截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 1. 一般資料

Same Time Holdings Limited為一家有限公司,在百慕達註冊成立。註冊地址為香港新界葵喜街26-32號金發工業大廈第一期17樓。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) 從事電子消費品及印刷線路版之製造 及銷售。

財務報表以港幣列報(除非另有説明)。財務報表已經由董事會在二零零六年七月二十一日日批准刊發。

#### 2. 主要會計政策

#### (a) 編制基準

財務報表是根據香港會計師公會 頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「財務 準則」)並按照歷史成本法編制。

編制符合財務準則的財務報表需要使用若干關鍵會計估算。這亦需要管理層在應用本集團會計政策過程中行使其判斷。涉及高度複雜性的範疇,或涉及對財務報表屬重大假設和估算的範疇,在附註4中披露。

#### 1. General information

Same Time Holdings Limited ("the Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda and listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The address of its registered office is 17th Floor, Phase I, Kingsford Industrial Building, 26-32 Kwai Hei Street, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong.

The Company and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") engage in the manufacturing and selling of consumer electronic products and printed circuit boards.

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollar, unless otherwise stated. These financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 21st July 2006.

#### 2. Principal accounting policies

#### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the accounting policies of the Group. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 4 below.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

### (b) 會計政策變動

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度,本集團採納以下新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準則,此等準則於二零零五年一月一日或以後開始之會計年度生效及均與本集團業務有關。比較數字已按照有關規定作出所需修訂。

香港會計準則第1號

財務報表之呈報

香港會計準則第2號

存貨

香港會計準則第7號

現金流量表

香港會計準則第8號

會計政策、會計估算更改及

錯誤更正

香港會計準則第10號

結算日後事項

香港會計準則第16號

物業、廠房及設備

香港會計準則第17號

租賃

香港會計準則第21號

匯率變更之影響

香港會計準則第23號

借貸成本

香港會計準則第24號

關連方披露

香港會計準則第27號

綜合及獨立財務報表

香港會計準則第28號

聯營公司投資

香港會計準則第32號

金融工具:披露及呈報

香港會計準則第33號

每股溢利

香港會計準則第36號

資產減值

香港會計準則第39號 金融工具:確認及計量

香港會計準則第39號(修訂)

金融資產及金融負債之臨時及 初步確認

香港會計準則第40號

投資物業

香港會計準則-詮釋第15號

營運租賃-獎勵

香港財務報告準則第5號

持作出售的非流動資產和終止 經營業務 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)

#### (b) Changes in accounting policies

For the financial year ended 31st March 2006, the Group adopted the following new or revised HKFRSs, which are effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1st January 2005 and relevant to the operations of the Group. The comparatives have been amended as required, in accordance with the relevant requirements.

HKAS 1

Presentation of Financial Statements

HKAS 2

Inventories

HKAS 7

Cash Flow Statements

HKAS 8

Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates

and Errors

HKAS 10

Events after the Balance Sheet Date

HKAS 16

Property, Plant and Equipment

HKAS 17

Leases

HKAS 21

The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates

HKAS 23

**Borrowing Costs** 

HKAS 24

Related Party Disclosures

HKAS 27

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

HKAS 28

Investments in Associates

HKAS 32

Financial Instruments: Disclosures and Presentation

HKAS 33

Earnings per Share

HKAS 36

Impairment of Assets

HKAS 39

Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement

HAKS 39 (Amendment)

Transition and Initial Recognition of Financial Assets and

Financial Liabilities

HKAS 40

**Investment Property** 

HK(SIC)-Int 15

Operating Leases - Incentives

HKFRS 5

Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued

Operation

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (b) 會計政策變動(續)

採納香港會計準則第17號及第40號及香港財務報告準則第5號 導致本集團會計政策變動。本集 團會計政策變動及採納此等新政 策之影響如下:

#### 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)

#### (b) Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

The adoption of HKASs 1, 2, 7, 8, 10, 16, 21, 23, 24, 27, 28, 32, 33, 36, 39, 39 Amendment and HK(SIC)-Int 15 did not result in substantial changes to the accounting policies of the Group and had no material effect on the financial statements except for certain changes in presentation and disclosures as required by HKASs 1, 21 and 24. Following the adoption of HKAS 21, exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries which were previously included in retained profits are now dealt with in exchange reserve.

The adoption of HKASs 17 and 40 and HKFRS 5 has resulted in changes to the Group's accounting policies. The changes to the Group's accounting policies and the effect of adopting these new policies are set out below:

(i) The adoption of HKAS 17 has resulted in a change in the accounting policy relating to the reclassification of leasehold land and land use rights from property, plant and equipment to operating leases. The upfront prepayments made for the leasehold land and land use rights are expensed in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease or when there is impairment, the impairment is expensed in the income statement. In prior years, leasehold land and land use rights were accounted for at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

- 2. 主要會計政策(續)
  - (b) 會計政策變動(續)
    - (ii) 採納香港會計準則第40號 已導致將一項租賃予第三方 之物業由物業、機器及設備 重新分類為投資物業。

(iii) 本集團於二零零六年三月二十一日與一名第三者簽訂了一份臨時買賣合約,以港幣8,500,000出售一香港物業。根據香港財務報告準則第5號,該物業由原來之物業、廠房及設備重新列作持作出售資產。持作出售資產按其淨值及公平值減銷售成本,二者較低者入賬。

所有會計政策之變動已根據各準則之過渡條文處理。本集團採納之所有準則規定或容許追溯應用,惟香港會計準則第32號及第39號並不容許追溯應用。

- 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)
  - (b) Changes in accounting policies (Continued)
    - (ii) Following the adoption HKAS 40, a property leased to a third party has been reclassified from property, plant and equipment to investment property.

As permitted under HKAS 40, the Group adopts the cost model for accounting for investment property. The leasehold land of investment property is accounted for as prepaid operating lease and is expensed in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease or where there is impairment, the impairment is expensed in the income statement. The building is classified as investment property and stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment.

(iii) On 21st March 2006, the Group entered into a provisional sale and purchase agreement with a third party to dispose of a property in Hong Kong at a consideration of HK\$8,500,000. Following the adoption of HKFRS 5, the property has been reclassified from leasehold land and land use rights and property, plant and equipment to asset held for sale. The asset held for sale is stated at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

All changes in the accounting policies have been made in accordance with the transitional provisions in the respective standards, which require or permit retrospective application other than HKASs 32 and 39 which do not permit retrospective application.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (b) 會計政策變動(續)

### 會計政策變動之影響摘要

採納新的香港財務報告準則導致 截至二零零五年及二零零六年三 月三十一日止年度綜合資產負債 表有下列變動:

### 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)

#### (b) Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

### Summary of effects of changes in accounting policies

The following sets out the impact to the consolidated balance sheets as at 31st March 2006 and 2005 following the adoption of new HKFRSs:

#### 採納新香港財務報告準則之影響

Effect of adopting new HKFRSs

			香港	
香港會計	香港會計	香港會計	財務報告	
準則第17號	準則第21號	準則第40號	準則第5號	合計
HKAS 17	HKAS 21	HKAS 40	HKFRS 5	Total
HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
港元	港元	港元	港元	港元

As at 31st March 2006: 於二零零六年三月三十一日:

物業、廠房及設備

Increase/(decrease) in: 增加/(減少):

ASSETS	資產
Haaria	

Property, plant and

**EQUITY** 

1 7/1							
equipment		(28,280,868)	-	(355,163)	(1,491,941)	(30,127,972)	
Loopahald land and land	纽约士州区土州						

Loadoniola lana ana lana	山がエルグエル					
use rights	使用權	28,280,868	-	-	(3,576,648)	24,704,220
Investment property	投資物業	_	_	355 163	_	355 163

 Investment property
 投資物業
 355,163
 355,163
 355,163
 5,068,589
 5,068,589
 5,068,589

 Retained profits
 保留盈利
 - (1,843,865)
 - - (1,843,865)

 Exchange reserve
 匯兑儲備
 - 1,843,865
 - - - 1,843,865

As at 31st March 2005: 於二零零五年三月三十一日:

權益

Increase/(decrease) in: 增加/(減少):

ASSETS 資產

Property, plant and 物業、廠房及設備 equipment (17,310,543) - (364,763) - (17,675,306)

 Leasehold land and land use rights
 租約土地及土地

 use rights
 使用權
 17,310,543
 17,310,543

 Investment property
 投資物業
 364,763
 364,763

EQUITY 權益

 Retained profits
 保留盈利
 - (88,656)
 - - (88,656)

 Exchange reserve
 匯兑儲備
 - 88,656
 - - 88,656

採納新的香港財務報告準則對截 至二零零五年及二零零六年三月 三十一日之綜合損益表並無影 響。

There was no impact to the consolidated income statements for the years ended 31st March 2006 and 2005 following the adoption of new HKFRSs.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

### (c) 還未生效之準則、修訂及註釋

香港會計師公會已公佈若干新訂 準則、修訂和對現有準則的註 釋,此等於二零零六年一月一日 開始期間或往後期間生效。那些 與本集團業務有關的列載如下:

於二零零七年三月三十一日年度生效

香港會計準則第19號(修訂) 僱員福利-精算盈虧、集團計劃及

披露

香港會計準則第21號(修訂)

匯率變動之影響 - 於海外業務之 投資淨額

香港會計準則第39號(修訂)

公平值期權

香港會計準則第39號

及香港財務報告準則第4號

金融工具:確認及計量與保險合約-財務擔保合約

釐定某項安排是否包含租約

於二零零八年三月三十一日年度生效

香港財務報告準則第7號 及香港會計準則第1號(修訂)

融資工具:披露,及香港會計準則 第1號之補充修訂「財務報告之 呈列-資本披露」

本集團於二零零六年三月三十一 日止財政年度並無提早採納上述 準則、修訂和詮釋。本集團已開 始對準則、修訂和詮釋對本集團 財務報表的影響作出評估,惟暫 時未能分析及計量有關影響。 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(c) Standards, amendments and interpretations that are not yet effective

The HKICPA has issued certain new standards, amendments, and interpretations to existing standards which are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January 2006 or later periods. Those that are relevant to the Group's operations are as follows:

Effective for the year ending 31st March 2007

HKAS 19 (Amendment)

Employee Benefits – Actuarial Gains and Losses, Group Plans and Disclosures

HKAS 21 (Amendment)

The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates

- Net Investment in Foreign Operation

HKAS 39 (Amendment)

The Fair Value Option

HKAS 39 and HKFRS 4

Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and Insurance Contracts – Financial Guarantee Contracts HK(IFRIC) – Int 4

Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease

Effective for the year ending 31st March 2008

HKFRS 7 and Amendment

to HKAS 1

Financial Instruments: Disclosures, and a complementary Amendment to HKAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements – Capital Disclosures

The Group has not early adopted the above standards, amendments and interpretations in the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2006. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the related impact but is not yet in a position to analyse and quantify the effect of these on the Group's financial statements.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (d) 集團會計

綜合財務報告包括本公司及各附屬公司截至三月三十一日止之財務報告,並呈列本集團應佔聯營公司之收購後業績及儲備。

本年內購入或出售之附屬公司及 聯營公司之業績,乃分別自收購 日期起計算或計算至出售日期 止,並列入綜合損益賬。

出售附屬公司或聯營公司之損益 乃參考於出售日期應佔之淨資產 (包括應佔尚未撇銷之商譽數額) 計算。

#### (e) 附屬公司

附屬公司指本集團有權管控其財政及營運政策而控制所有公司, 一般附帶超過半數投票權的股權。在評定本集團是否控制另一 實體時,目前可行使或可兑換的 潛在投票權的存在及影響均予考 盧。

附屬公司在控制權轉移至本集團 之日全面綜合入賬。附屬公司在 控制權終止之日起停止綜合入 賬。

#### 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)

#### (d) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31st March and include the Group's share of post-acquisition results and reserves of its associate.

Results attributable to subsidiaries and associate acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal as applicable.

The profit or loss on disposal of subsidiaries or associate is calculated by reference to the share of net assets at the date of disposal including the attributable amount of goodwill not yet written off.

#### (e) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are companies in which the Group has the power to exercise control governing the financial and operating policies of the company, generally accompanying a direct or indirect sharholding of more than half of the voting power, or holds more than half of the issued share capital. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the vear ended 31st March 2006

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (e) 附屬公司(續)

集團內公司之間的交易、結餘及交易的未實現收益予以對銷。未實現虧損亦予以對銷,惟應考慮此是否顯示所轉讓資產已減值。附屬公司的會計政策已按需要作出改變,以確保與本集團採用的政策符合一致。

在本公司之資產負債表內,附屬公司投資乃按成本值扣除減值虧損列賬。本公司將附屬公司之業績按已收及應收股息的基礎入賬。

#### 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)

#### (e) Subsidiaries (Continued)

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated but consider as an indicator of impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the balance sheet of Company, investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (f) 聯營公司

聯營公司乃指本集團長期持有其股本權益及對其管理行使重大影響力,並通常持有20%至50%投票權之公司(並非附屬公司或合營企業)。

於聯營公司之投資以權益會計法 入賬,初始按成本值確認。本集 團於聯營公司之投資包括收購產 生之商譽,扣除任何累積減值虧 損。

本集團與其聯營公司交易產生之 未變現收益,按本集團於聯營公 司之權益對銷。除非交易可提供 所轉讓資產出現減值之憑證,否 則未變現虧損亦予以對銷。

#### (g) 分部申報

業務分部指從事提供產品或服務 之一組資產及業務,其承擔之風 險及所得回報與其他業務分部不 同。地區分部指在某個特定經濟 環境中從事提供產品或服務,其 承擔之風險及所得回報與在其他 經濟環境中營運之分部不同。

#### 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)

#### (f) Associate

An associate is a company, not being a subsidiary or a joint venture, in which an equity interest is held for the long-term and significant influence is exercised in its management, accompanying a shareholding of between 20% to 50% of the voting rights.

Investment in associate is accounted for under the equity method of accounting and is initially recognised at cost. Investment in associate includes goodwill, net of any accumulated impairment loss, identified on acquisition.

The share of post-acquisition profits or losses of associate attributable to the Group is recognised in the income statement, and the share of post-acquisition reserves is recognised in reserves. The cumulative share of post-acquisition reserves is included in the carrying amount of the investment. When the share of losses of the Group in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of interest in the associates held by the Group. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

#### (g) Segment reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (h) 外幣匯兑

(i) 功能和列賬貨幣

本集團每個實體的財務報表 所列項目均以該實體營運所 在的主要經濟環境的貨幣計 量(「功能貨幣」)。綜合財 務報表以港幣呈報,港幣為 本公司的功能及列賬貨幣。

#### (ii) 交易及結餘

外幣交易採用交易日的匯率 換算為功能貨幣。結算此等 交易產生的匯兑盈虧以及將 外幣計值的貨幣資產和負債 以年終匯率換算產生的匯兑 盈虧在損益表確認。

### (iii) 集團公司

功能貨幣與列賬貨幣不同的 所有集團實體(當中沒有嚴 重通賬貨幣)的業績和財務 狀況按如下方法換算為列賬 貨幣:

- (a) 每份呈報的資產負債 表內的資產和負債按 該資產負債表日期的 收市匯率換算;
- (b) 每份損益表內的收入 和開支按平均匯率均 算(除非此匯率並不代 表交易日期匯率的累 計影響的合理約數; 在此情況下,收支 目按交易日期的匯率 換算);及
- (c) 所有由此產生的匯兑 差額確認為權益的獨 立組成項目。

#### 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)

#### (h) Translation of foreign currencies

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Transactions included in the financial statements of each of the entities of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company.

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

#### (iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet:
- (b) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions); and
- (c) all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (h) 外幣匯兑(續)

#### (iii) 集團公司(續)

在綜合賬目時,換算海外實體的淨投資,以及換算借費,以及其他指定作為該等投資對沖的貨幣工具所產生的匯外主額列入股東權益。當售出一項海外業務時,該等匯出一項海外業務時,該等匯免差額在損益表確認為出售盈虧的一部分。

收購海外實體產生的商譽及 公平值調整現為該海外實體 的資產和負債,並按收市匯 率換算。

#### (i) 物業、機器及設備

折舊乃採用直線法計算,於預期 使用年期內按下列年率將成本值 平均撇銷至殘值:

物業	3-5%
廠房設備及機器	10-25%
租約物業裝修	20-25%
傢俬、裝置及設備	20-25%
汽車	25-30%

#### 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)

#### (h) Translation of foreign currencies (Continued)

#### (iii) Group companies (Continued)

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in the income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

#### (i) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the carrying amount of the asset or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are expensed in the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives at the following annual rates.

Buildings	3 – 5%
Plant and machinery	10 – 25%
Leasehold improvements	20 - 25%
Furniture, fixture and equipment	20 – 25%
Motor vehicles	25 - 30%

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (j) 租約土地及土地使用權

租用土地及土地使用權指土地租 約之不可退還租金付款及按成本 減累計攤銷及減值虧損列賬。攤 銷乃採用直線法計算及按租約內 將款項撇銷。

#### (k) 投資物業

為長期租金收益或資本增值或為 此兩個目的持有而非由本集團佔 用之物業乃列為投資物業。

投資物業按歷史成本減累計折舊 及減值虧損列賬。歷史成本包括 所有於購該物業直接應佔之開 支。

當有關物業之未來經濟利益有可能流入本集團,而資產成本能夠作出可靠計量時,其後開支才會計入資產之賬面值。所有其他維修及保養成本於產生之財政年度在損益賬內支銷。

折舊乃採用直線法計算,於預期 使用年期內將成本值平均撇銷至 殘值。

#### 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)

#### (j) Leasehold land and land use rights

Leasehold land and land use rights represent non-refundable rental payments for lease of land. These are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is provided to write off the amount paid over the period of the lease on a straight-line basis.

#### (k) Investment properties

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the companies in the consolidated Group, is classified as investment property.

Investment property is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the properties.

Subsequent expenditure is charged to the carrying amount of the property only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of investment property is calculated using the straight-line method to write off their cost less residual value over its estimated useful life.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (I) 租賃

#### (a) 經營租賃

經營租賃是指擁有資產之風 險及回報實質上由出租公司 保留之租賃。租賃款額在扣 除自出租公司收取之任何獎 勵金後,於租賃期內以直線 法在損益賬中支銷。

#### (b) 融資租賃

#### (m) 非財務資產減值

#### 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)

#### (I) Leases

#### (a) Operating lease

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessor are expensed in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### (b) Finance lease

Leases of assets where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's commencement at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance lease balance outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in borrowings. The interest element of the finance lease is recognised in the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

#### (m) Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each balance sheet date.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (n) 存貨

存貨包括在成品、在製品及原材料,按成本值或可變現淨值二者之較低者入賬。成本值以加權平均法計算,並包括原材料、直接勞工應應佔之生產經常開支。可變現淨值乃按預計銷售所得款項扣除預計銷售費用計算。

### (o) 持作出售資產

持作出售資產按賬面值或公平值 減成本出售二者之較低者列賬。

### (p) 應收款

應收款初步以公平值確認,其後利用實際利息法按攤銷成本據銷成本據明本集團將無法按應收款的原本集團將無法按應收款的原族,即就應與的所有款項時,即就應與定減值撥備。撥備金額為為的人產賬面值與按實際利率貼現的時產,數備金額在損益表的「其他經營開支」確認。

#### (q) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括現金及銀 行通知存款。

#### 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)

#### (n) Inventories

Inventories comprise finished goods, work in progress and raw materials and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost, calculated on the weighted average basis, comprises materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of all production overhead expenditure. Net realisable value is determined on the basis of anticipated sales proceeds less estimated selling expenses.

#### (o) Asset held for sale

The asset held for sale is stated at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

#### (p) Receivables

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in the income statement.

#### (q) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (r) 撥備

若本集團目前因以往事項而須承 擔法定或推定責任,且有的可能 須以撥出資源來解除責任,則在 可對責任數額作出可靠估計之情 況下,即確認撥備。若預期撥備 可獲償付,則只在可實際確定償 付時,才另行確認為資產。

#### (s) 遞延税項

遞延税項資產是就可能有未來應 課税盈利而就此可使用暫時差異 而確認。

遞延所得稅就附屬公司投資產生 之暫時差異而撥備,但假若本集 團可以控制暫時差異之撥回時 間,而暫時差異在可預見將來可 能不會撥回則除外。

#### 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)

#### (r) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when there is a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Where a provision is expected to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

#### (s) Deferred taxation

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, if the deferred income tax arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss, it is not accounted for. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (t) 貸款

除非本集團有無條件權利將負債 的結算遞延至結算日後最少12個 月,否則貸款分類為流動負債。

#### (u) 收入確認

銷售貨品及副產品之收益在擁有權之風險及回報轉移時確認,風險及回報之轉移通常與貨品付運予客戶同時發生。

經營租賃之租金收入按租約年期 以直線法計算。

#### (v) 僱員福利

#### (i) 僱員應享假期

僱員在年假之權利在僱員應 享有時確認。本集團為截至 結算日止僱員已提供之服務 而產生之年假之估計負債作 出撥備。

僱員之病假及產假不作確 認,直至僱員正式休假為 止。

#### 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)

#### (t) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of a financial asset or financial liability, including fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and transfer taxes and duties. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

#### (u) Revenue recognition

Revenue from the sale of products or sale of manufacturing by-products is recognised on the transfer of risks and rewards of ownership, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered to customers and title has passed.

Operating lease rental income is recognised on a straightline basis over the lease periods.

#### (v) Employee benefits

#### (i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the vear ended 31st March 2006

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (v) 僱員福利(續)

#### (ii) 獎金計劃

獎金計劃之預計成本於本集 團因為僱員已提供之服務而 產生現有法律或推定性責 任,而金額能可靠估算時, 確認為負債入賬。

獎金計劃之負債預期須在十 二個月內償付,並根據在償 付時預期會支付之金額計 算。

#### (iii) 退休福利責任

#### (w) 借貸成本

借貸成本於發生時以費用記入損 益表內。

#### (x) 股息分派

向本公司股東作出之股息分派乃 於應付股息通過股東或董事批準 後在財務報告內確認為負債。

#### 2. Principal accounting policies (Continued)

#### (v) Employee benefits (Continued)

#### (ii) Bonus plans

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Liabilities for bonus plans are expected to be settled within 12 months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

#### (iii) Retirement benefit obligations

The Group operates a number of defined contribution retirement schemes in Hong Kong and the Mainland China. The contributions of the Group to the defined contribution retirement schemes are recognised in the period to which they relate and are reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the schemes before vesting fully in the contributions. The contributions of the Group to the mandatory provident fund scheme ("MPF Scheme") are recognised in the period to which they relate. The assets of these schemes are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds.

#### (w) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are expensed in the income statement as incurred.

#### (x) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the shareholders of the Company is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders/directors of the Company.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

### 3. 財務風險管理及公平值評估

#### (a) 財務風險管理

本集團的活動令集團承受着多種 風險,包括外滙風險、信貸風 險、流動資金風險及利率風險。 本集團的整體風險管理計劃專注 於財務市場的難預測性,並尋求 儘量減低對本集團財務表現的潛 在不利影響。

#### (i) 外匯風險

#### (ii) 信貸風險

對於產品銷售,本集團帶有 一些集中之信貸風險。本集 團有政策確保產品銷售是向 擁有適當信貸歷史之客戶銷 售。另外,本集團會持續監 察應收結餘。

由於銀行存款存於有良好信 貸之銀行,故只有很少之信 貸風險。

### 3. Financial risk management and fair value estimation

#### (a) Financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to various types of risks which include currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The overall risk management programme of the Group focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effects it may have on the financial performance of the Group.

#### (i) Currency Risk

Certain subsidiaries of the Company have certain sales and purchases, and certain trade receivables and trade payables which are denominated in United States Dollar and Renminbi. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy on these transactions, assets and liabilities. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure continuously and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arises.

#### (ii) Credit Risk

The Group has some concentration of credit risk in respect of sales of products. The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales of products are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. In addition, collection of receivables is monitored on an ongoing basis.

The credit risk for bank deposits and bank balances is minimal as such amounts are placed with banks with good credit ratings.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

3. 財務風險管理及公平值評估 (續)

#### (a) 財務風險管理(續)

#### (iii) 流動資金風險

本集團之目標為透過使用銀 行透支、銀行貸款及融資租 約,維持資金延續性與靈活 性之平衡。本集團維持可使 用信貸額度令流動資金足 夠。

### (iv) 利率風險

由於本集團並無重大計息資產,故本集團的收入和營運 現金流量基本上不受市場利率波動的影響。

本集團的利率風險來自貸款。按變動利率發行的貸款 令本集團承受現金流量利率 風險。本集團現未有針對利 率風險的對冲政策。然而, 管理層正視利率變動,並因 應其顯著變動而採取對冲策 略。

#### (b) 公平值估計

長期借款之公平值評估,乃按市 場利率貼現計算預期未來付款。

一年內到期之融資資產及債務 (包括貿易及其他應收款、現金 及現金等價物、貿易及其他應付 款,以及流動借款)的賬面值扣 除任何估計信貸調整,假設乃接 近其公平值。 3. Financial risk management and fair value estimation (Continued)

### (a) Financial risk management (Continued)

#### (iii) Liquidity Risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts, bank loans and finance leases. The Group maintains liquidity by keeping sufficient committed credit lines available.

#### (iv) Interest Rate Risk

As the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets, the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate risk arises from borrowings. The Group's borrowings are issued at variable rates which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group currently does not have a hedging policy on interest rate exposure. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arises.

#### (b) Fair value estimation

The fair values of long-term borrowings are estimated using the expected future payments discounted at market interest rates.

The carrying amounts less any estimated credit adjustments for financial assets and liabilities with a maturity of less than one year, including trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables and current borrowings are assumed to approximate their fair values.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 4. 關鍵會計估算及判斷

本集團將不斷根據過往經驗及其他因素(包括根據相關情況合理預期會發生的未來事項)評估有關估計與判斷。本集團就未來事宜作出估計及假設。既然屬於估計,會計估計甚少與實際結果一致。有重大風險可能對下個財務年度資產負債面值有重大調整的估計及假設如下:

#### (a) 機器之減值

本集團已對機器作出重大投資, 主要為製造電子產品及印刷線路 板。機器技術或製造產品之轉變 均可能導致該等資產之估計使用 期或價值出現變動。

本集團檢討是否有事件出現或情況改變顯示機器賬面值可能無法收回,若有此情況存在,此等資產按會計政策附註2(m)減值。管理層未有發現任何可致此等資產減值的因素。

#### (b) 税項

### 4. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

#### (a) Impairment of machinery

The Group has made substantial investments in machinery for the manufacturing of electronic products and printed circuit boards. Changes in technology on machinery or products to be manufactured may cause a change in the estimated useful life or value of these assets.

The Group evaluates whether there is any event or change in circumstances which indicates that the carrying amounts of machinery may not be recoverable. Whenever such events or changes in circumstances occur, these assets are reviewed for impairment in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2(m). The management has not identified any indication of impairment of these assets.

#### (b) Taxation

The Group is subject to income and other taxes in different jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for taxes. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises taxes based on estimates of the likely outcome with reference to current tax laws and practices. Where the final outcome is different from the amounts that are initially recorded, such differences will impact the provisions for income and other taxes and deferred tax in the period in which such determination is made.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

5. 物業、機器及設備-集團

5. Property, plant and equipment - Group

		<b>樓宇</b> Buildings 港元	廠房設備 及機器 Plant and machinery 港元	粗約物業 裝修、像俬、 裝置及設備 Leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment 港元	汽車 Motor vehicles 港元	<b>模具</b> <b>Moulds</b> 港元	總 <b>計</b> <b>Total</b> 港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
於二零零四年四月一日 成本 累積折舊及減值虧損	At 1st April 2004 Cost Accumulated depreciation	35,524,065	291,149,962	88,121,830	7,246,873	22,839,250	444,881,980
	and impairment losses	(8,692,631)	(153,495,302)	(64,775,118)	(6,102,587)	(22,820,931)	(255,886,569)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	26,831,434	137,654,660	23,346,712	1,144,286	18,319	188,995,411
截至二零零五年 三月三十一日止年度	Year ended 31st March 2005						
期初賬面淨值 添置	Opening net book amount Additions	26,831,434 3,160,359	137,654,660 95,508,988	23,346,712 11,159,473	1,144,286 1,267,942	18,319	188,995,411 111,096,762
出售	Disposals	(314,271)	-	-	-	_	(314,271)
折舊	Depreciation	(995,177)	(24,559,063)	(5,136,350)	(744,176)	(18,319)	(31,453,085)
期終賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	28,682,345	208,604,585	29,369,835	1,668,052	-	268,324,817
於二零零五年三月三十一日 成本 累積折舊及減值虧損	At 31st March 2005 Cost Accumulated depreciation	38,370,153	386,658,950	99,281,303	7,490,434	22,839,250	554,640,090
	and impairment losses	(9,687,808)	(178,054,365)	(69,911,468)	(5,822,382)	(22,839,250)	(286,315,273)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	28,682,345	208,604,585	29,369,835	1,668,052	-	268,324,817
截至二零零六年 三月三十一日止年度	Year ended 31st March 2006						
期初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	28,682,345	208,604,585	29,369,835	1,668,052	-	268,324,817
匯兑差額 (表票)	Exchange differences	-	2,142,523	303,449	16,505	-	2,462,477
添置 出售	Additions Disposals	_	106,780,753 (879,456)	4,625,678 (25,914)	1,987,256	_	113,393,687 (905,370)
轉往持作出售資產	Transferred to asset		(073,430)	(20,314)			(303,370)
	held for sale	(1,491,941)	-	-	-	-	(1,491,941)
折舊	Depreciation	(973,381)	(34,341,101)	(5,255,118)	(1,178,190)	-	(41,747,790)
期終賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	26,217,023	282,307,304	29,017,930	2,493,623	-	340,035,880
於二零零六年三月三十一日 成本 思珠长年及366年程	At 31st March 2006 Cost	36,674,765	494,766,009	103,812,867	8,632,114	-	643,885,755
累積折舊及減值虧損	Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	(10,457,742)	(212,458,705)	(74,794,937)	(6,138,491)		(303,849,875)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	26,217,023	282,307,304	29,017,930	2,493,623	-	340,035,880

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

- 5. 物業、機器及設備-集團(續)
  - (a) 於二零零六年三月三十一日, 用作集團銀行貸款抵押品之物業 (包括租約土地、樓宇及持作 出售資產)之賬面淨值為 16,999,839港元(二零零五年: 44,923,367港元)。
- 5. Property, plant and equipment Group (Continued)
  - (a) At 31st March 2006, the net book value of properties (including leasehold land, buildings and asset held for sale) pledged as securities for the bank loans of the Group amounted to HK\$16,999,839 (2005: HK\$44,923,367).
- (b) 於二零零六年三月三十一日, 集團以融資租賃持有之物業、 機器及設備之賬面淨值為 139,448,618港元(二零零五年: 123,643,187港元)。
- (b) At 31st March 2006, the net book value of property, plant and equipment held by the Group under finance leases amounted to HK\$139,448,618 (2005: HK\$123,643,187).
- (c) 位於香港及中國大陸之樓宇資產 淨值依次為3,456,936港元(二零 零五年: 5,528,776港元)及 22,760,086港元(二零零五年: 23,153,569港元),各以10至50 年長期租約形式持有。
- (c) The buildings with net book values of HK\$3,456,936 (2005: HK\$5,528,776) and HK\$22,760,086 (2005: HK\$23,153,569) are held under leases of 10 to 50 years in Hong Kong and the Mainland China respectively.
- 6. 租約土地及土地使用權
- 6. Leasehold land and land use rights

			集團		
			Group		
			<b>2006</b> 2005		
			港元 港元		
			HK\$	HK\$	
於年初	At the beginning of the year	17,	310,543	10,090,319	
添置	Additions	11,	650,485	9,808,391	
減值虧損	Impairment loss		-	(1,900,000)	
轉入可持資產出售	Transferred to asset held for sale	(3,	576,648)	-	
攤銷	Amortisation	(	(680,160)	(688,167)	
於年末	At the end of the year	24,	704,220	17,310,543	

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

6. 租約土地及土地使用權(續) 6. Leasehold land and land use rights (Continued)

		2006	2005
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
租約土地於香港 一租約於十至五十年內 土地使用權於中國 一租約超過五十年	Leasehold land situated in Hong Kong  - leases between 10 to 50 years  Land use rights situated in Mainland China  - leases over 50 years	12,242,260 11,650,485	16,480,146
- 租約於十至五十年內	- leases between 10 to 50 years	811,475	830,397
		24,704,220	17,310,543

### 7. 投資物業(樓宇)

7. Investment property (Building)

			集團		
			Group		
		2006	2005		
		港元	港元		
		нк\$	HK\$		
於年初	At the beginning of the year	364,763	974,363		
折舊	Depreciation	(9,600)	(9,600)		
減值虧損	Impairment loss	-	(600,000)		
於年末	At the end of the year	355,163	364,763		

於二零零六年三月三十一日,賬面值 為 1,499,680港元(二零零五年: 1,540,397港元)之投資物業(包括租 約土地及樓宇)之公平值為2,000,000 港元(二零零五年:1,300,000港元)。

As at 31st March 2006, the fair value of the investment property (including leasehold land and building) with carrying amount HK\$1,499,680 (2005: HK\$1,540,397) was HK\$2,000,000 (2005: HK\$1,300,000).

香港物業以10至50年租約形式持有。

The property is held under a lease of between 10 to 50 years in Hong Kong.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

- 8. 附屬公司
  - (a) 附屬公司投資
- 8. Subsidiaries
  - (a) Interests in subsidiaries

		公司		
		Company		
		2006	2005	
		港元	港元	
		HK\$	HK\$	
非上市股份 - 按成本值	Unlisted shares, at cost	57,165,073	57,165,073	
應收附屬公司款項 (附註b)	Amounts due from subsidiaries (note b)	151,476,185	151,270,622	
扣除:減值虧損準備	Less: Provision for impairment losses	(22,135,694)	(22,135,694)	
		129,340,491	129,134,928	
		186,505,564	186,300,001	

於二零零六年三月三十一日之附屬公 ヨ加下:

於二零零六年三月三十一日之附屬公 The following is a list of the subsidiaries at 31st March 2006:

司如下:

			已發行股本/		
			註冊資本		
	註冊地點	主要業務	Particulars	所佔村	藿益
公司名稱	Place of	Principal	of issued share capital/	Inter	est
Name	incorporation	activities	registered capital	held	
				%	)
				2006	2005

### 直接持有:

Shares held directly:

Same Time International	英屬處女群島	投資控股	50,000股	100	100
(B.V.I.) Limited	British Virgin	Investment	普通股份		
	Islands	holding	每股1美元		
			50,000 ordinary		
			shares of US\$1 each		

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

8. 附屬公司(約	續)	)
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附屬公司(續)	8.	Subsidiaries (Co	ontinued)		
			已發行股本/		
			註冊資本		
	註冊地點	主要業務	Particulars	所佔有	藿益
公司名稱	Place of	Principal	of issued share capital/	Inter	est
Name	incorporation	activities	registered capital	hel	
				2006	2005
				2000	2003
間接持有:					
Shares held indirectly:					
森泰電子有限公司	香港	設計及銷售	4股普通股	100	100
Same Time	Hong Kong	電子產品	每股港幣1,000元及		
Electronics Limited		Design and sale	7,000股無投票權		
		of electronic	遞延股份		
		products	每股港幣1,000元		
			4 ordinary shares of		
			HK\$1,000 each and		
			7,000 non-voting		
			deferred shares of		
			HK\$1,000 each		
東莞森泰電子有限公司2	中國內地	製造及銷售電子產品	註冊資本15,000,000港元	100	100
Dongguan Same Time	Mainland China	Manufacture	Registered capital of		
Electronics Limited <sup>1, 2</sup>		and sale of	HK\$15,000,000		
		electronic products			
泰福實業有限公司	香港	物業持有	4股普通股	100	100
Dyford Industries	Hong Kong	Property holding	每股港幣1元及		
Limited			200,000股無投票權		
			遞延股份		
			每股港幣1元		
			4 ordinary shares of		
			HK\$1 each and		
			200,000 non-voting		

deferred shares of HK\$1 each

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

8. 附屬公司(續
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### 8. Subsidiaries (Continued)

刑 蜀 公 引 (領)	Ö.	Subsidiaries (C	ontinuea)		
			已發行股本/		
			註冊資本		
	註冊地點	主要業務	Particulars	所佔村	<b>藍益</b>
公司名稱	Place of	Principal	of issued share capital/	Inter	est
Name	incorporation	activities	registered capital	hel	d
				%	
				2006	2005
間接持有:(續)					
Shares held indirectly: (Contin	nued)				
紅板有限公司	香港	設計及	4股普通股份	100	100
Red Board Limited	Hong Kong	銷售印刷線路版	每股港幣1元及		
		Design and sale	5,000,000股無投票權		
		of printed	遞延股份		
		circuit boards	每股港幣1元		
			4 ordinary shares of		
			HK\$1 each and		
			5,000,000 non-voting		
			deferred shares of		
			HK\$1 each		
東莞紅板多層線路板	中國內地	製造及銷售	註冊資本	100	100
有限公司2	Mainland China	印刷線路板	250,000,000港元		
Dongguan Red Board		Manufacture and	Registered capital		
Limited <sup>1, 2</sup>		sale of printed circuit boards	of HK\$250,000,000		
森達電子有限公司	香港	暫無營業	1,000股普通股	100	100
Samtech Electronics	Hong Kong	Dormant	每股港幣10元		
Limited			1,000 ordinary shares		
			of HK\$10 each		
紅板(江西)有限公司 <sup>2</sup>	中國內地	暫無營業	80,000,000港元	100	100
Red Board (Jiang Xi) Limited <sup>1, 2</sup>	Mainland China	Dormant	Registered capital		

of HK\$80,000,000

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

主要業務

**Principal** 

activities

### 8. 附屬公司(續)

公司名稱

Name

### 8. Subsidiaries (Continued)

已發行股本/	
註冊資本	
Particulars	所佔權益
of issued share capital/	Interest
registered capital	held
	0.4

2006 2005

間接	持有	ī:	(續)
间接	持有	:	(罆.

Shares held indirectly: (Continued)

註冊地點

Place of

incorporation

Same Time Electronics (B.V.I.) Limited	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	製造模具、 電子產品、 塑膠產品及 印刷線路版 Manufacture of moulds, electronic and plastic products and printed circuit boards	1股1美元 普通股 1 ordinary share of US\$1	100	100
Same Time  Development Limited	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	暫無營業 Dormant	1股1美元 普通股 1 ordinary share of US\$1	100	100
Same Time Enterprises Limited	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	暫無營業 Dormant	1股1美元 普通股 1 ordinary share of US\$1	100	100

- 1 英文翻譯名稱
- 2 外商獨資企業

除東莞森泰電子有限公司、東莞紅板多層線路板有限公司、紅板(江西)有限公司、Same Time Electronics (B.V.I) Limited 及Same Time Development Limited 的業務範圍在中國內地外,其餘附屬公司主要業務均在香港運作。

- <sup>1</sup> English translation of name only
- <sup>2</sup> Wholly owned foreign enterprise

Except for Dongguan Same Time Electronics Limited, Dongguan Red Board Limited, Red Board (Jiang Xi) Limited, Same Time Electronics (B.V.I.) Limited and Same Time Development Limited which operate in the Mainland China, all other subsidiaries operate principally in Hong Kong.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

### 8. 附屬公司(續)

(b) 應收附屬公司款項是無抵押、免 利息及於結算日後十二個月內不 用償還。

#### 9. 聯營公司投資

本集團持有於英屬處女群島註冊之 Samebao International Limited之 50%權益。本年度 Samebao International Limited並無任何業務。

#### 10. 其他非流動資產

其他投資指一個被集團管理層使用之 非上市之球會會藉。

### 11. 存貨

8. Subsidiaries (Continued)

(b) The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and not repayable within twelve months from the balance sheet date.

#### 9. Interest in an associate

The Group has a 50% interest in Samebao International Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, which did not trade during the year.

#### 10. Other non-current asset

This represents an unlisted club debenture which is used by management of the Group.

#### 11. Inventories

		<b>身</b>	集團		
		Gı	roup		
		2006	2005		
		港元	港元		
		HK\$	HK\$		
原材料	Raw materials	37,924,936	30,729,959		
在製品	Work in progress	21,171,662	19,637,605		
製成品	Finished goods	33,034,553	17,642,717		
		92,131,151	68,010,281		

### 12. 持作出售資產

於二零零六年三月二十一日,本集團 與第三者簽訂臨時買賣合約,以 8,500,000港元出售一物業。此交易 於二零零六年五月二十日完成。

#### 12. Asset held for sale

On 21st March 2006, the Group entered into a provisional sale and purchase agreement with a third party to dispose of a property in Hong Kong at a consideration of HK\$8,500,000. The transaction was completed on 20th May 2006.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 13. 貿易及其他應收款

#### 13. Trade and other receivables

		集團 公司		公司	
			Group Compa		ompany
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		港元	港元	港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
貿易應收款 (附註a) 定金、預付款及其他	Trade receivables (note a)  Deposits, prepayments and	202,316,902	116,274,928	-	-
應收款 (附註b)	other receivables (note b)	80,867,851	13,963,110	172,340	156,925
		283,184,753	130,238,038	172,340	156,925

貿易及其他應收款包括以人民幣結算 之數額達11,000,000港元(二零零五 年:4,500,000港元),其他以港元及 美元結算。其賬面值與公平值相若。

(a) 於二零零六年三月三十一日,貿 易應收款之賬齡分析如下: Trade and other receivables include balances denominated in Renminbi amounting to approximately HK\$11 million (2005: approximately HK\$4.5 million). The remaining balances are denominated in Hong Kong Dollar and United States Dollar. Their carrying amounts approximate to their fair values.

(a) The ageing analysis of trade receivables as at 31st March 2006 was as follows:

		集團		
		 Group		
		2006	2005	
		港元	港元	
		HK\$	HK\$	
0 - 4個月	0 – 4 months	192,910,830	103,654,934	
5 - 8個月	5 – 8 months	8,074,647	8,570,236	
8個月以上	Over 8 months	1,331,425	4,049,758	
		202,316,902	116,274,928	

本集團給予客戶的信貸期為30至 120日。

(b) 定金、預付款及其他應收款包括 索償方扣其代收之貿易應收款合 計42,496,062港元(二零零五年: 零)(附註22)。 Sales are made to customers with credit terms of 30 to 120 days.

(b) Included in deposits, prepayments and other receivables are amounts aggregating HK\$42,496,062 (2005: nil) which represent collections of trade receivables withheld by the Claimant (note 22).

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

- 14. 銀行存款及現金 銀行存款及現金包括以人民幣結算之 數額達3,800,000港元(二零零五年: 2,400,000港元)。其他以港元及美元 结算。
- 結算。
- 14. Cash at banks and in hand

Cash at banks and in hand include balances denominated in Renminbi amounting to approximately HK\$3.8 million (2005: approximately HK\$2.4 million). The remaining balances are denominated in Hong Kong Dollar and United States Dollar.

- 15. 貿易及其他應付款
- 15. Trade and other payables

		集團 公司		公司		
		(	Group Compa		ompany	
		2006	2005	2006	2005	
		港元	港元	港元	港元	
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	
貿易應付款 (附註a) 預提費用及其他應付款	Trade payables (note a) Accruals and other payables	167,179,035	81,631,776	-	-	
(附註b)	(note b)	94,130,314	37,594,646	307,256	307,256	
		261,309,349	119,226,422	307,256	307,256	

貿易及其他應付款包括以人民幣結算 之數額達62,500,000港元(二零零五 年:7,400,000港元)。其他以港元及 美元結算。其賬面值與公平值相若。 Trade and other payables including balances denominated in Renminbi amounting to approximately HK\$62.5 million (2005: approximately HK\$7.4 million). The remaining balances are denominated in Hong Kong Dollar and United States Dollar. Their carrying amounts approximate to their fair values.

(a) 於二零零六年三月三十一日,貿 易應付款之帳齡分析如下:

(a) The ageing analysis of trade payables as at 31st March 2006 was as follows:

			集團 Group		
		2006	2005		
		港元	港元		
		HK\$	HK\$		
0 - 4個月	0 – 4 months	145,835,776	74,100,942		
5 - 8個月	5 – 8 months	21,008,549	7,463,802		
8個月以上	Over 8 months	334,710	67,032		
		167,179,035	81,631,776		

- (b) 預提費用及其他應付款包括法律 索求及有關法律費用約 36,550,000港元(二零零五年: 零)(附註22)。
- (b) Included in accruals and other payables is an aggregate amount of HK\$36,550,000 (2005: nil) which represents provision for the legal claim and related legal costs (note 22).

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

16. 股本

16. Share capital

		股份數目	港元
		Number of	Amount
		shares	HK\$
法定股本:	Authorised:		
於二零零四年四月一日,二零零五年	At 1st April 2004, 31st March 2005		
三月三十一日及二零零六年	and 31st March 2006 -		
三月三十一日-普通股每股面值0.10港元	ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	700,000,000	70,000,000
		股份數目	港元
		Number of	Amount
		shares	HK\$
已發行及繳足股本:	Issued and fully paid:		
於二零零四年四月一日,二零零五年	At 1st April 2004, 31st March 2005		
三月三十一日及二零零六年	and 31st March 2006 -		
三月三十一日一普通股每股面值0.10港元	ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	47,438,520	4,743,852

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

17. 儲備

17. Reserves

		股本溢價	綜合賬目 產生之差額 Difference	實繳盈餘	匯兑波動儲備	保留盈利/ (累積虧損) Retained profits/	
		Share	arising on	Contributed	Exchange	(accumulated	合計
		premium	consolidation	surplus	reserve	,	Total
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
本集團	Group						
二零零五年四月一日,	At 1st April 2005,						
如前呈報	as previously reported	132,805,076	(7,849,992)	15,940,952	_	88,939,636	229,835,672
採納香港會計準則	Effect of adopting HKAS 21	102,000,010	(1,010,002)	10,010,002		00,000,000	220,000,012
第21號之影響	Enoci of adopting that of Er	-	-	-	88,656	(88,656)	_
二零零五年四月一日,	At 1st April 2005,						
經重列	as restated	132,805,076	(7,849,992)	15,940,952	88,656	88,850,980	229,835,672
於保留盈利撇銷	Amount written off to						
<b>%</b> ** У л <del>У</del> п	retained profits	-	7,849,992	-	-	(7,849,992)	-
貨幣兑奐差異	Currency translation						
1. F 2 E 10	differences	-	-	-	1,755,209		1,755,209
本年度虧損	Loss for the year		-	-		(806,895)	(806,895)
二零零六年三月三十一日	At 31st March 2006	132,805,076	-	15,940,952	1,843,865	80,194,093	230,783,986
一带带师任师日	At 4-t Amiil 0004						
二零零四年四月一日, 如前呈報	At 1st April 2004, as previously reported	100 005 076	(7.040.000)	15 040 050		70 504 060	011 400 000
如別主報 採納香港會計準則	Effect of adopting HKAS 21	132,805,076	(7,849,992)	15,940,952	-	70,524,262	211,420,298
第21號之影響	chect of adopting fixes 21				88,656	(88,656)	
为21派之彩音					00,000	(00,030)	
二零零四年四月一日,	As 1st April 2004,						
經重列	as restated	132,805,076	(7,849,992)	15,940,952	88,656	70,435,606	211,420,298
本年度盈利	Profit for the year	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	18,415,374	18,415,374
	4.04.144.1.0005						
二零零五年三月三十一日,	,	400 005 070	(7.040.000)	45 040 050	00.050	00.050.000	000 005 070
經重列	as restated	132,805,076	(7,849,992)	15,940,952	88,656	88,850,980	229,835,672
本公司	Company						
二零零五年四月一日	At 1st April 2005	132,805,076	_	53,056,017	_	(4,350,707)	181,510,386
本年度盈利	Profit for the year	_	_	-	_	3,328	3,328
	,						
二零零六年三月三十一日	At 31st March 2006	132,805,076	-	53,056,017	-	(4,347,379)	181,513,714
二零零四年四月一日	At 1st April 2004	122 005 076		53,056,017		(V 3EU 006)	101 510 107
一	At 1st April 2004 Profit for the year	132,805,076	-	JJ,UJD,U1 <i>1</i>	-	(4,350,986) 279	181,510,107 279
个十尺血型	From tor the year					219	219
二零零五年三月三十一日	At 31st March 2005	132,805,076	_	53,056,017	-	(4,350,707)	181,510,386
				-			

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 17. 儲備(續)

- (a) 公司之實繳盈餘代表:
  - (i) 實繳盈餘達37,115,065港元 乃Same Time International (B.V.I.) Limited及其附屬公 司於一九九二年三月四日的 資產淨值與本公司因收購該 等公司而發行之股份面值之 差額。
  - (ii) 於二零零三年九月十六日, 因股本減值及合併而於實繳 盈餘計入15,940,952港元。
- (b) 實繳盈餘可根據百慕達1981公司法例分派予股東。惟在下列情況下,本公司不能使用實繳盈餘派發股息:
  - (i) 本公司在派發股息後不能支 付到期債務;或
  - (ii) 本公司可變現資產值將因此 而低於其債務、已發行股份 及股本溢價賬之總和。
- (c) 綜合賬目所產生之差額乃本公司於香港聯合交易所有組進行合併時本公司用作收購各值與各附屬公司的股份面值兩者之差額。於本年內此數值撇銷往保留盈利。

#### 17. Reserves (Continued)

- (a) The contributed surplus of the Company represents:
  - (i) the difference between the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange for all the issued ordinary shares of Same Time International (B.V.I.) Limited and the value of net assets of the underlying subsidiaries acquired as at 4th March 1992 amounting to HK37,115,065; and
  - (ii) the amount of HK\$15,940,952 credited to the contributed surplus as a result of the capital reduction and consolidation of shares of the Company on 16th September 2003.
- (b) The contributed surplus of the Company is distributable under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda. However, the Company shall not declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus, if:
  - (i) the Company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
  - (ii) the realisable value of the Company's assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.
- (c) Difference arising on consolidation represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired and the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company as consideration in connection with the shares exchange in a Group reorganisation programme undergone by the Group prior to its listing in The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The amount was written off against retained profit in the current year.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

### 18. 長期負債

### 18. Long-term liabilities

		5	朱閚		
		Gi	Group		
		2006	2005		
		港元	港元		
		HK\$	HK\$		
銀行貸款	Bank loans				
有抵押	secured	8,681,611	10,180,335		
無抵押	unsecured	34,040,700	13,108,928		
		42,722,311	23,289,263		
融資租約之承擔	Obligations under finance leases				
須於五年內全部歸還	wholly repayable within five years	80,610,276	62,329,402		
		123,332,587	85,618,665		
長期債務之一年內應償還額	Current portion of long-term liabilities	(58,577,514)	(34,350,366)		
		64,755,073	51,268,299		

於二零零六年三月三十一日,本集團 之銀行貸款還款期如下:

At 31st March 2006, the bank loans of the Group were repayable as follows:

**集** 画

			集團		
			Group		
		2006	2005		
		港元	港元		
		HK\$	HK\$		
一年以內	Within one year	20,249,260	7,639,863		
第二年	In the second year	14,435,177	7,248,720		
第三至第五年	In the third to fifth years	6,434,297	5,751,557		
第五年以後	After the fifth year	1,603,577	2,649,123		
		42,722,311	23,289,263		

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

### 18. 長期負債(續)

於二零零六年三月三十一日,本集團 之融資租約負債之還款期如下:

### 18. Long-term liabilities (Continued)

At 31st March 2006, the finance lease liabilities of the Group were repayable as follows:

		集團		
		Gı	oup	
		2006	2005	
		港元	港元	
		HK\$	HK\$	
一年以內	Within one year	42,876,175	29,250,018	
第二年	In the second year	32,666,370	22,659,254	
第三至第五年	In the third to fifth years	11,892,351	14,661,946	
		87,434,896	66,571,218	
未來財務費用	Future finance charges	(6,824,620)	(4,241,816)	
融資租約負債之現值	Present value of finance lease liabilities	80,610,276	62,329,402	
		<b>j</b>	長團	
		Gi	oup	
		2006	2005	
		港元	港元	
		HK\$	HK\$	
融資租約負債之現值如下:	The present value of finance lease liabilities is as follows:			
一年以內	Within one year	38,328,254	26,710,503	
第二年	In the second year	30,676,083	21,371,472	
第三至第五年	In the third to fifth years	11,605,939	14,247,427	
		80,610,276	62,329,402	

於本年度結算日,本集團之銀行貸款 及融資租約負債之有效利率依序為 5.40%至5.85%及7.50%(二零零五 年:2.65%至4.65%及4.50%)。賬面 值與公平值相若。 The effective interest rates of the bank loans and the obligations under finance leases of the Group at the balance sheet date were ranging from 5.40% to 5.85% and 7.50% respectively (2005: ranging from 2.65% to 4.65% and 4.50% respectively). Their carrying amounts approximate to their fair values.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 19. 短期銀行貸款及銀行透支

#### 19. Short-term bank loans and bank overdrafts

			集團		公司	
		(	Group	Co	Company	
		2006	2005	2006	2005	
		港元	港元	港元	港元	
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	
短期銀行借款	Short-term bank loans					
抵押	secured	-	19,966,256	-	-	
無抵押	unsecured	123,812,782	37,880,009	-	-	
		123,812,782	57,846,265	-	-	
銀行透支,無抵押	Bank overdrafts, unsecured	1,938,290	116,509	173,875	-	
		125,751,072	57,962,774	173,875	_	

於本年結算日,本集團之短期銀行貸款及銀行透支之有效利率為7.75% (二零零五年:4.75%),賬面值約為公平值。

短期銀行貸款及銀行透支包括 9,708,738港元(二零零五年:零)之 人民幣貸款。餘額全數為港元貸款。 The effective interest rate of the short-term bank loans and bank overdrafts of the Group at the balance sheet date was 7.75% (2005: 4.75%). Their carrying amounts approximate to their fair values.

Included in the short-term bank loans and bank overdrafts of the Group are balances amounting to HK\$9,708,738 (2005: nil) which are denominated in Renminbi. The remaining balances are denominated in Hong Kong Dollar.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 20. 遞延税項負債

遞延税項採用負債法就短暫時差按主 要税率17.5%(二零零五年: 17.5%) 作全數撥備。

遞延税項負債之變動如下:

#### 20. Deferred tax liabilities

Deferred taxation is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using a principal tax rate of 17.5% (2005: 17.5%).

The movement on the deferred tax liabilities is as follows:

		1	集團	
		G	roup	
		2006	2005	
		港元	港元	
		HK\$	HK\$	
年初	At the beginning of the year	16,379,971	11,261,758	
在損益表支銷 (附註24)	Charged to income statement (note 24)	1,897,075	5,118,213	
年末	At the end of the year	18,277,046	16,379,971	

遞延税項資產乃因應相關税務利益可 透過未來應課税溢利變現而就所結轉 之税損作確認。本集團有未確認税損 54,222,034港元(二零零五年: 58,939,983港元)可結轉以抵銷未來 應課税收入。此税損並無期限。

年內遞延税項資產及負債之變動(與 同一徵税地區之結餘抵銷前)如下: Deferred tax assets are recognised for tax losses carried forward to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. The Group has unrecognised tax losses of HK\$54,222,034 (2005: HK\$58,939,983) to carry forward against future taxable income. These tax losses have no expiry date.

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities (prior to offsetting of balances within the same taxation jurisdiction) during the year are as follows:

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

20. 遞延税項負債(續) 遞延税項負債

# 20. Deferred tax liabilities (Continued) Deferred tax liabilities

#### 加速税項折舊

Accelerated	tax depreciation
	0005

		2006	2005
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
年初	At the beginning of the year	20,561,962	20,677,895
在損益表計入	Credited to income statement	(624,761)	(115,933)
年末	At the end of the year	19,937,201	20,561,962

遞延税項資產

Deferred tax assets

1	兇損
Tax	losses

		Tax	losses
		2006	2005
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
年初	At the beginning of the year	(4,181,991)	(9,416,137)
在損益表支銷	Charged to income statement	2,521,836	5,234,146
年末	At the end of the year	(1,660,155)	(4,181,991)

當有法定權利可將現有税項資產與現 有税務負債抵銷,而遞延所得税涉及 同一財務機關,則可將遞延所得税資 產與遞延所得税負債互相抵銷。資產 負債表內之遞延税項負債已經適當抵 銷後列賬。 Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority. The deferred tax liabilities shown in the balance sheet are determined after appropriate offsetting.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

# 21. 營業額及分部資料本年度列賬之收益如下:

# 21. Revenues and segment information Revenues recognised during the year are as follows:

		集團	
		Gı	oup
		2006	2005
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
營業額	Turnover		
銷售貨品	Sale of products	817,115,246	609,297,008
其他收益	Other revenues		
銷售副產品	Sale of manufacturing by-products	565,094	478,882
租金收入	Rental income	168,000	168,000
		733,094	646,882
總收益	Total revenues	817,848,340	609,943,890

#### 首要報告形式一業務分部

本集團的環球業務可分為兩大類:

- 電子產品-製造及銷售電子消費 品
- 印刷線路版-製造及銷售印刷線路版

### Primary reporting format – business segments

The Group is organised on a worldwide basis into two main business segments:

- Electronic products manufacturing and selling of consumer electronic products
- Printed circuit boards manufacturing and selling of printed circuit boards

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

# 21. 營業額及分部資料(續) 首要報告形式-業務分部

本集團在本年度的營業額及盈利按營 業分部類別之分析如下:

# 21. Revenues and segment information (Continued) Primary reporting format – business segments (Continued)

An analysis of turnover and contribution to profit of the Group for the year by business segment is as follows:

			2006	
			印刷線路版	
		電子產品	Printed	
		Electronic	circuit	集團
		products	boards	Group
		港元	港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
營業額	Turnover	107,238,322	709,876,924	817,115,246
分部業績	Segment results	(2,976,664)	28,971,564	25,994,900
未分配成本	Unallocated costs			(10,754,372)
經營盈利	Operating profit			15,240,528
融資成本	Finance costs			(11,503,314)
除税前盈利	Profit before income tax			3,737,214
税項	Income tax expense			(4,544,109)
股東應佔盈利	Loss attributable to shareholders			(806,895)
分部資產	Segment assets	57,734,460	670,681,681	728,416,141
未分配資產	Unallocated assets			37,406,416
總資產	Total assets			765,822,557
分部負債	Segment liabilities	(19,743,883)	(480,760,825)	(500,504,708)
未分配負債	Unallocated liabilities			(29,790,011)
總負債	Total liabilities			(530,294,719)
資本開支	Capital expenditure	5,380,195	119,663,977	125,044,172
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	4,259,565	38,177,985	42,437,550
過時及滯銷存貨撥備	Provision for slow moving and			
	obsolete inventories	493,476	-	493,476
呆賬撥備	Provision for doubtful debts	1,601,117	2,706,014	4,307,131
和解費用及有關	Provision for legal claim and			
法律開支撥備	related legal costs	5,246,146	35,108,827	40,354,973

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

21. 營業額及分部資料(續) 首要報告形式-業務分部(續) 21. Revenues and segment information (Continued)

Primary reporting format – business segments (Continued)

			2005	
			印刷線路版	
		電子產品	Printed	
		Electronic	circuit	集團
		products	boards	Group
		港元	港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
營業額	Turnover	99,906,453	509,390,555	609,297,008
分部業績	Segment results	4,661,071	43,280,271	47,941,342
未分配成本	Unallocated costs			(18,276,408)
經營盈利	Operating profit			29,664,934
融資成本	Finance costs			(6,131,347)
除税前盈利	Profit before income tax			23,533,587
税項	Income tax expense			(5,118,213)
股東應佔盈利	Profit attributable to shareholders			18,415,374
分部資產	Segment assets	65,483,701	428,740,273	494,223,974
未分配資產	Unallocated assets			20,075,071
總資產	Total assets			514,299,045
分部負債	Segment liabilities	(18,701,211)	(234,166,599)	(252,867,810)
未分配負債	Unallocated liabilities			(26,851,711)
總負債	Total liabilities			(279,719,521)
資本開支	Capital expenditure	18,800,017	102,105,136	120,905,153
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	3,748,830	28,402,022	32,150,852
過時及滯銷存貨撥備	Provision for slow moving and			
	obsolete inventories	101,651	_	101,651
租約土地之耗蝕	Provision for impairment loss on			
虧損撥備	leasehold land	-	_	1,900,000
投資物業之耗蝕	Provision for impairment loss on			
虧損撥備	investment property	_	_	600,000
呆賬撥備	Provision for doubtful debts		5,535,502	5,535,502

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

# 21. 營業額及分部資料(續) 次要報告形式 - 地區分部

本集團本年度之營業額、分部業績、 總資產及資本開支按地區分部之分析 如下:

# 21. Revenues and segment information (Continued) Secondary reporting format – geographical segments

A geographical analysis of the turnover, segment results, total assets and capital expenditure of the Group is as follows:

			2006		
			分部業績		資本開支
		營業額	Segment	總資產	Capital
		Turnover	results	Total assets	expenditure
		港元	港元	港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
香港及中國內地	Hong Kong and Mainland China	304,721,638	12,659,269	662,624,957	125,044,172
美國	America	142,612,025	(3,294,692)	30,095,582	-
東南亞	South East Asia	235,294,519	17,277,708	45,232,383	-
歐洲	Europe	134,487,064	(647,385)	27,869,635	
		817,115,246	25,994,900	765,822,557	125,044,172
未分配成本	Unallocated costs		(10,754,372)		
經營盈利	Operating profit		15,240,528		
			2005		
			分部業績		資本開支
		營業額	Segment	總資產	Capital
		Turnover	results	Total assets	expenditure
		港元	港元	港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
香港及中國內地	Hong Kong and Mainland China	168,422,411	15,095,234	447,160,830	120,905,153
美國	America	122,788,555	4,924,332	21,963,064	-
東南亞	South East Asia	129,682,815	11,855,173	22,216,703	-
歐洲	Europe	188,403,227	16,066,603	22,958,448	
		609,297,008	47,941,342	514,299,045	120,905,153
未分配成本	Unallocated costs		(18,276,408)		
經營盈利	Operating profit		29,664,934		

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

22. 經營盈利

#### 22. Operating profit

		集團	
		Gı	roup
		2006	2005
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
<i>፴</i> 炒 ℞ 和 ⊃	Or walter and the shall after		
經營盈利已	Operating profit is stated after		
計入:	crediting:		
利息收入	Interest income	675,515	22,473
出售物業、機器及設備收益	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	236,873	223,341
及扣除:	and charging:		
租約土地及土地使用權之攤銷	Amortisation of leasehold land and land use rights	680,160	688,167
折舊:	Depreciation:		
自置物業、機器及設備	Owned property, plant and equipment	33,502,057	26,218,861
融資租賃之物業、機器及設備	Leased property, plant and equipment	8,245,733	5,234,224
投資物業	Investment property	9,600	9,600
已售存貨成本	Cost of inventories sold	641,107,751	459,638,241
物業經營租賃	Operating lease rental in respect of properties	2,973,387	3,466,515
核數師酬金	Auditors' remuneration	780,000	660,000
匯兑虧損淨額	Net exchange losses	2,642,155	422,444
過時及滯銷存貨準備	Provision for slow moving and obsolete inventories	493,476	101,651
呆賬撥備	Provision for doubtful debts	4,307,131	5,535,502
租約土地之耗蝕虧損撥備	Provision for impairment loss on leasehold land	-	1,900,000
投資物業之耗蝕虧損撥備	Provision for impairment loss on investment property	-	600,000
訴訟費用及相關法律開支撥備 (附註)	Provision for legal claim and related legal costs (note)	40,354,973	-

附註: 大約於二零零五年十二月二十八 日,本集團在美國之銷售代表 (「索償方」)於美國向本集團提 出仲裁索求,聲稱本集團違反本 集團與索償方簽訂之銷售代表合 約及保証,索償方為本公司主要 股東之聯屬公司,持有本公司 8.05%股份之關連公司。本公司 就該索求提出抗辯及反索償。自 此,索償方扣起本公司之貿易應 收款約42,500,000港元。於二零 零六年七月十三日,上述仲裁各 方達成和解,索償方同意接納合 共4,250,000美元(約33,150,000 港元),而本集團同意接納 1,240,000美元(約9,690,000港 元),以全面調解各自向對方提 出之一切索償。由索償方扣起之 款項支付此等索償。本集團截至 二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 之財務報表已就該索償及有關法 律費用作出全部撥備。

Note: On or about 28th December 2005, a sales representative of the Group (the "Claimant") in the United States of America ("USA"), which is an affiliate of a substantial shareholder of the Company holding 8.05% of the Company's shares, filed an arbitration demand in USA against the Group for alleged breaches of a representative agreement and a guarantee entered into between the Group and the Claimant. The Group defended the arbitration demand and counter claimed against the Claimant. Since then, collections of trade receivables of the Group amounting to approximately HK\$42.5 million have been withheld by the Claimant. On 13th July 2006, parties to the aforesaid arbitration reached a settlement under which the Claimant agreed to accept the sum of US\$4.25 million (approximately HK\$33.15 million) while the Group agreed to accept the sum of US\$1.24 million (approximately HK\$9.69 million) in full settlement of all claims against each other. The amount withheld by the Claimant will be applied to pay these sums. Full provision for the claim and related legal costs has been made in the Group's financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2006.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

### 23. 融資成本

#### 23. Finance costs

		集團	
		Gr	oup
		2006	2005
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
須於五年內全部償還之	Interest on bank loans and overdrafts wholly repayable		
銀行貸款及透支之利息支出	within five years	6,571,101	3,350,145
無須於五年內全部償還之	Interest on bank loans not wholly repayable		
銀行貸款之利息支出	within five years	314,129	159,337
融資租賃之利息部分	Interest element of finance leases	4,618,084	2,621,865
		11,503,314	6,131,347

### 24. 收入税項支出

香港利得税乃按照本年度估計應課税 盈利 依税 率 17.5% (二零零五年:17.5%) 提撥準備。

### 24. Income tax expense

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 17.5% (2005: 17.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year.

			集團	
			Group	
			2006	2005
			港元	港元
			HK\$	HK\$
當期税項	Current tax			
香港利得税	Hong Kong profits tax	2,	537,949	-
往年度撥備不足	Underprovision in prior years		109,085	-
		2,	647,034	-
遞延税項(附註20)	Deferred taxation (note 20)	1,	897,075	5,118,213
		4,	544,109	5,118,213

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 24. 收入税項支出(續)

本集團有關除稅前盈利之稅項與假若 採用香港(即本集團主要業務營運所 在)稅率而計算之理論稅額之差額如 下:

#### 24. Income tax expense (Continued)

The tax on the profit before income tax of the Group differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate of Hong Kong, where the Group performs its principal activities, as follows:

		2006	2005
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
除所得税前盈利	Profit before income tax	3,737,214	23,533,587
拉铅变47.50//一乘壶工生·	Calculated at a tay yets of 17 FO/		
按税率17.5%(二零零五年:	Calculated at a tax rate of 17.5%		
17.5%) 計算之税項	(2005: 17.5%)	654,012	4,118,378
無須課税之收入	Income not subject to tax	(311,521)	(3,120)
不可扣税之支出	Expenses not deductible for tax purpose	4,490,182	1,229,389
未確認之短期時差	Temporary differences not recognised	427,992	35,301
使用未確認之税務虧損	Utilisation of unrecognised tax losses	(834,508)	(272,684)
未確認之税務虧損	Tax losses not recognised	8,867	10,949
往年度撥備不足	Underprovision in prior years	109,085	-
所得税項支出	Income tax expense	4,544,109	5,118,213

#### 25. 股東應佔虧損/盈利

本公司股東應佔虧損/盈利為盈利 3,328港元(二零零五年:盈利279港 元)。

#### 26. 每股虧損/盈利

每股基本虧損/盈利乃根據本年度股東應佔虧損806,895港元(二零零五年:盈利18,415,374港元)及年內已發行47,438,520股(二零零五年:47,438,520)普通股計算。

由於兩年度並沒有潛在普通股,故並 無列出每股攤薄盈利。

### 25. Loss/profit attributable to shareholders

Loss/profit attributable to shareholders includes a profit of HK\$3,328 (2005: HK\$279) which is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

#### 26. Loss/earnings per share

The calculation of basic loss/earnings per share is based on loss attributable to shareholders of the Company of HK\$806,895 (2005: profit of HK\$18,415,374) and 47,438,520 (2005: 47,438,520) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

As there are no potential ordinary shares in issue, there is no diluted earnings per share for both years.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

### 27. 員工成本 (不包括董事酬金) 27. Staff costs (excluding directors' emoluments)

		2006	2005
		港元	港元
		нк\$	HK\$
工資、薪酬、獎金及其他津貼	Wages, salaries, bonus and other allowances	54,490,866	49,789,442
退休成本-界定供款計劃	Pension costs - defined contribution plans	1,711,198	1,769,316
		56,202,064	51,558,758

#### 28. 界定供款公積金計劃

本集團設有一項強制性公積金計劃, 根據強制性公積金計劃條例,集團按 僱員有關入息之5%作出供款,最高 供款額為每名僱員每月1,000港元。 若僱員每月有關入息超過5,000港元 亦須向強積金計劃作出相應供款。強 積金計劃之供款一旦支付後即全數即 時歸屬僱員作為累算權益。

本集團另設有一項已獲強制性公積金 計劃條例豁免之界定供款公積金計 劃,以供二零零零年十二月一日以前 受僱之香港僱員加入。該等僱員可選 擇參予強積金計劃或保留於該豁免計 劃內。該豁免計劃屬下資產由一獨立 基金管理,根據該豁免計劃,僱主及 僱員皆須按基本月薪之5%供款。僱 員在符合資格領取僱主供款之前離職 而沒收之僱主供款用以抵銷僱主之日 後供款。於二零零五年已沒收供款合 共35,631港元已用作減低年內集團之 供款。

本集團另供款予中國內地員工退休計 劃,供款是按照符合有關市政府要求 之員工薪金之百分比作出供款。市政 府已承諾將承擔本集團之現有及未來 退休員工於中國內地之所有退休福利 責任。此等供款於有關年度之損益表 支銷。

#### 28. Defined contribution pension schemes

For the MPF Scheme, the Group's contributions are at 5% of the employees' relevant income as defined in the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance up to a maximum of HK\$1,000 per employee per month. The employees contribute a corresponding amount to the MPF scheme if their relevant income is more than HK\$5,000 per month. The MPF contributions are fully and immediately vested in the employees as accrued benefits once they are paid.

The Group also operates a defined contribution pension scheme, which is an exempted scheme ("the Exempted Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance and provides retirement benefits to its employees in Hong Kong who joined the Group prior to 1st December 2000. These employees can elect to join the MPF Scheme or to remain as a member of the Exempted Scheme. The assets of the Exempted Scheme's are held under provident funds managed by an independent administrator. Under the Exempted Scheme, both the employers and employees are required to contribute 5% of the basic salaries on a monthly basis. Where there are employees who leave the Exempted Scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions, the contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions. Forfeited contributions totalling HK35,631 were utilised by the Group to reduce existing level of contributions in 2005.

The Group also contributes to retirement plans for its employees in the Mainland China at a percentage of their salaries in compliance with the requirements of the respective municipal governments in the Mainland China. The municipal governments undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations of all existing and future retired employees of the Group in the Mainland China. Contributions to these schemes are charged to the income statement in the year to which the contributions relate.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

- 29. 董事及高級管理人員酬金 各董事之酬金分列如下:
- 29. Directors' and senior management's emoluments
  The remuneration of every director is set out below:

				其他福利#	僱主退休 計劃供款 Employer's contributions	
董事名稱		袍金	薪酬	Other	to pension	總計
Name of director		Fees	Salaries	benefits#	schemes	Total
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
二零零六年	2006					
葉森然先生	Mr YIP Sum Yin	_	1,950,000	1,092,200	12,000	3,054,200
葉德然先生*	Mr YIP Tak Yin*	_	321,723	-	_	321,723
喻紅棉女士	Madam YU Hung Min	_	1,560,000	589,744	12,000	2,161,744
葉校然先生**	Mr YIP How Yin, Maurice**	_	1,192,055	634,341	7,333	1,833,729
黎永良先生	Mr LAI Wing Leung, Peter	75,000	-	-	-	75,000
林國昌先生	Mr LAM Kwok Cheong	75,000	-	-	_	75,000
李美玲女士	Madam LEE Mei Ling	75,000	-	-	-	75,000
總額	Total	225,000	5,023,778	2,316,285	31,333	7,596,396
二零零五年	2005					
葉森然先生	Mr YIP Sum Yin	_	4,100,000	441,570	12,000	4,553,570
喻紅棉女士	Madam YU Hung Min	-	2,680,000	451,689	12,000	3,143,689
葉校然先生	Mr YIP How Yin, Maurice	_	3,100,000	363,112	12,000	3,475,112
黎永良先生	Mr LAI Wing Leung, Peter	135,000	-	-	-	135,000
林國昌先生	Mr LAM Kwok Cheong	135,000	-	-	-	135,000
李美玲女士	Madam LEE Mei Ling	20,753	-	_	-	20,753
總額	Total	290,753	9,880,000	1,256,371	36,000	11,463,124

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

- 29. 董事及高級管理人員酬金(續)
  - # 其他福利包括住宿及車輛津貼。
  - \* 葉德然先生於二零零五年十一月十日至二零零六年三月三十一日期間 為本公司董事。
  - \*\* 葉校然先生於二零零五年四月一日 至二零零五年十一月十日期間為本 公司董事。

本集團本年度五名最高薪酬人士之酬 金總額如下:

- 29. Directors' and senior management's emoluments (Continued)
  - Other benefits include accommodation and motor vehicle expenses.
  - \* Mr YIP Tak Yin acted as director during the period from 10th November 2005 to 31st March 2006.
  - \*\* Mr YIP How Yin, Maurice acted as director during the period from 1st April 2005 to 10th November 2005.

The emoluments of the five highest paid individuals in the Group for the year are as follows:

		2006	2005
		港元	港元
		нк\$	HK\$
基本薪金、房屋津貼、	Basic salaries, housing allowances,		
其他津貼及實物利益	other allowances and benefits in kind	9,520,163	13,408,083

酬金級別如下: The emoluments fell within the following bands:

人數 Number of individuals

		2006	2005
酬金級別	Emolument bands		
500,001港元至1,000,000港元	HK\$500,001 - HK\$1,000,000	1	2
1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	HK\$1,000,001 - HK\$1,500,000	1	_
2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	HK\$2,000,001 - HK\$2,500,000	1	_
2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	HK\$2,500,001 - HK\$3,000,000	1	_
3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	HK\$3,000,001 - HK\$3,500,000	1	2
4,500,001港元至5,000,000港元	HK\$4,500,001 - HK\$5,000,000	-	1

最高薪酬的五名人士包括四名董事 (二零零五年:三名),酬金合共 7,371,396港元(二零零五年: 11,172,371港元)已列入董事酬金 內。 The five highest paid individuals include four (2005: three) directors whose emoluments amounting to HK\$7,371,396 (2005: HK\$11,172,371) are included in directors' emoluments.

本年內,本集團並無向董事或五名最 高薪酬人士支付酬金,作為促使加入 本集團時之獎金或作為失去職位之賠 償。本年內,並無董事放棄或同意放 棄任何酬金。 During the year, the Group did not pay to the directors or the five highest pay individuals any inducement to join or upon joining the Group, on a compensation for loss of office. No directors waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

- 30. 綜合現金流量表之附註
  - (a) 除所得税前盈利與經營業務之現 金流入淨額對賬表:
- 30. Notes to consolidated cash flow statement
  - (a) Reconciliation of profit before income tax to cash generated from operations:

		2000	2225
		2006	2005
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
除所得税前盈利	Profit before income tax	3,737,214	23,533,587
租約土地及土地使用權之攤銷	Amortisation of leasehold land and land use rights	680,160	688,167
折舊	Depreciation		
- 投資物業	- investment property	9,600	9,600
-物業、機器及設備	- property, plant and equipment	41,747,790	31,453,085
出售物業、機器及設備收益	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(236,873)	(223,341)
租約土地之耗蝕虧損撥備	Provision for impairment loss on leasehold land	-	1,900,000
樓宇之耗蝕虧損撥備	Provision for impairment loss on investment		
	property	-	600,000
利息收入	Interest income	(675,515)	(22,473)
利息支出	Interest expenses	11,503,314	6,131,347
營運資金變動前之經營盈利	Operating profit before working capital changes	56,765,690	64,069,972
存貨(增加)/減少	(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(24,120,870)	848,268
貿易及其他應收款(增加)/減少	(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	(152,946,715)	33,484,434
貿易及其他應付款增加/(減少)	Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	142,082,927	(26,228,538)
經營業務產生之現金流入淨額	Cash generated from operations	21,781,032	72,174,136

#### (b) 年內融資變動分析:

(b) Analysis of changes in financing during the year:

			貸款及透支 期銀行貸款)	融資和	且賃之承擔
		Bank	loans and		
		overdraf	fts (including	Obliga	tions under
		long-terr	n bank loans)	finan	ce leases
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		港元	港元	港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
年初 融資活動之現金	At the beginning of the year  Net cash generated from/	81,252,037	63,770,061	62,329,402	23,704,969
流入/(使用)淨額	(used in) financing activities	87,221,346	17,481,976	(34,797,937)	(23,710,771)
融資租賃簽定*	Inception of finance leases*	-	-	53,078,811	62,335,204
年末	At the end of the year	168,473,383	81,252,037	80,610,276	62,329,402

<sup>\*</sup> 非現金交易

non-cash transactions

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 31. 銀行及財務機構信貸

本集團於二零零六年三月三十一日之總銀行信貸額為193,722,311港元(二零零五年:160,897,736港元),其中已使用之信貸額為168,299,508港元(二零零五年:87,352,756港元)。

總信貸額中,以賬面淨值16,999,839 港元(二零零五年:44,923,367港元) 之租約土地及樓宇作法定抵押之銀行 信貸額為8,681,611港元(二零零五 年:30,146,591港元)。

#### 32. 或然負債

本公司之或然負債是對於附屬公司之總銀行信貸額作出之擔保,款項為193,722,311港元(二零零五年:149,105,283港元),包括信託收據貸款、應付滙票及銀行貸款。

#### 33. 承擔

#### (a) 資本承擔

#### 31. Facilities from banks and financial institutions

At 31st March 2006, the total facilities granted to the Group amounting to HK\$193,722,311 (2005: HK\$160,897,736) of which HK\$168,299,508 (2005: HK\$87,352,756) were utilised.

Among the total facilities, banking facilities amounting to HK\$8,681,611 (2005: HK\$30,146,591) are secured by a legal charge on the Group's leasehold land and buildings with a net book value of HK\$16,999,839 (2005: HK\$44,923,367).

#### 32. Contingent liabilities

The Company has contingent liabilities relating to corporate guarantees given in respect of banking facilities which include trust receipts loans, bills payable and bank loans extended to the subsidiaries of approximately HK\$193,722,311 (2005: HK\$149,105,283).

#### 33. Commitments

#### (a) Capital commitments

		集團		
		Gı	Group	
		2006	2005	
		港元	港元	
		HK\$	HK\$	
已簽約但未撥備	Contracted but not provided for			
廠房、機器及租約裝修	Plant, machinery and leasehold improvements	59,294,392	3,119,927	
附屬公司資本注資	Capital injection to subsidiaries	156,742,076	26,802,276	
		216,036,468	29,922,203	
批准但未簽約	Authorised but not contract for			
投資附屬公司	Investments in subsidiaries	408,000,000	_	

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

#### 33. 承擔(續)

#### (b) 經營租賃之承擔

根據不可取銷經營租賃有未來需 支付之最低租金款項如下:

#### 33. Commitments (Continued)

#### (b) Commitments under operating leases

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under noncancellable operating leases in respect of properties are as follows:

		1	集團	
		G	roup	
		2006	2005	
		港元	港元	
		нк\$	HK\$	
第一年內	Not later than one year	3,668,158	2,860,302	
第二至第五年內	Later than one year and not later than five years	9,951,054	7,067,351	
第五年後	Later than five years	32,046,526	31,685,774	
		45,665,738	41,613,427	

#### 34. 關連人仕交易

(a) 與一關連實體的交易

#### 34. Related party transactions

(a) Transactions with a related entity

		2006	2005
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
支付一關連公司之佣金(i)	Comission paid to a related company (i)	9,922,686	12,697,846
支付一關連公司之索求(ii)	Claims payable to a related company (ii)	33,150,000	-

- (i) 本集團支付佣金予一主要股 東之關連公司,用作拓展客 戶市場及推銷產品,佣金依 據本公司與該關連公司簽訂 之銷售代表合約計算。
- (ii) 此代表支付予索償方以調解 索償之金額,索償方為本公 司一主要股東之關連公司 (詳見附註22)。
- (i) The Group paid commission expenses to an affiliate of a substantial shareholder of the Company for soliciting customers and marketing products for the Group in accordance with the terms of the Sales Representative Agreement entered into between the Group and the related company.
- (ii) This represents the sum to be paid to the Claimant, which is an affiliate of a substantial shareholder of the Company, as settlement for claims from the Claimant (see note 22 for details).

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st March 2006

- 34. 相關人員交易(續)
  - (b) 主要管理人員補償
- 34. Related party transactions (Continued)
  - (b) Key management compensation

		2006	2005
		港元	港元
		нк\$	HK\$
薪金及其他短期僱員福利	Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	10,505,285	13,564,094
退休成本	Pension costs	119,400	111,470
		10,624,685	13,675,564

附註: 主要管理人員包括本公司董事、行政總裁、財務總監、 質量董事、總經理及副財務 總監。 Note: Key management includes directors, chief executive officer, financial controller, quality director, general manager and assistant financial controller of the Company.

35. 比較數字

某些比較數字已重新分類以符合本年 度之呈列格式。

35. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.