_{年報} ANNUAL REPORT 2010





(股份代號 Stock Code: 00057)

財務摘要 Financial Highlights

截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2010

				變動
		2010	2009	Change
業績摘要 (港幣千元)	RESULTS HIGHLIGHTS (HK\$'000)			
收益	Revenue	1,806,334	1,603,107	13%
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	208,696	103,852	101%
本公司權益持有人	Profit attributable to equity holders			
應佔溢利	of the Company	153,500	85,786	79%
資產總值	Total assets	3,493,038	2,885,343	21%
股東權益	Shareholders' funds	2,464,066	2,338,471	5%
已發行股本	Issued share capital	62,919	62,883	0%
流動資產淨值	Net current assets	1,456,957	1,211,258	20%
每股數據	PER SHARE DATA			
每股基本盈利(港仙)	Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	24.4	13.6	79%
每股現金股息(港仙)	Cash dividends per share (HK cents)	12.0	7.0	71%
每股資產淨值(港元)	Net assets per share (HK\$)	3.9	3.7	5%
主要財務比率	KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS			
平均股東權益回報率(%)	Return on average shareholders' funds (%)	6.4	3.6	78%
平均資產總值回報率(%)	Return on average total assets (%)	4.8	2.9	66%

股價資料 Share Price Information

所有股價以港元表述 All share prices are expressed in Hong Kong dollars

		2010		2009		2008	
		最高	最低	最高	最低	最高	最低
		Highest	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest	Lowest
一至三月 四至六月	Jan – Mar Apr – Jun	2.99 3.35	2.18 2.43	1.78 2.49	1.22 1.32	4.79 3.85	3.50 3.20
七至九月 十至十二月	Jul – Sep Oct – Dec	不適用N/A 不適用N/A	不適用N/A 不適用N/A	2.80 2.50	1.90 2.02	3.34 2.00	1.90 0.97

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公司資料 Corporate Information

董事

執行董事

蔣震博士,大紫荊勳賢(*主席)* 蔣麗苑女士(行政總裁) 蔣志堅先生 鍾效良先生 吳漢華先生

獨立非執行董事

陳慶光先生 Anish LALVANI先生 陳智思先生 利子厚先生

審核委員會

Anish LALVANI先生(主席) 陳慶光先生 陳智思先生 利子厚先生

薪酬委員會

陳智思先生(*主席)* Anish LALVANI先生 利子厚先生 蔣麗苑女士

公司秘書

聶羨萍女士

授權代表

蔣麗苑女士 聶羨萍女士

核數師

安永會計師事務所

Directors

Executive Directors

Dr. Chen CHIANG, GBM *(Chairman)* Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG *(Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG Mr. Sam Hon Wah NG

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN Mr. Anish LALVANI Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE

Audit Committee

Mr. Anish LALVANI *(Chairman)* Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN *(Chairman)* Mr. Anish LALVANI Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG

Company Secretary

Ms. Alice Sin Ping LIP

Authorized Representatives

Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG Ms. Alice Sin Ping LIP

Auditors

Ernst & Young

公司資料 Corporate Information

主要往來銀行

法國巴黎銀行 東方匯理銀行 中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

主要股份過戶登記處

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓

註冊辦事處

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM12 Bermuda

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 新界大埔 大埔工業邨 大宏街13至15號

企業傳訊及投資者關係

馮嘉慧小姐 電話:(852)26653888 傳真:(852)26648202 電郵:comm@chenhsong.com.hk 網址:www.chenhsong.com.hk

股票代號

00057

Principal Bankers

BNP Paribas Credit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

Principal Share Registrars

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

Branch Share Registrars

Tricor Tengis Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

Registered Office

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM12 Bermuda

Head Office & Principal Place of Business

13-15 Dai Wang Street Tai Po Industrial Estate Tai Po, New Territories Hong Kong

Corporate Communications & Investor Relations

Ms. Shelleyan FUNG Tel: (852) 2665 3888 Fax: (852) 2664 8202 E-mail: comm@chenhsong.com.hk Website: www.chenhsong.com.hk

Stock Code

00057

主席報告書 Chairman's Statement

業務回顧

截至二零一零年三月三十一日止財政年 度,本集團錄得營業額港幣18.06億元 (二零零九年:港幣16.03億元),較去年 增長達13%,而權益持有人應佔溢利為 港幣1.54億元(二零零九年:港幣8,600萬 元),增長79%。

於本財政年度下半年,中國經濟回復 高速增長,全年GDP增長為9.1%(經修 訂),總值達87,890億美元,強勢帶動全 球經濟反彈。

震雄集團受惠於中國政府於本財政年度初 推出一系列的振興經濟方案,使國內經濟 於數月間從金融危機谷底回復穩健增長。 中國政府採取的寬鬆貨幣政策以及行業 支援措施(包括家電下鄉、汽車税務優惠 等),已達至預期的經濟發展目標,並帶 來大型及超大型注塑機市場的急速增長。 很多國內企業直接受惠於政府主導的投資 增長政策,亦把握機會投放資源以提高生 產能力和加速發展步伐。

本集團於本年度內專注增添整體生產設 備及落實原材料供應,以配合大型及超 大型注塑機的市場需求。中國國內汽 車行業及家電製造業的銷售持續強勁增 長勢頭,內需市場的暢旺得以彌補出口 市場持續疲弱的負面影響,而本集團的 客戶群分佈亦與過去有所轉變,中國內 需客戶相對出口性客戶來說已佔主導 地位。

Business Review

For the year ended 31 March 2010, the Group registered total turnover of HK\$1,806 million (2009: HK\$1,603 million), increase of 13% over last year. Profit attributable to equity holders grew by 79% to HK\$154 million (2009: HK\$86 million).

During the second half of this financial year, the China domestic economy resumed high speed growth, with GDP growing by 9.1% (as revised) to USD8.789 trillion, strongly leading the worldwide economy recovery.

The Chen Hsong Group benefited from a series of economic stimulus measures undertaken by the Chinese Government early this financial year, which caused the domestic economy to revert to steady growth within a few months from the depths of the financial crisis. These measures, including relaxed monetary policies and support programs for specific industries (e.g. electric appliances to rural, tax breaks for automotive etc.), attained their target in fueling economic activity, while in the meantime also created rapid growth in demand for large and ultra-large-tonnage injection moulding machines. Many domesticfocused enterprises were direct beneficiaries of the government-led investment programs, and they responded by taking advantage of the growth opportunities to invest heavily into new manufacturing capacity.

The Group focused on adding new production equipment and restarting the raw materials supply chain in order to capture the demand for large and ultra-large-tonnage injection moulding machines. The domestic automotive and electric appliance markets in China continued to be strong growth drivers, and the robustness in domestic consumption had compensated for continued weakness in the export sector. For the Group, its customer profile had also evolved to one with domesticfocused customers in the lead over the traditional core group of exportoriented customers.

未來展望

世界銀行曾發布消息,預測中國二零一 零年全年GDP增長為9.5%,中國經濟 將在來年延續本年度的一支獨秀,消費 市場亦預測會以平穩較快速度增長。可 是,商品價格及勞動成本的上漲,勢 必對國內企業的營運成本構成一定的 壓力。

美國來年的經濟增長預計亦被調高,但 須注意債務負擔及聯邦赤字大幅上升所 引致的經濟風險。在歐洲方面,主權債 務危機引致歐元區和歐洲經濟信心基礎 動搖,相信仍需面對漫長挑戰,強力的 復蘇可能不是短時間內可以期望。

本集團繼續以技術研發為重點發展目 標,在未來兩年將進一步優化環保節能 系列及大型兩板注塑機系列。

震雄集團會繼續努力不懈,堅持以勤奮 務實的經營信念,把握經濟復蘇帶來的 機遇。

致謝

本人謹代表董事局,對多年來長期支持 震雄集團的所有股東、客戶、供應商、 業務夥伴、往來銀行及忠誠的員工,致 以衷心謝意!

Future Prospects

The World Bank forecasts China's GDP growth in 2010 to be around 9.5%, with domestic consumption growing at a steady but rapid rate and China continuing to be the only bright spot among world economies. On the other hand, however, inevitable increases in material prices and labour costs will start to put pressure on operating cost of enterprises in China.

Growth expectations for the U.S. economy have also been raised, but significant dangers to the economy still loom in overwhelming debt burden and Federal budget deficit. In Europe, the sovereign debt crises have shaken confidence in the Eurozone economies; challenges are still abound and it will be unlikely for strong recovery in Europe to come within the near future.

The Group continues to focus on R&D as its core competitive strategy and will within the next two years further enhance its existing technologies in energy-saving and two-platen large-tonnage injection moulding machines.

The Chen Hsong Group will continue to stick to its core operating believes and do its utmost to take advantage of opportunities emerging from an economic recovery.

Gratitude

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to give my heartfelt thanks to all shareholders of Chen Hsong Group, customers, suppliers, business partners, banks and loyal employees for their long term support over the years.

蔣震

主席

二零一零年七月十五日

Chen CHIANG Chairman

Hong Kong, 15 July 2010

業務表現

在二零一零財政年度,本集團錄得營業 額港幣18.06億元(二零零九年:港幣 16.03億元),較去年增長達13%,而權 益持有人應佔溢利為港幣1.54億元(二零 零九年:港幣8,600萬元),增長79%。 每股基本盈利為港幣24.4仙(二零零九 年:港幣13.6仙)。

本年度的市場狀況呈兩極化發展:首先 是中國在眾世界經濟體系中一枝獨秀, 成為全球金融海嘯後的主要復蘇動力來 源:另一方面,歐美市場經過金融海嘯 的洗禮後,雖然避開大蕭條的厄運,但 仍然復蘇乏力,無論在信貸、消費、失 業率或預算赤字等宏觀經濟指數上都呈 現極度疲弱,歐洲「PIIGS」諸國接二連三 發生財政困難,都顯示出受到金融海嘯 的後遺症繼續纏繞。

Business Performance

During the financial year of 2010, the Group registered total turnover of HK\$1,806 million (2009: HK\$1,603 million), increase of 13% over last year. Profit attributable to equity holders grew by 79% to HK\$154 million (2009: HK\$86 million). Basic earnings per share is HK24.4 cents (2009: HK13.6 cents).

Market conditions this year developed in extremes: on the one hand, China remained the only bright spot among world economies and the primary source of strength for world economic recovery after the global financial crisis; on the other hand, the European and U.S. economies barely avoided a depression but were still plagued by the aftermaths of the financial crisis, with major economic indicators (overall credit, consumption, unemployment rate, budget deficit, etc.) still showing extreme weakness, compounded by the "PIIGS" countries' sovereign debt fiasco.



超霸先進系列二板大型節能注塑機 SUPERMASTER Energy Saving Two-Platen Advanced Machine

中國市場在全球經濟體系極度疲弱之下, 作為帶領世界經濟復蘇的火車頭,倚靠的 是上半財政年度中國政府的人民幣四萬 億元振興經濟措施,一連串援助工業的 方案(包括家電及汽車下鄉、汽車税務優 惠、大量基建項目等),以及信貸的大力 放寬。這些措施使中國國內的消費維持活 躍,令中國於二零零九年度的GDP增長高 達9.1%(經修訂),極可能使中國於二零 一零年成為全球第二大的經濟體系。

雖然這些措施亦帶來了信貸過份膨脹引 致經濟泡沫的憂慮(二零零九年全年信 貸額度接近人民幣十萬億元,比二零零 八年增長超過一倍),並構成局部資產上 漲泡沫,需要中央再度調控(如房地產 等),但並無損中國作為全球經濟活動核 心的地位。

歐美市場的積弱以及中國的高增長形成鮮 明的對比,使中國市場的狀況亦趨向兩極 化發展:首先是出口外銷性企業因歐美訂 單減少依然缺乏起色,但內需性企業(尤 其是汽車、家電等有優惠支援的行業)卻 是急速增長,需求蓬勃,在注塑機市場則 主要體現在大型及超大型注塑機上。 Amid such an extremely fragile world economic environment, China, being the primary driver to pull it out of recession, depended on a massive RMB4 trillion economic stimulus package issued by the Central Government during the first half of the financial year, which included a series of measures to promote domestic industry output (e.g. electric appliances and automotive for rural, tax breaks for automotive, massive infrastructure investments, etc.) as well as a huge relaxation of bank credit. These measures kept China domestic consumption active, propelled 2009 GDP growth to 9.1% (as revised), and are almost certain to make China the second largest economic entity in the world by 2010.

The Chinese stimulus measures also raised the risks of economic bubbles due to over-expansion of bank credit – 2009 total bank lending almost touched RMB10 trillion, more than double that of 2008 – and had already caused asset bubbles (e.g. real estate) which necessitated the Central Government's clamping down. Nevertheless, these risks had not diminished China's current position as the centre of worldwide economic activities.

The general weaknesses of European and U.S. economies formed a striking contrast with China's high growth, causing the China market itself to also develop in extremes: on the one hand, export-oriented industries continued to be depressed due to reduced demand from European and U.S. markets; on the other hand, industries catering to domestic consumption, especially those with policy support such as automotive and electric appliances, continued to enjoy rapid growth in demand – and in our industry this translated into significant demand growth primarily in large and ultra-large-tonnage injection moulding machines.



獨創專利圓形結構模板 Exclusive Patented Circular Platen

本集團在下半年度積極實行擴產(尤其是 大型注塑機方面),並重新啟動物資供應 鏈以及培訓新員工,目標是在較短的時 間內可以全面提升生產規模至全球金融 海嘯以前的水平(為應付金融海嘯,本集 團於去年曾對生產能力結構作出重組)。 在產能未能全面提升前,本集團只能補 足少部份大型及超大型注塑機的市場份 額;若是這些市場在本年度繼續暢旺, 本集團則預料隨著產能的恢復可以逐步 增加市場佔有率。 During the second half of this financial year, the Group aggressively expanded its capacity, especially for large-tonnage injection moulding machines, restarted supply chains and trained new workers, with the goal to raise overall production capacity back to the level before the global financial crisis (in response to the financial crisis, the Group had restructured its production capacity last year) within as short a timeframe as possible. However, before production capacity could be totally restored, the Group could only capture a small amount of the market demand for large and ultra-large-tonnage machines. If this market continues its robustness in the near future, the Group expects that its renewed capacity should enable it to progressively increase market share.

市場分析

截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度, 按客戶地域劃分的營業額分析如下: Breakdown of turnover, based on the location of customers, for the year

ended 31 March 2010 is as follows:

客戶地域	Customer Location	2010 (港幣百萬元) (HK\$ million)	2009 (港幣百萬元) (HK\$ million)	變動 Change
中國大陸及香港	Mainland China and Hong Kong	1,359	981	+39%
台灣	Taiwan	109	189	-42%
其他海外國家	Other overseas countries	338	433	-22%
		1,806	1,603	+13%

Market Analysis

中國本土市場於本年度繼續以政府鼓勵 行業為主要增長龍頭,包括汽車及家電 等受惠最為顯著。並且以汽車市場為 最熾熱,二零零九年比去年大幅增長 59%,成為全球最大的汽車市場,引致 對大型及超大型注塑機的需求激增。 Growth in the China market continued to be dominated by governmentencouraged industries, especially automotive and electric appliances, with automotive being the hottest, growing at the substantial rate of 59% in 2009 over last year to become the largest automotive market in the world, causing significant increases in demand for large and ultralarge-tonnage injection moulding machines.

在家用電器方面,中國政府的「家電下 鄉」促銷計劃開始收到預期的效果,二零 零九年的家電行業亦比去年大幅增長超 過10%,主要集中於空調(增長11.6%)、 冰箱(增長15.3%)及洗衣機(增長10.8%) 等「白色家電」,部份家電企業等發布之 營業額甚至增長超過50%,亦直接帶動 對中、大型注塑機的需求。

出口方面是另一副景象:中國的二零零 九年出口總額比去年下降16%,甚至 低於二零零七年的水平,其中對美國的 總出口量下降12.3%,塑膠製品則下降 10.1%、玩具下降25%、家電及電子產品 下降9.2%;對歐洲出口量則下降13%、 玩具下降6%。而以單一行業舉例,中國 製玩具在二零零九年出口額比去年總體 下降22.5%(廣東省下降25%),但中國國 內的玩具市場則增長約10-15%,可見中 國外銷與內銷的形勢成鮮明對比。

總結來說,本集團於本年度的中國市場 銷售比去年大幅增加,但核心的出口性 客戶群卻仍未復蘇,故此,全年的中國 市場營業額增長39%至港幣13.59億元 (二零零九年:港幣9.81億元)。 In the electric appliances industry, the Central Government's "rural" programs also began to show expected results, with sales in 2009 growing more than 10% over last year, primarily focused in "white goods" such as air-conditioners (11.6% growth), refrigerators (15.3% growth) and washing machines (10.8% growth). Certain white goods manufacturers even reported sales growth exceeding 50%, which also fueled growth in demand for medium and large-tonnage injection moulding machines.

On the other hand, exports painted a different picture: total China exports in 2009 dropped by 16% on a year-on-year basis to a level even lower than 2007. In particular, exports to the U.S. declined by 12.3% with plastics goods exports declining by 10.1%, toys declining by 25% and consumer electronics and appliances declining by 9.2%. Exports to the Europe also dropped by 13% with toys declining by 6%. Taking the toy industry as an example to illustrate the remarkable contrast between exports and domestic consumption – total China toy exports in 2009 declined by 22.5% compared with last year (with Guangdong province declining by 25%), but the domestic toy industry in China grew by 10-15%.

In a nutshell, the Group's sales to the China domestic market had grown substantially, but core export-oriented customers continued to be depressed. Consequently, the Group's total sales turnover in China grew by 39% to HK\$1,359 million (2009: HK\$981 million).



超霸全電動節能注塑機 SUPERMASTER Energy Saving All Electric Machine

台灣市場因以出口性企業主導而受到最大 之影響,本年度營業額比去年下跌42%至 港幣1.09億元(二零零九年:港幣1.89億 元),但訂單於本財政年度後期卻明顯轉 強,形勢較為樂觀。而在國際市場方面, 由於海外訂單一般交貨期較長與及以信用 狀付款,故在金融海嘯發生前期並沒有即 時受到影響,但很多發展中國家在此期間 經歷嚴重信貸緊縮,其貨幣兑美元及人民 幣在去年大幅貶值,使新簽訂單的數量同 比鋭減,嚴重影響了本財政年度的國際市 場業績,比去年下降22%至港幣3.38億元 (二零零九年:港幣4.33億元)。

雖然如此,隨著金融海嘯衝擊減退,不 少發展中國家於本財政年度開始恢復元 氣,部份的貨幣滙率亦回復至較合理水 平,購買力亦開始恢復,但歐洲及美國 等地區的短期經濟走勢仍然難以預測, 對本集團的國際業務影響亦將持續,主 要取決於其經濟復蘇的時間與速度。 The Taiwan domestic market was dominated by crisis-stricken exportoriented enterprises, with total sales turnover declining by 42% to HK\$109 million (2009: HK\$189 million). Nevertheless prospects are turning in the positive direction with orders strengthening around the end of this financial year. Internationally, many overseas markets were not immediately affected by the financial crisis at the onset due to longer delivery lead times and payment by letters of credit. However, many developing countries experienced severe credit tightening and depreciating currencies against the US\$ and RMB during this period, causing a sharp reduction in the number of new orders, which in turn caused the sales performance for this financial year to drop 22% over last year to HK\$338 million (2009: HK\$433 million).

Despite this, many developing countries had begun to recover during this financial year from the shockwaves of the financial crisis with currency exchanges rates firming up to more reasonable levels and strengthening purchasing power. On the other hand, short-term economic prospects in Europe and the U.S. continued to be unpredictable and should continue to depress the Group's international business, depending on when their economies start to recover and the speed of such recovery.



易霸伺服驅動節能注塑機 EASYMASTER Energy Saving Servo Drive Machine

新技術及新產品發展

本集團除了長期專注於節能省電、高速 高效的科技研發以外,在本年度亦推出 了一些較特別的新產品,其中包括「新世 代電腦控制器」以及「MJ20-H」伺服驅動 高精密微型注塑機。

震雄的新世代智能電腦控制系統基於世 界領先的工控技術、EtherCAT工業以太 網的總線I/O系統、以及TwinCAT高智能自 動化控制軟件,提供高度靈活的開放式 控制系統解決方案。整個系統完全符合 IEC61131-3標準的編程環境,確保設備 的高度安全性,而標準的視窗操作平台 為實現多方面的擴展功能奠定了基礎。 該控制系統已經成功應用於高性能、高 精度、極高速的全電動、直壓式、機鉸 式、兩板式等各種類型的注塑機。

New Technologies and New Products Development

The Group has always focused its R&D on high energy-saving, high speed and high efficiency technologies. A number of products introduced this year were also quite unique – including a "New Age" computer control system and the "MJ20-H" servo-driven high-precision mini-injection moulding machine.

Chen Hsong's New Age intelligent computer control system is based on leading-edge industrial control technologies, an advanced EtherCAT industrial I/O bus, and the highly intelligent TwinCAT automation control system to form a highly flexible, open control solution for diverse application. System programming is IEC61131-3 compliant which ensures high safety standards, with a Windows-based user interface that enables flexible extensions. This control system has been successfully applied in high-end, high precision, ultra-high-speed applications for allelectric, hydraulic-clamping, toggle-clamping and two-platen injection moulding machines.



敏而捷智能省電注塑機 MINIJET Intelligent Energy Saving Machine

震雄「MJ20-H」伺服驅動高精密微型注塑 機結合了本集團成熟的微型注塑機製作經 驗,以及德國Bosch Rexroth公司的頂級 伺服系統;採用中心施壓全液壓式鎖模設 計、雙注射及雙射移油缸、高剛度直線導 軌移台結構,配合新世代高精度智能電腦 控制器,具有高效、節能、慣量低、高動 態響應、低噪音等優良特性,特別適合用 於微型及高精度產品,其全新外觀設計悦 目,與及符合新國標及CE等國際級安全 認證。

生產規模及成本控制

本集團自二零零八年下半年度全球金融 海嘯發生初期,即時面對市場訂單急速 萎縮,在極為不明朗的前景因素下,決 定執行一系列緊急管理監控措施,通過 強而有力的流動資金管理,加強現金保 存以應付經濟震盪的衝擊。 Chen Hsong's "MJ2O-H" servo-driven high-precision mini-injection moulding machine combines the Group's expertise in mini-injection moulding, German company Bosch Rexroth's top-of-the-line servo control system, an all-hydraulic centre-applied clamping design, balanced injection cylinders, high-strength linear guide rails, and the New Age intelligent control system to form a coherent package that is highly efficient, energy-saving, low-inertia, high-response and lownoise. It is particularly suitable in forming high precision and miniscale products. Its all-new look is aesthetically pleasing as well as fully compliant to the GB and CE international safety standards.

Production Capacity and Cost Control

When the global financial crisis hit in late 2008, the Group immediately experienced a drastic reduction in order intake and, amid extremely uncertain prospects, immediately put in place a number of emergency measures for cash preservation through strong and effective cash flow management in order to weather the shocks from the financial crisis.



捷霸Ai伺服驅動節能注塑機 JETMASTER Energy Saving Ai Servo Drive Machine

從二零零八年尾至二零零九年初之間, 本集團對生產規模作出全面的重組,其 中包括供應鏈方面。二零零九年五、六 月份以後,隨著中國本土經濟的強勁復 蘇逾加明顯,本集團亦馬上檢討這些政 策與措施。大部份的經濟學者都未曾預 料中國市場反彈之迅速,故此在眾多的 行業中都出現需求量大增的情況,使 集團在下半年度面對嚴重的供應鏈瓶頸 (因為大部份的供應商亦於金融海嘯期間 大幅度縮減產能)。有見及此,本集團亦 即時加強力度開發新的供應商(尤其是大 型注塑機物料),務求在未來能減少供應 鏈過度集中帶來的風險。

在成本控制方面,本集團經過去年的緊 急措施後,成本結構已極為精簡,加上 原材料價格從金融海嘯發生後大幅下 降,故毛利率得以逐步提升,在本財政 年度下半年已回復金融海嘯前的水平。 During the period from late 2008 to early 2009, the Group had restructured its entire production capacity including supply chain. Transitioning on to May and June of 2009, with the China domestic economy in an obvious and strong rebound, the Group immediately reviewed the necessity to continue these emergency measures. As most economists failed to predict the rapidity of China market recovery, many domestic industries experienced a simultaneous explosion in demand, causing significant bottlenecks in the Group's supply chain during the second half of this financial year (due to the fact that most suppliers had also reduced capacity during the onset of the financial crisis). In response to this, the Group had immediately redoubled its efforts to develop new supply sources (especially for materials of large-tonnage injection moulding machines) in order to mitigate the risks of an overlyconcentrated supply chain in future.

On the cost control side, the Group's gross margin during the second half of this financial year benefited from an extremely lean cost structure – result of last year's emergency measures – as well as substantial reductions in raw material prices, returning to the general level before the financial crisis.



Ai-11智能聯網電腦控制器 Ai-11 Intelligent Computer Controller



SPS3300高級歐洲聯網電腦控制器 SPS3300 EuroController

財務回顧

流動資金及財務狀況

於二零一零年三月三十一日,本集團的 流動資產淨值為港幣14.57億元(二零零 九年:港幣12.11億元),較去年增加 20%。流動資產淨值當中包括現金及銀 行結存港幣8.64億元(二零零九年:港幣 4.46億元),比去年增加港幣4.18億元, 以及銀行貸款港幣4,200萬元(二零零九 年:港幣3,800萬元),增加港幣400萬 元。銀行貸款為短期浮息貸款,用作支 付供應商日圓賬款。

本集團會繼續維持一貫穩健的財務管理 政策,配合適度的融資,儲備充足的流 動資金,以應付集團對各項投資及營運 資金的需求。

Financial Review

Liquidity and Financial Conditions

As at 31 March 2010, the Group had net current assets of HK\$1,457 million (2009: HK\$1,211 million), which represented a 20% increase over last year. Included in the net current assets were the cash and bank balances of HK\$864 million (2009: HK\$446 million), an increase of HK\$418 million over last year, and the bank loans of HK\$42 million (2009: HK\$38 million), an increase of HK\$4 million. The bank loans were short term with floating interest rates for payments to suppliers in Japanese yen.

It is the policy of the Group to adopt a consistently prudent financial management strategy, sufficient liquidity is maintained with appropriate levels of borrowings to meet the funding requirements of the Group's investments and operations.



捷霸DM雙物料注塑機 JETMASTER DM Multi-Material Machine

資金及外幣風險管理

本集團在資金管理方面,一向採取穩健 理財及集中管理策略,現金一般以港 元、美元及人民幣以短期或中期存款存 放於銀行,作為集團的流動資金。

於二零一零年三月三十一日,外幣借貸 總額相等於港幣4,200萬元(二零零九年: 港幣3,800萬元)。本集團亦不時對波動 較大的外幣風險作出評估,以合適之方 法減低有關的風險。

人力資源

於二零一零年三月三十一日,本集團(聯 營公司除外)的全職僱員總數約為2,800 名(二零零九年:2,500名)。集團為僱員 提供完善之薪酬及福利條件,薪酬維持 於具競爭力水平,而僱員之回報則取決 於其個人表現及集團業績表現。集團亦 向部分僱員授予本公司購股權以鼓勵及 延攬優秀員工。

於人才培訓方面,本集團管理層透過為 僱員提供教育、專業培訓及生活輔導等 活動,不斷提升員工質素、專業知識水 平及團隊精神。

Treasury and Foreign Exchange Risk Management

The Group adopts a prudent and centralized approach in managing its funding. Funds, primarily denominated in Hong Kong dollars, U.S. dollars and Renminbi, are normally placed with banks in short or medium term deposits for the working capital of the Group.

As at 31 March 2010, the Group had total foreign currency borrowings equivalent to HK\$42 million (2009: HK\$38 million). The Group, from time to time, assesses the risk exposure on certain volatile foreign currencies and has it covered in appropriate manners to minimize the risk.

Human Resources

As at 31 March 2010, the Group, excluding its associates, had approximately 2,800 (2009: 2,500) full-time employees. The Group offers good remuneration and welfare packages to its employees and maintains market-competitive pay levels. Employees are rewarded based on individual as well as the results performance of the Group. Share options of the Company are granted to selected employees of the Group for rewarding and retaining talents.

The Group conducted regular programmes, including comprehensive educational and professional training, and social activities counselling, to its employees to enhance staff quality, standards of professional knowledge and teamwork spirit.



捷霸C2大型節能注塑機 JETMASTER Energy Saving C2 Large Machine

來年展望

來年(二零一零至二零一一年度)的世界 經濟環境仍然不太明朗,正面及負面因 素參半。首先,正面的是中國明年經濟 將平穩而較快地發展,GDP增長目標維持 在8%以上的健康水平;負面的是美國經 濟數據參差,復蘇乏力,而歐元區經濟 仍然被多國債務危機等壞消息纏繞,歐 元備受壓力,短期內難望改善。

因此本集團將在來年仍然會專注於中國 市場及開發部份發展中國家市場,並致 力全面提升產能,特別是在大型及超大 型注塑機產能方面之提升,將有助本集 團加速佔領市場份額。

Future Prospects

Visibility continues to be low for the world economy during the next financial year (i.e. 2010/2011), with equal prospects for negative as well as positive developments. On the positive side, China will continue to grow in a steady but relatively rapid pace, targeting a healthy GDP growth of over 8%. On the negative side, a multitude of economic indicators all point to a general lack of resiliency in the U.S. economic recovery; the European Union continues to be plagued by sovereign debt crises and substantial pressure on the Euro with little prospects of short-term improvements.

The Group will continue to focus its energies on China market as well as seek growth in certain developing countries. It will also strive to increase general production capacity, especially for large and ultra-large-tonnage injection moulding machines, in order to enable the Group to more rapidly capture market share for these products.

董事之個人資料 Biographical Details of Directors

執行董事

蔣震 大紫荊勳賢, OBE, DEng, DSc, DSSc, DBA, FHKIE, 八十六歲

主席

蔣麗苑 BA, 四十四歲 行政總裁

蔣女士於一九八八年加入本集團,並於 二零零零年獲委任為本公司董事。彼亦 出任本公司行政總裁,負責本集團之管 理及業務發展。蔣女士亦為本集團多間 附屬公司之董事,並且為本公司之主要 股東震雄投資有限公司之董事。彼取得 美國衛斯理女子大學文學院學士。蔣女 士對生產管理、營銷及市務推廣均有豐 富的經驗。蔣女士為中國人民政治協商 會議深圳市常務委員、深圳市工業經濟 聯合會副會長及深圳市機械行業協會副 會長。彼亦為香港玩具廠商會副會長、 香港中華廠商聯合會會董、香港特區政 府紀律人員薪俸及服務條件常務委員會 委員、香港特區政府首長級薪俸及服務 條件常務委員會委員、香港科技大學及 香港公開大學校董會成員。蔣女士於二 零零四年榮獲香港工業總會頒發「香港青 年工業家獎」。彼為蔣震博士之女兒及蔣 志堅先生之姊。

Executive Directors

Chen CHIANG GBM, OBE, DEng, DSc, DSSc, DBA, FHKIE,

aged 86 Chairman

Dr. Chiang was appointed a Director of the Company in 1991. He is the Chairman of the Group and a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. He is also a Director of Chen Hsong Investments Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company. Dr. Chiang founded the Group and The Chiang Chen Industrial Charity Foundation. He was appointed Hong Kong Affairs Advisor and a member of the Advisory Committee of College of Management, National Chung Cheng University. Dr. Chiang is also the Economy Advisor of Shandong Provincial People's Government and the Honorary President of The Research Centre for Market – Economy of Peking University. In addition, Dr. Chiang is the Honorary Chairman of the Federation of Hong Kong Machinery and Metal Industries and the Hong Kong Electrical Appliances Manufacturers Association. Dr. Chiang founded Chiang Chen Industrial Institute situated at his hometown of Heze City of Shandong Province in 1999. He is the father of Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG and Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG.

Lai Yuen CHIANG BA, aged 44

Chief Executive Officer

Ms. Chiang joined the Group in 1988 and was appointed a Director of the Company in 2000. She is also the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and is responsible for the management and business development of the Group. Ms. Chiang holds directorships in various subsidiaries of the Company and is a Director of Chen Hsong Investments Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company. She holds a bachelor degree of Arts from Wellesley College, U.S.A. and has extensive experience in production management, sales and marketing. Ms. Chiang is a standing committee member of the Shenzhen Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, Vice-Chairman of the Shenzhen Federation of Industrial Economics and Vice-President of China Shenzhen Machinery Association. She is also the Vice-President of The Toys Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong, a General Committee Member of the Chinese Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong, a member of the Standing Committee on Disciplined Services Salaries and Conditions of Service of The Government of the Hong Kong SAR, a member of the Standing Committee on Directorate Salaries and Conditions of Service of The Government of the Hong Kong SAR, a member of the Council of both The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology and The Open University of Hong Kong. Ms. Chiang was awarded the "Young Industrialist Awards of Hong Kong" by the Federation of Hong Kong Industries in 2004. She is Dr. Chen CHIANG's daughter and the sister of Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG.

董事之個人資料 Biographical Details of Directors

蔣志堅 BSc, 四十三歲

蔣先生於一九九八年加入本集團,並於 二零零三年獲委任為本公司董事,蔣先 生於二零零九年五月一日並且獲委任為 集團生產總裁,負責集團之生產事務。 蔣先生持有紐約羅徹斯特科技學院應用 科學(工業設計)之學士學位。在加入本 集團前,蔣先生任職於美國一家跨應用 先生為中國人民政治協商會議廣東省 員會委員、中國塑料機械工業協會副會 長及廣東外商公會副主席。彼為蔣震博 士之兒子及蔣麗苑女士之弟。

鍾效良 MBA, BSc, 四十三歲

鍾先生於二零零一年加入本集團,並於 二零零三年獲委任為本公司董事,彼亦 出任集團策略及營銷總監。鍾先生持有 美國栢克萊大學電子工程及電腦科學學 士學位,亦持有美國哥倫比亞大學工商 管理(財務)碩士學位。在加入本集團 前,鍾先生在銷售及市務、管理諮詢、 財務分析及資訊科技方面擁有超過十四 年的經驗。

吳漢華 BSc Econ, MBA, MAF, DBA, ACA, FCPA, 五十歲

吳先生於二零零二年加入本集團,並於 二零零三年獲委任為本公司董事。在加 入本集團前,吳先生曾任職跨國公司專 責財務管理。彼有深厚的跨境企業財務管理、收購合併、及企業開拓發展等型、 驗、以購合併、及企業開拓發展等級 驗。吳先生負責管理本集團特別項目及 藥政治學院經濟學系榮譽學士學國倫敦 大學商型大學應用財務碩士、英國倫 文學院工商管理碩士學位、 澳洲紐卡斯爾大學正商管理博士學位。 吳先生為英國皇家特許會計師,亦為英 格蘭及威爾斯皇家特許會計師學會會 員、及香港會計師公會資深會員。

Chi Kin CHIANG BSc, aged 43

Mr. Chiang joined the Group in 1998 and was appointed a Director of the Company in 2003. He was also appointed President – Group Manufacturing with effect from 1 May 2009 responsible for the manufacturing function of the Group. Mr. Chiang holds a bachelor degree of Applied Science in Industrial Design from Rochester Institute of Technology, New York. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Chiang had six years' experience in industrial design, working for a multinational company in the U.S.A.. Mr. Chiang is a member of the Guangdong Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, Vice Chairman of China Plastics Machinery Industry Association and Guangdong Chamber of Foreign Investors. He is Dr. Chen CHIANG's son and the brother of Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG.

Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG MBA, BSc, aged 43

Mr. Chung joined the Group in 2001 and was appointed a Director of the Company in 2003. He also holds the position of Group Chief Officer – Strategy, Sales and Marketing. Mr. Chung holds a bachelor degree of Science in Electrical Engineering & Computer Science from the University of California, Berkeley. He also holds an MBA degree in Finance from Columbia University, New York City, U.S.A.. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Chung had more than 14 years' experience in sales and marketing, management consultancy, financial analysis and information technology.

Sam Hon Wah NG BSc Econ, MBA, MAF, DBA, ACA, FCPA,

aged 50

Mr. Ng joined the Group in 2002 and was appointed a Director of the Company in 2003. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Ng was engaged in financial management with several multinational companies. He has extensive cross-border financial management, mergers and acquisitions, and corporate development experience. Mr. Ng is responsible for managing special projects and corporate governance of the Group. He holds an honour degree in Economics at the London School of Economics (University of London), a master degree of Applied Finance at the Macquarie University (Australia), an MBA degree from The City University Business School (England) and a Doctor of Business Administration degree from the University of Newcastle (Australia). Mr. Ng is a Chartered Accountant, an associate member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales, and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

獨立非執行董事

陳慶光 BA, BSSc, 四十九歲

陳先生於二零零一年獲委任為本公司董 事。彼現為IB Partners Pte Limited董事。 陳先生在紐約、香港及新加坡累積超過 二十年的投資銀行經驗。彼曾於多間主 要金融機構出任不同職務,當中包括JP Morgan、UBS Warburg、 麥格理及BNP Paribas Capital (Singapore) Limited。 而 彼更曾為BNP Paribas Capital (Singapore) Limited之行政總裁,以及東南亞區企業 融資業務之區域主管。彼曾跨地域為多 個大營企業及政府機構提供意見。於二 零零五年九月九日至二零零六年十一月 七日期間,陳先生曾為Pacific Internet Limited(一間於美國納斯達克證券市場 上市的公司)擔任獨立董事。陳先生畢 業於新加坡國立大學,並曾榮獲Lim Tay Boh金獎及新加坡國立大學經濟學會著作 獎。

Anish LALVANI BSc, MBA, FHKIoD,

四十四歲

Lalvani先生於二零零二年獲委任為本公 司董事,彼為歐瑞國際貿易有限公司集 團主席,該公司之業務遍佈香港、歐 洲、前蘇聯、非洲及中東等地。彼曾於 英國、美國、印度及香港工作和生活, 並持有美國聖地牙哥大學工商管理碩士 學位。Lalvani先生於新興市場之營銷有豐 富經驗,與國內家電製造商(大部份均自 設注塑設備)之關係非常密切。彼分別為 青年總裁協會北亞洲區及香港分會的前 主席。Lalvani先生為香港貿易發展局電子 及家電業諮詢委員會會員、亞洲文化協 會委員會成員、Harvard Business School Association of Hong Kong Limited董事及 香港董事學會資深會員。

Independent Non-executive Directors

Johnson Chin Kwang TAN BA, BSSc, aged 49

Mr. Tan was appointed a Director of the Company in 2001. He is currently a Director of IB Partners Pte Limited. Mr. Tan has over 20 years experience in investment banking based out of New York, Hong Kong and Singapore. He had held various roles with leading financial institutions including JP Morgan, UBS Warburg, Macquarie and BNP Paribas Capital (Singapore) Limited where he was the Chief Executive Officer and regional head for their South East Asia corporate finance business. He has advised major corporations and government authorities across the region. During the period from 9 September 2005 to 7 November 2006, Mr. Tan was an independent director of Pacific Internet Limited, a company listed on the NASDAQ Stock Market. Mr. Tan graduated from the National University of Singapore and was a recipient of the Lim Tay Boh gold medal and NUS Economics Society Book Prize.

Anish LALVANI BSc, MBA, FHKIOD,

aged 44

Mr. Lalvani was appointed a Director of the Company in 2002. He is Chairman of Euro Suisse International Limited which has business interests in Hong Kong, Europe, the Former Soviet Union, Africa and the Middle East. He has lived and worked in the U.K., U.S.A., India and Hong Kong and holds an MBA degree from the University of San Diego. Mr. Lalvani has extensive marketing experience in the emerging markets and an in-depth knowledge of electrical appliances manufacturers in China – many of whom have in house moulding facilities. He is the former Chairman for both the North Asia Region and the Hong Kong Chapter of the Young Presidents' Organization. Mr. Lalvani is a member of Hong Kong Trade Development Council's Electronics/Electrical Appliances Industry Advisory Committee, a committee member of the Asian Cultural Council, a Director of Harvard Business School Association of Hong Kong Limited and a Fellow of Hong Kong Institute of Directors.

董事之個人資料 Biographical Details of Directors

陳智思 *GBS, JP, 四十五歲*

陳先生於二零零四年獲委任為本公司董 事。彼於美國加州Pomona College畢業。 彼自二零零八年一月起獲委任為中國全 國人民代表大會之代表,亦曾擔任香 港特別行政區行政會議成員及立法會議 員。陳先生現擔任可持續發展委員會主 席、古物諮詢委員會主席、活化歷史建 築諮詢委員會主席、嶺南大學校董會主 席及港泰商會主席。此外,彼亦為香港 社會服務聯會主席及樂施會副主席。陳 先生現為亞洲金融集團(控股)有限公司 (於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) 上市)及亞洲保險有限公司之執行董事兼 總裁及泰國盤谷銀行香港分行顧問。彼 亦為City e-Solutions Limited及新澤控股 有限公司之非執行董事;華潤創業有限 公司、建滔積層板控股有限公司及有利 集團有限公司之獨立非執行董事,該等 公司均在聯交所上市。陳先生自二零零 七年四月起擔任永隆銀行有限公司之獨 立非執行董事,該銀行已於二零零九年 一月十六日撤回在聯交所的上市地位。

利子厚 BA, MBA, 四十九歲

利先生於二零零八年獲委任為本公司董 事,彼為投資管理公司匯圖投資管理有 限公司的董事總經理。利先生早於一九 八七年 起從事投資業務, 曾任多間跨國 公司的高級管理人員,包括東方匯理投 資有限公司及羅祖儒投資顧問公司,並 於一九九五年與人共同創辦亞洲策略投 資管理有限公司。彼於美國接受教育, 並持有Bowdoin College文學士及波士頓 大學工商管理碩士學位。利先生曾分別 是香港聯合交易所有限公司主板及創業 板上市委員會委員。彼現為希慎興業有 限公司之非執行董事、香港交易及結算 所有限公司及利邦控股有限公司的獨立 非執行董事,該等公司均在聯交所上市; 以及香港賽馬會的董事。利先生於一九 九八年八月至二零一零年六月期間為太 平地氈國際有限公司(於聯交所上市)之 獨立非執行董事。

Bernard Charnwut CHAN GBS, JP, aged 45

Mr. Chan was appointed a Director of the Company in 2004. He is a graduate of Pomona College in California, U.S.A.. He has been elected a Deputy to the Chinese National People's Congress since January 2008. He is a former member of both the Executive Council and the Legislative Council of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. Mr. Chan is the Chairman of each of the Council for Sustainable Development, the Antiquities Advisory Board, the Advisory Committee on Revitalisation of Historic Buildings, the Council of Lingnan University and Hong Kong-Thailand Business Council. In addition, he serves as the Chairperson of The Hong Kong Council of Social Service and the Vice Chairman of the Oxfam Hong Kong. Mr. Chan is currently an Executive Director and the President of both Asia Financial Holdings Ltd. (listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange")) and Asia Insurance Company Limited and an advisor of Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited, Hong Kong Branch. He is a Non-executive Director of City e-Solutions Limited and New Heritage Holdings Ltd., an Independent Non-executive Director of each of China Resources Enterprise, Limited, Kingboard Laminates Holdings Limited and Yau Lee Holdings Limited, all of which are listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr. Chan since April 2007 has been an Independent Non-executive Director of Wing Lung Bank Limited, which was delisted from the Stock Exchange on 16 January 2009.

Michael Tze Hau LEE BA, MBA, aged 49

Mr. Lee was appointed a Director of the Company in 2008. He is the Managing Director of MAP Capital Limited, an investment management company. Mr. Lee started his career in the investment industry in 1987 and has since held senior management positions in multinational investment companies including Indosuez Asia Investment Services Limited and Lloyd George Management. He also co-founded Asia Strategic Investment Management Limited in 1995. He was educated in the United States of America and holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree from Bowdoin College and a Master of Business Administration Degree from Boston University. Mr. Lee was a member of each of the Main Board and Growth Enterprise Market Listing Committee of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. He is a Non-executive Director of Hysan Development Limited, an Independent Non-executive Director of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and Trinity Limited, all of which are listed on the Stock Exchange; and a Steward of the Hong Kong Jockey Club. Mr. Lee was an Independent Non-executive Director of Tai Ping Carpets International Limited (listed on the Stock Exchange) between August 1998 and June 2010.

企業管治常規

本公司董事局(「董事局」)深明良好企業 管治常規對保障股東權益及提升本公司 及其附屬公司(「本集團」)表現的重要 性。董事局一直致力維持及確保高水平 之企業管治常規。

除本報告書所披露外,本公司在截至二 零一零年三月三十一日止之財政年度 內,已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」) 附錄十四所載之企業管治常規守則(「企 業管治守則」)之守則條文。

董事證券交易

本公司已就董事進行證券交易採納一套 行為守則(「該守則」),其條款不較上市 規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進行證 券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)之標準 規定寬鬆。經本公司向全體董事作出特 定查詢,本公司確認各董事在截至二零 一零年三月三十一日止之財政年度內, 一直遵守該守則及標準守則的規定。

Corporate Governance Practices

The board of directors (the "Board") of the Company recognizes the importance of good corporate governance practices in safeguarding the interests of the shareholders and enhancing the performance of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group"). The Board is committed to maintaining and ensuring a high standard of corporate governance practices.

Except as disclosed in this report, the Company has complied with the code provisions of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules") during the financial year ended 31 March 2010.

Directors' Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct regarding Securities Transactions by Directors (the "Code") on terms no less exacting than the required standard as set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. The Company, after having made specific enquiries of all directors, confirms that all directors have complied with the required standard as set out in the Code and the Model Code throughout the financial year ended 31 March 2010.

董事局

於本報告日期,董事局包括五名執行董 事及四名獨立非執行董事:

執行董事:

蔣震博士,大紫荊勳賢(*主席)* 蔣麗苑女士(*行政總裁)* 蔣志堅先生 鍾效良先生 吳漢華先生

獨立非執行董事:

陳慶光先生 Anish LALVANI先生 陳智思先生 利子厚先生

附註: 蔣震博士(主席)為蔣麗苑女士(行政總裁)及蔣 志堅先生(執行董事)之父親。

根據守則條文第A.4.2項第二部份之規 定,所有董事應至少每三年一次輪值告 退。本公司之董事(除本公司主席外)須 至少每三年一次輪值告退,因根據百慕 達一九九一年震雄集團有限公司公司 法,主席及董事總經理毋須輪值告退。

董事局主要負責制訂本集團的願景、策略方針、基本政策及策略性業務計劃, 監控及管理本集團營運及財務表現,在 本集團內全面履行最佳企業管治,及訂 立適當之風險評估及管理政策以實現本 集團的策略目標。

Board of Directors

At the date of this report, the Board consists of five executive directors and four independent non-executive directors:

Executive Directors:

Dr. Chen CHIANG, GBM *(Chairman)* Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG *(Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG Mr. Sam Hon Wah NG

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN Mr. Anish LALVANI Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE

Note :

Dr. Chen CHIANG (Chairman) is the father of Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG (Chief Executive Officer) and Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG (Executive Director).

Under the second limb of Code Provision A.4.2, every director should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The directors of the Company (except the Chairman of the Company) are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years as the Chen Hsong Holdings Limited Company Act, 1991 of Bermuda provides that the chairman and managing director of the Company are not required to retire by rotation.

The primary responsibilities of the Board are to establish the Group's vision, strategic direction, general policies and strategic business plans; to monitor and control the operating and financial performance of the Group; to implement the best corporate governance practices throughout the Group; and to set appropriate policies to assess and manage risks in pursuit of the strategic objectives of the Group.

董事局將本公司日常營運之權力授予管 理層。管理層由所有執行董事、管理人 員及不同業務單位的營運總監組成。管 理層主要負責履行董事局制訂的策略及 業務計劃,按董事局的政策及指令管理 本集團的業務運作。

本公司已就董事及行政人員因履行本集 團業務而引起之責任購買適當保險,管 理層會每年檢討保險所保障之範圍。

獨立非執行董事

本公司每位獨立非執行董事已與本公司 訂立委任書,任期為不超過三年,並須 根據本公司之公司細則規定輪值告退及 可膺選連任。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事,根據 上市規則第3.13條,有關其獨立身份的 年度確認函,董事局認為該等董事均具 獨立性。 The Board meets regularly throughout the year to review the overall strategies and the operating and financial performance of the Group. The Company Secretary assists the Chairman in setting the agenda for Board meetings in consultation with all directors. Notice of at least 14 days is given to all directors for all regular Board meetings, and directors can include matters for discussion in the agenda. The agenda and accompanying Board papers for regular Board meetings are sent out in full package to all directors at least 3 days before the date of a Board meeting. Draft minutes of all regular Board meetings are circulated to all directors for comments prior to their confirmation. Confirmed minutes of Board meetings are kept by the Company Secretary. All directors have access to Board papers and related materials and may, in appropriate circumstances, seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

The Board has delegated the daily operations of the Company to Management comprising all executive directors, management staff, and operating heads of different business units. The main responsibilities of Management are to implement the strategies and business plans set by the Board and to manage the Group's business operations in accordance with the policies and directives of the Board.

The Company has in force appropriate insurance coverage on directors' and officers' liabilities arising from the Group's business. The Management reviews the extent of insurance coverage on an annual basis.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Each independent non-executive director of the Company has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of not more than three years and in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company is subject to retirement by rotation and eligible for re-election.

The Company has received from each independent non-executive director an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board considered all such directors are independent.

會議及出席紀錄

於本財政年度內,本公司共舉行四次董 事局定期會議,大約每季度一次,而每 名董事之出席記錄載列如下:

Meetings and Attendance

During this financial year, four regular Board meetings were held at approximately quarterly intervals, and the attendance record of each director is as follows:

董事姓名 Name of director	出席次數/會議次數 Number of meetings attended / held	出席率 Attendance rate
蔣震 Chen CHIANG	4/4	100%
蔣麗苑 Lai Yuen CHIANG	4/4	100%
蔣志堅 Chi Kin CHIANG	4/4	100%
鍾效良 Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG	4/4	100%
吳漢華 Sam Hon Wah NG	4/4	100%
陳慶光 Johnson Chin Kwang TAN	4/4	100%
Anish LALVANI	4/4	100%
陳智思 Bernard Charnwut CHAN	4/4	100%
利子厚 Michael Tze Hau LEE	4/4	100%

主席及行政總裁

蔣震博士為董事局主席,蔣麗苑女士為 本公司行政總裁,主席與行政總裁之角 色已清楚界定,以確保彼等管理本公司 之獨立性、問責性及職責。

主席專注本集團之整體企業發展及高層 策略性方針,領導董事局及監督董事局 之有效運作。

行政總裁負責管理本集團業務運作,並 在業務策略及其履行上向董事局提供意 見。

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The Chairman of the Board is Dr. Chen CHIANG, and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company is Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG. The roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are defined clearly to ensure their independence, accountability and responsibility with respect to the management of the Company.

The Chairman focuses on overall corporate development and high-level strategic directions of the Group, provides leadership to the Board, and oversees the efficient functioning of the Board.

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for managing the Group's business operations, and advising the Board of business strategies and their implementations.

董事薪酬

薪酬委員會於二零零五年五月九日成 立。於本報告日期,薪酬委員會成員包 括三名獨立非執行董事(陳智思先生、 Anish LALVANI先生、利子厚先生)及行政 總裁蔣麗苑女士,陳智思先生為委員會 主席。薪酬委員會之職權範圍已刊載於 本公司之網頁內。

薪酬委員會之主要職責為就董事及高級 管理人員之薪酬政策及架構向董事局推 薦意見,並檢討及制訂本集團執行董事 及高級管理人員之薪酬福利。薪酬委員 會考慮之因素包括可比較公司所支付之 薪酬、執行董事及高級管理人員須付出 之時間及職責。

於本財政年度內,薪酬委員會曾舉行一 次會議,而每名成員之出席記錄載列如 下:

Remuneration of Directors

The Remuneration Committee was established on 9 May 2005. At the date of this report, the Remuneration Committee comprises three independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN, Mr. Anish LALVANI and Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE, and the Chief Executive Officer, Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG. Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN is the Committee Chairman. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are posted on the Company's website.

The main responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for the remuneration of directors and senior management. It also reviews and determines the remuneration packages of executive directors and senior management of the Group. The Remuneration Committee considers factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the executive directors and senior management.

The Remuneration Committee held one meeting during this financial year. The attendance record of each member is as follows:

董事姓名 Name of director	出席次數/會議次數 Number of meeting attended / held	出席率 Attendance rate
陳智思 Bernard Charnwut CHAN	1/1	100%
Anish LALVANI	1/1	100%
蔣麗苑 Lai Yuen CHIANG	1/1	100%
利子厚 Michael Tze Hau LEE	1/1	100%

截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度, 薪酬委員會經評估各執行董事(同時為高 級管理人員)之個別表現及咨詢主席及行 政總裁之建議後,檢討並通過執行董事 之薪酬。沒有委員會成員就其本人薪酬 在會議中投票。 For the year ended 31 March 2010, the Remuneration Committee had reviewed and approved matters relating to the remuneration packages of the executive directors (also being the senior management of the Company), after assessing the individual performance and in consultation with the proposals of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer. No member took part in voting about his/her own remuneration at the meeting.

董事提名

本公司並無成立提名委員會,各董事參 與評估及甄選提名個別人士加入董事 局。董事局識別具備合資格及能對本公 司作出貢獻之個別人士提名加入董事 局成員之甄選條件包括專業知 識、高水平之相關技能、高度誠信及業 辦操守,並顯示能勝任為上市公司業 身。獲委任為獨立非執行董事之候選 人,亦必須符合上市規則第3.13條載列 之獨立性標準。本財政年度內並沒有委 議。

審核委員會

審核委員會於一九九八年十一月二十八 日成立。於本報告日期,審核委員會成員 包括四名獨立非執行董事(Anish LALVANI 先生、陳慶光先生、陳智思先生及利子 厚先生),Anish LALVANI先生為委員會主 席。

審核委員會之職權範圍遵行香港會計師 公會載列之指引,並予以更新以遵守企 業管治守則。已更新之審核委員會職權 範圍已刊載於本公司之網頁內。

Nomination of Directors

The Company does not have a Nomination Committee. The directors participate in the assessment and selection of individuals nominated for directorships. Individuals, suitably qualified and who can contribute to the performance of the Company are identified and nominated to the Board. The selection criteria for Board membership includes professional expertise, high standards of relevant skills, high levels of integrity and business ethics, and demonstrable competence as required by a director of a listed company. A candidate to be appointed as an independent non-executive director must also satisfy the independence criteria set out in rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. As there was no appointment of new director during the financial year, no board meeting was convened for that purpose.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established on 28 November 1998. At the date of this report, the Audit Committee comprises four independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Anish LALVANI, Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN, Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN and Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE. Mr. Anish LALVANI is the Committee Chairman.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee follow the guidelines set out by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and have been updated to comply with the CG Code. The updated terms of reference of the Audit Committee are posted on the Company's website.

於本財政年度內,審核委員會共舉行兩 次會議(共四節),每名審核委員會成員 之出席記錄載列如下: The Audit Committee held two meetings (totalling four sessions) during this financial year. The attendance record of each member is as follows:

	二零零九年七月十四日 14 July 2009		二零零九年十一月二十五日 25 November 2009		
	全年業績及 相關事項		中期業績及 相關事項		
	相關爭項 Final results		伯爾爭項 Interim results		出席率
董事姓名	and	內部審核	and	內部審核	Attendance
Name of director	related matters	Internal audit	related matters	Internal audit	rate
Anish LALVANI	~	v	~	~	100%
陳慶光	~	~	v	~	100%
Johnson Chin Kwang TAN					
陳智思	×	~	~	~	75%
Bernard Charnwut CHAN					
利子厚	~	~	~	~	100%
Michael Tze Hau LEE					

於二零一零年三月三十一日止年度,審 核委員會已進行:

- 檢討本集團全年及中期財務報表之真 確性及公平性,並與外聘核數師討 論;
- 審閱會計準則之變動,以及評估對本 集團財務報表之影響;
- 檢討外聘核數師致管理層之函件及管 理層之回應;
- 就續聘外聘核數師提出建議及檢討其 審核費用;

During the year ended 31 March 2010, the Audit Committee had:

- reviewed the Group's annual and interim financial statements with respect to their true and fairness, and discussed with the external auditors;
- reviewed the changes in accounting standards and their impacts on the Group's financial statements;
- reviewed the external auditors' Letter to Management and responses of the Management;
- made recommendation on the re-appointment of external auditors and reviewed their audit fees;

- 檢討本集團內部監控制度之有效性;
- 檢討內審部之內部審核結果和推薦意
 見及管理層之回應;
- 檢討本集團所訂立之持續關連交易;
- 檢討本公司在會計及財務匯報職能方 面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足 夠,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有 關預算又是否充足;及
- 檢討本集團遵守監管條例及法定規定 之情況。

核數師酬金

於年內,核數師之酬金為港幣1,946,000 元,其中港幣1,769,000元為審核服務及 港幣177,000元為非審核服務。

問責性及審核

本公司截至二零一零年三月三十一日止 年度之綜合財務報表,已由外聘核數師 安永會計師事務所審核及審核委員會審 閱。董事確認,其對編製本集團財務報 表負有責任,該等財務報表乃依照法定 要求及適用會計準則編製。

外聘核數師就其申報責任所編製之聲 明,載於本年報第47至48頁之獨立核數 師報告書內。

- reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's internal control systems;
- reviewed the internal audit findings and recommendations of the Internal Audit Department and the responses of Management;
- reviewed the continuing connected transactions entered into by the Group;
- reviewed, in particular, the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget; and
- reviewed the Group's compliance with regulatory and statutory requirements.

Auditors' Remuneration

Auditors' remuneration for the year amounted to a total of HK\$1,946,000 for the year, of which HK\$1,769,000 was incurred for audit service and HK\$177,000 for non-audit services.

Accountability and Audit

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2010 have been audited by the external auditors, Ernst & Young, and reviewed by the Audit Committee. The directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Group which were prepared in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.

A statement by the external auditors about their reporting responsibilities is set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 47 to 48 of this annual report.

內部監控

Internal Controls

The Company has in place an internal control system comprising a welldesigned organizational structure that facilitates segregation of duties, comprehensive operational and financial controls, and effective risk management. Management, which comprises senior staff and operating heads of different business units, is primarily responsible for the design, implementation, and improvement of internal controls. The Board oversees internal governance and Management's activities. Through the Audit Committee and the Group's Internal Audit Department, the Board has conducted an annual review on the effectiveness of the internal control system for the year ended 31 March 2010 which also included the consideration on the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget.

The Audit Committee has been established by the Board to conduct regular checking on internal governance and compliance, and effectiveness of the Company's internal control system. The Audit Committee comprises independent non-executive directors who are experienced in corporate management. The Audit Committee appoints and delegates to the Group's Internal Audit Department the major role in monitoring the Group's compliance with policies and standards and reviewing the effectiveness of internal controls through frequent auditing of the business of different units across the Group. The Group's Internal Audit Department plans its internal audit activities annually and submits to the Audit Committee for review and approval. Audit findings are reported to the Audit Committee and any proposed corrective actions are properly followed up. The Audit Committee also meets with the Company's external auditors regularly. Matters raised in the Letter to Management from external auditors are reviewed by the Audit Committee.

與股東之溝通

董事局明白與所有股東保持良好溝通的 重要性,並致力於透過發出中期報告、 年報、公告及其他通函向股東公開和 及時地披露相關資料的政策。本公司慣 常地於公布中期及全年業績後舉行簡報 會,並定期與投資機構和投資分析員直 接會面及進行電話會議,確保股東及準 投資者充分了解本公司之業務。為確保 所有投資者及準投資者同時獲得相同的 資訊,股價敏感資料會按照上市規則透 過正式公告發放。

股東周年大會為股東與董事局交流意見 提供了有利的平台。董事局鼓勵股東出 席股東周年大會(有關通知在大會舉行前 至少20個營業日發出)。董事局主席、行 政總裁、審核委員會及薪酬委員會之主 席(或在彼等缺席的情況下,該等委員會 之其他成員)連同外聘核數師在大會上回 應股東的提問。

Communication with Shareholders

The Board recognizes the importance of good communications with all shareholders and is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of relevant information through published interim and annual reports, public announcements and other public circulars. The Company usually conducts briefing immediately following the announcement of interim and final results. Face-to-face meetings and conference calls with institutional investors and investment analysts are conducted on a regular basis to make sure that shareholders and potential investors can obtain a good understanding of the Company's business. To ensure all investors and potential investors receive equal access to information at the same time, information considered to be of a price sensitive nature is released by formal public announcements as required by the Listing Rules.

The annual general meeting provides a useful forum for shareholders to exchange views with the Board. Shareholders are encouraged to attend the annual general meeting for which at least 20 clear business days prior notice is given. The Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, Chairmen of the Audit and Remuneration Committees (or in their absence, other members of the Committee) and external auditors are available to answer shareholders' questions at the meeting.

董事局現提呈本公司及本集團截至二零 一零年三月三十一日止年度之董事局報 告書及經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股及提供管 理服務。

本集團於本年度之主要業務並無重大改 變,附屬公司主要業務包括製造及銷售 注塑機及相關產品。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零一零年三月三十一日止 年度之溢利及本公司與本集團於該日之 財政狀況,詳列於財務報表內第49至143 頁。

中期股息每股普通股港幣2仙已於二零一 零年一月十三日派發。董事局建議約於 二零一零年九月十六日派發本年度之末 期股息每股普通股港幣10仙予於二零一 零年八月二十七日名列股東名冊上之股 東。連同已派付之中期股息,本年度合 共派發股息每股普通股港幣12仙。

五年財務摘要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績及資 產、負債與少數股東權益摘要載於第148 頁。此摘要並不構成經審核財務報表之 部份。

物業、廠房及設備

本公司及本集團物業、廠房及設備於年 內之變動詳情載於財務報表附註15。 The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 March 2010.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and the provision of management services.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries comprise the manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines and related products. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

Results and Dividends

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 March 2010 and the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 49 to 143.

An interim dividend of HK2 cents per ordinary share was paid on 13 January 2010. The directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK10 cents per ordinary share on or about 16 September 2010 to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members on 27 August 2010 which, together with the interim dividend paid, makes a total dividend of HK12 cents per ordinary share for the year.

Five-Year Financial Summary

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and minority interests of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 148. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Company and of the Group during the year are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

已發行股本

本公司之已發行股本於年內之變動詳情 載於財務報表附註30。

購股權

本公司之購股權計劃摘要及購股權於年 內之變動及相關之原因詳載於財務報表 附註31。

優先購股權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法律對優先 購股權並無規定。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市 證券

於年內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無 購買、出售或贖回本公司之任何上市證 券。

儲備

本公司儲備於年內之變動詳情載於財務 報表附註32。本集團儲備於年內之變動 詳情載於本年報第53至54頁之綜合權益 變動報表內。

可供派發儲備

按百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂)計 算,於二零一零年三月三十一日,本公 司可供分配之儲備為港幣142,196,000 元,其中港幣62,919,000元已建議作為 本年度之末期股息。

慈善捐款

於年內本集團之慈善捐款總額為港幣 274,000元(二零零九年:港幣729,000 元)。

Issued Share Capital

Details of movements in the issued share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 30 to the financial statements.

Share Options

A summary of the share option scheme and details of movements in share options of the Company during the year, together with the reasons therefor, are set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

Pre-emptive Rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Listed Securities of the Company

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company during the year.

Reserves

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company during the year are set out in note 32 to the financial statements. The details of movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are included in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 53 to 54 of this annual report.

Distributable Reserves

At 31 March 2010, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), amounted to HK\$142,196,000, of which HK\$62,919,000 has been proposed as a final dividend for the year.

Charitable Contributions

During the year, the Group made charitable contributions totalling HK\$274,000 (2009: HK\$729,000).

主要客戶及供應商

於年內本集團之最大五名客戶總計之營 業額佔本集團之總收益不足30%。

於年內本集團之最大五名供應商總計之 採購額佔本集團之總採購額不足30%。

董事

本年內及截至本報告日期止,本公司之 董事為:

執行董事

蔣震,大紫荊勳賢(*主席)* 蔣麗苑(*行政總裁)** 蔣志堅 鍾效良 吳漢華

獨立非執行董事

陳慶光 + Anish LALVANI +* 陳智思 +* 利子厚 +*

+ 審核委員會成員

* 薪酬委員會成員

根據本公司之公司細則第189(viii)條, 蔣志堅先生、吳漢華先生及 Anish LALVANI先生將輪值告退,彼等合資格並 願意於應屆股東周年大會上膺選連任。

本公司之董事之個人資料載於本年報第 17至20頁。本集團之高級管理人員皆為 本公司執行董事。

Major Customers and Suppliers

Sales to the five largest customers of the Group accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total revenue for the year.

Purchases from the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total purchases for the year.

Directors

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Chen CHIANG, GBM (Chairman) Lai Yuen CHIANG (Chief Executive Officer) * Chi Kin CHIANG Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG Sam Hon Wah NG

Independent Non-executive Directors

Johnson Chin Kwang TAN ⁺ Anish LALVANI ^{+*} Bernard Charnwut CHAN ^{+*} Michael Tze Hau LEE ^{+*}

- Members of the Audit Committee
- Members of the Remuneration Committee

In accordance with Bye-law 189 (viii) of the Company's Bye-laws, Messrs. Chi Kin CHIANG, Sam Hon Wah NG and Anish LALVANI will retire from office by rotation and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The biographical details of the directors of the Company are set out on pages 17 to 20 of this annual report. The senior management of the Group is also executive directors of the Company.

董事服務合約

擬於即將舉行之股東周年大會上膺選連 任之董事,概無與本公司訂立本公司不 可於一年內在沒有賠償下(法定賠償除 外)而可終止之服務合約。

董事於合約之權益

本公司、其任何控股公司、附屬公司或 同集團附屬公司於年內並無訂立涉及本 集團重要業務而董事擁有重大權益之合 約。

董事於股份、相關股份及債券之權 益及淡倉

於二零一零年三月三十一日,本公司之 已發行普通股數目為629,187,600股;本 公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司或任 何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證 券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股 份及債券中持有根據證券及期貨條例第 352條須登記於本公司所保存登記冊內 之權益及淡倉,或根據香港聯合交易所 有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上 市規則」)之上市發行人董事進行證券交 易之標準守則(「標準守則」)而須另行知 會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉載列如 下。

Directors' Service Contracts

None of the directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

Directors' Interests in Contracts

No director had a material interest in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, or any of its holding companies, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year.

Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

At 31 March 2010, the number of issued ordinary shares of the Company was 629,187,600; and the interests and short positions of the directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") were set out below.

(a) 於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

(a) Long positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

董事姓名 Name of director	權益性質 Nature of interest	於普通股 之權益 Interest in ordinary shares	於相關 股份之權益* Interest in underlying shares*	總計 Total		佔本公司已發行 普通股之 概約百分比 Approximate percentage of the Company's issued ordinary shares
蔣震 Chen CHIANG	個人 Personal	3,980,000	_	3,980,000	(1)	0.63%
	其他 Other	398,013,620	-	398,013,620	(3)	63.26%
蔣麗苑 Lai Yuen CHIANG	個人 Personal	5,000,000	_	5,000,000	(1)	0.79%
蔣志堅 Chi Kin CHIANG	個人 Personal	1,744,000	334,000	2,078,000	(1)	0.33%
鍾效良 Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG	個人 Personal	_	666,000	666,000	(1)	0.11%
吳漢華 Sam Hon Wah NG	個人 Personal	334,000	_	334,000	(1)	0.05%
陳慶光 Johnson Chin Kwang TAN	個人 Personal	484,000	-	484,000	(1)	0.08%
Anish LALVANI	個人	220,000	_	220,000	(1)	0.03%

Personal

* 股本衍生工具之相關股份之權益為根 據本公司之購股權計劃所授出之購股 權權益,而該等權益為尚未發行之股 份。有關權益詳情載於財務報表附註 31。 * The interests in underlying shares of equity derivatives represent interests in options granted under the Company's share option scheme of which they were unissued shares. The details of such interests are set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

(b) 於相聯法團股份之好倉

(b) Long positions in shares of associated corporations

- (i) 於震雄投資有限公司(「震雄投 資」)之普通股權益:
- (i) Interests in ordinary shares in Chen Hsong Investments Limited ("CH Investments"):

董事姓名 Name of director	權益性質 Nature of interest	身份 Capacity	於股份 之權益 Interest in shares	附註 Notes	佔震雄投資 已發行股份 之概約百分比 Approximate percentage of the issued shares of CH Investments
蔣震 Chen CHIANG	其他 Other	全權信託之成立人 Founder of discretionary trusts	66,044,000	(2)	100.00%
蔣麗苑 Lai Yuen CHIANG	其他 Other	全權信託之 合資格受益人 Eligible beneficiary of a discretionary trust	7,823,700	(4)	11.85%
蔣志堅 Chi Kin CHIANG	其他 Other	全權信託之 合資格受益人 Eligible beneficiary of a discretionary trust	7,823,700	(5)	11.85%

- (ii) 本公司之董事蔣震博士被視為持 有下列相聯法團之股份及實收資 本之權益:
- (ii) Dr. Chen CHIANG, a director of the Company, is deemed to be interested in shares and paid-up capital of the following associated corporations:

	於股份 <i>/</i> 實收資本之權益		佔相聯法團有關類別 已發行股份/實收 資本之概約百分比 Approximate percentage of the relevant class of issued shares/
相聯法團名稱	員收員平之權益 Interest in shares/	附註	paid-up capital of associated
Name of associated corporation	paid-up capital	Notes	corporation
Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited	1股可贖回股份 1 redeemable share	(3)	100.00%
博冠投資有限公司 Equaltex Investment Limited	2股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (6)	100.00%
Gondmyne Limited	100,000股普通股 100,000 ordinary shares	(3), (6)	100.00%
迪斯有限公司 Desee Limited	2股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (7)	100.00%
達觀有限公司 Desko Limited	2股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (7)	100.00%
高文有限公司 Goman Limited	2股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (7)	100.00%
高祐有限公司 Koyoki Limited	2股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (7)	100.00%
美姬有限公司 Mikia Limited	2股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (7)	100.00%
慕珍有限公司 Mogin Limited	2股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (7)	100.00%
寶達仕有限公司 Potachi Limited	2股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (7)	100.00%

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相聯法團名稱 Name of associated corporation	於股份╱ 實收資本之權益 Interest in shares/ paid-up capital	附註 Notes	佔相聯法團有關類別 已發行股份/實收 資本之概約百分比 Approximate percentage of the relevant class of issued shares/ paid-up capital of associated corporation
派諾有限公司 Parot Limited	2股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (7)	100.00%
利勤有限公司 Rikon Limited	2股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (7)	100.00%
仲都有限公司 Semicity Limited	2股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (7)	100.00%
西北有限公司 Sibeland Limited	2股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (7)	100.00%
崇美有限公司 Sumei Limited	2股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (7)	100.00%
Granwich Limited	1股普通股 1 ordinary share	(3), (6)	100.00%
香港電腦輔助設計及 生產服務有限公司 Hong Kong Cad-Cam Services Limited	52,570,000股 普通股 52,570,000 ordinary shares	(3), (6)	75.10%
Kadom Limited	2股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (6)	100.00%
基碩發展有限公司 ^(備註) Keyset Development Limited ^(Remark)	8股普通股 8 ordinary shares	(3), (6)	80.00%
高仁(中國)有限公司 Callan (China) Limited	64股普通股 64 ordinary shares	(3), (8)	100.00%

相聯法團名稱 Name of associated corporation 上海仙樂斯房地產有限公司 Shanghai Ciro's Real Estate Co., Ltd.	於股份/ 實收資本之權益 Interest in shares/ paid-up capital 33,593,200美元 實收資本	附註 Notes (3), (8)	佔相聯法團有關類別 已發行股份/實收 資本之概約百分比 Approximate percentage of the relevant class of issued shares/ paid-up capital of associated corporation
	US\$33,593,200 paid-up capital		
Oriental Triumph Investments Limited	1股普通股 1 ordinary share	(3), (9)	100.00%
Pro-Team Pacific Limited	1股普通股 1 ordinary share	(3), (6)	100.00%
Tatiara Investment Company Limited	2股普通股 2 ordinary shares	(3), (6)	100.00%
Value Creation Group Limited	1股普通股 1 ordinary share	(3), (6)	100.00%
震雄物流儲運有限公司 Chen Hsong Logistics Services Company Limited	5,000,000股 無投票權遞延股份 5,000,000 non-voting deferred shares	(3), (6)	100.00%
震雄機器廠有限公司 Chen Hsong Machinery Company, Limited	50,000,000股 無投票權遞延股份 50,000,000 non-voting deferred shares	(3), (6)	100.00%
震雄(中國)投資有限公司 Chen Hsong (PRC) Investment Company Limited	2股無投票權 遞延股份 2 non-voting deferred shares	(3), (6)	100.00%

附註:

- (1) 該等權益乃以實益擁有人的身份 持有。
- (2) 此乃Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited 間接持有之總計權益,而 Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited為兩 個全權信託(即蔣震工業慈善基 金(「家族基金」)及蔣氏家族基 金(「家族基金」))之信託人。而 該兩個基金分別擁有震雄投資 88.15%及11.85%之控股權益。 根據證券及期貨條例,由於蔣震 博士為兩個全權信託之財產授予 人,故蔣震博士有可能被認作全 權信託之成立人,而被視作持有 該等權益。
- (3) Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited 持有震雄投資88.15%之 控股權益, Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited則 為Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited完全擁有。 Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited為慈 善基金之信託人,根據證券及期 貨條例,由於蔣震博士乃慈善基 金之財產授予人,故蔣震博士有 可能被認作慈善基金之成立人, 而被視作持有該等權益。
- (4)該等權益由家族基金持有,根據 證券及期貨條例,由於蔣麗苑女 士為家族基金其中一位合資格受 益人,故蔣麗苑女士被視作持有 該等權益。
- (5) 該等權益由家族基金持有,根據 證券及期貨條例,由於蔣志堅先 生為家族基金其中一位合資格受 益人,故蔣志堅先生被視作持有 該等權益。
- (6) 該等權益由震雄投資持有。
- (7) 該 等 權 益 由 震 雄 投 資 透 過 Gondmyne Limited間接持有。

Notes:

- (1) Such interests are held in the capacity as beneficial owner.
- (2) This represents the collective interest indirectly held by Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited, trustee of two discretionary trusts, namely, The Chiang Chen Industrial Charity Foundation ("Charity Foundation") and The Chiangs' Family Foundation ("Family Foundation"), which respectively hold 88.15% and 11.85% of the issued share capital of CH Investments. By virtue of the SFO, Dr. Chen CHIANG is deemed to be interested in the aforesaid discretionary trusts as he is the settlor of both discretionary trusts and may be regarded as founder of such discretionary trusts.
- (3) Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited holds 88.15% controlling interest in CH Investments, in turn, Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited is wholly-owned by Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited. Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited being the trustee of the Charity Foundation in which, by virtue of the SFO, Dr. Chen CHIANG is deemed to be interested as he is the settlor of the Charity Foundation and may be regarded as founder of the Charity Foundation.
- (4) Such interests were held by the Family Foundation and Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG is deemed to be interested under the SFO by virtue of her being one of the eligible beneficiaries of the Family Foundation.
- (5) Such interests were held by the Family Foundation and Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG is deemed to be interested under the SFO by virtue of him being one of the eligible beneficiaries of the Family Foundation.
- (6) Such interests are held by CH Investments.
- (7) Such interests are indirectly held by CH Investments through Gondmyne Limited.

- (8) 震雄投資持有基碩發展有限公司 80%之控股權益。基碩發展有 限公司則全資擁有高仁(中國)有 限公司。高仁(中國)有限公司則 持有上海仙樂斯房地產有限公司 67.19%之控股權益。(^{備註)}
- (9) 該等權益由震雄投資透過基碩發 展有限公司間接持有。
- 備註: Chen Hsong Marketing International Limited 出售2股(相當於20%股權) 於基碩發展有限公司之股份 予震雄投資,已於二零一零 年五月二十四日完成。自此 以後,震雄投資持有10股 (相當於100%股權)基碩發 展有限公司之股份。

除上文所披露外,於二零一零年三月三 十一日,本公司董事或最高行政人員概 無於本公司或任何相聯法團(定義見證券 及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及 債券中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352條 須登記於本公司所保存登記冊內之任何 權益或淡倉,或根據標準守則而須另行 知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

董事購買股份或債券之權利

於本年度內,本公司董事或最高行政人 員獲授或予以行使之購股權及於二零一 零年三月三十一日尚未行使之購股權詳 情載於財務報表附註31。

除上文所披露外,本公司或其任何附屬 公司於年內並無訂立任何安排,致使本 公司董事可藉購買本公司或任何其他法 人團體之股份或債券而獲益,而董事、 最高行政人員或彼等之配偶或未滿十八 歲之子女於年內概無擁有可認購本公司 證券之任何權利,亦無行使任何該等 權利。

- (8) CH Investments holds 80% controlling interest in Keyset Development Limited which holds the entire interest of Callan (China) Limited. Callan (China) Limited which, in turn, holds 67.19% controlling interest in Shanghai Ciro's Real Estate Co., Ltd.. ^(Remark)
- (9) Such interests are indirectly held by CH Investments through Keyset Development Limited.
- Remark: The disposal of 2 shares (representing 20% shareholding interest) of Keyset Development Limited from Chen Hsong Marketing International Limited to CH Investments was completed on 24 May 2010. Henceforth, CH Investments holds 10 shares (representing 100% shareholding interest) in Keyset Development Limited.

Save as disclosed above, at 31 March 2010, none of the directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debentures

Details of share options granted to or exercised by the directors or chief executive of the Company during the year and their outstanding balances at 31 March 2010 are set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisitions of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the directors, chief executive or their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right during the year.

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關 股份之權益及淡倉

於二零一零年三月三十一日,就本公司 董事及最高行政人員所知,根據證券及 期貨條例第336條保存之本公司登記冊 所記錄之主要股東及其他人士於本公司 之股份及相關股份之權益或淡倉載列 如下。

Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests and Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares

At 31 March 2010, so far as is known to the directors and chief executive of the Company, the interests or short positions of substantial shareholders and other persons in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO were set out below.

於本公司股份之好倉

Long positions in shares of the Company

			oompuny	佔本公司已發行 普通股股份之 概約百分比 Approximate
股東名稱/姓名 Name of shareholder	身份 Capacity	普通股股數 Number of ordinary shares	附註 Notes	percentage of the Company's issued ordinary shares
震雄投資 CH Investments	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	398,013,620	(1)	63.26%
Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited	於受控制法團之權益 Interest of controlled corporation	398,013,620	(1)	63.26%
Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited	受託人 Trustee	398,013,620	(1)	63.26%
蔣震 Chen CHIANG	全權信託之成立人 Founder of discretionary trust	398,013,620	(1), (2), (3)	63.26%
	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	3,980,000	(3)	0.63%
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	於受控制法團之權益 Interest of controlled corporation	44,133,717	(4)	7.01%
寶源投資管理(香港)有限公司 Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited	投資經理 Investment manager	38,230,000	_	6.08%
Commonwealth Bank of Australia	於受控制法團之權益 Interest of controlled corporation	37,648,000	(5)	5.98%

附註:

Notes:

- (1)此乃震雄投資所持之同一批股份。由於 Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited為慈善基金之 信託人,故被視為於有關股份持有權益, 而該等有關股份乃透過其所控制的法團 Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited在震 雄投資持有88.15%之控股權益而持有。
- (2) 蔣震博士為慈善基金之財產授予人,根據 證券及期貨條例,蔣震博士有可能被認作 慈善基金之成立人,而被視為於有關股份 持有權益。
- (3) 馬榮華女士為蔣震博士之配偶,根據證券 及期貨條例,馬榮華女士以配偶權益身份 而被視為於蔣震博士持有之有關股份持有 權益。
- (4) 該等股份由JPMorgan Chase & Co.直接 100%控制之法團以保管人 — 法團/核 准借出代理人身份持有。該等股份指可供 借出之本公司股份。
- (5) 該等股份由 Commonwealth Bank of Australia直接或間接100%控制的法團 持有。

除上文所披露外,於二零一零年三月三 十一日,根據證券及期貨條例第336條, 本公司須保存之登記冊所記錄,概無任 何其他人士擁有本公司之股份或相關股 份之權益或淡倉。

- (1) This represents the same parcel of shares held by CH Investments. Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited is deemed to have interest in the relevant shares by virtue of being the trustees of the Charity Foundation, the relevant shares are held through its controlled corporation, Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited which holds 88.15% controlling interest in CH Investments.
- (2) The relevant shares are deemed to be interested by Dr. Chen CHIANG by virtue of the SFO as he is the settlor of the Charity Foundation and he may be regarded as the founder of the Charity Foundation.
- (3) Ms. Jwung Hwa MA, being the spouse of Dr. Chen CHIANG, in the capacity of interest of spouse, is deemed to be interested in the relevant shares held by Dr. Chen CHIANG by virtue of the SFO.
- (4) These shares were held by corporation controlled directly as to 100% by JPMorgan Chase & Co. in the capacity of custodian corporation/approved lending agent. These shares represented shares of the Company in lending pool.
- (5) These shares were held by corporations controlled directly or indirectly as to 100% by Commonwealth Bank of Australia.

Save as disclosed above, at 31 March 2010, no other parties were recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO as having interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company.

持續關連交易

於二零零七年三月十九日,震堅模具機 械(深圳)有限公司(「震堅深圳」)與震雄 機械(深圳)有限公司(「深圳震雄」)(本公 司間接全資附屬公司)簽訂一份採購主協 議(「主協議」)。據此協議,本公司及其 附屬公司(包括深圳震雄)將以非獨家方 式向震堅深圳採購鋼材,為期三年,由 二零零七年四月一日起開始。截至二零 一零年三月三十一日止年度之交易金額 約為港幣16,729,000元(不含增值税)。

主協議已於二零一零年三月三十一日到 期屆滿,更新的主協議已於二零一零年 三月二十六日由相同的簽約方簽訂,由 二零一零年四月一日開始,為期一年。

蔣震博士及蔣志堅先生(二人為本公司之 董事)及彼等各自之聯繫人,合共控制震 堅實業有限公司股東大會上80%之投票 權。由於震堅實業有限公司全資擁有震 堅深圳,根據上市規則,震堅深圳被界 定為本公司之關連人士。據此,按主協 議進行之採購將構成本公司之持續關連 交易。

本公司之獨立非執行董事已審閱上述持 續關連交易,並確認該等交易:(1)屬本 公司之日常業務:(2)按照一般商務條款 進行;及(3)根據有關交易的協議條款進 行,而交易條款屬公平合理,並且符合 本公司股東之整體利益。

本公司之核數師已就上市規則第14A.38 條之規定對上述持續關連交易進行審查,並已致函本公司董事局,確認上述 持續關連交易:(1)已經由本公司董事局 批准:(2)乃根據有關交易的協議條款進 行:及(3)並無超逾於二零零七年三月十 九日公告披露的上限。

Continuing Connected Transactions

On 19 March 2007, a master agreement (the "Master Agreement") was entered into between Zhenjian Mould & Machinery (Shenzhen) Company Limited ("CC-SZ") and Chen Hsong Machinery (Shenzhen) Company, Limited ("CHM-SZ"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, in which the Company and its subsidiaries including CHM-SZ would, on a non-exclusive basis, purchase steel from CC-SZ for a term of three years commencing from 1 April 2007. The transaction value during the year ended 31 March 2010 amounted to approximately HK\$16,729,000 (net of value-added tax).

The Master Agreement had expired by effluxion of time on 31 March 2010 and the renewal master agreement was entered into by the same parties on 26 March 2010 for a term of one year commencing on 1 April 2010.

Dr. Chen CHIANG and Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG, who are directors of the Company, and their respective associates together control the exercise of 80% of the voting power at general meetings of Chen Chien Holdings Limited, which holds the entire equity interest of CC-SZ. Therefore, CC-SZ is a connected person of the Company as defined in the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the purchases contemplated under the Master Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company.

The independent non-executive directors of the Company have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and confirmed that the transactions have been entered into (1) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company; (2) on normal commercial terms; and (3) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

Pursuant to rule 14A.38 of the Listing Rules, the auditors of the Company have issued a letter to the board of directors of the Company that the above continuing connected transactions (1) have been approved by the board of directors of the Company; (2) have been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the transactions; and (3) have not exceeded the cap disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 19 March 2007.

公眾持股量

根據本公司得悉的公開資料,及董事所 知悉,本公司於本年度內及截至本報告 日止已按照上市規則規定維持指定數額 的公眾持股量。

薪酬政策

本集團之薪酬政策(包括薪金及花紅)合 符本公司及其附屬公司經營當地之一般 慣例。本公司亦按本公司之購股權計劃 向集團部份僱員授予購股權,以吸引及 延攬優秀員工。

薪酬委員會經考慮本集團之經營業績、 個人表現及可供比較之市場數據資料, 以檢閱本集團之薪酬政策及本集團董事 並同時為高級管理人員之薪酬。

核數師

安永會計師事務所依章告退,本公司將 於應屆股東周年大會上提呈決議案,續 聘彼等為本公司核數師。

報告期後事件

於二零一零年四月十六日,本公司之間 接全資附屬公司Chen Hsong Marketing International Limited (「CH Marketing」) 與震雄投資訂立一項協議,據此CH Marketing有條件地同意以代價港幣 94,740,000元出售基碩發展有限公司 (「基碩」)股本中兩股每股面值港幣一元 之股份(相當於基碩全部已發行股本之 20%)予震雄投資(「出售事項」)。震雄投 資乃持有本公司已發行股本約63.26%之 本公司控股股東,因此根據上市規則第 14A.11條為本公司之關連人士。故此, 根據上市規則第14A章,出售事項構成本 公司之關連交易。

Public Float

Based on the information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed amount of public float during the year and up to the date of this report as required under the Listing Rules.

Emolument Policy

The Group's emolument policy, including salaries and bonuses, is in line with the local practices where the Company and its subsidiaries operate. Share options of the Company were granted to selected employees of the Group under the share option scheme of the Company for attracting and retaining high talents.

The Remuneration Committee reviews the Group's emolument policy and structure for the remuneration of the directors who are also senior management of the Group, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

Auditors

Ernst & Young retire and a resolution for their re-appointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

Event After the Reporting Period

On 16 April 2010, Chen Hsong Marketing International Limited ("CH Marketing"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement with CH Investments pursuant to which CH Marketing conditionally agreed to sell the two shares of HK\$1.00 each in the capital of Keyset Development Limited ("Keyset"), representing 20% of the entire issued share capital of Keyset, to CH Investments for a consideration of HK\$94,740,000 (the "Disposal"). CH Investments is the controlling shareholder of the Company holding approximately 63.26% of the issued shares of the Company, and is therefore a connected person of the Company under Rule 14A.11 of the Listing Rules. As such, the Disposal constitutes a connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

出售事項已於二零一零年五月二十日舉 行之本公司股東特別大會中,獲獨立股 東(即震雄投資及其聯繫人士以外的本公 司股東)批准而成為無條件。出售事項為 本集團提供其於基碩之投資價值變現之 機會,並容許本集團投放額外資源於其 核心業務。出售事項已於二零一零年五 月二十四日完成,而出售事項之淨收益 約港幣94,000,000元將用作本集團之一 般營運資金。 The Disposal became unconditional upon the approval of the independent shareholders (being shareholders of the Company excluding CH Investments and its associates) of the Company obtained at the special general meeting of the Company held on 20 May 2010. The Disposal provided an opportunity for the Group to realize the value of its investment in Keyset and allow the Group to deploy additional resources to its core business activities. The Disposal was completed on 24 May 2010 and the net proceeds from the Disposal of approximately HK\$94,000,000 would be used as general working capital of the Group.

代表董事局

On behalf of the Board

蔣震

Chen CHIANG *Chairman*

主席

香港,二零一零年七月十五日

Hong Kong, 15 July 2010

獨立核數師報告書 Independent Auditors' Report

到 ERNST & YOUNG 安永

致:**震雄集團有限公司**列位股東 (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已完成審核 刊於第49頁至第143頁之震雄集團有限公 司之財務報表,包括於二零一零年三月 三十一日之綜合及公司財務狀況表,及 截至該日止年度之綜合收益表、綜合全 面收益表、綜合權益變動報表及綜合現 金流量表,以及主要會計政策及其他説 明附註之摘要。

董事對財務報表之責任

貴公司之董事須負責按照香港會計師公 會頒布之香港財務報告準則及香港公司 條例之披露要求編製真實及公平地呈列 之財務報表。此責任包括設計、實施及 維持與編製及真實及公平地呈列財務報 表相關之內部監控,以使財務報表不存 有由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳 述;選擇和應用適當之會計政策;及按 情況作出合理之會計估計。

核數師之責任

我們之責任是按照百慕達一九八一年《公 司法》第九十條的規定,根據我們的審 核,對該等財務報表作出意見,並僅向 全體股東報告。除此之外,我們的報告 書不可用作其他用途。我們概不就本報 告書的內容,對任何其他人士負債或承 擔任何責任。 To the shareholders of **Chen Hsong Holdings Limited** (*Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability*)

We have audited the financial statements of Chen Hsong Holdings Limited set out on pages 49 to 143, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 March 2010, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

獨立核數師報告書 Independent Auditors' Report

致:**震雄集團有限公司**列位股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

核數師之責任(續)

我們乃按照香港會計師公會頒布之香港 審計準則進行審核工作。這些準則要求 我們遵守職業道德要求,並規劃及執行 審核工作,以合理確定該等財務報表是 否不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關財務報表 所載金額及披露資料的審核憑證。所選 定的程序取決於核數師之判斷,包括評 估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致財務報表有 重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等面 時大號陳述的風險。在評估該等面 時考慮與該公司編製及真實 公平地呈列財務報表相關之內部監控之有效性 引之一一一。 審核亦包括評價量的會計 之合理性,以及評價財務報表的整體 呈列方式。

我們相信所獲得的審核憑證充足及適當 地為我們之審核意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為,上述財務報表已按照香港財 務報告準則真實與公平地反映 貴公司 及 貴集團於二零一零年三月三十一日 之財務狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度 之溢利及現金流量,並已按照香港公司 條例之披露要求而妥善編製。 To the shareholders of **Chen Hsong Holdings Limited** (*Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability*)

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY (continued)

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2010 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

安永會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港中環 金融街八號 國際金融中心二期十八樓 二零一零年七月十五日

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants 18/F, Two International Finance Centre, 8 Finance Street, Central, Hong Kong 15 July 2010

Consolidated Income Statement

Year ended 31 March 2010

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	附註 Notes	2010	2009
收益	REVENUE	6	1,806,334	1,603,107
銷售成本	Cost of sales		(1,355,571)	(1,234,089)
毛利	Gross profit		450,763	369,018
其他收入及收益淨額 銷售及分銷支出 行政支出 其他經營收入/	Other income and gains, net Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other operating income/		70,445 (157,549) (116,536)	31,824 (191,628) (115,325)
(支出)淨額 融資成本 應佔聯營公司	(expenses), net Finance costs Share of profits less losses	8	(42,708) (1,856)	13,245 (4,668)
溢利減虧損	of associates		6,137	1,386
除税前溢利	PROFIT BEFORE TAX	7	208,696	103,852
所得税支出	Income tax expense	11	(54,778)	(16,700)
本年度溢利	PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		153,918	87,152
歸屬於:	ATTRIBUTABLE TO:			
本公司權益持有人 少數股東權益	Equity holders of the Company Minority interests		153,500 418	85,786 1,366
			153,918	87,152
本公司權益持有人 應佔每股盈利	EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY	14		
基本(港仙)	Basic (HK cents)		24.4	13.6
攤薄(港仙)	Diluted (HK cents)		24.4	13.6

本年度應付及建議之股息詳情載於財務報 表附註13。 Details of the dividends payable and proposed for the year are disclosed in note 13 to the financial statements.

綜合全面收益表 ^{截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度}

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income Year ended 31 March 2010

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
本年度溢利	PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	153,918	87,152
其他全面收益/(支出)	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(EXPENSE)		
換算海外業務之	Exchange differences on translation		
匯兑差額	of foreign operations	15,459	(11,117)
本年度總全面	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
收益	FOR THE YEAR	169,377	76,035
歸屬於:	ATTRIBUTABLE TO:		
本公司權益持有人	Equity holders of the Company	168,916	74,393
少數股東權益	Minority interests	461	1,642
		169,377	76,035

综合財務狀況表 於二零一零年三月三十一日

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 March 2010

資產總值減流動負債	TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABII	ITIES	2,484,753	2,364,323
流動資產淨值	NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,456,957	1,211,258
流動負債總計	Total current liabilities		1,008,285	521,020
			53,00L	12,702
應付税項	Tax payable	20	53,652	12,462
銀行貸款,無抵押	Bank loans, unsecured	28	41,964	37,864
應計負債	accruals	27	282,130	194,122
遮內貢勿反宗嫁愈款 其他應付賬款及	Other payables and	20	030,333	270,072
流動負債 應付貿易及票據賬款	CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and bills payables	26	630,539	276,572
流動資產總計	Total current assets		2,465,242	1,732,278
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	25	864,191	445,590
可供出售權益投資	Available-for-sale equity investment	20	124,057	-
其他應收賬款	other receivables	24	81,489	66,297
訂金、預付款項及	Deposits, prepayments and			
應收貿易及票據賬款	Trade and bills receivables	23	723,432	516,082
流動資產 存貨	CURRENT ASSETS Inventories	22	672,073	704,309
非流動資產總計	Total non-current assets		1,027,796	1,153,065
小·六•卦次·亥/////	-		1 007 706	1 150 005
設備訂金	property, plant and equipment		19,127	17,499
購買物業、廠房及	Deposits for purchases of items of			
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	29	75,289	74,321
持至到期投資	Held-to-maturity investments	21	_	-
可供出售權益投資	Available-for-sale equity investments	20	_	124,057
於聯營公司權益	Interests in associates	19	18,702	14,780
商譽	Goodwill	17	94,931	94,931
預付土地租賃款	Prepaid land lease payments	16	46,004	55,735
非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備	NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment	15	773,743	771,742
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	附註 Notes	2010	2009

綜合財務狀況表 於二零一零年三月三十一日

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 March 2010

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	附註 Notes	2010	2009
非流動負債	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	29	6,543	12,169
資產淨值	NET ASSETS		2,478,210	2,352,154
權益	EQUITY			
本公司權益持有人	Equity attributable to equity holders			
應佔權益	of the Company			
已發行股本	Issued share capital	30	62,919	62,883
儲備	Reserves	32	2,401,147	2,275,588
			2,464,066	2,338,471
少數股東權益	Minority interests		14,144	13,683
權益總計	Total equity		2,478,210	2,352,154

蔣震 Chen CHIANG

主席 Chairman

蔣麗苑 Lai Yuen CHIANG

行政總裁 Chief Executive Officer

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Year ended 31 March 2010

		2009 本公司權益持有人應佔 Attributable to equity holders of the Company											
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	附註 Notes	已發行 股本 Issued share capital	股份 溢價賬 Share premium account	資本贖回 儲備 Capital redemption reserve	資本儲備 Capital reserve	法定儲備 Statutory reserve	一般儲備 General reserve	匯兑變動 儲備 Exchange fluctuation reserve	保留溢利 Retained profits	總計 Total	少數 股東權益 Minority interests	權益總計 Total equity
於二零零八年四月一日 本年度	At 1 April 2008 Total comprehensive		62,623	501,454	295	51,638	109,802	2,351	175,925	1,476,775	2,380,863	12,041	2,392,904
總全面收益	income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,393)	85,786	74,393	1,642	76,035
發行新股 以股權支付的	Issue of new shares Equity-settled share	30	260	4,920	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,180	-	5,180
購股權安排	option arrangements		-	-	-	29	-	-	-	-	29	-	29
保留溢利轉撥 截至二零零八年 三月三十一日止	Transfer from retained profits Final dividend for the year ended		-	-	-	641	7,766	-	-	(8,407)	-	-	-
年度之末期股息	31 March 2008		_	-	_	-	-	-	-	(109,417)	(109,417)	-	(109,417)
中期股息	Interim dividend	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,577)	(12,577)	-	(12,577)
於二零零九年													
三月三十一日	At 31 March 2009		62,883	506,374*	295*	52,308*	117,568*	2,351*	164,532*	1,432,160*	2,338,471	13,683	2,352,154

綜合權益變動報表

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Year ended 31 March 2010

截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度

			2010 本公司權益持有人應佔 Attributable to equity holders of the Company										
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	<i>附註</i> Notes	已發行 股本 Issued share capital	股份 溢價賬 Share premium account	資本贖回 儲備 Capital redemption reserve	資本儲備 Capital reserve	法定儲備 Statutory reserve	一般儲備 General reserve	匯兑變動 儲備 Exchange fluctuation reserve	保留溢利 Retained profits	總計 Total	少數 股東權益 Minority interests	權益總計 Total equity
於二零零九年四月一日	At 1 April 2009		62,883	506,374	295	52,308	117,568	2,351	164,532	1,432,160	2,338,471	13,683	2,352,154
本年度	Total comprehensive income												
總全面收益	for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	15,416	153,500	168,916	461	169,377
發行新股	Issue of new shares	30	36	668	-	-	-	-	-	-	704	-	704
保留溢利轉撥	Transfer from retained profits		-	-	-	242	9,039	-	-	(9,281)	-	-	-
截至二零零九年	Final dividend												
三月三十一日止	for the year ended												
年度之末期股息	31 March 2009	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(31,442)	(31,442)	-	(31,442)
中期股息	Interim dividend	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,583)	(12,583)	-	(12,583)
於二零一零年			~~ ~ ~ ~	507.0401	005		100 0071	0.051	170.040	1 500 05 4			
三月三十一日	At 31 March 2010		62,919	507,042*	295*	52,550*	126,607*	2,351*	1/9,948*	1,532,354*	2,464,066	14,144	2,478,210

*

* 於二零一零年三月三十一日的綜合財務
 狀況表,該等儲備賬組成綜合儲備為港
 幣2,401,147,000元(二零零九年:港幣
 2,275,588,000元)。

These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$2,401,147,000 (2009: HK\$2,275,588,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

綜合現金流量表 ^{截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度}

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended 31 March 2010

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	附註 Notes	2010	2009
經營業務之現金流量	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
除税前溢利	Profit before tax		208,696	103,852
調整:	Adjustments for:			
融資成本	Finance costs	8	1,856	4,668
應佔聯營公司溢利減虧損	Share of profits less losses of associates		(6,137)	(1,386
利息收入	Interest income	7	(5,052)	(2,493
折舊	Depreciation	7	51,488	60,378
預付土地租賃款之確認	Recognition of prepaid land lease payments	7	1,832	1,892
出售物業、廠房及設備	Gain on disposal of items of			,
及預付土地租賃款	property, plant and equipment and			
之溢利	prepaid land lease payments	7	(41,653)	(738
物業、廠房及設備	Write-off of items of		- , -	
之註銷	property, plant and equipment	7	41	26
高賬齡負債之註銷	Write-off of aged liabilities	7	(500)	(5,300
存貨減值撥回	Write-back of impairment of		()	(-,
凈額	inventories, net	7	(22,306)	(24,425
應收貿易及票據賬款	Impairment/(write-back of impairment) of		(,==,===,	(= ., .=0
減值/(減值撥回)淨額	trade and bills receivables, net	7	14,374	(14,725
以股權支付的購股權費用	Equity-settled share option expenses		,	29
			000 000	101 770
與聯營公司之賬款餘額	Increase in balances with		202,639	121,778
增加 增加	associates			(10,702
存貨減少	Decrease in inventories		55,667	8,497
作員 M 少 應收貿易及票據賬款	Decrease/(increase) in trade		55,007	0,497
减少/(增加)	and bills receivables		(222,523)	356,236
訂金、預付款項及其他	Increase in deposits, prepayments		(222,323)	550,250
應收賬款增加	and other receivables		(15,679)	(6,431
應付貿易及票據賬款	Increase/(decrease) in trade		(15,679)	(0,431
遮内貝勿及宗塚庶叔 增加/(減少)	and bills payables		358,634	(110.262
其他應付賬款及應計			556,054	(118,363
▲他應內嚴款及應計 負債增加/(減少)	Increase/(decrease) in other payables		00 270	(40.011
其俱垣加/(减少)	and accruals		88,278	(40,011
經營產生之現金	Cash generated from operations		467,016	311,004
已付利息	Interest paid		(1,856)	(4,668
退回香港利得税	Hong Kong profits tax refunded		9	
已付香港利得税	Hong Kong profits tax paid		_	(93
退回海外税項			2,688	2,548
已付海外税項	Overseas taxes paid		(21,213)	(34,771
			(,)	(01,771
經營業務之現金流入淨額	Net cash flows from operating activities		446,644	274,020

綜合現金流量表 ^{截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度}

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended 31 March 2010

投資業務之現金流量 購買物業、廠房 及設備 出售物業、廠房及設備	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of items of property, plant			
及設備	Purchases of items of property, plant			
出售物業、廠屋及設備	and equipment	15	(68,073)	(122,090)
	Proceeds from disposal of items of			
及預付土地租賃款	property, plant and equipment			
所得款項	and prepaid land lease payments		73,403	1,062
已收利息	Interest received		5,052	2,493
已收股息	Dividend received		-	37,800
從一聯營公司已收股息	Dividend received from an associate		2,260	-
購買物業、廠房及設備	Increase in deposits for purchases of items of			(
訂金增加	property, plant and equipment		(1,884)	(200)
於存款時距離原期滿日	Increase in bank deposits with			
超過三個月之	original maturity of more than		(54 510)	
定期存款增加 抵押銀行存款減少/(增加)	three months when acquired		(54,510)	- E 402
抵押玼11仔秋 <i>顺少/</i> (塇加) ————————————————————————————————————	Decrease/(increase) in pledged bank deposits		(66,976)	5,403
投資業務之現金流出淨額	Net cash flows used in investing activities		(110,728)	(75,532)
				· · ·
融資業務之現金流量	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
發行新股所得款項	Proceeds from issue of new shares	30	704	5,180
新借銀行貸款	New bank loans		13,722	173,685
償還銀行貸款	Repayment of bank loans		(11,454)	(161,390)
已付股息	Dividends paid		(44,025)	(121,994)
融資業務之現金流出淨額	Net cash flows used in financing activities		(41,053)	(104,519)
現金及現金等價物	NET INCREASE IN			
之增加淨額	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		294,863	93,969
年初之現金	Cash and cash equivalents		234,003	55,505
及現金等價物	at beginning of year		418,326	329,798
匯率變動之影響淨額	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net		2,163	(5,441)
			_,	
年終之現金	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
及現金等價物	AT END OF YEAR		715,352	418,326
現金及現金等價物	ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND			
结存之分析	CASH EQUIVALENTS	<u> </u>		407 000
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	25	535,467	407,369
於存款時距離原期滿日	Bank deposits with original maturity	05	170 005	10 057
不足三個月之定期存款	of less than three months when acquired	25	179,885	10,957
			715,352	418,326

財務狀況表

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 March 2010

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	附註 Notes	2010	2009
非流動資產	NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	15	640	738
於附屬公司權益	Interests in subsidiaries	18	672,919	696,803
非流動資產總計	Total non-current assets		673,559	697,541
流動資產	CURRENT ASSETS			
訂金及其他應收賬款	Deposits and other receivables	24	725	725
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	25	55,825	4,574
流動資產總計	Total current assets		56,550	5,299
流動負債	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
其他應付賬款及應計負債	Other payables and accruals	27	14,753	4,776
流動資產淨值	NET CURRENT ASSETS		41,797	523
資產淨值	NET ASSETS		715,356	698,064
權益	EQUITY			
已發行股本	Issued share capital	30	62,919	62,883
儲備	Reserves	32	652,437	635,181
權益總計	Total equity		715,356	698,064

蔣震 Chen CHIANG 主席 Chairman **蔣麗苑 Lai Yuen CHIANG** 行政總裁 Chief Executive Officer

31 March 2010

1. 公司資料

震雄集團有限公司為於百慕達註冊成立 之有限公司。本公司之主要營業地點位 於香港新界大埔大埔工業邨大宏街13 至15號。

年內,本集團主要從事製造及銷售注塑 機及有關產品。

董事認為本公司之最終控股公司為於 巴哈馬註冊成立之Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited。香港註冊成立之震雄投資有 限公司(「震雄投資」)則為本公司之直接 控股公司。

2.1 編製及綜合基準

編製基準

該等財務報表乃按照香港會計師公會 頒布之香港財務報告準則(包括所有香 港財務報告準則、香港會計準則及詮 釋)、香港公認會計原則及香港公司條 例之披露要求而編製。財務報表乃按歷 史成本慣列而編製。財務報表以港幣呈 列,除了另有指明,所有金額均以千元 (港幣千元)列報。

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Chen Hsong Holdings Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at 13-15 Dai Wang Street, Tai Po Industrial Estate, Tai Po, New Territories, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Group was principally involved in the manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines and related products.

In the opinion of the directors, the Company's ultimate holding company is Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited, a company incorporated in the Bahamas. Chen Hsong Investments Limited ("CH Investments"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong, is the Company's immediate holding company.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CONSOLIDATION

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) except when otherwise indicated.

31 March 2010

2.1 編製及綜合基準(續)

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司 (全部統稱為「集團」)截至二零一零年三 月三十一日止年度之財務報表。倘會計 政策出現任何不一致,將作出調整以使 一致。所有附屬公司之業績由其收購日 (即本集團取得控制權之日)起綜合賬 目,並持續綜合賬目至控制權終止日為 止。本集團所有公司間之交易及賬款餘 額引起的收入,費用及未變現損益均已 在綜合賬目時悉數予以抵銷。

少數股東權益指非由本集團控制的外界 股東在本公司之附屬公司之業績及資產 淨值中擁有之權益。

2.2 會計政策及披露變動

本集團已於本年度之財務報表內首次採 納以下新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準 則。

香港財務報告 香港財務報告準則
 準則第1號及 第1號首次採納
 香港會計準則
 第27號修訂 及香港會計準則
 第27號綜合及

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告

第2號(修訂)

第1號首次採納 香港財務報告準則 及香港會計準則 第27號綜合及 獨立財務報表一 於附屬公司、 共同控制企業或 聯營公司之投資 成本之修訂

準則第2號修訂 以股份支付一

歸屬條件及註銷

HKFRS 2 Amendments

HKFRS 1 and HKAS 27

Amendments

Amendments to HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment - Vesting Conditions and Cancellations

Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time

Adoption of HKFRSs and HKAS 27

Consolidated and Separate Financial

Statements - Cost of an Investment in

a Subsidiary, Jointly Controlled Entity

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CONSOLIDATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2010. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. Income, expenses and unrealized gains and losses resulting from intercompany transactions and intercompany balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation in full.

Minority interests represent the interests of outside shareholders not held by the Group in the results and net assets of the Company's subsidiaries.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

or Associate

財務報表附註 二零一零年三月三十一日

31 March 2010

2.2 會計政策及披露變動()	續)

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES

(continued)

香港財務 報告準則: 第7號(修訂)	香港財務報告 準則第7號修訂 <i>金融工具:披露</i> 一有關金融工具 披露之改進	HKFRS 7 Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 7 <i>Financial</i> <i>Instruments: Disclosures - Improving</i> <i>Disclosures about Financial</i> <i>Instruments</i>
第8號	經營分部	HKFRS 8	Operating Segments
香港會計準則:			
第1號(修訂)	財務報表呈列	HKAS 1 (Revised)	Presentation of Financial Statements
第18號(修訂)*	香港會計準則 第18號附錄修訂 收益-判斷實體 為委託人或代理人 身份	HKAS 18 Amendment*	Amendment to Appendix to HKAS 18 <i>Revenue - Determining</i> whether an entity is acting as a principal or as an agent
第23號(修訂)	借貸成本	HKAS 23 (Revised)	Borrowing Costs
第32號及 第1號(修訂)	香港會計準則 第32號 <i>金融</i> <i>工具:呈列</i> 及 香港會計準則 第1號財務報表 呈列一可認沽 金融工具及清盤 時產生責任之 修訂	HKAS 32 and HKAS 1 Amendments	Amendments to HKAS 32 <i>Financial</i> <i>Instruments: Presentation</i> and HKAS 1 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements –</i> <i>Puttable Financial Instruments and</i> <i>Obligations Arising on Liquidation</i>
香港(國際財務 報告詮釋 委員會) 一詮釋第9號 及香港 會計準則 第39號(修訂)	報告詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第9號 <i>重新評估嵌入 式衍生工具</i> 及香 港會計準則第	HK(IFRIC) - Int 9 and HKAS 39 Amendments	Amendments to HK(IFRIC) - Int 9 <i>Reassessment of Embedded</i> <i>Derivatives</i> and HKAS 39 <i>Financial</i> <i>Instruments: Recognition and</i> <i>Measurement - Embedded Derivatives</i>

31 March 2010

2.2 會計政策及披露變動(續)

應用之會計政策並無產生重大變動。

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES

(continued)

香港(國際財務 報告詮釋委員 會)-詮釋:				
第13號	顧客長期支持計劃	HK(IFRIC) - Int 13	Customer Loyalty Programmes	
第15號	房地產興建協議	HK(IFRIC) - Int 15	Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate	
第16號	海外業務淨投資之 對沖	HK(IFRIC) - Int 16	Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation	
第18號	<i>自客戶轉讓資產</i> (自二零零九年 七月一日起採納)	HK(IFRIC) - Int 18	Transfers of Assets from Customers (adopted from 1 July 2009)	
香港財務報告 準則之改進 (二零零八年 十月)**	多項香港財務報告 準則之修訂	Improvements to HKFRSs (October 2008)**	Amendments to a number of HKFRSs	
* 納入二零零九 <i>年香港財務報告準則之改</i> * Included in <i>Improvements to HKFRSs 2009</i> (as issued in May 2009). <i>進</i> (二零零九年五月頒佈)。				
** 本集團採納於二零零八年十月頒佈之所 有香港財務報告準則之改進,惟對香港 財務報告準則第5號修訂「持作出售非 流動資產及已終止經營業務-計劃出售 於一家附屬公司之控股權益」除外,其 於二零零九年七月一日或之後開始之年 度期間生效。		** The Group adopted all the improvements to HKFRSs issued in October 2008 except for the amendments to HKFRS 5 <i>Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations - Plan to sell the controlling interest in a subsidiary</i> , which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009.		
香港財務報告準 進一步闡釋外, 香港財務報告準則	計準則第1號(修訂)及 則第8號之影響作出之 采納該等新訂及經修訂 則並無對該等財務報表 響及對該等財務報表所	(Revised) and HKFRS8, the has had no significant fina	ned below regarding the impact of HKAS 1 adoption of these new and revised HKFRSs ancial effect on these financial statements nificant changes to the accounting policies atements.	

財務報表附註 零一零年三月三十一日

31 March 2010

2.2 會計政策及披露變動(續)

採納該等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則之主要影響如下:

(a) 香港會計準則第1號(修訂)財務報 表呈列

香港會計準則第1號(修訂)引入財 務報表呈列及披露之變動。該經修 訂準則將擁有人及非擁有人之權益 變動分開呈列。權益變動報表僅包 括與擁有人進行之交易詳情,而非 擁有人之所有權益變動則以單項呈 列。此外,該準則引入全面收益 表,於損益內確認之所有收入及支 出項目,連同直接於權益確認之所 有其他已確認收入及支出項目,乃 於單份報表或兩份有聯繫報表中呈 列。本集團已選擇呈列兩份報表。

(b) 香港財務報告準則第8號經營分部

香港財務報告準則第8號取代香港 會計準則第14號分部報告及規定 公司應如何報告有關其經營分部之 資料,並以首席營運決策人可用作 對公司組成分部分配資源及評估其 表現之資料為依據。該準則亦規定 須披露有關分部所提供之產品及服 務、本集團經營所在地區及來自本 集團主要客戶收益之資料。採納該 準則對本集團之財務狀況或經營業 績並無影響,但若干財務報表附註 之呈列及披露方式須作出變動。

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES

(continued)

The principal effects of adopting these new and revised HKFRSs are as follows:

(a) HKAS 1 (Revised) Presentation of Financial Statements

HKAS 1 (Revised) introduces changes in the presentation and disclosures of financial statements. The revised standard separates owner and non-owner changes in equity. The statement of changes in equity includes only details of transactions with owners, with all non-owner changes in equity presented as a single line. In addition, this standard introduces the statement of comprehensive income, with all items of income and expense recognized in profit or loss, together with all other items of recognized income and expense recognized directly in equity, either in one single statement, or in two linked statements. The Group has elected to present two statements.

(b) HKFRS 8 Operating Segments

HKFRS 8, which replaces HKAS 14 *Segment Reporting*, specifies how an entity should report information about its operating segments, based on information about the components of the entity that is available to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of allocating resources to the segments and assessing their performance. The standard also requires the disclosure of information about the products and services provided by the segments, the geographical areas in which the Group operates, and revenue from the Group's major customers. The adoption of the standard has no effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Group. It does, however, result in certain changes in the presentation and disclosures of notes to financial statements.

31 March 2010

HKFRS 1 (Revised)

2.3 已頒布但未生效的香港財務報告 準則

本集團並無於該等財務報表內應用以下 已頒布但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則:

第1號(修訂)

- 第1號(修訂) 首次採納香港財 務報告準則
- 第1號(修訂) 香港財務報告準則 第1號修訂首次 採納香港財務 採納者之額外 豁免2

報告準則一首次

香港財務報告準則

準則-就首次

採納者根據香港 財務報告準則

第7號披露比較 數字授出有限度

豁免4

第1號修訂首次採 納香港財務報告

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL **REPORTING STANDARDS**

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

Financial Reporting Standards¹ **HKFRS 1** Amendments Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards – Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters² **HKFRS 1 Amendment** Amendment to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards – Limited Exemption from Comparative HKFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time

Adopters⁴

First-time Adoption of Hong Kong

第2號(修訂) **HKFRS 2 Amendments** Amendments to HKFRS 2 Share-based 香港財務報告準則 第2號修訂以股份 Payment – Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions² 支付一集團以 現金結算之 以股份支付交易 第3號(修訂) 業務合併1 HKFRS 3 (Revised) Business Combinations¹ 第9號 金融工具6 HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments⁶

財務報表附註

二零一零年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2010

2.3已頒布但未生效的香港財務報告 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL 準則(續) REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

香港會計準則:			
第24號(修訂)	關連人士披露⁵	HKAS 24 (Revised)	Related Party Disclosures⁵
第27號(修訂)	綜合及獨立財務 報表 ¹	HKAS 27 (Revised)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements ¹
第32號(修訂)	香港會計準則 第32號修訂 <i>金融 工具:呈列-供股 之分類</i>	HKAS 32 Amendment	Amendment to HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation – Classification of Rights Issues ³
第39號(修訂)	香港會計準則 第39號修訂 <i>金融 工具:確認及 計量-合資格 對沖項目¹</i>	HKAS 39 Amendment	Amendment to HKAS 39 <i>Financial</i> Instruments: Recognition and Measurement – Eligible Hedged Items ¹
香港(國際財務 報告詮釋委員 一詮釋 :]會)		
第14號(修訂)	香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第14號 修訂最低資金 要求之預付款項	HK(IFRIC) – Int 14 Amendments	Amendments to HK (IFRIC) – Int 14 Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement ⁵
第17號	向擁有人分派 非現金資產	HK(IFRIC) – Int 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners ¹
第19號	以權益工具清償金 融負債 ⁴	HK(IFRIC) – Int 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments ⁴

財務報表附註

二零一零年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2010

2.3已頒布但未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港財務報告 香港財務報告 準則第5號修訂 準則第5號修訂 (納入二零零八) 持作出售非流動 年十月頒佈 資產及已終止經營 之香港財務 業務一計劃出售 報告準則之 於一家附屬公司 改進) 之控股權益1 香港註釋第4號 租賃一釐定香港土 (於二零零九 地租賃之租期 年十二月修訂) 長短2

除上述者外,香港會計師公會亦頒布二 零零九年及二零一零年對香港財務報告 *準則之改進*,其中載列對多項香港財務 報告準則作出之修訂,主要旨在消除矛 盾與澄清措詞。香港財務報告準則第2 號、香港會計準則第38號、香港(國際 財務報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋第9號及香 港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋第 16號之修訂於二零零九年七月一日或以 後開始之年度期間生效,而香港財務報 告準則第5號、香港財務報告準則第8 號、香港會計準則第1號、香港會計準 則第7號、香港會計準則第17號、香港 會計準則第36號及香港會計準則第39 號之修訂均於二零一零年一月一日或以 後開始之年度期間生效,惟各項準則或 **詮釋均有獨立之過渡性條文。因應香港** 會計準則第27號而作修訂之香港財務 報告準則第3號之修訂及過渡性要求均 於二零一零年七月一日或以後開始之年 度期間生效,而香港財務報告準則第1 號、香港財務報告準則第7號、香港會 計準則第1號、香港會計準則第34號及 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋 第13號之修訂均於二零一一年一月一日 或以後開始之年度期間生效。

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 5 included in *Improvements to HKFRSs* issued in October 2008 Amendments to HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations – Plan to sell the controlling interest in a subsidiary¹

HK Interpretation 4 (Revised in December 2009) Leases – Determination of the Length of Lease Term in respect of Hong Kong Land Leases²

Apart from the above, the HKICPA has issued *Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 and 2010* which set out amendments to a number of HKFRSs primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording. The amendments to HKFRS 2, HKAS 38, HK(IFRIC) – Int 9 and HK(IFRIC) – Int 16 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009 while the amendments to HKFRS 5, HKFRS 8, HKAS 1, HKAS 7, HKAS 17, HKAS 36 and HKAS 39 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010 although there are separate transitional provisions for each standard or interpretation. The amendments to HKFRS 3 and transition requirements for amendments arising as a result of HKAS 27 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010 while the amendments to HKFRS 1, HKAS 7, HKAS 34 and HK(IFRIC) – Int 13 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

財務報表附註

二零一零年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2010

2.3已頒布但未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

- 1 於二零零九年七月一日或以後開始之 年度期間生效
- 2 於二零一零年一月一日或以後開始之 年度期間生效
- 3 於二零一零年二月一日或以後開始之 年度期間生效
- 4 於二零一零年七月一日或以後開始之 年度期間生效
- 5 於二零一一年一月一日或以後開始之 年度期間生效
- 6 於二零一三年一月一日或以後開始之 年度期間生效

本集團現正就該等新訂及經修訂之香港 財務報告準則初步實施的影響作出評 估,但仍未能述明該等新訂及經修訂之 香港財務報告準則對本集團之經營業績 及財務狀況會否造成重大影響。

3. 主要會計政策摘要

附屬公司

附屬公司乃指本公司直接或間接控制其 財務及經營政策,從而自其業務中獲得 利益之公司。

附屬公司之業績按已收及應收股息計入 本公司之收益表中。本公司於附屬公司 權益乃按成本值減任何減值列賬。

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2010
- ⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010
- ⁵ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011
- ⁶ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRSs upon initial application, but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised HKFRSs would have significant impact on its results of operations and financial position.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's income statement to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

聯營公司

聯營公司指除附屬公司外,本集團擁有 其股權投票權一般不少於20%之長期權 益,並可對其行使重大影響力之公司。

本集團所佔聯營公司之收購後業績及儲 備均已分別包括於綜合收益表及綜合儲 備內。本集團於聯營公司權益按權益會 計法計算本集團應佔資產淨值減任何減 值準備,列入綜合財務狀況表。本集團 與其聯營公司之間的交易所產生的未變 現損益會以本集團於聯營公司的權益為 限予以註銷,除非未變現虧損提供所轉 讓資產減值的憑證。

合營公司

合營公司乃以契約安排成立之公司,根 據該安排,本集團與其他各方經營經濟 業務。合營公司以獨立公司方式經營, 而本集團與其他各方擁有其權益。

合營方之間訂立之合營協議,規定合營 方之注資、合營時間長短及於清盤時變 現資產之基準。來自合營公司業務之盈 虧以及剩餘資產之任何分派,乃由合營 方按其各自之注資比例或根據合營協議 之條款攤分。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Associates

An associate is an entity, not being a subsidiary, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated reserves, respectively. The Group's interests in associates are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates, except where unrealized losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

Joint ventures

A joint venture is an entity set up by contractual arrangement, whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity. The joint venture operates as a separate entity in which the Group and the other parties have an interest.

The joint venture agreement between the venturers stipulates the capital contributions of the joint venture parties, the duration of the joint venture and the basis on which the assets are to be realized upon its dissolution. The profits and losses from the joint venture's operations and any distributions of surplus assets are shared by the venturers, either in proportion to their respective capital contributions, or in accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement.

財務報表附註

二零一零年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Joint ventures (continued)

A joint venture is treated as:

- (a) a subsidiary, if the Company has unilateral control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture;
- (b) an associate, if the Company does not have unilateral or joint control, but holds, directly or indirectly, generally not less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and is in a position to exercise significant influence over the joint venture; or
- (c) an equity investment accounted for in accordance with HKAS 39, if the Company holds, directly or indirectly, less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and has neither joint control of, nor is in a position to exercise significant influence over, the joint venture.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquirees' identifiable assets acquired, and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed as at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill on acquisitions for which the agreement date is on or after 1 January 2005

Goodwill arising on acquisition is initially recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

The carrying amount of goodwill is reviewed for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 March.

合營公司(續)

合營公司之賬目處理如下:

- (a) 倘本公司對合營公司擁有直接或間 接之單方面控制權,則合營公司乃 作為附屬公司處理;
- (b) 倘本公司對合營公司無單方面控制 或共同控制權,但直接或間接擁有 其註冊資本不少於20%,並可對其 行使重大影響力,則合營公司乃作 為聯營公司處理;或
- (c)根據香港會計準則第39號,倘本公司對合營公司直接或間接擁有其註冊資本少於20%,並對其無共同控制權及不可行使重大影響力,則合營公司乃作為權益性投資處理。

商譽

收購附屬公司產生之商譽,為於收購當 日收購成本超逾本集團應佔其所收購可 識別資產,及所承擔的負債及或然負債 之公平值之數額。

收購合約日期於二零零五年一月一日或 以後所產生的商譽

收購產生之商譽乃於綜合財務狀況表內 確認為資產,初始按成本值,其後按成 本值減任何累計減值虧損計量。

商譽之賬面值每年進行減值評估;如發 生某項事件或情形的變動顯示可能出現 賬面減值,則會更頻密地進行減值檢 討。本集團每年於三月三十一日進行商 譽減值測試。

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

商譽(續)

為進行減值測試,因企業合併而購入的 商譽自購入之日起分配至預期可從合併 產生之協同效益中獲益之本集團各個現 金產出單位或現金產出單位組別,不論 本集團的資產或負債是否已分配予該等 單位或單位組別。

減值乃通過評估有關商譽的現金產出單 位(或現金產出單位組別)的可收回金 額來確定。凡現金產出單位(或現金產 出單位組別)的可收回金額低於賬面值, 即確認減值虧損。就商譽確認的減值虧 損不會於往後期間回撥。

倘商譽構成現金產出單位(或現金產出 單位組別)的部分而該單位的部分業務 已出售,則在釐定所出售業務的收益或 虧損時,與所出售業務相關的商譽計入 該業務的賬面值。在這種情況下出售的 商譽根據所出售業務相對現金產出單位 的保留份額的價值進行計量。

超逾企業合併的成本

本集團佔被收購方可識別之資產、負債 及或然負債之淨公平值之權益如超逾收 購附屬公司的成本,該超逾部分經再檢 討後即時於收益表確認。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Goodwill (continued)

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units), to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit (group of cashgenerating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Excess over the cost of business combinations

Any excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquirees' identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition of subsidiaries, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in the income statement.

財務報表附註 零一零年三月三十一日

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries,
 (i) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Group;
 (ii) has an interest in the Group that gives it significant influence over the Group; or (iii) has joint control over the Group;
- (b) the party is an associate;
- (c) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or any of its holding companies;
- (d) the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in (a) or (c);
- (e) the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (c) or (d); or
- (f) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group, or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

關連人士

一方被視為本集團之關連人士倘若:

- (a) 該一方直接或間接透過一間或多間
 中介公司(i)控制本集團、被本集團
 控制、或與本集團受共同控制;(ii)
 於本集團擁有權益,因而可對本集
 團施以重大影響;或(iii)共同控制
 本集團;
- (b) 該一方為聯營公司;
- (c) 該一方為本集團或其控股公司之關 鍵管理層成員;
- (d) 該一方為(a)或(c)項所述任何人士 家族之親密成員;
- (e)該一方為(c)或(d)項所述之任何人 士直接或間接控制、共同控制或可 施行重大影響力之實體或享有重大 投票權之實體;或
- (f) 該一方為受僱後福利計劃團體, 以集團或集團的關連人士為服務 對象。

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

非金融資產(商譽除外)減值

倘有跡象顯示出現減值或要求就資產 進行年度減值測試(存貨、遞延税項資 產、金融資產及商譽除外),則會估計 該資產的可收回金額。可收回金額按資 產或現金產出單位的使用價值或其公平 值減銷售成本(以較高者為準),並就個 別資產而釐定,除非有關資產並無產生 在頗大程度上獨立於其他資產或資產組 別的現金流入,在此情況下可收回金額 就資產所屬的現金產出單位而釐定。

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值超出其可收回 金額時予以確認。於評估使用價值時, 估計日後現金流量按可反映現時市場評 估的貨幣時間值及資產特定風險的除税 前折現率折減至現值。減值虧損於產生 期間自收益表扣除。

於每個報告期末會評定是否有跡象顯示 之前已確認的減值虧損不再存在或減 少。倘出現該等跡象,則會估計可收回 金額。過往確認的資產減值虧損(商譽 除外)僅會於用以釐定資產可收回金額 的估計改變時撥回,惟撥回後的數額不 得高於假設過往年度並無就資產確認減 值虧損而應有的賬面值(扣除折舊/攤銷 後)。減值虧損的撥回於產生期間計入 收益表。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets, financial assets and goodwill), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs to sell, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognized only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/ amortization) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

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31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

(continued)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalized in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Buildings in Hong Kong	_	Over the lease terms
Buildings outside Hong Kong	_	15 to 60 years
Plant, machinery, furniture and other equipment	_	2 to 15 years

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately.

物業、廠房及設備及折舊

除在建工程以外之物業、廠房及設備乃 按成本值減累計折舊及任何減值後入 賬。

物業、廠房及設備之成本值包括其購入 價及令其達致符合預計用途之操作狀況 及付運至使用地點之任何直接應佔費 用。在物業、廠房及設備投產後產生之 開支,例如維修及保養,通常在產生之 期間從收益表中扣除。在符合確認條件 之情況下,主要檢修費用將予以資本 化,作為一項置換列入資產之賬面值。 倘物業、廠房及設備之重要部分需要分 期更換,本集團會將該部分確認為擁有 特定使用年期及折舊之獨立資產。

折舊乃以直線法按每項物業、廠房及設 備之預計可使用年期註銷。物業、廠房 及設備主要分類之預計可使用年期如 下:

- 香港之樓宇 按契約年期
- 香港以外地區 十五至六十年 之樓宇
- 廠房、機器、 二至十五年 傢俬及其他設備

永久業權土地並無作出折舊撥備。

倘若物業、廠房及設備項目之部分具不 同的使用期限,該項目之成本按合理基 準分配給各部分,其各部分各自計算折 舊。

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

物業、廠房及設備及折舊(續)

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法最少 於每個財政年度末審閱及在適當時進行 調整。

物業、廠房及設備項目及任何已初步確 認之重要部分乃於出售或當預期使用或 出售項目將不產生未來經濟利益時撤銷 確認。於撤銷確認該資產的年度有關出 售或棄用所產生的收益或虧損,為其銷 售所得淨額與賬面價之差額。

在建工程指在建築中之大廈,按成本值 扣除減值列賬及無作出折舊撥備。成本 值數額包括在建築工程期間之直接建築 費。當工程完成及可供使用後,在建工 程將重新適當地按物業、廠房及設備種 類分類。

研究及開發費用

所有研究費用於發生時在收益表中扣 除。

集團須展示新產品的研發項目為技術上 可行,使該項目的無形資產可以被應用 或出售,有意及有能力應用或出售該資 產,該資產如何帶來未來經濟利益,有 足夠資源完成該資產,以及該研發費用 可以可靠地計量,該費用才可資本化及 延後列支。否則,研發開支於發生時會 作列支處理。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognized in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognized is the difference between the net sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress represents plants under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to the income statement as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalized and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

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31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and available-for-sale financial assets, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. When financial assets are recognized initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

The Group's financial assets include available-for-sale investments, cash and bank balances, trade and bills receivables and other receivables.

投資及其他金融資產

初始確認及計量

香港會計準則第39號所界定的金融資 產分類為透過損益賬按公平值列賬的金 融資產、貸款及應收款項、持至到期投 資及可供出售金融資產,或指定於有效 對沖中作為對沖工具的衍生工具(視情 況而定)。本集團於初始確認後釐定其 金融資產的分類。金融資產於初始確認 時以公平值計量,而並非透過損益賬按 公平值列賬的投資,則另加上交易所致 的直接應佔成本計量。

正常情況下買入及出售之金融資產概於 交易日(即本集團承諾購買或出售該資 產之日期)予以確認。正常情況下買入 及出售乃指按照一般市場規定或慣例在 一定期間內要求交付資產之金融資產買 賣。

本集團之金融資產包括可供出售投資、 現金及銀行結存、應收貿易及票據賬款 及其他應收賬款。

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortized cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortization and the loss arising from impairment are recognized in the income statement.

Held-to-maturity investments

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held-to-maturity when the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. Held-to-maturity investments are subsequently measured at amortized cost less any allowance for impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortization and the loss arising from impairment are recognized in the income statement.

Available-for-sale financial investments

Available-for-sale financial investments are non-derivative financial assets in listed and unlisted equity securities. Equity investments classified as available for sale are those which are neither classified as held for trading nor designated at fair value through profit or loss. Debts securities in this category are those which are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or in response to changes in the market conditions.

投資及其他金融資產(續)

後續計量

其後金融資產之計量根據其分類進行, 該等金融資產之分類如下:

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項乃固定或可釐定付款金 額而在活躍市場中無報價之非衍生金融 資產。於初始計量後,該等資產其後以 實質利率方法計算攤銷成本入賬,減任 何減值撥備。攤銷後的成本於計入收購 之任何折讓或溢價後計算,並包括屬實 質利率不可分割部分之費用或成本。實 質利率攤銷及減值所產生之虧損於收益 表內確認。

持至到期投資

任何固定或可釐定付款金額及固定到期 日,而本集團有明確的意圖及有能力持 至到期的非衍生性金融資產分類為持至 到期投資。其後以攤銷後的成本計量, 減任何減值撥備。攤銷後的成本於計 入收購之任何折讓或溢價後計算,並包 括屬實質利率不可分割部分之費用或成 本。實質利率攤銷及減值所產生之虧損 於收益表內確認。

可供出售金融投資

可供出售金融投資為上市及非上市股本 證券中之非衍生金融資產。分類為可供 出售權益投資為既非分類為持作買賣又 非指定為透過損益賬按公平值列賬。於 此類別中的債務證券為有意於非限定期 間持有並且有可能出於流動性需要或應 市場條件變化而出售。

財務報表附註 零一零年三月三十一日

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

可供出售金融投資(續)

倘非上市股本證券之公平值不能可靠地 計量,原因為(i)該投資合理公平值的估 計範圍內大幅波動或(ii)於該範圍內多 種估計之可能性不能被合理評估及用於 估計公平值,則該等證券乃按成本減任 何減值虧損列賬。

為了評核近期出售能力與意圖是否仍舊 適當,本集團對可供出售金融資產進行 評估。當本集團因非活躍市場不能出售 此等金融資產並且管理層於可預見未來 出售意圖出現重大改變時,在極少情況 之下本集團可能選擇對此等金融資產進 行重新分類。當金融資產符合貸款及應 收款項定義並且本集團有意願及能力持 有至可預見將來或直至到期,可允許將 其重分類至貸款及應收款項。僅當公司 有能力及意願持有其至此金融資產到期 日,將其重分類至持至到期類別是被允 許的。

若一項金融資產被重分類出可供出售金 融資產,這項資產之前在權益中所確認 的任何收益和損失將使用實際利率在剩 餘的年份內攤銷並計入收益表。新攤餘 成本與預計現金流量之間的差異將在剩 餘攤銷年份內使用實際利率進行分攤。 若該資產之後被釐定減值,則計入權益 中金額需重分類至收益表。 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Available-for-sale financial investments (continued)

When the fair value of unlisted equity securities cannot be reliably measured because (i) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (ii) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating fair value, such securities are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

The Group evaluates its available-for-sale financial assets whether the ability and intention to sell them in the near term are still appropriate. When the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets and management's intent to do so significantly changes in the foreseeable future, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets in rare circumstances. Reclassification to loans and receivables is permitted when the financial assets meet the definition of loans and receivables and the Group has the intent and ability to hold these assets for the foreseeable future or to maturity. The reclassification to the held-to-maturity category is permitted only when the entity has the ability and intent to hold until the maturity date of the financial asset.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the available-for-sale category, any previous gain or loss on that asset that has been recognized in equity is amortized to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest rate. Any difference between the new amortized cost and the expected cash flows is also amortized over the remaining life of the asset using the effective interest rate. If the asset is subsequently determined to be impaired, then the amount recorded in equity is reclassified to the income statement.

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

(continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets is determined by reference to quoted market prices or dealer price quotations (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs. For financial instruments where there is no active market, the fair value is determined using appropriate valuation techniques. Such techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same; a discounted cash flow analysis; and option pricing models.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

投資及其他金融資產(續)

金融工具之公平值

在活躍市場交易之金融工具之公平值參 考市場報價或交易商報價(買入價(就好 倉而言)及賣出價(就淡倉而言))而定, 且並無扣減任何交易成本。倘某項金融 工具之市場不活躍,公平值將採用適當 之估值方法確定。該等方法包括參考近 期進行之公平市場交易,其他大致類同 金融工具之現行市場價格,現金流量折 現分析和期權定價模型。

金融資產減值

本集團於每個報告期末評估是否存在客 觀證據顯示一項或一組金融資產出現 減值。倘且僅倘於初始確認一項或一類 金融資產後發生一項或多項事件導致存 在客觀減值跡象(一項已發生之「虧損事 件」),而該項虧損事件對該項或該類金 融資產之估計未來現金流量所造成之影 響能夠可靠地估計,則該項或該類金融 資產會被視作減值。減值跡象可包括一 名或一群債務人正面臨重大經濟困難、 違約或未能償還利息或本金之跡象、彼 等有可觀察數據顯示估計未來現金流量 出現可計量之減少,例如欠款數目變動 或出現與違約相關之經濟狀況。

財務報表附註 零一零年三月三十一日

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets carried at amortized cost

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the Group first assesses individually whether objective evidence of impairment exists for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognized are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognized in the income statement. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realized or has been transferred to the Group.

金融資產減值(續)

以攤銷後的成本計價之金融資產

就以攤銷後的成本計價之金融資產而 言,本集團首先會按個別基準就個別屬 重大之金融資產或按組合基準就個別不 屬重大之金融資產,評估是否存在客觀 減值跡象。倘本集團認定按個別基準評 估之金融資產(無論屬重大與否)並無客 觀減值跡象存在,則該項資產會歸入一 組具有相似信貸風險特性之金融資產 內,並共同評估該組金融資產是否存在 減值。經個別評估減值之資產,其減值 虧損會予確認或繼續確認入賬,而不會 納入綜合減值評估之內。

如果有客觀跡象表明以攤銷後的成本計 值產生減值虧損,計算其賬面價值與估 算未來之現金流量(不包括尚未產生之 未來信貸損失)。估計未來現金流量之 現值以金融資產之初始實際利率(即初 始確認時計算所用的實際利率)折現。 倘貸款之利率為浮動利率,則計量任何 減值虧損之折現率為當前實際利率。

有關資產之賬面值可通過撥備賬目作抵 減,而減值金額於收益表內確認入賬。 利息收入於減少後賬面值中持續產生, 且採用計量減值虧損時用以折現未來現 金流量之利率累計。倘預料日後收回不 可實現,而所有抵押品已變現或轉讓予 本集團,則貸款及應收款項連同任何有 關撥備將予註銷。

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

金融資產減值(續)

以攤銷後的成本計價之金融資產(續)

以後期間,倘若估計減值虧損之數額增 加或減少,而增加或減少之原因客觀 上與減值虧損確認後所發生之事件相關 聯,則透過調整撥備賬增加或撥回過往 確認之減值虧損。倘於其後收回未來撇 銷數額,該項收回將計入收益表。

按成本值列賬之資產

倘有客觀證據顯示非按公平值列賬之無 市價股本工具因其公平值不能可靠計量 而有減值虧損,減值虧損按金融資產之 賬面值及估計未來現金流量按同等金融 資產之現時市場回報率折算為現值,以 二者之差額計算。該等資產之減值虧損 不予撥回。

可供出售金融投資

對於可供出售金融投資,本集團於每個 報告期末評估是否有客觀證據表明一項 投資或一組投資存在減值。

倘可供出售金融資產出現減值,其成本 值(扣除任何主要付款及攤銷)與其現行 公平值之差額,在扣減以往在收益表確 認之任何減值虧損後,從其他全面收益 中轉撥至收益表。

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets carried at amortized cost (continued)

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the income statement.

Assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Impairment losses on these assets are not reversed.

Available-for-sale financial investments

For available-for-sale financial investments, the Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that an investment or a group of investments is impaired.

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortization) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognized in the income statement, is removed from other comprehensive income and recognized in the income statement.

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

可供出售金融資產(續)

於權益投資被分類為可供出售類別情況 下,客觀減值證據將包括公平值出現重 大下滑或持續跌至低於其成本。「重大」 和「持續」的界定取決於判斷。「重大」根 據投資原值評定,「持續」根據公平值低 於其原值的期間評定。倘若出現減值證 據,以購買成本與現行公平值之差額計 價的累積虧損,在扣減以往在收益表確 認之任何減值虧損後,從其他全面收益 中轉撥至收益表。分類為可供出售類別 權益工具的減值損失不透過收益表撥 回。減值後公平值的增加直接於其他全 面收益中確認。

撤銷確認金融資產

金融資產(或金融資產之一部分或一組 相似金融資產之一部分,如適用)在下 列情況將被撤銷確認,倘:

- 收取該項資產的所得現金流量之權
 利經已屆滿;
- 本集團已將收取該項資產所得現金 流量之權利轉讓,但已透過「傳送」 安排,將所得現金流量在沒有顯著 延緩之情況下,全數付予第三者; 及(i)本集團已轉讓該項資產之絕大 部分風險及回報;或(ii)本集團並 無轉讓或保留該項資產絕大部分風 險及回報,但已轉讓該項資產之控 制權。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Notes to Financial Statements

Available-for-sale financial investments (continued)

In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment below its cost. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. "Significant" is evaluated against the original cost of the investment and "prolonged" against the period in which the fair value has been below its original cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognized in the income statement – is removed from other comprehensive income and recognized in the income statement. Impairment losses on equity instruments classified as available-for-sale are not reversed through the income statement. Increases in their fair value after impairment are recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the receive cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "passthrough" arrangement; and either (i) the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of the asset, or (ii) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

撤銷確認金融資產(續)

倘本集團已轉讓其收取該項資產所得現 金流量之權利或已訂立傳送安排,但 並無轉讓或保留該項資產之絕大部分風 險及回報,且並無轉讓該項資產之控制 權,該項資產將確認入賬,條件為本集 團須持續涉及該項資產。於該情況下, 本集團亦確認相關負債。已轉讓資產及 相關負債乃按反映本集團保留之權利及 義務之基準計量。

持續涉及指本集團就已轉讓資產作出之 一項保證,已轉讓資產乃以該項資產之 原賬面值及本集團或須償還之代價數額 上限(以較低者為準)計算。

金融負債

初始確認及計量

香港會計準則第39號所界定的金融負 債分類為透過損益賬按公平值列賬的金 融負債、貸款及借款或指定於有效對沖 中作為對沖工具的衍生工具(視情況而 定)。本集團於初始確認後釐定其金融 負債分類。

所有金融負債初始按公平值確認,而如 屬貸款及借款,則加上直接應佔交易 成本。

本集團之金融負債包括應付貿易及票據 賬款、其他應付賬款及銀行貸款。

Derecognition of financial assets (continued)

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Group also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and bills payables, other payables and bank loans.

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

金融負債(續)

後續計量

金融負債之計量根據其分類進行,該等 金融負債之分類如下:

貸款及借款

於初始確認後,計息貸款及借款其後使 用實際利息法以攤銷後的成本計價,惟 折算之影響並不重大者除外,於該情況 下則以成本列賬。

如果負債撤銷確認以及按實際利息法進 行攤銷程序時,其損益在收益表內確 認。

攤銷後的成本於計入收購之任何折讓或 溢價後計算,並包括屬實質利率不可分 割部分之費用或成本。實質利率攤銷於 收益表內確認。

撤銷確認金融負債

財務負債之責任已解除或註銷或屆滿時 撤銷確認。

當現有金融負債為同一貸款人以重大不 同條款之負債取代時,或現有負債之條 款有重大修改時,有關交換或修改則被 視為撤銷確認原有負債及確認一項新負 債,而有關賬面值之差額乃於收益表內 確認入賬。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Gains and losses are recognized in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest rate method amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortization is included in the income statement.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the income statement.

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

抵銷金融工具

金融資產與金融負債抵銷,而有關淨額 當及僅當有現時可強制執行之法律權利 以抵銷已確認金額且有意按淨額基準結 算或變現資產及結清負債時在財務狀況 表呈報。

存貨

存貨乃按成本值及可變現淨值之較低者 入賬。成本按加權平均法計算,倘為在 製品及製成品,則包括直接物料,直接 勞工及應分擔之生產費用的部分入賬。 可變現淨值乃根據估計售價減去預計 直至產品製成及出售貨品所需之任何 成本。

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等 價物指現金、銀行結存及定期存款、以 及可隨時轉換為已知數額現金,並承受 價值變動風險甚微之短期及高度流通性 之投資,一般於購入時三個月內到期, 扣除須應要求償還之銀行透支,該銀行 透支用作為本集團現金管理之一個完整 部分。

就財務狀況表而言,現金及銀行結存包 括現金、銀行結存及定期存款,其用途 並無限制。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to be realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realizable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, bank balances and bank deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statement of financial position, cash and bank balances comprise cash on hand, bank balances and bank deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

撥備

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Provisions

A provision is recognized when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognized for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the income statement.

Provisions for product warranties granted by the Group on certain products are recognized based on sales volume and past experience of the level of repairs and returns, discounted to their present values as appropriate.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

由於過往事件而需要承擔現時責任(法 定或推定),而履行該責任很可能導致 資源流出,且責任之金額能夠可靠地估 計,則確認撥備。

倘貼現影響大,確認為撥備之金額為預 期履行該責任所需之未來開支於報告期 末之現值。倘由於時間流逝導致已貼現 現值金額增加,則計入收益表之融資成 本內。

本集團確認若干產品之產品保證撥備, 乃根據銷售量及過往維修及退貨之情 況,(適當地)貼現至其現值金額。

所得税

所得税包括當期及遞延税項。與於損益 以外確認之項目有關之所得税乃於損益 以外在其他全面收入或直接於權益內確 認。

本年度及以前期間之即期税務資產及負 債以預期可退回或支付予税務機關的金 額計量,根據報告期末已頒佈或實際頒 佈之税率(及税務法例)推算,並計及詮 釋及本集團經營所在國家之現行慣例。

在報告期末時,資產與負債的税基與其 在財政報告的賬面值之間的所有暫時性 差異,按負債法計提遞延税項撥備。

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

所得税(續)

所有應課税暫時性差異均會確認為遞延 税項負債,惟:

- 倘若遞延税項負債的起因,是由一 宗非屬企業合併的交易中初始確認 之資產或負債,與及在交易時,對 會計利潤或應課税利潤或虧損均無 影響,則屬例外;及
- 對於涉及附屬公司及聯營公司之投 資的應課税暫時性差異而言,倘若 撥回暫時性差異的時間可以控制, 以及該暫時性差異可能不會在可見 將來撥回,則屬例外。

對於所有可於税務上扣減之暫時性差 異、承前未用税項資產及未用税項虧 損,若日後有可能出現應課税利潤,可 用以抵扣該等可扣減暫時性差異、承前 未用税項資產及未用税項虧損,則遞延 税項資產方會確認入賬,惟:

- 倘若有關可扣減暫時性差異的遞延 税項資產的起因,是由一宗非屬企 業合併的交易中初始確認資產或負 債,而且在交易時,對會計利潤或 應課税利潤或虧損均無影響,則屬 例外;及
- 對於涉及附屬公司及聯營公司之投 資的可扣減暫時性差異而言,只有 在暫時性差異有可能在可見將來撥
 回,而且日後有可能出現應課税利 潤,可用以抵扣該等暫時性差異
 時,方會確認遞延税項資產。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with interests in subsidiaries and associates, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with interests in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (b) service fee income, when the services have been rendered;

所得税(續)

遞延税項資產的賬面值,在每個報告期 末予以評估。若不再可能有足夠應課税 利潤用以抵扣相關税項資產的全部或部 分,則扣減遞延税項資產賬面值。在可 能有足夠應課税利潤用以抵扣相關税項 資產的全部或部分時,則在每個報告期 末確認過往不予確認的遞延税項資產。

變現資產或清償負債的期間預期適用的 税率,會用作衡量遞延税項資產及負 債,並以報告期末當日已經生效或大致 上已經生效的税率(及税法)為基準。

遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債只可在即 期税項資產及即期税項負債有合法可行 使的權利下,以及在遞延税項乃關乎同 一課税公司及同一税務機關之情況下, 方可互相抵銷。

收益確認

在本集團可能獲得有關經濟收益及該收 益已能可靠地計量時,收益才會被確認 及按下列基準入賬:

- (a) 出售貨品方面,當貨品擁有權之大
 部分風險及收益已轉移至買家,而
 本集團並無保持與該已出售貨品業
 權通常有關連之管理參與及實質控
 制;
- (b) 服務費收益在已提供服務時;

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

- (c) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset; and
- (d) dividend income, when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

Pre-operating expenses

Pre-operating expenses represent expenses incurred prior to the commencement of commercial operations and are charged to the income statement when incurred.

Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under the operating leases are charged to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Prepaid land lease payments under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognized on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

收益確認(續)

- (c)利息收入以實際利率按應計基準確認,實際利率按貼現率於金融工具預計年期折算估計未來現金流入至財務資產之賬面淨值;及
- (d) 股息以股東收取款項之權利確 立時。

開辦費用

開辦費用指在開始商業營運前發生之費 用,於發生時在收益表中列支。

經營租賃

凡資產擁有權之所有回報及風險大部分 仍歸出租人所有之租賃均列作經營租 賃。倘若本集團為承租人,則根據經營 租賃須支付租金按直線基準於租賃年期 內在收益表中列支。

經營租賃下預付土地租賃款初始按成本 列賬,其後按租期以直線基準確認。

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. All differences are taken to the income statement. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries and associates are currencies other than Hong Kong dollars. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period and their income statements are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognized in the income statement.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

外幣

該等財務報表以港幣(乃本公司之功能 及呈列貨幣)呈列。本集團屬下各公司 自行決定其功能貨幣,而各公司的財務 報表內之項目均以該功能貨幣計算。本 集團屬下各公司列賬之外幣交易首先按 交易日期之功能貨幣匯率入賬。於報告 期末以外幣為單位之貨幣資產與負債按 該日之功能貨幣匯率重新換算。所有 調誌入收益表。根據外幣歷史成本計算 之非貨幣項目按初始交易日期之匯率換 算。根據外幣公平值計算之非貨幣項目 按釐定公平值當日之匯率換算。

若干海外附屬公司、及聯營公司之功能 貨幣並非港元。於報告期末,該等公司 之資產及負債均按報告期末之匯率換 算為本公司之呈報貨幣,而該等公司之 收益表按年內之加權平均匯率算換為港 元。匯率差異計入其他全面收益,並累 計至權益之獨立部分。於出售外地營運 時,就特定外地營運之其他全面收入部 分將於收益表確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司 之現金流量按有關日期之匯率換算為港 元。海外附屬公司年內經常產生之現 金流量按年內之加權平均匯率換算為 港元。

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

僱員褔利

(a) 退休金計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例 設立定額供款之強制性公積金退休 福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)予合資格 參與該強積金計劃之僱員。供款乃 按僱員底薪之若干百分比計算,並 於根據強積金計劃之規則應予支付 時計入收益表。強積金計劃之資產 乃獨立於本集團之資產,並由獨立 管理之基金另行持有。本集團之僱 主供款於強積金計劃供款後全數歸 屬僱員。

強積金計劃生效前,本集團曾設立 一個定額供款退休福利計劃(「退休 計劃」),供合資格及選擇參與該計 劃之僱員參加。退休計劃與強積金 計劃之運作方式相近,惟倘僱員於 有權全數收取本集團之僱主供款以 前離職,本集團繼後應付之供款可 以從遭放棄之有關款項扣減。

本集團在中國大陸附屬公司之僱員 須參與地方市政府所管理之中央退 休金計劃(「中央計劃」)。該等附屬 公司須根據其僱員之薪金若干百分 比計算,在按中央計劃規定之支付 日期向該中央計劃支付供款額,並 在有關之期間從收益表中扣除。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits

(a) Pension schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a certain percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

Prior to the MPF Scheme becoming effective, the Group operated a defined contribution retirement benefits scheme (the "DCRB Scheme") for those employees who were eligible and had elected to participate in the DCRB Scheme. The DCRB Scheme operates in a similar way to the MPF Scheme, except that when an employee leaves the Group prior to his/her interest in the DCRB Scheme vesting fully, the ongoing contributions payable by the Group would be reduced by the relevant amount of the forfeited employer contributions.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme (the "Central Scheme") which is operated by the local municipal governments. The contributions payable by these subsidiaries to the Central Scheme, which are based on a certain percentage of the salaries of their employees, are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the Central Scheme.

31 March 2010

3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

僱員褔利(續)

(a) 退休金計劃(續)

根據台灣勞動基準法所要求,本集 團在台灣之附屬公司設立一項撥款 定額福利退休金計劃(「舊計劃」), 並須每月向該退休準備金供款,為 僱員提供退休及終止服務之福利。 該退休準備金由勞工退休準備金監 督委員會(「委員會」)管理,並以委 員會之名義存入一間經政府批准擔 當託管人之金融機構。為該舊計劃 所提供退休金的預計成本,會在僱 員提供有關服務予集團在台灣附屬 公司的期間內從收益表中扣除。

於二零零五年,台灣政府修訂了相 關的退休金計劃,於勞工退休金條 例中,增加了新的供款性退休金計 劃「新計劃」,並於二零零五年七月 一日生效。根據修訂的退休規則, 僱員能按需要選擇新計劃或繼續舊 計劃。本集團在台灣之附屬公司對 選擇了新計劃的僱員的責任為自選 擇後按每月報酬的所需部分供款予 政府指定賬戶,但本集團在台灣之 附屬公司仍須負責按舊計劃於二零 零五年七月一日前相關服務年期的 部分。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

(a) Pension schemes (continued)

As required by the Taiwanese Labour Standard Law, the Group's subsidiaries in Taiwan operate a funded defined benefits pension scheme (the "Old Scheme") and make monthly contributions to the retirement fund to meet employees' retirement and termination benefits entitlements. The fund is administered by the Employees' Retirement Fund Committee (the "Committee") and is deposited under the Committee's name with a government approved financial institution, which acts as the trustee. The expected costs of providing pensions under the Old Scheme are charged to the income statement over the periods during which the employees provide the related services to the Group's subsidiaries in Taiwan.

In 2005, the Taiwan government amended the related pension scheme by adding a new contributory pension scheme (the "New Scheme") in the Labour Pension Act, which became effective on 1 July 2005. According to the amended retirement regulations, the employees could choose to either select the New Scheme or to stay with the Old Scheme whatever they want. The obligation of the Group's subsidiaries in Taiwan to those employees selecting the New Scheme is to contribute the required portion of the monthly compensation, to the government designated account since the election, while the Group's subsidiaries in Taiwan are still liable under the Old Scheme for the portion pertaining to the service years prior to 1 July 2005.

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3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

(b) Share-based payment transactions

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognized, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the income statement for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

僱員褔利(續)

(b) 基於股權的支付交易

本公司採納購股權計劃,目的是獎勵及鼓勵為本集團帶來貢獻之合資 格人士。集團的僱員(包括董事)為 集團提供服務籍以換取股權形式報 酬之交易是為「以股權支付交易」。

與僱員進行於二零零二年十一月七 日之後以股權支付交易成本乃參考 授權當日的公平值計算。公平值乃 外聘估值師採用二項式模式釐定。

以股權支付交易的成本連同股價的 相應升幅會於達到表現及/或服務 條件的期內確認。由每個報告期末 直至歸屬日就以股權支付交易確認 的累計支出反映歸屬期屆滿,以及 就本集團有關最終將會歸屬的股本 工具數目的最佳估計。每一期間收 益表之扣除或計入,指該期間開始 和結束時已確認累計支出之變動。

除非購股權的歸屬權是附帶市況或 非歸屬條件,最終未能獲得歸屬權 的報酬是不會被確認列支,但只要 所有其他表現及/或服務的條件已 經達成,則不論市況或非歸屬條件 是否達到,該購股權均會視作已獲 歸屬權處理。

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3. 主要會計政策摘要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

(b) Share-based payment transactions (continued)

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognized as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognized for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognized for the award is recognized immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph. All cancellations of equity-settled transaction awards are treated equally.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognized as expenses in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

僱員褔利(續)

(b) 基於股權的支付交易(續)

當以股權支付報酬的條件修訂時, 會確認最少的支出,猶如條款並無 修訂一般之符合購股權原先條款之 水平。此外,倘按修訂日期的計 算,任何修訂導致基於股權的支付 交易的總公平值有所增加,或對僱 員帶來其他利益,則應就該等修訂 確認支出。

當以股權支付報酬註銷時,會視作 報酬已於註銷當日已歸屬,而報酬 尚未確認的任何支出會即時確認。 此包括未符合屬本集團或僱員控制 範圍內之非歸屬條款所涉及之購股 權。然而,倘註銷的報酬有任何替 代的新報酬,並指定為授出當日的 替代報酬,則該項註銷及報酬會如 上段所述被視為原有報酬的修訂處 理。所有以股權結算交易之購股權 註銷之處理方法相同。

未行使購股權的攤薄影響會以額外 股份攤薄入賬,計算每股盈利。

借貸成本

借貸成本於其發生期內在收益表確認為 支出。

31 March 2010

4. 重大會計判斷及估計

編製本集團財務報表時,管理層須作出 可能影響於報告期末之收益、開支、 資產及負債以及或然負債之呈報數目之 判斷、估計及假設。然而,此等假設及 估計之不確定因素可能導致須於未來為 受影響之資產及負債賬面值作出重大調 整。

判斷

於應用本集團之會計政策過程中,管理 層已作出下列對財務報表內所確認金額 產生最重大影響之判斷:

(a) 資產減值

釐定資產有否出現減值或過往導致 減值之情況是否不再存在時,本集 團須就資產減值範圍作出判斷, 常用是評估(1)有否出現可能影響資產 價值之事件或影響資產價值之該響 價值之事件或影響資產價值之該等 價值之事件或影響資產價值之該等 價值之事件或影響資產價值之該等 個目後現金流量現值淨額支持, 而日後現金流量按持續使用資產這 預測所用適合主要假設包括現金流量 預測所用適合主要假設包括現金流量 重層所選用以決定減值水平之假設 (包括現金流量預測所用折現率減 所用現值淨額構成重大影響。

(b) 分派股息產生之扣繳税

本集團在決定是否應根據有關税務 管轄權就若干附屬公司所分派之股 息計提扣繳税,乃按支付股息時間 而作出判斷。本集團認為,倘若於 可預見之未來溢利不獲分派,則毋 須計提扣繳税。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

(a) Impairment of assets

In determining whether an asset is impaired or the event previously causing the impairment no longer exists, the Group has to exercise judgement in the area of asset impairment, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred that may affect the asset value or such event affecting the asset value has not been in existence; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset or derecognition; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections including whether these cash flow projections are discounted using an appropriate rate. Changing the assumptions selected by management to determine the level of impairment, including the discount rates or the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test.

(b) Withholding taxes arising from the distributions of dividends

The Group's determination as to whether to accrue for withholding taxes arising from the distributions of dividends from certain subsidiaries according to the relevant tax jurisdictions is subject to judgement on the timing of the payment of the dividend. The Group considered that if the profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future, then no withholding taxes should be provided.

31 March 2010

4. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不明朗因素

大有可能導致下一財政年度之資產及負 債賬面值須作重大調整之未來主要假設 及報告期末之其他主要估計不明朗因素 討論如下。

(a) 商譽減值

本集團至少每年釐定商譽是否減 值,對已獲分配商譽之現金產出單 位之使用價值作出估計。估計使用 價值要求本集團對來自現金產出單 位之預期未來現金流量作出估計, 亦要選擇合適折現率計算該等現金 流量之現值。於二零一零年三月 三十一日,商譽之賬面值為港幣 94,931,000元(二零零九年:港幣 94,931,000元)。減值評估之詳情 載列於附註17。

(b) 存貨減值之估計

本集團之管理層定期檢閲陳舊存貨 之貨齡分析,此涉及將陳舊存貨項 目之賬面值與相關公平值減銷售成 本作比較。其目的在於確定有否需 要對任何陳舊及滯銷之項目於財務 報表計提減值。此外,亦定期進行 人手點算所有存貨,以決定是否需 要對任何已辨別之陳舊存貨及次貨 計提減值。

(c) 應收貿易及票據賬款減值之估計

釐定是否需要計提應收貿易及票據 賬款減值時,本集團會考慮欠賬之 賬齡狀況及收回可能性。鑑定可能 賬款減值的客觀證據後,負責人員 會與有關客戶討論並就收回成數向 管理層匯報。就不大可能收回而減 值之應收款方會作個別減值撥備。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed as below.

(a) Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating unit and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of goodwill as at 31 March 2010 was HK\$94,931,000 (2009: HK\$94,931,000). More details of the impairment assessment are given in note 17.

(b) Estimation regarding impairment of inventories

Management of the Group reviews the inventory ageing analysis on a periodic basis for those aged inventories. This involves comparison of the carrying value of the aged inventory items with the respective fair value less costs to sell. The purpose is to ascertain whether impairment is required to be made in the financial statements for any obsolete and slow-moving items. In addition, physical counts on all inventories are carried out on a periodic basis in order to determine whether impairment needs to be made in respect of any obsolete and defective inventories identified.

(c) Estimation regarding impairment of trade and bills receivables

In determining whether impairment of trade and bills receivables is required, the Group takes into consideration the ageing status and the likelihood of collection. Following the identification of objective evidence for potential impairment of debts, the responsible personnel will discuss with the relevant customers and report to management on the recoverability. Individual impairment allowance is only made for those impaired receivables that are unlikely to be collected.

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5. 經營分部資料

本集團主要從事製造及銷售注塑機及有 關產品。就管理而言,本集團根據其客 戶所在地分為不同業務單位,有下列三 個可報告經營分部:

- (i) 中國大陸及香港;
- (ii) 台灣;及
- (iii) 其他海外國家。

管理層會分開監察本集團之經營分部之 業績,以就資源分配及表現評估方面作 出決定。分部表現乃根據經調整之除税 前溢利/(虧損)而計量之可報告分部溢 利/(虧損)來作評估。

分部資產扣除於聯營公司權益、遞延税 項資產及現金及銀行結存(抵押銀行存 款除外)。分部負債扣除銀行貸款、應 付税項及遞延税項負債。

可報告經營分部之間並沒有重大銷售。

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is principally involved in the manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines and related products. For management purposes, the Group is organized into business units based on the geographical location of customers and has three reportable operating segments as follows:

- (i) Mainland China and Hong Kong;
- (ii) Taiwan; and
- (iii) Other overseas countries.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/(loss), which is a measure of adjusted profit/(loss) before tax.

Segment assets exclude interests in associates, deferred tax assets and cash and bank balances except pledged bank deposits. Segment liabilities exclude bank loans, tax payable and deferred tax liabilities.

There are no significant sales between the reportable operating segments.

財務報表附註 二零一零年三月三十一日

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5. 經營分部資料(續)

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

下表載列截至二零一零年及二零零九年 三月三十一日止年度本集團經營分部之 收益、業績、若干資產、負債及開支資 料。 The following tables present revenue, results, certain assets, liabilities and expenditure information for the Group's operating segments for the years ended 31 March 2010 and 2009.

		從對外客戶的 分部收益 Segment revenue from external customers		分部業績 Segment results	
本集團	Group	from externa	il customers		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009	2010	2009
中國大陸及香港	Mainland China and Hong Kong	1,359,483	981,092	206,625	80,536
台灣	Taiwan	108,624	188,902	10,419	15,070
其他海外國家	Other overseas countries	338,227	433,113	21,061	42,308
		1,806,334	1,603,107	238,105	137,914
經營分部業績與 除税前溢利 調節如下:	Reconciliation of results of operating segments to profit before tax is as follows	::			
經營分部業績	Operating segment results			238,105	137,914
未攤分收入及收益	Unallocated income and gains			5,052	2,493
企業及未攤分支出	Corporate and unallocated expens	es		(38,742)	(33,273)
融資成本	Finance costs			(1,856)	(4,668)
應佔聯營公司	Share of profits less losses				
溢利減虧損	of associates			6,137	1,386
除税前溢利	Profit before tax			208,696	103,852

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5. 經營分部資料(續)

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

本集團	Group		分部資產 Segment assets				分部負債 Segment liabilities		
平集團 (港幣千元)	Group (HK\$`000)			2010		2009	2010		2009
中國大陸 及香港 台灣 其他海外國家	Mainland China and Hong Kong Taiwan Other overseas countries	i	1	33,377 12,520 83,288),431 3,011 9,474	733,989 65,646 113,034	i	65,296 46,502 58,896
			2,6	29,185	2,377	,916	912,669	4	70,694
於聯營公司權益 未攤分資產 未攤分負債	Interests in associates Unallocated assets Unallocated liabilities			18,702 45,151 -		,780 2,647 —	- - 102,159	-	- 62,495
			3,4	93,038	2,885	i,343	1,014,828	5	33,189
				0	其他分者 ther segment	t information 已於收益表	扣除/(回撥)的 值虧損		
		折舊及 Depreciat amortiz	ion and	其他非現金支出 Other nor expenses/(n-cash	charged/(r	nent losses eversed) in the statement	資本 Cap expend	tal
本集團 (港幣千元)	Group (HK\$`000)	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
中國大陸及香港	Mainland China and Hong Kong	47,434	58,164	(41,622)	(678)	(12,144)		65,481	115,285
台灣 其他海外國家	Taiwan Other overseas countries	1,126 4,760	2,017 2,089	10 _	(3) (2)	55 4,157	680 (999)	774 1,818	1,742 5,063
		53,320	62,270	(41,612)	(683)	(7,932)	(39,150)	68,073	122,090

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5. 經營分部資料(續)

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

	非流動資產 Non-current assets		
本集團 (港幣千元) 	Group (HK\$'000)	2010	2009
中國大陸及香港 台灣	Mainland China and Hong Kong Taiwan	829,769 104,036	965,417 98,547
		933,805	1,063,964

上述之非流動資產資料乃按資產所在地 及扣除於聯營公司權益及遞延税項資產 計算。 The non-current asset information above is based on the location of assets and excludes interests in associates and deferred tax assets.

6. 收益

6. REVENUE

收益(亦為本集團之營業額)指年內之銷 貨發票淨額,減去退貨及貿易折扣,而 不包括集團公司間之交易。 Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the net invoiced value of goods sold during the year, after allowances for returns and trade discounts, excluding intra-group transactions.

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7. 除税前溢利

7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

本集團之除税前溢利已扣除/(計入)下 列各項: The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	附註 Notes	2010	2009
售出存貨成本	Cost of inventories sold		1,355,571	1,234,089
折舊	Depreciation	15	51,488	60,378
預付土地租賃款之確認	Recognition of prepaid land lease payments	16	1,832	1,892
出售物業、廠房及設備	Gain on disposal of items of			
及預付土地租賃款	property, plant and equipment and			
之溢利*	prepaid land lease payments*		(41,653)	(738)
物業、廠房及設備	Write-off of items of			
之註銷*	property, plant and equipment*	15	41	26
契約土地及樓宇經營	Minimum lease payments under operating			
租賃下之最低租賃支出	leases of leasehold land and buildings		5,691	11,745
研究及開發費用***	Research and development costs***		18,669	16,806
核數師酬金	Auditors' remuneration		1,769	1,703
員工福利支出(董事酬金	Employee benefit expenses (excluding			
除外 <i>一附註9</i>):	directors' emoluments – note 9):			
工資及薪酬	Wages and salaries		172,408	192,497
以股權支付的購股權費用	Equity-settled share option expenses		-	8
退休金計劃供款	Pension scheme contributions		12,481	15,095
應收貿易及票據賬款	Impairment/(write-back of impairment) of			
減值/(減值撥回)淨額***	trade and bills receivables, net***		14,374	(14,725)
存貨減值撥回	Write-back of impairment of			
淨額**	inventories, net**		(22,306)	(24,425)
匯兑差異淨額***	Foreign exchange differences, net***		562	(27,710)
利息收入*	Interest income*		(5,052)	(2,493)
高賬齡負債之註銷*	Write-off of aged liabilities*		(500)	(5,300)
轉讓債權所得款項*	Proceeds from assignment of debts*		_	(8,944)

* 該等項目已包括於綜合收益表之「其他 收入及收益淨額」內。

** 該項目已包括於綜合收益表之「銷售成 本」內。

*** 該等項目已包括於綜合收益表之「其他 經營收入/(支出)淨額」內。 * These items are included in "Other income and gains, net" on the face of the consolidated income statement.

** This item is included in "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated income statement.

*** These items are included in "Other operating income/(expenses), net" on the face of the consolidated income statement.

Notes to Financial Statements 31 March 2010

8. 融資成本

8. FINANCE COSTS

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
於五年內全數償還之	Interest on bank loans		
銀行貸款利息	wholly repayable within five years	1,856	4,668

9. 董事酬金

9. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

依照香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)之上市規則及香港公司條例第161 條,年內董事酬金披露如下:

Directors' emoluments for the year disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance are as follows:

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
袍金:	Fees:		
執行董事	Executive directors	_	-
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive directors	690	676
其他酬金:	Other emoluments:		
薪酬、津貼及實物收益	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	9,283	11,258
表現掛鉤花紅	Performance related bonuses	7,741	_
以股權支付的購股權費用	Equity-settled share option expenses	_	21
退休金計劃供款	Pension scheme contributions	48	48
		17,762	12,003

往年度,根據公司購股權計劃,因應部 分董事提供的服務予本集團獲授予購 股權,詳細資料錄於財務報表之附註 31。該等購股權的公平值按歸屬期在 收益表中確認,其公平值於授出日計 算,包括在截至二零零九年三月三十一 日止年度之財務報表的該金額已包括上 述董事酬金的披露。

In prior years, certain directors were granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group, under the share option schemes of the Company, further details of which are set out in note 31 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which had been recognized to the income statement over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009 was included in the above directors' emoluments disclosures.

財務報表附註

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2010

9. 董事酬金(續) 9. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(a) 獨立非執行董事

(a) Independent non-executive directors

年內,支付予獨立非執行董事的袍 金如下: The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
陳慶光先生	Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN	150	150
Anish LALVANI先生	Mr. Anish LALVANI	195	195
陳智思先生	Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN	180	180
利子厚先生	Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE	165	151
		690	676

年內,並無其他酬金支付予獨立非 執行董事(二零零九年:無)。 There were no other emoluments payable to the independent nonexecutive directors during the year (2009: Nil).

(b) 執行董事

(b) Executive directors

			2010				
			薪酬、				
			津貼及		以股權支付		
			實物利益	表現	的購股權	退休金	
			Salaries,	掛鉤花紅	費用	計劃供款	
			allowances	Performance	Equity-settled	Pension	酬金總計
		袍金	and benefits	related	share option	scheme	Total
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	Fees	in kind	bonuses	expenses	contributions	emoluments
蔣震博士	Dr. Chen CHIANG	-	3,253	2,712	-	-	5,965
蔣麗苑女士	Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG	-	1,975	2,611	-	12	4,598
蔣志堅先生	Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG	-	1,659	1,750	-	12	3,421
鍾效良先生	Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG	-	1,377	374	-	12	1,763
吳漢華先生 ————————————————————————————————————	Mr. Sam Hon Wah NG	_	1,019	294	-	12	1,325
		-	9,283	7,741	-	48	17,072

31 March 2010

9. 董事酬金(續)

9. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(b) 執行董事(續)

(b) Executive directors (continued)

					2009		
			薪酬、				
			津貼及		以股權支付		
			實物利益	表現	的購股權	退休金	
			Salaries,	掛鉤花紅	費用	計劃供款	
			allowances	Performance	Equity-settled	Pension	酬金總計
		袍金	and benefits	related	share option	scheme	Total
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	Fees	in kind	bonuses	expenses	contributions	emoluments
蔣震博士	Dr. Chen CHIANG	-	4,063	_	-	_	4,063
蔣麗苑女士	Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG	-	2,481	-	-	12	2,493
蔣志堅先生	Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG	-	1,969	-	-	12	1,981
鍾效良先生	Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG	-	1,590	-	-	12	1,602
吳漢華先生	Mr. Sam Hon Wah NG	-	1,155	-	21	12	1,188
		-	11,258	-	21	48	11,327

鑑於二零零八年底,全球金融海嘯影 響,各執行董事自願同意暫時減薪,蔣 震博士及蔣麗苑女士減基本薪酬30%, 蔣志堅先生、鍾效良先生及吳漢華先 生減基本薪酬20%,全部由二零零八 年十二月一日起生效,直至本集團業務 好轉及執行董事認為合適的時間為止。 由於全球經濟開始持續從金融海嘯中復 蘇,而集團之營運亦趨於穩定,所有執 行董事同意將暫時減基本薪酬幅度改為 10%,並由二零一零年三月一日起生 效。當執行董事認為適當時,執行董事 之基本薪酬將回復至有關服務協議所載 之原有水平。 Due to the adverse effects of the global financial tsunami in late 2008, the executive directors had voluntarily agreed to effect a temporary reduction of 30% of basic remuneration in the cases of Dr. Chen CHIANG and Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG and 20% of basic remuneration in the cases of Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG, Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG and Mr. Sam Hon Wah NG, all with effect from 1 December 2008 until the business of the Group recovers and when the executive directors consider appropriate. In view of the global economy started and continued to recover from the financial tsunami and the business operation of the Group had become stable, all the executive directors had agreed to change the rate of temporary reduction of their basic remuneration to 10% with effect from 1 March 2010. The basic remuneration of the executive directors would be resumed to the original levels as contained in their service agreements when the executive directors considered appropriate.

31 March 2010

9. 董事酬金(續)

年內,本公司一名董事行使其於二零零 三年三月十一日獲授之購股權而購得 334,000股本公司之普通股,詳情於財 務報表的附註31載列。該等購股權的 公平值按歸屬期在收益表中確認,其公 平值於授出日計算,包括在截至二零零 九年三月三十一日止年度之財務報表的 該金額已包括上述董事酬金的披露。

年內,本集團並無給予董事酬金以鼓勵 對方加入本集團或作為加入本集團時之 報酬、或離職賠償。

10. 五名獲最高酬金之僱員

年內,五名獲最高酬金之僱員包括五名 (二零零九年:五名)董事,其酬金已於 財務報表附註9載列。

11. 所得税支出

本集團年內有源於香港之應課税溢利, 故就香港利得税按16.5%(二零零九 年:16.5%)税率作出撥備。其他地區 之溢利税項則按本集團經營業務所在 國家/司法權區之現行税率計算。

9. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

During the year, one director of the Company exercised share options, which had been granted on 11 March 2003 to acquire 334,000 ordinary shares of the Company, details of which are set out in note 31 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which had been recognized to the income statement over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009 was included in the directors' emoluments disclosures.

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included five (2009: five) directors, details of whose emoluments are set out in note 9 to the financial statements.

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2009: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries/jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

本集團 (港幣千元)	Group (HK\$'000)	2010	2009
即期:	Current		
本年度税項支出	Charge for the year		
本午反仇頃又山 香港	Hong Kong	8,056	16
其他地區	Elsewhere	33,871	20,285
過往年度少提撥備	Underprovision in prior years	16,792	2,363
遞延一 <i>附註29</i>	Deferred – note 29	(3,941)	(5,964)
本年度税項支出	Tax charge for the year	54,778	16,700

財務報表附註 二零一零年三月三十一日

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

31 March 2010

11. 所得税支出(續)

就除税前溢利以適用於本公司及其附屬 公司所在國家/司法權區之法定税率計 算(税率由12%至25%)之税項支出, 與按實際税率計算之税項支出之調節如 下: A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rates, ranging from 12% to 25%, for the countries/jurisdictions in which the Company and its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rates is as follows:

本集團 (港幣千元)	Group (HK\$'000)	2010	2009
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	208,696	103,852
י ה אווג נימ טעראמי		200,050	100,002
按法定税率計算之税項 個別省份或地方機構	Tax at the statutory tax rates Tax concessions / lower tax rates for	43,707	17,132
之税務寬減/較低税率	specific provinces and local authority	(20,284)	(10,511)
税率變動對期初遞延税項 之影響 本集團於中華人民共和國	Effect on opening deferred tax of changes in rates Effect of tax on the equity transfer of	375	821
(「中國」)附屬公司之 股權轉讓對税項之影響	the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") subsidiaries of the Group	_	10,000
不可扣税之支出	Expenses not deductible for tax	17,031	11,397
毋須繳納税項之收入	Income not subject to tax	(9,793)	(16,269)
未確認之本年度税項虧損	Tax losses for the year not recognized	6,950	2,674
使用過往期間税項虧損	Tax losses from previous periods utilized	-	(907)
過往期間即期税項	Adjustments in respect of current tax of		
之調整	previous periods	16,792	2,363
本年度税項支出	Tax charge for the year	54,778	16,700

本集團若干於中國大陸經營之附屬公司 為外商獨資企業,該等附屬公司之首兩 個獲利經營年度獲豁免繳納中國所得 税,而於其後之三年則獲減免50%之中 國所得税。 Certain of the Group's subsidiaries operating in Mainland China are wholly-foreign-owned enterprises and are exempted from the income tax of the PRC for two years starting from the first profitable year of operations, and are entitled to a 50% relief from the income tax of the PRC for the following three years.

財務報表附註 - 零-零年=月=十-日

31 March 2010

11. 所得税支出(續)

於二零零七年三月十六日,全國人民代 表大會通過中國企業所得税法(「新企業 所得税法」)及國務院於二零零七年十二 月六日頒布條例實施細則,自二零零八 年一月一日起生效。根據新企業所得税 法,內地及外資企業的所得税率自二零 零八年一月一日起劃一為25%。然而, 就於新企業所得税法頒布前設立並享在 相關税務機關授予減免所得税率的企業 而言,新企業所得税率將自新企業所得 税法於二零零八年一月一日生效之後五 年內由優惠税率逐漸增至25%。目前 有權於一段固定時間獲得標準所得税率 豁免或減免的企業,可繼續享有該項待 遇,直至該段固定期限屆滿為止。

12. 本公司權益持有人應佔溢利

截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度 本公司權益持有人應佔綜合溢利中包 含於本公司財務報表已計入的溢利港 幣60,613,000元(二零零九年:港幣 11,099,000元)(附註32)。

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

The National People's Congress approved the Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") Law of the PRC (the "New CIT Law") on 16 March 2007 and the State Council announced the Detail Implementation Regulations on 6 December 2007, which was effective from 1 January 2008. According to the New CIT Law, the income tax rates for both domestic and foreign investment enterprises have been unified at 25% effective from 1 January 2008. However, for enterprises which were established before the publication of the New CIT Law and were entitled to preferential treatments of reduced CIT tax rate granted by relevant tax authorities, the new CIT rate will be gradually increased from the preferential rate to 25% within five years after the effective date of the New CIT Law on 1 January 2008. Enterprises that are currently entitled to exemptions from or reductions in the standard income tax rate for a fixed term may continue to enjoy such treatment until the fixed term expires.

12. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2010 includes a profit of HK\$60,613,000 (2009: HK\$11,099,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 32).

Notes to Financial Statements 31 March 2010

13. 股息

13. DIVIDENDS

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
因購股權獲行使而產生 之額外末期股息	Additional final dividend due to exercise of share options	-	453
中期股息每股普通股 港幣0.02元(二零零九年: 港幣0.02元)	Interim dividend of HK\$0.02 (2009: HK\$0.02) per ordinary share	12,583	12,577
建議末期股息每股普通股 港幣0.10元(二零零九年: 港幣0.05元)	Proposed final dividend of HK\$0.10 (2009: HK\$0.05) per ordinary share	62,919	31,442
		75,502	44,472

本年度建議之末期股息須經本公司股東 在即將舉行之股東周年大會批准後方可 作實。

14. 本公司權益持有人應佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據年內本公司權益持 有人應佔本集團溢利港幣153,500,000 元(二零零九年:港幣85,786,000 元)及年內已發行普通股之加權平 均數629,018,608股(二零零九年: 628,595,677股)計算所得。

每股攤薄盈利乃根據年內本公司權益持 有人應佔本集團溢利港幣153,500,000 元(二零零九年:港幣85,786,000元) 及普通股之加權平均數629,194,787股 (二零零九年:628,815,151股)(即計 算每股基本盈利內所用年內已發行普通 股之加權平均數629,018,608股(二零 零九年:628,595,677股)及假設年內未 獲行使之購股權已全部不需代價而獲行 使之普通股加權平均數176,179股(二 零零九年:219,474股))計算所得。

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the Group's profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year of HK\$153,500,000 (2009: HK\$85,786,000) and on the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 629,018,608 (2009: 628,595,677) in issue during the year.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the Group's profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year of HK\$153,500,000 (2009: HK\$85,786,000) and on the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 629,194,787 (2009: 628,815,151), being the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 629,018,608 (2009: 628,595,677) in issue during the year as used in the basic earnings per share calculation and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 176,179 (2009: 219,474) assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise of all share options outstanding during the year.

Notes to Financial Statements 31 March 2010

15.物業、廠房及設備

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

二零一零年三月三十一日

31 March 2010

本集團 (港幣千元)	Group (HK\$'000)	永久業權土地 及樓宇,及 租賃樓宇 Freehold land and buildings, and leasehold buildings	在建工程 Construction in progress	廠房、 機器、傢俬 及其他設備 Plant, machinery, furniture and other equipment	總計 Total
於二零零九年四月一日	At 1 April 2009				
成本	Cost	591,535	114,798	827,521	1,533,854
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(177,076)		(585,036)	(762,112)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	414,459	114,798	242,485	771,742
於二零零九年四月一日,	At 1 April 2009, net of				
心二令令九千百万 百 已扣除累計折舊	accumulated depreciation	414,459	114,798	242,485	771,742
- 近和陈系司 /) 皆 添置	Additions	414,459	56,810	11,138	68,073
出售	Disposals	(23,088)	50,010	(408)	(23,496)
注銷	Write-offs	(23,000)	_	(408)	(23,490)
轉撥	Transfers	_	(12,176)	12,176	(41)
本年度	Depreciation provided	_	(12,170)	12,170	_
- 「「」 「「「」」 「「」」 「」」 「」」 「」」 「」」 「」」 「」」	during the year	(15,136)	_	(36,352)	(51,488)
正 兑 調 整	Exchange realignment	6,927	528	1,498	8,953
於二零一零年三月三十一日,	At 31 March 2010, net of				
已扣除累計折舊	accumulated depreciation	383,287	159,960	230,496	773,743
於二零一零年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2010				
成本	Cost	530,948	159,960	847,537	1,538,445
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(147,661)	_	(617,041)	(764,702)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	383,287	159,960	230,496	773,743

31 March 2010

15.物業、廠房及設備(續)

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

廠房、

機器、傢俬

及其他設備

machinery,

furniture and

in progress other equipment

在建工程

Construction

Plant,

總計

Total

二零零九年三月三十一日 31 Ma		2009
		永久業權土地 及樓宇 [,] 及 租賃樓宇 Freehold land and buildings,
本集團	Group	and leasehold
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	buildings
於二零零八年四月一日	At 1 April 2008	
成本	Cost	594,886
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(161,562)

	/ (c 1 / (p) // E000				
成本	Cost	594,886	38,275	783,641	1,416,802
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(161,562)	-	(546,048)	(707,610)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	433,324	38,275	237,593	709,192
於二零零八年四月一日,	At 1 April 2008, net of				
已扣除累計折舊	accumulated depreciation	433,324	38,275	237,593	709,192
添置	Additions	643	85,785	35,662	122,090
出售	Disposals	_	-	(324)	(324)
註銷	Write-offs	_	-	(26)	(26)
轉撥	Transfers	_	(10,175)	10,175	-
本年度	Depreciation provided				
折舊撥備	during the year	(15,531)	-	(44,847)	(60,378)
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	(3,977)	913	4,252	1,188
於二零零九年三月三十一日,	At 31 March 2009, net of				
已扣除累計折舊	accumulated depreciation	414,459	114,798	242,485	771,742
	4+21 March 2000				
於二零零九年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2009		114 700	007 501	1 500 05 4
成本	Cost	591,535	114,798	827,521	1,533,854
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(177,076)	_	(585,036)	(762,112)
眼云河位		414 450	114 700	040 405	771 740
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	414,459	114,798	242,485	771,742

31 March 2010

15. 物業、廠房及設備(續) 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

本集團之在建工程位於香港以外地區, 並以中期契約持有。 The Group's construction in progress was situated outside Hong Kong and was held under medium term leases.

包括於上述本集團所持有永久業權土地 及樓宇,及租賃樓宇之分析如下: The Group's freehold land and buildings and leasehold buildings included above are analyzed as follows:

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
所持有的契約樓宇:	Leasehold buildings held under:		
在香港之中期契約	Medium term leases in Hong Kong	12,563	38,641
在香港以外地區之中期契約	Medium term leases outside Hong Kong	279,955	289,894
		292,518	328,535
在香港以外地區之	Freehold land and buildings		
永久業權土地及樓宇	held outside Hong Kong	90,769	85,924
		383,287	414,459

31 March 2010

15.物業、廠房及設備(續)

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

		傢俬及其他設備
本公司	Company	Furniture and
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	other equipment
二零一零年三月三十一日	31 March 2010	
於二零零九年四月一日,	At 1 April 2009,	
已扣除累計折舊	net of accumulated depreciation	738
本年度折舊撥備	Depreciation provided during the year	(98)
於二零一零年三月三十一日,	At 31 March 2010,	
已扣除累計折舊	net of accumulated depreciation	640
於二零一零年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2010	
成本	Cost	6,972
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(6,332)
		(0,002)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	640
二零零九年三月三十一日	31 March 2009	
於二零零八年四月一日,	At 1 April 2008,	
已扣除累計折舊	net of accumulated depreciation	836
添置	Addition	14
出售	Disposal	(13)
本年度折舊撥備	Depreciation provided during the year	(99)
於二零零九年三月三十一日,	At 31 March 2009,	
已扣除累計折舊	net of accumulated depreciation	738
於二零零九年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2009	
成本	Cost	6,972
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(6,234)
振面淨值	Net carrying amount	738

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16. 預付土地租賃款 16. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	200
於四月一日的賬面值	Coursing array upt at 1 April	57 (21	E0 75
	Carrying amount at 1 April	57,631	58,75
出售	Disposals	(8,254)	(1.00
本年度確認	Recognized during the year	(1,832)	(1,89
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	99	76
於三月三十一日的賬面值	Carrying amount at 31 March	47,644	57,63
流動部分包括在	Current portion included in		
訂金、預付款項及	deposits, prepayments and		
其他應收賬款	other receivables	(1,640)	(1,89
非流動部分	Non-current portion	46,004	55,73
本集團在上述所持有預付土地		payments included above	are analyze
本集團在上述所持有預付土± 分析如下:	也租賃款之 The Group's prepaid land lease as follows:	payments included above	are analyze
		payments included above	are analyze
分析如下:	as follows:	payments included above 2010	·
分析如下: 本集團 <i>(港幣千元)</i>	as follows: Group (HK\$'000)		-
分析如下: 本集團 <i>(港幣千元)</i>	as follows: Group (<i>HK\$'000</i>) Prepaid land lease payments held under:	2010	200
分析如下: 本集團 <i>(港幣千元)</i> 所持有的預付土地租賃款: 在香港之中期契約	as follows: Group (HK\$'000)		200
分析如下: 本集團 <i>(港幣千元)</i> 所持有的預付土地租賃款:	as follows: Group (<i>HK\$'000</i>) Prepaid land lease payments held under: Medium term leases in Hong Kong	2010	are analyze 200 24,00 33,62
分析如下: 本集團 <i>(港幣千元)</i> 所持有的預付土地租賃款: 在香港之中期契約 在香港以外地區	as follows: Group (<i>HK\$'000</i>) Prepaid land lease payments held under: Medium term leases in Hong Kong Medium term leases outside	2010 15,149 32,495	200 24,00 33,62
分析如下: 本集團 (港幣千元) 所持有的預付土地租賃款: 在香港之中期契約 在香港以外地區	as follows: Group (<i>HK\$'000</i>) Prepaid land lease payments held under: Medium term leases in Hong Kong Medium term leases outside	2010	200 24,00 33,62
分析如下: 本集團 (港幣千元) 所持有的預付土地租賃款: 在香港之中期契約 在香港以外地區	as follows: Group (<i>HK\$'000</i>) Prepaid land lease payments held under: Medium term leases in Hong Kong Medium term leases outside	2010 15,149 32,495	200 24,00 33,62
分析如下: 本集團 <i>(港幣千元)</i> 所持有的預付土地租賃款: 在香港之中期契約 在香港以外地區 之中期契約	as follows: Group (HK\$'000) Prepaid land lease payments held under: Medium term leases in Hong Kong Medium term leases outside Hong Kong	2010 15,149 32,495	200 24,00 33,62
分析如下: 本集團 (港幣千元) 所持有的預付土地租賃款: 在香港之中期契約 在香港以外地區 之中期契約 商譽	as follows: Group (HK\$'000) Prepaid land lease payments held under: Medium term leases in Hong Kong Medium term leases outside Hong Kong 17. GOODWILL	2010 15,149 32,495	200

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17. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試

由企業合併產生之商譽已分配予若干附 屬公司進行減值測試。該附屬公司之可 收回金額乃根據使用價值之計算釐定, 計算所用的現金流量預測以五年財政預 算為基礎。此使用價值計算的主要假設 包括預期增長率及折現率。財政預算 的制定反映了實際以及過去年度的表 現、及發展的預期。現金流量預測所用 的折現率定為9%(二零零九年:6%) (税前),以反映相關附屬公司之特定風 險。主要假設所用之價值與從外部所獲 得的資料相符。

17. GOODWILL (continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill

Goodwill acquired through business combinations has been allocated to certain subsidiaries for impairment testing. The recoverable amount of the subsidiaries is determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period. The key assumptions for the value in use calculation include the expected growth rate and discount rate. The financial budgets are prepared reflecting actual and prior year performance and development expectations. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 9% (2009: 6%) which is before tax and reflects specific risks relating to the relevant subsidiaries. The values assigned to key assumptions are consistent with external information sources.

18. 於附屬公司權益

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Company		
(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
Unlisted shares, at cost	172,370	172,370
Due from subsidiaries, net	1,286,149	1,033,946
Due to subsidiaries	(785,600)	(509,513)
	(HK\$'000) Unlisted shares, at cost Due from subsidiaries, net	(HK\$'000) 2010 Unlisted shares, at cost 172,370 Due from subsidiaries, net 1,286,149

與附屬公司之賬款餘額為無抵押及無固 定還款條款。與若干附屬公司之賬款餘 額乃按現行市場利率收取利息。因與附 屬公司之賬款餘額乃來自與附屬公司用 作營運融資的借款,本公司無意於報告 期末12個月內要求支付該等金額。

於二零一零年三月三十一日,就應收 若干附屬公司賬款計提減值撥備共港 幣65,000,000元(二零零九年:港幣 54,200,000元)。 The balances with subsidiaries are unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayment. The balances with certain subsidiaries bear interest at prevailing market rates. As the balances with subsidiaries arose from advances to/from the subsidiaries for the purpose of operational financing, the Company does not intend to demand settlement of the amounts involved within 12 months from the end of the reporting period.

As at 31 March 2010, there was an impairment of HK\$65,000,000 (2009: HK\$54,200,000) made on amounts due from certain subsidiaries.

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18. 於附屬公司權益(續)

年度內,就應收若干附屬公司賬款確認 減值港幣10,800,000元(二零零九年: 減值回撥為港幣20,900,000元),其總 賬面值為港幣212,527,000元(二零零 九年:港幣150,009,000元)。減值撥 備已考慮該等附屬公司之資產淨值。

主要附屬公司之詳情於144至147頁內 載列。

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

During the year, impairment losses of HK\$10,800,000 (2009: writeback of impairment losses of HK\$20,900,000) were recognized for amounts due from certain subsidiaries, with a total gross carrying amount of HK\$212,527,000 (2009: HK\$150,009,000). The impairment provision had taken into account the net assets values of the subsidiaries.

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are set out on pages 144 to 147.

19. 於聯營公司權益

19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
應佔資產淨值	Share of net assets	18,702	14,780

於聯營公司之賬款餘額為貿易相關、無 抵押、免息及一般於三十天內支付。就 此,於二零一零年三月三十一日,應收 一聯營公司賬款港幣45,000元(二零 零九年:港幣45,000元)及應付聯營 公司賬款港幣9,647,000元(二零零九 年:港幣17,435,000元)已分別錄入應 收貿易及票據賬款及應付貿易及票據賬 款內,分別於財務報表附註23及26載 列。

所有本集團之聯營公司均為於中國註冊 及於中國大陸經營之企業法人。 The balances with the associates are trade related, unsecured, interestfree and normally settled at a term of 30 days. Accordingly, as at 31 March 2010, the amount due from an associate of HK\$45,000 (2009: HK\$45,000) and the amounts due to associates of HK\$9,647,000 (2009: HK\$17,435,000) are included in the trade and bills receivables and the trade and bills payables, as disclosed in notes 23 and 26 to the financial statements, respectively.

All of the Group's associates are corporate entities registered in the PRC and operating in Mainland China.

財務報表附註 二零一零年三月三十一日

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19.於聯營公司權益(續)

19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

聯營公司之詳細資料如下:

Particulars of the associates are as follows:

名稱 Name		已發行股本面值/ 實收資本 Nominal value of issued share / paid-up capital	本集團應佔 權益百分比 Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group		主要業務 Principal activities
佛山市富雄鑄造廠 有限公司 Foshan Fu Xiong Foundry Company, Limited	y	美金1,520,000元 US\$1,520,000	25	Manufa	製造及銷售 球墨鑄鐵產品 cture and sale sting products
佛山市順德區富雄機械 製造有限公司 Foshan Shunde Fu Xiong Company, Limited	g Machinery	美金800,000元 US\$800,000	25		無經營活動 Dormant
附註:		Notes:			
(1) 上述公司非由香港安永 安永會計師事務所國際 司審核。			mpanies are not audited b firm of the Ernst & Young g		g Hong Kong or
(2) 上述公司以三月三十一 以符合其控股公司之報			npanies use 31 March as the ompany's reporting date.	eir reporting date	to conform with
下表載列本集團聯營公司 要取自於其管理報表:	司之財務資料摘	_	le illustrates the summa ciates extracted from the		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)			2010	2009
資產 負債 收益 溢利	Assets Liabilities Revenues Profit			132,338 (55,937) 117,854 26,138	101,045 (41,923) 92,778 5,544

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20. 可供出售權益投資 20. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE EQUITY INVESTMENTS

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
非流動部分:	Non-current portion:		
非上市投資,按成本值	Unlisted investments, at cost	_	170,539
減值	Impairment	-	(46,482)
		-	124,057
流動部分:	Current portion:		
非上市投資,按成本值	Unlisted investment, at cost	124,057	_
總計	Total	124,057	124,057

非上市可供出售權益投資為投資於一台 灣公司及間接投資於中國大陸一合營公 司。

於二零一零年三月三十一日,該於中國 大陸之非上市權益投資按成本列賬, 其賬面值為港幣124,057,000元(二零 零九年:港幣124,057,000元)。於報 告期末後,本集團獲得投資歸還為港 幣124,057,000元,其餘下投資成本為 港幣2元。此後,本集團訂立一出售全 部投資之交易,並載於財務報表附註 38。因此,該非上市權益投資於報告 期末由非流動資產重分類至流動資產。

年內,一台灣公司投資之總額及減值被 註銷,因預期有關投資金額未能收回。 The unlisted available-for-sale equity investments represent an investment in a Taiwanese company and an indirect interest in a joint venture company in Mainland China.

As at 31 March 2010, an unlisted equity investment in Mainland China with a carrying amount of HK\$124,057,000 (2009: HK\$124,057,000) was stated at cost. After the end of the reporting period, the Group received a return of investment of HK\$124,057,000 leaving the investment cost at HK\$2. After that, the Group entered into a transaction to dispose of the entire investment as disclosed in note 38 to the financial statements. Accordingly, the unlisted equity investment at the end of the reporting period was reclassified from non-current assets to current assets.

During the year, there was write-off of the gross amount and impairment of an investment in a Taiwanese company as it is expected not to be recovered.

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21. 持至到期投資 21. HELD-TO-MATURITY INVESTMENTS

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
持至到期投資:	Held-to-maturity investments:		
非上市持至到期之	Unlisted held-to-maturity		
商業票據,按成本值	commercial papers, at cost	_	7,800
減值	Impairment	-	(7,800)

年內,持至到期之商業票據投資到期並 沒有任何價值。 During the year, an investment in held-to-maturity commercial papers matured with no value.

22.存貨

22. INVENTORIES

本集團 (港幣千元)	Group (HK\$'000)	2010	2009
原料	Raw materials	235,460	277,929
在製品	Work in progress	219,258	209,633
製成品	Finished goods	217,355	216,747
		672,073	704,309

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23. 應收貿易及票據賬款

23. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
應收貿易及票據賬款	Trade and bills receivables	799,348	578,537
減值	Impairment	(75,916)	(62,455)
		723,432	516,082

客戶之貿易條款一般為現金交易、銀行 票據及信用放貸。本集團根據個別客戶 之商業實力及信譽提供信貸額,平均信 貸期為九十天,就若干有良好交易及還 款記錄之客戶,則延長其信貸期。本集 團採取嚴格政策控制信貸條款及應收賬 款,務求信貸風險降至最低。本集團並 無就該等結餘持有任何抵押或其他加強 信用之物品。

基於上述的觀點及本集團的應收貿易及 票據賬款由大量分散客戶所組成,故沒 有重大的集中信貸風險。應收貿易及票 據賬款並不附利息。

應收貿易及票據賬款減值撥備變動如 下: Trading terms with customers are either cash on delivery, bank bills or on credit. Customers are granted credit at the discretion of the Group, subject to their respective business strength and creditability. The average credit period is 90 days and extension of credit period is made for customers with good trading and repayment records. The Group adopts strict control policies over credit terms and receivables that serve to minimize credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade and bills receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. Trade and bills receivables are non-interest-bearing.

The movements in impairment allowance for trade and bills receivables are as follows:

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
於四月一日	At 1 April	62,455	76,074
已於收益表扣除的	Impairment losses charged/		
減值虧損/(計入	(write-back of impairment credited)		
的減值撥回)淨額	to the income statement, net	14,374	(14,725)
註銷不能收回的金額	Amounts written off as uncollectible	(1,224)	_
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	311	1,106
於三月三十一日	At 31 March	75,916	62,455

財務報表附註 零一零年三月三十一日

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23. 應收貿易及票據賬款(續)

在上述應收貿易及票據賬款減值撥備中 包括已作個別減值撥備的應收貿易賬款 港幣64,390,000元(二零零九年:港幣 56,980,000元),其於撥備前之賬面值 為港幣69,772,000元(二零零九年:港 幣61,401,000元)。已作個別減值撥備 之應收貿易及票據賬款涉及利息或本金 之拖欠及預期只可收回部分應收賬款之 客戶。

被視為沒有減值的應收貿易及票據賬款 按支付到期日計算之賬齡分析如下:

23. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

Included in the above impairment allowance for trade and bills receivables is an allowance for individually impaired trade receivables of HK\$64,390,000 (2009: HK\$56,980,000) with a gross carrying amount before provision of HK\$69,772,000 (2009: HK\$61,401,000). The individually impaired trade and bills receivables relate to customers that were in default or delinquency in interest or principal payments and only a portion of the receivables is expected to be recovered.

The aged analysis of the trade and bills receivables, based on the payment due date, that are not considered to be impaired is as follows:

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
未到期(並未逾期或減值)	Current (neither past due nor impaired)	526,796	335,172
逾期少於九十天	Less than 90 days past due	132,893	67,482
逾期九十一至一百八十天	91 to 180 days past due	20,662	48,536
逾期超過一百八十天	Over 180 days past due	43,081	64,892
		723,432	516,082

並未逾期或減值之應收款項涉及近期無 逾期付款記錄之客戶。

已逾期但並無減值之應收款項則涉及若 干與本集團有良好交易記錄的獨立客 戶。基於過往經驗,本公司董事認為, 由於信貸質素並無重大轉變,且該等結 餘仍被視為可全數收回,故毋須就有關 結餘作出減值撥備。 Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

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23. 應收貿易及票據賬款(續)

應收貿易及票據賬款當中包括應收一聯 營公司之款項港幣45,000元(二零零九 年:港幣45,000元),其付款條款與本 集團其他主要客戶相近。

於二零零九年三月三十一日,應收貿易 及票據賬款當中包括若干於中國大陸經 營之附屬公司所持有之應收票據港幣 14,321,000元已作抵押,用作擔保中國 大陸財務機構代該等附屬公司發出之若 干應付票據。

23. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

Included in the Group's trade and bills receivables is an amount due from an associate of HK\$45,000 (2009: HK\$45,000) which is repayable on similar credit terms to those offered to the major customers of the Group.

As at 31 March 2009, included in the Group's trade and bills receivables were pledged bills receivables of certain subsidiaries operating in Mainland China of HK\$14,321,000 for securing certain bills payables issued by financial institutions in Mainland China on behalf of the subsidiaries.

24. 訂金、預付款項及其他應收賬款

24. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		本身 Gro		本公司 Company	
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009	2010	2009
訂金及預付款項 預付土地租賃款,	Deposits and prepayments Prepaid land lease payments,	46,778	35,633	417	417
流動部分	current portion	1,640	1,896	_	_
其他應收賬款	Other receivables	33,071	28,768	308	308
		81,489	66,297	725	725

該等資產概無逾期或減值。結餘中的金 融資產涉及近期無逾期付款記錄之應收 賬款。 None of these assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in these balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

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25. 現金及銀行結存

25. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

		本集	東團	本公司		
		Gre	oup	Com	pany	
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009	2010	2009	
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	535,467	407,369	5,825	4,574	
於存款時距離	Bank deposits with			·	,	
原期滿日	original maturity of					
不足三個月	less than three months					
之定期存款	when acquired	179,885	10,957	50,000	_	
現金及	Cash and					
現金等價物	cash equivalents	715,352	418,326	55,825	4,574	
於存款時距離	Bank deposits with					
原期滿日	original maturity of					
超過三個月	more than three					
之定期存款	months when acquired	54,510	_	_	_	
抵押銀行存款(<i>附註1)</i>	Pledged bank deposits (Note 1)	94,329	27,264	_	_	

864,191

附註1: 該結存包括若干於中國大陸經營之 附屬公司所持有港幣32,524,000元 (二零零九年:港幣27,264,000元) 及港幣61,805,000元(二零零九年: 無)之抵押銀行存款,分別用作擔 保中國大陸若干財務機構給予若干 第三者的貸款及用作擔保中國大 陸財務機構發出之若干應付票據賬 款。

Total cash and bank balances

總現金及銀行結存

附註2: 銀行存款以銀行每日存款浮動利 率賺取利息。視乎本集團現金的需 求,而定立由一天至六個月不等的 定期存款,並以定期存款息率賺取 利息。 Note 1: The balance included pledged bank deposits of certain subsidiaries operating in Mainland China of HK\$32,524,000 (2009: HK\$27,264,000) and HK\$61,805,000 (2009: Nil) for securing certain loans granted by certain financial institutions in Mainland China to certain third parties and for securing certain bills payable issued by financial institutions in Mainland China, respectively.

445,590

55,825

4,574

Note 2: Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and six months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective time deposit rates.

財務報表附註

二零一零年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2010

26.應付貿易及票據賬款

26. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

於報告期末之應付貿易及票據賬款按支 付到期日計算之賬齡分析如下: An ageing analysis of the trade and bills payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the payment due date, is as follows:

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
未到期	Current	537,756	77,000
一至九十天	1 to 90 days	72,701	48,354
九十一天至一百八十天	91 to 180 days	3,002	121,595
超過一百八十天	Over 180 days	17,080	29,623
		630,539	276,572

應付貿易及票據賬款並不附利息。應付 貿易及票據賬款當中包括應付聯營公司 款項港幣9,647,000元(二零零九年:港 幣17,435,000元),其付款條款為三十 天內支付,該條款與聯營公司提供予其 主要客戶的放貸條款相近。 The trade and bills payables are non-interest-bearing. Included in the trade and bills payables are trade payables of HK\$9,647,000 (2009: HK\$17,435,000) due to associates which are repayable within 30 days, which represent similar credit terms to those offered by the associates to their major customers.

27. 其他應付賬款及應計負債

27. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

		本集團 Group		本公司 Company	
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009	2010	2009
已收取訂金	Deposits received	83,055	53,414	46	_
應計負債及	Accruals and				
其他負債	other liabilities	199,075	140,708	14,707	4,776
		282,130	194,122	14,753	4,776

記入其他應付賬款及應計負債的金融負 債並不附利息。 The financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals are non-interest-bearing.

28. 銀行貸款,無抵押

28. BANK LOANS, UNSECURED

	Group	E	t際利ጃ ffectiv est rat	e e	到期	2010	0000
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)		(%	5) Mat	urity	2010	2009
銀行貸款償還期 _ 一年內	Bank loans repayable within one year	1.2 (20	09: 1.7	7) 2	2010	41,964	37,864
本集團之無抵押銀行 計息。	貸款以浮動利率 T	he Group's unse	cured	bank loans a	are at floati	ng rates.	
. 遞延税項	29. D	DEFERRED TAX	(
年內,遞延税項負債及資		he movements i re as follows:	n defe	erred tax liat	pilities and	assets during	g the yea
遞延税項負債	D	eferred tax liab	lities				
本集團 (港幣千元)	Group (HK\$'000)	折舊減免都 相關 Depreci allowan excess of re depreci	折舊 ation ce in lated	撥備 Provisions	税項虧損 Tax losses	扣繳税 Withholding tax	總言 Tota
於二零零八年四月一日 本年度於收益表扣除/ (計入)之遞延税項 淨額(附註11)	At 1 April 2008 Deferred tax charged/(credi to the income statement during the year, net (<i>note</i>	ited)	2,414	(2,897) 2,167	(844)		16,14
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	, 11)	-	447	-	(1,686)	(1,23
於二零零九年 三月三十一日及	At 31 March 2009 and 1 April 2009		401	(000)	(000)	10.010	10.10
二零零九年四月一日 本年度於收益表扣除/ (計入)之遞延税項	Deferred tax charged/(credited to the income statement		2,421	(283)	(888)		12,16
		11) //	101	500	000		1.1.11
淨額(附註11) 海外附屬公司 調回利潤之扣繳税	during the year, net <i>(note</i>) Withholding tax on repatriation of earnings		2,421)	590	888	(2,273)	(3,21
淨額(<i>附註11)</i> 海外附屬公司	during the year, net <i>(note</i>) Withholding tax on repatriation of earnings from overseas subsidiarie		2,421) 	590 - (178)		(2,2/3) (3,176) 944	(3,17
淨額(附註11) 海外附屬公司 調回利潤之扣繳税	during the year, net <i>(note</i> Withholding tax on repatriation of earnings from overseas subsidiarie Exchange realignment Gross deferred tax liabilities recognized in th	es		_		(3,176)	(3,17

31 March 2010

29. 遞延税項(續)

29. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

遞延税項資產

Deferred tax assets

本集團 (港幣千元)	Group (НК\$'000)	折舊減免額超逾 相關折舊 Depreciation allowance in excess of related depreciation	撥備 Provisions	税項虧損 Tax losses	總計 Total
	(
二零零八年四月一日 本年度於收益表計入/ (扣除)之遞延税項淨額, 包括因實際税率的變更 影響之可扣抵税額 港幣625,000元	At 1 April 2008 Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the income statement during the year, net, including a tax charge of HK\$625,000 due to the effect of a change in	(124)	65,293	4,371	69,540
(附註11)	the effective tax rate (note 11)	88	(12,776)	15,913	3,225
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	-	1,457	99	1,556
於二零零九年 三月三十一日及 二零零九年四月一日 本年度於收益表計入/	At 31 March 2009 and 1 April 2009 Deferred tax credited/(charged)	(36)	53,974	20,383	74,321
(扣除)之遞延税項淨額, 包括因實際稅率的變更影響 之可扣抵税額 港幣379,000元	to the income statement during the year, net, including a tax charge of HK\$379,000 due to the effect of a change in				
(附註11)	the effective tax rate (note 11)	36	11,772	(11,083)	725
匯兑調整 ————————————————————————————————————	Exchange realignment	-	176	67	243
於二零一零年 三月三十一日 之確認於綜合財務狀況表 遞延税項資產總值	Gross deferred tax assets recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 March 2010	_	65,922	9,367	75,289

31 March 2010

29. 遞延税項(續)

就本集團之税項虧損源於香港為港幣 262,416,000元(二零零九年:港幣 232,260,000元)及源於中國大陸為港 幣70,182,000元(二零零九年:港幣 106,627,000元),可供抵銷錄得該虧 損之公司日後之應課税溢利。除於二零 一零年三月三十一日按日後之應課税溢 利預計可用作抵扣源於中國大陸的未動 用税項虧損港幣44,039,000元(二零零 九年:港幣81,532,000元)外,由於部 分公司已錄得虧損一段時間,並無預計 應課税溢利可供抵扣税項虧損,故無就 該等虧損確認遞延税項資產。在未確認 遞延税項虧損中,包括港幣26,143,000 元(二零零九年:港幣25,096,000元)的 税項虧損將於税項虧損產生後五年內逾 期。其他虧損可以無限期累積。

根據新企業所得税法,於中國大陸成立 的外資企業向外國投資者宣派股息時需 徵10%扣繳税,自二零零八年一月一日 起生效並適用於二零零七年十二月三十 一日後賺取的溢利。倘中國與外國投資 者所在司法權區訂有税務條約,則可能 適用較低的扣繳税税率。本集團於年內 的適用税率為5%或10%。

於二零一零年三月三十一日,本集團於 中國大陸成立的附屬公司未就未匯出溢 利的應付扣繳税確認重大遞延税項,其 無確認之相關的暫時性差異總值合共約 港幣270,110,000元(二零零九年:港 幣120,429,000元)。董事認為,該等 附屬公司不大可能於可見未來分配於二 零零八年一月一日後賺取之溢利。

29. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$262,416,000 (2009: HK\$232,260,000) and in Mainland China of HK\$70,182,000 (2009: HK\$106,627,000) that are available for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Except for tax losses arising in Mainland China of HK\$44,039,000 (2009: HK\$81,532,000) as at 31 March 2010 to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses can be utilized, deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these losses as they have arisen in those companies that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilized. Included in unrecognized tax losses are losses of HK\$26,143,000 (2009: HK\$25,096,000) that will expire within five years from the date losses arose. Other losses can be carried forward indefinitely.

Pursuant to the New CIT Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement was effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between the PRC and jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rates during the year were 5% or 10%.

At 31 March 2010, no significant deferred tax has been recognized for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China, of which the aggregate amount of temporary differences have not been recognized totalled approximately HK\$270,110,000 (2009: HK\$120,429,000). In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute their earnings accrued after 1 January 2008 in the foreseeable future.

財務報表附註 - 零-零年=月=十-日

31 March 2010

29. 遞延税項(續)

於二零一零年三月三十一日,並無就因 扣繳税產生之於台灣成立的附屬公司投 資相關的暫時性差異總值而確認的遞延 税項負債合共約港幣46,122,000元(二 零零九年:港幣10,621,000元)。

根據於二零零九年五月二十七日頒佈之 經修訂之台灣所得税法,台灣附屬公司 之所得税税率由25%下調至20%,自 二零一零年四月一日起生效。根據於二 零一零年六月十五日頒佈之進一步修訂 之台灣所得税法,所得税税率進一步由 20%下調至17%,自同日起生效。

本公司向其股東派發之股息並無任何所 得税之影響。

29. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

At 31 March 2010, the aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with the investments in subsidiaries established in Taiwan for which deferred tax liabilities arising from withholding tax have not been recognized totalled approximately HK\$46,122,000 (2009: HK\$10,621,000).

According to an amendment to the Income Tax Law of Taiwan enacted on 27 May 2009, the income tax rate for the Taiwanese subsidiaries decreased from 25% to 20% effective from 1 April 2010. A further amendment to the Income Tax Law of Taiwan enacted on 15 June 2010, the income tax rate further decreased from 20% to 17% effective from the same date.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

30.股本

30. SHARE CAPITAL

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
法定:	Authorized:		
1,000,000,000股普通股	1,000,000,000 ordinary shares		
每股港幣0.10元	of HK\$0.10 each	100,000	100,000
已發行及全數繳足:	Issued and fully paid:		
629,187,600股(二零零九年:	629,187,600 (2009:		
628,833,600股)普通股	628,833,600) ordinary shares		
每股港幣0.10元	of HK\$0.10 each	62,919	62,883

年內,隨附於354,000股購股權之認購 權以每普通股港幣1.988元之行使價獲 行使(附註31),為此,以總代價約港 幣704,000元(未計入發行支出)共發行 每股面值港幣0.10元之354,000股普通 股。 During the year, the subscription rights attaching to 354,000 share options were exercised at the exercise price of HK\$1.988 per ordinary share (note 31), resulting in the issue of 354,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each for a total cash consideration, before issue expenses, of approximately HK\$704,000 in aggregate.

31 March 2010

30.股本(續)

30. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

本公司已發行普通股股本變動詳情如 下: Details of the movements in the Company's issued ordinary share capital are as follows:

		已發行 已發行 普通股數目 股本		股份 溢價賬	
		Number of	Issued	Share	
		ordinary shares	share	premium	總計
		in issue	capital	account	Total
			港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零零八年四月一日	At 1 April 2008	626,227,600	62,623	501,454	564,077
獲行使之購股權	Share options exercised	2,606,000	260	4,920	5,180
於二零零九年	At 31 March 2009 and				
三月三十一日及	1 April 2009				
二零零九年					
四月一日		628,833,600	62,883	506,374	569,257
獲行使之購股權	Share options exercised	354,000	36	668	704
於二零一零年					
三月三十一日	At 31 March 2010	629,187,600	62,919	507,042	569,961

31.購股權

依據本公司於二零零二年八月二十三 日舉行之股東周年大會上通過之普通 決議案,本公司已採納一購股權計劃 (「2002年計劃」)。根據2002年計劃授 出之購股權並不給予持有人收取股息或 於股東大會上投票之權利。

31. SHARE OPTIONS

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 23 August 2002, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "2002 Scheme"). Share options under the 2002 Scheme do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

31 March 2010

31.購股權(續)

2002年計劃之詳情列載如下:

(a) 目的

對合資格之參與人於本集團作出或 將可作出貢獻而予以獎勵及鼓勵。

(b) 參與人

- (i) 本集團任何成員或任何控股股 東(根據2002年計劃之定義) 或由控股股東控制之任何公司 之:
 - (a) 任何董事(不論是執行或 非執行,包括任何獨立非 執行董事)及僱員(不論是 全職或兼職),或
 - (b) 其時借調之任何人;
- (ii) 持有本集團任何成員或任何控 股股東或控股股東控制之任何 公司所發行之任何證券持有 人;及
- (iii) 本集團任何成員或任何控股股 東或由控股股東控制之任何公 司之,
 - (a) 任何業務或合作夥伴、特 許經營權受讓人、承包商 或分銷商,

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

The particulars of the 2002 Scheme are as follows:

(a) Purpose

As rewards or incentives for the contribution or potential contribution to the Group from the eligible participants.

(b) Participants

 (i) (a) any director (whether executive or non-executive, including any independent non-executive director) and employee (whether full time or part time) of, or

(b) any individual for the time being seconded to work for,

any member of the Group or any controlling shareholder (as defined under the 2002 Scheme) or any company controlled by a controlling shareholder;

- (ii) any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any controlling shareholder or any company controlled by a controlling shareholder; and
- (iii) (a) any business or joint venture partner, franchisee, contractor or distributor of,

31 March 2010

31.購股權(續)

(b) 參與人(續)

- (b) 任何人士或個體提供研究、發展或其他技術支援或任何諮詢、專業顧問或其他與業務運作有關之服務,
- (c) 貨品或服務之任何供應 商,或
- (d) 貨品或服務之任何客戶。

就2002年計劃而言,參與人包括 由一位或多位隸屬以上任何界別參 與者所控制之任何公司。

(c) 可予發行普通股數目上限

於本年報日期,最多達49,140,760 股普通股(約相等於本公司已發行 股本7.81%)可予發行。

(d) 每位參與人可獲授權益上限

除根據2002年計劃之條款另行批 准外,每位參與人在任何十二個月 內(直至授出購股權當日止),如根 據2002年計劃及本公司任何其他 購股權計劃所獲授之購股權(包括 已註銷、已行使及尚未行使之購股 權)予以行使,所發行及將發行之 股份上限不得超過1%的本公司已 發行股本。

(e) 可根據購股權認購普通股之期限

由授出購股權之日起計十年內或本 公司董事局於授出時所指定的較短 期間。

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

(b) Participants (continued)

- (b) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or any advisory, consultancy, professional or other services in respect of business operations to,
- (c) any supplier of goods or services to, or
- (d) any customer of goods or services of,

any member of the Group or any controlling shareholder or a company controlled by a controlling shareholder.

For the purposes of the 2002 Scheme, the participants shall include any company controlled by one or more persons belonging to any of the above classes of participants.

(c) Maximum number of ordinary shares available for issue

A total of 49,140,760 ordinary shares are available for issue which represent approximately 7.81% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report.

(d) Maximum entitlement of each participant

The maximum number of ordinary shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of share options granted under the 2002 Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company to any participant (including cancelled, exercised and outstanding share options), in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the ordinary shares in issue unless otherwise approved in accordance with the terms of the 2002 Scheme.

(e) Period within which the ordinary shares must be taken up under a share option

Within ten years from the date of grant of the share option or such shorter period as the board of directors of the Company determines at the time of grant.

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31. 購股權(續)

(f) 購股權獲行使時必須持有最短期限 (如有)

於授出購股權時,本公司董事局將 指定購股權於可行使前必須持有之 最短期限(如有)。

(g) 接納購股權需付金額及付款的期限

在提出購股權要約之日起(包括該 日)四十五天內須接受有關之要 約。於接受每份購股權要約時,需 付港幣1.00元。

(h) 購股權行使價釐定之基準

行使購股權時須予支付之每股股份 行使價將由本公司董事局決定,惟 行使價須至少為下列最高者:

- (i) 聯交所於授出日期發出之每日 報價表所述之普通股收市價 (當日必須為交易日);
- (ii) 聯交所於緊接授出日期前五個聯交所交易日發出之每日報價表所述之普通股平均收市價;及
- (iii) 普通股之面值。

(i) 2002年計劃餘下之有效期

除根據2002年計劃條款另行結束 外,2002年計劃之有效年期為十 年,並將於二零一二年八月二十三 日屆滿。

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

(f) Minimum period, if any, for which a share option must be held before it can be exercised

At the time of granting a share option, the board of directors of the Company will determine the minimum period(s), if any, for which a share option must be held before it can be exercised.

(g) Amount payable upon acceptance of a share option and the period within which the payment must be made

An offer for the grant of a share option must be accepted within forty-five days inclusive of the day on which the offer was made. The amount payable on acceptance of the offer for an option is HK\$1.00.

(h) Basis of determining the exercise price of the share options

The exercise price per share payable on the exercise of a share option shall be determined by the board of directors of the Company and shall be no less than the highest of:

- (i) the closing price of the ordinary shares as stated in the daily quotation sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of offer of grant, which must be a business day;
- (ii) the average closing price of the ordinary shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer of grant; and
- (iii) the nominal value of an ordinary share.

(i) Remaining life of the 2002 Scheme

The 2002 Scheme has a life of ten years and will expire on 23 August 2012 unless otherwise terminated in accordance with the terms of the 2002 Scheme.

財務報表附註 二零一零年三月三十一日

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31.購股權(續)

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

下列為於年內根據2002年計劃授出但 尚未行使之購股權: The following share options were outstanding under the 2002 Scheme during the year:

參與人之姓名或類別 Name or category of participants		Nu	購股權數目 mber of share opt	tions		授出日期* Date of grant*	行使期限 Exercise period	每股行使價** Exercise price per share**
	於二零零九年 四月一日 At 1 April 2009	年內授出 Granted during the year	年內獲行使 Exercised during the year	年內失效 Forfeited during the year	於二零一零年 三月三十一日 At 31 March 2010			
						(日/月/年) (D/M/Y)	(日/月/年) (D/M/Y)	港元 HK
董事 Directors								
蔣志堅 Chi Kin CHIANG	334,000	-	_	-	334,000	11/3/2003	11/3/2008 - 10/3/2013	1.988
鍾效良 Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG	332,000 334,000	-	-	-	332,000 334,000	11/3/2003 11/3/2003	11/3/2004 – 10/3/2013 11/3/2008 – 10/3/2013	1.988 1.988
	666,000	-	-	-	666,000			
吳漢華 Sam Hon Wah NG	334,000	-	(334,000)	_		11/3/2003	11/3/2009 – 10/3/2013	1.988
小計 Subtotal	1,334,000	-	(334,000)	-	1,000,000			
僱員(除董事外) Employees (other than directo	ors)							
合共 In aggregate	10,000 24,000 230,000 100,000	- - -	- (20,000) -	- - -	10,000 24,000 210,000 100,000	11/3/2003 11/3/2003 11/3/2003 11/3/2003	11/3/2004 - 10/3/2013 11/3/2006 - 10/3/2013 11/3/2008 - 10/3/2013 11/3/2009 - 10/3/2013	1.98 1.98 1.98 1.98
小計 Subtotal	364,000	_	(20,000)	-	344,000			
總計 Total	1,698,000	-	(354,000)	-	1,344,000			

* 購股權之歸屬期間乃自授出日期直至行使期 限開始為止。 * The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.

** 倘若本公司供股、派送紅股或其他類似股本 變化,購股權之行使價可予調整。 ** The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

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Notes to Financial Statements

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

31 March 2010

Notes:

31.購股權(續)

附註:

- (1) 於二零零三年三月十一日之普通股每股 收市價為港幣1.98元。
- (2) 2002年計劃參與人在本年度行使之購 股權之加權平均股份收市價如下:
- The closing price of the ordinary shares on 11 March 2003 was HK\$1.98 per share.
- (2) The weighted average closing prices of the shares in which the share options were exercised during the year by the participants of the 2002 Scheme were as follows:

		加權平均收市價		
		Weighted average cl	osing prices	
		緊接行使日前一天 於行		
		Immediately before	On the date	
參與人之姓名或類別	Name or category of participants	the date of exercise	of exercise	
		港幣	港幣	
		HK\$	HK\$	
吳漢華	Sam Hon Wah NG	2.66	2.63	
僱員(除董事外)	Employees (other than directors)	2.87	2.93	

- (3) 根據2002年計劃每份授出購股權之代 價為港幣1.00元。
- (4) 如財務報表附註30所示,年內, 354,000股購股權獲行使,致使發行 354,000股每股面值港幣0.10元本公司 普通股及在未計入發行支出前增加股 本約港幣36,000元及股份溢價約港幣 668,000元。
- (5) 於二零一零年三月三十一日,本公司根 據2002年計劃有1,344,000股(二零零 九年:1,698,000股)購股權尚未行使。 如尚未行使之購股權全數獲行使,依本 公司現時之資本結構,將會發行額外 1,344,000股每股面值港幣0.10元之普 通股及在未計入任何相關股份發行支出 前增加股本約港幣134,000元及股份溢 價約港幣2,537,000元。

- (3) The share options granted under the 2002 Scheme are for a consideration of HK\$1.00 per grant.
- (4) The 354,000 share options exercised during the year resulted in the issue of 354,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company and new share capital of approximately HK\$36,000 and share premium of approximately HK\$668,000 (before issue expenses), as detailed in note 30 to the financial statements.
- (5) As at 31 March 2010, the Company had 1,344,000 (2009: 1,698,000) share options outstanding under the 2002 Scheme. The exercise in full of the share options outstanding would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 1,344,000 additional ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company, and additional share capital of approximately HK\$134,000 and share premium of approximately HK\$2,537,000 (before issue expenses).

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32.儲備

本集團

本集團本年度及過往年度的儲備及其變 化於綜合權益變動報表中呈列。

根據台灣公司法,亞塑機械股份有限公司及震雄機械廠股份有限公司須將一部 分税後溢利轉撥至一不可派發之資本儲 備中。惟當該資本儲備達到該公司資本 50%時,得以其半數撥充資本,而該 資本儲備亦可隨時用於抵銷虧損。於二 零一零年三月三十一日,該資本儲備為 港幣38,777,000元(二零零九年:港幣 38,535,000元)。

根據中國對外商獨資企業及中外合資經 營企業之法例,本公司於中國大陸之若 干附屬公司須轉撥部分税後溢利至法定 儲備(此為被限制使用之儲備),直至該 項儲備累積總額達至其註冊資本50%。

32. RESERVES

Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

In accordance with the Company Law of Taiwan, Asian Plastic Machinery Company, Limited and Chen Hsong Machinery Taiwan Company, Limited are required to transfer a portion of their profits after tax to a capital reserve, which is non-distributable. When the capital reserve has accumulated to 50% of their capital, up to 50% of the capital reserve may be capitalized. The capital reserve may be utilized at any time to offset any deficit. As at 31 March 2010, such capital reserve amounted to HK\$38,777,000 (2009: HK\$38,535,000).

In accordance with the Law of the PRC on Sole Foreign Investment Enterprises and Sino-foreign equity joint venture enterprises, certain of the Company's Mainland China subsidiaries are required to transfer a portion of their profit after tax to the statutory reserve fund, which are restricted as to use, until the accumulated total reaches 50% of their registered capital. **財務報表附註**

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32.儲備(續)

32. RESERVES (continued)

		股份 溢價賬	資本贖回 儲備			
+ a ¬		Share	Capital	資本儲備	保留溢利	(4.2)
	Company	premium	redemption	Capital	Retained	總計
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	account	reserve	reserve	profits	Total
於二零零八年四月一日	At 1 April 2008	501,454	295	2,875	236,503	741,127
本年度總全面收益	Total comprehensive income				11 000	11.000
	for the year	-	_	-	11,099	11,099
發行新股(<i>附註30)</i>	Issue of new shares (note 30)	4,920	_	-	-	4,920
以股權支付的	Equity-settled share option					
購股權安排	arrangements	-	_	29	-	29
截至二零零八年	Final dividend for the					
三月三十一日止	year ended					
年度之末期股息	31 March 2008	-	-	-	(109,417)	(109,417)
中期股息(附註13)	Interim dividend (note 13)	_	-	-	(12,577)	(12,577)
於二零零九年	At 31 March 2009					
三月三十一日及	and 1 April 2009					
二零零九年						
四月一日		506,374	295	2,904	125,608	635,181
本年度總全面收益	Total comprehensive income					
	for the year	_	-	-	60,613	60,613
發行新股(<i>附註30)</i>	Issue of new shares (note 30)	668	_	_	_	668
截至二零零九年	Final dividend for the					
三月三十一日止	year ended					
年度之末期股息	31 March 2009					
(附註13)	(note 13)	_	_	-	(31,442)	(31,442)
中期股息(<i>附註13)</i>	Interim dividend (note 13)	_	-	-	(12,583)	(12,583)
於二零一零年						
三月三十一日	At 31 March 2010	507,042	295	2,904	142,196	652,437

財務報表附註 零一零年三月三十一日

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33. 或然負債

33. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

於報告期末,沒有於財務報表撥備之或 然負債如下: As at the end of the reporting period, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

		本集團 Group		本公司	
				Com	pany
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009	2010	2009
就給予若干第三者信貸 而提供給財務機構的 擔保,最大數額	Guarantees given to financial institutions in connection with facilities granted to certain third parties, at the maximum	87,089	91,329	_	-
就給予附屬公司信貸而 提供給銀行的擔保 	Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted to subsidiaries		_	766,846	757,799
		87,089	91,329	766,846	757,799

於二零一零年三月三十一日,本公司就 給予附屬公司信貸而提供給銀行的擔保 已使用信貸額約為港幣120,964,000元 (二零零九年:港幣39,012,000元)。

As at 31 March 2010, the guarantees given by the Company to banks in connection with facilities granted to subsidiaries were utilized to the extent of approximately HK\$120,964,000 (2009: HK\$39,012,000).

34.承擔

於二零一零年三月三十一日,本集團關 於於中國大陸興建之工業建築物,已 簽約但未撥備之資本承擔合共約為港 幣12,755,000元(二零零九年:港幣 35,914,000元)。

於二零一零年三月三十一日,本集團關 於於中國大陸購買之物業、廠房及設 備,已簽約但未撥備之資本承擔合共約 為港幣19,332,000元(二零零九年:港 幣26,780,000元)。

於二零一零年三月三十一日,本公司無 重大的承擔(二零零九年:無)。 34. COMMITMENTS

As at 31 March 2010, the Group had capital commitments, which were contracted but not provided for, in respect of the construction of industrial buildings in Mainland China amounting to approximately HK\$12,755,000 (2009: HK\$35,914,000).

As at 31 March 2010, the Group had capital commitments, which were contracted but not provided for, in respect of the purchase of property, plant and equipment in Mainland China amounting to approximately HK\$19,332,000 (2009: HK\$26,780,000).

As at 31 March 2010, the Company had no significant commitments (2009: Nil).

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35. 關連人士交易

年內,除本財務報表其他附註所披露的 資料外,本集團還有以下的關連人士交 易:

(a)本集團以港幣57,440,000元(二零
 零九年:港幣54,924,000元)向一
 聯營公司以獨立供應商所提供之相
 約價錢與條款購買原材料。

另外,本集團向一關連公司,震堅 模具機械(深圳)有限公司(「震堅深 圳」),以價值港幣16,729,000元 (二零零九年:港幣12,033,000元) 購買原材料。年內,此交易亦為本 集團之持續關連交易。

蔣震博士及蔣志堅先生(二人為本 公司之董事)及彼等各自之聯繫 人,合共控制震堅實業有限公司股 東大會上80%之投票權。由於震堅 實業有限公司全資擁有震堅深圳, 所以震堅深圳被界定為本集團之關 連公司。以上交易是以本集團與該 關連公司雙方同意之價格及條款進 行。

35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to those disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group also had the following related party transactions during the year:

(a) The Group purchased raw materials amounting to HK\$57,440,000
 (2009: HK\$54,924,000) from an associate at prices and on terms similar to those offered by unrelated suppliers of the Group.

In addition, the Group purchased raw materials of HK\$16,729,000 (2009: HK\$12,033,000) from a related company, Zhenjian Mould & Machinery (Shenzhen) Company Limited ("CC-SZ"). These transactions were also continuing connected transactions of the Group during the year.

Dr. Chen CHIANG and Mr. Chi Kin CHIANG, two directors of the Company, and their associates together control the exercise of 80% of the voting power at general meetings of Chen Chien Holdings Limited, which holds the entire equity interest of CC-SZ. CC-SZ is therefore a related company of the Group. The terms of the above transactions were conducted with prices and terms mutually agreed by the Group and the related company.

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35. 關連人士交易(續) 35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(b) 本集團主要管理人員薪酬:

(b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

本集團	Group		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
短期僱員福利	Short term employee benefits	17,024	11,258
受僱後福利	Post-employment benefits	48	48
以股權支付的購股權費用	Equity-settled share option expenses	-	21
		17,072	11,327

關於董事酬金的詳細資料已於財務 報表附註9載列。 Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 9 to the financial statements.

36. 金融工具分類

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

於報告期末,不同類別金融工具之賬面 值如下: The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

金融資產 Financial assets

			2010			2009	
		可供出售			可供出售		
		金融資產	貸款及		金融資產	貸款及	
		Available-for-	應收款項		Available-for-	應收款項	
本集團	Group	sale financial	Loans and	總計	sale financial	Loans and	總計
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	assets	receivables	Total	assets	receivables	Total
可供出售權益投資	Available-for-sale equity investments	124,057	-	124,057	124,057	-	124,057
應收貿易及票據賬款	Trade and bills receivables	-	723,432	723,432	_	516,082	516,082
記入訂金、預付款項	Financial assets included						
及其他應收賬款	in deposits, prepayments						
的金融資產	and other receivables	-	34,197	34,197	_	30,050	30,050
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	-	864,191	864,191	-	445,590	445,590
		124,057	1,621,820	1,745,877	124,057	991,722	1,115,779

財務報表附註

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2010

36.金融工具分類(續)

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (continued)

金融負債

Financial liabilities

		以攤銷後的成本計價之 金融負債 Financial liabilities at amortized cost	
本集團 (港幣千元)	Group (HK\$'000)	2010	2009
	(1114)0007	2010	2005
應付貿易及票據賬款	Trade and bills payables	630,539	276,572
記入其他應付賬款	Financial liabilities included	,	,
及應計負債	in other payables and		
的金融負債	accruals	46,039	47,105
銀行貸款,無抵押	Bank loans, unsecured	41,964	37,864
		718,542	361,541
金融資產	Financial assets		
			應收款項 receivables
本公司	Company	Ebans and	receivables
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
應收附屬公司賬款	Amounts due from subsidiaries	1,286,149	1,033,946
記入訂金及其他	Financial assets included	, , -	, ,
應收賬款	in deposits and		
的金融資產	other receivables	725	725
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	55,825	4,574
		1,342,699	1,039,245

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36. 金融工具分類(續) 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (continued)

金融負債

Financial liabilities

			成本計價之 負債 abilities at ed cost
本公司	Company		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
應付附屬公司賬款	Amounts due to subsidiaries	785,600	509,513

37. 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團主要金融工具包括現金及銀行結 存、應收貿易及票據賬款、其他應收賬 款、應付貿易及票據賬款、其他應付賬 款以及銀行貸款。

由本集團金融工具所產生的主要風險為 利率風險、外幣風險、信貸風險及流動 資金風險。本集團並沒有重大的利率風 險。有關該等金融工具的風險及減低該 等風險的政策載於下文。管理層管理及 監察該等風險,以確保及時和有效地施 行適當的措施。

利率風險

本集團所面對的市場利率變動風險主要 與本集團的浮息銀行貸款有關。本集團 緊密監察其利率風險;當有重大利率 風險時,會考慮採取措施以減低有關風 險。

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and bank balances, trade and bills receivables, other receivables, trade and bills payables, other payables and bank loans.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group had insignificant interest rate risk. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's bank loans carrying floating interest rates. The Group monitors its interest rate exposure closely and considers to take measures to reduce significant interest rate exposure, if any.

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37. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

外幣風險

本集團的外幣風險源於商業交易、已確 認的資產及負債,以及於中國大陸及台 灣業務的淨投資。

本集團有外幣交易風險,該等風險源於 本集團的大部分銷售及採購交易,是以 美元及人民幣為交易貨幣。

管理層緊密監控以美元及人民幣為交易 貨幣的交易及投資於中國大陸和台灣之 外幣風險:如有需要,會考慮對沖重大 外幣風險。

下表列示本集團除税前溢利及權益於報 告期末(在所有其他變數保持不變的情 況下)對美元及人民幣匯率的合理可能 變動的敏感度(由於貨幣資產及負債的 公平值變動)。

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES *(continued)*

Foreign currency risk

The Group's foreign exchange risk arises from commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities and net investments in operations in Mainland China and Taiwan.

The Group has transactional currency risk exposures. Such risk exposures arise from a substantial portion of the Group's sales and purchases transactions denominated in United States dollars ("US\$") and Renminbi ("RMB").

Management closely monitors foreign exchange exposure in transactions denominated in US\$ and RMB and its investments in Mainland China and Taiwan and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in US\$ and RMB exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities) and the Group's equity.

		外匯匯率 增加/(減少) Increase/ (decrease) in foreign	除税前溢利 增加/(減少) Increase/ (decrease) in profit	權益 增加/(減少) Increase/ (decrease)
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	currency rate (%)	before tax	in equity*
2010 倘人民幣對港元升值 倘人民幣對港元貶值 倘人民幣對美元升值 倘人民幣對美元貶值	If RMB strengthens against HK\$ If RMB weakens against HK\$ If RMB strengthens against US\$ If RMB weakens against US\$	5% (5%) 5% (5%)	45,575 (45,575) 10,013 (10,013)	- - -
2009 倘人民幣對港元升值 倘人民幣對港元貶值 倘人民幣對美元升值 倘人民幣對美元貶值	If RMB strengthens against HK\$ If RMB weakens against HK\$ If RMB strengthens against US\$ If RMB weakens against US\$	5% (5%) 5% (5%)	46,396 (46,396) 10,045 (10,045)	- - -

* 不包括保留溢利

* Excluding retained profits

31 March 2010

37. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES *(continued)*

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counterparty of a transaction is unwilling or unable to fulfill its obligation and the Group thereby suffers a financial loss.

The credit limits of trade receivables are determined and monitored by management on an ongoing basis. In addition, at the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for unrecoverable amounts. Therefore, the Group's exposure to impairment is not significant.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, arises from default of the counterparty with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments. The Group is also exposed to credit risk through the granting of financial guarantees, further details of which are disclosed in note 33 to the financial statements.

Since the Group trades only with recognized and creditworthy parties, there is no requirement for collateral. Concentrations of credit risk are managed by customer/counterparty. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in note 23 to the financial statements.

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial instruments (e.g. trade and bills payables) and financial assets (e.g. trade and bills receivables) and projected cash flows from operations.

信貸風險

信貸風險之產生基於交易對方不願或不 能履行其責任而令本集團因而蒙受財務 損失的可能性。

應收貿易賬款的信用額乃由管理層按持 續基準釐定及監控。此外,於每個報告 期末,本集團會審核各項個別貿易債務 的可收回金額,以確保就不可收回款項 已作出足夠減值虧損。故此,本集團的 減值風險並不重大。

本集團其他金融資產(包括現金及現金 等值物)的信貸風險乃基於對方的違約 行為,其最大風險相當於該等工具的賬 面值。本集團亦承受因提供財務擔保而 產生的信貸風險,有關詳情已載於財務 報表附註33。

由於本集團只會與認可及有信譽的客戶 交易,故無需要求提供擔保。集中信貸 風險按客戶/交易方進行管理。本集團 並不存在重大集中信貸風險。

有關本集團應收貿易賬款所產生的信貸 風險的進一步數據資料,已載於財務報 表附註23。

流動資金風險

本集團採用循環流動資金計劃工具,以 監察其資金短缺的風險。該工具考慮到 金融工具(如:應付貿易及票據賬款)及 金融資產(如:應收貿易及票據賬款)的 到期日及預測經營現金流量。

財務報表附註 二零一零年三月三十一日

31 March 2010

37. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES *(continued)*

流動資金風險(續)

Liquidity risk (continued)

本集團的金融負債於報告期末(按已 訂約未貼現的付款額)的到期日分佈 如下: The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, was as follows:

				2010	
			三個月至		
			十二個月		
			More than 3	十二個月	
		三個月內	months and	以上	
本集團	Group	Less than 3	less than 12	More than	總計
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	months	months	12 months	Total
應付貿易及票據賬款	Trade and bills payables	527,736	99,582	3,221	630,539
記入其他應付賬款及	Financial liabilities included in				
應計負債的金融負債	other payables and accruals	46,039	-	_	46,039
銀行貸款,無抵押	Bank loans, unsecured	41,964	-	-	41,964
		615,739	99,582	3,221	718,542

			2009	
			三個月至	
			十二個月	
			More than 3	
		三個月內	months and	
本集團	Group	Less than 3	less than 12	總計
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	months	months	Total
應付貿易及票據賬款	Trade and bills payables	271,459	5,113	276,572
記入其他應付賬款及	Financial liabilities included in			
應計負債的金融負債	other payables and accruals	47,105	_	47,105
銀行貸款,無抵押	Bank loans, unsecured	37,864	_	37,864
		356,428	5,113	361,541

財務報表附註 零一零年三月三十一日

31 March 2010

37. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續) 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

流動資金風險(*續)*

Liquidity risk (continued)

+		三個) Less than 3	
本公司	Company		
(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009
應付附屬公司賬款	Amounts due to subsidiaries	785,600	509,513

資本管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標為維護本集 團持續經營的能力及保持健康的資本比 率,以支持其業務及最大限度地提高股 東利益。

本集團根據經濟狀況的變動而管理及調 整其資本架構。為保持或調整資本架 構,本集團或會調整派予股東的股息、 向股東退回資本或發行新股。截至二零 一零年三月三十一日及二零零九年三月 三十一日止年度內,該等資本管理之目 標或程序並無任何改變。

此外,本集團乃透過淨流動資產狀況 (即總流動資產減總流動負債)監控資 本。本集團之政策為維持正淨流動資產 結餘。

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and make adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2010 and 31 March 2009.

In addition, the Group monitors capital using the position of net current assets, which is total current assets minus total current liabilities. The Group's policy is to maintain a positive balance of the net current assets.

財務報表附註 - 零-零年=月=十-日

31 March 2010

38. 報告期後事件

於二零一零年四月十六日, Chen Hsong Marketing International Limited (本公司一間接全資附屬公司)與震雄 投資(本公司之直接控股公司)訂立一 協議(「協議」),出售一於中國大陸 之非上市權益投資(「出售事項」), 並 載於財務報表附註20,代價為港幣 94,740,000元,載於二零一零年四月十 六日關於須予披露及關聯交易之公布。 本集團預期因出售事項可錄得一次性收 益約港幣94,000,000元,此乃根據代 價港幣94,740,000元、銷售股份之賬 面值港幣2元(相當於原投資成本港幣 124,057,000元扣除在訂立協議前之投 資歸還),以及有關出售事項之其他成 本及開支而計算。

39.比較金額

若干比較金額已經被重新分類,以配合 本年度之呈報方式。

40. 財務報表審批

此財務報表已於二零一零年七月十五日 經董事局審批。

38. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 16 April 2010, Chen Hsong Marketing International Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement (the "Agreement") with CH Investments, the immediate holding company of the Company, to dispose of the unlisted equity investment in Mainland China (the "Disposal"), as disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements, for a consideration of HK\$94,740,000, as disclosed in the announcement regarding the discloseable and connected transaction dated 16 April 2010. The Group expects to record a one-off gain of approximately HK\$94,000,000 from the Disposal as calculated by reference to the consideration of HK\$94,740,000, the carrying amount of the sale shares of HK\$2 (representing the original cost of investment of HK\$124,057,000 net of the return of investment before the entering into of the Agreement) and other costs and expenses in connection with the Disposal.

39. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

40. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the board of directors on 15 July 2010.

主要附屬公司 於二零一零年三月三十一日

Principal Subsidiaries

As at 31 March 2010

下表載列者為董事認為會對本年度本集團 業績產生重大影響或構成本集團資產淨值 主要部分之附屬公司。董事並認為,列出 其餘附屬公司之詳情將過於冗長。 The table below lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

名稱 Name 間接持有	註冊成立/ 經營地區 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行 股本面值/ 實收資本 Nominal value of issued share/ paid-up capital	本公司持有 股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	主要業務 Principal activities
Held indirectly				
亞塑機械股份有限公司 Asian Plastic Machinery Company, Limited	台灣 Taiwan	普通股 Ordinary 新台幣50,000,000元 NT\$50,000,000	100	銷售注塑機 Sale of plastic injection moulding machines
震雄電腦輔助設計及生產 (深圳)有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Chen Hsong CAD CAM (Shenzhen) Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China	美金2,100,000元 US\$2,100,000	100	製造及銷售精密模具 Manufacture and sale of precision moulds
震雄財務管理服務有限公司 Chen Hsong Finance and Management Services Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 Ordinary 港幣2元 HK\$2	100	提供財務及管理服務 Provision of financial and management services
震雄工業園(深圳) 有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Chen Hsong Industrial Park (Shenzhen) Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China	美金4,000,000元 US\$4,000,000	100	持有物業 Property holding

主要附屬公司 於二零一零年三月三十一日

Principal Subsidiaries As at 31 March 2010

名稱 <u>Name</u> 間接持有 <i>(續)</i>	註冊成立 經營地區 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行 股本面值/ 實收資本 Nominal value of issued share/ paid-up capital	本公司持有 股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	主要業務 Principal activities
Held indirectly (continued)				
震雄物流儲運有限公司 Chen Hsong Logistics Services Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股港幣2元 Ordinary HK\$2 無投票權遞延股份 ⁽³⁾ 港幣5,000,000元 Non-voting deferred ⁽³⁾ HK\$5,000,000	100	提供物流儲運服務 Provision of logistics services
震雄機器廠有限公司 Chen Hsong Machinery Company, Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股港幣2元 Ordinary HK\$2 無投票權遞延股份 ⁽³⁾ 港幣50,000,000元 Non-voting deferred ⁽³⁾ HK\$50,000,000	100	銷售注塑機 Sale of plastic injection moulding machines
震雄機電設備(深圳) 有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Chen Hsong Machinery Equipment (Shenzhen) Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China	港幣24,000,000元 HK\$24,000,000	100	製造及銷售哥林柱 Manufacture and sale of tie bars
震雄機械(寧波)有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Chen Hsong Machinery (Ningbo) Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China	美金8,010,000元 US\$8,010,000	100	製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines
震雄機械(深圳)有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Chen Hsong Machinery (Shenzhen) Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China	美金17,130,000元 US\$17,130,000	100	製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines

主要附屬公司 於二零一零年三月三十一日

Principal Subsidiaries As at 31 March 2010

名稱 Name	註冊成立 經營地區 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行 股本面值/ 實收資本 Nominal value of issued share/ paid-up capital	本公司持有 股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	主要業務 Principal activities
間接持有 <i>(續)</i> Held indirectly (continued)				
震雄機械廠股份有限公司 Chen Hsong Machinery Taiwan Company, Limited	台灣 Taiwan	普通股 Ordinary 新台幣165,000,000元 NT\$165,000,000	100	製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines
震雄精密模具有限公司 Chen Hsong Precision Mould Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 Ordinary 港幣4,410,000元 HK\$4,410,000	100	銷售精密模具 Sale of precision moulds
震雄營銷(深圳)有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Chen Hsong Sales & Marketing (Shenzhen) Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China	港幣10,000,000元 HK\$10,000,000	100	銷售注塑機 Sale of plastic injection moulding machines
震雄科技有限公司 Chen Hsong Technology Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 Ordinary 港幣2元 HK\$2	100	銷售注塑機 Sale of plastic injection moulding machines
寧波經濟技術開發區 震寧塑料機械有限公司 ⁽²⁾ Chen Ning Plastics Machinery Company, Limited ⁽²⁾	中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China	美金604,100元 US\$604,100	100	製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines
佛山市順德區震德塑料 機械有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Foshan Shunde Chen De Plastics Machinery Company Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China	美金5,200,000元 US\$5,200,000	100	製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines

主要附屬公司 於二零一零年三月三十一日

Principal Subsidiaries As at 31 March 2010

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 經營地區 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行 股本面值/ 實收資本 Nominal value of issued share/ paid-up capital	本公司持有 股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	主要業務 Principal activities
間接持有(<i>續)</i> Held indirectly (continued)				
佛山市順德區震德第三塑料 機械有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Foshan Shunde Chen De No. 3 Plastics Machinery Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China	美金2,100,000元 US\$2,100,000	100	製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines
佛山市順德區震德精密機械 有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Foshan Shunde Chen De Precision Machinery Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China	美金7,900,000元 US\$7,900,000	100	製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines
佛山市順德區中意液壓 有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ Intra-Italy Hydraulics (Foshan Shunde) Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China	美金3,000,000元 US\$3,000,000	100	製造及銷售液壓馬達 Manufacture and sale of hydraulic motors
深圳震雄精密設備 有限公司 ⁽²⁾ Shenzhen Chen Hsong Precision Equipment Limited ⁽²⁾	中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China	美金12,000,000元 US\$12,000,000	100	製造及銷售鑄件 Manufacture and sale of casting parts
附註:	Not	es:		
(1) 此等公司為外商獨資企業。	(1)	These companies are wholly-	foreign-owned enterprise	S.
(2) 此等公司為中外合資經營企業。	(2)	These companies are sino-fo	reign equity joint venture:	S.
無權在股東大會上投票及有受限制權利於清		The non-voting deferred shares carry limited rights to dividends, no rights to vote at general meetings and limited rights to receive any surplus in a return of capital in a winding-up.		

五年財務摘要

Five-Year Financial Summary

以下為摘錄自本集團過往五個財政年度已 公布及經審核之財務報表的業績、資產、 負債及少數股東權益。

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and minority interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below.

業績

RESULTS

截至三月三十一日止年度

Year ended 31 March

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
收益	Revenue	1,806,334	1,603,107	2,316,136	2,155,014	1,955,334
經營溢利	Profit from operating activities	204,415	107,134	342,263	337,352	306,418
融資成本	Finance costs	(1,856)	(4,668)	(4,419)	(2,387)	(7,139)
應佔聯營公司	Share of profits less losses					
溢利減虧損	of associates	6,137	1,386	1,130	2,159	(185)
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	208,696	103,852	338,974	337,124	299,094
所得税支出	Income tax expense	(54,778)	(16,700)	(18,129)	(24,833)	(26,826)
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	153,918	87,152	320,845	312,291	272,268
歸屬於:	Attributable to:					
本公司權益持有人	Equity holders of the Company	153,500	85,786	317,829	312,276	272,450
少數股東權益	Minority interests	418	1,366	3,016	15	(182)
		153,918	87,152	320,845	312,291	272,268

於三月三十一日

As at 31 March

(港幣千元)	(HK\$'000)	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
資產總值 負債總值	Total assets Total liabilities	3,493,038 (1,014.828)	2,885,343 (533,189)	3,118,939 (726,035)	2,661,539 (576,194)	2,477,621 (630,881)
少數股東權益	Minority interests	(1,014,828)	(13,683)	(12,041)	(7,967)	(7,483)
		2,464,066	2,338,471	2,380,863	2,077,378	1,839,257

震雄集團有限公司 Chen Hsong Holdings Limited

香港新界大埔大埔工業**邨**大宏街13至15號 13-15 Dai Wang Street, Tai Po Industrial Estate, Tai Po, New Territories, Hong Kong

電話 / Tel: (852) 2665 3222 傳真 / Fax: (852) 2664 8202 網址 / Website: www.chenhsong.com.hk 電郵 / E-mail: comm@chenhsong.com.hk