



大新銀行集團有限公司

DAH SING BANKING GROUP LIMITED

The holding company of Dah Sing Bank, Limited and MEVAS Bank Limited

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability under the Companies Ordinance)

(Stock Code: 2356)

ANNOUNCEMENT OF 2012 INTERIM RESULTS

The Directors of Dah Sing Banking Group Limited (the “Company”) are pleased to present the interim results and condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the “Group”) for the six months ended 30 June 2012. The unaudited profit attributable to shareholders after non-controlling interests for the six months ended 30 June 2012 was HK\$568.3 million.

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The unaudited 2012 interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard No. 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“HKICPA”).

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the six months ended 30 June

HK\$'000	Note	2012	Restated 2011	Variance %
Interest income		1,865,025	1,530,381	
Interest expense		(843,462)	(559,211)	
Net interest income	3	1,021,563	971,170	5.2
Fee and commission income		349,701	306,790	
Fee and commission expense		(103,252)	(102,813)	
Net fee and commission income	4	246,449	203,977	20.8
Net trading income	5	80,848	103,852	
Other operating income	6	24,309	16,757	
Operating income		1,373,169	1,295,756	6.0
Operating expenses	7	(866,097)	(733,486)	18.1
Operating profit before impairment losses		507,072	562,270	-9.8
Loan impairment losses and other credit provisions	8	(29,556)	(85,430)	-65.4
Operating profit after impairment losses		477,516	476,840	0.1
Net loss on disposal of premises, investment properties and other fixed assets		(752)	(323)	
Net (loss)/gain on disposal of investments in securities	9	(16,193)	3,112	
Share of results of jointly controlled entities		6,072	5,503	
Share of results of an associate		176,989	155,425	
Profit before taxation		643,632	640,557	0.5
Taxation	10	(75,359)	(85,219)	
Profit for the period		568,273	555,338	2.3
Loss attributable to non-controlling interests		13	426	
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company		568,286	555,764	2.3
Interim dividend		100,110	97,835	
Earnings per share				
Basic	11	HK\$0.46	HK\$0.45	
Diluted	11	HK\$0.46	HK\$0.45	

Dah Sing Banking Group Limited**UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

For the six months ended 30 June

HK\$'000	2012	Restated 2011
Profit for the period	568,273	555,338
Other comprehensive income for the period		
Investments in securities		
Fair value gains recognised in equity	391,380	177,074
Fair value (gain)/loss realised and transferred to income statement upon:		
– Disposal of available-for-sale securities	(53,829)	(10,373)
– Disposal of held-to-maturity securities and investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category which were previously reclassified from the available-for-sale category	55,171	19,723
Deferred income tax assets released on movements in investment revaluation reserve	(66,258)	(13,963)
	326,464	172,461
Premises		
Deferred income tax liabilities released on movements in premises revaluation reserve	2,735	1,794
Exchange differences arising on translation of the financial statements of foreign entities	(13,135)	24,723
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	316,064	198,978
Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	884,337	754,316
Attributable to:		
Non-controlling interests	(13)	(426)
Shareholders of the Company	884,350	754,742
Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	884,337	754,316

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

HK\$'000	Note	As at 30 Jun 2012	Restated As at 31 Dec 2011
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with banks		10,603,314	11,904,817
Placements with banks maturing between one and twelve months		4,171,823	5,164,914
Trading securities	12	6,295,684	5,406,176
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	12	10,919	8,776
Derivative financial instruments	13	687,262	639,631
Advances and other accounts	14	94,408,665	91,760,160
Available-for-sale securities	16	19,028,542	17,286,806
Held-to-maturity securities	17	7,909,922	8,171,987
Investment in an associate		2,112,854	1,961,365
Investments in jointly controlled entities		72,579	68,650
Goodwill		811,690	811,690
Intangible assets		71,601	73,883
Premises and other fixed assets		3,138,317	3,166,932
Investment properties		748,893	748,893
Current income tax assets		–	4,372
Deferred income tax assets		15,608	50,069
Total assets		150,087,673	147,229,121
LIABILITIES			
Deposits from banks		2,723,485	2,384,503
Derivative financial instruments	13	1,568,340	1,541,553
Trading liabilities		2,277,118	3,045,202
Deposits from customers		113,386,422	113,369,268
Certificates of deposit issued		2,679,501	3,164,067
Issued debt securities		2,715,063	2,718,320
Subordinated notes		5,107,341	3,697,610
Other accounts and accruals	18	3,814,924	2,189,983
Current income tax liabilities		49,244	27,156
Deferred income tax liabilities		108,179	73,153
Total liabilities		134,429,617	132,210,815
EQUITY			
Non-controlling interests		15,491	15,504
Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders			
Share capital		1,222,935	1,222,935
Reserves	19	14,319,520	13,535,280
Proposed dividend		100,110	244,587
Shareholders' funds		15,642,565	15,002,802
Total equity		15,658,056	15,018,306
Total equity and liabilities		150,087,673	147,229,121

Note:

1. General information

Dah Sing Banking Group Limited (the “Company”) is a bank holding company. Its principal subsidiaries include Dah Sing Bank, Limited (“DSB”) and MEVAS Bank Limited (“MEVAS”), both are licensed banks in Hong Kong. The Company together with its subsidiaries (collectively the “Group”) provide banking, financial and other related services.

2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

Except as described below, the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the 2012 interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used and described in the Group’s annual audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011.

(a) New and amended standards adopted by the Group

- Change in accounting policy

In December 2010, the HKICPA amended HKAS 12, “Income taxes”, to introduce an exception to the principle for the measurement of deferred tax assets or liabilities arising on an investment property measured at fair value. HKAS 12 requires an entity to measure the deferred tax relating to an asset depending on whether the entity expects to recover the carrying value of the asset through use or sale. The amendment introduces a rebuttable presumption that an investment property measured at fair value is recovered entirely by sale. The amendment is applicable retrospectively to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012.

The Group has adopted this amendment retrospectively for the financial period ended 30 June 2012. Previously, the Group measured deferred tax on investment properties on the basis that their carrying values were to be recovered through use.

The effect of the change on the consolidated statement of financial position was to reduce overall deferred tax liabilities as at 1 January 2012 by HK\$61,709,000 (1 January 2011: HK\$46,843,000) and to increase retained earnings and premises revaluation reserve as at 1 January 2012 by HK\$58,414,000 (1 January 2011: HK\$43,537,000) and HK\$3,295,000 (1 January 2011: HK\$3,306,000) respectively.

There is no additional impact from the adoption of the amendment to the Group’s financial position as at, and results for the six months ended, 30 June 2012 on the basis that the cumulative fair value gains on the Group’s investment properties remain unchanged from the level as at 31 December 2011. The effect on the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the six months ended 30 June 2011 was a reduction in the amount of tax credit recognised of HK\$2,423,000 upon the disposal of an investment property in the period.

- There are no other new standards and amendments to standards effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2012.

2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

(b) The following new standards and amendments to standards have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2012 and have not been early adopted:

- Amendments to HKAS 32, “Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities”, issued in December 2011 clarified the requirements for offsetting financial instruments and addressed inconsistencies in current practice when applying the offsetting criteria in HKAS 32, “Financial Instruments: Presentation”. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014 with early adoption permitted and are required to be applied retrospectively. The Group is yet to assess the full impact of these amendments.
- Amendments to HKFRS 7, “Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities”, issued in December 2011 requires disclosures about the effect or potential effects of offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities and related arrangements on an entity’s financial position. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 and interim periods within those annual periods. The amendments are required to be applied retrospectively.
- HKFRS 9, “Financial instruments”, addresses the classification, measurement and recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. HKFRS 9 was issued in November 2009 and October 2010. It replaces the parts of HKAS 39 that relate to the classification and measurement of financial instruments. HKFRS 9 requires financial assets to be classified into two measurement categories: those measured as at fair value and those measured at amortised cost. The determination is made at initial recognition. The classification depends on the entity’s business model for managing its financial instruments and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the instrument.

For financial liabilities, the standard retains most of the HKAS 39 requirements. The main change is that, in cases where the fair value option is taken for financial liabilities, the part of a fair value change due to an entity’s own credit risk is recorded in other comprehensive income rather than in the income statement, unless this creates an accounting mismatch. The Group is in the process of making an assessment on the impact and so far has not decided to early adopt the standard, which shall be effective for the financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

- HKFRS 10, “Consolidated financial statements”, builds on existing principles by identifying the concept of control as the determining factor in whether an entity should be included within the consolidated financial statements of the parent company. The standard provides additional guidance to assist in the determination of control where this is difficult to assess. The Group is yet to assess the full impact of HKFRS 10 which shall be effective for the financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2013.
- HKFRS 11, “Joint arrangements”, establishes principles for financial reporting by parties to a joint arrangement, and requires a party to a joint arrangement to determine the type of joint arrangement in which it is involved by assessing its rights and obligations arising from the arrangement. The standard requires a joint operator to recognise and measure the assets and liabilities (and recognise the related revenues and expenses) in relation to its interest in the arrangement in accordance with relevant HKFRSs applicable to the particular assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. It requires a joint venturer to recognise an investment and to account for that investment using the equity method in accordance with HKAS 28, “Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures”, unless the entity is exempted from applying the equity method as specified in that standard. The Group is yet to assess HKFRS 11’s full impact and intends to adopt HKFRS 11 no later than the accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

(b) The following new standards and amendments to standards have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2012 and have not been early adopted: (Continued)

- HKFRS 12, “Disclosures of interests in other entities”, includes the disclosure requirements for all forms of interests in other entities, including joint arrangements, associates, special purpose vehicles and other off balance sheet vehicles. The Group is yet to assess IFRS/HKFRS 12’s full impact and intends to adopt IFRS/HKFRS 12 no later than the accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2013.
- HKFRS 13, “Fair value measurement”, aims to improve consistency and reduce complexity by providing a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across HKFRSs. The requirements do not extend the use of fair value accounting but provide guidance on how it should be applied where its use is already required or permitted by other standards within HKFRSs. The Group is yet to assess the full impact of HKFRS 13 which shall be effective for the financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

(c) Revised presentation of advances to customers and trade bills

To align with market practice, trade bills which were previously included as part of gross advances to customers are now reported as a separate item under “Advances and other accounts” and do not form part of advances to customers. In addition, bills receivable representing unfunded items which were previously included as part of trade bills are now reported as part of other accounts and do not form part of trade bills. Comparative figures including impaired loans, overdue loans and rescheduled loans ratios, loan to deposit ratio, etc. have been restated accordingly to conform with current period’s presentation.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$’000), unless otherwise stated, and was approved by the Board of Directors for issue on 9 August 2012.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have not been audited.

Dah Sing Banking Group Limited

3. Net interest income

For the six months ended 30 June
HK\$'000

	2012	2011
Interest income		
Cash and balances with banks	190,426	108,354
Investments in securities	439,551	267,819
Advances to customers and banks	1,235,048	1,154,208
	<u>1,865,025</u>	<u>1,530,381</u>
Interest expense		
Deposits from banks/Deposits from customers	733,291	437,642
Certificates of deposit issued	13,197	53,762
Issued debt securities	24,858	18,080
Subordinated notes	69,512	42,591
Others	2,604	7,136
	<u>843,462</u>	<u>559,211</u>
Included within interest income		
Interest income on financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss	<u>1,840,454</u>	<u>1,511,842</u>
Interest income on impaired assets	<u>734</u>	<u>5,277</u>
Included within interest expense		
Interest expense on financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss	<u>811,200</u>	<u>520,239</u>

4. Net fee and commission income

For the six months ended 30 June
HK\$'000

	2012	2011
Fee and commission income		
Fee and commission income from financial assets and liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss		
– Credit related fees and commissions	29,938	35,238
– Trade finance	25,214	21,285
– Credit card	138,088	134,709
Other fee and commission income		
– Securities brokerage	26,189	26,001
– Insurance distribution and services	27,544	19,405
– Retail investment and wealth management services	37,144	32,259
– Bank services and handling fees	21,083	21,326
– Other fees	44,501	16,567
	<u>349,701</u>	<u>306,790</u>
Fee and commission expense		
Fee and commission expense from financial assets and liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss		
– Handling fees and commission	97,105	96,184
– Other fees paid	6,147	6,629
	<u>103,252</u>	<u>102,813</u>
	<u>246,449</u>	<u>203,977</u>

The Group provides custody, trustee, corporate administration, and investment management services to third parties. Those assets that are held in a fiduciary capacity are not included in these financial statements.

5. Net trading income

For the six months ended 30 June
HK\$'000

	2012	2011
Net gain arising from dealing in foreign currencies	126,500	140,224
Net gain on trading securities	1,941	518
Net gain from derivatives entered into for trading purpose	2,352	3,336
Net loss arising from financial instruments subject to fair value hedge	(33,065)	(28,867)
Net loss arising from financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	(16,880)	(11,359)
	<u>80,848</u>	<u>103,852</u>

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6. Other operating income

For the six months ended 30 June		
HK\$'000	2012	2011
Dividend income from investments in available-for-sale securities		
– Listed investments	2,248	453
– Unlisted investments	3,960	2,746
Gross rental income from investment properties	9,388	5,022
Other rental income	3,360	2,684
Others	5,353	5,852
	24,309	16,757

7. Operating expenses

For the six months ended 30 June		
HK\$'000	2012	2011
Employee compensation and benefit expenses (including directors' remuneration)	505,854	444,232
Premises and other fixed assets expenses, excluding depreciation	102,621	84,886
Depreciation	86,967	66,192
Advertising and promotion costs	37,528	49,091
Printing, stationery and postage	7,805	13,033
Amortisation expenses of intangible assets	2,282	7,277
Others	123,040	68,775
	866,097	733,486

8. Loan impairment losses and other credit provisions

For the six months ended 30 June		
HK\$'000	2012	2011
Loan impairment losses		
Net (reversal)/charge of impairment losses on advances and other accounts		
– Individually assessed	(8,002)	103,188
– Collectively assessed	37,558	(17,758)
	29,556	85,430
Of which		
– new and additional allowances (including amounts directly written off in the period)	84,487	146,072
– releases	(21,420)	(19,690)
– recoveries	(33,511)	(40,952)
	29,556	85,430

9. Net (loss)/gain on disposal of investments in securities

For the six months ended 30 June HK\$'000	2012	2011
Net gain on disposal of available-for-sale securities	53,829	10,373
Net loss on disposal of investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category	(64,638)	(9,011)
Net (loss)/gain on redemption and disposal of held-to-maturity securities	(5,384)	1,750
	<u>(16,193)</u>	<u>3,112</u>

10. Taxation

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2011: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the period. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the period at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred taxation is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using a taxation rate of 16.5% (2011: 16.5%).

For the six months ended 30 June HK\$'000	2012	Restated 2011
Current income tax		
– Hong Kong profits tax	58,198	73,114
– Overseas taxation	5,477	5,438
– Under provision in prior periods	5,720	2,269
Deferred income tax		
– Origination and reversal of temporary differences	8,066	4,398
– Recognition of tax losses	(2,102)	–
Taxation	<u>75,359</u>	<u>85,219</u>

11. Basic and diluted earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the six months ended 30 June 2012 is based on earnings of HK\$568,286,000 and the weighted average number of 1,222,934,755 ordinary shares in issue during the period.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the six months ended 30 June 2012 is based on earnings of HK\$568,286,000 and the weighted average number of 1,223,247,242 ordinary shares in issue during the period after adjusting for the effect of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

The calculation of basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share for the six months ended 30 June 2011 are based on earnings of HK\$555,764,000 and the weighted average number of 1,222,934,755 ordinary shares in issue during the period.

The share options outstanding during the periods ended 30 June 2012 and 30 June 2011 have no dilutive effect on the weighted average number of ordinary shares.

12. Trading securities and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss

HK\$'000	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Trading securities:		
Debt securities:		
– Listed in Hong Kong	1,028,119	533,415
– Unlisted	5,267,565	4,872,761
Total trading securities	6,295,684	5,406,176
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss:		
Debt securities:		
– Listed outside Hong Kong	10,919	8,776
Total trading securities and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	6,306,603	5,414,952
Included within debt securities are:		
– Government bonds included in trading securities	6,293,843	5,404,319
– Other debt securities	12,760	10,633
	6,306,603	5,414,952

As at 30 June 2012 and 31 December 2011, there were no certificates of deposit held included in the above balances of investments in debt securities.

Trading securities and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss are analysed by categories of issuer as follows:

	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
– Central governments and central banks	6,293,843	5,404,319
– Public sector entities	1,424	1,433
– Banks and other financial institutions	417	424
– Corporate entities	10,919	8,776
	6,306,603	5,414,952

13. Derivative financial instruments

The notional principal amounts of outstanding derivatives contracts and their fair values as at 30 June 2012 were as follows:

HK\$'000	Contract/notional amount	Fair values	
		Assets	Liabilities
1) Derivatives held for trading			
a) <i>Foreign exchange derivatives</i>			
Forward and future contracts	46,722,416	212,993	(86,883)
Currency swaps	1,379,430	563	(15,384)
Currency options purchased and written	32,095,650	57,669	(57,637)
b) <i>Interest rate derivatives</i>			
Interest rate futures	–	–	–
Interest rate swaps	9,486,804	3,172	(78,144)
c) <i>Equity derivatives</i>			
Equity options purchased and written	23,584	173	(173)
Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for trading	89,707,884	274,570	(238,221)
2) Derivatives held for hedging			
a) <i>Derivatives designated as fair value hedges</i>			
Interest rate swaps	16,294,644	406,491	(1,330,119)
Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for hedging	16,294,644	406,491	(1,330,119)
3) Derivatives not qualified as hedges for accounting purposes but which are managed in conjunction with the financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss			
Interest rate swaps	1,163,595	6,201	–
Total derivative assets not qualified as hedges	1,163,595	6,201	–
Total recognised derivative financial assets/(liabilities)	107,166,123	687,262	(1,568,340)

13. Derivative financial instruments (Continued)

The notional principal amounts of outstanding derivatives contracts and their fair values as at 31 December 2011 were as follows:

	Contract/notional amount	Fair values	
		Assets	Liabilities
1) Derivatives held for trading			
a) <i>Foreign exchange derivatives</i>			
Forward and future contracts	42,691,478	231,257	(89,675)
Currency swaps	189,270	–	(21,753)
Currency options purchased and written	1,554,859	4,317	(4,299)
b) <i>Interest rate derivatives</i>			
Interest rate futures	3,300,805	270	–
Interest rate swaps	9,735,389	7,297	(87,910)
c) <i>Equity derivatives</i>			
Equity options purchased and written	–	–	–
Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for trading	57,471,801	243,141	(203,637)
2) Derivatives held for hedging			
a) <i>Derivatives designated as fair value hedges</i>			
Interest rate swaps	15,288,995	366,613	(1,337,916)
Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for hedging	15,288,995	366,613	(1,337,916)
3) Derivatives not qualified as hedges for accounting purposes but which are managed in conjunction with the financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss			
Interest rate swaps	1,164,990	29,877	–
Total derivative assets not qualified as hedges	1,164,990	29,877	–
Total recognised derivative financial assets/(liabilities)	73,925,786	639,631	(1,541,553)

The effect of bilateral netting agreements has been taken into account in disclosing the fair value of derivatives.

The credit risk weighted amounts of the above off-balance sheet exposures calculated under Basel II basis and without taking into account the effect of bilateral netting arrangement that the Group entered into, are as follows:

	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Exchange rate contracts	831,048	435,921
Interest rate contracts	188,702	181,052
Other contracts	876	–
	<u>1,020,626</u>	<u>616,973</u>

14. Advances and other accounts

HK\$'000	As at 30 Jun 2012	Restated As at 31 Dec 2011
Gross advances to customers	81,892,826	80,867,228
Trade bills	3,329,524	1,559,061
Other assets		
– Other accounts receivable and prepayments	4,117,579	2,919,424
	89,339,929	85,345,713
Less: impairment allowances		
– Individually assessed	(192,226)	(190,859)
– Collectively assessed	(183,792)	(193,994)
	(376,018)	(384,853)
Investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category (Note 15)	5,444,754	6,799,300
Advances and other accounts	94,408,665	91,760,160

14. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(a) Gross advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral

	As at 30 Jun 2012		Restated As at 31 Dec 2011	
	Outstanding balance	% of gross advances covered by collateral	Outstanding balance	% of gross advances covered by collateral
Loans for use in Hong Kong				
Industrial, commercial and financial				
– Property development	1,123,342	42.0	902,519	46.2
– Property investment	14,871,635	96.2	14,857,643	94.6
– Financial concerns	494,697	21.6	916,269	32.2
– Stockbrokers	31,761	98.9	31,372	52.2
– Wholesale and retail trade	2,301,157	92.4	2,020,735	97.1
– Manufacturing	1,624,545	94.3	1,647,656	96.7
– Transport and transport equipment	4,386,737	96.6	4,192,698	96.7
– Recreational activities	292,955	–	302,656	–
– Information technology	7,025	44.7	2,864	75.8
– Others	2,934,304	80.9	2,678,926	95.9
	28,068,158	89.7	27,553,338	90.6
Individuals				
– Loans for the purchase of flats in Home Ownership Scheme, Private Sector Participation Scheme and Tenants Purchase Scheme	1,173,801	100.0	1,147,664	100.0
– Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	15,778,370	99.9	15,935,118	99.9
– Credit card advances	3,880,250	–	4,107,677	–
– Others	4,638,646	28.8	4,413,867	28.1
	25,471,067	71.7	25,604,326	71.5
Loans for use in Hong Kong	53,539,225	81.2	53,157,664	81.4
Trade finance (Note (1))	4,602,810	60.8	5,091,959	56.4
Loans for use outside Hong Kong (Note (2))	23,750,791	66.0	22,617,605	69.0
	81,892,826	75.6	80,867,228	76.4

Note:

- (1) Trade finance shown above represents loans covering finance of imports to Hong Kong, exports and re-exports from Hong Kong and merchandising trade classified with reference to the relevant guidelines issued by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority (“HKMA”).

Starting 2012, trade bills and bills receivable associated with trade finance activities are not classified and included as trade finance lending to customers, and are separately disclosed.

Trade bills and bills receivable amounting to HK\$1,766,805,000 as at 31 December 2011 are excluded from trade finance to conform with the 2012 classification.

Trade financing loans not involving Hong Kong totalling HK\$198,784,000 (31 December 2011: HK\$131,566,000) are classified under Loans for use outside Hong Kong.

- (2) Loans for use outside Hong Kong include loans extended to customers located in Hong Kong with the finance used outside Hong Kong.

14. Advances and other accounts (Continued)
(a) Gross advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral (Continued)

For each industry sector reported above with loan balance constituting 10% or more of the total balance of advances to customers, the attributable amount of impaired loans, overdue loans, and individually and collectively assessed loan impairment allowances are as follows:

As at 30 Jun 2012					
	Outstanding balance	Impaired loans	Gross advances overdue for over 3 months	Individually assessed impairment allowances	Collectively assessed impairment allowances
Loans for use in Hong Kong					
Industrial, commercial and financial					
– Property investment	14,871,635	–	–	–	6,660
Individuals					
– Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	15,778,370	–	908	–	662
As at 31 Dec 2011					
	Outstanding balance	Impaired loans	Gross advances overdue for over 3 months	Individually assessed impairment allowances	Collectively assessed impairment allowances
Loans for use in Hong Kong					
Industrial, commercial and financial					
– Property investment	14,857,643	–	–	–	7,531
Individuals					
– Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	15,935,118	–	649	–	808

(b) Non-bank Mainland exposures

As at 30 Jun 2012				
Type of counterparties	On-balance sheet exposure	Off-balance sheet exposure	Total	Individually assessed impairment allowances
Mainland entities	9,634,071	609,684	10,243,755	42,042
Companies and individuals outside Mainland where the credits are granted for use in the Mainland	11,606,943	378,028	11,984,971	130,966
Other counterparties the exposures to whom are considered by the Group to be non-bank Mainland exposures	55,418	–	55,418	–

14. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(b) Non-bank Mainland exposures (Continued)

Type of counterparties	As at 31 Dec 2011			Individually assessed impairment allowances
	On-balance sheet exposure	Off-balance sheet exposure	Total	
Mainland entities	8,610,976	1,219,140	9,830,116	42,497
Companies and individuals outside Mainland where the credits are granted for use in the Mainland	12,183,169	345,278	12,528,447	131,514
Other counterparties the exposures to whom are considered by the Group to be non-bank Mainland exposures	160,624	–	160,624	–

Note: The balances of exposures reported above include gross advances and other balances of claims on the customers.

(c) Analysis of gross advances to customers and overdue loans by geographical area

Advances to customers by geographical area are classified according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account the transfer of risk. In general, risk transfer applies when an advance is guaranteed by a party located in an area which is different from that of the counterparty.

The following table analyses gross advances to customers, individually impaired advances to customers, overdue advances to customers, and individually and collectively assessed impairment allowances by geographical area.

As at 30 Jun 2012

	Gross advances to customers	Individually impaired advances to customers	Overdue advances to customers	Individually assessed impairment allowances	Collectively assessed impairment allowances
Hong Kong	63,959,659	188,334	188,231	142,330	95,214
China	9,167,673	149,893	210,895	36,432	40,740
Macau	7,777,650	27,615	31,293	10,645	40,295
Others	987,844	5,139	5,139	2,819	5,052
	81,892,826	370,981	435,558	192,226	181,301

As at 31 Dec 2011

	Gross advances to customers	Individually impaired advances to customers	Overdue advances to customers	Individually assessed impairment allowances	Collectively assessed impairment allowances
Hong Kong	65,184,854	194,817	200,530	140,187	128,138
China	6,927,228	152,271	153,209	36,861	22,447
Macau	7,578,182	19,778	23,939	10,325	38,469
Others	1,176,964	5,166	5,166	2,847	3,324
	80,867,228	372,032	382,844	190,220	192,378

14. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(d) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets

Apart from the investments in certain securities included in the loans and receivables category described in Note 15, advances to customers (as set out below), and other assets of HK\$639,000 as at 31 December 2011 against which full individual impairment allowances had been made, there were no advances to banks or other assets which were individually impaired, overdue for over 3 months or rescheduled as at 30 June 2012 and 31 December 2011. In respect of advances to customers, the relevant amounts are analysed below.

(i) Impaired loans

	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Impaired loans and advances		
– Individually impaired (Note (1))	370,981	372,032
– Collectively impaired (Note (2))	13,930	13,652
	384,911	385,684
Impairment allowances made		
– Individually assessed (Note (3))	(192,226)	(190,220)
– Collectively assessed (Note (2))	(12,822)	(12,392)
	(205,048)	(202,612)
	179,863	183,072
Fair value of collaterals held*	212,797	213,682
Impaired loans and advances as a % of total loans and advances to customers	0.47%	0.48%

* Fair value of collateral is determined at the lower of the market value of collateral or outstanding loan balance.

Note:

- (1) Individually impaired loans are defined as those loans having objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a “loss event”) and that loss event has an impact on the estimated cash flows of the loans that can be reliably estimated.
- (2) Collectively impaired loans and advances refer to those unsecured loans and advances assessed for impairment on a collective basis and which have become overdue for more than 90 days as at the reporting date. The collective impairment allowance for these impaired loans, which is a part of the overall collective impairment allowances, is shown above.
- (3) The above individual impairment allowances were made after taking into account the value of collaterals in respect of such advances as at 30 June/31 December.

14. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(d) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets (Continued)

(ii) Gross amount of overdue loans

	As at 30 Jun 2012		Restated As at 31 Dec 2011	
	Gross amount of overdue loans	% of total	Gross amount of overdue loans	% of total
Gross advances to customers which have been overdue for:				
– six months or less but over three months	50,702	0.06	49,794	0.06
– one year or less but over six months	105,482	0.13	254,138	0.31
– over one year	279,374	0.34	78,912	0.10
	<u>435,558</u>	<u>0.53</u>	<u>382,844</u>	<u>0.47</u>
Market value of securities held against the secured overdue advances	<u>354,538</u>		<u>320,045</u>	
Secured overdue advances	278,037		235,326	
Unsecured overdue advances	<u>157,521</u>		<u>147,518</u>	
Individual impairment allowances	<u>178,719</u>		<u>173,957</u>	

(iii) Rescheduled advances net of amounts included in overdue advances shown above

	As at 30 Jun 2012	% of total	As at 31 Dec 2011	% of total
Advances to customers	<u>156,781</u>	0.19	<u>169,644</u>	0.21
Impairment allowances	<u>–</u>		<u>900</u>	

(e) Repossessed collateral

Repossession collateral held is as follows:

	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Nature of assets		
– Repossessed properties	–	19,400
– Others	–	5,804
	<u>–</u>	<u>25,204</u>

14. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(f) Credit commitments and contingent liabilities analysed by percentage covered by collateral

	As at 30 Jun 2012		As at 31 Dec 2011	
	Contract amount	% covered by collateral	Contract amount	% covered by collateral
Financial guarantees and other credit related contingent liabilities	1,677,154	25.6	2,491,029	45.9
Loan commitments and other credit related commitments	56,934,102	4.7	54,285,718	6.3
	<u>58,611,256</u>	5.3	<u>56,776,747</u>	8.0

15. Investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category

HK\$'000	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Investments in securities reclassified from the available-for-sale category		
– At fair value under fair value hedge (for hedging interest rate risk)	4,177,165	4,580,292
– At amortised cost	<u>1,308,162</u>	<u>2,259,567</u>
	5,485,327	6,839,859
Less: impairment allowances		
– Collectively assessed	<u>(100,000)</u>	<u>(100,000)</u>
	5,385,327	6,739,859
Investments in securities classified as loans and receivables upon initial recognition	<u>59,427</u>	<u>59,441</u>
	<u>5,444,754</u>	<u>6,799,300</u>

Investments in securities classified as loans and receivables upon initial recognition were overdue at the time of recognition. As at 30 June 2012 and 31 December 2011, these investments were overdue for more than one year.

Investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category are analysed as follows:

	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Debt securities:		
– Listed in Hong Kong	626,922	667,871
– Listed outside Hong Kong	4,785,495	6,099,453
– Unlisted	<u>132,337</u>	<u>131,976</u>
	5,544,754	6,899,300
Less: impairment allowances		
– Collectively assessed	<u>(100,000)</u>	<u>(100,000)</u>
	<u>5,444,754</u>	<u>6,799,300</u>
Market value of listed securities	<u>4,643,936</u>	<u>5,692,801</u>

15. Investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category (Continued)

As at 30 June 2012 and 31 December 2011, there were no certificates of deposit held included in the above balances of investments in debt securities.

	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category are analysed by categories of issuers as follows:		
– Banks and other financial institutions	2,497,817	3,614,285
– Corporate entities	3,046,937	3,285,015
	<u>5,544,754</u>	<u>6,899,300</u>

16. Available-for-sale securities

HK\$'000	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Debt securities:		
– Listed in Hong Kong	6,694,829	6,532,001
– Listed outside Hong Kong	10,570,529	9,233,246
– Unlisted	1,461,452	1,175,502
	<u>18,726,810</u>	<u>16,940,749</u>
Equity securities:		
– Listed in Hong Kong	63,455	110,572
– Listed outside Hong Kong	71,125	84,599
– Unlisted	167,152	150,886
	<u>301,732</u>	<u>346,057</u>
Total available-for-sale securities	<u>19,028,542</u>	<u>17,286,806</u>
Included within debt securities are:		
– Certificates of deposit held	24,144	24,270
– Other debt securities	18,702,666	16,916,479
	<u>18,726,810</u>	<u>16,940,749</u>
Available-for-sale securities are analysed by categories of issuers as follows:		
– Central governments and central banks	3,051,835	5,814,123
– Public sector entities	289,881	199,393
– Banks and other financial institutions	6,299,035	4,874,427
– Corporate entities	9,386,263	6,397,335
– Others	1,528	1,528
	<u>19,028,542</u>	<u>17,286,806</u>

17. Held-to-maturity securities

HK\$'000	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Debt securities:		
– Listed in Hong Kong	735,620	263,814
– Listed outside Hong Kong	5,505,929	5,734,221
– Unlisted	1,668,373	2,173,952
	<u>7,909,922</u>	<u>8,171,987</u>
Market value of listed securities	<u>6,086,959</u>	<u>5,624,025</u>
Included within debt securities are:		
– Certificates of deposit held	399,627	6,126
– Other debt securities	7,510,295	8,165,861
	<u>7,909,922</u>	<u>8,171,987</u>
Held-to-maturity securities are analysed by issuer as follows:		
– Central governments and central banks	768,865	1,691,869
– Public sector entities	193,723	193,906
– Banks and other financial institutions	4,555,818	4,367,632
– Corporate entities	2,391,516	1,918,580
	<u>7,909,922</u>	<u>8,171,987</u>

18. Other accounts and accruals

HK\$'000	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Amounts payable arising from purchase of securities pending for settlement	115	8,000
Other accounts payable and accruals	<u>3,814,809</u>	<u>2,181,983</u>
	<u>3,814,924</u>	<u>2,189,983</u>

19. Reserves

HK\$'000	As at 30 Jun 2012	Restated As at 31 Dec 2011
Reserves		
Share premium	4,241,183	4,241,183
Consolidation reserve	(220,986)	(220,986)
Premises revaluation reserve	1,798,221	1,812,389
Investment revaluation reserve	(508,279)	(834,743)
Exchange reserve	244,597	257,732
General reserve	700,254	700,254
Retained earnings	<u>8,164,640</u>	<u>7,824,038</u>
	<u>14,419,630</u>	<u>13,779,867</u>
Proposed dividend included in retained earnings	<u>100,110</u>	<u>244,587</u>

The Group's Hong Kong banking subsidiaries, DSB and MEVAS, are required to maintain minimum impairment provisions in excess of those required under HKFRS in the form of regulatory reserve. The regulatory reserve is maintained to satisfy the provisions of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance and local regulatory requirements for prudential supervision purposes. The regulatory reserve restricts the amount of reserves which can be distributed to shareholders. Movements in the regulatory reserve are made directly through equity reserve and in consultation with the HKMA.

As at 30 June 2012, DSB has earmarked a regulatory reserve of HK\$1,188,929,000 (31 December 2011: HK\$1,158,201,000) first against its general reserve; and for any excess amount, the balance is earmarked against its retained earnings. MEVAS has earmarked a regulatory reserve of HK\$4,073,000 (31 December 2011: HK\$4,279,000) in its retained earnings.

20. Contingent liabilities and commitments

(a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure in respect of projects and acquisition of fixed assets at the end of the reporting period but not yet incurred is as follows:

HK\$'000	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Expenditure authorised but not contracted for	64,809	88,320
Expenditure contracted but not provided for	144,725	130,126
	<u>209,534</u>	<u>218,446</u>

(b) Credit commitments

The contract and credit risk weighted amounts of the Group's off-balance sheet financial instruments that commit it to extend credit to customers are as follows:

	Contract amounts	
	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Direct credit substitutes	458,547	461,738
Transaction-related contingencies	266,916	247,862
Trade-related contingencies	951,690	1,781,429
Commitments that are unconditionally cancellable without prior notice	51,791,693	50,057,972
Other commitments with an original maturity of:		
– under 1 year	3,757,026	3,109,602
– 1 year and over	1,127,754	1,112,384
Forward forward deposits placed	257,630	5,760
	<u>58,611,256</u>	<u>56,776,747</u>
	Credit risk weighted amounts	
	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Contingent liabilities and commitments	<u>1,571,029</u>	<u>1,338,349</u>

(c) Assets pledged

Exchange Fund debts pledged with the HKMA to facilitate the Group's trading and market-making activities in Exchange Fund debts are as follows:

	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Trading securities	750,521	3,103,841
Available-for-sale securities	155	155
	<u>750,676</u>	<u>3,103,996</u>

20. Contingent liabilities and commitments (Continued)

(c) Assets pledged (Continued)

Non-government bonds pledged with unrelated financial institutions under repurchase agreements are as follows:

	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Available-for-sale securities	856,665	428,356
Held-to-maturity securities	169,653	37,896
Investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category	—	65,655
	<u>1,026,318</u>	<u>531,907</u>

(d) Operating lease commitments

Where a Group company is the lessee, the future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable building operating leases are as follows:

	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Not later than 1 year	94,772	111,119
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	137,720	130,749
Later than 5 years	69,692	78,946
	<u>302,184</u>	<u>320,814</u>

Where a Group company is the lessor, the future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable building operating leases are as follows:

	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Not later than 1 year	15,603	14,928
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	8,078	13,234
	<u>23,681</u>	<u>28,162</u>

21. Cross-border claims
Equivalent in HK\$ millions

	As at 30 Jun 2012			
	Banks and other financial institutions	Public sector entities	Others	Total
Asia Pacific excluding Hong Kong	19,857	143	13,861	33,861
North and South America	1,485	–	2,748	4,233
Europe	4,034	78	2,062	6,174
	<u>25,376</u>	<u>221</u>	<u>18,671</u>	<u>44,268</u>
	As at 31 Dec 2011			
	Banks and other financial institutions	Public sector entities	Others	Total
Asia Pacific excluding Hong Kong	19,028	147	12,457	31,632
North and South America	1,393	–	2,776	4,169
Europe	4,581	89	2,228	6,898
	<u>25,002</u>	<u>236</u>	<u>17,461</u>	<u>42,699</u>

The information of cross-border claims discloses exposures to foreign counterparties on which the ultimate risk lies, and is derived according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account any transfer of risk. In general, transfer of risk from one country to another is recognised if the claims against a counterparty are guaranteed by another party in a different country or if the claims are on an overseas branch of a bank whose head office is located in a different country.

22. Operating segment reporting

Segment reporting by the Group was prepared in accordance with HKFRS 8 “Operating Segments”. Information reported to the chief operating decision maker, which includes the Chief Executive and other Executive Committee members, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, is determined on the basis of personal banking, commercial banking, treasury and overseas banking business. Operating performances are analysed by business activities for local banking business, and on business entity basis for overseas banking business.

Considering the customer groups, products and services of local businesses, the economic environment, and regulations, the Group splits the operating segments of the Group into the following reportable segments:

- Personal banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from individual customers and the extension of residential mortgage lending, personal loans, overdraft and credit card services, the provision of insurance sales and investment services.
- Commercial banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from and the advance of loans and working capital finance to commercial, industrial and institutional customers, and the provision of trade financing. Hire purchase finance and leasing related to equipment, vehicle and transport financing are included.
- Treasury activities are mainly the provision of foreign exchange services and centralised cash management for deposit taking and lending, interest rate risk management, management of investment in securities and the overall funding of the Group.
- Overseas banking businesses include personal banking, commercial banking business activities provided by overseas subsidiaries in Macau and China, and the Group’s interest in a commercial bank in China.
- Others include results of operations not directly identified under other reportable segments, corporate investments and debt funding (including subordinated notes).

For the purpose of segment reporting, revenue derived from customers, products and services directly identifiable with individual segments are reported directly under respective segments, while revenue and funding cost arising from inter-segment funding operation and funding resources are allocated to segments by way of transfer pricing mechanism with reference to market interest rates. Transactions within segments are priced based on similar terms offered to or transacted with external parties. Inter-segment income or expenses are eliminated on consolidation. Starting from 2012, only segment’s net interest income is disclosed, as this is the basis of reviewing business segment performance by the Group’s chief operating decision makers. Certain comparative amounts have been revised to conform with the current year’s presentation.

All direct costs incurred by different segments are grouped under respective segments. Indirect costs and support functions’ costs are allocated to various segments and products based on effort and time spent as well as segments’ operating income depending on the nature of costs incurred. Costs related to corporate activities that cannot be reasonably allocated to segments, products and support functions are grouped under Others as unallocated corporate expenses.

22. Operating segment reporting (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 June 2012

HK\$'000	Personal Banking	Commercial Banking	Treasury	Overseas Banking	Others	Inter- segment	Total
Net interest income/(expenses)	472,424	344,709	136,492	192,806	(124,868)	–	1,021,563
Non-interest income/(expenses)	141,902	82,185	117,310	29,788	(3,550)	(16,029)	351,606
Total operating income/(expenses)	614,326	426,894	253,802	222,594	(128,418)	(16,029)	1,373,169
Operating expenses	(479,637)	(139,732)	(66,701)	(170,718)	(25,338)	16,029	(866,097)
Operating profit/(loss) before impairment losses	134,689	287,162	187,101	51,876	(153,756)	–	507,072
Loan impairment losses and other credit provisions (charged)/written back	(50,125)	43,132	–	(22,625)	62	–	(29,556)
Operating profit/(loss) after impairment losses	84,564	330,294	187,101	29,251	(153,694)	–	477,516
Net loss on disposal of premises, investment properties and other fixed assets	(595)	–	–	–	(157)	–	(752)
Net loss on disposal of investments in securities	–	–	(16,193)	–	–	–	(16,193)
Share of results of an associate	–	–	–	176,989	–	–	176,989
Share of results of jointly controlled entities	–	–	–	–	6,072	–	6,072
Profit/(loss) before taxation	83,969	330,294	170,908	206,240	(147,779)	–	643,632
Taxation (expenses)/credit	(13,411)	(54,519)	(28,230)	(4,283)	25,084	–	(75,359)
Profit/(loss) after taxation	<u>70,558</u>	<u>275,775</u>	<u>142,678</u>	<u>201,957</u>	<u>(122,695)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>568,273</u>
For the six months ended 30 June 2012							
Depreciation and amortisation	29,908	12,677	7,970	25,942	12,752	–	89,249
As at 30 June 2012							
Segment assets	28,222,689	48,121,101	48,321,564	22,863,074	5,283,274	(2,724,029)	150,087,673
Segment liabilities	64,579,763	27,827,606	13,944,642	17,205,260	13,596,375	(2,724,029)	134,429,617

22. Operating segment reporting (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 June 2011 (Restated)

	Personal Banking	Commercial Banking	Treasury	Overseas Banking	Others	Inter- segment	Total
Net interest income/(expenses)	419,881	359,924	104,128	184,775	(97,538)	–	971,170
Non-interest income/(expenses)	124,066	67,412	99,950	37,618	9,414	(13,874)	324,586
Total operating income/(expenses)	543,947	427,336	204,078	222,393	(88,124)	(13,874)	1,295,756
Operating expenses	(373,290)	(134,793)	(55,047)	(155,428)	(28,802)	13,874	(733,486)
Operating profit/(loss) before impairment losses	170,657	292,543	149,031	66,965	(116,926)	–	562,270
Loan impairment losses and other credit provisions charged	(35,527)	(13,803)	–	(36,100)	–	–	(85,430)
Operating profit/(loss) after impairment losses	135,130	278,740	149,031	30,865	(116,926)	–	476,840
Net loss on disposal of premises, investment properties and other fixed assets	(1)	–	–	(58)	(264)	–	(323)
Net gain on disposal of investments in securities	–	–	3,112	–	–	–	3,112
Share of results of an associate	–	–	–	155,425	–	–	155,425
Share of results of jointly controlled entities	–	–	–	–	5,503	–	5,503
Profit/(loss) before taxation	135,129	278,740	152,143	186,232	(111,687)	–	640,557
Taxation (expenses)/credit	(22,077)	(45,800)	(25,180)	(6,382)	14,220	–	(85,219)
Profit/(loss) after taxation	<u>113,052</u>	<u>232,940</u>	<u>126,963</u>	<u>179,850</u>	<u>(97,467)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>555,338</u>
For the six months ended 30 June 2011							
Depreciation and amortisation	23,749	10,445	5,559	23,213	10,503	–	73,469
As at 31 December 2011							
Segment assets	28,558,556	43,816,296	48,481,204	23,954,589	5,722,326	(3,303,850)	147,229,121
Segment liabilities	67,216,050	22,917,174	14,610,339	18,477,379	12,293,723	(3,303,850)	132,210,815

22. Operating segment reporting (Continued)

Revenues from external customers were contributed from banking subsidiaries in Hong Kong, Macau and People's Republic of China, with major products and services including deposit taking, extension of credit, asset-based finance, securities investment services offered to customers.

The following tables provide information by geographical area, which was determined with reference to the domicile of the legal entities within the Group with business dealing and relationship with, and services to external customers.

HK\$'000	Hong Kong and Others	Macau	Inter- segment elimination	Total
For the six months ended 30 June 2012				
Operating income	1,259,843	113,497	(171)	1,373,169
Profit before taxation	617,394	26,238	–	643,632
As at 30 June 2012				
Total assets	137,541,135	13,669,405	(1,122,867)	150,087,673
Total liabilities	124,177,543	11,374,941	(1,122,867)	134,429,617
Intangible assets and goodwill	318,667	564,624	–	883,291
Contingent liabilities and commitments	59,120,871	1,779,097	–	60,899,968
	Hong Kong and Others	Macau	Inter- segment elimination	Total
For the six months ended 30 June 2011				
Operating income	1,181,954	113,973	(171)	1,295,756
Profit before taxation	606,564	33,993	–	640,557
As at 31 December 2011				
Total assets (restated)	135,085,381	13,731,520	(1,587,780)	147,229,121
Total liabilities (restated)	122,324,909	11,473,686	(1,587,780)	132,210,815
Intangible assets and goodwill	318,667	566,906	–	885,573
Contingent liabilities and commitments	58,998,608	1,953,302	–	60,951,910

23. Capital adequacy ratio

	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Capital adequacy ratio		
– Core	10.3%	10.5%
– Overall	<u>16.2%</u>	<u>15.2%</u>

The capital adequacy ratio represents the combined ratio of the consolidated position of DSB (covering BCM and DSB China) and MEVAS computed on Basel II basis with reference to the Banking (Capital) Rules. This capital adequacy ratio takes into account market risk and operational risk.

Only the Hong Kong incorporated banking subsidiaries within the Group are subject to the minimum capital adequacy ratio requirement under the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance. BCM is subject to Macau banking regulations and DSB China is subject to China banking regulations. The above ratios of the Group are calculated for reference only.

The capital base after deductions used in the calculation of the above capital adequacy ratios is analysed as follows:

HK\$'000	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Core capital		
Paid up ordinary share capital	5,000,000	5,000,000
Reserves	6,273,962	5,715,673
Less: goodwill	(811,690)	(811,690)
Less: other intangible assets	(71,602)	(73,883)
Less: net deferred tax assets	<u>(18,691)</u>	<u>(9,877)</u>
	10,371,979	9,820,223
Less: 50% of total amount of deductible items	<u>(458,875)</u>	<u>(457,803)</u>
Core capital	<u>9,913,104</u>	<u>9,362,420</u>
Supplementary capital		
Reserves on revaluation of holding of land and building	238,403	238,403
Eligible amount of collective impairment allowances for impaired assets and regulatory reserve	1,217,573	1,130,931
Revaluation reserve for available-for-sale investments	1,275	949
Perpetual subordinated debt	426,652	427,163
Term subordinated debt	<u>4,288,417</u>	<u>2,912,475</u>
Total Supplementary capital	<u>6,172,320</u>	<u>4,709,921</u>
Less: 50% of total amount of deductible items	<u>(458,876)</u>	<u>(457,803)</u>
Supplementary capital	<u>5,713,444</u>	<u>4,252,118</u>
Total capital base	<u>15,626,548</u>	<u>13,614,538</u>

The capital base is calculated in accordance with the Banking (Capital) Rules.

24. Liquidity ratio

	Six months ended 30 Jun 2012	Six months ended 30 Jun 2011	Year ended 31 Dec 2011
Liquidity ratio	<u>47.6%</u>	<u>43.0%</u>	<u>44.7%</u>

The liquidity ratio is calculated as the simple average of each calendar month's average liquidity ratio of the Group's banking subsidiaries for the six/twelve months of the financial year. The liquidity ratio is computed with reference to the methods set out in the Fourth Schedule of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance.

Only the locally incorporated banking subsidiaries within the Group are subject to the minimum liquidity ratio requirement under the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance. The above ratios of the Group are calculated for reference only.

FINANCIAL RATIOS

	Six months ended 30 Jun 2012	Six months ended 30 Jun 2011
Net interest income/operating income	74.4%	75.0%
Cost to income ratio	63.1%	56.6%
Return on average total assets (annualised)	0.8%	0.8%
Return on average shareholders' funds (annualised)	7.6%	7.6%
Net interest margin	1.47%	1.52%
Dividend payout ratio	17.6%	17.6%
	As at 30 Jun 2012	As at 31 Dec 2011
Loan to deposit ratio	70.6%	69.4%

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Directors have declared an interim dividend of HK\$0.08 per share for 2012 payable on or after Wednesday, 26 September 2012 to shareholders whose names are on the Register of Shareholders at the close of business on Friday, 21 September 2012.

CLOSING OF REGISTER OF SHAREHOLDERS

The Register of Shareholders will be closed from Monday, 17 September 2012 to Friday, 21 September 2012, both days inclusive. In order to qualify for the interim dividend, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Registrars, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 14 September 2012.

CORPORATE AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW

HIGHLIGHTS

Improving sentiment in the first quarter of 2012 quickly reversed in the second quarter, with renewed fears of a global economic slowdown, instability in the Eurozone and a weaker than expected Mainland outlook. Against this weakening background, our Group reported encouraging results, with profit attributable to shareholders up by 2% from HK\$555.8 million to HK\$568.3 million. Key trends during the first half of the year included a significant sequential improvement in net interest margin compared with the second half of 2011, to 1.47%; mild loan growth; continuing inflationary cost pressures; and improvement in most major types of operating income.

The Group reported improved profit relative to the first half of 2011, and our investment in Bank of Chongqing once again made a strong contribution to our overall results.

Most key financial ratios remained steady, with capital adequacy ratio increasing from 15.2% (as of 31 December 2011) to 16.2%; and loan impairment losses reducing from HK\$85 million to HK\$30 million in the period.

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

Net interest income was up by 5.2% from HK\$971 million to HK\$1,022 million. Whilst net interest margin (“NIM”) was slightly lower than the prior year first half at 1.47%, it improved significantly by 15 basis points compared with the second half of 2011 at 1.32%. The sequential increase in margin was driven largely by lower deposit costs, resulting from improved market liquidity and a sharp focus on deposit cost management, whilst improved Treasury business investment yields, as well as some upward repricing of certain of our loan products also contributed to the improved NIM on the asset side.

Net fee and commission income increased by 20.8% from HK\$204 million to HK\$246 million while net trading income decreased from HK\$104 million to HK\$81 million. The improvement in fee income was driven largely by increases in our trade finance, credit card, wealth management fee income and treasury related fee income derived from commercial banking business. The lower amount of trading income was mainly caused by lower gain from dealing in foreign currencies.

The improved operating income items led to an overall increase in operating income by 6.0% from HK\$1,296 million to HK\$1,373 million. Whilst headline operating expenses increased by 18.1% to HK\$866 million, it should be noted that a major portion of the year on year increase relates to the effect of the write back of certain provisions relating to settlement of Lehman Minibond cases in the first half of 2011, which were not repeated in 2012. Eliminating the impact of these operating expense provisions, operating expenses grew by a single digit percentage.

Loan impairment losses and other credit provisions fell from HK\$85 million to HK\$30 million indicating the benign credit quality of our loan book and the generally robust financial positions of our customers during the period.

Our investment in Bank of Chongqing continued to perform well with a contribution of HK\$177 million for the period, an increase of 14% over the first half of prior year.

During the period we issued SGD225 million of subordinated notes due 2022, which qualify as lower tier 2 capital. This increased the overall capital adequacy ratio of our Group from 15.2% to 16.2%.

PROSPECTS

There are a large number of uncertainties regarding the global economic outlook at present. The Eurozone remains volatile, and whilst strong efforts are being made to address a number of issues, their effectiveness has not yet been proven. Recent growth figures in the US are generally relatively weak and mixed, and there is uncertainty over future direction of policy due to the upcoming US Presidential election. Mainland growth is also forecast to decelerate.

Against this background, a cautious approach in managing our businesses is called for, and we will continue to operate our businesses prudently, with attention to profitability and balance sheet management, credit risk management, cost control and overall efficiency.

We are moving towards the adoption of a new banking regulatory regime, Basel III, starting on 1 January 2013, and whilst this will continue to contribute to the strengthening of capital and liquidity in the global banking system, its full implications for banks' profitability are not yet fully apparent.

Nevertheless, despite the overall cautious outlook, we believe that our core markets of Hong Kong, Mainland China and Macau remain amongst the better and more stable banking markets globally, and still offer opportunities for profitable growth. Whilst the new Basel III regulations represent a major challenge for many banks globally, we move towards 1 January 2013 with a strong capital base and ample liquidity.

Therefore, despite our caution generally in the current operating environment, we remain positive about the prospects of further growth and opportunities in our core businesses and markets in the medium term.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

During the six months ended 30 June 2012, the Company has complied with all the code provisions set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices valid until 31 March 2012, and Corporate Governance Code commencing from 1 April 2012 (the "New CG Code"), contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, except that the shareholders' communication policy required under the New CG Code was formally adopted on 8 August 2012 to recapitulate the principles and practices, and all the channels or means of communications to or from our shareholders, which in substance have been in place and enhanced from time to time.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted its own code of conduct regarding directors' securities dealings on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (Appendix 10 of the Main Board Listing Rules) (the "Model Code"). After having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirmed that the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Company's code of conduct regarding directors' securities dealings have been fully complied with.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE BANKING (DISCLOSURE) RULES

In preparing the interim financial disclosure, the Group's Hong Kong banking subsidiaries have fully complied with the requirements set out in the Banking (Disclosure) Rules issued by the HKMA.

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial information in this interim results announcement is unaudited and does not constitute statutory financial statements.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee has reviewed with Management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters including a review of the unaudited interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2012.

REMUNERATION AND STAFF DEVELOPMENT

There have been no material changes to the information disclosed in the Company's 2011 Annual Report in respect of the remuneration of employees, remuneration policies and training schemes.

DEALINGS IN THE COMPANY'S SHARES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of the Company's listed shares during the six months ended 30 June 2012.

INTERIM RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT AND INTERIM REPORT

Copies of this announcement may be obtained from Corporate Secretarial Department at 36th Floor, Dah Sing Financial Centre, 108 Gloucester Road, Hong Kong, or downloaded from Dah Sing Bank's website at <<http://www.dahsing.com>> free of charge.

The 2012 Interim Report of the Group containing all the information required by the Listing Rules will be published on the websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company in due course. Printed copies of the 2012 Interim Report will be sent to shareholders before the end of September 2012.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As at the date of this announcement, the Board of the Company comprises Messrs. David Shou-Yeh Wong (Chairman), Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong) (Vice Chairman), Harold Tsu-Hing Wong (Managing Director and Chief Executive) and Gary Pak-Ling Wang as Executive Directors; Mr. Kazutake Kobayashi as Non-executive Director; Messrs. Robert Tsai-To Sze, Andrew Kwan-Yuen Leung, Seng-Lee Chan and Yuen-Tin Ng as Independent Non-executive Directors.

By Order of the Board
H L Soo
Company Secretary

Hong Kong, Thursday, 9 August 2012