

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(股份代號 Stock Code: 00057)

勤奮務實

穩步邁進

An Industrious Pragmatic Approach to Sustainable Growth

年 annual 2009 報 report

財務摘要

Financial Highlights 載至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

				變動
		2009	2008	Change
業績摘要 (港幣千元)	RESULTS HIGHLIGHTS (HK\$'000)			
收益	Revenue	1,603,107	2,316,136	-31%
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	103,852	338,974	-69%
本公司權益持有人	Profit attributable to equity holders			
應佔溢利	of the Company	85,786	317,829	-73%
資產總值	Total assets	2,885,343	3,118,939	-7%
股東權益	Shareholders' funds	2,338,471	2,380,863	-2%
已發行股本	Issued share capital	62,883	62,623	0%
流動資產淨值	Net current assets	1,211,258	1,334,758	-9%
每股數據	PER SHARE DATA			
每股基本盈利 (港仙)	Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	13.6	50.8	-73%
每股現金股息 (港仙)	Cash dividends per share (HK cents)	7.0	25.4	-72%
每股資產淨值(港元)	Net assets per share (HK\$)	3.7	3.8	-3%
主要財務比率	KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS			
平均股東權益回報率(%)	Return on average shareholders' funds (%)	3.6	14.3	-75%
平均資產總值回報率(%)	Return on average total assets (%)	2.9	11.0	-74%
	S			

股價資料 Share Price Information

所有股價以港元表述

All share prices are expressed in Hong Kong dollars

		20	009	20	800	20	07
		最高	最低	最高	最低	最高	最低
		Highest	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest	Lowest
一至三月	Jan – Mar	1.78	1.22	4.79	3.50	6.08	4.75
四至六月	Apr – Jun	2.49	1.32	3.85	3.20	6.80	5.01
七至九月	Jul – Sep	不適用N/A	不適用N/A	3.34	1.90	7.05	5.33
十至十二月	Oct – Dec	不適用N/A	不適用N/A	2.00	0.97	6.05	4.35

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公司資料

Corporate Information

董事

執行董事

蔣震博士,大紫荊勳賢(主席)

蔣麗苑女士(行政總裁)

蔣志堅先生

鍾效良先生

吳漢華先生

獨立非執行董事

陳慶光先生

Anish LALVANI先生

陳智思先生

利子厚先生

審核委員會

Anish LALVANI先生(主席)

陳慶光先生

陳智思先生

利子厚先生

薪酬委員會

陳智思先生(主席)

Anish LALVANI先生

利子厚先生

蔣麗苑女士

公司秘書

聶羨萍女士

授權代表

蔣麗苑女士

聶羨萍女士

核數師

安永會計師事務所

Directors

Executive Directors

Dr. Chen CHIANG, GBM (Chairman)

Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG

Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG

Mr. Sam Hon Wah NG

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN

Mr. Anish LALVANI

Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN

Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE

Audit Committee

Mr. Anish LALVANI (Chairman)

Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN

Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN

Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN (Chairman)

Mr. Anish LALVANI

Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE

Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG

Company Secretary

Ms. Alice Sin Ping LIP

Authorized Representatives

Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG

Ms. Alice Sin Ping LIP

Auditors

Ernst & Young

公司資料

Corporate Information

主要往來銀行

法國巴黎銀行 東方匯理銀行 中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

主要股份過戶登記處

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓

註冊辦事處

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM12 Bermuda

總辦事處及主要營業地點

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企業傳訊及投資者關係

馮嘉慧小姐

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股票代號

00057

Principal Bankers

BNP Paribas
CALYON
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited
Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

Principal Share Registrars

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

Branch Share Registrars

Tricor Tengis Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

Registered Office

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM12 Bermuda

Head Office & Principal Place of Business

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Corporate Communications & Investor Relations

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Stock Code

00057

主席報告書 Chairman's Statement

業務回顧

二零零八年下半年發生金融海嘯,令全球經濟面對極嚴峻的挑戰。製造業方面則面對突如其來的訂單萎縮,尤其是出口型企業更為嚴重,使部分企業面臨倒閉危機。是次金融海嘯對全球經濟影響層面之深、範圍之廣及速度之快,是本人經營製造業五十年來首次遇見。

本集團的營業額因受到這次金融海嘯的 影響,而在下半年度急劇下滑,集團管 理層經分析整體環境的不明朗因素後, 進一步採取審慎穩守的營運策略,增加 多項強化集團財務狀況及現金流措施, 以確保集團具備足夠資源,穩守陣地以 渡過是次歷史性的考驗。

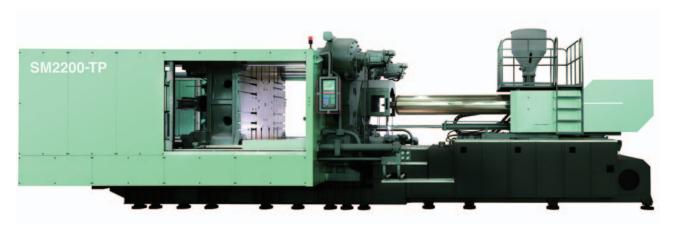
截至二零零九年三月三十一日止財政年度,集團總營業額為港幣16.03億元,較去年度下跌30.8%;而權益持有人應佔溢利為港幣8,600萬元,較去年下跌73.0%。

Business Review

The "Financial Tsunami" which occurred in the second half of year 2008 posed extremely tough challenges to the global economy. The sudden shrinkage of orders experienced by the manufacturing sector, which was especially pronounced for export-oriented companies, drove some companies to the brink of collapse. The impact of this financial tsunami on the global economy is unprecedented in depth, breadth and speed of deterioration – first among all that I have encountered in over 50 years in the manufacturing industry.

The Group was also severely impacted by the financial tsunami with a sharp decline in turnover in the second half of the financial year. After analysing the overall operating environment and future uncertainties, the management team further undertook a more prudent and conservative operating strategy with additional measures to strengthen the Group's financial position and cash flow in order to ensure that the Group had sufficient resources to ride out this historic challenge.

For the year ended 31 March 2009, the Group registered total turnover of HK\$1,603 million and profit attributable to equity holders of HK\$86 million, a decline of 30.8% and 73.0% respectively as compared with last financial year.



超霸先進系列節能二板大型注塑機 SUPERMASTER Energy Saving Two-Platen Advanced Series Machine

主席報告書

Chairman's Statement

未來展望

震雄集團會繼續努力不懈,秉持五十年 來勤奮務實的經營信念,在經濟逆境中 繼續穩步邁進。

Future Prospects

During the past months, governments around the world had rolled out a range of stimulus measures to rescue their tattered economies. Although recent economic data show that the global recession has slowed down by the end of the fourth quarter, with many governments also indicating that their economic stimulus packages are starting to have early effects, uncertainties are still abound in the global economy. Unemployment is still persistently high in most countries, with unemployment in the U.S. expected to rise to record highs since World War II. Official data released by the Chinese government in 2009 also revealed that total exports and foreign direct investments (FDI) both dropped continuously in consecutive months. Economists forecast that the reduction in global FDI will exceed 30% and that of China might also exceed 20%, evidence that global investment sentiment is still plagued by the negative business environment.

The Group believes that 2009 will still be a difficult year. During this year, the Group will continue to allocate major resources into R&D for large-tonnage injection moulding machines and energy saving technologies, and strive to provide customers with high-performance, good quality products. Market forecasts generally predict that the global economy will gradually rebound in the year 2010 at the earliest, while China's economy will recover more rapidly than other countries. Therefore, the Group has already formulated plans to expand sales coverage in China, in sync with China's national economic development policy of moving production bases further into the inlands, in order to take full advantage of the opportunities brought about by the future economic rebound.

The Chen Hsong Group will continue to do our best and adhere to our core beliefs in industrious and pragmatic approach throughout our 50 years' of history. In this unprecedented economic downturn, we will continue to sustain growth.

主席報告書

Chairman's Statement

致謝

本人謹代表董事局,對多年來長期支持 震雄集團的所有股東、客戶、供應商、 業務夥伴、往來銀行及忠誠勤奮的員 工,致以衷心謝意!

Gratitude

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to give my heartfelt thanks to all shareholders of Chen Hsong Group, customers, suppliers, business partners, banks and loyal employees for their support over the years.

蔣震

主席

香港,二零零九年七月十四日

Chen CHIANG

Chairman

Hong Kong, 14 July 2009



獨創專利圓形模板 Exclusive Patented Circular Platen

管理層之論述及分析

Management's Discussion & Analysis

業務表現

在二零零九財政年度,本集團錄得自二零零一年911恐怖襲擊以來首次的年度業績倒退,營業額及權益持有人應佔溢利分別為港幣16.03億元(二零零八年:港幣23.16億元)及港幣8,600萬元(二零零八年:港幣3.18億元),較去年同期分別下跌30.8%及73.0%。每股基本盈利為港幣13.6仙(二零零八年:港幣50.8仙)。

二零零九年度是本集團成立五十年以來,所遇到最艱鉅的經營環境之一。「全球金融海嘯」在二零零八年九月下旬開始,其後在短短數個月內已經把全球多國的經濟金融體系推至崩潰邊緣,其影響的層面及速度固然是前所未見,而資金流的急速萎縮更令不同行業的企業可臨嚴峻考驗。在這種環境之下,企業只能依賴自身的財政實力、管理質素以及應變能力。

Business Performance

During the financial year of 2009, the Group registered its first performance setback since the "911" terrorist attack incident in 2001, with turnover and profit attributable to equity holders declining 30.8% and 73.0% to HK\$1,603 million (2008: HK\$2,316 million) and HK\$86 million (2008: HK\$318 million) respectively. Basic earnings per share is HK13.6 cents (2008: HK50.8 cents).

The financial year of 2009 is one of the most difficult operating environments that the Group has ever encountered in its 50-year history. The "Global Financial Tsunami", which started in late September 2008, pushed the economic and financial systems of many countries to the brink of collapse in just a few months. The broadness and speed of this crisis' impacts are unprecedented, and global liquidity dried up extremely rapidly causing severe hardships to operators in a broad range of industries. Under such unprecedented circumstances, a company has only its financial strength, quality of management and quickness of response to rely upon.



超霸全電動節能注塑機 SUPERMASTER Energy Saving All Electric Machine

- 一、全方位從新制訂及檢討未來的營運方 針及費用預算,並按現時的市場形勢 而定出相應的新定位。
- 二、全面跟進及更新客戶營運狀況,以確 保能迅速作出適當之回應。
- 三、對授信程序作出修定,按現時不同的 市場狀況,加強銷售條款的審批力 度。
- 四、更改庫存政策,以全面降低存貨量為 重點目標,加強本集團的現金流。
- 五、在人力資源方面重新評估,同時與員 工多方面作出大量的溝通,使用多種 方案以能大幅度調動及調整人力資源 及架構,包括靈活調配上班時間等, 藉此與一眾員工共渡時艱。

The Group immediately experienced the drastic drop of order intake since the early outbreak of the financial tsunami, with most customers halting all capital investment activities – even customers who had already placed orders called in to delay deliveries. After internal discussions, the Group's management believed, at the time, that the financial crisis would intensify and, with future uncertainties abound, decided to implement a series of emergency measures. These measures were introduced to manage liquidity in order to preserve enough cash for the Group to weather through the current economic shock. They included:

- 1. Launched a fundamental review of all operational plans and expense budgets; immediate adjustments were made according to the latest market conditions.
- 2. Round-the-clock tightened monitoring and updating of customer operating conditions in order to ensure appropriate and prompt response.
- 3. Revised credit approval procedures and strengthened review policies of credit terms based on the conditions of different markets.
- 4. Focused on inventory reduction as the primary objective in order to maximize cash flow.
- 5. Reviewed human resource requirements, kept employees and staff fully updated on the latest conditions via large-scale communication sessions, and implemented new measures to optimize labour structure – including flexible working hours. These measures were intended to allow all employees to stand together with the company against the difficult business environment.

本集團下半年度的財務狀況反映了執行 以上緊急措施的成效,例如:

- 一、應收款總額從上半年結之港幣8.64億 元降至年終之港幣5.16億元,降幅 為40%,較去年同期的降幅亦達到 41%,大幅降低了集團的放賬風險。
- 二、存貨總額從上半年結之港幣8.27億元 下降至年終之港幣7.04億元,降幅為 15%。其中製成品的比例從上半年結 之26%上升至31%,反映一些原材料 存貨已經轉成為流動庫存,增加了集 團存貨資產的流動性。
- 三、現金量從上半年結之港幣3.20億元上 升至年終之港幣4.46億元,增幅達 39%,而銀行貸款與供應商應付款 分別減少港幣1.47億元及港幣1.80億 元。經過以上的調整後,本集團的淨 現金從上半年結之港幣1.35億元上升 至港幣4.08億元。
- 四、本集團在主要營運費用,如行政費用、勞工成本等,都有顯著的降幅,減輕了集團在資金流上面對的衝擊。

The Group's financial status in the second half of the financial year reflects the immediate results of these emergency measures, for instance:

- 1. Accounts receivable dropped from HK\$864 million at the end of the first half of the financial year to HK\$516 million at the year-end, a decline of 40%. This decline is 41% when compared to the same period of last year, signifying much reduced exposure to receivables risk.
- 2. Inventory levels dropped from HK\$827 million at the end of the first half to HK\$704 million at the year-end, a decline of 15%. Finished goods inventory rose from 26% at the end of the first half to 31% at the year-end, indicating that more raw materials inventory was converted into sellable liquid stock, which in turn helped improve the liquidity of the Group's inventory assets.
- 3. Cash position rose from HK\$320 million at the end of the first half to HK\$446 million at the year-end, an increase of 39%. At the same time, bank borrowings and accounts payable dropped by HK\$147 million and HK\$180 million respectively. After these improvements, the Group ended this financial year with a net cash balance of HK\$408 million a substantial increase over the HK\$135 million at the end of the first half.
- 4. The Group's major operating expenses, such as administrative costs, labour costs etc., all registered significant reductions, which helped the Group's cash flow position.

市場分析

截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度, 按客戶地域劃分的營業額分析如下:

Market Analysis

Breakdown of turnover, based on the location of customers, for the year ended 31 March 2009 is as follows:

客戶地域	Customer Location	2009 (港幣百萬元) (HK\$ million)	2008 (港幣百萬元) (HK\$ million)	變動 Change
中國大陸及香港	Mainland China and Hong Kong	981	1,589	-38%
台灣	Taiwan	189	257	-26%
其他海外國家	Other overseas countries	433	470	-8%
		1,603	2,316	-31%

During this financial year, the China market went from one extreme to another. Firstly, the Chinese Government tightened monetary policy during the first half, resulting in substantial increases in the demand of credit from customers. At the same time, the new "Labour Contract Law" went into effect in 2008 – a regulation that many manufacturing companies believed would add to their labour costs, and which reduced their urge to purchase new machines.

During the second half, China was similarly heavily affected by the global financial tsunami in the same way as many other countries, with its exports processing sector being completely devastated, especially for manufacturing companies exporting to European and U.S. markets. According to published national statistics, China witnessed an unprecedented decline in exports for seven consecutive months since November 2008, the first month that a decline was recorded. In addition, year-on-year decline in exports further deepened for March and April 2009, with May 2009 being a unique month in which exports declined year-on-year as well as month-on-month. All these are strong proof that the economic shock caused by the current financial crisis has persisted in the second half.

與此同時,中國的外商直接投資(FDI) 連續八個月錄得下降,據官方和業內預 測,今年全球FDI降幅超過30%,對中國 的影響亦將超過20%。

During the same period, China's Foreign Direct Investments ("FDI") also registered eight consecutive months of decline. Official and Industry forecasts both indicated that global FDI this year would decline by over 30%, with those for China declining by over 20%.

Financially weaker small and medium-sized companies (SME's) are the prime victims of the financial tsunami. From the start, many banks had focused on SME's to tighten credit, breaking those companies' liquidity life-line and generally made it extremely difficult for them to continue operations. According to market intelligence, in Guangdong province alone over 10,000 SME's went out of business after October 2008 – this trend was particularly pronounced for the toys and electrical appliances export processing sectors. Similarly, export processing companies and automotive component suppliers in the cities of Shanghai, Kunshan and Suzhou in Eastern China were dealt an equally hefty blow, with orders in the electronics export sector (dominated by Taiwanese funded companies) experiencing a sharp decline. These industry sectors had all been the Group's core markets, which was the main reason why the Group immediately sensed danger in market conditions during the second half of the financial year.



易霸伺服驅動節能注塑機 EASYMASTER Energy Saving Servo Drive Machine

台灣與國際市場本是上半年度的高增長 地區。台灣本土市場在上半年度受惠於 一些大型客戶擴產,業務增長強勁, 但到了下半年度, 亦成為金融海嘯下 的重災區,因其產業結構主要依賴歐美 出口市場,故下半年的營業額大幅倒退 78%。

至於國際市場方面,由於海外訂單一般 都有較長的交貨期及以信用狀付款,故 此下半年初段時間的出貨量沒有即時受 到影響,但從新簽訂單量的鋭減上可體 現出危機。金融海嘯使很多發展中國家 的信貸緊縮,其貨幣兑美元及人民幣亦 在短時間內急速貶值,嚴重削弱其購買 能力,而部分東歐及南美州國家之貨幣 貶值更高達20% - 40%。所以本集團在第 四季度(即二零零九年一月至三月份)的 國際市場營業額跌至多年來的最低谷。

新技術及新產品發展

本集團多年來方向不變,致力研究開發 新科技,以應用在新產品系列中。縱使 現時處於環球金融海嘯之際,本集團仍 然維持足夠的科研資源,繼續重點發展 超大型注塑機,以及環保省電節能技 術。

The Taiwan domestic market and international markets had been stronggrowth regions for the first half. A number of large customers expanded capacity in Taiwan during the first half, resulting in significant business growth. During the second half and the onset of the financial tsunami, however, Taiwan became a disaster zone with sales turnover declining by 78% due to its structural reliance on exports to the European and U.S. markets.

Turnover in international markets in the first part of second half year was buffered by traditionally longer delivery lead times and the common practice of secured Letters of Credit (L/C's) for payment, but the impacts of the financial crisis could be felt later from sharply-declining new orders. The global financial tsunami caused the credit market in many developing countries to shrink dangerously and their currencies to rapidly depreciate against the U.S. Dollar and Renminbi (some countries in Eastern Europe and South America saw depreciation up to 20% - 40%), dealing a serious blow to their imports purchasing power. As a result, the Group's international market sales turnover dropped to low level unseen in many years during the fourth quarter (January to March 2009).

New Technologies and New Products Development

Throughout many years, the Group has been persistent in its core direction of investing in R&D to develop new technologies for use in new product offerings. Even amid the global financial tsunami, the Group still maintains adequate resources and investments for key R&D projects, namely ultra-large-tonnage injection moulding machines and advanced energy-saving technologies.





在剛過去的中國國際塑料橡膠工業展覽 會(Chinaplas 2009)中,本集團展示了 數項新產品,並得到市場客戶的認同。 其中展示的JM650-SVP伺服驅動大型注 塑機省電能力最高可達70%以上,以其 優越成本效益吸引了不少客戶考慮替換 舊式機器,因此在會後已接獲新訂單。 另外本集團台灣子公司研發的SM250-TS 模內貼標系統(In-Mould Labelling)全自 動包裝生產線,空循環時間少於三秒, 對要求高速生產包裝容器的客戶提供了 一站式的解決方案。全新推出的SM-50P 全電動式注塑機,無論在外觀設計以及 性能方面,都令人耳目一新,符合高檔 次、高要求的歐美市場客戶需求。待國 際市場的元氣恢復後,它將成為未來的 高端主打型號。這些新產品的推出,證 實了科技研發仍然是本集團的核心競爭 優勢。

The Group launched a number of new products during the last Chinaplas 2009 exhibition show which were met with favourable market acceptance. Among those exhibited included the JM650-SVP largetonnage injection moulding machine with servo-drive and up to 70%+ energy-saving capability. Many customers who came and saw this new product were lured by its superior operating cost dynamics to consider replacing their existing old machines, and thus turned into new orders after the show. The SM250-TS In-Mould Labelling system developed by the Group's Taiwan subsidiary was a fully-automatic packaging production line for plastic containers with running speed less than three seconds per dry cycle – a perfect one-stop solution for customers requiring high-speed manufacturing of packaging containers. The newly launched SM-50P All-Electric injection moulding machine is a stunner in looks as well as superb performance, suitable for demanding customer segments in Europe and North America. It will become the Group's primary high-end product offering for the international markets when they recover in the future. The launch of these new products amid such economic turmoil further indicated that R&D is still one of the Group's core competitive advantages.



捷霸伺服驅動節能大型注塑機 JETMASTER Energy Saving Servo Drive Large Machine

財務回顧

流動資產及財務狀況

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團的流動資產淨值為港幣12.11億元(二零零八年:港幣13.35億元),較去年減少9%。流動資產淨值當中包括銀行存款港幣4.46億元(二零零八年:港幣3.62億元),比去年增加港幣8,400萬元,以及銀行借貸港幣3,800萬元(二零零八年:港幣2,800萬元),增加港幣1,000萬元。銀行借貸為短期浮息貸款,主要用作集團各附屬公司的營運資金。

本集團會繼續維持一貫穩健的財務管理 政策,配合適度的融資,儲備充足的流 動資產,以應付集團對各項投資及營運 資金的需求。

資金及外幣風險管理

本集團在資金管理方面,一向採取穩健 理財及集中管理策略,現金一般以港 元、美元及人民幣以短期或中期存款存 放於銀行,作為集團的流動資金。

在外幣風險管理方面,本集團就有關結算外幣作出恰當水平的銀行信貸,以減低相關的外幣風險。於二零零九年三月三十一日,總外幣借貸額相等於港幣3,800萬元(二零零八年:港幣2,800萬元)。本集團亦不時對波動較大的外幣風險作出評估,以一般外匯合約減低有關的風險。

Financial Review

Liquidity and Financial Conditions

As at 31 March 2009, the Group had net current assets of HK\$1,211 million (2008: HK\$1,335 million), which represented a 9% decrease over last year. Included in the net current assets were the bank balances of HK\$446 million (2008: HK\$362 million), an increase of HK\$84 million over last year, and the bank borrowings of HK\$38 million (2008: HK\$28 million), an increase of HK\$10 million. The bank borrowings were of short-term bank loans with floating interest rates, mainly used as working capital for the subsidiaries of the Group.

It is the policy of the Group to adopt a consistently prudent financial management strategy, sufficient liquidity is maintained with appropriate levels of borrowings to meet the funding requirements of the Group's investments and operations.

Treasury and Foreign Exchange Risk Management

The Group adopts a prudent and centralized approach in managing its funding. Funds, primarily denominated in Hong Kong dollars, U.S. dollars and Renminbi, are normally placed with banks in short or medium term deposits for the working capital of the Group.

For foreign exchange risk management, the Group manages to reduce the risk exposure on its foreign currencies by making appropriate levels of borrowings in the corresponding currencies. As at 31 March 2009, the Group had total foreign currency borrowings equivalent to HK\$38 million (2008: HK\$28 million). The Group, from time to time, assesses the risk exposure on certain volatile foreign currencies and has it covered by forward exchange contracts to minimize the risk.

人力資源

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團(聯營公司除外)的全職僱員總數約為2,500名(二零零八年:3,700名)。集團為僱員提供完善之薪酬及福利條件,薪酬維持於具競爭力水平,而僱員之晉升及薪酬變動幅度則取決於其個人表現及集團業績表現。集團亦向部分僱員授予本公司購股權以鼓勵及延攬優秀員工。

於人才培訓方面,本集團管理層透過為 僱員提供教育、專業培訓及生活輔導等 活動,不斷提升員工質素、專業知識水 平及團隊精神。

來年展望

全球多個國家在金融海嘯發生後都推出,緊急措施以挽救頻臨崩潰的經濟體系,而根據最近公布的多項經濟數據顯示,於二零零九年中經濟倒退速度見見,與一個人。 緩,但仍然存在大量不明朗因素,包括 各國的失業率持續高企,商品價格。 弱,政府財赤加劇,貨幣滙價波動等的 眾多的財經界普遍預測,二零零九年仍 然是充滿挑戰的一年,而全球大環境的 復蘇最樂觀亦要到二零一零年。

Human Resources

As at 31 March 2009, the Group, excluding its associates, had approximately 2,500 (2008: 3,700) full-time employees. The Group offers good remuneration and welfare packages to its employees and maintains market-competitive pay levels. Employee promotions and pay are rewarded on individual as well as the results performance of the Group. Share options of the Company are granted to selected employees of the Group for rewarding and retaining talents.

The Group conducted regular programmes, including comprehensive educational and professional training, and social activities counselling, to its employees to enhance staff quality, standards of professional knowledge and teamwork spirit.

Future Prospects

Many countries introduced emergency economic measures in response to the global financial tsunami. Latest published economic data indicated that the magnitude of economic recession has subsided. However, many uncertainties still exist, such as persistently high unemployment in many countries, weak commodity prices, ballooning government fiscal deficits, fluctuating currency exchange rates etc.. A consensus among economists and financiers appears to be that 2009 will remain challenging, while the most optimistic estimate of a global recovery will not happen until 2010.



捷霸智能伺服驅動節能注塑機 JETMASTER Energy Saving Ai Servo Drive Machine

本集團相信中國將是首先復蘇的國家。 中國政府致力擴大內部需求,以人民幣 四萬億元的振興方案推動經濟增長。中 國政府更接連推出一系列的扶助經濟措 施,包括大幅減息、加大放貸、多次調 升出口退税率、及協助重點產業(如家 電、汽車、基建、金屬原材料等),都顯 示了中央維持平穩增長的決心。

只要中國維持現行較寬鬆的貨幣政策及 扶持企業的方向,本集團相信客戶群對 注塑機的需求量會回復較正常的水平。 本集團經過半年的重組活動,已有足夠 實力,不但能順利過渡難關,更已部署 新的市場策略,以準備迎接未來市場的 復蘇。 The Group believes that China will be one of the first countries to recover. The Chinese Government has been acting strong to expand domestic consumption with a RMB4 trillion economic stimulus package. The Central Government's resolve in maintaining steady economic growth is also obvious from a series of measures implemented to catalyze an economic recovery, such as large reductions in interest rate, increased bank lending, increased exports tax rebates, and numerous assistance packages to key manufacturing industries (e.g. electrical appliances, automotive, infrastructure, mining, etc.).

As long as China continues in its current relaxed monetary policy and assistance to industries, the Group believes that its customers' demand for injection moulding machines will rebound to more normal levels. The Group has completed a large reorganization program and has started on a new marketing strategy during the past six months. It is now well positioned financially not only to successfully assail through the financial crisis but also to capture future opportunities when the market rebounds.



Ai-11智能 聯網電腦控制器 Ai-11 Intelligent Computer Controller



SPS3300高級歐洲 聯網電腦控制器 SPS3300 EuroController

Biographical Details of Directors

執行董事

蔣震 大紫荊勳賢, OBE, DEng, DSc, DSSc, DBA, FHKIE, 八十五歲

主席

蔣麗苑 BA, 四十三歲

行政總裁

蔣女士於一九八八年加入本集團,並於 二零零零年獲委任為本公司董事。彼亦 出任本公司行政總裁,負責本集團之管 理及業務發展。蔣女士亦為本集團多間 附屬公司之董事,並且為本公司之主要 股東震雄投資有限公司之董事。彼取得 美國衛斯理女子大學文學院學士。蔣女 士對生產管理、營銷及市務推廣均有豐 富的經驗。蔣女士為中國人民政治協商 會議深圳市常務委員、深圳市工業經濟 聯合會副會長及深圳市機械行業協會副 會長。彼亦為香港玩具廠商會副會長、 香港中華廠商聯合會會董、香港特區政 府紀律人員薪俸及服務條件常務委員會 委員、香港特區政府首長級薪俸及服務 條件常務委員會委員、香港科技大學及 香港公開大學校董會成員。蔣女士於二 零零四年榮獲香港工業總會頒發「香港青 年工業家獎」。彼為蔣震博士之女兒及蔣 志堅先生之姊。

Executive Directors

Chen CHIANG GBM, OBE, DEng, DSc, DSSc, DBA, FHKIE,

aged 85

Chairman

Dr. Chiang was appointed a Director of the Company in 1991. He is the Chairman of the Group and a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. He is also a Director of Chen Hsong Investments Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company. Dr. Chiang founded the Group and The Chiang Chen Industrial Charity Foundation. He was appointed Hong Kong Affairs Advisor and a member of the Advisory Committee of College of Management, National Chung Cheng University. Dr. Chiang is also the Economy Advisor of Shandong Provincial People's Government and the Honorary President of The Research Centre for Market – Economy of Peking University. In addition, Dr. Chiang is the Honorary Chairman of the Federation of Hong Kong Machinery and Metal Industries and the Hong Kong Electrical Appliances Manufacturers Association. Dr. Chiang founded Chiang Chen Industrial Institute situated at his hometown of Heze City of Shandong Province in 1999. He is the father of Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG and Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG.

Lai Yuen CHIANG BA, aged 43

Chief Executive Officer

Ms. Chiang joined the Group in 1988 and was appointed a Director of the Company in 2000. She is also the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and is responsible for the management and business development of the Group. Ms. Chiang holds directorships in various subsidiaries of the Company and is a Director of Chen Hsong Investments Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company. She holds a bachelor degree of Arts from Wellesley College, U.S.A. and has extensive experience in production management, sales and marketing. Ms. Chiang is a standing committee member of the Shenzhen Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, Vice-Chairman of the Shenzhen Federation of Industrial Economics and Vice-President of China Shenzhen Machinery Association. She is also the Vice-President of The Toys Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong, a General Committee Member of the Chinese Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong, a member of the Standing Committee on Disciplined Services Salaries and Conditions of Service of The Government of the Hong Kong SAR, a member of the Standing Committee on Directorate Salaries and Conditions of Service of The Government of the Hong Kong SAR, a member of the Council of both The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology and The Open University of Hong Kong. Ms. Chiang was awarded the "Young Industrialist Awards of Hong Kong" by the Federation of Hong Kong Industries in 2004. She is Dr. Chen CHIANG's daughter and Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG's sister.

Biographical Details of Directors

蔣志堅 BSc, 四十二歲

鍾效良 MBA, BSc, 四十二歲

鍾先生於二零零一年加入本集團,並於 二零零三年獲委任為本公司董事,彼亦 出任集團策略及營銷總監。鍾先生持 有美國栢克萊大學電子工程及電腦科學 學士學位,亦持有美國哥倫比亞大學 商管理(財務)碩士學位。在加入本集團 前,鍾先生在銷售及市場推廣、管理諮 詢、財務分析及資訊科技方面擁有超過 十四年的經驗。

吳漢華 BSc Econ, MBA, MAF, DBA, ACA, FCPA, 四十九歲

Chi Kin CHIANG BSc, aged 42

Mr. Chiang joined the Group in 1998 and was appointed a Director of the Company in 2003. He was also appointed President – Group Manufacturing with effect from 1 May 2009 responsible for the manufacturing function of the Group. Mr. Chiang holds a bachelor degree of Applied Science in Industrial Design from Rochester Institute of Technology, New York. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Chiang had six years' experience in industrial design, working for a multinational company in the U.S.A.. Mr. Chiang is a member of the Guangdong Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, Vice President of China Plastics Machinery Industry Association and Guangdong Chamber of Foreign Investors and a director of Hong Kong United Youth Association. He is Dr. Chen CHIANG's son and Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG's brother.

Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG MBA, BSc, aged 42

Mr. Chung joined the Group in 2001 and was appointed a Director of the Company in 2003. He also holds the position of Group Chief Officer – Strategy, Sales and Marketing. Mr. Chung holds a bachelor degree of Science in Electrical Engineering & Computer Science from the University of California, Berkeley. He also holds an MBA degree in Finance from Columbia University, New York City, U.S.A.. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Chung had more than 14 years' experience in sales and marketing, management consultancy, financial analysis and information technology.

Sam Hon Wah NG BSc Econ, MBA, MAF, DBA, ACA, FCPA,

aged 49

Mr. Ng joined the Group in 2002 and was appointed a Director in 2003. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Ng was engaged in financial management with several multinational companies. He has extensive cross-border financial management, mergers and acquisitions, and corporate development experience. Mr. Ng is responsible for managing special projects and corporate governance of the Group. He holds an honour degree in Economics at the London School of Economics (University of London), a master degree of Applied Finance at the Macquarie University (Australia), an MBA degree from The City University Business School (England) and a Doctor of Business Administration degree from the University of Newcastle (Australia). Mr. Ng is a Chartered Accountant, an associate member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales, and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Biographical Details of Directors

獨立非執行董事

陳慶光 BA, BSSc, 四十八歲

陳先生於二零零一年獲委任為本公司董 事。彼現為 IB Partners Pte Limited 董 事。陳先生在紐約、香港及新加坡累 積超過二十年的投資銀行經驗。彼曾 於多間主要金融機構出任不同職務,當 中包括 JP Morgan、UBS Warburg、麥 格理及BNP Paribas Capital (Singapore) Limited。而彼更曾為BNP Paribas Capital (Singapore) Limited之行政總裁,以及 東南亞區企業融資業務之區域主管。彼 曾跨地域為多個大營企業及政府機構提 供意見。於二零零五年九月九日至二零 零六年十一月七日期間, 陳先生曾為 Pacific Internet Limited (一間於美國納斯 達克證券市場上市的公司)擔任獨立董 事。陳先生畢業於新加坡國立大學,並 曾榮獲Lim Tay Boh金獎及新加坡國立大 學經濟學會著作獎。

Anish LALVANI BSc, MBA, FHKIOD,

四十三歲

Lalvani先生於二零零二年獲委任為本公司董事,彼為歐瑞國際貿易有限公司集團主席,該公司之業務遍佈香港曾洲、前蘇聯、非洲及中東等地。彼曾、美國、印度及香港工商管理地牙哥大學工商管理和生殖有美國聖地牙哥大學工商管對有美國聖地牙哥大學工商管對有美國聖地牙哥大學工商管對有大學工商管對方場。 Lalvani先生於新興市場之部分分別別為青年總裁協會北亞洲區及香港貿易發展局電光 及家電業諮詢委會員會員、亞洲文化協會委員會成員、Harvard Business School Association of Hong Kong Limited 董事及香港董事學會資深會員。

Independent Non-executive Directors

Johnson Chin Kwang TAN BA, BSSc, aged 48

Mr. Tan was appointed a Director of the Company in 2001. He is currently a Director of IB Partners Pte Limited. Mr. Tan has over 20 years experience in investment banking based out of New York, Hong Kong and Singapore. He had held various roles with leading financial institutions including JP Morgan, UBS Warburg, Macquarie and BNP Paribas Capital (Singapore) Limited where he was the Chief Executive Officer and regional head for its South East Asia corporate finance business. He has advised major corporations and government authorities across the region. During the period from 9 September 2005 to 7 November 2006, Mr. Tan was an independent director of Pacific Internet Limited, a company listed on the NASDAQ Stock Market. Mr. Tan graduated from the National University of Singapore and was a recipient of the Lim Tay Boh gold medal and NUS Economics Society Book Prize.

Anish LALVANI BSc, MBA, FHKIOD,

aged 43

Mr. Lalvani was appointed a Director of the Company in 2002. He is Chairman of Euro Suisse International Limited which has business interests in Hong Kong, Europe, the Former Soviet Union, Africa and the Middle East. He has lived and worked in the U.K., U.S.A., India and Hong Kong and holds an MBA degree from the University of San Diego. Mr. Lalvani has extensive marketing experience in the emerging markets and an in-depth knowledge of electrical appliances manufacturers in China – many of whom have in house moulding facilities. He is the former Chairman for both the North Asia Region and the Hong Kong Chapter of the Young Presidents' Organization. Mr. Lalvani is a member of Hong Kong Trade Development Council's Electronics/Electrical Appliances Industry Advisory Committee, a committee member of the Asian Cultural Council, a Director of Harvard Business School Association of Hong Kong Limited and a Fellow of Hong Kong Institute of Directors.

Biographical Details of Directors

陳智思 GBS, JP, 四十四歲

陳先生於二零零四年獲委任為本公司董 事。彼於美國加州 Pomona College 畢 業。彼自二零零八年一月起獲委任為中 國全國人民代表大會之代表,亦曾擔任 香港特別行政區行政會議成員及立法會 議員。陳先生亦為大珠三角商務委員會 委員。陳先生現擔任可持續發展委員會 主席、古物諮詢委員會主席、活化歷史 建築諮詢委員會主席、嶺南大學校董會 主席及香港泰國商會主席。此外,彼亦 為香港社會服務聯會主席及樂施會副主 席。陳先生現為亞洲金融集團(控股)有 限公司及亞洲保險有限公司之執行董事 兼總裁及泰國盤谷銀行香港分行顧問。 彼亦為 City e-Solutions Limited 及新澤 控股有限公司之非執行董事; 華潤創業 有限公司、建滔積層板控股有限公司及 有利集團有限公司之獨立非執行董事, 該等公司均在香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)上市。陳先生自二零零七年 四月起擔任永隆銀行有限公司之獨立非 執行董事,該銀行已於二零零九年一月 十六日撤回在聯交所的上市地位。

利子厚 BA, MBA, 四十八歲

利先生於二零零八年獲委任為本公司董 事,彼為投資管理公司匯圖投資管理有 限公司的董事總經理, 在與人共同創辦 匯圖投資管理有限公司前,利先生為希 慎興業有限公司董事總經理。利先生早 於一九八七年起從事投資業務,曾任多 間跨國公司的高級管理人員,包括東方 匯理投資有限公司及羅祖儒投資顧問公 司,並於一九九五年與人共同創辦亞洲 策略投資管理有限公司。彼於美國接受 教育,並持有Bowdoin College文學士及波 士頓大學工商管理碩士學位。利先生曾 分別是香港聯合交易所有限公司主板及 創業板上市委員會委員,現為香港交易 及結算所有限公司的獨立非執行董事、 太平地氈國際有限公司的獨立非執行董 事,以及香港賽馬會的董事。

Bernard Charnwut CHAN GBS, JP, aged 44

Mr. Chan was appointed a Director of the Company in 2004. He is a graduate of Pomona College in California, U.S.A.. He has been elected a Deputy to the Chinese National People's Congress since January 2008. He is a former member of both the Executive Council and the Legislative Council of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. Mr. Chan is also a member of the Greater Pearl River Delta Business Council. Mr. Chan is the Chairman of the Council for Sustainable Development, the Antiquities Advisory Board, the Advisory Committee on Revitalisation of Historic Buildings, the Council of Lingnan University and Hong Kong-Thailand Business Council. In addition, he serves as the Chairperson of The Hong Kong Council of Social Service and the Vice Chairman of the Oxfam Hong Kong. Mr. Chan is currently an Executive Director and the President of both Asia Financial Holdings Ltd. and Asia Insurance Company Limited and an advisor of Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited, Hong Kong Branch. He is a Non-executive Director of City e-Solutions Limited and New Heritage Holdings Ltd., an Independent Non-executive Director of each of China Resources Enterprise, Limited, Kingboard Laminates Holdings Limited and Yau Lee Holdings Limited, all of which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Mr. Chan since April 2007 has been an Independent Non-executive Director of Wing Lung Bank Limited, which was delisted from the Stock Exchange on 16 January 2009.

Michael Tze Hau LEE BA, MBA, aged 48

Mr. Lee was appointed a Director of the Company in 2008. He is the Managing Director of MAP Capital Limited, an investment management company. Prior to co-founding MAP Capital Limited, he was a Managing Director of Hysan Development Company Limited. Mr. Lee started his career in the investment industry in 1987 and has since held senior management positions in multinational investment companies including Indosuez Asia Investment Services Limited and Lloyd George Management. He also co-founded Asia Strategic Investment Management Limited in 1995. He was educated in the United States of America and holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree from Bowdoin College and a Master of Business Administration Degree from Boston University. Mr. Lee was a member of each of the Main Board and Growth Enterprise Market Listing Committee of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. He is an independent non-executive director of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and Tai Ping Carpets International Limited; and a Steward of Hong Kong Jockey Club.

企業管治報告書 Corporate Governance Report

企業管治常規

本公司董事局(「董事局」)深明良好企業 管治常規對保障股東權益及提升本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)表現的重要 性。董事局一直致力維持及確保高水平 之企業管治常規。

除本報告書所披露外,本公司在截至二零零九年三月三十一日止之財政年度內,已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之企業管治常規守則(「企業管治守則」)之守則條文。

董事證券交易

本公司已就董事進行證券交易採納一套 行為守則(「該守則」),其條款不較上 規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事行人董事行人 辦交易的標準守則(「標準守則」))之 完寬鬆。鑑於標準守則的修訂於二零九年一月一日起生效,及其後進一 之修訂於二零九年四月一日起生效, 董事局因此更新了該守則以配合,由二零 後的企業管治守則之守則條文 零九年四月一日起生效。

經本公司向全體董事作出特定查詢,本公司確認各董事在截至二零零九年三月 三十一日止之財政年度內,一直遵守該 守則及標準守則的規定。

Corporate Governance Practices

The board of directors (the "Board") of the Company recognizes the importance of good corporate governance practices in safeguarding the interests of the shareholders and enhancing the performance of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group"). The Board is committed to maintaining and ensuring a high standard of corporate governance practices.

Except as disclosed in this Report, the Company has complied with the code provisions of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules") during the financial year ended 31 March 2009.

Directors' Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct regarding Securities Transactions by Directors (the "Code") on terms no less exacting than the required standard as set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. In light of the amendments to the Model Code which took effect from 1 January 2009 and further modification thereto which took effect from 1 April 2009, the Board accordingly updated the Code to bring it in line with the amended code provisions of the CG Code with effect from 1 April 2009.

The Company, after having made specific enquiries of all directors, confirms that all directors have complied with the required standard as set out in the Code and the Model Code throughout the financial year ended 31 March 2009.

Corporate Governance Report

董事局

於本報告日期,董事局包括五名執行董 事及四名獨立非執行董事:

執行董事:

吳漢華先生

蔣震博士,大紫荊勳賢(*主席)* 蔣麗苑女士(*行政總裁)* 蔣志堅先生 鍾效良先生

獨立非執行董事:

陳慶光先生 Anish LALVANI先生 陳智思先生 利子厚先生

(於二零零八年五月一日獲委任)

附註:

蔣震博士(主席)為蔣麗苑女士(行政總裁)及蔣志堅先生(執行董事)之父親。

根據守則條文第A.4.2項第二部分之規定,所有董事應至少每三年一次輪值告退。本公司之董事(除本公司主席外)須至少每三年一次輪值告退,因根據百慕達一九九一年震雄集團有限公司公司法,主席及董事總經理毋須輪值告退。

Board of Directors

At the date of this report, the Board consists of five executive directors and four independent non-executive directors:

Executive Directors:

Dr. Chen CHIANG, GBM (Chairman)

Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG

Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG

Mr. Sam Hon Wah NG

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN

Mr. Anish LALVANI

Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN

Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE

(appointed on 1 May 2008)

Note:

Dr. Chen CHIANG (Chairman) is the father of Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG (Chief Executive Officer) and Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG (Executive Director).

Under the second limb of Code Provision A.4.2, every director should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The directors of the Company (except the Chairman of the Company) are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years as the Chen Hsong Holdings Limited Company Act, 1991 of Bermuda provides that the chairman and managing director of the Company are not required to retire by rotation.

企業管治報告書 Corporate Governance Report

董事局主要負責制訂本集團的願景、策略方針、基本政策及策略性業務計劃, 監控及管理本集團營運及財務表現,在 本集團內全面履行最佳企業管治,及訂 立適當之風險評估及管理政策以實現本 集團的策略目標。

董事局於年內定期開會,檢討。會大學運動,檢討。會大學運動,檢討。會大學運動,檢討。會大學運動,檢討。會有為議之會有為議之所發會,一個人。 一個人。 一個一 一個一 一個一一 一個一一 一個一一 一個一一

董事局將本公司日常營運之權力授予管理層。管理層由所有執行董事、管理人員及不同業務單位的營運總監組成。管理層主要負責履行董事局制訂的策略及業務計劃,按董事局的政策及指令管理本集團的業務運作。

本公司已就董事及行政人員因履行本集 團業務而引起之責任購買適當保險,管 理層會每年檢討保險所保障之範圍。 The primary responsibilities of the Board are to establish the Group's vision, strategic direction, general policies and strategic business plans; to monitor and control the operating and financial performance of the Group; to implement the best corporate governance practices throughout the Group; and to set appropriate policies to assess and manage risks in pursuit of the strategic objectives of the Group.

The Board meets regularly throughout the year to review the overall strategies and the operating and financial performance of the Group. The Company Secretary assists the Chairman in setting the agenda for Board meetings in consultation with all directors. Notice of at least 14 days is given to all directors for all regular Board meetings, and directors can include matters for discussion in the agenda. The agenda and accompanying Board papers for regular Board meetings are sent out in full package to all directors at least 3 days before the date of a Board meeting. Draft minutes of all regular Board meetings are circulated to all directors for comments prior to their confirmation. Confirmed minutes of Board meetings are kept by the Company Secretary. All directors have access to Board papers and related materials and may, in appropriate circumstances, seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

The Board has delegated the daily operations of the Company to Management comprising all executive directors, management staff, and operating heads of different business units. The main responsibilities of Management are to implement the strategies and business plans set by the Board and to manage the Group's business operations in accordance with the policies and directives of the Board.

The Company has in force appropriate insurance coverage on directors' and officers' liabilities arising from the Group's business. The Management reviews the extent of insurance coverage on an annual basis.

Corporate Governance Report

獨立非執行董事

本公司每位獨立非執行董事已與本公司 訂立委任書,任期為不超過三年,並須 根據本公司之公司細則規定輪值告退及 可膺選連任。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事,根據 上市規則第3.13條,有關其獨立身份的 年度確認函,董事局認為該等董事均具 獨立性。

會議及出席紀錄

於本財政年度內,本公司共舉行四次董 事局定期會議,大約每季度一次,而每 名董事之出席記錄載列如下:

Independent Non-executive Directors

Each independent non-executive director of the Company has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of not more than three years and in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company is subject to retirement by rotation and eligible for re-election.

The Company has received from each independent non-executive director an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board considered all such directors are independent.

Meetings and Attendance

During this financial year, four regular Board meetings were held at approximately quarterly intervals, and the attendance record of each director is as follows:

出席次數/

		會議次數	
		Number of	
		meeting	出席率
董事姓名	Name of director	attended/held	Attendance rate
蔣震	Chen CHIANG	4/4	100%
蔣麗苑	Lai Yuen CHIANG	4/4	100%
蔣志堅	Chi Kin CHIANG	4/4	100%
鍾效良	Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG	4/4	100%
吳漢華	Sam Hon Wah NG	4/4	100%
陳慶光	Johnson Chin Kwang TAN	4/4	100%
Anish LALVANI	Anish LALVANI	4/4	100%
陳智思	Bernard Charnwut CHAN	4/4	100%
利子厚	Michael Tze Hau LEE	4/4	100%
(於二零零八年五月一日獲委任)	(appointed on 1 May 2008)		

企業管治報告書 Corporate Governance Report

主席及行政總裁

蔣震博士為董事局主席,蔣麗苑女士為 本公司行政總裁,主席與行政總裁之角 色已清楚界定,以確保彼等管理本公司 之獨立性、問責性及職責。

主席專注本集團之整體企業發展及高層 策略性方針,領導董事局及監督董事局 之有效運作。

行政總裁負責管理本集團業務運作,並 在業務策略及其履行上向董事局提供意 見。

董事薪酬

薪酬委員會於二零零五年五月九日成立。於本報告日期,薪酬委員會成員包括三名獨立非執行董事(陳智思先生、Anish LALVANI先生、利子厚先生(於二零零八年五月一日獲委任))及行政總裁蔣麗苑女士,陳智思先生為委員會主席。薪酬委員會之職權範圍已刊載於本公司之網頁內。

薪酬委員會之主要職責為就董事及高級 管理人員之薪酬政策及架構向董事局推 薦意見,並檢討及制訂本集團執行董事 及高級管理人員之薪酬福利。薪酬委員 會考慮之因素包括可比較公司所支付之 薪酬、執行董事及高級管理人員須付出 之時間及職責。

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The Chairman of the Board is Dr. Chen CHIANG, and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company is Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG. The roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are defined clearly to ensure their independence, accountability and responsibility with respect to the management of the Company.

The Chairman focuses on overall corporate development and high-level strategic directions of the Group, provides leadership to the Board, and oversees the efficient functioning of the Board.

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for managing the Group's business operations, and advising the Board of business strategies and their implementations.

Remuneration of Directors

The Remuneration Committee was established on 9 May 2005. At the date of this report, the Remuneration Committee comprises three independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN, Mr. Anish LALVANI and Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE (appointed on 1 May 2008), and the Chief Executive Officer, Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG. Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN is the Committee Chairman. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are posted on the Company's website.

The main responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for the remuneration of directors and senior management. It also reviews and determines the remuneration packages of executive directors and senior management of the Group. The Remuneration Committee considers factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the executive directors and senior management.

Corporate Governance Report

於本財政年度內,薪酬委員會曾舉行一次會議,而每名成員之出席記錄載列如下:

The Remuneration Committee held one meeting during this financial year. The attendance record of each member is as follows:

出席次數/

		會議次數	
		Number of	
		meeting	出席率
姓名	Name	attended/held	Attendance rate
陳智思	Bernard Charnwut CHAN	1/1	100%
Anish LALVANI	Anish LALVANI	1/1	100%
蔣麗苑	Lai Yuen CHIANG	1/1	100%
利子厚	Michael Tze Hau LEE	1/1	100%
(於二零零八年五月一日獲委任)	(appointed on 1 May 2008)		

截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度, 薪酬委員會經評估執行董事及管理人員 之個別表現及咨詢主席及行政總裁之建 議後,檢討並通過執行董事及管理人員 之薪酬。沒有委員會成員就其本人薪酬 在會議中投票。

董事提名

For the year ended 31 March 2009, the Remuneration Committee had reviewed and approved matters relating to the remuneration packages of the executive directors and management staff after assessing the individual performance and in consultation with the proposals of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer. No member took part in voting about his/her own remuneration at the meeting.

Nomination of Directors

The Company does not have a Nomination Committee. The directors participate in the assessment and selection of individuals nominated for directorships. Individuals, suitably qualified and who can contribute to the performance of the Company are identified and nominated to the Board. The selection criteria for Board membership includes professional expertise, high standards of relevant skills, high levels of integrity and business ethics, and demonstrable competence as required by a director of a listed company. A candidate to be appointed as an independent non-executive director must also satisfy the independence criteria set out in rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. During this financial year, the Company had passed a written resolution of the Board in relation to the appointment of Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE as an independent non-executive director of the Company with effect from 1 May 2008.

Corporate Governance Report

審核委員會

審核委員會於一九九八年十一月二十八日 成立。於本報告日期,審核委員會成員包 括四名獨立非執行董事(Anish LALVANI先 生、陳慶光先生、陳智思先生及利子厚 先生(於二零零八年五月一日獲委任)), Anish LALVANI先生為委員會主席。

審核委員會之職權範圍遵行香港會計師公會載列之指引,並予以更新以遵守修訂後的企業管治守則之守則條文,並由二零零九年四月一日起生效。已更新之審核委員會職權範圍已刊載於本公司之網頁內。

於本財政年度內,審核委員會共舉行兩次會議,每名審核委員會成員之出席記錄載列如下:

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established on 28 November 1998. At the date of this report, the Audit Committee comprises four independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Anish LALVANI, Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN, Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN and Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE (appointed on 1 May 2008). Mr. Anish LALVANI is the Committee Chairman.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee follow the guidelines set out by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and have been updated with effect from 1 April 2009 to comply with the revised code provisions of the CG Code. The updated terms of reference of the Audit Committee are posted on the Company's website.

The Audit Committee held two meetings during this financial year. The attendance record of each member is as follows:

	出席次數/		
		會議次數	
		Number of	
		meeting	出席率
姓名	Name	attended/held	Attendance rate
Anish LALVANI	Anish LALVANI	2/2	100%
陳慶光	Johnson Chin Kwang TAN	2/2	100%
陳智思	Bernard Charnwut CHAN	2/2	100%
利子厚	Michael Tze Hau LEE	2/2	100%
(於二零零八年五月一日獲委任)	(appointed on 1 May 2008)		

Corporate Governance Report

於二零零九年三月三十一日止年度,審 核委員會已進行:

檢討本集團全年及中期財務報表之真確性及公平性,並與外聘核數師討論;

- 審閱會計準則之變動,以及評估對本 集團財務報表之影響;
- 檢討外聘核數師致管理層之函件及管理層之回應;
- 就續聘外聘核數師提出建議及檢討其 審核費用;
- 檢討本集團內部監控制度之有效性;
- 檢討內審部之內部審核結果和推薦意 見及管理層之回應;
- 檢討本集團所訂立之持續關連交易:及
- 檢討本集團遵守監管條例及法定規定 之情況。

核數師酬金

於年內,核數師之酬金為港幣1,913,000元,其中港幣1,703,000元為審核服務及港幣210,000元為非審核服務。

問責性及審核

本公司截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表,已由外聘核數師安永會計師事務所審核及審核委員會審閱。董事確認,其對編製本集團財務報表負有責任,該等財務報表乃依照法定要求及適用會計準則編製。

During the year ended 31 March 2009, the Audit Committee had:

- reviewed the Group's annual and interim financial statements with respect to their true and fairness, and discussed with the external auditors;
- reviewed the changes in accounting standards and their impacts on the Group's financial statements;
- reviewed the external auditors' Letter to Management and responses of the Management;
- made recommendation on the re-appointment of external auditors and reviewed their audit fees;
- reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's internal control systems;
- reviewed the internal audit findings and recommendations of the Internal Audit Department and the responses of Management;
- reviewed the continuing connected transactions entered into by the Group; and
- reviewed the Group's compliance with regulatory and statutory requirements.

Auditors' Remuneration

Auditors' remuneration for the year amounted to a total of HK\$1,913,000 for the year, of which HK\$1,703,000 was incurred for audit service and HK\$210,000 for non-audit services.

Accountability and Audit

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2009 have been audited by the external auditors, Ernst & Young, and reviewed by the Audit Committee. The directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Group which were prepared in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.

企業管治報告書 Corporate Governance Report

外聘核數師就其申報責任所編製之聲明,載於本年報第46至47頁之獨立核數師報告書內。

內部監控

A statement by the external auditors about their reporting responsibilities is set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 46 to 47 of this annual report.

Internal Controls

The Company has in place an internal control system comprising a well-designed organizational structure that facilitates segregation of duties, comprehensive operational and financial controls, and effective risk management. Management, which comprises senior staff and operating heads of different business units, is primarily responsible for the design, implementation, and improvement of internal controls. The Board oversees internal governance and Management's activities. Through the Audit Committee and the Group's Internal Audit Department, the Board has conducted an annual review on the effectiveness of the internal control system for the year ended 31 March 2009 which also included the consideration on the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget.

The Audit Committee has been established by the Board to conduct regular checking on internal governance and compliance, and effectiveness of the Company's internal control system. The Audit Committee comprises independent non-executive directors who are experienced in corporate management. The Audit Committee appoints and delegates to the Group's Internal Audit Department the major role in monitoring the Group's compliance with policies and standards and reviewing the effectiveness of internal controls through frequent auditing of the business of different units across the Group. The Group's Internal Audit Department plans its internal audit activities annually and submits to the Audit Committee for review and approval. Audit findings are reported to the Audit Committee and any proposed corrective actions are properly followed up. The Audit Committee also meets with the Company's external auditors regularly. Matters raised in the Letter to Management from external auditors are reviewed by the Audit Committee.

企業管治報告書 Corporate Governance Report

與股東之溝通

董事局明白與所有股東保持良好溝通的 重要性,並致力於透過發出中期報告 年報、公告及其他通函向股東公開現 時地披露相關資料的政策。本行 於公布中期及全年業績後學行員及 並定期與投資機構和投資分析更及 並定期與投資機構和投資分析更及 進行電話會議,確保股東及 者充分了解本公司之業務。為 程 投資者及準投資者同時獲得相同 透過 訊,股價敏感資料會按照上市規則透過 正式公告發放。

Communication with Shareholders

The Board recognizes the importance of good communications with all shareholders and is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of relevant information through published interim and annual reports, public announcements and other public circulars. The Company usually conducts briefing immediately following the announcement of interim and final results. Face-to-face meetings and conference calls with institutional investors and investment analysts are conducted on a regular basis to make sure that shareholders and potential investors can obtain a good understanding of the Company's business. To ensure all investors and potential investors receive equal access to information at the same time, information considered to be of a price sensitive nature is released by formal public announcements as required by the Listing Rules.

The annual general meeting provides a useful forum for shareholders to exchange views with the Board. Shareholders are encouraged to attend the annual general meeting for which more than 21 days prior notice had been given for the annual general meeting held on 25 August 2008 ("2008 AGM"). The Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, Chairmen of the Audit and Remuneration Committees and external auditors were available to answer shareholders' questions at the 2008 AGM. All resolutions at the 2008 AGM were dealt with by way of poll with the Chairman of the meeting delegated to the Company Secretary to explain the poll procedures at the commencement of such meeting.

To comply with the newly amended CG Code which took effect from 1 January 2009, the notice of the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on 28 August 2009 ("2009 AGM") will be sent to shareholders at least 20 clear business days before such meeting. The Company will arrange for the voting at the 2009 AGM to be by way of poll. An explanation of the detailed procedures of conducting a poll will be provided to shareholders at the commencement of the 2009 AGM. The results of the poll will be published on both the Stock Exchange's and the Company's websites.

董事局報告書 Report of the Directors

董事局現提呈截至二零零九年三月三十 一日止年度之董事局報告書及本公司及 本集團之經審核財務報表。 The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 March 2009.

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股及提供管 理服務。

本集團於本年度之主要業務並無重大改變,附屬公司主要業務包括製造及銷售 注塑機及相關產品。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年 度之溢利及本公司與本集團於該日之財政 狀況,詳列於財務報表內第48至135頁。

中期股息每普通股港幣2仙已於二零零九年一月十四日派發。董事局建議約於二零零九年九月十七日派發本年度之末期股息每普通股港幣5仙予於二零零九年八月二十八日名列股東名冊上之股東。連同已派付之中期股息,本年度合共派發股息每普通股港幣7仙。

五年財務摘要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績及資產、負債與少數股東權益摘要載於第140 頁。此摘要並不構成經審核財務報表之 部分。

物業、廠房及設備

本公司及本集團物業、廠房及設備於年內之變動詳情載於財務報表附註15。

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and the provision of management services.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries comprise the manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines and related products. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

Results and Dividends

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 March 2009 and the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 48 to 135.

An interim dividend of HK2 cents per ordinary share was paid on 14 January 2009. The directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK5 cents per ordinary share on or about 17 September 2009 to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members on 28 August 2009 which, together with the interim dividend paid, makes a total dividend of HK7 cents per ordinary share for the year.

Five-Year Financial Summary

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and minority interests of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 140. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Company and of the Group during the year are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

董事局報告書

Report of the Directors

已發行股本

本公司之已發行股本於年內之變動詳情 載於財務報表附註30。

購股權

本公司之購股權計劃摘要及購股權於年 內之變動及相關之原因詳載於財務報表 附註31。

優先購股權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法律對優先 購股權並無規定。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證 券

於年內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無 購買、出售或贖回本公司之任何上市證 券。

儲備

本公司儲備於年內之變動詳情載於財務 報表附註32。本集團儲備於年內之變動 詳情載於本年報第51至52頁之綜合權益 變動報表內。

可供派發儲備

按百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂)計算,於二零零九年三月三十一日,本公司可供分配之儲備為港幣125,608,000元,其中港幣31,442,000元已建議作為本年度之末期股息。

慈善捐款

於年內本集團之慈善捐款總額為港幣729,000元(二零零八年:港幣779,000元)。

Issued Share Capital

Details of movements in the issued share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 30 to the financial statements.

Share Options

A summary of the share option scheme and details of movements in share options of the Company during the year, together with the reasons therefor, are set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

Pre-emptive Rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Listed Securities of the Company

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company during the year.

Reserves

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company during the year are set out in note 32 to the financial statements. The details of movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are included in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 51 to 52 of this annual report.

Distributable Reserves

At 31 March 2009, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), amounted to HK\$125,608,000, of which HK\$31,442,000 has been proposed as a final dividend for the year.

Charitable Contributions

During the year, the Group made charitable contributions totalling HK\$729,000 (2008: HK\$779,000).

董事局報告書

Report of the Directors

主要客戶及供應商

於年內本集團之最大五名客戶總計之營 業額佔本集團之總收益不足30%。

於年內本集團之最大五名供應商總計之 採購額佔本集團之總採購額不足30%。

董事

本年內及截至本報告日期止,本公司之 董事為:

執行董事

蔣震,大紫荊勳賢*(主席)* 蔣麗苑*(行政總裁)** 蔣志堅 鍾效良 吳漢華

獨立非執行董事

陳慶光 +

Anish LALVANI +*

陳智思 +*

利子厚 +*

(於二零零八年五月一日獲委任)

- + 審核委員會成員
- * 薪酬委員會成員

根據本公司之公司細則第189(viii)條,蔣麗苑女士、鍾效良先生及陳慶光先生將輪值告退,彼等合資格並願意於應屆股東周年大會上膺選連任。

本公司之董事之個人資料載於本年報第 17至20頁。高級管理人員皆為本公司執 行董事。

Major Customers and Suppliers

Sales to the five largest customers of the Group accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total revenue for the year.

Purchases from the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total purchases for the year.

Directors

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Chen CHIANG, GBM (Chairman)
Lai Yuen CHIANG (Chief Executive Officer) *
Chi Kin CHIANG
Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG
Sam Hon Wah NG

Independent Non-executive Directors

Johnson Chin Kwang TAN +
Anish LALVANI +*
Bernard Charnwut CHAN +*
Michael Tze Hau LEE +*
(Appointed on 1 May 2008)

- + Members of the Audit Committee
- * Members of the Remuneration Committee

In accordance with Bye-law 189(viii) of the Company's Bye-laws, Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG, Messrs. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG and Johnson Chin Kwang TAN will retire from office by rotation and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The biographical details of the directors of the Company are set out on pages 17 to 20 of this annual report. The senior management of the Group is also executive directors of the Company.

董事局報告書 Report of the Directors

董事服務合約

擬於即將舉行之股東周年大會上膺選連任之董事,概無與本公司訂立本公司不可於一年內在沒有賠償下(法定賠償除外)而可終止之服務合約。

董事於合約之權益

本公司、其任何控股公司、附屬公司或 同集團附屬公司於年內並無訂立涉及本 集團重要業務而董事擁有重大權益之合 約。

董事於股份、相關股份及債券之權 益及淡倉

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本公司之已發行普通股數目為628,833,600股;本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司或任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中持有根據證券及期貨條例第352條須登記於本公司所保存登記冊內之權益及淡倉,或根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)之上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守則」)而須另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉載列如下。

Directors' Service Contracts

None of the directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

Directors' Interests in Contracts

No director had a material interest in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, or any of its holding companies, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year.

Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

At 31 March 2009, the number of issued ordinary shares of the Company was 628,833,600; and the interests and short positions of the directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") were set out below.

(a) 於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

(a) Long positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

佔本公司已

	145 V 14 EE	於普通股 之權益	於相關股份 之權益*			發行普通股之 概約百分比 Approximate percentage of
董事姓名	權益性質 Nature of	Interest in ordinary	Interest in underlying	總計	附註	the Company's issued
里野なら Name of director	interest	shares	shares*	Total	Notes	ordinary shares
蔣震 Chen CHIANG	個人 Personal	3,980,000	_	3,980,000	(1)	0.63%
	其他 Other	398,013,620	-	398,013,620	(3)	63.29%
蔣麗苑 Lai Yuen CHIANG	個人 Personal	5,000,000	-	5,000,000	(1)	0.80%
蔣志堅 Chi Kin CHIANG	個人 Personal	1,744,000	334,000	2,078,000	(1)	0.33%
鍾效良 Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG	個人 Personal	-	666,000	666,000	(1)	0.11%
吳漢華 Sam Hon Wah NG	個人 Personal	_	334,000	334,000	(1)	0.05%
陳慶光 Johnson Chin Kwang TAN	個人 Personal	484,000	-	484,000	(1)	0.08%
Anish LALVANI	個人 Personal	220,000	-	220,000	(1)	0.04%

^{*} 股本衍生工具之相關股份之權益為根據本公司之購股權計劃所授出之購股權權益,而該等權益為尚未發行之股份。有關權益詳情載於財務報表附註 31。

^{*} The interests in underlying shares of equity derivatives represent interests in options granted under the Company's share option scheme of which they were unissued shares. The details of such interests are set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

董事局報告書

Report of the Directors

(b) 於相聯法團股份之好倉

(b) Long positions in shares of associated corporations

- (i) 於震雄投資有限公司(「震雄投資」)之普通股權益:
- (i) Interests in ordinary shares in Chen Hsong Investments Limited ("CH Investments"):

佔震雄投資

					已發行股份 之概約百分比 Approximate
			於股份		percentage
	權益性質		之權益		of the issued
董事姓名	Nature of	身份	Interest	附註	shares of
Name of director	interest	Capacity	in shares	Notes	CH Investments
***	++ /.1.	7 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	66.044.000	(0)	100.000/
蔣震	其他	全權信託之成立人	66,044,000	(2)	100.00%
Chen CHIANG	Other	Founder of			
		discretionary trusts			
蔣麗苑	其他	全權信託之	7,823,700	(4)	11.85%
Lai Yuen CHIANG	Other	合資格受益人			
		Eligible beneficiary of			
		a discretionary trust			
蔣志堅	其他	全權信託之	7,823,700	(5)	11.85%
Chi Kin CHIANG	Other	合資格受益人			
		Eligible beneficiary of			
		a discretionary trust			

- (ii) 本公司之董事蔣震博士被視為持 有下列相聯法團之股份及實收資 本之權益:
- (ii) Dr. Chen CHIANG, a director of the Company, is deemed to be interested in shares and paid-up capital of the following associated corporations:

个人作皿 ·	associated corporation	13.	
			佔相聯法團有關類別 已發行股份/實收 資本之概約百分比 Approximate
			percentage of the
	於股份/		relevant class of
	實收資本之權益		issued shares/
相聯法團名稱	Interest in shares/	附註	paid-up capital of
Name of associated corporation	paid-up capital	Notes	associated corporation
Chiangs' Industrial Holdings	1 股可贖回股份	(3)	100.00%
Limited	1 redeemable share		
博冠投資有限公司	2 股普通股	(3), (6)	100.00%
Equaltex Investment Limited	2 ordinary shares	(-), (-)	
·	,		
Gondmyne Limited	100,000 股普通股	(3), (6)	100.00%
	100,000 ordinary shares		
迪斯有限公司	2 股普通股	(3), (7)	100.00%
Desee Limited	2 ordinary shares	(0), (1)	200.0070
	,		
達觀有限公司	2 股普通股	(3), (7)	100.00%
Desko Limited	2 ordinary shares		
高文有限公司	2 股普通股	(3), (7)	100.00%
Goman Limited	2 ordinary shares	(3), (7)	100.00 %
doman Limited	2 ordinary snares		
高祐有限公司	2 股普通股	(3), (7)	100.00%
Koyoki Limited	2 ordinary shares		
关怀 七四 八司		(2) (7)	100,000/
美姬有限公司 Militia Linatha d	2 股普通股	(3), (7)	100.00%
Mikia Limited	2 ordinary shares		
慕珍有限公司	2 股普通股	(3), (7)	100.00%
Mogin Limited	2 ordinary shares		
宛法 4 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		(2) (7)	100 000/
寶達仕有限公司	2 股普通股	(3), (7)	100.00%
Potachi Limited	2 ordinary shares		

			位相聯法團有關類別 已發行股份/實收 資本之概約百分比
			具本と極端ロガル Approximate
	→ A N.T. /△		percentage of the
	於股份 <i>/</i> 實收資本之權益		relevant class of issued shares/
相聯法團名稱	Interest in shares/	附註	paid-up capital of
Name of associated corporation	paid-up capital	Notes	associated corporation
派諾有限公司	2 股普通股	(3), (7)	100.00%
Parot Limited	2 ordinary shares		
利勤有限公司	2 股普通股	(3), (7)	100.00%
Rikon Limited	2 ordinary shares		
仲都有限公司	2 股普通股	(3), (7)	100.00%
Semicity Limited	2 ordinary shares	(0), (1)	100.0070
	- 55 // >= 55		
西北有限公司	2 股普通股	(3), (7)	100.00%
Sibeland Limited	2 ordinary shares		
崇美有限公司	2 股普通股	(3), (7)	100.00%
Sumei Limited	2 ordinary shares		
Granwich Limited	1 股普通股	(3), (6)	100.00%
	1 ordinary share	,	
香港電腦輔助設計及	52,570,000 股	(3), (6)	75.10%
生產服務有限公司	32,370,000 版 普通股	(5), (6)	70.1070
Hong Kong Cad-Cam	52,570,000		
Services Limited	ordinary shares		
Kadom Limited	2 股普通股	(3), (6)	100.00%
Nadom Emilea	2 ordinary shares	(5), (6)	100.0070
	-		
基碩發展有限公司	8 股普通股	(3), (6)	80.00%
Keyset Development Limited	8 ordinary shares		
高仁(中國)有限公司	64 股普通股	(3), (8)	100.00%
Callan (China) Limited	64 ordinary shares		

佔相聯法團有關類別

			已發行股份/實收
			資本之概約百分比
			Approximate percentage of the
	於股份/		relevant class of
	實收資本之權益		issued shares/
相聯法團名稱	Interest in shares/	附註	paid-up capital of
Name of associated corporation	paid-up capital	Notes	associated corporation
上海仙樂斯房地產有限公司 Shanghai Ciro's Real Estate Co., Ltd.	33,593,200 美元 實收資本 US\$33,593,200 paid-up capital	(3), (8)	67.19%
Oriental Triumph Investments Limited	1 股普通股 1 ordinary share	(3), (9)	100.00%
Pro-Team Pacific Limited	1 股普通股 1 ordinary share	(3), (6)	100.00%
Tatiara Investment Company Limited	2 股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (6)	100.00%
Value Creation Group Limited	1 股普通股 1 ordinary share	(3), (6)	100.00%
震雄物流儲運有限公司 Chen Hsong Logistics Services Company Limited	5,000,000 股 無投票權遞延股份 5,000,000 non-voting deferred shares	(3), (6)	100.00%
震雄機器廠有限公司 Chen Hsong Machinery Company, Limited	50,000,000 股 無投票權遞延股份 50,000,000 non-voting deferred shares	(3), (6)	100.00%
震雄(中國)投資有限公司 Chen Hsong (PRC) Investment Company Limited	2 股無投票權 遞延股份 2 non-voting deferred shares	(3), (6)	100.00%

佔相聯法團有關類別

董事局報告書

Report of the Directors

附註:

- (1) 該等權益乃以實益擁有人的身份 持有。
- (2) 此乃Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited 間接持有之總計權益,而 Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited為兩個全權信託(即蔣震工業慈善基金(「慈善基金」)及蔣氏家族基金(「家族基金」))之信託人。而該兩個基金分別擁有震雄投資 88.15%及11.85%之控股權益。根據證券及期貨條例,由於蔣震博士為兩個全權信託之財產授予人,故蔣震博士有可能被認作全權信託之成立人,而被視作持有該等權益。
- (3) Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited持有震雄投資88.15%之控股權益,Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited 則為 Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited完全擁有。Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited為慈善基金之信託人,根據證券及期貨條例,由於蔣震博士乃慈善基金之財產授予人,故蔣震博士有可能被認作慈善基金之成立人,而被視作持有該等權益。
- (4) 該等權益由家族基金持有,根據 證券及期貨條例,由於蔣麗苑女 士為家族基金其中一位合資格受 益人,故蔣麗苑女士被視作持有 該等權益。
- (5) 該等權益由家族基金持有,根據 證券及期貨條例,由於蔣志堅先 生為家族基金其中一位合資格受 益人,故蔣志堅先生被視作持有 該等權益。
- (6) 該等權益由震雄投資持有。
- (7) 該等權益由震雄投資透過 Gondmyne Limited間接持有。

Notes:

- (1) Such interests are held in the capacity as beneficial owner.
- (2) This represents the collective interest indirectly held by Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited, trustee of two discretionary trusts, namely, The Chiang Chen Industrial Charity Foundation ("Charity Foundation") and The Chiangs' Family Foundation ("Family Foundation"), which respectively hold 88.15% and 11.85% of the issued share capital of CH Investments. By virtue of the SFO, Dr. Chen CHIANG is deemed to be interested in the aforesaid discretionary trusts as he is the settlor of both discretionary trusts and may be regarded as founder of such discretionary trusts.
- (3) Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited holds 88.15% controlling interest in CH Investments, in turn, Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited is wholly-owned by Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited. Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited being the trustee of the Charity Foundation in which, by virtue of the SFO, Dr. Chen CHIANG is deemed to be interested as he is the settlor of the Charity Foundation and may be regarded as founder of the Charity Foundation.
- (4) Such interests were held by the Family Foundation and Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG is deemed to be interested under the SFO by virtue of her being one of the eligible beneficiaries of the Family Foundation.
- (5) Such interests were held by the Family Foundation and Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG is deemed to be interested under the SFO by virtue of him being one of the eligible beneficiaries of the Family Foundation.
- (6) Such interests are held by CH Investments.
- (7) Such interests are indirectly held by CH Investments through Gondmyne Limited.

- (8) 震雄投資持有基碩發展有限公司 80%之控股權益。基碩發展有 限公司則全資擁有高仁(中國)有 限公司。高仁(中國)有限公司則 持有上海仙樂斯房地產有限公司 67.19%之控股權益。
- (9) 該等權益由震雄投資透過基碩發 展有限公司間接持有。

除上文所披露外,於二零零九年三月三十一日,本公司董事或最高行政人員概無於本公司或任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352條須登記於本公司所保存登記冊內之任何權益或淡倉,或根據標準守則而須另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

董事購買股份或債券之權利

於本年度內,本公司董事或最高行政人 員獲授或予以行使之購股權及於二零零 九年三月三十一日尚未行使之購股權詳 情載於財務報表附註31。

除上文所披露外,本公司或其任何附屬公司於年內並無訂立任何安排,致使本公司董事可藉購買本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲益,而董事、最高行政人員或彼等之配偶或未滿十八歲之子女於年內概無擁有可認購本公司證券之任何權利,亦無行使任何該等權利。

- (8) CH Investments holds 80% controlling interest in Keyset Development Limited which holds the entire interest of Callan (China) Limited. Callan (China) Limited which, in turn, holds 67.19% controlling interest in Shanghai Ciro's Real Estate Co., Ltd..
- (9) Such interests are indirectly held by CH Investments through Keyset Development Limited.

Save as disclosed above, at 31 March 2009, none of the directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debentures

Details of share options granted to or exercised by the directors or chief executive of the Company during the year and their outstanding balances at 31 March 2009 are set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisitions of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the directors, chief executive or their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right during the year.

董事局報告書

Report of the Directors

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉

於二零零九年三月三十一日,就本公司董事及最高行政人員所知,根據證券及期貨條例第336條保存之本公司登記冊所記錄之主要股東及其他人士於本公司之股份及相關股份之權益或淡倉載列如下。

於本公司股份之好倉

Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests and Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares

At 31 March 2009, so far as is known to the directors and chief executive of the Company, the interests or short positions of substantial shareholders and other persons in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO were set out below.

佔本公司已發行

Long positions in shares of the Company

		普通股股數		普通股股份之 概約百分比 Approximate
		Number of		percentage of the
股東名稱/姓名	身份	ordinary	附註	Company's issued
Name of shareholder	Capacity	shares	Notes	ordinary shares
震雄投資 CH Investments	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	398,013,620	(1)	63.29%
Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited	於受控制法團之權益 Interest of a controlled corporation	398,013,620	(1)	63.29%
Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited	受託人 Trustee	398,013,620	(1)	63.29%
蔣震 Chen CHIANG	全權信託之成立人 Founder of discretionary trust	398,013,620	(1), (2), (3)	63.29%
	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	3,980,000	(3)	0.63%
寶源投資管理 (香港)有限公司 Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited	投資經理 Investment manager	37,604,000	-	5.98%
Commonwealth Bank of Australia	於受控制法團之權益 Interest of a controlled corporation	38,620,000	(4)	6.14%

董事局報告書

Report of the Directors

附註:

- (1) 此乃震雄投資所持之同一批股份。由於 Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited為慈善基金之 信託人,故被視為於有關股份持有權益, 而該等有關股份乃透過其所控制的法團 Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited在震 雄投資持有88.15%之控股權益而持有。
- (2) 蔣震博士為慈善基金之財產授予人,根據 證券及期貨條例,蔣震博士有可能被認作 慈善基金之成立人,而被視為於有關股份 持有權益。
- (3) 馬榮華女士為蔣震博士之配偶,根據證券 及期貨條例,馬榮華女士以配偶權益身份 而被視為於蔣震博士持有之有關股份持有 權益。
- (4) 該 等 股 份 由Commonwealth Bank of Australia直接或間接100%控制的法團持有。

除上文所披露外,於二零零九年三月三十一日,根據證券及期貨條例第336條,本公司須保存之登記冊所記錄,概無任何其他人士擁有本公司之股份或相關股份之權益或淡倉。

Notes:

- (1) This represents the same parcel of shares held by CH Investments. Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited is deemed to have interest in the relevant shares by virtue of being the trustees of the Charity Foundation, the relevant shares are held through its controlled corporation, Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited which holds 88.15% controlling interest in CH Investments.
- (2) The relevant shares are deemed to be interested by Dr. Chen CHIANG by virtue of the SFO as he is the settlor of the Charity Foundation and he may be regarded as the founder of the Charity Foundation.
- (3) Ms. Jwung Hwa MA, being the spouse of Dr. Chen CHIANG, in the capacity of interest of spouse, is deemed to be interested in the relevant shares held by Dr. Chen CHIANG by virtue of the SFO.
- (4) These shares were held by corporations controlled directly or indirectly as to 100% by Commonwealth Bank of Australia.

Save as disclosed above, at 31 March 2009, no other parties were recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO as having interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company.

持續關連交易

於二零零七年三月十九日,震堅模具機械(深圳)有限公司(「震堅深圳」)與震雄機械(深圳)有限公司(「深圳震雄」)(本公司間接全資附屬公司)簽訂一份採購主協議(「主協議」)。據此協議,本公司及其附屬公司(包括深圳震雄)將以非獨家方式向震堅深圳採購鋼材,為期三年,由二零零七年四月一日起開始。年內之交易金額約為港幣12,033,000元(不含增值税)。

蔣震博士及蔣志堅先生(二人為本公司之董事)及彼等各自之聯繫人,合共控制震 堅實業有限公司股東大會上80%之投票 權。由於震堅實業有限公司全資擁有震 堅深圳,根據上市規則,震堅深圳被界 定為本公司之關連人士。據此,按主協 議進行之採購將構成本公司之持續關連 交易。

本公司之獨立非執行董事已審閱上述持續關連交易,並確認該等交易:(1)屬本公司之日常業務;(2)按照一般商務條款進行;及(3)根據有關交易的協議條款進行,而交易條款屬公平合理,並且符合本公司股東之整體利益。

本公司之核數師已就上市規則第14A.38 條之規定對上述持續關連交易進行審查,並已致函本公司董事局,確認上述 持續關連交易:(1)已經由本公司董事局 批准:(2)乃根據有關交易的協議條款進行:及(3)並無超逾於二零零七年三月十 九日公告披露的上限。

Continuing Connected Transactions

On 19 March 2007, a master agreement (the "Master Agreement") was entered into between Zhenjian Mould & Machinery (Shenzhen) Company Limited ("CC-SZ") and Chen Hsong Machinery (Shenzhen) Company, Limited ("CHM-SZ"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, in which the Company and its subsidiaries including CHM-SZ would, on non-exclusive basis, purchase steel from CC-SZ for a term of three years commencing from 1 April 2007. The transaction value during the year amounted to approximately HK\$12,033,000 (net of value-added tax).

Dr. Chen CHIANG and Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG, who are directors of the Company, and their respective associates together control the exercise of 80% of the voting power at general meetings of Chen Chien Holdings Limited, which holds the entire equity interest of CC-SZ. Therefore, CC-SZ is a connected person of the Company as defined in the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the purchases contemplated under the Master Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company.

The independent non-executive directors of the Company have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and confirmed that the transactions have been entered into (1) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company; (2) on normal commercial terms; and (3) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

Pursuant to rule 14A.38 of the Listing Rules, the auditors of the Company have issued a letter to the board of directors of the Company that the above continuing connected transactions (1) have been approved by the board of directors of the Company; (2) have been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the transactions; and (3) have not exceeded the cap disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 19 March 2007.

董事局報告書

Report of the Directors

公眾持股量

根據本公司得悉的公開資料,及董事所 知悉,本公司於本年度內及截至本報告 日止已按照上市規則規定維持指定數額 的公眾持股量。

薪酬政策

本集團之薪酬政策(包括薪金及花紅)合符本公司及其附屬公司經營當地之一般慣例。本公司亦按本公司之購股權計劃向集團部分僱員授予購股權,以吸引及延攬優秀員工。

薪酬委員會經考慮本集團之經營業績、個人表現及可供比較之市場數據資料, 以檢閱本集團之薪酬政策及本集團董事 及高級管理人員之薪酬。

核數師

安永會計師事務所依章告退,本公司將 於應屆股東周年大會上提呈決議案,續 聘彼等為本公司核數師。

承董事局命

蔣震

主席

香港,二零零九年七月十四日

Public Float

Based on the information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed amount of public float during the year and up to the date of this report as required under the Listing Rules.

Emolument Policy

The Group's emolument policy, including salaries and bonuses, is in line with the local practices where the Company and its subsidiaries operate. Share options of the Company were granted to selected employees of the Group under the share option scheme of the Company for attracting and retaining high talents.

The Remuneration Committee reviews the Group's emolument policy and structure for the remuneration of the directors and senior management of the Group, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

Auditors

Ernst & Young retire and a resolution for their re-appointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

By Order of the Board

Chen CHIANG

Chairman

Hong Kong, 14 July 2009

獨立核數師報告書 Independent Auditors' Report

型 ERNST & YOUNG 安 永

致:**震雄集團有限公司**列位股東 (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已完成審核 刊於第48頁至第135頁之震雄集團有限公司之財務報表,包括於二零零九年三月 三十一日之綜合及公司資產負債表,及 截至該日止年度之綜合收益表、綜合權 益變動報表及綜合現金流量表,以及主 要會計政策及其他説明附註之摘要。

董事對財務報表之責任

貴公司之董事須負責按照香港會計師公 會頒布之香港財務報告準則及香港公司 條例之披露要求編製真實及公平地呈列 之財務報表。此責任包括設計、實施及 維持與編製及真實及公平地呈列財務報 表相關之內部監控,以使財務報表 有由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤 述:選擇和應用適當之會計政策:及按 情況作出合理之會計估計。

核數師之責任

我們之責任是按照百慕達一九八一年《公司法》第九十條的規定,根據我們的審核,對該等財務報表作出意見,並僅向全體股東報告。除此之外,我們的報告書不可用作其他用途。我們概不就本報告書的內容,對任何其他人士負債或承擔任何責任。

To the shareholders of **Chen Hsong Holdings Limited** (*Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability*)

We have audited the financial statements of Chen Hsong Holdings Limited set out on pages 48 to 135, which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31 March 2009, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

核數師之責任(續)

我們乃按照香港會計師公會頒布之香港 審計準則進行審核工作。這些準則要求 我們遵守職業道德要求,並規劃及執行 審核工作,以合理確定該等財務報表是 否不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

我們相信所獲得的審核憑證充足及適當 地為我們之審核意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為,上述財務報表已按照香港財務報告準則足以真實與公平地反映 貴公司及 貴集團於二零零九年三月三十一日之財務狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度之溢利及現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例之披露要求而妥善編製。

安永會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港中環 金融街八號 國際金融中心二期十八樓

二零零九年七月十四日

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY (continued)

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2009 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants 18/F, Two International Finance Centre, 8 Finance Street, Central, Hong Kong

14 July 2009

綜合收益表 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

Consolidated Income Statement

Year ended 31 March 2009

## Cost of sales (1,234,089) (1,688 年利 Gross profit 369,018 627 月	(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	附註 Notes	2009	2008
毛利 Gross profit 369,018 627 其他收入及收益淨額	收益	REVENUE	6	1,603,107	2,316,136
其他收入及收益淨額 Other income and gains, net 31,824 79 销售及分銷支出 Selling and distribution expenses (191,628) (204 70 0	銷售成本	Cost of sales		(1,234,089)	(1,688,250)
其他收入及收益淨額 Other income and gains, net 31,824 79 销售及分銷支出 Selling and distribution expenses (191,628) (204 70 0	丰 利	Cross profit		260.019	627 996
3 性性	七们	Gross profit		369,018	627,886
行政支出 Administrative expenses (115,325) (144 其他經營收入	其他收入及收益淨額	Other income and gains, net		31,824	79,761
其他經營收入/ (支出)淨額 (expenses), net 13,245 (17 融資成本 Finance costs 8 (4,668) (4 應佔聯營公司 Share of profits less losses 3 1,386 1 除稅前溢利 PROFIT BEFORE TAX 7 103,852 338 税項 Tax 11 (16,700) (18 本年度溢利 PROFIT FOR THE YEAR 87,152 320 歸屬於: ATTRIBUTABLE TO: 85,786 317 本公司權益持有人 Equity holders of the Company 85,786 3 少數股東權益 Minority interests 1,366 3 股息 DIVIDENDS 13 44,472 159 本公司權益持有人 EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY	銷售及分銷支出	Selling and distribution expenses		(191,628)	(204,087)
(支出)淨額 (expenses), net 13,245 (17 融資成本 Finance costs 8 (4,668) (4 應佔聯營公司 Share of profits less losses 溢利減虧損 of associates 1,386 1 除税前溢利 PROFIT BEFORE TAX 7 103,852 338 税項 Tax 11 (16,700) (18 本年度溢利 PROFIT FOR THE YEAR 87,152 320 歸屬於: ATTRIBUTABLE TO: 本公司權益持有人 Equity holders of the Company 9 85,786 317 少數股東權益 Minority interests 1,366 3 股息 DIVIDENDS 13 44,472 159 本公司權益持有人 EARNINGS PER SHARE 應佔每股盈利 ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY	行政支出	Administrative expenses		(115,325)	(144,199)
融資成本 Finance costs 8 (4,668) (4 應佔聯營公司 Share of profits less losses 溢利減虧損 of associates 1,386 1 除稅前溢利 PROFIT BEFORE TAX 7 103,852 338	其他經營收入/				
應估聯營公司 溢利減虧損 Share of profits less losses 1,386 1 溢利減虧損 of associates 1,386 1 除税前溢利 PROFIT BEFORE TAX 7 103,852 338 税項 Tax 11 (16,700) (18 本年度溢利 PROFIT FOR THE YEAR 87,152 320 歸屬於: ATTRIBUTABLE TO: 85,786 317 少數股東權益 Minority interests 1,366 3 股息 DIVIDENDS 13 44,472 159 本公司權益持有人 應估每股盈利 EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY	(支出)淨額	(expenses), net		13,245	(17,098)
溢利減虧損 of associates 1,386 1 除税前溢利 PROFIT BEFORE TAX 7 103,852 338 税項 Tax 11 (16,700) (18 本年度溢利 PROFIT FOR THE YEAR 87,152 320 歸屬於: ATTRIBUTABLE TO: *** *** *** 317 少數股東權益 Minority interests 1,366 3 股息 DIVIDENDS 13 44,472 159 本公司權益持有人 應任每股盈利 EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY *** ***	融資成本	Finance costs	8	(4,668)	(4,419)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	應佔聯營公司	Share of profits less losses			
Tax 11 (16,700) (18 本年度溢利 PROFIT FOR THE YEAR 87,152 320 3	溢利減虧損	of associates		1,386	1,130
本年度溢利 PROFIT FOR THE YEAR 87,152 320 歸屬於: ATTRIBUTABLE TO: 本公司權益持有人 Equity holders of the Company 985,786 317 人數股東權益 Minority interests 1,366 3 87,152 320 股息 DIVIDENDS 13 44,472 159 本公司權益持有人 EARNINGS PER SHARE 應佔每股盈利 ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY	除税前溢利	PROFIT BEFORE TAX	7	103,852	338,974
歸屬於: ATTRIBUTABLE TO: 本公司權益持有人 Equity holders of the Company 少數股東權益 Ninority interests 1,366 3 RO DIVIDENDS 13 44,472 159 本公司權益持有人 EARNINGS PER SHARE	税項	Tax	11	(16,700)	(18,129)
本公司權益持有人 Equity holders of the Company 85,786 317 少數股東權益 Minority interests 1,366 3 87,152 320 股息 DIVIDENDS 13 44,472 159 本公司權益持有人 EARNINGS PER SHARE 8任每股盈利 ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY	本年度溢利	PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		87,152	320,845
少數股東權益 Minority interests 1,366 3 87,152 320 股息 DIVIDENDS 13 44,472 159 本公司權益持有人 EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY	歸屬於:	ATTRIBUTABLE TO:			
少數股東權益 Minority interests 1,366 3 87,152 320 股息 DIVIDENDS 13 44,472 159 本公司權益持有人 EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY	本公司權益持有人	Fauity holders of the Company		85.786	317,829
股息 DIVIDENDS 13 44,472 159 本公司權益持有人 EARNINGS PER SHARE					3,016
股息 DIVIDENDS 13 44,472 159 本公司權益持有人 EARNINGS PER SHARE				87.152	320,845
本公司權益持有人 EARNINGS PER SHARE 應佔每股盈利 ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY				,	,
應佔每股盈利 ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY	股息	DIVIDENDS	13	44,472	159,240
	本公司權益持有人	EARNINGS PER SHARE			
HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY 14	應佔每股盈利	ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY			
		HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY	14		
基本(港仙) Basic (HK cents) 13.6	基本(港仙)	Basic (HK cents)		13.6	50.8
攤薄 <i>(港仙)</i> Diluted <i>(HK cents)</i> 13.6	攤蒲(港仙)	Diluted (HK cents)		13.6	50.6

綜合資產負債表 於二零零九年三月三十一日

Consolidated Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2009

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	附註 Notes	2009	2008
非流動資產	NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	15	771,742	709,192
預付土地租賃款	Prepaid land lease payments	16	55,735	56,880
商譽	Goodwill	17	94,931	94,931
於聯營公司權益	Interests in associates	19	14,780	2,394
可供出售權益投資	Available-for-sale equity investments	20	124,057	124,057
持至到期投資	Held-to-maturity investments	21	_	_
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	29	74,321	69,540
購買物業、廠房及	Deposits for purchases of items of			
設備訂金	property, plant and equipment		17,499	17,299
非流動資產總計	Total non-current assets		1,153,065	1,074,293
グF/川 切 貝 庄 沁 印	Total Horr-current assets		1,133,003	1,074,233
流動資產	CURRENT ASSETS			
存貨	Inventories	22	704,309	709,278
應收貿易及票據賬款	Trade and bills receivables	23	516,082	874,324
訂金、預付款項及	Deposits, prepayments and			
其他應收賬款	other receivables	24	66,297	61,500
應收可供出售權益	Dividend receivable from an			
投資股息	available-for-sale equity investment		_	37,800
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	25	445,590	361,744
流動資產總計	Total current assets		1,732,278	2,044,646
流動負債 應付貿易及票據賬款	CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and bills payables	26	276,572	410,373
其他應付賬款及應計負債	Other payables and accruals	27	194,122	248,906
銀行貸款,無抵押	Bank loans, unsecured	28	37,864	27,814
應付税項		20	12,462	
悠り优块	Tax payable		12,402	22,795
流動負債總計	Total current liabilities		521,020	709,888
法	NET CURRENT ACCETS		1 211 252	1 224 752
流動資產淨值	NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,211,258	1,334,758
資產總值減流動負債	TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABIL	LITIES	2,364,323	2,409,051

綜合資產負債表 於二零零九年三月三十一日

Consolidated Balance Sheet

As at 31 March 2009

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	附註 Notes	2009	2008
非流動負債	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	29	12,169	16,147
資產淨值	NET ASSETS		2,352,154	2,392,904
權益	EQUITY			
本公司權益持有人	Equity attributable to equity holders			
應佔權益	of the Company			
已發行股本	Issued share capital	30	62,883	62,623
儲備	Reserves	32	2,275,588	2,318,240
			2,338,471	2,380,863
少數股東權益	Minority interests		13,683	12,041
權益總計	Total equity		2,352,154	2,392,904

蔣震 Chen CHIANG

主席 Chairman

蔣麗苑 Lai Yuen CHIANG

行政總裁 Chief Executive Officer

綜合權益變動報表 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Year ended 31 March 2009

2008 本公司權益持有人應佔 Attributable to equity holders of the Company

					Att	ibutubic to t	quity notuci	3 01 1110 001	iipuiij				
			已發行 股本 Issued	股份 溢價賬 Share	資本贖回 儲備 Capital	資本儲備	法定儲備	一般儲備	匯兑變動 儲備 Exchange	保留溢利		少數 股東權益	權益總計
		附註	share	premium	redemption	Capital	Statutory	General	fluctuation	Retained	總計	Minority	Total
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	Notes	capital	account	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	profits	Total	interests	equity
於二零零七年四月一日	At 1 April 2007		62,416	498,308	295	50,463	23,976	2,351	43,732	1,395,837	2,077,378	7,967	2,085,345
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment		-	-	-	-	-	-	132,193	-	132,193	1,058	133,251
本年度直接確認為權益的	Total income and expense for the year recognized								120 102		120 102	1.050	122.051
總收入及支出 本年度溢利	directly in equity Profit for the year		_	_	_	-	-	_	132,193	317,829	132,193 317,829	1,058 3,016	133,251 320,845
本年度總收入 及支出 發行新股	Total income and expense for the year Issue of new shares	30	- 207	- 3,146	-	-	-	-	132,193	317,829	450,022 3,353	4,074 -	454,096 3,353
以股權支付的 購股權安排	Equity-settled share option arrangements		_	_	_	252	_	_	_	_	252	_	252
保留溢利轉撥	Transfer from retained profits		_	_	_	923	85,826	_	_	(86,749)	_	_	_
截至二零零七年 三月三十一日止	Final dividend for the year ended					020	00,020			(66), 16)			
年度之末期股息	31 March 2007		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(100,055)	(100,055)	-	(100,055)
中期股息	Interim dividend	13	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	(50,087)	(50,087)	-	(50,087)
於二零零八年													
三月三十一日	At 31 March 2008		62,623	501,454*	295*	51,638*	109,802*	2,351	* 175,925*	1,476,775*	2,380,863	12,041	2,392,904

綜合權益變動報表

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Year ended 31 March 2009

2009 本公司權益持有人應佔 Attributable to equity holders of the Company

							1. 7		1 1				
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	附註 Notes	已發行 股本 Issued share capital	股份 溢價賬 Share premium account	資本贖回 儲備 Capital redemption reserve	資本儲備 Capital reserve	法定儲備 Statutory reserve	一般儲備 General reserve	匯兑變動 儲備 Exchange fluctuation reserve	保留溢利 Retained profits	總計 Total	少數 股東權益 Minority interests	權益總計 Total equity
於二零零八年四月一日 匯兑調整	At 1 April 2008 Exchange realignment		62,623	501,454	295 -	51,638 -	109,802	2,351	175,925 (11,393)	1,476,775	2,380,863 (11,393)	12,041 276	2,392,904 (11,117)
本年度直接 確認為權益的 總收入及支出 本年度溢利	Total income and expense for the year recognized directly in equity Profit for the year		- -	-	- -	- -	- -	-	(11,393)	- 85,786	(11,393) 85,786	276 1,366	(11,117) 87,152
本年度總收入 及支出 發行新股	Total income and expense for the year Issue of new shares	30	- 260	- 4,920	-	-	-	-	(11,393)	85,786 -	74,393 5,180	1,642 -	76,035 5,180
以股權支付的 購股權安排	Equity-settled share option arrangements		_	_	_	29	_	_	_	_	29	_	29
保留溢利轉撥 截至二零零八年 三月三十一日止	Transfer from retained profits Final dividend for the year ended		-	-	-	641	7,766	-	-	(8,407)		-	-
ー// I II	31 March 2008	13	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(109,417)	(109,417)	_	(109,417)
中期股息	Interim dividend	13	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	(12,577)	(12,577)	-	(12,577)
於二零零九年													
三月三十一日	At 31 March 2009		62,883	506,374*	295*	52,308*	117,568*	2,351	164,532*	1,432,160*	2,338,471	13,683	2,352,154

於二零零九年三月三十一日的綜合資產 負債表,該等儲備賬組成綜合儲備為港 幣2,275,588,000元(二零零八年:港幣 2,318,240,000元)。

These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$2,275,588,000 (2008: HK\$2,318,240,000) in the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2009.

綜合現金流量表 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement Year ended 31 March 2009

(HK\$'000)	附註 Notes	2009	2008
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before tax		103,852	338,974
Adjustments for:			
Finance costs	8	4,668	4,419
Share of profits less losses of associates		(1,386)	(1,130
Interest income	7	(2,493)	(3,823
Dividend income from an available-for-sale			
equity investment	7	-	(37,800
Depreciation	7	60,378	55,794
Recognition of prepaid land lease payments	7	1,892	1,805
Gain on disposal of items of			
property, plant and equipment	7	(738)	(84
Write-off of items of			
property, plant and equipment	7	26	58
Write-off of aged liabilities	7	(5,300)	(12,042
Impairment/(write-back of impairment) of			
inventories, net	7	(24,425)	34,608
Impairment/(write-back of impairment) of			
trade and bills receivables, net	7	(14,725)	14,342
Equity-settled share option expenses		29	252
		121.778	395,373
Decrease/(increase) in halances		121,770	030,070
		(10.702)	4,455
			(135,624
		3, 137	(100,02)
		356 236	(188,415
		330,230	(100,410
		(6 431)	(7,774
		(0,431)	(7,77-
		(118 363)	101,287
		(110,505)	101,207
		(40.011)	42,562
and decidals		(40,011)	72,502
			011 001
			211,864
•			(4,419
			-
			3,028
Overseas taxes paid		(34,771)	(41,295
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax Adjustments for: Finance costs Share of profits less losses of associates Interest income Dividend income from an available-for-sale equity investment Depreciation Recognition of prepaid land lease payments Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment Write-off of items of property, plant and equipment Write-off of aged liabilities Impairment/(write-back of impairment) of inventories, net Impairment/(write-back of impairment) of trade and bills receivables, net	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax Adjustments for: Finance costs Share of profits less losses of associates Interest income Dividend income from an available-for-sale equity investment Teppreciation Recognition of prepaid land lease payments Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment Write-off of items of property, plant and equipment Temporery, plant and equipm	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax

綜合現金流量表 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement Year ended 31 March 2009

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	附註 Notes	2009	2008
投資業務之現金流量	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
購買物業、廠房	Purchases of items of property, plant			
及設備	and equipment	15	(122,090)	(58,450)
預付土地租賃款增加	Additions to prepaid land lease payments	16	_	(3,518)
出售物業、廠房及設備	Proceeds from disposal of items of			,
所得款項	property, plant and equipment		1,062	155
已收利息	Interest received		2,493	3,823
已收股息	Dividend received		37,800	_
購買物業、廠房及設備	Increase in deposits for purchases of items of			
訂金增加	property, plant and equipment		(200)	(17,299)
於存款時距離原期滿日	Decrease in bank deposits with			
超過三個月之	original maturity of more than			
定期存款減少	three months when acquired		5,403	2,195
投資業務之現金流出淨額	Net cash outflow from investing activities		(75,532)	(73,094)
32.27.637.2.70 <u>=</u> 7.01			·	· · · · · ·
融資業務之現金流量	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
發行新股所得款項	Proceeds from issue of new shares	30	5,180	3,353
新借銀行貸款	New bank loans		173,685	52,254
償還銀行貸款	Repayment of bank loans		(161,390)	(60,224)
已付股息	Dividends paid		(121,994)	(150,142)
融資業務之現金流出淨額	Net cash outflow from financing activities		(104,519)	(154,759)
現金及現金等價物	NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN			
之增加/(減少)淨額	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		93,969	(58,675)
年初之現金	Cash and cash equivalents		55,555	(00,070)
及現金等價物	at beginning of year		329,798	363,613
匯率變動之影響淨額	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net		(5,441)	24,860
			(-,	
年終之現金 及現金等價物	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		410 226	220 709
<u> </u>	AT END OF YEAR		418,326	329,798
現金及現金等價物	ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND			
結存之分析	CASH EQUIVALENTS			
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	25	407,369	295,777
於存款時距離原期滿日	Bank deposits with original maturity		•	,
不足三個月之定期存款	of less than three months when acquired	25	10,957	34,021
			A19 226	220 709
			418,326	329,798

資產負債表 於二零零九年三月三十一日

Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2009

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	附註 Notes	2009	2008
非流動資產	NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	15	738	836
於附屬公司權益	Interests in subsidiaries	18	696,803	816,649
非流動資產總計	Total non-current assets		697,541	817,485
流動資產	CURRENT ASSETS			
加勤資產 訂金及其他應收賬款	Deposits and other receivables	24	725	915
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	25	4,574	4,490
<u> </u>	Cash and bank balances	23	4,374	4,430
流動資產總計	Total current assets		5,299	5,405
流動負債	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
其他應付賬款及應計負債	Other payables and accruals	27	4,776	19,140
法乱盗客 // 台 庤\ 涇 店	NET CURRENT ACCETC//LIARULITIES		523	(12.725)
流動資產/(負債)淨值	NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		523	(13,735)
資產淨值	NET ASSETS		698,064	803,750
權益	EQUITY			
已發行股本	Issued share capital	30	62,883	62,623
儲備	Reserves	32	635,181	741,127
HEN (42)				
權益總計	Total equity		698,064	803,750

蔣震 Chen CHIANG

主席 Chairman

蔣麗苑 Lai Yuen CHIANG

行政總裁 Chief Executive Officer

二零零九年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

1. 公司資料

震雄集團有限公司為於百慕達註冊成立 之有限公司。本公司之主要營業地點位 於香港新界大埔大埔工業邨大宏街13 至15號。

年內,本集團主要從事製造及銷售注塑 機及有關產品。

董事認為本公司之最終控股公司為於 巴哈馬註冊成立之Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited。香港註冊成立之震雄投資有 限公司(「震雄投資」)則為本公司之直 接控股公司。

2.1 編製及綜合基準

編製基準

該等財務報表乃按照香港會計師公會 頒布之香港財務報告準則(包括所有香 港財務報告準則、香港會計準則及詮 釋)、香港公認會計原則及香港公司條 例之披露要求而編製。財務報表乃按歷 史成本慣列而編製。財務報表以港幣呈 列,除了另有指明,所有金額均以千元 (港幣千元)列報。

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Chen Hsong Holdings Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at 13-15 Dai Wang Street, Tai Po Industrial Estate, Tai Po, New Territories, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Group was principally involved in the manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines and related products.

In the opinion of the directors, the Company's ultimate holding company is Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited, a company incorporated in the Bahamas. Chen Hsong Investments Limited ("CH Investments"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong, is the Company's immediate holding company.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CONSOLIDATION

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) except when otherwise indicated.

Notes to Financial Statements

2.1 編製及綜合基準(續)

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司 (全部統稱為「集團」)截至二零零九年三 月三十一日止年度之財務報表。倘會計 政策出現任何不一致,將作出調整以使 一致。所有附屬公司之業績由其收購日 (即本集團取得控制權之日)起綜合賬 目,並持續綜合賬目至控制權終止日為 止。本集團所有公司間之交易及賬款餘 額引起的收入,費用及未變現損益均已 在綜合賬目時悉數予以抵銷。

少數股東權益指非由本集團控制的外界 股東在本公司之附屬公司之業績及資產 淨值中擁有之權益。

2.2 新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準則 之影響

本集團已於本年度之財務報表內首次採 納以下新詮釋及經修訂的香港財務報告 準則。

香港會計準則

香港會計準則 第39號及香港 第39號金融

財務報告準則 第7號修訂

工具:確認及 計量及香港財務

報告準則第7號 金融工具:披露一 金融資產重新 分類之修訂

香港(國際財務 服務特許權安排

報告詮釋

委員會)

一詮釋:

第12號

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2009. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. Income, expenses and unrealized gains and losses resulting from intercompany transactions and intercompany balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation in full.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CONSOLIDATION (continued)

Minority interests represent the interests of outside shareholders not held by the Group in the results and net assets of the Company's subsidiaries.

2.2 IMPACT OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL **REPORTING STANDARDS**

The Group has adopted the following new interpretations and amendments to HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7 Amendments

Amendments to HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and HKFRS 7

Financial Instruments: Disclosures -

Reclassification of **Financial Assets**

HK(IFRIC) – Int 12

Service Concession Arrangements

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Notes to Financial Statements

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2.2 新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準則 之影響(續)

香港(國際財務 香港會計準則

報告詮釋 第19號-定額 委員會) 福利資產限額、 -詮釋: 最低資金規定及 第14號 其相互關係 2.2 IMPACT OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

HK(IFRIC) – Int 14 HKAS 19 – The Limit on a Defined

Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding
Requirements and their Interaction

採納該等新詮釋及修訂並無對該等財務 報表產生重大財務影響及該等財務報表 所應用之會計政策並無產生重大變動。 The adoption of these new interpretations and amendments has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements and there have been no significant changes to the accounting policies applied in these financial statements.

2.3 已頒布但未生效的香港財務報告準 則的影響

本集團並無於該等財務報表內應用以下 已頒布但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則。

香港財務報告 準則第1號及

本則第1號及 香港會計準則 第27號修訂 香港財務報告準則

第1號首次採納 香港財務報告 準則及香港會計

準則第27號綜合

及獨立財務報表 一於附屬公司、 共同控制企業或 聯營公司之投資

成本的修訂1

2.3 IMPACT OF ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

HKFRS 1 and HKAS 27

Amendments

Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time

Adoption of HKFRSs and HKAS 27

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements – Cost of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Jointly Controlled Entity

or Associate1

香港財務報告準則:

第1號(修訂) 首次採納香港財務

報告準則3

第2號(修訂) 香港財務報告

準則第2號修訂 以股份支付一 歸屬條件及註銷1 HKFRS 1 (Revised)

First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards³

HKFRS 2 Amendments

Amendments to HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment – Vesting Conditions and

Cancellations1

Notes to Financial Statements

2.3 已頒布但未生效的香港財務報告準 則的影響(續)

具披露之改進1

報表3

之修訂1

格對沖項目3

2.3 IMPACT OF ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

香港財務報告準則:

Business Combinations³ 第3號(修訂) 業務合併3 HKFRS 3 (Revised)

第7號(修訂) 香港財務報告 **HKFRS 7 Amendments** Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial

> 準則第7號修訂 Instruments: Disclosures - Improving

金融工具:披露 Disclosures about Financial

一有關金融工 Instruments1

Operating Segments¹ 第8號 經營分部1 HKFRS 8

香港會計準則:

Presentation of Financial Statements¹ 第1號(修訂) 財務報表呈列1 HKAS 1 (Revised)

第23號(修訂) 借貸成本1 HKAS 23 (Revised) Borrowing Costs¹

第27號(修訂) HKAS 27 (Revised) Consolidated and Separate Financial 綜合及獨立財務

Statements³

HKAS 32 and HKAS 1 Amendments to HKAS 32 Financial 香港會計準則 第32號及

第1號(修訂) Amendments Instruments: Presentation and 第32號金融 工具:呈列及 HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements – Puttable Financial 香港會計準則

第1號財務報表 Instruments and Obligations Arising 呈列一可認沽 on Liquidation¹

金融工具及清盤

時產生責任

HKAS 39 Amendment 第39號(修訂) 香港會計準則 Amendment to HKAS 39 Financial

> Instruments: Recognition and 第39號修訂 Measurement - Eligible Hedged 金融工具:確認

Items³ 及計量一合資

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Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

2.3已頒布但未生效的香港財務報告準 則的影響(*續*)

2.3 IMPACT OF ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

香港(國際財務 香港(國際財務 報告詮釋委員 報告詮釋委員會) 會)一詮釋 一詮釋第9號重新 第9號及香港 評估嵌入式衍生 會計準則 工具及香港會計 第39號修訂 準則第39號金融

工具:確認及 計量-嵌入式 衍生工具之修訂² HK(IFRIC) – Int 9
Amendments to HK(IFRIC) – Int 9
Amendments of Embedded
Amendments
Derivatives and HKAS 39 Financial
Instruments: Recognition and
Measurement – Embedded

Derivatives²

香港(國際財務 報告詮釋委員

會)一詮釋:

第13號 顧客長期支持計劃⁴ HK(IFRIC) – Int 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes⁴

第15號 房地產興建協議¹ HK(IFRIC) – Int 15 Agreements for the Construction of Real

Estate¹

第16號 海外業務淨投資 HK(IFRIC) – Int 16 Hedges of a Net Investment in a

之對沖⁵ Foreign Operation⁵

第17號 向擁有人分派非 HK(IFRIC) – Int 17 Distributions of Non-cash Assets

現金資產³ to Owners³

第18號 自客戶轉讓資產³ HK(IFRIC) – Int 18 Transfers of Assets from Customers³

除上述者外,香港會計師公會亦頒布對 香港財務報告準則之改進*,其中載列 對多項香港財務報告準則作出之修訂, 主要旨在消除矛盾與澄清措詞。 Apart from the above, the HKICPA has issued Improvements to HKFRSs* which sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording.

二零零九年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

2.3 已頒布但未生效的香港財務報告準 則的影響(續)

- 1 於二零零九年一月一日或以後開始之年 度期間生效
- 於二零零九年六月三十日或以後止年度期間生效
- 3 於二零零九年七月一日或以後開始之年 度期間生效
- 4 於二零零八年七月一日或以後開始之年 度期間生效
- 5 於二零零八年十月一日或以後開始之年 度期間生效
- 於二零零八年十月頒布之香港財務報 告準則之改進包括對香港財務報告準 則第5號、香港財務報告準則第7號、 香港會計準則第1號、香港會計準則第 8號、香港會計準則第10號、香港會計 準則第16號、香港會計準則第18號、 香港會計準則第19號、香港會計準則 第20號、香港會計準則第23號、香港 會計準則第27號、香港會計準則第28 號、香港會計準則第29號、香港會計 準則第31號、香港會計準則第34號、 香港會計準則第36號、香港會計準則 第38號、香港會計準則第39號、香港 會計準則第40號及香港會計準則第41 號作出之修訂。除香港財務報告準則第 5號之修訂於二零零九年七月一日或以 後開始之年度期間生效外,其他修訂均 於二零零九年一月一日或以後開始之年 度期間生效,惟各項準則均各自設有過 渡期條文。

2.3 IMPACT OF ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009
- ² Effective for annual periods ending on or after 30 June 2009
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009
- ⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2008
- ⁵ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 October 2008
- * Improvements to HKFRSs issued in October 2008 contain amendments to HKFRS 5, HKFRS 7, HKAS 1, HKAS 8, HKAS 10, HKAS 16, HKAS 18, HKAS 19, HKAS 20, HKAS 23, HKAS 27, HKAS 28, HKAS 29, HKAS 31, HKAS 34, HKAS 36, HKAS 38, HKAS 39, HKAS 40 and HKAS 41. Except for the amendment to HKFRS 5 which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009, other amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009 although there are separate transitional provisions for each standard.

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Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

2.3已頒布但未生效的香港財務報告準 則的影響(*續*)

此外,於二零零九年五月頒布的香港 財務報告準則的改進包括對香港財務 報告準則第2號、香港財務報告準則 第5號、香港財務報告準則第8號、香 港會計準則第1號、香港會計準則第7 號、香港會計準則第17號、香港會計 準則第18號的附錄、香港會計準則第 36號、香港會計準則第38號、香港會 計準則第39號、香港(國際財務報告詮 釋委員會) - 詮釋第9號及香港(國際財 務報告詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第16號的修 訂。除對香港財務報告準則第2號、香 港會計準則第38號、香港(國際財務報 告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第9號及香港(國 際財務報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋第16號 的修訂於二零零九年七月一日或以後開 始的年度期間生效及對香港會計準則第 18號的附錄的修訂並無設有過渡性條 文外,其他修訂均於二零一零年一月一 日或以後開始的年度期間生效,惟各準 則各自設有過渡性條文。

本集團現正就該等新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準則初步實施的影響作出評估。迄今結論是當採納香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂)、香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂)、香港財務報告準則第1號(修訂)可能產生新增或修訂披露,及香港會計準則第27號(修訂)可能導致會計政策之變動,該等新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準則不大可能對本集團之經營業績及財政狀況造成重大影響。

2.3 IMPACT OF ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

In addition, improvements to HKFRSs issued in May 2009 contains amendments to HKFRS 2, HKFRS 5, HKFRS 8, HKAS 1, HKAS 7, HKAS 17, Appendix to HKAS 18, HKAS 36, HKAS 38, HKAS 39, HK(IFRIC) – Int 9 and HK(IFRIC) – Int 16. Except for the amendments to HKFRS 2, HKAS 38, HK(IFRIC) – Int 9 and HK(IFRIC) – Int 16, which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009, and no transitional provisions for amendment to Appendix to HKAS 18 has been specified, other amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010 although there are separate transitional provisions for each standard.

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRSs upon initial application. So far, it has concluded that while the adoption of HKFRS 7 Amendments, HKFRS 8 and HKAS 1 (Revised) may result in new or amended disclosures and the adoption of HKAS 27 (Revised) may result in changes in accounting policies, these new and revised HKFRSs are unlikely to have a significant impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position.

- 雯雯九年=日=十一日

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3. 主要會計政策摘要

附屬公司

附屬公司乃指本公司直接或間接控制其 財務及經營政策,從而自其業務中獲得 利益之公司。

附屬公司之業績按已收及應收股息計入 本公司之收益表中。本公司於附屬公司 權益乃按成本值減任何減值列賬。

聯營公司

聯營公司指除附屬公司外,本集團擁有 其股權投票權一般不少於20%之長期權 益,並可對其行使重大影響力之公司。

本集團所佔聯營公司之收購後業績及儲備均已分別包括於綜合收益表及綜合儲備內。本集團於聯營公司權益按權益會計法計算本集團應佔資產淨值減任何減值準備,列入綜合資產負債表。本集團與其聯營公司之間的交易所產生的未變現損益會以本集團於聯營公司的權益為限予以註銷,除非未變現虧損提供所轉讓資產減值的憑證。

合營公司

合營公司乃以契約安排成立之公司,根據該安排,本集團與其他各方經營經濟業務。合營公司以獨立公司方式經營, 而本集團與其他各方擁有其權益。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's income statement to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Associates

An associate is an entity, not being a subsidiary, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated reserves, respectively. The Group's interests in associates are stated in the consolidated balance sheet at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates, except where unrealized losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

Joint ventures

A joint venture is an entity set up by contractual arrangement, whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity. The joint venture operates as a separate entity in which the Group and the other parties have an interest.

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Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

合營公司(續)

合營方之間訂立之合營協議,規定合營 方之注資、合營時間長短及於清盤時變 現資產之基準。來自合營公司業務之盈 虧以及剩餘資產之任何分派,乃由合營 方按其各自之注資比例或根據合營協議 之條款攤分。

合營公司之賬目處理如下:

- (a) 倘本公司對合營公司擁有直接或間 接之單方面控制權,則合營公司乃 作為附屬公司處理;
- (b) 倘本公司對合營公司無單方面控制 或共同控制權,但直接或間接擁有 其註冊資本不少於20%,並可對其 行使重大影響力,則合營公司乃作 為聯營公司處理;或
- (c) 根據香港會計準則第39號,倘本公司對合營公司直接或間接擁有其註冊資本少於20%,並對其無共同控制權及不可行使重大影響力,則合營公司乃作為權益性投資處理。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Joint ventures (continued)

The joint venture agreement between the venturers stipulates the capital contributions of the joint venture parties, the duration of the joint venture and the basis on which the assets are to be realized upon its dissolution. The profits and losses from the joint venture's operations and any distributions of surplus assets are shared by the venturers, either in proportion to their respective capital contributions, or in accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement.

A joint venture is treated as:

- (a) a subsidiary, if the Company has unilateral control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture;
- (b) an associate, if the Company does not have unilateral or joint control, but holds, directly or indirectly, generally not less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and is in a position to exercise significant influence over the joint venture; or
- (c) an equity investment accounted for in accordance with HKAS 39, if the Company holds, directly or indirectly, less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and has neither joint control of, nor is in a position to exercise significant influence over, the joint venture.

- 雯雯九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

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3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

商譽

收購附屬公司產生之商譽,為於收購當 日收購成本超逾本集團應佔其所收購可 識別資產,及所承擔的負債及或然負債 之公平值之數額。

收購合約日期於二零零五年一月一日或 以後所產生的商譽

收購產生之商譽乃於綜合資產負債表內 確認為資產,初始按成本值,其後按成 本值減任何累計減值虧損計量。

商譽之賬面值每年進行減值評估;如發生某項事件或情形的變動顯示可能出現 賬面減值,則會更頻密地進行減值檢 討。本集團每年於三月三十一日進行商 譽減值測試。

為進行減值測試,因企業合併而購入的 商譽自購入之日起分配至預期可從合併 產生之協同效益中獲益之本集團各個現 金產出單位或現金產出單位組別,不論 本集團的資產或負債是否已分配予該等 單位或單位組別。

減值乃通過評估有關商譽的現金產出單位(或現金產出單位組別)的可收回金額來確定。凡現金產出單位(或現金產出單位組別)的可收回金額低於賬面值,即確認減值虧損。就商譽確認的減值虧損不會於往後期間回撥。

倘商譽構成現金產出單位(或現金產出單位組別)的部分而該單位的部分業務已出售,則在釐定所出售業務的收益或虧損時,與所出售業務相關的商譽計入該業務的賬面值。在這種情況下出售的商譽根據所出售業務相對現金產出單位的保留份額的價值進行計量。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquirees' identifiable assets acquired, and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed as at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill on acquisitions for which the agreement date is on or after 1 January 2005

Goodwill arising on acquisition is initially recognized in the consolidated balance sheet as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

The carrying amount of goodwill is reviewed for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 March.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units), to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

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31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

超逾企業合併的成本

本集團佔被收購方可識別之資產、負債 及或然負債之淨公平值之權益如超逾收 購附屬公司的成本,該超逾部分經再檢 討後即時於收益表確認。

關連人士

- 一方被視為本集團之關連人士倘若:
- (a) 該一方直接或間接透過一間或多間中介公司(i)控制本集團、被本集團控制、或與本集團受共同控制:(ii)於本集團擁有權益,因而可對本集團施以重大影響;或(iii)共同控制本集團;
- (b) 該一方為聯營公司;
- (c) 該一方為本集團或其控股公司之關 鍵管理層成員;
- (d) 該一方為(a)或(c)項所述任何人士 家族之親密成員:
- (e) 該一方為(c)或(d)項所述之任何人 士直接或間接控制、共同控制或可 施行重大影響力之實體或享有重大 投票權之實體:或
- (f) 該一方為受僱後福利計劃團體,以 集團或集團的關連人士為服務對 象。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Excess over the cost of business combinations

Any excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquirees' identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition of subsidiaries, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in the income statement.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries,
 (i) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Group;
 (ii) has an interest in the Group that gives it significant influence over the Group;
 (iii) has joint control over the Group;
- (b) the party is an associate;
- (c) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or any of its holding companies;
- (d) the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in (a) or (c);
- (e) the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (c) or (d); or
- (f) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group, or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

- 雯雯九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

非金融資產(商譽除外)減值

倘有跡象顯示出現減值或要求就資產 進行年度減值測試(存貨、遞延税項資 產、金融資產及商譽除外),則會估計 該資產的可收回金額。可收回金額按資 產或現金產出單位的使用價值或其公平 值減銷售成本(以較高者為準),並就個 別資產而釐定,除非有關資產並無產生 在頗大程度上獨立於其他資產或資產組 別的現金流入,在此情況下可收回金額 就資產所屬的現金產出單位而釐定。

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值超出其可收回 金額時予以確認。於評估使用價值時, 估計日後現金流量按可反映現時市場評 估的貨幣時間值及資產特定風險的除稅 前折現率折減至現值。減值虧損於產生 期間自收益表扣除。

於每個申報日會評定是否有跡象顯示之前已確認的減值虧損不再存在或減少。倘出現該等跡象,則會估計可收回金額。過往確認的資產減值虧損(商譽除外)僅會於用以釐定資產可收回金額的估計改變時撥回,惟撥回後的數額不得高於假設過往年度並無就資產確認減值虧損而應有的賬面值(扣除折舊/攤銷後)。減值虧損的撥回於產生期間計入收益表。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets, financial assets and goodwill), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs to sell, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognized only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortization) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

二零零九年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

物業、廠房及設備及折舊

除在建工程以外之物業、廠房及設備乃 按成本值減累計折舊及任何減值後入 賬。

物業、廠房及設備之成本值包括其購入 價及令其達致符合預計用途之操作狀況 及付運至使用地點之任何直接應佔費 用。在物業、廠房及設備投產後產生之 開支,例如維修及保養,通常在產生之 期間從收益表中扣除。倘能清楚顯示有 關開支會提高使用該物業、廠房及設備 之預期經濟效益,及能可靠地計量該項 目的成本,則有關開支出將被資本化及 列為該資產之額外或重置成本。

折舊乃以直線法按每項物業、廠房及設備之預計可使用年期註銷。物業、廠房及設備主要分類之預計可使用年期如下:

香港之樓宇 - 按契約年期

香港以外地區 — 十五至六十年 之樓宇

廠房、機器、 - 二至十五年 家俬及其他設備

永久業權土地並無作出折舊撥備。

倘若物業、廠房及設備項目之部分具不 同的使用期限,該項目之成本按合理基 準分配給各部分,其各部分各自計算折 舊。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property, plant and equipment, and where the cost of the item can be measured reliably, the expenditure is capitalized as an additional cost of that asset or as a replacement.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Buildings in Hong Kong – Over the lease terms

Buildings outside Hong Kong - 15 to 60 years

Plant, machinery, furniture – 2 to 15 years and other equipment

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately.

- 零零九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

物業、廠房及設備及折舊(續)

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法最少 於每個結算日審閱及在適當時進行調 整。

物業、廠房及設備項目乃於出售或當預期使用或出售項目將不產生未來經濟利益時撤銷確認。於撤銷確認該資產的年度有關出售或棄用所產生的收益或虧損,為其銷售所得淨額與賬面價之差額。

在建工程指在建築中之大廈,按成本值 扣除減值列賬及無作出折舊撥備。成本 值數額包括在建築工程期間之直接建築 費。當工程完成及可供使用後,在建工 程將重新適當地按物業、廠房及設備種 類分類。

研究及開發費用

所有研究費用於發生時在收益表中扣 除。

集團須展示新產品的研發項目為技術上可行,使該項目的無形資產可以被應用或出售,有意及有能力應用或出售該資產,該資產如何帶來未來經濟利益,有足夠資源完成該資產,以及該研發費用可以靠可地計量,該費用才可資本化及延後列支。否則,研發開支於發生時會作列支處理。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each balance sheet date.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognized in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognized is the difference between the net sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress represents plants under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to the income statement as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalized and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

二零零九年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

投資及其他金融資產

金融資產於初始確認時以公平值計量, 加上交易所致的直接應佔成本計量。

本集團於初始確認後釐定其金融資產分類,並在許可及適當之情況下於結算日 重新評估有關分類。

正常情況下買入及出售之金融資產概於 交易日(即本集團承諾購買或出售該資 產之日期)予以確認。正常情況下買入 及出售乃指按照一般市場規定或慣例在 一定期間內要求交付資產之金融資產買 賣。

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項乃固定或可釐定付款金額而在活躍市場中無報價之非衍生金融資產。該等資產其後以實質利率方法計算攤銷成本入賬,減任何減值撥備。攤銷後的成本於計入收購之任何折讓或溢價後計算,並包括屬實質利率及交易成本不可分割部分之費用。有關收益及虧損於貸款及應收款項於撤銷確認或減值時及通過攤銷程序計入收益表。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Investments and other financial assets

When financial assets are recognized initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group determines the classification of its financial assets after initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this designation at the balance sheet date.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any allowance for impairment. Amortized cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate and transaction costs. Gains and losses are recognized in the income statement when the loans and receivables are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

- 零零九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

持至到期投資

可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產為上市及非上市股本證券中之非衍生金融資產,該等金融資產界定為可供出售或並不歸入任何其他兩個類別內。於初始確認後,可供出售金融資產按公平值計量,盈利或虧損確認為獨立的權益成份直至投資撤釐定減值,此時先前於權益呈報之累計盈利或虧損計入收益利息和股息分別作為利息和股息分別作為表內。所賺取之利息和股息分別作為表內。所賺取之利息和股息分別作為表內。該等投資產生之減值虧損於的。該等投資產生之減值虧損於虧損」。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Held-to-maturity investments

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held to maturity when the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. Held-to-maturity investments are subsequently measured at amortized cost less any allowance for impairment. Amortized cost is computed as the amount initially recognized minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between the initially recognized amount and the maturity amount. This calculation includes all fees and points paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums and discounts. Gains and losses are recognized in the income statement when the investments are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets in listed and unlisted equity securities that are designated as available for sale or are not classified in any of the other two categories. After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value, with gains or losses recognized as a separate component of equity until the investment is derecognized or until the investment is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is included in the income statement. Interest and dividends earned are reported as interest income and dividend income, respectively, and are recognized in the income statement as "Other income" in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below. Losses arising from the impairment of such investments are recognized in the income statement as "Impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets".

- 栗栗九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

可供出售金融資產(續)

倘非上市股本證券之公平值不能可靠地計量,原因為(i)該投資合理公平值的估計範圍內大幅波動或(ii)於該範圍內多種估計之可能性不能被合理評估及用於估計公平值,則該等證券乃按成本減任何減值虧損列賬。

公平值

在有序的金融市場活躍交易之投資之公 平值參考於結算日之市場收市價。倘某 項投資之市場不活躍,公平值將採用估 值方法確定。該等方法包括參考近期進 行之公平市場交易,其他大致類同金融 工具之現行市場價格,現金流量折現分 析和期權定價模型。

金融資產減值

本集團於每個結算日評估是否存在客觀 證據顯示一項或一組金融資產出現減 值。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets (continued)

When the fair value of unlisted equity securities cannot be reliably measured because (i) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (ii) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating fair value, such securities are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Fair value

The fair value of investments that are actively traded in organized financial markets is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices at the close of business at the balance sheet date. For investments where there is no active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques. Such techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same; a discounted cash flow analysis; and option pricing models.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

二零零九年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

以攤銷後的成本計價之資產

如果有客觀跡象表明以攤銷後的成本計值之貸款、應收賬及持至到期投資產生減值虧損,計算其賬面價值與估算未來之現金流量(不包括尚未產生之未來信貸損失)以原始實際利率(即初始確認之時,算所用的實際利率)折現與賬面值可通過直接沖減或通過撥備賬目在面值可通過直接沖減或通過撥備賬目作低預料日後收回不可實現,而所有抵押品已變現或轉讓予本集團,則貸款及應收款項連同任何有關撥備將予註銷。

以後期間,倘若減值虧損之數額減少, 而減少之原因客觀上與減值虧損確認後 所發生之事件相關聯,則透過調整撥備 賬撥回過往確認之減值虧損。於撥回當 日,倘若資產賬面值並無超出其攤銷後 的成本,則任何減值虧損之其後撥回將 於收益表內確認入賬。

就貿易及其他應收賬款而言,於客觀證據(例如債務人無力償債或面對重大財政困難之概率以及科技、市場經濟或法律環境出現對債務人構成不利影響之重大轉變)顯示本集團將無法悉數收取根據發票原來條款所結欠之所有款項時作出減值撥備。應收賬項之賬面值乃透過撥備賬而調低。於已減值之債項被評估為無法收回時,則對其撤銷確認。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Assets carried at amortized cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments carried at amortized cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). The carrying amount of the asset is reduced either directly or through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the impairment loss is recognized in the income statement. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realized or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed by adjusting the allowance account. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in the income statement, to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortized cost at the reversal date.

In relation to trade and other receivables, a provision for impairment is made when there is objective evidence (such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor) that the Group will not be able to collect all of the amounts due under the original terms of an invoice. The carrying amount of the receivables is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Impaired debts are derecognized when they are assessed as uncollectible.

二零零九年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

按成本值列賬之資產

倘有客觀證據顯示非按公平值列賬之無 市價股本工具因其公平值不能可靠計量 而有減值虧損,減值虧損按金融資產之 賬面值及估計未來現金流量按同等金融 資產之現時市場回報率折算為現值,以 二者之差額計算。該等資產之減值虧損 不予撥回。

可供出售金融資產

倘可供出售金融資產出現減值,其成本值(扣除任何主要付款及攤銷)與其現行公平值之差額,在扣減以往在收益表確認之任何減值虧損後會由權益轉撥至收益表。倘公平值重大或長期跌至低於其成本或有其他客觀證據顥示出現減值,則將就可供出售股本投資作出減值。釐定「重大」或「長期」定義則需作出判斷。分類作可供出售之股本工具之減值虧損不會於收益表中撥回。

撤銷確認金融資產

金融資產(或金融資產之一部分或一組 相似金融資產之一部分,如適用)在下 列情況將被撤銷確認,倘:

- 收取該項資產的所得現金流量之權 利經已屆滿;
- 本集團保留收取該項資產所得現金 流量之權利,但已透過「傳送」安 排,將所得現金流量在沒有顯著延 緩之情況下,全數付予第三者;或

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Impairment losses on these assets are not reversed.

Available-for-sale financial assets

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortization) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognized in the income statement, is transferred from equity to the income statement. An impairment is made for available-for-sale equity investments when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost or where other objective evidence of impairment exists. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. Impairment losses on equity instruments classified as available-for-sale are not reversed through the income statement.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized where:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- the Group retains the rights to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or

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3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

撤銷確認金融資產(續)

本集團已轉讓其收取該項資產所得現金流量之權利,並(i)已轉讓該項資產之絕大部分風險及回報;或(ii)並無轉讓或保留該項資產絕大部分風險及回報,但已轉讓該項資產之控制權。

倘本集團已轉讓其收取該項資產所得現金流量之權利,但並無轉讓或保留該項資產之絕大部分風險及回報,且並無轉讓該項資產之控制權,該項資產將確認入賬,條件為本集團須持續涉及該項資產。持續涉及指本集團就已轉讓資產作出之一項保證,已轉讓資產乃以該項資產之原賬面值及本集團或須償還之代價數額上限(以較低者為準)計算。

以攤銷後的成本計價之金融負債(包括 計息貸款及借貸)

金融負債包括應付貿易及票據賬款、其 他應付賬款、及計息貸款及借貸,最初 按公平值減直接應佔交易成本列賬, 其後使用實際利息法以攤銷後的成本計 價,惟折算之影響並不重大者除外,於 該情況下則以成本列賬。有關利息支出 於收益表之「融資成本」確認。

如果負債撤銷確認,其盈利或虧損(如同攤銷程序)於收益表內確認。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Derecognition of financial assets (continued)

the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the
asset and either (i) has transferred substantially all the risks and
rewards of the asset, or (ii) has neither transferred nor retained
substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has
transferred control of the asset.

Where the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Financial liabilities at amortized cost (including interest-bearing loans and borrowings)

Financial liabilities including trade and bills payables, other payables and interest-bearing loans and borrowings are initially stated at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. The related interest expense is recognized within "finance costs" in the income statement.

Gains and losses are recognized in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the amortization process.

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31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

撤銷確認金融負債

財務負債之責任已解除或註銷或屆滿時 撤銷確認。

當現有金融負債為同一貸款人以重大不同條款之負債取代時,或現有負債之條款有重大修改時,有關交換或修改則被視為撤銷確認原有負債及確認一項新負債,而有關賬面值之差額乃於收益表內確認入賬。

存貨

存貨乃按成本值及可變現淨值之較低者 入賬。成本按加權平均法計算,倘為在 製品及製成品,則包括直接物料,直接 勞工及應分擔之生產費用的部分入賬。 可變現淨值乃根據估計售價減去預計直 至產品製成及出售貨品所需之任何成 本。

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物指現金、銀行結存及定期存款、以及可隨時轉換為已知數額現金,並承受價值變動風險甚微之短期及高度流通性之投資,一般於購入時三個月內到期,扣除須應要求償還之銀行透支,該銀行透支用作為本集團現金管理之一個完整部分。

就資產負債表而言,現金及銀行結存包 括現金、銀行結存及定期存款,其用途 並無限制。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the income statement.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realizable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, bank balances and bank deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the balance sheets, cash and bank balances comprise cash on hand, bank balances and bank deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

- 雯雯九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

撥備

由於過往事件而需要承擔現時責任(法 定或推定),而履行該責任很可能導致 資源流出,且責任之金額能夠可靠地估 計,則確認撥備。

倘貼現影響大,確認為撥備之金額為預期履行該責任所需之未來開支於結算日之現值。倘由於時間流逝導致已貼現現值金額增加,則計入收益表之融資成本內。

本集團確認若干產品之產品保證撥備, 乃根據銷售量及過往維修及退貨之情 況,(適當地)貼現至其現值金額。

所得税

所得税包括當期及遞延税項。所得稅於 收益表內確認入賬,如該項所得稅與已 於股東權益確認之項目有關,或與於股 東權益不同期間入賬之項目有關,則於 股東權益確認。

本年度及以前期間之即期税務資產及負 債以預期可退回或支付予税務機關的金 額計量。

在結算日時,資產與負債的稅基與其在 財政報告的賬面值之間的所有暫時性差 異,按負債法計提遞延稅項撥備。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Provisions

A provision is recognized when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognized for a provision is the present value at the balance sheet date of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the income statement.

Provisions for product warranties granted by the Group on certain products are recognized based on sales volume and past experience of the level of repairs and returns, discounted to their present values as appropriate.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the income statement, or in equity if it relates to items that are recognized in the same or a different period directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

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3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

所得税(續)

所有應課税暫時性差異均會確認為遞延 税項負債,惟:

- 倘若遞延稅項負債的起因,是由一宗非屬企業合併的交易中初始確認 之資產或負債,與及在交易時,對 會計利潤或應課稅利潤或虧損均無 影響,則屬例外;及
- 對於涉及附屬公司及聯營公司之投資的應課稅暫時性差異而言,倘若撥回暫時性差異的時間可以控制,以及該暫時性差異可能不會在可見將來撥回,則屬例外。

對於所有可於稅務上扣減之暫時性差 異、承前未用稅項資產及未用稅項虧 損,若日後有可能出現應課稅利潤,可 用以抵扣該等可扣減暫時性差異、承前 未用稅項資產及未用稅項虧損,則遞延 稅項資產方會確認入賬,惟:

- 倘若有關可扣減暫時性差異的遞延 税項資產的起因,是由一宗非屬企 業合併的交易中初始確認資產或負 債,而且在交易時,對會計利潤或 應課税利潤或虧損均無影響,則屬 例外:及
- 對於涉及附屬公司及聯營公司之投資的可扣減暫時性差異而言,只有在暫時性差異有可能在可見將來撥回,而且日後有可能出現應課稅利潤,可用以抵扣該等暫時性差異時,方會確認遞延稅項資產。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition
 of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business
 combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the
 accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with interests in subsidiaries and associates, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with interests in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

- 雯雯九年=月=十一日

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3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項資產的賬面值,在每個結算日 予以評估。若不再可能有足夠應課税利 潤用以抵扣相關税項資產的全部或部 分,則扣減遞延税項資產賬面值。相 反,在可能有足夠應課税利潤用以抵扣 相關税項資產的全部或部分時,則確認 過往不予確認的遞延税項資產。

變現資產或清償負債的期間預期適用的 税率,會用作衡量遞延税項資產及負 債,並以結算日當日已經生效或大致上 已經生效的税率(及税法)為基準。

遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債只可在現 行税項資產及現行税項負債有合法可行 使的權利下,以及在遞延税項乃關乎同 一課税公司及同一稅務機關之情況下, 方可互相抵消。

收益確認

在本集團可能獲得有關經濟收益及該收 益已能可靠地計量時,收益才會被確認 及按下列基準入賬:

- (a) 出售貨品方面,當貨品擁有權之大部分風險及收益已轉移至買家,而本集團並無保持與該已出售貨品業權通常有關連之管理參與及實質控制;
- (b) 服務費收益在已提供服務時;

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Income tax (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Conversely, previously unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognized to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (b) service fee income, when the services have been rendered;

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31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

收益確認(續)

- (c) 利息收入以實際利率按應計基準確認,實際利率按貼現率於金融工具預計年期折算估計未來現金流入至財務資產之賬面淨值;及
- (d) 股息以股東收取款項之權利確立 時。

開辦費用

開辦費用指在開始商業營運前發生之費 用,於發生時在收益表中列支。

經營租賃

凡資產擁有權之所有回報及風險大部分 仍歸出租人所有之租賃均列作經營租 賃。倘若本集團為承租人,則根據經營 租賃須支付租金按直線基準於租賃年期 內在收益表中列支。

經營租賃下預付土地租賃款初始按成本 列賬,其後按租期以直線基準確認。

股息

直至在股東大會上獲股東批准及宣派為止,董事局建議之末期股息才會確認為 負債。

建議及宣派中期股息乃同時進行,因為本公司之公司細則授權董事可宣派中期股息。因此,中期股息於其建議及宣派時隨即確認為負債。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

- (c) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset; and
- (d) dividend income, when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

Pre-operating expenses

Pre-operating expenses represent expenses incurred prior to the commencement of commercial operations and are charged to the income statement when incurred.

Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under the operating leases are charged to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Prepaid land lease payments under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognized on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Dividends

Final dividends proposed by the directors are recognized as a liability only when they have been approved by the shareholders in a general meeting and declared.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's Bye-Laws grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognized immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

- 雯雯九年=日=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

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3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

外幣

該等財務報表以港幣(乃本公司之功能及呈列貨幣)呈列。本集團屬下各公司自行決定其功能貨幣,而各公司的財務報表內之項目均以該功能貨幣計算。外幣交易首先按交易日期之功能貨幣匯率重分賬。於結算日以外幣為單位之貨幣匯率重貨幣項目按該日之功能貨幣匯率重貨幣項目按前分別等公平值當日之匯率換算。根據外幣公平值當日之匯率換算。

若干海外附屬公司、及聯營公司之功能 貨幣並非港元。於結算日,該等公司之 資產及負債均按結算日之匯率換算為本 公司之呈報貨幣,而該等公司之收益表 按年內之加權平均匯率算換為港元。匯 率差異計入匯兑變換儲備。於出售外地 公司時,就特定外地營運在權益確認之 遞延累計數額將於收益表確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司 之現金流量按有關日期之匯率換算為港 元。海外附屬公司年內經常產生之現 金流量按年內之加權平均匯率換算為港 元。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded using the functional currency rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the income statement. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries and associates are currencies other than Hong Kong dollars. As at the balance sheet date, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date and their income statements are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are included in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign entity, the deferred cumulative amount recognized in equity relating to that particular foreign operation is recognized in the income statement.

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

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3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

僱員褔利

(a) 退休金計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例 設立定額供款之強制性公積金退休 福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)予合資格 參與該強積金計劃之僱員。供款乃 按僱員底薪之若干百分比計算,並 於根據強積金計劃之規則應予支付 時計入收益表。強積金計劃之資產 乃獨立於本集團之資產,並由獨立 管理之基金另行持有。本集團之僱 主供款於強積金計劃供款後全數歸 屬僱員。

強積金計劃生效前,本集團曾設立 一個定額供款退休福利計劃(「退休 計劃」),供合資格及選擇參與該計 劃之僱員參加。退休計劃與強積金 計劃之運作方式相近,惟倘僱員於 有權全數收取本集團之僱主供款以 前離職,本集團繼後應付之供款可 以從遭放棄之有關款項扣減。

本集團在中國大陸附屬公司之僱員 須參與地方市政府所管理之中央退 休金計劃(「中央計劃」)。該等附屬 公司須根據其僱員之薪金若干百分 比計算,在按中央計劃規定之支付 日期向該中央計劃支付供款額,並 在有關之期間從收益表中扣除。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Employee benefits

(a) Pension schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a certain percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

Prior to the MPF Scheme becoming effective, the Group operated a defined contribution retirement benefits scheme (the "DCRB Scheme") for those employees who were eligible and had elected to participate in the DCRB Scheme. The DCRB Scheme operates in a similar way to the MPF Scheme, except that when an employee leaves the Group prior to his/her interest in the DCRB Scheme vesting fully, the ongoing contributions payable by the Group would be reduced by the relevant amount of the forfeited employer contributions.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme (the "Central Scheme") which is operated by the local municipal governments. The contributions payable by these subsidiaries to the Central Scheme, which are based on a certain percentage of the salaries of their employees, are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the Central Scheme.

- 雯雯九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

僱員褔利(續)

(a) 退休金計劃(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

(a) Pension schemes (continued)

As required by the Taiwanese Labour Standard Law, the Group's subsidiaries in Taiwan operate a funded defined benefits pension scheme (the "Old Scheme") and make monthly contributions to the retirement fund to meet employees' retirement and termination benefits entitlements. The fund is administered by the Employees' Retirement Fund Committee (the "Committee") and is deposited under the Committee's name with a government approved financial institution, which acts as the trustee. The expected costs of providing pensions under the Old Scheme are charged to the income statement over the periods during which the employees provide the related services to the Group's subsidiaries in Taiwan.

In 2005, the Taiwan government amended the related pension scheme by adding a new contributory pension scheme (the "New Scheme") in the Labour Pension Act, which became effective on 1 July 2005. According to the amended retirement regulations, the employees could choose to either select the New Scheme or to stay with the Old Scheme whatever they want. The obligation of Group's subsidiaries in Taiwan to those employees selecting the New Scheme is to contribute the required portion of the monthly compensation, to the government designated account since the election, while the Group's subsidiaries in Taiwan are still liable under the Old Scheme for the portion pertaining to the service years prior to 1 July 2005.

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Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

僱員褔利(續)

(b) 基於股權的支付交易

本公司採納購股權計劃,目的是獎勵及鼓勵為本集團帶來貢獻之合資格人士。集團的僱員(包括董事)為集團提供服務籍以換取股權形式報酬之交易是為「以股權支付交易」。

與僱員進行的以股權支付交易成本 乃參考授權當日的公平值計算。公 平值乃外聘估值師採用二項式模式 釐定。對以股權支付交易評估價值 時,並不會計及任何表現條件,惟 與公司股份價格相關的因素(「市 況」)(如適用)除外。

以股權支付交易的成本連同股價的 相應升幅會於達到表現及/或服務 條件的期內確認,直至相關僱員完 全享有該報酬之日(「歸屬日」)為 止。由每個結算日直至歸屬日就以 股權支付交易確認的累計支出反映 歸屬期屆滿,以及就本集團有關最 終將會歸屬的股本工具數目的最佳 估計。每一期間收益表之扣除或記 累計支出之變動。

除非報酬的歸屬權是附帶市況條件,最終未能獲得歸屬權的報酬是不會被確認列支,但只要所有其他表現的條件已經達成,則不論市況條件是否達到,該報酬均會視作已 獲歸屬權處理。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

(b) Share-based payment transactions

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model. In valuing equity-settled transactions, no account is taken of any performance conditions, other than conditions linked to the price of the shares of the Company ("market conditions"), if applicable.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognized, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award (the "vesting date"). The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each balance sheet date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the income statement for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is conditional upon a market condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance conditions are satisfied.

- 零零九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

僱員褔利(續)

(b) 基於股權的支付交易(續)

當以股權支付報酬的條件修訂時, 會確認最少的支出,猶如條款並無 修訂一般。此外,倘按修訂日期的 計算,任何修訂導致基於股權的支 付安排的總公平值有所增加,或對 僱員帶來其他利益,則應就該等修 訂確認支出。

當以股權支付報酬註銷時,會視作報酬已於註銷當日已歸屬,而報酬尚未確認的任何支出會即時確認。然而,倘註銷的報酬有任何替代的新報酬,並指定為授出當日的替代報酬,則該項註銷及報酬會如上段所述被視為原有報酬的修訂處理。

未行使購股權的攤薄影響會以額外 股份攤薄入賬,計算每股盈利。

本集團已採納香港財務報告準則第2號關於以股權支付的報酬的過渡條款,僅將香港財務報告準則第2號應用於二零零二年十一月七日之後授出但於二零零五年四月一日前尚未歸屬的以股權支付的報酬,以及二零零五年四月一日或之後授出的購股權。

借貸成本

借貸成本於其發生期內在收益表確認為 支出。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

(b) Share-based payment transactions (continued)

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognized as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognized for any modification, which increases the total fair value of the share-based payment arrangement, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognized for the award is recognized immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

The Group has adopted the transitional provisions of HKFRS 2 in respect of equity-settled awards and has applied HKFRS 2 only to equity-settled awards granted after 7 November 2002 that had not vested by 1 April 2005 and to those granted on or after 1 April 2005.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognized as expenses in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

二零零九年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

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4. 重大會計判斷及估計

編製本集團財務報表時,管理層須作出可能影響於報告日期之收益、開支、資產及負債以及或然負債之呈報數目之判斷、估計及假設。然而,此等假設及估計之不確定因素可能導致須於未來為受影響之資產及負債賬面值作出重大調整。

判斷

於應用本集團之會計政策過程中,管理 層已作出下列對財務報表內所確認金額 產生最重大影響之判斷:

(a) 資產減值

釐定資產有否出現減值或過往導致 減值之情況是否不再存在時,本集 **国**須就資產減值範圍作出判斷,特 別是評估(1)有否出現可能影響資 產價值之事件或影響資產價值之該 等事件已不存在;(2)資產賬面值 是否獲得日後現金流量現值淨額 支持,而日後現金流量按持續使用 資產或終止確認估計;及(3)編製 現金流量預測所用適合主要假設包 括現金流量預測是否以適當比率折 現。倘管理層所選用以決定減值水 平之假設(包括現金流量預測所用 折現率或增長率假設)有變,或對 減值測試所用現值淨額構成重大影 響。

(b) 分派股息產生之扣繳稅

本集團在決定是否應根據有關稅務 管轄權就若干附屬公司所分派之股 息計提扣繳稅,乃按支付股息時間 而作出判斷。本集團認為,倘若於 可預見之未來溢利不獲分派,則毋 須計提扣繳稅。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

(a) Impairment of assets

In determining whether an asset is impaired or the event previously causing the impairment no longer exists, the Group has to exercise judgement in the area of asset impairment, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred that may affect the asset value or such event affecting the asset value has not been in existence; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset or derecognition; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections including whether these cash flow projections are discounted using an appropriate rate. Changing the assumptions selected by management to determine the level of impairment, including the discount rates or the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test.

(b) Withholding taxes arising from the distributions of dividends

The Group's determination as to whether to accrue for withholding taxes arising from the distributions of dividends from certain subsidiaries according to the relevant tax jurisdictions is subject to judgement on the timing of the payment of the dividend. The Group considered that if the profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future, then no withholding taxes should be provided.

- 零零九年= 目= 十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

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4. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不明朗因素

大有可能導致下一財政年度之資產及負 債賬面值須作重大調整之未來主要假設 及結算日之其他主要估計不明朗因素討 論如下。

(a) 商譽減值

本集團至少每年釐定商譽是否減值,對已獲分配商譽之現金產出單位之使用價值作出估計。估計使用價值要求本集團對來自現金產出單位之預期未來現金流量作出估計,亦要選擇合適折現率計算該等現金流量之現值。於二零零九年三月三十一日,商譽之賬面值為港幣94,931,000元(二零零八年:港幣94,931,000元)。減值評估之詳情載列於附註17。

(b) 存貨減值之估計

本集團之管理層定期檢閱陳舊存貨 之貨齡分析,此涉及將陳舊存貨項 目之賬面值與相關公平值減銷售成 本作比較。其目的在於確定有否需 要對任何陳舊及滯銷之項目於財務 報表計提減值。此外,亦定期進行 人手點算所有存貨,以決定是否需 要對任何已辨別之陳舊存貨及次貨 計提減值。

(c) 應收貿易及票據賬款減值之估計

釐定是否需要計提應收貿易及票據 賬款減值時,本集團會考慮欠賬之 賬齡狀況及收回可能性。鑑定可能 賬款減值的客觀證據後,負責人員 會與有關客戶討論並就收回成數向 管理層匯報。就不大可能收回而減 值之應收款方會作個別減值撥備。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed as below.

(a) Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating unit and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of goodwill as at 31 March 2009 was HK\$94,931,000 (2008: HK\$94,931,000). More details of the impairment assessment are given in note 17.

(b) Estimation regarding impairment of inventories

Management of the Group reviews the inventory ageing analysis on a periodic basis for those aged inventories. This involves comparison of the carrying value of the aged inventory items with the respective fair value less costs to sell. The purpose is to ascertain whether impairment is required to be made in the financial statements for any obsolete and slow-moving items. In addition, physical counts on all inventories are carried out on a periodic basis in order to determine whether impairment needs to be made in respect of any obsolete and defective inventories identified.

(c) Estimation regarding impairment of trade and bills receivables

In determining whether impairment of trade and bills receivables is required, the Group takes into consideration the ageing status and the likelihood of collection. Following the identification of objective evidence for potential impairment of debts, the responsible personnel will discuss with the relevant customers and report to management on the recoverability. Individual impairment allowance is only made for those impaired receivables that are unlikely to be collected.

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Notes to Financial Statements

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5. 分類資料

分類資料以兩種分類模式呈列:

- (i) 按地域分類呈報之主要分類模式; 及
- (ii) 按業務分類呈報之次要分類模式。

本集團之主要業務為製造及銷售注塑機 及有關產品,乃按照客戶所在地而劃分 架構並管理。本集團轄下各地域分類乃 根據客戶所在地劃分,其代表一策略性 業務單位向不同地區的客戶供應產品。

本集團地域分類如下:

- (a) 中國大陸及香港;
- (b) 台灣;及
- (c) 其他海外國家(包括其他亞洲國家、中東、美洲及歐洲)。

在釐定本集團之地域分類時,分類所佔 之收益及資產乃根據客戶所在地計算。

(a) 按客戶地域分類

下表乃本集團按地域分類之收益、 業績、若干資產、負債及開支資 料。

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Segment information is presented by way of two segment formats:

- (i) on a primary segment reporting basis, by geographical segment; and
- (ii) on a secondary segment reporting basis, by business segment.

The principal activity of the Group is the manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines and related products, which is managed according to the geographical location of customers. Each of the Group's geographical segments, based on the location of customers, represents a strategic business unit that offers products to customers located in different geographical areas.

The Group's geographical segments are as follows:

- (a) Mainland China and Hong Kong;
- (b) Taiwan; and
- (c) Other overseas countries (including other Asian countries, the Middle East, Americas and Europe).

In determining the Group's geographical segments, revenue and assets are attributed to the segments based on the location of the customers.

(a) Geographical segments based on the location of customers

The following tables present revenue, results, certain assets, liabilities and expenditure information for the Group's geographical segments.

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Notes to Financial Statements

5. 分類資料(續)

5. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

(a) 按客戶地域分類(續)

(a) Geographical segments based on the location of customers (continued)

		從對外 收益 Segment	分類 revenue	業績分) 類
		from externa	I customers	Segment	results
本集團	Group				
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008	2009	2008
中國大陸及香港	Mainland China and Hong Kong	981,092	1,588,771	80,536	290,651
台灣	Taiwan	188,902	257,159	15,070	25,636
其他海外國家	Other overseas countries	433,113	470,206	42,308	74,787
		1,603,107	2,316,136	137,914	391,074
未攤分收入及收益 企業及未攤分	Unallocated income and gains Corporate and unallocated			2,493	3,823
支出	expenses			(33,273)	(52,634)
融資成本	Finance costs			(4,668)	(4,419)
應佔聯營公司	Share of profits less losses			(1,000)	(1,113)
溢利減虧損	of associates			1,386	1,130
除税前溢利	Profit before tax			103,852	338,974
		\.	- N-T	5 -	No.
		資產 Segmen		負債分 Segment li	
本集團	Group				
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008	2009	2008
中國大陸及香港	Mainland China and Hong Kong	2,478,527	2,508,207	365,296	447,133
台灣	Taiwan	157,749	234,212	46,502	102,478
其他海外國家	Other overseas countries	149,009	270,565	58,896	109,668
		2,785,285	3,012,984	470,694	659,279
於聯營公司權益	Interests in associates	14 700	2,394		
未攤分資產	Unallocated assets	14,780 85,278	2,394 103,561	_	_
未難分負債	Unallocated liabilities	-	103,301	62,495	66,756
		2 005 242	2 110 020	E22 100	700.025
		2,885,343	3,118,939	533,189	726,035

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5. 分類資料(續)

5. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

(a) 按客戶地域分類(續)

(a) Geographical segments based on the location of customers (continued)

其他分類資料 Other segment information

		折舊及 Deprecia amorti	tion and	其他非現金支 Other no expenses/(n-cash) 資本 Cap expen	ital
本集團	Group						
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
中國大陸及香港	Mainland China and Hong Kong	58,164	51,809	(39,510)	41,720	115,285	55,360
台灣	Taiwan	2,017	2,190	677	2,850	1,742	761
其他海外國家	Other overseas countries	2,089	3,600	(1,000)	4,606	5,063	5,847
		62,270	57,599	(39,833)	49,176	122,090	61,968

(b) 按資產地域分類

(b) Geographical segments based on the location of assets

貝圧ス	「類
Segment	assets

		Segillei	11 455515
本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
中國大陸及香港	Mainland China and Hong Kong	2,480,722	2,572,890
台灣	Taiwan	304,563	440,094
		2,785,285	3,012,984
)			
於聯營公司權益	Interests in associates	14,780	2,394
未攤分資產	Unallocated assets	85,278	103,561
		2,885,343	3,118,939

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Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

5. 分類資料(續)

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

(b) 按資產地域分類(續)

(b) Geographical segments based on the location of assets (continued)

		資 本閉 Capital exp		
本集團	Group			
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008	
中國大陸及香港	Mainland China and Hong Kong	118,647	60,745	
台灣	Taiwan	3,443	1,223	
		122,090	61,968	

(c) 業務分類

本集團90%以上之收益及資產乃來 自製造及銷售注塑機及相關產品, 因此,並無呈列業務分類之分析。

(c) Business segments

Over 90% of the Group's revenue and assets are attributable to the manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines and related products. Therefore, no analysis by business segment is presented.

6. 收益

收益(亦為本集團之營業額)指年內之銷 貨發票淨額,減去退貨及貿易折扣,而 不包括集團公司間之交易。

6. REVENUE

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the net invoiced value of goods sold during the year, after allowances for returns and trade discounts, excluding intra-group transactions.

二零零九年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

7. 除税前溢利

7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

本集團之除稅前溢利已扣除/(計入)下 列各項: The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	附註 Notes	2009	2008
售出存貨成本	Cost of inventories sold		1,234,089	1,688,250
折舊	Depreciation	15	60,378	55,794
預付土地租賃款之確認	Recognition of prepaid land lease payments	16	1,892	1,805
出售物業、廠房及設備	Gain on disposal of items of			
之溢利*	property, plant and equipment*		(738)	(84)
物業、廠房及設備	Write-off of items of			
之註銷*	property, plant and equipment*	15	26	58
可供出售權益投資	Dividend income from an available-for-sale			
之股息收入*	equity investment*		_	(37,800)
契約土地及樓宇經營	Minimum lease payments under operating			
租賃下之最低租賃支出	leases of leasehold land and buildings		11,745	11,397
研究及開發費用***	Research and development costs***		16,806	20,550
核數師酬金	Auditors' remuneration		1,703	1,731
員工福利支出(董事酬金	Employee benefit expenses (excluding			
除外一 <i>附註9</i>):	directors' emoluments – note 9):			
工資及薪酬	Wages and salaries		192,497	249,730
以股權支付的購股權費用	Equity-settled share option expenses		8	46
退休金計劃供款	Pension scheme contributions		15,095	14,695
應收貿易及票據賬款	Impairment/(write-back of impairment) of			
減值/(減值撥回)淨額***	trade and bills receivables, net***		(14,725)	14,342
存貨減值/(減值撥回)	Impairment/(write-back of impairment) of			
淨額**	inventories, net**		(24,425)	34,608
匯兑差異淨額***	Foreign exchange differences, net***		(27,710)	(31,492)
利息收入*	Interest income*		(2,493)	(3,823)
高賬齡負債之註銷*	Write-off of aged liabilities*		(5,300)	(12,042)
轉讓債權所得款項*	Proceeds from assignment of debts*		(8,944)	_

^{*} 該等項目已包括於綜合收益表之「其他 收入及收益淨額」內。

^{**} 該項目已包括於綜合收益表之「銷售成本」內。

^{***} 該等項目已包括於綜合收益表之「其他 經營收入/(支出)淨額」內。

^{*} These items are included in "Other income and gains, net" on the face of the consolidated income statement.

^{**} This item is included in "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated income statement.

^{***} These items are included in "Other operating income/(expenses), net" on the face of the consolidated income statement.

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Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

8. 融資成本

8. FINANCE COSTS

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
於五年內全數償還之	Interest on bank loans		
銀行貸款利息	wholly repayable within five years	4,668	4,419

9. 董事酬金

9. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

依照香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之上市規則及香港公司條例第161條,年內董事酬金披露如下:

Directors' emoluments for the year disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance are as follows:

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
袍金:	Fees:		
執行董事	Executive directors	_	-
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive directors	676	525
其他酬金:	Other emoluments:		
薪酬、津貼及實物收益	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	11,258	12,170
表現掛鉤花紅	Performance related bonuses	_	15,447
以股權支付的購股權費用	Equity-settled share option expenses	21	206
退休金計劃供款	Pension scheme contributions	48	48
		12,003	28,396

往年度,根據公司購股權計劃,因應部 分董事提供的服務予本集團獲授予購 股權,詳細資料錄於財務報表之附註 31。該等購股權的公平值按歸屬期在 收益表中確認,其公平值於授出日計 算,包括在本年度之財務報表的該金額 已包括上述董事酬金的披露。 In prior years, certain directors were granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group, under the share option schemes of the Company, further details of which are set out in note 31 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which has been recognized to the income statement over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above directors' emoluments disclosures.

- 零零九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

9. 董事酬金(續)

9. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(a) 獨立非執行董事

年內,支付予獨立非執行董事的袍 金如下:

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
陳慶光先生	Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN	150	172
Anish LALVANI先生	Mr. Anish LALVANI	195	184
陳智思先生	Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN	180	169
利子厚先生	Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE	151	-
		676	525

年內,並無其他酬金支付予獨立非 執行董事(二零零八年:無)。 There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2008: Nil).

(b) 執行董事

(b) Executive directors

			2009				
			薪酬、				
			津貼及		以股權支付		
			實物利益	表現	的購股權	退休金	
			Salaries,	掛鉤花紅	費用	計劃供款	
			allowances	Performance	Equity-settled	Pension	酬金總計
		袍金	and benefits	related	share option	scheme	Total
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	Fees	in kind	bonuses	expenses	contributions	emoluments
蔣震博士	Dr. Chen CHIANG	-	4,063	-	-	-	4,063
蔣麗苑女士	Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG	_	2,481	-	-	12	2,493
蔣志堅先生	Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG	_	1,969	-	-	12	1,981
鍾效良先生	Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG	_	1,590	-	-	12	1,602
吳漢華先生	Mr. Sam Hon Wah NG	-	1,155	_	21	12	1,188
			11.050		21	40	11 207
_		_	11,258	_	21	48	11,327

- 雯雯九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

9. 董事酬金(續)

9. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(b) 執行董事(續)

(b) Executive directors (continued)

			2008				
			薪酬、				
			津貼及		以股權支付		
			實物利益	表現	的購股權	退休金	
			Salaries,	掛鉤花紅	費用	計劃供款	
			allowances	Performance	Equity-settled	Pension	酬金總計
		袍金	and benefits	related	share option	scheme	Total
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	Fees	in kind	bonuses	expenses	contributions	emoluments
蔣震博士	Dr. Chen CHIANG	_	4,490	5,974	79	_	10,543
蔣麗苑女士	Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG	_	2,757	5,830	53	12	8,652
蔣志堅先生	Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG	-	2,019	2,501	26	12	4,558
鍾效良先生	Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG	-	1,704	642	26	12	2,384
吳漢華先生	Mr. Sam Hon Wah NG	-	1,200	500	22	12	1,734
		-	12,170	15,447	206	48	27,871

鑑於全球金融海嘯影響,各執行董 事自願同意暫時減薪,蔣震博士及 蔣麗苑女士減基本薪金30%,蔣志 堅先生、鍾效良先生及吳漢華先生 減基本薪金20%,全部由二零零八 年十二月一日起生效,直至本集團 業務好轉及執行董事認為合適的時 間為止。

年內,本公司兩名董事行使其於二零零三年三月十一日授出之購股權購得1,668,000股本公司之普通股,詳情於財務報表的附註31載列。該等購股權的公平值按歸屬期在收益表中確認,其公平值於授出日計算,包括在本年度之財務報表的該金額已包括上述董事酬金的披露。

年內,本集團並無給予董事酬金以 鼓勵對方加入本集團或作為加入本 集團時之報酬、或離職賠償。 Due to the adverse effects of the global financial tsunami, the executive directors had voluntarily agreed to effect a temporary salary reduction of 30% of basic salary in the cases of Dr. Chen CHIANG and Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG and 20% of basic salary in the cases of Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG, Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG and Mr. Sam Hon Wah NG, all with effect from 1 December 2008 until the business of the Group recovers and when the executive directors consider appropriate.

During the year, two directors of the Company exercised share options, which had been granted on 11 March 2003 to acquire 1,668,000 ordinary shares of the Company, details of which are set out in note 31 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which has been recognized to the income statement over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the directors' emoluments disclosures.

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.

二零零九年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

10. 五名獲最高酬金之僱員

年內,五名獲最高酬金之僱員包括五名 (二零零八年:五名)董事,其酬金已於 財務報表附註9載列。

11. 税項

本集團年內有源於香港之應課税溢利,故就香港利得稅按16.5%稅率作出撥備。本集團於截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度無任何源於香港之應課稅溢利,故沒有就香港利得稅作出撥備。較低之香港利得稅率從二零零八年/二零零九年課稅年度起生效,故適用於截較不實之全年應課稅溢利。其他地區之溢利稅項則按本集團經營業務所在國家/司法權區之現行之法例、詮釋及慣例,按現行稅率計算。

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included five (2008: five) directors, details of whose emoluments are set out in note 9 to the financial statements.

11. TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Hong Kong profits tax has not been provided for the year ended 31 March 2008 as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during that year. The lower Hong Kong profits tax rate is effective from the year of assessment 2008/2009, and so is applicable to the assessable profits arising in Hong Kong for the whole year ended 31 March 2009. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries/jurisdictions in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
即期:	Current:		
本年度税項支出	Charge for the year		
香港	Hong Kong	16	_
其他地區	Elsewhere	20,285	38,991
過往年度少提/(多提)撥備	Under/(over) provision in prior years	2,363	(807)
遞延 <i>一附註29</i>	Deferred – note 29	(5,964)	(20,055)
本年度税項支出	Tax charge for the year	16,700	18,129

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Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

11. 税項(續)

11.1九点(旗/

就除税前溢利以適用於本公司及其附屬公司所在國家/司法權區之法定稅率計算(稅率由12%至25%)之稅項支出,以及按實際稅率計算之稅項支出之對賬如下:

11. TAX (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax using the statutory rates, ranging from 12% to 25%, for the countries/jurisdictions in which the Company and its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rates is as follows:

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	103,852	338,974
按法定税率計算之税項	Tax at the statutory tax rates	17,132	86,935
個別省份或地方機構	Tax concessions/lower tax rates for		
之税務寬減/較低税率	specific provinces and local authority	(10,511)	(62,060)
税率變動對期初遞延税項	Effect on opening deferred tax		
之影響	of changes in rates	821	(9,549)
本集團於中華人民共和國	Effect of tax on the equity transfer of		
(「中國」)附屬公司之股權	the People's Republic of China		
轉讓對税項之影響	("PRC") subsidiaries of the Group	10,000	_
不可扣税之支出	Expenses not deductible for tax	11,397	10,071
毋須繳納税項之收入	Income not subject to tax	(16,269)	(10,700)
未確認之本年度税項虧損	Tax losses for the year not recognized	2,674	6,088
使用過往期間税項虧損	Tax losses from previous periods utilized	(907)	(1,849)
過往期間即期税項	Adjustments in respect of current tax of		
之調整	previous periods	2,363	(807)
本年度税項支出	Tax charge for the year	16,700	18,129

本集團若干於中國大陸經營之附屬公司 為外商獨資企業,該等附屬公司之首兩 個獲利經營年度獲豁免繳納中國所得 税,而於其後之三年則獲減免50%之中 國所得税。 Certain of the Group's subsidiaries operating in Mainland China are wholly-foreign-owned enterprises and are exempted from the income tax of the PRC for two years starting from the first profitable year of operations, and are entitled to a 50% relief from the income tax of the PRC for the following three years.

財務報表附許

二零零九年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

11. 税項(續)

12. 本公司權益持有人應佔溢利

截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度本公司權益持有人應佔綜合溢利中包含於本公司財務報表已計入的溢利港幣11,099,000元(二零零八年:港幣235,742,000元)(附註32)。

11. TAX (continued)

The National People's Congress approved the Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") Law of the PRC (the "New CIT Law") on 16 March 2007 and the State Council announced the Detail Implementation Regulations on 6 December 2007, which was effective from 1 January 2008. According to the New CIT Law, the income tax rates for both domestic and foreign investment enterprises have been unified at 25% effective from 1 January 2008. However, for enterprises which were established before the publication of the New CIT Law and were entitled to preferential treatments of reduced CIT tax rate granted by relevant tax authorities, the new CIT rate will be gradually increased from the preferential rate to 25% within 5 years after the effective date of the New CIT Law on 1 January 2008. Enterprises that are currently entitled to exemptions from or reductions in the standard income tax rate for a fixed term may continue to enjoy such treatment until the fixed term expires.

12. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2009 includes a profit of HK\$11,099,000 (2008: HK\$235,742,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 32).

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Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

13. 股息

13. DIVIDENDS

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
因購股權獲行使而產生 之額外末期股息	Additional final dividend due to exercise of share options	453	189
中期股息每普通股 港幣0.02元(二零零八年: 港幣0.08元)	Interim dividend of HK\$0.02 (2008: HK\$0.08) per ordinary share	12,577	50,028
因購股權獲行使而產生 之額外中期股息	Additional interim dividend due to exercise of share options	-	59
建議末期股息每普通股 港幣0.05元(二零零八年: 港幣0.174元)	Proposed final dividend of HK\$0.05 (2008: HK\$0.174) per ordinary share	31,442	108,964
		44,472	159,240

本年度建議之末期股息須經本公司股東 在即將舉行之股東周年大會批准後方可 作實。 The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

14. 本公司權益持有人應佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據年內本公司權益持有人應佔本集團溢利港幣85,786,000元(二零零八年:港幣317,829,000元)及年內已發行普通股之加權平均數628,595,677股(二零零八年:625,175,677股)計算所得。

每股攤薄盈利乃根據年內本公司權益持有人應佔本集團溢利港幣85,786,000元(二零零八年:港幣317,829,000元)及加權平均數628,815,151股(二零零八年:628,602,816股)普通股(即計算每股基本盈利內所用年內已發行普通股之加權平均數628,595,677股(二零零八年:625,175,677股)及假設年內未獲行使之購股權已全部不需代價而獲行使之加權平均數219,474股(二零零八年:3,427,139股)普通股)計算所得。

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the Group's profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year of HK\$85,786,000 (2008: HK\$317,829,000) and on the weighted average number of 628,595,677 (2008: 625,175,677) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the Group's profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year of HK\$85,786,000 (2008: HK\$317,829,000) and on the weighted average number of 628,815,151 (2008: 628,602,816) ordinary shares, being the weighted average number of 628,595,677 (2008: 625,175,677) ordinary shares in issue during the year as used in the basic earnings per share calculation and the weighted average number of 219,474 (2008: 3,427,139) ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise of all share options outstanding during the year.

Notes to Financial Statements

15. 物業、廠房及設備

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

二零零九年三月三十一日

31 March 2009

本集團	Group	永久業權土地 及樓宇,及 租賃樓宇 Freehold land and buildings, and leasehold	在建工程 Construction	廠房、 機器、傢俬 及其他設備 Plant, machinery, furniture and other	總計
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	buildings	in progress	equipment	Total
於二零零八年四月一日 成本	At 1 April 2008 Cost	594,886	38,275	783,641	1,416,802
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(161,562)	-	(546,048)	(707,610)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	433,324	38,275	237,593	709,192
於二零零八年四月一日, 已扣除累計折舊	At 1 April 2008, net of accumulated depreciation	433,324	38,275	237,593	709,192
添置	Additions	643	85,785	35,662	122,090
出售	Disposals	_	_	(324)	(324)
註銷	Write-off	_	_	(26)	(26)
轉撥	Transfers	_	(10,175)	10,175	_
本年度	Depreciation provided				
折舊撥備	during the year	(15,531)	_	(44,847)	(60,378)
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	(3,977)	913	4,252	1,188
於二零零九年三月三十一日,	At 31 March 2009, net of				
已扣除累計折舊	accumulated depreciation	414,459	114,798	242,485	771,742
					_
於二零零九年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2009				
成本	Cost	591,535	114,798	827,521	1,533,854
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(177,076)	-	(585,036)	(762,112)
	Not corning amount	414.450	114 700	040 405	771 740
賬面淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	Net carrying amount	414,459	114,798	242,485	771,742

二零零九年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

二零零八年三月三十一日

31 March 2008

本集團 (港幣千元)	Group (HK\$'000)	永久業權土地 及樓宇,及 租賃樓宇 Freehold land and buildings, and leasehold buildings	在建工程 Construction in progress	廠房、 機器、傢俬 及其他設備 Plant, machinery, furniture and other equipment	總計 Total
於二零零七年四月一日	At 1 April 2007				
成本 累計折舊	Cost Accumulated depreciation	547,045 (138,982)	8,379 –	701,552 (467,822)	1,256,976 (606,804)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	408,063	8,379	233,730	650,172
於二零零七年四月一日,	At 1 April 2007, net of				
已扣除累計折舊	accumulated depreciation	408,063	8,379	233,730	650,172
添置	Additions	7,436	28,957	22,057	58,450
出售	Disposals	_	_	(71)	(71)
註銷	Write-off	_	_	(58)	(58)
轉撥	Transfer	_	(94)	94	_
本年度	Depreciation provided				
折舊撥備	during the year	(15,294)	_	(40,500)	(55,794)
匯兑調整 	Exchange realignment	33,119	1,033	22,341	56,493
於二零零八年三月三十一日, 已扣除累計折舊	At 31 March 2008, net of accumulated depreciation	433,324	38,275	237,593	709,192
W == 0 == 0 == 1 == 0					
於二零零八年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2008		00.000	700	4 44
成本	Cost	594,886	38,275	783,641	1,416,802
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(161,562)		(546,048)	(707,610)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	433,324	38,275	237,593	709,192

- 零零九年= 目= 十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

本集團之在建工程位於香港以外地區, 並以中期契約持有。

包括於上述本集團所持有永久業權土地

及樓宇,及租賃樓宇之分析如下:

The Group's construction in progress was situated outside Hong Kong and was held under medium term leases.

The Group's freehold land and buildings and leasehold buildings included above are analyzed as follows:

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
所持有的契約樓宇:	Leasehold buildings held under:		
在香港之中期契約	Medium term leases in Hong Kong	38,641	41,862
在香港以外地區之中期契約	Medium term leases outside Hong Kong	289,894	293,701
		328,535	335,563
在香港以外地區之	Freehold land and buildings		
永久業權土地及樓宇	held outside Hong Kong	85,924	97,761
		414,459	433,324

Notes to Financial Statements

15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

本公司	Company	傢俬及其他設備 Furniture and
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	other equipment
(75 m 1 70)	(1114 000)	other equipment
二零零九年三月三十一日	31 March 2009	
_ ₹ ₹ 70 _ // _	31 Maion 2003	
於二零零八年四月一日,	At 1 April 2008,	
已扣除累計折舊	net of accumulated depreciation	836
添置	Addition	14
出售	Disposal	(13)
本年度折舊撥備	Depreciation provided during the year	(99)
於二零零九年三月三十一日,	At 31 March 2009,	
已扣除累計折舊	net of accumulated depreciation	738
<u> </u>		
於二零零九年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2009	0.070
成本	Cost	6,972
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(6,234)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	738
二零零八年三月三十一日	31 March 2008	
於二零零七年四月一日,	At 1 April 2007,	
已扣除累計折舊	net of accumulated depreciation	936
本年度折舊撥備	Depreciation provided during the year	(100)
於二零零八年三月三十一日,	At 31 March 2008,	
已扣除累計折舊	net of accumulated depreciation	836
於二零零八年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2008	
成本	Cost	11,541
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(10,705)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	836
ᄣᄴᄲᄱ	THE CATTYING ATTIOUTIL	030

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

16. 預付土地租賃款

16. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元) 	(HK\$'000)	2009	200
於四月一日的賬面值	Carrying amount at 1 April	58,758	54,28
添置	Additions	30,730	3,51
///	Recognized during the year	(1,892)	(1,80
平千尺 唯心 匯兑調整			
<u> </u>	Exchange realignment	765	2,75
於三月三十一日的賬面值	Carrying amount at 31 March	57,631	58,75
短期部分包括在訂金、	Current portion included in deposits,		
預付款項及其他應收賬款	prepayments and other receivables	(1,896)	(1,87
非短期部分	Non-current portion	55,735	56,88
本集團	Group		
4. 11. 11.1			
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	200
		2009	200
	(HK\$'000)	2009	200
(港幣千元) 所持有的預付土地租賃款: 在香港之中期契約 在香港以外地區之中期契約	(HK\$'000) Prepaid land lease payments held under:		
所持有的預付土地租賃款: 在香港之中期契約	(HK\$'000) Prepaid land lease payments held under: Medium term leases in Hong Kong	24,002	24,61 34,13
所持有的預付土地租賃款: 在香港之中期契約	(HK\$'000) Prepaid land lease payments held under: Medium term leases in Hong Kong	24,002 33,629	24,61 34,13
所持有的預付土地租賃款: 在香港之中期契約 在香港以外地區之中期契約 商譽	(HK\$'000) Prepaid land lease payments held under: Medium term leases in Hong Kong Medium term leases outside Hong Kong 17. GOODWILL	24,002 33,629	24,61 34,13
所持有的預付土地租賃款: 在香港之中期契約 在香港以外地區之中期契約	(HK\$'000) Prepaid land lease payments held under: Medium term leases in Hong Kong Medium term leases outside Hong Kong	24,002 33,629	24,61 34,13 58,75
所持有的預付土地租賃款: 在香港之中期契約 在香港以外地區之中期契約 商譽 本集團	(HK\$'000) Prepaid land lease payments held under: Medium term leases in Hong Kong Medium term leases outside Hong Kong 17. GOODWILL Group	24,002 33,629 57,631	24,61

二零零九年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

17. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試

由企業合併產生之商譽已分配予若干附屬公司進行減值測試。該附屬公司之可,如回金額乃根據使用價值之計算釐定,計算所用的現金流量預測以五年財政算為基礎。此使用價值計算的主要假設包括預期增長率及折現率。財政政過去年度的制定反映了實際以及過去年度的制定反映了實際以及過去年度利所,及發展的預期。現金流量預測所用的折現率定為6%(二零零八年:6%)(税前),以反映相關附屬公司之特定風險。主要假設所用之價值與集團外所獲得的資料相符。

17. GOODWILL (continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill

Goodwill acquired through business combinations has been allocated to certain subsidiaries for impairment testing. The recoverable amount of the subsidiaries is determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period. The key assumptions for the value in use calculation include the expected growth rate and discount rate. The financial budgets are prepared reflecting actual and prior year performance and development expectations. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 6% (2008: 6%) which is before tax and reflects specific risks relating to the relevant subsidiaries. The values assigned to key assumptions are consistent with external information sources.

18. 於附屬公司權益

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

本公司	Company		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
非上市股份,按成本值	Unlisted shares, at cost	172,370	172,370
應收附屬公司賬款	Due from subsidiaries	1,033,946	1,011,533
應付附屬公司賬款	Due to subsidiaries	(509,513)	(367,254)
		696,803	816,649

與附屬公司之賬款餘額為無抵押及無固定還款條款。與若干附屬公司之賬款餘額乃按現行市場利率收取利息。因與附屬公司之賬款餘額乃來自與附屬公司用作營運融資的借款,本公司無意於結算日12個月內要求支付該等金額。

於二零零九年三月三十一日,就若干附屬公司之應收賬款計提減值撥備共港幣54,200,000元(二零零八年:港幣75,100,000元)。

年度內,就應收若干附屬公司賬款確認減值回撥港幣20,900,000元(二零零八年:港幣12,900,000元),其總賬面值為港幣150,009,000元(二零零八年:港幣285,262,000元)。減值撥備回撥已考慮該等附屬公司之資產淨值。

主要附屬公司之詳情於136至139頁內載列。

The balances with subsidiaries are unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayment. The balances with certain subsidiaries bear interest at prevailing market rates. As the balances with subsidiaries arose from advances to/from the subsidiaries for the purpose of operational financing, the Company do not intend to demand settlement of the amounts involved within 12 months from the balance sheet date.

As at 31 March 2009, there was an impairment of HK\$54,200,000 (2008: HK\$75,100,000) made on amounts due from certain subsidiaries.

During the year, write-back of impairment losses of HK\$20,900,000 (2008: HK\$12,900,000) was recognized for amounts due from certain subsidiaries, with a total gross carrying amount of HK\$150,009,000 (2008: HK\$285,262,000). The write-back of impairment provision had taken into account the net assets values of the subsidiaries.

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are set out on pages 136 to 139.

- 雯雯九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

19. 於聯營公司權益

19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
應佔資產淨值	Share of net assets	14,780	13,096
應收一聯營公司賬款	Due from an associate	-	43
應付聯營公司賬款	Due to associates	-	(10,745)
		14.780	2.394

於聯營公司之賬款餘額為無抵押、免息及一般於三十天內支付(二零零八年三月三十一日:無固定償還條款)。就此,於二零零九年三月三十一日,應收一聯營公司賬款港幣45,000元及應付聯營公司賬款港幣17,435,000元已分別錄入應收貿易及票據賬款及應付貿易及票據賬款內,分別於財務報表附註23及26載列。

The balances with the associates are unsecured, interest-free and normally settled at a term of 30 days (31 March 2008: no fixed terms of repayment). Accordingly, as at 31 March 2009, the amount due from an associate of HK\$45,000 and the amounts due to associates of HK\$17,435,000 are included in the trade and bills receivables and the trade and bills payables, as disclosed in notes 23 and 26 to the financial statements, respectively.

所有本集團之聯營公司均為於中國註冊 及於中國大陸經營之企業法人。

All of the Group's associates are corporate entities registered in the PRC and operating in Mainland China.

聯營公司之詳細資料如下:

Particulars of the associates are as follows:

		本集團應佔	
	已發行股本面值/	權益百分比	
	實收資本	Percentage of	
	Nominal value of	ownership interest	主要業務
名稱	issued share/	attributable	Principal
Name	paid-up capital	to the Group	activities
佛山市富雄鑄造廠	美元1,520,000	25	製造及銷售
有限公司	US\$1,520,000		球墨鑄鐵產品
Foshan Fu Xiong Foundry			Manufacture and sale
Company, Limited			of iron casting products
佛山市順德區富雄機械	美元800,000	25	無經營活動
製造有限公司	US\$800,000		Dormant
Foshan Shunde Fu Xiong Machinery			
Company, Limited			

- 雯雯九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

19. 於聯營公司權益(續)

19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

附註:

- (1) 上述公司非由香港安永會計師事務所或 安永會計師事務所國際網絡其他成員公 司審核。
- (2) 上述公司以三月三十一日為其報告日期 以符合其控股公司之報告日期。

下表載列本集團聯營公司之財務資料摘 要取自於其管理報表: Notes:

- (1) The above companies are not audited by Ernst & Young Hong Kong or other member firm of the Ernst & Young global network.
- (2) The above companies use 31 March as their reporting date to conform with their holding company's reporting date.

The following table illustrates the summarized financial information of the Group's associates extracted from their management accounts:

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
資產	Assets	101,045	123,182
負債	Liabilities	(41,923)	(70,801)
收益	Revenues	92,778	110,151
溢利	Profit	5,544	4,518

20. 可供出售權益投資

20. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE EQUITY INVESTMENTS

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
非上市投資,按成本值	Unlisted investments, at cost	170,539	170,539
減值	Impairment	(46,482)	(46,482)
總計	Total	124,057	124,057

非上市可供出售權益投資為投資於一台 灣公司及間接投資於中國大陸一合營公 司。

於二零零九年三月三十一日,由於一非上市權益投資之合理公平值之估算幅度龐大,致使本公司董事認為未能可靠地計算其公平值,故該非上市權益投資按成本列賬,其賬面值為港幣124,057,000元(二零零八年:港幣124,057,000元)。

The unlisted available-for-sale equity investments represent an investment in a Taiwanese company and an indirect interest in a joint venture company in Mainland China.

As at 31 March 2009, an unlisted equity investment with a carrying amount of HK\$124,057,000 (2008: HK\$124,057,000) was stated at cost because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors are of the opinion that its fair value cannot be measured reliably.

- 栗栗九年= 目=+-日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

21. 持至到期投資

21. HELD-TO-MATURITY INVESTMENTS

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
持至到期投資:	Held-to-maturity investments:		
非上市持至到期之	Unlisted held-to-maturity		
商業票據,按成本值	commercial papers, at cost	7,800	7,800
減值	Impairment	(7,800)	(7,800)

22. 存貨 22. INVENTORIES

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
原料	Raw materials	277,929	317,376
在製品	Work in progress	209,633	269,051
製成品	Finished goods	216,747	122,851
		704,309	709,278

23. 應收貿易及票據賬款

23. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
應收貿易及票據賬款	Trade and bills receivables	578,537	950,398
減值	Impairment	(62,455)	(76,074)
		516,082	874,324

客戶之貿易條款一般為現金交易、銀行票據及信用放貸。本集團根據個別客戶之商業實力及信譽提供信貸額,平均信貸期為九十天,就若干有良好交易及還款記錄之客戶,則延長其信貸期。本集團採取嚴格政策控制信貸條款及應收賬款,務求信貸風險降至最低。

基於上述的觀點及本集團的應收貿易及 票據賬款由大量分散客戶所組成,故沒 有重大的集中信貸風險。應收貿易及票 據賬款並不附利息。 Trading terms with customers are either cash on delivery, bank bills or on credit. Customers are granted credit at the discretion of the Group, subject to their respective business strength and creditability. The average credit period is 90 days and extension of credit period is made for customers with good trading and repayment records. The Group adopts strict control policies over credit terms and receivables that serve to minimize credit risk.

In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade and bills receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. Trade and bills receivables are non-interest-bearing.

- 零零九年= 月= 十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

23. 應收貿易及票據賬款(續)

23. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

應收貿易及票據賬款減值撥備變動如下:

The movements in impairment allowance for trade and bills receivables are as follows:

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
於四月一日	At 1 April	76,074	65,177
已於收益表扣除的	Impairment losses charged/		
減值虧損/(計入	(write-back of impairment credited)		
的減值撥回) 淨額	to the income statement, net	(14,725)	14,342
註銷不能收回的金額	Amount written off as uncollectible	_	(7,777)
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	1,106	4,332
於三月三十一日	At 31 March	62,455	76,074

在上述應收貿易及票據賬款減值撥備中包括已作個別減值撥備的應收貿易 賬款港幣56,980,000元(二零零八年:港幣61,074,000元),其賬面值為港幣61,401,000元(二零零八年:港幣64,578,000元)。已作個別減值撥備之應收貿易及票據賬款涉及利息或本金之拖欠及預期只可收回部分應收賬款之客戶。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押或其他加強信用之物品。 Included in the above impairment allowance for trade and bills receivables is an allowance for individually impaired trade receivables of HK\$56,980,000 (2008: HK\$61,074,000) with a gross carrying amount of HK\$61,401,000 (2008: HK\$64,578,000). The individually impaired trade and bills receivables relate to customers that were in default or delinquency in interest or principal payments and only a portion of the receivables is expected to be recovered. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

被視為沒有減值的應收貿易及票據賬款之賬齡分析如下:

The aged analysis of the trade and bills receivables that are not considered to be impaired is as follows:

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
未到期(並未逾期或減值)	Current (neither past due nor impaired)	335,172	546,023
逾期少於九十天	Less than 90 days past due	67,482	176,622
逾期九十一至一百八十天	91 to 180 days past due	48,536	107,104
逾期超過一百八十天	Over 180 days past due	64,892	44,575
		516,082	874,324

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23. 應收貿易及票據賬款(續)

並未逾期或減值之應收款項涉及近期無 逾期付款記錄之客戶。

已逾期但並無減值之應收款項則涉及若 干與本集團有良好交易記錄的獨立客 戶。基於過往經驗,本公司董事認為, 由於信貸質素並無重大轉變,且該等結餘仍被視為可全數收回,故毋須就有關 結餘作出減值撥備。

應收貿易及票據賬款當中包括應收一聯營公司之款項港幣45,000元(二零零八年:無),其付款條款與本集團其他主要客戶相近。

應收貿易及票據賬款當中包括於中國大陸經營之附屬公司所持有之應收票據港幣14,321,000元(二零零八年:無)已作抵押,用作擔保中國大陸財務機構代該等附屬公司發出之若干應付票據。

23. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

Included in the Group's trade and bills receivables is an amount due from an associate of HK\$45,000 (2008: Nil) which is repayable on similar credit terms to those offered to the major customers of the Group.

Included in the Group's trade and bills receivables are pledged bills receivables of certain subsidiaries operating in Mainland China of HK\$14,321,000 (2008: Nil) for securing certain bills payables issued by financial institutions in Mainland China on behalf of the subsidiaries.

24. 訂金、預付款項及其他應收賬款

24. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		本第	画	本名	公司
		Group		Company	
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008	2009	2008
訂金及預付款項	Deposits and prepayments	35,633	34,671	417	420
預付土地租賃款,	Prepaid land lease payments,				
短期部分	current portion	1,896	1,878	_	_
其他應收賬款	Other receivables	28,768	24,951	308	495
		66,297	61,500	725	915

該等資產概無逾期或減值。結餘中的金 融資產涉及近期無逾期付款記錄之應收 賬款。 None of these assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in these balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

- 零零九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

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25. 現金及銀行結存

25. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Gro 2009	oup	Com	pany	
2009	0000		Company	
	2008	2009	2008	
407,369	295,777	4,574	4,490	
10,957	34,021	-		
418,326	329,798	4,574	4,490	
27,264	31,946	_		
44E E00	261 744	4 574	4,490	
	418,326	10,957 34,021 418,326 329,798 27,264 31,946	10,957 34,021 – 418,326 329,798 4,574 27,264 31,946 –	

- 附註1:該結存包括若干於中國大陸經營之 附屬公司所持有港幣27,264,000元 (二零零八年:港幣31,946,000元) 抵押銀行存款,用作擔保中國大陸 若干財務機構給予若干第三者的貸 款。
- 附註2: 銀行存款以銀行每日存款浮動利率賺取利息。視乎本集團現金的需求,而定立由一天至三個月不等的短期定期存款,並以短期定期存款息率賺取利息。
- Note 1: The balance included pledged bank deposits of certain subsidiaries operating in Mainland China of HK\$27,264,000 (2008: HK\$31,946,000) for securing certain loans granted by certain financial institutions in Mainland China to certain third parties.
- Note 2: Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates.

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26. 應付貿易及票據賬款

26. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

於結算日之應付貿易及票據賬款之賬齡 分析如下: An ageing analysis of the trade and bills payables as at the balance sheet date is as follows:

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
未到期	Current	77,000	321,172
一至九十天	1 to 90 days	48,354	69,035
九十一天至一百八十天	91 to 180 days	121,595	6,341
超過一百八十天	Over 180 days	29,623	13,825
		276,572	410,373

應付貿易及票據賬款並不附利息。應付貿易及票據賬款當中包括應付聯營公司款項港幣17,435,000元(二零零八年:無),其付款條款為三十天內支付,該條款與聯營公司提供予其主要客戶的放貸條款相近。

The trade and bills payables are non-interest-bearing. Included in the trade and bills payables are trade payables of HK\$17,435,000 (2008: Nil) due to associates which are repayable within 30 days, which represents similar credit terms to those offered by the associates to their major customers.

- 栗栗九年= 日= 十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

27. 其他應付賬款及應計負債

27. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

			表 Dup	本公 Comp	
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008	2009	2008
(76/15/176)	(TITA GGC)	2003	2000		
已收取訂金	Deposits received	53,414	70,279	_	36
應計負債及	Accruals and				
其他負債	other liabilities	140,708	178,627	4,776	19,104
		194,122	248,906	4,776	19,140

記入其他應付賬款及應計負債的金融負債並不附利息。

The financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals are non-interest-bearing.

28. 銀行貸款,無抵押

28. BANK LOANS, UNSECURED

		實際利率			
		Effective			
本集團	Group	interest rate	到期		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	(%)	Maturity	2009	2008
銀行貸款償還期	Bank loans repayable				
一年內	within one year	1.7 (2008: 3.1)	2009	37,864	27,814

本集團之無抵押銀行貸款以浮動利率計 息。

本集團之無抵押銀行貸款以浮動利率計 The Group's unsecured bank loans are at floating rates.

- 零零九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

29. 遞延税項

29. DEFERRED TAX

年內,遞延税項負債及資產變動如下:

The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows:

遞延税項負債

Deferred tax liabilities

折舊減免額超逾 相關折舊 Depreciation allowance in

		excess of			扣繳税	
本集團	Group	related	撥備	税項虧損W	ithholding	總計
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	depreciation	Provisions	Tax losses	tax	Total
於二零零七年四月一日	At 1 April 2007	2,551	(1,757)	(729)	10,646	10,711
本年度於收益表扣除/	Deferred tax charged/(credited)					
(計入)之遞延税項	to the income statement					
淨額 <i>(附註11)</i>	during the year, net (note 11)	(137)	(808)	(115)	10,407	9,347
繳付附屬公司	Withholding tax paid on					
利潤回撥之扣繳稅	repatriation of earnings					
	from overseas subsidiaries	-	_	_	(4,647)	(4,647)
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	_	(332)	_	1,068	736
於二零零八年	At 31 March 2008 and					
三月三十一日及	1 April 2008	2,414	(2,897)	(844)	17,474	16,147
二零零八年四月一日						
本年度於收益表扣除/	Deferred tax charged/(credited)					
(計入)之遞延税項	to the income statement					
淨額 <i>(附註11)</i>	during the year, net (note 11)	7	2,167	(44)	(4,869)	(2,739)
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	_	447	-	(1,686)	(1,239)
於二零零九年	Gross deferred tax liabilities					
三月三十一日	recognized in the					
之確認於綜合資產負債表	consolidated balance sheet					
遞延税項負債總值	at 31 March 2009	2,421	(283)	(888)	10,919	12,169

NOTES TO 31 March 2009

Notes to Financial Statements

29. 遞延税項(續)

29. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

遞延税項資產

Deferred tax assets

折舊減免額超逾 相關折舊 Depreciation allowance in excess of

		excess of			
本集團	Group	related	撥備	税項虧損	總計
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	depreciation	Provisions	Tax losses	Total
二零零七年四月一日	At 1 April 2007	(288)	36,737	122	36,571
本年度於收益表計入	Deferred tax credited				
之遞延税項淨額,包括	to the income statement				
因實際税率的變更影響	during the year, net, including				
之可扣抵税額	a tax credit of HK\$10,226,000				
港幣10,226,000元	due to the effect of a change in				
(附註11)	the effective tax rates (note 11)	164	25,001	4,237	29,402
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	-	3,555	12	3,567
於二零零八年	At 31 March 2008 and				
三月三十一日及	1 April 2008				
二零零八年四月一日		(124)	65,293	4,371	69,540
本年度於收益表計入/(扣除)	Deferred tax credited/(charged)				
之遞延税項淨額,包括	to the income statement				
因實際税率的變更影響	during the year, net, including				
之可扣除税額	a tax charge of HK\$625,000				
港幣625,000元	due to the effect of a change in				
(附註11)	the effective tax rate (note 11)	88	(12,776)	15,913	3,225
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	_	1,457	99	1,556
於二零零九年	Gross deferred tax assets				
三月三十一日	recognized in the				
之確認於綜合資產負債表	consolidated balance sheet				
遞延税項資產總值	at 31 March 2009	(36)	53,974	20,383	74,321

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31 March 2009

29. 遞延税項(續)

就本集團之税項虧損源於香港為港幣 232,260,000元(二零零八年:港幣 217,737,000元)及源於中國大陸為港 幣106,627,000元(二零零八年:港幣 41,799,000元),可供抵銷錄得該虧損 之公司日後之應課税溢利。除於二零零 九年三月三十一日按日後之應課税溢利 預計可用作抵扣源於香港的未動用税項 虧損港幣5,382,000元(二零零八年:港 幣5,113,000元)和源於中國大陸的未動 用税項虧損港幣81,532,000元(二零零 八年:港幣17,484,000元)外,由於該 等公司已錄得虧損一段時間,並無預計 應課税溢利可供抵扣税項虧損,故無就 該等虧損確認遞延税項資產。在未確認 遞延税項虧損中,包括港幣25,096,000 元(二零零八年:港幣24,315,000元)的 税項虧損將於五年之內逾期。其他虧損 可以無限期累積。

根據新企業所得稅法,於中國大陸成立的外資企業向外國投資者宣派股息時需徵10%扣繳稅,自二零零八年一月一日起生效並適用於二零零七年十二月三十一日後賺取的溢利。倘中國與外國投資者所在司法權區訂有稅務條約,則可能適用較低的扣繳稅稅率。本集團於年內的適用稅率為5%或10%。

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團於中國大陸成立的附屬公司未就未匯出溢利的應付扣繳稅確認遞延稅項。董事認為,該等附屬公司不大可能於可見未來分配於二零零八年一月一日後賺取之溢利。於二零零九年三月三十一日,並無就與中國大陸附屬公司及聯營公司投資相關的暫時性差異總值而確認的遞延稅項負債分別合共約港幣120,429,000元及約港幣1,344,000元。

29. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$232,260,000 (2008: HK\$217,737,000) and in Mainland China HK\$106,627,000 (2008: HK\$41,799,000) that are available for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Except for tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$5,382,000 (2008: HK\$5,113,000) and in Mainland China of HK\$81,532,000 (2008: HK\$17,484,000) as at 31 March 2009 to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses can be utilized, deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these losses as they have arisen in those companies that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilized. Included in unrecognized tax losses are losses of HK\$25,096,000 (2008: HK\$24,315,000) that will expire within 5 years. Other losses can be carried forward indefinitely.

Pursuant to the New CIT Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement was effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between the PRC and jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rates during the year were 5% or 10%.

At 31 March 2009, no deferred tax has been recognized for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China. In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute their earnings accrued after 1 January 2008 in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates in Mainland China for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognized totalled approximately HK\$120,429,000 and HK\$1,344,000 at 31 March 2009, respectively.

- 雯雯九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

29. 遞延税項(續)

根據於二零零九年五月二十七日修訂之 台灣所得稅法,牟利企業之所得稅稅率 將由25%下調至20%,自二零一零年一 月一日起生效。

本公司向其股東派發之股息並無任何所 得税之影響。

29. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

According to an amendment to Income Tax Law of Taiwan on 27 May 2009, the income tax rate for profit-seeking enterprise will decrease from 25% to 20% effective from 1 January 2010.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

30. 股本

30. SHARE CAPITAL

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
法定:	Authorized:		
1,000,000,000股普通股	1,000,000,000 ordinary shares		
每股港幣0.10元	of HK\$0.10 each	100,000	100,000
已發行及全數繳足:	Issued and fully paid:		
628,833,600股(二零零八年:	628,833,600 (2008:		
626,227,600股) 普通股	626,227,600) ordinary shares		
每股港幣0.10元	of HK\$0.10 each	62,883	62,623

年內,隨附於2,606,000股購股權之認 購權以每普通股港幣1.988元之行使價 獲行使(附註31),為此,以總代價約 港幣5,180,000元(未計入發行支出) 共發行每股面值港幣0.10元之普通股 2,606,000股。 During the year, the subscription rights attaching to 2,606,000 share options were exercised at the exercise price of HK\$1.988 per ordinary share (note 31), resulting in the issue of 2,606,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each for a total cash consideration, before issue expenses, of approximately HK\$5,180,000 in aggregate.

- 雯雯九年= 目=+--日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

30. 股本(續)

30. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

本公司已發行普通股股本變動詳情如 下: Details of the movements in the Company's issued ordinary share capital are as follows:

		已發行	已發行	股份	
		普通股數目	股本	溢價賬	
		Number of	Issued	Share	
		ordinary shares	share	premium	總計
		in issue	capital	account	Total
			港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零零七年四月一日	At 1 April 2007	624,163,600	62,416	498,308	560,724
獲行使之購股權	Share options exercised	2,064,000	207	3,146	3,353
於二零零八年	At 31 March 2008 and				
三月三十一日及	1 April 2008				
二零零八年四月一日		626,227,600	62,623	501,454	564,077
獲行使之購股權	Share options exercised	2,606,000	260	4,920	5,180
於二零零九年	At 31 March 2009				
三月三十一日		628,833,600	62,883	506,374	569,257

31. 購股權

依據本公司於二零零二年八月二十三日舉行之股東周年大會上通過之普通決議案,本公司已採納一購股權計劃(「2002年計劃」)。根據2002年計劃授出之購股

權並不給予持有人收取股息或於股東大

會上投票之權利。

31. SHARE OPTIONS

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 23 August 2002, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "2002 Scheme"). Share options under the 2002 Scheme do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

- 零零九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

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31. 購股權(續)

2002年計劃之詳情列載如下:

(a) 目的

對合資格之參與人於本集團作出或 將可作出貢獻而予以獎勵及鼓勵。

(b) 參與人

- (i) 本集團任何成員或任何控股股 東(根據2002年計劃之定義) 或由控股股東控制之任何公司 之:
 - (a) 任何董事(不論是執行或 非執行,包括任何獨立非 執行董事)及僱員(不論是 全職或兼職),或
 - (b) 其時借調之任何人;
- (ii) 持有本集團任何成員或任何控 股股東或控股股東控制之任何 公司所發行之任何證券持有 人:及
- (iii) 本集團任何成員或任何控股 股東或由控股股東控制之任何 公司之,
 - (a) 任何業務或合作夥伴、特 許經營權受讓人、承包商 或分銷商,

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

The particulars of the 2002 Scheme are as follows:

(a) Purpose

As rewards or incentives for the contribution or potential contribution to the Group from the eligible participants.

(b) Participants

(i) (a) any director (whether executive or non-executive, including any independent non-executive director) and employee (whether full time or part time) of, or

- (b) any individual for the time being seconded to work for,
- any member of the Group or any controlling shareholder (as defined under the 2002 Scheme) or any company controlled by a controlling shareholder;
- (ii) any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any controlling shareholder or any company controlled by a controlling shareholder; and
- (iii) (a) any business or joint venture partner, franchisee, contractor or distributor of.

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Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

31. 購股權(續)

(b) 參與人(續)

- (b) 任何人士或個體提供研究、發展或其他技術支援或任何諮詢、專業顧問或 其他與業務運作有關之服務,
- (c) 貨品或服務之任何供應 商,或
- (d) 貨品或服務之任何客戶。

就2002年計劃而言,參與人包括 由一位或多位隸屬以上任何界別 參與者所控制之任何公司。

(c) 可予發行普通股數目上限

於本年報日期,最多達49,494,760 股普通股(約相等於本公司已發行 股本7.87%)可予發行。

(d) 每位參與人可獲授權益上限

除根據2002年計劃之條款另行批准外,每位參與人在任何十二個月內(直至授出購股權當日止),如根據2002年計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃所獲授之購股權(包括已註銷、已行使及尚未行使之購股權)予以行使,所發行及將發行之股份上限不得超過1%的本公司已發行股本。

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

(b) Participants (continued)

- (b) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or any advisory, consultancy, professional or other services in respect of business operations to,
- (c) any supplier of goods or services to, or
- (d) any customer of goods or services of,

any member of the Group or any controlling shareholder or a company controlled by a controlling shareholder.

For the purposes of the 2002 Scheme, the participants shall include any company controlled by one or more persons belonging to any of the above classes of participants.

(c) Maximum number of ordinary shares available for issue

A total of 49,494,760 ordinary shares is available for issue which represents approximately 7.87% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report.

(d) Maximum entitlement of each participant

The maximum number of ordinary shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of share options granted under the 2002 Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company to any participant (including cancelled, exercised and outstanding share options), in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the ordinary shares in issue unless otherwise approved in accordance with the terms of the 2002 Scheme.

- 雯雯九年=月=十—日

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31. 購股權(續)

(e) 可根據購股權認購普通股之期限

由授出購股權之日起計十年內或本 公司董事局於授出時所指定的較短 期間。

(f) 購股權獲行使時必須持有最短期限 (如有)

於授出購股權時,本公司董事局將 指定購股權於可行使前必須持有之 最短期限(如有)。

(g) 接納購股權需付金額及付款的期限

在提出購股權要約之日起(包括該日)四十五天內須接受有關之要約。於接受每份購股權要約時,需付港幣1.00元。

(h) 購股權行使價釐定之基準

行使購股權時須予支付之每股股份 行使價將由本公司董事局決定,惟 行使價須至少為下列最高者:

- (i) 聯交所於授出日期發出之每日 報價表所述之普通股收市價 (當日必須為交易日):
- (ii) 聯交所於緊接授出日期前五 個聯交所交易日發出之每日 報價表所述之普通股平均收市 價:及
- (iii) 普通股之面值。

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

(e) Period within which the ordinary shares must be taken up under a share option

Within ten years from the date of grant of the share option or such shorter period as the board of directors of the Company determines at the time of grant.

(f) Minimum period, if any, for which a share option must be held before it can be exercised

At the time of granting a share option, the board of directors of the Company will determine the minimum period(s), if any, for which a share option must be held before it can be exercised.

(g) Amount payable upon acceptance of a share option and the period within which the payment must be made

An offer for the grant of a share option must be accepted within forty-five days inclusive of the day on which the offer was made. The amount payable on acceptance of the offer for an option is HK\$1.00.

(h) Basis of determining the exercise price of the share options

The exercise price per share payable on the exercise of a share option shall be determined by the board of directors of the Company and shall be no less than the highest of:

- the closing price of the ordinary shares as stated in the daily quotation sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of offer of grant, which must be a business day;
- (ii) the average closing price of the ordinary shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer of grant; and
- (iii) the nominal value of an ordinary share.

- 雯雯九年=月=十一日

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31. 購股權(續)

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

(i) 2002年計劃餘下之有效期

除根據2002年計劃條款另行結束 外,2002年計劃之有效年期為十 年,並將於二零一二年八月二十三 日屆滿。

下列為於年內根據2002年計劃授出但 尚未行使之購股權:

(i) Remaining life of the 2002 Scheme

The 2002 Scheme has a life of ten years and will expire on 23 August 2012 unless otherwise terminated in accordance with the terms of the 2002 Scheme.

The following share options were outstanding under the 2002 Scheme during the year:

參與人之姓名或類別 Name or category of participants		Nu	購股權數目 mber of share opi	tions		授出日期* Date of grant*	行使期限 Exercise period	每股 行使價** Exercise price per share**
	於二零零八年	年內授出	年內獲行使	年內失效	於二零零九年			
	四月一日	Granted	Exercised	Forfeited	三月三十一日			
	At 1 April	during	during	during	At 31 March			
	2008	the year	the year	the year	2009			
						(日/月/年)	(日/月/年)	港元
						(D/M/Y)	(D/M/Y)	HK\$
董事或主要股東 Directors or substantial shareholders								
蔣震								
Chen CHIANG	1,000,000	=	(1,000,000)	-		11/3/2003	11/3/2008 - 10/3/2013	1.988
蔣麗苑								
Lai Yuen CHIANG	668,000	_	(668,000)	-	_	11/3/2003	11/3/2008 – 10/3/2013	1.988
蔣志堅								
Chi Kin CHIANG	334,000	-	-	-	334,000	11/3/2003	11/3/2008 – 10/3/2013	1.988
鍾效良	332,000	_	-	-	332,000	11/3/2003	11/3/2004 - 10/3/2013	1.988
Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG	334,000			-	334,000	11/3/2003	11/3/2008 – 10/3/2013	1.988
	666,000	_	-	_	666,000			

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31 March 2009

31. 購股權(續)

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

參與人之姓名或類別 Name or category of			購股權數目			授出日期*	行使期限	每股 行使價** Exercise price
participants		Nu	mber of share op	tions		Date of grant*	Exercise period	per share**
	於二零零八年	年內授出	年內獲行使	年內失效	於二零零九年			
	四月一日	Granted	Exercised	Forfeited	三月三十一日			
	At 1 April	during	during	during	At 31 March			
	2008	the year	the year	the year	2009			
						(日/月/年)	(日/月/年)	港元
						(D/M/Y)	(D/M/Y)	HK\$
吳漢華								
Sam Hon Wah NG	334,000	_	_	_	334,000	11/3/2003	11/3/2009 – 10/3/2013	1.988
震雄投資有限公司 Chen Hsong Investments								
Limited	600,000	_	(600,000)	_		11/3/2003	11/3/2008 – 10/3/2013	1.988
小計 Subtotal	3,602,000	-	(2,268,000)	-	1,334,000			
僱員(除董事外)								
Employees (other than direc	etors)							
合共	10,000	_	_	_	10,000	11/3/2003	11/3/2004 – 10/3/2013	1.988
In aggregate	24,000	-	-	_	24,000	11/3/2003	11/3/2006 - 10/3/2013	1.988
	578,000	_	(338,000)	(10,000)	230,000	11/3/2003	11/3/2008 - 10/3/2013	1.988
	110,000	_	_	(10,000)	100,000	11/3/2003	11/3/2009 – 10/3/2013	1.988
小計 Subtotal	722,000	-	(338,000)	(20,000)	364,000			
總計 Total	4,324,000	_	(2,606,000)	(20,000)	1,698,000			

二零零九年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

31. 購股權(續)

- * 購股權之歸屬期間乃自授出日期直至行 使期限開始為止。
- ** 倘若本公司供股、派送紅股或其他類似 股本變化,購股權之行使價可予調整。

附註:

- (1) 於二零零三年三月十一日之普通股每股 收市價為港幣1.98元。
- (2) 2002年計劃參與人在本年度行使之購 股權之加權平均股份收市價如下:

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

- * The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.
- ** The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

Notes:

- (1) The closing price of the ordinary shares on 11 March 2003 was HK\$1.98 per share.
- (2) The weighted average closing prices of the shares in which the share options were exercised during the year by the participants of the 2002 Scheme were as follows:

加權平均收市價

Weighted average closing prices 緊接行使日前一天 於行使日 On the date Immediately before 參與人之姓名或類別 Name or category of participants the date of exercise of exercise 港幣 港幣 HK\$ HK\$ 蔣震 Chen CHIANG 3.82 3.69 蔣麗苑 Lai Yuen CHIANG 2.83 2.83 震雄投資有限公司 Chen Hsong Investments Limited 3.82 3.69 僱員(除董事外) Employees (other than directors) 3.78 3.68

- (3) 根據2002年計劃每份授出購股權之代 價為港幣1.00元。
- (4) 如財務報表附註30所示,年內, 2,606,000股購股權獲行使,致使發 行2,606,000股每股面值港幣0.10 元本公司普通股及在未計入發行支 出前增加股本約港幣260,000元及 股份溢價約港幣4,920,000元。
- (3) The share options granted under the 2002 Scheme are for a consideration of HK\$1.00 per grant.
- (4) The 2,606,000 share options exercised during the year resulted in the issue of 2,606,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company and new share capital of approximately HK\$260,000 and share premium of approximately HK\$4,920,000 (before issue expenses), as detailed in note 30 to the financial statements.

二零零九年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

31. 購股權(續)

(5) 於二零零九年三月三十一日,本公司根據2002年計劃有1,698,000股(二零零八年:4,324,000股)購股權尚未行使。如尚未行使之購股權全數獲行使,依本公司現時之資本結構,將會發行額外1,698,000股每股面值港幣0.10元之普通股及在未計入任何相關股份發行支出前增加股本約港幣170,000元及股份溢價約港幣3,206,000元。

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

(5) As at 31 March 2009, the Company had 1,698,000 (2008: 4,324,000) share options outstanding under the 2002 Scheme. The exercise in full of the share options outstanding would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 1,698,000 additional ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company, and additional share capital of approximately HK\$170,000 and share premium of approximately HK\$3,206,000 (before issue expenses).

32. 儲備

本集團

本集團本年度及過往年度的儲備及其變 化於綜合權益變動報表中呈列。

根據台灣公司法,亞塑機械股份有限公司及震雄機械廠股份有限公司須將一部分稅後溢利轉撥至一不可派發之資本儲備中。惟當該資本儲備達到該公司資本50%時,得以其半數撥充資本,而該資本儲備亦可隨時用於抵銷虧損。於二零零九年三月三十一日,該資本儲備為港幣38,535,000元(二零零八年:港幣37,894,000元)。

根據中國對外商獨資企業及中外合資經營企業之法例,本公司於中國大陸之若 干附屬公司須轉撥部分稅後溢利至法定儲備(此為被限制使用之儲備),直至該 項儲備累積總額達至其註冊資本50%。

32. RESERVES

Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

In accordance with the Company Law of Taiwan, Asian Plastic Machinery Company, Limited and Chen Hsong Machinery Taiwan Company, Limited are required to transfer a portion of their profits after tax to a capital reserve, which is non-distributable. When the capital reserve has accumulated to 50% of their capital, up to 50% of the capital reserve may be capitalized. The capital reserve may be utilized at any time to offset any deficit. As at 31 March 2009, such capital reserve amounted to HK\$38,535,000 (2008: HK\$37,894,000).

In accordance with the Law of the PRC on Sole Foreign Investment Enterprises and Sino-foreign equity joint venture enterprises, certain of the Company's Mainland China subsidiaries are required to transfer a portion of their profit after tax to the statutory reserve fund, which are restricted as to use, until the accumulated total reaches 50% of their registered capital.

Notes to Financial Statements

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32. 儲備(續)

32. RESERVES (continued)

		股份 溢價賬	資本贖回 儲備			
		Share	Capital	資本儲備	保留溢利	
本公司	Company	premium	redemption	Capital	Retained	總計
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	account	reserve	reserve	profits	Total
於二零零七年四月一日	At 1 April 2007	498,308	295	2,623	150,903	652,129
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	_	_	_	235,742	235,742
發行新股 <i>(附註30)</i>	Issue of new shares (note 30)	3,146	_	_	_	3,146
以股權支付的	Equity-settled share option					
購股權安排	arrangements	_	_	252	_	252
截至二零零七年	Final dividend for the					
三月三十一日止	year ended					
年度之末期股息	31 March 2007	_	_	_	(100,055)	(100,055)
中期股息(附註13)	Interim dividend (note 13)	_	_	_	(50,087)	(50,087)
於二零零八年	At 31 March 2008					
三月三十一日及	and 1 April 2008					
二零零八年四月一日		501,454	295	2,875	236,503	741,127
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	_	_	_	11,099	11,099
發行新股 <i>(附註30)</i>	Issue of new shares (note 30)	4,920	_	-	_	4,920
以股權支付的	Equity-settled share option					
購股權安排	arrangements	_	_	29	_	29
截至二零零八年	Final dividend for the					
三月三十一日止	year ended					
年度之末期股息	31 March 2008					
(附註13)	(note 13)	_	_	_	(109,417)	(109,417)
中期股息(附註13)	Interim dividend (note 13)	_	_	_	(12,577)	(12,577)
於二零零九年						
三月三十一日	At 31 March 2009	506,374	295	2,904	125,608	635,181

- 雯雯九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

33. 或然負債

33. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

於結算日,沒有於財務報表撥備之或然 負債如下: As at the balance sheet date, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

		本集團		本公司	
		Gro	oup	Company	
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008	2009	2008
就給予若干第三者信貸而 提供給財務機構的 擔保,最大數額	Guarantees given to financial institutions in connection with facilities granted to certain third parties, at the maximum	91,329	91,133	-	-
就給予附屬公司信貸而提供給銀行的擔保	Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted to subsidiaries	_	-	757,799	786,664
		91,329	91,133	757,799	786,664

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本公司就 給予附屬公司信貸而提供給銀行的擔保 已使用信貸額約為港幣39,012,000元 (二零零八年:港幣30,014,000元)。 As at 31 March 2009, the guarantees given by the Company to banks in connection with facilities granted to subsidiaries were utilized to the extent of approximately HK\$39,012,000 (2008: HK\$30,014,000).

34.承擔

34. COMMITMENTS

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團關於於中國大陸興建之工業建築物,已簽約但未撥備之資本承擔合共約港幣35,914,000元(二零零八年:港幣22,187,000元)。

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團關於於中國大陸購買之物業、廠房及設備,已簽約但未撥備之資本承擔合共約為港幣26,780,000元(二零零八年:港幣26,531,000元)。

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本公司無重大的承擔(二零零八年:無)。

As at 31 March 2009, the Group had capital commitments, which was contracted but not provided for, in respect of the construction of industrial buildings in Mainland China amounting to approximately HK\$35,914,000 (2008: HK\$22,187,000).

As at 31 March 2009, the Group had capital commitments, which were contracted but not provided for, in respect of the purchase of property, plant and equipment in Mainland China amounting to approximately HK\$26,780,000 (2008: HK\$26,531,000).

As at 31 March 2009, the Company had no significant commitments (2008: Nil).

- 雯雯九年= 目= 十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

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35. 關連人士交易

年內,除本財務報表其他附註所披露的 資料外,本集團還有以下的關連人士交 易:

(a) 本集團以港幣54,924,000元(二零 零八年:港幣52,459,000元)向一 聯營公司以獨立供應商所提供之相 約價錢與條款購買原材料。

> 另外,本集團向一關連公司,震堅 模具機械(深圳)有限公司(「震堅深 圳」),以價值港幣12,033,000元 (二零零八年:港幣21,238,000元) 購買原材料。年內,此交易亦為本 集團之持續關連交易。

> 蔣震博士及蔣志堅先生(二人為本公司之董事)及彼等各自之聯繫人,合共控制震堅實業有限公司股東大會上80%之投票權。由於震堅實業有限公司全資擁有震堅深圳,所以震堅深圳被界定為本集團之關連人士。以上交易是以本集團與該等關連公司雙方同意之價格及條款進行。

35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to those disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group also had the following related party transactions during the year:

(a) The Group purchased raw materials amounting to HK\$54,924,000(2008: HK\$52,459,000) from an associate at prices and on terms similar to those offered by unrelated suppliers of the Group.

In addition, the Group purchased raw materials of HK\$12,033,000 (2008: HK\$21,238,000) from a related company, Zhenjian Mould & Machinery (Shenzhen) Company Limited ("CC-SZ"). These transactions were also continuing connected transactions of the Group during the year.

Dr. Chen CHIANG and Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG, two directors of the Company, and their associates together control the exercise of 80% of the voting power at general meetings of Chen Chien Holdings Limited, which holds the entire equity interest of CC-SZ. CC-SZ is therefore a related company of the Group. The terms of the above transactions were conducted with prices and terms mutually agreed by the Group and the related company.

- 雯雯九年= 日=+-日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

35. 關連人士交易(續)

35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(b) 本集團主要管理人員薪酬:

(b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
短期僱員福利	Short term employee benefits	11,258	27,617
受僱後福利	Post-employment benefits	48	48
以股權支付的購股權費用	Equity-settled share option expenses	21	206
		11,327	27,871

關於董事酬金的詳細資料已於財務 報表附註9載列。 Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 9 to the financial statements.

36. 金融工具分類

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

於結算日,不同類別金融工具之賬面值 如下: The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the balance sheet date are as follows:

金融資產 Financial assets

		可供出售	2009		可供出售	2008	
		金融資產	貸款及		金融資產	貸款及	
		Available-for-	應收款項		Available-for-	應收款項	
本集團	Group	sale financial	Loans and	總計	sale financial	Loans and	總計
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	assets	receivables	Total	assets	receivables	Total
可供出售權益投資	Available-for-sale equity investments	124,057	_	124,057	124,057	_	124,057
應收一聯營公司賬款	Amount due from an associate	_	_	_	_	43	43
應收貿易及票據賬款	Trade and bills receivables	-	516,082	516,082	_	874,324	874,324
記入訂金、預付款項	Financial assets included						
及其他應收賬款	in deposits, prepayments						
的金融資產	and other receivables	_	30,050	30,050	-	26,251	26,251
應收可供出售權益	Dividend receivable from an						
投資股息	available-for-sale equity investment	_	_	-	_	37,800	37,800
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	-	445,590	445,590	-	361,744	361,744
		124,057	991,722	1,115,779	124,057	1,300,162	1,424,219

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36.金融工具分類(續)

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (continued)

509,513

367,254

业限工共力及(源)	30.1 IIIANOIAE IIIOM	ENTO BI GALLGONI (CON	
金融負債	Financial liabilities		
		以攤銷後的	成本計價之
		金融	負債
		Financial I	liabilities at
		amortiz	zed cost
本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
應付聯營公司賬款	Amounts due to associates	_	10,745
應付貿易及票據賬款	Trade and bills payables	276,572	410,373
記入其他應付賬款	Financial liabilities included	270,072	110,070
及應計負債的金融負債	in other payables and accruals	47,105	37,813
銀行貸款,無抵押	Bank loans, unsecured	37,864	27,814
		361,541	486,745
金融資產	Financial assets		
		貸款及	應收款項
		Loans and	receivables
本公司	Company		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008
應收附屬公司賬款	Amounts due from subsidiaries	1,033,946	1,011,533
記入訂金及	Financial assets included		
其他應收賬款	in deposits and		
的金融資產	other receivables	725	915
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	4,574	4,490
		1,039,245	1,016,938
^ =1 42 /#			
金融負債	Financial liabilities		
			成本計價之
			l負債 iabilities at
			ed cost
本公司	Company		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008

Amounts due to subsidiaries

應付附屬公司賬款

- 雯雯九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

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37. 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團主要金融工具包括現金及銀行結 存、應收貿易及票據賬款、其他應收賬 款、應付貿易及票據賬款、其他應付賬 款以及銀行貸款。

由本集團金融工具所產生的主要風險為利率風險、外幣風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。本集團並沒有重大的利率風險。有關該等金融工具的風險及減低該等風險的政策載於下文。管理層管理及監察該等風險,以確保及時和有效地施行適當的措施。

利率風險

本集團所面對的市場利率變動風險主要 與本集團的浮息銀行貸款有關。本集團 緊密監察其利率風險;當有重大利率 風險時,會考慮採取措施以減低有關風 險。

外幣風險

本集團的外幣風險源於商業交易、已確 認的資產及負債,以及於中國大陸及台 灣業務的淨投資。

本集團有外幣交易風險,該等風險源於 本集團的大部分銷售及採購交易,是以 美元及人民幣為交易貨幣。管理層緊密 監控外幣風險;如有需要,會考慮對沖 重大外幣風險。

本集團以恰當的新台幣借貸,以減低其 台灣投資的外幣風險。至於中國大陸的 投資則將受惠於人民幣升值。

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and bank balances, trade and bills receivables, other receivables, trade and bills payables, other payables and bank loans.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group had insignificant interest rate risk. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's bank loans carrying floating interest rates. The Group monitors its interest rate exposure closely and considers to take measures to reduce significant interest rate exposure, if any.

Foreign currency risk

The Group's foreign exchange risk arises from commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities and net investments in operations in Mainland China and Taiwan.

The Group has transactional currency risk exposures. Such risk exposures arise from a substantial portion of the Group's sales and purchases transactions denominated in United States dollars ("US\$") and Renminbi ("RMB"). Management closely monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The Group reduces the foreign currency risk exposure on its investments in Taiwan with appropriate levels of borrowings in New Taiwan dollars. Whereas the investments in Mainland China will benefit from the appreciation of RMB.

二零零九年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

37. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

外幣風險(續)

下表列示本集團除稅前溢利及權益於結 算日(在所有其他變數保持不變的情況 下)對美元及人民幣匯率的合理可能變 動的敏感度(由於貨幣資產及負債的公 平值變動)。

Foreign currency risk (continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the balance sheet date to a reasonably possible change in US\$ and RMB exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities) and the Group's equity.

		外匯匯率	除税前溢利	
		增加/(減少)	增加/(減少)	權益
		Increase/	Increase/	增加/(減少)
		(decrease)	(decrease)	Increase/
		in foreign	in profit	(decrease)
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	currency rate (%)	before tax	in equity*
2009				
倘人民幣對港元升值	If RMB strengthens against HK\$	5%	46,396	_
倘人民幣對港元貶值	If RMB weakens against HK\$	(5%)	(46,396)	_
倘人民幣對美元升值	If RMB strengthens against US\$	5%	10,045	_
倘人民幣對美元貶值	If RMB weakens against US\$	(5%)	(10,045)	-
2008				
倘人民幣對港元升值	If RMB strengthens against HK\$	5%	43,417	_
倘人民幣對港元貶值	If RMB weakens against HK\$	(5%)	(43,417)	_
倘人民幣對美元升值	If RMB strengthens against US\$	5%	9,294	_
倘人民幣對美元貶值	If RMB weakens against US\$	(5%)	(9,294)	_

^{*} 不包括保留溢利

信貸風險

信貸風險之產生基於交易對方不願或不 能履行其責任而令本集團因而蒙受財務 損失的可能性。

應收貿易賬款的信用額乃由管理層按持續基準釐定及監控。此外,於每結算日,本集團會審核各項個別貿易債務的可收回金額,以確保就不可收回款項已作出足夠減值虧損。故此,本集團的減值風險並不重大。

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counterparty of a transaction is unwilling or unable to fulfill its obligation and the Group thereby suffers a financial loss.

The credit limits of trade receivables are determined and monitored by management on an ongoing basis. In addition, at each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for unrecoverable amounts. Therefore, the Group's exposure to impairment is not significant.

^{*} Excluding retained earnings

- 零零九年= 目= 十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

37. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

本集團其他金融資產(包括現金及現金等值物)的信貸風險乃基於對方的違約 行為,其最大風險相當於該等工具的賬面值。本集團亦承受因提供財務擔保而產生的信貸風險,有關詳情已載於財務附註33。

由於本集團只會與認可及有信譽的客戶 交易,故無需要求提供擔保。集中信貸 風險按客戶/交易方進行管理。本集團 並不存在重大集中信貸風險。

有關本集團應收貿易賬款所產生的信貸 風險的進一步數據資料,已載於財務報 表附註23。

流動資金風險

本集團採用循環流動資金計劃工具,以 監察其資金短缺的風險。該工具考慮到 金融工具(如:應付貿易及票據賬款)及 金融資產(如:應收貿易及票據賬款)的 到期日及預測經營現金流量。

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

Credit risk (continued)

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, arises from default of the counterparty with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments. The Group is also exposed to credit risk through the granting of financial guarantees, further details of which are disclosed in note 33 to the financial statements.

Since the Group trades only with recognized and creditworthy parties, there is no requirement for collateral. Concentrations of credit risk are managed by customer/counterparty. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in note 23 to the financial statements.

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial instruments (e.g. trade and bills payables) and financial assets (e.g. trade and bills receivables) and projected cash flows from operations.

- 零零九年=月=十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

37. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

流動資金風險(續)

本集團的金融負債於結算日(按已訂約 未貼現的付款額)的到期日分佈如下:

Liquidity risk (continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the balance sheet date, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, was as follows:

			2009	
			三個月至	
			十二個月	
			More than 3	
		三個月內	months and	
本集團	Group	Less than 3	less than 12	總計
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	months	months	Total
應付貿易及票據賬款	Trade and bills payables	271,459	5,113	276,572
記入其他應付賬款及	Financial liabilities included in	271,439	5,115	270,372
應計負債的金融負債	other payables and accruals	47,105		47,105
銀行貸款,無抵押	Bank loans, unsecured	37,864	_	37,864
	Bunk louris, unsecured	37,004		37,004
		356,428	5,113	361,541
			2008	
			三個月至	
			十二個月	
			十二個月 More than 3	
		三個月內	十二個月 More than 3 months and	
本集團	Group	三個月內 Less than 3	十二個月 More than 3	總計
本集團 (港幣千元)	Group (HK\$'000)		十二個月 More than 3 months and	總計 Total
(港幣千元)	·	Less than 3 months	十二個月 More than 3 months and less than 12	Total
(港幣千元) 應付聯營公司賬款	(HK\$'000) Amounts due to associates	Less than 3 months	十二個月 More than 3 months and less than 12	Total 10,745
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	Less than 3 months	十二個月 More than 3 months and less than 12	Total
(港幣千元) 應付聯營公司賬款 應付貿易及票據賬款	(HK\$'000) Amounts due to associates Trade and bills payables Financial liabilities included in	Less than 3 months	十二個月 More than 3 months and less than 12	Total 10,745
(港幣千元) 應付聯營公司賬款 應付貿易及票據賬款 記入其他應付賬款及	(HK\$'000) Amounts due to associates Trade and bills payables	Less than 3 months 10,745 410,373	十二個月 More than 3 months and less than 12	10,745 410,373

- 雯雯九年=月=十—日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2009

37. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

流動資金風險(續)

Liquidity risk (continued)

三個月內 Less than 3 months

本公司	Company		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008

應付附屬公司賬款 Amounts due to subsidiaries **509,513** 367,254

資本管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標為維護本集 團持續經營的能力及保持健康的資本比 率,以支持其業務及最大限度地提高股 東利益。

本集團根據經濟狀況的變動而管理及調整其資本架構。為保持或調整資本架構,本集團或會調整派予股東的股息、向股東退回資本或發行新股。截至二零零九年三月三十一日及二零零八年三月三十一日止年度內,該等資本管理之目標或程序並無任何改變。

此外,本集團乃透過淨流動資產狀況 (即總流動資產減總流動負債)監控資本。本集團之政策為維持正淨流動資產 結餘。

38. 比較金額

若干比較金額已經被重新分類,以配合 本年度之呈報方式。

39. 財務報表審批

此財務報表已於二零零九年七月十四日 經董事局審批。

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and make adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2009 and 31 March 2008.

In addition, the Group monitors capital using the position of net current assets, which is total current assets minus total current liabilities. The Group's policy is to maintain a positive balance of the net current assets.

38. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

39. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the board of directors on 14 July 2009.

主要附屬公司

Principal Subsidiaries As at 31 March 2009

下表載列者為董事局認為會對本年度本集 團業績產生重大影響或構成本集團資產淨 值主要部分之附屬公司。董事局並認為, 列出其餘附屬公司之詳情將過於冗長。

The table below lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

名稱 Name 間接持有	註冊成立 經營地區 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行 股本面值/ 實收資本 Nominal value of issued share/ paid-up capital	本公司持有 股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	主要業務 Principal activities
E 型機械股份有限公司 Asian Plastic Machinery Company, Limited	台灣 Taiwan	普通股 Ordinary 新台幣50,000,000元 NT\$50,000,000	100	銷售注塑機 Sale of plastic injection moulding machines
震雄電腦輔助設計及生產 (深圳)有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Chen Hsong CAD CAM (Shenzhen) Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/中國大陸 PRC/Mainland China	美金2,100,000元 US\$2,100,000	100	製造及銷售精密模具 Manufacture and sale of precision moulds
震雄財務管理服務有限公司 Chen Hsong Finance and Management Services Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 Ordinary 港幣2元 HK\$2	100	提供財務及管理服務 Provision of financial and management services
震雄工業園(深圳) 有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Chen Hsong Industrial Park (Shenzhen) Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/中國大陸 PRC/Mainland China	美金4,000,000元 US\$4,000,000	100	持有物業 Property holding
震雄物流儲運有限公司 Chen Hsong Logistics Services Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股港幣2元 Ordinary HK\$2 無投票權遞延股份 ⁽³⁾ 港幣5,000,000元 Non-voting deferred ⁽³⁾ HK\$5,000,000	100	提供物流儲運服務 Provision of logistics services

主要附屬公司 於二零零九年三月三十一日

Principal Subsidiaries As at 31 March 2009

名稱 Name	註冊成立 經營地區 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行 股本面值/ 實收資本 Nominal value of issued share/ paid-up capital	本公司持有 股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	主要業務 Principal activities
間接持有 <i>(續)</i> Held indirectly (continued)				
震雄機器廠有限公司 Chen Hsong Machinery Company, Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股港幣2元 Ordinary HK\$2 無投票權遞延股份 ⁽³⁾ 港幣50,000,000元 Non-voting deferred ⁽³⁾ HK\$50,000,000	100	銷售注塑機 Sale of plastic injection moulding machines
震雄機電設備(深圳) 有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Chen Hsong Machinery Equipment (Shenzhen) Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/中國大陸 PRC/Mainland China	港幣24,000,000元 HK\$24,000,000	100	製造及銷售哥林柱 Manufacture and sale of tie bars
震雄機械 (寧波) 有限公司 (1) Chen Hsong Machinery (Ningbo) Company, Limited (1)	中國/中國大陸 PRC/Mainland China	美金8,010,000元 US\$8,010,000	100	製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines
震雄機械 (深圳)有限公司 (1) Chen Hsong Machinery (Shenzhen) Company, Limited (1)	中國/中國大陸 PRC/Mainland China	美金17,130,000元 US\$17,130,000	100	製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines
震雄機械廠股份有限公司 Chen Hsong Machinery Taiwan Company, Limited	台灣 Taiwan	普通股 Ordinary 新台幣165,000,000元 NT\$165,000,000	100	製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines
震雄精密模具有限公司 Chen Hsong Precision Mould Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 Ordinary 港幣4,410,000元 HK\$4,410,000	100	銷售精密模具 Sale of precision moulds

主要附屬公司 於二零零九年三月三十一日

Principal Subsidiaries As at 31 March 2009

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 經營地區 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行 股本面值/ 實收資本 Nominal value of issued share/ paid-up capital	本公司持有 股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	主要業務 Principal activities
間接持有 <i>(續)</i> Held indirectly (continued)				
震雄營銷 (深圳) 有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Chen Hsong Sales & Marketing (Shenzhen) Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/中國大陸 PRC/Mainland China	港幣10,000,000元 HK\$10,000,000	100	銷售注塑機 Sale of plastic injection moulding machines
震雄科技有限公司 Chen Hsong Technology Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 Ordinary 港幣2元 HK\$2	100	銷售注塑機 Sale of plastic injection moulding machines
寧波經濟技術開發區 震寧塑料機械有限公司 ⁽²⁾ Chen Ning Plastics Machinery Company, Limited ⁽²⁾	中國/中國大陸 PRC/Mainland China	人民幣5,000,000元 RMB5,000,000	100	製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines
佛山市順德區震德塑料 機械有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Foshan Shunde Chen De Plastics Machinery Company Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/中國大陸 PRC/Mainland China	美金5,200,000元 US\$5,200,000	100	製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines
佛山市順德區震德第三塑料 機械有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Foshan Shunde Chen De No. 3 Plastics Machinery Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/中國大陸 PRC/Mainland China	美金2,100,000元 US\$2,100,000	100	製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines
佛山市順德區震德精密機械 有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Foshan Shunde Chen De Precision Machinery Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/中國大陸 PRC/Mainland China	美金7,900,000元 US\$7,900,000	100	製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines

主要附屬公司

Principal Subsidiaries As at 31 March 2009

	註冊成立/	已發行		
	經營地區	股本面值/	本公司持有	
	Place of	實收資本	股權百分比	
	incorporation/	Nominal value of	Percentage of	
名稱	registration	issued share/	equity attributable	主要業務
Name	and operations	paid-up capital	to the Company	Principal activities
間接持有 <i>(續)</i>				
Held indirectly (continued)				
佛山市順德區中意液壓	中國/中國大陸	美金3,000,000元	100	製造及銷售液壓馬達
有限公司(1)	PRC/Mainland China	US\$3,000,000		Manufacture and sale
Intra-Italy Hydraulics		. , ,		of hydraulic motors
(Foshan Shunde)				,
Company, Limited (1)				
深圳震雄精密設備	中國/中國大陸	美金12,000,000元	100	製造及銷售鑄件
有限公司②	PRC/Mainland China	US\$12,000,000	100	Manufacture and sale
Shenzhen Chen Hsong Precision	i Normaniana omina	00412,000,000		of casting parts
Equipment Limited (2)				or casting parts
Equipment Entitled				

附註:

- (1) 此等公司為外商獨資企業。
- (2) 此等公司為中外合資經營企業。
- (3) 無投票權遞延股份有受限制權利收取股 息,無權在股東大會上投票及有受限制 權利於清盤時收取發還資本後之盈餘。

Notes:

- (1) These companies are wholly-foreign-owned enterprises.
- (2) These companies are sino-foreign equity joint ventures.
- (3) The non-voting deferred shares carry limited rights to dividends, no rights to vote at general meetings and limited rights to receive any surplus in a return of capital in a winding-up.

五年財務摘要

Five-Year Financial Summary

以下為摘錄自本集團過往五個財政年度已 公布及經審核之財務報表的業績、資產、 負債及少數股東權益。 A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and minority interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below.

業績 RESULTS

截至三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
收益	Revenue	1,603,107	2,316,136	2,155,014	1,955,334	1,867,483
經營溢利	Profit from operating activities	107,134	342,263	337,352	306,418	291,441
融資成本	Finance costs	(4,668)	(4,419)	(2,387)	(7,139)	(4,748)
應佔聯營公司	Share of profits less losses					
溢利減虧損	of associates	1,386	1,130	2,159	(185)	(1,821)
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	103,852	338,974	337,124	299,094	284,872
税項	Tax	(16,700)	(18,129)	(24,833)	(26,826)	(22,408)
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	87,152	320,845	312,291	272,268	262,464
白配外	Additional land					
歸屬於:	Attributable to:	9E 796	217 020	212.276	272.450	250 006
本公司權益持有人	Equity holders of the Company	85,786	317,829	312,276	272,450	259,886
少數股東權益	Minority interests	1,366	3,016	15	(182)	2,578
		87,152	320,845	312,291	272,268	262,464

資產、負債及少數股東權益 ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND MINORITY INTERESTS

於三月三十一日 As at 31 March

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
資產總值	Total assets	2,885,343	3,118,939	2,661,539	2,477,621	2,298,535
負債總值	Total liabilities	(533,189)	(726,035)	(576,194)	(630,881)	(599,496)
少數股東權益	Minority interests	(13,683)	(12,041)	(7,967)	(7,483)	(26,619)
		2,338,471	2,380,863	2,077,378	1,839,257	1,672,420

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