



大新金融集團有限公司

DAH SING FINANCIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability under the Companies Ordinance)

(Stock Code: 0440)

ANNOUNCEMENT OF 2010 INTERIM RESULTS

The Directors of Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited (the “Company”) are pleased to present the interim results and condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the “Group”) for the six months ended 30 June 2010. The unaudited profit attributable to shareholders after non-controlling interests for the six months ended 30 June 2010 was HK\$503.7 million.

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The unaudited 2010 interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard No. 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“HKICPA”).

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the six months ended 30 June

HK\$'000	Note	2010	2009	Variance %
Interest income		1,398,892	1,708,937	
Interest expense		(296,038)	(544,540)	
Net interest income	3	1,102,854	1,164,397	-5.3
Fee and commission income		253,994	209,471	
Fee and commission expense		(80,521)	(57,736)	
Net fee and commission income	4	173,473	151,735	14.3
Net trading gain/(loss)	5	221,555	(21,501)	
Net insurance premium and other income		1,086,284	622,630	
Other operating income	6	22,644	25,743	
Operating income		2,606,810	1,943,004	34.2
Net insurance claims and expenses		(1,217,122)	(538,195)	
Total operating income net of insurance claims		1,389,688	1,404,809	-1.1
Operating expenses	7	(717,279)	(1,043,797)	-31.3
Operating profit before impairment losses		672,409	361,012	86.3
Loan impairment losses and other credit provisions	8	(34,800)	(274,427)	-87.3
Operating profit before gains or losses on certain investments and fixed assets		637,609	86,585	
Net gain on disposal of premises, investment properties and other fixed assets		4,683	3,296	
Net gain/(loss) on disposal of available-for-sale securities		7,414	(14,686)	
Net (loss)/gain on disposal and repurchase of other financial instruments	9	(53,449)	243,983	
Share of results of jointly controlled entities		2,793	1,728	
Share of results of an associate		105,622	78,117	
Profit before income tax		704,672	399,023	76.6
Income tax expense	10	(69,597)	(15,865)	
Profit for the period		635,075	383,158	65.7
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests		(131,375)	(82,256)	
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company		503,700	300,902	67.4
Interim dividend		52,054	—	
Earnings per share				
Basic	11	HK\$1.94	HK\$1.16	
Diluted	11	HK\$1.94	HK\$1.16	
Dividends per share				
Interim dividend		HK\$0.20	—	

Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited**UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

For the six months ended 30 June

HK\$'000	2010	2009
Profit for the period	635,075	383,158
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period		
Investments in securities		
Fair value gains recognised in equity	84,410	506,846
Fair value (gain)/loss realised and transferred to income statement upon:		
– Disposal of available-for-sale securities	(7,414)	14,686
– Disposal of investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category which were previously reclassified from the available-for-sale category	117,334	–
– Impairment of available-for-sale securities	–	1,937
Related income tax expense	(41,484)	(45,819)
	152,846	477,650
Premises		
Deferred income tax released on disposal of premises	3,261	–
Exchange differences arising on translation of the financial statements of foreign entities	9,166	(3,724)
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	165,273	473,926
Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	800,348	857,084
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Non-controlling interests	188,588	138,114
Shareholders of the Company	611,760	718,970
Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	800,348	857,084

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

HK\$'000	Note	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with banks		8,069,766	10,741,879
Placements with banks maturing between one and twelve months		2,937,111	4,282,749
Trading securities	12	6,147,568	5,883,968
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	12	4,900,747	4,509,393
Derivative financial instruments		684,348	594,391
Advances and other accounts	13	75,394,405	68,046,080
Available-for-sale securities	15	14,049,571	12,901,024
Held-to-maturity securities	16	8,731,242	8,802,282
Investment in an associate		1,405,659	1,299,257
Investments in jointly controlled entities		61,441	60,791
Goodwill		950,992	950,992
Intangible assets		131,684	139,030
Premises and other fixed assets		2,271,233	2,426,531
Investment properties		670,517	568,659
Current income tax assets		24,580	65,283
Deferred income tax assets		23,464	78,178
Value of in-force long-term life assurance business		1,574,742	1,225,668
Total assets		128,029,070	122,576,155
LIABILITIES			
Deposits from banks		1,603,036	1,435,136
Derivative financial instruments		1,577,461	1,218,225
Trading liabilities		4,514,918	2,068,300
Deposits from customers		88,641,268	88,370,071
Certificates of deposit issued		2,687,264	2,060,010
Subordinated notes		4,730,206	4,602,235
Other accounts and accruals	17	3,724,446	3,814,136
Current income tax liabilities		34,845	19,109
Deferred income tax liabilities		16,903	15,366
Liabilities to policyholders under long-term insurance contracts		5,519,600	4,794,792
Total liabilities		113,049,947	108,397,380
EQUITY			
Non-controlling interests		2,971,786	2,783,198
Equity attributable to shareholders of the Company			
Share capital		520,541	520,541
Reserves	18	11,434,742	10,875,036
Proposed dividend		52,054	—
Shareholders' funds		12,007,337	11,395,577
Total equity		14,979,123	14,178,775
Total equity and liabilities		128,029,070	122,576,155

Note:

1. General information

Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (together the “Group”) provide banking, insurance, financial and other related services in Hong Kong, Macau, and the People’s Republic of China.

2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the 2010 interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used and described in the Group’s annual audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009.

In preparing its annual audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009, the Group has already early adopted Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard (“HKFRS”) No. 3 “Business Combinations” (Revised) and the consequential amendments to Hong Kong Accounting Standard (“HKAS”) 27, HKAS 28 and HKAS 31 which are originally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009, and HKFRS 8 Operating Segments (Amendment), which is originally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010 on the disclosure of segment assets.

The revised HKFRS 3 continues to apply the acquisition method to business combinations, with some significant changes. For example, all payments to purchase a business are to be recorded at fair value at the acquisition date, with contingent payments classified as debt subsequently re-measured through the statement of comprehensive income. There is a choice on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests’ proportionate share of the acquiree’s net assets. All acquisition-related costs should be expensed.

The Group has also adopted the amendments to HKAS 17 “Leases” made by the HKICPA as part of HKICPA’s annual HKFRS improvement project. These amendments provide certain clarifications on the accounting classification of land leases and are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010. The adoption of these amendments by the Group has no impact to the Group’s accounting policies.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$’000), unless otherwise stated.

3. Net interest income

For the six months ended 30 June

	2010	2009
Interest income		
Cash and balances with banks	44,568	81,803
Investments in securities	365,926	479,762
Advances to customers and banks	985,286	1,145,492
Others	3,112	1,880
	<u>1,398,892</u>	<u>1,708,937</u>
Interest expense		
Deposits from banks/Deposits from customers	241,660	416,798
Certificates of deposit issued	5,429	28,227
Issued debt securities	–	13,987
Subordinated notes	42,341	70,247
Others	6,608	15,281
	<u>296,038</u>	<u>544,540</u>
Included within interest income		
Interest income on financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss	<u>1,286,784</u>	<u>1,630,625</u>
Interest income on impaired assets	<u>3,995</u>	<u>7,225</u>
Included within interest expenses		
Interest expenses on financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss	<u>279,022</u>	<u>497,722</u>

4. Net fee and commission income

For the six months ended 30 June

	2010	2009
Fee and commission income		
Fee and commission income from financial assets and liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss		
– Credit related fees and commissions	45,523	32,160
– Trade finance	18,827	19,489
– Credit cards	114,122	91,581
Other fee and commission income		
– Securities brokerage and investment services	14,631	17,683
– Insurance distribution and others	6,645	8,190
– Retail investment funds and fiduciary services	11,566	6,735
– Other fees	42,680	33,633
	<u>253,994</u>	<u>209,471</u>
Fee and commission expense		
Fee and commission expense from financial assets and liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss		
Handling fees and commission	75,482	52,989
Other fees paid	5,039	4,747
	<u>80,521</u>	<u>57,736</u>
	<u>173,473</u>	<u>151,735</u>

The Group provides custody, trustee, corporate administration, and investment management services to third parties. Those assets that are held in a fiduciary capacity are not included in these financial statements.

5. Net trading gain/(loss)

For the six months ended 30 June

	2010	2009
Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
– Listed investments	4,330	2,049
– Unlisted investments	1	2
Net gain arising from dealing in foreign currencies	144,704	64,602
Net gain/(loss) from trading securities	4,451	(1,496)
Net (loss)/gain from derivatives entered into for trading purpose	(72,170)	29,024
Net loss arising from financial instruments subject to fair value hedge	(22,645)	(36,851)
Net gain/(loss) arising from financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	162,884	(78,831)
	<u>221,555</u>	<u>(21,501)</u>

6. Other operating income

For the six months ended 30 June

	2010	2009
Dividend income from investments in available-for-sale securities		
– Listed investments	2,692	3,950
– Unlisted investments	3,770	3,478
Gross rental income from investment properties	10,105	10,229
Other rental income	2,648	2,796
Others	3,429	5,290
	22,644	25,743

7. Operating expenses

For the six months ended 30 June

	2010	2009
Employee compensation and benefit expenses (including directors' remuneration)	409,356	410,921
Premises and other fixed assets expenses, excluding depreciation	88,318	87,672
Depreciation	62,639	55,567
Advertising costs	36,582	31,186
Amortisation expenses of intangible assets	7,346	9,443
Others	113,038	449,008
	717,279	1,043,797

8. Loan impairment losses and other credit provisions

For the six months ended 30 June

	2010	2009
Loan impairment losses		
Net (reversal)/charge of impairment losses on loans and advances		
– Individually assessed	(12,260)	177,907
– Collectively assessed	47,060	94,583
	34,800	272,490
Of which:		
– new and additional (including amounts directly written off in the period)	70,911	303,487
– recoveries	(36,111)	(30,997)
	34,800	272,490
Other credit provisions		
Individual impairment losses on available-for-sale securities	–	1,937
Net charge to income statement	34,800	274,427

9. Net (loss)/gain on disposal and repurchase of other financial instruments

For the six months ended 30 June

	2010	2009
Net loss on disposal of investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category	(136,233)	–
Net gain on repurchase of subordinated notes	82,784	243,983
	<u>(53,449)</u>	<u>243,983</u>

10. Income tax expense

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2009: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the period. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the period at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred taxation is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using a taxation rate of 16.5% (2009: 16.5%).

For the six months ended 30 June

	2010	2009
Current income tax		
– Hong Kong profits tax	39,707	16,720
– Overseas taxation	11,553	5,823
– Underprovision in prior years	306	–
Deferred income tax		
– relating to the origination and reversal of timing differences	18,031	(6,798)
– utilisation of tax losses	<u>–</u>	<u>120</u>
	<u>69,597</u>	<u>15,865</u>

11. Basic and diluted earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share are based on earnings of HK\$503,700,000 (2009: HK\$300,902,000) and the weighted average number of 260,270,655 (2009: 260,270,655) ordinary shares in issue during the period. The share options outstanding during the periods ended 30 June 2010 and 30 June 2009 have no dilutive effect on the weighted average number of ordinary shares.

12. Trading securities and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss

	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
Trading securities:		
Debt securities:		
– Listed in Hong Kong	1,042,276	1,051,938
– Listed outside Hong Kong	–	61,348
– Unlisted	5,013,277	4,681,167
	<u>6,055,553</u>	<u>5,794,453</u>
Equity securities:		
– Listed in Hong Kong	5,160	–
– Listed outside Hong Kong	75,526	76,290
– Unlisted		
– Interests in investment funds	11,329	13,225
	<u>92,015</u>	<u>89,515</u>
Total trading securities	<u>6,147,568</u>	<u>5,883,968</u>
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss:		
Debt securities:		
– Listed in Hong Kong	454,068	154,084
– Listed outside Hong Kong	1,879,499	1,684,054
– Unlisted	1,551,896	1,951,534
	<u>3,885,463</u>	<u>3,789,672</u>
Equity securities:		
– Listed in Hong Kong	104,674	69,611
– Listed outside Hong Kong	454,483	180,747
– Unlisted	456,127	469,363
	<u>1,015,284</u>	<u>719,721</u>
Total financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	<u>4,900,747</u>	<u>4,509,393</u>
Total trading securities and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	<u>11,048,315</u>	<u>10,393,361</u>
Included within debt securities are:		
– Government bonds included in trading securities	5,901,196	5,570,751
– Certificates of deposit held	40,127	–
– Other government bonds	35,287	686,265
– Other debt securities	3,964,406	3,327,109
	<u>9,941,016</u>	<u>9,584,125</u>
Trading securities and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss are analysed by categories of issuer as follows:		
	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
– Central governments and central banks	6,233,532	6,257,017
– Public sector entities	34,153	21,650
– Banks and other financial institutions	936,734	637,875
– Corporate entities	3,653,090	3,444,399
– Others	190,806	32,420
	<u>11,048,315</u>	<u>10,393,361</u>

13. Advances and other accounts

	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
Gross advances to customers	65,210,949	57,165,159
Gross advances to banks	<u>150,000</u>	<u>150,000</u>
	<u>65,360,949</u>	<u>57,315,159</u>
Other assets		
– Amounts receivable arising from sale of securities pending for settlement	299,591	–
– Other accounts receivable and prepayments	<u>2,713,266</u>	<u>2,606,802</u>
	<u>3,012,857</u>	<u>2,606,802</u>
Less: impairment allowances		
– Individually assessed	(202,759)	(317,017)
– Collectively assessed	<u>(360,943)</u>	<u>(358,212)</u>
	<u>(563,702)</u>	<u>(675,229)</u>
Investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category (Note 14)	<u>7,584,301</u>	<u>8,799,348</u>
Advances and other accounts	<u><u>75,394,405</u></u>	<u><u>68,046,080</u></u>

13. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(a) Gross advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral

	As at 30 Jun 2010		As at 31 Dec 2009	
	Outstanding balance	% of gross advances covered by collateral	Outstanding Balance	% of gross advances covered by collateral
Loans for use in Hong Kong				
Industrial, commercial and financial				
– Property development	979,222	78.0	611,218	65.0
– Property investment	12,480,071	92.7	11,209,001	89.2
– Financial concerns	509,864	56.0	333,243	47.7
– Stockbrokers	67,691	35.0	52,265	100.0
– Wholesale and retail trade	956,077	95.4	1,001,216	96.3
– Manufacturing	773,793	94.8	657,570	86.9
– Transport and transport equipment	3,611,384	96.5	3,207,328	97.4
– Recreational activities	229,204	49.6	157,565	–
– Information technology	2,479	89.0	902	42.2
– Others	2,317,678	94.1	1,847,970	92.7
	21,927,463	91.5	19,078,278	89.0
Individuals				
– Loans for the purchase of flats in Home Ownership Scheme, Private Sector Participation Scheme and Tenants Purchase Scheme	1,295,918	100.0	1,398,373	100.0
– Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	11,027,034	99.9	10,462,174	99.9
– Credit card advances	3,223,932	–	3,173,620	–
– Others	7,660,111	67.6	6,510,864	62.9
	23,206,995	75.4	21,545,031	74.0
Loans for use in Hong Kong	45,134,458	83.2	40,623,309	81.0
Trade finance	3,928,675	68.7	3,136,776	68.4
Loans for use outside Hong Kong	16,147,816	71.7	13,405,074	83.3
	65,210,949	79.5	57,165,159	80.9

13. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(a) Gross advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral (Continued)

For each industry sector reported above with loan balance constituting 10% or more of the total balance of advances to customers, the attributable amount of impaired loans, overdue loans, and individually and collectively assessed loan impairment allowances are as follows:

As at 30 Jun 2010					
	Outstanding Balance	Impaired loans	Gross advances overdue for over 3 months	Individually assessed impairment allowances	Collectively assessed impairment allowances
Loans for use in Hong Kong					
Industrial, commercial and financial					
– Property investment	12,480,071	–	–	–	63,380
Individuals					
– Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	11,027,034	4,131	6,039	465	9,064
As at 31 Dec 2009					
	Outstanding balance	Impaired loans	Gross advances overdue for over 3 months	Individually assessed impairment allowances	Collectively assessed impairment allowances
Loans for use in Hong Kong					
Industrial, commercial and financial					
– Property investment	11,209,001	15,802	–	1,063	60,825
Individuals					
– Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	10,462,174	6,765	8,406	1,358	8,836

(b) Non-bank Mainland exposures

As at 30 Jun 2010				
Type of counterparties	On-balance sheet exposure	Off-balance sheet exposure	Total	Individually assessed impairment allowances
Mainland entities	4,366,322	899	4,367,221	5,281
Companies and individuals outside Mainland where the credits are granted for use in the Mainland	7,506,086	475,835	7,981,921	113,622
Other counterparties the exposures to whom are considered by the Group to be non-bank Mainland exposures	211,004	–	211,004	–

13. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(b) Non-bank Mainland exposures (Continued)

Type of counterparties	As at 31 Dec 2009			Individually assessed impairment allowances
	On-balance sheet exposure	Off-balance sheet exposure	Total	
Mainland entities	3,046,123	–	3,046,123	–
Companies and individuals outside Mainland where the credits are granted for use in the Mainland	5,543,273	578,294	6,121,567	164,245
Other counterparties the exposures to whom are considered by the Group to be non-bank Mainland exposures	<u>214,212</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>214,212</u>	<u>–</u>

Note: The balances of exposures reported above include gross advances and other balances of claims on the customers.

(c) Analysis of gross advances to customers and overdue loans by geographical area

Advances to customers by geographical area are classified according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account the transfer of risk. In general, risk transfer applies when an advance is guaranteed by a party located in an area which is different from that of the counterparty.

The following table analyses gross advances to customers by geographical area.

	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
Gross advances to customers		
– Hong Kong	55,470,403	48,779,171
– China	3,032,391	1,479,379
– Macau	6,066,100	6,151,486
– Others	<u>642,055</u>	<u>755,123</u>
	<u>65,210,949</u>	<u>57,165,159</u>

In relation to the Group's impaired advances and overdue advances, over 90% of the outstanding balance as at 30 June 2010 and 31 December 2009 were classified under Hong Kong after taking into account the effect of transfer of risk.

13. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(d) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets

Apart from the investments in certain securities included in the loans and receivables category described in Note 14, other assets of HK\$639,000 (31 December 2009: HK\$639,000) against which full individual impairment had been made, and advances to customers (as set out below), there were no advances to banks or other assets which were individually impaired, overdue for over 3 months or rescheduled as at 30 June 2010 and 31 December 2009. In respect of advances to customers, the relevant amounts are analysed below.

(i) Impaired loans

	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
Impaired loans and advances to customers		
– Individually impaired (Note (1))	334,725	529,399
– Collectively impaired (Note (2))	13,195	17,767
	<u>347,920</u>	547,166
Impairment allowances made		
– Individually assessed (Note (3))	(202,120)	(316,378)
– Collectively assessed (Note (2))	(12,470)	(16,941)
	<u>(214,590)</u>	(333,319)
	<u>133,330</u>	213,847
Fair value of collaterals held*	<u>135,715</u>	215,514
Impaired loans and advances as a % of total loans and advances to customers	<u>0.53%</u>	0.96%

* Fair value of collateral is determined at the lower of the market value of collateral or outstanding loan balance.

Note:

- (1) Individually impaired loans are defined as those loans having objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a “loss event”) and that loss event has an impact on the estimated cash flows of the loans that can be reliably estimated.
- (2) Collectively impaired loans and advances refer to those unsecured loans and advances assessed for impairment on a collective basis and which have become overdue for more than 90 days as at the reporting date. The collective impairment allowance for these impaired loans, which is a part of the overall collective impairment allowances, is shown above.
- (3) The above individual impairment allowances were made after taking into account the value of collaterals in respect of such advances as at 30 June/31 December.

13. Advances and other accounts (Continued)
(d) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets (Continued)
(ii) Overdue loans

	As at 30 Jun 2010	% of total advances to customers	As at 31 Dec 2009	% of total advances to customers
Gross advances to customers which have been overdue for:				
– six months or less but over three months	69,986	0.10	102,346	0.18
– one year or less but over six months	50,283	0.08	185,079	0.32
– over one year	253,266	0.39	267,141	0.47
	373,535	0.57	554,566	0.97
Market value of securities held against the secured overdue advances	245,525		350,867	
Secured overdue advances	182,518		256,960	
Unsecured overdue advances	191,017		297,606	
Individual impairment allowances	179,352		282,455	

(iii) Rescheduled advances net of amounts included in overdue advances shown above

	As at 30 Jun 2010	% of total advances to customers	As at 31 Dec 2009	% of total advances to customers
Rescheduled advances	221,141	0.34	236,637	0.41
Impairment allowances	20,550		24,242	

(e) Repossessed collateral

Repossession collateral held is as follows:

	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
Nature of assets		
– Repossessed properties	80,594	49,109
– Others	1,023	8,240
	81,617	57,349

14. Investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category

	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
Investments in securities reclassified from the available-for-sale category		
– At fair value under fair value hedge (for hedging interest rate risk)	5,354,013	6,509,995
– At amortised cost	1,914,914	1,989,010
	<u>7,268,927</u>	<u>8,499,005</u>
Individual impairment allowances	(1,610)	(1,893)
	<u>7,267,317</u>	<u>8,497,112</u>
Investments in securities classified as loans and receivables upon initial recognition	316,984	302,236
	<u>7,584,301</u>	<u>8,799,348</u>

The individual impairment allowances were made in respect of an investment in a security with a carrying value of HK\$92,647,000 at 30 June 2010 (31 December 2009: HK\$102,758,000) which was assessed as individually impaired since 31 December 2009.

Investments in securities classified as loans and receivables upon initial recognition were overdue at the time of recognition. As at 30 June 2010 and 31 December 2009, these investments were overdue for more than one year.

Investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category are analysed as follows:

	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
Debt securities:		
– Listed in Hong Kong	685,582	655,689
– Listed outside Hong Kong	6,335,031	7,514,833
– Unlisted	565,298	630,719
	<u>7,585,911</u>	<u>8,801,241</u>
Less: individual impairment allowances	(1,610)	(1,893)
	<u>7,584,301</u>	<u>8,799,348</u>
Market value of listed securities	<u>6,010,603</u>	<u>6,415,120</u>

As at 30 June 2010 and 31 December 2009, there were no certificates of deposit held included in the above balances of investments in debt securities.

	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
Investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category are analysed by categories of issuers as follows:		
– Banks and other financial institutions	4,118,583	4,729,417
– Corporate entities	3,467,328	4,071,824
	<u>7,585,911</u>	<u>8,801,241</u>

15. Available-for-sale securities

	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
Debt securities:		
– Listed in Hong Kong	334,889	381,931
– Listed outside Hong Kong	4,712,382	4,329,625
– Unlisted	8,110,565	7,231,327
	<u>13,157,836</u>	<u>11,942,883</u>
Equity securities:		
– Listed in Hong Kong	183,431	149,012
– Listed outside Hong Kong	161,947	188,961
– Unlisted	546,357	620,168
	<u>891,735</u>	<u>958,141</u>
Total available-for-sale securities	<u>14,049,571</u>	<u>12,901,024</u>

As at 30 June 2010 and 31 December 2009, there were no certificates of deposit held included in the above balances of investments in debt securities.

	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
Available-for-sale securities are analysed by categories of issuers as follows:		
– Central governments and central banks	4,622,739	2,841,211
– Public sector entities	61,002	426,487
– Banks and other financial institutions	4,662,565	4,759,879
– Corporate entities	4,701,737	4,871,919
– Others	1,528	1,528
	<u>14,049,571</u>	<u>12,901,024</u>

In the six months ended 30 June 2010, the Group did not reclassify any investments in securities out of the available-for-sale category (six months ended 30 June 2009: investments in securities with a total market value at the time of reclassification of HK\$1,640,590,000 and HK\$3,259,762,000 were reclassified from the available-for-sale category into the loans and receivables category and the held-to-maturity category respectively).

16. Held-to-maturity securities

	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
Debt securities:		
– Listed in Hong Kong	194,200	193,414
– Listed outside Hong Kong	6,453,038	6,114,930
– Unlisted	2,084,004	2,493,938
	<u>8,731,242</u>	<u>8,802,282</u>
Market value of listed securities	<u>6,105,394</u>	<u>5,846,622</u>

As at 30 June 2010 and 31 December 2009, there were no certificates of deposit held included in the above balances of investments in debt securities.

	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
Held-to-maturity securities are analysed by issuer as follows:		
– Central governments and central banks	1,246,201	1,100,627
– Public sector entities	202,220	201,555
– Banks and other financial institutions	4,980,708	5,236,412
– Corporate entities	2,302,113	2,263,688
	<u>8,731,242</u>	<u>8,802,282</u>

17. Other accounts and accruals

	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
Amounts payable arising from purchase of securities pending for settlement	25,236	–
Other accounts payable and accruals	3,699,210	3,814,136
	<u>3,724,446</u>	<u>3,814,136</u>

18. Reserves

	As at 30 Jun 2010	As at 31 Dec 2009
Reserves		
Share premium	1,551,426	1,551,426
Retained earnings	8,908,064	8,380,833
Premises revaluation reserve	1,027,074	1,048,187
Investment revaluation reserve	(539,925)	(638,819)
Exchange reserve	55,868	49,120
General reserve	484,289	484,289
	<u>11,486,796</u>	<u>10,875,036</u>
Proposed dividend included in retained earnings	<u>52,054</u>	<u>–</u>

The Group's Hong Kong banking subsidiaries, DSB and MEVAS Bank Limited ("MEVAS"), are required to maintain regulatory reserve to satisfy the provisions of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance for prudential supervision purposes. At 30 June 2010, each of DSB and MEVAS had earmarked a regulatory reserve of HK\$393,481,000 (31 December 2009: HK\$305,774,000) and HK\$20,321,000 (31 December 2009: HK\$18,343,000) in the consolidated general reserve and retained profits respectively. Movements in the regulatory reserve are made directly through equity reserve and in consultation with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("HKMA").

19. Operating segment reporting

Segment reporting by the Group was prepared in accordance with HKFRS 8 “Operating Segments”. Information reported to the chief operating decision maker, which includes the Chief Executive and other Executive Committee members, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of performance, is determined on the basis of banking business and insurance business. For banking business, operating performances are analysed by business activities for local banking business, and on business entity basis for overseas banking business. For insurance business, resources allocation and performance evaluation are based on insurance business entity basis.

Considering the customer groups, products and services of local businesses, the economic environment, and regulations, we group the operating segments of the Group into the following reportable segments:

- Personal banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from individual customers and the extension of residential mortgage lending, personal loans, overdraft and credit card services, the provision of insurance sales and investment services.
- Commercial banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from and the advance of loans and working capital finance to commercial, industrial and institutional customers, and the provision of trade financing. Hire purchase finance and leasing related to equipment, vehicle and transport financing are included.
- Treasury activities are mainly the provision of foreign exchange services and centralized cash management for deposit taking and lending, interest rate risk management, management of investment in securities and the overall funding of the Group.
- Overseas banking businesses includes personal banking, commercial banking business activities provided by overseas subsidiaries in Macau and China, and the Group’s interest in a commercial bank in China.
- Insurance business includes the Group’s life assurance and general insurance businesses. Through the Group’s wholly-owned subsidiaries in Hong Kong and 96% owned subsidiaries in Macau, the Group offers a variety of life and general insurance products and services.
- Others include results of operations not directly identified under other reportable segments, corporate investments and debt funding (including subordinated notes).

For the purpose of segment reporting, revenue derived from customers, products and services directly identifiable with individual segments are reported directly under respective segments, while revenue and funding cost arising from inter-segment funding operation and funding resources are allocated to segments by way of transfer pricing mechanism with reference to market interest rates. Transactions within segments are priced based on similar terms offered to or transacted with external parties. Inter-segment income or expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

All direct costs incurred by different segments are grouped under respective segments. Indirect costs and support functions’ costs are allocated to various segments and products based on effort and time spent as well as segments’ operating income depending on the nature of costs incurred. Costs related to corporate activities that cannot be reasonably allocated to segments, products and support functions are grouped under Others as unallocated corporate expenses.

19. Operating segment reporting (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 June 2010

	Personal Banking	Commercial Banking	Treasury	Overseas Banking	Insurance Business	Others	Total
Net interest income/(expenses)	451,600	373,917	93,620	133,682	105,401	(55,366)	1,102,854
– external customers	278,230	382,298	245,283	144,695	103,087	(50,739)	1,102,854
– inter-segments	173,370	(8,381)	(151,663)	(11,013)	2,314	(4,627)	–
Non-interest income/(expenses)	98,158	56,054	16,975	38,443	104,072	(26,868)	286,834
Total operating income/(expenses) net of insurance claims	549,758	429,971	110,595	172,125	209,473	(82,234)	1,389,688
Operating expenses	(368,136)	(116,961)	(34,975)	(117,455)	(65,986)	(13,766)	(717,279)
Operating profit/(loss) before impairment losses	181,622	313,010	75,620	54,670	143,487	(96,000)	672,409
Loan impairment (losses)/reversal and other credit provisions	(31,643)	3,277	–	(6,434)	–	–	(34,800)
Operating profit/(loss) before gains or losses on certain investments and fixed assets	149,979	316,287	75,620	48,236	143,487	(96,000)	637,609
Net (loss)/gain on disposal of premises, investment properties and other fixed assets	(358)	–	–	29	6	5,006	4,683
Net (loss)/gain on disposal and repurchase of financial instruments	(104)	–	(126,455)	(6,301)	–	86,825	(46,035)
Share of results of an associate	–	–	–	105,622	–	–	105,622
Share of results of jointly controlled entities	–	–	–	–	–	2,793	2,793
Profit/(loss) before income tax	149,517	316,287	(50,835)	147,586	143,493	(1,376)	704,672
Income tax (expenses)/credit	(22,488)	(52,187)	8,388	(7,439)	(6,858)	10,987	(69,597)
Profit/(loss) after income tax	127,029	264,100	(42,447)	140,147	136,635	9,611	635,075
For the six months ended 30 June 2010							
Depreciation and amortisation	20,242	8,523	1,587	20,992	3,877	14,764	69,985
As at 30 June 2010							
Segment assets	25,663,287	31,502,725	43,267,844	16,504,391	10,409,347	681,476	128,029,070
Segment liabilities	57,717,056	13,872,998	16,732,298	13,011,298	7,528,545	4,187,752	113,049,947

19. Operating segment reporting (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 June 2009

	Personal Banking	Commercial Banking	Treasury	Overseas Banking	Insurance Business	Others	Total
Net interest income/(expenses)	392,797	459,807	253,495	117,445	76,921	(136,068)	1,164,397
– external customers	219,140	451,901	444,465	119,347	66,344	(136,800)	1,164,397
– inter-segments	173,657	7,906	(190,970)	(1,902)	10,577	732	–
Non-interest income/(expenses)	106,556	40,506	42,959	21,996	89,903	(61,508)	240,412
Total operating income/(loss) net of insurance claims	499,353	500,313	296,454	139,441	166,824	(197,576)	1,404,809
Operating expenses	(689,642)	(114,416)	(45,587)	(108,366)	(74,639)	(11,147)	(1,043,797)
Operating (loss)/profit before impairment losses	(190,289)	385,897	250,867	31,075	92,185	(208,723)	361,012
Loan impairment losses and other credit provisions	(64,147)	(202,675)	–	(5,668)	(1,937)	–	(274,427)
Operating (loss)/profit before gains or losses on certain investments and fixed assets	(254,436)	183,222	250,867	25,407	90,248	(208,723)	86,585
Net gain on disposal of premises, investment properties, and other fixed assets	–	–	–	26	–	3,270	3,296
Net (loss)/gain on disposal and repurchase of financial instruments	(203)	–	2	–	(20,882)	250,380	229,297
Share of results of an associate	–	–	–	78,117	–	–	78,117
Share of results of jointly controlled entities	–	–	–	–	–	1,728	1,728
(Loss)/profit before income tax	(254,639)	183,222	250,869	103,550	69,366	46,655	399,023
Income tax credit/(expense)	42,153	(30,447)	(41,473)	(2,431)	(6,918)	23,251	(15,865)
(Loss)/profit after income tax	<u>(212,486)</u>	<u>152,775</u>	<u>209,396</u>	<u>101,119</u>	<u>62,448</u>	<u>69,906</u>	<u>383,158</u>
For the six months ended 30 June 2009							
Depreciation and amortisation	18,324	8,247	2,588	20,473	4,105	11,273	65,010
As at 31 December 2009							
Segment assets	23,774,539	27,743,861	46,356,147	14,782,608	9,718,569	200,431	122,576,155
Segment liabilities	53,914,872	14,216,278	18,416,822	11,452,134	6,917,631	3,479,643	108,397,380

19. Operating segment reporting (Continued)

More than 90% of the revenues from external customers were contributed from banking subsidiaries in Hong Kong, Macau and People's Republic of China, with major products and services including deposit taking, extension of credit, asset-based finance, securities investment services offered to customers.

The following tables provide information by geographical area, which was determined with reference to the domicile of the legal entities within the group with business dealing and relationship with, and services to external customers.

	Hong Kong and Others	Macau	Inter-segment elimination	Total
For the six months ended 30 June 2010				
Total operating income net of insurance claims	1,250,581	139,278	(171)	1,389,688
Profit before income tax	664,180	40,492	–	704,672
As at 30 June 2010				
Total assets	118,021,318	12,216,982	(2,209,230)	128,029,070
Total liabilities	104,898,659	10,360,518	(2,209,230)	113,049,947
Intangible assets and goodwill	318,667	764,009	–	1,082,676
Contingent liabilities and commitments	41,699,108	1,756,254	–	43,455,362
	Hong Kong and Others	Macau	Inter-segment elimination	Total
For the six months ended 30 June 2009				
Total operating income net of insurance claims	1,271,096	133,884	(171)	1,404,809
Profit before income tax	361,698	37,325	–	399,023
As at 31 December 2009				
Total assets	113,045,033	12,110,240	(2,579,118)	122,576,155
Total liabilities	100,675,307	10,301,191	(2,579,118)	108,397,380
Intangible assets and goodwill	318,667	771,355	–	1,090,022
Contingent liabilities and commitments	42,726,720	1,379,709	–	44,106,429

FINANCIAL RATIOS

	Six months ended 30 Jun 2010	Six months ended 30 Jun 2009
Net interest income/operating income	79.4%	82.9%
Cost to income ratio	51.6%	74.3%
Loan to deposit (including certificates of deposit) ratio	71.4%	65.5%
Return on average total assets	0.8%	0.5%
Return on average shareholders' funds	8.6%	6.3%
Net interest margin	1.87%	1.98%

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Directors have declared an interim dividend of HK\$0.2 per share for 2010 payable on or after Friday, 24 September 2010 to shareholders whose names are on the Register of Shareholders at the close of business on Friday, 17 September 2010.

CLOSING OF REGISTER OF SHAREHOLDERS

The Register of Shareholders will be closed from Monday, 13 September 2010 to Friday, 17 September 2010, both days inclusive. In order to qualify for the interim dividend, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Registrars, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Shops 1712 - 1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 10 September 2010.

CORPORATE AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW

HIGHLIGHTS

Against a backdrop of steady economic performance in Hong Kong and the Mainland, and generally more stable financial markets than in the first half of 2009, our performance in the first half of 2010 improved substantially. Operating income including insurance premium income net of insurance claims basically flat on the same period last year, but with substantially lower operating expenses and credit cost, as well as fewer exceptional items, our profit attributable to shareholders improved very substantially, by 67% to HK\$504 million, and earnings per share increasing by a similar rate to HK\$1.94 per share.

With more stable market conditions, and much lower loan impairment costs, we resumed our growth strategy and are pleased to report that our loan book grew rapidly in the first half of the year, up by 14% relative to the end of 2009. Loan growth was most rapid in our commercial banking business with overall loans growing by 16% for the six months to 30 June 2010, particularly in the areas of large corporate syndicated loans, trade finance and property investment lending, despite a mild contraction of our hire purchase loan portfolio. Our retail banking business also reported healthy loan growth of 9%, driven mainly by mortgage lending, although credit cards and other personal loans reported mild growth for the period.

Net interest margin reduced mildly in the first half of the year, mainly due to the competition in the market relating to loan pricing, as well as higher deposit costs, in addition to the cost of maintaining high levels of liquidity during the period.

Our insurance business, on the back of stronger investment returns and notwithstanding the significant increase in actuarial reserves for insurance claims due to the decrease in the valuation interest rates, reported a very substantial growth in net profit to HK\$137 million, up 119% when compared with the first six months in 2009.

Our 20% associate, Bank of Chongqing performed well during the period, contributing HK\$106 million, representing 35% growth comparing with the same period in 2009.

With the improved performance, we are pleased to announce the resumption of dividend payments, with an interim dividend of HK\$0.2 per share declared by the Board of Directors.

Due to the strong recovery in profitability, and corresponding increase in retained earnings, even after the proposed dividend, as well as the increase in our total assets driven by loan increases, the combined capital adequacy of Dah Sing Banking Group improved compared with the 2009 year end, with core capital adequacy increasing from 10.2% to 10.7% and total capital adequacy increasing from 16.8% to 17.2%.

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

Net interest income during the period reduced mildly by 5% from HK\$1,164 million to HK\$1,103 million, and net interest margin reduced by 11 basis points from 1.98% during the first half of 2009 to 1.87% in the period. The principal reason for the decline in net interest income was pressure on margins, due both to asset yields with strong competition in major loan markets and changes in business mix, as well as higher interest rate mark-ups on deposits and reduced deposit spreads due to the high levels of liquid assets maintained during the period, and lower yields for short-term liquid assets. Whilst loan volumes grew strongly, most of the growth was achieved in the second quarter of the year, and therefore did not bring about higher benefit to the interest income line for the whole period.

Non-interest income grew by 19% to HK\$287 million, driven mainly by fee and commission income increases as a result of higher volumes of lending business, and the much stronger investment returns of our insurance investment portfolios. Net trading income of our banking business also improved, with a very strong performance in foreign exchange income offset to some extent by negative fair value items.

As a result of the meaningful decreases in the medium to long term risk-free interest rates and the corresponding lowering in the valuation interest rates for valuing our long-term life policy liabilities, a much higher actuarial reserving costs was charged in the period. The growth in our insurance premium and other income, including the increase in embedded value in the period, did not however fully cover the reserving cost increase. With the lower medium to long term risk-free interest rates, and our continued diversification of the investment portfolios including more allocations to bond investments to better match our long-term life liabilities, a substantial increase in the returns of our insurance investment portfolios was recorded, which had more than offset the net incremental insurance cost increase in the period.

Total operating expenses were down significantly by 31% to HK\$717 million in the first half of the year. In part this was due to the absence in provision expenses relating to possible settlement and compensation to customers having bought retail investment products from the Group's Hong Kong banking subsidiaries. However, even excluding the variance brought about by the provision expense reduction, core operating expenses remained very much under control, and were similar to the first half of 2009 on a normalized basis.

With continued tight cost control, our core operating expenses were even slightly lower than the first half of 2008, and staff related expenses were lower after implementing cost rationalization programs since late 2008. Some non-staff cost increases were caused by higher premises and depreciation expenses, and also operating expenses in relation to the operation of our wholly owned subsidiary bank in China, which commenced its business in August 2008.

Credit quality, in both our commercial and retail lending businesses was much improved. Collective impairment charges reduced from HK\$95 million to HK\$47 million for the period, and individual impairment saw a mild write-back of previous charges of HK\$12 million, against a net charge of HK\$178 million in the first half of 2009. Underlying credit performance improved, with impaired loan ratio falling from 0.96% at the end of 2009 to 0.53% as at 30 June 2010. In addition, increases in prices of properties held as collateral against certain impaired loans contributed to the write-back of individual impairment charges.

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

The stable operating income, together with much lower operating expenses, due to smaller exceptional expenses, as well as tight control of core operating expenses, and the much lower impairment charges, contributed to a significant improvement in operating profit after loan impairment charges, from HK\$87 million to HK\$638 million for the period.

Bank of Chongqing performed strongly during the period, resulting in an increase in the contribution from our 20% equity interest, under the share of results of an associate line from HK\$78 million to HK\$106 million for the period. We also benefited from a gain of HK\$83 million on the repurchase of a portion of Dah Sing Bank's perpetual subordinated debt callable in 2017, and the closing out of certain interest rate swap hedges associated with this, against a loss on disposal of certain securities of HK\$129 million as part of our strategy to reduce the risk in our securities investment portfolio.

We continued to be prudent in the first half of the year in both our liquidity management, as well as our capital management. We issued a new US\$225 million Lower Tier 2 10-year subordinated bond in the first quarter, and subsequently called and retired a previous issue of Lower Tier 2 subordinated debt in the amount of US\$150 million, as well as repurchasing US\$75 million of our perpetual subordinated debt callable in 2017 as referred to above. With the strong recovery in earnings, and retention of a substantial portion of such earnings, notwithstanding the resumption of dividend payments, the capital position of our Banking Group further improved with an increase in overall capital adequacy from 16.8% to 17.2%, as well as an increase in our core Tier 1 capital from 10.2% to 10.7%.

PROSPECTS

After a relatively good first quarter, there are more recent signs of further pressure on economies in many parts of the world. This may lead to a slower global recovery, or even a renewed downturn in the global economies. So far, in relative terms, Asia, and in particular China has remained reasonably robust, albeit on a somewhat slower growth path than had previously been the case. We also note certain measures taken by the central government to cool various areas of the economy, notably in the property sector.

Taking all of these into account, we enter the second half of the year in a reasonably conservative position. Whilst we do not see any immediate major problems ahead for the economy in Hong Kong and the Mainland, we believe that it is appropriate to be prepared for a potential further slow-down, and potential challenges that could be caused by renewed market volatility. Therefore, we continue to hold high levels of liquidity and capital, and we are also likely to see the pace of growth slow in the second half. We are also mindful of forthcoming changes to banking regulation globally, in particular relating to capital and liquidity requirements, and will review the impact of these changes in detail once they have been announced.

However, our conservatism is measured, and we still see bright prospects ahead in the medium term. With our core business base in Hong Kong, and our expansion in Macau and the Mainland, we believe that the dynamism of the Greater China region will provide us with many opportunities in the years to come.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has complied with all the code provisions set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules throughout the six months ended 30 June 2010.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted its own code of conduct regarding directors' securities dealings on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors (Appendix 10 of the Main Board Rules). After having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirmed that the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Company's code of conduct regarding directors' securities dealings have been fully complied with.

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial information in this interim results announcement is unaudited and does not constitute statutory financial statements.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee has reviewed with Management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters including a review of the unaudited interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2010.

REMUNERATION AND STAFF DEVELOPMENT

There have been no material changes to the information disclosed in the Company's 2009 Annual Report in respect of the remuneration of employees, remuneration policies and training schemes.

DEALINGS IN THE COMPANY'S SHARES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of the Company's listed shares during the six months ended 30 June 2010.

INTERIM RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT AND INTERIM REPORT

Copies of this announcement may be obtained from Corporate Secretarial Department at 36th Floor, Dah Sing Financial Centre, 108 Gloucester Road, Hong Kong, or downloaded from the Company's website at <<http://www.dahsing.com>> free of charge.

The 2010 Interim Report of the Group containing all the information required by the Listing Rules will be published on the websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company in due course. Printed copies of the 2010 Interim Report will be sent to shareholders before the end of September 2010.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As at the date of this announcement, the Board of Directors of the Company comprises Messrs. David Shou-Yeh Wong (Chairman), Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong) (Managing Director and Chief Executive), Roderick Stuart Anderson, Gary Pak-Ling Wang and Nicholas John Mayhew as Executive Directors; Messrs. Akimitsu Ashida (Shugo Aoto as alternate), Tatsuo Tanaka (Takashi Morisaki as alternate), Hidemitsu Otsuka, John Wai-Wai Chow and Yiu-Ming Ng as Non-Executive Directors; Messrs. Peter Gibbs Birch, Robert Tsai-To Sze, Dr. Tai-Lun Sun (Dennis Sun) and Nicholas Robert Sallnow-Smith as Independent Non-Executive Directors.

By Order of the Board
H L Soo
Company Secretary

Hong Kong, Monday, 9 August 2010