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## **Yik Wo International Holdings Limited**

### **易和國際控股有限公司**

*(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)*

**(Stock code: 8659)**

## **ANNUAL RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023**

The board (“**Board**”) of directors (“**Directors**”) of Yik Wo International Holdings Limited (“**Company**”, together with its subsidiaries, the “**Group**”) is pleased to announce the audited consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023. This announcement, containing the full text of the 2023 annual report of the Company, complies with the relevant requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**GEM Listing Rules**”) in relation to information to accompany preliminary announcements of annual results.

By order of the Board  
**Yik Wo International Holdings Limited**  
**Xu Youjiang**  
*Chairman and Executive Director*

Hong Kong, 28 March 2024

*As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises three executive Directors, namely, Mr. Xu Youjiang, Ms. Xu Liping and Mr. Zhang Yuansheng, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chang Eric Jackson, Mr. Liu Dajin and Mr. Deng Zhihuang.*

*This announcement, for which the Directors collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, (1) the information contained in this announcement is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and (2) there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this announcement misleading.*

*This announcement will remain on the “Latest Listed Company Information” page of the Stock Exchange’s website at [www.hkexnews.hk](http://www.hkexnews.hk) for at least 7 days from the date of its posting. This announcement will also be published on the Company’s website at [www.yikwo.cn](http://www.yikwo.cn).*

# Yik Wo International Holdings Limited

## 易和國際控股有限公司

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# Annual Report

## 2023



# CHARACTERISTICS OF GEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE “STOCK EXCHANGE”)

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate small and mid-sized companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration.

Given that the companies listed on GEM are generally small and mid-sized companies, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

*Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Stock Exchange take no responsibility for the contents of this report, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this report.*

*This report, for which the directors (the “**Director(s)**”) of Yik Wo International Holdings Limited (the “**Company**” together with its subsidiaries, the “**Group**”) collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the “**GEM Listing Rules**”) for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Group. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.*

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# CORPORATE INFORMATION

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### Executive Directors

Mr. Xu Youjiang *(Chairman)*  
Ms. Xu Liping  
Mr. Zhang Yuansheng

### Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Chang Eric Jackson  
Mr. Liu Dajin  
Mr. Deng Zhihuang

## COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Xu Youjiang

## AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES (FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE GEM LISTING RULES)

Ms. Kwong Oi Man Patty  
Mr. Xu Youjiang

## COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Kwong Oi Man Patty

## AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chang Eric Jackson *(Chairman)*  
Mr. Liu Dajin  
Mr. Deng Zhihuang

## REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Deng Zhihuang *(Chairman)*  
Mr. Chang Eric Jackson  
Mr. Liu Dajin  
Mr. Zhang Yuansheng

## NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Liu Dajin *(Chairman)*  
Mr. Deng Zhihuang  
Mr. Chang Eric Jackson  
Mr. Xu Youjiang

## RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. Xu Youjiang *(Chairman)*  
Ms. Xu Liping  
Mr. Zhang Yuansheng  
Mr. Liu Dajin

## AUDITOR

Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited  
11th Floor  
Lee Garden Two  
28 Yun Ping Road  
Causeway Bay  
Hong Kong

## PRINCIPAL BANKER

Agricultural Bank of China  
Jinjiang Longhu Branch  
Baikai Jingbianzhong Complex  
Fenglin Industrial Zone  
Longhu Town  
Jinjiang City  
Fujian Province  
China



## CORPORATE INFORMATION

### REGISTERED OFFICE IN CAYMAN ISLANDS

Maples Corporate Services Limited  
P.O. Box 309  
Ugland House  
Grand Cayman  
KY1-1104  
Cayman Islands

### HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

Wukeng Industrial Zone  
Longhu Town  
Jinjiang City  
Fujian Province  
China

### HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 6, 3/F., Lladro Centre  
72 Hoi Yuen Road  
Kwun Tong  
Kowloon  
Hong Kong

### CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited  
PO Box 1093, Boundary Hall  
Cricket Square  
Grand Cayman, KY1-1102  
Cayman Islands

### HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited  
Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre  
183 Queen's Road East  
Wan Chai  
Hong Kong

### WEBSITE ADDRESS

[www.yikwo.cn](http://www.yikwo.cn)

### STOCK CODE

8659

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board of Directors (the "**Board**") of Yik Wo International Holdings Limited, I am pleased to present the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2023.

## FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE AND BUSINESS REVIEW

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately RMB323.3 million, representing a year-on-year increase of approximately 12.5% (2022: approximately RMB287.5 million). The increase in revenue was mainly due to the demands for the Group's disposable plastic food storage containers having increased and remaining at a high level. Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company was approximately RMB27.6 million (2022: approximately RMB33.8 million). The decrease in profit for the year was mainly due to the transfer of listing expense of approximately RMB5.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 incurred for the Company's proposed transfer of listing.

## PROSPECTS

Looking forward, the Directors consider that the Group will continue to be affected by external opportunities and challenges such as the popularity of environmentally friendly disposable plastic food storage containers, advances in production technologies and competition from substitutes, such as disposable food storage containers in the market made of other materials. The Directors are of the view that maintaining product safety and focusing on environmental protection, brand promotion, expansion of sales channels and product customisation remain to be the key drivers for the growth of the disposable plastic storage container business. With the Group's experienced management team and reputation in the market, the Directors consider that the Group is well-positioned to compete against its competitors under such future challenges that are commonly faced by all competitors, and the Group will continue to strengthen its market position in the industry and expand its market share by the implementation of the Group's business plans.

In view of the rapidly growing trend over the past few years of the film industry and enhancement of regulatory environment and favourable policies in the PRC, the Directors believe that the passive investment in film projects at this moment will enable it to leverage the opportunities that the COVID-19 pandemic in the PRC has gradually eased and popular entertainment needs will rebound, and seize the opportunity in the emerging film industry. The Group entered into the equity sale and purchase agreements dated 10 September 2021 and supplemental agreements (the "**Supplemental Agreements**") dated 20 January 2022, to acquire 100% equity interest of June Pictures & Media Limited ("**June Pictures**") with total consideration RMB20,571,430. This acquisition was completed on 27 April 2022. The Directors believe that this investment will bring income to the Group and is a suitable investment, which will also expand the business scope of the Group.

In addition, the e-commerce market in the PRC has continued to grow over the past few years. The Group acquired 100% interest in Beijing Youpinhui Trading Co., Ltd.\* (北京優拼匯商貿有限公司) ("**Beijing Youpinhui**") through acquisition of Youpinhui Enterprise Limited ("**Youpinhui Enterprise**"), which held Beijing Youpinhui, on 1 June 2022. Beijing Youpinhui is engaged in the development and operation of mobile app and e-commerce platform. In July 2022, the Group launched a new e-commerce APP platform Yihe Tianxia\* (易和天下), which is an online shopping platform covering daily necessities, beauty and skin care, household appliances, domestic special agricultural products and other products.

## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

The Group will continue to develop commercial business, continuously optimise customer experience, broaden its revenue stream and ultimately maximise shareholder returns.

### APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my sincerest gratitude to our shareholders, business partners, and valued customers for their continuous support, while also expressing my appreciation to the management team and staff for their hard work and contribution to the development of the Group.

**Xu Youjiang**

*Chairman*

Hong Kong, 28 March 2024



# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

## CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

	Year ended 31 December				
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000
Revenue	<b>323,301</b>	287,499	262,637	233,181	212,795
Profit before taxation	<b>42,181</b>	47,435	47,868	32,546	29,192
Profit for the year	<b>27,578</b>	33,814	35,231	20,760	20,765
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	<b>27,578</b>	33,814	35,231	20,760	20,501
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company	<b>27,532</b>	32,934	35,361	21,244	20,405

## ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	As at 31 December				
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000
Assets					
Non-current assets	<b>55,197</b>	64,305	47,297	50,096	34,577
Current assets	<b>258,614</b>	215,542	153,456	113,593	76,950
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>313,811</b>	279,847	200,753	163,689	111,527
Equity and liabilities					
Non-current liabilities	<b>4,230</b>	2,003	2,430	3,415	3,703
Current liabilities	<b>48,402</b>	44,197	32,884	30,196	28,971
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>52,632</b>	46,200	35,314	33,611	32,674
Total equity	<b>261,179</b>	233,647	165,439	130,078	78,853
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>	<b>313,811</b>	279,847	200,753	163,689	111,527
<b>Net current assets</b>	<b>210,212</b>	171,345	120,572	83,397	47,979
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>	<b>265,409</b>	235,650	167,869	133,493	82,556

# FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The following table summarizes the consolidated financial statements of Group in respective years as indicated:

	Year ended 31 December				2023 RMB'000
	2019 RMB'000	2020 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	
<b>Revenue</b>	212,795	233,181	262,637	287,499	<b>323,301</b>
Cost of sales	(152,375)	(164,015)	(186,689)	(203,639)	<b>(229,179)</b>
<b>Gross profit</b>	60,420	69,166	75,948	83,860	<b>94,122</b>
Other income	59	143	266	324	<b>1,365</b>
Selling expenses	(11,019)	(11,543)	(12,232)	(14,042)	<b>(20,077)</b>
Administrative and other operating expenses	(20,042)	(25,008)	(15,919)	(22,543)	<b>(30,152)</b>
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	—	—	—	—	<b>(947)</b>
Impairment loss on intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	—	—	—	—	<b>(2,130)</b>
<b>Profit from operations</b>	29,418	32,758	48,063	47,599	<b>42,181</b>
Finance costs	(226)	(212)	(195)	(164)	<b>(211)</b>
<b>Profit before income tax</b>	29,192	32,546	47,868	47,435	<b>41,970</b>
Income tax expense	(8,427)	(11,786)	(12,637)	(13,621)	<b>(14,392)</b>
<b>Profit for the year</b>	20,765	20,760	35,231	33,814	<b>27,578</b>
<b>Profit for the year attributable to:</b>					
Equity holders of the Company	20,501	20,760	35,231	33,814	<b>27,578</b>
Non-controlling interests	264	—	—	—	<b>—</b>
	20,765	20,760	35,231	33,814	<b>27,578</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income/(expenses), net of tax:</b>					
<b>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</b>					
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operation recognised	(96)	484	130	(880)	<b>(46)</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	20,669	21,244	35,361	32,934	<b>27,532</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:</b>					
Equity holders of the Company	20,405	21,244	35,361	32,934	<b>27,532</b>
Non-controlling interests	264	—	—	—	<b>—</b>
	20,669	21,244	35,361	32,934	<b>27,532</b>

## FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Note:

Pursuant to the group reorganisation as more fully explained in the section headed “History, Reorganisation and Corporate Structure” in the Prospectus of the Company dated 31 June 2020 (the “Prospectus”) (the “Group Reorganisation”), the Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group on 31 May 2019. By completing the corporate division and interspersing the Company and other intermediate holding companies between the operating company, and the ultimate controlling shareholders, the Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group on 31 May 2019. The Group is under the control of Mr. Xu prior to and after the Group Reorganisation. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the principles of merger accounting in accordance with Accounting Guideline 5 “Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations” issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants as if the Company had always been the holding company of the Group.

The above financial information is extracted from the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023, which are prepared as if the current group structure had been in existence throughout the years ended 31 December 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 or since the date of incorporation of respective group companies where there is a shorter period.

	As at 31 December				2023 RMB'000
	2019 RMB'000	2020 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	
Total assets	111,527	163,689	200,753	279,847	313,811
Total liabilities	(32,674)	(33,611)	(35,314)	(46,200)	(52,632)
Net assets	78,853	130,078	165,439	233,647	261,179
Equity attributable to:					
– Owners of the Company	78,853	130,078	165,439	233,647	261,179
– Non-controlling interests	—	—	—	—	—
	78,853	130,078	165,439	233,647	261,179

Note:

Pursuant to the Group Reorganisation, the Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group on 31 May 2019. By completing the corporate division and interspersing the Company and other intermediate holding companies between the operating company, and the ultimate controlling shareholders, the Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group on 31 May 2019. The Group is under the control of Mr. Xu prior to and after the Group Reorganisation. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the principles of merger accounting in accordance with Accounting Guideline 5 “Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations” issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants as if the Company had always been the holding company of the Group.

The above financial information is extracted from the consolidated statements of financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 which present the assets and liabilities of the companies now comprising the Group as at the respective dates as if the current group structure had been in existence at those dates.



## FINANCIAL SUMMARY

### Non-HKFRS measure

The following table sets forth the adjusted net profit (Non-HKFRS measure) of the Group for the years indicated after adjusting for non-recurring items not arising from Group's ordinary and usual course of business, including (i) transfer of listing expenses incurred for the proposed transfer of listing; and (ii) change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (see note 16 to the audited consolidated financial statements); and the Interest income from film investment project (see note 7 to the audited consolidated financial statements) as subsequent events of the acquisition of June Pictures by the Company as non-HKFRS measures:

	Year ended 31 December	
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
<b>Profit for the year</b>	<b>27,578</b>	33,814
<i>Add:</i>		
Transfer of listing expenses	<b>5,812</b>	—
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<b>947</b>	
<i>Deduct:</i>		
Interest income from film investment project	<b>(932)</b>	—
<b>Adjusted net profit</b> (non-HKFRS measure)	<b>33,405</b>	33,814

The Group believes that the presentation of such non-HKFRS measure when shown in conjunction with the corresponding HKFRS measure provides useful information to potential investors and management in facilitating a comparison of its operating performance from year to year by eliminating potential impacts of transfer of listing expenses, the change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and interest income from film investment project. The use of the non-HKFRS measure has limitations as any other analytical tool, and should not be considered in isolation from or as a substitute for or superior to, the analysis of the Group's results of operations or financial condition as reported under the HKFRS. In addition, the non-HKFRS measure may be defined differently from similar terms used by other companies.



# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## BUSINESS REVIEW

Revenue for the year ended 31 December 2023 was approximately RMB323.3 million, representing an increase of approximately 12.5% as compared to the corresponding year ended 31 December 2022. The Group recorded a profit attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately RMB27.6 million whilst the profit attributable to owners of the Company last year was approximately RMB33.8 million.

The Group facilitates production of a comprehensive range of disposable plastic food storage containers, which are mainly sold to customers in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the revenue of the Group recorded an increase primarily due to the demands for the Group's disposable plastic food storage containers having increased and remaining at a high level.

Looking forward, the Directors consider that the Group will continue to be affected by external opportunities and challenges such as the popularity of environmentally friendly disposable plastic food storage containers, advances in production technologies and competition from substitutes, such as disposable food storage containers in the market made of other materials. The Directors are of the view that maintaining product safety and focusing on environmental protection, brand promotion, expansion of sales channels and product customisation remain to be the key drivers for the growth of the disposable plastic storage container business. With the Group's experienced management team and reputation in the market, the Directors consider that the Group is well-positioned to compete against its competitors under such future challenges that are commonly faced by all competitors, and the Group will continue to strengthen its market position in the industry and expand its market share by the implementation of the Group's business plans through utilisation of the Group's cash and cash equivalents and cash generated from operating activities.

## FINANCIAL REVIEW

### Revenue

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's total revenue amounted to approximately RMB323.3 million (2022: approximately RMB287.5 million). The Group recognised an increase of total revenue by approximately RMB35.8 million or approximately 12.5% from 2022 to 2023, which was mainly due to the increase in sales orders for the Group's disposable plastic food storage containers, and the increase in revenue from our new e-commerce segment in 2023.

### Cost of sales

The cost of sales increased from approximately RMB203.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 to approximately RMB229.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2023, representing an increase of approximately RMB25.6 million or approximately 12.6%. Such increase was in line with the increase in revenue.

### Gross profit

Gross profit of the Group increased by approximately RMB10.2 million or approximately 12.2% from approximately RMB83.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 to approximately RMB94.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2023. The overall gross profit margin remained relatively stable and amounted to approximately 29.2% and 29.1%, respectively for the two years ended 31 December 2022 and 2023.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### Selling expenses

Selling expenses for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounted to approximately RMB20.1 million (2022: RMB14.0 million), representing an increase of 43.6%. Such increase was attributable to (i) the increase of revenue from disposable plastic food storage containers which incurred more sales staff costs and transportation expenses; and (ii) the increase in selling expenses, including sales staff costs and promotional expenses incurred by the new e-commerce segment.

### Administrative and other operating expenses

Administrative and other operating expenses of the Group increased by approximately RMB7.7 million or approximately 34.2% from approximately RMB22.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 to approximately RMB30.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Administrative and other operating expenses primarily consist of staff costs, amortisation expenses on intangible assets, research and development cost, legal and professional service fees and other costs incurred for the Group's daily operation. The increase was primarily attributable to the legal and professional expenses incurred arising from the Company's proposed transfer of listing from GEM to the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of approximately RMB5.8 million during the year ended 31 December 2023. The increase in administrative and other operating expenses was also contributed by the administrative and other operating expenses incurred by the new e-commerce segment.

There was impairment loss on intangibles assets and property, plant and equipment of approximately RMB2.1 million (2022: nil), including RMB1.6 million impairment loss on mobile app development costs included in intangible assets and RMB0.5 million impairment loss on an office held under leases included in property, plant and equipment.

### Finance costs

During the year ended 31 December 2023, finance costs for the Group amounted to approximately RMB211,000 (2022: RMB164,000). It was mainly due to the lease arrangement in respect of an office and factory premises.

### Income tax expense

Income tax expense for the Group increased by approximately RMB0.8 million or 5.7% from approximately RMB13.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 to approximately RMB14.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2023.

### Profit for the year

Profit for the year decreased by approximately RMB6.2 million or approximately 18.3% from approximately RMB33.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 to approximately RMB27.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2023. Such decrease was primarily attributable to the transfer of listing expense of approximately RMB5.8 million incurred only for the year ended 31 December 2023 in relation to the Company's proposed transfer of listing.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### Proposed transfer of listing

On 23 February 2023, the Company has appointed professional parties to proceed with the preparation of the Company's proposed transfer of the listing of the Company's shares from GEM to the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Formal application has been made to the Stock Exchange on 31 May 2023 (the "Application"). For details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 31 May 2023. As six months had passed since the submission of the Application, the Application has automatically lapsed and no re-submission of application has been made at this stage. The Company is considering and evaluating on the relevant conditions, requirements and procedures as set out in chapters 9A or 9B of the Main Board Listing Rules, and may make an application for a new proposed transfer of listing at a later stage as and when the Board considers appropriate. Further announcement(s) will be made by the Company to keep the Shareholders and potential investors of the Company informed of the progress of the proposed transfer of listing as and when appropriate.

### FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE RISKS

The Group operated mainly in the PRC with most of the Group's transactions settled in Renminbi. As such, the Group did not have significant exposure to foreign exchange risk during the year. The Group did not use any financial instruments for hedging purpose during the year ended 31 December 2023.

### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

#### Interest rate risk

The Group currently does not have interest rate hedging policy. However, the management of the Group closely monitors its exposure to future cash flow risk as a result of change in market interest rate and will consider hedging on changes in market interest rates should the need arise.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument would fail to discharge its obligation and cause a financial loss to the Group. The Group's exposure to credit risk mainly arises from granting credit to customers in the ordinary course of its operations.

The Group is exposed to credit risk in relation to its bank deposits, trade and other receivables.

To manage this risk, bank deposits are mainly placed with state-owned financial institutions and reputable banks which are all high-credit-quality financial institutions. The management does not expect that there will be any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

#### Liquidity risk

In managing the Group's liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of unexpected fluctuations in cash flows.



## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group's net current assets increased from approximately RMB171.3 million as at 31 December 2022 to approximately RMB210.2 million as at 31 December 2023 primarily due to the increase in cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 2023.

The current ratio increased from approximately 4.9 times as at 31 December 2022 to approximately 5.3 times as at 31 December 2023.

The gearing ratio is calculated based on debts divided by total equity as at the respective dates and multiplied by 100%. The gearing ratio increased from approximately 18.1% as at 31 December 2022 to approximately 18.5% as at 31 December 2023.

#### Cash position

As at 31 December 2023, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group were approximately of RMB165.3 million (2022: approximately of RMB118.6 million). The increase was mainly due to net cash generated from operating activities.

#### Borrowings

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had no borrowings (2022: Nil). As at 31 December 2022 and 2023, all the trade and other payables were current liabilities and repayable on demand.

#### Lease Liabilities

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had lease liabilities of approximately RMB6.4 million (31 December 2022: RMB3.0 million), which are to be repaid based on the agreed repayment schedule ranging from 3 to 20 years as set out in the agreements. For details of the lease liabilities, please refer to note 22 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

### CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The shares of the Company were successfully listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange on 13 July 2020. There has been no change in the capital structure of the Group since the listing of the shares of the Company on GEM of the Stock Exchange and up to date of this report. The share capital of the Group only comprises of ordinary shares.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had consideration payable (included in trade and other payables) of approximately RMB6.2 million, which was interest-free, denominated in Renminbi and repayable on demand upon the date when the film is publicly released in the cinemas in the PRC. The consideration payable represented the promissory notes issued for acquisitions of 100% of equity interest of June pictures.

As at 31 December 2023, the Company's issued share capital was approximately HK\$7.5 million and the number of its issued ordinary shares was 748,482,760 of HK\$0.01 each.

Details of the movements during the year ended 31 December 2023 in the Company's share capital are set out in note 23 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

### SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

The Directors regard the Group had two operation segments, being (i) design, development, manufacturing and sales of disposable plastic food storage containers; and (ii) operation of mobile app and e-commerce platform.



## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

As at 31 December 2023, the Group did not have plans for material investments and capital assets.

### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 10 September 2021, the Company entered into the equity sale and purchase agreements with Mr. Xu, Yeewo Pictures & Media Limited ("**Yeewo Pictures**") and Mr. Gong Zongfan ("**Mr. Gong**"), pursuant to which, the Company has conditionally agreed to acquire, and Mr. Xu, Yeewo Pictures and Mr. Gong have conditionally agreed to collectively sell 100% of the issued share capital of June Pictures, at a consideration of RMB72,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$86,400,000). The Consideration shall be satisfied by the Company by way of: (i) issue and allotment of 336,000,000 new shares of the Company to Mr. Xu; (ii) issue and allotment of 72,000,000 new shares of the Company to Yeewo Pictures; and (iii) issue and allotment of 72,000,000 new shares of the Company to Mr. Gong, at an issue price of HK\$0.18 per new share, resulting in the total value of HK\$86,400,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB72,000,000).

On 20 January 2022, the Company, Mr. Xu, Yeewo Pictures and Mr. Gong entered into the Supplemental Agreements to adjust certain terms of the acquisition of June Pictures, given that the interest of film project held by June Pictures has been lowered from 35% to 10% by mutual agreements among the parties. Pursuant to the Supplemental Agreements, the total consideration of RMB20,571,430 shall be satisfied by the Company by way of: (i) issue and allotment of 74,482,760 new shares of the Company to Mr. Xu; (ii) issue of a debt instrument in the sum of RMB3,085,714 to Yeewo Pictures; and (iii) issue of a debt instrument in the sum of RMB3,085,714 to Mr. Gong. The completion of the transaction is conditional upon fulfilment or waiver (as the case may be) of certain conditions. Upon the completion, the Company will hold 100% equity interest in June Pictures and the financial statements of June Pictures will be consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Group. This acquisition was completed on 27 April 2022.

Details of the above transaction were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 10 September 2021, 20 January 2022 and 27 April 2022 and the circular of the Company dated 16 March 2022.

On 29 April 2022, the Company entered into the sale and purchase agreement with Youpinhui Investment Holdings Limited ("**Youpinhui Investment**"), pursuant to which, the Company has conditionally agreed to acquire, and Youpinhui Investment has conditionally agreed to sell the entire issued share capital of Youpinhui Enterprise, at a consideration of HK\$18,500,000. The consideration shall be satisfied by the allotment and issue of 74,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company to Youpinhui Investment. This acquisition was completed on 1 June 2022. Details of the transaction were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 29 April 2022 and supplemental announcement of the Company dated 19 May 2022.

Pursuant to the announcements of the Company dated 26 July 2022 and 31 March 2023, Beijing Youpinhui, an indirectly wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, has established a new joint venture, Beijing Yihe Tianxia Network Technology Co., Ltd.\* (北京易和天下網絡科技有限公司) ("**Beijing Yihe**") through a series of contractual arrangements and a "Variable interest entity" (the "**VIE**") structure was arranged to enable Beijing Youpinhui to control 100% beneficial interest of Beijing Yihe due to foreign ownership restrictions concerning an enterprise holding a value-added telecommunications business permit for internet information service in the PRC. In order to hold the maximum permitted interest in Beijing Yihe under the foreign ownership restrictions in the PRC, the shareholding structure of Beijing Yihe was changed to 50% being held by Beijing Youpinhui and 50% being held by Mr. Cheng Denan on 11 May 2023.

Save as disclosed above, during the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group did not make any other significant investments, acquisitions or disposal during the year ended 31 December 2023 which would constitute a discloseable transaction under GEM Listing Rules.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### CHARGES ON GROUP ASSETS

As at 31 December 2023, the Group did not have any charges on its assets (2022: Nil).

### CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2023, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities (2022: Nil).

# BIOGRAPHIES OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

## EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Mr. Xu Youjiang (許有獎)**, aged 57, is the chairman of our Company and our executive Director.

Mr. Xu was appointed as our Director on 13 December 2018 and was re-designated as our executive Director on 9 May 2019. Mr. Xu is primarily responsible for the overall management, strategic development and decision-making of our Group.

Mr. Xu has over 30 years of experience in the production of plastic products. In March 1992, Mr. Xu joined Jinjiang Hengsheng Toys Co., Ltd\* (晉江恒盛玩具有限公司) ("**Hengsheng Toys**"), a company that engages in the manufacturing of toys, toy accessories, electronic games, plastic products and daily household appliances etc., as the deputy general manager, where he was responsible for overseeing the daily operations of the factory. He was appointed as the vice chairman in November 1998. From August 2002 to March 2019, he was the general manager and was responsible for making major operational decisions of the company. From July 2011 to March 2019, Mr. Xu was the general manager of Quanzhou Jazz Apparel Co., Ltd.\* (泉州爵士兔服飾有限公司), a company that engages in the manufacturing of children apparels and accessories under the "JAZZIT" brand, where he was responsible for managing and overseeing the business operations. Mr. Xu was also the executive director of Quanzhou Jazz Apparel Co., Ltd\* (泉州爵士兔服飾有限公司) from July 2011 to July 2014. Since March 2011, Mr. Xu has been the executive director and general manager of Fujian Hengsheng Animation Culture Diffusion Co., Ltd\* (福建恒盛動漫文化傳播有限公司) ("**Hengsheng Animation**"). Mr. Xu was appointed as a director of the Quanzhou Bags Association in January 2011, a member of the executive committee of Jinjiang Federation of Industry and Commerce (General Chamber of Commerce) in December 2011, the vice chairman of the Jinjiang Association of Enterprises with Foreign Investment\* (晉江外商投資企業協會) in April 2012, a director of the Jinjiang Longhu Chamber of Commerce and Foreign Investment Enterprise Association\* (晉江市龍湖商會暨外商投資企業協會) in October 2012 and a director of the Jinjiang Federation of Enterprises and Entrepreneurs\* (晉江市企業與企業家聯合會) in June 2017. Mr. Xu obtained his specialist diploma in marine engineering management from Jimei Navigation College\* (集美航海專科學校) in the PRC in July 1989. He completed the executive training programme for Jinjiang entrepreneurs at the School of Professional and Continuing Education of the University of Hong Kong in June 2012. He then completed a business administration advanced seminar for senior executives at Huaqiao University in August 2014. Mr. Xu was a director of Heng Sheng Holding Group Limited (900270:KS) from July 2015 until his resignation in March 2019 after his careful consideration so as to focus on and fully devote his time as the chairman and executive director for the management, strategic development and business operations of our Group in the manufacturing of disposable plastic food storage containers. Mr. Xu is the spouse of Ms. Xu Liping.

**Ms. Xu Liping (許麗萍)**, aged 52, is our executive Director. Ms. Xu joined our Group on 2 January 2019 as the vice chairman of Hengsheng Animation.

She was appointed as our Director on 18 March 2019 and re-designated as our chief executive officer and executive Director on 9 May 2019. Ms. Xu is primarily responsible for the business development and overseeing daily administration and operations of our Group. Ms. Xu has over 30 years of experience in the production of plastic products. From September 1990 to December 2000, Ms. Xu worked as the packaging executive at Jinjiang Longhu Xiuheng Plastic Toy Accessories Co., Ltd.\* (晉江市龍湖秀恒塑料玩具配件有限公司), a company that engages in the production of plastic toy accessories, where she was responsible for overseeing the daily management of the packaging department. From January 2001 to March 2012, she worked as the production supervisor at Jinjiang Henghui Packaging Co., Ltd.\* (晉江恒輝箱包有限公司), a company that engages in the production of bags and luggages, where she was responsible for monitoring the operations of the production unit. From April 2012 to July 2014, she worked as the supervisor at Jazz Rabbit Apparels, a company that engages in the manufacturing of children apparels and accessories under the "JAZZIT" brand, where she was responsible for overseeing the business operations of the Company. From August 2014 to December 2018, she rejoined Jinjiang Henghui Packaging Co. Ltd.\* (晉江恒輝箱包有限公司) as the deputy general manager and was responsible for the management and daily operations of the Company. Ms. Xu is the spouse of Mr. Xu Youjiang.

\* For identification purpose only



## BIOGRAPHIES OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Mr. Zhang Yuansheng (張緣生)**, aged 37, is our executive Director. Mr. Zhang joined our Group on 6 May 2014 as a manager of the finance department of Hengsheng Animation.

He was appointed as our Director on 18 March 2019 and was re-designated as our executive Director on 9 May 2019. Mr. Zhang is primarily responsible for overseeing the daily operations and financial management of our Group. Mr. Zhang has over 15 years of experience in the accounting and finance industry. From January 2009 to September 2010, he worked as an audit assistant at Dongguan Jinzheng Accountancy\* (東莞市金正會計師事務所). From October 2010 to February 2012, he worked as an accountant at Xiamen Canxing Travel Services Ltd.\* (廈門燦星國際旅行社有限公司). From February 2012 to April 2014, he worked as an accounting supervisor at Hengsheng Toys. Mr. Zhang obtained a bachelor's degree in management and completed a four-year accounting specialist programme in Putian University in July 2009.

### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Mr. Chang Eric Jackson (張世澤)** (formerly known as Chang Eric Jackson (張再祖)), aged 43, was appointed as our independent non-executive director on 30 June 2022. Mr. Chang obtained his bachelor's degree of Commerce from the University of British Columbia in May 2002. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since September 2005 and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants since January 2005. Mr. Chang has over 20 years of experience in accounting, finance and business advisory work. He had been the chief financial officer, company secretary and an authorised representative under the Listing Rules and under Part 16 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the laws in Hong Kong) of Sanxun Holdings Group Limited (stock code: 6611) from July 2019 to December 2021 and China Tangshang Holdings Limited (previously known as Culture Landmark Investment Limited) (stock code: 674) from April 2017 to August 2019, both companies are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. From July 2015 to April 2017, Mr. Chang served as the executive director, chief financial officer, joint company secretary and authorised representative of Zensun Enterprises Limited ("**Zensun Enterprises**") (previously known as ZH International Holdings Limited) (stock code: 185), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Since 29 February 2024, Mr. Cheng was re-appointed by Zensun Enterprises and currently serves as the company secretary of Zensun Enterprises. Mr. Chang worked in one of the largest international audit firms from September 2002 to September 2013.

Mr. Chang is an independent non-executive director of Transmit Entertainment Limited (stock code: 1326), the issued shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, since 13 December 2017. Mr. Chang is also an independent non-executive director of DL Holdings Group Limited (previously known as Season Pacific Holdings Ltd) (stock code: 1709), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, since May 2018. Mr. Chang is also an independent non-executive director of Datang Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 2117), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, since November 2022. Mr. Chang was an independent non-executive director of Centenary United Holdings Limited (stock code: 1959), the issued shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, from September 2019 to May 2020. He was also a non-executive director of Sino Vision Worldwide Holdings Limited (previously known as DX.com Holdings Limited) (stock code: 8086), a company listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange, from May 2017 to July 2018.

\* For identification purpose only



## BIOGRAPHIES OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Mr. Liu Dajin (劉大進)**, aged 58, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 19 June 2020.

Mr. Liu has over 30 years of experience in the accounting and audit field. After obtaining his bachelor's degree in accounting in June 1989, he worked as a teaching assistant at the College of Finance, Jimei University (then known as Jimei Finance and Economics Institute\* (集美財經學校)). From July 1989 to August 1995, he was the deputy head and lecturer at the College of Finance, Jimei University (then known as Jimei Finance College\* (集美財政專科學校)). From September 1995 to May 2001, he was the deputy head and lecturer of the Faculty of Accounting, College of Finance, Jimei University, during which he was also a registered accountant at the Xiamen Jiyou Accounting firm\* (廈門集友會計師事務所) from June 1995 to May 1999. From June 2001 to October 2002, he was an assistant professor and head of training at the Faculty of Business Management, Jimei University. From October 2002 to February 2015, he was an assistant professor and associate dean of the Overseas Education College, Jimei University. From March 2015 to August 2015, he was an associate professor at the Faculty of Accounting, Jimei University. From September 2015 to August 2018, he was an associate professor at Chengyi College, Jimei University, then was promoted as a professor in September 2019. Since September 2015, he has been the head of the Faculty of Business Management, Chengyi College, Jimei University.

Since August 2008 and August 2013, Mr. Liu has been a consultant and a director of the Association of Management Consulting Xiamen and the Xiamen Association of Accounting, respectively.

Mr. Liu graduated from Central University of Finance and Economics\* (中央財經大學) (formerly known as Central Finance College\* (中央財政金融學院)) with a bachelor's degree in accounting in June 1989. He also attended a postgraduate programme in accounting in the Graduate School of Xiamen University in August 1992. Since 1996, Mr. Liu has been a member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Mr. Liu was an independent non-executive director of Mobile Internet (China) Holdings Limited (stock code: 1439) and China Shenghai Group Limited (previously known as China Shenghai Food Holdings Company Limited) (stock code: 1676) from December 2013 to May 2021 and June 2017 to November 2022, respectively, companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He has been an independent non-executive director of Xiamen Xinde Co., Ltd. (SZEx: 000701) and Wuxi Lihu Corporation Limited (SZEx: 300694) since May 2020 and August 2022, respectively.

**Deng Zhihuang (鄧志煌)**, aged 54, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 19 June 2020.

Mr. Deng has over 25 years of experience in practising law in the PRC. From April 1995 to March 2005, Mr. Deng worked as a cadre of Fuzhou People's Procuratorate, Fujian\* (福建省福州市人民檢察院), where he was responsible for civil administrative work. He then worked as an associate at Fujian Hua Wei Law Firm\* (福建華巍律師事務所) from April 2005 to October 2005. In October 2005, he founded Fujian Zhixinheng Law Firm and serves as its senior partner until June 2019. Mr. Deng obtained his bachelor's degree in laws at the Fujian Normal University, the PRC, in June 1992. He has been the equity senior partner of Beijing Yingke Law Firm Fuzhou Office since July 2019. Mr. Deng has been an independent director of Lichen China Limited (NASDAQ: LICN) since February 2023.

\* For identification purpose only

## BIOGRAPHIES OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Shi Yaya (施雅雅), aged 34, has been the procurement manager of our Group since December 2013 and is primarily responsible for overseeing the administration and coordination of the procurement process and cost control.

Ms. Shi has over 10 years of experience in handling procurement matters and managing cost control policies. Since joining our Group in December 2013, Ms. Shi has been the procurement manager and is primarily responsible for formulating procurement and cost control policies, and liaising and maintaining relationships with suppliers. Ms. Shi completed a specialist diploma in English at the Anglo-Chinese College in Fuzhou, the PRC in July 2011.

### COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Kwong Oi Man Patty, aged 41, was appointed as the Group's company secretary on 30 July 2021. Ms. Kwong is responsible for the company secretarial function. She has over 13 years of experience in company secretarial practice.

Ms. Kwong holds a Bachelor's Degree of Commerce from Monash University in Australia and she is currently a member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and CPA Australia. Ms. Kwong currently serves as the company secretary of China Tangshang Holdings Limited, a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange (HKEx: 0674), joint company secretary of China Hongguang Holdings Limited, a company is listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange (HKEx: 8646) and the company secretary of Huasheng International Holdings Limited, a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange (HKEx: 1323).

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## INTRODUCTION

The Board is committed to establish and ensure high standards of corporate governance and adopt sound corporate governance practices. The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "**CG Code**") as set out in Appendix C1 to the GEM Listing Rules. The Directors strongly believe that reasonable and sound corporate governance practices are essential for the growth of the Group and for safeguarding and enhancing shareholders' interests.

The Board has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "**Code**") as set out in Appendix C1 to the GEM Listing Rules. To us, maintaining high standards of corporate governance practices is not just complying with the provisions but also enhancing corporate performance and accountability.

The Company has complied with the code provisions of the Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2023 (the "**Financial Year**").

## MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the standard set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules (the "**Model Code**") as its own code governing securities transactions of the Directors. The Company has confirmed, having made specific enquiry of the Directors, that Directors have complied with the standard set out in Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2023.

## BUSINESS MODEL AND STRATEGY

The Group has the mission to provide the best quality of environmentally friendly disposable food storage containers, at the same time maintain product safety. The Board and the management have played and will continue to play a proactive role in the Group's development of business strategy to preserve the culture of the Group in improving the product quality and safety. During the meetings of the Board and top management of the Group, strategic priorities and business options were discussed and followed up on the implementation status to achieve the mission of the Group.

## THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The key responsibilities of the Board include formulation of the Group's overall strategies, the setting of management targets and the supervision of management performance. The management is delegated with the authority and the responsibility by the Board for the management and administration of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the Board committees which are Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Risk Management Committee of the Company. Further details of the Board committees are set out below in this report.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Board is entrusted with the overall responsibility of promoting the success of the Company by providing direction and supervision to the Company's business and affairs and to the day-to-day management of the Company, which is delegated to the management. To this end, periodic financial and operational information are provided to the Board for assessing the performance of the Company and its subsidiaries. For significant matters that are specifically delegated by the Board, the management must report back to and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company. The management is responsible for the day-to-day management and operation of the Group and to provide the Board with updates in a timely manner, giving an assessment of the Company's performance and position to enable the Board to discharge its duties.

The Board is responsible for, amongst others, performing the corporate governance duties as set out in the code provision Part 2-A.2.1 of the CG Code, which include:

- (a) to develop and review the Group's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the board;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management;
- (c) to review and monitor the Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to the Directors and employees; and
- (e) to review the Group's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

### BOARD COMPOSITION

During the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this report, the Board comprises of six Directors, three of whom are executive Directors and the other three are independent non-executive Directors. Details of their composition by category are as follows:

#### Executive Directors

Mr. Xu Youjiang (*Chairman*)  
Ms. Xu Liping (*Chief executive officer*)  
Mr. Zhang Yuansheng

#### Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Chang Eric Jackion  
Mr. Liu Dajin  
Mr. Deng Zhihuang



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

All Directors have appropriate professional qualification or substantive experience and industry knowledge. The Board as a whole has achieved an appropriate balance of skills and experience. The composition of the Board satisfies the requirements of Rules 5.05 and 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules. There are three independent non-executive Directors and at least one of them has the requisite accounting professional qualification. With more than one-third of the members of the Board as independent non-executive Directors, the Board has a strong independence element in terms of its composition.

The participation of independent non-executive Directors in the Board brings a diverse range of expertise, skills and independent judgment on issues relating to the Group's strategies, performance, conflicts of interests and management process to ensure that the interests of all shareholders of the Company have been duly considered.

The details of Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographies of Board of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 16 to 19 of this report. There are no family or other material relationships among members of the Board.

The chairman of the Board provides leadership to the Board and is also responsible for the effective functioning of the Board in accordance with good corporate governance practice and the overall corporate management of the business development strategies of the Group. The executive Directors are responsible for the implementation of the business strategies, policies and objectives set out by the Board and is accountable to the Board for the overall operations of the Group. These functions and responsibilities are currently being shared by the management team.

### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Liu Dajin and Mr. Deng Zhihuang were appointed as the independent non-executive Directors on 13 July 2020. Mr. Chang Eric Jackson was appointed as the independent non-executive Director on 30 June 2022.

With their professional knowledge and experience, the independent non-executive Directors serve an important function of advising the management of the Group on strategic development and ensure that the Board maintains high standards in financial and other mandatory reporting as well as providing adequate checks and balances for safeguarding the interests of the shareholders and the Company as a whole. They are also members of the Company's various committees including the audit committee (the "**Audit Committee**"), the remuneration committee (the "**Remuneration Committee**"), the nomination committee (the "**Nomination Committee**") and the risk management committee (the "**Risk Management Committee**").

The Company has received from each of its independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence in accordance with Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules, and therefore, considers each of them to be independent.

### Board Independence

The Company recognises that Board independence is pivotal in good corporate governance and Board effectiveness. The Board has established mechanisms to ensure independent views and input from any Director of the Company are conveyed to the Board for enhancing an objective and effective decision making. The governance framework and the following mechanisms are reviewed annually by the Board, through its Nomination and Remuneration Committee, to ensure their effectiveness:

1. Three out of the six Directors are Independent Non-Executive Directors, which meets the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules that the Board must have at least three Independent Non-Executive Directors and must appoint Independent Non-Executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board.
2. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee will assess the independence, qualification and time commitment of a candidate who is nominated to be a new Independent Non-Executive Director before appointment and also the continued independence of existing Independent Non-Executive Directors and their time commitments annually. On an annual basis, all Independent Non-Executive Directors are required to confirm in writing their compliance of independence requirements pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules, and to disclose the number and nature of offices held by them in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments.
3. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee will conduct the performance evaluation of the Independent Non-Executive Directors annually to assess their contributions.
4. External independent professional advice is available as and when required by individual Directors.
5. All Directors are encouraged to express freely their independent views and constructive challenges during the Board/Board Committee meetings.
6. No equity-based remuneration with performance-related elements will be granted to Independent Non-Executive Directors.
7. A Director (including Independent Non-Executive Director) who has a material interest in a contract, arrangement or other proposal shall not vote or be counted in the quorum on any Board resolution approving the same.
8. The Chairman/Co-Chairman of the Board meets with Independent Non-Executive Directors annually without the presence of the Executive Director.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## INDUCTION AND CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF DIRECTORS

Each newly appointed Director shall receive formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of directors' responsibilities and obligations under the GEM Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

The Directors will be continuously be updated on the statutory and regulatory regime and the business environment to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. The Directors are also encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The company secretary of the Company updates Directors on the latest development regarding the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements from time to time, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices.

According to the information provided by the Directors, a summary of training received by the Directors during the year ended 31 December 2023 is as follows:

Name of Directors	Continuous professional development programmes
<b>Executive Directors</b>	
Mr. Xu Youjiang (Chairman)	Yes
Ms. Xu Liping	Yes
Mr. Zhang Yuansheng	Yes
<b>Independent non-executive Directors</b>	
Mr. Chang Eric Jackson	Yes
Mr. Liu Dajin	Yes
Mr. Deng Zhihuang	Yes

The nature of continuous professional development programmes are attending training courses or reading seminar materials and updates relating to the latest development of the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements.

## PRACTICE AND CONDUCT OF BOARD MEETINGS

Schedules and draft agenda of each Board meeting are normally made available to Directors in advance. At least 14 days' notice should be given for a regular Board meeting. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notices are generally given.

Minutes of all Board meetings recording sufficient details of matters considered and decisions reached are duly kept by the company secretary at the meetings and open for inspection by the Directors.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Articles contain provision requiring Directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such Directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all Directors at least 3 days before each Board meeting or Audit Committee meeting to keep the Directors apprised of the latest development and the financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions.

### ATTENDANCE RECORDS OF DIRECTORS

Details of Directors' attendance at the annual general meeting ("AGM"), Board and board committee meetings in the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the following table:

	Number of meetings attended/held					Risk	AGM
	Board	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee	Management Committee		
<b>Executive Directors</b>							
Mr. Xu Youjiang	5/5	—	—	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1
Ms. Xu Liping	5/5	—	—	—	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Zhang Yuansheng	5/5	—	1/1	—	1/1	1/1	1/1
<b>Independent Non-executive Directors</b>							
Mr. Chang Eric Jackson	5/5	4/4	1/1	1/1	—	—	1/1
Mr. Liu Dajin	5/5	4/4	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Deng Zhihuang	5/5	4/4	1/1	1/1	—	—	1/1

### BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established four committees, including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Risk Management Committee with delegated powers for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. Each of the committees of the Company has been established with written terms of reference.

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established an audit committee on 19 June 2020 in compliance with Rule 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules. The terms of reference setting out the Audit Committee's authority, duties and responsibilities are available on both website of the Stock Exchange and the Company's website.

Pursuant to the terms of reference of the Audit Committee, meetings shall be held not less than twice a year and the external auditor may request a meeting if they consider that one is necessary.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Audit Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors. The members of the Audit Committee as at the date of this report are as follows:

Mr. Chang Eric Jackson  
Mr. Deng Zhihuang  
Mr. Liu Dajin

Mr. Chang Eric Jackson was appointed as the Chairman of the Audit Committee with effect from 30 June 2022.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards, and to monitor the integrity of the Company's annual report and interim financial reports before submission to the Board.

The Audit Committee is satisfied with their review of the auditor's remuneration, the independence of the auditor, Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited ("GT"), and recommended the Board to re-appoint GT as the Company's auditor for the year ending 31 December 2024, which is subject to the approval of shareholders at the forthcoming AGM.

The Company's annual results for the year ended 31 December 2023 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee, before the annual results were submitted to the Board for approval.

## REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a remuneration committee on 19 June 2020 in compliance with Rule 5.34 of the GEM Listing Rules. The terms of reference setting out the Remuneration Committee's authority, duties and responsibilities are available on both website of the Stock Exchange and the Company's website.

Pursuant to the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee, meetings shall be held at least once a year and additional meetings should be held if the committee shall so request.

The members of the Remuneration Committee consists of one executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors. The members of the Remuneration Committee as at the date of this report are as follows:

Mr. Deng Zhihuang (Chairman)  
Mr. Chang Eric Jackson  
Mr. Liu Dajin  
Mr. Zhang Yuansheng

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include but without limitation: (a) making recommendations to the Directors regarding the policy and structure for the remuneration of all the Directors and the senior management of the Group and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policies; (b) making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the Directors and the senior management of the Group; and (c) reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Remuneration Committee determines Directors' remuneration by reference to the benchmarking of the market. The Company also considers individual Director's competence, duties, responsibilities, performance and the results of the Group in determining the exact level of remuneration for each Director.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Remuneration Committee met twice to review, determine and make recommendation to the Board on the remuneration policy and structure of the Company, the remuneration packages of the executive Directors, independent non-executive Directors and senior management, assessing performance of executive Directors and other related matters.

### Senior Management's remuneration

Senior Management's remuneration payment of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 falls within the following bands:

RMB	Number of individuals
Nil to RMB1,000,000	8

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals are set out in note 11 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

### REMUNERATION POLICY

The remuneration policy of the Group for the Directors and the senior management was based on their experience, level of responsibility and general market conditions. Any discretionary bonus and other merit payments are linked to the performance of the Group and the individual performance of the Directors and the senior management.

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a nomination committee on 19 June 2020 in compliance with paragraph B.3.1 of the CG Code. The terms of reference setting out the Nomination Committee's authority, duties and responsibilities are available on both website of the Stock Exchange and the Company's website.

Pursuant to the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee, meeting shall be held at least once a year and additional meetings should be held if the committee shall so request.

The members of the Nomination Committee consists of one executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors. The members of the Nomination Committee as at the date of this report are as follows:

Mr. Liu Dajin (Chairman)  
Mr. Deng Zhihuang  
Mr. Chang Eric Jackson  
Mr. Xu Youjiang



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The primary function of the Nomination Committee is (a) to review the structure, size and composition of the Board on regular basis; (b) identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members; (c) assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and (d) make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or reappointment of Directors.

### Nomination policy

The Board, through the delegation of its authority to the Nomination Committee, has used its best efforts to ensure that Directors appointed to the Board possess the relevant background, experience and knowledge in business, finance and management skills critical to the Group's business to enable the Board to make sound and well considered decisions. Collectively, they have competencies in areas which are relevant and valuable to the Group.

### Nomination Criteria

In evaluating and selecting any candidate for the directorship, the following criteria should be considered:

- (i) the candidate's character and integrity;
- (ii) the candidate's qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience, and diversity aspects under the Board Diversity Policy (as defined below) that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy;
- (iii) any measurable objectives adopted for achieving diversity on the Board;
- (iv) for independent non-executive Directors, whether the candidate would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the GEM Listing Rules;
- (v) any potential contributions the candidate can bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experience, independence and gender diversity;
- (vi) willingness and ability of the candidate to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a member of the Board and/or Board committee(s) of the Company; and
- (vii) such other perspectives that are appropriate to the Company's business and succession plan and where applicable may be adopted and/or amended by the Board and/or the Nomination Committee from time to time for nomination of directors and succession planning.

### Nomination Procedures

The Company has put in place the following director nomination procedures:

#### Appointment of New and Replacement Directors

- (i) If the Board determines that an additional or replacement Director is required, it will deploy multiple channels for identifying suitable director candidates, including referral from Directors, shareholders, management, advisors of the Company and external executive search firms.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

- (ii) Upon compilation and interview of the list of potential candidates, the Nomination Committee will shortlist candidates for consideration by the Nomination Committee/Board based on the selection criteria and such other factors that it considers appropriate. The Board has the final authority on determining suitable director candidate for appointment.

### Appointment and Re-election of Directors

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial fixed term of three years commencing from 13 July 2020 (the "**Listing Date**"), unless terminated by either party thereto giving at least three months' written notice before the expiry of the then existing term.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for an initial fixed term of three years commencing from the Listing Date or the date of appointment. The term of service shall be renewed and extended as the parties shall agree in writing, unless terminated by either party thereto giving at least one month's written notice before the expiry of the then existing term.

The procedure and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are laid down in the Articles. The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing Board composition, monitoring the appointment of Directors and assessing the independent non-executive Directors.

According to the Articles, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election. The Company at the general meeting at which a Director retires may fill the vacated office. In addition, any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the first general meeting of the Company after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting. Any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

Where a retiring Director, being eligible, offers himself for re-election, the Board shall consider and, if consider appropriate, recommend such retiring Director to stand for re-election at a general meeting. A circular containing the requisite information on such retiring Director will be sent to shareholders prior to a general meeting in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules.

### Nomination of Directors by Shareholder

Any shareholder of the Company who wishes to nominate a person to stand for election as a Director at a general meeting must lodge with the company secretary of the Company within the lodgement period specified in the relevant shareholder circular (a) a written nomination of the candidate, (b) written confirmation from such nominated candidate of his willingness to stand for election, and (c) biographical details of such nominated candidate as required under the GEM Listing Rules. Particulars of the candidate so proposed will be sent to all shareholders for information by a supplementary circular.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Company established a risk management committee on 19 June 2020 with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The terms of reference setting out the Risk Management Committee's authority, duties and responsibilities are available on both website of the Stock Exchange and the Company's website.

Pursuant to the terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee, meetings shall be held at least once a year and additional meetings should be held if the committee shall so request.

The members of the Risk Management Committee consists of three executive Director and one independent non-executive Director. The members of the Risk Management Committee as at the date of this report are as follows:

Mr. Xu Youjiang (Chairman)  
Ms. Xu Liping  
Mr. Zhang Yuansheng  
Mr. Liu Dajin

The primary function of the Risk Management Committee is (a) to regularly identify existing and emerging risks in the business operations of the Company; (b) to review and assess the risk profile and risk management strategies of the Company and make recommendations; (c) to establish precautionary risk management and internal control systems of the Company and provide mitigating solutions; and (d) to monitor the implementation of the risk management measures of the Company and to review the effectiveness and adequacy of the risk management system of the Company.

The Risk Management Committee regularly identifies risks in relation to business operations of the Company and takes any precautionary measures against unforeseen risk.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Risk Management Committee met once to discuss the risk associated with overseas and export business of the Group.

### ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

#### Directors' and auditor's responsibilities for the audited consolidated financial statements

All Directors understand and acknowledge their responsibility for ensuring that the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for each financial year are prepared to provide a true and fair view of the state of affairs, the financial results and cash flows of the Group in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "**Companies Ordinance**") and the applicable accounting standards. In preparing the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board has adopted appropriate and consistent accounting policies and made prudent, fair and reasonable judgments and estimates. The Directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which reflect with reasonable accuracy the state of affairs, operating results, cash flows and equity movement of the Group at any time. The Directors confirm that the preparation of the financial statements of the Group is in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Directors also confirm that, to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Directors are responsible for taking all reasonable and necessary steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities. The statement of auditor about their reporting responsibilities on the audited consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report.

The reporting responsibilities of the Company's auditor, are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report with full text included from pages 62 to 68 of this report.

### Whistle-blowing Mechanism

A Whistle-blowing Policy has been set up to encourage and allow employees to raise concerns about possible improprieties in matters of financial reporting, compliance, and other malpractices at the earliest opportunity. The audit committee has overall responsibility for the policy and has delegated the day-to-day responsibility of overseeing and implementing such policy to the company secretary of the Company. If any employee believes reasonably and in good faith that malpractice exists in the workplace, he/she should report immediately to his/her immediate supervisor within the department. The supervisor should then forward the concerns by email to the company secretary upon receiving reports from employees. If necessary, employees may also take the complaint directly to the chairman of the audit committee. All reports are treated confidentially, and the Group makes every effort to keep the employee's identity confidential.

### Anti-Corruption

There are well established lines of authority and responsibility for implementing the Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption ("ABAC") Policy within the Group. Every employee has the responsibility to implement, enforce and maintain the ABAC mechanism that adequately address bribery and corruption risks and promote a culture of integrity in the Group. Regular trainings/reminders are provided/sent to the employees.

### AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

There has been no change in the auditors of the Company in any of the preceding 3 years.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the remuneration for the audit services and non-audit services (including professional services in relation to the proposed transfer of listing application) provided by Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited the Company's auditor to the Group were as follows:

Type of services	Amount RMB'000
Annual audit service	1,174
Non-audit services	993
Total	2,167

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The auditor's remuneration provided by the Company's auditor, are set out in note 9 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

No corporate governance committee has been established and the Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions such as developing and reviewing the Company's policies, practices on corporate governance, training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of Model Code, and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report, etc..

The Directors review the Group's corporate governance policies and compliance with the CG Code each financial year and comply with the "Comply or Explain" principle in the corporate governance report which is or will be included in the reports of the Company.

### BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Company has adopted a Board diversity policy in accordance with the requirement as set out in the CG Code, which is summarised as below:

The Board diversity policy of the Company specifies that in designing the composition the Board, Board diversity shall be considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. All Board members' appointment will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against appropriate criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity of the Board. Selection of candidates for the Board will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, culture, ethnicity and educational background, professional experience, knowledge and skills.

The Company discloses the composition of the Board in the corporate governance report every year and the Nomination Committee oversees the implementation of the Board diversity policy. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

On recommendation from the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board will set measurable objectives to implement the Board Diversity Policy and review such objectives from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and ascertain the progress made towards achieving those objectives. Nomination and Remuneration Committee will review the Board Diversity Policy at least annually to ensure its continued effectiveness from time to time.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company maintained an effective Board comprising members of different genders, professional background and industry experience. The Company's Board Diversity Policy was consistently implemented. As at the date of this annual report, the Board consists of one female and five male Directors. Within 201 employees of the Group as at 31 December 2023, 110 employees were male and 91 employees were female. The Board considers that the gender diversity in respect of the Board and the Group's employees taking into account the business model and specific needs of the Company is satisfactory. The Board targets by the ends of year to maintain at least the current level of female representation, with the ultimate goal of achieving gender parity by the end of 2025. The Board will continue to seek opportunities to increase the proportion of female members over time as and when suitable candidates are identified.

## COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with the shareholders and in particular, through AGMs or other general meetings to communicate with the shareholders and encourage their participation.

The Company will ensure that there are separate resolutions for separate issues proposed at the general meetings. All resolutions put forward at shareholder meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange in a timely manner after each shareholders' meeting.

To solicit and get feedback from shareholders, the Company provides shareholders with channels to express their views on matters affecting the Company including (i) Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar of the Company, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, for enquiries on shareholdings; and (ii) Company Secretary of the Company for direct questions, request for publicly available information and provide comments and suggestions. The Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy including steps taken at the general meetings, the handling of queries received (if any) and the multiple channels of communication and engagement in place, and considered that the Shareholders' Communication Policy has been properly implemented during the year under review and is effective.

The Company will continue to maintain an open and effective investor communication policy and to update investors on relevant information on the Group's business in a timely manner, subject to relevant regulatory requirements.

### (a) Significant Changes in the Constitutional Documents

The memorandum of association (the "**Memorandum**") and articles of association (the "**Articles**") of the Company was amended and approved by the shareholders of the Company by way of a special resolution at the AGM of the Company on 31 May 2022, to bring the Memorandum and Articles in line with the latest legal and regulatory requirements under the applicable laws of the Cayman Islands and the relevant GEM Listing Rules (including the Core Shareholder Protection Standards set out in the amended Appendix A1 to the GEM Listing Rules with effect from 1 January 2022) and to make some other house-keeping improvements. For details of the amendments of the Memorandum and Articles, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 19 April 2022 and the circular of the Company dated 21 April 2022.

Except as disclosed above, there has been no other significant change in the constitutional documents of the Company. The Articles are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

### (b) General Meetings with Shareholders

The Company's AGM will be held on 31 May 2024.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

#### (a) Convening an extraordinary general meeting

Pursuant to Articles, extraordinary general meetings shall be convened on the written requisition of one or more shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such meeting shall be held within three months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company. Shareholders also have the right to propose a person for election as a Director, the procedures are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### (b) Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may put forward enquiries to the Board to the extent such information is publicly available to the company secretary who is responsible for forwarding communications relating to matters within the Board's purview to the executive Directors of the Company, communications relating to matters within a Board committee's area of responsibility to the chairman of the appropriate committee, and communication relating to ordinary business matters, such as suggestions, enquiries and consumer complaints, to the appropriate management of the Company, in writing to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong.

#### (c) Putting forward proposals at a general meeting

Shareholders are welcome to put forward proposals relating to the operations and the management of the Group to be discussed at shareholders' meetings. The proposals shall be sent to the company secretary by a written requisition. Shareholders who wish to put forward a proposal should convene an extraordinary general meeting by following the procedures set out in "Convening an extraordinary general meeting" above.

### INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company believes that maintaining a high level of transparency is a key to enhancing investor relations. It is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of corporate information to its shareholders and investment public. The Company updates its shareholders on its latest business developments and financial performance through publishing Corporate Communications such as annual, interim reports, announcement and circulars. The corporate website of the Company ([www.yikwo.cn](http://www.yikwo.cn)) has provided an effective communication platform to the public and the shareholders.)

### DIVIDEND POLICY

Subject to the approval of the shareholders and requirement of the relevant law, the Company shall pay annual dividends to the shareholders if the Group is profitable, operations environment is stable and there is no significant investment or commitment made by the Group. The Company's ability to pay dividends will depend upon, among other things, the Group's actual and expected financial performance, retained earnings and distributable reserves, liquidity position, future cash requirements and availability, restriction on payments of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders, the general market conditions and any other factor that the Board may consider appropriate.

Any declaration and payment of future dividends under the Dividend Policy are subject to the Board's determination that the same would be in the best interests of the Group and the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Kwong Oi Man Patty was appointed as the company secretary with effect from 30 July 2021. Company secretary is responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance matters and ensuring that the Board policy and procedures, and the applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the company secretary to ensure that the Board procedures and all applicable laws are followed. Moreover, the company secretary is responsible for facilitating communications among Directors as well as with management.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the company secretary has undertaken more than 15 hours of relevant professional training under Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

## RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibilities for establishing and maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The Group's systems of risk management and internal control include a defined management structure with limits of authority, which is designed to help achieve business objectives, safeguard assets against unauthorised use or disposition, ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and ensure compliance with relevant legislations and regulations. The systems are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operational systems and achievement of the Group's objectives.

The Board is ultimately responsible for the risk management of the Group and it has delegated to Risk Management Committee to carry out the risk identification and monitoring procedures. The objectives of the risk management are to enhance the governance and corporate management processes as well as to safeguard the Group against unacceptable levels of risks and losses.

During the Reporting Period, the Board had outsourced its internal audit function to an independent internal audit firm (the "**Internal Auditor**"). The Internal Auditor reports directly to the Audit Committee once a year on all internal audit matters. The Audit Committee reviewed the internal audit report and would monitor the implementation of the improvements required on internal control weaknesses identified.

Even though the Group does not maintain an internal audit function, the Board has overall responsibility for the risk management and internal control systems and for reviewing its effectiveness. The Audit Committee and the Board would review the risk management and internal control systems once annually. Based on the review of the Group's internal control systems by the Internal Auditor, the Directors were satisfied that effective and adequate internal control measures as appropriate to the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 were implemented properly and that no significant areas of weaknesses were identified.

## LOOKING FORWARD

The Group will continue to review its corporate governance standards on a timely basis and the Board endeavours to take the necessary actions to ensure compliance with the required practices and standards including the provisions of the CG Code.

# REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Directors are pleased to present their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

## CORPORATE REORGANISATION AND SHARE OFFER

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law as an exempted company with limited liability on 13 December 2018.

The shares of the Company have been listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange by way of share offer since 13 July 2020.

In connection with the listing, the companies comprising the Group underwent a reorganisation (the “**Group Reorganisation**”). Pursuant to the Group Reorganisation, the Company became the holding company of the other members of the Group. Further details of the Group Reorganisation are set out in the section headed “History, Reorganisation and Group Structure” of the Prospectus.

## PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 1 to the audited consolidated financial statements. The principal activities of the Group are predominately the provision of the design and development, manufacturing and sales of disposable plastic food storage containers, and to a lesser extent, the development and operation of mobile app and e-commerce platform in the PRC.

## RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the audited consolidated financial statements on page 69.

The Board does not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023. (2022: nil)

## BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out in the section headed “Management Discussion and Analysis” on pages 10 to 15 of this report. An analysis of the Group’s performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is set out in the section headed “Management Discussion and Analysis” of this report.



## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### PROSPECTS

Looking forward, the Directors consider that the Group will continue to be affected by external opportunities and challenges such as the popularity of environmentally friendly disposable plastic food storage containers, advances in production technologies and competition from substitutes, such as disposable food storage containers in the market made of other materials. The Directors are of the view that maintaining product safety and focusing on environmental protection, brand promotion, expansion of sales channels and product customisation remain to be the key drivers for the growth of the disposable plastic storage container business. With the Group's experienced management team and reputation in the market, the Directors consider that the Group is well-positioned to compete against its competitors under such future challenges that are commonly faced by all competitors, and the Group will continue to strengthen its market position in the industry and expand its market share by the implementation of the Group's business plans through utilisation of the net proceeds from the listing of the Company's shares on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong on 13 July 2020.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group invested in June Pictures, which can share 10% of investment in and income of a film project, called English (《英格力士》) (tentative title, subject to the film title set out in the "Permit for Public Projection of Films (電影公映許可證)", directed by Ms. Chen Chong (the best director of the 35th Golden Horse Awards), and starring by Mr. Wang Zhiwen, Ms. Yuan Quan, Ms. Huo Siyan and Mr. Wang Chuanjun, which is a commercial literary film. The filming has been completed and post-production work is in progress. It is expected that the release approval from the PRC government will be obtained, and the post-production work will be completed shortly after the granting of the approval subject to the authority's comments, so as to enable the release of the Film Project in the fourth quarter of 2024. The Board is optimistic about the mainland film market in the long run, especially after the relaxation of COVID-19 quarantine measures in 2022, the rapid recovery of box office has increased the Board's confidence in the film market. According to Maoyan's data, after three years of severe prevention and control measures from 2020 to 2022, the annual box office has recorded RMB54.9 billion in 2023, which is a rapid recovery compared with the annual box office of RMB20.3 billion in 2020. The total box office and the development of mainland film box office is expected to resume the upward trend in 2024.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group acquired Youpinhui Enterprise, which owned the mobile app and e-commerce platform namely Youpinhui\* (優拼匯), and further developed and launched another new e-commerce APP platform Yihe Tianxia\* (易和天下), which is an online shopping platform covering daily necessities, beauty and skin care, household appliances, domestic special agricultural products and others. The e-commerce market in the PRC has continued to grow over the past few years. According to the E-commerce in China Report 2020 (中國電子商務報告 2020) issued by the Ministry of Commerce of the PRC, the national online retail sales has increased from approximately RMB5.2 trillion in 2016 to approximately RMB11.8 trillion in 2020, representing a cumulative annual growth rate ("CAGR") of approximately 22.9% during the period. Since the outbreak of COVID-19 in 2020 and the accompanying lock-down measures, businesses have accelerated their digitalisation and offline to online transformation as customers increasingly shifted their purchase from offline to online shopping, and thereby spurred further growth in retail e-commerce market. According to eMarketer (<https://www.emarketer.com/content/china-ecommerce-forecast-2021>), the PRC's retail e-commerce market is expected to continue its growth and reach approximately US\$3.8 trillion (equivalent to approximately RMB24.6 trillion) in 2025. eMarketer, established in 1996, is a subscription-based market research company that provides insights and trends related to digital marketing, media and commerce. As such, the Directors believe Yihe Tianxia\* (易和天下) will enable the Group to grasp the growth momentum in the PRC's retail e-commerce market and expand the business scope of the Group, which are beneficial to the long-term development of the Group.

## **REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

### **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A financial summary of the published results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group is set out on page 7 to 9 of this report.

### **SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS AND FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS**

The Group did not have any plans for material investments and capital assets during the year ended 31 December 2023.

### **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in note 14 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

### **INTEREST CAPITALISED**

The Group has not capitalised any interest during the year ended 31 December 2023.

### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in note 23 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

### **RESERVES**

Details of movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 71 and movement of the Company's reserves on page 119.

### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

As at 31 December 2023, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands, amounted to approximately RMB52.7 million (2022: RMB59.8 million). Details of the reserves of the Company as at 31 December 2023 are set out in movement of the Company's reserves on page 119.

### **PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES**

Since the listing and during the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company did not redeem its listed securities, nor did the Company or any of its subsidiaries purchase, cancel or sell any of such listed securities for the year ended 31 December 2023.

# REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

## DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this report were as follows:

### Executive Directors

Mr. Xu Youjiang  
Ms. Xu Liping  
Mr. Zhang Yuansheng

### Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Chang Eric Jackson  
Mr. Liu Dajin  
Mr. Deng Zhihuang

Pursuant to article 16.19 of the Articles, at each annual general meeting, at least one-third of the Directors shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

## CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

Each of the independent non-executive Director has given the Company an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company considers that all the independent non-executive Directors are independent and meet the independent guidelines set out in Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

## DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS AND LETTERS OF APPOINTMENT

### (a) Executive Directors

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing from the Listing Date (subject to termination in certain circumstances as stipulated in the relevant service contract), which may be terminated by not less than three month's notice served by either party on the other. The appointments are subject to the provisions of the Articles of Association with regard to vacation of office of Directors and removal and retirement by rotation of Directors.

### (b) Independent non-executive Directors

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a period of three years commencing from the Listing Date (subject to termination in certain circumstances as stipulated in the relevant letter of appointment), which may be terminated by either party giving 1 month notice to the other party. The appointments are subject to the provisions of the Articles with regard to vacation of office of Directors and removal and retirement by rotation of Directors. Same for the directors' fee, none of the independent non-executive Directors is expected to receive any other remuneration for holding their office as an independent non-executive Director and a member of any board committees of the Company.



## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Same as disclosed above, no Director has entered into any service agreement with any member of the Group (excluding contracts expiring or determinable by the employer within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation)).

### EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

The emolument of the Directors is recommended by the Remuneration Committee by reference to the benchmarking of the market. The Company also looks into individual Director's competence, duties, responsibilities and performance.

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in note 11 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

### DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 16 to 19 of this report.

### DIRECTORS' AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Same as disclosed in this report, none of the Directors or an entity connected with any of them had any material interest, whether directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance in relation to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries, parent company or subsidiaries of the parent company was a party and subsisting at any time during or at the end of the year ended 31 December 2023.

As at 31 December 2023, no contract of significance had been entered into between the Company, or any of its subsidiaries and Mr. Xu and Prize Investment Limited (the "**Controlling Shareholders**") of the Company or any of their subsidiaries.

### DIRECTOR'S RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBT SECURITIES

Same as disclosed in this report, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2023 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or chief executive of the Company (including their spouses or children under 18 years of age) to have any right to subscribe for securities of the Company or any of its specified undertakings as defined in the Companies (Report of the Board of Directors) Regulation or to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

As at 31 December 2023, the Company did not enter into or have any management and/or administration contracts in respect of the whole or any principal business of the Company.

## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### DIRECTORS' AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Same as disclosed in the Prospectus and above, the Directors are not aware of any business and interest of the Directors nor the Controlling Shareholders of the Company nor any of their respective close associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) that compete or may compete with the business of the Group and any other conflict of interests which any such person has or may have with the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this report.

### COMPLIANCE OF NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKINGS

Mr. Xu Youjiang and Prize Investment Limited ("**Prize**") entered into a deed of non-competition dated 26 June 2020 (the "**Deed of Non-Competition**") in favour of the Company (for itself and each of its subsidiaries), pursuant to which each of the Controlling Shareholders has, unconditionally and irrevocably, undertaken to the Company in the Deed of Non-Competition that she/it will not, and will procure her/its close associates (other than members of the Group) not to, for herself/itself or jointly with or acting for any other person, firm or company as shareholder(s), director(s), partner(s), agent(s), employee(s) or otherwise, and whether or not for profit, remuneration or other purpose, directly or indirectly be involved or engaged in or undertake any business (other than the business of the Group) that directly or indirectly competes, or may compete, with the Group's business or undertaking (the "**Restricted Activity**"), or hold shares or interest in any companies or business that compete directly or indirectly with the business engaged by the Group from time to time except where the Controlling Shareholders and/or her/its close associates hold less than 5% of the total issued shares of any company (whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange or other stock exchange) which is engaged in any business that is or may be in competition with any business engaged by any member of the Group and they do not control 10% or more of the composition of the board of directors of such company.

Further, each of the Group's Controlling Shareholders has undertaken that if any new business investment or other business opportunity relating to the Restricted Activity (the "**Competing Business Opportunity**") is identified by or made available to her/it or any of her/its close associates, she/it shall, and shall procure that her/its close associates shall, refer such Competing Business Opportunity to the Company on a timely basis.

For further details of the Deed of Non-Competition, please refer to the section headed "Relationship with the Controlling Shareholders — Non-competition undertaking and corporate governance measures to manage conflicts of interests" in the Prospectus.

Each of the Controlling Shareholders has confirmed to the Company of her/its compliance with the Deed of Non-Competition during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this report. The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the status of compliance and confirmed that all the undertakings under the Deed of Non-Competition have been complied by each of the Controlling Shareholders during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this report.

## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### DISCLOSURE OF DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

#### a) Director's and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at 31 December 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO") as (i) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the Directors and chief executives of the Company were taken or deemed to have pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO), (ii) recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO, or (iii) otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standard of dealings by directors of listed issuer as referred to in Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules, were as follows:

#### (i) Long positions in Shares and underlying Shares

Name of Director	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number of Shares	Long/short position	Percentage of shareholding
Mr. Xu Youjiang ("Mr. Xu")	Interest of a controlled corporation <sup>(Note 1)</sup>	301,500,000	Long	40.28%
	Beneficial owner	74,482,760	Long	9.95%
		375,982,760	Long	50.23%
Ms. Xu Liping ("Ms. Xu")	Interest of spouse <sup>(Note 2)</sup>	375,982,760	Long	50.23%

Notes:

- (1) Mr. Xu holds the entire issued share capital of Prize. Accordingly, Mr. Xu is deemed to be interested in the shares held by Prize Investment Limited under the SFO.
- (2) Ms. Xu Liping is the spouse of Mr. Xu and is therefore deemed to be interested in the shares in which Mr. Xu is interested under the SFO.



## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### (b) Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at the date of this report, the interests and short positions of the person (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) or company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company which was required to be recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Name	Capacity	Number and class of securities	Long/short position	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the Company
Prize Investment Limited	Beneficial owner	301,500,000 ordinary shares	Long	40.28%
Mr. Xu	Beneficial owner	74,482,760 ordinary shares	Long	9.95%
		375,982,760 ordinary shares	Long	50.23%
Merit Winner Limited [" <b>Merit Winner</b> "]	Beneficial owner	67,500,000 ordinary shares	Long	9.02%
Mr. Hui Man Kit (" <b>Mr. Hui</b> ")	Interest of a controlled corporation <sup>(Note1)</sup>	67,500,000 ordinary shares	Long	9.02%
Ms. Hui Mei Nga	Interest of spouse <sup>(Note2)</sup>	67,500,000 ordinary shares	Long	9.02%
Youpinhui Investment	Beneficial owner	64,000,000 ordinary shares	Long	8.55%
Mr. Hu Kun	Interest of a controlled corporation <sup>(Note3)</sup>	64,000,000 ordinary shares	Long	8.55%

Notes:

1. The entire issued share capital of Merit Winner was held by Mr. Hui. Accordingly, Mr. Hui is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Merit Winner under the SFO.
2. Ms. Hui Mei Nga is the spouse of Mr. Hui and is therefore deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Mr. Hui is interested under the SFO.
3. The entire issued share capital of Youpinhui Investment was held by Mr. Hu Kun. Accordingly, Mr. Hu Kun is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Youpinhui Investment under the SFO.

Same as disclosed above, as at the date of this report and so far as is known to the Directors, no person, other than the Directors and chief executive and substantial shareholders of the Company and other persons whose interests are set out in the section "A. Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" and "B. Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" above, had notified the Company of an interest or short positions in the Shares or underlying shares and/or the debentures of the Company that was required to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

# REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

## CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS

### BACKGROUND

Certain businesses currently operated or will be operated by us in the PRC are subject to foreign investment restrictions and licencing requirements. We currently conduct our e-commerce business through Beijing Yihe. For the operation of its e-commerce APP “Yihe Tianxia”, Beijing Yihe currently holds a value-added telecom business license (the permitted business categories include online data processing and transaction processing services (the “**EDI Licence**”) and internet information service business (the “**ICP Licence**”). Due to the foreign ownership restrictions on the entity holding the ICP Licence, we are not allowed to hold more than 50% of the equity interests in Beijing Yihe.

On 28 December 2022, a series of contractual arrangements was entered into by, among others, Beijing Youpinhui, Beijing Yihe and Mr. Cheng Denan (the “**Contractual Arrangements**”).

The agreements underlying the Contractual Arrangements provide a mechanism through which: (a) economic benefits of Beijing Yihe is able to be transferred to us through the Exclusive Operating and Consultancy Services Agreement; and (b) we are able to control Beijing Yihe through the Exclusive Option Agreement, the Equity Pledge Agreement and the Shareholders’ Rights Entrustment Agreement.

Pursuant to this arrangement, all substantial and material business decisions of Beijing Yihe will be instructed and supervised by our Group, through Beijing Youpinhui, and all risks arising from the businesses of Beijing Yihe are also effectively borne by our Group as a result of Beijing Yihe being treated as our controlled subsidiary. Accordingly, our Directors consider that it is fair and reasonable for Beijing Youpinhui to be entitled to all economic benefits generated by the business operated by Beijing Yihe through the Contractual Arrangements as a whole.

### PRC LAWS RELATING TO FOREIGN INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

Foreign investment activities in the PRC are mainly governed by the Foreign Investment Law of the PRC (中華人民共和國外商投資法), as enacted by the 13th NPC on 15 March 2019 which came into force on 1 January 2020, the Special Management Measures (Negative List) for the Access of Foreign Investment (2021 Version) (《外商投資准入特別管理措施(負面清單)(2021年版)》)(the “Negative List”) and the “Encouraged Industries for Foreign Investment Catalogue” (《鼓勵外商投資產業目錄》), which were promulgated and are amended from time to time jointly by the the Ministry of Commerce of the PRC (中華人民共和國商務部) and National Development and Reform Commission of the PRC (中華人民共和國國家發展和改革委員會). The Negative List and the Foreign Investment Catalogue divide industries into “encouraged”, “restricted”, “prohibited” and “permitted” (the last category of which includes all industries not listed under the “encourage”, “restricted” and “prohibited” categories).

### BEIJING YIHE

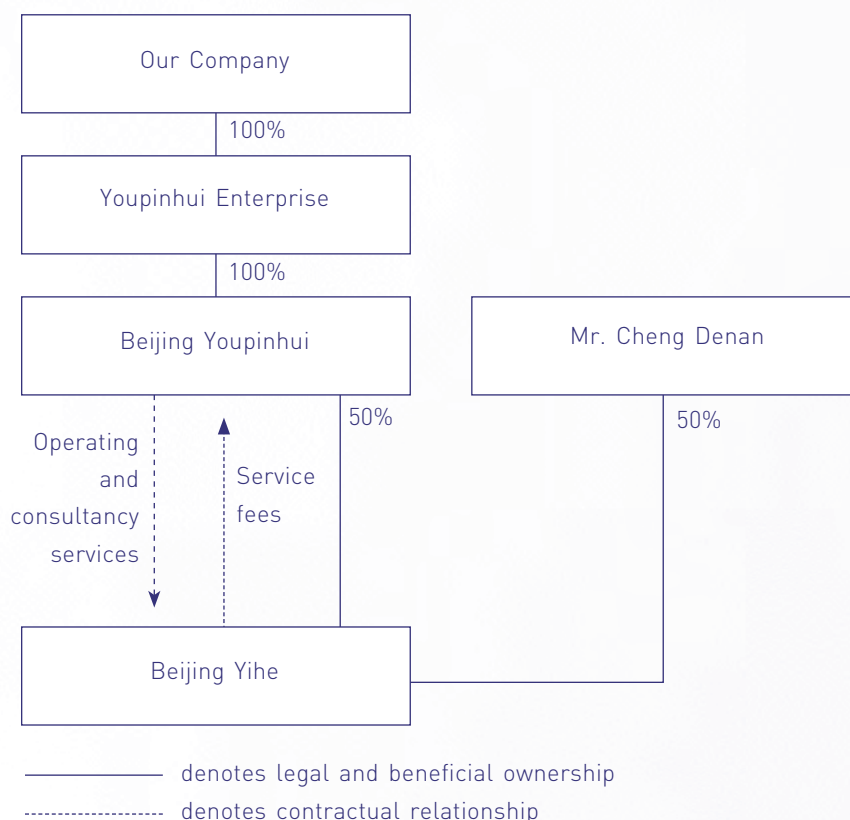
Beijing Yihe principally engages in e-commerce business. After obtaining the ICP Licence, Beijing Yihe is permitted to engage in certain information service business specified in the Classification Catalogue of Telecommunications Business (電信業務分類目錄), which will improve the operation and service of the e-commerce platform.

Based on the above, we believe that to maintain and/or expand the business operations and effectiveness of the licences and permits held by Beijing Yihe, Beijing Yihe must be controlled by our Company through the Contractual Arrangements. Furthermore, since Beijing Yihe currently holds an ICP Licence and is subject to foreign ownership restriction, we are not allowed to hold more than 50% of the equity interests in Beijing Yihe and would therefore need to control the economic benefits of Beijing Yihe through the Contractual Arrangements.

## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS

The following simplified diagram illustrates the flow of economic benefits from our Beijing Yihe to our Group under the Contractual Arrangements and the shareholding relationship between our Company and Beijing Yihe as at the date of this annual report:



### Summary of the material terms of the Contractual Arrangements

A description of each of the specific agreements that comprise the Contractual Arrangements is set out below:

#### (1) *Exclusive Operating and Consultancy Services Agreement*

Pursuant to the exclusive operating and consultancy services agreement entered into among Beijing Youpinhui, Beijing Yihe and Mr. Cheng Denan (the “**Individual Registered Shareholder**”) dated 28 December 2022 (the “**Exclusive Operating and Consultancy Services Agreement**”), Beijing Youpinhui agreed to provide operating and consultancy services to Beijing Yihe and its subsidiaries (if any) (“**Beijing Yihe Group**”), including but not limited to: (a) allowing Beijing Yihe to use the relevant software legally owned by Beijing Youpinhui; (b) developing, providing maintenance and updating the necessary software required for Beijing Yihe’s business; (c) designing, installing and providing day-to-day management, maintenance and updating of the computer network system, hardware equipment and database; (d) provision of technical support and professional training; (e) assisting Beijing Yihe to conduct market research and collecting market data and technical information; (f) provision of marketing and market development strategies services; (g) provision of supplier and inventory management services; (h) developing and testing of new products; (i) leasing of equipment and assets; (j) internal management; and (k) provision of other relevant services requested by Beijing Yihe from time to time permitted by the applicable PRC laws and regulations.



## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

In consideration of the operating and consultancy services provided by Beijing Youpinhui, Beijing Yihe agreed to pay Beijing Youpinhui a service fee equivalent to 50% of their respective amount of net profit before tax (after deducting all costs, expenses, taxes, losses (if required) from the previous year) for each financial year.

Beijing Youpinhui has the right to adjust the amount of such service fee by reference to the actual services provided, provided that any adjusted amount shall not exceed the amount as mentioned above.

### **(2) Exclusive Option Agreement**

Under the exclusive option agreement entered into among Beijing Youpinhui, Beijing Yihe and the Individual Registered Shareholder dated 28 December 2022 (the “**Exclusive Option Agreement**”), the Individual Registered Shareholder irrevocably agreed to grant Beijing Youpinhui or its designee(s) an exclusive option (a) to purchase all or part of the equity interests in Beijing Yihe held by the Individual Registered Shareholder; and/or (b) to purchase from Beijing Yihe all or part of its assets at any time for the minimum amount of consideration permitted by the applicable PRC laws and regulations, under circumstances in which Beijing Youpinhui or its designee(s) is permitted under the PRC laws and regulations to own all or part of the equity interests in Beijing Yihe. Where the purchase price for the equity interests and/or assets in Beijing Yihe is required by the relevant PRC laws and regulations to be an amount other than nil consideration, the Individual Registered Shareholder shall, according to the instruction of Beijing Youpinhui, return the amount of purchase price he has received to Beijing Youpinhui or its designee(s). Save for the Beijing Youpinhui and/or its designee(s), no other third party shall be granted the exclusive option to purchase the equity interests or assets in Beijing Yihe.

We have the sole discretion to decide when to exercise the option in part or in full. The key factor for us to decide whether to exercise the option is whether the applicable foreign investment restrictions in relation to the e-commerce business operated by Beijing Yihe will be removed in the future, the likelihood of which we are not in a position to know or comment on as at the date of this annual report.

In order to prevent the flow of the assets and value of Beijing Yihe to its shareholders, pursuant to the Exclusive Option Agreement, each of the Individual Registered Shareholder and Beijing Yihe has undertaken that, he/it shall not sell, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of or procure the management of Beijing Yihe Group to sell, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of any of the assets of Beijing Yihe Group without the prior written consent of the Beijing Youpinhui.

In the event that the Individual Registered Shareholder and Beijing Yihe receive any profit distribution or dividend from Beijing Yihe Group, each of the Individual Registered Shareholder and Beijing Yihe undertakes that he/it shall, at the request of the Beijing Youpinhui, pay such amount to the Beijing Youpinhui. If Beijing Youpinhui exercises the option under the Exclusive Option Agreement, all or any part of the equity interests in Beijing Yihe held by the Individual Registered Shareholder would be transferred to the Beijing Youpinhui and the benefits of equity ownership would flow to the Beijing Youpinhui and its shareholders.

## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### (3) *Equity Pledge Agreement*

Pursuant to the equity pledge agreement entered into among Beijing Youpinhui, Beijing Yihe and the Individual Registered Shareholder dated 28 December 2022 (the “**Equity Pledge Agreement**”), the Individual Registered Shareholder agreed to pledge all his equity interests in Beijing Yihe that he owns to Beijing Youpinhui to guarantee the performance of his obligations and the obligations of Beijing Yihe under the Exclusive Operating and Consultancy Services Agreement, the Exclusive Option Agreement and the shareholders’ rights entrustment agreement entered into among Beijing Youpinhui, Beijing Yihe and the Individual Registered Shareholder dated 28 December 2022 (the “**Shareholders’ Rights Entrustment Agreement**”).

Each of the Individual Registered Shareholder and Beijing Yihe has agreed that, without prior written consent of Beijing Youpinhui, they will not transfer or dispose of any or all of the pledged equity interests or create or allow any third party to create any encumbrance on the pledged equity interests that would prejudice Beijing Youpinhui’s interest.

Any of the following events shall constitute an event of default under the Equity Pledge Agreement:

- (a) the committing of any breach of his/its obligations under the Exclusive Operating and Consultancy Services Agreement, the Exclusive Option Agreement or the Shareholders’ Rights Entrustment Agreement by the Individual Registered Shareholder or Beijing Yihe Group;
- (b) any representations or warranties provided by the Individual Registered Shareholder or Beijing Yihe under the Equity Pledge Agreement being incorrect or misleading;
- (c) the committing of any breach of undertakings or any other terms under the Equity Pledge Agreement by the Individual Registered Shareholder or Beijing Yihe;
- (d) the transferring or disposal of the Individual Registered Shareholder’s pledged equity interests in Beijing Yihe without the prior written consent of the Beijing Youpinhui;
- (e) the committing of any breach or delay in repayment of any loan, guarantee, debt or undertaking by the Individual Registered Shareholder;
- (f) Beijing Yihe or its subsidiaries (if any) being unable to repay its debt;
- (g) save for the occurrence of any force majeure event, the Equity Pledge Agreement becoming invalid or incapable of performance by the Individual Registered Shareholder;
- (h) any material adverse change to the financial conditions of the Individual Registered Shareholder affecting his ability to perform his obligations under the Equity Pledge Agreement; or
- (i) the successors of Beijing Yihe Group only paying part of the service fees or refusing to pay any service fees under the Exclusive Operating and Consultancy Services Agreement.

## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Upon the occurrence of an event of default as described above, Beijing Youpinhui shall have the right to enforce the Equity Pledge Agreement by written notice to the Individual Registered Shareholder or Beijing Yihe Group, upon which the Beijing Youpinhui shall be entitled to sell all or part of the pledged equity interests held by the Individual Registered Shareholder by way of auction or at a discount and have priority in the entitlement to the sales proceeds.

### **(4) Shareholders' Rights Entrustment Agreement**

Pursuant to the Shareholders' Rights Entrustment Agreement, the Individual Registered Shareholder has unconditionally and irrevocably authorised and entrusted Beijing Youpinhui or its designee to exercise all of his shareholder voting rights and any other rights as a shareholder of Beijing Yihe to the extent permitted by the PRC laws and regulations as well as the articles of association of Beijing Yihe. These rights include, but are not limited to: (a) the right to sell, transfer, pledge or dispose of all or part of (i) the equity interests in Beijing Yihe held by the Individual Registered Shareholder; and (ii) the assets in Beijing Yihe to which the Individual Registered Shareholder is entitled to; (b) the right to convene and attend shareholders' meetings of Beijing Yihe; (c) the right to appoint legal representatives, directors, supervisors, managers or other senior management of Beijing Yihe; (d) the right to review and approve Beijing Yihe's profit distribution plan and loss recovery plan; (e) the right to pass a resolution for the merger, division, liquidation or change in corporate form of Beijing Yihe; (f) the right to receive the remaining assets of Beijing Yihe in the event of dissolution or winding up; (g) the right to sign all shareholders' resolutions and other legal documents which the Individual Registered Shareholder has authority to sign in his capacity as shareholder of Beijing Yihe; (h) the right to handle the legal procedures of registration of documents of Beijing Yihe at the relevant government regulatory departments; (i) the right to determine the business policy and investment plan of Beijing Yihe; and (j) the right to amend the articles of association of Beijing Yihe and other applicable shareholders' rights.

### **(5) Individual Shareholder Spouse Undertaking**

Pursuant to the spouse undertakings dated 28 December 2022 signed by Ms. Zhu Wenhua (朱文華女士) ("**Ms. Zhu**"), the spouse of the Individual Registered Shareholder (the "**Individual Shareholder Spouse Undertaking**"), Ms. Zhu has unconditionally and irrevocably undertaken that: (a) the equity interests held by the Individual Registered Shareholder do not form part of the matrimonial property and she does not have any interest in such equity interests; (b) she will not take any action with the intent to interfere with the Contractual Arrangements; and (c) if she receives any of the equity interests in Beijing Yihe from the Individual Registered Shareholder for whatever reason, she will be bound by the terms of the Contractual Arrangements as amended from time to time, and at the request of the Beijing Youpinhui, she will enter into a new set of contractual arrangements in the form and substance similar to the existing Contractual Arrangements.

## DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Each of the agreements under the Contractual Arrangements contains a dispute resolution clause pursuant to which (a) in the event of any dispute arising under or in connection with the Contractual Arrangements, the parties thereto shall negotiate to settle the dispute; and (b) in the event of the parties failing to reach an agreement, the relevant dispute shall be submitted to the China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission for arbitration in Beijing in accordance with the then effective arbitration rules. The arbitration award shall be final and binding on all parties. Any party shall have the right to apply to courts with competent jurisdiction for enforcement of arbitration awards after the relevant arbitration award comes into effect.



## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The dispute resolution clause also provides that: (i) the China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission may award remedies over the shares or assets of Beijing Yihe, injunctive relief (e.g., for the conduct of business or to compel the transfer of assets) or order the dissolution or winding-up of Beijing Yihe Group; and (ii) the courts of Hong Kong, the Cayman Islands (being the place of incorporation of our Company) and the PRC (being the place of establishment of Beijing Yihe Group and the place where their main assets are located) also have jurisdiction to grant interim remedies and/or enforce an arbitral award or interim remedies against the shares or assets of Beijing Yihe Group.

### LOSS SHARING

None of the agreements constituting the Contractual Arrangements provided that our Company or Beijing Youpinhui is obligated to share the losses of Beijing Yihe. Under the relevant PRC laws and regulations, neither our Company or Beijing Youpinhui is legally required to share the losses of, or provide financial support to, Beijing Yihe. Furthermore, Beijing Yihe is a limited liability company and shall be solely liable for its own debts and losses with assets and properties owned by it. Despite the foregoing, given that Beijing Yihe's financial condition and results of operations are consolidated into our Company's combined financial statements under the applicable accounting principles, our Company's business, financial condition and results of operations would be adversely affected if Beijing Yihe suffers losses. Therefore, the provisions in the Contractual Arrangements are tailored so as to limit, to the greatest extent possible, the potential adverse effect on Beijing Youpinhui and our Company resulting from any loss suffered by Beijing Yihe.

For instance, as provided in the Exclusive Option Agreement, each of the Individual Registered Shareholder and Beijing Yihe has undertaken that, without the prior written consent of Beijing Youpinhui, he/it shall not, among others: (a) sell, transfer, pledge or dispose of in any manner any of the equity interests in any member of Beijing Yihe Group; (b) sell, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of or procure the management of Beijing Yihe Group to sell, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of any of the assets of Beijing Yihe Group; and (c) enter into any consolidation or merger with any third party, or being acquired by or invest in any third party.

### TERMINATION OF THE CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS

In the event that PRC laws and regulations allow Beijing Youpinhui or us to directly hold all or part of the equity interests in Beijing Yihe Group, and operate relevant e-commerce business in the PRC, Beijing Youpinhui shall exercise the option under the Exclusive Option Agreement as soon as practicable and Beijing Youpinhui or its designee(s) shall purchase such amount of equity interests to the extent permissible under PRC laws and regulations, and upon exercise in full of the option and the acquisition of all the equity interests in Beijing Yihe Group by Beijing Youpinhui or other designee(s) by our Company pursuant to the terms of the Exclusive Option Agreement, each of the Contractual Arrangements shall be automatically terminated. Beijing Youpinhui shall have the right to terminate the Contractual Arrangements by serving a 15-day prior written notice. The Individual Registered Shareholder shall not be entitled to unilaterally terminate the Contractual Arrangements in any situation other than prescribed by the laws.

## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### PROTECTION IN THE EVENT OF DEATH, BANKRUPTCY OR DIVORCE OF THE INDIVIDUAL REGISTERED SHAREHOLDER

Pursuant to the Individual Shareholder Spouse Undertaking, Ms. Zhu has unconditionally and irrevocably undertaken, among others, to execute all necessary documents and perform all necessary procedures from time to time in order to give effect to the Contractual Arrangements. Ms. Zhu has also undertaken that (i) she will not take any action with the intent to interfere with the Contractual Arrangements; and (ii) if she receives any of the equity interests in Beijing Yihe from the Individual Registered Shareholder for whatever reason, she will be bound by the terms of the Contractual Arrangements as amended from time to time, and at the request of Beijing Youpinhui, she will enter into a new set of contractual arrangements in the form and substance similar to the existing Contractual Arrangements.

In addition, pursuant to each of the agreements under the Contractual Arrangements, the Individual Registered Shareholder has undertaken to Beijing Youpinhui that, in the event of the Individual Registered Shareholder's death, loss of or restriction on capacity, divorce or other circumstances which may affect the exercise of its direct or indirect equity interests in Beijing Yihe, the successor of the Individual Registered Shareholder will inherit any of the rights and obligations of the Individual Registered Shareholder under the Contractual Arrangements. Unless with the prior consent of Beijing Youpinhui, a will, divorce agreement, debt settlement agreement or any other form of legal documents shall not prejudice or hinder the enforcement of the Contractual Arrangements.

### LIQUIDATION

Pursuant to the Exclusive Operating and Consultancy Services Agreement, each of Beijing Yihe and the Individual Registered Shareholder has undertaken that, in the event of dissolution or liquidation of Beijing Yihe Group, (i) Beijing Yihe and the Individual Registered Shareholder shall to the extent permitted by the PRC laws form a liquidation committee with members appointed by the WOFE to manage the assets of Beijing Yihe; (ii) Beijing Yihe Group shall transfer all of the assets received as a result of the dissolution or liquidation directly to Beijing Youpinhui and/or its designee for the minimum amount of consideration permitted by the applicable PRC laws and regulations; and (iii) the liquidation committee shall have the right to dispose of the remaining assets of Beijing Yihe Group. Furthermore, in the event that Beijing Youpinhui and/or its designee is not able to purchase the remaining assets of Beijing Yihe Group at nil consideration, the Individual Registered Shareholder and Beijing Yihe shall return the proceeds they received from the dissolution and liquidation to Beijing Youpinhui and/or its designee.

### INSURANCE

We do not maintain an insurance policy to cover the risks relating to the Contractual Arrangements.

### SUCCESSION

The provisions set out in the Contractual Arrangements are also binding on the successors of the parties to the Contractual Arrangements, as if each of the successors was a signing party to the Contractual Arrangements. Although the agreements underlying the Contractual Arrangements do not specify the identity of the successors to such shareholders, under the succession law of the PRC, the statutory successors include the spouse, children, parents, brothers, sisters, paternal grandparents and the maternal grandparents and any breach by the successors would be deemed to be a breach of the Contractual Arrangements.



## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

In case of a breach, Beijing Youpinhui or our Company can enforce its right against the successors. Furthermore, pursuant to the Contractual Arrangements, in the event of death or any other event which causes the inability of the Individual Registered Shareholder to perform his obligations under the Contractual Arrangements, the successor of the Individual Registered Shareholder will inherit any of his rights and obligations under the Contractual Arrangements.

### ARRANGEMENT TO ADDRESS POTENTIAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST

To ensure our effective control over Beijing Yihe Group, we have implemented measures to protect against the potential conflicts of interest between our Company and the Individual Registered Shareholder. Under the Exclusive Option Agreement, the Individual Registered Shareholder irrevocably agreed to grant Beijing Youpinhui or its designee(s) an exclusive option (a) to purchase all or part of the equity interests in Beijing Yihe held by the Individual Registered Shareholder; and/or (b) to purchase from Beijing Yihe all or part of its assets at any time for the minimum amount of consideration permitted by the applicable PRC laws and regulations, under circumstances in which Beijing Youpinhui or its designee(s) is permitted under the PRC laws and regulations to own all or part of the equity interests in Beijing Yihe.

Furthermore, under the Shareholders' Rights Entrustment Agreement, the Individual Registered Shareholder has unconditionally and irrevocably authorised and entrusted Beijing Youpinhui or its designee(s) to exercise all of his shareholder voting rights and any other rights as a shareholder of Beijing Yihe to the extent permitted by PRC laws and the articles of association of Beijing Yihe.

### OUR CONFIRMATION

Our Directors confirm that, as at the date of this annual report, we had not encountered any interference or encumbrance from any PRC governing bodies in operating its businesses through Beijing Yihe under the Contractual Arrangements.

### Directors' views on the Contractual Arrangements

Our Directors considered that the Contractual Arrangements are narrowly tailored because the Contractual Arrangements are only used to enable our Group to consolidate the financial results of Beijing Yihe holding a value-add telecommunications business permit for internet information service which are subject to foreign investment restriction in accordance with applicable PRC laws and regulations. Furthermore, the Proposed Change in VIE Structure would enable Beijing Youpinhui to hold the maximum permitted interest in Beijing Yihe under foreign ownership restrictions in the PRC. Hence, our Directors considered that the Contractual Arrangements are narrowly tailored.

### CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL RESULTS OF BEIJING YIHE

Under the Exclusive Operating and Consultancy Services Agreement, it was agreed that, in consideration of the operating and consultancy services provided by Beijing Youpinhui, Beijing Yihe Group shall pay Beijing Youpinhui a service fee equal to 50% of their respective amount of net profit before tax (after deducting all costs, expenses, taxes, losses (if required) from the previous year) for each financial year. Beijing Youpinhui has the right to adjust the amount of such service fee by reference to the actual services provided, provided that any adjusted amount shall not exceed the amount mentioned above. Accordingly, Beijing Youpinhui has the ability, at its sole discretion, to extract substantially all of the economic benefit of Beijing Yihe Group through the Exclusive Operating and Consultancy Agreement.



## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

In addition, under the Exclusive Operating and Consultancy Agreement, Beijing Youpinhui has absolute contractual control over the distribution of dividends or any other amounts by Beijing Yihe Group to their respective shareholders as the Beijing Youpinhui's prior written consent is required before any distribution can be made.

Furthermore, under the Exclusive Option Agreement, in the event that the Individual Registered Shareholder and Beijing Yihe receive any profit distribution or dividend from Beijing Yihe Group, each of the Individual Registered Shareholder and Beijing Yihe undertakes that he/it shall, at the request of Beijing Youpinhui, remit such amount to Beijing Youpinhui.

As a result of these Contractual Arrangements, our Company has obtained control of Beijing Yihe Group through Beijing Youpinhui and, at our Company's sole discretion, can receive substantially all of the economic interest returns generated by Beijing Yihe Group. Accordingly, the results of operations, assets and liabilities, and cash flows of Beijing Yihe Group are consolidated into our Company's financial statements.

In this regard, our Directors consider that our Company can consolidate the financial results of Beijing Yihe Group into our Group's financial information as if they were our Company's subsidiaries.

### DEVELOPMENT IN PRC LEGISLATION ON FOREIGN INVESTMENT

#### Background of the Foreign Investment Law

On 15 March 2019, the National People's Congress approved the Foreign Investment Law which became effective on 1 January 2020. On 26 December 2019, the State Council of the PRC (中華人民共和國國務院) ("State Council") promulgated the Regulations on the Implementation of the Foreign Investment Law, which came into effect on 1 January 2020. The Foreign Investment Law replaced the Sino-Foreign Equity Joint Venture Enterprise Law (《中華人民共和國中外合資經營企業法》), the Sino-Foreign Cooperative Joint Ventures Enterprise Law (《中華人民共和國中外合作經營企業法》) and the Wholly Foreign-Invested Enterprises Law (《中華人民共和國外資企業法》) to become the legal foundation for foreign investment in the PRC. The Foreign Investment Law stipulates certain forms of foreign investment, but does not explicitly stipulate contractual arrangements as a form of foreign investment. The Implementation Regulations on the Foreign Investment Law are also silent on whether foreign investment includes contractual arrangements.

#### Impact and consequences of the Foreign Investment Law

Conducting operations through contractual arrangements has been adopted by many PRC based companies, including our Group. We use the Contractual Arrangements to establish control of Beijing Yihe, by Beijing Youpinhui, through which we operate our e-commerce business in the PRC. The Foreign Investment Law stipulates that foreign investment includes "foreign investors invest in China through any other methods under laws, administrative regulations or provisions prescribed by the State Council" without elaboration on the meaning of "other methods." There are possibilities that future laws, administrative regulations or provisions prescribed by the State Council may regard contractual arrangements as a form of foreign investment, at which time it will be uncertain whether the Contractual Arrangements will be deemed to be in violation of the foreign investment access requirements and how the above-mentioned Contractual Arrangements will be handled.

Therefore, there is no guarantee that the Contractual Arrangements and the business of Beijing Yihe will not be materially and adversely affected in the future due to changes in PRC laws and regulations.

## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### RISKS RELATING TO OUR CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS

**If the PRC government deems that the Contractual Arrangements do not comply with PRC regulatory restrictions on foreign investment in the relevant industries, or if these regulations or the interpretation of existing regulations change in the future, we could be subject to severe penalties or be forced to relinquish our interests received through the Contractual Arrangements.**

Current PRC laws and regulations impose certain restrictions or prohibitions on foreign ownership of the ICP Licence, which is an important licence for our “Yihe Tianxia” e-commerce app platform. To comply with PRC laws and regulations, we conduct our e-commerce business through Beijing Yihe based on a the Contractual Arrangements. Through our shareholdings and the Contractual Arrangements, our Company acquired effective control over Beijing Yihe and, at our Company’s sole discretion, can receive all of the economic benefits generated by Beijing Yihe.

However, there are substantial uncertainties regarding the interpretation and application of current or future PRC laws and regulations. For example, courts of the PRC may invalidate certain contractual agreements if they are considered to be entered into with the intention of circumventing foreign investment restrictions in the PRC in contravention of the Civil Code of the People’s Republic of China (《中華人民共和國民法典》). In addition, new PRC laws, rules and regulations may be introduced to impose additional requirements that may impose additional challenges to our corporate structure and Contractual Arrangements. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the PRC Government will ultimately take a view that the Contractual Arrangements are legal, valid, enforceable and binding upon the parties thereto.

If our ownership structure, Contractual Arrangements or the business of Beijing Yihe are found to be in violation of any existing or future PRC laws or regulations, or we fail to obtain or maintain any of the required permits or approvals, the relevant governmental authorities would have broad discretion in dealing with such violations, including but not limited to:

- revoking the Contractual Arrangements;
- revoking the business and operating licences held by Beijing Yihe, including but not limited to the ICP licence;
- levying fines on us and/or confiscating income of our Company or Beijing Yihe;
- discontinuing or imposing restrictions on our operations in respect of our e-commerce business;
- requiring us to restructure our operations which in effect compels us to undergo a disruptive and costly corporate restructuring;
- taking such other regulatory or enforcement actions as they see fit, which could be harmful to our business.

Any of these actions could cause significant disruption to the operations of our e-commerce business and could result in delays or failure to receive some, if not all, of the economic benefits from Beijing Yihe. This may in turn materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Furthermore, the equity interest of Beijing Yihe held by Beijing Youpinhui may be put under court custody in connection with litigation, arbitration or other judicial or dispute resolution proceedings against that Beijing Youpinhui. We cannot assure you that such equity interest will be disposed of in accordance with the Contractual Arrangements.

## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### **The Contractual Arrangements may not be as effective in providing operational control as direct ownership and Beijing Yihe and the Individual Registered Shareholder may fail to perform their obligations under our Contractual Arrangements.**

We operate our e-commerce business through Beijing Yihe based on the Contractual Arrangements, which we rely on to obtain control and operate the “Yihe Tianxia” platform. These Contractual Arrangements may not be as effective in providing us with control over Beijing Yihe as direct ownership. Direct ownership would allow us to, among other things, directly or indirectly exercise our rights as a shareholder to effect changes in the board of directors of Beijing Yihe, which in turn could effect changes at the management level subject to any applicable fiduciary obligations.

If Beijing Yihe fails to perform its obligations under the Contractual Arrangements, we may incur substantial costs and expend substantial resources to enforce our rights under PRC laws by way of arbitration or litigation in PRC. Our ability to seek remedies including specific performance, injunctive relief and damages under the Contractual Arrangements and enforce such rights under PRC laws could be limited, given the significant uncertainties regarding the interpretation and application of current or future PRC laws and regulations in relation to the Contractual Arrangements. In the event we are unable to enforce the Contractual Arrangements or we experience significant delays or other obstacles in the enforcement of the Contractual Arrangements, we may not be able to exert effective control over Beijing Yihe and may lose control over its assets. As a result, we may be unable to consolidate Beijing Yihe, which may materially and adversely impact our financial condition and results of operations.

### **Our Contractual Arrangements may be subject to scrutiny by the PRC tax authorities and additional taxes may be imposed.**

Under the applicable PRC laws and regulations, arrangements and transactions among related parties may be subject to challenge by the PRC tax authorities. If the PRC tax authorities were to determine that transactions under the Contractual Arrangements were not conducted on an arm’s length basis as the PRC tax authorities have the authority to make transfer pricing adjustments on the tax position of Beijing Yihe, in effect imposing additional taxes and interest on us. Such adjustments may adversely affect us by increasing the tax expenses of Beijing Yihe without reducing the tax expenses of Beijing Youpinhui or subjecting Beijing Yihe to late payment fees or penalties for under-payment of taxes.

### **The Individual Registered Shareholder may have conflict of interest with us, and may cause Beijing Yihe to act in a manner contrary to our interests.**

The Individual Registered Shareholder may potentially have a conflict of interest with us, and may breach the Contractual Arrangements in order to further his own interest or if he otherwise acts in bad faith. There is no assurance that when conflicts of interest arise between us and Beijing Yihe, the Individual Registered Shareholder will act in our interests or that such conflicts of interest will be resolved in our favour.

In addition, the Individual Registered Shareholder may breach or cause Beijing Yihe to breach the Contractual Arrangements. If Beijing Yihe or the Individual Registered Shareholder breach the Contractual Arrangements or otherwise have disputes with us, we may be required to initiate legal proceedings which involve significant uncertainty. Such disputes and proceedings may adversely affect our business operations, ability to control Beijing Yihe or otherwise result in negative publicity. There can be no assurance that the outcome of any such dispute or proceeding will be in our favour.



## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### **If we exercise the option to acquire equity ownership and assets of Beijing Yihe, the ownership or asset transfer may subject us to certain limitations and substantial costs.**

Pursuant to the Contractual Arrangements, Beijing Youpinhui or its designated person(s) has the exclusive right to purchase all or any part of the equity interests in Beijing Yihe from the Individual Registered Shareholder at nominal consideration. The equity transfer may be subject to the approvals from and filings with the competent governmental authorities in the PRC and/or their local competent branches. In addition, the equity transfer price may be subject to review and tax adjustment by the relevant tax authority. The Individual Registered Shareholder will pay the equity transfer price he receives to Beijing Yihe under the Contractual Arrangements. The amount to be received by Beijing Yihe may also be subject to Enterprise Income Tax in the PRC, which may imply substantial tax liability on the part of Beijing Yihe.

### **Substantial uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation and implementation of the PRC Foreign Investment Law, its implementation regulations and how they may impact the viability of our current corporate structure, business, financial condition and results of operations.**

On 1 January 2020, the Foreign Investment Law came into effect. The Foreign Investment Law (《外商投資法》) replaced the Sino-Foreign Equity Joint Venture Enterprise Law (《中外合資經營企業法》), the Sino-Foreign Cooperative Joint Venture Enterprise Law (《中外合作經營企業法》) and the Wholly Foreign-Invested Enterprise Law (《外資企業法》) to become the legal foundation for foreign investment in the PRC. The Foreign Investment Law defines foreign investment as any investment activity directly or indirectly carried out in the PRC by one or more foreign natural persons, enterprises or other organisations (“**Foreign Investor(s)**”) and specifically stipulates four forms of investment activities as foreign investment, namely, (a) establishment of a foreign invested enterprise in the PRC by a Foreign Investor, either individually or collectively with any other investor; (b) obtaining shares, equities, assets interests or any other similar rights or interests of an enterprise in the PRC by a Foreign Investor; (c) investment in any new construction project in the PRC by a Foreign Investor, either individually or collectively with any other investor; and (d) investment in any other manners stipulated under laws, administrative regulations or provisions prescribed by the State Council.

Conducting operations through contractual arrangements has been adopted by many PRC-based companies, including us, to obtain and maintain necessary licences and permits in the industries that are currently subject to foreign investment restrictions or prohibitions in China. The Foreign Investment Law stipulates four forms of investment activity as foreign investment. However, the Foreign Investment Law does not explicitly stipulate the contractual arrangements as a form of foreign investment.

Notwithstanding the above, the Foreign Investment Law stipulates that “investment in any other manners stipulated under laws, administrative regulations or provisions prescribed by the State Council.” Therefore, there is the possibility that future laws, administrative regulations or provisions of the State Council may stipulate certain contractual arrangements to be a means of foreign investment, which may affect whether our contractual arrangements will be recognised as foreign investment, whether our contractual arrangements will be deemed to be in violation of the foreign investment access requirements, and therefore how our contractual arrangements will be handled are uncertain.

## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

In an extreme scenario, we may be required to unwind the Contractual Arrangements and/or dispose of Beijing Yihe, which could have a material and adverse effect on our business, financial condition and result of operations. In the event that we no longer have a sustainable business after the aforementioned unwinding of the Contractual Arrangements or disposal or in the event such measures are not complied with, the Stock Exchange may take enforcement actions against us which may have a material adverse effect on the listing of our Shares or even result in the delisting of our Company.

### **Measures adopted by the Company to mitigate against any potential risk arising from the Foreign Investment Law**

The Foreign Investment Law was approved by the National People's Congress of the PRC on 15 March 2019 and effected on 1 January 2020. As aforementioned, there are uncertainties with respect to the interpretation and implementation of the newly enacted Foreign Investment Law, the Board will closely monitor the development of the Foreign Investment Law with the help of the Company's PRC legal adviser, including but not limited to any new negative list issued by or approved to be issued by the State Council, or any future laws, administrative regulations or provisions prescribed by relevant governmental authorities. The Company will then discuss with its PRC legal adviser in order to assess any possible impact arising from the development of the Foreign Investment Law on the Contractual Arrangements and the business operation of the Group.

In case there would be material and adverse effect on the Group arising from the Foreign Investment Law, the Company will disclose, as soon as possible: (i) updates of material development to the Foreign Investment Law as and when it occurs; and (ii) specific measures taken by the Company to fully comply with the development to the Foreign Investment Law supported by a PRC legal opinion and any material impact of the development of the Foreign Investment Law on the Company's operations and financial position.

### **COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS**

Our Group has adopted the following measures to ensure the effective operation of our Group with the implementation of the Contractual Arrangements and our compliance with the Contractual Arrangements:

- (a) major issues arising from the implementation and compliance with the Contractual Arrangements or any regulatory enquiries from government authorities will be submitted to our Board, if necessary, for review and discussion on an occurrence basis;
- (b) our Board will review the overall performance of and compliance with the Contractual Arrangements at least once a year;
- (c) our Company will disclose the overall performance of and compliance with the Contractual Arrangements in our annual reports;
- (d) our Company will disclose, as soon as reasonably practicable (i) any updates of changes to the Foreign Investment Law that will materially and adversely affect our Company as and when they occur; and (ii) a clear description and analysis of the updates of changes in Foreign Investment Law as implemented, specific measures taken by us to fully comply with the changes in Foreign Investment Law supported by a PRC legal opinion and any material impact on our operations and financial position; and
- (e) our Company will engage external legal advisers or other professional advisers, if necessary, to assist the Board to review the implementation of the Contractual Arrangements, review the legal compliance of Beijing Youpinhui and Beijing Yihe to deal with specific issues or matters arising from the Contractual Arrangements.



# REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

## ANNUAL REVIEW

The Directors, including the Independent Non-executive Directors, have reviewed each of the Contractual Arrangements set out above and have confirmed that the Contractual Arrangements were entered into (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group, (ii) on normal commercial terms, and (iii) in accordance with the respective agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole.

The Independent Non-executive Directors have also reviewed and confirmed that:

1. the transactions carried out during the year ended 31 December 2023 have been entered into in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Contractual Arrangements and have been operated so that the revenue generated by the PRC Contractual Entities has been mainly retained by the Group;
2. no dividends or other distributions have been made by the PRC Contractual Entities to the holders of its equity interests which are not otherwise subsequently assigned or transferred to the Group; and
3. there was no new contract relating to the Contractual Arrangements entered into, renewed or reproduced between the Group and the PRC Contractual Entities during the year ended 31 December 2023.

### Revenue, net loss and total assets subject to the structured contracts under the Contractual Arrangements

Pursuant to the Exclusive Operating and Consultancy Services Agreement, in consideration of operating and consultancy services provided by Beijing Youpinhui to Beijing Yihe Group, Beijing Yihe Group agreed to pay Beijing Youpinhui a service fee equivalent to 50% of their respective amount of net profit before tax (after deducting all costs, expenses, taxes, losses (if required) from the previous year) for each financial year.

The revenue and net loss of Beijing Yihe subject to the Contractual Arrangements amounted to approximately RMB22.5 million and RMB1.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2023, respectively. The total assets and total liabilities of the PRC Operating Entities subject to the Contractual Arrangements amounted to approximately RMB9.5 million and RMB11.1 million as at 31 December 2023, respectively.

### Material change in relation to the Contractual Arrangements

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated 31 March 2023 in relation to the proposed change in the VIE structure. In order for Beijing Youpinhui to hold the maximum permitted interest in Beijing Yihe under foreign ownership restrictions in the PRC, it was proposed that the shareholding structure of Beijing Yihe to be changed to 50% being held by Beijing Youpinhui and 50% being held by Individual Registered Shareholder upon which the VIE structure will continue to be in place to enable Beijing Youpinhui to control 100% of the beneficial interest of Beijing Yihe. The change of the VIE Structure was completed on 11 May 2023.

Except as disclosed above, there is no other material change in the Contractual Arrangements and/or the circumstances under which they were adopted during the year ended 31 December 2023.



## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

On 10 September 2021, the Company entered into the equity sale and purchase agreements with Mr. Xu, Yeewo Pictures and Mr. Gong, pursuant to which, the Company has conditionally agreed to acquire, and Mr. Xu, Yeewo Pictures and Mr. Gong have conditionally agreed to collectively sell 100% of the issued share capital of the Target Company, at a consideration of RMB72,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$86,400,000). The Consideration shall be satisfied by the Company by way of: (i) issue and allotment of 336,000,000 new shares of the Company to Mr. Xu; (ii) issue and allotment of 72,000,000 new shares of the Company to Yeewo Pictures; and (iii) issue and allotment of 72,000,000 new shares of the Company to Mr. Gong, at an issue price of HK\$0.18 per new share, resulting in the total value of HK\$86,400,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB72,000,000).

On 20 January 2022, the Company, Mr. Xu, Yeewo Pictures and Mr. Gong entered into the Supplemental Agreements to adjust certain terms of the Acquisition, given that the interest of film project held by the Target Company has been lowered from 35% to 10% by mutual agreements among the parties. Pursuant to the Supplemental Agreements, the total consideration of RMB20,571,430 shall be satisfied by the Company by way of: (i) issue and allotment of 74,482,760 new shares of the Company to Mr. Xu; (ii) issue of a debt instrument in the sum of RMB3,085,714 to Yeewo Pictures; and (iii) issue of a debt instrument in the sum of RMB3,085,714 to Mr. Gong. The completion of the transaction is conditional upon fulfilment or waiver (as the case may be) of certain conditions. This acquisition was completed on 27 April 2022 and the Company will hold 100% equity interest in the Target Company and the financial statements of the Target Company are consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Details of the above transaction were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 10 September 2021, 20 January 2022 and 27 April 2022 and the circular of the Company dated 16 March 2022.

On 29 April 2022, the Company entered into the sale and purchase agreement with Youpinhui Investment Holdings Limited ("**Youpinhui Investment**"), pursuant to which, the Company has conditionally agreed to acquire, and Youpinhui Investment has conditionally agreed to sell the entire issued share capital of Youpinhui Enterprise, at a consideration of HK\$18,500,000. The consideration shall be satisfied by the allotment and issue of 74,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company to Youpinhui Investment. This acquisition was completed on 1 June 2022. Details of the transaction were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 29 April 2022 and supplemental announcement of the Company dated 19 May 2022.

Save as disclosed above, the Group did not enter into any equity-linked agreements during the year ended 31 December 2023 or subsisted at the end of the year.

### DEBENTURES

The Company did not issue any debentures during the year ended 31 December 2023.

### COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

As far as the Directors are aware, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operations of the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2023, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The percentage of revenue for the year ended 31 December 2023 attributable to the Group's major customers and the percentage of purchases for the year ended 31 December 2023 attributable to the Group's major suppliers were as follows:

- (1) The aggregate amount of revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers represented approximately 29.8% (2022: 32.2%) of the Group's revenue. The amount of revenue from the Group's largest customer represented approximately 6.8% (2022: 7.4%) of the Group's total revenue.
- (2) The aggregate amount of purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers represented approximately 58.9% (2022: 66.6%) of the Group's purchases. The amount of purchases from the Group's largest supplier represented approximately 15.5% (2022: 16.8%) of the Group's total purchases.

None of the Directors nor any of their close associates nor any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and/or five largest suppliers during the year ended 31 December 2023.

### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

Same as aforesaid, none of the related party transactions set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements constitute a "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" subject to independent shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules because either (i) the transaction was an oneoff transaction which took place before the Listing; or (ii) the transaction was continuous in nature but had been discontinued before the Listing.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is firmly committed to maintaining and ensuring a high level of corporate governance standards and will review and improve the corporate governance practices and standards constantly.

Details of the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 20 to 35 of this report.

### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the GEM Listing Rules.

### PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provision for pre-emptive or similar rights under the laws of Caymans Islands or the Articles which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing shareholders.

## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Subject to the Companies Ordinance, every Director is entitled under the Company's Articles to be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices or trusts, except such (if any) as he or she shall incur or sustain through their own fraud or dishonesty.

The Company has maintained a directors and officers liability insurance during the year ended 31 December 2023. To the extent as permitted by the Companies Ordinance, a directors' liability insurance is currently in place to protect the Directors against potential costs and liabilities arising from claims brought against the Directors.

### EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had 201 employees (2022: 177 employees). The staff costs, including Directors' emoluments, of the Group were approximately RMB24.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: approximately RMB19.0 million). Remuneration is determined with reference to market terms and in accordance with the performance, qualification(s) and experience of each individual employee. Discretionary bonuses, based on each individual's performance, are paid to employees as recognition and in reward for their contributions. Other fringe benefits such as medical insurance, retirement benefits and other allowances are offered to all the Group's employees. The Group does not have any share scheme and training scheme to employees.

### EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Group did not make any other subsequent events occurred after 31 December 2023, which may have a significant effect, on the assets and liabilities of future operation of the Group.

### RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The Group understands the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its key stakeholders, including its employees, customers and suppliers, to meet its immediate and long-term business goals. During the year ended 31 December 2023, there were no material and significant disputes between the Group and its employees, customers and suppliers.

The Group recognises employees as one of its valuable assets and strictly complies with the labour laws and regulations and reviews regularly the existing staff benefits for improvement. Apart from the reasonable remuneration packages, the Group also offers other employee benefits, such as medical insurance. The Group provides good quality services to its customers and keeps a database for direct communications with recurring customers for developing a long-term trusted relationship. The Group also maintains effective communication and develops a long-term business relationship with its suppliers.

### ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The AGM of the Company will be held on 31 May 2024, Friday, the notice of which shall be sent to the shareholders of the Company in accordance with the Articles, the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable laws and regulations.



## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

In order to ascertain entitlements to attend and vote at the forthcoming AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from 28 May 2024, Tuesday, to 31 May 2024, Friday, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of Shares will be registered.

Shareholders are reminded to ensure that all completed share transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 pm on 27 May 2024.

### AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year have been audited by Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited who shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offered themselves for re-appointment. A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting to re-appoint Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited as auditor of the Company.

By order of the Board

**Yik Wo International Holdings Limited**

**Mr. Xu Youjiang**

*Chairman*

28 March 2024

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

**To the shareholders of Yik Wo International Holdings Limited  
(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)**

## OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Yik Wo International Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (the "**Group**") set out on pages 69 to 128, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

## BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "**Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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### Expected Credit Losses (“ECL”) Assessment of Trade Receivables

Refer to the summary of material accounting policies in note 2.8, note 19 and note 30.2 to the consolidated financial statements.

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#### Key Audit Matter

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

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At 31 December 2023, the carrying amount of the Group's trade receivables amounted to approximately RMB59,160,000 net of nil ECL allowance.

The ECL assessment of trade receivables involved significant management's judgment and use of estimates to ascertain the recoverability of trade receivables.

ECL allowance for trade receivables are based on management's estimate of the lifetime ECL to be incurred, which is estimated by taking into account the credit loss experience, aging of overdue trade receivables, customers' repayment history and customers' financial position and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions, all of which involve a significant degree of management judgement.

We have identified the ECL assessment of trade receivables as a key audit matter because the assessment involves significant management's judgment and use of estimates.

Our procedures in relation to ECL assessment of the trade receivables included the following:

- Obtained the Group's policies on credit policy given to customers and an understanding of how the management assesses the impairment of trade receivables under the ECL model;
  - Tested, on a sample basis, the ageing analysis of the trade receivables by comparing with the relevant sales invoices;
  - Assessed the reasonableness of management's ECL allowance estimates by examining the information used by management to form such judgements, on a sample basis, including testing the accuracy of the historical default data, evaluating whether the historical loss rates are appropriately adjusted based on current economic conditions and forward looking information, and assessed whether there was an indication of management bias when recognising ECL allowance; and
  - Involved the valuation specialist to assess the ECL and compared to the management's estimation.
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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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### Valuation of Inventories

Refer to the summary of material accounting policies in note 2.10 and note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

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### Key Audit Matter

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

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At 31 December 2023, the Group had inventories of approximately RMB8,649,000 net of nil provisions. The directors make significant judgements regarding the value of inventory provisions for slow-moving and obsolescence.

In arriving at the net realisable value of inventories, estimation and management judgement, including historical ageing statistics and price of future sales of inventories, were exercised.

We have identified valuation of inventories as a key matter to our audit because the calculations are subject to significant judgements of management.

Our procedures in relation to assessing the appropriateness of the valuation of the inventories included the following:

- Obtained an understanding of how the management identifies the slow-moving and obsolete inventories and assessed the amount of allowance for inventories;
  - Tested, on a sample basis, the ageing of inventories;
  - Tested, on a sample basis, the costs expected to incur to bring the raw materials into finished goods and compared to historical data;
  - Compared, on a sample basis, the volume and selling price of subsequent sales to quantity and cost of inventories at reporting period end; and
  - Evaluated, on a sample basis, the sufficiency of allowance where the estimated net realisable value is lower than the cost.
-

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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## Valuation of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL")

Refer to the summary of material accounting policies in note 2.7 and note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

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### Key Audit Matter

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

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At 31 December 2023, the Group had an investment in film production recognised as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of approximately RMB24,625,000 net of fair value loss of approximately RMB947,000.

As at 31 December 2023, the investment in film production was stated at fair value based on valuation performed by an independent professional valuer. The directors make significant judgements and assumptions in determining the fair value of the investment in film production.

We have identified the valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as a key matter to our audit because the measurement involves significant management's judgement and use of estimates.

Our procedures in relation to assessing the appropriateness of the valuation of the investment in film production included the following:

- Assessed the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the valuer;
- Discussed with valuer about the valuation techniques adopted by the valuer, obtained and read the valuation report and assessed the relevance and reasonableness of valuation techniques used by the valuer;
- Discussed with management on the reasonableness of the assumptions; and
- Assessed the reasonableness of key inputs which were used to determine the value, including comparable films and discount rate.

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information in the 2023 annual report of the Company, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors assisted by the Audit Committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### **Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited**

*Certified Public Accountants*

11<sup>th</sup> Floor,  
Lee Garden Two  
28 Yun Ping Road  
Causeway Bay  
Hong Kong SAR

28 March 2024

Chi-Kit Shaw  
Practising Certificate No.: P04834

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
<b>Revenue</b>	6	<b>323,301</b>	287,499
Costs of sales		<b>(229,179)</b>	(203,639)
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>94,122</b>	83,860
Other income	7	<b>1,365</b>	324
Selling expenses		<b>(20,077)</b>	(14,042)
Administrative and other operating expenses		<b>(30,152)</b>	(22,543)
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	16	<b>(947)</b>	—
Impairment loss on intangible assets and property, plant and equipment		<b>(2,130)</b>	—
<b>Profit from operations</b>		<b>42,181</b>	47,599
Finance costs	8	<b>(211)</b>	(164)
<b>Profit before income tax</b>	9	<b>41,970</b>	47,435
Income tax expense	10	<b>(14,392)</b>	(13,621)
<b>Profit for the year</b>		<b>27,578</b>	33,814
<b>Other comprehensive expenses, net of tax:</b> <i>Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operation recognised		<b>(46)</b>	(880)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>27,532</b>	32,934
<b>Earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Company</b>			
Basic and diluted	13	<b>RMB3.68 cents</b>	RMB4.87 cents



# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
<b>ASSETS AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	14	46,088	50,603
Intangible assets	15	9,109	13,702
		<b>55,197</b>	64,305
<b>Current assets</b>			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	16	24,625	25,572
Inventories	18	8,649	8,095
Trade and other receivables	19	60,088	63,303
Cash and cash equivalents	20	165,252	118,572
		<b>258,614</b>	215,542
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	21	41,790	39,354
Income tax payable		4,430	3,894
Lease liabilities	22	2,182	949
		<b>48,402</b>	44,197
<b>Net current assets</b>		<b>210,212</b>	171,345
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<b>265,409</b>	235,650
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Lease liabilities	22	4,230	2,003
<b>Net assets</b>		<b>261,179</b>	233,647
<b>EQUITY</b>			
Share capital	23	6,667	6,667
Reserves	24	254,512	226,980
<b>Total Equity</b>		<b>261,179</b>	233,647

**Xu Youjiang**  
Director

**Zhang Yuansheng**  
Director

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Share Capital RMB'000 (Note 23)	Share Premium RMB'000 (Note 24) (note (i))	Other Reserve RMB'000 (Note 24) (note (i))	Translation Reserve RMB'000 (Note 24) (note (i))	Retained Profits RMB'000 (note (i))	Total RMB'000
<b>As at 1 January 2022</b>	5,418	52,086	16,867	518	90,550	165,439
Profit for the year	—	—	—	—	33,814	33,814
Other comprehensive income						
– Exchange differences on translation of foreign operation recognised	—	—	—	(880)	—	(880)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	—	—	—	(880)	33,814	32,934
<b>Transaction with owner</b>						
Transfer to statutory reserve	—	—	4,049	—	(4,049)	—
Capital contribution (note 21(iii))	—	—	2,763	—	—	2,763
Issuance of ordinary shares pursuant to the acquisition of June Pictures & Media Limited (“ <b>June Pictures</b> ”) (note 23(i))	621	14,920	—	—	—	15,541
Issuance of ordinary shares pursuant to the acquisition of Youpinhui Enterprise Limited (“ <b>Youpinhui Enterprise</b> ”) (note 23(ii))	628	16,342	—	—	—	16,970
<b>As at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023</b>	<b>6,667</b>	<b>83,348</b>	<b>23,679</b>	<b>(362)</b>	<b>120,315</b>	<b>233,647</b>
Profit for the year	—	—	—	—	27,578	27,578
Other comprehensive income						
– Exchange differences on translation of foreign operation recognised	—	—	—	(46)	—	(46)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	—	—	—	(46)	27,578	27,532
<b>Transaction with owner</b>						
Transfer to statutory reserve	—	—	2,412	—	(2,412)	—
<b>As at 31 December 2023</b>	<b>6,667</b>	<b>83,348</b>	<b>26,091</b>	<b>(408)</b>	<b>145,481</b>	<b>261,179</b>

Note

(i): Total amount of RMB254,512,000 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB226,980,000) represents the amount of reserves as presented in the consolidated statement of financial position.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Profit before income tax		41,970	47,435
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		14,002	12,175
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		947	—
Impairment loss on intangible assets and property, plant and equipment		2,130	—
Amortisation of intangible assets		3,517	3,642
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		—	303
Interest income		(1,235)	(324)
Interest expense for lease arrangements		211	164
		<b>61,542</b>	63,395
Operating cash flows before working capital changes			
Increase in inventories		(554)	(829)
Decrease/(Increase) in trade and other receivables		3,215	(18,277)
Increase in trade and other payables		2,436	3,332
		<b>66,639</b>	47,621
Cash generated from operations			
Interest paid		(211)	(164)
Income taxes paid		(13,856)	(13,266)
		<b>52,572</b>	34,191
<i>Net cash generated from operating activities</i>			
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Interest received		1,235	324
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(4,947)	(17,290)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		—	133
Purchase of intangible assets		(480)	(4,400)
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired		—	29
		<b>(4,192)</b>	(21,204)
<i>Net cash used in investing activities</i>			
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Payment of lease liabilities		(1,654)	(1,173)
		<b>(1,654)</b>	(1,173)
<i>Net cash used in financing activities</i>			
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		118,572	107,638
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		(46)	(880)
		<b>165,252</b>	118,572
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	20		



# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Yik Wo International Holdings Limited (the “**Company**”, together with its subsidiaries, the “**Group**”) was incorporated as an exempted company in the Cayman Islands on 13 December 2018 with limited liability. The addresses of the Company’s registered office and principal place of business are PO Box 309, Uglan House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands and Wukeng Industrial Zone, Longhu Town, Jinjiang City, Fujian Province, People’s Republic of China (the “**PRC**”), respectively.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the design and development, manufacturing and sales of disposable plastic food storage containers and the sales of daily necessities and other household goods on e-commerce platform in the PRC.

The ultimate controlling party of the Group is Mr. Xu Youjiang (“**Mr. Xu**” or the “**Controlling Shareholder**”).

These consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 were approved for issue by the board of directors on 28 March 2024.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 2.1 Basis of preparation

These annual consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“**HKFRSs**”), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards (“**HKASs**”) and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“**HKICPA**”) and the accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong.

The consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and include the applicable disclosure requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The material accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are summarised below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated. The adoption of new or amended HKFRSs and the impacts on the Group’s financial statements, if any, are disclosed in note 3.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation *(continued)*

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (“**FVTPL**”) which are measured at fair values. The measurement basis are fully described in the accounting policies below. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi (“**RMB**”) and all values are rounded to the nearest thousands (“**RMB’000**”), except when otherwise indicated.

It should be noted that accounting estimates and assumptions are used in preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Although these estimates are based on management’s best knowledge and judgement of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant are disclosed in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies.

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power over the entity, only substantive rights relating to the entity (held by the Group and others) are considered.

The Group includes the income and expenses of a subsidiary in the consolidated financial statements from the date it gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains and losses on transactions between group companies are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Where unrealised losses on sales of intra-group asset are reversed on consolidation, the underlying asset is also tested for impairment from the Group’s perspective. Amounts reported in the financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity on a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at their proportionate share of the subsidiary’s net identifiable assets.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

### 2.2 Basis of consolidation *(continued)*

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from the equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the owners of the Company.

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. Where certain assets of the subsidiary are measured at revalued amounts or fair values and the related cumulative gain or loss has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are accounted for as if the Company had directly disposed of the related assets (i.e., reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained profits). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

In the Company's statement of financial position, subsidiaries are carried at cost less any impairment loss unless the subsidiary is held for sale or included in a disposal group. Cost also includes directly attributable costs of investment.

The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable at the reporting date. All dividends whether received out of the investee's pre or post-acquisition profits are recognised in the Company's profit or loss.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.3 Acquisition of subsidiaries

##### Asset acquisitions

Groups of assets acquired and liabilities assumed are assessed to determine if they are business or asset acquisitions.

When a group of assets acquired and liabilities assumed do not constitute a business, the overall acquisition cost is allocated to the individual identifiable assets and liabilities based on their relative fair values at the date of acquisition. An exception is when the sum of the individual fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities differs from the overall acquisition cost. In such case, any identifiable assets and liabilities that are initially measured at an amount other than cost in accordance with the Group's policies are measured accordingly, and the residual acquisition cost is allocated to the remaining identifiable assets and liabilities based on their relative fair values at the date of acquisition.

#### 2.4 Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entity are measured using the currency that best reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstance relevant to the entity (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the presentation currency of the Company.

In the individual financial statements of the consolidated entities, foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the individual entity using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at that date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the reporting date retranslation of monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated (i.e. only translated using the exchange rate at the transaction date). When a fair value gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in profit or loss. When a fair value gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income.

In the consolidated financial statements, all individual financial statements of foreign operations, originally presented in a currency different from the Group's presentation currency, have been converted into RMB. Assets and liabilities have been translated into RMB at the closing rates at the reporting date. Income and expenses have been converted into RMB at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates, or at the average rates over the reporting period provided that the exchange rates do not fluctuate significantly. Any differences arising from this procedure have been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in translation reserve in equity.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress as described below and cost of right-of-use assets as described in note 2.12, are initially recognised at acquisition cost or manufacturing cost, including any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Group's management. They are subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their estimated useful life, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum.

Buildings	Over the lease term
Plant and machineries	10 to 33.33%
Mould	33.33%
Furniture and equipment	20 to 33.33%
Leasehold improvement	10 to 20% or over its lease terms, whichever is shorter

Estimate of residual value and useful life are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

The gain or loss arising on retirement or disposal is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other costs, such as repairs and maintenance, are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Construction in progress represents mould under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.6 Intangible assets (other than goodwill) and research and development activities

##### **Intangible assets (other than goodwill)**

Acquired intangible assets are recognised initially at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 5 years. Amortisation commences when the intangible assets are available for use.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any subsequent impairment losses. The assets' amortisation methods and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Intangible assets are tested for impairment as described below in note 2.9.

##### **Research and development costs**

Costs associated with research activities are expensed in profit or loss as they occur. Costs that are directly attributable to development activities are recognised as intangible assets provided they meet the following recognition requirements:

- (i) demonstration of technical feasibility of the prospective product for internal use or sale;
- (ii) there is intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- (iii) the Group's ability to use or sell the intangible asset is demonstrated;
- (iv) the intangible asset will generate probable economic benefits through internal use or sale;
- (v) sufficient technical, financial and other resources are available for completion; and
- (vi) the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset can be reliably measured.

Direct costs include employee costs incurred on development activities along with an appropriate portion of relevant overheads. The costs of development of internally generated software, products or knowhow that meet the above recognition criteria are recognised as intangible assets. They are subject to the same subsequent measurement method as acquired intangible assets.

All other development costs are expensed as incurred.



# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

### 2.7 Financial instruments

#### Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all of its risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### Classification and initial measurement of financial assets

Except for those trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component and are measured at the transaction price in accordance with HKFRS 15, all financial assets are initially measured at fair value, in case of a financial asset not at FVTPL, plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVTPL are expensed in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Financial assets, other than those designated and effective as hedging instruments, are classified into the following categories:

- amortised cost;
- FVTPL; or
- fair value through other comprehensive income (“**FVOCI**”).

The classification is determined by both:

- the entity’s business model for managing the financial asset; and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

All income and expenses relating to financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss are presented within other income or finance cost, except for expected credit losses (“**ECL**”) of trade receivables which is presented within administrative and other operating expenses.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.7 Financial instruments *(continued)*

##### Subsequent measurement of financial assets

###### **Debt investments**

###### *Financial assets at amortised cost*

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if the assets meet the following conditions (and are not designated as FVTPL):

- they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets and collect its contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income in profit or loss. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The Group's cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables fall into this category of financial instruments.

###### *Financial assets at FVTPL*

Financial assets that are held within a different business model other than "hold to collect" or "hold to collect and sell" are categorised at FVTPL. Further, irrespective of business model, financial assets whose contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest are accounted for at FVTPL. All derivative financial instruments fall into this category, except for those designated and effective as hedging instruments, for which the hedge accounting requirements under HKFRS 9 apply.

Valuation techniques to measure the fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market are set out in note 30.4. Differences may arise between the fair value at initial recognition (which, in accordance with HKFRS 13 and HKFRS 9, is normally the transaction price) and the amount determined at initial recognition using the valuation technique. Any such differences are recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position and will be transferred to consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income upon realisation.

##### **Classification and measurement of financial liabilities**

The Group's financial liabilities include leases liabilities and trade and other payables.

Financial liabilities (other than lease liabilities) are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Group designated a financial liability at FVTPL.

Subsequently, financial liabilities (other than lease liabilities) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives which are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

### 2.7 Financial instruments *(continued)*

#### Classification and measurement of financial liabilities *(continued)*

All interest-related charges and, if applicable, changes in an instrument's fair value that are reported in profit or loss are included in finance costs or other income.

Accounting policies of lease liabilities are set out in note 2.12.

#### **Trade and other payables**

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

### 2.8 Impairment of financial assets

#### Recognition and derecognition

HKFRS 9's impairment requirements use forward-looking information to recognise ECL – the "ECL model". Instruments within the scope included loans and other debt-type financial assets measured at amortised cost, trade receivables, loan commitments and some financial guarantee contracts (for the issuer) that are not measured at FVTPL.

The Group considers a broader range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring ECL, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

In applying this forward-looking approach, a distinction is made between:

- financial instruments that have not deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition or that have low credit risk ("**Stage 1**") and
- financial instruments that have deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition and whose credit risk is not low ("**Stage 2**").

"Stage 3" would cover financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

"12-month ECL" are recognised for the Stage 1 category while "lifetime ECL" are recognised for the Stage 2 category.

Measurement of the ECL is determined by a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of the financial instrument.

#### **Trade receivables**

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECL and recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date. These are the expected shortfalls in contractual cash flows, considering the potential for default at any point during the life of the financial assets. In calculating the ECL, the Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience and external indicators, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

To measure the ECL, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.8 Impairment of financial assets *(continued)*

##### Recognition and derecognition *(continued)*

##### *Trade receivables (continued)*

##### *Other financial assets measured at amortised cost*

The Group measures the loss allowance for other financial assets measured at amortised cost equal to 12-month ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increase in the likelihood or risk of default occurring since initial recognition.

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial assets at the reporting date with the risk of default occurring on the financial assets at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the end of each reporting period. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if it has a low risk of default, the borrower has strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfill its contractual cash flow obligations.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

### 2.8 Impairment of financial assets *(continued)*

#### Recognition and derecognition *(continued)*

##### *Trade receivables (continued)*

##### *Other financial assets measured at amortised cost (continued)*

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collateral held by the Group).

Detailed analysis of the ECL assessment of trade receivables and other financial assets measured at amortised cost are set out in note 30.2.

### 2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

The following assets are subject to impairment testing:

- Intangible assets;
- Property, plant and equipment; and
- The Company's investments in subsidiaries

These assets are tested for impairment whenever there are indications that the asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value, reflecting market conditions less costs of disposal, and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of time value of money and the risk specific to the asset.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent from those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level.

Impairment loss is charged pro rata to the assets in the cash generating unit, except that the carrying amount of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less cost of disposal, or value in use, if determinable.

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount and only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.10 Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost of completion and applicable selling expenses. For raw material, cost is calculated using the weighted average method and in case of finished goods, comprise direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate portion of overheads.

#### 2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 2.12 Leases

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Group determines whether the arrangement meets three key evaluations:

- whether the contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Group;
- whether the Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract; and
- whether the Group has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use. The Group assesses whether it has the right to direct "how and for what purpose" the asset is used throughout the period of use.

#### Assets leased to the Group

Leases are initially recognised as a right-of-use asset and corresponding liability at the date of which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term.

Assets leased to the Group and the corresponding liabilities are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.12 Leases *(continued)*

##### Assets leased to the Group *(continued)*

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be determined, or the incremental borrowing rate of respective entities. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liabilities;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentive received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

Payments associated with short-term leases are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

On the consolidated statement of financial position, right-of-use assets have been included in “property, plant and equipment”, the same line as it presents the underlying assets of the same nature that it owns.

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted for under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

#### 2.13 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

All provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.14 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Share capital is determined using the nominal value of shares that have been issued. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares (net of any related income tax benefit) are deducted from share premium to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction.

#### 2.15 Revenue recognition

Revenue arises mainly from the sales of (i) disposable plastic food storage containers and (ii) daily necessities and other household goods on e-commerce platform. To determine whether to recognise revenue, the Group follows a 5-step process:

1. Identify the contract(s) with a customer
2. Identify the performance obligations in the contract
3. Determine the transaction price
4. Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
5. Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

In all cases, the total transaction price for a contract is allocated amongst the various performance obligations based on their relative stand-alone selling prices. The transaction price for a contract excludes any amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Revenue is recognised either at a point in time or over time, when (or as) the Group satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised goods or services to its customers.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

##### **Sales of disposable plastic food storage containers and daily necessities and other household goods**

Revenue from the sales of disposable plastic food storage containers and daily necessities and other household goods for a fixed fee is recognised when the Group transfers control of the assets to the customer in which the control is transferred at the point in time the customer takes undisputed delivery of the goods. The Group does not provide any sales-related warranties. Revenue from sale of disposable plastic food storage containers and daily necessities and other household goods excludes value added tax or other sales taxes.

##### **Interest income**

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of ECL allowance) of the asset.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

### 2.16 Employee benefits

#### Retirement benefits

Retirement benefits to employees are provided through defined contribution plans.

The employees in the PRC are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government and are required to contribute certain percentage of its payroll costs to the central pension scheme.

Contributions are recognised as an expense in the profit or loss as employees render services during the year. The Group's obligation under these plans is limited to the fixed percentage contributions payable.

#### Short-term employee benefits

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the reporting date.

Non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

No forfeited contributions (by employers on behalf of employees who leave the scheme prior to vesting fully in such contributions) may be used by the employer to reduce the existing level of contributions.

### 2.17 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred, net of any investment income earned on the temporary investment of the specific borrowings, for the acquisition, construction or production of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. A qualifying asset is an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed when incurred.

Borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying asset when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are being undertaken. Capitalisation of borrowing costs ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are complete.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.18 Accounting for income taxes

Income tax comprises current tax and deferred tax.

Current income tax assets and/or liabilities comprise those obligations to, or claims from, fiscal authorities relating to the current or prior reporting period, that are unpaid at the reporting date. They are calculated according to the tax rates and tax laws applicable to the fiscal periods to which they relate, based on the taxable profit for the year. All changes to current tax assets or liabilities are recognised as a component of tax expense in profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated using the liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, tax losses available to be carried forward as well as other unused tax credits, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit, including existing taxable temporary differences, will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither taxable nor accounting profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply in the period the liability is settled or the asset realised, provided they are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognised in profit or loss, or in other comprehensive income or directly in equity if they relate to items that are charged or credited to other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

When different tax rates apply to different levels of taxable income, deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the average tax rates that are expected to apply to the taxable income of the period in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.18 Accounting for income taxes *(continued)*

The determination of the average tax rates requires an estimation of (1) when the existing temporary differences will reverse and (2) the amount of future taxable income in those years. The estimate of future taxable income includes:

- (a) income or loss excluding reversals of temporary differences; and
- (b) reversals of existing temporary differences.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are presented in net if, and only if,

- (a) the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- (b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Group presents deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities in net if, and only if,

- (a) the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
  - (i) the same taxable entity; or
  - (ii) different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.19 Segment reporting

The Group identifies operating segments and prepares segment information based on regular internal financial information reported to the executive directors of the Company for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and their review of the performance of these components. The business components in the internal financial information reported to the executive directors are determined following the Group's major product and service lines.

The Group has identified the following reportable segments:

- (a) Disposable plastic food storage containers; and
- (b) E-commerce: Daily necessities and other household goods.

Each of these reportable segments is managed separately as each of the product and service lines requires different resources as well as marketing approaches. All inter-segment transfers are carried out at arm's length prices.

The measurement policies the Group used for reporting segment results under HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments" are the same as those used in its financial statements prepared under HKFRSs, except that the following items are not included in arriving at the operating results of the reportable segment:

- income tax; and
- corporate income and expenses which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any reportable segment.

#### 2.20 Related parties

For the purposes of these consolidated financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group.
- (b) the party is an entity and if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.20 Related parties *(continued)*

For the purposes of these consolidated financial statements a party is considered to be related to the Group if: (continued)

- (b) the party is an entity and if any of the following conditions applies: (continued)
  - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

### 3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND AMENDED HKFRSs

#### New and amended HKFRSs that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time the following new and amended HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA, which are relevant to the Group's operations and effective for the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning on 1 January 2023:

HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts and related amendments
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction
Amendments to HKAS 12	International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules

The adoption of the new and amended HKFRSs had no material impact on how the results and financial position for the current and prior periods have been prepared and presented.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND AMENDED HKFRSs *(continued)*

#### Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs

At the date of authorisation of these consolidated financial statements, certain amended HKFRSs have been published but are not yet effective, and have not been adopted early by the Group.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 21	Lack of exchangeability <sup>2</sup>

1 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024

2 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025

3 Effective date to be determined

The directors anticipate that all of the new and amended HKFRSs will be adopted in the Group's accounting policy for the first period beginning on or after the effective date of the new and amended HKFRSs. These new and amended HKFRSs are not expected to have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

#### Estimation of uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of each of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

#### Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Items of property, plant and equipment (note 14) and intangible assets (note 15) are tested for impairment if there is any indication that the carrying amounts of these assets may not be recoverable and the assets are subject to an impairment loss. This process requires management's estimate of future cash flows generated by each asset or group of assets. For any instance where this evaluation process indicates impairment, the relevant asset's carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount (i.e. higher of the assets fair value less cost of disposal and value in use) and the amount of the write-down is charged against the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment as at 31 December 2023 amounted to RMB46,088,000 (2022: RMB50,603,000). The carrying amount of intangible assets as at 31 December 2023 amounted to RMB9,109,000 (2022: RMB13,702,000). During the year ended 31 December 2023, impairment loss of RMB574,000 and RMB1,556,000 were recognised on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, respectively (2022: nil and nil) in respect of the Group's e-commerce segment.

The recoverable amount has been determined based on value in use calculations, which use cashflow forecast available as at 31 December 2023. Fair value less costs of disposal is not used as the management considered that it will not be possible to measure fair value less costs of disposal because there is no basis for making a reliable estimate of the price. These cashflow forecasts are derived from the approved business plan which has a forecast covering a period of five years.

The discount rate is considered as the key unobservable input, an increase in the discount rate would decrease the recoverable value. As at 31 December 2023, it is estimated that with all other variables held constant, a 1% increase in discount rate would have decreased the recoverable amounts by RMB135,000 and decreased the Group's profit for the year by RMB101,000.

#### Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories (note 18) is based on estimated selling price less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal with reference to prevailing market information. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience in selling goods of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in market conditions. The Group reassesses the estimation at the end of each reporting period. The carrying amount of inventories as at 31 December 2023 amounted to RMB8,649,000 (2022: RMB8,095,000).



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS *(continued)*

#### **Estimation of impairment of trade and other receivables**

The Group maintains an allowance for the estimated loss arising from the inability of its customers to make the required payments. The Group makes estimates based on the aging of its trade receivable balances, customers' creditworthiness, and historical write-off experience adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the economic environment. If the financial condition of its customers was to deteriorate so that the actual impairment loss might be higher than expected, the Group would be required to revise the basis of making the allowance. Details of trade receivables are set out in note 19. For the year ended 31 December 2023, no impairment loss was recognised on trade receivables (2022: nil).

#### **Estimation of fair value of financial assets at FVTPL not traded in an active market**

As at 31 December 2023, financial instruments that are not traded in an active market included the investment in film production carrying at fair value of RMB24,625,000 (2022: RMB25,572,000). The fair values are determined by using valuation techniques, details of which are set out in note 30.4. This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. The Group bases its assumptions on observable data as far as possible but this is not always available. In that case the Group uses the best information available. Estimated fair values may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

#### **Critical judgements**

##### ***Discount rate of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets determination***

In determining the discount rate, the Group has exercised considerable judgement in relation to determining the discount rate taking into account the nature of the underlying assets, the terms and conditions of the leases, at the commencement date and effective date of the modification.

##### ***Election of renewal of lease agreements***

The Group has exercised considerable judgement in determining whether it will exercise the renewal options of lease agreements. The Group will exercise the renewal options considering that the lease for office and factory premises are critical for the Group's operations. Details of the renewals are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

### 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, have identified the Group's two major product and service lines as operating segments as described in note 2.19.

These operating segments are monitored and strategic decisions are made on the basis of adjusted segment operating results.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION *(continued)*

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating and reportable segments:

	Year ended 31 December 2023		
	Disposable plastic food storage containers RMB'000	E-commerce RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Revenue from external customers	300,766	22,535	323,301
Segment results	55,556	(5,503)	50,053
Unallocated expenses			(8,083)
Profit before income tax			41,970
Income tax expense			(14,392)
Profit for the year			27,578
<b>Other Segment items</b>			
Depreciation and amortisation	15,254	2,265	17,519
Impairment loss on intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	-	2,130	2,130
	Year ended 31 December 2022		
	Disposable plastic food storage containers RMB'000	E-commerce RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Revenue from external customers	284,292	3,207	287,499
Segment results	53,799	(1,820)	51,979
Unallocated expenses			(4,544)
Profit before income tax			47,435
Income tax expense			(13,621)
Profit for the year			33,814
<b>Other segment items</b>			
Depreciation and amortisation	14,512	1,305	15,817

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION *(continued)*

	As at 31 December 2023			
	Disposable plastic food storage containers RMB'000	E-commerce RMB'000	Unallocated RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Reportable segment assets	273,870	14,643	25,298	313,811
Reportable segment liabilities	39,854	5,205	7,573	52,632

	As at 31 December 2022			
	Disposable plastic food storage containers RMB'000	E-commerce RMB'000	Unallocated RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Reportable segment assets	236,468	16,783	26,596	279,847
Reportable segment liabilities	36,330	1,587	8,283	46,200

#### Geographical information

Information about the Group's revenue by geographical locations presented based on the area or country in which the external customer is operated is presented as below:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
PRC (place of domicile)	323,301	286,890
Overseas	—	609
	<b>323,301</b>	<b>287,499</b>

The Group's non-current assets are all located in the PRC.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION *(continued)*

#### Information about major customers

There is no customer contributing over 10% of revenue to the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).

### 6. REVENUE

The Group's principal activities are disclosed in note 1 to the consolidated financial statements. Revenue of the Group is the revenue derived from these activities and represented the net invoiced value of goods sold.

The Group's products are (i) disposable plastic food storage containers and (ii) daily necessities and other household goods on e-commerce platform. All the revenue are recognised at a point in time. The Group's contracts with customers usually have original expected duration of one year or less.

#### Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from sales of products in the following brand and nature:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
<b>Brand:</b>		
Products under "JAZZIT" brand	273,616	258,179
Non-branded products	27,150	26,113
	<b>300,766</b>	284,292
Disposable plastic food storage containers	<b>300,766</b>	284,292
Non-branded e-commerce: daily necessities and other household goods	22,535	3,207
	<b>323,301</b>	287,499
<b>Nature:</b>		
Regular products	190,685	181,486
Customised products	107,411	100,409
Others	2,670	2,397
	<b>300,766</b>	284,292
Disposable plastic food storage containers	<b>300,766</b>	284,292
E-commerce: daily necessities and other household goods	22,535	3,207
	<b>323,301</b>	287,499

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 6. REVENUE *(continued)*

#### Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers *(continued)*

Regular products represent products with more simplistic design and features suitable for food and beverage storage with one compartment. Customised products are the ones with enhanced design features and higher degree of functionality, which generally allow customers to store various kinds of food and beverage with multi-compartment disposable plastic food storage containers.

### 7. OTHER INCOME

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Bank interest income	303	324
Interest income from film investment project (note)	932	—
Gain on lease modification	84	—
Advertising income	46	—
	<b>1,365</b>	324

Note: Mr. Xu agrees to pay a penalty interest of 5% per annum to the Company based on the investment amount of RMB20,571,000 until the release date of the film project, starting from 1 January 2023 (note 16).

### 8. FINANCE COSTS

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Interest expense for lease arrangements	211	164

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 9. PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX

Profit before income tax is arrived at after charging:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Depreciation		
- Owned used	12,269	11,003
- Held under leases	1,733	1,172
Amortisation of intangible assets included in administrative and other operating expenses	3,517	3,642
Auditors' remuneration	1,174	945
Short-term lease charges in respect of		
- Office	670	400
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense	197,636	173,113
Transfer of listing expense	5,812	—
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	947	—
Impairment loss on intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	2,130	—
Research and development cost (including staff costs)	8,598	7,298
Loss on disposals of property, plant and equipment	—	303
Staff costs (including directors' emoluments)		
Salaries, allowances and other benefits	23,248	18,164
Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans	1,520	827
	<b>24,768</b>	18,991

### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

No provision for profits tax has been provided by the Company as the Company had no assessable profits subject to taxation in any jurisdiction. No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been provided as the Group had no assessable profits arising from Hong Kong during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: nil).

The provision for PRC enterprise income tax has been provided at the applicable tax rate of 25% (2022: 25%) on the assessable profits of the PRC subsidiaries.

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
<b>Current tax</b>		
- Current year	14,091	13,621
- Under provision in respect of prior years	301	—
Provision for PRC enterprise income tax	<b>14,392</b>	13,621



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE *(continued)*

The difference between the actual income tax charge in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and the amounts which would result from applying the enacted tax rate to profit before income tax can be reconciled as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Profit before income tax	41,970	47,435
Tax on profit before income tax, calculated at the rate of 25% (2022: 25%)	10,493	11,859
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	1,990	1,090
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	1,608	672
Under provision in respect of prior years	301	—
Income tax expense	14,392	13,621

As at 31 December 2023, no deferred income tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiary established in the PRC. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, it is not probable that the subsidiary will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investment in subsidiary in the PRC for which deferred income tax liabilities have not been recognised totalled approximately RMB169,109,000 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB130,154,000).

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

#### 11.1 Directors' and Chief Executives' emoluments

	Year ended 31 December 2023				Total RMB'000
	Fees RMB'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits RMB'000	Discretionary bonuses RMB'000	Retirement scheme contributions RMB'000	
Executive directors:					
Mr. Xu	375	5	30	5	415
Mr. Zhang Yuangsheng (Mr. Zhang)	232	5	19	5	261
Ms. Xu Liping (Ms. Xu)	281	5	23	5	314
	<b>888</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>990</b>
Independent Non-executive directors:					
Mr. Chang Eric Jackson (Mr. Chang)	36	—	—	—	36
Mr. Liu Dajin (Mr. Liu)	50	—	—	—	50
Mr. Deng Zhihuang (Mr. Deng)	80	—	—	—	80
	<b>166</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>166</b>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS *(continued)*

#### 11.1 Directors' and Chief Executives' emoluments *(continued)*

	Year ended 31 December 2022				Total RMB'000
	Fees RMB'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits RMB'000	Discretionary bonuses RMB'000	Retirement scheme contributions RMB'000	
Executive directors:					
Mr. Xu	355	5	28	4	392
Mr. Zhang	220	5	18	4	247
Ms. Xu	266	5	22	4	297
	841	15	68	12	936
Independent Non-executive directors:					
Mr. Chang (note a)	20	—	—	—	20
Mr. Liu	50	—	—	—	50
Mr. Deng	80	—	—	—	80
Mr. Chung Chi Kit (Mr. Chung) (note b)	20	—	—	—	20
	170	—	—	—	170

Note:

- (a) Mr. Chang was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 30 June 2022.
- (b) Mr. Chung resigned as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 30 June 2022.

The emoluments shown above include emolument received from the Group by the directors in their capacity as director/employee of the Group's subsidiaries.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS *(continued)*

#### 11.2 Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 include 3 directors (2022: 3 directors) whose emoluments are disclosed in note 11.1. The aggregate emoluments in respect of the remaining 2 individuals (2022: 2 individuals) are as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	712	647
Retirement scheme contributions	10	8
	<b>722</b>	655

The above individuals' emoluments are within the following bands:

	2023 Number of individuals	2022 Number of individuals
HK\$ nil to HK\$1,000,000	2	2

No directors or the five highest paid individuals received any emoluments from the Group as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: nil). No directors or the five highest paid individuals have waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: nil).

### 12. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or proposed during 2023 nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2022: nil).

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Company is based on the following:

	2023	2022
<b>Earnings</b>		
Profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company (RMB'000)	27,578	33,814
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (in thousand)	748,483	693,791

The diluted earnings per share equal to basic earnings per share as there was no potential ordinary share in issue for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Building held under leases RMB'000	Plant and machinery RMB'000	Furniture and equipment RMB'000	Mould RMB'000	Leasehold improvement RMB'000	Construction in progress RMB'000	Total RMB'000
<b>Cost</b>							
As at 1 January 2022	6,179	47,334	331	20,687	3,066	316	77,913
Additions	780	9,121	26	3,159	413	4,571	18,070
Additions through acquisition of subsidiaries (note 28)	—	—	347	—	—	—	347
Transfer	—	—	—	4,418	—	(4,418)	—
Disposals	—	(921)	—	(1,975)	—	—	(2,896)
As at 31 December 2022	6,959	55,534	704	26,289	3,479	469	93,434
As at 1 January 2023	<b>6,959</b>	<b>55,534</b>	<b>704</b>	<b>26,289</b>	<b>3,479</b>	<b>469</b>	<b>93,434</b>
Additions	<b>2,892</b>	—	—	<b>120</b>	—	<b>4,827</b>	<b>7,839</b>
Transfer	—	—	—	<b>4,755</b>	—	<b>(4,755)</b>	—
Lease modification	<b>2,222</b>	—	—	—	—	—	<b>2,222</b>
<b>As at 31 December 2023</b>	<b>12,073</b>	<b>55,534</b>	<b>704</b>	<b>31,164</b>	<b>3,479</b>	<b>541</b>	<b>103,495</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation and impairment</b>							
As at 1 January 2022	2,442	16,045	308	12,388	1,933	—	33,116
Charge for the year	1,172	5,760	95	4,802	346	—	12,175
Written back on disposal	—	(583)	—	(1,877)	—	—	(2,460)
As at 31 December 2022	3,614	21,222	403	15,313	2,279	—	42,831
As at 1 January 2023	<b>3,614</b>	<b>21,222</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>15,313</b>	<b>2,279</b>	—	<b>42,831</b>
Charge for the year	<b>1,733</b>	<b>5,983</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>5,875</b>	<b>267</b>	—	<b>14,002</b>
Impairment loss	<b>574</b>	—	—	—	—	—	<b>574</b>
<b>As at 31 December 2023</b>	<b>5,921</b>	<b>27,205</b>	<b>547</b>	<b>21,188</b>	<b>2,546</b>	—	<b>57,407</b>
<b>Net book amount</b>							
<b>As at 31 December 2023</b>	<b>6,152</b>	<b>28,329</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>9,976</b>	<b>933</b>	<b>541</b>	<b>46,088</b>
As at 31 December 2022	3,345	34,312	301	10,976	1,200	469	50,603



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT *(continued)*

As at 31 December 2023, the recoverable amounts of the Group's property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (note 15), determined using the value in use approach, attributable to e-commerce segment (the smallest cash-generating unit) were RMB2,058,000 and RMB5,581,000 respectively. The recoverable amounts at 31 December 2023 have been arrived based on a value in use estimation.

The most significant inputs, all of which are unobservable, are the revenue growth rate, gross profit ratio and discount rate. The revenue growth rate, gross profit ratio and discount rate are 10.5–17%, 35% and 21.3% respectively. The estimated value in use increases if the estimated cash flow increases or if discount rate (weighted average cost of capital) declines. The management estimated the recoverable amounts and recognised relevant impairment loss as a result of the general economic uncertainty in the e-commerce market and operating loss incurred.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 15 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Mobile app development costs RMB'000	Patent on technical know-how RMB'000	Trademark RMB'000	Total RMB'000
<b>Cost</b>				
As at 1 January 2022	—	—	9,500	9,500
Additions	—	4,400	—	4,400
Additions through acquisition of subsidiaries (note 28)	10,444	—	—	10,444
As at 31 December 2022	10,444	4,400	9,500	24,344
As at 1 January 2023	10,444	4,400	9,500	24,344
Additions	—	480	—	480
<b>As at 31 December 2023</b>	<b>10,444</b>	<b>4,880</b>	<b>9,500</b>	<b>24,824</b>
<b>Accumulated amortisation and impairment</b>				
As at 1 January 2022	—	—	7,000	7,000
Provided for the year	1,218	424	2,000	3,642
As at 31 December 2022	1,218	424	9,000	10,642
As at 1 January 2023	<b>1,218</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>9,000</b>	<b>10,642</b>
Provided for the year	<b>2,089</b>	<b>928</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>3,517</b>
Impairment loss	<b>1,556</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1,556</b>
<b>As at 31 December 2023</b>	<b>4,863</b>	<b>1,352</b>	<b>9,500</b>	<b>15,715</b>
<b>Net book amount</b>				
<b>As at 31 December 2023</b>	<b>5,581</b>	<b>3,528</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>9,109</b>
As at 31 December 2022	9,226	3,976	500	13,702

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 16. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Investment in film production (Note)	24,625	25,572

Note:

On 10 January 2022, the Company entered into the equity sales and purchase agreements with Mr. Xu and certain third parties to acquire 100% equity interest of June Pictures, a limited liability company established in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), satisfied by the issuances of 74,482,760 ordinary shares of the Company to Mr. Xu and debt instruments of RMB6,171,000 to third parties. June Pictures held 10% interest of a film project.

The investment in the film production project entitles the Group, among others, the rights to share the income of the film project, in accordance with the terms of the investment agreement.

The Group's investment in film production as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are classified as financial assets at FVTPL as their contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest.

All the film production had been completed and the carrying amount at the end of the reporting period represented the fair value of the estimated net future cash flows from the film attributable to the Group.

June Pictures was originally wholly-owned by a third party, Yeewo Pictures & Media Limited ("Yeewo Pictures"). Yeewo Pictures transferred certain equity interests in June Pictures to Mr. Xu and another third party. Yeewo Pictures, Mr. Xu and another third party then transferred 100% equity interest in June Pictures to the Company.

In respect of the acquisition of June Pictures by the Company, Yeewo Pictures provides a profit guarantee of RMB25,572,000 for the 10% interest in the film project to the Company. Mr. Xu agrees to pay a penalty interest of 5% per annum to the Company based on the investment amount of RMB20,571,000 until the release date of the film project, starting from 1 January 2023. Relevant penalty interest of RMB932,000 for the year ended 31 December 2023 has been recognised as other income (note 7).

At 31 December 2023, the directors re-assessed the estimated release date of the film in the cinemas in the PRC taken into account various factors including the progress of obtaining approval from relevant government authority, and estimated the film will be released in the year 2024.

The movement of the financial assets at FVTPL during the year is set out below:

	RMB'000
As at 31 December 2022	25,572
Fair value change	(947)
<b>As at 31 December 2023</b>	<b>24,625</b>



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Company name	Place of incorporation/ establishment and principal countries of operation	Registered/ Issued and fully paid up capital	Equity interest attributable to the Group		Principal activities
			2023	2022	
Fujian Hengsheng Animation Culture Diffusion Co., Ltd.	The PRC	RMB47,000,000	100%	100%	Design and development, manufacturing and sales of disposable plastic food storage containers
Yihe Investment Holdings Limited	BVI	1 share of US\$1	100%*	100%*	Investment holding
Silver Excel Investments Limited	Hong Kong	1 share	100%	100%	Investment holding
June Pictures	BVI	USD1,000	100%*	100%*	Investment in film production
Youpinhui Enterprise Beijing Youpinhui Trading Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong The PRC	10,000 shares RMB10,000,000***	100%* 100%	100%* 100%	Investment holding
Beijing Yihe Tianxia Network Technology Co., Ltd. [“Beijing Yihe”]	The PRC	RMB10,000,000***	100%**	100%**	Sales of daily necessities and other household goods on e-commerce platform
Shanghai Youpinhui Internet Technology Co., Ltd.	The PRC	RMB200,000,000***	100%	100%	Dormant

\* Issued capital held directly by the Company.

\*\* The Company holds 50% equity interest in Beijing Yihe. Pursuant to contractual arrangements with remaining shareholder of Beijing Yihe, the Company has power to control the operating and financial affairs of Beijing Yihe and share 100% of the profit or loss of Beijing Yihe. Accordingly, Beijing Yihe is treated as a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

\*\*\* Registered capital not yet contributed.

Note: Beijing Yihe Tianxia Electronic Commerce Co., Ltd. a limited liability company was established in the PRC on 10 April 2023 and was an indirect subsidiary of the Company prior to its deregistration on 20 June 2023.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 18. INVENTORIES

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Raw materials	5,838	1,597
Finished goods	2,811	6,498
	<b>8,649</b>	8,095

### 19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
<b>Trade receivables</b>		
— from third parties	59,160	55,901
<b>Other receivables</b>		
— Prepayments	796	1,229
— Deposits	124	—
— Other receivables	8	6,173
	<b>928</b>	7,402
	<b>60,088</b>	63,303

The directors consider that the fair values of all of the trade and other receivables which are expected to be recovered within one year are not materially different from their carrying amounts due to these balances having short maturity periods on their inception.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES *(continued)*

#### Trade receivables

Before accepting any new customer, the Group applies an internal credit assessment policy to assess the potential customer's credit quality. The credit period is generally for a period of 60 days. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

An aged analysis of the trade receivables, based on the invoice date and net of ECL allowance, is as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Within 30 days	36,135	28,570
31-60 days	23,025	25,363
61-90 days	—	1,968
	59,160	55,901

Trade receivables are mainly denominated in RMB. The Group writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or when the trade receivables are over two years past due, whichever occurs earlier. As at 31 December 2023, no trade receivables were past due (2022: RMB1,968,000 were past due). During the year ended 31 December 2023, no written off was made against the trade receivables (2022: Nil).

Generally, the Group's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the provision for loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer base. As at 31 December 2023, there has not been any significant change in the gross amounts of trade receivables that has affected the estimation of the loss allowance during the year (2022: Nil).

Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from trade receivables are set out in note 30.2.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 20. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Bank balances and cash	165,252	118,572

Included in the Group's cash and cash equivalents of approximately RMB164,527,000 (2022: RMB117,358,000) as at 31 December 2023 are bank balances denominated in RMB placed with banks in the PRC. RMB is not a freely convertible currency. The conversion of RMB denominated deposits placed in banks in the PRC in foreign currencies and remittance of such foreign currencies denominated bank balances and cash out of the PRC are subject to relevant rules and regulation of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government. Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

### 21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
<b>Trade payables</b>		
– To third parties	26,046	25,943
<b>Accrued charges and other payables</b>		
– Other tax payable	2,393	2,102
– Salaries payables	2,497	1,917
– Other payables and accruals	1,600	1,710
– Amount due to an employee (note (i))	1,150	–
– Receipts in advance	836	414
– Consideration payable (note (ii))	6,171	6,171
– Deferred gain (note (iii))	1,097	1,097
	15,744	13,411
	41,790	39,354

Note:

- (i) The amount due was unsecured, interest-free, repayable on demand and was subsequently settled.
- (ii) As at 31 December 2023, consideration payable represented the promissory notes issued for acquisition of 100% equity interest of June Pictures (note 16) amounting to RMB6,171,000 (31 December 2022: RMB6,171,000) which are interest-free and repayable on demand upon the date when the film is publicly released in cinemas in the PRC.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES *(continued)*

Note: (continued)

(iii) Deferred gain represents the difference between the fair value of considerations given and the fair value of financial assets at FVTPL (note 16) at date of acquisition. The deferred gain will be recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income upon realisation of the investment in film production. Relevant portion of the difference attributable to shareholder's contribution is included in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

Trade payables

The Group is granted by its suppliers credit periods ranging from 30 to 60 days. An aged analysis of the trade payables, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Within 30 days	16,711	13,226
31 days to 60 days	9,335	12,717
	<b>26,046</b>	25,943

All trade payables are denominated in RMB. All amounts are short term and hence the carrying values of trade and other payables are considered to be a reasonable approximation of their fair values.

### 22. LEASE LIABILITIES

Lease liabilities are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
<b>Current:</b>		
Third parties	1,779	484
Jinjiang Hengsheng Toys Co., Ltd (" <b>Hengsheng Toys</b> ") (Note (i))	403	465
<b>Non-current:</b>		
Third parties	3,164	679
Hengsheng Toys	1,066	1,324
	<b>6,412</b>	2,952

The Group has leases for an office and factory premises. These leases are reflected on the consolidated statement of financial position as property, plant and equipment (note 14) and lease liabilities.

Each lease generally imposes a restriction that the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Group. Leases can only be cancelled with mutual agreement between the Group and lessor. There is no variable lease payment and termination option among the lease contracts.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 22. LEASE LIABILITIES *(continued)*

The following table shows the future minimum lease payments:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Within one year	2,437	1,070
One to two years	2,765	810
Two to five years	1,777	1,391
	<b>6,979</b>	3,271
Finance charges	<b>(567)</b>	(319)
	<b>6,412</b>	2,952

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Present value of minimum lease payments:		
Due within one year	2,182	949
Due in first to second years	2,545	724
Due in second to fifth years	1,685	1,279
	<b>6,412</b>	2,952
Less: Portion due within one year included under current liabilities	<b>(2,182)</b>	(949)
Portion due after one year included under non-current liabilities	<b>4,230</b>	2,003

Lease period of lease agreements with Hengsheng Toys are three years. The Group can elect to renew for another three years with same rentals upon the expiration of the three-year lease term. Thereafter the lease period and rentals are subject to negotiations but Hengsheng Toys agrees to lease to the Group for a maximum of 20 years from 21 June 2020.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 22. LEASE LIABILITIES *(continued)*

The table below describes the nature of the Group's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised as property, plant and equipment on consolidated statement of financial position:

2023

Right-of-use asset	No. of lease	Range of remaining lease term (Note (ii)) Year	Average remaining lease term (Note (ii)) Year
Buildings	11	1-5	3-4

2022

Right-of-use asset	No. of lease	Range of remaining lease term (Note (ii)) Year	Average remaining lease term (Note (ii)) Year
Buildings	14	1-6	3-4

#### Lease payments not recognised as a liability

The Group has elected not to recognise a lease liability for short term leases (leases with an expected term of 12 months or less). For the year ended 31 December 2023, expenses incurred for short term lease not included in the measurement of lease liability is RMB670,000 (2022: RMB400,000).

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the total cash outflows for the leases are RMB2,535,000 (2022: RMB1,487,000).

Note:

- (i) Hengsheng Toys is controlled by Mr. Hui Man Kit. Mr. Hui Man Kit is the brother of Mr. Xu, the controlling shareholder and executive director of the Company
- (ii) On the basis that the Group elects to renew the lease agreements.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 23. SHARE CAPITAL

	2023		2022	
	No. of shares	RMB'000	No. of shares	RMB'000
<b>Authorised:</b>				
Ordinary share of HK\$0.01				
As at 1 January and 31 December	<b>5,000,000,000</b>	<b>45,147</b>	5,000,000,000	45,147
<b>Issued and fully paid:</b>				
As at 1 January	<b>748,482,760</b>	<b>6,667</b>	600,000,000	5,418
Issue of ordinary shares pursuant to the acquisition of June Pictures (note (i))	—	—	74,782,760	621
Issue of ordinary shares pursuant to the acquisition of Youpinhui Enterprise (note (ii))	—	—	74,000,000	628
As at 31 December	<b>748,482,760</b>	<b>6,667</b>	748,482,760	6,667

Note:

- (i) On 27 April 2022, 74,482,760 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each were issued at a price of HK\$0.25 per share in respect of the Company's acquisition of June Pictures. Portion amounting to HK\$744,000 (equivalent to RMB621,000) representing the par value of these ordinary shares, were credited to the Company's share capital account. The remaining portion amounting to HK\$17,877,000 (equivalent to RMB14,920,000) were credited to the Company's share premium account.
- (ii) On 1 June 2022, 74,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each were issued at a price of HK\$0.27 per share in respect of the Company's acquisition of Youpinhui Enterprise. Portion amounting to HK\$740,000 (equivalent to RMB628,000) representing the par value of these ordinary shares, were credited to the Company's share capital account. The remaining portion amounting to HK\$19,240,000 (equivalent to RMB16,342,000) were credited to the Company's share premium account.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 24. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the consolidated financial statements.

#### Share premium

The share premium represents the difference between the par value of the shares of the Company and net proceeds received from the issuance of the shares of the Company.

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium account of the Company may be applied for payment of distributions or dividends to the shareholders provided that immediately following the date on which the distribution or dividend is proposed to be paid, the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

#### Other reserve

Other reserve includes statutory reserve and capital contribution.

In accordance with the Company Law of the PRC, each of the subsidiaries of the Company that was registered in the PRC is required to appropriate 10% of the annual statutory profit after tax (after offsetting any prior years' losses), determined in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles of the People's Republic of China ("PRC GAAP"), to the statutory reserve until the balance of the reserve funds reaches 50% of the entity's registered capital. The statutory reserve can be utilised to offset prior years' losses or to increase capital, provided the remaining balance of the statutory reserve is not less than 25% of the registered capital.

#### Translation reserve

Translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences for the translation of financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy in note 2.4.

#### Distributable reserves

As at 31 December 2023, the reserves available for distribution to the shareholders of the Company amounted to RMB52,659,000 (2022: RMB59,772,000).



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 25. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

	Notes	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
<b>ASSETS AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Non-current asset</b>			
Investments in subsidiaries	17	41,445	41,445
<b>Current assets</b>			
Amount due from subsidiaries (Note(i))		48,758	46,884
Cash and cash equivalents		659	1,058
		<b>49,417</b>	<b>47,942</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Other payables		1,177	976
Amount due to subsidiaries (Note(i))		21,765	14,086
Other payables		6,171	6,171
		<b>29,113</b>	<b>21,233</b>
<b>Net current assets</b>		<b>20,304</b>	<b>26,709</b>
<b>Net assets</b>		<b>61,749</b>	<b>68,154</b>
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>			
Share capital	23	6,667	6,667
Reserves (Note(ii))		55,082	61,487
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>61,749</b>	<b>68,154</b>

Note(i): The amounts due are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

**Xu Youjiang**  
Director

**Zhang Yuansheng**  
Director

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 25. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY *(continued)*

Note(ii): The movement of the Company's reserves are as follows:

	Share premium RMB'000	Other reserve RMB'000	Translation reserve RMB'000	Accumulated losses RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Balance at 1 January 2022	52,086	—	(4,139)	(19,046)	28,901
Capital contribution	—	2,763	—	—	2,763
Issue of ordinary shares pursuant to the acquisition of June Pictures	14,920	—	—	—	14,920
Issue of ordinary shares pursuant to the acquisition of Youpinhui Enterprise	16,342	—	—	—	16,342
Loss and total comprehensive expenses for the year	—	—	—	(4,530)	(4,530)
Exchange difference on translation to presentation currency	—	—	3,091	—	3,091
Balance at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	<b>83,348</b>	<b>2,763</b>	<b>(1,048)</b>	<b>(23,576)</b>	<b>61,487</b>
Loss and total comprehensive expenses for the year	—	—	—	(7,113)	(7,113)
Exchange difference on translation to presentation currency	—	—	708	—	708
<b>Balance at 31 December 2023</b>	<b>83,348</b>	<b>2,763</b>	<b>(340)</b>	<b>(30,689)</b>	<b>55,082</b>

### 26. LEASE COMMITMENTS

#### As lessee

At the reporting date, the lease commitment for short term lease are as follow:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Office: Within one year	—	56

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 27. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions/information disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties:

Compensation of key management personnel

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
<b>(a) Key management personnel remuneration</b>		
Salaries, allowances and benefits	975	924
Retirement scheme contributions	15	12
	<b>990</b>	<b>936</b>

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
<b>(b) Transactions with related parties</b>		
<b>Hengsheng Toys</b>		
Addition to right-of-use asset	217	—
Interest expense for lease arrangements	83	103
<b>Mr. Xu</b>		
Penalty interest income	932	—



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 28. ACQUISITION OF ASSETS THROUGH ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 29 April 2022, the Company and Youpinhui Investment Holdings Limited, entered into an agreement (“**Sales and Purchases Agreement**”) to acquire the entire share capital of Youpinhui Enterprise and its subsidiary (“**Youpinhui Group**”) (the “**Acquisition**”). Details of the Acquisition are set out in the Company’s announcement dated 29 April 2022 and the Acquisition was completed on 1 June 2022 (the “**Completion Date**”).

Pursuant to the terms of the Sales and Purchases Agreement, the total consideration for the Acquisition (the “Purchase Consideration”) was satisfied by the issuance of 74,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company upon Completion.

The above transaction was accounted for as acquisition of assets.

The assets acquired at the Completion Date were as follows:

	RMB'000
Property, plant and equipment	347
Intangible assets	10,444
Prepayments and other receivables	6,557
Cash and cash equivalents	29
Other payables and accruals	(407)
<b>Net assets acquired</b>	<b>16,970</b>

An analysis of the cash flows in respect of the acquisition of Youpinhui Group is as follows:

	RMB'000
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	29
Cash consideration paid	—
Cash inflow in respect of the acquisition of Youpinhui Group	29

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 29. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities can be classified as follows:

	Lease liabilities RMB'000
At 1 January 2022	3,426
<b>Cash transaction:</b>	
– Capital element of lease rentals paid	(1,173)
– Interest element of lease rentals paid	(164)
<b>Non-cash transaction:</b>	
– Effective interest charges (note 8)	164
– Net off with prepaid lease payments	(81)
– Addition	780
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	2,952
<b>Cash transaction:</b>	
– Capital element of lease rentals paid	(1,654)
– Interest element of lease rentals paid	(211)
<b>Non-cash transaction:</b>	
– Effective interest charges (note 8)	211
– Net off with prepaid lease payments	84
– Addition	2,892
– Lease modification	2,138
<b>At 31 December 2023</b>	<b>6,412</b>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Group is exposed to financial risks through its use of financial instruments in its ordinary course of operations and in its investment activities. The financial risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's exposure to foreign currency risks arise from its overseas sales which are primarily denominated in United States Dollars and accruals which are primarily denominated in Hong Kong Dollars, which are not the functional currency of the respective entities of the Group to which these transactions related. The Group ensures that the net exposure is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rate where necessary to address short-term imbalances. The directors consider the exposure to foreign currency risk is immaterial.

The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

#### 30.1 Categories of financial assets and liabilities

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Financial assets at FVTPL	24,625	25,572
Measured at amortised costs:		
Trade and other receivables	59,292	62,074
Cash and cash equivalents	165,252	118,572
	<b>249,169</b>	206,218
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
Measured at amortised cost:		
Trade and other payables	37,464	35,741
Lease liabilities	6,412	2,952
	<b>43,876</b>	38,693



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS *(continued)*

#### 30.2 Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument would fail to discharge its obligation and cause a financial loss to the Group. The Group's exposure to credit risk mainly arises from granting credit to customers in the ordinary course of its operations.

The Group is exposed to credit risk in relation to its bank deposits and trade and other receivables. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets is limited to the carrying amount at the reporting dates as summarised in note 30.1.

To manage this risk, bank deposits are mainly placed with state-owned financial institutions and reputable banks which are all high-credit-quality financial institutions. The management does not expect that there will be any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

The Group's policy is to deal only with credit worthy counterparties. Credit terms are granted to new customers after a credit worthiness assessment by the management. Where available at reasonable cost, external credit ratings and/or reports on customers are obtained and used. Payment record of customers is closely monitored. It is not the Group's policy to request collateral from its customers. In addition, as set out in note 2.8, the Group assesses ECL under HKFRS 9 on trade receivables based on provision matrix, the expected loss rates are based on the historical credit loss experience. The historical rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward looking macroeconomic factors affecting the customer's ability to settle the amount outstanding. At each reporting date, the historical default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. However given the short period exposed to credit risk, the impact of these macroeconomic factors has not been considered significant within the reporting period.

The Group is exposed to concentration of credit risk as at 31 December 2023 on trade receivables from the Group's five largest debtors which accounted for 32% of the Group's total trade receivables (2022: 60%). The management reviews the recoverable amount of each individual receivable regularly to ensure that follow up actions is taken to recover overdue debts. In this regard, the management considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has established a policy to perform an assessment of whether a financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, by considering the change in the risk of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument. The Group classifies its other receivables into Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3, as described below:

- |         |  |
|---------|--|
| Stage 1 | When other receivables are first recognised, the Group recognises an allowance based on 12-month ECL.  |
| Stage 2 | When other receivables have shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the Group records an allowance for the lifetime ECLs. |
| Stage 3 | When other receivables are considered credit-impaired, the Group records an allowance for the lifetime ECLs.                                     |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS *(continued)*

#### 30.2 Credit risk *(continued)*

The Group assessed that the ECL for these receivables are not material under the 12-month ECL method. Thus no ECL was recognised during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: nil). The ECL are summarised as below.

	As at 31 December	
	2023	2022
<b>Trade receivables</b>		
— Current	0.1%	0.1%

#### 30.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group is exposed to liquidity risk in respect of settlement of trade and other payables and lease liabilities, and also in respect of its cash flow management. The Group's objective is to maintain an appropriate level of liquid assets and committed lines of funding to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

When the creditor has a choice of when the liability is settled, the liability is included on the basis of the earliest date on when the Group can be required to pay. Where the settlement of the liability is in instalments, each instalment is allocated to the earliest period in which the Group is committed to pay.

The analysis set out the remaining contractual maturity based on undiscounted cash flow of the Group's financial liabilities.

	Within one year or on demand RMB'000	One to two years RMB'000	Two to five years RMB'000	Total undiscounted amount RMB'000	Carrying amount RMB'000
<b>As at 31 December 2023</b>					
Trade and other payables	37,464	—	—	37,464	37,464
Lease liabilities	2,437	2,765	1,777	6,979	6,412
<b>Total</b>	<b>39,901</b>	<b>2,765</b>	<b>1,777</b>	<b>44,443</b>	<b>43,876</b>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS *(continued)*

#### 30.3 Liquidity risk *(continued)*

	Within one year or on demand RMB'000	One to two years RMB'000	Two to five years RMB'000	Total undiscounted amount RMB'000	Carrying amount RMB'000
As at 31 December 2022					
Trade and other payables	35,741	—	—	35,741	35,741
Lease liabilities	1,070	810	1,391	3,271	2,952
Total	36,811	810	1,391	39,012	38,693

#### 30.4 Fair values

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the consolidated statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurements, as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, and not using significant unobservable inputs.
- Level 3: significant unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the financial assets is categorised in its entirety is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS *(continued)*

#### 30.4 Fair values *(continued)*

	Fair value measurements as at 31 December categorised into			
	Fair value at 31 December RMB'000	Level 1 RMB'000	Level 2 RMB'000	Level 3 RMB'000
<b>31 December 2023</b>				
Financial assets at FVTPL:				
Investment in film production	24,625	—	—	24,625
<b>31 December 2022</b>				
Financial assets at FVTPL:				
Investment in film production	25,572	—	—	25,572

The movements during the year in the balance of these Level 3 fair value measurements are disclosed in note 16. The methods and valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurements are described below:

For the investment in film production acquired on 27 April 2022, the management has engaged an external valuer to carry out valuations on the fair value of the investment in film production.

The fair value of investment in film production is determined using discounted cash flows. Key unobservable input of the discounted cash flows is the forecasted gross box office receipts derived from market median of comparable movies. However, as the fair value estimated using discounted cash flows is lower than the profit guaranteed amount of RMB25,572,000, it is determined that the fair value of investment in film production is based on the profit guaranteed amount as adjusted by necessary time values of money and other factors such as expected ultimate recovery of the guarantee (including the penalty interest).

The fair value of the film project is valued at approximately RMB24,625,000 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB25,572,000).

Other than the above, the management considered the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 31. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's capital management objectives are to ensure the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing goods and services commensurately with the level of risk.

The Group actively and regularly reviews its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions. The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of the net debt to equity ratio. For this purpose, net debt is defined as the sum of trade and other payables and lease liabilities less cash and cash equivalents. In order to maintain or adjust the ratio, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares and raise new debt financing. The debt to equity ratio as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 were:

	As at 31 December	
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Trade and other payables	41,790	39,354
Lease liabilities	6,412	2,952
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(165,252)	(118,572)
Net debt	(117,050)	(76,266)
Total equity	261,179	233,647
Debt to equity ratio	N/A	N/A