from operations	經營虧損		(25,717,938)	(358,116,536)
Loss from operations	IC 各 作 / / / /		(23,717,330)	(550,110,550)
Finance costs	財務費用	10	(904,598)	(273,171)
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	11	(26,622,536)	(358,389,707)
2033 Bereie tax	130 130 133 1EJ 150		(20,022,000)	(330,303,707)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	12	(4,914,434)	(9,221,821)
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(31,536,970)	(367,611,528)
Other comprehensive expense	其他全面開支			
Item that will not be reclassified	其後不會重新分類			
subsequently to profit or loss:	至損益賬之項目:			
Fair value change in investment in	以公平值計入其他全面			
financial assets at FVTOCI	收入的金融資產投資的			
	公平值變動		(574,000)	
Other comprehensive expense for the year	・年內其他全面開支		(574,000)	_
Total comprehensive expense	本公司擁有人應佔年內			
for the year attributable to the	全面開支總額			
owners of the Company			(32,110,970)	(367,611,528)
			HK cents	HK cents
	← nn +- 10		港仙	港仙
Loss per share	毎股虧損			
Basic	基本	16	(0.87)	(10.13)
	·		· ·	,
Diluted	攤薄	16	(0.87)	(10.13)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes	HK\$	HK\$
		附註	港元	港元
	JL 14: 조L 14: 4:			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	17	3,554,553	3,183,665
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	18	3,138,661	5,086,347
Loans receivables	應收貸款	19	145,763,881	221,441,816
Financial assets at fair value through	以公平值計入損益			
profit or loss ("FVTPL")	(「以公平值計入損益」)			
	的金融資產	20	136,896,000	_
Financial assets at fair value through	以公平值計入其他全面收入			
other comprehensive income (" FVTOCI "				
	全面收入 」)的金融資產	21	218,000	_
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	24	21,600,100	26,557,406
	11. 分利 次 > 6. 64			055 050 004
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		311,171,195	256,269,234
Current assets	流動資產			
Loans receivables	應收貸款	19	113,126,658	225,812,161
Financial assets at FVTPL	以公平值計入損益的	19	113,120,030	223,012,101
Tillalicial assets at I VIFL	金融資產	20	19,249,593	8,018,780
Prepayments, deposits and	並	20	19,249,595	0,010,760
other receivables	其他應收款項		E 1/0 969	4 020 520
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘		5,149,868 23,430,576	4,038,539
Bank and Cash Dalances			23,430,576	14,377,955
Total current assets	流動資產總額		160,956,695	252,247,435
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項		1,238,020	1,287,472
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	22	1,372,752	2,015,208
Consideration payable	應付代價		-	1,059,958
Bond payable	應付債券	23	9,000,000	10,000,000
Current tax liabilities	即期税項負債	23	21,933	175,124
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		11,632,705	14,537,762
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		149,323,990	237,709,673
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總額減流動負債		460,495,185	493,978,907
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	22	662,804	2,035,556
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		662,804	2,035,556
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		459,832,381	491,943,351
NET ASSETS	資産凈伹 ────────		459,832,381	491,943,351

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表 (continued 續)

At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

		Notes	2021 二零二一年 HK\$	2020 二零二零年 HK\$
		附註	港元	港元
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	25	72,576,000	72,576,000
Reserves	儲備	26	387,256,381	419,367,351
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		459,832,381	491,943,351

The consolidated financial statements on page 84 to 167 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 23 March 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

第84至167頁所列載之綜合財務報表於二零二二 年三月二十三日經董事會批准及授權刊發,並由 下列董事代表簽署:

Lui Cheuk Fung	Lai Szu Yu
呂卓鋒	賴思妤
Director	Director
<i>董</i> 事	<i>董事</i>

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表 For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔						
		Share capital	Share premium	Capital reserve	Contributed surplus	FVTOCI reserve 以公平值計入	Retained profits/ (accumulated losses)	Total
		股本	股份溢價 (note 26(B)(i)) (附註 26(B)(i))	資本儲備 (note 26B(ii)) (附註 26B(ii))	繳入盈餘 (note 26B(iii)) (附註 26B(iii))	其他全面收入 的儲備	保留溢利/ (累計虧損)	總額
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	72,576,000	356,661,862	141,829,615	213,460,470	-	75,026,932	859,554,879
Total loss and other comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及 其他全面開支總額	-	-	-	-	-	(367,611,528)	(367,611,528)
Changes in equity for the year	年內權益變動	-	-	_	_	_	(367,611,528)	(367,611,528)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	72,576,000	356,661,862	141,829,615	213,460,470	-	(292,584,596)	491,943,351
Loss for the year Other comprehensive expense for the year:	年內虧損 年內其他全面開支:	-	-	-	-	-	(31,536,970)	(31,536,970)
Fair value change on investment on financial assets at FVTOCI	以公平值計入其他全面 收入的金融資產投資的 公平值變動	-	-	-	-	(574,000)	-	(574,000)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	年內全面開支總額	-	-	_	_	(574,000)	(31,536,970)	(32,110,970)
Changes in equity for the year	年內權益變動	-	-	-	-	(574,000)	(31,536,970)	(32,110,970)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	72,576,000	356,661,862	141,829,615	213,460,470	(574,000)	(324,121,566)	459,832,381

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表 For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動的現金流量			
Loss before tax	除税前虧損		(26,622,536)	(358,389,707)
Adjustments for:	經以下各項調整:		(==,==,==,	(===,===,
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
equipment		17	1,428,790	864,530
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	18	1,947,686	5,310,966
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之			
plant and equipment	(收益)/虧損	9	(104,167)	54
Others	其他	9	(12,956)	(11,100)
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	8	(53)	(103)
Dividend income	股息收入	8	(137)	_
Other interest income	其他利息收入	8	(7)	(13)
Fair value loss from financial assets	以公平值計入損益的			(- /
at FVTPL	金融資產的公平值虧損	9	363,596	3,106,260
Realised gain from financial assets	以公平值計入損益的金融			
at FVTPL	資產的已變現收益	9	(580,300)	_
Loss on arising from the derecognition	終止確認應收貸款之虧損		` ' '	
of loans receivables			68,564,216	_
Finance costs	財務費用	10	904,598	273,171
(Reversal of impairment loss)/	應收貸款(減值虧損			
impairment loss on loans receivables	撥回)/減值虧損		(10,813,415)	360,193,407
Operating profit before working	營運資金變動前經營溢利			
capital changes			35,075,315	11,347,465
Increase in loans receivables	應收貸款增加		(21,142,523)	(9,391,395)
Increase in prepayments,	預付款項、按金及			
deposits and other receivables	其他應收款項增加		(1,098,373)	(16,306)
Decrease/(increase) in financial assets	以公平值計入損益的			
at FVTPL	金融資產減少/(增加)		3,845,051	(649,040)
Decrease in accruals and other payables	應計費用及			
	其他應付款項減少		(41,342)	(467,100)
Cash generated from operations	營運所得現金		16,638,128	823,624
Hong Kong profits tax paid	已付香港利得税		(110,319)	(5,593,294)
Net cash generated from/(used in)	經營活動所得/(所用)			
operating activities	現金淨額		16,527,809	(4,769,670)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表 (continued 續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Notes 附註	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING	投資活動的現金流量			
ACTIVITIES	그내는 쉬 소그네 스		5 2	102
Bank interest received Other interest received	已收銀行利息 已收其他利息		53	103 13
Dividend received	已收股息			15
	出售物業、廠房及設備		137	_
Proceed from disposal of property, plant and equipment	山告初来、献历及改開 所得款項		180,000	
	が (特別項		180,000	_
Acquisition of financial assets at FVTOCI			(702.000)	
D. mah. and a financiarh.	收入的金融資產		(792,000)	_
Purchases of property,	購置物業、廠房及設備	17	(4.075.544)	(2.562.052)
plant and equipment		17	(1,875,511)	(3,563,952)
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(2,487,314)	(3,563,836)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動的現金流量			
Proceeds from consideration payable	應付代價所得款項	31	900,000	1,864,683
Proceeds from issuance of bond	發行債券所得款項	31	_	10,000,000
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	31	(2,015,208)	(5,238,312)
Repayment of bond payable	償還應付債券	31	(1,000,000)	_
Repayment of consideration payable	償還應付代價	31	(2,000,000)	(900,000)
Interest paid	已付利息	31	(872,666)	(96,800)
Net cash (used in)/generated from	融資活動(所用)/所得			
financing activities	現金淨額		(4,987,874)	5,629,571
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN	現金及現金等價物			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	增加/(減少)淨額		9,052,621	(2,703,935)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	年初現金及現金等價物		14,377,955	17,081,890
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR, represented by	年末現金及現金等價物 [,] 指:			
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘		23,430,576	14,377,955

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

First Credit Finance Group Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands and duly continued in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability under the laws of Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The address of its principal place of business is 1/F., O.T.B. Building, Nos. 259 – 265 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). On 24 November 2017, the Securities and Futures Commission directed the Stock Exchange to suspend the trading in the shares of the Company. As at the date of approval of these financial statements, the trading of shares of the Company remains suspended.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("**HK\$**"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(A) AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSS THAT ARE MANDATORILY EFFECTIVE FOR THE CURRENT YEAR

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendment to HKFRS 16 COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, Interest Rate Benchmark HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 Reform – Phase 2

1. 一般資料

第一信用金融集團有限公司(「本公司」)在開曼群島註冊成立,並根據百慕達法律以獲豁免有限公司形式正式於百慕達存續。其註冊辦事處的地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。其主要營業地點地址為香港德輔道中259-265號海外銀行大廈1樓。本公司股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)GEM上市。於二零一七年十一月二十四日,證券及期貨事務監察委員會指令聯交所暫停本公司股份之買賣。於本財務報表獲批准日期,本公司股份繼續暫停買賣。

本公司為一家投資控股公司。其附屬公司之 主要業務列載於綜合財務報表附註34。

本綜合財務報表以港元(「**港元**」)呈列,港 元亦為本公司之功能貨幣。

應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)之修訂

(A) 於本年度強制生效之香港財務報 告準則之修訂

為編製本綜合財務報表,本集團於本年度已首次應用以下由香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈並於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間強制生效的香港財務報告準則之修訂:

香港財務報告準則 2019冠狀病 第16號之修訂 毒病疫情 相關租金

減免 香港財務報告準則 利率基準 第9號、香港會計 改革-第二 準則第39號、 階段

香港財務報告準則 第7號、香港財務 報告準則第4號及 香港財務報告準則 第16號之修訂

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Cont'd)

(A) AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs THAT ARE MANDATORILY EFFECTIVE FOR THE CURRENT YEAR (Cont'd)

The application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

(B) NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)之修訂 (續)

(A) 於本年度強制生效之香港財務報 告準則之修訂(續)

於本年度應用香港財務報告準則之修 訂對本集團於本年度及過往年度之財 務狀況及表現及/或本綜合財務報表 內所載之披露並無重大影響。

(B) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則

本集團並無提早應用下列已頒佈但尚 未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 進則:

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後 開始的年度期間生效

HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments	1 January 2023
香港財務報告準則第17號	保險合約及相關修訂	二零二三年一月一日
Amendment to HKFRS 16	COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021	1 April 2021
香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂	二零二一年六月三十日後之2019冠狀 病毒病疫情相關租金減免	二零二一年四月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
香港財務報告準則第3號之修訂	概念框架引用	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	A date to be determined
香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28 號之修訂	投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的 資產出售或注資	日期待定
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)	1 January 2023
香港會計準則第1號之修訂	負債分類為流動或非流動及香港詮釋第 5號(二零二零年)之相關修訂	二零二三年一月一日

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Cont'd)

2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)之修訂 (續)

- (B) NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Cont'd)
- (B) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則(*續*)

Effective for annual periods beginning

		on or after 於以下日期或之後 開始的年度期間生效
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
香港會計準則第16號之修訂	物業、廠房及設備-擬定用途前之所得 款項	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
香港會計準則第8號之修訂	會計估計之定義	二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
香港會計準則第12號之修訂	與單一交易產生之資產及負債有關的遞 延税項	二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
香港會計準則第37號之修訂	虧損性合約-履行合約之成本	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018 – 2020	1 January 2022
香港財務報告準則之修訂	香港財務報告準則二零一八年至二零二 零年之年度改進	二零二二年一月一日
Amendment to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of accounting policies	1 January 2023
香港會計準則第1號及 香港財務報告準則實務報告第2號之修訂	會計政策披露	二零二三年一月一日

Except for the new and amendments to HKFRSs mentioned below, the directors anticipate that the application of all other new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

除下文所述的新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則外,董事預期應用所有其他 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則於可 見將來不會對綜合財務報表造成重大 影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Cont'd)

- (B) NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Cont'd)
 - (a) Amendment to HKFRS 16: COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

The amendment extends the time limit in one of the qualifying criteria of the practical expedient for COVID-19-related rent concessions from 30 June 2021 to 30 June 2022. As such, the use of the practical expedient is available to most rent concessions, in particular those involving reduction in lease payments originally due after 30 June 2021 but before 30 June 2022.

A lessee is required to apply the amendments retrospectively, with the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendment recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at the beginning of the annual reporting period. Lessees that had elected to apply the practical expedient in their previous financial statements are required to apply the extension to eligible contracts with similar characteristics and in similar circumstances.

The application is not expected to have impact on the Group's financial position and performance as the Group does not intend to apply the practical expedient.

- 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)之修訂 (續)
 - (B) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則(續)
 - (a) 香港財務報告準則第16號之 修訂:二零二一年六月三十 日後之2019冠狀病毒病疫情 相關和金減免

該修訂將2019冠狀病毒病疫情相關租金減免應用可行權宜二年的時限至二年十日。因此數於二二年六月三十日。因此數於二二年方法可用於於原定於二二年於其是涉及原定於二二年於月三十日的數於二二年六月三十日前到期的和實付款額的減讓。

承租人須追溯應用該修訂,而 首次應用該修訂的累計影響權 認為對年度報告期間開始時權 益期初結餘的調整。已選擇於 先前財務報表中應用可行權度 方法的承租人須將上述延期應 用於具有類似特徵及類似情況 的合資格合約。

由於本集團無意應用該可行權 宜方法,故預期有關應用不會 對本集團的財務狀況及表現產 生影響。

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2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Cont'd)

- (B) NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Cont'd)
 - (b) Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)

The amendments provide clarification and additional guidance on the assessment of right to defer settlement for at least twelve months from reporting date for classification of liabilities as current or non-current, which:

- specify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current should be based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period.
 Specifically, the amendments clarify that:
 - (i) the classification should not be affected by management intentions or expectations to settle the liability within 12 months; and
 - (ii) if the right is conditional on the compliance with covenants, the right exists if the conditions are met at the end of the reporting period, even if the lender does not test compliance until a later date; and
- clarify that if a liability has terms that could, at the
 option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by
 the transfer of the entity's own equity instruments,
 these terms do not affect its classification as current
 or non-current only if the entity recognises the option
 separately as an equity instrument applying HKAS 32
 Financial Instruments: Presentation.

In addition, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 was revised as a consequence of the Amendments to HKAS 1 to align the corresponding wordings with no change in conclusion.

Based on the Group's outstanding liabilities as at 31 December, the application of the amendments will not result in reclassification of the Group's liabilities.

2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)之修訂 (續)

- (B) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則(續)
 - (b) 香港會計準則第1號之修訂: 負債分類為流動或非流動及 香港詮釋第5號(二零二零 年)之相關修訂

該等修訂就評估將結清負債期 限延遲至報告日期後最少十二 個月的權利提供澄清及額外指 引,以將負債分類為流動或非 流動,其中:

- 訂明應基於報告期末存在的權利將負債分類為流動或非流動。具體而言,該等修訂澄清:
 - (i) 分類不應受管理層 在12個月內結清負 債的意圖或預期所 影響:及
 - (ii) 倘該項權利以遵守 契諾為條件,即使 資款人在較後合條 才測試是否符合條 件,該權利在報告 期末符合條件的情 況下存在:及
- 澄清倘負債具有若干條款,可由對手方選擇透過轉讓實體本身的僅當實體本身則僅當實循應用香港會計準則第32號金融工具:呈列,將五學權單獨確認為權益數學其分類為流動或非流動。

此外,香港詮釋第5號因香港會計準則第1號之修訂而作出修訂,以使相應措詞保持一致而結論不變。

根據本集團於十二月三十一日 的未償還負債,應用該等修訂 將不會導致本集團的負債重新 分類。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED 3. 綜合財務報表之編製基準 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈 之香港財務報告準則編製。此外,綜合財務 報表包含聯交所GEM證券上市規則(「GEM 上市規則」)及香港公司條例規定的適用披 露。

綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本基準編製,惟於各報告期末按公平值計量的若干金融工具除外,相關説明載於下文會計政策。

歷史成本一般按換取貨品及服務所付代價 之公平值計算。

公平值為於計量日期市場參與者進行有秩序交易中出售資產可收取或轉讓負債時領支付之價格,而不論該價格是否直接可觀察或可使用其他估值方法估計。於估計資產或負債的公平值時,本集團會考慮市場參處市場參慮的計量及/或披露的公平值均在此基礎上股份為壓定,惟香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份為基礎之付款」範圍內以股份為基礎之付款」範圍內以股份為基礎之付款可數是被之付款。根據香港財務報告準則第16號入賬值的計量,以及與公平值類似但並非公平值的計量,例如,香港會計準則第36號「資產減值」中的使用價值)除外。

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量根據公平值計量的輸入數據可觀察程度及公平值計量的輸入數據對其整體的重要性分類為第一級、第二級或第三級,詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據為實體於計量日期可取得的相同資產或負債於活躍市場的報價(未經調整):
- 第二級輸入數據為資產或負債可直接 或間接觀察的輸入數據(第一級包含 的報價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據為資產或負債的不可 觀察輸入數據。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4. 主要會計政策

(A) BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

(A) 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及由本公司 及其附屬公司控制之實體的財務報表。 當符合以下條件時,本公司即取得控 制權:

- 擁有對投資對象的權力;
- 因參與投資對象業務而承擔浮動回報的風險或享有浮動回報的權利;及
- 有能力運用其權力影響其回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制因素中有一項或多項出現變化,本集團會重新評估其是否對投資對象擁有控制權。

本集團於取得附屬公司控制權時將附屬公司綜合入賬,並於失去附屬公司控制權時終止綜合入賬。具體而言, 年內所收購或出售附屬公司之收入及 開支乃自本集團取得控制權當日起計 入綜合損益及其他全面收入表,直至 本集團不再控制相關附屬公司之日為 止。

如有必要,附屬公司的財務報表會作 出調整,以使其會計政策與本集團的 會計政策一致。

所有集團內公司間資產及負債、權益、 收入、開支及與本集團成員公司間交 易有關的現金流量均於綜合入賬時悉 數對銷。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(B) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after the property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of the property, plant and equipment, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of that asset.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	10%
Leasehold improvements	50%
Furniture and fixture	50%
Office equipment	50%
Computers	50%
Motor Vehicles	25%
Vessel	12.5%

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

(B) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備為持作用於生產或 供應貨品或服務或作行政用途的有形 資產。物業、廠房及設備按成本減其 後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如 有)於綜合財務狀況表列賬。

資產的成本包括購入價及任何使該項 資產達致其運作狀況及地點作擬定用 途的直接應佔成本。物業、廠房及設 備投入運作後產生的開支(如維修 展養)一般於產生期間自損益扣除。 倘清楚顯示有關開支導致預期日後使 開物業、廠房及設備所得的經濟效益 增加,則有關開支將予以資本化,作 為該項資產的額外成本。

折舊乃按以直線法於資產估計可使用 年期內撇銷資產成本(經扣除剩餘價值)而確認。估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法於各報告期末予以檢討, 並採用未來適用法對估計變更的影響 進行核算。估計可使用年期如下:

樓宇	10%
租賃物業裝修	50%
傢俱及固定裝置	50%
辦公室設備	50%
電腦	50%
汽車	25%
船舶	12.5%

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售後或預 期繼續使用該項資產不會產生未來經 濟效益時終止確認。出售或報廢物業、 廠房及設備項目所產生的任何收益或 虧損按出售所得款項與該項資產賬面 值之間的差額釐定,並於損益確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(C) LEASES

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified or arising from business combinations on or after the date of initial application or arising from business combinations, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

The Group as a lessee

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components, including contract for acquisition of ownership interests of a property which includes both leasehold land and non-lease building components, unless such allocation cannot be made reliably.

As a practical expedient, leases with similar characteristics are accounted on a portfolio basis when the Group reasonably expects that the effects on the consolidated financial statements would not differ materially from individual leases within the portfolio.

(C) 租賃

租賃之定義

倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間 內控制可識別資產使用的權利,則該 合約屬租賃或包含租賃。

就於首次應用日期或之後訂立或修改或因業務合併而產生的合約而言,本集團於開始日期、修訂日期或收購日期(如適用)根據香港財務報告準則第16號項下之定義評估合約是否為租賃或包含租賃。除非合約的條款及條件隨後出現變動,否則不會重新評估該合約。

本集團作為承租人

分配代價至合約組成部分

就包含租賃部分以及一項或多項額外租賃或非租賃部分的合約而言,本集團根據租賃部分的相對獨立價格及非租賃部分的總獨立價格將合約代價分配至各租賃部分,包括收購物業(包括租賃土地及非租賃樓宇部分)所有權權益的合約,除非有關分配無法可靠作出。

作為可行權宜方法,當本集團合理預 期對綜合財務報表的影響與組合內個 別租賃並無重大差異時,具有類似特 徵的租賃按組合基準入賬。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(C) LEASES (Cont'd)

The Group as a lessee (Cont'd)

Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; and
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

(C) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

使用權資產

使用權資產之成本包括:

- 租賃負債的初始計量金額;
- 於租賃開始日期或之前作出的 任何租賃付款,扣除任何已收 租賃優惠:及
- 本集團所產生的任何初始直接 成本。

使用權資產按成本減任何累計折舊及 減值虧損計量,並就任何重新計量的 租賃負債作出調整。

本集團合理確定於租賃期結束時可取 得相關租賃資產擁有權的使用權資產, 於租賃開始日期起至可使用年期結束 期間計算折舊。否則,使用權資產則 於估計可使用年期或租賃期(以較短 者為準)按直線法折舊。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內將使用權 資產單獨呈列。

可退回租賃按金

已支付的可退回租賃按金是根據香港 財務報告準則第9號入賬並按公平值 初步計量。於初始確認時之公平值調 整視作額外租賃付款,並計入使用權 資產之成本。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(C) LEASES (Cont'd)

The Group as a lessee (Cont'd)

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include fixed lease payments (including insubstance fixed payments).

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures the lease liability (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use asset) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment; and
- the lease payments change due to changes in expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

(C) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

和賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團按當日未付的租賃付款現值確認及計量租賃負債。計算租賃付款的現值時,倘無法即時釐定租賃的隱含利率,則本集團使用租賃開始日期的增量借貸率進行計算。

租賃付款包括固定租賃付款(包括實質性固定付款)。

於租賃開始日期後,租賃負債按利息增長及租賃付款進行調整。

本集團於下列情況重新計量租賃負債(及對相關使用權資產作出相應調整):

- 租賃期變動或行使購買選擇權的評估有變,在此情況下,租賃負債於重估日期透過使用經修訂折現率折現經修訂租賃付款重新計量;及
- 保證餘值下預期付款變動導致 租賃付款變動,在此情況下,相 關租賃負債通過使用初始折現 率折現經修訂租賃付款重新計量。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內將租賃負 債單獨呈列。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

(D) IMPAIRMENT OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a CGU) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a CGU, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of CGUs, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of CGUs, with the recoverable amount of the group of CGUs. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of CGUs. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of CGUs. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(D) 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資 產之減值

於報告期末,本集團檢討物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的賬面值,以釐定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產已出現減值虧損。倘存在任何有關跡象,則估計相關資產的可收回金額,以釐定減值虧損(如有)的程度。

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的可收回金額乃個別估計。倘無法個別估計可收回金額,則本集團會估計該資產所屬現金產生單位(「**現金產生單位**」)的可收回金額。

可收回金額指公平值減出售成本與使用價值兩者中之較高者。在評估使用價值時·採用税前折現率將估計未來現金流量折現至其現值·該税前折現率應反映對貨幣時間價值的當前市場評估及該資產(或現金產生單位)特有的風險(未針對該風險調整估計未來現金流量)。

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)的可 收回金額低於其賬面值,則資產(或 現金產生單位)的賬面值將調低至其 可收回金額。就未能按合理一致的基 準分配至現金產生單位的企業資產或 部分企業資產而言,本集團將一組現 金產生單位的賬面值(包括分配至該 組現金產生單位的企業資產或部分企 業資產的賬面值)與該組現金產生單 位的可收回金額進行比較。於分配減 值虧損時,首先分配減值虧損以減少 任何商譽的賬面值(如適用),然後根 據該單位或現金產生單位組別內各項 資產的賬面值按比例分配至其他資產。 資產賬面值不得減少至低於其公平值 減出售成本(如可計量)、其使用價值 (如可釐定)及零,三者之中的最高者。 本應分配至相關資產的減值虧損金額 按比例分配至單位內或現金產生單位 組別的其他資產。減值虧損會即時於 損益內確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

(D) IMPAIRMENT OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Cont'd)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU or a group of CGUs) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a CGU or a group of CGUs) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(E) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on settlement date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income which are derived from the Group's ordinary course of business are presented as revenue.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(D) 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資 產之減值(續)

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則資產(或現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別)的 賬面值將增至其經修訂的估計可收回 金額,惟增加後的賬面值不得超過假 設該資產(或現金產生單位或現金產 生單位組別)於過往年度並無確認減 值虧損而釐定的賬面值。減值虧損撥 回會即時於損益內確認。

(E) 金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於集團實體成為 工具合約條文的訂約方時確認。

所有以常規方式買賣的金融資產均按 結算日基準確認及終止確認。以常規 方式買賣指須於市場規則或慣例設定 的時間框架內交付資產的金融資產買 賣。

金融資產及金融負債初步以公平值計量。收購或發行金融資產及金融負債(以公平值計入損益的金融資產或金融負債除外)直接應佔的交易成本於初始確認時加入金融資產或金融負債的公平值或自金融資產或金融負債的公平值扣除(如適用)。收購以公平值計入損益之金融資產及金融負債直接應佔的交易成本即時於損益內確認。

實際利率法為計算金融資產或金融負債的攤銷成本及於有關期間分配利息開支的方法。實際利率為將金融資產或金融負債於預計年期電較短期間(如適用)內估計未來現金收入及付款(包括構成實際利率不可或缺部分的所有已付或已收費用及點數、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)準確折現至初始確認時賬面淨值的利率。

來自本集團日常業務過程的利息收入 呈列為收入。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(E) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(E) 金融工具(*續*)

Financial assets

金融資產

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

金融資產之分類及其後計量

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

符合下列條件的金融資產其後按攤銷 成本計量:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- 金融資產之目的為收取合約現金流量的業務模式內持有;及
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- 合約條款之特定日期產生的現金流量純粹為支付本金及未償還本金的利息。

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

符合以下條件的金融資產其後以公平 值計入其他全面收入計量:

- the financial asset is held within a business model objective by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows: and
- 金融資產之目的為出售及收取 合約現金流量的業務模式內持 有:及
- the contractual terms given on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- 合約條款於特定日期產生的現金流量純粹為支付本金及未償還本金的利息。

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 Business Combinations applies.

所有其他金融資產其後以公平值計入 損益計量,惟於初始確認金融資產時, 倘股本投資並非持作買賣,亦非收購 方於香港財務報告準則第3號業務合 併所適用的業務合併中確認的或然代 價,則本集團可不可撤銷地選擇於其 他全面收入呈列股本投資公平值的其 後變動。

A financial asset is held for trading if:

在下列情況下,金融資產為持作買賣:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- 購入之主要目的為於短期內出售;或
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- 於初始確認時,屬本集團整體 管理之已識別金融工具組合之 一部分,且近期有實際短期獲 利模式;或

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

(E) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Cont'd)

• it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that is required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL of doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired. For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the revaluation reserve; and are not subject to impairment assessment. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, and will be transferred to retained profit.

Dividends from these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Dividends are included in the "other income" line item in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(E) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產之分類及其後計量(續)

屬並非指定及有效作為對沖工 具之衍生工具。

此外,本集團或不可撤回地指定一項 須按攤銷成本或以公平值計入其他全 面收入計量的金融資產按以公平值計 入損益計量,前提為有關指定可消除 或大幅減少會計錯配。

攤銷成本及利息收入

指定為以公平值計入其他全面收入的股本工具

以公平值計入其他全面收入的股本工 具投資其後按公平值計量,其公平值 變動產生的收益及虧損於其他全面收 入確認並於重估儲備累計,且毋須進 行減值評估。累計收益或虧損將不會 於出售股本投資時重新分類至損益, 並將轉撥至保留溢利。

於本集團收取股息的權利確立時,於 損益中確認該等股本工具投資的股息, 惟股息明確代表收回部分投資成本除 外。股息計入損益之「其他收入」項目 內。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(E) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

THE WORKE INCOME.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "other gain/(loss)" in line item.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under an ECL model on financial assets (including loans receivables, other receivables and deposits and bank balances) which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at the end of each reporting period to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. Assessment is done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the end of the reporting period as well as the forecast of future conditions.

(E) 金融工具(*續*)

金融資產(續)

以公平值計入損益的金融資產

不符合按攤銷成本或以公平值計入其 他全面收入計量標準的金融資產以公 平值計入損益計量。

以公平值計入損益的金融資產於各報告期末按公平值計量,任何公平值收益或虧損於損益確認。於損益確認的收益或虧損淨額不包括相關金融資產賺取的任何股息或利息,並計入「其他收益/(虧損)」項目內。

金融資產減值

本集團根據預期信貸虧損模式對根據 香港財務報告準則第9號須進行減值 評估的金融資產(包括應收貸款、其 他應收款項及按金及銀行結餘)進行 減值評估。預期信貸虧損金額於各報 告期末更新,以反映信貸風險自初始 確認以來的變動。

全期預期信貸虧損指於相關工具預期 年期內所有可能違約事件導致的預期 信貸虧損。相反,十二個月預期信貸虧損」)則 指預期於報告期末後十二個月內所有 可能違約事件導致的部分全期預期信 貸虧損。評估乃根據本集團過往信貸 虧損經驗進行,並就債務人特定因素、 整體經濟狀況以及對於報告期末的調 動狀況及未來狀況預測的評估作出調 整。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(E) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for loans receivables without significant financing component. The ECL on these assets are assessed individually for debtors with significant balances and/or collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings.

For all other instruments, the Company measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the end of the reporting period with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportive, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;

E) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

本集團一直就並無重大融資成分的應 收貸款確認全期預期信貸虧損。該等 資產的預期信貸虧損乃就具有重大結 餘的債務人進行個別評估及/或使用 具有適當分組的撥備矩陣進行集體評 估。

就所有其他工具而言,本公司計量的 虧損撥備等於十二個月預期信貸虧損, 除非當信貸風險自初始確認以來顯著 上升,在此情況下,本集團確認全期 預期信貸虧損。評估是否應確認全期 預期信貸虧損乃基於自初始確認以來 發生違約的可能性或風險有否顯著上 升。

(i) 信貸風險顯著上升

具體而言,評估信貸風險是否 顯著上升時會考慮以下資料:

- (a) 金融工具外部(如有)或 內部信用評級的實際或 預期顯著惡化:
- (b) 信貸風險的外部市場指標顯著惡化,如信貸息差、債務人之信貸違約掉期價格大幅增加:

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(E) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(E) 金融工具(*續*)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

金融資產(續)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (Cont'd)

(i) 信貸風險顯著上升(續)

- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- (c) 業務、財務或經濟狀況目 前或預期有不利變動,預 計將導致債務人償還債 項的能力顯著下降:

- (d) an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; or
- (d) 債務人經營業績實際或 預期顯著惡化;或

- (e) an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.
- (e) 債務人的監管、經濟或技 術環境的實際或預計重 大不利變動,導致債務人 償還債項的能力顯著下 降。

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

不論上述評估結果如何,本集 團均假設合約付款逾期超過30 天後金融資產的信貸風險自初 始確認以來已顯著上升,除非 本集團有合理及有理據的資料 證明並非如此。

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

本集團定期監察用以確定信貸 風險有否顯著上升的標準成效, 並於適當時候作出修正,從而 確保有關標準能夠於款項逾期 前識別信貸風險顯著上升。

(ii) Definition of default

(ii) 違約之定義

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable:

由於過往經驗顯示,符合下列 任何一項標準的應收款項一般 不可收回,故本集團認為就內 部信貸風險管理目的而言,下 列情況構成違約事件:

• when there is a breach of financial covenants by the debtor; or

債務人違反財務契據;或

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(E) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(E) 金融工具(續)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

金融資產(續)

(ii) Definition of default (Cont'd)

(ii) 違約之定義(續)

 information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay is creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group). 內部產生或獲取自外部來源的資料顯示,債務人不太可能向其債權人(包括本集團)全額還款(不計及本集團持有的任何抵押品)。

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportive information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

不論上文所述,本集團認為,當金融資產逾期超過90日時,即屬發生違約事件,除非本集團有合理及有理據的資料證明較寬鬆的違約標準更為適用,則作別論。

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

(jii) 信貸減值金融資產

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

倘發生對金融資產的估計未來 現金流量有不利影響的一項或 多項事件,則該金融資產出現 信貸減值。金融資產出現信貸 減值的證據包括以下事件有關 的可觀察數據:

(a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower; (a) 發行人或借款人出現重 大財務困難:

- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (b) 違反合約,如拖欠或逾期 事件;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (c) 借款人的貸款人因其財務困難有關的經濟或合約原因·而向借款人授予貸款人均不會考慮給予的優惠;

- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (d) 借款人很可能將破產或 進行其他財務重組;或

- (e) the disappearance of active market for the financial asset because of financial difficulties.
- (e) 因財務困難,該金融資產 的活躍市場消失。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(E) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(E) 金融工具(續)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

金融資產(續)

(iv) Write-off policy

(iv) 撇銷政策

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of loans receivables, when the amounts are over 2 years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

(V) 預期信貸虧損之計量及確認

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. The Group uses a practical expedient in estimating ECL on loans receivables using a provision matrix taking into consideration historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

一般而言,預期信貸虧損為本 集團根據合約應收的所有合約 現金流量與本集團預期將收取 的現金流量之間的差額,並按 初始確認時釐定的實際利率折 現。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(E) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Cont'd)

Lifetime ECL for certain trade receivables are considered on a collective basis taking into consideration past due information and relevant credit information such as forward-looking macroeconomic information. For collective assessment, the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:

- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of loans receivables, where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

(E) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

(v) 預期信貸虧損之計量及確認 (續)

若干貿易應收款項的全期預期 信貸虧損乃經計及逾期資料及 相關信貸資料(如前瞻性宏觀 經濟資料)後按集體基準考量。 對於集體評估,本集團在確定 分組時考慮以下特徵:

- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人的性質、規模及行業;及
- 外部信用評級(如有)。

管理層定期檢討分組情況,以 確保各組別成份仍具有類似信 貸風險特性。

利息收入按金融資產的賬面總 值計算,除非金融資產出現信 貸減值,在此情況下,利息收入 按金融資產的攤銷成本計算。

本集團透過調整賬面值於損益 確認所有金融工具的減值收益 或虧損,惟應收貸款除外,其相 應調整乃透過虧損撥備賬確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(E) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(E) 金融工具(*續*)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

金融資產(續)

Derecognition of financial assets

終止確認金融資產

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received. On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to retained profit.

本集團於初始確認時選擇以公平值計 入其他全面收入計量的股本工具投資 終止確認時,先前於重估儲備累計的 累計收益或虧損不會重新分類至損益, 但會轉撥至保留溢利。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(E) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(E) 金融工具(續)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

金融資產(續)

Modification of financial assets

金融資產的修改

A modification of a financial asset occurs if the contractual cash flows are renegotiated or otherwise modified. When the contractual terms of a financial asset are modified, the Group assesses whether the revised terms result in a substantial modification from original terms taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances including qualitative factors. If a qualitative assessment is not conclusive, the Group considers the terms are substantially different if the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including any fees paid net of any fees received, and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is at least 10 per cent different from the discounted present value of the remaining cash flows of the original financial asset, after reducing gross carrying amount that has been written off.

倘重新磋商或以其他方式修改合約現金流量,則會發生金融資產的修內。 當修訂金融資產的合約條款時,包含 國會考慮所有相關事實及情況(包 致原有條款出現重大修改。倘定性因素),評估經修訂條款是定性因素,如果新條款項下現金候前現有條款出現更大修改項下現金使用原實際利率貼現的貼現現值(對明之付費用,扣除任何已收費用,扣除任何已收費用,扣除任何已收費用,由原金融資產餘下現金流量的賬」相與原金融資產餘下現金流量的賬」相與原金融資產餘下,則本集團認為條款有重大差異。

For non-substantial modifications of financial assets that do not result in derecognition, the carrying amount of the relevant financial assets will be calculated at the present value of the modified contractual cash flows discounted at the financial assets' original effective interest rate. Transaction costs or fees incurred are adjusted to the carrying amount of the modified financial assets and are amortised over the remaining term. Any adjustment to the carrying amount of the financial asset is recognised in profit or loss at the date of modification.

就不會導致終止確認的金融資產非重大修改而言,相關金融資產的賬面值,將按金融資產原實際利率貼現的經修改合約現金流量現值計算。所產生之交易成本或費用,乃調整至經修改後金融資產之賬面值,並於餘下年期內攤銷。對金融資產賬面值的任何調整均會於修改日期在損益中確認。

Financial liabilities and equity

金融負債及權益

Classification as debt or equity

分類為債務或權益

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

債務及權益工具乃根據合約安排之內 容以及金融負債及權益工具之定義分 類為金融負債或權益。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(E) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities and equity (Cont'd)

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including accruals and other payables, bond payable and consideration payable are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derecognition/modification of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

When the contractual terms of a financial liability are modified, the Group assess whether the revised terms result in a substantial modification from original terms taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances including qualitative factors. If qualitative assessment is not conclusive, the Group considers that the terms are substantially different if the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including any fees paid net of any fees received, and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is at least 10 percent different from the discounted present value of the remaining cash flows of the original financial liability. Accordingly, such modification of terms is accounted for as an extinguishment, any costs or fees incurred are recognised as part of the gain or loss on the extinguishment. The exchange or modification is considered as non-substantial modification when such difference is less than 10 percent.

(E) 金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益(續)

權益工具

權益工具為可證明某個實體於扣除其所有負債後之資產中剩餘權益的任何合約。本集團發行之權益工具於已收取所得款項時扣除直接發行成本予以確認。

按攤銷成本入賬之金融負債

金融負債(包括應計費用及其他應付款項、應付債券及應付代價)其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

終止確認/修改金融負債

當本集團的責任獲解除、取消或屆滿時,且僅當此時,本集團方會終止確認金融負債。終止確認的金融負債的 賬面值與已付及應付代價之間的差額 於損益確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(E) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date when derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of the reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Embedded derivatives

Derivatives embedded hybrid contracts that contain financial asset host within the scope of HKFRS 9 are not separated. The entire hybrid contract is classified and subsequently measured in its entirety as either amortised cost or fair value as appropriate.

Derivatives embedded in non-derivative host contrast that are not financial assets with scope of HKFRS 9 are treated as separate derivatives when they meet the definition of a derivative, their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not measured at FVTPL.

Generally, multiple embedded derivatives in a single instrument that are separated from the host contracts are treated as single compound embedded derivative unless those derivatives relate to different risk exposures and are readily separable and independent of each other.

(E) 金融工具(續)

衍生金融工具

衍生工具於訂立衍生工具合約當日初步按公平值確認·其後於報告期末按公平值重新計量。所產生的收益或虧損於損益確認。

嵌入式衍生工具

嵌入混合合約(包含香港財務報告準則第9號範圍內的金融資產主體)的衍生工具不會分開處理。整個混合合約按攤銷成本或公平值(如適用)分類及其後計量。

倘嵌入非衍生主合約的衍生工具(並非香港財務報告準則第9號範圍內的金融資產)符合衍生工具的定義、其風險及特徵與主合約的風險及特徵並無密切關係,且主合約並非以公平值計入損益計量,則該等衍生工具視為獨立衍生工具。

一般而言,獨立於主合約的單一工具中的多項嵌入式衍生工具被視為單一複合嵌入式衍生工具,除非該等衍生工具涉及不同的風險敞口,且可隨時分離及彼此獨立除外。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

(F) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(G) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

(i) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave) after deducting any amount already paid.

(ii) Retirement benefit obligations

The Group contributes to a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance for all employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' relevant income and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed in the MPF Scheme. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contribution to the MPF Scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(F) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行及手頭現金、銀行活期存款及原到期日為三個 月或以下可隨時轉換為已知數額現金 且價值變動風險不大的短期高流動性 投資。

(G) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利於僱員提供服務 時按預期將支付福利的未折現 金額確認。所有短期僱員福利 確認為開支,除非另一項香港 財務報告準則要求或允許將福 利計入資產成本。

僱員應得福利(如工資及薪金、 年假及病假)於扣除任何已付金 額後確認為負債。

(ii) 退休福利責任

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(G) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

(iii) Termination benefits

A liability for a termination benefit is recognized at the earlier of when the Group entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when it recognize any related restructuring costs.

(H) SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at the fair value (excluding the effect of non-market based vesting conditions) of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non-market based vesting conditions.

(I) TAXATION

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from loss before taxation because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

(G) 僱員福利(*續*)

(iii) 離職福利

離職福利負債於本集團實體不 能撤回提供的離職福利時確認 或確認任何相關重組成本時(以 較早者為準)確認。

(H) 以股份為基礎之付款

以股權結算並以股份為基礎的付款乃 按權益工具於授出日期的公平值(不 計及非市場歸屬條件的影響)計量。 以股權結算並以股份為基礎的付款於 授出日期釐定的公平值根據本集團估 計最終歸屬的股份,於歸屬期間以直 線法支銷,並就非市場歸屬條件的影 響作出調整。

(I) 税項

所得税指即期及遞延税項之總和。

即期應付税項按年內應課税溢利計算。由於有於其他年度應課稅或可扣稅之收入或開支項目以及從來毋須課稅或不可扣稅之項目,故應課稅溢利有別於除稅前虧損。本集團有關即期稅項之負債採用於報告期末前已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之稅率計算。

遞延税項按綜合財務報表內資產及負債賬面值與計算應課税溢利所用相關。。遞延稅項 負債一般就所有應課稅暫時差額確認。。遞延稅暫時差額時,就所有該等可扣稅暫時差額時,就所有該等可扣稅暫時差額避延稅項資產。倘暫利及會額因初始確認不影響應課稅溢利及會計溢利的交易中資產及負債而產生,則不會確認遞延稅項資產及負債。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(I) TAXATION (Cont'd)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss.

(I) 税項(*續*)

遞延税項負債乃就與於附屬公司之投資有關之應課税暫時差額而確認,惟本集團可控制暫時差額之撥回及暫時差額很可能於可見將來不會撥回之情況除外。與該等投資相關的可扣税暫時差額所產生的遞延税項資產,僅於可能有足夠應課税溢利以動用暫時差額的利益及預期於可見將來可以撥回時確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告期末 作檢討,並在不再可能有足夠應課税 溢利抵銷全部或部分資產時作調減。

遞延税項資產及負債乃以報告期末已 頒佈或實質上已頒佈的税率(及税法) 為基準,按預期於償還負債或變現資 產期間之適用税率計量。

遞延税項負債及資產的計量反映本集 團預期於報告期末將要收回或清償其 資產及負債之賬面值的税務後果。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(J) REVENUE

Interest income from loan facilities

Interest income charged on loan facilities is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not credit-impaired the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset.

(K) PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

(L) CONTINGENT ASSETS/LIABILITIES

Contingent assets

Contingent assets arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the Group and they are not recognised in the consolidated financial statements. The Group assesses continually the development of contingent assets. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the Group recognises the asset and the related income in the consolidated financial statements in the reporting period in which the change occurs.

(J) 收益

貸款融資之利息收入

貸款融資之利息收入於產生時採用實際利率法確認。就按攤銷成本計量且並無信貸減值的金融資產而言,實際利率適用於資產的賬面總值。就出現信貸減值的金融資產而言,實際利率應用於資產的攤銷成本(即賬面總值扣除虧損撥備)。

(K) 撥備

倘本集團因過往事件而須承擔現行法 律或推定之責任,而履行該責任很可 能會導致經濟效益外流,並可作出可 靠的估計時,將會就發生時間或數額 不定的負債作出撥備。倘貨幣的時間 價值重大,則按預期履行責任所需開 支的現值作出撥備。

倘經濟效益外流的可能性較低,或是 無法對有關數額作出可靠的估計,便 會將該責任披露為或然負債,惟經濟 效益外流的可能性極低者則除外。須 視乎某宗或多宗未來事件是否發生才 能確定存在與否的潛在責任,亦會披 露為或然負債,惟經濟效益外流的可 能性極低者則除外。

(L) 或然資產/負債

或然資產

或然資產源自可能會導致經濟利益流 入本集團的未計劃或未預期事件,且 不會於綜合財務報表內確認。本集團 持續評估或然資產的發展。倘實際上 確定將會產生經濟利益流入,則本集 團於出現變動的報告期間於綜合財務 報表確認資產及相關收入。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(L) CONTINGENT ASSETS/LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

(L) 或然資產/負債(續)

Contingent liabilities

或然負債

A contingent liability is a present obligation arising from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

或然負債指因已發生的事件而產生的 現有責任,但由於可能不需要流出具 有經濟利益的資源來履行責任,或責 任金額未能充分可靠地計量,故不予 確認。

Where the Group is jointly not severally liable for an obligation, the part of the obligation that is expected to be met by other parties is treated as a contingent liability and it is not recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

倘本集團對某一責任承擔共同而非個 別責任·則預期由其他方履行的責任 部分會被視為或然負債·且不會於綜 合財務報表確認。

The Group assesses continually to determine whether an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits has become probable. If it becomes probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required for an item previously dealt with as a contingent liability, a provision recognised in the consolidated financial statements in the reporting period in which the change in probability occurs, except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made.

本集團進行持續評估,以釐定是否可能流出具有經濟利益的資源。倘先前作為或然負債處理的項目可能須流出未來經濟利益,則於發生可能性變動的報告期間於綜合財務報表確認撥備,惟在極端罕見的情況下無法作出可靠估計除外。

(M) RELATED PARTIES

(M) 關連人士

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

倘在下列情況下,有關人士將被視為 與本集團有關連:

- (A) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
- (A) 倘屬以下人士,則該人士或該 人士之近親家庭成員與本集團 有關連:

(i) has control or joint control over the Group;

(i) 控制或共同控制本集團;

(ii) has significant influence over the Group; or

- (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力; 或
- (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公 司的主要管理人員。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(M) RELATED PARTIES (Cont'd)

(B) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:

- (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
- (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
- (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
- (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
- The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group;
- (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (A);
- (vii) A person identified in (A)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); or
- (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

(M) 關連人士(續)

- (B) 倘符合下列任何條件,則實體 與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一 集團之成員公司(即各母 公司、附屬公司及同系附 屬公司彼此間有關連);
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之聯營公司或合營企業(或另一實體為成員公司之集團旗下成員公司之聯營公司或合營企業);
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三 方之合營企業;
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體 之合營企業,而另一實體 為同一第三方實體之聯 營公司:
 - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本 集團有關連之實體就僱 員利益設立之離職後福 利計劃:
 - (vi) 該實體受(A)所識別人士 控制或共同控制;
 - (vii) 於(A)(i)所識別人士對該 實體有重大影響力或屬 該實體(或該實體之母公 司)的主要管理人員:或
 - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團之 任何成員公司向本集團 或本集團之母公司提供 主要管理人員服務。
 - 一名人士的近親是指預期在與 實體的交易中可影響該人士或 受該人士影響的家庭成員。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(N) GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expense or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are costs recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 4, the Directors are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations, that the Directors have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

(N) 政府補助

政府補助於可合理確定本集團將符合 政府補助所附帶的條件及將收到補助 時方予確認。

作為已產生開支或虧損的補償或向本 集團提供即時財務資助(並無日後相 關成本)而可收取的收入相關政府補 助,於其成為可收取的期間內於損益 中確認。

5. 重大會計判斷及估計不確定 因素的主要來源

於應用附註4所述的本集團會計政策時,董事須就不可透過其他資料來源而輕易取得的資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。該等估計及相關假設乃根據過往經驗及其他被視為相關的因素作出。實際結果可能有別於該等估計。

將會持續對該等估計及相關假設作出檢討。 倘會計估計的修訂僅對作出修訂的期間產 生影響,則有關修訂只會在該期間內確認; 倘會計估計的修訂對現時及未來期間均產 生影響,則會在作出該修訂期間及未來期間 內確認。

應用會計政策時作出之重大判斷

除涉及估計的判斷外,以下為董事於應用本 集團會計政策過程中作出且對綜合財務報 表內確認的金額產生最重大影響的判斷。

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5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Cont'd)

CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Significant increase in credit risk

As explained in note 4, ECL measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. HKFRS 9 does not define what constitutes a significant increase in credit risk. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportive forward-looking information.

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Fair value of derivatives and financial instruments

As at 31 December 2021, a significant amount of the Group's financial assets of unlisted convertible bond issued by a listed company with carrying amounts at 31 December 2021 of HK\$136.9 million are measured at fair value with fair value being determined based on significant unobservable inputs using valuation techniques. Judgement and estimation are required in establishing the relevant valuation techniques and the relevant inputs thereof. Changes in assumptions relating to these factors could result in material adjustments to the fair value of these instruments.

Impairment allowance for loans receivables

The directors estimate the amount of loss allowance for ECL on loans receivables based on the credit risk of loans receivables. The amount of the loss allowance based on ECL model is measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. Where the future cash flows are less than expected, or being revised downward due to changes in facts and circumstances, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2021, impairment allowance for loans receivables was approximately HK\$465.00 million (2020: approximately HK\$519.37 million).

5. 重大會計判斷及估計不確定 因素的主要來源(續)

應用會計政策時作出之重大判斷(續)

信貸風險顯著增加

如附註4所述,預期信貸虧損就第一階段資產,相等於十二個月預期信貸虧損的撥備計量,就第二階段或第三階段資產按全期預期信貸虧損的撥備計量。資產於其信貸風險自初始確認後顯著增加時轉入第二階段。香港財務報告準則第9號,並無界定構成信貸風險顯著增加的因素。於評估資產的信貸風險是否顯著增加時,本集團考慮合理及可靠的定性及定量前瞻性資料。

估計不確定因素之主要來源

以下為涉及日後的主要假設及於報告期末 估計不確定因素的其他主要來源,該等假設 及來源很可能導致下個財政年度的資產及 負債的賬面值出現大幅調整。

衍生工具及金融工具的公平值

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日由一間上市公司發行的非上市可換股債券的大量金融資產中,按公平值計量賬面值為136,900,000港元,而公平值使用估值方法根據重大不可觀察輸入數據釐定。於確立相關估值方法及其相關輸入數據時須作出判斷及估計。與該等因素有關的假設變動可能導致對該等工具的公平值作出重大調整。

應收貸款減值撥備

董事根據應收貸款的信貸風險估計應收貸款的預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備金額。根據預期信貸虧損模式計算的虧損撥備金額按根據合約應付本集團的所有合約現金流量與本集團預期收取的所有現金流量之間的差額(按初始確認時釐定的實際利率折現)計量。倘未來現金流量低於預期,或因事實及情況變化而下調,則可能產生重大減值虧損。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,應收貸款的減值撥備約為465,000,000港元(二零二零年:約519,370,000港元)。

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6. REVENUE

6. 收益

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		— 、	HK\$ 港元
Revenue from other source: Interest income from loan facilities (Note)	來自其他來源之收益: 貸款融資的利息收入(附註)	60,239,303	38,016,626

Note: Interest income on credit-impaired loans receivables for the year ended 31 December 2021 amounted to HK\$40,724,605 (2020: HK\$8,196,611).

附註:截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,信貸減值的應收貸款之利息收入為40,724,605港元(二零二零年:8,196,611港元)。

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

During the year ended 31 December 2021, all of the Group's revenue has been generated from the provision and arrangement of credit financing in Hong Kong. Revenue represents interest income earned from loans offered to the Group's customers. Information reported to the Group's chief operating decision maker (the executive directors of the Company), for the purposes of resources allocation and assessment of the Group's performance, is focused on the operating results of the Group as a whole, as the Group's resources are integrated and no discrete financial information is available. Accordingly, no segment analysis or information about the Group's products and services was presented.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group recognised its internal reporting structure which resulted in changes to composition of its reportable segment. The Group has not provided securities brokerage services with any customer; as such no revenue for security trading segment. Prior year segment disclosures have been represented to conform with the current year's presentation.

All of the Group's revenue from external customers and assets was generated from and located in Hong Kong during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020. For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, no revenue from a single external customer amounted to 10% or more of the Group's revenue.

7. 分部資料

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團所有收益均來自在香港提供及安排的信貸融資。收益指向本集團客戶提供貸款所得的利息收入。因為本集團的資源已整合及並無分散的財務資料,故為進行資源分配及評估本集團表現而向本集團主要經營決策者(即本公司執行董事)報告的資料集中於本集團的整體經營業績。因此,並無呈列分部分析或有關本集團產品及服務的資料。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團確認其內部報告架構,並因此導致其可報告分部之組成變動。本集團並無向任何客戶提供證券經紀服務,因此,證券買賣分部並無錄得任何收益。過往年度之分部披露已予重列,以與本年度之呈列方式相符。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團所有來自外界客戶的收益及資產其產生及存置均於香港。截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,並無來自單一外界客戶的收益佔本集團收益的10%或以上。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

8. OTHER INCOME

8. 其他收入

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	53	103
Dividend income	股息收入	137	_
Other interest income	其他利息收入	7	13
Sundry income	雜項收入	425,108	12
Government grants (Note)	政府補助(附註)	-	1,944,000
		425,305	1,944,128

Note: Government grants mainly represent subsidies received in connection with the support from the Anti-epidemic Fund of the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these subsidies.

附註:政府補助主要指因香港特別行政區政府「防 疫抗疫基金」的支持而收到的補貼。概無有 關該等補貼的未達成條件或或然事項。

9. OTHER GAIN/(LOSS)

9. 其他收益/(虧損)

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK \$ 港元
Fair value loss from financial	以公平值計入損益的金融資產的		
assets at FVTPL	公平值虧損	(363,596)	(3,106,260)
Gain/(loss) on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備的		
plant and equipment	收益/(虧損)	104,167	(54)
Realised gain from financial assets	以公平值計入損益的金融資產的		
at FVTPL	已變現收益	580,300	-
Others	其他	12,956	11,100
		333,827	(3,095,214)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

10. FINANCE COSTS

10. 財務費用

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Interest on lease liabilities Interest on consideration payable Interest on bond payable	租賃負債的利息 應付代價的利息 應付債券的利息	76,392 40,042 788,164	96,800 95,275 81,096
		904,598	273,171

11. LOSS BEFORE TAX

11. 除税前虧損

The Group's loss before tax is stated after charging/(crediting) the following:

本集團的除税前虧損已扣除/(記入)下列 各項:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK \$ 港元
Auditor's remuneration Depreciation of property, plant and	核數師酬金 物業、廠房及設備折舊	800,000	780,000
equipment		1,428,790	864,530
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,947,686	5,310,966
Legal and professional fees	法律及專業費用	3,580,653	3,191,944
(Reversal of impairment loss)/Impairment	應收貸款(減值虧損撥回)/		
loss on loans receivables, net	減值虧損淨額	(10,813,415)	360,193,407

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

12. 所得税開支

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Current tax – Hong Kong Profits Tax Provision for the year	即期税項-香港利得税 年內撥備	35,914	34,766
Over-provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(78,786)	(67,550)
Over-provision in prior years	週14 十1支 22 按 13 (用	(70,700)	(07,550)
		(42,872)	(32,784)
Deferred tax (note 24)	遞延税項(附註24)	4,957,306	9,254,605
		4,914,434	9,221,821

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Cont'd)

12. 所得税開支(續)

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of assessable profits of a corporation will be taxed at 8.25%, and assessable profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, Hong Kong Profits Tax of the nominated Group company is calculated in accordance with the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The assessable profits of other Group companies in Hong Kong will continue to be taxed at the tax rate of 16.5%.

評税利潤之税率為8.25%,而超過2,000,000港元應評税利潤之税率為16.5%。截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,獲提名集團公司的香港利得税乃按照利得税兩級制計算。其他本集團的香港公司的應評税利潤繼續按16.5%的税率繳税。

根據利得税兩級制,公司首2,000,000港元應

The reconciliation between the income tax expense and the loss before tax multiplied by the Hong Kong Profits Tax rate is as follows:

所得税開支與除税前虧損乘以香港利得税 税率之積對賬如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(26,622,536)	(358,389,707)
Tax at the applicable tax rate of	按適用税率16.5%(二零二零年:		
16.5% (2020: 16.5%)	16.5%)計算的税項	(4,392,718)	(59,134,302)
Tax effect of income that is not taxable	毋須課税收入的税務影響	(1,147,408)	(281,178)
Tax effect of expenses that are	不可扣除開支的税務影響		
not deductible		12,735,216	247,281
Tax effect of temporary difference	未確認暫時差額的税務影響		
not recognised		4,629,063	8,939,844
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses	動用過往未確認税項虧損的		
not previously recognised	税務影響	(6,830,933)	(125,568)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	尚未確認税項虧損的税務影響	-	59,643,294
Over-provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(78,786)	(67,550)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	4,914,434	9,221,821

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES

13. 僱員福利開支

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Employee benefits expenses (excluding directors' emoluments): Salaries and allowances Performance related bonuses Pension scheme contributions	僱員福利開支 (不包括董事酬金): 薪金及津貼 表現相關花紅 退休金計劃供款	5,329,292 732,999 263,218	11,506,378 1,179,747 779,491
Tension serieme contributions	☆ トレ 7元 セー 高) トノルバ	6,325,509	13,465,616

(A) PENSION SCHEME CONTRIBUTIONS

No forfeited contributions were utilised during the year (2020: Nil). No balance (2020: Nil) of forfeited contributions were available at the year-end to reduce future contributions.

(B) FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees in the Group during the year included two directors (2020: one) whose emoluments are set out in note 14. The emoluments of the remaining three highest paid employees (2020: four) are as follows:

(A) 退休金計劃供款

年內概無動用已沒收供款(二零二零年:無)。於年結日·概無已沒收供款的結餘(二零二零年:無)可用於抵銷未來供款。

(B) 五名最高薪僱員

年內,本集團五名最高薪僱員包括兩名董事(二零二零年:一名),其酬金列載於附註14。其餘三名最高薪僱員(二零二零年:四名)之酬金詳情載列如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Salaries, allowances and	薪金、津貼及實物福利		
benefits in kind	初亚 / 产品 / 及 / 周 刊	1,008,951	4,171,436
Performance related bonuses	表現相關花紅	103,041	607,413
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	44,065	270,904
		1,156,057	5,049,753

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES (Cont'd) 13. 僱員福利開支(續)

FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (Cont'd)

The emoluments of the remaining three (2020: four) highest paid employees fell within the following bands:

五名最高薪僱員(續)

其餘三名(二零二零年:四名)最高薪 僱員的酬金介乎以下範圍:

		2021 二零二一年 Number of employees 僱員人數	2020 二零二零年 Number of employees 僱員人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,000 to HK\$1,500,000 HK\$1,500,000 to HK\$2,000,000 HK\$2,000,000 to HK\$2,500,000	零至1,000,000港元 1,000,000港元至1,500,000港元 1,500,000港元至2,000,000港元 2,000,000港元至2,500,000港元	3 - -	2 1 -

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

14. 董事福利及利益

(A) DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S **EMOLUMENTS**

The remuneration of every director and the chief executive officer for the year ended 31 December 2021 disclosed pursuant to applicable Listing Rules and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is set out below:

(A) 董事及行政總裁酬金

根據適用上市規則及香港公司條例披 露的各董事及行政總裁截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度的酬金載列 如下:

		Emoluments paid or payable in respect of a person's services as a director/chie executive officer, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 就任何人士以董事/行政總裁身份(不論為本公司或其附屬公司) 所提供服務已付或應付的酬金				
		Fees	Salaries	Performance related bonuses 表現相關	Pension scheme contributions 退休金	Total
		袍金	薪金 HK\$	花紅 HK\$	計劃供款	總額
		HK\$ 港元	港元	港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Xie Si	謝絲	_	240,000	_	_	240,000
Lui Cheuk Fung (Note (a))	呂卓鋒(附註(a))	469,333	_	_	-	469,333
Wong Kai Lun (Note (b))	黃啟倫 (附註(b))	-	172,419	_	5,750	178,169
Lai Szu Yu	賴思妤	-	240,000	_	12,000	252,000
Ho Yuen May May (Note (c))	何婉薇(附註(c))	-	711,935	-	18,000	729,935
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Fung Kam Man	馮錦文	120,000	_	_	-	120,000
Wang Zhiwei	王志維	120,000	_	_	-	120,000
Wong Kin Ning (Note (a))	黃健寧(附註(a))	85,333	-	-	-	85,333
Chan Tung Tak Alain (Note (b))	陳通德 (附註(b))	35,000	-	-	-	35,000
Li Long	李龍	120,000	-	-	-	120,000
Choy Sze Chung Jojo	蔡思聰	120,000	_		-	120,000
Total	總額	1,069,666	1,364,354	-	35,750	2,469,770

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註 (continued 續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS 14. 董事福利及利益(續) (Cont'd)

(A) DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S EMOLUMENTS (Cont'd)

The remuneration of every director and the chief executive officer for the year ended 31 December 2020 is set out below:

(A) 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

各董事及行政總裁截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度的酬金載列如 下:

	Emoluments paid or payable in respect of a person's services as a director/vexecutive officer, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 就任何人士以董事/行政總裁身份(不論為本公司或其附屬公司)所提供服務已付或應付的酬金					ındertaking
				Performance	Pension	
				related	scheme	
		Fees	Salaries	bonuses 表現相關	contributions 退休金	Total
		袍金	薪金	花紅	計劃供款	總額
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Li Sin Hung Maxim (Note (e))	李鳈洪(附註(e))	_	173,556	_	4,500	178,056
Wong Kai Lun	黃啟倫	_	520,000	50,000	18,000	588,000
Xie Si	謝絲	_	240,000	-	_	240,000
Lai Szu Yu	賴思妤	_	240,000	-	12,000	252,000
Ho Yuen May May	何婉薇					
(chief executive officer) (Note (c))	(行政總裁)(附註(c))	-	179,667	50,000	4,210	233,877
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Fung Kam Man	馮錦文	120,000	_	_	-	120,000
Wang Zhiwei	王志維	120,000	_	_	-	120,000
Chan Tung Tak Alain	陳通德	120,000	_	-	_	120,000
Li Long	李龍	120,000	_	-	-	120,000
Choy Sze Chung Jojo	蔡思聰	120,000	-	-	-	120,000
Chief executive officer:	行政總裁:					
Ho Yuen May May (Note (c))	何婉薇(附註(c))	-	315,548	_	10,234	325,782
Tsang Yan Kwong (Note (d))	曾仁光(附註(d))	_	313,548		39,194	352,742
Total	總額	600,000	1,982,319	100,000	88,138	2,770,457

Notes:

- (a) Appointed on 15 April 2021.
- (b) Resigned on 15 April 2021.
- (c) Appointed as chief executive officer on 19 March 2020 and appointed as executive director on 7 October 2020.
- (d) Resigned on 19 March 2020.
- (e) Deceased on 9 March 2020.

附註:

- (a) 於二零二一年四月十五日獲委任。
- (b) 於二零二一年四月十五日辭任。
- (c) 於二零二零年三月十九日獲委任為 行政總裁並於二零二零年十月七日 獲委任為執行董事。
- (d) 於二零二零年三月十九日辭任。
- (e) 於二零二零年三月九日離世。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS 14. 董事福利及利益(續) (Cont'd)

(A) DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S EMOLUMENTS (Cont'd)

The Chief Executive Officer of the Company and her emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by her as the Chief Executive Officer.

There was no arrangement under which a Director or the Chief Executive Officer waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2020: Nil).

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, there were no amounts paid or payable by the Group to the Directors or any of the five highest paid individuals as set out in note 13 below as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

The executive director's emolument shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

The independent non-executive director's emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

(B) DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company (including any person who at any time during the year was a director) or the director's connected entity had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

(A) 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

上文所披露本公司行政總裁及其酬金 包括彼作為行政總裁所提供服務之酬 金。

年內概無董事或行政總裁放棄或同意 放棄任何酬金的安排(二零二零年: 無)。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團概無向董事或下文附註13所載五名最高薪酬人士中的任何人士支付或應付任何款項,作為加入本集團或加入本集團後的獎勵或作為離職補償。

上文所示執行董事之酬金乃就彼等管 理本公司及本集團事務所提供之服務 而支付。

上文所示獨立非執行董事的酬金乃就 彼等擔任本公司董事所提供之服務而 支付。

(B) 董事於交易、安排或合約的重大 利益

本公司董事(包括於年內任何時候為董事之任何人士)或董事的關連實體 概無於年終或年內任何時候,仍然存續以本公司作為訂約方且與本集團業務有關的重大交易、安排及合約中擁有直接或間接的重大利益。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

15. DIVIDENDS

The directors did not recommend the payment of any dividend to shareholders for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

16. LOSS PER SHARE

BASIC LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic loss per share is based on the loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company at HK\$31,536,970 (2020: HK\$367,611,528) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 3,628,800,000 (2020: 3,628,800,000) in issue during the year.

DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE

Diluted loss per share for the loss for the year attributable to the owners of the Company was the same as basic loss per share as the Company did not have any potential ordinary shares during the two years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

15. 股息

董事不建議就截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度(二零二零年:無)向股東 派付任何股息。

16. 每股虧損

每股基本虧損

每股基本虧損乃基於本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損31,536,970港元(二零二零年:367,611,528港元)及年內已發行普通股加權平均股數3,628,800,000股(二零二零年:3,628,800,000股)計算。

每股攤薄虧損

由於本公司於截至二零二一年及二零二零 年十二月三十一日止兩個年度,並無任何潛 在攤薄普通股,故本公司擁有人應佔年內虧 損之每股攤薄虧損與每股基本虧損相同。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 17. 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings 樓宇 HK S 港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業装修 HKS 港元	Furniture and fixture 傢俱及 固定裝置 HK\$ 港元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 HKS 港元	Computers 電腦 HK\$ 港元	Motor vehicle 汽車 HK\$ 港元	Vessel 船舶 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HK S 港元
Cost At 1 January 2020 Additions Disposals	成本 於二零二零年一月一日 添置 處置	187,561 - -	5,556,010 970,730 (1,275,170)	1,018,329 185,306 (528,766)	1,160,249 7,494 (783,034)	3,410,426 535,739 (638,007)	260,000 - -	- 1,864,683 -	11,592,575 3,563,952 (3,224,977)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals Written off	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日 添置 處置 撤銷	187,561 - - -	5,251,570 - - (4,006,350)	674,869 - - -	384,709 23,301 (6,000)	3,308,158 952,210 (89,300)	260,000 900,000 (260,000)	1,864,683 - - -	11,931,550 1,875,511 (355,300) (4,006,350)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	187,561	1,245,220	674,869	402,010	4,171,068	900,000	1,864,683	9,445,411
Accumulated depreciation At 1 January 2020 Charge for the year Disposals	累計折舊 於二零二零年一月一日 年內支出 處置	180,930 6,631 –	5,500,054 177,297 (1,275,170)	964,082 77,410 (528,766)	1,137,083 24,757 (782,980)	3,223,212 338,621 (638,007)	102,917 65,000 -	- 174,814 -	11,108,278 864,530 (3,224,923)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Disposals Written off	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日 年內支出 處置 撤銷	187,561 - - -	4,402,181 485,365 - (4,006,350)	512,726 92,653 - -	378,860 13,316 (6,000)	2,923,826 419,371 (89,300)	167,917 185,000 (184,167) –	174,814 233,085 - -	8,747,885 1,428,790 (279,467) (4,006,350)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	187,561	881,196	605,379	386,176	3,253,897	168,750	407,899	5,890,858
Carrying amount At 31 December 2021	賬面值 於二零二一年十二月三十一日	-	364,024	69,490	15,834	917,171	731,250	1,456,784	3,554,553
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	-	849,389	162,143	5,849	384,332	92,083	1,689,869	3,183,665

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18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

18. 使用權資產

		Leasehold land 租賃土地 HK\$ 港元	Lease property 租賃物業 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HK\$ 港元
Cost	成本			
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	1,618,044	6,194,308	7,812,352
Additions	添置	-	7,973,656	7,973,656
Written off	撇銷	-	(3,290,558)	(3,290,558)
At 31 December 2020 and	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及			
1 January 2021	二零二一年一月一日	1,618,044	10,877,406	12,495,450
Written off	撇銷 ————————————————————————————————————	_	(6,829,406)	(6,829,406)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	1,618,044	4,048,000	5,666,044
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊			
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	419,950	4,878,268	5,298,218
Charge for the year	年內支出	43,534	5,267,432	5,310,966
Written off	撇銷	-	(3,200,081)	(3,200,081)
At 31 December 2020 and	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及			
1 January 2021	二零二一年一月一日	463,484	6,945,619	7,409,103
Charge for the year	年內支出	43,534	1,904,152	1,947,686
Written off		-	(6,829,406)	(6,829,406)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	507,018	2,020,365	2,527,383
Carrying amount	賬面值			
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	1,111,026	2,027,635	3,138,661
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	1,154,560	3,931,787	5,086,347

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18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Cont'd)

18. 使用權資產(續)

The following table is the amount recognised in profit or loss:

下表為於損益確認的金額:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,947,686	5,310,966

The Group had total cash outflows for leases of HK\$2,091,600 for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: HK\$5,335,112).

本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,因租賃而產生的現金流出總額為 2,091,600港元(二零二零年:5,335,112港 元)。

For both years, the Group leases various offices for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 3 years (2020: 4 months to 3 years). Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

於此兩個年度,本集團為其營運租賃多個辦公室。租賃合約按三年的固定期限(二零二零年:四個月至三年)訂立。租賃條款乃按個別基準磋商,並包含不同條款及條件。於釐定租賃期及評估不可撤銷期限的長度時,本集團應用合約的定義並釐定合約可強制執行的期限。

19. LOANS RECEIVABLES

19. 應收貸款

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Fixed-rate loans receivables	應收定息貸款	665,879,514	924,497,125
Accrued interest receivables	應收應計利息	58,007,278	42,131,754
		723,886,792	966,628,879
Less: Impairment allowance on	減:獨立評估的減值撥備	,,	,,
individual assessment	777 353 E A T TA T 3 777 E 327 TIS	(332,646,090)	(360,257,902)
Impairment allowance on	集體評估的減值撥備	(552/5 15/555)	(555/257/552)
collective assessment	N 132 H 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(132,350,163)	(159,117,000)
		(122,223,132)	(**************************************
		258,890,539	447,253,977
Analysed as:	列為:		
– Non-current	- 非流動	145,763,881	221,441,816
– Current	- 流動	113,126,658	225,812,161
		258,890,539	447,253,977

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19. LOANS RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

regularly by management.

19. 應收貸款(續)

The range of effective interest rate of fixed-rate loans receivables are from 3.7% to 46%.

The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding loans receivables to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed

The loans receivables above were denominated in HK\$. The credit quality analysis of the loans receivables are as follows:

應收定息貸款之實際利率範圍介乎3.7%至 46%。

本集團一直嚴格控制未收回的應收貸款,務 求將信貸風險減至最低。管理層定期檢查逾 期結餘。

上述應收貸款以港元計值。應收貸款的信貸質素分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Neither past due nor impaired	未逾期亦未減值		
– Secured	一有抵押	23,940,294	32,548,467
– Unsecured	一無抵押	95,575,278	79,487,593
Less than 3 months past due	逾期不足三個月	9,211,025	7,681,024
Over 3 months past due	逾期超過三個月	2,362,211	11,877,698
		131,088,808	131,594,782
Impaired (Note)	減值(附註)	592,797,984	835,034,097
		723,886,792	966,628,879

Note: Represents the gross amount of individually impaired loans receivables for which impairment loss has been provided partially or in full as at year end date.

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of customers who have repayment to the Group. Based on past experience, the directors were of the opinion that no provision for impairment on these loans was necessary as these loans receivables would be substantially/fully settled subsequent to the reporting period or there had not been a significant change in credit quality that these balances were still considered fully recoverable.

附註:指於年結日已就減值虧損作出部分或全數 撥備的個別減值應收貸款總額。

並無逾期亦無減值的應收款項與眾多近期並無拖欠記錄的不同類型客戶有關。

已逾期但並無減值的應收款項與多名於本集團有還款記錄的客戶有關。根據過往經驗,由於該等應收貸款已於報告期後大部分/悉數收回或信貸質素並無重大改變,且該等結餘仍被視為可全數收回,故董事認為毋須就此等貸款作出減值撥備。

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19. LOANS RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

As at 31 December 2021, amongst all past due but not impaired loans, a first mortgage loan of HK\$1,983,765 was secured by collateral with fair value amounted to HK\$5,400,000. Save for the above, the Group did not hold any collateral in respect of the remaining individually past due but not impaired loans receivables as at 31 December 2021, while as at 31 December 2020, a secured revolving loan of HK\$10,054,042 was secured by equity interest in a private company with value amounted to HK\$300.000.000.

The individually impaired loans receivables relate to customers who were in financial difficulties and only a portion of the receivable was expected to be recoverable. As at 31 December 2021, impaired secured fixed loans of HK\$67,188,840 (2020: HK\$84,000,000) were secured by equity interest in listed companies and equity interest in a private company with value amounted to HK\$Nil as the directors of the Company consider the value of those equity interest is insignificant. (2020: HK\$33,943,228), and impaired secured revolving loans of HK\$47,979,649 (2020: HK\$73,265,737) were secured by equity interest in private companies and assets held by a private company with value amounted to HK\$Nil as the directors of the Company consider the value of those equity interest is insignificant (2020: HK\$62,732,366). Save for the above, the Group did not hold any collateral in respect of the remaining individually impaired loans receivables as at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group has pledged loans receivables with aggregated amount of approximately HK\$32,000,000 for a bond payable described in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

19. 應收貸款(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,於所有已逾期但未減值的貸款中,首次按揭貸款1,983,765港元以公平值為5,400,000港元的抵押品作為抵押。除上述者外,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團並無就餘下個別已逾期但並無減值的應收貸款持有任何抵押品,於二零二零年十二月三十一日,一筆有抵押循環貸款10,054,042港元以價值300,000,000港元的一間私營公司股權作為抵押。

個別已減值應收貸款與陷入財務困難的客 戶有關,預期僅可收回部分應收款項。於二 零二一年十二月三十一日,已減值有抵押 固定貸款67.188.840港元(二零二零年: 84,000,000港元)以價值零港元(二零二零 年:33,943,228港元)的上市公司股權及一 間私營公司股權作為抵押,乃由於本公司董 事認為該等股權價值並不重大,及已減值 有抵押循環貸款47,979,649港元(二零二零 年:73,265,737港元)以價值零港元(二零 二零年:62,732,366港元)的私營公司股權 及一間私營公司所持資產作為抵押,乃由於 本公司董事認為該等股權價值並不重大。除 上述者外,於二零二一年及二零二零年十二 月三十一日,本集團並無就餘下個別已減值 的應收貸款持有任何抵押品。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團已就 綜合財務報表附註23所述的應付債券抵押 總額約為32,000,000港元的應收貸款。

20. 以公平值計入損益的金融資產

		2021 二零二一年 HK \$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTPL: – Equity securities listed in Hong Kong – Convertible bonds	強制以公平值計入損益 計量的金融資產: 一於香港上市之股本證券 一可換股債券	19,249,593 136,896,000	8,018,780 -
		156,145,593	8,018,780
Analysed for reporting purposes – Current assets – Non-current assets	為呈報目的所作之分析 一流動資產 一非流動資產	19,249,593 136,896,000	8,018,780 –
		156,145,593	8,018,780

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20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (Cont'd)

(A) INVESTMENT ON CONVERTIBLE BONDS

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group received investment on convertible bonds issued on 29 June 2020 (the "Issue Date") with principal amount of HK\$184,000,000 (the "Bonds"), the Bonds which were issued by a listed company listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange ("the Listed Company") in settlement of the Group's loans receivables with a carrying amount of HK\$203,508,216. The Group recognised the fair value of the Bonds of HK\$134,944,000 and derecognised the loans receivables with carrying amount of HK\$203,508,216 with the difference recognised as a loss on derecognition of loans receivables of HK\$68,564,216 in profit or loss during the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Bonds bear interest at 1% per annum payable in arrears annually with maturity on the 5th anniversary of the date of issue of the Bonds i.e. 29 June 2025. The Group has right to convert the Bonds into share of the Listed Company from the date immediately after the expiration of three years from the Issue Date of the Bonds (i.e. 29 June 2020) to 29 June 2025 at a conversion price HK\$5.5 per share. The Group has the right to convert the Bonds into 33,454,545 shares of the Listed Company.

The Group designated the Bonds as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition with any gain or loss arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The fair values of the Bonds on initial recognition and as at 31 December 2021 were determined based on the valuation conducted by an independent valuer. The methods and assumptions applied for the valuation of Bonds and its components are set out as below:

20. 以公平值計入損益的金融資產(續)

(A) 可換股債券投資

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,就結算本集團賬面值為 203,508,216港元的應收貸款,本集 團取得可換股債券投資,相關聯交 份(「該債券」)乃由一間聯交所 GEM上市的公司(「該上市公司」)於 二零二零年六月二十九日(「發行日期」)發行,本金額為184,000,000港元。本集團已確認該債券之公平值 134,944,000港元,並終止確認賬面值 為203,508,216港元的應收貸款,其貸 款時於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度於損益確認為虧損。

該債券按年利率1%計息,須於每年支付,並於該債券發行日期起計第五週年(即二零二五年六月二十九日)到期。本集團有權於緊隨該債券發行日期(即二零二零年六月二十九日)起計三年屆滿後當日起至二零二五年六月二十九日止期間,按轉換價每股5.5港元將該債券轉換為該上市公司股份。本集團有權將該債券轉換為該上市公司的33,454,545股股份。

本集團於初步確認時將該債券指定為 按公平值計入損益,而重新計量產生 的任何收益或虧損於損益確認。該債 券於初步確認時及於二零二一年十二 月三十一日的公平值乃根據獨立估值 師進行的估值釐定。該債券及其組成 部分之估值所應用的方法及假設載列 如下:

> HK\$ 港元

At 1 January 2020, 31 December 2020 and
1 January 2021於二零二零年一月一日、二零二零年
十二月三十一日及二零二一年一月一日
増加
公平值變動134,944,000
1,952,000At 31 December 2021於二零二一年十二月三十一日136.896.000

At 31 December 2021, the fair value of the Bonds as a whole is calculated using the Black-Scholes model.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,該債券的整體公平值乃採用柏力克-舒爾 斯模式計算。

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20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (Cont'd)

20. 以公平值計入損益的金融資產(續)

(A) INVESTMENT ON CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Cont'd)

The inputs into the model at 31 December 2021, the stock price of the Listed Company is HK\$0.08; the conversion price of the Bonds is HK\$5.5 (Note a); the discount rate is 10.85%; the risk free rate is 0.85% (Note b); the expected volatility is 72.66% (Note c); option life is 5 years and no expected dividend yield is 0% (Note d).

Notes:

- (a) The Listed Company adjusted conversion price of the Bonds due to share consolidation approved at Special General Meeting was effected on 16 September 2021.
- (b) The rate was determined with reference to the yields of Hong Kong government bonds and treasury bills as at the date of valuation.
- (c) Based on the historical price volatility of the Listed Company.
- (d) Estimated with reference to the historical dividend payout of the Listed Company.

The Bonds were classified as non-current assets because, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group expected the Bonds to be recovered or settled more than twelve months after the reporting period. In assessing the presentation of the Bonds as current and non-current, the directors of the Company have taken into account the financial position of the Listed Company.

(A) 可換股債券投資(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日該模式 之輸入數據為:該上市公司的股價為 0.08港元;該債券的換股價為5.5港元 (附註a);貼現率為10.85%;無風險 利率為0.85%(附註b);預期波幅為 72.66%(附註c);換股權年期為5年, 預期股息率為0%(附註d)。

附註:

- (a) 由於該上市公司之股份合併經股東 特別大會批准且於二零二一年九月 十六日生效,該上市公司因此調整 該債券之轉換價。
- (b) 利率乃參考香港政府債券及國庫券 於估值日期的收益率釐定。
- (c) 根據該上市公司的歷史價格波幅計 算。
- (d) 參考該上市公司的過往股息派付金 額估計。

由於本公司董事認為,本集團預期該 債券將於報告期後超過十二個月收回 或結算,故該債券分類為非流動資產。 於評估該債券呈列為流動還是非流動 時,本公司董事已考慮該上市公司的 財務狀況。

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20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (Cont'd)

20. 以公平值計入損益的金融資產(續)

(B) LISTED SECURITIES HELD FOR TRADING

(B) 持作買賣的上市證券

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Listed securities held for trading: – Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	持作買賣的上市證券: 一於香港上市的股本證券	19,249,593	8,018,780
Analysed as: Current asset	列為: 流動資產	19,249,593	8,018,780

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group received equity securities listed in Hong Kong with fair value at date of derecognition of loans receivables of HK\$16,811,160 due to derecognition of loans receivable of amount with HK\$16,811,160, therefore, no gain/loss on derecognition of loans receivables recognised in profit or loss.

The fair value of equity securities listed in Hong Kong are based on the current market prices of such equity securities as at the end of the reporting period.

The above financial assets represent investments in listed equity securities that offer the Company the opportunity for return through dividend income and fair value gains. They have no fixed maturity or coupon rate.

At 31 December 2021 and 2020, the fair value measurements of the Group's investment in listed securities classified as financial assets at FVTPL are recurring and are determined using level 1 input (2020: level 1 inputs). 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,由於終止確認應收貸款 16,811,160港元,本集團收到於香港 上市之股本證券,其於終止確認應收 貸款日期之公平值為16,811,160港 元,本集團並無因此就終止確認應收 貸款於損益確認任何收益/虧損。

於香港上市的股本證券的公平值乃基 於該等股本證券於報告期末的現行市 價。

上述金融資產指於上市股本證券的投資,乃透過股息收入及公平值收益為本公司提供回報機會。其並無固定到期日或票面息率。

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團分類為以公平值計 入損益的金融資產的上市證券投資所 計量的公平值乃經常性,並使用第一 級輸入數據(二零二零年:第一級輸 入數據)釐定。

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21. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTOCI

21. 以公平值計入其他全面收入 的金融資產

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK \$ 港元
Non-current Equity investments designated	非流動 指定為以公平值計入其他		
at FVTOCI – Unlisted equity investments (Note)	全面收入的股本投資 一非上市股本投資(附註)	218,000	-

Note: Unlisted investment shares were measured at FVTOCI. Under HKFRS 9, these investments are all classified as financial assets measured at FVTOCI. Subsequent changes in fair value of these investments are recognised in FVTOCI reserve and the cumulative gains or loss on disposals are recognised in retained earnings.

The above unlisted equity investments represent the Group's equity interest in private entity incorporated in Hong Kong. The directors of the Company have elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI.

22. LEASE LIABILITIES

At 31 December 2021, the lease liabilities were repayable as follows:

附註: 非上市投資股份以公平值計入其他全面 收入計量。根據香港財務報告準則第9號, 該等投資均分類為以公平值計入其他全 面收入計量的金融資產。該等投資公平值 的其後變動於以公平值計入其他全面收 入的儲備確認,而出售產生的累計收益或 虧損於保留盈利確認。

> 上述非上市股本投資指本集團於香港註 冊成立的私人實體的股權。本公司董事已 選擇將該等權益工具投資指定為以公平 值計入其他全面收入。

22. 租賃負債

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,租賃負債的 償還期如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Within 1 year After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years	一年內 一年後但兩年內 兩年後但五年內	1,372,752 662,804 –	2,015,208 1,372,752 662,804
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months shown	減:流動負債項下於十二個月內 到期結算的款項	2,035,556	4,050,764
Amount due for settlement after 12 months shown under non-current liabilities	非流動負債項下於十二個月後 到期結算的款項	(1,372,752)	2,035,556
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	租賃負債的利息開支	76,392	96,800

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities was 5.54% (2020: range from 5% to 5.54%).

適用於租賃負債的加權平均增量借貸利率 為5.54%(二零二零年:5%至5.54%)。

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23. BOND PAYABLE

23. 應付債券

Movement of the bond payable is as follows:

應付債券之變動如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
At 4 Long on	÷∧	40.000.000	
At 1 January	於一月一日	10,000,000	_
Proceeds from issuance of bond	債券發行所得款項	-	10,000,000
Repayment	還款	(1,000,000)	_
Accrued interests	應計利息	72,986	81,096
		9,072,986	10,081,096
Less: Accrued interests recognised	減:於應計費用及其他應付款項		
in accruals and other payables	確認的應計利息	(72,986)	(81,096)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	9,000,000	10,000,000

The balance is repayable within one year and shown under current liabilities.

The Group issued a bond with a principal amount of HK\$10,000,000 in 2020. No transaction costs attributable to the issuance of the bond. The bond is secured by loans receivables of the Group, amounted to HK\$32,000,000 as described in note 19. The maturity date of the bond is falling on the first anniversary of the issue date. The interest rate of the bonds is fixed at 8% per annum, and the interest is paid semi-annually. The Company extended the bond maturity date to 4 May 2022.

結餘須於一年內償還,並於流動負債項下呈 列。

於二零二零年本集團發行了本金額為10,000,000港元的債券。發行債券沒有產生交易成本。如附註19所述,債券以本集團金額為32,000,000港元的應收貸款作抵押。債券的到期日為發行日期起計滿一週年當日。債券的固定年利率為8%,利息每半年支付一次。本公司已將債券之到期日延後至二零二二年五月四日。

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24. DEFERRED TAX

24. 遞延税項

The following are deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised by the Group:

以下為本集團確認之遞延税項資產及負債:

		Accelerated	Provision for impairment	
		tax	on loans	
		depreciation	receivables	Total
		加速税項折舊	應收貸款 減值撥備	總額
		加速机模加值 HK\$	их шлх m HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	(520,656)	(35,291,355)	(35,812,011)
Charged to profit or loss	年內在損益表中扣除(附註12)			
for the year (note 12)		217,555	9,037,050	9,254,605
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日			
and 1 January 2021	及二零二一年一月一日	(303,101)	(26,254,305)	(26,557,406)
Charged to profit or loss	年內在損益表中扣除(附註12)			
for the year (note 12)		540,778	4,416,528	4,957,306
	W = 61 8-1 -			
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	237,677	(21,837,777)	(21,600,100)

The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for statement of financial position purposes:

以下為就財務狀況表而言的遞延税項結餘 分析:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	21,600,100	26,557,406

At the end of the reporting period, no deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax losses amounted to HK\$354,922,920 (2020: HK\$396,432,562) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

於報告期末,由於未來溢利來源之不確定,因此對於税項虧損354,922,920港元(二零二零年:396,432,562港元),並無確認遞延税項資產。稅項虧損可能無限期結轉。

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25. SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY

25. 本公司股本

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Authorised: 250,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.02 each	法定: 250,000,000,000股 每股0.02港元的普通股	5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000
Issued and fully paid: 3,628,800,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.02 each	已發行及繳足: 3,628,800,000股 每股0.02港元的普通股	72,576,000	72,576,000

26. RESERVES

(A) GROUP

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 84 and 87 of this annual report respectively.

(B) NATURE AND PURPOSE OF RESERVES

(i) Share premium

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

Pursuant to a special resolution passed in an extraordinary general meeting held on 24 December 2014, the change of the domicile of the Company from the Cayman Islands to Bermuda was approved by the shareholders. The change of domicile of the Company was completed on 5 February 2015. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, the funds in the share premium account of the Company may be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

26. 儲備

(A) 本集團

本集團的儲備金額及其變動分別載列 於本年報第84頁及第87頁的綜合損益 及其他全面收入表及綜合權益變動表。

(B) 儲備性質及目的

(i) 股份溢價

根據開曼群島公司法,本公司 股份溢價賬的資金可分派予本 公司股東,惟緊隨建議分派股 息日期後,本公司須有能力償 還其於日常業務過程中已到期 之債務。

根據於二零一四年十二月二十四日召開的股東特別大議室,本公司遇的特別決議案,本公司遇冊於二時期,其上通過的特別決議室,本公司遷冊於二時期,其上,本公司遷冊於二等之一五年二月五日完成。根據公一五年二月五日完成。根本公司股份溢價賬的資金可以繳足紅股方式分派。

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26. RESERVES (Cont'd)

26. 儲備(續)

(B) NATURE AND PURPOSE OF RESERVES (Cont'd)

(ii) Capital reserve

The capital reserve of the Group arose as a result of the Group's reorganisation implemented in preparation for the listing of the Company's shares in 2009 and represented the difference between the nominal value of the aggregate share capital of the subsidiaries acquired under the reorganisation scheme, over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange therefore.

The capital reserve of the Company arose as a result of the Group's reorganisation implemented in preparation for the listing of the Company's shares in 2009 and represented the excess of the consolidated net assets of the subsidiaries acquired, over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange therefore.

(iii) Contributed surplus

The contributed surplus of the Group and the Company arose as a result of the Group's cancellation of the share premium account of the Company.

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, contributed surplus account is available for distribution to shareholders. However, the Company cannot declare or pay dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if:

- the Company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- the realisable value of the Company's assets would thereby be less than its liabilities.

B) 儲備性質及目的(*續)*

(ii) 資本儲備

本集團的資本儲備乃因本集團 預備本公司股份於二零零九年 上市而進行重組所產生,指根 據重組計劃收購的附屬公司的 總股本面值與本公司作為交換 而發行的股本面值之差額。

本公司的資本儲備乃因本集團 預備本公司股份於二零零九年 上市而進行重組所產生,指已 收購附屬公司當時的綜合資產 淨值超出本公司作為交換而發 行的股本面值之金額。

(iii) 繳入盈餘

本集團及本公司的繳入盈餘乃 因本集團註銷本公司股份溢價 賬所產生。

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法, 繳入盈餘賬可供分派予股東。 然而,倘發生以下情況,則本公 司不得宣派或派付股息,或自 繳入盈餘中作出分派:

- 本公司現時或在派付後 將無法償還其到期負債;
- 本公司資產的可變現價 值在派付後將低於其負 債。

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27. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme ("Share Option **Scheme**") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations and providing the Group with a more flexible means to reward, remunerate, compensate and/or provide benefits to the eligible participants. Eligible participants include full-time or part-time employees, directors (including executive, non-executive or independent non-executive directors) and any consultants or advisers (whether professional or otherwise and whether on an employment or contractual or honorary basis or otherwise and whether paid or unpaid), distributor, contractor, supplier, service provider, agent, customer and business partner of the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries, who, at the sole determination of the directors, have contributed to the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries ("Eligible Participants"). The Share Option Scheme was adopted on 24 November 2011 and unless otherwise terminated by the shareholders or the directors, will remain in force for 10 years from the adoption date. The Share Option Scheme expired on 24 November 2021.

The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Group must not, in aggregate, exceed 10% of the issued ordinary shares of the Company as at the listing date of the Company or the date of shareholders' approval of a refreshment of such limit in a general meeting of the Company ("Scheme Limit"). The Scheme Limit was refreshed pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 28 June 2017 and the Scheme Limit as refreshed is 362,880,000 ordinary shares, which represents 10% of the issued ordinary shares of the Company as at the date of this annual report. The maximum aggregate number of ordinary shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Group must not exceed 30% of the issued ordinary shares of the Company from time to time.

Unless approved by the shareholders of the Company, the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each Eligible Participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company.

27. 購股權計劃

本公司實施購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」), 旨在為對本集團成功營運作出貢獻的合資 格參與者提供獎勵及回報,並為本集團提供 更具彈性靈活的方式,向合資格參與者提供 獎勵、酬勞、補償及/或福利。合資格參與 者包括本公司及/或其任何附屬公司的全 職或兼職僱員、董事(包括執行、非執行或 獨立非執行董事)及任何諮詢人或顧問(無 論是否為專業人士,並無論以聘請或合約制 或義務性質或其他方式,且無論為受薪或無 薪)、分銷商、承包商、供應商、服務提供者、 代理、客戶及業務夥伴,且屬董事全權釐定 對本公司及/或其任何附屬公司有貢獻者 (「合資格參與者」)。購股權計劃已於二零 --年十一月二十四日獲採納,除非股東或 董事另行終止,購股權計劃將由接納日期起 十年內有效。購股權計劃已於二零二一年 十一月二十四日到期。

按購股權計劃及本集團任何其他購股權計劃所授出所有購股權獲行使下可能發行的股份總數合共不得超過本公司於其上有朝限額(「計劃限額」)當日已發行市通關額(「計劃限額」)當日已發行一七音關限額(「計劃限額根據股東於二零通過的一項普通決議案予以更新,而經更新,而經更對,而經數分數計劃限額為362,880,000股普通股,即公司於本年報日期已發行普通股的10%。對財權計劃或本集團任何其他購股權計劃或本集團任何其他購股權計劃或本集團任何其他購股權計劃或本集團任何其他購股權計劃或本集團任何其他購股權計劃或本集團任何其他購股權計劃或本集團任何其他購股權計劃權行使下可能發行的普通股總數上限不超過本公司不時已發行普通股的30%。

除非獲本公司股東批准,按於十二個月期間內向各合資格參與者授予的購股權獲行使下發行及將予發行(包括已行使及尚未行使的購股權)的股份總數不得超過本公司已發行股本的1%。

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27. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval by all the independent non-executive directors (excluding any independent non-executive director who is the grantee of the options). In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the total issued share capital of the Company on the date of offer and having an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares on the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, in any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

The offer of grant of an option shall remain open for acceptance for such period as determined by the directors, which period shall not be more than 14 days from the date of the offer. Upon acceptance of the offer, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant.

An option may be exercised in whole or in part at any time during a period as may be specified by the directors, the expiry date of such period not to exceed 10 years from the date of grant of the option. Unless otherwise determined by the directors, there is no general requirement on the minimum period for which an option must be held or any performance targets which must be achieved before an option can be exercised.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on GEM as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of the offer of the share options; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares on GEM as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares on the date of the offer.

Share options do not confer rights on the holder to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

No options have been granted under the Share Option Scheme since its inception.

27. 購股權計劃(續)

向本公司董事、最高行政人員或主要股東或彼等之任何聯繫人授出購股權,須獲全體獨立非執行董事(不包括為購股權承配人之任何獨立非執行董事)事先批准。此外,於任何十二個月期間內,向本公司主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等之任何聯繫人授出的購股權超過本公司於提呈日期已發行股本總額0.1%及總值(按本公司股份於授出日期的價格計算)超過5,000,000港元,則須獲股東於股東大會上批准。

授出購股權之要約須於董事決定的有關時期內供接納,而此期間須為要約當日起計不超過十四日。於接納要約後,承配人須向本公司支付1.00港元作為授出的代價。

購股權可於董事可能指定的期間內任何時候悉數或作部分行使,有關期間的屆滿日期不得超過購股權授出當日起計的十年。除非董事另有其他決定,否則不會對持有購股權的最少期間設下一般規定,或須達成任何表現目標後方可行使購股權。

購股權的行使價可由董事釐定,惟不可低於下列中的最高者:(i)聯交所日報表所載本公司股份於提呈購股權日期在GEM的收市價;(ii)聯交所日報表所載本公司股份於緊接提呈日期前五個交易日在GEM的平均收市價;及(iii)本公司股份於提呈日期的面值。

購股權並無授予持有人收取股息或於股東 大會上投票的權利。

自購股權計劃設立以來,並無根據購股權計 劃授出任何購股權。

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28. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At 31 December 2021, the Group had the following significant contingent liabilities:

The Group's external legal counsel advised that the Group's loan agreements which involve charging an interest rate at a rate more than 48%, but less than 60% per annum shall be presumed to be extortionate and such portion of extortionate interest is potentially unenforceable as determined by the court. Subject to the court's consideration of facts relevant to individual borrowers, this presumption may be rebutted if the court, having regard to all circumstances, is satisfied that such rate is not unreasonable or unfair. As at 31 December 2021, the Group's maximum exposure to such legal risk comprised its aggregate loans receivables of HK\$Nil (2020: HK\$120,000).

29. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adopt various means such as payment of dividends, issuance of new shares, raising new debts or redemption of existing debts as may be appropriate in the circumstances.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by adjusted capital plus net debt. Net debt comprises borrowings and lease liabilities less bank and cash balances. Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity (i.e. share capital, retained profits and other reserves).

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

The externally imposed capital requirements for the Group is in order to maintain its listing on the Stock Exchange it has to have a public float of at least 25% of the shares.

The Group receives a report from the share registrars on a monthly basis on substantial share interests showing the non-public float and it demonstrates continuing compliance with the minimum 25% public float requirement throughout the year. As at 31 December 2021, 70.50% (2020: 31.43%) of the shares were in public hands.

28. 或然負債

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團有以 下的重大或然負債:

本集團的外部法律顧問提出,本集團涉及收取超過48%但低於60%的年利率的貸款協議應推定為欺詐性,屬於欺詐性利率的部分可能由法庭認定為不可強制執行。然而,倘法庭在考慮與個別借款人相關的事實以及所有情況之後信納上述利率並非不合理或不公平,則此推定可予駁回。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團面臨有關法律風險的最高金額為其應收貸款總額為零港元(二零二零年:120,000港元)。

29. 資本風險管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標為保證本集團 繼續持續經營的能力及維持良好的資本比 率,以支持其業務及盡力提升股東價值。

本集團管理資本結構並根據經濟狀況之轉變及相關資產之風險特性而作出調整。本集團可以通過採納多種方式,例如股息派付、發行新股、發行新債務或贖回現有債務(如適用)以保持或調整資本結構。

本集團根據資產負債比率監察資本。此比率乃按債務淨額除以經調整資本與債務淨額的總和計算所得。債務淨額包括借貸及租賃負債減銀行及現金結餘。經調整資本包括所有權益部分(即股本、保留溢利及其他儲備)。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團管理資本的目標、 政策或程序並無變動。

本集團受限於外來資本規定是為了維持其 於聯交所的上市地位,其必須至少25%的股份由公眾持有。

本集團每月接獲股份過戶登記處發出列示非公眾持股量的重大股份權益的報告,該報告顯示本集團於整個年度內一直符合最低25%的公眾持股量要求。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,公眾持股量為股份的70.50%(二零二零年:31.43%)。

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

30. 金融工具

(A) CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(A) 金融工具類別

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Financial assets: Financial assets at FVTPL Financial assets at FVTOCI	金融資產: 以公平值計入損益的金融資產 以公平值計入其他全面收入的 金融資產	156,145,593 218,000	8,018,780
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計值的金融資產	283,689,900	463,109,077
Financial liabilities: Financial liabilities at amortised cost	金融負債: 按攤銷成本計值的金融負債	12,272,945	16,391,933

(B) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE

(i) Financial assets at FVTOCI – Unlisted equity investment, at fair value

The fair value hierarchy is level 3, the following table give information about how the fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used), as well as the level of the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements based on degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable.

(B) 以公平值計量的金融工具

(i) 以公平值計入其他全面收入 的金融資產一非上市股本投 資,按公平值

公平值層級為第三級·下表提 供有關如何釐定以公平值計入 其他全面收入的金融資產的公 平值(特別是所使用的估值技 術及輸入數據)·以及根據公平 值計量的輸入數據的可觀察 度進行公平值計量的公平值層 級水平的資料。

	nancial assets 融資產	31 December 2021 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 HKS 港元	31 December 2020 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	Valuation techniques 估值技術	Significant unobservable input 重大不可觀察 輸入數據	31 December 2021 二零二一年 十二月三十一日	31 December 2020 二零二零年 十二月三十一日	Relationship unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據 與公平值的關係
	listed equity nvestment	218,000	-	Net assets value adjusted for lack of marketability	Discount rate for lack of marketability	20.6%	N/A	The higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value
非_	上市股本投資	218,000	-	資產淨值(就缺乏 市場流通性作出 調整)	就缺乏市場流通性而 採用之貼現率	20.6%	不適用	貼現率越高,公平值越低

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

convertible bonds

(ii)

30. 金融工具(續)

(B) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE (Cont'd)

(Cont'd)

Financial assets at FVTPL – Investments on

The fair value hierarchy is level 3.

The fair value of investment in convertible bonds is determined based on risk-free rate for the life of the option on the Bonds, the exercise price per conversion share, share price (from observable market data), expected volatility of the share price, and expected dividend yield, of the Listed Company, where the estimated contractual cash flow on the liability component over the remaining term of the Bonds is discounted at the interest rate appropriate to the riskiness of the Bonds.

Significant unobservable inputs

Expected volatility

Expected volatility of the share price of the Listed Company was determined by reference to historical share price of the Listed Company.

In respect of the sensitivity relationship of the fair value measurement to changes in inputs, an increase/(decrease) in the expected volatility would result in increase/(decrease) in fair value measurement that the higher the volatility of the share price of the Listed Company the higher the fair value.

(B) 以公平值計量的金融工具(續)

(ii) 以公平值計入損益的金融資 產一可換股債券投資

公平值層級為第三級。

可換股債券投資的公平值乃根 據該債券換股權期限內的無風 險利率、該上市公司每股換股份的行使價、股價(來自可 察市場數據)、股價的預期波 及預期股息率釐定,而該債券 剩餘期限內負債部分的估計合 約現金流量乃按適用於債券風 險的利率貼現。

重大不可觀察輸入數據

預期波幅

該上市公司股價的預期波幅乃 參考該上市公司的過往股價釐 定。

就公平值計量相對輸入數據變動的敏感度關係而言,預期波幅增加/(減少)將導致公平值計量增加/(減少),即該上市公司的股價波幅越高,公平值越高。

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

- (B) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE (Cont'd)
 - (ii) Financial assets at FVTPL Investments on convertible bonds (*Cont'd*)

Significant unobservable inputs (Cont'd)

Discount rate

The discount rate was the rate adopted to calculate the present value of the cash flow of the Bonds and was estimated having taken into account the specific terms and structure of the Bonds including their liquidity. Increase/(decrease) in the discount rate would result in (decrease)/increase in the fair value.

Nevertheless, there would be counteracting effect among the inputs, and in certain extreme situation where the stock price of the Listed Company at 31 December 2021 was significantly lower than that of the exercise price, the conversion option to convert the Bonds into shares of the Listed Company would be expected worthless and the expected volatility would have minimal effect on the fair value measurement.

There were no changes in valuation techniques for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's financial instruments measured at fair value, on a recurring basis, by level of fair value hierarchy:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for

identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within

Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e.,

derived from prices); and

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based

on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

(B) 以公平值計量的金融工具(續)

(ii) 以公平值計入損益的金融資 產一可換股債券投資(續)

> 重大不可觀察輸入數據 (續)

貼現率

貼現率為計算該債券現金流量 現值所採用的比率,並經考慮 該債券的特定條款及架構(包 括其流動性)後進行估計。貼現 率增加/(減少)將導致公平值 (減少)/增加。

然而,輸入數據之間會存在抵 消效應,且在若干極端情況下, 倘該上市公司於二零二一年 十二月三十一日的股價大幅低 於行使價,則將該債券轉換為 該上市公司股份的換股權預 將毫無價值,而預期波幅對公 平值計量的影響甚微。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 上年度,估值技術並無變動。

下表載列本集團按經常性基準以公平 值計量的金融工具分析(按公平值層 級劃分):

第一級: 相同資產或負債於活躍市場

的報價(未經調整);

第二級: 資產或負債的直接(即價格)

或間接(即源自價格)可觀察 輸入數據(不包括第一級所

包含的報價);及

第三級: 並非基於可觀察市場數據的

資產或負債輸入數據(不可

觀察輸入數據)。

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

(B) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE (Cont'd)

There was no transfer between different levels of the fair value hierarchy during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, and there was no change in valuation techniques for the following Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at the end of the reporting period:

(B) 以公平值計量的金融工具(續)

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,不同公平值層級之 間並無轉移,且以下本集團於報告期 末按經常性基準以公平值計量的金融 資產的估值技術並無變動:

		2021 二零二一年		
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$ 港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$ 港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$ 港元
		1270	7270	7270
Financial asset at FVTOCI	以公平值計入其他全面收入 的金融資產	_	_	218,000
Financial assets at FVTPL	以公平值計入損益的 金融資產	19,249,593	-	136,896,000
		19,249,593	_	137,114,000

		2020		
		二零二零年		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		第一級	第二級	第三級
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元
Financial assets at FVTPL	以公平值計入損益的			
	金融資產	8,018,780	_	_

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

(B) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE (Cont'd)

(B) 以公平值計量的金融工具(續)

Reconciliation for financial instruments carried at fair value based on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) are as follows:

基於重大不可觀察輸入數據(第三級) 以公平值計量的金融工具之對賬如下:

		Unlisted equity investment 非上市股本投資 HK\$	Unlisted investments in convertible bonds 非上市可換股債券投資
At 1 January 2020,	於二零二零年一月一日、		
31 December 2020 and	二零二零年十二月三十一日及		
1 January 2021	二零二一年一月一日	_	_
Additions	添置	792,000	134,944,000
Change in fair value	計入損益的公平值變動		
in profit or loss (included	(計入其他收益及虧損)		
in other gain and loss)		_	1,952,000
Change in fair value in	計入其他全面收入的公平值變動		
other comprehensive			
income		(574,000)	_
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	218,000	136,896,000

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

(C) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Price Risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk mainly through its investment in listed equity securities which are classified as financial assets at FVTPL. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk and return profiles. The Group's equity price risk is mainly concentrated on equity securities quoted on the Stock Exchange.

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 10% higher/lower (2020: 10% higher/lower), loss after tax for the year would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$1.92 million (2020: decrease/increase by HK\$800,000). This is mainly due to the changes in fair value of held-for-trading investments.

(C) 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團經營活動面臨各種金融風險, 包括價格風險、信貸風險、流動資金 風險及利率風險。本集團整體的風險 管理是關注不可預測的金融市場和尋 求降低潛在的負面因素對本集團財務 表現所帶來的風險。

價格風險

本集團承受的股本價格風險主要源於 投資分類為以公平值計入損益的金融 資產的上市股本證券。管理層透過持 有不同風險及回報組合的投資組合來 管理此項風險。本集團的股本價格風 險主要集中於聯交所上市的股本證券。

下述敏感度分析乃根據報告期末所承受的股本價格風險釐定。

倘股本價格上升/下降10%(二零二零年:上升/下降10%),年內除税後虧損將減少/增加約1,920,000港元(二零二零年:減少/增加約800,000港元)。此乃主要由於持作買賣投資的公平值變動。

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

(C) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Credit Risk And Impairment Assessment

Credit risk refers to the risk that the Group's counterparties default on their contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Group. The Group's credit risk exposures are primarily attributable to loans receivables, deposits and other receivables and bank balances. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets, except that the credit risks associated with loans receivables is mitigated because they are secured over properties.

Loans receivables

The management expected the ECL of loans receivables based on historical credit loss experience of the customers as well as the fair value of the collateral pledged by the customers to the loans receivables. Based on assessment by the management, the loss given default is from 25% to 100%.

As part of the Group's credit risk management, the Group applies internal credit rating for its customers. The Group considers all loans receivables (except for unsecured loans with small loan amount) as doubtful if, on an individual assessment by way of discounted cash flow, the repayment of principal and/or interest has been overdue and may not be recoverable and the fair value of the collateral, in case of secured loans, may not be able to fully settle the amount of the outstanding principal and/or interest. Such loans receivables would be considered as loss immediately if the collection of the principal and/or interest in full is improbable. For unsecured loans with small loan amount, the Group considers the loans receivables as loss immediately if the repayment of principal and/or interest has been overdue and the collection of the principal and/or interest in full is improbable.

(C) 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

信貸風險及減值評估

信貸風險指本集團對手方違反其合約 責任而導致本集團產生財務虧損的風 險。本集團的信貸風險主要來自應收 貸款、按金及其他應收款項以及銀行 結餘。本集團並無持有任何抵押品融 其他信貸增強措施以涵蓋與其金融資 產有關的信貸風險,惟與應收貸款有 關的信貸風險因應收貸款有物業作抵 押而減低。

應收貸款

管理層根據客戶過往的信貸虧損經驗 以及客戶就應收貸款抵押品的公平值 估計應收貸款的預期信貸虧損。根據 管理層的評估,違約損失率介乎25% 至100%。

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

(C) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Credit Risk And Impairment Assessment (Cont'd)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

(C) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

Loans receivables (Cont'd)

應收貸款(續)

The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk for loans receivables using the Group's credit rating system:

下表提供使用本集團信貸評級系統得出的應收貸款的信貸風險資料:

			2021 二零二一年)20 二零年
		Average		Average	
		loss rate	HK\$	loss rate	HK\$
		平均虧損率	港元	平均虧損率	港元
Performing	履約	13%	131,088,808	7%	131,594,782
Doubtful	呆賬	71%	498,854,932	58%	771,440,165
Loss	虧損	100%	93,943,052	100%	63,593,932
			723,886,792		966,628,879

The expected loss rates are estimated based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure relevant information about specific customers is updated.

Due to greater financial uncertainty triggered by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has increased the expected loss rates in the current year as there is higher risk that a prolonged pandemic could led to increased credit default rates.

預期虧損率乃根據債務人預期年期內的歷史觀察違約率估計,並就毋須付出過多成本或努力即可獲得的前瞻性資料作出調整。管理層定期檢討分類,以確保更新有關特定客戶的相關資料。

由於2019冠狀病毒病疫情引發的較大 財務不確定性,本集團已增加本年度 的預期虧損率,此乃由於疫情長時間 持續可能導致信貸違約率增加的風險 較高。

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

(C) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

(C) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

Credit Risk And Impairment Assessment (Cont'd)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

Loans receivables (Cont'd)

應收貸款(續)

(a) The following table shows the movement in gross loans receivables:

(a) 下表列示應收貸款總額的變動:

		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$ 港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HKS 港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HK\$ 港元
Gross loans receivables At 1 January 2020 New loans/financing originated Loans/financing derecognised or repaid during the year	應收貸款總額 於二零二零年一月一日 已發起的新貸款/融資 年內取消確認或已償還的貸款/ 融資(撤銷除外)	219,357,890 121,124,723	569,253,791 -	177,627,073 -	966,238,754 121,124,723
(other than write-offs)		(98,108,421)	(18,582,082)	(2,242,668)	(118,933,171)
Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1)	轉撥至十二個月預期信貸虧損 (第一階段)	-	-	-	-
Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit-impaired (Stage 2) Transfer to lifetime ECL	轉撥至非信貸減值的全期預期 信貸虧損(第二階段) 轉撥至信貸減值的全期預期	(11,818,193)	11,818,193	-	-
credit-impaired (Stage 3)	信貸虧損(第三階段)	(112,810,733)	(550,671,709)	663,482,442	-
Total transfer between stages Write-offs	各階段之間的轉撥總額 撤銷	(124,628,926)	(538,853,516) –	663,482,442 (43,933,181)	- (43,933,181)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021 New loans/financing originated Loans/financing derecognised or repaid during the year (other than write-offs)	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日 已發起的新貸款/融資 年內取消確認或已償還的貸款/ 融資(撤銷除外)	117,745,266 61,779,500 (52,340,355)	11,818,193 - (10,057,064)	794,933,666 - (234,960,837)	924,497,125 61,779,500 (297,358,256)
Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1)	轉撥至十二個月預期信貸虧損 (第一階段)	-		_	_
Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit-impaired (Stage 2) Transfer to lifetime ECL	轉撥至非信貸減值的 全期預期信貸虧損(第二階段) 轉撥至信貸減值的	(58,715,921)	58,715,921	-	-
credit-impaired (Stage 3)	全期預期信貸虧損(第三階段)	(16,318,453)	(1,761,129)	18,079,582	-
Total transfer between stages Write-offs	各階段之間的轉撥總額 撇銷	(75,034,374) -	56,954,792 -	18,079,582 (23,038,855)	(23,038,855)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	52,150,037	58,715,921	555,013,556	665,879,514

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

(C) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

(C) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

Credit Risk And Impairment Assessment (Cont'd)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

Loans receivables (Cont'd)

應收貸款(續)

(b) An analysis of changes in the corresponding ECL allowances is as follows:

(b) 對應預期信貸虧損撥備的變動 分析如下:

		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$ 港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$ 港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HK\$ 港元
ECL allowance At 1 January 2020 New loans/financing originated	預期信貸虧損撥備 於二零二零年一月一日 已發起的新貸款/融資	11,050,152 10,337,109	152,108,316	53,688,235	216,846,703 10,337,109
Loans/financing derecognised or repaid during the year (other than write-offs)	年內取消確認或已償還的 貸款/融資(撤銷除外)	(872,133)	(4,647,306)	(178,541)	(5,697,980)
Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1)	轉撥至十二個月預期信貸虧損 (第一階段)	-	-	-	-
Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit-impaired (Stage 2) Transfer to lifetime ECL	轉撥至非信貸減值的全期預期 信貸虧損(第二階段) 轉撥至信貸減值的	(89)	89	-	-
credit-impaired (Stage 3)	全期預期信貸虧損(第三階段)	(9,060,682)	(147,461,010)	156,521,692	-
Total transfer between stages	各階段之間的轉撥總額	(9,060,771)	(147,460,921)	156,521,692	-
Movements due to changes in credit risk Write-offs	信貸風險變動導致的變動 撤銷	(2,442,786)	1,147 	312,230,906 (11,900,197)	309,789,267 (11,900,197)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021 New loans/financing originated	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日 已發起的新貸款/融資	9,011,571 4,430,354	1,236 -	510,362,095 -	519,374,902 4,430,354
Loans/financing derecognised or repaid during the year (other than write-offs)	年內取消確認或已償還的 貸款/融資(撤銷除外)	(1,624,491)	(467)	(142,175,965)	(143,800,923)
Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1)	轉撥至十二個月預期 信貸虧損(第一階段)	-	-	-	-
Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit-impaired (Stage 2) Transfer to lifetime ECL	轉撥至非信貸減值的全期預期 信貸虧損(第二階段) 轉撥至信貸減值的全期預期	(7,412,159)	7,412,159	-	-
credit-impaired (Stage 3)	信貸虧損(第三階段)	(1,801,460)	(769)	1,802,229	_
Total transfer between stages	各階段之間的轉撥總額	(9,213,619)	7,411,390	1,802,229	-
Movements due to changes in credit risk Write-offs	信貸風險變動導致的變動 撇銷	407,949 -	3,765,197 –	90,574,869 (9,756,095)	94,748,015 (9,756,095)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	3,011,764	11,177,356	450,807,133	464,996,253

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

(C) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Credit Risk And Impairment Assessment (Cont'd)

Concentration of credit risk

Secured loans made up to approximately 19% (2020: approximately 21%) of the total loans receivables as at 31 December 2021. Such collaterals comprise residential and commercial properties and listed/unlisted equity securities pledged against the balances. As at 31 December 2021, the fair value of collaterals for the first mortgage loans which are mainly residential flats based on its prevailing market prices amounted to approximately HK\$13.20 million (2020: approximately HK\$32.85 million). The fair value of properties collateralised for the second mortgage loans before discounting credit protections available to the first mortgagees amounted to approximately HK\$13.70 million (2020: approximately HK\$13.70 million). The fair value/net asset value of other collaterals which mainly include listed/unlisted equity securities amounted to approximately HK\$26.96 million (2020: approximately HK\$465.86 million).

Other receivables and deposits

For other receivables and deposits, the management makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables and deposits based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. The management believes that there is no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12m ECL. For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group assessed the ECL for other receivables and deposits are insignificant and thus no loss allowance is recognised.

(C) 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

信貸風險集中

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,有抵 押貸款佔應收貸款總額約19%(二零 二零年:約21%)。相關抵押品包括就 貸款結餘抵押的住宅及商用物業以及 上市/非上市股本證券。於二零二一 年十二月三十一日,首次按揭貸款的 抵押品(主要為住宅單位)按現行市 價計算的公平值約為13,200,000港元 (二零二零年:約32,850,000港元)。 未折現適用於第一承按人的信用保障 前第二次按揭貸款的物業抵押品公平 值約為13,700,000港元(二零二零年: 約13,700,000港元)。其他抵押品(主 要包括上市/非上市股本證券)的公 平值/資產淨值約為26,960,000港元 (二零二零年:約465,860,000港元)。

其他應收款項及按金

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

(C) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Credit Risk And Impairment Assessment (Cont'd)

Bank balances

The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from bank balances is limited because the counterparties are reputable banks and financial institutions with high credit-rating assigned by international credit-rating agencies, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its payment obligations when they are due. The Group manages its liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding from shareholders of the Company and adequate committed lines of funding from financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements. The directors are responsible to ensure the Group maintains sufficient capital funding and credit lines to meet liquidity requirements. This is achieved by projecting cash flows on a regular basis. The accounts department of the Group monitors and reports the funding needs to management.

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

(C) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

銀行結餘

本集團因銀行結餘而產生的信貸風險 有限,原因是對手方為獲國際信貸評 級機構給予高信貸評級且信譽良好的 銀行及金融機構,本集團認為彼等之 信貸風險甚低。

流動資金風險

下表列示本集團非衍生金融負債於報告期末的餘下合約到期情況,此乃根據合約未貼現現金流量(包括使用合約利率或(如屬浮動利率)根據報告期末的現行利率計算的利息付款)及本集團須付款的最早日期而得出:

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

(C) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

(C) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

Liquidity Risk (Cont'd)

流動資金風險(續)

		Weighted Average Interest rate 加權平均利率	On demand or less than 1 year 按要求或 少於一年 HK\$ 港元	More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years 多於一年 但不超過兩年 HK\$ 港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未折現 現金流量總額 HK\$	Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$ 港元
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日					
Bond payable	應付債券	8%	9,317,589	_	_	9,000,000
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5.54%	1,524,000	766,097	2,290,097	2,035,556
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	-	1,149,389	-	1,149,389	1,149,389
Total	總額		11,990,978	766,097	3,439,486	12,184,945
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日					
Bond payable	應付債券	8%	10,800,000	_	10,800,000	10,000,000
Consideration payable	應付代價	9%	1,100,000	-	1,100,000	1,059,958
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5.46%	2,091,600	2,290,097	4,381,697	4,050,764
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項		1,185,191	-	1,185,191	1,185,191
Total	總額		15,176,791	2,290,097	17,466,888	16,295,913

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from lease liabilities, interest-bearing loans receivables, bank and cash balances. Loans receivables and bank and cash balances at variable rates and at fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively. The Group does not use financial derivatives to hedge against the interest rate risk. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out below.

利率風險

利率風險指金融工具的公平值或未來 現金流量因市場利率變動而波動的租 險。本集團的利率風險主要來自租現 負債、應收計息貸款以及銀行及現金結餘。按浮動利率及固定利率計息息 結餘。按浮動利率及固定利率計息之 應收貸款以及銀行及現金結餘分別令 本集團面臨現金流量利率風險及至融行 生工具對沖利率風險。本集團由管理 層監察之利率概況載列如下。

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

(C) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

(C) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

Interest Rate Risk (Cont'd)

利率風險(續)

Interest Rate Profile:

利率概况:

The following table, as reported to the management of the Group, details the interest rate risk profile of the Group's borrowings at the end of the reporting period:

下表載列向本集團管理層呈報的報告期末本集團借款的利率風險狀況詳情:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Fixed rate deposits/ (borrowings):	固定利率存款/(借款):		
Loans receivables Consideration payable	應收貸款 應付代價	721,903,027 -	964,747,738 (1,059,958)
Bond payable Lease liabilities	應付債券 租賃負債	(9,000,000) (2,035,556)	(10,000,000) (4,050,764)
		710,867,471	949,637,016
Variable rate deposits/ (borrowings):	浮動利率存款/(借款):		
Loans receivables	應收貸款	1,983,765	1,881,141
Bank balances	銀行結餘	23,146,374	14,055,084
		25,130,139	15,936,225

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

30. 金融工具(續)

(C) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Interest Rate Risk (Cont'd)

Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity analysis below is presented for the Group's bank deposits and loans receivables and payable at floating interest rates.

利率風險*(續)*

敏感度分析

本集團於浮動利率下的銀行存款以及 應收及應付貸款的敏感度分析呈列如 下。

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

		Change in basis points 基點變動		Effect on profit after tax 對除税後溢利的影響		Effect on equity 對權益的影響	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
				— V— · HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	— V— HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元
Bank deposits Interest-bearing loans receivables	銀行存款 應收計息貸款	+/-50 +/-50	+/-50 +/-50	+/-115,732 +/-8,282	+/-70,275 +/-7,854	+/-115,732 +/-8,282	+/-70,275 +/-7,854

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) and other components of consolidated equity that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period. In respect of the exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arising from floating rate non-derivative instruments held by the Group at the end of the reporting period, the impact on the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) and other components of consolidated equity is estimated as an annualised impact on interest expense or income of such a change in interest rates. The analysis is performed on the same basis as 2020.

上述敏感度分析顯示·假設利率變動已於報告期末發生,並已應用於重新計量本集團所持有的於報告期末使來集團面臨公平值利率風險的金融工具,則本集團的除稅後溢利(及保留溢過會產生的即時變動。就本集團於報告期之會權益的其他組成部分將會財不進入,對本集團除稅後之。 溢利(及保留溢利)及綜合權益對對人。 過期支或收入的年度影響進行出計。 分析按與二零二零年相同的基準進行。

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31. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

31. 融資活動所產生負債之對賬

The table below showing the detail changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

下表載列本集團融資活動所產生負債之變動詳情,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動所產生的負債為現金流量已經或其未來現金流量將會於本集團綜合現金流量表分類為融資活動的現金流量的負債。

		Consideration payable 應付代價 HK\$ 港元	Bond payable 應付債券 HK\$ 港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HK \$ 港元
At 1 January 2020 Proceeds from financing activities Early termination of lease agreement Payment of lease liabilities Payment of consideration payable Interest paid	於二零二零年一月一日 融資活動所得款項 提前終止租賃協議 租賃負債付款 應付代價付款 已付利息	- 1,864,683 - - (900,000) -	- 10,000,000 - - - -	1,416,997 7,973,657 (101,578) (5,238,312) – (96,800)	1,416,997 19,838,340 (101,578) (5,238,312) (900,000) (96,800)
Interest expenses	利息開支	95,275	81,096	96,800	273,171
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日	1,059,958	10,081,096	4,050,764	15,191,818
Proceeds from financing activities Payment of lease liabilities	融資活動所得款項 租賃負債付款	900,000	-	– (2,015,208)	900,000 (2,015,208)
Payment of consideration payable Payment of bond payable Interest paid	應付代價付款 應付債券付款 已付利息	(2,000,000)	- (1,000,000) (796,274)	- - (76,392)	(2,000,000) (1,000,000) (872,666)
Interest expenses	利息開支	40,042	788,164	76,392	904,598
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	-	9,072,986	2,035,556	11,108,542
Analysed by: At 31 December 2021 - Bond payable	呈列為: 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 一應付債券	-	9,000,000	-	9,000,000
 Interest payable recognised in accruals and other payable Lease liabilities Consideration payable 	一於應計費用及其他應付款項 確認的應付利息 一租賃負債 一應付代價	-	72,986 - -	- 2,035,556 -	72,986 2,035,556 –
At 31 December 2020 - Bond payable - Interest payable recognised in accruals and	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 一應付債券 一於應計費用及其他應付款項	-	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
other payables – Lease liabilities	確認的應付利息 -租賃負債	-	81,096 -	- 4,050,764	81,096 4,050,764
– Consideration payable	一應付代價	1,059,958	_	_	1,059,958

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32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

32. 關連方交易

COMPENSATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL OF THE GROUP

本集團主要管理人員的酬金

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

年內,董事及其他主要管理人員的薪酬如下:

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK \$ 港元
短期僱員福利(包括薪金、 有薪年假及病假)	2,434,020	2,582,319
表現相關花紅	-	100,000
僱員退休福利	35,750	88,138
	2.469.770	2,770,457
	有薪年假及病假) 表現相關花紅	二零二一年 HK\$ 港元 短期僱員福利(包括薪金、 有薪年假及病假) 2,434,020 表現相關花紅 –

33. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTION

33. 主要非現金交易

The Group entered into the following non-cash transaction, which were not reflected in the consolidated statement of cash flows:

本集團訂立以下非現金交易,該等交易並無 於綜合現金流量表中反映:

(a) During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group received financial assets at FVTPL of the Bonds and equity securities with fair value at initial recognition of HK\$134,944,000 and HK\$16,811,160 respectively to settle loans receivables with amounts of HK\$203,508,216 and HK\$16,811,160 respectively. Details of the transactions are set out in note 20 to the consolidated financial statements. (a) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度·本集團取得初始確認時公平值分別為134,944,000港元及16,811,160港元的該債券及股本證券(以公平值計入損益的金融資產)·以結算金額為203,508,216港元及16,811,160港元的應收貸款。有關交易之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註20。

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34. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 34. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情 OF THE COMPANY

Details of the principal subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公司直接及間接持有之主要附屬公司的詳情載列如下:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation 註冊成立/	Issued and paid up/ registered capital 已發行及繳足/	Percentage of ownership attributable to the Company		Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	註冊及經營地點	註冊資本	本公司應佔i Direct 直接	擁有權百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務
First Holdings Consortium Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$19,230,767 19,230,767美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
First Credit (China) Limited 第一信用財務 (中國) 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	100	-	Inactive 暫無營業
Asia Wealth Financial Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$90 90美元	100	_	Investment holding 投資控股
Capital First Holdings Limited 資本第一控股有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Gorgeous Investment Holding Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$100 100美元	100	-	Inactive 暫無營業
First Credit Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$153,550,000	-	100	Provision and arrangement of credit facilities
第一信用財務有限公司	香港	153,550,000港元			提供及安排信貸融資
Honour Event Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	Inactive 暫無營業
Asia Wealth Securities Limited 亞洲創富證券有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK \$ 90,000,000 90,000,000港元	-	100	Securities trading 證券買賣
First Credit (HK) Limited 第一信用財務 (香港) 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100	Inactive 暫無營業
First Credit Holdings Limited 第一信用控股有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK \$ 1 1港元	-	100	Property holding 持有物業

Note: All the above subsidiaries are limited liability companies.

附註:上述所有附屬公司皆為有限責任公司。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

35. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

(A) STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

(A) 本公司財務狀況表

			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes	HK\$	HK\$
		附註	港元	港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
	乔灬到貝座 於附屬公司的投資		CE E24 704	72 724 202
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的权員		65,524,704	72,731,282
Current assets	流動資產			
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及			
other receivables	其他應收款項		1,661,897	1,139,213
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項		325,004,112	387,584,221
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘		1,307,058	1,044,853
Total current assets	流動資產總值 ————————————————————————————————————		327,973,067	389,768,287
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付			
	款項		_	108,102
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項		788	788
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		788	108,890
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		327,972,279	389,659,397
NET ASSETS	資產淨值 ————————————		393,496,983	462,390,679
Capital and Reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	25	72,576,000	72,576,000
Reserves	儲備	35(B)	320,920,983	389,814,679
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		393,496,983	462,390,679

Approved by the Board of Directors on 23 March 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

於二零二二年三月二十三日經董事會 批准,並由下列董事代表簽署:

Lui Cheuk Fung 呂**卓鋒** *Director* 董事 Lai Szu Yu 賴思妤 Director 董事

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註(continued 續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY 35. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動(續) (Cont'd)

(B) MOVEMENT IN THE COMPANY'S RESERVE

(B) 本公司儲備變動

		Share premium 股份溢價 HKS 港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$ 港元	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 HK\$ 港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HKS 港元
At 1 January 2020 Loss for the year	於二零二零年一月一日 年內虧損	356,661,862 –	138,279,615 –	213,460,470	(71,511,717) (247,075,551)	636,890,230 (247,075,551)
At 31 December 2020 Loss for the year	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 年內虧損	356,661,862 -	138,279,615	213,460,470	(318,587,268) (68,893,696)	389,814,679 (68,893,696)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	356,661,862	138,279,615	213,460,470	(387,480,964)	320,920,983

Financial Summary 財務摘要

FINANCIAL RESULTS

財務業績

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
Revenue, other income and	收益、其他收入以及					
other gain and loss	其他收益及虧損	81,190,219	36,865,540	84,971,551	100,123,307	133,660,098
(b) 1 (c) 1 (c) 1	N N + / 1-1-1 \ /\\ 1-1	(2.2.2.2.2.2.2)	(252 222 323)	(455 005 050)	24 500 004	
(Loss)/profit before tax	除税前(虧損)/溢利	(26,622,536)	(358,389,707)	(157,326,068)	31,599,901	64,176,447
Income tax (expense)/credit	所得税(開支)/抵免	(4,914,434)	(9,221,821)	24,432,997	(5,674,308)	(11,270,017)
(Loss)/profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利	(31,536,970)	(367,611,528)	(132,893,071)	25,925,593	52,906,430
(Loss)/profit and total	以下人士應佔(虧損)/					
comprehensive (expense)/	溢利及全面(開支)/					
income attribute to:	收入總額:					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(32,110,970)	(367,611,528)	(132,893,071)	25,925,593	53,177,690
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	_	-	_	-	(271,260)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

資產、負債及權益

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$	2020 二零二零年 HK\$	2019 二零一九年 HK\$	2018 二零一八年 HK\$	2017 二零一七年 HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總額 負債總額	472,127,890 (12,295,509)	508,516,669 (16,573,318)	868,446,554 (8,891,675)	995,618,539 (3,170,589)	1,140,494,151 (174,601,381)
		459,832,381	491,943,351	859,554,879	992,447,950	965,892,770
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	459,832,381	491,943,351	859,554,879	992,447,950	965,892,770