

(Stock Code 股份代號: 643)

全 1 年度報告 Annual Report

We Carry quality apparel with A Wealth of Human Resources



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Corporate Profile 集團簡介

CARRY WEALTH HOLDINGS LIMITED

manufactures apparel products for internationally renowned brand names. The Group's production facilities are located in Mainland China.

Headquartered in Hong Kong, Carry Wealth Holdings Limited has been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong since 2000.

The Chinese name of the Company means "enduring prosperity". The Group is committed to maximizing the return of its shareholders for their ongoing support.

恒富控股有限公司為多個國際知名品牌生產成衣。 本集團的生產設施設於中國大陸。

恒富控股有限公司的總部設於香港[,]於二零零零年在香港聯合交易所主板上市。

本公司取名恒富,喻意「恒久富足」。本集團致力爭取最 佳回報,回饋一直鼎力支持本集團的股東們。

Corporate Information 公司資料

Executive Directors

Mr Li Haifeng (Chairman)

Mr Lee Sheng Kuang, James (Managing Director)

Mr Huang Xuxian, Flynn Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie

Mr Xiao Yong

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr Chen Zhongfa Mr Yau Wing Yiu Mr Zhang Feng

Audit Committee

Mr Yau Wing Yiu (Committee Chairman)

Mr Chen Zhongfa Mr Zhang Feng

Remuneration Committee

Mr Chen Zhongfa (Committee Chairman)

Mr Yau Wing Yiu Mr Zhang Feng

Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie

Nomination Committee

Mr Li Haifeng (Committee Chairman)

Mr Chen Zhongfa Mr Yan Wing Yiu Mr Zhang Feng

Company Secretary

Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers 22nd Floor, Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong

Principal Bankers

CITIC Bank International Limited Standard Chartered Bank

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Agent

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre, 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM 08, Bermuda

Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Agent in Hong Kong

Tricor Abacus Limited Level 25, Three Pacific Place 1 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

Registered Office

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

Head Office and Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong

2701, 27th Floor One Kowloon 1 Wang Yuen Street Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong Tel: (852) 2310 8180 Fax: (852) 2310 8797

Website

www.carrywealth.com

E-mail Address

info@carrywealth.com

Stock Code

643

執行董事

李海楓先生 (主席) 李勝光先生 (董事總經理) 黃旭新先生 鄧澤霖先生 肖勇先生

獨立非執行董事

陳忠發先生 邱永耀先生 張峰先生

審核委員會

邱永耀先生(*委員會主席)* 陳忠發先生 張峰先生

薪酬委員會

陳忠發先生(委員會主席) 邱永耀先生 張峰先生 鄧澤霖先生

提名委員會

李海楓先生(委員會主席) 陳忠發先生 邱永耀先生 張峰先生

公司秘書

鄧澤霖先生

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所香港中環 太子大廈22樓

主要往來銀行

中信銀行國際有限公司 渣打銀行

主要股份過戶登記處

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre, 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM 08, Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳雅柏勤有限公司 香港皇后大道東1號 太古廣場三座25樓

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

總辦事處及香港主要營業地點

香港九龍灣 宏遠街1號 「一號九龍」 27樓2701室

電話: (852) 2310 8180 傳真: (852) 2310 8797

網站

www.carrywealth.com

電子郵箱

info@carrywealth.com

股份代號

643

Information for Shareholders 股東須知

Results Announcement Date

Interim results

29 August 2011 (Monday)

Annual results

26 March 2012 (Monday)

Financial Calendar

Deadline for lodging share transfer documents for entitlement to attend and vote at Annual General Meeting

17 May 2012 (Thursday) at 4:00 p.m.

Closure of register of members

18 May 2012 (Friday) to 22 May 2012 (Tuesday)

Annual General Meeting

22 May 2012 (Tuesday) at 10:00 a.m.

Shareholder Enquiries

Any matters relating to your shareholding, such as transfer of shares, change of address, loss of share certificates, should be addressed to the Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Agent in Hong Kong, contact details of which are set out as follows:

Tricor Abacus Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2980 1333 Fax: (852) 2890 9350

業績公布日期

中期業績

二零一一年八月二十九日(星期一)

全年業績

二零一二年三月二十六日(星期一)

財務日誌

如欲有權出席股東週年大會並於會上投 票,遞交股份過戶文件之限期

二零一二年五月十七日(星期四) 下午四時正

暫停股份過戶登記

二零一二年五月十八日(星期五)至 二零一二年五月二十二日(星期二)

股東週年大會

二零一二年五月二十二日(星期二) 上午十時正

股東查詢

如有任何有關 閣下持有股份之事宜,包括股份過戶、更改地址、遺失股票等,敬請聯絡香港股份過戶登記分處,聯絡資料如下:

卓佳雅柏勤有限公司 香港皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓 電話: (852) 2980 1333

傳真: (852) 2890 9350

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務摘要

Results

業績

Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenues	收益	601,843	734,931	733,046	880,114	1,056,861
(Loss)/profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司權益 持有人應佔 (虧損)/溢利	(47,401)	(48,829)	(952)	(41,666)	48,536

Assets and liabilities

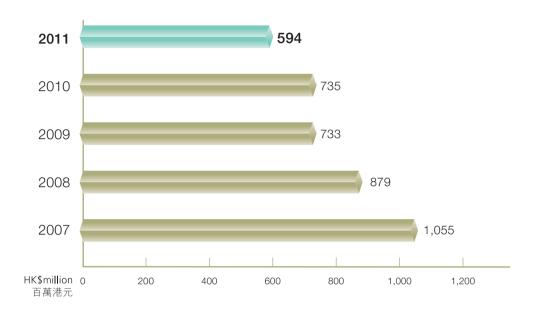
資產及負債

As at 31 December

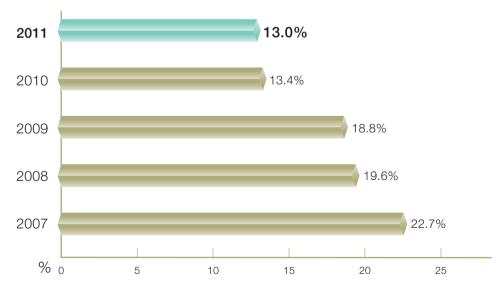
於十二月三十一日

		2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年	二零零八年	二零零七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Total assets	總資產	328,610	546,949	520,469	588,686	614,340
Total liabilities	總負債	(84,786)	(305,211)	(234,408)	(320,624)	(272,406)
Total equity	總權益	243,824	241,738	286,061	268,062	341,934

TURNOVER 營業額

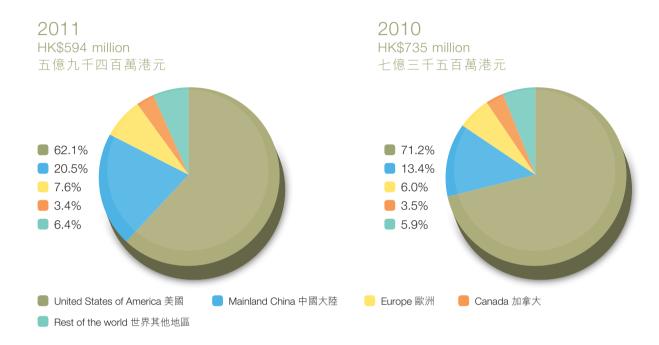


GROSS PROFIT MARGIN 毛利率

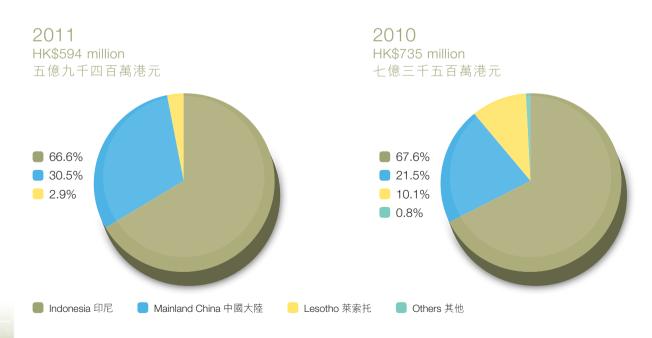


		2011	2010	Changes
		二零一一年 HK\$'000	二零一零年 HK\$'000	變化幅度
		千港元	千港元	
Operating regults	經營業績			
Operating results Revenues	松宮末線 	601,843	734,931	-18.1%
Gross profit	毛利	78,531	98,171	-20.0%
Loss attributable to equity holders of	_ · ·	70,001	50,171	20.070
the Company	應佔虧損	(47,401)	(48,829)	-2.9%
Financial position at year end	於年終之財務狀況			
Properties, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	123,524	140,558	-12.1%
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	111,748	74,554	49.9%
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	120,440	48,951	146.0%
Total assets	總資產	328,610	546,949	-39.9%
Bank borrowings	銀行貸款	35,154	144,564	-75.7%
Total liabilities	總負債	84,786	305,211	-72.2%
Capital and reserves attributable to	本公司權益持有人	,	,	
the Company's equity holders	應佔之資本及儲備	243,657	236,061	3.2%
Per share information	每股資料			
Basic and diluted loss per share	每股基本及攤薄虧損			
(Hong Kong cents)	(港仙)	(11.74)	(13.13)	-10.6%
Capital and reserves attributable to	每股由本公司權益持有人	, ,	,	
the Company's equity holders per				
share (Hong Kong cents)	(港仙)	54.6	63.5	-14.0%
Ratio analysis	比率分析			
Profitability	盈利水平			
Gross profit margin	毛利率	13.0%	13.4%	-0.4%
Net profit margin	純利率	-7.9%	-6.6%	-1.3%
Return on the Company's equity	本公司權益持有人			
holders	資金回報	-19.5%	-20.7%	1.2%
Liquidity	流動狀況			
Current ratio	流動比率	2.7	1.2	125%
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	-31.4%	29.7%	-61.1%
Operating efficiency	經營效益			
Inventory turnover period (days)	存貨周轉(日數)	44	61	-27.9%
Trade receivable turnover (days)	貿易應收款項周轉(日數)	39	48	-18.8%
Trade payable turnover (days)	貿易應付款項周轉(日數)	34	46	-26.1%
\ 1-1		-	-	

TURNOVER BY LOCATION OF CUSTOMERS 按客戶所在地之營業額



TURNOVER BY PRODUCTION BASES 按生產地分類之營業額



Chairman's Statement 主席報告

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company, I am pleased to present to our shareholders the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2011.

本人謹代表本公司董事會(「董事會」), 欣然向本公司股東提呈本公司及其附屬 公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一一年 十二月三十一日止年度之年度報告。

During 2011, the Group experienced the most difficult year in its history. The economies of the US and the countries of Europe continued to struggle and markets were rife with fears of new setbacks, debt defaults and the possibility of a double-dip recession in those regions. Amidst the challenging business environment, the Group's revenues for the year ended 31 December 2011 were down by 18.1% to HK\$601.8 million. Fierce price competition for orders from the Group's customers and rising production costs continuously eroded the Group's profit margin. The Group recorded a loss attributable to equity holders of HK\$47.4 million and a basic loss per share of 11.74 HK cents for the year under review.

二零一一年乃本集團經營多年中最為艱辛之一年。美國及歐洲國家經濟情況仍然嚴峻,而市場亦憂慮該等地區。衰退新的問題、債務違約以至雙底衰退在此艱難的營商環境,本集團於截至一年十二月三十一日止年度之收。不是團客戶訂單激烈的價格競爭,加上本集團於回顧年度錄得權益持有人應虧損四千七百四十萬港元及每股基本虧損四千七百四十萬港元及每股基本虧損11.74港仙。

Despite two rounds of quantitative easing by the US Federal Reserve, the US economic recovery failed to gain steam for most of the year. Due to the high unemployment rate, the sovereign debt crisis in Europe, the partisan fight in Washington over the federal debt ceiling and the decision by Standard & Poor's to downgrade the US government's AAA rating, trading conditions in the US deteriorated in the latter part of the year 2011. As a result, the Group saw a significant shrinkage of orders from its long-standing US customers. The reduction of orders and the subsequently expected further squeeze on profit margins exacerbated by increasing production costs, spurred the Board to cease the operation of the Group's factories in Indonesia with export solely for US customers in the last guarter of year 2011. The Group also disposed of its 70% interests in the factory in Lesotho to its minority shareholder because of slack US orders. The cessation and disposal have proved effective on staunching the financial bleeding suffered by maintaining these operations. The Group expects the weak trend in export markets to continue.

儘管美國聯邦儲備局已推行兩次量化寬 鬆措施,惟美國經濟復甦全年仍缺乏動 力。由於失業率高企、歐洲爆發主權債務 危機、華府就聯邦債務上限爆發黨派鬥爭 以及標準普爾決定調低美國政府之AAA 評級,故美國貿易狀況於二零一一年下半 年有所惡化。亦因此,本集團來自美國長 期客戶之訂單大幅減少。由於本集團的印 尼廠房僅出口予美國客戶,隨着訂單減 少,加上預計生產成本上升將進一步加快 邊際利潤縮減的速度,董事會於二零一一 年最後一季落實停止經營該廠房。鑑於美 國訂單疏落,本集團亦已出售其於萊索托 廠房之70%權益予少數股東。廠房的停止 經營及出售已漸取得成效,並成功抑止經 營該等業務之財務損失。本集團預期,出 口市場將繼續保持弱勢。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Mainland China is not immune to the euro zone crisis risk. The rapid growth of its economy is slowing and manufacturers are hindered by a shortage of skilled labour, rising labour costs and appreciation of the Renminbi. Nonetheless, it is comparatively a more stable market offering great growth potential. One of the main objectives of the Twelfth Five-Year Plan is to redirect Mainland China's economic growth to be fuelled more by domestic consumption and less by exports and investment and therefore to be more balanced and sustainable. Accelerated urbanisation and rising disposal incomes should reinforce domestic consumption as the main driving force for economic growth in Mainland China.

面對歐元區危機風險,中國大陸市場亦不能倖免。中國大陸急速的經濟增長正在放緩,生產商受熟練勞工短缺、勞工成本上升及人民幣升值拖累。然而,中國大陸相對穩定,發展潛力雄厚。「第十二個五年計劃」主要目標之一為調整中國大經濟增長方向,加大力度推動內銷,減可整經濟增長方向,加大力度推動內銷,可支經續發展之經濟。城市化速度加快及可支配收入增加應可強化內銷作為中國大陸經濟增長火車頭之角色。

During the year, the Group completed a placement of 74,300,000 shares, raising net proceeds of HK\$48.3 million. In addition, a good opportunity arose whereby the Group successfully realised its investment in ShanDong WeiQiao HengFu Textile Limited, an associate engaged in knitting, dyeing and finishing of knitted fabrics. As a result, the Group has further strengthened its liquidity position and financial resources. Looking ahead, the Group shall continue to rationalise its resources and strive to refocus, while exploring and seizing business opportunities with high potential growth in Mainland China. Through this strategic approach, the Group's aims to broaden its income base and create greater value to its shareholders.

於本年度,本集團完成配售74,300,000股股份,所得款項淨額為四千八百三十萬港元。此外,本集團把握良機,成功變現其於從事織造、染色及製成針織布業務之聯營公司山東魏橋恒富針織印染有限公共資。因此,本集團得以進一步強化,流動資金狀況及財務資源。展望將來,本集團一方面將繼續改善資源調配,同高高數十五五百機。本集團期待憑藉此策略損大收入基礎及為股東創造更高價值。

Lastly, I would like to take this opportunity to express my heartfelt thanks and appreciation to my fellow directors and all our staff for their dedication and commitment in helping the Group to overcome the challenges encountered during last year. On behalf the Board, I would also like to thank our shareholders, customers, vendors and business partners for their unfailing trust in and support for the Group over the years.

最後,本人謹藉此機會,衷心感謝及感激董事仝人及全體員工竭盡所能、盡忠職守,協助本集團克服年內重重挑戰。本人謹代表董事會感謝各股東、客戶、供應商及業務夥伴對本集團多年來之信賴及支持。

Li Haifeng Chairman

26 March 2012

主席 李海楓

二零一二年三月二十六日

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

RESULTS AND BUSINESS REVIEW

For the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group's revenues amounted to HK\$601.8 million (2010: HK\$734.9 million) and its gross profit was HK\$78.5 million (2010: HK\$98.2 million). Loss attributable to equity holders was HK\$47.4 million (2010: HK\$48.8 million) and basic loss per share was 11.74 HK cents for the year under review (2010: 13.13 HK cents).

In the year under review, buffeted by financial turbulence, the global economic recovery was progressed slowly and erratically. The ongoing European sovereign debt crisis and the unprecedented downgrade of the US credit rating from AAA to AA+ by Standard and Poor's have seriously dampened customers' confidence. The economic woes and unfavourable consumer sentiment have adversely affected the apparel industry as retail customers are also more closely watching their budgets. Against this backdrop, the Group experienced a severe deterioration in US sales orders during the second half of 2011. Turnover of the Group plummeted by 19.1% to HK\$594.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2011 compared with the previous year. As a result of keener competition in securing orders from US customers and rising production costs the Group's gross profit slid by 20.0% to HK\$78.5 million (2010: HK\$98.2 million).

To meet the challenges presented by the impact of the difficult economic environment on our markets, the Group has taken immediate steps to staunch its financial bleeding and aimed at bolstering its overall competitiveness in the long run. In light of the dramatical reduction of orders from its US customers of long-standing, its factories in Indonesia were forced to cease operations in the fourth quarter of 2011. Certain underperforming subsidiaries and associates were also disposed of during the year. Noteworthy here is the realisation of the Group's associate interest in ShanDong WeiQiao HengFu Textile Limited, a knitted fabric mill, and the disposal of the Group's factory in Lesotho, as both have been operating at a loss during recent years. All disposal gains on the Group's interests in subsidiaries and associates were included in other gains-net. Through a series of operational streamlining and stringent cost control measures, the ratio of selling expenses to revenues fell from 4.9% to 3.9% and administrative expenses decreased by 14.8% to HK\$100.0 million.

業績及業務回顧

本集團截至二零一一年十二月三十一 日止年度之收益為六億零一百八十萬 港元(二零一零年:七億三千四百九十 萬港元),而其毛利為七千八百五十萬 港元(二零一零年:九千八百二十萬港 元)。回顧年度內之權益持有人應佔虧損 為四千七百四十萬港元(二零一零年: 四千八百八十萬港元),每股基本虧損為 11.74港仙(二零一零年:13.13港仙)。

於回顧年度內,在金融危機的衝擊下,全 球經濟復甦步伐極為緩慢且不穩定。歐洲 主權債務危機持續,標準普爾史無前例地 將美國之信貸評級由AAA級下調至AA+ 級,種種因素均重挫消費者的信心。由於 經濟低迷及消費者情緒欠佳,零售業消費 者更加量入為出,嚴重影響服裝業。於此 等環境下,本集團於二零一一年下半年的 美國訂單大幅倒退。本集團截至二零一一 年十二月三十一日止年度之營業額較去 年急挫19.1%至五億九千四百二十萬港 元。由於爭取美國客戶之訂單競爭越趨激 烈及生產成本不斷上升,本集團毛利下滑 20.0%至七千八百五十萬港元(二零一零 年:九千八百二十萬港元)。

為應付經濟不景對本集團之市場帶來之 挑戰,本集團已採取即時措施堵塞財務缺 口,務求長遠鞏固整體的競爭力。鑑於來 自美國的長期客戶訂單驟減,本集團位於 印尼的廠房於二零一一年第四季被逼終 止營運。此外,若干表現未如理想之附屬 公司及聯營公司亦已於年內出售。當中 變賣本集團於山東魏橋恒富針織印染有 限公司(一家針織布料廠)之聯營公司權 益,以及出售本集團之萊索托廠房尤其值 得關注,皆因兩者近年一直錄得虧損。出 售本集團於附屬公司及聯營公司之權益 所帶來的全部收益已計入其他收益-淨 額。本集團通過實施一系列精簡業務及嚴 格成本控制措施,使銷售開支對收益之比 率由4.9%回落至3.9%及使行政開支減少 14.8%至一億港元。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Segmental Analysis

In the year under review, the US economy remained weak, thus our US customers were cost conservative in the face of consumer budget constraints. They tended to place smaller orders while competition was intensified, leading to a significant drop in turnover for the US segment. In the year under review, the US segment accounted for 62.1% of the Group's total turnover. Overall turnover from US segment significantly dropped by 29.5% compared with the previous year and resulted in an adjusted operating loss of HK\$16.5 million (2010: adjusted operating profit of HK\$9.7 million).

With a relatively stable and a continuous economic growth trend in the Mainland China as well as rapidly increasing disposable income and a vigorously expanding consumer retail sector, turnover rose by 23.4% compared with last year and accounted for 20.5% of the Group's total turnover. The adjusted operating profit for Mainland China was HK\$6.5 million (2010: adjusted operating loss of HK\$6.0 million).

Turnover from Europe and Canada accounted for 7.6% and 3.4% of the Group's total turnover respectively. The respective adjusted operating losses were HK\$1.6 million for the Europe segment and HK\$1.0 million for the Canada segment. The unfavourable economic climate, especially in Europe, contributed to this lackluster performance.

Indonesia

Owing to the substantial decline in US orders, the Group's factories in Indonesia have ceased operations since the last quarter of 2011. During the year under review, turnover from the Group's production base in Indonesia dropped accordingly and accounted for 66.6% (2010: 67.6%) of the Group's total turnover.

Mainland China

The factory in Heshan, Mainland China accounted for 30.5% (2010: 21.5%) of the Group's total turnover for the review year. Due to further enhancement in production efficiency, the factory's performance improved and accounted for a substantially larger portion of the Group's total turnover.

分部分析

於回顧年度內,美國經濟仍然疲弱。因此本集團之美國客戶在面對消費者開支收緊的情況下,控制成本方面轉趨保守。在競爭加劇之環境下客戶傾向減少訂單度,導致美國分部之營業額顯著下跌。於回顧年度內,美國分部佔本集團總營業額較去年大幅減少29.5%,因此錄得經調整經營虧損一千六百五十萬港元(二零一零年:經調整經營溢利九百七十萬港元)。

中國大陸之經濟走勢相對下較穩定並維持增長,加上可支配收入急升,消費者零售市場高速膨脹,營業額較去年上升23.4%,佔本集團總營業額20.5%。中國大陸之經調整經營溢利為六百五十萬港元(二零一零年:經調整經營虧損六百萬港元)。

來自歐洲及加拿大之營業額分別佔本集團總營業額7.6%及3.4%。歐洲分部及加拿大分部各自之經調整經營虧損為一百六十萬港元及一百萬港元。經濟氣候不穩(歐洲尤甚)導致此分部表現失色。

印尼

由於美國訂單驟減,本集團位於印尼之廠 房已於二零一一年最後一季終止營運。於 回顧年度內,本集團印尼生產基地之營業 額亦相應下滑,佔本集團總營業額66.6% (二零一零年:67.6%)。

中國大陸

位於中國大陸鶴山市之廠房之營業額於 回顧年度佔本集團總營業額30.5%(二零一零年:21.5%)。由於該廠房已進一步 提升生產效率,故業績已有所改善,佔本 集團總營業額之比重亦明顯增加。

Lesotho

The output of the knit factory in Lesotho accounted for 2.9% (2010: 10.1%) of the Group's total turnover for the review vear. To enhance the Group's overall competitiveness, the Lesotho factory was disposed of to its minority shareholder near the end of the year.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

Adhering to a conservative financial management system, the Group continued to maintain a healthy liquidity position. During the year, to further strengthen its liquidity and financial resources, the Group completed a placement of 74,300,000 shares which raised net proceeds of HK\$48.3 million. As at 31 December 2011, the Group's cash and bank deposits totalled HK\$123.5 million (31 December 2010: HK\$105.7 million). Working capital represented by net current assets amounted to HK\$120.4 million (31 December 2010: HK\$49.0 million). The Group's current ratio was 2.7 (31 December 2010: 1.2).

Bank borrowings included trust receipt loans amounting to HK\$4.4 million (31 December 2010: HK\$73.3 million) and term loans amounting to HK\$30.8 million (31 December 2010: HK\$71.3 million). The bank loans were denominated in either RMB or US dollars. As at 31 December 2011, the gearing ratio of the Group, which is calculated as net debt (total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents) divided by capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders, was -31.4% (31 December 2010: 29.7%).

萊索托

萊索托針織廠房之生產於回顧年度佔 本集團總營業額2.9%(二零一零年: 10.1%)。為提升本集團整體競爭力,萊 索托廠房已於年底出售予其少數股東。

流動資金及財務資源

本集團秉持審慎之財務管理系統,得以繼 續保持健全之資金流動狀況。於年內,本 集團為進一步加強其流動資金及財務資 源,已完成配售74,300,000股股份,籌集 所得款項淨額四千八百三十萬港元。於二 零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團之現金 及銀行存款合共為一億二千三百五十萬 港元(二零一零年十二月三十一日:一億 零五百十十萬港元)。營運資金(即流動 資產淨值)為一億二千零四十萬港元(二 零一零年十二月三十一日:四千九百萬港 元)。本集團之流動比率為2.7(二零一零 年十二月三十一日:1.2)。

銀行貸款包括信託收據貸款四百四十 萬港元(二零一零年十二月三十一日: 七千三百三十萬港元)及有期貸款三千零 八十萬港元(二零一零年十二月三十一 日:七千一百三十萬港元)。銀行貸款以 人民幣或美元結算。於二零一一年十二月 三十一日,本集團以債務淨值(總貸款減 現金及現金等值項目)除以本公司權益持 有人應佔之資本及儲備計算得出之資本 負債比率為-31.4%(二零一零年十二月 三十一日:29.7%)。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

The debt maturity profile of the Group as at 31 December 2011 was as follows:

本集團於二零一一年十二月三十一日之 債項到期日分析如下:

		At 31st December 2011 於二零一一年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	At 31st December 2010 於二零一零年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Repayable within one year Repayable after 1 year, but within 2 years Repayable after 2 years, but within 5 years	須於一年內償還 可於一年後但須兩年內償還 可於兩年後但須五年內償還	35,154 - -	132,731 9,000 2,833
Total	總計	35,154	144,564

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

For the year under review, the Group incurred a total capital expenditure of HK\$2.6 million (2010: HK\$7.7 million), which was mainly for additions to and replacements of leasehold improvements.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

The Group's sales are principally denominated in US dollars. With factories and offices in Hong Kong, Indonesia and Mainland China, operating expenses of the Group are primarily denominated in Hong Kong dollars, Indonesian Rupiah, Renminbi with some in US dollars.

As the Hong Kong dollar is pegged to the US dollar, the Group does not expect to be exposed to any currency risks in the near term. The Group will closely monitor fluctuation of other currencies and, if necessary, will enter into forward exchange contracts to reduce exchange risk.

CREDIT POLICY

Consistent with prevailing industry practice, the Group's business was transacted on an open account basis granted to its long-standing customers. The credit ratings of customers are constantly reviewed and their respective credit limits adjusted, if and when necessary.

CHARGES ON ASSETS

As at 31 December 2011, the Group's bank deposits of HK\$11.7 million and land use rights of HK\$15.7 million located at Heshan, Mainland China were pledged as security for certain of the Group's bank borrowings.

資本開支

於回顧年度內,本集團之資本開支總額為 二百六十萬港元(二零一零年:七百七十 萬港元),主要用作添置及更換租賃裝 修。

匯率波動風險

本集團之銷售額主要以美元結算。本集團 於香港、印尼及中國大陸均設有廠房及辦 事處,其經營開支主要以港元、印尼盾、 人民幣及部分以美元結算。

由於港元與美元掛鈎,本集團預計短期內將不會承受任何貨幣風險。本集團將會密切監察其他貨幣之匯率波動情況,並於有需要時訂立遠期外匯合約以減低匯率風險。

信貸政策

與現時行業慣例相符,本集團與已建立長 遠穩定關係之客戶以記賬形式進行業務 交易。本集團定期審閱客戶之信貸評級, 並於有需要時調整彼等之信貸額。

資產抵押

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集 團之銀行存款一千一百七十萬港元及 位於中國大陸鶴山市之土地使用權 一千五百七十萬港元已抵押以作為本集 團若干銀行貸款之擔保。

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had no contingent liabilities.

HUMAN RESOURCES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

The Group provides a harmonious working environment to employees whose commitment and expertise are important to the success of its business. The Group offers employees rewarding careers and provides them with a variety of training programmes. It rewards employees according to prevailing market practices, individual experience and performance. To attract and retain high calibre employees. the Group also offers discretionary bonuses and share options to staff members based on performance of the individual as well as the Group.

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had a total of 1,101 (31 December 2010: 5,736) full-time employees in the following regions:

印尼 Indonesia 中國(大陸及香港) China (Mainland and Hong Kong)

總計 Total

或然負債

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團並 無或然負債。

人力資源及薪酬政策

本集團深信其業務之成功至憑僱員竭誠 投入工作及具備專業技能,因此,本集團 為僱員提供和諧之工作環境。本集團給 予僱員具價值之事業及提供不同培訓課 程。僱員薪酬福利乃根據現行市場慣例及 按僱員之經驗與表現而釐定。為吸引及挽 留高質素僱員,本集團亦按僱員之表現及 本集團之業績向僱員授予酌情花紅及購 股權。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團 在以下地區共僱用1,101名(二零一零年 十二月三十一日:5,736名)全職僱員:

71 1,030

1,101

OUTLOOK

Despite the recent surge in the US stock market, healthier corporate earnings, and rise in employment, the road to economic recovery in the US is expected to continue to be rough. The US unemployment rate still remains high and many economists anticipate that the US Federal Reserve will initiate a third round of quantitative easing to stimulate the economy should it remain sluggish. US customers are still very cost conscious and still lack the confidence in the market to place large orders. In Europe, the sovereign debt crisis has triggered tougher austerity measures across the region and undermined the consumer demand of EURO zone countries as well as elsewhere. Within this unfavourable economic environment, the Group has encountered intensified price competition and pressure on profit margin for orders from the US market and considers it would not be beneficial to the Company's shareholders to restart the operations of its Indonesian factories.

展望

儘管近期美國股市急升,企業盈利回穩, 就業率攀升,惟預期美國經濟復甦之路仍 然崎嶇。美國失業率持續高企,不少經濟 師預測倘若美國經濟繼續停滯不前,美國 聯邦儲備局將推出第三輪量化寬鬆措施 刺激經濟。美國客戶仍然十分審慎控制 成本,對市場缺乏信心去下達大額訂單。 歐洲主權債務危機深化區內緊縮措施, 打擊歐元區國家及其他地區之消費者需 求。在經濟環境不景之陰霾籠罩下,本集 團面對之價格戰越趨激烈,及來自美國市 場訂單之邊際利潤受壓,故認為印尼廠房 重新運作並不符合本公司股東之利益。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

For the last several years, Mainland China has been one of the fastest growing economies in the world. According to the National Bureau of Statistics of China, Mainland China's GDP and per capita GDP have been growing at a compound annual growth rate of 14.9% and 14.2% over the last ten years. The per capita annual garments expenditure in the country's rapidly expanding urban areas has risen along with the growth in GDP per capita. The good times look set to continue as the International Monetary Fund forecasts Mainland China's GDP to continue expanding at 9.4% and the per capita GDP at 8.9% for the years from 2012 to 2016. The forecasted economic growth should further accelerate urbanisation and increase the disposable income of urban households. However, in view of rising inflation and increasing labour cost, the Group intends to continue to take appropriate cost control measures including enhancing productivity, streamlining operational and production processes in the Heshan factory so as to increase its competitiveness.

Looking ahead, the Group will focus on the more stable and stronger Mainland China market and become less dependent on the soft and unstable business environment from the US. The Group will adopt a prudent approach to capture business opportunities with high growth potential in Mainland China with the aim of maximising return to the Company's shareholders.

於過去數年,中國大陸為全球經濟增長最 迅速之經濟體系之一。根據中國國家統計 局,中國大陸之國內生產總值及人均國內 生產總值於過去十年分別以複合年增長 率14.9%及14.2%增長。在國內快速擴張 的城市地带,每年人均成衣開支一直隨人 均生產總值增長。按照國際貨幣基金組織 之預測,於二零一二年至二零一六年,中 國大陸之國內生產總值將繼續按9.4%速 率而人均國內牛產總值將按8.9%速率增 長,相信好景將會持續。預測經濟增長能 進一步加快城市化, 並增加城市家庭之可 支配收入。然而,鑑於通脹加劇及勞動成 本不斷上漲,本集團有意繼續推行適度之 成本控制措施,包括提高鶴山市廠房的產 能,精簡其運作及生產程序,冀能加強本 集團之競爭力。

展望將來,本集團將重點發展更穩健及蓬勃之中國大陸市場,並減少依賴營商環境 疲弱及不穩定之美國市場。本集團將採取審慎方針把握中國大陸具有高增長潛力之商機,力求提升本公司股東的回報。

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") is committed to maintaining and ensuring high standards of corporate governance as good corporate governance can safeguard the interests of all shareholders and enhance corporate value. The Company continuously reviews and improves the corporate governance practices and standards of the Group from time to time to ensure that business activities and decision making processes are regulated in a proper manner.

本公司董事會(「董事會」)致力維持及確 保高水平之企業管治,因良好之企業管治 可保障全體股東利益及提高企業價值。 本公司會持續不時檢討及改善本集團之 企業管治常規及標準,以確保業務活動及 決策過程受到適當規管。

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has complied with all the code provisions set out in the Code (the "CG Code") on Corporate Governance Practices contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") throughout the year ended 31 December 2011 except for the following deviation:

Code Provision A.4.1 stipulates that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. Mr Zhang Feng and Mr Yau Wing Yiu were appointed as independent non-executive directors of the Company on 7 June 2011 and 6 July 2011 respectively without a fixed term of service, but is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company at least once every three years in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company. Pursuant to Code Provision A.4.1, each of Mr Zhang Feng and Mr Yau Wing Yiu has entered into a service contract with the Company on 24 August 2011 for a term of three years commenced from 7 June 2011 and 6 July 2011 respectively, which may be terminated by either party thereto giving to the other party notice in writing with a notice period of not less than 3 months (subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company).

遵守企業管治常規守則

於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年 度內,本公司一直遵守香港聯合交易所有 限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄 十四所載之企業管治常規守則(「企業管 治守則」)內之所有守則條文,惟有以下 偏離:

守則條文A.4.1訂明,非執行董事應按指 定任期委任, 並須接受重選。張峰先生及 邱永耀先生分別於二零一一年六月七日 及二零一一年七月六日獲委任為本公司 之獨立非執行董事,並無固定服務年期, 惟須遵照本公司之章程細則,至少每三年 於本公司之股東週年大會上輪席退任一 次及膺選連任。根據守則條文A.4.1,張 峰先生及邱永耀先生各自於二零一一年 八月二十四日與本公司訂立服務合約, 分別由二零一一年六月七日及二零一一 年七月六日起為期三年,可由任何一方向 另一方發出不少於三個月通知期之書面 通知予以終止(惟須遵照本公司之章程 細則輪席退任及膺選連任)。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board Composition

The Board is led by the Chairman and currently comprises five executive directors (one of whom is the Chairman) and three independent non-executive directors as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr Li Haifeng *(Chairman)*Mr Lee Sheng Kuang, James *(Managing Director)*Mr Huang Xuxian, Flynn
Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie
Mr Xiao Yong

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr Chen Zhongfa Mr Yau Wing Yiu Mr Zhang Feng

The biographical details of the directors are set out on pages 36 to 39 of this Annual Report. The Board possesses a balance of skill and experience which is appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Group. A balanced composition of executive and non-executive directors also generates a strong independent element on the Board, which can exercise independent judgement effectively and make decision objectively for the best interests of the Company.

The Company does not at present have any officer with the title of "chief executive officer" ("CEO") but instead the duties of a CEO are performed by the Managing Director. In order to have a clear division between the management of the Board and the day-to-day management of the business operation of the Company, the role of the Chairman is separate from that of the Managing Director. The Chairman focuses on overall corporate development and strategic direction of the Group and provides leadership for the Board and oversees the efficient functioning of the Board. The Managing Director is responsible for all day-to-day corporate management matters as well as planning and developing the Group's strategy. Such division of responsibilities helps to reinforce their independence and to ensure a balance of power and authority. There is no relationship (including financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationship) among members of the Board and in particular, between the Chairman and the Managing Director.

董事會

董事會之組成

董事會由主席領導,現由下列五位執行董事(其中一位為主席)及三位獨立非執行董事組成:

執行董事

李海楓先生(主席) 李勝光先生(董事總經理) 黃旭新先生 鄧澤霖先生 肖勇先生

獨立非執行董事

陳忠發先生 邱永耀先生 張峰先生

董事簡歷載於本年度報告第36頁至第39 頁。董事會具備適合本集團業務所需之技 能及經驗。執行董事及非執行董事之均衡 組成,亦使董事會具備強大之獨立元素, 以便有效率地進行獨立判斷及客觀地作 出決策,以符合本公司之最佳利益。

All the independent non-executive directors of the Company have appropriate qualifications and their professional opinions raised in the Board meetings facilitate the maintenance of good corporate governance practices. The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive directors an annual confirmation of his independence. All the independent non-executive directors meet the guidelines for assessment of independence as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

本公司全體獨立非執行董事均具備合適 之資格,而彼等於董事會會議上提出之 專業意見亦有助維持良好之企業管治常 規。本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事之年 度獨立確認書。全體獨立非執行董事均符 合上市規則第3.13條所載之獨立性評估 指引。

Appointments and Re-election of Directors

The Board is empowered under the Company's Bye-laws to appoint any person as a director either to fill a casual vacancy on or as an additional member of the Board. The selection criteria are mainly based on the professional qualification and experience of the candidate. All directors are engaged on service contracts for a term of three years. A newly appointed director must retire and be re-elected at the first general meeting after his/her appointment.

At each annual general meeting of the Company, one-third of the directors for the time being (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation. Every director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. As such, no director has a term of appointment longer than three years. A retiring director shall be eligible for re-election.

Board and Management

To enable all directors to make informed decisions in the Board meetings and to discharge their duties and responsibilities, appropriate, complete and reliable information prepared by the management are provided in a timely manner. All directors are kept informed on a timely basis of major changes that may affect the Group's business, including relevant rules and regulations. To reinforce independence, the Board and each director can have separate and independent access to the management of the Company if additional information is required. To further assist the directors to discharge their duties to the Company, the Board has also established a written procedure to enable directors to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expenses. No request was made by any director for such independent professional advice in 2011.

委任及重選董事

董事會獲本公司之章程細則授權委任任 何人士為董事,以填補空缺或成為董事會 新成員。甄選因素主要以候選人之專業資 格及經驗為基準。全體董事均按服務合約 委聘,為期三年。新委任董事須於彼獲委 任後首個股東大會上退任及膺選連任。

本公司於每屆股東週年大會上,三分之一 在任董事(或若其數目並非三或三之倍 數,則必須為最接近但不少於三分之一之 人數)須輪席退任。每名董事須至少每三 年輪席退任一次。因此,概無董事之任期 超過三年。退任董事將合符資格膺選連 任。

董事會及管理層

管理層須適時提供由彼等編製之適合、 完整及可靠資訊,以確保全體董事於董事 會會議上作出知情決定及履行其職責及 責任。本公司就可能影響本集團業務的 重大變動(包括有關法例及法規)將會適 時知會全體董事。為增強獨立性,董事會 及各董事可於需要更多資訊時自行透過 獨立途徑接觸本公司之管理層。為進一步 協助董事對本公司履行其職責,董事會亦 已設立一套書面程序,使董事可尋求獨立 專業意見,費用由本公司支付。董事於二 零一一年並無要求諮詢上述獨立專業意 見。

In order to have a clear principle in relation to the matters specifically reserved to the Board for decisions, functions between the Board and the management are formalized. The Board has established a written guideline determining which issues require a decision of the Board and those delegated to the management. The guideline is reviewed by the Board on a regular basis and has been posted on the intranet of the Company. Matters reserved to the Board for decision include the making of significant financial and legal commitments, mergers and acquisitions, material asset acquisitions or disposals, the change of share capital, the approval of financial reporting, budgeting, management succession and representation to shareholders. The management is responsible for the day-to-day running of the Group. The management is required to submit reports on the operations to the Board on a regular basis and make recommendations to the Board on the development of major projects or business proposals and their respective implementation. The Board is of the view that such division of responsibilities can enhance the corporate governance of the Company.

為就特別須董事會作決定之事項提供予確原則,董事會及管理層之職能引,董事會及管理層之職能引,董事會所是可以權予管理層本學的主題,董事會決定及審閱,並是於之數學,並是不可以,其一個人。 一個人。 一個一 一個人。

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against its directors and officers and the insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

本公司已就其董事及高級人員可能會面 對之法律行動作適當之投保安排,投保範 圍乃按年檢討。

Board Meetings

Regular Board meetings are held at least four times a year to approve annual and interim results, review the business operation and the internal control system of the Group and the meeting schedule will be fixed at the beginning of each year to facilitate fullest possible attendance. Between regular meetings, other Board meetings are held to approve major issues (if any). Agendas and accompanying Board papers are sent not less than 3 days before the date of Board meetings to ensure that the directors are given sufficient review time. Draft minutes of Board meetings and Board committee meetings are circulated to directors for their review and comment while final version of the said minutes, duly signed, are sent to all members for their records. All said minutes are kept by the Company Secretary of the Company and are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any director.

董事會會議

每年至少舉行四次定期召開之董事會會 議,以審批全年及中期業績、檢討本集團 之業務運作及內部監控系統,為盡可能達 到全體董事出席率,會議時間表將於每年 年初訂定。於各定期召開之會議之間,亦 會召開其他董事會會議以審批重大議題 (如有)。會議議程及隨附之董事會文件 亦須於董事會會議日期最少三天前送交 董事,以確保董事有充分時間進行審閱。 董事會會議及董事委員會會議之會議記 錄初稿須向董事傳閱,以便審閱及評核, 至於上述會議記錄經正式簽署之最終定 稿則送交全體成員作其存檔之用。上述所 有會議記錄由本公司之公司秘書備存, 並在任何董事發出合理通知下可於任何 合理時間供公開查閱。

During the year ended 31 December 2011, six Board meetings were held and the attendance records of directors are set out as follows:

* Independent Non-Executive Directors

於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年 度內,曾舉行六次董事會會議,董事之出 席記錄載列如下:

> No. of meetings attended/eligible meetings 出席/ 合資格出席

Directors	董事	會議次數
Mr Li Haifeng	李海楓先生	
- appointed on 7 June 2011	-於二零一一年六月七日獲委任	5/5
Mr Lee Sheng Kuang, James	李勝光先生	6/6
Mr Huang Xuxian, Flynn	黃旭新先生	
- appointed on 7 June 2011	-於二零一一年六月七日獲委任	5/5
Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie	鄧澤霖先生	6/6
Mr Xiao Yong	肖勇先生	
- appointed on 7 June 2011	-於二零一一年六月七日獲委任	5/5
Mr Rusli Hendrawan	Rusli Hendrawan先生	
– resigned on 28 June 2011	-於二零一一年六月二十八日辭任	1/1
Mr Oey Tjie Ho	黃志和先生	
– resigned on 7 June 2011	-於二零一一年六月七日辭任	1/1
Mr Chen Zhongfa#	陳忠發先生#	
 appointed on 9 September 2011 	-於二零一一年九月九日獲委任	2/3
Mr Yau Wing Yiu#	邱永耀先生#	
– appointed on 6 July 2011	-於二零一一年七月六日獲委任	5/5
Mr Zhang Feng#	張峰先生#	
– appointed on 7 June 2011	-於二零一一年六月七日獲委任	5/5
Mr Cheung Kwok Ming#	張國明先生#	
– resigned on 28 June 2011	-於二零一一年六月二十八日辭任	1/1
Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry, B.B.S., J.P.#	郭琳廣先生 <i>銅紫荊星章,太平紳士</i> #	
– resigned on 9 September 2011	<i>一於二零一一年九月九日辭任</i>	3/3
Mr Lau Siu Ki, Kevin#	劉紹基先生#	
- resigned on 13 July 2011	-於二零一一年七月十三日辭任	1/1

Directors' Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code"). Having made specific enquiry of all directors of the Company, all directors have confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Company's code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions during the year.

Details of the directors' interests in the shares of the Company as at 31 December 2011 are set out on page 42 of this Annual Report.

To enhance the corporate governance of the Group as a whole, the Board has established a written guideline on no less exacting terms than the Model Code for employees of the Company or director or employee of the Company's subsidiaries or holding company who are likely to be in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Group or securities of the Company. No incident of non-compliance was noted by the Company in 2011.

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

The Board set up the Audit Committee in 2000 with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with its authority and duties. The terms of reference which would be revised from time to time in order to align with the new requirements of the CG Code and the Listing Rules have been posted on the Company's website. The Audit Committee is to review the Group's financial reporting, the external auditor's independence, internal controls and corporate governance issues and make relevant recommendations to the Board.

The members of the Audit Committee include:

Mr Yau Wing Yiu *(Committee Chairman)* Mr Chen Zhongfa Mr Zhang Feng

董事進行之證券交易

本公司已採納一套有關董事進行證券交易之守則,其規則標準不低於上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)。經向本公司全體董事作出特定查詢後,全體董事均已確認,彼等於年內已符合標準守則及本公司有關董事進行證券交易之守則所載之規定標準。

有關董事於二零一一年十二月三十一日 擁有本公司股份之權益之詳情已載於本 年度報告第42頁。

為增強本集團整體之企業管治,董事會已就可能會擁有關於本集團或本公司證券之未公開股價敏感資料之本公司僱員或本公司之附屬公司或控股公司之董事或僱員訂立一套書面指引,其規則標準不低於標準守則。本公司於二零一一年並不知悉任何不遵守書面指引之事件。

董事委員會

審核委員會

董事會於二零零零年成立審核委員會,書 面職權範圍已闡明其權力與職責。職權範 圍會不時修訂以符合企業管治守則及上 市規則之新規定,並已於本公司網站上登 載。審核委員會負責審閱本集團之財務報 告、外聘核數師之獨立性、內部監控及企 業管治事宜,並向董事會提出相關建議。

審核委員會成員包括:

邱永耀先生(委員會主席) 陳忠發先生 張峰先生

All Audit Committee members are independent nonexecutive directors. During the year ended 31 December 2011, four Audit Committee meetings were held and the attendance records of members are set out as follows:

所有審核委員會成員均為獨立非執行董 事。於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止 年度內,曾舉行四次審核委員會會議,成 員之出席記錄載列如下:

> No. of meetings attended/eligible meetings 出席/ 合資格出席 攵

Members	成員	會議次數
Mr Yau Wing Yiu	邱永耀先生	
– appointed on 13 July 2011	-於二零一一年七月十三日獲委任	2/2
Mr Chen Zhongfa	陳忠發先生	
– appointed on 9 September 2011	-於二零一一年九月九日獲委任	1/1
Mr Zhang Feng	張峰先生	
– appointed on 28 June 2011	-於二零一一年六月二十八日獲委任	2/2
Mr Lau Siu Ki, Kevin	劉紹基先生	
– resigned on 13 July 2011	-於二零一一年七月十三日辭任	2/2
Mr Cheung Kwok Ming	張國明先生	
– resigned on 28 June 2011	-於二零一一年六月二十八日辭任	2/2
Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry, B.B.S., J.P.	郭琳廣先生銅紫荊星章,太平紳士	
– resigned on 9 September 2011	-於二零一一年九月九日辭任	1/3

In discharging its responsibilities, the Audit Committee had mainly performed the following works during the year of 2011:

於二零一一年年度內,審核委員會在履行 其責任時,曾主要執行下列工作:

- reviewed the effectiveness of the audit process in (i) accordance with the applicable standards;
- 按適用基準檢討審計過程之有效 性;
- reviewed the draft interim and annual financial statements and the related draft results announcements;
- (ii) 審閱中期及全年財務報表初稿,以 及相關業績公布初稿;
- (iii) reviewed the change in accounting standards and assessment of potential impacts on the Group's financial statements:
- (iii) 審閱會計準則之變動,以及評估對 本集團財務報表之潛在影響;
- (iv) reviewed the continuing connected transactions and comment on the fairness and reasonableness of the transactions:
- (iv) 審閱持續關連交易,並就該等交易 是否公平合理提出意見;

- (v) reviewed the Group's internal control system including the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget, and discussed the relevant issues including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions; and
- (vi) made recommendation on the appointment or reappointment of the external auditors and approved their terms of engagement.

Remuneration Committee

The Board set up the Remuneration Committee in 2005 with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with its authority and duties. The terms of reference have been posted on the Company's website. The Remuneration Committee's role is to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy and structure for directors and senior management and to ensure that they are fairly rewarded for their individual contribution to the Group's overall performance, having regard to the interests of shareholders. The principal duties of the Remuneration Committee include determining the specific remuneration packages of all executive directors and senior management as well as reviewing and approving performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time.

The members of the Remuneration Committee include:

Mr Chen Zhongfa (Committee Chairman) Mr Yau Wing Yiu Mr Zhang Feng Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie

- (v) 檢討本集團之內部監控系統,包括本公司在會計及財務匯報職能方面之資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及員工所接受之培訓課程及有關預算又是否充足,並就財務、營運與合規監控及風險管理職能等相關議題進行討論;及
- (vi) 就委任或續聘外聘核數師提出建 議,並審批其聘用條款。

薪酬委員會

董事會於二零零五年成立薪酬委員會,書面職權範圍已闡明其權力與職責。其其體單別其權力與職責。其員關國已為按董事及高級管理人員之為按董事及高級管理人則以等到股東利益之情況下,確保很到及已按回數本集團整體表現之貢獻得到公民的事及主要職責包括釐報,以及參考董事會不時議決之企酬等,審閱並審批按表現釐定之酬金。

薪酬委員會成員包括:

陳忠發先生(委員會主席) 邱永耀先生 張峰先生 鄧澤霖先生

Except for Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie who is an executive director, all Remuneration Committee members are independent non-executive directors. During the year ended 31 December 2011, three Remuneration Committee meetings were held and the attendance records of members are set out as follows:

除身為執行董事之鄧澤霖先生外,薪酬 委員會全體成員均為獨立非執行董事。 於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年 度內,曾舉行三次薪酬委員會會議,成員 之出席記錄載列如下:

> No. of meetings attended/eligible meetings 出席/ **合資格**出度

Members	成員	合 真 恰 山
Mr Chen Zhongfa	陳忠發先生	
– appointed on 9 September 2011	-於二零一一年九月九日獲委任	1/1
Mr Yau Wing Yiu	邱永耀先生	
– appointed on 13 July 2011	-於二零一一年七月十三日獲委任	2/2
Mr Zhang Feng	張峰先生	
– appointed on 28 June 2011	- 於二零一一年六月二十八日獲委任	2/2
Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie	鄧澤霖先生	3/3
Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry, B.B.S., J.P.	郭琳廣先生銅紫荊星章,太平紳士	
– resigned on 9 September 2011	-於二零一一年九月九日辭任	2/2
Mr Cheung Kwok Ming	張國明先生	
– resigned on 28 June 2011	-於二零一一年六月二十八日辭任	1/1
Mr Lau Siu Ki, Kevin	劉紹基先生	
- resigned on 13 July 2011	一於二零一一年七月十三日辭任	1/1

The Remuneration Committee is accountable to the Board and has approved the remuneration packages and other terms of executive directors' service contracts during the year of 2011.

薪酬委員會向董事會負責及於二零一一 年年度內批准執行董事服務合約之薪酬 待遇及其他條款。

The main principles of remuneration policy of the Company are:

本公司薪酬政策之主要原則包括:

- to retain and motivate executive directors and senior (i) management by linking their compensation with performance as measured against corporate objectives;
- 人員,將彼等之薪酬與按企業目標 之表現掛鈎;
- to align executive directors' and senior management's remuneration with shareholders' interests; and
- 將執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬 與股東利益達成一致;及

為挽留及激勵執行董事及高級管理

- (iii) to ensure that no director or senior management or any of his associate is involved in deciding his own remuneration.
- (iii) 確保並無董事或高級管理人員或其 任何聯繫人士參與釐定其本人之薪 酬。

When fixing the remuneration packages of executive directors, considerations have been given to the qualifications and experience of the executive directors, their duties and responsibilities with and contributions to the Group, the level of directors' remuneration of other comparable listed companies in Hong Kong, the Group's performance and the prevailing market condition. The principal elements of the remuneration packages of executive directors of the Company include salary, director's fee, double pay, discretionary bonus and share options.

訂立執行董事之薪酬待遇時,已考慮該等 執行董事之資歷及經驗、彼等之職責及責 任和對本集團之貢獻、香港其他同類型上 市公司之董事薪酬水平、本集團之業績及 現行市場情況。本公司執行董事薪酬待遇 之主要元素包括薪金、董事袍金、雙糧、 酌情花紅及購股權。

Details of the remuneration of each director, on a named basis, are disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements on pages 105 to 106 of this Annual Report. Reimbursement is allowed for out-of-pocket expenses incurred (including traveling and hotel expenses) in connection with the performance of directors' duties.

有關以記名方式列明每名董事薪酬之詳 情,於本年度報告第105頁至第106頁財 務報表附註15內披露。彼等亦可獲償付一 切於履行董事職責時產生之實報實銷費 用(包括差旅及酒店費用)。

RESPONSIBILITY FOR PREPARATION AND

REPORTING OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Group in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The directors will select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently, make judgements and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. The Board's responsibility to present a balanced, clear and understandable assessment extends to annual and interim reports, other price-sensitive announcements and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules as well as the information required to be disclosed pursuant to statutory requirements.

編製及呈報財務報表之責任

本公司董事確認彼等編製本集團財務報 表之責任,而該等財務報表乃根據法定要 求及適用會計準則編製。董事將會揀選合 適會計政策及貫徹運用、作出審慎、公平 及合理之判斷及估計,並按持續經營為基 準編製財務報表。董事會之責任乃清晰公 正及明確地評估年度報告及中期報告、 其他股價敏感資料之公布及根據上市規 則規定須予披露之其他財務資料,以及根 據法例規定須予披露之資料。

The statement of the auditor of the Company regarding their reporting responsibilities for the financial statements of the Group is set out on pages 46 to 47 of this Annual Report.

本公司核數師就彼等有關本集團之財務 報表之呈報責任所作之聲明載於本年度 報告第46頁至第47頁內。

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has the ultimate responsibility to maintain a sound and effective internal control system for the Group to safeguard the shareholders' investment and the Group's assets and to ensure strict compliance with relevant laws, rules and regulations. The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing the effectiveness of the internal control system and reporting to the Board.

The Group adopts the principles outlined in *Internal Control* and Risk Management - A Basic Framework issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants as vardstick in establishing its control environment. The scope of internal control relates to areas including effectiveness and efficiency of operations, reliability of financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

During the year, the Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group through the Audit Committee. The review covers the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, their training programmes and budget, and all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions of the Group. No material internal control aspects of any significant problems were noted. Both the Audit Committee and the Board were satisfied that the internal control system of the Group has been functioned effectively during the review year.

內部監控

董事會肩負最終責任確保本集團維持穩 健而有效之內部監控系統,以維護股東投 資及本集團資產,並確保嚴格遵守有關法 律、規則及規例。審核委員會負責檢討內 部監控系統之效能,並向董事會匯報。

本集團採納由香港會計師公會發出之「內 部監控與風險管理的基本架構」中之原則 大綱,作為建立本集團監控環境之標準。 內部監控涉及之範疇包括營運之效能及 效率、財務報告之可靠性以及遵守適用之 法律及規例。

於年內,董事會透過審核委員會已檢討 本集團內部監控系統之效能。檢討涵蓋 本公司在會計及財務匯報職能方面之資 源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及員工 所接受之培訓課程及有關預算又是否充 足,以及一切重要監控,包括本集團之財 務、營運與合規監控及風險管理職能。概 無發現內部監控在重大方面出現任何重 大問題。審核委員會及董事會信納本集 團之內部監控系統於回顧年度內有效運 作。

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

PricewaterhouseCoopers is the external auditor of the Company. For the year ended 31 December 2011, the external auditor received the following remuneration for audit and non-audit services provided to the Group:

核數師酬金

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所為本公司之外 聘核數師。截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度,外聘核數師已就向本集團提供 之審計及非審計服務收取下列酬金:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Audit services	審計服務	1,350
Non-audit services	非審計服務	
Taxation services	税務服務	407
Review of indebtedness statement	審閱債務聲明	180
		1,937

The Audit Committee received written confirmation from the external auditor on its independence and objectivity as required by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. 審核委員會已接獲外聘核數師就其獨立 性及客觀性發出之書面確認書,表示其已 符合香港會計師公會之規定。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

According to the Bye-laws of the Company, shareholders' holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the voting right at general meetings of the Company, can by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary of the Company to convene a special general meeting for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. In compliance with the requirements of the Listing Rules, any annual general meeting, and general meeting at which the passing of a special resolution is to be considered shall be called by at least 20 clear business days' notice, whilst others may be called by at least 10 clear business days' notice.

股東權利及投資者關係

根據本公司之章程細則,任何於發出要求當日持有有權於本公司股東大會上投票之本公司繳足股本不少於十分之一的東,有權向董事會或本公司公司秘書主,有權向董事會或本公司公司秘書。 要求召開股東特別大會,以處理該要求列明之任何事項。為符合上市規則之任何股東週年大會以及用以考慮是20個營業日之通知召開。 領以至少足10個營業日之通知召開。

To further enhance the minority shareholders' right, all resolutions at any general meeting are decided on poll and such practice has been adopted since 2005. The chairman of any general meetings ensures that the shareholders are informed of the detailed procedures for conducting a poll by way of making the explanation at the commencement of the general meetings. The chairman of general meetings also ensures full compliance with the requirements about voting by poll contained in the Listing Rules and the Bye-laws of the Company.

為進一步提高少數股東之權利,任何股東大會上之一切決議案均以投票方式表決,此常規自二零零五年起已採納。任何股東大會主席須確保已透過於股東大會開始時作出詳細闡釋之方式,使股東知悉以投票方式表決之程序。股東大會主席亦須確保全面符合上市規則及本公司之。程細則中有關以投票方式表決之規定。

In order to maintain an on-going dialogue with shareholders, shareholders are encouraged to attend annual general meeting of the Company at which the Chairman of the Board and the chairmen of the Board committees are available to answer questions related to the Group's business.

Shareholders' comments and suggestions together with any proposals put forward to general meetings at a reasonable time are welcome and such comments and proposals can be sent in writing to the Company Secretary at the Company's address in Hong Kong or by e-mail to the Company's website. The Board endeavors to answer all

As a channel of further promoting effective communication as well as fulfilling the requirements of the Listing Rules, the corporate website, www.carrywealth.com, is maintained by the Company to disseminate the relevant financial and nonfinancial information on a timely basis and the published information will be maintained at the above website for at least five years.

invaluable questions of the shareholders.

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors of the Company, as at the date of this Annual Report, the public float of the shares of the Company is sufficient.

為與股東保持持續對話,茲鼓勵股東出席 本公司之股東週年大會,而董事會主席及 各董事委員會主席均將出席,解答與本集 團業務有關之問題。

本公司歡迎股東於合理時間內向股東大 會提出意見、提議及建議,而該等意見及 建議可以投函至本公司之香港地址予公 司秘書,或以電子郵件方式寄往本公司之 網站。董事會會盡力解答股東一切寶貴問 題。

作為進一步促進有效溝通之渠道,並符合 上市規則之規定,本公司已設有公司網站 www.carrywealth.com,以適時發放有關 財務及非財務資料,而已公布之資料將於 上述網站保留最少五年。

於本年度報告日期,根據本公司可獲得之 公開資料及據本公司董事所知,本公司股 份之公眾持股量充足。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011.

董事會提呈其報告,連同截至二零一一年 十二月三十一日止年度之經審核財務報 表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND GEOGRAPHICAL ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 36 to the financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by operating segment is set out in Note 5 to the financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 48.

The directors did not declare any interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2011 (2010: nil).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2011.

RESERVES

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus of the Company shall not be distributed to the shareholders if there are reasonable grounds for believing that:

- (i) the Company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (ii) the realisable value of the Company's assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium account.

As at 31 December 2011, the Company had distributable reserves amounting to HK\$115,522,000 (2010: HK\$149,686,000), including the contributed surplus of HK\$147,694,000 (2010: HK\$147,694,000) which is distributable subject to conditions as set out above.

Movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year are set out in Note 31 to the financial statements.

主要業務及業務之地域分析

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。附屬公司之業務載於財務報表附註36。

本集團於本年度之表現按營運分部之分 析載於財務報表附註5。

業績及分派

本集團之本年度業績載於第48頁之綜合 收入報表。

董事不宣派截至二零一一年六月三十 日止六個月之中期股息(二零一零年: 無)。

董事不建議派付截至二零一一年十二月 三十一日止年度之末期股息。

儲備

根據一九八一年百慕達公司法(經修訂),在有合理理由相信會出現下列情況下,本公司之繳入盈餘不應分派予股東:

- (i) 本公司無法(或於分派後無法)支付 其到期清付之負債;或
- (ii) 本公司資產之可變現值因此低於本 公司之負債及已發行股本及股份溢 價賬之總值。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本公司擁有可供分派儲備115,522,000港元(二零一零年:149,686,000港元),包括繳入盈餘147,694,000港元(二零一零年:147,694,000港元),該款額受上述條件規限下可予分派。

於年內,本集團及本公司儲備之變動情況 載於財務報表附註31。

DONATIONS

No charitable donations were made by the Group during the year (2010: HK\$115,000).

PROPERTIES, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in properties, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in Note 16 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company are set out in Note 30 to the financial statements.

SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 36 to the financial statements.

BANK BORROWINGS

Particulars of bank borrowings of the Group are set out in Note 27 to the financial statements.

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 5 of this Annual Report.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE **COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES**

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

捐款

於年內,本集團並無作出任何慈善捐款 (二零一零年:115.000港元)。

物業、廠房及設備

於年內,本集團物業、廠房及設備之變動 詳情載於財務報表附註16。

股本

本公司股本之變動詳情載於財務報表附 **計30。**

附屬公司

本公司主要附屬公司之詳細資料載於財 務報表附註36。

銀行貸款

本集團銀行貸款之詳細資料載於財務報 表附註27。

五年財務摘要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績與資 產及負債摘要載於本年度報告第5頁。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證

於年內,本公司及其任何附屬公司並無購 買、出售或贖回本公司之任何上市證券。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

SHARE OPTIONS

On 8 May 2002, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a share option scheme (the "Scheme"). A summary of the principal terms of the Scheme, as disclosed in accordance with the Rules (the "Listing Rules") Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), is as follows:

(i) Purpose

The purpose of the Scheme is to provide incentives to qualifying participants to contribute to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and/or to retain high-calibre employees and attract resources that are valuable to the Group.

(ii) Qualifying participants

Any person being an employee, director (including executive or non-executive director), consultant, representative, professional adviser, customer, business partner, joint venture partner, strategic partner, landlord or tenant of, or any supplier or provider of goods or services, to the Group, and any trustee(s) of a discretionary trust of which one or more beneficiaries belong to any of the abovementioned category(ies) of persons.

(iii) Maximum number of shares

The total number of shares available for issue under the Scheme is 12,360,000 which is 2.77% of the issued share capital as at the date of this Annual Report.

(iv) Maximum entitlement of each qualifying participant

No qualifying participant shall be granted an option which, if exercised in full, would result in such person's maximum entitlement exceeding 1% of the aggregate number of shares for the time being issued and issuable under the Scheme.

購股權

於二零零二年五月八日,本公司股東批准採納購股權計劃(「該計劃」)。按照香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)須予披露之該計劃主要條款概要如下:

(i) 目的

該計劃之目的乃為鼓勵合資格參與 者向本集團作出貢獻及/或讓本集 團可聘用及/或挽留高質素僱員, 並吸納寶貴資源為本集團服務。

(ii) 合資格參與者

任何人士為本集團之僱員、董事 (包括執行或非執行董事)、顧問、 代表、專業顧問、客戶、業務夥伴、 合營夥伴、策略夥伴、業主或租客 或向本集團提供貨品或服務之任何 供應商或提供者、及任何酌情信託 之受託人(該信託之一位或多位受 益人須隸屬上述任何一種類別之人 士)。

(iii) 最高股份數目

根據該計劃可予發行之股份總數為 12,360,000股,相當於本年度報告 日期之已發行股本2.77%。

(iv) 每位合資格參與者可獲授權益上限

倘若授予合資格參與者之購股權獲 全面行使,將導致該人士可獲授權 益上限超逾當時根據該計劃已發行 股份及可發行股份總數之1%,則該 合資格參與者不獲授予購股權。

(v) Option period

In respect of any particular option, such period commencing on the date of grant or such later date as the directors may decide and expiring on such date as the directors may determine, such period not to exceed 10 years from the date of grant.

(vi) Acceptance of offer

An offer of the grant of an option shall remain open for acceptance for a period of 30 days from the date on which the option is offered. An offer of the grant of the option shall be deemed to have been accepted when the duplicate offer document constituting acceptance of the option duly signed by the grantee together with a remittance in favour of the Company of HK\$1.00 by way of consideration of the grant thereof is received by the Company.

(vii) Subscription price

The subscription price in respect of any particular option shall be such price as the directors may determine at the date of grant of the relevant option but shall not be less than whichever is the greater of:

- The closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of grant;
- The average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- The nominal value of the Company's shares.

(viii) The remaining life of the Scheme

The directors shall be entitled at any time within 10 years commencing on 8 May 2002 to offer the grant of an option to any qualifying participants.

(v) 購股權有效期

就任何特定之購股權而言,有效期 由授出日期或董事決定之較後日期 起計,及至董事決定之日期屆滿,惟 該有效期由授出購股權日期起計不 得超逾十年。

(vi) 接納建議

接納授出購股權建議之開放期,由 授出購股權建議之日期起計,為期 三十日。本公司一經收到由獲授人 正式簽署載有接納購股權之函件副 本連同付予本公司1.00港元之款項 作為授出購股權之代價後,授出購 股權建議即被視作已獲接納。

(vii) 認購價

任何特定購股權之認購價為董事於 授出相關購股權日期時所釐定之價 格,惟不可少於下列三項之最高者:

- (a) 於購股權授出當日,本公司股 份在聯交所每日報價表所列之 收市價;
- (b) 本公司股份在緊接授出購股權 日期前五個營業日在聯交所每 日報價表所列之平均收市價; 及
- (c) 本公司股份之面值。

(viii) 該計劃尙餘有效期

董事有權於二零零二年五月八日起 計十年內隨時向任何合資格參與者 建議授出購股權。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

During the year, on 15 July 2011, the Company granted a total of 11,800,000 share options under the Scheme to the following persons:-

年內,於二零一一年七月十五日,本公司根據該計劃向下列人士授出合共 11,800,000份購股權:

		Number of share options
Name of grantees	Position held with the Company	granted 已授出之
獲授人姓名	於本公司擔任之職位	購股權數目
Li Haifeng 李海楓	Chairman and Executive Director 主席兼執行董事	3,700,000
Lee Sheng Kuang, James 李勝光	Managing Director and Executive Director 董事總經理兼執行董事	1,000,000
Huang Xuxian, Flynn 黃旭新	Executive Director 執行董事	3,000,000
Tang Chak Lam, Charlie 鄧澤霖	Executive Director 執行董事	500,000
Xiao Yong 肖勇	Executive Director 執行董事	2,600,000
Rusli Hendrawan	former Chairman and former Executive Director 前主席兼前執行董事	1,000,000

All the above share options granted are exercisable from 15 October 2011 to 14 July 2021 at an exercise price of HK\$0.78 per share. The closing price per share immediately before 15 July 2011 was HK\$0.76.

上述已授出之所有購股權於二零一一年十月十五日至二零二一年七月十四日可予行使,行使價為每股0.78港元。緊接二零一一年七月十五日前之收市價為每股0.76港元。

As approved by the board of directors and agreed by each of the grantees, the grant of the above 11,800,000 share options was cancelled with effect from 22 July 2011 in accordance with the terms of the Scheme.

經董事會批准及各獲授人同意,授出上述 11,800,000份購股權已按照該計劃條款 取消,由二零一一年七月二十二日生效。

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Mr Li Haifeng (Chairman) - appointed on 7 June 2011 and Chairman on 28 June 2011

Mr Lee Sheng Kuang, James (Managing Director)

Mr Huang Xuxian, Flynn

- appointed on 7 June 2011

Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie

Mr Xiao Yong

- appointed on 7 June 2011

Mr Rusli Hendrawan

- resigned on 28 June 2011

Mr Oey Tije Ho

- resigned on 7 June 2011

Mr Chen Zhongfa#

- appointed on 9 September 2011

Mr Yau Wing Yiu#

- appointed on 6 July 2011

Mr Zhang Feng#

- appointed on 7 June 2011

Mr Cheung Kwok Ming#

- resigned on 28 June 2011

Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry, B.B.S., J.P.*

- resigned on 9 September 2011

Mr Lau Siu Ki, Kevin#

- resigned on 13 July 2011

Independent Non-Executive Director

Pursuant to Bye-law 86(2) of the Company's Bye-laws, Mr Li Haifeng, Mr Huang Xuxian, Flynn, Mr Xiao Yong, Mr Chen Zhongfa, Mr Yau Wing Yiu and Mr Zhang Feng shall retire from office at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

In accordance with Bye-law 87 of the Company's Byelaws, Mr Lee Sheng Kuang, James shall retire from office by rotation and, being eligible, offer himself for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

董事

於年內及截至本報告之日期,本公司之董 事如下:

李海楓先生(主席)

-於二零一一年六月七日獲委任並於 二零一一年六月二十八日出任主席

李勝光先生(董事總經理)

黄旭新先生

-於二零一一年六月七日獲委任

鄧澤霖先生

当勇先生

- 於二零一一年六月七日獲委任

Rusli Hendrawan先生

-於二零--年六月二十八日辭任

黄志和先生

-於二零一一年六月七日辭任

陳忠發先生#

-於二零一一年九月九日獲委任

邱永耀先生#

-於二零一一年七月六日獲委任

張峰先生#

-於二零一一年六月七日獲委任

張國明先生#

-於二零一一年六月二十八日辭任

郭琳廣先生銅紫荊星章,太平紳士#

-於二零一一年九月九日辭任

劉紹基先生#

-於二零--年七月十三日辭任

獨立非執行董事

根據本公司之章程細則第86(2)條,李海 楓先生、黃旭新先生、肖勇先生、陳忠發 先生、邱永耀先生及張峰先生將於應屆股 東週年大會上退任,並符合資格亦願意膺 選連任。

根據本公司之章程細則第87條,李勝光先 生將輪席退任,並符合資格亦願意於應屆 股東週年大會上膺選連任。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

DIRECTORS' BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS

Mr Li Haifeng

Chairman

Mr Li Haifeng, aged 41, was appointed as the Chairman and an executive director in June 2011 and is the Chairman of the Nomination Committee of the Company. He is also the sole director of Dragon Peace Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company. Mr Li is responsible for overall corporate and business development, and strategic direction of the Group and provides leadership for the board of directors of the Company. Mr Li has extensive experience in information technology and waste water treatment industries. He is currently an executive director and a vice president of Beijing Enterprises Water Group Limited ("BEWG") (a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange) and the chairman of the Supervisory Committee of BEWG Environmental Group Co., Ltd (formerly known as Beijing Enterprises Z.K.C. Environmental Co., Ltd.), a wholly owned subsidiary of BEWG, and is mainly responsible for both the PRC and overseas water markets. In addition, Mr Li is also an independent non-executive director of Simsen International Corporation Limited, a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. Mr Li holds a Bachelor degree in Law from the Faculty of Law in Peking University in 1992.

Mr Lee Sheng Kuang, James

Managing Director

Mr Lee Sheng Kuang, James, aged 65, is a founder of the Group and the Managing Director of the Company. Mr Lee is responsible for all day-to-day corporate management matters. He is also responsible for planning and developing the Group's strategy. Mr Lee has over thirty years of experience in the manufacture and distribution of apparel products.

董事簡歷

李海楓先生

主席

李海楓先生,41歲,於二零一一年六月獲 委任為本公司主席兼執行董事及為提名 委員會之主席。彼亦為本公司主要股東 Dragon Peace Limited之唯一董事。李先 生負責本集團之整體企業及業務發展以 及策略方針,並領導本公司之董事會。李 先生於資訊科技及污水處理行業擁有豐 富經驗。彼現為北控水務集團有限公司 (「北控水務」)(一家於聯交所主板上市 之公司)之執行董事兼副總裁,並為北控 中科成環保集團有限公司(前稱北控中 科成環保有限公司, 北控水務之全資附屬 公司)之監事委員會主席,主要負責中國 及海外水務市場。此外,李先生亦為天行 國際(控股)有限公司(一家於聯交所主 板上市之公司)之獨立非執行董事。李先 生於一九九二年獲得北京大學法律學系 法學學士學位。

李勝光先生

董事總經理

李勝光先生,65歲,乃本集團之創辦人兼本公司董事總經理。李先生專責一切日常企業管理業務。彼亦負責計劃及發展本集團之策略。李先生在生產及分銷成衣產品方面積逾30年經驗。

Mr Huang Xuxian, Flynn

Executive Director

Mr Huang Xuxian, Flynn, aged 42, was appointed as an executive director in June 2011. Mr Huang is responsible for day-to-day corporate management matters including business development and administration of the Group. He has extensive experience in taxation, accounting and corporate finance. Mr Huang is currently serving as an executive vice president of Paragon Lakewood Group, where he specializes in investment and business development. Mr Huang also serves as a director of Jih Sun Financial Holding Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation. Mr Huang formerly served as the chairman of the board and an executive director of Shang Hua Holdings Limited (currently known as Beijing Enterprises Water Group Limited), a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. Mr Huang also served as a director of the board of First Choice Bank, of which he was one of the co-founders. Mr Huang is a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Washington CPA Society. He graduated from University of Washington with a bachelor degree of arts in business administration/ accounting in 1993. Mr Huang also holds an International Master of Business Administration from the University of Chicago Booth School of Business.

Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie

Executive Director

Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie, aged 50, is a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company. He is responsible for the overall financial operation of the Group. He has extensive audit experience with one of the big four international accounting firms. Prior to joining the Group in November 1999, Mr Tang was the head of finance and accounting of a conglomerate with subsidiaries listed on the NASDAQ in the United States and the Australian Stock Exchange Limited and the China division of another conglomerate listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr Tang is a certified public accountant in Hong Kong, and is a fellow member of both the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in the United Kingdom.

黄旭新先生

執行董事

黄旭新先生,42歲,於二零一一年六月獲 委任為執行董事。黃先生專責日常企業管 理業務,包括本集團之業務發展及行政 管理。彼於稅務、會計及企業融資擁有豐 富經驗。黃先生現為Paragon Lakewood Group之執行副總裁,專責投資及業務發 展。黃先生亦為一家於台灣證券交易所 股份有限公司上市之公司日盛金融控股 股份有限公司之董事。黄先生曾任一家 於聯交所主板上市之公司上華控股有限 公司(現稱北控水務集團有限公司)之董 事會主席兼執行董事。黃先生亦為First Choice Bank之董事會成員兼創辦人之 一。黃先生現為美國執業會計師公會及華 盛頓執業會計師公會會員。彼畢業於華盛 頓大學,於一九九三年獲頒工商管理/會 計學士學位。黃先生亦獲芝加哥大學布斯 商學院頒發工商管理國際碩士學位。

鄧澤霖先生

執行董事

鄧澤霖先生,50歲,現為本公司薪酬委員 會成員。彼專責本集團之整體財務事宜。 彼擁有豐富之審計經驗,曾在四大國際會 計師行之一任職。一九九九年十一月加盟 本集團前, 鄧先生為一間綜合企業之財務 及會計部主管,該集團旗下多間附屬公司 在美國NASDAQ及澳洲證券交易所有限 公司上市,亦曾在另一間在聯交所上市之 綜合企業出任中國業務部主管。鄧先生為 香港執業會計師,亦為香港會計師公會及 英國特許公認會計師公會之資深會員。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

Mr Xiao Yong

Executive Director

Mr Xiao Yong, aged 42, was appointed as an executive director in June 2011. Mr Xiao is responsible for business development and exploring business opportunities with growth potential in the PRC for the Group. He has extensive experience in petrochemical and telecommunications industries. He served as the chairman of Shanghai Ace Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Ace"), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, during the period from May 2008 to May 2011. Prior to joining Shanghai Ace, Mr Xiao was a deputy general manager of 天天科技有限公司, a company principally engaged in research and development of electronics and telecommunications related products as well as network engineering investment management. Mr Xiao graduated from Shanghai University of Electric Power with a bachelor degree in business management in 1990. He also holds a master degree in business management from Zhejiang University.

Mr Chen Zhongfa

Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr Chen Zhongfa, aged 62, was appointed as an independent non-executive director in September 2011 and is the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee, a member of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr Chen has extensive experience in enterprise management. During March 1995 to June 2001, Mr Chen had been the vice general manager and general manager of Shanghai Tourism Investment and Development Group Company in the PRC. From July 2001 to March 2010, Mr Chen served as the chief economist, CFO, a director and the vice general manager of China Landed Property Development Group Company in the PRC. Since April 2011, Mr Chen is the vice chairman of the China Commerce Association for Senior Citizens and a senior consultant to the Chinese Overseas Students Development Fund. He is currently an independent non-executive director of China Information Technology Development Limited whose shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange. Mr Chen obtained a master degree in International Enterprise Management from the Post Graduate School of the Shanghai Finance and Economic University in 1999. Since February 2009, Mr Chen is a Fellow Member, Chartered Financial Practitioner of the Asia Pacific Financial Services Association.

肖勇先生

執行董事

陳忠發先生

獨立非執行董事

陳忠發先生,62歲,於二零一一年九月獲 委任為獨立非執行董事,並為本公司之薪 酬委員會主席、審核委員會及提名委員會 成員。陳先生擁有豐富之企業管理經驗。 於一九九五年三月至二零零一年六月, 陳先生曾任中國上海旅遊投資開發集團 公司之副總經理及總經理。彼於二零零 一年七月至二零一零年三月於國內任職 中國房地產開發集團公司之總經濟師、 總會計師、董事及副總經理。自二零一一 年四月起,彼擔任中國老齡產業協會副會 長,兼任中國留學人才發展基金會高級顧 問。彼現時為中國信息科技發展有限公司 (其股份於聯交所創業板上市)之獨立非 執行董事。陳先生於一九九九年取得中國 上海財經大學研究生學歷,碩士學位主修 國際企業管理。彼於二零零九年二月起為 亞太財務服務協會之特許財務策劃師之 資深會員。

Mr Yau Wing Yiu

Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr Yau Wing Yiu, aged 45, was appointed as an independent non-executive director in July 2011 and is the Chairman of the Audit Committee, a member of the Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He has extensive experience in financial management, corporate finance and investment. Mr Yau was the partner and Chief Financial Officer of AID Partners Capital Limited which is a private equity investment fund. Mr Yau also worked for various listed companies in Hong Kong and overseas and a number of international investment banks. He is currently an executive director of China Strategic Holdings Limited whose shares are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange and also an independent non-executive director of HanKore Environment Tech Group Limited whose shares are listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited. Mr Yau is an associate member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountant and an associate member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountant. He holds a Master Degree of Business Administration in Finance from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, Graduate School of Business and a BA (Hons) in Business Studies from The City University of Hong Kong.

Mr Zhang Feng

Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr Zhang Feng, aged 43, was appointed as an independent non-executive director in June 2011 and is a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He is a businessman who has about 19 years of experience in hi-technology industry with areas covering satellite communications, system integrator and other related services. Mr Zhang founded 北京海域天 科技發展有限公司 ("海域天科技") in 1999 and 北京海域 天華通信技術有限公司 ("海域天華") in 2004 respectively. Mr Zhang has been serving as the chairman and general manager of 海域天科技 and the chairman of 海域天華 since their incorporations. He acted as the vice chairman of Aircraft Owners and Pilots Association of China in 2010. Mr Zhang graduated from Hohai University with double bachelor degrees in industrial automation and business management in 1992 and 1994 respectively.

邱永耀先生

獨立非執行董事

邱永耀先生,45歲,於二零一一年七月獲 委任為獨立非執行董事,並為本公司之審 核委員會主席、薪酬委員會及提名委員 會成員。彼於財務管理、企業融資及投資 方面擁有豐富經驗。邱先生曾為私人股 本投資基金AID Partners Capital Limited 之合夥人兼財務總監。邱先生亦於多間 香港及海外上市公司及多間國際投資銀 行任職。彼現時為中策集團有限公司(其 股份於聯交所主板上市)之執行董事及 亦為HanKore Environment Tech Group Limited(其股份於新加坡證券交易所有 限公司上市)之獨立非執行董事。邱先生 為美國註冊會計師協會會員及香港會計 師公會會員。彼持有香港科技大學商學院 金融專業工商管理碩士學位,以及香港城 市大學商業榮譽學士學位。

張峰先生

獨立非執行董事

張峰先生,43歲,於二零一一年六月獲委 任為獨立非執行董事,並為本公司之審 核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成 員。彼為商人,於高科技行業擁有約19年 經驗,領域涵蓋衛星通訊、系統整合及其 他相關服務。張先生分別於一九九九年創 辦北京海域天科技發展有限公司(「海域 天科技」),及二零零四年創辦北京海域 天華通信技術有限公司(「海域天華」)。 自該兩家公司註冊成立以來,張先生一 直擔任海域天科技主席兼總經理及海域 天華主席之職。於二零一零年,彼出任中 國私用航空器擁有者及駕駛員協會副主 席。張先生畢業於河海大學,於一九九二 年及一九九四年分別獲頒工業自動及工 商管理雙學士學位。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

No contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

On 9 December 2009, Carry Wealth Limited ("CWL"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Shinning Century Limited ("SCL") entered into a management services agreement (the "Management Services Agreement") to renew the terms of the management services agreement dated 13 September 2001 (as amended by the first supplemental agreement dated 6 September 2004 and the second supplemental agreement dated 24 November 2006) which expired on 31 December 2009 so as to comply with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules for determining the annual cap amounts for the years ending 31 December 2010, 2011 and 2012.

Pursuant to the terms of the Management Services Agreement, CWL provided SCL with management services comprising procurement of sales orders, material sourcing, accounting and finance, shipping and general management services in Hong Kong at a management fee at 6% of the total sales at the invoiced value to customers of SCL for each calendar month. The term of the Management Services Agreement commenced from 1 January 2010 and shall end on 31 December 2012 and thereafter shall be renewed every 3 years unless terminated pursuant to the terms thereof.

As SCL was owned as to 70% by the Company indirectly and 30% by Ms Chen Mei Chuan, Jennifer ("Ms Chen"), the managing director of SCL, SCL was a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. The ongoing transactions between CWL and SCL as aforesaid constituted connected transactions for the Company under the Listing Rules.

董事之服務合約

被提名於應屆股東週年大會上重選之董事,概無與本公司訂立任何本公司不能於一年內免付賠償(法定賠償除外)而予以終止之服務合約。

董事於合約之權益

本公司董事概無於本公司或其任何附屬 公司訂立而與本集團業務有重大關係,且 於本年度結束或於年內任何時間仍然有 效之合約中直接或間接擁有重大利益。

關連交易

根據管理服務協議之條款,近旺於香港向耀晴提供之管理服務包括接單、物料採購、會計及財務、船務與一般管理服務之一之間,總銷售額6%之戶理費,總銷售額為耀晴於每曆月向客戶供貨之發票值。管理服務協議之年期由二零一零年一月一日開始直至二零中二年十二月三十一日為止,除因根據管理服務協議之條款被終止外,否則將每三年重續協議之條款被終止外,否則將每三年重續一次。

由於耀晴由本公司間接擁有70%權益及 由耀晴之董事總經理陳美娟女士(「陳女士」)擁有30%權益,根據上市規則,耀晴 為本公司之關連人士。根據上市規則,上 述近旺與耀晴之間之持續交易構成本公司之關連交易。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

The independent non-executive directors of the Company have reviewed the transactions and confirmed that the transactions have been entered into:

本公司獨立非執行董事已覆核及確認訂 立之有關交易:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company and CWL;
- 屬本公司及近旺之日常及慣常業

on normal commercial terms; and

- (ii) 按一般商業條款進行;及
- (iii) in accordance with the Management Services Agreement on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.
- (iii) 根據管理服務協議進行,而交易條 款乃公平合理,並且符合本公司股 東之整體利益。

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued his unqualified letter containing his findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group above in accordance with paragraph 14A.38 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

根據香港會計師公會發佈的香港鑒證業 務準則3000號「歷史財務資料審核或審 閱以外的鑒証工作」並參考實務説明740 號「香港上市規則規定的持續關連交易的 核數師函件」,本公司核數師已受聘對本 集團持續關連交易作出報告。根據上市規 則第14A.38條,核數師已就本集團以上 披露的持續關連交易,發出無保留意見的 函件,並載有其發現和結論。本公司已將 該核數師函件副本向聯交所提供。

The aggregate amount of management fees charged by CWL amounted to HK\$685,000 which did not exceed the cap amount of HK\$6,200,000 as disclosed for the year ended 31 December 2011 in the Company's announcement dated 9 December 2009.

近旺收取之管理費總額685,000港元並無 超出本公司日期為二零零九年十二月九 日之公布所披露截至二零一一年十二月 三十一日止年度之上限6,200,000港元。

On 16 December 2011, Best Sphere Group Limited (a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) disposed of its 70% interest in SCL to Ms Chen at a consideration comprising cash of HK\$1 and the waiver of debt of HK\$3,382,000 of which Ms Chen had 30% indirect interest. Upon the disposal, the Management Services Agreement and the related continuing connected transactions between CWL and SCL have ceased accordingly. The directors consider that after the disposal, the Group will be better able to rationalize its resources by focusing on the Group's Heshan factory in Mainland China in order to seize business opportunities arising from the more stable and stronger Mainland China markets.

於二零一一年十二月十六日,Best Sphere Group Limited(本公司之全資附 屬公司)出售其於耀晴之70%權益予陳女 士,代價包括現金1港元及放棄收取債務 3,382,000港元(陳女士於其中擁有30% 間接權益)。於出售時,管理服務協議及 近旺與耀晴進行之相關持續關連交易已 相應終止。董事認為,於出售後,本集團 將更可善用其資源,集中發展本集團位於 中國大陸之鶴山廠房,藉此把握來自更為 穩健及蓬勃之中國大陸市場之商機。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

As at 31 December 2011, the interests of the directors of the Company in the shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") were as follows:

董事權益

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,根據證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條規定須予備存之登記冊所記錄或根據上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)向本公司及聯交所發出之通知,本公司董事擁有本公司股份之權益如下:

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each in the Company

本公司每股面值0.10港元普通股

Number of ordinary shares 普通股股份數目

Name of director	Capacity	Personal interests	Family interests	Corporate interests	Other interests	Total interests	Percentage of issued share capital 佔已發行
董事姓名	身份	個人權益	家族權益	公司權益	其他權益	總權益	股本百分比
Mr Li Haifeng	Interest of a controlled corporation	-	-	236,717,000	-	-	53.05
李海楓先生	受控制法團之權益						

Note:

The above shares were held by Dragon Peace Limited, which was wholly owned by Mr Li Haifeng.

All the interests stated above represent long positions. Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2011, none of the directors or chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

附註:

上述股份由Dragon Peace Limited持有,而該公司 則由李海楓先生全資擁有。

上文所述之所有權益均屬好倉。除上文所披露者外,根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定須予備存之登記冊所記錄或根據標準守則向本公司及聯交所發出之通知,於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本公司董事或最高行政人員概無於本公司或任何相聯法團(按證券及期貨條例第XV部之定義)之股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有任何權益或淡倉。

INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL **SHAREHOLDERS**

As at 31 December 2011, the interests of the substantial shareholders (as defined in the Listing Rules), other than directors or chief executives, of the Company in the shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each in the Company

主要股東權益

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,根據證券 及期貨條例第336條規定須予備存之登記 冊所記錄,本公司主要股東(定義見上市 規則)(除董事或最高行政人員外)擁有 本公司股份之權益如下:

本公司每股面值0.10港元普通股

Name of shareholder	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares	Percentage of issued share capital 佔已發行
股東名稱	身份	普通股股份數目	股本百分比
Dragon Peace Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	236,717,000	53.05

Note:

The above shares were held by Dragon Peace Limited, which was wholly owned by Mr Li Haifeng. These interests were duplicated with the interests of Mr Li Haifeng as disclosed in the section headed "INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS".

All the interests stated above represent long positions. Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2011, none of the substantial shareholders, other than directors or chief executives, of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO.

INTERESTS OF OTHER PERSONS

Save as disclosed in the sections headed "INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS" and "INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS" above, the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO shows that as at 31 December 2011, the Company had not been notified of any other person who had an interest or short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company.

附註:

上述股份由Dragon Peace Limited持有,而該公司 則由李海楓先生全資擁有。此等權益與「董事權益」 一節所披露李海楓先生所佔之權益重複。

上文所述之所有權益均屬好倉。除上文所 披露者外,根據證券及期貨條例第336條 規定須予備存之登記冊所記錄,於二零 ——年十二月三十一日,本公司之主要股 東(除董事或最高行政人員外)於本公司 股份或相關股份中概無擁有任何權益或 淡倉。

其他人士權益

除上文「董事權益」及「主要股東權益」 兩節所披露者外,根據證券及期貨條例 第336條規定須予備存之登記冊,於二零 ——年十二月三十一日,本公司並無獲通 知有任何其他人士擁有本公司股份及相 關股份之權益或淡倉。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

The changes in the information of directors of the Company, which are required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, are as follows:

Upon expiry of the three year service contracts on 31 December 2011, Mr Lee Sheng Kuang, James and Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie has each entered into a new service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 1 January 2012, which may be terminated by either party thereto giving to the other party notice in writing with a notice period of not less than 3 months. Mr Lee Sheng Kuang, James is entitled to have a monthly remuneration of HK\$216,850 while the monthly remuneration for Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie remains unchanged at HK\$111,210. All of their emoluments are covered by service contracts.

By virtue of supplemental service agreements dated 9 December 2011, the monthly remuneration of Mr Li Haifeng, Mr Huang Xuxian, Flynn and Mr Xiao Yong has been adjusted to HK\$80,000, HK\$60,000 and HK\$30,000 respectively with effect from 1 January 2012.

Mr Huang Xuxian, Flynn, an executive director of the Company, was appointed as a director of Jih Sun Financial Holding Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation on 1 March 2012.

Save as disclosed above, there is no other information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

管理合約

年內並無訂立或存有有關本公司整體或 任何重大部份業務之管理及行政合約。

董事資料之變動

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條規定,茲披露本公司董事資料之變動如下:

於三年期服務合約在二零一一年十二月三十一日屆滿後,李勝光先生及鄧澤霖先生各自與本公司訂立一份新服務合約,由二零一二年一月一日起計為期三年,該等合約可由任何一方向另一方發出不少於三個月通知期之書面通知予以終止。李勝光先生有權收取每月薪酬216,850港元,而鄧澤霖先生之每月薪酬則維持於111,210港元不變。彼等所有酬金已涵蓋於服務合約內。

根據日期為二零一一年十二月九日之補充服務協議,李海楓先生、黃旭新先生及肖勇先生之每月薪酬已分別調整為80,000港元、60,000港元及30,000港元,由二零一二年一月一日起生效。

本公司執行董事黃旭新先生於二零一二年三月一日獲一家於台灣證券交易所股份有限公司上市之公司日盛金融控股股份有限公司委任為董事。

除上文所披露者外,概無其他資料須根據 上市規則第13.51B(1)條而須予披露。

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The percentages of purchases and sales for the year attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers are as follows:

(i) Purchases

- the largest supplier	16%
- five largest suppliers combined	55%

(ii) Sales

- the largest customer	37%
- five largest customers combined	83%

None of the directors, their associates or any shareholder of the Company (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above at any time during the year.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws or the Laws of Bermuda.

AUDITOR

The financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board Lee Sheng Kuang, James Managing Director

Hong Kong, 26 March 2012

主要供應商及客戶

本集團主要供應商及客戶於年內所佔之 採購及銷售百分比如下:

(i) 採購

一最大供應商	16%
一五大供應商合計	55%

(ii) 銷售

~, ~	
-最大客戶	37%
- 五大客戶合計	83%

本公司董事、彼等之聯繫人士或任何股東 (據董事所知於本公司股本中擁有5%以 上權益者)於年內任何時間概無於上述主 要供應商或客戶中擁有權益。

優先認股權

本公司之章程細則或百慕達法例均無優 先認股權之規定。

核數師

本財務報表已經由羅兵咸永道會計師事 務所審核,該核數師任滿退任,並表示願 意應聘連仟。

代表董事會 董事總經理 李勝光

香港,二零一二年三月二十六日

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



羅兵咸永道

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CARRY WEALTH HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Carry Wealth Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 48 to 132, which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31 December 2011, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

致恒富控股有限公司股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載 於第48頁至第132頁恒富控股有限公司 (以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統 稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財 務報表包括於二零一一年十二月三十一 日的綜合及公司資產負債表與截至該中 止年度的綜合收入報表、綜合全面收入報 表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流轉表, 以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註解釋 資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責 任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會 頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條 例》的披露規定編製綜合財務報表,以令 綜合財務報表作出真實而公平的反映, 及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要 的內部控制,以使綜合財務報表不存在由 於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審計對該等綜合財務報表作出意見,並按照百慕達《一九八一年公司法》第90條僅向整體股東報告我們的意見,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 審計準則進行審計。該等準則要求我們遵 守道德規範,並規劃及執行審計,以合理 確定綜合財務報表是否不存在任何重大 錯誤陳述。

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

審計涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務 報表所載金額及披露資料的審計憑證。 所選定的程序取決於核數師的判斷,包括 評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報 表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等 風險時,核數師考慮與該公司編製綜合財 務報表以作出真實而公平的反映相關的 內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目 的並非對公司內部控制的有效性發表意 見。審計亦包括評價董事所採用會計政策 的合適性及所作出會計估計的合理性,以 及評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式。

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足 和適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2011, and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港 財務報告準則真實而公平地反映貴公司 及貴集團於二零一一年十二月三十一日 的事務狀況,及貴集團截至該日止年度的 虧損及現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條 例》的披露規定妥為編製。

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 26 March 2012

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零一二年三月二十六日

Consolidated Income Statement 綜合收入報表

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

			2011	2010
		Note 附註	二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenues Cost of sales	收益 銷貨成本	5 7	601,843 (523,312)	734,931 (636,760)
Gross profit Other gains/(losses) – net Selling expenses Administrative expenses	毛利 其他收益/(虧損)-淨額 銷售開支 行政開支	6 7 7	78,531 1,459 (23,511) (99,999)	98,171 (2,403) (36,061) (117,343)
Operating loss Finance income Finance costs Share of profit/(loss) of associates	經營虧損 融資收入 融資成本 分佔聯營公司溢利/ (虧損)	8 9	(43,520) 619 (3,621)	(57,636) 457 (2,292) (332)
Loss before income tax Income tax (expense)/credit	除所得税前虧損 所得税(開支)/抵免	10	(46,338) (3,664)	(59,803) 7,023
Loss for the year	年度虧損		(50,002)	(52,780)
Attributable to:	由下列人士應佔:			
Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益持有人 非控制性權益	11	(47,401) (2,601)	(48,829) (3,951)
			(50,002)	(52,780)
Loss per share for loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company during the year	年內由本公司權益 持有人應佔之虧損之 每股虧損			
- basic (HK cents)	-基本(港仙)	12	(11.74)	(13.13)
- diluted (HK cents)	-攤薄(港仙)	12	(11.74)	(13.13)
Dividends	股息	13		

The accompanying notes on pages 55 to 132 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收入報表

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

Loss for the year 年度虧損 (50,002) (52,780) Other comprehensive income: Fair value gain, net of tax:			2011	2010 二零一零年
Other comprehensive income: Fair value gain, net of tax:			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Fair value gain, net of tax: - properties, plant and equipment Reserves transferred to retained earnings upon disposal of land and building, net of tax Reserves released to consolidated income statement upon disposal of interest in associates and subsidiaries Currency translation differences Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests - 物業、廠房及設備 出售土地及樓宇時轉撥儲備至保留盈利・扣除税項 - 物業、廠房及設備 出售土地及樓宇時轉撥儲備至保留盈利・扣除税項 - 物業、廠房及設備 出售土地及樓宇時轉撥儲備至保留盈利・扣除税項 - 物業、廠房及設備 出售土地及樓宇時轉撥儲備至保留盈利・扣除税項 - 位置 上地及機宇時轉撥儲備至保留盈利・扣除税項 - 位置 上地及機宇時轉撥儲備至保留盈利・加除税項 - 位置 上地及機宇時轉撥儲備至保留和・加除税項 - 位置 上地及機宇時轉撥儲備至保留和・加除税項 - 位置 上述	Loss for the year	年度虧損	(50,002)	(52,780)
upon disposal of land and building, net of tax Reserves released to consolidated income statement upon disposal of interest in associates and subsidiaries Currency translation differences Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests Reserves released to consolidated income	Fair value gain, net of tax: - properties, plant and equipment	公允值收益,扣除税項: 一物業、廠房及設備	10,463	5,014
statement upon disposal of interest in associates and subsidiaries 综合收入報表 (8,407) — EXAMPLE Currency translation differences (EXER) (8,407) — EXERT (8,407) —	upon disposal of land and building,		206	_
Currency translation differences匯兑差額3,4373,443Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax年度其他全面收入,扣除税項5,6998,457Total comprehensive loss for the year年度全面虧損總額(44,303)(44,323)Attributable to:由下列人士應佔:Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests本公司權益持有人非控制性權益(3,604)(3,913)	statement upon disposal of interest in	權益時解除儲備至	(8.407)	_
for the year, net of tax 扣除稅項 5,699 8,457 Total comprehensive loss for the year 年度全面虧損總額 (44,303) (44,323) Attributable to: 由下列人士應佔: Equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人 (40,699) (40,410) Non-controlling interests 非控制性權益 (3,604) (3,913)				3,443
Attributable to: 由下列人士應佔: Equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人 (40,699) (40,410) Non-controlling interests 非控制性權益 (3,604) (3,913)	•		5,699	8,457
Equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人 (40,699) (40,410) Non-controlling interests 非控制性權益 (3,604) (3,913)	Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額	(44,303)	(44,323)
Non-controlling interests 非控制性權益 (3,604) (3,913)	Attributable to:	由下列人士應佔:		
(44,303) (44,323)				,
			(44,303)	(44,323)

The accompanying notes on pages 55 to 132 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Balance Sheet 綜合資產負債表

As at 31 December 2011 於二零一一年十二月三十一日

			2011	2010 二零一零年
		Note 附註	二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	专一专中 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Properties, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16	123,524	140,558
Land use rights	土地使用權	17	15,725	15,282
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	19	_	42,880
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	28		5,010
			139,249	203,730
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	22	20,208	106,173
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	23	42,849	125,213
Financial assets at fair value through	n 按公允值計入損益賬之			
profit or loss	金融資產	20	26	6,180
Income tax receivable	應收所得税		2,812	_
Bank deposits	銀行存款	24	11,718	31,099
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	25	111,748	74,554
			189,361	343,219
Total assets	總資產		328,610	546,949
FOURTY	權益			
EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders				
Share capital	股本	30	44,617	37,187
Other reserves	其他儲備	31	95,667	63,952
Retained earnings	保留盈利		103,373	134,922
			243,657	236,061
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		167	5,677
Total equity	總權益		243,824	241,738

Consolidated Balance Sheet 綜合資產負債表

As at 31 December 2011 於二零一一年十二月三十一日

			2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		Note 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	28	15,865	10,943
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	26	_	147
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	29	33,767	146,817
Income tax payable	應付所得税		_	2,740
Bank borrowings	銀行貸款	27	35,154	144,564
			68,921	294,268
Total liabilities	總負債		84,786	305,211
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債		328,610	546,949
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		120,440	48,951
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		259,689	252,681

Lee Sheng Kuang, James 李勝光 Managing Director 董事總經理

Tang Chak Lam, Charlie 鄧澤霖 Executive Director 執行董事

The accompanying notes on pages 55 to 132 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Balance Sheet 資產負債表

As at 31 December 2011 於二零一一年十二月三十一日

			2011	2010
		Note 附註	二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries Amounts due from subsidiaries	非流動資產 於附屬公司之投資 附屬公司欠款	18 21	92,054 151,770	126,220 104,049
			243,824	230,269
Current assets Other receivables Income tax receivable Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 其他應收款項 應收所得税 現金及現金等值項目	23 25	837 410 467	601 - 523
out and out oquivalents		20		
			1,714	1,124
Total assets	總資產		245,538	231,393
EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders Share capital Other reserves (Accumulated loss)/ retained earnings	權益 由本公司權益持有人應佔之 資本及儲備 股本 其他儲備 (累計虧損)/保留盈利	30 31	44,617 232,081 (32,172)	37,187 191,216 1,992
Total equity	總權益		244,526	230,395
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Other payables and accruals	負債 流動負債 其他應付款項及應計費用	29	1,012	998
Total liabilities	總負債		1,012	998
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債		245,538	231,393
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		702	126
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		244,526	230,395

Lee Sheng Kuang, James 李勝光

> Managing Director 董事總經理

Tang Chak Lam, Charlie 鄧澤霖

> Executive Director 執行董事

The accompanying notes on pages 55 to 132 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔

		Share capital 股本	Other reserves 其他儲備	Retained earnings 保留盈利	Non- controlling interests 非控制性 權益	Total 總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January 2010 Comprehensive income	於二零一零年一月一日結餘 全面收入	37,187	55,533	183,751	9,590	286,061
Loss for the year	年度虧損	-	-	(48,829)	(3,951)	(52,780)
Other comprehensive income Fair value gain, net of tax: - properties, plant and equipment	其他全面收入 公允值收益,扣除税項: 一物業、廠房及設備	-	4,888	-	126	5,014
Currency translation differences	匯兑差額		3,531		(88)	3,443
Total other comprehensive income	其他全面收入總額		8,419		38	8,457
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	全面收入/(虧損)總額		8,419	(48,829)	(3,913)	(44,323)
Balance at 31 December 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日結餘	37,187	63,952	134,922	5,677	241,738
Balance at 1 January 2011	於二零一一年一月一日結餘	37,187	63,952	134,922	5,677	241,738
Comprehensive income Loss for the year	全面收入 年度虧損	-	-	(47,401)	(2,601)	(50,002)
Other comprehensive income Fair value gain, net of tax: properties, plant and equipment Reserves transferred upon disposal of	其他全面收入 公允值收益,扣除税項: 一物業、廠房及設備 出售土地及樓宇時轉撥	-	10,515	-	(52)	10,463
land and building, net of tax Reserves released upon disposal	儲備,扣除税項 出售於聯營公司及	-	(14,864)	15,852	(782)	206
of interests in associates and subsidiaries Currency translation differences	附屬公司之權益時 解除儲備 匯兑差額		(7,508) 2,707		(899) 730	(8,407)
Total other comprehensive (loss)/income	其他全面(虧損)/收入總額		(9,150)	15,852	(1,003)	5,699
Total comprehensive loss	全面虧損總額	_	(9,150)	(31,549)	(3,604)	(44,303)
Transactions with owners Issue of shares Dividend paid to non-controlling	與擁有人進行之交易 發行股份 已付非控制性權益之股息	7,430	40,865	-	-	48,295
interests					(1,906)	(1,906)
Total transactions with owners	與擁有人進行之交易總額	7,430	40,865	-	(1,906)	46,389
Balance at 31 December 2011	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日結餘	44,617	95,667	103,373	167	243,824

The accompanying notes on pages 55 to 132 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 綜合現金流轉表

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

			2011	2010
		Note 附註	二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from/(used in) operations Interest paid Hong Kong profits tax paid Overseas tax paid	經營活動之現金流轉 經營產生/(所用) 之現金 已付利息 已繳香港利得税 已繳海外税項	32	43,567 (3,621) (5,467) (747)	(32,704) (2,292) (512) (2,149)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	經營活動產生/(所用) 現金淨額		33,732	(37,657)
Cash flows from investing activities Decrease/(increase) in bank deposits Purchase of properties, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of properties, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of associates Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	投資活動之現金流轉 之現金流轉之增少(信款) 以行存款 以銀置設備 以售物構業、 以售, 以售, 以售, 以售, 以等, 以等, 以等, 以等, 以等, 以等, 以等, 以等, 以等, 以等	33 34	19,381 (2,648) 8,353 41,363 2,801	(27,182) (7,694) 1,447
Payment for land use rights Interest received Net cash generated from/(used in)	土地使用權之付款 已收利息 投資活動產生/(所用)		619	(4,441) 457
investing activities	現金淨額		69,869	(37,413)
Cash flows from financing activities Dividend paid to non-controlling interests Issue of shares Proceeds from bank borrowings Repayments of bank borrowings	融資活動之現金流轉 已付非控制性權益之 股息 發行股份 銀行貸款所得款項 償還銀行貸款		(1,906) 48,295 257,480 (366,890)	- 406,610 (335,619)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	融資活動(所用)/產生現金淨額		(63,021)	70,991
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外幣匯率變動之影響		(3,386)	(376)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	現金及現金等值項目之 淨增加/(減少) 年初現金及現金等值項目		37,194 74,554	(4,455) 79,009
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年終現金及現金等值項目		111,748	74,554

The accompanying notes on pages 55 to 132 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

GENERAL INFORMATION

Carry Wealth Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") manufacture and trade garment products. The Group has production facilities in Indonesia and Mainland China.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11. Bermuda.

The Company is listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

These consolidated financial statements are presented in units of Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated.

These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 March 2012.

BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basis of preparation and the principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied for all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of land and buildings (Note 16), financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss (Note 20 and 26).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

一般資料

恒富控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其 附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」)生產 及買賣成衣產品。本集團於印尼及 中國大陸均有生產設施。

本公司是一間於百慕達註冊成立 的有限公司。註冊辦事處地址為 Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda •

本公司於香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)上市。

除另有説明外,此等綜合財務報表 均以港元為呈列單位。

此等綜合財務報表已於二零一二年 三月二十六日獲董事會批准刊發。

編製基準及主要會計政策概要

編製此等綜合財務報表所採納之編 製基準及主要會計政策載於下文。 除另有説明外,此等政策已於所有 呈報年度貫徹應用。

2.1 編製基準

本集團之綜合財務報表乃按照 香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則1)編製。有關綜合 財務報表乃根據歷史成本法而 編製,並就重估之土地及樓宇 (附註16)及按公允值計入損益 賬之金融資產與金融負債(包 括衍生工具)(附註20及26)而 予以修訂。

編製符合香港財務報告準則之 財務報表時作出了若干關鍵會 計估算。同時,在應用本集團會 計政策之過程中,需要管理層 行使其判斷。涉及須作出更多 判斷或更複雜之範疇,及對綜 合財務報表而言屬重大之假設 及估計之範疇於附註4中披露。

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (a) New and amended standards, and interpretations mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2011 but not currently relevant to the Group (although they may affect the accounting for future transactions and events)
 - HKAS 24 (Revised), 'Related Party Disclosures', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2011.
 - Amendment to HKAS 32, 'Classification of Rights Issues', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 February 2010.
 - Amendment to HKFRS 1, 'Limited Exemption from Comparative HKFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopter', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 July 2010.
 - Amendment to HK(IFRIC) Int 14, 'Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2011.
 - HK(IFRIC) Int 19, 'Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 July 2010.
 - Third improvements to HKFRS (2010) were issued in May 2010 by the HKICPA. All improvements are effective in the financial year of 2011.

2 編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (績)

2.1 編製基準(績)

- (a) 於二零一一年一月一日開始之財政年度強制規定首次採納但現時與本集團無關之新訂及經修訂準則及詮釋(儘管其可能影響未來交易及事件之會計處理)
 - 香港會計準則第24 號(經修訂)「關聯 方披露」,於二零 一一年一月一日或之 後開始之年度期間生 效。
 - 香港會計準則第32 號「配股之分類」之 修訂,於二零一零年 二月一日或之後開始 之年度期間生效。
 - 香港財務報告準則第 1號「首次採納者披露香港財務報告準則第7號比較資料之有限度豁免」之修訂,於二零一零年七月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。

 - 香港會計師公會於二零一零年五月頒佈對香港財務報告準則之第三批改進(2010)。所有改進均於二零一一財政年度生效。

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (b) New standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2011 and have not been early adopted
 - Amendment to HKAS 1, 'Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 July 2012.
 - Amendment to HKAS 12, 'Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 July 2012.
 - HKAS 19 (2011), 'Employee Benefits', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2013.
 - HKAS 27 (2011), 'Separate Financial Statements', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2013.
 - HKAS 28 (2011), 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2013.
 - Amendment to HKAS 32, 'Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2014.
 - Amendment to HKFRS 1, 'Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 July 2011.

編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

- (b) 已頒佈但於二零一一年一 月一日開始之財政年度尚 未生效,且並無提前採納 之新訂準則、修訂及詮釋
 - 香港會計準則第1號 「其他全面收入項目 之呈列]之修訂,於 二零一二年七月一日 或之後開始之年度期 間生效。
 - 香港會計準則第12 號「遞延税項:相關 資產之收回」之修 訂,於二零一二年七 月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效。
 - 香港會計準則第19 號(2011)「僱員福 利」,於二零一三年 一月一日或之後開始 之年度期間生效。
 - 香港會計準則第27 號(2011)「單獨財務 報表」,於二零一三 年一月一日或之後開 始之年度期間生效。
 - 香港會計準則第28 號(2011)「於聯營公 司及合營公司之投 資1,於二零一三年 一月一日或之後開始 之年度期間生效。
 - 香港會計準則第32 號「金融資產及金融 負債之抵銷」之修 訂,於二零一四年一 月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效。
 - 香港財務報告準則第 1號「嚴重高通脹及 首次採納者取消固定 日期」之修訂,於二 零一一年七月一日或 之後開始之年度期間 生效。

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (b) New standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2011 and have not been early adopted (Continued)
 - Amendment to HKFRS 7, 'Disclosures -Transfers of Financial Assets', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 July 2011.
 - Amendment to HKFRS 7, 'Disclosures Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial
 Liabilities', effective for annual period
 beginning on or after 1 January 2013.
 - HKFRS 9, 'Financial Instruments', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2015.
 - HKFRS 10, 'Consolidated Financial Statements', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2013.
 - HKFRS 11, 'Joint Arrangements', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2013.
 - HKFRS 12, 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2013.
 - HKFRS 13, 'Fair Value Measurement', effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

2 編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (績)

2.1 編製基準(續)

- (b) 已頒佈但於二零一一年一 月一日開始之財政年度尚 未生效,且並無提前採納 之新訂準則、修訂及詮釋 (續)
 - 香港財務報告準則第 7號「披露一金融資 產之轉讓」之修訂, 於二零一一年七月一 日或之後開始之年度 期間生效。
 - 香港財務報告準則第 7號「披露一金融資 產及金融負債之抵 銷」之修訂,於二零 一三年一月一日或之 後開始之年度期間生 效。
 - 香港財務報告準則第 9號「金融工具」,於 二零一五年一月一日 或之後開始之年度期 間生效。
 - 香港財務報告準則 第10號「綜合財務報 表」,於二零一三年 一月一日或之後開始 之年度期間生效。
 - 香港財務報告準則第 11號「合營安排」, 於二零一三年一月一 日或之後開始之年度 期間生效。
 - 香港財務報告準則第 12號「於其他實體之 權益披露」,於二零 一三年一月一日或之 後開始之年度期間生 效。
 - 香港財務報告準則 第13號「公允值計量」,於二零一三年 一月一日或之後開始 之年度期間生效。

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of adoption of the above new standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2011 and have not been early adopted.

As at 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010, an amount of HK\$24.962.000 fixed asset revaluation reserve had been reclassified from exchange reserve. The reclassification has no impact to the total reserves as at both dates.

2.2 Subsidiaries

2.2.1 Consolidation

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. The Group also assesses existence of control where it does not have more than 50% of the voting power but is able to govern the financial and operating policies by virtue of de-facto control. De-facto control may arise from circumstances such as enhanced minority rights or contractual terms between shareholders, etc.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.1 編製基準(績)

本集團現正評估採納上述已頒 佈但於二零一一年一月一日開 始之財政年度尚未生效,且本 集團並無提前採納之新訂準 則、修訂及詮譯之影響。

於二零一零年一月一日及二 零一零年十二月三十一日, 24,962,000港元之固定資產重 估儲備已自匯兑儲備重新分 類。重新分類對該兩個日期之 總儲備並無影響。

2.2 附屬公司

2.2.1 綜合賬目

附屬公司指本集團有權監 管其財務及經營政策的所 有實體(包括特別目的實 體),一般附帶超過半數 投票權之股權。現時可行 使或可轉換之潛在投票權 之存在及影響,會於評估 本集團是否控制另一間實 體時考慮。倘若本集團並 無擁有超過50%投票權, 但按照實際控制權有能力 管理財務及經營政策,則 本集團亦會評估是否存在 控制權。實際控制權可透 過提高少數股東權益或股 東之間的合約條款等情況 產生。

附屬公司於控制權轉移至 本集團當日起全面綜合入 賬,並自控制權終止當日 起停止綜合入賬。

2.2 Subsidiaries (Continued)

2.2.1 Consolidation (Continued)

Inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Profits and losses resulting from intercompany transactions that are recognised in assets are also eliminated. The financial information of subsidiaries has been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(a) Business combinations

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisitionrelated costs are expensed as incurred.

2 編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.2 附屬公司(績)

2.2.1 綜合賬目(續)

(a) 企業合併

本集團應用收購法為 企業合併列賬。收購 附屬公司之轉讓代價 為向所收購公司前擁 有人轉讓之資產、產 牛之負債及本集團所 發行股本權益之公允 值。所轉讓代價包括 或然代價安排產牛之 仟何資產或負債之公 允值。在企業合併中 所收購可識辨之資產 以及所承擔之負債及 或然負債,首先以於 收購日期之公允值計 量。本集團根據逐項 收購基準按公允值或 非控制性權益佔所收 購公司可識辨之資產 淨值之已確認金額之 比例,確認任何於所 收購公司之非控制性 權益。收購相關成本 於產生時列為開支。

2.2 Subsidiaries (Continued)

2.2.1 Consolidation (Continued)

(a) Business combinations (Continued)

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with HKAS 39 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured. and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured as the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the fair value of non-controlling interest over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised in profit or loss.

編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (繪)

2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.1 綜合賬目(續)

(a) 企業合併(續)

倘若企業合併分階段 進行,收購公司過往 於所收購公司持有之 股本權益於損益賬重 新計量至收購日期之 公允值。

本集團將轉讓之仟何 或然代價按收購日期 之公允值確認。其後 或然代價公允值之變 動被視為按照香港會 計準則第39號於損 益賬或作為其他全面 收入變動確認之資產 或負債。分類為權益 之或然代價不予重新 計量,而其後之結算 於權益內入賬。

商譽首次按所轉讓代 價與非控制性權益公 允值超出所收購可識 辨淨資產及所承擔可 識辨淨負債之數額計 量。倘若此代價低於 所收購附屬公司淨資 產之公允值,則差額 於損益賬確認。

2.2 Subsidiaries (Continued)

2.2.1 Consolidation (Continued)

(b) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

(c) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

2 編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (績)

2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.1 綜合賬目(續)

(b) 不涉及控制權變動之 於附屬公司擁有權權 益變動

(c) 出售附屬公司

倘本集團不再擁有控 制權,其於該實體之 任何保留權益按其失 去控制權當日之公允 值重新計量,而賬面 值變動則於損益賬內 確認。就隨後入賬列 作聯營公司、合營公 司或金融資產之保 留權益而言,此公允 值即初步賬面值。此 外, 先前於其他全面 收入內確認與該實體 有關之任何金額按猶 如本集團已直接出售 有關資產或負債之方 式入賬。這可能意味 著先前在其他全面收 入內確認之金額重新 分類至損益賬。

2.2 Subsidiaries (Continued)

2.2.2 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost is adjusted to reflect changes in consideration arising from contingent consideration amendments. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2.3 Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.2獨立財務報表

於附屬公司之投資乃按成 本扣除減值後入賬。調整 成本用作反映修訂或然 代價產生之代價變動。成 本亦包括投資直接應佔成 本。附屬公司之業績乃由 本公司按股息及應收款項 入賬。

倘若股息超出附屬公司於 宣派股息期間之全面收入 總額,或倘若獨立財務報 表所示之投資賬面值超出 綜合財務報表所示所投資 公司淨資產(包括商譽) 之賬面值,則須於收取有 關投資股息時就於附屬公 司之投資進行減值測試。

2.3 聯營公司

聯營公司是指本集團對其有重 大影響力而無控制權的所有實 體,通常附帶有20%至50%投 票權的股權。於聯營公司投資 以權益會計法入賬。根據權益 法,投資初始以成本確認,賬 面值可予增減,以確認投資公 司於收購日期後應佔所投資公 司之損益。本集團於聯營公司 之投資包括於收購時識辨之商 譽。

倘於聯營公司之擁有權權益減 少,但重大影響力仍保留,則先 前於其他全面收入內確認的金 額僅有一定比例部份重新分類 至損益賬(如適用)。

2.3 Associates (Continued)

The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to 'share of loss of associates' in the consolidated income statement.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in the Group's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investor's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. The financial information of associates has been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Dilution gains and losses arising in investments in associates are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

2 編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.3 聯營公司(績)

本集團於每個報告日期釐定於 聯營公司之投資有否任何客觀 減值跡象。如出現有關跡象,本 集團會計算減值金額,即聯營 公司可收回款額與其賬面值之 差額,並將該金額與「分佔聯營 公司之虧損」一同於綜合收入 報表內確認。

聯營公司投資而產生之攤薄盈 虧於綜合收入報表內確認。

2.4 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified collectively as the board of directors that makes strategic decisions.

2.5 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (HK\$), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at yearend exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated income statement within 'administrative expenses'.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss.

編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (繪)

2.4 分部報告

營運分部以與提供予主要營運 決策者的內部報告相同的方式 報告。董事會被識辨為主要營 運決策者,負責分配營運分部 的資源及評估分部表現,並作 出策略性決定。

2.5 外幣匯兌

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體之財務報表 所列之項目,乃按該實體 經營所在地之主要經濟環 境之貨幣(「功能貨幣」) 計量。綜合財務報表以港 元呈列,而港元則為本公 司之功能及本集團之呈列 貨幣。

(b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易按交易或項目重 新估值當日之匯率換算為 功能貨幣。結算此等交易 產生的匯兑盈虧以及將外 幣計值的貨幣資產和負債 以年終匯率換算產生的匯 兑盈虧在綜合收入報表確 認。

所有匯兑盈虧乃於綜合收 入報表之「行政開支」呈 列。

非貨幣金融資產及負債 (例如按公允值計入損益 賬之權益)之匯兑差額將 於損益賬確認為公允值盈 虧的一部份。

2.5 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(c) Group companies

The results and financial positions of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each consolidated income statement are translated at average exchange rates; and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operation, and of relevant borrowings, are taken to other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is partially disposed or sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and are translated at the closing rate.

2 編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.5 外幣匯兌(續)

(c) 集團公司

集團旗下所有公司(當中並無持有高通脹經濟體系之貨幣)之功能貨幣倘有別於呈列貨幣,其業績及財務狀況須按如下方式兑換為呈列貨幣:

- (i) 每份呈報的資產負債 表所列資產及負債按 其結算日之收市匯率 換算:
- (ii) 每份綜合收入報表所 列收入及開支按平均 匯率換算;及
- (iii) 所有由此而產生之匯 兑差額均於其他全面 收入確認。

於綜合賬目時,因換算於海外業務之淨投資及相關貸款而產生之匯兑差額對計入其他全面收入內。當外業務部份處置或出售時,記入權益的匯兑差額乃於綜合收入報表確認為出售盈虧的一部份。

收購海外實體時產生之商 譽及公允值調整乃作為該 海外實體之資產及負債處 理,並按收市匯率換算。

2.6 Properties, plant and equipment

Land under finance leases and buildings, comprising mainly factories and offices, are shown at fair value, as determined by directors based on valuations by external independent valuers which are performed on an annual basis, less subsequent depreciation for land and buildings. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated income statement during the financial year in which they are incurred.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to fixed asset revaluation reserve in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged against fixed asset revaluation reserve directly in equity and all other decreases are expensed in the consolidated income statement.

編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.6 物業、廠房及設備

融資租賃項下之土地及樓宇主 要包括工廠及辦公室,並由董 事根據外聘獨立估值師之年度 估值以公允值列賬減土地及樓 宇之其後折舊。於重估日期之 任何累計折舊,與資產賬面總 值對銷,而淨額則重列至資產 的重估金額。被置換部份之賬 面值終止確認。所有其他廠房 及設備,乃按歷史成本減累計 折舊及減值虧損列賬。

歷史成本包括收購該項目直接 產生之開支。其後成本只有在 與該項目相關之未來經濟利益 有可能流入本集團而該項目之 成本能可靠計算時,才能包括 在資產之賬面值或確認為獨立 資產(如合嫡)。所有其他維修 及保養費用,於其產生之財務 年度於綜合收入報表扣除。

十地及樓宇重估之賬面值增值 部份乃計入權益中之固定資產 重估儲備。用以抵銷同一項資 產以往增值之減值乃直接扣減 權益中之固定資產重估儲備, 所有其餘減值則於綜合收入報 表支銷。

2.6 Properties, plant and equipment (Continued)

Properties, plant and equipment are depreciated at rates sufficient to write off their cost or valuation to their residual values over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follow:

Leasehold land interests Shorter of remaining classified as finance leases lease term or useful

life

Buildings Lower of 5% and the

estimated useful life

Leasehold improvements Shorter of the lease

term and the

estimated useful life

Plant and machinery
Furniture, office equipment

and motor vehicles

10% to 40% 10% to 40%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'other gains/(losses) – net' in the consolidated income statement.

When revalued assets are sold, the amounts included in other reserves are transferred to retained earnings.

2 編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.6 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備折舊率需足 以按直線法根據該等資產之估 計可使用年期撇銷其成本或估 值至其餘值。主要年率如下:

分類為融資 餘下租期或可使 租賃之 用年期(以較 租賃土地 短者為準)

權益

樓宇 5%及估計可使用

年期(以較短者為準)

租賃裝修 租期及估計可使

用年期(以較 短者為準)

廠房及機器 10%至40% 傢俬、辦公室 10%至40%

設備及 汽車

於每個報告期末,本集團會審 閱資產餘值及可使用年期,並 作出調整(如適用)。

若資產的賬面值大於其估計可 收回價值,該資產的賬面值須 即時撇減至其可收回價值。

出售盈虧乃透過將所得款項與 賬面值比較而釐定,並在綜合 收入報表之「其他收益/(虧 損)-淨額)」內確認。

倘若出售重估資產,計入其他 儲備之金額將轉撥至保留盈 利。

2.7 Leasehold land and land use rights

The up-front prepayments made for leasehold land interests recognised as operating leases and land use rights are expensed in the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the periods of the lease or the land use right. When there is impairment, the impairment is expensed in the consolidated income statement.

2.8 Impairment of investments in subsidiaries. associates and other long-term non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example, goodwill - are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. In addition, all assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.9 Financial assets

2.9.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date.

編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.7 租賃土地及土地使用權

就確認為經營租賃之租賃土地 權益及土地使用權支付之一次 性預付款項於租賃或土地使用 權期內以直線法在綜合收入報 表內列作支出。倘出現減值,則 減值於綜合收入報表內列作支 出。

2.8 於附屬公司、聯營公司及其他 長期非金融資產之投資減值

沒有確定可使用年期之資產如 商譽無需作攤銷,但需進行年 度減值測試。此外,所有資產 在出現顯示可能不能收回賬面 值之情況或變化時,須作減值 檢討。倘資產之賬面值超出其 可收回款額,超出之款項將作 減值虧損確認。可收回款額為 資產公允值減出售成本或使用 價值之較高者。就評估減值而 言,資產按可分開識別現金流 量之最低級別(現金產生單位) 分組。倘商譽以外之非金融資 產已減值,須於每個報告日期 審查其可能出現之減值撥回。

2.9 金融資產

2.9.1 分類

本集團將其金融資產分類 為以下類別:按公允值計 入損益賬以及貸款及應收 款項。分類視乎購入金融 資產之目的而定。管理層 會於初步確認時釐定其金 融資產分類並於每個報告 日期重新評估此項分類。

2.9 Financial assets (Continued)

2.9.1 Classification (Continued)

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if expected to be settled within 12 months; otherwise, they are classified as non-current.

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in currents assets, except for the amounts that are settled or expected to be settle more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise 'trade and other receivables', 'bank deposits' and 'cash and cash equivalent' in the balance sheet (Notes 2.13 and 2.14).

2 編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (績)

2.9 金融資產(績)

2.9.1 分類(續)

(a) 按公允值計入損益賬 之金融資產

(b) 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為有 固定或可釐定付款額 而並非於活躍市場報 價之非衍生金融資 產。除於報告期末後 超過十二個月結算或 預期結算之金額會分 類為非流動資產外, 貸款及應收款項列 入流動資產。本集團 之貸款及應收款項 包括資產負債表內 之「貿易及其他應收 款項」、「銀行存款」 及「現金及現金等值 項目」(附註2.13及 2.14) 。

BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.9 Financial assets (Continued)

2.9.2 Recognition and measurement

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date - the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transactions costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the consolidated income statement. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investment have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the consolidated income statement within 'other gains/(loss) - net' in the period in which they arise. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of finance income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

2.10 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.9 金融資產(續)

2.9.2確認及計量

金融資產之正常買賣於交 易日(即本集團承諾購買 或出售資產當日)確認。 對於並非按公允值計入損 益賬之所有金融資產,投 資初步按公允值加交易成 本確認。按公允值計入損 益賬之金融資產乃初步以 公允值確認,而交易成本 則於綜合收入報表列支。 當從投資收取現金流轉之 權利屆滿或轉移及本集團 大致轉移其擁有權之一切 風險及回報時,金融資產 即終止確認。按公允值計 入損益賬之金融資產其後 按公允值列賬。貸款及應 收款項乃以實際利率方法 按攤銷成本列賬。

因「按公允值計入損益賬 之金融資產」類別的公允 值變動而產生的盈虧,列 入產生期間的綜合收入 報表之「其他收益/(虧 損) 一淨額 | 內。於本集 團 收 取 股 息 之 權 利 確 立 時,來自按公允值計入損 益賬之金融資產之股息收 入於綜合收入報表確認為 融資收入之一部份。

2.10 抵銷金融工具

當具有可合法強制執行之權利 將已確認金額對銷,且有意按 淨額基準結算或同時變現資產 及結算負債時,金融資產及負 債予以抵銷,並於資產負債表 以淨額報告。

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.11 Impairment of financial assets

Assets carried at amortised cost

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For loans and receivables category, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement. If a loan or held-to-maturity investment has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Group may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

2 編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.11 金融資產減值

按攤銷成本列賬之資產

減值證據可包括下列跡象:多 名或一組債務人面對重大財務 困難,拖欠利息或本金,彼等可 能破產或進行其他財務重組, 且有可觀察數據顯示估計未來 現金流轉的減幅可計量,例如 與違約相關的欠款或經濟狀況 變動。

BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.11 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement.

2.12 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the firstin, first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises design costs, raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

2.13 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (繪)

2.11 金融資產減值(續)

按攤銷成本列賬之資產(續)

倘若減值虧損數額於往後期間 减少,而此减少可客觀地涉及 確認減值後發生之事件(例如 債務人之信用評級改善),則之 前已確認之減值虧損可在綜合 收入報表撥回。

2.12 存貨

存貨乃按成本或可變現淨值 (取較低者)列賬。成本乃按先 入先出(「先入先出」)法釐定。 製成品及半製成品之成本包括 設計成本、原材料、直接勞工、 其他直接成本及相關生產費用 (依據正常營運能力)。其不包 括貸款成本。可變現淨值為於 日常業務過程中之估計銷售價 減適用之變動銷售開支。

2.13 貿易及其他應收款項

貿易應收款項指就於日常業務 過程中出售貨品或履行服務而 應收客戶之款項。預期於一年 或以內(或於正常業務經營週 期(如較長))收回之貿易及其 他應收款項分類為流動資產, 否則呈列為非流動資產。

貿易及其他應收款項初步按公 允值確認,其後以實際利率方 法按攤銷成本計算,並扣除減 值撥備。

2.14 現金及現金等值項目

於綜合現金流轉表內,現金及 現金等值項目包括手頭現金、 可隨時提取之銀行存款、其他 原到期日為三個月或以內之短 期高流動性投資。

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.16 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. They are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.17 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

2 編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.15 股本

普通股被分類為權益。

直接歸屬於發行新股或購股權 的新增成本在權益中列為所得 款項的減少(扣除税項)。

2.16 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項指就於日常業務過程中購買貨品或服務 而產生付款予供應商之責任。 於一年或以內(或於正常業務 經營週期(如較長))到期之款 項分類為流動負債,否則呈列 為非流動負債。

貿易及其他應付款項初步按公 允值確認,其後以實際利率方 法按攤銷成本計算。

2.17 貸款

貸款初步乃按公允值(已扣除所產生之交易成本)確認。貸款其後按攤銷成本列賬,扣除交易成本後之所得款項及贖回值出現差額,則於貸款期內以實際利率方法在綜合收入報表內確認。

為建立貸款融資所付費用乃確認為貸款之交易成本,於很有可能使用部份或所有融資時期該費用將予遞延,直至使用融資。倘並無證據表明部份或所有融資將被使用,則該費用將有融資將被使用,則該費用將作為流動性服務之預付款項資本化,並按融資相關之期間攤銷。

除非本集團有無條件權利將負 債結算日期遞延至報告期末後 至少十二個月,否則貸款將被 劃分為流動負債。

BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.18 Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair values. Changes in the fair value of those derivative instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised immediately in the consolidated income statement within 'other gains/(losses) - net'.

2.19 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.18 衍生金融工具

衍生工具初步按訂立衍生工具 合約當日之公允值確認,其後 按公允值重新計量。並不符合 以對沖會計處理之衍生工具之 公允值變動乃即時於綜合收 入報表中之「其他收益/(虧 損) - 淨額 | 確認。

2.19 當期及遞延所得稅

期內税項開支包括當期及遞延 税項。税項乃於綜合收入報表 確認,惟與於其他全面收入或 直接於權益確認之項目有關者 除外。於此情況下,稅項亦分別 於其他全面收入或直接於權益 確認。

(a) 當期所得税

當期所得税開支根據本公 司之附屬公司及聯營公司 營運及產生應課税收入之 國家於結算日已頒佈或實 質頒佈之税務法例計算。 管理層就適用税務法例詮 釋所規限的情況定期評估 報税表的狀況,並在適用 情況下根據預期須向稅務 機關支付的税款設定撥 備。

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.19 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

(b) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2 編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.19 當期及遞延所得稅(績)

(b) 遞延所得税

遞延所得税以負債法,就 資產及負債之稅基與其於 綜合財務報表內之賬面值 所產生之暫時差額確認。 然而,倘遞延所得税負債 來自對商譽的初步確認, 以及若遞延所得税在交易 (不包括業務合併)中初步 確認資產或負債,而在交 易時不影響會計損益或應 課税損益,則不作記賬。 遞延所得税乃按結算日已 頒佈或實質頒佈,及預期 於相關遞延所得稅資產變 現或遞延所得稅負債結清 時適用之税率(及法例) **釐定。**

遞延所得税資產僅於將來 可能出現足以抵銷該等暫 時差額之應課税溢利時予 以確認。

遞延所得稅就投資於附屬 公司及聯營公司產生之 暫時差額而撥備,但假若 本集團可以控制暫時 額撥回遞延所得稅負債 時間,而暫時差額在可預 見將來可能不會撥回則除 外。

BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.19 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

(c) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2.20 Employee benefits

Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Pension obligations

The Group has defined contribution plans. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension plans on a mandatory or contractual basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expenses when they are due and if applicable, are reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the scheme or the plan prior to vesting fully in the contributions.

編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.19 當期及遞延所得稅(續)

(c) 抵銷

倘具有可合法強制執行 之權利,將當期稅項資產 與當期税項負債抵銷,且 遞延所得税資產與負債涉 及由同一税務機關對應課 税實體或不同應課税實體 (有意以淨額基準清償結 餘者)徵收之所得税時, 則可將遞延所得稅資產與 負債互相抵銷。

2.20 僱員福利

(i) 僱員休假權益

僱員在年假之權益乃於年 假應計予僱員時予以確 認。已就僱員截至結算日 止已提供之服務撥出年假 估計負債之準備。

僱員之病假及產假權益於 休假時方予確認。

(ii) 退休金責任

本集團設有定額供款計 劃。定額供款計劃為一項 退休金計劃,本集團可據 此按照強制性或合約基準 向公共或私人管理退休金 計劃繳付供款。支付供款 後,本集團再無進一步之 支付責任。供款乃於到期 時確認為僱員福利開支, 倘僱員於有權悉數享有供 款前退出該計劃,則所放 棄之供款可減低本集團之 供款。

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.20 Employee benefits (Continued)

(ii) Pension obligations (Continued)

The Group also has defined benefit obligations, which define an amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive on retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit obligations is the present value of the obligations at the balance sheet date, together with adjustments for unrecognised past-service costs.

(iii) Share-based compensation

The Group operates an equity-settled, sharebased compensation plan, under which the entity receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (options) of the Group. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted, excluding the impact of any nonmarket vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets) and nonvesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each reporting period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the consolidated income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

2 編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.20 僱員福利(績)

(ii) 退休金責任(續)

(iii) 以股份為基礎之報酬

本集團運作一項以權益結 算、以股份為基礎之報酬 計劃,以本集團之權益工 具(購股權)作為實體取 得僱員服務之代價。就授 出購股權所換取僱員服 務之公允值確認為支出。 須列作支出之總額乃參考 所授予購股權之公允值釐 定,惟不計及任何非市場 歸屬條件(如盈利能力、 銷售增長目標)及非歸屬 條件之影響。假設預期歸 屬之購股權數目時,須考 慮非市場歸屬條件。總開 支乃於歸屬期間(即所有 指定歸屬條件達成之期 間)確認。於每個報告期 末,實體修訂預期按非市 場歸屬條件歸屬之購股權 預計數目,修訂原先估計 之影響(如有)於綜合收 入報表確認並於權益作相 應調整。

BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.20 Employee benefits (Continued)

(iii) Share-based compensation (Continued)

The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium when the options are exercised.

(iv) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable upon retirement, when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to either: terminating the employment of current employees according to a detailed formal plan without possibility of withdrawal; or providing termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to their present value.

2.21 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for the future operating losses.

2.22 Revenue and other income

Revenue from the sale of goods is the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. It is recognised on the transfer of risks and rewards of ownership, which generally coincides with the time when shipment is made. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns. rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.20 僱員福利(續)

(iii) 以股份為基礎之報酬 (續)

已收所得款項減仟何直接 相關交易成本乃於購股權 獲行使時計入股本(按面 值)及股份溢價。

(iv) 解僱補償

解僱補償在退休時、在本 集團於正常退休日期前終 止僱用或當僱員接受自 願遺散以換取此等福利 時應予支付。本集團在可 證明如下承諾時確認解僱 補償:根據一項詳細的正 式計劃終止現有僱員的 僱用而沒有撤回的可能; 或因為提出一項要約以鼓 勵自願遣散而提供的解僱 補償。在報告期末後超過 十二個月到期的福利貼現 為現值。

2.21 撥備

倘本集團需就過去事件承擔現 有法律或推定責任而很可能導 致資源流出企業以抵償責任, 而有關金額能可靠地估計時, 則確認有關撥備。並無就日後 經營虧損確認撥備。

2.22 收益及其他收入

出售貨品之收益指本集團日常 業務活動過程中就出售貨品 之已收或應收代價之公允值。 其於擁有權之風險及回報轉移 時確認,一般與付運時同時發 生。收益於扣除增值税、退貨、 回佣及折扣並抵銷本集團內銷 售額後列示。

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.22 Revenue and other income (Continued)

Processing income is recognized when services are rendered.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis, taking into account the principal amounts outstanding and using the effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

2.23 Leases (as the lessee)

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases, net of any incentives received from the lessor, are charged to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease period.

2.24 Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the Group to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts are initially recognized at fair value on the date the guarantee is given. Subsequently, the liabilities under such guarantees are measured at the higher of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle any financial obligation arising at the balance sheet date and the initial measurement, less amortization calculated to recognize in the income statement the fee income earned on straightline basis over the life of the guarantee. These estimates are determined based on experience of similar transactions and debtor's payment history, supplemented by the judgement of management of the Group.

2.25 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's equity holders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and Company's financial statements in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

2 編製基準及主要會計政策概要 (績)

2.22 收益及其他收入(續)

加工收入於服務提供時確認。

利息收入按時間比例確認,並 計及未清還本金額及使用實際 利率方法計算。

股息收入乃於收取款項之權利 確定時確認。

2.23 租賃(作為承租人)

擁有權之大部份風險及回報由出租人保留之租賃,均歸類為經營租賃。根據經營租賃支付之款項在扣除出租人所給予之任何優惠後,於租賃期內以直線法在綜合收入報表中扣除。

2.24 財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約為要求本集團作出特定款項之合約,以於特定債務人未能根據債務工具之原訂或經修訂條款支付到期款項時,補償合約持有人因此招致之損失。

2.25 股息分派

分派予本公司權益持有人之股 息於本公司股東批准之年度於 本集團及本公司財務報表中確 認為負債。

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates internationally and has factories and offices in Hong Kong, Indonesia and Mainland China. Operating expenses of the Group are primarily denominated in Hong Kong dollar, Indonesian Rupiah and Renminbi whereas the Group's sales are principally denominated in United States dollar. Thus, the Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from these currencies. At 31 December 2010, the Group was also exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from South African Rand as a result of its then operation in Lesotho.

For Renminbi, at 31 December 2011, if United States dollar had strengthened/ weakened by 5% (2010: 5%) against this currency with all other variables held constant, the Group's loss for the year would have been HK\$1,000/HK\$1,000 (2010: HK\$273,000/HK\$273,000 higher/ lower) lower/higher, mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/ losses (2010: losses/gains) on translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in this currency.

財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團經營活動面臨各種財務 風險:市場風險(包括外匯風 險、利率風險和價格風險)、信 貸風險及流動資金風險。本集 團之整體風險管理計劃集中於 金融市場不可預測之特性,並 尋求盡量減低對本集團財務表 現之潛在不利影響。

(a) 市場風險

外匯風險 (i)

本集團業務遍佈全 球,於香港、印尼及 中國大陸均有廠房及 辦事處。本集團之經 營開支主要以港元、 印尼盾及人民幣列 值,而本集團之銷售 額則主要以美元列 值。因此,本集團面 對此等貨幣所產生之 外匯風險。於二零一 零年十二月三十一 日,本集團亦因於萊 索托之業務而面對南 非蘭特所產生之外匯 風險。

對於人民幣,於二零 一一年十二月三十一 日,若美元兑此貨幣 升值/貶值5%(二 零 - 零 年:5%), 而所有其他可變因 素保持不變,則本 集團之年度虧損將 減少/增加1,000港 元/1,000港元(二 零一零年:增加/ 減少273,000港元 /273,000港元), 此乃主要由於換算以 此貨幣計值之貨幣資 產及負債而產生之 外匯收益/虧損(二 零一零年:虧損/收 益)。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(i) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

For Indonesian Rupiah, at 31 December 2011, if United States dollar had strengthened/weakened by 10% (2010: 10%) against this currency with all other variables held constant, the Group's loss for the year would have been HK\$1,029,000/HK\$1,029,000 (2010: HK\$204,000/HK\$204,000) lower/higher, mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in this currency.

The Group has certain investment in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risks.

For Renminbi, at 31 December 2011, if United States dollar had strengthened/weakened by 5% (2010: 5%) against this currency with all other variables held constant, the Group's net assets at the year end would have been HK\$4,832,000/HK\$4,832,000 (2010: HK\$4,278,000/HK\$4,278,000) lower/higher, respectively, mainly as a result of foreign exchange differences on translation of the foreign operation in Mainland China.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(績)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(i) 外匯風險(續)

對於印尼盾,於二零 一一年十二月三十一 日,若美元兑此貨幣 升值/貶值10%(二 零一零年:10%), 而所有其他可變因 素保持不變,則本集 團之年度虧損將減 少/增加1,029,000 港元/1,029,000 港元(二零一零 年:204,000港元 /204,000港元), 此乃主要由於換算以 此貨幣計值之貨幣資 產及負債而產生之外 匯收益/虧損。

本集團投資若干海外 業務,該等業務之資 產淨值承受外幣匯兑 風險。

對於人民幣,於二 零一一年十二月 三十一日, 若美元兑 此貨幣升值/貶值 5%(二零一零年: 5%),而所有其他可 變因素保持不變, 則本集團於年終之 資產淨值將分別減 少/增加4,832,000 港元/4,832,000 港元(二零一零 年:4,278,000港 元/4,278,000港 元),此乃主要由於 換算中國大陸海外業 務而產生之外匯差 額。

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3 (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

For Indonesian Rupiah, at 31 December 2011, if United States dollar had strengthened/weakened by 10% (2010: 10%) against this currency with all other variables held constant, the Group's net assets at the year end would have been HK\$3,100,000/HK\$3,100,000 (2010: HK\$8,996,000/HK\$8,996,000) lower/ higher, mainly as a result of foreign exchange differences on translation of the foreign operation in Indonesia.

The management closely monitors the fluctuations of these and other currencies and may consider entering into foreign forward exchange contracts from time to time so as to better manage these foreign exchange exposures, when required. Currently it does not do so.

Price risk (ii)

At 31 December 2010, the Group was exposed to equity price changes arising from its holdings of financial assets.

The Group is not exposed to price risk as at 31 December 2011 as the Group no longer holds any equity investments.

財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

市場風險(續)

(i) 外匯風險(續)

對於印尼盾,於二 零一一年十二月 三十一日,若美元 兑 此 貨 幣 升 值 / 貶 值10%(二零一零 年:10%),而所有 其他可變因素保持 不變,則本集團於年 終之資產淨值將減 少/增加3,100,000 港元/3.100.000 港元(二零一零 年:8,996,000港 元/8,996,000港 元),此乃主要由於 換算印尼海外業務而 產生之外匯差額。

管理層會不時密切監 察此等及其他貨幣之 匯率波動情況, 並會 在需要時考慮訂立遠 期外匯合約以減低外 匯風險,惟現時並無 訂立有關合約。

價格風險 (ii)

於二零一零年十二月 三十一日,本集團面 對之股票價格變動風 險來自所持有之金融 資產。

於二零一一年十二月 三十一日,由於本集 團不再持有任何股本 投資,故並無面對任 何價格風險。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk

The Group has interest-bearing bank deposits. However, the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. At 31 December 2011, if interest rates on the interestbearing bank deposits had been 10 basis points (2010: 10 basis points) higher/lower with all other variables held constant, the Group's loss for the year would have been HK\$12,000/ HK\$12,000 (2010: HK\$11,000/ HK\$11,000) lower/higher, respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest incomes on floating rate bank deposits. The Group's interest-rate risk also arises from bank borrowings. At 31 December 2011, borrowings were primarily at floating rates. The Group generally has not used interest rate swaps to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk. The Group regularly seeks out the most favorable interest rates available for its bank borrowings.

At 31 December 2011, if interest rates on the foreign currency dollar-denominated borrowings had been 10 basis points (2010: 10 basis points) higher/lower with all other variables held constant, the Group's loss for the year would have been HK\$35,000/HK\$35,000 (2010: HK\$145,000/HK\$145,000) higher/lower, respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expenses on floating rate borrowings.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(iii) 利率風險

本集團有計息銀行存 款。然而,本集團之 收入及經營現金流轉 大致上獨立於市場利 率變動。於二零一一 年十二月三十一日, 若計息銀行存款之利 率增加/減少10個 基點(二零一零年: 10個基點),而所有 其他可變因素維持 不變,則本集團之年 度虧損將分別減少 /增加12.000港元 /12,000港元(二零 一零年:11,000港元 /11.000港元),此 乃主要由於浮動利率 銀行存款之利息收入 增加/減少所致。本 集團之利率風險亦來 白銀行貸款。於二零 一一年十二月三十一 日,貸款主要按浮動 利率計息。本集團一 般不會使用利率掉期 對沖其利率風險。本 集團會定期尋找最優 惠利率之銀行貸款。

於二零一一年十二 月三十一日, 若以外 幣計值之貸款之利 率增加/ 減少10個 基點(二零一零年: 10個基點),而所有 其他可變因素維持 不變,則本集團之 年度虧損將分別增 加/減少35,000港 元/35.000港元(二 零 一 零 年: 145,000 港元/145,000港 元),此乃主要由於 浮動利率貸款利息開 支增加/減少所致。

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3 (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk of the Group mainly arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers such as trade receivables. The carrying amount of these balances in the balance sheet represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to its financial assets.

The Group's bank deposits are placed with banks and financial institutions which are highly reputable with multinational presences. Management does not expect any losses from non-performance by these banks and financial institutions as they have no default history in the past.

Debtors of the Group may be affected by the unfavorable economic conditions and the lower liquidity situation, which could in turn impact their ability to repay the amounts owed. Deteriorating operating conditions for debtors may also have an impact on management's cash flow forecasts and assessment of the impairment of receivables. To the extent that information is available. management has properly reflected revised estimate of expected future cash flows in their impairment assessments.

財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要來 自現金及現金等值項目、 在銀行及金融機構之存款 以及向客戶提供之信貸, 包括貿易應收款項。此等 於資產負債表內之款項之 賬面值乃本集團有關金融 資產之最高信貸風險。

本集團之銀行存款存於知 名跨國銀行及金融機構。 管理層並不預期會因該等 銀行及金融機構不能履行 合約而產生任何虧損,此 乃由於彼等於過往並無違 約紀錄。

本集團之債務人可能因不 利經濟狀況及流動資金 緊絀而受到影響,繼而影 響彼等償還欠款之能力。 債務人之經營環境惡化, 亦可能影響管理層對現金 流轉之預測及對應收款項 減值之評估。在管理層能 夠掌握資料之情況下,其 減值評估已適當反映對預 期未來現金流轉之修訂估 計。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

The credit quality of the customers is assessed based on their financial position, past experience and other factors. The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales of products are made to customers with appropriate credit histories.

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had a concentration of credit risk given that the top 5 customers accounted for 86% (2010: 73%) of the Group's total year end trade receivable balance. However, the Group does not believe that the credit risk in relation to these customers is significant because they have no history of default in recent years.

The Group performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers. The Group's historical experience in collection of trade and other receivables is good and management is of the opinion that provision for uncollectible receivables is not necessary.

(c) Liquidity risk

The Group meets its day to day working capital requirements, capital expenditure and financial obligations through cash inflow from operating activities and the facilities obtained from banks.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(績)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

客戶之信貸質素乃根據彼 等之財務狀況、過往經驗 及其他因素而作出評估。 本集團之政策確保將產品 售予具備良好信貸記錄之 客戶。

於二零一一年十二月 三十一日,本集團之后的 一日,本集團之由 一日,本集團之由 五名最大客戶佔本集 話日貿易應收款項結 類達86%(二零一零 73%)。然而,本集團 為此等客戶存在重大 風險,此乃由於彼等 重之 無違約紀錄。

本集團向其客戶進行定期 信貸檢討。本集團過往收 回貿易及其他應收款項之 經驗不俗,而管理層認為 無須就未收回之應收款項 作出撥備。

(c) 流動資金風險

本集團透過經營活動之現 金流入額及銀行融資應付 日常營運資金所需、資本 開支及財務責任。

下表分析本集團之金融負債,按照相關之到期別,根據由結算日至合別期日之剩餘期間進行分析。下表披露之金融合約未貼現現金流。由於大點現之影響不大,故此在十二個月內到期之結餘相等於其賬面值。

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Specifically, for bank loans which contain a repayment on demand clause which can be exercised at the banks' sole discretion, the analysis shows the cash outflow based on the earliest period in which the Group can be required to pay.

財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

具體來說,若銀行貸款中 載有要求還款條文,而有 關條文可由銀行全權酌情 行使,則分析會顯示根據 本集團須付款之最早期間 而產生的現金流出額。

		On demand	Group 本集團 Within 1 year	Total
		按要求時	一年內	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Trust receipt loans	信託收據貸款	_	4,431	4,431
Bank borrowings	銀行貸款	30,723	-	30,723
Bank interest payables	應付銀行利息	413	-	413
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他			
	應付款項		33,767	33,767
	→			
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日	01 100	00.100	00.004
		31,136	38,198	69,334
Trust receipt loans	信託收據貸款		73,279	73,279
Bank borrowings	銀行貸款	51,535	19,750	71,285
Bank interest payables	應付銀行利息	1,447	19,700	1,447
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	-	146,817	146,817
	> -> /> /> /> /			
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年			
	十二月三十一日	52,982	239,846	292,828

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1 財務風險因素(績)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

Company

本公 Within 1 year 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
1,012	1,012

Other payables and accruals, at 31 December 2011

其他應付款項及 應計費用,於二零一一年 十二月三十一日

Other payables and accruals, at 31 December 2010

其他應付款項及 應計費用,於二零一零年 十二月三十一日

998

998

The table below summarises the maturity analysis of bank borrowings with a repayment on demand clause based on agreed scheduled repayments set out in the loan agreements, while interest payments are computed using contractual rates. Taking into account the Group's financial position, the directors do not consider that it is probable that the banks will exercise their discretion to demand immediate repayment. The directors believe that such bank borrowings will be repaid in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements.

Group	
本集團	
on	Dot-

		Within 1 year 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 一至兩年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 兩至五年內 HK\$*000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank borrowings Bank interest payables	銀行貸款 應付銀行利息	30,723 413		-	30,723 413
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日	31,136			31,136
Bank borrowings Bank interest payables	銀行貸款 應付銀行利息	59,452 1,271	9,000 157	2,833 19	71,285 1,447
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日	60,723	9,157	2,852	72,732

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3 (Continued)

3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is "capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders" as shown in the consolidated balance sheet.

On 27 July 2011, the Company completed a private placement of issuing 74,300,000 ordinary shares at a price of HK\$0.65 per share with a total cash receipt of HK\$48,295,000. The private placement has improved the Group's gearing ratio as at 31 December 2011.

財務風險管理(續)

3.2 資金風險管理

本集團的資金管理政策,是保 障本集團能繼續營運,以為股 東提供回報和為其他權益持有 人提供利益,同時維持最佳的 資本結構以減低資金成本。

為了維持或調整資本結構,本 集團可能會調整支付予股東之 股息數額、向股東分派的資本 返還、發行新股或出售資產以 減低債務。

本集團按資本負債比率之基準 監察資本。該比率乃按負債淨 額除以總資本計算。負債淨額 乃按總貸款減現金及現金等值 項目計算。總資本為於綜合資 產負債表所示之「由本公司權 益持有人應佔之資本及儲備」。

於二零一一年十月二十十日, 本公司完成涉及按每股0.65港 元之價格發行74,300,000股普 通股之私人配售,總現金收款 48,295,000港元。私人配售已 改善本集團於二零一一年十二 月三十一日的資本負債比率。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.2 Capital risk management (Continued)

The gearing ratios at 31 December 2011 and 2010 were as follows:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 資金風險管理(績)

於二零一一年及二零一零年 十二月三十一日的資本負債比 率如下:

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total borrowings Less: cash and cash	總貸款 減:現金及現金等值項目	35,154	144,564
equivalents		(111,748)	(74,554)
		(76,594)	70,010
Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's	由本公司權益持有人應佔之 資本及儲備		
equity holders		243,657	236,061
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	(31.4%)	29.7%

3.3 Fair value estimation

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices)
- Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs)

3.3 公允值之估值

下表以估值法分析按公允值列 賬之金融工具。不同級別之定 義如下:

- 第一級 相同資產或負債於 交投活躍市場之報 價(未經調整)
- 第二級 除納入第一級之報 價外,資產或負債之 可觀察直接(即價 格)或間接(即源自 價格)輸入資料
- 第三級 並非根據可觀察市場資料釐定之資產或負債之輸入資料(即不可觀察之輸入資料)

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

The following table presents the Group's assets that are measured at fair value at 31 December 2011.

財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允值之估值(績)

下表呈列本集團於二零一一年 十二月三十一日按公允值計量 之資產。

		Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Leveraged foreign forward exchange contracts	資產 按公允值計入損益賬 之金融資產 一槓桿式遠期外匯 合約	_	26	26
The following table preser and liabilities that are meass December 2010.	•	+	表呈列本集團 一二月三十一日 2資產及負債。	
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Securities listed on the Stock Exchange	資產 按公允值計入損益賬 之金融資產 一於聯交所 上市之證券	6,180	-	6,180
LIABILITIES Derivative financial instruments - Leveraged foreign forward exchange	負債 衍生金融工具 一槓桿式遠期外匯 合約			
contracts		-	(147)	(147)
		6,180	(147)	6,033

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

The leveraged foreign forward exchange contract is not traded in an active market, and the fair value is determined by using the quoted price provided by the counterparty financial institution at the balance date. As all significant inputs required to measure the fair value of this instrument is observable, it is included in level 2.

At 31 December 2010, the fair value of securities listed on the Stock Exchange was based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date and it was included in level 1. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group was the current bid price.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允值之估值(續)

槓桿式遠期外匯合約並非於交 投活躍之市場內買賣,故使用 於結算日由對手金融機構提供 之報價釐定公允值。由於計量 此項工具之公允值所需之一切 重要輸入資料均可從觀察得 知,故納入第二級。

4 關鍵會計估算及判斷

估算及判斷會被持續評估,並以過往經驗及其他因素為基準,包括在目前情況下相信為合理之預期日後事件。

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND **JUDGEMENTS** (Continued)

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(a) Income taxes and deferred tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in a number of jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised as the management of the Group considers it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. Where the expectations are different from the original estimates, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred tax assets in the period in which such estimates have been changed.

(b) Estimated write-downs of inventories to net realisable value

The Group writes down inventories to net realisable value based on an assessment of the realisability of inventories. Write-downs on inventories are recorded where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be realised. The identification of write-downs requires the use of judgment and estimates. Where the expectations are different from the original estimates, such differences will impact the carrying value of inventories in the period in which such estimates have been changed.

關鍵會計估算及判斷(續)

本集團就未來作出估算和假設。產 生之會計估算將(按定義)甚少等同 於相關實際結果。下文討論有相當 大機會導致下個財政年度資產和負 債賬面值須作出重大調整之估算和 假設。

(a) 所得稅及遞延稅項

本集團須繳納多個司法權區之 所得税。釐定所得税撥備時需 要作出重大判斷。本集團按照 會否出現額外到期稅項之估計 確認預期税項審計事宜所產生 之負債。倘若該等事宜之最終 税項結果與初始記錄金額不 同,則有關差額將會影響作出 決定期間之當期及遞延所得税 資產及負債。

有關若干臨時差額及稅項虧損 之遞延税項資產,乃於本集團 管理層認為日後可能會出現應 課税溢利以用作抵銷臨時差額 或税項虧損時確認。倘若該等 預期與原來估計有差異,該等 差額將影響更改有關估計期間 所確認之遞延税項資產。

(b) 撇減存貨至可變現淨值之估計

本集團根據存貨可變現程度之 評估撇減存貨至可變現淨值。 一旦事件發生或情況改變顯示 結餘可能未能變現時,則記錄 存貨撇減。識別撇減需要作出 判斷及估計。倘若該等預期與 原來估計有差異,該等差額將 影響更改有關估計期間之存貨 賬面值。

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(c) Estimated impairment of receivables

The Group makes provision for impairment of receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of the receivables. Provisions are applied to receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of impairment of receivables requires the use of judgment and estimate. Management uses the repayment history of the customers to assess the credit quality of the receivables. Where the expectations are different from the original estimates, such differences will impact the carrying value of receivables in the period in which such estimates have been changed.

(d) Useful lives, residual values and depreciation of property, plant and equipment

The management of the Group determines the estimated useful lives, residual values and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. The management of the Group will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives: actual residual values may differ from estimated residual values. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and residual values and therefore depreciation expense in the future period.

4 關鍵會計估算及判斷(績)

(c) 應收款項估計減值

(d) 物業、廠房及設備之可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊

本集團管理層就其物業、廠房 及設備決定估計可使用年期、 剩餘價值及相關折舊開支。此 項估計乃按照性質及用途相似 之物業、廠房及設備之實際可 使用年期之過往經驗而作出。 本集團管理層將於可使用年期 少於過往之估計年期時增加折 舊開支,撇銷或撇減技術上陳 舊或非策略性而已遭廢棄或出 售的資產。實際經濟年期或會 與估計可使用年期有所不同; 實際剩餘價值亦可能會與估計 剩餘價值有所不同。定期審閱 可導致可予折舊年期及剩餘價 值有所更改,從而導致未來期 間之折舊開支有所更改。

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND **JUDGEMENTS** (Continued)

(e) Estimated impairment of property, plant and equipment and land use rights

The Group assesses annually whether property, plant and equipment and land use rights have any indication of impairment. The recoverable amounts, if required, are determined based on value-in-use calculations or market valuations. These calculations require the use of judgment and estimates.

Management judgement is required in the area of asset impairment particularly in assessing: (i) whether an event has occurred that may indicate that the related asset value may not be recoverable; (ii) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell or net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset in the business; and (iii) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections including whether these cash flow projections are discounted using an appropriate rate. Changing the assumptions selected by management in assessing impairment, including the discount rates, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test and as a result affect the Group's financial position and results of operations. If there is a significant adverse change in the projected performance and resulting future cash flow projections, it may be necessary to take an impairment charge to the income statement.

(f) Land and buildings in properties, plant and equipment carried at valuation

Land and buildings in properties, plant and equipment, comprise mainly of factories and offices, are shown at fair values determined by directors based on valuations performed by external independent valuers on an annual basis. In arriving at the valuations, significant judgement, assumptions and economic estimates have to be made.

關鍵會計估算及判斷(續)

(e) 物業、廠房及設備及土地使用 權之估計減值

本集團每年評估物業、廠房及 設備及土地使用權有否減值跡 象。可收回金額(如有規定)乃 根據使用價值計算方法或市場 估值釐定。該等計算需要作出 判斷及估計。

管理層釐定資產減值須運用判 斷,尤其為評定:(i)是否已出現 可能顯示有關資產值或無法收 回之事件;(ii)可收回金額(即 公允值減出售成本或估計繼續 在業務中使用資產所帶來之未 來現金流轉現值淨額二者之較 高者)是否足以支持資產賬面 值;及(iii)編製現金流轉預測所 用之主要假設是否恰當,包括 該等現金流轉預測是否以適當 利率貼現。管理層於評估減值 時選擇之假設(包括貼現率)若 有所變化,或會對減值測試所 用之現值淨額帶來重大影響, 從而影響本集團之財務狀況及 經營業績。倘預測表現及所得 之未來現金流轉預測出現重大 不利變動,則可能須於收入報 表中計提減值開支。

(f) 物業、廠房及設備中按估值列 賬之土地及樓宇

物業、廠房及設備中之土地及 樓宇主要包括工廠及辦公室, 並由董事根據外聘獨立估值 師之年度估值以公允值列賬。 於釐定估值時,須作出重大判 斷、假設及經濟估計。

5 REVENUES AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is principally engaged in garment manufacturing and trading. Revenues recognised during the year are as follows:

5 收益及分部資料

本集團主要從事成衣製造及貿易。 於年內確認之收益如下:

		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Turnover	營業額		
Sale of garment products	銷售成衣產品	579,869	718,596
Processing income	加工收入	14,343	16,335
		594,212	734,931
Sale of scrap materials	銷售廢棄物料	7,631	
		601,843	734,931

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the board of directors that are used to make strategic decisions.

The Group's management considers the business principally from a geographic perspective. Business reportable operating segments by location of the Group's customers are identified in five main geographical areas namely the United States of America, Mainland China, Europe, Canada and rest of the world.

The Group's management assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of adjusted operating results. This measurement basis includes results of the operating segments before corporate administrative expenses, finance income, finance cost, share of results of associated companies and tax, but excludes material gain or loss which is capital in nature or non-recurring nature such as impairment.

管理層根據經董事會審閱之報告 (用以作出策略性決定)釐定營運分 部。

本集團之管理層主要從地區層面考慮業務。業務可報告營運分部按本集團客戶所在地劃分,確認為五大地區,包括美國、中國大陸、歐洲、加拿大及世界其他地區。

本集團之管理層根據經調整經營業 績評估營運分部之表現。此評估基 準包括未計企業行政開支、融資收 入、融資成本、分佔聯營公司業績及 税項前之營運分部業績,但不包括 屬資本性質或非經常性質之重大收 益或虧損,如減值。

REVENUES AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

An analysis of the Group's segment information for the year by geographical segment is as follows:

Geographical segments by location of customers

收益及分部資料(續)

本集團於年內按地區分部劃分之分 部資料分析如下:

按客戶所在地劃分之地區分部

		Turnover		Adjusted oper for reportable 可報告	e segments 分部之
		營業		經調整經	
		2011	2010	2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
United States of America	美國	368,909	523,091	(16,510)	9,681
Mainland China	中國大陸	121,757	98,670	6,542	(6,024)
Europe	歐洲	44,918	43,874	(1,627)	137
Canada	加拿大	20,141	25,405	(1,041)	444
Rest of the world	世界其他地區	38,487	43,891	(2,907)	45
		594,212	734,931	(15,543)	4,283

Revenues of approximately HK\$218,893,000 (2010: HK\$243,367,000), HK\$84,750,000 (2010: HK\$122,110,000), HK\$67,382,000 (2010: HK\$74,428,000) and HK\$62,478,000 (2010: HK\$31,461,000) were derived from the top four external customers respectively.

約218,893,000港元(二零一零年: 243,367,000港元)、84,750,000港 元(二零一零年:122,110,000港 元)、67,382,000港元(二零一零 年:74,428,000港元)及62,478,000 港元(二零一零年:31,461,000港 元)之收益乃分別源自四大外部客 戶。

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

5 REVENUES AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Geographical segments by location of customers (Continued)

A reconciliation of the segments' adjusted operating results to loss for the year is provided as follows:

5 收益及分部資料(續)

按客戶所在地劃分之地區分部 (績)

分部之經調整經營業績與年度虧損 對賬如下:

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Adjusted operating (loss)/profits for	可報告分部之經調整經營		
reportable segments	(虧損)/溢利	(15,543)	4,283
Sale of scrap materials	銷售廢棄物料	7,631	_
Other gains/(losses) - net	其他收益/(虧損)-淨額	1,459	(2,403)
Impairment of properties,	物業、廠房及設備減值		
plant and equipment		(4,464)	(5,348)
Corporate administrative expenses	企業行政開支	(32,603)	(54,168)
Operating loss	經營虧損	(43,520)	(57,636)
Finance income	融資收入	619	457
Finance costs	融資成本	(3,621)	(2,292)
Share of profit/(loss) of associates	分佔聯營公司溢利/		
	(虧損)	184	(332)
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(46,338)	(59,803)
Income tax (expense)/credit	所得税(開支)/抵免	(3,664)	7,023
Loss for the year	年度虧損	(50,002)	(52,780)

REVENUES AND SEGMENT 5 **INFORMATION (Continued)**

Geographical segments by location of customers (Continued)

Reportable segment's assets, which represent accounts receivable by geographical locations of customers, are reconciled to total assets as follows:

收益及分部資料(續)

按客戶所在地劃分之地區分部 (續)

可報告分部資產指按客戶所在地區 劃分之應收款項。可報告分部資產 與總資產對賬如下:

Segment assets 分部資產

		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		ー♥ HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
United States of America	 美國	11,449	52,434
Mainland China	中國大陸	17,044	27,928
Europe	歐洲	2,203	1,523
Canada	加拿大	103	1,723
Rest of the world	世界其他地區	1,743	12,157
	Tak a Ha	32,542	95,765
Unallocated:	不能分攤:	100 504	1 10 550
Properties, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	123,524	140,558
Land use rights	土地使用權	15,725	15,282
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	-	42,880
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	-	5,010
Inventories	存貨	20,208	106,173
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及		
receivables	其他應收款項	10,307	29,448
Financial assets at fair value	按公允值計入損益賬之		
through profit or loss	金融資產	26	6,180
Income tax receivable	應收所得税	2,812	_
Bank deposits	銀行存款	11,718	31,099
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	111,748	74,554
Total assets per balance sheet	資產負債表所列之總資產	328,610	546,949

6 OTHER GAINS /(LOSSES) - NET 6 其他收益/(虧損)-淨額

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net fair value gains/(losses) on derivative financial instruments: Leveraged foreign forward exchange contracts	衍生金融工具之公允淨 值收益/(虧損): 槓桿式遠期外匯合約		
not yet matured	一尚未到期	173	(147)
Net fair value losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:	按公允值計入損益賬之 金融資產之公允淨值 虧損:		
Listed equity securities Foreign currency linked	上市股本證券 與外幣掛鈎之	-	(2,145)
structured notes	結構性票據		(111)
		-	(2,256)
Gain on disposal of listed equity securities Loss on disposal of properties,	出售上市股本 證券之收益 出售物業、廠房及	312	-
plant and equipment Gain on disposal of interest	設備之虧損 出售於聯營公司之	(2,680)	-
in associates Gain on disposal of interest	權益之收益 出售於附屬公司之	3,452	_
in subsidiaries	權益之收益	202	
Total other gains/(losses) - net	其他總收益/(虧損) 一淨額	1,459	(2,403)

EXPENSES BY NATURE 7

8

9

按性質分類之開支

Operating loss is stated after crediting and charging the following:

經營虧損已計入及扣除下列各項呈 列如下:

9			
		2011	2010
		二零一一年 HK\$'000	二零一零年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Raw materials used Changes in inventories of finished	使用之原材料 製成品及半製成品之	263,020	407,637
goods and work in progress Depreciation of properties,	存貨變動 物業、廠房及設備折舊	56,597	(12,101)
plant and equipment Impairment of properties,	物業、廠房及設備減值	21,103	21,601
plant and equipment Gain on disposal of properties,	出售物業、廠房及設備之	4,464	5,348
plant and equipment Amortisation of land use rights Employee benefit expense (excluding directors' emoluments)	收益 土地使用權攤銷 僱員福利開支 (不包括董事酬金)	342	(345) 306
(Note 14) Operating lease rentals	(附註14) 經營租賃租金	184,720	215,491
- land and buildings	一土地及樓宇	5,980	6,620
Auditors' remuneration Net exchange (gain)/losses	核數師酬金 匯兑(收益)/虧損淨額	1,953 (755)	1,893 280
Others	其他	109,398	143,434
Total cost of sales, selling expenses and administrative expenses	銷貨成本、銷售開支及 行政開支總額	646,822	790,164
FINANCE INCOME	8	融資收入	
		2011	2010
		二零一一年 HK\$'000	二零一零年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Finance income on short-term bank deposits	短期銀行存款之 融資收入	619	409
Dividend income on listed equity securities	上市股本證券之 股息收入		48
		619	457
FINANCE COSTS	9	融資成本	
		2011	2010
		二零一一年 HK\$'000	二零一零年 HK\$'000
		千港元	
Interest expenses - bank borrowings	利息開支 一銀行貸款	3,621	2,292

10 INCOME TAX EXPENSE/(CREDIT)

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2010: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year. Income taxes on profit derived from operations in Indonesia and Lesotho are provided at the rates of 25% (2010: 25%) and 15% (2010: 15%) respectively. The operation in Mainland China was granted a tax holiday of 2-year full exemption and 3-year 50% reduction and 2011 is the second year of 50% reduction.

The amount of income tax charged/(credited) to the income statement represents:

10 所得稅開支/(抵免)

香港利得税乃根據年內估計應課税 溢利,按税率16.5%(二零一零年: 16.5%)計算準備。印尼及萊索托業 務所產生溢利分別按25%(二零一 零年:25%)及15%(二零一零年: 15%)之税率計提所得税準備。中國 大陸業務獲授免税期,可於兩年全 面豁免及其後三年減免一半税項 有度。

扣自/(計入)收入報表之所得税金額為:

0010

0044

		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Current income tax - Hong Kong profits tax Over-provision in prior years Deferred income tax (Note 28)	當期所得税 一香港利得税 以往年度超額撥備 遞延所得税(附註28)	839 (210) 3,035	654 (6,487) (1,190)
Income tax expense/(credit)	所得税開支/(抵免)	3,664	(7,023)

The tax on the Group's loss before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to profits of the consolidated entities: 本集團除所得税前虧損之税項有別 於採用綜合實體溢利適用之加權平 均税率所產生之理論金額:

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before income tax	所得税前虧損	(46,338)	(59,803)
Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable to loss	所在國家之虧損按當地 適用税率計算之税項		
in the respective countries		(11,257)	(12,997)
Income not subject to tax	無須課税之收入	(1,753)	(1,065)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税之開支	5,924	4,500
Unrecognised deferred tax assets	未確認遞延税項資產	10,960	9,026
Over-provision in prior years	以往年度超額撥備	(210)	(6,487)
		3,664	(7,023)

11 LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY **HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY**

The loss attributable to equity holders of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of loss of approximately HK\$34,164,000 (2010: loss of HK\$37,880,000).

12 LOSS PER SHARE

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year. As the Company has no dilutive potential ordinary shares during the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010, the diluted loss per share equals to the basic loss per share.

11 本公司權益持有人應佔之虧損

計入本公司財務報表之本公司 權益持有人應佔虧損約為虧損 34,164,000港元(二零一零年:虧損 37.880.000港元)。

12 每股虧損

每股基本虧損乃根據本公司權益持 有人應佔虧損除以年內已發行普通 股股數之加權平均數計算。本公司 於截至二零一一年及二零一零年 十二月三十一日止年度內並無潛在 攤薄性普通股,故每股攤薄虧損相 等於每股基本虧損。

本公司不宣派截至二零一一年及二

零一零年十二月三十一日止年度之

		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Loss attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人 應佔虧損	(47,401)	(48,829)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)	已發行普通股股數之 加權平均數(千股)	403,833	371,874
Basic and diluted loss per share (HK cents per share)	每股基本及攤薄虧損 (每股港仙)	(11.74)	(13.13)

13 DIVIDENDS

The Company did not declare dividends for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010.

14 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE (EXCLUDING DIRECTORS' **EMOLUMENTS**)

14 僱員福利開支(不包括董事酬 金)

13 股息

股息。

	2011	2010
	二零一一年	二零一零年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
薪金及酬金	147,266	204,373
解僱補償	32,126	1,580
退休金成本	5,328	9,538
	184,720	215,491
	解僱補償	二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元薪金及酬金 解僱補償 退休金成本147,266 32,126 5,328

14 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE (EXCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) (Continued)

Forfeited contributions to the mandatory provident fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") totaling HK\$174,000 (2010: HK\$12,000) were utilised during the year.

There is no contribution payable in relation to the MPF Scheme at the year end (2010: Nil).

The Group operates/participates in the following pension and post retirement plans:

- (i) The MPF Scheme for employees in Hong Kong, under which the Group and its employee each make a monthly contribution to the scheme at 5% of the qualifying earnings of the employee, subject to a monthly cap of HK\$1,000.
- (ii) The Group's Indonesia subsidiaries do not operate any pension plan in Indonesia. However, according to the labor law in Indonesia, the employer is required to pay retirement benefits to the employees upon their retirement and the retirement benefits are calculated based on the final monthly basic salary and the years of service. During the year, all the related benefits have been paid to the employees following the temporary cessation of the factory operations in Indonesia. As at 31 December 2011, the Group is not liable to any material liabilities arising from retirement benefits.
- (iii) The Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China contribute approximately 11% of the basic salaries of their employees to retirement schemes operated by municipal governments. Other than the mandatory contributions, the Group has no further obligations for the actual pension payments or any post retirement benefits. The retirement schemes are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees. In addition, according to the labor law in Mainland China, the employer is required to pay retirement benefits to the employees when employment is terminated by the employer before the normal retirement date.

14 僱員福利開支(不包括董事酬金)(續)

年內已動用之已沒收強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)供款合共174,000港元(二零一零年:12,000港元)。

於年底並無有關強積金計劃之應付供款(二零一零年:無)。

本集團實行/參與以下退休金及退 休後計劃:

- (i) 為香港僱員而設之強積金計劃 規定,本集團及其僱員均須按 僱員合資格入息之5%向計劃作 每月供款,惟每月供款額上限 為1,000港元。

15 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE - DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR **MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS**

(a) Directors' emoluments

The remuneration of every Director for the year ended 31 December 2011 is set out below:

15 僱員福利開支 - 董事及高級管 理人員之酬金

(a) 董事酬金

截至二零一一年十二月三十一 日止年度各董事之酬金列載如 下:

董事姓名 複金 HK\$'000 千港元 薪酬 HK\$'000 千港元 其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元 僱主供款 HK\$'000 千港元 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 Mr Li Haifeng (appointed on 7 June 2011) Mr Lee Sheng Kuang, James Mr Huang Xuxian, Flynn (appointed on 7 June 2011) Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie Mr Xiao Yong (appointed on 7 June 2011) Mr Rusii Hendrawan (resigned on 28 June 2011) 李海楓先生(於二零一年 六月七日獲委任) 5厘素先生 (於二零一年六 月七日獲委任) 70 70 493 29 6 598 Mr Xiao Yong (appointed on 7 June 2011) Mr Coy Tjie Ho (resigned on 7 June 2011) Mr Chen Zhongfa (appointed on 9 September 2011) Mr Yau Wing Yiu (appointed on 6 July 2011) Mr Zhang Feng (appointed on 7 June 2011) Mr Cheng Kwok Ming (resigned on 28 June 2011) Mr Cheng Kwok Ming (resigned on 28 June 2011) Mr Cheng Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry (resigned on 9 September 2011) Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry (resigned on 9 September 2011)	Name of Director		Fees	Salary	Other benefits	Employer's contribution to the MPF Scheme 強積金計劃	Total
(appointed on 7 June 2011)	董事姓名		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	僱主供款 HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Mr Huang Xuxian, Flynn (appointed on 7 June 2011)	(appointed on 7 June 2011)	六月七日獲委任)				-	
Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie Mr Xiao Yong (appointed on 7 June 2011) 月七日獲委任) 70 199 13 - 282 Rusli Hendrawan (resigned on 28 June 2011) 新任) 65 1,780 651 - 2,496 新任) 70 197 111 4 382 常 2011) Mr Chen Zhongfa (appointed on 9 September 2011) Mr Yau Wing Yiu (appointed on 6 July 2011) Mr Zhang Feng (appointed on 7 June 2011) 別			100	1,281	3,021	12	4,414
Mr Xiao Yong (appointed on 7 June 2011) 月七日獲委任) 70 199 13 - 282 Rusli Hendrawan (resigned on 28 June 2011)	9 , ,		70	347	21	6	444
(appointed on 7 June 2011) 月七月獲委任) 70 199 13 - 282 Mr Rusli Hendrawan (resigned on 28 June 2011)		鄧澤霖先生	100	1,346	48	12	1,506
Mr Rusli Hendrawan (resigned on 28 June 2011)	3						
Cresigned on 28 June 2011			70	199	13	-	282
解任)							
Mr Oey Tjie Ho (resigned on 7 June 2011) Mr Chen Zhongfa (appointed on 9 September 2011) Mr Yau Wing Yiu (appointed on 6 July 2011) Mr Zhang Feng (appointed on 7 June 2011) Mr Cheung Kwok Ming (resigned on 28 June 2011) Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry (resigned on 9 September 九月九日辭任) 「	(resigned on 28 June 2011)		0.5	4 700	054		0.400
(resigned on 7 June 2011)	Mr Cov Tilo Ho		65	1,780	651	-	2,496
Mr Chen Zhongfa (appointed on 9 September 2011) 陳忠發先生(於二零一年 10			70	107	111	1	382
(appointed on 9 September 2011) 37 37 Mr Yau Wing Yiu 邱永耀先生(於二零一年 (appointed on 6 July 2011) 七月六日獲委任) 58 58 Mr Zhang Feng (appointed on 7 June 2011) 月七日獲委任) 68 68 Mr Cheung Kwok Ming (resigned on 28 June 2011) 六月二十八日辭任) 83 83 Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry (resigned on 9 September 九月九日辭任)	,		70	191	111	7	302
37							
Mr Yau Wing Yiu 邱永耀先生(於二零一一年 (appointed on 6 July 2011) 七月六日獲委任) 58 - - - 58 Mr Zhang Feng 張峰先生(於二零一一年六 68 - - - 68 (appointed on 7 June 2011) 月七日獲委任) 68 - - - - 68 Mr Cheung Kwok Ming (resigned on 28 June 2011) 六月二十八日辭任) 83 - - - 83 Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry (resigned on 9 September 九月九日辭任) 九月九日辭任) - - - 83		707]70HJXXE7	37	_	_	_	37
(appointed on 6 July 2011) 七月六日獲委任) 58 - - - - 58 Mr Zhang Feng 張峰先生(於二零一一年六 (appointed on 7 June 2011) 月七日獲委任) 68 - - - - 68 Mr Cheung Kwok Ming (resigned on 28 June 2011) 六月二十八日辭任) 83 - - - - 83 Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry (resigned on 9 September 九月九日辭任) 九月九日辭任) - - - - - - - 83	,	邱永耀先生(於二零一一年	•				٠.
Mr Zhang Feng (appointed on 7 June 2011) 張峰先生(於二零一一年六 (是國明先生(於二零一一年)) 68 - - - 68 Mr Cheung Kwok Ming (resigned on 28 June 2011) 六月二十八日辭任) 83 - - - 83 Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry (resigned on 9 September 九月九日辭任) 九月九日辭任) 83 - - - 83	(appointed on 6 July 2011)		58	_	_	_	58
Mr Cheung Kwok Ming		張峰先生(於二零一一年六					
(resigned on 28 June 2011)	(appointed on 7 June 2011)		68	_	-	-	68
Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry							
(resigned on 9 September 九月九日辭任)		六月二十八日辭任)	83	-	-	-	83
		郭琳廣先生(於二零一一年					
2011) 137 137		九月九日解仕)	407				107
=+	,	则纫甘牛井(故一重。 左	137	-	-	_	137
Mr Lau Siu Ki, Kevin 劉紹基先生(於二零一一年 (resigned on 13 July 2011) 七月十三日辭任) 106 106			106				106
(resigned of 10 odily 2011) 上/11 — 中附止/ 100 100	(resigned on 13 July 2011)	└/」 ─ □ 附	100				100

ended 31 December 2010 is set out below:

年度各董事之酬金列載如下:

				Other	Employer's contribution to the MPF	
Name of Director		Fees	Salary	benefits	Scheme 強積金計劃	Total
董事姓名		袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	薪酬 HK\$'000 千港元	其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	僱主供款 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Mr Rusli Hendrawan	Rusli Hendrawan先生	100	3,103	83	_	3,286
Mr Lee Sheng Kuang, James	李勝光先生	100	1,498	2,802	12	4,412
Mr Oey Tjie Ho	黃志和先生	100	767	11	12	890
Mr Tang Chak Lam, Charlie	鄧澤霖先生	100	1,346	33	12	1,491
Mr Cheung Kwok Ming	張國明先生	168	_	_	_	168
Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry	郭琳廣先生	198	_	_	_	198
Mr Lau Siu Ki, Kevin	劉紹基先生	198				198

15 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE - DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

Other benefits include leave pay, housing allowances and termination benefits.

During the year, no director has waived any emoluments (2010: Nil).

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group include three (2010: three) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining two (2010: two) individuals during the year are as follows:

15 僱員福利開支-董事及高級管理人員之酬金(續)

(a) 董事酬金(續)

其他福利包括有薪假、房屋津貼及 解僱補償。

於年內,概無董事放棄彼等之任何酬金(二零一零年:無)。

(b) 五名最高薪酬人士

本集團之五名最高薪酬人士包括三名(二零一零年:三名)董事,彼等之酬金已於上文呈列之分析中反映。年內應付予餘下兩名(二零一零年:兩名)人士之酬金如下:

2010

2011

Number of individuals

		二零一一年 HK\$'000	二零一零年 HK\$'000
		千港元	
Basic salaries, housing allowances, other allowances	基本薪金、房屋津貼、其他 津貼及實物利益		
and benefits-in-kind		1,658	2,182
Contributions to the MPF	強積金計劃供款		
Scheme		43	48
		1,701	2,230
and benefits-in-kind Contributions to the MPF	強積金計劃供款	43	48

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

酬金範圍如下:

		人數		
		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年	
Emolument bands HK\$500,000 -	酬金範圍 500,000港元一			
HK\$999,999 HK\$1,000,000 -	999,999港元 1,000,000港元-	1	-	
HK\$1,500,000	1,500,000港元	1	2	

16 PROPERTIES, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 16 物業、廠房及設備

		Land and buildings 土地及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture, office equipment and motor vehicles 傢俬、辦公室 設備及汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$ 000 千港元
At 1 January 2010 Cost or valuation Accumulated depreciation	於二零一零年一月一日 成本或估值 累計折舊	79,360 	26,439 (3,709)	56,966 (22,633)	51,565 (35,289)	214,330 (61,631)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	79,360	22,730	34,333	16,276	152,699
Year ended 31 December 2010 Opening net book amount Additions Disposals Depreciation Revaluation surplus Exchange differences Impairment	截 電子 医甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基	79,360 - - (7,173) 7,063 526 (5,045)	22,730 37 - (1,903) - -	34,333 719 (2) (5,879) – 131 (235)	16,276 6,938 (1,100) (6,646) – 496 (68)	152,699 7,694 (1,102) (21,601) 7,063 1,153 (5,348)
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	74,731	20,864	29,067	15,896	140,558
At 31 December 2010 Cost or valuation Accumulated depreciation and impairment	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日 成本或估值 累計折舊及減值	74,731 -	26,476 (5,612)	57,814 (28,747)	53,156 (37,260)	212,177 (71,619)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	74,731	20,864	29,067	15,896	140,558

16 PROPERTIES, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 16 物業、廠房及設備(績) (Continued)

					Furniture, office equipment	
		Land and buildings	Leasehold improvements	Plant and machinery	and motor vehicles 傢俬、辦公室	Total
		土地及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	租賃裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	廠房及機器 HK\$'000 千港元	設備及汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Year ended 31 December 2011	截至二零一一年 十二月三十一日 止年度					
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	74,731	20,864	29,067	15,896	140,558
Additions	添置	-	1,316	1,250	82	2,648
Disposals	出售	(8,732)	-	-	(2,301)	(11,033)
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note 34)	出售附屬公司		(074)	(4.004)		(E 40E)
Depresiation	(附註34) 折舊	(7.411)	(871) (1,283)	(4,294)	(6,227)	(5,165) (21,103)
Depreciation Revaluation surplus	重估盈餘	(7,411) 17,700	(1,203)	(6,182)	(0,221)	17,700
Exchange differences	正 D 差額	1,318	1,003	1,228	834	4,383
Impairment	減值			(4,464)		(4,464)
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	77,606	21,029	16,605	8,284	123,524
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日					
Cost or valuation Accumulated depreciation and	成本或估值 累計折舊及減值	77,606	27,781	45,373	44,010	194,770
impairment	-3-111 21 0 1111 1		(6,752)	(28,768)	(35,726)	(71,246)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	77,606	21,029	16,605	8,284	123,524

The Group's land and buildings were revalued at 31 December 2011. Valuations were made with reference to sales comparison approach or depreciated replacement cost approach. The valuations were carried out by:

- Vigers Appraisal and Consulting Limited, an independent qualified surveyor for the building held in Mainland China; and
- KJPP Susan Widjojo & Partners, an independent qualified surveyor for the land and buildings held in Indonesia.

The revaluation surplus net of applicable deferred income taxes was credited to fixed assets revaluation reserve in shareholders' equity.

本集團土地及樓宇已於二零一一年 十二月三十一日重新估值。估值乃 參考銷售比較法或折舊代替成本法 作出。估值由下列各方進行:

- 獨立合資格測量師威格斯資產 評估顧問有限公司(為於中國 大陸持有之樓宇進行估值);及
- 獨立合資格測量師KJPP Susan Widjojo & Partners (為於印 尼持有之土地及樓宇進行估 值)。

重估盈餘扣除適用遞延所得稅乃計 入股東權益中之固定資產重估儲 備。

16 PROPERTIES, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Depreciation of HK\$6,764,000 (2010: HK\$7,018,000) has been expensed to cost of goods sold, HK\$1,323,000 (2010: HK\$1,255,000) has been expensed to selling expenses; and HK\$13,016,000 (2010: HK\$13,328,000) has been expensed to administrative expenses.

If land and buildings were stated on the historical cost basis, the amounts would be as follows:

16 物業、廠房及設備(續)

折舊已分別於銷貨成本支銷 6,764,000港元(二零一零年: 7,018,000港元)、於銷售開支支 銷1,323,000港元(二零一零年: 1,255,000港元)及於行政開支支 銷13,016,000港元(二零一零年: 13.328.000港元)。

倘土地及樓宇乃按歷史成本列賬, 其金額如下:

		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Cost Accumulated depreciation	成本 累計折舊	184,360 (146,618)	261,039 (200,203)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	37,742	60,836

The analysis of the cost or valuation at 31 December 2011 of the above assets is as follows:

上述資產於二零一一年十二月 三十一日之成本或估值分析如下:

					Furniture,	
					office	
					equipment	
		Land and	Leasehold	Plant and	and motor	
		buildings	improvements	machinery	vehicles	Total
					傢俬·辦公室	
		土地及樓宇	租賃裝修	廠房及機器	設備及汽車	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At cost	按成本	_	27,781	45,373	44,010	117,164
At 2011 valuation	按二零一一年估值	77,606				77,606
		77,606	27,781	45,373	44,010	194,770

16 PROPERTIES, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 16 物業、廠房及設備(績) (Continued)

The analysis of the cost or valuation at 31 December 2010 of the above assets is as follows:

上述資產於二零一零年十二月 三十一日之成本或估值分析如下:

					Furniture,	
					office	
					equipment	
		Land and	Leasehold	Plant and	and motor	
		buildings	improvements	machinery	vehicles 傢俬、辦公室	Total
		土地及樓宇	租賃裝修	廠房及機器	設備及汽車	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At cost	按成本	-	26,476	57,814	53,156	137,446
At 2010 valuation	按二零一零年估值	74,731				74,731
		74,731	26,476	57,814	53,156	212,177
						,

Net book value of land and buildings is analysed as 土地及樓宇之賬面淨值分析如下: follows:

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Outside Hong Kong, held on: - Leases of between	於香港以外持有: 一租約年期介乎10至50年		
10 to 50 years		54,500	47,577
- Leases of less than 10 years	-租約年期少於10年	23,106	27,154
		77,606	74,731

17 LAND USE RIGHTS

17 土地使用權

The Group's land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments and their net book values are analysed as follows:

本集團之土地使用權代表預付經營 租賃款項,其賬面淨值分析如下:

		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		—◆一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	—令 令年 HK\$'000 千港元
In Mainland China held on: - Leases of between	於中國大陸持有: 一租約年期介乎10至50年		
10 to 50 years		15,725	15,282

17 LAND USE RIGHTS (Continued) 17 土地使用權(續)

		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Balance as at 1 January	於一月一日之結餘	15,282	11,147
Additions	添置	-	4,441
Amortisation of prepaid operating	攤銷預付經營租賃款項		
lease payments		(342)	(306)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	785	
Balance as at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之結餘	15,725	15,282

18 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES 18 於附屬公司之投資

		Company 本公司	
		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost, unlisted shares Provision for impairment loss	成本,非上市股份 減值虧損撥備	165,938 (73,884)	165,938 (39,718)
		92,054	126,220

Details of principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 36 to 主要附屬公司之詳細資料載於財務 the financial statements.

報表附註36。

19 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES 19 於聯營公司之權益

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Beginning of the year Share of profit/(loss) Exchange differences	年初 分佔溢利/(虧損) 匯兑差額	39,880 184 1,982	40,212 (332) —
End of the year Amount due from an associate	年終 聯營公司欠款	42,046 3,000	39,880 3,000
Disposal	出售	45,046 (45,046)	42,880
			42,880

20 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include the following:

20 按公允值計入損益賬之金融資產

按公允值計入損益賬之金融資產包括下列各項:

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Listed equity securities - securities listed on the Stock Exchange	上市股本證券 一於聯交所 上市之證券	-	6,180
Derivatives - leveraged foreign forward exchange contracts	衍生工具 一槓桿式遠期外匯合約	26	
		26	6,180

The fair values of all listed equity securities were based on their current bid prices in an active market. All the listed equity securities were disposed during the year.

The above assets are denominated in the following currencies:

所有上市股本證券之公允值均以彼 等現時於活躍市場之競投價為基 準。所有上市股本證券已於年內出 售。

上述資產以下列貨幣列值:

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong dollar United States dollar	港元 美元		6,180
		26	6,180

21 AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured and interest-free. Repayment will not be required within the next twelve months.

21 附屬公司欠款

於二零一一年及二零一零年十二月 三十一日,附屬公司欠款為無抵押 及免息,且毋須於未來十二個月內 償還。

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

22 INVENTORIES

22 存貨

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	原材料 半製成品 製成品	2,778 9,580 7,850	32,146 59,825 14,202
		20,208	106,173

The cost of inventories recognised as expenses and included in cost of goods sold amounted to approximately HK\$319,617,000 (2010: HK\$395,536,000).

確認為開支及計入銷貨成本之存貨 成本約為319,617,000港元(二零一 零年:395,536,000港元)。

23 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 23 貿易及其他應收款項

			oup 集團		pany 公司
		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年	2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables Prepayments, deposits	貿易應收款項 預付款項、按金及其	32,542	95,765	-	_
and other receivables	他應收款項	10,307	29,448	837	601
		42,849	125,213	837	601

The carrying amounts of the trade receivables, deposits and other receivables approximate their fair values.

貿易應收款項、按金及其他應收款 項之賬面值與其公允值相若。

23 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The majority of the Group's sales to customers are on open account basis, with credit terms ranging from 30 to 45 days. The remaining sales are on letter of credit at sight to 90 days. The ageing of trade receivables is as follows:

23 貿易及其他應收款項(績)

本集團大部分銷售予客戶之款額均以記賬方式進行,信貸期介乎30至45日。餘下銷售款額以即期至90日信用狀付款。貿易應收款項之賬齡如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days 31-60 days 61-90 days Over 90 days	30日內 31-60日 61-90日 超過90日	30,032 2,264 73 173	66,467 26,260 2,043 995
		32,542	95,765

As at 31 December 2011, the trade receivables from the Group's five largest customers accounted for 86% (2010: 73%) of the total trade receivables. The Group's approach to managing credit risk is disclosed in Note 3.

The ageing of trade receivables past due but not considered to be impaired is shown below. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default.

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團五大客戶之貿易應收款項佔貿易應收款項總額86%(二零一零年:73%)。本集團管理信貸風險之方式於附註3披露。

已逾期但被視為無減值之貿易應收款項賬齡如下。其與若干並無近期欠款紀錄之獨立客戶有關。

Group

		本集團	
		2011	2010
			二零一零年
			HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within 30 days	30日內	2,384	8,105
31-60 days	31-60∃	74	310
61-90 days	61-90∃	11	759
Over 90 days	超過90日	67	10
		2,536	9,184

At 31 December 2011, there were no provisions for impairment of trade receivables (2010: Nil).

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,並 無就貿易應收款項作出減值撥備 (二零一零年:無)。

23 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The other classes within trade and other receivables do not contain impaired assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of each class of receivables mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

The carrying amounts of the trade receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

23 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

貿易及其他應收款項內其他類別並 不包含已減值資產。

於匯報日期之最高信貸風險為上述 各類別應收款項之賬面值。本集團 並無持有任何抵押品作抵押。

貿易應收款項之賬面值乃以下列貨 幣列值:

		Group 本集團	
		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong dollar Renminbi United States dollar	港元 人民幣 美元	17,043 15,499	1,304 27,928 66,533
		32,542	95,765

The carrying amounts of deposits and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

按金及其他應收款項之賬面值乃以 下列貨幣列值:

		Grow 本集	•	Comp 本公	•
		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年	2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong dollar	港元	2,646	3,809	837	601
Indonesian Rupiah	印尼盾	6,444	4,943	_	_
Renminbi	人民幣	407	4,302	_	_
South African Rand	南非蘭特	-	2,569	_	_
Others	其他		1,063		
		9,497	16,686	837	601

24 BANK DEPOSITS

As of 31 December 2011, the effective interest rate of the bank deposits is 0.5% (2010: 0.89%) per annum. These deposits have maturities of 81 days (2010: 104 to 172 days). These bank deposits are pledged as securities for bank borrowings amounting to HK\$10,241,000 (2010: HK\$27,414,000) (Note 27).

The carrying amount of the bank deposit is denominated in United States dollar.

24 銀行存款

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,銀行存款之實際年利率為0.5厘(二零一零年:0.89厘),此等存款之到期日為81日(二零一零年:104至172日)。此等銀行存款乃用作銀行貸款10,241,000港元(二零一零年:27,414,000港元)(附註27)之抵押。

銀行存款之賬面值以美元列值。

25 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

25 現金及現金等值項目

		Gro 本集	•	Comp 本公	•
		2011	2010	2011	2010
		二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash at bank and in hand Short-term bank deposits	銀行及手頭現金 短期銀行存款	96,248 15,500	61,130 13,424	467	523
		111,748	74,554	467	523

The effective interest rate on short-term bank deposits is 0.6% (2010: 0.4% to 9%) per annum where the deposits have maturities of 46 days (2010: 3 days to 17 days).

The carrying amount of the cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

短期銀行存款之實際年利率為0.6 厘(二零一零年:0.4厘至9厘),其 到期日為46日(二零一零年:3至17 日)。

現金及現金等值項目之賬面值乃以 下列貨幣列值:

		Gro 本集	•	Comp 本公	-
		2011	2010	2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Hong Kong dollar	港元	9,486	10,288	467	523
Indonesian rupiah	印尼盾	4,086	12,533	-	_
Renminbi	人民幣	13,979	8,638	-	_
United States dollar	美元	83,918	42,893	_	_
Others	其他	279	202		
		111,748	74,554	467	523

26 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

As at 31 December 2010, derivative financial instruments comprise a leveraged foreign forward exchange contract.

The Group relies on valuations from the counterparty financial institutions to determine the fair value of the leveraged foreign forward exchange contract, which in turn is based on the forward foreign exchange rate at the balance sheet date.

26 衍生金融工具

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,衍 生金融工具包括槓桿式遠期外匯合

本集團依賴交易對手金融機構之估 值以釐定槓桿式遠期外匯合約之公 允值,有關估值乃使用於結算日之 遠期匯率為基準。

27 BANK BORROWINGS

27 銀行貸款

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trust receipts loans Portion of bank loans due for	信託收據貸款 於一年內到期償還之	4,431	73,279
repayment within one year Portion of bank loans due for repayment after one year which contain a repayment on demand	銀行貸款部分 於一年後到期償還載有 要求還款條文之 銀行貸款部分	30,723	59,452
clause			11,833
Total borrowings	總貸款	35,154	144,564

At 31 December, interest-bearing bank loans and trust receipt loans are due for repayment as follows:

於十二月三十一日,到期償還之計 息銀行貸款及信託收據貸款如下:

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trust receipts loans Portion of bank loans due for	信託收據貸款 於一年內到期償還之銀行	4,431	73,279
repayment within one year	貸款部分	30,723	59,452
Bank loans due for repayment after one year (Note 1):	於一年後到期償還之銀行 貸款(附註1):	35,154	132,731
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後但兩年內	_	9,000
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後但五年內		2,833
Total borrowings	總貸款	35,154	144,564

Note 1: The amounts due are based on the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements and ignore the effect of any repayment on demand clause.

附註1: 應付款項乃根據貸款協議所載預訂 還款日期計算,並無計入任何要求 還款條文之影響。

27 BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

At 21 December the bank loans and trust rec

27 銀行貸款(績)於十二日三十一日,銀紀

At 31 December, the bank loans and trust receipts loans are secured as follows:

於十二月三十一日,銀行貸款及信託收據貸款之抵押詳情如下:

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank loans – secured Bank loans – unsecured Trust receipts loans – unsecured	銀行貸款一有抵押 銀行貸款一無抵押 信託收據貸款一無抵押	30,723 - 4,431	27,414 43,871 73,279
Total borrowings	總貸款	35,154	144,564

As at 31 December 2011, bank borrowings amounting to HK\$10,241,000 and HK\$20,482,000 are secured by the bank deposits of HK\$11,718,000 (Note 24) and land use rights located at Heshan, Mainland China of HK\$15,725,000, respectively. As at 31 December 2010, bank borrowings amounting to HK\$27,414,000 were secured by the bank deposits of the Group (Note 24).

位於中國大陸鶴山市之土地使用權 15,725,000港元作為抵押。於二零 一零年十二月三十一日,銀行貸款 27,414,000港元乃以本集團銀行存 款(附註24)作為抵押。

The exposures of the Group's borrowings to interest rate changes and the contractual repricing dates as of the balance sheet are as follows: 於結算日,本集團貸款因利率變動 及合約再定息日期而承受之風險如 下:

於二零一一年十二月三十一

日,銀行貸款10,241,000港元及

20,482,000港元分別以本集團銀行

存款11.718.000港元(附註24)及

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
6 months or less	6個月或以下	35,154	144,564

The carrying amounts of the bank borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

銀行貸款之賬面值乃以下列貨幣列值:

		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong dollar Renminbi United States dollar	港元 人民幣 美元	30,723 4,431	38,876 27,414 78,274
Total borrowings	總貸款	35,154	144,564

27 BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

The bank loans bear interest at rates ranging from 4.6% to 6.4% per annum for Renminbi denominated loans (2010: 4.8% to 5.8% per annum). As at 31 December 2010, the bank loans bear interest rates ranging from 1.8% to 5.5% per annum for United States dollar denominated loans and 1.8% to 2.0% per annum for Hong Kong dollar denominated loans.

The trust receipts loans bear interest at rates ranging from 2.8% to 3.6% per annum for United States dollar denominated loans (2010: 1.8% to 2.3% per annum). As at 31 December 2010, the trust receipt loans bear interest rates ranging from 1.8% to 2.3% per annum for Hong Kong dollar denominated loans.

The carrying amounts of bank borrowings approximate their fair values as the effect of discounting is not significant.

28 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority. The offset amounts are as follows:

27 銀行貸款(續)

銀行貸款方面,人民幣計值之貸款 按年利率介平4.6厘至6.4厘(二零一 零年:4.8厘至5.8厘)計息。於二零 一零年十二月三十一日,以美元計 值之貸款按年利率介平1.8厘至5.5 厘計息,而以港元計值之貸款則按 年利率介平1.8厘至2.0厘計息。

信託收據貸款方面,以美元計值之 貸款按年利率介乎2.8厘至3.6厘(二 零一零年:1.8厘至2.3厘)計息。於 二零一零年十二月三十一日,以港 元計值之信託收據貸款則按年利率 介平1.8厘至2.3厘計息。

銀行貸款因折現影響不大,故其賬 面值與其公允值相若。

28 遞延所得稅

當有法定可執行權利將當期稅項資 產與當期稅項負債抵銷,且遞延所 得税涉及同一財政機關,則可將遞 延所得税資產及負債抵銷。所抵銷 之 余額 如下:

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	-	5,010
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	(15,865)	(10,943)
		(15,865)	(5,933)

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

28 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (Continued)

28 遞延所得稅(續)

The net movements on the deferred income tax account are as follows:

遞延所得税賬目之變動淨額如下:

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance as at 1 January Deferred income tax (debited)/ credited to income statement	於一月一日之結餘 於收入報表(扣除)/計入 之遞延所得税(附註10)	(5,933)	(5,225)
(Note 10) Deferred income tax charged	於權益扣除之遞延所得稅	(3,035)	1,190
to equity	医 分 美 宛	(7,031)	(2,049)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	134	151
Balance as at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之結餘	(15,865)	(5,933)

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax loss carry-forwards to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable. The Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of HK\$37,383,000 (2010: HK\$28,688,000) in respect of losses amounting to HK\$169,926,000 (2010: HK\$135,197,000) that can be carried forward against future taxable income. Cumulative tax losses of HK\$59,987,000 (2010: HK\$64,709,000) can be carried forward indefinitely while tax losses of HK\$109,939,000 (2010: HK\$70,488,000) will expire in five years.

遞延所得稅資產僅會於有關之稅項利益有可能透過未來應課稅溢利變現時,就結轉稅項虧損確認。本集團並無確認涉及169,926,000港元(二零一零年:135,197,000港元)之虧損之遞延所得稅資產37,383,000港元(二零一零年:28,688,000港元),其可供結轉用以抵銷日後應課稅收入。累計稅項虧損59,987,000港元(二零一零年:64,709,000港元)可無限期結轉,而稅項虧損109,939,000港元(二零一零年:70,488,000港元)將於五年內到期。

28 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (Continued)

The movements in deferred income tax assets and liabilities (prior to offsetting of balances within the same taxation jurisdiction) during the year are as follows:

Deferred income tax assets

28 遞延所得稅(續)

年內之遞延所得税資產及負債變動 (於抵銷同一税項管轄區之結餘前) 如下:

> Provision for postemployment benefits 僱員結束 服務後之

遞延所得稅資產

		福利撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2010 Credited to income statement Exchange differences	於二零一零年一月一日 於收入報表中計入 匯兑差額	3,820 1,003 187
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	5,010
At 1 January 2011 Debited to income statement Exchange differences	於二零一一年一月一日 於收入報表中扣除 匯兑差額	5,010 (5,138) 128
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	_

Deferred income tax liabilities

遞延所得稅負債

		Fair value gains of land and buildings	Accelerated tax depreciation	Withholding tax for undistributed retained earnings 未分派	Total
		土地及樓宇之 公允值收益 HK\$'000 千港元	增速税項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元	保留盈利之 預扣税項 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance as at 1 January 2010 Credited to income statement Charged to equity Exchange differences	於二零一零年一月一日之結餘 於收入報表中計入 於權益扣除 匯兑差額	6,126 - 2,049 -	1,192 (187) - 36	1,727 - - -	9,045 (187) 2,049 36
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	8,175	1,041	1,727	10,943
Balance as at 1 January 2011 Credited to income statement Charged to equity Exchange differences	於二零一一年一月一日之結餘 於收入報表中計入 於權益扣除 匯兑差額	8,175 - 7,031 -	1,041 (376) - (6)	1,727 (1,727) –	10,943 (2,103) 7,031 (6)
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	15,206	659		15,865

29 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

29 貿易及其他應付款項

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2011	2010	2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	16,549	79,874	_	_
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	17,218	66,943	1,012	998
		33,767	146,817	1,012	998

The ageing of the trade payables, based on invoice 貿易應付款項按發票日期之賬齡如 date, was as follows:

下:

		Group		
		本集團		
		2011	2010	
		二零一一年	二零一零年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Within 30 days	30日內	5,052	51,450	
31-60 days	31-60 ⊟	5,027	19,251	
61-90 days	61-90 ⊟	3,669	6,210	
Over 90 days	超過90日	2,801	2,963	
		16,549	79,874	

Trade payables are denominated in the following 貿易應付款項乃以下列貨幣列值: currencies:

		Group 本集團	
		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Hong Kong dollar Indonesian Rupiah Renminbi United States dollar Others	港元 印尼盾 人民幣 美元 其他	936 - 12,986 2,627 -	27,987 2,347 29,838 19,603 99
		16,549	79,874

29 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

Other payables and accruals are denominated in the following currencies:

29 貿易及其他應付款項(續)

其他應付款項及應計費用乃以下列 貨幣列值:

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong dollar Indonesian Rupiah Renminbi South African Rand	港元 印尼盾 人民幣 南非蘭特	2,429 886 13,903 - 17,218	11,832 26,476 26,829 1,806	1,012 - - - - 1,012	998 998

The carrying amounts of trade and other payables approximate their fair values due to their short term nature.

貿易及其他應付款項因屬短期性 質,故其賬面值與公允值相若。

30 SHARE CAPITAL

30 股本

		2011	2011	2010	2010
		二零一一年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一零年
		Number of	Ordinary	Number of	Ordinary
		Shares	shares	Shares	shares
		股份數目	普通股	股份數目	普通股
		(thousands)	HK\$'000	(thousands)	HK\$'000
		(千股)	千港元	(千股)	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	371,874	37,187	371,874	37,187
Issue of shares	發行股份	74,300	7,430		
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	446,174	44,617	371,874	37,187

The total authorised number of ordinary shares is 2,000,000,000 (2010: 2,000,000,000) shares with a par value of HK\$0.10 per share (2010: HK\$0.10 per share).

On 25 July 2011, the Board of Directors of the Company passed a resolution to approve the allotment and issue of 74,300,000 ordinary shares for a private placement to six independent third parties. On 27 July 2011, the Company completed the private placement and issued an aggregate of 74,300,000 ordinary shares at a price of HK\$ 0.65 per share.

法定普通股總數為2,000,000,000股 (二零一零年:2,000,000,000股), 每股面值0.10港元(二零一零年:每 股面值0.10港元)。

於二零一一年七月二十五日,本公 司董事會通過一項決議案,批准配 發及發行74,300,000股普通股,以 供私人配售予六名獨立第三方。於 二零一一年七月二十七日,本公司 完成私人配售,並按每股0.65港元 之價格發行合共74,300,000股普通 股。

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

31 OTHER RESERVES

31 其他儲備

			Exchange	Fixed assets		
		Share	translation	revaluation	Merger	
		premium	reserve	reserve	reserve (i)	Total
				固定資產		
		股份溢價	匯兑儲備	重估儲備	合併儲備(i)	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Balance as at 1 January 2010	於二零一零年一月一日之結餘	43,522	(31,161)	43,372	(200)	55,533
Exchange differences arising on the	換算海外附屬公司及聯營公司					
translation of the financial statements of	財務報表產生之匯兑差額					
overseas subsidiaries and associates		_	3,531	_	_	3,531
Fair value changes, net of deferred tax	公允值變動,扣除遞延税項	_	-	4,888	-	4,888
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	43,522	(27,630)	48,260	(200)	63,952
Balance as at 1 January 2011	於二零一一年一月一日之結餘	43,522	(27,630)	48,260	(200)	63,952
Exchange differences arising on the	換算海外附屬公司及聯營公司	.0,0	(=:,000)	.0,200	(===)	00,002
translation of the financial statements of						
overseas subsidiaries and associates	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	2,707	_	_	2,707
Fair value changes, net of deferred tax	公允值變動,扣除遞延税項	-	_	10,515	_	10,515
Issue of shares	發行股份	40,865	_	_	_	40,865
Reserves transferred upon disposal of land	出售土地及樓宇時轉撥儲備,					
and building, net of tax	扣除税項	-	-	(14,864)	-	(14,864)
Reserves released upon disposal of	出售於聯營公司及附屬公司之					
interests in associates and subsidiaries	權益時解除儲備	-	(7,508)	-	-	(7,508)
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	84,387	(32,431)	43,911	(200)	95,667

31 OTHER RESERVES (Continued)

31 其他儲備(續)

			Company 本公司	
		Share	Contributed	
		premium 股份溢價	surplus (ii) 繳入盈餘(ii)	Total 總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元		千港元
At 1 January 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	43,522	147,694	191,216
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月 三十一日	40.500	1.47.004	101.010
	=T-1	43,522	147,694	191,216
At 1 January 2011	於二零一一年一月一日	43,522	147,694	191,216
Issue of shares	發行股份	40,865		40,865
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月			
	三十一日	84,387	147,694	232,081

Notes:

- The merger reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of a subsidiary acquired and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor.
- The contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the consolidated shareholders' funds of the subsidiary acquired and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor.

附註:

- 本集團之合併儲備乃指所購入一間附 屬公司股份之面值與本公司用作交換 而發行股份之面值之差額。
- (ii) 本公司之繳入盈餘乃指所購入該附屬 公司之綜合股東資金與本公司用作交 換而發行股份之面值之差額。

32 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

32 綜合現金流轉表附註

Reconciliation of loss before income tax to net cash generated from/(used in) operations is as follows:

除所得税前虧損與經營產生/(所用)之現金淨額之對賬如下:

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(46,338)	(59,803)
Depreciation of properties,	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
plant and equipment		21,103	21,601
Loss/(gain) on disposal of	出售物業、廠房及設備之		
properties, plant and equipment	虧損/(收益)	2,680	(345)
Impairment of properties,	物業、廠房及設備減值		
plant and equipment		4,464	5,348
Amortisation of land use rights	土地使用權攤銷	342	306
Share of (profit)/loss of associates	分佔聯營公司(溢利)/		
	虧損	(184)	332
Gain on disposal of interest	出售於聯營公司之權益之		
in associates (Note 33)	收益(附註33)	(3,452)	_
Gain on disposal of interest	出售於附屬公司之權益之		
in subsidiaries (Note 34)	收益(附註34)	(202)	_
Dividend income on listed	上市股本證券之股息收入		
equity securities		-	(48)
Finance income	融資收入	(619)	(409)
Finance costs	融資成本	3,621	2,292
		(18,585)	(30,726)
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:		
Inventories	存貨	85,236	(5,398)
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	74,784	(14,066)
Trade and other payables Financial assets at fair value	貿易及其他應付款項 按公允值計入損益賬之	(103,875)	5,132
	扱 ム 九 直 計 八 損 益 版 之金 融 資 產	6,180	10.007
through profit or loss Derivative financial instruments	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	12,207 147
Derivative ilnanciai instruments	77 生並融工共	(173)	147
Net cash generated	經營產生/(所用)		
from/(used in) operations	現金淨額	43,567	(32,704)

33 DISPOSAL OF ASSOCIATES

During the year, the Group entered into share purchase agreements: - (a) to dispose of its 40% interest in ShanDong WeiQiao HengFu Textile Limited to an independent third party for a cash consideration of HK\$38,363,000; and (b) to dispose of its 20% interest in Fortune Champ Group Limited, which holds 55% interest in Yi Feng Petrochemical Limited, to an independent third party at a cash consideration of HK\$3,000,000.

Details in respect of the above disposals are as follows:

33 出售聯營公司

年內,本集團訂立購股協議:(a)向一 名獨立第三方出售其於山東魏橋恒 富針織印染有限公司之40%權益, 現金代價為38,363,000港元;及(b) 向一名獨立第三方出售其於兆冠集 團有限公司(持有毅丰石化企業有 限公司55%權益)之20%權益,現金 代價為3.000.000港元。

有關上述出售事宜之詳情如下:

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Investment in associate disposed of Release of exchange reserve upon disposal of an associate	所出售於聯營公司之投資 出售聯營公司時解除匯兑儲備	45,046 (7,135)
Gain on the disposal	出售收益	37,911 3,452
		41,363
Consideration: Satisfied by: - Cash	代價: 支付方式: 一現金	41,363
An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of associates are as follows:	有關出售聯營公司之現金及現金等 值項目流入淨額分析如下:	
- Cash consideration	一現金代價	41,363
Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of associates	有關出售聯營公司之現金及現金等 值項目流入淨額	41,363

34 DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

During the year, the Group disposed of its subsidiaries as follows: - (a) Hipmode Investment Limited ("Hipmode Investment"), a subsidiary, to an independent third party at a cash consideration of HK\$9,250,000; (b) Queentime International Limited ("Queentime"), a subsidiary, to the shareholder of the minority shareholder of Cityshine Investments Limited ("Cityshine"), a subsidiary of the Group at an aggregate consideration of HK\$ 2,605,000, which was settled by a cash consideration of HK\$1 and waiver of a loan due by Cityshine to the minority shareholder of Cityshine amounting to HK\$2,605,000; and (c) Shinning Century Limited ("Shinning Century"), a 70% owned subsidiary, to the 30% non-controlling interest of the disposed company at an aggregate consideration of HK\$ 3,382,000, which was settled by a cash consideration of HK\$1 and waiver by the purchaser of an amount due from a subsidiary of the Company to Shinning Century.

Details in respect of the disposals of these subsidiaries during the year are as follows:

34 出售附屬公司

年內,本集團出售其下列附屬公司: (a)向一名獨立第三方出售附屬公司 劦旺投資有限公司(「劦旺投資」), 現金代價為9,250,000港元; (b)向本 集團附屬公司Cityshine Investments Limited (「Cityshine」) 少數股東之 股東出售附屬公司君泰國際有限公 司(「君泰」),總代價為2,605,000 港元,以現金代價1港元及豁免 Cityshine應付Cityshine少數股東貸 款2,605,000港元方式支付;及(c)向 附屬公司耀晴有限公司(「耀晴」, 本集團擁有其70%權益) 之30%非 控制性權益出售該公司,總代價為 3,382,000港元,以現金代價1港元 及買方豁免耀晴應收本公司附屬公 司款項之方式支付。

有關年內出售該等附屬公司之詳情 如下:

2011

二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元 所出售之淨負債 Net liabilities disposed of -物業、廠房及設備(附註16) - Property, plant and equipment (Note 16) 5,165 Inventory 一存貨 86 - Trade and other receivables 一貿易及其他應收款項 7,588 - Cash and cash equivalents 一現金及現金等值項目 6,449 - Amount due to subsidiaries of the Company 一應付本公司附屬公司款項一淨額 - net (19,690)一貿易及其他應付款項 - Trade and other payables (6,363)- Non-controlling interests 一非控制性權益 (899)(7,664)Release of exchange reserve upon disposal of 出售附屬公司時解除匯兑儲備 subsidiaries (373)Waiver by the subsidiaries of the Company for 本公司附屬公司豁免劦旺投資及 amounts due by Hipmode Investment and 君泰結欠之款項 Queentime 23,072 Gain on the disposal 出售收益 202 15,237

34 DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued) 34 出售附屬公司(續)

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration:	代價:	
Satisfied by: - Cash - Waiver by the purchaser of an amount due	支付方式: -現金 -買方豁免應收本公司附屬公司	9,250
from a subsidiary of the Company - Waiver of a loan due to the minority	款項 一豁免應付本公司附屬公司	3,382
shareholder of a subsidiary of the Company	少數股東之貸款	2,605
		15,237
An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries is as follows:	有關出售附屬公司之現金及現金等 值項目流入淨額分析如下:	
Cash considerationCash disposed of	-現金代價 -所出售現金	9,250 (6,449)
Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries	有關出售附屬公司之現金及現金等 值項目流入淨額	2,801

35 COMMITMENTS

Commitments under operating leases

The Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments for land and buildings under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

35 承擔

經營租賃承擔

本集團根據不可撤銷經營租賃而須 於未來就土地及樓宇支付之最低租 金總額如下:

2011	2010
二零一一年	二零一零年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
3,434	8,035
Ŧ.	
3,923	23,886
251	8,425
7,608	40,346
+	二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元 3,434 5 3,923 251

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

36 SUBSIDIARIES

36 附屬公司

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2011:

本公司於二零一一年十二月三十一 日之主要附屬公司如下:

Company name	Place of incorporation/ Place of operation	Principal activities	Particulars of issued share capital	Percentage of interest held
公司名稱	註冊成立/ 經營地點	主要業務	已發行股本資料	所持權益 百分比
Shares held directly: 直接持有股份:				
Topwell Group Development Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	1,000 ordinary shares of US\$1	100
	英屬處女群島	投資控股	each 1,000股每股面值1 美元之普通股	
Shares held indirectly: 間接持有股份:				
Carry Wealth Limited	Hong Kong	Garment trading, marketing and provision of management services	4,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100
近旺有限公司	香港	成衣貿易、市場推廣 及提供管理服務	4,000,000股每股 面值1港元之普 通股	
Hillwealth International Limited	Hong Kong	Garment trading and marketing	1 ordinary share of HK\$1	100
領溢國際有限公司	香港	成衣貿易及市場推廣	1股面值1港元之普 通股	
Mass Wealth Investments Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding	1 ordinary share of HK\$1	100
尚豪投資有限公司	香港	投資控股	1股面值1港元之普 通股	

36 SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

36 附屬公司(續)

Company name 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ Place of operation 註冊成立/ 經營地點	Principal activities 主要業務	Particulars of issued share capital	Percentage of interest held 所持權益 百分比
PT Caterindo Garment	Indonesia	Manufacture of knit	15,000 ordinary	95
Industri		products	shares of Rp1 million each	
	印尼	生產針織服裝	15,000股每股面值 一百萬印尼盾之 普通股	
鶴山恒富製衣有限公司 (Heshan Carry Wealth Garment Limited)	People's Republic of China	Manufacture of knit products	US\$10,500,000	100
Samon Elimou	中華人民共和國	生產針織服裝	10,500,000美元	

37 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

37 關連方交易

- (a) As at 31 December 2011, 236,662,000 shares (53.04%) of the Company were held by Dragon Peace Limited, which was ultimately owned by Mr Li Haifeng, a director of the Company. The directors consider Dragon Peace Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, to be the Company's ultimate holding company.
- 日,本公司236,662,000股股 份(53.04%)由Dragon Peace Limited持有,本公司董事李海 楓先生最終擁有該公司。董事 認為, Dragon Peace Limited (於英屬處女群島註冊成立之 有限公司) 為本公司之最終控 股公司。

(a) 於二零一一年十二月三十一

- (b) During the year, the Group had the following transaction with its associate, ShanDong WeiQiao HengFu Textile Limited:
- (b) 於年內,本集團與其聯營公司 山東魏橋恒富針織印染有限公 司有以下交易:

		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Purchases of raw materials	購買原材料	80	408

37 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

37 關連方交易(續)

(c) Key management compensation

(c) 主要管理人員酬金

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	薪酬及其他短期僱員福利	10,082	10,043
Contributions to the MPF	強積金計劃供款	10,062	10,043
Scheme		40	36
		10,122	10,079

- (d) At 31 December 2011, the Company had provided guarantees to certain banks in respect of the banking facilities of its subsidiaries amounting to approximately HK\$248,000,000 (2010: HK\$471,820,000). The facilities utilised by the subsidiaries at 31 December 2011 amounted to HK\$4,431,000 (2010: HK\$117,150,000).
- (d) 於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本公司已就其附屬公司之銀行信貸為數約248,000,000港元(二零一零年:471,820,000港元)向若干銀行提供擔保。該等附屬公司於二零一一年十二月三十一日已動用之信貸額為4,431,000港元(二零一零年:117,150,000港元)。
- (e) In June 2011, the Group disposed of its wholly owned subsidiary, Queentime, to the shareholder of the minority shareholder of Cityshine, a subsidiary of the Group at an aggregate consideration of HK\$ 2,605,000 (Note 34).
- (e) 於二零一一年六月,本集團向本集團附屬公司Cityshine少數股東之股東出售其全資附屬公司君泰,總代價為2,605,000港元(附註34)。
- (f) In December 2011, the Group disposed of its 70% interest in Shinning Century to the 30% minority shareholder of the disposed company at an aggregate consideration of HK\$3,382,000 (Note 34).
- (f) 於二零一一年十二月,本集團 向耀晴之少數股東(擁有該 公司30%權益)出售該公司之 70%權益,總代價為3,382,000 港元(附許34)。

締告**但**優品質 源於豐富人材



CARRY WEALTH HOLDINGS LIMITED 恒富控股有限公司

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