

達成集團

Tak Sing Alliance Holdings Limited (Stock Code 股份代號: 00126)



ANNUAL REPORT 2011 二零一一年年報

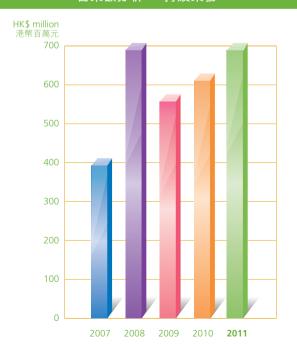
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FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

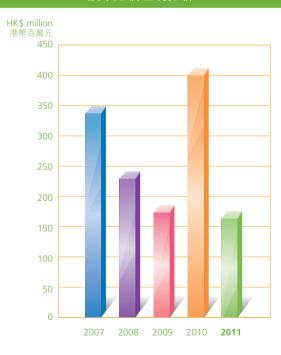
五年財務撮要

		2007 HK\$ million 百萬港元	2008 HK\$ million 百萬港元	2009 HK\$ million 百萬港元	2010 HK\$ million 百萬港元	2011 HK\$ million 百萬港元
Revenue – Continuing operations	營業額-持續業務					
Restaurant, food and hotel	酒樓、食品及酒店	348	424	475	517	580
Property investment and development	地產投資及發展	47	267	85	96	113
		395	691	560	613	693
Profit Attributable to Owners of the Parent	母公司擁有人 應佔溢利	337	229	173	400	163
Basic Earnings per Share (cents)	每股基本盈利(仙)	45.18	21.62	15.13	34.93	14.26
Net Assets	資產淨值	1,403	2,830	2,999	3,293	3,473
Total Assets	總資產	2,338	4,241	4,554	5,107	5,652

Analysis of Revenue – Continuing Operations 營業額分析 — 持續業務



Analysis of Profit Attributable to Shareholders 股東應佔溢利分析



BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

MA, Kai Cheung, *PhD, SBS, BBS (Chairman)*MA, Kai Yum, *PhD (Vice Chairman)*NG, Yan Kwong
MA, Hung Ming, John, *PhD, BBS*YUEN, Wai Man

Independent Non-Executive Directors

LO, Ming Chi, Charles, JP LO, Man Kit, Sam WONG, See King

AUDIT COMMITTEE

LO, Ming Chi, Charles, JP (Chairman) LO, Man Kit, Sam WONG, See King

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

LO, Man Kit, Sam (Chairman) LO, Ming Chi, Charles, JP WONG, See King

COMPANY SECRETARY

NG, Yan Kwong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM12 Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACES OF BUSINESS

26/F Phase II Wyler Centre 200 Tai Lin Pai Road Kwai Chung New Territories Hong Kong

5/F Carrianna Friendship Square 2002 Renminnan Road Lo Wu District Shenzhen China

董事會

執行董事

馬介璋,博士,銀紫荊星章,銅紫荊星章(主席) 馬介欽,博士(副主席) 吳恩光 馬鴻銘,博士,銅紫荊星章 袁偉文

獨立非執行董事

勞明智,太平紳士 盧文傑 黃思競

審核委員會

勞明智, 太平紳士(主席) 盧文傑 黃思競

薪酬委員會

盧文傑(主席) 勞明智,太平紳士 黃思競

公司秘書

吳恩光

註冊辦事處

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM12 Bermuda

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港新界 葵涌大連排道200號 偉倫中心 第二期二十六樓

中國深圳市 羅湖區 人民南路2002號 佳寧娜友誼廣場五樓

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICE

HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited 6 Front Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited 26/F, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

SOLICITORS

King & Wood King & Company

LEGAL ADVISERS ON BERMUDA LAW

Appleby

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited The Bank of East Asia, Limited Chong Hing Bank Limited Wing Hang Bank Limited

COMPANY WEBSITE

http://www.taksing.com.hk

STOCK CODE

00126

主要股份過戶登記處

HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited 6 Front Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓

律師

金杜律師事務所 馬清楠譚德興程國豪劉麗卿律師行

百慕達法律顧問

Appleby

核數師

安永會計師事務所

主要往來銀行

香港上海匯豐銀行有限公司 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 東亞銀行有限公司 創興銀行有限公司 永亨銀行有限公司

公司網址

http://www.taksing.com.hk

股份代號

00126

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present to you the Annual Report of Tak Sing Alliance Holdings Limited for the financial year ended 31 March 2011.

RESULTS

For the year ended 31 March 2011, the Group's turnover was HK\$692,840,000 (2010: HK\$613,180,000), increased by 13% from last year. The Group's profit attributable to shareholders was HK\$163,209,000 (2010: HK\$399,695,000), reduced by 59% from last year. The reason for the decrease in profit was that in last year, the listing of China South City Holdings Limited in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange resulted in a non-recurring profit of HK\$330 million. Excluding the effect of this special profit, profit attributable to shareholders was 136% higher than last year. The Group's two operating segments, namely property and hotel, restaurant and food, both recorded satisfactory growth in turnover as well as operating profit.

DIVIDEND

The Directors have recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK2 cents per share for the year ended 31 March 2011.

PROPERTY

Turnover for property for the year was HK\$113,157,000 (2010: HK\$95,818,000), higher than last year by 18%. Excluding the effect of China South City listing non-recurring profit and gain from changes in fair value of investment properties, segment profit was HK\$79,738,000 (2010: HK\$51,691,000), increased by 54% from last year. Rental income for the year increased by 12% to HK\$58,840,000 while property sales revenue increased by 25% to HK\$54,317,000. During the year, the Group's two shopping malls in Shenzhen, Carrianna Friendship Square and Imperial Palace, recorded increase in both occupancy rate and rental rate. Together with other investment properties in Shenzhen and Hong Kong, these properties provide stable and growing rental income to the Group.

本人謹代表董事會同寅向各位股東欣 然提呈達成集團截至二零一一年三月 三十一日止財務年度的年報。

業績

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團營業額為692,840,000港元(二零一零年:613,180,000港元),較去年增加13%:股東應佔溢利為163,209,000港元(二零一零年:399,695,000港元),比去年減少59%。溢利減少主要原因為去年因華南城控股有限公司在香港交易所上的市為集團帶來一次性利潤3.3億港元,扣除此特殊收益,本年度集團股東應佔溢入資際增加136%。集團兩大主要業務地產及酒樓、酒店及食品均錄得理想的營業額及經營溢利增長。

股息

董事會建議就截至二零一一年三月三十一止年度派發末期股息每股2港仙。

地產

本年度地產業務營業額為113,157,000港元(二零一零年:95,818,000港元)比去年增加18%:扣除去年「華南城」上市帶來的一次性特殊利潤及投資物業公值變動利潤,分部盈利為79,738,000港元(二零一零年:51,691,000港元)比去年增加54%。其中租金收入比去年增加25%至54,317,000港元。年內,集團在深圳的商場,佳寧娜友誼廣場及駿兵名園的出租率及平均租金均有所上昇團在深圳及香港的其他收租物業,為集團帶來穩定及持續增長的租金收益。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

Property sales revenue recorded in last year mainly came from sales of remaining properties of phase 1 of Grand Lake City project in Yiyang city of Hunan Province. The construction of the last two high rise lake side residential buildings of phase 1 with gross floor area of 27,000M² had been completed. After completion of various government inspection procedures, the residential units will be hand over to buyers in the third quarter of 2011. During the year, over 90% of the two buildings were sold with sales revenue of approximately HK\$100 million. These sales will be recorded as income in the coming financial year in accordance with relevant accounting standard. On the other hand, the construction of Grand Lake City phase 2 development comprising 160,000M², 6 high rise lake view residential buildings and a shopping mall has been started and is expected to be completed in two stages by year end of 2012 and 2013 respectively.

去年入帳的售樓收益主要為湖南益陽市 梓山湖新城項目一期的剩餘住宅單位。 一期最後兩幢共27,000平方米的湖景高 層住宅已經竣工,正在辦理相關竣工驗證 手續,預期在2011年第三季度入伙,按照 相關會計準則,年內已經銷售超過90% 約港幣一億元的售樓收益將在下一財政 年度入帳。此外,梓山湖新城二期六幢共 160,000平方米高層湖景住宅及商場已經 動工,預期在2012年及2013年底分期落 成。

During the year, construction of the logistic and commercial project, China East City, in Lianyungang of Jiangsu province had been started. Phase 1 of the project comprises 160,000M² of leather and construction material wholesale markets. The construction will be completed in two stages by year end of 2011 and mid year of 2012. In June 2011, 100,000M² of the shops in the market was launched for sales. Within two weeks, over 50% with revenue exceeding HK\$300 million has been sold. These sales will be recorded as income in the coming financial year.

年內,集團位於江蘇省連雲港市的商業物流項目「華東國際時尚物料城」首期經營皮革及建築材料共160,000平方米的物流中心已經動工,預期在2011年底及2012年中相繼落成。在2011年6月集團推出約100,000平方米的商舖銷售,在兩週內已經售出超過一半,淨銷售額超過港幣3億元,將在下一財政年度內入帳。

The Group's 50% interest associated company, South China International Purchasing Exchange Limited, had paid all land cost of RMB410 million and obtained land certificates for the commercial project in Dongguan city. The land was approximately 80,000M² with total floor area over 300,000M². The project is under construction planning stage and is expected to start construction by the end of 2011.

集團持有50%的聯營公司華南國際採購交易中心有限公司在東莞市萬江區的商業項目已經支付所有地價共人民幣4億1仟萬元並取得相關土地證,項目土地面積約80,000平方米,可建樓面約300,000平方米,目前正進行前期規劃工作,預計在2011年底開始動工。

Looking forward for the coming year, with sales already completed in Grand Lake City and China East City of approximately HK\$400 million and the stable and growing rental income from investment properties, segment result for property is expected to show substantial improvement.

展望來年,梓山湖新城及華東城已經出售的物業金額約4億港元,加上投資物業帶來的穩定及持續增長的租金收益,地產分部業績預期將比今年有明顯的增長。

Hotel, Restaurant and Food

Turnover for hotel, restaurant and food division for the year was HK\$579,683,000 (2010: HK\$517,362,000), increased by 12% from last year. Segment profit was HK\$110,983,000 (2010: HK\$74,059,000), increased significantly by 50%. Growth in turnover and profit was mainly attributable to food business. The increase in production capacity and production cost efficiency of the Hainan food factory is the main reason for the significant growth in food sales and profit.

For restaurant business, most restaurants recorded growth during the year despite fierce competition. Hong Kong and Hainan restaurants recorded highest growth in turnover. Operating profit for restaurants was about the same as last year due to significant increase in human resources as well as food costs which offset the growth in revenue. For hotels, turnover and operating results were both better than last year. The improvement in Carrianna Yiyang International Hotel in Hunan province was more notable than Carrianna Hotel in Foshan, Guangdong.

For the coming year, the Group will further expand the Hainan food factory. Together with the production in Kunming food factory, food business is expected to continue its growth. For hotel and restaurants, human resources and food costs are expected to further increase in the coming year, management will work hard to control cost and improve service in order to achieve growth in revenue and operating profit under fierce competition environment.

APPRECIATION

I would like to take this opportunity to extend my appreciation to the Board of Directors, our management team and staff for their support and dedication to the Group and to our shareholders, customers, suppliers and other business partners for their unfailing support.

Dr. Ma Kai Cheung

Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 June 2011

酒店、酒樓及食品

年內,酒店、酒樓及食品營業額為579,683,000港元(二零一零年:517,362,000港元),比去年增加12%,經營溢利為110,983,000港元(二零一零年:74,059,000港元),比去年大幅增加50%。營業額及溢利的增長主要來自食品業務,海南食品廠的產量增加及成本效益提升對提高食品銷售的營業額及利潤均帶來積極作用。

酒樓方面,雖然競爭激烈,集團大部份酒樓均錄得營業額增長,其中香港及海南的增長較大。唯由於人力及原材料均大幅增加,酒樓經營溢利祇能維持與去年相約。酒店方面,營業額及經營溢利均比去年有所提高,其中益陽國際大酒店業績則與去年相較。

展望來年,集團已經準備擴建海南食品廠,以期進一步提高產量及成本效益,加上昆明食品廠投產,預期食品業務將會持續增長。酒樓及酒店方面,人力及原材料成本上升壓力將會持續,管理層將繼續努力控制成本及提升服務,繼續在競爭激烈的環境中提高營業額及經營溢利。

鳴謝

本人藉此機會對本集團董事會,管理層及 員工的忠誠及貢獻深表謝意,並就各股 東、客戶、供應商及其他業務伙伴給予的 鼎力支持表示衷心感激。

主席

馬介璋博士

香港,二零一一年六月三十日

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

MA Kai Cheung, PhD, SBS, BBS, aged 69, is the Chairman and founder of the Group. Mr. Ma has more than 40 years' experience in the garment distribution and manufacturing business, over 20 and 10 years' experience in the restaurant business and property development respectively. He is responsible for the strategic planning and business development of the Group. He is a committee member of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. He is the President of Shenzhen Overseas Chinese International Association, Mr. Ma also serves as President of Federation of Hong Kong Guangdong Community Organisations, Permanent Honorary President of Federation of Hong Kong Chiu Chow Community Organizations, Permanent Honorary President of Hong Kong Chiu Chow Chamber of Commerce Limited and President of Hong Kong & Kowloon Chiu Chow Public Association. Mr. Ma is a brother of Mr. Ma Kai Yum.

MA Kai Yum, PhD, aged 60, is Vice Chairman and Managing Director of the Group. He has been a Director of the Group since 1984 and has over 30 years' experience in the garment business. Mr. Ma is responsible for the daily operations and administration and, together with Mr. Ma Kai Cheung, for the strategic planning of the Group. Mr. Ma is a member of Guangdong Provincial Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and also serves as a Director of the Chinese Manufacturers Association of Hong Kong, Vice President of Hong Kong & Kowloon Chiu Chow Public Association. Mr. Ma is a brother of Mr. Ma Kai Cheung.

NG Yan Kwong, aged 50, is Executive Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of the Group since 2000. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Commerce of the University of Newcastle in Australia and is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the CPA Australia. Before joining the Group, Mr. Ng was the finance director of a US beverage company operating in Mainland China. Mr. Ng has more than 10 years corporate and financial management experience with multinational consumer product companies in South East Asia and Greater China region. He also has substantial working experience in public accountancy practice with a major international accounting firm.

執行董事

馬介璋,博士,銀紫荊星章,銅紫荊星章,現年 69歲,本集團的主席兼創辦人。馬先生在 成衣分銷及製造業方面有四十多年的 驗,並擁有二十多年經營酒樓及十多年物 業發展經驗,現負責本集團的策劃及美 發展工作。馬先生現任全國政協委員 別市僑商國際聯合會會長。馬先生同時 任香港廣東社團總會會長、香港潮屬社團 總會永遠名譽主席、香港潮州商會永遠名 譽會長及香港九龍潮州公會主席。馬先生 為馬介欽先生之胞兄。

馬介欽,博士,現年60歲,本集團副主席及董事總經理,自一九八四年起出任本集團的董事,馬先生在成衣業有三十多年經驗。馬先生負責集團日常營運與行政工作,並與馬介璋先生共同策劃本集團的業務。馬先生現任廣東省政協委員、香港中華廠商聯合會會董、香港九龍潮州公會副主席。馬先生為馬介璋先生之胞弟。

吳恩光, 現年50歲, 自二零零零年起出任本集團執行董事、首席財務主管及集團內秘書。吳先生畢業於澳洲紐卡素大學並獲取商業學士學位。吳先生為香港員計師公會及澳洲執業會計師公會會別,與先生曾任職於一事會同時不知,與大生於東南亞及大中華地區跨國消費。 集團有十多年的企業及財務管理經驗,吳先生亦曾在大型國際性的會計師事務所服務多年。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (continued)

MA Hung Ming, John, PhD, BBS, aged 44, has been the Managing Director of Carrianna Holdings Limited since 26th April 2002. Mr. Ma joined the Group in 1990 and is currently responsible for the Group's property development operations. He has extensive experience in the catering industry, as well as property management and development. Mr. Ma was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) from The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2003 and a Honorary Doctorate of Philosophy degree by Morrison University in 2004. Mr. Ma was the Chairman of Tung Wah Group of Hospitals for the year 2002. He is a member of the Standing Committee of Shenzhen Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and a Director of Hong Kong Chiu Chow Chamber of Commerce Ltd. He is the son of Mr. Ma Kai Cheung, the Chairman and an executive director of the Company.

YUEN Wai Man, aged 51, is the general manager of the Group's Carrianna brand restaurants in the PRC. He has been serving the Group since 1991. Mr. Yuen has about 30 years' experience in restaurant operations and the catering industry.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

LO Ming Chi, Charles, JP, aged 61, joined the Group in 1991. Mr. Lo is a member of the CPA Australia and fellow of the Financial Services Institute of Australasia. Mr. Lo is an executive director and Chief Executive Officer of China Tycoon Beverage Holdings Limited (formerly known as Sewco International Holdings Limited). He is an executive director and Chief Executive Officer of New Island Printing Holdings Limited. He is also an independent non-executive director of New Environmental Energy Holdings Limited (formerly known as Hembly International Holdings Limited) and Cash Financial Services Group Limited. He was Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Poly Development Holdings Limited from 7 December 2000 to 19 November 2009. He was an Executive Director of New Century Group Hong Kong Limited from 29 March 1999 to 1 February 2009 and Sun Innovation Holdings Limited from 21 July 2009 to 1 March 2010. All of which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. He has more than 20 years of professional and business experience in financial and investment services in Australia, Hong Kong and other Asian countries.

執行董事(續)

馬鴻銘,博士·銅紫荊星章,現年44歲,自二零零二年四月二十六日出任佳寧娜集棄有限公司的董事總經理,現時負責地產發展業務。他於一九九零年加入本集團。在飲食業、物業管理及地產發展方產與富的經驗。於二零零三年馬先生獲於出資數。於二零零三年馬先生獲於出資數。於二零零三年馬先生養於生物,與與於二零零四年獲美國摩利臣大學與對於二零零四年獲美國摩利臣大學與對於二零零四年獲美國摩利時,他現任深圳市政協常委及執行董事馬介章先生之子。

袁偉文,現年51歲,於一九九一年加入本集團。現任本集團佳寧娜品牌酒樓中國業務總經理。袁先生於酒樓營運及飲食業有接近三十年的經驗。

獨立非執行董事

勞明智,太平紳士,現年61歲,自一九九一 年加入本集團。勞先生為澳洲執業會計師 公會會員及Financial Services Institute of Australasia之資深會員。勞先生是中國大 亨飲品控股有限公司(前稱崇高國際控 股有限公司)之執行董事兼行政總裁。他 是新洲印刷集團有限公司之執行董事兼 行政總裁。他也是新環保能源控股有限公 司(前稱恆寶利國際控股有限公司)及時 富金融服務集團有限公司之獨立非執行 董事。他於二零零零年十二月七日至二零 零九年十一月十九日期間為保興發展控 股有限公司之副主席及行政總裁。他於 一九九九年三月二十九日至二零零九年 二月一日期間為新世紀集團香港有限公 司執行董事及於二零零九年七月二十一 日至二零一零年三月一日期間為奧亮集 團有限公司執行董事。該等公司之證券均 於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市。他在澳 洲、香港及其他亞洲國家的財務及投資方 面具有超過二十年的專業及商業經驗。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

(continued)

LO Man Kit, Sam, aged 50, joined the Group in July 2004. Mr. Lo is a practising solicitor in Hong Kong and a consultant of Messrs. C.C. Lee & Co.. He has over 20 years of extensive experience in the areas of conveyancing, banking and commercial law. He is also admitted as solicitor in England and Singapore.

WONG See King, aged 50, joined the Group in August 2007. Mr. Wong is currently a Chief Financial Officer of HAGER Asia Limited, a subsidiary of the HAGER Group which is a US market leader of building hardware products and is engaging in a joint venture in the People's Republic of China ("China") to manufacture mainly hinge hardware products. Mr. Wong had also worked as financial and business executive in various Australian, UK and US multi-national companies. He has over 15 years' of working experience in the corporate finance, building hardware, FMCG manufacturing and distribution business in Hong Kong and China and property development business in Australia. He holds a bachelor's degree in Economics from Macquarie University (Australia) and is a member of the Australian Society of CPAs.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

MA Hung Man, Raymond, aged 35, is the Vice President of China East International Materials City. Mr. Ma graduated from the University of California, Davis with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Civil Engineering and he holds a Professional Engineer license in Civil Engineering in USA. He has substantial experience in structural engineering, construction management and property development. He is the son of Mr. Ma Kai Cheung.

YAU So Kan, aged 40, is General Manager of the Carrianna Hotel in Foshan, PRC. She has been serving the Group since 2004. Ms. Yau has formed an effective management team in hotel management since the Company took over the management of Carrianna Hotel. Ms. Yau has about 10 years' experience in hotel management and operation.

獨立非執行董事(續)

盧文傑,現年50歲,自二零零四年七月加入本集團。盧先生是香港執業律師,現任李楚正律師事務所顧問。盧先生在房地產、銀行及商業法律服務方面有超過二十年之豐富經驗。他亦同時擁有英國及新加坡之律師資格。

高級管理人員

馬鴻文,現年35歲,現任華東國際時尚物料城開發(連雲港)有限公司之副總裁。馬先生畢業於University of California, Davis,並擁有土木工程學士學位及持有美國土木工程師專業牌照。他於結構工程學,建築管理及物業發展方面擁有豐富經驗。他是馬介璋先生之兒子。

邱素勤,現年40歲,現任中國佛山佳寧娜 大酒店之董事總經理。她自二零零四年加 入本集團。自本集團接手管理佳寧娜大酒 店後,邱小姐組成了有效率的管理層隊 伍。邱小姐在酒店管理及營運方面擁有十 多年的經驗。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance as set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") in Appendix 14 of The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") which became effective on 1 January 2005. The corporate governance principles of the Company emphasis a quality board of directors, sound internal control, principles and practices and transparency and accountability to all shareholders of the Company. The Company has complied with the Code throughout the accounting period covered by this report, except for deviation in respect of the separation of the roles of chairman and chief executive officer.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code for securities transactions by Directors of the Company. Following specific enquiry by the Company, the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard under the Model Code throughout the year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") currently comprises eight Directors and its composition is as follows:

Executive Directors

Ma Kai Cheung (Chairman) Ma Kai Yum (Vice Chairman) Ng Yan Kwong Ma Hung Ming, John Yuen Wai Man

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Lo Ming Chi, Charles Lo Man Kit, Sam Wong See King

The brief biographical details of the Directors are set out in the "Director and Senior Management's Biographies" on pages 8 to 10 of this report.

The composition of the Board is reviewed regularly to ensure that it has a good balance of expertise, skills and experience which can meet the requirements of the business of the Company.

企業管治常規

董事的證券交易

本公司已採納載列於《證券上市規則》 附錄十之上市公司董事進行證券交易之 《標準守則》,作為本公司董事進行證券 交易的守則。因應本公司之特定查詢,各 董事確認於整個年度內均已遵守《標準 守則》之標準要求。

董事會

本公司董事會(「董事會」)現由八名董事 組成,其成員如下:

執行董事

馬介璋(主席) 馬介欽(副主席) 吳恩光 馬鴻銘 袁偉文

獨立非執行董事

勞明智 盧文傑 黃思競

有關各董事之簡歷載於本報告第8至10頁 「董事及高級管理人員簡歷」內。

董事會之架構會定期檢討,確保專業知識、技術及經驗達致平衡,並能符合本公司之業務需要。

Responsibility of Directors

The Board is responsible for ensuring continuity of leadership, development of sound business strategies, availability of adequate capital and managerial resources to implement the business strategies adopted, adequacy of systems of financial and internal controls and conduct of business in conformity with applicable laws and regulations. All Directors have made full and active contribution to the affairs of the Board and the Board has always acted in the best interests of the Group.

The Executive Directors and senior management are delegated with respective levels of authorities with regard to key corporate strategy and policy and contractual commitments. Management is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Group with divisional heads responsible for different aspects of the business.

The Board is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. The Company has adopted the generally accepted accounting standards in Hong Kong in preparing the financial statements, appropriate accounting policies have been adopted and applied consistently, and reasonable and prudent judgement and estimates have been made. The publication of the financial statements of the Group is also in a timely manner.

The Board has reviewed the financial projections of the Group and the Board is not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt over the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Board has continued to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Board Meetings

During the year, the Board met regularly and held eight meetings. The attendance record, on a named basis, at these meetings is set out in the table on page 18 of this report.

Regular board meetings are scheduled in advance to facilitate all directors' attendance. Regular board meetings are scheduled to be held four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals. At least 14 days' notice of a board meeting is given to all directors who are given an opportunity to include matters for discussion in the agenda. If potential conflict of interest involving a substantial shareholder or a director arises, the matter is discussed in a physical meeting, as opposed to being dealt with by written resolution. The directors attend meetings in persons or through other means of electronic communication in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company.

董事會之責任

董事會須負責確保領導之延續性、發展健全之業務策略、具備充裕資金及管理資源,落實採納之業務策略、財務和內部監控系統之完備性,且業務運作符合適用法律及法規。全體董事已對董事會事務作出完全及積極貢獻,董事會經常以本集團之最佳利益行事。

執行董事及高級管理層就重要之公司策略、政策及合約式承諾,按有關之授權級別接受委托。管理層負責本集團日常運作,而各部門主管負責不同範疇業務。

董事會負責編製財務報告。本公司在編製財務報告時已採用香港普遍接納之會計 準則,並貫徹應用適當會計政策,及作出 合理及審慎之判斷及評估。本集團之財務 報告亦得以及時發佈。

董事會已審核本集團之財政估算,且董事會並不知悉任何涉及可能會對本集團持續經營業務之能力造成重大質疑之事件和情況。故此,董事會已繼續採取持續經營基準編製財務報告。

董事會

年內,董事會定期會晤,曾舉行八次會議。該等會議之出席紀錄(以列名形式) 表列於本報告第18頁。

董事會例會均經事先安排,以便全體董事出席。董事會常規會議預定一年舉行之次,大約每季一次。召開董事會會議之百姓。召開董事會會議之事所。召開董事會會議是一年舉行最少十四天前發出予入會議舉行最少十四天前發出予入軍事,以讓各董事可在會議議程中加多大。當涉及主要股東實際理會議會,而並不會以書面決議方式處理。其他電子通訊工具參與會議。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

Board Meetings (continued)

Board papers are circulated approximately three days before the board meetings to enable the directors to make informed decisions on matters to be raised. The Company Secretary assists the chairman in preparing the agenda for meetings and ensures that all applicable rules and regulations are complied with. The Company Secretary shall attend all regular board meetings to advise on corporate governance, statutory compliance, accounting and financial matters when necessary. Directors shall have full access to information on the Group and are able to obtain independent professional advice whenever deemed necessary by the directors. The Company Secretary shall prepare minutes and keep records of matters discussed and decisions resolved at all board meetings.

Each newly-appointed director will be provided with a package of orientation materials setting out the duties and responsibilities of directors under the Listing Rules, related ordinances and relevant regulatory requirements of Hong Kong. Updates are provided to directors when necessary to ensure that directors are aware of the latest changes in the commercial and regulatory environment in which the Group conducts its business.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

According to the code provision A.2.1 of the Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Up to the date of this report, the Board has not appointed an individual to the post of chief executive officer. The roles of the chief executive officer have been performed collectively by all the executive directors, including the chairman, of the Company. The Board considers that this arrangement allows contributions from all executive directors with different expertise and is beneficial to the continuity of the Company's policies and strategies.

Going forward, the Board will periodically review the effectiveness of this arrangement and considers appointing an individual to becoming a chief executive officer when it thinks appropriate.

董事會(續)

董事會(續)

每位新獲委任之董事將會獲得一套指導 資料,內載香港上市規則、有關條例和相 關規管規定下之董事職責和責任。如有需 要,把最新資料提供予董事,確保董事了 解本集團從事業務所在之商業環境及規 管情況之最新變化。

主席及行政總裁

根據守則條文第A.2.1條,主席及行政總裁之角色應有區分,不應由一人同時兼任。

直至本報告日期,董事會尚未委任任何人士擔任行政總裁一職。行政總裁之職責乃由本公司所有執行董事(包括主席)共同擔任。董事會認為,該安排讓各位擁有不同專業的執行董事共同決策,亦可貫撤執行本公司之政策及策略,故符合本集團利益。

展望未來,董事會將定期檢討該安排之成效,及考慮於適當時委任人士擔任行政總裁。

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

(continued)

One of the important roles of the Chairman is to provide leadership to the Board to ensure that the Board always acts in the best interests of the Group. The Chairman shall ensure that the Board works effectively and fully discharges its responsibilities, and that all key issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner. All directors have been consulted about any matters proposed for inclusion in the agenda. With the support of the Company Secretary, the Chairman seeks to ensure that all directors are properly briefed on issues arising at any board meeting and have received adequate and reliable information in a timely manner.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The non-executive directors provide a wide range of expertise and experience as well as checks and balances to safeguard the interests of the Group and its shareholders. Their participation in the board and committee meetings brings independent judgement on issues relating to the Group's strategy, performance, conflicts of interest and management process to ensure that the interests of all shareholders of the Company have been duly considered.

The non-executive directors of the Company have been appointed for a term subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company. According to Bye-law 102(A) of the Bye-laws of the Company, director appointed to fill any casual vacancy shall hold office only until the next annual general meeting after their appointment and shall be subject to re-election by the shareholders of the Company. According to Bye-law 99 of the Bye-laws of the Company, one-third of the directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation (except Chairman or Managing Director) and shall be eligible for re-election at each annual general meeting.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has three independent non-executive directors representing more than one-third of the Board. More than one of the independent non-executive directors have the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. The Board confirms that the Company has received from each of the independent non-executive directors an annual confirmation of his independence and considers that all the independent non-executive directors are independent under the guidelines set out in Rules 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

主席及行政總裁(續)

主席之其中一項重要職能乃領導董事會,確保董事會經常以本集團之最佳利益行事。主席須確保董事會有效運作,完全履行其職責,並確保所有重大問題會於董事會及時討論。全體董事均獲得諮詢就所有建議事項載於議程。在公司秘書之協助下,主席擬確保全體董事已獲適當簡報任何董事會上出現之問題,並已及時收到充分及可靠之資料。

非執行董事

非執行董事提供各項專業知識和經驗,並進行檢查與平衡,維護本集團及其股東之利益。彼等參與董事會及各委員會會議,為涉及本集團之策略、表現、利益衝突及管理過程之問題帶來獨立判斷,確保本公司全體股東之利益獲得適切考慮。

本公司非執行董事之任期須按照本公司 的公司細則之規定於本公司股東週年大 會上輪值告退及膺選連任。根據本公司 司細則第102(A)條之規定,獲委任以填補 空缺之董事,其任期將於獲委任後至下屆 股東週年大會為止,及將由本公司股東更 選。根據本公司公司細則第99條,三分之 一之董事須於每屆股東週年大會上輪值 告退(主席及董事總經理除外)及合資格 膺選連任。

獨立非執行董事

本公司共有三名獨立非執行董事,佔董事會人數多於三分之一。當中一名以上的獨立非執行董事具備專業資格或會計或相關之財務管理專長。董事會確認公司已接獲每名獨立非執行董事有關其獨立性之年度確認書,並認為所有獨立非執行董事均屬上市規則第3.13條所載指引下之獨立人士。

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE AND REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

The Remuneration Committee was established on 1 April 2005 and currently comprises three independent non-executive directors and its composition is as follows:

Lo Man Kit, Sam (Chairman) Lo Ming Chi, Charles Wong See King

During the year, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting. The attendance record, on a named basis, at this meeting is set out in the table on page 18 of this report.

The objectives of the Remuneration Committee are to establish and maintain an appropriate and competitive level of remuneration to attract, retain and motivate directors and key executives to run the Company successfully. The Remuneration Committee also ensures that the remuneration policies and systems of the Group support the Group's objectives and strategies. The Committee is provided with other resources enabling it to discharge its duties fully. A set of written terms of reference, which described the authority and duties of the Remuneration Committee, was adopted by the Board on 1 April 2005 and the contents of which are in compliance with the code provisions of the Code.

The major roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- (a) to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all remuneration of directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policy on such remuneration;
- (b) to have the delegated responsibility to determine the specific remuneration packages of all executive directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment, and make recommendations to the board of the remuneration of non-executive directors. The remuneration committee should consider factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the directors, employment conditions elsewhere in the group and desirability of performancebased remuneration;

薪酬委員會及董事之酬金

薪酬委員會於二零零五年四月一日成立, 現由三名獨立非執行董事組成,其成員如下:

盧文傑*(主席)* 勞明智 黃思競

年內,薪酬委員會召開一次會議。該會議 之出席紀錄(以列名形式)表列於本報告 第18頁。

薪酬委員會之目的乃制定及維持合適並 具競爭力之薪酬水平,冀能招攬、挽留和 推動董事及各主要行政人員,引領本公司 業務步向成功。薪酬委員會亦確保本集團 薪酬政策及制度能支持本集團之目標和 策略。董事會已於二零零五年四月一日採納一份書面職權範圍書,內載薪酬委員會 之權限及職責,內容乃符合《企業管治守 則》之守則條文。

薪酬委員會之主要角色及功能如下:

- (a) 就本公司董事及高級管理人員的全體薪酬政策及結構,以及就此制訂正規及具透明度之政策程序向董事會作出建議:
- (b) 獲授權給全體執行董事及高級管理 人員釐定具體薪酬福利,包括非金 錢利益、退休金權益及補償金額(包 括任何因彼等喪失或終止聘用或 任之賠償)以及就非執行董事之酬 金向董事會作出建議。委員會應考 慮的因素包括同類公司所支付之薪 酬、董事所付出之時間及職責、本集 團其他職位之僱用條件,以及是否 應按表現釐定薪酬等;

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE AND REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS (continued)

- (c) to review and approve performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time;
- (d) to review and approve compensation payable to executive directors and senior management in connection with any loss or termination of their office or appointment to ensure that such compensation is determined in accordance with relevant contractual terms and that such compensation is otherwise fair and not excessive for the Company;
- (e) to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of directors for misconduct to ensure that such arrangements are determined in accordance with relevant contractual terms and that any compensation payment is otherwise reasonable and appropriate;
- (f) to ensure that no director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration and that, as regards the remuneration of a non-executive director who is a member of the Committee, his remuneration should be determined by the other members of the Committee; and
- (g) to advise shareholders of the Company on how to vote with respect to any service contracts of directors that require shareholders' approval under Rule 13.68 of Listing Rules.

During the year 2011, the Remuneration Committee made recommendations to the Board on executive directors' remuneration packages and terms of employment. The Committee also formulated and evaluated the remuneration policy and structure for the directors and senior management of the Company.

薪酬委員會及董事之酬金(續)

- (c) 透過經參考董事會不時釐定之公司 目標,檢討及批准按表現釐定之薪 酬;
- (d) 檢討及批准就離職或終止聘用或委任而應付任何執行董事及高級管理層之補償金金額,以確保該等補償金乃按有關合約條款釐定,而該補償金金額屬公平且不會對本公司造成過重負擔;
- (e) 檢討及批准就因董事行為失當而遭 撤職或罷免而作出之賠償安排,以 確保該等安排乃按有關合約條款釐 定,若未能按有關合約條款釐定,有 關賠償亦須合理適當;
- (f) 確保任何董事或其任何聯連人士不 得自行釐定酬金,若非執行董事乃 委員會成員,其薪酬必須由其餘委 員會成員釐定;及
- (g) 就《證券上市規則》第13.68條有關 任何董事服務合約需要股東通過之 決議,委員會成員向本公司股東提 供投票意見。

於二零一一年,薪酬委員會就執行董事 之薪酬福利及聘用條款向董事會提出建 議。委員會亦制訂及評估本公司董事及高 級管理人員之薪酬政策及結構。

NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS

The Board has not set up a nomination committee in relation to the appointment of directors. The directors of the Company are responsible for making recommendations to the Board for consideration and approval on nominations, appointment of directors and board succession, with a view to appoint individuals to the Board with relevant experience and capabilities so as to maintain and improve the competitiveness of the Company. The Board formulates the policy, reviews the size, structure and composition of the Board, and assesses the independence of its independent non-executive directors in accordance with the criteria prescribed under the Listing Rules and the Code. The appointment of new directors will be considered and approved by the Board and all new directors are subject to re-election by shareholders at the annual general meeting in the first year of their appointment pursuant to the Bye-laws of the Company.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee was established on 1 April 1999 and currently comprises three independent non-executive directors. It is chaired by an independent non-executive director. Its composition is as follow:—

Lo Ming Chi, Charles *(Chairman)* Lo Man Kit, Sam Wong See King

A set of new written terms of reference, which described the authority and duties of the Audit Committee, was adopted by the Board on 1 September 2004 and the contents of which are in compliance with the Code Provisions and Recommended Best Practices of the Code.

The Audit Committee is accountable to the Board and the principal duties of the Audit Committee include the review and supervision of the Group's financial reporting processes and internal controls. The Committee is also provided with other resources to enable it to discharge its duties fully.

During the year, the Audit Committee held two meetings and the external auditors were in attendance. The attendance record, on a named basis, at these meetings is set out in the table on page 18 of this report.

董事提名

審核委員會

審核委員會於一九九九年四月一日成立, 現由三名獨立非執行董事組成,並由一 名獨立非執行董事擔任主席。其成員如 下:-

勞明智(主席) 盧文傑 黃思競

一份全新之審核委員會書面職權範圍已 於二零零四年九月一日獲董事會採納, 當中具體內容與《企業管治守則》之守 則條文及建議最佳常規相符。

審核委員會乃向董事會負責,其主要職責 包括審閱並監督本集團之財務報告程序 及內部監控。公司亦向審核委員會提供其 它資源,讓其可完全履行其職責。

年內,審核委員會召開兩次會議,當中有 外聘核數師出席。該等會議之出席紀錄 (以列名形式)表列於本報告第18頁。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

AUDIT COMMITTEE (continued)

The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management of the Company and Ernst & Young, the auditors of the Company, the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and has discussed auditing, internal controls and financial reporting matters, including the review of the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2011.

For the year ended 31 March 2011, the auditors of the Group received approximately HK\$2,790,000 for audit service.

The auditors shall not take any non-auditing job to keep its independence. The disclosure regarding the auditors' remuneration was set out in the note 6 to the financial statements.

Attendance records at the meetings of the Board of Directors, Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee held for the year ended 31 March 2011 are as follows:—

審核委員會(續)

審核委員會已聯同本公司管理層及本公司之核數師安永會計師事務所審閱本集團所採納之會計政策及慣例,並就審核、內部監控及財務報告等事宜(包括審閱本公司截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度之年度報告)進行磋商。

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團之核數師就核數服務收取約2,790,000港元。

核數師不會接受從事核數以外的工作, 以確保其獨立性。有關核數師酬金在財務 報告附註6內披露。

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度內舉行之董事會、薪酬委員會及審核委員會 會議之出席紀錄如下:-

Name	姓名	No. of Meetings	Board of Directors No. of Meetings Attendance 董事會		Remuneration Committee No. of Meetings Attendance 薪酬委員會		Audit Committee No. of Meetings Attendance 審核委員會	
		會議次數	出席次數	會議次數	出席次數	會議次數	出席次數	
Executive Directors	執行董事							
Ma Kai Cheung	馬介璋	8	8	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	
Ma Kai Yum	馬介欽	8	7	N/A	N/A	2	1*	
Ng Yan Kwong	吳恩光	8	8	N/A	1*	2	2*	
Ma Hung Ming, John	馬鴻銘	8	3	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	
Yuen Wai Man	袁偉文	8	3	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事							
Lo Ming Chi, Charles	勞明智	8	3	1	1	2	2	
Lo Man Kit, Sam	盧文傑	8	3	1	1	2	2	
Wong See King	黃思競	8	3	1	1	2	2	

"N/A": Not applicable

"*": In attendance

"N/A": 不適用

"*": 列席者

COMMUNICATION CHANNELS

In order to develop and maintain continuing relationships with the shareholders of the Company, the Company has established various channels to facilitate and enhance communication:

- (i) the annual general meeting provides a forum for shareholders of the Company to raise comments and exchange views with the Board;
- (ii) updated key information of the Group is available on the Company's website at www.taksing.com.hk to enable the shareholders of the Company and the investor community to have timely access to information about the Group; and
- (iii) the Company's website offers a communication channel between the Company and its shareholders and investors.

The Chairman and the directors are available at annual general meetings to answer questions raised by shareholders of the Company or other interested parties.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is overall responsible for overseeing the operations of all the businesses units within the Group. Suitable candidates are appointed by the Board to join in the boards of all subsidiaries and associates operating in key business areas, to attend the board meetings and to oversee the operations of such companies. The management of each business area is accountable for these operation and performance of the business under its area of responsibility.

The Board has conducted bi-annual reviews of internal control system of the Group pursuant to the Codes and considers that all the material internal controls in the Group are adequate and effective during the year.

通訊渠道

為了發展及維繫本公司及其股東間之持續關係,本公司已設立各種渠道,以促進及加強通訊:

- (i) 股東週年大會為本公司股東提供一個場合,讓彼等提出意見及與董事會交換意見;
- (ii) 本集團之最新重要資料可於本公司 之網址www.taksing.com.hk瀏覽, 讓本公司股東及投資者能隨時得到 本集團之資料;及
- (iii) 本公司之網站為本公司與其股東及 投資者提供通訊渠道。

主席及董事於股東週年大會上樂意回答本公司股東或其他有興趣人士提出之問題。

內部監控

董事會全權負責監察旗下業務單位的運作。董事會委派適當人員加入所有經營重點業務的附屬公司和聯營公司的董事會,以出席其董事會會議來監察該等公司的運作。每項業務的管理層須為其業務運作與表現承擔問責。

董事會已根據守則對本集團的內部監控系統每半年進行一次審查,董事會認為於本年度內本集團所有重要內部監控均為適當及有效。

Property

Turnover for property for the year was HK\$113,157,000 (2010: HK\$95,818,000), higher than last year by 18%. Excluding the effect of China South City listing non-recurring profit and gain from changes in fair value of investment properties, segment profit was HK\$79,738,000 (2010: HK\$51,691,000), increased by 54% from last year. Rental income for the year increased by 12% to HK\$58,840,000 while property sales revenue increased by 25% to HK\$54,317,000. During the year, the Group's two shopping malls in Shenzhen, Carrianna Friendship Square and Imperial Palace, recorded increase in both occupancy rate and rental rate. Together with other investment properties in Shenzhen and Hong Kong, these properties provide stable and growing rental income to the Group.

Property sales revenue recorded in last year mainly came from sales of remaining properties of phase 1 of Grand Lake City project in Yiyang city of Hunan Province. The construction of the last two high rise lake side residential buildings of phase 1 with gross floor area of 27,000M2 had been completed. After completion of various government inspection procedures, the residential units will be hand over to buyers in the third quarter of 2011. During the year, over 90% of the two buildings were sold with sales revenue of approximately HK\$100 million. These sales will be recorded as income in the coming financial year in accordance with relevant accounting standard. On the other hand, the construction of Grand Lake City phase 2 development comprising 160,000M², 6 high rise lake view residential buildings and a shopping mall has been started and is expected to be completed in two stages by year end of 2012 and 2013 respectively.

地產

去年入帳的售樓收益主要為湖南益陽市 梓山湖新城項目一期的剩餘住宅單位。 一期最後兩幢共27,000平方米的湖景高 層住宅已經竣工,正在辦理相關竣工驗證 手續,預期在2011年第三季度入伙,按照 相關會計準則,年內已經銷售超過90% 約港幣一億元的售樓收益將在下一財政 年度入帳。此外,梓山湖新城二期六幢共 160,000平方米高層湖景住宅及商場已經 動工,預期在2012年及2013年底分期落 成。

BUSINESS REVIEW 業務回顧

During the year, construction of the logistic and commercial project, China East City, in Lianyungang of Jiangsu province had been started. Phase 1 of the project comprises 160,000M² of leather and construction material wholesale markets. The construction will be completed in two stages by year end of 2011 and mid year of 2012. In June 2011, 100,000M² of the shops in the market was launched for sales. Within two weeks, over 50% with revenue exceeding HK\$300 million has been sold. These sales will be recorded as income in the coming financial year.

The Group's 50% interest associated company, South China International Purchasing Exchange Limited, had paid all land cost of RMB410 million and obtained land certificates for the commercial project in Dongguan city. The land was approximately 80,000M² with total floor area over 300,000M². The project is under construction planning stage and is expected to start construction by the end of 2011.

Looking forward for the coming year, with sales already completed in Grand Lake City and China East City of approximately HK\$400 million and the stable and growing rental income from investment properties, segment result for property is expected to show substantial improvement.

年內,集團位於江蘇省連雲港市的商業物流項目「華東國際時尚物料城」首期經營皮革及建築材料共160,000平方米的物流中心已經動工,預期在2011年底及2012年中相繼落成。在2011年6月集團推出約100,000平方米的商舖銷售,在兩週內已經售出超過一半,淨銷售額超過港幣3億元,將在下一財政年度內入帳。

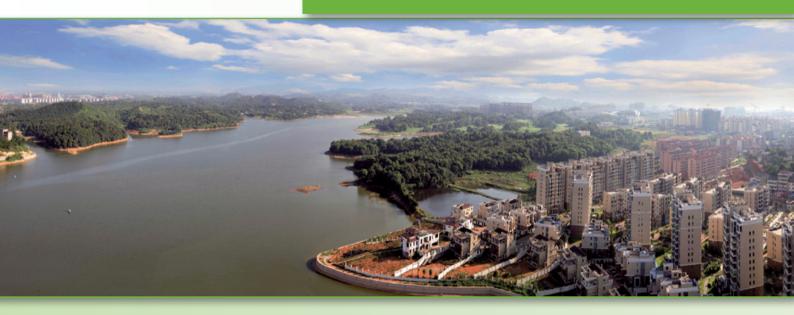
集團持有50%的聯營公司華南國際採購交易中心有限公司在東莞市萬江區的商業項目已經支付所有地價共人民幣4億1仟萬元並取得相關土地證,項目土地面積約80,000平方米,可建樓面約300,000平方米,目前正進行前期規劃工作,預計在2011年底開始動工。

展望來年,梓山湖新城及華東城已經出售的物業金額約4億港元,加上投資物業帶來的穩定及持續增長的租金收益,地產分部業績預期將比今年有明顯的增長。

Property

地產

Grand Lake City is a new town development project with total GFA of 2.5 million sq.m. 梓山湖新城是一個2,500,000平方米的新城市建設項目。



The construction of Grand Lake City phase 2 development comprising 160,000M², 6 high rise lake view residential buildings and a shopping mall has been started

梓山湖新城二期六幢共160,000平方米高層湖景住宅及商場已經動工。



The construction of the last two high rise lake side residential buildings of phase 1 with gross floor area of 27,000M² had been completed. After completion of various government inspection procedures, the residential units will be hand over to buyers in the third quarter of 2011.

一期最後兩幢共27,000平方米的湖景高層住宅已經竣工,正在辦理相關竣工驗證手續,預期在2011年第三季度入伙。



Construction of the logistic and commercial project, China East City, in Lianyungang of Jiangsu province had been started. Phase 1 of the project comprises 160,000M² of leather and construction material wholesale markets. In June 2011, 100,000M² of the shops in the market was launched for sales. Within two weeks, over 50% has been sold.

two weeks, over 50% has been sold. 集團位於江蘇省連雲港市的商業物流項目「華東國際時尚物料城」首期經營皮革及建築材料共160,000平方米的物流中心已經動工。在2011年6月集團推出約100,000平方米的商舖銷售,在兩週內已經售出超過一半。







BUSINESS REVIEW 業務回顧

The Group's two shopping malls in Shenzhen, Carrianna Friendship Square and Imperial Palace, recorded increase in both occupancy rate and rental rate.

集團在深圳的商場,佳寧娜友誼廣場及駿庭名園的出租率及平均租金均有所上昇。





Imperial Palace 駿麻夕園

Hotel, Restaurant and Food

Turnover for hotel, restaurant and food division for the year was HK\$579,683,000 (2010: HK\$517,362,000), increased by 12% from last year. Segment profit was HK\$110,983,000 (2010: HK\$74,059,000), increased significantly by 50%. Growth in turnover and profit was mainly attributable to food business. The increase in production capacity and production cost efficiency of the Hainan food factory is the main reason for the significant growth in food sales and profit.

For restaurant business, most restaurants recorded growth during the year despite fierce competition. Hong Kong and Hainan restaurants recorded highest growth in turnover. Operating profit for restaurants was about the same as last year due to significant increase in human resources as well as food costs which offset the growth in revenue. For hotels, turnover and operating results were both better than last year. The improvement in Carrianna Yiyang International Hotel in Hunan province was more notable than Carrianna Hotel in Foshan, Guangdong.

For the coming year, the Group will further expand the Hainan food factory. Together with the production in Kunming food factory, food business is expected to continue its growth. For hotel and restaurants, human resources and food costs are expected to further increase in the coming year, management will work hard to control cost and improve service in order to achieve growth in revenue and operating profit under fierce competition environment.

酒店、酒樓及食品

年內,酒店、酒樓及食品營業額為579,683,000港元(二零一零年:517,362,000港元),比去年增加12%,經營溢利為110,983,000港元(二零一零年:74,059,000港元),比去年大幅增加50%。營業額及溢利的增長主要來自食品業務,海南食品廠的產量增加及成本效益提升對提高食品銷售的營業額及利潤均帶來積極作用。

酒樓方面,雖然競爭激烈,集團大部份酒樓均錄得營業額增長,其中香港及海南的增長較大。唯由於人力及原材料均大幅增加,酒樓經營溢利祗能維持與去年相約。酒店方面,營業額及經營溢利均比去年有所提高,其中益陽國際大酒店業績則與去年相較。

展望來年,集團已經準備擴建海南食品廠,以期進一步提高產量及成本效益,加上昆明食品廠投產,預期食品業務將會持續增長。酒樓及酒店方面,人力及原材料成本上升壓力將會持續,管理層將繼續努力控制成本及提升服務,繼續在競爭激烈的環境中提高營業額及經營溢利。

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND FOOD

酒店、酒樓及食品







Most restaurants recorded growth during the year. Hong Kong and Hainan restaurants recorded highest growth in turnover. 集團大部份酒樓均錄得營業額增長,其中香港及海南的增長較大。



Carrianna Restaurant at Wanchai, Hong Kong 香港灣仔佳寧娜酒樓



Hainan Carrianna Restaurant 海南佳寧娜酒樓



Shenzhen Carrianna Friendship Square Restaurant 深圳体家娜友锜度堪大洒樓

The increase in production capacity and production cost efficiency of the Hainan food factory is the main reason for the significant growth in food sales and profit.

海南食品廠的產量增加及成本效益提升對提高食品銷售的營業額及利潤均帶來積極作用。



Food factory in Hainan 海南食品廠







LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 March 2011, the Group's consolidated net assets after deduction of non-controlling interests was HK\$3,161,975,000 (2010: HK\$3,062,248,000) and consolidated net assets after deduction of non-controlling interests per share was HK\$2.76 (2010: HK\$2.68).

The Group's free cash and bank balances was HK\$221,606,000. Netting off cash deposits pledged for borrowings, the Group's net bank borrowings was HK\$889,936,000. Net bank borrowings less free cash and bank balances was HK\$668,330,000, representing 21% (2010: 18%) of the Group's consolidated net assets after deduction of non-controlling interests. The Group's borrowings are principally on a floating rate basis.

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL

The Group had no material acquisition or disposal for the year ended 31 March 2011.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND FUTURE COMMITMENT

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group had contingent liabilities relating to guarantees given to banks for mortgage loan facilities granted to purchasers of properties of approximately HK\$117,642,000 (2010: HK\$90,238,000).

CHARGES ON GROUP ASSETS

As at the end of the reporting period, certain of the Group's property, plant and equipment, investment properties, properties under development, properties held for sale, time deposits, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and an other receivable with a total carrying value of approximately HK\$1,993,949,000 (2010: HK\$1,515,962,000) were pledged to secure general banking, trade finance and other facilities granted to the Group. In addition, rental income generated in respect of certain investment properties of the Group was assigned to bankers to secure loan facilities granted to the Group.

EXPOSURE ON FOREIGN EXCHANGE FLUCTUATIONS AND TREASURY POLICY

Major transactions of the Group are denominated in Hong Kong dollar and Renminbi. The Group has no significant currency exposure.

流動資金及財政資源

在二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團的扣除非控股權益後綜合資產淨值為3,161,975,000港元(二零一零年:3,062,248,000港元),每股扣除非控股權益後綜合資產淨值為2.76港元(二零一零年:2.68港元)。

本集團的自由現金及銀行結存為221,606,000港元。扣除借貸的已抵押現金存款後,本集團的銀行借貸淨額為889,936,000港元。銀行借貸淨額減自由現金及銀行結存為668,330,000港元,佔本集團扣除非控股權益後綜合資產淨值21%(二零一零年:18%)。本集團的借貸主要以浮動利率計息。

重大收購及出售

本集團截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度並無重大收購及出售事項。

或然負債及未來承諾

於報告期末,本集團的主要或然負債為就購買物業向銀行提供按揭貸款信貸擔保約117,642,000港元(二零一零年:90,238,000港元)。

本集團資產抵押

於報告期末,本集團共有總賬面值約1,993,949,000港元(二零一零年:1,515,962,000港元)之若干物業、廠房及設備、投資物業、發展中物業、持有以作出售之物業、定期存款、按公平值計入損益賬之金融資產及其他應收款,以作為一般銀行、貿易融資及其他信貸的抵押。本集團亦轉讓部份投資物業之租金收益予銀行,以作為信貸的抵押。

外滙波動風險及財務政策

本集團的主要交易以港元及人民幣計值。 本集團並沒有重大外匯風險。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

The directors herein present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 March 2011.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries comprise the property investment and development, the operations of hotel, restaurant and food businesses.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 March 2011 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 50 to 195.

The directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK2 cents per ordinary share in respect of the year payable to the shareholders. This recommendation has been incorporated in the financial statements as an allocation of retained profits within the equity section of the statement of financial position.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The Register of Members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 24 August 2011 to Monday, 29 August 2011, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order for a shareholder to be eligible to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Shares Registrars in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 23 August, 2011.

The Register of Members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 28 September 2011 to Friday, 30 September 2011, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend (subject to shareholders' approval at the Annual General Meeting), all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Share Registrars in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 27 September 2011.

董事會謹此提呈本公司及本集團截至二 零一一年三月三十一日止年度的董事會 報告及經審核財務報告。

主要業務

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。各附屬公司的主要業務為地產的投資及發展,經營酒店、酒樓及食品事業。

業績及股息

集團截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度的溢利,以及本公司及本集團於該日的財務狀況載於第50頁至195頁之財務報告。

董事會建議派發本年度末期股息每股港幣2仙予股東。該項建議已列入財務報告中,於財務狀況表內權益一節下列為保留溢利分配。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記

本公司將於二零一一年八月二十四日(星期三)至二零一一年八月二十九日(星期一),首尾兩天包括在內,暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。股東為符合資格出席大會並於會上投票,請將過戶人會並於會上投票,請將過戶人會上一十三日(星期二)下午四時三十分前,是交本公司之香港股份過戶登記處道東二十八號金鐘匯中心二十六樓辦理過戶手續。

本公司將於二零一一年九月二十八日(星期三)至二零一一年九月三十日(星期五),首尾兩天包括在內,暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。為符合資格享有建議之末期股息(惟須待將於股東週年大會上獲股東批准),請將過戶表格連同有關股票退於二零一一年九月二十七日(星期二)下午四時三十分前,送交本公司之香港股份過戶登記處卓佳登捷時有限公司於香港灣仔皇后大道東二十八號金鐘匯中心二十六樓辦理過戶手續。

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

財務資料概要

The table set out below summarises the published results, assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements and restated as appropriate. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

下表概列本集團過去五個財政年度之已 公佈業績、資產、負債及非控股股東權 益,乃摘錄自本集團之經審核財務報告, 並已適當重列。此摘要並不構成經審核財 務報告之部份。

Year ended 31 March 三月三十一日止年度

		三月三十一日止年度					
		2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年	二零零八年	二零零七年	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
RESULTS	業績						
REVENUE	收益						
Continuing operations	持續業務	692,840	613,180	560,291	691,459	395,217	
Discontinued operation	非持續業務		_	_	153,860	260,594	
		692,840	613,180	560,291	845,319	655,811	
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利	175,404	417,245	180,676	246,404	343,897	
Attributable to: Owners of	應佔: 母公司擁有人						
the parent		163,209	399,695	173,127	228,910	336,670	
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益	12,195	17,550	7,549	17,494	7,227	
		175,404	417,245	180,676	246,404	343,897	
ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	資產、負債及 非控股股東權益						
TOTAL ASSETS	總資產	5,651,843	5,106,782	4,553,719	4,240,510	2,338,480	
TOTAL LIABILITIES NON-CONTROLLING	總負債 非控股股東權益	(2,179,322)	(1,813,605)	(1,554,820)	(1,410,731)	(935,979)	
INTERESTS	A 1 Same (No. 1000 AL), IES WITH	(310,546)	(230,929)	(238,214)	(245,916)	(34,191)	
		3,161,975	3,062,248	2,760,685	2,583,863	1,368,310	
			-	:			

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment and investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in notes 14 and 15 to the financial statements, respectively.

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of movements in the Company's share capital and share options during the year are set out in notes 36 and 37 to the financial statements, respectively.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 38 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 31 March 2011, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provision of The Bermuda Companies Act 1981, amounted to HK\$139,512,000, of which HK\$22,882,000 has been proposed as a final dividend for the year. In addition, the Company's share premium account, in the amount of HK\$1,275,015,000, may be distributed in the form of fully-paid bonus shares.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Details of the Group's contingent liabilities and pledge of assets are set out in notes 41 and 44, respectively, to the financial statements.

物業、廠房及設備及投資物業

本集團的物業、廠房及設備及投資物業於 年內的變動詳情,分別載於財務報告附註 14及15。

股本及購股權

本公司的股本及購股權於年內之變動詳情分別載於財務報告附註36及37。

優先認股權

本公司的公司細則或百慕達之法例均無 優先認股權的規定,致使本公司須按比例 向現有股東發行新股份。

儲備

本公司及本集團的儲備於年內的變動詳情,分別載於財務報告附註38及綜合權益 變動表內。

可分派儲備

於二零一一年三月三十一日,根據百慕達1981年公司法的條例作計算,本公司可作分派用途的儲備為139,512,000港元,當中22,882,000港元擬撥作年內之末期股息。此外,本公司的股份溢價賬為1,275,015,000港元,可以繳足紅股的方式分派。

或然負債及資產抵押

本集團的或然負債及資產抵押的詳情分別載於財務報告附註41及44。

CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

During the year, the Group made charitable contributions totalling HK\$1,126,000 (2010: HK\$220,000).

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year were:

Executive Directors:

Ma Kai Cheung Ma Kai Yum Ng Yan Kwong Ma Hung Ming, John Yuen Wai Man

Independent Non-Executive Directors:

Lo Ming Chi, Charles Lo Man Kit, Sam Wong See King

In accordance with Bye-law 99 of the Company's Bye-laws, Mr. Ng Yan Kwong will retire by rotation and, being eligible, will offer himself for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

In accordance with Bye-law 99 of the Company's Bye-laws, Mr. Wong See King will retire by rotation and, being eligible, will offer himself for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

慈善捐款

年內,本集團共捐出1,126,000港元(二零一零年:220,000港元)作慈善用途。

董事

本公司本年度董事如下:

執行董事:

獨立非執行董事:

勞明智 盧文傑 黃思競

根據本公司的公司細則第99條規定,吳恩 光先生將輪值告退。吳先生具備資格並願 意在即將舉行的股東週年大會上候選連 任。

根據本公司的公司細則第99條規定,黃思競先生將輪值告退。黃先生具備資格並願意在即將舉行的股東週年大會上候選連任。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Mr. Ma Kai Cheung had entered into a service contract with the Company. The contract has no fixed terms of engagement and is subject to termination by either party giving three months' notice in writing.

Mr. Ng Yan Kwong had entered into a service contract with the Company. The contract has no fixed terms of engagement and is subject to retirement by rotation as required by the Company's Bye-laws and termination by either party giving three months' notice in writing.

Mr. Ma Kai Yum, Mr. Ma Hung Ming, John and Mr. Yuen Wai Man had no service contract with the Company as at the end of the reporting period.

The non-executive directors of the Company have been appointed for a term subject to retirement by rotation as required by the Company's Bye-laws.

Apart from the foregoing, no director proposed for reelection at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not terminable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES

Save as disclosed under the section headed "Directors' interests in the securities of the Group", and in the share option scheme disclosures in note 37 to the financial statements, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Company's directors, their respective spouse or minor children to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

董事之服務合約

馬介璋先生與本公司訂有服務合約。該等 合約並無特定的任期,可由任何一方給予 三個月書面通知予以終止。

吳恩光先生與本公司訂有服務合約。該等 合約並無特定的任期,但須按照公司細則 之規定輪值告退,可由任何一方給予三個 月書面通知予以終止。

馬介欽先生、馬鴻銘先生及袁偉文先生與本公司於報告期末並未訂有服務合約。

有關本公司非執行董事之任期須按照本公司的公司細則之規定輪值告退。

除上述者外,擬於即將舉行之股東週年大會上提名連任的董事,概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立本公司不可於一年內終止而毋須作出賠償(法定賠償除外)的服務合約。

董事購買股份的權利

除下文「董事於本集團的證券權益」及財務報告附註37所述購股權計劃內所披露者外,本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司於本年度內任何時間及截至本報告刊發日期並無參與任何安排,致使本公司董事或彼等各自之配偶或未成年子女可藉購入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲取利益。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN THE SECURITIES OF THE GROUP

As at 31 March 2011, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which (a) were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or which (b) were required pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO to be entered in the register referred therein; or which (c) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "Model Code") under the Listing Rules, were as follows:

Long positions in shares

(a) The Company

董事於本集團的證券權益

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本公司之董事及主要行政人員於本公司或本公司(定義見《證券及期貨有級例第XV部),於相關股份及債券中擁資人政治,於相關股份及債券中擁資本公司及衛標為第XV部第7分部及第8分部及第8分部及第8分部及第352條例》其擁有或被視作為擁有之權益例》其擁有或被視作為擁有之權益例》其擁有或被決《證券及期份。(b)根據記錄於《證券及期份、或證券及制定須予存置之受記冊內行。經費之標準守則(「標準守則」)須另行會本公司及聯交所之權益如下:

於股份之好倉

(a) 本公司

		Number of ordinary shares held and nature of interest			Underlying shares pursuant to		Percentage of the Company's
Name of director	Capacity	Personal interests	Family interests	Other interests	share options (note 1) 根據購股權之	Total	issued share capital 佔本公司
董事姓名	身份	持有普 個人權益	通股股份數目及權 家族權益	挂盆性質 其他權益	相關股份數目 (附註1)	合共	已發行股本 百份比
Ma Kai Cheung 馬介瑋	Beneficial owner, interest of spouse and beneficiary of trust 實益擁有人、配偶權益及 信託受益人	220,124,172	9,300,000 (note 2) (附註2)	259,129,025 (note 3) (附註3)	10,000,000	498,553,197	43.58
Ma Kai Yum 馬介欽	Beneficial owner, interest of spouse and beneficiary of trust 實益擁有人、配偶權益及 信託受益人	41,834,260	3,200,000 (note 4) (附註4)	101,201,040 (notes 5 & 6) (附註5和6)	10,000,000	156,235,300	13.66
Ng Yan Kwong 吳恩光	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	11,768,000	-	-	500,000	12,268,000	1.07
Ma Hung Ming, John 馬鴻銘	Beneficial owner, interest of spouse 實益擁有人及配偶權益	310,000	3,044,000 (note 7) (附註7)	-	8,500,000	11,854,000	1.04
Lo Ming Chi, Charles 勞明智	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	-	-	450,000	450,000	0.04

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN THE SECURITIES OF THE GROUP (continued)

Long positions in shares (continued)

(a) The Company (continued)

Notes:

- (1) The underlying shares represent interests of options granted to the Directors and senior executive under the Share Option Scheme to acquire shares of the Company, further details of which are set out in note 37 to the financial statements under the section headed "Share Option Scheme".
- (2) The shares were owned by Cheung Lin Kiu, the spouse of Ma Kai Cheung.
- (3) Ma Kai Cheung and his family are the objects of a discretionary trust which effectively owns the entire issued share capital of Regent World Investments Limited ("Regent World") and 70% of the entire issued share capital of Bond Well Investments Limited ("Bond Well"). At the balance sheet date, Regent World owned 184,121,625 shares and Bond Well owned 75,007,400 shares of the Company.
- (4) The shares were owned by Kwok Kit Mei, the spouse of Ma Kai Yum.
- (5) Ma Kai Yum and his family are the objects of a discretionary trust which effectively owns the entire issued share capital of Grand Wealth Investments Limited ("Grand Wealth") and Peaceful World Limited ("Peaceful World"). At the balance sheet date, Grand Wealth owned 74,651,040 shares and Peaceful World owned 19,050,000 shares of the Company.
- (6) Peaceful World owns the entire issued share capital of Real Potential Limited ("Real Potential"). At the balance sheet date, Real Potential owned 7,500,000 shares of the Company. The interests of Real Potential in the Company are therefore deemed to be the interests of Peaceful World in which Ma Kai Yum is also deemed to have interests for the reason as stated in note 5 above.
- (7) The shares were owned by Choi Ka Man, Carmen, the spouse of Ma Hung Ming, John.

董事於本集團的證券權益(續)

於股份之好倉(續)

(a) 本公司(續)

附註:

- (1) 相關股份乃指董事及高級行政人員根 據購股權計劃獲授之可認購本公司股 份之購股權,有關詳情載於財務報告附 註37「購股權計劃」一節。
- (2) 該等股份由馬介璋的妻子張蓮嬌擁有。
- (3) 馬介璋及其家人為一項全權信託的受益人。該項信託實際擁有Regent World Investments Limited (「Regent World」)之全部已發行股本及Bond Well Investments Limited (「Bond Well」)的70%已發行股本。於結算日·Regent World擁有本公司184,121,625股之股份·而Bond Well 則擁有本公司75,007,400股之股份。
- (4) 該等股份由馬介欽的妻子郭潔薇擁有。
- (5) 馬介欽及其家人為一項全權信託的 受益人。該項信託實際擁有Grand Wealth Investments Limited (「Grand Wealth」)及Peaceful World Limited (「Peaceful World」)的全部已發行股 本。於結算日,Grand Wealth擁有本 公司74,651,040股之股份,而Peaceful World則擁有本公司19,050,000股之股 份。
- (6) Peaceful World擁有Real Potential Limited (「Real Potential」)的全部已發行股本。於結算日,Real Potential 擁有本公司7,500,000股之股份。因此Real Potential於本公司的權益被視為Peaceful World的權益,而正如附註5所述,馬介欽亦被視為擁有Peaceful World的權益。
- (7) 該等股份由馬鴻銘的妻子蔡加敏擁有。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN THE SECURITIES 董事於本集團的證券權益(續) **OF THE GROUP** (continued)

Percentage of

Long positions in shares (continued)

於股份之好倉(續)

(b) Subsidiaries

(b) 附屬公司

Name of subsidiary	Name of director	Capacity	Number of shares held	Type of shares	the subsidiary's issued share capital (ordinary shares) 佔附屬公司 已發行股本百份比
附屬公司名稱	董事姓名	身份	所持股份數目	股份類別	(普通股份)
Carrianna Chiu Chow Restaurant (T.S.T.) Limited	Ma Kai Yum	Beneficiary of trust	15,000	Ordinary	1.5
佳寧娜潮洲酒樓 (尖沙咀)有限公司	馬介欽	信託受益人		普通股	
Ginza Development Company Limited	Ma Kai Cheung	Beneficial owner	15	Ordinary	2.5
金必多發展有限公司	馬介璋	實益擁有人		普通股	
Ginza Development Company Limited	Ma Kai Yum	Beneficiary of trust	18	Ordinary	3
金必多發展有限公司	馬介欽	信託受益人		普通股	
Gartrend Development Limited	Ma Kai Cheung	Beneficial owner	500,000	Non-voting deferred	N/A
嘉堅發展有限公司	馬介璋	實益擁有人		無投票權 遞延股份	不適用
Gartrend Development Limited	Ma Kai Yum	Beneficial owner	500,000	Non-voting deferred	N/A
嘉堅發展有限公司	馬介欽	實益擁有人		無投票權 遞延股份	不適用
Tak Sing Alliance Limited	Ma Kai Cheung	Beneficial owner	9,000	Non-voting deferred	N/A
Limited	馬介璋	實益擁有人		無投票權 遞延股份	不適用
Tak Sing Alliance Limited	Ma Kai Yum	Beneficial owner	1,000	Non-voting deferred	N/A
Limited	馬介欽	實益擁有人		無投票權 遞延股份	不適用
海南佳寧娜(寰球)酒樓 有限公司	Yuen Wai Man	Beneficial owner	N/A	N/A	10
пидп	袁偉文	實益擁有人			

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN THE SECURITIES OF THE GROUP (continued)

董事於本集團的證券權益(續)

Percentage of

Long positions in shares (continued)

於股份之好倉(續)

(b) Subsidiaries (continued)

(b) 附屬公司(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Name of director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of shares held 所持股份數目	Type of shares 股份類別	the subsidiary's issued share capital (ordinary shares) 佔附屬公司已發行股本百份比(普通股份)
四角ムリコ帝	至于江口	3 1//	1) 14 (X (1) 8X E	נית אא ניו אמ	(自造以1)/
海南佳寧娜食品 有限公司	Yuen Wai Man	Beneficial owner	N/A	N/A	10
	袁偉文	實益擁有人			
上海佳寧娜餐飲管理 有限公司	Yuen Wai Man	Beneficial owner	N/A	N/A	10
II IX A 11	袁偉文	實益擁有人			
上海佳寧娜餐飲管理 有限公司	Ma Hung Ming, John	Beneficial owner	N/A	N/A	15
HIXAEI	馬鴻銘	實益擁有人			
武漢佳寧娜餐飲 有限公司	Yuen Wai Man	Beneficial owner	N/A	N/A	20
IIIXA O	袁偉文	實益擁有人			
武漢佳寧娜餐飲 有限公司	Ma Hung Ming, John	Beneficial owner	N/A	N/A	10
13177-	馬鴻銘	實益擁有人			
深圳佳寧娜貴賓樓飯店 有限公司	Yuen Wai Man	Beneficial owner	N/A	N/A	15
131221	袁偉文	實益擁有人			
武漢佳寧娜酒店管理 有限公司	Yuen Wai Man	Beneficial owner	N/A	N/A	12
	袁偉文	實益擁有人			
北京佳寧娜酒店管理 有限公司	Yuen Wai Man	Beneficial owner	N/A	N/A	25
	袁偉文	實益擁有人			

In addition to the above, Ma Kai Cheung and Ma Kai Yum have non-beneficial personal equity interests in certain subsidiaries held for the benefit of the Group solely for the purpose of complying with their minimum company membership requirements.

除以上所述外,馬介璋及馬介欽代本集團 持有若干附屬公司的非實益個人股本權 益,此乃僅為符合公司股東數目的最低規 定而持有。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN THE SECURITIES OF THE GROUP (continued)

Long positions in shares (continued)

All the interests stated above represent long positions. Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2011, none of the directors or chief executives of the Company, nor their associates had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company, or any associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as detailed in note 45 to the financial statements, no director had a beneficial interest in any material contract to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the Scheme include the Company's directors, including independent non-executive directors, other employees of the Group. The Scheme became effective on 10 October 2005 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

Particulars of the Company's share option scheme are set out in note 37 to the financial statements.

董事於本集團的證券權益(續)

於股份之好倉(續)

上述之權益均為好倉。除上文所披露者外,於二零一一年三月三十一日,根據《證券及期貨條例》第352條須予備存之登記冊或根據標準守則向本公司及聯於出之通知,本公司之董事或主要行政人員,或彼等之聯繫人士概無於本公司或任何相關法團(按《證券及期貨條例》第XV部之定義)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有任何權益或淡倉。

董事於合約的權益

除財務報告附註45所詳述者外,各董事於本年度概無於本公司或其任何附屬公司參與訂立的任何重大合約中擁有實益權益。

購股權計劃

本公司設有一項購股權計劃(「該計劃」),為對本集團業務作出貢獻之合資格參與者提供鼓勵及獎勵。該計劃之合資格參與者包括本公司董事,包括獨立非執行董事,本集團其他員工。該計劃於二零零五年十月十日生效,惟除非獲註銷或修訂,該計劃將於當日起計十年內維持有效。

本公司購股權計劃之詳情載於財務報告 附許37。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

購股權計劃(續)

The following share options were outstanding under the Scheme during the year:

於年內,根據該計劃項下尚未行使之購股 權如下:

-	-	Numb	er of share (購股權數目	options					
	At 1 April 2010	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Forfeited during the year	At 31 March 2011	Date of grant of share options*	Exercise period of share options	Exercise price of share options** HK\$ per share	At grant date of options HK\$ per share
	於 二零一零年 四月一日	於年內 授出	於年內 行使	於年內 失效	於 二零一一年 三月 三十一日	授出 購股權日期*	行使購股權 期間	行使購 骰權價格** 每股港元	於購股權 授出之日期 每股港元
Executive Directors 執行董事									
Mr. Ma Kai Cheung	7,000,000	_	_	-	7,000,000	26-10-2005	26-10-2005 to	0.30	0.30
馬介璋先生	3,000,000	-	-	-	3,000,000	18-12-2006	25-10-2015 18-12-2006 to	1.30	1.30
Mr. Ma Kai Yum	7,000,000	-	_	-	7,000,000	26-10-2005	17-12-2016 26-10-2005 to	0.30	0.30
馬介欽先生	3,000,000	_	_	-	3,000,000	18-12-2006	25-10-2015 18-12-2006 to	1.30	1.30
Mr. Ma Hung Ming, John	7,000,000	-	-		7,000,000	26-10-2005	17-12-2016 26-10-2005 to	0.30	0.30
馬鴻銘先生	1,000,000	_	_	-	1,000,000	18-12-2006	25-10-2015 18-12-2006 to	1.30	1.30
Mr. Ng Yan Kwong	-	500,000	-		500,000	3-1-2011	17-12-2016 3-1-2012 to	1.03	1.03
吳恩光先生	-	500,000	-	-	500,000	3-1-2011	2-1-2014 3-1-2012 to 2-1-2014	1.03	1.03
	28,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	29,000,000				
Independent Non-Executive Director 獨立非執行董事									
Mr. Lo Ming Chi, Charles	300,000	-	_	-	300,000	26-10-2005	26-10-2005 to	0.30	0.30
勞明智先生	150,000	-	-	-	150,000	18-12-2006	25-10-2015 18-12-2006 to 17-12-2016	1.30	1.30
	450,000	-	-	-	450,000				
Other employees 其他僱員									
共恺惟貝	150,000	-	-	-	150,000	18-12-2006	18-12-2006 to	1.30	1.30
	700,000	-	-	-	700,000	24-8-2007	17-12-2016 24-2-2008 to	2.15	2.15
	-	2,000,000	-	_	2,000,000	3-1-2011	23-8-2012 3-1-2012 to	1.03	1.03
	-	1,000,000	-	_	1,000,000	3-1-2011	2-1-2014 3-1-2013 to	1.03	1.03
	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	3-1-2011	2-1-2015 3-1-2014 to	1.03	1.03
	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	3-1-2011	2-1-2016 3-1-2015 to	1.03	1.03
	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	3-1-2011	2-1-2017 3-1-2016 to 2-1-2018	1.03	1.03
	850,000	6,000,000	-	-	6,850,000				
	29,300,000	7,000,000	-	-	36,300,000				

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

Notes to reconciliation of share options outstanding during the year:

- * The vesting period of the share options is from the date of the grant until the commencement of the exercise period.
- ** The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

購股權計劃(續)

於年內尚餘之購股權附註:

- * 購股權賦予權利的日期是由授出當日起計算 直至行使期的開始日。
- ** 購股權的行使價是受到如配售新股或派送紅股,或本公司股本類同的更動而調整。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 March 2011, according to the register kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO and so far as was known to the Directors, the following persons or corporations (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company) had an interest or short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO:

Long positions in shares

主要股東

於二零一一年三月三十一日,根據本公司 按《證券及期貨條例》第336條存置之登 記冊內所示,以及就董事所知,下列人士 或公司(並非本公司董事或主要行政人 員)在本公司之股份及相關股份擁有權益 及淡倉,並須根據證券及期貨條例第XV 部第2分部及第3分部作出披露:

於股份之好倉

Name of shareholder	Capacity	Notes	Number of ordinary shares held 持有公司	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司
主要股東	身份	附註	普通股數目	已發行股本百分比
East Asia International Trustees Limited	Trustee 信託人	a	360,330,065	31.49
Golden Yield Holdings Limited	Interest in controlled corporations 受控公司權益	b	259,129,025	22.65
Wealthy Platform Limited	Interest in controlled corporations 受控公司權益	С	101,201,040	8.85
Regent World Investments Limited	Holding corporation 直接控股公司	b	184,121,625	16.09
Bond Well Investments Limited	Holding corporation 直接控股公司	b	75,007,400	6.55
Grand Wealth Investments Limited	Holding corporation 直接控股公司	С	74,651,040	6.52

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (continued)

Long positions in shares (continued)

Notes:

- a. East Asia International Trustees Limited ("EAIT") is the trustee of a discretionary trust of which Mr. Ma Kai Cheung and his family are the objects and through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Golden Yield Holdings Limited ("Golden Yield"), EAIT was indirectly interested in 259,129,025 shares of the Company. EAIT is also the trustee of a discretionary trust of which Mr. Ma Kai Yum and his family are the objects and through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Wealthy Platform Limited ("Wealthy Platform"), EAIT was indirectly interested in 101,201,040 shares in the Company. As at the balance sheet date, EAIT was effectively interested in a total of 360,330,065 shares of the Company.
- b. Golden Yield owns the entire issued share capital of Regent World and 70% of the entire issued share capital of Bond Well, was indirectly interested in a total of 259,129,025 shares of the Company. The total shares held by both Regent World and Bond Well are the same block of shares as disclosed in "Other interests" of Mr. Ma Kai Cheung under the section headed "Directors' Interests in the Securities of the Group" set out above.
- c. Wealthy Platform owns the entire issued share capital of Grand Wealth and Peaceful World and indirect owns the entire issued share capital of Real Potential through Peaceful World, was indirectly interested in 101,201,040 shares of the Company. The total shares held by Grand Wealth, Peaceful World and Real Potential are the same block of shares as disclosed in "Other interests" of Mr. Ma Kai Yum under the section headed "Directors' Interests in the Securities of the Group" set out above.

Save as disclosed above, the directors of the Company are not aware of any other persons who, as at 31 March 2011, had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company in the register that was required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO.

主要股東(續)

於股份之好倉(續)

附註:

- a. East Asia International Trustees Limited (「EAIT」)為馬介璋先生及其家族作為受益人而成立的一項全權信託的信託人,並透過其全資附屬公司Golden Yield Holdings Limited (「Golden Yield」)而間接擁有本公司259,129,025股之股份。此外,EAIT亦同時為馬介欽先生及其家族作為受益人而成立的一項全權信託的信託人,並透過其全資附屬公司Wealthy Platform」)而間接擁有本公司101,201,040股之股份,於結算日,EAIT 實益擁有本公司共360,330,065股之股份。
- b. Golden Yield藉持有Regent World全部已發 行股份及Bond Well 70%已發行股份而間 接擁有本公司合共259,129,025股之股份。 Regent World及Bond Well合共持有的股份為 上文「董事於本集團的證券權益」中所述馬介 璋先生之「其他權益」中所披露的同一批股份。
- c. Wealthy Platform藉持有Grand Wealth及 Peaceful World全部已發行之股份及透過 Peaceful World間接擁有全部Real Potential已 發行之股份而間接擁有本公司101,201,040 股之股份,Grand Wealth, Peaceful World及 Real Potential合共持有的股份為上文「董事於本集團的證券權益」中所述馬介欽先生之「其他權益」中所披露的同一批股份。

除上述披露者外,就本公司董事所知,根據《證券及期貨條例》第336條須予備存之登記冊並無任何人士於二零一一年三月三十一日擁有本公司股份及相關股份之權益或淡倉。

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS OF THE LISTING RULES

上市規則之持續披露責任

Loan agreement with covenants relating to specific performance obligation of the controlling shareholders (Rule 13.18 of Chapter 13)

於若干貸款協議中,控權股東須特定履 行責任之契諾(第十三章第13.18條)

The agreement for the following loan to the Group imposes specific performance obligations on the controlling shareholders of the Company:

下列給予本集團貸款之協議規定本公司之控權股東須特定履行責任:

Outstand	ling	g	ba	lan	ce	of
banking	fa	ci	liti	ies	as	at
	31	Ν	/lai	rch	20	11

banking facilities

Specific performance obligations

於二零一一年三月三十一日 未償還銀行貸款餘額

銀行貸款最後到期日

Final maturity of

特定履行責任

千港元

HK\$'000

61.560

7 November 2014

(Note)

二零一四年十一月七日

(附註)

Note:

附註:

Mr. Ma Kai Cheung, the Chairman and the controlling shareholder of the Company, holds 43.58% shareholding interest in the Company, and Mr. Ma Kai Yum, the managing director of the Company, holds 13.66% shareholding interest in the Company, undertakes to maintain for a total of at least 51% of the shares of the Company.

本公司之主席及控權股東馬介璋先生持有本公司 43.58%之股本權益,及本公司之董事總經理馬介 欽先生持有本公司13.66%之股本權益,其承諾將 保持其持股量合共不少於本公司股份51%。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

關連交易

Details of the connected transactions for the year are set out in note 45 to the financial statements.

本年度之關連交易詳情載於財務報表附 許45。

Save as disclosed above, there were no other transactions which need to be disclosed as connected transactions in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

除上文所披露者外,概無其他交易須依據 上市規則之規定披露作關連交易。

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

購買、贖回或出售本公司上市證券

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2011.

本公司或其任何附屬公司於截至二零 一一年三月三十一日止年度內概無購買、 贖回或出售本公司任何上市證券。

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, the Group's sales to the five largest customers and purchases from the five largest suppliers accounted for less than 30% of the Group's revenue and purchases for the year respectively.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

The Group's staff consists of approximately 100 employees in Hong Kong and approximately 2,200 employees outside Hong Kong. Employees are rewarded on a performance-related basis within the general framework of the Group's salary and bonus system.

CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code for securities transactions by Directors of the Company. Following specific enquiry by the Company, the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard under the Model Code for the year ended 31 March 2011.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintain a high standard of corporate governance practices. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the "Corporate Governance Report" on pages 11 to 19.

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可取得之公開資料及就董事所知悉,於本報告刊發日期,本公司已按上市規則之規定維持足夠公眾持股量。

主要客戶及供應商

於審核期內,本集團五大客戶及五大供應商分別佔本集團本年度之營業額及採購額少於30%。

僱員及薪酬政策

本集團有約100名本港僱員及約2,200名 海外僱員。僱員的薪酬及花紅在本集團的 制度下按僱員的個別表理釐定。

董事進行證券交易的守則

本公司已採納載列於上市規則附錄十之 上市公司董事進行證券交易之標準守則 (「標準守則」),作為本公司董事進行證 券交易的守則。因應本公司之特定查詢, 各董事確認已於截至二零一一年三月 三十一日止年度內均遵守標準守則之標 準要求。

企業管治

本公司致力維持高水平之企業管治。本公司採納之企業管治守則資料已載於「企業管治報告」11至19頁內。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee comprises three independent non-executive directors of the Company.

The audit committee has reviewed with the management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, internal control and financial reporting matters including the review of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2011.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

According to the Code on Corporate Governance Practices, the Company has established its Remuneration Committee in April 2005. The Remuneration Committee comprises three independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Lo Man Kit, Sam (Chairman), Mr. Lo Ming Chi, Charles and Mr. Wong See King. A set of written terms of reference, which described the authority and duties of the remuneration committee, was adopted by the Board on 1 April 2005.

The Remuneration Committee's objectives are to establish and maintain an appropriate and competitive level of remuneration to attract, retain and motivate directors and key executives to run the Company successfully. The Remuneration Committee will ensure that the remuneration policies and systems of the Group support the Group's objective and strategies.

The remuneration details of directors during the year are set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Board confirmed that the Company has received from each of its independent non-executive directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and still considers all of the independent non-executive directors to be independent.

審核委員會

審核委員會由本公司三名獨立非執行董 事組成。

審核委員會與管理層已審閱本集團所採 用之會計政策及慣例,並商討審核、內部 監控及財務申報事宜,包括審閱截至二 零一一年三月三十一日止年度之財務報 告。

薪酬委員會

根據企業管治常規守則,本公司已於二零零五年四月成立其薪酬委員會。薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行董事盧文傑先生(主席)、勞明智先生及黃思競先生組成。董事會已於二零零五年四月一日採納詳述薪酬委員會權力及職責之職權範圍書。

薪酬委員會之宗旨為建立及維持適當及 具競爭力之薪酬水平,以吸引、挽留及鼓勵董事及行政要員,藉此帶領本公司邁向 成功。薪酬委員會將確保本集團之薪酬政 策及制度均支持本集團之目標及策略。

年內董事之酬金詳情載於財務報告 附註8。

獨立非執行董事之獨立性

董事局確認本公司已根據《上市規則》 第3.13條接獲其獨立非執行董事各自發 出有關其獨立性而作出的年度確認書, 並認為所有獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人 士。

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 March 2011, the Group's consolidated net assets after deduction of non-controlling interests was HK\$3,161,975,000 (2010: HK\$3,062,248,000) and consolidated net assets after deduction of minority interests per share was HK\$2.76 (2010: HK\$2.68).

The Group's free cash and bank balances was HK\$221,606,000. Netting off cash deposits pledged for borrowing, the Group's net bank borrowings was HK\$889,936,000. Net bank borrowings less free cash and bank balances was HK\$668,330,000, representing 21% (2010: 18%) of the Group's consolidated net assets after deduction of non-controlling interests. The Group's borrowings are principally on a floating rate basis.

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young retire and a resolution for their reappointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

OUTLOOK

The Group will continue to develop and grow while maintaining its healthy financial position and solid business foundation to create long-term shareholder value.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Dr. Ma Kai Yum *Managing Director*

Hong Kong, 30 June 2011

流動資金及財政資源

在二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團的扣除非控股股東權益後綜合資產淨值為3,161,975,000港元(二零一零年:3,062,248,000港元),每股扣除少數股東權益後綜合資產淨值為2.76港元(二零一零年:2.68港元)。

本集團的自由現金及銀行結存為221,606,000港元。扣除借貸的已抵押現金存款後,本集團的銀行借貸淨額為889,936,000港元。銀行借貸淨額減自由現金及銀行結存為668,330,000港元,佔本集團扣除非控股股東權益後綜合資產淨值21%(二零一零年:18%)。本集團的借貸主要以浮動利率計息。

核數師

安永會計師事務所任滿告退,即將舉行之 股東週年大會上將會提呈續聘其為本公司的核數師的決議案。

展望

本集團將繼續發展及增長,並維持健康的 財政狀況及穩健的業務基礎,以提升長期 股東價值。

代表董事會

馬介欽博士

董事總經理

香港,二零一一年六月三十日

型 ERNST & YOUNG 安 永

To the shareholders of Tak Sing Alliance Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Tak Sing Alliance Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 50 to 195, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 March 2011, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

致Tak Sing Alliance Holdings Limited

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) 列位股東

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核 列載於第50至195頁Tak Sing Alliance Holdings Limited(「貴公司」及其附屬 公司合稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表 此綜合財務報表包括於二零一一年三月 三十一日的綜合及公司財務狀況表與截 至該日止年度的綜合收益表、綜合全面收 入報表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流轉 表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註資 料解釋。

董事編製綜合財務報表之責任

貴公司董事負責按照香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定編製並真實公平地反映該等綜合財務報表,並就負責董事釐定之內部監控而言,必需使綜合財務報表之編製免於重大錯誤陳述(不論其由欺詐或錯誤引起)。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核對該等綜合財務報表發表意見。我們是按照百慕達1981年《公司法》第90條的規定,僅向整體股東報告。除此以外,我們的報告書不可用作其他用途。我們概不就本報告書的內容,對任何其他人士負責或承擔任何責任。

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement

我們已按照香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 審計準則進行審核工作。該等準則要求我 們遵守道德規定,並規劃及執行審核,以 合理確定該等綜合財務報表是否存有任 何重大錯誤陳述。

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. 我們相信,我們所獲得之審核憑證充足和適當地為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

OPINION

意見

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2011, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告準則真實而公允地反映 貴公司及 貴集團於二零一一年三月三十一日的財務狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度的溢利及現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例妥為編製。

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants 18th Floor Two International Finance Centre 8 Finance Street, Central Hong Kong 30 June 2011

安永會計師事務所

教業會計師 香港 中環金融街8號 國際金融中心二期18樓 二零一一年六月三十日

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT 綜合收益表

Year ended 31 March 2011 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes	2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年
		附註	千港元	千港元
REVENUE	收入	5	692,840	613,180
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(398,758)	(330,632)
Gross profit	毛利		294,082	282,548
Other income and gains Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other expenses, net Finance costs Share of profits and losses of associates PROFIT BEFORE TAX	其他收入及收益 分銷及銷售開支 行政開支 其他開支,淨額 財務開支 應佔聯營公司溢利及 虧損	7	150,814 (139,754) (109,920) (13,827) (31,857) 74,712	383,658 (131,114) (105,242) (10,404) (31,092) 48,163 436,517
Income tax expense	所得税開支	10	(48,846)	(19,272)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	本年度盈利		175,404	417,245
Attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	應佔: 母公司擁有人 非控股權益	11	163,209 12,195 175,404	399,695 17,550 417,245
			HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT Basic	母公司普通股 擁有人應佔 每股盈利 基本	13	14.26	34.93
Diluted	攤薄		14.08	34.45

Details of the dividend proposed for the year are disclosed in note 12 to the financial statements.

有關本年度擬派股息之詳情,載於財務報 表附註12內。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合全面收入報表

Year ended 31 March 2011 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度

		Note	2011 HK\$'000 一画——东	2010 HK\$'000
		附註	二零一一年	二零一零年 千港元
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	本年度盈利		175,404	417,245
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)	其他全面收入/ (虧損)			
Change in fair value of an available-for-sale investment Exchange differences on translation of foreign	可供出售投資之 公平值變動 換算海外業務之 匯兑差額		(80,007)	42,608
operations Share of other comprehensive	應佔一間聯營公司		45,264	4,070
income of an associate	其他全面收益		_	34
Reclassification adjustment on deregistration of subsidiaries Reclassification adjustment on deemed disposal of	附屬公司撤銷註冊之 重新分類調整 視作出售一間聯營 公司之重新分類	39	(209)	(943)
an associate	調整		_	(132,614)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR	本年度其他全面虧損		(34,952)	(86,845)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	本年度總全面收入		140,452	330,400
	- u			
Attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	應佔: 母公司擁有人 非控股權益		121,964 18,488	312,339 18,061
			140,452	330,400

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

		Notes	31 March 2011 HK\$'000	31 March 2010 HK\$'000 (Restated)	1 April 2009 HK\$'000 (Restated)
		附註	二零一一年 三月三十一日 千港元	二零一零年 三月三十一日 千港元 (經重列)	二零零九年 四月一日 千港元 (經重列)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Investment properties Prepaid land lease payment Goodwill Other intangible assets Investment in a jointly-controlled entity	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 投資物業 預付土地租賃款項 商譽 其他無形資產 投資共同控制實體	14 15 16 17 18 20	468,686 1,346,196 13,306 40,111 399,732	429,592 1,238,598 13,167 40,111 533,559	438,657 1,211,768 13,502 40,264 533,559
Investments in associates Available-for-sale investments Financial assets at fair value	投資聯營公司可供出售投資按公平值列賬及於損益中	21 22	217,214 1,120,098	18,129 1,201,375	928,582 9,742
through profit or loss Other receivable Properties under development Deposits paid for purchases of land Pledged time deposits	處理之金融資產 其他應收款 發展中物業 購買土地支付的按金 已抵押定期存款	23 24 25 29	497 - 950,004 - 18,524	489 11,626 808,831 - 21,276	7,347 - 460,909 80,943 21,030
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		4,574,368	4,316,753	3,746,303
CURRENT ASSETS Properties under development Properties held for sale Inventories Debtors, deposits and prepayments Due from a director Due from non-controlling shareholders Financial assets at fair value	流動資產 發展中物業 持作銷售物業 存貨 應收賬款、按金及預付款項 應收一名董事 應收非控股股東 按公理值	25 26 27 28	209,926 355,693 49,179 152,497 652 67,234	197,966 210,749 41,017 204,476 1,291	191,085 162,916 45,434 275,789 - -
through profit or loss Other receivable Restricted cash Pledged time deposits Cash and cash equivalents	處理之金融資產 其他應收款 有限制現金 已抵押定期存款 現金及現金等值項目	23 24 29 29 29	11,626 7,018 2,044 221,606	8,270 - 5,827 7,055 113,378	7,041 125,151
Total current assets	流動資產總值		1,077,475	790,029	807,416
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade creditors Sundry creditors, accruals and deposits received Due to directors	流動負債 應付貿易賬款 其他應付賬款、應計費用及 預收按金 應付董事	30 45(c)	(75,207) (319,351) (2,362)	(51,495) (196,419) (17,874)	(38,662) (185,106) (1,767)
Due to non-controlling shareholders Interest-bearing bank and other	應付非控股股東 附息之銀行及其他貸款	45(c)	(11,566)	(9,436)	(7,559)
borrowings Finance lease payables Deferred income Tax payable	應付融資租約 遞延收入 應付税項	31 32 35	(541,080) - (14,203) (91,423)	(483,278) (245) – (73,186)	(522,002) (630) – (117,394)
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值		(1,055,192)	(831,933)	(873,120)
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)	流動資產淨額/(負債)		22,283	(41,904)	(65,704)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減流動負債				
–page 53	-第53頁		4,596,651	4,274,849	3,680,599

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	31 March 2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 三月三十一日 千港元	31 March 2010 HK\$'000 (Restated) 二零一零年 三月三十一日 千港元 (經重列)	1 April 2009 HK\$'000 (Restated) 二零零九年 四月一日 千港元 (經重列)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減流動負債				
–page 52	-第52頁		4,596,651	4,274,849	3,680,599
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Due to a director Due to non-controlling shareholders Interest-bearing bank and other	非流動負債 應付一名董事 應付非控股股東 附息之銀行及其他貸款	45(c) 45(c)	(37,522) (49,126)	(63,151) (37,653)	(58,281) (31,453)
borrowings Finance lease payables Derivative financial instrument Deferred income Deposits received	應付融資租約 金融衍生工具 遞延收入 預收賬款	31 32 34 35	(369,424) - (669) (252,661) (5,884)	(221,600) - - (261,788) (5,647)	(201,967) (243) – –
Deferred tax		33	(408,844)	(391,833)	(389,756)
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總值		(1,124,130)	(981,672)	(681,700)
Net assets	資產淨值		3,472,521	3,293,177	2,998,899
EQUITY Equity attributable to owners of the parent	股本 母公司股份擁有人應佔權益	26			
Issued capital Reserves	已發行股本 儲備	36 38(a)	114,412 3,024,681	114,412 2,924,954	114,412 2,634,832
Proposed final dividend	建議末期息	12	22,882	22,882	11,441
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		3,161,975 310,546	3,062,248 230,929	2,760,685 238,214
Total equity	權益總值		3,472,521	3,293,177	2,998,899

Ma Kai Yum 馬介欽 Director

董事

Ng Yan Kwong 吳恩光 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 March 2011 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the parent 母公司股份擁有人應佔

								E E	公司股份擁有人 問	售佔							
				Share	Leasehold land and building	eh		5 h	Cit-i		Available- for-sale investment			N d		Non	
			toward.		•	Share	6	Exchange	Capital			Control	Bataland	Proposed		Non-	7.4.1
			Issued	premium		option	Goodwill	•	redemption	Reserve		Capital	Retained	final		controlling	Total
			capital	account	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	funds	reserve	reserve	profits	dividend	Total	interests	equity
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
					租賃土地						可供出售						
				股份	及樓宇	股份認購		匯兌	資本		投資重估			建議		非控股	
			股本	溢價賬	重估儲備	權储備	商譽储備	平衡储備	贖回儲備	儲備金	儲備	資本儲備	保留溢利	末期股息	總計	權益	總股本值
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2009	於二零零九年		444.442	4 275 045	56.060	40.422	(05.220)	450 445	24.6	5443		26.554	4 450 457		2 752 505	220.244	2 000 000
	四月一日		114,412	1,275,015	56,060	19,122	(86,230)	159,415	316	6,113	-	36,554	1,168,467	11,441	2,760,685	238,214	2,998,899
Profit for the year	本年度盈利		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	399,695	-	399,695	17,550	417,245
Other comprehensive	本年度總全面																
income/(loss) for the year	r: 收入/(虧損)																
Change in fair value of	可供出售投資之																
an available-for-sale	公平值變動																
investment			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	42,608	_	_	_	42,608	_	42,608
Exchange differences on	換算海外業務之										12,000				12,000		12,000
translation of foreign	正 正 所 并 時 所 に に に に に に に に に に に に に																
	進九左帜							3,559							3,559	511	4.070
operations	库/上 明琳郑		-	_	-	_	-	3,339	-	_	-	-	-	_	3,339	311	4,070
Share of other	應佔一間聯營																
comprehensive income																	
of an associate	收入		-	-	-	-	-	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	-	34
Reclassification adjustmen																	
on deregistration of a	撤銷註冊之																
subsidiary	重新分類調整		-	-	-	-	-	(943)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(943)	-	(943)
Reclassification	視作出售一間																
adjustment on deemed	聯營公司之																
disposal of an associat	e 重新分類調整			-	-	-	-	(96,060)	-	-	-	(36,554)	-	-	(132,614)	-	(132,614)
Total comprehensive	本年度總全面																
income/(loss) for the year								(93,410)			42,608	(36,554)	399,695		312,339	18,061	330,400
Contribution from non-	非控股股東		_	_	_	_	_	(33,410)	_	_	42,000	(30,334)	333,033	_	312,333	10,001	330,400
																4.740	4.742
controlling shareholders	注入資金		_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	4,742	4,742
Dividends paid to non-	非控股股東派息															(20.000)	(20.000)
controlling shareholders	0.//- 9974 89 0.7		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	(30,088)	(30,088)
Share of an associate	分佔一間聯營公司		-	-	-	659	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	665	-	665
Release upon deemed	視作出售一間																
disposal of an associate	聯營公司		-	-	-	(13,504)	-	-	-	(5,538)	-	-	19,042	-	-	-	-
Final 2009 dividend	宣派二零零九年																
declared	末期股息		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,441)	(11,441)	-	(11,441)
Proposed final 2010	建議二零一零年																
dividend	末期股息	12		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(22,882)	22,882	-	-	
At 31 March 2010	於二零一零年																
AL 31 IVIdICII ZUTU	三月三十一日		114,412	1,275,015	56,060	6,277	(86,230)	66,005	316	581	42,608	_	1,564,322	22,882	3,062,248	230,929	3,293,177

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 March 2011 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the parent 母公司股份擁有人應佔

								母	公司股份擁有人	售佔							
		Notes	Issued capital HK\$'000	Share premium account HK\$'000 股份	Leasehold land and building revaluation reserve HK\$'000 租賃土地 及樓字 重估營備	Share option reserve HK\$'000 股份認購權儲備	Goodwill reserve HK\$'000	Exchange equalisation reserve HK\$'000 匯兌 平衡儲備	Capital redemption reserve HKS'000	Reserve funds HK\$'000	Available- for-sale investment revaluation reserve HK\$'000 可供出售 投資重估 儲備	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Proposed final dividend HK\$'000 建議 末期股息	Total HK\$'000 總計	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000 非控股 權益	Total equity HK\$'000 總股本值
		附註	承 千港元	在資 級 千港元	単旧組織 千港元	1推 细 炯 千港元	千港元	千港元	東昌幽陽 千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	不和以心 千港元	千港元	淮≖ 千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2010	於二零一零年 四月一日		114,412	1,275,015	56,060	6,277	(86,230)	66,005	316	581	42,608	-	1,564,322	22,882	3,062,248	230,929	3,293,177
,	本年度盈利 本年度總全面 收入/(虧損): 可供出售投資之 公平值變動		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	163,209	-	163,209	12,195	175,404
investment Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務之 匯兑差額		-	-	-	-	-	38,971	-	-	(80,007)	-	-	-	38,971	6,293	(80,007 45,264
Reclassification adjustment on deregistration of subsidiaries	附屬公司撤銷 註冊之重新 分類調整		-	-	-	-	-	(209)	-	-		-	-	-	(209		(209
income/(loss) for the year	本年度總全面 收入/(虧損) 散銷註冊附屬公司		-	-	-	-	-	38,762	-	-	(80,007)	-	163,209	-	121,964	18,488	140,452
Contribution from non- controlling shareholders	非控股股東 注入資金 非控股股東派息		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	101,518	101,518
controlling shareholders Deemed disposal of interest in a subsidiary Equity-settled share option	附屬公司收益		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	161	-	-	161	(31,530)	
arrangements Final 2010 dividend 1 declared	宣派二零一零年 末期股息	37 12	-	-	-	484	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	(22,882)	(22,882)	-	484
Proposed final 2011 3 dividend	建議二零一一年 末期股息	12	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	(22,882)	22,882	_	-	_
At 31 March 2011	於二零一一年 三月三十一日		114,412	1,275,015	* 56,060*	6,761*	(86,230)	* 104,767	* 316*	581	* (37,399)*	161*	1,704,649*	22,882	3,161,975	310,546	3,472,521

^{*} These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$3,024,681,000 (2010: HK\$2,924,954,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

^{*} 此等儲備合共3,024,681,000港元(二零一零年:2,924,954,000港元)已包括在綜合財務 狀況表之綜合儲備之內。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流轉表

Year ended 31 March 2011 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
		附註	二零一一年 千港元	二零一零年 千港元
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	來自經營業務的 現金流入淨額	40(a)	89,535	91,376
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動之 現金流量			
Bank interest received	已收銀行利息		981	867
Interest received from an other receivable	已收其他應收款 利息		686	174
Realised fair value loss on derivative financial instruments transactions not qualifying	金融衍生工具之		300	17-1
as hedges			(2,258)	-
Dividend received from available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資 股息收入		17,779	
Purchases of items of property,	購入物業、廠房及		17,773	_
plant and equipment	設備		(66,197)	(30,038)
Proceeds from disposal of items of property,	出售物業、廠房及 設備的所得款項			
plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of	出售可供出售投資		7,820	21
available-for-sale investments	所得款項		1,276	29,059
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value	出售按公平值列賬及 於損益中處理之			
through profit or loss	金融資產所得款項		8,191	-
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through	購入按公平值列賬及 於損益中處理之金			
profit or loss	融資產		-	(504)
Purchase of an other receivable Net repayment/(advance) to	購入其他應收款 向一名董事還款/		-	(11,626)
a director	(墊款)		699	(1,289)
Decrease/(increase) in pledged	已抵押定期存款之			
time deposits	減少/(増加)		3,132	(216)
Increase in restricted cash Increase in time deposits with original maturity of more than	有限制現金之增加 到期日超過三個月定 期存款之增加		(955)	(5,816)
three months			(5,840)	(496)
Increase in advance to associates,	向聯營公司墊款之 增加,淨額		(120 722)	
net	归川 / 于 似		(120,722)	
Net cash flows used in investing	投資活動之			
activities	現金流出淨額		(155,408)	(19,864)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流轉表

Year ended 31 March 2011 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES New bank loans New other loans Repayment of bank loans Repayment of other loans Capital element of finance lease payments Dividends paid Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders Advance from/(to) non- controlling shareholders, net Contribution from non- controlling shareholders Interest paid Interest element of finance lease payments	融 新新償價融 已已 非 非 已融 新新價價融 已已 非 控 付資利		1,464,638 5,788 (1,251,238) (19,743) (245) (22,882) (31,530) (54,003) 101,518 (32,730)	438,307 11,940 (455,276) (1,786) (628) (11,441) (30,088) 8,062 4,742 (34,605)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動之現金 流入/(流出)淨額		159,569	(70,818)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	現金及現金等值 項目增加 年初之現金及 現金等值項目 匯率變動的影響, 淨額		93,696 119,937 3,611	694 118,940 303
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	年終之現金及 現金等值項目		217,244	119,937
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position Time deposits with original maturity of less than three months when acquired, pledged as security for general banking facilities	現金及現金等值 項目結餘之分析 綜合財務狀況表內呈 列之現 值項目 到期五 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個	29	221,606 2,044	113,378 7,055
Bank overdrafts Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of more than three months	銀行透支 到期日大於三個月之 無抵押定期存款	31	(6,356)	(496)
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of cash flows	綜合現金流轉表內呈 列之現金及 現金等值項目		217,244	119,937

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 財務狀況表

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

		Notes	31 March 2011 HK\$'000	31 March 2010 HK\$'000	1 April 2009 HK\$'000 (Restated)
		附註	二零一一年 三月三十一日 千港元	二零一零年 三月三十一日 千港元	二零零九年 四月一日 千港元 (經重列)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Investments in subsidiaries	非流動資產 投資附屬公司	19	1,554,651	1,570,914	1,537,959
CURRENT ASSETS Other receivables and deposits Due from associates Pledged time deposits	流動資產 其他應收賬款及按金 應收聯營公司賬款 已抵押定期存存。	29	32 3,930 44	350 159 41	253 159 41
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	29	133	142	3,178
Total current assets	流動資產總值		4,139	692	3,631
CURRENT LIABILITIES Sundry creditors and accruals Due to directors Interest-bearing bank borrowings	流動負債 其他應付賬款及應計費用 應付董事 附息之銀行貸款	45(c) 31	(1,097) (5,930) –	(1,238) (15,780) –	(3,639) (10,022) (8,629)
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值		(7,027)	(17,018)	(22,290)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債淨值		(2,888)	(16,326)	(18,659)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減流動負債		1,551,763	1,554,588	1,519,300
NON-CURRENT LIABILITY Due to a director	非流動負債 應付一位董事	45(c)	(15,747)	(25,415)	(12,751)
Net assets	資產淨值		1,536,016	1,529,173	1,506,549
EQUITY Issued capital Reserves Proposed final dividend	權益 已發行股本 儲備 建議末期息	36 38(b) 12	114,412 1,398,722 22,882	114,412 1,391,879 22,882	114,412 1,380,696 11,441
Total equity	權益總值		1,536,016	1,529,173	1,506,549

Ma Kai Yum 馬介欽 Director

董事

Ng Yan Kwong 吳恩光

> Director 董事

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Tak Sing Alliance Holdings Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The registered office of the Company is located at Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM12, Bermuda.

During the year, the Group was principally engaged in investment holding, property investment and development, and the operations of hotel, restaurant and food businesses.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain leasehold land and buildings, investment properties, derivative financial instrument, and certain financial assets, which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

1. 公司資料

達成集團是一間於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司。本公司註冊辦事處位於Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM12, Bermuda。

年內,本集團的主要業務為投資控股,物業的投資及發展及經營酒店、 酒樓及食品業務。

2.1 編製基準

本財務報告乃按照香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」),(其包括所有香港財務報告準則」)及證釋)、香港會計準則」)及詮釋)、香港會計準則」)及證釋)、香港例與內會計學則及香港公司條為與之會計學,並採用歷史成本法地。與資產除外)。本財務報告乃以之一,而除非另有說明,所有價值已調整至最接近之千元單位。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation

Basis of consolidation from 1 April 2010

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2011. The financial statements of the subsidiaries, are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. All intra-group balances, transactions, unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated on consolidation in full.

Losses within a subsidiary are attributed to the noncontrolling interest even if that results in a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate.

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合準則

於二零一零年四月一日起綜合賬目 之基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度之財務報表。附屬公司之業績由收購日的報表。附屬公司之業績由收購日的,並將繼續綜合直至該控制終止之日。所有集團內公司間結存未數明的公人虧損與股息已於綜合賬目內全數對銷。

即使產生虧絀結存,附屬公司之虧損仍會歸屬於非控股權益。

於附屬公司之擁有權權益變動而無 失去控制權乃入賬列作股份交易。

倘本集團失去附屬公司之控制權,則會撤銷確認(i)該附屬公司之資權 (包括商譽)及負債,(ii)任何非控權 權益之賬面值,及(iii)於股份記錄之 累計匯兑差額:並確認(i)已收代 累計匯兑差額:並確認(i)已收代 位,及(iii)在何保留投資之公 值,及(iii)在損益產生之任何盈餘認 虧絀。先前於其他全面收益確認之 本集團應佔部分,乃重新分類至損 益或保留盈利(如適用)。

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

Basis of consolidation prior to 1 April 2010

Certain of the above-mentioned requirements have been applied on a prospective basis. The following differences, however, are carried forward in certain instances from the previous basis of consolidation:

- Acquisitions of non-controlling interests (formerly known as minority interests), prior to 1 April 2010, were accounted for using the parent entity extension method, whereby the differences between the consideration and the book value of the share of the net assets acquired were recognised in goodwill.
- Losses incurred by the Group were attributed to the non-controlling interest until the balance was reduced to nil. Any further excess losses were attributable to the parent, unless the noncontrolling interest had a binding obligation to cover these. Losses prior to 1 April 2010 were not reallocated between non-controlling interest and the parent shareholders.
- Upon loss of control, the Group accounted for the investment retained at its proportionate share of net asset value at the date control was lost. The carrying amount of such investment at 1 April 2010 has not been restated.

Operating cycle

The operating cycle of the Group for the property investment and development business is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Due to the nature of such business, the normal operating cycle is longer than 12 months. The Group's current assets include assets (such as properties under development and properties held for sale) are sold, consumed or realised as part of the normal operating cycle for the property investment and development business even when they are not expected to be realised within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合準則(續)

於二零一零年四月一日前之綜合基 準

若干上述規定已按相應基準應用。 然而,以下差異於若干情況下乃自 先前之綜合基準結轉:

- 於二零一零年四月一日前收購之非控股權益(前稱為少數股東權益),乃按母公司實體延伸法入賬,據此,代價與所收購應佔資產淨值之賬面值之間之差額確認為商譽。
- 本集團所產生之虧損歸屬非控股權益,直至結餘被削減至零。任何進一步超出虧損歸屬母公司,惟非控股權益擁有彌補該等虧損之約束責任則除外。於二零一零年四月一日前之虧損並無於非控股權益與母公司股東之間重新分配。
- 於失去控制權時,本集團按於 失去控制權日期按比例應佔之 資產淨值將保留投資入賬。有 關投資於二零一零年四月一日 之賬面值並無重列。

營業週期

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動 DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

HKFRS 1 (Revised) First-time Adoption of Hong

Kong Financial Reporting

Standards

HKFRS 1 Amendments Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-

time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards – Additional Exemptions for First-time

Adopters

HKFRS 2 Amendments Amendments to HKFRS 2

Share-based Payment – Group Cash-settled Sharebased Payment Transactions

HKFRS 3 (Revised) Business Combinations

HKAS 27 (Revised) Consolidated and Separate

Financial Statements

HKAS 32 Amendment Amendment to HKAS 32

Financial Instruments:

Presentation

- Classification of Rights

Issues

HKAS 39 Amendment Amendment to HKAS 39

Financial Instruments: Recognition and

Measurement – Eligible

Hedged Items

本集團於本年度財務報告內首次採納下列新增及經修訂之香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則第 首次採納香港財務報告

1號(經修訂) 準則

香港財務報告準則第 香港財務報告準則第1號

1號(修訂) 首次採納香港財務報

告準則 - 首次採納者 之額外豁免之修訂

香港財務報告準則第 香港財務報告準則第2號

2號(修訂) 以股份支付一集團以

現金結算以股份支付

交易之修訂

香港財務報告準則第 企業合併

3號(經修訂)

香港會計準則第27 綜合及獨立財務報表

號(經修訂)

香港會計準則第32 香港會計準則第32號

號(修訂) 金融工具:呈列

一供股的分類的修訂

香港會計準則第39 香港會計準則第39號

號(修訂) 金融工具:確認與

計量一合資格對沖項

目之修訂

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動 (續) DISCLOSURES (continued)

HK(IFRIC)-Int 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners	香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第17號	向擁有人分派非現金資 產
HKFRS 5 Amendments included in <i>Improvements to HKFRSs</i> issued in October 2008	Amendments to HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations – Plan to sell the controlling interest in a subsidiary		香港財務報告準則第5號 持作待售非流動資產 及已終止經營業務一 計劃出售於一間附屬 公司之控權權益之修 訂
Improvements to HKFRSs 2009	Amendments to a number of HKFRSs issued in May 2009		於二零零九年五月頒佈 對多項香港財務報告 準則之修訂
HK Interpretation 4 Amendment	Amendment to HK Interpretation 4 Leases – Determination of the Length of Lease Term in respect of Hong Kong Land Leases	香港詮釋第4 號(修訂)	香港詮釋第4號 <i>租賃-釐</i> 定有關香港土地租約 租期之長短之修訂
HK Interpretation 5	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand	香港詮釋第5號	財務報表之呈列-借款 人對包含須按要求時 償還條款之定期貸款 之分類

Other than as further explained below regarding the impact of HKFRS 3 (Revised), HKAS 27 (Revised) and HK Interpretation 5, the adoption of the new and revised HKFRSs has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements.

Clause

除下文所詳述有關香港財務報告準則第3號(經修訂)、香港會計準則第27號(經修訂)及香港詮譯第5號之影響外,採納該等新增及經修訂香港財務報告準則對本財務報表並無重大財務影響。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

The principal effects of adopting these new and revised HKFRSs are as follows:

(a) HKFRS 3 (Revised) Business Combinations and HKAS 27 (Revised) Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

HKFRS 3 (Revised) introduces a number of changes in the accounting for business combinations that affect the initial measurement of non-controlling interests, the accounting for transaction costs, the initial recognition and subsequent measurement of a contingent consideration and business combinations achieved in stages. These changes will impact the amount of goodwill recognised, the reported results in the period that an acquisition occurs, and future reported results.

HKAS 27 (Revised) requires that a change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary without loss of control is accounted for as an equity transaction. Therefore, such a change will have no impact on goodwill, nor will it give rise to a gain or loss. Furthermore, the revised standard changes the accounting for losses incurred by the subsidiary as well as the loss of control of a subsidiary. Consequential amendments were made to various standards, including, but not limited to HKAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows, HKAS 12 Income Taxes, HKAS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, HKAS 28 Investments in Associates and HKAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures.

The changes introduced by these revised standards are applied prospectively and affect the accounting of acquisitions, loss of control and transactions with non-controlling interests after 1 April 2010.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

採納該等新增及經修訂香港財務報 告準則之主要影響如下:

(a) 香港財務報告準則第3號(經修訂)企業合併及香港會計準則 第27號(經修訂)綜合及獨立 財務報表

香港會計準則第27號(經修訂) 規定,在不失去控制權下對附 屬公司權益之擁有權變動乃入 賬為股份交易。因此,如此變動 將不會對商譽構成影響,亦不 會產生收益或損失。再者,經修 訂之準則會改變該附屬公司所 招致之損失及失去附屬公司控 制權之會計處理方式。各種準 則之隨後相應修訂包括但不限 於香港會計準則第7號現金流 *量表、*香港會計準則第12號所 得税、香港會計準則第21號外 幣匯率變動之影響、香港會計 準則第28號於聯營公司之投資 及香港會計準則第31號於合營 企業之權益。

該等經修訂準則所引入之變動 已如期應用及影響於二零一零 年四月一日後之收購、失去控 制權及與非控權權益交易之會 計處理。

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

(b) HK Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause

The interpretation requires a term loan that contains a clause that gives the lender the unconditional right to call the loan at any time shall be classified in total by the borrower as current in the statement of financial position. This is irrespective of whether a default event has occurred and notwithstanding any other terms and maturity stated in the loan agreement.

Prior to the adoption of this interpretation, the Group's term loans were classified in the statement of financial position separately as to the current and non-current liability portion based on the maturity dates of repayment. The interpretation has been applied by the Group retrospectively and comparative amounts have been restated. In addition, as a result of this change and as required by HKAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, these financial statements also include a statement of financial position as at 1 April 2009. Further details of the loans are disclosed in note 31 to the financial statements

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

(b) 香港詮譯第5號*財務報表的呈* 列-借款人對包含可隨時要求 償還條款的定期貸款的分類

該詮釋規定,借貸方須於財務 狀況表內將包含條款使放貸方 有權無條件隨時要求償還款項 的貸款悉數列為即期。無論是 否曾出現違約情況,亦不論貸 款協議內是否列有任何其他條 款及到期日。

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續) **DISCLOSURES** (continued)

- (b) HK Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause (continued)
 - The above change has had no effect on the consolidated income statement. The effect on the consolidated statement of financial position is summarised as follows:

(b) 香港詮譯第5號*財務報表的呈* 列-借款人對包含可隨時要求 償還條款的定期貸款的分類 (續)

> 以上變動對本集團綜合收益表 並無影響。對於綜合財務狀況 表之影響總結如下:

		31 March	31 March	1 April
		2011	2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年
		三月三十一日	三月三十一日	四月一日
		千港元	千港元	千港元
CURRENT LIABILITIES Increase in interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	流動負債 附息之銀行及其他貸款增加	89,998	89,552	97,471
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Decrease in interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	非流動負債 附息之銀行及其他貸款減少	89,998	89,552	97,471

There was no impact on the net assets of the 對本集團之資產淨額並沒有影響。 Group.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND **DISCLOSURES** (continued)

- 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)
- (b) HK Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause (continued)
- (b) 香港詮譯第5號*財務報表的呈* 列-借款人對包含可隨時要求 償還條款的定期貸款的分類 (續)

The effect on the Company's statement of financial position is summarised as follows:

對於本公司財務狀況表影響之 總結如下:

		31 March 2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 三月三十一日 千港元	31 March 2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 三月三十一日 千港元	1 April 2009 HK\$'000 二零零九年 四月一日 千港元
CURRENT LIABILITIES Increase in interest-bearing bank borrowings	流動負債 附息之銀行貸款增加		-	5,305
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Decrease in interest-bearing bank borrowings	非流動負債 附息之銀行貸款減少		-	5,305

There was no impact on the net assets of the 對本公司之資產淨值並沒有影響。 Company.

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective. in these financial statements:

HKFRS 1 Amendment Amendment to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards – Limited Exemption from Comparative HKFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters1 Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-HKFRS 1 Amendments time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards - Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters³ HKFRS 7 Amendments Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures - Transfers of Financial Assets³ HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments⁵ Consolidated Financial HKFRS 10 Statements⁵ HKFRS 11 Joint Arrangements⁵ HKFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities⁵ Fair Value Measurement⁵ HKFRS 13 HKAS 12 Amendments to HKAS 12 Amendments Income Taxes - Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets4 Related Party Disclosures² HKAS 24 (Revised) HKAS 27 (Revised) Separate Financial Statements⁵ HKAS 28 (Revised) Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures⁵ HK(IFRIC)-Int 14 Amendments to HK(IFRIC)-Int 14 Prepayments of Amendments a Minimum Funding Requirement² HK(IFRIC)-Int 19 Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity

Instruments1

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務 報告準則

本集團並未於本財務報表內採納下 列已頒佈但尚未生效之新增及經修 訂之香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則第1號 第1號(修訂) *首次採納香港財務報 告準則第7號披露對比 較數字的有限度豁免* 之修訂*'*

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則第1號 第1號(修訂) *首次採納香港財務* 報告準則一嚴重惡性 通貨膨脹及刪除首次 採納者之固定日期之 修訂3

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則第7號 第7號(修訂) *金融工具:披露一轉讓 金融資產*之修訂³

香港財務報告準則 *金融工具 5* 第9號 香港財務報告準則 *綜合財務報表 5*

第10號 香港財務報告準則 *合營安排 ⁵* 第11號

第13號

香港財務報告準則 其他實體中之權益披露 5 第12號 香港財務報告準則 公平值計量 5

香港財務報告準則 所得税一遞延税項:收回 第12號(修訂) 相關資產之修訂 4

香港會計準則 *關連人士披露²* 第24號(經修訂)

香港會計準則 獨立財務報表 ⁵ 第27號(經修訂)

香港會計準則 投資聯營公司及 第28號(經修訂) *合營公司* 5

詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第19號

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Apart from the above, the HKICPA has issued *Improvements to HKFRSs 2010* which sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording. The amendments to HKFRS 3 and HKAS 27 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010, whereas the amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKAS 1, HKAS 34 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 13 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011 although there are separate transitional provisions for each standard.

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

Further information about those changes that are expected to significantly affect the Group is as follows:

HKFRS 9 issued in November 2009 is the first part of phase 1 of a comprehensive project to entirely replace HKAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.* This phase focuses on the classification and measurement of financial assets. Instead of classifying financial assets into four categories, an entity shall classify financial assets as subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value, on the basis of both the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. This aims to improve and simplify the approach for the classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of HKAS 39.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務 報告準則(續)

- · 於二零一零年七月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效
- 於二零一一年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效
- 於二零一一年七月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效
- 4 於二零一二年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效
- 於二零一三年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效

根據進一步資料顯示各項更改預計 對本集團有以下之重要影響:

於二零零九年十一月頒佈的香港財務報告準則第9號乃整個替代香港計準則第39號金融工具:確認及計量全面計劃第一階段的第一類與第一階段集中於金融資產分的類與實體不應將金融資產分析四產人數。計,應以實體怎樣管理其金融資產的分類是主數,與與對於企融資產的分類及計量方法。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

In November 2010, the HKICPA issued additions to HKFRS 9 to address financial liabilities (the "Additions") and incorporated in HKFRS 9 the current derecognition principles of financial instruments of HKAS 39. Most of the Additions were carried forward unchanged from HKAS 39, while changes were made to the measurement of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss using the fair value option ("FVO"). For these FVO liabilities, the amount of change in the fair value of a liability that is attributable to changes in credit risk must be presented in other comprehensive income ("OCI"). The remainder of the change in fair value is presented in profit or loss, unless presentation of the fair value change in respect of the liability's credit risk in OCI would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. However, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts which have been designated under the FVO are scoped out of the Additions.

HKAS 39 is aimed to be replaced by HKFRS 9 in its entirety. Before this entire replacement, the guidance in HKAS 39 on hedge accounting and impairment of financial assets continues to apply. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 9 from 1 April 2013.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務 報告準則(續)

於二零一零年十一月,香港會計師 公會頒佈香港財務報告準則第9號之 額外條文(「額外條文」)以論述金融 負債,並將香港會計準則第39號之 現時終止確認金融工具原理納入香 港財務報告準則第9號。大部份額外 條文乃來自香港會計準則第39號且 維持不變,更改乃於指定使用公平 值選擇權(「公平值選擇權」)透過損 益按公平值列賬之金融負債計量作 出。就此等公平值選擇權負債而言, 信貸風險變動引起的負債公平值變 動金額必須於其他全面收入(「其他 全面收入」)呈列。其餘公平值變動 於損益呈列,惟於其他全面收入之 負債信貸風險之有關公平值變動之 呈列可能造成或擴大於損益之會計 不符者除外。然而,根據公平值選擇 權指定之貸款承擔及金融擔保合約 不包括於額外條文中。

按計劃,香港會計準則第39號將被全面取代。在此全面取代前,香港會計準則第39號有關對沖會計法及金融資產減值之指引獲持續應用。本集團預期自二零一三年四月一日起採納香港財務報告準則第9號。

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 12 were issued in December 2010 which introduce a rebuttable presumption that deferred tax on investment property measured using the fair value model in HKAS 40 Investment *Property* should be determined in the basis that its carrying amount will be recovered through sale. The amendments also require that deferred tax on nondepreciable assets measured using the revaluation model in HKAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment, should always be measured on a sale basis. As a result of the amendments. Hong Kong (SIC)-21 Income Taxes - Recovery of Revalued Non-Depreciable Assets will be superseded once the amendments become effective. The Group expects to adopt the Amendments to HKAS 12 retrospectively from 1 April 2012. The Group has previously provided deferred tax on the fair value gains on its investments properties assuming that the carrying amount of these properties will be recovered through use. The Group expects the adoption of these amendments will result in changes in the accounting policy and the Group's deferred tax liabilities and income tax charges will be reduced respectively.

HKAS 24 (Revised) clarifies and simplifies the definition of related parties. It also provides for a partial exemption of related party disclosure to government-related entities for transactions with the same government or entities that are controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by the same government. The Group expects to adopt HKAS 24 (Revised) from 1 April 2011 and the comparative related party disclosures will be amended accordingly.

While the adoption of the revised standard will result in changes in the accounting policy, the revised standard is unlikely to have any impact on the related party disclosures as the Group currently does not have any significant transactions with government-related entities.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告準則(續)

跟據2010年12月份香港會計準則第 12號(修訂)引進可駁回的推定, 投資物業採用香港會計準則第40號 之採用公平價值模式,其遞延税項 計算方法基準為投資物業之賑面價 值,而賬面價值則為其銷售價值。 該遞延税項修訂關於不須計算折舊 資產應採用香港會計準則第16號物 業,廠房及設備中重估模式及以其 銷售價值為計算基準。HK(SIC)-21 修訂一所得税一已重估非折舊性資 產的收回通過後,將取代現行計算 基準。本集團預計於2012年4月1日 採用香港會計準則第12號(修訂)。 本集團之前採用計算投資物業之遞 延税項基準為投資物業之公平值收 益;而其賬面價值設定為使用價值。 本集團預計採用該修訂使現有之會 計政策更改,可令本集團之遞延税 項負債及所得税分別減少。

經修訂香港會計準則第24號釐清及簡化關連方的定義,亦訂明因與政府或被政府控制、共同控制或重大影響的實體進行交易而對同一政府有關實體作出關連方披露的部分豁免。本集團預計於二零一一年四月一日採納香港會計師準則第24號需公佈之對此資料將相應修訂。

採用經修訂之準則導致會計政策之 更改,經修訂之準則將不會影響有 關連人仕交易披露,因本集團現在 與政府有關連之機構沒有重大交 易。

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Improvements to HKFRSs 2010 issued in May 2010 sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 April 2011. There are separate transitional provisions for each standard. While the adoption of some of the amendments may result in changes in accounting policies, none of these amendments are expected to have a significant financial impact on the Group. Those amendments that are expected to have a significant impact on the Group's policies are as follows:

(a) HKFRS 3 *Business Combinations:* Clarifies that the amendments to HKFRS 7, HKAS 32 and HKAS 39 that eliminate the exemption for contingent consideration do not apply to contingent consideration that arose from business combinations whose acquisition dates precede the application of HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008).

In addition, the amendments limit the measurement choice of non-controlling interests at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets to components of non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation. Other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by another HKFRS.

The amendments also added explicit guidance to clarify the accounting treatment for non-replaced and voluntarily replaced share-based payment awards.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務 報告準則(續)

於二零一零年五月頒佈之香港財務 報告準則的改進(二零一零年)載列 若干香港財務報告準則之修訂。本 集團預期自二零一一年四月一日起 採納該等修訂。各準則均有個別過 渡條文。雖然採納某些修訂可能導 致會計政策出現變動,惟預期此等 修訂不會對本集團造成重大財務影響包括:

(a) 香港財務報告準則第3號企業 合併之闡明香港財務報告準則 第7號,香港會計準則第32號及 第39號之修訂關於取消或有價 金之括免不適用於企業合併產 生或有價金,而該企業當時已 採用香港財務報告準財財第3 號(於2008修訂)。

> 該修訂亦補充詳盡指引闡明不可取代及自願取代基於股權的 支付授予之會計處理方法。

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

- (b) HKAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements:* Clarifies that an analysis of other comprehensive income for each component of equity can be presented either in the statement of changes in equity or in the notes to the financial statements.
- (c) HKAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements: Clarifies that the consequential amendments from HKAS 27 (as revised in 2008) made to HKAS 21, HKAS 28 and HKAS 31 shall be applied prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009 or earlier if HKAS 27 is applied earlier.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's income statement to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務 報告準則(續)

- (b) 香港會計準則第1號*財務報表的列報*之闡明其他全面收入中每個組成部份之權益分析,並列報於權益變動表或財務報告附註內。
- (c) 香港會計準則第27號綜合及獨立財務報表:由二零零九年七月一日之後或提前採用香港會計準則第27號,闡明香港會計準則第27號(2008年修訂)間接對香港會計準則第21,28及第31號之預期應用。

2.4 主要會計政策之概要

附屬公司

附屬公司乃指本公司直接或間接控制其財務及營運決策以自該公司之業務得益之實體企業。

附屬公司之業績按已收及應收股息 計入本公司之收益表。本公司於附 屬公司的投資乃按成本值減任何減 值虧損列賬。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Joint ventures

A joint venture is an entity set up by contractual arrangement, whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity. The joint venture operates as a separate entity in which the Group and the other parties have an interest.

The joint venture agreement between the venturers stipulates the capital contributions of the joint venture parties, the duration of the joint venture and the basis on which the assets are to be realised upon its dissolution. The profits or losses from the joint venture's operations and any distributions of surplus assets are shared by the venturers, either in proportion to their respective capital contributions, or in accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement.

A joint venture is treated as:

- (a) a subsidiary, if the Group has unilateral control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture;
- (b) a jointly-controlled entity, if the Group does not have unilateral control, but has joint control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture;
- (c) an associate, if the Group does not have unilateral or joint control, but holds, directly or indirectly, generally not less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and is in a position to exercise significant influence over the joint venture; or
- (d) an equity investment accounted for in accordance with HKAS 39, if the Group holds, directly or indirectly, less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and has neither joint control of, nor is in a position to exercise significant influence over, the joint venture.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

合營公司

合營公司乃本集團以合約形式建立 之實體企業,籍此與其他人士進行 經濟活動。此合營公司以獨立企業 形式經營,本集團及其他人士對其 擁有權益。

合營夥伴互相訂立的合營協議訂明 合營各方的出資額、合營年期及於 解散時資產變現的基準。經營所得 損益及盈餘資產的分派均由合營夥 伴按彼等各自出資額的比例或根據 合營協議的條款攤分。

合營公司被視為:

- (a) 附屬公司一倘本集團單方面直接或間接控制該合營公司;
- (b) 共同控制實體一倘本集團無法 單方面控制,但直接或間接共 同控制該合營公司;
- (c) 聯營公司一倘本集團無法單方 面或共同控制合營公司,惟直 接或間接持有其一般不少於 20%合營公司註冊資本及可對 其行使重大影響力;或
- (d) 按香港會計準則第39號,股本 投資為本集團直接或間接持有 合營公司註冊資本20%以下的 權益,並無控制權或對其有重 大影響之合營公司。

Jointly-controlled entities

A jointly-controlled entity is a joint venture that is subject to joint control, resulting in none of the participating parties having unilateral control over the economic activity of the jointly-controlled entity.

The Group's investment in a jointly-controlled entity is stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of the jointly-controlled entity is included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated reserves, respectively. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the jointly-controlled entity are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investment in the jointly-controlled entity, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

Associates

An associate is an entity, not being a subsidiary or a jointly-controlled entity, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

The Group's investments in associates are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated reserves, respectively. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

共同控制實體

共同控制實體為受共同控制之合營公司,而該經濟活動並不受任何參 與方單方面控制。

聯營公司

聯營公司為附屬公司及共同控制實體以外而本集團擁有不少於其20%股本投票權的長期權益,並對其有重大影響力之實體。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Associates (continued)

Where the Group's equity interest in an associate is diluted by virtue of the additional issue of shares by such associate (i.e., a deemed disposal), any gain or loss arising from the deemed disposal, including the realisation of the attributable reserves, is dealt with in the Group's consolidated income statement.

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations from 1 April 2010

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the acquirer measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value as at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

聯營公司(續)

當本集團佔聯營公司權益由於新增 股份而被攤薄時(即視作出售),任 何視作出售而產生之收益或虧損, 包括相關儲備之確認,會於本集團 之綜合收益表中處理。

企業合併及商譽

於二零一零年四月一日起之企業合 併

本集團於收購業務時,會按照合約條款、於收購日期之經濟環境及相關情況評估所承擔之金融資產及負債以作出適當分類及指定。此包括分開被收購方主合約之附帶在內衍生工具。

倘企業合併分階段達致,收購方先 前於被收購方所持股本權益之收購 日期公平值透過損益重新計量為於 收購日期之公平值。

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Business combinations from 1 April 2010

(continued)

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with HKAS 39 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it shall not be remeasured until it is finally settled within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 March. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

企業合併及商譽(續)

於二零一零年四月一日起之企業合 併(續)

任何將由收購方轉讓之或然代價乃於收購日期按公平值確認。被視為資產或負債之或然代價公平值之其後變動乃按照香港會計準則第39號在損益確認或確認為其他全面收益之變動。倘或然代價分類為權益,其在權益內最終結算前將不會重新計量。

商譽初始按成本計量,即所轉讓代價、就非控權權益確認之金額及本集團先前於被收購方所持股本權之任何公平值之總和超出所收購自證別淨資產及所承擔可識別淨資產及所承擔可問題之部分。倘該代價及其他項目之金額低於所收購附屬公司淨資產之公平值,則經重新評估後之差額力於損益中確認為以折讓價併購之收益。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Business combinations from 1 April 2010 (continued)

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Business combinations prior to 1 April 2010 but after 1 April 2005

In comparison to the above-mentioned requirements which were applied on a prospective basis, the following differences applied to business combinations prior to 1 April 2010:

Business combinations were accounted for using the purchase method. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition formed part of the acquisition costs. The non-controlling interest was measured at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

Business combinations achieved in stages were accounted for as separate steps. Any additional acquired share of interest did not affect previously recognised goodwill.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

企業合併及商譽(續)

於二零一零年四月一日起之企業合 併(續)

減值數額通過評估商譽所屬之現金產生單位(現金產生單位組別)之可收回金額而釐定。倘現金產生單位(現金產生單位組別)之可收回金額低於賬面值,則確認減值虧損。就商譽所確認之減值虧損不會於其後期間撥回。

倘商譽屬於現金產生單位(現金產生單位組別)之一部分及所出售單位之業務一部分,則於釐定出售業務之盈虧時,有關所出售業務之商譽將計入業務之賬面值。在此情況開出售之商譽根據所出售業務之相關價值及所保留之現金產生單位部分而計算。

於二零一零年四月一日前但於二零 零五年四月一日後之企業合併

與上述按預期基準應用之規定比較,以下差異適用於二零一零年四月一日前之企業合併:

企業合併乃使用購買法入賬。收購 直接應佔之交易成本構成收購成本 之一部分。非控權權益(前稱為少數 股東權益)乃以按比例應佔被收購方 之可識別淨資產計量。

分階段達致之企業合併乃按步驟分開入賬。任何額外收購之應佔權益 並不影響先前已確認之商譽。

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Business combinations prior to 1 April 2010 but after 1 April 2005 (continued)

When the Group acquired a business, embedded derivatives separated from the host contract by the acquiree were not reassessed on acquisition unless the business combination resulted in a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modified the cash flows that otherwise would have been required under the contract.

Contingent consideration was recognised if, and only if, the Group had a present obligation, the economic outflow was more likely than not and a reliable estimate was determinable. Subsequent adjustments to the contingent consideration were recognised as part of goodwill.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, financial assets, investment properties and goodwill), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs to sell, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

企業合併及商譽(續)

於二零一零年四月一日前但於二 零零五年四月一日後之企業合併 (續)

本集團於收購業務時,由被收購方主合約分開之附帶在內衍生工具於 收購時不會重新評估,除非企業合 併導致合約條款出現變動而大幅更 改根據合約原應需要之現金流量。

倘及僅在本集團現時具有責任、較有可能出現經濟流出及可靠估計得以確定時,方會確認或然代價。或然 代價之其後調整確認為商譽之一部分。

非金融資產減值

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the income statement in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

非金融資產減值(續)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報告附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, (i) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Group; (ii) has an interest in the Group that gives it significant influence over the Group; or (iii) has joint control over the Group;
- (b) the party is an associate;
- (c) the party is a jointly-controlled entity;
- (d) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or its parent;
- (e) the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in (a) or (d):
- (f) the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (d) or (e); or
- (g) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group, or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

關連人士

在下列情況下,有關方將被視為本集團的關連人士:

- (a) 有關方直接或透過一名或多名中介人間接:(i)控制本集團,或受到本集團控制或共同控制:(ii)擁有本集團的權益,並可對本集團實施重大影響力;或(iii)與他人共同擁有本集團的控制權;
- (b) 有關方為聯營方;
- (c) 有關方為共同控制實體;
- (d) 有關方為本集團或其母公司的 主要管理人員;
- (e) 有關方為(a)或(d)項所述人士的 育系親屬:
- (f) 有關方乃(d)或(e)項所述人士直接或間接控制、與他人共同控制或發揮重大影響力,或擁有重大投票權之實體;或
- (g) 有關方為本集團或其關聯方的 僱員終止受雇後的福利計劃的 受益人。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost or valuation of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Hotel properties	Over the lease terms
Leasehold land under	
finance leases	Over the lease terms
Buildings	2.5% to 3%
Leasehold improvements	5% to 15%
Plant and machinery	10%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	15% to 20%
Motor vehicles	20% to 25%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost or valuation of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及折舊

非興建中之物業、廠房及設備乃按 成本值或估值減累計折舊及任何減 值虧損列值。物業、廠房及設備項目 之成本值包括其購買價及任何令該 資產達至現時營運狀況及地點以作 原定用途之直接應佔成本。物業、廠 房及設備項目投入運作後產生之開 支(如修理及維修)一般按其產生之 期間在收益表內扣除。倘能清楚顯 示費用令物業、廠房及設備項目用 途取得之預期未來經濟效益有所增 加,而該項目之成本能可靠地計量, 則該筆費用將撥充資本作為資產之 額外成本。倘達到確認條件,則重大 檢查之開支會於資產賬面值中資本 化作為替換。倘固定資產之重大部 分須定期替換,則本集團會將該等 部分確認為有特定可使用年期及折 舊之個別資產。

折舊之計算方法乃按每項物業、廠 房及設備的估殘值及可使用年期以 直線法撇銷其成本值或估值。所採 用的主要有關年率如下:

酒店物業	按租約年期
長期及中期租約土地	按租約年期
樓宇	2.5%至3%
租賃物業裝修	5%至15%
廠房及機器	10%
傢俬、裝置及設備	15%至20%
汽車	20%至25%

倘一項物業、廠房及設備項目之部 份之使用年期不同,該項目之成本 或估值乃於有關部份按合理基準分配,而各部份均獨立折舊。

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress represents buildings under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the income statement in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the income statement in the year of the retirement or disposal.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及折舊(續)

殘值、使用年期及折舊方法於各財 政年度結算日檢討,並在適當情況 下調整。

物業、廠房及設備項目及任何重要部份經首次確認,乃於出售後或預期將來其用途或出售並無經濟利益時終止確認。於資產終止確認之年度內,於收益表中確認之出售或報廢之任何收益或虧損乃出售所得款項淨額與相關資產賬面值之差額。

在建工程指在建樓宇,乃按成本減任何減值虧損列賬,但不會計提折舊。成本包括建造期間的直接建設成本。在建工程於完工且可供使用時將重新歸入物業、廠房及設備的適當類別。

投資物業

投資物業乃指持作賺取租金收入 及/或持作資本增值之土地及樓宇 權益(包括符合投資物業定義之物 業經營租約下之租賃權益),並非作 生產或供應產品或服務或作行政目 的;或作日常業務中的銷售。該 物業按成本(包括交易成本)初步等 物業按成本(包括交易成本)初步 量。於初步確認後,投資物業乃按公 平值列賬,反映於報告期末之市場 環境。

投資物業之公平值變動產生之收益 或虧損乃於其產生之年度收益表內 列賬。

任何報廢或出售投資物業之收益或 虧損乃於報廢或出售年度內於收益 表內確認。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value as at the date of acquisition. The useful life of intangible asset is assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible asset with finite life is subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Intangible assets represent the rights to purchase predetermined lots of land pursuant to legal binding agreements. Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. Intangible assets are amortised to properties under development as land costs in accordance with the future acquisition patterns of these pre-determined lots of land within the unexpired periods of the agreements.

Leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases, including prepaid land lease payments under finance leases, are included in property, plant and equipment and depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to the income statement so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

無形資產(商譽以外)

無形資產為購買特定土地的權利, 該權利乃根據具法律約束力的協議。無形資產以成本減去累計攤銷 及減值列賬。無形資產按協議餘下 期限內將來收購特定土地的模式作 發展中物業的土地成本攤銷。

租約

凡資產擁有權帶來之絕大部份回報及風險仍歸集團所有法律地位賃。於則有關租賃乃列為財務租於財務租約開始,租約資產之錄與租稅。當中不包括利息原表以反之。當中不包括利息原表以反之。資本化財務租約軍人。資本化財務租約軍人。當中不包括利息原及設備,同時期及位計該資產有用年級資產有用等,該租約年期及估計該租約期內提短者進行折舊。該租約期內提短者之財務。

Leases (continued)

Assets acquired through hire purchase contracts of a financing nature are accounted for as finance leases, but are depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Prepaid land lease payments under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognised on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, the entire lease payments are included in the cost of the land and buildings as a finance lease in property, plant and equipment.

Properties under development

Properties under development are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value and comprise land costs, construction costs, borrowing costs, professional fees and other costs directly attributable to such properties incurred during the development period.

Properties under development are classified as current assets unless the construction period of the relevant property development project is expected to complete beyond the normal operating cycle. On completion, the properties are transferred to properties held for sale.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

租約(續)

本公司透過屬融資性質之租購合約 購入之資產乃以融資租賃入賬,惟 該資產以其估計可使用年期攤銷。

凡資產擁有權帶來之絕大部份回報及風險仍歸出租人所有,則有關租賃乃列為經營租賃。倘本集團為經營租賃項下出租之資產乃計入為非流動資產,而經營租賃項下之應收租金則按租期以直線法計入收益表。倘本集團為承租人,經營租賃項下之應付租金將按租期以直線法於收益表扣除。

根據經營租約預付之土地租金首次 以成本列賬,而隨後則按租期以直 線法確認。租金不可於土地及樓宇 部份可靠地分配時,全部租金乃於 土地及樓宇之成本列賬為物業、廠 房及設備之融資租賃。

發展中物業

發展中物業按成本及可變現淨值之 較低者列賬,包括土地成本,建築成本,借款成本,專業費用及其他於發 展期內產生之直接成本。

發展中物業列為流動資產,除非預期發展項目之建築期比一般營運週期為長。發展中物業於完成時轉為出售物業。

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報告附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, and available-forsale financial investments, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

The Group's financial assets include cash and bank balances, time deposits, an other receivable, debtors and deposits, amounts due from a director and non-controlling shareholders, amounts due from associates, and guoted and unquoted financial instruments.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產

首次確認及釐定

根據香港會計準則第39號所界定之 金融資產分類為以公平值列賬及於 損益中處理之金融資產、貸款及應 收賬款及可供出售之金融資產(視 情況而定)。本集團於首次確認認 資產後決定其分類。金融資產於 次確認時以公平值計算,而非以公 平值計入損益之投資,則加上直接 交易成本計算。

金融資產的一般買賣於交易當日確認,即本集團承諾購買或出售該資產當日。一般買賣指須按市場規定或慣例於一般指定時間內交付資產的買賣。

本集團之金融資產包括現金及銀行結餘定期存款、其他應收款、應收賬款及按金、應收一名董事及非控股股東,應收聯營公司及上市及非上市金融工具。

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by HKAS 39. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the income statement. These net fair value changes do not include any dividends or interest earned on these financial assets, which are recognised in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

The Group evaluates its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (held for trading) to assess whether the intent to sell them in the near term is still appropriate. When the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets and management's intent to sell them in the foreseeable future significantly changes, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets in rare circumstances. The reclassification from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss to loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets or held-to-maturity investments depends on the nature of the assets.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

其後計量

金融資產之其後計量根據如下分類 進行:

按公平值列賬及於損益中處理之金 融資產

以公平值列賬及於損益中處理之金 融資產包括持作交易之金融資產及 以公平值計入損益之首次確認金融 資產。金融資產如以短期賣出為目 的而購買,則分類為持作交易資產。 此類別包括本集團訂立並非香港會 計準則第39號所界定之對沖關係 中指定作為對沖工具之衍生財務工 具。衍生工具(包括獨立附帶在內衍 生工具)亦被分類作持作買賣用途, 惟獲指定為有效對沖工具則除外。 按公平值列賬損益中處理之金融資 產按公平值於財務狀況表列值,其 公平值變動則於收益表中確認。該 等公平值變動淨額不包括有關金融 資產之任何股息或利息,該等股息 或利息乃根據下文「收入確認 | 一節 所載政策確認入賬。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance income in the income statement. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in the income statement in other expenses.

Available-for-sale financial investments

Available-for-sale financial investments are non-derivative financial assets in listed and unlisted equity securities. Equity investments classified as available-for-sale are those which are neither classified as held for trading nor designated at fair value through profit or loss.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial investments are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains or losses recognised as other comprehensive income in the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve until the investment is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognised in the income statement in other income, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognised in the income statement in other expenses and removed from the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve. Interest and dividends earned are reported as interest income and dividend income, respectively and are recognised in the income statement as other income in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

貸款及應收款項

可供出售金融投資

可供出售之金融投資乃分類為上市 及非上市權益證券之非衍生金融資 產。權益投資分類為可供出售(非分 類為持有作買賣及以公平值計入損 益)。

在初步確認後,可出售金融資產按 公平值計算,其收益或虧損則在權 益之其他部分確認,直至有關投資 被取消確認或被釐定出現減值,而 在此時,過往在權益中列賬之累計 收益或虧損會計入收益表。賺取的 利息及股息根據下述「收入確認」分 別在收益表內確認為其他收入之利 息收入及股息收入。該等投資之減 值虧損列作「可供出售財務資產之 減值虧損 | 於收益表中確認, 並自可 供出售投資重估儲備轉出。或直至 釐定財務資產出現減值為止,此時, 累積收益或虧損在收益表中確認, 並於投資重估儲備中撥出。所賺取 之利息及股息分別列為利息收入及 股息收入,並根據下文「收入確認」 一節所載政策於收益表確認為「收 入一。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

Available-for-sale financial investments (continued)

可供出售金融投資(續)

When the fair value of unlisted equity securities cannot be reliably measured because (a) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (b) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating fair value, such securities are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

當非上市股本證券之公平值由於(a) 合理公平值估計範圍之變動相對該 投資而言實屬重大,或(b)上述範圍 內之各種估價之概率未能合理評估 及用以估算公平值,而未能可靠計 算時,該等證券將按成本扣除任何 減值虧損列賬。

The Group evaluates its available-for-sale financial assets whether the ability and intention to sell them in the near term are still appropriate. When the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets and management's intent to do so significantly changes in the foreseeable future, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets in rare circumstances. Reclassification to loans and receivables is permitted when the financial assets meet the definition of loans and receivables and the Group has the intent and ability to hold these assets for the foreseeable future or to maturity. The reclassification to the held-to-maturity category is permitted only when the entity has the ability and intent to hold until the maturity date of the financial asset.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the available-forsale category, any previous gain or loss on that asset that has been recognised in equity is amortised to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest rate. Any difference between the new amortised cost and the expected cash flows is also amortised over the remaining life of the asset using the effective interest rate. If the asset is subsequently determined to be impaired, then the amount recorded in equity is reclassified to the income statement. 從可供出售類別中被重新分類之財務資產,其任何已確認為權率於為 在收益或虧損,按照實際利率於該 投資之餘下年限內攤銷至損益該 投資之餘下年限內攤銷更期 明之差額亦按實際利率於該資產其 動之差額亦按實際利率於資產其 餘下年限內攤銷。倘若該資產其金 確認須予以減值,記賬為權益之 額則重新分類至收益表中。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

終止確認金融資產

在下列情況下,將終止確認金融資產,或(如適當)一項金融資產之一部份或一組類似金融資產之一部份:

- 可獲取資產所得現金流量之權 利期滿;
- 本集團已轉讓其可獲取資產所得現金流量之權利,或根據交付協議須無重大延地向第三方清償;並(a)轉讓資產之一切回報及風險絕大部份,或(b)本集團既無轉讓亦無保留資產之一切回報及風險絕大部份,但已轉讓資產之控制權。

倘本集團已轉讓其可獲取資產所得 現金流量之權利或參與轉遞安排, 但既無轉讓亦無保留資產之一切回 報及風險絕大部份,亦無轉讓資產 之控制權,則本集團將繼續確認該 資產。在此情況下,本集團亦確認關 連負債。已轉讓之資產及關連負債 乃按可反映本集團已保留之權利及 責任之基準計量。

以轉讓資產擔保形式發生之持續相關乃按該資產之原賬面值及本集團 須支付之最高代價額(以較低者為 準)計算。

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses individually whether objective evidence of impairment exists for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

金融資產之減值

本集團於各報告期末評估有否客觀 證據顯示金融資產或一組金融資產 出現減值。一項或一組財務資產,只 有於首次確認後發生一項或多項事 件導致出現客觀減值跡象(一項已 發生之「虧損事件」),而該項虧損 事件對該項或該組財務資產之估計 未來現金流量所造成之影響乃能夠 可靠地予以估計時,會被視作減值。 減值跡象可包括一名或一夥債務人 正面臨重大經濟困難、違約或未能 償還利息或本金、彼等有可能破產 或進行其他財務重組,以及有公開 資料顯示估計未來現金流量出現可 計量之減少,例如拖欠金額變動或 出現與違約欠款相關之經濟狀況。

按攤銷成本列賬之財務資產

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (continued)

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced either directly or through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the income statement.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

金融資產之減值(續)

按攤銷成本列脹之財務資產(續)

倘有客觀跡象顯示出現減值虧損, 則該減值虧損金額按該資產賬面值 及估計未來現金流量(不包括並未 產生之未來信貸虧損)現值之差額計量。估計未來現金流量之現值以 量。估計未來現金流量之現值 發產之原實際利率(即首次認 時計算之實際利率)折現。倘貸款之 利率為浮動利率,則計量任何減值 虧損之折現率為現行實際利率。

該資產之賬面值直接或透過使用撥備賬扣除,而虧損金額於收益表確認。利息收入於經扣減後之賬確中持續產生,並採用就計量減值虧損時用以折現未來現金流量之间虧損時用以折現未來現金流量之间虧率計提。倘若現實上日後無望收本有抵押品已變現或已轉入不何其期之撥備將予以撇銷。

倘若在其後期間估計減值虧損金額 由於確認減值之後所發生之事件而 增加或減少,則透過調整撥備金額, 增加或減少已確認之減值虧損。倘 於其後收回預作之撇銷,該項收回 將計入收益表。

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Impairment losses on these assets are not reversed.

Available-for-sale financial investments

For available-for-sale financial investments, the Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that an investment or a group of investments is impaired.

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in the income statement, is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the income statement.

In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment below its cost. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. "Significant" is evaluated against the original cost of the investment and "prolonged" against the period in which the fair value has been below its original cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the income statement - is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the income statement. Impairment losses on equity instruments classified as available for sale are not reversed through the income statement. Increases in their fair value after impairment are recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

金融資產之減值(續)

按成本列值之資產

倘有客觀證據顯示,因未能可靠計量公平值而未按公平值列值之非上市股本工具出現減值虧損,則虧損金額按該資產之賬面值與預期未來現金流量之現值(按類似金融資產之現行市率折現)之差額入賬。該等資產之減值虧損不予撥回。

可供出售之金融投資

就可供出售財務資產而言,本集團於各報告期結束時評估單項或一組投資是否存在客觀減值跡象。

倘一項可供出售資產出現減值,其 成本值(扣除任何主要付款及攤銷) 與其現行公平值之差額,在扣減以 往在收益表中確認之任何減值虧損 後會由其他全面收入中移除及於收 益表中確認。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, and loans and borrowings. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade creditors, sundry creditors, accruals and deposits received, amounts due to directors and non-controlling shareholders, interest-bearing loans and borrowings, and finance lease payables.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by HKAS 39. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the income statement. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in the income statement does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

金融負債

初步確認及計量

符合香港會計準則第39號範疇的金融負債列為透過損益按公平值計算之貸款及借款。本集團於初步確認時釐定其金融負債的分類。

所有金融負債初步按公平值確認, 如屬貸款或借貸,則加上直接應佔 交易成本。

本集團的金融負債包括應付貿易賬 款及其他應付賬款、應計費用及預 收按金、應付董事及非控股股東及 計息貸款及借款及應付融資租賃。

其後計量

金融負債的計量根據其分類進行, 該等金融負債分類如下:

按公平值計入損益之金融負債

按公平值計入損益之金融負債包括 持作買賣用途之金融負債及於初始 確認時指定為按公平值計入損益之 金融負債。

Financial liabilities (continued)

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate method amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the income statement.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

金融負債(續)

貸款及借款

於初步確認後,計息貸款及借款其後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量,除非折現影響為微不足道,在該情況下則按成本列賬。當負債終止確認及按實際利率法進行攤銷程序時,其盈虧在收益表內確認。

攤銷成本於計及收購事項任何折讓 或溢價及屬實際利率不可或缺部分 的費用或成本後計算。實際利率攤 銷計入收益表的融資成本內。

財務擔保合同

本集團發行之財務擔保合同乃規定於特定債務人未能按照債務票據領人未能按照債務票據項時支付款項時須支付款補償持有人所蒙受損失。財務債保合同初步以於擔保合同初步以務擔保合同初步以務擔保合同初步以對務條的交易成本予以調整。在公司,本集團對財務擔行有關報。 記之最(i)於報告期末履行(ii)按報告則未額:及(ii)於報告期末履行有關按初,兩者之較高者計算。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets is determined by reference to quoted market prices or dealer price quotations (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs. For financial instruments where there is no active market, the fair value is determined using appropriate valuation techniques. Such techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same; a discounted cash flow analysis; and option pricing models or other valuation models.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

終止確認金融負債

負債被解除或取消或到期時,終止確認金融負債。

倘現有金融負債由同一貸方授予條款週異之其他債項取代,或現有負債之條款經款經重大修訂,則該等變更或修訂視作終止確認原負債及確認新負債,各賬面值之差額於收益表確認。

金融工具的抵銷

倘且僅倘目前有可執行法定權利抵 銷已確認金額並擬按淨額基準結 算,或同時變賣資產及償還負債時, 財務資產及財務負債才會互相抵 銷,並在財務狀況表內以淨額列示。

金融工具的公平值

於活躍市場買賣的金融工具的公平 值參照市場報價或交易商的報價。 (好倉的買入價及淡倉的賣出價) 釐定,並且不會扣除任何交易的賣出價本 就無活躍市場的金融工具而成定, 所合適的估值技術釐定公平值場 時技術包括使用近期公平的市場 場;參照大致相同的另一工具的權 方值:折算現金流量分析;及期權 定價模式或其他估值模型。

Derivative financial instruments

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swaps to hedge its interest rate risk. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of derivatives are taken directly to the income statement, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognised in other comprehensive income.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value on an individual property basis. Cost includes all development expenditure, applicable borrowing costs and other direct costs attributable to such properties. Net realisable value is estimated by the directors by reference to the prevailing market price.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

衍生金融工具

原始認列及後續計算

本集團使用之衍生金融工具如利率 交換用作對沖利率風險。該衍生金 融工具之原始認列為其合約開始時 之公平值及隨後之公平值重估。衍 生金融工具之公平值是正數列為資 產,如公平值為負數則列為負債

由公平值改變引致之收益或虧損直接在損益表反映,而現金流量避險之有效對沖部份則認列在其他全面收入中。

存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者中之 較低者列賬。成本按先入先出基準 釐定,至於在製品及製成品的成本 值包括直接材料、直接工資及適當 比例的經營性費用,可變現淨值乃 根據估計售價,減預期於完工及出 售前產生的任何其他成本計算。

待售物業

待售物業按成本值及按個別物業之 可變現淨值之較低者記賬。成本值 包括所有有關該物業應佔之發展費 用、有關之借貨成本及其他直接成 本。可變現淨值則由董事按於當時 之市值估計。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the income statement.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

現金及現金等值項目

就綜合現金流轉表而言,現金及現金等值項目指手頭現金及活期存款及短期高度流通而可以隨時兑換成已知數額之現金,而該筆現金須受價值改變之較低風險,並為較短期之投資項目(一般為於購入還之與人內到期),減去須即期償還之銀行透支,而成為本集團現金管理之主要部份。

就財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等 值項目包括不受限制之手頭現金及 銀行現金(包括定期存款)。

撥備

因過往事項而產生的現時責任(法定或推斷)和可能導致日後需要付出資源以履行有關責任,在能夠對責任金額作可靠估計時確認撥備。

當貼現的影響屬重大時,已確認的 撥備數額為在報告期末就履行責任 所需的預計未來開支的現值,因時 間流逝所產生的貼現值增加數額乃 計入綜合利潤表的「融資成本」內。

所得稅

所得税包括即期及遞延税項。有關於損益以外確認之項目之所得税於損益外確認為其他全面收入或直接確認為權益。

本年度及過往年度之即期税項資產 及負債乃根據於報告期結束時已頒 佈或實施之税率(及税法),經計及 本集團擁有營運之國家其現行之詮 釋及慣例,預期自稅務機關收回或 向稅務機關支付之款額計算。

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from goodwill
 or the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a
 transaction that is not a business combination and,
 at the time of the transaction, affects neither the
 accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with interests in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with interests in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

所得稅(續)

遞延税項以負債法就於報告期末之 資產及負債之稅務基礎及其用作稅 務申報之置存值之間之所有暫時差 額撥備。

所有應課税暫時性差異均會確認為 遞延税項負債,惟以下情況例外:

- 惟倘遞延税項負債乃因商譽或 因並非商業合併交易之資產或 負債之初步確認而產生,且於 交易時並不影響會計溢利及應 課稅溢利或虧損者則除;及
- 就與附屬公司、聯營公司及合營公司權益有關之應課税暫時差異而言,則倘暫時差異撥回之時間可被控制及暫時差異於可預見將來可能將不能撥回者除外。

遞延稅項資乃就所有可扣減暫時差異、未動用稅項資產及未動用稅項 虧損之轉結而確認,惟以可扣減暫 時差異、未動用稅項資產及未動用 稅項虧損之轉結可獲動用作抵銷應 課稅溢利為限,惟以下情況例外:

- 惟倘可扣減暫時差異之遞延税 項資產乃因並非商業合併交易 之資產或負債之初步確認而產 生,且於交易時共不影響會計 溢利及應課税溢利或虧損者則 除外;及
- 就與附屬公司、聯營公司及合營公司權益有關之可扣減暫時差異而言,遞延稅項資產之確認僅以暫時差異於可預見將來可撥回及暫時差異可獲動用作抵銷應課稅溢利為限。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to the income statement on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

所得稅(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值於每個報告期末作出檢討,並扣減至應課税溢利不再足以供所有或部份遞延資產可被動用。相反,以往未被確認之遞延税項資產乃於各報告期末重新評估,並於應課税溢利足以供所有或部份遞延税項資產可被動用時確認。

遞延税項資產及負債乃按預期適用 於變現資產或償還負債期間之稅 率,按照於報告期末已制定或實質 制定之稅率(及稅務法)計算。

倘存在法律上可強制執行之權利, 令即期税項資產及即期税項負債可 互相抵銷,而遞延税項關於同一應 課税實體及同一税務機關,則遞延 税項資產及遞延税項負債將會抵 銷。

政府補助金

政府補助金於可合理確定收取時按公平值確認,並須遵守其所附之一切條件。倘補助金與資產有關,則其公平值將計入遞延收入內,並會在相關資產之估計可使用年期以有系統基準撥至收益表。

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (b) income from the restaurant and food businesses, at the point of sale to customers;
- income from the sale of completed properties, on the exchange of legally binding unconditional sales contracts;
- (d) rental income, in the period in which the properties are let out and on the straight-line basis over the lease terms;
- (e) hotel and other service income, in the period in which such services are rendered; and
- (f) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Share-based payment transactions

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

收益確認

倘本集團可獲得經濟利益,而收益 可準確地計算,則收益將按下列基 準入賬:

- (a) 銷售貨品乃在擁有貨品的重大 風險及報酬轉交買方時入賬、 惟本集團須確保其不牽涉有關 之管理(通常指擁有權而言), 亦無擁有所售貨品的實際控制 權:
- (b) 餐飲業務收入乃於售予顧客時 入賬;
- (c) 出售已完成物業之收入,乃於 受法律約束之無條件銷售合約 簽訂時確認;
- (d) 租金收入乃於物業出租期間根據租賃年期以直線法計算:
- (e) 酒店及其他服務收入乃於提供 服期間入賬;及
- (f) 利息收入以應計方式按金融工 具的估計年期或較短期間用實 際利率法將未來估計的現金收 入折扣計算金融資產的賬面淨 值。

以股份支付的交易

本公司實施購股權計劃,為對本集 團業務成功作出貢獻之合資格參與 者,提供激勵與獎勵。本集團僱員 (包括董事)以股本支付之交易方式 收取報酬,僱員提供服務作為收取 股本工具之代價(「以股本支付之交 易一)。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Share-based payment transactions (continued)

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model, further details of which are given in note 37 to the financial statements.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the income statement for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

以股份支付的交易(續)

與僱員(於二零零二年十一月七日 之後授予者)進行以股本支付之交易 之成本,乃參照授出日期之公平值 而計算。公平值根據外界估值師使 用二項式模式確定,參考財務報表 附許37。

對於已授出但尚未歸屬之購股權,不會確認任何開支,但視乎市場條件而決定歸屬與否的已授出購股權則除外,對於該類購股權而言,只要所有其他績效條件已經達成,不論市場條件是否達成,均會被視為已歸屬。

倘若以股本支付之購股權之條款有 所變更,只要原有條款不變,最少開 支可確認為達到猶如條款並無任何 變更之水平。此外,倘若按變更日期 之計量,任何變更導致以股份支付 之安排的總公平值有所增加,或對 僱員帶來其他利益,則應就該等變 更確認開支。

Share-based payment transactions (continued)

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph. All cancellations of equity-settled transaction awards are treated equally.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Other employee benefits

Pension schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

以股份支付的交易(續)

計算每股盈利時,尚未行使購股權之攤薄效應,反映為額外股份攤薄。

其他僱員福利

僱員退休計劃

本集團遵從強制性公積金計劃條例推行界定供款強制公積金退休計劃 (「強積金計劃」)予合資格參予之 員。供款乃按參予計劃之僱員獲 之有關收入之某百分率而作出時 之有關收入之某百分率而作付時 之有關收入之某百分率而作付 大收益表內。強積金計劃之 大收益表內。強積金計劃之 下之 管理基金持有。本集團所作之僱 供款於供款時悉數賦予僱員。

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報告附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Other employee benefits (continued)

Pension schemes (continued)

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in central pension schemes (the "CP Schemes") operated by respective local municipal governments. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their covered payroll to the CP Schemes to fund their benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the CP Schemes is to pay the ongoing required contributions under the CP Schemes. Contributions under the CP Schemes are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the CP Schemes.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

其他僱員福利(續)

僱員退休計劃(續)

本集團於中國內地之附屬公司之僱員需要參與由當地市政府所提供之中央退休金計劃。該等附屬公司需要以其工資成本之若干份額作為該中央退休金計劃之供款。倘供款根據中央退休金計劃之規則應予以支付時,便會於收益表中扣除。

借貸成本

股息

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Dividends

Final dividends proposed by the directors are classified as a separate allocation of retained profits within the equity section of the statement of financial position, until they have been approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. When these dividends have been approved by the shareholders and declared, they are recognised as a liability.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. All differences are taken to the income statement. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

董事建議之末期股息將於財務狀況表,股本項目下之保留溢利分類為獨立分配,直至該等股息於股東大會上獲股東批准。倘此等股息獲股東批准及宣派,末期股息將會確認

外幣

為一項負債。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries, associates and jointly-controlled entity are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period and their income statements are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the income statement.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

2.4 主要會計政策之概要(續)

外幣(續)

任何收購境外業務所產生之商譽及 對任何收購產生之資產及負債賬面 值所作用之公平值調整,均按境外 業務之資產及負債入賬,並按結算 日之匯率換算。

於綜合現金流量表時,以外幣記賬之海外附屬公司之現金流量乃以出現現金流量當日之率換算為港元。而海外附屬公司於年內經常出現之現金流量項目則以年內之加權平均率換算為港元。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Operating lease commitments – Group as lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties which are leased out on operating leases.

Classification between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計

本集團編製財務報表,要求管理層 作出影響報告日期的收入、開支、 資產與負債的報告金額,以及或然 負債的披露之判斷、估計與假設。然 而,基於這些假設與估計的不確定 性,所得結果可能會導致需要對未 來受影響資產或負債的賬面值作出 重大調整。

判斷

於應用本集團會計政策過程中,管理層已作出以下判斷,惟涉及估計者除外,而估計對財務報告中確認之金額影響最大:

經營租賃承諾-本集團作為出租人

本集團已就其投資物業組合訂立商 用物業租約。本集團已按出租安排 之條款評估,並確定其保留所有以 經營租賃方式出租之此等物業帶來 之重大風險及回報。

投資物業及業主物業之歸類

本集團確定一幢物業是否可稱作投資物業,並已制定判斷之準則。投資物業乃持有作賺取租金或資金增值或兩者兼有之用途。因此,本集團考慮一幢物業在產出現金流量時,是否大都獨立於本集團持有之其他資產。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Judgements (continued)

Classification between investment properties and owner-occupied properties (continued)

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately (or leased out separately under a finance lease), the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

Classification between investment properties and properties held for sale

The Group develops properties held for sale and properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Judgement is made by management in determining whether a property is designated as an investment property or a property held for sale. The Group considers its intention of holding the properties at the early development stage of the related properties. During the course of construction, the related properties under construction are accounted for as properties under development if the properties are intended for sale after its completion, whereas, the properties are accounted for as investment properties under construction if the properties are intended to be held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Upon completion of the properties, the properties held for sale are transferred to completed properties held for sale and are stated at cost, while the properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation are transferred to investment properties and are subject to revaluation at each reporting date.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

投資物業及業主物業之歸類(續)

部份物業被持有作賺取租金或資金增值用途,另一部份則被持有作。貨物或服務供應或行政用途,另一部份則被持有途。 若此等部份可分別出售(或要就把的分別出售),本集團就份分別記賬。倘若此小政問,則只能於可分別出售,則只能於可分別出售。則只能於可以,對對於大資物業方為投資物業之重大資物業方為投資物業不再是投資物業。

投資物業及擬作出售物業之歸類

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating units and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of goodwill at 31 March 2011 was HK\$40,111,000 (2010: HK\$40,111,000). More details are given in note 17.

Estimation of fair value of investment properties

The Group engaged independent professionally qualified valuers to perform the valuation of the investment properties of the Group at the end of the reporting period. The valuations were carried out as follows:

In the valuation, the valuers consider information from a variety of sources, including:

(a) direct comparison approach and made reference to the recent transactions for similar premises in the proximity;

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計之不確定因素

有關未來之主要假設以及其他於 結算日 會為下個財政年度資產與負債 賬面值帶來重大調整風險之主要估 計不明朗因素如下。

商譽之減值

本集團最少每年釐定商譽是否需要減值。此須對獲分配商譽之現金產生單位之使用價值作出估計。估計使用價值需要本集團對現金產生單位之預期日後現金流量作出估該等現金流量之現值。於二零一年日,本集團商譽之賬兩值等40,111,000港元(二零一零年的人111,000港元)。其他詳情載於附註17。

投資物業公平值估計

本集團委任獨立專業合資格估值 師,於結算日對本集團的投資物業 估值。所進行估值方法如下:

在估值時,估值師考慮不同來源的 資料,包括:

(a) 直接比較法及參考之相類似物 業最近成交價:

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Estimation of fair value of investment properties (continued)

- (b) discounted cash flow analysis which discounts the projected free cash flows generated from the properties at an appropriate market rate of return to arrive at the present values of the properties; and
- (c) a combination of the market and depreciated replacement cost approach in assessing the land portion of the properties and the buildings and structures standing on the land respectively.

The carrying amount of investment properties of the Group as at 31 March 2011 was HK\$1,346,196,000 (2010: HK\$1,238,598,000).

Estimation of fair value of other intangible assets

The Group engaged independent professionally qualified valuers to perform the valuation of the intangible assets of the Group at the date of acquisition of a subsidiary. Such valuation was based on certain assumptions, which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual results. The carrying amount of other intangible assets of the Group as at 31 March 2011 was HK\$399,732,000 (2010: HK\$533,559,000).

Corporate income tax ("CIT")

The Group is subject to income taxes in the People Republic of China ("PRC"). As a result of the fact that certain matters relating to the income taxes have not been confirmed by the local tax bureau, objective estimate and judgement based on currently enacted tax laws, regulations and other related policies are required in determining the provision for income taxes to be made. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts originally recorded, the differences will impact on the income tax and tax provisions in the period in which the differences realise.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計之不確定因素(續)

投資物業公平值估計(續)

- (b) 貼現現金流分析由有關物業預 計產生之現金流,並挑選合適 之市場回報率折成現值。
- (c) 在評估物業之土地部份及建築物及其結構時,同時使用市場及折舊及重置成本法。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集 團投資物業賬面值為1,346,196,000 港元(二零一零年:1,238,598,000 港元)。

其他無形資產公平值估計

本集團聘用獨立專業估值師評估本集於收購一間附屬公司時之無形資產,此估值基於一些未能確定之假設,可能與實際結果有重大出入,於二零一一年三月三十一日,其他無形資產於集團之賬面值為399,732,000港元(二零一零年:533,559,000港元)。

企業所得稅

本集團須繳納中國企業所得稅。由於有關企業所得稅之若干事宜尚未被地方稅務局確認,於釐定企業所得稅撥備時要以目前頒佈的稅務法律、法規及其他相關政策作為基準作出客觀估計及判斷。倘最終稅款數額有別於原本紀錄的數額,差異會在其實現的其間影響企業所得稅及稅項撥備。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Land appreciation tax ("LAT")

The Group is subject to LAT in the PRC. The provision for LAT is based on management's best estimates according to the understanding of the requirements set forth in the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations. The actual LAT liabilities are subject to the determination by the tax authorities upon the completion of the property development projects. As the Group has not finalised its LAT calculation and payments with the tax authorities for certain of its property development projects, the final outcome could be different from the amounts that were initially recorded.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Indefinite life intangible assets are tested for impairment annually and at other times when such an indicator exists. Other nonfinancial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs to sell is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows for the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計之不確定因素(續)

土地增值稅

本集團須繳納中國土地增值稅。土 地增值稅之撥備是管理層根據有關 中國稅務法律及法規所要求作出之 最佳估計。實際土地增值稅負債 於物業開發項目竣工後由稅局局 定。本集團尚未與稅務局就若干物 業開發項目敲定其土地增值稅的計 算方法及付款,所以最終結果可能 有別於初步記錄的款額。

非金融資產的減值

本集團於各報告期末評估所有非金 融資產有否出現任何減值跡象。無 年限的無形資產於每年及有減值跡 象時評估。其他非金融資產在當有 跡象顯示可能無法收回賬面值時進 行減值測試。當該資產須減值時,其 賬面值或現金產生單位之價值超過 其可還原金額,即公平估值減去出 售成本及其使用價值。公平估值減 去出售成本之計算方法為根據有約 束力之商業原則銷售類似之資產或 以有明顯的市場價格減因銷售資產 而產生之成本。計算使用價值時,管 理層必須估計資產或現金產生單位 的預期未來現金流,並挑選合適的 折現率,以計算有關現金流的現值。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. The carrying value of deferred tax assets relating to recognised tax losses at 31 March 2011 was HK\$8,634,000 (2010: HK\$7,457,000). Further details are contained in note 33 to the financial statements.

Recognition and allocation of construction cost on properties under development

Development costs of properties are recorded as properties under development during the construction stage and will be transferred to properties held for sale upon completion. An apportionment of these costs will be recognised in the income statement upon the recognition of the sales of completed properties. Before the final settlement of the development costs and other costs relating to the sale of the completed properties, these costs are accrued by the Group based on management's best estimate.

When developing properties, the Group may divide the development projects into phases. Specific costs directly related to the development of a phase are recorded as the cost of such phase. Costs that are common to phases are allocated to individual phases based on the estimated saleable area of the entire project.

Where the final settlement of costs and the related cost allocation is different from the initial estimates, any increase or decrease in the development costs and other costs would affect the profit or loss in future years.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計之不確定因素(續)

遞延稅項資產

確認及分配建築成本

物業發展成本在建築期間撥入「發展中物業」。並在物業工程完成後轉入「擬作出售物業」。當該物業出售時,建築成本須按比例計入損益賬。在付清最終物業銷售成本之前,本集團須估計及計提該成本。

在物業發展時,本集團或將發展計劃分期處理。直接關於指定發展期數的特定成本計入該期之發展成本。而共同成本會根據整個項目之銷售面積作為攤分至個別期數之基準。

如最終成本及有關成本分配與最初 估計不同,任何增加或減少發展成 本或其他成本會影響將來的損益 賬。

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has three reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) the restaurant, food and hotel segment is engaged in restaurant and hotel operations and the provision of food and beverage services;
- (b) the property investment and development segment comprises the development and sale of properties and the leasing of commercial and residential premises: and
- (c) the "others" segment comprises, principally, investment holding and other operations.

Management monitors the results of its operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit, which is a measure of adjusted profit before tax. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that bank interest income, interest income from an other receivable, finance costs as well as corporate expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

4. 經營分類資料

就管理而言,本集團業務架構乃按 其產品及服務為基準,分為若干業 務單位,據此所須呈列之經營分類 有以下三類:

- (a) 酒樓、食品及酒店分部乃從事 酒樓及酒店經營及提供食品及 餐飲服務:
- (b) 物業投資及開發分部從事物業 開發及銷售,以及租賃商業及 住宅物業;及
- (c) 其他分部包括主要投資控股及 其他業務。

管理層會個別檢視經營分類之業績 以決定資源分配及評估表現。分類 之表現按報告之分類溢利而評估, 該溢利為已調整之稅前溢利。經 整之稅前溢利之計算方法與本集團 之稅前溢利一致,惟計算時不包括 銀行利息收入、其他應收款利息收 入、財務成本及企業支出。

分類間之銷售及轉讓乃按照當時市 場價格銷售予第三者之銷售價進行 交易。

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. 經營分類資料(續)

(continued)

Year ended 31 March 2011	截至二零一一年 三月三十一日	Restaurant, food and hotel 酒樓、 食品及酒店 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment and development 物業投資 及發展 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue: Sales to external customers Intersegment sales	分部收入 : 銷售予外界客戶 分部間之銷售	579,683 830	113,157 5,986]	692,840 6,816
Reconciliation: Elimination of intersegment sales	<i>調節:</i> 撇銷分部間之銷售額				699,656 (6,816)
Total revenue	總收入				692,840
Segment results Reconciliation:	分部業績 調節:	110,983	178,612	(152)	289,443
Bank interest income Interest income from an other receivable Corporate and unallocated	銀行利息收入 其他應收款之 利息收入 未能劃分之非業務及				981 686
expenses Finance costs	企業支出 財務開支				(35,003) (31,857)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利				224,250
Other segment information:	其他分部資料:				
Share of profits and losses of associates Gain on deregistration of	應佔聯營公司溢利及 虧損 附屬公司撤銷註冊之	-	74,712	-	74,712
subsidiaries Impairment of trade debtors	收益 應收賬款之減值	22,735 114	- 6,425		22,735 6,539
Recognition of prepaid land lease payment Depreciation	確認預付土地租賃款項折舊	385	-	-	385
– segment – unallocated	一分部 一未分配	29,452	8,559	-	38,011 1,427
					39,438
Investments in associates Capital expenditure	投資聯營公司 資本支出	-	217,056	158	217,214
segmentunallocated	一分部一未分配	54,459	11,132	-	65,591 606
					66,197*

Capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment.

資本性開支包括增加物業、廠房及設 備。

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. 經營分類資料(續)

(continued)

Year ended 31 March 2010	截至二零一零年 三月三十一日	Restaurant, food and hotel 酒樓、 食品及酒店 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment and development 物業投資 及發展 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue: Sales to external customers Intersegment sales	分部收入: 銷售予外界客戶 分部間之銷售	517,362 1,717	95,818 5,717	- -	613,180 7,434
Reconciliation: Elimination of intersegment sales	調節: 撇銷分部間之 銷售額				620,614 (7,434)
Total revenue Segment results Reconciliation: Bank interest income Interest income from an other	總收入 分部業績 <i>調節:</i> 銀行利息收入 其他應收款之利息收入	74,059	408,594	19,627	502,280 867
receivable Corporate and unallocated expenses Finance costs Profit before tax	未能劃分之非業務及 企業支出 財務開支 除税前溢利				(35,712) (31,092) 436,517
Other segment information:	其他分部資料:			:	
Share of profits and losses of associates Gain on deemed disposal of	應佔聯營公司 溢利及虧損 視作出售聯營公司之	-	48,163	-	48,163
an associate Gain on deregistration of a subsidiary	收益 一間附屬公司撤銷註冊之 收益	943	330,717	-	330,717 943
Impairment of trade debtors Recognition of prepaid land lease payment	應收賬款之減值 確認預付土地租賃款項	606 378	3,342	-	3,948 378
Depreciation – segment – unallocated	折舊 一分部 一未分配	27,251	9,226	-	36,477 1,497
					37,974
Investments in associates Capital expenditure	聯營公司權益 資本支出	-	17,894	235	18,129
– segment – unallocated	一分部一未分配	23,302	6,432	_	29,734 304
					30,038*

Capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment.

資本性開支包括增加物業、廠房及設備 及預付土地租賃款項。

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

(continued)

4. 經營分類資料(續)

Geographical information

地域資料

(a) Revenue from external customers

(a) 由外界客戶之收入

		2011	2010
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		千港元	千港元
Hong Kong	香港	44,174	43,452
Mainland China	中國大陸	648,666	569,728
		692,840	613,180

The revenue information above is based on the location of the customers.

上述收入資料乃根據客戶所在 之地區而定。

(b) Non-current assets

(b) 非流動資產

		2011	2010
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		千港元	千港元
Hong Kong	香港	150,814	127,402
Mainland China	中國大陸	3,137,421	2,936,456
		3,288,235	3,063,858

The non-current asset information above is based on the location of assets and excludes financial instruments.

No customer accounted for 10% or more of the Group's total revenue for the years ended 31 March 2010 and 2011.

上述非流動資產乃根據資產 所在之地區而定(金融工具除 外)。

於二零一一年及二零一零年三月 三十一日止年度並沒有銷售予任何 單一客戶之收入達到或多於本集團 總收入之百份之十。

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5. REVENUE

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents gross restaurant and food business income and net invoiced value of goods sold, net of relevant business tax and allowances for trade discounts; income from the rendering of services; proceeds from the sale of properties; and gross rental income received and receivable during the year.

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

5. 收益

收益即相等於本集團之營業額,指 年內酒樓及食品業務收入總額及已 售貨品發票淨值減相關營業稅及貿 易折扣額、提供服務之收入、出售物 業收益及已收取之租金收入總額及 應收賬款。

收入分析如下:

			Group 本集團	
		2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元	
Income from the hotel, restaurant and food businesses	酒店、酒樓及食品業務 收入	579,683	517,362	
Gross rental income Proceeds from the sale of properties	租金收入總額 出售物業收益	58,840 54,317	52,388 43,430	
		692,840	613,180	

6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

6. 除稅前溢利

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

本集團除税前溢利已扣除/(計 入):

		Group 本集團		
		Notes	2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年
		附註	千港元	一等等于
Cost of inventories sold and	已售存貸及已提供服務之			
services provided	成本		398,758	330,632
Depreciation	折舊	14	39,438	37,974
Recognition of prepaid land	預付土地租賃款項之			
lease payment	確認	16	385	378
Release of goodwill upon sale	出售已發展物業之	17		150
of developed properties* Lease payments under	商譽釋出* 有關土地及樓宇經營	17	_	153
operating leases for land and	租約的租金:			
buildings:	111 W J H J 111 312			
Minimum lease payments	最低租金		25,335	22,761
Contingent rents	或然租金		1,765	1,684
			27,100	24,445
Auditors' remuneration	核數師薪酬		2,790	2,523
Employee benefit expense	僱員福利開支			
(excluding directors'	(不包括附註8之			
remuneration (note 8))#:	董事酬金)#:			
Wages and salaries	工資及薪金		92,625	86,774
Equity-settled share option	以權益結算的購股權			
expense	開支		368	_
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款 (指定供款計劃)			
(defined contribution				
scheme)			8,405	8,554
			101,398	95,328

6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (continued)

6. 除稅前溢利(續)

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting): (continued)

本集團除税前溢利已扣除/(計 入):(續)

		Group 本集團		
		Notes	2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年
		附註	一零一一中 千港元	一令 令书
Foreign exchange differences, net	滙兑差額淨值		10,346	2,516
Impairment of trade debtors Fair value loss/(gain) on financial assets at fair value through profit or	應收款減值 按公平值列賬及 於損益中處理之 金融資產公平值,淨額	27	6,539	3,948
loss, net Changes in fair value of investment properties, net Fair value loss on derivative instruments – transactions not qualifying	投資物業公平值變動, 淨額 衍生工具之公平值減少 一對沖除外	15	71 (98,874)	(908) (26,186)
as hedges Gross rental income Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) arising on	租金收入總額 投資物業租金收入之 直接營運支出 (包括維修及保養)		2,927 (58,840)	(52,388)
rental-earning investment properties			1,910	1,623
			(56,930)	(50,765)
Bank interest income Interest income from an	銀行利息收入 其他應收款之利息收入		(981)	(867)
other receivable Dividend income from available-	可供銷售上市投資股息		(686)	(174)
for-sale listed investments Gain on disposal of an available-for-sale investment Loss/(gain) on disposal of	收入 出售可供銷售投資之收益 出售物業、廠房及設備 (收益)/虧損		(17,779)	(20,587)
items of property, plant and equipment Write-off of items of property,	撇銷物業、廠房及設備		(3,620)	29
plant and equipment Gain on deregistration of	附屬公司撤銷註冊之收益	14	-	2,354
subsidiaries Gain on deemed disposal of	視作出售一間聯營公司之	39	(22,735)	(943)
an associate	收益			(330,717)

6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (continued)

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting): (continued)

- * Goodwill arising on acquisition of a subsidiary whose principal activity is property investment and development was released by reference to the sale of the related developed properties. The amount was included in "Other expenses, net" on the face of the consolidated income statement.
- # Inclusive of an amount of HK\$71,316,000 (2010: HK\$67,471,000) classified under cost of inventories sold and services provided.

6. 除稅前溢利(續)

本集團除稅前溢利已扣除/(計入):(續)

- * 收購一間附屬公司產生之商譽,其主要 業務為物業投資及發展,於出售有關已 發展物業時釋出。此數據已包括於綜合 收益表內「其他開支,淨額」。
- # 其中包括分類為銷售存貨及提供服務 成本71,316,000港元(二零一零年: 67,471,000港元)。

7. FINANCE COSTS

7. 財務開支

			oup 集團
		2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元
Interest in respect of: Bank loans, overdrafts and other loans wholly repayable within five years	利息: 銀行貸款、透支及 須於五年內悉數償 還之其他貸款		
or on demand Bank loans not wholly repayable within five years	銀行貸款不須於五年內 悉數償還	27,510 5,220	30,488 4,117
Total interest expense on	融資租約 非透過損益及按公平值	4	45
financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss	計算之金融負債之利息開支總額	32,734	34,650
Less: Finance costs capitalised	減:資本化利息	31,857	31,092

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

8. 董事酬金

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of the Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券 上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司 條例第161條披露董事酬金如下:

Group

		本集團		
		2011	2010	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		二零一一年	二零一零年	
		千港元	千港元	
Fees	袍金	300	300	
Other emoluments: Salaries and allowances Bonuses paid and payable* Equity-settled share option expense Pension scheme contributions	其他酬金: 薪金及津貼 已付及應付花紅* 以股份結算認股權支出 退休供款計劃	8,169 7,949 116 178	7,143 12,513 - 178	
		16,412	19,834	

- * Certain executive directors of the Company are entitled to bonus payments which are approved by the Remuneration Committee with reference to the Group's current year profit and individual performance.
- During the year, certain directors were granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group, under the share option scheme of the Company, further details of which are set out in note 37 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options which has been recognised in the income statement over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above directors'

remuneration disclosures.

* 本公司執行董事可獲得之花紅是經薪 酬委員會批准及參考本集團當年溢利 與個人表現而釐定。

於本年度,若干董事因對本集團之服務,按本公司購股權計劃獲授購股權,詳情載於財務報告附註37。該等購股權之公平值(已於歸屬期內的損益表中確認)乃在授予日期計算,而已計入本年度財務報告之款項亦已包括在上述董事酬金披露。

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued) 8. 董事酬金(續)

(a) Independent non-executive directors

directors during the year were as follows:

The fees paid to independent non-executive

(a) 獨立非執行董事

本年度已付獨立非執行董事袍 金如下:

		Fees HK\$'000
		袍金 千港元
2011	二零一一年	
Mr. Lo Ming Chi, Charles	勞明智先生	100
Mr. Lo Man Kit, Sam	盧文傑先生	100
Mr. Wong See King	黃思競先生	100
		300
		Fees
		HK\$'000
		袍金
2010	二零一零年	
Mr. Lo Ming Chi, Charles	勞明智先生	100
Mr. Lo Man Kit, Sam	盧文傑先生	100
Mr. Wong See King	黃思競先生	100
		300

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2010: Nil).

本年並無應付獨立非執行董 事之其他酬金(二零一零年: 無)。

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued) 8. 董事酬金 (續)

(b) Executive directors and non-executive directors

(b) 執行董事及非執行董事

		Fees HK\$'000	Salaries and allowances HK\$'000	Bonuses paid and payable HK\$'000 已付及	Equity- settled share option expense HK\$'000 以股份結算	Pension scheme contributions HK\$'000 退休金	Total remuneration
		袍金 千港元	薪金及津貼 千港元	應付花紅 千港元	認股權支出 千港元	計劃供款 千港元	酬 金總額 千港元
2011 Executive directors:	二零一一年 執行董事:						
Mr. Ma Kai Cheung	馬介璋先生	_	2,272	2,150	_	52	4,474
Mr. Ma Kai Yum	馬介欽先生	-	1,963	2,150	-	52	4,165
Mr. Ng Yan Kwong	吳恩光先生	_	1,693	1,333	58	50	3,134
Mr. Ma Hung Ming, John*	馬鴻銘先生*	_	1,484	2,316	58	12	3,870
Mr. Yuen Wai Man*	袁偉文先生*		757			12	769
			8,169	7,949	116	178	16,412
2010	二零一零年						
Executive directors:	執行董事:						
Mr. Ma Kai Cheung	馬介璋先生	_	2,263	5,005	_	52	7,320
Mr. Ma Kai Yum	馬介欽先生	_	1,729	5,005	_	52	6,786
Mr. Ng Yan Kwong	吳恩光先生	_	1,691	2,503	_	50	4,244
Mr. Ma Hung Ming, John*	馬鴻銘先生*	_	645	_	_	12	657
Mr. Yuen Wai Man*	袁偉文先生*		740			12	752
		-	7,068	12,513	-	178	19,759
Non-executive director: Mr. Yip Hing Chung**	非執行董事: 葉慶忠先生**		75	-	-	-	75
		_	7,143	12,513	-	178	19,834

Appointed as executive directors on 25 May 2009.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

於年內沒有任何協議以致董事 放棄或同意放棄其酬金。

Resigned as a non-executive director on 28 August 2009.

^{*} 於二零零九年五月二十五日獲委 任執行董事。

^{*} 於二零零九年八月二十八日辭去 非執行董事職務。

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES' **REMUNERATION**

The five highest paid employees of the Group during the year included five (2010: four) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration of the remaining one nondirector, highest paid employee for the prior year were as follows:

9. 五位薪酬最高之僱員

本年度之五位最高薪僱員包括五位 (二零一零年:四位)董事,其薪酬 詳情載列於上文附註8。於去年,其 餘一位非董事的最高薪僱員的酬金 詳情如下:

> Group 本集團 2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元

Salaries and allowances Bonuses paid and payable 薪金及津貼 已付及應付花紅

82 619

701

The remuneration of the one non-director, highest paid employees for the prior year fell within the band of HK\$500,000 to HK\$1,000,000.

於去年,一位非董事的最高薪 僱員薪酬範圍為500,000港元至 1,000,000港元。

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10. INCOME TAX

Current – Hong Kong

CIT

LAT

Charge for the year

Deferred tax (note 33)

Current - Mainland China

Underprovision in prior years

Total tax charge for the year

10. 所得稅

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2010: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable in Mainland China have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in Mainland China.

即期一香港

本年度税項支出

以前年度超額撥備

遞延税項(附註33)

本年度總税項支出

即期一中國大陸

企業所得税

土地增值税

香港利得税乃根據年度內源於香港 之估計應課税盈利按税率16.5%計 算(二零一零年:16.5%)。中國大 陸應課税溢利之税項乃根據中國大 陸之現行税率計算撥備。

Group

本集團				
2011	2010			
HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
二零一一年	二零一零年			
千港元	千港元			
701	360			
27,753	16,328			
_	545			
4,031	_			
16,361	2,039			

48,846

19,272

10. INCOME TAX (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rate for the jurisdiction in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries is domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rate, and a reconciliation of the applicable rate (i.e., the statutory tax rate) to the effective tax rate, are as follows:

10. 所得稅(續)

税務支出對賬適用於以稅前利潤根 據法定税率計算;以本公司及其主 要附屬公司之註冊地以當時該註冊 地之有效税率計算税務開支,並以 合適税率對賬(即是法定税率)與有 效税率之比較,如下:

		Group 本集團				
		2011 二零一一 ^会	F	2010 二零一零	年	
		HK\$'000 千港元	%	HK\$'000 千港元	%	
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	224,250		436,517		
Tax at the Hong Kong statutory	按香港法定税率計算					
tax rate	之税項	37,001	16.5	72,025	16.5	
Higher tax rate of specific provinces in Mainland China	中國特定省份較高之 税率	6,059	2.7	5,217	1.2	
Adjustments in respect of current tax of previous	就往年度的當期税項 調整					
periods Profits and losses attributable	應佔聯營公司盈利/	4,031	1.8	-	-	
to associates	(虧損)	(12,327)	(5.5)	(7,947)	(1.8)	
Income not subject to tax	毋須繳税之收入	(13,990)	(6.2)	(68,575)	(15.7)	
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可作税項					
	扣減之費用	17,613	7.9	14,712	3.3	
LAT	土地增值税	-	-	(1,004)	(0.2)	
Tax losses utilised from previous	已動用過往期間之	(2.400)	(4 =)	(460)	(0.4)	
periods	税項虧損	(3,722)	(1.7)	(460)	(0.1)	
Tax losses not recognised	未確認之税項虧損	14,181	6.3	5,304	1.2	
Tax charge at the Group's	按本集團實際税率計					
effective rate	算之税項開支	48,846	21.8	19,272	4.4	

In the prior year, the share of tax attributable to an associate amounting to HK\$23,949,000 was included in "Share of profits and losses of associates" in the consolidated income statement.

於去年,應佔聯營公司税項為 23,949,000港元已載於綜合收益表 「應佔聯營公司溢利及虧損」。

11. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT

The consolidated profit attributable to owners of the parent for the year ended 31 March 2011 includes a profit of HK\$29,241,000 (2010: HK\$34,065,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 38(b)).

12. DIVIDEND

11. 母公司擁有人應佔溢利

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年 度,母公司擁有人應佔綜合溢利包 括溢利29,241,000港元(二零一零 年:34,065,000港元),已於本公司 財務報告中入賬處理(附註38(b))。

12. 股息

2011 2010 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 二零一一年 二零一零年 千港元 千港元

Proposed final – HK2 cents (2010: HK2 cents) per ordinary share

建議末期-每股普通股2港仙 (二零一零年:每股2港仙)

22.882

22,882

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

本年度之建議末期股息須待本公司 股東於即將召開之股東週年大會上 批准。

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE **PARENT**

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 1,144,122,328 (2010: 1,144,122,328) in issue during the year.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent. The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise of all share options into ordinary shares.

13. 母公司普通股權擁有人應佔每 股盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據本年度母公 司普通股權擁有人應佔溢利及年 內已發行普通股之加權平均數 1,144,122,328股(二零一零年: 1,144,122,328股)計算。

每股攤薄盈利乃根據本年度母公司 普通股權擁有人應佔溢利計算。在 計算時所採用之普通股加權平均數 即為計算每股基本盈利所採用之本 年已發行普通股數目,以及假設被 視為行使為普通股後已按無償方式 發行的普通股加權平均數。

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT (continued)

13. 母公司普通股權擁有人應佔每 股盈利(續)

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

每股基本盈利及攤薄盈利計算基 於:

		2011 HK\$′000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元
Earnings Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, used in the basic earnings per share calculation	盈利 用於計算每股基本盈利之 母公司普通股權擁有人 應佔溢利	163,209	399,695
		Number	of shares 數目
Shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic earnings per share calculation	股份 年內用於計算每股 基本盈利之已發行 普通股加權平均數	1,144,122,328	1,144,122,328
Effect of dilution – weighted average number of ordinary shares: Share options	攤薄之影響一普通股 加權平均數: 購股權	15,291,270 1,159,413,598	16,023,990

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 14. 物業、廠房及設備

Group 本集團

		Hotel properties HK\$'000 酒店物業 千港元	Land and buildings HK\$'000 土地及樓宇 千港元	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000 租賃 物業裝修 千港元	Plant and machinery HK\$'000 廠房及 機器 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK\$'000 像風、裝置 及設備 千港元	Motor vehicles HK\$'000 車輛 千港元	Construction in progress HK\$'000 在建工程 千港元	Total HK\$'000 總額 千港元
31 March 2011	二零一一年三月三十一日								
At 31 March 2010 and at 1 April 2010:	於二零一零年 三月三十一日及 於二零年四月一日:								
Cost or valuation Accumulated depreciation and impairment	按成本值或估值 累計折舊及減值	326,627 (22,927)	78,806 (20,662)	90,788 (75,048)	23,901 (5,332)	68,784 (44,894)	17,496 (9,997)	2,050	608,452
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	303,700	58,144	15,740	18,569	23,890	7,499	2,050	429,592
At 1 April 2010, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment	於二零一零年四月一日, 已扣除累計折舊及減值	303,700	58,144	15,740	18,569	23,890	7,499	2,050	429,592
Additions Depreciation provided during	添置 年內折舊撥備(附註6)	44,477	J0,144 -	5,209	3,441	3,762	2,431	6,877	66,197
the year (note 6) Disposals	出售	(10,030)	(3,502) (3,648)		(2,292) (109)	(8,261) (38)	(2,240) (405)	-	(39,438 (4,200
Transfers Exchange realignment	轉移 匯兑調整	13,148	7,755 1,416	432	369	843	265	(7,755) 62	16,535
At 31 March 2011, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment	於二零一一年 三月三十一日, 已扣除累計折舊及減值	351,295	60,165	8,268	19,978	20,196	7,550	1,234	468,686
At 31 March 2011:	於二零一一年 三月三十一日:								
Cost or valuation Accumulated depreciation and impairment	按成本值或估值 累計折舊及減值	385,423 (34,128)	83,704 (23,539)	99,736 (91,468)	27,624	74,503 (54,307)	18,934 (11,384)	1,234	691,158 (222,472
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	351,295	60,165	8,268	19,978	20,196	7,550	1,234	468,686

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14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(continued)

Group 本集團

		Hotel properties HK\$'000	Land and buildings HK\$'000	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000 租賃	Plant and machinery HK\$'000 廠房及	Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK\$'000 像俬、裝置	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Construction in progress HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
		酒店物業 千港元	土地及樓宇 千港元	物業裝修 千港元	機器 千港元	及設備 千港元	車輛 千港元	在建工程 千港元	總額 千港元
		17676	I Æ Æ	1 心儿	1 1271	I Æ /L	I Æ /L	I Æ /L	1/8/
31 March 2010	二零一零年三月三十一日								
At 1 April 2009: Cost or valuation Accumulated depreciation	於二零零九年四月一日: 按成本值或估值 累計折舊及減值	312,303	77,609	121,415	21,209	70,412	16,193	-	619,141
and impairment	示用 月日 八/// 山	(13,679)	(18,350)	(94,608)	(3,655)	(41,940)	(8,252)	_	(180,484)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	298,624	59,259	26,807	17,554	28,472	7,941	-	438,657
At 1 April 2009, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零零九年四月一日, 已扣除累計折舊及減值								
and impairment		298,624	59,259	26,807	17,554	28,472	7,941	-	438,657
Additions	添置	13,282	1,094	4,875	2,695	4,277	1,769	2,046	30,038
Depreciation provided during the year (note 6)	年內折舊撥備(附註6)	(9,186)	(2,312)	(14,355)	(1,668)	(8,249)	(2,204)	_	(37,974)
Disposals	出售	(5,100)	(2,312)	(10)	(20)	(20)	(2,204)	_	(50)
Write-off	撇賬	_	_	(1,642)	-	(682)	(30)	_	(2,354)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	980	103	65	8	92	23	4	1,275
At 31 March 2010, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment	於二零一零年 三月三十一日, 已扣除累計折舊及減值	303,700	58,144	15,740	18,569	23,890	7,499	2,050	429,592
At 31 March 2010:	於二零一零年								
Cost or valuation Accumulated depreciation	三月三十一日: 按成本值或估值 累計折舊及減值	326,627	78,806	90,788	23,901	68,784	17,496	2,050	608,452
and impairment	☆川 川 首 以 / 門	(22,927)	(20,662)	(75,048)	(5,332)	(44,894)	(9,997)	-	(178,860)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	303,700	58,144	15,740	18,569	23,890	7,499	2,050	429,592

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(continued)

The net carrying amount of the Group's items of property, plant and equipment held under finance leases included in the total amounts of motor vehicles at 31 March 2010, amounted to HK\$882,000.

Certain of the Group's leasehold land and buildings were revalued at 31 March 1995, by independent professionally qualified valuers at an open market value based on their existing use. Since 1995, no further valuations of the Group's leasehold land and buildings have been carried out, as the Group has relied upon the exemption granted under the transitional provisions in paragraph 80A of HKAS 16, from the requirement to carry out further revaluations of its property, plant and equipment which were stated at valuation at that time.

Had these leasehold land and buildings been carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, their total carrying amount would have been approximately HK\$1,556,000 (2010: HK\$1,658,000 (as restated)).

At 31 March 2011, certain of the Group's property, plant and equipment with a net carrying amount of approximately HK\$380,192,000 (2010: HK\$338,113,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 44).

The analysis of the cost/valuation of the Group's land and buildings and hotel properties by geographical location and lease term is as follows:

14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於二零一零年三月三十一日,本集團根據融資租約持有的車輛賬面淨值為882,000港元。

獨立專業估值師已按現有用途之基準對集團部份租賃土地及樓宇於一九九五年三月三十一日之公開,值進行估值。自一九九五年,本集團之租賃土地及樓宇並無重估。於師人報明,集團倚賴香港會計學則第16號中第80A段之過渡條款下毋須進行定期重估。自該日起並無呈列租賃土地及樓宇之估值。

倘本集團經重估之租賃土地及樓宇 以成本值減累計折舊之價值入賬, 總賬面價值應約為1,556,000港元 (二零一零年:1,658,000港元(經重 列))。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團共有賬面淨值約380,192,000港元(二零一零年:338,113,000港元)之若干物業、廠房及設備作抵押,以取得一般銀行信貸(附許44)。

本集團按地區及租賃年期劃分之土 地及樓宇及酒店物業的成本值或估 值分析如下:

		Group 本集團		
		2011	2010	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		二零一一年		
		千港元	千港元	
Medium term leasehold land and buildings situated in Hong Kong, at 1995 valuation Medium term leasehold land and buildings situated in Mainland	於香港租賃之土地及 樓宇中期租約, 按一九九五年估值 於中國大陸之土地及 樓宇中期租約,按成本值	23,991	23,991	
China, at cost	公 中國 + 陸 > 河 序	59,713	54,815	
Medium term hotel properties situated in Mainland China, at cost	於中國大陸之酒店物業 中期租約,按成本值	385,423	326,627	
		469,127	405,433	

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

15. 投資物業

		Group 本集團			
		Note 附註	2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元	
Carrying amount at beginning of year, at valuation Net profit from fair value adjustments Exchange realignment	於年初之賬面值, 按估值 按公平值調整之淨盈利 匯兑調整	6	1,238,598 98,874 8,724	1,211,768 26,186 644	
Carrying amount at 31 March, at valuation	於三月三十一日之 賬面值,按估值		1,346,196	1,238,598	
Analysis by geographical location: Hong Kong Mainland China	按地區劃分: 香港 中國大陸		104,134 1,242,062	87,217 1,151,381	
			1,346,196	1,238,598	

The Group's investment properties, of which HK\$1,181,857,000 (2010: HK\$1,100,343,000) are held under medium term leases and HK\$164,339,000 (2010: HK\$138,255,000) under long term leases, were revalued on 31 March 2011 by Vigers Appraisal & Consulting Limited, independent professionally qualified valuers, at open market value, based on their existing use. The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 42(a) to the financial statements.

At 31 March 2011, the Group's investment properties with a value of HK\$1,146,102,000 (2010: HK\$1,129,133,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 44).

Further particulars of the Group's investment properties are included on pages 196 to 198.

獨立專業估值師威格斯資產評估顧問有限公司已按現有用途之基準重估本集團之中期及長期租約投資物業,於二零一一年三月三十一日的公開市值分別為1,181,857,000港元(二零一零年:1,100,343,000港元)及164,339,000港元(二零一零年:為138,255,000港元)。投資物業乃按經營租賃租予第三方,詳情已載於財務報告附註42(a)內。

於二零一一年三月三十一日賬面 總值1,146,102,000港元(二零一零 年:1,129,133,000港元)的投資物 業已作抵押,作為本集團所獲一般 銀行信貸之擔保(附註44)。

本集團之投資物業詳情已載列於第 196至198頁。

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16. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENT

16. 預付土地租賃款項

		Group 本集團		
		2011	2010	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		二零一一年	二零一零年	
		千港元	千港元	
Carrying amount at beginning of year Recognised during the year (note 6) Exchange realignment	於年初賬面值 於年內確認(附註6) 匯兑調整	13,546 (385) 539	13,880 (378) 44	
Carrying amount at 31 March Current portion included in debtors, deposits and	於三月三十一日賬面值 即期部份包括在應收賬款、 按金及預付款項之內	13,700	13,546	
prepayments		(394)	(379)	
Non-current portion	非即期部份	13,306	13,167	

The leasehold land is situated in Mainland China and is held under a medium term lease.

租賃土地以中期租約持有,位於中 國大陸。

17. GOODWILL

17. 商譽

本集團 Group

		HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2009: Cost	於二零零九年三月三十一日: 成本	45,062
Accumulated release upon sale of developed properties	出售已發展物業累計釋出	(1,135)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	(3,663)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值 :	40,264
Cost at 1 April 2009, net of accumulated impairment and release Release during the year upon sale of	於二零零九年四月一日之成本, 減累計減值及釋出 年內於出售已發展物業時釋出	40,264
developed properties (note 6)*	(附註6)*	(153)
At 31 March 2010	於二零一零年三月三十一日	40,111
At 31 March 2010: Cost	於二零一零年三月三十一日: 成本	4E 062
Accumulated release upon sale of	出售已發展物業累計釋出	45,062
developed properties Accumulated impairment	累計減值	(1,288) (3,663)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值 :	40,111
Cost at 1 April 2010 and 31 March 2011, net of accumulated impairment and	於二零一零年四月一日及 二零一一年三月三十一日成本,	
release	減累計減值及釋出	40,111
At 31 March 2011:	於二零一一年三月三十一日:	45.062
Cost Accumulated release upon sale of	成本 出售已發展物業累計釋出	45,062
developed properties Accumulated impairment	累計減值	(1,288) (3,663)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值 :	40,111

Goodwill arising on acquisition of a subsidiary whose principal activity is property investment and development was released by reference to the sales of the related developed properties.

收購一間附屬公司產生之商譽,其主要 業務為物業投資及發展,於出售有關已 發展物業時釋出。

17. GOODWILL (continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill

Goodwill acquired through business combinations has been allocated to the following cash-generating units, which are reportable segments, for impairment testing:

- restaurant, food and hotel cash-generating unit;
 and
- property investment and development cashgenerating unit.

Restaurant, food and hotel cash-generating unit

The recoverable amount of the restaurant, food and hotel cash-generating unit has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period approved by senior management. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 12% (2010: 12%) and cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using a growth rate of 4% (2010: 4%) which is the same as the long term average growth rate of the industry.

Property investment and development cashgenerating unit

The recoverable amount of the property investment and development cash-generating unit has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering the expected development project period approved by senior management. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 13% (2010: 13%).

17. 商譽(續)

商譽之減值測試

由商業合併產生之商譽已分配給現金產生單位,其為可滙報之分類以作減值測試:

- 酒樓、食品及酒店現金產生單位;及
- 物業投資及發展現金產生單位。

酒樓、食品及酒店現金產生單位

酒樓、食品及酒店現金產生單位之可收回數額已按根據高級管理人員批准之五年期財務預算使用現金流量預測計算之使用值釐定。現金流量預測適用之折現率為12%(二零一零年:12%)及申延現金流量至超過五年以增長率4%(二零一零年:4%),其與該行業內長期平均增長率相同。

物業投資及發展現金產生單位

物業投資及發展現金產生單位之可 收回數額已按根據高級管理人員批 准之預期發展項目年期財務預算使 用現金流量預測計算之使用值釐 定。現金流量預測適用之折現率為 13%(二零一零年:13%)。

17. GOODWILL (continued)

17. 商譽(續)

Impairment testing of goodwill (continued)

商譽之減值測試(續)

Property investment and development cashgenerating unit (continued)

物業投資及發展現金產生單位(續)

The carrying amount of goodwill allocated to each of the cash-generating unit is as follows: 商譽之賬面值分配給每一個現金產 生單位如下:

		Restaurant, food and hotel 酒樓、食品及酒店		Property investment and development 物業投資及發展		: Total 總額	
		2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Carrying amount of	商譽之賬面值						
goodwill		8,721	8,721	31,390	31,390	40,111	40,111

Key assumptions were used in the value in use calculation of the restaurant, food and hotel cash-generating unit and the property investment and development cash-generating unit for 31 March 2011 and 31 March 2010. The following describes each key assumption on which management has based its cash flow projections to undertake impairment testing of goodwill:

計算二零一一年三月三十一日及二零一零年三月三十一日酒樓、食品及酒店現金產生單位、物業投資及發展現金產生單位之使用價值時,已使用若干主要假設。管理層按其現金流量預測進行商譽減值測試所依據之各主要假設:

Budgeted gross margins – The basis used to determine the value assigned to the budgeted gross margins is the average gross margins achieved in the year immediately before the budget year, increased for expected efficiency improvements and expected market development. 預算邊際毛利-用作釐定預算邊際 毛利所指定價值之基準,為緊接預 算年度前一年取得之平均邊際毛 利,並已就預期效率提升及預期市 場發展而作出相應調高。

Discount rates – The discount rates used are before tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant units.

折現率-所使用之折現率為未計税 項前及反映與相關單位有關之特定 風險之比率。

18. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

18. 其他無形資產

		Group 本集團 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010:	於二零零九年四月一日及	
Cost and net carrying amount	二零零九年三月三十一日: 成本及賬面淨值	533,559
Cost at 1 April 2010	二零一零年四月一日之成本 於年內之攤分*	533,559
Amortisation provided during the year*	於千內之舞力"	(133,827)
At 31 March 2011	於二零一一年三月三十一日	399,732
At 31 March 2011:	於二零一一年三月三十一日:	
Cost Accumulated amortisation	成本 累計攤分	533,559 (133,827)
, tecamatatea amortisation	2/4 II 17/4 / J	(133,027)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	399,732
	C	

^{*} As further described in note 2.4 to the financial statements the amortisation has been included in properties under development as land cost.

Company

19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

19. 投資附屬公司

		本公司		
		2011	2010	
		_HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		二零一一年		
			千港元	
Unlisted shares, at cost Due from subsidiaries Due to subsidiaries	非上市股份,按成本值 應收附屬公司款項 應付附屬公司款項	61,990 1,785,988 (273,980)	61,990 1,824,568 (310,176)	
	NA /+ #	1,573,998	1,576,382	
Impairment#	減值#	(19,347)	(5,468)	
		1,554,651	1,570,914	

An impairment was recognised for certain amounts due from subsidiaries with a total carrying amount of HK\$137,396,000 (2010: HK\$15,571,000) because certain subsidiaries have suffered losses over the years and the amounts are considered as not recoverable. The movement in the impairment of HK\$13,879,000 during the year represented the additional amounts considered as not recoverable. In the prior year, the movement in impairment of HK\$5,949,000 represented the amount written off upon deregistration of a subsidiary during that year.

^{*} 發展中物業作為土地成本已包括攤分 詳情已載於財務報告附註2.4內。

[#] 由於若干附屬公司於過去年間之虧損款項已視為不可取回·因此若干應收附屬公司款項之總賬面值已確認之減值為137,396,000港元(二零一零年: 15,571,000港元)。年內有13,879,000港元減值變動被視為不可取回。以前年度5,949,000港元減值變動為一間附屬公司撤銷註冊之虧損。

19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued) 19. 投資附屬公司(續)

The amounts due from/to the subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

應收及應付附屬公司之款項為無抵 押,不計利息及無固定還款期。

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Company are as follows:

主要附屬公司的詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/ 註冊及經營地點	Class of equity interest held 所持股權類別	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通/ 註冊資本	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company 本公司應佔股權 百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
				2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年	
Amica Properties Limited 亞美加置業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary shares 普通股	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100	100	Property investment 物業投資
Carrianna (BVI) Ltd.*	British Virgin Islands/	Ordinary shares	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding
	Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	普通股	1美元			投資控股
Carrianna (Chiu Chow)	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares	HK\$8,000,000	73	73	Restaurant operations
Restaurant Limited# 佳寧娜 (潮州)酒樓 有限公司#	香港	普通股	8,000,000港元			食肆經營
Carrianna Chinese Food	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares	HK\$900,000	89	89	Investment holding
(Hong Kong) Limited 佳寧娜中式食品(香港) 有限公司	香港	普通股	900,000港元			投資控股
Carrianna Holdings Limited	Hong Kong/	Ordinary shares	HK\$25,000,000	100	100	Property investment
佳寧娜集團有限公司	Mainland China 香港/中國大陸	普通股	25,000,000港元			and development 物業投資及發展
Carrianna (Shenzhen) Investment Co., Ltd. # (1)	PRC/ Mainland China	Registered capital	HK\$80,000,000	100	100	Investment holding and property
佳寧娜(深圳)投資 有限公司#⑴	中國大陸	註冊資本	80,000,000港元			development 投資控股及 物業發展
China East International	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares	HK\$1,000,000	72	72	Investment holding
Materials City Limited 華東國際物料城有限公司	香港	普通股	1,000,000港元			投資控股

19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued) 19. 投資附屬公司(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/registration and operations 註冊成立/註冊及經營地點	Class of equity interest held 所持股權類別	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通/ 註冊資本	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company 本公司應佔股權 百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
				2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年	
Crown Tech Investments Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares	HK\$1	100	100	Investment holding
達冠投資有限公司	香港	普通股	1港元			投資控股
Earn Fame Group Limited*	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	Ordinary shares	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding
添譽集團有限公司*	英屬處女群島/香港	普通股	1美元			投資控股
Elite Brave Development Limited*	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	Ordinary shares	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding
精勇發展有限公司*	英屬處女群島/香港	普通股	1美元			投資控股
Goldfield Properties Limited 嘉豐置業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary shares 普通股	HK\$2 2港元	100	100	Property investment 物業投資
Huge Moral International Limited*	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	Ordinary shares	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding
浩德國際有限公司*	英屬處女群島/香港	普通股	1美元			投資控股
Kunming Carrianna Chaozhou Restaurant Ltd. # (2)	PRC/Mainland China	Registered capital	HK\$12,000,000	60	60	Restaurant operations
昆明佳寧娜潮州酒樓 有限公司# ⁽²⁾	中國大陸	註冊資本	12,000,000港元			食肆經營
Tak Sing Alliance Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares Non-voting deferred shares	HK\$200 HK\$1,000,000	100 -	100	Property investment
	香港	普通股 無投票權遞延股份	200港元 1,000,000港元			物業投資
Tak Sing (Panyu) Fashion Company Limited ^{# (1)}	PRC/Mainland China	Registered capital	HK\$51,000,000	100	100	Property investment
廣州市達昇服裝有限公司#⑴	中國大陸	註冊資本	51,000,000港元			物業投資

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19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued) 19. 投資附屬公司(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/ 註冊及經營地點	Class of equity interest held 所持股權類別	interest held share capital 已發行普通		tage of interest table to impany 應佔股權 分比	Principal activities 主要業務
				2011	2010 二零一零年	
佳寧娜(佛山)企業 有限公司*** ⁽²⁾	PRC/Mainland China 中國大陸	Registered capital 註冊資本	RMB14,700,000 人民幣14,700,000	100	100	Hotel and restaurant operations 酒店及食肆經營
上海嘉迪飲食有限公司#(2)	PRC/Mainland China 中國大陸	Registered capital 註冊資本	RMB3,600,000 人民幣3,600,000元	100	100	Restaurant operations 食肆經營
武漢佳寧娜餐飲有限公司#(2)	PRC/Mainland China 中國大陸	Registered capital 註冊資本	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	70	70	Restaurant operations 食肆經營
武漢佳寧娜酒店管理	PRC/Mainland China	Registered capital	RMB3,000,000	53	53	Restaurant operations
有限公司#⑵	中國大陸	註冊資本	人民幣3,000,000元			食肆經營
深圳佳寧娜餐飲管理 有限公司#(3)	PRC/Mainland China	Registered capital	RMB5,000,000	100	100	Restaurant operations
	中國大陸	註冊資本	人民幣5,000,000元			食肆經營
海南佳寧娜食品有限公司#(2)	PRC/Mainland China 中國大陸	Registered capital 註冊資本	RMB13,000,000 人民幣13,000,000元	55	55	Food business 食品生產

19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

19. 投資附屬公司(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/註冊及經營地點	Class of equity interest held 所持股權類別	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通/ 註冊資本	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company 本公司應佔股權 百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
				2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年	
益陽佳寧娜國際酒店管理 有限公司# ⁽²⁾	PRC/Mainland China	Registered capital	RMB100,000,000	80	80	Hotel operations
行队 A 刊 * **	中國大陸	註冊資本	人民幣100,000,000元			酒店經營
Carrianna (Hunan) Enterprise Co., Ltd. ("Hunan Carrianna") ^{# (2)} 佳寧娜 (湖南)實業 有限公司 ("湖南佳寧娜") ^{#(2)}	PRC/Mainland China	Registered capital	RMB400,000,000	72.5	75	Property investment and development
	中國大陸	註冊資本	人民幣400,000,000元			物業投資及發展
華東國際時尚物料城開發 (連雲港)有限公司#(1)	PRC/Mainland China	Registered capital	US\$36,000,000	72	72	Property investment and development
	中國大陸	註冊資本	36,000,000美元			物業投資及發展
北京佳寧娜酒店管理 有限公司#(1)	PRC/Mainland China	Registered capital	RMB12,000,000	75	75	Restaurant operations
	中國大陸	註冊資本	人民幣12,000,000元			食肆經營
深圳佳寧娜飲食有限公司#(3)	PRC/Mainland China 中國大陸	Registered capital 註冊資本	RMB6,000,000 人民幣6,000,000元	68	68	Restaurant operations 食肆經營

- * Direct subsidiaries of the Company
- ** 55% of equity interest is directly attributable to the Company
- * The statutory financial statements of these companies were not audited by Ernst & Young, Hong Kong or another member firm of the Ernst & Young global network
- Wholly-foreign-owned enterprises
- (2) Sino-foreign joint venture companies
- (3) Domestic enterprises

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

- * 本公司直接附屬公司
- ** 本公司直接持有55%股權權益
- # 由安永會計師事務所以外的執業會計師審核
- 的 外商獨資企業
- (2) 中外合資企業
- ③ 內資企業

依董事會的意見,以上所列的附屬公司為主要影響本集團於年度內的業績或組成本集團資產淨值的主要部份的附屬公司:而若同時詳列其他附屬公司的資料,將令致資料過於冗長。

20. INVESTMENT IN A JOINTLY-CONTROLLED ENTITY

20. 投資共同控制實體

			Group 本集團		
		2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元		
Share of net assets Amount due to the	應佔資產淨值 應付共同控制實體款項	1,790	1,790		
jointly-controlled entity Provision for impairment	減值撥備	(612) (1,178)	(612) (1,178)		
			_		

The balance with the jointly-controlled entity is unsecured, interest-free and is not repayable within one year from the end of the reporting period.

Particulars of the jointly-controlled entity are as follows:

共同控制實體的欠款為無抵押及不 計利息,且毋須於報告期末起計一 年內償還。

共同控制實體之詳情如下:

			Percentage of			
Name	Business structure 業務	Place of registration	Ownership interest 本語	Voting power 集團應佔百分比	Profit sharing	Principal activity
名稱	架構形式	註冊地點	股權	投票權	利潤分配	主要業務
Chengdu Carrianna Chaozhou Restaurant Co., Ltd.	Corporate	PRC	51	50	51	Dormant
成都佳寧娜 潮州酒樓有限公司	公司	中國				暫無營業

The investment in the jointly-controlled entity is 本公司間接擁有共同控制實體。 indirectly held by the Company.

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21. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

21. 投資聯營公司

		Group 本集團		
		2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元	
Share of net assets Due from associates Due to associates	應佔資產淨值 應收聯營公司賬款 應付聯營公司賬款	72,643 158,977 (3,778)	2,443 29,829 (3,515)	
Provision for impairment	減值撥備	227,842 (10,628)	28,757 (10,628)	
		217,214	18,129	

The amounts due from/to associates are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

與本集團聯營公司的應收/應付款 項均為無抵押、不計利息及無固定 償還期限。

21. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued) 21. 投資聯營公司(續)

Particulars of the principal associates are as follows:

主要聯營公司詳情如下:

Name	Particulars of issued shares held	Business structure	Place of incorporation	equity attrib	tage of interest utable Group	Principal activities
名稱	持有已發行股本	業務架構 形式	註冊成立地點		應佔股權 分比	主要業務
	77 17 5 3X 17 5X T		Hade 11-0 4-54 made 7-65 mile)	二零一一年		
China South City Holdings Limited ("CSCHL")	Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	Corporate	Hong Kong	-	14.82*	Property development and management and hotel services
華南城控股有限公司 (「華南城」)	普通股 每股0.01港元	公司	香港			物業發展及管理及酒店服務
South China International Purchasing Exchange Centre Limited*	Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each (unlisted)	Corporate	Hong Kong	50	50	Property investment and development
華南國際採購交易中心 有限公司#	普通股 每股1港元 (非上市)	公司	香港			物業投資及發展

- Not audited by Ernst & Young, Hong Kong or another member firm of the Ernst & Young global network
- On 30 September 2009, CSCHL was listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and as a result, the Group's equity interest in CSCHL was diluted to 14.82%. Accordingly, CSCHL ceased to be an associate of the Company since 30 September 2009 and its interest therein has been accounted for as an available-for-sale equity investment thereafter.

The Group's share of the interest in CSCHL amounted to HK\$959,393,000 as at 30 September 2009, including the Group's share of results, net of tax, of HK\$49,142,000 in the prior year. The gain on deemed disposal amounted to HK\$330,717,000 was credited to the consolidated income statement in the prior year.

- 由安永會計師事務所以外的執業會計 師審核。
- 在二零零九年九月三十日,華南城於香 港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上 市,因此本集團持有該公司之股本權益 被攤薄至14.82%,所以由二零零九年 九月三十日開始,華南城不再是本集團 之聯營公司,而被列為可供出售投資。

在二零零九年九月三十日,本集團 應佔華南城控股有限公司之權益為 959,393,000港元,包括本年度本集團 應佔之除税後益利49,142,000港元而 視為出售華南城控股有限公司之溢利 為330,717,000港元,已記錄在本年度 之綜合損益表內。

21. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

The above table lists the associates of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length. All associates were indirectly held by the Company.

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of the Group's associates extracted from their management accounts at the end of the reporting period:

21. 投資聯營公司(續)

依董事會的意見,以上所列本集團的聯營公司為主要影響本集團於本年度的業績或組成本集團資產淨值主要部份的聯營公司;如若同時詳列其他未有列出的聯營公司的資料,則會令致資料過於冗長。所有聯營公司由本公司間接持有。

下列為於報告期末摘錄自本集團聯營公司管理賬目有關之財務資料:

		2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元
Assets Liabilities Revenue	資產 負債 收益	505,050 (364,650) -	37,342 (46,367)
Profit/(loss)	盈利/(虧損)	149,425	(1,959)

22. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

22. 可供出售投資

		Group 本集團		
			2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年	
Listed equity investments	於香港上市股本投資,	千港元	千港元 	
in Hong Kong, at fair value Unlisted equity investments, at cost	按公平值 非上市股本投資,按成本值	1,120,098	1,200,105 1,270	
		1,120,098	1,201,375	

During the year, the gross loss in respect of the Group's available-for-sale equity investments recognised in other comprehensive income amounted to HK\$80,007,000 (2010: gross gain of HK\$42,608,000).

於本年度,本集團涉及可供出售投資之總虧損為80,007,000港元(二零一零年淨收益為:42,608,000港元),並已其他全面收益內確認。

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22. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

(continued)

The above investments consist of investments in equity securities which were designated as available-for-sale financial assets and have no fixed maturity date or coupon rate.

The fair value of listed equity investments is based on quoted market prices. As at 31 March 2010, the unlisted equity investments were stated at cost because the range of reasonable fair value estimates was so significant that the directors were of the opinion that their fair values could not be measured reliably.

At 31 March 2011, the carrying amount of the Group's interest in the following listed equity investments classified as available-for-sale investments exceeded 10% of the total assets of the Group.

22. 可供出售投資(續)

上述投資包括指定為可供出售金融 資產之股本證券,且無固定到期日 或票面息率。

上市證券投資之公平值基於公開市場之價格。截至二零一零年三月三十一日,非上市證券投資均以成本價列出,因為涉及一系列重要的公平值估計,而基於董事局之意見該公平值不可以準確估計。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團持有超過本集團10%之總資產之上市股本投資,分類為可供出售投資。

Name	Particulars of issued shares held	Business structure 業務架構	Place of incorporation	equity attrib to the 2011	tage of interest utable Group 2010 應佔股權	Principal activities
名稱	持有已發行股本	形式	註冊成立地點	百	分比 二零一零年	主要業務
CSCHL	Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	Corporate	Hong Kong	14.87	14.82	Property development and management
華南城	普通股 每股0.01港元	公司	香港			and hotel services 物業發展及管理 及酒店業務

23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

23. 按公平值列賬及於損益中處理 之金融資產

			Group 本集團		
		2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元		
Unlisted investments, at fair value Current portion	非上市投資,按公平值 即期	497 	8,759 (8,270)		
Non-current portion	非即期	497	489		

The above investments at 31 March 2010 and 2011 were, upon initial recognition, designated by the Group as financial assets as at fair value through profit or loss as they are managed and their performance are evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management and investment strategy, and information about the investments is provided on that basis to the Group's key management personnel.

The fair values of the above investments were based on the market prices provided by financial institutions at the end of the reporting period.

At 31 March 2011, all of the Group's above investments were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group (note 44).

24. OTHER RECEIVABLE

The balance represented an unlisted investment classified as loans and receivables, and was stated at amortised cost, calculated using the effective interest rate method. At the end of the reporting period, the unlisted investment was pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group (note 44).

上述於二零一零年及二零一一年三月三十一日之投資乃於初始確認時被指定為按公平值列賬及於損益中處理之金融資產,原因為該等投資及股債基準管理及評估其義略,按公平值基準管理及評估其表現,而有關該等投資之資料乃按表現,而有關該等投資之資料乃接提供。

上述投資之公平值乃按財務機構於報告期末提供之市價為基準。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,上述 之金融資產已作抵押,作為本集團 所獲一般銀行信貸之擔保。(附註 44)。

24. 其他應收款

結餘代表非上市投資分類為貸款及應收款,列為分攤成本並以實際年利率方法計算。於報告期末,非上市投資已作抵押,作為本集團所獲一般銀行信貸之擔保(附註44)。

25. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

25. 發展中物業

			oup 集團
		2011	2010
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		千港元	千港元
At beginning of year	於年初	1,006,797	651,994
Additions	添置	332,732	353,902
Transfer from deposits paid for purchases of land	轉撥自已付買地按金	-	81,058
Transfer to properties held for sale	轉撥至持作待售之物業	(207,957)	(81,836)
Exchange realignment	進 兑調整	28,358	1,679
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	1,159,930	1,006,797
Properties under development expected to be recovered:	預期可取回之 發展中物業:		
Within one year	一年內	209,926	197,966
After more than one year	多於一年	950,004	808,831
Arter more than one year	グ / パー 十	950,004	000,031
		1,159,930	1,006,797

The Group's properties under development were located in Mainland China.

Included in the Group's properties under development as at 31 March 2011 were land use rights with an aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$618,601,000 (2010: HK\$550,104,000) held under medium term leases.

At 31 March 2011, the Group's properties under development with a value of HK\$417,349,000 (2010: Nil) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 44).

Further particulars of the Group's major properties under development are included on pages 202 to 203.

本集團之發展中物業位於中國大 陸。

本集團於二零一一年三月三十一日發展中物業於租賃用地之賬面值為618,601,000港元(二零一零年:550,104,000港元)以中期租約持有。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團價值417,349,000港元(二零一零年:無)之發展中物業作為本集團獲授一般銀行信貸之抵押(附註44)。

其他本集團之發展中物業詳情載於 第202頁至203頁。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

26. INVENTORIES

26. 存貨

			Group 本集團		
		2011	2010		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		二零一一年	二零一零年		
		千港元	千港元		
Raw materials	原料	_	945		
Finished goods	製成品	3,304	3,710		
Food and beverages	食品及飲料	45,875	36,362		
		49,179	41,017		

27. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND **PREPAYMENTS**

Included in the balance is an amount of HK\$42,510,000 (2010: HK\$50,577,000) representing the trade debtors of the Group.

27. 應收賬款、按金及預付款項

結餘包括42,510,000港元(二零一 零年:50,577,000港元)為本集團之 應收貿易賬款。

			Group 本集團		
		2011	2010		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		二零一一年	二零一零年		
		千港元	千港元		
Trade debtors	應收貿易賬款	58,557	63,916		
Impairment	減值	(16,047)	(13,339)		
		42,510	50,577		

27. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (continued)

The aged analysis of such debtors as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of provision, is as follows:

27. 應收賬款、按金及預付款項

於報告期末,應收貿易賬款按發票 日期及減值之賬齡之分析如下:

			Group 本集團		
		2011	2010		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		二零一一年	二零一零年		
		千港元	千港元		
Current to 30 days	即日至30日	10,346	8,768		
31 to 60 days	31至60日	5,016	5,653		
61 to 90 days	61至90日	3,292	3,957		
Over 90 days	超過90日	23,856	32,199		
		42,510	50,577		

Credit terms

The restaurant business is normally traded on a cash basis. For property sales, credit terms vary in accordance with the terms of the sale and purchase agreements. All trade debtors are recognised and carried at their original invoiced amounts less impairment of debtors which is recorded when the collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off as incurred.

In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade debtors relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. Trade debtors are noninterest-bearing.

信貸政策

酒樓業務一般以現金收入為主。物業出售之信貸政策則按照買賣合同而釐定。應收貿易賬款乃按其原發票金額扣除當為無可能悉數收取除款而作之應收賬款減值後確認及記賬。壞賬則於產生時予以註銷。

考慮到上述的事實,集團應收貿易 賬款涉及大數量及多種類型客戶, 沒有重大的信貸風險集中,貿易應 收賬款均為無需附息。

27. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (continued)

27. 應收賬款、按金及預付款項

The movements in the provision for impairment of trade debtors are as follows:

給予貿易應收賬款之減值撥備之變 動如下:

		Group 本集團		
		2011	2010	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		二零一一年		
		千港元		
At beginning of year Impairment losses recognised (note 6) Amount written off as uncollectible Exchange realignment	於年初 減值虧損變現(附註6) 因不能收回撇賬 滙兑調整	13,339 6,539 (4,370) 539	12,690 3,948 (3,342) 43	
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	16,047	13,339	

Included in the above provision for impairment of trade debtors is a provision for individually impaired trade debtors of HK\$16,047,000 (2010: HK\$13,339,000) with a carrying amount before provision of HK\$16,613,000 (2010: HK\$13,945,000). Such provision was determined after taking into account the ageing of individual debtors' balances, the creditworthiness of the debtors, the repayment history and historical write-off experience. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

The aged analysis of the trade debtors that are not considered to be impaired is as follows:

上述給予應收貿易賬款之減值撥備中包括個別已減值應收貿易賬款之減值撥佈中包括個別已減值應收貿易賬款作出之撥備16,047,000港元(二零年:13,339,000港元)該等應收〔三零一零年:13,945,000港元)。該等應人釐訂是經過考慮個別賬戶級收賬款是釐訂是經過考慮個別賬戶級收賬款紀錄及過往撇賬經驗。本集團於說錄及過往撇賬經驗。本集團在該餘額上未持有任何抵押或其他提升信用之保障。

未視作已減值之應收賬款賬齡分析 如下:

			Group 本集團	
		2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000	
Neither past due nor impaired Less than 1 month past due 1 to 3 months past due Over 3 months past due	未逾期或未減值 一個月內逾期 逾期一至三個月 逾期超過三個月	10,196 5,236 3,621 22,891	13,413 3,626 4,048 28,884	
		41,944	49,971	

27. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND **PREPAYMENTS** (continued)

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

28. DUE FROM A DIRECTOR

Group

Particulars of amount due from a director, disclosed pursuant to Section 161B of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, are as follows:

27. 應收賬款、按金及預付款項 (續)

未逾期或未減值之應收賬款涉及大 量多樣化之客戶及有良好紀錄。

已逾期但未減值之應收賬款乃有關 於多名與本集團保持良好往績紀錄 之獨立客戶。根據過往經驗,本公司 董事認為,就該等結餘而言,由於信 貸質素並未發生重大變動,且該等 結餘仍可悉數收回,故毋須就此作 出仟何減值撥備。本集團並無就該 等結餘持有任何抵押品或其他提升 信用之保障。

28. 應收一名董事

本集團

跟據公司條例第161B條,應收一名 董事之詳情如下:

		31 March 2011 二零一一年	Maximum amount outstanding during the year 年內最高	1 April 2010 二零一零年
Name	姓名	三月三十一日 HK\$'000	欠款額 HK\$'000	四月一日 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Mr. Ma Hung Ming, John	馬鴻銘先生	652	1,554	1,291

The amount due from a director is unsecured, interestfree and has no fixed terms of repayment.

應收一名董事之款項為無抵押,不 計利息及無固定還款期。

29. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS

29. 現金、現金等值項目及已抵押 定期存款

				oup 集團		pany 公司
		Note	2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年	2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cash and bank balances Time deposits	現金及銀行結存 定期存款		205,949 43,243	112,883 34,653	133 44	142 41
			249,192	147,536	177	183
Less: Pledged time deposits for long term bank loans Pledged time deposits for general banking facilities Restricted cash	減: 已抵押定期存款 長期銀行貸款 為一般銀行 貸款抵押之 定期存款 有限制現金	(a)	(18,524) (2,044) (7,018)	(21,276) (7,055) (5,827)	- (44) -	(41)
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目		221,606	113,378	133	142

Note:

(a) According to relevant contracts, property development companies of the Group are required to place at designated bank accounts certain amounts as deposits for potential default in payment of mortgage loans advanced to property purchasers. Such guarantee deposits will only be released after the property ownership certificate is submitted to the banks as collateral.

附註:

(a) 按照相關合約,本集團內負責物業發展 之公司須存放一定金額於指定銀行為 可能拖欠按揭供款之物業買家提供擔 保。該項保証金存款會在銀行獲得相關 房屋產權作抵押時解除。

29. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS (continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances (including time deposits) of the Group denominated in Renminbi amounted to HK\$144,761,000 (2010: HK\$89,523,000). The Renminbi is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange Renminbi for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances and pledged deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

30. TRADE CREDITORS

The aged analysis of trade creditors as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

29. 現金、現金等值項目及已抵押定期存款(續)

於報告期末,本集團之現金及現金 結存中(包括定期存款)有人民幣 值(「人民幣」)為單位結存之結餘為 數144,761,000港元(二零一零年 89,523,000港元)。人民幣未能自 兑換為其他貨幣,但根據中國內地 之外匯管制條例及結匯,售匯及付 匯管理條例規定可容許本集團透 特許執行外業務之銀行兑換人民幣 為其他貨幣。

銀行現金賺取之利息乃按每日銀行存款利率之浮動利率而定。短期定期存款之期限不一,介乎一日至三個月不等,主要視乎本集團之即時現金需求,並按不同的短期定期存款賺取利息。銀行結存及抵押存款存放於信譽良好且近期沒有違約記錄之銀行。

30. 應付貿易賬款

於報告期末,應付貿易賬款按發票 日期之賬齡分析如下:

CHALLA

		Gre	oup
		本组	集團
		2011	2010
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		千港元	千港元
Current to 30 days	即日至30日	23,885	21,734
31 to 60 days	31至60日	14,111	11,533
61 to 90 days	61至90日	14,721	5,120
Over 90 days	超過90日	22,490	13,108
		75,207	51,495

Trade creditors are non-interest-bearing and repayable within the normal operating cycle.

應付貿易賬款為不計利息及於營運 週期內償還。

31. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER 31. 附息之銀行及其他貸款 **BORROWINGS**

	= Effective	31 March 2011 零一一年三月三十一日		: Effective	31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一	· B	Effective	1 April 2009 二零零九年四月一日	
Group 本集團	interest rate (%) 實際年利率	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 千港元	interest rate (%) 實際年利率	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	interest rate (%) 實際年利率	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Current 即期									
Bank overdrafts – unsecured	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.5-7.8	On demand	962
最行透支-無抵押 Bank overdrafts – secured 銀行透支-有抵押	5.3	On demand 按通知	50	-	-	-	5.3-6.0	按通知 On demand 按通知	12,290
Bank loans – unsecured 銀行貸款-無抵押	-	-	-	2.3-5.7	April 2010 二零一零年四月	17,000	3.7-8.0	April 2009 二零零九年四月	17,000
Current portion of long term bank loans – secured	1.1-7.5	by March 2012	448,305	1.8–9.5	by March 2011	362,978	2.1–9.5	by March 2010	392,493
即期銀行長期貸款		二零一二年三月			二零一一年三月			二零一零年三月	
-有抵押 Other loans – unsecured 其他貸款-無抵押	7.0	by March 2012 二零一二年三月	2,727	7.0	by February 2011 二零一一年二月	11,962	-	-	-
其他貝馱一無抵押 Other loans – secured 其他貸款-有抵押	-	—专 [—] —平二月 -	-	3.0		1,786	4.3	by March 2010 二零一零年三月	1,786
共他其成一有抵押 Long term bank loans repayable on demand – secured	2.1-7.5	On demand	89,998	2.1–9.5	一令一令十二月 On demand	89,552	3.5–9.5	一令一令十二月 On demand	97,471
(note) 要求時償還銀行長期貸款 一有抵押(附註)		按通知			按通知			按通知	
		-	541,080			483,278			522,002
Non-current 非即期 Bank loans – secured 銀行貸款一有抵押 Other loans – secured	1.1-5.8	2012-2025 二零一二至 二零二五年	369,424	2.0-9.5	2011-2017 二零一一年至 二零一七年 2012	218,922	3.4-9.5 4.3	2010-2017 二零一零年至 二零一七年 2012	197,503
其他貸款-有抵押				5.0	二零一二年		4.5	二零一二年	
			369,424			221,600			201,967
			910,504			704,878			723,969
	Effective	31 March 2011 零一一年三月三十一日		Effective	31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一	·B	Effective	1 April 2009 二零零九年四月一日	
Company 本公司	interest rate (%) 實際年利率	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 千港元	interest rate (%) 實際年利率	Maturity 到期日	HK \$ ′000 千港元	interest rate (%) 實際年利率	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Current 即期									
Current portion of long term bank loans – secured	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.9	by March 2010	3,324
即期銀行長期貸款 一有抵押								二零一零年三月	
Long term bank loans repayable on demand – secured (note)	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.9	On demand	5,305
要求時償還銀行長期貸款 一有抵押(附註)								按通知	
			_						8,629

31. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER 31. 附息之銀行及其他貸款(續) **BORROWINGS** (continued)

Gro 本集	•
2011	2010
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
零一一年	二零一零年

千港元 千港元 (Restated)

			(經重列)
Analysed into: Bank overdrafts repayable within one year or on demand	分析為: 銀行透支還款期一年內或 要求時償還	50	-
Bank loans repayable: Within one year or on demand (note) In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive Beyond five years	銀行貸款還款期: 一年內或要求時 償還(附註) 第二年 第三年至第五年 (首尾兩年包括在內) 五年以上	538,303 125,320 231,065 13,039	469,530 45,449 136,800 36,673
		907,727	688,452
Other borrowings repayable: Within one year or on demand In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive	須於以下期間內償還之 其他貸款: 於一年內或要求時償還 第二年 第三年至第五年 (首尾兩年包括在內)	2,727	13,748 1,786 892
	(ARMT CIRLIN)	2,727	16,426
		910,504	704,878

31. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

Note: As further explained in notes 2.2 and 48 to the financial statements, due to the adoption of HK Interpretation 5 in the current year, the Group's term loans with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$172,350,000 (2010: HK\$183,758,000) containing on-demand clauses have been classified in total as current liabilities. Accordingly, a portion of those term loans due for repayment after one year with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$89,998,000 (2010: HK\$89,552,000) has been reclassified as current liabilities. For the purpose of the above analysis, the loans are included within current interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and analysed into bank loans repayable within one year or on demand.

Based on the maturity terms of the loans, the amounts repayable in respect of these term loans are: within one year or on demand HK\$82,352,000 (2010: HK\$94,206,000); in the second year HK\$35,844,000 (2010: HK\$40,188,000); in the third to fifth years, inclusive HK\$54,154,000 (2010: HK\$49,364,000).

During the year, the Group did not comply with certain financial covenants as set out in a banking facility agreement entered into with a bank. The loan with the bank of approximately HK\$89,556,000 has been classified as current liabilities in its entirety in the consolidated statement of financial position as of 31 March 2011. Despite the non-compliance, the banking facility was renewed in its original terms and conditions on 31 March 2011. Further, the Group has made all previously scheduled repayments on time and no request for early repayment was made by the bank up to the date of these financial statements. As such, management believes the defaults have been informally waived.

Included in the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings as at 31 March 2011 are borrowings with a carrying amount of HK\$313,684,000 (2010: HK\$290,230,000) which are denominated in Renminbi. The remaining interest-bearing bank and other borrowings are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

Certain of the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings were secured by the pledge of certain of the Group's assets as further detailed in note 44 to the financial statements.

At the end of the reporting period, certain directors of the Company have guaranteed certain of the Group's banking facilities up to an amount of HK\$31,000,000 (2010: HK\$278,387,000).

31. 附息之銀行及其他貸款(續)

附註:根據財務附註2.2及財務狀況表48, 因本年度採用香港詮釋第5號,本集團 之有限期累計貸款為172,350,000港 元,(二零一零年:183,758,000港元) 包括有一項即時歸還條款已被重新歸 類為流動負債。因此,該部份之有限 期貸款應於一年後交付之帳面金額總 數為89,998,000港元(二零一零年: 89,552,000港元)亦已被重新歸類已 包括在一年內或即期歸還之流動附息 銀行及其他貸款及銀行透支貸款內。

根據貸款到期條款,應償還金額分別為一年內或即期82,352,000港元(二零一零年:94,206,000港元);第二年35,844,000港元(二零一零年:40,188,000港元);第三至五年(首尾兩年包括在內)54,154,000港元(二零一零年:49,364,000港元)

於本年度,本集團並無遵照若干與 銀行授貸協議之財務契約。該至額約為89,556,000港元已全部 二零一一年三月三十一日之綜 部 所以表中歸類為流動負債。 所之 有無遵照若干財務契約,銀年一 有信貨條款。 一年三月三十一 日重申 以 是 時間還貸款而截至本財務 時間還貸款而截至本財務 等 一 時間還銀行要求提前還款。 因此 董 事局認為該項違約被非正式擱置。

於二零一一年,在集團附息之銀行及其他貸款中賬面值為313,684,000港元(二零一零年:290,230,000港元)之貸款以人民幣為基本,其餘附息之銀行及其他貸款以港幣為基本。

本集團若干附息之銀行及其他貸款 乃以抵押本集團若干資產為擔保, 詳情載於財務報表附註44內。

於最後報告期末,本公司部份董事 為本集團部份銀行貸款額度提供擔 保合共31,000,000港元(二零一零年:278,387,000港元)。

32. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES

In the prior year, the Group leased certain of its motor vehicles for its property investment and development business. The leases were classified as finance leases and had remaining lease terms of one year.

At 31 March 2010, the total future minimum lease payments under finance leases and their present values were as follows:

32. 應付融資租約

於去年,本集團為物業投資及發展 業務租用部份車輛作融資用途,此 等列為融資租約,餘下租期為1年。

於二零一零年三月三十一日,根據 融資租約須在未來支付之最少租約 款項及其總現值如下:

Group 本集團

Present

			11030110
		N 4 ' '	value of
		Minimum	minimum
		lease	lease
		payments	payments
		最少	最少租約
		租約款項	
		2010	2010
		二零一零年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Amounts payable within one year and total minimum	款項償還期 一年內及應付融資租		
finance lease payments	約最低總額	250	245
Future finance charges	將來財務費用	(5)	
Total net finance lease payables	應付融資租		
iotal fiet finance lease payables	約淨額總值	245	
Portion classified as	列為即期負債的		
current liabilities	部份	(245)	
Non-current portion	非即期部份	-	

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

33. DEFERRED TAX

33. 遞延稅項

The movements in deferred tax during the year are as follows:

本年度遞延税項之變動如下:

Deferred tax liabilities

遞延稅項負債

Group	本集團
Group	本 集團

			20	11	
			二零一	年	
		Depreciation	Fair value		
		allowance in	adjustments		
		excess of	arising from		
		related	acquisition of	Revaluation	
		depreciation	subsidiaries	of properties	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			因收購附屬		
		超過有關折舊	公司產生之		
		的折舊免稅額	公平值調整	物業重估	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2010	於二零一零年四月一日	8,946	270,295	120,049	399,290
At 1 April 2010	以一会 会工口/1 H	0,540	270,233	120,043	393,230
Deferred tax charged/(credited)	本年度收益表中				
	扣除/(已計入)之				
to the income statement during	振びんじ 計入) と	68	(2.200)	20.769	47 520
the year (note 10)			(3,298)	20,768	17,538
Reclassification	重新分類調整	(6,951)	-	6,951	-
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	_	_	650	650
Gross deferred tax liabilities at	於二零一一年三月三十一日之				
31 March 2011	遞延税項債務總值	2,063	266,997	148,418	417,478

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

33. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

33. 遞延稅項(續)

Deferred tax assets

遞延稅項負債

Group 本集團

2011 Losses available for offsetting against future taxable profit HK\$'000 二零一一年 可用以與未來應課稅 溢利抵銷之虧損 千港元

Deferred tax assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period, presented after appropriate offsetting:

於報告期末,遞延税項資產及負債已予抵銷:

HK\$'000 千港元

Deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

於綜合財務狀況表 確認之遞延税項負債

408,844

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

33. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

33. 遞延稅項(續)

Deferred tax liabilities

遞延稅項負債

Group	本集團
•	

			201 二零一		
		Depreciation allowance in excess of	Fair value adjustments arising from		
		related depreciation HK\$'000	acquisition of subsidiaries HK\$'000 因收購附屬	Revaluation of properties HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
		超過有關折舊 的折舊免税額 千港元	公司產生之公平值調整 千港元	物業重估 千港元	總計 千港元
At 1 April 2009	於二零零九年四月一日	1,466	272,670	115,950	390,086
Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the income statement during the year (note 10) Exchange realignment	本年度收益表中扣除/ (已計入)之遞延税項 (附註10) 匯兑調整	7,480	(2,375)	4,061 38	9,166 38
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 March 2010	於二零一零年 三月三十一日之 遞延税項債務總值	8,946	270,295	120,049	399,290

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

33. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

33. 遞延稅項(續)

Deferred tax assets

遞延稅項負債

Group 本集團

> 2010 Losses available for offsetting against future taxable profit HK\$'000 二零一零年 可用以與未來應課稅 溢利抵銷之虧損 千港元

At 1 April 2009

於二零零九年四月一日

330

Deferred tax credited to the income statement during the year (note 10) 本年度收益表中扣除之遞延税項 (附註10)

7.127

Gross deferred tax assets at 31 March 2010

於二零一零年三月三十一日之 遞延税項資產總值

7,457

Deferred tax assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period, presented after appropriate offsetting: 於報告期末,遞延税項資產及負債 已予抵銷:

> HK\$'000 千港元

Deferred tax liabilities recognised in the 於綜合財務狀況表 consolidated statement of financial position

確認之遞延税項負債

391,833

33. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$134,482,000 (2010: HK\$128,742,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. The Group also has estimated tax losses arising in Mainland China of HK\$116,827,000 (2010: HK\$85,415,000) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available which the tax losses can be utilised.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rates are 5% and 10%. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

At 31 March 2011, no deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China. In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries in Mainland China for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised totalled approximately HK\$203,936,000 at 31 March 2011 (2010: HK\$161,299,000).

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

33. 遞延稅項(續)

本集團有源自香港之税項虧損 134,482,000港元(二零一零 128,742,000港元),而此等虧損 無限期用以與有關公司之未來 有關之稅項虧損約116,827,000港元 (二零一零年:85,415,000港元), 而此等虧損則將於一年至五年內 明與有關公司之未來應課稅溢利 時。由於認為未來不可能產生足項 損。由於認為未來不可能產生足項 損,故未就此等虧損確認遞延稅項 資產。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團並未就於中國內地成立且須繳交預扣稅之附屬公司之未匯出盈利而確認應付之預扣稅。董事認為等附屬公司於可見未來分派該等別屬公司於可見未來分派該等為之機會不大。於二零一一年三月三十一日,於中國內地之附屬公司時性差額約有203,936,000港元書時性差額約類負債(二零一零年:161,299,000港元)。

本公司向其股東派付股息並無產生所得稅後果。

34. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT

34. 金融產品衍生工具

本集團 Group

> Liabilities 負債

2011 HK\$'000

2010 HK\$'000

二零一零年 二零一一年

千港元

千港元

Interest rate swap

利率掉期

The Group uses interest rate swap to minimise its exposure to movements in interest rates in relation to one of its floating rate term loans with a nominal amount of HK\$200,000,000.

The above derivative was measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period and was determined based

本集團使用名義金額200.000.000港 元之利率交換以減低利率波動對一 項有限期浮息貸款之影響。

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以上衍生工具以期末財務報告之公 平值及現金流量模式計算。

35. DEFERRED INCOME

on discounted cash flows model.

The deferred income represents cash subsidies received from government authority in respect of a property development project in Mainland China. No deferred income was released to the income statement during the year ended 31 March 2011.

35. 遞延收入

遞延收入代表收到中國政府關於一 項物業發展計劃之現金補助。截至 二零一一年三月三十一日止年度, 損益表中並無遞延收入。

36. SHARE CAPITAL

36. 股本

		Com 本分	pany 公司
		2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元
Authorised: 2,000,000,000 (2010: 2,000,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	法定股本: 每股面值0.10港元之普通股份 2,000,000,000股(二零一零 年:2,000,000,000股)	200,000	200,000
Issued and fully paid: 1,144,122,328 (2010: 1,144,122,328) ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	已發行及繳足股本: 每股面值0.10港元之普通股份 1,144,122,328股(二零一零 年:1,144,122,328股)	114,412	114,412

37. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the Scheme include the Company's directors, including independent non-executive directors, and other employees of the Group. The Scheme became effective on 10 October 2005 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a director are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

37. 購股權計劃

本公司設有一項購股權計劃(「該計劃」),為對本集團業務作出貢獻之合資格參與者提供鼓勵及獎勵。該計劃之合資格參與者包括本公集司事,包括獨立非執行董事及本集則其他員工。該計劃於二零零五年十月十日生效,惟除非獲註銷或修訂,該計劃將於當日起計十年內維持有效。

根據該計劃,現時批准授出之尚未行使購股權上限不得超過本公司不時已發行股份總數之10%。於該計劃項下之每名合資格參與者根據購股權可發行股份上限為任何12個月期間不得超過本公司不時已發行股份總數之1%。任何進一步授出之購股權超過此限額,則需經股東在股東大會上批准。

授予董事購股權必需預先獲得本公司獨立非執行董事批准(或其聯系人士):若超過本公司不時已發行股份0.1%或於任何12個月期間,總價值(按授予日期時本公司之股價)超過5,000,000港元,則需要預先獲股東於股東大會上批准。

37. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 28 days from the date of offer. The amount payable on acceptance of an option is HK\$1. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors.

The exercise price of share options is determinable by the directors and shall be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the offer date, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meeting.

The following share options were outstanding under the Scheme during the year:

37. 購股權計劃(續)

購股權從授出當日起28天內接受認購,接納購股權時需付款項為1港元。授予購股權的行使期由董事釐定。

購股權之行使價乃由董事釐定,必須為以下各項之較高者:(i)股份於建議日期(該日必須為營業日)於聯交所每日報價表所列之收市價;(ii)股份於緊接建議日期前五個營業日於聯交所每日報價表所列之平均收市價;及(iii)股份面值。

購股權並無授予持有人權利獲取股 息或於股東會上投票。

在本年度內,該計劃下尚未行使之 購股權如下:

		2011		2010	
		Weighted		Weighted	
		average	Number	average	Number
		exercise price	of options	exercise price	of options
		HK\$ per share		HK\$ per share	
		二零一一年		二零一零年	
		加權平均		加權平均	
		行使價	購股權數目	行使價	購股權數目
		每股港元		每股港元	
At beginning of year	於年初	0.59	29,300,000	0.59	29,300,000
Granted during the year	於年內授出	1.03	7,000,000	-	-
				_	
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	0.67	36,300,000	0.59	29,300,000

37. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

37. 購股權計劃(續)

The exercise prices and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

於報告期末尚未行使之購股權之行 使價及行使期間如下:

2011 二零一一年

Number of options	Exercise price* HK\$ per share	Exercise period
購股權數目	行使價* 每股港元	行使期間
21,300,000	0.30	26-10-2005 to 25-10-2015
7,300,000	1.30	18-12-2006 to 17-12-2016
700,000	2.15	24-2-2008 to 23-8-2012
3,000,000	1.03	3-1-2012 to 2-1-2014
1,000,000	1.03	3-1-2013 to 2-1-2015
1,000,000	1.03	3-1-2014 to 2-1-2016
1,000,000	1.03	3-1-2015 to 2-1-2017
1,000,000	1.03	3-1-2016 to 2-1-2018
36,300,000		
2010		二零一零年
Number of options	Exercise price* HK\$ per share	Exercise period
購股權數目	行使價* 每股港元	行使期間
24 200 000	0.20	26 10 2005 +- 25 10 2015
21,300,000	0.30	26-10-2005 to 25-10-2015
7,300,000	1.30	18-12-2006 to 17-12-2016
700,000	2.15	24-2-2008 to 23-8-2012
29,300,000		

^{*} The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

^{*} 購股權行使價須根據供股或紅股發行 或本公司股本之其他類似變動作出調 整。

37. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

The fair value of the share options granted during the year was HK\$3,446,000 (HK\$0.49 each) of which the Group recognised a share option expense of HK\$484,000 during the year ended 31 March 2011. No share options were granted during the prior year.

The fair value of equity-settled share options granted during the year was estimated as at the date of grant, using a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

37. 購股權計劃(續)

於本年度購股權之公平價值為3,446,000港元(每股0.49港元)。 於2011年3月31日,本集團確認之購股權開支為484,000港元。上年度並無授予購股權。

於本年度,授予股權結算之公平價值以授予日之二項式之期限及條件作估計。以下表列出該二項式的輸入資料。

2011

		二零一一年
Dividend yield (%)	股利值利率(%)	2.5
Expected volatility (%)	預期波幅(%)	68-79
Historical volatility (%)	歷史波幅(%)	68-79
Risk-free interest rate (%)	無風險利率(%)	0.956
Expected life of options (year) Weighted average share price (HK\$ per share)	購股權有效期(年) 加權平均價(每股港元)	3-7 1.03

The expected life of the options is based on the historical data and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had 36,300,000 share options outstanding under the Scheme. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 36,300,000 additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of HK\$3,630,000 and share premium of HK\$20,965,000 (before issue expenses).

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company had 36,300,000 share options outstanding under the Scheme, which represented approximately 3.17% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

購股權有效期是根據歷史數據但不 須用以往行使模式作為估算。預期 波幅以歷史波幅作為指引估計未來 趨勢,並不是實際結果。

並無授予以公平價值計算之其他類 似購股權。

於報告期末,根據計劃,本公司有36,300,000份購股權尚未行使。 根據本公司現行股本結構,全面行使餘下之購股權將導致本公司額外發行36,300,000股普通股,額外股本為3,630,000港元,股份溢價為20,965,000港元(扣除發行開支前)。

於批准此財務報告當日,根據計劃,本公司有36,300,000股購股權尚未行使,佔本公司當日已發行股份約3.17%。

38. RESERVES

38. 儲備

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 54 to 55 of the financial statements.

Certain amounts of goodwill arising on the acquisitions of subsidiaries in prior years remain eliminated against consolidated reserves, as explained in note 17 to the financial statements.

The reserve funds of the Group represent the nondistributable statutory reserves of the Group's subsidiaries operating in Mainland China. The transfers to these reserves are determined by the board of directors of the subsidiaries in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations of Mainland China. The reserve funds can be used to offset against future losses or to increase the capital of the subsidiaries.

(a) 本集團

本集團截至現年度及前年度之 儲備款額及儲備變動已呈列於 財務報告第54至55頁之綜合權 益變動表。

如財務報告附註17所載,以前年度收購附屬公司而產生之部份商譽款額仍可與綜合儲備對銷。

本集團之儲備為集團於中國內 地附屬公司不能分派之法定股 本。附屬公司之董事局將根據 中國大陸之有關法律轉至該等 儲備。此等儲備可與未來之虧 損對銷或用作增加附屬公司之 股本。

(b) Company

(b) 本公司

		Notes	Share premium account HK\$'000 股份溢	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000 資本	Share option reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
		附註	價賬 千港元	實 繳盈餘 千港元	贖回儲備 千港元	購股權儲備 千港元	保留溢利 千港元	總計 千港元
		LI1 hT	1/6/0	17676	17676	17676	17676	17676
At 1 April 2009 Profit for the year and	於二零零九年 四月一日 本年度溢利及		1,275,015	59,759	316	6,277	39,329	1,380,696
total comprehensive	總全面收入	4.4					24.005	24.055
income for the year Proposed final dividend	建議末期股息	11 12	-	-	-	-	34,065 (22,882)	34,065 (22,882)
At 31 March 2010 and 1 April 2010	於二零一零年 三月三十一日及 二零一零年							
Profit for the year and total comprehensive	一 7 四月一日 本年度溢利及 總全面收入		1,275,015	59,759	316	6,277	50,512	1,391,879
income for the year Proposed final dividend	建議末期股息	11 12	- -	- -	- -	484 -	29,241 (22,882)	29,725 (22,882)
At 31 March 2011	於二零一一年							
	~~三角三十一日		1,275,015	59,759	316	6,761	56,871	1,398,722

38. RESERVES (continued)

(b) Company (continued)

a result of the Group reorganisation on 12 August 1991 and represented the difference between the nominal value of the share capital issued by the Company and the combined net assets of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation, less the effects of the bonus issue of shares in previous years.

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus is distributable to shareholders under certain specific circumstances.

The share option reserve comprises the fair value of share options granted which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in the accounting policy for share-based payment transactions in note 2.4 to the financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to the share premium account when the related options are exercised. or be transferred to retained profits should the related options expire or be forfeited.

The contributed surplus of the Company arose as

本公司的實繳盈餘乃因 一九九一年八月十二日的集團 重組而產生,為本公司發行股 本的面值與根據集團重組而收 購的附屬公司的合併資產淨值 的差額,減去過往年度的紅股 發行之影響。

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法 (經修訂),實繳盈餘可按若干 指定情况分派予股東。

購股權儲備包括授出但尚未行 使之購股權公平值,詳情進一 步載於財務報表附註2.4以股份 支付交易之會計政策。該等金 額可於有關購股權獲行使時轉 撥至股份溢價賬或於有關購股 權過期或失效時轉撥至保留溢 利。

39. DEREGISTRATION OF SUBSIDIARIES

39. 撤銷註冊附屬公司

38. 儲備(續)

(b) 本公司(續)

		2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元
Net assets disposed of: Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Accruals and other payables Tax payable Non-controlling interests	已處理資產淨值: 預付款項、按金及 其他應收款 應計費用及其他應付款 應付税項 非控股權益	3,576 (9,770) (7,634) (8,698)
Exchange equalisation reserve relating to the subsidiaries reclassified from equity to profit or loss	附屬公司滙兑平衡儲備 由權益轉至損益	(22,526)
Gain on deregistration of subsidiaries	附屬公司撤銷註冊之收益	(22,735)

In the prior year, the Group deregistered a dormant wholly-owned subsidiary. No net asset value remained at the date of deregistration and the exchange equalisation reserve relating to that subsidiary was recognised in the income statement as gain on deregistration of a subsidiary of HK\$943,000.

於去年,集團已撤銷一間暫停活動 之全資擁有附屬公司。於撤銷計冊 日附屬公司已沒有淨資產及其滙兑 平衡儲備已確認為943,000港元之收 益。

40. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

40. 綜合現金流量表附註

- (a) Reconciliation of profit before tax to net (a) 除稅前溢利與經營業務的現金 cash flows from operating activities:
 - 流淨額之對賬:

Group

		本集團	
		2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年
		千港元	千港元
Profit before tax Adjustments for:	除税前溢利 調整於:	224,250	436,517
Bank interest income Interest income from an other receivable Dividend income from available-for-sale	銀行利息收入 其他應收款利息收入 可供出售上市投資股息收入	(981) (686)	(867) (174)
listed investments Depreciation	折舊	(17,779) 39,438	- 37,974
Equity-settled share option expense Finance costs Fair value loss/(gain) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net	以股份結算股份認購權支出 財務費用 按公平值列賬之金融資產之 公平值虧損/(收益),	484 31,857	31,092
Gain on deregistration of subsidiaries Loss/(gain) on disposal of items of property,	淨額 附屬公司撤消註冊溢利 出售物業、廠房及	71 (22,735)	(908) (943)
plant and equipment Gain on disposal of an available-for-sale	設備之虧損/(收益) 出售一項可供出售投資溢利	(3,620)	29
investment Gain on deemed disposal of an associate	視作出售一間聯營公司溢利	(6)	(20,587) (330,717)
Impairment of trade debtors Fair value loss on derivative instruments	應收貿易賬款之公平減值 衍生工具之減值	6,539	3,948
 transactions not qualifying as hedges Release of goodwill upon sale of developed 	出售已發展物業之商譽攤銷	2,927	-
properties Write-off of items of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之撇賬	-	153 2,354
Recognition of prepaid land lease payment Share of profits and losses of associates Changes in fair value of investment	預付土地租賃款項之確認 應佔聯營公司溢利及虧損 投資物業之公平值變動,	385 (74,712)	378 (48,163)
properties, net	淨額	(98,874)	(26,186)
Increase in properties under development Decrease in properties held for sale Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease in debtors,	在建物業之增加 持作出售物業之減少 存貨的減少/(增加) 應收賬款、按金及預收款項減少	86,558 (198,028) 68,361 (6,689)	83,900 (350,344) 34,303 4,549
deposits and prepayments Increase in trade creditors Increase in sundry creditors, accruals and	應付貿易賬款的增加 其他應付賬款、應計費用及	50,424 21,789	69,320 12,721
deposits received Increase/(decrease) in deferred income Increase in deposits received	預收按金的增加 遞延收入之增加/(減少) 收取按金增加	126,488 (5,541) 8	10,871 261,305 5,637
Increase/(decrease) in amounts due to directors	應付董事增加/(減少)	(44,135)	20,757
Cash generated from operations Hong Kong tax paid	經營業務所得之現金 已付香港税款	99,235 (862)	153,019
Mainland China tax paid	已付中國税款	(8,838)	(61,643)
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營業務之現金流入淨額	89,535	91,376

40. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(b) Major non-cash transaction

On 30 September 2009, the Group's advance to CSCHL, a then associate, of HK\$17,160,000 was capitalised into 896,000,000 ordinary shares of CSCHL at HK\$0.01 each.

41. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At the end of the reporting period, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

40. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(b) 重大非金錢交易

於二零零九年九月三十日,本 集團向當時的聯營公司華南城 提供一筆17,160,000港元之貸 款,已集資為華南城每股0.01 港元的896,000,000股普通股。

41. 或然負債

於報告期末,本集團及本公司未列 入財務報告之或然負債如下:

		oup 集團		pany 公司
	2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元
Guarantees given for 就買方購買物業之 mortgage loan facilities 按揭貸款 面作出的擔保 purchasers Guarantees given for 就附屬公司獲授 banking facilities granted 銀行信貸 to subsidiaries 而作出的擔保	117,642 - 117,642	90,238	- 1,466,444 1,466,444	1,473 1,284,472 1,285,945

The banking facilities granted to subsidiaries subject to guarantees given by the Company were utilised to the extent of approximately HK\$884,149,000 (2010: HK\$632,538,000).

本公司就附屬公司獲授銀行信貸而 作出擔保已用額度約為884,149,000 港元(二零一零年:632,538,000港 元)。

42. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

42. 經營租賃安排

(a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 15) under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from 1 to 17 years. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rent adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions.

At 31 March 2011, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

(a) 作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排出租 其若干投資物業(附註15),經 營租賃經商議達成之租期介乎 一至十七年。租賃條款一般亦 包括租客須支付抵押按金及於 若干情況下可因應當時市況而 定期調整租金。

於二零一一年三月三十一日, 本集團根據與租戶訂立於下列 期間到期之不可撤銷經營租賃 在日後可收取之最低租金總額 如下:

Group

			集團
		2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年
		千港元	千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth years,	於一年內 於第二至第五年	31,826	50,125
inclusive	(包括首尾兩年)	124,237	135,527
After five years	於第五年後	82,798	66,425

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its properties under operating lease arrangements. Leases for properties are negotiated for terms ranging from 1 to 12 years and rentals are normally fixed in accordance with the respective tenancy agreements.

(b) 作為承租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排租用若干物業。物業租賃經商議達成之租期介乎一至十二年。租金之數額一般根據有關之租賃合約釐定。

252.077

238,861

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42. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

42. 經營租賃安排(續)

(continued)

(b) As lessee (continued)

At 31 March 2011, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

(b) 作為承租人(續)

於二零一一年三月三十一日, 本集團根據於下列期間到期之 不可撤銷經營租賃在日後須支 付之最低和金數額如下:

Grou	ıþ
本集	靊

			K 1224
		2011	2010
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	於一年內	27,334	23,329
In the second to fifth years,	於第二至第五年		
inclusive	(包括首尾兩年)	70,541	70,579
After five years	於第五年後	22,535	28,248
		120,410	122,156

The operating leases of certain properties also called for additional rentals, which would be based on certain percentage of turnover of the operations being undertaken therein pursuant to the terms and conditions as stipulated in the respective rental agreements. As the future turnover of these operations could not be accurately determined as at the end of the reporting period, the relevant contingent rental has not been included.

根據若干租貸協議訂明條款及 條件,若干物業的經營租約或 會規定按照其中所經營業務的 收益的若干百分比徵收額外租 金。由於該等業務的未來收益 於報告期末無法準確釐定,故 並未計入相關或然租金。

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43. COMMITMENTS

43. 承擔

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 42(b) above, the Group had the following commitments at the end of the reporting period: 於報告期末,除列於附註42(b)之經營租賃承擔外,本集團有以下承擔:

		Group 本集團	
	2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元	
Contracted, but not provided for: Property, plant and equipment Purchases of land use rights Properties under development Capital contribution to a subsidiary 已訂約惟尚未撥備: 物業、廠房及設備 買入土地使用權 發展中物業 對一間附屬公司之資本	964 475,307 391,000 37,498	845 512,318 83,264 54,561 650,988	

In addition, the Group has rights to purchase predetermined lots of land in the PRC pursuant legal binding agreements. The commitment under such legal binding agreements amounted to RMB401 million (2010: RMB450 million).

At the end of the reporting period, the Company did not have any significant commitments.

除此,本集團擁有具法律效力之協議,有權在中國購買預先計劃的土地。承擔該具法律效力協議金額為人民幣401,000,000元(二零一零:人民幣450,000,000元)。

於報告期末,本公司並沒有任何重大承擔。

44. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at the end of the reporting period, certain of the Group's property, plant and equipment, investment properties, properties under development, properties held for sale, time deposits, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, and an other receivable, with a total carrying value of approximately HK\$1,993,949,000 (2010: HK\$1,515,962,000) were pledged to secure general banking and other facilities granted to the Group. In addition, rental income generated in respect of certain investment properties of the Group was assigned to bankers to secure loan facilities granted to the Group.

44. 資產抵押

於報告期末,本集團共有總賬面值約1,993,949,000港元(二零一零年:1,515,962,000港元)之若干物業、腐及設備、投資物業、在建物業、持有待出售物業、定期存款、按公應計入損益賬之金融資產及其他應計入損益賬之金融資產及其他應以款已作抵押,以取得一般銀行及資物業之租金收益作抵押,以取得銀行之信貸。

45. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transaction with a related party during the year:

45. 有關連人士交易

(a) 除已記錄於財務報告其他附註 內的交易外,本集團與有關連 人士於年內進行下列交易:

		2011	2010
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		千港元	千港元
Rental paid to a director	付租金給一位董事		
(note)	(附註)	48	48

Note: The rental paid to a director was determined based on mutually agreed rental rates. In the opinion of the directors, the above transaction was entered into by the Group in the normal course of business. 附註: 根據雙方同意之租金比率而付 董事租金。董事認為上述交易 乃本集團於日常業務中訂立。

45. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(continued)

- (b) Other transactions with related parties:
 - (i) In the prior years, the Group acquired a 55% equity interest in Hunan Carrianna (the "Acquisition") from KC Ma and KY Ma, the substantial shareholders and executive directors of the Company. In respect of the Acquisition, KC Ma and KY Ma have given an undertaking to indemnify the Group against monetary losses up to RMB216 million arising from the failure of Hunan Carrianna to acquire any portion of the pre-determined lots of land and Hunan Carrianna's cost of acquisition of any portion of these pieces of land which is higher than the pre-determined price.

The above transaction also constitutes a connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

- (ii) The directors of the Company have guaranteed certain of the Group's banking facilities up to HK\$31,000,000 (2010: HK\$278,387,000) as at the end of the reporting period, as further detailed in note 31 to the financial statements.
- (c) Outstanding balances with related parties:
 - (i) Except for an amount due to a director of HK\$37,522,000 (2010: HK\$63,151,000) by the Group which is not repayable within one year, the remaining balances are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.
 - (ii) Except for an amount due to a director of HK\$15,747,000 (2010: HK\$25,415,000) by the Company which is not repayable within one year, the remaining balances are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

45. 有關連人士交易(續)

- (b) 其他與有關連人士進行之交易:

上述交易於上市規則第 十四A章中定義為關連人 士交易。

- (ii) 於報告期末,本公司之 董事局為本集團之銀行 信貸提供擔保上限為 31,000,000港元(二零 一零年:278,387,000港 元),詳情載於本財務報 告附註31。
- (c) 與關聯方之未償還結餘:
 - (i) 除本集團應付一名董事 37,522,000港元之還款 期超過一年外(二零一零 年:63,151,000港元),其 餘結餘為免息無抵押,並 無固定還款期。
 - (ii) 除本公司應付一名董事 15,747,000港元外(二 零一零年:25,415,000港 元),其餘結餘為無抵押 免息,並無固定還款期。

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45. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(continued)

- (c) Outstanding balances with related parties: (continued)
 - (iii) Except for amounts due to non-controlling shareholders of HK\$49,126,000 (2010: HK\$37,653,000) which are not repayable within one year, the remaining balances are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.
 - (iv) Details of the amounts due from/to associates as at the end of the reporting period are included in note 21 to the financial statements.
 - (v) Details of the Group's advance to a director of the Company are included in note 28 to the financial statements.
- (d) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

45. 有關連人士交易(續)

- (c) 與關聯方之未償還結餘: (續)
 - (iii) 除應付非控股股東 49,126,000港元(二零一 零年:37,653,000港元) 之還款期超過一年外,其 餘結餘為無抵押,免息並 無固定還款期。
 - (iv) 於報告期末應收/應付聯營公司賬款詳情載於財務報告附註21。
 - (v) 本集團向一名董事之墊款 詳情載於財務報告附註 28。
- (d) 本集團主要管理人員之報酬:

		2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元
Short term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	短期僱員福利 退休福利	16,931 178	21,387 166
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	給主要管理人員之總報酬	17,109	21,553

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

本集團之董事酬金詳情載於本 財務報告附註8。

46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

2011

Financial assets

46. 按種類識別之金融工具

下列為每一種類的金融工具於報告 期末的賬面值:

二零一一年

金融資產

		Group 本集團			
		Financial			
		assets at			
		fair value			
		through			
		profit or loss			
		designated		Available-	
		as such upon		for-sale	
		initial	Loans and	financial	
		recognition	receivables	assets	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		按公平值列賬			
		及於損益中	貸款及	可供出售之	
		處理的金融資產	應收賬款	金融資產	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元_
Due from associates,	應收聯營公司,				
net of impairment	已減值	_	150,792	_	150,792
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	_	_	1,120,098	1,120,098
Other receivable	其他應收款	_	11,626	_	11,626
Financial assets at fair value	按公平值列賬及		11,020		11,020
through profit or loss	於損益中處理的				
through profit of 1033	金融資產	497	_	_	497
Financial assets included	計入應收賬款、	437	_	_	437
in debtors, deposits and	按金及預付款項之				
· ·			422.402		422.402
prepayments	金融資產	_	132,492	_	132,492
Due from a director	應收一位董事	-	652	_	652
Due from non-controlling	應收非控股股東				
shareholders	/ an il lan A	-	67,234	_	67,234
Restricted cash	有限制現金	-	7,018	-	7,018
Pledged time deposits	抵押定期存款	-	20,568	-	20,568
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目		221,606	-	221,606
		497	611,988	1,120,098	1,732,583

46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY **CATEGORY** (continued)

46. 按種類識別之金融工具(續)

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows: (continued)

下列為每一種類的金融工具於報告 期末的賬面值:(續)

2011

二零一一年

Financial liabilities

金融負債

		- held for trading 按公平值列賬	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Total
		及於損益中 處理的 金融負債 一持作銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	以攤銷 成本計價的 金融負債 HK\$'000 千港元	總額 HK\$′000 千港元
Due to a jointly-controlled entity	應付共同控制實體			
(note 20)	(附註20)	_	612	612
Due to associates (note 21)	應付聯營公司 (附註21)		2 770	2 770
Trade creditors	應付貿易賬款	1	3,778 75,207	3,778 75,207
Financial liabilities included in sundry creditors, accruals and	計入其他應付賬款、應計費用及已收按		75,207	75/207
deposits received	金之金融負債	-	139,547	139,547
Due to directors Due to non-controlling	應付董事 應付非控股股東	-	39,884	39,884
shareholders	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	-	60,692	60,692
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借貸	_	910,504	910,504
Derivative financial instrument	金融產品之衍生工具	669		669
		669	1,230,224	1,230,893

46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (continued)

46. 按種類識別之金融工具(續)

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows: (continued)

下列為每一種類的金融工具於報告期末的賬面值:(續)

2010

二零一零年

金融資產

		Group			
			本集	專	
		Financial			
		assets at			
		fair value			
		through			
		profit or loss			
		designated		Available-	
		as such upon		for-sale	
		initial	Loans and	financial	
		recognition	receivables	assets	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		按公平值列賬			
		及於損益中	貸款及	可供出售之	
		處理的金融資產	應收賬款	金融資產	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Due from associates,	應收聯營公司,				
net of impairment	已減值	_	21,644	_	21,644
Available-for-sale	可供出售投資				
investments		_	_	1,201,375	1,201,375
Other receivable	其他應收款	_	11,626	-	11,626
Financial assets	按公平值列賬及		·		·
at fair value through	於損益中處理的				
profit or loss	金融資產	8,759	_	_	8,759
Financial assets included	計入應收賬款、	,			,
in debtors, deposits and	按金及預付款項之				
prepayments	金融資產	_	181,093	_	181,093
Due from a director	應收一位董事	_	1,291	_	1,291
Restricted cash	有限制現金	_	5,827	_	5,827
Pledged time deposits	抵押定期存款	_	28,331	_	28,331
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	_	113,378	_	113,378
cas and cash equivalents	22 W 22 U E V I		113,370		
		8,759	363,190	1,201,375	1,573,324

46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY **CATEGORY** (continued)

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows: (continued)

2010

Financial liabilities

46. 按種類識別之金融工具(續)

下列為每一種類的金融工具於報告 期末的賬面值:(續)

二零一零年

金融負債

Financial liabilities at amortised cost HK\$'000 以攤銷成本計價的 金融負債 千港元

Due to a jointly-controlled entity	應付共同控制實體(附註20)	612
(note 20) Due to associates (note 21)	應付聯營公司(附註21)	612 3,515
Trade creditors	應付貿易賬款	51,495
Financial liabilities included in sundry creditors, accruals and deposits	計入其他應付賬款、應計費用及 已收按金之金融負債	
received		81,309
Due to directors	應付董事	81,025
Due to non-controlling shareholders	應付非控股股東	47,089
Interest-bearing bank and other	計息銀行及其他借貸	
borrowings		704,878
Finance lease payables	應付融資租約	245
		970,168

Financial assets

金融資產

			Company 本公司	
		2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元	
Loans and receivables: Due from subsidiaries,	貸款及應收賬款: 應收附屬公司,			
net of impairment Financial assets included in other	已減值淨額 計入其他應收賬款及	1,766,641	1,819,100	
receivables and deposits	按金之金融資產	32	82	
Due from associates	應收聯營公司	3,930	159	
Pledged time deposits	抵押定期存款	44	41	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	133	142	
		1,770,780	1,819,524	

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46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (continued)

46. 按種類識別之金融工具(續)

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows: (continued)

下列為每一種類的金融工具於報告期末的賬面值:(續)

Financial liabilities

金融負債

		2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元
Financial liabilities at amortised cost: Due to subsidiaries Financial liabilities included in sundry creditors and accruals Due to directors	以攤銷成本計價的金融負債: 應付附屬公司 計入其他應付賬款及 應計費用之金融負債 應付董事	273,980 1,092 21,677 296,749	310,176 1,221 41,195 352,592

47. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

47. 公平值架構

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments:

Level 1: fair values measured based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

第一層: 按同等資產或負債於活

躍市場之報價(未經調整)計量公平值

Level 2: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly 第二層: 按估值方法計量公平 值,而該等估值方法之所

> 有重要輸入數據屬可直 接或間接觀察數據

可觀察輸入數據)得出

Level 3: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which any inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

第三層: 按估值方法計量公平 值,而該等估值方法之任 何重要輸入數據並非依 據可觀察市場數據(不

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報告附註

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47. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (continued) 47. 公平值架構(續)

Assets measured at fair value:

按公平值列帳的財務資產:

Group	本集團
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As at 31 March 2011

於二零一一年三月三十一日

		Level 1 HK\$'000 第一層 千港元	Level 2 HK\$'000 第二層 千港元	Level 3 HK\$'000 第三層 千港元	Total HK\$'000 總額 千港元
Available-for-sale equity investments Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	可供出售投資 按公平值列賬及於損益 中處理之金融資產	1,120,098 -	- 497	-	1,120,098 497
		1,120,098	497	_	1,120,595
As at 31 March 2010			於二零一	一零年三月三·	
		Level 1 HK\$'000 第一層 千港元	Level 2 HK\$'000 第二層 千港元	Level 3 HK\$'000 第三層 千港元	Total HK\$'000 總額 千港元
Available-for-sale equity investments Financial assets at fair value	可供出售投資 按公平值列賬及於損益	1,200,105	-	-	1,200,105
through profit or loss	中處理之金融資產	-	489	8,270	8,759
		1,200,105	489	8,270	1,208,864

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31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

47. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (continued)

47. 公平值架構(續)

Assets measured at fair value: (continued)

資產按公平值計算:(續)

The movements in fair value measurements in Level 3 during the year are as follows:

於年內,第三層之公平值計量變動如下:

		2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: At beginning of year Total gains/(losses) recognised in the income statement included in other income/other	按公平值列賬及損益表中處理之 金融資產 於年初 於收益表之其他收益/ 其他營運支出確認之收益/ (虧損)總額	8,270	7,347
operating expenses Disposal	出售	(79) (8,191)	923 -
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	_	8,270

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value measurements (2010: Nil).

層之公平值計量中轉入或轉出(二零一零年:無)。

The Company did not have any financial assets measured at fair value as at 31 March 2011 and 31 March 2010.

於二零一一年三月三十一日及二零 一零年三月三十一日,本公司並沒 有任何按公平值計算之金融資產。

於年內,概無轉撥於任何第一層與第二層之公平值計量及並無從第三

Liability measured at fair value:

以公平值計算之負債:

Group

本集團

As at 31 March 2011

於二零一一年三月三十一日

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	第一層	第二層	第三層	總額
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Derivative financial instrument 金融產品衍生工具	_	669	_	669

The Group did not have any financial liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 March 2010.

於二零一零年三月三十一日,本集 團並沒有任何按公平值計算之金融 資產。

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise bank loans and overdrafts, interest-bearing loans and borrowings, and cash and bank balances. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade debtors and trade creditors, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and equity price risk. The board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings with floating interest rates. The effective interest rates and terms of repayment of the interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of the Group are disclosed in note 31. The Group has put in place interest rate swap arrangement for one of its floating rate term loans during the year to limit the variability in cash flows attributable to changes in interest rates. Details of the interest rate swap are disclosed in note 34.

48. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括銀行貸款及透支、附息貸款,以及現金及銀行結餘。該等金融工具之主要目的是為本集團業務籌集資金。本集團亦有多項直接於業務產生之其他金融資產及負債,例如貿易應收賬款及應付貿易賬款。

本集團金融工具涉及之主要風險為 利率風險、外匯風險、信貸風險、 流動資金風險及證券價格風險。董 事會審閱及同意管理該等風險之政 策,概述如下。

利率風險

本集團面對之市場利率變動風險主要涉及本集團按浮動利率計息之銀行及其他借貸。本集團之附息銀行借貸及其他借貸之有效利息及歸還條款載於附註31。本集團於本年度條款或於附註31。本集團於本年度代款因利率改變而改變現金流。利率交換之詳情載於財務報告附註34。

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Interest rate risk (continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings). There is no impact on the Group's equity, except on the retained profits.

48. 財務風險管理目標及政策

利率風險(續)

下表顯示在其他可變因素維持不變之情況下,可能的合理利率變動對本集團除稅前溢利(透過浮動利率借貸之影響)對本集團之股本並沒有影響,保留溢利除外。

Group

		本集團		
		Increase/ (decrease) in basis points	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax HK\$'000 增加/	
		増加/(減少)基點	(減少) 除稅前溢利 千港元	
2011	二零一一年			
Hong Kong dollar	港元	50	(4,541)	
Hong Kong dollar	港元	100	(9,082)	
Hong Kong dollar	港元	(50)	4,541	
Hong Kong dollar	港元	(100)	9,082	
2010	二零一零年			
Hong Kong dollar	港元	50	(3,526)	
Hong Kong dollar	港元	100	(7,051)	
Hong Kong dollar	港元	(50)	3,526	
Hong Kong dollar	港元	(100)	7,051	

Foreign currency risk

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong and Mainland China with most of the Group's monetary assets, liabilities and transactions principally denominated in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi, respectively. Majority of the sales, purchases and expenditure incurred by the operating units of the Group were denominated in the units' functional currency and as a result, the Group does not anticipate significant transactional currency exposures. The Group has not used any derivative to hedge its exposure to foreign currency risk.

外幣風險

本集團主要營運在香港及中國大陸 而本集團貨幣資產,負債及交易主 要以港元及人民幣計值。集團營運 單位產生之銷售、採購及支出以該 營運單位之功能貨幣計值。本集團 並沒有採用任何衍生工具對沖外幣 風險。

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk. The credit risk of the Group's financial assets, which comprise cash and bank balances, time deposits, an other receivable, debtors and deposits, amounts due from a director and non-controlling shareholders, amounts due from associates, and quoted and unquoted financial instruments, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to maintain sufficient cash and cash equivalents and have available funding through bank and other borrowings to meet its working capital requirements.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

Group

48. 財務風險管理目標及政策

信貸風險

集團並無重大信用集中的風險。本集團其他金融資產(其中包括現金 及銀行結存、定期存款、其他應數款、應收賬款及按金、應收一名董事 及非控股股東,應收聯營公司及金 融工具)及因對手方違約而產生信貸 風險,其上限相等於該等工具的賬 面值。

流動資金風險

本集團之政策是維持充足現金及現金等值之項目,及透過銀行貸款及 其他借貸以滿足本集團營運資金之 需求。

下表為本集團於報告期末的金融負債,以合約未折現付款計算的到期情況:

本集團

		2011 二零一一年			
		Within		0	
		1 year or on demand	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		一年以下 或於要求時	一年以上 至五年以下	五年以上	總計
		美術要不同 千港元	千港元	五十次工 千港元	千港元
	*/ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				
Due to a jointly-controlled entity	應付共同控制實體款項 應付 整次 司 款 項	612	_	_	612
Due to associates Trade creditors	應付聯營公司款項 應付貿易賬款	3,778 75,207	_	_	3,778 75,207
Financial liabilities included in sundry creditors, accruals and	計入其他應付賬款、 應計費用及	75,207			73,207
deposits received	已收按金之金融負債	133,663	3,573	2,311	139,547
Due to directors	應付董事	2,362	37,522	-	39,884
Due to non-controlling shareholders Interest-bearing bank and	應付非控股股東 附息銀行及其他借貸	11,566	49,126	_	60,692
other borrowings (note) Interest payments on interest-bearing bank and	(附註) 附息銀行及其他借貸之 利息支付	541,080	356,385	13,039	910,504
other borrowings	13/0/2/13	26,932	51,316	5,765	84,013
Finance lease payables	應付融資租約	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial instrument Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted	金融產品之衍生工具 就購買物業一方獲銀行 信貸而作出擔保	-	669	-	669
to property purchasers		117,642	_	_	117,642
		912,842	498,591	21,115	1,432,548

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48. 財務風險管理目標及政策

Liquidity risk (continued)

流動資金風險(續)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows: (continued)

下表為本公司於報告期末的金融負債,以合約未折現付款計算的到期情況:(續)

Group 本集團

		2010 (Restated) 二零一零年 (經重列)				
		Within	()	-/ 1/		
		1 year or	1 to 5	Over		
		on demand	years	5 years	Total	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		一年以下	一年以上	111(\$ 000	11114 000	
		或於要求時	至五年以下	五年以上	總計	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
		17878		17870		
Due to a jointly-controlled entity	應付共同控制實體款項	612	_	_	612	
Due to associates	應付聯營公司款項	3,515	_	_	3,515	
Trade creditors	應付貿易賬款	51,495	_	_	51,495	
Financial liabilities included in sundry creditors, accruals and	計入其他應付賬款、應計費用及	31,433			31,433	
deposits received	已收按金之金融負債	75,662	5,647	_	81,309	
Due to directors	應付董事	17,874	63,151	_	81,025	
Due to non-controlling shareholders	應付非控股股東	9,436	37,653	_	47,089	
Interest-bearing bank and	附息銀行及其他借貸(附註)	,	,		,	
other borrowings (note)		483,278	184,927	36,673	704,878	
Interest payments on interest-bearing bank and other	附息銀行及其他借貸之 利息支付	,	,	·	·	
borrowings		25,290	36,427	1,254	62,971	
Finance lease payables	應付融資租約	250	-	_	250	
Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted	就購買物業一方獲銀行信貸 而作出擔保					
to property purchasers		90,238	_	-	90,238	
		757,650	327,805	37,927	1,123,382	

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

Note: Included in interest-bearing bank and other borrowings are term loans with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$172,350,000 (2010: HK\$183,758,000). The loan agreements contain repayment on-demand clauses giving the banks the unconditional right to call in the loans at any time and therefore, for the purpose of the above maturity profile, the total amount is classified as "on demand".

Notwithstanding the above clause, the directors do not believe that the loans will be called in in its entirety within 12 months, and they consider that the loans will be repaid in accordance with the maturity dates as set out in the loan agreements. This evaluation was made considering: the financial position of the Group at the date of approval of the financial statements; the Group's compliance with the loan covenants; the lack of events of default, and the fact that the Group has made all previously scheduled repayments on time.

In accordance with the terms of the loans which contain repayment on-demand clauses, the maturity profile of those loans as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments and ignoring the effect of any repayment on-demand clauses, is as follows:

48. 財務風險管理目標及政策

(續)

流動資金風險(續)

附註:

附息之銀行及其他貸款中有總賬面值172,350,000港元之有限期貸款(二零一零年:183,758,000港元)。貸款協議包括一項一經要求即時還款條款,給予銀行無條件下隨時要求還款權利。因此以上貸款歸屬於即時到期類別。

雖然有以上條款,董事局並不認為該項貸款將於12個月內被要求認歸還。董事局並認該項貸款可根據其協議於到期日歸還。本集團在批准,財務狀況表當日作出評估,理據約天為:事實上,本集團一直按時履行還款協議。

跟據貸款協議包含一項一經要求即時還款條款的貸款,於報告期末,以 合約未折現付款計算及假設沒有要求即時還款條款的到期情況如下:

		Within 1 year HK\$'000	1 to 5 years HK\$'000 一年以上至	Total HK\$'000
		一年以下 千港元	五年以下 千港元	總計 千港元
As at 31 March 2011	於二零一一年三月三十一日	88,933	101,514	190,447
As at 31 March 2010	於二零一零年三月三十一日	101,863	95,874	197,737

The maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

下表為本公司於報告期末的金融負債,以合約未折現付款計算的到期情況:

Company

A:

本公司

		Within 1 year or on demand HK\$'000 一年以下或 於要求時 千港元	1 to 5 years HK\$'000 一年以上至 五年以下 千港元	Over 5 years HK\$'000 五年以上 千港元	Total HK\$'000 總計 千港元
Due to subsidiaries Financial liabilities included in sundry creditors, accruals and	應付附屬公司款項 計入其他應付賬款、 應計費用及	273,980	-	-	273,980
deposits received Due to directors Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities	已收按金之金融負債 應付董事 就附屬公司獲銀行信貸 而作出擔保	1,092 5,930	- 15,747	-	1,092 21,677
granted to subsidiaries	1111 F 111 12 1/1	884,149	_	_	884,149
		1,165,151	15,747	_	1,180,898

(續)

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES** (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows: (continued)

流動資金風險(續)

48. 財務風險管理目標及政策

下表為本公司於報告期末的金融負 債,以合約未折現付款計算的到期 情況:(續)

Company

本公司

		2010 二零一零年				
		Within 1 year	1 to 5	Over 5		
		or on demand HK\$'000 一年以下或	years HK\$'000 一年以上至	years HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	
		於要求時 千港元	五年以下 千港元	五年以上 千港元	總計千港元	
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	310,176	-	_	310,176	
Financial liabilities included in sundry creditors, accruals and	計入其他應付賬款、 應計費用及					
deposits received	已收按金之金融負債	1,221	_	-	1,221	
Due to directors Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted	應付董事 就附屬公司獲銀行信貸 而作出擔保	15,780	25,415	-	41,195	
to subsidiaries Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted	就購買物業一方獲銀行信貸 而作出擔保	632,538	-	-	632,538	
to property purchasers		1,473	_		1,473	
		961,188	25,415	-	986,603	

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair values of equity securities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the values of individual securities. The Group was exposed to equity price risk arising from equity investments classified as available-forsale investments (note 22) as at 31 March 2011. The Group's listed equity investments were listed on the Stock Exchange and were valued at quoted market price at the end of the reporting period.

The market equity index for the Stock Exchange, at the close of business of the nearest trading day in the year to the end of the reporting period, and the respective highest and lowest points during the year were as follows:

48. 財務風險管理目標及政策

股價風險

股本價格風險指因股票指數水平及個別證券價值之變動而導致股本證券之公平值下跌之風險。於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團所面對之股本價格風險乃來自列可供出售投資(附註22)。於報告期末,本集團之上市投資乃按交易所所報之市價估值。

根據交易所之證券指數,於本報告期末之最接近交易日中,及本年度期間之最高及最低指數如下:

			High/low		High/low
			during the		during the
			year ended		year ended
		31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
		2011	2011	2010	2010
			於二零一一年		於二零一零年
			三月三十一日		三月三十一日
		二零一一年	年結日期內	二零一零年	年結日期內
		三月三十一日	之高/低	三月三十一日	之高/低
Hong Kong – Hang Seng Index	香港 - 恒生指數	23,528	24,989/18,972	21,239	23,100/13,412

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to every 5% change in the fair values of the equity investment, with all other variables held constant and before any impact on tax, based on their carrying amounts at the end of the reporting period. For the purpose of this analysis, for the listed available-for-sale equity investments, the impact is deemed to be on the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve and no account is given for factors such as impairment which might impact on the income statement.

下表顯示所有變數保持不變及未計算任何稅項之影響下,根據股本投資於報告期末之賬面值,對股本投資之公平值每出現5%變動之敏感度。就本分析而言,可供出售上市股本投資,有關變動被視為將對可供出售投資重估儲備構成影響,而並無考慮其他如減值等可能影響收益表之因素。

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48. 財務風險管理目標及政策

Equity price risk (continued)

股價風險(續)

		Carrying amount of equity investment HK\$'000 股本投資	Increase/ decrease in equity* HK\$'000
		賬面值 千港元	股本增/減* 千港元
2011 Investments listed in Hong Kong –available-for-sale (note 22)	二零一一年 香港上市之可供出售 股本投資(附註22)	1,120,098	56,005
2010 Investments listed in Hong Kong –available-for-sale (note 22)	二零一零年 香港上市之可供出售 股本投資(附註22)	1,200,105	60,005
* Excluding retained profits	* 不包括保留利潤		

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2011 and 31 March 2010.

資本管理

本集團資本管理的首要目標,為確保本集團具備持續發展的能力,且維持穩健的資本比率,以支持其業務運作,爭取最大的股東價值。

本集團根據經濟情況的變動,管理 其資本結構並作出調整。為維持或 調整資本結構,本集團可能會向股 東派發股息、向股東派回資本或發 行新股。截至二零一一年及二零一 零年三月三十一日止年度內,並無 因資本管理更改其目標、政策或程 序。

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Capital management (continued)

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by the total capital plus net debt. Net debt includes trade creditors, sundry creditors, accruals and deposits received, amounts due to directors and non-controlling shareholders, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, finance lease payables and deposits received less cash and cash equivalents. Capital represents total equity. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

Group

48. 財務風險管理目標及政策

資本管理(續)

本集團以資本負債比率監控資本的情況。資本負債比率為淨負債除以總資本與淨負債之和。淨負債包括應付貿易賬款、其他應付賬款、應付董事、應付對安康、附息之銀行及其他質款及應付融資租約及已收按金,減去現金及現金等值項目。資本代表總股本值。於報告期末資本負債比率如下:

本集團

		Notes 附註	2011 HK\$'000 二零一一年 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 二零一零年 千港元
Trade creditors Sundry creditors, accruals and	應付貿易賬款 其他應付賬款、應計費用	30	75,207	51,495
deposits received Due to directors Due to non-controlling	及預收按金 應付董事 應付非控股股東		319,351 39,884	196,419 81,025
shareholders Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	附息之銀行及其他貸款	31	60,692 910,504	47,089 704,878
Finance lease payables Deposits received Less: Cash and cash equivalents	應付融資租約 預收賬款 減:現金及現金等值項目	32 29	5,884 (221,606)	245 5,647 (113,378)
Net debt Total equity	淨負債 總股本		1,189,916 3,457,089	973,420 3,293,177
Total equity and net debt	總股本及淨負債		4,647,005	4,266,597
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率		26%	23%

49. FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the financial statements approximated to their fair values at the end of the reporting period.

50. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

As further explained in note 2.2 to the financial statements, due to the adoption of new and revised HKFRSs during the current year, the accounting treatment and presentation of certain items and balances in the financial statements have been revised to comply with the new requirements. Accordingly, certain prior year adjustments have been made, certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation and accounting treatment, and a third statement of financial position as at 1 April 2009 has been presented.

During the year, certain comparative amounts have been restated to conform with the current year's presentation.

51. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30 June 2011.

49. 金融產品之公平值

本公司之董事局認為記錄於期未財 務報告之金融資產及金融負債大致 為其公平價值。

50. 比較金額

根據財務附註2.2,財務報告採用本年度新增及修訂之香港財務報告準則,會計處理方法及若干項目及餘額重新修訂。並根據若干往年調整。若干比較金額之重新分類以遵照本年度之財務報告呈列及會計處理方法。並重列2009年4月1日之財務狀況表。

於本年度,若干比較金額經重列以 遵照本期財務報表之呈列。

51. 財務報告之批准

財務報告已於二零一一年六月三十日經董事會批准並授權發佈。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

Particulars of the investment properties held by the Group as at 31 March 2011 are as follows:

於二零一一年三月三十一日本集團持有 的投資物業詳情如下:

Name/location	Tenure	Type	Approx. gross area (m²)	Effective % held	Stage of completion
			總面積約數	實際持有	·
名稱/地點	佔用性質	類別	(平方米)	百分比	完成階段
Hong Kong 香港					
Unit B, 26th Floor Wyler Centre, Phase II, 200 Tai Lin Pai Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories	Medium term lease	I	1,568#	100	Completed
新界葵涌 大連排道200號 偉倫中心第二期 26樓B室	中期租約	I			已落成
Ground Floor and Cockloft, 61 South Wall Road, Kowloon City, Kowloon	Medium term lease	С	87#	100	Completed
九龍九龍城城南道 61號地下及閣樓	中期租約	商			已落成
Unit No. G37, Ground Floor, Peninsula Centre, 67 Mody Road, Tsimshatsui East, Kowloon	Long term lease	С	77#	100	Completed
九龍尖沙咀東部麼地道 67號半島中心地下 G37號單位	長期租約	商			已落成
Tak Sing Alliance Building, 1/F-3/F, 15/F-18/F, 115 Chatham Road South, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon	Medium term lease	С	780#	100	Completed
九龍尖沙咀 漆咸道南115號 達成商業大廈 1樓至3樓、 15樓至18樓	中期租約	商			已落成

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

Particulars of the investment properties held by the Group as at 31 March 2011 are as follows: (continued)

於二零一一年三月三十一日本集團持有 的投資物業詳情如下:(續)

			Approx. gross area	Effective	Stage of
Name/location	Tenure	Type	(m²) 總面積約數	% held 實際持有	completion
名稱/地點	佔用性質	類別	(平方米)		完成階段
Hong Kong 香港					
15th Floor and Carparking Space No. 5, Young Ya Industrial Building, 381-389 Sha Tsui Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories	Medium term lease	I	2,594#	100	Completed
新界荃灣 沙咀道381-389號 榮亞工業大廈 15樓及 地下第5號泊車位	中期租約	I			已落成
Mainland China 中國大陸					
Units 9D-F, 10A-F, 22-C Man Wah Mansion,	Medium term lease	C/R	1,881#	100	Completed
Shenzhen Special Economic Zone 深圳經濟特區 文華大廈A座 9D-F, 10A-F, 22-C	中期租約	商/住			已落成
Carrianna Friendship Square, Junction Renmin Road South and Chunfeng Road, Shenzhen Special Economic Zone	Medium term lease	С	28,491#	72	Completed
深圳經濟特區 人民南路及春風路交界 佳寧娜友誼廣場	中期租約	商			已落成

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

Particulars of the investment properties held by the Group as at 31 March 2011 are as follows: (continued)

於二零一一年三月三十一日本集團持有 的投資物業詳情如下:(續)

			Approx. gross area	Effective	Stage of
Name/location	Tenure	Туре	(m²) 總面積約數	% held 實際持有	completion
名稱/地點	佔用性質	類別	(平方米)	百分比	完成階段
Mainland China 中國大陸					
A building at Shi Lien Road, Chiu Tien Industrial Park, Shi Lou Town, Panyu County, Guangdong Province	Leasehold	I	3,322#	100	Completed
位於廣東省 番禺縣 石樓鎮 潮田工業村 市蓮路之一座樓宇	有年期	I			已落成
A building at Gowtong Village, Panyu County, Guangdong Province	Leasehold	1	14,754#	100	Completed
位於廣東省 番禺縣 茭塘村之樓宇	有年期	I			已落成
Imperial Palace, Hong Yi Cun, Baoan South Road,	Long term lease	C/R	4,899#	80	Completed
Shenzhen 深圳經濟特區 保安南路 法一村 駿庭名園	長期租約	商/住			已落成
14 Zu Miao Road,	Leasehold	С	6,838#	100	Completed
Foshan Municipal 佛山市 祖廟路14號	有年期	商			已落成

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

Particulars of the properties held as property, plant and equipment by the Group as at 31 March 2011 are as follows:

於二零一一年三月三十一日本集團持有 作為物業、廠房及設備之物業詳情如下:

Name/location	Tenure Type		Approx. gross area (m²) 總面積約數	Effective % held 實際持有	_	
名稱/地點	佔用性質	類別	(平方米)	百分比	完成階段	
Hong Kong 香港						
Unit A, 26th Floor and Carparking Space Nos. 19, 20, 21, 22, 39 and 40 on 2nd Floor and Lorry Parking Space No. L21 on 1st Floor, Wyler Centre, Phase II, 200 Tai Lin Pai Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories	Leasehold	I	812#	100	Completed	
新界葵涌 大連排道200 號 偉倫中心第二期 26樓A室及2樓第19號、 20號、21號、22號、 39號、40號車位及 1樓L-21號貨車泊車位	有年期	I			已落成	

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

Particulars of the properties held as property, plant and equipment by the Group as at 31 March 2011 are as follows: (continued)

於二零一一年三月三十一日本集團持有 作為物業、廠房及設備之物業詳情如下: (續)

Name/location	Tenure	Туре	Approx. gross area (m²) 總面積約數		Stage of completion
名稱/地點	佔用性質	類別	(平方米)	百分比	完成階段
Mainland China 中國大陸					
Nos. 2-6, 5/F, Carrianna Friendship Square, Junction Renmin Road South and Chunfeng Road, Shenzhen Special Economic Zone	Leasehold	С	1,922#	100	Completed
深圳經濟特區 人民南路及 春風路交界 佳寧娜友誼廣場 五樓2-6號	有年期	商			已落成
2 Zishan Road, Yiyang Municipal	Leasehold	С	34,490#	100	Completed
益陽市梓山路2號	有年期	商			已落成
14 Zu Miao Road,	Leasehold	С	12,954#	100	Completed
Foshan Municipal 佛山市 祖廟路14號	有年期	商			已落成
Notes:			附註:		
Types of properties: I-Industrial, R-Resident # Gross floor area	tial, C-Commercial		物業類別:I-工業 # 總樓面面積	,R-住宅,C-	·商業

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

Particulars of the properties held for sales held by the Group as at 31 March 2011 are as follows:

Gross floor area

於二零一一年三月三十一日本集團持作 銷售物業詳情如下:

Name/location	Tenure	Туре	Approx. gross area (m²) 總面積約數	Effective % held 實際持有	Stage of completion
名稱/地點	佔用性質	類別	(平方米)	百分比	完成階段
Mainland China 中國大陸					
Carrianna Friendship Square, Junction Renmin Road South and Chunfeng Road, Shenzhen Special Economic Zone	Medium term lease	C/R	3,484#	72	Completed
深圳經濟特區 人民南路及春風路交界 佳寧娜友誼廣場	中期租約	商/住			已落成
Imperial Palace, Hong Yi Cun, Baoan South Road, Shenzhen	Long term lease	C/R	562#	80	Completed
深圳經濟特區 保安南路 駿庭名園	長期租約	商/住			已落成
Residential units and car parks of Grand Lake City, Yiyang Road, Hunan	Long term lease	C/R	32,052#	75	Completed
湖南益陽大道 梓山湖新城住宅及車位	長期租約	商/住			已落成
Shopping street of Grand Lake City, Yiyang Road, Hunan	Medium term lease	С	10,820#	75	Completed
湖南益陽大道 梓山湖新城商業街	中期租約	商			已落成
Notes:			附註:		
Types of properties: I-Industrial, R-Residential, C-Commercial			物業類別:I-工業,R-住宅,C-商業		

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總樓面面積

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

Particulars of the properties under development held by the Group as at 31 March 2011 are as follows:

於二零一一年三月三十一日本集團持有 發展中物業詳情如下:

Location	Use	Site area	Stage of completion	Effective % held 實際持有	•
地點	用途 土地面積 (m²) (平方米)		完成階段	百分比	預計完成日期
Mainland China 中國大陸					
Chaoyang Road to the north, Zishanhu to the south, Yiyang 益陽市朝陽路以南,梓山湖以北	Commercial/ residential 商業/住宅	29,997	Foundation work in progress 地基工程進行中	72.5	N/A
Zishancun Reservoir to the east, Yiyang Road to the north, Yiyang 益陽市梓山村水庫西側, 益陽大道南側	Commercial/ residential 商業/住宅	103,584	Foundation work in progress 地基工程進行中	72.5	N/A
Tuanyuan Road to the east, Yiyang 益陽市團圓路西側	Commercial/ residential 商業/住宅	318,709	Design work in progress 設計工作進行中	72.5	N/A
Yangwuling Village, Luciqiao Village, Yiyang 益陽市羊舞岭村,鸕鷀橋村	Commercial/ residential 商業/住宅	120,040	Design work in progress 設計工作進行中	72.5	N/A
East of Xin Guang Road/South of Da Gang Road B section Lin Gang Industrial Area, Lianyungang Eco & Tech Development Zone, Lianyungang	Commercial/ residential	105,916	Foundation work in progress	72	N/A
連雲港開發區臨港產業區新光路 東大港路南B段	商業/住宅		地基工程進行中		
East of Xin Guang Road/South of Da Gang Road F section Lin Gang Industrial Area, Lianyungang Eco & Tech Development Zone, Lianyungang	Commercial/ residential	77,757	Foundation work in progress	72	N/A
連雲港開發區臨港產業區新光路 東大港路南F段	商業/住宅		地基工程進行中		

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

Particulars of the properties under development held by the Group as at 31 March 2011 are as follows: (continued)

於二零一一年三月三十一日本集團持有發展中物業詳情如下:(續)

Location	Use	Site area	Stage of completion	Effective % held 實際持有	Expected completion date
地點	用途	土地面積 (m²) (平方米)	完成階段	百分比	預計完成日期
East of Xin Guang Road/South of Da Gang Road C section Lin Gang Industrial Area, Lianyungang Eco & Tech Development Zone, Lianyungang	Commercial/ residential	130,846	Foundation work in progress	72	N/A
連雲港開發區臨港產業區新光路 東大港路南C段	商業/住宅		地基工程進行中		
East of Xin Guang Road/South of Da Gang Road E section Lin Gang Industrial Area, Lianyungang Eco & Tech Development Zone, Lianyungang	Commercial/ residential	93,643	Foundation work in progress	72	N/A
連雲港開發區臨港產業區新光路 東大港路南E段	商業/住宅		地基工程進行中		
East of Xin Guang Road/South of Da Gang Road G section Lin Gang Industrial Area, Lianyungang Eco & Tech Development Zone, Lianyungang	Commercial/ residential	122,577	Foundation work in progress	72	N/A
連雲港開發區臨港產業區新光路 東大港路南G段	商業/住宅		地基工程進行中		
East of Xin Guang Road/South of Da Gang Road H section Lin Gang Industrial Area, Lianyungang Eco & Tech Development Zone, Lianyungang	Commercial/ residential	83,618	Foundation work in progress	72	N/A
連雲港開發區臨港產業區新光路 東大港路南H段	商業/住宅		地基工程進行中		

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an annual general meeting of Tak Sing Alliance Holdings Limited (the "Company") will be held at Carrianna (Chiu Chow) Restaurant, 1st Floor, 151 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong on Monday, 29 August 2011 at 11:00 a.m. for the following purposes:

- 1. To receive and consider the audited financial statements and the reports of the directors of the Company (the "Directors") and of the auditors of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2011.
- 2. To declare a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2011.
- 3. To re-elect Directors and to authorise the board of Directors to fix the Directors' remuneration.
- 4. To re-appoint the auditors of the Company and to authorise the board of Directors to fix their remuneration.
- 5. As special business, to consider and, if thought fit, pass with or without amendments, the following resolutions as ordinary resolutions:

ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS

A. "THAT

- (a) Subject to paragraph (b) below, the exercise by the Directors during the Relevant Period of all the powers of the Company to purchase issued shares of HK\$0.10 each in the capital of the Company, subject to and in accordance with the applicable laws and the requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited as amended from time to time be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
- (b) the aggregate nominal amount of shares to be purchased pursuant to the approval in paragraph (a) above shall not exceed 10% of the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of the Company in issue on the date of this resolution, and the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and

茲通告達成集團(「本公司」)謹訂於二零 一一年八月二十九日(星期一)上午十一 時正假座香港灣仔告士打道151號一樓佳 寧娜(潮州)酒樓召開本公司股東週年大 會以討論下列事項:

- 1. 省覽截至二零一一年三月三十一日 止年度之經審核財務報表及董事會 報告及核數師報告。
- 2. 宣派截至二零一一年三月三十一日 止年度之末期股息。
- 3. 重新選舉董事,並授權董事會釐定 董事之酬金。
- 4. 重新委任核數師,並授權董事會釐 定其酬金。
- 5. 作為特別事項考慮並酌情通過(無 論有否修訂)下列決議案為普通決議 案:

普通決議案

A. 「動議:

- (b) 根據上文(a)段之批准所 購回之股份面值總額,須 不超過本決議案通過日期 之已發行股本面值總額之 10%,而上述批准亦須受 此數額限制;及

- (c) for the purpose of this resolution, "Relevant Period" means the period from the date of passing of this resolution until whichever is the earlier of:
 - the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
 - (ii) the revocation or variation of the authority given under this resolution by ordinary resolution of the shareholders in general meeting; and
 - (iii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the Bye-laws of the Company or the laws of Bermuda to be held.".

B. "THAT

- (a) subject to sub-paragraph (c) of this resolution, the exercise by the Directors during the Relevant Period (as hereinafter defined) of all the powers of the Company to allot, issue or otherwise deal with additional shares of the Company and to make or grant offers, agreements and options which might require the exercise of such powers be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
- (b) the approval in sub-paragraph (a) of this resolution shall authorise the Directors during the Relevant Period to make or grant offers, agreements and options which might require the exercise of such power after the end of the Relevant Period;
- (c) the aggregate nominal amount of share capital allotted or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be allotted (whether pursuant to an option or otherwise) by the Directors pursuant to the approval in subparagraph (a) of this resolution, otherwise than pursuant to:
 - (i) a Rights Issue (as hereinafter defined);

- (c) 就本決議案而言,「有關期間」乃指由本決議案通過之日至下列任何一項較早發生之日期止之期間:
 - (i) 本公司下屆股東週年 大會結束時;
 - (ii) 本決議案授出之權力 經由股東在股東大會 通過普通決議案予以 撤銷或修訂之日:及
 - (iii) 本公司之公司細則或 百慕達法例規定本公 司須舉行下屆股東週 年大會期限屆滿之 日。|。

B. 「動議:

- (a) 在決議案(c)分段之限制下,一般及無條件批准董事在有關期間內(定義見下文)行使本公司所有權力以配發、發行或處理本公司之額外股份,及作出或授予可能需要行使該等權力之建議、協議及購股權;
- (b) 本決議案(a)分段之批准將 授權董事在有關期間內作 出或授予可能須於有關期 間結束後行使該等權力之 建議、協議及購股權:
- (c) 董事根據本決議案(a)分段 之批准配發或同意有條件 或無條件配發(不論是否 根據購股權或其他方式) 之股本面值總額,惟根據 下列方式發行者除外:
 - (i) 配售新股(定義見下 文);

- (ii) the exercise of any option scheme or similar arrangement for the time being adopted for the grant or issue to officers and/or employees of the Company and/ or any of its subsidiaries of shares or rights to acquire shares of the Company; and
- (iii) any scrip dividend or similar arrangement providing for the allotment of shares in lieu of the whole or part of a dividend on shares of the Company in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company;

shall not exceed 20% of the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of the Company in issue at the date of the passing of this resolution, and the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and

- (d) for the purpose of this resolution, "Relevant Period" means the period from the passing of this resolution until whichever is the earlier of:
 - (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
 - (ii) the revocation or variation of the authority given under this resolution by ordinary resolution of the shareholders in general meeting; and
 - (iii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the Bye-laws of the Company or the laws of Bermuda to be held.":

"Rights Issue" means an offer of shares in the Company open for a period fixed by the Directors to holders of shares of the Company whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on a fixed record date in proportion to their then holdings of such shares (subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Directors may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or having regards to any restrictions or obligations under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised body or any stock exchange, in any territory outside Hong Kong)."

- (ii) 行使當時採納之購股權計劃或類似安排,以向本公司及/或單員授出或發行股份或認購本公司股份之權利;及
- (iii) 根據本公司之公司細則配發股份以代替本公司股份之全部或部份股息之任何以股代息或類似安排;

不得超過於本決議案獲通 過當日本公司已發行股本 面值總額之20%,而上述 批准亦相應受此限制:及

- (d) 就本決議案而言,「有關期間」及指由本決議案通過當日至下列任何一項較早發生之日期止之期間:
 - (i) 本公司下屆股東週年 大會結束時;
 - (ii) 本決議案授出之權力 經由股東在股東大會 通過普通決議案予以 撤銷或修訂之日:及
 - (iii) 本公司之公司細則或 百慕達法例規定本 公司須舉行下屆股 東週年大會之期限屆 滿。|;

- C. "THAT conditional upon the passing of the ordinary resolutions no. 5A and 5B set out above, the general mandate granted to the Directors pursuant to resolution no. 5B be and is hereby extended by the addition thereto of an amount representing the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital repurchased by the Company under the authority granted in resolution no. 5A, provided that such amount shall not exceed 10% of the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of the Company in issue at the date of the passing of this resolution.".
- C. 「動議在以上第5A及第5B項普通決議案獲得通過之情況下,通決議案第5B項授予董事之一般性權力,擴大數額相當於本公司根據決議案第5A項之授權所購回之本公司股本面值總額;惟該數額不得超過本公司於本決議案通過當日之已發行股本面值總額之10%。」。

6. "**THAT**:

subject to and conditional upon the granting by the Listing Committee of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited of the listing of and permission to deal in the shares which may be issued pursuant to the exercise of option to be granted under the refreshed scheme mandate limit (the "Scheme Mandate Limit") under the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 10 October 2005, which entitles the Directors to grant options after the listing of Shares on the Stock Exchange, in the manner as set out in paragraph (a) of this resolution,

- (a) the refreshment of the Scheme Mandate Limit of up to 10 per cent. of the shares in issue as at the date of passing of this resolution be and is hereby approved; and
- (b) the Directors be and are hereby authorized to do all such acts and things and execute all such documents, including under seal where applicable, as they consider necessary or expedient to give effect to the foregoing arrangement."
- 7. To transact any other business.

By Order of the Board

Tak Sing Alliance Holdings Limited Ng Yan Kwong

Company Secretary

Hong Kong, 30 June 2011

6. 「動議:

待香港聯合交易所有限公司上市委員會批准因行使本公司於二零零五年十月十日採納之購股權計劃(財予董事於股份在聯交所上市後授出購股權之權力)項下經更新之計劃授權限額(「計劃授權限額」)按本決議案(a)段所載方式授出之購股權而可予發行之股份上市及買賣後,

- (a) 批准更新計劃授權限額為於本 決議案獲通過當日已發行股份 之10%;及
- (b) 授權董事作出彼等認為必要或權宜之一切行動及事宜以及簽立一切有關文件,包括加蓋公司印鑑(如適用),以使上述安排生效。
- 7. 處理其他事項。

承董事會命

達成集團

公司秘書

吳恩光

香港,二零一一年六月三十日

Notes:

- 1. For the purpose of ascertaining shareholders' right to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Monday, 29 August 2011, the Register of Members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 24 August 2011 to Monday, 29 August 2011, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order for a shareholder to be eligible to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Shares Registrars in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 26/F, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 23 August 2011.
- 2. For the purpose of ascertaining shareholders' entitlement to the proposed final dividend, the Register of Members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 28 September 2011 to Friday, 30 September 2011, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend (subject to shareholders' approval at the Annual General Meeting), all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Share Registrars in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 26/F, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 27 September 2011.
- 3. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote on his/her behalf. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. If more than one proxy is so appointed, the appointment shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such proxy is so appointed.
- 4. To be valid, a form of proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy of such power of attorney or authority, must be lodged with the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited at 26/F., Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the Meeting.
- 5. An explanatory statement containing further details regarding ordinary resolution No. 5 above will be sent to shareholders shortly together with the 2011 Annual Report.

附註:

- 1. 為確定股東有權出席將於二零一一年八月 二十九日(星期一)舉行之本公司股東週年 大會並於會上投票,本公司將於二零一一年八月二十四日(星期三)至二零一一年八月 二十九日(星期一),首尾兩天包括在內,暫 停辦理股份過戶登記手續。股東為符合資格 出席股東週年大會並於會上投票,請將過戶 表格連同有關股票最遲於二零一一年八月 二十三日(星期二)下午四時三十分前,送交 本公司之香港股份過戶登記處卓佳登捷時 跟公司於香港灣仔皇後大道東二十八號金鐘 匯中心二十六樓辦理過戶手續。
- 2. 為確定股東享有建議之末期股息,本公司將於二零一一年九月二十八日(星期三)至二零一一年九月三十日(星期五),首尾兩天包括在內,暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。為符合資格享有建議之末期股息(惟須待將於股東同年大會上獲股東批准),請將過戶表格連同有關股票最遲於二零一一年九月二十七日(星期二)下午四時三十分前,送交本公司之香港股份過戶登記處卓佳登捷時有限公司於香港灣仔皇后大道東二十八號金鐘匯中心二十六樓辦理過戶手續。
- 3. 凡有資格出席上述大會並於會上投票之股東,均有權委派一位或以上代表出席,並代其投票。受委代表毋須為本公司股東。惟若委派超過一名受委代表,則委任書上須列明每位受委代表所代表股份數目及類別。
- 4. 代表委任表格連同經簽署之授權書或其他授權文件(如有)或該等授權書或授權文件經由公證人簽署證明之副本並且最遲須於大會指定舉行時間前48小時一併交回香港皇后大道東28號金鐘匯中心26樓本公司在香港之股份過戶登記處卓佳登捷時有限公司,方為有效。
- 5. 載有關於上述第5項決議案其中詳情之説明 文件將於短期內連同二零一一年年報一併寄 予各股東。