# NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM REPORTS

#### 1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

This unaudited condensed consolidated financial information has been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

This condensed consolidated financial information should be read in conjunction with the audited annual financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2005.

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of this condensed consolidated financial information are consistent with those used in the annual financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2005 except that the Group has changed certain of its accounting policies following its adoption of new Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("new HKFRS") which are effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1st January 2005.

This interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with those new HKFRS standards and interpretations issued and effective as at the time of preparing this information. The new HKFRS standards and interpretations that will be applicable at 31st March 2006, including those that will be applicable on an optional basis, are not known with certainty at the time of preparing this interim financial information.

The changes to the Group's accounting policies and the effect of adopting these new policies are set out in note 2 below.

# 簡明綜合權益變動表

## 1. 編製基準及會計政策

未經審核簡明綜合財務資料乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港會計準則 (「香港會計準則」)第34號「中期財務報告」編製。

此等簡明綜合財務資料應與截至二零 零五年三月三十一日經審計之全年財 務報表一併閱讀。

於編製此等簡明綜合財務資料時採用之會計政策及計算方法與編製截至三零零五年三月三十一日止年度之全年財務報表所採用者相符,惟本集團已採納於二零零五年一月一日或之後開始之會計期間有效之新增香港財務匯,以致本集團之若干會計政策有所變動。

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中期財務資料乃按照於編製財務資料時已頒發及生效之該等新準則及詮釋而編製。於編製中期財務資料時,將於二零零六年三月三十一日適用之新準則及詮釋(包括可選擇性地應用者)仍未能確定。

本集團會計政策之變動及採納該等新 政策之影響載於下文附註2。

香港會計進則第1號

#### 2. Changes in accounting policies

## (i) Effect of adopting new HKFRS

In 2005, the Group adopted the new/revised standards of HKFRS below, which are relevant to its operations. The 2004 comparatives have been amended as required, in accordance with the relevant requirements.

HKAS 1	Presentation of Financial						
	Statements						
HKAS 7	Cash Flow Statements						
HKAS 8	Accounting Policies, Changes in						
	Accounting Estimates and Errors						
HKAS 10	Events after the Balance Sheet						
	Date						
HKAS 12	Income Taxes						
HKAS 14	Segment Reporting						
HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment						
HKAS 17	Leases						
HKAS 18	Revenue						
HKAS 19	Employee Benefits						
HKAS 21	The Effects of Changes in Foreign						
	Exchange Rates						
HKAS 24	Related Party Disclosures						
HKAS 27	Consolidated and Separate						
	Financial Statements						
HKAS 28	Investments in Associates						
HKAS 31	Investments in Joint Ventures						
HKAS 32	Financial Instruments:						
	Disclosure and Presentation						
HKAS 33	Earnings per Share						
HKAS 34	Interim Financial Reporting						
HKAS 36	Impairment of Assets						
HKAS 37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities						
	and Contingent Assets						
HKAS 38	Intangible Assets						
HKAS 39	Financial Instruments:						
	Recognition and Measurement						
HKFRS 3	Business Combinations						
HKAS-Int 15	Operating Leases-incentives						

#### 2. 會計政策變動

# (i) 採納新香港財務匯報準則之影 響

於二零零五年,本集團採納以下 與其營運有關之新增/經修訂 香港財務匯報準則。根據有關規 定,二零零四年之比較資料已按 要求作修改。

財務報表ウ모列

日尼日日十八万二派	对切状状之主力
香港會計準則第7號	現金流量報表
香港會計準則第8號	會計政策、會計估計之變
	更及差錯
香港會計準則第10號	結算日後事項
香港會計準則第12號	所得税
香港會計準則第14號	分部呈報
香港會計準則第16號	物業、廠房及設備
	10 45

香港會計準則第17號	租賃
香港會計準則第18號	收入
香港會計準則第19號	僱員福利
香港會計準則第21號	外幣匯率變動之影響

香港會計準則第24號	有關連人士披露
香港會計準則第27號	綜合及獨立財務報表

香港晉計準則第28號	於聯當公司乙投
香港會計準則第31號	合資企業之投資
香港會計準則第32號	金融工具:

	2012471-11
香港會計準則第33號	每股盈利
香港會計準則第34號	中期財務報告
香港會計準則第36號	資產減值

香港會計準則第37號	撥備、或然負債及或然資
	產

披露鼠呈蝎

經營租賃激勵

香港會計準則第38號	無形資產
香港會計準則第39號	金融工具:
	確認與計量
香港財務匯報準則	企業合併

香港財務匯報準則 企業合併 第3號

香港會計準則-詮釋第15號

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#### 2. Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

## (i) Effect of adopting new HKFRS

(Continued)

The adoption of new/revised HKASs 1, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 24, 27, 28, 32, 33, 34, 37, 38, 39, HKFRS 3 and HKAS-Int 15 did not result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies. In summary:

- HKAS 1 has affected the presentation of minority interests, share of net after-tax results of associates and other disclosures.
- HKASs 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 17, 21,
   27, 28, 33, 34 have no material effect on the Group's policies.
- HKAS 24 has affected the identification of related parties and some other related party disclosures.

The Group has reassessed the useful lives of its intangible assets in accordance with the provisions of HKAS 38. As a result, the useful lives of Stock Exchange trading rights, Futures Exchange trading right and membership of The Chinese Gold & Silver Exchange Society are reassessed to be indefinite. The carrying amount remains the same as 31st March 2005. The annual amortization of HK\$340,000 will cease.

#### 2. 會計政策變動(續)

# (i) 採納新香港財務匯報準則之影響(續)

採納新增/經修訂香港會計準則第1號、第7號、第8號、第10號、第12號、第14號、第16號、第17號、第21號、第24號、第27號、第28號、第32號、第33號、第34號、第37號、第38號、第39號、香港財務匯報準則第3號及香港會計準則一詮釋第15號並無導致本集團之會計政策出現重大變動。簡略而言:

- 香港會計準則第1號影響 到少數股東權益、攤佔聯 營公司除稅後淨業績及 其他披露事項之呈列。
- 香港會計準則第7號、第8號、第10號、第12號、第14號、第16號、第17號、第21號、第27號、第28號、第33號及第34號並無對本集團之政策產生重大影響。
- 香港會計準則第24號影響到有關連人士之識別及若干其他有關連人士披露事項。

本集團已根據香港會計準則第 38號重新評估其無形資產之可 使用年期。結果,聯交所交易權、 期交所交易權及香港金銀業貿 易場之會籍經重新評估為無限 期。帳面值保持與二零零五年三 月三十一日相同。每年港幣 340,000元之攤銷將停止。

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#### 2. Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

#### (ii) New accounting policies

The accounting policies used for the condensed consolidated financial information for the six months ended 30th September 2005 are the same as those set out in note 3 to the audited annual financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2005 except for the following:

#### (a) loint ventures

The Group's interests in jointly controlled entities are accounted for by proportionate consolidation. The Group combines its share of the joint ventures' individual income and expenses, assets and liabilities and cash flows on a line-by-line basis with similar items in the Group's financial statements. The Group recognizes the portion of gains or losses on the sale of assets by the Group to the joint venture that it is attributable to the other venturers. The Group does not recognize its share of profits or losses from the joint venture that result from the Group's purchase of assets from the joint venture until it resells the assets to an independent party. However, a loss on the transaction is recognized immediately if the loss provides evidence of a reduction in the net realizable value of current assets, or an impairment loss.

#### 2. 會計政策變動(續)

#### (ii) 新增會計政策

截至二零零五年九月三十日止 六個月之簡明綜合財務資料所 使用之會計政策與截至二零零 五年三月三十一日經審計之全 年財務報表附註3所載之會計政 策相同,惟以下除外:

#### (a) 合資企業

本集團於共同控制實體 之權益按比例綜合法入 賬。本集團於將屬於合營 企業分佔之個別收入及 開支、資產及負債以及現 金流量逐項合併。本集團 只在其向合營企業購入 之資產轉售予獨立人士 之情況下,方確認因本集 而分佔之合營企業溢利 或虧損。然而,倘交易出 現虧損,並有證據證明流 動資產之可變現淨值降 低或出現減值虧損,則有 關虧捐會即時予以確認。

#### 2. Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

- (ii) New accounting policies (Continued)
  - (b) Foreign currency translation
    - Functional and presentation currency Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK dollars, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.
    - Transactions and balances (ii) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

#### 2. 會計政策變動(續)

- (ii) 新增會計政策(續)
  - (b) 外幣換算
    - (i) 功能及呈報貨幣

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(ii) 交易及結餘

外幣通功易等終計負收的不可以的人工。 一次是工作。 一定是工作。 一定是

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#### 2. Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

- (ii) New accounting policies (Continued)
  - (c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates; and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in the income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

#### 2. 會計政策變動(續)

## (ii) 新增會計政策(續)

(c) 集團公司

功能貨幣與本集團呈報 貨幣不同之所有實體之 業績及財政狀況均按以 下方法換算為呈報貨幣:

- (i) 每份呈列之資產負 債表之資產與負債 均以該資產負債表 之結算日之收市匯 率換算;
- (ii) 每份收益表之收入 及開支項目均按平 均匯率換算;及
- (iii) 所有因此而產生之 匯兑差額被確認為 權益之一個分項。

於綜合帳目時,換算境外 實體投資淨值而產生之 匯兑差額乃記入股東 益內。當出售境外業務 時,該匯兑差額於收益表 中確認為出售收益或虧 損之一部分。

收購境外實體時產生之 商譽及公平價值調整乃 作為該境外實體之資產 及負債處理,並按收市匯 率換算。

#### 2. Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

#### (ii) New accounting policies (Continued)

(d) Property, plant and equipment

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

#### (e) Impairment of assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation, which are at least tested annually for impairment and are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows.

#### 2. 會計政策變動(續)

## (ii) 新增會計政策(續)

(d) 物業、機器及設備

資產之剩餘價值及可使 用年期於每個結算日均 予以檢討,並於適當時作 出調整。

#### (e) 資產減值

可使用年期無限之資產 毋須攤銷,惟會每年評估 減值最少一次,當出現事 件或情況改變,顯示帳面 值未必能收回時,亦會檢 討有否減值。須予攤銷之 資產,在出現事件或情況 改變,顯示未必能收回帳 面值時會檢討有否減值。 資產帳面值 超過 可收回 款額之部份會確認為減 值虧捐。可收回款額為資 產 公平 值 減 出 售 成 本 與 使用價值兩者之較高者。 為評估減值,資產按可獨 立識別現金流量之最小 組合歸為一組。

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#### 2. Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

#### (ii) New accounting policies (Continued)

(f) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in the income statement.

#### (g) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 2. 會計政策變動(續)

#### (ii) 新增會計政策(續)

(f) 貿易及其他應收款項

#### (g) 股本

普通股歸類為股本。

發行新股份或購股權之 增加之直接應佔成本於 權益中列為所得款項之 扣減項目(扣除税項)。

#### 2. Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

#### (ii) New accounting policies (Continued)

## (g) Share capital (Continued)

Where any Group company purchases the Company's equity share capital, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes), is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's shareholders until the shares are cancelled, reissued or disposed of, Where such shares are subsequently sold or reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's shareholders.

#### (h) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans is recognised either as cash is collected or on a cost-recovery basis as conditions warrant.

#### 2. 會計政策變動(續)

#### (ii) 新增會計政策(續)

# (g) 股本(續)

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#### (h) 利息收入

# 3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstance.

#### (i) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and Macau. Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes in those two places. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

#### 3. 重大會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷會不斷評估,並按過往經驗及其他因素(包括於有關情况下相信為合理之未來事件之預測)而作出。

## (i) 所得稅

本集團於香港及澳門須繳付所 得稅。於釐定此兩地之所得稅撥 備時須作出重大判斷。日常業務 運作過程中有大量交易及計算 於業務過程中不能作最終釐定。 本集團根據估計是稅務產之 外稅項而確認預計稅務審核 宜之負債。倘有關事宜之最數額 則有關差額會影響到釐 與類額之期間之所得稅及遞延稅 項撥備。

#### 4. **Turnover and segment Information TURNOVER**

Turnover is analysed as follows:

#### 營業額及分類資料 (4) 營業額

營業額之分析如下:

The Group 本集團 Six months ended 30th September 截至九月三十日 止六個月 2005 2004

二零零五年 二零零四年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

> 千港元 千港元

Commission and brokerage income
from securities broking
Commission and brokerage income
from futures broking
Interest income from
- margin clients
– money lending
- financial institutions and others
Management and handling fees
Commission for subscribing new shares
Corporate finance advisory fees
Placement and underwriting commission
Investment management fee
Rental income

17% N/ (TO / CO ) / (TO / CO )		
證券經紀之佣金及		
經紀佣金收入	5,918	5,514
期貨合約之佣金及		
經紀佣金收入	1,082	1,237
利息收入來源		
- 孖展客戶	5,556	3,862
- 貸款	15,255	14,554
- 財務機構及其他來源	1,204	396
管理與手續費	587	491
認購新股佣金	28	20
企業融資顧問費	240	553
配股及包銷佣金	_	34
投資管理費	1,309	1,164
租賃收益	1,633	_

32,812 27,825 17

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# 4. Turnover and segment Information

(Continued)

#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

#### (a) Business segments

For management purposes, the Group is currently organised into five operating divisions namely broking, financing, corporate finance, assets management and property investment. These divisions are the basis on which the Group reports its primary segment information.

Principal activities are as follows:

Broking	Securities	brokerage
DIOKING	Jecumines	DIOKETAGE

and futures brokerage

Financing Securities margin financing and money

lending

Corporate finance Corporate finance

advisory, placing and

underwriting

for listed and unlisted companies and high

net worth individuals

Property investment Property rental and

dealing

#### (4) 營業額及分類資料(續)

#### 分類資料

#### (a) 業務分類

因管理需要,本集團現時組織五個經營組別,分別為經紀、財務、企業融資、資產管理及物業投資。本集團根據此等組別報告主要分類資料。

#### 主要業務如下:

經紀 證券經紀及期貨

經紀

財務 財務孖展融資及

貸款

企業融資 企業融資顧問、配

售及包銷

資產管理 為上市及非上市

公司及高資產淨值之個體作資產

管理

物業投資 物業和賃及買賣

#### 4. **Turnover and segment Information**

(Continued)

# **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### **Business segments** (Continued) (a)

An analysis of segment information of the Group about these businesses for the six months ended 30th September 2005 and 2004 is as follows:

Broking

**框紀** 

Financing

財務

#### (4) 營業額及分類資料 (續)

#### 分類資料(續)

Assets

management

資產管理

#### 業務分類(續) (a)

截至二零零五年及二零零四年 九月三十日止六個月之業務分 類資料分析如下:

Property

investment

物業投資

Consolidated

総合

			日記	,	M (Ti	正美取員 員座官項			彻未仅具		商品		
			r the	Fo	or the	Fo	r the	Fo	r the	Fo	r the	Fo	r the
		30th September 30th September 30th September 葡萄土 新宝九月三十日 新宝九月三十日 新宝九月三十日 1		six mor	six months ended		six months ended		six months ended				
				月三十日 截至九月三十日				截至九	30th September 截至九月三十日 止六個月		30th September 截至九月三十日 止六個月		eptember 月三十日 5個月
		2005	2004	2005			2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
												二零零五年	
		HK\$'000 千港元		HK\$'000 千港元							HK\$'000 千港元		HK\$'000 千港元
												(Unaudited)	
		(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)
egment revenue: ales to external	分類收入: 銷售予外來												
customers	明日 リカス 客戶	7,587	7,242	22,015	18,812	268	607	1,309	1,164	1,633	_	32,812	27,825
Customers	Ħ/	7,507	1,272	22,013	10,012	200	007	1,507	1,107	1,033		32,012	27,023
segment results	分類業績	2,581	1,902	18,576	15,957	(118	) 186	907	523	268	-	22,214	18,568
Gain on acquisition of subsidiaries	購入附屬公 所產生之											24,678	_
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售附屬公 所產生之											18,100	-
Provision for doubtful debts	呆壞帳撥備											(507)	(409)
Other income	其他收入											20	80
hare of results	應佔聯營公	司											
of an associate	之業績												(26)
rofit before taxation	除税前溢利											64,505	18,213
Taxation	税項											(3,181)	(2,950)
Profit for the period	期內溢利											61,324	15,263
Attributable for:	應佔溢利:												
Shareholders of the Company	本公司股	東										61,324	15,263
Minority interests	少數股東	權益											
												61,324	15,263

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# 4. Turnover and segment Information

## (4) 營業額及分類資料(續)

(Continued)

**SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

分類資料(續)

(a) Business segments (Continued)

(a) 業務分類(續)

				Cor	porate	A:	ssets	Pro	perty	Inter-	segment		
Broking 輕紀		Financing 財務		finance 企業融資		management 資產管理		investment 物業投資		elimination 抵銷		Consolidated 綜合	
30th	31st	30th	31st	30th	31st	30th	31st	30th	31st	30th	31st	30th	31st
September	March	September	March	September	March	September	March	September	March	September	March	September	March
2005	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005
二零零五年	二零零五年	二零零五年	二零零五年	二零零五年	二零零五年	二零零五年	二零零五年	二零零五年	二零零五年	二零零五年	二零零五年	二零零五年	二零零五年
九月三十日	三月三十一日	九月三十日	三月三十一日	九月三十日	三月三十一日	九月三十日	三月三十一日	九月三十日	三月三十一日	九月三十日	三月三十一日	九月三十日:	三月三十一日
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
$({\sf Unaudited})$	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
(未經審核)	(經審核)	(未經審核)	(經審核)	(未經審核)	(經審核)	(未經審核)	(經審核)	(未經審核)	(經審核)	(未經審核)	(經審核)	(未經審核)	(經審核)

Assets Segment assets Interest in an associate Unallocated corporate assets	<b>資產</b> 資產 至 至 至 至 監 全 整 全 類 之 程 類 之 程 類 之 是 至 至 至 全 章 全 章 全 至 全 至 全 章 全 章 全 章 是 全 是 是 是 是 是 是 是 是 是 是 是 是	73,670	61,679	587,772	451,449	-	-	3,822	3,629	261,996	234,745	(9,375)	(1,501)	917,885	750,001 40 1,094
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產													918,039	751,135
Liabilities Segment liabilities Interest in an associate Unallocated corporate liabilities	<b>負债</b> 負債聯權類 之分負债 不負債	38,110	24,064	366,072	283,607	-	-	10	10	9,618	12,171	(9,375)	(1,501)	404,435	318,351 - 33,851
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合總負債													470,901	352,202
Other information Capital expenditure	<b>其他資料</b> 資本開支	27	639	3	337					164	131,363			194	132,339
Depreciation and amortisation Provision for	折舊及攤銷 呆壞帳撥備	211	781	34	69									245	850
doubtful debts  Bad debts written off	木板板放用	-	200	507	1,802									507	1,802 200

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# 4. Turnover and segment Information

(Continued)

#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### (b) Geographical segments

Hong Kong Macau

The Group's operations are principally located in Hong Kong and Macau. The Group's administration is carried out in Hong Kong.

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's turnover by geographical market and analysis of total assets and capital expenditure by the geographical area in which the operations and assets are located.

#### (4) 營業額及分類資料(續)

#### 分類資料(續)

#### (b) 地區分類

Capital

本集團之營運主要位於香港及 澳門,而集團之行政均於香港進 行。

下表提供本集團營業額以地理 市場及總資產及資本支出以地 理地區·根據該營運及資產所在 分析。

		Cupital					
tal assets	To	enditure	exp	rnover	Tu		
總資產		本支出	貧	常業額			
		or the	F	or the			
31s	30th	onths ended	six mo	nths ended			
Marcl	September	September	30th	September			
2005	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005		
		九月三十日	截至:	1月三十日	截至力		
二零零五年	二零零五年	:六個月	Т	六個月	止		
三月三十一日	九月三十日	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
(Audited	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)		
(經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)		
515,409	655,015	34	30	27,825	31,179	香港	
235,726	263,024	-	164	-	1,633	澳門	
751,135	918,039	34	194	27,825	32,812		

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#### 5. Profit from operations

#### 5. 經營溢利

Profit from operations has been arrived at after charging the following:

經營溢利已扣除下列項目:

Six months ended 30th September 截至九月三十日 止六個月

**2005** 2004 二零零五年 二零零四年

(unaudited) (unaudited)

(未經審核) (未經審核) HK\$'000 HK\$'000

**千港元** 千港元

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration
<ul> <li>provident fund contributions</li> </ul>
- other staff costs
Depreciation
Amortisation of intangible assets
Provision for doubtful debts
Operating lease rentals in respect of
rented premises

員工成本,包括董事酬金 - 退休計劃供款 100 100 - 其他員工成本 3.842 4.178 折舊 245 158 無形資產攤銷 340 呆壞帳撥備 507 409 租賃物業之經營租約租金 418 410

#### 6. Finance costs

#### 6. 融資成本

Six months ended 30th September 截至九月三十日 止六個月

2005

二零零五年 二零零四年 (unaudited) (unaudited) (未經審核) (未經審核)

2004

**HK\$'000** HK\$'000 **千港元** 千港元

Interest on bank loans and overdrafts 銀行Interest on loans from other institutions 具的Bank charges 銀行

銀行貸款及透支利息開支 其他財務機構利息開支 銀行費用 2,613 1,216 143 – 71 13

**2,827** 1,229

#### 7. Taxation

#### 7. 殺項

Six months ended 30th September 截至九月三十日 止六個月

2005 2004 二零零五年 二零零四年 (unaudited) (unaudited) (未經審核) (未經審核)

HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 **千港元** 

2,950

Hong Kong profits tax

香港利得税

Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at 17.5% (2004: 17.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the period.

At 30th September 2005 and 2004, the Group had no material deferred tax asset or liability unrecognized at the balance sheet date.

#### 8. Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the Group's profit attributable to shareholders for the six months ended 30th September 2005 of approximately HK\$61,324,000 (2004: HK\$15,263,000) and the weighted average number of 1,228,754,000 shares (2004: 1.120.000.000 shares) in issue during the period.

There is no diluted earnings per share for the periods ended 30th September 2005 and 2004 presented since the Company has no dilutive potential ordinary shares.

香港利得税就期內之估計應課税溢利 按税率17.5%(二零零四年:17.5%) 計算。

3,181

截至二零零五年及二零零四年九月三 十日,本集團在資產負債表日期並無 未確認的重大遞延税項資產或責任。

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#### 8. **毎股基本盈利**

截至二零零五年九月三十日止六個月 期間之每股基本盈利乃根據期內之股 東應佔溢利約港幣61,324,000元(二 零零四年:港幣15,263,000元)及期內 已發行普通股之加權平均數 1.228.754.000股(二零零四年: 1.120.000.000股)。

本公司並無具潛在攤薄效應之普通股 存在,截至二零零五年及二零零四年 九月三十日止期間並無計算每股攤薄 盈利。

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#### 9. Trade and other receivables

No ageing analysis is disclosed for trade and other receivables as, in the opinion of the Board, the ageing analysis does not give additional value in view of the nature of business of securities margin financing and money lending business.

The settlement terms of cash client receivables and amounts due from clearing houses are one or two days after the trade date. The age of these balances is within 30 days.

#### 10. Other bank balances and cash

#### 9. 貿易及其他應收款項

董事會認為帳齡分析並未提供關於證 券孖展融資業務及現金貸款業務之附 加值,因此,並無披露貿易及其他應收 款項之帳齡分析。

應收現金客戶帳款及應收結算所款項 之還款期為交易日後一至兩天。該結 餘之帳齡為三十日內。

#### 10. 其他銀行結餘及現金

30th September	31st March
2005	2005
二零零五年	二零零五年
九月三十日	三月三十一日
(unaudited)	(audited)
(未經審核)	(經審核)
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
7 <sup>''</sup> =	<b>イ出ニ</b>

千港元 千港元

34,421

Bank balances	銀行結餘		
- General accounts	般戶口	52,010	24,302
- Trust accounts	-信託戶口	6,587	3,227
- Segregated accounts	- 分開處理戶口	2,628	6,885
Cash in hand	庫存現金	4	7

## 11. Creditors and accrued charges

The settlement term of cash client payables is two days after the trade date. Other payables are repayable on demand. The age of these balances is within 30 days.

## 11. 應付帳款及應付款項

現金客戶應付款項於交易日兩天後償還。其他應付款項須按照通知償還。該 結餘之帳齡為三十日內。

61,229

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## 12. Related party transactions

During the period, the Group entered into transactions with Town Bright Industries Limited ("Town Bright") and UBA Investments Limited ("UBA"). In the opinion of the Board, the following transactions arose in the ordinary course of the Group's business:

#### 12. 關連人士交易

本集團於期內曾與同輝實業有限公司 (「同輝實業」)及開明投資有限公司 (「開明投資」)進行交易,董事會認為 下列交易為本集團之正常業務:

> Six months ended 30th September 截至九月三十日 止六個月

2005 2004 **二零零五年** 二零零四年 (unaudited) (unaudited) (未經審核) (未經審核) *HK\$'000 HK\$'000* 

Rental expenses and building management fee to Town Bright (Note (i)) Investment management fee from UBA (Note (ii)) 向同輝實業支付之租金 及物業管理費支出 (附註(i)) 向開明投資收取之投資 管理費(附註(ii))

**368** 368

**730** 697

Mr. Cheng Kai Ming, Charles, a director of the Company, has beneficial interests in UBA and Town Bright.

In additional, Mr. Li Kwok Cheung, George, an executive director of the Company, is also an executive director of UBA.

Notes:

- The rental expenses and building management fee were transacted at the market rate.
- Investment management fee was charged at 1.5% per annum of the net asset value of UBA.

鄭啟明先生為本公司之董事,於開明 投資及同輝實業擁有實益權益。

此外,李國祥先生亦同時為本公司及 開明投資之執行董事。

#### 附註:

- (i) 租金及物業管理費支出乃按市 值基準徵收。
- (ii) 投資管理費乃按開明投資資產 淨值之年率1.5%徵收。