NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

During the year, the Group was involved in the business of the development, manufacture, sale and distribution of information and entertainment consumer electronics products for home and automobiles, the development and provision of networking technology services and the provision of integrated solutions and services for the cable TV industry.

IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants has issued a number of new HKFRSs and Hong Kong Accounting Standards, herein collectively referred to as the new HKFRSs, which are generally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005. The Group has not early adopted these new HKFRSs in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these new HKFRSs but is not yet in a position to state whether these new HKFRSs would have a significant impact on its results of operations and financial position.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs (which also include Statements of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAPs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the periodic remeasurement of certain fixed assets, as further explained below.

1. 公司資料

年內本集團之業務包括開發、製造、銷售 及分銷家居及汽車資訊及娛樂消費電子產 品、開發及提供網絡技術服務及有線電視 業務適用之綜合解決方案及服務。

2. 最近頒佈之香港財務報告 準則(「香港財務報告準 則1)之影響

香港會計師公會已頒佈多項全新香港財務報告準則及香港會計準則(統稱為新香港財務報告準則),於二零零五年一月一日或之後開始之會計期間全面生效。本集團並無提早於截至二零零四年十二月三十一日止之財務報表中採納該等新香港財務報告準則。本集團已對該等新香港財務報告準則之影響展開評估,惟未能確定該等新香港財務報告準則是否對其經營業績及財政狀況造成影響。

3. 主要會計政策概要

編製基準

此等財務報表乃按香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則(亦包括會計實務準則 (「會計實務準則」)及詮釋)、香港普遍採納之會計原則及香港公司條例之披露規定編製。除定期衡量若干固定資產(詳情見下文)外,財務報表乃根據歷史成本常規法編製。

財務報表附註(續)

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2004. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are consolidated from or to their effective dates of acquisition or disposal, respectively. All significant intercompany transactions and balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.

Minority interests represent the interests of outside shareholders in the results and net assets of the Company's subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is a company whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's profit and loss account to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Joint venture companies

A joint venture company is a company set up by contractual arrangement, whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity. The joint venture company operates as a separate entity in which the Group and the other parties have an interest.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至二零零四年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表。於本年度收購或出售之附屬公司之業績,由收購生效日期起或截至出售生效日期止綜合列賬。本集團內各公司間之所有重大交易及結存已於綜合賬目時抵銷。

少數股東權益乃指外來股東於本公司附屬公司之業績及資產淨值中之權益。

附屬公司

附屬公司為本公司直接或間接控制其財務 及經營政策以因應其業務得益之公司。

附屬公司之業績載入本公司損益表之已收 及應收股息內。本公司於附屬公司之權益 乃按成本值減任何耗蝕虧損列賬。

合營公司

合營公司乃指按合約安排成立之公司,據此,本集團及其他各方共同進行一項經濟業務。合營公司以獨立實體方式經營,而本集團及其他各方擁有其中之權益。

Joint venture companies (continued)

The joint venture agreement between the venturers stipulates the capital contributions of the joint venture parties, the duration of the joint venture and the basis on which the assets are to be realised upon its dissolution. The profits and losses from the joint venture company's operations and any distributions of surplus assets are shared by the venturers, either in proportion to their respective capital contributions, or in accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement.

A joint venture company is treated as:

- a subsidiary, if the Group has unilateral control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture company;
- a jointly-controlled entity, if the Group does not have unilateral control, but has joint control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture company;
- (c) an associate, if the Group does not have unilateral or joint control, but holds, directly or indirectly, generally not less than 20% of the joint venture company's registered capital and is in a position to exercise significant influence over the joint venture company;
- (d) a long term investment, if the Group holds, directly or indirectly, less than 20% of the joint venture company's registered capital and has neither joint control of, nor is in a position to exercise significant influence over, the joint venture company.

Jointly-controlled entities

A jointly-controlled entity is a joint venture company which is subject to joint control, resulting in none of the participating parties having unilateral control over the economic activity of the jointly-controlled entity.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

合營公司(續)

由合營人訂立之合營協議訂明合營各方之 出資額、合營期及合營公司解散時將資產 變現之基準。合營公司業務帶來之損益及 任何盈餘資產分派,均由合營人按各自之 出資比例或按合營協議之條款分攤。

合營公司之處理方式如下:

- (a) 如本集團直接或間接擁有合營公司單 方面控制權,會視作附屬公司;
- (b) 如本集團並無擁有合營公司單方面控制權,惟只直接或間接擁有共同控制權,會視作共同控制企業;
- (c) 如本集團並無擁有合營公司單方面或 共同控制權,惟只直接或間接擁有不 少於20%之合營公司註冊股本及有能 力對其行使重大影響力,會視作聯營 公司;或
- (d) 如本集團直接或間接持有少於20%之 合營公司註冊股本,惟無擁有其共同 控制權或無能力對其行使重大影響 力,會視作長期投資。

共同控制企業

共同控制企業為由多方共同控制之合營公司,而各合營人均無擁有其經濟活動之單 方面控制權。

財務報表附註(續)

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Jointly-controlled entities (continued)

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of jointly-controlled entities is included in the consolidated profit and loss account and consolidated reserves, respectively. The Group's interests in jointly-controlled entities are stated in the consolidated balance sheet at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

Where the Group transacts with its jointly-controlled entities, unrealised profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in jointly-controlled entities, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, when the full amount of the loss is recognised.

Associates

An associate is a company, not being a subsidiary or a jointly-controlled entity, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the consolidated profit and loss account and consolidated reserves, respectively. The Group's interests in associates are stated in the consolidated balance sheet at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

Where the Group transacts with its associates, unrealised profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, when the full amount of the loss is recognised.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

共同控制企業(續)

本集團所佔共同控制企業自收購後之業績 及儲備乃分別列入綜合損益表及綜合儲 備。本集團所佔共同控制企業權益乃按股 本會計法計算之本集團所佔資產淨值減任 何耗蝕虧損於綜合資產負債表列賬。

本集團與其共同控制企業進行交易時,未 變現之損益會以本集團所佔共同控制企業 之權益抵銷,惟可證實已轉讓資產耗蝕之 未變現虧損則除外,在此情況下,會確認 全數虧損。

聯營公司

聯營公司為附屬公司或共同控制企業以外 而本集團擁有長期權益(一般不少於20% 之股本投票權),並可對其行使重大影響力 之公司。

綜合損益表及綜合儲備分別載有本集團所 佔其聯營公司自收購後之業績及儲備。本 集團所佔聯營公司權益乃按股本會計法計 算之本集團所佔資產淨值減任何耗蝕虧損 於綜合資產負債表列賬。

本集團與其聯營公司進行交易時,未變現 之損益會以本集團所佔聯營公司之權益抵 銷,惟可證實已轉讓資產耗蝕之未變現虧 損則除外,在此情況下,會確認全數虧 指。

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's share of the fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired as at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognised in the consolidated balance sheet as an asset and amortised on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life.

Prior to the adoption of SSAP 30 "Business combinations" in 2001, goodwill arising on acquisitions was eliminated against consolidated reserves in the year of acquisition. On the adoption of SSAP 30, the Group applied the transitional provision of the SSAP that permitted such goodwill to remain eliminated against consolidated reserves. Goodwill on acquisitions subsequent to the adoption of the SSAP is treated according to the SSAP 30 goodwill accounting policy above.

On disposal of subsidiaries, the gain or loss on disposal is calculated by reference to the net assets at the date of disposal, including the attributable amount of goodwill which remains unamortised and any relevant reserves, as appropriate. Any attributable goodwill previously eliminated against consolidated reserves at the time of acquisition is written back and included in the calculation of the gain or loss on disposal.

The carrying amount of goodwill, including goodwill remaining eliminated against consolidated reserves, is reviewed annually and written down for impairment when it is considered necessary. A previously recognised impairment loss for goodwill is not reversed unless the impairment loss was caused by a specific external event of an exceptional nature that was not expected to recur, and subsequent external events have occurred which have reversed the effect of that event.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

商譽

收購附屬公司產生之商譽為收購成本超逾 本集團應佔所購入可識別資產及負債於收 購日期之公平價值之數額。

收購帶來之商譽在綜合資產負債表內確認 為資產,並按其估計可使用年期以直線法 攤銷。

於二零零一年採納會計實務準則第30項「企業合併」之前,收購帶來之商譽於收購年度與綜合儲備抵銷。於採納會計實務準則第30項時,本集團已應用會計實務準則第30項之過渡性條文,容許該等商譽仍然以綜合儲備抵銷。在採納此項會計實務準則後進行收購帶來之商譽會按會計實務準則第30項之商譽會計政策處理。

出售附屬公司時,出售損益按於出售日期 之淨資產計算,並包括應佔而仍未攤銷之 商譽款額及任何有關儲備(視情況而定)。 過往於收購時以綜合儲備抵銷之任何應佔 商譽會於出售時撥回及於計算損益時計 入。

商譽(包括仍然以綜合儲備抵銷之商譽)之 賬面值會每年檢討,並在有需要之情況下 因應耗蝕撇減。過往確認之商譽耗蝕虧損 不會逆轉,除非耗蝕虧損因性質特殊且預 計非屬經常性之外在事件而引致,以及於 其後發生可使有關事件之影響逆轉之外在 事件則作別論。

財務報表附註(續)

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Negative goodwill

Negative goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the Group's share of the fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired as at the date of acquisition, over the cost of the acquisition.

To the extent that negative goodwill relates to expectations of future losses and expenses that are identified in the acquisition plan and that can be measured reliably, but which do not represent identifiable liabilities as at the date of acquisition, that portion of negative goodwill is recognised as income in the consolidated profit and loss account when the future losses and expenses are recognised.

To the extent that negative goodwill does not relate to identifiable expected future losses and expenses as at the date of acquisition, negative goodwill to the extent of the fair values of the acquired non-monetary assets is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account on a systematic basis over the remaining average useful life of the acquired depreciable/amortisable assets. The amount of any negative goodwill in excess of the fair values of the acquired non-monetary assets is recognised as income immediately.

Prior to the adoption of SSAP 30 "Business combinations" in 2001, negative goodwill arising on acquisitions was credited to the capital reserve in the year of acquisition. On the adoption of SSAP 30, the Group applied the transitional provision of the SSAP that permitted such negative goodwill to remain credited to the capital reserve. Negative goodwill on acquisitions subsequent to the adoption of the SSAP is treated according to the SSAP 30 negative goodwill accounting policy above.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

負商譽

收購附屬公司產生之負商譽為本集團應佔 所購入可識別資產及負債於收購日期之公 平價值超逾收購成本之數額。

倘負商譽關乎已在收購計劃確定並可準確計算之預期日後虧損及開支,但不代表於收購日期之可識別負債,則該部份之負商譽會於日後虧損及開支確認時在綜合損益表確認為收入。

倘負商譽並不關乎於收購日期之可識別預期日後虧損及開支,已收購非貨幣資產之公平值之負商譽會在綜合損益表內按所收購可折舊/可攤銷資產之尚餘平均可用年期以系統化之基準確認。任何負商譽超逾所收購非貨幣資產之公平值之款額,會即時確認為收入。

在二零零一年採納會計實務準則第30項 「業務合併」之前,收購時產生之負商譽會 於收購年度撥入資本儲備。於採納會計實 務準則第30項時,本集團已應用會計實務 準則之過渡性條文,容許在該等負商譽仍 然撥往資本儲備。在採納此項會計實務準 則後進行收購帶來之負商譽會按會計實務 準則第30項負商譽之新會計政策處理。

Negative goodwill (continued)

On disposal of subsidiaries, the gain or loss on disposal is calculated by reference to the net assets at the date of disposal, including the attributable amount of negative goodwill which has not been recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account and any relevant reserves as appropriate. Any attributable negative goodwill previously credited to the capital reserve at the time of acquisition is written back and included in the calculation of the gain or loss on disposal.

Related parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities.

Impairment of assets

An assessment is made at each balance sheet date of whether there is any indication of impairment of any asset, or whether there is any indication that an impairment loss previously recognised for an asset in prior years may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is calculated as the higher of the asset's value in use and its net selling price.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, when the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

負商譽(續)

出售附屬公司時,出售損益按於出售日期 之淨資產計算,並包括應佔而仍未在綜合 損益表確認之負商譽款額及任何有關儲備 (視情況而定)。過往於收購時撥入資本儲 備之任何應佔負商譽會於出售時撥回及於 計算損益時計入。

有關連各方

倘某方在作出財務及營運決策方面有能力 直接或間接控制另一方或對另一方行使重 大影響力,該方視作有關連。此外,倘某 方受同一方面之控制或重大影響,亦視作 有關連各方。有關連各方可為個別人仕或 公司實體。

資產耗蝕

於每個結算日,均會評估有否任何跡象顯示任何資產出現耗蝕,或已於過往年度確認之資產耗蝕虧損是否不再存在或經已減少。如出現任何該等跡象,會估計資產之可收回款額。資產之可收回款額按資產使用價值或淨銷售價(以較高者為準)計算。

只有在資產賬面值超逾其可收回款額之情 況下,方會確認耗蝕虧損。耗蝕虧損會自 其出現期間之損益表扣除,除非資產乃按 重估值置存,則耗蝕虧損會就重估資產按 有關會計政策列賬。

財務報表附註(續)

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of assets (continued)

A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of an asset, however not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation), had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is credited to the profit and loss account in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, when the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after fixed assets have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of the fixed asset, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of that asset.

Changes in the values of fixed assets are dealt with as movements in the revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, on an individual asset basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to the profit and loss account. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to the profit and loss account to the extent of the deficit previously charged. On disposal of a revalued asset, the relevant portion of the revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is transferred to retained profits as a movement in reserves.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

資產耗蝕(續)

只有在用以釐定資產可收回款額之估計數字出現變動之情況下,過往確認之耗蝕虧損方會逆轉,惟倘於過往年度並未就資產確認耗蝕虧損,有關款額不高於原定釐定之賬面值(扣除任何折舊/攤銷)。逆轉之耗蝕虧損會撥入其出現期間之損益表,除非資產乃按重估值置存,在此情況下,逆轉之耗蝕虧損會按涉及重估資產之有關會計政策列賬。

固定資產及折舊

固定資產乃按成本值或估值減累積折舊及 任何耗蝕虧損列賬。資產之成本值包括購 買價及將該資產達至操作狀況及地點作擬 定用途之任何直接應計成本。固定資產投 入運作後之開支(如維修保養費用等),一 般於其發生期間自損益表扣除。如能明確 顯示該等費用預期將增加日後使用固定資 產之經濟利益,則該等開支會撥充資本, 作為固定資產之額外成本。

固定資產價值之變動列作重估儲備變動處理。如該儲備之總額按個別資產單位不足以彌補虧絀,則不足之款額自損益表扣除。其後之任何重估增值撥入損益表,惟款額以過往扣除之虧絀為限。如出售重估資產,就過往估值變現之有關部份重估儲備轉撥保留溢利作為儲備之變動。

Fixed assets and depreciation (continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost or valuation of each asset over its estimated useful life, after taking into account their estimated residual value, if any. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold land	Over the lease terms
Buildings	Over the shorter of the lease
	terms or 25 years
Leasehold improvements	Over the lease terms
Plant and machinery	10%
Moulds and tools	20%–50%

Moulds and tools 20%–5
Furniture and equipment 20%
Motor vehicles 20%

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of a fixed asset recognised in the profit and loss account is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the projects are clearly defined; the expenditure is separately identifiable and can be measured reliably; there is reasonable certainty that the projects are technically feasible; and the products have commercial value. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

Deferred product development costs are amortised using the straight-line basis over the commercial lives of the underlying products not exceeding five years, commencing from the date when the products are put into commercial production. Periodic reviews are carried out to write off the deferred product development costs with no commercial value.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

固定資產及折舊(續)

折舊之計算方式為以直線法就每項資產之 估計可使用年期撇銷成本值或估值,並已 計及其估計剩餘價值(如有)。就此採用之 主要年率如下:

租賃土地有關租賃年期

樓宇 有關租賃年期或25年

(以較短者為準)

租賃物業裝修 有關租賃年期

廠房及機器 10%

模具及工具 20%-50%

傢俬及設備20%汽車20%

出售或棄用固定資產所產生之盈虧,乃根 據出售所得款項淨額與該項資產賬面值間 之差額計算,並於損益表內確認。

研究及開發成本

所有研究成本均於產生時自損益表扣除。

開發新產品之項目招致之開支只會於項目確立、開支可獨立識別及以可靠方式估量、項目可合理確定技術可行及產品具商業價值之時方可撥作資本及遞延。產品開發開支如未符合以上條件,則於發生時列作開支。

遞延產品開發成本由產品作商業性生產當日起以直線法按基本產品不超過五年之商用年期計算攤銷,並會定期檢討以撇除無商業價值之遞延產品開發成本。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leased assets

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases are included in fixed assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to the profit and loss account so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

Assets acquired through hire purchase contracts of a financing nature are accounted for as finance leases, but are depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under the operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

租賃資產

倘租賃條款將擁有資產之絕大部份回報及 風險(法定業權除外)轉至本集團,有關租 賃將列為融資租賃。融資租賃訂立時,租 賃資產之成本按最低租金款額之現值撥作 資本,並連同有關責任(不計利息部份)列 賬,以反映購買及融資事宜。按已撥作資 本之融資租賃持有之資產乃列作固定資產 及按資產之租期或估計可使用年期(以較短 者為準)計算折舊。該等租賃之融資成本乃 在損益表中扣除,以按租期根據固定周期 比率扣減。

透過融資性質之租購合約購入之資產列作 融資租賃,惟按其估計可使用年期計算折 舊。

倘租賃條款將擁有資產之絕大部份回報及 風險仍撥歸出租公司,有關租賃均列作經 營租賃,倘本集團為出租人,本集團按經 營租賃之已租賃資產列為非流動資產,而 按經營租賃應收之租金會按租期以直線法 撥入損益表。倘本集團為承租人,按經營 租賃應付之租金按租期以直線法在損益表 扣除。

Long term investments

Long term investments are non-trading investments in unlisted equity securities, intended to be held on a continuing strategic or long term basis, are stated at cost less any impairment losses, on an individual basis. When a decline in the fair value of a security below its carrying amount has occurred, unless there is evidence that the decline is temporary, the carrying amounts of the securities are reduced to their fair values, as determined by the directors. The amount of the impairment is charged to the profit and loss account for the period in which it arises. Where the circumstances and events which led to an impairment in values cease to exist and there is persuasive evidence that the new circumstances and events will persist for the foreseeable future, the amount of the impairment previously charged is credited to the profit and loss account to the extent of the amount previously charged.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

長期投資

長期投資為於非上市股本證券之非買賣投資,乃因應持續策略或長期計劃持有,並以個別投資項目為基準按成本減任何耗蝕虧損列賬。如證券之公平值降至低於其態面值之情況出現,除非證實耗蝕情況僅期時性,否則證券之賬面值會削減至董單定之公平值,而耗蝕之款額會自其出現之期間之損益表扣除。如導致耗蝕出現之情況及事件不再存在,並有有力證據顯示新的情況及事件會於可預見將來持續,則先前已扣減之耗蝕款額會撥入損益表,惟僅以過往扣除之款額為限。

存貨

存貨乃按成本值及可變現淨值兩者中較低 者列賬。成本值按先入先出方法計算,如 屬在製品及製成品,則包括直接物料、直 接勞工及間接開支之應佔部份。可變現淨 值乃指預期之售價減去完成產品之估計成 本及銷售所需之估計成本。

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金等價物乃指 手頭現金及按要求之存款及短期及高度流 通之投資,該等投資可隨時兑換為可知數 額之現金,而該等現金須承受價值變動之 重大風險,並有一般須在購入時之到期時 限不超過三個月之短期限制,及減須即期 償還之銀行透支,而該等投資乃本集團現 金管理之一部份。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

For the purpose of the balance sheet, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions for sales returns and warranty costs

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the balance sheet date of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the profit and loss account.

Provision for losses on expected future sale returns and provision for warranty costs arising in the ordinary course of the Group's distribution business are made on an accrual basis with reference to the sales volume, past experience of the levels of repairs and returns, and the directors' best estimates of the expenditure required to settle the obligations, and are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which the related sales are made. Subsequent expenditure on the settlement of such obligations is charged against the provisions made, except where the expenditure exceeds the balance of the provisions, in which case, it is charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which the returns are made.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, or in equity if it relates to items that are recognised in the same or a different period, directly in equity.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

現金及現金等價物(續)

就資產負債表而言,現金及現金等價物包括手頭及銀行現金,包括並無指定用途之 定期存款。

銷售退貨及保養成本撥備

在過往事項引致現行責任(法定或推定)出現,而日後可能須流出資源以承擔責任之情況下,方會確認撥備,惟須以可靠方式估計責任之款額。

如折讓之影響重大,就撥備確認之款額為 預計日後須用以承擔責任之開支於結算日 之現值。因應時間而致折讓現值之上升, 會在損益表列為財務費用。

就本集團一般經銷業務在日後之預期銷售 退貨及保養成本作出之撥備,乃根據銷售 量、有關維修及退貨之過往經驗及董事會 合理估計承擔該等責任所需開支之應計基 準計算,並於有關銷售進行期間於損益表 中扣除。承擔該等責任所需之其後開支將 於撥備中扣除,除非開支超過撥備餘額, 在此情況下,開支將於出現退貨期間之損 益表中扣除。

所得税

所得税包括即期税項及遞延税項。所得税 乃於損益表中確認,惟其與直接確認於股 本之項目有關者則於股本中確認。

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences:

- except where the deferred tax liability arises from goodwill or the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised:

 except where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from negative goodwill or the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項乃以負債法就於結算日之資產及 負債之税項基礎及其用作財務申報之賬面 值之間之所有暫時差額作提撥。

遞延税項負債就所有應課税暫時差額予以 確認:

- 惟遞延稅項負債源於商譽或初次確認 一項交易(並非一項業務組合)之其他 資產及負債,而於該項交易進行時不 影響會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損者 除外;及
- 遞延税項負債源於附屬公司、聯營公司之投資及合營企業之權益之應課税暫時差額予以確認,惟可予控制撥回時間之暫時差額及暫時差額於可見之未來不可能撥回者除外。

遞延稅項資產就所有可扣減暫時差額、未 使用稅項資產及未使用稅項虧損之結轉予 以確認,惟僅限於可能有應課稅溢利以對 銷可扣減暫時差額、未使用稅項資產及未 使用稅項虧損之結轉時才予確認:

惟有關可扣減暫時差額之遞延税項資產源於負商譽或初次確認一項交易(並非一項業務組合)之其他資產及負債,而於該項交易進行時不影響會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損者除外;及

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

 in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Conversely, previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (b) from the rendering of services, when the services are provided;

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項資產源於附屬公司、聯營公司之投資及合營企業之權益之可扣減暫時差額予以確認,惟僅限於在可見之未來可撥回暫時差額及可能有應課稅溢利以對銷暫時差額時才予確認。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值乃於各個結算日進 行檢討,並無足夠應課稅溢利可供全部或 部份遞延稅項資產可予應用之部份則予以 相應扣減。反之,之前未予確認之遞延稅 項資產限於可能有足夠應課稅溢利可供全 部或部份遞延稅項資產可予應用之部份則 予確認。

遞延稅項資產及負債以預期適用於資產變 現及負債清償期間之稅率計算,並以結算 日已頒佈或實際上已頒佈之稅率(及稅務法 例)計算。

收入之確認

收入將於本集團可獲得經濟利益及可以可 靠方式估量時確認,基準如下:

- (a) 銷售貨品於擁有權之大部份風險及回報已轉予買家時確認入賬,惟本集團不得就所售出貨品持有業權一般涉及之管理層參與權或有效控制權:
- (b) 服務收入在提供服務時確認入賬;

Revenue recognition (continued)

- interest income, on a time proportion basis taking into account the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable;
- (d) commission income, on an accrual basis; and
- (e) rental income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms.

Dividends

Final dividends proposed by the directors are classified as a separate allocation of retained profits within the capital and reserves section of the balance sheet, until they have been approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. When these dividends have been approved by the shareholders and declared, they are recognised as a liability.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the applicable exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the applicable exchange rates ruling at that date. Exchange differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

收入之確認(續)

- (c) 利息收入根據未到期本金並按時間比例及適用利率計算入賬;
- (d) 佣金收入以應計基準入賬;及
- (e) 租金收入按租期以時間分配基準入 賬。

股息

董事擬派之末期股息會分類為資產負債表內資本及儲備項下之另一項保留溢利分配,直至股東在股東大會上批准為止。如股息獲股東批准及宣派,會確認為負債。

中期股息會同時擬派及宣派,原因是本公司之章程大綱及細則授權董事宣派中期股息,因此,中期股息會於擬派及宣派時即時確認為負債。

外滙

以外滙進行之交易乃按交易當日之適用滙 率換算。於結算日以外滙為單位之貨幣資 產及負債按結算日之適用滙率換算。滙兑 盈虧則於損益表內處理。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

On consolidation, the financial statements of overseas subsidiaries, jointly-controlled entities and associates are translated into Hong Kong dollars using the net investment method. The profit and loss accounts of overseas subsidiaries, jointly-controlled entities and associates are translated to Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year, and their balance sheets are translated to Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. The resulting translation differences are included in the exchange fluctuation reserve.

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

Employee benefits

Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the balance sheet date is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the balance sheet date for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

Employment Ordinance long service payments

Certain of the Group's employees have completed the required number of years of service to the Group in order to be eligible for long service payments under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance in the event of the termination of their employment. The Group is liable to make such payments in the event that such a termination of employment meets the circumstances specified in the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

外滙(續)

於編製綜合賬目時,海外附屬公司、共同控制企業及聯營公司之財務報表均按投資淨值法換算為港元。海外附屬公司、共同控制企業及聯營公司之損益表乃按截至本年度之加權平均滙率換算為港元,而彼等之資產負債乃按於結算日之滙率換算為港元。因此產生之滙兑差額均撥入滙兑波動儲備。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司之 現金流量乃按於交易日之滙率換算為港 元。在年內海外附屬公司經常產生之現金 流量乃按截至本年度之加權平均滙率換算 為港元。

僱員福利

結轉有薪假期

本集團按公曆年之基準根據僱員之合約向 其僱員提供有薪年假。在若干情況下,於 結算日該等仍然尚未使用之假期將結轉, 而僱員各自可於下一個年度使用該等假 期。本公司於結算日就在年內僱員所取得 之有薪假期之預計日後成本而作出應計款 項,並將之結轉。

僱傭條例支付長期服務金

為符合在終止聘用後有資格取得根據香港 僱傭條例可領取長期服務金,本集團若干 僱員之服務年期已屆所需之年期。倘終止 聘用之情況與香港僱傭條例所指定者相 符,則本集團須支付該等長期服務金。

Employee benefits (continued)

Employment Ordinance long service payments (continued) A provision is recognised in respect of the probable future long service payments expected to be made. The provision is based on the best estimate of the probable future payments which have been earned by the employees from their service to the Group to the balance sheet date.

A contingent liability is disclosed in respect of possible future long service payments to employees, as a number of current employees have achieved the required number of years of service to the Group, to the balance sheet date, in order to be eligible for long service payments under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance if their employment is terminated in the circumstances specified. A provision has not been recognised in respect of such possible payments, as it is not considered probable that the situation will result in a material future outflow of resources from the Group.

Pension schemes and other retirement benefits

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for all its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利(續)

僱傭條例支付長期服務金(續)

已就預期未來可能支付之長期服務金確認 撥備。該項撥備乃根據僱員由任職本集團 起至結算日止應享有之長期服務金之未來 可能付款之最準確估計而計算。

於結算日,本集團現時之若干僱員為符合享有根據香港僱傭條例在終止聘用所指定之情況下有資格領取長期服務金,而達致須在本集團工作之所需服務年期,則本集團須就可能須於日後向僱員支付長期服務金而披露或然負債。本公司並無就該等所須支付之款項確認撥備,是由於該情況將不會影響本集團在日後出現重大資源流出之情況。

退休金計劃及其他退休福利

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例為其於香港之所有僱員設立定額供款之強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)。供款乃按僱員底薪之若干百份比計算,並於根據強積金計劃之規則應予支付時自損益表扣除。強積金計劃之資產獨立於本集團之資產,並由獨立管理之基金另行持有。本集團之僱主供款就強積金計劃供款後全數即屬僱員所有。

財務報表附註(續)

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

Pension schemes and other retirement benefits (continued) The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China are required to participate in a defined contribution central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These PRC subsidiaries are required to contribute 19% of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The PRC subsidiaries have no obligation for the payment of pension benefits beyond the annual contributions to the central pension scheme as set out above. The contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

For overseas subsidiaries, the Group operates a defined contribution pension scheme for those employees who are eligible to participate in the scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the participating employees' basic salaries and are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme. This pension scheme operates in a similar way to the MPF Scheme, except that when an employee leaves the scheme prior to his/her interest in the Group's employer contributions vesting fully, the ongoing contributions payable by the Group may be reduced by the relevant amount of forfeited contributions.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利(續)

退休金計劃及其他退休福利(續)

本集團於中國內地之附屬公司之僱員須參加由當地市政府設立之定額供款中央退休計劃。此等中國附屬公司須按彼等工資成本之19%向中央退休計劃供款。中國附屬公司並無責任在供款超逾上文所載之中央退休計劃年度供款而為退休計劃供款。根據中央退休計劃之規定有關供款須在支付時在損益表內扣除。

至於海外附屬公司,本集團為合資格僱員 設立定額供款退休金計劃。計劃之資產獨 立於本集團之資產,並由獨立管理之基金 另行持有。供款乃按參與之僱員底薪之若 干百份比計算,並於根據計劃之規則應予 支付時自損益表扣除。此計劃與強積金計 劃之運作方式相近,惟倘僱員於有權全數 收取本集團之僱主供款以前退出計劃,本 集團繼後應付之供款可以遭放棄之有關款 項扣減。

Employee benefits (continued)

Share option scheme

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. The financial impact of share options granted under the share option scheme is not recorded in the Company's or the Group's balance sheet until such time as the options are exercised, and no charge is recorded in the profit and loss account or balance sheet for their cost. Upon the exercise of share options, the resulting shares issued are recorded by the Company as additional share capital at the nominal value of the shares, and the excess of the exercise price per share over the nominal value of the shares is recorded by the Company in the share premium account. Options which are cancelled prior to their exercise date, or which lapse, are deleted from the register of outstanding options.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利(續)

購股權計劃

本公司設有購股權計劃,藉以向對本集團 業務之成功作出貢獻之合資格參與者提供 獎勵及回報。根據購股權計劃授出之購股 權之財務影響並無記錄在本公司或本集, 直至購股權已獲行使, 有關成本之開支並未紀錄於損益表或資產 負債表。在行使購股權後,本公司將按 份面值記錄餘因而發行股份為額外股本, 而每股行使價與股份面值之差額將記入本 公司之股份溢價賬。在購股權行使日期前 已註銷或失效之購股權將從尚未行使之購 股權記錄中刪除。

財務報表附註(續)

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4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Segment information is presented by way of two segment formats: (i) on a primary segment reporting basis, by business segment; and (ii) on a secondary segment reporting basis, by geographical segment.

The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provide. Each of the Group's business segments represents a strategic business unit that offers products and services which are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of the other business segments. Summary details of the business segments are as follows:

- (a) the home entertainment segment manufactures audio and video products for home entertainment purpose;
- the in-car electronics segment manufactures in-car electronic products;
- (c) the network information/entertainment solutions segment engages in the development of networking technology and the provision of integrated solutions and services for the cable TV industry; and
- (d) the corporate and others segment comprises corporate income and expense items and other businesses.

In determining the Group's geographical segments, revenues are attributed to the segments based on the location of the customers, and assets are attributed to the segments based on the location of the assets.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

4. 分部資料

分部資料以兩種分部方式提呈:(i)以業務分部為其主要呈報方式:及(ii)以地區分部作為次要呈報方式。

本集團之經營業務按業務性質及所提供之 產品及服務進行組合及管理。本集團每項 業務分部均代表所提供產品及服務涉及之 風險及回報與其他業務分部不同之策略性 業務單位。業務分部概要詳情如下:

- (a) 製造家居娛樂音響及錄像產品之家居 娛樂部門;
- (b) 製造汽車電子產品之汽車電子部門;
- (c) 開發網絡技術及提供有線電視業務適 用之綜合解決方案及服務之網絡資訊 /娛樂解決方案部門;及
- (d) 控股公司及其他分部包括公司收入及 開支項目及其他業務。

本集團決定地區分部時,會按客戶所在地 劃分收益所屬分部,亦按資產所在地劃分 資產所屬分部。

分部間之銷售及轉撥按向第三者以當時市 值進行銷售之售價進行。

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

(a) Business segments

The following tables present revenue, profit and certain asset, liability and expenditure information for the Group's business segments.

4. 分部資料(續)

(a) 業務分部

下表載列本集團業務分部之收益、溢利及若干資產、負債及開支之資料。

Group 本集團

		Home ente 家居		In-car ele 汽車		Network in enterta solut 網絡道 娛樂解	inment tions 登訊/	and c 控股·	orate others 公司及 他	Elimin 對	ations 銷	Consol 綜	
		2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2003 二零零三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2003 二零零三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2003 二零零三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2003 二零零三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2003 二零零三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2003 二零零三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue: Sales to external customers Intersegment sales Other revenue	分部收益: 向外界客戶 銷售 分部間銷售 其他收益	2,249,245 7,741 10,809	2,677,875 62 14,451	1,879,434 101,765 11,676	1,940,066 71,841 4,718	6,047 - 9	5,368 - 24	- - -	- - -	- (109,506) -	- (71,903) -	4,134,726 - 22,494	4,623,309 - 19,193
Total	總額	2,267,795	2,692,388	1,992,875	2,016,625	6,056	5,392	-	-	(109,506)	(71,903)	4,157,220	4,642,502
Segment results	分部業績	42,574	63,954	46,361	86,679	(5,856)	(7,936)	256	2,782	-	-	83,335	145,479
Interest income Unallocated expenses	利息收入 未分配開支											8,631 (33,433)	4,108 (23,826)
Profit from operating activities Finance costs Share of profits and losses of: Jointly-controlled	經營業務 溢利 財務費用 應佔溢損 完 共同控制											58,533 (19,893)	125,761 (20,245)
entities Associates	企業 聯營公司	1,888	(2,621)	(4,301) 14,727	3,136 7,067	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,413) 14,727	515 7,067
Profit before tax Tax	除税前溢利 税項											50,954 (13,515)	113,098 (24,079)
Profit before minority interests Minority interests	未計少數股東 權益前溢利 少數股東權益											37,439 (82)	89,019 1,155
Net profit from ordinary activities attributable to shareholders												37,357	90,174

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4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

4. 分部資料(續)

(a) Business segments (continued)

(a) 業務分部(續)

		Home ente 家居		In-car el 汽車	ectronics 電子	solu 網絡]	inment tions	Corp and o 控股公 其	thers 公司及	Elimin 對		Consol 綜	
		2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2003 二零零三年 HK\$'000 千港元										
Segment assets Interests in associates Interests in jointly-	分部資產 聯營公司權益 共同控制企業	653,878	657,186	689,077 -	690,486 45,554	9,180	10,327	26,775	23,174	-	-	1,378,910	1,381,173 45,580
controlled entities Unallocated assets	権益未分配資産	71,593	20,448	28,513	21,787	(2,174)	-	-	-	-	-	97,932 329,991	42,235 573,001
Total assets	總資產											1,806,833	2,041,989
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	分部負債 未分配負債	260,081	421,280	166,771	265,852	5,030	3,655	4,217	4,094	-	-	436,099 626,182	694,881 630,506
Total liabilities	總負債											1,062,281	1,325,387
Other segment information: Depreciation and	其他分部 資料: 折舊及												
amortisation Other non-cash	攤銷 其他非現	77,468	65,339	40,441	29,967	1,222	1,466	395	459	-	-	119,526	97,231
expenses Capital expenditure Deferred expenditure	金開支資本支出	(9,903) 118,035	6,928 73,652	4,952 90,928	5,009 97,270	2,035 675	508 1,177	-	45 -	-	-	(2,916) 209,638	12,490 172,099
written off Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets credited to: Property revaluation	撤销 重估固定 資產盈餘 計入: 物業重估	2,159	4,510	2,946	3,286	-	1,279	-	-	-	-	5,105	9,075
reserve Profit and loss accoun	儲備	- -	-	(1,240) -	(1,181)	(72) -	-	(4,493) -	(51) (336)	-	-	(5,805) -	(1,232) (336)

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

4. 分部資料(續)

(b) Geographical segments

The following tables present revenue and certain asset and expenditure information for the Group's geographical segments.

(b) 地區分部

下表載列本集團地區分部劃分之收益、若干資產及開支之資料。

Group

本集團

		United	States					Centr	al and								
		of An	nerica	Eur	оре	As	sia	South A	America	Can	ada	Oth	ners	Elimin	ations	Consol	idated
		美	國	B.	Ж	₫	H	中南	美洲	加4	大	其他	地區	勤	銷	給飯	슴
		2004	2003 	2004 	2003 	2004 	2003 	2004 	2003	2004 	2003	2004 	2003	2004 	2003	2004	2003
		二零零四年 HK\$'000	二零零三年 HK\$'000														
		千港元															
Segment revenue: Sales to external	分部收益: 向外界客戶																
customers	銷售	1,333,421	1,603,324	1,876,058	2,197,060	189,002	113,205	181,583	200,582	430,157	334,550	124,505	174,588	-	-	4,134,726	4,623,309
Other segment information:	其他分部 資料:																
Segment assets	分部資產	52,513	118,922	60,808	91,034	1,686,794	1,814,787	-	-	5,419	14,000	1,299	3,245	-	-	1,806,833	2,041,988
Capital expenditure	資本支出	201	28	-	-	209,437	172,071	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	209,638	172,099

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TURNOVER, REVENUE AND GAIN

Turnover represents the net invoiced value of goods sold, after allowances for returns and trade discounts.

An analysis of turnover, other revenue and gain is as follows:

5. 營業額、收益及收入

營業額乃指已售出貨品之發票淨值扣除退 貨及貿易折扣。

本集團年內之營業額、其他收益及收入分 析如下:

Group 本集團

		2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Turnover	營業額		
Development, manufacture, sale and	開發、製造、		
distribution of:	銷售及分銷:		
 home entertainment products 	一家居娛樂產品	2,249,245	2,677,875
 in-car electronic products 	一汽車電子產品	1,879,434	1,940,066
network information/	-網絡資訊/娛樂		
entertainment solutions	解決方案	6,047	5,368
		4,134,726	4,623,309
Other revenue and gain	其他收益		
Tooling and repairing service income	模具及維修服務收入	12,726	8,668
Interest income	利息收入	8,631	4,108
Rental income	租金收入	1,827	2,818
Sale of scrap materials	銷售廢料	1,676	683
Commission income	佣金收入	- 1,070	2,450
Gain on disposal of associates	出售聯營公司之收益	185	2,430
Others	其他	6,080	4,574
Outers	六IE	0,080	4,374
		31,125	23,301
		31,123	25,501

6. PROFIT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

6. 經營業務溢利

The Group's profit from operating activities is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

計算本集團之經營業務溢利時已扣除/(計入)以下各項:

Group 本集團

			' '	
		Notes 附註	2004 二零零四年	2003 二零零三年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Cost of inventories sold	已售存貨成本		3,723,623	4,177,594
Cost of services provided	已提供服務成本		6,692	5,705
Provision/(write-back of provision) for obsolete inventories*	陳廢存貨撥備/ (撥備撥回)*		(620)	1 22/
Research and development costs:	研究及開發成本:		(629)	1,234
Deferred expenditure amortised*	遞延開支攤銷*	15	35,777	28,059
Deferred expenditure written off***	遞延開支撇銷***	15	5,105	9,075
Current year's expenditure***	現年度開支***		14,837	14,735
			55,719	51,869
Provisions for sales returns and	銷售退貨及保養			
warranty costs*	朝告巡員及休食 成本撥備*	26	29,007	19,699
Depreciation	折舊	14	83,749	69,172
Minimum lease payments under	土地及樓宇		33,7 13	337.72
operating leases in respect of	經營租賃			
land and buildings	最低租金		17,440	17,456
Less: Amounts capitalised	減:撥作資本款額		(4,038)	(3,077)
			13,402	14,379
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		1,700	1,560
Staff costs (including directors'	員工成本		,	,
remuneration - note 8):	(包括董事酬金- 附註8):			
Pension scheme contributions	退休金供款		3,196	3,797
Less: Forfeited contributions	減:已放棄供款		_	
Net pension scheme contributions**	退休金供款淨額**		3,196	3,797
Wages, salaries and bonuses	工資、薪金及紅利		227,402	200,472
			230,598	204,269
Less: Amounts capitalised	減:撥作資本款額		(57,169)	(49,454)

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6. PROFIT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (continued)

6. 經營業務溢利(續)

Group 本集團

		Notes 附註	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2003 二零零三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Exchange losses, net	滙兑虧損淨額		_	113
Exchange losses arising from	滙兑定期存款產生			
translation of time deposits***	之滙兑虧損***		5,804	_
Loss on disposal of fixed assets, net***	出售固定資產虧損淨額***		1,964	2,397
Surplus on revaluation of land and	重估土地及樓宇所致			
buildings***	盈餘***	14	_	(336)
Provision/(write-back of provision) for	貿易呆賬撥備/			
doubtful trade receivables***	(撥備撥回)***		(4,352)	8,559
Impairment of interest in a long term	長期投資權益			
investment***	耗蝕***	20	100	300
Net rental income	租金收入淨額		(1,827)	(2,818)
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary, net***	出售附屬公司虧損,淨額***	34	_	7
Provision for impairment***	耗蝕撥備***	18	10,500	_

- * The provision for obsolete inventories, the amortisation of deferred expenditure and the provisions for sales returns and warranty costs for the year are included in "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated profit and loss account.
- ** At 31 December 2004, there were no forfeited contributions available to the Group to reduce its contributions to the pension schemes in future years (2003: Nil).
- *** Included in "other operating expenses" disclosed in the consolidated profit and loss account.

- * 本年度之陳廢存貨撥備、遞延開支攤銷 及銷售退貨及保養成本撥備已在綜合損 益表列為「銷售成本」。
- ** 於二零零四年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無已放棄供款可作扣減其日後年度之 退休金計劃供款(二零零三年:無)。
- *** 詳情於綜合損益表之「其他經營開支」中披露。

7. FINANCE COSTS

7. 財務費用

		本!	· 集團
		2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest on bank loans, overdrafts, and	須於五年內全數償還		
trust receipt loans wholly repayable	之銀行貸款、透支及		
within five years	信託收據貸款之利息	19,877	20,083
Interest on finance leases	融資租賃之利息	16	162
		19,893	20,245

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

8. 董事酬金

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例第161條 所披露之董事酬金如下:

Group 本集團

Group

		2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Fees	袍金	568	480
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries, allowances and benefits	薪金、津貼及其他		
in kind	實物利益	8,980	6,980
Pension scheme contributions	退休計劃供款	36	36
		9,584	7,496

Fees include HK\$524,000 (2003: HK\$480,000) paid and payable to the independent non-executive directors. There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2003: Nil).

袍金包括已付及應付予獨立非執行董事之 款項524,000港元(二零零三年:480,000 港元)。年內概無任何其他應付予獨立非執 行董事之酬金(二零零三年:無)。

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8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

8. 董事酬金(續)

The number of directors whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

酬金介乎以下範圍之董事人數如下:

Number of directors 董事人數

		2004 二零零四年	2003 二零零三年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000 HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$4,500,000	零港元- 1,000,000港元 2,000,001港元- 2,500,000港元 4,000,001港元- 4,500,000港元	6 2 1	4 3 -
		9	7

During the year, two directors agreed to waive their basic salaries as provided for in their respective service agreements in the total amount of HK\$7,620,583 (2003: HK\$6,037,550). 兩位董事於年內同意放棄其各自之服務協 議訂明之基本薪金,總額達7,620,583港元 (二零零三年:6,037,550港元)。

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION

The five highest paid employees during the year included three (2003: three) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration of the remaining two (2003: two) non-director, highest paid employees for the year are as follows:

9. 五位最高薪僱員

年內五位最高薪僱員包括三位(二零零三年:三位)董事,彼等酬金之詳情已在上文附註8披露。其餘兩位(二零零三年:兩位)非董事最高薪僱員於年內之酬金詳情如下:

Group						
本集團						

	2004	2003
	二零零四年	二零零三年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及其他實物利益	4,976	4,500
Pension scheme contributions 退休計劃供款	24	24
	5,000	4,524

The number of non-director, highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows:

酬金介乎以下範圍之非董事及最高薪僱員人數如下:

Number of employees 僱員人數

		2004 二零零四年	2003 二零零三年
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元- 2,500,000港元	2	2

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

10. TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 17.5% (2003: 17.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

The tax rate for corporate income tax ("CIT") applicable to the subsidiaries and jointly-controlled entities of the Group operating in Mainland China were 33%. Certain of these subsidiaries and jointly-controlled entities were eligible for exemption from CIT for the two years starting from the first year in which assessable profits were generated, and a 50% exemption from CIT for the following three years.

10. 税項

香港利得税乃按年內在香港賺得之估計應 課税溢利以17.5%(二零零三年:17.5%) 之税率撥備。源於其他地區之應課税溢利 之税項則按本集團業務所在國家之現行稅 率,根據有關地區之現有法例、詮釋及慣 例計算。

適用於本集團在中國內地經營之附屬公司及共同控制企業之企業所得税(「企業所得税」)税率為33%。若干該等附屬公司及共同控制企業符合資格,可於首個產生應課稅溢利年度起計兩年獲豁免企業所得稅,而繼後連續三年則可享有50%企業所得稅減免。

		2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Group:	本集團:		
Current - Hong Kong	即期-香港:		
Charge for the year	年內開支	1,275	1,123
Underprovision in prior years	去年撥備不足	_	173
Current - Elsewhere	即期-其他地區	3,454	5,989
Deferred (note 30)	遞延税項(附註30)	6,727	15,725
		11,456	23,010
	nb / L TV + T		
Share of tax attributable to:	應佔税項:		
Jointly-controlled entities	共同控制企業	168	211
Associates	聯營公司	1,891	858
		2,059	1,069
Total tax charge for the year	年度税項支出總額	13,515	24,079

10. TAX (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax using the statutory rates to the tax expense at the effective tax rate, and a reconciliation of the applicable rates (i.e. the statutory rates to the effective tax rates), are as follows:

10. 税項(續)

使用法定税率計算之税前溢利適用税項開 支與按實際税率計算之税項開支之對賬, 以及適用税率(即法定税率與實際税率)之 對賬如下:

		2004 二零零四年		2003 二零零三年	
		HK\$	%	HK\$	%
		港元	%	港元	%
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	50,954		113,098	
Calculated at a tax rate of 17.5%	按17.5%之税率計算之税項				
(2003: 17.5%)	(二零零三年:17.5%)	8,917	17.5	19,792	17.5
Effect of different tax rates	其他國家之不同税率				
in other countries	之影響	(1,842)	(3.6)	5,671	5.0
Effect on opening deferred tax of	税率上調對期初遞延				
increase in rates	税項之影響	_	-	934	0.8
Adjustments in respect of current	就往期之即期税項				
tax of previous periods	所作調整	_	-	173	0.2
Income not subject to tax	毋須納税收入	(7,685)	(15.1)	(4,125)	(3.6)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税開支	12,377	24.3	7,954	7.0
Tax losses utilised from previous	動用往期税項				
periods .	虧損	(1,482)	(2.9)	(6,320)	(5.6)
Tax losses not recognised	未確認之税項虧損	3,230	6.3	_	
T. I. ()	→ 左 卒 兴 否 → 川 / ()	45 = 45	24.5	24.072	24.5
Total tax charge for the year	本年度税項支出總額	13,515	26.5	24,079	21.3

財務報表附註(續)

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

11. NET PROFIT FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

The net loss from ordinary activities attributable to shareholders for the year ended 31 December 2004 dealt with in the financial statements of the Company was HK\$4,114,000 (2003: net profit of HK\$632,000) (note 33(b)).

11. 股東應佔日常業務純利

撥入本公司財務報表處理截至二零零四年十二月三十一日止年度之股東應佔日常業務虧損淨額為4,114,000港元(二零零三年:純利632,000港元)(附註33(b))。

12. DIVIDENDS

12. 股息

	2004	2003
	二零零四年	二零零三年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Interim - HK0.5 cent (2003: HK1.0 cent) 中期股息每股普通股0.5港仙		
per ordinary share (二零零三年:每股1.0港仙)	2,549	4,448
Proposed final - HK1.5 cents 擬派末期股息每股普通股1.5港仙		
(2003: HK2.5 cents) per ordinary share (二零零三年:每股2.5港仙)	7,647	12,745
	10,196	17,193

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

本年度擬派末期股息須在即將舉行之股東 週年大會上取得本公司股東批准後,方可 作實。

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the net profit attributable to shareholders for the year of HK\$37,357,000 (2003: HK\$90,174,000), and the weighted average of 509,805,968 (2003: 456,381,310) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts for the years ended 31 December 2004 and 2003 have not been disclosed as no dilutive events existed during these years.

13. 每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據截至本年度之股東應 佔純利37,357,000港元(二零零三年: 90,174,000港元)及年內已發行普通股加 權平均數509,805,968股(二零零三年: 456,381,310股)計算。

由於在截至二零零四及二零零三年十二月 三十一日止年度內並無出現攤薄事件,因 此並無披露該等年度之每股攤薄盈利。

14. FIXED ASSETS

14.固定資產

Group

本集團

			Plant,			
			machinery,	Furniture		
		Leasehold	moulds	and		
	Land and	improvements	and tools	equipment	Motor	
	buildings	租賃物業	機器、設備、	傢俬及	vehicles	Total
	土地及樓宇	裝修	模具及工具	設備	汽車	總額
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
成本值或估值:						
年初	50,085	79,651	602,345	99,438	5,091	836,610
添置	5,183	14,688	123,608	10,097	573	154,149
出售	(85)	(3,226)	(85,156)	(1,444)	-	(89,911)
重估盈餘	3,398	-	_	-	-	3,398
二零零四年十二月三十一日	58,581	91,113	640,797	108,091	5,664	904,246
成本值或估值分析:						
成本值	6,617	91,113	640,797	108,091	5,664	852,282
估值	51,964	-	_	-	-	51,964
二零零四年十二月三十一日	58,581	91,113	640,797	108,091	5,664	904,246
累積折舊:						
年初	806	55,979	361,979	74,520	4,009	497,293
年度撥備	1,892	8,891	61,584	10,934	448	83,749
出售	(85)	(3,226)	(82,273)	(1,221)	-	(86,805)
估值撥回	(2,407)	-	_	_	-	(2,407)
二零零四年十二月三十一日	206	61,644	341,290	84,233	4,457	491,830
賬面淨值:						
二零零四年十二月三十一日	58,375	29,469	299,507	23,858	1,207	412,416
二零零三年十二月三十一日	49,279	23,672	240,366	24,918	1,082	339,317
	年初 添置 出售 重估 電標 四年十二月三十一日 成本 位值 二零 零 四年十二月三十一日 双本 位值 二零 零 番 : 年 年 毎 番 毎 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日	buildings 土地及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元 成本値或估值: 年初 50,085 添置 5,183 出售 (85) 重估盈餘 3,398 二零零四年十二月三十一日 58,581 成本值或估值分析: 6,617 估值 51,964 二零零四年十二月三十一日 58,581 累積折舊: 年初 年度機構 1,892 出售 (85) 估值撥回 (2,407) 二零零四年十二月三十一日 206 賬面淨值: 二零零四年十二月三十一日 二零零四年十二月三十一日 58,375	Land and buildings 土地及樓字 土地及樓字 日K\$'000 千港元細質物業 光修 ・ 大港元成本値或估値: 年初 京置 生活を 一 二零零四年十二月三十一日 二零零四年十二月三十一日 一 二零零四年十二月三十一日 一 二零零四年十二月三十一日 一 日 一 二零零四年十二月三十一日 一 日 年度機備 出售 出售 (85) (85) (3,226) (3,226) (3,226) 	Land and buildings Land and buildings 上地及棲字 大港元 大港 大港	Land and buildings	Land and buildings 上地及樓字 大地及樓字 大地及樓字 大地及樓字 大地元 大地元

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

14. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

14. 固定資產(續)

Company	本公司
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		vehicles
		汽車
		HK\$'000
		千港元
Cost:	成本值:	
At beginning of year and	年初及二零零四年	
at 31 December 2004	十二月三十一日	427
at 31 December 2004	—Д二 Н	437
Accumulated depreciation:	累積折舊:	
At beginning of year and	年初及二零零四年	
at 31 December 2004	十二月三十一日	437
Net book value:	賬面淨值:	
At 31 December 2004	二零零四年十二月三十一日	-
At 31 December 2003	二零零三年十二月三十一日	-

The Group's land and buildings included above are held under the following lease terms:

上文所包括之本集團土地及樓宇乃按以下 租期持有:

Motor

		Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000 千港元	Elsewhere 其他地區 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At cost:	成本值:			
Medium term leases	中期租賃	-	6,617	6,617
At valuation:	估值:			
Long term leases	長期租賃	4,200	_	4,200
Medium term leases	中期租賃	18,000	29,764	47,764
		22,200	29,764	51,964
		22,200	36,381	58,581

14. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

The Group's land and buildings, other than the staff quarters and office premises in Mainland China, were revalued individually at the balance sheet date by A.G. Wilkinson & Associates, an independent firm of professionally qualified property valuers, on an open market value, existing use basis. The Group's attributable revaluation surplus of HK\$5,805,000 (2003: HK\$1,232,000) and a surplus of nil (2003: HK\$336,000) resulting from the above valuations have been reflected in the property revaluation reserve and the profit and loss account, respectively. No independent professional valuation has been conducted for the staff quarters and office premises in Mainland China because, in the opinion of the directors, the carrying values are not materially different from the fair values at the balance sheet date.

Had the revalued land and buildings been carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, their carrying value would have been approximately HK\$40,422,569 (2003: HK\$39,558,000).

The net book value of the Group's fixed assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts included in the total amount of plant, machinery, moulds and tools at 31 December 2004 amounted to HK\$8,000 (2003: HK\$3,004,000).

Certain of the land and buildings are leased to third parties, an associate and a jointly-controlled entity under operating leases on a yearly basis.

14. 固定資產(續)

除位於中國內地之員工宿舍及寫字樓物業外,本集團名下之土地及樓宇於結算日之公開市值,已由獨立之合資格專業物業估值師行韋堅信產業測量師行以現況個別重估。根據此等估值本集團應佔重估盈餘為5,805,000港元(二零零三年:1,232,000港元)及盈餘零港元(二零零三年:336,000港元),並已分別於物業重估儲備及損益表中扣除。由於董事認為位於中國之員工宿舍及寫字樓物業於結算日之賬面值應不會與公平值有重大差別,故並無為該等物業進行獨立之專業估值。

倘此等土地及樓宇乃按歷史成本減累積折舊及耗蝕虧損列賬,其賬面值應約為40,422,569港元(二零零三年:39,558,000港元)。

本集團根據融資租賃及租購合約持有之固定資產之賬面淨值8,000港元(二零零三年:3,004,000港元)已計入二零零四年十二月三十一日之機器、設備及工具之總額。

若干土地及樓宇已根據經營租賃按年租予 第三者、聯營公司及共同控制企業。

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15. DEFERRED PRODUCT **DEVELOPMENT COSTS**

15. 遞延產品開發成本

		Group
		本集團
		HK\$'000
		千港元
Cost:	成本值:	
At beginning of year	年初	113,718
Additions	添置	46,882
Written off	撇除	(34,682)
At 31 December 2004	二零零四年十二月三十一日	125,918
Accumulated amortisation:	累積攤銷:	
At beginning of year	年初	52,712
Provided during the year	年內撥備	35,777
Written off	撇除	(29,577)
At 31 December 2004	二零零四年十二月三十一日	58,912
Net book value:		
At 31 December 2004	二零零四年十二月三十一日	67,006
At 31 December 2003	二零零三年十二月三十一日	61,006

16. GOODWILL AND NEGATIVE GOODWILL

The amounts of goodwill and negative goodwill remaining in consolidated reserves as at 31 December 2004, arising from the acquisition of subsidiaries prior to the adoption of SSAP 30 in 2001, are as follows:

Group

16. 商譽及負商譽

在二零零一年採納會計實務準則第30項前 收購附屬公司所產生並仍留在綜合儲備之 商譽及負商譽於二零零四年十二月三十一 日之金額如下:

本集團

		Goodwill	Negative
		eliminated against	goodwill credited
		capital reserve	to capital reserve
		自資本儲備	撥入資本儲備之
		對銷之商譽	負商譽
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cost:	成本值:		
At beginning of year and at	年初及二零零四年		
31 December 2004	十二月三十一日	33,135	(1,243)
Accumulated impairment:	累積耗蝕:		
At beginning of year and at	年初及二零零四年		
31 December 2004	十二月三十一日	7,217	
	가다 승규 .		
Net amount:	淨額:		
At 31 December 2004	二零零四年十二月三十一日	25,918	(1,243)
At 31 December 2003	二零零三年十二月三十一日	25,918	(1,243)
		==,= :=	(1)= 15)

As detailed in note 3 to the financial statements, on the adoption of SSAP 30 in 2001, the Group applied the transitional provision of SSAP 30 that permitted goodwill and negative goodwill in respect of acquisitions which occurred prior to the adoption of the SSAP, to remain eliminated against or credited to the capital reserve, respectively.

誠如財務報表附註3所詳述,於二零零一年 採納會計實務準則第30項時,本集團已採 用會計實務準則30項之過渡規定,該規定 容許有關採納該項會計實務準則前進行之 收購產生之商譽及負商譽已自資本儲備對 銷或撥入資本儲備。

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

17. 附屬公司權益

		本	公司
		2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unlisted shares, at cost	非上市股份,按成本	35,630	35,630
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	1,050,635	1,131,574
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	(125,975)	(141,688)
		960,290	1,025,516
Provision against amounts due from	應收附屬公司款項		
subsidiaries	撥備	(84,800)	(80,000)

The balances with subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

應收附屬公司款項並無抵押,且屬免息及 並無固定償還日期。

875,490

945,516

Company

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

主要附屬公司之細節如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 成立/註冊及 經營地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股本/ 註冊股本面值	equity to the 本公	entage of attributable c Company 司應佔之 本百份比	Principal activities 主要業務
			2004 二零零四年	2003 二零零三年	
Asian Power Electronics Limited 奥勁電子有限公司	Hong Kong/ Mainland China 香港/中國內地	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100	100	Subcontracting of audio products 承包製造 音響產品
Heavy Power Electronics Limited 奥力電子有限公司	Hong Kong/ Mainland China 香港/中國內地	HK \$ 2 2港元	100	100	Manufacture and sale of audio products 製造及銷售 音響產品

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 成立/註冊及 經營地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股本/ 註冊股本面值	equity to the 本公	entage of attributable e Company 司應佔之 本百份比	Principal activities 主要業務
			2004 二零零四年	2003 二零零三年	
Jiangsu Electronics Industries Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$4,000,000 4,000,000美元	100	100	Investment holding and licensing of intellectual property 投資控股及 授出知識產權
Jiangsu International Limited 江蘇國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	100	100	Trading of audio and in-car electronic products 音響及汽車 電子產品貿易
J.S. International, Inc.	United States of America ("U.S.A.") 美利堅合眾國 (「美國」)	US\$100 100美元	100	100	Distribution of audio and in-car electronic products 經銷音響及 汽車電子產品
OP Audio Limited 奧比音響科技有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	100	100	Trading of audio products 買賣音響產品
Orient Power Auto Electronics (Hong Kong) Limited 東方汽車電子 (香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Orient Power (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	HK\$15,000,000 15,000,000港元	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股

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17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 成立/註冊及 經營地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股本/ 註冊股本面值	equity to the 本公	entage of attributable · Company 司應佔之 本百份比	Principal activities 主要業務
			2004 二零零四年	2003 二零零三年	
Orient Power Car Audio Limited 東華音響有限公司	Hong Kong/ Mainland China 香港/中國內地	HK\$2 2港元	100	100	Development, manufacture and sale of in-car electronic products 開發、製造及 銷售汽車電子產品
Orient Power Car Stereos Limited 東華電子有限公司	Hong Kong/ Mainland China 香港/中國內地	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	100	100	Development, manufacture and sale of in-car electronic products and investment holding 開發、製造及 銷售汽車電子 產品及投資控股
Orient Power Electronics Limited 東強電子有限公司	Hong Kong/ Mainland China 香港/中國內地	Ordinary HK\$1,000 Non-voting deferred HK\$2,000,000 普通・1,000港元 無投票權遞延, 2,000,000港元	100	100	Development, manufacture and sale of audio products and investment holding 開發、製造及 銷售音響產品 及投資控股

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 成立/註冊及 經營地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股本/ 註冊股本面值	equity to the 本公	entage of attributable e Company 司應佔之 本百份比	Principal activities 主要業務
			2004 二零零四年	2003 二零零三年	
Orient Power GPS Limited	Hong Kong/ Mainland China 香港/中國內地	HK\$2 2港元	100	100	Development, manufacture and sale of in-car electronic products 開發、製造及 銷售汽車電子產品
Orient Power Hi-Fi Mfg. Limited 東聲音響有限公司	Hong Kong/ Mainland China 香港/中國內地	HK\$3,500,000 3,500,000港元	100	100	Development, manufacture and sale of audio and video products 開發、製造及 銷售影音產品
Orient Power Industrial Limited 東塑製品有限公司	Hong Kong/ Mainland China 香港/中國內地	HK\$4,500,000 4,500,000港元	100	100	Manufacture and sale of plastic products and investment holding 製造及銷售塑膠 製品及投資控股
Orient Power Injection Moulding Limited 佳保實業有限公司	Hong Kong/ Mainland China 香港/中國內地	HK\$7,000,000 7,000,000港元	70	70	Leasing of assets to Group companies 向集團公司 租賃資產

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17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 成立/註冊及 經營地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股本/ 註冊股本面值	equity to the 本公	entage of attributable e Company 司應佔之 本百份比	Principal activities 主要業務
			2004 二零零四年	2003 二零零三年	
Orient Power (Jiangsu) Electronics Limited 東強 (江蘇) 電子有限公司	Hong Kong/ Mainland China 香港/中國內地	HK \$ 2 2港元	100	100	Investment holding, manufacture and sale of audio products 投資控股、製造及銷售音響產品
Orient Power Mobile Electronics Limited	Hong Kong/ Mainland China 香港/中國內地	HK\$2 2港元	100	100	Development, manufacture and sale of in-car electronic products 開發、製造及銷售 汽車電子產品
Orient Power Multimedia Limited 東強多媒體有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	100	100	Development, manufacture and sale of video products 開發、製造及 銷售影視產品
Orient Power Services Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	100	100	Provision of credit services 提供信貸服務
Orient Power-Sunniwell IT Limited* 北京朝歌寬帶網絡信息技術 有限公司*	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB15,000,000 人民幣 15,000,000元	51	51	Provider of network solutions 網絡解決方案 供應商

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

17. 附屬公司權益(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 成立/註冊及 經營地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股本/ 註冊股本面值	equity to the 本公	entage of attributable e Company 司應佔之 本百份比	Principal activities 主要業務
			2004 二零零四年	2003 二零零三年	
Orient Power Technologies Limited 精藝電子有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Orient Power Video Manufacturing Limited 東視電子有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$29,250,000 29,250,000港元	100	100	Development, manufacture and sale of video products and investment holding 開發、製造及 銷售影視產品 及投資控股
Surf Power Limited 電濤有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000 1,000港元	100	100	Property investment 物業投資

^{*} Orient Power-Sunniwell IT Limited is registered as a contractual joint venture under the PRC law.

All subsidiaries are indirectly held by the Company with the exception of Orient Power (BVI) Limited.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

除Orient Power (BVI) Limited外,所有附屬公司均由本公司間接持有。

上表載列董事會認為對本集團本年度業績構成主要影響或構成本集團資產淨值主要部份之本公司附屬公司。董事會認為,載列其他附屬公司之詳情會令篇幅過於冗長。

^{*} 北京朝歌寬帶網絡信息技術有限公司根據 中國法例註冊為合同性合營企業。

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18. INTERESTS IN JOINTLY-CONTROLLED 18. 共同控制企業權益 ENTITIES

			oup 集團 —————
		2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Share of net assets	所佔資產淨值	32,203	34,784
Due from jointly-controlled entities	應收共同控制企業款項	76,229	7,451
		108,432	42,235
Provision for impairment (note 6)	耗蝕撥備(附註6)	(10,500)	_
		97,932	42,235
Due to jointly-controlled entities	應付共同控制企業款項	_	64,340

The balances due from/to the jointly-controlled entities are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment. The amounts due from jointly-controlled entities arose from raw materials and finished goods purchased by the Group on behalf of those jointly-controlled entities, which although technically currently repayable under the original terms of the transactions giving rise thereto, have been deferred for the longer term and are therefore classified as non-current. The amounts due to jointly-controlled entities represent trade payables arising from purchases of finished goods by the Group (note 38 (i)).

本公司與共同控制企業之應收/應付結欠並無抵押,且屬免息及無固定還款期。應收共同控制企業款項因本集團代表該等共同控股企業採購原材料及製成品而產生,儘管技術上根據有關交易條款須即期償還,惟已遞延至較長年期,故被分類為非流動。應付共同控制企業款項意指因本集團採購製成品(附註38(i))而產生之應付貿易賬款。

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18. INTERESTS IN JOINTLY-CONTROLLED 18. 共同 ENTITIES (continued)

18. 共同控制企業權益(續)

Particulars of the unlisted jointly-controlled entities are as follows:

非上市共同控制企業之詳情如下:

		Place of		Percentage of		
	Business	registration	Ownership	Voting	Profit	Principal
Name	structure	and operations	interest	power 投票權	sharing	activities
名稱	業務結構	註冊及經營地點	名下權益	百份比	分享溢利	主要業務
Jiangsu Orient Power Electronics Co., Ltd. 江蘇東華電子有限公司	Corporate 公司	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國內地	51	50	51	Manufacture and sale of in-car electronic products 製造及銷售 汽車電子產品
Orient Power Xian GPS Electronics Limited 西安東強電子導航 有限公司	Corporate 公司	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國內地	51	50	51	Research and sale of in-car electronic products 研究及銷售 汽車電子產品
Orient Power (Wuxi) Digital Technology Co., Ltd. ("OPWDT")* 無錫東強數碼科技 有限公司(「無錫東強」)*	Corporate 公司	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國內地	55	40	55	Manufacture and sale of video products 製造及銷售 影視產品

財務報表附註(續)

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18. INTERESTS IN JOINTLY-CONTROLLED ENTITIES (continued)

OPWDT is a joint venture ("JV") formed in 2000 by a subsidiary of the Company and a PRC JV partner. In accordance with the JV contract, the Group made a capital injection of RMB22,763,000 into OPWDT which represented 55% of the total registered capital of OPWDT. In 2003, an amendment was made to the articles of association of OPWDT conferring the Group's right of appointing two out of a total of five representatives to the board of OPWDT. Accordingly, the Group and the JV partner appointed two and three representatives, respectively, to the board of OPWDT and the Group's interest in OPWDT has been included as an interest in a jointly-controlled entity. Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Group made further capital injection of US\$5 million (equivalent to HK\$39 million) into OPWDT. As the JV partner did not make any capital injection in proportion to its original shareholding, the Group has become a 77.5% shareholder of OPWDT subsequent to the additional capital injection.

Financial information of the Group's material jointlycontrolled entities are set out as follows:

18. 共同控制企業權益(續)

無錫東強為本公司一家附屬公司與中方合 夥人於二零零零年成立之合營公司(「合營 公司」)。根據合營合同,本集團向無錫東 強注資人民幣22,763,000元,佔無錫東 強註冊股本總額之55%。於二零零三年 無錫東強之章程細則經已修訂,訂明本集 團有權委任無錫東強五名董事會成員其中 兩名。因此,本集團及合營公司合夥人分 別委任兩名及三名無錫東強董事會成員。 本集團於無錫東強之權益經已列入作為於 共同控制企業之權益。於結算日後,本集 團進一步注資5,000,000美元(相等於 39,000,000港元) 至無錫東強。由於合營 企業夥伴並無按其原有持股比例注入任何 資本,故本集團於額外注入資本後成為擁 有無錫東強77.5%之股東。

本集團之重大共同控制企業之財務資料載 列如下:

OPWDT 無錫東強

		2004
		二零零四年
		HK\$
		港元
Turnover	營業額	322,838
Net profit from ordinary activities	股東應佔日常業務	
attributable to shareholders	純利	3,369
Non-current assets	非流動資產	80,331
Current assets	流動資產	168,419
Current liabilities	流動負債	(216,104)
Net assets	資產淨值	32,646

19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

19. 聯營公司權益

Group 本集團

		- 1	大田
		2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Share of net assets	應佔資產淨值	_	45,554
Due from an associate	應收聯營公司款項	-	26
		-	45,580

The amount due from an associate as at 31 December 2003 was unsecured, interest-free and had no fixed terms of repayment.

於二零零三年十二月三十一日,應收聯營 公司款項並無抵押,且屬免息及並無固定 償還日期。

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19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

19. 聯營公司權益(續)

Particulars of the associates were as follows:

聯營公司之詳情如下:

Name	Business structure	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 成立/註冊及	ow in attr to th	entage of nership iterest ibutable ne Group 團應佔之	Principal activities
名稱	商業結構	經營地點		聖百份比	主要業務
			2004 二零零四年	2003 二零零三年	
			-중앙 다 +	_₹₹_ †	
Clarion Orient Co., Limited ("COC") 歌樂東方有限公司(「歌樂東方」)	Corporate 公司	Hong Kong 香港	_	49	Investment holding and trading of in-car electronic and related products 投資控股及 汽車電子與 有關產品貿易
Dongguan Clarion Orient Electronics Co., Limited ("DCOE") 東莞歌樂東方電子有限公司(「東莞歌	Corporate 公司 樂」)	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國內地	-	49	Manufacture and sale of in-car electronic and related products 製造及銷售 汽車電子與 有關產品

DCOE is a wholly-owned subsidiary of COC. The above associates were not audited by Ernst & Young Hong Kong or other Ernst & Young International member firms.

These associates were disposed of to the controlling shareholder of COC during the year, resulting in a gain on disposal of HK\$185,000 (note 5).

東莞歌樂為歌樂東方之全資附屬公司。上述聯營公司並未由香港安永會計師事務所或Ernst & Young International其他成員公司進行審核。

年內,該等聯營公司被出售予歌樂東方之 控股股東,產生出售收益185,000港元(附 註5)。

Group

20. LONG TERM INVESTMENT

20. 長期投資

		本語	集團
		2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unlisted equity investment, at cost	非上市股本投資,按成本值	500	500
Advance to an investee company	向接受投資公司墊款	1,300	1,200
		1,800	1,700
Provision	撥備	(1,800)	(1,700)
		_	_

21. DEPOSITS FOR PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT COSTS AND MOULDS

Deposits for product development costs and moulds represent the capitalised cost incurred for the development of new products. These deposits will be capitalised as deferred product development costs and the costs of moulds and tools when the development process is completed.

21. 產品開發成本及模具按金

產品開發成本及模具按金意指開發新產品 而涉及之資本化成本。此等按金在開發過 程完成後,將撥充資本,作為遞延產品開 發成本以及模具及工具成本。

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22. TRADE RECEIVABLES

22. 應收貿易賬款

			eup 集團 ———————————————————————————————————
		2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trade receivables assigned to	已轉讓予讓售商之		
factoring agents	應收貿易賬款	79,124	51,606
Less: Advances from factoring agents	減:讓售商墊款	(71,110)	(22,546)
		8,014	29,060
Unfactored trade receivables	非讓售之應收貿易賬款	473,644	420,744
		481,658	449,804

An aged analysis of the unfactored trade receivables is as follows:

非讓售之應收貿易賬款之賬齡分析如下:

Group

			Group 本集團	
		2004	2003	
		二零零四年	二零零三年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Current to 90 days	即期至90日	433,366	407,102	
91 to 180 days	91至180日	19,130	1,429	
181 to 360 days	181至360日	8,881	1,127	
Over 360 days	逾360日	12,267	11,086	
		473,644	420,744	

The Group in general allows a credit period of 30 to 90 days to its trade debtors.

本集團一般向貿易債務人提供30至90日之 賒賬期。

Group

23. INVENTORIES

23. 存貨

			集團
		2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Raw materials	原材料	198,948	229,556
Work in progress	在製品	35,038	57,731
Finished goods	製成品	125,076	138,068
		359,062	425,355

No inventories included above were carried at net realisable value (2003: Nil).

上文所列之存貨概無以可變現淨值列賬(二 零零三年:無)。

24. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

24. 現金及現金等價物

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2004	2003	2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年	二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cash and bank balances Time deposits with original maturity of:	現金及銀行結存 原到期日如下 之定期存款:	44,932	182,350	86	51
Less than three months	三個月內	276,499	196,872	189,901	189,324
Over three months	超過三個月	_	189,324	_	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	321,431	568,546	189,987	189,375

At the balance sheet date, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to HK\$10,843,000 (2003: HK\$1,684,000). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sales and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

於結算日,本集團為數10,843,000港元 (二零零三年:1,684,000港元)之現金及銀 行結存乃以人民幣計算。人民幣不可自由 兑換為其他貨幣。惟根據《中華人民共和國 外滙管理條例》及《結滙、售滙及付滙管理 規定》,本集團獲准透過獲授權進行外滙交 易業務之銀行將人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

財務報表附註(續)

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25. TRADE PAYABLES

25. 應付貿易賬款

An aged analysis of the trade payables is as follows:

應付貿易賬款之賬齡分析如下:

Grou	ıķ
本集	İ

-			
		2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current to 90 days	即期至90日	317,240	491,842
91 to 180 days	91至180日	3,323	25,120
181 to 360 days	181至360日	2,775	466
Over 360 days	逾360日	1,414	294
		324,752	517,722

26. PROVISIONS FOR SALES RETURNS AND WARRANTY COSTS

26. 銷售退貨及保養成本撥備

		HK\$'000 千港元
		17670
At beginning of year	年初	19,981
Additional provision	額外撥備	29,007
Amount utilised during the year	年內動用款額	(37,557)

The Group provides six-month warranties to its customers on certain of its electronic products, under which products can be returned within six months after sale. The amount of the provision for the warranties is estimated based on sales volume and past experience of the level of repairs and returns. The estimation basis is reviewed on an ongoing basis and revised where appropriate.

本集團就其若干電子產品向客戶提供六個 月保養期,據此,產品可於售出後六個月 內退回。就保養所作撥備之款額按銷量及 有關維修及退貨之過往經驗估計。作出估 計之基準會不斷檢討,在適當情況下亦會 進行修訂。

27. BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

27. 銀行貸款及其他借款

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2004 二零零四年	2003 二零零三年	2004 二零零四年	2003 二零零三年
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		/B/U	1 /色儿	l Æ76	l /e/L
Bank overdrafts, unsecured Trust receipt loans, unsecured	銀行透支,無抵押 信託收據貸款,	374	663	33	148
irust receipt ioaris, urisecured	無抵押	_	18,450	_	-
Bank loans, unsecured	銀行貸款,無抵押	581,223	571,222	500,000	550,000
		581,597	590,335	500,033	550,148
Bank overdrafts repayable within one year or on demand	一年內或按通知 償還之銀行 透支	374	663	33	148
Trust receipt loans repayable within one year	一年內償還之 信託收據貸款	-	18,450	-	
Bank loans repayable: Within one year or on demand	應償還銀行貸款: 一年內或按 通知	281,223	135,508	200,000	114,286
In the second year In the third to fifth years,	第二年 第三至五年	235,714	285,714	235,714	285,714
inclusive	(包括首尾兩年)	64,286	150,000	64,286	150,000
		581,223	571,222	500,000	550,000
Portion classified as current liabilities	列作流動負債部份	(281,597)	(154,621)	(200,033)	(114,434)
Long term portion	長期部份	300,000	435,714	300,000	435,714

The banking facilities of the subsidiaries are secured by cross-corporate guarantees executed between the Company and its subsidiaries.

本公司與其附屬公司就附屬公司之銀行信 貸以相互公司擔保作抵押。

財務報表附註(續)

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

28. FINANCE LEASE AND HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACT PAYABLES

The Group leases certain of its plant and machinery for its business. These leases are classified as finance lease and hire purchase contract payables and have lease terms ranging from three to five years.

At 31 December 2004, the total future minimum lease payments under finance leases and hire purchase contract payables and their present values, were as follows:

Group

28. 融資租賃及租購合約應付款項

本集團為其業務租賃若干廠房及機器,有 關租賃列為融資租賃及租購合約應付款 項,尚餘租賃年期由三至五年不等。

於二零零四年十二月三十一日,融資租賃 及租購合約應付款項之日後最低租金總額 及有關之現值如下:

本集團

		Minimum lease payments 最低租金 款額	Minimum lease payments 最低租金 款額	Present value of minimum lease payments 最低租金 款額之 現值	Present value of minimum lease payments 最低租金 款額之 現值
		2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2003 二零零三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2003 二零零三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Amounts payable: Within one year In the second year	應付款項: 一年內 第二年	6 -	1,034 6	6 -	1,018 6
Total minimum finance lease payments	融資租賃最低 租金總額	6	1,040	6	1,024
Future finance charges	日後之融資支出	-	(16)		
Total net finance lease payables	融資租賃應付款項 淨額總計	6	1,024		
Portion classified as current liabilities	列作流動負債部份	(6)	(1,018)		
Long term portion	長期部份	-	6		

29. DUE TO A MINORITY SHAREHOLDER **OF A SUBSIDIARY**

Amount due to a minority shareholder of a non-whollyowned subsidiary is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.

30. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during

the year are as follows:

Deferred tax assets

Group

(note 10)

Gross deferred tax assets

At 31 December 2004

遞延税項資產總額

於二零零四年十二月三十一日

available Deferred for offset Accelerated product tax against future development depreciation taxable profit costs Others Total 可用以抵銷 未來應課税 遞延產品 總計 加速税項折舊 溢利之虧損 開發成本 其他 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 於二零零三年一月一日 At 1 January 2003 (2,892)19.714 (4,036)32 12,818 Deferred tax (charged)/credited 年內(扣除)/計入損益表 之遞延税項(附註10) to the profit and loss account during the year (note 10) 2,896 (15,263)4,036 (32)(8,363)Gross deferred tax assets 遞延税項資產總額 At 31 December 2003 於二零零三年十二月三十一日 4,451 4,455 年內(扣除)/計入損益表 Deferred tax (charged)/credited 之遞延税項(附註10) to the profit and loss account during the year

(1,287)

(1,283)

5,392

9,843

29. 應付附屬公司少數股東之 款項

應付非全資附屬公司少數股東之款項乃無 抵押、免息及並無固定償還日期。

30. 遞延税項

遞延税項資產及負債於年內之變動如下:

遞延税項資產

本集團

Losses

4,105

8,560

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

30. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

30. 遞延税項(續)

Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債
Group	本集團

Group			个朱 国	3		
			Losses			
			available	Deferred		
		Accelerated	for offset	product		
		tax	against future	development		
		depreciation	taxable profit 可用以抵銷	costs	Others	Total
			未來應課税	遞延產品		
		加速税項折舊	溢利之虧損	開發成本	其他	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2003	於二零零三年一月一日	11,720	(1,612)	2,922	(452)	12,578
Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the profit and loss account during the year	年內扣除/(計入)損益表 之遞延税項(附註10)					
(note 10)		9,683	(7,165)	6,123	(1,279)	7,362
Gross deferred tax liabilities At 31 December 2003	遞延税項負債總額 於二零零三年十二月三十一日	21,403	(8,777)	9,045	(1,731)	19,940
Deferred tax charged to the profit and loss account during the year	年內扣除損益表 之遞延税項(附註10)					
(note 10)		4,875	670	3,556	1,731	10,832
Gross deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債總額					
At 31 December 2004	於二零零四年十二月三十一日	26,278	(8,107)	12,601	-	30,772

30. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

30. 遞延税項(續)

Deferred tax assets

Company

遞延税項資產

本公司

		Accelerated tax depreciation	Losses available for offset against future taxable profit 可用以抵銷 未來應課税	Total
		加速税項折舊	溢利之虧損	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2003	於二零零三年一月一日	(7)	570	563
Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the profit and loss	年內扣除/(計入)損益表 之遞延税項			
account during the year		11	(268)	(257)
Net deferred tax assets At 31 December 2003 and 1 January 2004	遞延税項資產淨值 於二零零三年十二月三十一日 及二零零四年一月一日	4	302	306
Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the profit and loss	年內扣除/(計入) 損益表 之遞延税項			
account during the year		(1)	101	100
Net deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產淨值			
At 31 December 2004	於二零零四年十二月三十一日	3	403	406

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$7,740,000 (2003: HK\$7,435,000) and Mainland China of HK\$33,929,000 (2003: HK\$24,303,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time.

本集團於香港及中國內地產生之稅務虧損分別為7,740,000港元(二零零三年:7,435,000港元)及33,929,000港元(二零零三年:24,303,000港元),該稅務虧損可無限期於產生該稅務虧損之公司用作抵銷將來應課稅溢利。從長期虧損之附屬公司產生之稅務虧損並未被確認為遞延稅項資產。

財務報表附註(續)

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

30. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

Deferred tax assets (continued)

Company (continued)

At 31 December 2004, there was no significant unrecognised deferred tax liability (2003: Nil) for taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain of the Group's subsidiaries or jointly-controlled entities as the Group has no liability to additional tax should such amounts be remitted.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

30. 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項資產(續)

本公司(續)

於二零零四年十二月三十一日,由於本集 團並無因本集團若干附屬公司或共同控制 企業之未減免盈利應付之税項產生額外之 税項負債,因此,本集團無就該等未減免 數額產生重大未確認遞延税項負債(二零零 三年:無)。

本公司派付股息予其股東概無導致出現所 得税後果。

Company

31. SHARE CAPITAL

31. 股本

		本	公司
		2004 二零零四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2003 二零零三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: 800,000,000 (2003: 800,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	法定: 800,000,000股(二零零三年: 800,000,000股)每股面值0.10港元之普通股	80,000	80,000
Issued and fully paid: 509,805,968 (2003: 509,805,968) ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	已發行及繳足: 509,805,968股(二零零三年: 509,805,968股)每股面值0.10港元 之普通股	50,981	50,981

31. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

31. 股本(續)

The movement in the share capital during the year ended 31 December 2003 were as follows:

於截至二零零三年十二月三十一日止年度 股本之變動如下:

			Issued	Share	
		Number of	share	premium	
		shares in issue	capital 已發行	account	Total
		已發行股份數目	股本	股份溢價賬	總額
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2003	二零零三年一月一日	444,805,968	44,481	159,058	203,539
Issue of shares	發行股份	65,000,000	6,500	55,900	62,400
Share issue expenses	發行股份開支	_	_	(2,638)	(2,638)
At 31 December 2003	二零零三年及二零零四	年			
and 2004	十二月三十一日	509,805,968	50,981	212,320	263,301

On 23 October 2003, High Rate Investments Limited (the substantial shareholder of the Company) placed 65,000,000 shares of the Company and subscribed for 65,000,000 new shares of the Company, both at HK\$0.96 per share. The share placement and subscription were completed on 5 November 2003. The total cash consideration, before expenses, was HK\$62,400,000.

二零零三年十月二十三日,High Rate Investments Limited (本公司主要股東)配售65,000,000股本公司股份及認購65,000,000股新股,兩者作價均為每股0.96港元。該股份配售及認購於二零零三年十一月五日完成。總現金代價(未扣除開支)為62,400,000港元。

財務報表附註(續)

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the Scheme include the Company's director, including independent non-executive directors, other employees or consultants of the Group or any of their companies or discretionary trusts; or any customer, supplier or advisor of the Group and the Company's shareholders. The Scheme became effective on 29 May 2002 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 44,026,754 shares, being 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at 29 May 2002. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue on the last date of such 12-month period. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Company's shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

32. 購股權計劃

本公司設有購股權計劃(「該計劃」),藉以 向對本集團業務之成功作出貢獻之合資格 參與者提供獎勵及回報。該計劃之合資格 參與者包括本公司董事(包括獨立非執行董 事)、本集團或本集團任何成員公司或全權 信託之其他僱員或顧問;或本集團之任何 客戶、供應商或顧問以及本公司股東。該 計劃於二零零二年五月二十九日起生效, 除以其他方式註銷或修訂外,該計劃將自 該日起計十年內仍然生效。

根據該計劃目前容許授出之未行使購股權所涉及之最高股份數目44,026,754股,為本公司於二零零二年五月二十九日之已發行股份10%之數額。於任何12個月期間內,根據該計劃之各合資格參與者之購股權而須予發行之股份數目最多不得超過於該12個月期間最後一日本公司已發行股份總數之1%。任何進一步授出購股權而超出該限制者,必須獲股東於股東大會批准。

授出購股權予本公司董事、最高行政人員 或主要股東或彼等各自之任何聯繫人士, 必須事先取得獨立非執行董事之批准。此 外,倘於任何12個月期間內,授予本公司 主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等之任何 聯繫人士之任何購股權超逾本公司任何時 間之已發行股份總數之0.1%或總值(根據 授出日期本公司股份之收市價計算)超過 5,000,000港元,則須事先取得股東於股東 大會上批准。

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 21 days from the date of the offer. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors, and commences after a certain vesting period and ends on a date which is not later than 10 years from the date of the grant or the expiry date of the Scheme, if earlier.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but may not be less than the higher of (i) the nominal value of the shares of the Company, (ii) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of the offer of the share options; and (iii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

No share options were granted during the year and at the balance sheet date, no share options were outstanding under the Scheme.

33. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and the prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 35 to 36 of this annual report.

Certain amounts of goodwill and negative goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries in prior years remain eliminated against consolidated retained profits and credited to the capital reserve, respectively, as explained in note 16 to the financial statements.

32. 購股權計劃(續)

授出購股權之要約可於要約日期起計21日內接納。所授出之購股權之行使期由董事決定,期限在購股權歸屬承授人後開始,而屆滿日期不得遲於購股權授出日期起計10年或該計劃屆滿日期(以較早者為準)。

購股權之行使價將由董事釐定,惟該價格不得低於(i)本公司一股股份之票面值:(ii) 購股權要約日期本公司股份於聯交所之每股收市價及(iii)緊接要約日期前五個交易日本公司股份於聯交所之平均收市價(以較高者為準)。

購股權持有人並無享有股息或於股東大會 投票之權利。

於年內並無授出購股權,而於結算日根據 該計劃並無尚未行使之購股權。

33. 儲備

(a) 本集團

本集團之儲備款項及在現年度及往年度儲備之變動詳情載於本年報第35 頁及第36頁之綜合權益變動表。

在過往年度收購附屬公司而產生商譽 及負商譽之若干款項仍然可分別以資 本儲備對銷綜合保留溢利或撥入資本 儲備,詳情載於財務報表附註16。

財務報表附註(續)

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

33. RESERVES (continued)

33. 儲備(續)

(b) Company

(b) 本公司

			Share			
			premium	Contributed	Retained	
			account	surplus	profits	Total
			股份溢價賬	繳入盈餘	保留溢利	總額
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Balance at 1 January 2003	於二零零三年一月一日					
	之結餘		159,058	20,630	305,503	485,191
Issue of shares	發行股份	31	55,900	_	_	55,900
Share issue expenses	發行股份開支	31	(2,638)	-	-	(2,638)
Net profit for the year	年度純利		-	-	632	632
Interim 2003 dividend	二零零三年中期股息	12	-	-	(4,448)	(4,448)
Proposed final 2003 dividend	二零零三年擬派末期股息	12	_	_	(12,745)	(12,745)
At 31 December 2003	二零零三年十二月三十一日	3	212,320	20,630	288,942	521,892
Net loss for the year	年度虧損淨額		_	_	(4,114)	(4,114)
Interim 2004 dividend	二零零四年中期股息	12	-	-	(2,549)	(2,549)
Proposed final 2004 dividend	二零零四年擬派末期股息	12	_	_	(7,647)	(7,647)
At 31 December 2004	二零零四年十二月三十一日	3	212,320	20,630	274,632	507,582

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the excess of the consolidated shareholders' funds of the subsidiaries at the date when they were acquired by the Company over the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued as consideration therefor pursuant to the Group reorganisation implemented prior to the listing of the Company's shares in 1991. Under the Companies Act of 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus of the Company is distributable to shareholders under certain circumstances.

本公司之繳入盈餘指本公司於收購附屬公司當日,附屬公司之綜合股東資金與本公司股份於一九九一年上市前根據集團重組而發行作為代價之本公司股份之面值間之差額。根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂),本公司之繳入盈餘在若干情況下可分派予股東。

34. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH 34. 綜合現金流量表附註 FLOW STATEMENT

Disposal of a subsidiary

出售一家附屬公司

		2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Net assets disposed of: Cash and bank balances	所出售之淨資產: 現金及銀行結存	-	7
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	出售附屬公司之虧損	_	(7)
Satisfied by: Cash	支付方式: 現金	_	_

An analysis of the net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of a subsidiary is as follows:

有關出售附屬公司之現金及現金等價物流 出淨額分析如下:

		2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cash consideration	現金代價	-	-
Cash and bank balance disposed of	出售之現金及銀行結存	_	(7)
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of a subsidiary	有關出售附屬公司之現金 及現金等價物流出淨額	_	(7)

The results of the subsidiary disposed of during the year ended 31 December 2003 had no significant impact on the Group's consolidated turnover or profit after tax for that year.

截至二零零三年十二月三十一日止年度出 售附屬公司之業績對本集團截至該年度之 綜合營業額或除税後溢利並無重大影響。

財務報表附註(續)

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

35. 或然負債

- At the balance sheet date, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:
- (a) 於結算日,未有在財務報表作撥備之 或然負債如下:

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2004 二零零四年	2003 二零零三年	2004 二零零四年	2003 二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Bills discounted with recourse Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted to:	具追索權之貼現票據 就下列公司獲批之 信貸向銀行 作出之擔保:	299,522	221,403	-	-
Subsidiaries	附屬公司	-	_	2,895,864	2,533,864
Jointly-controlled entities	共同控制企業	19,500	68,250	19,500	68,250
		319,022	289,653	2,915,364	2,602,114

The above discounted bills were settled subsequent to the balance sheet date.

上述貼現票據已於結算日後償付。

As at 31 December 2004, the banking facilities granted to the subsidiaries subject to guarantees given to banks by the Company were utilised to the extent of approximately HK\$829,480,000 (2003: HK\$610,785,000), and the banking facilities guaranteed by the Group to the jointly-controlled entities were utilised to the extent of approximately HK\$19,500,000 (2003: HK\$66,047,000).

- (b) As at 31 December 2003, counter-indemnities had been given by the Company to the controlling shareholder of an associate, which was disposed of during the year (note 19), to the extent of approximately of HK\$59,143,000 (for the controlling shareholder acting as a guarantor in respect of the banking facilities to the associate). The counterindemnities were released during the year.
- 於二零零四年十二月三十一日,本公 司就其附屬公司獲批銀行信貸而向銀 行作出之擔保其中約829,480,000港 元(二零零三年:610,785,000港元) 已動用,而本集團向共同控制企業之 銀行信貸作出之擔保其中約 19,500,000港元(二零零三年: 66,047,000港元)已動用。
- (b) 於二零零三年十二月三十一日,本集 團就聯營公司(於年內被出售(附註 19))獲批之銀行信貸向該聯營公司之 控權股東以擔保人身分作出約 59,143,000港元之相互賠償保證。該 相互賠償保證於年內獲解除。

35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (continued)

- The Group has a contingent liability in respect of possible future long service payments to employees under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance, with a maximum possible amount of HK\$7,022,000 (2003: HK\$8,699,000) as at 31 December 2004, as further explained under the heading "Employee benefits" in note 3 to the financial statements. The contingent liability has arisen because, at the balance sheet date, a number of current employees have achieved the required number of years of service to the Group in order to be eligible for long service payments under the Employment Ordinance if their employment is terminated under certain circumstances. A partial provision of HK\$1,072,000 (2003: HK\$1,345,209) has been recognised in respect of such possible payments, as it is not considered probable that the situation will result in a material future outflow of resources from the Group.
- In January 2004, Siemssen & Co. GmbH ("Siemssen"), (d) a company situated in Hamburg, Germany and a former customer of Orient Power Video Manufacturing Limited ("OPVM"), an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, filed a civil complaint against OPVM in the District Court of Hamburg (the "Action"). In the Action, Siemssen alleged that OPVM had breached certain warranties that it had provided under several contracts for the sale of products of OPVM to Siemssen, which rendered Siemssen liable to a third party to the extent of US\$9,835,000 (HK\$76,713,000). In the Action, Siemssen is claiming for the sum of US\$9,835,000 (HK\$76,713,000) and legal costs of Euro 58,000 (HK\$565,000) against OPVM.

35. 或然負債(續)

- 本集團根據香港僱傭條例而須向僱員 支付潛在之日後長期服務金而擁有或 然負債,於二零零四年十二月三十一 日涉及之潛在最高金額達7,022,000 港元(二零零三年:8,699,000港 元),詳情載於財務報表附註3「僱員 福利」。於結算日,若干現有僱員於 本集團之服務年期已屆所需之年期, 藉以符合僱員因若干情況而離職時可 享有僱傭條例所界定之長期服務金而 擁有或然負債。本公司已就該等可能 出現之款項而確認部份撥備 1,072,000港元(二零零三年: 1,345,209港元),是由於預期該等情 況將不會導致本集團日後出現重大利 益損失之情況。
- (d) 於二零零四年一月,Siemssen & Co. GmbH(「Siemssen」,位於德國漢堡之公司並為本公司間接全資附屬公司東視電子有限公司(「東視電子」)之前客戶)在漢堡地區法院提出民事訴訟(「該法律行動」)。在該法律行動中,Siemssen指稱東視電子違反其在對Siemssen銷售東視電子產品之若干合同內之若干保證,使到Siemssen須對第三方賠償9,835,000港元)。在該法律行動中,Siemssen要求東視電子賠償9,835,000美元(76,713,000港元)並支付58,000歐羅(565,000港元)訟費。

財務報表附註(續)

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (continued)

Of the said claim of US\$9,835,000 (HK\$76,713,000), a receivable due from Siemssen in the sum of US\$1,930,000 (HK\$15,054,000) is presently deposited into a bank by Siemssen pursuant to an order of the Hamburg court as security for part of the said claim in the Action. The said sum is held subject to the outcome of the Action and shall be returned to OPVM if Siemssen fails in the Action. OPVM through its legal representatives in Germany contested the Action. The directors of the Company have been advised by its German legal advisers that the claim in the Action has no merit and therefore no specific provision has been made for the claim.

35. 或然負債(續)

在上述9,835,000美元(76,713,000港元)之索償中,由Siemssen應付之1,930,000美元(15,054,000港元)款項現時由根據漢堡法院之命令由Siemssen存入一家銀行,作為在該法律行動中上述申索之一部份之保證金。上述款項將一直被扣起,直至該法律行動有結果為止,並會在Siemssen敗訴之情況下退還予東視電子。東視電子透過其在德國之法律代表對該法律行動提出抗辯。本公司董事獲德國法律顧問知會,得悉該法律行動中之申索缺乏理據,故本公司並無就此申索作出特別撥備。

36. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties, factory premises and staff quarters under operating lease arrangements. Leases for properties are negotiated for terms ranging from 1 to 12 years.

At 31 December 2004, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings falling due as follows:

36.經營租賃安排

以承租人身份

本集團根據經營租賃安排租賃其若干辦公室物業、廠房物業及員工宿舍,而洽商之物業租期介乎1年至12年。

於二零零四年十二月三十一日,本集團根據土地及樓宇不可撤銷經營租賃須於下列 年期內支付之日後最低租金款項總額如下:

Group 本集團

		2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	10,845	9,991
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二至五年(包括首尾兩年)	13,170	8,449
		24,015	18,440

37. COMMITMENTS

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 36 above, the Group had the following capital commitments at the balance sheet date:

37.承擔

除上文附註36所詳述之經營租賃承擔外, 本集團於結算日之資本承擔如下:

Group
本集團

		1 717	
		2004	2003
		二零零四年	二零零三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unpaid capital contribution to:	未付資本承擔:		
Jointly-controlled entities	共同控制企業	21,450	21,450
Plant and machinery:	廠房及機器:		
Contracted, but not provided for	已訂約但未撥備	11,353	18,866

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

38. 有關連人仕之交易

除在此等財務報表之其他部份詳述之交易 及結餘外,本集團於年內曾與有關連人仕 作以下重大交易:

Group 本集團

			2004	2003
			二零零四年	二零零三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Purchases of goods from	向共同控制企業購貨			
jointly-controlled entities		(i)	688,487	791,491
Sales of raw materials to	向共同控制企業銷售原料			
jointly-controlled entities		(ii)	232	15,122
Rental income of machinery from a	來自共同控制企業之			
jointly-controlled entity	機器租金收入	(iii)	927	1,793
Rental income from an associate	來自聯營公司之租金收入	(iii)	216	216

財務報表附註(續)

31 December 2004 於二零零四年十二月三十一日

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Notes:

- (i) The goods were purchased from the jointly-controlled entities at prices ranging from cost to cost plus a margin of 3% (2003: cost to cost plus a margin of 3%). The balances due to these jointly-controlled entities at 31 December 2004 were nil (2003: HK\$64,340,000) (note 18).
- (ii) The raw materials sold to the jointly-controlled entities were priced at cost to cost plus a margin of 3% (2003: at cost)
- (iii) The directors considered that the rental charged was similar to fair market rate.

As disclosed in note 35(b), as at 31 December 2003, the Company had executed counter-indemnities in favour of the controlling shareholder of an associate in proportion to its interest therein, for which no charge was made. The counter-indemnities were released during the year.

The Company has executed and issued the following guarantees and stand-by-letters-of-credit in favour of banks as security for such banks' granting loan facilities to a non-wholly-owned subsidiary and jointly-controlled entity:

- (a) guarantees and stand-by-letters-of-credit in favour of a bank in respect of two revolving loan facilities respectively in the sum of US\$1.25 million (2003: US\$1.25 million) and HK\$2.2 million (2003: HK\$2.2 million) granted to OPSIT, a 51%-owned subsidiary of the Group; and
- (b) guarantees in favour of various banks in respect of loan facilities not exceeding HK\$19.5 million (2003: HK\$70 million) granted to JOPE, a 51%-owned jointlycontrolled entity of the Group.

38. 有關連人仕之交易(續)

附註:

- (i) 購自共同控制企業之貨品之價格為成本至成本另加3%利潤(二零零三年:按成本至成本另加3%利潤)不等。於二零零四年十二月三十一日,應付該等共同控制企業之結餘為無(二零零三年:64,340,000港元)(附註18)。
- (ii) 售予共同控制企業之原料按成本至成本另加3%利潤(二零零三年:按成本)定價。
- (iii) 董事認為租金乃按與公平市值相近之款額 收取。

誠如附註35(b)所述,於二零零三年十二月 三十一日本公司按聯營公司控權股東所佔 權益比例,訂立一項以彼等為受益人之相 互賠償保證,惟並無就此作任何抵押。該 相互賠償保證於年內獲解除。

本公司就非全資擁有附屬公司及共同控制 企業所獲銀行貸款融資向有關銀行簽立及 發出以下擔保及備用信用狀,作為有關銀 行貸款融資之抵押:

- (a) 本公司就本集團擁有51%股權之附屬公司朝歌獲批之兩筆循環貸款融資1,250,000美元(二零零三年:1,250,000美元)及2,200,000港元(二零零三年:2,200,000港元)向銀行作出擔保及發出備用信用證:及
- (b) 本公司就本集團擁有51%股權之共同 控制企業江蘇東華獲批不超逾 19,500,000港元(二零零三年: 70,000,000港元)之貸款融資向多家 銀行作出擔保。

39. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENT

As mentioned in note 18 above, on 10 March 2005, the Group agreed with OPWDT to future inject US\$5 million (equivalent to HK\$39 million) in OPWDT (the "Capital Injection") to increase the Group's equity interest in OPWDT from 55% as at 31 December 2004 to 77.5% of the enlarged capital of OPWDT after the completion of the Capital Injection. The capital was paid on 14 March 2005.

40. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 20 April 2005.

39. 結算日後事項

誠如附註18所述,於二零零五年三月十日,本集團與無錫東強同意進一步注入5,000,000美元(相等於39,000,000港元)於無錫東強(「資本注入」),以將本集團於無錫東強之權益由二零零四年十二月三十一日之55%增加至於資本注入完成後無錫東強經擴大股本之77.5%。資本於二零零五年三月十四日支付。

40. 審批財務報表

董事會已於二零零五年四月二十日審批及 授權刊發財務報表。