

TASTY CONCEPTS HOLDING LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

賞之味控股有限公司 Stock Code: 8096

ANNUAL
REPORT
2026

CHARACTERISTICS OF GEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE "STOCK EXCHANGE")

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate small and mid-sized companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration.

Given that the companies listed on GEM are generally small and mid-sized companies, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Stock Exchange take no responsibility for the contents of this report, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this report.

*This report, for which the directors (the "**Directors**") of Tasty Concepts Holding Limited (the "**Company**" and together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM (the "**GEM Listing Rules**") of the Stock Exchange for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.*

CONTENTS

3	Corporate Information
4	Management Discussion and Analysis
11	Biographical Details of the Directors
12	Directors' Report
19	Corporate Governance Report
33	Independent Auditor's Report
38	Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
39	Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
40	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
42	Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
43	Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
92	Financial Summary



CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Ms. Sung Kwan Wun

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Kanlaya Bunphor

Ms. Li Mingrong

Mr. Lui Sze Ho

BOARD COMMITTEES

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Lui Sze Ho (*Chairman*)

Ms. Kanlaya Bunphor

Ms. Li Mingrong

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Li Mingrong (*Chairlady*)

Ms. Kanlaya Bunphor

Mr. Lui Sze Ho

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Li Mingrong (*Chairlady*)

Ms. Kanlaya Bunphor

Mr. Lui Sze Ho

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Man Yun Wah

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. Sung Kwan Wun

Mr. Man Yun Wah

AUDITOR

McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited
Certified Public Accountants and Public Interest Entity
Auditor

24/F, Siu On Centre

188 Lockhart Road

Wan Chai

Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park

PO Box 1350

Grand Cayman KY1-1108

Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

G01, G/F, The Bay Hub

17 Kai Cheung Road

Kowloon Bay

Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park

PO Box 1350

Grand Cayman KY1-1108

Cayman Islands

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Tricor Investor Services Limited

17/F, Far East Finance Centre

16 Harcourt Road

Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANK

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking
Corporation Limited

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.hklcnews.hk/8096

STOCK CODE

8096

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the Group has been principally engaged in operating restaurants in Hong Kong, generating revenue from provision of catering services. Besides, the Group also generates revenue from sales of food and related products.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Directors believe that there are certain risks and uncertainties involved in the operations, some of which are beyond the Group's control. The Directors believe the relatively significant risks relating to the Group's business are as follows:

- the availability (in terms of variety, type and quality) and prices of food supplies can fluctuate and be volatile and are subject to factors that are beyond the Group's control, such as seasonal fluctuations, climate conditions, natural disasters, general economic conditions, governmental regulations, each of which may affect the food costs or cause a disruption in the supply. The fluctuation may adversely affect its operation and profitability;
- the substantial operating lease obligations expose the Group to risks, including increasing its vulnerability to adverse economic conditions, limiting its ability to obtain additional financing and reducing cash available for other purposes. If the Group is unable to secure desirable restaurant locations or secure renewals of existing leases on commercially reasonable terms, the Group's business, results of operations and ability to implement the growth strategy will be adversely affected;
- the Group's business is susceptible to outbreaks of food-borne diseases and illnesses and other health epidemics. Such outbreak or epidemic may result in quarantines and temporary closures of restaurants, which may cause material disruptions to the Group's operations and in turn may materially and adversely affect its operation and profitability; and
- the changes in the macro-economic situation and other factors such as political stability, regulations and government policies and economic instability may have an adverse effect on the Group's business, financing condition and operation results.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

As far as the Directors are aware, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulation by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2026.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The board of Directors (the "Board") has overall responsibility for the Group's environmental, social and governance ("ESG") strategy and reporting. The Board is responsible for the Group's ESG risk management and internal control systems to ensure that the ESG strategies and reporting requirements are met.

For further details, please refer to the Company's ESG Report published on the same date as this annual report.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

RELATIONSHIP WITH CUSTOMERS, SUPPLIERS AND EMPLOYEES

The Group maintains a good relationship with its employees and certain policies have been implemented to ensure that its employees are provided with competitive remuneration, good welfare benefits and continuous professional training. The Group also maintains good relationships with its customers and suppliers, without whom success in the Group's production and operation would be at risk.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

REVENUE

The revenue of the Group slightly increased by approximately 1.9% from approximately HK\$30.9 million for year ended 31 March 2025 to approximately HK\$31.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2026. This improvement was primarily driven by the strategic expansion of our restaurant network through new openings, coupled with a gradual recovery in local economic conditions and consumer sentiment.

COST OF INVENTORIES

Cost of inventories for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025 were HK\$9.1 million and HK\$8.8 million respectively. The cost of inventories sold amounted to approximately 28.9% and approximately 28.5% of the Group's total revenue for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025 respectively.

OTHER INCOME

Other income mainly comprised of bank interest income and other miscellaneous income. Other income of the Group decreased by approximately HK\$168,000, or approximately 66.4%, from approximately HK\$253,000 for the year ended 31 March 2025 to approximately HK\$85,000 for the year ended 31 March 2026.

OTHER GAINS, NET

Other gains, net for the year ended 31 March 2026 comprised of the gain on termination of lease contracts of approximately HK\$108,000 and gain on disposal of property and equipment of approximately HK\$35,000.

STAFF COSTS

Staff costs decreased by approximately 27.0% from approximately HK\$8.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2025 to approximately HK\$6.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2026. Staff costs were the most significant portion of the operating costs, as a percentage of revenue, staff costs amounted to approximately 28.8% for the year ended 31 March 2025 and approximately 20.6% for the year ended 31 March 2026. The reduction in staff costs was primarily driven by stringent cost control measures, including a reduction in headcount and the scaling back of employee benefits. These actions were implemented to optimize labor expenses amid challenging market conditions and margin pressures in the restaurant industry.

RENTAL AND RELATED EXPENSES

Rental and related expenses represents (i) building management fee; (ii) government rent and rates; (iii) rental for machinery; (iv) contingent rents; and (v) other leases for which the lease term ends within twelve months or leases of which the underlying assets are of low value. The rental and related expenses decreased by approximately HK\$0.7 million or 17.9% from approximately HK\$3.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2025 to approximately HK\$3.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2026, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in short-term lease expenses incurred by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2026.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DEPRECIATION EXPENSES

Depreciation expenses represent depreciation charges for (i) leasehold improvements; (ii) fixtures and equipment; and (iii) right-of-use assets of the Group. For the year ended 31 March 2026, the Group has recorded depreciation of right-of-use assets amounted to approximately HK\$0.6 million (2025: HK\$3.0 million) and depreciation charges for property and equipment amounted to approximately HK\$7.5 million (2025: HK\$2.8 million). The increase in depreciation expenses amounted to approximately HK\$2.3 million or 39.7% mainly owing to the full-year impact of additions to property and equipment made in the prior year.

OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

Other operating expenses mainly consist of water, electricity, gas and other utilities expenses, repair and maintenance fees, audit and professional fees, consumables expenses, advertising and marketing expenses and tools and equipment expenses. Other operating expenses increased from approximately HK\$9.4 million to approximately HK\$11.9 million from the year ended 31 March 2025 to the year ended 31 March 2026, representing an increase of approximately 26.6%. The increase was mainly attributable to the significant repair and maintenance costs incurred for rectification works following a water leakage accident as well as intensified advertising and marketing campaigns launched during the year ended 31 March 2026.

The breakdown of the Group's other expenses are set out as below:

	Year ended 31 March	
	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Utilities expenses	886	1,707
Audit and professional fees	2,349	4,654
Advertising and marketing expenses	2,204	213
Repair and maintenance fees	3,086	247
Tools and equipment	521	167
Consumables	377	145
Licence fee and related expenses	160	21
Cleaning expenses	131	381
Provisions for surcharge and penalty for litigations (note (i))	44	44
Others (note (ii))	2,151	1,820
	11,909	9,399

Notes:

(i) The Group has been involved in several claims in relation to rental and other related expenses arrears. Provisions for estimated surcharge and penalty that might be borne by the Group from the litigations amounted to approximately HK\$44,000 was recognised in accordance to the latest development of the litigations during the year ended 31 March 2026 (2025: HK\$44,000). In the opinion of the Board, with the advice from external legal counsel, sufficient and adequate provision has been made in respect of the such claims.

(ii) Others mainly include office expenses, sundry expenses and other miscellaneous expenses.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON OTHER RECEIVABLES

During the year ended 31 March 2026, impairment loss on other receivables of approximately HK\$462,000 was recognised (2025: HK\$380,000). The management of the Group makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables and deposits based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also available reasonable and supportive forward-looking information.

FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs for the year ended 31 March 2026 mainly represents interests on lease liabilities amounted to approximately HK\$114,000 (2025: HK\$180,000) and interests on other borrowing amounted to approximately HK\$120,000 (2025: nil).

LOSS FOR THE YEAR

The Group recorded a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$7.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2026 (2025: HK\$6.1 million). The increase in loss was mainly due to an increase in other operating expenses during the year ended 31 March 2026.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES, CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND GEARING RATIO

The Group financed its business with internally generated cash flows. As at 31 March 2026, the Group's bank balances and cash amounting to approximately HK\$8.9 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$2.1 million from approximately HK\$6.8 million as at 31 March 2025. Most of the Group's bank deposits and cash were denominated in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi.

As at 31 March 2026, the Group recorded lease liabilities of approximately HK\$3.4 million (2025: HK\$1.7 million). The Group did not use any financial instrument for hedging purpose.

As at 31 March 2026, the Group's total current assets and current liabilities were approximately HK\$14.2 million (2025: HK\$12.6 million) and approximately HK\$15.0 million (2025: HK\$14.7 million) respectively. The Group's current ratio, calculated by dividing the total current assets over the total current liabilities, was approximately 0.9 times (2025: 0.9 times). The Group's gearing ratio, calculated as percentage of interest-bearing borrowings to the total equity attributable to owners of the Company, was 22.8% as at 31 March 2026 (2025: 0%).

TREASURY POLICY

The Directors will continue to follow a prudent policy in managing the Group's bank balances and maintain a strong and healthy liquidity to ensure that the Group is well placed to take advantage of future growth opportunities.

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

During the year ended 31 March 2026, most of the transactions of the Group were denominated and settled in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi. Renminbi is not a freely convertible currency. Future exchange rates of Renminbi could vary significantly from the current or historical exchange rates as a result of the capital controls that could be imposed by the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") government. The exchange rates may also be affected by economic developments and political changes both domestically and internationally, and also from the demand and supply of Renminbi. The Group has currently not implemented any foreign currency hedging policy but the management will closely monitor the exposure and consider hedging against significant foreign exchange exposure should the need arise.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group has been served a number of litigations and claims. These claims and litigations are arisen from arrears rental and other related expenses of the Group and has been recognised in the other payables and accruals and provisions. Additional interest, surcharge and penalty might be incurred due to the delay in settlement of such payables.

Nevertheless, the management of the Group obtained legal advice, and considered no additional interest, surcharge and penalty required apart from the amounts stated in the other payables and accruals and provisions. As at 31 March 2026, the related amounts included in other payables and accruals and provisions are approximately HK\$1,867,000 and HK\$279,000 (2025: HK\$1,867,000 and HK\$235,000) respectively.

The management and the legal advisor of the Group have taken collective efforts to resolve these cases. As at the reporting date, the corresponding cases are open and might affect the Group in future.

Except as disclosed above or elsewhere in this report, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities, guarantees or any litigations or claims of material importance, pending or threatened against any member of the Group that is likely to have a material and adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition or results of operations.

CHARGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 March 2026, the Group did not have any mortgages, charges and pledges over the Group's assets (2025: nil).

DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2026 (2025: nil).

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

The Group did not have any significant investment, material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and associated companies during the year ended 31 March 2026.

SHARE OPTIONS

The Company's share option scheme was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on 21 February 2019 (the "2019 Share Option Scheme"). On 30 September 2025, a new share option scheme (the "2025 Share Option Scheme") was adopted and the 2019 Share Option Scheme was terminated by the shareholders of the Company at annual general meeting in order to conform with the new requirements under the GEM Listing Rules.

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 30 September 2025, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of the 2025 Share Option Scheme under which the Directors may grant options to eligible participants to subscribe for the Company's shares subject to the terms and conditions as stipulated therein.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As at 31 March 2026 and 2025, there was no outstanding share options under the 2019 Share Option Scheme and the 2025 Share Option Scheme. During the year ended 31 March 2026 and 2025, no share option was granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled under the 2019 Share Option Scheme and the 2025 Share Option Scheme. The total number of share options available for grant under the 2019 Share Option Scheme was 5,500,000 and 0 as at 1 April 2025 and 31 March 2026, respectively. The total number of share options available for grant under the 2025 Share Option Scheme was 0 and 19,250,000 as at 1 April 2025 and 31 March 2026, respectively. The total number of shares available for issue under the 2025 Share Option Scheme was 19,250,000, representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company (excluding treasury shares) as at the date of this report. The number of shares that may be issued in respect of share options granted under the 2019 Share Option Scheme and the 2025 Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2026 divided by the weighted average number of shares of the Company in issue (excluding treasury shares) for the year ended 31 March 2026 was Nil.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

Segmental information is presented for the Group as disclosed on note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in this report, the Group did not have other plans for material investments or capital assets as of 31 March 2026.

CAPITAL COMMITMENT

As at 31 March 2026, the Group did not have any capital commitment (2025: nil).

HUMAN RESOURCES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 March 2026, the Group had a total of 29 employees (31 March 2025: 36). The gender ratio of the Group's workforce (including senior management) was approximately 48% male to approximately 52% female. Excluding senior management, the Group had 13 male employees (52%) and 12 female employees (48%). The Group had 4 senior management, of which 1 was male (25%) and 3 was female (75%). The Group shall continue to take into account diversity perspectives including gender diversity in its hiring of employees from time to time. The staff costs (included Directors' emoluments) were approximately HK\$6.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2026 (2025: HK\$8.9 million). The remuneration package of the employees is determined by various factors such as their working experience and job performance, the market condition, industry practice and applicable employment law. Discretionary bonus based on job performance will be paid to employees as recognition of and reward for their contributions. The Group also maintains the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme and insurance for its employees in Hong Kong. Various types of trainings were provided to the employees. Share options may also be granted to eligible employees by reference to the Group's performance as well as individual employees' contribution.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

OUTLOOK

The Group always strive for every possible opportunity to enhance the operation efficiency and profitability of its business. One of the business strategies of the Group is expanding its network of restaurants by opening new restaurants in suitable and strategic locations in Hong Kong, so as to secure new and additional source of income to the Group. The Group intends to set up new restaurants that offer different style of cuisines in the coming year.

Although the catering industry in Hong Kong has been impacted by shifting consumer spending patterns, market conditions have shown signs of improvement in 2026, supported by resilient local consumer sentiment and a steady recovery in inbound tourism. While high operating costs remain a challenge, the Group is confident in its core business fundamentals and continues to optimize operational efficiency to protect its margins.

The Group will also proactively seek other potential business opportunities or cooperation with different potential parties to broaden the sources of income and bringing better return on investment for the shareholders.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF THE DIRECTORS

Biographical details of the Directors of the Company are set out as follows:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Ms. Sung Kwan Wun (宋君媛) ("**Ms. Sung**"), aged 60, was appointed as the executive Director on 1 February 2022. Ms. Sung is responsible for formulating business strategy of the Group.

Ms. Sung has years of experience in import and export industry. She held management positions in several trading companies and was responsible for regional marketing strategy and internal staff training. Ms. Sung has extensive knowledge in corporate operation management, and in marketing in the PRC and Europe.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Li Mingrong (李明容) ("**Ms. Li**"), aged 41, was appointed as the independent non-executive Director on 11 April 2023. She is also the chairlady of each of the nomination committee of the Company (the "**Nomination Committee**") and the remuneration committee of the Company (the "**Remuneration Committee**"), and a member of the audit committee of the Company (the "**Audit Committee**").

Ms. Li has extensive experience in marketing strategy development and has held marketing management positions at sizable corporations in the People's Republic of China.

Mr. Lui Sze Ho (呂思豪) ("**Mr. Lui**"), aged 44, was appointed as the independent non-executive Director on 13 June 2023. He is also the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of each of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee.

Mr. Lui has over 15 years of experience in accounting, finance, and business operations. Mr. Lui obtained a bachelor degree of business administration in accountancy from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Mr. Lui is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Ms. Kanlaya Bunphor ("**Ms. Bunphor**"), aged 52, was appointed as the independent non-executive Director on 15 February 2024. She is also a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee.

Ms. Bunphor has over 20 years of experience in catering services and has held management positions in a number of restaurants. She has extensive knowledge in the operation and management of restaurants.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2026.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company, and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in operation of restaurants in Hong Kong. Details of the principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Group for the year is set out in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this report.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board has adopted a dividend policy (the "**Dividend Policy**") before the listing date of the Company, details of the Dividend Policy is disclosed as below.

The Company adopts a general Dividend Policy that aims to provide shareholders of the Company out of the Group's profit attributable to shareholders in any financial year, subject to the criteria set out below.

Such declaration and payment of dividends shall remain to be determined at the discretion of the Board and subject to all applicable requirements (including without limitation restrictions on dividend declaration and payment) under the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and the memorandum and articles of association of the Company (the "**Memorandum and Articles**").

In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall also take into account, inter alia:-

- the Group actual and expected financial performance;
- shareholders' interests;
- retained profits and distributable reserves of the Company and each of the other members of the Group;
- the level of the Group's debts to equity ratio, return on equity and financial covenants to which the Group is subject;
- possible effects on the Group's creditworthiness;
- any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders;
- the Group's expected working capital requirements and future expansion plans;
- liquidity position and future commitments at the time of declaration of dividend;
- taxation considerations;

DIRECTORS' REPORT

- statutory and regulatory restrictions;
- general business conditions and strategies;
- general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's business and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Company; and
- other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

The Board may propose the payment of dividends, if any, with respect to the Company's shares on a per share basis.

In addition to cash, dividends may be distributed in the form of shares subject to and in accordance with the procedures set out in the Company's memorandum and articles of association.

Except for interim dividend, any dividends declared by the Company must be approved by an ordinary resolution of shareholders at the general meeting and must not exceed the amount recommended by the Board. The Board may from time to time pay to the shareholders such interim dividends as appear to the Directors to be justified by the profits of the Company available for distribution.

The Company will continually review the Dividend Policy and reserves the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and/or modify the Dividend Policy at any time, and this Dividend Policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Company that dividends will be paid in any particular amount and/or in no way obligate the Company to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2026 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of this report. The state of affairs of the Group and the Company as at 31 March 2026 is set out in the consolidated statement of financial position and note 33 to the consolidated financial statements respectively. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2026.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on page 92 in this report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2026 are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the Company's share capital during the year ended 31 March 2026, together with the reasons thereof, are set out in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year ended 31 March 2026 are set out in consolidated statement of changes in equity and note 33 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company conditionally adopted the 2019 Share Option Scheme on 21 February 2019. On 30 September 2025, the 2025 Share Option Scheme was adopted and the 2019 Share Option Scheme was terminated by the shareholders of the Company at annual general meeting held on 30 September 2025 in order to conform with the new requirements under the GEM Listing Rules.

A summary of the particulars of the 2025 Share Option Scheme as required under Rule 23.09 of the GEM Listing Rules is set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Memorandum and Articles or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company is incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Details of the significant related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2026 are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements. To the best knowledge of the Directors, none of these related party transactions constitutes connected transactions that need to be disclosed under the GEM Listing Rules.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 31 March 2026, the Company's reserves available for distribution to owners comprising share premium account less accumulated losses, amounted to nil (2025: nil).

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

As a restaurant operator, the Group has a large and diverse customer base. There is no customer significantly dominated in the Group's revenue. As such, the Directors consider that it is not practicable to identify the five largest customers of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2026.

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the percentage of the Group's purchase amount attributable to the Group's largest supplier was approximately 13% of the Group's total purchase, while the percentage of the Group's total purchase amount attributable to the five largest suppliers in aggregate was approximately 45% of the Group's total purchase.

None of the Directors of the Company, or any of their close associates or shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) has any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest suppliers.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORS

The Board of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2026 and up to date of this report were as follows:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Ms. Sung Kwan Wun

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Kanlaya Bunphor

Ms. Li Mingrong

Mr. Lui Sze Ho

In accordance with the Memorandum and Articles, at each annual general meeting one third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Such retiring Directors may, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the annual general meeting. All Directors appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an additional Director to the existing Board shall hold office until the first annual general meeting of Company after their appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election.

Any Director who has not been subject to retirement by rotation in the three years preceding the annual general meeting shall retire by rotation at such annual general meeting.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Memorandum and Articles, the applicable laws and regulations, every Director shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them may incur or sustain in the execution of their duties in their offices.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not terminable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as the related party transactions disclosed in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements, no Director or a connected entity of a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year ended 31 March 2026.

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Saved as disclosed in the section "Directors' Report – Related Party Transactions and Connected Transactions" above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had entered into any contract of significance with the Company's controlling shareholders or their subsidiaries, or any contract of significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by the Company's controlling shareholders or their subsidiaries during the year ended 31 March 2026.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Apart from as disclosed under the paragraph headed "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" below and the 2019 Share Option Scheme and the 2025 Share Option Scheme disclosures in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements, at no time during the year ended 31 March 2026 were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in the Company granted to any Directors or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, or the Company's subsidiary or holding company or a subsidiary of the Company's holding company a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors are set out on page 11 of this report.

EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and five individuals with highest emoluments are set out in note 11(A) to the consolidated financial statements. The emolument of the number of the highest paid individuals who are not the Directors of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2026 are set out in note 11(B) to the consolidated financial statements.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

A Remuneration Committee is set up for reviewing the Group's emolument policy and structure for all remuneration of the Directors and senior management of the Group, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market practices.

The Remuneration Committee will meet at least once for each year to discuss remuneration related matters (including the remuneration of Directors and senior management) and review the emolument policy of the Group. It has been decided that Remuneration Committee would determine, with delegated responsibility, the remuneration packages of individual Directors and senior management.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS PLANS

Particulars of retirement benefits plans of the Group as at 31 March 2026 are set out in note 26 to the consolidated financial statement.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

Save for the service agreements (for executive Director and independent non-executive Directors) with the Company entered into with each of the Directors, no contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole and any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 March 2026.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 March 2026, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.68 of the GEM Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2026, none of the substantial or significant shareholders or other persons, other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company whose interests are set out in the section "Directors Report – Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" above, had or were deemed to have an interest or a short position in the shares or the underlying shares of the Company which would be required to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register of the Company remained to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO, or who were directly or indirectly, interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of the Company or any other members of the Group.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's shares during the year ended 31 March 2026.

COMPETITION AND CONFLICT OF INTERESTS

None of the Directors or the controlling shareholders (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) of the Company or their respective close associates has engaged in any business that competes or may compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group or has or may have any other conflict of interests with the Group during year ended 31 March 2026.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Details of the Company's corporate governance practices are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 19 to 32 of this report.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save as disclosed in this report, there was no equity-linked agreement entered into by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2026.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

As at the date of this report, based on information that is publicly available to the Company and to the best knowledge of the Directors, the Directors confirm that the Company maintained the public float as required under the GEM Listing Rules.

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual written confirmation of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and the Company considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statement.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

On 30 April 2024, D & PARTNERS CPA LIMITED resigned as the auditor of the Company and McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited was appointed as the auditor of the Company to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of D & PARTNERS CPA LIMITED. Details of the change of auditor were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 30 April 2024.

Save as disclosed above, there were no other changes in auditor of the Company during the past three years.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2026 were audited by McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited as auditor of the Company.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD
Tasty Concepts Holding Limited
Sung Kwan Wun
Executive Director

Hong Kong, 30 June 2026

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

INTRODUCTION

The Company is committed to the maintenance of good corporate governance practices and procedures. The Company believes that good corporate governance provides a framework that is essential for effective management, a healthy corporate culture, successful business growth and enhancing shareholders' value. The corporate governance principles of the Company emphasise a quality Board, sound internal controls, and transparency and accountability to all shareholders.

The Board has established the Company's purpose, values and strategy, and satisfy that these and the Company's culture are aligned. All directors must act with integrity, lead by example, and promote the desired culture. Such culture should instil and continually reinforce across the organisation values of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICE

The Company acknowledges the need and importance of corporate governance as one of the key elements in creating shareholders' value. The Company is also committed to achieving high standard of corporate governance that can protect and promote the interests of all shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability of the Company. For corporate governance purpose, the Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") set out in Appendix C1 to the GEM Listing Rules. During the year ended 31 March 2026, to the best knowledge of the Board, the Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the CG Code.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the required standard of dealing, as set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules as the code of conduct for securities transactions by the Directors in respect of the shares of the Company. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, all Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct for securities transactions during the year ended 31 March 2026.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Board takes the responsibility to oversee all major matters of the Company, including but not limited to formulating and approving the overall strategies and business performance of the Company, monitoring the financial performance and internal control as well as overseeing the risk management system of the Company and monitoring the performance of senior executives. The Board is also responsible for performing the corporate governance duties including the development and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance.

Liability insurance for Directors and senior management officers of the Company was maintained by the Company with coverage for any legal liabilities which may arise in the course of performing their duties.

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

Daily operation and managing of the business of the Group, inter alia, the implementation of strategies are delegated to the executive Director along with other senior executives. They report periodically to the Board of their work and business decisions.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD COMPOSITION

The composition of the Board as the date of at this report is set out as follows:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Ms. Sung Kwan Wun

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Kanlaya Bunphor

Ms. Li Mingrong

Mr. Lui Sze Ho

Biographical details of the Directors are set out in "Biographical Details of the Directors" on page 11 of this report.

The proportion of which is higher than what is required by Rules 5.05A, 5.05 (1) and (2) of the GEM Listing Rules whereby independent non-executive Directors of a listed issuer represent at least one-third of the board. The three independent non-executive Directors represent more than one-third of the Board and at least one of whom has appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. With the various experience of both the executive Directors and the independent non-executive Directors and the nature of the Group's business, the Board considered that the Directors have a balance of skills and experience for the business of the Group.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy (the "**Board Diversity Policy**"), which sets out the basis to achieve diversity on the Board. Details of this Board Diversity Policy is disclosed as below.

1. PURPOSE

This Board Diversity Policy aims to set out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board.

2. POLICY STATEMENT

The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against selection criteria.

3. MEASURABLE OBJECTIVES

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, which would include but not be limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board. The Nomination Committee and the Board will review such objectives from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and ascertain the progress made towards achieving those objectives.

4. MONITORING AND REVIEW OF THE BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Nomination Committee and the Board will review the implementation and effectiveness of the Board Diversity Policy on an annual basis.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

5. DISCLOSURE OF THE BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

A summary of the Board Diversity Policy is disclosed in this annual corporate governance report of the Company.

As at 31 March 2026, the Board comprised one male, representing 25% of the Board, and three females, representing 75% of the Board. The Board considers that the gender diversity of the Board has been well-maintained and the Board will continue to strive to achieve appropriate balance of gender diversity. To further ensure gender diversity of the Board in the long run, the Group will take opportunities to balance the proportion of gender of the Board, identify male and female individuals with a diverse range of skills, experience and knowledge in different fields from time to time, and maintain a list of such individuals who possess qualities to become the Board members, which will be reviewed by the Nomination Committee periodically. The Board Diversity Policy and the nomination policy of the Company can ensure that there will be a pipeline of potential successors to the Board to achieve gender diversity.

DIVERSITY IN WORKFORCE

As at 31 March 2026, the gender composition of the workforce (including senior management) was approximately 48% male and approximately 52% female. The Board considers that the gender diversity of the workforce has been well-maintained and aims to maintain the balance of gender diversity in the foreseeable future.

DIRECTORS REMUNERATION POLICY

The Company has adopted a director remuneration policy, it sets out the general principles which guide the Group to deal with the remuneration matters. This remuneration policy aims to provide a fair market level of remuneration to retain and motivate high quality directors, senior management of the Group and attract experienced people of high calibre to oversee the business and development of the Group.

NOMINATION POLICY

The Board has adopted a nomination policy (the "**Nomination Policy**"), which sets out the approach to guide the Nomination Committee in relation to the selection, appointment and re-appointment of the Directors. Details of the Nomination Policy is disclosed as below.

1. PURPOSE

- 1.1 This Nomination Policy aims to set out the approach to guide the Nomination Committee in relation to the selection, appointment and re-appointment of the Directors.
- 1.2 This Nomination Policy aims to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience, knowledge and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

2. CRITERIA

The Nomination Committee will evaluate, select and recommend candidate(s) for directorships to the Board by giving due consideration to criteria including but not limited to (collectively, the “Criteria”):

- (a) Diversity in aspects including but not limited to gender, age, experience, cultural and educational background, expertise, skills and know-how;
- (b) Sufficient time to effectively carry out their duties; their services on other listed and non-listed companies should be limited to reasonable numbers;
- (c) Qualifications, including accomplishment and experience in the relevant industries the Company’s business is involved in;
- (d) Independence;
- (e) Reputation for integrity;
- (f) Potential contributions that the individual(s) can bring to the Board; and
- (g) Commitment to enhance and maximize shareholders’ value.

3. RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTOR AT GENERAL MEETING

3.1 The Nomination Committee will evaluate and recommend retiring Director(s) to the Board for re-appointment by giving due consideration to the criteria including but not limited to:

- (a) the overall contribution and service to the Company of the retiring director including his/her attendance of Board meetings and, where applicable, general meetings, and the level of participation and performance on the Board; and
- (b) whether the retiring Director(s) continue(s) to satisfy the Criteria in section 2.

3.2 The Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall then make recommendation to shareholders in respect of the proposed re-election of director at the general meeting.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

4. NOMINATION PROCESS

The Nomination Committee will recommend to the Board for the appointment of a Director in accordance with the following procedures and process:

- (a) The Nomination Committee will, giving due consideration to the current composition and size of the Board, develop a list of desirable skills, perspectives and experience at the outset to focus the search effort;
- (b) The Nomination Committee may consult any source it deems appropriate in identifying or selecting suitable candidates, such as referrals from existing Directors, advertising, recommendations from an independent agency firm and proposals from shareholders of the Company with due consideration given to the Criteria;
- (c) The Nomination Committee may adopt any process it deems appropriate in evaluating the suitability of the candidates, such as interviews, background checks, presentations and third-party reference checks;
- (d) Upon considering a candidate suitable for the directorship, the Nomination Committee will hold a meeting and/or by way of written resolutions to, if thought fit, approve the recommendation to the Board for appointment;
- (e) The Nomination Committee will thereafter make the recommendation to the Board in relation to the proposed appointment and the proposed remuneration package; and
- (f) The Board will have the final authority on determining the selection of nominees and all appointment of Directors will be confirmed by the filing of the consent to act as Director of the relevant Director (or any other similar filings requiring the relevant Director to acknowledge or accept the appointment as Director, as the case may be) to be filed with the Companies Registry of Hong Kong.

5. RESPONSIBILITY

The Board will be ultimately responsible for the selection, appointment and re-appointment of Directors.

6. MONITORING AND REPORTING

The Nomination Committee will assess and report annually, in the corporate governance report, on the composition of the Board, and launch a formal process to monitor the implementation of this policy as appropriate.

7. REVIEW OF THE NOMINATION POLICY

The Nomination Committee will launch a formal process to review the Nomination Policy periodically to ensure that it is transparent and fair, remains relevant to the Company's needs and reflects the current regulatory requirements and good corporate governance practice. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revisions that may be required and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

8. DISCLOSURE OF THE NOMINATION POLICY

A summary of the Nomination Policy including the nomination procedures and the process and Criteria adopted by the Nomination Committee to select and recommend candidates for directorship during the year ended 31 March 2026 are disclosed in this annual corporate governance report of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The independent non-executive Directors play a significant role in the Board as they bring an impartial view on the Company's strategies, performance and control, as well as ensure that the interests of all shareholders are taken into account. All independent non-executive Directors possess appropriate academic, professional qualifications or related management experience. None of the independent non-executive Directors held any other offices in the Company or any of its subsidiaries or is interested in any shares of the Company.

The Company has received from each independent non-executive Director an annual confirmation of his/her independence, and the Company considers such Directors to be independent in accordance with the criteria set out in Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The Board has established mechanisms to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board, which the Board shall review on an annual basis to ensure the implementation and effectiveness of such mechanisms. A summary of the mechanism is set out below:

- (i) The Board shall ensure that at least one-third of the Board members being independent non-executive Director;
- (ii) The nomination and appointment of independent non-executive Directors shall be subject to the nomination policy and the independence assessment criteria as set out in the GEM Listing Rules. Every independent non-executive Director is required to inform the Company as soon as practicable if there is any change in his or her own personal particulars that may materially affect his or her independence and provide an annual confirmation of his or her independence pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules. The Nomination Committee is mandated to assess annually the independence of all independent non-executive Directors by reference to the independence criteria as set out in the GEM Listing Rules to ensure that they can continually exercise independent judgement;
- (iii) The Board shall ensure that the independent non-executive Directors be given the opportunity and channel to communicate and express their independent views and inputs to the Chairman, the Board and its committees; and
- (iv) The Director shall not vote or be counted in the quorum on any board resolution approving any contract or arrangement in which such Director or any of his/her close associates has a material interest.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Each of the executive Director and independent non-executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial fixed term of three years commencing from the execution date. The service contracts are subject to termination in accordance with their respective terms. The service contracts may be renewed in accordance with the Memorandum and Articles and the applicable GEM Listing Rules.

According to the Article 108 of the Memorandum and Articles, one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation at every annual general meeting of the Company, provided that every Director shall retire from office by rotation and are subject to re-election at annual general meeting at least once every three years. Article 112 of the Memorandum and Articles provides that any Directors who are appointed to fill casual vacancy on the Board or as an additional Director to the existing Board shall hold office only until the first annual general meeting after their appointment, and shall then be eligible for re-election.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

DIRECTORS' TRAINING AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The Group acknowledges the importance of adequate and ample continuing professional development for the Directors for a sound and effective internal control system and corporate governance. In this regard, the Group has always encouraged the Directors to attend relevant training courses to receive the latest news and knowledge regarding corporate governance.

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the Company has provided and all Directors have received the updates on the GEM Listing Rules concerning good corporate governance practices. The Company will, if necessary, provide timely and regular trainings to the Directors to ensure that they keep abreast with the current requirements under the GEM Listing Rules. All Directors confirmed that they have participated in continuous professional development during the year ended 31 March 2026 by reading relevant articles and materials and attending seminars, courses or conferences to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

Newly appointed Director will be arranged a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction which includes provision of key guidelines, documents and publications relevant to their roles, responsibilities and ongoing obligations, a briefing on the Company's structure, businesses, risk management and other governance practices and meeting with other fellow Directors so as to help the newly appointed Directors familiarize with the management, business and governance policies and practices of the Company, and ensure that they have a proper understanding of the operations and businesses of the Company.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three Board committees, namely, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Audit Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees have been established with defined written terms of reference, which are posted on the website of the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk and the Company's website at www.hklcnews.hk/8096. All the Board committees responsibly report to the Board on their decisions or recommendations made.

The practices, procedures and arrangements in conducting meetings of Board committees follow in line with, so far as practicable, those of the Board meetings set out above.

All Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to perform their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstance, at the Company's expense.

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties set out in the CG Code which included developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance, training and continuous professional development of Directors, and reviewing the Company's compliance with the code provision in the CG Code and disclosures in this report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee was established on 21 February 2019. As at the date of this report, the chairlady of the Remuneration Committee is Ms. Li, the independent non-executive Director, and other members includes Mr. Lui and Ms. Bunphor, the independent non-executive Directors. The written terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are posted on the website of the Stock Exchange and the Company's website.

The Remuneration Committee has been charged with the responsibility of making recommendations to the Board on the appropriate policy and structures for all aspects of Directors' and senior management's remuneration and on the remuneration packages of Directors and senior management and reviewing matters of the 2019 Share Option Scheme and the 2025 Share Option Scheme and amendments to the GEM Listing Rules regulating the 2019 Share Option Scheme and the 2025 Share Option Scheme. The Remuneration Committee considers factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration. The Remuneration Committee held one meeting to review the remuneration policy, the remuneration packages and emoluments of Directors and senior management and make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration package of Directors and senior management during the year ended 31 March 2026. No Director or any of his/her associates is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee was established on 21 February 2019. As at the date of this report, the chairlady of the Nomination Committee is Ms. Li, the independent non-executive Director, and other members included Mr. Lui and Ms. Bunphor, the independent non-executive Directors. The written terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are posted on the website of the Stock Exchange and on the Company's website.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to, among others, review and assess the composition of the Board and independence of the independent non-executive Directors, review the Board Diversity Policy and the Nomination Policy and makes recommendations to the Board on appointment or re-appointment of Directors. In recommending candidates for appointment to the Board, the Nomination Committee considers candidates on merit against objective criteria and with due regards to the benefits of diversity on the Board.

In designing the Board's composition, Board diversity has been considered from a number of perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, industry experience, technical and professional skills and/or qualifications, knowledge, length of services and time to be devoted as a director. The Company will also take into account factors relating to its own business model and specific needs from time to time. The ultimate decision is based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the Nomination Committee held one meeting to review the composition of the Board, the independence of the independent non-executive Directors, the Board Diversity Policy and the Nomination Policy and make recommendations on the appointment and re-election of Directors.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee was established on 21 February 2019. As at the date of this report, the chairman of the Audit Committee is Mr. Lui, the independent non-executive Director, and other members included and Ms. Bunphor and Ms. Li, the independent non-executive Directors. The written terms of reference of the Audit Committee are posted on the website of the Stock Exchange and on the Company's website.

The Company has complied with Rule 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules in that at least one of the members of the Audit Committee (which must comprise a minimum of three members and must be chaired by an independent non-executive Director) is an independent non-executive Director who possesses appropriate professional qualifications or accounting related financial management expertise.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee are mainly to review the financial information and reporting process, internal control procedures and risk management system, audit plan and relationship with external auditor and arrangements to enable employees of the Company to raise, in confidence, concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters of the Company.

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the Audit Committee held four meetings to review and comment on the Company's annual results, interim results, as well as the Company's internal control procedures and risk management system, audit plan and relationship with external auditor and to make recommendations on the appointment/re-appointment of external auditor.

The Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2026 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is of the opinion that the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2026 comply with applicable accounting standards, the GEM Listing Rules and that adequate disclosures have been made.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

ATTENDANCE RECORDS OF MEETINGS

The Board meet regularly for considering, reviewing and/or approving matters relating to, among others, the financial and operating performance, as well as, the overall strategies and policies of the Company. Additional meetings are held when significant events or important issues are required to be discussed and resolved.

Details of all Directors' attendance at the Board meetings and Board committees' meetings held during the year ended 31 March 2026 are as follows:

	Board Meeting	Audit Committee Meeting	Remuneration Committee Meeting	Nomination Committee Meeting	Annual General Meeting
	Number of Meetings Attended/Eligible to Attend				
Executive Director					
Ms. Sung Kwan Wun	4/4	–	–	–	1/1
Independent non-executive Directors					
Ms. Kanlaya Bunphor	4/4	4/4	1/1	1/1	1/1
Ms. Li Mingrong	4/4	4/4	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Lui Sze Ho	4/4	4/4	1/1	1/1	1/1

COMPANY SECRETARY

The company secretary of the Company (the "**Company Secretary**") assists the Board by ensuring the Board policy and procedures are followed. The Company Secretary is also responsible for advising that Board on corporate governance matters.

Mr. Man Yun Wah ("**Mr. Man**") was appointed as the company secretary of the Group on 8 November 2023. Mr. Man possesses the necessary qualification and experience, and is capable of performing the functions of the company secretary. Ms. Sung, the executive Director, is the primary contact person who Mr. Man contacts. Mr. Man holds a bachelor' degree in business administration and management and a master' degree in corporate governance. He is currently an associate member of both The Chartered Governance Institute and The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute. Mr. Man has extensive working experience in the company secretarial profession.

For the year ended 31 March 2026, Mr. Man undertook no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training to update his skill and knowledge.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The fee paid and payable in respect of audit services to McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited amounted to HK\$550,000 for the year ended 31 March 2026 (2025: HK\$550,000).

During the year ended 31 March 2026, McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA limited has provided non-audit services to the Group in respect of the agreed-upon procedures in connection with the monthly gross sales turnover of certain subsidiaries of the Company. The fee paid or payable in respect of these non-audit services amounted to approximately HK\$3,000 (2025: HK\$8,000).

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

As one of the measures to safeguard shareholders' interest and rights, separate resolutions are proposed at shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual Directors, for shareholders' consideration and voting. All resolutions put forward at shareholders' meeting will be voted by poll pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules and the poll voting results will be posted on the website of the Stock Exchange and the Company's website after the relevant shareholders' meeting.

Extraordinary general meeting may be convened by the Board on requisition of shareholders holding a minority stake in the total number of issued shares in the capital of the Company, and the minimum stake required to do this shall not be less than 10% of the voting rights in the issued share capital of the Company (the "**Requisitionists**") (as the case may be) pursuant to Article 64 of the Memorandum and Articles. Such requisition must state the object of business to be transacted at the meeting and must be signed by the Requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company or the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong. Shareholders should follow the requirements and procedures as set out in such Article for convening an extraordinary general meeting. Shareholders may put forward proposals with general meeting of the Company by sending the same to the Company at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong.

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board, shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company. Shareholders may send their enquiries or requests in respect of their rights to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Directors acknowledge that they have overall responsibility for overseeing the Company's internal control, financial control and risk management system and shall monitor its effectiveness on an ongoing basis. A review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems has been conducted by the Board at least annually.

Aimed at providing reasonable assurance against material errors, losses or fraud, the Company has established a risk management procedures which comprised the following steps:

- Identify risks: Identify major and significant risks (including the ESG risks) that could affect the achievement of goals of the Group;
- Risk assessment: Assess and evaluate the identified risk according to its likely impact and the likelihood of occurrence;
- Risk mitigation: Develop effective control activities to mitigate the risks.

Risk identification and assessment is performed or updated annually, and the results of risk assessment, evaluation and mitigation of each functions or operation are documented in the risk registry to communicate to the Board and management for reviews.

The Group's risk management and internal control systems are, however, designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

A review on the internal control systems of the Company, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions (including ESG risks) has been carried out by an independent consultancy company with staff in possession of relevant expertise to conduct an independent review.

The Audit Committee reviewed the internal control review report issued by the independent consultancy company and the Company's risk management and internal control systems in respect of the year ended 31 March 2026 and considered that they are effective and adequate. The Board assessed the effectiveness of internal control systems by considering the internal control review report and reviews performed by the Audit Committee and concurred the same.

Under Code Provision D.2.2, the issuer should have an internal audit function. The Company has no internal audit function because the Company has maintained an internal control system and its implementation has been considered effective by the Audit Committee and the Board. In addition, the Audit Committee has communicated with external auditor of the Company to understand if there is any material control deficiency. Nevertheless, the Company will review the need for one on an annual basis.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

DISCLOSURE OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Group has in place a policy on disclosure of inside information which sets out the procedures and internal controls for handling and dissemination of inside information.

The policy provides guidelines to the Directors, officers and all relevant employees of the Group to ensure proper safeguards exist to prevent the Company from breaching the statutory disclosure requirements. It also includes appropriate internal control and reporting systems to identify and assess potential inside information.

Key procedures in place include:

- define the requirements of periodic financial and operational reporting to the Board and Company Secretary to enable them to assess inside information and make timely disclosures, if necessary;
- controls the access to inside information by employees on a need-to-know basis, and safeguarding the confidentiality of the inside information before it is properly disclosed to public; and
- procedures of communicating with the Group's stakeholders, including shareholders, investors, analysts, etc. in ways which are in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules.

The Group has also established and implemented procedures to handle enquiries from external parties related to the market rumours and other Group's affairs.

To avoid uneven dissemination of inside information, the dissemination of inside information of the Company shall be conducted by publishing the relevant information on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company has adopted shareholders communication policy with objective of ensuring that the shareholders and potential investors are provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company. The Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of such policy during the year ended 31 March 2026 and considered the policy and its implementation are effective because the policy provides effective channels for shareholders to communicate their views with the Company by ways of attending the annual general meeting or sending email to the Company and the Company has complied with the principles and required practices set out in the policy.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Company has established several channels to communicate with the shareholders as follows:

- (i) Corporate communications such as annual reports, interim reports and circulars are issued in printed form and are available on the website of the Stock Exchange “www.hkexnews.hk” and the Company’s website at “www.hklcnews.hk/8096”;
- (ii) Periodic announcements are made through the Stock Exchange and published on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company;
- (iii) Corporate information is made available on the Company’s website;
- (iv) Annual and extraordinary general meetings provide a forum for the shareholders to make comments and exchange views with the Directors and senior management; and
- (v) The Hong Kong share registrar of the Company serves the shareholders in respect of share registration, dividend payment and related matters.

The Company keeps on promoting investor relations and enhancing communication with the existing shareholders and potential investors. It welcomes suggestions from investors, stakeholders and the public. Enquires to the Board or the Company may be sent by post to the Company’s principal place of business in Hong Kong.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There was no change to the Memorandum and Articles during the year ended 31 March 2026.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



McMillanWoods

Professionalism at the forefront

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF TASTY CONCEPTS HOLDING LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Tasty Concepts Holding Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**") set out on pages 38 to 91, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2026, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2026, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "**HKICPA**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") as issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "**Code**"), as applicable to audits of financial statements of public interest entities. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Group incurred a loss of approximately HK\$7,758,000 for the year ended 31 March 2026 and, as at 31 March 2026, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$810,000. As stated in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, these events or conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that might cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

KEY AUDIT MATTER

Key audit matter is the matter that, in our professional judgement, was of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter. The key audit matter we identified is impairment of non-financial assets.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Impairment of non-financial assets Refer to notes 4(Q), 5, 15 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements. As at 31 March 2026, the carrying amounts of the property and equipment and right-of-use assets are approximately HK\$5,621,000 and HK\$3,164,000 respectively. The property and equipment and right-of-use assets mainly represented the leasehold improvements, fixtures and equipment and the leased properties used for restaurant operations. In view of the loss making and the under-performance of the restaurants with continuing decline in market demand, the management of the Group engaged independent professional valuer and performed impairment testing on the property and equipment and right-of-use assets. Based on the calculation of the recoverable amounts, as determined using value-in-use calculation with reference to the individual profit forecast and cash flows projection of each restaurant, no impairment loss on property and equipment and right-of-use assets has been recognised for the year ended 31 March 2026. We have identified the impairment of non-financial assets as a key audit matter because of their significance to the consolidated financial statements and the involvement of a significant degree of judgements and estimates used by the management of the Group and independent professional valuer when performing the impairment testing.	Our procedures in relation to the impairment of non-financial assets included: - discussing with the management of the Group to identify any indication of impairment on the non-financial assets and assessed and reviewed the impairment testing performed by the management of the Group; - reviewing, with the assistance of the independent auditor’s expert, the methodology adopted, the underlying assumptions and data used in the profit forecast and cash flows projection for the value-in-use calculation; and - evaluating, with the assistance of the independent auditor’s expert, the appropriateness of the judgements and estimates used by the management of the Group and the independent professional valuer in the profit forecast and cash flows projection.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors of the Company determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee assists the directors of the Company in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Company.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Company's directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine the matter that was of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and is therefore the key audit matter. We describe this matter in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Leung Kam Wa

Audit Engagement Director

Practising Certificate Number: P08370

24/F., Siu On Centre
188 Lockhart Road
Wan Chai, Hong Kong
30 June 2026

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 March 2026

	NOTES	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Revenue	7	31,514	30,916
Cost of inventories		(9,055)	(8,798)
Other income	8	85	253
Other gains, net	8	143	66
Staff costs	10	(6,485)	(8,882)
Rental and related expenses		(3,185)	(3,941)
Depreciation expenses		(8,170)	(5,811)
Other operating expenses		(11,909)	(9,399)
Impairment loss on other receivables		(462)	(380)
Finance costs	9	(234)	(180)
Loss before taxation	10	(7,758)	(6,156)
Income tax	12	–	–
Loss for the year		(7,758)	(6,156)
Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the year			
<i>Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>			
Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements of foreign operation		27	(2)
Total comprehensive expense for the year		(7,731)	(6,158)
Loss for the year attributable to:			
– owners of the Company		(7,741)	(6,073)
– non-controlling interests		(17)	(83)
		(7,758)	(6,156)
Total comprehensive expense for the year attributable to:			
– owners of the Company		(7,714)	(6,075)
– non-controlling interests		(17)	(83)
		(7,731)	(6,158)
Loss per share			
Basic and diluted (HK cents)	14	(4.02)	(3.15)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March 2026

	NOTES	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment	15	5,621	12,758
Right-of-use assets	16	3,164	1,604
Intangible assets	17	–	–
Deposits	19	417	2,043
		9,202	16,405
Current assets			
Inventories	18	165	–
Trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments	19	5,143	5,813
Bank balances and cash	20	8,892	6,804
		14,200	12,617
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	21	5,170	5,697
Amount due to a shareholder	29(A)	6,231	7,270
Lease liabilities	22	1,363	1,466
Tax payable		47	75
Other borrowing	24	1,920	–
Provisions	23	279	235
		15,010	14,743
Net current liabilities		(810)	(2,126)
Total assets less current liabilities		8,392	14,279
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	22	2,079	246
Provisions	23	41	30
		2,120	276
Net assets		6,272	14,003
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	25	19,250	19,250
Reserves		(10,827)	(3,113)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		8,423	16,137
Non-controlling interests	32	(2,151)	(2,134)
Total equity		6,272	14,003

The consolidated financial statements on pages 38 to 91 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30 June 2026 and are signed on its behalf by:

Sung Kwan Wun
Director

Lui Sze Ho
Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 March 2026

	Equity attributable to owners of the Company						Non-controlling interests HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
	Share capital HK\$'000 (Note 25)	Share Premium HK\$'000	Other reserves HK\$'000 (Note (i))	Statutory reserve HK\$'000 (Note (iii))	Translation reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Sub-total HK\$'000	
At 1 April 2024	19,250	82,705	9,107	26	82	(88,958)	22,212	20,161
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(6,073)	(6,073)	(6,156)
Other comprehensive expense for the year	-	-	-	-	(2)	-	(2)	(2)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	-	-	-	-	(2)	(6,073)	(6,075)	(6,158)
At 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	19,250	82,705	9,107	26	80	(95,031)	16,137	14,003
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(7,741)	(7,741)	(7,758)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	27	-	27	27
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	-	-	-	-	27	(7,741)	(7,714)	(7,731)
At 31 March 2026	19,250	82,705	9,107	26	107	(102,772)	8,423	6,272

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 March 2026

Notes:

(i) Other reserves comprised:

- (a) a credit to other reserves of approximately HK\$2,050,000 arising from acquisition of remaining 40% equity interest in Butao Ramen International Holdings Limited ("**Butao Ramen BVI**"), which 60% equity interest in Butao Ramen BVI was held by Butao Ramen Limited ("**Butao Ramen**"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, at a cash consideration of HK\$1 on 31 July 2014. Upon the completion of such transaction, Butao Ramen BVI became the wholly-owned subsidiary of Butao Ramen until 31 March 2015 and its entire equity interest was disposed of to Mr. Tang Chun Ho Chandler ("**Mr. C Tang**");
 - (b) a credit to other reserves of approximately HK\$3,194,000 arising from the subscription of 9% equity interest in Butao Global Limited ("**Butao Global**"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, by an independent third party not connected to the Group at a cash consideration of HK\$6,000,000 on 3 July 2018 and resulting recognition of non-controlling interest of approximately HK\$2,799,000 and share capital of approximately HK\$7,000; and
 - (c) a credit to other reserves of approximately HK\$3,863,000 arising from the acquisition of 9% equity interest in Butao Global from the independent third party at a consideration of 900 shares of the Company on 21 February 2019.
- (ii) In accordance with statutory requirements in the People's Republic of China (the "**PRC**"), other than Hong Kong, subsidiaries established in the PRC are required to transfer a certain percentage of the annual net income from accumulated profits to the statutory funds, until the statutory funds are accumulated up to 50% of its registered capital. Under normal circumstances, the statutory funds are not allowed to be distributed to the subsidiaries' shareholders as dividends. The statutory funds shall only be used for offsetting accumulated losses, capitalisation into paid-in capital and expansion of its production and operations.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

	NOTES	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss before taxation		(7,758)	(6,156)
Adjustments for:			
Bank interest income		(5)	(54)
Depreciation of property and equipment		7,537	2,840
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		633	2,971
Finance costs		234	180
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary		–	(57)
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		(35)	–
Gain on termination of lease contracts		(108)	(33)
Impairment loss on other receivables		462	380
Loss on write-off of property and equipment		–	25
Recognition of provision for surcharge and penalty, net of reversal of provision for reinstatement cost		14	44
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital		974	140
(Increase)/decrease in inventories		(165)	199
Decrease in trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments		1,790	591
Decrease in trade and other payables		(527)	(867)
Cash generated from operations		2,072	63
Hong Kong Profits Tax paid		(28)	–
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2,044	63
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payment for purchase of property and equipment		(400)	(3,080)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		35	–
Bank interest received		5	54
Cash inflow from disposal of a subsidiary	31	–	190
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(360)	(2,836)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payment of lease liabilities	28(A)	(270)	(3,498)
Interest paid	28(A)	(114)	(180)
Other borrowing raised	28(A)	1,800	–
Repayment to a shareholder	28(A)	(1,039)	–
NET CASH FROM/(USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES		377	(3,678)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2,061	(6,451)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE REPORTING PERIOD		6,804	13,257
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		27	(2)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD, represented by bank balances and cash		8,892	6,804

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

1. GENERAL

Tasty Concepts Holding Limited (the “**Company**”) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 23 July 2018 under the Companies Act, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The shares of the Company were listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”) on 15 March 2019. The addresses of the registered office and the principal place of business of the Company are Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands and G01, G/F, The Bay Hub, 17 Kai Cheung Road, Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong, respectively.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (together with the Company collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) are principally engaged in operation of restaurants in Hong Kong. Details of the principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 34.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (“**HK\$**”), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “**HKICPA**”). HKFRS Accounting Standards comprise all individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“**HKFRSs**”); Hong Kong Accounting Standards (“**HKASs**”); and interpretations (the “**Ints**”). These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the “**GEM Listing Rules**”) and with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. Material accounting policy information of the Group are set out in note 4.

GOING CONCERN CONSIDERATION

For the year ended 31 March 2026, the Group incurred a loss for the year of approximately HK\$7,758,000 and, as at 31 March 2026, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$810,000. These events or conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which might cast significant doubt on the Group’s ability to continue as a going concern.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION *(Continued)*

GOING CONCERN CONSIDERATION *(Continued)*

Nevertheless, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis as the directors of the Company are of the view that the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to fulfill its financial obligations as and when they fall due in the coming twelve months from the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements, after taking into consideration the followings:

- (a) the Group has obtained a letter of financial support from Mr. C Tang, the shareholder of the Company, who agreed not to demand for repayment of the amount due to him of approximately HK\$6,231,000 as at 31 March 2026 until the Group has financial ability to do so;
- (b) the Group has unutilised loan facility of HK\$1,200,000 from a financial institution with the facility period up to 31 December 2027;
- (c) the rights issue on the basis of three rights shares for every two shares of the Company held on record date at a subscription price of HK\$0.1 (the "Rights Issue") was resolved by the shareholders of the Company on 12 June 2026 and the net proceeds of approximately HK\$27,959,000 will be raised in August 2026 upon the completion of the Rights Issue assuming that all the rights shares are being subscribed or placed by the placing agent;
- (d) the Group will continue to improve the operating efficiency by implementing measures to tighten the cost controls over cost of inventories and other operating expenses in order to enhance its profitability and to improve the cash flows from its operation in the future; and
- (e) the Group may seek other financing resources (including but not limited to issue of shares or obtain other credit facilities) to meet its liabilities and obligations as and when they fall due.

The directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's cash flow forecast prepared by management of the Group, which covers a period of at least twelve months from the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements. The directors of the Company consider that, after taking into account the aforementioned plans and measures, the Group will have sufficient working capital to satisfy its present requirements for at least the next twelve months from the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Notwithstanding the above, a material uncertainty exists as to whether the Group is able to achieve its plans and measures as described above, which incorporate assumptions about future events and conditions that are subject to inherent uncertainties. Should the Group be unable to achieve the above plans and measures such that it would not be continued as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the carrying values of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, where applicable. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 3 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these new and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Group has applied the amendments to HKAS 21 and HKFRS 1 *Lack of Exchangeability* as issued by the HKICPA for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 April 2025, for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.

The application of the amendments to HKAS 21 and HKFRS 1 *Lack of Exchangeability* in the current reporting period had no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial positions and performance for the current and prior reporting periods and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective:

	Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 <i>Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments</i>	1 January 2026
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 <i>Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity</i>	1 January 2026
Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11	1 January 2026
HKFRS 18 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i>	1 January 2027
Amendments to HKAS 21 <i>Translation to a Hyperinflationary Presentation Currency</i>	1 January 2027
Amendments to Int 5 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause</i>	1 January 2027
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 <i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture</i>	To be determined by the HKICPA

The directors of the Company anticipate that, except as described below, the application of other amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards will have no material impact on the consolidated financial position and performance of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Continued)

HKFRS 18 PRESENTATION AND DISCLOSURE IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

HKFRS 18 will replace HKAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, introducing new requirements that will help to achieve comparability of the financial performance of similar entities and provide more relevant information and transparency to users. Even though HKFRS 18 will not impact the recognition or measurement of items in the financial statements, HKFRS 18 introduces significant changes to the presentation of financial statements, with a focus on information about financial performance present in the statement of profit or loss, which will affect how the Group present and disclose financial performance in the consolidated financial statements.

The new accounting standard introduces the following key new requirements:

- Entities are required to classify all income and expenses into five categories in the statement of profit or loss, namely the operating, investing, financing, discontinued operations and income tax categories. Entities are also required to present a newly-defined operating profit subtotal. Entities' net profit will not change.
- Management-defined performance measures ("**MPMs**") are disclosed in a single note in the financial statements.
- Enhanced guidance is provided on how to group information in the financial statements.

In addition, all entities are required to use the operating profit subtotal as the starting point for the statement of cash flows when presenting operating cash flows under the indirect method.

The Group is currently assessing the impact of HKFRS 18, with respect to the structure of the Group's consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of cash flows and the additional disclosures required for the MPMs. The Group is also assessing the impact on how information is grouped in the consolidated financial statements. Preliminary assessments indicate the following key impacts:

- The Group will need to reclassify certain income and expense items into the new categories, namely investing and financing categories.
- The Group may disclose certain MPMs in its results announcement and the annual report. Under HKFRS 18, this will likely require additional disclosure for the MPMs within the notes to the consolidated financial statements.
- The consolidated statement of cash flows will also be impacted, as the operating profit subtotal will be the required starting point for the indirect method.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and going concern basis.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the directors of the Company to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are set out in note 5.

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(A) CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 March. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary, if any; and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill and any accumulated translation reserve relating to that subsidiary.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. The accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(A) CONSOLIDATION *(Continued)*

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling shareholders and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of the other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

(B) SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses, unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Cost includes direct attributable costs of investments. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received or receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

(C) PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Property and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Leasehold improvements	Over the lease terms
Fixtures and equipment	20%

The useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(C) PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT *(Continued)*

Renovation in progress represents renovation under construction and plant and equipment pending installation, and is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. Depreciation begins when the relevant assets are available for use.

The gain or loss on disposal of property and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

An item of property and equipment is written-off when no future benefits and expected to arise from continued use of asset.

(D) LEASE

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

THE GROUP AS A LESSEE

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the lease liability. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received;
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases, which does not have recent third-party financing; and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

If a readily observable amortising loan rate is available to the individual lessee (through recent financing or market data) which has a similar payment profile to the lease, then the group entities use that rate as a starting point to determine the incremental borrowing rate.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(D) LEASE *(Continued)*

THE GROUP AS A LESSEE (Continued)

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

The Group applies HKAS 36 to determine whether a right-of-use asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss, if any.

Variable rents that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and the right-of-use asset. The related payments are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs and are included in rental and related expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

(E) INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable selling expenses.

(F) RECOGNITION AND DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(F) RECOGNITION AND DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *(Continued)*

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(G) FINANCIAL ASSETS

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Debt investments held by the Group are classified and measured as amortised cost, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from the investment is calculated using the effective interest method.

(H) TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL").

(I) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for the ECL.

(J) FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRS Accounting Standards. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(K) TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(L) EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

An equity instrument is any contract that evidence a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(M) REVENUE

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Revenue from the operation of the restaurants is recognised at a point in time when controls of the goods has been transferred and the services are rendered to the customers at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the passage of time is required before payment is due.

Revenue from sales of food and related products is recognised at a point in time when control of the goods has been transferred, being when the goods have been shipped to the customer's specific location. Payment of the transaction price is due immediately at the point the customer purchases the goods.

Royalty fee income from franchisees is recognised as a performance obligation satisfied over time using the output method. The Group recognises revenue for a sales-based royalty promised in exchange for the license of trademark when the later of the following events occurs (i) the subsequent usage occurs; and (ii) the performance obligation to which some or all of the usage-based license has been allocated has been satisfied (or partially satisfied).

(N) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

(I) EMPLOYEE LEAVE ENTITLEMENTS

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(II) PENSION OBLIGATIONS

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to the profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(O) BORROWING COSTS

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(P) TAXATION

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(P) TAXATION *(Continued)*

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. The Group recognises a deferred tax asset related to lease liabilities to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised and a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences.

(Q) IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period for indications of impairment and where an asset is impaired, it is written down as an expense through the consolidated statement of profit or loss to its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. If this is the case, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal of the individual asset or the cash-generating unit.

Value in use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows of the asset/cash-generating unit. Present values are computed using pre-tax discount rates that reflect the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset/cash-generating unit whose impairment is being measured.

Impairment losses for cash-generating units are allocated first against the goodwill of the unit and then pro rata amongst the other assets of the cash-generating unit. Subsequent increases in the recoverable amount caused by changes in estimates are credited to profit or loss to the extent that they reverse the impairment.

(R) IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECL on trade receivables, other receivables, deposits and bank balances and cash. The amount of the ECL is updated at the end of each reporting period to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The ECL on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the end of the reporting period, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(R) IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS *(Continued)*

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

SIGNIFICANT INCREASE IN CREDIT RISK

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the end of the reporting period with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from economic expert reports, financial analysts, governmental bodies, relevant think-tanks and other similar organisations, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor; or
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(R) IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS *(Continued)*

SIGNIFICANT INCREASE IN CREDIT RISK (Continued)

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the end of the reporting period. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- (i) the financial instrument has a low risk of default;
- (ii) the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and
- (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

The Group considers a financial asset to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of "investment grade" in accordance with the globally understood definition or if an external rating is not available, the asset has an internal rating of "performing". Performing means that the counterparty has a strong financial position and there is no past due amounts.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

DEFINITION OF DEFAULT

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable.

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(R) IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS *(Continued)*

CREDIT-IMPAIRED FINANCIAL ASSETS

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the counterparty;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the counterparty, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the counterparty's financial difficulty, having granted to the counterparty a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

WRITE-OFF POLICY

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, including when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

MEASUREMENT AND RECOGNITION OF ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the end of the reporting period.

For financial assets, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(R) IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS *(Continued)*

MEASUREMENT AND RECOGNITION OF ECL (Continued)

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting period that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

(S) PROVISION

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 4, the management of the Group is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY *(Continued)*

CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In the process of applying the accounting policies, the management of the Group have made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements (apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with below).

GOING CONCERN CONSIDERATION

The assessment of the going concern assumption involves making judgements by the management of the Group, at a particular point of time, about the future outcome of events and conditions which are inherently uncertain. The directors of the Company believes that the liquidity of the Group can be maintained in the coming twelve-month period from the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements after taking into the considerations as detailed in note 2. The directors of the Company also believes that the Group will have sufficient cash resources to satisfy its future working capital and other financing requirements for the next twelve months from the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT INCREASE IN CREDIT RISK

As explained in note 4, ECL on other receivables and deposits under general approach are measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. HKFRS 9 does not define what constitutes a significant increase in credit risk. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward looking information.

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

Property and equipment and right-of-use assets are stated at costs less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. In determining whether an asset is impaired, the Group has exercised judgement and accounting estimation, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred or any indicators that may affect the asset value; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, in the case of value in use, the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in estimating the recoverable amounts including cash flows projection and an appropriate pre-tax discount rate. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset including right-of-use assets, the Group engages independent professional valuer in estimating the recoverable amount, being value-in-use with reference to the individual profit forecast and cash flows projection of the each restaurant, of the CGU to which the assets belongs. Changing the assumptions and estimates, including the discount rates or the revenue growth rate in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test and the recoverable amount based on value in use.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY *(Continued)*

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY *(Continued)*

IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS *(Continued)*

As at 31 March 2026 and 2025, the Group performed impairment assessment on (i) property and equipment with carrying amount of HK\$5,621,000 (2025: HK\$12,758,000); and (ii) right-of-use assets of HK\$3,164,000 (2025: HK\$1,604,000), respectively. No impairment loss has been recognised during the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025. Details of the impairment assessment are set out in note 15.

IMPAIRMENT OF TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

The management of the Group estimates the amount of allowance for ECL on trade and other receivables based on the credit risk of trade and other receivables. The amount of the allowance based on ECL model is measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. Where the future cash flows are less than expected, or being revised downward due to changes in facts and circumstances, a material allowance may arise.

As at 31 March 2026, the carrying amounts of trade receivables and other receivables were approximately HK\$571,000 (2025: HK\$996,000) and approximately HK\$3,054,000 (2025: HK\$4,153,000), net of allowance for ECL of approximately HK\$842,000 (2025: HK\$380,000). Impairment loss on other receivables of approximately HK\$462,000 (2025: HK\$380,000) has been recognised during the year ended 31 March 2026 while no impairment loss has been recognised in respect of trade receivables for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025. Details of the impairment assessment of trade and other receivables are set out in note 6.

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

INTEREST RATE RISK

As at 31 March 2026 and 2025, the Group's lease liabilities and other borrowing bear interests at fixed interest rate and therefore are subject to fair value interest rate risk.

The Group's exposure to cash flows interest rate risk arises from its bank balances as at 31 March 2026 and 2025. The bank balances bear interests at floating rates varied with the then prevailing market condition.

Except as stated above, the Company does not have other significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period, its income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

Sensitivity analysis on cash flows interest rate risk has not been presented as the reasonably possible changes in the market interest rate will not have significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *(Continued)*

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES *(Continued)*

CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade and other receivables and deposits) and deposits with banks. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-rating assigned by international credit-rating agencies, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

Trade receivables

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, under the Group's refined credit risk management, the Group applies the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure lifetime ECL on trade receivables on individual basis at the end of the reporting period.

During the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025, no allowance for ECL was provided for trade receivables as the amount is insignificant.

Other receivables and deposits

For other receivables and deposits, the management of the Group makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables and deposits based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also available reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. The management of the Group believes that there is no material credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding balance of other receivables and deposits. As at 31 March 2026, the gross carrying amount of other receivables and deposits is HK\$5,583,000 (2025: HK\$6,788,000). During the year ended 31 March 2026, impairment loss on other receivables of approximately HK\$462,000 (2025: HK\$380,000) was recognised.

The management of the Group considered that the impairment loss on other receivables was insignificant and no details of the impairment assessment are disclosed.

LIQUIDITY RISK

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

LIQUIDITY RISK (Continued)

The Group is exposed to liquidity risk as the Group incurred a loss of approximately HK\$7,758,000 for the year ended 31 March 2026 and, as at 31 March 2026, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$810,000. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the Group will have sufficient working capital to meet its financial obligations and the details of which are set out in note 2.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities and lease liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

	Within 1 year or on demand HK\$'000	1-2 years HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Carrying amount HK\$'000
As at 31 March 2026				
Trade and other payables	4,759	–	4,759	4,759
Amount due to a shareholder	6,231	–	6,231	6,231
Other borrowing	1,944	–	1,944	1,920
Lease liabilities	1,536	2,176	3,712	3,442
	14,470	2,176	16,646	16,352
As at 31 March 2025				
Trade and other payables	4,944	–	4,944	4,944
Amount due to a shareholder	7,270	–	7,270	7,270
Lease liabilities	1,512	252	1,764	1,712
	13,726	252	13,978	13,926

CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Financial assets:		
– at amortised cost	14,204	14,208
Financial liabilities:		
– at amortised cost	16,352	13,926

FAIR VALUE

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated financial statements approximates to their respective fair value.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

7. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

REVENUE

Revenue represents the fair value of amounts received and receivable for services provided and goods sold, net of discount, during the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025.

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15		
Recognised at a point in time:		
Operation of restaurants in Hong Kong	30,478	29,363
Sales of food and related products	1,036	785
	31,514	30,148
Recognised over time:		
Royalty fee income from franchisee <i>(note)</i>	–	768
	31,514	30,916

Note: Royalty fee income is calculated with reference to the revenue of the restaurant run by the franchisee.

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of HKFRS 15 to its revenue such that no information related to the account of transaction price allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied (or partially unsatisfied) has been disclosed.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is principally engaged in operation of restaurants in Hong Kong. This operating segment has been identified on the basis of internal management reports prepared in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. The executive director of the Company has been identified as the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"). The CODM reviews the Group's revenue analysis by geographical location in order to assess performance and allocation of resources.

Other than revenue analysis, no operating result or other discrete financial information is available for the assessment of performance and allocation of resources. The CODM reviews the results of the Group as a whole to make decisions. Accordingly, other than entity-wide information, no analysis of this single operating segment is presented.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

7. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

The Group's current operations are mainly located in Hong Kong. Information about the Group's revenue from external customers is presented based on the location of the customers. Information about its non-current assets (excluding deposits) by geographical location of assets is detailed below:

	Revenue For the year ended		Non-current assets As at 31 March	
	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Hong Kong	30,686	29,363	8,785	14,362
Macau Special Administrative Region of the PRC	828	1,553	–	–
	31,514	30,916	8,785	14,362

INFORMATION ABOUT MAJOR CUSTOMERS

No individual customer accounted for over 10% of the Group's total revenue for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025.

8. OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS, NET

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Other income:		
Bank interest income	5	54
Others	80	199
	85	253
Other gains, net:		
Gain on termination of lease contracts (note 16)	108	33
Loss on write-off of property and equipment	–	(25)
Gain on disposal of property and equipment	35	–
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary (note 31)	–	57
Net exchange gains	–	1
	143	66

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

9. FINANCE COSTS

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Interest on lease liabilities	114	180
Interest on other borrowing	120	–
	234	180

10. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Loss before taxation has been arrived at after charging:		
Auditor's remuneration:		
– audit services	550	550
– non-audit services	3	8
Directors' emoluments (note 11)	549	537
Other staff costs:		
– salaries and allowances	5,669	7,990
– retirement benefit scheme contributions	267	355
Total staff costs	6,485	8,882
Depreciation of property and equipment	7,537	2,840
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	633	2,971
Expenses relating to short-term leases	–	1,197
Expenses relating to variable lease payments not included on the measurement of lease liability	3,032	1,943
Recognition of provision for surcharge and penalty, net of reversal of provision for reinstatement cost (note 23)	14	44

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

11. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

(A) DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

Details of the emoluments paid or payable by the Group to the directors of the Company and the chief executive of the Company, disclosed pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules and Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, were as follows:

	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries and allowances HK\$'000	Retirement benefit scheme contributions HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
For the year ended 31 March 2026				
Executive director				
Ms. Sung Kwan Wun	–	180	9	189
Independent non-executive directors				
Ms. Kanlaya Bunphor	96	–	–	96
Ms. Li Mingrong	120	–	–	120
Mr. Lui Sze Ho	144	–	–	144
	360	180	9	549

	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries and allowances HK\$'000	Retirement benefit scheme contributions HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
For the year ended 31 March 2025				
Executive director				
Ms. Sung Kwan Wun	–	180	9	189
Independent non-executive directors				
Ms. Kanlaya Bunphor	96	–	–	96
Ms. Li Mingrong	120	–	–	120
Mr. Lui Sze Ho	132	–	–	132
	348	180	9	537

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS*For the year ended 31 March 2026***11. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS *(Continued)*****(A) DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS *(Continued)***

The emoluments of executive directors of the Company stated above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

The emoluments of independent non-executive directors of the Company shown above were for their fees as directors of the Company.

No emolument was paid by the Group to any of the directors of the Company as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025. There was no arrangement under which a director of the Company waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025.

Save for disclosed in note 29, no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company and the director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

11. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(B) EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

None (2025: none) of the five individuals with the highest emolument in the Group is a director of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2026. The emoluments of the five (2025: five) individuals are as follows:

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Salaries and allowances	1,888	1,941
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	83	87
	1,971	2,028

The number of the five highest paid employees who are not the directors of the Company whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows:

	Number of employees	
	2026	2025
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	5	5

No emolument was paid by the Group to any of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025.

None of the five highest paid individuals has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

12. INCOME TAX

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 (the “**Bill**”) which introduced the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day.

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2,000,000 of profits of qualifying corporations will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2,000,000 will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of corporations not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

For the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025, Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 8.25% on the first HK\$2,000,000 of the estimated assessable profits of one of the subsidiaries of the Company and at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits above HK\$2,000,000 of that subsidiary, if any. The profits of corporations not qualified for the two-tier profits tax regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided for the Group’s Hong Kong subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2026 as these subsidiaries either did not generate assessable profits subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax or have sufficient tax losses brought forward to set off against the assessable profits.

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax had been provided for the Group’s Hong Kong subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2025 as these subsidiaries did not generate any assessable profits subject to Hong Kong Profit Tax.

Under the Law of the PRC on EIT (the “**EIT Law**”) and Implementation Regulations of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025.

No PRC EIT has been provided for the Group’s PRC subsidiaries for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025 as the PRC subsidiaries of the Group did not generate any assessable profit subject to the PRC EIT.

The Group is not subject to taxation in other jurisdictions.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

12. INCOME TAX (Continued)

The income tax for the year can be reconciled to the loss before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Loss before taxation	(7,758)	(6,156)
Tax at the Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% (2025: 16.5%)	(1,280)	(1,016)
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(15)	(20)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	848	10
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	–	1,638
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	(774)	–
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences not recognised	1,250	63
Tax effect of utilisation of deductible temporary differences previously not recognised	(29)	(675)
Income tax	–	–

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has estimated unused tax losses of approximately HK\$77,325,000 (2025: HK\$82,014,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the estimated unused tax losses due to unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in estimated unused tax losses of approximately HK\$65,000 (2025: HK\$65,000) that can be carried forward for five years from the year in which the losses arose and approximately HK\$77,260,000 (2025: HK\$81,949,000) may be carried forward indefinitely.

13. DIVIDEND

No dividend was paid or proposed during the year ended 31 March 2026 nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2025: nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*For the year ended 31 March 2026***14. LOSS PER SHARE**

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Loss		
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company		
for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted loss per share	(7,741)	(6,073)
	2026	2025
Number of shares		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of		
calculating basis and diluted loss per share	192,500,000	192,500,000

The diluted loss per share is equal to the basic loss per share as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding during the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

15. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000	Fixtures and equipment HK\$'000	Renovation in progress HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
COST				
At 1 April 2024	8,620	10,107	9,500	28,227
Additions	–	20	3,060	3,080
Transfer from prepayments for purchase of property and equipment	–	–	2,866	2,866
Transfer in/(out)	12,770	2,656	(15,426)	–
Write-off	(4,535)	(2,470)	–	(7,005)
At 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	16,855	10,313	–	27,168
Additions	400	–	–	400
Disposal	–	(239)	–	(239)
Write-off	(4,085)	(7,418)	–	(11,503)
At 31 March 2026	13,170	2,656	–	15,826
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT				
At 1 April 2024	8,620	9,930	–	18,550
Depreciation	2,554	286	–	2,840
Write-off	(4,535)	(2,445)	–	(6,980)
At 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	6,639	7,771	–	14,410
Depreciation	6,155	1,382	–	7,537
Disposal	–	(239)	–	(239)
Write-off	(4,085)	(7,418)	–	(11,503)
At 31 March 2026	8,709	1,496	–	10,205
CARRYING AMOUNT				
At 31 March 2026	4,461	1,160	–	5,621
At 31 March 2025	10,216	2,542	–	12,758

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS*For the year ended 31 March 2026***15. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT *(Continued)*****IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS**

During the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025, in view of the loss making and under-performance of the restaurants, with the continuing decline in market demand due to current economic situation, the management of the Group concluded that there was an indication of impairment and conducted impairment assessment on recoverable amounts of property and equipment and right-of-use assets of the restaurants. The Group engaged independent professional valuer and estimated the recoverable amounts of each restaurant, each represents an individual CGU, to which the asset belonged when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually. The recoverable amount of individual CGU is determined using value-in-use calculation with reference to the individual profit forecast and cash flows projection of each restaurant. As the recoverable amount of each individual CGU are higher than the respective carrying amounts of property and equipment and right-of-use assets, no impairment losses were recognised during the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025.

The recoverable amount of each individual CGU is determined based on a value-in-use calculation covering the useful life of the respective assets included in each individual CGU. The revenue growth rate during the forecast period is 2.5% (2025: ranged from 0% – 3%) which is based on the management's estimation regarding service capacity and existing table turnover rate of the restaurants. The pre-tax discount rates used are ranged from 18.3% – 20.5% (2025: 14.9%) and reflects specific risks relating to each individual CGU. Other key assumptions for the value-in-use calculation relate to the estimations of cash inflows/outflows which include gross margin and operating expenses, such estimations are based on the CGUs' past performance and management's expectations for the market development.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

	Leased properties HK\$'000
At 1 April 2024	2,142
Addition	2,750
Depreciation	(2,971)
Termination	(317)
At 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	1,604
Addition	3,797
Depreciation	(633)
Termination	(1,604)
At 31 March 2026	3,164

Lease liabilities of approximately HK\$3,442,000 (2025: HK\$1,712,000) were arising from the right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$3,164,000 (2025: HK\$1,604,000) as at 31 March 2026. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as a security for borrowing purposes.

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	633	2,971
Interest expense on lease liabilities	114	180
Expenses relating to short-term leases	–	1,197
Expenses relating to variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liability (note)	3,032	1,943
Gain on termination of lease contracts	108	33

Note: The expenses relating to variable lease payments for the year ended 31 March 2026 represented the rental expense of a restaurant of the Group, which was commenced its operation during the year ended 31 March 2025 and the monthly rental expense is charged by certain percentage of the amount of revenue generated from such restaurant, as determined by the tenancy agreement.

Details of total cash outflows for leases are set out in note 28(B).

For the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025, the Group leases various restaurants for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 2 to 3 years, but may have extension and termination options as described below. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the right-of use assets of approximately HK\$1,604,000 (2025: HK\$317,000) with lease liabilities of approximately HK\$1,712,000 (2025: HK\$350,000) were terminated. The gain on termination of lease contracts of approximately HK\$108,000 (2025: HK\$33,000) was recognised during the year ended 31 March 2026 (note 8). Such transaction was also considered as a non-cash transaction.

Details of the impairment assessment of the Group's right-of-use assets are set out in note 15.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Franchise rights HK\$'000	Trademark HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
COST			
At 1 April 2024	4,200	119	4,319
Disposal of a subsidiary (note 31)	(4,200)	(119)	(4,319)
At 31 March 2025, 1 April 2025 and 31 March 2026	-	-	-
AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT			
At 1 April 2024	4,200	119	4,319
Disposal of a subsidiary (note 31)	(4,200)	(119)	(4,319)
At 31 March 2025, 1 April 2025 and 31 March 2026	-	-	-
CARRYING AMOUNT			
At 31 March 2026 and 2025	-	-	-

18. INVENTORIES

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Food and beverages, at cost	165	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Trade receivables from restaurant operations	302	879
Trade receivables from sales of goods and related products	269	117
Rental deposits	1,034	1,488
Utilities and other deposits	563	767
Other receivables	3,986	4,533
Other prepayments	248	452
Total trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayment, gross	6,402	8,236
Less: Allowance for ECL on other receivables	(842)	(380)
Total trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments, net	5,560	7,856
Analysed for reporting purposes as:		
Non-current assets	417	2,043
Current assets	5,143	5,813
	5,560	7,856

There was no credit period granted to individual customers for the restaurant operations.

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly by cash, electronic or mobile payments. Electronic or mobile payments will normally be settled within 2 to 21 days (2025: 2 – 21 days) after trade date. Trade receivables also include sales of goods and related products with credit periods up to 30 – 90 days (2025: 30 – 90 days).

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables from restaurant operations, based on the invoice date, which approximate the revenue recognition date, is as follows:

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
0 – 30 days	302	879

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (Continued)

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables from sales of goods and related products, based on the invoice date, which approximate the revenue recognition date, is as follows:

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
0 – 30 days	71	45
31 – 60 days	50	–
61 – 90 days	28	–
Over 90 days	120	72
	269	117

Details of impairment assessment of trade and other receivables and deposits as at 31 March 2026 and 2025 are set out in note 6.

20. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

The bank balances and cash are denominated in the following currencies:

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
HK\$	8,838	6,233
Renminbi ("RMB")	54	571
	8,892	6,804

As at 31 March 2026, included in bank balances and cash was amount of approximately RMB54,000 (2025: RMB571,000) which were denominated in RMB. RMB is not a freely convertible currency and the remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to the exchange restriction imposed by the PRC government. However, the Group is able to exchange RMB into other currencies through bank's authorisation to conduct exchange business.

Bank balances carried interest at prevailing market interest rates as at 31 March 2026 and 2025.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Trade payables	209	1,487
Salary payables	411	753
Other payables	4,550	3,457
	5,170	5,697

The credit period on purchases is ranging from 0 to 30 days (2025: 0 to 30 days). An ageing analysis of the trade payables, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
0 – 30 days	–	330
31 – 60 days	–	663
Over 90 days	209	494
	209	1,487

As at 31 March 2026, other payables mainly comprised of: (1) unpaid rental fee and other charges arising from the litigation with carrying amount of approximately HK\$1,867,000 (2025: HK\$1,867,000) (note 35); and (2) accrued auditor's remuneration and professional fee which amounted to HK\$899,000 (2025: HK\$976,000).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

22. LEASE LIABILITIES

	Minimum lease payments		Present value of minimum lease payment	
	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Within one year	1,536	1,512	1,363	1,466
More than one year, but not more than two years	2,176	252	2,079	246
	3,712	1,764	3,442	1,712
Less: Future finance charges	(270)	(52)	N/A	N/A
Present value of lease liabilities	3,442	1,712	3,442	1,712
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)			(1,363)	(1,466)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months			2,079	246

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities is 6.32% (2025: 6.38%).

23. PROVISIONS

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Analysis for reporting purpose as:		
Current liabilities	279	235
Non-current liabilities	41	30
	320	265

	Provision for surcharge and penalty HK\$'000	Provision for reinstatement cost HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
As at 1 April 2024	191	155	346
Recognition of provision	44	–	44
Utilisation of provision	–	(125)	(125)
As at 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	235	30	265
Recognition of provision	44	41	85
Reversal of provision	–	(30)	(30)
As at 31 March 2026	279	41	320

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

23. PROVISIONS (Continued)

The provision for estimated surcharge and penalty arise from the litigations relation to interest and other charges accrued from the unpaid rental and other related charges during the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025 and details are set out in note 35.

The provision for reinstatement cost for reinstating the leased properties to be carried out at the end of the lease periods has been estimated by the directors of the Company based on current rental contracts. These amounts have not been discounted for the purposes of measuring the provisions because the effect is not material.

24. OTHER BORROWING

	Unsecured borrowing HK\$'000
At 1 April 2024, 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	–
Addition	1,800
Interest charged	120
At 31 March 2026	1,920

As at 31 March 2026, other borrowing with principal amount of HK\$1,800,000 (2025: nil) is due to an independent third party not connected with the Group and is unsecured, carried interest rate at 8% per annum and repayable on 1 June 2026.

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the repayment date of above-maintained borrowing and related interest has been extended from 1 June 2026 to 28 August 2026, as agreed between the Group and the independent third party on 28 May 2026, while all other terms and conditions remained unchanged.

25. SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the Company's ordinary shares are disclosed as follows:

	Number of shares	Amount HK\$'000
Authorised:		
As at 1 April 2024, 31 March 2025, 1 April 2025 and 31 March 2026, ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each	1,000,000,000	100,000
Issued and paid:		
As at 1 April 2024, 31 March 2025, 1 April 2025 and 31 March 2026, ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each	192,500,000	19,250

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

26. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the “**MPF Scheme**”) for all qualified employees in Hong Kong. Contributions from employers and employees are 5% (2025: 5%) each of the employee’s relevant income. The maximum mandatory contribution per employee is HK\$1,500 (2025: HK\$1,500) per month. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of an independent trustee. During the year ended 31 March 2026, the retirement benefit schemes contribution arising from the MPF Scheme charged to profit or loss is approximately HK\$276,000 (2025: HK\$364,000).

At 31 March 2026 and 2025, there was no significant forfeited contributions which arose upon employees leaving the schemes before they are fully vested in the contributions and which are available to reduce the contributions payable by the Group in the future.

27. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to owners through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group’s overall strategy remains unchanged for both years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, which includes amount due to a shareholder, lease liabilities and other borrowing, net of bank balances and cash and equity balance. Equity balance consists of equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising share capital and reserves.

The management of the Group reviews the capital structure regularly. As part of this review, the management of the Group considers the cost of capital and the risk associated with each class of capital, and will balance its overall capital structure through payment of dividends, issue of new shares as well as the issue of new debts or the redemption of existing debts.

The externally imposed capital requirement for the Group is to maintain its listing on GEM of the Stock Exchange with a public float of at least 25% of the shares. The Company has maintained a sufficient public float to comply with the GEM Listing Rule.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

28. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(A) RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

	Other borrowing HK\$'000	Lease liabilities HK\$'000	Amount due to a shareholder HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2024	–	2,810	7,270	10,080
Changes from financing cash flows:				
– Interest paid	–	(180)	–	(180)
– Repayment	–	(3,498)	–	(3,498)
Cash outflows in financing cash flows	–	(3,678)	–	(3,678)
Non-cash changes:				
– Interest expense	–	180	–	180
– New leases entered	–	2,750	–	2,750
– Termination of lease	–	(350)	–	(350)
	–	2,580	–	2,580
At 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	–	1,712	7,270	8,982
Changes from financing cash flows:				
– Other borrowing raised	1,800	–	–	1,800
– Interest paid	–	(114)	–	(114)
– Repayment	–	(270)	(1,039)	(1,309)
Net cash inflows/(outflows) in financing cash flows	1,800	(384)	(1,039)	377
Non-cash changes:				
– Interest expense	120	114	–	234
– New leases entered	–	3,712	–	3,712
– Termination of lease	–	(1,712)	–	(1,712)
	120	2,114	–	2,234
At 31 March 2026	1,920	3,442	6,231	11,593

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

28. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(B) TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS FOR LEASES

Amounts included in the consolidated statement of cash flows for leases comprises the following:

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Cash outflows included in operating cash flows	3,032	3,140
Cash outflows included in financing cash flows	384	3,678
	3,416	6,818

(C) NON-CASH TRANSACTION

During the year ended 31 March 2026, additions of right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$3,797,000 (2025: HK\$2,750,000) were financed by lease liabilities.

29. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following balances and transactions with its related parties during both years.

(A) Details of amount due to a shareholder is as follows:

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Amount due to a shareholder:		
Mr. C Tang	6,231	7,270

Note: The balance is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

(B) COMPENSATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The remuneration of the directors of the Company, being the key management personnel, during the year ended 31 March 2026 were as follows:

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Short-term benefits	540	528
Post-employment benefits	9	9
	549	537

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's share option scheme was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on 21 February 2019 (the **"2019 Share Option Scheme"**). On 30 September 2025, a new share option scheme (the **"2025 Share Option Scheme"**) was adopted and the 2019 Share Option Scheme was terminated by the shareholders of the Company at annual general meeting in order to conform with the new requirements under the GEM Listing Rules.

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 30 September 2025, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of the 2025 Share Option Scheme under which the directors of the Company may grant options to eligible participants to subscribe for the Company's shares subject to the terms and conditions as stipulated therein. The primary purpose of the 2025 Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives to the eligible participants (the **"Eligible Participants"**) for their recognition and acknowledgment of their contributions to the Group and provide the Eligible Participants an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company with the view to achieving the following objectives (i) motivating the Eligible Participants to optimise their performance and efficiency for the benefit of the Group; and (ii) attracting and retaining or otherwise maintaining on-going employment and/or business relationships with the Eligible Participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long term growth of the Group.

Under the 2025 Share Option Scheme, the directors of the Company may grant options to the Eligible Participants, including the employee participant(s) (the **"Employee Participant(s)"**) and the related entity participant(s) (the **"Related Entity Participant(s)"**), provided that the board of directors of the Company may have absolute discretion to determine whether or not one falls within the above category.

With respect to the Employee Participants, the board of directors of the Company will consider, all relevant factors including (i) the general working experience, skills, knowledge, expertise, educational and professional qualifications, and other relevant personal personalities; (ii) time commitment (full-time or part time); (iii) the length of service of the Eligible Participant within the Group; (iv) roles and responsibilities; (v) employment conditions according to the prevailing market practice and industry standard; and (vi) contribution or potential contribution to the Group. In determining whether a person has contributed or will contribute to the Group, the Group will take into account, among other things, whether contribution has been made to or will be made to the Group in terms of operation, financial performance, prospects, growth, reputation and image of the Group.

With respect to the Related Entity Participants, the board of directors of the Company will consider, all relevant factors including (i) the positive impact brought by, or expected from, the Related Entity Participant on the Group's business in terms of, amongst other things, an increase in revenue or profits and/or an addition of expertise to the Group; (ii) the period of engagement or employment of the Related Entity Participant by the Group; (iii) the number, scale and nature of the projects in which the Related Entity Participant is involved; (iv) whether the Related Entity Participant has or is expected to refer or introduce opportunities to the Group which have or are likely to materialise into further business relationships; and (v) the materiality and nature of the business relations of holding companies, fellow subsidiaries or associated companies with the Group and the Related Entity Participant's contribution in such holding companies, fellow subsidiaries or associated companies of the Group which may benefit the core business of the Group through a collaborative relationship.

An offer for the grant of options must be accepted within seven days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made. A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable by the grantee on acceptance of the grant of an option. The subscription price of a share in respect of any particular option granted under the 2025 Share Option Scheme shall be a price solely determined by the board of directors of the Company and notified to a participant and shall be at least the higher of: (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the option, which must be a business day; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the option; and (iii) the nominal value of a share on the date of grant of the option.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME *(Continued)*

The total number of shares available for issue under the 2025 Share Option Scheme was 19,250,000, representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company (excluding treasury shares) as at the date of this annual report. The maximum number of the shares that may be allotted and issued upon the exercise of all options (excluding, for this purpose, options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the 2025 Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group) under the 2025 Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group shall not exceed 10% of all the 192,500,000 shares in issue (excluding treasury shares). The Company may seek approval of the shareholders in a general meeting to refresh the 10% limit after 3 years from the date of adoption of the 2025 Share Option Scheme, or the date of the shareholders' approval for the last refreshment, provided that the total number of shares which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the 2025 Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group shall not exceed 10% of the number of shares in issue (excluding Treasury Shares) as at the date of approval of the limit.

Under the 2025 Share Options Scheme, an option must be held by the grantee for at least twelve (12) months before the options can be exercised. However, where the Eligible Participant is an Employee Participant, the Remuneration Committee (in the case where the Employee Participant is a Director or a senior manager of the Company) or the board of directors of the Company (in the case where such Employee Participant is neither a director of the Company nor a senior manager) shall have the authority to determine shorter vesting period, if the Remuneration Committee (or, as the case may be, the directors of the Company) considers that a shorter vesting period is appropriate to align with the purpose of the 2025 Share Option Scheme.

The total number of shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon the exercise of the options granted under the 2025 Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group (including both exercised or outstanding options) to each grantee in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue. Any further grant of options in excess of the 1% limit in any 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant must be separately approved by the shareholders in a general meeting of the Company with such grantee and his associates abstaining from voting. The number and terms (including the exercise price) of options to be further granted must be fixed before the approval of the shareholders and the date of the board meeting for proposing such further grant should be taken as the date of grant for the purpose of calculating the exercise price under the GEM Listing Rules.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the 2025 Share Option Scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the directors of the Company to each grantee, which period may commence from the date of offer for the grant of the option is made, but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date of grant of the option subject to the provisions for early termination thereof. There is no vesting period in respect of the options under the Share Option Scheme.

The 2025 Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing on the date on which the 2025 Share Option Scheme is adopted (i.e. 30 September 2025).

During the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025, no share options were granted, exercised, lapsed nor cancelled under the 2019 Share Option Scheme and the 2025 Share Option Scheme. At 31 March 2026 and 2025, there was no share option outstanding under the 2019 Share Option Scheme and the 2025 Share Option Scheme.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

31. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

On 31 December 2024, a subsidiary of the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party not connected to the Group for the disposal of entire equity interest in Kind Most Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong and wholly-owned by the Company, at a cash consideration of HK\$190,000. Kind Most Limited was principally engaged into trademark holding and licensing to a franchisee and a licensee. The disposal has been completed on 31 December 2024. Immediately after the completion of the disposal, Kind Most Limited has been ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company and the Company has lost control over Kind Most Limited.

The consideration and the net assets of the Kind Most Limited at the date of disposal were as follows:

Consideration received

	HK\$'000
Cash consideration received	190

Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost

	31 December 2024 HK\$'000
Intangible assets	–
Trade receivables	142
Other payables	(9)
Net assets disposed of	133

Gain on disposal of a subsidiary

	HK\$'000
Consideration received	190
Less: Net assets disposed of	(133)
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary (note 8)	57

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

31. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY (Continued)**Cash inflow on disposal of a subsidiary**

	HK\$'000
Cash consideration received	190

The results of the Kind Most Limited from 1 April 2024 to 31 December 2024, being the date of the completion of the disposal, were as follows:

	HK\$'000
Revenue	702
Other income	404
Other operating expenses	(730)
Profit for the period	376
Income tax	–
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	376

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

32. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

The table below shows details of a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company that have material non-controlling interests:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation and principal place of business	Proportion of ownership interests and voting rights held by non-controlling interests		Loss for the year attributable to non-controlling interests		Total comprehensive expense attributable to non-controlling interests		Accumulated non-controlling interests	
		2026	2025	2026	2025	2026	2025	2026	2025
		HK'000	HK'000	HK'000	HK'000	HK'000	HK'000	HK'000	HK'000
Prosperous Food and Beverage Company Limited ('Prosperous Food')	Hong Kong	35%	35%	(17)	(83)	(17)	(83)	(2,151)	(2,134)

The summarised financial information of Prosperous Food below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Current assets	55	339
Current liabilities	(6,201)	(6,436)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	(3,995)	(3,963)
Non-controlling interests	(2,151)	(2,134)
Income	29	1,983
Expenses	(78)	(2,220)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	(49)	(237)
Loss and total comprehensive expense attributable to owners of the Company	(32)	(154)
Loss and total comprehensive expense attributable to the non-controlling interests	(17)	(83)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	(49)	(237)
Net cash outflows from operating activities	(49)	(228)
Net cash inflows from investing activities	–	1
Net cash (outflows)/inflows from financing activities	(236)	235
Net cash (outflows)/inflows	(285)	8

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

33. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000
Non-current asset		
Investment in a subsidiary	—*	—*
Current assets		
Amounts due from subsidiaries	3,924	5,841
Other receivables and prepayments	10	193
Bank balances	388	410
	4,322	6,444
Current liabilities		
Other payables	152	173
Amounts due to subsidiaries	8,455	8,455
	8,607	8,628
Current liabilities and net liabilities	(4,285)	(2,184)
Capital and reserves		
Share capital (note 25)	19,250	19,250
Reserves	(23,535)	(21,434)
Total capital deficiency	(4,285)	(2,184)

* Less than HK1,000

MOVEMENT IN THE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

	Share premium HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2024	82,705	(100,761)	(18,056)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	—	(3,378)	(3,378)
At 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	82,705	(104,139)	(21,434)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	—	(2,101)	(2,101)
At 31 March 2026	82,705	(106,240)	(23,535)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

34. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Place of operation	Issued and full paid share capital	Proportion of ownership interest and voting power held by the Company		Principal activities
				2026 %	2025 %	
Directly held						
Butao Global	The British Virgin Islands	Hong Kong	United States dollars 10,000	100	100	Investment holding
Indirectly held						
Butao Ramen	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$8,720	100	100	Investment holding and provision of management services to group companies
Butao Asia Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$100	100	100	Provision of management services to group companies
Billion Kingsway Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Sales of food and related products
Butao International Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$100	100	100	Restaurant operation in Hong Kong
Fortune Food And Beverage Company Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100	100	Restaurant operation in Hong Kong

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of each reporting period.

35. LITIGATION

During the year ended 31 March 2021, Fu Tong Investment Company Limited ("**Fu Tong**"), being the landlord of the leased restaurant, and Sun Hung Kai Real Estate Agency Limited ("**SHK**"), being the agent of Fu Tong, claimed against Right Direction International Limited ("**Right Direction**"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, for the unpaid rent and related expenses.

Such claims included (i) rent and other payable of approximately HK\$1,867,000; and (ii) accrued interest of approximately HK\$41,000, after partially set-off by the rental deposit paid previously.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

35. LITIGATION *(Continued)*

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, with the advice from external legal counsel, sufficient and adequate provision has been made in respect of the such claims, together with the interest accrued for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025. As at 31 March 2026, the total claims comprised (i) unpaid rent and other payables of approximately HK\$1,867,000 (2025: HK\$1,867,000) included in other payables as set out in note 21; and (ii) provision for surcharge and penalty of approximately HK\$279,000 (2025: HK\$235,000) included in provisions as set out in note 23.

36. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 27 April 2026, the board of directors of the Company proposed the Rights Issue to raise gross proceeds of up to approximately HK\$28,875,000 (assuming full subscription under the rights shares) by way of issuing up to 288,750,000 rights shares at a subscription price of HK\$0.1 per rights share on the basis of three rights shares for every two shares of the Company. The Rights Issue has been resolved by the shareholders of the Company on 12 June 2026. Up to the date of the issuance of the consolidated financial statements, the Rights Issue has not been completed.

Details are set out in the Company's announcement dated 27 April 2026, the Company's circular dated 22 May 2026 and the Company's prospectus dated 26 June 2026.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

RESULTS

	Year ended 31 March				
	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Revenue	31,514	30,916	38,288	42,273	41,876
Cost of inventories	(9,055)	(8,798)	(9,916)	(10,213)	(10,185)
Other income	85	253	230	1,755	1,678
Other gains/(losses), net	143	66	(1,674)	1,187	6,674
Staff costs	(6,485)	(8,882)	(16,096)	(21,860)	(20,245)
Rental and related expenses	(3,185)	(3,941)	(1,925)	(1,814)	(2,454)
Depreciation expenses	(8,170)	(5,811)	(5,280)	(4,077)	(6,388)
Other operating expenses	(11,909)	(9,399)	(11,197)	(13,952)	(14,213)
Impairment losses	(462)	(380)	–	(2,342)	(10,806)
Finance costs	(234)	(180)	(565)	(735)	(692)
Loss before taxation	(7,758)	(6,156)	(8,135)	(9,778)	(14,755)
Income tax credit/(expense)	–	–	9	39	(1,047)
Loss for the year	(7,758)	(6,156)	(8,126)	(9,739)	(15,802)
Loss for the year attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	(7,741)	(6,073)	(8,133)	(9,650)	(13,833)
Non-controlling interests	(17)	(83)	7	(89)	(1,969)
	(7,758)	(6,156)	(8,126)	(9,739)	(15,802)

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	As at 31 March				
	2026 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Total assets	23,402	29,022	37,110	29,080	21,945
Total liabilities	17,130	15,019	16,949	27,349	16,428
Total equity	6,272	14,003	20,161	1,731	5,517