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Corporate Information

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Ping (Chairman & Chief Executive Officer)
Ms. Ma Jian Ying (Deputy Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Walter Stasyshyn

Mr. Man Ming

Mr. Chau Shing Yim, David

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Yan Tat Wah, Joseph Mr. Chu Yu Lin, David Dr. Jordan Z. Deng

QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

Ms. Wong Mei Ling

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chan Kwong Leung, Eric

AUDITORS

Ting Ho Kwan & Chan

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Hang Seng Bank Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

董事會

執行董事

陳 平先生(主席兼行政總裁) 馬建英女士(副行政總裁) Walter Stasyshyn先生 文 明先生 周承炎先生

獨立非執行董事

甄達華先生 朱幼麟先生 鄧志端博士

合資格會計師

黄美玲女士

公司秘書

陳鄺良先生

核數師

丁何關陳會計師行

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

Corporate Information

公司資料

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Suite 2403, 24th Floor Central Plaza 18 Harbour Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Butterfield Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre, 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM08, Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Secretaries Limited 26/F, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

WEBSITE

http://www.tidetimesun.com

STOCK CODE

307

主要營業地點

香港灣仔 港灣道18號 中環廣場 24樓2403室

股份過戶登記總處

Butterfield Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre, 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM08, Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 皇后大道東28 號 金鐘匯中心26樓

網址

http://www.tidetimesun.com

股份代號

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Profiles of Directors 董事簡介

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chen Ping, aged 53, was appointed as Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of Tidetime Sun (Group) Limited (the "Company") in October 2004. He is the founder and chairman of the Tide Time Holdings Limited (together with its subsidiaries, collectively the "Tidetime Group"), a substantial shareholder of the Company. The Tidetime Group is principally engaged in the educational publications, remote education, as well as distribution and production of publication and computer peripherals in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). Mr. Chen graduated from 中國安徽機電學院 (Anhui Mechanical College, the PRC) (formerly as "安徽機械學校 (Anhui Mechanical School)"), majoring in industrial automation control. Prior to founding the Tidetime Group in 1990, Mr. Chen acted as researcher in 中國北京中信國際研究所 and 中國上海科學研究所 respectively. Mr. Chen is the brother-in-law of Ms. Ma Jian Ying, the Deputy Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of the Company.

Ms. Ma Jian Ying, aged 51, was appointed as Deputy Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of the Company in October 2004. Ms. Ma is the director of the Tidetime Group. She was a graduate-student of the faculty of economics and management of the University of Tongji, Shanghai, the PRC. Ms. Ma has extensive business experience in the PRC and has been an assistant researcher of 中國國務院發展研究中心. Ms. Ma is the sister-in-law of Mr. Chen Ping, the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of the Company.

Mr. Walter Stasyshyn, aged 58, was appointed as Executive Director of the Company in November 2004. Mr. Stasyshyn is a practising lawyer in Canada. Mr. Stasyshyn received his honorable bachelor's degree from the University of Toronto, Canada and a bachelor's degree in laws (LLB) from the University of Windsor, Canada. He has over 30 years of experience in corporate and commercial laws and corporate finance. Before joining the Company, Mr. Stasyshyn has established his technology-related businesses (covering software development, telecommunication, digital compression, remote education aspects). Mr. Stasyshyn is a director of the Tidetime Group.

Mr. Man Ming, aged 47, was appointed as Executive Director of the Company in November 2004. Mr. Man is a director of the Tidetime Group. Mr. Man has over 21 years of experience in businesses such as remote education, properties development and corporate investment and management in China. Mr. Man is also a director of 北京景山遠程教育網絡技術有限公司, the Tidetime Group's operating arm for remote education business in China.

執行董事

陳平先生·現年五十三歲,於二零零四年十月獲委任為泰德陽光(集團)有限公司(「本公司」)之主席、行政總裁兼執行董事。彼為本公司計學、行政總裁兼執行董事。彼為本公司內之主要股東泰德時代控股有限公司(連同其附處不少司,統稱「泰德集團」)之創始人兼董事長從。 德集團主要於中華人民共和國(「中國」)之屬。 德集團主要於中華人民共和國(「中國」)之屬。 第首與生產。陳先生畢業於中國安徽機在學院、 (原名:安徽機械學校),主修工業自動控制別院 (原名:安徽機械學校),主修工業自動控制別院 中國北京中信國際研究所及中國上海科學研究 中國北京中信國際研究所及中國上海科學政院 所出任研究人員。陳先生為本公司之副行政總 裁兼執行董事馬建英女士之姐夫。

馬建英女士·現年五十一歲,於二零零四年十月獲委任為本公司之副行政總裁兼執行董事。 馬女士為泰德集團之董事。馬女士乃中國上海 同濟大學經濟管理學院研究生畢業。馬女士擁 有在中國營商之豐富經驗,並曾任中國國務院 發展研究中心之助理研究員。馬女士為本公司 之主席、行政總裁兼執行董事陳平先生之小 姨。

Walter Stasyshyn先生·現年五十八歲,於二零零四年十一月獲委任為本公司之執行董事。Stasyshyn先生為加拿大執業律師。Stasyshyn先生於加拿大University of Toronto獲取榮譽學士學位,並於加拿大University of Windsor獲取法律學士學位(LLB)。彼於企業及商業法律以及企業融資方面擁有逾三十年經驗。於加入本公司前,Stasyshyn先生已成立其科技相關業務(涵蓋軟件開發、電訊、數碼壓縮及遙距教育等範疇)。Stasyshyn先生為泰德集團之董事。

文明先生·現年四十七歲,於二零零四年十一月 獲委任為本公司之執行董事。文先生為泰德集 團之董事。文先生於中國之遙距教育、物業發 展以及企業投資及管理等業務方面擁有逾二十 一年經驗。文先生亦為北京景山遠程教育網絡 技術有限公司(為泰德集團於中國之遙距教育 業務之營運分支)之董事。

Profiles of Directors

董事簡介

Mr. Chau Shing Yim, David, aged 44 is a corporate finance practitioner with over 20 years' experience in IPO transactions, restructuring of PRC enterprises and takeover transactions. He was formerly the head of the Merger and Acquisition team of Deloitte & Touche Corporate Finance Limited. He is a member of the Hong Kong Securities Institute, a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales, a Certified Public Accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), and an ex-committee member of the Disciplinary Panel of HKICPA.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Yan Tat Wah, Joseph, aged 43, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in 1998. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is also a fellow member of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong. He is a senior partner and founder of the accounting firm Messrs. Li, Ko & Yan, Certified Public Accountants.

Mr. Chu Yu Lin, David, aged 63, was appointed as Independent Nonexecutive Director of the Company in September 2004. He is a graduate of the University of Harvard with a Master's Degree in Business Administration. Mr. Chu has served a number of international sizable institutions. Since 1996, Mr. Chu has joined Sinochem Hong Kong Holdings Limited ("Sinochem") (formerly as "Wah Tak Fung Holdings Limited"), a company listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") as director and is responsible for the overall corporate planning and decision making of Sinochem. He is also the non-executive director of Jiuzhou Development Co., Limited (formerly as "Zhu Kuan Development Co., Limited"), Catic Shenzhen Holdings Limited, Catic International Holdings Limited and Hong Kong Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited. Those companies are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. He has been a member of a number of consultative committees of the Hong Kong SAR Government ("HKSAR"). In May 1998 and September 2000, Mr. Chu was re-elected a legislative councilor for the HKSAR. In 2001, Mr. Chu was conferred with an Honorary Doctorate Degree in Public Service by the Northeastern University in the United States and also appointed as Unofficial Justice of Peace by the HKSAR. In 2003, Mr. Chu was elected as a deputy of the HKSAR to the 10th National Congress of the People's Republic of China.

Dr. Jordan Z. Deng, aged 54, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in March 2005. Dr. Deng is currently the Chief Representative, Asia, International Risk Consultant, LLC, and has over 20 years of experience in China-related business development and management. He graduated from Fudan University in Shanghai, China with a Bachelor of Law. He also holds a Master of Arts in International Development from George Washington University, USA and Doctor Degree in Public and Politics from Penn State University of USA.

周承炎先生·現年四十四歲·是一位企業融資從業員·擁有逾二十年首次公開發售新股、中國企業重組及收購交易的經驗·並曾出任德勤企業財務顧問有限公司收購及合併組的主管。彼為香港證券專業學會會員、英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會會員、香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)執業會計師及曾為香港會計師公會紀律委員會會員。

獨立非執行董事

甄達華先生,現年四十三歲,於一九九八年獲 委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼為英國特 許會計師公會及香港會計師公會之資深會員, 亦為香港稅務學會之資深會員。彼乃李高甄會 計師事務所之高級合夥人兼創辦人。

朱幼麟先生, 現年六十三歲, 於二零零四年九 月獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼為哈 佛大學之畢業生,持有工商管理碩士學位。朱 先生曾於多間具規模之國際機構工作。自一九 九六年起,朱先生出任香港聯合交易所有限公 司(「聯交所」)主板上市公司中化香港控股有 限公司(「中化」,前稱「華德豐集團有限公 司」)之董事,負責中化之整體企業策劃及決 策。彼亦為聯交所主板上市公司九洲發展有限 公司(前稱「珠光發展有限公司」)、深圳中航實 業股份有限公司、中國航空技術國際控股有限 公司及香港葯業集團有限公司之非執行董事。 朱先生為香港特別行政區(「香港特區」)政府 多個諮詢委員會成員。於一九九八年五月及二 零零零年九月,朱先生獲重選為香港特區立法 會議員。於二零零一年,朱先生獲美國東北大 學頒授公共服務名譽博士學位,亦獲香港特區 委任為非官方太平紳士。於二零零三年,朱先 生獲選為中華人民共和國香港特區第十屆全國 人民大會代表。

鄧志端博士,現年五十四歲,於二零零五年三月獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼現為國際風險顧問公司亞洲區總代表,在中國相關業務發展及管理方面擁有逾二十年之經驗。彼於中國上海復旦大學畢業,獲法律學士學位,並取得美國佐治華盛頓大學頒發之國際發展碩士學位,以及美國賓夕法尼亞洲大學頒發之行政及政治博士學位。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告書

BUSINESS REVIEW

Multi-media Product Trading:

The Group's two primary operating objectives were (1) to attain profits through diversification into new businesses by the existing subsidiaries of the Group; and (2) to deploy the Group's internal resources to search for and expand businesses which have market potential and prospective returns.

During the period under review, the Group had been able to accomplish some of the operating objectives to the extent that existing subsidiaries of the Group had successfully expanded the multi-media business. Turnover contributed by the multi-media product trading business amounted to HK\$43.17 million, accounted for 85% of the Group's total turnover. This business segment mainly involved in the sales of the latest media products and their components. A key factor to our successful expansion in multi-media business was that the emerge of new media products did provide us with fresh new opportunities and room for development. The past experience accumulated by the Group in respect of multi-media product business has now begun to generate return. In order to achieve the targets of turnover and profit growth, the management is required to devote more effort in introducing products with higher margin and operating cost cutting.

Broadcasting and Content Production:

During the year under review, TV program production and distribution from the Group's subsidiary, Shanghai New Culture TV and Radio Making Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai New Culture"), contributed a turnover of HK\$7.5 million and accounted for 15% of the Group's total turnover, representing a decrease of 66% from previous year's HK\$22.0 million.

The major reason for the substantial drop in turnover was the severe competition between stand-alone TV program production companies. In the absence of a stable broadcasting platform, there was a constraint to the sustainable development in this market segment. The management team is now reviewing the situation of the business segment and seeking solution for it.

The Group had substantially completed a major part of its restructure and re-engineering initiatives in the past year, and consequently had become more efficient in its operation and lowered the administrative expenses. Administrative expenses of the Group amounted to HK\$25.3 million, representing a significant decrease of 60% from previous year's HK\$63.3 million. The management team will keep deploying its existing fund and financing facilities to identify and explore new business with greater market potential and promising earning prospect.

業務回顧

多媒體產品買賣:

本集團之首要營運目標主要為兩點:一是在集團現有子公司中開拓一些新業務以爭取達到有所收益;二是用現有資金,尋找並且開拓一些更具市場潛力及收益前景可觀的業務。

於回顧期間,本集團已達到部份營運目標,集團現有子公司已成功開拓多媒體業務。本集團來自買賣多媒體產品的營業額為港幣43,174,000元,佔集團總營業額85%。此項業務主要涉及新型媒體產品及部件的買賣。能成功開拓多媒體業務的重要原因是,新型媒體產的出現帶來的新的發展機會和空間,以往管理區別是品積累的經驗開始產生收益。唯管理層需要繼續引入利潤較高的產品及減低經營成本以達致盈利增長目標。

廣播及節目製作:

回顧過去一年,本集團來自子公司「上海新文化廣播電視製作有限公司」(「上海新文化」)的廣播及節目製作拼銷售方面之營業額為港幣7,512,000元,佔集團總營業額15%,較去年同期港幣22,015,000元,減少66%。

此部份營業額大幅度下降的主要原因是單一的 影視節目製作公司的競爭激烈,在沒有穩定播 出平台的條件下,持續發展受到限制。管理層 正檢討該業務之營運情況及尋求解決辦法。

經過過去一年本集團已完成大部份重整及精簡結構,集團亦因此更有效運作並且減省行政開支。集團行政開支為港幣25,300,000元·較去年同期港幣63,300,000元·大幅減少60%。管理層會不斷利用現有資金及融資,尋找並且開拓一些更具市場潛力及收益前景可觀的業務。

Chairman's Statement

主席報告書

PROSPECTS

The Group continued in its new media business with some success. However due to keen competition and higher operating costs, our gross margin was not sufficient to cover our operating costs. The management plans to expand the future earning potential of the new media business with the intent of broadening our revenue base and bringing higher margin products to lessen our operating loss. The Group will continue to seek investment in businesses including trading in listed securities that would enhance long term value for our shareholders. The directors will seek synergistic, high growth and or niche businesses where our management has inherent expertise and experience. Our future success will depend on the management team to curtail losses and to seize new business opportunities that will bring profit growth potential. In meeting the stated objectives above, the directors will also seek to strengthen our capital base through the debt and equity markets.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank our management team and staff for their dedication and hard work throughout the year.

Chen Ping

Chairman

Hong Kong, 18 July 2008

前景

本人謹代表董事會,對過去一年來本公司管理 人員和員工之不懈努力表示衷心感謝。

陳平

主席

香港,二零零八年十月十八日

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Results

The Group's consolidated turnover amounted to approximately HK\$51 million (2007: approximately HK\$32 million), representing a significant increase of 59% over that of 2007. The growth was mainly due to the satisfactory trading performance of multi-media products.

The loss attributable to the shareholders of the year ended 31 March 2008 was approximately HK\$722,000 (2007: HK\$67 million), representing a substantial reduction of approximately 99% when compared with that of 2007.

Loss per ordinary share was reduced to HK0.13 cents (2007: HK12.05 cents).

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 31 March 2008, the Group's current ratio was 1.5 (2007: 0.7), with current assets of approximately HK\$63.1 million (2007: HK\$37.4 million) against current liabilities of approximately HK\$42.6 million (2007: HK\$53.5 million). Cash and cash equivalents were approximately HK\$32.2 million (2007: HK\$2.8 million).

The Group's gearing ratio as at 31 March 2008 was 5.78 (2007: 2.36).

The Group's working capital is mainly financed through internal generated cashflow, borrowings and equity financing. There has not been any change in the Group's funding and treasury policies during the year, and the Group continues to follow the practice of prudent cash management.

財務回顧

業績

本集團錄得綜合營業額約港幣51,000,000元 (二零零七年:約港幣32,000,000元),較二零 零七年顯著增加59%,主要是由於本集團買賣 多媒體產品取得滿意成績。

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,股東應 佔虧損約港幣722,000元(二零零七年:港幣 67,000,000元),較二零零七年大幅減少約 99%。

每股普通股虧損減至0.13港仙(二零零七年: 12.05港仙)。

流動資金及財務資源

於二零零八年三月三十一日,本集團之流動比率為1.5(二零零七年:0.7),其中流動資產約為港幣 63,100,000元(二零零七年:港幣 37,400,000元),而流動負債則約為港幣 42,600,000元(二零零七年:港幣53,500,000元)。現金及現金等值項目約為港幣 32,200,000元(二零零七年:港幣2,800,000元)。

本集團於二零零八年三月三十一日之資本負債 比率為5.78(二零零七年:2.36)。

本集團主要透過內部產生之現金流量、借貸及 股本融資應付其營運資金所需。本集團之資金 及財政政策於年內並無任何變動,而本集團亦 貫徹實行審慎現金管理。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Treasury Policies

The Group adopts conservative funding and treasury policies in cash and financial management. Cash is generally placed in short-term deposits mostly denominated in Hong Kong dollars, Renminbi ("RMB") and US dollars. The Group's financing requirements are regularly reviewed by the management.

The Group adopts a prudent treasury policy whereas majority of its bank balances and cash is denominated in Hong Kong dollars, Renminbi and US dollars and placed on short-term deposit.

Exposure to Fluctuation in Foreign Exchange

The Group's assets and liabilities were principally denominated in Hong Kong dollars, RMB and US dollars. The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from these currency exposures, primarily with respect to RMB. At 31 March 2008, if HK\$ had strengthened/weakened by 10% against the RMB, equity would have been approximately HK\$339,000 (2007: HK\$309,000) higher or lower. As the Hong Kong dollars is pegged to the US dollars and the fluctuation in exchange rate against Hong Kong dollars is minimal, the Group's exposure to this currency exchange risk is insignificant.

Charges on Assets and Contingent Liabilities

The Group leases a motor vehicle under a finance lease arrangement to be expired in May 2009. Save as disclosed herein, the Group did not have any charges on assets or have any material contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2008.

Human Resources

As at 31 March 2008, the Group had a total of 14 employees (2007: 20).

Employees' remuneration packages are reviewed and determined by reference to the market pay and individual performance.

The staff benefits include contributions to mandatory provident fund, medical scheme and share option scheme.

財政政策

本集團在現金及財務管理方面採取審慎資金及 財政政策。現金一般存放作主要以港幣、人民 幣及美元為單位之短期存款。管理層會定期檢 討本集團之融資需求。

儘管本集團多數銀行結餘及現金均以港幣、人 民幣及美元為單位存放於短期存款,本集團仍 採納審慎之財政政策。

外匯波動風險

本集團之資產與負債主要以港幣、人民幣及美元為單位。本集團須承受該等貨幣(尤其是人民幣)所產生之外匯風險。於二零零八年三月三十一日·倘港幣兑人民幣升值/貶值10%,股本應會增加或減少約港幣339,000元(二零零七年:港幣309,000元)。由於港幣與美元掛鈎,其對港幣之匯率波動輕微,故本集團面對之外匯波動風險並不重大。

資產抵押及或然負債

本集團根據於二零零九年五月屆滿之融資租賃 安排出租汽車。除本報告所披露者外,於二零 零八年三月三十一日,本集團並無任何資產抵 押或任何重大或然負債。

人力資源

於二零零八年三月三十一日,本集團僱有14名 (二零零七年:20名)僱員。

本集團就市場行情及個人表現檢討及釐定僱員 之薪酬組合。

僱員福利包括強積金供款、醫療計劃及購股權計劃。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has adopted the code provisions set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices ("the Code") in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules as its own code of corporate governance practice.

In the opinion of the board of directors of the Company (the "Board"), the Company has complied with the Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2008 except for certain deviations disclosed herein.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors. Having made specific enquiry, all Directors have confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Group (comprising the Company and its subsidiaries) and oversees the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performance. The Board has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Executive Directors and senior management who perform their duties under the leadership of the Chief Executive Officer.

The Board currently consists of five Executive Directors and three Independent Non-executive Directors.

The members of the Board held four regular meetings during the year. The Company Secretary assists the Chairman in establishing the meeting agenda, and each director may request inclusion of items in the agenda. Adequate and appropriate information are circulated normally three days in advance of board meetings to the Directors. Minutes of board meetings and committee meetings are taken by the Company Secretary and are available for all board members.

企業管治常規

本公司已採納上市規則附錄14所載之企業管治常規守則(「守則」)之守則條文作為其本身之企業管治常規守則。

本公司董事會(「董事會」)認為,除以下所披露 之若干偏離外,本公司於截至二零零八年三月 三十一日止年度一直遵守守則。

董事之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為有關董事進行證券交易之操守守則。經作出特定查詢後·全體董事確認彼等於年內一直全面遵守標準守則所載之必守標準。

董事會

董事會負責領導及控制本集團(包括本公司及 其附屬公司),並監管本集團之業務、策略決策 及表現。董事會已授權執行董事及高級管理人 員負責日常責任,以在行政總裁之帶領下履行 彼等之職責。

董事會現由五名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董 事組成。

董事會成員年內舉行四次常規會議。公司秘書協助主席製訂會議議程,及各董事均可要求在議程中加入項目。於一般情況下,充足及合適之資料會於董事會會議三日前傳閱予董事。董事會會議及委員會會議之會議紀錄由公司秘書擬備,並可供全體董事會成員查閱。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The members of the Board and the attendance of each member are as follows:

董事會成員及各成員之出席紀錄如下:

	Directors	Number of attendance
	董事	出席次數
Executive Directors	Chen Ping (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)	4/4
執行董事	陳平(主席兼行政總裁)	
	Ma Jian Ying (Deputy Chief Executive Officer)	4/4
	馬建英(副行政總裁)	
	Walter Stasyshyn	0/4
	Man Ming	1/4
	文明	
	Tung Hsiao-Chi (Note 1)	0/4
	董小琪 (附註1)	
	Chau Shing Yim, David (Note 2)	0/4
	周承炎 <i>(附註2)</i>	
Independent Non-executive Directors	Yan Tat Wah, Joseph	4/4
獨立非執行董事	甄達華	
	Chu Yu Lin, David	4/4
	朱幼麟	
	Jordan Z. Deng	4/4
	鄧志端	

Notes:

- Ms. Tung Hsiao-Chi resigned as an Executive Director of the Company on 12 September 2007.
- Mr. David Chau Shing Yim was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company on 1 May 2008.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from Mr. Yan Tat Wah, Joseph, Mr. Chu Yu Lin, David and Dr. Jordan Z. Deng and considers them to be independent.

The Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/ relevant relationship with each other except that Ms. Ma Jian Ying is the sister-in-law of Mr. Chen Ping, the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of the Company. Given the nature and business objective of the Company, the Board has a balance of skill and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company. The list of directors and their respective biographies are set out on pages 4 and 5 of this annual report respectively.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. Chen Ping, the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Although under A.2.1 of the Code, the roles of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual, the Board believes that this structure enables the Company to make and implement decisions promptly and efficiently and believes it is beneficial to the business development of the Company. However, the Company will review the current structure as and when it becomes appropriate in future.

附註:

- 董小琪女士於二零零七年九月十二日辭任本公司執行董事。
- 周承炎先生於二零零八年五月一日獲委任為 本公司執行董事。

本公司已接獲甄達華先生、朱幼麟先生及鄧志端博士就其獨立性而發出之年度確認書,並認為彼等乃屬獨立人士。

除馬建英女士為本公司主席、行政總裁兼執行董事陳平先生之小姨外·各董事會成員間並無財務、業務、家庭或其他重大/相關關係。鑑於本公司之性質及業務目標·董事會已具備切合本公司業務所需之均衡技能與經驗。董事及彼等各自之履歷分別載列於本年報第4至5頁。

主席及行政總裁

陳平先生為本公司主席兼行政總裁。儘管根據 守則A.2.1,主席及行政總裁之角色應有區分, 不應由一人同時兼任,惟董事會相信,此架構 令本公司得以迅速及有效地作出及推行決策, 並相信此有利公司業務發展。然而,本公司將 於日後適當時候檢討現有架構。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Under A.4.1 of the Code, the Non-executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term and subject to re-election. Currently, not all the Independent Non-executive Directors are appointed for specific term. However, all Directors (including the Independent Non-executive Directors) are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years at the annual general meeting in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company, and their appointment will be reviewed when they are due for re-election.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on, among other things, the Company's policy for the remuneration of all Directors and senior management of the Company.

During the year, the Remuneration Committee had not held any meeting. However, the Remuneration Committee agreed that the remuneration of all Directors and senior management for the year ended 31 March 2008 should remain the same as it was for the year ended 31 March 2007 in view of the financial performance of the Group.

In addition, the Remuneration Committee reviewed the grant of share options to certain eligible persons as rewards to their contributions to Group in the past years and as incentive for their continuing efforts to promote the interests of the Group.

NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS

The Company has not established a Nomination Committee. The duties and functions of the Nomination Committee recommended in the Code are performed by the Board collectively with no Director being involved in fixing his/her own terms of appointment and no Independent nonexecutive Director being involved in assessing his own independence.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year, the Group was charged HK\$385,000 for the auditing services by the Company's auditors, Ting Ho Kwan & Chan.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing audited financial reporting process and internal control system of the Group and providing advice and comments to the Board.

獨立非執行董事

根據守則A.4.1,非執行董事之委任應有指定任 期,並須接受重新選舉。現時,並非所有獨立非 執行董事均以指定任期獲委任,惟全體董事 (包括獨立非執行董事) 須根據本公司之公司 細則最少每三年一次於股東週年大會輪席告 退,而有關董事之委任將於彼等須接受重選時 作出檢討。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會負責就(其中包括)本公司全體董 事及高級管理人員之薪酬進行檢討及向董事會 提出建議。

年內,薪酬委員會並無舉行任何會議。然而,薪 酬委員會同意,鑒於本集團之財務狀況,截至 二零零八年三月三十一日止年度之董事及高級 管理層之薪酬須與截至二零零七年三月三十一 日止年度之酬金一樣。

此外,薪酬委員會已審閱為對若干合資格人士 多年來對本集團作出貢獻之獎勵,以及回饋彼 等繼續增進本集團利益之努力而授出之購股 權。

提名委員會

本公司並無成立提名委員會。守則所建議提名 委員會之職責及職能乃由董事會整體履行,而 概無董事參與釐定其本身之委任條款,亦無獨 立非執行董事參與評估其本身之獨立性。

核數師酬金

年內,本集團已就核數服務向本公司核數師丁 何關陳會計師行支付港幣385,000元。

審核委員會

審核委員會負責檢討本集團之經審核財務申報 程序及內部監控制度,並向董事會提供建議及 意見。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

During the year, the Audit Committee held three meetings. Members of the Audit Committee and the attendance of each member are as follows: 年內,審核委員會已舉行三次會議。審核委員會成員及各成員之出席紀錄如下:

	Directors 董事	Number of attendance 出席次數
Independent non-executive Directors 獨立非執行董事	Yan Tat Wah, Joseph <i>(Chairman)</i> 甄達華 <i>(主席)</i>	3/3
	Chu Yu Lin, David 朱幼麟	3/3
	Jordan Z. Deng 鄧志端	3/3

During the year, the Audit Committee has performed the following duties:

- reviewed with the management and the external auditors the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2007 and the unaudited interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 September 2007;
- receiving management's report on the effective implementation of internal control system covering financial, operational, and procedural compliance;
- reviewed the compliance issues with the regulatory and statutory requirements; and
- reviewed the terms of engagement of the new auditor with recommendation to the Board for approval.

The Chairman of the Audit Committee, Mr. Yan Tat Wah, Joseph possesses appropriate professional qualifications in finance and accounting and meets the requirements of rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

ACCOUNTABILITY

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts of the Group for the relevant accounting periods under applicable statutory and regulatory requirements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, the results of operations and cashflows of the Group. In preparing the accounts for the six months ended 30 September 2007 and for the year ended 31 March 2008, the Directors have adopted suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently. The accounts for the reporting year have been prepared on a going concern basis.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The internal control system of the Group is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance of no material misstatement or loss and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operational systems and achievements of the Group's objectives.

年內,審核委員會已履行以下職責:

- 與管理層及外聘核數師審閱截至二零零 七年三月三十一日止年度之經審核財務 報告及截至二零零七年九月三十日止六 個月之未經審核中期財務報告;
- 接收管理層有關有效實行涵蓋財務、運作及程序合規之內部監控制度報告書;
- 一 審閱規管及法律規定之合規事宜;及
- 審閱新任核數師之聘約條款,並向董事會提出建議以供批准。

審核委員會主席甄達華先生具備財務及會計適當專業資格·故符合上市規則第3.21條之規定。

問責性

董事負責根據適用法定及規管規定,編製本公司相關會計期間之賬目,該等賬目須真實中肯地反映本集團狀況、經營業績及現金流量。於編製截至二零零七年九月三十日止六個月及截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度之賬目時,董事已貫徹採用適合之會計政策。申報年度之賬目已按持續經營基準編製。

內部監控

本集團之內部監控制度乃專門設立以就不會發生重大錯誤陳述或損失而提供合理(而非絕對)之保證,並管理(而非消除)運作系統失靈及未能達成本集團目標之風險。

The Directors of the Company present the Directors' Report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 16(b) to the financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2008 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 23.

No interim dividend was paid for the year ended 31 March 2008 (2007: Nil) and the Board did not recommend the payment of dividend for the year ended 31 March 2008 (2007: Nil).

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in note 27(a) to the financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 124 to the annual report.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the Company's share capital during the year are set out in note 27(c) to the financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Pursuant to the Company Act 1981 of Bermuda, at 31 March 2008, the Company cannot distribute any of its reserves to the shareholders of the Company. However, the Company's share premium account of HK\$13,710,000 as at 31 March 2008 can be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

本公司董事呈奉截至二零零八年三月三十一日 止年度之董事會報告書連同經審核財務報告。

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,其主要附屬公 司之業務載於財務報告附註16(b)。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度之 業績載於第23頁之綜合收益表。

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度並無派付 中期股息(二零零七年:無),而董事會並不建 議派付截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度末 期股息(二零零十年:無)。

儲備

本集團之儲備於年內之變動詳情載於財務報告 附註27(a)。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情載於財 務報告附註14。

五年財務摘要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績以及資產及 負債概要載於年報第124頁。

股本

本公司之股本於年內之變動詳情載於財務報告 附註27(c)。

可供派發儲備

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法,本公司於二零 零八年三月三十一日無法向本公司股東派發任 何儲備。然而,於二零零八年三月三十一日,本 公司之股份溢價賬港幣13,710,000元可以繳足 紅股方式派發。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 March 2008, the aggregate sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers were less than 72% of the total turnover. The aggregate purchases contributed to the Group's five largest suppliers were less than 72% of the Group's cost of sales.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company in office during the year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Resigned on 12 September 2007

Appointed on 1 May 2008

Mr. Chen Ping (Chairman & Chief Executive Officer)
Ms. Ma Jian Ying (Deputy Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Walter Stasyshyn

Mr. Man Ming

Ms. Tung Hsiao-Chi

Mr. Chau Shing Yim, David

Mr. Yan Tat Wah, Joseph # Mr. Chu Yu Lin, David #

Dr. Jordan Z. Deng #

Independent Non-executive Directors

Pursuant to Bye-law 101 and Bye-law 110 of the Bye-laws, the Directors who are retiring by rotation at the annual general meeting to be held on 16 September 2008 are Mr. Chen Ping, Mr. Yan Tat Wah, Joseph, Mr. Chu Yu Lin, David, Dr. Jordan Z. Deng and Mr. Chau Shing Yim, David, who being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

The Company has received annual confirmation from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors as regards their independence to the Company and considers that each of the independent Non-Executive Directors is independent to the Company.

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 五大客戶之銷售總額少於總營業額的72%。本 集團之五大供應商之購貨總額少於本集團之銷 售成本的72%。

董事

於年內及截至本報告日期在任之本公司董事如下:

陳 平先生(主席兼行政總裁) 馬建英女士(副行政總裁) Walter Stasyshyn先生

文 明先生

董小琪女士 於二零零七年九月十二日辭任 周承炎先生 於二零零八年五月一日獲委任

甄達華先生# 朱幼麟先生# 鄧志端博士#

獨立非執行董事

根據本公司之公司細則第101條及第110條,陳平先生、甄達華先生、朱幼麟先生、鄧志端博士及周承炎先生須於二零零八年九月十六日舉行之股東週年大會上輪席告退:但彼等符合資格並願意膺選連任。

本公司已獲得各獨立非執行董事就其獨立身份 而向本公司發出之年度確認書,並認為各獨立 非執行董事均獨立於本公司。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

During the year, none of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company has entered into any service agreements with any members of the Group (excluding contracts expiring or determinable by the employer within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation)).

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Saved as disclosed in note 35 to the financial statements, no contract or arrangement entered into by any member of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") subsisting as at 31 March 2008.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 March 2008, the interests of the Directors and their respective associates in the shares and underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Hong Kong (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code to Securities Transactions (the "Model Code") by Directors of the Listed Issuers were as follows:

(1) Long Positions in the Shares

and underlying securities held as at **Approximate** Name of Director Capacity 31 March 2008 % of holding 於二零零八年三月三十一日 持股 身份 所持股份及相關證券數目 概約百分比 董事姓名 Mr. Chen Ping Interest of a controlled corporation 73,340,000 13.19% (Note) 陳平先生 受控制公司權益 73,340,000 13.19% (附註)

Such Shares were owned by Tide Time Holdings limited ("Tidetime") which was beneficially owned as to 70% by Mr. Chen Ping (the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of the Company), 5% by Ms. Ma Jianhua (spouse of Mr. Chen Ping), 10% by Ms. Ma Jian Ying (Deputy Chief Executive Officer, Executive Director of the Company and sister-in-law of Mr. Chen Ping), 3% by Mr. Walter Stasyshyn (Executive Director) and 10% by Mr. Man Ming (Executive Director). Mr. Chen Ping and Ms. Ma Jianhua were deemed to be interested in such Shares by

董事之服務合約

年內,概無擬於本公司應屆股東週年大會膺選 連任之董事與本集團之任何成員公司訂立任何 服務合約(於一年內屆滿或僱主可於一年內免 付賠償(法定賠償除外)予以終止之服務合約 除外)。

董事於重大合約及關連交易之權益

除財務報告附註35所披露者外,概無本公司任 何成員及公司或其附屬公司(合稱「本集團」) 所訂立之合約或安排於二零零八年三月三十一 日仍然存在。

董事之證券權益

於二零零八年三月三十一日,各董事及彼等各 自之聯繫人士於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見 香港證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第 XV部)之股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期 貨條例第352條規定本公司須記入存置之登記 冊內或根據上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準 守則(「標準守則」)須知會本公司及香港聯合 交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之權益如下:

於股份中之好倉 (1)

Number of Shares

附註:

該等股份由Tide Time Holdings Limited(「泰 德」)持有,本公司主席、行政總裁兼執行董 事陳平先生、馬建華女士(陳平先生之配 偶)、本公司副行政總裁兼執行董事馬建英女 士 (陳平先生之小姨)、執行董事Walter Stasyshyn先生及執行董事文明先生分別實 益擁有泰德70%、5%、10%、3%及10%之股 權。根據證券及期貨條例第XV部,陳平先生 及馬建華女士視為擁有該等股份之權益。

Note:

virture of Part XV of the SFO.

(2) **Rights to acquire Shares**

(2) 購買股份之權利

The interests of the Directors in the share options of the Company as at 31 March 2008 were as follows:

董事於二零零八年三月三十一日持有之 本公司購股權權益如下:

Normalian of Normalian of

Name of Director	Date of grant	Exercisable period	Cancelled/ forfeited during the year 年內已註銷	Number of share options outstanding at 1 April 2007 於二零零七年四月一日尚未行使	Number of share options outstanding at 31 March 2008 於二零零八年 三月三十一日 尚未行使	Exercise Price
董事姓名	授出日期	行使期	/失效	之購股權數目	之購股權數目	行使價 <i>HK\$</i> 港幣
Ms. Tung Hsiao-Chi 董小琪女士	14.3.2005 二零零五年 三月十四日	1.7.2007 - 31.12.2007 二零零七年 七月一日至 二零零七年 十二月三十一日	100,000	100,000	Nil 無	0.136
	14.3.2005 二零零五年 三月十四日	1.7.2008 - 31.12.2008 二零零八年 七月一日至 二零零八年 十二月三十一日	100,000	100,000	Nil 無	0.149
		Total 總計		200,000	Nil 無	

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or Chief Executive of the Company or their spouse or children under age of 18 years to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, or had exercised such rights.

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

Particulars of the Company's share option scheme and details of movements in the Company's share options during the year to subscribe for shares of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company granted under the share option schemes are set out in note 28 to the financial statements.

As at 31 March 2008, the number of shares in respect of which options had been granted and remained outstanding under the share option schemes represents approximately 0.35% (Outstanding options as at 31.3.2008 are 1,932,000 and capital as at 31.3.2008 is 556,037,120 shares) of the issued share capital of the Company.

除卜文所披露者外,於年內任何時間,本公司 或其任何附屬公司並無訂立任何安排,致使本 公司之董事或主要行政人員或彼等之配偶或未 滿十八歲之子女可藉購入本公司或任何其他法 人團體之股份或債權證而獲益或曾行使該等權 利。

購股權計劃

本公司之購股權計劃詳細資料及根據本公司之 購股權計劃授出可認購本公司股本中每股面值 港幣0.01元之股份之本公司購股權於年內之變 動詳情載於財務報告附註28。

於二零零八年三月三十一日,根據購股權計劃 授出及尚未行使之購股權所涉及之股份數目佔 本公司已發行股本約0.35%(於二零零八年三 月三十一日尚未行使之購股權數目為 1,932,000份,於二零零八年三月三十一日之股 本為556,037,120股股份)。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 March 2008, the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO shows that other than the interests disclosed above in respect of certain Directors, the following shareholders had notified the Company of their relevant interests in the shares or underlying shares of the Company.

As at 31 March 2008, so far as are known to the Directors or Chief Executive of the Company, the shareholders (other than the Directors or the chief executive of the Company whom's interests were disclosed in page 16 and 17 of this annual report) who had interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying shares of the Company, being 5% or more of the Company's issued share capital, which were required to be disclosed to the Company under Part XV of the SFO were as follows:

主要股東

於二零零八年三月三十一日,除上文所披露有 關若干董事的權益外,根據證券及期貨條例第 336條規定存置之本公司主要股東登記冊顯 示,下列股東已知會本公司彼等各自於本公司 之股份及相關股份中擁有之權益。

於二零零八年三月三十一日,就本公司董事或 主要行政人員所知,以下股東(本公司董事或 主要行政人員除外,其權益於本年報第16至17 頁披露)於本公司之股份及相關股份中擁有須 根據證券及期貨條例第XV部向本公司披露佔 本公司已發行股本5%或以上之權益或淡倉:

> No. of Shares and underlying securities held as at 31 March 2008 於二零零八年三月三十一日

持有的股份及相關證券數目

Name of Substantial			% of
Shareholder 主 亜 肌 声 夕 採	Capacity	Long position 好倉	holding 持股百分比
主要股東名稱	身份	灯	7 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Tidetime (Note 1) 泰德 (附註1)	Corporation 法團	73,340,000	13.19
Ms. Ma Jianhua 馬建華女士	Family 親屬	73,340,000	13.19
Sun Media Investment Holdings Limited ("Sun Media") (Note 2) 陽光媒體投資有限公司	Corporation 法團	37,000,000	6.65
(「陽光媒體」) <i>(附註2)</i> Mr. Wong Wing Hong <i>(Note 3)</i>	Interest of Controlled Corporation	84,884,210	15.27
黃永康先生(附許3)	受控公司權益		

Notes:

- 1. Such Shares were owned by Tide Time Holdings Limited ("Tidetime") which was beneficially owned as to 70% by Mr. Chen Ping (the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of the Company), 5% by Ms. Ma Jianhua (spouse of Mr. Chen Ping), 10% by Ms. Ma Jian Ying (Deputy Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of the Company and sister-in-law of Mr. Chen Ping), 3% by Mr. Walter Stasyshyn (Executive Director of the Company) and 10% by Mr. Man Ming (Executive Director of the Company). Mr. Chen Ping and Ms. Ma Jian Hua were deemed to be interested in such Shares by virture of Part XV of the SFO.
- 2. Such Shares were owned by Sun Media which was beneficially owned as to 72% by Ms. Yang Lan. Ms. Yang Lan is deemed to be interested in the same parcel of Shares held by Sun Media by virtue of Part XV of the SFO. Mr. Bruno Wu Zheng is the spouse of Ms. Yang Lan and Mr. Wu Bruno Zheng's interests in these shares are as a result attributed to Ms. Yang Lan for this purpose.
- 3. The interests of Mr. Wong Wing Hong in the underlying securities represent the unlisted convertible notes with a principal amount of HK\$19,353,600.20 issued by the Company to Better Run Investments Limited on 16 July 2007. Such unlisted convertible notes may be converted into shares of the Company at initial conversion price of HK\$0.228 per shares (subject to adjustment). Better Run Investments Limited is wholly owned by Mr. Wong Wing Hong.

Save as disclosed above, the Company has not been notified of any other relevant interests or short position in the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 March 2008.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF SHARES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's shares during the year ended 31 March 2008.

LITIGATIONS

Details of litigations are set out in note 34 to the financial statements.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee, which comprises three independent non-executive directors of the Company, namely Mr. Yan Tat Wah, Joseph, Mr. Chu Yu Lin, David and Dr. Jordan Z. Deng, has reviewed the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2008.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Details of the Company's corporate governance practices are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 10 to 13 of this annual report. 附註:

- 1. 該等股份由Tide Time Holdings Limited (「泰德」) 擁有,而泰德分別由本公司主席、行政總裁兼執行董事陳平先生、馬建華女士 (陳平先生之配偶)、本公司副行政總裁兼執行董事馬建英女士 (陳平先生之小姨)、執行董事Walter Stasyshyn先生及執行董事文明先生分別實益擁有70%、5%、10%、3%及10%股權。根據證券及期貨條例第XV部規定、陳平先生及馬建華女士視為擁有該等股份權益。
- 2. 該等股份由陽光媒體擁有,陽光媒體由楊瀾 女士實益擁有72%。根據證券及期貨條例第 XV部,楊瀾女士視為擁有該等由陽光媒體持 有之同一批股份權益。吳征先生為楊瀾女士 之配偶,故此楊瀾女士亦視為擁有吳征先生 所持該等股份之權益。
- 3. 黃永康先生於相關證券之權益為本公司於二零零七年七月十六日發行予Better Run Investments Limited本金額達19,353,600.20港元之非上市可換股票據。有關非上市可換股票據可按初步換股價每股0.228港元(可予調整)兑換為本公司股份。Better Run Investments Limited由黃永康先生全資擁有。

除上述所披露者外,於二零零八年三月三十一日,本公司並無獲知會於本公司已發行股本中 有任何其他相關權益或淡倉。

購買、贖回或出售股份

本公司或其任何附屬公司並無於截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度購買、贖回或出售本公司任何證券。

訴訟

訢訟詳情載於財務報告附註34。

審核委員會

由本公司之三名獨立非執行董事甄達華先生、 朱幼麟先生及鄧志端博士組成之審核委員會已 審閱截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度之本 公司經審核財務報告。

企業管治常規

有關本公司企業管治常規詳情載於本年報第 10至13頁企業管治報告。

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules and, after specific enquiry, confirmed that all Directors of the Company have complied with the Model Code during the year ended 31 March 2008.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for the pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws, or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 March 2008.

AUDITORS

The Company was notified by CCIF CPA Limited ("CCIF") of their resignation on 4 January 2008. In filling the casual vacancy following the resignation of CCIF, Messrs. Ting Ho Kwan & Chan have been appointed by the Board as auditors of the Company with effect from 25 April 2008.

A resolution will be submitted to the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Messrs. Ting Ho Kwan & Chan as auditors of the Company for the year ending 31 March 2009.

By Order of the Board **Chen Ping**Chairman & Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 18 July 2008

董事進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載之董事進行證券交易的標準守則·並經作出個別查詢後確認本公司全體董事於截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度一直遵守標準守則。

優先購股權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法例並無優先購股權之條文,規定本公司須向現有股東按比例提 呈新股。

足夠之公眾持股量

本公司於截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 內一直維持足夠公眾持股量。

核數師

陳葉馮會計師事務所有限公司(「陳葉馮事務所」)於二零零八年一月四日通知本公司彼等辭任本公司核數師。為填補陳葉馮事務所辭任所致之空缺,董事會已委任丁何關陳會計師行為本公司之核數師,自二零零八年四月二十五日起生效。

將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上提呈決議案, 以續聘丁何關陳會計師行為本公司截至二零零 九年三月三十一日止年度的核數師。

承董事會命 陳平

主席兼行政總裁

香港,二零零八年七月十八日

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告書

TING HO KWAN & CHAN

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS (PRACTISING)

9th Floor, Tung Ning Building 249-253 Des Voeux Road Central Hong Kong

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Tidetime Sun (Group) Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Tidetime Sun (Group) Limited (the "Company") set out on pages 23 to 123, which comprise the consolidated and Company balance sheets as at 31 March 2008, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

致泰德陽光(集團)有限公司 (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) 全體股東之獨立核數師報告書

本核數師行已審核載於第23至123頁泰德陽光 (集團)有限公司(「貴公司」)之綜合財務報 告,當中包括於二零零八年三月三十一日之綜 合及公司資產負債表、截至該日止年度之綜合 收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表, 以及主要會計政策概要及其他説明附註。

董事編製財務報告之責任

董事須遵照香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則及按照香港公司條例之披露規定,負責編製真實公平地呈列的財務報告。該責任包括設計、實施及維護與編製及真實公平地呈列財務報告相關之內部監控,以使財務報告不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述:選擇和應用適當之會計政策;及因應情況作出合理之會計估計。

核數師之責任

本行之責任乃根據本行之審核工作對財務報告發表意見,並根據一九八一年百慕達公司法第90節向整體股東報告,除此之外別無其他用途。本行概不就本報告書之內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔責任。

本行乃按照香港會計師公會頒佈之香港核數準 則進行審核工作。該等準則要求本行遵守操守 規定,並規劃及執行審核,以合理確定該等財 務報告是否不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告書

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2008 and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Emphasis of matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 34(a) to the financial statements. The Company is the 1st defendant for alleged breach of agreements in respect of the sale of shares in the share capital of TV Viagens (Macau), S.A.R.L. between the Plaintiffs and its former wholly-owned subsidiary (the 2nd defendant). The Plaintiffs sought damages of approximately HK\$76,862,000 or such an amount as the court may determine, interest thereon, costs and/or other relief, from the Company. Based on legal advice, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that the Company has a very good chance of successfully defending the case and hence the claim would not result in losses to the Company. The directors of the Company consider the allegations to be without merit and too remote to be held against the Company, and no provision for any liability that may result has been made in the financial statements.

審核涉及進行獲取有關財務報告所載金額及披 露資料的審核憑證。所選定的程序取決於核數 師之判斷,包括評估因欺詐或錯誤而導致財務 報告存有重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風 險時,核數師考慮與該公司編製及真實而公正 地呈列財務報告相關的內部監控,以設計適當 的審核程序,但並非為對公司的內部監控的效 能發表意見。審核亦包括評估董事所採用的會 計政策的合適性及所作出的會計估計的合理 性,以及評估財務報告的整體呈列方式。

本行相信,我們所獲得的審核憑證充足和適當 地為本核數師行的審核意見提供基礎。

意見

本核數師行認為,財務報告已根據香港財務報 告準則真實及公平地反映 貴公司及 貴集團 於二零零八年三月三十一日之財務狀況及 貴 集團截至該日止年度之虧損及現金流量,並已 按照香港公司條例之披露規定妥善編製。

重點事項

在並無不發表意見聲明之情況下,本行謹請股 東垂注財務報告附註34(a)。 貴公司為指稱違 反原告與 貴公司前附屬公司(第二被告)就 銷售TV Viagens (Macau), S.A.R.L.股本中之股 份訂立之協議的第一被告。原告向 貴公司索 償約港幣76.862.000元(或法院可能釐定的數 額),連同相關利息、費用及/或其他補償。根 據法律意見, 貴公司董事認為 貴公司勝訴 機會極高,故有關索償不會令 貴公司蒙受虧 損。 貴公司董事認為,有關指控欠缺理據及難 以成立,故並無就此可能產生之任何負債在財 務報告中作出任何虧損撥備。

TING HO KWAN & CHAN

Certified Public Accountants (Practising) Hong Kong, 18 July 2008

丁何關陳會計師行 執業會計師 香港,二零零八年七月十八日

Consolidated Income Statement

綜合收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

			2008	2007
		Notes	二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零零七年 HK\$'000
-		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
Turnover	營業額	4	50,686	32,050
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(47,380)	(28,086)
Gross profit	毛利		3,306	3,964
Other revenue	其他收益	5	4,107	1,338
Other income and gains, net	其他收入及溢利淨額	6	25,946	-
Distribution costs	分銷成本		(2,561)	(2,660)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(25,261)	(63,257)
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽之減值虧損	17	(3,184)	(10,749)
Impairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產之減值虧損	15	(841)	_
Impairment loss on trade receivables	貿易應收賬款之減值	22(c)	(1,128)	(1,549)
Reversal of impairment loss	其他應收賬款之			
on other receivables	減值虧損撥回		63	3,333
Net (loss)/gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司			
	(虧損)/收益淨額	7(d)	(1)	2,592
Profit/(loss) from operations	經營溢利/(虧損)		446	(66,988)
Finance costs	融資成本	7(a)	(1,168)	(29)
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	7	(722)	(67,017)
Income tax	所得税	8	(122)	(07,017)
income tax	771 171 776	O		
Loss for the year	本年度虧損		(722)	(67,017)
Attributable to:	應佔:			
Equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人	11	(722)	(67,017)
Minority interests	少數股東權益		<u> </u>	
Loss for the year	本年度虧損		(722)	(67,017)
Loss per share	每股虧損	12		
Basic	基本	, _	HK(0.13) cents 港仙	HK(12.05) cents 港仙
200.0			Детто, остью /В	
Diluted	攤薄		N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用

The notes on pages 29 to 123 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第29至123頁之附註屬於該等綜合財務報告之 一部分。

Consolidated Balance Sheet

綜合資產負債表

As at 31 March 2008 於二零零八年三月三十一日 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

			20 二零零		200 二零零	
		Notes 附註	HK \$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Goodwill Interest in an associate Other non-current financial assets	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 無形資產 商譽 於聯營公司之權益 其他非流動財務 資產	14 15 17 18		2,013 - - - - 1,092 3,105		12,598 841 3,184 - 3 16,626
Current assets Broadcasting programmes Trading securities Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 廣播節目 證券投資 貿易及其他應收賬款 現金及等同現金項目	20 21 22 23	15,868 338 14,687 32,194 63,087	ŕ	20,927 6,207 7,388 2,853 37,375	
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Obligation under a finance lease	流動負債 貿易及其他應付賬款 融資租賃承擔	24 25	42,380 234 42,614		53,279 234 53,513	
Net current assets/(liabilities)	流動資產/(負債) 淨值			20,473		(16,138)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債			23,578		488
Non-current liabilities Convertible notes Obligation under a finance lease	非流動負債 可換股票據 融資租賃承擔	26 25	20,028 39	20,067	- 273	273
NET ASSETS	資產淨值			3,511		215
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves	股本及儲備 股本 儲備	27(a)		5,560 (2,049)		5,560 (5,345)
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人 應佔股本總額			3,511		215
Minority interests TOTAL EQUITY	少數股東權益 權益總額			3,511		215

The financial statements on pages 23 to 123 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 18 July 2008

第23至123頁之財務報告於二零零八年七月十 八日經董事會批准並授權刊發

Chen Ping	Ma Jian Ying
Director	Director
陳平	馬建英
董事	董事

The notes on pages 29 to 123 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第29至123頁之附註屬於該等綜合財務報告之 一部分。

Balance Sheet

資產負債表

As at 31 March 2008 於二零零八年三月三十一日 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

Notes	
Non-current assets 非流動資産 次附屬公司之投資 16 - 6,9 Other non-current financial assets 資産 19 - Current assets 流動資産 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries Other non-current financial assets A	元
Investments in subsidiaries 於附屬公司之投資 16	_
Investments in subsidiaries 於附屬公司之投資 16	
assets 資產 19 -	94
Current assets 流動資產 Trading securities 證券投資 21 338 6,207 Trade and other receivables 貿易及其他應收賬款 22 52,984 9,487 Cash and cash equivalents 現金及等同現金項目 23 646 547 53,968 16,241	1
Current assets 流動資產 Trading securities 證券投資 21 338 6,207 Trade and other receivables 貿易及其他應收賬款 22 52,984 9,487 Cash and cash equivalents 現金及等同現金項目 23 646 547 53,968 16,241	
Trading securities 證券投資 21 338 6,207 Trade and other receivables 貿易及其他應收賬款 22 52,984 9,487 Cash and cash equivalents 現金及等同現金項目 23 646 547 53,968 16,241 Current liabilities 流動負債	95
Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents 貿易及其他應收賬款 22	
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及等同現金項目 23 646 547 53,968 16,241	
Current liabilities 流動負債	
Trade and other payables 貿易及其他應付賬款 24 11,736 38,672	
11,736 38,672	
Net current 流動資產/	
assets/(liabilities) (負債) 淨值 42,232 (22,4	31)
Total assets less current 總資產減流動負債	
liabilities 42,232 (15,4)	36)
Non-current liabilities 非流動負債	
Convertible notes 可換股票據 26 20,028	_
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) 資產/(負債) 淨值 22,204 (15,4	36)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES 股本及儲備 27(b)	
Share capital 股本 5,560 5,5	60
Reserves 儲備 16,644 (20,9	96)
TOTAL EQUITY 權益總額 22,204 (15,4)	

The financial statements on pages 23 to 123 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 18 July 2008

第23至123頁之財務報告於二零零八年七月十 八日經董事會批准並授權刊發

Chen Ping	Ma Jian Ying
Director	Director
陳平	馬建英
董事	董事
-	· ·

The notes on pages 29 to 123 are an integral part of these financial statements.

第29至123頁之附註屬於該等財務報告之一部 分。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

Attributable to equity holders of the Company ★ 八 司 雄 关 共 右 【 庵 *L* 】

		本公司權益持有人應佔											
							Share	Convertible					
		Share capital	Share premium	Contributed surplus	Exchange reserve	Capital reserve	option reserve 購股權	note reserve 可換股	Fair value A reserve	Accumulated losses	Sub-Total	Minority interests 少數股東	Total equity
		股本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 港幣千元	實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 港幣千元	匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	資本儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	票據儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	公平值儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	累計虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	小計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	權益 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2006 Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas	於二零零六年四月一日 換算海外附屬公司 財務報告之 匯兑差額	5,560	13,710	84,798	197	3,490	43	-	-	(40,493)	67,305	-	67,305
subsidiaries Released upon disposal of	出售附屬公司後解除	-	-	-	(114)	-	-	-	-	-	(114)	-	(114)
subsidiaries	股本結算股份交易	-	-	-	27	-	-	-	-	-	27	-	27
Equity-settled share-based transactions		-	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	14	_	14
Share options lapsed Loss for the year	失效購股權 本年度虧損						(28)			28 (67,017)	(67,017)		(67,017)
At 31 March 2007 and 1 April 2007	於二零零七年 三月三十一日及 二零零七年四月一日	5,560	13,710	84,798	110	3,490	29	-		(107,482)	215	-	215
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas	換算海外附屬公司 財務報告之匯兑差額												
subsidiaries Equity-settled share-based	股本結算股份交易	-	-	-	(486)	-	-	-	-	-	(486)	_	(486)
transactions Share options lapsed Recognition of	失效購股權 確認可換股票據之	-	-	-	-	-	7 (29)	-	//-	- 29	7 -	-	7 -
equity component of convertible notes Fair value changes on available-for-sale	權益部份 可供出售財務資產之 公平值轉變	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,074	_	-	6,074	-	6,074
financial assets Loss for the year	本年度虧損								(1,577)	(722)	(1,577) (722)		(1,577) (722)
At 31 March 2008	於二零零八年 三月三十一日	5,560	13,710	84,798	(376)	3,490	7	6,074	(1,577)	(108,175)	3,511		3,511

The notes on pages 29 to 123 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第29至123頁之附註屬於該等綜合財務報告之 一部分。

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港幣列值)

		Notes 附註	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> *000 港幣千元
Operating activities	經營業務			
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損		(722)	(67,017)
Adjustments for:	就以下項目作出調整:			
Depreciation	折舊	14	2,244	5,583
Amortisation of broadcasting	廣播節目之攤銷			
programmes		20	7,994	18,907
Reversal of impairment loss on	其他應收賬款之			
other receivables	減值虧損撥回		(63)	(3,333)
Net loss/(gain) on disposal of	出售附屬公司之			
subsidiaries	虧損/(收益)淨額	7(d)	1	(2,592)
Impairment loss on	貿易應收賬款之	,		,
trade receivables	減值虧損	22(c)	1,128	1,549
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽之減值虧損	17	3,184	10,749
Impairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產之減值虧損	15	841	-
Finance costs	融資成本	7(a)	1,168	29
Interest income	利息收入	5	(885)	(75)
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及		` ,	,
plant and equipment	設備虧損		8,342	76
Net realised and unrealised loss	證券投資變現及		,	
on trading securities	未變現虧損淨額		3,795	44,931
Gain on disposal of	出售可供出售財務		, , , ,	,
available-for-sale financial assets	資產收益		(2,925)	_
Waiver of amounts due to ex-subsidiaries	獲豁免欠前附屬公司款項		(1,021)	7 / A _
Equity-settled share-based	股本結算股份交易開支		(-,,	
payment expense	120 1 100 2 1 120 120 2 120 120 2		7	14
payment expense				
Operating profit before changes	未計營運資金變動前之			
in working capital	經營溢利		23,088	8,821
(Increase)/decrease in trade and	貿易及其他應收賬款			
other receivables	(增加)/減少		(8,940)	5,052
Decrease in trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款減少		(12,075)	(21,660)
Net cash generated from/(used in)	經營業務產生/(耗用)之			
operating activities	現金淨額		2,073	(7,787)

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

		Notes 附註	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元
Investing activities				
Expenditure on broadcasting programmes	廣播節目之開支	20	(972)	(3,388)
Payment for the purchase of property, plant and equipment	支付購買物業、廠房及設備		(418)	(88)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之 所得款項		565	297
Proceeds from sale of trading securities	出售買賣證券之所得款項		2,074	2,277
Proceeds on sale of	出售可供出售財務資產之			_,_,_,
available-for-sale financial assets	所得款項		2,902	_
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	31(c)	-	(97)
Purchase of available-for-sale	購買可供出售財務資產			
financial assets	그 내는 소나 수		(2,669)	
Interest received	已收利息		885	75
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	投資活動產生/ (耗用)之現金淨額		2,367	(924)
Financing activities	融資活動			
Capital element of finance lease	已付融資租賃租金之			
rentals paid	資本部分		(234)	(235)
Finance costs paid	已付融資成本		(391)	_
Interest element of finance lease rentals paid	已付融資租賃租金之 利息部分		(29)	(29)
Proceeds from issue of convertible notes	發行可換股票據所得款項		25,354	(29)
	27 13 32712773718777119 377 77			
Net cash generated	融資活動產生/(耗用)之			
from/(used in) financing activities	現金淨額		24,700	(264)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and	現金及等同現金項目之			
cash equivalents	增加/(減少)淨額		29,140	(8,975)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April	於四月一日之現金及			
	等同現金項目		2,853	11,525
Effect of foreign exchange	匯率變動之影響			
rate changes			201	303
_				
Cash and cash equivalents	於三月三十一日之現金及	00		0.000
at 31 March	等同現金項目	23	32,194	2,853

The notes on pages 29 to 123 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第29至123頁之附註屬於該等綜合財務報告之 一部分。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Tidetime Sun (Group) Limited (the "Company") was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability in Bermuda on 30 October 1992 under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and its shares are listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The Company is an investment holding company. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the "Corporate Information" section to the annual report. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 16(b).

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") and the financial statements are presented in thousands of units of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$'000), unless otherwise stated.

2. IMPACT OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS")

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following new Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS"), amendment and interpretations ("Int") ("new HKFRS") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), which are first effective for the Group's current financial year.

Amendment to HKAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements: Capital Disclosures
HKFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures
HK(IFRIC) – Int 7	Applying the Restatement Approach under HKAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies
HK(IFRIC) – Int 8	Scope of HKFRS 2
HK(IFRIC) – Int 9	Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives
HK(IFRIC) – Int 10	Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment
HK(IFRIC) – Int 11	HKFRS 2 – Group and Treasury Share Transactions

1. 一般資料

泰德陽光(集團)有限公司(「本公司」) 於一九九二年十月三十日在百慕達根據 百慕達一九八一年公司法註冊成立為獲 豁免有限公司,其股份於香港聯合交易 所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本公司之 註冊辦事處及主要營業地點地址於年報 「公司資料」一節中披露。其主要附屬公司之主要業務載於附註16(b)。

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度綜合財務報告包括本公司及其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)的報告,除另有説明 外,財務報告乃按港幣千位數呈列。

2. 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則|)

於本年度,本集團已首次應用以下香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈並於本集團本財政年度首次生效的新香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)、修訂及詮釋(「詮釋」)(「新香港財務報告準則」)。

財務報告的呈列:
資本披露
財務工具:披露
根據香港會計準
則第29號在「惡
性通貨膨賬經濟
中的財務報告」
採用重列法
香港財務報告準
則第2號的範圍
重估嵌入式衍生
工具
中期財務報告及
減值
香港財務報告準
則第2號-集團
及庫存股份交易

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

2. IMPACT OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS") (Continued)

The adoption of the new HKFRS had no material effect on how the results and financial position for the current or prior accounting periods have been prepared and presented. Accordingly, no prior period adjustment has been required.

The principal effects of adopting these new and revised HKFRS are summarised as follows:

(a) HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

This standard introduces new disclosures relating to financial instruments and does not have any impact on the classification and valuation of the Group's financial instruments, or the disclosures relating to taxation and trade and other payables. These new disclosures are shown in notes 32(a) and 32(b) to the financial statements.

(b) Amendment to HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements – Capital Disclosures

This amendment requires the Group to make disclosures that enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the Group's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital. These new disclosures are shown in note 32(c) to the financial statements.

(c) HK(IFRIC) – Int 7 Applying the Restatement Approach under HKAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies

This interpretation provides guidance on how to apply requirements of HKAS 29 in a reporting period in which an entity identifies the existence of hyperinflation in the economy of its functional currency, when the economy was not hyperinflationary in the prior period. As none of the Group entities have a currency of a hyperinflationary economy as its functional currency, this interpretation is not relevant to the Group's operations.

2. 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

採納新香港財務報告準則對本會計期間 及過往會計期間業績及財務狀況的編製 及呈列方式並無重大影響。因此,毋須作 出前期調整。

採納該等新準則及經修訂香港財務報告 準則的主要影響概要如下:

(a) 香港財務報告準則第7號財務 工具:披露

此準則引入了有關財務工具的新披露規定。此準則並無對本集團的財務工具的分類及估值、税項及貿易及其他應付款項披露有任何影響。該等新披露資料已載於財務報告附註32(a)及32(b)。

(b) 香港會計準則第1號(修訂)財 務報告的呈列一資本披露

該修訂規定本集團作出披露以允許財務報告之使用者能夠評估本集團管理資本之目標、政策及過程。該等新披露資料已載於財務報告附註32(c)。

(c) 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第7號根據香港會計準則第29號「惡性通貨膨脹經濟中的財務報告」採用重列法

該詮釋提供在一個報告期間,企業發現在其經濟體系使用的功時貨幣出現了惡性通貨膨脹惡性所能所不定並無該等會別所是所不可應用香港團別第29號的要求。由於集團內經對數分有無數之運作並不相關。

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2. IMPACT OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS") (Continued)

(d) HK(IFRIC) - Int 8 Scope of HKFRS 2

This interpretation requires HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment" to be applied to any arrangements in which some or all of the goods received cannot be specifically identified, in particular where equity instruments are issued for consideration which appears to be less than the fair value. As the Company has only issued equity instruments to its employees in accordance with the Company's share option scheme, the interpretation does not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

(e) HK(IFRIC) – Int 9 Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives

This interpretation requires that the date to assess whether an embedded derivative is required to be separated from the host contract and accounted for as a derivative is the date that the Group first becomes a party to the contract, with reassessment only if there is a change to the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows. This interpretation is not relevant for the Group's operations and does not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

(f) HK(IFRIC) – Int 10 Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment

This interpretation prohibits the impairment losses recognised in an interim period on goodwill and investments in equity instruments and in financial assets carried at cost to be reversed at a subsequent balance sheet date. This interpretation does not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

2. 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

(d) 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第8號香港財務報告 準則第2號的範圍

該詮釋規定香港財務報告準則第 2號「以股份形式付款」須應用於 所有收取的部分或全部貨物無法 具體識別的任何安排,尤其是以 低於公平值的代價發行的股本 具。由於本公司僅根據本公司 購股權計劃向其僱員發行股本 具,故詮釋對本集團的財務報告 並無任何影響。

(e) 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第9號重估嵌入式衍生工具

該詮釋規定,本集團首次成為合約訂約方之日期,即為評估嵌入式衍生工具是否須要與主合約別而作為衍生工具列賬之日期,並僅當合約之修改大幅改變現金流量時方可進行重估。此詮釋不適用於本集團營運及對本集團之財務報告並無任何影響。

(f) 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第10號中期財務報告及減值

該詮釋規定,按成本入賬並於中期期間確認之商譽、股本工具投資及財務資產投資之減值虧損,不得於往後之結算日撥回。該詮釋對本集團之財務報告並無任何影響。

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2. IMPACT OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS") (Continued)

(g) HK(IFRIC) – Int 11 HKFRS2 – Group and Treasury Share Transactions

This interpretation provides guidance on whether share-based transactions involving treasury shares or involving group entities (for example, options over a parent's shares) should be accounted for as equity-settled or cash-settled share-based payment transactions in the stand-alone financial statements of the parent and group companies. This interpretation does not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with HKFRS, which also include Hong Kong Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the HKICPA, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for trading securities and available-for-sale financial assets, which are stated at fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 37.

The Group has not early applied any new standard, amendment or interpretation that has been issued but is not yet effective for the current accounting period (see note 38).

2. 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

(g) 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第11號集團及庫存股票交易

該詮釋提供指引,說明涉及庫存股份或集團實體(例如母公司股份的購股權)之股份基礎交易是否應於母公司及集團公司之獨立財務報告內以權益計算或以現金計算的股份基礎交易入賬。該詮釋對本集團之財務報告並無任何影響。

3. 重要會計政策

編製該等財務報告採用的主要會計政策 載於下文。除另有説明外,此等政策在所 呈報的所有年度內貫徹應用。

(a) 編撰基準

本集團之綜合財務報告乃根據香 港財務報告準則編製,而香計內 會所頒佈之香港會計準則別。 會所頒佈之香港會計準則別。 大香港公司條例之披露規定。 於報告亦符合香港聯合交適用歷 及新報告所數,惟買賣證券上所規 之財務資產除外,以上兩項 均按公平值入賬。

編製符合香港財務報告準則之財務報告需要使用若干關鍵會計估算。這亦需要管理層在應用本公司會計政策過程中行使其判斷。涉及高度的判斷或高度複雜性的範疇,或涉及對綜合財務報告屬重大假設和估算的範疇,均已在附註37中披露。

本集團已並無提早應用於本會計期間尚未生效的任何新訂準則、 修訂或註釋(見附註38)。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Subsidiaries and minority interests

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interests. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in income statement.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(b) 附屬公司及少數股東權益

附屬公司指所有本集團有權控制 公司的財務及經營政策的公司, 且一般而言擁有其過半數投票權 的責任。

自控制權轉移予本集團當日起, 附屬公司即完全綜合入賬於本集 團賬目內。而由控制權終止當日 起即不再綜合入賬。

集團公司之間的交易、結餘及交易之未變現盈餘乃予對銷。除 該交易提供證據證明所轉移資產 出現減值,否則未變現虧損亦予 對銷。附屬公司之會計政策已在 適當情況下作修訂,以確保與本 集團所採納之政策一致。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Subsidiaries and minority interests (Continued)

Minority interests represent the portion of the net assets of subsidiaries attributable to interests that are not owned by the Company, whether directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. Minority interests are presented in the consolidated balance sheet within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Minority interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated income statement as an allocation of the total profit or loss for the year between minority interests and the equity shareholders of the Company.

Where losses applicable to the minority exceed the minority's interest in the equity of a subsidiary, the excess, and any further losses applicable to the minority, are charged against the Group's interest except to the extent that the minority has a binding obligation to, and is able to, make additional investment to cover the losses. If the subsidiary subsequently reports profits, the Group's interest is allocated all such profits until the minority's share of losses previously absorbed by the Group has been recovered.

Amounts due from holders of minority interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet depending on the nature of the liability.

In the Company's balance sheet the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(b) 附屬公司及少數股東權益(續)

倘少數股東應佔虧損超出附屬公司股本之少數股東權益,則超出附屬公之款額及任何少數股東權益,則超之額外虧損會自本集團之權益扣除人有能力作出額外投資公司其任明數股東有其別除外。倘附屬公司其任關虧損則除外。倘附屬公司其有關對於外,則所有該等益之利期,則所有該等益之,則所有該等配過不能,直至完全與限應佔虧損為止。

應收少數股東權益持有人款項及 其他對該等持有人應負的訂約責 任根據負債性質於綜合資產負債 表呈列為財務負債。

於本公司之資產負債表,於附屬公司之投資乃按成本減任何累計減值虧損列賬。附屬公司的業績則由本公司按已收及應收股息入 賬。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Associates

Associates are all entities, not being a subsidiary or a jointly controlled entity, over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for by the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Group's investments in associates include goodwill (net of any accumulated impairment loss) identified on acquisition (see note 3(k)).

The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition results is recognised in the consolidated income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in reserves.

The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Dilution gains and losses in associates are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(c) 聯營公司

聯營公司指本集團可對其發揮重大影響而非擁有控制權但不包括 附屬公司或共同控制實體,且一般附帶20%至50%投票權之持投量之所有實體。於聯營公司之持股量之所有實體。於聯營公司之投資也不值確認。本集團於聯營公司學(投資包括收購時確認之商譽(扣除任何累計減值虧損)(見附註3(k))。

本集團分佔其聯營公司收購後之 利潤或虧損乃於綜合收益表中確認,而其分佔聯營公司收購後之 儲備變動乃於儲備中確認。

收購後之累積變動就投資之賬面 值作調整。當本集團分佔聯營公司 司虧損等於或超過其佔聯營公司 之權益(包括任何其他無抵押應 收款項)時,本集團不再確認 世步之虧損,除非本集團代表聯 營公司承擔負債或支付款項。

本集團與其聯營公司進行交易之 未變現收益將按本集團於有關聯 營公司所佔權益予以對銷。除非 該交易證明已轉讓資產出現減 值,否則未變現虧損亦予以對銷。 聯營公司之會計政策於有需要時 亦作出變動,以確保與本集團所 採納之政策保持一致。

在聯營公司的攤薄盈虧於綜合損益表確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary/associate at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is shown separately in the consolidated balance sheet. Goodwill on acquisitions of associates is included in investments in associates.

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Any excess of the Company's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of a business combination or an investment in a subsidiary or an associate is recognised immediately in the income statement.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing.

(e) Financial assets

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date when the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially measured at fair value plus, in the case of the investments other than trading securities, transaction costs. Financial assets other than investments in subsidiaries and associates are further categorised into the following classifications for the measurement after initial recognition.

(i) Trading securities

Investments in securities held for trading are classified as trading securities included in current assets and are stated in the balance sheet at fair value. Any attributable transaction costs and gain or loss on the fair value changes of trading securities are recognised in income statement.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(d) 商譽

商譽指收購成本超出於收購本集團 應佔所收購附屬公司/聯營公司可 識別資產淨額公平價值之數額。附屬 公司之收購商譽於綜合資產負債表 內另行列示。聯營公司之收購商譽計 入聯營公司之投資。

本集團每年進行商譽減值測試,並按 成本值減累計減值虧損列賬。出售實 體之收益及虧損,已計入與售出實體 相關的商譽賬面值。

本公司應佔所收購公司可識別資產、 負債及或然負債公平淨值權益超出 業務合併成本或於附屬公司或聯營 公司投資之任何差額會即時於收益 表確認。

為進行減值測試·商譽會分配至現金 產生單位。

(e) 財務資產

一般財務資產的購入及出售在交易日確認一交易日指本公司承諾購入或出售該資產之日。對於並非買賣證券的投資,投資初步按公平值加交易成本計算。於附屬公司及聯營公司投資以外之財務資產於首次確認後進一步分類為下列類別以計量。

(i) 買賣證券

持作買賣的證券投資分類為包括 在流動資產的買賣證券,並於資 產負債表按公平值列賬,而任何 應佔交易成本以及買賣證券公平 值變動的收益及虧損則於收益表 確認。

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3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

(e) Financial assets (Continued)

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of trading the receivable. They are included in current assets. except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date which are classified as non-current assets.

(iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Investment in debt securities with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the Company has the position intention and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments, which are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses, if any.

Available-for-sale-financial assets (iv)

Available-for-sale financial assets are nonderivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories and are stated in the balance sheet at fair value. Gain or loss on fair value changes of available-for-sale financial assets is recognised directly in equity in the fair value reserve, except for impairment losses and, in the case of monetary items such as debt securities, foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised directly in income statement.

When the available-for-sale financial assets are derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised directly in equity is recognised in income statement. Where the available-for-sale financial assets are interestbearing, interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in income statement.

Investments in unquoted equity instruments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments, are measured at cost less any impairment losses.

重要會計政策(續) 3.

(e) 財務資產(續)

(ii) 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為並無於活躍市 場報價而且具備固定或可釐定付 款的非衍生工具財務資產。貸款 及應收款項本集團直接向借方提 供金錢、貨品或服務而無意買賣 應收款項時產生。此等款項列入 流動資產,惟不包括到期日為結 算日起計十二個月後的資產,該 等資產會列作非流動資產。

(iii)持至到期之投資

有固定或可確定付款金額及有固 定期限而本公司有明確意向及能 力持有至到期之債務證券投資, 乃分類為持至到期投資,而該投 資利用實際利息法按攤銷成本扣 除減值虧損(如有)計量。

(iv) 可供出售財務資產

可供出售財務資產乃被指定列為 此類別或並無分類為任何其他類 別的非衍生財務資產,並按公平 值於資產負債表列賬。可供出售 財務資產公平值變動的盈虧會直 接於權益確認,惟貨幣項目(如 債務證券及匯兑盈虧)的減值虧 損,則直接於收益表確認。

倘該等可供出售財務資產終止確 認,則過往直接於權益確認的累 計盈虧會於收益表確認。倘該等 可供出售財務資產為計息投資, 有關利息則按實際利息法計算並 於收益表確認。

其公平價值未能可靠計量之無報 價股本工具之投資,以及與交付 該等無報價股本工具有關並必須 以此方式結算之衍生工具,乃按 成本扣除任何減值虧損計量。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Financial assets (Continued)

(iv) Available-for-sale-financial assets (Continued)

Fair value of an instrument on initial recognition is normally the transaction price, unless it is estimated by using a valuation technique when part of the consideration given or received is for something other than the investment.

After initial recognition, the fair value of an investment quoted in an active market is based on the current bid price and, for investments not quoted in an active market, the Company establishes the fair value of such investment by using a valuation technique.

Valuation techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions between knowledgeable willing parties, if available, reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, discounted cash flows analysis and option pricing models.

(f) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value. At each balance sheet date the fair value is remeasured. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is charged immediately to income statement, except where the derivatives qualify for cash flow hedge accounting or hedge the net investment in a foreign operation, in which case recognition of any resultant gain or loss depends on the nature of the item being hedged.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(e) 財務資產(續)

(iv) 可供出售財務資產(續)

於首次確認時,工具的公平值一般為交易價格,除非該公平值乃 利用倘部分所支付或收取的代價 非作投資用時所用的估值方法作 估算。

於首次確認後,於交投活躍市場 上具備報價的投資的公平值以現 行買入價為基準,而於交投活躍 市場上並無報價的投資,則本公 司利用估值方法為該投資建立公 平值。

所採用的估值方法包括參考熟悉情況並自願交易的各方最近進行的正常交易(如有)、參照實質上相同的其他金融工具的當前市場報價、貼現現金流量分析和採用期權定價模型。

(f) 衍生財務工具

衍生財務工具首先按公平值確認。於各結算日,將重新計量公平值。重新計量公平值時產生之盈虧即時自收益表扣除,惟倘衍生工具合資格使用現金流量對沖會計法或用以對沖海外業務投資淨額,則有關盈虧會按照所對沖項目的性質確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 3(k)).

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in income statement on the date of retirement or disposal.

Depreciation, except leasehold improvements, is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight line method (2007: reducing balance method) over their estimated useful lives at the rate of 20% per annum. Leasehold improvements is amortised over the shorter of the unexpired term of lease and their estimated useful lives, being no more than five years. The change of accounting policy on depreciation is unlikely to have a significant impact on the Group's results of operations and financial positions.

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

(h) Intangible assets

Copyright

Copyright costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (see *note* 3(k)).

Amortisation of the copyright costs is charged to income statement on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the unexpired copyright period or their estimated useful lives. Copyright is amortised over its useful life from the date it is available for use. Both the period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(g) 物業、機器及設備

下列物業、機器及設備項目乃按 成本減累計折舊及減值虧損(見 附註3(k))於資產負債表列賬。

棄用或出售物業、機器及設備所產生之盈虧以出售所得款項淨額與該項目賬面值之差額釐定,並於棄用或出售當日於收益表確認。

除租賃裝修外,物業、機器及設備的折舊按直線法(二零零七年)餘額減值法)於估計可用年期內以成本減估計餘值(如有)計算年率為20%。租賃土地於尚未完了。 新的租期或估計可使用年期(不多於五年)之較短者內攤銷。 關折舊的會計政策變動對本集團的營運業績及財務狀況並無重大影響。

倘物業、機器及設備項目各部分之可使用年期不同,則該項目成本會合理分配至各部分,並會就各部分獨立計算折舊。資產之可使用年期及餘值(如有)會每年作出檢討。

(h) 無形資產

版權

版權成本按成本減累計攤銷及減 值虧損(見附註3(k))列賬。

版權成本攤銷乃以直線法於版權 有效期或估計可使用年期(以較 短者為準)自收益表扣除。版權 會自可供使用當日起於使用年期 內攤銷。本集團會每年檢討攤銷 期與攤銷方法。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(i) Broadcasting programmes

Broadcasting programmes are stated at cost less amounts expensed and any impairment losses considered by the management. Cost comprises direct expenditure and an appropriate portion of production overheads. The cost of the broadcasting programmes is expensed by way of amortisation on systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of the broadcasting programmes over their estimated useful lives of not more than twelve months from the date when the broadcasting programmes are available for use. Both the period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

(j) Leased assets

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Company determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

Leases of assets are classified as finance leases when the leases transfer substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the assets to the Company. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

(i) Finance leases

Assets held under finance leases are recognised in the balance sheet at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets, or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments, each determined at the inception of the lease. The corresponding liabilities, net of finance charges, on the finance leases are recorded as obligations under finance leases. All assets held under finance leases are classified as property, plant and equipment, except for those properties held to earn rental income which are classified as investment properties in the balance sheet.

Depreciation and impairment losses are calculated and recognised in the same manner as the depreciation and impairment losses on property, plant and equipment as set out in note 3(k), except for the estimated useful lives cannot exceed the relevant lease terms, if shorter.

Minimum lease payments are apportioned between finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liabilities. The finance charge is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(i) 廣播節目

廣播節目按成本減開支及管理層釐定之任何減值虧損列賬。成本包括直接開支及製作費用的適當部分。廣播節目成本自節目全面播放當日起過十二個月之估計使用期內按有系統分配的廣播節目可折舊銀攤銷。本集團會每年檢討攤銷期與攤銷方法。

(j) 租賃資產

倘本公司認為安排涉及於協定期間 內轉讓使用一項或多項特定資產的 權利,以收取一筆或多筆款項,則該 安排(包括一項或多項交易)屬於或 包含租約。該決定乃根據評估安排的 實質內容作出,而並無考慮有關安排 是否法定租約形式。

當租賃將資產之所有權附帶的絕大部分風險及回報均轉讓予本公司時, 資產租賃乃分類為財務租賃。所有其 他租賃則分類為經營租賃。

(i) 財務租賃

折舊及減值虧損乃以載於附註3(k)有關物業、機器及設備之折舊及減值虧損的相同方式計算及確認,惟估計使用年期不得超逾有關租賃年期(如屬較短者)。

最低租約付款乃於財務費用與未 償還負債的減少之間分配。財務 費用於租賃期內在損益表確認, 致使負債餘額制定出固定之穩定 息率。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Leased assets (Continued)

(ii) Operating leases

Where the Company is the lessee, lease payments under an operating lease are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Where the Company is the lessor, assets leased by the Company under operating leases are included in non-current assets and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the income statement on a straight line basis over the lease period.

(k) Impairment of assets

(i) Impairment of investments in debt and equity securities and other receivables

Investments in debt and equity securities (other than investments in subsidiaries and associates: see note 3(k)(ii)) and other current and non-current receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost or are classified as available-for-sale financial assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; and
- a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(j) 租賃資產(續)

(ii) 經營租賃

倘本公司為承租人·經營租賃租 賃付款乃於租賃期內按直線法確 認為開支。倘本公司為出租人·則 根據經營租約所出租之資產將計 入非流動資產,而根據經營租約 之應收租金則按租期以直線法計 入收益表。

(k) 資產減值

(i) 債務及股本證券投資及其他應 收賬款減值

按成本或攤銷成本列賬或分類為 可供出售財務資產之債務及聯營 司之投資除外:見附註3(k)(ii)) 及其他流動及非流動應收賬款 於每個結算日進行檢討,以民 於否有任何客觀憑證顯示已 是面。客觀減值跡象包括本事實之 可觀察數據:

- 債務人重大財政困難;
- 欺詐或未能支付利息或本金 還款,諸如此類之違約行為;
- 債務人有可能陷入破產或其 他債務重組情況;
- 對欠債人有重大不利變動之 科技、市場、經濟或法律環境 之重大改變:及
- 股本工具之投資價格產生重 大長期之變動致使其公平值 下降至低於其成本值。

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3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

- (k) Impairment of assets (Continued)
 - (i) Impairment of investments in debt and equity securities and other receivables (Continued)

If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

- For unquoted equity securities carried at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset where the effect of discounting is material. Impairment losses for equity securities are not reversed.
- For trade and other current receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where financial assets carried at amortised cost share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

重要會計政策(續) 3.

- (k) 資產減值(續)
 - (i) 債務及股本證券投資及其他應 收賬款減值(續)

倘出現該等憑證,則任何減值虧 損乃按下列方式釐定及確認:

- 就按成本列賬之非上市股本 證券而言,減值虧損會按財務 資產賬面值與估計未來現金 流量(倘貼現之影響屬重大, 則按類似財務資產之現行市 場回報率貼現)間之差額衡 量。股本證券之減值虧損不予 撥回。
- 一 就按攤銷成本列賬之貿易及 其他現時應收賬款及其他財 務資產而言,倘貼現之影響重 大,則其減值虧損乃按資產賬 面值與按財務資產之原實際 利率(即於首先確認該等資 產時計算之實際利率) 貼現 之估計未來現金流量現值間 之差額衡量。倘按攤銷成本列 值的財務資產屬類似的風險 特性,如過期情況類似,並不 曾個別地被評估為已減值,則 此等財務資產應進行集體評 估。進行集體評估的財務資產 的未來現金流量應按類似該 集體組別的信貸風險特性根 據歷史虧損經驗計算。

倘減值虧損之數額於其後期 間有所減少,而有關減少可客 觀地與確認減值虧損後發生 之事件相連,則減值虧損會自 損益表撥回。撥回減值虧損不 應導致資產賬面值超出假設 過往年度並無確認減值虧損 而應已釐定之資產賬面值。

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- 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)
 - (k) Impairment of assets (Continued)
 - (i) Impairment of investments in debt and equity securities and other receivables (Continued)
 - For available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss that has been recognised directly in equity is removed from equity and is recognised in profit or loss. The amount of the cumulative loss that is recognised in profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that asset previously recognised in income statement.

Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss in respect of available-for-sale financial assets are not reversed through profit or loss. Any subsequent increase in the fair value of such assets is recognised directly in equity.

Impairment losses in respect of availablefor-sale debt securities are reversed if the subsequent increase in fair value can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised. Reversals of impairment losses in such circumstances are recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade debtors included within trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment loss on bad and doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade debtors directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

- 3. 重要會計政策(續)
 - (k) 資產減值(續)
 - (i) 債務及股本證券投資及其他應 收賬款減值(續)
 - 一 就可供出售財務資產而言,直 接於權益確認的累計虧損會 自權益扣除,並於損益表確 認。於損益表確認之累計虧損 數額,乃收購成本(扣除任何 本金還款及攤銷)與現行公 平值間之差額減過往於收益 表確認之任何資產減值虧損 之差額。

就可供出售財務資產於損益 表確認之減值虧損不得自損 益表撥回。有關資產公平值於 其後出現之任何增加·乃直接 於權益中確認。

倘公平值於其後之增加可客 觀地與確認減值虧損後發生 之事件相連,則可供出售債務 證券之減值虧損可予撥回。在 此情況下撥回之減值虧損乃 於損益內確認。

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3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

(k) Impairment of assets (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at each balance sheet date to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- investments in subsidiaries and associates (except for those classified as held for sale or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale);
- intangible assets; and
- goodwill.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for goodwill, intangible assets that are not yet available for use and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cashgenerating unit).

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值(續)

(ii) 其他資產減值

本集團於每個結算日審閱內部與 外界資料以確定是否有跡象顯示 下列資產(商譽除外)可能經已 減值、過往確認之減值虧損是否 已不復存在或已經減少:

- 物業、機器及設備;
- 附屬公司及聯營公司之投資 (分類為持作出售或計入分 類為持作出售之出售組別者 除外);
- 無形資產;及
- 商譽。

倘出現任何減值跡象,則估計資 產之可收回金額。此外,就商譽、 尚未可供使用之無形資產及可使 用年期無限之無形資產而言,不 論是否有任何減值跡象,亦會每 年估計其可收回金額。

- 計算可收回金額

資產之可收回金額為售價淨 額與使用價值兩者之較高者。 於評估使用價值時,會使用除 税前貼現率將估計未來現金 流量貼現至其現值。該貼現率 反映市場當時所評估之貨幣 時間價值與該資產之獨有風 險。倘資產所產生之現金流入 基本上不獨立於其他資產所 產生者,則以能獨立產生現金 流入之最小資產類別(即現 金產生單位)來釐定可收回 金額。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Impairment of assets (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of other assets (Continued)

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss whenever the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash generating unit (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs to sell, or value in use, if determinable.

Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值(續)

(ii) 其他資產減值(續)

- 確認減值虧損

- 撥回減值虧損

就商譽以外之資產而言,倘用以釐定可收回金額之估估會定可收回金額之估值值別有利變動,則撥回減值虧損則不予撥回。所撥回之減值虧損過一次過往年度確認,所撥回之漸值虧損而應已釐定之資產虧過,所撥回之減值虧損於。所撥回之減值虧損益於。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(I) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and, after initial recognition, at amortised cost less any impairment loss on bad and doubtful debts, except for the following receivables:

- interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting being immaterial, that are measured at cost less any impairment loss on bad and doubtful debts; and
- short term receivables with no stated interest rate and the effect of discounting being immaterial, that are measured at their original invoiced amount less any impairment loss on bad and doubtful debts.

(m) Convertible notes

(i) Convertible notes that contain an equity component

Convertible notes that can be converted to equity share capital at the option of the holder, where the number of shares that would be issued on conversion and the value of the consideration that would be received at that time do not vary, are accounted for as compound financial instruments which contain both a liability component and an equity component.

An initial recognition the liability component of the convertible notes is measured as the present value of the future interest and principal payments, discounted at the market rate of interest applicable at the time of initial recognition to similar liabilities that do not have a conversion option. Any excess of proceeds over the amount initially recognised as the liability component is recognised as the equity component. Transaction costs that relate to the issue of a compound financial instrument are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds.

The liability component is subsequently carried at amortised cost. The interest expense recognised in profit or loss on the liability component is calculated using the effective interest method. The equity component is recognised in the convertible note reserve until either the note is converted or redeemed.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(1) 貿易及其他應收賬款

貿易及其他應收賬款首先按公平值確認,於首次確認後,則按攤銷成本減呆壞賬減值確認,惟以下應收款項除外:

- 借予關連人士且並無任何固定還 款期或貼現影響並不重大之免息 貸款,有關貸款則按成本扣除任 何呆壞賬減值虧損計量;及
- 無指定利率及貼現影響並不重大 之短期應收款項,有關應收款項 以原發票值扣除任何呆壞賬減值 虧損計量。

(m)可換股票據

(i) 包含權益部分的可換股票據

倘持有人有權選擇將可換股票據 兑換為股本,且兑換時發行之股 份數目及當時可收取的代價不 變,則該可換股票據會列賬為包 含負債部分及權益部分的複合財 務工具。

於首次確認時,可換股票據的負債部分按以並無兑換選擇權的同類負債首次確認時之適用市場現的未來利息及本金額現的未來利息及來金額額額,一個人。任何超出首次確認數額。有關發行複合財務工具的交易成本有關發行複合財務工具的分配比例分配至負債及權益部分。

負債部分其後按攤銷成本列賬。 於損益表確認的負債部分利息開 支以實際利息法計算。權益部分 會於可換股票據儲備確認,直至 票據獲兑換或贖回為止。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Convertible notes (Continued)

(i) Convertible notes that contain an equity component (Continued)

If the note is converted, the convertible note reserve, together with the carrying amount of the liability component at the time of conversion, is transferred to share capital and share premium as consideration for the shares issued. If the note is redeemed, the convertible note reserve is released directly to accumulated losses.

(ii) Other convertible notes

Convertible notes which do not contain an equity component are accounted for as follows:

At initial recognition the derivative component of the convertible notes is measured at fair value and presented as part of derivative financial instruments (see note 3(f)). Any excess of proceeds over the amount initially recognised as the derivative component is recognised as the liability component. Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible note are allocated to the liability and derivative components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds. The portion of the transactions costs relating to the liability component is recognised initially as part of the liability. The portion relating to the derivative component is recognised immediately in income statement.

The derivative component is subsequently remeasured in accordance with note 3(f). The liability component is subsequently carried at amortised cost. The interest expense recognised in income statement on the liability component is calculated using the effective interest method.

If the note is converted, the carrying amounts of the derivative and liability components are transferred to share capital and share premium as consideration for the shares issued. If the note is redeemed, any difference between the amount paid and the carrying amounts of both components is recognised in income statement.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(m)可換股票據(續)

(i) 包含權益部分的可換股票據 (續)

倘票據獲兑換,則可換股票據儲備連同兑換時負債部分的賬面值將列為發行股份代價,並轉撥至股本及股份溢價賬。倘票據獲贖回,則可換股票據儲備將直接從累計虧損內撥回。

(ii) 其他可換股票據

不包含權益部分的可換股票據按 下列方式列賬:

於首次確認時,可換股票據的衍生部分按公平值計量,並呈列的 行生財務工具(見附註3(f))一等 分。任何超出首次確認為衍生的 分數額之所得款項會確認為衍生 多數分。有關發行可換股票據例 。有關發行可換股票據例 。 一部分的交易成本首先確認 的一部分,而有關衍生部分 項則即時於收益表確認。

衍生部分隨後會根據附註3(f)的 方式再次計量。負債部分隨後按 攤銷成本入賬。於收益表確認的 負債部分利息支出以實際利息法 計算。

倘票據獲兑換,則衍生部分及負債部分的賬面值將列為發行股份代價,並轉撥至股本及股份溢價 賬。倘票據獲贖回,則該兩部分之已付數額與賬面值的差額將於收益表確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Except for financial guarantee liabilities (if any) measured in accordance with note 3(r)(i), trade and other payables are subsequently stated at amortised cost, except for the following payables:

- short-term payables with no stated interest rate and the effect of discounting being immaterial, that are measured at their original invoiced amount; and
- interest free loans from related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting being immaterial, that are measured at cost.

(o) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement.

(p) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(n) 貿易及其他應付賬款

貿易及其他應付賬款首先按公平值確認。除根據附註3(r)(i)所述計量的財務擔保責任(如有),貿易及其他應付賬款其後則按攤銷成本列賬,惟以下應付款項除外:

- 指定利率及貼現影響並不重大的 短期應付款項,有關款項以原發 票值計量;及
- 一 向關連人士借入無指定還款期或 貼現影響並不重大的免息貸款, 有關貸款以原值計量。

(o) 現金及等同現金項目

(p) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利及定額退休供款 計劃供款

薪金、年度花紅、有薪年假、定額 退休供款計劃之供款及非金錢福 利之成本均於僱員提供有關服務 之年度累計。倘須延遲付款或結 算及將因此而產生重大影響,則 有關款項乃按其現值列賬。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) Employee benefits (Continued)

(ii) Share based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in share option reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to the income statement for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the share option reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the share option reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the share option reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to accumulated losses).

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(p) 僱員福利 (續)

(ii) 以股份形式付款

向僱員所授出購股權之公平值乃確認為僱員成本,並於股本之時間, 股權儲備作出相應增加。公平值 乃於授出日計量,並計及所授出日計量,並計及所授出日計量, 購股權的條款及條件。倘僱員歸 在無條件享有購股權前符合歸屬 條件,則購股權之估計公平值總 額乃經考慮購股權將予歸屬之可 能性後於歸屬期內攤分入賬。

於歸屬期內會審閱預期將予歸屬 之購股權數目。除非原僱員開支 合資格確認為資產,否則對過往 年度已確認累計公平值所作出之 任何調整,均在回顧年度的收益 表扣除/入賬,並對購股權儲備 作出相應調整。於歸屬日期,本集 團會對確認為開支之數額作出調 整,以反映所歸屬購股權之實際 數目(並對購股權儲備作出相應 調整),惟倘僅因未能達成與本 公司股份市價有關之歸屬條件而 遭沒收之購股權者則除外。股本 數額乃於購股權儲備中確認,直 至購股權獲行使(屆時會轉撥至 股份溢價賬)或購股權屆滿(屆 時會直接撥入累計虧損)為止。

(iii)終止僱用福利

終止僱用福利於(並僅於)本集 團透過並無可能實際撤銷之正式 詳盡計劃明確表示終止僱用或因 自願遣散而提供福利時確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(q) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in income statement except to the extent that they relate to items recognised directly in equity, in which case they are recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(q) 所得税

本年度所得税包括即期税項及遞延税項資產與負債之增減。即期税項及遞延税項資產與負債之增減 減均於收益表確認,惟倘其與直接於股本確認之項目有關,則在該情況下,亦會於股本確認。

即期税項指按年內應課税收入以結算日已經或大致上已經實施之税率計算之預期應繳稅項,以及過往年度應繳稅項之任何調整。

遞延税項資產與負債分別由可扣減及應課税臨時差額產生。臨時差額指就財務申報而言之資產與負債賬面值與其稅務基礎兩者之差額。遞延稅項資產亦可從未動用稅項虧損及未動用稅項抵免而產生。

於釐定現有應課稅臨時差額是否 容許確認由未動用稅項虧損及抵 免所產生之遞延稅項資產時,採 用同一準則(即該等臨時差額與 同一稅務機關及同一應課稅實體 有關,並預期於可動用稅項虧損 或抵免之期間內撥回方會計算在 內)。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(q) Income tax (Continued)

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

 in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(q) 所得税(續)

已確認之遞延税項數額乃按資產與負債賬面值之預期變現或結算方式,以於結算日已經或大致上已經實施之税率計算。遞延稅項資產及負債不予貼現。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於每個結算日作檢討,並在不再可能取得足夠應課税溢利以運用有關稅務利益時作出調減。倘將有可能取得足夠應課税溢利時,則撥回任何已扣減之金額。

因分派股息產生之額外所得稅於確認支付相關股息責任時確認。

即期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘及 其變動,乃各自分開呈列且不 對銷。倘本公司或本集團擁有 律上可執行權利,可以即期税項 資產抵銷即期税項負債,且符合 下列額外條件,則即期稅百 可抵銷即期稅項負債,而遞延稅 項資產可抵銷遞延稅項負債:

一 倘為即期税項資產與負債,則本公司或本集團擬按淨額基準清償或擬同時變現資產及清償負債;或

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(q) Income tax (Continued)

- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

(r) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities

i) Financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Where the Group issues a financial guarantee, the fair value of the guarantee (being the transaction price, unless the fair value can otherwise be reliably estimated) is initially recognised as deferred income within trade and other payables. Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in income statement on initial recognition of any deferred income.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(q) 所得税 (續)

- 倘為遞延税項資產與負債,如其 與同一稅務機關徵收之所得稅有 關,不論為:
 - 一 向同一應課税實體;或
 - 向不同應課稅實體徵收,而預期於每個未來期間將清償或收回大額遞延稅項負債或資產,擬按淨額基準變現即期稅項資產及清償即期稅項負債或擬同時變現即期稅項資產及清償即期稅項負債。

(r) 已發行財務擔保、撥備及或然負債

i) 已發行財務擔保

財務擔保乃發行人(即擔保人) 須向擔保的受益人(「持有人」) 作出指定付款的合約,以賠償持 有人因指定債務人無法於到期時 按債務工具條款付款而產生的損 失。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(r) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities (Continued)

i) Financial guarantees issued (Continued)

The amount of the guarantee initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in income statement over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued. In addition, provisions are recognised in accordance with note 3(r)(ii) if and when (i) it becomes probable that the holder of the guarantee will call upon the Group under the guarantee, and (ii) the amount of that claim on the Group is expected to exceed the amount currently carried in trade and other payables in respect of that guarantee i.e. the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation.

ii) Other provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for other liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(r) 已發行財務擔保、撥備及或然 負債(續)

i) 已發行財務擔保(續)

ii) 其他撥備及或然負債

倘本集團或本公司須就過去之事件承擔法律或推定 責任,而履行該責任任的 須動用能可靠估計的或數 利益,則就該時間或認 不確定之其他負債確重大 備。倘貨幣時間價值重大, 則撥備乃按預期履行 所需開支之現值列賬。

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3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

(s) Revenue recognition

Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in income statement as follows:

Revenue from the production of broadcasting programme

Revenue arising from the production of broadcasting programme is recognised when production is completed and the master copy is delivered at the customers' premises which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the master copy and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

ii) Revenue from sales of goods

Revenue from sales of goods is recognised when goods are delivered at the customers' premises which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

iii) Rental income from operating leases

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in income statement in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in income statement as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

iv) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

收益確認 (s)

收益乃於經濟利益將有可能流入 本集團,以及能夠可靠地衡量收 益及成本(如適用)時,按下列方 式於收益表內確認:

製作廣播節目之收益

製作廣播節目之收益乃於 製作完成及母帶付運至客 戶所在地時(即客戶收納 母帶及擁有權之相關風險 與回報時)確認。收益須 扣除銷售税及減去任何貿 易折扣。

ii) 貨品銷售之收益

貨品銷售之收益乃於貨品 付運至客戶所在地時(即 客戶接納貨品及擁有權之 相關風險與回報時)確 認。收益須扣除增值税或 其他銷售税,並減去任何 貿易折扣。

iii) 經營租賃之租金收入

根據經營租賃應收之租金 收入乃按租期所涵蓋期間 以等分於收益表確認,惟 倘其他基準能更清楚地反 映使用租賃資產所產生之 收益模式者則除外。已授 租賃獎勵在收益表內列作 應收租金總額的一部分。 或然租金在收取款項的會 計期間列作收入。

iv) 利息收入

利息收入乃按實際利息法 累算。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(s) Revenue recognition (Continued)

v) Dividends

Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established. Dividend income from listed investments is recognised when the share price of the investment goes ex-dividend.

(t) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges or qualifying net investment hedges.

Translation differences on non-monetary items, such as equity instruments held at fair value through profit or loss, are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary items, such as equities classified as available-for-sale financial assets, are included in the fair value reserve in equity.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(s) 收益確認(續)

v) 股息

非上市投資的股息收入於 股東獲派股息的權利確立 時確認。上市投資的股息 收入於除息後投資股份價 格調整時確認。

(t) 外幣換算

(i) 功能及呈報貨幣

本集團各實體之財務報告 所列之項目,乃按該實體 經營所在地之主要經濟環 境之貨幣(「功能貨幣」) 計量。綜合財務報告乃以 本公司之功能及呈報貨幣 港元呈列。

(ii) 交易及結餘

非貨幣項目如按公平值持 有並於損益賬中處理之股 本工具之換算差額,均呈 報為公平值收益或虧損之 一部分。非貨幣項目如分 類為可供出售財務資產之 股本之換算差額,均計入 股本之公平價值儲備內。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(t) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity. On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in the income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(t) 外幣換算(續)

(iii)集團公司

集團旗下所有公司(全部均 非採用高通脹經濟體系之貨幣)之功能貨幣倘有別於列 賬貨幣,其業績及財務狀況須 按如下方式兑換為列賬貨幣:

- (i) 各資產負債表所列資產及 負債按其結算日之收市匯 率換算;
- (ii) 各損益表所列收入及開支 按平均匯率換算(除非此 平均匯率不足以合理地概 括反映於交易日期適用匯 率之累計影響,則在此極 深下,收入及開支則;及 易日期之匯率換算);及

因收購海外公司而產生之 商譽及公平價值調整,均 視作為該海外公司之資產 及負債處理,並於結算日 的匯率折算。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

(u) **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs are expensed in income statement in the period in which they are incurred, except to the extent that they are capitalised as being directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

(v) Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- i) the party has the ability, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, to control the Group or exercise significant influence over the Group in making financial and operating policy decisions, or has joint control over the Group;
- the Group and the party are subject to common ii) control:
- the party is an associate of the Group or a joint venture in which the Group is a venturer;
- iv) the party is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent, or a close family member of such an individual, or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals;
- V) the party is a close family member of a party referred to in (i) or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals; or
- vi) the party is a post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of employees of the Group or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(u) 借貸成本

借貸成本自所涉期間的收益表扣除, 惟直接由於收購、建設或生產需要長 時間方可作擬定用途或出售的資產 而撥充資本的借貸成本則除外。

當資產開始產生開支,並涉及借貸成 本,且正在籌備資產作擬定用途或出 售,則開始撥充借貸成本為合資格資 產成本的一部分。當合資格資產作擬 定用途或出售所需的絕大部分籌備 工作中斷或完成,借貸成本會暫停或 不再撥充資本。

(v) 關連人士

就本財務報告而言,以下人士將被視 為本集團之關連人士:

- i) 倘有關人士能夠直接或間接透過 一名或多名中介人控制本集團或 對本集團之財務及經營決策發揮 重大影響力,或與其他人士共同 擁有本集團之控制權;
- ii) 本集團與有關人士受共同控制;
- iii) 有關人士為本集團之聯營公司或 本集團為合營方之合營企業;
- iv) 有關人士為本集團或其母公司之 主要管理人員,或為該人士之直 系親屬,或受該人士控制、共同控 制或重大影響之公司;
- v) 有關人士為第(i)項所述人士之直 系親屬或受該人士控制、共同控 制或重大影響之公司;或
- vi) 有關人士為以本集團或為其關連 公司的僱員為受益人的離職後福 利計劃。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(v) Related parties (Continued)

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with the entity.

(w) Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing products or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments.

In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting system, the Group has chosen business segment information as the primary reporting format and geographical segment information as the secondary reporting format for the purposes of these financial statements.

Segment revenue, expenses, results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to that segment. For example, segment assets may include inventories, trade receivables and property, plant and equipment. Segment revenue, expenses, assets, and liabilities are determined before intra-group balances and intra-group transactions are eliminated as part of the consolidation process, except to the extent that such intragroup balances and transactions are between group entities within a single segment. Inter-segment pricing is based on similar terms as those available to other external parties.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire segment assets (both tangible and intangible) that are expected to be used for more than one period.

Unallocated items mainly comprise financial and corporate assets, interest-bearing loans, borrowings, tax balances, corporate and financing expenses.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

(v) 關連人士(續)

個人之直系親屬包括該等預料在 該人士處理該公司事項時會對其 有影響或受其影響的親屬。

(w) 分類報告

分類指本集團內可明顯區分之組成部分,並且負責提供產品或服務(業務分類),或於某個特定之經濟環境中提供產品或服務(地區分類)。每個分類所承擔之風險與所享有之回報均有別於其他分類。

按照本集團之內部財務報告制度,就本財務報告而言,本集團選擇以業務分類資料作為主要報告方式,並以地區分類資料作為次要報告方式。

分類資本開支指期內購入預期可 於超過一個期間使用之分類資產 (包括有形及無形資產)所產生 之成本總額。

不分配項目主要包括財務及企業 資產、計息貸款、借貸、税項結 餘、企業與融資費用。

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4. **TURNOVER**

The Group is principally engaged in the media-related business, including broadcasting, publishing and multi-media product trading

Turnover represents income from broadcasting business and sales value of multi-media products sold to customers. The amount of

4. 營業額

本集團主要經營媒體相關業務,包括廣 播、出版及多媒體產品買賣業務。

營業額指廣播業務之收入及向客戶出售 多媒體產品之銷售值。年內確認為營業

		2008	200
		二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零零七 ^年 HK\$'00
		港幣千元	港幣千万
Broadcasting business Publishing and multi-media	廣播業務 出版及多媒體產品	7,512	22,01
product trading business	買賣業務	43,174	10,03
		50,686	32,05
OTHER REVENUE	5. 其	其他收益	
		2008	200
		二零零八年 <i>HK</i> \$'000	二零零七年 HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Interest income from bank deposits	銀行存款之利息收入	581	7:
Interest income from others	來自其他項目之利息收入	304	
Total interest income on financial assets	並非透過損益以公平值計量之		
not at fair value through profit or loss Rental income from leasing of	財務資產之總利息收入 租用汽車之租金收入	885	7
motor vehicles	八和和田伽娄之和人此。	-	25
Rental income from sub-letting of rented premises	分租租用物業之租金收入	408	23
Deposits forfeited Others	沒收按金 其他	2,800	77
Others	共化		77
		4,107	1,338
OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET	6.	其他收入及溢利淨額	
		2008 二零零八年	200 二零零七年
		—◆◆八牛 HK\$'000	—◆◆12月 HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Gain on disposal of	出售可供出售財務資產之收益	2.005	
available-for-sale financial assets Waiver of amounts due to ex-subsidiaries	獲豁免欠前附屬公司款項	2,925 1,021	
Compensation received-income arising	已收取之補償一由一間	· ·	
from profit guarantee to a subsidiary (note 35(a))	附屬公司作出之 溢利保證所產生之收入		
, ,	(附註35(a))	22,000	
		25,946	

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

7. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

7. 除税前虧損

Loss before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

除税前虧損已扣除/(計入)下列各項:

				2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元
(a)	Finance costs	(a)	融資成本		
	Other interest paid Interest on convertible notes		其他已付利息 可換股票據之利息	25	-
	(note 26) Finance charges on obligation		(附註26) 融資租賃承擔之	1,114	-
	under a finance lease		融資費用		29
	Total interest expense on financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss		並非透過損益以 公平值計量之財務 負債利息開支總額	1,168	29
(b)	Staff costs (including directors' remuneration)	(b)	員工成本 (包括董事酬金)		
	Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans Equity-settled share-based		定額供款退休計劃 之供款 以股本結算股份形式	177	126
	payment expenses Salaries, wages and other benefits		付款支出 薪金、工資及其他福利	7 6,400	14 6,522
				6,584	6,662
(c)	Other items	(c)	其他項目		
	Depreciation - owned assets - leased asset Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss Auditors' remuneration Operating lease charges:		折舊 一自置資產 一租賃資產 小匯(收益)/虧損淨額 核數師酬金 經營租賃支出:	2,020 224 (16) 385	5,413 170 128 303
	minimum lease payments in respect of property rentals Cost of inventories Loss on disposal of property,		物業租金之 最低租金 存貨成本 出售物業、廠房及	3,182 47,380	3,416 28,086
	plant and equipment Net realised loss		設備之虧損買賣證券之	8,342	76
	on trading securities Unrealised loss		貝買超券之 已變現虧損淨額 買賣證券之	1,318	2,476
	on trading securities *		未變現虧損*	2,477	42,455

^{*} The amount of unrealised loss on trading securities for the year ended 31 March 2008 arose from remeasurement of the fair value of the Group's investment in NextMart Inc. at the balance sheet date.

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,買賣證券之未變現虧損金額由於 結算日重新計算本集團於NextMart Inc.之投資公平值所產生。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

7. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION (Continued)

(d) Net (loss)/gain on disposal of subsidiaries

In view of uncertainty of the recovery of the outstanding balances in that the subsidiaries disposed of during the year were in financial difficulties and sustained losses, the directors concluded that it is appropriate to make a full impairment loss on the amount of HK\$30,819,000 (2007: HK\$21,943,000) due from these disposed subsidiaries which were subsequently written off in full during the year.

7. 除税前虧損(續)

(d) 出售附屬公司之(虧損)/收益 淨額

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由於年內已出售之附屬公司有財政困難及持續虧損,故無法確定可收回有關欠款,因此,董事認為就應收該等已出售附屬公司之款項港幣30,819,000元(二零零七年:港幣21,943,000元)作全數減值虧損屬恰當之舉,而有關虧損已在其後於年內全數撇銷。

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		二零零八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	二零零七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries (note 31) Impairment loss on amounts due from	出售附屬公司收益 <i>(附註31)</i> 就出售時應收附屬公司 款項作出之減值虧損	30,818	24,535
subsidiaries upon disposal		(30,819)	(21,943)
		<u>(1)</u>	2,592

8. INCOME TAX

(a) Taxation in the consolidated income statement represents:

For the year ended 31 March 2008, no provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group has no estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year (2007: Nil). In 2008, the government enacted a change in the profits tax rate from 17.5% to 16.5% for the fiscal year 2008/2009.

No provision for overseas taxation has been made as the overseas subsidiaries have no estimated assessable profits arising from their jurisdictions during the years ended 31 March 2008 and 2007.

8. 所得税

(a) 綜合收益表內之税項指:

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,由於本集團於年內並無估計香港應課税溢利,故此並無作出香港利得税撥備(二零零七年:無)。於二零零八年,政府頒令將二零零八/二零零九財政年度之利得税税率由17.5%更改為16.5%。

由於截至二零零八年及二零零七年三月三十一日止年度海外附屬公司在其所屬司法權區並無估計應課稅溢利,故並無作出海外稅項撥備。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

8. **INCOME TAX** (Continued)

所得税(續) 8.

(b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting loss at applicable tax rates:

税項支出與按適用税率計算之 (b) 會計虧損對賬如下:

		2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(722)	(67,017)
Notional tax on loss before taxation, calculated at the applicable	除税前虧損之名義税項· 按適用税率25%計算 (二零零七年:33%)	(490)	(00.116)
rate of 25% (2007: 33%) Tax effect of non-taxable income	(二令令七千·33%) 毋須課税收入之税務影響	(180) (15,559)	(22,116) (8,723)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses Tax effect of unused tax losses	不可扣税支出之税務影響未確認未動用税項虧損之	16,099	19,439
not recognised	税務影響	1,119	418
Tax effect of additional tax deduction Effect of different taxation rate used	額外扣減税項之税務影響 其他司法權區不同税率之影響	-	371
in other tax jurisdictions		(1,479)	10,611
Actual tax expense	實際税項支出		

With effect from 1 January 2008, the new Corporate Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China (the "new CIT Law") changes the corporate income tax rate to 25%. The change in applicable tax rate under the new CIT Law is unlikely to have a significant impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position.

自二零零八年一月一日起,中華人民共 和國新企業所得税法(「新企業所得税 法」) 將企業所得税改為25%。新企業所 得税法項下之適用税率變動應不會對本 集團之營運業績及財務狀況構成重大影 纏。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

9. **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

金幡軍董 9.

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is as follows:

根據香港公司條例第161條披露之董事 酬金如下:

Year ended 31 March 2008

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度

		Directors' fees 董事袍金 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物福利 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Retirement scheme contributions 退休計劃 供款 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Share-based payments (note i) 股份付款 (附註i) HK\$'000 港幣千元	2008 Total 二零零八年 總計 HK\$*000 港幣千元
Executive directors Chen Ping Ma Jian Ying Walter Stasyshyn Man Ming Tung Hsiao Chi (resigned on 12.09.2007)	執行董事 陳 平 馬建英 Walter Stasyshyn 文 明 董小琪 (於二零零七年 九月十二日辭任)	- - -	1,261 901 328 -	12 12 - -	- - - -	1,273 913 328 -
Independent non-executive directors Chu Yu Lin, David Yan Tat Wah, Joseph Deng Jordan Z.	獨立非執行董事 朱幼麟 甄達華 鄧志端	120 120 120				120 120 120
Year ended 31 March 2007	7	Directors' fees	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	Retirement scheme contributions	七年三月三十 Share-based payments (note i)	2007 Total
		董事袍金 HK\$'000 港幣千元	薪金、津貼及 實物福利 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	退休計劃 供款 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	股份付款 <i>(附註i)</i> HK\$'000 港幣千元	二零零七年 總計 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元
Executive directors Chen Ping Ma Jian Ying Walter Stasyshyn Man Ming Tung Hsiao Chi	執行董事 陳 平 馬建英 Walter Stasyshyn 文 明 董小琪	- - - -	1,080 720 503 - 300	12 12 - -	- - - - 14	1,092 732 503 - 314
Independent non-executive directors Chu Yu Lin, David Yan Tat Wah, Joseph Deng Jordan Z.	獨立非執行董事 朱幼麟 甄達華 鄧志端	120 120 100 340	2,603	- - - 24	- - - - 14	120 120 100 2,981
		340	2,003	24	14	2,901

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

9. **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION** (Continued)

Note:

- These represent the estimated value of share options granted to the directors under the Company's share option scheme. The value of these share options is measured according to the Group's accounting policies for share-based payment transactions as set out in note 3(p)(ii) and, in accordance with that policy, includes adjustments to reverse amounts accrued in previous years where grants of equity instruments are forfeited prior to vesting. The details of these benefits in kind, including the principal terms and number of options granted, are disclosed under the paragraph "Share option scheme" in the directors' report and note 28.
- For the years ended 31 March 2008 and 2007, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Company or as a compensation for loss of office. None of the directors waived or agreed to waive any remuneration for the years ended 31 March 2008 and 2007.

INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS 10.

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, two (2007: four) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in note 9. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other three (2007: one) individuals are as follows:

9. 董事酬金(續)

附註:

- 有關數額即根據本公司購股權計劃 i) 授予董事之購股權估計價值。該等購 股權之價值乃根據附計3(p)(ii)所載以 股份形式付款交易之本集團會計政 策計算,且根據該政策,有關價值亦 已計入因所授股本工具在歸屬前已 沒收而產生的過往年度累計儲備數 額調整。該等實物利益之詳情(包括 主要條款及授出購股權之數目)已披 露於董事會報告之「購股權計劃」一 段及附註28。
- 截至二零零八年及二零零七年三月 ii) 三十一日止年度,本集團並無支付酬 金予任何董事,作為彼等加入或已加 入本集團的獎勵或離職補償。截至二 零零八年及二零零十年三月三十一 日止年度,並無董事豁免或同意豁免 其酬金。

10. 最高薪人士

五名最高薪人十中,兩名(二零零十年: 四名)為董事,其酬金已於附註9披露。 另三名(二零零七年:一名)人士之酬金 總額如下:

		2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元
Salaries and other emoluments Retirement scheme contributions	薪金及其他薪酬 退休計劃供款	1,780 33	360 12
		1,813	372

The emoluments of the three (2007: one) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following band:

三名(二零零七年:一名)最高薪人士之 酬金介乎以下範圍:

2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
Number of	Number of
Individual	individual
人數	人數

Nil - HK\$1,000,000

港幣零元至港幣1,000,000元

截至二零零八年及二零零七年三月三十 一日 1 年度,本集團並無支付酬金予任 何五位最高薪人士,作為彼等加入或已 加入本集團的獎勵或離職補償。

For the years ended 31 March 2008 and 2007, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the five highest individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as a compensation for loss of office.

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

11. LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated loss attributable to equity holders of the Company includes a profit of HK\$31,559,000 (2007: a loss of HK\$80,520,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 27(b)).

12. LOSS PER SHARE

(a) Basic loss per share

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the Group's loss attributable to equity holders of the Company of HK\$722,000 (2007: HK\$67,017,000) and the weighted average of 556,037,000 ordinary shares (2007: 556,037,000 ordinary shares) in issue during the year. Weighted average number of ordinary shares is calculated as follows:

11. 本公司權益持有人應佔虧損

本公司權益持有人應佔綜合虧損包括虧損港幣31,559,000元(二零零七年:虧損港幣80,520,000元),該虧損已於本公司之財務報告處理(附註27(b))。

12. 每股虧損

(a) 每股基本虧損

每股基本虧損乃根據本公司權益持有人應佔集團虧損港幣722,000元(二零零七年:港幣67,017,000元)及年內已發行普通股加權平均數556,037,000股普通股(二零零七年:556,037,000股普通股)計算。普通股加權平均數按下列方式計算:

2007

二零零八年 '000 <i>千股</i>	二零零七年 '000 千股
556,037	556,037
556,037	556,037

2008

Issued ordinary shares at 1 April

於四月一日之已發行普通股

Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 March

於三月三十一日之普通股的 加權平均數

(b) Diluted loss per share

No disclosure of diluted loss per share for the year ended 31 March 2007 was shown as the exercise prices of the outstanding share options of the Company during the year were higher than the average market prices of the ordinary shares of the Company and accordingly there was no dilutive effect on the basic loss per share.

Diluted loss per share for the year ended 31 March 2008 has not been disclosed as the share options and convertible notes outstanding during the year had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic loss per share for the year.

13. SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's business and geographical segments. Business segment information is chosen as the primary reporting format because this is more relevant to the Group's internal financial reporting.

(b) 每股攤薄虧損

截至二零零七年三月三十一日止年度,由於年內本公司未行使購股權之行使價高於本公司普通股之平均市價,因而對每股基本虧損並無攤薄影響,故並無披露每股攤薄虧損。

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,由於年內未行使購股權及可換股票據對年內之每股基本虧損具反攤薄影響,故並無披露每股攤薄虧損。

13. 分類報告

分類資料按本集團之業務及地區分類呈 列。本集團選擇以業務分類資料作為主 要報告形式,乃由於此舉較切合本集團 之內部財政報告。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

13. **SEGMENT REPORTING** (Continued)

Business segments

The Group comprises the following main business segments:

Broadcasting and content production: the production of broadcasting programmes.

Publishing and multi-media product trading: the trade of multimedia products.

13. 分類報告(續)

業務分類

本集團有以下主要業務分類:

廣播及節目製作:廣播節目製作。

出版及多媒體產品買賣:多媒體產品買 賣。

		Broadcasting and content production 廣播及節目製作		Publishing media prod 出版及多媒	uct trading	Consolidated 綜合		
		2008 二零零八年	2007 二零零七年	2008 二零零八年	2007 二零零七年	2008 二零零八年	2007 二零零七年	
		HK\$'000 港幣千元		HK\$'000 港幣千元		HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	
Revenue from external customers	來自外界客戶之 收益	7,512	22,015	43,174	10,035	50,686	32,050	
Segment results	分類業績	(7,460)	(15,221)	9,114	(6,038)	1,654	(21,259)	
Interest income	利息收入					885	75	
Unallocated corporate operating income	不分配企業 經營收入					422	1,263	
Unallocated corporate operating expenses	不分配企業 經營開支					(2,515)	(47,067)	
Profit/(loss) from operations Finance costs	經營溢利/(虧損) 融資成本					446 (1,168)	(66,988) (29)	
Loss before taxation Income tax	除税前虧損 所得税					(722) 	(67,017)	
Loss for the year	年度虧損					(722)	(67,017)	
Depreciation and amortisation for the year Impairment loss on:	本年度折舊及 攤銷 下列項目減值虧損:	873	839	1,371	4,744	2,244	5,583	
- goodwill - intangible assets Impairment loss on	一商譽 一無形資產 貿易應收賬款	3,184 841	- -	- -	10,749	3,184 841	10,749	
trade receivables	減值虧損 出售物業、廠房及	1,128	1,549	-	_	1,128	1,549	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	設備之虧損	30	24	8,312	52	8,342	76	
Reversal of impairment loss on other receivables	其他應收賬款 減值撥回	(63)	(3,333)	_	_ -	(63)	(3,333)	
Unallocated net realised and unrealised loss on trading securities Significant non-cash expenses (other than depreciation and	買賣證券之不分配 已變現及未變現 虧損淨額 大額非現金開支 (折舊及攤銷除外)	-	-	-		-	44,931	
amortisation)		5,153	1,549		10,749	5,153	12,298	

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

13. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

13. 分類報告(續)

Business segments (Continued)

業務分類(續)

		Broadcasting and content production 廣播及節目製作		Publishing a media produ 出版及多媒體	uct trading	Consolidated 綜合		
		2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	
Segment assets	分類資產	20,658	31,117	43,131	15,403	63,789	46,520	
Unallocated corporate assets	不分配企業資產					2,403	7,481	
Total assets	資產總值					66,192	54,001	
Segment liabilities	分類負債	30,450	39,995	1,847	10,495	32,297	50,490	
Unallocated corporate liabilities	不分配企業負債					30,384	3,296	
Total liabilities	負債總額					62,681	53,786	
Capital expenditure incurred during the year	年內產生之 資本開支	393	88	25		418	88	

Geographical segments

The Group's business is managed on a worldwide basis, but participates in two principal economic environments. Mainland China is a major market for all of the Group's business. In Hong Kong, the only business is publishing and multi-media product trading.

In presenting information on the basis of geographical segments, segment revenue is based on the geographical location of customers. Segment assets and capital expenditure are based on the geographical location of the assets.

地區分類

本集團之業務遍佈世界各地,但主要於兩個經濟環境經營業務。中國內地為本集團所有業務之主要市場,而本集團在香港則只經營出版及多媒體產品買賣業務。

按地區分類呈列資料時,分類收益乃根據客戶的地理位置劃分,而分類資產及資本開支則依據資產之地理位置劃分。

		Mainland China 中國內地		Hong Kong 香港		Consolidated 綜合	
		2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> *000 港幣千元	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元
Revenue from external customers Carrying amount of	來自外界客戶之 收益 分類資產賬面值	19,133	32,050	31,553		50,686	32,050
segment assets Capital expenditure incurred	年內產生之	19,535	26,548	46,657	27,453	66,192	54,001
during the year	資本開支	232	70	186	18	418	88

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

14. 物業、廠房及設備

本集團 The Group

	imp	Leasehold provements 租賃	Plant and machinery	Office furniture and fixtures 辦公室	Motor vehicles	Total
		物業裝修 HK\$'000	廠房及機器 HK\$'000	家俱及裝置 HK\$'000	汽車 HK\$'000	總值 HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Cost At 1 April 2006	成 本 二零零六年	5.740	00.000	0.000	1 400	00.070
Exchange adjustments Additions	四月一日 匯兑調整 添置 出售	5,749 - -	20,832 246 70	2,992 - 18	1,406	30,979 246 88
Disposals At 31 March 2007 and 1 April 2007	於二零零七年 三月三十一日		(989)	(190)	(246)	(1,425)
Exchange adjustments	及二零零七年 四月一日 匯兑調整	5,749 –	20,159 355	2,820 -	1,160 –	29,888 355
Additions Disposals	添置 出售	(5,749)	263 (16,856)	134 (2,764)		418 (25,369)
At 31 March 2008	於二零零八年 三月三十一日	21	3,921	190	1,160	5,292
Aggregate amortisation and depreciation: At 1 April 2006	總攤銷及折舊 : 於二零零六年					
Exchange adjustments	四月一日 匯兑調整	3,333	6,530 113	2,280	477 -	12,620 113
Charge for the year Written back on disposals	年度扣除 出售撥回	2,230	3,020 (683)	151 (164)	182 (179)	5,583 (1,026)
At 31 March 2007 and 1 April 2007	於二零零七年 三月三十一日 及二零零七年					
Exchange adjustments	四月一日	5,563	8,980 207	2,267	480	17,290 207
Charge for the year Written back on disposals	年度扣除 出售撥回	188 (5,749)	1,734 (8,384)	98 (2,328)	(1)	2,244 (16,462)
At 31 March 2008	於二零零八年 三月三十一日	2	2,537	37	703	3,279
Net book value At 31 March 2008	賬面淨值 於二零零八年 三月三十一日	19	1,384	153	457	2,013
At 31 March 2007	於二零零七年 三月三十一日	186	11,179	553	680	12,598

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Notes:

(a) Property, plant and equipment held under a finance lease (note 25)

The Group leases a motor vehicle under a finance lease expiring in May 2009. At the end of the lease term the Group has the option to purchase the leased motor vehicle at a price deemed to be a bargain purchase option. The lease does not include contingent rentals.

At the balance sheet date, the net book value of motor vehicle held under a finance lease of the Group was HK\$457,000 (2007: HK\$680,000).

14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

附註:

(a) 根據融資租賃持有之物業、廠房及設備(附註25)

本集團根據於二零零九年五月屆滿 之融資租賃租用汽車。於租賃期屆滿 後,本集團有權選擇按優惠價格購買 該等汽車。租賃並無包括或然租金。

於結算日,本集團根據融資租賃持有 之汽車賬面淨值為港幣457,000元 (二零零七年:港幣680,000元)。

15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Group

15. 無形資產

本集團

Copyright of book titles

書目之版權

 2008
 2007

 二零零八年
 二零零七年

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 港幣千元
 港幣千元

Cost: At 1 April and 31 March	成本 於四月一日及三月三十一日	841	841
Accumulated impairment losses: At 1 April	累計減值虧損 : 於四月一日	_	
Impairment loss	減值虧損	841	
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	841	
Carrying amount: At 31 March	賬面值 : 於三月三十一日	_	841

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

- (a) The copyright represents a set of exclusive rights for the Group to reproduce 115 educational book titles. The copyright of book titles is amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life from the date when it is available for use.
- (b) In 2007, the copyright was not available for use as the Group was applying to the PRC government for approval in publishing the books in the PRC. The approval was expected to be granted to the Group before March 2008. The directors were of the opinion that the recoverable amount of the copyright of book titles as at the balance sheet date was higher than their carrying value and no impairment loss was considered necessary. The valuation of the copyright of book titles was performed by RHL Appraisal Ltd., an independent valuer on an open market basis in 2007.

In 2008, the approval has not been granted by the PRC government and the directors concluded that it is appropriate to provide for a full impairment loss.

非上市股份,按成本

減:減值虧損

16. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Unlisted shares, at cost

Less: Impairment losses

15. 無形資產(續)

- (a) 版權指本集團翻印115本教育書目之獨家權利。書目版權由可供使用當日起以直線法於估計可使用年期內攤銷。
- (b) 於二零零七年,本集團仍在向中國政府申請批准於中國出版該等書籍,故有關版權仍未可供使用。本集團預期將於二零零八年三月前獲得批准。董事認為由於項馬間檢權在結算日之可收回款項高於其賬面值,故毋須為書目之版權訂出減值虧損。書目版權之估值師永利行評值顧問有限公司按二零零七年的公開市值釐定。

於二零零八年,中國政府仍未授 出批准,而董事認為應作全數減 值虧損。

16. 於附屬公司之投資

The Company 本公司
2008 2007
二零零八年 二零零七年
HK\$'000 HK\$'000
港幣千元 港幣千元
59,499 59,499
59,499 52,505

- (a) In view of the accumulated losses and poor operating performance of subsidiaries, the directors concluded that it is appropriate to make full impairment losses of HK\$59,499,000 (2007: HK\$52,505,000) for the investment costs in these subsidiaries.
- (a) 由於附屬公司持續錄得虧損及營業表現欠佳·故董事認為應為於附屬公司之投資成本作出全數港幣59,499,000元(二零零七年:港幣52,505,000元)之減值虧損。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

16. **INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES** (Continued)

The following are details of the company's subsidiaries (b) which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary shares unless otherwise stated.

於附屬公司之投資(續) 16.

下表載有主要影響本集團業績、 (b) 資產或負債之附屬公司詳情。除 另有説明外,所持股份類別均為 普通股。

Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權比例

	推行惟比例					
Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及經營地點	Particular of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及 繳足之 資本資料	Group's effective interest 由本集團 實際持有	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有	Held by subsidiary 由附屬公司 持有	Principal activity 主要業務
Shanghai New Culture TV And Radio Making Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai New Culture") (note) 上海新文化廣播電視製作 有限公司 (「上海新文化」)	PRC 中國	Registered capital RMB5,000,000 註冊資本 人民幣5,000,000元	60%		60%	Production of television programmes and sales of multi-media products 電視節目製作及銷售多媒體產品
Sun Television Group Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	10,000 shares of US\$1 each 10,000股 每股面值 1美元之股份	100%	99%	1%	Investment holding 投資控股
Tidetime Future Optical Media Technology Limited 泰德富新光媒體有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	10,000 shares of HK\$1 each 10,000股 每股面值 1港元之股份	100%		100%	Multi-media product trading 買賣多媒體 產品
Treasurepoint Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	1 share of US\$1 each 1股每股面值 1美元之股份	100%	100%	_	Investment holding 投資控股
STR Media Limited	Hong Kong 香港	10,000 shares of HK\$1 each 10,000股 每股面值 1港元之股份	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

16. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

16. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Proportion of ownership interest

Name of company	Place of incorporation and operation	Particular of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及	Group's effective interest	Held by the Company	Held by subsidiary	Principal activity
公司名稱	註冊成立及 經營地點	繳足之 資本資料	由本集團 實際持有	由本公司 持有	由附屬公司 持有	主要業務
Sun Arts Limited	Hong Kong 香港	2 shares of HK\$1 each 2股 每股面值 1港元之股份	100%	50%	50%	Provision of corporate services 提供公司服務
China Giant Investments Limited 中霸投資有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	1 share of US\$1 each 1股 每股面值 1美元之股份	100%	100%		Share investment 股份投資

note:

附註:

Shanghai New Culture is registered under the laws of the PRC as a sino-foreign equity joint venture on 24 November 1998 to be operated for 20 years up to 23 November 2018.

上海新文化於一九九八年十一月二十四日根據中國法律註冊為中外合資企業,可營業二十年至二零一八年十一月二十三日止。

17. GOODWILL

17. 商譽

		The Group		
		本集團 2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$*000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	
Cost: At 1 April Disposals – trading of cultural related multi-media products in Mainland China	成本: 於四月一日 出售一中國內地之文化 相關多媒體產品買賣	49,304 -	57,989 (8,685)	
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	49,304	49,304	
Accumulated impairment losses: At 1 April Impairment loss Write back on disposals – trading of cultural related multi-media products in Mainland China	累計減值虧損 : 於四月一日 減值虧損 出售時撥回一中國內地之 文化相關多媒體產品買賣	46,120 3,184	44,056 10,749 (8,685)	
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	49,304	46,120	
Carrying amount: At 31 March	賬面值: 於三月三十一日	_	3,184	

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

17. GOODWILL (Continued)

Impairment tests for cash-generating units containing goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to business segment and country of operation as follows:

17. 商譽(續)

包含商譽之現金產生單位減值測試

商譽根據業務分類及營運國家分配至本 集團之已識別現金產生單位如下:

		2008 二零零八年			2007 二零零七年				
		Broad- casting and content production in Mainland China	Trading of multi-media products in Hong Kong	Publication in Mainland China		Broad- casting and content production in Mainland China	Trading of multi-media products in Hong Kong	Publication in Mainland China	
		(note (a)) 在中國內地 的廣播及 節目製作	(note (b)) 在香港的 多媒體 產品買賣	(note (c)) 在中國內地 的出版	Total	(note (a)) 在中國內地 的廣播及 節目製作	(note (b)) 在香港 的多媒體 產品買賣	(note (c)) 在中國內地 的出版	Total
		(附註(a)) HK\$'000 港幣千元	(附註(b)) HK\$'000 港幣千元	(附註(c)) HK\$'000 港幣千元	總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	(附註(a)) HK\$'000 港幣千元	(附註(b)) HK\$'000 港幣千元	(附註(c)) HK\$'000 港幣千元	總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cost Accumulated impairment loss	成本 累計減值虧損	13,749	32,371	3,184	49,304	13,749	32,371	3,184	49,304
Carrying amount	賬面值	(13,749)	(32,371)	(3,184)	(49,304)	(13,749)	(32,371)	3,184	3,184

(a) Broadcasting and content production in Mainland China (Cost: HK\$13,749,000; Impairment: HK\$13,749,000)

Due to the poor performance of the cash-generating unit in 2005 the directors concluded that the cash-generating unit was no longer able to generate sufficient cash flows to the Group and a full impairment of HK\$13,749,000 was therefore recognised in that year.

(a) 廣播及節目製作(成本:港幣 13,749,000元;減值:港幣 13,749,000元)

由於於二零零五年現金產生單位表現疲弱,董事認為該現金產生單位已不能為本集團產生足夠現金流量,因而於該年內確認全數減值港幣13,749,000元。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

17. **GOODWILL** (Continued)

Impairment tests for cash-generating units containing goodwill (Continued)

(b) Trading of multi-media products in Hong Kong (Cost: HK\$32,371,000; Impairment: HK\$32,371,000)

> Due to the changes in technology and deteriorating market conditions resulting in poor performance in this cashgenerating unit, the directors assessed the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit and concluded it was appropriate to impair the carrying amount of the goodwill by HK\$21,622,000 and HK\$10,749,000 in 2006 and 2007 respectively.

(c) Publication in Mainland China (Cost: HK\$3,184,000; Impairment: HK\$3,184,000)

> In 2007, the directors assessed the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit and concluded that it was appropriate not to provide for impairment. The directors had not determined whether the Group would allocate resources to fund and launch the business development of the cash-generating unit in accordance with the Group's expansion plans, the recoverable amount was therefore determined with reference to its fair value less costs to sell based on valuation assessed by an independent professional valuer. The valuation was performed by RHL Appraisal Ltd., an independent valuer, on an open market basis in 2007.

> In 2008, the directors assessed the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit and concluded that it is appropriate to make an impairment of HK\$3,184,000 due to adverse changes in the publication and market conditions during the year.

17. 商譽(續)

包含商譽之現金產生單位減值測試 (續)

(b) 在香港的多媒體產品買賣(成 本:港幣32.371.000元;減值: 港幣32,371,000元)

> 由於技術轉變及市況轉差,導致 此項現金產生單位表現欠佳,董 事已評估此項現金產生單位之可 收回款項,分別於二零零六年及 二零零七年認為應將商譽之賬面 值減值港幣21,622,000元及港幣 10,749,000元。

在中國內地的出版(成本:港幣 (c) 3,184,000元:減值:港幣 3,184,000元)

> 於二零零十年,董事評估現金產 生單位的可收回款項,認為毋須 作出減值撥備。董事並未決定本 集團會否分配資源以根據本集團 之拓展計劃資助及開拓該現金產 生單位之業務發展,故可收回款 項乃參考公平值減銷售成本根據 獨立專業估值師之估值釐定。估 值由獨立估值師永利行評值顧問 有限公司於二零零七年按公開市 值進行。

> 於二零零八年,董事就現金產生 單位之可收回金額作出評估,並 認為由於出版及市況於年內出現 不利變動,應作出港幣3,184,000 元之減值。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

18. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

18. 於一家聯營公司之權益

The Group 本集團

2008 二零零八年 2007 二零零七年

HK\$'000

HK\$'000

港幣千元

港幣千元

Share of net assets 分佔資產淨值

Note: Investment in Sun Satellite Television Company Limited was

disposed of during the year.

附註: 陽光衛星電視有限公司之投資已於 年內出售。

(a) In 2007, the particulars of the associate which was an unlisted corporate entity were as follows:

(a) 於二零零七年該家為非上市企 業實體之聯營公司詳情如下:

Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權比例

Name of associate 聯營公司名稱	Form of business structure 業務結構 之形式	Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及 經營地點	Particulars of issued and paid up capital 已發行及 繳足資本之資料	Group's effective interest 由本集團 實際持有	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有	Held by a subsidiary 由附屬公司 持有	Principal activity 主要業務
Sun Satellite Television Company Limited ("Sun Satellite") 陽光衛星電視 有限公司 (「陽光衛星」)	Incorporated 註冊成立	Hong Kong 香港	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 100股 每股面值 港幣1元 之普通股	30%		30%	Inactive 暫無營業

(b) Summary of financial information on Sun Satellite is as follows:

(b) 陽光衛星之財務資料概述如 下:

		2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Assets	資產	_	
Liabilities	負債	_	(3,197)
Equity	權益	-	(3,197)
Revenues	收益	-	_
Loss for the year	本年度虧損		(921)

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

19. OTHER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

19. 其他非流動財務資產

		The Group 本集團			ompany 公司
		2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Available-for-sale equity securities - Unlisted investments outside Hong Kong (note (a))	非上市投資 <i>(附註(a))</i>	_	1	_	-
Listed outside Hong Kong (note (b))Listed in Hong Kong (note (c))	一於香港以外地區 上市 (附註(b)) 一於香港上市 (附註(c))	1,092	1 -	-	1 –
Available-for-sale debt securities – Unlisted	可供出售之 債務證券 一非上市		1		
Market value of listed equity securities	上市股份證券之 市價	1,092	2,086		334

Notes:

- (a) In 2007, unlisted investments in securities were classified as available-for-sale securities and carried at cost less impairment, if any, as (i) they do not have a quoted market price in an active market to determine their fair value, or (ii) the range of reasonable fair value estimates of investments is significant and the probabilities of the various estimates cannot be reasonably assessed.
- In 2007, available-for-sale equity securities listed outside Hong (b) Kong included the Group's 15.1% and the Company's 2.4% equity interest in Asia Premium Television Group, Inc. ("ATVG"), a company incorporated in the State of Nevada of the United States of America and its shares registered with Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board (the "OTCBB") in the United States of America. In view of the objective evidence that (i) as at the balance sheet date ATVG incurred net current liabilities and net liabilities which indicated ATVG was in financial difficulty and ATVG might result in bankruptcy, and (ii) the ATVG's shares were thinly traded and the Group and the Company held a large number of ATVG's shares, the directors considered that the quoted market price of ATVG on the OTCBB was not a reliable indicator of its fair value and conclude that the investments in ATVG would not have real value to the Group and the Company and thus it was appropriate to carry the investments at nominal value of HK\$1,000 after an impairment of approximately HK\$38,563,000 by the Group and approximately HK\$2,185,000 by the Company as the fair value of the investments as at 31 March 2007. An impairment of approximately HK\$38,563,000 by the Group and approximately HK\$2,185,000 by the Company on the investments were firstly recognised in 2004 and 2005 respectively. In 2008, all these securities were disposed of.

附註:

- (a) 於二零零七年,由於非上市證券投資 (i)並無活躍市場報價可供計算公平 值:或(ii)該等投資的合理公平值估計 範圍頗大,且無法合理評估各項估計 的可能性,故非上市證券投資分類為 可供出售證券,按成本扣除減值(如 有)列賬。
- 於二零零七年,香港以外地區上市之 (b) 可供出售股份證券包括本集團持有 15.1%股權及本公司持有2.4%股權 ⇒ Asia Premium Television Group. Inc.(「ATVG」)。該公司於美利堅合 眾國奈華達州計冊成立,而其股份於 美利堅合眾國場外櫃枱交易系統 (「OTCBB」) 註冊。由於(i) ATVG於結 算日有流動負債淨值,而負債淨值顯 示ATVG出現財政困難,可能破產;及 (ii) ATVG股份交投薄弱,而本集團及 本公司持有大量ATVG之上市股份, 故董事認為ATVG於OTCBB的市場報 價並非其公平值之可靠指標,而投資 於ATVG對本集團及本公司並無實質 價值,故該等投資應按本集團及本公 司的投資分別減值約港幣 38,563,000元及約港幣2,185,000元 後的面值港幣1.000元作為於二零零 七年三月三十一日的投資公平值列 賬。本集團及本公司的相關投資減值 分別約港幣38,563,000元及約港幣 2,185,000元分別於二零零四年及二 零零五年首次確認。於二零零八年, 所有該等證券均已出售。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

19. OTHER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued)

(c) Available-for-sale equity securities listed in Hong Kong include the Group's 4.4% (2007: Nil) equity interest in China Star Entertainment Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong and its shares registered in The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

20. BROADCASTING PROGRAMMES

19. 其他非流動財務資產(續)

(c) 於香港上市之可供出售股份證券包括本集團持有4.4%(二零零七年:無)股權之中國星集團有限公司。該公司於香港註冊成立,而其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司註冊。

20. 廣播節目

		The Group 本集團		
		2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	
Carrying amount at 1 April Exchange adjustments Additions Amortisation	於四月一日之賬面值 匯兑調整 添置 攤銷	20,927 1,963 972 (7,994)	34,569 1,877 3,388 (18,907)	
Carrying amount at 31 March	於三月三十一日之賬面值	15,868	20,927	

- (a) The broadcasting programmes are expensed to income statement under cost of sales. The broadcasting programmes are derecognised on (i) disposal, or (ii) when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or disposal.
- (b) As at the balance sheet date, the gross carrying amount and accumulated amortisation of the broadcasting programmes were HK\$36,266,000 (2007: HK\$36,752,000) and HK\$20,398,000 (2007: HK\$15,825,000) respectively.
- (a) 廣播節目按銷售成本於收益表支 銷。廣播節目於(i)出售時,或(ii)預 期使用或出售有關節目不會再獲 得經濟利益時,會解除確認。
- (b) 於結算日·廣播節目之賬面總值 及累計攤銷分別為港幣 36,266,000元(二零零七年:港幣 36,752,000元)及港幣 20,398,000元(二零零七年:港幣 15.825,000元)。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

21. TRADING SECURITIES

證券投資 21.

The	Group	and the	Company
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本集團及本公司

2008 2007 二零零八年 二零零七年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 港幣千元 港幣千元

Trading securities (at market value) 證券買賣(按市值)

Listed equity securities - outside Hong Kong 上市股本證券 一於香港以外地區

338

6,207

338

6,207

At 31 March 2008, the carrying amount of interest in the following company represents 0.5% (2007: 11.4%) and 0.6% (2007: 26.7%) of the Group's and the Company's total assets respectively:

於二零零八年三月三十一日,下列公司 之權益賬面值分別超過本集團及本公司 資產總值之0.5%(二零零七年:11.4%) 及0.6%(二零零六年:26.7%)。

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Particulars of issued shares held by the Group and the Company 本集團及本公司持有之已發行股份資料	Proportion of ownership interest held by the Group and the Company 本集團及本公司之 擁有權比例 2008 2007 二零零八年 二零零七年	Principal activity 主要業務
NextMart Inc.	State of Minnesota, United States of America 美利堅合眾國 明尼蘇達州	736,894 (2007: 1,624,131) common shares of US\$0.01 each 每股面值0.01美元 之736,894股 (二零零七年: 1,624,131股) 普通股	0.90 % 1.7%	Outsourced brand management and production center for apparel brands 外判衣服品牌 的品牌管理及 生產中心

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

22. 貿易及其他應收賬款

			The Group 本集團		ompany 公司
		2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$*000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	二零零八年 HK\$'000	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元
Amounts due from subsidiaries (note (a))	應收附屬公司款項 (附註(a))	-	-	- 52,844	7,875
Amount due from a related company (note (b)) Trade receivables (note (c))	應收一間關連公司 款項 (附註(b)) 貿易應收賬款	-	1,014		-
Prepayments and deposits Other receivables (note (d))	(附註(c)) 預付款項及按金 其他應收賬款	58 14,604	3,861 1,013	3 138	112
	(附註(d))	14,687	7,388		9,487
(a) Amounts due from su	bsidiaries		(a) 應		Į
				The Compa 本公司	iny
				2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元
Amounts due from subs Less: Impairment loss	idiaries 應收附屬2 減:減值虧		<u> </u>	164,402 111,558	241,545 233,670
				52,844	7,875
The consequents due from a	de etalle de e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		r/h	FULNI 로스크화현	5 77 fm +117 +119 / 42

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interestfree and have no fixed terms of repayment.

應收附屬公司款項乃無抵押、免 息及無固定還款期。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(a) Amounts due from subsidiaries (Continued)

In view of the subsidiaries, which sustained losses and had poor operating performance, not financially capable of repaying to the Company, the directors concluded that it is appropriate to make an impairment loss on HK\$111,558,000 (2007: HK\$233,670,000), after considering the profitability, financial positions, cash flows and future prospects of these subsidiaries, and certain key assumptions.

Movements of impairment loss on amounts due from subsidiaries are analysed as follows:

於四月一日

本年度扣除

於三月三十一日

撇銷

22. 貿易及其他應收賬款(續)

(a) 應收附屬公司款項(續)

由於該等附屬公司持續錄得虧損及營業表現欠佳,故該等附屬公司在財政上未能還款予本公司,因此,董事經考慮該等附屬公司司之盈利能力、財務狀況、現金司司之盈利能力、財務狀況、現金記量、未來前景、以及若干主要假設、認為應該為應收附屬公司(二零零七年:港幣233,670,000元)之減值虧損。

應收附屬公司款項之減值虧損變動分析如下:

The Company

本公	公司
2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
港幣千元	港幣千元
233,670	253,341
1,961	2,272
(124,073)	(21,943)
111.558	233.670

(b) Amount due from a related company

At 1 April

Write-offs

At 31 March

Charge for the year

The amount due from 上海新文化傳媒投資 (集團) 有限公司 (「新文化傳媒」) is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment. 新文化傳媒 is the holding company of a minority shareholder of Shanghai New Culture, a subsidiary of the Company (note 16).

(b) 應收關連公司款項

應收上海新文化傳媒投資(集團)有限公司(「新文化傳媒」) 之款項為無抵押、免息及無固定 還款期。新文化傳媒為上海新文 化廣播電視製作有限公司(本公司附屬公司)少數股東之控股公司(附註16)。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(c) Trade receivables

An ageing analysis of trade debtors net of impairment loss on bad and doubtful debts of HK\$3,572,000 (2007: HK\$2,235,000) is as follows:

22. 貿易及其他應收賬款(續)

(c) 貿易應收賬款

已扣除港幣3,572,000元 (二零零七年:港幣2,235,000元) 呆壞賬減值虧損之貿易應收賬款賬齡分析如下:

The Group

		本集團		
		2008	2007	
		二零零八年	二零零七年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	
Within 1 month	一個月內	_	_	
More than 1 month but within 2 months	多於一個月但兩個月內	_	_	
More than 2 months but within 3 months	多於兩個月但三個月內	_	_	
More than 3 months but	多於三個月但六個月內			
within 6 months		7	3,173	
Over 6 months but	多於六個月但十二個月內			
within 12 months		51	688	
		58	3,861	

The Group allows a credit period normally ranging from 15 days to 180 days to its trade customers. The Group may, on a case by case basis and after evaluation of the business relationship and creditworthiness, extend the credit period upon customers' request.

As at 31 March 2008, trade receivables of approximately HK\$3,572,000 (2007: HK\$2,235,000) were determined to have been impaired and full provision had been made, in light of the fact that these trade receivables were long overdue for over one year as at the balance sheet date without any settlement during that year and remained outstanding, and/or were due from debtors with financial difficulties.

本集團一般給予貿易客戶15天至 180天之信貸期。本集團可按個 別情況,經評核與客戶的業務關 係及信貸評級後,因應客戶要求 而延長信貸期。

於二零零八年三月三十一日,由於約港幣3,572,000元(二零零七年:港幣2,235,000元)之本集團貿易應收賬款於結算日已長期拖欠超過一年,在年內亦無任何還款,且仍未清償及/或來自有財政困難的債務人,故評定為已減值,並已作出全數撥備。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(c) Trade receivables (Continued)

The aged analysis of the trade receivables that are considered to be impaired is as follows:

22. 貿易及其他應收賬款(續)

(c) 貿易應收賬款(續)

已被視為減值之貿易應收賬款之 賬齡分析如下:

The Group
本集團
2008

The Group

 二零零八年
 二零零七年

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 港幣千元
 港幣千元

Less than 6 months past due 6 months to 1 year past due 1 year to 3 years past due

逾期六個月內 逾期六個月至一年 逾期一年至三年

3,572

2,235

2,235

3,861

2007

The aged analysis of the trade receivables that are not considered to be impaired is as follow:

不被視為減值之貿易應收賬款之 賬齡分析如下:

The Group 本集團

 2008
 2007

 二零零八年
 二零零七年

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 港幣千元
 港幣千元

 7
 3,173

 51
 688

58

Less than 6 months past due 6 months to 1 year past due

逾期六個月內 逾期六個月至一年

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

已逾期但無減值之應收賬款涉及與本集團有良好記錄之多個獨立客戶。根據過往經驗,本集團董認為並無必要須就該等結餘作減值撥備,此乃由於信貸質素並減值撥備,此乃由於信貸質素表重大變動,而該等結餘仍未認為可悉數收回。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品及其他信貸提升。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued) (c)

Movements of impairment loss are analysed as follows:

22. 貿易及其他應收賬款(續)

貿易應收賬款(續) (c)

減值虧損之變動分析如下:

The Group
本集團

中 朱 国	4
2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
港幣千元	港幣千元
2,235	703
209	(17)
1,128	1,549
3,572	2,235
	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元 2,235 209 1,128

Other receivables (d)

Gross receivables

(d) 其他應收款項

The Group 本集團

2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
港幣千元	港幣千元

25

應收賬款總值 As at 31 March 2007, other receivables of HK\$1,500,000

represented the amount due from Mr. Kenneth Ma Hon Wah. Further details are set out in note 34(b).

Movements of impairment loss are analysed as follows:

於二零零七年三月三十一日,其 他應收款項港幣1,500,000元指 應收馬漢華先生的款項。詳情載 於附註34(b)。

1,500

減值虧損之變動分析如下:

The Group 本集團

		117/12	
		2008	2007
		二零零八年	二零零七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
At 4 Appell	÷∧ m		0.000
At 1 April	於四月一日	-	3,333
Reversal for the year	本年度撥回		(3,333)
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	-	_

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(d) Other receivables (Continued)

In 2007, the directors concluded that it is appropriate to make a reversal of impairment loss of approximately HK\$3,333,000 on other receivables of the Group as the amounts were considered to be fully recovered.

(e) All of the trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as expense within one year.

22. 貿易及其他應收賬款(續)

(d) 其他應收款項(續)

於二零零七年,由於本集團其他 應收款項視為已全部收回,故董 事認為應撥回約港幣3,333,000 元之減值虧損。

(e) 所有貿易及其他應收賬款預期可 於一年內收回或確認為開支。

23. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

23. 現金及等同現金項目

			Group 集團	The Company 本公司		
		2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	
Cash at bank and on hand Short term deposits with bank	銀行及手頭現金 短期銀行存款	6,970 25,224	2,853 	646	547	
Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet	於資產負債表內的 現金及等同 現金項目	32,194	2,853	646	547	

The effective interest rate on short-term bank deposits was 0.475% (2007: Nil), the deposits have an average maturity of 7 days, due on 1 April 2008.

短期銀行存款之實際利率為0.475%(二零零七年:無),該存款之平均到期日為7天,於二零零八年四月一日到期。

24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

24. 貿易及其他應付賬款

			Group 集團	The Company 本公司		
		2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	
Amounts due to subsidiaries (note (a)) Amount due to a minority	應付附屬公司款項 <i>(附註(a))</i> 應付少數股東款項	-	1 _	4,212	29,450	
shareholder (note(b))	(附註(b))	914	_	-	-	
Amounts due to directors (note (c)) Amount due to a related	應付董事款項 <i>(附註(c))</i> 應付一間關連公司	-	1,500	-	1,500	
company (note (d))	款項 (<i>附註(d</i>)) 貿易應付賬款	12,012	21,467	-	-	
Trade payables (note (e))	(附註(e))	602	2,148	_	-	
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及 其他應付賬款	28,852	28,164	7,524	7,722	
		42,380	53,279	11,736	38,672	

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

Notes:

(a) Amounts due to subsidiaries

The amounts due to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

(b) Amount due to a minority shareholder

The amount due to 上海新文化廣告有限公司(新文化廣告) is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment. 新文化廣告 is a minority shareholder of Shanghai New Culture (see note 16(b)).

(c) Amounts due to directors

From September 2006 to December 2006, Mr. Chen and Ms. Ma advanced to the Company HK\$1,200,000 and HK\$300,000 respectively of which HK\$560,000 and HK\$140,000 were repaid to Mr. Chen and Ms. Ma respectively in February 2007. The amounts due to directors were unsecured, interest-free and had no fixed terms of repayment. The amounts were repaid in full by the Company in July 2007.

In addition, on 1 January 2007, the Company, Mr. Chen and Ms. Ma entered into an agreement whereby Mr. Chen and Ms. Ma agreed to advance to the Company at an aggregate amount of HK\$700,000 on revolving basis. From January 2007 to March 2007, Mr. Chen and Ms. Ma advanced to the Company HK\$560,000 and HK\$140,000 respectively. The amounts due to directors were unsecured, interest-free and repayable after six months from the date of drawdown. The amounts were repaid in full by the Company in July 2007.

(d) Amount due to a related company

The amount due to 上海新文化傳媒投資 (集團) 有限公司(「新文化傳媒」) is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment. 新文化傳媒 is the holding company of a minority shareholder of Shanghai New Culture, a subsidiary of the Company (note 16).

24. 貿易及其他應付賬款(續)

附註:

(a) 應付附屬公司款項

應付附屬公司款項乃無抵押、免息及 無固定還款期。

(b) 應付少數股東款項

應付上海新文化廣告有限公司(「新文化廣告」)之款項為無抵押、免息及無固定還款期。新文化廣告為上海新文化之少數股東(見附註16(b))。

(c) 應付董事款項

自二零零六年九月至二零零六年十二月·陳先生及馬女士分別向本公司墊支港幣1,200,000元及港幣300,000元·而其中港幣560,000元及港幣140,000元已分別於二零零七年二月償還予陳先生及馬女士。應付董事之款項乃無抵押、免息及無固定還款期。本公司已於二零零七年七月償清該等款項。

此外,本公司、陳先生及馬女士於二零零七年一月一日訂立協議,據此,陳先生及馬女士同意向本公司。自二零零 七年一月至二零零七年三月,陳先生及馬女士各向本公司墊支應付先表。 560,000元及港幣140,000元。應付提事之款項乃無抵押、免息,並須於二事之後六個月償還。該筆款項已提示。 零零七年七月由本公司全數償還。

(d) 應付一間關連公司款項

應付上海新文化傳媒投資(集團)有限公司(「新文化傳媒」)之款項為無抵押、免息及無固定還款期。新文化傳媒為本公司附屬公司上海新文化少數股東之控股公司(附註16)。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

(e) Trade payables

An ageing analysis of trade payables as of the balance sheet date is as follows:

24. 貿易及其他應付賬款(續)

(e) 貿易應付賬款

於結算日貿易應付賬款之賬齡分析 如下:

The Group

		本集團		
		2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元	
Within 1 month More than 1 month but within 2 months More than 2 months but within 3 months Over 3 months	一個月內 多於一個月但兩個月內 多於兩個月但三個月內 超過三個月	- - - 602	595 1 - 1,552	
		602	2,148	

(f) All of the trade and other payables are expected to be settled or recognised as income within one year or are repayable on demand. (f) 所有貿易及其他應付賬款預期可於 一年內支付或確認為收入或按要求 償還。

25. OBLIGATION UNDER A FINANCE LEASE

As 31 March 2008, the Group had obligation under a finance lease repayable as follows:

25. 融資租賃承擔

於二零零八年三月三十一日,本集團應 償還之融資租賃承擔如下:

The Group 本集團

			个木	 1	
		200	08	200	07
		二零零	八年	二零零	七年
		Present		Present	
		value of	Total	value of	Total
		the minimum	minimum	the minimum	minimum
		lease	lease	lease	lease
		payments	payments	payments	payments
		最低租金	最低租金	最低租金	最低租金
		之現值	總額	之現值	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Within 1 year	一年內	234	263	234	263
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後但兩年內	39	44	234	263
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後但五年內	-	-	39	44
7 ttol 2 your but within a your	III I KETI				
		39	44	273	307
		273	307	507	570
Less: total future interest expenses	減:未來利息 開支總額		34		63
Present value of lease obligation	租賃承擔現值		273		507

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

26. CONVERTIBLE NOTES

On 11 June 2007 and 20 June 2007, the Company and two independent third parties (the "Subscribers") entered into a subscription agreement and a supplemental agreement whereby the Company agreed to issue convertible notes in an aggregate principal amount of approximately HK\$25,354,000 to the Subscribers at par. The convertible notes are unsecured, interest bearing at 2% per annum and matured after five years from the date of issue of the convertible notes.

The holders of the convertible notes have the conversion right as attached to the convertible notes to convert any of the outstanding principle amount of the convertible notes into the shares of the Company at an initial conversion price of HK\$0.228 per share, subject to adjustments, during the conversion period commencing from the date of issue of convertible notes to the seven business days immediately prior to the date of maturity of the convertible notes.

The fair value of the liability component was calculated using a market interest rate for an equivalent non-convertible note. The residual amount, representing the value of the equity conversion option, is included in shareholders' equity in convertible note reserve.

26. 可換股票據

於二零零七年六月十一日及二零零七年六月二十日,本公司及兩名獨立第三方(「認購人」)訂立認購協議及補充協議,本公司同意向認購人按面值發行本金總額約港幣25,354,000元之可換股票據。可換股票據為無抵押、按年利率2厘計息,並自可換股票據發行日期起計五年後到期。

可換股票據持有人持有可換股票據所附 兑換權·可於兑換期(即可換股票據發 行日期至緊接可換股票據到期日前七個 營業日)按初步兑換價每股港幣0.228 元(或會調整)將可換股票據未贖回本 金額兑換為本公司股份。

負債部分之公平值乃以對等之不可換股票據之市場利率計算。餘值相當於股本 兑換權之價值,其乃計入可換股票據儲 備之股東資金。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

26. **CONVERTIBLE NOTES** (Continued)

The convertible notes recognised in the balance sheet are calculated as follows:

26. 可換股票據(續)

於資產負債表確認之可換股票據計算如 下:

The Group and the Company

本集團及本公司

		2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元
Fair value of convertible notes issued on 16 July, 2007 Equity component (note 27)	於二零零七年七月十六日 發行之可換股票據之公平值 (附註27)	25,354 (6,074)	
Liability component on initial recognition at 16 July, 2007 Interest expense (note 7(a)) Interest paid	於二零零七年七月十六日 初次確認時之負債部分 利息開支 (附註7(a)) 已付利息	19,280 1,114 (366)	- - -
Liability component at 31 March 2008	於二零零八年三月三十一日之 負債部分	20,028	

The fair value of the liability component of the convertible notes at 31 March 2008 amounted to HK\$20,028,000. The fair value is calculated using cash flows discounted at a rate based on the borrowings rate of 8% per annum.

於二零零八年三月三十一日,可換股票 據負債部分之公平值為港幣20,028,000 元。公平值按以借貸年利率8%貼現現金 流計算。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

27. CAPITAL AND RESERVES

27.資本及儲備

(a) The Group

(a) 本集團

		Share capital	Share of premium	Contributed surplus	Exchange reserve	Capital reserve	Share option reserve 購股權	Convertible note reserve 可換股	Fair value reserve 公平值	Accumulated losses	Total	Minority interests 少數	Total equity
		股本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 港幣千元	實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 港幣千元	匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	資本儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	票據儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	累計虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	股東権益 HK\$'000 港幣千元	股本總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2006 Exchange	於二零零六年 四月一日 換算海外	5,560	13,710	84,798	197	3,490	43	-	-	(40,493)	67,305	-	67,305
differences on translation of financial statements of	附屬公司 財務報告之 匯兑差額												
overseas subsidiaries		_	_	_	(114)	_	_	_	_	_	(114)	_	(114)
Reserve released upon disposal	出售附屬公司 後解除儲備												
of subsidiaries Equity-settled share-based	以股本結算 股份形式	-	-	-	27	-	-	-		-	27	_	27
transactions	交易	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	14	-	14
Share options lapsed	失效購股權	_	_	_	_	_	(28)	_	_	28	_	_	_
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	_								(67,017)	(67,017)	_	(67,017)
At 31 March 2007 and 1 April 2007	於二零零七年 三月 三十一日及 二零零七年 四月一日	5,560	13,710	84,798	110	3,490	29	-		(107,482)	215	_	215
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas	換算海外 附屬公司 財務報告之 匯兑差額												
subsidiaries Equity-settled	以股本結算	-	-	-	(486)	-	-	-	-	-	(486)	-	(486)
share-based transactions Share options	股份形式 交易 失效購股權	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	7	-	7
lapsed Recognition of equity component of convertible	確認可換股	-	-	-	-	-	(29)	-	-	29	-	-	-
notes Fair value changes on available-for-sale	可供出售 財務資產之 公平值變動	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,074	-	r	6,074	-	6,074
financial assets Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,577) -	- (722)	(1,577) (722)	-	(1,577) (722)
At 31 March 2008	- 於二零零八年 三月											10	
	三十一日	5,560	13,710	84,798	(376)	3,490	7	6,074	(1,577)	(108,175)	3,511		3,511

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

27. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (Continued)

27.資本及儲備(續)

(b) The Company

(b) 本公司

		Share capital	Share premium	Contributed surplus	Share option reserve 購股權	Convertible note reserve 可換股	Accumulated losses	Total equity
		股本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 港幣千元	實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 港幣千元	儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	票據儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000	股本總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2006	於二零零六年	F F00	10.710	0.4.700	40		(00.041)	05.070
Share options lapsed Equity-settled	四月一日 失效購股權 以股本結算股份	5,560 -	13,710 –	84,798 -	43 (28)	-	(39,041) 28	65,070 –
share-based transactions Loss for the year	形式交易 本年度虧損				14		(80,520)	14 (80,520)
At 31 March 2007 and 1 April 2007	於二零零七年 三月三十一日 及二零零七年							
	四月一日	5,560	13,710	84,798	29	(\	(119,533)	(15,436)
Share options lapsed Equity-settled	失效購股權 以股本結算股份	-	-	-	(29))/// -	29	-
share-based transactions Recognition of equity component of	形式交易 確認可換股票據 之股權部分	-	-	7	7		-	7
convertible notes		-	-	-	-	6,074	-	6,074
Profit for the year	本年度溢利					<u> </u>	31,559	31,559
At 31 March 2008	於二零零八年 三月三十一日	5,560	13,710	84,798	7	6,074	(87,945)	22,204

(c) Share capital

(c) 股本

Authorised and issued share capital

法定已發行股本

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each 每股面值港幣0.01元的普通股 Number of

shares **Amount** 股份數目 款項 '000 HK\$'000

		十股	港幣十元
Authorised:	法定股本:		
At 1 April 2006,	二零零六年四月一日、		
31 March 2007	二零零七年三月三十一日及		
and 31 March 2008	二零零八年三月三十一日	66,000,000	660,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:		
At 1 April 2006,	於二零零六年四月一日、		
31 March 2007 and	二零零七年三月三十一日及		
31 March 2008	二零零八年三月三十一日	556,037	5,560

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

27. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (Continued)

(c) Share capital (Continued)

Authorised and issued share capital (Continued)

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to revenue dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at shareholders' meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves

i) Share premium

The application of the share premium account is governed by section 40 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda.

ii) Contributed surplus

Contributed surplus represents the result of capital reorganisation implemented in December 2003 and September 2005. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, the contributed surplus account of the Company is available for distribution. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make distributions out of contributed surplus if:

- it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

iii) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy note 3(t).

27. 資本及儲備(續)

(c) 股本(續)

法定已發行股本(續)

普通股持有人有權收取不時派發 的收益股息,並有權在本公司股 東大會上按每一股股份有一票投 票權。有關本公司其餘資產之所 有普通股均具相同權利。

(d) 儲備之性質及用途

i) 股份溢價

使用股份溢價賬受百慕達 一九八一年公司法第40條 規限。

ii) 實繳盈餘

實繳盈餘來自二零零三年十二月及二零零五年九月的股本重組。根據百慕達一九八一年公司法,本公司的實繳盈餘可供派發。然而,倘發生下列情況,本公司不可宣派或派發股息或自實繳盈餘作出派發:

- 派付導致負債到期 時無法或可能無法 償還負債;或
- 一 導致資產的可變現 價值低於負債、已 發行股本及股份溢 價賬的總額。

iii) 匯兑儲備

匯兑儲備包括換算海外業務財務報告之所有匯兑差額。匯兑儲備按照會計政策第3(t)條處置。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

27. **CAPITAL AND RESERVES** (Continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

iv) Capital reserve

The capital reserve represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to a group reorganisaton in November 1992 and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange thereof.

v) Share option reserve

The share option reserve represents the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Company recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share based payments in note 3(p)(ii).

vi) Convertible note reserve

Convertible note reserve represents the difference between the gross proceeds of the issue of the convertible note and the fair value assigned to the liability component that is recognised directly in equity in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in note 3(m)(i).

Fair value reserve vii)

The fair value reserve represents the cumulative gain and loss on the fair value changes of availablefor-sale financial assets held at the balance sheet date that is recognised directly in equity in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in note 3(e)(iv).

Distributability of reserves (e)

As at 31 March 2008, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to equity holders of the Company, including contributed surplus and accumulated losses, was nil (2007: Nil).

27. 資本及儲備(續)

儲備之性質及用途(續) (d)

iv) 股本儲備

股本儲備為一九九二年十 一月集團重組所收購附屬 公司股份之賬面值與本公 司作為代價而發行股份之 賬面值的差額。

購股權儲備 v)

購股權儲備為授予本公司 僱員未行使購股權實際或 估計數目的公平值,有關 數額按照附註3(p)(ii)所載 有關股份形式付款的會計 政策確認入賬。

vi) 可換股票據儲備

可換股票據儲備指發行可 換股票據所得款項總額與 分配至負債部份之公平值 之間的差額,並按照附許 3(m)(i)所載之會計政策於 權益內直接確認。

公平值儲備 vii)

公平值儲備指於結算日持 有之可供出售財務資產之 公平值變動之累計收益及 虧損,並按照附註3(e)(iv) 所載之會計政策於權益內 直接確認。

分派儲備 (e)

於二零零八年三月三十一日,本 公司可派發予權益持有人之儲備 總額(包括實繳盈餘及累計虧 損)為零元(二零零七年:零元)。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

28. EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS

Employee share-based compensation benefits represent the fair value of employee services estimated to be received in exchange for the grant of the relevant options over the relevant vesting periods, the total of which is based on the fair value of the options over the relevant vesting periods and is recognised as staff costs and related expenses (note 7(b)) with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve.

(a) Share options

i) Old Scheme

Prior to the New Scheme effective on 10 November 2002, the Company has a share option scheme which was adopted on 10 November 1992 whereby the board of directors ("the Board") is authorised, at their discretion, to grant to eligible employees of the Group, including directors of any company in the Group, to take up options and subscribe for the shares of the Company. The terms and conditions of the grant are determined by the Board at the time of grant. In any event, the exercisable period of an option must not exceed a period of ten years from the date of grant. Each option gives the holder the right to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Company. Options are forfeited if the employee leaves the Group.

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed in special general meeting of the Company held on 29 October 2002, the Company terminated the operation of the Old Scheme that no further options could thereafter be offered under the Old Scheme but outstanding options granted under the Old Scheme shall remain effective subject to the relevant provisions of the Old Scheme and approved and adopted the New Scheme. There were no share options outstanding under the Old Scheme at 31 March 2008 and 2007.

28. 以股本結算股份形式交易

以股份支付之僱員補償福利指估計僱員於有關歸屬期間為換取獲授有關購股權而提供的服務公平值。福利總額乃根據於相關歸屬期間獲授購股權之公平值計算,並確認為員工成本及相關開支(附註7(b)),而購股權儲備亦相應增加。

(a) 購股權

i) 舊計劃

根據本公司於二零零二年十月二十九日舉行之股東特別大會通決議案,本公司於上會通決議案,本公司終計劃,其後不可再根據舊計劃授權,惟已根據舊計劃授出領土。 舊計劃有關條文約束),電影計劃。截至二零零七年三月三十一的購股本別,等七年三月三十一的購股本別,等於一個人工。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

28. EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(a) Share options (Continued)

ii) New Scheme

The Company has a share option scheme which was adopted on 10 November 2002 whereby the Board is authorised, at their discretion, to grant to employees of the Group, including directors of any Company in the Group, and eligible grantees to take up options and subscribe for the shares of the Company. The terms and conditions of the grant are determined by the Board at the time of grant. In any event, the exercisable period of an option must not exceed a period of ten years commencing on the date of grant. Each option gives the holder the right to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Company. Options are forfeited if the employee leaves the Group.

(b) The terms and conditions of the grants that existed during the years are as follows and all options are settled by physical delivery of shares:

28. 以股本結算股份形式交易(續)

(a) 購股權(續)

ii) 新計劃

(b) 年內已授出且均以股份實物交收 的購股權條款及條件如下:

Date of grant	Vesting period	Exercise period	Exercise price	Number of options granted 授出
授出日期	歸屬日期	行使期	行使價	購股權數目
New Scheme				
新計劃 14 March, 2005 二零零五年 三月十四日	15 March 2005 to 30 June 2007 二零零五年三月十五日至 二零零七年六月三十日	1 July 2007 to 31 December 2007 二零零七年七月一日至 二零零七年十二月三十一日	HK\$0.136 港幣0.136元	100,000
14 March, 2005 二零零五年 三月十四日	15 March 2005 to 30 June 2008 二零零五年三月十五日至 二零零八年六月三十日	1 July 2008 to 31 December 2008 二零零八年七月一日至 二零零八年十二月三十一日	HK\$0.149 港幣0.149元	100,000
			M &	200,000
28 March, 2008 二零零八年 三月二十八日	28 March 2008 to 30 April 2008 二零零八年三月二十八日至	1 May 2008 to 31 October 2009 二零零八年五月一日至	HK\$0.161 港幣0.161元	1,124,000
28 March, 2008 二零零八年 三月二十八日	二零零八年四月三十日 28 March 2008 to 31 October 2008 二零零八年三月二十八日至 二零零八年十月三十一日	二零零九年十月三十一日 1 November 2008 to 31 October 2010 二零零八年十一月一日至 二零一零年十月三十一日	HK\$0.161 港幣0.161元	808,000
				1,932,000
				2,132,000

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

- 28. **EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS** (Continued)
- 以股本結算股份形式交易(續) 28.
- (c) The weighted average exercise prices and number of share options are as follows:
- 購股權加權平均行使價及其數 (c) 目如下:

		2008		2007	
		二零零八年		二零	零七年
		Weighted	Number	Weighted	Number
		average	of share	average	of share
		exercise	options	exercise	options
		price	granted	price	granted
		加權平均	已授出	加權平均	已授出
		行使價	購股權數目	行使價	購股權數目
		HK\$	'000	HK\$,000
		港幣	千份	港幣	<i>于份</i>
Old Scheme	舊計劃	11.4 T X III		5 5000	000
Outstanding at 1 April	於四月一日尚未行使	N/A不適用	-	5.5028	320
Forfeited	沒收	N/A不適用		5.5028	(320)
Outstanding at 31 March	· 於三日三十一日				
Catatariang at 01 Marci	・	N/A不適用	_	N/A不適用	_
		10/A 22/13		14//(1 //2/1)	
New Scheme	新計劃				
Outstanding at 1 April	於四月一日尚未行使	0.1425	200	0.4533	300
Granted	授出	0.161	1,932	N/A不適用	_
Lapsed	失效	0.1425	(200)	1.075	(100)
Total outstanding	於三月三十一日				
at 31 March	尚未行使總計	0.161	1,932	0.1425	200
Evensionala et Od Marrie	교ᄽ─日─┴ □				
Exercisable at 31 March		0.404		0.1405	
	行使	0.161		0.1425	

The options outstanding at 31 March 2008 had exercise price of HK\$0.161 (2007: HK\$0.136 to HK\$0.149) and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 2 years (2007: 1.25 years).

於二零零八年三月三十一日尚未行使的 購股權行使價為港幣0.161元(二零零 七年:介乎港幣0.136元至港幣0.149 元),而加權平均剩餘合約期則為2年 (二零零七年:1.25年)。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

28. EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(d) Fair value of share options and assumptions

For the options granted under the New Scheme on 28 March 2008, the fair value of services received in return for share options granted is measured with reference to the fair value of share options granted. The estimate of the fair value of the services received is measured based on the Binomial Pricing Model. Contractual life of the option and expectations of early exercise are incorporated into the model. The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility. Expected dividends are based on historical dividends as well as expectation on future period performance. Changes in subjective input assumptions could materially affect the fair value estimate.

Fair value of share options and assumptions

28. 以股本結算股份形式交易(續)

(d) 購股權之公平值及假設

購股權公平值及假設

Note (i)

附註(i)

Granted on 28 March 2008 於二零零八年三月二十八日授出

Note (ii)

附註(ii)

		17	1,
Fair value at measurement date	於計量日期的公平值	HK\$0.0467港元	HK\$0.0628港元
Share price	股價	HK\$0.16港元	HK\$0.16港元
Exercise price	行使價	HK\$0.161港元	HK\$0.161港元
Expected volatility	預期波幅	95.02%	91.88%
Expected option life	預期購股權年期	1.6 year年	2.6 year年
Expected dividends	預期股息	-%	-%
Risk-free interest rate	無風險利率	1.25%	1.55%
Suboptimal exercise factor	次佳行使因素	1.5 times倍	1.5 times倍

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

28. EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(d) Fair value of share options and assumptions (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) Exercisable period from 1 May 2008 to 31 October 2009
- (ii) Exercisable period from 1 November 2008 to 31 October 2010

Share options were granted under a service condition. The condition has not been taken into account in the grant date fair value measurement of the services rendered. There were no market conditions associated with share options grant.

29. DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

28. 以股本結算股份形式交易(續)

(d) 購股權之公平值及假設(續)

附註:

- (i) 行使期為二零零八年五月一 日至二零零九年十月三十一 日
- (ii) 行使期為二零零八年十一月 一日至二零一零年十月三十 一日

購股權乃按服務條件授出。計算所提供服務於授出日期的公平值時,並無考慮該條件。所授出的購股權並無附帶市場條件。

29. 遞延税項

遞延税項資產/(負債)並無就以下項 目確認:

	The Group 本集團		The Company 本公司	
	2008 二零零八年	2007 二零零七年	2008 二零零八年	2007 二零零十年
	ーママハヤ HK\$'000 港幣千元	ーママピー HK\$'000 港幣千元	ーママハヤ HK\$'000 港幣千元	ーママレー HK\$'000 港幣千元
Taxable temporary differences 應課税暫時性差額 – accelerated tax depreciation — 加速税項折舊	(482)	(9,566)	_	
Tax losses 税項虧損	175,650	169,232	85,913	85,913
	175,168	159,666	85,913	85,913

The tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation. It is improbable that future profit will be available in foreseeable future against which the tax losses can be utilised.

根據現行税法,税項虧損並不會屆滿。未 能預見將來將有溢利可用以抵銷税項虧 損。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

30. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Hong Kong

The Group operate Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of \$20,000. Contributions to the plan vest immediately.

Other than Hong Kong

The subsidiary of the Group in the PRC other than Hong Kong participate in defined contribution schemes organised by the respective municipal or provincial governments in the PRC whereby they are required to make contributions at the rate 22% (2007: 20% to 22%) of the standard wages determined by the relevant authorities in the PRC.

Under the above schemes, retirement benefits of existing and retired employees are payable by the relevant PRC scheme administrators and the Group has no further obligations beyond the contributions.

31. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(a) Disposal of subsidiary during the year ended 31 March 2008

On 11 September 2007, the Group disposed of a subsidiary, namely Profit Trade Developments Limited, which was an investment holding company, to an independent third party for a cash consideration of HK\$8.

The subsidiary disposed of during the year contributed nil (2007: Nil) to the Group's turnover and had no loss attributable to equity holders of the Company (2007: HK\$5,000 loss from operations).

30. 僱員退休福利

香港

本集團根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例,為受僱於香港僱傭條例下之僱員設立強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃乃由獨立受託人管理之定額供款退休計劃。根據強積金計劃,僱主及僱員各自須按照僱員相關收入之5%向強積金計劃作出供款,惟每月有關收入上限為港幣20,000元。此計劃之供款即時歸屬。

香港以外地區

本集團於中國(香港除外)之附屬公司參與由相關中國省市政府舉辦之定額供款計劃,並須按標準工資之22%(二零零七年:20%至22%)作出供款,有關比率由中國有關部門釐定。

根據上述計劃,現有及已退休僱員之退 休福利由中國有關計劃管理人支付,而 除作出供款外,本集團並無其他義務。

31. 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) 於截至二零零八年三月三十一 日止年度內出售附屬公司

> 於二零零七年九月十一日,本集團向獨立第三方出售附屬公司 Profit Trade Developments Limited,其為投資控股公司,現 金代價為港幣8元。

> 於年內出售之附屬公司為本集團 之營業額帶來港幣零元(二零零 七年:港幣零元)且並無為本公 司權益持有人帶來應佔虧損(二 零零七年:經營虧損港幣5,000 元)。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

31. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Continued)

(b) Disposal of subsidiaries during the year ended 31 March 2007

On 31 December 2006, the Group disposed of certain subsidiaries, namely 北京泰德陽光圖書有限公司, Tianjin City Hai Jin Audio-Video Distribution Co., Ltd. and Mega Bonus Investments Limited, which were engaged in the business of publishing and multi-media product trading in Mainland China, to an independent third party for a cash consideration of HK\$1.

The subsidiaries disposed of during the year contributed HK\$899,000 (2006: HK\$1,820,000) to the Group's turnover and a loss of HK\$9,000 (2006: HK\$2,271,000) to the loss attributable to equity holders of the Company.

(c) The cash flow and the net liabilities of subsidiaries disposed of are provided below:

二零零八年 二零零十年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 港幣千元 港幣千元 物業、機器及設備 Property, plant and equipment 26 Other non-current financial assets 其他非流動財務資產 1 Inventories 存貨 254 Trade and other receivables 貿易及其他應收款項 39 Cash at bank and on hand 銀行及手頭現金 97 Trade and other payables 貿易及其他應付款項 (2,875)應付一間關連公司款項 Due to a related company (160)Net amount due to the Group 應付本集團款項淨額 (30,819)(21,943)(30,818) Net liabilities disposed of 所出售負債淨額 (24,562)解除匯兑儲備 27 Exchange reserve released Gain on disposal (note 7(d)) 出售收益(附註7(d)) 30,818 24,535 Cash consideration received. 已收現金代價,以現金支付 satisfied in cash Less: Cash of subsidiaries disposed of 減:所出售附屬公司之現金 97 Net cash outflow in respect of 出售附屬公司之 現金流出淨額 the disposal of subsidiaries (97)

31. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(b) 於截至二零零七年三月三十一 日止年度內出售附屬公司

於二零零六年十二月三十一日,本集團以現金代價港幣1元向獨立第三方出售若干附屬公司,分別為在中國內地從事出版及多媒體產品買賣業務的北京泰德陽光圖書有限公司、天津市海津音像發行有限公司及Mega Bonus Investments Limited。

年內所出售附屬公司分別為本集 團營業額及本公司權益持有人應 佔虧損帶來港幣899,000元(二 零零六年:港幣1,820,000元)及 虧損港幣9,000元(二零零六年: 港幣2,271,000元)。

2007

(c) 所出售附屬公司的現金流量及 負債淨值如下:

2008

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND **POLICIES**

財務風險管理之目標及政策 32.

Financial instruments (a)

The accounting policies for financial instruments have been applied to the line items below:

財務工具 (a)

有關財務工具的會計政策已應用 於下列項目:

The Group 本集團

fair value Available-for-

Assets at

Loans

			Loans		Available-iui-	
			and	_	sale financial	
			receivables	profit or loss 按公平值	assets	Total
			貸款及	於損益	可供出售	
			應收款項	處理之資產	財務資產	總計
		Notes	HK\$'000	<i>M</i> 生と資産 HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Assets as per	於綜合資產					
consolidated	負債表之資產					
balance sheet	~~~~~					
31 March 2008	二零零八年					
	三月三十一日					
Other non-current	其他非流動					
financial assets	財務資產	19	_	_	1,092	1,092
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	22	58	_	_	58
Prepayments and	預付款項及按金					
deposits	771777 <u>~</u>	22	14,604	_	_	14,604
Other receivables	其他應收款項	22	25	_	_	25
Trading securities	證券買賣	21	_	338	_	338
Cash and	現金及等同					
cash equivalents	現金項目	23	32,194	_	_	32,194
	7 7					
Total	總計		46,881	338	1,092	48,311
31 March 2007	二零零七年					
	三月三十一日					
Other non-current	其他非流動					
financial assets	財務資產	19	_	_	3	3
Amount due from	應收一間關連					
a related company	公司款項	22	1,014	_	_	1,014
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	22	3,861	_	_	3,861
Prepayments and	預付款項及按金					
deposits		22	1,013	_	-	1,013
Other receivables	其他應收款項	22	1,500	_	_	1,500
Trading securities	證券買賣	21	_	6,207	_	6,207
Cash and	現金及等同					
cash equivalents	現金項目	23	2,853		_	2,853
Total	總計		10,241	6,207	3	16,451
			,	-,-3.		

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND **POLICIES** (Continued)

財務風險管理之目標及政策(續) 32.

(a) Financial instruments (Continued) (a) 財務工具(續)

> The Group 本集團 **Financial liabilities** at amortised cost 按攤銷成本 列賬之財務負債 HK\$'000

Notes 附註 港幣千元

Liabilities per consolidated balance sheet	於綜合資產負債表之負債		
31 March 2008	二零零八年三月三十一日		
Convertible notes	可換股票據	26	20,028
Obligation under a financial lease	融資租賃承擔	25	273
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	24	602
Amount due to a minority shareholder	應付一名少數股東款項	24	914
Amount due a related company	應付一間關連公司款項	24	12,012
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	24	28,852
Total	總計		62,681
31 March 2007	二零零七年三月三十一日		
Obligation under a financial lease	融資租賃承擔	25	507
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	24	2,148
Amounts due to directors	應付董事款項	24	1,500
Amount due a related company	應付一間關連公司款項	24	21,467
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	24	28,164
Total	總計		53,786

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

32. 財務風險管理之目標及政策(續)

(a) Financial instruments (Continued)

(a) 財務工具(續)

The Company 本公司

				4.2	公司	
				Assets at		
			Loans		Available-for-	
			and	_	sale financial	
			receivables	profit or loss	assets	Total
			貸款及	按公平值 於損益	可供出售	
			更	成項量 處理之資產	財務資產	總計
		Notes	應收款項 HK\$'000	拠垤∠貝烓 HK\$'000	别 劣 負性 HK\$'000	#≅ il HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
A	於資產負債表					
Assets as per	が貝座貝頂衣 之資產					
balance sheet 31 March 2008	∠貝烓 二零零八年					
31 Warch 2006	三月三十一日					
Amounts due	進入三十一日 應收附屬公司					
from subsidiaries	悪牧的属ム町 款項	22	52,844			52,844
Prepayments and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	22	32,044	_	_	32,044
deposits	原门	22	138			138
Other receivables	其他應收款項	22	2	_	_	2
Trading securities	證券買賣	21	_	338	_	338
Cash and	現金及等同	21		000		000
cash equivalents	現金項目	23	646	_	_	646
casi i cquivalents	グ並会口	20				
Total	總計		53,630	338		53,968
31 March 2007	二零零七年					
	三月三十一日					
Other non-current	其他非流動					
financial assets	財務資產	19	_	_	1	1
Amounts due	應收附屬公司					
from subsidiaries	款項	22	7,875	\ \ -	-	7,875
Prepayments and	預付款項及按金					
deposits		22	112	_	_	112
Other receivables	其他應收款項	22	1,500	-	_	1,500
Trading securities	證券買賣	21	-	6,207	_	6,207
Cash and	現金及等同					
cash equivalents	現金項目	23	547		_	547
Total	總計		10,034	6,207	1	16,242

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND **POLICIES** (Continued)

財務風險管理之目標及政策(續) 32.

(a) Financial instruments (Continued) (a) 財務工具(續)

> The Company 本公司 **Financial liabilities** at amortised cost 按攤銷成本 列賬之財務負債 HK\$'000

Notes 港幣千元 附註

於資產負債表之負債		
二零零八年三月三十一日		
可換股票據	26	20,028
融資租賃承擔	25	273
應付附屬公司款項	24	4,212
應計費用及其他應付款項	24	7,524
總計		32,037
二零零七年三月三十一日		
融資租賃承擔	25	507
應付附屬公司款項	24	29,450
應付董事款項	24	1,500
應計費用及其他應付款項	24	7,722
總計		39,179
	二零零八年三月三十一日 可換理報 融資和 實質 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次	二零零八年三月三十一日 26 可換股票據 26 融資租賃承擔 25 應付附屬公司款項 24 總計 24 總計 25 應付承擔 25 應付所屬公司款項 24 應付董事款項 24 應計費用及其他應付款項 24 應計費用及其他應付款項 24

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND **POLICIES** (Continued)

(b) Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and operation risk. The Group's risk management objectives and policies mainly focus on minimising the potential adverse effects of these risks on the Group by closely monitoring the individual exposure as summarised below.

(1) Market risk

(i) Foreign currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to Renminbi ("RMB"). Certain recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the entities to which they relate.

Certain of the assets of the Group are principally denominated in United States Dollars ("US\$"). Since HK\$ is pegged to US\$, thus foreign exchange exposure on US\$ is considered as minimal. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy.

At 31st March, 2008, if HK\$ had strengthened/weakened by 10% against the RMB, equity would have been approximately HK\$339,000 (2007: HK\$309,000) higher or lower.

財務風險管理之目標及政策(續) 32.

(b) 財務風險因素

本集團之業務涉及多種財務風險:市 場風險(包括外幣風險、利率風險及 價格風險)、信貸風險、流動資金風 險及經營風險。本集團之風險管理目 標及政策主要集中於透過密切監察 個別風險,從而減低該等風險對本集 團之潛在不利影響,概述如下。

(1) 市場風險

(i) 外幣風險

本集團面對產生自不同貨幣 風險之外匯風險,主要與人民 幣(「人民幣」)有關。若干已 確認資產及負債與於海外業 務之投資淨額均以有關實體 功能貨幣以外的貨幣為單位。

本集團若干資產主要以美元 (「美元」)為單位。由於港幣 與美元掛勾,故就美元所承受 之外匯風險極微。本集團現時 並無外幣對沖政策。

於二零零八年三月三十一日, 倘港幣兑人民幣升值/貶值 10%,權益將增加或減少約港 幣339,000元(二零零十年: 港幣309,000元)。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND **POLICIES** (Continued)

- (b) Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (1) Market risk (Continued)
 - (i) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The sensitivity analysis has been determined assuming that the change in foreign exchange rates had occurred at the balance sheet date and had been applied to each of the Group entities' exposure to currency risk for financial instruments in existence at that date, and that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. The stated changes represent management's assessment of reasonably possible changes in foreign exchange rates over the period until the next annual balance sheet date. In this respect, it is assumed that the pegged rate between the Hona Kong dollars and the United States dollars would be materially unaffected by any changes in movement in value of the United States dollars against other currencies. Results of the analysis as presented in above represent an aggregation of the effects on each of the Group entities' results for the year and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date for presentation purposes. The analysis is prepared on the same basis for 2007.

(ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

> Except for cash and cash equivalents (note 23), the Group has no other significant interest-bearing assets. The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. Management does not anticipate significant impact on interestbearing assets resulted from the changes in interest rates because the interest rates of bank deposits are not expected to change significantly.

財務風險管理之目標及政策(續) 32.

- (b) 財務風險因素 (續)
 - (1) 市場風險(續)
 - (i) 外幣風險(續)

敏感度分析乃假設於結算日 出現匯率變動,並套用於本集 團各實體就當日持有之財務 工具所面對之貨幣風險,以及 所有其他變數(特別是利率) 保持不變之情況下釐定。上述 變動指管理層預期外匯匯率 在截至下一個週年結算日期 間之合理變動。就此,已假設 美元兑其他貨幣之任何變動 不會對美元兑港幣之聯繫匯 率產生重大影響。上文呈列的 分析結果指本集團各實體於 本年度之業績及就各自之功 能貨幣按結算日用作呈列之 匯率換算為港幣之影響。二零 零七年之分析乃以相同基準 編製。

(ii) 現金流量及公平值利率風險

除現金及等同現金項目(附 註23)外,本集團並無其他重 大計息資產。本集團之收入及 經營現金流量大致上獨立於 市場利率變動。由於銀行存款 利率預期並無重大變動,故管 理層預期利率變動對計息資 產並無重大影響。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(1) Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk (Continued)

The Group's convertible notes (note 26) were issued at a fixed rate of 2% per annum and expose the Group to fair value interest-rate risk. Management considers the Group's exposure to fair value interest rate risk is insignificant. Hence, the Group does not use any derivative instruments to hedge such exposure.

No sensitively analysis for the Group's exposure to interest rate risk arising from interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities is prepared since the management's assessment of reasonably possible changes in interest rates is insignificant.

(iii) Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because investments held by the Group are classified on the consolidated balance sheet as available-for-sale financial assets and trading securities. As the Group's policy is only to invest on such investments by its surplus funds, the exposure may not have significant impact on the Group's financial position. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk.

The Company is exposed to other price risk in respect of investments in subsidiaries. The sensitivity to price risk in relation to the investments in subsidiaries cannot be reliably determined due to numerous uncertainties regarding the future development of these subsidiaries.

32. 財務風險管理之目標及政策(續)

(b) 財務風險因素(續)

(1) 市場風險(續)

(ii) 現金流量及公平值利率風險 (續)

本集團之可換股票據(附註 26)乃按固定年利率2%發行·致令本集團面對公平值利 率風險。管理層認為本集團面 對之公平值利率風險並不重 大·故本集團並無採用任何衍 生工具作對沖用途。

由於管理層預計利率之合理 可能變動並不重大·故本集團 並無就產生自計息財務資產 及負債之利率風險進行敏感 度分析。

(iii) 價格風險

本公司須就投資於附屬公司 而承受其他價格風險。有關投 資於附屬公司之價格風險敏 感度因該等附屬公司未來發 展之多項不確定因素而未能 可靠釐定。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(2) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents, other non-current financial assets, trading securities, and trade and other receivables.

The credit risk on bank balances is limited because the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings in Hong Kong and the PRC.

Investments in other non-current financial assets and trading securities are governed by whether the issuer and the counterparties respectively have sound credit rating and/or reputation.

Trade and other receivables mainly arise from the Group's business activities. Management monitors the credit policy on an ongoing basis. The Group has established procedures in the selection of customers with sound credit rating and/or reputation.

The Group has well defined policies in place on the setting and approval of trading, credit and investment position limits in order to limit its credit risk exposure and concentration. As at the balance sheet date, the Group has no significant concentration of credit risk.

The maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of any collateral held is represented by the carrying amount of each of financial assets in the consolidated balance sheet after deducting any impairment allowance. Further quantitative disclosure in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are set out in note 22.

32. 財務風險管理之目標及政策(續)

(b) 財務風險因素(續)

(2) 信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要與現金及 等同現金項目、其他非流動財務 資產、證券買賣及貿易及其他應 收款項有關。

由於存款銀行商譽良好·並於香港及中國擁有高質素外部信貸評級·故銀行結餘之信貸風險有限。

投資其他非流動財務資產及證券 買賣須視乎發行人及交易對手是 否擁有良好信貸評級及/或聲 譽。

貿易及其他應收賬款主要來自本 集團業務。管理層一直監察信貸 政策,而本集團設有既定程序挑 選具可靠信貸評級及/或聲譽的 客戶。

本集團已就訂立及審批貿易、信貸及投資狀況上限制定清晰政策,限制所涉信貸風險及集中程度。截至結算日,本集團並無高度集中的信貸風險。

本集團面對的最大信貸風險(不計任何持有之抵押品)為經扣減任何減值撥備後·各財務資產於綜合資產負債表內之賬面值。有關本集團承受來自貿易及其他應收款項之信貸風險之量化披露載於附註22。

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32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(3) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the parent company's board when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The table below categorised the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date.

The tabulated amounts are the contractual undiscounted cash flow payments of the Group.

32. 財務風險管理之目標及政策(續)

(b) 財務風險因素(續)

(3) 流動資金風險

下表乃根據由結算日起計 至合約到期日之剩餘日子 將本集團之財務負債分類 至相關到期組別。

載於表中的金額為本集團之合約未折現現金流量。

		Less than 1 year 少於一年 HK\$ 港幣	Between 1 and 2 years 一年至兩年 HK\$ 港幣	Between 2 and 5 years 兩年至五年 HK\$ 港幣	Total 總計 HK\$ 港幣
As 31 st March, 2008	於二零零八年 三月三十一日				
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他 應付款項	42,380	_	_	42,380
Obligation under	融資租賃承擔		44		
a financial lease Convertible notes	可換股票據	263 507	44 507	26,509	307 27,523
		43,150	551	26,509	70,210
As 31 st March 2007 Trade and other	於二零零七年 三月三十一日 貿易及其他				
payables	應付款項 融資租賃承擔	53,279	-	-	53,279
Obligation under a financial lease	附貝但貝件循	263	263	44	570
		53,542	263	44	53,849

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32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(4) Operation risk

The Group's operations may be adversely affected by significant political, economic and social uncertainties in the PRC. Although the PRC government has been pursing economic reform policies for the past years, no assurance can be given that the PRC government will continue to purse such policies or that such policies may not be significant.

(5) Fair value

All financial assets and liabilities are stated at fair value or carried at amounts not materially different from their fair values as at 31 March 2008 and 2007.

(6) Estimation of fair values

Fair value of listed investments is usually based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date without any deduction for transaction costs. Fair values of listed investments are determined using valuation techniques when quoted prices are not considered to be a reliable indicator of fair value. Unlisted investments for which fair values cannot be reliably measured are stated at cost.

The fair values of debtors, bank balances and other liquid funds, creditors and accruals, and provisions are assumed to approximate to their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturities of these assets and liabilities.

32. 財務風險管理之目標及政策(續)

(b) 財務風險因素(續)

(4) 營運風險

本集團的營運或會因會因 的政治、經濟及社會目 大不肯定因素而受到不在 影響。儘管中國政府在 支等一直推行經濟 政策,然而無法保保 政府會繼續推行有關政 或不會大幅修改有關政 策。

(5) 公平值

截至二零零八年及二零零七年三月三十一日,所有 財務資產及負債均以公平 值或與其公平值並無重大 差異的數額入賬。

(6) 公平值估計

上市投資之公平值乃按結算日未扣除交易費用制力 場報價計算。當市場報門,以為不能作可靠的公平值持標時,則上市投資的公平值會按估值技術釐訂。無法準確計算公平值之非上市投資按成本列賬。

應收賬款、銀行結餘及其他流動資金、應付賬款及應計費用以及撥備的限期較短,故該等資產及負債公平值已假設與其賬面值相若。

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32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND **POLICIES** (Continued)

(b) Financial risk factors (Continued)

*(*6) Estimation of fair values (Continued)

The fair value of finance lease liabilities is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at current market rates for similar financial instruments.

For derivatives, the estimate of the fair value of the conversion option embedded in the convertible notes with cash settlement alternatives is measured using discounted market rate of initial recognition for similar financial instruments.

(c) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the net debtsto-total adjusted capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debts divided by total adjusted capital. Net debts include current liabilities and non-current liabilities less cash and cash equivalents. Total adjusted capital includes net debts and total equity as shown in the consolidated balance sheet. The Group's policy is to keep the net debts-to-total adjusted capital at a reasonable level.

32. 財務風險管理之目標及政策(續)

(b) 財務風險因素(續)

(6) 公平值估計(續)

融資租賃負債的公平值估 算為根據同類財務工具的 現行市場利率折現之未來 現金流量現值。

就衍生工具而言,可選擇 以現金結算之可換股票據 內的兑換選擇權的估計公 平值,乃按類似財務工具 於初步確認時之折現市場 利率計量。

(c) 資本風險管理

本集團的資本管理目標,是保障 本集團按持續經營基準繼續營運 之能力,以為股東帶來回報,同時 兼顧其他股權持有人的利益,並 維持最佳的資本架構以減低資本 成本。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集團 可能調整向股東派發之股息、歸 還股本予股東、發行新股或出售 資產以減少債務。

本集團按債務淨額對經調整資本 總額比率監察資本。該比率以債 務淨額除以經調整資本總額計 算。債務淨額包括流動負債及非 流動負債減現金及等同現金項 目。經調整資本總額包括呈列於 綜合資產負債表之債務淨額及權 益總額。本集團之政策為保持債 務淨額對經調整資本總額比率於 合理水平。

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32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND **POLICIES** (Continued)

財務風險管理之目標及政策(續) 32.

Capital risk management (Continued) (c)

The net debts-to-total adjusted capital ratios at 31st March, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

資本風險管理(續) (c)

於二零零八年及二零零七年三月 三十一日之債務淨額對經調整資 本總額比率如下:

		2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元
Current liabilities	流動負債	42,614	53,513
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	20,067	273
Total debts Less: cash and cash equivalents	債務總額	62,681	53,786
	減:現金及等同現金項目	32,194	2,853
Net debts	債務淨額	30,487	50,933
Total equity	權益總額	3,511	215
Total adjusted capital	經調整資本總額	33,998	51,148
Net debts-to-total adjusted capital	債務淨額對經調整資本總額	89.7%	99.6%

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to either internally or externally imposed capital requirements.

本公司及其任何附屬公司均毋須 受內部或外來的資本規定限制。

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33. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 March 2008, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

(a) As lessor

At 31 March 2008, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are receivable as follows:

33. 經營租賃承擔

於二零零八年三月三十一日,本集團根據不可撤銷之經營租賃應付的未來最低租金總額如下:

(a) 作為出租人

於二零零八年三月三十一日,本 集團根據不可撤銷之經營租賃應 收取未來最低租金總額如下:

The Group 本集團 2008 2007 二零零八年 二零零七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元 港幣千元 - 698 - 466

In 2007, the Group sub-letted its rented premises under operating lease. The lease typically ran for an initial period of two years, with an option to renew the lease when all terms were renegotiated. The lease did not include contingent rentals.

一年內

一年後但五年內

(b) As lessee

Within 1 year

After 1 year but within 5 years

At 31 March 2008, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

於二零零七年,本集團根據經營租賃分租若干租賃物業。租約一般初步為期兩年,重新商討所有條款後可選擇續租。概無租約涉及或然租金。

(b) 作出承租人

於二零零八年三月三十一日,本 集團根據不可撤銷之經營租賃應 付的未來最低租金總額如下:

		The Group 本集團	
		2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$*000</i> 港幣千元	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 港幣千元
Within 1 year After 1 year but within 5 years	一年內 一年後但五年內	1,434 508	1,327 _
-		1,942	1,327

The leases typically run for an initial period of two years, with an option to renew the leases when all terms are renegotiated. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

租約一般初步為期兩年,重新商 討所有條款後可選擇續租。概無 租約涉及或然租金。

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34. **LITIGATIONS**

(a) **Pending litigation**

On 10 July 2006, a legal action for damages of approximately HK\$76,862,000 for breach of agreements was brought up by four independent third parties (the "Plaintiffs"), who were the previous minority interests holders of a former subsidiary of the Company. The Company is the 1st defendant and Investsource Limited (formerly known as Sun Television Cybernetworks Company Limited) ("Investsource"), a former wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company that was disposed of by the Company in June 2004, is the 2nd defendant. It is alleged that the Plaintiffs, the Company and Investsource entered into a provisional agreement dated 11 July 2000 (the "First Agreement") whereby:

- Investsource agreed to acquire from the Plaintiffs the 60% equity interest in TV Viagens (Macau), S.A.R.L. ("TV Viagens");
- Upon signing the formal sale and purchase agreement and completion of the acquisition transaction, the Company and Investsource agreed to provide finance to TV Viagens for any shortfall of operational costs incurred by TV Viagens and for the services fees payable by TV Viagens; and
- Upon signing the formal sale and purchase agreement and completion of the acquisition transaction. Investsource should obtain consent from the Plaintiffs and the Company before any transfer of its interest in TV Viagens.

34. 訴訟

待判決的訴訟 (a)

於二零零六年十月十日,四名獨 立第三方(「原告」,亦為本公司 前附屬公司的前少數權益持有 人)就違反協議事宜損失約港幣 76,862,000元提出訴訟。本公司 為第一被告,而Investsource Limited(「Investsource」, 前稱 Sun Television Cybernetworks Company Limited,本公司於二零 零四年六月出售的前全資附屬公 司) 為第二被告。其指稱原告、本 公司及Investsource於二零零零 年十月十一日訂立臨時協議 (「第一協議|),據此:

- Investsource同意向原告 收購TV Viagens (Macau), S.A.R.L. ([TV Viagens]) 60%股權;
- 簽訂正式買賣協議及完成 收購交易後,本公司及 Investsource同意就TV Viagens任何經營成本短 缺及應付服務費向TV Viagens提供資金;及
- 簽訂正式買賣協議及完成 收購交易後,Investsource 須於轉讓其所持TV Viagens權益前取得原告 及本公司同意。

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34. **LITIGATIONS** (Continued)

(a) Pending litigation (Continued)

It is also alleged that after the revision of some terms and conditions under the First Agreement, the Plaintiffs and Investsource entered into the formal sale and purchase agreement dated 8 August 2000 (the "Second Agreement") whereby:

- Investsource agreed to acquire from the Plaintiffs the 51% equity interest in TV Viagens, which was subsequently acquired by Investsource during the year ended 31 March 2001 and disposed of during the year ended 31 March 2003; and
- Investsource agreed to provide finance to TV Viagens from the date of completion of the acquisition transaction for any shortfall of operational costs incurred by TV Viagens and for the services fees payable by TV Viagens.

It is also alleged that in view of the failure by the Company and Investsource to finance TV Viagens, TV Viagens is not financially able to continue its business due to short of working capital and therefore the shareholding of the Plaintiffs in TV Viagens becomes valueless.

The Plaintiffs claim against the Company for damages of approximately HK\$76,862,000 or such an amount as the court may determine, interest thereon, costs and/or other relief due to the Company's alleged breach of agreements to provide finance to TV Viagens for its operational costs and for the services fees payable by TV Viagens.

Up to the date of approval of the financial statements, this action is still in progress and no hearing date has been fixed since 31 March 2007.

34. 訴訟(續)

待判決的訴訟(續) (a)

其可指稱,於修訂第一協議部分 條款及條件後,原告及 Investsource於二零零零年八月 八日訂立正式買賣協(「第二協 議」),據此:

- Investsource同意向原告 收購TV Viagens 51%股 權,Investsource其後分別 於截至二零零一年三月三 十一日止年度及截至二零 零三年三月三十一日止年 度收購及出售有關權益; 及
- Investsource同意自收購 交易完成起就TV Viagens 任何經營成本短缺及應付 服務費向TV Viagens提供 資金。

其 亦 指 稱,鑒於本公司及 Investsource並無為TV Viagens 提供資金, TV Viagens由於營運 資金短缺,使其並無財力繼續經 營其業務,因而導致原告於TV Viagens之股權失去價值。

原告就本公司因違反協議,並無 為TV Viagens的營運成本與應付 服務費提供資金帶來的損失申索 約港幣76,862,000元或由法院釐 定的數額、相關利息、費用及/或 其他補償。

截至批准財務報告當日,有關訴 訟仍在進行,而自二零零七年三 月三十一日以來亦未定出聆訊日 期。

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34. **LITIGATIONS** (Continued)

(a) Pending litigation (Continued)

With the advice of the Company's external legal adviser, the directors are of the opinion that the Company has no legal or financial obligations to the Plaintiffs in that the First Agreement was superseded by the Second Agreement and that the Company was not bound by the Second Agreement. The directors are of the opinion that the Company will strongly refute and the Company intends to vigorously contest the allegations and that the allegations are to be without merit and too remote to be held against the Company. Based on legal advice, the directors are of the opinion that the Company has a very good chance of successfully defending the case. The directors believe that the dispute can be settled without losses to be incurred by the Group and the Company, and therefore no provision for losses in this aspect has been made in these financial statements.

(b) Claim of HK\$1,500,000 and counterclaim of HK\$4.808.000

On 2 June 2004, Top Olympic Enterprises Limited ("Top Olympic"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and two independent third parties (the "FRD Vendors") entered into an agreement (the "FRD Agreement") whereby Top Olympic agreed to acquire from the FRD Vendors the 60% interest in FRD Holdings Inc. ("FRD Holdings"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and collectively owned by the FRD Vendors, and paid a refundable deposit of HK\$1,500,000 (the "Deposit") to Mr. Kenneth Ma Hon Wah ("Mr. Ma"), one of the FRD Vendors, within one month from the date of the FRD Agreement. In the event that the FRD Agreement was terminated or the completion of the aforesaid acquisition of the 60% interest in FRD Holdings did not occur for whatever reason, Mr. Ma would return the Deposit to Top Olympic. In June 2004, the Company paid Mr. Ma the Deposit. However, the FRD Agreement subsequently ceased as the FRD Agreement was not completed before the long-stop date of 31 August 2004 of the FRD Agreement.

34. 訴訟(續)

(a) 待判決的訴訟(續)

根據本公司外聘法律顧問的意 見,董事認為,基於第一協議由第 二協議取代,而本公司並不受第 二協議所約束,故本公司毋須對 原告承擔任何法律或財務責任。 董事認為,本公司將全力推翻指 控並計劃對指控作出強烈抗辯, 亦認為有關指控欠缺理據及難以 成立。根據法律意見,董事認為本 公司勝訴機會極高。董事相信,本 集團及本公司毋須承受任何損失 便可解決有關爭議,故並無就此 事宜在財務報告中作出任何虧損 撥備。

(b) 申索港幣1,500,000元及反申索 港幣4.808.000元

於二零零四年六月二日,本公司 全資附屬公司Top Olympic Enterprises Limited (| Top Olympic」)與兩名獨立第三方 (「FRD賣方」)訂立協議(「FRD協 議」),據此,Top Olympic同意向 FRD賣方收購FRD Holdings Inc. (「FRD Holdings」) 60%權益,並 須於簽訂FRD協議日期起計一個 月內向其中一名FRD賣方馬漢華 先生(「馬先生」)支付可退回按 金港幣1,500,000元(「按金」)。 FRD Holdings在英屬處女群島註 冊成立,由各FRD賣方共同擁有。 倘基於任何原因終止FRD協議或 並無完成上述收購FRD Holdings 60%權益,馬先生會向Top Olympic退回按金。於二零零四年 六月,本公司向馬先生支付按金。 然而,由於FRD協議並無在其所 規定之最後期限(即二零零四年 八月三十一日) 前完成,故此FRD 協議其後已失效。

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34. **LITIGATIONS** (Continued)

(b) Claim of HK\$1,500,000 and counterclaim of HK\$4,808,000 (Continued)

In November 2004, the Company and Top Olympic demanded Mr. Ma for the full repayment of the Deposit and Formula Racing Development Limited ("FRD Limited"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of FRD Holdings, issued a cheque with an amount of HK\$1,500,000 to the Company. However, the cheque was dishonoured upon presentation for payment by the Company. On 15 June 2005, the Company and Top Olympic commenced an action against Mr. Ma and FRD Limited for the immediate full repayment of the Deposit, interest thereon, costs and/or other relief.

However, FRD Limited made a counterclaim against the Company and alleged that before the Company entered into the FRD Agreement, the Company agreed to finance promotional activities and events (the "Promotional Activities") to be carried out by FRD Holdings and FRD Limited in order to promote the image of the Company and FRD Holdings in the motorsports media and organiser discipline. It was also alleged that FRD Limited spent a sum of approximately HK\$4,808,000 on the Promotional Activities and was prepared to set-off the Deposit against the expenses of HK\$1,500,000. Accordingly, FRD Limited made a counterclaim against the Company in the amount of approximately HK\$4,808,000 in relation to the Promotional Activities, interest thereon, costs and/or other relief.

On 22 March 2007, the case was heard by The High Court of The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and judgement was held in favour of the Company and Top Olympic. Mr. Ma and FRD Limited were required to repay the Company the Deposit together with the interest thereon until payment and litigation costs. Up to 31 May 2007, the accrued interest on the Deposit was approximately HK\$304,000. In June 2007, the Deposit was repaid to the Company.

34. 訴訟(續)

(b) 申索港幣1,500,000元及反申索 港幣4,808,000元(續)

二零零四年十一月,本公司及 Top Olympic要求馬先生全數退 還按金,而FRD Holdings的全資 附屬公司方程式賽車發展有限公 司(「FRD Limited」)亦向本公司 發出港幣1,500,000元的支票。然 而,本公司在兑現有關支票時不 獲兑現。於二零零五年六月十五 日,本公司及Top Olympic向馬先 生及FRD Limited提出訴訟,要求 即時全數退還按金、有關利息、費 用及/或其他補償。

然而, FRD Limited向本公司提出 反申索·指稱本公司於訂立FRD 協議前,同意為FRD Holdings及 FRD Limited的宣傳活動及事項 (「宣傳活動」)提供資金,向賽車 界及主辦機構宣傳本公司及FRD Holdings。FRD Limited亦聲稱其 在宣傳活動花費合共約港幣 4,808,000元,並準備以按金抵銷 港幣1,500,000元的開支。故此, FRD Limited向本公司就宣傳活 動款項約港幣4,808,000元、所涉 利息、費用及/或其他補償提出 反申索。

於二零零七年三月二十二日,有 關案件在香港特別行政區高等法 院審訊,本公司及Top Olympic勝 訴。馬先生及FRD Limited須向本 公司支付按金、付款前所涉相關 利息及訴訟費用。截至二零零七 年五月三十一日,按金的累計利 息約為港幣304,000元。於二零零 七年六月,本公司已收回按金。

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35. MATERIAL RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group entered into the following related party transactions.

(a) Profit guarantee for Tidetime Future Optical Media Technology Limited

Pursuant to an agreement dated 24 August 2004 entered into between Tide Time Holdings Limited ("Tide Time Holdings"), a substantial shareholder of the Company. and the Company, Tide Time Holdings issued to the Company a guarantee whereby the total profit after tax of Tidetime Future Optical Media Technology Limited ("Tidetime Future Optical"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company which was acquired from Tide Time Holdings by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2005, will not be less than HK\$22 million for two years commencing on 1 January 2005 to 31 December 2006 (the "Guaranteed Profit"). If Tidetime Future Optical is not able to meet the Guaranteed Profit, Tide Time Holdings will pay the Company a sum equivalent to the shortfall of the aggregate of the actual profit after tax of Tidetime Future Optical and the Guaranteed Profit as compensation. During the year, the Company received the Guaranteed Profit of HK\$22 million as compensation.

Tide Time Holdings is beneficially owned as to 70% by Mr. Chen Ping ("Mr. Chen"), 5% by Ms. Ma Jianhua, spouse of Mr. Chen, 10% by Ms. Ma Jian Ying ("Ms. Ma"), sister-in-law of Mr. Chen, 3% by Mr. Walter Stasyshyn ("Mr. Stasyshyn") and 10% by Mr. Man Ming ("Mr. Man"). Mr. Chen, Ms. Ma, Mr. Stasyshyn and Mr. Man are directors of the Company.

35. 重大關連人士交易

除財務報告其他部分所披露之交易及結餘外,本集團進行以下關連人士交易。

(a) 泰德富新光媒體有限公司溢利保 證

根據本公司主要股東Tide Time Holdings Limited (Tide Time Holdings |) 與本公司於二零零四年 八月二十四日簽訂的協議,Tide Time Holdings向本公司發出擔保, 保證本公司於截至二零零五年三月 三十一日止年度收購的本公司全資 附屬公司泰德富新光媒體有限公司 (「泰德富新光」)在二零零五年一月 一日至二零零六年十二月三十一日 止兩年內的除稅後溢利總額不會低 於港幣 22.000.000元(「保證溢 利」)。倘泰德富新光未能達致保證 溢利, Tide Time Holdings會向本公 司支付相等於泰德富新光實際除税 後溢利與保證溢利二者差額的款項, 作為彌償。年內,本公司收到保證溢 利港幣22,000,000元作為彌償。

Tide Time Holdings分別由陳平先生(「陳先生」)實益擁有70%、陳先生的配偶馬建華女士擁有5%、陳先生的小姨馬建英女士(「馬女士」)擁有10%、Walter Stasyshyn先生(「Stasyshyn先生」)擁有3%以及文明先生(「文先生」)擁有10%。陳先生、馬女士、Stasyshyn先生及文先生均為本公司董事。

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35. MATERIAL RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) Sales to a related company

During the year ended 31 March 2008, Shanghai New Culture TV And Radio Making Company Limited ("Shanghai New Culture"), a subsidiary of the Company, supplied broadcasting and content production services to 上海新 文化傳媒投資集團有限公司(「新文化傳媒」), the holding company of a minority shareholder of Shanghai New Culture, amounting to HK\$4,595,000 (2007; Nil). which was under similar terms as it traded with other customers. In the opinion of the directors, the transactions were carried out in the ordinary course of business and on normal commercial terms.

As at 31 March 2008, there was an outstanding amount of HK\$12,012,000 due to 新文化傳媒 (2007: HK\$20,453,000 (net)). The amount is unsecured, interest fee and has no fixed terms of repayment.

(c) Rental income from sub-letting of rented premises from a related company

During the year, the Company received net rental income of HK\$67,000 (2007: HK\$233,000) from Sun Satellite Broadcasting Company Limited ("Sun Satellite Broadcasting") for sub-letting of rented premises. In the opinion of the directors, the transactions were carried out in the ordinary course of business and on normal commercial terms. As at 31 March 2008, there was no outstanding balance due to Sun Satellite Broadcasting from the Group (2007: Nil).

Sun Satellite Broadcasting is controlled by Mr. Chen and Ms. Ma, directors of the Company.

35. 重大關連人士交易(續)

(b) 向一間關連公司出售

於截至二零零八年三月三十一日止 年度內,本公司之附屬公司上海新文 化廣播電視製作有限公司(「上海新 文化」) 向上海新文化之少數股東之 控股公司上海新文化傳媒投資集團 有限公司(「新文化傳媒」)提供價值 港幣4.595.000元(二零零十年:無) 之廣播及內容製作服務,其條款近似 其他客戶之交易條款。董事認為,該 等交易乃於日常業務過程中訂立,並 為正常商業條款。

於二零零八年三月三十一日,應付新 文化傳媒的未償還款項為港幣 12,012,000元 (二零零七年:港 幣20,453,000元(淨額))。有關金額 為無抵押、免息及並無固定還款期。

(c) 來自有關連公司之分租租用物業 之租金收入

年內,本公司就分租租用物業向Sun Satellite Broadcasting Company Limited (Sun Satellite Broadcasting」) 收取租金收入淨額 港幣67,000元(二零零七年:港幣 233,000元)。董事認為,該等交易乃 於日常業務過程中訂立,並為正常商 業條款。於二零零八年三月三十一 日,本集團並無應付Sun Satellite Broadcasting之未償還結餘(二零零 十年:無)。

Sun Satellite Broadcasting乃由本公 司董事陳先生及馬女士控制。

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35. MATERIAL RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(d) Guarantee given by a director of the Company

Ms. Ma has given a personal guarantee to the extent of HK\$8,000,000 in favour of a securities trading company for securities trading facilities granted to China Giant Investments Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

(e) Key management personnel remuneration

Short-term employee benefits

Equity compensation benefits

Post-employment benefits

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in note 9 and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in note 10, is as follows:

35. 重大關連人士交易(續)

(d) 本公司一名董事提供之擔保

馬女士已就授予本公司之全資附屬公司中霸投資有限公司之證券買賣融資向一間證券買賣公司提供個人擔保港幣8,000,000元。

(e) 主要管理人員薪酬

本集團主要管理人員薪酬(包括 附註9及附註10分別所披露已付 本公司董事及最高薪僱員款項) 如下:

The Group						
本集團						
2008	2007					
二零零八年	二零零七年					
HK\$'000	HK\$'000					
港幣千元	港幣千元					
4,572	2,890					
57	29					
7	14					
	/					
4,636	2,933					

The Group

Total remuneration is included in "staff costs" (see note 7(b)).

短期僱員福利 離職後福利

股份償金福利

36. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

In the current year, amount due to上海新文化傳媒投資集團有限公司 (「新文化傳媒」) is regarded as amount due to a related company. In prior year, the amount of HK\$21,467,000 due to 新文化傳媒 was included in other payables. Comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

酬金總額計入「員工成本」(見附 註7(b))。

36. 比較數字

於本年度,應付上海新文化傳媒投資集團有限公司(「新文化傳媒」)之款項被視為應付一間關連公司款項。去年,應付新文化傳媒款項為港幣21,467,000元計入其他應付賬款內。若干比較數字已重新分類,以與本年度之呈列方式一致。

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37. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Note 32 contains information about the assumptions and the risk factors relating to financial instruments. Other key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within next financial year are set out as follows:

(a) Assessment of impairment for non-current assets

The Group has non-current assets, including goodwill and other intangible assets. Assets that have an indefinite useful life are tested for impairment annually. Assets that are subject to depreciation and amortisation are assessed on an annual basis as to whether there is any indication of impairment loss which suggests that the carrying value of these assets may not be recoverable. Management assesses the recoverable amount of each non-current asset based on its value in use (using relevant rates) or on its fair value less costs to sell (with reference to market prices), depending upon the anticipated future plans for the assets. Estimating the value in use of an asset involves estimating the future cash inflows and outflows to be derived from continuing use of the asset and from its ultimate disposal and applying the appropriate discount rate to these future cash flows. Cash flow projections for the remaining useful life of the asset and the most recent financial budgets/forecasts are approved by management.

(b) Impairment loss on bad and doubtful debts

The Group provides impairment loss on bad and doubtful debts based upon evaluation of the recoverability of the trade receivables and other receivables at each balance sheet date. The impairment is based on the ageing of the trade receivables and other receivables balances, the credit-worthness of debtors and the historical write-off experience, net of recoveries. If the financial condition of the debtors were to deteriorate, additional impairment may be required.

37. 關鍵會計估計及判斷

不肯定因素估計的主要來源

附註32載有有關財務工具的假設及風險因素。對下個財政年度內資產及負債之賬面值構成大幅度調整之重大風險之其他不肯定因素估計的主要來源如下:

(a) 評估非流動資產減值

本集團擁有非流動資產,包括商 譽及其他無形資產。並無特定使 用年期的資產每年測試減值情 況。每年評估須折舊及減值的資 產有否出現減值虧損跡象,顯示 資產的賬面值可能無法收回。管 理層會因應非流動資產預期未來 計劃,根據各非流動資產的使用 值(使用相關利率)或其公平淨 值減銷售成本(根據市價)評估 其可收回數額。估計資產的使用 值涉及估計持續使用該資產及最 終出售所帶來的現金流入及流 出,並使用相關貼現率貼現有關 未來現金流量。管理層負責審批 資產在餘下使用年期的現金流量 預測及最近期財政預算/預測。

(b) 呆壞賬減值虧損

於各結算日,本集團評估貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬款的可收可收度,為呆壞賬提供減值虧損。有關減值乃根據扣除可收回數數款質易應收賬款及其他應收賬款及其他應收賬款為益餘之賬齡、債務人的信譽及務結往的財務狀況惡化,則或須額外減值。

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37. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND **JUDGEMENTS** (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(c) Impairment loss on broadcasting programmes

Management regularly reviews the recoverability of the Group's broadcasting programmes with reference to all readily available information and current market environment. Impairment for estimated irrecoverable amounts is recognised in income statement when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired.

In determining whether impairment on broadcasting programmes is required, the Group takes into consideration the current market environment, the estimated market value of the assets and/or the present value of future cash flow expected to be received. Impairment is recognised based on the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

(d) Valuation of investment in securities

All financial securities are recognised initially at fair value. The fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition is normally the transaction price, i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received. Fair values of investments in securities that are quoted in active markets are based on bid prices for assets held and offer prices for liabilities. When independent prices are not available, fair values are determined by using valuation techniques which refer to observable market data. These include comparison with similar instruments where market observable prices exist and appropriate valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

The main factors which management considers included (i) the likelihood and expected timing of future cash flows on the securities. These cash flows are usually governed by the terms of the securities, although management judgement may be required in situations where the ability of the counterparty to service the securities in accordance with the contractual terms is in doubt; and (ii) an appropriate discount rate for the securities. Management determines this rate, based on its assessment of the appropriate spread of the rate for the securities over the risk-free rate. When valuing securities by reference to comparable instruments, management takes into account the maturity, structure and rating of the instrument with which the position held is being compared.

37. 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

不肯定因素估計的主要來源(續)

(c) **庸播節目減值虧損**

管理層根據一切可取得的資料及 現行市場狀況,定期檢討本集團 廣播節目的可收回程度, 並在有 客觀證據顯示資產減值時,在收 益表確認估計無法收回數額的減 佰。

在釐定廣播節目是否減值時,本 集團會考慮現行市況、資產估計 市值及/或預期可取得的未來現 **金流量現值。減值乃根據其公平** 值減銷售成本或使用價值之較高 者而確認。

證券投資估值 (d)

所有財務證券均按公平值作初步 確認。財務工具作初步確認之公 平值一般為買賣價,即所作出或 收取代價之公平值。於活躍市場 報價之證券投資公平值,乃根據 所持資產之買入價及負債之賣出 價計算。倘並無獨立價格,公平值 乃採用參考可觀察市場數據之估 值法而釐定,包括與存在可觀察 價格之市場之類似工具進行比 較,以及市場參與者慣常使用之 適當估值方法。

管理層所考慮之主要因素包括(i) 證券出現未來現金流量之可能性 及預期時間。該等現金流量受-般證券之條款限制,惟在交易對 手根據合約條款履行證券之能力 存疑時,則可能須作出管理層判 斷;及(ii)證券之適當折讓率。管理 層將根據證券高出無風險利率之 適當差額評估而釐定。倘證券估 值需參考可比工具,管理層將計 及進行持倉比較之工具之到期 日、架構及評級。

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37. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND **JUDGEMENTS** (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(d) Valuation of investment in securities (Continued)

Changes in their fair value of trading securities directly impact the Group's income statement in the period in which they occur. Change in their fair value of availablefor-sale securities is recorded directly in equity until the securities are sold, at which point the cumulative change in fair value is charged or credited to the income statement. For those securities classified as available-for-sale, consideration as to whether any such assets should be written down to reflect an impairment is taken into account in the fair value of the relevant security. Any impairment in the value of available-for-sale securities held as availablefor-sale is reported in the income statement and hence increase the Group's loss for the year.

Recognition of deferred tax assets (e)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses carried forward to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the unused tax losses can be utilised, based on all available evidence. In assessing the probability, both positive and negative evidence is considered, including whether it is more likely than not that the operations will have future taxable profits over the period in which the deferred tax assets are deductible or utilised. Recognition primarily involves judgement regarding the future financial performance of the particular legal entity or tax group in which the deferred tax asset has been recognised. A variety of other factors are also evaluated in considering whether there is convincing evidence that it is probable that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will ultimately be realised, such as the existence of taxable temporary differences, group relief, tax planning strategies and the periods in which estimated tax losses can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred taxation and related financial models and budgets are reviewed at each balance sheet date. The Group uses all readily information including estimates based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and projections of revenue and amount of operating costs in assessing the probability. In addition, actual outcomes in terms of future taxable profits may be higher or lower than estimated at the balance sheet date, which would affect the profit or loss in the future years.

37. 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

不肯定因素估計的主要來源(續)

(d) 證券投資估值(續)

買賣證券之公平值變動於其產生 期間直接影響本集團之收益表。 可供出售證券之公平值變動乃直 接於股本確認,直至證券獲售出 為止,屆時公平值之累計變動將 扣自或計入收益表。就分類為可 供出售之證券而言,計算有關證 券之公平值時,須考慮該等資產 應否予以撇減以反映減值。以可 供出售形式持有之可供出售證券 價值減值於收益表中呈報,因而 會增加本集團之本年度虧損。

確認遞延税項資產 (e)

由結轉未動用税項虧損產生的遞 延税項資產,僅會在根據所有可 得之憑證預期可能取得足夠應課 税溢利作扣減未動用扣税虧損的 情況下,方予確認。於評估可能性 時,正面及負面證據均會予以考 慮,包括業務於扣減或動用遞延 税項資產的期間是否會有未來應 課税溢利。確認主要涉及有關已 確認遞延税項資產之特定法律實 體或稅務集團之未來表現。其他 不同因素亦予以評估,以考慮是 否有有力的憑證證明部份或全部 遞延税項資產最終有可能會變 現,例如是否存在應課税臨時差 額、集體寬免、稅務規劃策略及可 動用估計税項虧損的期間。遞延 税項的賬面值及有關財務模式與 預算會於每個結算日檢討。於評 估可能性時,本集團使用所有可 獲得的資料,包括根據合理及有 理據的假設作出的估算、預測收 益及營運成本金額。此外,未來應 課税溢利的實際金額或會高於或 低於結算日之估算金額,而其將 會對未來年度的溢利或虧損構成 影響。

For the year ended 31 March 2008 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港幣列值)

38. STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS TO EXISTING STANDARDS THAT ARE NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The HKICPA has issued the following standards, interpretations and amendments which are not yet effective as of the date of these financial statements:

Effective from 1 January 2008

HK(IFRIC) – Int 12 Service Concession Arrangements

HK(IFRIC) - Int 14 HKAS 19 - The Limit on a Defined

Benefit Assets, Minimum
Funding Requirement and their

Interaction

Effective from 1 July 2008

HK(IFRIC) – Int 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes

Effective from 1 January 2009

HKAS 1 (Revised) Presentation of Financial

Statements

HKAS 23 (Revised) Borrowing Costs

HKFRS 8 Operating Segments

HKFRS 2 (Amendment) Vesting Conditions and

Cancellations

Effective from 1 July 2009

HKAS 27 (Revised) Consolidated and Separate

Financial Statements

HKFRS 3 (Revised) Financial Statements Business

Combinations

The Group has not early adopted the above standards, interpretations and amendments and is not yet in a position to state whether substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and presentation of the financial statements will be resulted.

38. 尚未生效之準則、詮釋及就現行準 則之修訂

香港會計師公會已頒佈下列於此等財務 報告日期尚未生效之準則、詮釋及修訂:

自二零零八年一月一日起生效

香港(國際財務報 服務經營權安排

告詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第12號

香港(國際財務報 香港會計準則第

告詮釋委員會) 19號-界定福 -詮釋第14號 利資產、最低資

金要求及兩者之互動關係

自二零零八年七月一日起生效 香港(國際財務報 客戶忠誠計劃

告詮釋委員會)

自二零零九年一月一日起生效

香港會計準則 財務報表之呈列

第1號 (修訂本)

香港會計準則 借貸成本

第23號 (修訂本)

香港財務報告 經營分類

準則第8號

香港財務報告 歸屬條件及註銷

準則第2號 (修訂)

自二零零九年七月一日起生效

香港會計準則 綜合及獨立財務

第27號 報表

(修訂本)

香港財務報告 業務合併財務報

準則第3號 告

(修訂本)

本集團並無提早採納以上準則、詮釋及 修訂,且尚未能確定本集團之會計政策 及財務報告之呈列是否因而將出現重大 變動。

Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務摘要

RESULTS 業績

For the year ended 31 March

截至三月三十一日止年度

(restated) (重列)

			(里列)			
		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
		二零零四年:	二零零五年:	二零零六年 二	二零零七年:	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
TURNOVER	營業額					
Continuing operations	持續經營業務	184,077	30,170	51,132	32,050	50,686
Discontinued operations	已終止業務					
		184,077	30,170	51,132	32,050	50,686
OPERATING LOSS Continuing operations Discontinued operations	經營虧損 持續經營業務 已終止業務	(247,861)	(178,579)	(36,510)	(67,017)	(722)
·						
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION TAXATION	除税前虧損 税項	(247,861) (353)	(178,579)	(36,510)	(67,017) –	(722)
777	V0 X					
LOSS FOR THE YEAR	本年度虧損	(248,214)	(178,579)	(36,510)	(67,017)	(722)
ATTRIBUTABLE TO: EQUITY HOLDERS	應佔: 本公司權益持有人					
OF THE COMPANY		(231,046)	(177,040)	(36,510)	(67,017)	(722)
MINORITY INTERESTS	少數股東權益	(17,168)	(1,539)	<u>/_ () -</u> /		
		(248,214)	(178,579)	(36,510)	(67,017)	(722)

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES 資產及負債

At 31 March

於三月三十一日

			パーカー ロ			
		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
		二零零四年	二零零五年 二	二零零六年 二	二零零七年:	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
TOTAL ASSETS	總資產	000 760	150 500	140.070	E4 001	66 100
		220,760	153,588	143,079	54,001	66,192
TOTAL LIABILITIES	總負債	(86,302)	(64,358)	(75,774)	(53,786)	(62,681)
		134,458	89,230	67,305	215	3,511
TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS	本公司權益 持有人應佔 股本總額					
OF THE COMPANY		124,862	89,230	67,305	215	3,511
MINORITY INTERESTS	少數股東權益	9,596				
		134,458	89,230	67,305	215	3,511