31 December 2002

1. **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

During the year, the Group was involved in the following principal activities:

- manufacture and retail of jewellery
- wholesale of precious metals
- securities and commodity broking and bullion trading
- property investment

2. IMPACT OF NEW AND REVISED STATEMENTS OF STANDARD ACCOUNTING PRACTICE ("SSAPs")

The following new and revised SSAPs are effective for the first time for the current year's financial statements:

• SSAP 1 (Revised) "Presentation of financial statements"

會計實務準則第1號(經修訂) 「財務報告之呈報|

SSAP 11 (Revised) "Foreign currency translation"

會計實務準則第11號(經修訂) 「外幣換算」

"Cash flow statements" SSAP 15 (Revised)

會計實務準則第15號(經修訂) 「現金流量表」

SSAP 34 "Employee benefits"

會計實務準則第34號 「僱員福利」

These SSAPs prescribe new accounting measurement and disclosure practices. The major effects on the Group's accounting policies and on the amounts disclosed in these financial statements of those SSAPs which have had a significant effect on the financial statements, are summarised as follows:

SSAP 1 prescribes the basis for the presentation of financial statements and sets out guidelines for their structure and minimum requirements for the content thereof. The principal impact of the revision of this SSAP is that a consolidated statement of changes in equity is now presented on pages 23 to 24 of the financial statements in place of the consolidated statement of recognised gains and losses that was previously required and in place of the Group's reserves note.

財務報告附許

2002年12月31日

1. 公司資料

年內本集團從事之主要業務如下:

- 珠寶製浩及零售
- 貴金屬批發
- 證券及期貨經紀、及期金買賣
- 物業投資

2. 新訂及經修訂會計實務準則之 影響

以下為於本年度之財務報告新訂及經 修訂之會計實務準則:

此等會計實務準則規定新會計核算及 披露慣例。此等會計實務準則對本集 團之會計政策及在此等財務報告中披 露之數額之主要影響概述如下:

會計實務準則第1號規定財務報告之 呈報基準及列出其結構之指引及內容 之最低要求。此項會計實務準則修訂 之主要影響,乃以綜合權益變動表於 財務報告第23頁至第24頁呈列,取 代先前規定之綜合確認損益表及本集 團儲備之附註。

31 December 2002

2. IMPACT OF NEW AND REVISED STATEMENTS OF STANDARD ACCOUNTING PRACTICE ("SSAPs") (continued)

SSAP 11 prescribes the basis for the translation of foreign currency transactions and financial statements. The principal impact of the revision of this SSAP on the consolidated financial statements is that the profit and loss accounts of overseas subsidiaries and associates are now translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The adoption of the revised SSAP 11 has had no material effect on the financial statements. Further details of this change are included in the accounting policy for "Foreign currencies" in note 3 to the financial statements.

SSAP 15 prescribes the revised format for the cash flow statement. The principal impact of the revision of this SSAP is that the consolidated cash flow statement now presents cash flows under three headings, cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities, rather than the five headings previously required. In addition, cash flows from overseas subsidiaries and associates arising during the year are now translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions, or at an approximation thereto. Further details of these changes are included in the accounting policies for "Cash and cash equivalents" and "Foreign currencies" in note 3 and in note 34 to the financial statements.

SSAP 34 prescribes the recognition and measurement criteria to apply to employee benefits, together with the required disclosures in respect thereof. The adoption of this SSAP has had no material effect on the prior year's financial statements, but has resulted in the recognition of an accrual for paid holiday carried forward by the Group's employees as at the balance sheet date. Further details are included under the heading "Employee benefits" in note 3 and in note 28 to the financial statements.

財務報告附註

2002年12月31日

新訂及經修訂會計實務準則之 2. 影響(續)

會計實務準則第11號規定外幣交易及 財務報告之匯兑基準。此項會計實務 準則修訂對財務報告之主要影響,乃 海外附屬公司及聯營公司之損益賬按 年內之加權平均匯率換算為港元。此 項經修訂會計實務準則第11號之採納 對財務報告並無重大影響。詳情載於 本財務報告附註3「外幣 | 之會計政策 內。

會計實務準則第15號規定經修訂之現 金流量表格式。此項會計實務準則修 訂之主要影響,乃綜合現金流量表以 營運、投資及融資活動所得現金流量 三個項目呈報現金流量,取代先前規 定之五個項目。此外,於年內海外附 屬公司及聯營公司產生之現金流量按 交易當日之匯率或估計匯率換算為港 元。變動詳情載於財務報告附註3「現 金及等同現金」及「外幣」之會計政策 及附註34內。

會計實務準則第34號規定適用於僱員 福利之確認及衡量準則以及其有關之 披露規定。採納此項會計實務準則對 上年度之財務報告並無重大影響,但 於結算日產生一項須予確認本集團僱 員結轉有薪假期之應計項目。詳情載 於財務報告附註3下標題「僱員福利」 及附註28內。

31 December 2002

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Statements of Standard Accounting Practice, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the periodic remeasurement of investment properties, certain fixed assets and equity investments, as further explained below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2002. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are consolidated from or to their effective dates of acquisition or disposal, respectively. All significant intercompany transactions and balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.

Minority interests represent the interests of outside shareholders in the results and net assets of the Company's subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is a company whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's profit and loss account to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

財務報告附許

2002年12月31日

主要會計政策概要 3.

編製基準

此等財務報告乃根據香港會計實務準 則,香港普遍採納之會計原則及香港 公司條例之披露規定而編製。此等報 告乃根據歷史成本慣例而編製,惟定 期重估投資物業,若干固定資產和股 份投資除外,詳情載於下文。

綜合基準

綜合財務報告包括本公司及其附屬公 司截至2002年12月31日止年度之財 務報告。年內收購或出售之附屬公司 之業績分別自其收購日期起計入或計 至其出售日期止。本集團內部所有重 大交易及結餘均在綜合賬目時對銷。

少數股東權益為外間股東於本公司之 附屬公司之業績及淨資產權益。

附屬公司

附屬公司乃本公司直接或間接控制其 財政及營運政策之公司,以便於從其 業務中獲益。

附屬公司之業績包括於本公司之損益 賬內的已收及應收股息內。本公司於 附屬公司之權益按成本減去任何減值 虧損列賬。

31 December 2002

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Joint venture companies

A joint venture company is a company set up by contractual arrangement, whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity. The joint venture company operates as a separate entity in which the Group and the other parties have an interest.

The joint venture agreement between the venturers stipulates the capital contributions of the joint venture parties, the duration of the joint venture and the basis on which the assets are to be realised upon its dissolution. The profits and losses from the joint venture company's operations and any distributions of surplus assets are shared by the venturers, either in proportion to their respective capital contributions, or in accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement.

A joint venture company is treated as:

- a subsidiary, if the Company has unilateral control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture company;
- a jointly-controlled entity, if the Company does not have unilateral control, but has joint control, directly or indirectly over the joint venture company;
- (c) an associate, if the Company does not have unilateral or joint control, but holds, directly or indirectly, generally not less than 20% of the joint venture company's registered capital and is in a position to exercise significant influence over the joint venture company; or
- (d) a long term investment, if the Company holds, directly or indirectly, less than 20% of the joint venture company's registered capital and has neither joint control of, nor is in a position to exercise significant influence over, the joint venture company.

財務報告附許

2002年12月31日

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

合營公司

合營公司乃按合約安排成立,由此本 集團及其他訂約方承擔一經濟活動。 該合營公司乃本集團及其他訂約方擁 有權益之獨立經營實體。

合營各方訂立之合營公司協議訂明合 營各方之出資額、合營期限以及於合 營公司解散時將予變現資產之基準。 合營公司之經營損益及任何盈餘資產 由合營各方按彼等各自之出資額比例 或按合營公司協議之條款進行分配。

合營公司被視為:

- (a) 附屬公司,如本公司對合營公司,直接或間接擁有單方面之控制權;
- (b) 共同控權合資公司,如本公司 對合營公司沒有單方面控制 權,但有直接或間接共同控制 權;
- (c) 聯營公司,如本公司沒有單方 面或共同之控制權,但直接或 間接持有一般不少於20%之合 營公司註冊資本及對其有重大 影響力;或
- (d) 長期投資,如本公司直接或間接持有不足20%之合營公司註冊資本,且對合營公司沒有共同控制權,或對其有重大影響力。

31 December 2002

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Associates

An associate is a company, not being a subsidiary or a jointlycontrolled entity, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the consolidated profit and loss account and consolidated reserves, respectively. The Group's interests in associates are stated in the consolidated balance sheet at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries and associates represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's share of the fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired as at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognised in the consolidated balance sheet as an asset and amortised on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of twenty years. In the case of associates, any unamortised goodwill is included in the carrying amount thereof, rather than as a separately identified asset on the consolidated balance sheet.

SSAP 30 "Business combinations" was adopted as at 1 January 2001. Prior to that date, goodwill arising on acquisitions was eliminated against consolidated reserves in the year of acquisition. On the adoption of SSAP 30, the Group applied the transitional provision of SSAP 30 that permitted such goodwill to remain eliminated against consolidated reserves. Goodwill on acquisitions subsequent to 1 January 2001 is treated according to the SSAP 30 goodwill accounting policy above.

財務報告附許

2002年12月31日

主要會計政策概要(續)

聯營公司

聯營公司乃除附屬公司或共同控權合 資公司外,本集團長期持有其一般不 少於20%之股本投票權,及對其有重 大影響力之公司。

本集團所佔聯營公司收購後業績及儲 備已分別計入綜合損益賬及綜合儲備 內。本集團於聯營公司之權益,按權 益會計法計算本集團應佔淨資產,減 任何減值虧損,於綜合資產負債表內 列賬。

商譽

收購附屬公司及聯營公司產生之商譽 乃收購成本超逾於收購當日本集團應 佔指定資產及負債之公平價值。

因收購產生之商譽在綜合資產負債表 內確認為資產,及以直線法按可使用 年期二十年撇銷。至於聯營公司及共 同控權合資公司,任何未攤銷商譽已 包括在其賬面值, 並無於綜合資產負 债表內另行列出。

會計實務準則第30號「企業合併」於 2001年1月1日採納。在該日以前, 因收購產生之商譽於收購年度自綜合 儲備撇銷。本集團採納會計實務準則 第30號並應用其過渡性條款,准許該 等商譽繼續自綜合賬撇銷。2001年 1月1日後續收購之商譽按會計實務 準則第30號處理。

31 December 2002

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Goodwill (continued)

On disposal of subsidiaries and associates, the gain or loss on disposal is calculated by reference to the net assets at the date of disposal, including the attributable amount of goodwill which remains unamortised and any relevant reserves, as appropriate. Any attributable goodwill previously eliminated against consolidated reserves at the time of acquisition is written back and included in the calculation of the gain or loss on disposal.

The carrying amount of goodwill, including goodwill remaining eliminated against consolidated reserves, is reviewed annually and written down for impairment when it is considered necessary. A previously recognised impairment loss for goodwill is not reversed unless the impairment loss was caused by a specific external event of an exceptional nature that was not expected to recur, and subsequent external events have occurred which have reversed the effect of that event.

Related parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities.

Impairment of assets

An assessment is made at each balance sheet date of whether there is any indication of impairment of any asset, or whether there is any indication that an impairment loss previously recognised for an asset in prior years may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is calculated as the higher of the asset's value in use or its net selling price.

財務報告附許

2002年12月31日

主要會計政策概要(續) 3.

商譽(續)

出售附屬公司及聯營公司時,出售損 益乃按出售當日之淨資產計算,包括 應佔未攤銷商譽及相關儲備;過往於 收購時自綜合儲備撇銷之任何應佔商 譽應予以撥回, 並包括在出售損益之 計算內。

商譽之賬面值,包括尚在綜合儲備撇 銷之商譽需每年檢核,如有需要則作 減值。除非引致此減值損失之特殊外 在事件已不復存在,及後續發生之外 在事件沖轉其影響,否則,以前已確 認之商譽減值損失不得撥回。

關連人士

倘一方可直接或間接控制另一方,或 在另一方制訂財務及經營決策時可施 以重大影響,彼等便被視為關連人 士。倘各方均受共同控制或受共同重 大影響,亦被視為關連人士。關連人 士可指個人或公司。

資產減值

於每結算日需就任何資產是否出現減 值跡象,或是否有跡象於過往年度已 確認之資產減值虧損可能不復存在或 可能減少,作出評估。如有任何此等 現象出現,需就該資產之可收回金額 作出估計。資產之可收回金額以使用 中資產價值或其淨出售價兩者之較高 者為準。

31 December 2002

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Impairment of assets (continued)

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, when the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of an asset, however not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation), had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

A reversal of an impairment loss is credited to the profit and loss account in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, when the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets, other than investment properties, are stated at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after fixed assets have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of the fixed asset, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of that asset.

財務報告附許

2002年12月31日

主要會計政策概要(續) 3.

資產減值(續)

如資產之賬面值超逾其可收回數額 時,減值虧損方予確認。除非該資產 以重估數額列賬,減值虧損方根據有 關會計政策就該重估資產處理,否則 任何減值虧損於產生當期之損益賬內 扣除。

僅於釐定資產之可收回數額之估計出 現變動時,於先前已確認之減值虧損 方可撥回:惟倘若於過往年度並無就 該資產確認任何減值虧損,高出於此 情況下所釐定之賬面值之數額(扣除 任何折舊/攤銷)則不得撥回。

除非該資產以重估數額列賬,減值虧 損之撥回方根據有關會計政策就該重 估資產處理,否則,任何減值虧損之 橃回於產生當期計入損益賬內。

固定資產及折舊

除投資物業外,固定資產乃按成本或 估值減累計折舊列賬。成本包括資產 之購入價及將該資產運往擬作用途之 工作環境及地點之任何直接應佔成 本。於固定資產運作後產生之支出, 如維修及保養,一般均自費用產生當 期之損益賬中扣除。倘若可明確顯示 該等支出能令日後使用該資產而獲得 更大經濟收益,則該等支出將資本化 為該資產之額外成本。

31 December 2002

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Fixed assets and depreciation (continued)

Changes in the values of fixed assets, other than investment properties, are dealt with as movements in the revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, on an individual asset basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to the profit and loss account. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to the profit and loss account to the extent of the deficit previously charged. On disposal of a revalued asset, the relevant portion of the revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is transferred to retained profits as a movement in reserves.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost or valuation of each asset over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold land held under long and

medium term leases	Over the lease terms
Buildings	2.5%
Plant and machinery	10% - 30%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	20% - 33%
Motor vehicles	30%

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of a fixed asset recognised in the profit and loss account is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

For a transfer from fixed assets to investment properties, the related revaluation surplus included in equity is transferred to the investment property revaluation reserve and remains until subsequent disposal or retirement of the property when the revaluation surplus is transferred to retained profits.

財務報告附許

2002年12月31日

主要會計政策概要(續)

固定資產及折舊(續)

除投資物業外,固定資產價值之改變 作重估儲備變動處理。倘此儲備之總 額不足以抵銷按個別資產基準計算之 虧損,超出之虧損自損益賬中扣除。 後續任何重估盈餘按先前已扣除之虧 損為限計入損益賬。在出售經重估的 資產,有關先前已實現的重估儲備部 分轉至保留溢利,作為儲備之變動。

折舊乃按個別資產之估計可使用年期 以直線法撇銷其成本或估值。計算折 舊之主要年率如下:

長期及中期租賃

土地	按尚餘租期
樓宇	2.5%
廠房設備及機器	10% - 30%
傢俬、裝置及設備	20% - 33%
汽車	30%

於損益賬中確認之出售或報廢固定資 產之利潤或虧損乃有關資產淨銷售所 得與賬面值之差額。

固定資產轉撥為投資物業,其已計入 權益內之有關重估盈餘將撥往投資物 業重估儲備中,並保留至該物業日後 出售或報廢時,其重估盈餘撥往保留 溢利。

31 December 2002

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings in respect of which construction work and development have been completed and which are intended to be held on a long term basis for their investment potential, any rental income being negotiated at arm's length. Such properties are not depreciated and are stated at their open market values on the basis of annual professional valuations performed at the end of each financial year.

Changes in the values of investment properties are dealt with as movements in the investment property revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, on a portfolio basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to the profit and loss account. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to the profit and loss account to the extent of the deficit previously charged.

On disposal of an investment property, the relevant portion of the investment property revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is released to the profit and loss account.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets, representing eligibility rights to trade on or through The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange Trading Rights") and Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited ("Futures Exchange Trading Right"), are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses.

Amortisation is calculated on the straight-line basis over a period of ten years to write off the cost of the rights.

Other assets

Other assets held on a long term basis are stated at cost less any impairment losses on an individual asset basis.

財務報告附許

2002年12月31日

主要會計政策概要(續)

投資物業

投資物業指建築及發展工程皆已完成 並因其投資潛力而擬長期持有之土地 及樓宇權益,任何租金收入乃經公平 協商而訂定。此等物業不予折舊,於 每財政年度末進行之每年專業評估按 公開市值列賬。

投資物業價值之改變以投資物業重估 儲備變動處理。倘此儲備之總額不足 以抵銷按投資物業組合計算之虧損, 超出之虧損自損益賬中扣除。後續任 何重估盈餘按先前已扣除之虧損為限 計入損益賬。

在出售投資物業時,就先前評估已實 現之有關投資物業重估儲備部分轉入 損益賬計算。

無形資產

無形資產乃可於或透過香港聯合交易 所有限公司(「聯交所交易權」)及香港 期貨交易所有限公司(「期交所交易 權」) 進行交易之權利, 按成本減累計 攤銷及任何減值虧損列賬。

攤銷乃以直線法計算,按十年撇銷該 等權利之成本。

其他資產

長期持有之其他資產乃以個別資產作 基準,按成本扣除減值撥備列賬。

31 December 2002

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Long term investments

Long term investments are non-trading investments in listed and unlisted equity securities intended to be held on a long term basis.

Listed securities are stated at their fair values on the basis of their quoted market prices at the balance sheet date, on an individual investment basis. Unlisted securities are stated at their estimated fair values, on an individual basis.

The gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of securities are dealt with as movements in the long term investment revaluation reserve, until the securities are sold, collected, or otherwise disposed of, or until the securities are determined to be impaired, when the cumulative gain or loss derived from the securities recognised in the long term investment revaluation reserve, together with the amount of any further impairment, is charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which the impairment arises.

Short term investments

Short term investments are investments in listed equity securities held for trading purposes and are stated at their fair values on the basis of their quoted market prices at the balance sheet date, on an individual investment basis. The gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of securities are credited or charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.

Inventories

Inventories, principally comprising goods for sale, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis and comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of production overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

財務報告附註

2002年12月31日

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

長期投資

長期投資乃非作買賣之上市及非上市 股本證券投資,擬作長期持有。

上市證券乃按個別投資基準,根據彼 等於結算日之市價作公平價值列賬。 非上市證券乃按個別基準,按估計公 平價值列賬。

證券公平價值變動所產生之收益或虧 損於長期投資重估儲備中處理,直至 該等證券被出售、收取或以其他方式 處理,或直至該等證券被判斷為已減 值,屆時該等證券於長期投資重估儲 備已確認之累計收益或虧損,連同任 何進一步減值數額,於減值出現當期 損益賬中扣除。

短期投資

短期投資乃持作買賣用途之股份證券 投資,以個別投資基準,按結算日之 市價作公平值入賬。由證券公平值變 動而出現之收益或虧損,於當期之損 益賬內計入或扣除。

存貨

存貨主要包括銷售貨品,乃按成本或 可實現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。成 本是按先入先出法計算,包括直接原 料、直接工資及適當比例之生產費 用。可實現淨值是根據估計售價減直 至完成及出售所需之估計成本。

31 December 2002

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the balance sheet, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all significant timing differences to the extent it is probable that the liability will crystallise in the foreseeable future. A deferred tax asset is not recognised until its realisation is assured beyond reasonable doubt.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- from the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- from the rendering of services, in the period in which such services are performed;
- commissions and brokerage income on dealings in securities and futures contracts, on the transaction dates when the relevant contract notes are executed:

財務報告附註

2002年12月31日

主要會計政策概要(續)

現金及等同現金

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及等同 現金包括流動現金及活期存款及於購 入後三個月內到期,可隨時轉換為已 知金額現金但價值改變而風險不大之 短期高變現能力投資,扣除按要求償 環之銀行诱支,為本集團現金管理之 重要部分。

就資產負債表而言,現金及等同現金 包括流動現金及銀行存款,包括有條 款存款及性質與現金相似而且其使用 不受限制之資產。

遞延税項

遞延税項乃按負債法對所有重大時差 於可見將來可能引起之負債而撥備。 除非確定遞延税項資產可實現,否則 不予確認。

收入確認

當本集團可能有經濟收益並能作出可 靠計算,收入按下列基準予以確認:

- 貨品銷售收入,假使本集團對 (a) 已售貨品已無一般所有權應有 之有效管控,在所有權之主要 風險及回報轉予買家後確認;
- 提供服務之收入,於提供服務 (b) 期內確認;
- 證券及期貨合約交易之佣金及 (c) 經紀收入,在有關合約執行之 交易日期確認;

31 December 2002

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

- rental income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms:
- interest income, on a time proportion basis taking into account the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable; and
- dividend income, when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

Employee benefits

Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the balance sheet date is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the balance sheet date for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

Prior to the adoption of SSAP 34 during the year, as explained in note 2 to the financial statements, the Group did not accrue for paid annual leave carried forward at the balance sheet date. This change in accounting policy has had no material effect on the prior year's financial statements, but has resulted in the recognition of an accrual for paid holiday carried forward by the Group's employees as at the balance sheet date. Further details are included in note 28 to the financial statements.

Employment Ordinance long service payments

Certain of the Group's employees have completed the required number of years of service to the Group in order to be eligible for long service payments under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance in the event of the termination of their employment. The Group is liable to make such payments in the event that such a termination of employment meets the circumstances specified in the Employment Ordinance.

財務報告附許

2002年12月31日

主要會計政策概要(續) 3.

收入確認(續)

- 租金收入,於物業出租期內以 直線法按租賃年期確認;
- 利息收入,就未清付之本金及 (e) 有效適用之利率,按時間比例 確認;及
- 股息收入,在確定股東收取權 (f) 利時確認。

僱員福利

結轉有薪假期

本集團根據僱傭合約每年提供有薪年 假予其僱員。在若干情況下,有關僱 員於結算日尚未提取之假期准予結轉 至下年度享用。於結算日,僱員於年 內已賺取並予以結轉之有薪假期之預 計未來成本需作一項應計費用。

年內採納會計實務準則第34號前,如 財務報告附註2所載,本集團於結算 日並無提列結轉有薪年假。此項會計 政策之改變對上年度之財務報告並無 重大影響,但已產生一項須予確認由 本集團僱員於結算日結轉有薪假期之 應計項目。詳情載於財務報告附註 28 °

僱傭條例長期服務金

本集團部分僱員已達到服務本集團所 需年數,以便符合香港僱傭條例規 定,在其僱用終止時,合資格領取長 期服務金。倘終止僱用此等符合僱傭 條例所列情況下之員工時,本集團須 承擔該等款項。

31 December 2002

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

A contingent liability is disclosed in respect of possible future long service payments to employees, as a number of current employees have achieved the required number of years of service to the Group, to the balance sheet date, in order to be eligible for long service payments under the Employment Ordinance if their employment is terminated in the circumstances specified. A provision has not been recognised in respect of such possible payments, as it is not considered probable that the situation will result in a material future outflow of resources from the Group.

Pension schemes and other retirement benefits

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance in Hong Kong, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to the contributions vesting fully, in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's overseas subsidiaries are required to participate in central pension schemes operated by the local municipal governments. These overseas subsidiaries are required to contribute 2% to 25% of its payroll costs to the central pension schemes. The contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension schemes.

財務報告附許

2002年12月31日

主要會計政策概要(續) 3.

僱員福利(續)

由於部分現有僱員於結算日已完成本 集團規定之服務年數,以便根據僱傭 條例倘在若干情況下終止僱用時可符 合資格領取長期服務金,須於結算日 披露一項有關給予僱員長期服務金之 或然負債。鑑於該情況不會令本集團 實質資源流出,故無須為此等可行付 款作準備確認。

退休金計劃及其他退休福利

本集團根據香港的強制性公積金計劃 條例,實行一項界定供款強制性公積 金退休利益計劃(「該強制性計劃」), 供合資格之僱員參加。供款乃根據僱 員基本薪金之指定百分比提撥,並根 據該強制性計劃條款須予供款時於損 益賬扣除。該強制性計劃之資產與本 集團之資產分開,由獨立管理基金持 有。根據該強制性計劃條款,本集團 之僱主供款即時及完全歸屬予僱員, 至於本集團僱主自願性供款則除外, 當僱員於供款完全歸屬前離職,供款 退回本集團。

本集團海外附屬公司僱員均須參加由 當地市政府運作的中央退休金計劃。 此等海外附屬公司須提撥薪金費用之 2%至25%為中央退休金計劃供款, 並根據中央退休金計劃條款須予供款 時於損益賬扣除。

31 December 2002

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under the operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Dividends

Final dividends proposed by the directors are classified as a separate allocation of retained profits within the capital and reserves section of the balance sheet, until they have been approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. When these dividends have been approved by the shareholders and declared, they are recognised as a liability.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's Memorandum of Association and Bye-Laws grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the applicable exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the applicable exchange rates ruling at that date. Exchange differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

財務報告附許

2002年12月31日

主要會計政策概要(續) 3.

經營租約

當資產擁有權之全部回報及風險絕大 部分保留於出租人之租約,以經營租 約處理。當本集團為出租人,本集團 於經營租約下租出資產包括在非流動 資產內,於經營租約下之應收租金以 直線法按租期計入損益賬內。當本集 團為承租人,於經營租約下之應付租 金以直線法按租期於損益賬扣除。

股息

董事擬派之末期股息於資產負債表獨 立按股本及儲備項下保留溢利分配列 賬,直至此等股息獲股東於股東大會 批准。當此等股息獲股東批准及宣派 後始確認為負債。

中期股息乃同時予以擬派及宣派,此 乃本公司組織章程大綱及細則授予董 事宣派中期股息之權力。因此,中期 股息於擬派及宣派時即確認為負債。

外幣

外幣交易按交易日之適用匯率記錄。 於結算日以外幣為單位之貨幣資產及 負債均按結算日之適用匯率換算。匯 兑差額撥入損益賬處理。

31 December 2002

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

On consolidation, the financial statements of overseas subsidiaries and associates are translated into Hong Kong dollars using the net investment method. The profit and loss accounts of overseas subsidiaries and associates are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year, and their balance sheets are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. The resulting translation differences are included in the exchange fluctuation reserve.

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries and associates are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries and associates which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

Prior to the adoption of the revised SSAPs 11 and 15 during the year, as explained in note 2 to the financial statements, the profit and loss accounts of overseas subsidiaries and associates and the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries and associates were translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. The adoption of the revised SSAP 11 has had no material effect on the financial statements. The adoption of the revised SSAP 15 has resulted in changes to the layout of the consolidated cash flow statement, further details of which are included in note 34 to the financial statements.

財務報告附許

2002年12月31日

主要會計政策概要(續) 3.

外幣(續)

在綜合賬目時,海外附屬公司及聯營 公司之財務報告乃按投資淨額法換算 為港元。海外附屬公司及聯營公司之 損益賬乃按年內之加權平均匯率換算 為港元,該等公司之資產負債表乃按 結算日之匯率換算為港元。其產生之 換算差額計入外匯變動儲備內。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公 司及聯營公司之現金流量乃按現金流 量當日之匯率換算為港元。年內海外 附屬公司及聯營公司日常產生之現金 流量乃按年內之加權平均匯率換算為 港元。

年內採納經修訂之會計實務準則第 11號及第15號前,如財務報告附註2 所載,海外附屬公司及聯營公司之損 益賬及海外附屬公司及聯營公司之現 金流量表乃按結算日之匯率換算為港 元。採納經修訂之會計實務準則第 11號對此財務報告並無重大影響,但 採納經修訂之會計實務準則第15號改 變綜合現金流量表之呈列方式。詳情 載於財務報告附註34。

31 December 2002

4. **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

Segment information is presented by way of two segment formats: (i) on a primary segment reporting basis, by business segment; and (ii) on a secondary segment reporting basis, by geographical segment.

The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately, according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provide. Each of the Group's business segments represents a strategic business unit that offers products and services which are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of the other business segments. The Group's business segments are identified as follows:

- manufacture and retail of jewellery; (a)
- wholesale of precious metals; and (b)
- securities broking and investments. (c)

In determining the Group's geographical segments, revenues and results are attributed to the segments based on the location of the customers, and assets are attributed to the segments based on the location of the assets. No geographical analysis is presented as over 90% of the Group's revenue and assets are derived from activities in Hong Kong.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

財務報告附許

2002年12月31日

4. 分部資料

分部資料採用以下兩部形式呈報:(i) 按業務分部為主要分部呈報基準;及 (ii)按地區分部為次要分部呈報基準。

本集團經營之業務乃根據各項業務之 性質及所提供之產品及服務分開架構 及管理。本集團各項業務分部代表一 策略性經營單位,其提供之產品及服 務所承擔之風險及回報均有別於其他 業務分部。本集團業務分部概要如 下:

- (a) 珠寶製造及零售;
- 貴金屬批發;及 (b)
- 證券經紀及投資。 (c)

確定本集團之地區分部時,收益及業 績乃按客戶之位置分配予各分部,資 產則按資產之位置予以分配。本集團 90%以上之收入及資產均來自香港業 務,因此不提供地區性分析。

內部銷售及轉讓乃根據銷售予第三者 之售價作為通用市場價格。

31 December 2002

財務報告附註

2002年12月31日

SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Business segments

The following tables present revenue, profit and certain asset, liability and other segment information for the Group's business segments.

分部資料(續)

業務分部

下表為本集團業務分部之收益、溢利 及若干資產、負債及其他分部資料。

						Gro 集					
		Manufa	cture and	Whol	esale of	Securitie					
		retail of	jewellery	precio	us metals		estments	Elimin	ations	Conso	lidated
		珠寶製	造及零售	貴金	屬批發	證券經綸	己及投資	對	銷	給	合
		2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Segment revenue:	分部收益:										
Sales to external customers	銷售予外界客戶	1,931,116	1,842,401	2,857,923	2,811,587	28,520	32,242	_	_	4,817,559	4,686,230
Intersegment sales	內部銷售	46,736	25,761	122,377	229,633	679	660	(169,792)	(256,054)	_	_
Other revenue from external sources	其他外界收益	18,399	12,998	10	20	5,127	4,429	_	_	23,536	17,447
Intersegment other revenue	內部其他收益	3,792	4,523			8,141	8,720	(11,933)	(13,243)		
Total	總收益	2,000,043	1,885,683	2,980,310	3,041,240	42,467	46,051	(181,725)	(269,297)	4,841,095	4,703,677
Segment results	分部業績	89,569	19,757	5,167	3,379	(12,550)	(1,625)			82,186	21,511
Interest income	利息收入									6,260	9,416
Dividend income	股息收入									2,777	3,819
Unallocated expenses	未分配費用									(5,583)	(5,652)
Profit from operating activities	經營業務所得溢利									85,640	29,094
Finance costs	財務費用									(1,073)	(781)
Share of profits of associates	應佔聯營公司溢利									1,065	993
Profit before tax	除税前溢利									85,632	29,306
Tax	税項									(22,244)	(8,967)
Profit before minority interests	未計少數股東權益前溢利									63,388	20,339
Minority interests	少數股東權益									252	16
Net profit from ordinary activities	股東應佔日常業務溢利										
attributable to shareholders										63,640	20,355

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SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Business segments (continued)

4. 分部資料(續)

業務分部(續)

							oup 團				
		Manufa	cture and	Whole	esale of	Securitie	s broking				
		retail of	jewellery		s metals		estments	Elimin			lidated
		珠寶製		貴金属	屬批發	證券經緯	己及投資	對	銷	綜	合
		2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Segment assets	分部資產	1,844,889	1,677,763	57,117	24,589	850,107	889,114	(603,805)	(562,817)	2,148,308	2,028,649
Interests in associates	於聯營公司權益									7,869	7,782
Unallocated assets	未分配資產									12,416	8,097
Total assets	總資產									2,168,593	2,044,528
Segment liabilities	分部負債	(693,809)	(622,265)	(48,468)	(2,028)	(144,843)	(161,659)	603,805	562,817	(283,315)	(223,135)
Unallocated liabilities	未分配負債									(96,367)	(58,958)
Total liabilities	總負債									(379,682)	(282,093)
Other segment information:	其他分部資料:										
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	39,992	46,656	17	17	4,514	4,418	_	-	44,523	51,091
Impairment loss recognised	於損益賬中確認之										
in the profit and loss account	減值虧損	-	-	-	-	9,447	-	-	-	9,447	-
Capital expenditure	資本開支	13,789	12,897			1,540	3,302			15,329	16,199

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TURNOVER 5.

Turnover represents the net invoiced value of goods sold, after allowances for returns, trade discounts and value-added tax; commission on securities and commodity broking and rental income earned during the year.

Revenue from the following activities has been included in turnover:

Sales of goods	貨品銷售
Commission on securities and	證券及期貨經紀
commodity broking	佣金收入
Gross rental income	總租金收入

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營業額 5.

營業額指年內撇除退回、交易折扣與 增值税後售出貨品之發票淨值,證券 及期貨經紀佣金收入及租金收入。

以下業務之收益已包括在營業額內:

2002	2001
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
4,789,039	4,653,988
22,384	25,875
6,136	6,367
4,817,559	4,686,230

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PROFIT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 6.

The Group's profit from operating activities is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

2002 2001 HK\$'000 Notes HK\$'000 附註 千港元 千港元 Depreciation 折舊 14 44,461 51.029 Amortisation of intangible assets* 無形資產攤銷* 16 62 62 Minimum lease payments under 土地及樓宇經營租約 最低租賃付款 operating leases for land and buildings 95,072 96,370 核數師酬金 Auditors' remuneration 1,782 1,761 員工費用(不包括董事 Staff costs (excluding directors' 酬金(附註8)): remuneration (note 8)): 工資及薪金 Wages and salaries 213,807 220,093 Pension schemes contributions 公積金供款 8,838 9,689 Less: Forfeited contributions 減:已沒收供款 (737)(1,211)公積金供款淨額 Net pension schemes contributions 8,478 8,101 221,908 228,571 Loss on disposal of fixed assets 出售固定資產之虧損 1,087 3,265 Unrealised loss on revaluation of 重估投資物業之 未變現虧損 investment properties 9,447 重估短期上市投資之 Unrealised loss/(gain) on revaluation of short term listed investments 未變現虧損/(收益) 4,690 (297)匯兑虧損淨值 Exchange losses, net 1,121 526 Inventories written off 存貨撇值 7,825 Provision for doubtful debts 壞賬準備 626 40 租金收入淨額 Net rental income (5,823)(5,721)利息收入 Interest income (6,260)(9,416)Dividend income from listed investments 來自上市投資股息 (2,364)(2,014)Dividend income from unlisted investments 來自非上市投資股息 (413)(1,805)Gain on disposal of long term unlisted 出售長期非上市 投資收益 investments (428)(189)Gain on disposal of short term 出售短期 listed investments 上市投資收益 (221)

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經營業務所得溢利

本集團之經營業務所得溢利已扣除/

2002年12月31日

(計入):

6.

The amortisation of intangible assets for the year is included in "Administrative expenses" on the face of the consolidated profit and loss account.

本年度之無形資產攤銷已包括在綜合損 益賬內「行政費用」中。

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FINANCE COSTS 7.

財務費用 7.

		Gro	oup
		集	專
		2002	2001
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest on bank loans and overdrafts	須於五年內全數償還之		
wholly repayable within five years	銀行貸款及透支利息	746	394
Interest on other loans wholly repayable	須於五年內全數償還之		
within five years	其他貸款利息	327	387
		1,073	781

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION 8.

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules and Section 161 of the Companies Ordinance is as follows:

董事酬金 8.

根據上市規則及公司條例第161條之 規定,董事酬金披露如下:

		Group 集團
	2002	2001
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Fees	 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	598
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:	
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼 5,274	5,765
Bonuses paid and payable	已付及應付紅利 107	149
Pension schemes contributions	退休金計劃供款 130	130
	5,511	6,044
	6,071	6,642

Fees include HK\$240,000 (2001: HK\$240,000) payable to the independent non-executive directors. There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2001: Nil).

袍金包括240,000港元(2001年: 240,000港元)付予獨立非執行董 事。年內並無其他酬金付予獨立非執 行董事(2001年:零港元)。

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DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued) 8.

The number of directors whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

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董事酬金(續) 8.

董事酬金組別分列如下:

		Number of 董事/	
		2002	2001
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零港元-1,000,000港元	5	7
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元-1,500,000港元	1	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元-2,000,000港元	2	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元-2,500,000港元	_	1
		8	10

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

年內董事並無訂立任何安排放棄或同 意放棄任何酬金。

9. **FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES**

The five highest paid employees of the Group during the year included three (2001: three) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. The aggregate amount of the remuneration of the five highest paid employees are as follows:

9. 五名最高薪酬僱員

本年度本集團五名最高薪酬僱員包括 三名(2001年:三名)董事,其詳細 酬金資料於上述附註8披露。五名最 高薪酬僱員酬金總額如下:

		Group		
		集團		
		2002	2001	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Fees	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	200	200	
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	7,291	7,023	
Bonuses paid and payable	已付及應付紅利	333	342	
Pension schemes contributions	退休金計劃供款	245	210	
		8,069	7,775	

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FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (continued) 9.

The remuneration of the five highest paid employees fell within the following bands:

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五名最高薪酬僱員(續) 9.

五名最高薪酬僱員酬金組別分列如

		Number of employees 人數	
		2002	2001
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零港元-1,000,000港元	_	2
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元-1,500,000港元	2	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元-2,000,000港元	3	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元-2,500,000港元		1
		5	5

10. TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16% (2001: 16%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

10. 税項

香港利得税乃按本年度於香港產生之 估計應課税溢利以税率16%(2001 年:16%)計算。其他地區之應課利 得税乃按集團營運地區以現行法則、 闡釋及慣例為基礎之通用稅率計算。

		2002	2001
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Group:	集團:		
Hong Kong	香港	23,271	10,186
Elsewhere	其他地區	688	445
Overprovision in prior year	上年度超額準備	(1,614)	(945)
Deferred (note 30)	遞延(附註30)	(254)	(858)
		22,091	8,828
Share of tax attributable to associates	應佔聯營公司税項	153	139
Tax charge for the year	本年度税項	22,244	8,967

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11. NET PROFIT FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

The net profit from ordinary activities attributable to shareholders for the year ended 31 December 2002 dealt with in the financial statements of the Company, is HK\$22,465,000 (2001: HK\$53,412,000).

12. DIVIDENDS

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11. 股東應佔日常業務溢利

於本公司截至2002年12月31日止年 度之財務報告中處理之股東應佔日常 業務溢利為22,465,000港元(2001 年:53,412,000港元)。

12. 股息

		2002 HK\$′000 千港元	2001 HK\$′000 千港元
Interim - HK4.0 cents (2001: HK3.0 cents) per ordinary share Proposed final - HK6.0 cents	中期股息一每股普通股4.0港仙 (2001年:3.0港仙) 擬派末期股息一每股普通股6.0港仙	17,600	13,200
(2001: HK2.0 cents) per ordinary share	(2001年:2.0港仙)	26,400	8,800
		44,000	22,000

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

擬派之本年度末期股息須經本公司股 東於即將召開之股東週年大會上批 准。

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the net profit attributable to shareholders for the year of HK\$63,640,000 (2001: HK\$20,355,000), and the 440,000,000 (2001: 440,000,000) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

Diluted earnings per share for the years ended 31 December 2002 and 2001 have not been presented as no diluting events existed during these years.

13. 每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃按本年度股東應 佔溢利63,640,000港元(2001年: 20,355,000港元)及年內已發行股份 440.000.000 (2001年: 440.000.000) 普通股計算。

由於年內並無攤薄事項,故並無披露 截至2002年及2001年12月31日止年 度之每股攤薄盈利。

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14. FIXED ASSETS

14. 固定資產

Group
集團

				Furniture,		
		Land and	Plant and	fixtures and	Motor	
		buildings	machinery	equipment	vehicles	Total
			廠房	傢俬、		
		土地及	設備	裝置		
		樓宇	及機器	及設備	汽車	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost or valuation:	成本或估值:					
At beginning of year	年初	571,033	9,430	146,422	1,702	728,587
Additions	添置	2,922	1,331	10,568	508	15,329
Disposals	出售	_	(147)	(5,806)	_	(5,953)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(1)	(4)	(36)		(41)
At 31 December 2002	於2002年12月31日	573,954	10,610	151,148	2,210	737,922
Accumulated depreciation:	累計折舊:					
At beginning of year	年初	103,664	5,090	83,937	1,315	194,006
Provided during the year	年內撥備	14,109	2,043	28,086	223	44,461
Disposals	出售撥回	_	(120)	(4,350)	_	(4,470)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整		(3)	(25)		(28)
At 31 December 2002	於2002年12月31日	117,773	7,010	107,648	1,538	233,969
Net book value:	賬面淨值:					
At 31 December 2002	於2002年12月31日	456,181	3,600	43,500	672	503,953
At 31 December 2001	於2001年12月31日	467,369	4,340	62,485	387	534,581

Certain land and buildings of the Group were revalued in 1993 by Knight Frank & Kan, independent professionally qualified valuers, on an open market, existing use basis. As a result, those assets stated at revalued amounts based on revaluations which were reflected in the financial statements for periods ended before 30 September 1995 have not been revalued to their fair values by class at the balance sheet date. Since then, no further revaluations of the Group's leasehold land and buildings have been carried out, as the Group has relied upon the exemption granted under the transitional provisions of SSAP 17, from the requirement to carry out future revaluations of its fixed assets which were stated at valuation at that time.

本集團若干土地及樓宇已於1993年 經獨立專業認可測計師簡福飴測量行 根據現有用途按公開市值基準重估。 因此,反映在1995年9月30日前之賬 目上,根據估值所得之重估金額列賬 之資產,於結算日並無按其類別再作 市值重估。自此,本集團採納會計實 務準則第17號之過渡條款賦予之豁 免,根據固定資產之估值列賬,不為 其租賃土地及樓宇再作重估。

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14. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

Had these land and buildings been carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation, their carrying amounts would have been approximately HK\$49,937,000.

The Group's land and buildings included above are held under the following lease terms:

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14. 固定資產(續)

倘若此等土地及樓宇以歷史成本減累 計折舊列賬,其賬面淨值約 49,937,000港元。

本集團上述之土地及樓宇按下列租期 持有:

		Hong Kong	Elsewhere	Total
		香港	其他地區	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At cost:	成本:			
Long term leases	長期租約	666	2,921	3,587
Medium term leases	中期租約	25,666	219	25,885
				
		26,332	3,140	29,472
At valuation:	估值:			
Long term leases	長期租約	119,500	_	119,500
Medium term leases	中期租約	424,982	_	424,982
				
		544,482	_	544,482
		570,814	3,140	573,954
		======	3,110	2.3/331

At 31 December 2002, certain of the Group's land and buildings with a net book value of approximately HK\$179,180,000 (2001: HK\$186,049,000) were pledged to secure general bank facilities granted to the Group (note 29).

於2002年12月31日,本集團以若干 賬面淨值約179,180,000港元(2001 年:186,049,000港元)之土地及樓 宇作抵押,為本集團所獲一般銀行信 貸作擔保(附註29)。

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15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

15. 投資物業

		Group	
			集團
		2002	2001
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At beginning of year	年初	106,500	102,743
Additions	添置	_	371
Transfer from fixed assets	撥自固定資產	_	21,250
Transfer to fixed assets	撥往固定資產	_	(743)
Deficit on revaluation	重估虧損	(11,980)	(17,121)
At 31 December	於12月31日	94,520	106,500
Deficit on revaluation	重估虧損		(17,12

The Group's investment properties are held under the following lease terms:

本集團之投資物業按下列租期持有:

Group

	集	<u>a</u>
	2002	2001
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
長期租約:		
香港	7,870	7,900
中期租約:		
香港	51,050	60,600
其他地區	35,600	38,000
	94,520	106,500
	香港 中期租約: 香港	長期租約: 香港7,870中期租約: 香港51,050 其他地區其他地區35,600

The Group's investment properties were revalued on 31 December 2002 by DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, independent professionally qualified valuers, at HK\$94,520,000 on an open market, existing use basis. The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 36 to the financial statements.

At 31 December 2002, the Group's investment properties with a value of HK\$39,100,000 (2001: HK\$46,900,000) were pledged to secure general bank facilities granted to the Group (note 29).

於2002年12月31日,本集團之投資 物業由獨立專業認可測計師戴德梁行 有限公司根據現有用途按公開市值重 估為94,520,000港元。該等投資物業 按經營租約租予第三者, 概要載於財 務報告附註36。

於2002年12月31日,本集團以價 值 39,100,000港 元 (2001年 : 46,900,000港元) 之投資物業作抵 押,為本集團所獲一般銀行信貸作 擔保(附註29)。

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16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

16. 無形資產

		Group 集團
		HK\$'000 千港元
Cost:	成本:	
At beginning of year and	年初及於2002年12月31日	
at 31 December 2002		620
Accumulated amortisation:	累計攤銷:	
At beginning of year	年初	114
Provided during the year	年內撥備	62
At 31 December 2002	於2002年12月31日	176
Net book value:	賬面淨值:	
At 31 December 2002	於2002年12月31日	444
At 31 December 2001	於2001年12月31日	506

17. OTHER ASSETS

17. 其他資產

			roup 美團
		2002 HK\$′000 千港元	2001 HK\$′000 千港元
Cost of membership for a seat at	香港金銀業貿易場		
The Chinese Gold and	會籍費用		
Silver Exchange Society		1,500	1,500
Deposits with The Stock Exchange of	於香港聯合交易所有限公司		
Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"):	(「聯交所」)之按金:		
Compensation fund	賠償基金	311	300
Fidelity fund	信用保證基金	300	300
Stamp duty deposit	印花税按金	75	75
Contributions in cash to Central Clearing	於中央結算及交收系統		
and Settlement System Guarantee Fund	保證基金之現金供款	300	300
Admission fee paid to Hong Kong	香港中央結算有限公司		
Securities Clearing Company Limited	之入會費用	400	400
Deposit with the Compensation Fund	於期交所賠償基金		
of Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited	之按金	100	100
Deposit with The Hong Kong Futures	於香港期貨交易所結算		
Exchange Clearing Corporation Limited	有限公司之按金	1,500	1,500
		4,486	4,475

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

18. 於附屬公司權益

		Company 公司	
		2002	2001
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unlisted shares/investments, at cost Due from subsidiaries	非上市股份/投資,按成本 附屬公司欠款	1,085,873 429,329	1,085,873
		1,515,202	1,519,142

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

附屬公司欠款為無抵押,不計利息及 無固定還款期。

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Particulars of the subsidiaries are as follows:

18. 於附屬公司權益(續)

附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/registration and operations 成立/註冊及經營地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行普通股本/ 註冊股本面值	ot attribut the Co 本公	centage f equity table to ompany 可應佔 百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Acclaim Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$600,000 600,000美元	_	100	Investment holding 控股投資
Chofull Limited	Cook Islands	US\$1	_	100	Investment
	庫克群島	1美元			holding 控股投資
Chow Sang Sang Bullion Dealers Limited		HK\$5,000,000	_	100	Bullion trading
周生生金號有限公司 Chow Sang Sang	香港 Hong Kong	5,000,000港元 HK\$50,000	_	100	期金買賣 Financial
Capital Limited 周生生融資有限公司	香港	50,000港元			services 融資服務
Chow Sang Sang Commodities Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$5,000,000	_	100	Dormant
周生生商品有限公司	香港	5,000,000港元			暫無營業
Chow Sang Sang Corporate Gift Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	_	100	Sale of corporate gift products
周生生企業禮品有限公司	香港	1,000,000港元			企業禮品銷售
Chow Sang Sang Finance Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$15,000,000	_	100	Dormant
周生生財務有限公司	香港	15,000,000港元			暫無營業

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

	Place of incorporation/ registration	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/		centage f equity	Principal
Name	and operations 成立/註冊及	registered capital 已發行普通股本/	the Co	ompany ·司應佔	activities
名稱	經營地點	註冊股本面值		百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Chow Sang Sang Futures Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$5,000,000	_	100	Commodity broking
周生生期貨有限公司	香港	5,000,000港元			期貨經紀
Chow Sang Sang Holdings (BVI) Limit	British Virgin ted Islands	US\$50,000	100	_	Investment holding
J	英屬處女群島	50,000美元			控股投資
Chow Sang Sang Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$250	_	100	Investment holding
周生生集團有限公司	香港	250港元			控股投資
Chow Sang Sang Industrial (Fuzhou) Co., Ltd.†	People's Republic of China	HK\$12,180,000	_	100	Property investment
周生生實業(福州) 有限公司 [†]	中華人民共和國	12,180,000港元			物業投資
Chow Sang Sang International (Shunde) Limited	Hong Kong/ People's Republic of China	HK\$2	_	100	Property investment
周生生國際(順德) 有限公司	香港/中華人民 共和國	2港元			物業投資
Chow Sang Sang Investments Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2,500,000	_	100	Investment holding
周生生投資有限公司	香港	2,500,000港元			控股投資

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

	Place of incorporation/	Nominal value of issued ordinary	of	centage equity	
Name	registration and operations 成立/註冊及	share capital/ registered capital 已發行普通股本/		able to ompany 司應佔	Principal activities
名稱	經營地點	註冊股本面值	股權 Direct 直接	百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (China) Co. Ltd.	British Virgin Islands/ People's Republic of China	US\$1	_	100	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島/中華人民共和國	1美元			控股投資
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$30,000,000	_	100	Retail of jewellery
周生生珠寶金行有限公	公司 香港	30,000,000港元			珠寶零售
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery Pte Ltd.	Singapore	S\$2	_	100	Dormant
	新加坡	2坡元			暫無營業
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Shaanxi) Co., Ltd.	People's Republic of China	HK\$13,000,000	_	100	Manufacture and sale of jewellery
周生生珠寶金行(陝西 有限公司* †		13,000,000港元			珠寶製造及銷售
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Shandong) Co., Ltd.#	People's Republic of China	RMB7,000,000	_	51	Manufacture and sale of jewellery
周生生珠寶(山東) 有限公司#	中華人民共和國	7,000,000人民幣			珠寶製造及銷售

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 成立/註冊及	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行普通股本/	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔		Principal activities	
名稱	經營地點	註冊股本面值		百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務	
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.#	People's Republic of China	US\$1,000,000	_	61	Manufacture and sale of jewellery	
周生生珠寶(上海) 有限公司#	中華人民共和國	1,000,000美元			珠寶製造及銷售	
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Shunde) Ltd. * #	People's Republic of China	HK\$5,000,000	_	90	Manufacture and sale of jewellery	
周生生珠寶(順德) 有限公司* #	中華人民共和國	5,000,000港元			珠寶製造及銷售	
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Taiwan) Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Taiwan	US\$50,000	_	100	Sale of jewellery	
	英屬處女群島/台灣	50,000美元			珠寶銷售	
Chow Sang Sang Manufactory Limited		HK\$7,500,000	_	100	Manufacture of jewellery	
周生生製造廠有限公司	司 香港	7,500,000港元			珠寶製造	
Chow Sang Sang Manufacturing International Limited	British Virgin Islands/ People's Republic of China	US\$1	_	100	Investment holding	
	英屬處女群島/中華人民共和國	1美元			控股投資	

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/	of attribut		Principal
Name	and operations 成立/註冊及	registered capital 已發行普通股本/	the Company 本公司應佔		activities
名稱	經營地點	註冊股本面值	股權 Direct 直接	百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Chow Sang Sang Nominees Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	_	100	Nominee services
周生生代理人有限公司] 香港	1,000,000港元			租務及物業 發展代理
Chow Sang Sang Property Holdings N	Netherlands .V. Antilles/ Hong Kong	US\$30,000	_	100	Property investment
	荷屬安的列斯/香港	30,000美元			物業投資
Chow Sang Sang Properties Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000,000	_	100	Property investment
周生生置業有限公司	香港	10,000,000港元			物業投資
Chow Sang Sang Securities Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000,000	_	100	Securities broking
周生生證券有限公司	香港	10,000,000港元			證券經紀
Chow Sang Sang Securities (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000,000	_	100	Securities broking
周生生證券(香港) 有限公司	香港	10,000,000港元			證券經紀
Chow Sang Sang Trading (China) Company Limited	British Virgin Islands/ People's Republic of China	US\$1	_	100	Sale of jewellery
	英屬處女群島/中華人民共和國	1美元			珠寶銷售

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

	Place of incorporation/ registration	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/		centage f equity	Principal
Name	and operations 成立/註冊及	registered capital 已發行普通股本/	the Co	ompany ·司應佔	activities
名稱	經營地點	註冊股本面值		百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Fullink Developments Inc.	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	_	100	Dormant
·	英屬處女群島	1美元			暫無營業
Leahander International Limited	Islands	US\$1	_	100	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島	1美元			控股投資
Quatar Management Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	_	100	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島	1美元			控股投資
Tsin Chuk Kam Manufactory Limited	British Virgin Islands/ People's Republic	US\$100,000	_	100	Processing of jewellery
	of China 英屬處女群島/ 中華人民共和國	100,000美元			珠寶加工
World Commercial Sales Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2,500,000	_	100	Wholesale of precious metals
世界批發行有限公司	香港	2,500,000港元			貴金屬批發
338.Net Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	_	100	Technology services
	香港	2港元			科技服務

Newly incorporated during the year

[†] Wholly foreign-owned enterprise

Sino-foreign co-operative joint venture

^{*} 年內新成立

^{*} 全外資擁有企業

[#] 中外合資合營公司

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19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

19. 於聯營公司權益

		Group 集團	
		2002	2001
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Share of net assets	所佔淨資產	8,351	8,410
Loan from an associate	欠聯營公司之貸款	(403)	(403)
Due to an associate	應付聯營公司欠款	(79)	(225)
		7,869	7,782

The loan from an associate and the amount due to an associate are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

欠聯營公司之貸款及應付聯營公司欠 款為無抵押,不計利息及無固定還款 期。

Particulars of the associates are as follows:

聯營公司之詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation/ Business registration structure and operations 成立/註冊及		Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group 集團應佔權益		Principal activities
名稱	業務架構	經營地點	百分比		主要業務
			2002	2001	
Foo Sang Enterprises Company Limited 富生置業有限公司	Corporate 公司	Hong Kong 香港	36.63	36.63	Property investment 物業投資
Qingdao Kang Hua Diamond Co., Ltd. 青島康華鑽石有限公司	Corporate 公司	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	32	32	Processing of diamonds 鑽石加工

The associates are indirectly held by the Company.

聯營公司由本公司間接持有。

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20. LONG TERM INVESTMENTS

20. 長期投資

		Group	
		集	事
		2002	2001
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Listed equity investments in	香港上市股份投資,		
Hong Kong, at market value	按市值	59,814	72,327
Unlisted equity investments in	香港非上市股份投資,		
Hong Kong, at fair value	按公平價值	7,030	7,776
		66,844	80,103

At 31 December 2002, the Group's listed equity investments with a value of HK\$26 million (2001: Nil) were pledged to secure general bank facilities granted to the Group (note 29).

於2002年12月31日,本集團抵押上 市股份投資價值26,000,000港元 (2001年:零港元),為本集團所獲 一般銀行信貸作擔保(附註29)。

21. INVENTORIES

21. 存貨

			roup 集團
		2002	2001
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Goods held for sale	持作銷售之貨品	931,066	856,697 ———

The carrying amount of inventories is arrived at after charging a general provision of HK\$9,101,000 (2001: HK\$9,101,000).

存貨之賬面值已扣除一般撥備 9,101,000港元(2001年;9,101,000 港元)。

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22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The Group's sales are normally on cash basis. Credit is offered to wholesale customers with terms ranging from 15 to 45 days.

An aged analysis of the accounts receivable as at the balance sheet date, based on invoice date, is as follows:

	н
Current to 30 days 31 to 60 days Over 60 days	現在至30日 31日至60日 超過60日 ——
Margin clients accounts receivable *	應收孖展客戶賬款*

The margin clients accounts receivable are secured by the underlying pledged securities, repayable on demand and bear interest at commercial rates. No aged analysis is disclosed as, in the opinion of the directors, an aged analysis is not relevant in view of the nature of the business of securities margin financing.

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22. 應收賬款

本集團銷售一般以現金交易。向批發 客戶提供的賒賬期為15至45日。

應收賬款於結算日根據發票日期之賬 齡分析如下:

	Group
	集團
2002	2001
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
50,650	64,730
8,710	4,895
4,550	98
63,910	69,723
30,726	19,025
94,636	88,748

* 應收孖展客戶賬款以其證券作抵 押,須於要求時償還及按商業條 款計息。鑑於證券孖展借貸業務 性質,賬齡分析作用不大,董事 認為無需披露賬齡分析。

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23. OTHER RECEIVABLES

23. 其他應收賬款

			Group		Company	
			第	團	公司	
			2002	2001	2002	2001
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Prepayments and deposits	預付款項及按金		116,418	90,722	73	73
Prepaid tax	預付税項		1,597	6,567	_	_
Loans to a minority shareholder of a	附屬公司 少數股東借款					
subsidiary		24	6,596			
			124,611	97,289	73	73

24. LOANS TO A MINORITY SHAREHOLDER OF A SUBSIDIARY

The loans to a minority shareholder of a subsidiary are unsecured, bear interest at 6% per annum and repayable within one year.

25. SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS

24. 附屬公司少數股東借款

附屬公司少數股東借款為無抵押,按 年利率6%計息及須於一年內償還。

25. 短期投資

			roup
		2002	2001
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Listed equity investments in	香港上市股份投資,		
Hong Kong, at market value	按市值	10,555	1,231

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26. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED TIME **DEPOSITS**

26. 現金、等同現金及已抵押定期 存款

		Group 集團		•		pany 司
		2002	2001	2002	2001	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行存款	50,900	31,231	3	4	
Time deposits	定期存款 -	204,408	154,573			
	-	255,308	185,804	3	4	
Less: Pledged time deposits: Pledged for short term	減:已抵押定期存款: 作短期銀行					
bank loans Pledged for short term	貸款抵押 作短期應付	(31,000)	(15,000)	_	_	
bills payable	票據抵押	(9,750)	_	_	_	
Pledged for bank facilities	作銀行信貸抵押	(1,000)	(16,000)			
	-	(41,750)	(31,000)			
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金	213,558	154,804	3	4	

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27. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

An aged analysis of the accounts payable as at the balance sheet date, based on invoice date, is as follows:

現在至30日 Current to 30 days 31日至60日 31 to 60 days Over 60 days 超過60日 Cash clients accounts payable # 應付現金客戶賬款# Margin clients accounts payable * 應付孖展客戶賬款*

- # Included in cash clients accounts payable arising from the ordinary course of business of dealing in securities is an amount of approximately HK\$63,266,000 (2001: HK\$60,369,000) representing these client's undrawn monies / excess deposits placed with the Group. The balances are repayable on demand. No aged analysis is disclosed as, in the opinion of the directors, an aged analysis is not meaningful in view of the nature of the business of dealing in securities.
- The margin clients accounts payable are repayable on demand and bear interest at commercial rates. No aged analysis is disclosed as, in the opinion of the directors, an aged analysis is not relevant in view of the nature of the business of securities margin financing.

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27. 應付賬款

應付賬款於結算日根據發票日期之賬 齡分析如下:

	Group 集團	
2002		2001
HK\$'000		HK\$'000
千港元		千港元
64,774		42,398
2,413		2,277
2,743		5,057
	_	
69,930		49,732
76,847		81,208
3,408		13,223
	_	
150,185	=	144,163

- # 已計入證券買賣業務期間產生之 應付現金客戶賬款內之數額 約 63,266,000港 元(2001年: 60,369,000港元) 為此等客戶存 於本集團之備用款項/額外按 金。餘額須於要求時償還。鑑於 證券買賣業務性質,賬齡分析作 用不大,董事認為無需披露賬齡 分析。
- * 應付孖展客戶賬款須於要求時償 還及根據商業條款計息。鑑於證 券孖展借貸業務性質,賬齡分析 作用不大,董事認為無需披露賬 齡分析。

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28. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

28. 其他應付賬款及應計項目

		Group		Company	
		1	集團	公司	
		2002	2001	2002	2001
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Accruals and other liabilities	應計項目及其他負債	122,600	77,041	1,051	801
Bills payable	應付票據	9,329	_	_	_
		131,929	77,041	1,051	801

SSAP 34 was adopted during the year, as explained in note 2 and under the heading "Employee benefits" in note 3 to the financial statements. As a result, an accrual is now made at the balance sheet date for the expected future cost of paid annual leave earned during the year by employees, which remains untaken by the employees at the balance sheet date and is permitted to be carried forward and utilised in the following year.

This change in accounting policy has had no material effect on the prior year financial statements, but has resulted in HK\$2,153,000 being included in the balance of the Group's accruals in respect of paid leave carried forward as at 31 December 2002.

會計實務準則第34號於年內採納,詳 情載於此財務報告附註2及附註3下標題「僱員福利」內。因此,僱員於年內 已賺得而於結算日尚未提取並准予結 轉至下年度享用之有薪假期,於結算 日提計一項有薪假期預計未來成本之 應計費用。

此會計政策改變,對上年度之財務報告並無重大影響。但於2002年12月31日,本集團之應計項目結餘內已為此相關結轉有薪假期提計2,153,000港元。

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29. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

29. 計息銀行貸款

		Group		Company	
		缜	画	公司	
		2002	2001	2002	2001
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Bank overdrafts:	銀行透支:				
Secured	抵押	8,784	4,293	_	_
Unsecured	無抵押	378	501	212	328
		9,162	4,794	212	328
Bank loans, secured	銀行貸款,抵押	20,423	10,350		
		29,585	15,144	212	328

The Group's bank facilities are secured by the pledge of the Group's time deposits amounting to HK\$42 million (2001: HK\$31 million) and certain assets of the Group disclosed in notes 14, 15 and 20 to the financial statements.

本集團之銀行信貸以定期存款 42,000,000港元(2001年:31,000,000 港元),及若干於財務報告附註14、 15及20披露之資產作抵押。

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30. DEFERRED TAX

30. 遞延税項

		Group	
		集	靊
		2002	2001
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Balance at beginning of year	年初結餘	3,816	4,649
Credit for the year (note 10)	年內轉撥(附註10)	(254)	(858)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	3	25
At 31 December	於12月31日	3,565	3,816

The principal components of the Group's provision for deferred tax, and the net deferred tax asset position not recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

本集團遞延税項撥備之主要成分,及 未於財務報告中確認之淨遞延税項資 產情況如下:

		Provided 撥備		Not provided 無撥備	
		2002	2001	2002	2001
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Accelerated depreciation allowances Tax losses	加速折舊免税額 税項虧損	3,565	3,816	18	591
Tax Tosses	优			(8,893)	(6,875)
		3,565	3,816	(8,875)	(6,284)

The revaluation of the Group's investment properties does not constitute a timing difference and, consequently, the amount of potential deferred tax thereon has not been quantified.

No provision has been made for taxes which would arise on the remittance to Hong Kong of retained profits of overseas companies as it is not anticipated that these amounts will be remitted in the near future.

The Company had no unprovided deferred tax at the balance sheet date (2001: Nil).

重估本集團之投資物業並不構成時 差,因此,並無對有關潛在遞延税項 金額作出估計。

因不預期海外公司之保留溢利在短期 內匯往香港,故並無為此等匯款可能 產生之税項作撥備。

於結算日,本公司並無未撥備之遞延 税項(2001:零港元)。

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31. MINORITY INTERESTS

31. 少數股東權益

		Group 集團	
		2002 HK\$′000 千港元	2001 HK\$'000 千港元
Minority interests Loans from a minority shareholder	少數股東權益 附屬公司少數股東貸款	7,406	7,107
of a subsidiary		6,113	1,385
		13,519	8,492

The loans from a minority shareholder of a subsidiary are unsecured, interest-free and not repayable within one year.

附屬公司少數股東貸款為無抵押,不計利 息及不會在一年內償還。

32. SHARE CAPITAL

32. 股本

		2002 HK\$′000 千港元	2001 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.25 each	法定: 每股面值0.25港元之 普通股1,000,000,000股	250,000	250,000
Issued and fully paid: 440,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.25 each	已發行及繳足: 每股面值0.25港元之 普通股440,000,000股	110,000	110,000

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33. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 23 to 24 of the financial statements.

The revised SSAP 11 was adopted during the year, as explained in note 2 and under the heading "Foreign currencies" in note 3 to the financial statements. As a result, the profit and loss accounts of overseas subsidiaries and associates are now translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

The amount of goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries in prior years remain eliminated against consolidated retained profits and the capital reserve amounted to HK\$4,832,000.

Company

Contributed Retained surplus profits **Total** 繳入盈餘 保留溢利 合計 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 Note 附註 千港元 千港元 千港元 於2001年1月1日結餘 Balance at 1 January 2001 975,582 392,130 1,367,712 年內淨溢利 Net profit for the year 53,412 53,412 Interim 2001 dividend 2001年中期股息 12 (13,200)(13,200)Proposed final 2001 dividend 擬派2001年末期股息 12 (8,800)(8,800)At 31 December 2001 and 於2001年12月31日及 beginning of year 年初 975,582 423,542 1,399,124 Net profit for the year 年內淨溢利 22,465 22,465 2002年中期股息 (17,600)Interim 2002 dividend 12 (17,600)Proposed final 2002 dividend 擬派2002年末期股息 12 (26.400)(26.400)於2002年12月31日 At 31 December 2002 975,582 402,007 1,377,589

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儲備 33.

(a) 集團

本集團之儲備額及年內及上年 度之變動詳情載於財務報告第 23頁至第24頁之綜合權益變動 表內。

經修訂會計實務準則第11號於 年內採納,詳情載於財務報告 附註2及附註3下標題「外幣」 內。因此,海外附屬公司及聯 營公司之損益賬乃按年內之加 權平均匯率換算為港元。

上年度因收購附屬公司產生之 商譽仍於綜合保留溢利及股本 儲備撇銷之數值達4,832,000港 元。

(b) 公司

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33. RESERVES (continued)

The Company's contributed surplus arose in 1992 as a result of the Group's reorganisation and represents the difference between the nominal value of the Company's shares allocated under the reorganisation scheme and the then consolidated net asset value of the acquired subsidiaries.

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, the contributed surplus is distributable to shareholders under certain circumstances.

34. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Changes to the layout of the consolidated cash flow statement

SSAP 15 (Revised) was adopted during the current year, as detailed in note 2 to the financial statements, which has resulted in a change to the layout of the consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated cash flow statement is now presented under three headings: cash flows from operating activities, investing activities and financing activities. Previously five headings were used, comprising the three headings listed above, together with cash flows from returns on investments and servicing of finance and from taxes paid. The significant reclassifications resulting from the change in presentation are that taxes paid are now included in cash flows from operating activities, interest received is now included in cash flows from operating activities and cash flows from investing activities, dividends received are now included in cash flows from investing activities and dividends paid are now included in cash flows from financing activities. The presentation of the 2001 comparative consolidated cash flow statement has been changed to accord with the new layout.

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33. 儲備(續)

本公司1992年產生之繳入盈餘來自 集團重組,指根據重組計劃配發之本 公司股份面值與已收購附屬公司當時 之綜合資產淨值之差額。

根據百慕達1981年公司法,在若干 情況下,繳入盈餘可分派予股東。

34. 綜合現金流量表附註

改變綜合現金流量表之呈列方式

會計實務準則第15號(經修訂)於年 內採納,詳情載於此財務報告附註2 內,其影響乃改變綜合現金流量表之 呈列方式。綜合現金流量表現以三個 項目呈報:經營業務、投資業務及融 資活動所得現金流量。先前採用之五 個項目,包括上述三個項目,及投資 回報及融資費用之現金流量及已付税 項。呈列方式上的改變產生之重大重 新分類,乃將已付税項計入經營業務 所得現金流量,已收利息計入經營業 務所得現金流量及投資業務所得現金 流量,已收股息計入投資業務所得現 金流量及已付股息計入融資活動所得 現金流量。2001年度綜合現金流量 比較數字之呈報方式已作改變,以符 合新的呈列方式。

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35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

- The Company has provided guarantees to the extent of US\$52 million and HK\$2 million (2001: US\$77 million) in respect of gold trading facilities granted to subsidiaries. In addition, corporate guarantees to the extent of HK\$278 million (2001: HK\$256 million) have also been provided by the Company to secure the general bank facilities of certain subsidiaries. As at the balance sheet date, the amounts drawn against the gold trading facilities and general bank facilities amounted to HK\$12,239,000 (2001: HK\$6,944,000) and HK\$11,001,000 (2001: Nil), respectively.
- The Group has a contingent liability in respect of possible future long service payments to employees under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance, with a maximum possible amount of HK\$1.9 million as at 31 December 2002, as further explained in note 3 to the financial statements. The contingent liability has arisen as a number of current employees have achieved the required number of years of service to the Group, to the balance sheet date, in order to be eligible for long service payments under the Employment Ordinance if their employment is terminated under certain circumstances. A provision has not been recognised in respect of such possible payments, as it is not considered probable that the situation will result in a material future outflow of resources from the Group.

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35. 或然負債

- (a) 本公司為其附屬公司所獲黃金 買賣信貸提供52.000.000美元 及 2,000,000港 元(2001年: 77.000.000美元) 之擔保。此 外,本公司亦為若干附屬公司 所獲一般銀行信貸作 278.000.000港 元(2001年: 256,000,000港元)之公司擔 保。於結算日,已使用之黃金 買賣信貸及一般銀行信貸額分 別為12,239,000港元(2001年: 6,944,000港元)及11,001,000 港元(2001年: 零港元)。
- 本集團根據香港僱傭條例為僱 (b) 員提供長期服務金而須承擔一 項於2002年12月31日最高金額 可達1,900,000港元之或然負 債,詳情載於財務報告附計3。 該項或然負債產生,乃由於部 分現有僱員於結算日已達到本 集團所需之服務年數,以便根 據僱傭條例倘在若干情況下終 止僱用時可符合資格領取長期 服務金。鑑於該情況不會令本 集團實質資源流出,故無須為 此等可行付款作準備確認。

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36 **OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS**

As lessor (a)

The Group leases its investment properties (note 15) under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to five years. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rent adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions.

At 31 December 2002, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

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36. 經營租約承擔

(a) 出租人

本集團根據經營租約租出其投 資物業(附註15),經磋商訂定 租期為一至五年。租約條款一 般要求租客付保證按金及根據 普遍市場環境作定期租金調 整。

於2002年12月31日,本集團就 不可撤銷之經營租約而可於未 來收取之最低租賃收款如下:

		Group 集團	
		2002	2001
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive	一年內 二至五年(包括首尾兩年)	5,201 2,761	7,166 4,966
in the second to man years, metasive	一工业(它加自传的))	7,962	12,132

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36. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (continued)

As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties under operating lease arrangements. Leases for properties are negotiated for terms ranging from one to five years.

At 31 December 2002, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

一年內 Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive 二至五年(包括首尾兩年)

37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

- The Group advanced RMB7,000,000 to the minority shareholder of a 90% owned subsidiary for its working capital. At 31 December 2002, the outstanding balances of approximately HK\$6,596,000 are unsecured, bear interest at 6% per annum and repayable within one year.
- The Group pledged a time deposit of HK\$10,000,000 to a bank to secure bank loans made available to a 90% owned subsidiary for its working capital. The outstanding bank loans as at 31 December 2002 amounted to HK\$9,423,000.

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36. 經營租約承擔(續)

(b) 承租人

本集團按經營租約承租若干辦 公室物業,物業租期經磋商訂 定為期一至五年。

於2002年12月31日,本集團就 不可撤銷之經營租約而須於未 來支付之最低租賃付款如下:

	Group	
	集團	
2002		2001
HK\$'000		HK\$'000
千港元		千港元
86,499		73,778
84,770		60,667
	_	
171,269		134,445

37. 關連人士交易

除已於財務報告其他部分詳載之交易 及結算外,本集團於年內與關連人士 進行以下重大交易:

- 本集團預支7,000,000人民幣予 -90%持有之附屬公司少數股東 作為營運資金。於2002年12月 31日,尚欠結餘約6,596,000港 元, 為無抵押, 按年利率6%計 息及須於一年內償還。
- 本集團抵押銀行定期存款 (b) 10,000,000港元,為-90%持有 之附屬公司銀行貸款作擔保,作 營運資金之用。於2002年12月 31日,尚欠銀行貸款9,423,000 港元。

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37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

- The Group pledged a time deposit of HK\$6,000,000 to a bank to secure the bank facility made available to a 61% owned subsidiary for its working capital. No amount was drawn against that bank facility as at 31 December 2002.
- The Group and the minority shareholder of a 51% owned subsidiary advanced shareholder loans of US\$946,000 and US\$909,000, respectively, for its working capital. At 31 December 2002, the outstanding shareholders' loans of approximately HK\$17,324,000 in total are unsecured, interest-free and not repayable within one year.
- The Group purchased goods of HK\$2,066,000 from minority shareholders of subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business for a consideration decided between the parties and with reference to the prevailing market prices.

38. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

As further explained in note 2 to the financial statements, due to the adoption of certain new and revised SSAPs during the current year, the accounting treatment and presentation of certain items in the financial statements have been revised to comply with the new requirements. Accordingly, certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

39. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 3 April 2003.

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37. 關連人士交易(續)

- 本集團抵押銀行定期存款 6,000,000港元,為-61%持有 之附屬公司銀行信貸作擔保, 作營運資金之用。於2002年 12月31日,尚未使用該項銀行 信貸。
- 本集團及本集團持有51%之附 (d) 屬公司少數股東,分別預付股 東貸款946,000美元及909,000 美元,作營運資金。於2002年 12月31日,尚欠股東貸款合計 約 17.324.000港 元 , 為 無 抵 押,不計利息及不會在一年內 償還。
- 本集團於日常業務運作期間及 基於雙方協議之市場價格,向 附屬公司少數股東購貨 2,066,000港元。

38. 比較數字

如財務報告附註2所載,因年內採納 若干新訂及經修訂會計實務準則,在 財務報告中若干項目之會計處理及呈 報已經修訂,以符合新訂要求。因 此,若干調整及若干比較數額已重新 分類,以符合本年度之呈報方式。

39. 財務報告之批核

本財務報告於2003年4月3日經董事 會批核。