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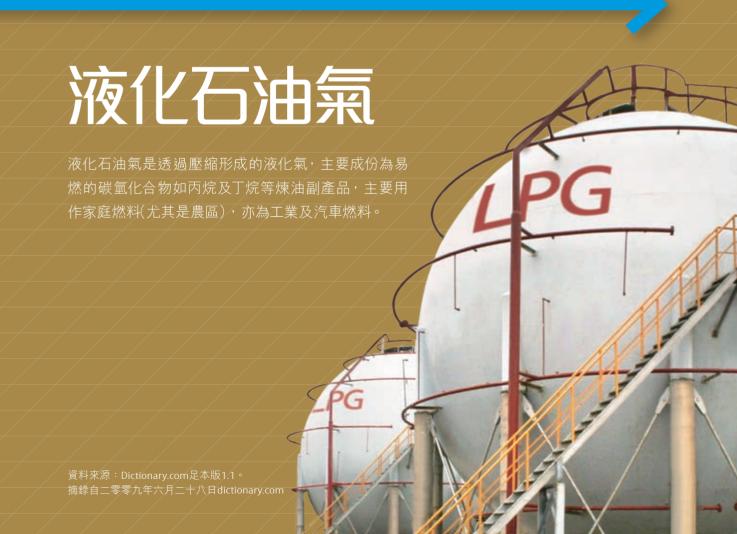
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關於中國燃氣

中國燃氣控股有限公司(「中國燃氣」,股票代號:384)是一家天然氣運營服務商,主要於中國大陸從事投資、建設、經營城市燃氣管道基礎設施,向居民和工商業用戶輸送天然氣和液化石油氣,建設和經營加油站和加氣站,開發與應用石油、天然氣及液化石油氣相關技術。



財務概要

財務表現 載至三月三十一日止年度	二零零九年 千港元	二零零八年 (重列) 千港元	變動
		1,7=7=	
營業額	6,323,823	2,552,075	+147.8%
毛利	1,429,349	746,119	+91.6%
除税前溢利	133,959	187,571	-28.6%
股東應佔溢利	103,679	141,059	-26.5%
每股基本盈利(港仙)	3.11	4.39	-29.2%
	18,086,766	11,306,127	+60.0%
現金及銀行結餘	2,896,657	1,674,641	+73.0%
股東權益	3,223,270	3,140,572	+2.6%
每股末期股息(港仙)	0.014	0.012	+16.7%
派息率(%)	45.0%	27.3%	+64.8%
毛利率(%)	22.6%	29.2%	-22.6%
純利率(%)	2.1%	7.3%	-71.2%
撇除利息及税項前盈利	745,289	567,786	+31.3%
撇除利息、税項、折舊及攤銷前盈利	1,071,676	765,105	+40.1%

主要財務指標 _{截至三月三十一日止年度}	二零零九年	二零零八年 (重列)	變動
平均股本回報	3.3%	4.4%	- 25.0%
流動比率(倍)	1.39	2.19	- 36.5%
淨資產負債比率	1.37	1.21	-13.2%
平均融資成本	4.9%	5.0%	-2.0%
淨利率覆蓋比率(倍)	2.59	2.25	+15.1%

營業額分類

債務到期日資料



衡量方法:	
平均借貸成本	年度利息支出/平均借貸額
流動比率	流動資產/流動負債
毛利率	毛利/營業額
淨資產負債比率	淨負債/股東權益
淨利息償付率	除折舊前毛利減行政支出/淨利息支出
純利率	本年度純利/營業額
派息比率	每股股息/每股盈利
平均股本回報率	公司股東應佔溢利/公司股東應佔平均權益

營運概要

火火	濡	丰	珥田
'Z	炟	衣	圯

截至三月三十一日止年度	二零零九年	二零零八年	轉變
	百萬立方米	百萬立方米	
燃氣銷量			
天然氣	2,130.3	1,043.5	+104.1%
煤氣及液化石油氣	195.6	105.3	+85.8%
住宅	276.7	150.7	+83.6%
工業	1,463.3	669.5	+118.6%
商業	221.9	117.8	+88.4%
壓縮天然氣汽車加氣站	168.4	105.5	+59.6%
新接駁客戶			
截至三月三十一日止年度	二零零九年	二零零八年	轉變
住宅	418,695	280,230	+49.4%
工業	186	56	+232.1%
商業	2,616	1,852	+41.3%
壓縮天然氣汽車加氣站	15	24	-37.5%
客戶(用戶數目)			

截至三月三十一日止年度	二零零九年	二零零八年	轉變
	3,745,370	2,253,044	+66.2%
工業	420	185	+127.0%
商業	28,511	19,325	+47.5%
壓縮天然氣汽車加氣站	60	45	+33.3%
所覆蓋城市人口	50,550,000	42,801,000	+18.1%
滲透率(%)	24.70%	20.6%	_
平均接駁費(人民幣)	2,437	2,295	+6.2%

平均收費(除税)

截至三月三十一日止年度	二零零九年	二零零八年	轉變
	人民幣/	人民幣/	
	立方米	立方米	
住宅	1.85	1.75	+5.7%
工業	1.97	1.84	+7.1%
商業	2.06	1.85	+11.4%
壓縮天然氣汽車加氣站	2.08	1.95	+6.7%

非財務表現

成就	
亞洲金融 (FinanceAsia)	繼續獲得最佳管理公司、最佳投資者關係及最佳企業管治獎項
湯臣路透社	香港上市公司中「最佳投資者關係」獎項
資本雜誌	傑出天然氣供應商
博燃網	2008年度十大品牌企業

營運統計資料

			於二零零九年	手七月二十日			於二零零九年	三月三十一日		
	省		總人口	市區人口	可接駁	累計已接駁	累計已接駁	累計已接駁	管道長度	要(公里)
					住宅用戶	住宅用戶	工業用戶	商業用戶	總長度	小區
										管網長度
城市燃氣 項目	安徽	蕪湖	2,304,000	1,050,000	313,000	196,156	67	466	1,573	959
		淮南	2,065,000	1,500,000	469,000	96,346	4	122	771	471
		壽縣	1,300,000	150,000	47,000	3,926	-	-	29	12
		宿州	5,707,000	425,000	133,000	65,209	2	95	413	196
		蕪湖縣	394,000	80,000	25,000	7,218	10	39	72	13
		南陵縣	540,000	125,000	39,000	6,888	-	-	86	21
		霍山縣	365,000	80,000	32,000	600	-	-	14	-
		鳳台縣	580,000	90,000	28,000	3,361	-	3	34	12
		無為縣	1,400,000	180,000	56,000	1,555	-	-	35	5
	湖北	宜昌	3,990,000	1,209,000	378,000	110,800	9	335	1,004	508
		孝感	883,000	230,000	72,000	44,626	11	71	374	181
		漢川	1,061,000	173,000	54,000	22,709	50	33	221	119
		應城	669,000	175,000	55,000	23,707	3	99	179	92
		雲夢	579,000	117,000	37,000	15,486	4	55	144	86
		隨州	2,580,000	782,000	244,000	42,706	7	82	421	215
		天門	1,621,000	200,000	63,000	9,371	1	31	97	36
		當陽	560,000	140,000	44,000	742	1	5	31	2
		廣水	899,000	125,000	39,000	-	-	-	86	-
	湖南	益陽, 沅江	4,600,000	860,000	269,000	52,070	3	32	560	375
	江蘇	邳州	1,580,000	230,000	72,000	23,542	-	13	173	71
		揚中	273,000	88,000	28,000	24,310	10	172	366	67
		南京江北地區	1,200,000	1,200,000	375,000	91,668	2	9	624	196
		徐州賈汪區	500,000	180,000	56,000	3,330	-	3	32	4
		徐州新沂	990,000	160,000	50,000	10,714	1	6	90	21
		揚州市	4,570,000	1,220,000	381,000	123,521	5	321	1,019	389
	浙江	杭州蕭山區	1,157,000	1,157,000	362,000	3,510	25	1	133	11
		紹興縣	710,000	500,000	156,000	-	-	-	-	-
		台州	600,000	600,000	160,000	18,501	4	87	230	146
		金華	4,592,000	923,000	288,000	32,611	-	40	340	176
	河北	滄州	6,670,000	470,000	147,000	998	9	2	20	3
		滄州經濟開發區	20,000	20,000	6,000	628	4	2	14	2
		南皮縣	760,000	52,000	16,000	2,418	3	3	45	7
		清河縣	340,000	72,000	23,000	98	-	-	5	-
		望都市	230,000	32,000	10,000	2,620	8	15	49	8
		唐山南堡	170,000	72,000	23,000	9,807	1	13	93	29
		樂亭縣, 新樂, 藁城,縣, 平山山縣, 南區, 內丘縣	4,320,000	788,000	246,000	65,525	29	125	558	199
		渤海新區	750,000	750,000	234,000	-	-	-	-	-
	廣西	玉林	5,990,000	677,000	188,000	17,923	-	30	154	54
	壯族自治區	欽州	3,260,000	400,000	125,000	12,022	-	30	112	36
		柳州	3,580,000	1,300,000	406,000	94,154	1	375	957	283
		防城港	718,000	200,000	63,000	348	1	-	16	1
		南寧市 東盟開發園區	200,000	200,000	62,500	-	-	-	-	-
		來賓	2,450,000	250,000	78,125	-	-	-	-	-
		百色	3,730,000	330,000	103,125	-	-	-	-	-

			於二零零九年	七月二十日			於二零零九年	三月三十一日		
		營運地點	總人口	市區人口	累計已接駁	累計已接駁	累計已接駁	累計已接駁	管道長度	(公里)
					住宅用戶	住宅用戶	工業用戶	商業用戶	總長度	小區
	陝西	寶雞	3,720,000	1,020,000	319,000	183,319	35	434	1,164	管網長度 550
	灰西	岐山縣	458,000	150,000	47,000	- 103,219		454	1,104	-
		· 放山縣 ·	3,370,000	500,000	156,000	-	_	_	_	
		麟游縣	87,000	25,000	150,000	_	_	_	_	
	廣東	茂名	6,700,000	1,200,000	375,000	3,958	_	4	30	12
	5671	從化	630,000	300,000	94,000	7,109	1	1	73	21
		梅州	1,237,000	886,000	250,000	1,054	-	1	26	3
		雲浮	2,600,000	260,000	100,000	-	-	-	-	-
		汕尾	3,150,000	350,000	109,000	-	-	-	-	-
	遼寧	撫順	2,260,000	1,415,000	442,000	214,325	1	6,038	550	294
		大連	6,020,000	3,123,000	976,000	4,114	-	7	-	-
		錦州 經濟技術開發區	80,000	80,000	25,000	338	-	-	12	1
		沈陽蘇家屯區	430,000	430,000	112,000	24,627	-	8	142	74
		大連金州開發區	830,000	450,000	140,625	4,114	-	7	51	12
		遼陽	1,824,000	716,000	223,750	90,000	-	-	-	-
		蓋州	730,000	287,000	103,000		-	-	-	-
		莊河	900,000	281,250	87,891					
		凌海	620,000	210,000	65,625					
	重慶	渝北	920,000	877,000	274,000	64,939	24	5,586	722	510
	山東	德州	5,616,000	1,598,000	475,000	104,884	15	858	598	343
		青島	7,560,000	2,790,000	940,000	484,248	1	1,781	2,908	1,402
	内蒙古自治區	呼和浩特	2,580,000	1,700,000	531,000	267,844	8	4,213	1,309	644
		烏審旗	95,000	30,000	9,000	6,243	1	-	263	18
		包頭	2,100,000	1,300,000	406,000	109,093	8	221	928	346
		和林格爾縣	187,000	90,000	30,000	-	-	-	-	-
		托克托縣	200,000	120,000	40,000	-	-	-	-	-
		土左旗	350,000	95,000	31,667	-	-	-	-	-
	黑龍江	武川縣	180,000	5,000,000	20,000 1,562,000	949,595	- 31	5,500	4,874	2,849
	杰 能冮	哈爾濱 佳木斯	2,480,000	820,000	256,250	25,054	1	3,300	132	75
		雙城	900,000	250,000	78,125	44,300	5	950	132	-
	寧夏	中衛	1,060,000	560,000	175,000	2,059	-	1	79	6
	回族自治區	1 170	1,000,000		17 3/000	2,033		·		Ü
	福建	28 城市	4,000,000	4,000,000	1,200,000	177,000	170	187	-	-
	合計		155,331,000	50,535,250	15,718,016	4,009,941	576	28,596	25,035	12,268
長輸管道	內蒙古自治區	鄂托克旗					1		230	
項目		烏審旗					1		119	
	天津	天津					2		21	
	湖北	孝感					1		202	
		當陽					1		54	
		黄岡一大冶					-		51	
	河北	黄驊					-		-	
	重慶	重慶					-		-	
		and ten a limit					月三十一日止年度			
		營運地點 (市)				夏化石油氣碼頭				三級分配中心
液化石油氣	6省	17				11				35
勘探及開發	重慶	墊江縣								





擴大集團領域

在過去七年,集團已從一個在同行中規模較小的 燃氣供應商,發展成為行業中的領導者,擁有最 多的城市供氣專營權、覆蓋最大量的居民用戶、 並已建設最長的輸氣網路。

經過多年積極增建新城市項目,及隨著中國尚未 給出專營權的城市所餘不多,中國燃氣可說是已 基本完成它的城市項目投資期,而開始進入現有 城市的自然增長階段。在未來數年,隨著上游供 氣緊張的逐步緩和及更多在建項目的完工投產,

中國燃氣將大力推動接駁更多的居民及工商業用戶,及建設更多的汽車加氣站,從而加速售氣量以及燃氣銷售和接駁費收入的上升。由於資本開支的逐步減少,集團預期整體現金流的水準將持續提升。

除了現有項目的自然增長外,集團的汽車加氣及 液化石油氣業務發展計劃,也將會是集團今後幾 年的強大增長動力。



燃氣量達到

23億歲分米

獨家特許權在

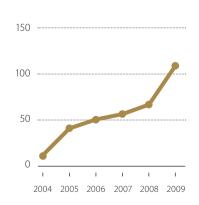
110城市

住宅用戶超過

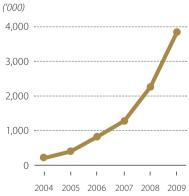
3,700,000 ge

2009財年見証中國燃氣在業務及財務上另一個明顯 增長的時期。

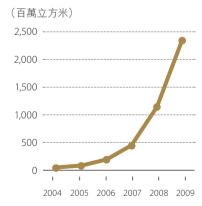
專營權數目



住宅用戶數目



燃氣銷售量



在三年內,銷售CNG氣量將近

8億、立方米

中國燃氣已制定了未來三年CNG汽車加氣站的發展規劃。在今後 三年內,中燃集團將再建至少120座CNG汽車加氣站。屆時中燃 集團CNG日銷售氣量將突破220萬立方米,年銷售CNG氣量將近 8億立方米,年銷售額預期達20億元人民幣。



擴大發展潛力



隨著中國經濟的高速增長及汽車工業的發展,成品油的供需矛盾越來越突出,同時,汽車排放的尾氣,也成為城市大氣污染的主要來源。為了應對石油資源緊缺及大氣污染日益嚴重的局面,於一九九九年,國務院就組織了科技部、國家環保總局等13個部委聯合成立了「全國清潔汽車行動協調領導小組」,統一規劃和指導推動全國的清潔汽車行



動,並由此拉開了中國CNG汽車蓬勃發展的新局面。與此同時國家在標準制定,市政規劃,税收等方面出台了多項規範及優惠政策,以進一步促進CNG汽車加氣市場的發展。

中國燃氣已把CNG汽車加氣站列入了中國燃氣未來新的重要增長動力,並就CNG汽車加氣站的發

展,進行了專門的規劃和部署。在過去短短的三年期間,中國燃氣已在全國超過十六個城市建設並運營了近七十座CNG汽車加氣站。並依據國家標準建立了屬於中國燃氣的CNG汽車加氣站技術規範、管理標準。



開拓新視野



通過收購整合中國最大的液化石油氣分銷公司浙江中油 華電能源有限公司,中國燃氣現擁有中國最大也是唯一 的垂直整合的液化石油氣業務,貫通了上游採購及進口、中游儲存及分銷,以至下游零售的銷售系統。

現時集團的LPG主要建設有溫州小門島、廣州南沙、江蘇靖江、廣西防城港四個大型石化產品倉儲物流基地,並在廣西、廣東、福建、浙江、江蘇等沿海地區和長江流域投資建設了四個50,000噸級,以及七個2,000至



中國燃氣於2008年進軍中國的 液化石油氣市場

中國的城市燃氣市場主要由液化石油氣(LPG)、天然氣、人工煤氣三大燃氣構成。然而隨著國家環保標準的提升,城市對人工煤氣的需求急速下降。

由於成本因素,天然氣管道鋪設對人口集中度的要求相對較高,逐步形成了在天然氣輻射區內城區中心以天然氣為主,城郊與農村以LPG氣為主的燃氣供應格局。就是在這樣的燃氣市場發展趨勢下,中國燃氣于2008年進軍中國的液化石油氣市場。

5,000噸級的油氣碼頭及倉儲設施,在溫州、福州、夏門、汕頭、廣州、防城、欽州、靖江、鹽城、杭州等地擁有幾十個LPG三級儲配站和零售網路(其中浙江、江蘇、廣西、安徽、湖南、廣東、福建部分站點擁有鐵路接卸功能),並正以每年增加一百家以上終端批發及零售三級站速度發展。公司還配備有8艘LPG運輸船舶和數百輛液化石油氣專用運輸車輛,已初步形成了完善的LPG產品倉儲、銷售和危運物流配送體系。

中國燃氣在充分的市場調研基礎上,確定了未來的LPG發展戰略目標:計畫在五年內實現「三三三一五目標」,即實現LPG年銷售量300萬噸,擁有LPG三級站300家,擁有LPG終端銷售門店3,000家,銷售額突破人民幣150億元。

中國燃氣的LPG業務將會是集團未來盈利增長的 強勁新動力。

20億人民幣

中國國家開發銀行的信貸融資

於2006年1月,中國燃氣與中國國家政策銀行中國國家開發銀 行簽訂一項《開發性金融合作協定》,中國國家開發銀行承諾 在截至2011年的五年內給予中國燃氣人民幣200億元的信貸融 資,貸款期限更長達11或15年。此外,中國燃氣與中國工商 銀行、中國銀行、亞洲開發銀行、荷蘭國家開發銀行、法國國 家開發銀行、比利時國家開發銀行、蘇格蘭皇家銀行、澳洲聯 邦銀行、澳紐銀行以及星加坡華僑銀行等二十餘家國內外銀行 建立了長期良好的互信合作關係。

Korea Exchange Senior Mana Banca di Roma S.p.A. **Bumiputra-Commerce Bank** The Korea Development UBAF (Hong Kc Bangkok Bank Public Comp Moscow Narodny Bank Jian Sing B Société Géné Apri COMMERZ(EAST ASIA)



between Gail (India and China Gas Hole



vestmen





國際視野

為了保證中國燃氣的長期穩定發展,提高中國燃氣的綜合競爭優勢,建立中國燃氣國際化的品牌形象,加強中外合作與對外交流,中國燃氣一直致力成為亞洲能源合作的平台,成為中國燃氣行業一個具有前瞻和高度戰略性的先行者。目前中國石化(Sinopec)、阿曼國家石油公司(Oman Oil)、印度燃氣公司(GAIL)及韓國SK滙能(SK E&S)已成為中國燃氣的主要策略性股東。

於2009年4月16日,中國燃氣與加拿大的IMW工業有限公司簽署戰略合作備忘錄,雙方締結全面合作夥伴關係,共同發展中國及世界具潛力市場的壓縮天然氣汽車加氣業務。



優質企業





卓越管理

中國燃氣榮獲《亞洲金融》(FinanceAsia) 「2009亞洲最佳公司」評選中國大陸組別三大殊榮:

- 最佳管理公司
- 最佳投資者關係
- 最佳企業管治

中國燃氣在湯臣路透社Extel 2009亞洲評選中被評為香港上市公司中「最佳投資者關係」第九位。

再次蟬聯「**第四屆資本傑出企業成就獎**」之「**資本中國傑出天然氣 供應商**」,獎項由本港最具代表性的中文財經雜誌之一《資本雜 誌》主辦。

中國燃氣連續五年獲得中國燃氣行業專門網站一博燃網的「2008年度燃氣行業十大品牌企業」。

中國燃氣竭力改善我們客户的生活環境和質量,以我們最真誠優質的服務理念,獲取社會和客戶的認可和信賴。

中國燃氣最重要資產是我們的人才。集團向員 工投以百分百信任和尊重,鼓勵他們在崗位盡 展所長,發揮出個人的最大潛能,並藉著使本 公司業績與員工利益方向一致,激勵他們更投 入工作。



2009 財年回顧

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主席報告書

- 營業額錄得6,323,823,000港元,較去年同期上升約147.8%。
- 累計接駁住宅用戶、累計接駁工業用戶及累計接駁商業用戶分別 為3,745,370戶、420戶、28,511戶,分別較去年同期增長約66.2%, 127.5%和47.5%。
- 天然氣銷售量達到2,130,295,000立方米,較去年同期增長約 104.2%。
- 液化石油氣銷售量達495,155噸。

業績

在這個全球性的惡劣經濟環境下,本集團於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止的財政年度業績表現仍然理想,營業額達至6,323,823,000港元,比對二零零八年的2,552,075,000港元,大幅增長147.8%;股東應佔溢利為103,679,000港元,每股盈利為3.11港仙。

末期股息及暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

董事會建議派付截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度之末期股息每股1.4港仙(二零零八年:每股1.2港仙)。

本公司將會於二零零九年八月二十四日至於二零零九年八月二十八日(首尾兩日包括在內)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。為符合資格收取建議末期股息,所有股份過戶文件必須於二零零九年八月二十一日下午四時三十分正前送達本公司之香港股份過戶分處香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712至1716室。待股東於本公司將於二零零九年八月二十八日舉行之股東週年大會批准後,預期有關股息將於二零零九年九月三十日或之前支付予符合資格之人士。

新項目開發

在新項目拓展方面,集團過去一年在六個省/自治區/直轄市獲得了42個新的城市燃氣項目。當中本集團 收購了福建安然燃氣投資有限公司28個城市燃氣項目,於廣西壯族自治區投資三個城市燃氣項目,於內蒙 古自治區投資四個城市燃氣項目,於遼寧省投資四個城市燃氣項目,於黑龍江省投資二個城市燃氣項目及 於陝西省投資一個城市燃氣項目:同時,本集團亦在重慶市投資了一條天然氣長輸管線,其年輸氣能力為 20億立方米,及在湖北省投資了一條年輸氣量18.5億立方米的長輸管線。

本集團於二零零九年四月收購福建安然燃氣投資有限公司49%的股份,並藉以取得經營及管理其下28家城市管道燃氣項目。是次收購大大推動本集團的天然氣用戶規模和天然氣銷量,亦使本集團在福建省燃氣市場奠定基礎。

除上述城市燃氣項目及參與興建天然氣長輸管線外,本集團於過去的財政年度亦收購全國最大的液化石油氣貿易企業一浙江中油華電集團。眾所周知,本集團在過去六年一直發展以供應天然氣為主的燃氣供應事業,並竭力為改善國內每一個人民的生活環境和質量為目標而努力,但現時國內仍有大量的國民未轉用天然氣作為日常能源產品,原因是天然氣管道鋪設對人口集中度的要求相當高,因此天然氣的應用只能集中在城區中心,而在城鄉及農村地區,由於人口分佈較為分散,用戶便要依賴其他能源如煤氣或液化石油氣作為日常能源產品。但煤氣造成的環境污染問題嚴重,得不到地方政府的鼓勵,因此液化石油氣便成為城鄉及農村地區用戶的主要燃料。為達至本集團一直堅持的理念,本集團於二零零八年進軍中國的液化石油氣市場,並於財政年度內完成收購浙江中油華電集團83%權益。

融資

雖然全球金融風暴影響商業信貸活動的進行,但集團在過去一個財政年度仍繼續獲得多家國際銀行的強 大資金支持。於二零零八年六月,本集團獲得由新加坡華僑銀行等其他國際商業銀行提供合共4,500萬美 元銀團貸款,貸款利率低於國際資本市場類似期限的高息債券利率,顯示出集團在銀行界良好的信用,以 及集團發展前景受到廣泛認可。而在國內,國家的政策性銀行中國國家開發銀行以至四大商業銀行仍是 集團人民幣資金的強大後盾。

我們的董事會

過去一年,董事會合作過程順利,各董事會成員都積極參與董事會會議及出席董事培訓課程,並在集團發展方向及財務融資、行業發展趨勢及世界經濟的問題上不時作出討論及交換意見,本人深信這個董事會組合一定會為集團的業務增添更多新推動力。

代表阿曼石油公司(Oman Oil Company, S.A.O.C.)的Mark Gelinas先生因為調職而於二零零九年三月辭任本公司非執行董事,本人謹代表全體董事會成員多謝Mark Gelinas先生於出任本公司董事期間作出之服務及貢獻深表謝意。阿曼石油公司(Oman Oil Company, S.A.O.C.)隨即提名William Rackets先生出任本公司非執行董事;同時,韓國SK集團亦於二零零八年七月委派金重皓先生出任本公司非執行董事。本人代表董事會歡迎兩位的加入,本人深信憑藉兩位的豐富行業經驗,會為本集團注入更多優質思維。

本人將繼續確保董事會保持高度的管治標準,充份結合才幹與經驗,從而達致引領本集團成為國際天然氣 集團。

展望

全球金融海嘯的突然來臨為世界經濟帶來深遠的衝擊,但中國的經濟在二零零九年首兩季仍然錄得一定的增長,而國內對能源的需求仍然殷切。在過去的一年,集團仍保持一貫的投資策略,除積極投資下游城市燃氣項目和中游長輸管道項目外,通過收購中油華電項目進入了中國的液化石油氣市場,令本集團在中國的整體燃氣供應市場上的競爭力得到提升。液化石油氣分銷業務的收益在剛過去的財政年為本集團帶來經濟效益,成為本集團其中一項主要收入來源。

展望下一個財政年,在城市燃氣分銷領域,集團仍將以合理的投資回報為基礎,尋求國內大中型城市燃氣項目的投資機會。雖然國內房地產市場曾經因為發展過熱而出現萎縮的情況,然而這個重大的變化並沒有對本集團所收取的接駁費產生重大影響。由於國家仍大力推動清潔能源政策,本集團預期將有更多城市燃氣用戶改用天然氣。同時,隨著上游氣源緊絀問題逐步改善,本集團將積極為現有110個城市的居民及工商業用戶進行改裝工程並加快接駁新的用戶,儘快落實天然氣的使用,加快國內汽車加氣業務發展的步伐。

至於液化石油氣方面,本集團將加強與上游供應商的業務合作,並充分利用中油華電集團現有的碼頭接收能力以及倉儲和分銷網絡,擴大液化石油氣的批發及零售業務。預期集團的液化石油氣業務將為集團帶來持續收入和利潤增長。

本集團將繼續以審慎及穩健的態度,對下屬各項目公司的經營及財務管理進行監督。此外,集團將繼續與國內外的銀行建立及維持長期合作關係,以配合集團未來的業務發展規劃。同時,我們深深明白企業社會責任的重要性及影響力,所以我們將繼續以負責任的態度管理業務所在地的設施,積極參與業務所在地的社會事務。

最後,本人謹此對全體員工、管理層及所有董事會成員的熱誠及努力表示衷心感謝,也非常感謝股東全力支持我們締造價值的政策,亦感激銀行界及投資者給予的信心、鼓勵及肯定。

李小雲

主席

二零零九年七月二十一日

管理層討論與分析

本集團是一家燃氣運營服務商,主要於中國大陸從事投資、建設、經營城市燃氣管道基礎設施,燃氣碼頭,儲運設施和燃氣物流系統,向居民和工商業用戶輸送天然氣和液化石油氣,建設和經營加油站和加氣站,開發與應用石油、天然氣、液化石油氣相關技術。

業務回顧

儘管全球金融海嘯於第四季度的出現令中國的出口貿易、房地產、鋼材和水泥等基礎行業遭受打擊,眾多中小企業倒閉,城鎮失業率攀升,從而使本集團的業務在下半財年也受到了很大的衝擊,但本集團在過去的一個財政年透過深化現有的管理措施化解經營風險,為集團天然氣銷售量及用戶數量帶來持續增長。 天然氣銷售量較去年同期增長約104.2%,累計接駁住宅用戶、累計接駁工業用戶及累計接駁商業用戶分別為較去年同期增長約66.2%,127.5%和47.5%。城市燃氣項目由去年68個增加至本年110個。

截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度,本集團營業額為6,323,823,000港元(截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度:2,552,075,000港元),同比增長147.8%。毛利為1,429,349,000港元(截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度:746,119,000港元),同比增長91.6%,整體毛利潤率為22.6%(二零零八年度:29.2%)。本年溢利為133,959,000港元(二零零八年度(重列):187,571,000港元),同比減少28.6%,整體純利潤率為2.1%(二零零八年度(重列):7.3%)。每股盈利為3.11港仙(截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度每股盈利:4.39港仙)。

於本回顧期,在本年度損益表中,本集團在金融衍生工具的公允價值上確認了366,320,000港元的減值。主要原因是因為集團在過去為部份貸款所進行之利率掉期合約,因環球利率自2008年10月開始急降所造成的利率掉期公允價減值所導致。集團自2005年12月開始為減低利率上升風險及控制借貸成本都有為部份長期貸款進行利率掉期,以鎖定借貸成本在一個可接受之水平。到目前為止,集團為總債務約37%貸款進行了利率掉期。2007財年,該等利率掉期為集團節省了約9,400,000港元之利息,而2008財年則節省了20,900,000港元利息。由於環球金融危機於2008年第四季出現,為挽救變壞的經濟情況,各國透過一系列的量化寬鬆政策使借貸利率維持在一極低水平。因此,在2009財年下半年,由於美元利率低於集團所持利率掉期所定的利率,故在本回顧期,集團額外多付了約23,600,000港元之利息,約為總債務的0.23%額外利率。同時,美元極低的息率又影響了本集團所持利率掉期的金融衍生工具的公允值價值。根據香港會計準則,集團須對所持有的利率掉期合約及可換股債券於2008年3月31日至2009年3月31日之非現金性

的公允值變動記入期內之損益表中,故此產生了366,320,000港元之非現金性減值。若不考慮此非經營性及非現金性的金融衍生工具公允值變動,則本集團期內稅後溢利及股東應佔溢利為500,279,000港元及469,999,000港元,較去年同期分別增長41.1%及52.6%,每股盈利為14.1港仙,同比增加47.0%。

展望2010財年,市場普遍預期隨著美元利率逐步回升,並且由於美國的刺激經濟方案及貨幣供應增加有可能帶動通脹回升,集團所持的利率掉期合約予2010年3月31日時的公允值有可能遠高於它們在2009年3月31日的公允值,導致一個頗大的公平值變動加值,並回撥到2010財年的損益表內。

新項目拓展

截至二零零九年七月二十日止,本集團累計合共於18省(自治區、直轄市)取得110個城市管道燃氣項目(擁有管道燃氣專營權),8個天然氣長輸管道項目、60座壓縮天然氣汽車加氣站、1個天然氣開發項目、1個天然氣淨化處理項目以及35個液化石油氣分銷項目。

新項目包括42個城市管道燃氣專營權項目(擁有管道燃氣專營權),地區包括福建省內28個城市及地區,遼寧省遼陽市、凌海市、蓋州市及庄河市,黑龍江省佳木斯市及雙城市,廣西壯族自治區南寧市東盟開發園區、來賓市及百色市,內蒙古自治區林格爾縣、托克托縣、土左旗及武川縣,陝西省麟游縣及1個位於重慶市及1個位於湖北省的天然氣長輸管道項目。

在城市管道燃氣專營權項目方面,本集團收購了福建安然燃氣投資有限公司(「安然公司」)49%的股份,並取得經營管理安然公司旗下28家城市管道燃氣項目。是次收購大大推動本集團的天然氣用戶規模和天然氣銷量:同時,福建省也是液化石油氣(LPG)的消耗大省。成功收購安然公司為集團旗下浙江中油華電集團整合福建液化石油氣下游分銷市場提供了強而有力的保證及為本集團進一步開拓福建省燃氣市場的戰略佈局奠定了堅實基礎。現時福建省的天然氣氣源由福建液化天然氣(LNG)項目負責提供,該項目屬中國海洋石油總公司(「中海油」)擁有,憑藉收購安然公司,本集團將可加深與中海油的業務合作,為本集團在福建省各項目公司的氣源供應提供有力保障,並充分利用本集團已建立的加氣站建設之成熟技術及經驗、資金方面的優勢及中海油在氣源方面的保障,拓展福建省天然氣汽車加氣站的項目。

本集團截至二零零九年七月二十日所取得額外42個城市管道燃氣項目如下:

省/自治區/直轄市	市/區
廣西壯族自治區	南寧市東盟開發園區、來賓市、百色市
內蒙古自治區	林格爾縣、托克托縣、土左旗、武川縣
廣東福建省	福建省內28個城市及地區
遼寧省	遼陽市、蓋州市、凌海市、庄河市
黑龍江省	佳木斯市、雙城市
陝西省	麟游縣

以上新增項目覆蓋市區可接駁人口約為7,800,000人(約2,400,000戶)。截至二零零九年七月,集團所有燃氣項目覆蓋的城市可接駁人口已增至50,550,000人(約15,800,000戶),較二零零八年增長18.1%。

除投資新的城市管道燃氣項目外,集團亦在重慶投資建設一條由長壽至涪陵南川的長輸管線及在湖北投資了一條由黃岡市經鄂州至大冶的長輸管線,因此,本集團於天然氣長輸管道項目由去年六個增加至今年八個。

此外,集團於財政年度內完成收購浙江中油華電集團83%權益,以及黑龍江省哈爾濱市燃氣項目的48%股權。中油華電集團主要業務為液化石油氣及化工製品銷售業務,目前是國內最大的液化石油氣貿易企業,而哈爾濱市是黑龍江省的省會城市,人口超越1,000萬。

燃氣業務回顧

本集團將燃氣業務分為兩類管理,分別是天然氣業務及液化石油氣業務。兩項業務的用戶及所要求的市場 策略均有不同,以下討論各項業務於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度的表現。

天然氣業務

本集團是以提供天然氣作為主要能源的運營服務商,經過六年的發展,本集團已經在國內建立了燃氣行業獨有的且適合自身發展需要的營運管理系統,為管理效率和經營業績的提升發揮積極作用。

管道天然氣網路建設

修建城市天然氣管網是本集團的主要業務之一·本集團通過修建城市主幹管網及支線管網·將天然氣管道接駁到居民用戶和工商業用戶·並向用戶收取接駁費和燃氣使用費。

於本財政年度,集團共建成儲配站(門站)21座,高壓管線431公里,市政中低壓管線約4,415公里及庭院小區管網4,232公里。

截至二零零九年三月三十一日·集團已實現天然氣通氣的城市達到63個·累計已建成77座儲配站(門站), 高壓管線約1,245公里·中低壓管線約12,197公里及庭院小區管網12,424公里·儲配站(門站)設計日供氣 能力為17,164,000立方米。

天然氣用戶

本集團天然氣用戶主要分為住宅用戶、工商業用戶及壓縮天然氣汽車加氣站。

住宅用戶

本財政年度內,本集團共為418,695戶住宅用戶完成接駁工程,較去年同期增長約49.4%,住宅用戶平均支付的管道燃氣接駁費為2,437人民幣。

於財政年度內本集團亦收購了1,073,631戶住宅用戶,收購用戶主要來自哈爾濱項目。截至二零零九年三月三十一日止,本集團累計接駁的住宅用戶為3,745,370戶,較去年同期增長約66.2%,佔集團整體可供接駁用戶的24.7%。

工商業用戶

與住宅用戶相比,工商業用戶用氣需求巨大,亦是本集團重點發展的方向。本財政年度內,本集團共接駁 186戶工業用戶及2,616戶商業用戶;並分別收購51戶工業用戶及6,570戶商業用戶,工業用戶主要涵蓋化工、陶瓷、建材、冶金和玻璃等行業。

截至二零零九年三月三十一日止,本集團累計收購及接駁420戶工業用戶及28,511戶商業用戶,分別較去年同期增長約127.0%和47.5%。於本財政年度,工業用戶的接駁費按照合同的日供應量平均46人民幣/立方米/日計算,商業用戶的接駁費平均為每戶45,818人民幣。

於本財政年度,本集團錄得接駁費收入1,127,403,000港元,佔本集團年度內總營業額的比例約為17.8%,接駁費收入較去年同期增加約83.2%。

壓縮天然氣汽車加氣站

於二零零九年三月三十一日止,本集團擁有壓縮天然氣汽車加氣站60座,日加氣量超過700,000立方米,本 財政年度車用壓縮天然氣銷量已佔集團年天然氣總銷量的7.9%,與去年同期比較,增加約60.0%。

天然氣銷售

天然氣的銷售包括接駁費和管道燃氣銷售。接駁費為一次性的收入,而本集團最終的利潤來自燃氣銷售收入。

本年度內集團共銷售2,130,295,000立方米天然氣,較去年同期增長104.2%。其中276,706,000立方米天然氣銷售予住宅用戶,1,463,283,000立方米天然氣予工業用戶,221,873,000立方米天然氣予商業用戶,168,433,000立方米天然氣予CNG汽車用戶。

於本財政年度,工業用氣佔集團天然氣總銷量的比例約為68.7%,商業用氣佔集團天然氣總銷量的比例約為10.4%,居民用氣佔集團天然氣總銷量的比例約為13.0%,CNG汽車用氣佔集團天然氣總銷量的比例約為7.9%。以工商業用氣為主的用戶結構使得集團未來天然氣銷量的增長具有巨大的潛力,同時政府對於工商業用氣寬鬆的價格管制環境,也使得集團更容易轉嫁上游天然氣價格波動的風險。

於本財政年度內集團錄得天然氣銷售收入2,678,377,000港元·佔本集團年度內總營業額的比例約為 42.4%,天然氣銷售收入較去年同期增長約58.4%。

截至二零零九年三月三十一日,集團天然氣合計的日供應量已達到6,855,126立方米,較去年同期增長約74.4%,其中已接駁的住宅用戶實際日用量約為626,858立方米,工業用戶實際日用量約為5,174,582立方米,商業用戶實際燃氣日用量約為436,653立方米,CNG汽車用戶實際燃氣日用量約為617,033立方米。截至二零零九年六月三十日,集團天然氣合計的日供應量已超過7,600,000立方米。

在過去一個財政年度,集團對住宅用戶的天然氣平均售價(不含税)為1.85人民幣/立方米,對工業用戶的平均售價(不含税)為1.97人民幣/立方米,對商業用戶的平均售價(不含税)為2.06人民幣/立方米,對 CNG汽車用戶的平均售價(不含税)為2.08人民幣/立方米。

本集團主要發展管道天然氣業務,但集團部份項目仍然銷售管道煤氣。期內,撫順、柳州、揚州、青島及哈爾濱錄得管道煤氣的銷售收入。本財政年度內集團共銷售195,606,000立方米煤氣,其中123,857,000立方米煤氣售予住完用戶,51,965,000立方米煤氣乃售予工業用戶,19,785,000立方米煤氣則售予商業用戶。

液化石油氣業務

本集團於二零零八年透過收購中油華電集團進軍中國的液化石油氣業務。中油華電集團總部設於上海,其主要投資建設有四個大型石化產品倉儲物流基地,地點分別是位於溫州小門島基地、廣州南沙基地、江蘇靖江基地及廣西防城港基地,這四個基地分別擁有50,000噸級液化石油氣專用碼頭各一座,同時,在汕頭、福州、晉江、溫州和海鹽地區擁有七座2,000至5,000噸級小型碼頭。各碼頭輸配管線與儲運設施齊全,能滿足進口外輪和國內船隻的停靠接駁要求,碼頭泊位總能力約為220,000噸。另外,中油華電集團還擁有與之相配套的液化石油氣一級儲庫四座,二級儲庫九座,三級分銷站22座,二甲醚生產裝置三套,其液化石油氣總庫容約為274,715立方米,化工品庫容約為78,000立方米,年二甲醚生產能力130,000噸。

液化石油氣市場情況

中國液化石油氣(LPG)消費市場經過過去20多年的迅速發展,目前已經成為全球第二大LPG消費國。據預測,中國LPG的市場需求量在2015年將達到3,000萬噸,市值超過2,000億元人民幣。儘管LPG價格較高,以至近兩年來其消費增長速度有所放緩,但未來幾年中國LPG消費將恢復穩定增長的格局。首先,中國政府近年來逐漸開始放開多種能源產品的價格,成品油、天然氣以及煤炭價格會逐漸與國際接軌,進而縮小中國LPG與其他能源產品之間的價格差距,刺激LPG市場需求。其次,由於大部分中小城鎮和廣大農村地區無法使用管道燃氣,瓶裝LPG必將成為他們的首選,從而增加LPG市場需求。第三,中國政府比以往更加重視環境保護問題,LPG作為一種清潔燃料,必將取代部分煤炭、重油等非清潔燃料的市場份額。第四,人民幣的升值必將降低進口LPG的採購成本,擴大國內LPG的市場需求。最後,儘管目前LPG需求在中國受到了天然氣的較大衝擊,但從國內天然氣的產量來看十分有限,滿足不了市場需求,加上全球提供的液化天然氣供應是比較緊張,液化天然氣的價格也呈現逐年上漲的趨勢,因此,中國從國際市場上可獲得的天然氣資源是有限的。相反,LPG於全球的供應十分充足,未來可以與天然氣形成互補態勢。我們相信未來中國LPG市場需求將呈現平穩增長的態勢。

集團液化石油氣業務情況

在過去的一個財政年度,集團為中油華電集團重新建立一套完善的管理及流程系統及加強市場信息的收集及分析。在銷售方面,由於集團部分城市燃氣項目正位於中油華電的LPG銷售網絡範圍之內,所以集團利用現有資源在這些擁有管道燃氣專營權的城市建立LPG終端銷售網絡,並與中油華電現有的LPG批發網絡整合,提高中油華電的LPG銷售量和銷售利潤率。

從集團於二零零八年九月完成收購中油華電至本財政年度末,液化石油氣銷售量約為495,155噸。

於本財政年度內·集團錄得液化石油氣銷售收入2,272,173,000港元·佔本集團年度內總營業額的比例約 為35.9%。

人力資源

優秀的員工為企業成功的關鍵因素,集團一直堅持以人為本的管理理念,建立及健全人才引進及內部培訓機制,持續提高各級員工的職業素質和工作能力,創造員工之間知識交流與經驗分享的平台,通過提升員工的職業滿足感和完善的薪酬福利體系來吸引和保留優秀的員工。

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團總員工數目約為16,114名,與去年比較增加約64.7%。本集團超過99.9%員工位於中國。員工薪酬按照員工的履歷及經驗來釐定,及根據現時行業於營運當地的一般模式。除基本薪金及退休金供款外,部分員工根據本集團財務業績及其個別表現,決定其可獲得酌情花紅、獎金及購股期權的數量。本集團亦向員工提供大量培訓,包括為新入職僱員提供培訓課程及向本集團管理層及僱員提供不同程度的技術及管理課程。

卓越管理

集團管理層一直致力於提高集團企業管治與透明度,在集團管理層的共同努力之下,集團第四年榮獲「資本中國傑出天然氣供應商」獎項,該獎項由本港最暢銷及最具代表性的中文財經雜誌之一《資本雜誌》主辦,評審團由《資本雜誌》編務委員會及十名商界領袖組成。

此外,集團於二零零九年六月由亞太區權威財經雜誌《亞洲金融》("FinanceAsia")舉辦的二零零九年度亞洲最佳公司投票選舉中,於中國大陸組別中囊括三個大獎項,包括「最佳中型企業」第六位、「最佳投資者關係」第二位及「最佳企業管治」第七位,充分顯示中國燃氣於管理質素、投資者關係及企業管治方面的努力獲投資界認同。

同時,集團在二零零八年十一月湯臣路透社Extel2009亞洲評選中被評為香港上市公司中「最佳投資者關係」第九位,確認了集團在過去多年歇力提高公司透明度及企業責任方面的努力。

集團在中國燃氣行業專業門戶網站-博燃網主辦的「2008年度燃氣行業十大評選」活動中榮膺「2008年度十大品牌企業」。是次評選活動反映出集團在社會責任和誠信方面獲得極高的認可度。本次評選活動透過公眾投票及專家評審方式進行,其評選標準包括企業的年度表現、誠信度、社會公民責任、企業對行業發展的推動作用、技術及管理創新能力等。

財務回顧

流動資金

面對當前的經濟情況,保持充裕的流動資金對任何企業都極為重要。本集團的業務性質具備穩健的現金 流,加上一套有效及完善的資金管理系統,因此令本集團在這個信貸市場緊絀的情況下仍然保持優勢。

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團總資產值為18,086,766,000港元,與二零零八年三月三十一日比較,增加約60.0%: 手頭現金為2,896,457,000港元(二零零八年三月三十一日:1,674,641,000港元)。本集團流動比率約為0.89(二零零八年三月三十一日:2.19),若扣除中油華電的進口信用證及信託收據貸款共2,122,318,000港元,集團流動比率約為1.39,淨資產負債比率為1.37(二零零八年三月三十一日:1.21),淨資產負債比率之計算是根據截至二零零九年三月三十一日之淨借貸5,517,220,000港元(總借貸10,669,336,000港元減中油華電的承兑匯票及信託憑證款項2,255,659,000港元及銀行結餘及現金2,896,457,000港元)及淨資產4,017,271,000港元計算。

本集團一直採取審慎的財務管理政策。集團將備用現金大部份都以活期及定期存款存放於信譽良好之銀 行。

財務資源

環球金融風暴於二零零八年第四季度來臨,各銀行及財政機構紛紛收緊借貸,但集團仍然在金融風暴前獲得由新加坡大華銀行及其他國際商業銀行提供合共4,500萬美元銀團貸款。該銀行貸款將用作本集團一般營運資金,其利率按美元倫敦銀行同業拆息+1.25%計算。

本集團一直與本地、中國及外資銀行建立長遠合作關係,除國家開發銀行仍繼續為本集團提供項目融資外,亦有新銀行為本集團提供銀行備用信貸。截至二零零九年七月,共有超過20家銀行為本集團提供銀團貸款及備用信貸,大部份銀團貸款年期都超過五年,平均還款年期為九年。

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團銀行貸款及其它貸款組合如下:

	二零零九年 二零零九年 千港元	二零零八年 千港元
不超過一年	3,103,855*	157,061
一年以上但不超過兩年	355,753	205,922
兩年以上但不超過五年	2,430,918	899,345
五年後	4,407,396	4,519,187
	10,297,922	5,781,515

^{*} 其中中油華電的承兑匯票及信託憑證款項共2,255,659,000港元

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團銀行貸款及其他貸款總額為10,669,336,000港元,較二零零八年增加73.9%,其中2,698,073,000港元為中油華電所併入的新債務,當中83.6%以上是進口短期信用證相關的貿易融資。

本公司於二零零五年六月發行年利率1厘本金總額為40,000,000美元之可換股債券(「債券」),該債券到期日為二零一零年六月二十九日。債券發行時之初步換股價為1.731港元,發行後如出現有股份攤薄之事項,會根據當初之協定,對換股價作出調整。債券亦已於二零零六年六月一日於香港交易所上市。目前已有總額38,000,000美元之債券換成本公司合共171,230,491股普通股,於本財政年度並未有任何債券轉換成本公司普通股。

本集團之經營及資本開支之來源乃由經營現金收入、策略投資者的認購款項、銀行貸款、債券、循環融資額度及開發性金融貸款撥付。本集團有足夠資金來源滿足其未來資本開支及營運資金需求。

外匯

由於本集團之現金、借貸、收入及開支均以港元、人民幣及美元結算,故並不預期有任何重大外匯風險。

抵押資產

於二零零九三月三十一日,本集團抵押部份若干物業、廠房及設備及預付租賃款項,其賬面淨值分別為457,164,000港元(二零零八年:6,297,000港元)及37,047,000港元(二零零八年:22,181,000港元)、投資物業其賬面淨值為19,200,000港元(二零零八年:20,100,000港元)、貿易應收賬款其賬面淨值為45,878,000港元(二零零八年:24,232,000港元)、存貨賬面值為87,651,000港元(二零零八年:無)、已抵押銀行存款為847,759,000港元(二零零八年:164,597,000港元)及部份附屬公司抵押其他附屬公司的股本投資予銀行,以獲得貸款額度。

資本承擔

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團於就已訂約收購但未於財務報表撥備之物業、廠房及設備及建築材料合同分別作出為數208,150,000港元(二零零八年三月三十一日:201,256,000港元)及93,312,000港元(二零零八年三月三十一日:119,897,000港元)之資本承擔,需要動用大量本集團現有現金及向外融資。本集團已承諾收購部份中國企業股份及於中國成立中外合資企業。

或然負債

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團並無任何重大或然負債(二零零八年三月三十一日:無)。

劉明輝

董事總經理

二零零九年七月二十一日

企業社會責任

本集團的使命是在爭取卓越表現及增長的同時,成為中國一個負責任的能源供應商。本集團認真對待企業社會責任,並致力於本集團各層面實行政策及制度。該等政策及制度包括僱員關係、保護環境、健康與安全、與社區攜手合作及與供應商及客戶建立良好關係。

僱員關係

本集團作為僱主的責任是確保僱員有一個安全、受保障及理想的工作環境,使僱員可全面發揮他們的潛能。本集團在全中國18個省份共有超過16,000名僱員。本集團承諾投入資源在員工身上,透過培訓並協助僱員了解他們的長處與短處,協助他們在工作及家庭上的個人成長。所有職級的員工均有機會參與由中燃燃氣技術研究院及中國燃氣管理學院提供的在職培訓計劃。兩所學院均由本公司成立,並獲哈爾濱工業大學給予支持。兩家學院共提供逾80種培訓課程,涉及一般管理、生產安全、市場發展、客戶服務、財務管理及信息科技應用等範疇。透過廣泛的培訓及發展課程,本公司期望可確保僱員均具備所需技能及妥善裝備,以迎接急速變化的市場及環境帶來的挑戰。

為保持一群忠心及進取的工作團隊,本集團設有不同種類的工作,為僱員提供具吸引力的晉升機會,並鼓勵員工於年度表現檢討時發表其對事業的期望。本集團認同給予員工平等機會的重要性,並致力在任何時候按公平原則營運,不會因種族、宗教、虜色、性別及年齡而對任何員工或職位申請人歧視。

此外,本集團相信,讓員工透徹了解本集團的業務活動令員工知道自己的存在價值是十分重要的。本集團透過企業內聯網及網站、面談檢討會議、年度會議及內部月刊向僱員發佈資料。本集團繼續擴大使用企業內聯網作為溝通、發佈行業政策及消息以及電子教學的有效途徑。

保護環境

除了作為潔淨能源供應者,對減低環境污染作出貢獻外,本集團亦希望成為員工及他人的典範,致力推行環境保護。

於香港,本集團已參加「節約能源約章一適當室內溫度」,並致力透過維持辦公室適中室溫來節約用電,從 而降低對環境排出的二氧化碳。此外,本集團已將所有鎢絲燈泡換為慳電燈泡,有助節省超過50%的能源消耗。在用紙方面,本集團鼓勵僱員再次使用廢紙,並與再造紙生產商訂立特別安排,使他們可利用本集團內 部過期雜誌及包裝廢紙並轉化為循環再造物料。本集團亦透過電子文件向投資者推行無紙化資訊傳遞,並召 開視像或話音會議而非面談會議以減少帶碳燃料的差旅往來。

健康及安全

總體來說,為員工提供一個健康的工作環境是業務及社會的一大挑戰。本集團致力保障員工的健康,並鼓勵 他們於事業生涯中保持健康。本集團舉辦一系列的活動以提升員工對注重運動的重要意識。年內,本公司舉 辦了攀山比賽、羽毛球比賽等活動,並成立中國燃氣羽毛球協會,以及舉行了運動會,所有僱員均獲邀參與。

為員工提供一個安全的工作環境是本集團對每一名員工的重要承擔。本集團認真貫徹「安全第一,預防為主」的方針,建設有效的安全程序、識別責任範圍及將該等責任分配予各業務地點合適的人員。本集團鼓勵員工了解各地盤的潛在危險以及工作安全規則和營運流程,以避免不必要的風險,並協助所有員工明白其職責及法律責任,尤其是合理地注意自己、周邊及受其行為影響的其他人士。本集團部分營運單位因其相關營運領域的安全防範表現卓越而備受認可。

而社區安全意識方面,各業務單位不時透過現場講解、電台、電視台、報紙及發放相關宣傳材料等多種形式,不時向用戶進行培訓,以講解如何正確使用燃氣灶具及如何安全使用天然氣。我們亦為用戶提供免費燃氣用具的檢查及維修服務。

社會參與

本集團認同本地社群對本集團業務擔當的角色。本集團憧憬成為其經營業務社群內負責任的夥伴。無論在提供就業或採購本地貨品及服務方面,本集團認為均有責任支持該等社群,並鼓勵所有業務單位支持本地社群、向本地慈善機構及社群工作項目捐款,以及作出長遠的支持承諾。

此外,透過於城市投資及興建天然氣供應系統,本集團直接參與將該等城市轉化為現代城市的過程,從而促進該等城市的現代化及城市化。

本集團員工積極參加香港及國內的公益活動,包括為香港公益金籌款的便服日,在業務所在地贊助社會求助熱線,並對社會上部分生活困難的弱勢群體給予援助。

與供應商及客戶建立良好關係

本集團的業務性質涉及向供應商及服務供應商採購大量設備、材料及服務。本集團相信,鞏固與供應商的長遠關係與取得物資的最低成本同等重要(如非更重要)。本集團已設立採購網站,使全國不同地區的供應商可在本集團採購網站內刊登其產品及服務以及條款。本集團於挑選供應商時,除考慮價錢外,亦會考慮供應商的信譽、可靠性、質素及售後服務。如能夠符合本集團的質量標準,每名供應商均有機會與本集團建立業務關係。本集團以信任、尊重及誠信對待其供應商。

至於客戶方面,本集團相當重視他們對本集團服務的滿意程度。儘管本集團為區內獨家燃氣提供者,本集團從不認為如此地位乃屬必然而忽視客戶的意見。本集團致力為客戶提供卓越服務,並透過定期進行客戶滿意度調查以及顧客大使的專訪監控服務水平,藉此收集他們的反饋意見,並及時作出適當處理。

企業管治報告

- 中國燃氣控股有限公司(「本公司」)連同其附屬公司(合稱「本集團」)致力達致高水平的企業管治。
- 中國燃氣專注企業價值的持續。
- 中國燃氣透過提高透明度及企業責任來加強投資者的信心。
- 中國燃氣鞏固其企業文化及價值。

遵守守則

除了非執行董事之委任年期外,中國燃氣於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止整個財政年度內,一直遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四的企業管治常規守則(「守則」)的守則條文。

董事會

董事會(「董事會」或「董事」)的主要角色為保障及提升股東的長遠利益。董事會負責製定本集團整體的 策略、監督本集團業務及事務,並監察管理層的表現。

董事會的組成

董事會包括13名成員,五名為執行董事、八名為非執行董事(其中三名為獨立非執行董事)。於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止財政年度,由Oman Oil Company所提名的William Rackets先生獲委任為非執行董事,以代替Mark Gelinas先生。有關董事的詳情載於2009年報「董事履歷」內,亦可瀏覽本公司網頁(www.chinagasholdings.com.hk)。

本集團對董事會的架構、規模及組成不時作出檢討,以確保董事會由具備業務所需及適當技能及專業知識 的成員組成。所有任命均先由提名委員會考慮,然後提呈董事會決定。

平衡性及獨立性

董事會超過半數成員為非執行董事,而當中三分二並無參與本公司的管理,故董事會可就企業事務作出獨立判斷,並向管理層就各項事宜提供各方面的意見及客觀分析。

董事會成員均為能幹的人才,擁有全面的能源、財政、營運及企業管理經驗,確保董事會觀點的平衡。董事會中全部非執行董事均為彼等所屬領域的精英,彼等參加董事會及委員會會議,為董事會的決策過程增值。董事會各成員之間並無任何財政、業務、家庭及其他相關關係。

所有獨立非執行董事均獨立於股東,並非僱員亦不受股東的服務合約規限或持有股東的任何重大股權。 期內,每名獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則的規定向本公司提供有關其獨立性的年度確認書。經考慮上述 因素後,董事會認為,所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

主席與董事總經理

本公司主席及董事總經理的角色及職責已清晰劃分。

董事會主席為李小雲先生,而儘管彼為執行董事,彼並無參與本集團之日常運作。李先生僅負責計劃本公司整體策略及確保董事會有效運作。本公司的董事總經理為劉明輝先生,彼負責執行本集團的整體日常營運及經營本集團的業務。

董事會及管理層

如上文所述,董事會負責製定本集團整體的策略、監督本集團業務及事務,並監察管理層的表現。提呈董事會決定的重大事宜包括本集團的策略、重大收購及出售、主要資本投資、本集團財務表現及業務的審批及股息宣派。董事會亦確保維持有效的內部控制系統。

董事會將本集團的營運管理指派予董事總經理及執行董事(董事會主席除外,其並不參與本集團的日常運作)。執行董事日常會保持聯絡,並會定期於總辦事處及營運單位與非董事會成員的高級管理層以面談或透過視象會議方式舉行會議。本集團現時有超過100個營運單位,分佈於中國18個省份/自治區/直轄市,每個營運單位均由一名總經理帶領,負責該營運單位的日常業務。

入職及專業發展

新委任的董事將獲得一套全面入職文件,當中載有有關本集團一切資料及文件以助其了解本集團的業務 及運作;相關規則(包括上市規則)及其他規例以確保其貫徹了解其作為香港上市公司董事的職責;以及有 關非執行董事責任及合規事宜的相關刊物。

於瞬息萬變及競爭激烈的營商環境中,董事必須進行持續的專業發展。本公司已委聘一間知名顧問公司,於二零零八年十二月在香港為董事舉行第二個企業管治研討會。該課程的目標為向董事提供在國際及國內的企業管治及內部監控架構的最新動向及指引。是次研討會特別重視討論由中國財政部及其他有關政府機關發出的「企業內部控制基本規範」。此外,鑒於二零零八年第四季爆發全球金融海嘯,董事集中討論實施有效內部控制系統的重要性。

另外,全體董事將不時透過電郵通知或董事會會議或委員會會議的討論(如適用)持續汲取最新的監管 發展及本集團發展,以促進彼等履行其職責。

證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載的標準守則。本公司每一名董事均獲發一份標準守則的副本。於審批本集團半年度及全年度業績的董事會會議日期前30日及60日,亦會向全體董事發出告示,提醒彼等當時不可買賣本公司任何證券,直至公佈有關業績為止。

董事會確認,於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止財政年度,本公司全體董事均已遵守上市規則附錄10所載的標準守則。

下表載列截至二零零九年三月三十一日,財政年度內董事於本公司股份之權益:

董事姓名	權益性質	持有股份數目	持有百分比 (%)
劉明輝	個人	391,624,000 (L)	11.75
		118,500,000 (S)	3.55

L: 好倉 S: 短倉

董事及高級職員的法律責任

本公司就本公司董事及高級職員履行彼等的職務時所面對的法律訴訟購有合適保險。保險的保障範圍會每年進行審閱。

董事會的運作

所有董事均會及時獲知會有關本集團業務的重大發展。董事定期與本集團的其他高級管理層及僱員舉行會議,並可取得公司秘書的意見,且於認為對妥善履行彼等作為董事的職務屬有需要的情況下,可諮詢獨立法律或其他專業意見,開支由本公司支付。

每年召開之董事會定期會議均在前一年年底預訂有關舉行日期,使各董事有充裕時間安排出席。每次召開定期會議前至少十四天會發出正式通知。董事會會議或委員會會議議程一般會在召開會議日期前最少七日分發,並於每個定期召開之董事會會議議程發出之前向全體董事諮詢是否希望於議程中加入任何事項。相關董事會文件一般會在召開會議前最少七日以書面方式分發予董事以供審閱。任何敏感事項可能會於並無事先或在會議上派發書面資料的情況下於會上討論。董事會及其委員會的每次會議均會有會議記錄,會議記錄會記下任何董事所提出的重要關注事項。董事可對董事會會議記錄草稿發表意見,而董事會會議記錄的最終定稿會於董事會會議後的合理時段內予以記錄。

倘主要股東或董事於董事會將予審議的事項中擁有衝突權益,而董事會釐定屬重大時,則有關事項將根據適用規例及法規處理,在適當情況下亦會成立獨立董事委員會處理有關事項。

個別董事出席董事會會議的比率

董事會於每個季度舉行會議,亦會於有需要時另行安排舉行額外會議。於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止財政年度內舉行了四次常務會議,董事會已審閱、討論及批准的文件事宜包括:

- (i) 於全球金融海嘯下本集團的業務發展;
- (ii) 年度及中期財務報表;
- (iii) 收購中油華電的交易;及
- (iv) 於二零零九年一月一日生效的上市規則修訂·及其對本集團的企業管治事宜及若干董事委員會職權範 圍的影響。

各董事會成員就該等董事會會議的出席記錄載於下表:

董事姓名	截至二零零九年三月三十一日止 財政年度的會議	出席率(%)
		山市平(%)
執行董事		
李小雲(主席)	3/4	75
徐鷹(副主席)	3/4	75
劉明輝(董事總經理)	4/4	100
朱偉偉	4/4	100
馬金龍	3/4	75
非執行董事		
馮卓志	3/4	75
Mark Gelinas (附註1)	3/4	75
R.K. Goel	1/4	25
山縣丞	3/4	75
金重皓(附註3)	2/2	100
William Rackets (附註2)	不適用	不適用
獨立非執行董事		
趙玉華	4/4	100
毛二萬	4/4	100
黃倩如	2/4	50

附註:

- 1. 於二零零九年三月二十日辭任非執行董事
- 2. 於二零零九年三月二十日獲委任為非執行董事
- 3. 於二零零八年七月二十三日獲委任為非執行董事

為提供易於管理的程序及加強控制,董事會若干權力已授予委員會。董事會轄下的四個主要委員會為執行委員會、提名委員會、薪酬委員會及審核委員會,而公司秘書為所有委員會的秘書。本公司可不時於有需要時成立其他專責委員會以調查特別領域。所有委員會的職權範圍均已由董事會審批,而於財政年度內有關彼等的組成、責任及所進行的工作的詳情載述如下:

1. 執行委員會

於財政年度內,執行委員會的成員包括副主席、董事總經理及一名執行董事。

執行委員會負責向管理層提出整體策略的方向,監察所有營運單位的運作,並確保本集團有充足資金應付 投資項目所需。如職權範圍所載,執行委員會的職責及權限主要包括:

- (i) 審閱本公司的財務資料;
- (ii) 本公司管理及業務營運的有關事項進行討論及決策;
- (iii) 根據上市規則規定, 評核將予訂立之建議交易是否一宗須予公佈的交易, 並向董事會就此作出建議; 及
- (iv) 審閱並商討董事會不時交託的任何其他事項。

於財政年度內,委員會於有需要時舉行會議商討本集團日常營運及事務。其亦會審閱及批准管理層推薦的重大投資項目。此外,本公司已成立由任何兩名執行董事組成的委員會,以批准因根據本公司購股權計劃的購股權獲行使而發行及配發股份,而根據購股權計劃,合共2,170,000股股份已予發行。

為了進一步協助執行委員會履行職責,小組委員會亦已成立,以就建議投資項目進行詳細的盡職審查。小組委員會的成員包括執行董事及負責各項主要運作及職能的高級管理人員,彼等須定期向董事總經理作出匯報。

2. 提名委員會

提名委員會由五名成員組成,包括三名獨立非執行董事、副主席及董事總經理。毛二萬博士擔任提名委員會主席。

提名委員會的主要職責(其中包括)(i)檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成,並向董事會建議作出任何被認為必要的改變:(ii)負責物色並向董事會提名候選人填補董事會所出現的空缺,讓董事會審批;及(iii)審閱及向董事會建議應屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上退任但合資格並願膺選連任的董事名單。

現時,所有執行董事及非執行董事並無固定任期。董事會相信,董事並無固定任期可更具靈活性以不時在滿足本公司的需要。所有董事均須於獲委任後的股東週年大會上退任及重選連任,至少每三年輪席退任, 而此輪席退任亦包括主席及董事總經理。

根據本公司的現有公司細則,三分之一的董事須於本公司每年的股東週年大會上退任(「三分之一輪席告退規則」)。退任董事須為自上次膺選連任或獲委任以來任期最長的董事,並合資格於每年的股東週年大會上膺選連任。年內由董事會新委任的董事應在任直至下屆股東週年大會為止,並符合資格於該大會上膺選連任。新委任的董事毋須計入須於股東週年大會上輪值告退的董事人數內。其後,該新委任的董事亦將須遵守「三分之一輪席退任規則」。

於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止財政年度,須於應屆股東週年大會上退任但合資格並願膺選連任的董事名列如下:

董事姓名	首次委任日期	上次重選日期
馬金龍	二零零二年九月五日	二零零六年九月五日
毛二萬	二零零三年一月七日	二零零六年九月五日
山縣丞	二零零六年十月二十日	二零零七年八月二十九日
R.K. Goel	二零零六年十二月一日	二零零七年八月二十九日
William Rackets	二零零九年三月二十日	-

有關於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任的董事詳情,載於隨附予股東的通函內。

委員會於財政年度內舉行兩次會議,以審閱並向董事會建議(i)非執行董事的委任及辭任;及(ii)於二零零八年股東週年大會上膺選的董事。委員會各成員就該等委員會會議的出席記錄載於下表。

委員會成員姓名	截至二零零九年三月三十一日止 財政年度的會議	出席率(%)
毛二萬(主席)	2/2	100
趙玉華	2/2	100
黃倩如	2/2	100
徐鷹	2/2	100
劉明輝	2/2	100

3. 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行董事及董事總經理組成。黃倩如女士為薪酬委員會主席。委員會亦會尋求外部及內部服務的支持,確保執行董事、其他董事及高級管理層的整體薪酬組合具競爭力及適合本集團業務的需要。

薪酬委員會的主要職責(其中包括)(i)就所有董事及高級管理層的酬金政策及結構向董事會提出推薦意見,並就該等薪酬建立正規及具透明度的發展政策程序;(ii)釐定所有執行董事及高級管理層的特定薪酬組合;(iii)就非執行董事的薪酬向董事會提出推薦意見;(iv)確保遵照上市規則規定適當披露有關酬金事宜的資料,以載入年報、財務報表及其他相關文件內;及(v)審批所有本公司與執行董事訂立的服務協議。董事須避席討論其本身的薪酬組合並投棄權票。

執行董事(不包括主席)的薪酬組合包括(i)固定部分(基本薪金及福利)及/或(ii)表現掛鈎花紅。

非執行董事的袍金方面,其薪酬組合包括董事袍金每年120,000港元及委員會成員費(視乎屬董事委員會成員與否)。目前,董事委員會主席將收取每年60,000港元,而董事委員會成員則收取每年30,000港元。 非執行董事概無獲本集團發放任何其他酬金,惟上文所披露的袍金除外,且彼等亦無獲本公司發放任何其他福利及參與任何花紅。非執行董事袍金乃經參考其於本公司的職務及職責以及當前市況後釐定,並於每季支付。

截至二零零九年三月三十一日止財政年度的酬金總額概列於下表:

姓名	袍金/素	养金	表現掛針	內花紅	退休福利計	劃供款	總記	†
	二零零九年 二 <i>千元</i>	·零零八年 - <i>千元</i>	二零零九年 <u>-</u> <i>千元</i>	二零零八年 <u>-</u> <i>千元</i>	二零零九年 <u>-</u> <i>千元</i>	二零零八年: <i>千元</i>	二零零九年: <i>千元</i>	二零零八年 <i>千元</i>
李小雲 (附註1)	3,000	3,000	-	-	-	-	3,000	3,000
徐鷹	7,188	7,188	2,395*	4,402	12	12	9,595	11,602
劉明輝	7,188	7,188	4,791*	8,204	12	12	11,991	15,404
朱偉偉	628	588	-	-	12	12	640	600
馬金龍	165	120	-	-	-	-	165	120
馮卓志	120	120	-	-	-	-	120	120
Mark Gelinas (附註2)	120	83	-	-	-	-	120	83
R.K. Goel	30	120	-	-	-	-	30	120
山縣丞	120	120	-	-	-	-	120	120
金重皓 (附註3)	83	-	-	-	-	-	83	-
趙玉華	240	240	-	-	-	-	240	240
毛二萬	240	240	-	-	-	-	240	240
黃倩如	240	240	-	-	-	-	240	240

董事會各成員於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止財政年度的酬金(所有數字均為港元)

附註1: 於截至二零零八年三月三十一日及截至二零零九年三月三十一日止兩個財政年度,本公司就二零零五年十月二十日本公司授予 李小雲先生之5,000,000份購股權(行使價為1.50港元,行使期由二零一零年十月二十日起至二零一五年十月十九日)之公平值 產生以股份形式付款開支為每個財政年度138,000港元。

附註2: 於二零零九年三月二十日辭任董事

附註3:於二零零八年七月二十三日獲委任為董事

* 該等金額為支付予徐鷹先生及劉明輝先生截至二零零八年三月三十一日止財政年度之花紅有關。

委員會相信酬金組合應賞償所有員工及董事所付出的努力,因為有積極性的員工是影響本集團表現的主要因素,且委員會認同執行董事於落實公司策略,為長遠可持續取得表現增長打好基礎方面肩付最大的責任。本集團亦會根據本公司購股權計劃授予僱員及董事購股權,作為薪酬組合的其中部分,以確保在賞償責任、鼓勵、挽留及分享與參與各方面取得適當的平衡。於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止財政年度內,已向僱員授出購股權。

擁有可認購本公司普通股的購股權的董事的權益, 建同其於財政年度內的變動均於下表列示:

批次	行使價(港元)	行使期
1	0.80	二零零四年九月一日至二零一四年一月八日
2a	0.71	二零零五年三月二十日至二零一四年十月五日
2b	0.71	二零零四年十一月二十二日至二零一四年十月五日#
2c	0.71	二零零五年一月一日至二零一四年十月五日
3	1.50	二零一零年十月二十日至二零一五年十月十九日

[#] 購股權的行使條件為本集團的綜合資產淨值於購股權行使當日不少於1,000,000,000 港元 (須由本公司委任的核數師核證)。

	批次	於二零零八年 四月一日	於年內授出	於年內行使	於二零零九年 三月三十一日
李小雲	1	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000
	3	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000
徐鷹	1	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000
	2b	90,000,000	-	-	90,000,000
劉明輝	1	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000
	2b	130,000,000	-	-	130,000,000
朱偉偉	1	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000
	2a	6,000,000	-	-	6,000,000
馬金龍	1	9,240,711	-		9,240,711
趙玉華	1	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
	2c	700,000	-	-	700,000
毛二萬	1	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
黃倩如	1	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
	2c	700,000	-	-	700,000

董事會各成員於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止財政年度的購股權權益

於財政年度內,委員會舉行了四次會議以審閱及批准:

- (i) 兩名執行董事的服務協議;
- (ii) 將付予執行董事及高級管理層的酌情花紅;
- (iii) 將於年報披露的薪酬事宜及董事會的薪酬政策;及
- (iv) 一名執行董事的薪金。

委員會各成員就該等委員會會議的出席記錄載於下表:

委員會成員姓名	截至二零零九年三月三十一日止 財政年度的會議	出席率 (%)
黃倩如 (主席)	4/4	100
趙玉華	4/4	100
毛二萬	4/4	100
劉明輝	3/4	75

4. 審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成。委員會的所有成員均有豐富的相關財務專業知識,並具有合適資格履行其作為審核委員會成員的職責。趙玉華先生擔任審核委員會主席。

審核委員會的主要職責為與外部核數師及管理層共同檢討本公司的常務政策及內部財務監控程序。在呈交董事會批准前,委員會亦須審閱本集團的中期、全年業績公佈及財務報表。審核委員會亦須審閱及監控外部核數師的獨立性及核數程序的有效性,並就聘任及續聘外部核數師提供推薦意見。

審核委員會的職權範圍書已予修訂以配合於二零零九年一月一日生效的上市規則變更。經修訂條款包括審核委員會的以下責任:檢討資源是否足夠、本集團會計及財務匯報功能的人員資格及經驗,以及彼等的培訓課程及預算。

審核委員會於過去一個財政年度所進行的工作包括:

- (i) 檢討外聘顧問所進行的風險評估工作,並在外聘顧問的協助下審視本集團的內部控制系統;
- (ii) 審閱本公司截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度的年度財務報表及全年業績公佈,並就此向董事會建 議審批:
- (iii) 向董事會建議續聘德勤●關黃陳方會計師行為本公司二零零九年財政年度的外部核數師,惟有待股東於二零零八年股東週年大會上批准;
- (iv) 審閱本公司截至二零零八年九月三十日止六個月的中期財務報表及中期業績公佈,並就此向董事會建 議審批:
- (v) 審閱外聘核數師就彼等對本集團截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度進行的核數工作所產生的事宜 提交報告及管理建議書:
- (vi) 審閱及批准委任外聘顧問進行風險評估項目,以及評核本集團的內部控制系統;
- (vii) 批准年度審計費用;
- (viii) 省覽年報中的內部審計及二零零九年內部審計計劃;及
- (ix)檢討資源是否足夠、本集團會計及財務匯報功能的人員資格及經驗以及相關事宜。

委員會於二零零八財政年度內共舉行三次會議,委員會各成員的出席記錄載於下表:

	截至二零零九年三月三十一日止	
委員會成員姓名	財政年度的會議	出席率 (%)
趙玉華(主席)	3/3	100
毛二萬	3/3	100
黃倩如	3/3	100

審核委員會已審閱就德勤●關黃陳方會計師行於二零零八年財政年度所提供之審計服務已付及應付之酬金。

審計服務	金額(港元)
截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度的末期業績 (有待同意)	5,500,000
截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度的末期業績	3,680,000

風險管理及內部監控

根據本公司現行的內部控制系統,已成立必要的政策、指引、程序、批准限額及履約監控機制,而管理層主要負責該等系統的整體監控,而部門主管則負責彼等營運範圍的監督或實施。由於內部控制評估由內部審計部門負責進行,董事會已徹底審閱本公司截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度內部控制系統之有效性。

風險管理

在專業顧問公司協助下,本公司已進行正式的高層面風險評估以識別本公司面對的主要風險,以確保已實 行適當的風險管理措施。此外,管理層透過策略規劃程序持續識別風險。該等風險評估結果由內部審計部 門用作進行內部審計工作,藉此監控內部控制架構的效力。

本公司所承擔的若干主要風險及有關風險管理措施的概要載述如下:

1. 經濟風險

經濟風險為可能對本公司構成不利影響的經濟環境轉變。於二零零八年第四季金融海嘯席捲全球,中國的經濟增長亦受到影響。這次突如其來的金融危機是本公司須要管理的其中一項事宜,因為這可能影響本公司的收入,特別是燃氣銷售及利潤率。為對付該風險,本公司已加大力度開發LPG業務,並透過一連串之重建項目加速城市燃氣用戶開始使用天然氣的燃氣接駁。靈活有效的管理是對抗全球金融海嘯的重要措施。

2. 行業風險

風險因在行業內出現突變而產生,可以是由於新競爭對手加入及政府政策改變而引致。為了盡量降低該等風險,本公司密切監察政府政策及國際市場的發展,以及競爭對手的策略,如有需要,可即時研調反繫策略。本公司致力增強本公司品牌的地位,並發掘每個可能的機會。

3. 遵照法律法規

法律法規及公認原則對任何業務均有一定影響。公司秘書、管理層、內部審計部門及外聘法律顧問會定期檢討遵例情況。公司秘書負責識別任何法例轉變並即時指導相關人員(包括管理層及董事會)。

4. 基金管理

沒有充裕的資本可能會干擾本公司日常業務的順利運作。本集團致力確保充足的銀行融資以應付其預測現金需要。本集團定期及密切監察其現金需要,並與可動用銀行融資配合,以確保具備所需資金供其營運及投資。

5. 資訊安全

僱員均知悉資訊安全及資料保密的重要性。為避免洩漏可能有損本公司之重要資料,只有指定僱員方可獲取敏感的資料。本公司推行的道德價值亦強調資料保密的需要。

內部審計部門

本公司已成立其內部審計部門,以對營運單位進行獨立評估。該部門可不受限制地接觸本集團營運單位及 任何相關部門的人員,並可以審閱所有記錄及物業的資料。

透過採用上述風險評估的結果,內部審計部門將資源集中於高風險領域,並對本公司的營運附屬公司持續進行審計。內部審計報告會於有需要時發出,當中包括對現有系統及程序的改進建議,藉此加強本集團的整體內部控制。

告密政策已予實施,為本集團全部僱員提供一個正式的機制,以不記名及積極的態度地向管理層揭發本集團內任何不道德行為、真實或疑似欺詐。為確保先前匯報的違規行為不再發生,跟進行動亦會定期監察。

於財政年度內,董事會已在以下方面加強內部控制系統及風險管理程序:

- (i) 本公司根據年度審計計劃進行內部審計工作;
- (ii) 實行有關權力委派的政策及程序;
- (iii) 讓負責主要業務功能,資深及合嫡資格的員工參與;
- (iv) 將被視為存在矛盾及可能引致未能即時偵測錯誤或違規行為的風險的主要職能分開;及
- (v) 將指導委員會正式加入成為其中一個董事委員會。

日後發展

作為改善本集團內部控制系統持續過程的一部分,若干措施正予以考慮:

- (i) 持續對營運單位進行風險評估;
- (ii) 大型營運附屬公司自行成立內部審計部門;
- (iii) 向營運附屬公司的總經理及各自的部門主管提供有關內部控制議題的培訓課程;
- (iv) 加強本集團內的道德及操守守則訊息;及
- (v) 進一步精簡內部審計部門與審核委員會之間的溝通渠道。

涌訊

董事會及高級管理層認同與全體股東維持良好關係與溝通的重要性。

股東及投資者

董事會相信,必須持續就有關本公司事務向股東提供公平及準確的意見。彼等應享有及時獲取完整的財務數據及重大發展等資料,以及了解本公司的業務方向及前景。董事會主要透過每年刊發的中期及全年業績報告向股東匯報有關本公司的表現。本公司亦會透過刊發公司公告及通函,於適當時間向股東發放有關信息。所有通函及公佈(包括年報及中期報告)均可輕易於本公司網站(www.chinagasholdings.com.hk)閱覽,公司秘書亦會應要求提供文件的印刷本。

董事會亦認同與分析員及投資者建立良好關係尤為重要。本公司的投資者關係部門由首席財務官領導,專責與機構投資者及分析員溝通。於過去整個財政年度內,已與機構投資者及分析員進行定期面談及持續電話會議。此外,亦定期安排到訪場地,以了解有關本集團的最新業務發展。

董事會亦明白與公眾及散戶投資者保持溝通的重要性。本公司會不時舉行新聞發佈會,使公眾人士可得知本集團的近期業務發展。本公司視上述方式為向一般投資者傳遞公司資料的有效渠道。

於刊發中期及年度業績時,本公司會先將業績公佈刊登於聯交所及本公司的網站。然後,將同時向媒體及分析員發佈或召開有關董事總經理及管理層的簡報或電話會議。於簡報時所用的所有資料(包括簡報稿)可於本公司網站www.chinagasholdings.com.hk索取。

於刊發任何年度或中期業績或其他股價敏感資料最新情況外,只要所索取的資料與聯交所對公平披露規則並無衝突時,本公司的投資者關係部門會以電郵或電話解答股東及媒體的提問。本公司歡迎所有投資者及公眾人士透過本公司網站(www.chinagasholdings.com.hk)或電郵至investor@chinagasholdings.com.hk提供彼等的意見及作出查詢。

股東週年大會

股東大會為與股東直接對話的主要渠道。董事鼓勵股東出席大會,並歡迎彼等參與。就股東週年大會而言,會於舉行大會最少21日前,向本公司股東寄發大會通告及相關通函。各項重大事項(其中包括甄選董事)均會於股東週年大會上另行提呈決議案,而有關投票表決程序及股東要求以投票方式表決程序的詳情載於相關通函內。

於二零零八年曾召開兩次股東大會。有關詳情概述如下:

會議	日期	決議案
股東特別大會	二零零八年七月二十二日	1. 批准收購中油華電能源集團
股東週年大會	二零零八年八月二十六日	1. 省覽截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度的
		董事會報告及經審核財務報表
		2. 宣派末期股息
		3. 重選董事並授權董事釐定董事酬金
		4. 續聘核數師並授權董事釐定其酬金
		5. 授予購回股份及發行股份的一般授權

所有提呈股東表決的決議案均於大會上獲正式通過,而本公司董事總經理及高級管理層亦於會議上解答 題問。

由於二零零九年一月一日一連串上市規則修訂生效,董事會將建議於應屆的二零零九年股東週年大會上修 訂本公司的公司細則,包括以下主要範圍:

- (i) 給予股東的通知須於召開股東週年大會前至少20個完整營業日及須於召開股東特別大會前至少10個 完整營業日發出;及
- (ii) 於股東大會上的所有決議案須以投票方式表決。

股權及股東資料

1. 於二零零九年三月三十一日股本

法定股本	90,000,000 港元包括 9,000,000,000 股普通股每股面值0.01 港元
已發行及繳足股本:	33,336,140.20 港元包括 3,333,614,020 股普通股每股面值0.01 港元

本公司會於每個曆月底後五個營業日內向聯交所定期提供有關本公司股本及其他證券變動的最新資料(中英文版),亦可瀏覽本公司網站(www.chinagasholdings.com.hk)閱覽以上資料。

2. 於二零零九年三月三十一日股東分佈

股東分佈 <i>(附註1)</i>	所持股份數目	佔已發行股本百分比
香港	2,513,414,020(附註 2)	75.40
中國	210,200,000	6.30
印度	210,000,000	6.30
荷蘭	40,000,000	1.20
亞曼	210,000,000	6.30
菲律賓	150,000,000	4.50
合計	3,333,614,020	100.00

附註:

董事編製財務報表之責任

董事確認其於編製財務報表之責任及確保財務報表乃根據法定要求及適用會計原則編製。

核數師德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行就其對財務報表之申報責任之聲明載於二零零九年財務報告內之獨立核 數師報告。

企業社會責任

本集團深明企業應當重視其社會責任,並致力參與各種不同的社區活動。該等活動詳情載於二零零九年 年報之企業社會責任。

持續改善

本公司相信,本公司須不繼改善其企業常規來配合不斷變化的需要,並承諾持續檢討該等企業常規,且不時作出必要的改善。

^{1.} 股東所在地乃按照本公司股東登記冊所登記的股東地址編製。

^{2.} 該等股份包括2,317,551,409股以香港中央結算(代理人)有限公司名義登記的股份,其代表香港境內或境外地區的客戶持有該等股份。

董事履歷

執行董事

李小雲先生,53歲,自二零零一年八月獲委任為本公司董事,並於二零零二年四月獲委任為本公司主席。李 先生在一九七九年畢業於北京大學,擁有豐富經濟管理經驗。李先生現為中國國務院國台辦海峽經濟科技 合作中心主任。

徐鷹先生,47歲,自二零零一年八月獲委任為本公司董事及副主席。徐先生畢業於上海交通大學農業與生物學院。徐先生現為中國評論通訊社之董事長。

劉明輝先生,46歲,自二零零二年四月獲委任為本公司董事,並自二零零二年七月獲委任為本公司董事總經理。劉先生持有美國普萊斯頓大學工商管理博士學位,並於中國人民大學公共管理學院擔任客席教授。擁有豐富國內企業及政府的工作經驗。

馬金龍先生,42歲,自二零零二年九月獲委任為本公司董事。馬先生獲河北大學頒授經濟學士學位及對外經濟貿易大學頒授EMBA。彼擁有豐富財務管理經驗。馬先生現為北京中燃翔科油氣技術有限公司董事長。

朱**偉偉先生**,36歲,自二零零二年九月獲委任為本公司董事。朱先生獲中南財經大學頒授財經碩士學位。朱 先生擁有豐富的融資及項目管理經驗。

非執行董事

馮卓志先生,53歲,自二零零五年五月獲委任為本公司非執行董事。馮先生畢業於中國人民解放軍炮兵指揮學院。彼現任中國國務院國台辦海峽經濟科技合作中心總經理。

山縣丞先生,55歲,於二零零六年十月獲委任為本公司非執行董事。彼持有美國麻省理工學院管理碩士學位,專長於國際管理及金融,目前為亞洲開發銀行私營部門業務局之副局長。於一九九四年加入亞洲開發銀行前,山縣先生曾於日本東京東芝企業任職十五年。

R.K.Goel先生,58歲,於二零零六年十二月獲委任為本公司非執行董事。Goel先生在印度主要石油及燃氣公司之財務管理方面累積逾30年經驗。彼在印度Punjab大學取得商業榮譽學士學位,並為印度特許會計師協會資深會員。彼於一九八八年加盟印度燃氣公司GAIL (India) Limited (「GAIL」),現為GAIL之董事(財務部)。Goel先生於項目評核,項目之財務評值方面經驗豐富,並擁有國際油氣公司經驗,尤其關於收費釐定及監管事宜。

金重皓先生,58歲,於二零零八年七月獲委任為本公司非執行董事。金先生畢業於韓國延世大學,主修化學工程。彼現為SK匯能有限公司之總裁及首席執行官,為SK旗下集團之子公司,其業務範圍包括城市燃氣分銷、發電和與能源有關的業務和服務等。金先生自一九七七年已加入SK集團並擁有超過三十年與能源有關行業的經驗。

William Rackets先生,62歲,於二零零九年三月獲委任為本公司非執行董事。Rackets先生畢業於美國南加州大學。彼在能源相關業務方面擁有豐富經驗,現職Oman Oil Company, S.A.O.C. (「OOC」)高級顧問。於二零零八年加盟OOC前,Rackets先生曾於美國及中東多間國際能源公司任職超過三十年。

Mark Gelinas先生,年42歲,於二零零七年七月獲委任為本公司非執行董事。彼畢業於美國New England School of Law。彼是一位有豐富經驗於領導及協調跨領域律師團隊進行大規模的能源或相關項目交易的律師。彼現為法律總顧問。Gelinas先生於2004年加盟OOC前,曾於國際法律事務所Clifford Chance(高偉紳律師行)任職超過七年。Gelinas先生已於二零零九年三月辭任本公司董事。

獨立非執行董事

趙玉華先生,年41歲,於二零零二年十一月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。趙先生畢業於南開大學國際經濟研究所並持有經濟學碩士學位。趙先生自1993年起加入君安証券有限公司長期從事企業融資和財務顧問工作。

毛二萬博士,年46歲,於二零零三年一月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。毛博士畢業於中國科學院數學與系統科學研究院並持有博士學位。毛博士曾出任大成基金管理有限公司高級經濟師,現為北京外國語大學國際商學院副教授、中國金融學會金融工程專業委員會委員、北京外國語大學金融與證券研究所副所長及金融量化分析與計算專業委員會副主任。

黃倩如女士,年57歲,於二零零三年十月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。黃女士現任招商局國際有限公司副總經理,負責公司財務。彼為招商局亞太有限公司之非執行董事。黃女士持有工商管理碩士學位。之前她曾任職各國際有名之投資銀行高層超過十五年,其中包括Societe Generale, Deutsche Morgan Grenfell, Samuel Montague及Bear Stearns Asia等,期間替不少於五十家大中華及亞洲企業提供財務諮詢及融資服務。

董事會報告書

董事會謹此提呈截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度之年度報告書及經審核綜合財務報表。

主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其聯營公司、共同控制實體及主要附屬公司之業務分別載於二零零九年 財務報告中綜合財務報表附註20、21及50。

業績及股息分派

本集團截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度之業績載於二零零九年財務報告中之綜合收益表。

董事會建議就截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度派付末期股息每股1.4港仙予於二零零九年八月二十八日名列本公司股東名冊之本公司普通股持有人,惟仍須待股東於應屆股東週年大會上批准後方可作實。

倘獲股東批准,末期股息預期將於二零零九年九月三十日或相近日子派付。

財務摘要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績摘要及資產與負債之摘要載於二零零九年財務報告內。

投資物業及物業、廠房及設備

本集團於年結日重估其所有投資物業。計入收益表之投資物業公平值增加淨額為5,726,000港元。

年內本集團投資物業及物業、廠房及設備之該等及其他變動詳情分別載於二零零九年財務報告中綜合 財務報表附註17及18。

主要物業

本集團於二零零九年三月三十一日之主要物業詳情載於二零零九年財務報告。

股本

本公司於年內之股本變動詳情載於二零零九年財務報告中綜合財務報表附註36。

本公司之可供分派儲備

本公司於二零零九年三月三十一日可供分派予股東之儲備包括累計溢利153,868,000港元。

董事

年內及截至本報告刊發日期,本公司之在任董事如下:

執行董事

李小雲先生

徐鷹先生

劉明輝先生

馬金龍先生

朱偉偉先生

非執行董事

馮卓志先生

山縣丞先生

R. K. Goel先生

金重皓先生

William Rackets先生(於二零零九年三月二十日獲委任)

Mark Gelinas先生(於二零零九年三月二十日辭任)

獨立非執行董事

趙玉華先生

毛二萬博士

黄倩如女士

按照本公司公司細則之規定,馬金龍先生、毛二萬博士、山縣丞先生及William Rackets先生將會告退,彼等合乎資格並願膺撰連任。

各非執行董事或獨立非執行董事之任期乃按照上述本公司公司細則之條款規定至其輪值告退為止之期間。

董事之服務合約

概無擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事訂有不可由本集團於一年內在不予補償(法定補償除外) 下終止之服務合約。

徐鷹先生及劉明輝先生已與本公司訂立服務協議,由二零零八年四月一日起為期三年。

退休福利計劃

本集團之退休福利計劃詳情載於二零零九年財務報告中綜合財務報表附註46。

董事及行政總裁於股份之權益

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本公司董事及行政總裁於本公司或其相聯法團(按證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部之涵義)之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有(a)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部必須知會本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之權益及短倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文該董事被視為或當作擁有之權益或短倉);或(b)根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定必須列入該條例所指之登記冊內之權益及短倉;或(c)根據證券上市規則(「上市規則」)所載上市公司董事進行證券交易之標準守則必須通知本公司及聯交所之權益及短倉如下:

(a) 本公司每股面值0.01港元之普通股(「股份」)

董事姓名	權益性質	所持股份數目或應佔數目 (附註)	持股概約百分比或應佔百分比 (%)
劉明輝先生	個人	391,624,000(L)	11.75
(「劉先生」)		118,500,000(S)	3.83

L: 好倉 S: 短倉

附註: 在該391,624,000股股份中,273,124,000股股份由劉先生實益擁有,另外118,500,000股股份將交付予海峽金融控股有限公司(「海峽」)。根據海峽與劉先生於二零零五年三月八日訂立之買賣協議,劉先生已同意出售及海峽同意向劉先生購入190,000,000股股份,買賣共分五次進行,現金代價總值為330,000,000港元。交易詳情載於本公司於二零零五年三月九日刊發之公佈內。

於二零零九年三月三十一日已完成買賣71,500,000股股份,有待買賣之尚餘股份數目為118,500,000股股份。

(b) 購股權

董事姓名	持有購股權數目 (附註)	權益性質	相關股份數目	佔本公司 已發行股本 概約百分比(%)
劉先生	135,000,000	實益擁有人	135,000,000	4.05
徐鷹先生	95,000,000	實益擁有人	95,000,000	2.85
朱偉偉先生	10,000,000	實益擁有人	10,000,000	0.30
李小雲先生	10,000,000	實益擁有人	10,000,000	0.30
馬金龍先生	9,240,711	實益擁有人	9,240,711	0.28
趙玉華先生	1,700,000	實益擁有人	1,700,000	0.05
黃倩如女士	1,700,000	實益擁有人	1,700,000	0.05
毛二萬博士	1,000,000	實益擁有人	1,000,000	0.03
	263,640,711		263,640,711	

附註: 該等購股權乃根據本公司於二零零三年二月六日採納之購股權計劃授出,其持有人可按下文「購股權」一節所述之行使價及 行使期認購股份。 除上文所披露者外,於二零零九年三月三十一日,本公司之董事及行政總裁概無於本公司或其相聯法團(按證券及期貨條例第XV部之涵義)之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有或被視作擁有(a)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部必須通知本公司及聯交所之權益或短倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文該等董事被視為或當作擁有之權益或短倉):或(b)根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定必須列入該條例所指之登記冊內之權益或短倉;或(c)根據上市規則所載上市公司董事進行證券交易之標準守則必須通知本公司及聯交所之權益或短倉。

購股權

本公司購股權計劃之資料及年內購股權計劃項下之購股權變動詳情載於二零零九年財務報告中之綜合 財務報表附註48。

姓名	行使期	行使價 (港元)	於二零零八年 四月一日	於截至二零零九年 三月三十一日止 財政年度內授出	於截至二零零九年 三月三十一日止 財政年度內行使	於截至二零零九年 三月三十一日止 財政年度內失效	於二零零九年 三月三十一日 尚未行使
董事							
李小雲	91.2014至1.8.2014 10.20.2010至10.19.2015	0.8 1.5	5,000,000 5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000 5,000,000
徐鷹	91.2014至1.8.2014 11.22.2004至10.5.2014	0.8 0.71	5,000,000 90,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000 90,000,000
劉明輝	91.2014至1.8.2014 11.22.2004至10.5.2014	0.8 0.71	5,000,000 130,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000 130,000,000
朱偉偉	9.1.2014至1.8.2014 3.20.2005至10.5.2014	0.8 0.71	4,000,000 6,000,000	-	-	-	4,000,000 6,000,000
馬金龍	9.1.2014至1.8.2014	0.8	9,240,711	-	-	-	9,240,711
趙玉華	9.1.2014至1.8.2014 1.1.2005至10.5.2014	0.8 0.71	1,000,000 700,000	-	-	-	1,000,000 700,000
毛二萬	9.1.2014至1.8.2014	0.8	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
黃倩如	9.1.2014至1.8.2014 1.1.2005至10.5.2014	0.8 0.71	1,000,000 700,000	-	- -	-	1,000,000 700,000
小計			263,640,711				263,640,711
其他僱員	91.2014至1.8.2014 3.20.2005至10.5.2014 10.20.2010至10.19.2015 1.27.2011至1.26.2016	0.8 0.71 1.5 1.52	49,110,000 88,350,000 151,800,000 6,500,000	- - - -	(1,980,000) (190,000) - -	- - - -	47,130,000 88,160,000 151,800,000 6,500,000
	9.19.2008至8.22.2017 9.3.2009至8.6.2018	2.32 1.77	3,000,000	1,500,000	-	-	3,000,000 1,500,000
	9.3.2010至8.6.2018	1.77	-	1,500,000	-	-	1,500,000
小計			298,760,000	3,000,000	(2,170,000)	-	299,590,000
總計			562,400,711	3,000,000	(2,170,000)	-	563,230,711

主要股東

據本公司董事及行政總裁所知,於二零零九年三月三十一日,下列人士(本公司之董事或行政總裁除外)於股份或相關股份中擁有或被視為擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文必須向本公司及聯交所披露之權益或短倉,或直接或間接擁有5%或以上之任何類別股本面值(附有在一切情況下於本集團任何其他成員公司之股東大會上投票的權利):

股東名稱	附註	權益性質	合計	持股概約百分比或應 佔百分比(%)
許秀蘭女士	1	視作權益	526,624,000(L)	15.80
			118,500,000(S)	3.55
海峽	2	實益擁有人	340,000,003(L)	10.20
			150,000,003(S)	4.50
中國石油化工股份有限公司		實益擁有人	210,000,000(L)	6.30
GAIL (India) Limited		實益擁有人	210,000,000(L)	6.30
Oman Oil Company, S.A.O.C.		實益擁有人	237,567,060(L)	7.13

L: 好倉 S: 短倉

附註:

- 1. 許秀蘭女士被視為擁有其配偶劉先生(本公司董事總經理)持有之股份權益。
- 2. 於二零零五年三月八日,海峽與劉先生訂立一項買賣協議,據此,劉先生同意出售而海峽同意購買190,000,000股股份,買賣共分五次進行,現金代價總值330,000,000港元。交易詳情載於本公司於二零零五年三月九日刊發之公佈內。於二零零七年三月三十一日,其中71,500,000股股份之買賣交易已告完成,有待買賣股份之餘數為118,500,000股。

該等340,000,003股股份乃指由海峽實益擁有之221,500,003股股份及海峽同意將向劉先生購入之118,500,000股股份。

除上文所披露者外,於二零零九年三月三十一日,本公司董事及行政總裁概不知悉任何人士(本公司董事及行政總裁除外)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有或被視為擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文必須向本公司及聯交所披露之權益或短倉,或直接或間接擁有5%或以上之任何類別股本面值(附有在一切情況下於本集團任何成員公司之股東大會上投票的權利)。

董事之重要合約權益

除二零零九年財務報告中綜合財務報表附註48所述者外,本公司之董事概無於本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立於本年度結束時或本年度任何時間有效之任何重大合約中,直接或間接擁有重大權益。

主要客戶及供應商

本集團五大客戶佔本集團營業額少於30%。本集團五大供應商之採購額總和共佔本集團總採購額 32.8%,而最大供應商則約佔9.2%。

年內概無任何董事、董事之聯繫人士或就董事所知擁有本公司股本5%以上之股東於本集團五大供應 商擁有任何實益權。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

年內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

薪酬政策

本集團高級管理層之薪酬政策乃由薪酬委員會按其貢獻、資格及才幹等基準釐定。

本公司董事之薪酬乃由薪酬委員會決定,並已計及本公司之業績、個別表現及市場上可比較數據。

本公司已採納購股權計劃,作為董事及合資格僱員之獎勵,關於該計劃之詳情載於二零零九年財務報告中綜合財務報表附註48。

優先購買權

根據本公司之公司細則或百慕達公司法,並無任何規定本公司按比例向現有股東發售新股份之優先購買權條文。

獨立非執行董事之委任

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條有關其獨立性之每年確認函。本公司認為,所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

維持足夠公眾持股量

本公司於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度內已一直維持足夠公眾持股量。

結算日後事項

結算日後發生之重要事項詳情載於二零零九年財務報告中綜合財務報表附註49。

核數師

在股東週年大會上將提呈一項決議案,續聘德勤。關黃陳方會計師行為本公司之核數師。

代表董事會

劉明輝

董事總經理

二零零九年七月二十一日

公司資料

董事會

執行董事

李小雲(主席)徐鷹(副主席)

劉明輝(董事總經理)

朱偉偉

馬金龍

非執行董事

馮卓志

山縣丞

R. K. Goel

金重皓

William Rackets

獨立非執行董事

趙玉華

毛二萬

黃倩如

公司秘書

楊紉桐

核數師

德勤·關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師

主要往來銀行

恒生銀行

大新銀行

國家開發銀行

中國工商銀行

中國農業銀行

中國銀行

中國交通銀行

中國建設銀行

總辦事處及香港主要營業地點

香港灣仔

告士打道151號

國衞中心16樓1601室

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House

2 Church Street

Hamilton HM11

Bermuda

主要股份登記及過戶辦事處

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited

Rosebank Centre

11 Bermudiana Road

Pembroke HM 08

Bermuda

香港股份登記及過戶辦事處

香港中央證券登記有限公司

香港灣仔皇后大道東183號

合和中心17樓1712-16室

股份編號

384

網址

www.chinagasholdings.com.hk

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Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告書

Deloitte.

德勤

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA GAS HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Gas Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 3 to 108, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at March 31, 2009, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

列位股東

致中國燃氣控股有限公司

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師行已完成審核第3至第108頁所載中國燃氣控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零零九年三月三十一日的綜合資產負債表、截至該日止年度之綜合收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表、以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註解釋。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》編製及真實而公平地列報該等綜合財務報表。這責任包括設計、實施及維護與編製及真實而公平地列報綜合財務報表相關的內部控制,以使財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述;選擇和應用適當的會計政策;及按情況下作出合理的會計估計。

核數師的責任

本行的責任是根據本行的審核對綜合財務報表作出意見,並根據百慕達公司法第90條只向作為法人團體的股東報告。除此以外,本行的報告書不可用作其他用途。本行概不會就本報告書的內容,對任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。本行已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則進行審核。這些準則要求本行遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行審核,以合理確定此等綜合財務報表是否不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載金額及披露資料的審核憑證。所選定的程序取決於核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存有重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風險時,核數師考慮與該公司編製及真實而公平地列報綜合財務報表相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審核程序,但並非為對公司的內部控制的效能發表意見。審核亦包括評價董事所採用的會計政策的合適性及所作出的會計估計的合理性,以及評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式。

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2009 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong July 21, 2009 本行相信,本行所獲得的審核憑證是充足和適當地為 本行的審核意見提供基礎。

意見

本核數師行認為綜合財務報表均已根據香港財務報告 準則真實及公平地反映貴集團於二零零九年三月三十 一日之財務狀況及貴集團截至該日止年度之溢利和現 金流量,並已按照香港公司條例之披露資料規定而妥 善編製。

德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行

執業會計師 香港 二零零九年七月二十一日

Consolidated Income Statement 綜合收益表

		Note 附註	2009 二零零九年 HK\$′000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
Revenue Cost of sales	收入 銷售成本	7	6,323,823 (4,894,474)	2,552,075 (1,805,956)
Gross profit Other income Distribution costs Administrative expenses Change in fair value of investment properties Change in fair value of held-for-trading investments Impairment loss recognised on available-for-sale investments Impairment loss on amounts due from customers for contract work Allowance for trade and other receivables Finance costs Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments Discounts on acquisition of an associate, a jointly	毛利 其他收益 分銷成本 行政開支 投資物業之公平值變動 持作買賣投資之公平值變動 確認可供出售之投資之 減值虧損 應收客戶約工程款項之 減值虧損 貿易應收賬項撥備 財務費用 衍生金融工具之公平值變動 收購聯營公司、共同控制	9 10 30	(4,034,744) 1,429,349 225,756 (330,414) (468,475) 5,726 (23,843) (14,947) (36,864) (53,883) (409,800) (366,320)	(1,003,530) 746,119 188,726 (110,296) (342,556) 85,825 (1,232) - (79,623) (57,190) (240,029) (166,884)
controlled entity and business Share of results of associates	實體及業務之折讓 應佔聯營公司之業績	11 20	236,262 12,884	40,476 138,013
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前溢利 税項	12	205,431 (71,472)	201,349 (13,778)
Profit for the year Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Minority interests	本年度溢利 歸屬: 本公司股東 少數股東權益	13	133,959 103,679 30,280 133,959	187,571 141,059 46,512 187,571
Dividends paid	已付股息	15	39,997	38,619
Earnings per share Basic	每股盈利 基本	16	HK3.11 cents港仙	HK4.39 cents港仙
Diluted	攤薄		HK2.93 cents港仙	HK3.85 cents港仙

Consolidated Balance Sheet 綜合資產負債表

At March 31, 2009 於二零零九年三月三十一日

	Note 附註	二零零九年 HK\$′000 千港元	二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
Non-current assets 非流動資產			
Investment properties 投資物業	17	295,127	219,100
Property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備	18	9,239,775	5,566,276
Prepaid lease payments 預付租賃款項	19	869,075	397,301
Interests in associates	20	1,006,332	214,291
Available-for-sale investments 可供出售之投資	22	41,995	18,376
Goodwill 商譽	23	633,620	429,422
Other intangible assets 其他無形資產 Deposits for acquisition of property, plant and 收購物業、廠房及	24	320,297	318,821
equipment 設備按金		276,197	128,492
Prepayment for acquisition of a subsidiary 收購附屬公司及聯營公司			
and an associate 之預付款項	44(i)	63,218	566,988
Loan receivable 應收貸款	26	-	15,000
Amounts due from associates 應收聯營公司款項	31	68,966	-
Deferred tax assets	39	56,890	34,203
		12,871,492	7,908,270
Current assets 流動資產			
Inventories 存貨	27	540,898	285,530
Amounts due from customers for contract work 應收客戶之合約工程款項	28	219,993	283,426
Trade and other receivables 貿易應收賬款及其他			
應收賬項	29	1,285,698	935,715
Derivative financial instruments	30	1,261	10,976
Amounts due from associates 應收聯營公司款項	31	243,250	158,617
Prepaid lease payments 預付租賃款項	19	16,173	6,878
Held-for-trading investments持作買賣投資Pledged bank deposits已抵押銀行存款	32	11,544	42,074
Pledged bank deposits 已抵押銀行存款 Bank balances and cash 銀行結存及現金	33 33	847,759	164,597
Ddlik Ddidlices dilu Cdsii	33	2,048,698	1,510,044
		5,215,274	3,397,857
Current liabilities 流動負債	_		
Trade and other payables 貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬式		2,603,313	1,348,652
Derivative financial instruments	30	782	4,264
Amounts due to customers for contract work 應付客戶之合約工程款項	28	121,743	12,247
Taxation 税項 组织 A sand a though a sand a s		51,733	15,072
Bank and other borrowings – 銀行及其他借貸一	35	3,103,855	157,061
Convertible bonds 可換股債券	38	3,103,033	14,334
CONTRAINE BOILDS	50	5,881,426	1,551,630
Net current (liabilities) assets		(666,152)	1,846,227
Total assets less current liabilities 總資產減流動負債		12,205,340	9,754,497

Consolidated Balance Sheet 綜合資產負債表

At 31 March 2009 於二零零九年三月三十一日

		Note 附註	2009 二零零九年 HK\$′000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
Equity	權益			
Share capital	股本	36	33,336	33,314
Reserves	儲備		3,189,934	3,107,258
Equity attributable to equity holders of the	歸屬本公司股東之權益			
Company			3,223,270	3,140,572
Minority interests	少數股東權益		794,001	545,435
Total equity	權益總額		4,017,271	3,686,007
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	30	360,087	_
Amount due to a minority shareholder of	應付附屬公司少數股東款項			
a subsidiary		37	356,591	339,092
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸			
– due after one year	一於一年後到期	35	7,194,067	5,624,454
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	38	14,823	-
Deferred taxation	遞延税項	39	262,501	104,944
			8,188,069	6,068,490
			12,205,340	9,754,497

The consolidated financial statements on pages 3 to 108 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on July 21, 2009 and are signed on its behalf by:

第3頁至第108頁之綜合財務報表已由董事會於二零零 九年七月二十一日批准及授權發行並由下列董事代表 簽署:

XU YING 徐鷹 DIRECTOR 董事 LIU MING HUI 劉明輝 DIRECTOR 董事

Consolidated Statement Of Changes In Equity 綜合權益變動表

For The Year Ended March 31, 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

Attributable to equity holders of the Company 歸屬本公司股東

	_	跨屬學公刊版末											
		Share capital		Employee share-based ompensation reserve 僱員股份	Translation reserve	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估	Properties revaluation reserve 物業重估	Special reserve	Statutory funds	Accumulated profits	Total	Minority interests 少數股東	Total
		股本	股份溢價	報酬儲備	匯兑儲備	放見至旧 儲備	協備	特別儲備	法定基金	累計溢利	總計	タ 放放木 権益	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At April 1, 2007	於二零零七年四月一日	30,962	1,442,638	42,875	119,592	(7,899)	1,601	1,602	15,621	711,557	2,358,549	334,256	2,692,805
Increase in fair value of available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資之 公平值增加	-	-	-	-	591	-	-	_	-	591	-	591
Exchange gain on translation	匯兑收益	-	-	-	164,098	-	-	-	-	-	164,098	35,159	199,257
Net income recognised directly in equity Release upon disposal	直接於權益確認之 收入淨額 於出售可供出售	-	-	-	164,098	591	-	-	-	-	164,689	35,159	199,848
of available-for-sale investments	投資時解除				_	(1,144)	_	_	_	_	(1,144)	_	(1,144)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	=	-	-	(1,177)	-	-	-	141,059	141,059	46,512	187,571
Total recognised income for the year	本年度確認收入總額	-	-	-	164,098	(553)	-	-	-	141,059	304,604	81,671	386,275
Recognition of equity-settled share based	確認按股本結付之股份 形式付款												
payments	/= Idan# on Ida	-	-	6,458	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,458	-	6,458
Exercise of share options	行使購股權	570	41,140	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	41,710	_	41,710
Exercise of subscription	行使認購權	5.0	11,110								11,710		,
rights Conversion of	轉換可換股債券	70	7,826	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,896	-	7,896
convertible bonds	特换引换恢复分	1,712	458,262	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	459,974	_	459,974
Acquisitions of	收購附屬公司												
subsidiaries Capital contribution from minority	附屬公司少數股東出資	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	82,391	82,391
shareholders of subsidiaries Acquisition of	增購附屬公司權益	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	91,815	91,815
additional interest in a subsidiary	Marie 2012 Sept. 1 1 December 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(429)	(429)
Dividends paid by subsidiaries to its minority	附屬公司派付少數 股東之股息												_(
shareholders		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(44,269)	(44,269)
Dividends paid	已付股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1071	(38,619)	(38,619)	-	(38,619)
ransfer At March 31, 2008,	轉撥 於二零零八年三月三十一日	-	-		-	-			62,073	(62,073)	-	-	_
as restated	(重列)	33,314	1,949,866	49,333	283,690	(8,452)	1,601	1,602	77,694	751,924	3,140,572	545,435	3,686,007

Consolidated Statement Of Changes In Equity 綜合權益變動表

For The Year Ended March 31, 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

Attributable to equity holders of the Company 歸屬本公司股東

						四月二	4 可以小						
		Share capital 股本	Share of premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000	Employee share-based ompensation reserve 僱員股份 報酬儲備 HK\$'000	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000	reserve 投資重估 儲備 HK\$'000	Properties revaluation reserve 物業重估 儲備 HK\$'000	Special reserve 特別儲備 HK\$'000	funds 法定基金 HK\$'000	Accumulated profits 累計溢利 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000	Minority interests 少數股東 權益 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At April 1, 2008, as restated	於二零零八年四月一日 (重列)	33,314	1,949,866	49,333	283,690	(8,452)	1,601	1,602	77,694	751,924	3,140,572	545,435	3,686,007
Decrease in fair value of available-for-sale investments Impairment loss recognised on available-for-sale	可供出售投資之 公平值減少 確認可供出售投資之 減值虧損	-	-	-	-	(6,495)	-	-	-	-	(6,495)	-	(6,495)
investments Exchange gain on		-	-	-	-	14,947	-	-	-	-	14,947	-	14,947
translation	匯兑收益	-	-	-	1,863	-	-	-	-	-	1,863	11,130	12,993
Net income recognised directly in equity Profit for the year	直接於權益確認之 收入淨額 本年度溢利	-	-	-	1,863	8,452 -	-	-	- -	- 103,679	10,315 103,679	11,130 30,280	21,445 133,959
Total recognised income for the year	本年度確認收入總額	-	-	-	1,863	8,452	-	-	-	103,679	113,994	41,410	155,404
Recognition of equity-settled share based payments	確認按股本結付之 股份形式付款	-	-	6,981	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,981	-	6,981
Exercise of share options Acquisitions of subsidiaries	行使購股權 收購附屬公司	22 -	1,698 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,720 -	240,042	1,720 240,042
Capital contribution from minority shareholders of subsidiaries	附屬公司少數股東出資	_	_	-	_	_	_		_	_	_	14,175	14,175
Dividends paid by subsidiaries to its minority shareholders	附屬公司派付少數 股東之股息	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(47,061)	(47,061)
Dividends paid Transfer	已付股息 轉撥	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 34,216	(39,997) (34,216)	(39,997) -	-	(39,997)
At March 31, 2009	於二零零九年三月三十一日	33,336	1,951,564	56,314	285,553	-	1,601	1,602	111,910	781,390	3,223,270	794,001	4,017,271

Note: The special reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the acquired subsidiaries and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition at the time of the group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares in 1995.

The statutory funds are reserves required by the relevant laws of the People's Republic of China, other than Hong Kong (the "PRC"), applicable to the Company's PRC subsidiaries.

附註:本集團之特別儲備乃指本公司所收購附屬公司之股份 面值與本公司股份於一九九五年上市前進行集團重組 期間收購附屬公司而發行之股份之面值二者之差額。

法定基金乃中華人民共和國(「中國」,就此而言不包括香港)適用於本公司中國附屬公司之有關法例所規定設有之儲備。

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 綜合現金流量表

		2009 二零零九年	2008 二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(Restated)
			(重列)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務		
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	205,431	201,349
Adjustments for:	經以下調整:		
Change in fair value of investment properties	投資物業之公平值變動	(5,726)	(85,825)
Net gain on disposal of available-for-sale	出售可供出售之投資之		
investments	淨收益	-	(1,144)
Impairment loss recognised on	確認可供出售之投資		
available-for-sale investments	減值虧損	14,947	-
Impairment loss on amounts due	應收客戶之合約工程款項 減值虧損	26.064	70.622
from customers for contract work Allowance for trade and other receivables		36,864 53,883	79,623 57,190
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	333,914	189,383
Release of prepaid lease payments	發還預付租賃款項	20,614	8,401
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	12,685	7,936
Loss on disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備虧損	12,000	.,
and equipment		27,564	8,253
Interest expense	利息開支	409,800	240,029
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績	(12,884)	(138,013)
Discount on acquisition of additional interest	增購附屬公司權益之折讓		
in a subsidiary		-	(108)
Discounts on acquisition of an associate, a jointly	收購聯營公司、共同控制實體 		,
controlled entity and business	及業務之折讓	(236,262)	(40,476)
Share-based payments	以股份形式付款 利息收入	6,981	6,458
Interest income Change in fair value of derivative financial	初忌收入 衍生金融工具之公平值變動	(59,290)	(54,712)
instruments	工业概工共之厶 直交到	366,320	166,884
Net exchange gain	匯兑收益淨額	(63,366)	-
		(00,000,	
Operating cash flows before movements in	營運資金變動前之		645.220
working capital Decrease (increase) in inventories	經營業務現金流 存貨減少(增加)	1,111,475	645,228
Decrease (increase) in inventories Decrease in amounts due from customers	传真减少(增加) 應收客戶之合約工程款項減少	55,114	(113,670)
contract work		26,668	108,642
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項減少(增加)	142,284	(175,949)
Decrease in held-for-trading investments	持作買賣投資減少	23,843	15,767
(Decrease) increase in trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項(減少)增加	(379,170)	177,576
Increase in amounts due to customers for	應付客戶之合約工程款項增加		
contract work		105,720	6,526
Cash from operations	經營業務產生現金	1,085,934	664,120
PRC Enterprise Income Tax paid	已付中國企業所得税	(62,553)	(32,472)
		(1 /1 1 2 /	(= , :: =)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING	經營業務所得現金淨額	1 022 204	621.640
ACTIVITIES		1,023,381	631,648

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 綜合現金流量表

		Note 附註	2009 二零零九年 HK\$′000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動			
Interest received	已收利息		59,290	54,712
Repayment of loan receivable	償還應收貸款		15,000	- J 1,7 12
Increase in amounts due from associates	應收聯營公司款項增加		(58,915)	(119,523)
Deposits paid for acquisition of property,	收購物業、廠房及設備已付按金			, , ,
plant and equipment			(277,606)	(128,492)
Decrease (increase) in pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款減少(增加)		33,530	(135,180)
Purchase of additional interest in a subsidiary	增購附屬公司權益		-	(321)
Addition of property, plant and equipment	添置物業、廠房及設備		(1,423,094)	(1,093,762)
Addition of prepaid lease payments	添置預付租賃款項		(40,075)	(95,206)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項			
equipment			1,536	4,486
Acquisition of assets in subsidiaries, net of cash	收購附屬公司資産・扣除收購之			
and cash equivalents acquired	現金及現金等值項目	40	(28,358)	1,641
Acquisition of jointly controlled entities, net of	收購共同控制實體,扣除收購之			
cash and cash equivalents acquired	現金及現金等值項目	41	(20,042)	(88,923)
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash and cash	收購業務,扣除收購之現金及	40	(2.2. 2.2.)	(500.550)
equivalents acquired	現金等值項目	42	(241,485)	(532,668)
Acquisition of an associate	收購聯營公司 中世界標準深		(3,301)	(157.065)
Capital injection into a jointly controlled entity	向共同控制實體注資		-	(157,965)
Prepayment for acquisition of a subsidiary and an associate	收購附屬公司及聯營公司之 預付款項			(206 722)
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale	出售可供出售之投資之所得款項		_	(286,733)
investments	山台可以山台之汉真之所付款块		_	5,570
				<u> </u>
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所用現金淨額		(1,983,520)	(2,572,364)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動			
Interest paid	已付利息		(360,066)	(238,790)
Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares	發行普通股之所得款項		1,720	49,606
Dividends paid	已付股息		(39,997)	(38,619)
New bank and other borrowings raised	新籌得銀行及其他借貸		3,894,133	2,944,169
Repayments of bank and other borrowings	償還銀行及其他借貸		(2,015,180)	(906,875)
Advance from (repayments to) a minority shareholder of a subsidiary	獲(向)附屬公司之少數股東墊款(還款)	5,806	(6,716)
Capital contribution from minority interests of subsidiaries	附屬公司少數股東出資		14,175	91,815
Dividend paid by subsidiaries to its minority	附屬公司派付少數股東之股息		.7,175	71,015
shareholders			(47,061)	(44,269)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM FINANCING	融資活動所得現金淨額			
ACTIVITIES	陈良 <u>/山</u> 期/川 诗·		1,453,530	1,850,321
ACTIVITES			1,73,330	1,00,0,0

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 綜合現金流量表

		2009 二零零九年 HK\$′000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值項目之增加 (減少)淨額	493,391	(90,395)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	年初之現金及現金等值項目	1,510,044	1,482,930
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	匯率變動之影響	45,263	117,509
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	年終之現金及現金等值項目	2,048,698	1,510,044
ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Bank balances and cash	現金及現金等值項目結餘分析 銀行結餘及現金	2,048,698	1,510,044

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For The Year Ended March 31, 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL

HKAS 39 & HKFRS 7

The Company is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of its registered office and principal place of business are disclosed in the section headed "Corporate Information" of the Group's annual report.

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out note 50.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is Renminbi ("RMB"). As the Company is a listed entity in Hong Kong, the directors consider that it is appropriate to present the consolidated financial statements in HK\$.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments and interpretations ("New HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), which are or have become effective for the Group's financial year beginning April 1, 2008.

Reclassification of financial assets

(Amendments)	
HK(IFRIC) – INT 12	Service concession arrangements
HK(IFRIC) – INT 14	HKAS 19 – The limit on a defined benefit asset, minimum funding requirement:
	and their interaction

The adoption of these New HKFRSs had no material effect on how the results and financial position for the current or prior accounting years have been prepared and presented. Accordingly, no prior year adjustment has been required.

1. 一般資料

本公司於百慕達註冊成立為一間獲豁免有限公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。本公司之註冊辦事處及主要營業地點於本集團年報[公司資料]一節內披露。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本公司主要附屬公司之業務載於附註50。

綜合財務報表乃以港元列示,而本公司及其附屬公司之功能貨幣則為人民幣(「人民幣」)。由於本公司為香港上市之實體,董事認為以港元呈列綜合財務報表乃屬恰當之舉。

2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)

於本年度,本集團首次採納以下由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈於二零零八年一月一日開始之財政年度起生效的修訂及詮釋(「新香港財務報告準則」)。

香港會計準則第39號及 香港財務報告準則第7號 (修訂) 香港國際財務報告詮釋委員會 一詮釋12 香港國際財務報告詮釋委員會 一詮釋14 一對界定利益 資產、最低資金

採納新香港財務報告準則對本集團本年度或過往 會計年度的業績及財務狀況的編製及呈列並無重 大影響。因此,毋須就過往年度作出調整。

規定及其互動的限制

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective.

HKFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to HKFRSs 2008 ¹
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 ²
HKAS 1 (Revised) HKAS 23 (Revised) HKAS 27 (Revised)	Presentation of financial statements ³ Borrowing costs ³ Consolidated and separate financial statements ⁴
HKAS 32 & 1 (Amendments)	Puttable financial instruments and obligations arising on liquidation ³
HKAS 39 (Amendment) HKFRS 1	Eligible hedged items ⁴ First-time adoption of financial reporting standards ⁴
HKFRS 1 & HKAS 27 (Amendments)	Cost of an investment in a subsidiary, jointly controlled entity or associate ³
HKFRS 2 (Amendment) HKFRS 3 (Revised) HKFRS 7 (Amendment)	Vesting conditions and cancellations ³ Business combinations ⁴ Improving disclosures about financial instruments ³
HKFRS 8 HK(IFRIC) – INT 9 & HKAS 39 (Amendments)	Operating segments ³ Embedded derivatives ⁵
HK(IFRIC) – INT 13	Customer loyalty programmes ⁶
HK(IFRIC) – INT 15	Agreements for the construction of real estate ³
HK(IFRIC) – INT 16	Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation ⁷
HK(IFRIC) – INT 17	Distribution of non-cash assets to owners ⁴
HK(IFRIC) – INT 18	Transfer of assets from customers ⁸

- Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2009 except the amendments to HKFRS 5, effective for accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2009.
- ² Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2009, July 1, 2009 and January 1, 2010, as appropriate.
- Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2009.
- Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2009.
- Effective for accounting periods ending on or after June 30, 2009.
- ⁶ Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2008.
- ⁷ Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after October 1, 2008.
- ⁸ Effective for transfers on or after July 1, 2009.

2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

本集團並無提早採納以下已頒佈但未生效的新訂 及經修訂準則、修訂或詮釋。

香港財務報告準則(修訂)	對二零零八年香港財務 報告準則的改進 ¹
# N	18 1 7 17 17 17 10 1
香港財務報告準則(修訂)	對二零零九年香港財務
	報告準則的改進2
香港會計準則第1號(經修訂)	財務報表的呈列³
香港會計準則第23號(經修訂)	借貸成本 ³
香港會計準則第27號(經修訂)	綜合及個別財務報表4
香港會計準則第32號及第1號	可贖回金融工具及
(修訂)	清盤產生之責任3
香港會計準則第39號(修訂)	合資格對沖項目4
香港財務報告準則第1號	首次採納財務報告準則
香港財務報告準則第1號及	於附屬公司、共同控制
香港會計準則第27號	實體或聯營公司的
(修訂)	投資成本3
香港財務報告準則第2號(修訂)	歸屬條件及註銷3
香港財務報告準則第3號(經修訂)	業務合併4
香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂)	改善金融工具的披露3
香港財務報告準則第8號	經營分部3
香港國際財務報告詮釋委員會	附帶衍生工具5
一詮釋9及香港會計準則第39號	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
(修訂)	
香港國際財務報告詮釋委員會 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	客戶忠誠計劃6
香港國際財務報告詮釋委員會	就建造房地產之協議3
計 計 計 計 計 計 計 計	314 X L X L / 3 - C L / L / L / L / L / L / L / L / L / L
香港國際財務報告詮釋委員會	對海外業務之淨投資
- 詮釋16	進行對沖7
香港國際財務報告詮釋委員會	向擁有人分派非現金
- 計 - 計 27	資產4
香港國際財務報告詮釋委員會	轉讓客戶資產8
- 詮釋18	

- · 由二零零九年一月一日或之後開始之會計期間生效,惟對香港財務報告準則第5號的修訂,則由二零零九年七月一日或之後開始之會計期間生效
- 2 由二零零九年一月一日、二零零九年七月一日及二零一零年一月一日(如適用)或之後開始之會計期間生效
- 3 由二零零九年一月一日或之後開始之會計期 間生效
- 4 由二零零九年七月一日或之後開始之會計期 間生效
- 5 由二零零九年六月三十日或之後結束之會計 期間生效
- 6 由二零零八年七月一日或之後開始之會計期 間生效
- 7 由二零零八年十月一日或之後開始之會計期 間生效
- 8 轉讓於二零零九年七月一日或之後生效

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

The adoption of HKFRS 3 (Revised) may affect the Group's accounting for business combination for which the acquisition date is on or after April 1, 2010. HKAS 27 (Revised) will affect the accounting treatment for changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary. The directors of the Company are still assessing the potential impact of the above new and revised standards and have not yet quantified the potential impact.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment properties and certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Minority interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein. Minority interests in the net assets consist of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and the minority's share of changes in equity since the date of the combination. Losses applicable to the minority in excess of the minority's interest in the subsidiary's equity are allocated against the interests of the Group except to the extent that the minority has a binding obligation and is able to make an additional investment to cover the losses.

2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |)(續)

採納香港財務報告準則第3號(經修訂)可能影響 收購日期為二零一零年四月一日或之後之有關業 務合併之會計處理。香港會計準則第27號(經修 訂)將影響本集團於附屬公司之權益變動之會計處 理。本公司董事仍在評估上述新訂及經修訂準則 之潛在影響,惟尚未確定有關潛在影響。

3. 重大會計政策

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會所頒佈之香 港財務報告準則編製。此外,綜合財務報表包括 聯交所證券上市規則及香港公司條例所規定之適 用披露事項。

除投資物業及若干金融工具按公平值計量(參見下 文會計政策的解釋)外,綜合財務報表乃按歷史成 本基準編製。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及受本公司控制實體(其 附屬公司)之財務報表。當本公司有權規管實體之 財務及經營政策以從其業務獲取利益時,則屬擁 有控制權。

年內收購或出售之附屬公司之業績由收購生效日期起及於截至出售生效日期止(以適用者為準)計入綜合收益表。

如有需要,本集團會對附屬公司之財務報表作出 調整,使其會計政策與本集團其他成員公司所採 用者保持一致。

所有本集團內公司間之交易、結餘、收入及開支 已於綜合賬目時對銷。

綜合附屬公司淨資產內的少數股東所佔權益與本 集團所佔的權益分開呈列。資產淨值中之少數股 東權益包括該等權益於原本業務合併日期的數額 及少數股東應佔該合併日期以後的股本權益變 動。適用於少數股東的虧損超出於附屬公司股權 的少數股東權益的數額將與本集團的權益作出分配,惟少數股東具約束力責任及可以額外投資補 足虧損者除外。 At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary

On acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary, goodwill is calculated as the difference between the consideration paid for the additional interest and the carrying amount of the net assets of the businesses attributable to the additional interest acquired. If the Group's additional interest in the net assets of the subsidiaries exceeds the consideration paid for the additional interest, the excess is recognised as income in the consolidated income statement.

Business combinations

The acquisition of businesses is accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of the acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the conditions for recognition under HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations" are recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognised as an asset and initially measured at cost, being the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised. If, after reassessment, the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceeds the cost of the business combination, the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The interest of minority shareholders in the acquiree initially measured at the minority's proportion of the net fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised.

Goodwill

Capitalised goodwill arising on acquisitions prior to April 1, 2005

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of net assets or businesses or a jointly controlled entity for which the agreement date is before April 1, 2005 represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the relevant acquiree at the date of acquisition.

For previously capitalised goodwill arising on acquisitions of net assets and operations another entity or a jointly controlled entity before April 1, 2005, the Group has discontinued amortisation from April 1, 2005 onwards, and such goodwill is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the cash generating unit to which the goodwill relates may be impaired.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

收購附屬公司之額外權益

收購附屬公司額外權益時,商譽乃按就額外權益 支付代價與所收購額外權益應佔業務之資產淨值 之賬面值間之差額計算。倘本集團於附屬公司資 產淨值之額外權益超逾就額外權益支付之代價, 則超出款項於綜合收益表確認為收入。

業務合併

收購業務乃以購買法計算。收購之成本乃按交換日期本集團指定資產、所產生或所承擔之負債及作為交換以控制被收購人而發行之權益性工具之公平值,加上業務合併之任何直接應佔成本之總和計量。被收購人可識別且符合香港財務報告準則第3號「業務合併」之確認條件之資產、負債及或然負債乃以彼等於收購日期之公平值確認。

因收購所產生之商譽乃確認為資產,並初步按成本計量,即業務合併之成本超出本集團於已確認之可識別資產、負債及或然負債之淨公平值中之權益之部份。倘於重新評估後,本集團於被收購人之可識別資產、負債及或然負債之淨公平值中之權益超出業務合併之成本,則超出部份即時於損益賬內確認。

少數股東於被收購人中之權益乃初步按少數股東於已確認之資產、負債及或然負債之淨公平值中之比例計量。

商譽

於二零零五年四月一日前因收購所產生之已資 本化商譽

收購資產或業務或共同控制實體產生之商譽(而協議日期為二零零五年四月一日前)指收購成本超逾本集團於收購日期在有關被收購人之已識別資產及負債中所佔公平值之數。

對於原先於二零零五年四月一日前因收購資產值 及經營實體或共同控制實體所產生之已資本化商 譽·本集團自二零零五年四月一日起不再繼續攤 銷·而有關商譽每年及凡商譽有關之賺取現金單 位有可能出現減值之跡象時進行減值測試。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Goodwill (continued)

Capitalised goodwill arising on acquisitions on or after April 1, 2005

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of a business or a jointly controlled entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the relevant business or jointly controlled entity at the date of acquisition. Such goodwill is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

On acquisition of additional interest in businesses, the excess of the fair value of the consideration over the carrying values of the underlying assets and liabilities attributable to the additional interest in businesses acquired by the Group are recognised as goodwill.

Capitalised goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business or a jointly controlled entity is presented separately in the consolidated balance sheet.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on acquisition in a financial year, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in the consolidated income statement. An impairment loss for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent periods.

On subsequent disposal of a business or a jointly controlled entity, the attributable amount of goodwill capitalised is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

Interests in associates

An associate is an entity over which the investor has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, interests in associates are carried in the consolidated balance sheet at cost as adjusted for post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the associate, less any identified impairment loss. When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. An additional share of losses is provided for and a liability is recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

商譽(續)

於二零零五年四月一日或其後因收購所產生之 已資本化商譽

收購業務或共同控制實體產生之商譽乃指收購成 本超逾本集團於收購當日應佔相關業務或共同控 制實體可識別資產、負債及或然負債公平淨值之 權益之差額。有關商譽按成本減任何累計減值虧 損列賬。

於增購業務權益時,代價公平值高出本集團所收 購業務之額外權益應佔之相關資產及負債賬面值 的數額乃確認為商譽。

收購業務或共同控制實體所產生之已資本化商譽 於綜合資產負債表個別呈列為無形資產。

就減值測試而言,商譽分派到預期從收購之協同效應中獲利之收購所產生的各個賺取現金單位或賺取現金組別。獲分派商譽之賺取現金單位按年或當有跡象顯示單位可能出現減值時測試減值。於某個財政年度因收購產生的商籍,其所屬的當期現金單位會於該財政年度完結前測試減值。賺取現金單位之可收回金額少於單位之賬面值值,則首先將減值虧損分派,扣減首先分派到該單位的任何商譽的賬面值按比例分配至單位的其他資產。商譽確認的賬面值按比例分配至單位的其他資產。就商譽確認之減值虧損均直接於綜合收益表確認。就商譽確認之減值虧損於其後期間不予撥回。

出售一項業務或一家共同控制實體時,已資本化 商譽之應佔金額乃計入釐定出售收益或虧損之金 額內。

於聯營公司之權益

聯營公司乃投資者對其具有重大影響力而並非附 屬公司亦非合營權益之實體。

聯營公司之業績及資產負債乃按權益會計法納入 綜合財務報表內。根據權益會計法,於聯營公司之權益乃按成本另就本集團攤佔聯營公司之資產 淨值變動於收購後之變動調整,減任何已識別減值虧損,於綜合資產負債表列賬。當本譽公司之虧損等於或超過其於該聯營公司之虧損等於或超過其於該聯營公司之虧損等於或超過其於該聯營公司的投資淨額之一部份之任何長期權益),本集團不再確認其攤佔之進一步虧損。額外攤佔虧損會提撥準備及確認負債,惟僅以本集團已招致之法定或推定責任或代表該聯營公司支付之款項為限。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Interests in associates (continued)

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill. The goodwill is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is assessed for impairment as part of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate

Investments in jointly controlled entities

Joint venture arrangements that involve the establishment of a separate entity in which venturers have joint control over the economic activity of the entity are referred to as jointly controlled entities.

The Group recognises its interests in jointly controlled entities using proportionate consolidation. The Group's share of each of the assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the jointly controlled entities are combined with the Group's similar line items, line by line, in the consolidated financial statements

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of the Group's interest in a jointly controlled entity is accounted for in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for goodwill arising on the acquisition of a business (see above).

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When a group entity transacts with a jointly controlled entity of the Group, unrealised profits or losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the jointly controlled entity, except to the extent that unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case, the full amount of losses is recognised.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Construction contract revenue from gas connection contracts is recognised when the outcome of the contract can be estimated reliably and the stage of completion at the balance sheet date can be measured reliably. Construction contract revenue from gas connection contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the value of work carried out during the year. When the outcome of a construction contract for gas connection contracts cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable to be recoverable.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

於聯營公司之權益(續)

任何收購成本超逾本集團於收購日期確認聯營公司之已識別資產、負債及或然負債中所佔公平值 淨額,均確認為商譽。商譽包括於投資之賬面金額,並會評估減值,作為投資之一部分。

於重估後,任何本集團應佔已識別資產、負債及 或然負債之公平淨額超逾收購成本之金額,則即 時於損益中確認。

倘集團公司與本集團之一間聯營公司進行交易, 則損益以本集團於有關聯營公司中之權益為限對 銷。

於共同控制實體之投資

共同控制實體指合營安排涉及成立一間獨立實體,而合營伙伴對該實體之經濟活動具有共同控制權。

本集團採用比例綜合法確認於共同控制實體的權益。本集團將分佔共同控制實體的各項資產、負債、收益及開支,按類似的分項項目於綜合財務報表內逐行合併。

收購本集團於共同控制實體之權益所產生之任何 商譽乃根據本集團之會計政策作為收購業務所產 生之商譽而列賬(見上文)。

本集團所攤佔可識別資產、負債及或然負債公平 淨值高出收購成本的任何數額,將於重估後隨即 於損益表確認。

倘一集團公司與本集團一共同控制實體交易,未 實現溢利或虧損會按本集團於有關共同控制實體 所持的權益對銷,惟倘未實現虧損顯示須將資產 減值轉撥而要全數確認虧損金額除外。

收入確認

收入按已收或應收代價之公平值計算,並指於一般業務過程中就已售貨品及已提供服務應收之金額,扣除折扣及銷售相關稅項。

燃氣接駁合約之工程合約收入乃於合同之結果得以可靠衡量及於結算日完成階段得以可靠計算時確認。燃氣接駁合約之工程合約收入乃參考年內進行工程之價值,按已完成之百分比之方法確認。倘燃氣接駁合約之工程合約之結果不能可靠衡量,收入僅按產生之可收回合同成本之範圍內確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from sales of natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas ("LPG"), coke and gas appliances are recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Rental income under operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, which include land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods and services or for administrative purposes, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account of their estimated residual value, using the straight-line method.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising from derecognition of the asset is calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and is included in the consolidated income statement in the year in which the item is derecognised.

Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents property, plant and equipment in the course of construction for production or for the Group's own use purposes. Construction in progress is carried at cost less any recognised impairment loss. Construction in progress is classified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation.

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair values using the fair value model. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

天然氣、液化石油氣(「LPG」)、焦煤及燃氣器具 之銷售收入於貨物送抵且物權轉移時確認。

經營租約之租金收入乃按有關租約之年期以直線 基準加以確認。

來自金融資產的利息收入乃根據未償還本金額及 適用的實際利率按時間基準計算。實際利率即按 金融資產預期可使用年期收取之估計未來現金款 項於初步確認時折現至資產賬面淨值之利率。

投資之股息收入於股東收取股息之權利獲確立時加以確認。

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備包括持作生產或供應貨品及服 務或行政用途之土地及樓宇(不包括在建工程), 其按成本減其後累計折舊及累積減值虧損入賬。

折舊撥備乃按物業、廠房及設備項目(不包括在建工程)之估計可使用年期,並考慮其估計剩餘價值後,以直線法撇銷其成本值。

物業、廠房及設備項目會在出售或預期繼續使用 資產不會帶來未來經濟利益時終止確認。終止確 認資產產生之任何收益或虧損乃按資產之出售所 得款項淨額與該項目的賬面值兩者之差額計算, 並在項目終止確認的年度計入綜合收益表。

在建工程

在建工程相當於建造以供生產或本集團本身運用之物業、廠房及設備。在建工程乃按成本減任何已確認減值虧損列賬。當在建工程完成及可供擬定用途,則撥入物業、廠房及設備之適當分類。此等資產以其他物業資產之相同基準,當資產可供擬定用途時開始計算折舊。

投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金或資本增值之物業。

於首次確認時,投資物業按成本(包括任何直接應 佔費用)計量。於初次確認後,投資物業採用公平 值模式按公平值計量。因投資物業之公平值變動 而產生之盈虧於變動產生期間計入損益賬。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment properties (continued)

Leasehold land held for undetermined future use

Leasehold land held for undetermined future use is regarded as held for capital appreciation purpose and classified as an investment property, and carried at fair value. Changes in fair value of the leasehold land are recognised directly in profit or loss for the period in which changes take place.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use or no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the consolidated income statement in the year in which the item is derecognised.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are identified and recognised separately from goodwill when they satisfy the definition of an intangible asset and their fair values can be measured reliably. The cost of such intangible assets is their fair value at the acquisition date.

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Construction contracts

Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, contract costs are charged to the income statement by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the balance sheet date, as measured by reference to the value of work carried out during the year to estimated total costs for the contract.

Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract costs are recognised as expense in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is shown as an amount due from customers for contract work. For contracts where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is shown as an amount due to customers for contract work. Amounts received before the related work is performed are included in the consolidated balance sheet, as a liability, as advances received. Amounts billed for work performed but not yet paid by the customer are included in the consolidated balance sheet under trade and other receivables.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

在建工程(續)

未決定未來用途之租賃土地

未決定未來用途之租賃土地被當作為資本升值目的持有,並分類列作一項投資物業及以公平值列 賬。租賃土地公平值之變動會直接在變動發生期間之損益賬確認。

投資物業乃於出售後或在投資物業永久不再使用 或預期出售該物業不會產生未來經濟利益時取消 確認。於取消確認該資產時產生的任何損益(以出 售所得款項淨額與該資產的賬面值的差額計算)乃 計入於該項目取消確認的年度的綜合收益表內。

無形資產

於業務合併中收購的無形資產

業務合併中所收購之無形資產倘符合無形資產之 定義及彼等之公平值能夠可靠地計量,則與商譽 分開確定及確認。有關無形資產之成本乃有關無 形資產於收購日期之公平值。

於初步確認後,有限定可用年期之無形資產乃按 成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損列賬。有限 定可用年期之無形資產按彼等之估計可使用年期 以直線法予以攤銷。

建造合同

倘建造合同之結果得以可靠估計,合同成本乃參考合同活動於結算日之完成階段(即年內所進行工作之價值佔合同估計成本總額之比例)從收益表中扣除。

倘建造合同之結果未能可靠衡量,合同成本將於 彼等產生之期間作開支確認。

倘合同成本總額可能超逾合同收入時,預期虧損 將立即作開支確認。

倘直至當日所產生之合同成本加已確認溢利減已確認虧損超逾按進度開發賬單之數額,多出之數會被視為應收客戶合約工程款項。倘合約按進度開發賬單之數額超逾直至當日所產生之合同成本加已確認溢利減已確認虧損,多出之數會列作應付客戶合約工程款項。於進行有關工作前已收取之款項於綜合資產負債表計作負債,列作已收按金。若已進行工程並開發賬單但客戶尚未付款,有關金額乃列作綜合資產負債表中的應收貿易賬項及其他應收款項。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Inventories

Inventories, including construction materials, gas appliances and gas for sales, LPG, coke, consumables and spare parts, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs to completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating lease is recognised in the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group as lessee

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Leasehold land and building

The land and building elements of a lease of land and building are considered separately for the purpose of lease classification, unless the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, in which case, the entire lease is generally treated as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment. To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, leasehold interests in land are accounted for as operating leases.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in equity.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

存貨

存貨,包括建築物料,作銷售之燃氣器具及燃氣、LPG、焦煤、消耗品及備件乃按成本及可變現 淨值兩者中較低者入賬。成本按加權平均成本法 計算。可變現淨值指估計在日常業務中之售價減 去完成時之估計成本及進行銷售之估計成本。

租賃

當租賃條款將資產所有權之大部份風險及回報轉讓至承租人,則該等租約均被列為融資租約。所有其他租約乃列作經營租約。

本集團作為出租人

經營租約租金收入乃於綜合收益表按有關租約之 年期以直線法確認。在磋商及安排經營租約時產 生之初期直接成本,乃加入租約資產之賬面值並 於租約年期以直線法確認為開支。

本集團作為承租人

經營租約之應付租金於有關租約期間按直線法於 損益賬扣除。作為促使訂立經營租約之已收及應 收利益,於租約期以直線法確認為租金開支減 幅。

租賃土地及樓宇

土地及樓宇之租賃中的土地及樓宇部份乃於租賃 分類時分開考慮。除非租金無法在土地與樓宇之間作出可靠分配,在此情況,整份租約一般被視為融資租約,並列賬為物業、廠房及設備。倘租 金能可靠地計量,則土地之租賃權益以經營租約 列賬。

外幣

在編製各個別集團公司的財務報表時,以該公司 的功能貨幣以外的貨幣(外幣)計價之交易按交易 日期之匯率以其功能貨幣(即公司經營業務的主要 經濟環境的貨幣)記錄。在每一個結算日,以外幣 為單位之貨幣性項目均按結算日之匯率再換算。

由於結算貨幣性項目及換算貨幣性項目而產生的 匯兑差額,會在其產生的期間在損益賬確認。

再換算按公平值列值的非貨幣性項目所產生的匯 兑差額包括於期間之損益賬,但再換算損益直接 在權益中確認的非貨幣性項目所產生的匯兑差額 除外,在該情況下,匯兑差額亦直接在權益中確 認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollar) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised as a separate component of equity (the translation reserve). Such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme") and state-managed retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in jointly controlled entities, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

於編製綜合財務報表時,本集團實體之資產及負債,按結算日之匯率換算為本集團的列報貨幣(即港元),而其收入及支出則按年內之平均匯率換算,除非匯率在期間內大幅波動,在該情況下,則使用交易日期的匯率。所產生之匯兑差額(如有),將確認為權益的獨立組成部分(匯兑儲備)。該等匯兑差額將於出售有關境外業務的期間內於損益賬確認。

退休福利成本

向強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)及國家管理 退休福利計劃所作供款於僱員已提供服務而有權 獲得供款時支銷。

税項

所得税開支指現時應付税項及遞延税項。

現時應付税項乃按本年度應課稅盈利計算。應課稅盈利與綜合收益表中所報盈利不同,乃由於前者不包括在其他年度應課稅或可扣稅收入及開支,並且不包括從未課稅及扣稅之項目。本集團即期稅項負債以結算日已制訂或實際採用的稅率計算。

遞延税項乃按綜合財務報表資產及負債賬面值及計算應課稅盈利相應稅基差額而確認,並以資產負債表負債法處理。遞延稅項負債通常會就所有應課稅臨時差額確認,而遞延稅項資產乃按可能出現可利用臨時時差扣稅之應課稅盈利時提撥。若於一項交易中,因商譽或因業務合併以外原因開始確認其他資產及負債而引致之臨時時差既不影響應課稅務盈利、亦不影響會計盈利,則不會確認該等資產及負債。

遞延税項負債乃就於附屬公司及聯營公司之投資 以及於共同控制實體之權益產生之應課稅臨時差 額確認,惟本集團可控制臨時差額之撥回及臨時 差額於可見未來將不會撥回除外。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於每個結算日作檢討,並 於沒可能會有足夠應課稅盈利恢復全部或部分資 產價值時作調減。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the liability is settled or the asset realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the profit and loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction on production of qualifying assets, are capitalised as part of the cost of these assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into one of the three categories, including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項乃按預期於負債清償或資產變現年度適 用之税率計算。遞延税項於損益中扣除或計入損 益。惟倘遞延税項直接在股本權益中扣除或計入 股本權益之情況(在此情況下遞延税項亦會於股本 權益中處理)除外。

借貸成本

收購、興建或生產合資格資產應佔的直接借款成本,將資本化作為該等資產的部分成本。將有關借款成本撥充資本於資產已實際上可作擬定用途或銷售時終止。暫時投資特定借貸以待用作合資格資產之開支前所賺取之投資收入乃從合資格資本化之借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本於產生期間在損益確認。

具工癌金

當集團公司成為工具合約條款的一方時,會在資產負債表上確認金融資產及金融負債。金融資產和金融負債在初次確認時會以公平值進行計量。於購置或發行金融資產和金融負債(按公平值計入損益之金融資產及金融負債除外)直接應佔的交易費用在初步確認時計入或扣自各金融資產或金融負債(視何者適用而定)的公平值。直接應佔購置按公平值計入損益之金融資產或金融負債的交易費用立即在損益脹確認。

金融資產

本集團之金融資產分別列入按公平值計入損益之金融資產、貸款和應收款項,及可出售金融資產三項其中一項。所有以一般方式買賣之金融資產均按買賣日期基準確認及終止確認。以一般方式買賣金融資產是指須於市場規管或慣例所設定時限內交付之金融資產買賣。

實際利率法

實際利率法為計算金融資產攤銷成本及分配於有關期間之利息收入之方法。實際利率乃按金融資產之預計年期或適用的較短期間內於初步確認時準確折現估計未來現金收入(包括構成實際利率不可或缺部分之一切即場已付或已收費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)至其賬面淨值之利率。就債務工具而言,收入乃按實際利率基準確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; or
- it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, held-for-trading investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables including loan receivable, amounts due from associates, trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits and bank balances are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as (a) loan and receivable, (b) held to maturity investments or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in equity, until the financial asset is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss.

For available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

按公平值計入損益之金融資產

倘屬下列各項,金融資產乃分類為持作買賣:

- 主要作為近期內出售用途而購入;或
- · 金融資產為本集團共同管理之金融工具確定 組合之一部分及其具短期獲利實際模式;或
- 金融資產為一個衍生產品而非指定及有效用 作對沖工具。

於初步確認後之各結算日,持作買賣投資以公平值計量,而公平值變動於產生期內直接於損益確認。於損益確認之盈虧淨額不包括任何股息或就金融資產賺取之利息。

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項指並非於活躍市場報價而具有固定或可確定付款之非衍生金融資產。於初步確認後之各個結算日,貸款及應收款項(包括應收貸款、應收聯營公司款項、貿易應收賬款及其他應收款項、已質押銀行存款以及銀行結餘)乃利用實際利息法按攤銷成本扣除任何已確定減值虧損列賬(請參閱下文有關金融資產之減值虧損之會計政策)。

可供出售金融資產

可出售金融資產乃被劃定為此類別或並無歸入為以下各項之任何其他類別的非衍生工具:(a)貸款及應收賬款:(b)持有至到期投資:或(c)按公平值計入損益表之金融資產。初步確認後每個結算日,可出售金融資產均以公平值計量。公平值變動在權益中確認,直至金融資產出售或確定為減值為止,屆時,先前在權益中確認的累積損益會從權益中移除,並在損益確認。

就並無活躍市場之市價報價及其公平值未能可靠計算之可供出售之股本投資,以及與該等無報價股本工具有關並須以交付該等工具結算之衍生工具而言,該等可供出售之股本投資及衍生工具於首次確認後之每個結算日按成本值減任何已識別減值虧損計算(請參閱下文有關金融資產之減值虧損之會計政策)。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those classified as held-for-trading, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been impacted.

For an available-for sale equity investment, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of that investment below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

For loans and receivables, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For trade receivables that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include Group's past experience of collecting payments and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When the trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments will not be reversed in profit or loss in subsequent periods. Any increase in fair value subsequent to impairment loss is recognised directly in equity.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產減值

金融資產(分類為持作買賣之金融資產除外)會於 各結算日評估減值跡象。倘有客觀憑證顯示因於 初步確認金融資產後發生之一項或多項事件而令 金融資產之估計未來現金流受到影響,則金融資 產會予以減值。

就可供出售股本投資而言,該投資之公平值大幅 或長期低於其成本可被視為減值之客觀證據。

就貸款及應收款項而言,減值之客觀證據包括:

- 發行人或交易對手出現重大財政困難;或
- 違約或逾期尚未償還利息或本金;或
- 借款人有可能面臨破產或財務重組。

被評估為不會個別減值之貿易應收賬款其後會按整體基準進行減值評估。應收款項組合減值之客觀證據可包括本集團收回款項之過往經驗,以及與拖欠應收款項有關之國家或地區經濟狀況可觀察轉變。

就按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而言,倘有客觀證 據顯示資產已減值時,則會於損益確認減值虧 損,並按資產賬面值與根據原實際利率貼現之估 計未來現金流現值間之差額計量。

就所有金融資產而言,金融資產之賬面值會直接 於金融資產中作出扣減,惟貿易應收賬款除外, 其賬面值會透過撥備賬作出扣減。撥備賬內之賬 面值變動會於損益表中確認。當貿易應收賬款被 視為不可收回時,其將於撥備賬內撇銷。其後收 回之前已撇銷的款項,均計入損益內。

就按已攤銷成本值列賬之金融資產而言,如在隨 後之期間減值虧損金額減少,而有關減少在客觀 上與確認減值虧損後發生之事件有關,則先前已 確認之減值虧損將透過損益予以撥回,惟該資產 於減值被撥回當日之賬面值,不得超過無確認減 值下之已攤銷成本。

可供出售股本投資之減值虧損不會於往後期間撥 回損益。減值虧損後公平值之增加會直接於權益 內確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The Group's financial liabilities are generally classified into financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and other financial liabilities. The accounting policies adopted in respect of financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities including trade and other payables, amount due to a minority shareholder of a subsidiary, bank and other borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Convertible bonds that contain liability component and conversion/redemption option derivatives

Convertible bonds issued by the Group that contain liability and conversion/ redemption option derivatives components are classified separately into respective items on initial recognition. Conversion option derivatives that will be settled other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is a conversion option derivative. The redemption option derivatives represent the redemption at the option of the bond holders before the maturity date. At the date of issue, both the liability and conversion/redemption option components are recognised at fair value.

In subsequent periods, the liability component of the convertible bonds is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The conversion/redemption option derivative is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and conversion/redemption option components in proportion to the allocation of the proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the conversion/redemption option derivatives is charged to profit and loss immediately. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益

集團公司發行的金融負債和股本工具根據所訂立的合約安排的實質內容以及金融負債和股本工具的定義而歸類。

股本工具指能證明擁有本集團資產在減除其所有 負債後的剩餘權益的任何合約。本集團之金融負 債一般歸類為按公平值計入損益之金融資產及其 他金融資產。就金融負債和股本工具採納的會計 政策載於下文。

實際利率法

實際利率法為計算金融負債攤銷成本及分配於有關期間之利息開支之方法。實際利率乃按金融負債之預計年期或適用的較短期間內於初步確認時準確折現估計未來現金付款至其賬面淨值之利率。利息開支按實際利率基準確認。

金融負債

金融負債包括貿易應付賬款及其他應付款項、應 付附屬公司少數股東款項、銀行及其他借貸,乃 其後運用實際利率法以攤銷成本計量。

包含負債及換股/贖回選擇權衍生工具部份之可 換股債券

可換股債券由本集團發行,當中包括負債及換股/贖回選擇權衍生工具之部份,於首次確認時獨立分類為不同項目。換股選擇權不會以定額現金或其他金融資產交換本公司本身固定數目之股本工具而結算,乃為換股選擇權衍生工具。贖回選擇權衍生工具指債券持有人於到期日前之選擇贖回。於發行當日,負債及換股/贖回選擇權衍生工具之部份均按公平值確認。

於往後期間,可換股債券之負債部份以實際利率 法按已攤銷成本列賬。換股/贖回選擇權衍生工 具則按公平值計量,其公平值之變動於損益確 認。

與發行可換股債券有關之交易成本,按所得款項分配比例分配至負債及換股/贖回選擇權之部份。與換股/贖回選擇權衍生工具有關之交易成本直接於損益扣除。有關負債部份之交易成本計入負債部份之賬面值,以實際利率法於可換股債券期間攤鎖。

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity (continued)

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on the contract date, and are remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates. Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised in profit or loss as they arise.

Embedded derivatives

Derivatives embedded in non-derivative host contracts are separated from the relevant host contracts (the liability component) and deemed as held-for-trading when the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives are not closely related to those of the host contracts, and the combined contracts are not measured at fair value through profit or loss. In all other circumstances, derivatives embedded are not separated and are accounted for together with the host contracts in accordance with appropriate standards. Where the Group needs to separate an embedded derivative but is unable to measure the embedded derivative, the combined contract is treated as held-for-trading.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised directly in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Equity settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees of the Company after November 7, 2002 and vested on or after January 1, 2005

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period with a corresponding increase in equity (employee share-based compensation reserve).

At each balance sheet date, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss over the remaining vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to employee share-based compensation reserve.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益(續)

股本工具

本公司發行之股本工具乃按實得款項(扣除直接發行成本)入賬。

衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具初步按合約日期的公平值入賬,並 於其後之申報日期重新計算至公平值。不符合對 沖會計法之衍生金融工具之公平值變動乃於產生 時在損益確認。

附帶衍生工具

附帶於非衍生主合同之衍生工具乃自有關主合同分開(負債部份),而當附帶衍生工具之經濟特質及風險與主合同之經濟特質及風險並無密切關係,及合併合同並非按公平值計入損益時,則被視作持作買賣。在所有其他情況下,附帶衍生工具不會分開處理,並根據適用準則與主合同一併處理。倘本集團需要分開處理附帶衍生工具,惟未能計量附帶衍生工具,則整份合併合同會被當作為持作買賣。

解除確認

當從資產收取現金流的權利屆滿時,或金融資產已轉讓而本集團實質上已將與金融資產有關的所有權的大部分風險和報酬轉移,即會解除確認該項金融資產。一旦解除確認金融資產,資產的賬面值與收到的代價與已直接在權益中確認的累積損益之總和兩者的差額會在損益中確認。

當有關合約中規定的義務解除、取消或到期時,金融負債將解除確認。解除確認的金融負債的賬面值與已付或應付的代價間的差額會在損益確認。

以股本結算及以股份形式付款之交易

於二零零二年十一月七日後授予本公司僱員及 於二零零五年一月一日或之後歸屬之購股權

經參考所授購股權於授出日期之公平值釐定之已 收服務公平值,乃於歸屬期間按直線法列支,權 益(僱員股份報酬儲備)則會相應增加。

於每個結算日,本集團會修訂其對預期最終歸屬 之購股權數目的估計。修訂原有估計之影響(如 有)會於餘下歸屬期在損益內確認,而僱員股份報 酬儲備將相應予以調整。

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Equity settled share-based payment transactions (continued)

Share options granted to employees of the Company after November 7, 2002 and vested on or after January 1, 2005 (continued)

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to retained earnings.

Share options granted to employees on or before November 7, 2002 or vested after November 7, 2002 and vested before January 1, 2005

The financial impact of the share options granted and fully vested before April 1, 2005 is not recorded in the Company's or the Group's financial statements until such time as the options are exercised, and no charge is recognised in the income statement in respect of the value of options granted in the year. Upon the exercise of the share options, the resulting shares issued are recorded by the Company as additional share capital at the nominal value of the shares, and the excess of the exercise price per share over the nominal value of the shares is recorded by the Company in the share premium account. Options which lapse or are cancelled prior to their exercise date are deleted from the register of outstanding options.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs. Grants related to depreciable assets are presented as a deduction from the carrying amount of the relevant asset and are released to income over the useful lives of the assets. Grants related to expense items are recognised in the same period as those expenses are charged in the consolidated income statement and are reported separately as "other income".

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (see the accounting policy in respect of goodwill above)

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. In addition, intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is on indication that they may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, such that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

以股本結算及以股份形式付款之交易(續)

於二零零二年十一月七日後授予本公司僱員及 於二零零五年一月一日或之後歸屬之購股權 (績)

當購股權獲行使時,早前於購股權儲備確認之數 額將轉撥至股份溢價。倘購股權於歸屬日期後被 收回或於屆滿日期尚未行使,早前於購股權儲備 確認之數額將轉撥至保留盈利。

於二零零二年十一月七日或之前授予僱員或於 二零零二年十一月七日後歸屬及於二零零五年 一月一日前歸屬之購股權

已於二零零五年四月一日前授出及悉數歸屬之購 股權之財務影響於購股權行使時方會於本公司或 本集團財務報表中記錄,故並無就年內授出之購 股權價值於收益表確認借項。於購股權行使時, 因而產生之已發行股份乃由本公司按股份面值記 錄為額外股本,而每股行使價超出股份面值之部 分乃由本公司記錄於股份溢價賬。行使日期前失 效或註銷之購股權乃自未行使購股權登記冊中剔 除。

政府補助金

政府補助金乃在與相關成本配對之所需期間確認為收入。有關可折舊資產的補助金均列作有關資產賬面金額之一項扣減,並按該等資產之可使用年期轉撥至收入。有關開支項目之補助金乃於該等開支於綜合收益表支銷之同一期間確認入賬,並分開呈報為「其他收入」。

有形資產及無形資產(商譽除外)之減值虧損(請參閱上文有關商譽之會計政策)

於各結算日,本集團均審閱有形及無形資產之賬面值,以釐定是否有資產減值虧損之跡象。此外,具無限使用年期之無形資產會每年及當有跡象顯示可能出現減值時進行減值測試。倘資產之可收回款額估計比其賬面值為少,資產之賬面值則調低至可收回款額。減值虧損即時確認為開支。

尚減值虧損其後撥回,則資產之賬面值調升至可 收回款額之經修訂估計值。惟該增加之賬面值不 可超過倘該資產於過往年度無減值虧損時釐定之 賬面值。減值虧損之撥回即時確認為收入。

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

4. RESTATEMENTS

During the year ended March 31, 2008, the Group acquired a jointly controlled entity and business of which the fair values of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired were determined provisionally. During the year, the Group made certain fair value adjustments, with reference to the valuation reports, to the carrying amounts of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the jointly controlled entity and business acquired as a result of completing the initial accounting. The adjustments to the fair values at the acquisition date of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities were made as if initial accounting had been completed on the acquisition date.

The cumulative effects of the above restatements on the consolidated balance sheet as at March 31, 2008 are summarised below:

4. 重列

於截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 收購一間共同控制實體及業務,而當中所收購之可識別資產、負債以及或然負債之公平值乃臨時釐定。年內,本集團參考估值報告、於初始會計完成後所收購共同控制實體及業務可識別資產及負債及業務之賬面值,作出若干公平值調整。就於收購日期可識別資產、負債以及或然負債之公平值的調整乃猶如初始會計於收購日期經已完成作出。

上述重列對於二零零八年三月三十一日之綜合資產負債表之累積影響概列如下:

Subsequent fair value adjustments on 就以下各項作出之其後公平值調整

			Establishment			
			of a jointly controlled	Acquisition of		
		As at	entity	business		As at
		March 31, 2008	(note 41(ii)) 成立	(note 42(vi))	Total	March 31, 2008
		於二零零八年	共同控制實體	收購業務		於二零零八年
		三月三十一日	(附註41(ii))	(附註42(vi))	總計	三月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		(originally stated) (按原列)				(restated) (重列)
Goodwill	商譽	418,247	-	11,175	11,175	429,422
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	319,658	28,380	(29,217)	(837)	318,821
Deferred taxation	遞延税項	(105,153)	(7,095)	7,304	209	(104,944)
Other assets and liabilities	其他資產及負債	3,042,708	-	-	-	3,042,708
Net assets	淨資產	3,675,460	21,285	(10,738)	10,547	3,686,007
Minority interests	少數股東權益	556,173	-	(10,738)	(10,738)	545,435
Other reserves items	其他儲備項目	2,388,648	-	-	=	2,388,648
Retained earnings	保留盈利	730,639	21,285	=	21,285	751,924
		3,675,460	21,285	(10,738)	10,547	3,686,007

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

4. RESTATEMENTS (continued)

The effects of above restatements on the results for the current and prior year are as follows:

4. 重列(續)

上述重列對本年度及上年度業績之影響如下:

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Increase in discount on acquisition of	收購共同控制實體之 ************************************		04.005
a jointly controlled entity	折讓增加		21,285
Increase in amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產之攤銷增加	(28)	_
Decrease in taxation	税項減少	7	=
(Decrease) increase in profit for the year	本年度溢利(減少)增加	(21)	21,285
Attributable to:	應佔:		
Equity holders of the Company	本公司股東	(21)	21,285
Increase in basic earnings per share	每股基本盈利增加	_	HK0.66 cents港仙
Increase in diluted earnings per share	每股攤薄盈利增加	_	HK0.60 cents港仙

Analysis of (decrease) increase in profit of the year by line item presented according to their functions:

根據項目功能呈列之年度溢利(減少)增加分析如 下:

		2009 二零零九年 HK\$′000	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Increase in cost of sales Increase in discount on acquisition of a jointly	銷售成本增加 收購共同控制實體之	(28)	-
controlled entity	折讓增加	-	21,285
Decrease in taxation	税項減少	7	_
(Decrease) increase in profit for the year	本年度溢利(減少)增加	(21)	21,285

5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet dates, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

Fair value of derivative financial instruments

The management of the Group uses their judgments in selecting an appropriate valuation technique for financial instruments not quoted in an active market. Valuation techniques commonly used by market practitioners are applied. For derivative financial instruments and convertible bonds with embedded derivatives, assumptions are made based on quoted market rates adjusted for specific features of the instrument.

5. 估計不明朗因素之主要來源

涉及日後之主要假設及於結算日估計不明朗因素 之其他主要來源(彼等均擁有導致下個財政年度之 資產及負債之賬面值出現大幅調整之重大風險)討 論如下。

衍生金融工具之公平值

本集團管理層為於活躍市場並無報價之金融工具 選定合適之估值方法時,會運用彼等之判斷。市 場從業員普遍應用之估值方式會予以採納。就衍 生金融工具及具有附帶衍生工具之可換股債券而 言,乃就市場報價作出假設,並就工具之特定功 能作出調整。

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5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

Impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. When the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. The carrying amount of goodwill at March 31, 2009 was HK\$633,620,000 (2008: HK\$429,422,000) with no impairment loss recognised. Details of the value in use calculation are set out in note 25.

Impairment of intangible assets

At the balance sheet date, management reconsidered the recoverability of its intangible assets arising from the acquisitions of businesses/assets, in which the carrying amount at March 31, 2009 was HK\$320,297,000 (2008: HK\$318,821,000). The business of the cash generating unit ("CGU") continues to progress in a satisfactory manner. Detailed valuation analysis has been carried out and management is confident that the carrying amount of the asset will be recovered in full. This situation will be closely monitored. Any change in the business environment may lead to the change of expected future cashflows in the future. If the future recoverable amounts falls below the carrying amounts, additional impairment is required.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account the estimated residual value. The Group assesses annually the residual value and the useful life of the property, plant and equipment and if the expectation differs from the original estimates, such differences from the original estimates will impact the depreciation charges in the year in which the estimates change.

Impairment on amounts due from customers for contract work

At each balance sheet date, management reconsidered the recoverability of its amounts due from customers for contract work based on its assessment of the likelihood of ultimately collecting the amounts from its customers. In determining whether impairment is required, the Group takes into consideration of the construction in progress and the progress payments received from its customers. Impairment is recognised for those contracts that may not be honored by the customers and the balance may not be collectible. During the year, the Group has recognised impairment loss on amounts due from customers for contract work of HK\$36,864,000 (2008: HK\$79,623,000). If more customers fail to honor the terms of agreement than expected, additional impairment is required.

Estimated allowance of trade and other receivables

The Group makes allowance of trade and other receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of receivables. Allowance is applied to trade and other receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of allowance requires the use of judgment and estimates. Where the expectation on the recoverability of trade and other receivables is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of trade and other receivables and doubtful debt expenses in the periods in which such estimate has been changed.

5. 估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

商譽減值

釐訂商譽是否出現減值須估計商譽所分配至之賺取現金單位之使用價值。計算使用價值時,本集團須估計賺取現金單位預期產生之現金流量,以及選擇一合適之貼現率以計算現值。當實際未來現金流量少於預期時,則會產生重大減值虧損。於二零零九年三月三十一日,商譽之賬面值為633,620,000港元(二零零八年:429,422,000港元),且並無確認減值虧損。計算使用價值之詳情載於附許25。

無形資產減值

於結算日,管理層重新估計收購業務/資產產生之無形資產之可收回程度,該等無形資產於二零零九年三月三十一日之賬面值為320,297,000港元(二零零八年:318,821,000港元)。有關現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)業務繼續有滿意之進展。詳細估值分析已經進行,而管理層有信心資產之賬面值可得以全數收回。有關情況將受密切監控。業務環境之任何變動可導致將來之估計未來現金流變動。倘未來可收回金額低於賬面值,則須作出額外減值。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊

物業、廠房及設備之折舊乃於其估計可用年期內 按直線法基準折舊,並經計及估計剩餘價值。本 集團會按年評估物業、廠房及設備之剩餘價值及 可用年期,而倘預期數字有別於原有估計,則與 原有估計之差異將對估計有所改變之年內之折舊 撥備構成影響。

應收客戶之合約工程款項減值

於各結算日,管理層根據其最終向客戶收回款項之可能性評估,再次審議其應收客戶合約工程款項之可收回性。於釐定是否需要作出減值時,本集團考慮工程進度及自客戶收取之進度款項。就客戶可能未能履行之合約會確認減值,該結餘未必可收回。於年內,本集團已就應收客戶之合約工程款項確認減值虧損36,864,000港元(二零零八年:79,623,000)。倘未能履行合約條款之客戶較預期為多,則須作出額外減值。

貿易及其他應收賬項之估計撥備

本集團按應收賬款之估計可收回水平,就貿易及 其他應收賬項作出撥備。倘有事件或情況之轉變 顯示餘款未能收回,則會就貿易及其他應收賬項 作出撥備。確定撥備時需予運用判斷及估計。倘 預期貿易及其他應收賬項之可收回水平與原先估 計不同,有關差額將會影響估計變動之期間之貿 易及其他應收賬項以及呆賬開支之賬面值。

5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

Deferred taxation

As at March 31, 2009, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$846,411,000 (2008: HK\$520,802,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset in relation to these unused tax losses has been recognised in the Group's balance sheet due to uncertainty of future profit streams. In cases where there are future profits generated to utilise the tax losses, a material deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in the income statement for the period in which such future profits are recorded.

Revenue recognition of gas connection contract

Construction revenue from gas connection contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the proportion of the contract costs incurred for the work performed to date over the estimated total costs. Accordingly, any changes to the estimated total cost may have material impact on the contract revenue recognised in each accounting period over the contract term.

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which include the bank and other borrowings, amount due to a minority shareholder of a subsidiary and convertible bonds disclosed in notes 35, 37 and 38 respectively, and equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, comprising issued share capital disclosed in note 36, reserves and accumulated profits as disclosed in consolidated statements of changes in equity. The management reviews the capital structure by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. In view of this, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged throughout the year.

Categories of financial instruments

金融工具類別

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	41,995	18,376
Held-for-trading investments	持作買賣投資	11,544	42,074
Loans and receivables (including cash	貸款及應收款項		
and cash equivalents)	(包括現金及現金等值項目)	4,120,309	2,371,312
Derivative financial assets	衍生金融資產	1,261	10,976
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Amortised cost	攤銷成本	12,551,946	6,630,388
Derivative financial liabilities	衍生金融負債	360,869	4,264

5. 估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

遞延税項

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團可供對銷未來溢利之未使用稅項虧損為846,411,000港元(二零零八年:520,802,000港元)。本集團並無於資產負債表內確認關於未使用稅項虧損之遞延稅項資產,此乃由於未能確定未來溢利來源。倘日後產生溢利以使用稅項虧損,則可能引致重大遞延稅項資產,而該等遞延稅項資產將於記錄未來溢利之期間內在收益表確認。

燃氣接駁合約之收入確認

燃氣接駁合約之工程收入乃按完成百分比方法確認,並參考就迄今完成之工程產生之合約成本佔估計總成本之比例而計量。因此,估計總成本之任何變動均可能對合約期內各個會計期間所確認之合約收入構成重大影響。

6. 金融工具

資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團旗下實體將可繼續以持續經營基準基營,同時透過優化債務及股本平衡擴大股東回報。本集團之資本結構包括債務(其包括分別於附註35、37及38披露之銀行及其他借貸、欠一間附屬公司一名少數股東之款項及可換股債券)及本公司股東應佔權益(由分別於附註36及綜合權益變動表披露之已發行股本以及儲備及累計溢利組成)。管理層藉審議資本成本及與各類別資本有關之風險檢討資本結構。就此而言,本集團將透過派付股息、發行新股及發行新債或贖回現有債務平衡其整體資本結構。年內,本集團之整體策略維持不變。

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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risks

Currency risk

The Group collects most of its revenue in RMB and most of the expenditures as well as capital expenditures are also denominated in RMB. Future exchange rates of RMB could vary significantly from the current or historical exchange rates as a result of controls that could be imposed by the PRC government. The exchange rates may also be affected by economic developments and political changes domestically and internationally and supply and demand of RMB. The appreciation or devaluation of RMB against foreign currencies may have positive or negative impact on the results of operations of the Group.

As at balance sheet date, the Group has convertible bonds, certain bank balances, trade payables and bank and other borrowings that are not denominated in functional currency of relevant group entities. The carrying amounts of the Group's monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currency are as follows:

6. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險

貨幣風險

本集團大部份收益均以人民幣收取,而大部份開支及資本開支亦均以人民幣計值。人民幣之未來匯率或會因中國政府可能施加之控制而與現時或過往之匯率出現重大差異。匯率亦會受本地及國際經濟發展及政治變動,以及人民幣之供求所影響。人民幣對外幣升值或眨值可能會對本集團之業績構成正面或負面影響。

於結算日,本集團有可換股債券、若干銀行結 餘、貿易應付賬款及借貸並非以相關集團實體功 能貨幣計值。本集團以外幣計值之貨幣資產及負 債之賬面值如下:

		1	Assets 資產		ilities 負債
		2009	2008	2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年	二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
USD	美元	373,531	51,408	3,448,881	1,928,087
HK\$	港元	11,895	20,672	-	-
JPY	日圓	-	_	47,479	44,574
EUR	歐元	_	-	22,907	_

Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% (2008: 5%) increase and decrease in RMB against respective foreign currencies and all other variables were held constant. 5% (2008: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used by management in the assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currencies denominated monetary items and adjusts its translation at the year end for a 5% (2008: 5%) change in foreign currencies rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit for the year where RMB strengthen 5% (2008: 5%) against the relevant foreign currency. For a 5% (2008: 5%) weakening of RMB against respective foreign currencies, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit for the year.

敏感度分析

下表詳述本集團就人民幣兑各外幣升值及貶值5%之敏感度,所有其他變數維持不變。5%(二零零八年:5%)為管理層評估外匯合理可能變動之敏感度比率。敏感度分析僅包括發行在外之外幣計值貨幣項目,並就外幣匯率之5%(二零零八年:5%)變動於年終調整其換算。下表所示之正數指出倘人民幣兑有關貨幣升值5%(二零零八年:5%)時,年度溢利會有所上升。就人民幣兑有關外幣貶值5%(二零零八年:5%)而言,其會對年度溢利構成相同但反向之影響。

	the	Increase in profit (loss) for the year 年內溢利(虧損)增加		
	2009	2008		
	二零零九年	二零零八年		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
	千港元	千港元		
美元影響	153,768	93,834		
港元影響	(595)	(1,034)		
日圓影響	2,374	2,229		
歐元影響	1,145	_		
	156 602	95,029		
	港元影響 日圓影響	the 年內溢利 2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元 美元影響 港元影響 (595) 日圓影響 2,374		

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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risks (continued)

Interest rate risks

The Group manages its interest rate exposure based on interest rate level as well as potential impact on the Group's financial position arising from volatility. Interest rate swap is the hedging instrument most commonly used by the Group to manage interest rate exposure.

The Group's fair value interest rate risk relates primarily to fixed-rate bank and other borrowings and the convertible bonds issued by the Group (see notes 35 and 38 for details of these borrowings and convertible bonds respectively). In relation to the fixed-rate bank and other borrowings, the Group entered into interest rate swaps to manage its exposures to changes in fair values of the bank and other borrowings. These hedging activities do not qualify for hedge accounting. The changes in fair value of the interest rate swaps are recognised in the profit and loss as they arise.

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk primarily relates to variable-rate bank and other borrowings (see note 35 for details of these borrowings). It is the Group's policy to keep its bank and other borrowings at floating rate of interests so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses have been determined based on the exposure to interest rate risk for both floating-rate bank and other borrowings and interest rate swaps, together with the interest capitalised to construction in progress at the balance sheet date. A change of 100 basis points (2008: 100 basis points) was applied to the yield curves and interest rate on both floating-rate bank and other borrowings and interest rate swaps, together with the interest capitalised to construction in progress. The applied change is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates. If the interest rate of variable rate bank and other borrowings and interest rate swaps, together with the interest capitalised to construction in progress had been 100 basis points (2008: 100 basis points) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year, after taking amount of interest capitalised, would increase/decrease by HK\$192,710,000 (2008: HK\$40,247,000).

Equity price risk

The Group's available-for-sale investments and held-for-trading investments are measured at fair value at each balance sheet date. Therefore, the Group is exposed to equity security price risk. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks of listed equity instrument at the reporting date. A 10% (2008: 10%) change is used when reporting equity price risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in equity price.

6. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

利率風險

本集團根據利率水平及波幅對本集團財務狀況所 構成之潛在影響管理其利率風險。利率掉期為本 集團最常採用之對沖工具,以管理利率風險。

本集團之公平值利率風險主要與定息銀行及其他借貸,以及本集團發行之可換股債券(有關該等借貸及可換股債券之詳情分別見附註35及38)有關。就固定利率之銀行及其他借貸而言,本集團訂立利率掉期以對沖銀行及其他借貸公平值變動之風險。該等對沖活動並不符合對沖會計法。利率掉期之公平值變動於產生時在損益確認。

本集團之現金流量利率風險主要涉及以浮動利率計息之銀行及其他借貸(該等借貸詳情見附註35)。本集團之政策乃把其若干銀行及其他借貸維持在浮動利率,以減低公平值利率風險。

敏感度分析

敏感度分析乃根據浮息銀行及其他借貸及利率掉期之利率風險,連同於結算日已撥充在建工程資本之利息釐定。已就浮息銀行及其他借貸及利率掉期之收益曲線及利率(連同撥充在建工程之利息)使用100個基點(二零零八年:100個基點)。於內部向主要管理人員呈報利率風險時會使用適用基點,其代表管理層對利率之合理可能變動之評估。倘浮息銀行及其他借貸及利率掉期之利率,連同已撥充在建工程資本之利息上升/下跌100個基點(二零零八年:100個基點),而所有其他變數維持不變,則本集團之年度溢利於計及資本化之利息後將增加/減少192,710,000港元(二零零八年:40,247,000港元)。

股本價格風險

本集團之可供出售投資及持作買賣投資按其於每個結算日之公平值計量。因此,本集團須承受股本證券價格風險。管理層已維持不同風險程度之投資組合,藉此針對此方面之風險。

敏感度分析

下文之敏感度分析乃根據上市股本工具於呈報日期須承受之股本價格風險而釐定。於內部向主要管理人員呈報股本價格風險時會使用10%(二零零八年:10%)之變動,其代表管理層對股本價格之合理可能變動之評估。

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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risks (continued)

Equity price risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis (continued)

For the year ended March 31, 2009, if the market bid prices of the listed investments had been 10% (2008: 10%) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year would increase/decrease by HK\$1,681,000 (2008: HK\$4,207,000) and the Group's investment revaluation reserve will increase/decrease by HK\$nil (2008: HK\$1,177,000) respectively. This is mainly attributable to the changes in fair values of the listed investments held for trading and available-for-sale investments respectively.

Credit risk

As at March 31, 2009, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counter parties or debtors in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amounts of those assets as stated in the consolidated balance sheet.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at each half-year end date and balance sheet date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

Other than concentration of credit risk on amount due from an associate, the Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a number of counterparties and customers. In order to minimise the credit risk on amount due from an associate, the directors of the Company closely monitors the subsequent settlement and does not grant long credit period to the counterparty. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significant reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are reputatable banks in the PRC and banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The policy of allowances for doubtful debts of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectability and aging analysis of accounts and on management's estimate. In determining whether impairment is required, the Group takes into consideration of aging status and likelihood of collection. Specific allowance is only made for receivables that are unlikely to be collected and is recognised on the difference between the estimated future cash flows expected to receive discounted using the original effective interest rate and the carrying value. If the financial conditions of customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowance may be required.

6. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

股本價格風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度,倘上市 投資之市場買價上升/下跌10%(二零零八年: 10%),而所有其他變數維持不變,則本集團之年 度溢利將增加/減少1,681,000港元(二零零八年: 4,207,000港元),而本集團之投資重估儲備將增加/減少零港元(二零零八年:1,177,000港元)。 此主要由於上市持作買賣投資及可供出售投資之公平值分別變動所致。

信貸風險

於二零零九年三月三十一日,由於對手方或債務 人未能履行關於各組已確認金融資產之責任將導 致本集團蒙受財務損失,本集團之最大信貸風險 乃相當於綜合資產負債表所列該等資產之賬面 值。

為盡量減低信貸風險,本集團之管理層已指派隊伍負責釐定信貸額度、信貸審批及其他監察程序,以確保就追討逾期債項採取跟進行動。此外,本集團於半年結算日及年終結算日審閱各項貿易債項之可收回金額,以確保就未能收回之金額作出足夠減值虧損。就此而言,本公司董事認為本集團之信貸風險可大幅減少。

除應收聯營公司款項之集中信貸風險外,本集團 並無重大集中之信貸風險,風險分佈於多名對手 方及客戶。為盡量減低應收聯營公司款項之信貸 風險,本公司董事密切監控其後之結付,且對無 向對手方授予長期信貸期。就此而言,本公司董 事認為本集團之信貸風險已大幅減低。

由於對手方均為中國信譽良好之銀行及獲得國際 信貸評級組織評定為屬高信貸評級之銀行,因此 流動資金及衍生金融工具之信貸風險有限。

本集團就呆賬撥備之政策乃根據賬款之可收回性 及賬齡分析評估以及管理層估計釐定。於釐定是 否須作出減值時,本集團考慮賬齡狀況及可收回 性。僅會就不大可能收回之應收款項作出特別撥 備,並按使用原實際利率貼現之將予收取估計未 來現金流與賬面值間之差額確認。倘本集團客戶 之財務狀況轉差,致使彼等之還款能力減弱,則 可能須作出額外撥備。

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risks (continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group has net current liabilities of HK\$666,152,000 as at March 31, 2009. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis because the directors believed that the Group has sufficient funds to finance its current working capital requirements taking into account of the cash flows from operations, the utilisation of the available unutilised long-term bank loans facilities. As at March 31, 2009, the Group had available unutilised long-term bank loans facilities of HK\$12,914,680,000 (2008: HK\$11,558,687,000). Details of the Group's bank and other borrowings at March 31, 2009 are set out in note 35.

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In additional to issuance of new shares and convertible bonds, the Group also relies on bank and other borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. The management monitors the utilisation of bank and other borrowings.

Liquidity tables

For non-derivative financial liabilities, the following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows.

6. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

流動資金風險

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團之流動負債淨額為666,152,000港元。綜合財務報表乃按持續經營基準編製,原因是董事在考慮到經營所得現金流及可運用未動用之長期銀行貸款融資後認為,本集團有足夠資金應付其目前營運資金所需。於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團之可運用未動用長期銀行貸款融資為12,914,680,000港元(二零零八年:11,558,687,000)港元。本集團於二零零九年三月三十一日之銀行及其他借貸詳情載於附註35。

於管理流動資金風險時,本集團將現金及現金等 值項目監控及維持在管理層視為足夠撥資本集團 營運及減低現金流波動影響之水平。除發行新股 及可換股債券外,本集團亦倚賴銀行及其他借貸 為主要流動資金來源。管理層監控銀行及其他借 貸之運用。

流動資金列表

就非衍生金融負債而言,下表詳述本集團就其金融負債之餘下訂約到期情況。有關列表按本集團可要求付款之最早日期的金融負債未貼現現金流列示。表中包括利息及本金現金流量。

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risks (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)
Liquidity tables (continued)

6. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

流動資金風險(續) 流動資金列表(續)

		Weighted average contractual interest rate 加權平均 合約利率	HK\$'000	Less than 1 month 少於一個月 HK\$'000	Between 1 to 3 months 一個月至 三個月 HK\$*000	三個月至 一年 HK\$'000	Between 1 to 5 years 一年至五年 HK\$'000	5 years 五年以上 HK\$'000	undiscounted cash flows 總未貼現 現金流 HK\$'000	於結算日之 賬面值 HK\$'000
		%	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At March 31, 2009 Trade and bill payables Other payables Amounts due to minority	於二零零九年三月三十一日 貿易應付賬款及應付票據 其他應付賬項 欠附屬公司少數股東之款項	N/A不適用 N/A不適用	-	304,908 131,934	907,030 96,610	299,291 43,092	-	-	1,511,229 271,636	1,511,229 271,636
shareholders of subsidiaries		N/A不適用	99,745	-	-	-	-	-	99,745	99,745
Bank and other borrowings – fixed rate – floating rate Convertible bonds Amount due to a minority	銀行及其他借貸 一定息 一浮息 可換股債券 欠附屬公司少數股東之款項	5.99% 6.60% 4.5%	- - -	- - -	- - -	2,942,472 73,041 -	2,066,739 582,282 16,157	3,699,403 3,151,564	8,708,614 3,806,887 16,157	7,392,080 2,905,842 14,823
shareholder of a subsidiary	7 (1)12-1-17 (2)10-17-17	2%	-	-	-	-	392,250	-	392,250	356,591
			99,745	436,842	1,003,640	3,357,896	3,057,428	6,850,967	14,806,518	12,551,946
At March 31, 2008 Trade and bill payables Other payables Amounts due to minority	於二零零八年三月三十一日 貿易應付賬款及應付票據 其他應付賬項 欠附屬公司少數股東之款項	N/A不適用 N/A不適用	-	94,110 26,587	186,476 55,246	79,082 29,388	-	-	359,668 111,221	359,668 111,221
shareholders of subsidiaries		N/A不適用	24,558	-	-	-	-	-	24,558	24,558
Bank and other borrowings – fixed rate – floating rate Convertible bonds Amount due to a minority shareholder of a subsidiary	銀行及其他借貸 一定息 一浮息 可換股債券 欠附屬公司少數股東之款項	4.97% 6.48% 4.5%	- - -	- - -	- - -	164,867 - -	1,617,391 287,894 16,198 373,001	4,589,340 1,116,533	6,371,598 1,404,427 16,198 373,001	4,714,191 1,067,324 14,334 339,092
Stratetionaet of a substitutify		290	-	400.65=			,	-		· · ·
			24,558	120,697	241,722	273,337	2,294,484	5,705,873	8,660,671	6,630,388

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair value of financial assets with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices;
- the fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative instruments) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions; and
- the fair value of interest rate range accrual swaps as set out in note 30, are calculated using discounted cash flow analysis based on the application yield curve derived from quoted interest rates and quoted spot and forward foreign exchange rates. For an option-based derivative embedded in convertible bonds, the fair value is estimated using option pricing model.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the financial statements approximate to their fair values.

7. REVENUE

Revenue mainly represents, the net amounts received and receivable for sales of piped gas, LPG and coke and gas appliances and construction contract revenue from gas connection contracts by the Group for the year and is analysed as follows:

6. 金融工具(續)

公平值

金融資產及金融負債之公平值的釐定方法如下:

- 對有標準條款及條件及有活躍市場之金融資產,其公平值乃參考已公布之市場報價釐定:
- 其他金融資產及金融負債(不包括衍生工具) 之公平值乃根據公認之定價模式而釐定,並 利用近期公開的市場交易作現金流量貼現分析:及
- 誠如附註30所載,利率範圍累計掉期之公平 值乃採用貼現現金流量分析計算,而貼現現 金流量分析乃根據所報利率及所報現貨及遠 期匯率所得之應用收益曲線計算。附帶於可 換股債券之期權衍生工具之公平值則採用期 權定價模式進行估計。

本公司董事認為於財務報表按攤銷成本記錄之金融資產及金融負債之賬面值與其公平值相若。

7. 收益

收益主要指年內本集團銷售管道燃氣、LPG、燃煤及氣體設備以及來自燃氣接駁合約之工程合約收入之已收及應收款項淨額,分析如下:

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Sales of piped gas	銷售管道燃氣	2,678,377	1,691,159
Gas connection income	燃氣接駁收入	1,127,403	615,282
Sales of LPG	銷售LPG	2,272,173	_
Sales of coke and gas appliances	銷售燃煤及氣體設備	244,086	244,146
Others	其他	1,784	1,488
		6,323,823	2,552,075

8. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS

Business segments

For management purposes, the Group is currently mainly organised into four operating divisions – sales of piped gas, gas connection income, sales of LPG and sales of coke and gas appliances. These principal operating activities are the basis on which the Group reports its primary segment information.

8. 業務及地域分項資料

業務分項

就管理而言,本集團目前主要經營四類業務一銷售管道燃氣、燃氣接駁收入、銷售LPG及銷售燃煤及氣體設備。此等主要經營業務乃本集團呈報其主要分類資料之基礎。

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

8. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS (continued) 8. 業務及地域分項資料(續)

Business segments (continued)

業務分項(續)

Segment information about these businesses is presented below:

此等業務之分類資料呈列如下:

2009

二零零九年

		Sales of	Gas	Sales of	Sales of coke and gas		
			connection		appliances 燃煤及氣體	Others	Consolidated
		銷售 HK\$′000 千港元	燃氣接駁 HK\$′000 千港元	LPG銷售 HK\$′000 千港元	設備銷售 HK\$′000 千港元	其他 HK\$′000 千港元	綜合 HK\$′000 千港元
REVENUE	收益	2,678,377	1,127,403	2,272,173	244,086	1,784	6,323,823
SEGMENT RESULT	分類業績	438,727	310,578	(3,992)	5,415	5,306	756,034
Unallocated corporate revenue Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments	未分配公司收益 未分配公司開支 財務費用 衍生金融工具 公平值變動						125,586 (149,215) (409,800) (366,320)
Discount on acquisition of a jointly controlled entity Discount on acquisition of an associate Share of results of associates	收購共同控制實體 之折讓 收購聯營公司 之折讓 應佔聯營公司業績	8,860	-	-	-	-	8,860 227,402 12,884
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前溢利 税項					-	205,431 (71,472)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利						133,959
ASSETS Segment assets Interests in associates Unallocated corporate assets	資產 分類資產 於聯營公司之權益 未分配公司資產	9,423,016	776,330	3,033,345	37,000	295,127	13,564,818 1,006,332 3,515,616
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值						18,086,766
LIABILITIES Segment liabilities ,Unallocated corporate liabilities	負債 分類負債 未分配公司負債	279,459	1,132,019	844,799	54,949	-	2,311,226 11,758,269
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額						14,069,495
OTHER INFORMATION Additions to goodwill	其他資料 商譽添置	53,688	-	150,510	-		204,198
Additions to intangible assets	無形資產添置	14,161	-	-	-	-	14,161
Additions to property, plant and equipment Additions to property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備之添置 物業、廠房及設備之	1,626,649	-	2,136,750	-	-	3,763,399
equipment (unallocated)	添置(未分配)					-	2,980
							3,766,379
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及 設備之虧損	27,499	-	65	-	-	27,564

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

8. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS (continued)

8. 業務及地域分項資料(續)

Business segments (continued)

業務分項(續)

2009

二零零九年

					Sales of coke		
		Sales of piped gas 管道燃氣	Gas connection	Sales of LPG	and gas appliances 燃煤及氣體	Others C	onsolidated
		銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	燃氣接駁 HK\$'000 千港元	LPG銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	設備銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	其他 HK\$′000 千港元	綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產之攤銷	12,685	-	-	-		12,685
Release of prepaid lease payment Release of prepaid lease payment (unallocated)	發還預付租賃款項 發還預付租賃款項 (未分配)	12,358	-	6,480	-	-	18,838 1,776
(unanocateu)	(///// -//					_	20,614
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	273,462,	-	40,240	-	-	313,702
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (unallocated)	物業、廠房及設備之折舊 (未分配)						20,212
						_	333,914
Impairment loss of amounts due from customers for contract work	應收客戶之合約工程 款項減值虧損	-	36,864	-	-		36,864
Allowance for trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他 應收賬項之撥備	53,883	-	-	-		53,883
Change in fair value of investment properties	投資物業之公平值變動	-	-	-	-	5,726_	5,726
Impairment loss recognised on available-for-sale investments (unallocated)	確認可供出售投資 之滅值虧損 (未分配)					_	14,947
Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments (unallocated)	衍生金融工具之 公平值變動(未分配)					_	366,320
Discounts on acquisition of an associate and a jointly controlled equity (unallocated)	收購聯營公司及 共同控制實體 之折讓(未分配)					_	236,262

8. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS (continued)

8. 業務及地域分項資料(續)

Business segments (continued)

業務分項(續)

2008 (restated)

二零零八年(重列)

— 4 4/ (1 (±/5)		Sales of piped gas	Gas connection	Sales of coke and gas appliances	Othors (Consolidated
		管道燃氣 銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	燃氣接駁 HK\$'000 千港元	燃煤及氣體 設備銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	其他 HK\$'000 千港元	綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
REVENUE	收益	1,691,159	615,282	244,146	1,488	2,552,075
SEGMENT RESULT	分類業績	223,018	111,071	5,844	84,957	424,890
Unallocated corporate revenue Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs Change in fair value of derivative	未分配公司收益 未分配公司開支 財務費用 衍生金融工具公平值變動					103,705 (98,822) (240,029)
financial instruments Discounts on acquisition of a jointly controlled entity and business	收購共同控制實體及 業務之折讓	40,476	-	-	-	(166,884) 40,476
Share of results of associates Profit before taxation Taxation	應佔聯營公司業績 除稅前溢利 稅項					138,013 201,349 (13,778)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利					187,571
ASSETS Segment assets Interests in associates Unallocated corporate assets	資產 分類資產 於聯營公司之權益 未分配公司資產	7,944,293	911,895	42,772	279,749	9,178,709 214,291 1,913,127
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值					11,306,127
LIABILITIES Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	負債 分類負債 未分配公司負債	810,262	326,801	82,246	100	1,219,409 6,400,711
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額					7,620,120
OTHER INFORMATION Additions to goodwill	其他資料 商譽添置	129,457	-	-	-	129,457
Additions to intangible assets	無形資產添置	228,306	-	-	-	228,306
Additions to property, plant and equipment Additions to property, plant and	物業、廠房及 設備之添置 物業、廠房及設備之	2,309,216	-	-	-	2,309,216
equipment (unallocated)	添置(未分配)					15,905
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損	6,852	-	-	-	2,325,121 6,852
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (unallocated)	出售物業、廠房及設備之 虧損(未分配)					1,401
						8,253

8. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS (continued)

8. 業務及地域分項資料(續)

Business segments (continued)

業務分項(續)

2008 (restated)

二零零八年(重列)

二零零八年(重列)		Sales of piped gas 管道燃氣 銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	Gas connection 燃氣接駁 HK\$'000 千港元	Sales of coke and gas appliances 燃煤及氣體 設備銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	Others(其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產之攤銷	7,936	-	-	-	7,936
Release of prepaid lease payment Release of prepaid lease payment	發還預付租賃款項 發還預付租賃款項	8,035	-	-	-	8,035
(unallocated)	(未分配)					366
						8,401
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	182,525	-	_	_	182,525
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (unallocated)	物業、廠房及設備之折舊 (未分配)					6,858
						189,383
Impairment loss on amounts due from customers for contract work	應收客戶之合約工程 款項減值虧損	-	79,623	-	-	79,623
Allowance for trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他 應收賬項之撥備	57,190	_	-	_	57,190
Change in fair value of investment properties	投資物業之公平值變動	-	-	-	85,825	85,825
Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments (unallocated)	衍生金融工具之 公平值變動(未分配)					166,884
Discounts on acquisition of a jointly controlled entity and business (unallocated)	收購共同控制實體 及業務之折讓 (未分配)					40,476

Geographical segments

The Group's operations and the segment assets are mainly located in the PRC. Accordingly, no analysis of the Group's revenue and the carrying amount of segment assets by geographical segment is presented.

地區分部

本集團之業務及分類資產主要位於中國。因此, 並無就本集團之收益及分類資產賬面值按地區分 部進行分析。

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

9. OTHER INCOME

9. 其他收入

		2009 二零零九年 HK\$′000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest income	利息收入	59,290	54,712
Subsidies from PRC governmental authorities:	中國政府機構之資助:		
- compensation of loss incurred in coal	一煤氣業務引致的虧損 的賠償(附註a)	11.050	12.102
gas operation (note a) – subsidy for replacement of pipelines for		11,059	12,192
natural gas supply (note b)	之資助(附註b)	32,028	18,818
– tax refund (note c)	-退税(附註c)	3,637	5,583
Profit on sales of industrial materials	出售工業物料之溢利	181	16,383
Repair and maintenance services fee	維修及保養服務費	9,318	4,917
Other services income	其他服務收入	14,211	-
Income from leasing of equipments	來自出租設備之收入	12,165	-
Foreign exchange gain	匯兑收益	63,366	56,166
Net gain on disposal of available-for-sale	出售可供出售投資之		
investments	收益淨額	-	1,144
Discount on acquisition of additional interests	增購附屬公司權益之		
in a subsidiary (note 40)	折讓(附註40)	-	108
Other	其他	20,501	18,703
		225,756	188,726

Notes:

- (a) Pursuant to notice of compensation dated August 28, 2007 issued by the relevant government authority in the PRC, 撫順中燃城市發展有限公司 ("撫順中燃"), a subsidiary of the Company, received a compensation from the government authority to subsidise for the increase in cost of sales of natural gas by reference to monthly purchase volume by 撫順中燃 for both years.
- (b) For the year ended March 31, 2009, 撫順中燃 received a subsidy of HK\$23,233,000 (2008: HK\$13,776,000) from 撫順市財政局 for the cost incurred for the setting up pipeline network for the customers in new urban areas and replacement of old pipeline network of the natural gas users in Fushun city. All the required work has been completed by 撫順中燃. In addition, 淮南中燃城市發展有限公司 ("淮南中燃"), a subsidiary of the Company, was entitled to receive subsidies of HK\$8,795,000 for the year (2008: HK\$5,042,000) from 淮南市財政局 for its additional costs incurred in certain gas connection contracts in which the connection fee is fixed by the relevant government authority in the PRC. All the costs incurred were recognised as cost of sales in profit or loss during the year.
- (c) The PRC government authorities have granted a tax incentive to certain subsidiaries in the PRC by way of tax refund for natural gas business operated in the PRC.

附註:

- (a) 根據中國有關政府機關於二零零七年八月二十八日 發出的賠償通知書,本公司附屬公司撫順中燃城市 發展有限公司([撫順中燃])有權從政府機關獲得賠 償,以補貼天然氣銷售成本增加(參考撫順中燃於該 兩個年度之每月購買量)。
- (b) 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度,撫順中燃從 撫順市財政局獲取一次過的補助23,233,000港元(二 零零八年:13,776,000港元),以資助為撫順市新市 區用戶建立管道網及天然氣用戶的舊管道網置換。 撫順中燃已完成所有規定工序。另外,本公司附屬 公司淮南中燃城市發展有限公司(「淮南中燃」)從淮 南市財政局獲得資助8,795,000港元(二零零八年: 5,042,000港元),以補貼若干接駁燃氣合約(當中的 接駁費乃由中國有關政府機關釐定)所產生之額外成 本。所有已動用之成本已於本年度之損益賬中確認 為銷售成本。
- (c) 中國政府機關已授出一項稅務獎勵予若干中國附屬公司,方法為退回在中國經營天然氣業務之稅項。

10. FINANCE COSTS

10. 財務費用

	2009	2008
	二零零九年	二零零八年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
以下項目之利息:		
銀行貸款及其他借貸	192,295	132,228
毋須於五年內全數償還之	·	,
銀行貸款及其他借貸	292,683	210,714
可換股債券(附註38)	645	1,781
	485.623	344.723
利率掉期合約之	103/023	311,723
淨利息開支(收入)	23,649	(21,001)
撥充在建工程成本之利息	(99,472)	(83,693)
	400 800	240.029
	毋須於五年內全數償還之 銀行貸款及其他借貸 可換股債券(附註38) 利率掉期合約之 淨利息開支(收入)	二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元 以下項目之利息: 須於五年內全數償還之 銀行貸款及其他借貸 192,295 毋須於五年內全數償還之 銀行貸款及其他借貸 292,683 可換股債券(附註38) 645 485,623 利率掉期合約之 淨利息開支(收入) 23,649

Borrowing costs capitalised as part of the cost of construction in progress during the year arose on the general borrowing pool and calculated by applying a capitalisation rate of 1.5% (2008: 1.9%) to expenditure on qualifying assets.

本年度撥充資本作為在建工程成本一部分之借貸成本產生自一般借貸總賬戶並就合資格資產開支採用資本化比率1.5%(二零零八年:1.9%)計算。

11. DISCOUNTS ON ACQUISITION OF AN ASSOCIATE, A JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITY AND BUSINESS

11. 收購聯營公司、共同控制實體及業務之 折讓

			2009	2008
			二零零九年	二零零八年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
				(restated
				(重列)
Discount on acquisition of an	收購聯營公司之			
associate (note 20)	折讓(附註20)		227,402	
Discount on acquisition of a jointly	收購共同控制實體之			
controlled entity (note 41)	折讓(附註41)		8,860	21,28
Discount on acquisition of business (note 42)	收購業務之折讓(附註42)		-	19,19
			236,262	40,47
2. TAXATION		12. 税項		
			2009	200
			二零零九年	二零零八年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'00
			千港元	千港 🤊
PRC Enterprise Income Tax	中國企業所得税		98,696	31,75
Deferred taxation (note 39)	遞延税項(附註39)		(27,224)	(17,97
			71,472	13,77

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

12. TAXATION (continued)

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the consolidated financial statements as the Group had no assessable profit derived in Hong Kong for both years.

On June 26, 2008, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed the Revenue Bill 2008 which reduced corporate profit tax rate from 17.5% to 16.5% with effect from the year of assessment 2008/2009.

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions in the PRC is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, certain PRC subsidiaries of the Company are exempted from PRC Enterprise Income Tax for the first two years commencing from their first profit-making year of operation and thereafter, these PRC entities will be entitled to a 50% relief from PRC Enterprise Income Tax for the following three years ("Tax preference"). The reduced tax rate for the relief period is ranging from 7.5% to 16.5%. The charge of PRC Enterprise Income Tax for the years has been provided for after taking these tax incentives into account.

On March 16, 2007, the PRC promulgated the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "New Law") by Order No. 63 of the President of the PRC. On December 6, 2007, the State Council of the PRC issued Implementation Regulations of the New Law. The New Law and Implementation Regulations changes the PRC Enterprise Income Tax rate to 25% and takes affect for the PRC group entities of the Company from January 1, 2008.

On December 26, 2007, the State Council of the PRC issued a circular on the implementation of transitional preferential policies for PRC Enterprise Income Tax. Entities that are currently entitled to preferential tax rates under the old PRC Enterprise Income Tax Law can gradually transition to the new tax rate of 25% within 5 years after the enforcement of the New Law at a tax rate of 18%, 20%, 22%, 24% and 25% in year 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012 respectively.

Entities that originally enjoy the Tax preference can continue enjoying the tax preference based on the original tax rate until after the expiration of the tax preference. Entities that did not start Tax preference before 2008 because they were still in loss position shall start the Tax preference from 2008.

12. 税項(續)

由於本集團於該兩個年度無於香港產生應課稅溢 利,故並未於綜合財務報表就香港利得稅作出撥 備。

於二零零八年六月二十六日,香港法院通過二零 零八年收入條例草案,自二零零八年/零九年課 税年度起將公司利得税由17.5%減至16.5%。

中國及其他地區之税項乃按有關地區之適用稅率計算。

根據中國有關法律及法規,本公司若干中國附屬公司於首次獲得盈利年度後首兩年內獲豁免中國企業所得税,其後之三年內,該等中國集團實體將獲寬減50%之中國企業所得税(「稅務優惠」)。 寬減期內之已削減稅率介乎7.5%至16.5%。經考慮稅務優惠後,該等年度之中國企業所得稅收費已作出撥備。

於二零零七年三月十六日,中國按國家主席令第六十三號頒佈中國企業所得税法(「新税法」)。於二零零七年十二月六日,中國國務院公佈新税法實施細則。自二零零八年一月一日起,新税法及實施細則將中國企業所得税税率調至25%,並將影響本公司之中國集團實體。

於二零零七年十二月二十六日,中國國務院就實施中國企業所得稅過渡性優惠政策發出國務院通函。根據舊中國企業所得稅法目前合資格按優惠稅率繳稅之實體可享有於新稅法實施後五年內逐步過渡至25%新稅率,於二零零八年、二零零九年、二零一零年、二零一一年及二零一二年之稅率為18%、20%、22%、24%及25%。

原本享有稅務優惠的實體可根據原有稅率繼續享 有稅務的優惠,直至有關優惠屆滿為止。於二零 零八年前因錄得虧損而未能開始享有稅務優惠的 實體,將由二零零八年開始享有稅務優惠。

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

12. TAXATION (continued)

The taxation for the year can be reconciled to the (loss) profit before taxation per the income statement as follows:

12. 税項(續)

年度税項與收益表所示之除税前(虧損)溢利之對 賬如下:

		Hong 香	-	PF 中		Tot 總記	
		2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (重列)	2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (重列)
(Loss) profit before taxation	除税前(虧損)溢利	(587,991)	(280,778)	793,422	482,127	205,431	201,349
Tax at the domestic income tax rate Tax effect of share of profit of associates	按本地所得税率計算之税項 應佔聯營公司溢利之 税項影響	(97,019) -	(49,136) –	198,356 (3,221)	159,102 (45,544)	101,337 (3,221)	109,966
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose Tax effect of income not taxable	就税項而言不可扣減之 開支之税項影響 就税項而言毋須課税之	65,884	26,971	25,858	2,619	91,742	29,590
for tax purpose Tax effect of estimated tax losses not recognised	收入之税項影響 並無確認之估計税項虧損 之税項影響	(147) 31,282	(2,947) 25,112	(69,837) 34,094	(25,468) 16,851	(69,984) 65,376	(28,415) 41,963
Effect of tax exemption granted to certain PRC entities Taxation	授予若干中國企業之 税項豁免之影響 税項			(113,778)	(93,782) 13,778	(113,778)	(93,782)

Note: The applicable tax rate for Hong Kong is 16.5% (2008: 17.5%). For the year ended March 31, 2009, applicable tax rate for the PRC is 25%. For the year ended March 31, 2008, the applicable tax rate for the PRC was 33% from April 1, 2007 to December 31, 2007 and tax rate of 25% from January 1, 2008 to March 31, 2008.

附註:香港之適用税率為16.5%(二零零八年:17.5%)。 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度,中國之適 用税率為25%。截至二零零八年三月三十一日止 年度,由二零零七年四月一日至二零零七年十二 月三十一日之中國適用税率為33%,而由二零零 八年一月一日至二零零八年三月三十一日之税率 則為25%。

13. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

13. 本年度溢利

		2009 二零零九年 HK\$′000	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):	本年度溢利已扣除 (計入)下列各項:		
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	5,500	3,620
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		333,914	189,383
Release of prepaid lease payments	發還預付租賃款項	20,614	8,401
Amortisation of intangible assets included	包括於銷售成本內之		
in cost of sales	無形資產攤銷	12,685	7,936
Minimum lease payments for operating leases in respect of:	經營租約之最低租金:		
rented premises	一租賃物業	19,037	9,994
– equipments	一設備	55,087	8,092
	山在城地 成气刀	74,124	18,086
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及 設備之虧損	27,564	8,253
Share of tax of associates (included	應佔聯營公司税項(包括在	27,304	0,233
in share of results of associates)	應佔聯營公司業績內)	2,286	21,101
Staff costs:	員工成本:	2,200	21,101
Directors' emoluments (note 14)	董事酬金(附註14)	26,722	32,064
Salaries and allowances of other staff	其他僱員之薪酬及津貼	300,697	176,689
Contributions to retirement benefit	為其他僱員向退休	223,222	
scheme contributions of other staff	福利計劃供款		
		58,449	37,451
Less: amount capitalised in construction	減:撥充在建工程成本		
in progress	之金額	(17,546)	(12,367)
		368,322	233,837
Cost of inventories recognised	就以下項目已確認為開支		
as expenses in respect of:	之存貨成本:		
Sales of piped gas	銷售管道燃氣	1,768,878	1,218,993
Sales of LPG	銷售LPG	1,966,301	-
Contract costs recognised as expense	就燃氣接駁工程合約確		
in respect of gas connection	認為開支之合約成本		
construction contracts		269,215	155,874
Sales of coke and gas appliances	銷售燃煤及氣體設備	196,654	285,248
		4,201,048	1,660,115
Rental income from investment properties	投資物業產生之租金收入		
less outgoings of HK\$1,496,000	減支銷1,496,000港元		
(2008: HK\$369,000)	(二零零八年:369,000港元)	(9,005)	(4,801)

14. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

14. 董事及僱員酬金

Directors

董事

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the directors were as follow:

已付或應付予各董事之酬金如下:

2009 二零零九年

			1	Performance		Contributions	
			Salaries	related		to retirement	
		Directors'	and other	incentive	Share-based	benefits	Total
		fees	benefits	payments	payments	scheme	emoluments
			薪金及	業績	以股份	退休福利	
		董事袍金	其他福利	掛鈎獎金	形式付款	計劃供款	酬金總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors	執行董事						
Mr. Li Xiao Yun	李小雲先生	3,000	-	-	138	_	3,138
Mr. Xu Ying	徐鷹先生	_	7,188	2,395	-	12	9,595
Mr. Liu Ming Hui	劉明輝先生	_	7,188	4,791	-	12	11,991
Mr. Ma Jin Long	馬金龍先生	-	165	-	-	_	165
Mr. Zhu Wei Wei	朱偉偉先生	-	628	-	-	12	640
Non-executive directors	非執行董事						
Mr. Feng Zhuo Zhi	馮卓志先生	120	-	-	-	_	120
Mr. Mark Gelinas*	Mark Gelinas先生*	120	-	-	-	_	120
Mr. R.K. Goel	R.K. Goel先生	30	-	-	-	-	30
Mr. Kim Joong Ho	金重皓先生	83	-	-	-	_	83
Mr. Rackets William Hugh	Rackets William Hugh先生	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Jo Yamagata	山縣丞先生	120	-	-	-	_	120
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Zhao Yu Hua	趙玉華先生	240	_	-	-	_	240
Dr. Mao Er Wan	毛二萬博士	240	-	-	-	_	240
Ms. Wong Sin Yue, Cynthia	黃倩如女士	240		_		_	240
		4,193	15,169	7,186	138	36	26,722

^{*} The director resigned on March 20, 2009.

^{*} 該董事於二零零九年三月二十日辭任。

14. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES (continued)

14. 董事及僱員酬金(續)

Directors (continued)

董事(續)

2008 二零零八年

基本及	Total moluments
Directors' and other incentive Share-based benefits fees benefits payments payments scheme en	
fees benefits payments payments scheme et 薪金及 業績 以股份 退休福利 董事袍金 其他福利 掛釣獎金 形式付款 計劃供款 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 干港元 干港元 干港元 干港元 干港元 Executive directors 執行董事 3,000 - - 138 -	
薪金及 業績 以股份 退休福利 董事袍金 其他福利 掛釣獎金 形式付款 計劃供款 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 Executive directors 執行董事 Mr. Li Xiao Yun 李小雲先生 3,000 - - 138 -	moluments
董事袍金 其他福利 掛釣獎金 形式付款 計劃供款 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 Executive directors 執行董事 Mr. Li Xiao Yun 李小雲先生 3,000 - - - 138 -	
Executive directors 執行董事 Mr. Li Xiao Yun 李小雲先生 3,000 - - - 138 -	
Executive directors 執行董事 Mr. Li Xiao Yun 李小雲先生 3,000 - - - 138 -	酬金總額
Executive directors 執行董事 Mr. Li Xiao Yun 李小雲先生 3,000 138 -	HK\$'000
Mr. Li Xiao Yun 李小雲先生 3,000 138 -	千港元
Mr. Li Xiao Yun 李小雲先生 3,000 138 -	
	3,138
Mr. Xu Ying 徐鷹先生 – 7,188 4,402 – 12	11,602
Mr. Liu Ming Hui	15,404
Mr. Ma Jin Long 馬金龍先生 - 120	120
Mr. Zhu Wei Wei 朱偉偉先生 - 588 - - 12	600
Non-executive directors 非執行董事	
Mr. Feng Zhuo Zhi 馮卓志先生 120	120
Mr. Mark Gelinas Mark Gelinas先生 83	83
Mr. R.K. Goel R.K. Goel先生 120	120
Mr. Jo Yamagata 山縣丞先生 120	120
Mr. Harrison Blacker Harrison Blacker先生 37	37
Independent non-executive directors 獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Zhao Yu Hua 趙玉華先生 240	240
Dr. Mao Er Wan 毛二萬博士 240	240
Ms. Wong Sin Yue, Cynthia	240
4,200 15,084 12,606 138 36	

During both years, no remuneration was paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

本集團於兩年內均無支付薪酬予董事作為吸引其 加盟本集團或作為離職之賠償。

Employees

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, three (2008: three) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2008: two) individuals were as follows:

僱員

本集團最高薪之五名個別人士中,三名(二零零八年:三名)為本公司董事,有關酬金於上文披露。 其餘兩名(二零零八年:兩名)人士之酬金如下:

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	10,845	10,782
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	24	24
		10,869	10,806

14. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES (continued)

Employees (continued)

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

14. 董事及僱員酬金(續)

僱員(續)

彼等之酬金範圍如下:

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		No. of	No. of
		employee	employee
		僱員人數	僱員人數
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	_	1
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	1	-
HK\$7,000,001 to HK\$7,500,000	7,000,001港元至7,500,000港元	1	-
HK\$7,500,001 to HK\$8,000,000	7,500,001港元至8,000,000港元	_	1

15. DIVIDENDS 15. 股息

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Final dividend paid in respect of 2008 of HK\$0.012 (2008: HK\$0.012	已付二零零八年每股0.012港元 (二零零八年:已付二零零七年		
in respect of 2007) per share	每股0.012港元)之末期股息	39,997	38,619

The final dividend in respect of 2009 of HK\$0.014 (2008: HK\$0.012) per share has been proposed by the directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

董事已建議派發二零零九年每股0.014港元(二零零八年: 0.012港元)之末期股息,建議須經股東於應屆股東週年大會上通過方可作實。

16. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company is based on the following data:

16. 每股盈利

本公司普通股股東應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利乃按 下列資料計算:

	2009 二零零九年 HK\$′000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (重列)
3	基本盈利之盈利 公司股東應佔 溢利) 103,679	141,059
ordinary shares:	在攤薄之影響調整:	
Change in fair value of 股份認思 stock subscription option	瞒權公平值之變動 ————————————————————————————————————	(5,400)
Earnings for the purpose of diluted 計算每股撤 earnings per share	難薄盈利之盈利 103,679	135,659

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

16. EARNINGS PER SHARE (continued)

16. 每股盈利(續)

		2009 二零零九年 '000 千股	2008 二零零八年 '000 千股
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share Adjustment for effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:	計算每股基本盈利之 普通股加權平均數 普通股潛在攤薄之 影響調整:	3,333,233	3,209,579
Share options (note a) Stock subscription option (note b) Convertible bonds (note c)	購股權(附註a) 股份認購權(附註b) 可換股債券(附註c)	204,537 - -	312,319 751 –
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	計算每股攤薄盈利之 普通股加權平均數	3,537,770	3,522,649

Notes:

- (a) Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of the computation of diluted earnings per share has taken into account the effect of the options with dilutive effect.
- (b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of computation of diluted earnings per share has taken into account the effect of the potential issuance of shares upon exercise of the stock subscription option.
- (c) The computation of diluted earnings per share does not assume the conversion of convertible bonds for both years as the conversion would result in an increase in earnings per share.

附註:

- (a) 就計算每股攤薄盈利而言之普通股加權平均數已計 入具攤薄影響之購股權影響。
- (b) 就計算每股攤薄盈利而言之普通股加權平均數已計 入於行使股份認購權時潛在發行之股份之影響。
- (c) 由於轉換將導致每股股份盈利增加,故每股攤薄盈 利之計算並無假設轉換於該兩個年度之可換股債 券。

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

17. 投資物業

		HK\$'000 千港元
At April 1, 2007	於二零零七年四月一日	133,275
Change in fair value	公平值變動	85,825
At March 31, 2008	於二零零八年三月三十一日	219,100
Acquired on acquisition of business (note 42(i))	收購業務所得(附註42(i))	70,301
Change in fair value	公平值變動	5,726
At March 31, 2009	於二零零九年三月三十一日	295,127

The Group's investment properties are analysed as follows:

本集團之投資物業分析如下:

		2009 二零零九年	2008 二零零八年
		HK\$′000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Properties held under medium term leases:	按中期租約持有之物業:		
– in Hong Kong	-位於香港	56,400	58,100
– in the PRC	一位於中國	238,727	161,000
		295,127	219,100

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

The fair value of the Group's investment properties in Hong Kong at March 31, 2009 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out at these dates by Asset Appraisal Limited. The resulting deficit of HK\$1,700,000 (2008: surplus of HK\$9,000,000) was included in consolidated income statement. The valuation was arrived at by reference to comparable market transactions for similar properties.

The fair value of the Group's investment properties in the PRC have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out at these dates by CB Richard Ellis Limited. The resulting surplus of HK\$7,426,000 (2008: HK\$76,825,000) was credited to consolidated income statement. The valuation was arrived at by reference to standard land prices set by the PRC government and comparable market transactions as available in the locality.

All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

17. 投資物業(續)

本集團位於香港之投資物業於二零零九年三月三十一日之公平值乃根據資產評值顧問有限公司於該等日期進行之估值達致。由此產生之1,700,000港元虧絀(二零零八年:盈餘9,000,000港元)已列入綜合收益表。估值已參考類似物業之可比市場交易。

本集團位於中國之投資物業之公平值乃根據世邦 魏理仕有限公司於該等日期進行之估值達致。由 此產生之7,426,000港元(二零零八年:76,825,000港元)之盈餘已列入綜合收益表。估值已參考中國政 府設定之標準地價及當地可得之可比市場交易。

本集團全部根據經營租約持有以賺取租金或作為 資本增值之物業權益乃以公平值模式測量及歸類 及入賬記作投資物業。

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

18. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold		_	Machinery	Furniture		
		land and buildings 租賃土地	Pipelines	Construction in progress	and equipment 機器及	and fixtures 傢俬及	Motor vehicles	Total
		及樓宇 HK\$′000 千港元	管道 HK\$′000 千港元	在建工程 HK\$′000 千港元	設備 HK\$′000 千港元	固定裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	汽車 HK\$′000 千港元	總計 HK\$′000 千港元
COST	成本							
At April 1, 2007	於二零零七年四月一日	263,564	1,608,880	922,124	349,071	16,044	85,329	3,245,012
Additions	添置	28,323	49,776	1,066,512	48,763	11,841	24,836	1,230,051
Acquired on acquisition of	收購附屬公司所得							
a subsidiary		_	_	1,030	3,137	90	224	4,481
Acquired on acquisition of	收購共同控制實體所得			•	•			,
jointly controlled entities		7,176	103,075	4,648	1,174	212	423	116,708
Acquired on acquisition of	收購業務所得							
businesses		48,347	458,720	404,081	49,966	1,934	10,833	973,881
Disposals	出售	(7,875)	_	_	(5,131)	(502)	(3,796)	(17,304)
Reclassification	重新分類	83,083	1,000,877	(1,116,425)	32,465	_	-	-
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	27,511	181,762	117,881	35,853	1,508	8,209	372,724
At March 31, 2008	於二零零八年三月三十一日	450,129	3,403,090	1,399,851	515,298	31,127	126,058	5,925,553
Additions	添置	13,691	137,488	1,247,394	90,602	30,157	38,094	1,557,426
Acquired on acquisition of	收購附屬公司所得	,	,	, ,	•	,	•	
subsidiaries		550	_	28,802	_	78	411	29,841
Acquired on acquisition of	收購共同控制實體所得			.,				- ,-
a jointly controlled entity		1,537	33,485	-	757	25	33	35,837
Acquired on acquisition of	收購業務所得							
businesses		697,476	231,851	201,104	956,400	35,893	20,551	2,143,275
Disposals	出售	(45,850)	-	-	(8,592)	(1,467)	(6,731)	(62,640)
Reclassification	重新分類	24,959	927,741	(997,509)	44,809	-	-	-
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	27,201	124,839	70,995	52,093	2,623	5,633	283,384
At March 31, 2009	於二零零九年三月三十一日	1,169,693	4,858,494	1,950,637	1,651,367	98,436	184,049	9,912,676

For The Year Ended March 31, 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

18. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

		Leasehold land and buildings 租賃土地 及樓宇	Pipelines 管道	Construction in progress 在建工程	Machinery and equipment 機器及 設備	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及 固定裝置	Motor vehicles 汽車	Total 總計
		及侯子 HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	任建工性 HK\$'000 千港元	成開 HK\$′000 千港元	回足表重 HK\$′000 千港元	71年 HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT	折舊及減值							
At April 1, 2007	於二零零七年四月一日	15,613	67,040	-	50,588	5,905	22,566	161,712
Provided for the year	年內撥備	13,107	103,653	-	50,303	5,348	16,972	189,383
Eliminated on disposals	出售後撇除	(269)	-	-	(1,712)	(275)	(2,309)	(4,565)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	1,091	5,047	-	4,443	422	1,744	12,747
At March 31, 2008	於二零零八年三月三十一日	29,542	175,740	-	103,622	11,400	38,973	359,277
Provided for the year	年內撥備	43,999	162,685	-	96,023	10,505	20,702	333,914
Eliminated on disposals	出售後撇除	(24,489)	-	-	(4,288)	(1,295)	(3,468)	(33,540)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	1,701	6,216	-	3,629	439	1,265	13,250
At March 31, 2009	於二零零九年三月三十一日	50,753	344,641	-	198,986	21,049	57,472	672,901
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值							
At March 31, 2009	於二零零九年三月三十一日	1,118,940	4,513,853	1,950,637	1,452,381	77,387	126,577	9,239,775
At March 31, 2008	於二零零八年三月三十一日	420,587	3,227,350	1,399,851	411,676	19,727	87,085	5,566,276

The carrying value of leasehold land and buildings of the Group shown above comprises:

本集團上述租賃土地及樓宇之賬面值包括:

		2009 二零零九年	2008 二零零八年
		HK\$'000 千港元	ー ママハー HK\$'000 千港元
		たん	17670
In Hong Kong	於香港		
Long lease	長期租約	6,080	6,253
In PRC	於中國		
Long lease	長期租約	278,215	95,774
Medium term lease	中期租約	834,645	318,560
		1,118,940	420,587

The pipelines of the Group are located in the PRC.

The above items of property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land and buildings

Over the shorter of the remaining terms of the leases or 50 years

Pipelines

Over the shorter of 30 years or the operation period of the relevant company

Machinery and equipment

Furniture and fixtures

Motor vehicles

Over the shorter of the remaining terms of the leases or 50 years

Over the shorter of the remaining terms of the leases or 50 years

Over the shorter of the remaining terms of the leases or 50 years

Over the shorter of the remaining terms of the leases or 50 years

Over the shorter of the remaining terms of the leases or 50 years

Over the shorter of the remaining terms of the leases or 50 years

Over the shorter of the remaining terms of the leases or 50 years

Over the shorter of 30 years

Over the shorter of 30 years

Over the shorter of 30 years

Over the shorter of the leases or 50 years

Over the shorter of 30 years

Over the shorter of 10 years

Over the shorter of 10 years

Over the shorter of 30 years

Over the shorter of 30 years

Over the shorter of 30 years

Over the shorter of 10 years

Over the shorter of 10

本集團之輸氣管道位於中國。

上述物業、廠房及設備項目(不包括在建工程)乃 按直線法則依下列每年比率折舊:

租賃土地及樓宇 租約餘下年期或50年兩者

中較短者

管道 按30年或有關公司之經營

年期兩者中較短者

機器及設備5% – 10%傢俬及固定裝置15% – 50%汽車25%

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

At March 31, 2009, interest capitalised in construction in progress amounted to HK\$99,472,000 (2008: HK\$83,693,000).

During the year, the Group is in the process of obtaining title deeds from relevant government authorities for its land and buildings in the PRC amounting to HK\$64,411,000 (2008: HK\$28,737,000). In the opinion of the directors, the Group is not required to incur additional cost in obtaining the title deeds for its land and buildings in the PRC.

At March 31, 2009, the directors of the Company considered that the leasehold land element of the buildings with the carrying value of HK\$49,324,000 (2008: HK\$40,530,000) cannot be separately identified.

19. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

18. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於二零零九年三月三十一日,撥充在建工程資本化之利息為99,472,000港元(二零零八年:83,693,000港元)。

於本年度,本集團正就其價值64,411,000港元(二 零零八年:28,737,000港元)位於中國之土地及樓 宇,從有關政府機關獲取所有權契約。董事認 為,本集團不會因獲取中國土地及樓宇之所有權 契約而產生額外成本。

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本公司董事認為賬面值49,324,000港元(二零零八年:40,530,000港元)該等樓宇之租賃土地部分無法分開識別。

2000

2008

19. 預付租賃款項

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
The Group's prepaid lease payments comprise:	本集團之預付租賃款項包括:		
Leasehold land in Hong Kong	於香港之租賃土地		
Long lease	長期租約	21,994	22,182
Leasehold land in the PRC	於中國之租賃土地		
Long lease	長期租約	532,700	120,429
Medium term lease	中期租約	330,554	261,568
		885,248	404,179
Analysed for reporting purposes as:	就申報目的之分析:		
Non-current portion	非即期部分	869,075	397,301
Current portion	即期部分	16,173	6,878
		885,248	404,179

The leasehold land and land use rights are charged to income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the leases.

During the year, the Group is in the process of obtaining title deeds from relevant government authorities for its prepaid lease payments in the PRC amounting to HK\$73,425,000 (2008: nil). In the opinion of the directors, the Group is not required to incur additional cost in obtaining the title deeds for its prepaid lease payment in the PRC.

租賃土地及土地使用權以直線法按租賃年期計入 收益表。

年內,本集團正就其價值73,425,000港元(二零零八年:無)位於中國之預付租賃款項,從有關政府機關獲取所有權契約。董事認為,本集團不會因獲取中國預付租賃款項之所有權契約而產生額外成本。

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

20. 於聯營公司之權益

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cost of investments in associates – unlisted	投資於聯營公司之成本-非上市	618,157	66,402
Share of pre-acquisition dividend	分佔收購前股息	(1,296)	(1,296)
Share of post-acquisition profit	分佔收購後溢利		
(net of dividend received)	(扣除所收股息)	156,501	143,617
Discount on acquisition of associates	收購聯營公司之折讓	232,970	5,568
		1,006,332	214,291

The Group had interests in the following associates:

本集團於以下聯營公司擁有權益:

Name of entity 實體名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of registration/ incorporation 註冊/成立 地點	egistration/ place of Cla ncorporation operation ca 註冊/成立 主要營業		Proportion of nominal value of registered/issued capital held by the Group 本集團所持註冊/已發行股本 面值比例		Principal activities 主要業務
					2009 二零零九年: %	2008 二零零八年 %	
北京宏達斯特燃氣技術開發公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	22.10	22.10	Trading of natural gas 天然氣銷售
北京華昊恒通有限責任公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	19.60 (note a)	19.60 (note a)	Trading of natural gas
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊	19.60 (附註a)	19.60 (附註a)	天然氣銷售
重慶市川東燃氣工程建設有限公司 ("川東燃氣")	Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	44.00	44.00	Trading of natural gas, gas pipeline construction and property investment 天然氣銷售、 燃氣管道建設 及物業投資
重慶鼎發實業股份有限公司 ("重慶鼎發")	Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	38.69	38.69	Exploration, collection transportation, purification and sales of natural gas 勘探、接駁、運輸、 淨化及出售天然氣
重慶市渝北區佳渝天然氣有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	47.83	47.83	Trading of natural gas 天然氣銷售
哈爾濱中慶燃氣公司 ("哈爾濱中慶")	Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	48.00	-	Trading of nature gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售及 燃氣管道建設

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

20. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

Name of entity 實體名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of registration/ incorporation 註冊/成立 地點	registration/ place of incorporation operation 註冊/成立 主要營業		Proportion nominal valu registered/iss capital hel by the Grot 本集團所持註 已發行股本 面值比例	e of sued d up m/	Principal activities 主要業務		
					2009 二零零九年 二零 %	2008 零零八年 %			
福安市三誠液化氣有限公司	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	33.20	-	Trading of LPG 銷售LPG		
福建省晉江廈華石化有限公司	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	29.05	-	Refining process, storage or LPG 提煉過程、 貯存或LPG		
上海中油國電油品有限公司	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	41.50	-	Sales of fuel oil (except hazardous products), instruments, mechanical and electrical facilities, construction materials 燃油(不包括危險品)、工具、機電設施、建築材料銷售		
上海華辰船務有限公司	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	16.60 (note b) (附註b)	-	Shipping delivery services, technical development, providing consultancy services and agent of delivery 航運服務、技術開發、 提供顧問服務及 運輸代理		

Notes:

- (a) The Group is able to exercise significant influence over this company because it has the power to appoint two out of the six directors of that company.
- (b) The Group is able to exercise significant influence over this company because it has the power to appoint one out of the three directors of that company.

During the year, a discount on acquisition of HK\$227,402,000 arising on the acquisition of 哈爾濱中慶 has been included in consolidated income statement. The interest in 哈爾濱中慶 as acquired by the Group was previously owned by 哈爾濱市人民政府國有資產監督管理委員會. The acquisition of 哈爾濱中慶 was required as a result of a tender in August 2007 to 哈爾濱產權交易中心. The directors of the Company consider that the sale of the 48% equity interests in 哈爾濱中慶 by 哈爾濱市人民政府國有資產監督管理委員會 was made with an intention of bringing in foreign capital and expertise in the operation and management of natural gas projects in the PRC which is in line with the national policy in the PRC.

附註:

- (a) 本集團可對該公司行使重大影響力,原因為本集團 有權委任該公司六名董事之中兩名。
- (b) 本集團可對該公司行使重大影響力,原因為本集團 有權委任該公司三名董事之中一名。

年內,收購川哈爾濱中慶而產生之227,402,000港 元收購折讓已計入綜合收益表。本集團所收購之 哈爾濱中慶權益先前由哈爾濱市人民政府國有資 產監督管理委員會擁有。由於二零零七年八月向 哈爾濱產權交易中心呈交一份標書,故須對哈爾 濱中慶進行收購。本公司董事認為,哈爾濱市人 民政府國有資產監督管理委員會出售哈爾濱中慶 48%股本權益旨在引入外資以及經營及管理中國 天然氣項目之專長,與中國國家政策相符。

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20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

20. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates is set out below:

本集團之聯營公司之財務資料概要載列如下:

		2009 二零零九年 HK\$′000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總值 負債總額	4,300,311 (2,023,824)	1,216,139 (709,492)
Net assets	資產淨值	2,276,487	506,647
The Group's share of associates' net assets	本集團分佔聯營公司之資產淨值	1,006,332	214,291
Revenue	收益	674,251	283,193
Change in fair value of investment properties	投資物業之公平值變動	(11,306)	264,722
Profit for the year	年內溢利	11,186	312,412
The Group's share of results of associates for the year	本集團分佔聯營公司 本年度業績	12,884	138,013

21. INVESTMENTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES

21. 於共同控制實體之投資

The Group had interests in the following significant jointly controlled entities:

本集團於以下重大共同控制實體擁有權益:

Name of entity 實體名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	incorporation operation ca 註冊/成立 主要營業		Class of capital 股本類別	nominal registere capita by the 本集團所		Principal activities 主要業務
					2009 二零零九年 %	2008 二零零八年 %	
北京京港燃氣有限公司 Beijing Jinggang Gas Development Company Limited* ("Beijing Jinggang") 北京京港燃氣有限公司 ("北京京港")	Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	49.0	49.0	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售 及燃氣管道建設
柳州中燃城市燃氣有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	50.0	50.0	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售 及燃氣管道建設

21. INVESTMENTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (continued)

21. 於共同控制實體之投資(續)

Name of entity 實體名稱	註冊/成立		Principal place of operation 主要營業 地點	Class of capital 股本類別	Propor nominal registere capita by the 本集團所 已發行股 ²	Principal activities 主要業務	
					2009 二零零九年	2008 二零零八年	
					-◆◆ ル牛 %	_令令八十 %	
揚州中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	50.0	50.0	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售 及燃氣管道建設
呼和浩特中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	50.0	50.0	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售 及燃氣管道建設
德州中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 ("德州中燃")	Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	49.0	49.0	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售 及燃氣管道建設
蕪湖中燃新福利汽車燃氣有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	50.0	50.0	Nature gas refill service and gas station administration 天然氣加氣服務 及管理加氣站
重慶鼎旺化工有限公司 ("重慶鼎旺")	Equity joint venture 合資企業	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	49.0	49.0	Purifying technology service of natural gas 天氣然淨化技術服務
China Gas – SK Energy Holdings Company Limited ("China Gas – SK Energy")	Incorporated 註冊成立	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	50.0	50.0	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售 及燃氣管道建設
China Oman Energy Company Limited ("China Oman")	Incorporated 註冊成立	Bermuda 百慕達	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	50.0	50.0	Development of energy import projects from Middle East to PRC 中東至中國之能源 輸入項目開發
泰能天然氣有限公司 ("泰能天然氣")	Equity joint venture 合資企業	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	51.0	51.0	Trading of natural gas 天然氣銷售

st English name is for identification purposes only.

^{*} 英文名稱僅供識別。

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21. INVESTMENTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (continued)

As all the major financial and operating decisions of the above entities require unanimous consent from all venturers, they are accounted for as jointly controlled entities.

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's jointly controlled entities which are accounted for using proportionate consolidation with the line-by-line reporting format is set out below:

21. 於共同控制實體之投資(續)

由於上述實體之所有重大財務及營運決定均須獲所有 合營者一致同意方可通過,故以上公司被視為共同控 制實體。

本集團之共同控制實體之財務資料概要乃按比列綜合 列賬,並以下列之分項基準呈報:

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current assets	流動資產	625,259	721,065
Non-current assets	非流動資產	2,217,330	1,735,097
Current liabilities	流動負債	723,995	648,663
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	543,753	315,237
Revenue	收益	969,884	805,340
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	65,044	131,550

22. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

22. 可供出售投資

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
1 /	於香港上市之股本證券・按公平值	5,272	11,767
Unlisted equity securities, at cost less impairment	非上市股本證券,按成本值減值	33,008	3,017
Club debenture, at fair value	會所債券,按公平值	3,715	3,592
		41,995	18,376

Equity securities listed in Hong Kong are stated at fair value. The fair values of listed equity securities are based on quoted market bid price. Change in fair value of the listed equity securities classified as available-for-sale investments for the year ended March 31, 2009 with decrease of HK\$6,495,000 (2008: increase of HK\$591,000) was recognised in the investment revaluation reserve. During the year ended March 31, 2009, the Group recognised impairment loss of HK\$14,947,000 (2008: nil) to the consolidated income statement.

During the year ended March 31, 2008, the Group disposed of available-for-sale investments with the carrying value of HK\$5,570,000 and a net gain on disposal of HK\$1,144,000 was credited to consolidated income statement.

於香港上市之股本證券乃按公平值列賬。上市股本證券之公平值乃根據所報之市場買入價釐定。於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度,被歸類為可供出售投資之上市股本證券之公平值變動減少6,495,000港元(二零零八年:增加591,000港元)於投資重估儲備確認。於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度,本集團於綜合收益表中確認減值虧損14,947,000港元(二零零八年:無)。

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,本集團出售賬面值5,570,000港元之可供出售投資,並有1,144,000港元之出售收益淨額列入綜合收益表。

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22. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS (continued)

Unlisted equity securities issued by private entities incorporated in the PRC. Those private entities are engaged in the sales and distribution of LPG in the PRC. They are measured at cost less impairment at the balance sheet date because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

Club debentures are stated at fair value. Fair value of the club debenture has been determined by reference to the bid prices quoted in active market. No fair value change was recognised in both years.

22. 可供出售投資(續)

23. 商譽

由私人公司發行之非上市股本證券於中國註冊成立,該等私人實體在中國從事LPG銷售及分銷業務,乃於結算日按成本減減值計量,原因為合理公平值之估計之範圍太大,本公司董事認為,其公平值不能可靠地計量。

會所債券乃按公平值列賬。會所債券之公平值乃 經參與活躍市場所報之投標價格釐定。該兩個年 度均並無確認公平值變動。

23. GOODWILL

		HK\$'000 千港元
COST	成本值	
At April 1, 2007	於二零零七年四月一日	299,965
Arising on acquisition of businesses (note 42)	產生自收購業務(附註42)	129,457
At March 31, 2008	於二零零八年三月三十一日	429,422
Arising on acquisition of businesses (note 42)	產生自收購業務(附註42)	204,198
At March 31, 2009	於二零零九年三月三十一日	633,620
CARRYING AMOUNTS	賬面值	
At March 31, 2009	於二零零九年三月三十一日	633,620
At March 31, 2008	於二零零八年三月三十一日	429,422

The Group tests for impairment of goodwill annually and in the financial year in which the acquisition takes place, or more frequently if there are indications that goodwill might be impaired. Particulars regarding impairment testing on goodwill are disclosed in note 25.

本集團於每年及於收購作出之財政年度均會檢討商譽 有否減值,當有跡象表明商譽可能減值時,會更頻密 檢討。有關商譽減值測試之詳情見附註25。

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24. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

24. 其他無形資產

		Exclusive rights of natural gas operations 天然氣業務之	Customer Relationship	Technical expertise	Total
		獨家經營權 HK\$'000 千港元	客戶關係 HK\$′000 千港元	專項技術 HK\$′000 千港元	總計 HK\$′000 千港元
COST At April 1, 2007 Acquired on establishment of jointly controlled entities	成本值 於二零零七年四月一日 成立共同控制 實體所得(附註41)	86,111	15,000	-	101,111
(note 41) Acquired on acquisition of businesses (note 42)	收購業務所得 (附註42)	30,927 183,742	-	13,637 –	44,564 183,742
At March 31, 2008, as restated	於二零零八年三月 三十一日(重列)	300,780	15,000	13,637	329,417
Acquired on acquisition of a subsidiary (note 40) Acquired on acquisition of	收購附屬公司所得 (附註40) 收購業務所得	7,037	-	-	7,037
businesses (note 42) At March 31, 2009	(附註42) 於二零零九年 三月三十一日	7,124 314,941	15,000	13,637	7,124 343,578
AMORTISATION At April 1, 2007 Charge for the year	攤銷 於二零零七年四月一日 該年度攤銷	2,366 5,868	294 1,500	- 568	2,660 7,936
At March 31, 2008 Charge for the year	於二零零八年 三月三十一日 該年度攤銷	8,234 10,504	1,794 1,500	568 681	10,596 12,685
At March 31, 2009	於二零零九年 三月三十一日	18,738	3,294	1,249	23,281
CARRYING VALUES At March 31, 2009	賬面值 於二零零九年 三月三十一日	296,203	11,706	12,388	320,297
At March 31, 2008	於二零零八年 三月三十一日	296,546	13,206	13,069	318,821

Note: The exclusive rights of natural gas operation, customer relationship and technical expertise are amortised on a straight-line method over the period of 30 years, 10 years and 20 years respectively. Particulars regarding impairment testing on other intangible assets are disclosed in note 25.

附註:天然氣業務獨家經營權、客戶關係及專項技術乃 按直線法分別於三十年、十年及二十年之期間攤 銷。有關其他無形資產之減值測試之詳情載於附 註25。

25. IMPAIRMENTTESTING ON GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Management considered each subsidiary represents a separate CGU for the purpose of goodwill and other intangible assets impairment testing. The carrying amounts of goodwill, exclusive rights of natural gas operations, customer relationship and technical expertise are allocated as follows:

25. 商譽及其他無形資產減值測試

管理層認為,就商譽及其他無形資產減值測試而言,各附屬公司代表獨立現金產生單位。商譽、 天然氣業務之獨家經營權、客戶關係及專項技術 之賬面值分置如下:

		G	oodwill	of n	isive rights atural gas erations 氣業務之		ustomer ationship		echnical xpertise
			商譽		家經營權	蓉	客戶關係	į	厚技術
		2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (重列)	2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (重列)	2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元
Clever Decision Enterprise	Clever Decision Enterprise								
Limited 宿州中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	Limited 宿州中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	141,716	141,716	-	-	-	-	-	-
("宿州中燃")	(「宿州中燃」)	44,802	44,802	-	-	-	-	-	-
北京中油翔科科技有限公司	北京中油翔科科技有限公司	15,540	15,540	-	-	-	-	-	-
柳州中燃 Positive Rise Energy Limited	柳州中燃 Positive Rise Energy Limited	65,981	65,981	-	-	-	-	-	-
("Positive Rise") 包頭市燃氣有限公司	(「Positive Rise」) 包頭市燃氣有限公司	100,086	100,086	89,821	92,948	-	-	-	=
("包頭燃氣")	(「包頭燃氣」)	-	-	23,804	24,642	-	-	-	-
China City Natural Gas Investment Limited	China City Natural Gas Investment Limited								
("CGNGIL")	([CGNGIL])	_	_	63,629	65,968	_	_	_	_
呼和浩特中燃	呼和浩特中燃	-	-	10,784	11,182	-	-	-	-
撫順中燃	撫順中燃	-	-	3,597	3,730	-	-	-	-
杭州東能管道燃氣有限公司	杭州東能管道燃氣有限公司								
("杭州東能")	(「杭州東能」)	-	-	60,885	63,234	-	-	-	-
德州中燃	德州中燃	-	-	29,811	30,842	-	-	-	-
China Gas Investment	China Gas Investment								
Development Limited	Development Limited								
("CGIDL")	([CGIDL])	-	-	-	-	11,706	13,206	-	-
China Oman	China Oman	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,388	13,069
湖南明程貿易發展有限公司	湖南明程貿易發展有限公司								
("湖南明程")	(「湖南明程」)	53,688	-	3,558	-	-	-	-	-
Zhejiang Zhongyou Hua Dian Energy	浙江中油華電能源有限公司	456.546							
Co. Ltd. ("Zhongyou Hua Dian")	(「中油華電」) 其他附屬公司	150,510	- (1.207	10.214	-	-	-	-	-
Other subsidiaries	共10円 関ムリ	61,297	61,297	10,314	-	-	-	-	-
		633,620	429,422	296,203	292,546	11,706	13,206	12,388	13,069

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25. IMPAIRMENTTESTING ON GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined based on value in use calculations. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and expected changes to selling prices and direct costs during the period. Management estimates discount rates using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs. The growth rates are based on industry growth forecasts. Changes in selling prices and direct costs are based on past practices and expectations of future changes in the market.

The Group prepares cash flows forecasts derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by management for the next five years. The CGUs cashflows beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated using a steady 3% (2008: 3%) growth rate for natural gas business and 5% (2008: nil) for LPG business. The financial budgets and growth rates are estimated according to the stage of each operation with reference to the development curve of the natural gas industry in the PRC region. The rates used to discount the forecast cash flows for CGUs are from 15% to 17% (2008: 15% to 17%). In the opinion of the directors, no material impairment loss is identified for both years.

25. 商譽及其他無形資產減值測試(續)

現金產生單位之可回收價值乃按計算使用價值釐定。計算使用價值主要假設於期內售價之折扣率、增長率及預期變動及直接成本值。管理層按反映目前評估金錢之時間值及現金產生單位之特定風險之稅前比率估計折扣率。增長率按業內預期增長釐定。售價變動及直接成本按過往慣例及預期市場未來之變動而釐定。

本集團根據管理層批准未來五年之最近期財務預算編製現金流量預算。有關天然氣業務及LPG業務五年期後之現金產生單位現金流量則分別採用穩定增長率3%(二零零八年:3%)及5%(二零零八年:無)進行推算。財務預算及增長率乃根據各業務之發展階段及經參考中國地區之天然氣行業之發展曲線後估計。用於預測現金產生單位之現金流量折扣比率由15%至17%(二零零八年:15%至17%)不等。董事認為,於該兩個年度概無重大可辨認減值虧損。

26. 應收貸款

27. 存貨

26. LOAN RECEIVABLE

		2009 二零零九年 HK\$′000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fixed-rate loan receivable at interest rate of 7% per annum, unsecured and repayable after 2 years but not more than 5 years	以年利率7%計算之定息 應收貸款無抵押並須於 兩年後但五年內償還)	_	15,000

The amount was denominated in HK\$, currency other than the functional currency of the respective group entities and fully repaid during the year.

金額以港元(並非各相關集團實體功能貨幣之貨幣)列賬,並已於年內悉數償還。

27. INVENTORIES

· III V EI II I OI II ES			
		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Construction materials	建材	113,329	231,546
Consumables, spare parts and coke materials	消耗品、備件及燃煤物料	59,364	38,932
Natural gas	天然氣	25,992	15,052
LPG	LPG	342,213	-
		540,898	285,530

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28. AMOUNTS DUE FROM (TO) CUSTOMERS FOR CONTRACT WORK

28. 應收(應付)客戶之合約工程款項

		2009 二零零九年 HK\$′000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contracts in progress at balance sheet date:	於結算日之在建工程:		
Contract costs incurred plus recognised profits less recognised losses	已錄得之合約成本加已確認 溢利減已確認虧損	527,111	391,350
Less: Progress billings	減:進度付款	(428,861)	(120,171)
		98,250	271,179
Analysed for reporting purposes as:	作呈報用途分析:		
Amounts due from customers for contract work Amounts due to customers for contract work	合約工程之應收客戶款項 合約工程之應付客戶款項	219,993 (121,743)	283,426 (12,247)
		98,250	271,179

At March 31, 2009 and 2008, there was no retention monies held by customers for contract work performed. At March 31, 2009, advances received from customers for contract work amounted to HK\$258,592,000 (2008: HK\$230,340,000) which were included in trade and other payables in note 34.

During the year ended March 31, 2009, the Group recognised losses of HK\$36,864,000 (2008: HK\$79,623,000) in respect of contract costs incurred. The directors of the Company reviewed the recoverable amounts of contract costs incurred and identified certain projects are unlikely to be completed in foreseeable future. In the opinion of directors of the Company, the amounts are unlikely to be recovered from its customers and accordingly, losses are recognised in full in the consolidated income statement.

於二零零九年及二零零八年三月三十一日,並無保留款項由客戶就已進行之合約工程而持有。 於二零零九年三月三十一日,已向合約工程客 戶收取之墊款為258,592,000港元(二零零八年: 230,340,000港元),並已列入附註34之貿易應付賬 款及其他應付賬項。

於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度,本集團就已錄得之合約成本確認36,864,000港元(二零零八年:79,623,000港元)虧損。本公司董事已檢討所錄得合約成本之可收回金額,並確認若干項目在可見將來完成之機會甚低。本公司董事認為,從客戶追回款項之可能性不高,因此於綜合收益表全面確認虧損。

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29. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Other than certain major customers with good repayment history which the Group allows a longer credit period or settlement by instalment basis, the Group generally allows an average credit period of 30 to 180 days to its trade customers.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables net of impairment losses at the reporting date:

29. 貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項

除若干付款記錄良好之主要客戶獲本集團准許有較長信貸期及分期付款外,本集團一般向其貿易客戶提供平均30-180日之信貸期。

於申報當日,貿易應收賬款(扣除減值虧損)之賬齡分析如下:

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
0 – 180 days	0 – 180日	344,066	271,250
181 – 365 days	181 – 365日	92,333	67,857
Over 365 days	365日以上	219,375	141,809
Total trade receivables before	累計撥備前之貿易		
accumulated allowances	應收賬款總額	655,774	480,916
Less: Accumulated allowances	減:累計撥備	(146,079)	(79,187)
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	509,695	401,729
Deposits paid for construction and other materials	工程及其他材料已付按金	75,134	77,027
Deposits paid for purchase of natural gas and LPG	購買天然氣及LPG已付按金	130,983	81,825
Advance payments to contractors	預付予承包商之款項	105,806	72,477
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	其他應收賬項、按金及預付款項	328,528	219,271
Amounts due from minority shareholders	應收附屬公司少數		
of subsidiaries	股東款項	70,155	40,506
Amounts due from shareholders of jointly	應收共同控制實體		
controlled entities	股東款項	65,397	42,880
		1,285,698	935,715

The trade receivables with carrying amount of HK\$344,066,000 (2008: HK\$271,250,000) are neither past due nor impaired at the reporting date for which the Group believes that the amounts are considered recoverable.

The Group has policies for allowance of bad and doubtful debts which are based on the evaluation of collectability and age analysis of accounts and on the management's judgment including the credit creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer.

During the year ended March 31, 2009, the Group made an allowance of HK\$53,883,000 (2008: HK\$57,190,000) in respect of the trade receivables, which was past due at the reporting date with long age and slow repayments were received from respective customers since the due date. The directors of the Company considered the related receivables may be impaired and specified allowance is made.

賬面值344,066,000港元之貿易應收賬款(二零零八年:271,250,000港元)於申報日期並無逾期或出 現減值,本集團相信該等款項乃被視為可收回。

本集團之呆壞賬撥備政策乃根據追回款項機率之 評估及賬項之賬齡分析,並根據管理層對包括每 名客戶之信用能力及收款往績之判斷。

於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團就貿易應收賬款作出53,883,000港元(二零零八年:57,190,000港元)之撥備,原因為該等款項於呈報日已逾期,其賬齡久遠且有關客戶自欠款日期以來之還款速度緩慢。本公司董事認為有關應收款項或會減值,並作出特定撥備。

29. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

29. 貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項(續)

Movement in the allowance for bad and doubtful debts:

呆壞賬撥備之變動:

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Balance at the beginning of the year	年初結餘	79,187	20,201
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	13,009	1,796
Charge for the year	本年度撥備	53,883	57,190
Balance at the end of the year	年終結餘	146,079	79,187

In determining the recoverability of the trade receivables, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the trade receivables from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The trade receivables past due but not provided for impairment were either subsequently settled as at the date of this report or no historical default of payments by the respective customers. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base being large and unrelated. Accordingly, the directors of the Company believe that there is no further credit provision required in excess of the allowance for bad and doubtful debts.

Included in the Group's trade receivables are debtors, with a carrying amount of HK\$165,629,000 (2008: HK\$130,479,000) which are past due at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amount are still considered recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average age of these trade receivable is 320 days (2008: 310 days) as at March 31, 2009.

In respect of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired at the respective balance sheet date, the aged analysis from due date is as follows:

判斷貿易應收賬款能否收回時,本集團會考慮貿易應收賬款之信用質素自信貸初次批出當日直至申報日期期間之任何變化。逾期但未作出減值之貿易應收賬款若非其後於本報告日期已償付,即屬於並無過往拖欠還款紀錄之客戶。由於客戶層範圍廣大及並不關連,故信貸集中風險有限。據此,本公司董事相信毋須於呆壞賬撥備以外進一步提撥信貸準備。

本集團之貿易應收賬款中包括賬面值165,629,000 港元之貿易應收賬款(二零零八年:130,479,000港元),該筆款項於申報日期已逾期,但本集團基於信貸質素未有重大變化且金額仍被視為可收回而尚未提撥準備。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押。於二零零九年三月三十一日,該等貿易應收賬款之平均賬齡為320日(二零零八年:310日)。

於有關結算日已逾期但未列作減值之貿易應收賬 款,其自指定還款日起計之賬齡分析如下:

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
100 26E days	180 – 365日	02.222	67.057
180 – 365 days		92,333	67,857
over 365 days	365目以上	73,296	62,622
		165,629	130,479

Amounts due from minority shareholders of subsidiaries and shareholders of jointly controlled entities are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

應收附屬公司少數股東及共同控制實體股東款項均為無抵押、免息且須按要求償還。

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30. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

30. 衍生金融工具

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Derivative financial assets:	衍生金融資產:		
Current	流動		
Interest rate range accrual swap transactions	不符合資格作為對沖會計處理之		
not qualified for hedge accounting	利率範圍累計掉期交易	-	8,362
Early redemption option embedded	可換股債券附帶之提前		
in convertible bonds (note 38 (ii)(c))	贖回權(附註38(ii)(c))	1,261	2,614
		1,261	10,976
Derivative financial liabilities:	衍生金融負債:		
Non-current	非流動		
Interest rate range accrual swap transactions	不符合資格作為對沖會計處理之		
not qualified for hedge accounting	利率範圍累計掉期交易	360,087	-
Current	流動		
Embedded conversion option (note 38 (ii)(b))	附帶換股權(附註38(ii)(b))	782	4,264
		360,869	4,264

Interest rate range accrual swap transactions

Major terms of the outstanding interest rate swap transactions as at March 31, 2009 and 2008 are as follows:

利率範圍累計掉期交易

於二零零九年及二零零八年三月三十一日,未到 期利率掉期交易之主要條款如下:

Notional amount 名義金額	Maturity dates 到期日	Pay leg 付款部分	Receive leg 收款部分
RMB2,000,000,000 in aggregate	From September 4, 2011 to December 12, 2011	6.60% – 6.65%	Relative movement of 2-year, 10-year and 30-year USD swap rates
合共人民幣2,000,000,000元	由二零一一年九月四日至 二零一一年十二月十二日	6.60厘至6.65厘	2年、10年及30年美元掉期利率之 相關變動
US\$200,000,000 in aggregate	From October 12, 2010 to June 13, 2011	From USD LIBOR + 0.60% to USD LIBOR + 2.35%	Relative movement of 2-year, 10-year and 30-year USD swap rates
合共200,000,000美元	由二零一零年十月十二日至 二零一一年六月十三日	由美元倫敦銀行同業拆息率+ 0.60厘至美元倫敦銀行同業拆息率 +2.35厘	2年、10年及30年美元掉期利率之 相關變動

The net fair values of the outstanding interest rate transactions are measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted bases on the applicable yield curves derived from quoted interest rates.

未到期利率交易之公平淨值乃按根據適用報價利 率所得之收益曲線貼現之估計未來現金流之現值 計量。

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30. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Derivatives embedded in convertible bonds

Embedded conversion option represents the fair value of the bondholders' option to convert the convertible bonds issued on June 29, 2005 (as detailed in note 38) into equity of the Company.

Early redemption option represents the fair value of the Company's option to early redeem in respect of convertible bond issued on June 29, 2005.

The fair value of the embedded conversion and early redemption option are calculated using the Black-Scholes-Merton Option Pricing Model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

30. 衍生金融工具(續)

可換股債券之附帶衍生工具

附帶換股權指債券持有人把二零零五年六月二十九日發行之可換股債券(詳見附註38)轉換為本公司股本之選擇權之公平值。

提前贖回權指本公司提前贖回於二零零五年六月二十九日發行之可換股債券之選擇權之公平值。

附帶換股權及提前贖回權之公平值乃按柏力克 – 舒爾斯-默頓期權定價模式計算。模式之輸入數字如下:

		convers	Embedded conversion option 附帶換股權		arly ion option 贖回權
		2009	2008	2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年	二零零九年	二零零八年
Conversion price/redemption	轉換價/贖回價/				
price/exercise price	行使價	HK\$1.731 港元	HK\$1.731 港元	HK\$1.210 港元	HK\$1.996港元
Expected volatility (note a)	預期波幅 (附註a)	70.72%	51.27%	70.72%	51.27%
Expected life (note b)	預期年期(附註b)	1.25 years 年	0.25 years 年	1.25 years 年	0.25 years 年
Risk free rate (note c)	無風險利率(附註c)	0.51%	1.31%	0.51%	1.31%

Notes:

- (a) Expected volatility for early redemption option was determined by calculating the historical volatility of the Company's share price over 250 trading days; for embedded conversion option was determined by calculating the historical volatility of the Company's share price over 250 trading days.
- (b) Expected life was the expected remaining life of the respective options.
- (c) The risk free rate is determined by reference to the Hong Kong Government Bond Yield.

During the year, HK\$366,320,000 (2008: HK\$166,884,000) was recognised as a change in fair value of derivative financial instruments.

附註:

- (a) 提前贖回權之預期波幅乃經計算本公司之股價於250 個交易日之歷史波幅而釐定:而就附帶換股權而 言,預期波幅則經計算本公司之股價於250個交易日 之歷史波幅而釐定。
- (b) 預期有效年期指各期權之預計餘下年期。
- (c) 無風險利率乃經參考香港政府債券孳息率釐定。

年內·366,320,000港元(二零零八年:166,884,000港元)獲確認為衍生金融工具之公平值變動。

31. AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES

31. 應收聯營公司款項

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Non current portion (note a)	非流動部分(附註a)	69.066	
Non-current portion (note a)		68,966	_
Current portion (note b)	流動部分(附註b)	243,250	158,617
		312,216	158,617

Notes

- (a) The balance is unsecured, interest bearing at 5.31% per annum and repayable on June 1, 2010.
- (b) Included in balance amount of HK\$76,264,000 (2008: nil) is unsecured, interest bearing at 5.31% to 6.93% per annum and repayable within a year. The remaining balance is unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

附註:

- (a) 結餘乃無抵押、按年利率5.31厘計息且須於二零一零 年六月一日償還。
- (b) 計入結餘之金額76,264,000港元(二零零八年:無)乃 無抵押、按年利率5.31厘至6.93厘計息且須於一年內 償還。餘額則無抵押、免息且須按要求償還。

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32. HELD-FOR-TRADING INVESTMENTS

32. 持作買賣投資

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Listed securities at fair value	按公平值計算之上市證券		
– Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	-於香港上市之股本證券	11,460	42,074
- Equity securities listed in the PRC	一於中國上市之股本證券	84	-
		11,544	42,074

33. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS/BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances and cash comprise cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less and carry interest at market rates which range from 0.03% to 1.21% per annum (2008: 0.03% to 2.63% per annum).

Pledged bank deposits represent deposits pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group. Deposits amounting to HK\$847,759,000 (2008: HK\$164,597,000) have been pledged to secure short-term bank loans and undrawn facilities and are therefore classified as current assets. The pledged bank deposits carry fixed interest rate of 0.81% to 3.42% (2008: 1.5% to 3.5%) per annum.

The details of the Group's pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash which are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the respective group entities are set out below:

33. 已抵押銀行存款/銀行結存及現金

銀行結存及現金包括本集團持有之現金及原本於 三個月內到期之短期銀行存款,按每年0.03至1.21 厘(二零零八年:每年0.03至2.63厘)之利率計息。

已抵押銀行存款指為取得授予本集團之銀行融資而抵押予銀行之存款。847,759,000港元(二零零八年:164,597,000港元)之存款已作抵押以取得短期銀行貸款及未提取之融資,因此分類為流動資產。已抵押銀行存款按每年0.81厘至3.42厘(二零零八年:每年1.5至3.5厘)之利率計息。

本集團除各相關集團實體之功能貨幣以外之外幣 計值之已抵押銀行存款以及銀行結存及現金之詳 情載列如下:

		USD	HK\$
		美元	港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		equivalent	
		相當於	
At March 31, 2009	於二零零九年三月三十一日	373,531	11,895
AC March 31, 2003	W-4470 L-11-1	373,331	11,023
At March 31, 2008	於二零零八年三月三十一日	51,408	5,672

34. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables comprise amounts outstanding for trade purchases and ongoing costs. The following is an aged analysis of trade and other payables at the reporting date:

34. 貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項

貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項包括貿易買賣及持 續成本之未結清數額。於申報當日,貿易應付賬 款及其他應付賬項之賬齡分析如下:

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
0 – 90 days	0 – 90日	1,142,836	234,247
91 – 180 days	91 – 180日	119,262	31,311
Over 180 days	180日以上	249,131	94,110
Trade and bill payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據	1,511,229	359,668
Other payables and accrued charges	其他應付賬項及應計支出	499,483	569,314
Advanced payments from customers	來自客戶之預收款項	186,196	164,772
Advances received from customers for	已向尚未施工之合約工程客戶		
contract works that have not	收取之墊款		
yet been started		258,592	230,340
Amounts due to minority shareholders	應付附屬公司少數		
of subsidiaries	股東款項	99,745	24,558
Deferred cash consideration for	用作收購業務之遞延現金代價		
the acquisition of businesses		48,068	-
		2,603,313	1,348,652

Amounts due to minority shareholders of subsidiaries are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

應付附屬公司少數股東款項為無抵押、免息及須於要求時償還。

35. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

35. 銀行及其他借貸

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他		
comprise the following:	借貸包括:		
Bank loans	銀行貸款	7,741,596	5,471,132
Trust receipt loans	信託收據貸款	1,586,521	-
Mortgage loan	按揭貸款	11,904	14,416
Other bank loans	其他銀行貸款	669,138	-
Other loans	其他貸款	288,763	295,967
		10,297,922	5,781,515
Secured	有抵押	7,563,605	4,528,197
Unsecured	無抵押	2,734,317	1,253,318
		10,297,922	5,781,515

Other bank loans represent the loans from discounting of intercompany receivables with full recourse.

其他銀行貸款指來自具全面追溯權之貼現公司間 應收款項。

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35. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

35. 銀行及其他借貸(續)

The maturity profile of the above loans is as follows:

上述貸款之到期情況如下:

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
On demand or within one year	於要求時或於一年內償付	3,103,855	157,061
More than one year, but not exceeding two years	多於一年但不超過兩年	355,753	205,922
More than two years, but not exceeding five years		2,430,918	899,345
, ,			,
More than five years	多於五年	4,407,396	4,519,187
		10,297,922	5,781,515
Less: Amount due within one year shown under	減:一年內到期列入流動		
current liabilities	負債之款項	(3,103,855)	(157,061)
Amount due after one year	一年後到期之款項	7,194,067	5,624,454
Borrowings comprise:	借貸包括:		
Fixed-rate borrowings	定息借貸	7,392,080	4,714,191
Floating-rate borrowings	浮息借貸	2,905,842	1,067,324
		10,297,922	5,781,515
		10,237,322	3,761,313

The range of effective interest rates (which are also equal to contracted interest rates) on the Group's borrowings are as follows:

本集團借貸之實際利率之範圍(相等已訂約利率) 如下:

		二零零九年	二零零八年
Effective interest rate per annum:	實際年利率:		
Fixed-rate borrowings Floating-rate borrowings	定息借貸浮息借貸	2.10% - 7.83% 3.56% - 8.00%	2.10% - 7.83% 4.17% - 7.83%

The details of the Group's borrowings which are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the respective group entities are set out below:

本集團除各相關集團實體之功能貸幣以外之外幣 計值之借貸之詳情載列如下:

		EUR	USD	JPY
		歐元	美元	日圓
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
		equivalent	equivalent	equivalent
		相當於	相當於	相當於
At March 31, 2009	於二零零九年三月三十一日	22,907	3,434,058	47,479
At March 31, 2008	於二零零八年三月三十一日		1,913,753	44,574

36. SHARE CAPITAL

36. 股本

		Ordinary shares 普通股		Convertible preference shares 可換股優先股		Total 合計
		No. of shares '000 千股股數 at HK\$0.01 each 每股面值 0.01港元	HK\$'000 千港元	No. of shares '000 千股股數 at HK\$1.00 each 每股面值 1.00港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised	法定	9,000,000	90,000	124,902	124,902	214,902
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:					
At April 1, 2007 Issue of new ordinary shares	於二零零七年四月一日 發行新普通股	3,096,204	30,962	-	-	30,962
(notes a and b)	(附註a及b)	178,230	1,782	-	-	1,782
Exercise of share options (note 47)	行使購股權(附註47)	57,010	570	-	_	570
At March 31, 2008	於二零零八年三月三十一日	3,331,444	33,314	=	-	33,314
Exercise of share options (note 47)	行使購股權(附註47)	2,170	22	-	_	22
At March 31, 2009	於二零零九年三月三十一日	3,333,614	33,336	-	-	33,336

Notes:

- (a) On May 22, 2007, pursuant to the subscription letter dated October 29, 2003, the Company issued a total of 7,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each in the Company at a price of HK\$1.128 per share to ML (as defined in note 38(i)). Details of the subscription letter are set out in note 38(i).
- (b) During the year ended March 31, 2008, the bondholders of the Bond (as defined in note 38 (ii)) have converted part of the Bond into 171,230,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each in the Company at a conversion price of HK\$1.731 per share.

The shares issued during the year rank pari passu with the then existing shares in all respects.

37. AMOUNT DUE TO A MINORITY SHAREHOLDER OF A SUBSIDIARY

The amount is unsecured, interest bearing at 2% per annum and repayable in year 2013. Accordingly, the amount is classified as a non-current liability as at the balance sheet date.

附註:

- (a) 於二零零七年五月二十二日,根據日期為二零零三年十月二十九日之認購函,本公司按每股1.128港元發行合共7,000,000股本公司每股面值0.01港元之普通股予美林(定義見附註38(j))。認購函之詳情載於附註38(j)。
- (b) 於截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,債券的債券持有人(定義見附註38(ii))以轉換價每股1.731港元已轉換部分債券為171,230,000股本公司每股面值0.01港元之普通股。

於年內發行之股份於所有方面與現有股份享有同 等權利。

37. 欠附屬公司少數股東之款項

該款項為無抵押、按年利率2厘計息及須於二零一三年償還。據此,該款項於結算日被列為非流動 負債。

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38. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

- (i) The Company entered into a subscription letter on October 29, 2003 with Merill Lynch ("ML") pursuant to which the Company granted to ML, the rights to subscribe for new shares of the Company (the "Letter"). Under the terms of the Letter, ML would have a right to subscribe for new shares up to 15% of the principal amount of each tranche of the convertible bonds ("the ML Bonds") pursuant to a subscription agreement dated on October 29, 2003 ("the Agreement") issued divided by 0.94 with a subscription price of HK\$1.128 per share (subject to adjustments). The subscription rights are exercisable by ML at any time from and including the date of issue to the maturity date of the relevant tranche of the ML Bonds. The maturity dates are October 30, 2008 and October 30, 2009 for the ML Bonds issued on November 13, 2003 and June 10, 2004, respectively. All of the ML Bonds issued under the Agreement had been either converted or redeemed during the two years ended March 31, 2005. The stock subscription rights are fully exercised by ML during the year ended March 31, 2008.
- (ii) On June 23, 2005, the Company entered into a conditional subscription agreement with CQS Convertible and Quantitative Strategies Master Fund Limited ("CQS") and Courtenay Enterprises Limited ("Courtenay"), independent third parties of the Group, whereby CQS and Courtenay subscribed the USD denominated Bonds ("the Bond") issued at par by the Company in an aggregate principal amount of US\$40,000,000. The Bond was issued on June 29, 2005 ("the Issue Date") and carries interest at 1% per annum and is matured on June 29, 2010. The conversion price of the Bond is HK\$1.7310 and can be converted at any time on or after Issue Date up to June 19, 2010. Unless previously redeemed, converted or purchased and cancelled, the Bonds will be redeemed at 127.070 per cent of their principal amount on June 29, 2010. All or some of the Bonds may be redeemed at the option of the relevant holder on June 29, 2008 at 115.314 per cent of their principal amount. The Bond are listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 2562) on June 1, 2006.

The net proceeds received from the issue of convertible bonds contain the following components that are required to be separately accounted for in accordance with HKAS 32 "Financial instruments: Disclosure and Presentation" and HKAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and Measurement":

(a) Liability component of the Bond represents the present value of the contractually determined stream of future cash flows discounted at the rate of interest at that time by the market to instruments of comparable credit status and providing substantially the same cash flows, on the same terms, but without the conversion and redemption option. The effective interest rate of the liability component determined on initial recognition is 4.5% per annum.

38. 可換股債券

- (i) 於二零零三年十月二十九日,本公司與美林 (「美林」)訂立認購函件,據此,本公司向 美林授出認購本公司新股份之權利(「該函 件」)。根據該函件之條款,根據日期為二 零零三年十月二十九日之認購協議(「該協 議」),美林有權按認購價每股1.128港元(可 予調整)認購最多為每批可換股債券(「美林債 券」)本金額15%除以0.94之新股份。美林可於 有關批數之美林債券之發行日期(包括當日) 起至到期日止之任何時間行使認購權。於二 零零三年十一月十三日及二零零四年六月十 日發行之美林債券之到期日分別為二零零八 年十月三十日及二零零九年十月三十日。於 截至二零零五年三月三十一日止之兩個年度 內,根據該協議發行之所有美林債券已獲兑 換或贖回。於截至二零零八年三月三十一日 止年度,股份認購權已獲美林悉數行使。
- (ii) 於二零零五年六月二十三日,本公司與CQS Convertible and Quantitative Strategies Master Fund Limited (「CQS」) 及Courtenay Enterprises Limited (「Courtenay」) (兩者均為獨立第三方) 訂立有條件認購協議,據此CQS及Courtenay 認購本公司按面值發行總本金額為40,000,000 美元之以美元計值債券(「債券」)。債券於二 零零五年六月二十九日發行(「發行日」),按 年利率1厘計息並於二零一零年六月二十九 日到期。債券之轉換價為1.7310港元,可由 發行日起至二零一零年六月十九日期間任何 時間轉換。除非先前已贖回、轉換或購回並 註銷,否則債券將於二零一零年六月二十九 日按本金額127.070%贖回。債券持有人亦可 選擇於二零零八年六月二十九日按債券本金 額115.314%贖回其全部或部分。債券於二零 零六年六月一日於聯交所上市(證券代號: 2562)。

發行可換股債券之所得款項淨額包括以下成份,需要根據香港會計準則第32號「金融工具:披露及呈列」及香港會計準則第39號「金融工具:確認及計量」獨立入賬:

(a) 債券之負債成份指合約所定之未來現金 流量按當時市場上向具有大致相同的信 貸級別但無換股及贖回權並提供大致相 同的現金流量的財務票據之市場利率進 行貼現後的現值。於初步確認時就負債 成份釐定之實際利率為4.5厘。

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38. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

- (b) Embedded conversion option of the Bond to be accounted for as a separate financial liability represents the fair value of the option to convert the liability into equity of the Company.
- (c) Embedded early redemption option of the Bond represents the Company's option to early redeem all or part of the Bond by bond holder on or before June 19, 2010 at the conversion price of HK\$1.7310.
- (d) Mandatory redemption option of the Bond represents redemption at the option of the bond holders on June 29, 2008 at 115.314 per cent of the principal amount of the Bond.

The movement of different components of the convertible bonds during the year is set out below:

38. 可換股債券(續)

- (b) 將以個別金融負債列賬之債券之附帶換 股權指轉換負債為本公司權益之選擇權 公平值。
- (c) 附帶提前贖回權代表本公司由債券持有 人於二零一零年六月十九日或之前以轉 換價1.7310港元提早贖回全部或部份債券 之選擇權。
- (d) 債券之強制贖回權代表按債券持有人之 意願於二零零八年六月二十九日以債券 本金額115.314%進行之贖回。

年內可換股債券之不同成份之變動載列如下:

			Embedded conversion	•	Mandatory redemption	
		Liability	option 附帶	option 提前贖回	option 強制贖回	Total
		負債	換股權	選擇權	選擇權	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At April 1, 2007	於二零零七年四月一日	273,457	52,502	(15,865)	1,412	311,506
Change in fair value	公平值變動	-	190,606	(25,981)	(1,412)	163,213
Exercise during the year	於年內行使	(260,362)	(238,844)	39,232	_	(459,974)
Interest charged (note 10)	利息支出(附註10)	1,781	-	-	-	1,781
Interest paid	已付利息	(542)	-	_	_	(542)
At March 31, 2008	於二零零八年三月三十一日	14,334	4,264	(2,614)	-	15,984
Change in fair value	公平值變動	_	(3,482)	1,353	_	(2,129)
Interest charged (note 10)	利息支出(附註10)	645	_	-	-	645
Interest paid	已付利息	(156)	=	-	_	(156)
At March 31, 2009	於二零零九年三月三十一日	14,823	782	(1,261)	-	14,344

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

38. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

From June 4,2007 to September 19,2007 ("1st batch conversion") and November 23, 2007 ("2nd batch conversion"), the bond holders exercised their conversion options with the principal amount of US\$26,000,000 and US\$12,000,000 of the Bonds respectively. The fair values of the embedded conversion and early redemption option were calculated by using the Black-Scholes-Merton Option Pricing Model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

38. 可換股債券(續)

自二零零七年六月四日至二零零七年九月十九日 (「第一批轉換」)及二零零七年十一月二十三日(「第二批轉換」),債券持有人分別行使本金額分別為 26,000,000美元及12,000,000美元之債券附帶之換股權。附帶換股權及提前贖回權之公平值以柏力克一舒爾斯一默頓期權定價模式計算。輸入該模式之數據如下:

		Embedded conversion option			Early redemption option		
				redem			
		附有		提前	提前贖回權		
		2nd batch	1st batch	2nd batch	1st batch		
		conversion	conversion	conversion	conversion		
		第二批轉換	第一批轉換	第二批轉換	第一批轉換		
Share price at conversion	轉換時之股價	HK\$3.38	HK\$2.62 - 3.52	HK\$3.38	HK\$2.62 - 3.52		
Conversion price/redemption price	換股價/贖回價	HK\$1.731	HK\$1.731	HK\$1.996	HK\$1.996		
Expected volatility	預期波幅	47.20%	46.10%	47.20%	46.10%		
Expected life	預計年期	0.60 years	0.72 years	0.60 years	0.96 years		
Risk-free rate	無風險利率	2.35%	4.42%	2.35%	4.42%		
Fair value at conversion (in HK\$'000)	轉換時之公平值(千港元)	83,542	155,302	9,468	29,764		

39. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following is the deferred tax liabilities (assets) recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting years.

39. 遞延税項

以下為於本申報年度及前申報年度之已確認遞延 税項負債(資產)以及相關變動。

Impairment

		Accelerated tax depreciation	Revaluation on investment properties	Revaluation on property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments 物業、廠房	Tax losses	ses assets contract work 應收 客戶合約工程		Total
		加速税項 折舊	投資 物業重估	及設備及預付 租賃付款重估	税項虧損	無形資產	之貿易應收 賬款減值	總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At April 1, 2007 Acquisition of a jointly controlled	於二零零七年四月一日 收購共同控制實體(附註41)	494	1,878	=	(2,372)	3,860	-	3,860
entity (note 41)		=	-	-	-	637	-	637
Acquisition of businesses (note 42)	收購業務(附註42)	-	-	31,190	-	53,240	-	84,430
(Credit) charge to consolidated income statement for the year	年內於綜合收益表 (抵免)扣除	(22)	20,781	(2,095)	(1,553)	(885)	(34,203)	(17,977)
At April 1, 2008, originally stated Acquisition of a jointly controlled	於二零零八年四月一日(按原列) 收購共同控制實體(附註41)	472	22,659	29,095	(3,925)	56,852	(34,203)	70,950
entity (note 41) Acquisition of businesses (note 42)	收購業務(附註42)	-	-	-	-	7,095 (7,304)	-	7,095 (7,304)
At April 1, 2008, as restated Acquisition of businesses (note 42) (Credit) charge to consolidated	於二零零八年四月一日(重列) 收購業務(附註42) 年內於綜合收益表	472 -	22,659 -	29,095 160,314	(3,925)	56,643 1,780	(34,203)	70,741 162,094
income statement for the year	(抵免) 扣除	(1)	1,575	(4,421)	283	(1,973)	(22,687)	(27,224)
At March 31, 2009	於二零零九年三月三十一日	471	24,234	184,988	(3,642)	56,450	(56,890)	205,611

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

39. DEFERRED TAXATION (continued)

For the purpose of balance sheet presentation, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

39. 遞延税項(續)

就資產負債表呈列而言,若干遞延稅項資產及負債已予抵銷。以下為就財務報告而言之遞延稅項 結餘分析:

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	56,890	34,203
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(262,501)	(104,944)
		(205,611)	(70,741)

At March 31, 2009, the Group has estimated unused tax losses of HK\$846,411,000 (2008: HK\$520,802,000) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of HK\$22,073,000 (2008: HK\$22,428,000) of the tax losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised for the remaining estimated tax losses of HK\$824,338,000 (2008: HK\$498,374,000) due to the uncertainty of future profits streams. Included in unrecognised estimated tax losses are losses of HK\$278,085,000 (2008: HK\$141,709,000) that will expire in 5 years from the year of origination.

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團可用以抵銷未來溢利之估計未動用税項虧損為846,411,000港元(二零零八年:520,802,000港元)。已就22,073,000港元(二零零八年:22,428,000港元)之税項虧損確認遞延税項資產。由於未可肯定未來溢利來源,其餘估計税項虧損824,338,000港元(二零零八年:498,374,000港元)並無確認遞延稅項資產。未確認估計稅項虧損中包括將起始年度起計五年內屆滿之278,085,000港元(二零零八年:141,709,000港元)虧損。

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

40. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ADDITIONAL INTEREST IN A SUBSIDIARY

Acquisition of assets through purchase of subsidiaries in 2009

(i) On August 7, 2008, the Group acquired 90% equity interest in 烏審旗明月天然氣開發有限公司 ("烏審旗明月") for RMB19,267,000 (equivalent to HK\$22,145,000). 烏審旗明月 has not commenced business at the date of acquisition.

40. 收購附屬公司及增購附屬公司之權益

於二零零九年透過收購附屬公司收購之資產

(i) 於二零零八年八月七日,本集團以人民幣 19,267,000元(相當於22,145,000港元)收購烏審 旗明月天然氣開發有限公司(「烏審旗明月」) 90%股本權益。於收購當日,烏審旗明月尚 未展開業務。

		HK\$'000
		千港元
NET ASSETS ACQUIRED	所收購之淨資產	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	20,735
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃付款	5,430
Inventories	存貨	55
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	4
Other payables	其他應付賬項	(1,618)
		24,606
Minority interests	少數股東權益	(2,461)
		22,145
SATISFIED BY	支付方式	
Cash consideration	現金代價	22,145
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING	因收購而產生之	
ON ACQUISITION	現金流出淨額	
Cash paid	已付現金	(22,145)
Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	4
		(22,141)

- (ii) On August 4, 2008 and August 22, 2008, the Group entered into agreements with two independent third parties pursuant to which the Group subscribed for 50% interest in 寧夏深中天然氣發展有限公司 ("寧夏深中") for RMB11,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$12,222,000) and acquired further 25% interest in 寧夏深中 from the two independent third parties for a consideration of RMB8,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$8,889,000) respectively. 寧夏深中 has not commenced business at the date of acquisition.
- (ii) 於二零零八年八月四日及二零零八年八月二十二日,本集團與兩名獨立第三方訂立協議,據此本集團以人民幣11,000,000元(相當於12,200,000港元)認購寧夏深中天然氣發展有限公司(「寧夏深中」)50%權益,並以代價人民幣8,000,000元(相當於8,889,000港元)進一步收購寧夏深中25%權益。於收購當日,寧夏深中尚未展開業務。

40. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ADDITIONAL INTEREST IN A SUBSIDIARY (continued)

40. 收購附屬公司及增購附屬公司之權益(續)

Acquisition of assets through purchase of subsidiaries in 2009

於二零零九年透過收購附屬公司收購之資產

		HK\$'000
		千港元
NET ASSETS ACQUIRED	所收購之淨資產	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	9,106
Prepaid lease payment	預付租賃付款	836
Intangible assets – exclusive rights of	無形資產-天然氣獨家經營權	
natural gas operations		7,037
Inventories	存貨	1,855
Other receivables	其他應收賬項	4,486
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	2,672
Other payables	其他應付賬項	(10,066)
		15,926
Cash injection by the Group	本集團之現金注資	12,222
		28,148
Minority interests	少數股東權益	(7,037)
		21,111
SATISFIED BY	支付方式	
Cash consideration	現金代價	8,889
Cash injection to 寧夏深中	向寧夏深中之現金注資	12,222
		21,111
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING	因收購而產生之	
ON ACQUISITION	現金流出淨額	
Cash paid	已付現金	(8,889)
Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	2,672
		(6,217)

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40. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ADDITIONAL INTEREST IN A SUBSIDIARY (continued)

Acquisition of assets through establishment of a subsidiary in 2008

On May 21, 2007, the Group established a subsidiary in the PRC, namely 長沙中燃天然氣有限公司("長沙中燃") which the Group owns 70% issued share capital. The Group contributed the capital in cash of US\$1,847,000 and the minority shareholder injected capital in cash of RMB1,608,000 and property, plant and equipment into 長沙中燃.

40. 收購附屬公司及增購附屬公司之權益(續)

於二零零八年透過設立附屬公司收購之資產

於二零零七年五月二十一日,本集團於中國設立一間附屬公司長沙中燃天然氣有限公司(「長沙中燃」)。本集團擁有其70%已發行股本。本集團以現金方式注資1,847,000美元,而少數股東則以現金人民幣1,608,000元及以物業、廠房及設備向長沙中燃注資。

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	UV\$ 000
	千港元
所收購之淨資產	
物業、廠房及設備	4,481
銀行結存及現金	1,641
	6,122
本集團之現金注資	14,286
少數股東權益	(6,122)
總代價	14,286
支付方式	
向長沙中燃之現金注資	14,286
因收購而產生之現金流入淨額	
所收購之銀行結存及現金	1,641
	物業、廠房及設備 銀行結存及現金 本集團之現金注資 少數股東權益 總代價 支付方式 向長沙中燃之現金注資 因收購而產生之現金流入淨額

Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary in 2008

On January 15, 2008, 淮南中燃, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement with independent third party in relation to the acquisition of the remaining 10% equity interest of a non-wholly owned subsidiary, 壽縣中燃城市燃氣有限公司 ("壽縣中燃"), at a total consideration of RMB315,000. Discount on acquisition arising from the acquisition of additional interest in 壽縣中燃 is HK\$108,000.

41. ACQUISITION OF JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Establishment of a jointly controlled entity in 2009

On August 31, 2008, a jointly controlled entity, China Gas – SK Energy, which the Group owns 50% issued share capital, established a jointly controlled entity in the PRC, namely 金華中燃愛思開匯能城市燃氣發展有限公司 ("金華中燃"), which China Gas – SK Energy owns 50% issued share capital. China Gas – SK Energy contributed the capital in cash of RMB70,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$80,269,000) and the other shareholder contributed the capital in the form of assets and liabilities. The assets and liabilities contributed by the other shareholder enables 金華中燃 to continue the operation of the existing natural gas business which the other shareholder previously engaged. This transaction has been accounted for using the purchase method of accounting.

於二零零八年增購附屬公司之權益

於二零零八年一月一日,本公司全資附屬公司淮南中燃與獨立第三方就收購非全資附屬公司壽縣中燃城市燃氣有限公司([壽縣中燃」)餘下10%股本權益訂立協議,總代價為人民幣315,000元。因增購壽縣中燃之權益而產生之收購折讓為108,000港元。

41. 收購共同控制實體

於二零零九年設立共同控制實體

於二零零八年八月三十一日,China Gas-SK Energy (本集團擁有50%已發行股本之共同控制實體)於 中國成立共同控制實體金華中燃愛思開匯能城市 燃氣發展有限公司(「金華中燃」),China Gas-SK Energy於當中擁有50%已發行股本。China Gas-SK Energy以現金方式注資人民幣70,000,000元(相當於 80,269,000港元),而另一股東以資產及負債之方 式注資。另一股東所注入之資產及負債令金華中 燃繼續經營現有天然氣業務,該業務過往乃由該 另一股東進行。該交易採用收購會計法入賬。

41. ACQUISITION OF JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (continued)

41. 收購共同控制實體(續)

Establishment of a jointly controlled entity in 2009 (continued)

於二零零九年設立共同控制實體(續)

		Carrying amount of net assets injected by other shareholder of 金華中燃 金華中燃另一名 股東所注入 之淨資產 之賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value adjustments 公平值調整 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value of net assets injected by the other shareholder of 金華中燃 金華中燃 另一名股東所注入之淨產之公平值	Fair value of net assets under proportionate consolidation 按比例合併法 計算之 淨資產之 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
NET ACCETS ACQUIDED	化小碟子河次玄	17670	17670	17670	17670
Property, plant and equipment Trade and other receivables Inventories Bank balances and cash Trade and other payables	所收購之淨資產物業、廠房及設備 貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項 存貨 銀行結存及現金 貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	143,382 68 76 100 (27,817)	(33) (68) - -	143,349 - 76 100 (27,817)	35,837 - 19 25 (6,954)
		115,809	(101)	115,708	28,927
Cash injection by China Gas – SK Energy Discount on acquisition	China Gas – SK Energy 之現金注資 收購之折讓			80,269 -	20,067 (8,860)
Total consideration	總代價			195,977	40,134
SATISFIED BY Cash injection to 金華中燃 by the Group	支付方式 本集團向金華中燃之 現金注資				40,134
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING ON ACQUISITION	因收購而產生之 現金流出淨額				
Cash paid Bank balances and cash acquired	已付現金 所收購之銀行結存及現金				(40,134) 20,092
					(20,042)

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41. ACQUISITION OF JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (continued)

Establishment of jointly controlled entities in 2008

(i) On January 1, 2008, a jointly controlled entity, China Gas – SK Energy, which the Group owns 50% issued share capital, established a jointly controlled entity in the PRC, namely 台州中燃愛思開城市燃氣發展有限公司 ("台州中燃"), which China Gas – SK Energy owns 50% issued share capital. China Gas – SK Energy contributed the capital in cash of RMB71,200,000 (equivalent to HK\$75,820,000) and the other shareholder contributed the capital in the form of assets and liabilities. The assets and liabilities contributed by the other shareholder enable 台州中燃 to continue the operation of the existing natural gas business which the other shareholder previously engaged. This transaction has been accounted for using the purchase method of accounting.

41. 收購共同控制實體(續)

於二零零八年成立共同控制實體

(i) 於二零零八年一月一日,China Gas-SK Energy (本集團擁有50%已發行股本之共同控制實 體)於中國成立共同控制實體台州中燃愛思開 城市燃氣發展有限公司(「台州中燃」),China Gas-SK Energy於當中擁有50%已發行股本。 China Gas-SK Energy以現金方式注資人民幣 71,200,000元(相當於75,820,000港元),而另一 股東以資產及負債之方式注資。另一股東所 注入之資產及負債令台州中燃繼續經營現有 天然氣業務,該業務過往乃由該另一股東進 行。該交易採用收購會計法入賬。

		Carrying amount and fair value of net assets injected by the other shareholder of台州中燃 台州中燃另一名股東 所注入之 淨資產之賬面值 及公平值	Carrying amount and fair value of net assets under proportionate consolidation 按比例 合併法計算 之淨資產 之賬面值 及公平值
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
NET ASSETS ACQUIRED	所收購之淨資產		
Property, plant and equipment Trade and other receivables	物業、廠房及設備 貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項	76,100 416	19,025 104
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	27,880	6,970
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	(28,576)	(7,144)
		75,820	18,955
Cash injection by China Gas – SK Energy	China Gas – SK Energy之現金注資	75,820	18,955
Total consideration	總代價	151,640	37,910
SATISFIED BY	支付方式		
Cash injection to 台州中燃 by the Group	本集團向台州中燃之現金注資		37,910
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING ON ACQUISITION	因收購而產生之 現金流出淨額		
Cash paid	已付現金		(37,910)
Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金		25,925
			(11,985)

41. ACQUISITION OF JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (continued)

Establishment of jointly controlled entities in 2008 (continued)

(ii) On August 18,2007, the Group established a jointly controlled entity in the PRC, namely 德州中燃, which the Group owns 49% issued share capital. The Group contributed the capital in cash of RMB104,983,000 (equivalent to HK\$111,195,000) and the other shareholder contributed the capital in the form of assets and liabilities. The assets and liabilities contributed by the other shareholder enable 德州中燃 to continue the operation of the existing natural gas business which the other shareholder previously engaged. This transaction has been accounted for using the purchase method of accounting.

41. 收購共同控制實體(續)

於二零零八年成立共同控制實體(續)

(ii) 於二零零七年八月十八日,本集團於中國成立一間共同控制實體德州中燃,本集團擁有當中49%已發行股本。本集團以現金方式注資人民幣104,983,000元(相當於111,195,000港元),而另一股東以資產及負債之方式注資。另一股東所注入之資產及負債令德州中燃繼續經營現有天然氣業務,該業務過往乃由該另一股東進行。該交易採用收購會計法入賬。

		Carrying amount of net assets injected by other shareholder of 德州中燃	Fair value adjustments	Provisional fair value as previously stated injected by other shareholder of 德州中燃 先前所載 德州中燃	Prior year adjustments upon completion of initial accounting	Adjusted fair value of net assets injected by other shareholder of 德州中燃 德州中燃 另一名股東	49% of fair value under proportionate consolidation
		另一名股東 所注入 之淨資產		另一名股東 所注入 之淨資產	完成初步 會計後 就往年	所注入 之淨資產 經調整	按比例 合併法計算 之公平值
		之版面值	公平值調整	之暫定公平值	作出調整	之公平值	之 49 %
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元
NET ASSETS ACQUIRED	所收購之淨資產						
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	162,890	(8,398)	154,492	-	154,492	75,701
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃付款	7,447	-	7,447	-	7,447	3,649
Intangible assets – exclusive	無形資產一						
rights of natural gas operations Inventories	天然氣獨家經營權 存貨	- 4,941	5,198	5,198	57,919	63,117	30,927 2,421
Trade and other receivables	行員 貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項	15,682	(147)	4,941 15,535	-	4,941 15,535	2,421 7,611
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	19,182	(147)	19,182	_	19,182	9,399
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	(36,008)	-	(36,008)	-	(36,008)	(17,643)
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	(53,754)	-	(53,754)	-	(53,754)	(26,339)
Deferred taxation	遞延税項	=	(1,300)	(1,300)	(14,480)	(15,780)	(7,732)
		120,380	(4,647)	115,733	43,439	159,172	77,994
Cash injection by the Group	本集團之現金注資			111,195	-	111,195	54,486
				226,928	43,439	270,367	132,480
Discount on acquisition	收購之折讓						(21,285)
Total consideration	總代價						111,195
SATISFIED BY Cash injection to 德州中燃	支付方式 向德州中燃之現金注資						111,195
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING ON ACQUISITION	因收購而產生之現金流出淨額						
Cash paid	已付現金						(111,195)
Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金						63,885
							(47,310)

41. ACQUISITION OF JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (continued)

Establishment of jointly controlled entities in 2008 (continued)

(iii) On May 21, 2007, the Group established a jointly controlled entity in Bermuda, namely China Oman, which the Group owns 50% issued share capital. The Group paid in cash of US\$3,500,000 (approximately HK\$27,300,000) to subscribe 3,500,000 ordinary shares of China Oman and the other shareholder paid in form of cash of US\$3,500 (approximately HK\$27,000) and agreed to contribute the technical expertise with value of US\$3,496,500 (approximately HK\$27,273,000) to subscribe 3,500,000 ordinary shares of China Oman. The technical expertise with fair value of HK\$13,637,000, representing the committed contribution to China Oman during the operation period of 20 years by the joint venturer of China Oman without any compensation from China Oman for the identification and development of (1) the energy projects related to the oil and gas filed exploration and production (including coal-bed methane fields), transportation infrastructure, such as pipelines, and gas liquefaction and re-gasification facilities in the Middle East, PRC or other parts of the world and (2) the importation of energy products into the PRC including liquefied natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, crude oil and fuel oil from the Middle East or other parts of the world. Acquisition of the technical expertise enhances the Group's competitiveness in the gas supply market in the PRC. The technical expertise contributed by other shareholder was accounted for as an intangible asset and the Groups shared 50% on it.

Acquisition of assets through purchase of a jointly controlled entity in 2008

On September 20, 2007, the Group acquired a jointly controlled entity in the PRC, namely重慶鼎旺, which the Group owns 49% registered capital with a consideration of RMB15,680,000. 重慶鼎旺 has not yet commenced business at date of acquisition.

41. 收購共同控制實體(續)

於二零零八年成立共同控制實體(續)

(iii) 於二零零七年五月二十一日,本集團於百慕 達成立一間共同控制實體China Oman,本 集團擁有其中50%已發行股本。本集團支付 現 金3,500,000美 元(約27,300,000港 元)認 購 3,500,000股China Oman之普通股,而另一股 東支付現金3,500美元(約27,000港元)並同意 注入價值3,496,500美元(約27,273,000港元) 之專門技術,以認購3,500,000股China Oman 之普通股。專門技術之公平值為13,637,000 港元,代表China Oman之合資方於20年營運 期間對China Oman之出資承諾而無須China Oman給予補償,以物色及開發(1)與油氣田 勘探及生產(包括煤層甲烷田)相關之能源項 目,於中東、中國或世界各地之運輸基建 (如輸氣管、氣液化及再氣化設施)及(2)從中 東或世界其他地方輸入能源產品,包括液化 天然氣、液化石油氣、原油及燃油至中國之 業務。收購專門技術可提高本集團在中國燃 氣供應市場之競爭力。另一股東注入之專門 技術已作為無形資產列賬,而本集團攤佔其

於二零零八年透過收購共同控制實體收購之資產

於二零零七年九月二十日,本集團以代價人民幣 15,680,000元於中國收購共同控制實體重慶鼎旺, 本集團擁有其註冊股本49%。重慶鼎旺於收購當 日尚未展開業務。

49% of net assets

Net assets

		of the jointly controlled entity 共同控制實體 之淨資產 HK\$'000 千港元	under proportionate consolidation 按比例合併法計算 之淨資產49% HK\$'000 千港元
NET ASSETS ACQUIRED Property, plant and equipment Trade and other receivables Bank balances and cash Trade and other payables Bank borrowings	所收購之淨資產 物業、廠房及設備 貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項 銀行結存及現金 貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項 銀行借貸	44,862 3,170 45 (1,682) (13,742)	21,982 1,553 22 (824)
SATISFIED BY Cash consideration	支付方式 現金代價	32,653	16,000 16,000
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING ON ACQUISITION Cash paid Bank balances and cash acquired	因收購而產生之 現金流出淨額 已付現金 所收購之銀行結存及現金		(16,000) 22 (15,978)

42. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES

Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2009

(i) On September 30, 2008, the Group acquired 83% equity interests in Zhongyou Hua Dian for cash of RMB501,780,000 (equivalent to HK\$557,533,000).

42. 收購業務

於二零零九年透過收購附屬公司收購業務

(i) 於二零零八年九月三十日,本集團以現金人 民幣501,780,000元(相當於557,533,000港元)收 購中油華電83%股本權益。

		Acquiree's carrying amount before combination	Fair value adjustments	Provisional fair values
		被收購方於合併 前之賬面值	公平值調整	公平值
		別と歌画直 HK\$'000	ムー ロ 過差 HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
NET ASSETS ACQUIRED	所收購之淨資產			
Investment properties	投資物業	70,301	_	70,301
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	1,728,955	351,250	2,080,205
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃付款	143,607	290,004	433,611
Interest in associates	於聯營公司之權益	37,574	2,000-	37,574
Available-for-sale investment	可供出售投資	29,349	_	29,349
Inventories	存貨	288,326	_	288,326
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項	548,987	_	548,987
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	716,692	_	716,692
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	294,874	_	294,874
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	(1,319,157)	_	(1,319,157)
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	(2,422,099)		(2,422,099)
Deferred taxation		(2,422,099)	(160,314)	(160,314)
Deletted taxation			. , ,	
		117,409	480,940	598,349
Minority interests	少數股東權益			(191,326)
Goodwill on acquisition	收購之商譽			150,510
				557,533
CATISFIED DV	支付方式			337,533
SATISFIED BY	本集團已付之現金代價			
Cash consideration paid	平集图CN			510.630
by the Group	海江田人小 			519,620
Deferred cash consideration	遞延現金代價			37,913
				557,533
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING	因收購而產生之			
ON ACQUISITION	現金流出淨額			
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價			(519,620)
Bank balances and cash acquired				294,874
				(224,746)

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42. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (continued)

Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2009 (continued)

Note: The initial accounting for the above acquisition has been determined provisionally, awaiting the receipt of professional valuations in relation to certain underlying assets and liabilities of the acquiree.

Zhongyou Hua Dian principally engages in the business of trading of LPG business. The goodwill arising on the acquisition of Zhongyou Hua Dian is attributable to the anticipated profitability of the trading of LPG business of this group.

Zhongyou Hua Dian contributed to the Group's revenue and loss of HK\$2,076,887,000 and of HK\$153,342,000 for the year respectively.

The deferred cash consideration will be payable within one year after completion of acquisition.

If the above acquisitions had been completed on April 1, 2008, total group revenue and profit for the year would have been HK\$9,171,713,000, and HK\$30,560,000 respectively. The pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had above acquisitions been completed on April 1, 2008, nor is it intended to be projection of future results.

42. 收購業務(續)

於二零零九年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

附註:上述收購事項之初步會計處理乃臨時釐定, 仍須待獲取被收購方就有關若干相關資產及 負債之專業估值。

中油華電之主要業務為買賣LPG業務。因收購 中油華電而產生之商譽乃基於該集團買賣LPF 業務之預期盈利能力所致。

年內,中油華電為本集團帶來之收益及虧損分別為2,076,887,000港元及153,342,000港元。

遞延現金代價須於收購完成後一年內支付。

倘上述收購事項均已於二零零八年四月一日完成,年內集團總收入及溢利應分別為9,171,713,000港元及30,560,000港元。備考資料乃僅供列示之用,且不可作為倘上述收購事項均已於二零零八年四月一日完成時,本集團實際能取得之收益及營運業績之指標,亦不擬作為未來業績之預測。

42. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (continued)

Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2009 (continued)

(ii) On August 11, 2008, the Group acquired 95% of 湖南明程, which holds 57% of registered capital of 佳木斯恒佳管道燃氣有限公司("佳木斯") for consideration of RMB29,450,000 (equivalent to HK\$33,851,000).

42. 收購業務(續)

於二零零九年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(ii) 於二零零八年八月十一日,本集團以人民幣 29,450,000元(相當於33,851,000港元)收購湖南 明程95%權益,而湖南明程持有佳木斯恆佳 管道燃氣有限公司(「佳木斯」)註冊資本57% 權益。

	A	Acquiree's carrying amount before combination 被收購方於合併 前之賬面值	Fair value adjustments 公平值調整	Fair values 公平值
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
NET ASSETS ACQUIRED	所收購之淨資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	46,319	-	46,319
Prepaid lease payment Intangible asset – exclusive	預付租賃付款 無形資產-	2,187	=	2,187
rights of natural gas operations	天然氣獨家經營權	_	3,558	3,558
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項	46,356	=	46,356
Bank balances and cash Trade and other payables	銀行結存及現金貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	6,713 (99,988)	=	6,713 (99,988)
Deferred taxation	遞延税項	(99,900)	(889)	(889)
		1,587	2,669	4,256
Minority interests Goodwill	少數股東權益 商譽			(24,093) 53,688
Total consideration				33,851
SATISFIED BY	支付方式			
Cash consideration paid	本集團已付之			
by the Group	現金代價			23,696
Deferred cash consideration	遞延現金代價			10,155
				33,851
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING ON ACQUISITION	因收購而產生之 現金流出淨額			
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價			(23,696)
Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金			6,713
				(16,983)

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42. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (continued)

Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2009 (continued)

湖南明程 is an investment holding company and 佳木斯 is engaged in the operation of gas connection and sales of piped gas businesses in the PRC. The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 湖南明程 is attributable to the anticipated profitability of the gas connection and sales of piped gas businesses of this group.

湖南明程 contributed to the Group's revenue and profit of HK\$78,579,000 and HK\$32,076,000 respectively for the year.

(iii) On July 11, 2008, the Group entered into cooperation agreement with independent third parties pursuant to which the Group acquired 51% equity interest in 大連金城燃氣有限公司 ("大連金城") for RMB13,490,000 (equivalent to HK\$15,506,000) and the other shareholder contributed the additional capital in form of assets and liabilities.

42. 收購業務(續)

於二零零九年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

湖南明程為投資控股公司,而佳木斯之主要業務 為在中國經營燃氣接駁及銷售管道燃氣業務。因 收購湖南明程而產生之商譽乃基於該集團燃氣接 駁及銷售管道燃氣業務之預期盈利能力所致。

年內,湖南明程為本集團帶來收益及溢利分別 78,579,000港元及32,076,000港元。

(iii) 於二零零八年七月十一日,本集團與獨立第 三方訂立合作協議,據此本集團以人民幣 13,490,000元(相當於15,506,000港元)收購大連 金城燃氣有限公司(「大連金城」)51%股本權 益,而另一股東以資產及負債之方式注資。

	A	cquiree's carrying		
		amount before	Fair value	
		combination 被收購方於合併	adjustments	Fair values
		前之賬面值	公平值調整	公平值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
NET ASSETS ACQUIRED	所收購之淨資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16,751	-	16,751
Intangible asset – exclusive rights	無形資產-			
of natural gas operations	天然氣獨家經營權	_	3,566	3,566
Prepaid lease payment	預付租賃付款	195	-	195
Inventories	存貨	458	_	458
Other receivables	其他應收賬項	1,544	-	1,544
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	244	_	244
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	(6,742)	-	(6,742)
Deferred taxation	遞延税項	=	(891)	(891)
		12,450	2,675	15,125
Cash injection by the Group	本集團之現金注資			15,506
Minority interests	少數股東權益			(15,125)
				15,506
SATISFIED BY	支付方式			
Cash injection by the Group	本集團之現金注資			15,506
NET CASH INFLOW ARISING	因收購而產生之			
ON ACQUISITION	現金流入淨額			
Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金			244

42. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (continued)

Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2009 (continued)

大連金城 is principally engaged in the installation of nature gas pipeline network and related facilities and sale of natural gas in the PRC.

大連金城 contributed to the Group's revenue and loss of HK\$548,000 and HK\$567,000 respectively for the year.

If the above acquisitions had been completed on April 1, 2008, total group revenue and profit for the year including Zhongyou Hua Dian stated in note 42(i) would have been HK\$9,188,455,000 and HK\$32,490,000 respectively. The pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had above acquisitions been completed on April 1, 2008, nor is it intended to be projection of future results.

Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2008

(i) On December 18, 2006, the Group entered into share transfer agreements with two independent third parties pursuant to which the Group acquired 100% of Positive Rise, which holds 100% registered capital of 上海中寶科控燃氣實業有限公司 ("上海中寶") which in turn holds 51% of registered capital of 泰能天然氣, which is considered as a jointly controlled entity of the Group, at an aggregate consideration of RMB255,950,000 (equivalent to HK\$256,011,000). The acquisition was completed on May 23, 2007.

42. 收購業務(續)

於二零零九年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

大連 金城之主要業務為在中國從事天然氣管 道網絡及相關設施安裝及銷售天然氣業務。

年內,大連金城為本集團帶來之收益及虧損分別為548,000港元及567,000港元。

倘上述收購事項均已於二零零八年四月一日完成,集團(包括附註42(i)所述之中油華電)於年內之總收益及溢利應分別為9,188,455,000港元及32,490,000港元。備考資料乃僅供列示之用,且不可作為倘上述收購事項均已於二零零八年四月一日完成時,本集團實際能取得之收益及營運業績之指標,亦不擬作為未來業績之預測。

於二零零八年透過收購附屬公司收購業務

(i) 於二零零六年十二月十八日,本集團與兩名獨立第三方訂立股份轉讓協議,據此,本集團以總代價人民幣255,950,000元(相當於256,011,000港元)收購正興100%權益,而正興持有上海中寶科控燃氣實業有限公司(「上海中寶」)註冊資本100%,而上海中寶則持有泰能天然氣(其被視為本集團之共同控制實體)註冊資本51%。收購事項已於二零零七年五月二十三日完成。

	ρ	acquiree's carrying amount before combination 被收購方於合併	Fair values	
		前之賬面值 HK\$′000 千港元	公平值調整 HK\$′000 千港元	公平值 HK\$'000 千港元
NET ASSETS ACQUIRED Property, plant and equipment Intangible asset – exclusive rights	所收購之淨資產 物業、廠房及設備 無形資產一	254,575	40,436	295,011
of natural gas operations Inventories	天然氣獨家經營權 存貨	- 1,409	93,837 –	93,837 1,409
Trade and other receivables Bank balances and cash Trade and other payables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項 銀行結存及現金 貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	18,140 30,937 (111,933)	- -	18,140 30,937 (111,933)
Bank borrowings Deferred taxation	銀行借貸遞延税項	(137,908)	- (33,568)	(117,933) (137,908) (33,568)
		55,220	100,705	155,925
Goodwill	商譽			100,086
Total consideration	總代價			256,011
SATISFIED BY Cash consideration	支付方式 現金代價			256,011
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING ON ACQUISITION	因收購而產生之 現金流出淨額			
Cash consideration paid Bank balances and cash acquired	· 以			(256,011) 30,937
				(225,074)

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42. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (continued)

Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2008 (continued)

上海中寶 is an investment holding company and 泰能天然氣 is engaged in the operation of gas connection and sales of piped gas businesses in the PRC. The goodwill arising on the acquisition of Positive Rise is attributable to the anticipated profitability of the gas connection and sales of piped gas businesses of this group.

Positive Rise contributed to the Group's revenue and profit of HK\$213,845,000 and HK\$9,523,000 respectively for the year ended March 31, 2008.

(ii) On June 18, 2007, the Group acquired 80% equity interests in 包頭燃氣 at a consideration of RMB147,040,000 (equivalent to HK\$150,041,000).

42. 收購業務(續)

於二零零八年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

上海中寶為一間投資控股公司,而泰能天然 氣則於中國從事燃氣接駁及銷售管道燃氣業 務。收購正興所產生之商譽乃基於該集團燃 氣接駁及銷售管道燃氣業務之預期盈利能力 所致。

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度, 正興為本集團帶來之收益及溢利分別為 213,845,000港元及9,523,000港元。

(iii) 於二零零七年六月十八日,本集團以代價人 民幣147,040,000元(相當於150,041,000港元)收 購包頭燃氣80%股本權益。

	P	Acquiree's carrying amount before combination 被收購方於合併	Fair value adjustments	Fair values
		前之賬面值	公平值調整	公平值
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
NET ASSETS ACQUIRED	所收購之淨資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	499,139	24,513	523,652
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃付款	14,714	52,006	66,720
Intangible assets – exclusive rights	無形資產一			
of gas operations	天然氣獨家經營權	_	25,104	25,104
Inventories	存貨	10,486	_	10,486
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項	5,209	_	5,209
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	3,603	_	3,603
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	(19,298)	_	(19,298)
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	(378,530)	_	(378,530)
Deferred taxation	遞延税項	_	(25,406)	(25,406)
		135,323	76,217	211,540
Minority interests	少數股東權益			(42,308)
Discount on acquisition	收購之折讓			(19,191)
				150,041
SATISFIED BY	支付方式			
Cash consideration	現金代價			150,041
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING	因收購而產生之			
ON ACQUISITION	現金流出淨額			
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價			(150,041)
Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金			3,603
				(146,438)

42. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (continued)

Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2008 (continued)

包頭燃氣 principally engages in the production and sale of liquefied natural gas, coal gas, natural gas and their respective side products, design and operation of the liquefied natural gas and coal gas projects. The discount on acquisition of 包頭燃氣 amounted to HK\$19,191,000 which was recognised in consolidated income statement during the year.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, as the seller is lack of resources to finance the development plan by the local government in certain large-scale gas connection contracts in the foreseeable future, the introduction of the Group to 包頭燃氣 of financial position of 包頭燃氣and the continuance of the development plan, therefore, a discount is resulted on this acquisition.

包頭燃氣 contributed to the Group's revenue and profit of HK\$267,746,000 and HK\$59,102,000 respectively for the year ended March 31, 2008.

(iii) On June 18, 2007, the Group acquired 80% equity interests in 包頭申銀管道工程有限公司 ("包頭申銀") at a consideration of RMB8,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$8,163,000).

42. 收購業務(續)

於二零零八年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

包頭燃氣之主要業務為生產及銷售液化天然 氣、煤氣、天然氣及其各自之周邊產品,以 及液化天然氣及煤氣項目之設計及營運。收 購包頭燃氣之折讓達19,191,000港元,有關金 額已於年內在綜合收益表內確認。

本公司董事認為,由於賣方缺乏資源為其與 地方政府協定在可見將來履行若干大型燃氣 接駁合同之開發計劃提供資金,引進本集團 投資包頭燃氣使包頭燃氣之財政狀況得以改 善並讓開發計劃可以延續,故是項收購產生 折讓。

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,包頭燃氣為本集團帶來之收益及溢利分別為267,746,000港元及59,102,000港元。

(iii) 於二零零七年六月十八日,本集團以代價人 民幣8,000,000元(相當於8,163,000港元)收購 包頭申銀管道工程有限公司(「包頭申銀」)之 80%股本權益。

> Acquirees' carrying amounts before combination and fair values 被收購方於合併 前之賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元

		17070
NET ASSETS ACQUIRED	所收購之淨資產	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	3,125
Inventories	存貨	3,731
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項	498
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	4,303
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	(9,258)
		2,399
Minority interests	少數股東權益	(480)
Goodwill	商譽	6,244
		8,163
SATISFIED BY	支付方式	
Cash consideration	現金代價	8,163
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING	因收購而產生之	
ON ACQUISITION	現金流出淨額	
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價	(8,163)
Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	4,303
		(3,860)

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42. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (continued)

Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2008 (continued)

包頭申銀 principally engages in the design, construction and maintenance of city pipeline projects in the PRC. Goodwill on acquisition of 包頭申銀 amounted to HK\$6,244,000 which is attributable to the anticipated synergy effect of businesses with another newly acquired subsidiary, 包頭燃氣.

包頭申銀 contributed to the Group's revenue and profit HK\$6,784,000 and HK\$628,000 respectively for the year ended March 31, 2008.

(iv) On June 18, 2007, the Group acquired 80% equity interests in 包頭市申銀天然氣加氣有限公司 ("包頭加氣") at a consideration of RMB24,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$24,490,000).

42. 收購業務(續)

於二零零八年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

包頭申銀之主要業務為於中國從事城市輸氣管道之設計、建造及保養。收購包頭申銀之商譽達6,244,000港元,乃由於其預計與另一間新收購之附屬公司包頭燃氣之業務之協同效益所致。

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,包頭申銀為本集團帶來之收益及溢利分別為6,784,000港元628,000港元。

(iv) 於二零零七年六月十八日,本集團以代價人 民幣24,000,000元(相當於24,490,000港元)收 購包頭市申銀天然氣加氣有限公司(「包頭加 氣」)之80%股本權益。

> Acquirees' carrying amounts before combination and fair values 被收購方於合併 前之賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元

		17676
NET ASSETS ACQUIRED	所收購之淨資產	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	24,517
Inventories	存貨	140
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項	2,693
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	4,886
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	(7,713)
		24,523
Minority interests	少數股東權益	(4,905)
Goodwill	商譽	4,872
		24,490
SATISFIED BY	支付方式	
Cash consideration	現金代價	24,490
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING	因收購而產生之	
ON ACQUISITION	現金流出淨額	
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價	(24,490)
Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	4,886
		(19,604)

包頭加氣 principally engages in the natural gas refill services and gas station administration in the PRC. The goodwill on acquisition of 包頭加氣 amounted to HK\$4,872,000 which is attributable to the anticipated synergy effect of businesses the another newly acquired subsidiary, 包頭燃氣.

包頭加氣 contributed to the Group's revenue and loss of HK\$30,124,000 and HK\$2,139,000 respectively for the year ended March 31, 2008.

包頭加氣之主要業務為於中國從事天然氣加氣服務及管理加氣站。收購包頭加氣之商譽為4,872,000港元,乃由於其預計與另一間新收購附屬公司包頭燃氣之業務之協同效益所致。

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,包頭加氣 為本集團帶來之收益及虧損分別為30,124,000港元 及2,139,000港元。

42. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (continued)

Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2008 (continued)

(v) On April 25, 2007, the Group acquired 100% equity interests in 重慶渝北區天然氣有限責任公司 ("重慶渝北") at a consideration of RMB121,860,000 (equivalent to HK\$124,347,000).

42. 收購業務(續)

於二零零八年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(v) 於二零零七年四月二十五日,本集團以代價 人民幣121,860,000元(相當於124,347,000港元) 收購重慶渝北區天然氣有限責任公司(「重慶 渝北」)之100%股本權益。

	А	acquiree's carrying amount before combination 被收購方於合併	Fair value adjustments	Fair values
		前之賬面值	公平值調整	公平值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
NET ASSETS ACQUIRED	所收購之淨資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	103,642	=	103,642
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃付款		7,808	7,808
Interest in an associate	於聯營公司之權益	1,000	_	1,000
Inventories	存貨	1,948	_	1,948
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項	13,063	_	13,063
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	25,857	-	25,857
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	(34,099)	_	(34,099)
Deferred taxation	遞延税項		(1,952)	(1,952)
		111,411	5,856	117,267
Goodwill	商譽			7,080
				124,347
SATISFIED BY	支付方式			
Cash consideration	現金代價			124,347
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING ON ACQUISITION	因收購而產生之 現金流出淨額			
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價			(124,347)
Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金			25,857
				(98,490)

重慶渝北 principally engages in the installation of natural gas pipeline network and related facilities and sale of natural gas.

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 重慶渝北 is attributable on the anticipated profitability of the gas connection and sales of piped gas businesses of this company.

重慶渝北 contributed to the Group's revenue and profit of HK\$61,075,000 and HK\$9,988,000 respectively for the year ended March 31, 2008.

重慶渝北之主要業務為安裝天然氣管道網絡及相關設施,以及銷售天然氣。

收購重慶渝北所產生之商譽乃由於該公司之燃氣 接駁及銷售管道燃氣業務之預期盈利能力所致。

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,重慶渝北 為本集團帶來之收益及溢利分別61,075,000港元及 9,988,000港元。

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

42. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (continued)

Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2008 (continued)

(vi) On September 28, 2007, the Group acquired 51% equity interests in 杭州東能 at a consideration of RMB40,100,000 (equivalent to HK\$40,918,000).

42. 收購業務(續)

於二零零八年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(vi) 於二零零七年九月二十八日,本集團以代價 人民幣40,100,000元(相當於40,918,000港元) 收購杭州東能之51%股本權益。

		Acquirees' carrying amounts before combination	Fair value adjustments	Provisional fair value as previously stated	Prior year adjustments upon completion of initial accounting 完成初步	Adjusted fair values
		被收購方		先前	會計後	
		於合併		所載之暫定	就往年	經調
		前之賬面值	公平值調整	公平值	作出調整	整公平值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
NET ASSETS ACQUIRED	所收購之淨資產					
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	23,934	-	23,934	_	23,934
Intangible assets – exclusive	無形資產-					
rights of natural gas	天然氣獨家經營權					
operations		-	94,018	94,018	(29,217)	64,801
Inventories	存貨	855	-	855		855
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及					
	其他應收賬項	3,720	-	3,720	-	3,720
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	1,716	-	1,716	-	1,716
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及					
	其他應付賬項	(15,405)	-	(15,405)	-	(15,405)
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	(5,102)	-	(5,102)		(5,102)
Deferred taxation	遞延税項	_	(23,504)	(23,504)	7,304	(16,200)
		9,718	70,514	80,232	(21,913)	58,319
Minority interests	少數股東權益					(28,576)
Goodwill	商譽					11,175
doddwiii	IH) A					
CATICEIED DV	+ 4++					40,918
SATISFIED BY	支付方式					40.010
Cash consideration	現金代價					40,918
NET CASH OUTFLOW	因收購而產生之					
ARISING ON ACQUISITION	現金流出淨額					
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價					(40,918)
Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	金				1,716
						(39,202)

杭州東能 is engaged in trading of natural gas pipeline network installation business and sales of natural gas in the PRC.

杭州東能 contributed to the Group's revenue and loss of HK\$9,927,000 and HK\$1,127,000 respectively for the year ended March 31, 2008.

杭州東能之業務為於中國從事天然氣貿易、管道 網絡安裝業務,以及銷售天然氣。

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,杭州東能 為本集團帶來之收益及虧損分別為9,927,000港元 及1,127,000港元。

42. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (continued)

Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2008

If the above acquisitions during the year ended March 31, 2008 had been completed on April 1, 2007, total group revenue for the year would have been HK\$2,523,791,000, and profit for the year ended March 31, 2008 would have been HK\$411,934,000. The pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had above acquisitions been completed on April 1, 2007, nor is it intended to be projection of future results.

43. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The Group as lessee

At the balance sheet date, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises and equipment which fall due as follows:

42. 收購業務(續)

於二零零八年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

倘上述於截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度之 收購事項均已於二零零七年四月一日完成,集 團於年內之總收益將為2,523,791,000港元,而截 至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度溢利則將為 411,934,000港元。備考資料乃僅供列示之用,且 不可作為倘上述收購事項均已於二零零七年四月 一日完成時,本集團實際能取得之收益及營運業 績之指標,亦不擬作為未來業績之預測。

43. 經營租約安排

本集團作為承租人

於結算日,本集團根據在下列期間屆滿之租賃物 業之不可撤銷經營租約而承諾將於未來支付之最 低租金如下:

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
NA//Al-	一年內	42.227	10.441
Within one year	1.13	12,237	10,441
In the second to fifth year inclusive	第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	10,884	7,318
After five years	五年後	1,498	186
		24,619	17,945

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group in respect of leasehold land and buildings and equipments. Leases for rented premises and equipment are negotiated for an average term of two to six years with fixed rental.

The Group as lessor

At the balance sheet date, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises which fall due as follows:

經營租約之付款指本集團就所租用之土地及樓宇 及設備應付之租金。租賃物業租約經議定平均為 期兩至六年,租金固定。

本集團作為出租人

於結算日,根據在下列期間屆滿之不可撤銷租賃 物業經營租約,本集團已與租戶就以下未來最低 租金簽訂合約:

		2009	2008
		二零零九年 HK\$'000	二零零八年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	8,154	7,898
In the second to fifth year inclusive	第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	7,735	10,278
After five years	五年後	-	2,181
		15,889	20,357

Leases are negotiated for an average term of two to ten years.

租約之平均年期經議定為兩至十年。

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

44. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

- (i) On April 29, 2006, a subsidiary of the Company entered into a share transfer agreement with 廣西南方食品集團股份有限公司 ("南方食品") (formerly known as 廣西南方控股股份有限公司) pursuant to which the subsidiary will acquire 60% equity interest in 南寧管道燃氣有限責任公司 ("南寧管道") at an aggregate consideration of RMB110,000,000 (approximate by HK\$126,436,000) and have paid a deposit of RMB55,000,000 (approximate by HK\$63,218,000) as at the balance sheet date. The completion of the acquisition is pending for the completion of change in the shareholders of 南寧管道 for 南方食品 to get the control of 南寧管道 pursuant to the share transfer agreement. The transaction has not yet been completed at the date of this report.
- (ii) On June 6, 2006, the Group entered into an investment agreement ("Investment Agreement") with Dalian SOA Administration Bureau to establish a subsidiary namely大連中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 ("Dalian JV"). Dalian JV will engage principally in the natural gas business. The Group will hold 75% equity interest of Dalian JV after its establishment. Pursuant to the Investment Agreement, the registered capital of the Dalian JV will be RMB1,000,000,000 (approximate HK\$1,020,408,000). RMB750,000,000 (approximate HK\$765,306,000) will be contributed by the Group by way of cash and the remaining RMB250,000,000 (approximate HK\$255,102,000) will be contributed by Dalian SOA Administration Bureau by way of assets injection. The transaction has not yet been completed and there is no capital contributed by the Group up to at the date of this report.

Save as disclosed above, as at March 31, 2009, the Group has capital commitments in respect of the acquisition for property, plant and equipment and construction materials for property, plant and equipment contracted for but not provided in the financial statements amounting to HK\$208,150,000 (2008: HK\$201,256,000) and HK\$93,312,000 (2008: HK\$119,897,000) respectively.

45. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

The Group pledged certain property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments having a net carrying value of HK\$457,164,000 and HK\$37,047,000 (2008: HK\$6,297,000 and HK\$22,181,000) respectively, investment properties having a carrying value of HK\$19,200,000 (2008: HK\$20,100,000), trade receivables having carrying amount of HK\$45,878,000 (2008: HK\$24,232,000), inventories having carrying value of HK\$87,651,000 (2008: nil), pledged bank deposits of HK\$847,759,000 (2008: HK\$164,597,000) and certain subsidiaries pledged their equity investments in other subsidiaries to banks to secure loan facilities granted to the Group.

46. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

With effective from December 1, 2000, the Group has joined a MPF Scheme for all employees in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Authority under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rule of the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at rate specified in the rules. The only obligation of the Group with respect of the MPF Scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contribution payable in the future years at March 31, 2009 and 2008.

44. 資本承擔

- (i) 於二零零六年四月二十九日,本公司與廣西南方食品集團股份有限公司(「南方食品」,前稱廣西南方控股股份有限公司)訂立股份轉讓協議,據此,該附屬公司將以總代價人民幣110,000,000元(約126,436,000港元)收購南寧管道燃氣有限責任公司(「南寧管道」)之60%股權,並已於結算日支付按金人民幣55,000,000元(約63,218,000港元)。該收購事項須待南方食品完成根據股份轉讓協議接管南寧管道而對南寧管道之股東作出變動完成後方告完成。於本報告日期,交易仍未完成。
- (ii) 於二零零六年六月六日,本集團與大連國資管委會訂立投資協議(「投資協議」),以成立一家名為大連中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司(「大連合營公司」)之附屬公司。大連合營公司將主要從事天然氣業務。於大連合營公司成立後,本集團將持有其75%股本權益。根據投資協議,大連合營公司之註冊資本將為人民幣1,000,000,000元(約1,020,408,000港元)。本集團將以現金方式注入人民幣750,000,000元(約765,306,000港元),而餘款人民幣250,000,000元(約765,102,000港元)將由大連國資管委會以注入資產方式出資。於本報告日期,交易仍未完成,而本集團亦無作出任何注資。

除以上所披露者外,於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團就收購物業、廠房及設備及物業、廠房及設備之建材分別作出為數208,150,000港元(二零零九年:201,256,000港元)及93,312,000港元(二零零八年:119,897,000港元)之已訂約而尚未於財務報表上撥備之資本承擔。

45. 資產抵押

本集團已抵押賬面淨值457,164,000港元及37,047,000港元(二零零八年:6,297,000港元及22,181,000港元)之若干物業、廠房及設備及預付租賃款項,以及賬面值為19,200,000港元(二零零八年:20,100,000港元)之投資物業、賬面值為45,878,000港元之其他貿易應收賬款(二零零八年:24,232,000港元)、賬面值為87,651,000港元之存貨(二零零八年:無)、為數847,759,000港元之已抵押銀行存款(二零零八年:164,597,000港元),以及若干附屬公司抵押彼等於其他附屬公司之股本投資予銀行,以令本集團獲授貸款融資。

46. 退休福利計劃

自二零零零年十二月一日起,本集團為所有香港僱員參加強制性公積金計劃。強積金計劃乃根據強制性公積金計劃條例,向強制性公積金計劃管理局註冊。強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開持有並由獨立受託人管理。根據強積金計劃之規則,僱主及僱員皆須以規則指定之比率向該計劃供款。本集團就強積金計劃之唯一責任為按該計劃之要求供款。於二零零九年及二零零八年三月三十一日,並無沒收供款可作減低未來數年應付之供款。

46. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES (continued)

Employees of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC are covered by the retirement and pension schemes defined by local practice and regulations. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a specific percentage of their payroll costs to the retirement and pension schemes. The only obligation of the Group in respect to the retirement benefits scheme is to make the specified contribution.

The calculation of contributions for PRC eligible staff is based on certain percentage of the applicable payroll costs. The contribution to the MPF Scheme is calculated based on the rules set out in the MPF Ordinance which is 5% on the basic salary of the relevant employee subject to a specific ceiling.

47. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

The share option scheme was adopted by the Company pursuant to a resolution passed on February 6, 2003 (the "Scheme") for the primary purpose of providing incentives to any directors of the Company, any employees of the Group, or any employee, partner or director of any business consultant, joint venture partner, financial adviser or legal adviser of the Group.

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of shareholders' approval of the Scheme ("Scheme Mandate Limit") or, if such 10% limit is refreshed, at the date of shareholders' approval of the renewal of the Scheme Mandate Limit. The maximum aggregate number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme must not exceed 30% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue from time to time. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company then in issue. Each grant of options to any director, chief executive or substantial shareholder must be approved by independent nonexecutive directors. Where any grant of options to substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director or any of their respective associate would result in the shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of options already granted and to be granted in excess of 0.1% of the Company's issued share capital and with a value in excess of HK\$5,000,000 in the 12-month period up to the date of grant must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders.

Options granted must be taken up within 28 days from the date of grant, upon payment of HK\$10 per each grant. Options may be exercised at any time from the date to be determined by the board of directors to the tenth anniversary of the date of grant. The exercise price is determined by the directors of the Company, and will not be less than the higher of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

The life of the Scheme is effective for 10 years from the date of adoption until February 5, 2013.

46. 退休福利計劃(續)

本集團國內附屬公司之僱員受地方慣例及規定界定之退休及退休金計劃保障。附屬公司須向退休及退休金計劃就彼等工資成本之特定百分比作出供款。本集團就退休福利計劃之責任僅為作出特定供款。

國內合資格員工供款乃根據適用工資成本某個百分比計算。對強積金計劃之供款乃根據強積金條例所列明規則計算,即有關僱員底薪之5%加特定 上限。

47. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付款

本公司之購股權計劃(「該計劃」)乃由本公司根據 本於二零零三年二月六日通過之決議案而採納。 該計劃之宗旨乃為獎勵本公司任何董事、本集團 任何僱員或任何業務顧問、合營夥伴、財務顧問 或法律顧問之任何僱員、合夥人或董事。

根據該計劃可授出之購股權所涉及之股份總數, 不可超過股東批准該計劃當日本公司已發行股份 之10%(「計劃授權上限」)或如該10%限額予以更 新,則指股東批准續授計劃授權上限當日本公司 已發行股份之10%。因行使根據該計劃而授出但 尚未行使之所有未行使購股權而可能發行之股份 總數上限不得超出本公司不時已發行股份總數之 30%。任何一個年度授予任何人士之購股權所涉 及之股份數目,不得超過當時本公司已發行股份 數目1%。每授出購股權予任何董事、行政總裁 或主要股東須得到獨立非執行董事批准。任何授 出購股權予主要股東或任何獨立非執行董事或其 任何聯繫人士會引致於行使時已授權及即將授權 之本公司已發行及即將發行股份超過本公司已發 行股本0.1%而截至授權日為止十二個月價值超過 5.000.000港元,需要得到本公司股東事先批准。

授出之購股權須於授出日期起計28日內承購,每次授出購股權之代價為10港元。購股權可於董事會決定之日期起至授出日期之十週年期間隨時行使。行使價由本公司董事釐定,並將不可低於以下之較高者:(i)授出日期本公司股份收市價:(ii)授出日期對上五個營業日股份之平均收市價及(iii)股份面值。

該計劃有效期由採納日期至二零一三年二月五日 止十年。

47. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

47. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付款(續)

(continued)

The following table discloses details of the Company's share options held by employees (including directors) and movements in such holdings during the two years ended March 31, 2009:

下表列出僱員(包括董事)所持本公司購股權之詳情及截至二零零九年三月三十一日止兩年度持有購股權之變動情況:

Date of grant	Vesting period	Exercisable period	Exercise price per share	Number of share options at 4.1.2007 於二零零七年 四月一日	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Number of share options at 3.31.2008 於二零零八年 三月三十一日	Granted during the year		Number of share options at 3.31.2009 於二零零九年 三月三十一日
授出日期	歸屬期	可行使期限	每股 行使價 HK\$ 港元	之購股權數目	年內 已授出	年內 已行使 (Note 3) (附註3)	年內 已失效	ニカニト ロ 之購股 権數目	年內 已授出	年內 已行使 (Note 3) (附註3)	三月二十一日 之購股 權數目
Directors 董事											
1.9.2004	1.9.2004 to 8.30.2004 1.9.2004至8.30.2004	9.1.2004 to 1.8.2014 9.1.2004至1.8.2014	0.80	31,240,711	-	-	-	31,240,711	-	-	31,240,711
10.6.2004	(Note 1) (附註1)	(Note 1) (附註1)	0.71	220,000,000	-	-	-	220,000,000	-	-	220,000,000
10.6.2004	10.6.2004 to 3.19.2005	3.20.2005 to 10.5.2014	0.71	7,400,000	-	-	-	7,400,000	-	-	7,400,000
	10.6.2004至3.19.2005	(Note 2) 3.20.2005至10.5.2014 (附註2)									
10.20.2005	10.20.2005 to 10.19.2010 10.20.2005至10.19.2010	10.20.2010 to 10.19.2015 10.20.2010至10.19.2015	1.50	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000
				263,640,711	-	-	-	263,640,711	-	-	263,640,711
Other employees 其他僱員											
1.9.2004	1.9.2004 to 8.30.2004 1.9.2004至8.30.2004	9.1.2004 to 1.8.2014 9.1.2004至1.8.2014	0.80	63,210,000	-	(13,700,000)	(400,000)	49,110,000	-	(1,980,000)	47,130,000
10.6.2004	10.6.2004 to 3.19.2005 10.6.2004至3.19.2005	3.20.2005 to 10.5.2014 (Note 2) 3.20.2005至10.5.2014 (附註2)	0.71	131,660,000	-	(43,310,000)	-	88,350,000	-	(190,000)	88,160,000
10.20.2005	10.20.2005 to 10.19.2010 10.20.2005至10.19.2010	10.20.2010 to 10.19.2015 10.20.2010至10.19.2015	1.50	151,800,000	-	-	-	151,800,000	-	-	151,800,000
1.27.2006	1.27.2006 to 1.26.2011 1.27.2006至1.26.2011	1.27.2011 to 1.26.2016 1.27.2011至1.26.2016	1.52	6,500,000	-	-	-	6,500,000	-	-	6,500,000
8.23.2007	8.23.2007 to 9.18.2008 8.23.2007至9.18.2008	9.19.2008 to 9.18.2017 9.19.2008至9.18.2017	2.32	-	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000
8.7.2008	8.7.2008 to 9.2.2009 9.3.2008至9.2.2009	9.3.2009 to 9.2.2018 9.3.2009至9.2.2018	1.77	-	-	-	-	-	1,500,000	-	1,500,000
8.7.2008	8.7.2008 to 9.2.2010 9.3.2008至9.2.2010	9.3.2010 to 9.2.2018 9.3.2010至9.2.2018	1.77	-	-	-	-	-	1,500,000	-	1,500,000
				353,170,000	3,000,000	(57,010,000)	(400,000)	298,760,000	3,000,000	(2,170,000)	299,590,000
Weighted average exercise price 加權平均行使價				616,810,711 HK\$0.93 0.93港元	3,000,000 HK\$2.32 2.32港元	(57,010,000) HK\$0.74 0.74港元	(400,000) HK\$0.78 0.78港元	562,400,711 HK\$0.93 0.93港元	3,000,000 HK\$1.77 1.77港元	(2,170,000) HK\$0.79 0.79港元	563,230,711 HK\$0.97 0.97港元
Exercisable at the end of the year 可於年末行使	r			453,510,711				396,100,711			396,930,711

47. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

(continued)

Notes:

- (1) The exercise of the options will be subject to the condition that the consolidated net asset value of the Company and its subsidiaries which shall be certified by the auditors appointed by the Company as at the date of the exercise of the options being not less than HK\$1 billion. Exercisable period is between November 22, 2004 to October 5, 2014.
- (2) The original exercisable period was July 1, 2005 to October 5, 2014. Pursuant to a resolution passed in the board of directors meeting held on March 20, 2005, the exercisable period is changed to the period from March 20, 2005 to October 5, 2014.
- (3) The weighted average share price on exercise dates and the weighted average price immediately before exercise dates are HK\$2.20 (2008: HK\$2.52) per share.

The consideration received during the year from the directors and employees for taking up the options granted amounted to HK\$20 (2008: HK\$10).

In accordance with HKFRS 2"Share-based payment", fair value of share options granted to employees determined at the date of grant is expensed over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to the Group's employee share-based compensation reserve. In the current year, an amount of share-based payment expenses in respect of its share options of approximately HK\$6,981,000 (2008: HK\$6,458,000) has been recognised with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the Group's employee share-based compensation reserve.

The options outstanding as at March 31, 2009 have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 6 years (2008: 7 years). During the year ended March 31, 2009, options were granted on August 7, 2008. The estimated fair values of the options granted are HK\$2,333,000. During the year ended March 31, 2008, options were granted on August 23, 2007. The estimated fair values of the options granted are HK\$2,579,000.

These fair values were calculated using the Black-Scholes-Merton Option Pricing Model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

47. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付款(續)

附註:

- (1) 行使購股權須視乎本公司所聘任之核數師於行使購股權時確認,本公司及其附屬公司之綜合資產淨值不少於10億港元。可行使期為二零零四年十一月二十二日至二零一四年十月五日止。
- (2) 行使期原為由二零零五年七月一日至二零一四年十 月五日。根據於二零零五年三月二十日召開董事會 會議所通過之決議案,行使期更改為二零零五年三 月二十日至二零一四年十月五日。
- (3) 於行使日期之加權平均股價及緊接行使日期前之加權平均股價為每股2.20港元(二零零八年: 2.52港元)。

就董事及僱員接納之獲授購股權而於年內已收總代價為20港元(二零零八年:10港元)。

根據香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份形式付款」, 於授出日期釐定授予僱員之購股權公平值乃於歸屬期支銷,連同對本集團之僱員股份報酬儲備作 出相應調整。於本年度,就購股權之以股份形式 付款開支約6,981,000港元(二零零八年:6,458,000 港元)已予確認,相應調整已於本集團僱員股份報 酬儲備確認。

於二零零九年三月三十一日,尚未行使購股權之加權平均剩餘合約年期為6年(二零零八年:7年)。於截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度,購股權乃於二零零八年八月七日授出。所授出之購股權之估計公平值為2,333,000港元。於截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,購股權乃於二零零七年八月二十三日授出。所授出之購股權之估計公平值為2,579,000港元。

該等公平值乃運用柏力克-舒爾斯-默頓期權定 價模式計算。計入該模式之因素如下:

Share option grant date 購股權授出日期

	August 7, 2008	August 23, 2007	
	二零零八年	二零零七年	
	八月七日	八月二十三日	
加權平均股價	HK\$1.780	HK\$2.330	
AND THE STANCES	1.780港元	2.330港元	
行使價	HK\$1.770	HK\$2.320	
	1.770港元	2.320港元	
預期波幅(附註a)	52.55% to 53.23%	50.89%	
	52.55%至53.23%	50.89%	
預計年期(附註b)	5.5 years to 6 years	3 years	
	5.5年至6年	3年	
無風險利率(附註c)	3.221% to 3.278%	4.103%	
	3.221%至3.278%	4.103%	
預期股息率(附註d)	1.90%	0.53%	
	預期波幅(附註a) 預計年期(附註b) 無風險利率(附註c)	工零零八年 八月七日 加權平均股價 HK\$1.780 1.780港元 行使價 HK\$1.770 1.770港元 預期波幅(附註a) 52.55% to 53.23% 52.55%至53.23% 預計年期(附註b) 5.5 years to 6 years 5.5年至6年 無風險利率(附註c) 3.221% to 3.278% 3.221%至3.278%	

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

47. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

(continued)

Notes:

- (a) The expected volatility was determined by calculating the historical volatility of the Company's share price over 260 trade days (2008: 260 trade days) immediately before share option grant date.
- (b) Expected life used has been adjusted, based on the management's best estimate, for the effects of non transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.
- (c) The risk free rate is determined by the reference to the Exchange Fund Notes issued by Hong Kong Monetary Authority.
- (d) The expected dividend yield was based on historical dividend payment record of the Group and consensus from analyst forecast.

48. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Apart from the amounts due from/to related parties as disclosed in notes 29, 31, 34 and 37, the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties that are not members of the Group:

- (i) During the year ended March 31, 2009, the Group purchased gas for total amount of HK\$113,746,000 (2008: HK\$105,300,000) from minority shareholders of subsidiaries.
- (ii) During the year ended March 31, 2009, the Group received interest income for total amount of HK\$7,299,000 (2008: nil) from an associate.
- (iii) During the year ended March 31, 2009, the Group paid construction fee for total amount of HK\$181,206,000 (2008: HK\$61,655,000) to an associate.

The remuneration of key management of the Group was as follows:

47. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付款(續)

附註:

- (a) 預期波幅乃藉計算本公司股份於緊接購股權授出日期前260個交易日(二零零八年:260個交易日)之歷史波幅釐定。
- (b) 所運用之預期年限已根據管理層之最佳估計、不可轉讓性之影響、行使限制及行為考慮作出調整。
- (c) 無風險利率乃參考香港金融管理局發行之外匯基金 票據釐定。
- (d) 預期股息率乃根據本集團之歷史股息派付紀錄及分析員預測之一致意見計算。

48. 關連人士交易

除附註29、31、34及37所披露之應收/應付關連 人士之款項外,本集團與並非本集團成員公司之 關連人士訂立下列交易:

- (i) 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團以總金額為113,746,000港元(二零零八年: 105,300,000港元)向附屬公司少數股東購買氣 體。
- (ii) 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團從聯營公司收取之利息收入總額為 7,299,000港元(二零零八年:無)。
- (ii) 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團已向聯營公司支付工程費合計181,206,000 港元(二零零八年:61,655,000港元)。

本集團主要管理層之酬金如下:

		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Short-term benefits	短期福利	37,429	43,022
Post employment benefits	離職後福利	60	63
		37,489	43,085

The remuneration of key management is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

主要管理層酬金由薪酬委員會經考慮個人表現及市場趨勢後釐定。

49. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

(i) On April 26, 2009, the Company entered into the a conditional agreement with Chinese People Holdings Company Limited for the acquisition of 100% equity interest on Brilliant China Investments Limited and its subsidiary, Beijing Zhongmin Zhongran Trading Company Limited which, in turn, beneficially owned 45.45% of the equity interests in Fujian Anran Gas Investment Company Limited. The consideration of HK\$323,664,000 will be satisfied in cash.

At the same date, a subsidiary of the Company also entered into a conditional agreement with Beijing Zhongmin Company Limited for the acquisition of 3.55% of Fujian Anran Gas Investment Company Limited. The consideration of RMB40,000,000 will be satisfied in cash.

Details of the acquisitions are set out in the Company's announcement dated April 27, 2009. The transactions have not been completed at the date of this report.

(ii) On May 31, 2009, a subsidiary of the Group entered into cooperation agreements with 上海華辰能源有限公司 and 廣東省湛江海鷹船舶燃料運輸有限公司 pursuant to which the Group will acquire 80% equity interest in 上海華辰船務有限公司 at a consideration of RMB74,500,000 (approximate HK\$85,632,000). As at March 31, 2009, 上海華辰船務有限公司 is an associate of the Group with effective shareholding of 16.6% and is principally engaged in shipping delivery services, technical development, providing consultancy services and agent of delivery. The transaction has not been completed at the date of this report.

49. 結算日後事項

(i) 於二零零九年四月二十六日,本公司與中 民控股有限公司訂立有條件協議,以收購 Brilliant China Investments Limited及其附屬公 司北京中民燃氣有限公司100%股本權益, 因而實益擁有福建安然燃氣投資有限公司 45.45%股本權益。代價323,644,000港元將以現 金支付。

於同日,本公司附屬公司亦與北京中民燃氣 有限公司訂立有條件協議,以收購福建安然 燃氣投資有限公司3.55%權益。代價人民幣 40,000,000元將以現金支付。

有關收購事項之詳情載於本公司日期為二零 零九年四月二十七日之公佈內。於本報告日 期,該等交易尚未完成。

(ii) 於二零零九年五月三十一日,本集團附屬公司與上海華辰能源有限公司及廣東省湛江海鷹船舶燃料運輸有限公司訂立合作協議,據此本集團將收購上海華辰船務有限公司80%股本權益,代價為人民幣74,500,000元(約85,632,000港元)。於二零零九年三月三十一日,上海華辰船務有限公司為本集團之聯營公司,擁有16.6%之實際股權,其主要業務為航運服務、技術開發、提供顧問服務及運輸代理。於本報告日期,交易尚未完成。

50. PARTICULAR OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

50. 主要附屬公司詳情

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

主要附屬公司詳情如下:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/operations 註冊成立或註冊/營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 股本/註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/registered capital held by the Company本公司所持已發行股本/註冊資本面值比例 2009 2008 零零九年二零零八年%		Principal activities 主要業務
Hai Xia Finance Limited	Hong Kong	Incorporated	Ordinary	100##	100##	Securities investment
	J J	·	HK\$2	1001111	100111	
海峽財務有限公司	香港	註冊成立	普通股2港元			證券投資
lwai's Holdings (Hong Kong)	Hong Kong	Incorporated	Ordinary	100##	100##	Investment holding,
Limited			HK\$1,000 Non-voting			property investment
			deferred shares	=	=	and provision of management services
			HK\$1,000,000			to group companies
	香港	註冊成立	(Note 1) 普通股1,000港元			机次协い 临光机次
	首/它	註Ⅲ从丛	無投票權遞延			投資控股、物業投資 及提供管理服務予
			股份1,000,000港元 (附註)			集團公司
Wellgem Asia Limited	Hong Kong	Incorporated	Ordinary HK\$10,000	100#	100#	Property development
偉寶亞洲有限公司	香港	註冊成立	普通股10,000港元			物業發展
Zhongran Gas (Shenzhen)	PRC	Wholly-foreign	Registered	100#	100#	Investment holding
Company Limited*		owned	US\$29,800,000			and treasury
		enterprises ("WFOE")				
中燃燃氣實業(深圳)	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本			投資控股及財資
有限公司			29,800,000美元			
中燃投資有限公司	PRC	WFOE	Registered	100#	100#	Investment holding
		I I ale vim to a viii	RMB898,637,000			and treasury
	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本人民幣 898,637,000元			投資控股及財資
Beijing Zhongran Xiangke	PRC	Sino-foreign	Registered	60##	60##	Trading of natural
Oil Gas Technology		equity joint	RMB20,000,000			gas and gas pipeline
Company Limited*	+ =	venture	分 而次十 1 口类			construction
北京中燃翔科油氣技術 有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 20,000,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
I) IN A II)			20,000,000/6			口尼江厄

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/operations 註冊成立 或註冊/營業地點	•		Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/registered capital held by the Company 本公司 所持已發行 股本/註冊 資本面值比例 2009 2008 2零零九年 二零零八年 % %		Principal activities 主要業務
Elegant Cheer Limited	Hong Kong	Incorporated	Ordinary HK\$10,000	100##	100##	Property holding
雅緻有限公司	香港	註冊成立	普通股10,000港元			持有物業
Wuhan China Natural Gas Investment Company Limited* 武漢中燃投資有限公司	PRC 中國	WFOE 外商獨資企業	Registered RMB69,980,000 註冊資本人民幣 69,980,000元	100##	100##	Investment holding 投資控股
Yiyang Central Gas & City Gas Development Co., Ltd*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB44,000,000	80##	80##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
益陽中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 44,000,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Wuhu City Natural Gas Development Company Limited*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB100,000,000	90##	90##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
無湖縣中燃城市 發展有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 100,000,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
北京中油翔科科技有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB2,000,000	80##	80##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本人民幣 2,000,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
唐山翔科燃氣有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB1,000,000	70##	70##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本人民幣 1,000,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
廊坊市翔科危險貨物運輸 有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB500,000	80##	80##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本人民幣 500,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/operations 註冊成立 或註冊/ 營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	business share capital/ structure registered capital h 業務架 繳足已發行 構形式 股本/註冊資本		rtion of al value of are capital/ ed capital the Company 公司 已發行 主註冊 面值比例	Principal activities 主要業務
			Ξ	二零零九年 二 %	零零八年	
廊坊市翔科油氣技術有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB2,680,000	51##	51##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本人民幣 2,680,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Yichang Zhongran City Gas Development Limited*	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB70,000,000	70##	70##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
宜昌中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本人民幣 70,000,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
藁城翔科燃氣有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB2,000,000	95##	95##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本人民幣 2,000,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Clever Decision Enterprises Limited	BVI	Incorporated Limited	Ordinary US\$100	100##	100##	Investment holding
	英屬處女 群島	註冊成立	普通股100美元			投資控股
北京通寶華油燃氣技術發展有限公司	PRC	WFOE	Registered RMB20,000,000	100##	100##	Investment holding
	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本人民幣 20,000,000元			投資控股
Huainan China Gas City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB72,000,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
淮南中燃	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 72,000,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
壽縣中燃	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB3,000,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 3,000,000元			買賣天燃氣及燃氣 管道建設

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/operations 註冊成立 或註冊/ 營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 股本/註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司 所持已發行 股本/註冊 資本面值比例		Principal activities 主要業務
111 tag tag 101 tag	E 77-0 //W	11770 ~ 4		2009 二零零九年 二	2008	
				%	%	
Suizhou Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB35,000,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
隨州中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 35,000,000元			買賣天燃氣及燃氣 管道建造
Xiaogan China Gas Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB48,950,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
孝感中燃天然氣有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 48,950,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Xiaogan China Gas Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB16,002,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
孝感中亞城市燃氣發展 有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 16,002,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Hanchuan Jchina Gas Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB11,274,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
漢川中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 11,274,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Yunmeng China Gas Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB9,708,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
雲夢中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 9,708,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Yingcheng Jiaxu China Gas Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB10,074,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
應城中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 10,074,000元			實賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Dangyang Zhongran Gas Co., Ltd.*	PRC	WFOE	Registered HK\$20,000,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
當陽中燃天然氣有限公司	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 20,000,000港元			買賣天然氣 及燃氣管道建造

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/operations 註冊成立或註冊/營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 股本/註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/registered capital held by the Company本公司所持已發行股本/註冊資本面值比例2009 2008 1009 2008 1008		Principal activities 主要業務
Pizhou Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	WFOE	Registered US\$3,060,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline
邳州中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 3,060,000美元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道
Suzhou Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered US\$3,625,000	75##	75##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
宿州中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 3,625,000美元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Cangzhou Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	WFOE	Registered HK\$2,000,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
滄州中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 2,000,000港元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Nanpixian Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	WFOE	Registered HK\$2,000,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline
南皮縣中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 2,000,000港元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道
Wuhuxian Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB10,000,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
蕪湖縣中燃城市 燃氣發展有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 10,000,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Qinzhou Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	WFOE	Registered RMB20,000,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
欽州中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本人民幣 20,000,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Yangzhong Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	WFOE	Registered US\$1,000,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
揚中中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 1,000,000美元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/operations 註冊成立或註冊/營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 股本/註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/registered capital held by the Company 本公司 所持已發行 股本/註冊資本面值比例 2009 2008 二零零九年 二零零八年%		Principal activities 主要業務
Tianmen Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	WFOE	Registered RMB10,000,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
天門中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本人民幣 10,000,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Baoji Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB265,725,000	64##	64##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
寶鷄中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 265,725,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Nanjing Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB200,000,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
南京中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 200,000,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Yulin Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB20,000,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
玉林中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 20,000,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
烏審旗中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	PRC	WFOE	Registered RMB50,000,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本人民幣 50,000,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
Fushun Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB133,330,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
撫順中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 133,330,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/operations 註冊成立 或註冊/ 營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 股本/註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/registered capital held by the Company本公司所持已發行股本/註冊資本面值比例		Principal activities 主要業務
				2009 :零零九年 二 %	2008 零零八年 %	
Wuwei Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB18,000,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
無為中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 18,000,000元			買賣天然氣及燃氣 管道建造
重慶渝北	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB5,060,000	100##	100##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 5,060,000元			買賣天然氣及 燃氣管道建造
包頭燃氣	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB183,800,000	80##	80##	Trading of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 183,800,000元			買賣天然氣及 燃氣管道建造
包頭加氣	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB30,000,000	80##	80##	Natural gas refill services and gas station administration
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 30,000,000元			天然氣加氣服務及 管理加氣站
包頭申銀	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB10,000,000	80##	80##	Design, construction and maintenance of city pipeline projects
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本人民幣 10,000,000元			城市管道項目之 設計、建造及保養
Zhongyou Hua Dian	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB220,000,000	83##	-	Trading of LPG
中油華電	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 220,000,000元			買賣LPG

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/operations 註冊成立 或註冊/	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 股本/註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/registered capital held by the Company 本公司 所持已發行 股本/註冊 資本面值比例 2009 2008 零零九年 二零零八年 % %	Principal activities 主要業務
上海中油能源控股有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB100,000,000	83## –	Investment in petrochemical facilities of storage and transportation, fundamental facilities of pier, sales of raw chemical materials and construction materials
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊 人民幣100,000,000元		投資石化貯存及 運輸設施、 碼頭基礎設施、 銷售化學材料及 建築材料
溫州中化燃氣有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB20,000,000	83## -	Sale of inflammable gas, LPG, inflammable liquid and inflammable solid
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊 人民幣20,000,000元		銷售易燃氣體、 LPG、易燃液體及 易燃固體
溫州市華顥燃氣有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB20,000,000	83## –	Goods delivery and as agent of steel cylinder testing
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊 人民幣20,000,000元	83## -	貨物運輸及作為銅筒 測試之代理
溫州中燃能源有限公司	PRC	Limited liability	Registered RMB3,000,000	83## -	Retailing and wholesaling of LPG and accessories
	中國	company 有限責任公司	註冊 人民幣3,000,000元		LPG及配件零售及批發
廣州華凱石油燃氣有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered USD8,000,000	54## -	Manufacturing of highly purified LPG, highly purified propane and butane
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊 8,000,000美元		生產高淨化LPG、 高淨化丙烷及丁烷

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/operations 註冊成立 或註冊/ 營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 股本/註冊資本	/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司 所持已發行 股本/註冊 資本面值比例 2009 2008 二零零九年 二零零八年		Principal activities 主要業務
廣西中油能源有限公司 (note 2)(附註2)	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered USD7,000,000	50##	<u>%</u> -	Storing and trading of LPG. Sales of chemical products, filling of LPG and delivery of
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊 7,000,000美元			hazardous products LPG貯存及買賣、 銷售化學產品、 LPG加氣 及危險品運輸
江蘇中油長江石化有限公司 (note 3)(附註3)	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	Registered capital US\$10,000,000 註冊資本	42##	-	Producing and storing LPG and chemical product LPG及化學產品
廈門中油鷺航油氣有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	10,000,000美元 Registered capital RMB21,250,000	58##	-	生產及貯存 Operation of gas in cities, filling of LPG, delivery of hazardous products and wholesaling and retailing of chemical
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣21,250,000元			products 經營城市燃氣、 LPG加氣、 危險品運輸 及批發及零售 化學產品
China Gas Corporate Services	Hong Kong	Incorporated Limited	Ordinary HK\$2	100##	100##	Nominee and secretarial services
中國燃氣企業服務有限公司	香港	註冊成立	音通 2港元			代理人及秘書服務
Iwai Style Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Incorporated Limited 註冊成立	Ordinary HK\$2 普通 2港元	100##	100##	Provision of management services to the Group 向本集團提供管理服務

At 31 March 2009 截至二零零九年三月三十一日止年度

50. PARTICULAR OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

- * English name is for identification purposes only.
- # The proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/registered capital/registered capital directly held by the Company.
- ## The proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/registered capital/registered capital indirectly held by the Company.

The above table lists the principal subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

Notes:

- (1) The deferred shares, which are not held by the Group, practically carry no rights to dividends or to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the company or to participate in any distribution on winding up.
- (2) The Group held 50% indirect interest in 廣西中油能源有限公司 through the 60% direct interest held by a 83% owned subsidiary, Zhongyou Hua Dian. Therefore the Group has control over this entity and it is considered as a subsidiary of the Company.
- (3) The Group held 42% indirect interest in through the 50.86% direct interest held by an 83% owned subsidiary, Zhongyou Hua Dian. Therefore the Group has control over this entity and it is considered as a subsidiary of the Company.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year.

50. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

- * 英文名稱僅供識別。
- # 本公司持有之已發行股本/註冊資本/直接註冊資本面值比例。
- ## 本公司持有之已發行股本/註冊資本/間接註冊資本面值比例。

上表載列董事認為對本集團業績或資產有主要影響之本公司各主要附屬公司。董事認為,提供其 他附屬公司詳情會導致資料過於冗長。

附註:

- (1) 遞延股份並非由本集團持有,而實際上並不附帶收取股息、接獲該公司任何股東大會通告、出席會議或於會上投票或於清盤時分享任何分派之權利。
- (2) 本集團透過其擁有83%權益之附屬公司中油華電接持有60%之間接權益於廣西中油能源有限公司擁有50%間接權益。因此,本集團於此實體擁有控制權,並被視為本公司之附屬公司。
- (3) 本集團透過其擁有83%權益之附屬公司中油華電接持有50.86%之直接權益擁有42%間接權益。因此,本集團於此實體擁有控制權,並被視為本公司之附屬公司。

各附屬公司於年終時並無任何未償還債務證券。

