

浪潮國際有限公司 INSPUR INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司 Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (股份代號 Stock Code: 596)

ANNUAL REPORT 2012年度報告

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Corporate Information

公司資料

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Sun Pishu*

Mr. Wang Xingshan

Mr. Chen Dongfeng

Mr. Dong Hailong

Mr. Sun Chengtong*

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Samuel Y. Shen*

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Meng Xiang Xu*

Mr. Zhang Tiqin

Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis

Ms. Dai Ruimin*

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Chan Wing Mr. Zou Bo

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Dong Hailong

AUDITORS

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited Agriculture Bank of China Limited

- * Mr. Sun Pishu resigned on 1 April 2012 as an executive director and Chairman
- * Mr. Meng Xiang Xu resigned on 1 April 2012 as an independent non-executive director
- * Mr. Sun Chengtong appointed on 1 April 2012 as an executive director
- * Mr. Samuel Y. Shen appointed on 1 September 2012 as a nonexecutive director
- * Ms. Dai Ruimin appointed on 1 April 2012 as an independent non-executive director

執行董事

孫丕恕先生*

王興山先生

陳東風先生

董海龍先生

孫成通先生*

非執行董事

申元慶先生*

獨立非執行董事

孟祥旭先生*

張體勤先生

黄烈初先生

戴瑞敏女士*

公司秘書

陳穎女士鄒波先生

監察主任

董海龍先生

核數師

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行

主要往來銀行

香港上海匯豐銀行有限公司中國銀行(香港)有限公司中國工商銀行中國工商銀行中國農業銀行

- * 孫丕恕先生於二零一二年四月一日辭 任執行董事兼主席
- * 孟祥旭先生於二零一二年四月一日辭 任獨立非執行董事
- * 孫成通先生於二零一二年四月一日獲 委任為執行董事
- * 申元慶先生於二零一二年九月一日獲 委任為非執行董事
- * 戴瑞敏女士於二零一二年四月一日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事

Corporate Information

公司資料

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Cayman) Limited

Butterfield House 68 Fort Street P.O. Box 609

Grand Cayman KY1-1107

Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited

Rooms 1712-1716, 17th Floor

Hopewell Centre

183 Queen's Road East

Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room B&C, 30/F, Tower A

Billion Center

1 Wang Kwong Road,

Kowloon Bay

Kowloon

Hong Kong

WEBSITE

www.inspur.com.hk

MAIN BOARD STOCK CODE

596

主要股份過戶及登記處

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Cayman) Limited

Butterfield House 68 Fort Street

P.O. Box 609

Grand Cayman KY1-1107

Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司

香港

皇后大道東183號

合和中心

17樓1712-1716室

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

香港主要營業地點

香港

九龍

九龍灣

宏光道1號

億京中心

A座30樓B&C室

網站

www.inspur.com.hk

主板股份代號

Financial Summary

財務概要

For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2008 二零零八年	2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2011	2012 二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
RESULTS	業績					
Revenue	收益	1,841,584	2,010,034	2,337,110	2,221,582	2,401,025
Profit (loss) before taxation	除税前溢利(虧損)	272 651	277 027	200 214	67 777	(83,263)
		373,651	277,027	200,314	67,777	
Taxation	税項	(40,138)	(33,467)	(22,780)	(19,617)	(16,106)
Profit (loss) for the year	年內溢利(虧損)	333,513	243,560	177,534	48,160	(99,369)
Profit (loss) for the year attributable to:	下列人士應佔年內 溢利(虧損):					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	311,633	254,501	177,972	50,408	(93,319)
Minority interests	非控股權益	21,880	(1,970)	(438)	(2,248)	(6,050)
		333,513	252,531	177,534	48,160	(99,369)

At 31 December

於十二月三十一日

		2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2010 二零一零年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2011 二零一一年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產與負債					
Total assets	總資產	1,419,306	2,074,163	2,421,849	2,355,053	2,335,316
Total liabilities	總負債	(619,288)	(633,529)	(735,209)	(515,966)	(630,034)
		800,018	1,440,634	1,686,640	1,839,087	1,705,282
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額					
Equity attributable to	本公司擁有人					
owners of the Company	應佔權益	787,148	1,439,440	1,683,699	1,834,635	1,702,204
Minority interests	非控股權益	12,870	1,194	2,941	4,452	3,078
		800,018	1,440,634	1,686,640	1,839,087	1,705,282

Financial Summary

財務概要

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 本公司之財務狀況表 COMPANY

		2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2011 二零一一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Interests in subsidiaries	附屬公司權益	798,043	798,043
Current assets	流動資產		
Prepayments	預付款項	449	449
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款額	267,911	285,135
Bank balances	銀行結餘	1,820	668
		270,180	286,252
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	30,857	9,600
Other payables	其他應付賬款	3,071	2,954
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款額	92,511	78,523
Tax payable	應繳税項	5,503	5,503
Redeemable convertible preferred shares	可贖回可兑換優先股	64,961	_
		405,000	06.500
		196,903	96,580
Net current assets	流動資產淨額	73,277	189,672
		871,320	987,715
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	8,455	8,415
Reserves	儲備	862,865	915,781
		871,320	924,196
Non-current liability	非流動負債	37 1,520	521,130
Redeemable convertible preferred shares	可贖回可兑換優先股		63,519
		871,320	987,715

Chairman's Statement

主席報告

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Inspur International Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to announce the financial report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2012.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務

During the year, the Group recorded a turnover of HK\$2,401,025,000 (2011: HK\$2,221,582,000), representing an increase of 8.08% as compared with last year. Net loss attributable to shareholders for the year was approximately HK\$93,319,000 (2011: profit of HK\$50,408,000), representing a significant decrease as compared with last year. Net loss for the year after deducting a one-off goodwill impairment loss of HK\$63,915,000 and a preference share fair value loss of HK\$21,257,000 was approximately HK\$8,147,000. Basic and diluted loss per share was HK\$2.22 cents (2011: profit of HK\$1.31 cents) and HK\$2.22 cents (2011: profit of HK\$1.30 cents) respectively.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

In 2012, the global economy was still under recovery. Mainland China was faced with the appreciation of Renminbi and rising inflation, which also had a certain impact on the overall business environment. The software and service business maintained a certain degree of boom and the size of the overall market continue to expand. However, competition in the entire industry was keen. All companies faced pressures from increasing costs. Although the Company took measures such as controlling costs and expenditure and increasing the standardization level of software products, it failed to transfer the increased costs of major products to customers, leading to shrinkage in the Company's profit margin. It was a pity that the Company recorded a loss for the first time since its listing despite the full efforts made by the management.

本人謹代表浪潮國際有限公司(「本公司」)董事會,提呈本公司及其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)截至二零一二年十二月 三十一日止年度之財務報告。

財務摘要

於回顧年度,錄得營業額2,401,025,000港元(二零一一年:2,221,582,000港元),較去年增長8.08%。股東虧損淨額約為93,319,000港元(二零一一年:盈利50,408,000港元),較去年大幅度下降,扣除一次性的商譽減值損失63,915,000港元及優先股公平值損失21,257,000港元後,本年虧損淨額約為8,147,000港元。每股基本及攤薄後每股虧損分別為2.22港仙(二零一一年:盈利1.31港仙)和2.22港仙(二零一一年:盈利1.30港仙)。

業務回顧及前景展望

二零一二全球經濟仍處於復蘇之中,中國內地面臨著人民幣升值以及通關之中, 影響,儘管軟件及服務業務保持擴大 的景氣度,總體市場規模進一步擴大 的景氣度,總體市場規模進一步擴大 但整個行業競爭激烈,各公司都可 成本的持續上升的壓力。儘管公司 控制成本開支,提升軟件產品標準 控制成本開支,提升軟件產品標準 轉嫁給客戶,導致公司利潤空間 轉嫁給客戶,導致公司利潤空間 轉嫁給客戶,導致公司利潤空間 有力努力 很遺憾,在管理層的全力 很遺憾,在管理層的全力 很遺憾,在管理層的分 份 得上市以來的首次虧損。

Chairman's Statement

二零一三年,公司將深化「專業化領先」

戰略,繼續實施積極的市場擴張策略,

主席報告

In 2013, the Company will refine the strategy of focusing on the development of businesses with technical advantages, and continue to pursue active market expansion strategies, in order to realize rapid growth in our business. Realizing rapid development by focusing on strengthen the establishment in regions, consolidate the existing regions, and undertake merger and acquisition in weak regions; as well as develop with partners and establish more sales channel. The Company will enhance the function of business lines as sales generator, through establish the mechanism of business planning-driven overall budget, which not only boost our sales but also pull the product demand. In respect of products, we will insist on the development model with the combination of selfinnovation and external co-operation, speed up the launch of products, continue to consolidate existing products, and self-develop the products of next generation. We will pursue new business growth point by innovate new cloud computing service model and promote enterprises to use cloud computing. The Company will further enhance the incentive mechanism, which improve the objectives and responsibilities system with the core of combination with responsibility, right and interest, so as to promote the enthusiasm of our staffs. It is believed with a gradual improvement in the economic environment, the software and service business will maintain a relatively fast growth speed. The Company will continue to adjust its development strategy and persist in change and continue to transform into a supplier of cloud computing SaaS products and solution services. The Company insisted on the strategy of focusing on the development of businesses with technical advantages. The Company aims to restructure its business model so as to swiftly reverse the loss position and generate better returns for our shareholders.

以實現業務快速的增長。大力加強區 域建設,鞏固現有區域,薄弱區域涌過 並購等手段快速發展; 大力發展合作夥 伴,加強渠道建設。公司通過建立業務 規劃驅動全面預算的機制,強化業務線 作為營銷發動機作用,既要驅動銷售, 還要拉動產品。從產品上,堅持走自主 創新與對外合作相結合的發展路子,快 速提升產品化程度,持續穩固現有產 品,自主研發下一代產品。創新雲服務 新模式,推動企業雲落地,尋求新的業 務增長點。加強實施服務體系建設和項 目管理,提升交付及獲利能力。進一步 改進激勵機制,深化以責權利為核心的 目標責任制,提高員工積極性。相信隨 着經濟環境的逐步好轉,軟件及服務業 務將保持較快的增長速度。公司未來將 持續調整發展和用心求變,繼續向雲計 算SaaS產品和方案服務供應商轉型,力 爭實現商業模式突破,迅速扭轉虧損局 面,為股東贏得較好的回報。

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to take this opportunity to extend my heartfelt gratitude and appreciation to our shareholders and staff for their continued supports and valuable contributions during the year.

Wang Xingshan

Chairman

Hong Kong, 22 March 2013

致謝

本人謹代表董事會向全體股東致以衷心的謝意,感謝大家一直以來對集團的鼎力支持,並對全體員工於過去一年為集團所作出的寶貴貢獻致意。

王興山

主席

香港,二零一三年三月二十二日

管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group recorded a turnover of HK\$2,401,025,000 (2011: HK\$2,221,582,000) from its businesses, representing an increase of approximately 8.08% as compared with last year.

(1) Revenue

During the year, total revenue of the Group maintained a mild increment. The Group recorded a revenue of HK\$2,401,025,000 (2011: HK\$2,221,582,000) representing an increase of 8.08% as compared with last year. The increase was mainly attributable to increase in sales of IT components, the revenue from sales of IT components was HK\$1,239,465,000 (2011: HK\$963,443,000) representing an increase of 28.65% as compared with prior year, but the revenue of IT services was recorded a decrease of 7.68% as compared with last year.

During the year, the revenue of IT services was HK\$1,161,560,000 (2011: HK\$1,258,139,000). The revenue of software development and solution in IT service for the year was HK\$973,105,000 (2011: HK\$1,133,662,000), representing a decrease of 14.16% as compared with last year; On the other hand, the software outsourcing business in IT service was HK\$188,455,000 (2011: HK\$124,477,000), representing an increase of 51.40% as compared with last year. The revenue of sales of IT peripherals and software was HK\$480,953,000 (2011: HK\$675,803,000), representing a decrease of 28.83% as compared with last year; but the revenue of software development was HK\$492,152,000 (2011: HK\$457,859,000), representing an increase of 7.49% as compared with last year.

(2) Gross profit

Gross profit of the Group was HK\$507,170,000 for the year (2011: HK\$528,094,000), representing a decrease of 3.96% as compared with last year. The Group's consolidated gross profit margin for the year decreased by 2.65% to 21.12% (2011: 23.77%). The year-to-year decrease in gross profit margin was mainly due to increase in the proportion of low-margin sales of IT components.

財務回顧

本集團截至二零一二年十二月三十一日 止年度,營業額為港幣2,401,025,000 港元,較去年同期增加約8.08%(二零 一一年:2,221,582,000港元)。

(1) 營業額

本年內,營業額為2,401,025,000港元(二零一一年:2,221,582,000港元),較去年增加約8.08%。營業額增加主要來自IT元器件貿易業務營業額增長,IT元器件貿易業務錄得營業額1,239,465,000港元(二零一一年:963,443,000港元),較去年增長28.65%,但IT服務業務營業額較去年減少7.68%。

本年內, IT服務業務營業額為 1.161.560.000港元(二零一一年: 1,258,139,000港元),其中軟體及 解決方案的營業額為973,105,000 港元(二零一一年:1,133,662,000 港元),比去年減少14.16%;軟體 外包業務營業額為188,455,000港 元(二零一一年:124,477,000港 元),相比去年增加51.40%。軟體 及解決方案業務中銷售IT相關產品 及軟體的營業額為480,953,000港 元(二零一一年:675,803,000港 元),較去年減少28.83%;但軟體 開發業務營業額為492,152,000港 元(二零一一年:457,859,000港 元),同比增長7.49%。

(2) 毛利

本年內,錄得毛利為507,170,000 港元(二零一一年:528,094,000 港元),較去年減少3.96%。本年內,綜合毛利率為21.12%(二零一一年:23.77%),減少2.65%。 毛利率同比減少的主要原因為IT元 器件貿易業務所佔比重增加。

管理層討論及分析

(3) Selling and distribution cost and administrative expenses

During the year, selling and distribution cost and administrative expenses amounted to HK\$589,284,000 (2011: HK\$517,693,000), representing an increase of 13.83% as compared with last year. The increase was mainly due to the increase in research and development ("R&D") costs and marketing expenses. (In particular, the staff cost of the Group overall increased significantly which was mainly due to recruitment of more competent professionals in R&D and marketing aiming to strengthen the competitiveness of the Group.)

(4) Other income and other gains and losses

During the year, the other income and other gains and losses decreased from HK\$88,025,000 in year 2011 to HK\$69,982,000 in current year which was mainly due to fair value charge in conversion option derivatives embedded in redeemable convertible preferred share was HK\$21,257,000 (2011: loss arising from modification of the terms of redeemable convertible preferred share was HK\$9,600,000) and a decrease of HK\$13,955,000 in government subsidies and grants as compared with last year.

(5) Profit attributable to shareholders

Net loss attributable to shareholders for the year was approximately HK\$93,319,000 (2011: Profit attributable to shareholders was HK\$50,408,000), representing a decrease of 285% as compared with last year. The decrease was primarily due to: (a) a sharp increment of HK\$71,591,000 in administrative and distribution costs which were mainly contribute by increase in research and development costs, marketing expenses and human resources expenses; (b) During the year, the impairment loss on goodwill amount to approximately HK\$63,915,000 (2011: Nil). Our management recognised the full impairment on goodwill arising in the acquisition of Inspur Communication and Digital media business as a result of the much lower-than-expected profit contribution in current year and future economic benefits. The lower-thanexpected profit contribution was due to the unexpected

(3) 銷售及分銷成本及行政費用

本年內,銷售及分銷成本及行政費用為589,284,000港元(二零一年:517,693,000港元),較去年增長13.83%,主要是因為研發費用和市場費用增長,特別是為增加企業競爭力,本集團在研發和市場推廣方面引入更多專業能人,導致員工的費用開支增加顯著。

(4) 其他收入、其他利潤和損失

本年內,其他收入、其他利潤和損失合併為69,982,000港元(二零一一年:88,025,000港元),較去年減少主要因優先股公平值變動損失21,257,000港元所致(去年同期因修訂優先股條款損失9,600,000港元),以及本年收到政府補貼同比減少約13,955,000港元所致。

(5) 股東應佔溢利

本年內,股東應佔虧損淨額約為 93,319,000港元(二零一一年:溢 利50,408,000港元),較去年下降 285%。溢利下降主要系:(a)公司 積極增加研發和市場費用投入, 銷售及分銷成本及行政費用增幅 顯著,同比增加約71,591,000港 元;(b)本年內,商譽的減值費用 約63,915,000港元(二零一一年: 無)。管理層確認移動通信業務及 數位媒體業務引致的全部商譽減值 主要系業務盈利貢獻和未來溢利遠 遜預期。遠遜預期的盈利貢獻是 一方面系由於未預料到的激烈競 爭,導致資深開發員工的工資大幅 改變,同時某些大客戶對投標供應

管理層討論及分析

keen competition for technician and staff with advance technology knowledge which drive up their salaries drastically and change of suppliers' selection criteria by certain major customers, tender of certain orders were lost while the orders obtained were completed at a lower margin; (c) keen competition in the market leading to the falling down of gross profit by HK\$20,924,000.

Basic and diluted loss per share were HK2.22 cents (2011: earnings per share were HK1.31 cents) and HK2.22 cents (2011: earnings per share were HK1.30 cents) respectively.

(6) Financial resources and liquidity

As at 31 December 2012, shareholder's equity of the Group amounted to HK\$1,702,204,000 (31 December 2011: HK\$1,834,635,000). Current assets amounted to HK\$1,866,700,000, of which HK\$1,184,761,000 was bank deposits and cash balance which were mainly denominated in Renminbi.

Current liabilities, including trade and bills payables, other payables and accrued expenses amounted to HK\$594,159,000. The Group's current assets were around 3.14 times over its current liabilities (31 December 2011: 4.42times).

As at 31 December 2012, the Group had no bank borrowings.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

All of the Group's purchase and sales are mainly denominated in United States Dollars and Renminbi. The Group has not used any derivative instrument to hedge against its currency exposures. The Directors believe that with its sound financial position, the Group is able to meet its foreign exchange liabilities as and when they become due.

CONTINGENT LIABILIITES

As at 31 December 2012, the Group had no material contingent liabilities (31 December 2011: Nil).

商的選擇標準的技術變更,丢失部分訂單以及成功獲得的訂單,完成時獲得的毛利潤較低;(c)因市場競爭激烈,儘管公司營業額輕微增長,但毛利率同比下降,導致公司毛利總額也下降約20,924,000港元。

每股基本及攤薄後每股虧損分別為 2.22港仙(二零一一年:盈利1.31 港仙)和2.22港仙(二零一一年: 盈利1.30港仙)。

(6) 財務資源及流動性

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團之股東資金為港元1,702,204,000 (二零一一年十二月三十一日:1,834,635,000港元)。流動資產為1,866,700,000港元,其中主要為銀行存款和現金1,184,761,000港元,主要為人民幣存款。

流動負債為594,159,000港元,主要包括應付帳款、其他應付帳款及應計開支及可贖回可轉換優先股。本集團的流動資產約為流動負債的3.14倍(二零一一年十二月三十一日:4.42倍)。

於二零一二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團並無銀行借款。

外匯風險

本集團之採購及銷售主要以美元及人民 幣計值。本集團並無使用任何衍生工具 以對沖其貨幣風險。董事相信,在本集 團財務狀況穩健之情況下,本集團將可 應付其到期的外匯負債。

或然負債

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無重大或然負債(二零一一年十二月 三十一日:無)。

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CAPTIAL STRUCTURE

The Group finances its operations mainly from shareholder equity, internal generated funds in year 2012.

On 24 September 2009, the Company entered into a supplementary deed ("Supplementary Deed") with the holder of Preferred Shares, pursuant to which the Company and the holder of Preferred Shares have agreed that during the period from 1 October 2009 to 30 September 2011, a dividend at an annual rate of 6% shall be paid to the holders of Preferred Shares on a quarterly basis, (i) as to one third (1/3) thereof (i.e. representing 2% per annum) by cash; and (ii) as to two-thirds (2/3) thereof (i.e. representing 4% per annum) by the allotment of additional Preferred Shares ("Scrip Dividend") in such number to be calculated by dividing the amount of Scrip Dividend by the issue price of scrip share. The issue price of scrip share shall be the average closing price of the Ordinary Shares as shown on the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange for the 10 consecutive trading days immediately prior to such dividend payment date. Each scrip share is convertible into one Ordinary Share. Save for the number of Ordinary Shares to be converted, the scrip shares rank para passu with Preferred Shares in all respects. Further details regarding the terms of the issue of scrip shares to the holders of Preferred Shares was set out in the circular of the Company dated 15 October 2009.

On 31 October 2011, the Company entered into a supplementary deed ("Supplementary Deed") with the holder of Preferred Shares, pursuant to which the Company and the holder of Preferred Shares have agreed that the maturity date of the preferred shares will extend for a further period of two years commencing on 8 December 2011, a dividend at an annual rate of 9% shall be paid to the holder of Preferred Shares on a quarterly basis by cash. Further details regarding the terms of the Preferred Shares was set out in the circular of the Company dated 15 November 2011.

On 1 November 2011, the Company have issued 415,873,000 ordinary shares pursuant to the conversion of 83,174,600 Preferred Shares. On 8 December 2011, the Company have redeemed 95,056,686 Preferred Shares pursuant to redemption notice.

On 31 December 2012, the principal amount of Preferred Shares was HK\$63,518,905. Micsrosoft is the holder of 72,859,049 Preferred Shares which can be converted into 297,052,141 ordinary shares.

資本架構

年度內,本集團主要以股東資金、內部 產生資金及作為其經營業務的資金。

於二零零九年九月二十四日,本公司與 優先股持有人訂立補充契約(「補充契 約」),本公司及優先股持有人相互同意 自二零零九年十月一日至二零一一年九 月三十日期間按季支付6%股息,(i)其 中三分之一(即每年2%)以現金支付; 及(ii)三分之二(即每年4%)透過分配額 外優先股支付(「以股代息」),有關數 目按以股代息金額除以股代息發行價計 算。以股代息發行價釐定為緊隨該股息 支付日期前連續十個交易日聯交所每日 報表所示普通股平均收市價100%。每 份以股代息均可轉換為一股普通股。除 可轉換的普通股數目外,以股代息的所 有其他條款與優先股一致。向優先股持 有人發行以股代息的條款詳情載於本公 司二零零九年十月十五日刊發的通函。

於二零一一年十月三十一日,本公司與 優先股持有人訂立補充契約,優先股屆 滿日期自二零一一年十二月八日起再延 長兩年,股息率為每年9%,股息僅以 現金支付。修訂優先股的條款詳情載於 本公司二零一一年十一月十五日刊發的 通函。

二零一一年十一月一日,本公司根據83,174,600股優先股之轉換通知而發行415,873,000股普通股。於二零一一年十二月八日,本公司根據贖回通知而贖回95,056,686股優先股。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本公司結餘優先股本金額為63,518,905港元,優先股數目為72,859,049股,可轉換為297,052,141股普通股。

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ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSAL

In December 2011, the Company, through Inspur Shandong Electronic Information Company Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, set up a jointly controlled entity, Shandong Inspur Cloud Computing Industry Investment Co., Ltd ("山東浪潮雲海雲計算產業投資有限公司"), with another two related companies. The total contribution of the Group was RMB100,000,000 , representing 33.33% equity interest of the entity. All contribution has been made during the year ended 31 December 2011.

In January 2012, the Group dispose of the total equity of Shandong Inspur E-Government Software Limited to a related company at a consideration of RMB23,000,000.

EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

As at 31 December 2012, the Group had 3,785 employees (2011: 3,877).

Total employee remuneration, including directors' remuneration and mandatory provident fund contributions, amounted to approximately HK\$510,280,000 (2011: approximately HK\$397,015,000).

According to a comprehensive remuneration policy, which was formulated by the Group and reviewed by the management, employees are remunerated based on their performance and experience. On top of basic salaries, discretionary bonus and share options may be granted to eligible employees with reference to the Group's and the employee's performance. In addition, the Group provides mandatory provident fund, medical and insurance schemes for employees. The Group also offers continuous education and training programmes to the management and other employees to enhance their skills and knowledge.

On 10 December 2010, 60.10 million options granted under 2008 Share Option Scheme to our senior management and top R&D employers to encourage our staff create and share value without shareholders.

By the end of year, 60,100,000 options were vested but not exercised.

收購及出售事項

二零一年十二月,本公司透過一家全資附屬公司浪潮(山東)電子信息有限公司,與兩間關聯方公司成立一間共同控股公司一山東浪潮雲海雲計算產業投資有限公司。本集團的總投資款為人民幣100,000,000元,佔其33.33%的股本權益。所有投資款已於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度作出。

本集團已於二零一二年一月以人民幣 23,000,000元的代價完成出售山東浪潮 電子政務軟件公司之全部股本權益於一 間關聯方公司。

僱員資料

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團 有3,785名僱員(二零一一年:3,877名 僱員)。

本年內,僱員薪酬總額(包括董事及強制性公積金供款)約為510,280,000港元(二零一一年:約397,015,000港元)。

二零一零年十二月十日,根據二零零八年購股權計劃,公司授予高管和高級研發人員6,010萬份期權,以激勵員工和股東一起創造分享企業價值。

於年末,6,010萬份股權可行使但尚未 行使。

管理層討論及分析

CHARGES ON ASSETS

As at 31 December 2012, none of the Group's assets was pledged (31 December 2011: Nil).

BUSINESS REVIEW

In 2012, the global economy was in the recovery position and mainland China was faced with the appreciation of RMB and rising inflation. These factors affected the overall operation environment. The demand of IT services from major enterprises in China increased, in particular the state-owned enterprises. Pursuant to its specialized technology development strategy, the Group has been developing itself into a SaaS cloud computing service provider. By leveraging on its advantages in the industry, innovative technology products of cloud computing were introduced to increase the market share. More investment was made in product development to optimize the product portfolio and to enhance the core competitiveness of the Group so as to consolidate its position in the niche market of cloud computing.

1. IT services business

The IT services business of the Group covers various sectors, including corporate governance and control, telecommunication, pharmaceuticals, infrastructure, taxation and finance etc. Mainly engaged in software and related services as well as embedded systems, the Company obtained integrated IT services range from applications, IT consultancy, assembling of systems, operation maintenance, outsourcing and intelligent terminal products.

IT services business mainly includes:

(1) Software and related services

In 2012, the Company implemented its strategy of professionalism at full steam. It enhanced the research and implementation of various technologies, such as cloud computing for corporate customers, XBRL and internal control system. The Group strengthened its cooperation with academic institutions in technology research to enhance the competitiveness of its produces.

資產抵押

截止二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集 團的資產並無被質押(二零一一年十二 月三十一日:無)。

業務回顧

1. IT服務業務

本集團所從事的IT服務業務,是指 團繞企業集團管控、電信、製造、 建築、稅務、金融、煤炭,提供等 公用事業等多種細分行業,提供供 軟體和相關服務、嵌入式系統等 軟體和有關服務、嵌入式系統等 下 家為核心的涵蓋應用軟體、IT 諮詢服務、系統集成、運維、外包 及終端產品等在內的綜合IT服務。

IT服務主要涉及以下板塊:

(1) 軟體及相關服務

二零一二年公司全面落實專業化領先戰略,加強企業雲、XBRL與內控等技術與規範研究和落地,持續完善產學研用協同創新研發體系,依靠技術創新不斷提升產品競爭力。

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In 2012, Inspur ERP stepping up its efforts in expanding into cloud computing, combined cloud computing with the supervision and control of the Group and achieved steady growth in core operations through the two-pronged strategy of market development and research and development.

In terms of market development, the Company deepened its high-end advantages. The Company continued to focus on dominant sectors such as conglomerates, military, reserve, construction, shipping, pharmaceutical and coal, drove industry replication through strengthening precision marketing and case marketing. It signed agreements in succession with the top 100 enterprises in China such as China Aerospace Science and Technology, Aviation Industry Corporation of China, China South Industries (中國兵器裝備), Commercial Aircraft Corporation of China, China Grain Reserves, Dalian Shipbuilding and China Coal Technology & Engineering Group, also including leading domestic private enterprises in the industry such as Changlin Group and Wanda Group, to further reinforce its cooperation with large conglomerates. As a result, the market share in respect of medium and large customers increased further. Marketing was focused on case marketing and precision marketing. In 2012, the Company enhanced the promotion of successful cases to major customers and established major customers in selected target industries and major areas. As such, the Company has established a group of major customers with comprehensive applications, high values and characteristic businesses. Dozens of large industry seminars were held in major areas such as Hangzhou, Zhengzhou, Beijing, Wuhan, Shanghai and Xi'an to support the sales to major industries and regions and vigorously consolidate its high-end market advantages.

二零一二年浪潮ERP加強企業雲推進,將雲計算與集團管控相結合,市場拓展與產品研發雙管齊下,實現核心業務的穩步增長。

市場拓展上深化高端優勢。 繼續聚焦集團企業、軍工、 儲備、建築、船舶、醫藥、 煤炭等優勢行業,通過加強 精准化行銷和案例行銷,推 動行業複製,進一步深化與 大型集團企業的合作,陸續 簽署了中國航太科技、中國 航空工業、中國兵器裝備、 中國商用飛機、中國儲備 糧、大連船舶、中煤科工集 團等中國100強企業,也包 括常林集團、萬達集團等國 內民營的行業龍頭,大中型 客戶市場份額進一步擴大。 二零一二年公司加大了樣板 客戶成功案例的宣傳,選擇 目標行業、重點區域,樹立 了一批核心應用全面、價值 化特色明顯、業務特色有代 表性的樣板客戶, 在杭州、 鄭州、北京、武漢、上海、 西安等重點區域主辦了幾十 場大型行業交流研討活動, 支援重點行業和區域銷售, 有力地鞏固了高端市場優勢。

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In terms of product research and development, the Company focused on two "accelerated breakthroughs": One was to accelerate the breakthrough in the clouding upgrade of products and provide "cloud + end" comprehensive private cloud solutions for conglomerates. The Company launched the Inspur management software flagship product GS6.0 package to fully support cloud computing, covering 2,375 function points under 99 product modules in 13 major areas of the supervision and control, which strongly supported the information technology upgrade of "Group supervision and control transferring from focusing on financial supervision and control to focusing on both financial and business supervision and control" and created new market opportunities such as Group ERP with "supply chain, production and cost" as the core, management accounting with "cost, budget" as the core and human resources management. In addition, the Company also successively launched the CSP, CEPP and CRM series of cloud product, strengthened new characteristics such as cloud products, mobile applications and e-commerce and actively launched services such as IT planning and application integration using cloud computing technology. Second was to accelerate the breakthrough in management software transformation and upgrade to further increase product competitiveness and high-end market position. Combining with the development trend of the Group's supervision and control model changing from financial supervision and control to strategic supervision and control, with management accounting as the starting point and with overall budget, strategic cost, decision making forecast and performance management as the main content, the Company successively completed the research and development of new products such as production and manufacturing, risk internal control, CRM, master data management and mobile applications, to provide more comprehensive solutions, management tools and important support for conglomerates which were in the transition stage during the cloud era and satisfy the needs of enterprises in sophisticated management. Meanwhile, the Company undertook such major projects as the state's

產品研發 | 著重兩個[加快突 破」:一是加快突破產品雲 化升級,面向集團企業提供 「雲+端|的全面私有雲解決 方案。發佈了浪潮管理軟體 旗艦產品浪潮GS6.0套件, 全面支援雲計算,涵蓋集團 管控13大領域99個產品模 組2375個功能點,很好地支 援了「集團管控從財務管控為 主向財務、業務管控並重」的 資訊化方向升級,形成了以 「供應鏈、生產、成本」為核 心的集團ERP、以「成本、預 算」為核心的管理會計、人力 資源管理等新的市場機會。 另外還相繼發佈了CSP、 CEPP、CRM 等系列雲產品, 強化雲服務、移動應用、電 子商務等新特性,積極開展 雲環境下的IT規劃和應用集 成等服務。二是加快突破管 理軟體轉型升級,進一步提 升產品競爭力和高端市場地 位。結合集團管控模式由財 務管控向戰略管控和運營管 控轉變的發展趨勢,以管理 會計為重要抓手,以全面預 算、戰略成本、決策預測、 績效管理為主要內容,陸續 完成了生產製造、風險內 控、CRM、主資料管理、移 動應用等新產品的研發,為 雲時代正處於轉型期的集團 企業提供更為全面的解決方 案、管理工具和重要支撐,

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863 key project of "Research and Development and Application of an Intensive Operation and Management Platform for Discrete Conglomerates" and "Cloud Manufacturing Service Platform Key Technology" with a focus on integrating production, learning, research and application, which would provide important technological support for the manufacturing industry in China to transform from conventional production enterprises to service enterprises characterized by "technology+management+service".

In 2012, the Company faced great difficulties in the communication industry. On one hand, this was due to measures taken by telecommunication operators, which were its major customers, to control expenses. On the other hand, the standardization level of the Company's software products was yet to be raised. Together with high product costs, the competiveness of products was directly affected. In 2013, investment in the communication industry will continue to maintain growth. LTE is expected to be launched on a large scale. The launch of LTE will bring about a change in the OSS support model. The network management system will usher in a qualitative change and transformation. The business position of OSS will become increasingly important.

In the future, the Company will further develop its cloud computing business and introduce SaaS products and services. The Company will also explore market opportunities in IT planning and integrated application for business cloud computing technology. The Company will continue to participate in the formulation of national, local and industrial standards. The Company will capitalize the opportunities in cloud computing market and develop itself into a leading company in the market by technology innovation with its internal resources. Full-service competition among operators has imposed higher requirements on the support capability of OSS. Currently, it is developing towards new generation OSS. The technological and construction capabilities of OSS will be further improved.

二零一二年,公司在通信行 業面臨著較大的困難,一方 面由於主要客戶電信運營商 控制支出,另一方面,公司 的軟體產品標準化程度還有 待提升,產品成本高企,直 接影響產品的競爭力。2013 年,通信行業投資繼續保持 增長,LTE有望規模啟動。 LTE 的啟動,將帶來 OSS 支撐 模式的轉變,網管系統將迎 來質的變化和改造,OSS的 業務地位將越來越重要。運 營商之間的全業務競爭,對 OSS支撐能力提出了更高的 要求,目前正面臨向新一代 OSS的發展, OSS的技術和建 設功能將進一步完善。

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(2) Embedded systems and related services

In terms of tax collection equipment, affected by the replacement of business tax with value-added tax and the mode of online billing, no provinces invited tenders. As a result, the Company's sales dropped drastically. As online billing has been increasingly common, the traditional commercial tax collection machine market continued to decline. It is expected the sales of tax collection equipment will continue to decline in the future.

In respect of the automatic rate-paying machine ("ARM") market, the Company further optimized and upgraded the functions of ARM. The ARM was used by the national and regional authorities in 30 provinces and 15 prefectures. In future, with the implementation of the State Administration's direct procurement plan and popularization, automatic ratepaying machines will be understood and recognized by more and more tax payers and tax authorities. We will further optimize the product mix and functions of our ARM products and reduce our costs to cope with price competition from our competitors. For the national tax market, the Company is striving to basically cover the whole country. The coverage of the local tax market and the number of halls installed with the machine will also be increased significantly, thereby achieving large-scale promotion in the local tax market.

In 2012, in respect of the automatic financial terminal market, the Company continued to develop new products in addition to expanding the traditional automatic terminal market. The Company launched integrated solutions for channel services, providing customers with comprehensive solutions for various cooperative channels which cover different subdivisions of bank outlets, networks of off-bank service and various banking enterprises. At present, the development of banking and medical automatic terminals, automatic card-issuing machines and automatic ticketing machines under the solution has completed and were entered into mass production, while the development of automatic front desk

(2) 嵌入式系統及相關服務

在稅控設備方開與 化基本 化 化 在 稅 控 設 備 方 開 具 份 整 票 省 省 度 下 市 場 有 幅 克 制 票 即 將 成 是 市 场 的 , 整 體 , 下 降 。

在自助辦稅終端市場,公司 對自主研發的自動辦稅終端 (「ARM」)性能進一步進行了 優化和升級,ARM產品已經 在國税系統30個省和地税系 統15個省得到推廣和使用。 今後,隨著總局直採專案的 實施和普及,自助辦稅終端 得到越來越多納税人和税務 機關的了解和認可,ARM產 品要進一步完善產品結構和 功能,不斷降低成本,並克 服競爭對手的低價銷售的不 利局面,力爭達成國稅市場 基本覆蓋全國, 地税市場的 覆蓋率面和裝機大廳數也大 幅提高,實現地税市場的規 模化推廣。

管理層討論及分析

machines and low desk cash registers (低櫃現金 出納機) has been completed. As for the market, apart from continuing to develop the conventional automatic terminal market, the Company was active in developing the new product market. Banking and medical products were shortlisted by the head office of Bank of China and were sold to the Agricultural Bank and Construction Bank. At present, banking and medical products have achieved successful progress in dozens of cases. The batch promotion of automatic ticketing machine in various branches of Construction Bank such as Beijing Branch and Yunnan Branch was successful, and the automatic card issuing machine was shortlisted by the head office of Bank of China and was sold to more than 10 branches. The Company aims to further enhance its competitiveness and profitability in the financial market through exploration of existing customers and launching of innovative products.

(3) Software outsourcing business

In respect of the software outsourcing business, the Group has mainly provided the IT outsourcing ("ITO") services (such as system application development, embedded system development, and quality assurance and testing), the business process outsourcing ("BPO") services (such as data processing, operation and maintenance outsourcing and call center) as well as the product development outsourcing ("PDO") services (such as development of software products, semi-finished parts and platform) for top 500 corporations and outstanding IT companies in the world. Affected by the general environment of a slow global economic recovery, the international offshore will further shrink. To service outsourcing enterprises in China, the U.S. and European markets will shrink substantially with the re-emergence of trade protectionism and the trend of restarting insourcing. As for the market of outsourcing to Japan, the Japanese economy experienced a sharp decline in recent year. The impact of political factors such as the clash over Diaoyu Islands between China and 成孫傳開,醫農前案京行機在司以增及加盈利。

(3) 軟體外包業務

本集團外包業務主要包括對 全球500強企業及優秀IT企 業的系統應用開發、嵌入 式系統開發、品質保證與測 試等資訊技術外包(ITO, IT Outsourcing)服務,資料處 理、運維託管、呼叫中心等 業務流程外包(BPO, Business Process Outsourcing)服務, 以及軟體產品、仲介軟體與 開發平台開發(PDO, Product Development Outsourcing) 等服務。受全球經濟復蘇緩 慢的大環境的影響,國際離 岸市場將進一步萎縮。對中 國服務外包企業而言,歐美 市場將隨著貿易保護主義的 再度興起以及內包重啟潮流 而大幅縮水。而在對日外包 市場領域,近年來日本經濟 劇烈下滑,中日政治要素的 影響將在二零一三年開始逐

管理層討論及分析

Japan will gradually emerge after 2013. In recent years, with the outsourcing driving factor changing from "cost arbitrage" to "strategic cooperation" and the development of the "onsite & offshore" delivery model, orders received from overseas and overseas mergers and acquisitions by Chinese service outsourcing enterprises have been increasing. However, the road is not flat. Because of the complicated international political situation and the strengthening of protectionism by western countries, the obstacles and investment risks facing Chinese service outsourcing enterprises have increased, creating adverse impacts for the development of offshore markets.

In 2012, the Company maintained good relations and cooperation with customers including NTT DATA, FITEC and KNT, and enhanced the strategic cooperation with domestic telecommunication operators such as China Mobile and ChinaUnicom. In addition, the Company strengthened its investment in local outsourcing market of United States and recruited more on-site staffs in the headquarter of Microsoft in Seattle. The outsourcing business of the Company increased by over 51.4% as compared to the corresponding period last year, which mainly attributable to the growth of Microsoft and domestic businesses.

With the continued development of new technology, emerging service outsourcing market segments will continue to emerge in China. Sectors such as cloud computing, the Internet of things, e-commerce, mobile Internet, big data and business analysis will bring more new business opportunities.

2. IT components trading

IT component trading business recorded turnover of approximately HK\$1,239,465,000 accounting for 51.62% (2011: 43.37%) of the total turnover. The Company will maintain the stable development of IT components business through enlarging its customer base and sales channels.

二零一二年 DATA A STT DATA A STT DATA X STT DATA

隨著新技術的不斷發展,國內新興服務外包細分市場會不斷涌現,雲計算、物聯網、電子商務、移動互聯網、大資料與商業分析等領域將會帶來更多新的商機。

2. IT元器件貿易

IT元器件貿易實現營業額約為 1,239,465,000港元,佔總營業額的51.62%(二零一一年: 43.37%)。公司將通過拓展新的客戶群,維持IT元器件業務的穩定發展。

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS PLANNING

In 2013, the Company will continue to pursue active market expansion strategies. The Company will further increase the investment in the market and establish more sales channels, strategically expand in provincial cities and major cities by stationing more employees in the cities and further improve the sales staff incentive mechanism. The Company will further expand into the industrial market to ensure breakthroughs in dominant industries such as military, construction and reserve. While establishing a business plan-driven overall budget mechanism, the Company will strengthen its business lines as a marketing engine. The Company will further continue to invest in research and development, stabilize its existing products, develop new products based on the requirements cloud technology, and strengthen the overall capabilities of solutions to innovate its business model and services model. By enhancing its external cooperation, merger and acquisition, the Company will proactively face various challenges and strive for the dominant position in the relevant field of cloud computing.

商業規劃

董事及高級管理層簡歷

DIRECTORS

Mr. Wang Xingshan, aged 48, is entitled to government grants from the State Council of the People's Republic of China, is the chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer ("CEO"). Mr. Wang graduated in Xian Jiaotong University with a Master degree in computer and maths sciences in 1987. In early 1990, Mr. Wang as a visiting scholar conducted research relating to corporate management and software engineering in Japan Productivity Center. Mr. Wang joined the Inspur Group in 1987, he had worked in several departments of Inspur Group. Currently, he is the Director of a number of subsidiaries of the Inspur Group. Mr. Wang has attained over 20 years' experience in the operation and management of the IT industry in the mainland China, in particularly in the field of software and IT service, and has been granted several awards at national and provincial level and was awarded one of the top ten China's software industry leader in 2002. He is also the Executive director of China Software Industry Association, and the vice executive president of China's Manufacture Information Engineering of China, qualified assessor of the National 863 Program, the adjunct professor of Huazhong University of Science and Technology and Shandong University.

Mr. Chen Dongfeng, aged 49, is the senior engineer. Mr. Chen graduated from Shandong Industry University with a Bachelor degree in computer science in 1984. Mr Chen joined the Inspur Group in 1984, he had worked in several departments of the Inspur Group. Currently, he is the General Manager of Inspur Communication Information System Limited and a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Inspur Group. Mr. Chen has attained over 25 years' experience in the IT industry in the mainland China, in particularly in the field of communication, he was responsible for managing the joint venture between the Group and Ericsson as well as the joint venture between the Group and LG.

董事

王興山,48歲,中國國務院政府特殊津 貼獲得者,董事會主席及行政總裁。王 先生於一九八七年畢業於西安交通大學 計算數學專業,擁有碩士學位。王先生 於一九九零年代初作為訪問學者赴日本 生產性本部研究企業管理與軟體工程。 於一九八十年加入浪潮集團工作,曾服 務於浪潮集團若干部門,於浪潮集團若 干附屬公司擔任董事職務。王先生於中 國IT行業(特別是軟體與IT服務行業) 的運營和管理有著超過20年的經驗, 多項成果獲國家或省專項獎勵,當選為 二零零二年度中國軟體產業十大領軍人 物之一,亦為中國軟體協會常務理事, 中國製造業資訊化常務副理事長,國家 863計畫評審專家,華中科技大學、山 東大學兼職教授。

陳東風先生,49歲,高級工程師。陳 先生於一九八四年畢業於山東工業大學 電腦專業,擁有學士學位。於一九八四 年加入浪潮集團工作,曾服務於浪潮 團若干部門。現為浪潮通信信息系統有 限公司總經理,並於浪潮集團若干附屬 公司擔任董事職務。陳先生於中國IT 業的運營和管理有著超過二十五年的 驗,尤其於通信行業經驗豐富,曾負責 浪潮集團與愛立信以及浪潮與LG合資 公司的管理工作。

董事及高級管理層簡歷

Mr. Sun Chengtong, aged 48, is the deputy general manager of Inspur International and general manager of Inspur (Shandong) Electronic Information Company Limited. He is a senior engineer. He gained his Master Degree from the School of Business Administration of Shandong University. Mr. Sun worked in Bank of China in the 1990s and was responsible for the development of banking software and the management of banking business. He joined the Inspur Group in 2000. Mr. Sun has over 20 years experience in the financial IT industry of the PRC. He had organised and participated in various important banking software development projects. Mr. Wu had extensive experience in the financial IT sector and was awarded the Second Prize for Excellent Computer Application in Shandong Province (山東省計算機應用優秀成果二等獎). Mr. Sun was appointed as an executive director with effect from 1 April 2012.

Mr. Dong Hailong, aged 35, is in charge of Trading of IT components department. Mr. Dong graduated from Southwest Jiaotong University with a Bachelor degree in Telecommunication Engineering in 1999. Mr. Dong joined the Company in 2002.

Mr. Zhang Tigin, aged 62, an independent non-executive Director, a professor, who was awarded a doctorate degree in Management Study, is entitled to government grants from the State Council of the People's Republic of China. Mr. Zhang had been a deputy party secretary of vice-counselor of Shandong Industry University and a standing member of CPC committee and vice-counselor of Shandong University, a party committee secretary of Shandong Economic University and a PhD students' instructor of Shandong University. Mr. Zhang is an expert and over thirty years experienced in human resources management and corporate restructuring and studies in the field, who has received various awards from the State and provincial government. Mr Zhang also has various engagements, including, principal expert of the Research Institute of Human Resources Development of Shandong* (山東省人才發展重點研究基地), honorable vice chairman of China Natural Dialectics Institute* (中國自 然辯證法研究會), chairman of Shandong Natural Dialectics Institute* (山東自然辯證法研究會), executive deputy chairman of Shandong Higher Education Management Science Institute* (山東省高等教 育管理科學研究會), deputy chairman of Shandong Productivity Council* (山東省生產力學會). He is also an independent director of Luxin Venture Capital Group Co., Ltd* (魯信創業投資集團股份有限 公司), a company listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange.

董海龍先生,35歲,負責本集團IT元件貿易業務。董先生於一九九九年畢業於西南交通大學,持有電訊工程學士學位。董先生於二零零二年加入本公司。

董事及高級管理層簡歷

Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis, aged 54, an independent non-executive Director, graduated from University of Toronto, Canada in 1981 with bachelor's degree in arts majoring in economics and commerce and has obtained a master of business administration degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1987. He has over 20 years of banking, investment, corporate finance and securities dealing experience gained by working as a senior executive in a number of listed local and PRC financial services companies. Mr. Wong is also an independent nonexecutive director of a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong.

Ms. Dai Ruimin (戴瑞敏), aged 62, an independent non-executive Director, was formerly a vice-director of the Information Center of the Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security of PRC. Currently Ms. Dai was a member the Advisory Committee of the Chinese Academy of Governance ("國家行政學院電子政 務專家委員會") and a member of the Committee of National Standardization of Classification and Code of Disciplines ("國 家分類與代碼標準化委員會"). Ms. Dai commenced to work in the area of personnel infomatisation in the 1980s, and she was responsible for the general design and layout of the country's personnel management information system, the development of the country's personnel system software, the building of personnel system database and civil service database, and the development of information security of human resource and social security system. Ms. Dai has over 30 years' experience in the area of construction of human resource information system and was awarded the first China Standards Innovation and Contribution Award.

Mr. Samuel Y. Shen ("Mr. Shen"), aged 48, a non-executive Director, holds a Master's degree in Computer Science from University of California, Santa Barbara. Currently Mr. Shen is the chief operation officer of Microsoft Asia-Pacific Research and Development Group. As the senior leader of Microsoft in the region, Mr. Shen is in charge of the strategy and direction for Microsoft global development in Asia Pacific. Additionally, he oversees Microsoft Cloud related development and deployment in China as well as manages the joint-development ecosystem efforts. Mr. Shen has a solid technical background and rich experience in business operation and management. Mr. Shen served as an independent non-executive director of Pansoft Company Limited (a company listed on NASDAQ Stock Market (Stock ticker: PSOF)).

董事及高級管理層簡歷

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Chan Wing, aged 42, company secretary of the Company. She is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants respectively. Prior to joining our company, Ms. Chan served as a company secretary, authorized representative, qualified accountant, chief financial officer and director of a company listing on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Mr. Zoubo, aged 34, is the chief financial controller, authorised representative and joint company secretary. Mr. Zou was graduated from Huazhong University of Science and Technology with a bachelor degree in management and law in 2001. Mr. Zou joined the Group in 2006.

Mr. Wu Lizhong, aged 45, is the deputy general manager of Inspur International and general manager of Shandong Inspur Business System Company Limited. He is a senior economist. He graduated from the College of Business and Economics of Australian National University with a Master Degree in Business Management. Before joining the Inspur Group in 1994, Mr. Wu had worked in several subsidiaries of the Group and acted as director of certain subsidiaries. Mr. Wu is an expert in computerisation of tax management and is the vice-chairman of the Tax Control Device Committee of the China Computer Industry Association(中國計算機協會稅控設備分會). His has won various national and provincial awards for his achievements.

高級管理層

陳穎女士,42歲,本公司秘書。她是香港會計師公會及中國註冊會計師協會會員。於加入本集團前,陳女士曾擔任一間其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市的公司之合資格會計師、公司秘書、財務總監及董事。

鄒波先生,34歲,首席財務官、授權代表及聯席公司秘書。鄒先生於二零零一年畢業於華中科技大學,持有管理學和法學學士學位。鄒先生於二零零六年加入本集團。

企業管治報告

The Board is pleased to present this Corporate Governance Report for the year ended 31 December 2012.

The Board believes that good corporate governance practices are essential for effective management and enhancement of shareholders' value and investors' confidence.

The Company has taken a proactive approach in strengthening corporate governance practices, increasing transparency and sustaining accountability to shareholders through effective internal control.

THE BOARD

The Company has adopted and complied with the principles set out in the Code of Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 (for Main Board) of the Listing Rules. In the opinion of the Board, the Company has complied with all the code provision set out in the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2012 with the exception of: (a) Under code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer (the "CEO") should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Wang Xingshan is both the Chairman and CEO of the Company. This structure does not comply with code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code. The Board considers that vesting the roles of Chairman and CEO in the same person facilitates the execution of the Company's business strategies and maximizes the effectiveness of its operation. (b) Under code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code, independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should also attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Mr. Zhang Tigin, Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis and Ms. Dai Ruimin (both being independent non-executive Directors) were unable to attend the annual general meeting as they were obliged to be away for business trips. The Company will improve its meeting scheduling and arrangement in order to ensure full compliance with Code A.6.7 in future.

The Board will continue to enhance the corporate governance standards and practices of the Company as benefiting the conduct and growth of its business and to regularly review such standards and practices to ensure that they comply with 董事會欣然公佈本公司截至二零一二年 十二月三十一日止年度的企業管治報告。

董事會相信良好的企業管治常規對有效 管理及提升股東價值與投資者信心十分 重要。

本公司已積極透過有效的內部監控,加 強企業管治常規,增加透明度及維持對 股東的問責性。

董事會

本公司已採用及盡力遵守上市規則附 錄14企業管治常規守則(「守則」)所載 的原則。董事會認為,本公司截至二零 一二年十二月三十一日止的期間一直遵 守守則的所有守則條文,惟以下除外: (a) 守則條文第A.2.1條,主席與行政總 裁之角色須分開,不應由同一人擔任。 王興山先生擔任本集團主席兼行政總 裁。此一構架未能符合企業管制守則之 條文A.2.1條。董事會認為,現時主席 及行政總裁由同王興山先生一人擔任, 有利於執行本公司業務策略及儘量提升 營運效率。(b)守則條文第A.6.7條,獨 立非執行董事及其他非執行董事須出席 股東周年大會,並對股東之意見有公正 的了解。獨立非執行董事張體勤先生、 黄烈初先生及戴瑞敏女士因公務無法出 席股東周年大會。本公司將改善會議議 程和安排,以確保日後完全遵從守則第 A.6.7條文。

董事會將繼續加強執行有利於本公司業 務操守及發展的企業管治標準及常規, 並定期檢討該等標準及常規,以確保本 公司符合法定及專業標準,以及參照標

企業管治報告

statutory and professional standards and align with the latest developments. The key corporate governance principles and practices are as follows:

The Board is responsible for establishing policies, strategies and plans, providing leadership in creating value and overseeing the Company's financial performance, evaluating the performance of management on behalf of the shareholders. Directors are charged with the task of promoting the success of the Company and making the best interest of the Company. The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are in charge by the executive directors and senior management under the leadership of the Chief Executive Officer. The Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the Board Committees. Further details of these committees are set out in this report.

The Board meets and discusses on regular basis when required on the activities and development in the business of the Group. During the financial year ended 31 December 2012, the Board held three meetings. The attendance of the directors at the board meetings are as follows:

Directors' attendance at Board meetings

Directors	Number of attendance
Mr. Sun Pishu*	1/1
Mr. Meng Xiang Xu*	1/1
Mr. Wang Xingshan	3/3
Mr. Chan Dongfeng	3/3
Mr. Sun Chengtong	1/2
Mr. Dong Hailong	3/3
Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	2/3
Mr. Zhang Tiqin	3/3
Ms. Dairuin*	2/2
Mr. Samuel Y. Shen*	1/1

- * Mr. Sun Pishu and Mr. Meng Xiang Xu resigned on 1 April 2012. One Board meeting of the company were held during the period prior to his resignation.
- * Ms. Dai Ruimin was appointed on 1 April 2012. Twice Board meeting of the company were held during the period after her appointment.
- * Mr. Samuel Y. Shen was appointed on 1 September 2012. One Board meeting of the company were held during the period after her appointment.

準的最新發展。主要的企業管治原則和 做法如下:

董事會負責制訂政策、策略與計劃,並領導創造價值及代表股東監督本事承」,司務表現及評價管理層業績。董事科公司的成功提升及創造最大大營運和公司的執行董事與高級管理層在首席教育的執行董事與高級管理層在首席教育的領導下進行運作。此外,董屬國子政府,董屬國子政府,該等委員會之詳情載於本報告內。

董事會定期及在本公司的業務發展需要 時舉行會議討論相關事宜。於截至二零 一二年十二月三十一日止財政年度內, 董事會共召開三次會議。董事出席董事 會會議之情況如下:

董事出席董事會會議之情況:

董事	出席次數
孫丕恕先生*	1/1
孟祥旭先生*	1/1
王興山先生	3/3
陳東風先生	3/3
孫成通先生	1/2
董海龍先生	3/3
黄烈初先生	2/3
張體勤先生	3/3
戴瑞敏女士*	2/2
申元慶先生*	1/1

- * 孫丕恕先生與孟祥旭先生於二零一二 年四月一日辭任。於其辭任前,本公 司曾舉行一次董事會會議。
- * 戴瑞敏女士於二零一二年四月一日獲 委任。於其委任後,本公司曾舉行兩 次董事會會議。
- * 申元慶先生於二零一二年九月一日獲 委任。於其委任後,本公司曾舉行一 次董事會會議。

企業管治報告

Board Minutes are kept by the Company Secretary of the Company and are sent to the Directors for records and are open for inspection by the Directors.

Directors have timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the Company Secretary and senior management, with a view to ensuring compliance with Board procedures and all applicable laws and regulations. Any director may request independent professional advice in appreciate circumstances at the Company's expense, upon reasonable request made to the Board.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER ("CEO")

Mr. Wang Xingshan is both the Chairman and CEO of the Company. He has executive responsibilities and provides leadership to the Board so that the Board works effectively and discharges its responsibilities and that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner. Also,he is daily operational decisions and performance of management of the Group. The Board also comprises Independent Non-Executive Directors who bring strong independent judgment, knowledge and experience to the Board. As noted below, all the Audit Committee members are Independent Non-Executive Directors. This structure is to ensure a sufficient balance of power and authority in place within the Group.

BOARD COMPOSITION

Now the Board comprises four Executive Directors, being Mr. Wang Xingshan, Mr. Chen Dongfeng, Mr. Sun chengtong, and Mr. Dong Hailong and Non-Executive Director Samuel Y Shen and three Independent Non-Executive Directors, being Mr. Zhang TiQin, Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis and Ms. Dai Ruimin.

The Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other. Such balanced board composition is formed to ensure strong independence exists across the Board. The biographies of the Directors are set out in Directors and Senior Management Profile section to the annual report, which demonstrates a diversity of skills, expertise, experience and qualifications.

董事會會議記錄乃由公司秘書保存,並 會送呈各董事作為記錄及會公開讓董事 查閱。

董事可如期取得所有相關資料,以及獲得公司秘書與高級管理層的意見及服務,以確保符合董事會程序及所有適用法例及規例。任何董事均可於適當情況下,向董事會作出合理要求以尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司支付。

主席及首席執行官

董事會之組成

報告期內,由以下四名執行董事:王興 山先生、陳東風先生、孫成通先生和董 海龍先生;非執行董事申元慶先生及三 名獨立非執行董事:張體勤先生、黃烈 初先生及戴瑞敏女士組成。

董事會成員間並無任何財務、業務、家族或其他重大/相關關係。董事會以如此均衡之架構組成,目的在確保整個董事會擁有穩固之獨立性。各董事履歷載於年報的董事及高級管理層簡歷內,當中載列各董事之多樣化技能、專業知識、經驗及資格。

企業管治報告

The Company has received annual confirmation of independence from the three Independent Non-Executive Directors in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Main Board Listing Rules. The Board has assessed their independence and concluded that all the Independent Non-Executive Directors are independent within the definition of the Listing Rules.

本公司已接獲該三名獨立非執行董事根據主板上市規則第3.13條發出之年度獨立性確認書。董事會已評估彼等之獨立性,並確認全體獨立非執行董事均屬上市規則所界定之獨立人士。

APPOINTMENTS, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL

The Board has established a Nomination Committee (the "NC"). The committee consists of one Executive Director, Mr. Wang Xing Shan, with two Independent Non-Executive Directors, Mr. Zhang TiQin and Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis with effect of 1 April 2012. The primary purpose of the NC is to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experiences) of the Board on a regular basis and make recommendations to the Board regarding any proposed changes. The Committee identified suitable individual qualified to become board members and makes recommendation to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or reappointment of directors if necessary, in particular, candidates who can add value to the management through their contributions in the relevant strategic business areas and which appointments will result on the constitution of strong and diverse Board.

The procedure and process of appointment, re-election and removal of director are laid down in the Company's Articles of Association (the "Articles of Association"). According to the Articles of Association, all directors of the Company are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and at each annual general meeting, one third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office for rotation. Besides, any new director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Board shall submit himself/herself for reelection by shareholders at the next following annual general meeting.

The meetings of the NC was held twice during the year.

委任、重撰及罷免

委任、重選及罷免董事的程序及過程 載於本公司的組織章程細則(「組織章 程」)。根據組織章程,本公司全體董 事須最少每三年輪值退任一次,每次周 年大會不得不少於1/3的董事輪選。此 外,由董事會委任以填補臨時空缺或新 增的新董事,須於隨後的股東周年大會 上由股東重選。

提名委員會會議召開兩次。

企業管治報告

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

Every newly appointed director is ensured to have a proper understanding of the operations and business of the Group and that he is fully aware of his responsibilities under statute and common law, the Listing Rules, applicable legal requirements and other regulatory requirements and the business and governance policies of the issuer. The Directors are continually updated with legal and regulatory developments, business and market changes and the strategic development of the Group to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities.

The Independent Non-Executive Directors take an active role in board meetings, contribute to the development of strategies and policies and make sound judgment on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments and standard of conduct. They will take lead where potential conflicts of interests arise. They are also members of various board committees and scrutinize the overall performance of the Group in achieving agreed corporate goals and objectives, and monitoring the reporting of performance.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 of Main Board Listing Rule as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiries to all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the requirement set out under the Model Code throughout the period ended 31.December 2012.

SUPPLY OF AND ACCESS TO INFORMATION

In respect of regular board meetings, an agenda and the accompanying board papers are sent in full to all Directors at least 3 days before the intended date of a meeting. Board papers are circulated to the Directors to ensure they have adequate information before the meeting for the ad hoc projects.

董事之責任

須確保每位新受聘董事對本集團之營運 及業務有適當理解,以及完全知悉法規及普通法、上市規則、適用之法律 規定及其他監管規定以及發行人之業務 及管治政策下之職責。董事須持續提升 其在法律及規管的發展、業務和市場變 動及本集團之策略發展的知識,以便履 行彼等之職責。

董事進行之證券交易

本公司已採納主板上市規則附錄10所載之證券交易標準守則(通稱「標準守則」),作為自身規管董事買賣本公司證券之行為守則。經本公司向全體董事作出特定查詢後,全體董事已確認截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止期間始終遵守標準守則所訂之規定。

資料之提供及獲取

就董事會常規會議而言,議程及相關會 議檔會在擬定召開會議日期前至少三天 呈交全體董事。董事會文件供董事傳 閱,以保證彼等於召開特別事項會議之 前獲得充足資料。

企業管治報告

The Management has the obligation to supply the Board and its committees with adequate information in a timely manner to enable it to make informed decisions. Where any director requires more information than is volunteered by the Management, each director has separate and independent access to the issuer's senior management to make further enquires if necessary.

All Directors are entitled to have unlimited access to the board papers and relevant materials. Such information is prepared to enable the Board to make an informed decision on matters placed before it.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The Company established a remuneration committee.

The committee consists of one Executive Director, Mr. Wang Xing Shan, with two Independent Non-Executive Directors, Mr. Zhang TiQin and Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis with effect of 1 April 2012.

The principal duties of the remuneration committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for the remuneration of the Directors and senior management, and to consider and approve remuneration for the directors and senior management by reference to corporate goals and objectives. The committee shall meet at least once a year if necessary. No meeting of remuneration committee was held in the year.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The Management provides such explanation and information to the Board so as to enable the Board to make an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before the approval by the Board.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and in presenting the quarterly results, interim and annual financial statements and announcements to shareholders. The Directors aim to present a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's, position and prospects. The Board is not aware of

管理層有責任向董事會及其附屬委員會及時提供充足之資料,以供董事會作出知情決定。倘有任何董事要求獲得除管理層自願提供之資料以外之其他資料,董事可透過不同及獨立途徑接觸高級管理層,以作出進一步諮詢(如必要)。

全體董事均有權無限制地取得董事會會 議檔及有關材料。編製該等資料旨在使 董事會可對提呈事項作出知情決定。

董事及高級管理層酬金

本公司已設立薪酬委員會。

自二零一二年四月一日起,薪酬委員會由一名執行董事王興山先生和兩名獨立 非執行董事張體勤先生及黃烈初先生組成。

薪酬委員會的主要職責為就董事及高級 管理人員的薪酬政策及架構向董事會 提供推薦意見,以及參照企業目標及目 的考慮及審批董事及高級管理人員的薪 酬。如有需要,委員會將最少每年舉行 一次會議。於本年,未舉行過薪酬委員 會會議。

問責及審核

管理層向董事會提供有關解釋及資料, 令董事會可對提呈董事會批准之財務及 其他資料作出知情評估。

董事確認須負責為每一財政年度編製能 真實及公平地反映本集團業務狀況之財務報告,向股東提呈中期及年度財務報表及公告時,董事須努力提呈一項平衡及容易理解之本集團現況及前景之評估。董事會並不知悉任何與一些事件或情況有關之重大不確定因素,而該等事

企業管治報告

any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, the Board therefore continues to adopt the going concern approach in preparing the accounts.

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to present a balanced, clear and understandable assessment in the Company's annual and interim reports, other price-sensitive announcement and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules, and reports to the regulators.

The Company applied the principles and complied with all the code provisions set out in the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2012, During the year 2012, the Board, through performed by the external firm, has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system covering all material financial, operational and risk management functions. These reports are reviewed and appropriate actions are taken.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Directors

The Audit Committee currently comprises all three Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company, Mr. Zhang Tiqin, Ms. Dai Ruimin and Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis as the members, who among themselves possess a wealth of management experience in the financial profession and commercial sectors.

Directors' attendance at Audit Committee meetings

Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	
(Chairman of the Audit Committee)	2/2
Mr. Zhang Tiqin	1/2
Mr. Meng Xiang Xu	1/1*
Ms. Dai Ruimin	1/1*

The Audit Committee meets the external auditors at least once a year to discuss any areas of concerns during the audits without the presence of the management. The Audit Committee reviews the interim and annual reports before submission to the Board. The Committee focuses not only on the impact of the changes in accounting policies and practices but also on the compliance with accounting standards, the Listing Rules and the legal requirements in the review of the Company's interim and annual reports.

件或情況會對本集團的持續經營能力投下重大疑惑,因此,董事會仍然採用持續經營基準編製帳目。

董事會確認,其有責任在本公司年報及 中期報告、其他價格敏感公佈及上市規 則規定之其他財務披露中,提供平衡、 清晰及易於理解之評估,並向監管機構 申報。

本公司於截至二零一二年十二月三十一 日止之整個年度已應用企業管治守則所 載原則,並盡力遵守守則內之所有守則 條文。在二零一二年度,董事會通過由 外部獨立公司審查本公司的包含所有財 務、業務及風險管理功能等內部控制制 度的效力。這些報告被複查並採取了適 當的行動。

審核委員會

審核委員會目前由本公司全部三名獨立 非執行董事組成,黃烈初先生出任主席,張體勤先生及戴瑞敏女士為委員會成員,彼等於財務專業及商業具有豐富之管理經驗。

董事出席審核委員會會議之情況

董事	出席次數	
黃烈初先生		
(審核委員會主席)	2/2	
張體勤先生	1/2	
孟祥旭先生	1/1*	
戴瑞敏女士	1/1*	

審核委員會需每年最少一次與外聘核數師舉行會議,討論審核過程中之合會議,討論審核委員會於實層不得與會。審核委員會於實力,管理層不得與會於審閱中期及至報告。該委員會於審閱本公策及與與大事之影響,亦兼顧須遵守會計政策、上市規則及法律之規定。

Number of attendance

企業管治報告

* Mr. Meng Xiang Xu was resigned on 1 April 2012.One audit committee meeting of the Company were held during the period prior to his resignation. Ms. Dai Ruimin was appointed as an independent non- executive director and a member of the audit committee of the Company on 1 April 2012.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year, the remuneration paid to the Company's auditors, Messrs Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, is set out as follows:

Fee paid/payable *HK\$'000*

Services rendered Audit services

Other consultancy fee

2,000 Nil

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company's annual general meeting provides a good opportunity for communication between the Board and the Company's shareholders. Chairman of the Board and Committees are normally present to answer queries raised by shareholders. External auditors also attend the annual general meeting every year. Notice of the annual general meeting and related papers are sent to shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the meeting.

VOTING BY POLL

At the 2012 annual general meeting, the procedures for demanding a poll by the shareholders were incorporated in an annual general meeting circular. The procedures for demanding a poll by shareholders and for conducting a poll were also explained by the chairman at the annual general meeting.

核數師酬金

年內,向本公司核數師德勤·關黃陳方會計師行支付之酬金載列如下:

已付/應付費用

千港元

已提供服務

 審計服務
 2,000

 其他顧問費
 Nil

與股東進行溝通

本公司之股東周年大會為董事會與本公司之股東提供溝通良機。董事會及各委員會之主席一般均出席以解答股東提出之問題,而外聘核數師每年均會出席股東周年大會。股東周年通告及有關檔於大會舉行日期前最少二十工作日寄予股東。

以投票方式表決

於二零一二年股東周年大會上,股東要求以投票方式表決的程序已載於股東周年大會通函內。大會主席亦已於會上向股東解釋股東要求以投票方式表決及進行投票表決的程序。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

The directors have pleasure in presenting their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012.

董事欣然提呈本公司及本集團截至二零 一二年十二月三十一日止年度的年報連 同經審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Group are trading of IT components, software development and provision of outsourcing software services.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 December 2012, the five largest customers accounted for approximately 45.56% of the Group's total turnover. The five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 79.03% of the Group's total purchases. In addition, the largest customer accounted for approximately 17.03% of the Group's total turnover while the largest supplier accounted for approximately 70.25% of the Group's total purchases.

Except for Inspur Group Limited ("Inspur Corporation"), the substantial shareholder of the Company, and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Inspur Group"), none of the directors, their associates or any shareholders (which, to the knowledge of the directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers. Sales to and purchases from the Inspur Group amounted to approximately 0.66% and 0.08% respectively of the total sales and total purchases of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movement during the year of the Company's share capital are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 are set out in the consolidated Income Statement on page 54.

主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司。本集團的主要 業務為銷售IT元件、軟件開發及提供軟 件外包服務。

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團五大客戶佔本集團營業總額約45.56%,而本集團五大供應商佔本集團購貨總額約79.03%。此外,本集團最大客戶佔本集團營業總額約17.03%,而本集團最大供應商佔本集團購貨總額約70.25%。

除本公司大股東浪潮集團有限公司(「浪潮公司」)及其附屬公司(總稱「浪潮集團」)以外,董事、彼等的聯繫人士或就董事所知,擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上的股東概無擁有本集團五大客戶及供應商的任何權益。浪潮集團的營業額及採購額分別佔本集團截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度的總營業額及總採購額約為0.66%及0.08%。

股本

年內,本公司股本的變動詳情已載於綜合財務報表附註30內。

業績及分配

本集團截至二零一二年十二月三十一日 止年度的業績已載於第54頁的綜合損 益表內。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

FINAL DIVIDENDS

At the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company to be held on 22 May 2013 ("Forthcoming AGM"), the Board of Directors (the "Board") will recommend a final dividend of HK\$0.006 per share with aggregated amount of HK\$25,364,642 (2011: HK\$0.012 per share) for the year ended 31 December 2012. Subject to the approval of shareholders at the Forthcoming AGM, the final dividend will be payable on 28 June 2013 to shareholders whose name appears on the register of members of the Company on 6 June 2013.

PURCHASE, SALES OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2012, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed shares.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

Details of the Group's retirement benefit scheme are set out in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.

SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements during the year in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

末期股息

本公司董事會(「董事會」)將於二零一三年五月二十二日召開的股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)(「應屆股東週年大會」)上建議派發截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度之末期股息,每股息,25,364,642港元(二零一年:0.012港元)。倘於應屆股東週年大會上獲得批准後,末期股息將於二零一三年六月二十八日派發予於二零一三年六月六日名列在本公司股東名冊之股東。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年 度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購 買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市股份。

優先購買權

本公司的公司組織章程大綱及細則以及 開曼群島法例並無任何優先購買權的條 文,以規定本公司按比例向現有股東發 行新股。

退休金計劃

本集團的退休金計劃詳情已載於綜合財 務報表附註39內。

附屬公司

本公司附屬公司的詳情已載於綜合財務 報表附註42內。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團的物業、廠房及設備於年內的變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16內。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Particulars of the Group's related party transactions are set out in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements, certain of which also constitute connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). The connected transactions are as follows:

 On 8 April 2004, the Company and the Inspur Group entered into a trademark licence agreement (the "Trademark Licence Agreement") which allowed the Group to use the trademark "Lang Chao" in Hong Kong, Taiwan and the People's Republic of China free of charge.

Further details of such continuing connected transaction were disclosed in the Company's prospectus dated 20 April 2004 (the "Prospectus").

The independent non-executive directors have reviewed the above connected transaction and confirmed that the above transaction was in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

2. On 12 January 2009, the Company entered into a new framework agreement ("New Framework Agreement") with Inspur Group Limited, substantial shareholder, which integrate the current continuing connected transactions with Inspur Group Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Inspur Group") under five categories of activities which are in line with the current business model of the Group. The major terms set out as follow:

A. Supply Transactions

On 11 September 2012, the Company and IPG entered into the Supplemental Agreement. The maximum annual caps under Supply Transactions will not exceed HK\$425,000,000 and HK\$467,000,000 for each of the financial year ended 2012 and 2013 respectively.

關連交易

於綜合財務報表附註40披露與本集團有關連人士進行之交易。當中若干與有關連人士進行之交易根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第14A章,均構成關連交易。關連交易如下:

1. 於二零零四年四月八日,本公司 與浪潮集團已訂立商標特許協議 (「商標特許協議」),以容許本集 團於香港、台灣及中華人民共和國 使用「浪潮」商標。

上述持續關連交易之詳情載於本公司在二零零四年四月二十日之招股章程(「招股章程」)。

上述關連交易已經獨立非執行董事 審閱,並就此確認上述交易按照相 關協議條款進行,而該等條款誠屬 公平合理且對本公司股東整體有 利。

2. 於二零零九年一月十二日,本公司 已與大股東浪潮集團有限公司及其 附屬公司(統稱:浪潮集團)訂立 新框架協議(「新框架協議」),將 目前公司的持續關連交易綜合分為 五個業務類別。主要條款如下:

A. 供應交易

於二零一二年九月十一日,本公司與浪潮集團有限公司訂立供應交易補充協議,據此,供應交易截至二零一二年及二零一三年止各財政年度之年度上限425,000,000港元。

董事會報告

Further details of such continuing connected transaction were disclosed in the Company's circular dated 3 October 2012 (the "Circular") and 11 September 2012 announcement.

The aggregate transactions under Supply Transactions for the year ended 31 December 2012 amounted to approximately HK\$412,691,000.

The independent non-executive directors have reviewed the above connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2012 and confirmed that the Supply Transactions were (i) in the ordinary course and usual course of the Group's business; (ii) on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to independent third parties who are not connected persons of the Group as defined in the Listing Rules; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the Supply Transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Group as a whole.

B. Selling Agency Transactions

The Group appoints Inspur Group to act as selling agent in the sale of the products and services of the Group. In return, the Inspur Group will receive a commission of 1% of the total sales value of the products and the services. The maximum annual caps of the value of transactions under Selling Agency Transactions will not exceed RMB333,000,000, RMB 366,000,000 and RMB400,000,000 for each of the financial year ended 31 December 2011, 2012 and 2013 respectively. The expected maximum amounts of commissions to be paid by the Group to the Inspur Group will not exceed RMB3,330,000, RMB3,660,000 and RMB4,000,000 for each of the financial year ended 31 December 2011, 2012 and 2013 respectively.

上述持續關連交易之進一步 詳情於二零一二年十月三日 的通函(「通函」)中披露及二 零一二年九月十一日的公告 中披露。

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,累計供應交易協定項下的金額約為412.691,000港元。

獨立非執行董事已審閱載至 二零一二年十二月三十二月三十二年度之上述關連交易 中常之上述關連交易本 中的一般業務中進行; (ii) 在本集團 (ii) 在本集團 (並非上市規則所指之本集 關連人士) 給予之條款 以(iii) 按照規管供應交易 關協議進行,而該等條 及(iii) 按照規管供應等條 限 關協議進行, 關盟 公平合利。

B. 銷售代理協定

本集團委聘浪潮集團擔任本 集團產品及服務銷售之銷售 代理。作為回報,浪潮集團 將收取不高於產品及服務銷 售總值1%之佣金。截至二零 --年、二零-二年及二零 一三年十二月三十一日止各個 財政年度,根據銷售代理協定 的交易金額年度上限分別將不 超過人民幣333,000,000元、 人民幣366,000,000元及人民 幣400,000,000元。截至二零 --年、二零-二年及二零 一三年十二月三十一日止各財 政年度,本集團支付給浪潮集 團的佣金最高上限分別為不超 過人民幣3,330,000元、人民幣 3,660,000及人民幣4,000,000 元。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

Further details of such continuing connected transaction were disclosed in the Circular.

The aggregate transactions under Selling Agency Transactions for the year ended 31 December 2012 amounted to RMB173,602,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$213,349,000) and the related commission amounted to RMB1,496,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,839,000).

The independent non-executive directors have reviewed the above connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2012 and confirmed that the Selling Agency Transactions were (i) in the ordinary course and usual course of the Group's business; (ii) on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to independent third parties who are not connected persons of the Group as defined in the Listing Rules; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the Selling Agency Transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Group as a whole.

C. Purchase Transactions

The Group will purchase the computer hardware and software products by the Group from the Inspur Group. The price per unit of the computer products and components purchased from Inspur Group will be agreed between parties with reference to the then prevailing markets prices of such computer hardware and software products at the relevant time.

The maximum annual caps under supply Transactions will not exceed HK\$160,000,000, HK\$176,000,000 and HK\$193,000,000 for each of the financial year ended 31 December 2011 and 2012 and 2013 respectively.

上述持續關連交易之進一步 詳情於通函中披露。

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,累計銷售代理協定項下交易金額為人民幣173,602,000元(相當於約213,349,000港元)及相關佣金的金額為人民幣1,496,000元(相當於約1,839,000港元)。

C. 採購交易

本集團將向浪潮集團採購電 腦軟硬件產品。浪潮集團 供應之電腦產品及配件之單 價,將由訂約方參照該等產 品於有關時間當時之市價協 定。

採購交易截至二零一一年、二零一二年及二零一三年十二月三十一日止各財政年度之年度最高上限分別不超過160,000,000港元・176,000,000港元及193,000,000港元。

董事會報告

Further details of such continuing connected transaction were disclosed in the Circular.

The aggregate transactions under Purchase Transactions for the year ended 31 December 2012 amounted to HK\$62,527,000.

The independent non-executive directors have reviewed the above connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2012 and confirmed that the Purchase Transactions were (i) in the ordinary course and usual course of the Group's business; (ii) on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to independent third parties who are not connected persons of the Group as defined in the Listing Rules; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the Purchase Transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Group as a whole.

D. Common Services Transactions

The Inspur Group shall provide office, water, heat, electricity and vehicles for use ("Common Services") by the Group. The expenses to be charged will be agreed upon between the parties and shall be determined based on normal commercial terms through arm's length negotiation or on terms no less favourable than he terms available from independent third parties for provision of similar services. The maximum annual amount of the expenses payable to Inspur Group for each of the three years ending 31 December 2013 is RMB13,000,000, RMB14,300,000 and RMB15,730,000 respectively.

上述持續關連交易之進一步 詳情於通函中披露。

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,累計採購交易協定項下的金額為62,527,000港元。

D. 公共服務交易

董事會報告

Further details of such continuing connected transaction were disclosed in the Circular.

The use of Common Services for the year ended 31 December 2012 amounted to approximately RMB7,701,000.

The independent non-executive directors have reviewed the above connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2012 and confirmed that the Common Services Transactions were (i) in the ordinary course and usual course of the Group's business; (ii) on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to independent third parties who are not connected persons of the Group as defined in the Listing Rules; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the Common Services Transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Group as a whole.

E. Processing Transactions

Inspur Business System Company Limted ("Inspur Business") has appointed Inspur Cheeloo Company Limited ("Inspur Cheeloo") to provide services of procurement of raw materials of and assembling and manufacturing tax-collection cashier machines at processing fee calculated at 5% of the value of the raw materials (the "Cashier Machines Purchases") and thesaid rate is comparable to the rates in the market. In general, Inspur Business will pay the price of the taxcollection cashier machines (including the processing fee) within 30 days after receipt of the goods. Inspur Business and Inspur Group agreed that the maximum annual caps of the Cashier Machines will not exceed RMB182,000,000, RMB200,000,000 and RMB220,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2011, 2012 and 2013 respectively.

上述關連交易之詳情於通函中披露。

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,使用物業的金額約為人民幣7,701,000元。

E. 加工交易

浪潮商用系統有限公司(「浪 潮商用」)已委聘浪潮齊魯 軟體產業有限公司(「浪潮 齊魯1)就採購税控收款機之 原材料及組裝及製造税控收 款機提供服務,所收取加工 費按原材料價值之5%計算 (「税控機採購」),而上述費 率與市場收費相若。一般來 説,浪潮商用將於收取貨品 後30日內支付税控收款機之 價格(包括相關加工費)。浪 潮商用和浪潮集團同意截至 二零一一年、二零一二年及 二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度最高上限分別不超過 人民幣182,000,000元、人 民幣200,000,000元及人民 幣 220,000,000 元。

董事會報告

Further details of such continuing connected transaction were disclosed in the Circular.

The aggregate amount under Processing Transactions for the year ended 31 December 2012 amounted to approximately RMB27,982,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$34,388,000).

The independent non-executive directors have reviewed the above connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2012 and confirmed that the Processing Transactions were (i) in the ordinary course and usual course of the Group's business; (ii) on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to independent third parties who are not connected persons of the Group as defined in the Listing Rules; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the Processing Transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Group as a whole.

ACQUISITIONS OF BUSINESS AND SUBSIDIARIES

In December 2011, the Company, through Inspur Shandong Electronic Information Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, set up a jointly controlled entity, Shandong Inspur Cloud Computing Industry Investment Co., Ltd ("山東浪潮雲海雲計算產業投資有限公司"), with another two related companies. The total contribution of the Group was RMB100,000,000, representing 33.33% equity interest of the entity. All contribution has been made during the year ended 31 December 2011.

In January 2012, the Group dispose of the total equity of Shandong Inspur E-Government Software Limited to a related company at a consideration of RMB23,000,000.

上述關連交易之詳情於通函中披露。

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,累計加工交易項下的金額約為人民幣27,982,000元(相當於約34,388,000港元)。

獨立非執行董事已審閱截至 二零一二年十二月三十一, 止年度之上述關連交易, 確認加工交易乃(i)在本集 日常一般業務中進行;(ii) 不遜於獨立第三者(並非上市 規則所指之本集團關連人士) 可享有之條款進行;及(iii)按 照規管加工交易之相關協議 進行,而該等條款屬公平合 理且對本公司股東整體有利。

收購業務和附屬公司

二零一一年十二月,本公司透過一家全資附屬公司浪潮(山東)電子信息有限公司,與兩間關聯方公司成立一間共同控股公司一山東浪潮雲海雲計算產業投資有限公司。集團的總投資款為人民幣100,000,000元,佔其33.33%的股本權益。所有投資款已於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度到位。

二零一二年一月,本集團以人民幣 23,000,000元的代價出售山東浪潮電子 政務軟件公司之全部股本權益於一間關 聯方公司。

董事會報告

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2012, the Company's reserves available for distribution are set out as below:

Special reserve	特殊儲備
Share premium	股份溢價
Preferred shares equity reserve	優先股股本儲備
Share option reserve	購股權儲備
Accumulated (losses) profits	累計盈利

Under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company may be distributed subject to the provision of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association and provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as and when they fall due in the ordinary course of business. This share premium account may also be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

本公司可分派儲備

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本公司 可供分派儲備計算如下:

2012	2011
二零一二年	二零一一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
571	571
860,071	858,815
13,443	13,443
22,623	20,484
(33,843)	22,468
862,865	915,781

根據開曼群島法例第22章公司法(經綜合及修訂的一九六一年第3號法例),按本公司之組織章程大綱及細則的規定及倘緊隨建議分派股息日期後,本公司可在日常業務過程中清償到期債務時,股份溢價可用以分派。股份溢價賬亦可以繳足紅股方式派付。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Mr. Sun Pishu

(resigned on 1 April 2012)

Mr. Wang Xingshan

Mr. Chen Dongfeng

Mr. Dong Hailong

Mr. Sun Chengtong

(appointed on 1 April 2012)

Mr. Meng Xiang Xu

(resigned on 1 April 2012)

Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis

Mr. Zhang Tiqin

Mr. Samuel Y. Shen

(appointed on 1 September 2012)

Ms. Dai Ruimin

(appointed on 1 April 2012)

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the directors has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than the statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contract of significance to which the Company, any of its holding companies, fellow subsidiaries or subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

董事

本年內及截至本報告日期為止,本公司 的董事如下:

孫丕恕先生

(於二零一二年四月一日辭任)

王興山先生

陳東風先生

董海龍先生

孫成通先生

(於二零一二年四月一日獲委任)

孟祥旭先生

(於二零一二年四月一日辭任)

黄烈初先生

張體勤先生

申元慶先生

(於二零一二年九月一日獲委任)

戴瑞敏女士

(於二零一二年四月一日獲委任)

董事服務合約

董事概無與本公司訂立本集團於一年內 不作補償(法定補償除外)而可予以終止 之服務合約。

董事於合約中之權益

本公司、其任何控股公司、同系附屬公司或附屬公司於本年度結束時或本年度 內任何時間並無參與訂立本公司董事直接及間接擁有重大權益的重大合約。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2012, the interests and short positions of the directors and the chief executive and their associates in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations, as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"), or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules were as follows:

(a) Long positions in the shares of the Company

董事及最高行政人員於本公司股份之權益及淡倉

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,各董事及最高行政人員以及彼等各自聯繫人於本公司及其任何相聯法團之股本、相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條須記錄於該條所指登記冊之權益及淡倉,或根據上市規則所載的標準守則而須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

(a) 於本公司股份的長倉

	Percentage
Number of	of the
issued	issued share
ordinary	capital of
shares held	the Company
持有已發行	佔本公司已發行
普通股之數目	股本之百分比
5,000	0.00%

董事會報告

- (b) Long positions in the underlying shares of equity derivatives of the Company
- (b) 本公司股本衍生工具的相關 股份的長倉

Options in the Company (Unlisted and physically settled equity derivatives) 本公司之購股權

(非上市及實物交收之股本衍生工具)

Name of director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Description of equity derivates 股本衍生工具的詳情 (Note)	Number of underlying shares 相關股份 的數目	Subscription price per share 每股認購價 HK\$ 港元
Wang Xingshan 王興山	Owner 擁有人	Share Option 購股權	5,000,000	0.682
Chen Dongfeng 陳東風	Owner 擁有人	Share Option 購股權	4,000,000	0.682
Dong Hailong 董海龍	Owner 擁有人	Share Option 購股權	2,000,000	0.682
Sun Chengtong 孫成通	Owner 擁有人	Share Option 購股權	4,000,000	0.682
Wong Lit Chor 黃烈初	Owner 擁有人	Share Option 購股權	200,000	0.682

Note (1): On 10 December 2010, the share options were granted to director under the Share Option Scheme.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2012, none of the directors or the chief executive or its associates had any interests or short positions in any shares or underlying shares of equity derivatives of the Company or any of its associated corporations.

附註(1): 購股權於二零一零年十二 月十日根據購股權計劃授 予董事。

除上述披露外,於二零一二年十二 月三十一日,概無董事或最高行政 人員或彼等之聯繫人士於本公司或 任何聯營公司股份或股本衍生工具 相關股份持有任何權益或淡倉。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2012, the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO shows that, the following shareholders other than the directors of the Company had notified the Company of relevant interests in the issued capital of the Company.

(a) Long position in shares and underlying shares of the Company

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.002 each of the Company

主要股東

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本公司 根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置的主 要股東名冊顯示,除本公司董事以外, 以下股東已知會本公司彼等於本公司已 發行股本的有關權益。

(a) 於本公司股份及相關股份的 好倉

本公司每股面值 0.002 港元的普通 股

Name of shareholder 主要股東姓名/名稱	Type of Interests 權益類別	Number of issued ordinary shares held 實益持有 普通股數目	the Company 佔本公司
Inspur Group Limited 浪潮集團有限公司	Corporate (Note 1) 公司(附註1)	1,357,390,000	32.11%
Inspur Overseas Investment Limited 浪潮海外投資有限公司	Beneficial owner (Note 1) 實益擁有人(附註1)	1,357,390,000	32.11%
Wang Yukun 王予昆	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	296,520,000	7.04%
Note 1: Inspur Group Limited is ta 1,357,390,000 shares du shareholdings in the issued Overseas Investment Limited	e to its indirect 100% d share capital of Inspur	間接 有限 100 集 1,35	於浪潮集團有限公司 發擁有浪潮海外投本 發行股權,故此,浪 到有限公司被視為於 可,390,000股股份中 權益。

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(b) Long positions in series A senior redeemable convertible voting preferred shares of the Company

(b)	本公司系列甲高級可贖回可
	換股附帶投票權優先股的好
	倉
	/ H

			percentage
		Number	of interests
Name of shareholder	Capacity	of securities	概約權益
股東姓名	身份	證券數目	百分比
		(Note 1)	
		(附註1)	
Microsoft Corporation 微軟公司	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	72,859,049	100%

Notes 1:

Microsoft Corporation held 72,859,049 class A senior redeemable voting preferred shares convertible into 297,052,141 Shares, representing 6.57 % of the total enlarged voting rights in the Company.

As at 31 December 2012, no persons have any other relevant interests or short positions in shares or underlying shares of equity derivatives of the Company.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

SHARE OPTIONS

Details of the Company's share option schemes are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than the option holdings disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

附註1:

微軟為72,859,049股系列甲高級可贖回可換股附投票權之優先股之持有人,有權行使297,052,141股股份之投票權,佔本公司經擴大總投票權約6.57%。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,並無人 士於本公司股份或股本衍生工具相關股份中擁有任何其他相關權益或淡倉。

管理合約

本年度內,並無訂立有關本公司業務之 全部或任何重要部分之管理及行政之合 約。

購股權計劃

本公司購股權計劃的詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註31。

購買股份或債券之安排

除上文所披露有關股權持有外,於本年 度任何時間,本公司、其控股公司、或 任何其附屬公司或同集團附屬公司概無 參與任何安排,致令本公司董事可藉購 入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或 債券而獲益。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

COMPETING INTEREST

During the year ended 31 December 2012, none of the directors, chief executive, initial management shareholders or its substantial shareholders of the Company or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had any interests in a business which competes with or may compete with the business of the Group.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee comprises three independent non-executive directors, Mr. Zhang Tiqin, Wong Lit Chor, Alexis and Ms Dai Ruimin. Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis is the chairman of the audit committee. The primary duties of the audit committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control systems of the Group.

Up to the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements, the audit committee has held two meetings and has reviewed the Company's draft annual and interim financial reports and consolidated financial statements prior to recommending such reports and consolidated financial statements to the Board for approval.

The Group's audited results for the year ended 31 December 2012 have been reviewed by the audit committee, which was of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and requirements and that adequate disclosures have been made.

競爭權益

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司概無董事、最高行政人員、最初的管理股東或其主要股東或彼等各自之聯繫人士(定義見上市規則)於與本集團業務有競爭或可能競爭的業務中有任何權益。

審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事張體 勤先生、黃烈初先生及戴瑞敏女士組成。黃烈初先生為審核委員會之主席。 該審核委員會主要負責審閱及監督本集 團之財務申報程序及內部監控制度。

直至批准該等綜合財務報表之日為止, 審核委員會已舉行二次會議,並已於有 關全年及中期財務報告及綜合財務報表 草本提交董事會批准前審閱有關報告及 綜合財務報表。

審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核業績,彼等認為該等業績按照適用之會計準則及規定編製,並已作出足夠披露。

董事會報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Group has complied with the applicable code provisions set out in the Code of Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") contained in Appendix 14 of Listing Rules for Main Board throughout the period ended 31 December 2012, save as:

- (a) Under code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer (the "CEO") should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Wang Xingshan is both the Chairman and CEO of the Company. This structure does not comply with code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code. The Board considers that vesting the roles of Chairman and CEO in the same person facilitates the execution of the Company's business strategies and maximizes the effectiveness of its operation.
- (b) Under code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code, independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should also attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Mr. Zhang Tiqin, Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis and Ms. Dai Ruimin(both being independent non-executive Directors) were unable to attend the annual general meeting as they were obliged to be away for business trips. The Company will improve its meeting scheduling and arrangement in order to ensure full compliance with Code A.6.7 in future.

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company confirmed that annual confirmations of independence were received from each of the Company's independent non-executive directors pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and all independent non-executive directors are considered to be independent.

企業管治

本集團截至二零一二年十二月三十一日 止的期間一直遵守包含主板上市規則附 錄14之所有守則(「守則」)條文,惟以下 各項除外:惟以下偏離情況除外:

- (a) 守則條文第A.2.1條,主席與行政 總裁之角色須分開,不應由同一人 擔任。王興山先生擔任本集團主席 兼行政總裁。此一構架未能符合企 業管制守則之條文A.2.1條。董事 會認為,現時主席及行政總裁由同 王興山先生一人擔任,有利於執行 本公司業務策略及儘量提升營運效 率。
- (b) 守則條文第A.6.7條,獨立非執行董事及其他非執行董事須出席股東周年大會,並對股東之意見有公正的了解。獨立非執行董事張體勤先生、黃烈初先生及戴瑞敏女士因公務無法出席股東周年大會。本公司將改善會議議程和安排,以確保日後完全遵從守則第A.6.7條文。

獨立非執行董事之獨立性

本公司確認,已根據上市規則第3.13條 向本公司各獨立非執行董事收取獨立地 位年度確認書,而全體獨立非執行董事 均被認為屬獨立。

CODE OF CONDUCT REGARDING SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 of Main Board Listing Rule as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiries to all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the requirement set out under the Model Code throughout the period ended 31 December 2012.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the directors of the Company are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to directors and eligible employees, details of the scheme are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 December 2012.

董事進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已經採用主板上市規則附錄10 之上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準 守則(標準守則)作為董事進行證券交易 之標準守則。經本公司向全體董事作出 特定查詢後,全體董事已確認截至二零 一二年十二月三十一日止期間始終遵守 標準守則所訂之規定。

薪酬政策

本集團僱員之薪酬政策乃由薪酬委員會 根據彼等之績效、資格和能力製訂。

本公司董事之酬金乃由薪酬委員會經考 慮本公司之經營業績、個人表現及可比 較市場數字後釐定。

本公司已採納購股權計劃,作為對董事 及合資格僱員之獎勵。有關計劃之詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註31。

足夠的公眾持股量

本公司在截至二零一二年十二月三十一 日止年度一直保持著足夠的公眾持股 量。

董事會報告

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed during the following periods:

- to 22 May 2013 (both dates inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Hong Kong branch share registrar of the Company, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at 17 Floor, 1712-1716 room, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on 16 May 2013.
- (ii) The register of members will be closed from 4 June 2013 to 6 June 2013 (both dates inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Hong Kong branch share registrar of the Company, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at 17 Floor, 1712-1716 room, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on 3 June 2013.

AUDITOR

A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting to reappoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as the auditor of the Company. There has been no change in the auditor of the Company since its incorporation on 29 January 2003.

On behalf of the Board **Wang Xingshan** *CHAIRMAN*

22th March 2013

暫停辦理股份過戶登記

本公司將於下列日期暫停辦理股份過戶 登記手續:

- (i) 本公司將於二零一三年五月十七日 至二零一三年五月二十二日(包括 首尾兩天)暫停辦理股份過戶登記 手續,期間將不會進行股份過戶 為符合出席股東周年大會和於會 投票的資格,所有過戶表格連一 投票的資格,所有過戶表格連一 時三十分前送達本公司 份過戶登記分處香港中央證券登記 有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大 道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716號鋪。
- (ii) 本公司將於二零一三年六月四日至 二零一三年六月六日(包括首尾兩 天)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續, 期間將不會進行股份過戶。為符 建議末期股息的資格,所有過戶表 格連同有關股票須於二零一三年六 月三日下午四時三十分前送達本公 司的股份過戶登記分處香港中央證 券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔 皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓 1712-1716號鋪。

核數師

股東週年大會將提呈決議案以續聘德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行為本公司的核數師。自二零零三年一月二十九日本公司註冊成立日起,並沒有更換核數師。

代表董事會 **王興山** *主*席

二零一三年三月二十二日

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

Deloitte.

德勤

TO THE MEMBERS OF INSPUR INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

浪潮國際有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Inspur International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 54 to 196, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2012, and the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

致浪潮國際有限公司股東

浪潮國際有限公司

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師行(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核第54頁至196頁所載浪潮國際有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,包括二零一二年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合收益表、綜合權益變動報表及綜合現金流量報表,以及重大會計政策概要及其他説明資料。

董事對綜合財務報表的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會 頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條 例的披露規定編製真實公允的綜合財務 報表以及董事認為使所呈列綜合財務報 表不存在因欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大失 實陳述所需的內部監控。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核就該等綜合財務報表提出意見,並按照我們協定的委聘條款僅向整體股東報告,而不作其他用途。我們概不就本報告書的人士負責或承擔法律責任。我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港核數準則進行審核。該等準則要可道德規範,並規劃及執行審核們以合理確定該等綜合財務報表有否任何重大錯誤陳述。

我們相信已獲取充分及適當的審核憑證 作為我們審核意見的根據。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 December 2012, and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告準則真實而公允地反映 貴集團於二零一二年十二月三十一日的財務狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度的虧損及現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例的披露規定妥善編製。

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong 22 March 2013 德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行

執業會計師

香港

二零一三年三月二十二日

Consolidated Income Statement

綜合收益表

		NOTES	2012	2011
		附註	二零一二年	二零一一年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	<i>千港元</i>
	ul- a	_		
Revenue	收入	7	2,401,025	2,221,582
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(1,893,855)	(1,693,488)
Gross profit	毛利		507,170	528,094
Other income	其他收入	9	90,929	96,829
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	9	(20,947)	(8,804)
Administrative and	行政及			(1)
other operating expenses	其他營運費用		(313,402)	(275,986)
Selling and distribution cost	銷售及分銷成本		(275,882)	(241,707)
Finance costs	財務成本	11	(6,101)	(15,029)
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產攤銷		(14,505)	(16,325)
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	19	(63,915)	
Share of loss of a jointly controlled entity	應佔共同控制			
,	實體虧損		(237)	
Share of profit of an associate	應佔聯營公司溢利		13,627	705
(Loss) profit before taxation	除税前(虧損)溢利		(83,263)	67,777
Taxation	税項	10	(16,106)	(19,617)
(Loss) profit for the year	年內(虧損)溢利	11	(99,369)	48,160
(Loss) profit for the year attributable to:	應佔年內			
	(虧損)溢利:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(93,319)	50,408
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(6,050)	(2,248)
			(99,369)	48,160
			(55,505)	40,100
(Loss) earnings per share	每股(虧損)盈利	15		
– Basic			(HK2.22 cents)	HK1.31 cents
	一基本		(2.22港仙)	1.31港仙
Diluted			(UK3 33(-)	LIK1 30
– Diluted	数		(HK2.22 cents)	HK1.30 cents
	一攤薄		(2.22港仙)	1.30港仙

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

綜合全面收益表

		2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2011 二零一一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
(Loss) profit for the year Other comprehensive income	年內(虧損)溢利 其他全面收益	(99,369)	48,160
Exchange differences arising on translation Total comprehensive (expense) income	換算產生之匯兑差額 年內全面(開支)收益總額	10,585	64,534
for the year		(88,784)	112,694
Total comprehensive (expense) income attributable to:	應佔全面(開支)收益總額:		
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益	(82,743)	114,853 (2,159)
		(88,784)	112,694

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2012

於二零一二年十二月三十一日

		NOTES	2012	2011
		附註	二零一二年	二零一一年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及			
	設備	16	121,349	90,778
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	17	38,146	_
Goodwill	商譽	18	14,188	77,649
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	20	21,122	39,493
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	21	22,693	22,566
Interest in an associate	聯營公司權益	22	128,489	114,219
Interest in a jointly controlled entity	共同控制			
	實體權益	23	122,629	122,175
			468,616	466,880
	→ = 1			
Current assets	流動資產	2.4		07.000
Inventories	存貨	24	148,309	97,083
Trade and bills receivables	貿易應收賬款	25	250 562	202.004
Para California de California	及應收票據	25	250,563	202,894
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項 預付款項、	17	874	_
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	按金及			
Other receivables	其他應收賬款	25	64,223	66,368
Amounts due from customers	應收客戶合約	23	04,223	00,308
for contract work	工程款額	26	39,761	50,237
Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries	應收同集團	20	33,701	30,237
Amounts due nom renow subsidiaries	附屬公司款額	25	150,217	100,479
Amount due from immediate	應收直接控股	23	.50,217	100,173
holding company	公司款額	25	_	33,896
Amount due from ultimate	應收最終控股			
holding company	公司款額	25	11,965	19,258
Amount due from non-controlling	應收附屬公司非			
interest of a subsidiary	控股權益款額	25	_	20
Taxation recoverable	可收回税項		1,241	1,980
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	27	14,786	_
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	27	1,184,761	1,255,855
			1,866,700	1,828,070
Assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作		1,000,700	1,020,070
, issets classified as field for said	出售資產	28	_	60,103
			1,866,700	1,888,173

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2012 於二零一二年十二月三十一日

		NOTES	2012	2011
		附註	二零一二年	二零一一年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	33	30,857	9,600
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付賬款及			
	應付票據	29	192,276	161,159
Other payables, deposits received	其他應付賬款、			
and accrued expenses	已收按金及			
	應計開支	29	174,896	139,591
Amounts due to customers	應付客戶合約			
for contract work	工程款額	26	85,443	37,253
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同集團附屬			
	公司款額	29	26,885	19,746
Amount due to ultimate holding company	應付最終控股			
	公司款額	29	3,221	4,787
Amount due to non-controlling	應付附屬公司非			
interest of a subsidiary	控股權益款額	29	_	3,177
Deferred income - government grant	遞延收入一			
	政府補助	32	3,903	3,271
Redeemable convertible preferred shares	可贖回可換股			
	優先股	33	64,961	_
Taxation payable	應繳税項		11,717	16,869
				205 452
12 1990	Ch /7		594,159	395,453
Liabilities associated with assets	與分類為持作			
classified as held for sale	出售資產有關	20		24.662
	的負債	28		31,663
			594,159	427,116
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		1,272,541	1,461,057
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		1,741,157	1,927,937

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2012 於二零一二年十二月三十一日

		NOTES 附註	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2011 二零一一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred income - government grant	遞延收入一			
	政府補助	32	16,735	2,663
Redeemable convertible preferred shares	可贖回可換股			
	優先股	33	_	63,519
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	34	19,140	22,668
			35,875	88,850
			1,705,282	1,839,087
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	30	8,455	8,415
Reserves	儲備		1,693,749	1,826,220
Equity attributable to owners	本公司擁有人			
of the Company	應佔股權		1,702,204	1,834,635
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		3,078	4,452
Total equity	權益總額		1,705,282	1,839,087

The consolidated financial statements on pages 54 to 196 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 March 2013 and are signed on its behalf by:

載於第54頁至第196頁的綜合財務報表 經由董事會批准及授權於二零一三年三 月二十二日刊發,並由下列董事代表董 事會簽署:

Mr. Wang Xingshan 王興山 DIRECTOR 董事 Mr. Dong Hailong 董海龍 DIRECTOR 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動報表

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company

本公司擁有人應佔

		T'A 7JM D Z (MA)										
		Share capital 股本 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$*000 千港元	Other reserve 其他儲備 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元 (Note a) (附註a)	Special reserve 特殊儲備 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元 (Note b) (附註b)	Preferred shares equity reserve 優先股 股權儲備 HK\$\(\sigma\)	Share option reserve 購股權 儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 留存盈餘 HK\$*000 千港元	Total 合計 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Non- controlling interests 非控股 權益 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$</i> 2000 千港元
At 1 January 2011	於二零一一年一月一日	7,583	792,439		92	17,438	9,698	127,496	728,953	1,683,699	2,941	1,686,640
Profit (loss) for the year Exchange differences arising on translation	年內溢利(虧損) 換算產生之匯兑差額	_		_			_	64,445	50,408	50,408 64,445	(2,248)	48,160 64,534
Total comprehensive income (expenses) for the year	年內全面收益(開支)總額							64,445	50,408	114,853	(2,159)	112,694
Issuance of shares upon conversion of redeemable preferred shares (note 33) Recognition of equity-settled share based payments	可贖回優先股獲兑換而 發行股份(附註33) 確認按股權結算以股份	832	66,376	_	_	(3,995)	_	_	_	63,213	-	63,213
D. I I I	支付之款額 7.45000000000000000000000000000000000000	-	_	-	-	-	10,786	-	(27.046)	10,786	-	10,786
Dividend paid (note 14) Contributions from non-controlling interests	已付股息(附註14) 成立附屬公司時以	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(37,916)	(37,916)	_	(37,916)
upon establishment of a subsidiary	非控股權益注資										3,670	3,670
		832	66,376			(3,995)	10,786		(37,916)	36,083	3,670	39,753
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	8,415	858,815		92	13,443	20,484	191,941	741,445	1,834,635	4,452	1,839,087
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	(93,319)	(93,319)	(6,050)	(99,369)
Exchange differences arising on translation	換算產生之匯兑差額 -							10,576		10,576	9	10,585
Total comprehensive income (expenses) for the year	年內全面收益(開支)總額							10,576	(93,319)	(82,743)	(6,041)	(88,784)
Exercise of share options Recognition of equity-settled share based payments	行使購股權 確認按股權結算以股份	40	1,256	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,296		1,296
Release upon disposal of a subsidiary	支付之款額 出售附屬公司時解除		_	_	_	_	2,139	(2,000)	2,000	2,139	_	2,139
Release upon disposal of a subsidiary Dividend paid (note 14)	山肯的屬公司时所除 已付股息(附註14)	_					_	(2,068)	2,068 (50,489)	(50,489)		(50,489)
Contributions from non-controlling interests	以非控股權益注資	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	(30,403)	3,876	3,876
Acquisition of partial interest in a subsidiary (note 35)	收購附屬公司部分權益(附註35)	_		(2,634)						(2,634)	791	(1,843)
		40	1,256	(2,634)			2,139	(2,068)	(48,421)	(49,688)	4,667	(45,021)
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日	8,455	860,071	(2,634)	92	13,443	22,623	200,449	599,705	1,702,204	3,078	1,705,282

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動報表

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes:

- (a) Other reserve is resulted from the acquisition of partial interest in a subsidiary. Details of the acquisition are set out in note 35.
- (b) The special reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries and the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition at the time of the reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares in 2003.

附註:

- (a) 其他儲備來自收購附屬公司部分權益。收購詳情載於附註35。
- (b) 本集團特殊儲備指附屬公司股份面值 與本公司二零零三年股份上市前集團 重組時就收購所發行本公司股份的面 值兩者之差額。

綜合現金流量報表

		2012	2011
		2012 二零一二年	2011 二零一一年
		HK\$'000	— ₹
		千港元	千港元
ODED ATIMIC A CTIVITIES	火 宝 光 功		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	營運業務 年內(虧損)溢利	(00.260)	49.160
(Loss) profit for the year Adjustments for:	按下列各項調整:	(99,369)	48,160
Income tax	所得税	16,106	19,617
Share of profit of an associate	應佔聯營公司溢利	(13,627)	(705)
Share of loss of a jointly controlled entity	應佔共同控制實體虧損	237	
Interest income	利息收入	(31,731)	(24,043)
Interest expenses	利息開支	6,101	15,029
Dividend income from	可供出售投資產生之	3,121	,
available-for-sale investments	股息收入	(1,840)	(1,623)
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產攤銷	14,505	16,325
Gain on disposal of other	出售其他無形資產		
intangible asset	之所得	(1,696)	_
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
plant and equipment		27,881	32,550
Net loss (gain) on disposal/written off	出售/撇銷物業、廠房		
of property, plant and equipment	及設備之虧損(收益)		(4.0)
	淨額 日 京	144	(44)
Allowance for bad and doubtful debts Reversal of allowance for bad	呆壞賬撥備 呆壞賬撥備撥回	3,434	1,323
and doubtful debts	木塚庶掇開掇凹	_	(1,281)
Expense recognised in profit or loss	就按股權結算以股份		(1,201)
in respect of equity-settled	支付而於損益		
share-based payments	確認之開支	2,139	10,786
Write-down of inventories	存貨撇減	1,109	6,007
Deferred income - government grant	於損益確認之遞延收入		
recognised in profit or loss	一政府補助	(5,163)	(19,118)
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	出售附屬公司之虧損	719	
Loss arising from modification	修訂可贖回可換股優		
of the terms of redeemable	先股條款產生之虧損		
convertible preferred shares		_	9,600
Fair value change in convertible option	可贖回可換股優先股之		
derivatives embedded in redeemable	嵌入式可換股期權衍	24.257	
convertible preferred shares	生工具之公平值變動 商譽減值虧損	21,257	
Impairment loss on goodwill Impairment loss on amounts due from	應收客戶合約工程款	63,915	
customers for contract work	額減值虧損	3,788	4,577
castomers for confidence work	HV///W ITT/EJ 17		

綜合現金流量報表

		2042	2011
		2012 二零一二年	2011 二零一一年
		— ♦ ——+ <i>HK\$'000</i>	— <i></i> ◆ [—] + HK\$′000
		千港元	千港元
		一个	<i>l ∕€)L</i>
Operating cash flows before movements	營運資金變動前營運		
in working capital	現金流量	7,909	117,160
(Increase) decrease in inventories	存貨(增加)減少	(52,335)	67,168
(Increase) decrease in trade	貿易應收賬款及應收票據		
and bills receivables	(增加)減少	(51,103)	36,937
Decrease in prepayments, deposits	預付款項、按金及		
and other receivables	其他應收賬款減少	2,145	11
Decrease in amounts due from customers	應收客戶合約工程		
for contract work	款額減少	6,688	10,233
Increase in amounts due from	應收同集團附屬公司		
fellow subsidiaries	款額增加	(45,197)	(57,571)
Decrease in amount due from	應收直接控股公司		
immediate holding company	款額減少	33,896	25,659
Decrease (increase) in amount due from	應收最終控股公司		
ultimate holding company	款額減少(增加)	5,892	(16,246)
Increase (decrease) in trade	貿易應付賬款及		
and bills payables	應付票據增加(減少)	31,117	(105,093)
Increase in other payables, deposits	其他應付賬款、已收按金		
received and accrued expenses	及應計開支增加	35,305	39,055
Increase (decrease) in amounts due	應付客戶合約工程		
to customers for contract work	款額增加(減少)	48,190	(2,136)
Increase in amounts due	應付同集團附屬公司		
to fellow subsidiaries	款額增加	6,655	1,992
Increase in amount due	應付最終控股公司		
to ultimate holding company	款額增加	20	2
Receipts of deferred	收取遞延收入		
income - government grant	一政府補助	19,867	9,591
	ww.マイイタ TD. ヘ		
Cash generated from operations	營運所得現金	49,049	126,762
Income taxes paid	已付所得税	(23,925)	(24,217)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	營運業務所得現金淨額	25,124	102,545
	-1/22/13/7/11/3 70-22/3 PM		

綜合現金流量報表

		NOTES	2012	2011
		附註	二零一二年	二零一一年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資業務			
Purchase of property,	購買物業、廠房及			
plant and equipment	設備		(58,753)	(20,364)
Net cash from disposal of a subsidiary	出售附屬公司			
	所得現金淨額	36	20,478	_
Payment for leasehold land	租賃土地付款		(39,317)	_
Interest received	已收利息		31,731	24,043
Capital contribution to a jointly	向共同控制			
controlled entity	實體出資		_	(122,175)
Dividend received from	已收來自可供出售			
available-for-sale investments	投資之股息		1,840	1,623
Dividend received from an associate	已收聯營公司股息		_	18,078
Advances to fellow subsidiaries	墊款予同集團			
	附屬公司		(4,392)	(1,375)
Advances to non-controlling interest	墊款予附屬公司			
of a subsidiary	非控股權益		_	(20)
Repayment from non-controlling interest	附屬公司非控股			
of a subsidiary	權益還款		20	_
Advance to ultimate holding company	墊款予最終			
	控股公司		_	(1,735)
Repayment from ultimate	最終控股公司還款			
holding company			1,401	_
Withdrawal of pledged bank deposits	提取已抵押			
	銀行存款		9,599	_
Placement to pledged bank deposits	存放已抵押			
	銀行存款		(24,385)	— III —
Proceeds from disposal	出售其他無形資產			
of other intangible asset	所得款項		5,652	
Proceeds from disposal	出售物業、廠房及			
of property, plant and equipment	設備所得款項		870	513
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資業務所用			
	現金淨額		(55,256)	(101,412)

綜合現金流量報表

		NOTES	2012	2011
		附註	二零一二年	二零一一年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資業務			
Advance from fellow subsidiaries	同集團附屬			
, tavarree from renow substatatives	公司墊款		_	357
Repayment to fellow subsidiaries	償還同集團			
	附屬公司款項		(287)	_
Repayment to ultimate holding company	償還最終控股			
	公司款項		(1,586)	(9,833)
Repayment to non-controlling interest	償還附屬公司			
of a subsidiary	非控股權益款項		(3,177)	_
Acquisition of partial interest	收購附屬公司			
in a subsidiary	部分權益	35	(1,843)	_
Interest paid to redeemable	向可贖回可換股			
convertible preferred shares holder	優先股持有人		(4.570)	(40.044)
Divided desired to english and the english and	支付利息		(4,659)	(10,211)
Dividend paid to ordinary shareholders	向普通股持 有人派息		(E0 490)	(27.016)
Proceeds from exercise of share options	行使購股權 行使購股權		(50,489)	(37,916)
Troceeds from exercise of share options	所得款項		1,296	_
Capital injection from other shareholder	附屬公司其他		1,230	
of a subsidiary	股東注資		3,876	3,670
Payment for redemption of	贖回可贖回可換			
redeemable convertible preferred shares	股優先股之付款		_	(79,486)
	=1.77.444.75.44.00			
NET CASH USED	融資業務所用		(FC 050)	(122,410)
IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	現金淨額		(56,869)	(133,419)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH	現金及現金等值物			
EQUIVALENTS	減少淨額		(87,001)	(132,286)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	年初現金及			
AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	現金等值物		1,263,720	1,343,682
			1,200,720	.,5 .5,552
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE	外匯匯率改變			50.004
RATE CHANGES	之影響		8,042	52,324
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	年終現金及			
AT END OF THE YEAR	現金等值物			
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金		1,184,761	1,263,720

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). In the opinion of the directors of the Company, Inspur Overseas Investment Limited ("Inspur Overseas"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI") and Inspur Group Limited ("Inspur Corporation"), a company established in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") are the immediate holding company and ultimate holding company respectively. On 18 September, 2012, Inspur Electronics (HK) Limited, the former immediate holding company, transferred all of its shares of the Company to Inspur Overseas. Accordingly, Inspur Electronics (HK) Limited became a fellow subsidiary of the Company. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the introduction to the annual report.

The functional currency of the Company is Renminbi ("RMB"). For the convenience of the consolidated financial statements users, the consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD"), as the Company's shares are listed on the Stock Exchange.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Group are trading of computer components, software development and provision of software outsourcing services.

1. 一般資料

本公司為於開曼群島註冊成立的公 眾有限公司,其股份在香港聯合交 易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上 市。本公司董事認為,在英屬處女 群島(「英屬處女群島」) 註冊成立 的公司浪潮海外投資有限公司(「浪 潮海外」)及中華人民共和國(「中 國1)成立的公司浪潮集團有限公司 (「浪潮公司」)分別為直接控股公司 及最終控股公司。於二零一二年九 月十八日,前直接控股公司浪潮電 子(香港)有限公司將其所有本公司 股份轉讓予浪潮海外。因此,浪潮 電子(香港)有限公司成為本公司的 同集團附屬公司。本公司的註冊辦 事處及主要營業地點披露於年報引 言。

本公司的功能貨幣為人民幣(「人民幣」)。由於本公司股份在聯交所上市,為方便綜合財務報表的使用者,綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」) 呈列。

本公司為投資控股公司。本集團主 要業務為買賣計算機部件、開發軟 件及提供軟件外包服務。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

Amendments to HKAS 12

Deferred tax: Recovery of underlying assets

Amendments to HKFRS 7

Financial instruments:
Disclosures - Transfers
of financial assets.

The application of the above amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)

於本年度,本集團已採用下列由 香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公 會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則之 修訂。

香港會計準則

搋延税項:

第12號(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則 收回相關資產 金融工具:披露

第7號(修訂本)

一轉讓金融資產。

採納本年度香港財務報告準則之上 述修訂對本集團本年度及過往年度 的財務表現及狀況及/或該等綜合 財務報表所披露資料並無重大影 響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")** (continued)

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to

HKFRSs 2009 - 2011 cycle¹

Amendments to HKFRS 7 Disclosures - Offsetting financial

assets and financial liabilities1

Amendments to HKFRS 9 Mandatory effective date

and HKFRS 7 of HKFRS 9 and transition

disclosures³

Amendments to Consolidated financial

statements, joint HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 arrangements

and disclosure of interests

in other entities: Transition

quidance1

Investment entities² Amendments to

HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12

and HKAS 27

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments³ HKFRS 10 Consolidated financial

statements1

HKFRS 11 Joint Arrangements¹ HKFRS 12 Disclosure of interests in

other entities1

HKFRS 13 Fair value measurement¹

HKAS 19 (as revised Employee benefits¹

in 2011)

HKAS 27 (as revised Separate financial statements¹

in 2011)

Investments in associates HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011) and joint ventures1

Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of items of

other comprehensive income⁴

Amendments to HKAS 32 Offsetting financial assets and

financial liabilities²

HK(IFRIC) - INT 20 Stripping costs in the production

phase of a surface mine¹

採用新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則 |)(續)

> 本集團並無提早採納以下已頒佈但 未生效的新訂及經修訂準則、修訂 本及詮釋:

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則

二零零九年至 (修訂本)

> 二零一一年週期 之年度改進1

體的權益:過渡指引1

香港財務報告準則 披露一金融資產和金融

第7號(修訂本) 負債的互相抵銷1

香港財務報告準則第9號 香港財務報告準則

第9號及香港財務 的強制性生效日期

報告準則第7號(修訂本) 及過渡披露3

香港財務報告準則 綜合財務報表、共同

第10號、香港財務報告 安排及披露於其他實

準則第11號及香港財務 報告準則第12號

(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 投資實體2

第10號、香港財務報告 準則第12號及香港會計

準則第27號(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則第9號 金融工具3

香港財務報告準則第10號 綜合財務報表1

香港財務報告準則第11號 共同安排1

香港財務報告準則第12號 披露於其他實體的權益1

香港財務報告準則第13號 公平值計量1

僱員福利1 香港會計準則第19號

(二零一一年經修訂)

香港會計準則第27號 單獨財務報表1

(二零一一年經修訂)

聯營公司和合營企業投資 香港會計準則第28號

(二零一一年經修訂)

香港會計準則第1號 其他全面收入項目之呈列

(修訂本)

香港會計準則第32號 金融資產和金融負債

(修訂本) 的互相抵銷2

委員會) - 詮釋第20號 剝採成本1

香港(國際財務報告詮釋

露天礦場生產階段的

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012.

HKFRS 9 Financial instruments

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 amended in 2010 includes the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described as follows:

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement" are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent reporting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

- 1 於二零一三年一月一日或其後開始之年度生效。
- 2 於二零一四年一月一日或其後開始之年度生效。
- 3 於二零一五年一月一日或其後開始之年度生效。
- 4 於二零一二年七月一日或其後開始之年度生效。

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」

於二零零九年頒佈之香港財務報告 準則第9號引進金融資產分類及計 量之新規定。二零一零年經修訂之 香港財務報告準則第9號包括有關 金融負債分類及計量以及停止確認 的規定。

香港財務報告準則第9號的主要規 定載述如下:

香港財務報告準則第9號規 定,香港會計準則第39號 「金融工具:確認及計量」 範圍內所有已確認金融資產 其後按攤銷成本或公平值計 量。具體而言,以業務模式 持有以收取合約現金流量為 目的之債務投資及純粹為支 付本金及未償還本金之利息 而擁有合約現金流之債務投 資一般於其後會計期間結束 時按攤銷成本計量。所有其 他債務投資及股本投資則於 其後呈報期間結束時按公平 值計量。此外,根據香港財 務報告準則第9號,實體可 能不可撤回地選擇在其他全 面收入中呈列股本投資(並非 持作買賣)之其後公平值變 動,且一般只在損益中確認 股息收入。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial instruments (continued)

With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value of financial liabilities attributable to changes in the financial liabilities' credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

HKFRS 9 is effective for the Group for annual period beginning on 1 January 2015, with earlier application permitted. The directors anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 will affect the classification and measurement of the Group's available-for-sale investments but have no material impact on other financial assets and financial liabilities.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則 1)(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具 |(續)

就指定按公平值計入損益的 金融負債之計量而言,香港 財務報告準則第9號規定, 該金融負債信貸風險轉變引 致之金融負債公平值變動數 額於其他全面收入呈列,惟 倘於其他全面收入內確認該 項負債的信貸風險轉變影響 會導致或擴大於損益內的會 計錯配則作別論。金融負債 信貸風險轉變引致之金融負 債公平值變動其後不會重新 分類至損益。根據香港會計 準則第39號,指定按公平值 計入損益之金融負債的公平 值變動數額全部於損益內呈 列。

就本集團而言,香港財務報告準則第9號於二零一五年一月一日開始之年度期間生效,並可提早應用。董事預期採納香港財務報告準則第9號會影響本集團可供出售投資之分類與計量,但不會對其他金融資產及金融負債有重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of items of other comprehensive income

The amendments to HKAS 1 "Presentation of items of other comprehensive income" introduce new terminology for the statement of comprehensive income and income statement. Under the amendments to HKAS 1, a 'statement of comprehensive income' is renamed as a 'statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income' and an 'income statement' is renamed as a 'statement of profit or loss'. The amendments to HKAS 1 retain the option to present profit or loss and other comprehensive income in either a single statement or in two separate but consecutive statements. However, the amendments to HKAS 1 require items of other comprehensive income to be grouped into two categories: (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income tax on items of other comprehensive income is required to be allocated on the same basis – the amendments do not change the option to present items of other comprehensive income either before tax or net of tax.

The amendments to HKAS 1 are effective for the Group for annual period beginning on 1 January 2013. The presentation of items of other comprehensive income will be modified accordingly when the amendments are applied.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)其他全面收入項目之呈列

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)[其 他全面收入項目之呈列」引入全面 收益表及收益表之新術語。根據香 港會計準則第1號(修訂本)「全面 收益表」更名為「損益及其他全面 收益表」,而「收益表」更名為「損 益表」。香港會計準則第1號(修訂 本)保留可於一個單一報表內或於 兩個獨立而連續之報表內呈列損 益及其他全面收入之選擇權。然 而,香港會計準則第1號(修訂本) 規定,將其他全面收入項目分為兩 類:(a)其後將不會重新分類至損 益之項目;及(b)日後在符合特定 條件時可重新分類至損益之項目。 其他全面收入項目之所得税須按相 同基準分配-該等修訂並不會改變 可於除税前或除税後呈列其他全面 收入項目之選擇權。

就本集團而言,香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)於二零一三年一月一日開始之年度期間生效。於應用該等修訂時,其他全面收入項目之呈列將作出相應修改。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

HKFRS 13 Fair value measurement

HKFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements. The standard defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. The scope of HKFRS 13 is broad; it applies to both financial instrument items and non-financial instrument items for which other HKFRSs require or permit fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements, except in specified circumstances. In general, the disclosure requirements in HKFRS 13 are more extensive than those in the current standards. For example, quantitative and qualitative disclosures based on the three-level fair value hierarchy currently required for financial instruments only under HKFRS 7 "Financial instruments: Disclosures" will be extended by HKFRS 13 to cover all assets and liabilities within its scope.

HKFRS 13 is effective for the Group for annual period beginning on 1 January 2013, with earlier application permitted. The directors anticipate that the application of the new standard has no material impact on amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements but may result in more extensive disclosures.

Except for above, the directors anticipate that the application of the other new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the financial performance and financial position of the Group.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則第13號公 平值計量

香港財務報告準則第13號確立有 關公平值計量及披露公平值計量資 料之單一指引。該準則界定公平 值,確立計量公平值之框架及有關 公平值計量之披露規定。香港財務 報告準則第13號之範圍廣泛;適 用於其他香港財務報告準則規定或 允許公平值計量及披露公平值計量 資料之金融工具項目及非金融工具 項目,惟特定情況除外。整體而 言,香港財務報告準則第13號之 披露規定較現行準則之規定更為全 面。例如,現時僅規限香港財務報 告準則第7號[金融工具:披露]所 述金融工具之三個公平值等級之定 量及定性披露資料將藉香港財務報 告準則第13號加以擴展,以涵蓋 其範圍內所有資產及負債。

就本集團而言,香港財務報告準則 第13號於二零一三年一月一日開 始之年度期間生效,並可提早應 用。董事預期,應用該新準則對綜 合財務報表呈報之金額並無重大影 響,但會令其披露更為全面之資 料。

除上述者外,董事預期應用其他新 訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則將不 會對本集團之財務表現及財務狀況 造成重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods.

The principle accounting policies adopted are set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein.

3. 主要會計政策

綜合財務報表按照香港會計師公會 頒佈之香港財務報告準則編製。此 外,綜合財務報表載有香港聯交所 證券上市規則及香港公司條例規定 之適用披露。

綜合財務報表以歷史成本法編製,惟若干按公平值計量(詳情載於下文會計政策)的金融工具除外。歷史成本法通常以獲取貨物所需代價的公平值為基礎。

採納之會計政策載列如下。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及本公司 控制之實體(其附屬公司)之財務 報表。當本公司有權監管一間實體 的財務及經營政策以從其業務中獲 利時,則有該實體之控制權。

年內所收購或出售附屬公司之收入 及開支自收購生效日期起或截至出 售生效日期止(視情況而定)計入 綜合收益表。

本集團會對附屬公司之財務報表作 出必要調整,使其會計政策與本集 團其他成員公司所採用者一致。

所有集團內公司間之交易、結餘、 收入及開支於綜合賬目時全數對 銷。

於附屬公司的非控股權益與本集團權益分開呈列。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

Allocation of total comprehensive income to noncontrolling interests

Total comprehensive income and expense of a subsidiary is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

全面收入總額分配至非控股權益

附屬公司全面收入及開支總額分配 至本公司擁有人及非控股權益,即 使有關分配會導致非控股權益出現 結餘赤字。

本集團於現有附屬公司擁有 權之變動

倘本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權之 變動並無導致本集團對附屬公司 基控制權,則作為股本交易入賬 本集團之權益及非控股權益之 長 直會予以調整以反映彼等於附屬 司之有關權益變動。 司之金額與已付或已接於權 益之金額與已付差額直接於權益中確 認並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries (continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it (i) derecognises the assets (including any goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary at their carrying amounts at the date when control is lost, (ii) derecognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interests in the subsidiary at the date when control is lost (including any components of other comprehensive income attributable to them), and (iii) recognises the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest, with any resulting difference being recognise as a gain or loss in profit or loss attributable to the Group. When assets of the subsidiary are carried at revalued amounts or fair values and the related cumulative gain or loss has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings as specified by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39 "Financial instruments: recognition and measurement" or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a jointly controlled entity.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權之變動(續)

倘本集團失去一間附屬公司之控制 權,則其(i)於失去控制權當日終 止按賬面值確認該附屬公司之資產 (包括任何商譽)及負債,(ii)於失 去控制權當日終止確認該附屬公司 任何非控股權益(包括彼等應佔其 他全面收入之任何組成部分)之賬 面值,及(iii)確認所收取代價之公 平值及任何保留權益之公平值之總 額,所產生之差額於損益內確認為 本集團應佔收益或虧損。當附屬公 司之資產按重估金額或公平值入 賬,而相關累計收益及虧損已在其 他全面收入確認及在權益累計時, 原先在其他全面收入確認及在權益 累計之金額均會入賬,猶如本集團 已直接出售相關資產(即根據適用 香港財務報告準則之規定重新分類 至損益或直接轉撥至保留盈利)。 於失去控制權當日在前附屬公司保 留之任何投資之公平值將根據香港 會計準則第39號「金融工具:確認 及計量」於其後入賬時被列作首次 確認之公平值,或(如適用)於首 次確認時於聯營公司或共同控制實 體之投資成本。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 "Income taxes" and HKAS 19 "Employee benefits" respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or sharebased payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 "Share-based payment" at the acquisition date (see the accounting policy below); and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations" are measured in accordance with that Standard.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

業務合併

業務收購使用收購法列賬。在業務合併中轉讓之代價按公平值計量之代價按公平值計量產之。 本集團向被收購方前擁有人承擔人事情及本集團為交換被收購方控制權所發行股本權益於收購日期之公平值總和計算。收購相關成本一般在產生時於損益確認。

於收購日期,所收購可識別資產及 所承擔負債應按其公平值確認,惟 下列各項除外:

- 遞延稅項資產或負債及與僱員福利安排有關之負債或資產分別根據香港會計準則第12號「所得稅」及香港會計準則第19號「僱員福利」確認及計量;
- 與被收購方之股份付款交易或為取代被收購方之股份付款交易而訂立之本集團股份付款交易相關之負債或股本工具,於收購日期根據香港財務報告準則第2號「股份付款」計量(見下述會計政策);及
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5 號「持作出售之非流動資產及 已終止營運業務」劃分為持作 出售之資產(或出售組合)根 據該準則計量。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations (continued)

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after re-assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses, if any, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

業務合併(續)

已轉讓代價、被收購方之任何非控股權益金額及收購方先前持有被地購方股權(如有)之公平值總和超出所收購可識別資產及所承確到資產的分收購日期之淨估後)已收購日期之淨估後)已收購日之轉讓代價、被收購方先回轉讓代價、被收購方先可有被收購方權益(如有)之公平確認為議價收購收蓋。

商譽

收購業務產生之商譽按成本減任何 累計減值虧損(如有)列賬,且在 綜合財務狀況表中單獨呈列。

就減值測試而言,商譽會分配到各 預期可受惠於合併協同效應的相關 現金產生單位或現金產生單位組 別。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Goodwill (continued)

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit a pro rata on the basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in the profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

Investment in an associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

商譽(續)

出售有關現金產生單位時, 商譽應 佔金額於出售時計入釐定損益之金 額。

於聯營公司之投資

聯營公司為本集團對該公司有重大 影響力之實體,但不屬於附屬公司 或於合營企業之權益。重大影響指 參與所投資公司的財務及經營政策 的權利,但對該等政策並無控制或 聯合控制權。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment in an associate (continued)

The results and assets and liabilities of an associate are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of an associate used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method. investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of that associate. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

於聯營公司之投資(續)

聯營公司之業績及資產與負債以會 計權益法計入該等綜合財務報表。 聯營公司編製財務報表所採用權益 會計政策與本集團於類似情況下就 同類交易及事件所採用者一致。根 據權益法,於聯營公司之投資初步 按成本於綜合財務狀況表確認, 並於其後作出調整以確認本集團 分佔該聯營公司的損益及其他全面 收入。倘本集團分佔一間聯營公司 之虧損超出所持該聯營公司權益 (包括實質上屬本集團於該聯營公 司之投資淨額一部分的任何長期權 益),則本集團終止確認所分佔之 額外虧損。額外虧損僅於本集團產 生法定或推定責任或代該聯營公司 付款時確認。

收購成本超逾本集團於收購日期所 佔已確認聯營公司之可識別資產、 負債及或然負債公平淨值的金額確 認為商譽。商譽計入投資賬面值。

倘重估後本集團分佔可識別資產、 負債及或然負債的公平淨值超出收 購成本,則差額會即時於損益確 認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment in an associate (continued)

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 "Impairment of assets" as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

Joint ventures

Jointly controlled entity

Joint venture arrangements that involve the establishment of a separate entity in which venturers have joint control over the economic activity of the entity are referred to as jointly controlled entities.

The results and assets and liabilities of a jointly controlled entity are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investment in a jointly controlled entity is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the jointly controlled entity. When the Group's share of losses of a jointly controlled entity equals or exceeds its interest in that jointly controlled entity (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the jointly controlled entity), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that jointly controlled entity.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

於聯營公司之投資(續)

香港會計準則第39號的規定適用 於確定有無必要確認與本集團於聯 營公司投資相關的任何減值虧損 必要時,會按照香港會計準過 (包括商譽)作為單項資產,透 (包括商譽)作為單項資產值與其可收回金額(使用價值與其可收回金額(使用價值與其任何分 值進行減值測試。所確認的一部, 值虧損均為投資賬面值的的部,則 值虧損均為投資金額其後增加 值數經濟 按照香港會計準則第36號確認任 何撥回之減值虧損。

合資公司

共同控制實體

共同控制實體指以合營安排另行成 立之獨立實體,其各合營方共同控 制實體之經濟活動。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Joint ventures (continued)

Jointly controlled entity (continued)

The financial statements of a jointly controlled entity used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in a jointly controlled entity. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 "Impairment of assets" as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

合資公司(續)

共同控制實體(續)

共同控制實體編製財務報表所採用 權益會計政策與本集團於類似情況 下就同類交易及事件所採用者一 致。

香港會計準則第39號的規定適用 於確定是否有必要確認與本集團於 共同控制實體投資相關的任何漸 虧損。倘有必要,則會按照香港 損。倘有必要,則會按照香港投 預值,透過比較其可收回金額(包括商譽)作為額(包括商譽)作為額(包括商譽)作為額(包括商譽)的 產,透過比較其可收回金額(第一個與其賬面值進行減值則試試, 確認的任何減值虧損均為投資金則的 值的一部分。倘可收回投資金則第 36號確認任何撥回之減值虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts, returns and sales related taxes.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認

收入按已收或應收代價之公平值計算,相當於日常業務過程中所售貨品及所提供服務經扣除折扣、退貨及銷售相關稅項之應收金額。

產品銷售收入於產品付運及所有權 已轉移時並符合所有下列條件時確 認:

- 本集團已將產品擁有權之重 大風險及回報轉移予買方;
- 本集團並無保留一般與擁有權有關之銷售產品持續管理權或實際控制權;
- 收入金額能夠可靠地計量;
- 與交易相關之經濟利益很可能流入本集團;及
- 有關交易產生或將產生之成本能夠可靠地計量。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of the contract is determined as follows:

- installation fees are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the installation, determined as the proportion of the total time expected to install that has elapsed at the end of the reporting period;
- servicing fees are recognised by reference to the proportion of the total cost of providing the service;
 and
- revenue from time and material contracts is recognised at the contractual rates as labour hours and direct expenses are incurred.

Revenue from provision of consultancy and software development services, software outsourcing and commission income are recognised when services are provided.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Group's rights to receive payment have been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably).

Value Added Tax ("VAT") refund is recognised as income when the Group's rights to receive the VAT refund has been established.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

來自服務合約之收入經參考合約完 成進度後確認。合約完成進度按下 列方式釐定:

- 安裝費經參考安裝完成進度 確認,安裝完成進度按截至 呈報期結算日所用安裝時間 佔估計安裝總時間之比例釐 定;
- 服務費經參考佔所提供服務 之總成本之比例確認;及
- 按時計算及重大合約之收入 根據工時及直接開支按合約 率確認。

提供諮詢及軟件開發服務之收入、 軟件外包及佣金收入於提供服務時 確認。

金融資產之利息收入在本集團很可能獲得經濟利益且能可靠計量收入金額的情況下確認。金融資產之利息收入按時間累計,參照尚未償還本金及按適用實際利率入賬。實際利率指將金融資產預期可用年期內的估計日後現金收入完全貼現至該資產首次確認時之賬面淨值之比率。

在本集團很可能獲得經濟利益且能 可靠計量收入金額情況下,投資的 股息收入於本集團收取付款之權利 確立時確認。

增值税(「增值税」) 退税於本集團 收取增值税退税之權利確立時確認 為收入。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including leasehold land (classified as finance leases) and building held for administrative purposes other than properties under construction as described below are stated in the consolidated financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment other than properties under construction and less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include professional fees, the amortisation of prepaid lease payments provided during the construction period and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(包括分類為金融租賃的租賃土地及持作行政用途的樓宇,下文所述在建物業除外)按成本減其後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有)後於綜合財務狀況表列賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目(在建物業除外)的折舊以直線法於估計可使用年期撇銷其成本,並減去其估計剩餘價值確認。估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法於各呈報期結算日檢討,任何估計變動的影響按預期基準列賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時或 預期繼續使用該資產不會產生任何 日後經濟利益時終止確認。物業、 廠房及設備的出售或報廢所產生之 任何收益或虧損按該資產之出售所 得款項與賬面值之差額計算,於損 益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are calculated using the first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Government grants and subsidies

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者之較低者列賬。存貨成本採用先進先出 法計算。可變現淨值指存貨之估計 售價減完成時所有估計成本及進行 出售時所需成本。

政府補助及津貼

政府補助僅在可合理保證本集團將 遵守有關附屬條件且會獲得所述補 助的情況下確認。

政府補助乃於本集團將擬補償津貼之相關成本確認為開支期間有系統地於損益中確認。具體而言,主要條件為本集團須購買、興建或以其他方式收購非流動資產的政府補助於綜合財務狀況表確認為遞延收入,並按系統及合理基準在相關資產的可使用年期轉至損益。

本集團可獲取的旨在補償已產生開 支或虧損或為本集團提供即時財務 資助(而無未來相關成本)之政府 補助於應收時在損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Software development contracts

Where the outcome of a software development contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting period, measured based on the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to date relative to the estimated total contract costs, except where this would not be representative of the stage of completion. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that the amount can be measured reliably and its receipt is considered probable.

Where the outcome of a software development contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is shown as amounts due from customers for contract works. For contracts where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is shown as amounts due to customers for contract works. Amounts received before the related work is performed are included in the consolidated statement of financial position, as a liability, as advances received. Amounts billed for work performed but not yet paid by the customers are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under trade receivables.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

軟件開發合同

倘軟件開發合同的結果能可靠地估計,應根據合同業務在呈報期結算 日的完成進度確認收入及成本。合 同完成進度按實際完成的合同成本 佔估計合同總成本的比例計量,惟 倘結果未能反映完成進度則作別 論。合同工程、索賠及獎勵付款可 能收回的金額入賬。

倘軟件開發合同的結果不能可靠估計,合同收入則按已產生而有可能收回的合同成本確認。合同成本應在產生期間確認為開支。

倘合同總成本有可能超出合同總收 入,預計損失即時確認為開支。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development activities (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale:
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

The amount initially recognised for internally-generated intangible asset is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above. Where no internally-generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, internally-generated intangible asset is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses (if any), on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

研發開支

研究活動之開支於產生期間確認為 開支。

開發活動(或自內部項目開發階段)產生之內部產生無形資產,僅 在下列各項出現時,方會確認:

- 完成無形資產技術上可行, 將可供使用或出售;
- 完成、使用或出售無形資產 的意向;
- 使用或出售無形資產的能力;
- 無形資產將產生潛在未來經 濟利益;
- 充分取得完成無形資產開發及使用或出售無形資產的技術、財務及其他資源;及
- 可靠地計量無形資產於開發 時應佔的開支。

就內部產生的無形資產首次確認的 金額為無形資產首次達致上文所列 確認標準當日產生的開支總和。 開發費用在產生期間於損益支銷 首次確認後,內部產生之無形資產 按成本減累計攤銷及累計減值虧損 (如有)計量,與單獨收購之無形 資產基準相同。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's entities are translated from their functional currencies into the presentation currency of the Company (i.e. HKD) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve (attributed to noncontrolling interests as appropriate). On deconsolidation of a group entity which is not a foreign operation, exchange differences accumulated in the translation reserve arising from translating the assets and liabilities of the relevant entity into the presentation currency of the Group, will be transferred directly to retained profits.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

外幣

編製各個別集團實體之財務報表時,以該實體功能貨幣(即該實體 主要經營所在經濟地區之貨幣)以 外之貨幣(外幣)進行之交易均均 交易日期之適用匯率換算為功能貨 幣記賬。於呈報期結算日,以外幣 計值之貨幣項目按呈報期結算日之 適用匯率重新換算。以外幣按過往 成本計量之非貨幣項目毋須重新換 算。

結算及換算貨幣項目所產生之匯兑 差額均於產生年度於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before taxation' as reported in the consolidated income statement because it excludes items of income and expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable and deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

借貸成本

與收購、建造或生產合資格資產 (指需一段長時間方可達致其擬定 用途或可供銷售的資產)直接有關 之借貸成本均撥作該等資產之成 本,直至該資產大致可作其擬定用 途或可供銷售時止。特定借貸中, 在其應用於合資格資產之前所作的 臨時投資所賺取的投資收入,須於 可資本化的借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本均於產生期間在 損益確認。

税項

所得税開支指即期應付税項及遞延 税項的總和。

即期應付税項按年度應課税溢利計算。由於應課税溢利不包括其他年度應課税或可扣税收入及開支項目,亦不包括永不課税或永不可扣稅項目,故有別於綜合收益表所呈報之「除稅前溢利」。本集團即期稅項負債按呈報期結算日已實行或實質已實行之稅率計算。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and an associate, and interest in a joint venture, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值於呈報期結 算日檢討,並在不再可能會有足夠 應課税溢利收回全部或部分資產時 調減。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

根據呈報期結算日已頒佈或實際已 頒佈之税率(及税法),遞延税項 資產及負債按負債清償或資產變現 期間預期適用之税率計量。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量反映以 本集團預期之方式於呈報期結算日 將出現的税務後果,以收回資產或 清償負債之賬面值。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認,惟當其與於其他全面收入確認或直接於權益確認之項目有關時,在此情況下,即期及遞延税項亦會分別於其他全面收入確認或直接於權益確認。對於因業務合併進行初始會計處理時產生的即期或遞延税項,稅務影響計入業務合併之會計處理內。

無形資產

獨立收購的無形資產

獨立收購的有可使用限期之無形資產按成本減累計攤銷及累計減值虧損列賬。有可使用限期之無形資產於估計可使用年期以直線法確認攤銷。估計可使用年期及攤銷方法於各呈報期結算日檢討,而任何估計變動的影響按相應基準入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Intangible assets (continued)

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill and are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is recognised as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured at the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the profit or loss in the period when the asset is derecognised.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

無形資產(續)

業務合併中收購的無形資產

於業務合併中收購之無形資產與商譽分開確認,首次按收購日期之公平值(確認為有關無形資產之成本)確認。

首次確認後,有可使用限期之無形 資產按成本減累計攤銷及累計減值 虧損列賬,於估計可使用年期以直 線法確認攤銷。

無形資產於出售或預期未來使用或出售不再產生經濟利益時終止確認。因終止確認無形資產而產生之收益或虧損按出售所得款項淨額與資產賬面值之差額計算,並於資產終止確認時於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (see the accounting policy in respect of goodwill above)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

有形及無形資產(不包括商譽,有關商譽之會計政策請參閱上文)之減值虧損

可收回金額為公平值減銷售成本與 使用價值之間的較高者。於評估使 用價值時,估計未來現金流量會採 用反映現時市場對貨幣時間價值及 資產特殊風險的評估的稅前貼現 率,貼現至其現值,及並無就此對 未來現金流的估計予以調整。

倘預期資產(或現金產生單位)之 可回收金額低於其賬面值,則須將 該資產(或現金產生單位)之賬面 值減至其可回收金額。減值虧損即 時於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (see the accounting policy in respect of goodwill above) (continued)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

有形及無形資產(不包括商譽,有關商譽之會計政策請參閱上文)之減值虧損(續)

倘其後撥回減值虧損,則須將該資產(或現金產生單位)之賬面值增至其可回收金額之經修訂估計數額,惟增加後之賬面值不得超過過往年度資產(或現金產生單位)並無確認減值虧損而釐定之賬面值。減值虧損的撥回即時確認為收入。

金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於集團實體成 為工具合同條文之訂約方時在綜合 財務狀況表確認。

金融資產及金融負債首次按公平值計量。收購或發行金融資產之金融負債首次按產之金融負債(按公平值計入損益之金融負債(按公平值計分)直接應公平值或自金融負債之公公企。 公平值或自金融負債以公公企。 以供情况而定)。收購內計 以供益之金融資產或。 應佔交易成本即時於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets comprise loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The accounting policies are set out below. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables and amounts due from fellow subsidiaries, immediate holding company, ultimate holding company and non-controlling interest of a subsidiary, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產

本集團之金融資產包括貸款及應收 賬款以及可供出售金融資產,有關 會計政策載於下文。金融資產按其 性質及用途分類,並於首次確認時 確定類別。

貸款及應收賬款

實際利率法

實際利率法是計算負債工具攤銷成本及於有關期間攤分利息收入之方法。實際利率指將負債工具之預期使用年期或(如適用)較短期間內的估計日後現金收入(包括所有支付或收取屬整體實際利率之所有費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折價)完全貼現至首次確認之賬面淨值之利率。

利息收入按實際利率確認為負債工 具。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments.

Available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instrument are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of the reporting period (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividend is established.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產

可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產乃指定為或並非 分類為按公平值計入損益之金融資 產、貸款及應收賬款或持至到期投 資之非衍生工具。

對於並無活躍市場報價的可供出售之股本投資,倘其公平值未能可靠計量,且與之掛鉤的衍生工具必須以交付有關未報價權益工具結算,則於呈報期結算日按成本減任何已識別減值虧損計算(參閱以下有關金融資產減值虧損之會計政策)。

可供出售股本工具之股息,在本集 團收取股息之權力確定時於損益中 確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Loans and receivable and available-for-sale financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For all financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產之減值

貸款及應收賬款以及可供出售金融資產會於呈報期結算日評定有否減值跡象。當有客觀證據顯示金融資產之預期未來現金流量受首次確認該金融資產後發生之一項或多項事件所影響,則金融資產視為已減值。

所有金融資產的客觀減值證據可包 括:

- 發行人或交易對手出現重大 財務困難;或
- 違約,例如未能繳付或拖欠 償還利息或本金;或
- 借款人可能面臨破產或財務 重組。

對於若干金融資產(例如貿易應收 賬款),評估為不會單獨減值的資 產會另行一併評估減值。應收賬款 組合的客觀減值證據包括本集團過 往收款記錄、組合內超出平均信貸 期的延遲付款數量增加以及國家 地區經濟狀況出現明顯可影響應收 賬款還款情況的改變。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

For loans and receivables, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For available-for-sale financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the loans and receivables is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For loans and receivables, if in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產之減值(續)

對於貸款及應收賬款,已確認減值 虧損額按該資產賬面值與按該金融 資產之原先實際利率貼現估計未來 現金流量之現值間的差額計算。

對於可供出售按成本列賬之金融資產,減值虧損額按資產賬面值與按同類金融資產之現行市場回報率貼現估計未來現金流量之現值間的差額計算。有關減值虧損不會於往後期間撥回。

所有金融資產之減值虧損會直接於 貸款及應收賬款之賬面值扣減,惟 貿易應收賬款之賬面值則使用撥備 賬扣減。撥備賬之賬面值變動會於 損益確認。當貿易應收賬款視為來 可收回時,於撥備賬撇銷。其後收 回之前已撇銷的款項會計入損益。

對於貸款及應收賬款,倘減值虧損 額於往後期間減少,而減少額客觀 上與確認減值虧損後發生的事件有 關,則之前已確認的減值虧損將於 損益撥回,惟該資產於減值撥回當 日之賬面值不得超過假設未確認減 值時之攤銷成本。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instrument

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具

集團實體發行之負債及股本工具根 據合同安排之性質與金融負債及股 本工具之定義分類為金融負債或權 益。

股本工具是證明扣減所有負債後本 集團資產擁有剩餘權益之任何合 同。本公司發行之股本工具按已收 取所得款項扣除直接發行成本後確 認。

實際利率法

實際利率法是計算金融負債攤銷成本及按有關期間攤分利息支出的方法。實際利率是將金融負債之預期使用年期或(如適用)較短期間內的估計日後現金付款(包括所有支付或收取屬整體實際利率之所有費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折價)完全貼現至首次確認之賬面淨值之利率。

利息支出按實際利率基準確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instrument (continued)

Redeemable convertible preferred shares ("Preferred Shares")

Preferred Shares issued by the Company that contain both the liability and equity components are classified separately into respective liability and equity components on initial recognition. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instrument is classified as an equity instrument.

On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is determined using the prevailing market interest rate of similar non-convertible debts. The difference between the proceeds of the issue of the Preferred Shares and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the embedded conversion option for the holder to convert the Preferred Shares into equity, is included in equity (Preferred shares equity reserve).

In subsequent periods, the liability component of the Preferred Shares is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The equity component, representing the option to convert the liability component into ordinary shares of the Company, will remain in preferred shares equity reserve until the embedded option is exercised (in which case the balance stated in preferred shares equity reserve will be transferred to share premium). Where the option remains unexercised at the expiry date, the balance stated in preferred shares equity reserve will remain in the preferred shares equity reserve. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the option.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

可贖回可換股優先股(「優先股」)

本公司發行之優先股包括負債及股本部分,須於首次確認時分別列入各負債及股本部分。以定額現金或其他金融資產交換定額本公司股本工具的換股權列為股本工具。

首次確認時,負債部分之公平值是 根據同類不可換股債項之現行市場 利率釐定。發行優先股之所得款項 與轉至負債部分之公平值間的差額 (即讓持有人將優先股轉換為股本 之嵌入轉換認購期權)計入股本部 分(優先股股本儲備)。

於往後期間,優先股之負債部分以 實際利率法按攤銷成本列賬,股本 部分(即將負債部分轉換為本公司 普通股之期權),會保留於優先股 股本儲備內直至行使嵌入期權 止,在此情況下,優先股股本儲備 之結餘會轉撥至股份溢價。倘期權 於到期日仍未行使,則優先股股本儲備之結餘會保留在優先股股本儲備。期權轉換或到期時並不會於損 益賬確認任何收益或虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instrument (continued)

Redeemable convertible preferred shares ("Preferred Shares") (continued)

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the Preferred Shares are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the Preferred Shares using the effective interest method.

Redeemable convertible preferred shares with modified terms ("New Preferred Shares")

New Preferred Shares issued by the Company that contain both liability and conversion option components are classified separately into respective items on initial recognition. Conversion option that will be settled other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is a conversion option derivative. At the date of issue, both the liability and conversion option components are recognised at fair value. In subsequent periods, the liability component of the New Preferred Shares is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The conversion option derivative is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the New Preferred Shares are allocated to the liability and conversion option components in proportion to their relative fair values. Transaction costs relating to the conversion option derivative is charged to profit or loss immediately. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the New Preferred Shares using the effective interest method.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

可贖回可換股優先股(「優先股」) (續)

與發行優先股有關之交易成本會按 所得款項總額之分配比例分配至負 債及股本部分。與股本部分有關之 交易成本會直接自股本扣除。與負 債部分有關之交易成本以負債部分 賬面值列賬,並以實際利率法於優 先股期間攤銷。

經修訂可贖回可換股優先股(「新優先股」)

與發行新優先股有關之交易成本會 按所得款項總額之分配比例分配至 負債及換股權。與換股權衍生工具 有關之交易成本會即時於損益支 銷。與負債部分有關之交易成本以 負債部分賬面值列賬,並以實際利 率法於新優先股期間攤銷。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instrument (continued)

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities including trade and bills payables, other payables and accrued expenses and amounts due to fellow subsidiaries, ultimate holding company and non-controlling interest of a subsidiary are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

其他金融負債

其他金融負債包括貿易應付賬款及 應付票據、其他應付賬款及應計開 支,以及應付同集團附屬公司、最 終控股公司及附屬公司非控股權益 的款項,其後均使用實際利率法按 攤銷成本計算。

終止確認

倘本集團僅於自資產獲得現金流量 之合約權利屆滿,會終止確認該項 金融資產。

終止確認金融資產時,資產賬面值 與已於其他全面收入確認的已收及 應收代價以及累計收益或虧損並於 權益累計的總和之差額,將於損益 確認。

本集團於且僅於本集團責任獲解除、取消或到期時,終止確認金融 負債。終止確認之金融負債賬面值 與已付及應付代價之差額於損益確 認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Substantial modification of a financial liability

A substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating lease.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the relevant lease terms, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

3. 主要會計政策(續) 金融負債之重大修改

現有金融負債條款之重大修改須以 撇銷原來金融負債及確認新金融負 債之方式入賬。已撇銷金融負債之 賬面值與已付代價(包括任何已轉 讓非現金資產或已承擔負債)之差 額須於損益中確認。

和賃

凡租約條款將租賃擁有權之絕大部 分風險及回報轉讓予承租人之租約 均分類為財務租約。所有其他租約 則分類為經營租約。

本集團作為承租人

經營租約付款按直線法於有關租期 內確認為開支,惟倘另一系統基準 更能代表動用租賃資產經濟利益的 時間模式則除外。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leasing (continued)

Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid lease payments" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

租賃土地及樓宇

在租賃款項能夠可靠分配之情況下,租賃土地之權益作為經營租約於綜合財務狀況表呈列為「預付租賃款項」,並按直線法於租期內攤銷。倘租金支出無法可靠地在土地與樓宇部分之間作出分配,則整個租賃一般分類為財務租約,並列作物業、廠房及設備。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Share-based payment transactions

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees of the Group

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (share option reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to share option reserve.

When the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to retained profits.

In relation to share options granted before 1 January 2005, the Group chose not to apply HKFRS 2 "Share-based payments" with respect to share options granted after 7 November 2002 and vested before 1 January 2005, the financial impact of share options granted is not recorded in the consolidated financial statements until such time as the options are exercised, and no charge is recognised in profit or loss in respect of the value of options granted. Upon the exercise of the share options, the resulting shares issued are recorded as additional share capital at the nominal value of the shares, and the excess of the exercise price per share over the nominal value of the shares is recorded as share premium. Options which lapse or are cancelled prior to their exercise date are deleted from the register of outstanding options.

3. 主要會計政策(續) 以股份支付之交易 以股權結算股份支付之交易

授予本集團僱員之購股權

經參照授出當日已授出購股權之公 平值而釐定之已收取服務公平值, 於歸屬期間按直線法確認為開支, 而股本(購股權儲備)則相應增加。

於呈報期結算日,本集團會修訂預期最終歸屬之購股權估計數目。歸屬期間修訂原估計之影響(如有)在損益確認,以使累計開支反映已修訂估計,並對購股權儲備作出相應調整。

於行使購股權時,先前已在購股權儲備中確認之金額將轉撥至股份溢價。倘購股權於歸屬日期後被沒收或於到期日仍未獲行使,則先前已在購股權儲備中確認之金額將轉撥至留存溢利。

對於二零零五年一月一日前授出之 購股權,本集團選擇不會就二零零 二年十一月十日後授出及於二零零 五年一月一日前歸屬之購股權應用 香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份 為基準之支付1,授出購股權之財 務影響不會計入綜合財務報表,直 至該等購股權獲行使為止,且不會 就已授出購股權之價值於損益確認 開支。於購股權獲行使時,因此而 發行的股份會按股份之面值入賬列 為額外股本,而每股股份行使價超 出股份面值之部分入賬列為股份溢 價。於行使日期已失效或註銷之購 股權會從尚未行使之購股權之登記 冊內刪除。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Retirement benefits costs

Payments to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme and other retirement benefit schemes managed by the PRC government are charged as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

Estimated impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets

Determining whether goodwill and other intangible assets relating to the software development and solution and acquired in a business combination are impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less cost to sell and value in use. The Group performed impairment assessment by estimating the value in use of the cash-generating unit in which the goodwill and intangible assets are attributable to, which approximately the fair value less cost to sell. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cashgenerating units and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. The discount rate represents the rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected or where there are events or changes in facts or circumstances which resulted in a revision of estimated cash flows, further material impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss may arise. The carrying amounts of goodwill and other intangible assets at 31 December 2012 were approximately HK\$14,188,000 (2011: HK\$77,649,000) and HK\$21,122,000 (2011: HK\$39,493,000) respectively with impairment loss recognised during the year for goodwill of HK\$63,915,000 (2011: nil). No impairment loss was recognised for other intangible assets for both years.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

退休福利成本

對強制性公積金計劃及中國政府管理之其他退休福利計劃支付之供款,乃於僱員提供服務而有權獲得供款時列作開支支鎖。

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源

以下為極可能導致下一個財政年度 之資產及負債賬面值大幅調整有關 未來之主要假設及於呈報期結算日 估計不明朗因素之其他主要來源的 討論。

商譽及其他無形資產估計減 值

釐定關於軟件開發及解決方案以及 業務合併中所收購之商譽及其他無 形資產是否減值時,須估計可收回 金額。可收回金額為公平值減出售 成本與使用價值兩者之較高者。本 集團估計商譽及無形資產應佔現金 產生單位之使用價值(與公平值減 出售成本相約),從而進行減值評 估。計算使用價值需要本集團估計 用作計算現值之現金產生單位之預 期未來現金流量及適當折現率。折 現率指反映現時市場對貨幣時間價 值之評估及並未調整估計未來現金 流量之資產風險之比率。倘實際未 來現金流量少於預期或倘出現導致 修訂估計現金流量之事件或事實 或情況變動,則可能出現進一步 重大減值虧損或撥回減值虧損。 商譽及其他無形資產於二零一二 年十二月三十一日之賬面值分別約 為14,188,000港元(二零一一年: 77,649,000港元)及21,122,000 港元(二零一一年: 39,493,000 港元),並就商譽確認減值虧損 63,915,000港元(二零一一年: 無)。該兩年度均無就其他無形資 產確認減值虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

5. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of business. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which include redeemable convertible preferred shares disclosed in note 33 and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and retained profits.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a continuous basis taking into account the cost of capital and the risks associates with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of redeemable convertible preferred shares or convertible notes to strategic investors or the redemption of the existing debt.

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

Financial assets	金融資產
Available-for-sale investment	可供出售投資
Loans and receivables	貸款及應收賬款
(including cash and	(包括現金及
cash equivalents)	現金等值物)
	A -1 5 /-
Financial liabilities	金融負債
Amortised cost	攤銷成本
Fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益
– Derivative financial instruments	- 衍生金融工具

5. 資本風險管理

本集團的政策是維持穩健資本基礎,確保債權人及市場對本集團有信心並支持未來業務的發展。本集團的整體策略與去年無異。

本集團資本架構由債項(包括附註 33所披露可贖回可換股優先股)及 本公司擁有人應佔權益(包括已發 行股本、儲備及留存溢利)組成。

本公司董事根據資金成本及各級別 資本相關風險持續檢討資本結構。 根據董事之推薦建議,本集團透過 派付股息、發行新股份及發行可贖 回可換股優先股或可換股票據予策 略投資者或贖回現有債務平衡整體 資本結構。

6. 金融工具

(a) 金融工具類別

2012	2011
二零一二年	二零一一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
22,693	22,566
1,648,819	1,647,349
	7
353,477	289,557
	,
30,857	9,600

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include amounts due from fellow subsidiaries, immediate holding company, ultimate holding company and non-controlling interest of a subsidiary, trade and bills receivables, other receivables, trade and bills payables, other payables and accrued expenses. amounts due to fellow subsidiaries and ultimate holding company and non-controlling interest of a subsidiary, redeemable convertible preferred shares, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Market risk

Currency risk

The Group collects most of its revenue in HK\$ and RMB and incurs most of the expenditures as well as capital expenditures in HK\$ and RMB. The directors consider that the Group's foreign currency exchange risk is insignificant as the majority of the Group's transactions are denominated in functional currency of each individual group entity.

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策

本集團之主要金融工具包括 應收同集團附屬公司、直接 控股公司、最終控股公司及 附屬公司非控股權益的款 額、貿易應收票據、其他應 收賬款、貿易應付賬款及應 付票據、其他應付款額及累 計開支、應付同集團附屬公 司、最終控股公司及附屬公 司非控股權益的款額、可贖 回可換股優先股、已抵押銀 行存款與銀行結餘及現金。 該等金融工具詳情於各附註 披露。下文載列與該等金融 工具有關之風險及如何降低 該等風險之政策。管理層管 理及監控該等風險,確保及 時有效地採取適當措施。

市場風險

貨幣風險

本集團大部分收入、開支及 資本開支均以港元及人民幣 計值。由於本集團大部分交 易以各個別集團實體之功能 貨幣計值,故董事認為本集 團之外幣換算風險不大。

本集團現時並無外幣對沖政 策。然而,管理層監察外匯 風險,並會於有需要時考慮 對沖重大外幣風險。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

Currency risk (continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities at the reporting date are as follows:

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

市場風險(續)

貨幣風險(續)

於呈報日期,本集團以外幣 計值之貨幣資產及負債的賬 面值如下:

		sets 產	Liabilities 負債		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
	二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一二年	二零一一年	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Relative to RMB: 相對人民幣: HK\$ 港元	1,624	660	64,961	63,519	
Relative to HK\$相對港元					
United States 美元					
Dollars ("US\$") (「美元」)	71,488	130,300	_	_	
Japanese Yen ("JPY") 日圓(「日圓」)	12	13,470	_	_	
Euro 歐元		163			

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

For the entities of which their functional currency is HK\$ while holding assets denominated in US\$, the directors consider that, as HK\$ is pegged to US\$, the Group is not subject to significant foreign currency risk from change in foreign exchange rate of HK\$ against US\$ and hence only consider the sensitivity of the change in foreign exchange rate of HK\$ against currencies other than US\$. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding monetary items which are denominated in relevant foreign currencies and adjusts its translation at the year end for a 5% change in the relevant foreign currencies exchange rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in post-tax profit for the year where the relevant foreign currencies strengthens 5% against the functional currency of each group entities. For a 5% weakening of the relevant foreign currencies against the relevant foreign currencies, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the post-tax profit for the year and the balances below would be negative. 5% (2011: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used by management in the assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

市場風險(續)

敏感度分析

功能貨幣為港元而持有以美 元計值的資產之實體方面, 由於港元與美元掛鉤,董事 認為本集團因港元兑美元的 外幣匯率波動所涉外匯風險 並不重大,故僅考慮港元兑 美元以外貨幣之匯率波動的 敏感度。敏感度分析僅包括 以相關外幣列值的未結算貨 幣項目,並在各年終對有關 項目按5%相關外幣匯率變 化進行換算調整。下文所示 的正數表示年內因相關外幣 兑各集團實體功能貨幣升值 5%而使除税後溢利增加。相 反, 若相關外幣兑各集團實 體功能貨幣貶值5%,則年內 除税後溢利會等額下跌,以 下結餘會呈負數。5%(二零 -年:5%)的敏感度比率 是管理層所評估外幣匯率的 合理變幅。

2012

		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
(Increase) decrease in post-tax	年內除税後虧損		
loss for the year	(增加)減少		
(2011: (Decrease) increase in	(二零一一年:年內除稅後		
post-tax profit for the year)	溢利(減少)增加)		
HK\$ impact	港元影響	(2,644)	(2,624)
JPY impact	日圓影響	1	505
Euro impact	歐元影響		7

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

Interest rate risk

The Group's fair value interest rate risk relates primarily to redeemable convertible preferred shares. The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances.

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk primarily related to its bank balances carried at prevailing market rate. In addition, the Group has concentration of interest rate risk on its floating rate bank balances which expose the Group significantly towards the change in the People's Bank of China's interest rate.

The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to the variable-rate bank balances in the PRC. The analysis is prepared assuming the PRC bank balances outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 100 basis points (2011: 50 basis points) increase or 50 basis points (2011: 50 basis points) decrease is used, which represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

市場風險(續)

利率風險

本集團之公平值利率風險主 要與可贖回可換股優先股有 關。本集團亦面對與浮息銀 行結餘有關的現金流量利率 風險。

本集團的現金流量利率風險 主要與按現行市場利率計息 的銀行結餘有關。此外,團 於浮息銀行結餘使本集團面 對中國人民銀行利率團面 重大風險,故本集團面 關集中利率風險。

本集團現時並無利率對沖政 策。然而,管理層監察利率 風險,並會於需要時考慮對 沖重大利率風險。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

Interest rate risk (continued)

The management adjusted the sensitivity rate from 50 basis points to 100 basis points for the upward interest rate after considering the very low interest rate level at present and the market's expectation on the future interest rate trend in the coming year.

If interest rates had been 100 basis points (2011: 50 basis points) higher or 50 basis points (2011: 50 basis points) lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax loss for the year ended 31 December 2012 would decrease by HK\$9,373,000 (2011: post-tax profit would increase by HK\$4,686,000 (2011: post-tax profit would decrease by HK\$4,686,000 (2011: post-tax profit would decrease by HK\$4,693,000) respectively.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

市場風險(續)

利率風險(續)

經考慮目前的極低利率水平 及市場預期來年的未來利率 趨勢,管理層就上調的利率 將敏感度比率由50基點調整 至100基點。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

Other price risk

The Group is exposed to price risk through its available-for-sale investments. However, the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

The Group is required to estimate the fair value of the conversion option embedded in the redeemable convertible preferred shares at the end of the reporting period with changes in fair value to be recognised in profit or loss as long as the redeemable convertible preferred shares are outstanding. The fair value adjustment will be affected either positively or negatively, amongst others, by the changes in market interest rate, the Company's share market price and share price volatility.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to the Company's share price risks at the reporting date only as the directors of the Company consider that the change in market interest rate may not have significant financial impact on the fair value of conversion option. If the Company's share price, which was used as key input in the valuation of conversion option, had been 10% higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's loss for the year (as a result of changes in fair value of conversion option component of redeemable convertible preferred shares) would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$7,972,000 (2011:profit for the year decrease/increase by HK\$4,000,000).

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

市場風險(續)

其他價格風險

本集團面對來自可供出售投資的價格風險。然而,由於 合理公平值的估計範圍相當 大,本公司董事認為無法可 靠計量其公平值。

敏感度分析

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties' failure to perform their obligations as at 31 December 2012 and 2011 in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition. the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade and bills receivable, amounts due from fellow subsidiaries, immediate holding company and ultimate holding company at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. The Group's trade and bills receivables as at 31 December 2012 are due from a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries. The management closely monitors the subsequent settlement of the customers and does not grant long credit period to them. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

信貸風險

二零一二年及二零一一年 十二月三十一日,倘交易方 未能履行責任,則本集團就 各類已確認金融資產須承受 之最大信貸風險為已於綜合 財務狀況表列值之該等資產 賬面值。為盡量降低信貸風 險,本集團管理層已委派一 組人員負責制訂信貸限額、 信貸審批及其他監控措施, 確保採取跟進措施收回逾期 債項。此外,於各呈報期結 算日,本集團評估各個別貿 易應收賬款及應收票據、 應收同集團附屬公司、直接 控股公司及最終控股公司款 項之可收回金額,確保就不 可收回金額作出足夠減值虧 損。本集團於二零一二年 十二月三十一日之貿易應收 賬款及應收票據主要為應收 分散於多個行業的大量客戶 的款項。管理層已密切關注 該等客戶其後的還款情況, 並不會再授予該等客戶較長 信貸期。因此,本公司董事 認為本集團之信貸風險已大 幅降低。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

The Group has concentration of credit risk on trade receivables from ultimate holding company and two fellow subsidiaries (2011: ultimate holding company, immediate holding company and a fellow subsidiary). The ultimate holding company and a fellow subsidiary (2011: ultimate holding company and a fellow subsidiary) are within software development and solution segment and located in the PRC and the other fellow subsidiary (2011: immediate holding company) is within trading of IT components segment and located in HK.

The Group's bank balances are deposited with banks with high credit ratings and the Group has limited exposure to any single financial institution.

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains adequate cash and cash equivalents by continuously monitor forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of certain financial assets (including trade and bills receivables, amounts due from fellow subsidiaries, immediate holding company and ultimate holding company, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash) and certain financial liabilities (including trade and bills payables, other payables and accrued expenses, amounts due to fellow subsidiaries, ultimate holding company and non-controlling interest of a subsidiary and interest payable and principal of redeemable convertible preferred shares).

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

信貸風險(續)

本集團銀行存款均存放於高 信貸評級之銀行。本集團來 自任何單一金融機構之風險 有限。

流動資金風險

管理流動資金風險時,本集 **围透過持續監察預測及實際** 現金流量,以及若干金融資 產(包括貿易應收賬款及應 收票據、應收同集團附屬公 司、直接控股公司及最終控 股公司之款額、已抵押銀行 存款以及銀行結餘及現金)及 若干金融負債(包括貿易應付 賬款及應付票據、其他應付 款額及累計開支、應付同集 **围附屬公司、最終控股公司** 及附屬公司非控股權益的款 額及可贖回可換股優先股之 應付利息及本金)之到期情 況,監察及維持足夠的現金 及現金等值物。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its aforesaid non-derivative monetary financial assets. The table below has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of those financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets except for pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash:

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

下表詳列本集團上述非衍生 貨幣金融資產的餘下合同到 期情況。該表根據該等金融 資產(包括除已抵押銀行存款 及銀行結餘及現金外,該等 資產將賺取的利息)的未折現 合同到期情況編製:

								Total
		Weighted	Repayable					carrying
		average	on demand		6 months		Total	amount at
		effective	or less than	3 months	to		undiscounted	31.12.2012
		interest rate	3 months	to	1 year	1 to 5	cash flows	於二零一二年
		加權平均	按要求償還	6 months	六個月	years	未折現現金	十二月三十一日
		實際利率	或少於三個月	三至六個月	至一年	一至五年	流量總額	之賬面值總額
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		%	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2012	二零一二年							
Trade and bills receivables	應收貿易賬款及應收票據	_	161,048	42,454	47,061	_	250,563	250,563
Amounts due from	應收同集團							
fellow subsidiaries	附屬公司款額	_	138,299	9,414	2,504	_	150,217	150,217
Amount due from ultimate	應收最終控股							
holding company	公司款額	_	11,965	_	_	_	11,965	11,965
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	1.61	_	8,256	6,530	_	14,786	14,786
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	0.05	1,184,761	_	_	_	1,184,761	1,184,761
			1,496,073	60,124	56,095		1,612,292	1,612,292
Trade and bills receivables Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries Amount due from ultimate holding company Pledged bank deposits	應收貿易賬款及應收票據 應收同集團 附屬公司款額 應收最終控股 公司款額 已抵押銀行存款	% % — — — 1.61	####################################	<i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元 42,454 9,414	<i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元 47,061 2,504	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 千港元 250,563 150,217 11,965 14,786	HK\$'000 千港元 250,563 150,217 11,965 14,786

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

								Total
		Weighted	Repayable					carrying
		average	on demand		6 months		Total	amount at
		effective	or less than	3 months	to		undiscounted	31.12.2011
		interest rate	3 months	to	1 year	1 to 5	cash flows	於二零一一年
		加權	按要求償還	6 months	六個月	years	未折現現金	十二月三十一日
		平均實際利率	或少於三個月	三至六個月	至一年	一至五年	流量總額	之賬面值總額
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		%	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2011	_零年							
Trade and bills receivables	應收貿易賬款及應收票據	_	132,747	44,037	26,110	_	202,894	202,894
Amounts due from	應收同集團							
fellow subsidiaries	附屬公司款額	_	89,542	7,530	3,407	_	100,479	100,479
Amount due from immediate	應收直接控股							
holding company	公司款額	_	33,896	_	_	_	33,896	33,896
Amount due from ultimate	應收最終控股							
holding company	公司款額	_	19,258	_	_	_	19,258	19,258
Amount due from	應收附屬公司							
non-controlling	非控股權益款額							
interest of a subsidiary		_	20	_	_	_	20	20
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	0.05	1,255,855				1,255,855	1,255,855
			1,531,318	51,567	29,517	_	1,612,402	1,612,402
					20/01/		-1,0.2,102	.,,,,,,,,,

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment dates. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

下表詳列本集團非衍生金融 負債基於協定還款期的餘下 合同到期情況。該表格乃根 據本集團金融負債中未折現 現金流量按最早須付款日期 編製,包括利息及本金現金流量。

								Total
		Weighted	Repayable					carrying
		average	on demand	3 months			Total	amount at
		effective	or less than	to 6	6 months		undiscounted	31.12.2012
		interest rate	3 months	months	to 1 year	1 to 5	cash flows	於二零一二年
		加權平均	按要求償還	to 6 months	六個月	years	未折現現金	十二月三十一日
		實際利率	或少於三個月	三至六個月	至一年	一至五年	流量總額	之賬面值總額
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		%	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2012	二零一二年							
Trade and bills payables	ーマ — [→] 貿易應付賬款及應付票據	_	137,493	47,322	7,461	_	192,276	192,276
Other payables and	其他應付款額		131,133	47,362	7,701		132,270	132,270
accrued expenses	及應計開支	_	61,498	4,484	152	_	66,134	66,134
Amounts due to	應付同集團附屬		0.7.50	1,101			00/151	00/131
fellow subsidiaries	公司款額	_	26,885	_	_	_	26,885	26,885
Amount due to ultimate	應付最終		_0,000				20,000	20,000
holding company	控股公司款額	_	3,221	_	_	_	3,221	3,221
Redeemable convertible	可贖回可換股		-,					-,
preferred shares	優先股	9.0	_	_	69,751	_	69,751	64,961
			229,097	51,806	77,364	486	358,267	353,477

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

								Total
		Weighted	Repayable					carrying
		average	on demand				Total	amount at
		effective	or less than	3 months	6 months		undiscounted	31.12.2011
		interest rate	3 months	to 6	to 1 year	1 to 5	cash flows	於二零一一年
		加權平均	按要求償還	months	六個月	years	未折現現金	十二月三十一日
		實際利率	或少於三個月	三至六個月	至一年	一至五年	流量總額	之賬面值總額
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		%	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2011	二零一一年							
Trade and bills payables	デーマー 貿易應付賬款及應付票據	_	138,112	14,925	8,122	_	161,159	161,159
Other payables and	其他應付款額		130,112	17,323	0,122		101,133	101,133
accrued expenses	及應計開支	_	34,009	2,836	324	_	37,169	37,169
Amounts due to	應付同集團附屬		54,005	2,030	324		37,103	37,103
fellow subsidiaries	公司款額	_	12,157	7,589	_	_	19,746	19,746
Amount due to ultimate	應付最終		12,137	7,303			15,740	15,740
holding company	控股公司款額	_	4,787	_	_	_	4,787	4,787
Amount due to non-control			7,101				4,707	4,101
interest of a subsidiary	非控股權益款額	_	3,177	_	_	_	3,177	3,177
Redeemable convertible	可贖回可換股		5,177				5,177	5,111
preferred shares	優先股	9.0	_	_	5,716	69,751	75,467	63,519
preferred strates	(& / UIA	5.0						
			192,242	25,350	14,162	69,751	301,505	289,557

No liquidity analysis for its derivative financial instruments is presented as there is no contractual cash flows arising from these derivative instruments.

由於該等衍生工具並無產生合約現 金流,概無呈列衍生金融工具的流 動資金分析。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Fair value

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis. For an option-based derivative, the fair value is estimated using an appropriate option pricing model.

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their fair values.

Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, Level 3 financial liability represented the derivative financial instruments embedded in the redeemable convertible preferred shares. Details of reconciliation are disclosed in note 33.

6. 金融工具(續)

(c) 公平值

金融資產及金融負債之公平 值乃根據基於貼現現金流量 分析之公認定價模式釐定。 期權衍生工具的公平值採用 合適的期權定價模型估算。

董事認為,按攤銷成本列入 綜合財務報表之金融資產及 金融負債之賬面值與其公平 值相若。

於財務狀況表確認之公平值計量

下表載列在按公平值作初步 確認後計量之金融工具(據觀 察所得之公平值分類為第一 類至第三類)之分析。

- 第一類:公平值計量指 可識別資產或負債在活 躍市場報價(未經調整) 進行的計量。
- 第二類:公平值計量 指,除第一類計及的報 價外,就資產或負債直 接(即價格)或間接(即自 價格所得)觀察所得的輸 入數據進行的計量。
- 第三類:公平值計量指運用並非根據可觀察市場數據之資產或負債輸入數據 (無法觀察輸入數據)之估值方法進行的計量。

於二零一二年及二零一一年 十二月三十一日,第三類金 融負債指嵌入可贖回可換股 優先股的衍生金融工具。對 賬詳情披露於附註33。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

7. REVENUE

Revenue represents revenue arising on sales of information technology ("IT") components, software development contracts and software outsourcing contracts. An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

Sales of IT components	IT元件
Revenue from software	軟件開發
development contracts	合約收入
- Sales of IT peripherals and	一銷售IT周邊產品
software	及軟件
- Software development	一軟件開發
Revenue from software	軟件外包
outsourcing contracts	合約收入

7. 收入

收入指銷售信息技術(「IT」)元件、 軟件開發合約及軟件外包合約產生 的收入。本集團本年度收入分析如 下:

2012	2011
二零一二年	二零一一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
1,239,465	963,443
480,953	675,803
492,152	457,859
188,455	124,477
2,401,025	2,221,582

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is currently organised into three operating divisions, namely trading of IT components, software development and solution and software outsourcing. These operating divisions are the basis of the internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker, represented by the board of directors of the Group, in order to assess their performance.

Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating and reportable segment.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

8. 分類資料

本集團現時分成三大業務部門,即 IT元件貿易、軟件開發和解決方案 及提供軟件外包服務。本集團主要 經營決策者(本集團董事會)定期審 閱本集團以上述業務部門劃分的內 部報告以評估該等業務部門表現。

分類收入及業績

IT services

下文載列本集團按可呈報經營分類 劃分之收入及業績的分析。

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止 年度

			IT 服	\務 ————	
		Trading of	Software development		
		IT	and solution	Software	
		components	軟件開發	outsourcing	Consolidated
		IT元件貿易	和解決方案	軟件外包	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Segment revenue	分類收入	1,239,465	973,105	188,455	2,401,025
Segment profit (loss)	分類溢利(虧損)	75,487	(169,599)	4,477	(89,635)
Other income, gains	其他收入、				
and losses	收益及虧損				8,367
Share of profit of an	應佔聯營公司				
associate	溢利				13,627
Share of loss of a jointly	應佔一間共同				
controlled entity	控制實體虧損				(237)
Central administration costs	中央行政成本				(9,284)
Interest expenses	利息支出				(6,101)
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損				(83,263)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment revenues and results (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2011

8. 分類資料 (續)

分類收入及業績(續)

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止 年度

IT services IT服務

			- 4		
			Software		
		Trading of	development		
		IT	and solution	Software	
		components	軟件開發	outsourcing	Consolidated
		IT元件貿易	和解決方案	軟件外包	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Segment revenue	分類收入	963,443	1,133,662	124,477	2,221,582
Segment profit (loss)	分類溢利(虧損)	73,994	(2,804)	3,973	75,163
Other income, gains and	其他收入、				
losses	收益及虧損				13,346
Share of profit of an	應佔聯營公司				Ĺ
associate	溢利				705
Central administration costs	中央行政成本				(6,408)
Interest expenses	利息支出				(15,029)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利				67,777

Note: All of the segment revenue reported for both years was from external customers.

附註: 上述兩年度呈報的所有分類收 入均來自外部客戶。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

Segment revenues and results (continued)

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment profit (loss) represents the profit mainly earned by/loss from each segment without allocation of other income, gains and losses including mainly net foreign exchange gain/loss and interest income, loss arising from modification of the terms of redeemable convertible preferred shares, fair value change in conversion option derivatives embedded in redeemable convertible preferred shares, loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment and loss on disposal of a subsidiary, share of profit of an associate and loss of a jointly controlled entity, central administration costs including directors' remuneration and interest expenses. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

8. 分類資料 (續)

分類收入及業績(續)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by operating and reportable segment.

At 31 December 2012

8. 分類資料 (續) 分類資產及負債

下文載列本集團按可呈報經營分類 劃分之資產及負債的分析。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日

			IT ser IT 〗		
		Trading of IT components IT元件貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Software development and solution 軟件開發 和解決方案 HK\$'000 千港元	Software outsourcing 軟件外包 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS	資產				
Segment assets	分類資產	158,536	562,717	42,300	763,553
Property, plant and equipment Interest in an associate Interest in a jointly controlled entity Bank balances and cash	物業、廠房及 設備 於聯營公司權益 於共同控制 實體權益 銀行結餘及現金				64,623 128,489 122,629 1,184,761
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款				14,786
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項				39,020
Other unallocated assets	其他未分配資產				17,455
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額				2,335,316
LIABILITIES	負債				
Segment liabilities	分類負債	39,014	430,293	11,715	481,022
Taxation payable Redeemable convertible	應繳税項 可贖回可換股				11,717
preferred shares Derivative financial	優先股 衍生金融				64,961
instrument	工具				30,857
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債				19,140
Other unallocated liabilities	其他未分配負債				22,337
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額				630,034

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment assets and liabilities (continued)

At 31 December 2011

8. 分類資料 (續)

分類資產及負債(續)

於二零一一年十二月三十一日

IT services IT 服務

			X	小刀	
			Software		
		Trading of	development		
		IT	and solution	Software	
		components	軟件開發	outsourcing	Consolidated
		IT元件貿易	和解決方案	軟件外包	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	<i>千港元</i>	千港元	千港元
ASSETS	資產				
Segment assets	分類資產	108,761	679,978	47,118	835,857
Property, plant and	物業、廠房及				
equipment	設備				21,339
Interest in an associate	於聯營公司權益				114,219
Interest in a jointly	於共同控制實體				
controlled entity	權益				122,175
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金				1,255,855
Other unallocated assets	其他未分配資產				5,608
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額				2,355,053
LIABILITIES	負債				
Segment liabilities	分類負債	62,227	324,488	4,227	390,942
Taxation payable	應繳税項				16,869
Redeemable convertible	可贖回可換股				
preferred shares	優先股				63,519
Derivative financial	洐生金融工具				
instruments					9,600
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債				22,668
Other unallocated liabilities	其他未分配負債				12,368
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額				515,966

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment assets and liabilities (continued)

For the purposes of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments, other than property, plant and equipment for Group administrative purpose, interest in an associate, interest in a jointly controlled entity, bank balances and cash, pledged bank deposits, prepaid lease payments and other assets including taxation recoverable, certain non-trade portion of amounts due from related parties, prepayments and deposits.
- all liabilities are allocated to operating and reportable segments, other than taxation payable, redeemable convertible preferred shares, derivate financial instruments, deferred tax liabilities and other liabilities including certain non-trade portion of amounts due to related parties and other payable in relation to corporate administration costs.

8. 分類資料 (續)

分類資產及負債(續)

為監察分類表現及分配分類資源:

- 所有負債均分類為可呈報經營分類,惟應付税項、可贖回可換股優先股、衍生金融工具、遞延税項負債以及其他負債(包括應付關連方若干非貿易部分款項及其他企業行政成本相關應付款額)則除外。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

Other segment information

For the year ended 31 December 2012

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit (loss) or segment assets:

8. 分類資料 (續)

其他分類資料

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止 年度

計量分類溢利(虧損)或分類資產時 計入的款項:

				IT services IT服務			
			Software development and solution 軟件開發和 解決方案	Software outsourcing 軟件外包	Total 總計	Unallocated 未分配	Consolidated 總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Additions to property, plant	添置物業、 廠房及設備						
and equipment		16	13,776	915	14,707	44,343	59,050
Depreciation of	物業、廠房及						
property, plant and equipment	設備折舊	169	25,681	1,607	27,457	424	27,881
(Reversal) write -down of	存貨(撥回)撇減						
inventories	11 / L = / N= -	(287)	1,396	_	1,109	_	1,109
Amortisation of	其他無形資產 攤銷						
other intangible assets	無 朝	_	10,799	3,706	14,505	_	14,505
Impairment loss	商譽減值						
on goodwill	虧損	_	63,915	_	63,915	_	63,915
Impairment loss on amounts due from	m 合約工程						
customers for contract work	款額減值	_	3,788	_	3,788	_	3,788
Allowance for bad	^{展]頂} 呆壞賬撥備		3,700		3,700		5,700
and doubtful							
debts			2,697	737	3,434		3,434

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

Other segment information (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

Amounts regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker but not included in the measure of segment profit (loss) or segment assets and not allocated to any operating and reportable segment.

8. 分類資料 (續)

其他分類資料(續)

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止 年度(續)

主要經營決策者定期所獲提供但於 計量分類溢利(虧損)或分類資產時 並未計入且並無分配至任何可呈報 經營分類的款項如下。

Interest in an associate
Share of profit of an associate
Interest in a jointly controlled entity
Share of loss of a jointly controlled entity
Interest expenses

於聯營公司的權益 應佔聯營公司溢利 於共同控制實體權益 應佔共同控制實體虧損 利息支出 **HK\$'000** 千港元 128,489 13,627 122,629 (237) (6,101)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Other segment information (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2011

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or segment assets:

8. 分類資料 (續)

其他分類資料(續)

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止 年度

計量分類溢利或分類資產時計入的 款項:

			IT services IT服務				
		Trading of IT components IT元件貿易	Software development and solution 軟件開發和 解決方案	Software outsourcing 軟件外包	Total 總計	Unallocated 未分配	Consolidated 總計
		II 九件貝勿 HK\$'000	所次/J 余 HK\$′000	HK\$'000	#K\$'000	HK\$'000	#8頁 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Additions to property, plant	添置物業、 廠房及設備	<i>下心儿</i>	<i>下池儿</i>	<i>下沧儿</i>	<i>下沧儿</i>	<i>干净儿</i>	<i>下池儿</i>
and equipment		8	19,357	999	20,364	_	20,364
Depreciation of property, plant	物業、廠房及 設備折舊						
and equipment		172	28,973	2,978	32,123	427	32,550
Write-down of inventories	存貨撇減	6,007	_		6,007	_	6,007
Amortisation of other intangible	其他無形 資產攤銷						
assets		_	12,619	3,706	16,325	_	16,325
Impairment loss on amounts due from customers	應收客戶合約 工程款額 減值虧損						
for contract work Allowance for bad			4,577		4,577	_	4,577
and doubtful debts		104	1,219		1,323		1,323

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

Other segment information (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

Amounts regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker but not included in the measure of segment profit (loss) or segment assets and not allocated to any operating and reportable segment.

Interest in an associate
Share of profits of an associate
Interest in a jointly controlled entity
Interest expenses

於聯營公司的權益 應佔聯營公司溢利 於共同控制實體權益 利息支出

8. 分類資料 (續)

其他分類資料(續)

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止 年度(續)

主要經營決策者定期所獲提供的但 於計量分類溢利(虧損)或分類資 產時並未計入且並無分配至任何可 經營及呈報分類的款項如下。

> HK\$'000 千港元 114,219 705 122,175 (15,029)

Geographical information

The Group's operations are currently carried out in the PRC (excluding Hong Kong), the country of domicile, and Hong Kong except for some services rendered by the provision of outsourcing software development services division are located in other regions.

地區分類資料

本集團現時在中國(註冊地,不包括香港)及香港經營業務,惟軟件開發外包服務部門提供的若干服務位於其他地區。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

Other segment information (continued)

The Group's revenue from external customers by geographic location of markets, or customer irrespective of the origin of the goods/services and information about the Group's non-current assets by geographic location of assets:

8. 分類資料 (續)

地區分類資料(續)

下表呈列本集團按地區市場或客戶 所在地(不論貨品/服務來源地)劃 分之外部客戶的收入以及按資產所 在地區劃分之非流動資產的資料:

Revenue from				
external customers				
來自外部客戶的此入				

Non-current assets 非流動資產

2012	2011	2012	2011
二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一二年	二零一一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
1,239,465	963,443	20,298	20,888
1,017,915	1,163,347	425,378	423,178
143,645	94,792	247	248
2,401,025	2,221,582	445,923	444,314

Hong Kong 香港
The PRC

(excluding Hong Kong),中國(註冊地域 不包括香港)
Others

其他

Note: Non-current assets excluded available-for-sale investments.

主要客戶資料

相關年度來自以下客戶的收入佔本集團銷售總額10%以上:

附註: 非流動資產不包括可供出售投

Information about major customer

Revenue from customers of the corresponding years contribution of over 10% of the total sales of the Group are as follows:

Customer A¹ 客戶 A¹

 2012
 2011

 二零一二年
 二零一一年

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 千港元
 千港元

 408,882
 332,369

銷售IT元件所得收入。

Revenue from sales of IT components.

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

9. OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS AND 9. 其他收入、收益及虧損 **LOSSES**

		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		7 7870	17676
Other income	其他收入		
Interest income	利息收入	31,731	24,043
Value added tax refund (Note a)	增值税退税(附註a)	52,195	52,045
Government subsidies and grants (Note b)	政府津貼及補助(附註b)	5,163	19,118
Dividend income from	可供出售投資之		
available-for-sale investments	股息收入	1,840	1,623
		90,929	96,829
Other gains and losses:	其他收益及虧損:		
Net foreign exchange (loss) gain	外匯(虧損)收益淨額	(1,154)	208
Net (loss) gain on disposal/written off	出售/撇銷物業、廠房及	(17151)	200
of property, plant and equipment	設備之(虧損)收益淨額	(144)	44
Loss arising from modification	修訂可贖回	(1-1-1)	
of the terms of redeemable	可換股優先股條款		
convertible preferred shares	產生之虧損	_	(9,600)
Fair value change in conversion	嵌入可贖回可換股優先股		(3,000)
option derivatives embedded	換股權衍生工具之		
in redeemable convertible	公平值變動		
preferred shares	ム「但交到	(21,257)	_
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一家附屬公司之虧損	(719)	_
Gain on disposal of a substituting	山白 外門風公司之間景	(719)	
intangible asset	出售其他無形資產之收益	1,696	
Others	其他	631	544
Outers	大 心		
		(20,947)	(8,804)

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

9. OTHER INCOME, GAINS AND LOSSES

(continued)

Notes:

- (a) Inspur (Shandong) Electronic Information Company Limited ("Inspur Shandong Electronic"), Inspur Communication Information System Limited ("Inspur Communication"), Shandong Inspur Business System Company Limited ("Inspur Business System") and Inspur Group Shandong Genersoft Incorporation ("Inspur Genersoft") are engaged in the business of distribution of self-developed and produced software. Under the current PRC tax regulation, it is entitled to a refund of VAT paid for sales of self-developed software in the PRC.
- (b) For the year ended 31 December 2012, the amount of approximately HK\$3,962,000 (2011: HK\$12,314,000) represent the subsidies received from the PRC Government for the purpose of encouraging the development of group entities engaged in new and high technology sector. The subsidies received are in substance a kind of immediate financial support to the group's entities with no future related costs and recognised as income when the approval of the relevant government authority has been obtained. There are no other conditions attached to the subsidies granted to the Group.

For the year ended 31 December 2012, the amount of approximately HK\$1,201,000 (2011: HK\$6,804,000) represent the grants from the Government for funding of some feasibility studies which benefits the society as a whole. The grants received are recognised as income when the related feasibility studies has been completed and the approval of the relevant Government authority has been obtained.

9. 其他收入、收益及虧損

(續)

附註:

- (a) 浪潮(山東)電子信息有限公司 (「浪潮山東電子」)、浪潮通信信息系統有限公司(「浪潮通信」)、 山東浪潮商用系統有限公司(「浪潮通用、 潮商用系統」)及浪潮集團山東通用軟件有限公司(「浪潮通用軟件有限公司(「浪潮通用軟件」)從事自行開發及生產軟件的分銷業務。根據現行中國税務條例,在中國銷售自行開發軟件的企業可獲增值税退税。
- (b) 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日 止年度,約3,962,000港元(二 零一一年:12,314,000港元)為 自中國政府收取之津貼,以鼓勵 從事高新技術行業集團實體的發 展。集團實體所收取津貼實質上 為直接財政資助,並無相關日後 成本,待獲相關政府部門批准後 會確認為收入。本集團獲授之津 貼並無其他附帶條件。

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日 止年度,約1,201,000港元(二 零一一年:6,804,000港元)為自 政府收取的補助,作為造福整個 社會的部分可行性研究資金。已 收補助於完成相關可行性研究及 獲得相關政府部門批准後確認為 收入。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

10. TAXATION

10. 税項

		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current tax:	即期税項:		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	香港利得税	12,002	11,557
PRC Enterprise Income Tax	中國企業所得税	7,074	9,035
(Over)underprovision in prior years:	過往年度		
	(超額撥備)		
	撥備不足:		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	香港利得税	(85)	(70)
PRC Enterprise Income Tax	中國企業所得税	659	1,428
Deferred taxation (note 34)	遞延税項(附註34)	(3,544)	(2,333)
		16,106	19,617

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profit for both years.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulations of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% from 1 January 2008 onwards.

The statutory tax rate for PRC Enterprise Income Tax of 25% is applied to the Group's PRC subsidiaries except for Inspur Communication, Inspur Business System and Inspur Genersoft. Inspur Communication, Inspur Business System and Inspur Genersoft are recognised as "New and High Technology Enterprise" and therefore entitled to apply a tax rate of 15%. The entitlement of this tax benefit is subject to renewal by respective tax bureau in PRC every three years. The latest approval for all of the PRC subsidiaries enjoying this tax benefit were obtained for the year ended 31 December 2011. Furthermore, Inspur Genersoft can enjoy additional 5% reduction in tax rate starting from the fiscal year ended 31 December 2005 because it is recognised as "State recognised software enterprise" (國家規則布局內重點軟件企業) since 2005. The entitlement of this tax benefit is subject to annual renewal by respective tax bureau in the PRC and the formal approval for the year ended 31 December 2012 was subsequently obtained in March 2013.

該兩年度香港利得税按估計應課税 溢利的16.5%計算。

2012

2011

根據中國企業所得稅法(「企業所 得税法」)及相關實施細則,中國 附屬公司税率自二零零八年一月一 日起調整為25%。

除浪潮通信、浪潮商用系統及浪潮 通用軟件外,本集團中國附屬公司 的適用中國企業所得税法定税率 為25%。浪潮通信、浪潮商用系 統及浪潮通用軟件獲評定為[高新 技術企業」,因此適用税率15%。 該項稅務優惠須每三年在相關中國 税收機關更新。已獲得批准全部中 國附屬公司截至二零一一年十二月 三十一日止年度享受該項税收優惠 的最新批文。此外,浪潮通用軟件 於二零零五年獲評定為「國家規劃 布局內重點軟件企業」, 故自截至 二零零五年十二月三十一日止財 政年度起開始額外享有5%税率減 免,惟該税務優惠須每年由中國各 税務機關更新及其後於二零一三年 三月獲得截至二零一二年十二月 三十一日止年度正式批准。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

10. TAXATION (continued)

Pursuant to the Notice of Ministry of Finance and the State Administrative of Taxation concerning certain preferential policies on enterprise income tax 《財税[2000]25號〈財政 部、國家稅務總局、海關總署〉關於鼓勵軟件產業和集成 電路產業發展有關稅收政策問題的通知》第二條, Inspur Worldwide (Shandong) Services Limited ("Worldwide Shandong"), Inspur Worldwide (Qingdao) Services Limited ("Worldwide Qingdao") and Inspur Guoyou (Shanghai) Services Incorporation ("Worldwide Shanghai"), which are recognised as "Software Enterprise", are exempted from PRC Enterprise Income Tax for two years starting from their respective first profit-making years, followed by a 50% reduction for the next three years. The first profit-making year for Worldwide Shandong, Worldwide Qingdao and Worldwide Shanghai are the fiscal year ended 31 December 2007, 31 December 2007 and 31 December 2009 respectively. The tax exemption for Worldwide Shandong and Worldwide Qingdao was ended in prior year.

The implementation of the EIT Law has no impact on the tax relief granted to the PRC subsidiaries.

10. 税項 (續)

根據財政部及國家税務總局有關若 干企業所得税優惠政策的通知《財 税[2000]25號<財政部、國家税 務總局、海關總署>關於鼓勵軟件 產業和集成電路產業發展有關稅收 政策問題的通知》第二條,浪潮世 科(山東)信息技術有限公司(「世科 山東」)、浪潮世科(青島)信息技術 有限公司(「世科青島」)及浪潮高優 (上海)信息技術有限公司(「高優上 海」)均獲評定為「軟件企業」,自 首個獲利年度起兩年內豁免繳納中 國企業所得税,其後三年減半。世 科山東、世科青島及高優上海的首 個獲利年度分別為截至二零零七年 十二月三十一日、二零零七年十二 月三十一日及二零零九年十二月 三十一日止財政年度。世科山東及 世科青島的税項豁免於去年截止。

實施企業所得税法並無影響中國附 屬公司已獲授之税項減免。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

10. TAXATION (continued)

The taxation for the year can be reconciled to the (loss)

profit before taxation per the consolidated income

statement as follows:

10. 税項(續)

根據綜合收益表,本年度之税項與 除稅前(虧損)溢利對賬如下:

		2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2011 二零一一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
(Loss) profit before taxation	除税前(虧損)溢利	(83,263)	67,777
Tax at the prevailing profits tax rate of 25% Tax effect of share of profit	按現行利得税税率 25% 之税項影響 應佔聯營公司溢利之	(20,816)	16,944
of an associate Tax effect of share of loss of a jointly controlled entity	税務影響 應佔共同控制實體虧損之 税務影響	(3,407)	(176)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	不可扣税開支之税務影響	29,102	13,859
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose Tax effect of tax losses	毋須課税收入之税務影響 未確認税務虧損之	(1,081)	(19,180)
not recognised Effect of tax relief granted to PRC subsidiaries	税務影響 中國附屬公司獲税項 寬減之影響	19,795 (1,673)	(2,407)
Effect of different tax rates of group entities operating in	於香港經營之集團 實體不同税率		
Hong Kong Underprovision in respect of previous years	之影響 過往年度撥備不足	(5,913)	(5,953) 1,358
Deferred tax on withholding tax arising from PRC subsidiaries	中國附屬公司預 扣稅產生之遞延稅項	12	1,471
Other Taxation for the year	本年度税項	16,106	19,617

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

10. TAXATION (continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$133,246,000 (2011: HK\$54,065,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such losses at the end of the reporting period, due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of HK\$78,381,000, HK\$43,523,000 and HK\$1,827,000 (2011: nil, HK\$43,523,000 and HK\$1,827,000) that will expire in 2017, 2016 and 2015 respectively. Other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

10. 税項(續)

於呈報期結算日,本集團有未動用 税項虧損133,246,000港元(二零 一一年:54,065,000港元)可用以 抵銷日後溢利。由於日後溢利來源 難以預測,故於呈報期結算日並無 就該虧損確認遞延税項資產。未 確認税項虧損包括將分別於二零 一七年、二零一六年及二零一五 年屆滿的虧損78,381,000港元、 43,523,000港元及1,827,000港元 (二零一一年:零、43,523,000港元 及1,827,000港元)。其他税項 虧損或會無限期結轉。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

11. (LOSS) PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

11. 年內(虧損)溢利

(2000)		1 1 3 ()=35 </th <th></th>	
		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
(Loss) profit for the year has been	本年度(虧損)溢利經		
arrived at after charging:	扣除下列各項後得出:		
arrived at after charging.	扣除下列台块按特山,		
Allowance for bad and	呆壞賬撥備		
doubtful debts		3,434	1,323
Reversal of allowance for bad	呆壞賬撥備撥回	.,	,,
and doubtful debt	7代·秋风]以[m]以口		(1,281)
	库		(1,201)
Impairment loss on amounts due	應收客戶合約工程款項	2.700	4.577
from customers for contract work	減值虧損	3,788	4,577
Research and development costs	研發成本	39,405	29,406
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	2,000	2,000
Cost of inventories recognised as	確認為銷售成本開支的		
expenses in cost of sale	存貨成本(包括存貨撇減		
(including write-down of	1,109,000港元		
inventories of HK\$1,109,000	(二零一一年:		
(2011: HK\$6,007,000))	6,007,000港元))	1,563,580	1,451,033
Depreciation for property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊		, ,
plant and equipment	13312 13003 22 (11331 1	27,881	32,550
plant and equipment		27,001	32,330
Amortisation of prepaid	預付租賃款項攤銷		
lease payments		297	_
Less: Prepaid lease payments	減:撥入在建工程的		
capitalised into construction	預付租賃款項		
in progress	JATT III AMVA	(297)	_
iii progress			
		_	_
	++ -+	4.404	F 077
Directors' remuneration (note 12)	董事酬金(附註12)	4,401	5,077
Other staff costs	其他員工成本		
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	450,135	344,277
Retirement benefits scheme	退休福利計劃供款		
contributions		54,011	38,957
Share based payments	股份支付	1,733	8,704
		510,280	397,015
Interest expense on redeemable	於五年內悉數償還之		
Interest expense on redeemable			
convertible preferred shares	可贖回可換股優先股之	5.404	45.000
wholly repayable within five years	利息開支	6,101	15,029
Operating lease rentals in respect of	辦公室及員工宿舍之		
office premises and staff quarters	經營租金	19,160	18,333

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

12. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

12. 董事及最高行政人員酬金

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the ten (2011: eight) directors were as follows:

向 10 名(二零一一年:8名)董事支付或應付之酬金如下:

		Other emoluments 其他酬金			nts		
		Fees 袍金 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及 其他福利 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Performance related incentive payments 與表現有關的 獎勵款項 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (note 6) (附註6)	benefits scheme contributions	Share based payment 股份支付 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
For the year ended 31 December 2012	截至二零一二年 十二月三十一日止年度						
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Wang Xingshan (Note 5)	王興山(附註5)	_	799	_	41	178	1,018
Dong Hailong	董海龍	_	332	1,000	13	71	1,416
Chen Dongfeng	陳東風	_	832	_	49	143	1,024
Sun Chengtong (Note 2)	孫成通(附註2)	_	529	_	47	_	576
Sun Pishu (Note 2)	孫丕恕(附註2)	_	113	_	_	_	113
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事						
Samuel Y. Shen (Note 4)	申元慶(附註4)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Independent	獨立						
Non-Executive Directors	非執行董事						
Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	黄烈初	120	_	_	_	7	127
Zhang Tiqin	張體勤	60	_	_	_	_	60
Dai Ruimin (Note 3)	戴瑞敏(附註3)	45	_	_	_	_	45
Meng Xiang Xu (Note 3)	孟祥旭(附註3)	15	_	_	_	7	22
Total	總計	240	2,605	1,000	150	406	4,401

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

12. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS**

12. 董事及最高行政人員酬金

EMOLUMENTS (continued)				(緷			
			(Other emolume 其他酬金	nts		
		Fees	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及	Performance related incentive payments 與表現有關的	Retirement benefits scheme contributions 退休福利	Share based payment	Total
		袍金	其他福利	獎勵款項	計劃供款	股份支付	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元 (note 6) (附註6)	千港元	千港元	千港元
For the year ended 31 December 2011	截至二零一一年 十二月三十一日止年度						
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Sun Pishu (Note 5)	孫丕恕(附註5)	_	450	_			450
Wang Xingshan	王興山	_	695	_	33	897	1,625
Dong Hailong	董海龍	_	200	456	21	359	1,036
Chen Dongfeng	陳東風	_	866	_	34	718	1,618
Independent	獨立						
Non-Executive Directors	非執行董事						
Liu Ping Yuan (Note 1)	劉平源(附註1)	15	_	_	_	36	51
Meng Xiang Xu	孟祥旭	60	_	_	_	36	96
Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	黃烈初	120	_	_	_	36	156
Zhang Tiqin (Note 1)	張休勤(附註1)	45					45
Total	總計	240	2,211	456	88	2,082	5,077

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

12. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

Notes:

- (1) Zhang Tiqin was appointed and Liu Ping Yuan resigned as an independent non-executive director on 1 April 2011.
- (2) Sun Chengtong was appointed and Sun Pishu resigned as an executive director on 1 April 2012.
- (3) Dai Ruimin was appointed and Meng Xiang Xu resigned as an independent non-executive director on 1 April 2012.
- (4) Samuel Y. Shen was appointed as an non-executive director on 1 September 2012.
- (5) Sun Pishu was also the Chief Executive of the Company. After his resignation, Wang Xingshan is appointed as the new Chief Executive. Their emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by them as the Chief Executive.
- (6) The performance related incentive payment is determined as a percentage of turnover derived from trading of IT components for the two years ended 31 December 2012.

No directors of the Company waived any remuneration and no remuneration was paid by the Group to any of the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during both years.

12. 董事及最高行政人員酬金

(續)

附註:

- (1) 於二零一一年四月一日,張體勤 獲委任為而劉平源辭任獨立非執 行董事。
- (2) 於二零一二年四月一日,孫成通 獲委任為而孫丕恕辭任執行董事。
- (3) 於二零一二年四月一日,戴瑞敏 獲委任而孟祥旭辭任為非執行董 事。
- (4) 於二零一二年九月一日,申元慶 獲委任為非執行董事。
- (5) 孫丕恕亦為本公司的行政總裁。 於其辭任後,王興山獲委任為新 行政總裁。以上披露的彼等薪酬 包括就彼等擔任行政總裁所提供 服務給予的薪酬。
- (6) 與表現有關的獎勵款項乃按佔截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止兩個年度IT元件貿易所得營業額的百分比釐定。

於該兩年度內,本公司概無董事放 棄收取任何酬金,而本集團亦無向 任何董事支付酬金作為吸引彼等加 入本集團或彼等入職時的獎勵或離 職補償。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

13. EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, three (2011: three) was director of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in note 12 above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2011: two) highest paid individuals were as follows:

Salaries and other benefits

薪金及其他福利

Retirement benefit

scheme contributions 退休福利計劃供款

Their remuneration were within the following bands:

HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000

1,000,001港元至 1,500,000港元

No remuneration was paid by the Group to any of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during both years.

13. 僱員酬金

在五名最高薪酬人士中,其中三名(二零一一年:三名)為本公司董事,其薪酬詳情披露於上文附註12。餘下兩名(二零一一年:兩名)最高薪酬人士的酬金詳情如下:

2012	2011
二零一二年	二零一一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
2,401	2,296
14	12
2,415	2,308

彼等的薪酬介於以下範圍:

2012	2011
二零一二年	二零一一年
No. of	No. of
employees	employees
僱員數目	僱員數目
2	2

於兩年度內,本集團概無向五名最 高薪酬人士支付酬金作為吸引彼等 加入本集團或彼等入職時的獎勵或 離職補償。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

14. DIVIDEND

14. 股息

2012 二零一二年 *HK\$'000* 千港元 2011 二零一一年 *HK\$'000 千港元*

Dividends recognised as distribution during the year:

2011 final dividend - HK\$0.012 (2011: 2010 final dividend - HK\$0.01) per share 年內確認的 股息分派: 二零一一年每股末期 股息-0.012港元 (二零一一年:

二零一零年每股 末期股息-0.01港元)

50,489

37,916

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, a final dividend of HK\$0.006 in respect of the year ended 31 December 2012 (2011: final dividend of HK\$0.012 in respect of the year ended 31 December 2011) per share has been proposed by the directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

於呈報期結算日後,董事已建議派發截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度每股末期股息0.006港元(二零一一年:截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度每股末期股息0.012港元),惟須待股東於即將召開的股東週年大會上批准後方可作實。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

15. (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss) earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the (loss) profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company and on the number of shares as follows:

Number of shares	股份數目
Weighted average number	計算每股基本(虧損)
of ordinary shares for the	盈利所採用之加權
purpose of basic (loss)	平均普通股數目
earnings per share	
Effect of dilutive potential	潛在攤薄
ordinary shares:	普通股之影響:
- share options	一購股權
Weighted average number	計算每股攤薄(虧損)
of ordinary shares for the	盈利平均
purpose of diluted (loss)	普通股數目
earnings per share	

The incremental shares from assumed exercise of share options and conversion of the Company's redeemable convertible preferred shares are excluded in calculation of the diluted loss per share for the year ended 31 December 2012 since their exercise or conversion would result in a decrease in loss per share.

The computation of diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2011 did not assume the conversion of the Company's redeemable convertible preferred shares since their exercise would result in an increase in earnings per share.

15. 每股(虧損)盈利

本公司擁有人應佔每股股份基本及 攤薄(虧損)盈利乃根據本公司擁有 人應佔年內(虧損)溢利及下列股份 數目計算:

2012 二零一二年 <i>'000</i> 千股	2011 二零一一年 <i>'000</i> 千股
4,207,659	3,861,069
	16,720
4,207,659	3,877,789

來自假設購股權獲行使及本公司的 可贖回可換股優先股得以轉換的增 加股份不包括於截至二零一二年 十二月三十一日止年度每股攤薄虧 損的計算內,乃由於彼等獲行使或 轉換會導致每股虧損減少。

由於轉換可贖回可換股優先股使每股盈利增加,故計算截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度每股攤薄盈利時並無假設轉換本公司可贖回可換股優先股。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

16. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold land and building 租賃土地 及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	Specialised equipment 專用設備 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Machinery and equipment 機器及 設備 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 塚俬、装置及 辦公設備 HK\$*000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Construction in progress 在建工程 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元
COST	成本								
At 1 January 201		21,357	3,649	73,929	21,203	42,609	1,718	_	164,465
Additions	增添	_	2,503	7,882	5,000	4,979		_	20,364
Disposals	出售	_	_	_	(1,730)	(376)	(368)	_	(2,474)
Reclassified as he	ld 重新分類為持作出售	_	_	_	(1,129)	_	_	_	(1,129)
Exchange adjustr	nents 匯兑調整	5	195	2,865	853	2,138	62	_	6,118
	, ,								
At 31 December									
	十二月三十一日	21,362	6,347	84,676	24,197	49,350	1,412	_	187,344
Additions	增添	_	1,376	4,060	6,391	2,877	3	44,343	59,050
Disposals/written			_	(43,085)	(9,060)	(1,838)	(214)	_	(54,197)
Exchange adjustr	nents 匯兑調整	1	32	523	137	286	8	(11)	976
At 31 December	2012 於二零一二年								
7 to 7 becomber	十二月三十一日	21,363	7,755	46,174	21,665	50,675	1,209	44,332	193,173
DEPRECIATION	折舊								
At 1 January 201	1 於二零一一年一月一日	420	1,593	36,741	6,052	17,407	1,128	_	63,341
Charge for the ye		432	1,479	17,034	5,844	7,495	266	_	32,550
Eliminated on dis	posals 出售時撤銷	_	_	_	(1,552)	(96)	(357)	_	(2,005)
Reclassified as he for sale	ld 重新分類為持作出售	_	_	_	(492)	_	_	_	(492)
Exchange adjustr	nents 匯兑調整	_	124	1,644	291	1,070	43	_	3,172
						1 1			
At 31 December									
	十二月三十一日	852	3,196	55,419	10,143	25,876	1,080		96,566
Charge for the ye		440	1,763	12,283	5,488	7,779	128	_	27,881
Eliminated on dis	posals/ 出售時撤銷/撤減			(42,002)	(0.742)	(4.450)	(400)		/F2 402\
written off	研以細蔵	_	- 10	(43,082)	(8,743)	(1,159)	(199)	_	(53,183)
Exchange adjustr	nents 匯兑調整		18	320	59	157	6		560
At 31 December	2012 於二零一二年								
	十二月三十一日	1,292	4,977	24,940	6,947	32,653	1,015	_	71,824
CARRYING VAL At 31 December					T				
ALUT DECEMBER	2012	20,071	2,778	21,234	14,718	18,022	194	44,332	121,349
	1-/1-1 H	20,071		21,234	14,710	10,022	134	14,332	121,343
At 31 December	2011 於二零一一年								
	十二月三十一日	20,510	3,151	29,257	14,054	23,474	332	_	90,778

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - CONTINUED (continued)

The above items of property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress are depreciated, after taking into account of their estimated residual values, on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land Over shorter of 15 years or

and building terms of leases

Leasehold improvements Over shorter of 4 years or

terms of leases

Specialised equipment 20% - 25%

Machinery and

equipment 10% - 20%

Furniture, fixtures

and office equipment

10% - 331/3%

Motor vehicles 10% - 20%

The leasehold land and building held by the Group is situated in Hong Kong under medium-term lease. As the leasehold interest in land cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, the leasehold interest in land continued to be accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

16. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

經考慮預計剩餘價值,上述物業、 廠房及設備項目(在建工程除外)以 直線法按以下年折舊率折舊:

租賃土地 超逾15年或租賃期限

及樓宇 (以較短者為準) 租賃物業 超逾4年或租賃期限

裝修 (以較短者為準)

專用設備 20%-25% 機器及 10%-20%

設備

傢俬、裝 10%-33¹/₃%

置及辦 公設備

汽車 10%-20%

本集團香港租賃土地及樓宇按中期 租約持有。由於土地租賃權益不能 在土地及樓宇項目中可靠分配,故 持續入賬為物業、廠房及設備。

17. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

17. 預付租賃款項

二零一二 HK\$'00 千港

Analysed for reporting 就申報目的作以下 purposes as: 各項分析: Current asset 流動資產 非流動資產

二零一二年 二零一一年 **HK\$'000** HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 874 — 38,146 — 39,020 —

2011

2012

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

17. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS (continued)

The Group's prepaid lease payments comprise a leasehold land in the PRC under medium-term lease.

As at 31 December 2012, the Group was in the process of obtaining the relevant land use right certificate for the leasehold land. The land use right certificate was subsequently obtained on 24 January 2013 without incurring additional significant costs.

18. GOODWILL

17. 預付租賃款項(續)

本集團的預付租賃款項包括中期租 賃下於中國的租賃土地。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本 集團正籌備取得租賃土地的相關土 地使用權證。其後於二零一三年一 月二十四日取得土地使用權證,而 未產生其他巨額成本。

18. 商譽

		HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2011	於二零一一年一月一日	77,174
Reclassified as held for sale	重新分類為持作出售	(2,457)
Exchange adjustments	運 兑調整	2,932
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	77,649
Impairment loss recognised (note 19)	已確認減值虧損(附註19)	(63,915)
Exchange adjustments	匯 兑調整	454
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日	14,188

Particulars regarding impairment testing on goodwill are disclosed in note 19.

商譽減值測試之詳情於附註19披露。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

19. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill set out in note 18 has been allocated to the cash generating units ("CGUs") of software development and solution. The carrying amounts of goodwill as at 31 December 2012 allocated to these CGUs are as follows:

19. 商譽減值測試

減值測試時,附註18所載商譽已 分配至軟件開發及解決方案之現金 產生單位(「現金產生單位」)。於 二零一二年十二月三十一日分配予 該等現金產生單位之商譽賬面值如

	2012	2011
	二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Software development and solution 軟件開發和解決方案	17870	
- Inspur Communication (Unit A)	_	36,076
its subsidiaries (Unit B) 其附屬公司(B單位) - Inspur E-governments Software 一浪潮電子政務軟件 Limited ("Inspur E-goverment") 公司(「浪潮電子	14,188	14,108
(Unit C) 政務」)(C單位)	_	2,457
- Digital media busines — 數碼媒體業務 (Unit D) (D單位)		27,465
	14,188	80,106
Reclassified as held for sale (Unit C) 分類為持作出售(C單位)		(2,457)
	14,188	77,649

As at 31 December 2012, the management has carried out the impairment assessment on these CGUs as follows:

於二零一二年十二月三十一日止年 度,管理層對該等現金產生單位進 行之減值評估如下:

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

19. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL

(continued)

Unit A and Unit D

The recoverable amounts of Unit A and Unit D have been determined on the basis of higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use calculation. The Group performed impairment assessment by estimating the value in use of the cash generating unit in which the goodwill and the intangible assets are attributable to, which approximately the fair value less cost to sell. Their recoverable amounts are based on certain similar key assumptions. The value in use calculations used cash flow projections based on the revised financial budgets approved by management covering 5-year period, and a discount rate of 21% (2011:25%). No growth rate is expected for the cash flows beyond the 5-year period. Due to the unexpected keen competition for technician and staff with advance technology knowledge which drive up their salaries drastically and change of suppliers' selection criteria by certain major customers, tender of certain orders were lost while the orders obtained were completed at a lower margin, the management revised the estimation of cash flows from that of prior year. Such estimation is based on the units' past performance and management's expectation for the market development. Since the carrying amount of goodwill and relevant assets allocated to Unit A and Unit D exceeds their relevant recoverable amounts based on the revised cash flow projections, the management has allocated impairment of HK\$36,289,000 and HK\$27,626,000 to reduce the carrying amount of goodwill allocated to CGU of software development and solution arising from acquisition of Inspur Communication and Digital media business and no further impairment being allocated to other relevant assets of Unit A and Unit D.

19. 商譽減值測試(續)

A單位及D單位

A單位及D單位之可收回金額乃根 據公平值減出售成本與使用價值兩 者之較高者計算。本集團估計商譽 及無形資產應佔現金產生單位之 使用價值(與公平值減出售成本相 約),從而進行減值評估。可收回 金額乃運用若干類似主要假設而釐 定。使用價值的計算採用基於管 理層所批准五年經修訂財務預算 的現金流預測,折現率為21%(二 零一一年:25%)。預期於五年後 現金流不會增長。由於對具備先 進技術知識(其可大幅提高彼等薪 金水平)的技術員及員工的競爭出 乎意料地激烈及若干主要客戶對供 應商的選擇標準的變動,若干訂單 的競標失敗而所完成的已取得的訂 單利潤較低,因此管理層對去年現 金流估計作出修訂。該估計乃基於 單位過往表現及管理層對市場發展 的預期。由於分配予A單位及D單 位之商譽及相關資產的賬面值超出 彼等基於經修訂現金流預測的相關 可收回數額,故管理層已分配減值 36,289,000港元及27,626,000港 元以減低收購浪潮通信及數碼媒體 業務所產生並分配至軟件開發及解 決方案的現金產生單位的商譽且並 無向A單位及D單位的其他相關資 產分配進一步減值。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

19. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL

(continued)

The basis of recoverable amount of the Unit B and its major underlying assumptions are summarised below.

Unit B

The recoverable amounts of Unit B have been determined on the basis of value in use calculations. Its recoverable amount is based on certain key assumptions. The value in use calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period, and a discount rate of 25% (2011: 25%). Unit B's cash flows beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated using a steady 3% growth rate. This growth rate is based on the relevant industry growth forecasts and does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for relevant industry. A key assumption for the value in use calculation is the growth rate, which is determined based on past performance and management's expectations for the market development. As at 31 December 2012, the Group determined that there is no impairment for Unit B (2011: nil). Management believes that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the respective carrying amount of Unit B to exceed the respective recoverable amount of Unit B.

19. 商譽減值測試(續)

單位 B 的可收回數額的基準及其主要相關假設概述如下。

Unit B

單位B的可收回數額乃根據使用價 值計算,運用若干主要假設而釐 定。使用價值的計算使用基於管理 層所批准的五年財務預算的現金流 預測及折現率25%(二零一一年: 25%)。B單位五年期後的現金流 以3%穩定增長率推算得出。該增 長率乃基於相關行業增長預測而不 超出相關行業的平均長期增長率。 使用價值計算之主要假設為根據過 往表現及管理層對市場發展的預期 而釐定之增長率。於二零一二年 十二月三十一日,本集團認為B單 位並無減值(二零一一年:無)。管 理層相信任何該等假設之任何合理 可能變動,不會導致B單位的相關 賬面值超逾B單位的相關可收回數 額。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

20.	OTHER INTANGIBI	20. 其他無形資產				
			Registered software 已註冊軟件 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Customer contracts 客戶合約 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	Customer base 客戶群 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
	COST	成本				
	At 1 January 2011	於二零一一年				
		一月一日	60,727	21,890	57,385	140,002
	Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	2,307	633		2,940
	At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年				
		十二月三十一日	63,034	22,523	57,385	142,942
	Disposal	出售	(5,652)	_	_	(5,652)
	Exchange adjustments	進兑調整	359	97		456
	At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年				
		十二月三十一日	57,741	22,620	57,385	137,746
	AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT	攤銷及減值				
	At 1 January 2011	於二零一一年				
		一月一日	33,549	21,890	29,594	85,033
	Charge for the year	本年度支出	12,619	_	3,706	16,325
	Exchange adjustments	匯 兑調整	1,458	633		2,091
	At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年				
		十二月三十一日	47,626	22,523	33,300	103,449
	Charge for the year	本年度支出	10,799	_	3,706	14,505
	Eliminated on disposal	出售時攤銷	(1,696)	_	——————————————————————————————————————	(1,696)
	Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	269	97		366
	At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年				
		十二月三十一日	56,998	22,620	37,006	116,624
	CARRYING AMOUNTS	F = #				
	CARRYING AMOUNTS	賬面值 於二零一二年				
	At 31 December 2012	於二苓一二年 十二月三十一日	743		20,379	21,122
		1-/1-1	745			21,122
	At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年				
		十二月三十一日	15,408	_	24,085	39,493

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

20. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

The intangible assets of the Group were acquired as part of business combinations in prior years.

The above intangible assets have finite useful lives. Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the following periods:

Customer base 10 years
Customer contracts 3 months to 3 years
Registered software 5 years

21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

The balance represents investments in two unlisted entities established in the PRC. The Group held 10% interests in Shandong Aerospace Information Limited ("Shandong Aerospace") and 5.56% interests in Beijing Shenzhou Software Technology Limited ("Beijing Shenzhou"). Shangdong Aerospace and Beijing Shenzhou are principally engaged in software development.

They are measured at cost less impairment at the end of reporting period because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

22. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

20. 其他無形資產(續)

往年,本集團收購無形資產,作為 業務合併的一部分。

上述無形資產的使用年期有限,以直線法於以下年期攤銷:

 客戶群
 十年

 客戶合約
 三個月至三年

 已註冊軟件
 五年

21. 可供出售投資

結餘指於兩間中國成立之非上市公司的投資。本集團持有Shandong Aerospace Information Limited (「Shandong Aerospace」) 10%的權益及Beijing Shenzhou Software Technology Limited(「Beijing Shenzhou」) 5.56%的權益。Shangdong Aerospace及Beijing Shenzhou主要從事軟件開發業務。

由於合理公平值的估計範圍相當 大,本公司董事認為有關公平值已 無法可靠計量,故上述結餘於呈報 期結算日按成本扣減減值計量。

22. 於聯營公司之權益

八分百么马之作皿				
2012	2011			
二零一二年	二零一一年			
HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
<i>千港元</i>	千港元			
126,601	126,601			
(8,380)	(22,007)			
10,268	9,625			
128,489	114,219			

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

22. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, the Group had interest in the following associate:

22. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

於二零一二年及二零一一年十二月 三十一日,本集團於下列聯營公司 擁有權益:

Name of entity 實體名稱	Form of business structure 商業結構形式	Country of registration and operation 註冊及營運國家	Proportion of nominal value of registered capital held by the Group 本集團擁有 註冊資本 賬面值之百分比	Proportion of voting power held 持投票權 之百分比	Principal activities 主營業務
Qingdao Lejin Inspur Digital Communication Limited# ("Qingdao Lejin") 青島樂金浪潮數字 通信有限公司# (「青島樂金)	Sino-foreign owned enterprise ("SFOE") 中外合資企業 (「中外合資 企業」)	PRC 中國	30%	30%	Manufacturing and sale of wireless GSM mobile phones and value added software for mobile phones 製造及銷售無線 GSM移動電話及 移動電話增值軟件

^{*} The english name of the associate is for identification purpose only.

聯營公司的英文名稱僅供識別。

Included in the cost of investment in an associate as at 31 December 2012 was goodwill of approximately HK\$19,213,000 (2011: HK\$19,105,000) arising on acquisition of Qingdao Lejin in prior year. The movement of goodwill is set out below.

二零一二年十二月三十一日於一間聯營公司投資之成本包括去年收購青島樂金產生之商譽約19,213,000港元(二零一一年:19,105,000港元)。商譽變動載列如下。

		HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本	
At 1 January 2011	於二零一一年一月一日	18,406
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	699
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	19,105
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	108
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日	19,213

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

22. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associate was set out below:

Total assets 總資產 **Total liabilities** 總負債 Net assets 資產淨值 Group's share of net assets 本集團應佔聯營 of an associate 公司之資產淨值 年內收入 Revenue for the year Profit for the year 年內溢利 年內本集團應佔 Group's share of result of an associate for the year 聯營公司之業績

22. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

本集團聯營公司之財務資料概要載 列如下:

2011
二零一一年
HK\$'000
千港元
1,305,317
(988,270)
317,047
95,114
5,604,331
2,350
705

23. INTEREST IN A JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITY

23. 於共同控制實體之權益

Cost of investment in a jointly	於共同控制實體之投資
controlled entity - unlisted	成本一非上市
Share of post-acquisition losses and	應佔收購後虧損及其他
other comprehensive income	全面收入
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整

2012	2011
二零一二年	二零一一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
	400 475
122,175	122,175
(237)	_
691	_
122,629	122,175

Proportion of

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

23. INTEREST IN A JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITY (continued)

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, the Group had interest in the following jointly controlled entity:

23. 於共同控制實體之權益(續)

於二零一二年及二零一一年十二月 三十一日,本集團於下列共同控制 實體擁有權益:

Name of entity 實體名稱	Form of business structure 商業結構形式	Country of registration and operation 註冊及營運國家	nominal value of registered capital held by the Group 本集團擁 有註冊資本 賬面值之百分比 %	Proportion of voting power held 持投票權 之百分比 %	Principal activity 主營業務
Shandong Inspur Cloud Computing Industry Investment Co., Ltd.# 山東浪潮雲海雲計算	SFOE 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	33	33	Trading of computer components from February 2012 自二零一二年二月起 買賣電腦元件

The English name of the jointly controlled entity is for identification purpose only.

產業投資有限公司#

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's interest in a jointly controlled entity which is accounted for using equity method is set out below:

別。 本集團於共同控制實體的權益(採 用權益法入賬)有關之財務資料概

要載列如下:

共同控制實體的英文名稱僅供識

Current assets 流動資產
Non-current assets 非流動資產
Current liabilities 流動負債
Non-current liabilities 非流動負債

2012	2011
二零一二年	二零一一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
116,866	122,175
10,191	<u> </u>
(4,264)	<u> </u>
(164)	

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

23. INTEREST IN A JOINTLY CONTROLLED **ENTITY** (continued)

23. 於共同控制實體之權益(續)

2012 2011 二零一二年 二零一一年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 35,237 (35,474)

Income recognised in profit or loss 於損益內確認之收入

Expenses recognised in profit or loss 於損益內確認之開支

Other comprehensive income 其他全面收入

Note: The jointly controlled entity was established by the end of December 2011 and commenced operation in current year.

附註: 該共同控制實體於二零一一 年十二月底成立,本年度開 始營運。

2012

24. INVENTORIES

24. 存貨

		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Raw materials	原材料	17,506	13,814
Work in progress	在製品	1,095	7,349
Finished goods held for sale	持作出售之製成品	129,708	75,920
		148,309	97,083

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

25. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES AND OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

Trade and bills receivables

25. 貿易應收賬款及應收票據及其他流動金融資產

貿易應收賬款及應收票據

2012	2011
二零一二年	二零一一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
269,413	218,979
(18,850)	(16,085)
250,563	202,894

Trade and bills receivables 貿易應收賬款及應收票據 Less: Allowance for bad

and doubtful debts 減:呆壞賬撥備

The Group allows a credit period of 30 to 210 days (2011: 30 to 210 days) to its customers. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables net of allowance for bad and doubtful debts presented based on the invoice dates at the end of the reporting period, which approximated the respective revenue recognition dates. The analysis includes those classified as part of a disposal group held for sale as at 31 December 2011.

0 to 30 days 0至30日 31 to 60 days 31至60日 61 to 90 days 61至90日 91 to 120 days 91至120日 121 to 180 days 121至180日

Over 180 days

本集團一般向客戶提供30至210日(二零一一年:30至210日)的信貸期。貿易應收賬款減呈報期結算日按發票日基準呈列的呆壞賬撥備的賬齡分析如下,呈報結算日與相關收益確認日期相若。分析包括於二零一一年十二月三十一日分類為持作出售組別一部分的款項。

2012	2011
二零一二年	二零一一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
133,960	101,622
18,426	10,763
4,986	9,736
5,638	9,147
15,318	8,750
72,235	66,383
250,563	206,401

180 日以上

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25. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES AND OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

(continued)

Trade and bills receivables (continued)

Before accepting any new customer, the Group uses an external credit scoring system to assess the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customers. Limits and scoring attributed to customers are reviewed twice a year. 69% (2011: 67%) of the trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have the best credit scoring attributable under the external credit scoring system used by the Group.

Included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$65,856,000 (2011: HK\$56,266,000), which are past due at the end of the reporting period for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average age of these trade receivables is 257 days (2011: 238 days).

Ageing of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired (based on the invoice date)

121 - 180 days Over 180 days 121至180日 180日以上

25. 貿易應收賬款及應收票據 及其他流動金融資產(續)

貿易應收賬款及應收票據

於接納任何新客戶前,本集團採用 外界信貸評分系統評估潛在客戶之 信貸質素,釐定客戶信貸上限。給 予客戶之信貸上限及評分每年檢討 兩次。根據本集團採用之外界信 貸評分系統,69%(二零一一年: 67%)的貿易應收賬款既無過期亦 無減值,擁有優秀信貸評分。

本集團之貿易應收賬款結餘包括應收賬款,該等應收賬款總賬面值約為65,856,000港元(二零一一年:56,266,000港元),於呈報期結算日已過期,但因信貸質素並無重大變化且該等金額視為尚可收與備。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任知撥備。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何賬款之平均賬齡為257日(二零一一年:238日)。

根據發票日期已過期但未減值之貿易應收賬款之賬齡

2012 二零一二年	2011 二零一一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
4,401	7,395
61,455	48,871
65,856	56,266

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

25. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES AND OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

(continued)

Trade and bills receivables (continued)

Movement in the allowance for bad and doubtful debts

Balance at beginning of year	年初結餘
Allowances recognised on receivables	就應收賬款確認之撥備
Amounts written off	因不可收回而
as uncollectible	撇減之款項
Reversed of allowance	呆壞賬撥備撥回
for bad and doubtful debt	
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整
Balance at the end of year	年末結餘

Included in the allowance for bad and doubtful debts are individually impaired trade receivables with an aggregate balance of HK\$7,577,000 (2011: HK\$7,577,000) which have been under dispute. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

25. 貿易應收賬款及應收票據 及其他流動金融資產(續)

貿易應收賬款及應收票據

呆壞賬撥備之變動

2012	2011
二零一二年	二零一一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
16,085	15,605
3,434	1,323
(737)	_
_	(1,281)
68	438
18,850	16,085

呆壞賬撥備包括個別具爭議之已減值貿易應收賬款,結餘總額為7,577,000港元(二零一一年:7,577,000港元)。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

25. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES AND OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

(continued)

Other receivables

Other receivables are unsecured, interest free and recoverable within one year.

In determining the recoverability of trade and other receivables, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the trade and other receivables from the date credit was initially granted up to the end of the reporting period. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base being large and unrelated. Accordingly, the directors believe that there is no further allowance required in excess of the allowance for bad and doubtful debts.

Included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables are advances to staff for daily operations of HK\$12,559,000 (2011: HK\$14,800,000) and other PRC tax receivables of HK\$10,800,000 (2011: HK\$15,082,000).

25. 貿易應收賬款及應收票據 及其他流動金融資產(續)

其他應收賬款

其他應收賬款為無抵押、免息及可 於一年內收回。

釐定能否收回貿易及其他應收賬款 時,本集團考慮自初次授出信貸當 日至呈報期結算日貿易及其他應收 賬款之信貸質素變動。由於客戶群 較大且無關連,故信貸風險並不 中。因此,董事認為除呆壞 ,毋須作出其他撥備。

預付款項、按金及其他應收賬款包括就日常經營支付員工墊款12,559,000港元(二零一一年:14,800,000港元)及應收其他中國税項10,800,000港元(二零一一年:15,082,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

25. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES AND OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

(continued)

Amounts due from related companies

25. 貿易應收賬款及應收票據 及其他流動金融資產(續)

應收關連公司款項

		2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2011 二零一一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Amounts due from related companies: Trading in nature Fellow subsidiaries	應收關連公司款項: 貿易性質 同集團附屬公司	144,272	98,926
Immediate holding company Ultimate holding company	直接控股公司最終控股公司	11,310	33,896 17,202
New Anadis as in making	北郊日卅所	155,582	150,024
Non-trading in nature Fellow subsidiaries Ultimate holding company Non-controlling interest of a subsidiary	非貿易性質 同集團附屬公司 最終控股公司 附屬公司非控股權益	5,945 655 —————	1,553 2,056 20
Total amounts due from related companies	應收關連 公司款項總額	6,600	3,629
Analysed as: Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries	作為以下各項分析: 應收同集團附屬		
Amount due from immediate holding company	公司款項 應收直接控股公司款項	150,217 —	100,479 33,896
Amount due from ultimate holding company Amount due from non-controlling interest of a subsidiary	應收最終控股公司款項 應收附屬公司 非控股權益款項	11,965	19,258
Total amounts due from related companies	應收關連公司款項總額	162,182	153,653

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

25. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES AND OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

(continued)

Amounts due from related companies (continued)

The Group allows an average trade credit period of 30 to 210 days (2011: 30 to 210 days) to its trade receivables due from its fellow subsidiaries, immediate holding company and ultimate holding company. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables due from related companies presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period. The analysis includes those amounts due from related companies which are trading in nature classified as part of a disposal group held for sale as at 31 December 2011.

25. 貿易應收賬款及應收票據 及其他流動金融資產(續)

應收關連公司款項(續)

本集團就應收同集團附屬公司、直 接控股公司及最終控股公司貿易應 收賬款提供平均30日至210日(二 零一一年:30日至210日)的信貸 期。以下為應收關連公司貿易賬款 於呈報期結算日以發票日為基準陳 列之賬齡分析。該分析包括於二零 一一年十二月三十一日屬貿易性質 分類作為持作出售組別的應收關連 公司款項。

		2012 二零一二年	2011 二零一一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Amounts due from			
fellow subsidiaries	應收同集團附屬公司款項		
0 - 30 days	0至30日	129,830	132,861
31 - 60 days	31至60日	9,346	4,337
61 - 90 days	61至90日	1,936	_
91 - 210 days	91至210日	3,160	3,112
		144,272	140,310
Amount due from			
immediate holding company	應收直接控股		
0 - 30 days	0至30日		33,896
Amount due from ultimate			
holding company	應收最終控股公司款項		
0 - 30 days	0至30日	2,331	816
31 - 60 days	31至60日	2,075	1,501
61 - 90 days	61至90日	1,003	125
91 - 210 days	91至210日	5,901	14,884
		11,310	17,326
			17,320

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

25. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES AND OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

(continued)

Amounts due from related companies (continued)

The trade receivables due from fellow subsidiaries, immediate holding company and ultimate holding company are neither past due nor impaired at the end of the reporting period. These fellow subsidiaries, immediate holding company and ultimate holding company have strong financial position with continuous subsequent settlements and there have been no historical default of payments by respective fellow subsidiaries, immediate holding company or ultimate holding company. In determining the recoverability of trade receivables due from fellow subsidiaries, immediate holding company and ultimate holding company, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the amounts from related companies from the date credit was initially granted up to the end of the reporting period.

The amounts due from fellow subsidiaries, ultimate holding company and non-controlling interest of a subsidiary which are non-trading in nature are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. In the opinion of the directors, it is expected to be recoverable within twelve months

25. 貿易應收賬款及應收票據 及其他流動金融資產(續)

應收關連公司款項(續)

屬非貿易性質的應收同集團附屬公司、最終控股公司及附屬公司非控股權益的款項為無抵押、免息及按要求償還。董事預期十二個月內可收回款項。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

26. AMOUNTS DUE FROM (TO) CUSTOMERS FOR CONTRACT WORK

26. 應收(應付)客戶合約工程 款項

		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Contracts in progress at the end	於呈報期結算日之		
of the reporting period:	在建工程:		
Contract costs incurred plus	已產生合同成本加上		
recognised profits less	已確認溢利減		
recognised losses	已確認虧損	568,906	584,207
Less: Progress billings	減:進度款	(614,588)	(571,223)
		(45,682)	12,984
Analysed for reporting			
purposes as:	就報告而言分析:		
Amounts due from			
contract customers	應收合約客戶款項	39,761	50,237
Amounts due to			
contract customers	應付合約客戶款項	(85,443)	(37,253)
		(45,682)	12,984

At 31 December 2012, there was no retentions held by customers for contract works (2011: nil). Advances received from customers for contract work amounted to HK\$51,195,000 (2011: HK\$52,361,000) included in other payables and accrued expenses.

During the year ended 31 December 2012, the management assessed the recoverable amounts of the contract costs and determined that costs incurred for certain long outstanding contracts were impaired. Accordingly, an impairment loss of HK\$3,788,000 (2011: HK\$4,577,000) was recognised.

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日,客戶並無扣留合約工程款項(二零一一年:無)。已收取客戶合約工程墊款51,195,000港元(二零一年:52,361,000港元),計入其他應付賬款及應計開支。

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,管理層評估合約成本的可回收金額後認為,若干逾期已久的合約已減值。因此,已確認減值虧損3,788,000港元(二零一一年:4,577,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

27. BANK BALANCES AND CASH/PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

Bank balances and cash comprise cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. The bank balances carried interest at market rates which range from 0.01% to 3.25% (2011: 0.01% to 3.50%) per annum. At 31 December 2012, the bank balances and cash of approximately HK\$1,103,127,000 (2011: HK\$1,104,000,000) are denominated in RMB which is not freely convertible into other currencies.

At 31 December 2012, bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$71,488,000, HK\$12,000, HK\$1,624,000 and nil (2011: HK\$130,300,000, HK\$13,470,000, HK\$660,000 and HK\$163,000) are denominated in US\$, JPY, HK\$ and Euro respectively, which are not denominated in the functional currency of respective group entities.

Pledged bank deposits represent deposits pledged to banks to secure bank acceptance bills and general banking facilities granted to the Group and are therefore classified as current assets. The pledged bank deposits carry interest at market rates which range from 2.85% to 3.25% per annum.

At 31 December 2012, the pledged bank deposits of approximately HK\$3,039,000 (2011: nil) are denominated in RMB which is not freely convertible into other currencies. The pledged bank deposits of approximately HK\$5,217,000 (2011: nil) is denominated in US\$, which is not denominated in the functional currency of respective group entities.

27. 銀行結餘及現金/已抵押銀行存款

銀行結餘及現金包括本集團所持現金及原定三個月或以內到期之短期銀行存款。銀行結餘按介乎0.01%至3.25%(二零一一年:0.01%至3.50%)的市場年利率計息。於二零一二年十二月三十一日,銀行結餘及現金中約I,103,127,000港元(二零一一年:I,104,000,000港元)以人民幣計值並不可自由兑換為其他貨幣。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,銀行及現金結餘約71,488,000港元、12,000港元、1,624,000港元及零(二零一一年:130,300,000港元、13,470,000港元、660,000港元及163,000港元)分別以美元、日圓、港元及歐元計值,而並非以各集團實體功能貨幣計值。

已抵押銀行存款指為本集團獲授予的銀行承兑票據及一般銀行信貸而向銀行抵押的存款,因此分類為流動資產。抵押銀行存款的市場利率每年介乎2.85%至3.25%。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,已抵押銀行存款約3,039,000港元(二零一一年:零)以人民幣計值,不可自由兑換為其他貨幣。已抵押銀行存款約5,217,000港元(二零一一年:零)以美元計值,而並非以各集團實體的功能貨幣計值。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

28. DISPOSAL GROUP HELD FOR SALE

On 8 December 2011, the directors resolved to dispose of Inspur E-government, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group which engaged in software development (that forms part of "software development and solution" segment) to Shandong Inspur Software Co., Ltd. ("山東 浪潮齊魯軟體產業股份有限公司"), a fellow subsidiary of the Company. On 18 January 2012, the Group entered into a sales and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Group has conditionally agreed to dispose of Inspur E-government ("the Disposal") for a cash consideration of RMB23,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$28,300,000). The Disposal was completed on 19 January 2012 and details are set out in note 36.

28. 持作出售組別

綜合財務報表附註

31.12.2011

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

28. DISPOSAL GROUP HELD FOR SALE (continued)

The major classes of assets and liabilities of Inspur E-government classified as held for sale as at 31 December 2011 were as follows:

28. 持作出售組別(續)

二零一一年十二月三十一日,浪潮 電子政務的資產及負債主要分類為 持作出售,如下所示:

		二零一一年
		十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000
		千港元
Goodwill	商譽	2,457
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	637
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	3,507
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及	
other receivables	其他應收賬款	3,644
Amounts due from customers for		
contracts works	應收客戶合約工程款項	485
Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries	應收同集團附屬公司款項	41,384
Amount due from ultimate		
holding company	應收最終控股公司款項	124
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	7,865
Total assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售資產總額	60,103
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據	(16,471)
Other payables, deposits received		
and accrued expenses	其他應付賬款、已收按金及應計負債	(9,770)
Taxation payable	應繳税項	(1,692)
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同集團附屬公司款項	(2,631)
Deferred income - government grant	遞延收入一政府補助	(1,099)
Total liabilities classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售負債總額	(31,663)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

Tra

29. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES AND OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Trade and bills payables, other payables, deposits received and accrued expenses principally comprise amounts outstanding for trade purposes and ongoing costs. The average credit period taken for trade purchases is 30 to 120 days.

The following is an aged analysis of trade and bills payables for the purchase of goods and services received presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period. The analysis includes those classified as part of a disposal group held for sale as at 31 December 2011.

29. 貿易應付賬款及應付票據 以及其他流動金融負債

貿易應付賬款及應付票據、其他應付賬款、已收按金及應計開支主要包括未付貿易用途款項及日常費用。貿易採購平均信貸期為30至120日。

以下為採購貨品及所獲得服務的貿易應付賬款及應付票據於呈報期結 算日以發票日為基準陳列的賬齡分析。分析包括於二零一一年十二月 三十一日分類作為持作出售組別一部分的。

2012

2011

		二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	二零一一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
rade and bills payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據		
0 - 30 days	0至30日	145,579	110,842
31 - 60 days	31至60日	8,169	16,383
61 - 90 days	61至90日	7,336	11,305
Over 90 days	90日以上	31,192	39,100
		192,276	177,630

Included in other payables and accrued expenses are miscellaneous tax payable of HK\$18,390,000 (2011: HK\$20,119,000) and salaries and bonus payable of HK\$79,614,000 (2011: HK\$55,308,000).

其他應付賬款及應計開支包括其 他應繳税款18,390,000港元(二零 一一年:20,119,000港元)及應付 薪金及紅利79,614,000港元(二零 一一年:55,308,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

29. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES AND OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (continued)

29. 貿易應付賬款及應付票據 以及其他流動金融負債(續)

		2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2011 二零一一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Amounts due to related companies:	應付關連公司款項:		
Trading in nature Fellow subsidiaries Ultimate holding company	貿易性質 同集團附屬公司 最終控股公司	25,959	18,533
		25,981	18,535
Non-trading in nature Fellow subsidiaries Ultimate holding company Non-controlling interest of a subsidiary	非貿易性質 同集團附屬公司 最終控股公司 附屬公司的非控股權益	926 3,199 —	1,213 4,785 3,177
		4,125	9,175
Total amounts due to related companies Analysed as: Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付關連公司款項總額 作為以下各項分析: 應付同集團 附屬公司款項	30,106	27,710
Amount due to ultimate holding company Amount due to non-controlling	應付最終控股公司款項	3,221	4,787
interest of a subsidiary	應付附屬公司		3,177
Total amounts due to related companies	應付關連公司款項總額	30,106	27,710

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

29. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES AND OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (continued)

The average credit period taken for trade purchases from related companies is 30 to 120 days. The following is an aged analysis of the amounts due to related companies which are trading in nature at the end of the reporting period. The analysis includes those amounts due to related companies which are trading in nature classified as part of a disposal group held for sale as at 31 December 2011.

0 to 30 days	0至30日
31 to 60 days	31至60日
61 to 90 days	61至90日
Over 90 days	90日以上

The amounts due to fellow subsidiaries, ultimate holding company and non-controlling interest of a subsidiary which are non-trading in nature are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

29. 貿易應付賬款及應付票據 以及其他流動金融負債(續)

來自關聯公司的貿易採購平均信貸期為30至120日。屬貿易性質之應付關連公司款項於呈報期結算日的賬齡分析如下。分析包括於二零一一年十二月三十一日屬貿易性質分類作為持作出售組別一部分的應付關連公司款項。

2012	2011
二零一二年	二零一一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
20,268	14,333
3,382	246
531	1,440
1,800	5,147
25,981	21,166

屬非貿易性質之應付同集團附屬公司、最終控股公司及附屬公司非控 股權益的款項為無抵押、免息及按 要求償還。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

30. SHARE CAPITAL OF THE CO	SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY		公司股本	
		Notes 附註	Number of shares 股份數目 '000 千股	HK\$'000 千港元
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.002 each	每股0.002港元 之普通股			
Authorised: At 1 January 2011, 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012	法定: 於二零一一年 一月一日、 二零一一年 十二月三十一日 及二零一二年 十二月三十一日		10,000,000	20,000
Issued and fully paid: At 1 January 2011	已發行及繳足: 於二零一一年			
Conversion of redeemable preferred shares	一月一日 兑換可購回優先股	i	3,791,567	7,583
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日		4,207,440	8,415

行使購股權

於二零一二年

十二月三十一日

ii

20,000

4,227,440

40

8,455

Exercise of share options

At 31 December 2012

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

30. SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY

(continued)

Ntotes:

- (i) On 1 November 2011, the holder of redeemable converted preferred shares converted 83,174,600 redeemable converted preferred shares into 415,873,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.002 each in the Company at a conversion price of 0.152 per share.
- (ii) During the year ended 31 December 2012, 20,000,000 share options were exercised at the exercise price of HK\$0.0648 per share. Details of options outstanding and movement during the year are set out in note 31.

All the shares which were issued during both years rank pari passu with the then existing shares in all respects.

30. 本公司股本

(續)

附註:

- (i) 二零一一年十一月一日,可贖回可換股優先股持有人以每股0.152港元的換股價將83,174,600股可贖回可換股優先股兑換為415,873,000股每股面值0.002港元的本公司普通股。
- (ii) 於截至二零一二年十二月三十一 日止年度,20,000,000份購股 權按每股股份行使價0.0648港 元獲行使。年內尚未獲行使的購 股權及變動詳情載於附註31。

所有於上述兩年內發行之股份在各 方面與其他現有股份享有同等權 利。

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

31. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

Equity-settled share options scheme

The Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (the "Pre-IPO Scheme") and Share Option Scheme (the "Option Scheme") of the Company were adopted by the Company pursuant to the written resolutions of all shareholders passed on 8 April 2004 for the primary purpose of providing incentives or rewards to selected participants for their contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any entity in which the Group holds any equity interest. The Pre-IPO Scheme and the Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years after the date of its adoption. Under the Pre-IPO Scheme and the Option Scheme, the board of directors of the Company may grant options to eligible participants including employees, executives or officers and directors (including executive and non-executive directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, and any suppliers, consultants and advisers who will contribute or have contributed to the Group to subscribe for shares in the Company.

At 31 December 2012, the number of shares available for issue and remained outstanding under the Pre-IPO Scheme and the Option Scheme are nil shares (2011: 20,000,000 shares) and 60,100,000 shares (2011: 60,100,000 shares) respectively representing 0% (2011: 0.48%) and 1.42% (2011: 1.43%) of the issued share capital of the Company respectively.

31. 購股權計劃

股權支付購股權計劃

本公司根據全體股東於二零零四年 四月八日通過的書面決議案採納首 次公開招股前購股權計劃(「首次公 開招股前購股權計劃1)及購股權計 劃(「購股權計劃」),主要目的為向 經甄選之參與者就彼等對本集團之 貢獻提供獎勵或回報,及/或有助 本集團招聘及挽留優秀僱員,吸引 對本集團及本集團持有任何股權的 實體有重要價值之人力資源。首次 公開招股前購股權計劃及購股權計 劃於採納當日起計十年內可有效行 使。根據首次公開招股前購股權計 劃及購股權計劃,本公司董事會可 向合資格參與者(包括本公司或其 任何附屬公司之僱員、行政人員、 高級職員及執行及非執行董事以及 過往或日後對本集團有貢獻之任何 供應商、顧問及諮詢人)授出可認 購本公司股份的購股權。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,根據首次公開招股前購股權計劃及購股權計劃可供發行及尚未行使的股份數目分別為零股(二零一一年:20,000,000股),及60,100,000股(二零一一年:60,100,000股),分別相當於本公司已發行股本0%(二零一一年:0.48%)及1.42%(二零一一年:1.43%)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

31. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

Equity-settled share options scheme (continued)

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under each of the Pre-IPO Scheme and the Option Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company of the adoption date of the Pre-IPO Scheme and the Option Scheme unless prior approval from the Company's shareholders in general meeting has been obtained. The number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Pre-IPO Scheme and the Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any eligible participant in any twelve-month period is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, unless prior approval from the Company's shareholders in general meeting has been obtained. Options granted to substantial shareholder or an independent nonexecutive director of the Company in excess of 0.1% of the Company's share in issue and with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders in general meeting.

31. 購股權計劃(續)

股權支付購股權計劃(續)

根據首次公開招股前購股權計劃及 購股權計劃可能授出之購股權所涉 股份總數不得超過本公司於採納首 次公開招股前購股權計劃及購股權 計劃當日股份的10%,惟事先在 股東大會上獲本公司股東批准者則 除外。因行使可能根據首次公開招 股前購股權計劃及購股權計劃以及 本公司任何其他購股權計劃所有已 授出但尚未行使的購股權而發行之 股份總數不得超過不時已發行股份 30%。於任何十二個月期間可能 授予任何合資格參與者之購股權所 涉股份總數,不得超過本公司於任 何時間已發行股份1%,惟事先在 股東大會上獲本公司股東批准者則 除外。授予本公司主要股東或獨立 非執行董事超過本公司已發行股份 0.1%且其價值超過5,000,000港 元之購股權須事先在股東大會上獲 本公司股東批准。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

31. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

Equity-settled share options scheme (continued)

There is no general requirement that an option must be held to any minimum period before it can be exercised but the board of directors is empowered to impose at its discretion any such minimum period at the time of grant of any particular option. Options offered must be taken up not later than 28 days after the date of offer. A nonrefundable remittance of HK\$1 is payable as consideration by the grantee upon acceptance of every grant of option under the Pre-IPO Scheme and the Option Scheme. The period during which an option may be exercised will be determined by the board of directors at its absolute discretion, save that such period of time shall not exceed a period of ten years commencing on the date which the option is granted. The exercise price is determined by the board of directors of the Company, and will not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the share on the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of offer (ii) the average closing price of the shares on the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company.

On 8 April 2004, a total of 40,000,000 share options were granted to certain employees and directors of the Group under the Pre-IPO Scheme entitling the holders thereof to subscribe for shares of the Company at an exercise price of HK\$0.324 per share.

On 28 December 2004, a total of 40,000,000 share options were granted to certain employees of the Group under the Option Scheme entitling the holders thereof to subscribe for shares of the Company at an exercise price of HK\$0.28 per share.

31. 購股權計劃(續)

股權支付購股權計劃(續)

一般並無規定購股權於可行使前須 持有之最短期限,但董事會獲授權 可於授出任何個別購股權時酌情施 加最短期限。要約的購股權須於要 約發出後28日內獲認購。承授人 於接受根據首次公開招股前購股權 計劃及購股權計劃授出之各項購股 權時,須支付1港元不可撤回款項 作為代價。購股權行使期由董事會 全權酌情釐定,惟該期間不得超過 授出購股權當日起計十年。行使價 由本公司董事會釐定,不會低於以 下之最高者(i)要約日期聯交所每日 報價表之股份收市價;(ii)緊接要 約日期前五個營業日聯交所每日報 價表之股份平均收市價及(iii)本公 司股份面值。

於二零零四年四月八日,本公司已根據首次公開招股前購股權計劃授出合共40,000,000份購股權予本集團若干僱員及董事,有關購股權持有人可按行使價每股0.324港元認購本公司股份。

於二零零四年十二月二十八日,本公司已根據購股權計劃授出合共40,000,000份購股權予本集團若干僱員,有關購股權持有人可按行使價每股0.28港元認購本公司股份。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

31. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

Equity-settled share options scheme (continued)

On 30 January 2007, a total of 51,430,000 share options were granted to certain employees and directors of the Group under the Option Scheme entitling the holders thereof to subscribe for shares of the Company at an exercise price of HK\$0.56 per share.

The share option granted at 28 December 2004 and 30 January 2007 were fully exercised during the year ended 31 December 2009.

On 10 December 2010, a total of 60,100,000 share options were granted to certain employees and directors of the Group under the option scheme entitling the holders thereof to subscribe for shares of the Company at an exercise price of HK\$0.682 per share. The estimated fair value of the options granted on 10 December 2010 was approximately HK\$22,624,000.

The share options granted at 8 April 2004 do not have any vesting conditions and were fully vested on the grant date.

40% of the share options granted at 10 December 2010 are exercisable at date of grant; 40% of the share options are exercisable after 1 year from date of grant; the remaining 20% of the share option are exercisable after 2 years from the date of grant. All options are vested on the first day of respective exercise period.

31. 購股權計劃(續)

股權支付購股權計劃(續)

於二零零七年一月三十日,本公司根據購股權計劃授出合共51,430,000份購股權予本集團若干僱員及董事,有關購股權持有人可按行使價每股0.56港元認購本公司股份。

於二零零四年十二月二十八日及 二零零七年一月三十日授出之購 股權計劃於截至二零零九年十二月 三十一日止年度獲全面行使。

於二零一零年十二月十日,本公司根據購股權計劃授出合共60,100,000份購股權予本集團若干僱員及董事,有關購股權持有人可按行使價每股0.682港元認購本公司股份。所授購股權於二零一零年十二月十日之估計公平值約為22,624,000港元。

於二零零四年四月八日授出之購股 權均不附帶任何歸屬條件,並於授 出當日悉數歸屬。

二零一零年十二月十日授出之購股權中,40%購股權可於授出當日行使,另外40%購股權可於授出當日一年後行使,而餘下20%購股權可於授出當日兩年後行使。所有購股權於各行使期首日歸屬。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

31. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

Equity-settled share options scheme

(continued)

Details of specific categories of options as at 31 December 2012 are as follows:

31. 購股權計劃(續)

股權支付購股權計劃(續)

以下為各類購股權於二零一二年 十二月三十一日之詳情:

	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise period 行使期	Exercise price 行使價 HK\$ 港元
Pre-IPO Scheme 首次公開招股前 購股權計劃	8 April 2004 二零零四年四月八日	8 April 2004 to 7 April 2014 二零零四年四月八日至 二零一四年四月七日	0.0648 (note) (附註)
Option Scheme 購股權計劃	10 December 2010 二零一零年十二月十日	10 December 2010 to 9 December 2020 二零一零年十二月十日至 二零二零年十二月九日	0.682

The following table discloses details of the Company's share options held by directors and employees and movements in such holdings during the year ended 31 December 2012:

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止 年度,董事及僱員所持本公司購股 權及其變動詳情於下表披露:

		Outstanding at 1.1.2011 and		
		31.12.2011		Outstanding
		於二零一一年		at
		一月一日	Exercise	31.12.2012
		及二零一一年	during	於二零一二年
Option type		十二月三十一日	the year	十二月三十一日
購股權類別		尚未行使	年內行使	尚未行使
Pre-IPO Scheme	首次公開招股前購股權計劃	20,000,000	(20,000,000)	_
Option Scheme	購股權計劃	60,100,000		60,100,000
		80,100,000	(20,000,000)	60,100,000
Weighted average				
Exercise price (HK\$)	加權平均行使價(港元)	0.528	0.0648	0.682

The number of share options exercisable at the end of reporting period was 60,100,000 (2011: 68,080,000).

於呈報期結算日可行使之購股權數 目為60,100,000份(二零一一年: 68,080,000份)。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

31. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

Equity-settled share options scheme

(continued)

Details of the share options held by the directors included in the above table are as follows:

31. 購股權計劃(續)

股權支付購股權計劃(續)

上表所載董事所持購股權的詳情如下:

		Outstanding at
		1.1.2011 and
Outstanding		31.12.2011
at		於二零一一年
31.12.2012	Exercise	一月一日
於二零一二年	during	及二零一一年
十二月三十一日	the year	十二月三十一日
尚未行使	年內行使	尚未行使
_	(20,000,000)	20,000,000
11,600,000	_	11,600,000
11,600,000	(20,000,000)	31,600,000

Option type 購股權類別

Pre-IPO Scheme 首次公開招股前購股權計劃
Option Scheme 購股權計劃

Note: The number and the exercise price of options in Pre-IPO scheme which remained outstanding have been adjusted due to share subdivision of the Company with effect from 14 December 2007. Each option was subdivided into 5 new share options with exercise price of one fifth of the original exercise price.

Fair value of share options granted to employees determined at the date of grant is expensed over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to the Group's share option reserve. For the year ended 31 December 2012, an amount of share option expense of approximately HK\$2,139,000 (2011: HK\$10,786,000) has been recognised with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the Group's share option reserve.

附註:由於本公司股份分拆於二零零 七年十二月十四日生效,故已 調整根據首次公開招股前購股 權計劃尚未行使購股權之數目 及行使價。每份購股權分拆為 5份新購股權,行使價為原行 使價之五分之一。

授予僱員之購股權於授出當日釐定的公平值於歸屬期間支銷,並相應調整本集團的購股權儲備。截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,已確認購股權支銷數額 2,139,000港元(二零一一年:10,786,000港元),相應調整亦已於本集團的購股權儲備確認。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

32. DEFERRED INCOME - GOVERNMENT GRANT

Subsidiaries of the Company receive grants from the Government for funding of some development projects which benefits the society as a whole. When the project is completed, the relevant Government department will evaluate the quality of the results. The grants received are recognised as income when the related development projects have been completed and the approval of the relevant Government authority has been obtained.

The current portion of the deferred income - government grant represented grants received related to projects expected to be completed within one year from the end of the reporting period.

33. REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES

The Company issued 132,964,342 and 101,315,217 6% redeemable convertible preferred shares (the "Preferred Shares") at a par value of HK\$0.76 and HK\$0.92 each on 8 December 2005 and 21 April 2006 respectively. The Preferred Shares are denominated in HKD. The holder of the Preferred Shares shall have the right to convert the Preferred Shares, at any time from the date of allotment of the Preferred Shares and up to the maturity date, which is the sixth anniversary of 8 December 2005 and without payment of any additional consideration at the conversion rate of one Preferred Share to five ordinary shares after share subdivision completed on 14 December 2007. If the Preferred Shares have not been converted, they will be redeemed on 8 December 2011 at par. Interest of 6% will be paid annually up until the settlement date. The details of terms of the Preferred Shares are set out in the Company's circular dated 28 October 2005.

The Preferred Shares contain two components, liability and equity. Upon the application of HKAS 32 "Financial instruments: Disclosure and presentation", the proceeds from issue of the Preferred Share have been allocated between the liability and equity elements. The equity element is pursuant in equity heading "Preferred shares equity reserve".

32. 遞延收入一政府補助

本公司附屬公司獲得政府補助,為 若干造福整個社會的發展項目提供 資金。相關政府部門將於項目完工 時進行質量評估。所獲補助於相關 發展項目完工且獲相關政府機構批 准時確認為收入。

遞延收入一政府補助即期部分指預 期將於呈報期結算日起一年內完成 的項目所獲相關補助。

33. 可贖回可換股優先股

於二零零五年十二月八日及二零 零六年四月二十一日,本公司 以 每 股 0.76港 元 及 0.92港 元 的 面值分别發行132,964,342股及 101,315,217股6%可贖回可換股 優先股(「優先股」)。優先股以港 元計值。優先股持有人有權於二零 零七年十二月十四日完成股份分拆 後,自配發優先股日期起至到期日 (即二零零五年十二月八日起滿六 週年當日)隨時按一股優先股換五 股普通股之換股比例轉換優先股, 而毋須支付任何額外代價。未轉換 之優先股會於二零一一年十二月八 日以票面值贖回,按年率6%支付 直至結算日。有關優先股條款之詳 情已載於本公司二零零五年十月 二十八日之通函。

優先股包括負債及權益兩部分。 採用香港會計準則第32號「金融工 具:披露及呈列」後,發行優先股 所得款項分為負債及股本部分。股 本部分列作股本之「優先股股本儲 備」。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

33. REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES (continued)

On 24 September 2009, the Company entered into a supplemental deed with the holder of Preferred Shares (the "Supplemental Deed"). Pursuant to the Supplemental Deed, the Company and the holder of Preferred Shares have mutually agreed that the interest of 6% for the period from 1 October 2009 to 30 September 2011 shall be paid on quarterly basis (i) as to one third thereof (i.e. representing 2% per annum) by cash; and (ii) as to twothirds thereof (i.e. representing 4% per annum) by the allotment of further Preferred Shares ("Scrip Dividend") in such number to be calculated by dividing the amount of such Scrip Dividend with the amount of the Scrip Dividend issue price. The Scrip Dividend issue price is determined to be equal to 100% of the average closing price of ordinary shares as shown on the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange for the 10 consecutive trading days immediately prior to such dividend payment date. If the Scrip Dividend issue price is determined to be less than HK\$0.40, no Scrip Dividend will be issued and the relevant interest shall be paid by cash. Each Scrip Dividend is entitled to convert one ordinary share. Except for the number of ordinary share available for conversion, all other terms of Scrip Dividend are the same as Preferred Shares. Details of the terms of Scrip Dividend issued to the holder of the Preferred Shares are set out in the Company's circular dated 15 October 2009.

During the year ended 31 December 2011, total of 4,178,447 Scrip Dividend shares with principal amount of HK\$2,018,000 were issued. The Scrip Dividend contains two components, liability and embedded conversion option. The fair values of embedded conversion option at the date of issuance and the end of the reporting period were insignificant.

33. 可贖回可換股優先股(續)

於二零零九年九月二十四日,本公 司與優先股持有人訂立補充契約 (「補充契約」)。根據補充契約, 本公司及優先股持有人相互同意自 二零零九年十月一日至二零一一 年九月三十日期間按季支付6%股 息,(i)其中三分之一(即每年2%) 以現金支付;及(ii)三分之二(即每 年4%)透過分配額外優先股支付 (「以股代息」),有關數目按以股 代息金額除以股代息發行價計算。 以股代息發行價釐定為緊隨該股 息支付日期前連續10個交易日聯 交所每日報表所示普通股平均收市 價 100%。倘釐定之以股代息發行 價低於0.40港元,則不會發行代 息股份,相關利息將以現金支付。 每份以股代息均可轉換為一股普通 股。惟可兑换普通股之數目、以股 代息的所有其他條款與優先股一 致。向優先股持有人發行以股代息 的條款詳情載於本公司二零零九年 十月十五日刊發的通函。

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度,合共發行4,178,447股本金額為2,018,000港元的以股代息股份。以股代息包含負債與嵌入式換股權兩部分。嵌入式換股權於發行日期和呈報期末的公平值並無重大差異。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

33. REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES (continued)

On 31 October 2011, the Company further entered into a supplemental deed with the holder of Preferred Shares (the "New Supplemental Deed"). Pursuant to the New Supplemental Deed, the terms of the Preferred Shares, including Scrip Dividend but excluding those Preferred Shares to be converted and redeemed will be amended as follows:

- (a) The maturity date of the Preferred Shares shall be extended for a further period of two years from 8 December 2011 ("Extended Maturity Period");
- (b) The rate of interest during the Extended Maturity Period will be increased from 6% to 9% per annum; and
- (c) The interest during Extended Maturity Period shall only be paid by cash.

Except for above, all other terms of Preferred Shares including the conversion price remain the same.

Details of the modification of the terms of Preferred Shares are set out in the Company's circular dated 14 November 2011. The modification of the terms was considered to be a replacement of Preferred Shares, including Script Dividend, with new Preferred Shares ("New Preferred Shares") at the date of maturity.

The New Preferred Shares contains two components, liability and embedded conversion option.

On 1 November 2011, the Company issued 415,873,000 ordinary shares of the Company upon the conversion of 83,174,600 Preferred Shares with par value of HK\$0.76.

On 8 December 2011, the holder of Preferred Shares redeemed 49,789,742 and 45,266,944 Preferred Shares with par value of HK\$0.76 and HK\$0.92 respectively.

33. 可贖回可換股優先股(續)

二零一一年十月三十一日,本公司 與優先股持有人另行訂立補充契諾 (「新補充契諾」)。根據該新補充契 諾,優先股(包括以股代息,但不 包括該等已轉換及贖回的優先股) 之條款修訂如下:

- (a) 優先股屆滿日期將由二零 一一年十二月八日另行延長 兩年(「延長屆滿期間」);
- (b) 延長屆滿期間的年利率將由 6%增至9%;及
- (c) 延長屆滿期間的利息將由現 金支付。

除上述者外,優先股的所有其他條款(包括兑換價)維持不變。

優先股條款修訂詳情載於本公司於 二零一一年十一月十四日刊發之通 函。於屆滿日期,修訂條款視為以 新優先股(「新優先股」)取代優先股 (包括以股代息)。

新優先股包括負債與嵌入式換股權 兩部分。

二零一一年十一月一日,於兑換83,174,600股每股面值為0.76港元之優先股時,本公司發行415,873,000股本公司普通股。

二零一一年十二月八日,優先股持有人分別贖回49,789,742股及45,266,944股每股面值分別為0.76港元及0.92港元的優先股。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

33. REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES (continued)

The movement of the liability component of the Preferred Shares for the year ended 31 December 2011 was set out below:

33. 可贖回可換股優先股(續)

於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日 止年度,優先股負債部分之變動載 列如下:

2011

		2011
		二零一一年
		HK\$'000
		千港元
Carrying amount at the beginning	年初之賬面值	
of the year		201,400
Interest charge	利息支出	15,029
Coupon interest paid for the year	年內已付票面利息	(10,211)
Conversion of redeemable	兑換可贖回可換股優先股	
convertible preferred shares		(63,213)
Redemption of redeemable	贖回可贖回可換股優先股	
convertible preferred shares		(79,486)
Derecognition upon replacement	因被新優先股取代而	
by New Preferred Shares		(63,519)
		_

The weighted average effective interest rate of the liability component of Preferred Shares was 7.97%.

優先股負債部分之加權平均實際利率為7.97%。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

33. REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES (continued)

The movement of the liability component and conversion option derivative of the New Preferred Shares for the year is set out below:

33. 可贖回可換股優先股(續)

年內新優先股負債部分與換股權衍 生工具的變動載列如下:

			Conversion option
		Liability	derivatives
		component	換股權
		負債部分	衍生工具
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2011	二零一一年一月一日	_	_
Replacement of Preferred Shares	取代優先股	63,519	9,600
At 31 December 2011	二零一一年		
	十二月三十一日	63,519	9,600
Interest charge	利息支出	6,101	_
Coupon interest paid for the year	年內已付票面利息	(4,659)	_
Loss arising on changes of fair value	公平值變動產生之虧損	_	21,257
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年		
	十二月三十一日	64,961	30,857

The weighted average effective interest rate of the liability component of New Preferred Shares is 9% (2011: 9%).

新優先股負債部分之加權平均實際 利率為9%(二零一一年:9%)。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

33. REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES (continued)

The fair value of conversion option derivatives at the date of replacement and the end of the reporting period were calculated using the binominal model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

33. 可贖回可換股優先股(續)

取代日及呈報期結算日之換股權衍 生工具公平值以二項式模式計量。 該模式所用參數如下:

		8.12.2011	31.12.2011	31.12.2012
		二零一一年	二零一一年	二零一二年
		十二月八日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
Share Price	股價	HK\$0.22港元	HK\$0.20港元	HK\$0.29港元
Expected life of options	購股權的預計年期	2 years年	1.94 years年	0.94 years年
Expected volatility (Note)	預期波幅(附註)	34.535%	34.503%	31.182%
Expected dividend yield	預期股息率	6.639%	6.504%	4.483%
Interest rate	利率	6.59%	6.59%	6.59%

Note: Expected volatility was determined by using the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous

附註:預期波幅按本公司過往年度股 價的波幅釐定。

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34. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

The following is the deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting years:

34. 遞延税項負債

以下為於本報告年度及過往報告年 度已確認之遞延税項負債及其變動:

		Withholding		
		tax arising	Other	
		from PRC	intangible	
		subsidiaries	assets	Total
		中國附屬公司		
		的預扣税	其他無形資產	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2011	二零一一年一月一日	12,395	12,457	24,852
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(18)	167	149
Charge (credit) to	扣除(計入)損益表			
profit or loss (note 10)	(附註10)	1,471	(3,804)	(2,333)
At 31 December 2011	二零一一年			
	十二月三十一日	13,848	8,820	22,668
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(1)	17	16
Credit to profit	計入損益表(附註10)			
or loss (note 10)		12	(3,556)	(3,544)
At 31 December 2012	二零一二年			
	十二月三十一日	13,859	5,281	19,140

Note: Under the EIT Law of the PRC, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008 onwards. No deferred taxation has been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of certain PRC subsidiaries amounting to approximately HK\$302,736,000 (2011: HK\$324,382,000) as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it is probable that the profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

附註:根據中國企業所得稅法,自二零零八年一月一日起對中國附屬公司就所獲溢利宣派的股息徵收預扣稅。由於本公司控制若干中國附屬公司的股息可可,故至可能不會分派,故並無於經合財務報表就有關若干中國附屬公司未分派溢利之暫時屬公司未分派溢利之暫時差額約302,736,000港元(二零一一年:324,382,000港元)作出遞延稅項撥備。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

35. ACQUISITION OF PARTIAL INTEREST IN A SUBSIDIARY

During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group acquired the remaining 30% interests of 山東浪潮金融信息系統有限公司 ("Inspur Financial System") from the other shareholder for a cash consideration of RMB1,500,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,843,000) ("Acquisition"). The Acquisition was completed on 5 April 2012.

The Acquisition, without changing the Group's control over Inspur Financial System, was accounted for as equity transaction. The difference between the fair value of cash consideration of HK\$1,843,000 and 30% of share of net liabilities by other shareholder of HK\$791,000 amounting to HK\$2,634,000 was recognised directly in equity as other reserves and attributable to owners of the Company.

36. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

As referred to in note 28, the Group disposed of its subsidiary, Inspur E-government. The net assets of Inspur E-government at the date of disposal were as follows:

Consideration received:

已收取代價:

Cash received 已收取現金

35. 收購附屬公司之部分權益

於截至二零一二年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團向其他股東收購山 東浪潮金融信息系統有限公司(「浪 潮金融系統」)的餘下30%權益, 現金代價為人民幣1,500,000元 (相當於約1,843,000港元)(「收購 事項」)。該收購事項於二零一二年 四月五日完成。

該收購事項並無改變本集團對浪潮金融信息系統的控制權,按股權交易入賬。現金代價1,843,000港元與其他股東應佔30%的負債淨額791,000港元的公平值差額2,634,000港元,直接於權益中確認為其他儲備並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

36. 出售一家附屬公司

如附註28所述,本集團出售其附屬公司浪潮電子政務。浪潮電子政務於收購日期的資產淨值如下:

HK\$'000 千港元

28,343

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36. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY (continued)

36. 出售一家附屬公司(續)

		19.1.2012
		二零一二年
		一月十九日
		HK\$'000
		<i>千港元</i>
Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost:	喪失控制權的資產 及負債之分析:	
Goodwill	商譽	2,457
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	637
Trade and bills receivables	貿易應收賬款及應收票據	3,507
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及	
other receivables	其他應收賬款	3,644
Amounts due from customers	應收客戶合約工程款項	
for contracts works		485
Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries	應收同集團附屬公司款項	41,384
Amount due from ultimate	應收最終控股公司款項	
holding company		124
Amount due from the Group	應收本集團款項	771
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	7,865
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據	(16,471)
Other payables and accrued liabilities	其他應付賬款及應計負債	(9,770)
Taxation payable	應付税項	(1,692)
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同集團附屬公司款項	(2,631)
Amount due to the Group	應付本集團款項	(149)
Deferred income - government grant	遞延收入一政府補助	(1,099)
Net assets disposal of	已出售資產淨值	29,062
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary:	出售一家附屬公司之虧損:	
Consideration received	已收取代價	28,343
Net assets disposed of	已出售資產淨值	(29,062)
		(719)
Net cash inflow arising on disposal:	出售產生之現金流入淨值:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	28,343
Less: Bank balances and cash disposed of	減:已出售銀行結餘及現金	(7,865)
		20,478

The subsidiary disposed of during the year ended 31 December 2012 did not have any significant contribution to the results and cash flows of the Group during the period prior to the disposal.

於出售前期內,於截至二零一二年 十二月三十一日止年度已出售附屬 公司並未對本集團的業績及現金流 作出任何重大貢獻。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

37. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under operating leases in respect of rented premises which fall due as follows:

Within one year ——年內
In the second to fifth years inclusive 第二至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for its office premises and staff quarters. Leases are negotiated for an average term of two years and rentals are fixed for an average of two years.

37. 經營租賃承擔

於呈報期結算日,本集團根據經營 租賃就所租物業未來最低租金之承 擔的到期情況如下:

2012	2011
二零一二年	二零一一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
2,360	4,220
63	1,274
2,423	5,494

經營租賃租金指本集團應付辦公室 及員工宿舍租金。租賃平均每兩年 商討一次,而租金平均兩年釐定一 次。

38. 資本承擔

38. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital expenditure in respect of	就建設物業已
the construction of	訂約但尚未於
property contracted	綜合財務報表內
for but not provided in	計提之資本開支
the consolidated	
financial statements	
Capital expenditure in respect	就建設物業已
of the construction of property	授權但尚未訂約
authorised but not contracted for	之資本開支

2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2011 二零一一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
502,485	
173,520	

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39. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

The Company's subsidiaries in Hong Kong operates the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme under the rules and regulations of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority. The Group's employees are required to join the scheme. The Group has followed the minimum statutory contribution requirement of 5% of eligible employees' relevant aggregated income with a cap of HK\$1,250 per employee per month since 1 June 2012 (previously HK\$1,000 per employee per month).

The Company's subsidiaries in the PRC, in compliance with the applicable regulations of the PRC, participated in various central pension schemes operated by the relevant municipal and provincial governments. These subsidiaries are required to make defined contributions to these schemes at a fixed percentage of their covered payroll. The Group has no other obligation for the payment of its staff's retirement and other post-retirement benefits other than the contributions described above

The total contributions in respect of the current accounting period charged to consolidated income statement amounting to HK\$54,161,000 (2011: HK\$39,045,000).

39. 退休福利計劃

本公司的香港附屬公司根據強制性公積金計劃管理局的規則及規定推行強制性公積金計劃。本集團員根據團員不數額。本集團已根據與定最低供款規定按合資格僱員有關總收入的5%供款,自二零一二年六月一日起上限為每名僱員每月1,250港元(過往為每名僱員每月1,000港元)。

為遵守中國適用規例,本公司中國 附屬公司均參與多項由有關省市政 府營運之中央退休金計劃。該等附 屬公司須按上述計劃所涵蓋薪金之 固定百分比向該等計劃作出定額供 款。除上述供款外,本集團並無其 他支付員工退休及其他退休後福利 的責任。

現行會計期間自綜合收益表扣除 之總供款為54,161,000港元(二零 一一年:39,045,000港元)。

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40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/ BALANCES

Apart from the amounts due from and to related parties as disclosed in notes 25 and 29 respectively, the Group had entered into the following related party transactions during the year:

40. 關連人士交易/結餘

除附註25及29分別披露的應收及 應付關連人士款項外,本集團於本 年度已進行下列關連人士交易:

		Ultir	mate	Imme	diate	Fellow		
		holding	company	holding	company	subsidiaries		
		最終控	股公司	直接控	股公司	同集團附屬公司		
		2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
		二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一二年	二零一一年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Sales of goods	銷售貨品	6,091	185,146	344,949	332,369	201,764	122,304	
Services income	服務收入	9,865	23,349			63,371	77,905	
Purchase of goods	採購貨品	1,304	8		51	95,611	124,491	
Sales commission								
expenses	銷售佣金支出	120	225			1,719	1,503	
Property rental								
expenses	物業租金開支	9,465	11,602				330	

Note: Subsequent to the transfer of the Company's shares to Inspur Overseas, the transactions with the former immediate holding company, Inspur Electronics (HK) Limited were grouped under "Fellow Subsidiaries".

附註:於本公司的股份轉讓予浪潮海 外後,與前直接控股公司浪潮 電子(香港)有限公司進行的 交易歸屬於(「同集團附屬公 司」)下。

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40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/BALANCES (continued)

- (a) During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group disposed of an intangible asset to other shareholder with significant influence of Inpur Financial System, a subsidiary of the Company, at cash consideration of RMB4,600,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$5,656,000). The Group also acquired a leasehold land from the ultimate holding company at cash consideration of RMB32,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$39,327,000).
- (b) During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group disposed of Inspur E-Government, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group to Shandong Inspur Software, a fellow subsidiary of the Company for a cash consideration of RMB23,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$28,343,000). Details of the disposal are set out in notes 28 and 36.
- (c) On 25 November 2011, the Group entered into a joint venture agreement with two fellow subsidiaries of the Company pursuant to which a jointly controlled entity would be established in the PRC with a registered capital of RMB300,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$367,950,000). The Group was committed to contribute RMB100,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$122,175,000) in accordance with the share of proportion of the jointly controlled entity. The jointly controlled entity has been established during the year ended 31 December 2011.
- (d) During the year ended 31 December 2012, certain rental agreement in respect of office premises and staff quarters were under operating leases signed between ultimate holding company and the relevant landlords and the relevant operating lease rentals in respect of these leases recognised in the Group's profit and loss amounted to HK\$9,695,000 (2011: HK\$6,731,000).

40. 關連人士交易/結餘(續)

- (a) 於截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團以現金代價人民幣4,600,000元(相當於約5,656,000港元)向其他股東出售一項無形資產,對本公司之附屬公司浪潮金融系統產生重大影響。本集團亦向最終控股間為人民幣32,000,000元(相當於約39,327,000港元)。
- (b) 於截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團將本集團的全資附屬公司浪潮電子政務出售予本公司的同集團附屬公司山東浪潮齊魯軟體,現金代價為人民幣23,000,000元(相當於約28,343,000港元)。出售詳情載於附註28及36。
- (c) 二零一一年十一月二十五日,本集團與本公司司兩間同集團附屬公司訂立合資企業協議,將於中國於一間共同控制實體,註冊資本為人民幣300,000,000元(約 等於367,950,000港元)。本集團承諾根據所佔共同控制實體比例注資等100,000,000元(約 等122,175,000港元)。共同控制實體已於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度成立。
- (d) 於截至二零一二年十二月 三十一日止年度,辦公室及 員工宿舍之若干租賃協議乃 以最終控股公司與有關業主 簽訂之經營租約訂立,而有 關該等在本集團損益確認的 租約的有關經營租約租金達 9,695,000港元(二零一一 年:6,731,000港元)。

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40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/BALANCES (continued)

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors during the year are set out in note 12, which is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

41. NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the holder of redeemable converted preferred shares converted 83,174,600 redeemable converted preferred shares with the par value of HK\$63,213,000 into ordinary shares. Details are set out in note 33.

During the year ended 31 December 2011, coupon interest amounting to HK\$2,018,000 was settled by issue of Scrip Dividend. Details are set out in note 33.

40. 關連人士交易/結餘(續)

主要管理人員酬金

董事於年內之薪酬載於附註12, 由薪酬委員會參考個人表現及市場 趨勢釐定。

41. 非現金交易

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日 止年度,可贖回可換股優先股的 持有人將83,174,600股面值為 63,213,000港元的可贖回可換股 優先股兑換成普通股。詳情載於附 註33。

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度,2,018,000港元的息票以發行代息股份結算。詳情載於附註33。

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

42. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Company at 31 December 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

42. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情

本公司主要附屬公司於二零一二年 及二零一一年十二月三十一日的詳 情如下:

Name of company 公司名稱			share held	Paid up issue share capital/reg 繳足已發行普通	gistered capital	Proportion of interest held by the Company 本公司所持權益之百分比				Principal activities 主營業務
				2012 二零一二年	2011 二零一一年	_	012 一二年 Indirectly間接		011 一一年 Indirectly間接	
Inspur Electronics Limited 浪潮電子有限公司	Incorporated 註冊成立公司	British Virgin Islands ("BVI") 英屬處女群島 (「處女群島」)	Ordinary 普通股	US \$1 1美元	US\$1 1美元	100%	_	100%	_	Investment holding 投資控股
Inspur (HK) Electronics Limited 浪潮(香港)電子 有限公司	Incorporated 註冊成立公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	-	100%	-	100%	Trading of computer components 買賣電腦元件
Inspur Shandong Electronic 浪潮山東電子	Wholly foreign owned enterprises ("WFDE") 外商獨資企業 (「外商獨資企業」)	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	US\$90,675,000 90,675,000美元	US\$90,675,000 90,675,000美元	-	100%		100%	Investment holding and manufacture, trading of computer products 投資控股及製造與 買賣電腦產品
Intersource Technology Incorporated Limited	Incorporated 註冊成立公司	BVI 處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$50,000 50,000美元	US \$ 50,000 50,000美元	100%	-	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

42. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (continued)

42. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情

Name of company 公司名稱			share held share capital/registered capital			Proportion of interest held by the Company 本公司所持權益之百分比				Principal activities 主營業務
				2012 二零一二年	2011 二零一一年	二零	012 一二年		011 ——年	
Timeone Technology Limited	Incorporated 註冊成立公司	BVI 處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$50,000 50,000美元	US \$ 50,000 50,000美元	DIrectly且按	Indirectly間接 100%	Directly直接 —	Indirectly間接 100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Shine Victory International Limited 耀颯國際有限公司	Incorporated 註冊成立公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK \$ 8,979,000 8,979,000港元	HK \$ 8,979,000 8,979,000港元	100%	-	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Jinan Qiyi Information Technology Limited# 濟南臥益信息科技 有限公司#	SFOE 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB5,000,000 人民幣 5,000,000元	RMB5,000,000 人民幣 5,000,000元	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Jinan Communication 濟南通信	Domestic limited liability company ("DLLC") 內資有限責任公司 (「內資有限責任公司」)	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB50,000,000 人民幣 50,000,000元	RMB50,000,000 人民幣 50,000,000元	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Inspur Communication 浪潮通信	SFOE 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB50,000,000 人民幣 50,000,000元	RMB50,000,000 人民幣 50,000,000元	-	100%	_	100%	Manufacturing, sale and development of computer software 製造、銷售及開發 電腦軟件
Inspur Business System 浪潮商用系統	DLLC 內資有限責任公司	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB20,000,000 人民幣 20,000,000元	RMB20,000,000 人民幣 20,000,000元	_	100%		100%	Software development 軟件開發
Langchao Worldwide 浪潮世科	Incorporated 註冊成立公司	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$5,072,000 5,072,000美元	US\$5,072,000 5,072,000美元	100%	-	100%	_	Investment holdings 投資控股

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For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

42. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (continued)

42. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情

Name of company 公司名稱	Form of business structure 商業結構形式	Place of incorporation/ registration 註冊成立/登記地點	Class of share held 持有股份類別	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/registered capital 缴足已發行普通股本/註冊資本		Proportion of interest held by the Company 本公司所持權益之百分比				Principal activities 主營業務	
				2012 二零一二年	2011	_零	012 一二年 Indirectly間接		011 一一年 Indirectly間接		
Worldwide Shandong	WFOE 外商獨資企業	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	US\$2,317,300 2,317,300美元	US\$2,317,300 2,317,300美元	_	100%	_	100%	Provision of outsourcing software development services 提供軟件開發外包服務	
Inspur Genersoft 浪潮通用軟件	DLLC 內資有限責任公司	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB100,000,000 人民幣 100,000,000元	RMB39,932,000 人民幣 39,932,000元	-	100%	-	100%	Software development 軟件開發	
Inspur Financial System [#] 浪潮金融信息系統	DLLC 內資有限責任公司	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB5,000,000 人民幣 5,000,000元	RMB5,000,000 人民幣 5,000,000元	-	100%	_	70%	Software development 軟件開發	
山東浪潮通軟信息科技有限公司	DLLC 內資有限責任公司	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB18,000,000 人民幣 18,000,000元	RMB18,000,000 人民幣 18,000,000元	_	100%	_	100%	Software development 軟件開發	
山東浪潮金融軟件信息有限公司	DLLC 內資有限責任公司	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB35,000,000 人民幣 35,000,000元	RMB33,000,000 人民幣 33,000,000元	_	85.7%	-	90.9%	Software development 軟件開發	
Inspur (HK) Cloud Service Limited 浪潮(香港)雲服務 有限公司	Incorporated 註冊成立公司	HK 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$10,140 10,140港元	HK \$ 10,140 10,140港元	-	100%		100%	Provision of i-Cloud service 提供i-cloud服務	
濟南浪潮銘達信息科技 有限公司	DLLC 內資有限責任公司	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB100,000,000 人民幣 100,000,000元	RMB100,000,000 人民幣 100,000,000元	_	100%**	-		Not yet commenced business 尚未開始從事業務	

^{**} This entity was newly established in 2012.

[#] The English name of these PRC incorporated entities are for identification purpose only.

^{**} 該實體於二零一二年新成立。

[#] 於中國註冊成立之實體的英文名 稱僅供識別。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

42. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (continued)

The above list includes the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affect the results of the Group for the year or form a substantial portion of the assets and liabilities of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities during the year and at the end of the year.

42. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情

上表載列本公司附屬公司。董事認 為該等附屬公司主要影響本集團年 內業績或構成本集團資產及負債的 主要部分。董事認為提供其他附屬 公司之詳情將導致內容過於冗長。

概無附屬公司於年內及年末發行任 債券。