Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited take no responsibility for the contents of this announcement, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this announcement.

> Chinese Energy Holdings Limited 華夏能源控股有限公司

> > (Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability) (Stock code: 8009)

# ANNUAL RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

The Board (the "**Board**") of Directors (the "**Directors**") of Chinese Energy Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") hereby announces the audited results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2023. This announcement, containing the full text of the 2023 Annual Report of the Company, complies with the relevant requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM (the "**GEM Listing Rules**") of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**") in relation to information to accompany preliminary announcement of annual results. Printed version of the Company's 2023 Annual Report will be delivered to the shareholders of the Company and available for viewing on the websites of the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk and the Company at www.chinese-energy.com on 23 June 2023.

### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 7 August 2023 to Friday, 11 August 2023 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of determining the rights to attend and vote at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting ("**AGM**") to be held on Friday, 11 August 2023. In order to be entitled to attend and vote at the forthcoming AGM, unregistered holders of shares of the Company should ensure that all completed share transfer documents accompanied by the corresponding share certificates are lodged with the Company's share registrar (i.e. Tricor Tengis Limited at Floor 17, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong) for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 4 August 2023.

### CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE "STOCK EXCHANGE")

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate small and mid-sized companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration.

Given that the companies listed on GEM are generally small and midsized companies, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Stock Exchange take no responsibility for the contents of this report, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of this contents of this report.

This report, for which the directors ("Directors" and each a "Director") of Chinese Energy Holdings Limited (the "Company") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM (the "GEM Listing Rules") of the Stock Exchange for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that, to the best of their knowledges and beliefs: (1) the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive; (2) there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement in this report misleading; and (3) all opinion expressed in this report have been arrived at after due and careful consideration and are founded on bases and assumptions that are fair and reasonable.

### 香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)GEM之特 色

GEM之定位,乃為中小型公司提供一個上市之市 場,此等公司相比起其他在聯交所上市之公司可能 帶有較高投資風險。有意投資者應了解投資於該等 公司之潛在風險,並應經過審慎周詳之考慮後方作 出投資決定。

由於GEM上市公司普遍為中小型公司,在GEM買賣 之證券可能會較於主板買賣之證券承受較大之市場 波動風險,同時無法保證在GEM買賣之證券會有高 流通量之市場。

香港交易及結算所有限公司及聯交所對本報告之內 容概不負責,對其準確性或完整性亦不發表任何聲 明,並明確表示概不就因本報告全部或任何部份內 容而產生或因倚賴該等內容而引致之任何損失承擔 任何責任。

本報告乃遵照聯交所《GEM證券上市規則》(「《GEM 上市規則》」)提供有關華夏能源控股有限公司(「本 公司」)之資料,本公司董事(「董事」及各董事「各董 事」)願對此共同及個別承擔全部責任。各董事在作 出一切合理查詢後確認,就彼等深知及確信:(1)本 報告所載資料在各重大方面均屬準確及完整,且無 誤導或欺詐成分;(2)並無遺漏任何其他事項致使本 報告所載任何陳述產生誤導;及(3)本報告內表達之 一切意見均經審慎周詳考慮後方始作出,並以公平 合理的基礎及假設為依據。

# CONTENTS

# 目錄

CORPORATE INFORMATION	公司資料	3
CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT	主席報告	5
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	管理層討論及分析	6
BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT	董事及高級管理人員之履歷詳情	10
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT	企業管治報告	13
REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS	董事會報告	30
ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT	環境、社會及管治報告	42
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	獨立核數師報告	69
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	綜合損益及其他全面收益表	74
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	綜合財務狀況表	75
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	綜合權益變動表	77
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	綜合現金流量表	78
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	綜合財務報表附註	80
FINANCIAL SUMMARY	財務概要	156

## **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

**Executive Directors** Mr. Chen Haining *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Ms. Tong Jiangxia

**Independent Non-Executive Directors** Mr. Luk Chi Shing

Mr. Leung Fu Hang Mr. Chen Liang

**QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT AND COMPANY SECRETARY** Mr. Choi Wai Yip

**COMPLIANCE OFFICER** 

Mr. Chen Haining

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Chen Haining Mr. Choi Wai Yip

#### AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Luk Chi Shing *(Chairman)* Mr. Leung Fu Hang Mr. Chen Liang

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Leung Fu Hang *(Chairman)* Mr. Luk Chi Shing Mr. Chen Liang

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Chen Liang *(Chairman)* Mr. Leung Fu Hang Mr. Chen Haining

### **REGISTERED OFFICE, HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG**

Unit 3517, Floor 35, West Tower Shun Tak Centre No. 168-200 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

# 公司資料

**董事會** 執行董事 陳海寧先生(主席兼行政總裁) 童江霞女士

**獨立非執行董事** 陸志成先生 梁富衡先生 陳亮先生

合資格會計師兼公司秘書 蔡偉業先生

**監察人員** 陳海寧先生

**法定代表** 陳海寧先生 蔡偉業先生

審核委員會 陸志成先生(主席) 梁富衡先生 陳亮先生

**薪酬委員會** 梁富衡先生(*主席)* 陸志成先生 陳亮先生

提名委員會 陳亮先生(主席) 梁富衡先生 陳海寧先生

香港註冊辦事處、總辦事處及主要業務地址

香港 干諾道中168-200號 信德中心 西座35樓3517室

# CORPORATE INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

# 公司資料(續)

# PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER

OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited Floor 17 Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

#### **EXTERNAL AUDITOR**

Confucius International CPA Limited *Certified Public Accountants* 

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Hang Seng Bank Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

#### **STOCK CODE**

08009

#### WEBSITE

http://www.chinese-energy.com

### 主要股份登記及過戶處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 夏愨道16號 遠東金融中心 17樓

**外聘核數師** 天健國際會計師事務所有限公司 *執業會計師* 

**主要往來銀行** 恒生銀行有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司

### 股份代號

08009

網站 http://www.chinese-energy.com

### **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the "**Board**") of Directors, I am pleased to present the audited annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**") for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Despite the challenges and risks brought by a regulatory party and Coronavirus Disease 2019 (the "**COVID-19**"), the Group may acquire a particular business or project from a target group and/or an upstream supplier in order to achieve vertical integration of natural gas business. The Group will proactively push forward our core business of clean energy for its mission of "bringing green power to life".

In the very special and challenging year that has just gone by, the Group received strong support and trust from the shareholders ("**Shareholders**" and each a "**Shareholder**") of the Company, investors and business partners and was backed by the hard work and dedication of the management and all staff members, for which the Board would like to express its sincere gratitude.

# 主席報告

致各位股東:

本人謹代表董事會(「**董事會**」)欣然提呈本公司及 其附屬公司(統稱「**本集團**」)截至二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度之經審核全年業績。

儘管面臨監管部門及2019冠狀病毒病(「2019冠狀病 毒病」)帶來的挑戰及風險,本集團可能會向目標集 團及/或上游供應商收購特定業務或項目,以實現 天然氣業務的垂直整合。本集團將積極推進清潔能 源的核心業務,實現「把綠色能源帶進生活」的理念。

在過去特殊又極具挑戰的一年中,本集團獲得本公司股東(「股東」及各股東「各股東」)、投資者及業務 夥伴的大力支持及信任,以及管理層與全體員工不 辭辛勞及付出所支持,董事會謹此致以深切謝意。

**Mr. Chen Haining** *Chairman and Chief Executive Officer* 

23 June 2023

*主席兼行政總裁* 二零二三年六月二十三日

陳海寧先生

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND

# 管理層討論及分析

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW** Trading of natural gas

ANALYSIS

The natural gas trading segment of the Group was the major revenue of the Group, which generated approximately HK\$190,810,000 (2022: HK\$330,336,000). The net amount of provision of impairment loss under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on trade receivables was approximately HK\$2,612,000 (2022: HK\$7,780,000) for this year. In this year, there was no value-added handling fee income (2022: HK\$4,301,000). The result for this segment was approximately HK\$7,507,000 (2022: HK\$5,880,000).

#### **Investment in financial assets**

There was neither gain nor loss from change in fair value of financial asset at fair value through profit or loss ("**FVTPL**") (2022: loss from change of HK\$3,000) for this year. Fair value gain of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("**FVTOCI**") was approximately HK\$2,323,000 (2022: fair value loss of HK\$6,415,000) for this year. During the year, a realised gain from redemption of financial asset at FVTPL was approximately HK\$3,000 (2022: Nil).

#### **BUSINESS OUTLOOK**

The COVID-19 pandemic has affected the economy of Hong Kong ("**HK**") and People's Republic of China ("**PRC**"), and as a result, some customers delayed in repaying the debts to the Group.

The Group has adopted credit risk assessment both in accepting new customers and reviewing the credit risk over existing customers recently.

Nevertheless, the credit risk will be significantly decreased once the completion of vertical integration with the target group.

#### **EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

Pursuant to the Company's announcements dated 13 December 2021, 12 April 2022 and 15 July 2022, the GEM Listing Committee has decided to uphold the decision of the Listing Division of the Stock Exchange that the Company failed to maintain a sufficient level of operations and assets as required under Rule 17.26 of the GEM Listing Rules to warrant the continued listing of Shares ("**Shares**" and each a "**Share**") of the Company, and that trading in Shares shall be suspended under Rule 9.04(3) of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### 業務回顧 天然氣貿易

本集團之天然氣貿易分類為本集團之主要收益來 源,其產生收益約190,810,000港元(二零二二年: 330,336,000港元)。本年度之貿易應收款項預期信 貸虧損(「**預期信貸虧損**」)模型項下之減值虧損撥 備淨額約2,612,000港元(二零二二年:7,780,000港 元)。於本年度,並無增值手續費收入(二零二二年: 4,301,000港元)。該分類之業績約7,507,000港元(二 零二二年:5,880,000港元)。

#### 投資於金融資產

本年度並無透過損益按公允值計量(「透過損益按公 介值計量」)之金融資產之公允值變動產生的收益或 虧損(二零二二年:變動產生的虧損3,000港元)。本 年度按公允值計入其他全面收益(「按公允值計入其 他全面收益」)之金融資產之公允值收益約2,323,000 港元(二零二二年:公允值虧損6,415,000港元)。於本 年度內,贖回透過損益按公允值計量之金融資產產 生之一宗變現收益約3,000港元(二零二二年:無)。

#### 業務前景

2019冠狀病毒病疫情對香港(「**香港**」)及中華人民共 和國(「**中國**」)的經濟造成影響,因此,若干客戶延 遲向本集團償還債務。

本集團近期在接納新客戶及審核現有客戶的信貸風險時均採用信貸風險評估。

然而,一旦完成與目標集團的垂直整合,信貸風險 將會顯著降低。

#### 報告期後事項

根據本公司日期為二零二一年十二月十三日、二零 二二年四月十二日及二零二二年七月十五日之公 告,GEM上市委員會決定維持聯交所上市科之決 定,認為本公司未能按照《GEM上市規則》第17.26 條維持足夠營運水平及資產以保證本公司股份(「**股** 份」及各股份「各股份」)可繼續上市,及股份將根據 《GEM上市規則》第9.04(3)條暫停買賣。

6

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

On 20 July 2022, the Company received a letter from the Stock Exchange setting out the resumption guidance for resumption of trading in Shares. The Company must remedy the issues causing it trading suspension and fully comply with the GEM Listing Rules to the Stock Exchange's satisfaction before trading in the Shares is allowed to resume by 14 July 2023. If the Company fails to achieve it, the Listing Division of the Stock Exchange will recommend the GEM Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange to proceed with the cancellation of the Company's listing.

Further announcement(s) will be made by the Company regarding any material developments on the resumption as and when appropriate and in accordance with the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules.

# MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATED COMPANIES

The Group did not make any material acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries and affiliated companies for the year ended 31 March 2023.

#### FINANCIAL REVIEW

# Revenues, cost of sales, gross profit, administrative expenses and profit/loss for the year

The revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023 was approximately HK\$190,810,000 (2022: HK\$330,336,000). The cost of sales of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023 was approximately HK\$180,601,000 (2022: HK\$320,977,000). The gross profit of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023 was approximately HK\$10,209,000 (2022: HK\$9,359,000). The administrative expenses of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023 were approximately HK\$9,705,000 (2022: HK\$8,602,000). This mainly included staff costs of approximately HK\$4,047,000 (2022: HK\$3,783,000), depreciation of right-of-use assets of approximately of HK\$1,018,000 (2022: HK\$989,000), operating lease charges of approximately HK\$63,000 (2022: HK\$53,000) as well as legal and professional fees of approximately HK\$1,297,000 (2022: HK\$699,000). The Group recorded a loss of approximately HK\$394,000 (2022: profit of HK\$329,000) for the year ended 31 March 2023. The Board considered that the deterioration in the performance of the Group was mainly attributable to global supply chain disruptions.

#### Liquidity and financial resources

The Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$177,802,000 as at 31 March 2023 (2022: HK\$198,808,000). The Group maintained a sturdy financial situation with current assets totalling approximately HK\$348,740,000 for the year ended 31 March 2023 (2022: HK\$373,927,000). The Group had no bank borrowings in both years.

# 管理層討論及分析(續)

於二零二二年七月二十日,本公司接獲聯交所函件,當中載列恢復股份買賣的復牌指引。本公司須 糾正導致其停牌的問題並完全遵守《GEM上市規則》 以令聯交所信納,股份方會獲准於二零二三年七月 十四日前恢復買賣。倘本公司未能達成有關條件, 聯交所上市科將建議聯交所GEM上市委員會取消本 公司的上市地位。

本公司將於適當時候遵照《GEM上市規則》之規定就 復牌的任何重大進展另行刊發公告。

#### 重大收購及出售附屬公司及聯屬公司

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本集團並無 任何重大收購及出售附屬公司及聯屬公司。

#### 財務回顧

#### 本年度之收益、銷售成本、毛利、行政開支及溢利/ 虧損

本集團於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之 收益約190,810,000港元(二零二二年:330,336,000 港元)。本集團於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止 年度之銷售成本約180,601,000港元(二零二二年: 320.977.000港元)。本集團於截至二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度之毛利約10,209,000港元(二零二二 年:9,359,000港元)。本集團於截至二零二三年三 月三十一日止年度之行政開支約9.705.000港元(二 零二二年:8,602,000港元),主要包括員工成本約 4,047,000港元(二零二二年:3,783,000港元)、使用權 資產之折舊約1,018,000港元(二零二二年:989,000 港元)、經營租約費用約63,000港元(二零二二年: 53,000港元)和法律及專業費用約1,297,000港元(二 零二二年:699.000港元)。截至二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度,本集團錄得虧損約394,000港元 (二零二二年:溢利329,000港元)。董事會認為本集 團表現轉差主要歸因於全球供應鏈中斷。

#### 流動資金及財務資源

本集團於二零二三年三月三十一日之現金及現金等 價物約177,802,000港元(二零二二年:198,808,000港 元)。本集團保持穩健之財政狀況,截至二零二三年 三月三十一日止年度,流動資產合共約348,740,000 港元(二零二二年:373,927,000港元)。本集團於兩個 年度並無銀行借貸。

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### **GEARING RATIO AND CURRENT RATIO**

The Group's gearing ratio was 0% (2022: 0%), as calculated by taking the ratio of the Group's interest-bearing borrowings divided by its equity. The Group's current ratio was approximately 41.12 times (2022: 33.32 times), as calculated by taking the ratio of the Group's current assets divided by its current liabilities.

#### **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

During the year under review, the capital structure of the Group consists of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising only ordinary Shares.

#### CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CHARGE ON ASSETS

As at 31 March 2023, the Group has no significant contingent liabilities (2022: Nil).

As at 31 March 2023, the Group did not pledge any asset to financial institution in respect of the due and punctual payment of its obligations (2022: Nil).

# FUTURE PLAN FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

Up to the current moment, the Group does not have any other plan for material investment or capital asset.

#### **CREDIT RISK**

The Group has concentration of credit risk as approximately 95.73% (2022: 94.95%) and approximately 100% (2022: 97.97%) of the trade receivables are due from the Group's largest customer and the three largest (2022: two largest) customers respectively. By geographical location, concentration of credit risk is in PRC, which accounted for approximately 100% (2022: 100%) of the trade receivables of the Group as at 31 March 2023.

#### **FINANCIAL RISK**

The Group reviews the cash flow and financial positions periodically and does not presently engage into any financial instruments or derivatives to hedge the foreign exchange and the interest rate risks.

# 管理層討論及分析(續)

#### 資本負債比率及流動比率

本集團之資本負債比率0%(二零二二年:0%),以本 集團之計息借貸除以其權益之比率計算。本集團之 流動比率約41.12倍(二零二二年:33.32倍),以本集 團之流動資產除以其流動負債的比率計算。

#### 資本結構

於回顧年度,本集團之資本結構包括現金及現金等 價物以及本公司擁有人應佔權益,僅由普通股組 成。

#### 或然負債及資產抵押

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團並無重大或然 負債(二零二二年:無)。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團並無任何資產 抵押予金融機構,作為妥善及準時支付其債務之保 證(二零二二年:無)。

#### 重大投資或資本資產之未來計劃

截至目前為止,本集團並無任何其他重大投資或資 本資產之計劃。

#### 信貸風險

本集團的信貸風險集中,因本集團之最大客戶及三 大(二零二二年:兩大)客戶分別佔貿易應收款項約 95.73%(二零二二年:94.95%)及約100%(二零二二 年:97.97%)。按地區分類之信貸風險集中來自中 國,於二零二三年三月三十一日佔本集團貿易應收 款項約100%(二零二二年:100%)。

#### 財務風險

本集團定期檢討現金流量及財務狀況,目前並無使 用任何金融工具或衍生工具對沖外匯及利率風險。

# EXPOSURE TO FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK

The Group's business transactions are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars ("**HK**\$") and Renminbi. The Group's exposure to currency risk is minimal. The management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arises.

#### **EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES**

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had 19 (2022: 19) full-time employees and 6 (2022: 3) part-time employees. The staff costs including Directors' emoluments, employees' salaries and retirement benefits schemes for the year ended 31 March 2023 was approximately HK\$4,047,000 (2022: HK\$3,783,000). Remunerations for the Directors and employees of the Group is typically reviewed once a year by the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") of the Company or as the management deems appropriate. Their remuneration packages include, amongst others, salary, bonus and share options (if any). The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set out by the Remuneration Committee. Pursuant to the Group's remuneration policy, employees are rewarded on the basis of merits, qualifications, competences and market conditions and in accordance with the statutory requirements of the respective jurisdictions where the employees are located. Since the 2011 share option scheme expired on 11 December 2021, there was no renewal of new share option scheme adopted during the year ended 31 March 2023.

#### DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2023 (2022: Nil).

#### **CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

The Group has no capital commitment as at 31 March 2023 (2022: Nil).

# 管理層討論及分析(續)

#### 匯率風險及利率風險

本集團之業務交易主要以港元(「**港元**」)及人民幣計 值。本集團之貨幣風險屬輕微。管理層監管匯率風 險,並會於需要時考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

#### 僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團擁有19名(二零 二二年:19名)全職僱員及6名(二零二二年:3名)兼 職僱員。截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之員 工成本包括董事酬金、僱員薪金及退休福利計劃約 4,047,000港元(二零二二年:3,783,000港元)。本集 團董事及僱員的薪酬通常由本公司薪酬委員會(「**新** 酬委員會」)每年檢討一次,或於管理層認為適當時 檢討。彼等之薪酬組合包括(其中包括)薪金、紅利 及購股權(如有)。本集團僱員之薪酬政策由薪酬委 員會釐定。根據本集團之薪酬政策,僱員乃基於個 人表現、資歷、能力及市況以及根據僱員所在各司 法權區之法定規定取得報酬。自二零一一年購股權 計劃於二零二一年十二月十一日到期起,截至二零 二三年三月三十一日止年度並無更新採納的新購股 權計劃。

#### 股息

董事會不建議派發截至二零二三年三月三十一日止 年度之末期股息(二零二二年:無)。

#### 資本承擔

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團並無資本承擔 (二零二二年:無)。

### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Chen Haining ("Mr. HN Chen"), aged 59, graduated from the department of electrical engineering of Chongqing Jianzhu Gongcheng Institute\*(重慶建築工程學院)(now known as Chongqing University) with a Bachelor's Degree in Engineering. He is the sole shareholder and director of Wise Triumph Limited ("WTL") which is a substantial Shareholder of the Company. Mr. HN Chen has been appointed as a director of Guodu Securities Co., Ltd (a company listed on National Equities Exchanges and Quotations with stock code: 870488) since March 2020. Mr. HN Chen had been appointed as the chairman of the board of directors of Ningbo Luyuan Natural Gas & Power Company Limited\* (寧波綠源天然氣電力有限公司), formerly known as Greenwell Natural Gas & Power Company Limited\*(綠源天然氣電力有限公司) from March 2005 to December 2017. He acted as an executive director of CircuTech International Holdings Limited ("CircuTech", formerly known as TeleEye Holdings Limited, a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 8051) from April 2015 to May 2017. Mr. HN Chen has substantial experience in investing in projects, such as natural gas and heat generation engineering in PRC.

Ms. Tong Jiangxia ("Ms. Tong"), aged 48, obtained an accounting profession\* (會計學專科) from China University of Geosciences (中國地 質大學). From August 2001 to June 2008, she had been an executive vice president\* (常務副總裁) of Nan Chang Xin Tian Property Development Company Limited\* (南昌新田置業發展有限公司). From August 2008 till present, Ms. Tong has been a vice general manager and marketing controller\* (副總經理兼市場總監) of Shenzhen Guangning Industrial Company Limited\* (深圳市廣寧股份有限公司). She had been appointed by China All Nation International Holdings Group Limited (formerly known as KSL Holdings Limited, a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 8170) as an executive director and chairperson from December 2015 to October 2018 and from November 2016 to October 2018 respectively.

#### 執行董事

**陳海寧先生**(「**陳海寧先生**」),59歲,畢業於重慶建 築工程學院(現稱重慶大學)機電工程系,獲工程學 士學位。彼為智勝有限公司(「**智勝有限公司**」)(本公 司之一名主要股東)之唯一股東及董事。陳海寧先 生自二零二零年三月起獲委任為國都證券股份有限 公司(一間於全國中小企業股份轉讓系統上市的公 司,股份代號:870488)之董事。陳海寧先生於二零 零五年三月至二零一七年十二月獲委任為寧波綠源 天然氣電力有限公司(前稱綠源天然氣電力有限公 司)之董事會主席。彼於二零一五年四月至二零一七 年五月擔任訊智海國際控股有限公司(「**訊智海**」,前 稱千里眼控股有限公司,一間於聯交所GEM上市的 公司,股份代號:8051)之執行董事。陳海寧先生於 中國天然氣及發電供熱工程等項目投資擁有豐富經 驗。

童江霞女士(「童女士」),48歲,於中國地質大學獲 得會計學專科資格。自二零零一年八月至二零零八 年六月,彼為南昌新田置業發展有限公司的常務副 總裁。自二零零八年八月至今,童女士為深圳市廣 寧股份有限公司的副總經理兼市場總監。彼分別 於二零一五年十二月至二零一八年十月及於二零 一六年十一月至二零一八年十月獲中國全民國際 控股集團有限公司(前稱KSL Holdings Limited,一 間於聯交所GEM上市的公司,股份代號:8170)委 任為執行董事及主席。

- \* The English translations of the Chinese names are for identification purpose and should not be regarded as the official English translations of the Chinese names.
- 中文名稱的英文譯文僅作識別用途,不應視為中文 名稱的官方英文譯文。

### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

#### **INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Luk Chi Shing ("Mr. Luk"), aged 53, graduated from City University of Hong Kong in 1993, with a Bachelor of Arts in Accountancy. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Luk had been (i) an executive director of hmvod Limited (formerly known as Trillion Grand Corporate Company Limited, a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 8103) from April 2014 to March 2016; (ii) an executive director of China Pioneer Pharma Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 1345) from December 2019 to December 2020; (iii) an executive director of Solomon Worldwide Holdings Limited (formerly known as Jete Power Holdings Limited, a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 8133) from July 2021 to April 2022; (iv) an executive director of China Supply Chain Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 3708) from April 2022 to September 2022; (v) an independent non-executive director of Hang Tai Yue Group Holdings Limited (formerly known as Interactive Entertainment China Cultural Technology Investments Limited, a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 8081) from December 2011 to August 2015; (vi) an independent non-executive director of Dafeng Port Heshun Technology Company Limited (formerly known as Gamma Logistics Corporation, a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 8310) from February 2014 to March 2016; (vii) an independent non-executive director of CircuTech (formerly known as TeleEye Holdings Limited, a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 8051) from April 2015 to June 2016; (viii) an independent non-executive director of China Saite Group Company Limited (a company previously listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 153, and delisted in November 2022) from January 2017 to July 2019; (ix) an independent non-executive director of China Financial Leasing Group Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 2312) from December 2020 to June 2022; (x) an independent non executive director of Hephaestus Holdings Limited (a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 8173) from March 2022 to February 2023; and (xi) an independent non-executive director of Imperial Pacific International Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 1076) from July 2022 to May 2023.

#### 獨立非執行董事

**陸志成先生**(「**陸先生**」),53歲,於一九九三年畢業 於香港城市大學,獲頒會計學學士學位。彼為香港 會計師公會及英國特許公認會計師公會之一名資深 會員。陸先生(i)自二零一四年四月至二零一六年三 月出任hmvod視頻有限公司(前稱萬泰企業股份有限 公司,一間於聯交所GEM上市的公司,股份代號: 8103) 之執行董事;(ii) 自二零一九年十二月至二零 二零年十二月出任中國先鋒醫藥控股有限公司(一 間於聯交所主板上市的公司,股份代號:1345)之 執行董事;(iii)自二零二一年七月至二零二二年四月 出任所羅門環球控股有限公司(前稱鑄能控股有限 公司,一間於聯交所GEM上市的公司,股份代號: 8133) 之執行董事;(iv) 自二零二二年四月至二零 二二年九月出任中國供應鏈產業集團有限公司(一 間於聯交所主板上市的公司,股份代號:3708)之 執行董事;(v)自二零一一年十二月至二零一五年八 月出任恆泰裕集團控股有限公司(前稱互娛中國文 化科技投資有限公司,一間於聯交所GEM上市的公 司,股份代號:8081)之獨立非執行董事;(vi)自二 零一四年二月至二零一六年三月出任大豐港和順科 技股份有限公司(前稱伽瑪物流集團,一間於聯交所 GEM上市的公司,股份代號:8310)之獨立非執行 董事;(vii)自二零一五年四月至二零一六年六月出 任訊智海(前稱千里眼控股有限公司,一間於聯交所 GEM上市的公司,股份代號:8051)之獨立非執行董 事;(viii)自二零一七年一月至二零一九年七月出任 中國賽特集團有限公司(一間先前於聯交所主板上 市及於二零二二年十一月除牌的公司,股份代號: 153) 之獨立非執行董事;(ix)自二零二零年十二月 至二零二二年六月出任中國金融租賃集團有限公司 (一間於聯交所主板上市的公司,股份代號:2312) 之獨立非執行董事;(x)自二零二二年三月至二零 二三年二月出任客思控股有限公司(一間於聯交所 GEM上市的公司,股份代號:8173)之獨立非執行董 事;及(xi)自二零二二年七月至二零二三年五月出任 博華太平洋國際控股有限公司(一間於聯交所主板 上市的公司,股份代號:1076)之獨立非執行董事。

### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

# INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

**Mr. Leung Fu Hang** ("**Mr. Leung**"), aged 49, graduated from University of Waterloo in Canada in May 1997 with a Bachelor Degree in Mechanical Engineering. He obtained a postgraduate diploma in Facilities Management from School of Professional and Continuing Education, the University of Hong Kong in January 2004, a postgraduate diploma in English and Hong Kong Law from Manchester Metropolitan University in July 2007 and Postgraduate Certificate in Laws from the University of Hong Kong in June 2009. Mr. Leung was admitted as a solicitor in HK in January 2014. He has been in private practice since January 2014. Prior to that, Mr. Leung worked at JP Morgan Chase, an international investment bank, from January 2007 to October 2011.

Mr. Chen Liang ("Mr. L Chen"), aged 54, holds a Doctoral Degree in Coal, Oil and Gas Geology and Exploration from China University of Petroleum (Beijing). He worked for various oil companies and research institutes in PRC and abroad. In December 2011, Mr. L Chen was appointed as the chief executive officer and an executive director of Silk Road Energy (formerly known as China Natural Investment Company Limited, a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 8250). In August 2013 and March 2016, he resigned as the chief executive officer and an executive director of Silk Road Energy, respectively. Besides, Mr. L Chen had been an executive director of (i) Birmingham Sports Holdings Limited (formerly known as Birmingham International Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 2309) from May 2013 to March 2015; (ii) China Ocean Fishing Holdings Limited (a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 8047) from February 2017 to May 2018; (iii) Ding He Mining Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 705) from July 2017 to July 2018; (iv) Miji International Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 1715) from July 2019 to May 2020; and (v) Top Standard Corporation (a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 8510) from April 2020 to September 2020. Mr. L Chen has accumulated over twenty years of working experience in oil and gas industry.

# 董事及高級管理人員之履歷詳情(續)

#### 獨立非執行董事(續)

**梁富衡先生**(「**梁先生**」),49歲,於一九九七年五月 畢業於加拿大滑鐵盧大學,獲得機械工程學士學 位。彼於二零零四年一月獲得香港大學專業進修學 院設施管理深造文憑,於二零零七年七月獲得曼徹 斯特都會大學英國與香港法律深造文憑,並於二零 零九年六月獲得香港大學法學專業證書。梁先生於 二零一四年一月在香港獲認許為一名律師。彼自二 零一四年一月起私人執業。此前,梁先生自二零零 七年一月至二零一一年十月任職於摩根大通(一間 國際投資銀行)。

**陳亮先生**(「**陳亮先生**」),54歲,持有中國石油大學 (北京)所頒發之煤田、油氣地質與勘探博士學位。 彼曾在中國及國外多家石油公司及研究機構任職。 陳亮先生於二零一一年十二月獲委任為絲路能源 (前稱中國天然投資有限公司,一間於聯交所GEM 上市的公司,股份代號:8250)之行政總裁兼執行 董事。於二零一三年八月及二零一六年三月,彼分 別辭任絲路能源之行政總裁及執行董事。此外,陳 亮先生(i)自二零一三年五月至二零一五年三月曾擔 任伯明翰體育控股有限公司(前稱伯明翰環球控股 有限公司,一間於聯交所主板上市的公司,股份代 號:2309)之執行董事;(ii)自二零一七年二月至二零 一八年五月曾擔任中國海洋捕撈控股有限公司(一 間於聯交所GEM上市的公司,股份代號:8047)之 執行董事;(iii)自二零一七年七月至二零一八年七月 曾擔任鼎和礦業控股有限公司(一間於聯交所主板 上市的公司,股份代號:705)之執行董事;(iv)自二 零一九年七月至二零二零年五月曾擔任米技國際控 股有限公司(一間於聯交所主板上市的公司,股份代 號:1715)之執行董事;及(y)自二零二零年四月至二 零二零年九月曾擔任Top Standard Corporation(一間 於聯交所GEM上市的公司,股份代號:8510)之執行 董事。陳亮先生在油氣行業累積超過二十年的工作 經驗。

# 企業管治報告

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "**CG Code**") contained in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules for the year ended 31 March 2023 except for the following deviation:

 Code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman ("Chairman") of the Company and chief executive officer ("Chief Executive Officer") of the Company should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer should be clearly established and set out in writing.

At present, Mr. HN Chen currently performs these two roles. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both Chairman and Chief Executive Officer in the same person has the benefit of ensuring consistent leadership with the Group and enables more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. The Board considers that the balance of power and authority for the present arrangement will not be impaired and this structure will enable the Company to make and implement decision promptly and efficiently. The Group considers that, at its present size, there is no imminent need to segregate the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer.

2. Code provision B.2.2 of the CG Code stipulates that every directors, including those appointed for a specific term, should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. All independent ("Independent") non-executive ("Non-Executive") Directors were not appointed for a specific term but they are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at annual general meeting ("AGM") of the Company in line with the Articles of Association ("Articles") of the Company. As such, the Company considers that sufficient measures have been taken to ensure that the Company's corporate governance practices are no less exacting than those in the CG Code.

The Board is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance and integrity, and to ensure transparent and adequate levels of disclosure. The Board will continue to review and recommend such step as appropriate in a timely manner in order to comply with the requirement of the CG Code.

#### 企業管治常規

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本公司已遵 守《GEM上市規則》附錄十五之企業管治守則(「企業 管治守則」)所載之守則條文,惟以下偏離情況除外:

 企業管治守則守則條文第C.2.1條規定,本公司 主席(「主席」)及本公司行政總裁(「行政總裁」) 之角色須分開,而不應由同一人擔任。主席及 行政總裁之職責須明確區分,並以書面形式訂 明。

> 現時,陳海寧先生兼任該兩項職位。董事會相 信,由同一人出任主席及行政總裁職務,可讓 本集團得到一貫之領導,及能夠更有效及有效 率地為本集團作出整體策略規劃。董事會認 為,此並不會減弱現時安排權力及授權之平衡 及此結構可使本公司即時及有效地作出及執 行決定。本集團認為,按其現時之規模,並無 迫切需要分開主席及行政總裁之角色。

 企業管治守則守則條文第B.2.2條規定,每位 董事(包括指定任期的董事)應至少每三年輪 值退任一次。所有獨立(「獨立」)非執行(「非 執行」)董事並未獲指定任期,但彼等須輪值退 任,且將於本公司股東週年大會(「股東週年大 會」)上根據本公司組織章程細則(「組織章程 細則」) 膺選連任。因此,本公司認為,已採取 足夠措施確保本公司的企業管治常規不遜於 企業管治守則所載列者。

董事會致力維持高水平之企業管治及誠實公正,並 確保高透明度及有充足的披露。董事會將繼續及時 檢討及建議合適之步驟,以符合企業管治守則之規 定。

### 企業管治報告(續)

#### **CORPORATE CULTURE**

The Board sets tone and shapes of corporate culture of the Company, which is underpinned by core values of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly across all levels of the Group. The Board plays a leading role in defining purpose, value and strategic direction of the Group and in fostering a culture that is forward looking, change embracing and competitiveness focused. The desired culture is developed and reflected consistently in the operating practices and missions of the Group, policies and practices as well as relations with our stakeholders. The Board oversight of culture encompasses a range of measures and tools over time, including workforce engagement, employee retention and training, stringent financial reporting, effective and accessible whistleblowing framework, legal and regulatory compliance (including compliance with code of conduct and policies), as well as staff safety, wellbeing and support. Taking into account the corporate culture in a range of contexts, the Board considers that the culture, purpose, value, objective and strategy of the Group are aligned.

#### **CORPORATE STRATEGY**

The principal objective of the Company is to enhance long-term returns for the Shareholders. To achieve this objective, the Group focuses on maintaining recurring and sustainable cash flow with strong liquidity and flexibility. Besides, the Group executes disciplined management of revenue and gross profit margin growth, cost control, strength of capital and investment (if applicable). The Group explores opportunities to enhance the Shareholders' returns as well as generates and preserves value in the longer term for the Group's objectives.

# CODE OF CONDUCT REGARDING SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

During the year under review, the Group has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings as set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company had also made specific enquiry of all Directors. The Company was not aware of any non-compliance with the required standard of dealings and its code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors.

#### 企業文化

董事會為本公司之企業文化定下基調及設立構架, 其核心價值觀為在本集團各層面以合法、合乎道德 及肩負責任之方式行事。董事會在確定本集團之宗 旨、價值及策略方向以及培養具有前瞻性、擁抱變 革及注重競爭力之文化方面發揮主導作用。本集 團在經營實踐及理念、政策及慣例以及與持份者之 關係中發展及持續地反映理想文化。隨著時間的推 移,董事會對文化之監管涵蓋一系列措施及工具, 包括員工參與、員工留任及培訓、嚴格的財務報告、 有效可及的告密框架、法律及監管合規(包括遵守操 守守則及政策),以及員工安全、福祉及支援。考慮 到一系列情況下之企業文化,董事會認為本集團之 文化、宗旨、價值、目標及策略貫徹一致。

#### 企業策略

本公司的主要目標是為股東提高長期回報。為達到 此目標,本集團專注於維持具有強勁流動性及靈活 性之經常性及可持續現金流量。此外,本集團對收 益及毛利率增長、成本控制、資本實力及投資(如適 用)進行嚴格管理。本集團發掘提升股東回報之機 遇,並為本集團之目標創造及保持長遠價值。

#### 有關董事進行證券交易之操守守則

於回顧年度,本集團已採納一套有關董事進行證券 交易之操守守則,其條款不遜於《GEM上市規則》第 5.48至5.67條所載之交易必守標準。本公司亦已向全 體董事作出特定查詢。本公司並不知悉任何不遵守 交易必守標準及有關董事進行證券交易之操守守則 之情況。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Composition of the Board**

The Board currently comprises five Directors in total, with two Executive Directors and three Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Directors during the year under review and up to the date of this annual report were as follows:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Chen Haining *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Ms. Tong Jiangxia

#### Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Luk Chi Shing Mr. Leung Fu Hang Mr. Chen Liang

Regular Board meetings should be held at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals for reviewing and approving the financial and operating performances, and considering and approving the overall strategies and policies of the Company.

During the year ended 31 March 2023, one annual general meeting and five Board meetings had been held by the Company. The attendance records of each Director at the 2022 annual general meeting and Board meetings of the Company held during the year ended 31 March 2023 are set out below:

# 企業管治報告(續)

#### 董事會 董事會組成

董事會目前合共由五名董事組成,包括二名執行董 事及三名獨立非執行董事。於回顧年度及截至本年 報日期止之董事名單載列如下:

#### 執行董事

陳海寧先生(主席兼行政總裁) 童江霞女士

*獨立非執行董事* 陸志成先生 梁富衡先生 陳亮先生

董事會每年至少須舉行四次常規董事會會議,大約 每季舉行一次,以檢討及批准財務及經營表現,並 考慮及批准本公司之整體策略及政策。

於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本公司舉 行一次股東週年大會及五次董事會會議。各董事於 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度舉行的本公司 二零二二年股東週年大會及董事會會議之出席記錄 載列如下:

		2022 Annual	
		General Meeting	<b>Board meetings</b>
		二零二二年	
		股東週年大會	董事會會議
		Attendance/	Attendance/
		number of meeting	number of meetings
The Board	董事會	出席/會議次數	出席/會議次數
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Chen Haining	陳海寧先生	1/1	5/5
Ms. Tong Jiangxia	童江霞女士	0/1	2/5
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Luk Chi Shing	陸志成先生	1/1	5/5
Mr. Leung Fu Hang	梁富衡先生	1/1	5/5
Mr. Chen Liang	陳亮先生	1/1	5/5
č			

#### **Roles and responsibilities**

The Board is responsible for overseeing the overall business strategies, management planning and control of the Company. The management is responsible for day-to-day management of the Group. All Directors have accumulated sufficient and valuable experiences to carry out their duties in efficient and effective manners. Details of the backgrounds and qualifications of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 10 to 12 of this annual report.

#### 職責及責任

董事會負責監督本公司整體業務策略、管理規劃及 監控。管理層負責本集團的日常管理。所有董事均 經驗豐富及稱職,足以有效履行本身職責。有關董 事背景及資歷的詳情載於本年報第10至12頁之「董 事及高級管理人員之履歷詳情」一節。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)** Roles and responsibilities (Continued)

All Directors have acted in good faith for the best interests of the Company and the stakeholders of the Company. Other than the statutory duties imposed on each of them, all of the Directors have exercised due care in monitoring the corporate matters of the Company and have closed concern, sufficient time and attention to the significant issues and affairs of the Group.

The Executive Directors and senior management meet regularly to review Company business matters and escalate the matters to the Board meetings for further discussion whenever necessary. Save for the regular Board meetings held during the financial year, meeting(s) of the Directors was/ were held to discuss and transact other special businesses. The Board members are provided with appropriate and sufficient information in a timely manner to keep abreast of the Group's latest developments. All businesses transacted at the Board meetings are properly documented and recorded.

The Board and each Director also have separate and independent access to the senior management whenever necessary. Moreover, they have access to the company secretary ("**Company Secretary**") of the Company who is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are complied with and who advises the Board on corporate governance and compliance matters.

The Company adopted a policy on obtaining independent views and inputs on 4 March 2022. The Directors may seek such advices, views and inputs as considered necessary to fulfill their responsibilities and in exercising independent judgement when making decisions in furtherance of their duties at the Company's expense. Independent professional advice shall include legal advice and advice of accountants and other professional financial advisers on matters of law, accounting, tax and other regulation matters. The Board will review this policy on an annual basis. Further details of this policy have been disclosed on the Company's website (http://www.chinese-energy.com).

Under code provision C.1.8 of the CG Code, the Company has arranged for appropriate liability insurance to indemnify its Directors for their liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage is reviewed regularly by the Company.

#### **Corporate governance functions**

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties set out in the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code. The duties of the Board include:

- (i) to develop and review the Group's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management of the Group;
- (iii) to review and monitor the Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (iv) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to Directors and employees of the Group; and
- (v) to review the Group's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this corporate governance report.

During the year under review, the Board performed the above duties set out in the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code.

# 企業管治報告(續)

#### 董事會 (續) 職責及責任 (續)

全體董事均真誠行事,為本公司及本公司持份者謀 求最佳利益。除須承擔之法定義務外,全體董事均 審慎監督本公司之公司事務,並付出充足的時間及 精力,密切關注本集團重大事項及事務。

執行董事及高級管理層定期會面檢討本公司業務事 宜及在有需要時將有關事宜提呈至董事會會議作 進一步討論。除於財政年度舉行之董事會常規會議 外,董事亦舉行會議討論及處理其他特別事項。董 事會成員會及時取得適當且充足之資料,使彼等了 解本集團之最新發展情況。所有於董事會會議審議 的事項均已妥善存檔及記錄。

董事會及各董事在需要時亦可藉個別及獨立途徑接 觸高級管理層。此外,彼等可接觸本公司之公司秘 書(「**公司秘書**」),公司秘書負責確保符合董事會程 序及就企業管治及合規事宜向董事會提供意見。

本公司已於二零二二年三月四日採納獲得獨立的觀 點及提議之政策。董事可尋求其認為必要之意見、 觀點及提議,以履行其職責並在作出決定以促進履 行董事職責時行使獨立判斷,費用由本公司承擔。 獨立專業意見包括法律意見以及會計師和其他專 業財務顧問就法律、會計、稅務事項及其他監管事 項作出之意見。董事會將每年檢討此政策。本政策 之進一步詳情已於本公司網站(http://www.chineseenergy.com)披露。

根據企業管治守則守則條文第C.1.8條,本公司已就 彌償其董事因企業業務所產生之責任,安排適當之 責任保險。本公司會定期檢討保險之保障範圍。

#### 企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治守則守則條文第A.2.1條載 述之企業管治職責。董事會職責包括:

- (i) 制定及檢討本集團之企業管治政策及常規,並 向董事會提出建議;
- (ii) 檢討及監察本集團董事及高級管理人員之培 訓及持續專業發展;
- (iii) 檢討及監察本集團有關遵守法律及監管規定 之政策及常規;
- (iv) 制定、檢討及監察本集團董事及僱員的操守守 則及合規手冊;及
- (v) 檢討本集團遵守企業管治守則之情況及在本 企業管治報告內所作之披露。

於回顧年度,董事會已履行企業管治守則守則條文 第A.2.1條載述之上述職責。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)**

#### Independence

A candidate who is to be appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director should also meet the independent criteria set out in Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. Upon recommendation of the members of nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") of the Company, the proposed appointment will be reviewed and, if thought fit, approved by the Board. Each Independent Non-Executive Director has confirmed the Company an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company considers that all the Independent Non-Executive Directors are independent and meet the independent guidelines set out in Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. There is no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship among the members of the Board, in particular, between the Chairman and the chief executive of the Company. Each Independent Non-Executive Director is required to inform the Company as soon as practicable if there is any change that may affect his independence. The Company had expressed the view in its circular that Independent Non-Executive Director who was eligible for re-election had met the independence guidelines of the GEM Listing Rules. In respect of an Independent Non-Executive Director who served more than nine years (if any), the Company had expressed its view in circular as regards such Director's independence.

In accordance with the Articles, one-third of the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third shall retire from the office and being eligible offer themselves for re-election provided that every Director, including those appointed for a specific term, shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The Directors to be retired by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment or re-appointment or those who were appointed by the Board during the year to fill any casual vacancy.

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

The Independent Non-Executive Directors were appointed by reference to their respective qualifications and experiences to ensure that they are competent to perform their duties and to protect the interests of the stakeholders. They were not appointed for a specific term but they are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at AGM in line with the Articles. As such, the Company considers that sufficient measures have been taken to ensure that the Company's corporate governance practices are no less than exacting than those in the CG Code.

## 企業管治報告(續)

# 董事會(續)

#### 獨立性

將獲委任為獨立非執行董事之候選人亦須符合 《GEM上市規則》第5.09條所載之獨立標準。經本 公司提名委員會(「提名委員會」)成員推薦後,建議 委任將由董事會審議及酌情批准。各獨立非執行董 事已根據《GEM上市規則》第5.09條向本公司確認具 獨立性之年度確認函。本公司認為全體獨立非執行 董事均為獨立人士,並符合《GEM上市規則》第5.09 條所載之獨立指引。董事會成員彼此之間,尤其是 主席與本公司主要行政人員之間,概無財務、業務、 家族或其他重大/相關關係。如出現任何可能影響 其獨立性之變動,每名獨立非執行董事須在切實可 行情況下盡快通知本公司。本公司已於其通函表 示,其認為合資格重選連任之獨立非執行董事乃符 合《GEM上市規則》之獨立性指引。就任職逾九年之 獨立非執行董事(如有)而言,本公司已於通函內就 有關董事的獨立性發表意見。

根據組織章程細則規定,三分之一之董事(或倘董事 人數並非三或三之倍數,則為最接近但不少於三分 之一的董事人數)須輪值告退,並合資格及願意膺選 連任,惟各董事(包括有指定任期之董事)須至少每 三年輪值告退一次。輪值告退之董事須為自上次委 任或重新委任以來任職時間最長或於本年度內由董 事會委任以填補任何臨時空缺之董事。

#### 獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事均參照其各自之資格及經驗而獲委 任,以確保彼等有能力履行職務,同時保障持份者 利益。彼等之委任並無固定年期,惟須根據組織章 程細則輪值告退及於股東週年大會上膺選連任。故 此,本公司認為,已採取充分措施確保本公司之企 業管治常規不遜於企業管治守則之條文規定。

#### **TRAINING FOR DIRECTORS**

All Directors, including newly appointed director(s) (if any), received comprehensive and formal inductions to ensure that they have appropriate understanding of (i) the business and operations of the Group; (ii) their responsibilities and obligations under the GEM Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements; (iii) the CG Code of the Company; and (iv) the Model Code for the Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers.

The Directors are continually updated on developments in the statutory and regulatory regime and the business environment to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. Continuing briefing and professional development for the Directors are arranged at the expenses of the Company whenever necessary. The Directors are committed to complying with code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code on the Directors' training effective from 1 April 2012. All Directors have participated in continuous professional development, among others, reading regulatory updates or materials, and attending briefings, conferences, forums, courses, seminars or workshops, to develop and refresh their knowledges and skills. The Directors provided their training records (if any) for the financial year to the Company.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established three board committees, namely audit committee (the "Audit Committee") of the Company, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. All of these committees have their respective terms of reference which accord with the principles set out in the CG Code contained in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee has three members comprising three Independent Non-Executive Directors, namely, Mr. Luk (Chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Leung and Mr. L Chen. All committee members possess appropriate industry and professional experiences to advise on the Group's strategies and other matters. The composition of the Audit Committee meets the requirements of Rules 5.28 and 5.33 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The Company established the Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with Rules 5.28 and 5.29 of the GEM Listing Rules.

### 企業管治報告(續)

#### 董事之培訓

全體董事(包括新委任董事(如有))接受全面及正 式之指引,以確保彼等對(i)本集團業務及運作;(ii) 《GEM上市規則》及相關監管規定下自身之職責及 義務;(iii)本公司之企業管治守則;及(iv)上市發行人 董事進行證券交易之標準守則有合適理解。

董事持續獲提供有關法律及監管制度發展以及業務 環境改變之最新資料,以協助彼等履行職責。本公 司於有需要時會安排向董事持續提供資訊及專業發 展,費用由本公司承擔。董事承諾遵守自二零一二 年四月一日起生效的企業管治守則守則條文第C.1.4 條有關董事培訓之規定。全體董事均參與發展及更 新彼等知識及技能之持續專業發展(當中包括閱讀 法規更新或材料,及出席通報會、會議、論壇、課 程、研討會或工作坊)。董事已向本公司提供彼等於 財政年度之培訓記錄(如有)。

#### 董事委員會

董事會已設立三個董事委員會,即本公司審核委員 會(「**審核委員會**」)、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。所 有該等委員會均已按照《GEM上市規則》附錄十五所 載企業管治守則載列之原則制定各自的職權範圍。

#### 審核委員會

審核委員會由三名成員組成,包括三名獨立非執行 董事,即陸先生(審核委員會主席)、梁先生及陳亮 先生。全部委員會成員均擁有合適之行業及專業經 驗,就本集團之策略及其他事宜表達意見。審核委 員會之成員組合符合《GEM上市規則》第5.28及5.33 條之規定。

本公司已設立審核委員會,並遵守《GEM上市規則》 第5.28條及5.29條制定其書面職權範圍。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES (CONTINUED)**

#### Audit Committee (Continued)

The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to ensure the adequacy and effectiveness of the accounting and financial controls of the Group, oversee the performance of internal control systems, risk management, and financial reporting processes, monitor the integrity of the financial statements and compliance with statutory and listing requirements.

During the year under review, four meetings were held by the Audit Committee to approve the nature and scope of the statutory audits, and review the annual, interim and quarterly financial statements of the Group. The Audit Committee was contented that the accounting policies and standards of the Group are in accordance with the current best practices in HK. Such meetings involve the active participation, either in person or through other electronic means of communications of majority of Directors. The Audit Committee must meet, at least twice a year, with Confucius International CPA Limited, external auditor (the "**External Auditor**") of the Company without the presence of the management.

The attendance records of each Director at the Audit Committee meetings held during the year ended 31 March 2023 are set out below:

#### **Names of Directors**

Mr. Luk Chi Shing *(Chairman of the Audit Committee)* Mr. Leung Fu Hang Mr. Chen Liang

#### **External Auditor's remuneration**

The Audit Committee is responsible for considering and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the External Auditor and to approve the remuneration and the terms of engagement of the External Auditor; and any questions of resignation or dismissal.

The remuneration of the External Auditor in respect of audit services for the year ended 31 March 2023 amounted to HK\$480,000 (2022: HK\$450,000). There was no remuneration of the External Auditor for non-audit services for this year (2022: HK\$120,000).

#### 董事委員會(續) 審核委員會(續)

審核委員會之主要職責為確保本集團之會計及財務 監控充分及有效、監控內部監控系統、風險管理及 財務申報過程之表現、監察財務報表是否完整及遵 守法定及上市規定。

於回顧年度,審核委員會共召開四次會議,以批准 法定審核之性質及範圍,並審閱本集團之年度、中 期和季度財務報表。審核委員會信納本集團之會計 政策及準則乃符合香港現時之最佳常規。有關會議 涉及絕大多數董事的主動參與,不論親身出席或透 過其他電子通訊方式。審核委員會在沒有管理層在 場下與本公司外聘核數師天健國際會計師事務所有 限公司(「**外聘核數師**」)須每年至少會面兩次。

下文載列各董事於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止 年度內舉行的審核委員會會議的出席記錄:

	Attendance/	
	number of meetings	
董事名稱	出席/會議次數	
陸志成先生( <i>審核委員會主席</i> )	4/4	
梁富衡先生	4/4	
陳亮先生	4/4	

#### 外聘核數師薪酬

審核委員會負責考慮委任、續聘及罷免外聘核數 師,並就此向董事會作出建議以及批准外聘核數師 的薪酬及聘用條款;及處理任何有關辭任或罷免的 問題。

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,外聘核數 師就審核服務之薪酬為480,000港元(二零二二年: 450,000港元)。於本年度,外聘核數師並無非審核服 務之薪酬(二零二二年:120,000港元)。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES (CONTINUED)**

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Remuneration Committee has three members comprising three Independent Non-Executive Directors, namely, Mr. Leung (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Mr. Luk and Mr. L Chen. One meeting was held by the Remuneration Committee during the year.

The Company formulated written terms of reference for the Remuneration Committee and the adopted terms of reference are in compliance with the code provision in the CG Code.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee, among others, are (i) to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management remunerations and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy; (ii) to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; and (iii) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and senior management. During the year, the Remuneration Committee had meet regularly and reviewed the remuneration packages for the Directors, senior management and employees of the Group.

Pursuant to code provision E.1.8 of the CG Code, the remunerations of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 March 2023 and the remunerations of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in notes 14 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements respectively on pages 130 to 133 of this annual report.

The attendance records of each Director at the Remuneration Committee meeting held during the year ended 31 March 2023 is set out below:

# 企業管治報告(續)

#### 董事委員會 (續) 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由三名成員組成,包括三名獨立非執行 董事,即梁先生(薪酬委員會主席)、陸先生及陳亮 先生。於本年度內,薪酬委員會已舉行一次會議。

本公司制定薪酬委員會之書面職權範圍,而所採納 之職權範圍遵守企業管治守則之守則條文。

薪酬委員會之主要職責當中包括,(i)就本公司有關 全體董事及高級管理層之薪酬政策及結構,及就設 立正規而具透明度的程序制訂薪酬政策, 向董事會 提出建議;(ii)參考董事會之企業目標及宗旨審閱及 批准建議之管理層薪酬;及(iii)就各執行董事及高 級管理層之薪酬組合,向董事會提出建議。於本年 度內,薪酬委員會已定期舉行會議並審閱本集團董 事、高級管理層及僱員之薪酬組合。

根據企業管治守則守則條文第E.1.8條,截至二零 二三年三月三十一日止年度高級管理層按薪酬範圍 劃分之薪酬以及本集團董事及五名最高薪酬人士之 薪酬分別載列於本年報第130至133頁綜合財務報表 附註14及15內。

下文載列各董事於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止 年度內舉行的薪酬委員會會議的出席記錄:

Names of Directors	董事名稱	number of meeting 出席/會議次數
Mr. Leung Fu Hang (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee)	梁富衡先生( <i>薪酬委員會主席)</i>	1/1
Mr. Luk Chi Shing	陸志成先生	1/1
Mr. Chen Liang	陳亮先生	1/1

Attendance/

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES (CONTINUED)**

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee has three members comprising two Independent Non-Executive Directors, namely, Mr. L Chen (Chairman of the Nomination Committee) and Mr. Leung, and one Executive Director, namely, Mr. HN Chen. One meeting was held by the Nomination Committee during the year.

The Company formulated written terms of reference for the Nomination Committee and the adopted terms of reference are in compliance with the code provision in the CG Code.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include, among other things:

- to review director nomination policy ("DNP") and board diversity (a) policy;
- to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, (h) knowledges and experiences) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategies;
- (c) to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- to assess the independence of Independent Non-Executive (d) Directors: and
- to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or (e) re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and/or chief executive of the Company.

The attendance records of each Director at the Nomination Committee meeting held during the year ended 31 March 2023 is set out below:

# 企業管治報告(續)

#### 董事委員會(續) 提名委員會

提名委員會由三名成員組成,包括兩名獨立非執行 董事,即陳亮先生(提名委員會主席)及梁先生和一 名執行董事,即陳海寧先生。於本年度內,提名委員 會已舉行一次會議。

本公司制定提名委員會之書面職權範圍,而所採納 之職權範圍遵守企業管治守則之守則條文。

提名委員會之主要職責當中包括:

- 檢討董事提名政策(「董事提名政策」)及董事 (a) 會成員多元化政策;
- 至少每年檢討一次董事會之架構、規模及組成 (h)(包括技能、知識及經驗)並就任何建議變動 向董事會提出推薦意見以補充本公司之企業 策略:
- 物色合資格成為董事會成員之合適人士並進 (c) 行篩選或提出推薦意見供董事會選擇獲提名 為董事的人士;
- 評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及 (d)
- 就董事委任或續聘以及董事尤其是本公司主 (e) 席及/或主要行政人員之繼任計劃向董事會 提出推薦意見。

下文載列各董事於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止 年度內舉行的提名委員會會議的出席記錄:

#### Attendance/ number of meeting 出席/會議次數 陳亮先生(提名委員會主席) 1/11/1

1/1

董事名稱

梁富衡先生

陳海寧先生

### Names of Directors

Mr. Chen Liang (Chairman of the Nomination Committee) Mr. Leung Fu Hang Mr. Chen Haining

# 企業管治報告(續)

#### DNP

The Company adopted a DNP on 7 December 2018. It aims to ensure the Board has balance of skills, experiences and diversities of perspectives appropriate to the Company as well as to ensure the Board continuity and appropriate leadership at the Board level.

The Nomination Committee will conduct regular review on the structure, size and composition of the Board and the DNP and where appropriate, make recommendations on changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategies and business needs.

#### **Selection criteria of Directors**

The criteria listed below would be used as reference by the Nomination Committee in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate to be nominated to the Board for it to consider and make recommendation to Shareholders for election as Director at the general meeting(s) and appoint him/her to fill casual vacancies:

- Character and integrity;
- Qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledges and experiences and diversity aspects under the board diversity policy that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategies;
- Any measurable objectives adopted for achieving diversity on the Board;
- Requirement for the Board to have independent Directors in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules and whether the candidate would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the GEM Listing Rules;
- Any potential contributions the candidate can bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experiences, independence and gender diversities;
- Willingness and ability to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a member of the Board and/or Board committee(s) of the Company; and
- Such other perspectives that are appropriate to the Company's business and succession plan and where applicable, may be adopted and/or amended by the Board and/or the Nomination Committee from time to time for nomination of Director and succession planning.

#### 董事提名政策

本公司已於二零一八年十二月七日採納一項董事提 名政策, 旨在確保董事會具備切合本公司所需的技 巧、經驗及多元化觀點的均衡組合, 並確保董事會 的持續性及董事會層面的適當領導角色。

提名委員會將會定期為董事會的架構、規模及組成 以及董事提名政策進行檢討,並在有需要時向董事 會提出修訂建議,以完善本公司企業策略及切合業 務需要。

#### 董事甄選準則

提名委員會於評估向董事會提名擬定候選人之合適 性以供其考慮及於股東大會上就選舉董事向股東作 出推薦建議及委任彼填補臨時空缺時,可參考以下 準則:

- 品格與誠信;
- 資格包括與本公司業務及企業策略相關的專業資格、技巧、知識及經驗,以及董事會成員 多元化政策所提述的多元化因素;
- 為達致董事會成員多元化而採納的任何可計 量目標;
- 根據《GEM上市規則》,董事會需包括獨立董事
   的規定,以及參考《GEM上市規則》內列明的獨
   立性指引,候選人是否被視為獨立;
- 候選人的資格、技巧、經驗、獨立性及性別多 元化方面可為董事會帶來的任何潛在貢獻;
- 是否願意及能夠投放足夠時間履行身為本公司董事會成員及/或擔任董事會轄下委員會 委員的職責;及
- 適用於本公司業務及繼任計劃的其他各項因素,董事會及/或提名委員會可不時採納及/ 或修訂有關董事提名及繼任計劃的因素(如適用)。

#### **DNP (CONTINUED)**

#### Selection criteria of Directors (Continued)

These criteria are for reference only, and not meant to be exhaustive and decisive. The Nomination Committee has the discretion to nominate any person, as it considers appropriate.

The Nomination Committee shall evaluate the proposed candidate's suitability with reference to the criteria stated above and make recommendation(s) to the Board's consideration and approval.

In the case of the re-election of Director(s) at the general meeting(s), the Nomination Committee shall review the overall contributions of the Director(s) to the Company and their services, their participations and performances within the Board, and whether such Director(s) still meet(s) the needs to complement the Company's corporate strategies.

Further details of this policy have been disclosed on the Company's website (http://www.chinese-energy.com).

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

The Board has established a set of board diversity policy setting out the approach to achieve diversities on the Board with the aims of enhancing Board effectiveness and corporate governance as well as achieving our business objectives and sustainable developments. Board diversities have been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to genders, ages, cultural and educational backgrounds, ethnicities, professional experiences, required expertise, skills, knowledges and length of services. The current Board consists of a diverse mix of Board members appropriate to the requirements of the business of the Company. In recommending candidate(s) for appointment or re-appointment to the Board and conducting of annual review, the Nomination Committee will consider the benefits of all aspects of diversities, including without limitation, those described above, in order to maintain on appropriate ranges and balance of talents, skills, experiences and backgrounds on the Board.

The Nomination Committee will review this policy, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of this policy. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval. The policy has been posted on the Company's website (http://www.chinese-energy.com).

# 企業管治報告(續)

#### 董事提名政策 (續) 董事甄選準則 (續)

該等準則僅供參考,並非盡列所有準則,亦不具決 定性作用。提名委員會可酌情決定提名其認為適當 之任何人士。

提名委員會將參考上述準則評估擬定候選人是否適 任並向董事會作出推薦建議供其考慮及批准。

倘於股東大會上重選董事,提名委員會須檢討董事 對本公司的整體貢獻及彼等於董事會之服務、參與 度及表現,以及該董事是否仍符合完善本公司企業 策略之需求。

本政策之進一步詳情已於本公司網站(http://www. chinese-energy.com)披露。

#### 董事會成員多元化政策

董事會已建立董事會成員多元化政策,提出令董事 會達致多元化之方針,目的為提升董事會效率及企 業管治水平,實現我們的業務目標及可持續發展。 董事會成員多元化是從多個層面加以考慮,包括但 不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經 驗、所需專才、技術、知識及服務年期。目前董事 會由多元化董事會成員組成,切合本公司的業務要 求。為向董事會推薦合適人選作委任或重新委任及 進行年度回顧,提名委員會將考慮各方面多元化之 利益(包括但不限於以上所述),以維持董事會在合 適範疇和專才、技術、經驗及背景達至平衡。

提名委員會將在適當時候檢討本政策,以確保本政 策行之有效。提名委員會將會討論任何或需作出 的修訂,再向董事會提出任何有關修訂建議,由董 事會審批。本政策已刊載於本公司網站(http://www. chinese-energy.com)。

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company has adopted a dividend policy on declaration, payment or distribution of the Company's profits as dividends on 7 December 2018. The Board will review the dividend policy as appropriate from time to time.

While the Company intends to declare and pay dividends, the payment and the amount of any dividends will depend on a number of factors, including but not limited to:

- financial results;
- cash flow situations;
- business conditions and strategies;
- future operations and earnings;
- capital requirements and expenditure plans;
- interests of Shareholders;
- any restrictions on payments of dividends; and
- any other factors that the Board may consider relevant.

Further details of this policy have been disclosed on the Company's website (http://www.chinese-energy.com).

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, plays an essential role in the relationship between the Company and its Shareholders, and assists the Board in discharging its obligations to Shareholders pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules. The Company Secretary has participated in no less than fifteen hours of relevant professional training to develop and refresh his knowledges and skills during the financial year pursuant to Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

# 企業管治報告(續)

#### 股息政策

本公司已於二零一八年十二月七日採納一項宣派、 派付或分發本公司溢利作為股息的股息政策。董事 會將在有需要時不時檢討股息政策。

倘本公司有意宣派及派付股息,則任何股息之派付 及金額將視乎多項因素而定,包括但不限於:

- 財務業績;
- 現金流量狀況;
- 業務狀況及策略;
- 未來營運及收入;
- 資金需求及支出計劃;
- 股東的利益;
- 任何派付股息的限制;及
- 董事會可能視為相關的任何其他因素。

本政策之進一步詳情已於本公司網站(http://www. chinese-energy.com)披露。

### 公司秘書

公司秘書向主席及行政總裁報告,在維繫本公司與 股東之間的關係方面亦肩負重任,並協助董事會按 照《GEM上市規則》履行對股東的責任。根據《GEM 上市規則》第5.15條,於財政年度內,公司秘書已參 加不少於十五個小時之相關專業培訓,以發展及更 新其知識及技能。

企業管治報告(續)

#### **SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS**

Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than 5% of the total voting rights of all the members having rights to vote at general meeting of the Company shall at all times have the rights, by written requisition to the Board, to require an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM") of the Company to be convened by the Board. Such requisition, signed by the Shareholders concerned, must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting and may include a text of resolution that is intended to be moved at the meeting. If within twenty one days from the date of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to such meeting the Shareholders concerned may themselves convened an EGM, but any EGM so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months after the date on which the Directors become subject to the requirement to call a meeting.

If a Shareholder (other than the candidate) wishes to propose any candidate as director of the Company, the following documents should be duly lodged at the registered and head office of the Company at Unit 3517, Floor 35, West Tower, Shun Tak Centre, No. 168-200 Connaught Road Central, HK for the attention of the Company Secretary, not earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting (or such other period as may be determined and announced by the Directors from time to time) and not later than seven days prior to the date fixed for the meeting:

- (a) a written notice by the Shareholder of his or her intention to propose a resolution for the appointment or re-appointment of that candidate, duly signed by the Shareholder with his or her name and address stated clearly in an eligible manner, the validity of which is subject to verification and confirmation by the Company's share registrar according to its records;
- (b) a written notice duly executed by the candidate of his or her willingness to be appointed or re-appointed;
- (c) written consent of the publication of the candidate's information together with the candidate's biographical information as required by Rule 17.50(2) of the GEM Listing Rules; and
- (d) the candidate's written consent to the publication of his or her personal data.

Further details of them have been stated on the Company's website (http://www.chinese-energy.com).

#### 股東權利

於提交要求日期持有不少於有權在本公司股東大會 上表決的全體成員的總表決權的5%的股東,於任何 時間均有權透過向董事會提交書面要求要求董事會 召開本公司股東特別大會(「**股東特別大會**」)。有關 要求須經有關股東簽署,並須述明有待在有關大會 上處理的事務的一般性質及可包含擬在該大會上動 議的決議案的文本。倘董事會自收到該要求的日期 起計二十一日內沒有召開有關大會,則有關股東可 自行召開股東特別大會,惟在有關董事受到召開大 會的規定所規限的日期後的三個月期限屆滿後,通 過此種方式召開的任何股東特別大會不得舉行。

若股東(候選人除外)擬提名任何候選人擔任本公司 董事,須於寄發股東大會通告(或董事不時釐定及宣 佈之其他期間)後至大會指定舉行日期前不少於七 日將以下文件妥善遞交至本公司註冊辦事處及總辦 事處(地址為香港干諾道中168-200號信德中心西座 35樓3517室),收件人為公司秘書:

- (a) 該名股東有意提呈一項決議案以委任或重新 委任該候選人之書面通知,該通知須由該股 東以適當之方式正式簽署(須列明其名稱及地 址),而其有效性則須由本公司的股份過戶登 記處根據其記錄進行核實及確認;
- (b) 由該候選人正式簽署之有關其膺選或重選意 願之書面通知;
- (c) 公開候選人資料及《GEM上市規則》第17.50(2) 條所規定之候選人履歷資料之書面同意;及
- (d) 該候選人就公開其個人資料之書面同意。

彼等之進一步詳情已於本公司網站(http://www. chinese-energy.com)公佈。

# 企業管治報告(續)

#### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The Company recognises the importance of maintaining an on-going communication with Shareholders to ensure that Shareholders are kept well informed of the business activities and directions of the Group.

The Company uses a range of communication channels including but not limited to announcements, circulars, notices of meetings, proxy forms, AGM and EGM as well as annual, interim and quarterly reports to disclose relevant information to Shareholders. Separate resolutions are proposed at general meeting on each substantially separate issue, including the re-election of Directors. In compliance with the code provision F.2.2 of the CG Code, the Chairman of the Board and the Chairman of all board committees, together with the External Auditor, shall attend the AGM to answer enquiries (if any) of Shareholders. The notice of AGM will be sent by the Company to Shareholders at least twenty clear business days before the meeting.

To further promote the effective communication with Shareholders and the public, please see the relevant policy on the Company's website (http://www.chinese-energy.com), which is maintained to disseminate the information of the Group electronically on a timely basis.

#### **VOTING BY POLL**

All resolutions put to the general meeting will be voted by poll at the meeting in accordance with the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules.

To ensure that Shareholders are familiar with the detailed procedures for conducting a poll, the chairman of the meeting will explain the detailed procedures for conducting a poll at the commencement of the meeting and then answer any questions from Shareholders regarding voting by way of a poll.

At the conclusion of the general meeting, the poll results will be published by the Company on the HKEXnews website (http://www. hkexnews.hk) and the Company's website (http://www.chinese-energy. com).

#### **ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD**

Enquiries from Shareholders to the Board can be sent in writing to the Company at the registered and head office in HK.

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

There was no change to the Company's constitutional documents during the year ended 31 March 2023. A copy of the latest consolidated version of the Articles is available for view on the HKEXnews website (http://www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company's website (http://www.chinese-energy.com).

#### 與股東溝通

本公司深知與股東維持持續溝通的重要性,確保股 東知悉本集團之業務活動及方向。

本公司採用多種溝通渠道(包括但不限於公告、通 函、大會通告、代表委任表格、股東週年大會及股東 特別大會以及年度、中期和季度報告)向股東披露 有關資料。就每個個別重要事項,包括重選董事,均 於股東大會上以獨立決議案方式提出。為遵守企業 管治守則守則條文第F.2.2條,董事會主席及所有董 事委員會主席以及外聘核數師將出席股東週年大會 回答股東提出之查詢(如有)。本公司將於大會舉行 前至少足二十個營業日向股東發送股東週年大會通 告。

為了進一步促進與股東及公眾之有效溝通,請參閱 刊載於本公司網站(http://www.chinese-energy.com)之 相關政策,本集團將以電子方式及時發佈本集團之 資料。

#### 以投票方式表決

於股東大會上提呈之所有決議案將根據《GEM上市 規則》之規定於大會上進行投票表決。

為了確保股東熟悉以投票方式進行表決的詳細程 序,大會主席將於大會開始時解釋以投票方式進行 表決的詳細程序,並回答股東有關以投票方式表決 的任何問題。

於股東大會結束後,本公司將在香港交易所披露易網站(http://www.hkexnews.hk)及本公司網站(http://www.chinese-energy.com)上刊載投票結果。

#### 向董事會提出之查詢

股東可將彼等向董事會提出之查詢以書面形式郵寄 至本公司的香港註冊辦事處及總辦事處。

#### 章程文件

於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本公司的 章程文件概無變動。組織章程細則的最新綜合版本 可於香港交易所披露易網站(http://www.hkexnews.hk) 及本公司網站(http://www.chinese-energy.com)瀏覽。

企業管治報告(續)

#### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

The Company has established different communication channels with Shareholders and investors, including (i) printed copies of corporate communications (including but not limited to announcements, circulars, notices of meetings, proxy forms as well as annual, interim and quarterly reports) required under the GEM Listing Rules, and Shareholders can choose (or are deemed to have consented) to receive such documents using electronic means through the Company's website: (ii) AGM provides a forum for Shareholders to raise comments and exchange views with the Board; (iii) updated and key information on the Group is available on the website of the Company; (iv) the Company's website (http://www.chinese-energy.com) offers a communication channel between the Company and its Shareholders as well as stakeholders; (v) the Company's share registrar deals with Shareholders for share registration and related matters; and (vi) the Company Secretary handles enquiries from Shareholders and investors generally. In compliance with the CG Code under Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has established Shareholder's communication policy in April 2012 which is subject to review on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness. This policy is available on the Company's website (http://www.chinese-energy. com). Individual resolution has been proposed by the Chairman in the general meetings for each substantial issue. At AGM and/or EGM (if any) held in the financial year, the Chairman and/or the members of the Board (including Independent Non-Executive Directors) were available to answer questions (if any) raised by Shareholders.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

#### Internal audit and risk management

The Board is responsible for ensuring sound and effective internal control systems and risk management to safeguard the Shareholders' interests and the Company's assets. Such internal control and risk management systems are designed for managing risks rather than eliminating risks that affect the Group's business, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The objective is to cover all important controls which include financial, operational, compliance, and risk management to ensure they are in place and functioning effectively for the Group. The Company has annually reviewed whistleblowing and anti-corruption policies for employees of the Group and other parties who deal with the Group, which are including but not limited to customers, suppliers, debtors and creditors. Further details of the policies have been mentioned on the Company's website (http://www.chinese-energy.com).

#### 投資者關係

本公司設有多個與股東及投資者溝通渠道,包括(i) 《GEM上市規則》項下規定之公司通訊(包括但不限 於公告、通函、大會通告、代表委任表格以及年度、 中期和季度報告)印刷本,且股東可選擇(或視為已 同意選擇)通過本公司網站以電子方式收取有關文 件;(ii)股東週年大會提供平台供股東向董事會提出 意見及交流觀點;(jij)本公司網站載有本集團最新及 重要資料;(iv)本公司網站(http://www.chinese-energy. com)為本公司與股東及持份者提供溝通渠道;(v)本 公司的股份過戶登記處處理股東之股份登記及相關 事宜;及(vi)公司秘書一般處理股東及投資者之查 韵。為遵守《GEM上市規則》附錄十五項下之企業管 治守則,本公司已於二零一二年四月設立股東溝通 政策,須定期進行檢討以確保其有效性。該政策載 於本公司網站(http://www.chinese-energy.com)。主席 就各主要事宜於股東大會上提呈個別決議案。於財 政年度內舉行之股東週年大會及/或股東特別大會 (如有)上,主席及/或董事會成員(包括獨立非執 行董事)可回答股東提問(如有)。

### 內部監控及風險管理 內部審計及風險管理

董事會負責確保穩健及有效之內部監控系統及風險 管理,以保障股東利益及本公司資產。有關內部監 控及風險管理系統旨在管理風險而非消除影響本 集團業務之風險,同時只能對重大錯誤陳述或損失 提供合理而非絕對之保證。目標為涵蓋所有重要控 制,包括財務、營運、合規及風險管理,藉以確保其 能到位及有效地為本集團運作。本公司每年會審閱 有關本集團之僱員及其他與本集團有業務往來之人 士(包括但不限於顧客、供應商、債務人及債權人) 之告密及反貪污政策。該等政策進一步詳情載於本 公司網站(http://www.chinese-energy.com)。

# INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### Internal audit and risk management (Continued)

#### Internal audit

The Group has responsible staff to monitor the overall internal control and risk assessment system. The Audit Committee has reviewed the findings and recommendations made by the responsible staff and has ensured that issues arising from the internal audits are appropriately carried out in an effective, efficient and timely manner.

#### Risk management

The successful management of risk is essential for the long-term growth and sustainability of the Group's business. These can only be achievable if risks that affect the Group are managed effectively.

#### **Policy**

The Group's risk management policy includes the following elements:

- Identification significant risks in the Group's operations and business environment and evaluate the impacts of those;
- Develop necessary measures to manage those risks; and
- Monitor and review the effectiveness of such measures.

#### Responsibility

The Board has overall accountability for determining the type and level of risk it is prepared to take and deploys appropriate actions to control or mitigate the risks. The likelihood of risk occurrences, their impacts, and their mitigation are all documented in the Group's risk register. The Board regularly reviews the risk register and monitors the implementation of risk mitigation procedures by management.

Further, the risks will be periodically reviewed by the Board so that the Group could ensure new and emerging risks relevant to the Group's business are promptly identified and action upon. These are on-going processes and the Board reviews regularly the effectiveness of the Group's risk management systems as well as the adequacy of resources, employee qualifications and experiences, training programmes and budgets of the Company's accounting and financial reporting functions.

The Board considers the Group's internal control system and risk management are adequate and effective and the Group has complied with the provisions on internal control as well as risk management as set out in the CG Code.

## 企業管治報告(續)

#### 內部監控及風險管理(續)

#### 內部審計及風險管理(續)

#### 內部審計

本集團已有負責人員監察整體內部監控及風險評估 系統。審核委員會已審閱負責人員之發現及建議, 並確保內部審計中產生之問題得到有效、高效及及 時地妥善解決。

#### 風險管理

成功之風險管理對本集團之業務的長期增長和可持續性非常重要,只有當影響本集團之風險得到有效 管理之情況下,方可實現。

#### 政策

本集團之風險管理政策包括以下要素:

- 識別本集團之經營及業務環境中的重大風險, 並評估其影響;
- 開展管理該等風險之必要措施;及
- 監測及檢討該等措施之成效。

#### 責任

董事會須全面負責釐定其預備承受之風險類型及水 平,並採取適當行動控制或緩解風險。發生風險之 可能性、其影響及緩解均於本集團之風險登記冊內 明確規定。董事會定期檢討風險登記冊及監測管理 層執行風險緩解程序之情況。

此外,董事會將定期檢討風險,以能確保與本集團 之業務相關新產生風險得以即時識別並採取相應行 動。此舉屬持續流程,而董事會定期檢討本集團之 風險管理系統的成效以及本公司在會計及財務申報 職能方面的資源、僱員資歷及經驗、培訓課程及預 算是否足夠。

董事會認為本集團之內部監控系統及風險管理屬充 裕及有效,且本集團已遵守企業管治守則所載之內 部監控及風險管理條文。

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board is responsible for presenting a clear and understandable assessment of annual, interim, and quarterly reports, announcements in relation to inside information and other disclosures required under the GEM Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's affairs and of its accounts of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2023. The statement of the External Auditor about the reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 69 to 73 of this annual report.

The External Auditor performs independent statutory audit on the Group's financial statements. As part of the audit engagement, the External Auditor also reports to the Audit Committee any significant deficiencies (if any) in the Group's internal control system which might come to the attention during the course of external audit.

A policy on handling and dissemination of inside information was established, setting out the guiding principles, procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information in a timely manner in such a way that it did not place any person in a privileged dealing position and allow time for the market to price the Shares to reflect the latest available information.

#### **GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT**

The Company develops and maintains competence levels and ethical behaviour of its employees. These include clear competence criteria for the employees and strong commitment to employee training and development. To equip the employees to meet future challenges and professional requirements, a wide range of training and development programmes are offered at the expenses of the Company whenever necessary.

#### LOOKING FORWARD

The Board believes that good corporate governance can safeguard the effective allocation of resources and safeguard Shareholders' interests. The Company will keep on reviewing its corporate governance standards on a timely basis and the Board endeavours to take the necessary actions to ensure compliance with the required practices and standards including the provisions of the CG Code introduced by the Stock Exchange.

# 企業管治報告(續)

#### 董事於綜合財務報表之責任

董事會負責對年度、中期和季度報告、內幕消息公告及其他根據《GEM上市規則》及其他監管規定作出 之披露呈列清晰及容易理解之評估。

董事確認其編製真實公平地反映本集團之事務狀況 及其賬目的本公司截至二零二三年三月三十一日止 年度綜合財務報表之責任。外聘核數師對綜合財務 報表之申報責任之聲明載於本年報第69至73頁「獨 立核數師報告」內。

外聘核數師對本集團之財務報表進行獨立法定審 核。作為審核工作之一部分,外聘核數師亦會向審 核委員會匯報在外部審核過程中可能獲悉本集團之 內部監控系統的任何重大缺陷(如有)。

已訂立的一套處理及發佈內幕消息之政策,列出指 導性原則、程序及內部監控,使內幕消息得以適時 處理及發佈,而不會導致任何人士在證券買賣上處 於有利地位及讓市場有時間釐定股份價格以反映最 新可得資料。

#### 成長及發展

本公司發展及維持其僱員兼具能力及道德行為之文 化。此包括制訂明確之僱員能力標準及加強僱員培 訓及發展。為裝備僱員接受未來挑戰及專業需求, 本公司於有需要時提供一系列培訓及發展計劃,費 用由本公司承擔。

#### 展望

董事會相信,良好企業管治可保障有效分配資源及 保障股東權益。本公司將繼續在適當時候檢討其企 業管治標準,而董事會努力採取所需行動,以確保 遵守有關規定慣例及標準,包括聯交所頒佈之企業 管治守則條文。

### **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

# 董事會報告

The Directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is an investment holding company and the Group is principally engaged in trading of natural gas and investment in financial assets.

#### **PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES**

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 March 2023 are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 74 of this annual report.

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the year (2022: Nil).

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

A fair review of the businesses of the Group, discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the year, the material factors underlying its financial performance and financial position as well as the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, as required by Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance (the "CO") (Chapter 622, Laws of HK), is set out in the section of "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 6 to 9 of this annual report and in notes 4 and 6b to the consolidated financial statements, respectively. These discussions form part of this report of the Directors.

#### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the five largest customers of the Group accounted for approximately 100% (2022: 100%) of the Group's revenue. The largest customer of the Group accounted for approximately 56.18% (2022: 83.05%) of the Group's revenue. The five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for approximately 88.20% (2022: 99.13%) of the Group's cost of sales. The largest supplier of the Group accounted for approximately 37.58% (2022: 51.14%) of the Group's cost of sales.

At no time during the year have the Directors, their associates or any Shareholder (which to the knowledges of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had any interests in our major customers or major suppliers.

董事謹提呈截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之 年報及經審核綜合財務報表。

#### 主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司,本集團主要業務為天 然氣貿易及投資於金融資產。

#### 主要附屬公司

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本公司之主要附屬公 司詳情載於綜合財務報表附註35。

#### 業績及分派

本集團截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之業績 載於本年報第74頁綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

董事會不建議派付本年度之任何股息(二零二二年: 無)。

#### 業務回顧

根據《公司條例》(「《公司條例》」)(香港法例第622章) 附表5所規定,本集團之業務持平回顧、於本年度內 本集團之表現的討論及分析、其財務表現及財務狀 況相關之重大因素以及本集團面對的主要風險及不 明朗因素,已分別載於本年報第6至9頁「管理層討論 及分析」以及綜合財務報表附註4及6b中。該等討論 構成本董事會報告一部分。

#### 主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本集團的 五大客戶佔本集團之收益約100%(二零二二年: 100%)。本集團的最大客戶佔本集團之收益約56.18% (二零二二年:83.05%)。本集團的五大供應商佔本 集團之銷售成本約88.20%(二零二二年:99.13%)。 本集團的最大供應商佔本集團之銷售成本約37.58% (二零二二年:51.14%)。

於本年度內任何時間,概無董事、其聯繫人或任何 股東(據董事所知擁有本公司股本5%以上)於我們的 主要客戶或主要供應商擁有任何權益。

#### **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESERVES**

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 77 of this annual report, the movements in the reserves of the Company during the year are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

#### FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on page 156 of this annual report.

#### DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACT

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this annual report were:

#### **Executive Directors:**

Mr. Chen Haining Ms. Tong Jiangxia

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors:**

Mr. Luk Chi Shing Mr. Leung Fu Hang Mr. Chen Liang

# 董事會報告(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備於本年度內之變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註18。

#### 股本

本公司於本年度內之股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註29。

#### 儲備

本集團於本年度內之儲備變動詳情載於本年報第77 頁綜合權益變動表,而本公司於本年度內之儲備變 動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註31。

#### 購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

於本年度內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、 出售或贖回任何本公司上市證券。

#### 財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績概要載於本年報 第156頁。

#### 董事及董事服務合約

於本年度內及截至本年報日期之董事為:

#### 執行董事:

陳海寧先生 童江霞女士

#### 獨立非執行董事:

陸志成先生 梁富衡先生 陳亮先生

# 董事會報告(續)

# DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACT (CONTINUED)

Pursuant to Article 114 of the Articles, Ms. Tong and Mr. Leung shall retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming AGM. Accordingly, the above two Directors are eligible to be re-elected at the forthcoming AGM.

None of the Directors has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory obligations.

During the year and up to the date of this annual report, Mr. HN Chen is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Other directors of the Company's subsidiaries are shown as below:

#### **Companies incorporated in HK:**

- All Profit Limited Chen Haining Choi Wai Yip
- (2) Care Asia Resource International Limited Chen Haining Choi Wai Yip
- (3) First Top Finance Limited Chen Haining Choi Wai Yip
- (4) Green Gas Energy (HK) Limited Chen Haining Choi Wai Yip
- (5) Harvest Taken (HK) Limited Chen Haining Choi Wai Yip

#### 董事及董事服務合約(續)

根據組織章程細則第114條,童女士及梁先生將於應 屆股東週年大會上輪值告退。因此,上述兩名董事 符合資格於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。

概無董事與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立一年內不 可由本集團終止而毋須賠償(法定賠償除外)之服務 合約。

於本年度內及直至本年報日期為止,陳海寧先生亦 為本公司若干附屬公司之一名董事。本公司附屬公 司之其他董事載列如下:

#### 公司成立於香港:

- (1) 億潤有限公司 陳海寧 蔡偉業
- (2) 華亞資源國際有限公司
   陳海寧
   蔡偉業
- (3) 永高財務有限公司 陳海寧 蔡偉業
- (4) Green Gas Energy (HK) Limited 陳海寧 蔡偉業
- (5) 天華(香港)有限公司
   陳海寧
   蔡偉業

## 董事會報告(續)

### DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACT

#### (CONTINUED)

#### Companies incorporated in British Virgin Islands ("BVI"):

- Green Gas Energy Limited Chen Haining Choi Wai Yip
- (2) Growwise Holdings Limited Chen Haining Choi Wai Yip
- (3) iMerchants Asia Limited Chen Haining Choi Wai Yip
- (4) Redbliss Ventures Limited Chen Haining Choi Wai Yip
- (5) Top Connect Holdings Limited Chen Haining Choi Wai Yip
- (6) True Vitality Limited Chen Haining Choi Wai Yip

#### **Companies incorporated in PRC:**

- (1) Jieya Holdings (Guangdong) Company Limited (formerly known as Zhejiang Jieya Energy Company Limited)\* Wei Yonglong Qiu Ai Jiao
- Jieya Energy (Guangdong) Company Limited\* Chen Cai Si Zhang Bi Wei
- Jiangsu Jieya Gas Company Limited\* Chen Cai Si Xue Li
- (4) Shenzhen Huaya Energy Company Limited\*
   Chen Haining Zhang Bi Wei
- (5) Sichuan Huaya Century Company Limited\*
   Chen Haining
   Chen Cai Si
- (6) Shenzhen Jieya Supply Chain Company Limited\* Chen Haining Zhang Bi Wei
- \* The English translations of the Chinese names are for identification purpose and should not be regarded as the official English translations of the Chinese names.

#### 董事及董事服務合約(續)

#### 公司成立於英屬處女群島(「英屬處女群島」):

- Green Gas Energy Limited 陳海寧 蔡偉業
- (2) 智生控股有限公司 陳海寧 蔡偉業
- (3) iMerchants Asia Limited 陳海寧 蔡偉業
- (4) 紅福創投有限公司 陳海寧 蔡偉業
- (5) 匯領控股有限公司 陳海寧 蔡偉業
- (6) True Vitality Limited 陳海寧 蔡偉業

#### 公司成立於中國:

- (1) 捷亞控股(廣東)有限公司 (前稱浙江捷亞能源有限公司) 魏永龍 裘愛嬌
- (2) 捷亞能源(廣東)有限公司 陳才思 張必偉
- (3) 江蘇捷亞燃氣有限公司 陳才思 薛麗
- (4) 深圳華亞能源有限公司 陳海寧 張必偉
- (5) 四川華亞世紀有限公司 陳海寧 陳才思
- (6) 深圳捷亞供應鏈有限公司 陳海寧 張必偉
  - 中文名稱的英文譯文僅作識別用途,不應視為中文 名稱的官方英文譯文。

# 董事會報告(續)

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY OF ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 March 2023, the interests of the Directors, chief executives of the Company and their associates in Shares or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "**SFO**") (Chapter 571, Laws of HK)) which are required (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or (b) pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or (c) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standards of dealing by Directors as referred to in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules, were as follows:

#### Long position in Shares:

#### 董事於本公司或任何其相聯法團之股份、相關 股份及債券之權益及淡倉

於二零二三年三月三十一日,董事、本公司主要行 政人員及彼等之聯繫人於股份或其任何相聯法團 (定義見《證券及期貨條例》(「《證券及期貨條例》」) (香港法例第571章)第XV部)擁有(a)根據《證券及 期貨條例》第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯 交所(包括彼等根據《證券及期貨條例》之有關條文 被當作或視為擁有之權益或淡倉),或(b)根據《證券 及期貨條例》第352條須登記於該條文所指股東登記 冊,或(c)根據《GEM上市規則》第5.48至5.67條所載之 董事交易必守標準須知會本公司及聯交所之權益如 下:

#### 於股份之好倉:

Name of a Director 一名董事名稱	Capacity 身份	Number of Shares held 所持股份數目	Approximate percentage of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行股本之 概約百分比
Mr. HN Chen 陳海寧先生	Held by controlled corporation (Note) 由受控制法團持有(附註)	7,141,000	12.12%

#### Note:

These Shares are registered in the name of WTL, which is wholly-owned by Mr. HN Chen who is deemed to be interested in all the shares in which WTL is interested by virtue of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors, chief executive of the Company or their associates had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in Shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations.

#### 附註:

此等股份以智勝有限公司之名義登記,陳海寧先生全資 擁有該公司,故根據《證券及期貨條例》,陳海寧先生被視 為於智勝有限公司擁有權益之所有股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,董事、本公司主要行政人員或 彼等之聯繫人並無於本公司或其任何相聯法團之股 份、相關股份或債券中擁有或被視作擁有任何權益 或淡倉。

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2023, the following persons or companies (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in Shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

#### Long positions in Shares:

## 董事會報告(續)

#### 主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉

於二零二三年三月三十一日,下列人士或公司(董事 或本公司主要行政人員除外)於股份或本公司相關 股份中擁有須根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第2及 第3分部之規定向本公司及聯交所披露,或根據《證 券及期貨條例》第336條記錄於本公司須存置之股東 登記冊內的權益或淡倉。

#### 於股份之好倉:

			Approximate percentages of
		Numbers of	issued share capital
Names of substantial Shareholders	Capacities/natures of interests	Shares held	of the Company
			<i>(Note 4)</i> <b>佔本公司</b>
			已發行股本之
主要股東名稱	身份/權益性質	所持股份數目	概約百分比
			(附註4)
Keen Insight Limited ("KIL")	Beneficial owner	8,250,000	14.01%
(Note 1) (附註1)	實益擁有人		
Hony Capital Group L.P. ("HCGLP")	Interests in controlled corporation	8,250,000	14.01%
(Note 1) (附註1)	於受控制法團之權益		
Hony Group Management Limited ("HGML")	Interests in controlled corporation	8,250,000	14.01%
(Note 1) (附註1)	於受控制法團之權益		
Hony Managing Partners Limited ("HMPL")	Interests in controlled corporation	8,250,000	14.01%
(Note 1) (附註1)	於受控制法團之權益		
Exponential Fortune Group Limited ("EFGL")	Interests in controlled corporation	8,250,000	14.01%
(Note 1) (附註1)	於受控制法團之權益		
Mr. Zhao John Huan ("Mr. Zhao") (Note 1)	Interests in controlled corporation	8,250,000	14.01%
趙令歡先生(「 <b>趙先生</b> 」) <i>(附註1)</i>	於受控制法團之權益		
WTL (Note 2)	Beneficial owner	7 <mark>,14</mark> 1,000	12.12%
智勝有限公司(附註2)	實益擁有人		
Mark Profit Development Limited ("MPDL")	Beneficial owner	3 <mark>,585</mark> ,000	6.09%
	實益擁有人		
卓益發展有限公司(「 <b>卓益發展有限公司</b> 」) (附註3)			

## SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (CONTINUED)

Long positions in Shares (Continued):

# 董事會報告(續)

#### 主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉(續)

#### 於股份之好倉(續):

			Approximate percentages of
Names of substantial Shareholders	Capacities/natures of interests	Numbers of Shares held	issued share capital of the Company (Note 4) 佔本公司
主要股東名稱	身份/權益性質	所持股份數目	已發行股本之 概約百分比 (附註4)
Easyknit Properties Holdings Limited ("EPHL") (Note 3) (附註3)	Interests in controlled corporation 於受控制法團之權益	3,585,000	6.09%
Easyknit International Holdings Limited ("EIHL") (Note 3) 永義國際集團有限公司 (「永義國際集團有限公司」)(附註3)	Interests in controlled corporation 於受控制法團之權益	5,770,000	9.80%
Magical Profits Limited ("MPL") (Note 3) (附註3)	Interests in controlled corporation 於受控制法團之權益	5,770,000	9.80%
Accumulate More Profits Limited ("AMPL") (Note 3) (附註3)	Interests in controlled corporation 於受控制法團之權益	5,770,000	9.80%
The Winterbotham Trust Company Limited (" <b>TWTCL</b> ") (Note 3) 溫特博森信託有限公司 (「 <b>溫特博森信託有限公司</b> 」)(附註3)	Interests in controlled corporation 於受控制法團之權益	5,770,000	9.80%
The Magical 2000 Trust (" <b>The Magical</b> ") (Note 3) (附註3)	Interests in controlled corporation 於受控制法團之權益	5,770,000	9.80%
Ms. Koon Ho Yan Candy (" <b>Ms. Koon</b> ") <i>(Note 3)</i> 官可欣女士 (「 <b>官女士</b> 」) <i>(附註3)</i>	Interests in controlled corporation 於受控制法團之權益	5,770,000	9.80%
Winterbotham Holdings Limited ("WHL") (Note 3) (附註3)	Interests in controlled corporation 於受控制法團之權益	5,770,000	9.80%
Mr. Christopher Geoffrey Douglas Hooper (" <b>Mr. Hooper</b> ") <i>(Note 3)</i> Christopher Geoffrey Douglas Hooper先生	Interests in controlled corporation 於受控制法團之權益	5,770,000	9.80%

(「Hooper先生」)(附註3)

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (CONTINUED)

# Long positions in Shares (Continued):

Notes:

- KIL is a wholly-owned subsidiary of HCGLP. HCGLP is a wholly-owned subsidiary of HGML. HGML is owned as to 80% by HMPL, a whollyowned subsidiary of EFGL. EFGL is held as to 49% by Mr. Zhao, and the remaining 51% is held by two individuals equally.
- 2. WTL is wholly-owned by Mr. HN Chen.
- MPDL is a wholly-owned subsidiary of EPHL, which in turn is a wholly-3 owned subsidiary of EIHL. Glory Link Investment Limited is a whollyowned subsidiary of Eminence Enterprise Limited ("EEL"), which holds 2,185,000 Shares or approximately 3.71% of issued share capital of the Company. EEL is held as to approximately 22.79%, 26.45%, 1.10% and 1.27% by Ace Winner Investment Limited, Goodco Development Limited and Landmark Profits Limited (those are wholly-owned subsidiaries of EIHL) as well as EIHL respectively. As such, EEL is totally held by EIHL approximately 51.61%. EIHL is held as to approximately 39.44% by MPL, which in turn is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AMPL. AMPL is whollyowned by TWTCL in its capacity as a trustee of The Magical (beneficiaries include Ms. Koon). TWTCL is held as to 75% by WHL, which in turn is held as to approximately 99.99% by Mr. Hooper. Furthermore, EIHL is held as to approximately 18.79% by Sea Rejoice Limited, which in turn is wholly-owned by Ms. Lui Yuk Chu, the spouse of Mr. Koon Wing Yee.
- 4. The percentage is based on 58,900,537 issued Shares as at 31 March 2023.

Save as disclosed above, there were no long positions of other persons and substantial Shareholders in the underlying shares and Shares recorded in the register.

# 董事會報告(續)

#### 主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉(續)

#### 於股份之好倉(續):

附註:

- KIL為HCGLP之一間全資附屬公司。HCGLP為 HGML之一間全資附屬公司。HGML由HMPL擁有 80%權益,而後者為EFGL之一間全資附屬公司。 EFGL由趙先生持有49%權益,而餘下51%權益則由 兩名個人平均持有。
- 2. 智勝有限公司由陳海寧先生全資擁有。
- 3 卓益發展有限公司為EPHL之一間全資附屬公司, 而EPHL為永義國際集團有限公司之一間全資附屬 公司。邦興投資有限公司為高山企業有限公司(「高 山企業有限公司」)之一間全資附屬公司,其持有 2.185.000股股份或本公司已發行股本約3.71%。高 山企業有限公司由運榮投資有限公司、佳豪發展有 限公司及Landmark Profits Limited (均為永義國際集 團有限公司之全資附屬公司)以及永義國際集團有 限公司分別持有約22.79%、26.45%、1.10%及1.27% 權益。因此,高山企業有限公司由永義國際集團有 限公司合共持有約51.61%權益。永義國際集團有限 公司由MPL持有約39.44%權益,而MPL為AMPL之 一間全資附屬公司。AMPL由溫特博森信託有限公 司以The Magical (受益人包括官女士)之一名受託 人身份全資擁有。溫特博森信託有限公司由WHL持 有75%權益,而WHL由Hooper先生持有約99.99%權 益。此外,永義國際集團有限公司由樂洋有限公司 持有約18.79%權益,而樂洋有限公司由官永義先生 之配偶雷玉珠女士全資擁有。
- 百分比乃基於二零二三年三月三十一日之 58,900,537股已發行股份計算。

除上文所披露者外,股東登記冊並無記錄其他人士 及主要股東於相關股份及股份的好倉。

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (CONTINUED)

#### Short positions in the underlying shares and Shares:

As at 31 March 2023, no short positions of other persons and substantial Shareholders in the underlying shares of equity derivatives of the Company and Shares were recorded in the register.

As at 31 March 2023, save as disclosed above, the Directors and chief executive of the Company were not aware of any persons or companies (other than the Directors and the chief executive of the Company) who had, or was deemed to have, interests or short positions in Shares or underlying shares of the Company which were interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any other members of the Group or any persons (not being a Director) have interests or short positions in Shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

# DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

As disclosed in the share option scheme below, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouses or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors, their respective spouses or minor children to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

Detailed disclosures relating to the Company's share option scheme are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

# 董事會報告(續)

#### 主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉(續)

#### 於相關股份及股份之淡倉:

於二零二三年三月三十一日,股東登記冊並無記錄 其他人士及主要股東於本公司股本衍生工具相關股 份及股份之淡倉。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,除上文所披露者外, 董事及本公司主要行政人員概無知悉擁有或被視為 擁有附有權利可於任何情況下在本集團任何其他成 員公司之股東大會上投票之5%或以上已發行股本 權益之任何人士或公司(董事及本公司主要行政人 員除外)於股份或本公司相關股份中擁有權益或淡 倉,或任何人士(董事除外)於股份或本公司相關股 份中擁有須根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第2及第3 分部之規定向本公司及聯交所披露,或根據《證券及 期貨條例》第336條記錄於本公司須存置之股東登記 冊內的權益或淡倉。

#### 董事購買股份或債券之權利

誠如下文購股權計劃所披露,於本年度內任何時間 並無向任何董事、彼等各自之配偶或18歲以下子女 授出可透過購入本公司股份或債券而取得利益之權 利,彼等亦無行使任何該等權利;而本公司或其任 何附屬公司亦無訂立任何安排,以致董事、彼等各 自之配偶或未成年子女可購入任何其他法人團體之 該等權利。

#### 購股權計劃

有關本公司購股權計劃之詳細披露載於綜合財務報 表附註32。

#### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contract concerning to management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year.

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

A permitted indemnity provision that meets the requirements specified in section 469(2) of the CO for the benefits of the Directors is currently in force and was in force throughout the year.

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

There is no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiary companies was a party and in which a Director had material interests, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted as at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

#### **COMPETITION AND CONFLICT OF INTERESTS**

During the year under review, none of the Directors, the management Shareholders, substantial Shareholders or any of their respective associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) had interests in a business which causes or may cause any significant competition and conflict of interests with the business of the Group.

# CONNECTED TRANSACTION AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTION

During the year under review, the Group has neither entered into any connected transaction that is not exempted under Rule 20.31 of the GEM Listing Rules nor any continuing connected transaction that is not exempted under Rule 20.33 of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

Details of the board committees are set out in the section of "Corporate Governance Report" on pages 13 to 29 of this annual report.

#### **CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE**

The Company has received, from all of the Independent Non-Executive Directors, annual confirmation of their independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. As such, the Company considers all of the Independent Non-Executive Directors are independent.

# 董事會報告(續)

#### 管理合約

於本年度內,本公司並無訂立或訂有任何有關本公 司全部或任何絕大部分業務之管理及行政合約。

#### 獲准許彌償條文

符合《公司條例》第469(2)條所列明之規定且惠及董 事之獲准許彌償條文目前已生效及於本年度全年一 直有效。

#### 董事於交易、安排或合約中之權益

於本年度年末或本年度內任何時間,本公司或其任 何附屬公司概無訂立任何涉及本集團之業務而董事 於其中直接或間接持有重大權益的重要交易、安排 或合約。

#### 競爭及權益衝突

於回顧年度,董事、管理層股東、主要股東或彼等各 自之任何聯繫人(定義見《GEM上市規則》)概無在與 本集團業務構成或可能構成任何重大競爭及權益衝 突之業務中擁有權益。

#### 關連交易及持續關連交易

於回顧年度,本集團並未訂立任何不獲《GEM上市 規則》第20.31條豁免之關連交易或任何不獲《GEM上 市規則》第20.33條豁免之持續關連交易。

#### 董事委員會

董事委員會詳情載於本年報第13至29頁之「企業管 治報告」一節。

#### 獨立性確認函

本公司已接獲全體獨立非執行董事根據《GEM上市 規則》第5.09條有關其獨立性之年度確認函。因此, 本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

# 董事會報告(續)

#### **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set out by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of their merits, qualifications and competences.

The emoluments of the Directors are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to Directors and its eligible employees. Details of the scheme are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements. The scheme has been expired on 11 December 2021.

Details of the remunerations of the Directors and senior management and the five highest paid individuals in the Group are set out in notes 14 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTION

No contract of significance to which the Company, any of its holding companies, fellow subsidiaries or subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had material interests, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted as at the end of the year or at any time during the year under review. There are no other transactions to be disclosed on connected transactions in accordance with the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules and accounting principles generally accepted in HK.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company as at the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Company is committed to maintain a high standard of corporate governance practices. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the section of "Corporate Governance Report" on pages 13 to 29 of this annual report.

#### 薪酬政策

本集團僱員之薪酬政策乃由薪酬委員會按彼等之表 現、資歷及能力制訂。

董事之薪酬乃由薪酬委員會考慮本公司之經營業 績、個別表現及可資比較之市場數據後釐定。

本公司已採納一項購股權計劃作為董事及其合資格 僱員之獎勵。計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表附註32。 該計劃已於二零二一年十二月十一日屆滿。

董事及高級管理層及本集團五名最高薪酬人士之酬 金詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註14及15。

#### 董事於合約及關連交易中之權益

本公司、其任何控股公司、同系附屬公司或附屬公 司概無訂立於本年度年末或回顧年度內任何時間仍 然生效,而董事於其中直接或間接擁有重大權益之 重大合約。概無其他交易根據《GEM上市規則》規定 及香港公認會計原則須披露為關連交易。

#### 充足公眾持股量

根據本公司於本年報日期可取得之公開資料,本公司已維持《GEM上市規則》規定之公眾持股量。

#### 企業管治

本公司致力維持高水平企業管治常規。本公司採納 之企業管治常規資料載於本年報第13至29頁之「企 業管治報告」一節。

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

The Company has adopted share option scheme as an incentive to Directors and its eligible employees. Details of the scheme are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements. The scheme has been expired on 11 December 2021.

#### **EXTERNAL AUDITOR**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2023 have been audited by the External Auditor. A resolution for the re-appointment of the External Auditor will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

#### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 7 August 2023 to Friday, 11 August 2023 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of determining the rights to attend and vote at the forthcoming AGM to be held on Friday, 11 August 2023. In order to be entitled to attend and vote at the forthcoming AGM, unregistered holders of Shares should ensure that all completed share transfer documents accompanied by the corresponding share certificates are lodged with the Company's share registrar (i.e. Tricor Tengis Limited at Floor 17, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, HK) for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 4 August 2023.

# 董事會報告(續)

#### 優先購買權

組織章程細則概無有關優先購買權之規定,以致本 公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份。

本公司已採納購股權計劃以鼓勵董事及其合資格僱員。計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表附註32。該計劃已 於二零二一年十二月十一日屆滿。

#### 外聘核數師

本集團截至二零二二年三月三十一日及二零二三年 三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表已由外聘核數 師審核。續聘外聘核數師之決議案將於應屆股東週 年大會上提呈。

#### 暫停辦理股東登記手續

本公司將由二零二三年八月七日(星期一)至二零 二三年八月十一日(星期五)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦 理股東登記手續,以確定出席將於二零二三年八月 十一日(星期五)舉行之應屆股東週年大會並於會上 投票之權利。為符合資格出席應屆股東週年大會並 於會上投票,股份之未經登記持有人必須確保將所 有填妥的股份過戶文件連同有關股票,不遲於二零 二三年八月四日(星期五)下午四時三十分送達本公 司股份過戶登記處卓佳登捷時有限公司,地址為香 港夏愨道16號遠東金融中心17樓,以辦理登記手續。

By Order of the Board Mr. Chen Haining Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong 23 June 2023 承董事會命 *主席兼行政總裁* 、陳海寧先生

香港 二零二三年六月二十三日

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Pursuant to Appendix 20 Environmental, Social and Governance (the "ESG") Reporting Guide of the GEM Listing Rules, the Group reviewed, identified and disclosed herein the material environmental, social issues and aspects, which are considered to have significant impacts and are relevant to the Group's business and stakeholders for the year ended 31 March 2023. The key performance indicators ("KPIs") on environmental, social issues and aspects have been set up by the Group to allow the management to monitor and assess if developments and results are in line with the corporate strategies and policies.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Group is principally engaged in trading of natural gas and investment in financial assets.

The Group intends to be a trading company and provides successful investment financial services that bring returns to its investors and supporters, providing a healthy and safe working environment to its employees, and helping to achieve sustainable development of the communities.

Unless otherwise stated, this ESG report covers the activities, challenges and measures with respect to ESG aspects of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023.

#### **REPORTING SCOPE**

The reporting scope is consistent with this annual report and is determined based on the materiality and ESG impact of the business segments under the Group's direct operational control. This ESG report covers the overall performances, risks, strategies, measures and commitments in five major areas, namely, corporate governance, environmental protection, employment practice, operating practice and community investment of the Group's major subsidiaries in PRC and the office in HK. KPIs data are obtained from these operations. We will continue to expand the scope of disclosure in the future when the data collection system of the Group is more refined and the sustainable development work is enhanced.

# 環境、社會及管治報告

本集團根據《GEM上市規則》附錄二十之環境、社 會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告指引審閱、識 別及披露重大的環境、社會議題及層面。該等議題 及層面於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度被視 為與本集團之業務及持份者相關且對其產生重大影 響。本集團已建立與環境、社會議題及層面相關的 關鍵績效指標(「**關鍵績效指標**」),以讓管理層監測 及評估發展與結果是否符合公司策略及政策。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本集團主要業務為天然氣貿易及投資於金融資產。

本集團旨在成為一間貿易公司及提供成功的投資金 融服務,為其投資者及支持者帶來回報,為其僱員 提供健康與安全的工作環境,並協助社區達致可持 續發展。

除另有說明外,本環境、社會及管治報告涵蓋本集 團於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度有關環 境、社會及管治層面的活動、挑戰及措施。

#### 匯報範圍

匯報範圍與本年報一致,其乃根據本集團直接經營 控制之業務分部的重要性及環境、社會及管治影響 而釐定。本環境、社會及管治報告涵蓋本集團於中 國的主要附屬公司及香港辦事處在企業管治、環境 保護、僱傭慣例、營運慣例及社區投資等五大範疇 之整體表現、風險、策略、措施及承諾。關鍵績效指 標數據從該等營運收集。待本集團之數據收集系統 更趨成熟,以及可持續發展工作深化之後,我們將 於未來繼續擴大披露範圍。

#### **REPORTING FRAMEWORK**

During the preparation for this ESG report, the Group has applied the reporting principles in the ESG Reporting Guide as follow:

Materiality: Materiality assessment was conducted by the Group to identify material issues during this year, thereby adopting the confirmed material issues as the focus for the preparation of this ESG report. The materiality of issues was reviewed and confirmed by the Board. For further details, please refer to two sections headed "Stakeholder Engagement" and "Materiality Assessment" of this ESG report.

Quantitative: The standards, methodologies and applicable assumptions used in the calculation of KPIs data are generally referred to majority of organisations, which are supplemented by explanatory notes.

Consistency: Unless otherwise stated, the preparation approach of this ESG report is consistent with previous years for comparison. If there are any changes in the scope of disclosure and calculation methodologies that may affect comparison with previous reports, explanations will be provided by the Group to the corresponding data.

#### **ESG GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE**

The Group has developed an ESG governance structure to ensure ESG governance aligns with its business strategy and to integrate ESG management into its business operations and decision-making processes.

The Board holds the overall responsibilities for the Group's ESG issues and sets out ESG management approaches, strategies, priorities and objectives. In order to better manage the Group's ESG performances, related issues and potential risks, the Board regularly evaluates and determines ESG-related risks and opportunities of the Group, sets ESGrelated targets in response to local government's carbon neutrality plans and different stakeholders' expectations as well as reviews its performance against ESG-related targets. The Board is also responsible for ensuring the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems and approving disclosures in the this annual report.

To develop systematic management of ESG issues, the Board has delegated Executive Directors with the responsibilities to facilitate the Board's oversight of ESG matters, including collecting and analysing ESG data, monitoring and evaluating the Group's ESG performances, keeping track of and reviewing the progresses made against the Group's ESG-related targets, ensuring compliance with ESG-related laws and regulations, assisting in conducting materiality assessments and preparing ESG reports. Executive Directors arrange meetings regularly to evaluate the effectiveness of current policies and procedures, as well as formulate appropriate solutions to improve the overall performances of ESG policies. Executive Directors report to the Board periodically, assist in assessing and identifying the Group's ESG risks and opportunities, ensuring the implementation and effectiveness of the risk managements and internal control systems.

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### 匯報框架

於編製本環境、社會及管治報告期間,本集團已採 用環境、社會及管治報告指引中的匯報原則,如下 所示:

重要性:本集團已於本年度內進行重要性評估以識 別重大議題,並將已確認的重大議題作為本環境、 社會及管治報告的編製重點。議題的重要性已由董 事會審閱及確認。有關進一步詳情,請參閱本環境、 社會及管治報告「持份者參與」及「重要性評估」兩 節。

量化:計算關鍵績效指標數據所使用的標準、方法 及適用假設通常參考於大部分機構,並於註釋補 充。

一致性:除另有說明外,本環境、社會及管治報告的 編製方法與往年一致,以便進行比較。如披露範圍 及計算方法有任何變化,並可能影響與過往報告的 比較,本集團將對相應的數據進行解釋。

#### 環境、社會及管治之管治架構

本集團已制定環境、社會及管治之管治架構,以確 保環境、社會及管治之管治與本集團的業務策略保 持一致,並將環境、社會及管治管理融入本集團的 業務營運及決策過程。

董事會對本集團的環境、社會及管治議題承擔整體 責任,並制訂環境、社會及管治管理方針、策略、優 次及目標。為了能更完善地管理本集團於環境、社 會及管治方面的表現、相關議題及潛在風險,董事 會定期評估及釐定本集團的環境、社會及管治相關 風險及機遇,回應當地政府的碳中和計劃及不同持 份者的期望而制訂環境、社會及管治相關目標,並 就環境、社會及管治相關目標檢討其表現。董事會 亦負責確保本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的有效 性,並審批本年報內的披露資料。

為了對環境、社會及管治議題進行系統管理,董事 會已授權執行董事負責協助董事會監督環境、社會 及管治事宜,包括收集及分析環境、社會及管治數 據,監測及評估本集團的環境、社會及管治表現, 追蹤及檢討本集團環境、社會及管治相關目標的進 度,確保遵守環境、社會及管治相關目標的進 時開展重要性評估,以及編製環境、社會及管治報 告。執行董事定期舉行會議,評估現行政策及程序 的有效性,以及制定適當的解決方案,以提高環境、 社會及管治政策的整體績效。執行董事定期向董事 會匯報,協助評估及識別本集團環境、社會及管治 風險及機遇,確保風險管理及內部控制系統的實施 及成效。

#### STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Stakeholders' participation is an integral part of the Group's continuous improvement in sustainable development performances, therefore we value all stakeholders' views, including but not limited to the Shareholders and investors, customers, suppliers, employees, government and regulatory bodies, communities, non-governmental organisations ("NGOs") and mediae. To fully understand, respond and address the core concerns of different stakeholders, we have been closely communicating with different stakeholders. We implement our stakeholders' expectations into operations through the following communication channels:

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### 持份者參與

持份者參與是本集團之持續提升可持續發展表現不 可或缺的一環,因此本集團重視各持份者(包括但不 限於股東及投資者、客戶、供應商、僱員、政府及監 管部門、社區、非政府機構(「**非政府機構**」)及媒體) 意見。為全面了解、回應及處理各持份者的核心關 注點,我們與各持份者保持緊密溝通。透過以下溝 通渠道,我們將於營運當中實踐持份者的期望:

Stakeholder types	Communication channels	持份者類型	溝通渠道		
Shareholders and investors	<ul> <li>AGM and EGM</li> <li>Announcements, circulars, notices of meetings and proxy forms</li> <li>Annual intrim and quarterly separate</li> </ul>	股東及投資者	<ul> <li>股東週年大會及股東特別大會</li> <li>公告、通函、大會通告及代表委任表格</li> <li>年度、中期和季度報告</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Annual, interim and quarterly reports</li> <li>ESG reports</li> <li>Official website</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>         ·   ·   ·   戊、十朔和子及報合     </li> <li>         ·   環境、社會及管治報告     </li> <li>         ·   公司網站     </li> </ul>		
Customers	<ul><li>Electronic communication channels</li><li>Survey for quality controls</li></ul>	客戶	<ul><li> 電子溝通渠道</li><li> 質量控制調查</li></ul>		
Suppliers	<ul><li>Regular assessments</li><li>Electronic communication channels</li><li>Survey for quality controls</li></ul>	供應商	<ul> <li>定期評估</li> <li>電子溝通渠道</li> <li>質量控制調查</li> </ul>		
Employees	<ul><li>Employee performance appraisals</li><li>Employee newsletters and broadcasting</li></ul>	僱員	<ul><li> 僱員表現評核</li><li> 僱員通訊和廣播</li></ul>		
Government and regulatory bodies	<ul><li>Regular performance reports</li><li>ESG reports</li></ul>	政府及監管 部門	<ul><li>定期績效報告</li><li>環境、社會及管治報告</li></ul>		
Communities, NGOs and mediae	<ul> <li>Community activities</li> <li>Mediae</li> <li>ESG reports</li> </ul>	社區、非政府 機構及媒體	<ul> <li>社區活動</li> <li>媒體</li> <li>環境、社會及管治報告</li> </ul>		

#### MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

In hope of understanding the views and expectations of different stakeholders on the Group's ESG performances effectively, the Group adopts a systematic approach in conducting the annual materiality assessment. With reference to the Group's business development strategies and industry practices, the Group identified and determined a list of material ESG issues, which covers five major areas, namely, corporate governance, environmental protection, employment practice, operating practice and community investment. The Group prepared questionnaires based on the list and invited relevant stakeholders to rate the potential material issues according to the levels of importance of the ESG issues and their impacts on the economy, environment and society. The results of survey were analysed by the Group, and the identified material topics were reviewed and confirmed by the Board and disclosed in this ESG report. During this year, the results of the Group's materiality assessments are shown below:

#### Material ESG issues 重大環境、社會及管治議題

Anti-corruption

Community involvement and investment

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### 重要性評估

為有效了解不同持份者對本集團環境、社會及管治 表現的意見及期望,本集團採用系統化方法進行年 度重要性評估工作。參考本集團的業務發展策略及 行業慣例,本集團識別並釐定一份重大環境、社會 及管治議題的清單,其涵蓋五大範疇,即企業管治、 環境保護、僱傭慣例、營運慣例及社區投資。本集 團按照這份清單編製問卷調查,並邀請相關持份者 根據環境、社會及管治議題的重要性程度及其對經 濟、環境和社會的影響,對潛在重大議題進行評級。 本集團對調查結果進行分析,以及已識別的重大議 題會經由董事會審閱及確認,並於本環境、社會及 管治報告作出披露。於本年度內,本集團的重要性 評估結果列示如下:

The importance to the Group

		Ine	importance to the G	Troup
		對本集團的重要性		
		Low	Medium	High
A. Environmental	A. 環境	低	中	高
Greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions	溫室氣體(「 <b>溫室氣體</b> 」)排放		1	
Waste management	廢棄物管理		1	
Energy management	能源管理		1	
Climate change	氣候變化	1		
Employee recruitment, promotions and dismissals	僱員招聘、晉升及解僱		1	
	僱員招聘、晉升及解僱		1	
Employee remunerations and benefits	僱員薪酬及福利		1	
Occupational safety and health	職業安全及健康		✓ ✓	
Development and training	發展及培訓		1	
Prevention measures of child labour and	童工及強制勞工的預防措施			
forced labour			v	
Supply chain management	供應鏈管理			1
Quality assurance	質量保證			1
Customer satisfaction	顧客滿意度			1

反貪污

社區參與及投資

1

1

Material environmental, social issues and aspects of the Group are summarised below:

#### (A) ENVIRONMENTAL

Environmental targets

In order to develop a sustainable business, the Group takes the initiative to engage in environmental conservation and promotes the awareness of environmental responsibilities. We take an active role in ensuring our operations are sustainable and environmentally friendly. We actively bear the social responsibilities to reduce pollution. The Group complies with applicable laws and regulations, including the "Environmental Protection Law" of PRC and "Waste Disposal Ordinance" of HK, etc.

The Group has set targets for the environmental aspects to better manage the Group's material topics and its performances. The Group will work continuously on environmental targets and review the progresses annually.

The table below summarises the Group's environmental targets:

Status

EIIV	fronmental targets	Status
1.	GHG emissions Provided at least 1 environmental training to the employees of the Group to improve their awarenesses of climate change/low-carbon lifestyle	Progressing
2.	<b>Non-hazardous waste</b> Carried out at least 1 waste reduction activity	Progressing
3.	<b>Energy management</b> Carried out at least 1 energy-saving activity	Progressing
4.	Water management Water consumption in our offices is not considered as material issue in the Group's operations	N/A

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

本集團重大的環境、社會議題及層面概述如下:

#### (A) 環境

為發展可持續發展業務,本集團採取積極行動 參與環境保護和促進環境責任意識。我們發揮 積極作用,確保可持續及環保運營。我們主動 承擔減少污染的社會責任。本集團遵守適用法 例及規例,包括中國的《環境保護法》及香港的 《廢物處置條例》等。

本集團已設定環境層面的目標,以更好地管理 本集團的重大議題及其表現。本集團將持續致 力實現環境目標,並每年檢討進展。

下表概述本集團的環境目標:

# **環境目標 狀態**1. 溫室氣體排放 進展中 至少為本集團僱員提供一次 環境培訓,提高他們對氣候 變化/低碳生活方式的認知

- **無害廢棄物** 進展中 至少開展一次減廢活動
- **能源管理** 進展中 至少開展一次節能活動
- 水源管理 不適用 辦事處用水並不被視為本集 團之營運中的重大議題

#### (A) ENVIRONMENTAL (CONTINUED)

#### (i) **Emissions**

The Group is an office-based company that provides trading and financial services. We consume limited natural resources to operate and therefore have a relatively low environmental impact. The Group's operations do not involve in activities that materially emit GHG or other air pollutants. The Group emits GHG or other air pollutants principally through the use of electricity and fuel for transportation activities during its business processes to provide services to customers and in its general administration.

The Directors believe that the Group's activities do not materially contribute to pollution or cause material damage to the environment. However, the Group takes all practicable steps to meet statutory requirements and minimise its effects on the environment and encourages its employees to conserve energy, minimise waste, and recycle work materials. Specific policies and measures will be described in the following sections.

GHG emissions are the result of office-based business activities and fuel combustion from vehicle use. For the year ended 31 March 2023, there was no violation of relevant laws, rules and regulations by the Group in this area.

#### Hazardous waste

Due to its business nature, the Group does not generate any significant hazardous waste during daily operations, and therefore no relevant target has been set. If hazardous waste is generated, the Group may consider to appoint a qualified chemical waste collector to handle such waste to comply with relevant environmental laws and regulations.

#### Non-hazardous waste

Another non-hazardous waste generated during our operations is paper. We require our employees to properly dispose of office wastes and encourage them to sort them before disposal. Specific measures will be described in the section headed "Use of resources" of this ESG report.

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### (A) 環境(續)

#### (i) 排放物

本集團是一間以辦事處為營運場所的公 司,提供貿易及金融服務。我們營運所耗 天然資源有限,因而對環境影響相對較 低。本集團之營運不涉及重大温室氣體 排放或其他空氣污染物的活動。本集團 的温室氣體排放或其他空氣污染物主要 透過其業務過程中為客戶提供服務所需 耗電及運輸活動用油以及於其一般行政 過程產生。

董事認為本集團之活動未造成重大環境 污染,亦未對環境造成重大損害。然而, 本集團採取一切可行的措施以符合法例 規定及減低對環境影響,並鼓勵其僱員 節約能源、減少浪費及循環利用工作材 料。具體政策及措施將在以下部分說明。

温室氣體排放乃由於以辦事處為經營活 動場所和使用車輛燃燒燃料所致。截至 二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團於該範疇內不存在違反相關法例、規 則及規例的情形。

#### 有害廢棄物

基於其業務性質,本集團於日常營運中 並無產生任何重大有害廢棄物,因此並 無制定相關目標。倘產生有害廢棄物,本 集團可能考慮聘用合資格化學廢棄物收 集商處理該等廢棄物,以遵守相關環境 法例及規例。

#### 無害廢棄物

我們於營運過程中產生的另一種無害廢 棄物為紙張。我們要求僱員妥善處置辦 事處廢棄物及鼓勵他們在處置前分類。 具體措施將於本環境、社會及管治報告 「資源使用」一節闡述。

#### (A) ENVIRONMENTAL (CONTINUED)

#### (ii) Use of resources

In respect of the effective use of resources (including energy, water and other raw materials), the Group is committed to improving energy efficiency, conserving resources for its operations and raising environmental awareness of its employees.

General policies to improve the environment within the Group are as follows:

- Encouraging to travel by public transport facilities;
- Using video and telephone conferences as much as possible to reduce travelling;
- Increasing electronic storage of documents rather than retention of paper versions;
- Distributing electronic reports and contract notes, etc., to reduce paper consumption;
- Reducing paper usages through the introduction of duplex printings and electronic billings;
- Recycling waste wherever possible; and
- Using more energy saving light-emitting diode lights.

#### (iii) The environment and natural resources

The Group will continue to increase its capacities in recycling in order to reduce the material influences from the Group's operations on the environment and natural resources. The Group will continue to look for skills and techniques, and through continuous revising policies to achieve effective saving of resources and follow the laws and regulations for healthy business developments.

Awarenesses for environmental protections of all employees are enhanced through different environmental protection activities, training programs and promotions. The concepts of "Reduce", "Reuse" and "Recycle" are strongly promoted. By doing so, the Group strives to protect the environment as well as repaying to society.

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### (A) 環境(續)

#### (ii) 資源使用 就資源(包括能源、水及其他原料)的有 效使用而言,本集團致力於改善能源效 率、節約運營資源以及提升其僱員的環 境意識。

本集團內部有關改善環境的總體政策如下:

- 鼓勵使用公共交通設施出行;
- 更多使用視頻及電話會議,盡可能 減少差旅;
- 增加電子化文件儲存,取代保留紙
   本文件;
- 發送電子報告及合約票據等,以減 少耗紙量;
- 使用雙面列印及電子賬單以減少 用紙;
- 盡可能循環利用廢物;及
- 更多使用節能的發光二極管照明。

#### (iii) 環境及天然資源

本集團將繼續增強其循環利用的能力, 以減低本集團之營運對於環境及天然資 源的重大影響。本集團將繼續尋求技能 及技術,並透過持續改善政策有效節省 資源並遵循法例及規例以實現業務的健 康發展。

為提升全體僱員的環保意識,本集團舉 辦各類環保活動、培訓項目及推廣,重點 提倡「減少浪費」、「重複使用」及「循環利 用」等觀念。本集團透過提倡該等觀念致 力於保護環境及回報社會。

#### (A) ENVIRONMENTAL (CONTINUED)

#### (iv) Climate change

Climate change poses escalating risks and challenges to the global economy, and such risks may negatively impact the Group's financial and trading business. As a result, the Group is aware of the importance of identifying and mitigating major impacts caused by climate change. Pursuant to the International Recommendations from Taskforce on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures ("TCFD") established by the Financial Stability Board, the management of the Group has evaluated and fully recognised the impact of climaterelated risks on the Group's businesses and corresponding opportunities. Based upon the evaluation, the Group has integrated climate risks into its enterprise risk management processes to manage and review climate-related risks and seize relevant opportunities. With reference to the risk categorisation by TCFD, the identified climate-related risks of the Group and corresponding actions taken to manage them are as follows:

#### Physical risks

The increasing frequency and severity of extreme weather events such as extreme cold or extreme heat, storms, rainstorms and typhoons, may lead to increase chances of risk of power shortages, interrupt the supply chains and damage the Group's assets, disrupting the operations of the Group's offices and resulting in reduced revenue, as well as increasing the cost of repairing or restoring damaged assets. These events may also disrupt the work of employees and even cause casualties. As such, the Group has taken different proactive actions to manage the abovementioned acute physical risks. For example, the Group maintains sufficient insurance coverage on assets that are prone to damage by extreme weather conditions. In addition, the Group has developed practices of communicating the arrangements under bad weather conditions to its employees in advance. At the same time, the Group will examine the possibility of change of operation style, if necessary, to reduce or avoid these serious effects on business operations.

#### Transition risks

Besides, the Stock Exchange has required listed companies to enhance climate-related disclosures in their ESG reports, which may result in increased compliance costs. Failure to meet the climate change compliance requirements may expose the Group to risks of claims and lawsuits. Corporate reputation may also be declined. The Group will regularly monitor existing and emerging climate-related trends, policies and regulations to avoid those risks due to delayed response. The Group will continue to assess the effectiveness of the Group's actions to address climate change and enhance its resiliences against climate-related issues.

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

# (A) 環境(續) (iv) 氟候變化

氣候變化為全球經濟帶來的風險及挑戰 不斷升級,而有關風險可能對本集團的 財務及貿易業務帶來負面影響。因此, 本集團深明識別及減輕氣候變化帶來的 重大影響的重要性。根據金融穩定委員 會成立的氣候相關財務信息披露工作組 (「氣候相關財務信息披露工作組」)的 國際建議,本集團管理層已評估並充分 認識到氣候相關風險對本集團業務的影 響及相應的機遇。本集團已根據評估結 果將氣候風險納入企業風險管理流程, 以管理及審查氣候相關風險並把握相關 機遇。參照氣候相關風險並把握相關 機遇。參照氣候相關風險並把握相關 觸風險分類,本集團已識別的氣候相 關風險及相應的管理措施如下:

#### 實體風險

極寒或極熱、風暴、暴雨及颱風等極端 天氣事件的頻率及嚴重程度逐漸增加, 可能會增加電力短缺的風險機會、中斷 供應鏈以及損害本集團資產,使本集團 辦事處的營運中斷並導致收益減少,以 及使修復或恢復受損資產的成本增加。 這些事件亦可能會阻礙僱員工作,甚至 造成人命傷亡。因此,本集團已採取不同 積極措施管理上述嚴重的實體風險。例 如,本集團為易受極端天氣情況損害的 資產購買充足保險。此外,本集團會事先 向其僱員傳達惡劣天氣情況下的安排。 同時,本集團將研究改變營運方式的可 能性(如有需要),以減少或避免業務營 運受到該等嚴重影響。

#### 過渡風險

此外,聯交所要求上市公司於其環境、社 會及管治報告中加強氣候相關的披露, 從而可能導致合規成本增加。如未能滿 足氣候變化的合規要求,本集團可能會 面臨索賠及訴訟風險。企業聲譽亦可能 下降。本集團將會定期監測現有及新興 的氣候相關趨勢、政策及規例,以避免因 反應遲緩而導致的該等風險。本集團將 繼續評估本集團應對氣候變化行動的有 效性,並增強其應對氣候相關議題的能 力。

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### (B) SOCIAL

#### (i) Employment

Policies and regulations are principally adopted by the Group in respect of remunerations, dismissals, recruitment and promotions, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunities, diversities, anti-discriminations, other benefits and welfare. They have been clearly stated in the employee handbook and/ or the Company's policy, they are summarised as follows:

#### Remunerations

Remunerations and benefits are benchmarked against prevailing local industry norms and are commensurate with experiences and qualifications.

#### Dismissals

This is based on the relevant employment laws of HK and labour laws of PRC.

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had 19 (2022: 19) fulltime employees and 6 (2022: 3) part-time employees and the composition of the full-time employees is shown below:

#### (B) 社會

#### (i) 僱傭

本集團採納的主要政策及規例與薪酬、 解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平 等機會、多元化、反歧視、其他待遇及福 利有關。僱員手冊及/或本公司的政策 已清楚列明該等政策及規例,攝要如下:

#### 薪酬

薪酬及福利以現行當地行業常規為基 準,並與經驗及資歷相稱。

#### 解僱

這基於相關香港僱傭法例及中國勞動 法。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團擁 有19名(二零二二年:19名)全職僱員及6 名(二零二二年:3名)兼職僱員,全職僱 員組成列示如下:

#### For the year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度

		俄土 一月 一 日 山 十 及			
		20	23	20	22
		二零二	二三年	二零二	二二年
		Number of		Number of	
		full-time		full-time	
		employees	Approximate	employees	Approximate
		of the Group	percentages	of the Group	percentages
		本集團的		本集團的	
		全職僱員人數	概約百分比	全職僱員人數	概約百分比
By gender	按性別劃分				
Male	男性	13	68.42%	14	73.68%
Female	女性	6	31.58%	5	26.32%
			100.00%		100.00%
By age group	按年齡組別劃分				
<30	少於30歲	3	15.79%	1	5.26%
30-50	30至50歲	10	52.63%	11	57.89%
>50	大於50歲	6	31.58 <i>%</i>	7	36.85%
230	) < /i>	v	51.50 //	,	
			100 000		100.000
			100.00%		100.00%
By geographical location	按地區劃分				
HK, PRC	中國香港	7	36.84%	8	42.11%
PRC	中國	12	63.16%	11	57.89%
			100.00%		100.00%

#### (B) SOCIAL (CONTINUED)

#### (i) **Employment** (Continued)

#### **Recruitment and promotions**

The Group adopts a fair and equitable recruitment policy, providing each applicant with equal opportunity and ensuring the most suitable candidate is being selected. The Group aims to offer all suitable employees opportunities for development and career advancement through promotion and transfer within the Group.

All employees hired by the Group are working in HK and PRC. The Group strictly complies with the requirements of the employment laws of HK and labour laws of PRC, including but not limited to the "Employment Ordinance" of HK and the "Labour Law" of PRC, without violating the relevant rules and regulations:

- Workers' wages, overtime payments and related benefits are made in accordance with the local minimum wage (or above);
- Holidays and statutory paid leaves are in compliance with the requirements of HK and PRC;
- The Group treats all the employees equally. Their employments, remunerations and promotions will not be affected by their social identities such as ethnicity, race, nationality, age, marital status, gender, sexual orientation, religion and political faction;
- No underage person was/is/will be hired by the Group;
- The Group is committed to giving full consideration to employment applications from persons with disabilities, as well as providing continuing employment to its existing employees who become disabled during the course of employment. In the event that the employees becomes disabled, the Group's policy will make reasonable adjustments, including the provision of trainings, to enable the employees to continue working for the Group; and
- The Group provides a number of different benefits to its employees including mandatory provident fund, social insurance fund and private medical care. Eligible employees are rewarded through the Group's share option scheme (if any and applicable).

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### (B) 社會(續)

## (i) **僱傭(續)** 招聘及晉升

本集團採用公平及公正的招聘政策,給 予每位申請人平等機會,確保挑選出最 合適的候選人。本集團透過晉升及集團 內部調動,為每位合適的僱員提供發展 及事業提升的機會。

本集團聘用的全部僱員於香港及中國工 作。本集團嚴格遵守香港僱傭法例及中 國勞動法,包括但不限於香港的《僱傭條 例》及中國的《勞動法》的規定,並無違反 相關規則及規例:

- 工人的工資、加班費及相關福利乃 參照當地最低工資(或以上);
- 假期及法定有薪假期遵守香港及 中國的規定;
- 本集團對全體僱員一視同仁。彼等
   的就業、薪酬及晉升不會受其民族、種族、國籍、年齡、婚姻狀況、
   性別、性取向、宗教及政治派別等
   社會身份影響;
- 本集團未曾/不會/將不會僱用
   未成年人士;
- 本集團承諾會充分考慮由傷殘人 士提出的入職申請,並繼續聘用其 在受聘期間不幸成為傷殘人士的 現有僱員。若該等僱員不幸成為傷 殘人士,本集團之政策將進行合理 調整,包括提供培訓,使該等僱員 能夠繼續為本集團工作;及

本集團為其僱員提供多項福利,包 括強制性公積金、社會保險基金及 私人醫療護理。合資格僱員透過本 集團之購股權計劃獲得獎勵(如有 及適用)。

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### **(B)** SOCIAL (CONTINUED)

#### (i) **Employment** (Continued)

#### Recruitment and promotions (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group was not aware of material non-compliance of laws and regulations in respect of human resources.

During the year, the approximately full-time employee turnover rate of the Group<sup>1</sup> is 15.79% (2022: 21.05%) and the composition is shown as follows:

#### (B) 社會(續)

#### (i) 僱傭(續) 招聘及晉升(續)

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團並不知悉重大不遵守有關人力資 源的法例及規例的情況。

於本年度內,本集團的概約全職僱員流 失率1為15.79%(二零二二年:21.05%), 其組成列示如下:

#### Approximate full-time employee turnover rate of the Group by category<sup>2</sup> 按類別劃分之本集團的 概約全職僱員流失率2

#### For the year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止在度

		<b>截王二月二十一日止</b> 中度	
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
By gender	按性別劃分		
Male	男性	-7.69%	14.29%
Female	女性	16.67%	-40.00%
By age group	按年齡組別劃分		
<30	少於30歲	66.67%	-200.00%
30-50	30至50歲	-10.00%	9.09%
>50	大於50歲	-16.67%	14.29%
By geographical location	按地區劃分		
HK, PRC	中國香港	-14.29%	0.00%
PRC	中國	8.33%	36.36%

1.

- 1. Approximate full-time employee turnover rate of the Group = net amount of full-time employees of the Group left during this year/total number of full-time employees of the Group as at 31 March 2023 x 100%.
- Approximate full-time employee turnover rate of the Group 2 by category = net amount of full-time employees of the Group by category left during this year/total number of full-time employees of the Group by category as at 31 March 2023 x 100%.
- 度內本集團的離職全職僱員淨數/於 二零二三年三月三十一日本集團的全 職僱員總數x100%。

本集團的概約全職僱員流失率=於本年

按類別劃分之本集團的概約全職僱員 2 流失率=於本年度內按類別劃分之本集 團的離職全職僱員淨數/於二零二三 年三月三十一日按類別劃分之本集團 的全職僱員總數x100%。

#### (B) SOCIAL (CONTINUED)

#### (ii) Health and safety

#### Working environment

The Group is committed to providing a good working environment for bright, energetic and professional individuals. We believe that investing in our employees and developing their potential are important to the success of the business. The Group strives to be a caring employer, encourages work-life balance, and communicates with the employees to enhance their senses of belonging and morale.

The Group prioritises the health and safety of its employees and visitors. The Group is committed to creating and maintaining a healthy and safe working environment. Health and safety assessments are carried out regularly in the working areas.

The Group is committed to safeguarding the health and safety of its employees, and requires all employees to strictly observe its health and safety policies. The employee handbook listed occupational safety policies and procedures.

In addition, we have implemented the following policies in our office environment:

- Offices are smoke-free;
- Office employees are assigned with individual work stations. Offices are properly lit and ventilated, kept clean and tidy with ample space between work stations;
- Office furnitures and fittings are well maintained and replaced where necessary;
- Security measures are in place at our offices to restrict entry and exit only to its employees and permitted visitors; and
- We follow the government's work guidelines on typhoon and rainstorm warnings.

The Group had zero lost day due to work injury during this year. Besides, there was no work-related fatality since the early of 2017. "Accident record" has been set up by the Group to continue alerting the management on health and safety issues. The Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with health and safety related laws and regulations, including but not limited to the "Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance" of HK and the "Labour Law" of PRC.

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### (B) 社會(續)

#### (ii) 健康與安全

#### 工作環境

本集團致力於為朝氣勃勃、精力充沛以 及專業人士提供良好的工作環境。我們 相信投資我們的僱員並發揮其潛力是業 務成功的重要因素。本集團致力成為關 愛僱員的僱主,鼓勵工作與生活平衡以 及與僱員溝通,以提升僱員的歸屬感及 士氣。

本集團將其僱員與訪客的健康與安全置 於首位。本集團致力於創造及維持一個 健康與安全的工作環境,定期對工作區 域進行健康與安全之評估。

本集團致力保障其僱員的健康與安全, 及要求所有僱員嚴格遵守其健康與安全 政策。僱員手冊中列出了職業安全政策 和程序。

另外,我們已於辦公環境執行以下政策:

- 辦事處禁煙;
- 辦事處僱員擁有獨立工作台。辦事 處足夠敞亮和通風,保持潔淨整齊 以及工作台之間保持充足空間;
- 辦事處家具及裝修維持良好,並於 有需要時更換;
- 辦事處保安措施已到位,僅其僱員
   以及經許可的訪客方可進出;及
- 我們遵循政府有關颱風及暴雨警 告的工作指引。

本集團於本年度內並無因工傷損失工作 日。此外,自二零一七年年初起,概無發 生因工亡故事件。本集團已訂立「意外記 錄」制度以不斷提示管理層有關健康與 安全事宜。本集團並不知悉任何重大不 遵守健康與安全相關法例及規例,包括 但不限於香港的《職業安全及健康條例》 及中國的《勞動法》的情況。

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### (B) SOCIAL (CONTINUED)

# (ii) Health and safety (Continued)

#### Prevention control on COVID-19

Maintaining a safe and healthy environment at work is always a top priority for its employees. To combat the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has taken proactive measures to safeguard the health and safety of its employees and business partners by adopting public health measures recommended by the local authorities.

In addition to complying with public health measures, the Group has enhanced the environmental hygiene in its working areas through regular sanitation and distribution of adequate protective gears such as surgical masks, hand sanitizers, disinfecting wipes and rapid test kits to its employees and/ or visitors. To further minimise the risk of cross-infection, all our employees and visitors of the Group are also required to perform stringent temperature checks before entering the offices. The Group has briefed guidelines to its employees to advise responsive actions on COVID-19 pandemic among its employees.

Besides, staff vaccination leave has been provided to our employees if they received the COVID-19 vaccination.

#### (iii) Development and training

Our employees are encouraged to formulate their own career paths and equip themselves with necessary skills and knowledges through continual learning and training.

To encourage our employees to engage in self-development by enrolling in external training programs and seminars, the Group provides training sponsorship to cover the costs of taking job-relevant external training programs and seminars for certain full-time employees who have completed one year of full-time service.

#### (B) 社會(續)

# (ii) 健康與安全(續) 2019冠狀病毒病的預防控制

為僱員維持安全及健康的工作環境總 是本集團的首要任務。為應對2019冠狀 病毒病疫情,本集團已採取積極措施, 保障其僱員及業務夥伴的健康與安全, 並已採用地方當局所建議的公共衛生措施。

除遵守公共衛生措施外,本集團已透 過定期清潔及分發足夠的防護用品(例 如向僱員及/或訪客提供外科口罩、消 毒洗手液、消毒濕紙巾及快速檢測試劑 盒),提升其工作區域的環境衛生。為進 一步降低交叉感染風險,本集團所有僱 員及訪客於進入辦事處之前亦須進行嚴 格的體溫檢查。本集團已向其僱員說明 指導方針,建議其僱員就2019冠狀病毒 病疫情採取應對措施。

此外,本集團為接種2019冠狀病毒病疫 苗的僱員提供疫苗接種假期。

#### (iii) 發展及培訓

鼓勵我們的僱員規劃自身職業路徑並透 過持續學習與培訓獲得所需技能及知 識。

為鼓勵我們的僱員參加自我提升的外部 培訓項目和研討會,本集團向若干入職 滿一年全職服務的全職僱員提供培訓贊 助,以負擔該等僱員參與職業相關外部 培訓項目及研討會的費用。

#### (B) SOCIAL (CONTINUED)

#### (iii) Development and training (Continued)

This year, the percentage of trained full-time employees of the Group was average 21.05% (2022: 31.58%), and the total verifiable training hours of the Group's full-time employees were at least 97.50 (2022: 192.50) hours. The breakdown of the percentage of trained full-time employees of the Group and the average verifiable training hours of the Group's full-time employees by gender and employee category are as follows:

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

# (B) 社會(續) (iii) 發展及培訓(續)

於本年度,本集團的受訓全職僱員之 百分比平均為21.05% (二零二二年: 31.58%),及本集團全職僱員的可核實培 訓總時數至少97.50小時(二零二二年: 192.50小時)。按性別及僱員類別劃分之 本集團的受訓全職僱員百分比及本集團 全職僱員的平均可核實培訓時數明細如 下:

#### For the year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度

		2023		2022	
		二零	二三年	二零二	二二年
			Average		Average
			verifiable		verifiable
		Percentage	training	Percentage	training
		of trained	hours of	of trained	hours of
		full-time	the Group's	full-time	the Group's
		employees	full-time	employees	full-time
		of the Group <sup>3</sup>	employees <sup>4</sup>	of the Group <sup>3</sup>	employees <sup>4</sup>
			本集團		本集團
		本集團的	全職僱員的	本集團的	全職僱員的
		受訓全職僱員	平均可核實	受訓全職僱員	平均可核實
		之百分比3	培訓時數4	之百分比3	培訓時數4
		Approximately	Approximately	Approximately	Approximately
		約	約	約	約
By gender	按性別劃分				
Male	男性	21.05%	24.38	26.32%	20.50
Female	女性	0.00%	0.00	5.26%	90.00
By employee category	按僱員類別劃分				
Senior management	高級管理層	10.52%	22.25	10.53%	21.50
Middle management	中級管理層	10.53%	26.50	15.79%	19.83
Other staff	其他員工	0.00%	0.00	5.26%	90.00

- 3. Percentage of trained full-time employees of the Group = total number of trained full-time employees of the Group by category during this year/total number of full-time employees of the Group as at 31 March 2023 x 100%.
- 4. Average verifiable training hours of the Group's full-time employees = total verifiable training hours of the Group's fulltime employees by category during this year/total number of trained full-time employees of the Group as at 31 March 2023 x 100%.

 本集團的受訓全職僱員之百分比 = 於 本年度內按類別劃分之本集團的受 訓全職僱員總數/於二零二三年三 月三十一日本集團的全職僱員總數 x100%。

> 本集團全職僱員的平均可核實培訓時 數 = 於本年度內按類別劃分之本集團 全職僱員的可核實培訓總時數/於二 零二三年三月三十一日本集團的受訓 全職僱員總數x100%。

4.

#### (B) SOCIAL (CONTINUED)

#### (iv) Labour standards

The Group has strictly complied with the relevant employment laws and labour laws of HK and PRC respectively, and provided the required labour protection, health and safety conditions to ensure its employees' health and safety during their services. The Group also paid wages and salaries, benefits and compensations, and insurances on schedule.

The recruitment process is closely monitored under the Group's management scheme to prevent employment of child labour, forced labour or discrimination by their social identities such as ethnicity, race, nationality, age, marital status, gender, sexual orientation, religion and political faction in PRC and HK. The relevant department or immediate supervisor ensures that their identity documents are carefully checked to verify the personal data submitted during the process. Moreover, to prevent non-compliance with labour standards of respective jurisdictions, overtime working is on necessary basis, which provides an effective protection of their interests. The Group will conduct investigations, punishment or dismissal of relevant employees immediately when any non-compliance is being discovered. If necessary, the Group will further improve the labour mechanism against illegal behaviours.

The Group has honored all of its obligations towards its employees and no labour disputes or litigations in relation to child and forced labour-related laws and regulations, including but not limited to the "Employment Ordinance" of HK and the "Labour Law" of PRC, have been reported for the year ended 31 March 2023.

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

## (B) 社會(續)

#### (iv) 勞工準則

本集團嚴格遵守香港及中國各相關的僱 傭法例和勞動法,並提供所規定的勞工 保障、健康與安全條件,以確保其僱員於 彼等服務期間的健康與安全。本集團亦 按時支付工資及薪金、福利及補償以及 保險。

招聘過程均根據本集團管理制度嚴格監 督,以防止於中國及香港僱用童工、強制 勞工或因其民族、種族、國籍、年齡、婚 姻狀況、性別、性取向、宗教及政治派別 等社會身份而受到歧視。相關部門或直 屬主管確保仔細檢查其身份證件,以核 實於該過程中提交的個人資料。此外, 為防止不遵守各司法權區的勞工準則, 加班乃按需要基準進行,從而有效保護 僱員利益。當發現任何不遵守行為,本集 團會即時作出調查、處分或解僱有關僱 員。如有需要,本集團會針對違法行為進 一步完善勞工機制。

本集團一貫履行對其僱員的所有職責。 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團並無發生與童工和強制勞工相關 的法例及規例,包括但不限於香港的《僱 傭條例》及中國的《勞動法》之勞動糾紛或 訴訟事項。

#### (B) SOCIAL (CONTINUED)

#### (v) Supply chain management

The Group is an office-based company that provides trading and financial services. To prevent negative environmental and social impacts arising from the Group's supply chains, the Group has established policies for its suppliers to comply with laws, regulations and standards in relation to environmental and social matters. It is one of the Group's key considerations for deciding whether to engage a new supplier or to continue business relationship with an existing supplier (as the case maybe).

During this year, the Group has engaged a total of five major suppliers in PRC, and all of them are under regular monitoring. To manage potential environmental and social risks in its supply chains, the Group reviews the latest news and performances of its suppliers regularly. Besides, the Group evaluates the environmental and social risks of suppliers' operations and businesses before entering into long-term business relationship with potential suppliers, to ensure suppliers' compliance with trade laws, relevant environmental and social regulations, as well as the other requirements, and to examine the supplier's awareness in each of these areas. The Group is concerned about the integrity of suppliers and business partners and will only select those with good business track records without material non-compliance or business unethical behaviours.

Considering the business nature of the Group, it will give priority to suppliers that use environmentally preferable goods and services in the selection processes, and strive to minimise potential environmental and social risks in the supply chains wherever possible. The Group will continue to review the supply chains periodically with regard to the suppliers' performances and environmental and social standards. Material violation of laws and regulations may lead to the termination of their contracts and agreements with the Group.

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### (B) 社會(續)

#### (v) 供應鏈管理

本集團是一間以辦事處為營運場所的公 司,提供貿易及金融服務。為防止本集團 之供應鏈對環境及社會構成不利影響, 本集團已制訂政策要求其供應商遵守 環境及社會事宜相關的法例、規例及標 準。此乃本集團甄選新供應商或與現有 供應商繼續維持業務關係(視情況而定) 的重要考慮因素之一。

於本年度內,本集團已於中國聘用合共 五家主要供應商,及全部均會接受定期 監察。為管理供應鏈中潛在的環境及社 會風險,本集團會定期審閱其供應商的 最新消息及表現。此外,本集團與潛在供 應商建立長期業務關係前評估供應商營 運及業務的環境及社會風險,以確保供 應商遵守貿易法律、相關環境及社會規 例,以及其他規定,並考察供應商在上述 各方面的意識。本集團關注供應商及業 務夥伴的誠信,並僅會挑選過往營商記 錄良好且並無嚴重不遵守或商業不道德 行為的供應商及合作夥伴。

鑒於本集團的業務性質,本集團於甄選 過程中會優先考慮使用環保貨品及服務 的供應商,努力將供應鏈中潛在的環境 及社會風險盡可能降至最低。本集團將 繼續定期審查供應鏈中供應商的表現以 及環境及社會標準。嚴重違反法例及規 例的行為可能引致與本集團終止其合約 及協議。

#### (B) SOCIAL (CONTINUED)

#### (vi) Responsibilities of goods and services

The Group endeavors to provide its customers with satisfying goods and services and monitors customers' complaints, ensuring relevant problems are adequately valued and properly addressed, so as to prevent re-occurrence.

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group was not aware of non-compliance with laws and regulations that would have significant impact on the Group concerning health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to goods and services and no material complaint was received. Due to the nature of the Group's businesses, no recall of goods due to health and safety reasons.

For the customer privacy protection, personal information of customers can only be kept by the responsible departments. The Group's policy requires its employees to keep confidential of all the customer information. The information can only be available for the enquiries by the employees who are responsible for the Group's operations so as to ensure customer information security.

The Group cautiously avoids the risks of infringement of intellectual property rights. All goods used by the Group are purchased through legitimate sources. The Group obtains proper licenses and authorisation for software and information the Group uses in its business operations. Duplication or downloading of information, software, and images from the Internet must be approved by senior management. Currently there is no infringement of intellectual property cases against the Group. The Group will continue to monitor to ensure that its intellectual property rights are not being infringed upon.

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with any laws and regulations, including but not limited to the "Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance" of HK, and the "Law of PRC on Protection of Consumer Rights and Interests" that have a significant impact on the Group concerning advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to goods and services provided and methods of redress.

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### (B) 社會(續)

#### (vi) 貨品及服務責任

本集團積極為其客戶提供滿意的貨品及 服務並監測客戶投訴,確保相關問題得 到充分重視及妥善解決,以防止問題重 演。

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團並不知悉不遵守有關貨品及服務 的健康及安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜的 法例及規例的情況而會對本集團產生重 大影響,亦無接獲任何重大投訴。鑒於本 集團的業務性質,並無因健康及安全原 因而回收貨品。

就保護客戶私隱而言,客戶的個人資料 僅可由負責部門保管。本集團之政策要 求其僱員對所有客戶資料保密。為保護 客戶資料安全,僅負責本集團之營運的 僱員方可查詢相關資料。

本集團審慎地避免侵犯知識產權的風險。本集團使用的所有貨品均採購自合 法來源。本集團在其業務營運中使用的 軟件及資料均已取得適當牌照及授權。 若需於互聯網複製或下載資料、軟件及 圖像,必須事先經高級管理層的批准。目 前,並無針對本集團之侵犯知識產權的 個案。本集團將持續監察以確保其知識 產權不受侵犯。

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團並不知悉任何重大不遵守有關所 提供貨品及服務的廣告、標籤及私隱事 宜以及補救方法的任何法例及規例的情 況而會對本集團產生重大影響,該等法 例及規例包括但不限於香港的《個人資料 (私隱)條例》及《中國消費者權益保護 法》。

#### (B) SOCIAL (CONTINUED)

#### (vii) Anti-corruption

The Group is well aware of the importance of honesty, integrity and fairness, and has arranged the relevant seminars for its employees from time to time. To avoid adverse social impacts associated with corruption, the Group has formulated policy to manage fraudulent practices. All employees of the Group must comply with all the applicable anti-corruption laws and regulations. Related information on anti-money laundering has been provided by the Group to its employees regularly in order to raise their awareness in this regard.

The Group has also provided training on anti-money laundering from time to time for Directors and its employees to develop their anti-corruption awareness and good professional conduct in relation to anti-corruption in this ESG reports, anti-corruption relevant laws and regulations under PRC law, and examples of corruption by public officials of listed companies. Through the relevant training, Directors and employees at different levels have learnt more about their corresponding roles and responsibilities in respect of anticorruption and business ethics, as well as the precautions for operation compliance.

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group reported no bribery nor corruption charges in relation to relevant laws and regulations of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering nor concluded legal case regarding corrupt practices, including but not limited to "Prevention of Bribery Ordinance" of HK and "Company Law" of PRC.

#### Whistleblowing mechanism

The Group has formulated whistleblowing and anti-corruption policies to regulate the operational procedures of complaints and whistleblowing, to combat corruption and violation of rules and regulations, and to encourage its employees to actively report all kinds of corruption problems. When a report is received, we will conduct immediate investigation and take appropriate action as necessary. We also undertake to protect the identity of the reporter so as to eliminate conflict of interests or conducts that may be detrimental to the interests of the Group and relevant stakeholders. The Group will also review the effectiveness of this reporting system on a regular basis. Further details of the policies have been disclosed on the Company's website (http://www.chineseenergy.com).

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

# (B) 社會(續)

#### (vii) 反貪污

本集團深知誠信、正直及公平的重要 性,並不時為其僱員安排相關研討會。為 避免產生與貪污有關的不利社會影響, 本集團已制訂政策以管制舞弊行為。本 集團全體僱員均須遵守所有適用的反貪 污法例及規例。本集團定期向其僱員提 供有關反洗黑錢資料,提升他們的反洗 黑錢意識。

本集團亦不時為董事及其僱員提供反洗 黑錢培訓,透過本環境、社會及管治報告 中關於反貪污的事項、中國法律中反貪 污的相關法例與規例,以及上市公司公 職人員貪污的實例以培養彼等反貪污意 識及良好的職業操守。透過相關培訓,董 事及不同職級的員工已深入學習彼等在 反貪污及商業道德方面的相應角色及職 責,以及合規經營注意事項。

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團並無面臨有關賄賂、勒索、欺詐 及洗黑錢的相關法例及規例,亦無已審 結的貪污訴訟案件,包括但不限於香港的 《防止賄賂條例》及中國的《公司法》的 賄賂或貪污指控。

#### 告密機制

本集團已制定告密及反貪污政策,以規 範投訴及告密的操作程序,打擊貪污及 違反規則和規例的行為,並鼓勵其僱員 積極舉報各類貪污問題。當收到舉報 後,我們將立即開展調查,並於必要時 採取適當措施。我們亦承諾保護舉報者 的身份,以消除可能損害本集團及相關 持份者利益的利益衝突或行為。本集 團亦將定期檢討本匯報機制的成效。該 等政策的進一步詳情已於本公司網站

(http://www.chinese-energy.com)披露。

#### (B) SOCIAL (CONTINUED)

#### (viii) Community investment

The Group focuses on contributing its resources in helping the vulnerable or underprivileged groups. For the year ended 31 March 2023, employees of the Group had completed twice clothes donation and waste recycling activities to certain organisations for the needs of society, aiming to give back to society and promote social harmony. The Group will continue to seek opportunities that make positive contributions to society while encouraging its Directors and employees to participate in charity and other activities that promote the welfare of local communities in which the Group operates. In order to increase the participation rates of the Group's Directors and employees, costs associated with charity and volunteer activities are borne by the Group.

#### (C) GHG EMISSIONS

The Group identified GHG emissions from its operations may have an adverse impact on the environment. Due to the business nature of the Group, no hazardous waste was produced during this financial year and the emissions of nitrogen oxide ("**NOx**"), sulphur oxides ("**SOx**") and particulate matter ("**PM**") from its vehicles were not material.

In the past few years, the emissions associated with fuel used for vehicular travelling and electricity consumption in our offices remain the biggest source to GHG emissions. Other sources are air travels and paper waste disposals by its employees.

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

# (B) 社會(續)

- (viii) 社區投資
  - 本集團致力於貢獻其資源幫助弱勢群 體。截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團僱員已完成有些機構的兩次 捐贈衣物及廢物回收活動,以滿足社會 的需要,旨在回饋社會及促進社會和 諧。本集團將繼續尋求為社會作出積極 貢獻的機會,並鼓勵其董事及僱員於本 集團營運所在當地社區參與慈善及其他 提升社區福祉的活動。為提升本集團之 董事及僱員的參與度,相關慈善及義工 活動的費用由本集團承擔。

#### (C) 温室氣體排放

本集團認為其營運所產生的温室氣體排放可 能會對環境產生不利影響。由於本集團的業務 性質使然,於本財政年度並無產生有害廢物, 而汽車產生的氮氧化物(「**氯氧化物**」)、硫氧化 物(「**硫氧化物**」)及顆粒物(「**顆粒物**」)的排放並 不重大。

於過往數年內,汽車出行所使用燃料及辦事處 電力消耗有關的排放仍為温室氣體排放的最 大來源。其他來源為其僱員的航班出行及廢紙 處置。

#### (C) GHG EMISSIONS (CONTINUED)

The Group's overall GHG emissions have slightly increased by 17.16% from 15.21 tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent (" $tCO_2e$ ") in 2022 to 17.82 tCO<sub>2</sub>e in 2023. Apart from introducing policies that were described in Section A(ii) – Use of resources, the followings are the main reasons, that contribute to the changes in the overall GHG emissions:

#### 1. Fuel consumption

The Group's direct GHG emissions due to fuel consumption on the private vehicles have been significantly increased by 54.16% from 8.18 tCO<sub>2</sub>e in 2022 to 12.61 tCO<sub>2</sub>e in 2023. The reason was due to relocation of a new office of a subsidiary in the fourth quarter.

#### 2. Electricity consumption

The Group's indirect GHG emissions resulting from electricity consumption have been reduced by 27.52% from 5.96 tCO<sub>2</sub>e in 2022 to 4.32 tCO<sub>2</sub>e in 2023. The reduced in the electricity consumption was mainly due to lower electricity usage. The Group predicts that the overall electricity consumption in the subsequent year(s) will be lower than that of the current reporting financial year.

#### 3. Air travels

The Group's other indirect GHG emissions resulting from air travels for meetings and business trips by management staff have been slightly reduced by 1.72% from 0.58 tCO<sub>2</sub>e in 2022 to 0.57 tCO<sub>2</sub>e in 2023.

#### 4. Paper waste disposals

The Group's other indirect GHG emissions from paper waste disposals have been reduced by 34.69% from 0.49 tCO<sub>2</sub>e in 2022 to 0.32 tCO<sub>2</sub>e in 2023. The reasons of improvement were the increased use of electronic documents and recycle papers by its employees.

Despite the increase in Group's GHG emissions associated with fuel consumption, the Group is committed to reducing and controlling the overall GHG emissions in the coming year(s).

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group has complied with all relevant laws and regulations relating to air and GHG emissions and non-hazardous waste.

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### (C) 温室氣體排放(續)

本集團的整體溫室氣體排放從二零二二年的 15.21噸二氧化碳當量(「噸二氧化碳當量」)略 微增加17.16%至二零二三年的17.82噸二氧化 碳當量。除了引入A(ii)部分一資源使用一節中 描述的政策外,以下是導致整體溫室氣體排放 變動的主要原因:

#### 1. 燃油消耗

本集團因私家車燃油消耗產生的直接溫 室氣體排放從二零二二年的8.18噸二氧 化碳當量大幅增加54.16%至二零二三年 的12.61噸二氧化碳當量。原因為第四季 一間附屬公司搬遷新辦事處。

#### 2. 電力消耗

本集團因電力消耗產生的間接溫室氣體 排放從二零二二年的5.96噸二氧化碳當 量減少27.52%至二零二三年的4.32噸二 氧化碳當量。電力消耗減少乃主要由於 用電量降低。本集團預計隨後的年度之 整體電力消耗將會低於本報告財政年 度。

#### 3. 航班出行

本集團因管理人員以航班出行參加會議 及出差產生的其他間接溫室氣體排放從 二零二二年的0.58噸二氧化碳當量略微 少1.72%至二零二三年的0.57噸二氧化碳 當量。

#### 4. 廢紙處置

本集團因廢紙處置產生的其他間接溫室 氣體排放從二零二二年的0.49噸二氧化 碳當量減少34.69%至二零二三年的0.32 噸二氧化碳當量。改善的原因為其僱員 更多地使用電子文檔及回收紙。

儘管本集團與燃油消耗有關而產生的溫室氣 體排放有所增加,本集團將於未來數年內致力 減少及控制整體溫室氣體排放。

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 已遵守與廢氣及温室氣體排放以及無害廢物 有關的所有相關法例及規例。

(C) GHG EMISSIONS (CONTINUED)

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### (C) 温室氣體排放(續)

The following table summarises the Group's KPIs:	The following table summarises the Group's KPIs: 下表框		概述本集團之關鍵績效指標:			
		-	nded 31 March 上一日止年度	Year- on-year		
		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	variance 按年變幅 (in %) (%)		
Scope 1 – Direct emissions Fuel consumed (Note 3)	範圍1一直接排放 耗用燃油 <i>(附註3)</i>					
(in litres)	(公升)	4,740.04	3,076.20	54.09%		
(in tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	(噸二氧化碳當量)	12.61	8.18	54.16%		
		12.01	0.10	54.1070		
Intensity per full-time employee	每名全職僱員密度					
(in litres)	(公升)	249.48	161.91	54.09%		
(tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	(噸二氧化碳當量)	0.66	0.43	53.49%		
Scope 2 – Energy indirect emissions	範圍2—能源間接排放					
Electricity consumed ( <i>Note 5</i> )	電力消耗(附註5)					
(in kWh)	(千瓦時)	6,811.29	9,603.61	-29.08%		
(in tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	(噸二氧化碳當量)	4.32	5.96	-27.52%		
Intensity per full-time employee	每名全職僱員密度					
(in kWh)	(千瓦時)	358.49	505.45	-29.08%		
(in tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	(噸二氧化碳當量)	0.23	0.31	-25.81%		
Scope 3 – Other indirect emissions	範圍3-其他間接排放					
Air travels (Note 6)	航班出行(附註6)					
(in km)	(公里)	5,869.00	6,591.00	-10.95%		
(in tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	(噸二氧化碳當量)	0.57	0.58	-1.72%		
	后身入棘后已应应					
<b>Intensity per full-time employee</b> (in km)	<b>每名全職僱員密度</b> (公里)	308.89	346.89	-10.95%		
(in tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	(噸二氧化碳當量)	0.03	0.03	0.00%		
	(『沢一千二日秋田里)	0.05	0.05	0.00 //		
Paper waste disposals (Note 7)	廢紙處置(附註7)					
(in tonnes)	(噸)	0.07	0.10	-30.00%		
(in tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	(噸二氧化碳當量)	0.32	0.49	-34.69%		
Intensity per full-time employee	每名全職僱員密度					
(in tonnes)		0.00	0.01	-100.00%		
(in tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	(噸二氧化碳當量)	0.02	0.03	-33.33%		
Total emissions (direct and indirect)	總排放(直接及間接)					
Total GHG emissions (in tCO2e)	總温室氣體排放					
	(噸二氧化碳當量)	17.82	15.21	17.16%		
Intensity per full-time employee	每名全職僱員密度					
(in tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	(噸二氧化碳當量)	0.94	0.80	17.50%		

#### (C) GHG EMISSIONS (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- 1. GHG emissions were generated from the Group's offices in HK and PRC.
- The number of its full-time employees was used as the denominator to calculate GHG emissions intensity. As at 31 March 2023, the Group had 19 (2022: 19) full-time employees and 6 (2022: 3) parttime employees.
- 3. Fuel consumption includes fuel used by Group's private vehicles. Emissions relating to vehicles are based on the calculation method adopted in "How to prepare an ESG Report – Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by Hong Kong Exchange and Clearing Limited.
- Air emissions of NOx, SOx and PM from the Group's vehicles are not material.
- 5. For the HK office, emissions relating to electricity consumption are based on the latest emission factors provided by Hong Kong Electric Company Limited. For the subsidiaries' office in PRC, the emission factor is based on the "2019 China regional power grid baseline emission factor 中國區域電網基準線排放因子" published by the National Development and Reform Commission, Ministry of Climate Change.
- Emissions relating to air travels are based on "International Civil Aviation Organization Carbon Emissions Calculator", provided on the website of International Civil Aviation Organization.
- 7. Emissions relating to paper waste disposals are equal to emissions from paper copying and printing.
- 8. Emissions relating to water consumption in our offices are not considered as material issues in the Group's operations.

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

- (C) 温室氣體排放(續) *附註*:
  - 温室氣體排放乃由本集團之香港及中國辦事 處產生。
  - 其全職僱員人數於計算温室氣體排放密度時 用作分母。於二零二三年三月三十一日,本 集團擁有19名(二零二二年:19名)全職僱員 及6名(二零二二年:3名)兼職僱員。
  - 燃油消耗包括本集團之私家車使用的燃油。 與車輛有關的排放是根據香港交易及結算所 有限公司發佈的《如何準備環境、社會及管治 報告一附錄二:環境關鍵績效指標匯報指引》 採用的計算方法得出。
  - 本集團之汽車廢氣排放的氮氧化物、硫氧化 物及顆粒物並不重大。
  - 5. 香港辦事處與用電相關的排放是根據香港電 燈有限公司提供的最新排放因子計算。位於 中國的附屬公司辦事處,其排放因子是根據 中國國家發展和改革委員會應對氣候變化司 刊發的「二零一九年中國區域電網基準線排 放因子」計算。
  - 與航班出行相關的排放是根據國際民用航空 組織網站提供的「國際民航組織碳排放計算 器」計算。
  - 與廢紙處置相關的排放相等於紙張影印及打 印產生的排放。
  - 與辦事處用水相關的排放並不被視為本集團 之營運中的重大議題。

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

# ESG REPORTING GUIDE CONTENT INDEX

	ndatory disclosure uirements		Section/declaration				
-	則披露規定		章節/聲明				
管剂 Rep 匯幸 Rep	vernance structure 台架構 oorting principles 最原則 oorting boundary 最範圍		ESG governance structure 環境、社會及管治之管治架構 Environmental, social and governance report – Reporting framework 環境、社會及管治報告-匯報框架 Environmental, social and governance report – Reporting scope 環境、社會及管治報告-匯報範圍				
	pects	KPI 關鍵 績效	Descriptions	Page numbers/remarks			
層面	Ĩ	指標	描述	頁碼/備註			
А.	Environmental 環境						
A1	Emissions 排放物	A1	General disclosure 一般披露				
		A1.1	Types of emissions and respective emission data	Not applicable, air emissions of NOx, SOx and PM from the Group's vehicles are not material.			
			排放物類型及相關排放數據	不適用,本集團之汽車廢氣排放的氮氧 化物、硫氧化物及顆粒物並不重大。			
		A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions and intensity 直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫室氣體排放	Pages 61 & 62			
			且按(範圍1) 反能源间按(範圍2) 温至	第61及62頁			
		A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced and intensity	Not applicable, as business nature of the Group does not produce hazardous waste.			
			所產生有害廢棄物總量及密度	不適用,本集團業務性質並不會產生有 害廢物。			
		A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced and intensity 所產生無害廢棄物總量及密度	Page 62 第62頁			
		A1.5	Description of emission targets set and steps taken to achieve them	Pages 46 & 47			
			描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所 採取的步驟	第46及47頁			
		A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction targets set and steps taken to achieve them	Pages 46 & 47			
			描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所 訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步 驟	第46及47頁			

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### ESG REPORTING GUIDE CONTENT INDEX (CONTINUED)

Aspects		KPI 關鍵	Descriptions	Page numbers/remarks
層面	Î	績效 指標	描述	頁碼/備註
A2	Use of resources 資源使用	A2	General disclosure 一般披露	
		A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total and intensity 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源總耗量及密	Page 62 第62頁
			度	
		A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity	Not applicable, immaterial usage of water by the Group.
			總耗水量及密度	不適用,本集團用水量並不重大。
		A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency targets set and	Page 46
			steps taken to achieve them 描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些 目標所採取的步驟	第46頁
		A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency targets set and steps taken to achieve them	Not applicable, this is not considered to be a material issue in the Group's operations.
			描述求取適用水源上可有任何議題,以及所訂 立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的 步驟	不適用,非本集團之營運上視為一項重 大的議題。
		A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished goods	Not applicable, there are no packaging materials used in the Group's operations.
			製成品所用包裝材料的總量	不適用,本集團之營運並無使用包裝材 料。
A3	The environment and natural	A3	General disclosure 一般披露	
	resources 環境及天然資源	A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources, and	Page 48
			actions taken to manage them 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響, 以及已採取管理有關影響的行動	第48頁
A4	Climate change 氣候變化	A4	General disclosure 一般披露	
		A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues	Page 49
			which have impacted, and those which may impact,	
			the Company, and the actions taken to manage them	
			描述已經及可能會對本公司產生影響的重大氣 候相關議題,及應對行動	第49頁

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### ESG REPORTING GUIDE CONTENT INDEX (CONTINUED)

	Aspects		Descriptions	Page numbers/remarks
層ī	ΞÎ	指標	描述	頁碼/備註
В.	Social 社會			
B1	Employment 僱傭	B1	General disclosure 一般披露	
		B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical location	Page 50
			按性別、僱傭類別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員 總數	第50頁
		B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical location	Page 52
			按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失率	第52頁
B2	Health and safety 健康與安全	B2	General disclosure 一般披露	
		B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including this year	Page 53
			過去三年(包括本年度)每年因工亡故的人數及 比率	第53頁
		B2.2	Lost day due to work injury	Page 53
			因工傷損失工作日數	第53頁
		B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored	Pages 53 & 54
			描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關 執行及監察方法	第53及54頁
В3	Development and training	В3	General disclosure 一般披露	
	發展及培訓	B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and	Page 55
			employee category 按性別及僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比	第55頁
		B3.2	The average verifiable training hours per full-time	Page 55
			employee by gender and employee category 按性別及僱員類別劃分之每名全職僱員的平均 可核實培訓時數	第55頁

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### ESG REPORTING GUIDE CONTENT INDEX (CONTINUED)

Aspects	KPI 關鍵 績效	Descriptions	Page numbers/remarks
層面	指標	描述	頁碼/備註
B4 Labour standards 勞工準則	B4	General disclosure 一般披露	
	B4.1	Description of measures to review employment	Page 56
		practices to avoid child and forced labour 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞 工	第56頁
	B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered	Page 56
		描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的 步驟	第56頁
B5 Supply chain management	В5	General disclosure 一般披露	
供應鏈管理	B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical location 按地區劃分的供應商數目	Page 57 第57頁
	B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging	Page 57
		suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored	
		描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣 例的供應商數目,以及相關執行及監察方法	第57頁
	B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply	Page 57
		chains, and how they are implemented and monitored	
		描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風 險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法	第57頁
	B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable goods and services	Page 57
		when selecting suppliers, and how they are	
		implemented and monitored 描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保貨品及服務	第57頁
		的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法	

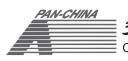
# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

# ESG REPORTING GUIDE CONTENT INDEX (CONTINUED)

Aspo	ects	KPI 關鍵 績效	Descriptions	Page numbers/remarks
層面		指標	描述	頁碼/備註
B6	Responsibilities of goods and services 貨品及服務責任	B6	General disclosure 一般披露	
		B6.1	Percentage of total goods sold or delivered subject	Page 58
			to recalls for safety and health reasons 已售或已交付貨品總數中因安全與健康理由而 須回收的百分比	第58頁
		B6.2	Number of goods and service related complaints	Page 58
			received and how they are dealt with 接獲關於貨品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法	第58頁
		B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and	Page 58
			protecting intellectual property rights	<b>答</b> ~0百
		B6.4	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例 Description of quality assurance process and recall	第58頁 Page 58
		D0.4	procedures	Tage Jo
			描述質量檢定過程及貨品回收程序	第58頁
		B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored	Page 58
			描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執 行及監察方法	第58頁
Β7	Anti-corruption 反貪污	B7	General disclosure 一般披露	
		B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the Company or its employees during this year and the outcomes of the cases	Page 59
			於本年度內對本公司或其僱員提出並已審結的 貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果	第59頁
		B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistleblowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored	Page 59
			描述防範措施及告密程序,以及相關執行及監察方法	第59頁
		B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to Directors and its staff	Page 59
			描述向董事及其員工提供的反貪污培訓	第59頁
B8	Community investment 社區投資	B8	General disclosure 一般披露	
		B8.1	Focus areas of contribution 專注貢獻範疇	Page 60 第60頁
		B8.2	Resources contributed to the focus area	Page 60
			在專注範疇所動用資源	第60頁

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## 獨立核數師報告



天健國際會計師事務所有限公司

Confucius International CPA Limited

# Certified Public Accountants

香港灣仔莊士敦道181號大有大廈15樓1501-8室 Rooms 1501-8, Floor 15, Tai Yau Building, 181 Johnston Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong 電話 Tel: (852) 3103 6980 傳真 Fax: (852) 3104 0170

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF CHINESE ENERGY HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Chinese Energy Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**") set out on pages 74 to 155, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (the "**CO**").

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "**Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### 致華夏能源控股有限公司股東

(於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

本核數師已審核華夏能源控股有限公司(「**貴公司**」) 及其附屬公司(統稱「**貴集團**」)列載於第74至155頁的 綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零二三年 三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表,與截至該日止年 度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表 和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註(包括主 要會計政策概要)。

本核數師認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師 公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則 (「**香港財務報告準則**」)真實而公平地反映 貴集 團於二零二三年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況及其 截至該日止年度之綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量, 並已按照香港《公司條例》(「《**公司條例**》」)妥為編 製。

#### 意見基礎

本核數師已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審計準 則(「**香港審計準則**」)進行審核。本核數師根據該等 準則之責任在本核數師報告內核數師就審核綜合財 務報表承擔之責任一節進一步闡述。根據香港會計 師公會頒佈之職業會計師道德守則(「**該守則**」),本 核數師獨立於 貴集團,並已遵循該守則履行其他 道德責任。本核數師相信,本核數師所獲得之審核 憑證充份和適當地為本核數師之意見提供基礎。

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT** (CONTINUED)

# 獨立核數師報告(續)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### Impairment assessment of trade receivables

We identified impairment assessment of trade receivables as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance to the consolidated financial statements, combined with management's estimation in measuring the expected credit loss ("ECL") under ECL model as stipulated in HKFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* ("HKFRS 9").

As set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements, the carrying amount (net of impairment) of trade receivables amounted to approximately HK\$111,160,000 as at 31 March 2023 (2022: HK\$159,939,000), representing approximately 27.81% (2022: 37.47%) of the Group's total assets. The balance of impairment allowances is approximately HK\$17,805,000 (2022: HK\$16,407,000) as at 31 March 2023, after reversing an amount of approximately HK\$7,205,000 and charging an amount of approximately HK\$9,817,000, resulting in a net charge of approximately HK\$2,612,000 (2022: HK\$3,294,000) to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2023.

The Group applies HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measure ECL. Trade receivables have been assessed for impairment on an individual basis.

Management is required to carry out an estimation of ECL as at the end of the reporting periods, which is judgemental and may be subjected to management bias.

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our audit procedures in relation to the management's impairment assessment of trade receivables included:

- understanding the key controls and methodologies on how the management assesses the measurement of ECL of trade receivables;
- testing accuracy of the aging analysis of the trade receivables;

#### 關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據本核數師之專業判斷,認為對 本核數師審核本期間綜合財務報表最為重要之事 項。該等事項乃於本核數師審核整體綜合財務報表 及達成本核數師對其之意見時進行處理,而本核數 師不會對該等事項提供單獨意見。

#### 貿易應收款項之減值評估

本核數師將貿易應收款項之減值評估識別為一項關 鍵審核事項,由於結餘對綜合財務報表之重要性, 並且管理層根據香港財務報告準則第9號*金融工具* (「**香港財務報告準則第9號**」)內訂明之預期信貸虧損 (「**預期信貸虧損**」)模式計量預期信貸虧損時作出 估計。

誠如綜合財務報表附註22所載,於二零二三年三 月三十一日,貿易應收款項之賬面值(扣除減值) 約111,160,000港元(二零二二年:159,939,000港 元),佔 貴集團的總資產約27.81%(二零二二年: 37.47%)。於二零二三年三月三十一日,減值撥備結 餘約17,805,000港元(二零二二年:16,407,000港元), 於撥回金額約7,205,000港元及扣除金額約9,817,000 港元後,導致淨扣除約2,612,000港元(二零二二年: 3,294,000港元)至截至二零二三年三月三十一日止 年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

貴集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號之簡化方式計 量預期信貸虧損。貿易應收款項已進行個別減值評 估。

管理層須於報告期末進行預期信貸虧損估計,有關 估計牽涉判斷並可能受管理層之偏見所影響。

#### 本核數師之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

本核數師就管理層貿易應收款項減值評估進行之審 核程序包括:

- 了解管理層如何評估計量貿易應收款項之預 期信貸虧損之主要控制權及方式;
- 測試貿易應收款項之賬齡分析之準確性;

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)**

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter (Continued)

- testing the completeness and accuracy of selection of input data used in the ECL model;
- requesting direct confirmations on a sample basis, checking to sales invoices, delivery documents, subsequent settlement and corroborative enquiry; and
- assessing the reasonableness of provision for impairment of trade receivables made by management with reference to the credit history of the trade receivables including default or delay in payments, settlement records, subsequent settlements and aging analysis of trade receivables.

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors ("**Directors**" and each a "**Director**") of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the CO, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# 獨立核數師報告(續)

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

#### 本核數師之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項(續)

- 測試預期信貸虧損模式所使用輸入數據選擇
   之完整性及準確性;
- 要求以抽樣方式作出直接確認、檢查銷售發 票、交貨單據、後續結算並面談確認;及
- 按貿易應收款項之信貸記錄,包括貿易應收款 項之拖欠或延遲付款、結算記錄、後續結算及 賬齡分析,評估管理層為貿易應收款項所作出 之減值撥備之合理性。

#### 其他資料

貴公司董事(「董事」及各董事「各董事」)需對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報所載之資料,但不包括 綜合財務報表及所載之本核數師之核數師報告。

本核數師對綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋其他資 料,本核數師亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式之 鑒證結論。

就本核數師對綜合財務報表之審核而言,本核數師 之責任是閱讀其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他資 料與綜合財務報表或本核數師在審核過程中所知悉 之情況是否存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳 述。基於本核數師已執行之工作,倘本核數師認為 其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,本核數師需要報告該 事實。就此而言,本核數師並無任何報告。

#### 董事及管治層就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報 告準則及《公司條例》編製真實而公平之綜合財務報 表,及落實董事認為編製綜合財務報表所必要之內 部控制,以使綜合財務報表不存在因欺詐或錯誤而 導致之重大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持 續經營之能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有 關之事項,以及採用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董 事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或除此之外別 無其他實際之替代方案。

管治層須負責監督、貴集團之財務報告過程。

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

## 獨立核數師報告(續)

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liabilities to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔之責任

本核數師之目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存 在因欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述取得合理保 證,並按照協定之委聘條款僅向全體股東出具包括 本核數師意見之核數師報告。除此以外,本核數師 之報告不可用作其他用途。本核數師概不就本報告 之內容對任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。合理 保證是高水準之保證,惟根據香港審計準則進行之 審核概不保證總能察覺所存在之重大錯誤陳述。錯 誤陳述可因欺詐或錯誤而產生,倘個別或整體在合 理預期情況下可影響使用者根據該等綜合財務報表 作出之經濟決定時,則被視作重大。

根據香港審計準則進行審核時,本核數師運用專業 判斷,並於整個審核過程中保持專業懷疑態度。本 核數師亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務 報表存在重大錯誤陳述之風險、設計及執行審 核程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足及適當 之審核憑證,作為本核數師意見之基礎。由於 欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳 述或凌駕內部控制之情況,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致之重大錯誤陳述之風險。
- 了解與審核有關之內部控制,以設計適當之審 核程序,但並非為對 貴集團之內部控制的效 能發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策之合適性及作出會 計估計及相關披露之合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營為會計基礎之恰當性作 出結論,並根據所獲得之審核憑證,確定是否 存在與事項或情況有關之重大不確定性,從而 可能導致對 貴集團之持續經營能力產生重 大疑慮。倘本核數師認為存在重大不確定性, 本核數師須於核數師報告中提請注意綜合財 務報表中之相關披露,或倘該等披露不足,則 修訂本核數師之意見。本核數師之結論乃基於 截至核數師報告日期所獲得之審核憑證。然 而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團無法持 續經營。

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### 獨立核數師報告(續)

### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔之責任(續)

- 評估綜合財務報表之整體呈報方式、結構及內容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財務報表是否中 肯反映相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動之財務資料獲 取充足適當之審核憑證,以就綜合財務報表發 表意見。本核數師負責集團審核之方向、監督 及執行。本核數師為本核數師之審核意見承擔 全部責任。

本核數師與管治層就當中包括審核之計劃範圍、時 間安排及重大審核發現進行溝通,該等發現包括本 核數師在審核過程中識別之內部控制之任何重大缺 失。

本核數師亦向管治層作出聲明,說明本核數師已符 合有關獨立性之相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通可能 被合理地認為會影響本核數師獨立性之所有關係及 其他事宜,為消除威脅而採取之行動或已採用之防 範措施(如適用)。

從與管治層溝通之事項中,本核數師釐定哪些事項 對本期間綜合財務報表之審核最為重要,因而構成 關鍵審核事項。本核數師在核數師報告中描述該等 事項,除非法律或法規不允許公開披露該等事項, 或在極端罕見之情況下,倘合理預期在報告中提述 某事項造成之負面後果超出所產生之公眾利益,則 本核數師決定不應在報告中提述有關事項。

Confucius International CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants Tsang Kwong Kin Practising Certificate Number: P07368 Hong Kong 23 June 2023 **天健國際會計師事務所有限公司** 執業會計師 **曾廣健** 執業證書編號:P07368 香港 二零二三年六月二十三日

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

# 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

			2023	2022
		Notes 附註	二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Cost of sales	收益 銷售成本	7	190,810 (180,601)	330,336 (320,977)
Gross profit Other income Other gains and (losses) Provision of impairment loss under ECL model on trade receivables, net of reversa Administrative expenses Finance costs	毛利 其他收入 其他收益及(虧損) 貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損 模型項下之減值虧損撥備, 扣除撥回 行政開支 融資成本	9 10 22 11	10,209 1,843 3 (2,612) (9,705) (72)	9,359 6,063 (5) (3,294) (8,602) (91)
(Loss) profit before tax Income tax expense	除稅前(虧損)溢利 所得稅開支	12	(334) (60)	3,430 (3,101)
(Loss) profit for the year	本年度(虧損)溢利	13	(394)	329
<ul> <li>Other comprehensive (expense) income, net of income tax</li> <li>Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</li> <li>Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations</li> <li>Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:</li> <li>Fair value change on investment in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income</li> </ul>	其他全面(開支)收益, 已扣除所得稅 隨後可重新分類至損益之 項目: 換算海外業務所產生之 匯兌差額 將不會重新分類至損益之 項目: 按公允值計入其他全面收益 (「按公允值計入其他全面收益 (「按公允值計入其他全面 收益」)之金融資產投資之公		(22,794)	12,186
("FVTOCI")	允值變動		(1,097)	(4,538)
Other comprehensive (expense) income for the year	本年度其他全面 (開支) 收益		(23,891)	7,648
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	本年度全面 (開支) 收益總額		(24,285)	7,977
(Loss) profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	下列各項應佔本年度(虧損)溢利 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	:	(1,415) 1,021	329
			(394)	329
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	下列各項應佔本年度全面(開支) 收益總額: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(25,308) 1,023	7,977
			(24,285)	7,977
(Loss) earnings per Share (HK cents)	每股(虧損)盈利(港仙)	17		
Basic	基本		(2.40)	0.56
Diluted	攤薄		(2.40)	0.56

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March 2023

## 綜合財務狀況表

於二零二三年三月三十一日

			2023	2022
			二零二三年	二零二二年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment ("PPE")	物業、廠房及設備			
	(「物業、廠房及設備」)	18	342	500
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	19	455	1,179
Financial assets at FVTOCI	按公允值計入其他全面收益			
	之金融資產	21	50,160	51,257
			50,957	52,936
Current assets	流動資產			
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	22	170,913	173,890
		22	170,913	175,890
Financial asset at fair value through	透過損益按公允值計量			
profit or loss ("FVTPL")	(「透過損益按公允值			
	<b>計量</b> 」)之金融資產	23	-	1,229
Amount due from non-controlling interests	應收非控股權益款項	24	25	-
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	25	177,802	198,808
			348,740	373,927
Current liabilities	流動負債			
		26	2 5(9	1.7(2)
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	26	2,768	4,762
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	27	377	946
Contract liabilities	合約負債	28	1,278	-
Tax liabilities	稅項負債		4,058	5,514
			8,481	11,222
			0,401	11,222
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		340,259	362,705
	海次文法公司与违		201.217	415 (41
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		391,216	415,641
Non-current liability	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	27	77	242
		·		
Net assets	資產淨值		391,139	415,399

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION(CONTINUED)**

## 綜合財務狀況表(續)

As at 31 March 2023

#### 於二零二三年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	29	847,601	847,601
Reserves	儲備		(457,510)	(432,202)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人應佔權益 非控股權益		390,091 1,048	415,399
Total equity	權益總額		391,139	415,399

The consolidated financial statements on pages 74 to 155 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 23 June 2023 and were signed on its behalf by: 董事會於二零二三年六月二十三日批准及授權刊 印第74至155頁的綜合財務報表並由下列董事代表 簽署:

Mr. Chen Haining 陳海寧先生 Director 董事 Ms. Tong Jiangxia 童江霞女士 Director 董事

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

綜合權益變動表

				Equity	attributable to ov 本公司擁有丿		npany				
		Share capital	Exchange reserve	Merger reserve	Translation reserve	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估	Accumulated losses	Statutory reserve	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests	Total
		<b>股本</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>外匯儲備</b> <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>千港元</i>	<b>合併儲備</b> <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>千港元</i>	<b>匯兌儲備</b> <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	体 体 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	<b>累計虧損</b> <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	<b>法定儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>小計</b> HK\$'000 千港元	非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April 2021	於二零二一年四月一日	847,601	(808)	45,918	54,761	21,727	(561,777)	-	407,422	-	407,422
	本年度溢利 其他全面收益(開支) 一換算海外業務所産生之	-	-	-	-	-	329	-	329	-	329
translation of foreign operations – Fair value change on investment in	匯兌差額 一按公允值計入其他全面收益之	-	-	-	12,186	-	-	-	12,186	-	12,186
financial assets at FVTOCI	金融資產投資之公允值變動	-	1,877	-	-	(6,415)	-	-	(4,538)	-	(4,538)
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	本年度全面收益(開支)總額	-	1,877	-	12,186	(6,415)	329	-	7,977	-	7,977
As at 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日及 二零二二年四月一日	847,601	1,069	45,918	66,947	15,312	(561,448)	-	415,399	-	415,399
Other comprehensive income (expenses)	本年度(虧損)溢利 其他全面收益(開支) - 換算海外業務所産生之	-	-	-	-	-	(1,415)	-	(1,415)	1,021	(394)
<ul> <li>Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations</li> </ul>	一 換异 何 尔来 仍 所 座 主之 匯 兌 差額 一 按公允值計入其他全面收益	-	-	-	(22,796)	-	-	-	(22,796)	2	(22,794)
<ul> <li>Fair value change on investment in financial assets at FVTOCI</li> </ul>	一 按公元值計入其他主面收益 之金融資產投資之公允值變動	-	(3,420)	-	-	2,323	-	-	(1,097)	-	(1,097)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	本年度全面 (開支) 收益總額	-	(3,420)	-	(22,796)	2,323	(1,415)	-	(25,308)	1,023	(24,285)
	轉撥至法定儲備	-	-	-	-	-	(401)	401	-	-	-
Non-controlling interests arising on partial disposal of subsidiaries	部分出售附屬公司產生之非控股權益	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	25
As at 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	847,601	(2,351)	45,918	44,151	17,635	(563,264)	401	390,091	1,048	391,139

Notes:

As at 31 March 2023, the exchange reserve represents the exchange difference arising from the financial assets at FVTOCI. The exchange difference is recognised directly in other comprehensive income ("**OCI**") and accumulated in the exchange reserve. The exchange reserve will be reclassified to accumulated losses upon the disposal of the financial assets at FVTOCI.

Translation reserve relating to the translation of the net assets of the Group's subsidiaries outside Hong Kong ("**HK**") from their functional currencies to the Group's presentation currency are recognised directly in OCI and accumulated in the translation reserve. The translation reserve will be reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of these subsidiaries.

In accordance with the relevant laws and regulations for the Company's PRC subsidiaries, it is required to appropriate 10% of its annual net profit determined in accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises issued by the Ministry of Finance of the PRC, after offsetting any prior years' losses, to the statutory reserve. When the balance of such a reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital of the respective company, any further appropriation is at the discretion of its shareholders. The statutory reserve can be used to offset prior years' losses, if any, and may be converted into share capital by issuing new shares to shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholding or by increasing the par value of the shares currently held by them, provided that the remaining balance of the reserve after such an issue is not less than 25% of registered capital. The statutory reserve is non-distributable. As at 31 March 2023, statutory reserve is separately shown in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

附註:

於二零二三年三月三十一日,外匯儲備指按公允值計入 其他全面收益之金融資產所產生之匯兌差額。匯兌差額 直接於其他全面收益(「**其他全面收益**」)中確認並於外匯 儲備中累計。外匯儲備將於出售按公允值計入其他全面 收益之金融資產時重新分類至累計虧損。

有關將本集團於香港(「**香港**」)境外之附屬公司之資產淨 值由其功能貨幣換算為本集團之呈列貨幣的匯兌儲備直 接於其他全面收益中確認並於匯兌儲備中累計。匯兌儲 備將於出售該等附屬公司時重新分類至損益。

根據適用於本公司之中國附屬公司之相關法例及規例, 須按照中國財政部頒佈之企業會計準則規定,在抵銷任 何過往年度虧損後,將其年度純利之10%分配至法定儲 備。當該儲備結餘達各公司註冊資本之50%,股東可酌情 決定任何進一步之分配。法定儲備可用於抵銷過往年度 虧損(如有),且可通過按股東現有持股比例向股東發行 新股份或增加彼等現有股份之面值轉成股本,惟儲備剩 餘結餘在該等發行後須不少於註冊資本25%。法定儲備不 可分派。於二零二三年三月三十一日,法定儲備單獨於綜 合權益變動表列示。 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF

## 綜合現金流量表

**CASH FLOWS** For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

			2022	2022
			2023 → = → → /=	2022
		N7 (	二零二三年	二零二二年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
On anothing a set initian	經營業務			
<b>Operating activities</b> (Loss) profit before tax	経営業務 除稅前(虧損)溢利		(224)	2 420
Adjustments for:	际税前 (虧損) 溫利 已就下列項目調整:		(334)	3,430
Finance costs	已就下列項目調整: 融資成本	11	72	91
Depreciation of PPE	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	18	121	119
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊	18 19	1,018	989
Dividend income	使用催貢產之价 皆 股息收入	9	(944)	(437)
Interest income from banks and	來自銀行及金融機構之	/	()++)	(+57)
financial institutions	利息收入	9	(832)	(1,264)
Interest income from financial asset at	透過損益按公允值計量之		(052)	(1,201)
FVTPL	金融資產之利息收入	9	(7)	_
Loss from change in fair value of	透過損益按公允值計量之		(7)	
financial asset at FVTPL	金融資產之公允值變動			
	產生的虧損	10	_	3
Provision of impairment loss under ECL	貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損			
model on trade receivables,	模型項下之減值虧損			
net of reversal	撥備,扣除撥回	22	2,612	3,294
Realised gain from redemption of financial	贖回透過損益按公允值		,	
asset at FVTPL	計量之金融資產之變現			
	收益	10	(3)	-
Write-off of PPE	撇銷物業、廠房及設備	10	-	2
Operating cash inflow before movements in	營運資金變動前之經營現金			
working capital	流入		1,703	6,227
(Increase) decrease in trade and	貿易及其他應收款項			
other receivables	(增加)減少		(12,452)	6,388
(Decrease) increase in other payables	其他應付款項及應計款項			
and accruals	(減少)增加		(1,708)	2,700
Increase in contract liabilities	合約負債增加		1,274	
Cash (used in) from	經營業務所 (動用) 獲得的			
operating activities	現金		(11,183)	15,315
Income tax paid	已付所得稅		(1,107)	(2,699)
Net cash (used in) from	經營業務所 (動用) 獲得的			
operating activities	現金淨額		(12,290)	12,616
Investing activities	投資業務			
Decrease in non-pledged time deposits	購入時原到期日超過三個月之			
with original maturity of more than	無抵押定期存款減少			
three months when acquired			-	12,149
Dividend received	已收股息	9	944	437
Interest received from banks and	已收取來自銀行及金融機構之	0		1 (20
financial institutions	利息 透過損益按公允值計量之金	9	832	1,630
Interest received from financial	透過損益按公兀值計重之金 融資產所得利息	9	-	
asset at FVTPL	融貢座所待利息 購買物業、廠房及設備		7	(554)
Purchase of PPE Redemption (purchase) of financial	照貝初耒、廠房及設備 贖回(購買)透過損益按公允值	18	-	(554)
Redemption (purchase) of financial asset at FVTPL	頭回(輛頁)透迴預盈按公儿值 計量之金融資產	23	1,179	(1,212)
asset at 1 × 11 L	三日月二日	23	1,179	(1,212)
Net cash from investing activities	投資業務所獲得的現金淨額		2,962	12 450
net cash from investing activities	以貝木切門役付时此並伊很		2,902	12,450

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF 综合現金流量表(續) CASH FLOWS(CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2023

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Financing activity	融資業務			
Repayments of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	34	(1,102)	(1,031)
Net cash used in financing activity	融資業務所動用的現金淨額		(1,102)	(1,031)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物(減少) 增加淨額		(10,430)	24,035
Cash and cash equivalents as at 1 April	於四月一日之現金及 現金等價物		198,808	169,835
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動之影響		(10,576)	4,938
Cash and cash equivalents as at 31 March	於三月三十一日之現金及 現金等價物		177 802	100 000
	况並守惧物		177,802	198,808
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents:	現金及現金等價物結餘分析:			
Represented by deposits in financial institutions bank balances and cash	, 指於金融機構之存款、 銀行結餘及現金	25	177,802	198,808

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 1. GENERAL

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in HK and its ordinary shares ("Shares" and each a "Share") are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The Directors consider that Mr. Zhao John Huan is the ultimate controlling party. The address of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company is Unit 3517, Floor 35, West Tower, Shun Tak Centre, No. 168-200 Connaught Road Central, HK.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK dollars ("**HK\$**"), which is also the functional currency of the Company. In addition, the functional currencies of certain group entities that operate outside HK are determined based on the currency of the primary economic environment in which the group entities operate.

### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

# 2.1 Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on 1 April 2022 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020

The application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/ or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

## 綜合財務報表附註

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

### 1. 一般資料

本公司是一間在香港註冊成立之公眾有限公司,其普通股(「股份」及各股份「股份」)在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)GEM上市。董事視趙令歡先生為最終控制人。本公司註冊辦事處及主要營業地點之地址為香港干諾道中 168-200號信德中心西座35樓3517室。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其附屬公司之主 要業務載於綜合財務報表附註35。

綜合財務報表以港元(「**港元**」)呈列,港元亦為 本公司之功能貨幣。此外,若干於香港以外地 區經營的集團實體之功能貨幣乃以集團實體 經營所在主要經濟地區之貨幣列值。

### 應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)及香港財務報告準則之修訂

### 2.1 於本年度強制生效之香港財務報告準則之 修訂

於本年度,本集團已就編製綜合財務報 表首次應用下列由香港會計師公會(「**香** 港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準 則之修訂,有關修訂於二零二二年四月 一日開始之年度期間強制生效:

香港財務報告準則第3號	概念框架之提述
之修訂	
香港會計準則第16號	物業、廠房及設備一擬定
之修訂	用途前之所得款項
香港會計準則第37號	虧損合約-履行合約之
之修訂	成本
香港財務報告準則	二零一八年至二零二零年
之修訂	香港財務報告準則之
	年度改進

於本年度應用香港財務報告準則之修訂 對本集團於本年度及過往年度的財務狀 況及表現及/或該等綜合財務報表所載 披露並無重大影響。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

# 2.2 New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 17 (including the October 2020 and February 2022 Amendments to HKFRS 17)	Insurance Contracts <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1 Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants <sup>3</sup> Disclosure of Accounting Policies <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction <sup>1</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.
- <sup>2</sup> Effective date to be determined.
- <sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024.

The Directors do not anticipate that the application of these new and amendments to HKFRSs will have any material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

 應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)及香港財務報告準則之修訂(續)

### 2.2 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂香港財務報告 準則及香港財務報告準則之修訂

本集團並無提早應用下列已頒佈但尚未 生效之新訂香港財務報告準則及香港財 務報告準則之修訂:

香港財務報告準則第17號 (包括二零二零年十 月及二零二二年二月之 香港財務報告準則 第17號之修訂	保險合約1
香港財務報告準則第10號 及香港會計準則第28號 之修訂	投資者與其聯營公司或 合營企業之間資產出 售或投入 <sup>2</sup>
香港財務報告準則第16號 之修訂	售後租回之租賃負債3
香港會計準則第1號之 修訂	將負債分類為流動或非 流動以及香港詮釋第 5號(二零二零年)之 有關修訂 <sup>3</sup>
香港會計準則第1號之修訂 香港會計準則第1號及香港 財務報告準則實務聲明 第2號之修訂	附帶契諾之非流動負債3 會計政策披露 <sup>1</sup>
香港會計準則第8號之 修訂	會計估計之定義
香港會計準則第12號之 修訂	單一交易中產生之資產 及負債相關之遞延 稅項 <sup>1</sup>

- 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效。
- 2 生效日期待定。
- 3 於二零二四年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效。

董事預期,應用該等新訂香港財務報告 準則及香港財務報告準則之修訂將不會 於可見未來對本集團之綜合財務報表有 任何重大影響。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Statement of compliance**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM (the "GEM Listing Rules") of the Stock Exchange and by the CO.

### **Basis of preparation**

The directors of the Company have, at the time of approving the consolidated financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values as at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 Leases, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

### 3. 主要會計政策 合規聲明

綜合財務報表根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香 港財務報告準則編製。就編製綜合財務報表而 言,倘資料獲合理預期為影響主要使用者的決 策,則有關資料屬重大。此外,綜合財務報表 亦載入聯交所《GEM證券上市規則》(「《GEM 上市規則》」)及《公司條例》所規定的適用披露 資料。

### 編製基準

於批准綜合財務報表時,本公司董事合理期望 本集團有充足資源於可見將來繼續經營。因 此,彼等於編製綜合財務報表時繼續採用持續 經營會計基準。

誠如下文載列之會計政策所解釋,除若干金融 工具乃按每個報告期末之公允值計量外,綜合 財務報表乃按歷史成本基準編製。

歷史成本一般以就交換貨品及服務所提供代 價之公允值為基準。

公允值乃指市場參與者之間在計量日期進行 之有序交易中出售一項資產所收取價格或轉 移一項負債所支付價格,無論該價格乃直接觀 察到之結果,或是採用其他估值技術作出之估 計。在對資產或負債之公允值作出估計時,本 集團考慮了市場參與者在計量日期為該資產 或負債進行定價時將會考慮之該等特徵。於該 均按此基準釐定,惟香港財務報告準則第2號 以股份為基礎之付款範圍內以股份為基礎之 付款交易、根據香港財務報告準則第16號租賃 列賬之租賃交易,以及與公允值類似但並非公 允值之計量(例如香港會計準則第36號資產減 值中之使用價值)除外。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Basis of preparation (Continued)**

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 編製基準(續)

此外,就財務報告而言,根據公允值計量之輸入數據可觀察程度及公允值計量之輸入數據 對其整體之重要性,公允值計量可分類為第一級、第二級或第三級,詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據為實體於計量日期可取
   得之相同資產或負債於活躍市場之報價
   (未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據為就資產或負債直接或 間接可觀察之輸入數據(第一級內包含 之報價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據為資產或負債之不可觀 察輸入數據。

主要會計政策載列如下。

### 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及由本公司及其附 屬公司控制實體(包括結構實體)之財務報表。 倘屬以下情況,則本公司獲得控制權:

- 可對投資對象行使權力;
- 參與投資對象之業務而獲得或有權獲得 可變回報;及
- 有能力藉行使其權力而影響該等回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制因素中,有 一項或以上因素出現變動,本集團會重新評估 其是否控制投資對象。

本集團於獲取附屬公司控制權時將附屬公司 綜合入賬,並於其失去附屬公司控制權時終止 入賬。具體而言,於本年度內被收購或出售之 附屬公司收益及開支乃自本集團獲取控制權 日期起至本集團失去對附屬公司控制權日期 止期間計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Basis of consolidation (Continued)**

Profit or loss and each item of OCI are attributed to owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

# Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's relevant components of equity and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries, including re-attribution of relevant reserves between the Group and the non-controlling interests according to the Group's and the non-controlling interests' proportionate interests. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary and non-controlling interests (if any) are derecognised. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interests and (ii) the carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary attributable to owners of the Company. All amounts previously recognised in OCI in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (that is, reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 綜合基準(續)

損益及其他全面收益之各項目歸屬於本公司 擁有人及非控股權益。附屬公司的全面收益總 額歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益,即使這 將會導致非控股權益產生虧絀結餘,也仍會作 出有關歸屬。

於必要時,將對附屬公司之財務報表作出調整,以令彼等之會計政策與本集團之會計政策 一致。

有關本集團成員公司之間交易之所有集團內 公司間資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金 流量於綜合賬目時悉數對銷。

於附屬公司之非控股權益與本集團之權益分 開呈列,有關權益代表賦予其持有人權利於清 盤時按比例分佔相關附屬公司之資產淨值之 現有擁有權權益。

### 本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權之權益變動

倘本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權之權益變 動並未導致本集團失去對附屬公司之控制權, 則該變動按權益交易列賬。本集團相關權益及 非控股權益組成部分之賬面值乃經調整以反 映彼等於附屬公司之相應權益變動,包括按照 本集團與非控股權益之權益比例,將本集團與 非控股權益之間之相關儲備重新歸類。非控股 權益經調整之金額與已付或已收代價之公允 值之間的任何差額,直接於權益中確認並歸屬 於本公司擁有人。

倘本集團失去對附屬公司控制權,該附屬公司 之資產及負債以及非控股權益(如有)予以取 消確認。收益或虧損於損益內確認並按(i)所收 代價之公允值與任何保留權益之公允值總額 與(ii)本公司擁有人應佔該附屬公司之資產(包 括商譽)及負債賬面值兩者之間的差額計算。 先前於其他全面收益就該附屬公司確認之所 有金額均予以入賬,如本集團已直接出售該附 屬公司之相關資產或負債(即按適用香港財務 報告準則所訂明/允許而重新分類至損益或 轉撥至另一權益類別)。於失去控制權當日於 前附屬公司保留之任何投資的公允值,會根據 時被視為首次確認時的公允值或(如適用)首 次確認聯營公司或合營企業之投資成本。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any identified impairment loss on the statement of financial position of the Company.

### **Revenue from contracts with customers**

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has enforceable rights to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract asset represents the Group's rights to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional rights to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to the same contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 於附屬公司之投資

於附屬公司之投資乃按成本減任何已識別減 值虧損後計入本公司之財務狀況表。

### 來自客戶合約收益

本集團於完成履約責任時(或就此)確認收益, 即於特定履約責任相關之貨品或服務的「控制 權」轉讓予客戶時。

履約責任指可區分的單一貨品或服務(或一批 貨品或服務)或一系列大致相同的可區分貨品 或服務。

倘符合下列其中一項標準,控制權隨時間轉移,而收益會參考已完成相關履約責任的進度 隨時間確認:

- 於本集團履約時,客戶同時取得並耗用 本集團之履約所提供的利益;
- 本集團之履約產生及加強一項資產,而 該項資產於本集團履約時由客戶控制; 或
- 本集團之履約並未產生對本集團有替代 用途的資產,且本集團對迄今已完成履 約的付款具有可強制執行的權利。

否則,收益會在客戶獲得可區分的貨品或服務 的控制權時在某一時點確認。

合約資產指本集團就本集團已向客戶轉讓的 貨品或服務而收取代價的權利,有關權利並非 無條件,並須根據香港財務報告準則第9號評 估減值。相反,應收款項指本集團收取代價的 無條件權利,即只需待時間過去代價即需到期 支付。

合約負債指本集團因已向客戶收取代價(或代 價到期的一筆金額),而須向客戶轉讓貨品或 服務的責任。

與相同合約有關的合約資產及合約負債按淨 額基準入賬及呈列。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3.

### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)** *Principal versus agent*

When another party is involved in providing goods or services to a customer, the Group determines whether the nature of its promise is a performance obligation to provide the specified goods or services itself (i.e. the Group is a principal) or to arrange for those goods or services to be provided by the other party (i.e. the Group is an agent).

The Group is a principal if it controls the specified good or service before that good or service is transferred to a customer.

### Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "(loss) profit before tax" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and OCI because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 來自客戶合約收益(續)

### 委託人與代理人

於另一方涉及向客戶提供貨品或服務時,本集 團會釐定其承諾的性質是否為一項其自行提 供指定貨品或服務的履約責任(即本集團為委 託人)或安排由另一方提供該等貨品或服務的 履約責任(即本集團為代理人)。

倘本集團於特定貨品或服務轉移予客戶前控 制有關貨品或服務,則本集團為委託人。

### 稅項

所得稅開支是指即期應付稅項及遞延稅項之 總和。

即期應付稅項是根據本年度之應課稅溢利計 算。應課稅溢利與綜合損益及其他全面收益表 上呈報之「除稅前(虧損)溢利」存在差異,乃由 於其他年度之應課稅收入或可扣稅開支及不 需課稅或不可扣稅之項目。本集團之即期稅項 負債,乃根據報告期末已生效或實際生效之稅 率計算。

遞延稅項是指根據綜合財務報表資產及負債 之賬面值及計算應課稅溢利所採用之相關納 稅基礎間之暫時差額確認。一般情況之下,所 有因應課稅暫時差額而產生之遞延稅項負債 均予確認,而遞延稅項資產則一般就所有可扣 稅暫時差額按應課稅溢利可用作抵銷可扣稅 暫時差額之限額確認。如暫時差額是由因某交 易首次確認(業務合併除外)資產及負債而產 生,又不影響應課稅溢利及會計溢利,則不予 以確認此等遞延稅項資產及負債。此外,倘於 首次確認商譽時產生暫時差額,遞延稅項負債 不予以確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Taxation** (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary difference associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, as at the end of the reporting periods, to recover or settle the carrying amounts of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there are legally enforceable rights to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in OCI or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in OCI or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 稅項(續)

遞延稅項負債乃就於附屬公司及聯營公司之 投資及於合營企業之權益所產生應課稅暫時 差額而加以確認,惟倘本集團可控制暫時差額 之撥回,且暫時差額將可能不會在可見將來中 撥回。與該等投資及權益相關之可扣除暫時差 額所產生之遞延稅項資產僅於可能有足夠應 課稅溢利可以使用暫時差額之益處且預計於 可見將來可撥回時確認。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值乃於各報告期末進行 檢討,並在不可能有足夠之應課稅溢利可用作 抵免全部或部分將予收回之資產時進行調減。

倘負債可結算或資產可變現,遞延稅項資產及 負債按預期於期間內可應用之稅率以於報告 期末已生效或實際生效之稅率(及稅法)為基 準計量。

遞延稅項負債及資產之計量反映稅務影響,可 由本集團於報告期末預期之方式以收回或結 算其資產及負債之賬面值。

當有法定可強制執行權利將即期稅項資產與 即期稅項負債抵銷,且遞延稅項資產與負債 涉及由同一稅務機關對同一應課稅實體徵收 之所得稅時,可將遞延稅項資產與負債互相抵 銷。

即期及遞延稅項於損益內確認,惟倘其與於其 他全面收益或直接於權益確認之項目有關,於 此情況下,即期及遞延稅項亦分別於其他全面 收益或直接於權益確認。倘因業務合併之首次 會計方法而產生即期稅項或遞延稅項,有關稅 務影響會計入業務合併之會計方法內。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Foreign currencies**

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. As at the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Nonmonetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. When a fair value gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in profit or loss. When a fair value gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in OCI, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in OCI. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in OCI and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on the disposal or partial disposal of the Group's interests in associates or joint ventures.

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) using exchange rates prevailing as at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve (attributed to noncontrolling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interests in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation), all the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 外幣

於編製各個別集團實體之財務報表時,以該實 體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)所進行交易乃 按交易日期之現行匯率確認。於各報告期末, 以外幣列值之貨幣項目乃按當日之現行匯率 重新換算。以公允值列賬並以外幣計值之非貨 幣項目乃以公允值釐定當日之現行匯率重新 換算。當非貨幣項目之公允值收益或虧損於損 益確認時,則該收益或虧損之任何外匯部分亦 於損益確認。當非貨幣項目之公允值收益或虧 損於其他全面收益確認,則該收益或虧損之任 何外匯部分亦於其他全面收益確認。以外幣歷 史成本計量之非貨幣項目則不予重新換算。

因貨幣項目結算及貨幣項目重新換算產生之 匯兌差額,於產生期間於損益確認,惟應收或 應付海外業務之貨幣項目匯兌差額,既無計劃 結算,發生結算之可能性亦不大(因此構成海 外業務投資淨額之一部分),並初步於其他全 面收益確認,而因本集團於聯營公司或合營企 業之權益出售或部分出售時自權益重新分類 至損益。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團之海外業務 的資產及負債乃使用各報告期末當時之匯率 換算為本集團之呈報貨幣(即港元)。收入及支 出項目乃按該期間的平均匯率進行換算,除非 匯率於該期間內出現大幅波動則作別論,於此 情況下,則採用於交易日期之現行匯率換算。 所產生的匯兌差額(如有)乃於其他全面收益 確認及於匯兌儲備下以權益累計(於適當時歸 類為非控股權益)。

出售海外業務(即出售本集團於海外業務之全 部權益,或出售涉及失去附屬公司(包括海外 業務)控制權)時,有關本公司擁有人應佔該業 務所有於權益中累計之匯兌差額均重新分類 至損益。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Employee benefits – retirement benefits costs**

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme ("**MPF Scheme**") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees of the Company who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Company's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme, in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in People's Republic of China ("**PRC**") are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation as at the end of the reporting periods, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

#### **Borrowing costs**

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 僱員福利-退休福利成本

本集團根據《強制性公積金計劃條例》為符合 資格參與強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「**強積 金計劃**」)之本公司僱員設立定額供款強積金 計劃。供款乃根據僱員基本薪金之指定百分比 計算,並於根據強積金計劃規則應付時計入損 益內扣除。強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產 分開持有,並由獨立管理之基金管理。本公司 之僱主供款將於對強積金計劃作出時根據強 積金計劃規則全數撥歸僱員所有。

本集團在中華人民共和國(「**中國**」)營運之附 屬公司的僱員須參加當地政府管理之中央退 休金計劃。該等附屬公司須向中央退休金計劃 支付薪金成本之若干百分比作為供款。供款於 根據中央退休金計劃規則應付時計入損益內 扣除。

### 撥備

當本集團因過往事件而承擔現有責任(法定或 推定),而本集團可能須履行該項責任及可以 可靠地估計該項責任之金額時,則會確認撥 備。

所確認撥備金額為於報告期末經計及有關責 任之風險及不明朗因素後,對償付現有責任之 所需代價之最佳估計。倘撥備使用償付現有責 任之估計現金流量計量,則其賬面值為該等現 金流量之現值(倘有關貨幣時間價值之影響屬 重大)。

### 借貸成本

所有借貸成本於產生期間於損益內確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Government** grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other income".

### PPE

PPE are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. PPE are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of PPE less their residual value over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed as at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of PPE is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and is recognised in profit or loss.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 政府補助

政府補助不獲確認,直至能合理保證本集團 將遵守政府補助之附帶條件且將獲得有關補 助為止。

政府補助於本集團確認有關補助為開支期間 有系統地於損益確認,而有關補助擬用作抵 銷相關成本。

政府補助如涉及作為已產生開支或虧損之賠 償或為向本集團提供直接財務支援的應收收 入且不帶未來相關成本,則在其應收取期間 於損益確認。有關補助於「其他收入」項下呈 列。

### 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備為用於生產或提供貨品或服 務或行政用途之有形資產。物業、廠房及設備 乃按成本減日後累計折舊及日後累計減值虧損 (如有)於綜合財務狀況表入賬。

折舊乃利用直線法確認,以撇銷物業、廠房及 設備項目成本,減去彼等於其估計可使用年期 之剩餘價值。估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折 舊方法乃於各報告期末檢討,任何估計變動之 影響按預先計提之基準入賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時或當預期不會 自持續使用該資產而產生未來經濟利益時取 消確認。出售或棄置物業、廠房及設備項目所 產生之任何收益或虧損按出售所得款項與資 產賬面值兩者間之差額計算,並於損益內確 認。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Intangible assets

### Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination and recognised separately from goodwill are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination with finite useful lives are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

### Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from use. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

### Leases

#### Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the rights to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application or arising from business combinations, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed. As a practical expedient, leases with similar characteristics are accounted on a portfolio basis when the Group reasonably expects that the effects on the consolidated financial statements would not differ materially from individual leases within the portfolio.

### The Group as a lessee

### Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 無形資產

### 於業務合併中所收購之無形資產

於業務合併所收購之無形資產乃於商譽以外 另行確認,並於收購日期初步按公允值(被視 為其成本)確認。

於首次確認後,於業務合併所收購之具有有限 年期之無形資產按成本減累計攤銷及累計減 值虧損呈報,採取與獨立收購無形資產之相同 基準。

### 取消確認無形資產

無形資產於出售或當預期使用不會帶來未來 經濟利益時取消確認。取消確認無形資產產生 之收益及虧損按出售所得款項淨額與資產賬 面值之差額計算,並於取消確認資產時於損益 內確認。

### 租賃

### 一項租賃之定義

倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間內控制 可識別資產使用的權利,則該合約屬於或包含 一項租賃。

就於首次應用日期或之後訂立或修改或因業 務合併產生的合約而言,本集團根據香港財務 報告準則第16號之定義於開始、修訂日期或收 購日期(如適用)評估該合約是否屬於或包含 一項租賃。除非合約的條款及條件其後出現變 動,否則該合約將不予重新評估。作為可行權 宜方法,當本集團合理預期對綜合財務報表造 成之影響不會與組合內個別租賃大不相同,具 有類似特徵之租賃會按組合基準入賬。

### 本集團作為承租人

將代價分配至一項合約的組成部分 就包含一項租賃組成部分及一項或多項額外 租賃或非租賃組成部分的合約而言,本集團根 據租賃組成部分的相對單獨價格及非租賃組 成部分的單獨價格總和將合約代價分配至各 個租賃組成部分。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Leases (Continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of properties that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets as at the end of the lease terms are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease terms.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 租賃(續)

### 本集團作為承租人(續)

短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

對於租期為自開始日期起計為12個月或以內 且並無包含購買選擇權之物業租賃,本集團應 用短期租賃確認豁免。這亦對低價值資產租賃 應用確認豁免。短期租賃及低價值資產租賃的 租賃款項按直線法於租期內確認為開支。

*使用權資產* 使用權資產之成本包括:

- 租賃負債之初步計量金額;
- 於開始日期或之前支付之任何租賃款
   項,減任何已收租賃優惠;
- 本集團產生之任何初始直接成本;及
- 本集團拆除及移除相關資產、修復相關 資產所在場地或將相關資產恢復至租賃 條款及條件所規定狀態將予產生之估計 成本。

使用權資產按成本減任何累計折舊及減值虧 損計量,並就任何重新計量租賃負債作出調 整。

本集團已合理確定可於租期結束時取得相關 租賃資產所有權之使用權資產按直線法於其 估計可使用年期及租期(以較短者為準)內折 舊。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表中將使用權資產呈 列為單獨項目。

### 可退回租賃按金

已付可退回租賃按金乃根據香港財務報告準 則第9號入賬且初步按公允值計量。對初步確 認時之公允值作出之調整被視為額外租賃款 項,並計入使用權資產成本。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Leases (Continued)

### The Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 租賃(續)

### 本集團作為承租人 (續)

租賃負債

於一項租賃開始日期,本集團按該日未付之租 賃款項現值確認及計量租賃負債。倘租賃隱含 的利率難以釐定,則本集團會使用租賃開始日 期之增量借貸利率計算租賃款項之現值。

租賃款項包括:

- 固定付款(包括實質性的固定付款)減任
   何應收租賃優惠;
- 基於指數或利率的可變租賃款項,初步 使用開始日期的指數或利率計量;
- 剩餘價值擔保下本集團預期應付的金 額;
- 倘本集團合理確定行使購買選擇權,該 選擇權之行使價;及
- 倘租期反映本集團行使選擇權終止一項 租賃,終止租賃之罰款付款。

於開始日期後,租賃負債就漸增利息及租賃款 項作出調整。

於出現以下情況時,本集團會重新計量租賃負 債(及對相關使用權資產作出相應調整):

 租期發生變化或行使購買選擇權之評估 出現變動,在此情況下,相關租賃負債乃
 透過使用重新評估日期的經修訂貼現率
 貼現經修訂租賃款項予以重新計量。

租賃款項因市場租金審查後的市場租金 變化而有所變化,在此情況下,相關租賃 負債乃透過使用初始貼現率貼現經修訂 租賃款項予以重新計量。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases (Continued)

### The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities (Continued)

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### Lease modifications

The Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the rights to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability, less any lease incentives receivable, based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset. When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease components and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

### Changes in the basis for determining the future lease payments as a result of interest rate benchmark reform

For changes in the basis for determining the future lease payments as a result of interest rate benchmark reform, the Group applies the practical expedient to remeasure the lease liabilities by discounting the revised lease payments using the unchanged discount rate and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets. A lease modification is required by interest rate benchmark reform if and only if both of these conditions are met:

- the modification is necessary as a direct consequence of interest rate benchmark reform; and
- the new basis for determining the lease payments is economically equivalent to the previous basis (i.e. the basis immediately preceding the modification).

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 租賃(續)

### 本集團作為承租人 (續)

租賃負債(續) 本集團在綜合財務狀況表中將租賃負債呈列 為單獨項目。

租賃修改

倘出現以下情況,本集團會將租賃修改作為一 項單獨租賃入賬:

- 該項修改增加使用一項或多項相關資產 的權利擴大租賃範圍;及
- 租賃代價增加,增加的金額相當於範圍 擴大對應的單獨價格及為反映特定合約 之實際情況而對該單獨價格進行之任何 適當調整。

就未作為一項單獨租賃入賬的租賃修改而言, 本集團基於透過使用修改生效日期的經修訂 貼現率貼現經修訂租賃款項的經修改租賃的 租期,重新計量租賃負債減任何應收租賃優 惠。

本集團通過對相關使用權資產進行相應調整, 對租賃負債的重新計量進行會計處理。當修改 後的合約包含租賃組成部分和一個或多個其 他租賃或非租賃組成部分時,本集團根據租賃 組成部分的相對單獨價格及非租賃組成部分 的單獨價格總和將修改後合約的代價分配至 各個租賃組成部分。

### 因利率基準改革而導致釐定未來租賃款項基 準之變動

就因利率基準改革而導致釐定未來租賃款項 基準之變動而言,本集團採用可行權宜方法, 透過使用未變的貼現率貼現經修訂租賃款項 重新計量租賃負債,並對相關使用權資產作出 相應調整。當且僅當符合下述兩個條件時,租 賃修改須因應利率基準改革而作出:

- 該修改為之必然,乃利率基準改革直接 後果;及
- 釐定租賃款項之新基準在經濟上等同於
   先前基準(即緊接修改前之基準)。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Impairment on PPE, right-of-use assets and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of the reporting periods, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its PPE, right-of-use assets and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

The recoverable amount of PPE, right-of-use assets, and intangible assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant cash-generating unit when a reasonable and a consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cashgenerating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產以及無形資產 (商譽除外)之減值

本集團於報告期末檢討其具有限可使用年期 物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產以及無形資產 之賬面值,以確定該等資產有否任何跡象出現 減值虧損。倘存在任何該等跡象,則會估計相 關資產之可收回金額,以釐定減值虧損(如有) 之程度。

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產以及無形資產 之可收回金額乃按個別估計。倘無法個別估計 可收回金額,則本集團估計該項資產所屬之現 金產生單位之可收回金額。

對現金產生單位進行減值測試時,當可確立合 理及一致的分配基準時,企業資產會分配至相 關現金產生單位,否則分配至有可確立合理及 一致分配基準之現金產生單位之最小組別。企 業資產所屬之現金產生單位或一組現金產生 單位之可收回金額會作釐定及與相關現金產 生單位或一組現金產生單位之賬面值作比較。

可收回金額為公允值減去出售成本及使用價 值兩者之較高者。於評估使用價值時,估計未 來現金流量乃以稅前貼現率貼現至其現值,該 貼現率反映市場現時所評估之貨幣時間價值 及資產(或現金產生單位)特定風險,而估計未 來現金流量並未經調整。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Impairment on PPE, right-of-use assets and intangible assets other than goodwill (Continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit or a group of cash generating units) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or the cashgenerating unit or a group of cash-generating units) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and a consistent basis to a cash-generating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash-generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cash-generating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cash-generating units. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cash generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cash generating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit or a group of cashgenerating units) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cashgenerating unit or a group of cash-generating units) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產以及無形資產 (商譽除外)之減值(續)

倘資產(或現金產生單位或一組現金產生單 位)之可收回金額估計少於其賬面值,則資產 (或現金產生單位或一組現金產生單位)之賬 而值將降至其可收回金額。就未能按合理及一<br/> 致的基準分配至現金產生單位的企業資產或 部分企業資產而言,本集團會將一組現金產生 單位之賬面值(包括已分配至該組現金產生單 位之企業資產或部分企業資產之賬面值)與該 組現金產生單位之可收回金額進行比較。於分 配減值虧損時,首先分配減值虧損以調低任何 商譽之賬面值(如適用),其後根據單位或現金 產生單位組別內各資產之賬面值按比例分配 至其他資產。一項資產之賬面值不會調低至低 於其公允值減出售成本(倘可計量)、使用價值 (倘可確定)及零(以最高者為準)。分配至資 產之減值虧損數額則按比例分配至單位或現 金產生單位組別之其他資產。減值虧損乃即時 於損益確認。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則有關資產(或現金產 生單位或一組現金產生單位)之賬面值將回升 至重新估計之可收回金額,而所增加之賬面值 不得超過假設該資產(或現金產生單位或一組 現金產生單位)於過往年度並無確認減值虧損 而釐定之賬面值。減值虧損之撥回將即時於損 益確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade day basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income and dividend income which are derived from the Group's financial assets (other than ordinary course of business) are presented as other income.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具

當一間集團實體成為金融工具合約其中一方 時確認金融資產及金融負債。所有按常規買賣 之金融資產按交易日基準確認及取消確認。按 常規買賣指買賣須於市場規例或慣例所定時 限內交付資產之金融資產。

金融資產及金融負債首次以公允值計量,惟初 步根據香港財務報告準則第15號計量自客戶 合約所產生之貿易應收款項除外。直接歸於收 購或發行金融資產及金融負債(透過損益按公 允值計量之金融資產或金融負債除外)之交易 成本,於首次確認時計入金融資產或金融負債 (如適用)之公允值或從中扣減。收購透過損 益按公允值計量之金融資產或金融負債直接 產生之交易成本即時於損益確認。

實際利息法乃計算有關期間之金融資產或金 融負債攤銷成本及利息收入及利息開支分配 之方法。實際利率為透過金融資產或金融負債 之預期年期或(如適用)較短期間將估計未來 現金收付款(包括構成實際利率不可分割部分 之所有已付或已收費用及點數、交易成本及其 他溢價或折讓)準確貼現至首次確認時之賬面 淨值之利率。

本集團之金融資產(除日常業務過程外)產生的利息收入及股息收入均呈列為其他收入。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Financial instruments (Continued)

### Financial assets

*Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets* Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in OCI if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 Business Combinations applies.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

### 金融資產

*金融資產之分類及後續計量* 符合下列條件之金融資產其後乃按攤銷成本 計量:

- 該金融資產於以收取合約現金流量為目的之商業模式下持有;及
- 合約條款令於特定日期產生之現金流量 僅為支付本金及未償還本金額之利息。

符合下列條件之金融資產其後乃按公允值計 入其他全面收益計量:

- 該金融資產於同時以出售及收取合約現
   金流量為目的之商業模式下持有;及
- 合約條款令於特定日期產生之現金流量 僅為支付本金及未償還本金額之利息。

所有其他金融資產其後透過損益按公允值計 量,惟於首次確認金融資產時,倘股權投資並 非持作買賣,亦非由於收購方在香港財務報告 準則第3號業務合併所適用的業務合併中確認 的或然代價,則本集團可不可撤銷地選擇於其 他全面收益呈列該股權投資公允值的其後變 動。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

(i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured at amortised cost and debt instruments measured at FVTOCI. For financial instruments other than purchased or originated creditimpaired financial assets, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired. For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

(ii) Equity instruments designated at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in OCI and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve; and are not subject to impairment assessment. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the equity investments, and will be transferred to retained profits.

Dividends from these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's rights to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Dividends are included in the other income line item in profit or loss.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產之分類及後續計量(續)

- 攤銷成本及利息收入 (i) 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產及按公允值 計入其他全面收益計量之債務工具的 利息收入乃使用實際利息法予以確認。 對於已購或原先出現信貸減值之金融資 產以外之金融工具,利息收入乃對一項 金融資產賬面總值應用實際利率予以計 算,惟其後出現信貸減值的金融資產除 外。就其後出現信貸減值的金融資產而 言,自下一報告期起,利息收入乃對金融 資產攤銷成本應用實際利率予以確認。 倘信貸減值金融工具的信貸風險好轉, 使金融資產不再出現信貸減值,於釐定 資產不再出現信貸減值後,自報告期開 始起利息收入乃對金融資產賬面總值應 用實際利率予以確認。
- (ii) 指定為按公允值計入其他全面收益之股本工具 於按公允值計入其他全面收益之股本工 具投資按公允值計量,且自公允值變動 產生之收益及虧損乃於其他全面收益確 認並累計至投資重估儲備;及毋須進行 減值評估。出售股本投資之累計收益或 虧損將不會重新分類至損益,並將轉撥 至保留溢利。

來自該等股本工具投資之股息於本集團 確立收取股息的權利時在損益確認,除 非能明確顯示股息是用作收回部分投資 成本。股息乃計入損益中其他收入項目 內。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Financial instruments (Continued)**

**Financial assets (Continued)** 

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

(iii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated at FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value as at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "other gains and losses" line item.

### Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9

The Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model on financial assets which are subject to impairment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("**12m ECL**") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessments are made based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions as at the end of the reporting periods as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables without significant financing component.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產之分類及後續計量(續)

(iii) 透過損益按公允值計量之金融資產 不符合按攤銷成本或按公允值計入其他 全面收益計量或指定為按公允值計入其 他全面收益計量標準之金融資產乃透過 損益按公允值計量。

> 透過損益按公允值計量之金融資產於各 報告期末按公允值計量,且其任何公允 值收益或虧損於損益確認。於損益確認 之收益或虧損淨額不包括於金融資產所 賺取的任何股息或利息,並計入「其他收 益及虧損」項目內。

須根據香港財務報告準則第9號進行減值評 估之金融資產減值

本集團根據香港財務報告準則第9號就須予減 值之金融資產進行預期信貸虧損模型項下的 減值評估。預期信貸虧損金額於各報告日期更 新以反映信貸風險自首次確認以來的變動。

全期預期信貸虧損指於相關工具之預計年期 內所有可能之違約事件而產生的預期信貸虧 損。相反,12個月預期信貸虧損(「12個月預期 信貸虧損」)指於報告日期後12個月內因可能 發生的違約事件而預期產生的部分全期預期 信貸虧損。評估乃根據本集團之過往信貸虧損 經驗作出,並就債務人特定因素、一般經濟狀 況及於報告期末對現況作出的評估以及未來 狀況預測而作出調整。

本集團一直就並無重大融資部分的貿易應收 款項確認全期預期信貸虧損。

就所有其他工具而言,本集團計量虧損撥備相 等於12個月預期信貸虧損,除非當信貸風險自 首次確認以來顯著增加,否則本集團確認全期 預期信貸虧損。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the end of the reporting periods with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 180 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

須根據香港財務報告準則第9號進行減值評 估之金融資產減值(續)

- (i) 信貸風險顯著增加
  - 評估信貸風險自首次確認以來有否顯著 增加時,本集團會就金融工具於報告期 末發生違約的風險與金融工具於首次確 認當日發生違約的風險進行比較。在進 行有關評估時,本集團會考慮合理且可 靠的定量和定性資料,包括過往經驗及 毋須付出不必要的成本或精力即可獲得 的前瞻性資料。

具體而言,在評估信貸風險是否顯著增 加時會考慮以下資料:

- 金融工具外部(如有)或內部信貸評 級的實際或預期顯著惡化;
- 信貸風險的外部市場指標顯著惡 化,例如債務人的信貸息差、信貸 違約掉期價格顯著上升;
- 商業、金融或經濟狀況出現預計會
   導致債務人償債能力顯著下降的
   現有或預期不利變化;
- 債務人經營業績實際或預期顯著
   惡化;及
- 債務人的監管、經濟或技術環境有 實際或預期的顯著不利變動,導致 債務人償債能力顯著下降。

無論上述評估的結果如何,本集團假設 倘合約付款逾期超過180日,則信貸風險 自首次確認以來顯著增加,除非本集團 有能說明信貸風險並無顯著增加的合理 可靠資料,則作別論。

本集團定期監察就確定信貸風險曾否顯 著增加所用標準之成效,並視適當情況 修訂有關標準,以確保其能夠於款項逾 期前發現信貸風險顯著增加。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Financial instruments (Continued)**

### Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditor, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 365 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

### 金融資產(續)

須根據香港財務報告準則第9號進行減值評 估之金融資產減值(續)

(ii) 違約定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團認為,違約事件在內部制定或取自外界來 源的資料顯示債務人不大可能悉數向其 債權人(包括本集團)還款(未計及本集團 所持任何抵押品)時發生。

不論上述,本集團認為,違約於金融資產 逾期超過365日時發生,除非本集團有合 理可靠資料顯示更加滯後的違約標準更 為恰當。

- (iii) 信貸減值之金融資產
   金融資產在一項或多項事件(對該金融
   資產估計未來現金流量構成不利影響)
   發生時出現信貸減值。金融資產出現信
   貸減值的證據包括有關以下事件的可觀
   察數據:
  - (a) 發行人或借款人出現重大財政困 難;
  - (b) 違約,如拖欠或逾期事件;
  - (c) 借款人的貸款人因有關借款人出 現財政困難的經濟或合約理由而 向借款人授出貸款人不會另行考 慮的優惠;
  - (d) 借款人可能破產或進行其他財務 重組;或
  - (e) 由於財政困難,該金融資產的活躍 市場消失。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. The Group uses a practical expedient in estimating ECL on trade receivables using a provision matrix taking into consideration historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

### 金融資產(續)

須根據香港財務報告準則第9號進行減值評 估之金融資產減值(續)

(iv) 撇銷政策

本集團於有資料顯示交易方處於嚴重財 政困難且無實際復甦前景時,例如交易 方處於清盤程序或已進入破產程序時, 或者就貿易應收款項而言,相關金額逾 期超過兩年(以較早者為準)撤銷金融資 產。於計及法律意見(如適用)的情況下, 已撤銷的金融資產可仍然受限於根據本 集團的收回程序進行的強制執行工作。 撤銷乃構成銷賬事件。任何後續收回款 項於損益確認。

(v) 計量及確認預期信貸虧損 計量預期信貸虧損取決於違約概率、違約虧損率程度(即倘發生違約之虧損程 度)及違約風險。違約概率及違約虧損率 程度之評估乃按過往數據及前瞻性資料 為基準。估計預期信貸虧損反映無偏頗 的概率加權平均金額,此乃以發生違約 的風險為權重釐定。本集團經考慮過往 信貸虧損經驗後使用撥備矩陣並採用可 行權宜方法估計貿易應收款項的預期信 貸虧損,並按毋須花費不必要成本或精 力即可獲得的前瞻性資料作出調整。

> 一般而言,預期信貸虧損為根據合約應 付本集團之所有合約現金流量與本集團 預期將收取之現金流量之間之差額,並 按首次確認時釐定之實際利率貼現。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

- (v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)
  - For collective assessment, the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:
  - past-due status;
  - nature, size and industry of debtors; and
  - external credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amounts, with the exception of trade receivables where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

### Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interests in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue cost.

Perpetual instruments, which include no contractual obligation for the Group to deliver cash or other financial assets or the Group has the sole discretion to defer payment of distribution and redemption of principal amount indefinitely are classified as equity instruments.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

### 金融資產(續)

須根據香港財務報告準則第9號進行減值評 估之金融資產減值(續)

- (v) 計量及確認預期信貸虧損(續) 就集體評估而言,本集團將於制定組別 時考慮以下特徵:
  - 逾期狀況;
  - 債務人的性質、規模及行業;及
  - 外部信用評級(如有)。

管理層定期檢討該分組,以確保每組別 之組成項目繼續具有相似之信貸風險特 徵。

利息收入按金融資產之賬面總值計算, 除非金融資產出現信貸減值,在此情況 下,利息收入按金融資產之攤銷成本計 算。

本集團透過調整金融工具之賬面值於損 益內確認所有金融工具之減值收益或虧 損,惟貿易應收款項乃透過虧損撥備賬 確認相應調整除外。

### 金融負債及股本工具

分類為債務或權益 由一間集團實體發行之債務及股本工具,乃依 據合約安排之實質,及對金融負債及股本工具 之界定被歸類為金融負債或權益。

#### 股本工具

股本工具乃任何證明一間實體經扣減所有負 債後之資產剩餘權益之合約。本集團所發行之 股本工具乃按已收所得款項減去直接發行費 用確認。

永久性工具(不包括本集團交付現金或其他金 融資產的合約責任或本集團可全權酌情無限 期延遲支付分派及贖回本金金額)分類為股本 工具。

本公司自有股本工具之購回已直接於權益確認及自權益扣除。並無就購買、銷售、發行或 註銷本公司自有股本工具而於損益確認任何 收益或虧損。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Financial instruments (Continued)

## Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities (including other payables and accruals, and lease liabilities) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interests in the asset and associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

On the derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to accumulated losses.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the sum of the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

### **金融負債及股本工具(續)** 金融負債

所有金融負債其後採用實際利息法按攤銷成 本計量。

按攤銷成本計量之金融負債

金融負債(包括其他應付款項及應計款項,以 及租賃負債)其後採用實際利息法按攤銷成本 計量。

### 取消確認

當從資產收取現金流量之合約權利屆滿時,或 轉讓金融資產並已轉移資產擁有權之絕大部 分風險及回報予另一實體時,本集團方會取消 確認該項金融資產。倘本集團並無轉移或保留 擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報並繼續控制已 轉讓資產,則本集團會確認其於資產的保留權 益及可能需要支付的相關負債款項。倘本集團 保留已轉讓金融資產擁有權之絕大部分風險 及回報,則本集團繼續確認金融資產,亦會就 已收取之所得款項確認有抵押借貸。

於取消確認按攤銷成本計量的金融資產時,資 產賬面值與已收及應收代價總和之間的差額 乃於損益確認。

於取消確認本集團於首次確認時選擇按公允 值計入其他全面收益計量之股本工具投資時, 先前於投資重估儲備累計之累計收益或虧損 不會重新分類至損益,惟會轉撥至累計虧損。

當且僅當本集團之責任被解除、註銷或到期 時,本集團才會取消確認金融負債。取消確認 的金融負債賬面值與已付及應付代價總和之 間之差額於損益中確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents presented on the consolidated statement of financial position include:

- (a) cash, which comprises of cash on hand and demand deposits, excluding bank balances that are subject to regulatory restrictions that result in such balances no longer meeting the definition of cash; and
- (b) cash equivalents, which comprises of short-term (generally with original maturity of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

For the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management. Such overdrafts are presented as short-term borrowings in the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### **Related parties**

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control of the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物於綜合財務狀況表呈列,包 括:

- (a) 現金,其包括手頭現金及活期存款,不包括受監管限制而導致有關結餘不再符合現金定義的銀行結餘;及
- (b) 現金等價物,其包括短期(通常原到期日為三個月或更短)、可隨時轉換為已知數額現金且價值變動風險不大的高流動性投資。現金等價物持作滿足短期現金承擔,而非用於投資或其他目的。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物包括上文定義的現金及現金等價物,扣除須按要求償還且構成本集團之現金管理組成部分之未償還銀行透支。有關透支於綜合財務狀況表 呈列為短期借貸。

### 關連人士

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或該人士之近 親與本集團有關連:
  - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的主要 管理層成員。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Related parties (Continued)**

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same Group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
  - (iii) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of its employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); or
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity, and include:

- (a) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (b) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (c) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 關連人士(續)

- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,即實體與本集團 有關連:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團之成 員公司(即各母公司、附屬公司及 同系附屬公司彼此間有關連);
  - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之聯營公司
     或合營企業(或另一實體為成員公
     司之集團旗下成員公司之聯營公
     司或合營企業);
  - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方之合營 企業;
  - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體之合營企
     業,而另一實體為該第三方實體之
     聯營公司;
  - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集團有關連 之實體就其僱員利益設立的離職 福利計劃。倘本集團本身便是該計 劃,提供資助的僱主亦與本集團有 關連;
  - (vi) 實體受(a)所識別人士控制或受共同控制;
  - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對實體有重大影響力或屬該實體(或該實體的母公司)主要管理層成員;或
  - (viii) 為本集團或本集團之母公司提供 主要管理人員服務的實體或集團 中的任何成員公司。

一名人士之近親乃估計可影響該人士與實體 進行交易或受其影響之家庭成員,並包括:

- (a) 該名人士之子女及配偶或家庭夥伴;
- (b) 該名人士之配偶或家庭夥伴之子女;及

(c) 該名人士或該名人士之配偶或家庭夥伴 之家屬。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the Directors have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

# Determining whether the Group is acting as a principal or as an agent in trading of natural gas

Management of the Group considered that the Group is acting as a principal in these businesses because it obtains control of the goods sold before they are transferred to customers after taking into consideration of indicators such as the Group is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the goods. The Group has inventory risk and credit risk associated with the transaction. In determining whether the Group is acting as a principal or as an agent, management is required to exercise significant judgement and to consider all relevant facts and circumstances of the business.

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty as at the end of the reporting periods that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 4. 重要會計判斷及估計不明朗因素主要來源

於應用本集團之會計政策(於綜合財務報表附 註3論述)時,董事須對未能於其他途徑明確得 悉之資產及負債之賬面值作出判斷、估計及假 設。該等估計及有關假設乃根據過往經驗及被 視為相關的其他因素而作出。實際結果或會有 別於該等估計。

此等估計及相關假設乃持續作出檢討。會計估 計之變動如只影響該期間,則會計估計之變動 於估計變動之期間確認。如變動影響即期及以 後期間,則會計估計之變動於變動期間及以後 期間確認。

#### 應用會計政策之重要判斷

下列為董事於應用本集團會計政策過程中作 出之重要判斷(涉及估計者除外(見下文)),該 等判斷對綜合財務報表所確認金額具最重大 影響。

### *釐定本集團於天然氣貿易中是否擔任委託人* 或代理人

經考慮本集團主要負責履行承諾提供貨品等 指標後,本集團管理層認為,本集團於此業務 中擔任委託人,原因是其於所售貨品轉移予客 戶前獲得有關貨品的控制權。本集團面臨與該 交易有關的存貨風險及信貸風險。於釐定本集 團是否擔任委託人或代理人時,管理層須行使 重大判斷並考慮所有相關事實及營商環境。

#### 估計不明朗因素主要來源

下列為關於未來之主要假設,以及於報告期末 估計不明朗因素之其他主要來源,因而可能存 在於下一個財政期間對資產及負債賬面值作 出重大調整之主要風險。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### Estimated useful lives and residual values of PPE and right-ofuse assets

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and residual values and consequently the related depreciation charges for its PPE and right-of-use assets. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of the assets of similar nature and functions. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitors action in response to several industry cycles. Management will increase the depreciation charge when useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or nonstrategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Actual economic lives and actual residual values may differ from estimated useful lives and residual values. Periodic reviews could result in a change in depreciable lives and residual values and therefore changes in depreciation expenses in the future periods.

#### Provision of ECL for trade receivables

The Group has applied the simplified approach defined in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The ECL are based on internal credit ratings as groupings of various debtors that have similar loss patterns. The ECL is based on the Group's shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due taking into consideration forward-looking information that is reasonable and supportable available without undue costs or effort. At every reporting date, the risk of a default occurring is reassessed and changes in the forward-looking information are considered by the Group. In addition, trade receivables with significant balances and credit-impaired are assessed for ECL individually.

The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. The information about the ECL and the Group's trade receivables are disclosed in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Impairment loss recognised in respect of other receivables

When there is objective evidence of impairment loss, the Group takes into consideration the estimation of future cash flows. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, material impairment loss may be arisen.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

 重要會計判斷及估計不明朗因素主要來源 (續)

### 估計不明朗因素主要來源(續)

### 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的估計可 使用年期及剩餘價值

本集團管理層釐定估計可使用年期及剩餘價 值,以及其物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產 的相關折舊開支。該估計乃基於相似性質及功 能資產實際可使用年期的過往經驗,可能因技 術創新及競者對手就若干行業週期採取行動 而出現重大變動。倘可使用年期少於先前估計 可使用年期,則管理層將增加折舊開支,或撇 銷或撇減已棄置或出售的技術過時或非策略 性資產。實際經濟年期及實際剩餘價值可能與 估計可使用年期及剩餘價值有所不同。定期審 閱可導致可予折舊年期及剩餘價值有所更改, 從而導致未來期間的折舊開支有所更改。

### 貿易應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備

本集團已應用香港財務報告準則第9號界定之 簡化方式按全期預期信貸虧損計量虧損撥備。 預期信貸虧損乃根據內部信貸評級按具有類 似虧損模式的各債務人歸類。預期信貸虧損乃 依據本集團的共同信貸風險特徵及逾期日數, 並加以考慮合理可靠及毋須付出不必要成本 或精力即可得之前瞻性資料。於各報告日期, 本集團重新評估發生違約之風險,並加以考慮 前瞻性資料之變動。此外,具重大結餘且出現 信貸減值之貿易應收款項乃就預期信貸虧損 單獨進行評估。

預期信貸虧損撥備易受估計變動之影響。有關 預期信貸虧損及本集團之貿易應收款項的資 料披露於綜合財務報表附註22。

#### 就其他應收款項確認之減值虧損

當發現減值虧損之客觀證據時,本集團會考慮 估計未來現金流量。減值虧損之金額以資產賬 面值與以金融資產之原有實際利率(即按首次 確認計算之實際利率)貼現的估計未來現金流 量現值(不包括未產生的未來信貸虧損)之差 額計量。倘實際未來現金流量低於預期,重大 減值虧損或會出現。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### 5. **CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders ("Shareholders") of the Company through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The overall strategies of the Group remained unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

The Directors review the Group's capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the Directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the Directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through new Share issues and Share repurchases as well as the issue of new debts or the redemption of existing debts.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as the Group's interest-bearing borrowings divided by its total equity.

The gearing ratios as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 5. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其旗下資本以確保本集團之實體 將能夠持續經營,並透過優化債務及權益結餘 為本公司股東(「股東」)帶來最大回報。本集團 之整體策略與去年維持不變。

本集團之資本結構包括現金及現金等價物及 本公司擁有人應佔權益,當中包括已發行股本 及儲備。

董事定期檢討本集團之資本結構。作為檢討一 環,董事考慮資本成本及各類資本之相關風 險。根據董事之推薦意見,本集團將透過發行 新股、股份購回以及發行新債務或贖回現有債 務等方式平衡整體資本結構。

本集團按照資本負債比率對資本進行監控。資 本負債比率乃按本集團之計息借貸除以其權 益總額計算。

於二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日之 資本負債比率如下:

		2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Debt	債務	-	_
Total equity	權益總額	391,139	415,399
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	0%	0%

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS 6.

#### 6. 金融工具

金融工具類別 **6a**.

		The Group 本集團	
		2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Financial assets	金融資產		
Financial assets at FVTOCI Financial asset at FVTPL Financial assets at amortised cost	按公允值計入其他全面收益之 金融資產 透過損益按公允值計量之 金融資產 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產	50,160 	51,257 1,229 362,652 415,138
		579,803	413,138
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融負債	1,884	4,604

<sup>6</sup>a. Categories of financial instruments

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include financial assets at FVTOCI, financial asset at FVTPL, trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other payables and accruals as well as lease liabilities. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Foreign currency risk

Most of the Group's business transactions are denominated in HK\$ and Renminbi ("**RMB**"). The Group's foreign currency assets, liabilities and transactions are principally denominated in RMB. This currency is not the functional currency of the Group entities to which these balances relate. The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk arising from the movements in the exchange rates of RMB against the functional currencies of the Group entities. The Group manages its foreign currency risks by closely monitoring the movement of the foreign currency rates.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities as at the end of the reporting periods are as follows:

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

# 金融工具(續) b. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括按公允值計 入其他全面收益之金融資產、透過損益 按公允值計量之金融資產、貿易及其他 應收款項、現金及現金等價物、其他應付 款項及應計款項以及租賃負債。該等金 融工具詳情於有關附註內披露。有關金 融工具之風險及減低該等風險之政策載 列如下。管理層負責管理及監察有關風 險,以確保推行適時有效之適當措施。

#### 外幣風險

本集團之業務交易大部分以港元及人 民幣(「**人民幣**」)計值。本集團之外幣資 產、負債及交易主要以人民幣計值。該貨 幣並非與本集團實體結餘有關之功能貨 幣。本集團面對人民幣兌本集團實體功 能貨幣之匯率變動所產生之外幣風險。 本集團透過密切監察外幣匯率變動管理 其外幣風險。

於報告期末,本集團以外幣計值之貨幣 資產及貨幣負債之賬面值如下:

			Assets 資產		ilities 債
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
RMB	人民幣	319,846	307,887	794	3,703

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management will closely monitor foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise. 本集團目前並無制訂外幣對沖政策。然 而,管理層將密切監察外匯風險,如有必 要,亦將考慮對沖重大外匯風險。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Sensitivity analysis

The Group is exposed to fluctuations in exchange rates of RMB. As at 31 March 2023, if HK\$ had weakened/ strengthened by 5% against RMB with all other variables held constant, other comprehensive expenses for the year would have been approximately HK\$15,840,000 (2022: HK\$15,137,000) lower/higher and profit or loss for the year would have been approximately HK\$114,000 (2022: HK\$72,000) lower/higher.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group was exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed rate bank deposits and lease liabilities. Details of the bank deposits and lease liabilities are disclosed in notes 25 and 27 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider other necessary actions when significant interest rate exposure is anticipated.

The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note.

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk. Since the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates and, as the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities except for the deposits in banks, details of which have been disclosed in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements, the cash flow interest rate risk is considered to be insignificant.

The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy.

#### Other price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk on its investments in equity securities measured at FVTOCI. The management will monitor the price movements and take appropriate actions when they are required. The Group also invested in unlisted investment fund recognised in financial asset at FVTPL in 2022. The management manages the exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk and return profiles.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

金融工具(續)
 b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 敏感度分析

本集團面對人民幣之匯率波動。於二零 二三年三月三十一日,倘港元兌人民 幣貶值/升值5%而所有其他變數維持 不變,年內之其他全面開支將減少/ 增加約15,840,000港元(二零二二年: 15,137,000港元),而年內之損益將減 少/增加約114,000港元(二零二二年: 72,000)。

#### 利率風險

本集團面臨有關定息銀行存款及租賃負 債之公允值利率風險。銀行存款及租賃 負債之詳情分別於綜合財務報表附註25 及27披露。然而,管理層監管利率風險, 並於預期出現重大利率風險時考慮採取 其他所需行動。

本集團須承受之金融負債利率風險於本 附註流動資金風險管理一節詳述。

本集團亦面臨現金流量利率風險。由於 本集團之收入及經營現金流量幾乎不受 市場利率變動之影響,及除銀行存款(其 詳情於綜合財務報表附註25披露)外,本 集團概無重大計息資產及負債,現金流 量利率風險微不足道。

本集團現時並無利率對沖政策。

#### 其他價格風險

本集團按公允值計入其他全面收益計量 之股權證券投資面臨股權價格風險。管 理層將監察價格波動,並於需要時採取 適當行動。於二零二二年本集團亦投資 於透過損益按公允值計量之金融資產確 認之非上市投資基金。管理層透過維持 具有不同風險及回報特點之投資組合管 理風險。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

### Credit risk and impairment assessment

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparties will default on their obligations to repay the amounts owing to the Group, resulting in a loss to the Group. The maximum exposure to credit risk in the event that the counterparties fail to perform their obligations at end of the financial year in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk for trading of LNG, the management of the Group has delegated team members to be responsible for the determination of respective credit limits and credit approvals. Receivables due from customers generally have credit periods up to 180 days. Normally, the Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancement over its trade receivables. Other monitoring procedures are in place to ensure follow-up action is taken by the Group to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model upon application of HKFRS 9 on trade balances individually. In this regard, the Directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has concentration of credit risk as approximately 95.73% (2022: 94.95%) and approximately 100% (2022: 97.97%) of the trade receivables are due from the Group's largest customer and the three largest (2022: two largest) customers respectively. By geographical location, concentration of credit risk is in PRC, which accounted for approximately 100% (2022: 100%) of the trade receivables of the Group as at 31 March 2023.

The credit risk on bank balances, deposits in financial institutions and non-pledged time deposits is limited because the counterparties are with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agents, the Directors consider the credit risk for such institutions is minimal.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

金融工具(續)
 b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 信貸風險及減值評估

信貸風險指交易方未能履行彼等之承 擔,償還結欠本集團之款項,從而令本集 團蒙受虧損之風險。倘交易方於財政年 度完結時未能履行彼等之承擔,則本集 團就每類已確認金融資產而須承受之最 大信貸風險為已於綜合財務狀況表所載 該等資產之賬面值。

為盡量減少液化天然氣貿易之信貸風險,本集團管理層已委派團隊成員負責 釐定各自信貸額度及信貸批核。應收客 戶款項之信貸期一般至多180日。本集團 通常不會就其貿易應收款項持有任何抵 押或其他信貸提升措施。本集團設立其 他監控程序以確保採取後續行動收回逾 期債務。此外,本集團於應用香港財務報 告準則第9號後根據預期信貸虧損模型 單獨就貿易結餘進行減值評估。就此而 言,董事認為,本集團之信貸風險大幅減 低。

本集團的信貸風險集中,因本集團之最 大客戶及三大(二零二二年:兩大)客 戶分別佔貿易應收款項約95.73%(二零 二二年:94.95%)及約100%(二零二二 年:97.97%)。按地區分類之信貸風險集 中來自中國,於二零二三年三月三十一 日佔本集團貿易應收款項約100%(二零 二二年:100%)。

銀行結餘、於金融機構之存款及無抵押 定期存款之信貸風險有限,原因是國際 信貸評級代理人指派之交易方具有較高 信貸評級,董事認為該等機構之信貸風 險極低。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

### Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The table below is the internal credit policy of the Group:

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

金融工具(續)
 b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

下表為本集團之內部信貸政策:

			Other financial assets/
Internal credit rating	Description	Trade receivables	other items 其他金融資產/
內部信貸評級	描述	貿易應收款項	其他項目
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	12m ECL
低風險	交易方的違約風險較低,且並無任何逾期 款項	全期預期信貸虧損- 無信貸減值	12個月預期信貸虧損
Watch list	Debtor frequently repays after due date but usually settles in full	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	12m ECL
觀察名單	債務人經常於到期日後還款但通常 會悉數結清	全期預期信貸虧損- 無信貸減值	12個月預期信貸虧損
Doubtful	There has been significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or from external resources	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired
存疑	信貸風險自首次確認以來透過內部或 從外部資源開發之信息顯著增加	全期預期信貸虧損- 無信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損- 無信貸減值
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit- impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit- impaired
虧損	有證據顯示資產已發生信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損- 信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損- 信貸減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off	Amount is written off
撇銷	有證據顯示債務人陷入嚴重的財政困難 且本集團不認為日後可收回有關款項	撇銷款項	撤銷款項

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

### Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The table below details the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets which are subject to ECL assessment:

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

金融工具(續)
 b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

下表詳列本集團須進行預期信貸虧損評 估之金融資產的信貸風險:

2023	Note to the consolidated financial statements	External credit rating	Internal credit rating	12m or lifetime ECL 12個月或全期預期	Gross carrying amounts
二零二三年	綜合財務報表附註	外部信貸評級	內部信貸評級	信貸虧損	<b>賬面總值</b> HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables 貿易應收款項	22	N/A 不適用	Note 附註	Lifetime ECL 全期預期信貸虧損	128,965
Other receivables 其他應收款項	22	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	40,716
Amount due from non- controlling interests	24	N/A	Low risk	12m ECL	25
應收非控股權益款項		不適用	低風險	12個月預期信貸虧損	
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物	25	BBB- or above BBB-或以上	N/A 不適用	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	177,802
	Note to				
2022	the consolidated financial statements	External credit rating	Internal credit rating	12m or lifetime ECL 12個月或全期預期	Gross carrying amounts
二零二二年	綜合財務報表附註	外部信貸評級	內部信貸評級	信貸虧損	賬面總值 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Trade receivables	22	N/A 工迹田	Note 附註	Lifetime ECL 全期預期信貸虧損	176,346
貿易應收款項		不適用	附記	至期預期信貝虧損	
Other receivables 其他應收款項	22	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	3,904
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物	25	BBB- or above BBB-或以上	N/A 不適用	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	198,808

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued) Note:

For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach defined in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. Except for debtors with significant outstanding balances or credit-impaired, the Group determines the ECL on these items by assessing debts individually.

As part of the Group's credit risk management, the Group uses debtor's aging to assess the impairment for its customers as the aging analysis shows whether the customers have been able to pay all amounts due in accordance with the contractual terms.

As at 31 March 2023, lifetime ECL is recognised for trade receivables individually with a total aggregate gross carrying amount of approximately HK\$128,965,000 (2022: HK\$176,346,000) assessed with an average loss rate of 13.81% (2022: 9.30%).

The following table shows the movement in allowance for credit losses that has been recognised for trade receivables under the simplified approach.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

# 金融工具(續) b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### **信貸風險及減值評估(續)** 附註:

就貿易應收款項而言,本集團應用香港財務 報告準則第9號界定之簡化方式按全期預期 信貸虧損計量虧損撥備。除有重大未償還結 餘或信貸減值的應收賬款外,本集團通過單 獨評估債務釐定該等項目的預期信貸虧損。

作為本集團之信貸風險管理的一部分,本集 團使用應收賬款的賬齡評估客戶減值,原因 是賬齡分析顯示客戶是否能夠根據合約條款 悉數支付到期款項。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團就 賬面總值合共約128,965,000港元(二零 二二年:176,346,000港元)的貿易應收款 項單獨確認全期預期信貸虧損,並按平 均虧損率13.81%(二零二二年:9.30%)評 估。

下表載列根據簡化式就貿易應收款項已 確認的信貸虧損撥備變動。

		Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired 全期預期信貸虧損– 無信貸減值 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April 2021 Amounts recognised during the year Amounts reversed during the year Exchange adjustments	於二零二一年四月一日 於本年度內已確認款項 於本年度內已撥回款項 匯兌調整	12,595 7,780 (4,486) 518
As at 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022 Amounts recognised during the year Amounts reversed during the year Exchange adjustments	於二零二二年三月三十一日及 二零二二年四月一日 於本年度內已確認款項 於本年度內已撥回款項 匯兌調整	16,407 9,817 (7,205) (1,214)
As at 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	17,805

The estimated loss rates are estimated based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of trade receivables and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

估計虧損率乃基於貿易應收款項於預期 年期的過往觀察所得的違約率估計,並 就毋須付出不必要的成本或精力即可獲 得的前瞻性資料予以調整。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

### Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both the principal and interest cash flows.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

# 6. 金融工具(續) 6b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動資金風險

於管理流動資金風險時,本集團會監督 及維持現金及現金等價物處於管理層認 為充足之水平,以撥付本集團之營運及 減低現金流量波動之影響。

下表詳列本集團非衍生金融負債餘下之 合約到期期限。下表乃按照金融負債之 未貼現現金流量以本集團可能須予償還 之最早日期編製。下表包括本金及利息 現金流量。

		Weighted average effective interest rate 加權平均 實際利率	On demand or less than 1 month 按要求或 少於 一個月 HK\$'000 千港元	More than 1 month but less than 3 months 超過一個月 但少於 三個月 <i>HK\$</i> <sup>'000</sup> <i>干港元</i>	More than 3 months but less than 1 year 超過三個月 但少於 一年 HK\$'000 干港元	More than 1 year but less than 5 years 超過一年 但少於 五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金 流量總額 HK\$'000 干港元	Carrying amounts as at 31 March 於三月 三十一日 之賬面值 <i>HK\$</i> <sup>*</sup> 000 <i>千港元</i>
2023 Non-derivative financial liabilities:	二零二三年 非衍生金融負債:							
Lease liabilities Other payables and accruals	租賃負債 其他應付款項及應計款項	8.00% N/A 不適用	73 1,430	147	171	81 -	472 1,430	454 1,430
			1,503	147	171	81	1,902	1,884
2022 Non-derivative financial liabilities:	二零二二年 非衍生金融負債:							
Lease liabilities Other payables and accruals	租賃負債 其他應付款項及應計款項	8.00% N/A 不適用	66 3,416	193	744	246	1,249 3,416	1,188 3,416
			3,482	193	744	246	4,665	4,604

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 6c. Fair value measurement

### (i) **Financial instruments carried at fair value**

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured as at the end of the reporting periods on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

## 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

- 6. 金融工具(續)
  - 6c. 公允值計量
    - (i) 按公允值列賬之金融工具
      - 下表呈列於報告期末,按香港財務 報告準則第13號公允值計量所界定 分類為三層公允值等級之按經常 性基準計量之本集團金融工具之 公允值。公允值計量之等級參照估 值技術所用輸入數據之可觀察及 重要程度分類如下:
        - 第一級估值:僅利用第一級 輸入數據(即在活躍市場上相 同資產或負債於計量日期之 未經調整報價)計量之公允 值。
        - 第二級估值:利用第二級輸 入數據(即不能符合第一級之 可觀察輸入數據,亦非利用 重大不可觀察輸入數據)計量 之公允值。不可觀察輸入數 據為無法取得市場數據之輸 入數據。
        - 第三級估值:利用重大不可 觀察輸入數據計量之公允 值。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 6c. Fair value measurement (Continued)

(i) Financial instruments carried at fair value (Continued)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

- 6. 金融工具(續)
  - 6c. 公允值計量 (續)
    - (i) 按公允值列賬之金融工具(續)

		Fair value as at	as at 31	ir value measurem。 March 2023 catego 冬二三年三月三十- 公允值計量之分類	rised into 一日之
		31 March 2023 於二零二三年	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		三月三十一日 之公允值 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	第一級 HK\$'000 千港元	第二級 HK\$'000 千港元	第三級 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Financial assets:</b> Financial assets at FVTOCI	<b>金融資產:</b> 按公允值計入其他全面 收益之金融資產				
- listed equity securities	一上市股權證券	50,160	50,160	-	-
		Fair value		March 2022 categor 零二二年三月三十- 公允值計量之分類	一日之
		Fair value as at 31 March 2022	Level 1	公元但訂 里之 万類	Level 3
		於二零二二年 三月三十一日 之公允值	第一級	第二級	第三級
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Financial assets:</b> Financial assets at FVTOCI	<b>金融資產:</b> 按公允值計入其他全面 收益之金融資產				
<ul> <li>listed equity securities</li> <li>Financial asset at FVTPL</li> </ul>	一上市股權證券 透過損益按公允值計量之 金融資產	51,257	51,257	_	_
– unlisted investment fund		1,229	-	1,229	_

During the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, there were no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting periods in which they occur. 於截至二零二三年及二零二二年 三月三十一日止年度,第一級及第 二級之間概無轉移,或概無轉入或 轉出第三級。本集團之政策為於公 允值等級級別間之轉移所出現之 報告期末確認有關轉移。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 6c. Fair value measurement (Continued)

(i) **Financial instruments carried at fair value** (Continued)

Information about Level 1 fair value measurements The fair value of listed equity securities is set out in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements, classified as Level 1 was determined with reference to quoted market closing prices in an active market.

#### Information about Level 2 fair value measurements

The fair value of the unlisted investment fund is set out in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements, was estimated by the Directors of the Company with reference to quoted price provided by fund administrator.

Information about fair value measurements in financial instruments.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

金融工具(續)
 6c. 公允值計量(續)
 (i) 按公允值列賬之金融工具(續)

*有關第一級公允值計量之資料* 分類為第一級之上市股權證券之 公允值載於綜合財務報表附註21, 乃參考活躍市場所報之收市價後 釐定。

有關第二級公允值計量之資料 非上市投資基金之公允值載於綜 合財務報表附註23,乃由本公司董 事參考基金管理人提供之報價後 估計。

有關金融工具之公允值計量之資 料。

		Significant
Fair value	Valuation	unobservable
hierarchy	techniques	input
		重大不可觀察
公允值等級	估值技術	輸入數據

#### Financial assets: 金融資產:

Equity securities listed in HK	Level 1
於香港上市之股權證券	第一級
Equity securities listed in Shanghai	Level 1
於上海上市之股權證券	第一級
Unlisted investment fund registered with China Securities Regulatory Commission	Level 2
於中國證券監督管理委員會註冊之	第二級

非上市投資基金

## (ii) Fair values of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosure is required)

In respect of trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents as well as other payables and accruals, the carrying amounts approximate their fair value due to the relatively short-term nature of these financial instruments.

Quoted market closing prices in an active market 於一個活躍市場所報之收市價	N/A 不適用
Quoted market closing prices in an active market 於一個活躍市場所報之收市價	N/A 不適用
Price quoted by fund administrator	N/A
基金管理人所報之價格	不適用

### (ii) 並非按公允值計量之金融工具之 公允值(惟公允值須予披露)

就貿易及其他應收款項、現金及現 金等價物以及其他應付款項及應 計款項而言,由於該等金融工具之 相對短期性質使然,賬面值與其公 允值相若。

#### For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 7. **REVENUE**

(i) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

收益

 (i) 來自客戶合約收益之分拆

2023

一家一三在

2022

一 索 一 一 在

		→~~ <b>+</b>	+
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Types of goods and service	貨品及服務類型		
Trading of natural gas	天然氣貿易	190,810	330,336
Revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約收益	190,810	330,336
		,	,
Timing of revenue recognition	收益確認時間		
0			
Point in time	某一時間點	190,810	330,336
Geographical market	地區市場		
PRC	中國	190,810	330,336

#### (ii) Performance obligations for contracts with customers

The Group sells natural gas directly to customers. For the sales of natural gas, revenue is recognised at a point in time when performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of natural gas.

#### 8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's operating segments represent information reported to the Board ("**Board**") of Directors, being the chief operating decision maker ("**CODM**"), for the purposes of resources allocation and assessment of segment performances focus on types of goods or services delivered or provided. No operating segments identified by the CODM have been aggregated in arriving at the reportable segments of the Group.

In the current year, the Group ceased the operation of money lending business which resulted in changes to the composition of its reportable segments. Prior year segment disclosures have been re-presented to conform with the current year's presentation.

The Group's operating and reportable segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

- (a) Trading of natural gas;
- (b) Investment in financial assets;
- (c) General trading (including market sourcing of technical and electronic products); and

### (ii) 客戶合約之履約責任

本集團直接向客戶出售天然氣。就出售 天然氣而言,收益於交付天然氣之履約 責任獲達成的時間點確認。

### 8. 分類資料

本集團之經營分類乃向董事會(「**董事會**」)(即 主要營運決策者(「**主要營運決策者**」))為資源 分配及評估分類表現而報告之資料(集中於所 交付或提供之貨品或服務種類)。主要營運決 策者於設定本集團之可報告分類時並無彙合 所識別之經營分類。

於本年度,本集團不再經營放債業務,導致其 可報告分類的組成有變。上一年度的分類披露 已重新呈列,以符合本年度的呈列。

根據香港財務報告準則第8號,本集團之經營 及可報告分類如下:

- (a) 天然氣貿易;
- (b) 投資於金融資產;
- (c) 一般貿易(包括市場採購技術及電子產品);及

For the year ended 31 March 2023

8.

### SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segment.

#### For the year ended 31 March 2023

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

### 8. 分類資料(續)

分類收益及業績

本集團之收益及業績按可報告分類作出之分 析如下。

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

		Trading of natural gas 天然氣 貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Investment in financial assets 投資於 金融資產 HK\$'000 千港元	General trading 一般貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
SEGMENT REVENUE	分類收益	190,810	-	-	190,810
SEGMENT RESULTS	分類業績	7,507	954	(54)	8,407
Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配企業收入 未分配企業開支			_	892 (9,633)
Loss before tax Income tax expense	除稅前虧損 所得稅開支			_	(334) (60)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損			_	(394)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

		Trading of natural gas 天然氣 貿易 <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Investment in financial assets 投資於 金融資產 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	General trading 一般貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>千港元</i>
SEGMENT REVENUE	分類收益	330,336	_		330,336
SEGMENT RESULTS	分類業績	5,880	434	4,430	10,744
Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配企業收入 未分配企業開支			-	1,325 (8,639)
Loss before tax Income tax expense	除稅前虧損 所得稅開支			_	3,430 (3,101)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利			_	329

Segment revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales in the current year (2022: Nil).

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3 to consolidated financial statements. Segment (loss) profit represents the (loss) profit from each segment without allocation of part of finance costs, part of other income, part of other gains and losses as well as part of central administration costs including staff costs, Directors' emoluments and other expenses. This is the measure reported to the CODM, for the purposes of resources allocation and assessment of segment performances. 上文呈報之分類收益指來自外部客戶之收益。 本年度並無分類間銷售(二零二二年:無)。

可報告分類之會計政策與綜合財務報表附註 3所述本集團之會計政策相同。分類(虧損)溢 利指各分類未分配部分融資成本、部分其他收 入、部分其他收益及虧損以及部分中央管理 費用(包括員工成本、董事薪金及其他開支)之 (虧損)溢利。此乃為資源分配及評估分類表 現而報告予主要營運決策者之措施。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

## Segment assets and liabilities

As at 31 March 2023

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

分類資料(續)
 分類資產及負債
 於二零二三年三月三十一日

		Trading of natural gas 天然氣 貿易 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Investment in financial assets 投資於 金融資產 HK\$'000 千港元	General trading 一般貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
ASSETS Segment assets Unallocated segment assets	<b>資產</b> 分類資產 未分配分類資產	167,212	50,160	3,164	220,536 179,161
Consolidated assets	綜合資產			_	399,697
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Segment liabilities Unallocated segment liabilities	<b>負債</b> 分類負債 未分配分類負債	(2,658)	-	(4,636)	(7,294) (1,264)
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債				(8,558)

As at 31 March 2022 (restated)

於二零二二年三月三十一日(經重列)

		Trading of natural gas 天然氣 貿易 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Investment in financial assets 投資於 金融資產 HK\$'000 千港元	General trading 一般貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
ASSETS Segment assets Unallocated segment assets	<b>資產</b> 分類資產 未分配分類資產	159,845	52,486	3,298	215,629 211,234
Consolidated assets	綜合資產			_	426,863
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Segment liabilities Unallocated segment liabilities	<b>負債</b> 分類負債 未分配分類負債	(1,580)	-	(4,992)	(6,572) (4,892)
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債			-	(11,464)

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED) Segment assets and liabilities (Continued)

For the purposes of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to reportable segments, other than part of PPE, part of right-of-use assets, part of other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents which cannot be allocated into these reportable segments; and
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments, other than part of lease liabilities, and part of other payables and accruals which cannot be allocated into these reportable segments.

#### **Other segment information**

### As at 31 March 2023

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

- 分類資料(續)
   分類資產及負債(續)
   就監控分類表現及在分類間分配資源而言:
  - 除部分物業、廠房及設備、部分使用權資 產、部分其他應收款項以及現金及現金
     等價物不可分配於該等可報告分類外, 所有資產均分配於可報告分類中;及
  - 除部分租賃負債以及部分其他應付款項
     及應計款項不可分配於該等可報告分類
     外,所有負債均分配於可報告分類中。

### 其他分類資料 於二零二三年三月三十一日

		Trading of natural gas 天然氣 貿易 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Investment in financial assets 投資於 金融資產 HK\$'000 千港元	General trading 一般貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Depreciation of PPE	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	-	-	1	120	121
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Finance costs	使用權資產之折舊 融資成本	80 10	-	47 6	891 56	1,018 72
Interest income from banks and	來自銀行及金融機構之	10	-	0	50	12
financial institutions	利息收入	-	-	-	832	832
Interest income from financial asset at FVTPL Provision of impairment loss under ECL model on trade receivables,	透過損益按公允值計量之 金融資產之利息收入 貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損 模型項下之減值虧損撥備,	-	7	-	-	7
net of reversal	候至項下之阀 直虧預撥 備 扣除撥回	2,612	_	_	-	2,612
Realised gain from redemption of	贖回透過損益按公允值計量之	_,				,
financial asset at FVTPL	金融資產之變現收益	-	3	-	-	3

#### As at 31 March 2022

於二零二二年三月三十一日

			Investment			
		Trading	in financial	General		
		of natural gas 天然氣	assets 投資於	trading	Unallocated	Total
		貿易	金融資產	一般貿易	未分配	總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation of PPE	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	_	_	_	119	119
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊	_	_	52	937	989
Finance costs	融資成本	_	-	4	87	91
Interest income from banks and	來自銀行及金融機構之利息收					
financial institutions	入	-	-	-	(1,264)	(1,264)
Loss from change in fair value of	透過損益按公允值計量之金融					
financial asset at FVTPL	資產之公允值變動產生的虧損	-	3	-	-	3
Provision of impairment loss under	貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損					
ECL model on trade receivables,	模型項下之減值虧損撥備, 扣除撥回	7 790		(1 196)		2 204
net of reversal Write-off of PPE	扣除撥回 撇銷物業、廠房及設備	7,780	-	(4,486)	- 2	3,294
WITTE-OIL OF FFE	1111-111111111111111111111111111111111	_	-		Z	2

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### **Geographical information**

The Group's revenue from external customers by location of operations and information about its non-current assets by location of the assets are disclosed below:

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

# 分類資料(續) 地區資料

本集團按經營所在地區劃分之來自外部客戶 之收益及按資產所在地區劃分之其非流動資 產的資料披露如下:

		external	Revenue from external customers 來自外部客戶之收益		ent assets* b資產*
		Year ended	Year ended		
		31 March	31 March		
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		截至二零二三年	截至二零二二年		
		三月三十一日	三月三十一日		
		止年度	止年度	二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
PRC	中國	190,810	330,336	569	768
HK	香港	-	-	228	911
		190,810	330,336	797	1,679

\* Non-current assets exclude financial assets at FVTOCI.

## 非流動資產不包括按公允值計入其他全面收 益之金融資產。

#### **Information on major customers**

Revenue from customers contributing over 10% of the revenue of the corresponding years for the Group from continuing business is as follows:

#### 有關主要客戶之資料

於相關年度對本集團持續業務之收益貢獻超 過10%的客戶之收益如下:

		2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Percentage of revenue 佔收益之 百分比	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Percentage of revenue 佔收益之 百分比
Customer A <sup>1</sup>	客戶甲1	107,199	56.18%	274,338	83.05%
Customer B <sup>1</sup>	客戶乙1	<b>N/A</b> <sup>2</sup>	$N/A^2$	54,363	16.46%
		不適用2	不適用2		
Customer C <sup>1</sup>	客戶丙1	49,528	25.96%	$N/A^2$	$N/A^2$
				不適用2	不適用2
Customer D <sup>1</sup>	客戶丁1	23,334	12.23%	N/A <sup>2</sup>	N/A <sup>2</sup>
				不適用2	不適用2

<sup>1</sup> Revenue from trading of natural gas.

來自天然氣<mark>貿</mark>易之收益。

<sup>2</sup> The corresponding revenue did not contribute 10% of the total revenue of the Group.

相關收益並無貢獻本集團總收益之10%。

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 9. OTHER INCOME

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

### 9. 其他收入

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Dividend income	股息收入	944	437
Government subsidies	政府補貼	49	-
Handling fee income	手續費收入	-	4,301
Interest income from banks and	來自銀行及金融機構之		
financial institutions	利息收入	832	1,264
Interest income from financial asset at	透過損益按公允值計量之		
FVTPL	金融資產之利息收入	7	_
Net exchange gain	匯兌淨收益	-	55
Sundries	雜項	11	6
		1,843	6,063

During the year, government subsidies included the Employment Support Scheme under the Anti-epidemic Fund of the Government of HK granted to the Company which amounted to HK\$48,000. 於本年度內,政府補貼包括本公司獲授香港政 府防疫抗疫基金下「保就業」計劃撥出之48,000 港元。

### **10. OTHER GAINS AND (LOSSES)**

### 10. 其他收益及(虧損)

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loss from change in fair value of	透過損益按公允值計量之金融		
financial asset at FVTPL	資產之公允值變動產生的虧損	-	(3)
Realised gain from redemption of	贖回透過損益按公允值計量之		
financial asset at FVTPL	金融資產之變現收益	3	-
Write-off of PPE	撇銷物業、廠房及設備	-	(2)
		3	(5)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### **11. FINANCE COSTS**

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

### 11. 融資成本

		2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		千港元	千港元
Effective interest expense on lease liabilities	租賃負債之實際利息開支	72	91
		72	91

### **12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

### 12. 所得稅開支

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
PRC Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT") – Current year – Over provision in prior years	中國企業所得稅(「 <b>企業所得稅</b> 」) 一本年度 一過往年度超額撥備	706 (646)	3,101
		60	3,101

There is no assessable Hong Kong Profits Tax for the year (2022: Nil).

Under the Laws of PRC on Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of PRC subsidiaries is 25% (2022: 25%). Taxation for other entities of the Group is charged at their respective applicable income tax rates ruling in the relevant jurisdictions.

年內並無須繳付的香港利得稅(二零二二年: 無)。

根據中國企業所得稅法(「企業所得稅法」)及 企業所得稅法實施條例,中國附屬公司之稅率 為25%(二零二二年:25%)。本集團其他實體 之稅項均按相關司法權區規定彼等各自適用 之所得稅稅率繳納。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### **12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)**

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the (loss) profit before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and OCI as follows:

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 12. 所得稅開支(續)

本年度之所得稅開支與綜合損益及其他全面 收益表內所列之除稅前(虧損)溢利對賬如下:

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
(Loss) profit before tax	除稅前(虧損)溢利	(334)	3,430
Taxation at domestic income tax rate of 16.5% (2022: 16.5%)	按本地所得稅稅率16.5% (二零二二年:16.5%) 計算之稅項	(55)	566
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	其他司法權區經營之附屬公司	(55)	500
operating in other jurisdictions	的不同稅率影響 不可扣稅開支之稅項影響	375	438
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	个可扣柷囲又之柷垻影窨	2,436	2,424
Tax effect of income not taxable for	不可課稅收入之稅項影響	(2.212)	
tax purpose Tax effect of temporary differences	未確認暫時差額之稅項影響	(2,312)	(924)
not recognised	土在初份百年出之份百民鄉	(2)	(3)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised Utilisation of tax losses previously	未確認稅項虧損之稅項影響 動用先前未確認之稅項虧損	1,540	794
not recognised		(379)	(194)
Over provision for prior years in PRC	過往年度中國超額撥備	(646)	-
Tax relief	稅項寬減	(897)	
Income tax expense for the year	本年度所得税開支	60	3,101

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had estimated tax losses of approximately HK\$145,623,000 (2022: HK\$143,034,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Except for the estimated tax losses of approximately HK\$6,819,000 (2022: HK\$5,784,000) as at 31 March 2023 that may be carried forward for 5 years from the year it carries the loss, other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團可用作抵 扣未來溢利之估計稅項虧損約145,623,000港元 (二零二二年:143,034,000港元)。由於未能 估計未來溢利流量,因此並無確認遞延稅項資 產。於二零二三年三月三十一日,除估計稅項 虧損約6,819,000港元(二零二二年:5,784,000港 元)可從其結轉虧損的年度起結轉5年外,其他 稅項虧損可無限期結轉。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 13. (LOSS) PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

(Loss) profit for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting) the following items:

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

### 13. 本年度(虧損)溢利

本年度(虧損)溢利已扣除(計入)以下項目:

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Staff costs (including Directors' emoluments)	員工成本(包括董事酬金)		
Salaries, allowances and other benefits	薪金、津貼及其他福利	3,951	3,700
Contributions to retirement benefits schemes	退休福利計劃供款	96	83
		4,047	3,783
External auditor's remuneration	外聘核數師酬金	,	
– audit services	一審計服務	480	450
– other services	一其他服務	-	120
Depreciation of PPE	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	121	119
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊	1,018	989
Interest income from financial asset at FVTPL	透過損益按公允值計量之		
	金融資產之利息收入	(7)	_
Lease payments for short-term lease not included	並無計入租賃負債計量之		
in the measurement of lease liabilities	短期租賃租賃付款	63	53
Loss from change in fair value of	透過損益按公允值計量之金融		
financial asset at FVTPL	資產之公允值變動產生的虧損	-	3
Net exchange loss (gain)	匯兌淨虧損(收益)	164	(55)
Provision of impairment loss under ECL model	貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損模型		
on trade receivables, net of reversal	項下之減值虧損撥備,扣除撥回	2,612	3,294
Realised gain from redemption of	贖回透過損益按公允值計量之		
financial asset at FVTPL	金融資產之變現收益	(3)	_
Write-off of PPE	撇銷物業、廠房及設備	-	2

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 14. DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

#### (a) Directors' emoluments

Directors' and chief executive's emoluments for the year, disclosed pursuant to the applicable GEM Listing Rules and the CO, is as follows:

For the year ended 31 March 2023

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

### 14. 董事及行政總裁的酬金

#### (a) 董事酬金

根據適用之《GEM上市規則》及《公司條 例》披露之董事及行政總裁年內酬金如 下:

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		Fees 袍金 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	Salaries, allowances and other benefits 薪金、津貼及 其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonus 酌情花紅 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	Contributions to retirement benefits schemes 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total emoluments 酬金總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive Directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Chen Haining	陳海寧先生					
(Chief Executive Officer)	(行政總裁)	-	360	-	-	360
Ms. Tong Jiangxia	童江霞女士	-	600	-	-	600
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事:					
Directors:						
Mr. Luk Chi Shing	陸志成先生	144	-	-	-	144
Mr. Leung Fu Hang	梁富衡先生	144	-	-	-	144
Mr. Chen Liang	陳亮先生	144	-	-	-	144
		432	960	-	-	1,392

For the year ended 31 March 2023

## 14. DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued) For the year ended 31 March 2022

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

### 14. 董事及行政總裁的酬金(續)

#### (a) 董事酬金(續)

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

			Salaries, allowances		Contributions to retirement	
			and other	Discretionary	benefits	Total
		Fees	benefits	bonus	schemes	emoluments
			薪金、津貼及		退休福利	
		袍金	其他福利	酌情花紅	計劃供款	酬金總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive Directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Chen Haining	陳海寧先生					
(Chief Executive Officer)	(行政總裁)	-	360	_	-	360
Ms. Tong Jiangxia	童江霞女士	-	600	-	-	600
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事:					
Directors:						
Mr. Luk Chi Shing	陸志成先生	144	_	-	-	144
Mr. Leung Fu Hang	梁富衡先生	144	_	-	-	144
Mr. Chen Liang	陳亮先生	144	_	-	_	144
		432	960	_	_	1,392

No Director waived any emoluments in the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022. No incentive payment for joining the Group was paid or payable to any Directors during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022.

The executive Directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022.

The independent non-executive Directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as Directors during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022. 於截至二零二三年及二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度,概無董事放棄任何酬 金。於截至二零二三年及二零二二年三 月三十一日止年度,概無向任何董事支 付或應付任何酬金,作為其加入本集團 之獎勵。

以上列示執行董事之薪酬,主要與彼等 於截至二零二三年及二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度內服務予本公司及本集 團之管理業務有關。

以上列示獨立非執行董事之薪酬,主要 與彼等於截至二零二三年及二零二二年 三月三十一日止年度內作為董事之服務 有關。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

## 14. DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### (b) Directors' termination benefits

None of the Directors received or will receive any termination benefits during the year (2022: Nil).

# (c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available Directors' services

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Company did not pay consideration to any third parties for making available Directors' services (2022: Nil).

(d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of Directors, controlled bodies corporates and connected entities with such Directors

During the year ended 31 March 2023, there are no loans, quasi-loans and other dealing arrangements in favour of the Directors, or controlled body corporates and connected entities of such Directors (2022: Nil).

# (e) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transaction, arrangement and contract in relation to the Company's business to which the Company was a party and in which a Director had material interests, directly or indirectly, subsisted as at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2022: Nil).

#### (f) Directors' interests in Shares and debentures

At no time during the year was the Company a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate (2022: Nil).

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

### 14. 董事及行政總裁的酬金(續)

## (b) 董事辭退福利

於本年度內,概無董事收到或將收到任 何辭退福利(二零二二年:無)。

### (c) 就獲提供董事服務而給予第三方代價

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度, 本公司並無就獲提供董事服務給予任何 第三方代價(二零二二年:無)。

## (d) 關於向董事、受控制的法人團體及該等董 事之有關連實體作出的貸款及類似貸款, 以及惠及該等人士的其他交易的資料

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度, 概無向董事、受控制的法人團體及該等 董事之有關連實體作出的貸款及類似貸 款,以及惠及該等人士的其他交易之安排 (二零二二年:無)。

# (e) 董事在交易、安排或合約中的重大利害關條

於本年度年末或本年度內任何時間,概 無與本公司業務有關連之重要交易、安 排及合約,是以本公司為一方,同時董事 直接或間接地存在重大利害關係(二零 二二年:無)。

#### (f) 董事於股份及債券之權益

本公司於本年度內任何時間並無訂立任 何安排,致使董事可透過認購本公司或 任何其他法人團體的股份或債券而取得 利益(二零二二年:無)。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### 15. FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

The five highest paid individuals of the Group during the year included two Directors (2022: two Directors), details of whose remunerations are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements above. Details of the remunerations for the year of the remaining three (2022: three) highest paid employees who are neither a Director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 15. 五名最高薪酬人士

於本年度內,本集團五名最高薪酬人士包括兩 名(二零二二年:兩名)董事,酬金的詳情載 於上文綜合財務報表附註14。餘下三名(二零 二二年:三名)最高薪酬僱員(非本公司董事及 行政總裁)於本年度之酬金詳情如下:

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Salaries, allowances and other benefits Contributions to retirement benefits schemes	薪金、津貼及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	1,735 33 1,768	1,578 34 1,612

The number of the highest paid employees who are not the Directors whose remunerations fell within the following band is as follows:

介乎以下薪酬範圍之最高薪酬非董事僱員人 數載述如下:

		Number of employees 僱員人數	
		2023	
		二零二三年	二零二二年
HK\$ Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零港元至1,000,000港元	2	2
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	1	1

No emoluments have been paid by the Group to the Directors or the five highest paid individuals as inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022.

### **16. DIVIDENDS**

No dividend was paid, declared or proposed during the year ended 31 March 2023, nor has any dividend been proposed by the Company since the end of the reporting period (2022: Nil). 於截至二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一 日止年度內,本集團並無向董事或五名最高薪 酬人士支付任何酬金作為邀請加入或於加入 本集團時的獎勵或作為離職補償。

16. 股息

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本公 司並無派付、宣派或建議派發任何股息,而自 報告期末起亦無建議派發任何股息(二零二二 年:無)。

#### For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 17. (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE

The basic and diluted (loss) earnings per Share attributable to owners of the Company are calculated on the following data:

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 17. 每股(虧損)盈利

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄(虧損)盈 利按下列數據計算:

		2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2 二零二 <i>HK\$</i> "
		千港元	千泊
(Loss) earnings	(虧損)盈利		
(Loss) profit for the year attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔本年度		
owners of the Company	(虧損)溢利	(1,415)	
		'000	
		千股	
Number of Shares	股份數目		
Number of ordinary Shares	於三月三十一日之		
as at 31 March	普通股數目	58,901	58

and number of 58,900,537 (2022: 58,900,537) Shares in issue.

No diluted (loss) earnings per Share for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 were presented as there were no potential ordinary Shares in issue for both years.

年:58,900,537股)已發行股份數目計算。

由於截至二零二三年及二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度均無潛在已發行普通股,故並 無呈列兩個年度每股攤薄(虧損)盈利。

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### **18. PPE**

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

### 18. 物業、廠房及設備

		Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 傢俬、裝置及 辦事處設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicle HK\$`000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
COST	成本			
As at 1 April 2021	於二零二一年四月一日	156	542	698
Additions	添置	5	549	554
Write-off	撇銷	(20)	_	(20)
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	3	43	46
As at 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日			
	及二零二二年四月一日	144	1,134	1,278
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	(4)	(84)	(88)
As at 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	140	1,050	1,190
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	累計折舊			
As at 1 April 2021	於二零二一年四月一日	142	510	652
Provided for the year	本年度撥備	3	116	119
Write-off	撤銷	(18)	-	(18)
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	2	23	25
As at 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日			
	及二零二二年四月一日	129	649	778
Provided for the year	本年度撥備	3	118	121
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	(3)	(48)	(51)
As at 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日 _	129	719	848
CARRYING AMOUNTS	賬面值			
As at 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	11	331	342
As at 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	15	485	500

The above items of PPE, after taking into account the residual values, are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum.

經計及剩餘價值後,上述物業、廠房及設備項 目按下列年率以直線法折舊:

Furniture, fixtures and	20% - 33.33%	傢俬、裝置及	20 <mark>%</mark> 至33.33%
office equipment		辦事處設備	
Motor vehicle	20% - 25%	汽車	20%至25%

#### For the year ended 31 March 2023

### **19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS**

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

19. 使用權資產

			Leased properties 租賃物業 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月	三十一日	
Carrying amount	賬面值		455
As at 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月	三十一日	
Carrying amount	賬面值		1,179
F., 4	#☆→家→→☆-	日二上,日正左座	
For the year ended 31 March 2023 Depreciation charge	<b>戦王 令 二 4</b> 二 折舊費用	月三十一日止年度	(1,018)
Exchange adjustments	近 皆 貝 用 匯 兌 調 整		
Exchange aujustments	進九调並		(34)
For the year ended 31 March 2022	截至二零二二年三	月三十一日止年度	
Depreciation charge	折舊費用		(989)
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整		11
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Expenses relating short-term leases	有關短期租賃之開支	63	53
Total cash outflow for leases	租賃現金流出總額	1,165	1,084
Additions to right-of-use assets	添置使用權資產	329	1,805
Lease modification to cost of right-of-use assets	使用權資產成本之租賃修訂	(1)	-

For both years, the Group leases various offices for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 6 months to 4 years and 5 months (2022: 6 months to 4 years and 5 months). Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

As at 31 March 2023 and 2022, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of short-term leases to which the short-term lease expense disclosed above. 於兩個年度,本集團就經營業務租賃若干辦事 處。租賃合約以固定期限6個月至4年5個月(二 零二二年:6個月至4年5個月)訂立。租賃條款 乃在個別基礎上磋商,包括各種不同條款及條 件。於釐定租期及評估不可撤回期間的長短 時,本集團應用合約的定義並釐定合約可強制 執行的期間。

於二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日,短 期租賃組合與上文披露之短期租賃開支之短 期租賃組合相若。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### **19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (CONTINUED)**

#### Restrictions or covenants on leases of office premises

In addition, lease liabilities of approximately HK\$454,000 (2022: HK\$1,188,000) are recognised with the net book value of right-ofuse assets of approximately HK\$455,000 (2022: HK\$1,179,000) as at 31 March 2023. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the financial effect of extension on lease term and rent waiver were an decrease in recognised lease liabilities and right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$1,000.

At as 31 March 2023 and 2022, the Group did not enter into any lease that is not yet commenced.

### 20. INTANGIBLE ASSET

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

### 19. 使用權資產(續) 有關辦事處物業租賃之限制或契諾

此外,於二零二三年三月三十一日,已確認租 賃負債約454,000港元(二零二二年:1,188,000 港元)及使用權資產賬面淨值約455,000港元 (二零二二年:1,179,000港元)。除出租人持有 的租賃資產中的擔保權益外,租賃協議並無施 加任何契諾。租賃資產不得用於借貸擔保。

於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,延長 租期及租金豁免之財務影響為減少確認租賃 負債及使用權資產約1,000港元。

於二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日,本 集團並無訂立任何尚未開始之租賃。

### 20. 無形資產

		Exclusive rights 專有權	
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
COST	成本		
As at 1 April and 31 March	於四月一日及三月三十一日	975,996	975,996
ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION	累計攤銷及減值		
AND IMPAIRMENT			
As at 1 April and 31 March	於四月一日及三月三十一日	975,996	975,996
CARRYING AMOUNTS	賬面值		
As at 31 March	於三月三十一日	_	_

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 21. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTOCI

As at 31 March 2023 and 2022, the Group's financial assets at FVTOCI represent investment in equity investments listed in HK and outside HK which are not held for trading, which the Group irrevocably elected at initial recognition to classify under this category. The Group considers this classification is more relevant.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 21. 按公允值計入其他全面收益之金融資產

於二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日,本 集團之按公允值計入其他全面收益之金融資 產指並非持作買賣且於香港境內外上市之股 權投資之投資,本集團已於首次確認時不可撤 回地選擇將有關資產歸入此類別。本集團認為 此類別更為相關。

		HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April 2021	於二零二一年四月一日	55,795
Change in fair value	公允值變動	(6,415)
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	1,877
As at 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日及二零二二年四月一日	51,257
Change in fair value	公允值變動	2,323
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	(3,420)
As at 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	50,160

### 22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

### 22. 貿易及其他應收款項

		2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Trade receivables from contracts with customers (Note 1) Less: allowance for credit losses	來自客戶合約之貿易應收款項 <i>(附註1)</i> 減:信貸虧損撥備	128,965 (17,805)	176,346 (16,407)
Other receivables, prepayments and deposits ( <i>Note 2</i> )	其他應收款項、預付款項及按金 (附註2)	111,160 59,753	159,939
		170,913	173,890

For the year ended 31 March 2023

## 22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- 1. As at 1 April 2021, trade receivables from contracts with customers (net of allowance for credit losses) amounted to approximately HK\$139,532,000
- 2 As at the date of this annual report, approximately HK\$1,928,000 of a prepaid amount was satisfied by the delivery of goods.

It includes deposits amounting to approximately HK\$39,921,000 paid to a supplier for contract signed during the year, the contract period lasts from March 2023 to March 2025.

The Group's trade receivables arose from trading of natural gas and general trading. The Group's credit period granted to each customer was generally for an average period up to 180 days. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancement over its trade receivables. The following is an aging analysis of the Group's trade receivables presented based on the invoice date net of allowance for credit losses as at the end of the reporting periods:

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

- 22. 貿易及其他應收款項(續) 附註:
  - 1 於二零二一年四月一日,來自客戶合約 之貿易應收款項(扣除信貸虧損撥備)約 139,532,000港元。
  - 2 於本年報日期,約1.928.000港元之預付款項 乃透過交付貨品償付。

包括就年內簽署之合約向一名供應商支付的 已付按金,金額約為39.921.000港元,合約期 由二零二三年三月至二零二五年三月。

本集團之貿易應收款項產生自天然氣貿易及 一般貿易。本集團向各客戶授出之信貸期一般 平均至多180日。本集團並無就其貿易應收款 項持有任何抵押或其他信貸提升措施。於報告 期末,根據發票日期呈列本集團之貿易應收款 項(扣除信貸虧損撥備)的賬齡分析如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within 90 days	90日內	13,618	33,815
91 to 180 days	91至180日	51,298	78,118
181 to 365 days	181至365日	43,237	44,759
Over 365 days	超過365日	3,007	3,247
		111,160	159,939

An aging analysis of trade receivables past due but not impaired is as follows:

已逾期但未減值之貿易應收款項之賬齡分析 如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Overdue by:	逾期:		
Within 90 days	90日內	53,726	85,273
91 to 180 days	91至180日	22,518	15,690
181 to 365 days	181至365日	12,497	× -
Over 365 days	超過365日	3,007	3,247
		91,748	104,210

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

As at 31 March 2023, trade receivables of approximately HK\$91,748,000 (2022: HK\$104,210,000) were past due but not impaired.

Movement in the impairment allowance on trade receivables is as follows:

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

### 22. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

於二零二三年三月三十一日,貿易應收款項約 91,748,000港元(二零二二年:104,210,000港元) 已逾期但未減值。

貿易應收款項之減值撥備變動如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
As at the beginning of the year	於本年度年初	16,407	12,595
Amounts recognised during the year	於本年度內已確認款項	9,817	7,780
Amounts reversed during the year	於本年度內已撥回款項	(7,205)	(4,486)
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	(1,214)	518
As at the end of the year	於本年度年末	17,805	16,407

Details of impairment assessment of trade receivables for the year ended 31 March 2023 are set out in note 6b to the consolidated financial statements.

Since 14 March 2021, the Group applied to the China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission for arbitration of settlement of the trade receivables in the amount of approximately RMB14,640,000 (approximately HK\$17,319,000) from a customer (the "**Customer**") in general trading for overdue settlement. There was a significant increase in credit risk for this particular receivable and the Directors estimated the ECL on this amount with reference to the valuation from an independent professional valuer. The estimated ECL on this particular receivable is approximately RMB10,647,000 (approximately HK\$12,595,000) as at 31 March 2021.

On 15 November 2021, the Group and the Customer entered into a settlement agreement and the arbitral award was issued on 14 December 2021. The Customer agreed to pay back the full overdue amount with repayment schedule of RMB5,000,000 in or before December 2021, RMB5,000,000 in or before June 2022 and RMB4,640,000 in or before December 2022. RMB5,000,000 has been settled for the year ended 31 March 2022 and there was reversal of impairment loss of approximately RMB3,643,000 (approximately HK\$4,486,000) on this particular receivable as at 31 March 2022. As at the date of this annual report, the remaining overdue amounts of approximately RMB9,640,000 had been fully received. 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之貿易 應收款項之減值評估詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註6b。

自二零二一年三月十四日起,本集團就一般 貿易的一名客戶(「**客戶**」)逾期未償還的貿易 應收款項約人民幣14,640,000元(約17,319,000 港元)向中國國際經濟貿易仲裁委員會申請仲 裁償付。此項應收款項之信貸風險大幅增加, 而董事參考一名獨立專業估值師之估值估計 該款項之預期信貸虧損。於二零二一年三月 三十一日,此項應收款項之估計預期信貸虧損 約人民幣10,647,000元(約12,595,000港元)。

於二零二一年十一月十五日,本集團與客戶 訂立一份和解協議,而仲裁裁決於二零二一 年十二月十四日發出。客戶同意按照還款計 劃悉數償還逾期款項,即於二零二一年十二 月或之前償還人民幣5,000,000元、於二零二二 年六月或之前償還人民幣5,000,000元及於二 零二二年十二月或之前償還人民幣4,640,000 元。人民幣5,000,000元已於截至二零二二年三 月三十一日止年度支付,而於二零二二年三月 三十一日,此項應收款項之減值虧損撥回為約 人民幣3,643,000元(約4,486,000港元)。於本年 報日期,餘下逾期款項約人民幣9,640,000元已 悉數收取。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### 22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The Group sought to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and overdue balances were regularly reviewed by senior management. The carrying amount of trade receivables other than the above mentioned arbitration approximates its fair value. As at the date of this annual report, approximately HK\$66,885,000, representing approximately 60.17% of trade receivables net of allowance for credit losses, had been settled.

### 23. FINANCIAL ASSET AT FVTPL

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

## 22. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

本集團維持對其尚未償還應收款項作出嚴格 控制, 並由高級管理層定期審閱逾期餘款。 貿易應收款項(上述仲裁除外)之賬面值與其 公允值相若。於本年報日期,約66,885,000港元 (相當於貿易應收款項(扣除信貸虧損撥備) 約60.17%)已清償。

## 23. 透過損益按公允值計量之金融資產

		Unlisted
		investment
		fund
		非上市
		投資基金
		HK\$'000
		千港元
As at 1 April 2021	於二零二一年四月一日	_
Addition	添置	1,212
Change in fair value	公允值變動	(3)
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	20
As at 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	1,229
Realised gain	變現收益	3
Redemption	贖回	(1,179)
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	(53)
As at 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	
Note:	附註:	

The fair value of the unlisted investment fund was estimated by the Directors of the Company with reference to quoted price provided by fund administrator for the year ended 31 March 2022.

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,非上市投 資基金之公允值乃由本公司董事參考基金管理人 提供之報價後估計。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

## 24. AMOUNT DUE FROM NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

The amount due from non-controlling interests is interest-free, unsecured and repayable on demand. The Board considered that the carrying amount approximates its fair value.

## 25. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 24. 應收非控股權益款項

應收非控股權益款項為免息、無抵押及見索 即付。董事會認為賬面值與公允值相若。

### 25. 現金及現金等價物

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	177,802	198,808

As at 31 March 2023, cash and cash equivalents include bank balances, demand deposits in financial institutions and short term deposits, which carry interest rates ranging from 0% to 3.55% (2022: 0% to 1.15%) per annum.

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's cash and cash equivalents denominated in RMB amounted to HK\$124,796,000 (2022: HK\$144,268,000). Remittance of funds out of PRC is subject to the exchange restrictions imposed by PRC government.

### 26. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

於二零二三年三月三十一日,現金及現金等價 物包括銀行結餘、於金融機構之活期存款及短 期存款,按年利率0厘至3.55厘(二零二二年:0 厘至1.15厘)計息。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團以人民 幣計值之現金及現金等價物為124,796,000港元 (二零二二年:144,268,000港元)。資金匯出中 國須遵守中國政府實施之外匯管制。

### 26. 其他應付款項及應計款項

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Other payables and accruals PRC value-added tax and levies payables	其他應付款項及應計款項 中國增值稅及應付徵稅	1,430 1,338	3,416 1,346
		2,768	4,762

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2023

### **27. LEASE LIABILITIES**

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

### 27. 租賃負債

			March 2023 三月三十一日 Total minimum lease payments 最低租賃款項 總額 HK\$'000 千港元		March 2022 三月三十一日 Total minimum lease payments 最低租賃款項 總額 <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>干港元</i>
Lease liabilities: Within 1 year Within a period of more than 1 year but not more than	<b>租賃負債:</b> 1年內 超過1年但不超過2年	377	391	946	1,003
2 years Within a period of more than 2 years but not more than	超過2年但不超過5年	53	57	242	246
5 years		24	24		
		454	472	1,188	1,249
Less: total future interest expenses	減:未來利息開支總額		(18)		(61)
Present value of lease liabilities	租賃負債之現值		454		1,188
Less: amount due for settlement within 12 months shown under current liabilities	減:12個月內到期償還款項 (列為流動負債)		(377)		(946)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months shown under non-current liability	12個月後到期償還款項 (列為非流動負債)		77		242

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's lease obligations denominated in RMB amounted to approximately HK\$212,000 (2022: HK\$265,000). The lessee's incremental borrowing rate was 8.00% per annum for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022. 於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團以人民幣 計值之租賃承擔約212,000港元(二零二二年: 265,000港元)。截至二零二三年及二零二二年 三月三十一日止年度的承租人增量借貸利率 為年利率8.00厘。

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### 28. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 28. 合約負債

	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Contract liabilities from sales of natural gas 銷售天然氣所得合約負債	1,278	_

The movement of contract liabilities shows in following:

合約負債的變動情況列示如下:

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>千港元</i>
As at the beginning of the year Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of	於本年度年初 計入年初合約負債結餘的 已確認收益	-	_
the year Receipt in advance from contract with customers	來自客戶合約的預收款項	- 1,278	
As at the end of the year	於本年度年末	1,278	

The amount of contract liabilities expected to be recognised as income within one year is RMB1,278,000 (2022: Nil).

預計將於一年內確認為收入的合約負債款項 為人民幣1,278,000元(二零二二年:無)。

#### **29. SHARE CAPITAL**

29. 股本

		Number of	
		Shares	Amount
		股份數目	金額
		'000	HK\$'000
		千股	千港元
Issued and fully paid	已發行及繳足		
As at 1 April 2021, 31 March 2022,	於二零二一年四月一日、		
1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023,	二零二二年三月三十一日、		
Shares with no par value	二零二二年四月一日及		
	二零二三年三月三十一日,		
	並無面值之股份	58,901	847,601

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### **30. PARTIAL DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES**

On 2 July 2022, the Group entered into an instrument of transfer with State Resources Corporation to dispose of 49% equity interest in Redbliss Ventures Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Redbliss Group**") at a total consideration of HK\$25,000. The disposal was completed on 2 July 2022.

The net assets of Redbliss Group at the date of disposal was as follow:

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 30. 部分出售附屬公司

於二零二二年七月二日,本集團與國能資源有限公司訂立轉讓文書,以總代價25,000港元出售紅福創投有限公司及其附屬公司(統稱「紅福集團」)49%股權。出售事項於二零二二年七月二日完成。

紅福集團於出售日期之淨資產如下:

		As at 2 July 2022 於二零二二年 七月二日 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and cash equivalents Amount due to ultimate holding company	現金及現金等價物 應付最終控股公司款項	110 (60)
		50
49% of net assets being disposed of Less: amount due from non-controlling interests	出售49%淨資產 減:應收非控股權益款項	25 (25)
Gain on partial disposal of subsidiaries - capital reserve	部分出售附屬公司收益資本儲備	
There is no cash inflow or outflow upon partial disposal of subsidiaries during the year.	年內部分出售附屬公司並執 流出。	無產生現金流入或

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# **31. STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY**

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 31. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備

		2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$`000</i> 千港元
<b>Non-current assets</b> Financial assets at FVTOCI	<b>非流動資產</b> 按公允值計入其他全面收益之 金融資產	43,593	44,464
Amounts due from subsidiaries Loan to subsidiaries	應收附屬公司之款項 給予附屬公司之貸款	8,782 102,574	10,944 100,126
		154,949	155,534
<b>Current assets</b> Prepayment and other receivable Cash and cash equivalents	<b>流動資產</b> 預付款項及其他應收款項 現金及現金等價物	188 52,098	78 51,826
		52,286	51,904
<b>Current liability</b> Other payables and accruals	<b>流動負債</b> 其他應付款項及應計款項	266	276
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	52,020	51,628
Total assets less current liability	總資產減流動負債	206,969	207,162
<b>Non-current liability</b> Amount due to a subsidiary	<b>非流動負債</b> 應付一間附屬公司之款項	122,740	122,800
Net assets	資產淨值	84,229	84,362
<b>Capital and reserves</b> Share capital Reserves	<b>股本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	847,601 (763,372)	847,601 (763,239)
Total equity	權益總額	84,229	84,362

The Company's statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 23 June 2023 and was signed on its behalf by: 董事會於二零二三年六月二十三日批准及授 權刊印本公司財務狀況表並由下列董事代表 簽署:

Ms. Tong Jiangxia 童江霞女士 Director 董事

Mr. Chen Haining

陳海寧先生

Director

董事

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### 31. STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED) Movement in the Company's reserves

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 31. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備(續)

#### 本公司儲備變動

		Contributed surplus	Exchange reserve	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估	Accumulated losses	Total
		<b>繳入盈餘</b> HK\$'000 千港元 (Note i) (附註i)	<b>外匯儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	累計虧損 HK\$ <sup>:000</sup> 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$`000 千港元
As at 1 April 2021	於二零二一年四月一日	31,104	(808)	30,935	(816,795)	(755,564)
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income (expense) – Fair value change on investment in financial assets at FVTOCI	本年度虧損 其他全面收益(開支) 一按公允值計入其他全面 收益之金融資產投資之	-	-	-	(2,231)	(2,231)
	公允值變動		1,877	(7,321)	-	(5,444)
Total comprehensive income (expense)	全面收益(開支)總額		1,877	(7,321)	(2,231)	(7,675)
As at 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日及 二零二二年四月一日	31,104	1,069	23,614	(819,026)	(763,239)
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income (expense) – Fair value change on investment in financial assets at FVTOCI	本年度溢利 其他全面收益(開支) 一按公允值計入其他全面 收益之金融資產投資之	-	-	_	737	737
	公允值變動		(3,420)	2,550		(870)
Total comprehensive income (expense)	全面收益(開支)總額		(3,420)	2,550	737	(133)
As at 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	31,104	(2,351)	26,164	(818,289)	(763,372)

Notes:

2000.

Nil (2022: Nil).

(i)

(ii)

- 附註:
- (i) 繳入盈餘為本公司所收購附屬公司資產淨值 與本公司就於二零零零年三月收購附屬公司 而發行股份之面值差額。
- (ii) 於二零二三年三月三十一日,根據新《公司條例》(香港法例第622章)第6部之規定計算,並 無可供分派予本公司擁有人之儲備總額(二 零二二年:無)。

Contributed surplus is the difference between the net assets of the

subsidiaries acquired by the Company and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition of subsidiaries in March

As at 31 March 2023, the aggregate amount of reserves available

for distribution to owners of the Company, as calculated under the

provisions of Part 6 of the new CO (Chapter 622, Laws of HK) was

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### **32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

#### 2011 share option scheme ("2011 Share Option Scheme")

Under the 2011 Share Option Scheme, the Board may grant share options at a consideration of HK\$10 for each lot of share option granted to:

- (a) employees of the Group;
- (b) Directors (including any executive, non-executive and independent non-executive Directors (where applicable));
- (c) substantial shareholders of each member of the Company; and
- (d) any advisers, consultants, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners, joint venture business partners, promoters, service providers of any member of the Group (together, the "Participants" and each, a "Participant").

The purpose of the 2011 Share Option Scheme is to provide the persons and the parties working for the interests of the Company with an opportunity to obtain an equity interests in the Company, thus linking their interests with the interests of the Company and thereby providing them with an incentive to work better for the interests of the Company.

An option may be exercised in whole or in part in accordance with the terms of the 2011 Share Option Scheme at any time during a period to be notified by the Board to each grantee provided that the period within which the Shares may be taken up under the option must not be more than 10 years from the date of offer of the option. The subscription price will not be less than the highest of the following:

- (a) the closing price of Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets on the date of offer of an option which must be a business day;
- (b) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five consecutive business days immediately preceding the date of offer; and
- (c) the nominal value of the Share.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 32. 購股權計劃

#### 二零一一年購股權計劃(「二零一一年購股權計 劃」)

根據二零一一年購股權計劃,董事會可按代價 每手購股權10港元向下列人士授出購股權:

- (a) 本集團僱員;
- (b) 董事(包括任何執行、非執行及獨立非執 行董事(如適用));
- (c) 本公司各成員公司之主要股東;及
- (d) 本集團任何成員公司之任何顧問、諮詢人、分銷商、承包商、供應商、代理商、客戶、業務夥伴、合營業務夥伴、推銷商、服務供應商(統稱為「參與人士」及各參與人士「各參與人士」)。

二零一一年購股權計劃旨在給予為本公司利 益而努力之人士及各方獲取本公司股權之機 會,從而將彼等之利益與本公司之利益掛鈎, 激勵彼等為本公司之利益而奮鬥。

購股權可於董事會知會各承授人之期間內根 據二零一一年購股權計劃條款隨時全面或部 分行使,惟因行使購股權認購股份之期限自提 呈授出購股權當日起計不得超過10年。認購價 將不會低於下列各項的最高者:

- (a) 授出購股權當日(必須為營業日)聯交所 每日報價表所列之股份收市價;
- (b) 緊接授出日期前五個連續營業日聯交所 每日報價表所列之股份平均收市價;及
- (c) 股份面值。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# **32.** SHARE OPTION SCHEME (CONTINUED)

#### 2011 Share Option Scheme (Continued)

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued under the 2011 Share Option Scheme must not exceed 10% of the total number of Shares in issue from time to time. No option may be granted under the 2011 Share Option Scheme if this will result in the said limit being exceeded.

As at 31 March 2021, the number of Shares in respect of options available for issue under the 2011 Share Option Scheme was 5,890,053, representing 10% of the Shares in issue at that date.

The Company may seek approval of its Shareholders in general meeting to renew the scheme mandate limit provided that the total number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted under the 2011 Share Option Scheme shall not exceed 10% (the "**Renewal Limit**") of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of approval to renew such limit. The 2011 Share Option Scheme (including those outstanding, cancelled, lapsed in accordance with the 2011 Share Option Scheme or exercised options) shall not be counted for the purpose of calculating the Renewal Limit.

The maximum number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted pursuant to the 2011 Share Option Scheme to each Participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of grant of the options must not exceed 1% of the total number of Shares in issue (the "**Individual Limit**"). Any further grant of options in excess of the Individual Limit in any 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant must be subject to the approval of the Shareholders in general meeting at which such Participant and his associates must abstain from voting.

The 2011 Share Option Scheme expired on 11 December 2021.

There was no option outstanding under the 2011 Share Option Scheme as at 31 March 2023 and 2022.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 32. 購股權計劃(續) 二零一一年購股權計劃(續)

根據二零一一年購股權計劃,可發行的股份數 目上限不得超過不時已發行股份總數之10%。 倘授出購股權會導致股份數目超逾該上限,則 不會根據二零一一年購股權計劃授出購股權。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,二零一一年購 股權計劃項下可供發行之購股權所涉及之股 份數目為5,890,053股,佔當日已發行股份的 10%。

本公司可於股東大會尋求股東批准更新計劃 授權上限,惟有關根據二零一一年購股權計劃 可能授出之購股權所涉及之股份總數不得超 過批准更新該等上限當日本公司已發行股本 之10%(「更新上限」)。計算更新上限時,不會 計及二零一一年購股權計劃(包括該等尚未行 使、已註銷、根據二零一一年購股權計劃已失 效或已行使之購股權)。

截至及包括授出購股權當日止之任何12個月 期間,因行使根據二零一一年購股權計劃向各 參與人士已授出及將授出之購股權(包括已行 使及尚未行使之購股權)而已發行及將發行之 股份數目上限,不得超過已發行股份總數之1% (「個別上限」)。截至及包括該等進一步授出 購股權日期止之任何12個月期間,進一步授出 超逾個別上限之購股權須於股東大會獲股東 批准,而該等參與人士及其聯繫人必須放棄投 票。

二零一一年購股權計劃已於二零二一年十二 月十一日到期。

於二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日,概 無二零一一年購股權計劃項下的購股權尚未 行使。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### **33. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES**

The Group operates a MPF Scheme for all qualified employees in HK. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustees. Under the rules of the MPF Scheme, the employer and employees of the Company are each required to make contributions to the scheme at the rate specified in the rules. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the MPF Scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme. As at the end of the reporting periods, no forfeited contribution was available to reduce the contribution payable of future years.

The employees of the Company's subsidiary in PRC are members of the pension scheme operated by the government of PRC. The Company's subsidiary in PRC is required to contribute a certain percentage of the relevant portion of these employees' basic salaries to the pension to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Company's subsidiary in PRC with respect to the pension scheme is the required contributions under the pension scheme.

The retirement benefits costs charged to profit or loss amounted to approximately HK\$96,000 (2022: HK\$83,000). The retirement benefits costs charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable to the schemes by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the schemes.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 33. 退休福利計劃

本集團為香港所有合資格僱員參加強積金計 劃。強積金計劃的資產與本集團的資產分開處 理,並由信託人控制的基金持有。強積金計劃 的規例規定本公司僱主及僱員須按規例所定 百分比向該計劃作出供款。本集團根據強積金 計劃唯一須負的責任為對該計劃作出所需供 款。於報告期末,並無被沒收的供款可作扣減 未來年度應付的供款。

本公司在中國的附屬公司的僱員均為中國政 府所設立的退休金計劃的成員。本公司在中國 的附屬公司須向退休金作出相當於該等僱員 基本薪金相關部分中若干百分比的供款,以撥 作該等福利的資金。本公司在中國的附屬公司 對退休金計劃所負的唯一責任是根據退休金 計劃作出所需供款。

於損益內扣除的退休福利成本約96,000港元 (二零二二年:83,000港元)。於損益內扣除之 退休福利成本指本集團根據該等計劃的規例 所定百分比向該等計劃應作出的供款。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### 34. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 34. 融資活動所產生負債之對賬

下表詳述本集團融資活動所產生負債的變動, 包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動所產生負債 指現金流量已或未來現金流量將於本集團的 綜合現金流量表內分類為融資活動現金流量 的負債。

Lease

		liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	1,188
Changes from financing cash flows: Repayment of lease liabilities	融資現金流量之變動: 償還租賃負債	(1,102)
Other changes: Finance costs New lease entered Lease modification Exchange adjustments	其他變動: 融資成本 新訂租賃 租賃修訂 匯兌調整	72 329 (1) (32)
As at 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	368 454
		Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April 2021	於二零二一年四月一日	374
Changes from financing cash flows: Repayment of lease liabilities	融資現金流量之變動: 償還租賃負債	(1,031)
Other changes: Finance costs Exchange adjustments Adjustment on lease reassessment	其他變動: 融資成本 匯兌調整 租賃重新評估調整	91 10 1,744
As at 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	1,845

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# 35. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 35. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情

於二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日,本 公司主要附屬公司的詳情如下:

Names of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Places/countries of incorporations/ operations 註冊成立/ 營業地點/國家	rations/ Attributable equity interests/proportions ns Paid up issued/registered capitals of voting powers held by the Company Pr 这/ 街/國家 繳足已發行/註冊股本 本公司持有之應佔股本權益/投票權比例 主 Directly Indirectly		of voting powers held by the Company 本公司持有之應佔股本權益/投票權比例 Directly Indirectly			Principal activities 主要業務
			直 2023 二零二三年	<b>桜</b> 2022 二零二二年	間 2023 二零二三年	<b>接</b> 2022 二零二二年	
iMerchants Asia Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary shares US\$50,000 50,000美元之普通股	100%	100%	-	-	Investment holdings 投資控股
Growwise Holdings Limited 智生控股有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary shares US\$1 1美元之普通股	100%	100%	-	-	Investment holdings 投資控股
Top Connect Holdings Limited 匯領控股有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary shares US\$1 1美元之普通股	100%	100%	-	-	Investment holdings 投資控股
Green Gas Energy Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary shares US\$1 1美元之普通股	100%	100%	-	-	Investment holdings 投資控股
Redbliss Ventures Limited 紅福創投有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary shares US\$100 100美元之普通股	51%	100%	-	-	Investment holdings 投資控股
True Vitality Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary shares US\$10,000 10,000美元之普通股	100%	100%	-	-	Investment holdings 投資控股
Green Gas Energy (HK) Limited	HK 香港	Ordinary shares HK\$100 100港元之普通股	-	-	100%	100%	Investment holdings 投資控股
First Top Finance Limited 永高財務有限公司	HK 香港	Ordinary shares HK\$1 1港元之普通股	100%	100%	-	-	Money lending 放貸
Harvest Taken (HK) Limited 天華 (香港) 有限公司	HK 香港	Ordinary shares HK\$1 1港元之普通股	-	-	100%	100%	Investment in financial assets 投資於金融資產
Care Asia Resource International Limited 華亞資源國際有限公司	HK 香港	Ordinary shares HK\$10,000 10,000港元之普通股	-	-	100%	100%	Investment holdings 投資控股
All Profit Limited 億潤有限公司	HK 香港	Ordinary shares HK\$100 100港元之普通股	-	-	51%	100%	Inactive 暫無營業
Jieya Holdings (Guangdong) Company Limited (formerly known as	PRC	RMB30,000,000	-	-	100%	100%	Trading of natural gas
Zhejiang Jieya Energy Company Limited)*- 捷亞控股 (廣東) 有限公司 (前稱浙江捷亞能源有限公司)*	" 中國	人民幣30,000,000元					天然氣貿易
Shenzhen Huaya Energy Company Limited <sup>*, ##</sup>	PRC	RMB40,000,000	-	-	100%	100%	General trading
深圳華亞能源有限公司##	中國	人民幣40,000,000元					一般貿易

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# **35. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)**

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 35. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情(續)

	s of subsidiaries 公司名稱	Places/countries of incorporations/ operations 註冊成立/ 營業地點/國家	Paid up issued/registered capitals 繳足已發行/註冊股本	of 本公 Dire 直	voting powers he 司持有之應佔股 ectly 接	interests/proporti eld by the Compa 本權益/投票權 Indir 間	ny 比例 ectly 接	Principal activities 主要業務
				2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	
Cor She	hen Jieya Supply Chain npany Limited (formerly known as nzhen Huaya Finance Service npany Limited) <sup>*, ###</sup>	PRC	RMB20,000,000	-	-	100%	100%	Supply chain management of energy section and energy related business
深圳排	和Any Linned And 重亞供應鏈有限公司 稱深圳市華亞金融服務有限公司)***	中國	人民幣20,000,000元					能源板塊的供應鏈管理及能 源相關業務
	an Huaya Century Company Limited".# 善亞世紀有限公司#	PRC 中國	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	-	-	100%	100%	Investment holdings 投資控股
	Energy (Guangdong) Company	PRC	RMB10,000,000	-	-	100%	-	Trading of natural gas
	ited <sup>*,##</sup> 走源(廣東)有限公司 <sup>##</sup>	中國	人民幣10,000,000元					天然氣貿易
	u Jieya Gas Company Limited <sup>*,##</sup> 東亞燃氣有限公司 <sup>###</sup>	PRC 中國	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	-	-	51%	-	Trading of natural gas 天然氣貿易

- \* The English translations of the Chinese names are for identification purpose and should not be regarded as the official English translations of the Chinese names.
- \* The company is a limited liability company (solely invested by either Taiwan, HK or Macau legal entity) established in PRC.
- <sup>##</sup> The company is a limited liability company (solely invested by a foreign legal entity) established in PRC.
- \*\*\* The company is a limited liability company (solely invested by a PRC legal entity) established in PRC.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Group which, in the opinions of the Directors, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding during the year or as at the end of the reporting periods.

- 中文名稱的英文譯文僅作識別用途,不應視 為中文名稱的官方英文譯文。
- \* 公司為於中國成立之有限責任公司(台灣、香 港或澳門法人實體獨資)。
- # 公司為於中國成立之有限責任公司(境外法 人實體獨資)。
- \*\*\*\* 公司為於中國成立之有限責任公司(中國法 人實體獨資)。

上表載列董事認為對本集團業績或資產有重 大影響之本集團附屬公司之資料。董事認為提 供其他附屬公司之詳情會使詳情過長。

附屬公司於本年度內或報告期末概無任何尚 未償還之債務證券。

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### **36. MATERIAL RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS**

Save as disclosed elsewhere to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had entered into the following related party transactions, which in the opinion of the Directors, were carried out in accordance with terms negotiated between the parties and in the ordinary course of business of the Group.

Remunerations for key management personnel, including emoluments paid to the Directors and certain employees of the Group, as disclosed in notes 14 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements respectively, are follows:

#### Key management personnel

# 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 36. 重大關連人士交易

除綜合財務報表其他部分所披露者外,本集 團已訂立下列關連人士交易,而董事認為,有 關交易乃根據訂約方磋商之條款並在本集團 之日常業務過程中進行。

主要管理人員之薪酬(包括支付予本集團董 事及若干僱員之酬金(分別於綜合財務報表 附註14及15披露))如下:

#### 主要管理人員

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Salaries, allowances and other benefits Contributions to retirement benefits schemes	薪金、津貼及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	2,440 18	2,436 18
Total remunerations paid to key management personnel	向主要管理人員支付之 薪酬總額	2,458	2,454

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### 37. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Pursuant to the Company's announcements dated 13 December 2021, 12 April 2022 and 15 July 2022, the GEM Listing Committee has decided to uphold the decision of the Listing Division of the Stock Exchange that the Company failed to maintain a sufficient level of operations and assets as required under Rule 17.26 of the GEM Listing Rules to warrant the continued listing of Shares, and that trading in Shares shall be suspended under Rule 9.04(3) of the GEM Listing Rules.

On 20 July 2022, the Company received a letter from the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") setting out the resumption guidance for resumption of trading in Shares. The Company must remedy the issues causing it trading suspension and fully comply with the GEM Listing Rules to the Stock Exchange's satisfaction before trading in the Shares is allowed to resume by 14 July 2023. If the Company fails to achieve it, the Listing Division of the Stock Exchange will recommend the GEM Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange to proceed with the cancellation of the Company's listing.

Further announcement(s) will be made by the Company regarding any material developments on the resumption as and when appropriate and in accordance with the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **38. COMPARATIVE FIGURES**

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the presentation for the year.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 37. 報告期後事項

根據本公司日期為二零二一年十二月十三 日、二零二二年四月十二日及二零二二年七 月十五日之公告,GEM上市委員會決定維持 聯交所上市科之決定,認為本公司未能按照 《GEM上市規則》第17.26條維持足夠營運水 平及資產以保證股份可繼續上市,及股份將 根據《GEM上市規則》第9.04(3)條暫停買賣。

於二零二二年七月二十日,本公司接獲香港 聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)函件,當中 載列恢復股份買賣的復牌指引。本公司須糾 正導致其停牌的問題並完全遵守《GEM上市 規則》以令聯交所信納,股份方會獲准於二零 二三年七月十四日前恢復買賣。倘本公司未 能達成有關條件,聯交所上市科將建議聯交 所GEM上市委員會取消本公司的上市地位。

本公司將於適當時候遵照《GEM上市規則》之 規定就復牌的任何重大進展另行刊發公告。

#### 38. 比較數字

若干比較數字已經重新分類,以符合本年度 的呈列。

# **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

# 財務概要

For the year ended 31 March 2023

# RESULTS

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 業績

		Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度					
		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
		二零一九年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二三年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Revenue	收益	527,241	370,938	429,468	330,336	190,810	
Profit (loss) before tax	除稅前溢利(虧損)	8,029	273	(7,990)	3,430	(334)	
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	(2,504)	(566)	(2,081)	(3,101)	(60)	
Profit (loss) for the year	本年度溢利(虧損)	5,525	(293)	(10,071)	329	(394)	
Attributed to:	以下人士應佔:						
- Owners of the Company	-本公司擁有人	5,252	(293)	(10,071)	329	(1,415)	
- Non-controlling interests	一非控股權益	-	_	_	_	1,021	
Profit (loss) for the year	本年度溢利(虧損)	5,525	(293)	(10,071)	329	(394)	

#### ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

#### 資產及負債

		As at 31 March 於三月三十一日					
		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
		二零一九年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二三年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Total assets	總資產	406,461	385,897	414,684	426,863	399,697	
Total liabilities	總負債	(17,258)	(16,061)	,	(11,464)	(8,558)	
Net assets	資產淨值	389,203	369,836	407,422	415,399	391,139	
Equity attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔權益						
of the Company		389,203	369,836	407,422	415,399	390,091	
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		-	-	_	1,048	
Total equity	權益總額	389,203	369,836	407,422	415,399	391,139	

### **FURTHER INFORMATION**

The Company has delivered the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 to the Registrar of Companies as required by section 662(3) of, and Part 3 of Schedule 6 to, the Companies Ordinance and will deliver the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 in due course.

The Company's external auditor has reported on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for both years. The independent auditor's reports were unqualified; did not include a reference to any matters to which the external auditor drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying its reports; and did not contain a statement under sections 406(2), 407(2) or (3) of the Companies Ordinance.

### PUBLICATION OF RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT

Both the English and Chinese versions of this results announcement are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk and the Company at www.chinese-energy.com. In the event of any discrepancies in interpretations between the English version and Chinese version, the English version shall prevail.

By order of the Board Chinese Energy Holdings Limited Mr. Chen Haining Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 23 June 2023

As at the date hereof, the executive Directors are Mr. Chen Haining (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company) and Ms. Tong Jiangxia; and the independent non-executive Directors are Mr. Luk Chi Shing, Mr. Leung Fu Hang and Mr. Chen Liang.

This announcement, for which the Directors collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that, to the best of their knowledges and beliefs, the information contained in this announcement is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this announcement misleading.

This announcement will remain on the "Latest Listed Company Information" page of the Stock Exchange's website at www.hkexnews.hk for at least seven (7) days from the date of its posting and on the website of the Company at www.chinese-energy.com.