

## CHOW SANG SANG HOLDINGS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

## 周生生集團國際有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)
(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock code 股份代號: 116

ANNUAL REPORT 2012 年報

#### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

## **Board of Directors**

**Executive Directors** 

Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim, Chairman

Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing, Group General Manager

Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing

Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing, Group Deputy General Manager

Non-executive Directors

Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling, Honorary Chairman

Dr. CHAN Bing Fun\*

Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel

Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam

Mr. LEE Ka Lun\*

Mr. LO King Man\*

Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung\*

\* Independent Non-executive Directors

#### **Company Secretary**

Mr. Theodore TAM Shing Chi

#### **Registered Office**

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

#### **Principal Place of Business**

4/F Chow Sang Sang Building 229 Nathan Road, Kowloon Hong Kong

#### **Principal Share Registrar**

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

## **Branch Share Registrar**

Tricor Tengis Limited 26/F Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

#### **Legal Advisers**

Baker & McKenzie Wilkinson & Grist

## **Auditors**

Ernst & Young

#### **Principal Bankers**

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited The Bank of Nova Scotia Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited

#### Stock Code & Website

Hong Kong Stock Exchange: 116 www.chowsangsang.com

## 公司資料

#### 董事會

執行董事 周君廉博士 *主席* 周永成先生 *集團總經理* 周敬成醫生

周允成先生 集團副總經理

非執行董事

陳炳勳醫生\*

. 周君令先生 *名譽董事長* 

丁良輝先生 鍾沛林先生 李家麟先生\* 盧景文先生\*

劉文龍先生\*

\* 獨立非執行董事

#### 公司秘書

譚承志先生

#### 註冊辦事處

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

## 主要營業辦事處

香港 九龍彌敦道二二九號 周生生大廈四樓

### 股份過戶登記處

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

## 股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東二十八號 金鐘匯中心二十六樓

#### 法律顧問

貝克・麥堅時律師事務所 高露雲律師行

## 核數師

安永會計師事務所

#### 主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 加拿大豐業銀行 中國工商銀行股份有限公司

## 股份代號及網頁

香港聯合交易所:116 www.chowsangsang.com

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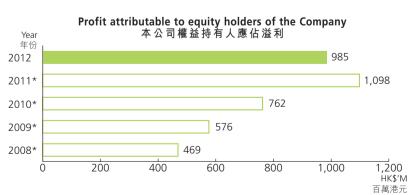
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The following abbreviations are used in th	is report:		本年報用下列簡稱:		
		<u>Abbreviations</u>		簡稱	
Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Li	mited	The Company	周生生集團國際有限公司	本公司	
Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Li and its subsidiaries	mited	The Group	周生生集團國際有限公司 及其附屬公司	本集團	
CHOW SAI	NG SANG HOLDING	S INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	ANNUAL REPORT 2012		

## 財務摘要

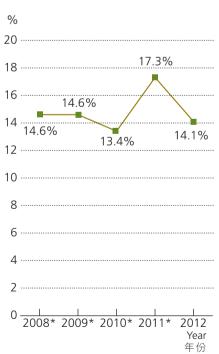
		2012 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)	Change 變動
Turnover	營業額			
Jewellery retail	珠寶零售	14,861,040	12,645,000	+18%
Other businesses	其他業務	3,399,192	4,513,286	-25%
		18,260,232	17,158,286	+6%
Profit attributable to equity holders	本公司權益持有人			
of the Company	應佔溢利	984,845	1,097,983	-10%
Basic earnings per share	每股基本盈利	145.5 cents 仙	162.2 cents 仙	-10%
Dividend per share	每股股息			
– Final	- 末期	45.0 cents 仙	49.0 cents 仙	-8%
– Full Year	- 全年	55.0 cents 仙	60.0 cents 仙	-8%
Dividend payout ratio	派息比率	38%	37%	
Equity attributable to equity holders	本公司權益持有人			
of the Company	應佔權益	7,006,969	6,355,477	+10%
Equity per share	每股權益	\$10.4 元	\$9.4 元	+10%





## \* Restated (重列)

# Return on equity holders' equity 權益持有人權益回報



## **CHAIRMAN'S REPORT**



In 2012 the Group's jewellery retail business managed a modest growth in revenue but its net profits after tax fell 10% to HK\$985 million.

China's economy has indeed slowed down in the year, and despite recent signs of recovery, it is by no means certain when it would shift back into high gear.

After a long bullish run, the price of gold appears to have stalled in its rise. It is

important, therefore, to relieve the downward pressure on margin by being nimble with gold inventory and to rack up its turn.

I wish to register a vote of thanks to our customers, trading partners, staff and shareholders for their support.

## 主席報告

本集團二零一二年的珠寶零售業務維持 適度的增長,但税後淨溢利下跌10%至 九億八仟五佰萬港元。

年內中國內地的經濟確實放緩,雖然近期 呈復甦跡象,暫未可確定何時會重上升軌。

經過長時期的牛市後,金價升勢似乎停了下來。故為減輕金價下調對利潤的影響, 靈活控制黃金存貨及增加流轉的速度十分 重要。

本人謹此感謝顧客、交易伙伴、同事及股 東對集團的支持。

CHOW Kwen Lim
Chairman

Hong Kong 21 March 2013 围绿

主席 **周君廉** 

香港 二零一三年三月二十一日

Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling, aged 89, is a Non-executive Director of the Company, the Honorary Chairman of the Group and a director of a number of subsidiaries within the Group. He is the elder brother of Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim. As a founder of the Group, Mr. CHOW served as the Group General Manager from 1973 to 1986 and the Group Chairman from 1973 to 1990. He was elected the Honorary Chairman upon retiring as Chairman in 1990. He is well experienced in corporate management.

**Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim**, BBS, MBE, JP, DSSc (Hon), aged 86, is an Executive Director of the Company, the Group Chairman and a director of a number of subsidiaries within the Group. He is the younger brother of Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling and the father of Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing, the Group's General Manager. Dr. CHOW was the Group General Manager from 1986 to 1997, and having been the Group Chairman since 1990. As a founder of the Group, he has been in the jewellery business for over 60 years. He was awarded Doctor of Social Science, Honoris Causa by The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1998 and is an Honorary Professor of the Fudan University and a member of the Board of the Journal of Shunde Polytechnic. He is also an Honorary Citizen of the cities of Guangzhou, Foshan, Changle, Lanzhou and Dunhuang, PRC.

**Dr. CHAN Bing Fun**, MB, BS, DMRT, aged 79, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, and a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He has been with the Group for over 35 years. He is a medical doctor in private practice in Hong Kong.

Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing, BBS, MBE, JP, aged 66, is an Executive Director of the Company, the Group General Manager and a director of a number of subsidiaries within the Group. He is the son of Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim, the Group's Chairman. Mr. CHOW has been with the Group for over 30 years, having been the Group General Manager since 1998. He is the Treasurer of the Council of the City University of Hong Kong, where he is also the Chairman of the Board of Management of the Community College of City University. He is an Honorary Fellow of the Hong Kong Academy for Performing Arts; and he serves as the Chairman of Musica Viva Limited, a Director of the Board of The Hong Kong International Film Festival Society Limited, both companies being not-for-profit organizations. He was appointed a member of the Home Affairs Bureau's Advisory Committee on Arts Development. He is a member of the Shunde People's Political Consultative Committee.

## 董事會及高級管理人員

周君令先生,八十九歲,本公司之非執行董事、本集團名譽董事長及本集團內多家附屬公司之董事。彼為周君廉博士之兄。周先生為本集團創辦人之一,於一九七三年至一九八六年出任本集團總經理,亦於一九七三年至一九九零年出任本集團主席。自一九九零年退任主席後,彼出任本集團名譽董事長。彼於企業管理方面有豐富經驗。

陳炳勳醫生,MB·BS·DMRT,七十九歲,本公司之獨立非執行董事、審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。彼已服務本集團超過三十五年。彼為香港私人執業醫生。

## 董事會及高級管理人員

Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing, aged 56, is an Executive Director of the Company. He is a member of the Nomination Committee of the Company and a director of a number of subsidiaries within the Group. He has joined the Group for over 25 years. Dr. CHOW is the elder brother of Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing and the cousin of Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing. Dr. CHOW is the Group Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the JL Genesis (International) Group Company Limited, Hong Kong. He is also the President of the Shanghai JL Genesis (Shanghai) Company Limited. For community services in Hong Kong, Dr. CHOW is a panel member of the Public Affairs Forum under the Home Affairs Bureau, HKSAR. He is also an expert member of the "Managing World Cities" Programme of the Faculty of Social Sciences, University of Hong Kong. He is a former member of the Central Policy Unit of the Hong Kong Government (2009-2011). Dr. CHOW also served in the Central and Western District Fight Crime Committee (2009-2011). He is an honorary member of the Hong Kong Fire Services Officers' Mess and the founding President of the Central and Western District Fire Safety Ambassador Honorary Presidents' Association of the Hong Kong Fire Services Department. Dr. CHOW has been a voting member of the Po Leung Kuk Advisory Board since 1997. Dr. CHOW is also a council member of The Better Hong Kong Foundation and a member of the Bauhinia Foundation Research Centre and of the Hong Kong Strategy.

Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel, MH, FCCA, FCPA (Practising), ACA, CTA(HK), FHKIoD, aged 59, was an Independent Non-executive Director and the Secretary of the Company until September 2004. He was re-designated as a Non-executive Director of the Company on 28 September 2004. Mr. TING is a member of the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. He is an independent non-executive director of seven other listed companies in Hong Kong, namely Tong Ren Tang Technologies Co., Ltd., Tongda Group Holdings Limited, JLF Investment Company Limited, Computer And Technologies Holdings Limited, Texhong Textile Group Limited, Dongyue Group Limited and China SCE Property Holdings Limited. He is a member of the 9th, 10th and 11th Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, Fujian. Mr. TING is an accountant in public practice and has more than 30 years of experience in this field. Currently, he is the Managing Partner of Ting Ho Kwan & Chan, Certified Public Accountants.

周敬成醫生, 五十六歲, 本公司之執行董 事、提名委員會成員及本集團內多家附屬 公司之董事。彼服務本集團超過廿五年。 周醫生為周允成先生之兄及周永成先生之 堂弟。周醫生現任香港璟琳首創(國際) 集團有限公司集團主席及首席執行官,上 海璟琳首創實業(上海)有限公司董事長。 在香港社會公職方面, 周醫生現擔任香港 特區政府民政事務局「公共事務論壇」成 員,亦為香港大學社會科學院[國際都會 之管理」研究會顧問委員。彼為香港特區 政府「中央政策組」前顧問(二零零九年至 二零一一年)。周醫生曾擔任中西區 「撲滅罪行委員會 |委員(二零零九年至 二零一一年)。彼為香港消防處長官會名譽 會員及香港消防處中西區[消防安全大使名 譽會長會 | 創會會長。 周醫生自一九九十年 起出任[保良局]諮詢委員會遴選委員,目 前並為「香港明天更好基金 | 理事,以及「智 經研究中心 |與「群策學社 |會員。

丁良輝先生, MH, FCCA, FCPA (Practising), ACA, CTA(HK), FHKIOD, 五十九歲, 曾為 本公司之獨立非執行董事及公司秘書,任 期至二零零四年九月。彼於二零零四年 九月二十八日調任為本公司之非執行董事。 丁先生現為本公司審核委員會及薪酬委 員會成員,亦為其他七家香港上市公司 之獨立非執行董事,分別為北京同仁堂 科技發展股份有限公司、通達集團控股 有限公司、金六福投資有限公司、科聯 系統集團有限公司、天虹紡織集團有限 公司、東岳集團有限公司及中駿置業控股 有限公司。彼為中國人民政治協商會議 第九、第十及第十一屆福建省委員會 委員。丁先生為執業會計師,在會計界有 超過三十年經驗。彼現任丁何關陳會計師 行執行合夥人。

## 董事會及高級管理人員

Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam, GBS, OBE, JP, LL.B (Lond.) (Hons), aged 72, is a Non-executive Director of the Company, and a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 26 June 1995 and re-designated as a Non-executive Director in September 2004. Mr. CHUNG is a solicitor in practice. Apart from being a China-appointed Attesting Officer, he also holds key posts in various organizations. He serves as a member on several advisory committees of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, and is also an independent non-executive director of two other listed companies in Hong Kong, namely S E A Holdings Limited and Datronix Holdings Limited.

Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing, aged 55, is an Executive Director of the Company, the Group Deputy General Manager and a director of a number of subsidiaries within the Group. Mr. CHOW has been with the Group since 1984 (except 1988 to 1992) and has become the Group Deputy General Manager since 1995. Mr. CHOW is the younger brother of Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing and the cousin of Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing. He has experience in real estate in Canada. Mr. CHOW's key responsibilities include the marketing of the Group's jewellery business in Greater China. He also acts as the Chairman of the Diamond Federation of Hong Kong, China Limited, a Governing Council Member of the Quality Tourism Services Association, a member of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council's Jewellery Advisory Committee, a member of the Jewellery Industry Training Advisory Committee of the Education Bureau, a Supervisory Committee member of the Hong Kong Jewellers' & Goldsmiths' Association Ltd., a Sector/Subject Specialist of the Hong Kong Council for Accreditation of Academic and Vocational Qualifications, an Executive Committee member of the Hong Kong Retail Management Association and a nominated member of the Hong Kong Brand Development Council. Mr. CHOW is a member of the Guangzhou Municipal Tianhe District People's Political Consultative Committee.

Mr. LEE Ka Lun, FCCA, aged 57, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, and the chairman of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 28 September 2004. Mr. LEE is an accountant by profession and has over 25 years of experience in banking and auditing. He was the Regional Deputy Chief Executive of Lloyds TSB Bank plc and Regional Director – Finance and Operation of Lloyds TSB's operations in Asia for over 15 years and has extensive experience on corporate banking, private banking, treasury, operations, IT developments and general management. He is also a responsible officer approved by the Securities and Futures Commission and serves as an independent non-executive director of two other listed companies in Hong Kong, namely Yuexiu Property Company Limited and REXLot Holdings Limited.

**周允成先生**,五十五歳,本公司之執行 董事、本集團副總經理及本集團內多家 附屬公司之董事。周先生自一九八四年 起(一九八八年至一九九二年除外)服務 本集團,自一九九五年起出任本集團副總 經理。周先生為周敬成醫生之弟及周永成 先生之堂弟。彼曾於加拿大從事地產業。 周先生專責統籌本集團於大中華珠寶業務 之市場事務。彼現時亦擔任香港鑽石總會 有限公司主席、優質旅遊服務協會執行委 員會委員、香港貿易發展局珠寶業諮詢委 員會委員、教育局珠寶行業培訓諮詢委員 會委員、香港珠石玉器金銀首飾業商會監 事、香港學術及職業資歷評審局行業/學科 專家、香港零售管理協會執委會成員及香 港品牌發展局派任理事。周先生現任中國 人民政治協商會廣州市天河區委員。

## 董事會及高級管理人員

Mr. LO King Man, FRSA, FHKU, UFHKPU, FHKAPA, JP, MBE, SBS, BBS, aged 75, is an Independent Non-executive Director, a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 28 September 2004. Following a career in higher education management, Mr. LO held appointments as Director of the Hong Kong Academy for Performing Arts during 1993 to 2004 and as Principal of the Canton International Summer Music Academy established by the Guangdong Government during 2004 to 2009. His public service included vice-chairmanship of the former Urban Council and membership of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Basic Law Consultative Committee, Examination Authority, Broadcasting Authority, Vocational Training Council and Arts Development Council. He has served on governing boards of numerous educational and cultural organizations. Mr. LO is a Court Member of the University of Hong Kong ("HKU"), a member of various committees of HKU Council and a council member of the Centennial College, an affiliate to HKU. Mr. LO is also the Director-general of Musica Viva Limited. He is an independent non-executive director of another listed company in Hong Kong – Sing Lee Software (Group) Limited.

Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung, OBE, JP, aged 67, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, and a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 17 December 2012. Mr. LAU is a qualified electrical engineer, and a member of The Institution of Engineering and Technology, United Kingdom, and with a postgraduate degree of Master of Science from the University of Surrey, England. He has more than 30 years of management and marketing experience, particularly in the textile and apparel field. Mr. LAU is the managing director of The Polyfabrics (Hong Kong) Limited. He was appointed as a member to vice-chairman of Urban Council from 1978 to 1995. Mr. LAU was also appointed as a member of various committees, boards, and panels, namely Textiles Advisory Board, Trade and Industry Advisory Board, Administrative Appeals Board, Air Transport Licensing Authority, Appeal Board Panel (Town Planning), Board of Review (Inland Revenue Ordinance), Broadcasting Authority, etc. He also served as a Council Member of the University of Hong Kong from 1985 to 1997. Mr. LAU is active in several charitable organizations and in Chiu Chow community associations.

盧景文先生,FRSA,FHKU,UFHKPU,FHKAPA, 太平紳士、MBE、SBS、BBS、十十五歲、 本公司之獨立非執行董事、審核委員 會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。 彼於二零零四年九月二十八日獲委任為 本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼歷任多家大 專學院高級行政職位,於一九九三年至 二零零四年期間出任香港演藝學院校 長,並於二零零四年至二零零九年期間 出任廣東省政府創辦之中國廣東國際音樂 夏令營校長。彼曾獲委任多項公職,包括 前市政局副主席、香港特別行政區基本法 諮詢委員會、考試及評核局、廣播事務 管理局、職業訓練局及藝術發展局委員, 亦出任多家大專學府及文化機構之董事會 成員。盧先生現為香港大學(「港大」)諮詢 會委員、港大多個校務委員會委員及附屬 於港大之明德學院校董會成員。盧先生亦 為非凡美樂有限公司總監。彼為另一家香 港上市公司 - 新利軟件(集團)股份有限公 司之獨立非執行董事。

劉文龍先生,OBE,太平紳士,六十七歲, 本公司之獨立非執行董事、審核委員會、 薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。彼於 二零一二年十二月十十日獲委任為本公司 之獨立非執行董事。劉先生為合資格電機 工程師, 以及英國工程及科技學會會員, 並持有英倫 University of Surrey理學碩士 學位。彼在紡織及成衣界有逾三十年之 管理及市場行銷經驗。劉先生為港新企 業有限公司之執行董事。彼於一九七八年 至一九九五年期間獲委任為市政局議員 及至副主席。劉先生亦曾擔任多個政府 委員會及專責小組成員,計有紡織業諮詢 委員會、工業貿易諮詢委員會、行政上訴 委員會、空運牌照局、上訴委員團(城市 規劃)、税務上訴委員會、廣播事務管理局 等。彼亦由一九八五年至一九九七年出任 香港大學校務委員會委員。劉先生活躍於 多個慈善團體及潮州社團。

## 董事會及高級管理人員

Mr. Theodore TAM Shing Chi, CPA (Aust.), CPA, MBA, aged 54, is the Company Secretary of the Company and the Group's Chief Financial Officer. Mr. TAM joined the Group in 2009 and has over 25 years of experience in finance, accounting and management. Mr. TAM is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the CPA Australia. He holds a Master Degree in Business Administration from the Melbourne University, Australia. Mr. TAM's experiences covered a variety of industries including auditing, business advisory services with one of the Big Four accounting firms in Hong Kong as well as the Regional Chief Financial Officer of one of the top three marketing communication services companies in Asia Pacific.

**Ms. Susan MAK Wei Yee**, FCCA, CPA, aged 56, is the General Manager of Chow Sang Sang Securities Limited. Ms. MAK joined the Group in 2001 and has over 30 years of experience in accounting, banking and finance. Ms. MAK is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants.

**Mr. LAU Hak Bun**, aged 60, is the Group's Director of Sales Operations. Mr. LAU has been with the Group for over 40 years. He is well-experienced in sales management. Apart from managing the sales operations in Hong Kong and Macau, Mr. LAU is also responsible for the Group's operation in Mainland China. He serves at the executive committees of several trade associations as the Group's representative.

**Ms. Sandra SHEK Tsang**, aged 43, is the Group's Brand Director for "Chow Sang Sang". Ms. SHEK is responsible for overseeing the development of the branding, product development and marketing. Prior to joining the Group in 2013, she was the General Manager of various international jewellery and accessories brands. Ms. SHEK has over 20 years of sales operation and marketing experience in China.

**Ms. Carol WONG May Chun**, aged 49, is the Group's Brand Director for "Emphasis Jewellery". Ms. WONG joined the Group in 2004 and is responsible for Emphasis Jewellery's total branding, including product development, marketing, as well as channel development and management. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. WONG held key posts in various internationally-renowned fashion and accessories brands, and has extensive experience in brand management and marketing, with major focus on developing Asia Pacific markets.

譚承志先生,CPA (Aust.),CPA,MBA,五十四歲,本公司之公司秘書及本年別務長。譚先生於二零零九年累別務長。 古席財務長。譚先生於二零零九年 本集團,於財務、會計及管理方面累積 本集團,於財務、會計及管理方面累積 本集團,於財務、會計及管理方面累 大五年經驗。譚先生為香港。彼持,譚先 大之會員士學位包括及 墨本大學工商管理碩士學位包括及 墨本大會計師事務所之一提供審計及 西、以及出任亞太區其中一家 古場傳訊服務公司之區域首席財務長。

麥惠怡女士,FCCA·CPA,五十六歲,周生生證券有限公司之總經理。麥女士於二零零一年加入本集團,於會計、銀行及財務方面累積逾三十年經驗。麥女士為香港會計師公會及英國特許公認會計師公會之會員。

**劉克斌先生**,六十歲,本集團業務營運 總監。劉先生服務本集團超過四十年, 對於銷售管理擁有豐富經驗。除管理香港 及澳門之銷售業務外,劉先生亦負責本集 團之中國內地業務。彼以集團代表身份出 任多個商會委員會之會員。

石崢小姐,四十三歲,本集團「周生生」之品牌總監。石小姐負責監管此品牌業務、產品開發及市場推廣之整體發展。於二零一三年加入本集團前,彼曾擔任多家國際飾品及配飾品牌之總經理。石小姐在大中華區品牌營運及市場推廣方面擁有逾二十年經驗。

黃美真小姐,四十九歲,本集團[點睛品] 之品牌總監。黃小姐於二零零四年加入本 集團,負責點睛品之全面品牌管理,包括 產品開發、市場推廣、銷售渠道發展及管 理。於加入本集團前,黃小姐於多家國際 著名時裝及配飾品牌擔當要職,具豐富品 牌管理及推廣經驗,主力負責拓展亞太區 市場。

## Overview

Compared with the prior year, 2012 was a year in which there was modest growth in revenue from the sale of gold and jewellery. The slackening was already apparent in the first half, and turnover in the third quarter actually saw no growth from the year before. A final push in the fourth quarter made up for some lost time, but not enough to change the whole picture.

Whereas in 2011 the price of gold rose steadily until it peaked in August, in 2012 it was on a downtrend that started early in the year and lasted until the month of August. Although such a trend did not hurt sales of gold jewellery, the depressing effect on gross margin was considerable, especially apparent on year-on-year comparison. For the whole year, the realized net gain due to gold price movement was HK\$40 million, compared to the net gain of HK\$176 million in 2011.

Whether it was the cooling down of the China economy, or the continued global economic worries being the cause, there was a marked cautiousness in consumer sentiments. There was no growth in the sale of higher-priced items. To lure customers, department stores and the competition resorted to discounting, adding further downward pressure to gross margin.

The stock market in Hong Kong continued its wallowing in the doldrums throughout the year.

Despite the increase of 6% in the Group's total turnover to HK\$18,260 million, the thinner gross margin, coupled with higher costs, drove net profits down by 10%, to HK\$985 million.

The Group has not changed the scope and the model of its business. Its main business is the owning and operating of its networks of jewellery shops in Mainland China, Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan. A securities and futures brokerage and a precious-metal wholesale service operation, both operating in Hong Kong, make small contributions to overall profits.

## 管理層討論及分析

## 綜觀

與上年度比較,二零一二年黃金及珠寶銷售收入增長幅度不大。銷售放緩在上半年度已明顯出現,第三季營業額與上一年度比較實際上沒有增長。第四季之增長雖可收復部分失地,但不足以改變整體表現。

二零一一年金價穩步上升至八月份的高位,而二零一二年初走勢開始下調並一直維持至八月。雖然金價走勢沒有損害黃金飾品的銷售,對毛利的壓力卻相當大,與前一年度比較尤為明顯。全年因金價變動之已變現淨收益為四仟萬港元,比對二零一一年之淨收益為一億七仟六佰萬港元。

不管是因為中國經濟放緩,還是對環球經濟衰退的憂慮持續,消費者態度明顯審慎。高價貨品銷售沒有增長。為吸引顧客,百貨公司及同業競爭均倚賴折扣,進一步增加毛利下調的壓力。

年內香港證券市場表現持續低迷。

儘管本集團總營業額上升6%至一佰八十二億六仟萬港元,但毛利減少,加上成本增加,令純利減少10%至九億八仟五佰萬港元。

本集團經營範圍及模式維持不變。主要 業務為擁有及經營中國內地、香港、澳門 及台灣的珠寶分店網絡。在香港經營的 證券期貨經紀及貴金屬批發業務,對整體 利潤貢獻較微。

## **Jewellery Retail**

Total turnover of this segment increased by 18% to HK\$14,861 million, and profits decreased by 16% to HK\$1,114 million.

Hong Kong and Macau still overshadowed the Mainland operation in terms of contribution to turnover. The latter's share was 38%, increasing from last year's 36%.

## Hong Kong and Macau

Arrival of tourists from the Mainland continued to rise, but spending on higher-priced items was weaker than last year. Turnover rose by 14% to HK\$9,104 million. Same store growth in turnover was 9%.

During the year, one Emphasis Jewellery was opened in Causeway Bay, and a Chow Sang Sang shop was opened in Tseung Kwan O. With their expansion works completed, the Canton Road store and the Grand Tower store in Mongkok made notable advances in their contribution to sales. In Macau, a new Emphasis Jewellery opened in Sands Cotai Central.

Capital expenditure amounted to HK\$75 million. Shop rental rose by 33%.

#### Mainland China

As the economy slowed down, turnover for the whole year rose only 24% to HK\$5,635 million. Same store growth in turnover was 5%.

A management decision was made in the middle of the year to slacken the pace of the opening of shops. All told, there were 50 new shops opened and 8 closures, bringing the total number of shops to 274 at the end of the year.

Cities newly added to the roster included Handan in Hebei, Dongying, Dezhou and Weihai in Shandong, Fushun in Liaoning, Liyang and Huaian in Jiangsu, Shaoxing in Zhejiang, Shiyan in Hubei, Chenzhou and Huaihua in Hunan, Yichun in Jiangxi, Jinjiang in Fujian and Baoji in Shaanxi.

Capital expenditure, inclusive of the cost of the works at the new plant in Shunde, amounted to HK\$184 million.

### Taiwan

The economy was heavily impacted by the shrinkage in export and sharp increases in the prices of fuel and electricity. In line with the retail sector in general, our turnover recorded a 9% decrease year-on-year.

#### 管理層討論及分析

#### 珠寶零售

總營業額上升18%至一佰四十八億六仟 一佰萬港元,利潤下跌16%至十一億一仟 四佰萬港元。

若以營業額與香港及澳門作比較,內地業務貢獻仍較為少。後者的佔比由去年36%上升至38%。

#### 香港及澳門

來自內地的旅客持續上升,但高價貨消費較去年疲弱。營業額增加14%至九十一億四佰萬港元。同店營業額增長為9%。

年內有一家點睛品新店在銅鑼灣開業,及 一家周生生新店在將軍澳開業。位於廣東 道及旺角雅蘭中心兩家分店之擴充工程完 成後,銷售顯著提升。另有一家點睛品新 店在澳門金沙城中心開業。

資本性開支為七仟五佰萬港元。店舖租金 上升33%。

#### 中國內地

由於經濟放緩,全年營業額僅上升24%至 五十六億三仟五佰萬港元。同店營業額增 長為5%。

年中管理層決定減慢開店步伐。整體來 說,共有五十家新店開業及八家分店結 業,於年底分店總數目為二佰七十四家。

分店名單中新增城市包括河北邯鄲、山東 東營、德州及威海、遼寧撫順、江蘇溧陽 及淮安、浙江紹興、湖北十堰、湖南郴州 及懷化、江西宜春、福建晉江及陝西寶雞。

資本性開支為一億八仟四佰萬港元,其中 包括順德新廠房工程費用。

### 台灣

出口萎縮及燃油與電力價格激增,令經濟 遭受嚴重衝擊。台灣營業額與整體零售業 一樣較上一年度錄得9%跌幅。

#### **Wholesale of Precious Metals**

The turnover of HK\$3,244 million was down 25% from last year, however thanks to the unit's taking over the business of selling 1-tael gold nuggets from the retail shops it had realized higher profit margins.

#### Securities and Futures Broking

Daily average market turnover in 2012 was the lowest since 2006. Some banks and retail brokers resorted to deep discounting of fees, making the business environment even more difficult.

Even though its daily turnover dropped 36%, and commission income dropped 38%. Chow Sang Sang Securities managed to report a modest profit.

#### Investments

#### **Properties**

The Group holds various properties that are being used for offices, shops and factories. Rental income from investment properties amounted to HK\$9 million, less than 1% of the Group's turnover.

Shares in Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited ("HKEC") Since 2000 the shares of HKEC resulting from the reorganization of the then exchanges have been held with no plan for disposal. The holding, 4,953,500 shares, remained unchanged from the start to the end of the year. The unrealized gain on the holding amounted to HK\$652 million, compared to HK\$617 million in 2011.

#### **Finance**

Financial Position and Liquidity

As at 31 December 2012, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of HK\$674 million (2011: HK\$631 million), and total unutilized banking facilities of approximately HK\$4,052 million (2011: HK\$2,663 million).

Total bank and bullion borrowings amounted to HK\$1,902 million as at 31 December 2012, most of which was unsecured in line with Group policy. The gearing ratio was 27%, based on total bank and bullion borrowings of HK\$1.902 million as a percentage of total equity holders' equity of HK\$7,007 million. The current ratio as at 31 December 2012 was 3.3.

## 管理層討論及分析

#### 貴金屬批發

營業額較去年下跌25%至三十二億四仟 四佰萬港元,但由於新增了一兩庄金扣零售 業務,帶來較佳的利潤。

#### 證券及期貨經紀

二零一二年之市場每日平均成交額為 二零零六年以來最低。部份銀行及零售經 紀依靠大幅度的費用折扣作招徠,令經營 環境變得更加困難。

縱使每日成交額下跌36%,及佣金收入下 跌38%,周生生證券仍能維持薄利。

#### 投資

#### 物業

本集團持有之物業包括自用辦公室、商 店及廠房。投資物業帶來之租金收入為 九佰萬港元,佔本集團總營業額少於1%。

香港交易及結算所有限公司(「港交所」)股份 集團並無計劃出售自二零零零年交易所 重組而獲分配之港交所股份。本集團持 有之四佰九十五萬三仟五佰股港交所股 份由年初直至本年底之數量維持不變。未 變現收益為六億五仟二佰萬港元,比對 二零一一年為六億一仟七佰萬港元。

#### 財務

#### 財務狀況及流動資金

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團之手 頭現金及等同現金為六億七仟四佰萬港元 (二零一一年:六億三仟一佰萬港元),未 動用之銀行融資額約為四十億五仟二佰萬 港元(二零一一年:二十六億六仟三佰萬 港元)。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日銀行及貴金 屬借貸總額為十九億二佰萬港元,按本集 團政策大部分以無抵押方式取得融資。按 銀行及貴金屬借貸總額為十九億二佰萬 港元,以權益持有人權益總額七十億七佰萬 港元為基準,資本負債比率為27%。於 二零一二年十二月三十一日,流動比率為 3.3 °

## Finance (continued)

Financial Position and Liquidity (continued)

Cash is mostly held in Hong Kong dollar or Renminbi and deposited with leading banks.

The Group manages risk of credit cost and availability by several means: cultivating relationship with a large number of lending banks; putting some loans on a term basis; and fixing interest costs by executing rate swaps on loans as appropriate.

#### Foreign Exchange Risk Management

The Group's foreign exchange exposure relates to the currencies in which it carries on its business: Renminbi, New Taiwan dollar, US dollar, Euro and Japanese Yen. As such, the risk is easily manageable and slight. As at 31 December 2012, total foreign currency bank borrowings excluding Renminbi amounted to HK\$552 million (2011: HK\$38 million), mainly in US dollar. For the operation in Mainland China, there was no Renminbi bank borrowing at year end (2011: RMB321 million).

The Group's assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses are mostly denominated in Hong Kong dollar, Renminbi and US dollar.

#### Charge on Assets

As at 31 December 2012, certain items of properties of the Group with a net carrying value of HK\$174 million (2011: HK\$157 million), and listed equity investments of HK\$330 million (2011: HK\$274 million) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries of the Company.

## Contingent Liabilities

Details of the contingent liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2012 are set out in note 38 to the financial statements.

## **Human Resources**

The Group's long-established performance-based remuneration policies remained unchanged. Its training infrastructure has been strengthened in pace with the expansion of the retail network.

As at 31 December 2012, the total number of employees was 7,013, of which 5,128 (73%) were on the Mainland.

To date no option has been granted under the Company's share option scheme. Details of the scheme can be perused in note 35 to the financial statements.

## 管理層討論及分析

## 財務(續)

財務狀況及流動資金(續)

大部分現金以港元或人民幣存於具領導地 位的銀行。

本集團以多種方式管理信貸成本風險及可 用額度:與多家提供融資的銀行維持良好 伙伴關係、將部分借貸轉為長期貸款及按 情況行使信貸利率掉期以固定利息支出。

#### 外匯風險管理

本集團外匯風險,主要來自業務上使用的貨幣:人民幣、新台幣、美元、歐羅及日元,此等風險較容易掌握及有限。於二零一二年十二月三十一日,不計人民幣之外幣銀行借款為五億五仟二佰萬港元(主要為美元)(二零一一年:三仟八佰萬港元)。於年底,並無用於中國內地營運的人民幣銀行借款(二零一一年:三億二仟一佰萬元人民幣)。

本集團資產及負債、收入及支出大部分以 港元、人民幣及美元結算。

#### 資產抵押

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團以賬面淨值一億七仟四佰萬港元 (二零一一年:一億五仟七佰萬港元)的若干物業及三億三仟萬港元(二零一一年:二億七仟四佰萬港元)的上市股份投資作為本公司若干附屬公司取得銀行信貸之抵押。

#### 或然負債

有關本集團於二零一二年十二月三十一日的或然負債詳情載於財務報告附註38。

#### 人力資源

本集團長久建立按表現為分發基準的薪酬制度維持不變,其培訓配套已按零售網絡的擴展步伐而加強。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團共有7,013位僱員,其中5,128位(73%)為內地員工。

直至目前為止,本公司的購股權計劃未有 授出購股權。計劃詳情可參閱財務報告附 註35。

## Outlook

Although sentiments for gold has turned less bullish as 2013 rolled around, judging by the market reaction in January one could say that consumers seem not to be affected in their sentiments.

We feel that there are reasons to remain optimistic, yet we will continue to exercise discipline in stocking, matching supply to demand as closely as possible.

Although we shall continue our expansion of the network on Mainland China, we will slacken our pace by being more selective in siting, limiting to no more than 50 new stores in the year.

In the first half of 2013 much effort will be expended in fitting out and commissioning the new plant in Shunde. Production is expected to begin in mid second quarter.

In February a street-level shop was opened at Argyle Centre Phase I to cater to visitors from the Mainland.

## 管理層討論及分析

## 展望

雖然二零一三年對黃金的看漲情緒已稍為 減輕,一月份市況顯示消費者之情緒似乎 沒有受到影響。

集團認為市況仍然樂觀,但會繼續審慎控 制存貨,將供應與需求盡量緊密配合。

雖然集團會繼續擴展內地的網絡,但會嚴格選址及放緩步伐,並將年內開店計劃限於五十家之內。

二零一三年上半年將會投入大量精力在順 德新廠房的內部裝修及完工工作上,預計 從第二季中開始投入生產。

位於旺角中心一期的地舖分店在二月開 業,以迎合內地旅客的需要。

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012.

## **Principal Activities**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Its subsidiaries are active in the field of the manufacture and retail of iewellery, wholesale of precious metals, and securities and futures broking. Details of the principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 20 to the financial statements.

#### **Results and Dividends**

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2012 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 34 to 129.

An interim dividend of HK10.0 cents per ordinary share was paid on 26 September 2012. The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK45.0 cents per ordinary share in respect of the year to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members on 7 June 2013.

## **Five-year Financial Summary**

The results, assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for each of the last five financial years ended 31 December, as extracted from the published audited financial statements and restated as appropriate, are set out below on page 15.

## 董事會報告

董事會謹此呈交截至二零一二年十二月 三十一日止年度之報告及本公司與本集團 之經審核財務報告。

#### 主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。其附屬公 司活躍於珠寶製造及零售、貴金屬批發, 以及證券及期貨經紀。附屬公司之主要業 務詳情載於財務報告附註20。

#### 業績及股息

本集團截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止 年度之溢利及本公司與本集團於該日之財 政狀況載於財務報告第34至129頁內。

本公司於二零一二年九月二十六日派發中 期股息每普通股10.0港仙。董事會建議派 發本年度末期股息每普通股45.0港仙予名 列於二零一三年六月七日股東名冊上之股 東。

## 五年財務摘要

下文第15頁載列本集團截至十二月三十一日 止過去五個財政年度各年之業績、資產、 負債及非控股股東權益(乃摘錄自已公布經 審核財務報告並按適當情況重列)。

## 董事會報告

## **Five-year Financial Summary (continued)**

五年財務摘要(續)

Results 業績

<b></b>		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2012 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)	2010 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)	2009 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)	2008 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
Turnover Jewellery retail Other businesses	營業額 珠寶零售 其他業務	14,861,040 3,399,192	12,645,000 4,513,286	8,265,447 3,439,844	5,922,590 3,540,846	5,358,053 4,522,376
		18,260,232	17,158,286	11,705,291	9,463,436	9,880,429
Operating profit	經營溢利	1,217,488	1,417,785	970,738	770,011	594,165
Share of profits/(losses) of associates, net	應佔聯營公司溢利/ (虧損),淨值	4,179	1,983	3,262	1,428	(581)
Profit before tax Income tax	除税前溢利 所得税	1,221,667 (232,853)	1,419,768 (303,423)	974,000 (202,062)	771,439 (180,795)	593,584 (113,029)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	988,814	1,116,345	771,938	590,644	480,555
Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	應佔溢利: 本公司權益 持有人 非控股股東權益	984,845 3,969 988,814	1,097,983 18,362 1,116,345	762,112 9,826 771,938	576,335 14,309 590,644	468,561 11,994 480,555
Assets, Liabilities and Non-controlling Interests 資產、負債及非控股股東權益						
		2042	方	at 31 Decembe 令十二月三十一日		2000
		2012 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)	2010 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)	2009 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)	2008 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
Total assets Total liabilities Non-controlling interests	總資產 總負債 非控股股東權益	10,425,555 (3,342,482) (76,104)	9,679,107 (3,242,571) (81,059)	8,017,895 (2,265,697) (59,575)	5,995,676 (2,012,082) (47,922)	4,828,463 (1,565,755) (52,303)

5,692,623

3,935,672

3,210,405

7,006,969

6,355,477

#### **Charitable Contributions**

During the year, the Group made charitable contributions totalling HK\$598.000.

#### Property, Plant and Equipment and Investment Properties

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment and investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in notes 15 and 16 to the financial statements, respectively. Further details of the Group's properties are set out on pages 130 to 132 of this annual report.

## **Share Capital**

There were no movements in either the Company's authorized or issued share capital during the year.

#### **Share Option Scheme**

Details of the share option scheme of the Company are set out in note 35 to the financial statements.

## **Pre-emptive Rights**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

#### Purchase, Redemption or Sale of Listed Securities of the Company

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

#### Reserves

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 36(b) to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

#### Distributable Reserves

As at 31 December 2012, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, amounted to HK\$1,721,495,000, of which HK\$304,614,000 has been proposed as a final dividend for the year.

## 董事會報告

#### 慈善捐款

年內本集團之慈善捐款共598.000港元。

## 物業、機器及設備及投資物業

年內本集團之物業、機器及設備及投資物 業之變動詳情分別載於財務報告附註15及 16。本集團物業之進一步詳情載於本年報 第130至132頁內。

#### 股本

年內本公司之法定或已發行股本並無變動。

#### 購股權計劃

本公司購股權計劃之詳情載於財務報告附 註35。

#### 優先購股權

本公司章程細則或百慕達法例並無規定本 公司必須向現有股東按持股比例提呈新股 之優先購股權之條款。

#### 購買、贖回或出售本公司之上市證券

年內本公司或其仟何附屬公司概無購買、 贖回或出售仟何本公司之 上市證券。

#### 儲備

年內本公司及本集團之儲備變動詳情分別 載於財務報告附註36(b)及綜合權益變動表 內。

## 可分派儲備

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本公司根 據百慕達一九八一年公司法條文計算之 可分派儲備達1,721,495,000港元,其中 304,614,000港元擬派發為本年度之末期 股息。

## **Major Customers and Suppliers**

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for less than 30% of the total sales for the year. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 69% of the total purchases for the year and purchases from the largest supplier included therein accounted for 24%.

None of the Directors of the Company or any of their associates or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest suppliers.

#### **Directors**

The Directors of the Company during the year were:

Executive Directors:

Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim

Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing

Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing

Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling

Dr. CHAN Bing Fun\*

Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel

Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam

Mr. LEE Ka Lun\*

Mr. LO King Man\*

Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung\*

(appointed with effect from 17 December 2012)

\* Independent Non-executive Directors

Pursuant to the bye-law 91 of the Company's bye-laws, Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting (the "2013 AGM") and pursuant to bye-law 99(B) of the Company's bye-laws, Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling, Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing and Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel shall retire by rotation at the 2013 AGM. All the retiring Directors are eligible for re-election.

## Directors' and Senior Management's Biographies

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management up to the date of this report are set out on pages 4 to 8 of this annual report.

## 董事會報告

#### 主要客戶及供應商

於本回顧年,本集團五大客戶所佔銷售額 佔全年總銷售額少於30%。本集團五大供 應商所佔採購額佔全年總採購額69%,當 中包括最大供應商所佔採購額達24%。

本公司各董事或其仟何聯繫人十或仟何股 東(據董事會所知,擁有本公司已發行股本 逾5%之股東)概無擁有本集團五大供應商 之仟何實益權益。

#### 董事

年內本公司之董事如下:

執行董事:

周君廉博十

周永成先生

周敬成醫生

周允成先生

非執行董事:

周君今先生

陳炳勳醫生\*

丁良輝先生

鍾沛林先生

李家麟先生\*

盧景文先生\*

劉文龍先生\*

(委任於二零一二年十二月十十日起生效)

\* 獨立非執行董事

根據本公司章程細則第91條,劉文龍先生 須於應屆股東週年大會上(「二零一三年股 東週年大會」)退任,而根據本公司章程細 則第99(B)條,周君令先生、周允成先生及 丁良輝先生須於二零一三年股東週年大會 上輪席退任。所有退任董事均合資格膺選 連任。

## 董事及高級管理人員履歷

董事及高級管理人員截至本報告日之履歷 詳情載於本年報第4至8頁內。

#### **Directors' Service Contracts**

No Director proposed for re-election at the 2013 AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### **Directors' Interests in Contracts**

Save as detailed in note 41 to the financial statements, no Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

#### **Directors' Interests in Shares**

As at 31 December 2012, the interests of the Directors in the issued share capital of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

#### Long positions:

## 好倉:

## Number of shares held 持股數目

Name of Directors 董事姓名		Personal interest 個人權益	Family interest 家屬權益	Corporate interest 公司權益	Trustee interest 信託人權益	Total 總數	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司已發行 股本百分比
Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling	周君令先生	-	_	53,909,932 <sup>(1)</sup>	-	53,909,932	7.96
Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim	周君廉博士	-	_	_	136,271,595 <sup>(2)</sup>	136,271,595	20.13
Dr. CHAN Bing Fun	陳炳勳醫生	1,320,000	-	-	-	1,320,000	0.20
Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing	周永成先生	-	-	-	136,271,595 <sup>(2)</sup>	136,271,595	20.13
Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing	周敬成醫生	19,711,680	70,398 <sup>(3)</sup>	21,000,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	42,000,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	82,782,078	12.23
Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing	周允成先生	7,681,104	52,800 <sup>(3)</sup>	_	74,616,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	82,349,904	12.17

Please refer to the explanatory notes in the section headed "Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares".

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2012, none of the Directors had registered an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

## 董事會報告

#### 董事之服務合約

擬於二零一三年股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事,概無與本公司訂立本公司不可於一年內無須賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止之服務合約。

#### 董事於合約之權益

除財務報告附註41所詳述外,各董事於年內概無於本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立任何對本集團業務重要之合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

#### 董事於股份之權益

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,按《證券及期貨條例》第352條本公司須予保存之名冊內所記錄,或根據上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)必須向本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)具報之權益,各董事於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見《證券及期貨條例》第XV部)已發行股本中之權益如下:

請參考「主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關 股份之權益」一節之附註解釋。

除上文披露外,於二零一二年十二月三十一日,各董事概無登記於本公司或其任何相聯法團之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有根據《證券及期貨條例》第352條規定須予以記錄或根據標準守則必須向本公司及聯交所具報之權益或淡倉。

## **Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debentures**

At no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

## Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares

As at 31 December 2012, the interests of those persons in the issued share capital of the Company as recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

## Long positions:

Name 名稱	Capacity 身份	Number of shares held 持股數目	Company's issued share capital 佔本公司已發行 股本百分比
Everwin Company Limited	Beneficial Owner 實益持有人	120,000,000 (2)	17.73
Happy Inc.	Beneficial Owner 實益持有人	66,000,000	9.75
The Capital Group Companies, Inc	Interest of Controlled Corporation 受控制公司之權益	57,510,300 <sup>(4)</sup>	8.50
Happy Family Limited 快樂家庭有限公司	Beneficial Owner 實益持有人	53,909,932 <sup>(1)</sup>	7.96
Top Fit Investments Limited	Beneficial Owner 實益持有人	42,000,000 (3)	6.20

#### Notes:

53,909,932 shares in the Company were held by Happy Family Limited, in which Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling and his spouse owned 40% of the equity interest. Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling and his spouse were deemed to have interests in the 53,909,932 shares in the Company.

## 董事會報告

## 董事購買股份或債券之權利

本公司於年內仟何時間概無授予仟何董事 或其各自之配偶或年幼子女可購入本公司 股份或債券而獲益之權利;或由彼等行使 任何該等權利;或由本公司或其任何附屬 公司安排致令董事可於任何其他法人團體 獲得該等權利。

## 主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份之 權益

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,根據《證券 及期貨條例》第336條,本公司須予保存之 權益名冊記錄內擁有本公司已發行股本人 士之權益如下:

## 好倉:

Number of shares held	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司已發行
持股數目	股本百分比
120,000,000 (2)	17.73
66,000,000	9.75
57,510,300 <sup>(4)</sup>	8.50
53,909,932 (1)	7.96
42,000,000 (3)	6.20

#### 附註:

快樂家庭有限公司持有本公司 53,909,932 股股份,周君令先生及其配 偶合共擁有該公司40%之股本權益。 周君令先生及其配偶被視為擁有本公司 53,909,932 股股份權益。

# Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares (continued)

(2) 136,271,595 shares in the Company were held by a discretionary trust of which Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim and Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing were among the beneficiaries. The trustee of the trust was Cititrust (Cayman) Limited, which held the interests in the Company through the following companies:

Name of companies 公司名稱

Everwin Company Limited Golden Court Limited

Accordingly, Cititrust (Cayman) Limited was deemed to have interest in the 136,271,595 shares. Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim, Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing and his spouse were deemed to have interests in the 136,271,595 shares in the Company.

(3) 70,398 shares and 52,800 shares in the Company were held by the respective spouse of Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing and Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing.

21,000,000 shares in the Company were held by Speed Star Holdings Limited, a company beneficially owned by Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing and his spouse.

42,000,000 shares in the Company were held by Top Fit Investments Limited, a company beneficially owned by a discretionary trust of which Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing and Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing were the beneficiaries. The trustee of the trust was HSBC Trustee (Cook Islands) Limited and, accordingly, it was deemed to have interests in the 42,000,000 shares in the Company.

32,616,000 shares in the Company were held by CWS Holdings Limited, a company beneficially owned by a discretionary trust of which Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing is the founder and one of the beneficiaries. The trustee of the trust was UBS TC (Jersey) Ltd. and, accordingly, it was deemed to have interests in the 32,616,000 shares in the Company.

Accordingly, Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing and his spouse were deemed to have interests in the 63,070,398 shares and 82,711,680 shares in the Company, respectively. Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing and his spouse were deemed to have interests in the 74,668,800 shares and 82,297,104 shares in the Company, respectively.

(4) The Capital Group Companies, Inc. through its subsidiary, Capital Research and Management Company held the 57,510,300 shares in the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2012, no person, other than the Directors of the Company whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' Interests in Shares" above, had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

## 董事會報告

## 主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份之權益(續)

(2) 一項全權信託持有本公司136,271,595股股份,周君廉博士及周永成先生為其中受益人。Cititrust (Cayman) Limited為該信託之信託人,其透過下列公司擁有本公司之權益:

No. of shares held 特股數目

> 120,000,000 16,271,595

因此·Cititrust (Cayman) Limited 被視為擁有136,271,595股股份權益。周君廉博士、周永成先生及其配偶均被視為擁有本公司136,271,595股股份權益。

(3) 周敬成醫生及周允成先生各自之配偶分別 持有本公司70,398股及52,800股股份。

Speed Star Holdings Limited 持有本公司 21,000,000 股股份,該公司由周敬成醫生及其配偶實益擁有。

Top Fit Investments Limited持有本公司 42,000,000 股股份,該公司由一項全權信託實益擁有,周敬成醫生及周允成先生為該信託之受益人。HSBC Trustee (Cook Islands) Limited為該信託之信託人,因此被視為擁有本公司42,000,000 股股份權益。

CWS Holdings Limited持有本公司 32,616,000股股份,該公司由一項全權信託實益擁有,周允成先生為該信託之成立人及其中一名受益人。UBS TC (Jersey) Ltd. 為該信託之信託人,因此被視為擁有本公司32.616.000股股份權益。

因此,周敬成醫生及其配偶分別被視為擁有本公司63,070,398股及82,711,680股股份權益。周允成先生及其配偶分別被視為擁有本公司74,668,800股及82,297,104股股份權益。

(4) The Capital Group Companies, Inc.透過其附屬公司Capital Research and Management Company持有本公司57,510,300股股份。

除上文披露外,於二零一二年十二月三十一日,除以上「董事於股份之權益」一節所載擁有權益之本公司董事外,並無其他人士於本公司股份或相關股份中登記持有根據《證券及期貨條例》第336條須予記錄之權益或淡倉。

#### **Connected Transactions**

Connected transactions entered by the Group during the year, which also constitute exempted continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange, are disclosed in note 41 to the financial statements.

## **Sufficiency of Public Float**

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year and up to the date of this report.

#### **Auditors**

Ernst & Young retire and a resolution for their reappointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the 2013 AGM.

On behalf of the Board

## **CHOW Kwen Lim**

Chairman

Hong Kong 21 March 2013

## 董事會報告

## 關連交易

本集團於年內所進行之關連交易(亦按聯交所證券上市規則第十四A章定義而構成之獲豁免持續關連交易),於財務報告附註41披露。

## 足夠公眾持股量

本公司根據公開資料及就董事所知,於 年內及截至本報告日,本公司一直維持足 夠公眾持股量。

#### 核數師

安永會計師事務所任滿退任,有關續聘其出任本公司核數師之決議案將於二零一三年 股東週年大會上提呈。

承董事會命

## 主席 **周君廉**

香港

二零一三年三月二十一日

## **Corporate Governance Practices**

The Group as a whole strives to adhere to the highest standards of transparency, accountability and corporate governance. Save as disclosed below, the Company has complied throughout the year 2012 with the applicable code provisions in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (effective until 31 March 2012) and the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") (effective from 1 April 2012) as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). In respect of the code provision A.6.7 of the Code, a Non-executive Director was unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 29 May 2012 due to other commitment.

#### The Board

#### Board composition

In compliance with the new requirement under Rule 3.10(A) of the Listing Rules that the number of independent non-executive directors must represent at least one-third of the Board, the Company appointed an additional independent non-executive director in December 2012. Following to the appointment, the Board comprises four Executive Directors ("ED"), three Non-executive Directors ("NED") and four Independent Non-executive Directors ("INED"). In addition, a list containing the names of the Directors and their roles and functions is available on the websites of the Group and the Stock Exchange.

#### Chairman and Group General Manager

The Chairman ensures that the Board functions properly in compliance with good corporate governance practices, and the Group General Manager leads the management in the daily operation of the Group. For the year under review, Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim and Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing continued to hold the positions as the Group's Chairman and Group General Manager, respectively.

The Chairman held a meeting with all Non-executive Directors (including Independent Non-executive Directors) without the presence of the Executive Directors in March 2012.

## Independence of Directors

Save for the relationships disclosed in the biographical details set out on pages 4 to 7 of this annual report, the Directors do not have family, material financial, business or other relationships with one another.

The appointment of INED strictly adheres to the guidelines for assessing independence set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company has received confirmation in writing of his independence from the newly appointed INED and considers him to be independent. The Company has also received from each INED written annual confirmation of their independence as required under the Listing Rules and therefore the Board considers all INEDs to be independent.

## 企業管治報告

#### 企業管治常規

本集團全體員工致力維持集團最高標準之 透明度、問責性及企業管治。除下文所披 露外,本公司於二零一二年年度一直遵 守香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證 券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之 企業管治常規守則(有效期至二零一二年 三月三十一日)以及企業管治守則(「守則」) (由二零一二年四月一日起生效)之適用守 則條文。就守則第A.6.7項守則條文而言, 一名非執行董事因需處理其他事務未克出 席於二零一二年五月二十九日舉行之本公 司股東週年大會。

#### 董事會

#### 董事會組成

遵照上市規則第3.10(A)條之新規定,獨 立非執行董事之人數須佔董事會人數最 少三分之一,故本公司於二零一二年十二月 委任額外一名獨立非執行董事。於委任 後,董事會由四名執行董事、三名非執行 董事及四名獨立非執行董事組成。此外, 董事名單與彼等角色和職能已載於本集團 及聯交所之網站。

#### 主席及集團總經理

主席確保董事會依循良好企業管治常規履 行職能; 而集團總經理則領導管理層處理 本集團之日常業務運作。於本回顧年內, 周君廉博士及周永成先生分別繼續出任本 集團之主席及集團總經理。

主席與全體非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董 事)於二零一二年三月舉行了一個沒有執行 董事之會議。

#### 董事獨立性

除了於本年報第4至7頁的董事履歷詳情 披露彼等之關係外,董事之間概無親屬、 重大財務、業務或其他關係。

獨立非執行董事之委任乃嚴格遵守上市規 則第3.13條所載有關評估獨立性之指引。 本公司已接獲新任獨立非執行董事之獨立 性確認函,並認同彼屬獨立人士。本公司 亦已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則 規定就其獨立性發出之年度確認函,因此 董事會認同所有獨立非執行董事均屬獨立 人十。

## The Board (continued)

#### Re-election of Directors

In accordance with the Company's bye-laws, newly appointed Directors are required to offer themselves for re-election at the next following general meeting (in case of filling a casual vacancy) or at the next following annual general meeting (in case of an addition to the Board) following their appointment. Although all NEDs (including INEDs) are appointed for a specific term of three years, all Directors are also subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and are subject to re-election in accordance with the Company's bye-laws and the Code.

### Directors' liability insurance

Appropriate liability insurance, the coverage of which is reviewed annually, has been arranged to indemnify the Directors' risk exposure arising out of corporate activities.

#### Securities transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the Company's code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Directors are reminded on a regular basis of their obligations under the Model Code.

All Directors have written to confirm that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year.

Employees who have access to inside information of the Group are also subject to compliance with written internal guidelines that follow the Model Code.

## Directors' continuous professional development

Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company provides a comprehensive induction package to each newly appointed Director to ensure that he is sufficiently aware of his responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

During the year, all Directors of the Company namely, Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim, Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing, Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing, Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing, Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling, Dr. CHAN Bing Fun, Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel, Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam, Mr. LEE Ka Lun, Mr. LO King Man and Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung (appointed with effect from 17 December 2012) read various training materials about the latest changes and developments of the Listing Rules, corporate governance practices and other regulatory regimes provided by the Company. In addition, Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing, Dr. CHAN Bing Fun, Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel, Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam, Mr. LEE Ka Lun and Mr. LO King Man participated in other courses relating to the roles, functions and duties of a company director or further enhancement of their professional developments by way of attending seminars or via on-line aids. All Directors have provided to the Company with their respective training records for the year under review.

## 企業管治報告

#### 董事會(續)

### **菲**事重選

所有新仟董事均須根據本公司之章程細則 在獲委任後於下次股東大會上(如屬填補 臨時空缺)或下屆股東週年大會上(如屬 增加董事名額) 膺選連任。儘管所有非執行 董事(包括獨立非執行董事)獲委任之任期 均為三年,所有董事亦須根據本公司之 章程細則及守則最少每三年輪席退任及膺選 連仟。

#### 董事責任保險

本公司已為董事安排適當責任保險,為彼 等因集團業務運作而面對之風險提供賠償 保障,亦會每年檢討其承保範圍。

#### 證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市 發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標 準守則」),作為本公司董事進行證券交易 之行為守則。本公司定期提醒各董事於 標準守則下須履行之責任。

全體董事已書面確認,年內彼等均一直遵 守標準守則所載之規定標準。

若員工接觸到本集團之內幕消息,亦需遵守 按標準守則訂立之書面內部指引。

## 董事之持續專業發展

本公司鼓勵各董事參與持續專業發展,以 發展並更新彼等之知識及技能。本公司向 每名新委任的董事提供全面之就任資料文 件,以確保彼充分知悉其於上市規則及相 關監管規定下之職責及責任。

年內,本公司全體董事周君廉博士、 周永成先生、周敬成醫生、周允成先生、 周君令先生、陳炳勳醫生、丁良輝先生、 鍾沛林先生、李家麟先生、盧景文先生及 劉文龍先生(委任於二零一二年十二月 十七日起生效)均閱覽本公司所提供 有關上市規則、企業管治常規及 其他監管規定之最新變動及發展之 多份培訓資料。此外,周允成先生、 陳炳勳醫生、丁良輝先生、鍾沛林先生、 李家麟先生及盧景文先生曾參與有關公司 董事角色、職能及職務之其他課程,或通過 出席講座或透過網上輔助工具進一步提升 彼等之專業發展。全體董事已向本公司提供 彼等於回顧年內之培訓紀錄。

## Roles and Responsibilities of the Board

The Board assumes responsibility for leadership and control of the Group. It determines the overall strategic direction and management objectives, oversees significant operational and financial matters and ensures a framework of risk controls is in place.

The Company has provided to each Director a Directors' Manual, which includes the statutory obligations, duties and responsibilities for being a director. The Directors' Manual is updated from time to time to reflect the latest developments in those areas.

Internal guidelines with continuing updates in areas on the Company's and the Directors' obligations under the Listing Rules, and the latest developments or material changes on ordinances, rules or regulations are provided to Directors from time to time.

The Board has delegated day-to-day operations to management, who is responsible for implementing the Group's business strategies and managing the daily business operations under the leadership of the Group General Manager and the Group Deputy General Manager, both of whom are EDs.

## Management support

All Directors were provided with monthly updates on the Group's business, operations, and financial matters as well as timely information that may have affected the Group's businesses. Comprehensive Board papers are prepared and distributed quarterly to Directors to keep them informed.

Directors have free access to management for additional information, as and when required and may solicit independent professional advice at the Company's expenses.

#### **Board Committees**

The Board is supported by three committees, namely Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee, whose respective terms of reference are available on the websites of the Group and the Stock Exchange.

## 企業管治報告

## 董事會角色及責任

董事會負責領導及管控本集團。其釐定整 體策略性方向及管理目標、監督重大運作 及財務事官, 並確保本集團具備風險管控 架構。

本公司已向各董事提供董事手册,當中載 有作為董事之法定責任、職務及職責。本 公司不時更新董事手冊,以反映相關部分 之最新發展。

本公司不時向董事提供持續更新之內部指 引,當中載有本公司及董事根據上市規則 之責任,以及條例、規則或法規之最新發 展或重要變動。

董事會將日常運作授權予管理層負責, 管理層在均為執行董事之集團總經理及 集團副總經理領導下,負責執行本集團之 業務策略及管理日常業務運作。

#### 管理層支援

所有董事均獲得有關本集團業務、營運及 財務事宜之每月最新資料,以及可能影響 本集團業務之適時資料。本公司每季皆編 製及向各董事提供詳盡之董事會文件,使 彼等獲得有關資料。

董事可隨時接觸管理層以取得額外資料, 如有需要時亦可尋求獨立專業意見,費用 由本公司承擔。

#### 董事委員會

董事會由三個委員會支援,分別為審核委 員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,其相關 職權範圍已載於本集團及聯交所之網站。

#### **Board Committees (continued)**

#### Audit Committee

The principal role is to monitor the integrity of the Group's financial statements, oversee the Group's financial reporting systems, internal control and risk management procedures and the relationship with the external auditors. Members possess appropriate professional qualifications, accounting or management expertise as required under the Listing Rules.

In 2012, the Committee reviewed the Group's accounting principles and practices, development in accounting standards and associated impacts on the Group, risk management issues, audit findings, compliance, strategy summary and financial reporting matters, and the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system. The Committee discussed the above matters, where appropriate, with management and external auditors.

#### Remuneration Committee

Its responsibilities include reviewing and making recommendations to the Board for approval on the remuneration policies and packages for Directors and senior management.

The remuneration of Directors consists of a basic annual fee with additional payments for serving on Committees. It is not set individually. EDs receive additional pay packages by virtue of their positions in management.

During the year, the Committee reviewed and made recommendations on the remuneration package of Directors and senior management, staff bonus scheme, as well as Directors' fees.

#### Nomination Committee

Its responsibilities include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, assessing the independence of independent non-executive directors, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and determining the policy for nomination of directors. Its aim is to ensure that the Board is appropriately constituted with a balance of knowledge, skills and experience.

In December 2012, the Nomination Committee made recommendation to the Board on the appointment of Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company.

## 企業管治報告

## 董事委員會(續)

#### 審核委員會

其主要角色為監察本集團財務報告完整 性,監督本集團財務匯報制度,內部管控 及風險管理程序,以及與外聘核數師之關 係。委員會成員皆具備上市規則規定之合 適專業資格、會計或管理專長。

於二零一二年,委員會已審閱本集團之會 計原則及慣例、會計準則發展及對本集團 之相關影響、風險管理事項、審計結果、 法規遵守、策略概要及財務報告事宜,以 及本集團內部管控系統之有效性。委員會 已適當地與管理層及外聘核數師討論上述 事官。

## 薪酬委員會

其職責包括審閱董事及高級管理人員之薪 酬政策及待遇,以及提出建議予董事會批 核。

董事薪酬包括基本年度袍金及出任委員會 成員之額外酬金。薪酬並非以個別董事釐 定。執行董事會按彼等在管理層之職位而 獲取額外薪酬待遇。

年內,委員會已就董事及高級管理人員之薪 酬待遇、員工花紅計劃及董事袍金作出檢 討, 並提出建議。

#### 提名委員會

其職責包括檢討董事會之架構、人數及組 合、評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性、就董 事委仟或重新委仟向董事會提出建議,以 及釐定提名董事之政策。委員會旨在確保 董事會能恰當地組成並擁有均衡知識、技 能及經驗。

於二零一二年十二月,提名委員會已就委 仟劉文龍先牛為本公司獨立非執行董事向 董事會提出建議。

## 企業管治報告

# Attendance Record at the Meetings of the Board and Board Committees

During the year, the number of meetings held and attendance by Board members are set out as follows:

## 董事會及董事委員會會議之出席紀錄

年內,舉行會議次數及董事會成員之出席 紀錄載列如下:

Directors 董事		Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	Annual General Meeting 股東週年大會
No. of meetings held during the year	年內舉行會議次數	4	2	1	1	1
Executive Directors:	執行董事:					
Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim	周君廉博士 					
Chairman	主席	4/4	_	_	_	1/1
Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing	五/// 周永成先生	" '				., ,
Group General Manager	ルスルユ <i>集團總經理</i>	4/4	_	_	_	1/1
Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing	用敬成醫生 日敬成醫生	4/4	_	_	1/1	1/1
Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing	周允成先生	1/ 1			17 1	17 1
Group Deputy General Manager	集團副總經理	3/4	-	-	-	1/1
Non-executive Directors:						
Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling	周君令先生					
Honorary Chairman	名譽董事長	4/4	-	-	-	0/1
Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel	丁良輝先生	4/4	2/2	1/1	-	1/1
Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam	鍾沛林先生	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Independent Non-executive	獨立非執行董事:					
<b>Directors:</b> Mr. LEE Kalun	本完餘生生					
Chairman of the three Committees	李家麟先生 <i>三個委員會之主席</i>	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Dr. CHAN Bing Fun	<i>二個安貝買之土席</i> 陳炳勳醫生	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. LO King Man	属景文先生 富景文先生	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung	劉文龍先生	4/4	L1 L	1/ 1	1/ 1	1/ 1
(appointed with effect from						
17 December 2012)	十二月十七日起生效)	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0

<sup>-</sup> The Director is not a member

Directors who are considered having conflict of interests or material interests in proposed transactions or contemplated issues are required to abstain from voting on the relevant resolution.

#### 董事並非成員

若董事於建議交易或擬進行事項中存有利 益衝突或擁有重大權益,彼須就相關決議 案放棄投票。

#### **Corporate Governance Functions**

The Board of Directors is responsible for determining the policy for the corporate governance of the Company and keeping up to date with the latest requirements of the Code and the Listing Rules.

Having regard to the recent changes and developments of the regulatory and legal requirements relevant to the Group, the Board has updated or established in 2012 various responsibilities of the board committees and policies in areas including, among others, the duties of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee as well as the shareholders' communication and reporting on possible improprieties with respect to financial reporting and internal control

## **Financial Reporting**

#### Directors' responsibilities

The Board of Directors, through its Audit Committee, is responsible for overseeing the preparation of the Group's financial statements which give a true and fair view of the Group's state of affairs, results and cash flows in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.

#### External auditors

The reporting responsibilities of the Group's independent external auditors, Ernst & Young, on the Group's financial statements are set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 32 and 33 of this annual report.

The Board is satisfied with the audit fees, process and effectiveness of Ernst & Young and has recommended their reappointment as the Company's external auditors at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. The services provided by Ernst & Young and the associated fees thereof for 2012 were as follows:

Audit	審計
Taxation	税務
Others	其他

## 企業管治報告

## 企業管治職能

董事會負責釐定本公司企業管治之政策, 並掌握守則及 上市規則之最新規定。

參考與本集團相關之法規及法律要求之折 期改變及發展,董事會已於二零一二年更 新或制定各方面的多項董事委員會之職 責,其中包括審核委員會、提名委員會及 薪酬委員會之職務,以及股東傳訊及有關 財務報告與內部監控的可能發生不當行為 之政策。

#### 財務匯報

## 董事責任

董事會诱過其審核委員會負責監督本集團 之財務報告乃根據法定要求及適用之會計 準則編製,以真實和公平地反映本集團之 財政狀況、業績及現金流量。

#### 外聘核數師

本集團之獨立外聘核數師安永會計師事務 所對本集團財務報告之申報責任載於本年 報第32及33頁之獨立核數師報告內。

董事會信納安永會計師事務所之審計費用、 審計過程及有效性, 並建議於即將舉行之 股東週年大會上續聘其出任為本公司之外聘 核數師。安永會計師事務所於二零一二年 提供之服務及其相關費用如下:

2012	2011
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
2,829	2,723
754	431
186	256
3,769	3,410

## 企業管治報告

內部管控

## **Internal Control**

The Board is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to safeguard the Group's assets and manage risks. Policies and procedures are designed for providing reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss and managing risks of failure in operational systems and achievement of the Group's objectives.

董事會負責確保本集團有足夠內部管控, 以保障本集團資產及管理風險。政策及程 序乃為重大誤報或損失提供合理保障,並 管理運作系統失靈及無法達成本集團目標 之風險而設計。

Major internal controls currently in place within the Group included the followina:

本集團現有之主要內部管控包括以下各

- An Internal Audit team conducts regular audits of different aspects of the operations and reports any findings to the Audit Committee
- All inventory movements are properly recorded and reconciled, and verification and cross-checking with source documents procedures are in place
- Policies are set to cover the integrity of trading practices, safekeeping of customer assets, and credit control for the securities and futures broking business and wholesale of precious metals
- Major or material connected transactions of the Company require pre-approval of INEDs
- Business plans are prepared annually. Income and expenditure are subject to regular budgetary review
- Information access is managed on a need-to-know basis. Guidelines and procedures are in place to protect personal data and to ensure the integrity of communication systems

- 系統稽核團隊對業務運作定期進行各 方面審核,並向審核委員會報告所有 有關審核調查結果
- 所有存貨流動均妥善記錄及核對,亦 訂有程序與原始文件核證及對證
- 證券及期貨經紀業務及貴金屬批發業 務均有政策管理交易之完整性、妥善 保管客戶資產及信貸控制
- 本公司主要或重大關連交易必須獲得 獨立非執行董事預先批准
- 每年編製業務計劃。收入及開支受控 於定期預算檢討
- 查閱資訊乃按應知方知基準管理。已 制訂指引及程序以保障個人資料及確 保溝通系統之完整性

The Board and the Audit Committee have reviewed the Group's internal control system for the year ended 31 December 2012, with reference to the internal audit reports and the representations made by management and concluded that adequate and effective internal controls are being maintained. The annual review also considers the adequacy of resources. qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget. There were no significant areas of concern identified during the year.

董事會及審核委員會已檢閱截至二零一二年 十二月三十一日止年度本集團之內部管控系 統,經參考內部稽核報告及管理層作出之 陳述後,確認現有足夠及有效內部管控。 年度之檢討亦考慮到本公司在會計及財務 匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是 否足夠、以及彼等所接受之培訓課程及有 關預算是否充足。年內並無發現重大須關 注事項。

## **Constitutional Documents**

During the year, there was no change in the Company's memorandum of association and bye-laws. A copy of the latest consolidated version of the memorandum of association and bye-laws is available on the websites of the Group and the Stock Exchange.

## 憲章文件

年內,本公司之組織章程大綱及章程細則 概無變動。該組織章程大綱及章程細則之 最新綜合版本已載於本集團及聯交所之網 站。

## **Corporate and Social Responsibilities**

#### **Business** ethics

The Group is committed to a high standard of business ethics and integrity. Code of conduct defining the employees' ethical standards and the Group's non-discriminatory employment practices have been adopted and guidelines are posted in the Group's intranet for ease of access by all staff.

#### **Employees**

The Group recognizes that human capital is a key asset. Therefore, the Group places emphasis on development and retention of staff and commits to offer a healthy and safe working environment to employees. Guidelines on enhancing safety consciousness are in place for compliance and reference by employees. The Group also conducts training both in Hong Kong and in the Mainland, using in-house and external resources as appropriate. Programmes are offered on a variety of subjects, falling mainly into the categories of sales skills and management technique, and pitched at different levels of experience and expertise.

Aside from basic salary, employees are rewarded with performancebased bonuses. Fringe benefits such as paid vacation leave, insurance are commensurate with local practices and legal requirements. Individual performance is assessed annually within a uniform framework, which is applied to all territories and is based on openness and objectiveness. The Company has adopted a share option scheme on 7 December 2010, which serves as an incentive to attract, retain and motive talented eligible employees, including directors. Details of the share option scheme are set out in note 35 to the financial statements. It is the Group's policy to abide with best practice principles, to hire the most suitable person for the job with competitive emoluments and to motivate staff with incentives and positive reinforcement.

#### Environmental protection

The Group's commitment statement together with a comprehensive list of tips on environmental protection, are posted on the Group's intranet for easy access and reference by all staff. Staff members are required not to put shark fin on the menu for all company entertaining, and are asked to do the same for personal consumption. Employees are encouraged to reduce use of paper and electricity, and recycle paper and toner cartridges. Wherever feasible packaging are made of biodegradable material and designed to provide residual use to consumers.

### Contributions to the community

The Group gave a sponsorship to the Hong Kong Repertory Theatre to bring its production "I Have a Date with Autumn" in Hong Kong and Taipei. Other recipients of support from the Group included the Hong Kong Academy for Performing Arts, the Hong Kong Philharmonic Orchestra, the Hong Kong Sinfonietta, the Hong Kong Youth Arts Foundation, the Shunde Lunjiao Charity Federation, the Hong Kong Breast Cancer Foundation, the Quality Tourism Services Association and other community organizations.

## 企業管治報告

#### 企業及社會責任

#### 商業道德

本集團致力維持高水平之商業道德及誠 信。本集團已採納一套行為準則,當中列 明員工道德標準及本集團採納之反歧視 僱傭慣例,指引已載於本集團之內聯網, 以供全體員工取閱。

#### 僱員

本集團明白人力資源是重要資產。因此, 本集團十分著重員工發展及挽留人才,並 致力為員工提供健康及安全工作環境。本 集團訂有提升安全意識指引,讓員工遵守 及參考。本集團亦於香港及內地使用內部 及外界資源(如適用)提供培訓。培訓課程 包括不同項目,主要分為銷售技巧及管理 技術等類別,並為不同年資及專長之僱員 制訂培訓內容。

除基本薪酬外,僱員可獲按表現為分發基 準之花紅。本集團亦按當地慣例及法律規 定提供有薪假期、保險等額外福利。各地 區員工的個人表現按集團訂定的統一標準 每年進行評核,這套標準以開放及客觀的 原則訂定。本公司已於二零一零年十二月 七日採納購股權計劃,作為獎勵以吸引、 挽留及激勵合資格之優秀僱員(包括董 事)。購股權計劃之詳情載於財務報告附註 35。本集團一貫以業內典範為標準,用最 具競爭力的薪酬待遇聘請合適的人才,並 以獎勵及正面方式推動員工士氣。

#### 環境保護

本集團之承諾聲明連同有關環境保護提示 之詳盡列表,已載於本集團之內聯網,讓 全體員工容易接觸及參考。本集團規定員工於 所有公司聯誼活動的菜單不可加入魚翅, 並建議員工在個人消費方面也用同一理 念。本集團鼓勵僱員減少用紙及用電,以 及循環再用紙張及碳粉匣。於可行時本集團 之包裝會以可分解物料製造,並以可令 顧客再用之原則來設計。

### 貢獻社會

本集團贊助香港話劇團於香港及台北演出 其作品「我和秋天有個約會」。其他獲本 集團贊助之機構包括香港演藝學院、香港 管弦樂團、香港小交響樂團、香港青年藝 術協會、順德倫教慈善會、香港乳癌基金 會、優質旅遊服務協會及其他社會機構。

## **Corporate Communication**

### Shareholder communication

The Board recognizes the importance of good communication with the Company's shareholders. A shareholders' communication policy with the objectives of ensuring a transparent and timely communication with shareholders and other stakeholders via various means, has been established. The general meetings of the Company provide a forum for communication between the Board and the Shareholders. The chairman of the Board as well as the chairman of the Audit Committee and other members of the respective committees are available to answer questions at the general meeting of the Shareholders.

#### Investor communication

Aside from annual reports and interim reports, the Group disseminates timely information on its websites to investors and consumers alike.

Management also attend meetings with financial analysts and fund managers from time to time. These meetings allow management to maintain close contact with investors which facilitate their understanding of the Group's strategies and operations.

#### Internal communication

The Group's staff members are linked by the Group's intranet for prompt sharing of information. Regular meetings of staff members from Hong Kong, Mainland China and Taiwan are held to share and discuss issues on achieving the Group's strategic objectives, actual operational practices, local rules and regulations and compliance practices.

### Shareholders' Rights

Shareholders shall have the right to request the Board to convene a special general meeting ("SGM") of the Company. Shareholders holding in aggregate of not less than one-tenth (10%) of the paid up capital of the Company may send a written request to the Board of the Company to request for a SGM.

The written requisition, duly signed by the shareholders concerned, must state the purposes of the meeting and must be deposited at the Company's registered office for the attention of the Company Secretary.

The Company would take appropriate actions and make necessary arrangements, and the shareholders concerned would be responsible for the expenses incurred in giving effect thereto in accordance with the requirements under Section 74 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 (the "Companies Act") once a valid requisition is received.

## 企業管治報告

## 企業傳訊

## 股東傳訊

董事會深明與本公司股東保持良好溝通之重要性。本集團已制定股東傳訊政策,旨在確保透過多種方式與股東及其他各界相關人士保持透明及適時之溝通。本公司之股東大會為董事會與股東提供交流平台。董事會主席、審核委員會主席及各委員會之其他成員均出席股東大會以回答股東之提問。

#### 投資者傳訊

除年報及中期報告外,本集團亦適時於其 網站發布消息,供投資者及客戶參閱。

管理層亦不時出席財務分析員及基金經理之 會議。此等會議令管理層與投資者保持 密切聯繫,有助彼等了解本集團之策略及 運作。

#### 內部傳訊

本集團員工透過本集團之內聯網互相連繫,以即時交流資訊。香港、中國內地及台灣之同事共同參與定期舉行之會議,以分享及討論達成本集團之策略性目標、實際經營慣例、當地規則及法規,以及遵守法規價例等事官。

### 股東權利

股東有權要求董事會召開本公司之股東特別大會。持有本公司繳足股本合共不少於十分之一(10%)之股東,可向本公司董事會發送請求書,要求召開股東特別大會。

經有關股東簽妥之請求書須列明會議目的,並送交本公司之註冊辦事處,請註明 收件人為公司秘書。

本公司於接獲有效請求書時,將採取適當 行動及作出必要安排,有關股東須根據百 慕達一九八一年公司法(「公司法」)第74條 承擔由此產生之費用。

## Shareholders' Rights (continued)

The following shareholders are entitled to put forward a proposal (which may properly be put to the meeting) for consideration at a general meeting of the Company:

- (a) any number of members representing not less than one-twentieth
   (5%) of the total voting rights of the Company on the date of the requisition; or
- (b) not less than 100 members holding shares in the Company.

The requisition specifying the proposal, duly signed by the shareholders concerned, together with a statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in the proposal must be deposited at the Company's registered office for the attention of the Company Secretary. The Company would take appropriate actions and make necessary arrangements, and the shareholders concerned would be responsible for the expenses incurred in giving effect thereto in accordance with the requirements under Sections 79 and 80 of the Companies Act once valid documents are received.

As regards, proposing a person for election as a director, please refer to the procedures available on the website of the Group.

Shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing through the Company Secretary at 27/F, 9 Wing Hong Street, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong (email: ir@chowsangsang.com).

#### 企業管治報告

## 股東權利(續)

以下股東有權於本公司股東大會提呈建議(可於會議上正式提呈建議),以供考慮:

- (a) 於請求日期佔本公司總投票權不少於 二十分之一(5%)之任何成員數目; 或
- (b) 不少於100位持有本公司股份之股 東。

經有關股東簽妥並載列建議之請求書,連同不多於1,000字關於建議內的所述事宜,須送交本公司之註冊辦事處,請註明收件人為公司秘書。本公司於接獲有效請求書時,將採取適當行動及作出必要安排,有關股東須根據公司法第79及80條承擔由此產生之費用。

有關提名他人參選董事之程序,請參閱本 集團網站所載之程序。

股東可透過公司秘書以書面方式向董事會提出查詢及關注,並送交香港九龍長沙灣永康街九號二十七樓(電郵:ir@chowsangsang.com)。

## **III** FRNST & YOUNG 永

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## To the shareholders of **Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Limited**

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 34 to 129, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2012, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

## Directors' responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

#### 致周生生集團國際有限公司

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) 列位股東

本核數師已審核列載於第34至129頁 周生生集團國際有限公司(「貴公司」)及 其附屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」)之綜合財 務報告,此綜合財務報告包括於二零一二年 十二月三十一日之綜合及公司財務狀況 表、截至該日止年度之綜合損益賬、綜合 全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金 流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他解 釋資料。

#### 董事就綜合財務報告須承擔之責任

貴公司董事須負責按照香港會計師公會頒 布之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之 披露規定,編製真實而公平的綜合財務報 告, 並落實其認為必要的內部管控, 以使 綜合財務報告不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導 致之重大錯誤陳述。

## 核數師之責任

本核數師之責任是根據本核數師審核工作 的結果,對此等綜合財務報告提出意見。 本核數師之報告按照百慕達一九八一年公 司法第90條的規定,僅向整體股東報告, 除此以外,本核數師之報告不可作其他用 途。本核數師不會就本報告之內容,向任 何其他人士負責或承擔責任。

本核數師已根據香港會計師公會頒布之香 港審核準則進行審核。該等準則要求本核 數師遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行審核, 以合理確定綜合財務報告是否不存有任何 重大錯誤陳述。

## Auditors' responsibility (continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2012, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

**Ernst & Young**Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong 21 March 2013

#### 核數師之責任(續)

本核數師相信,我們所獲得之審核憑證是 充足和適當地為我們之審核意見提供基礎。

#### 意見

本核數師認為,綜合財務報告已根據香港 財務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴公司 及 貴集團於二零一二年十二月三十一日 之財政狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度之 溢利及現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例 之披露規定而適當編製。

執業會計師 安**永會計師事務所** 

香港 二零一三年三月二十一日

## 綜合損益賬

Year ended 31 December 2012

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2012 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
<b>TURNOVER</b> Jewellery retail Other businesses	<b>營業額</b> 珠寶零售 其他業務	5	14,861,040 3,399,192	12,645,000 4,513,286
			18,260,232	17,158,286
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(14,827,905)	(13,903,840)
Gross profit Other income Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses Other gains, net Finance costs Share of profits of associates, net	毛利 其他收入 銷售及分銷費用 行政費用 其他收益,淨值 財務費用 應佔聯營公司溢利,淨值	7	3,432,327 86,308 (1,942,566) (375,210) 55,791 (39,162) 4,179	3,254,446 71,199 (1,567,629) (336,676) 43,483 (47,038) 1,983
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	6	1,221,667	1,419,768
Income tax	所得税	11	(232,853)	(303,423)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利		988,814	1,116,345
Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	應佔溢利: 本公司權益持有人 非控股股東權益	12	984,845 3,969 988,814	1,097,983 18,362 1,116,345
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY Basic	本公司權益持有人應佔 每股盈利 基本	14	145.5 cents 仙	162.2 cents 仙
Diluted	攤薄		145.5 cents 仙	162.2 cents 仙

Details of the dividends payable and proposed for the year are disclosed in note 13 to the financial statements.

年度應付及擬派股息之詳情於財務報告附 註13中披露。

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

# 綜合全面收益表

Year ended 31 December 2012

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2012 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利		988,814	1,116,345
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	其他全面收益			
Changes in fair value of available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資之 公平價值變動	22	37,487	(253,838)
Exchange differences on translation	匯兑差額		27,685	132,211
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax	扣除税項後的年內其他 全面收益/(虧損)		65,172	(121,627)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年內全面收益總額		1,053,986	994,718
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	應佔全面收益總額:			
Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益持有人 非控股股東權益		1,050,250 3,736	973,234 21,484
			1,053,986	994,718

# 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2012

於二零一二年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	31 December 十二月三十一日 2012 HK\$'000 千港元	31 December 十二月三十一日 2011 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)	1 January 一月一日 2011 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Investment properties Prepaid land lease payments Intangible assets Other assets Investments in associates Available-for-sale investments Deferred tax assets	非流動資產 物業、機 投資器 投資性土地 預付土地 產 無形資產 其他營營 其他營營 可供 近 發 管 管 管 管 管 管 管 管 管 管 管 管 管 管 管 管 管 管	15 16 17 18 19 21 22 33	663,440 208,420 13,833 271 167,300 21,645 671,327 16,056	538,645 179,261 14,019 271 137,613 17,814 634,843 16,110	442,719 175,458 13,506 271 95,302 16,041 889,206 14,153
Total non-current assets	總非流動資產		1,762,292	1,538,576	1,646,656
CURRENT ASSETS Inventories Accounts receivable Receivables arising from securities	流動資產 存貨 應收賬款 證券及期貨經紀	23 24	6,602,021 707,838	6,213,968 598,827	4,897,755 403,438
and futures broking  Prepayments, deposits and	產生之應收賬款 預付款項、按金及	24	181,675	139,680	256,434
other receivables Investments at fair value through	其他應收賬款 按公平價值訂定	25	132,003	234,785	221,052
profit or loss Derivative financial instruments Tax recoverable Cash held on behalf of clients	盈虧之投資 衍生金融工具 可收回税項 代客戶持有現金	26 30 27	12,128 2,303 543 350,885	9,773 10,596 1,578 300,356	12,015 - 763 306,863
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金	27	673,867	630,968	272,919
Total current assets	總流動資產		8,663,263	8,140,531	6,371,239
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b> Accounts payable Payables arising from securities and	<b>流動負債</b> 應付賬款 證券及期貨經紀	28	176,868	72,039	176,781
futures broking Other payables and accruals	產生之應付賬款 其他應付賬款及	28	383,866	296,499	370,719
Derivative financial instruments Interest-bearing bank borrowings Interest-bearing bank borrowings	應計項目 衍生金融工具 計息銀行貸款 證券及期貨經紀	29 30 31	512,181 8 764,314	492,860 311 1,299,432	382,337 9,508 695,544
arising from securities and futures broking Bullion loans Tax payable	產生之計息 銀行貸款 貴金屬借貸 應付税項	31 32	30,000 501,030 229,843	30,000 385,367 143,091	30,000 396,267 88,982
Total current liabilities	總流動負債		2,598,110	2,719,599	2,150,138
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		6,065,153	5,420,932	4,221,101
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債		7,827,445	6,959,508	5,867,757

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

# As at 31 December 2012

# 綜合財務狀況表

於二零一二年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	31 December 十二月三十一日 2012 HK\$'000 千港元	31 December 十二月三十一日 2011 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)	1 January 一月一日 2011 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b> Interest-bearing bank borrowings Deferred tax liabilities	<b>非流動負債</b> 計息銀行貸款 遞延税項負債	31 33	606,298 138,074	393,225 129,747	115,559
Total non-current liabilities	總非流動負債		744,372	522,972	115,559
Net assets	資產淨值		7,083,073	6,436,536	5,752,198
<b>EQUITY</b> Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company Issued capital Reserves	權益 本公司權益持有人 應佔權益 已發行股本 儲備	34 36(a)	169,230 6,837,739	169,230 6,186,247	169,230 5,523,393
No. 10 Process			7,006,969	6,355,477	5,692,623
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益		<u>76,104</u>	81,059	59,575
Total equity	總權益		7,083,073	6,436,536	5,752,198

**CHOW Kwen Lim** Director

周君廉 董事

**Vincent CHOW Wing Shing** Director

周永成 董事

### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##				Attributable to equity holders of the C		
As previously reported Prior year adjustments 上午度調整 2.2 — 1,051,502 343,837 Profit for the year (as restated)  Profit for the year (as restated) Other comprehensive income for the year: Exchange differences on translation Exchanges in fair value of available-for-sale investments Exchange differences on translation Exchanges in fair value of available-for-sale investments Exchange differences on translation Exchanges in fair value of available-for-sale investments Exchange differences on translation Exchanges in fair value of available-for-sale investments Exchange differences on translation Exchang				capital 已發行股本 HK\$'000	premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000	land and buildings revaluation reserve 租賃土地及 樓宇重估儲備 HK\$'000
Profit for the year (as restated) Other comprehensive income for the year: Changes in fair value of available-for-sale investments Exchange differences on translation  From Fix (1) (重角 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	As previously reported	過往呈報	2.2	169,230 	1,051,502 	343,837
F内其他全面收益: 可供出售投資之公平 個化管數 Exchange differences on translation  F内全面收益總額 F内全面收益總額 F内全面收益總額 F内全面收益總額 F内全面收益總額 F内全面收益總額 F内全面收益總額 F内全面收益總額 F内容面收益總額 F内溢利 F内其他全面收益: 可供出售投資之公平 個值變動 F内法他全面收益: 可供出售投資之公平 個值變動 F内法他合面收益: 可供出售投資之公平 個值變動 F内法他合面收益: 可供出售投資之公平 個值變動 F内法他合面收益: 可供出售投資之公平 個值變動 F内法他合面收益: 可供出售投資之公平 個值變動 F内其他全面收益: 可供出售投資之公平 個值變動 F内基他的企業 F内基面收益總額 F内基面收益總額 F内之面收益總額 F内之面收益。F内之面收益域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域域	As restated	重列		169,230	1,051,502	343,837
Exchange differences on translation	Other comprehensive income for the year: Changes in fair value of available-for-sale	年內其他全面收益: 可供出售投資之公平		-	-	-
Transfer from retained profits Release upon disposal of properties Dividends declared and paid during the year  At 31 December 2011  At 1 January 2012 As previously reported Prior year adjustments  上年度調整  2.2  Ar restated  重列  Total comprehensive income for the year: Exchange differences on translation  Total comprehensive income for the year  Transfer from retained profits Release upon disposal of a property Dividends declared and paid during the year  ## I Hamany 2012  Ac   Transfer from retained profits Release upon disposal of a property Dividends declared and paid during the year  ## I Hamany 2012  ## I Haman				-	-	-
Release upon disposal of properties Dividends declared and paid during the year  At 31 December 2011  At 1 January 2012 As previously reported Prior year adjustments  Exchange sin fair value of available-for-sale investments Exchange differences on translation  Total comprehensive income for the year  Transfer from retained profits Release upon disposal of a property Dividends declared and paid during the year  Hemping May Dividends declared an	Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額				
At 1 January 2012 As previously reported 過往呈報 169,230 1,051,502 338,760 Prior year adjustments 上年度調整 2.2	Release upon disposal of properties	出售物業時解除	13	- - -	- - -	(5,077) –
As previously reported Prior year adjustments 上年度調整 2.2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日		169,230	1,051,502*	338,760*
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year: Changes in fair value of available-for-sale investments Exchange differences on translation  Exchange differences on translation  Exchange differences on translation  F內全面收益總額  F內本表述  F內述  F內本表述  F內本表述	As previously reported	過往呈報	2.2	169,230	1,051,502	338,760
Other comprehensive income for the year: Changes in fair value of available-for-sale investments Exchange differences on translation年內其他全面收益: 可供出售投資之公平 價值變動一一一Total comprehensive income for the year年內全面收益總額一一一Transfer from retained profits Release upon disposal of a property Dividends declared and paid during the year轉自保留溢利 出售物業時解除 年內宣派及繳付股息一一一Dividends declared and paid during the year年內宣派及繳付股息13一一	As restated	重列		169,230	1,051,502*	338,760*
Transfer from retained profits 轉自保留溢利	Other comprehensive income for the year: Changes in fair value of available-for-sale investments	年內其他全面收益: 可供出售投資之公平 價值變動		- - -	- - -	-
Release upon disposal of a property 出售物業時解除 (3,161) Dividends declared and paid during the year 年內宣派及繳付股息 13	Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額				
At 31 December 2012 於二零一二年十二月三十一日 <b>169,230 1,051,502* 335,599*</b>	Release upon disposal of a property	出售物業時解除	13	- - -	- - -	(3,161) -
	At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日		169,230	1,051,502*	335,599*

These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$6,837,739,000 (2011: HK\$6,186,247,000 (restated)) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

## 本公司權益持有人應佔

							午厶刊惟皿1寸円.
Total equity	Non- controlling interests	Total	Retained profits	Reserve funds	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Difference arising from acquisition of non-controlling interests 收購非控股股東	Investment revaluation reserve
總權益 HK\$'000 千港元	非控股股東權益 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$′000 千港元	保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	儲備金 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元 Note 36(a) 附註36(a)	外匯變動儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	權益產生之差額 HK\$'000 千港元	投資重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元
5,740,402 11,796	59,575 	5,680,827 11,796	3,003,339 11,796	82,135 	140,336	4,897	885,551 -
5,752,198	59,575	5,692,623	3,015,135	82,135	140,336	4,897	885,551
1,116,345	18,362	1,097,983	1,097,983	-	-	-	-
(253,838) 132,211	3,122	(253,838) 129,089	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_ 129,089	_ 	(253,838)
994,718	21,484	973,234	1,097,983	-	129,089	-	(253,838)
- 1,003 (311,383)	- - -	- 1,003 (311,383)	(37,918) 6,080 (311,383)	37,918 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
6,436,536	81,059	6,355,477	3,769,897*	120,053*	269,425*	4,897*	631,713*
6,420,266 16,270	81,059 -	6,339,207 16,270	3,753,627 16,270	120,053 -	269,425 -	4,897 -	631,713 -
6,436,536	81,059	6,355,477	3,769,897*	120,053*	269,425*	4,897*	631,713*
988,814	3,969	984,845	984,845	-	-	-	-
37,487 27,685	(233)	37,487 27,918	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	27,918	- -	37,487 -
1,053,986	3,736	1,050,250	984,845	-	27,918	-	37,487
- 625 (408,074)	- - (8,691)	- 625 (399,383)	(24,276) 3,786 (399,383)	24,276 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
7,083,073	76,104	7,006,969	4,334,869*	144,329*	297,343*	4,897*	669,200*

此等儲備賬目組成綜合財務狀況表之綜合儲備6,837,739,000港元(二零一一年:6,186,247,000港元(重列))。

# 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2012

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2012 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax Adjustments for:	<b>經營業務之現金流量</b> 除税前溢利 調整:		1,221,667	1,419,768
Finance costs Share of profits of associates, net Interest income Dividend income from listed investments Dividend income from unlisted investments Net loss on disposal of items of property,	財務費用 應佔聯營公司溢利,淨值 利息收入 上市投資之股息收入 非上市投資之股息收入 出售物業、機器及設備	7 6 6 6	39,162 (4,179) (15,741) (19,829) (423)	47,038 (1,983) (15,010) (22,438) (1,134)
plant and equipment  Net loss on disposal of derivative financial	項目淨虧損 出售衍生金融工具淨虧損	6	6,927	2,093
instruments Net loss on bullion loans designated	指定為按公平價值訂定盈虧	6	11,396	21,663
at fair value through profit or loss  Net fair value gain on investment properties	之貴金屬借貸淨虧損 投資物業之公平價值	6	48,291	120,848
Net fair value gain on bullion loans designated at fair value through profit	淨收益 指定為按公平價值訂定盈虧 之貴金屬借貸的公平價值	6	(37,703)	(24,737)
or loss  Net fair value loss/(gain) on investments at fair value through profit or loss	定員並屬個員的公十員個 淨收益 按公平價值訂定盈虧之 投資的公平價值	6	(18,362)	-
Net fair value loss/(gain) on derivative financial instruments – transactions not	淨虧損/(收益) 衍生金融工具之公平價值 淨虧損/(收益) - 不符合	6	(2,355)	2,242
qualifying as hedges Gain on dissolution of an available-for-sale	對沖定義之交易 解散一項可供出售投資之	6	8,006	(19,749)
investment Depreciation Amortization of prepaid land lease payments Impairment of receivables arising from	收益 折舊 攤銷預付土地租賃款項 證券及期貨經紀產生之應收	6 6 6	(1,077) 139,501 291	107,230 285
securities and futures broking, net Write-down of inventories	展款減值,淨值 搬銷存貨至可變現淨值	6	287	262
to net realizable value	顺射行员主引 友先/7 但	6	155	23,961
Increase in inventories Increase in accounts receivable Decrease/(increase) in receivables arising from	存貨之增加 應收賬款之增加 證券及期貨經紀產生之應收		1,376,014 (372,917) (108,567)	1,660,339 (1,270,678) (178,830)
securities and futures broking  Decrease/(increase) in prepayments,	展款之減少/(增加) 預付款項、按金及其他應收		(42,282)	116,492
deposits and other receivables  Decrease/(increase) in cash held on behalf	展款之減少/(增加) 代客戶持有現金之減少/		103,872	(8,335)
of clients Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable Increase/(decrease) in payables arising from	(增加) 應付賬款之增加/(減少) 證券及期貨經紀產生之應付		(50,529) 106,579	6,507 (97,495)
securities and futures broking Increase in derivative financial instruments Increase in other payables and accruals	賬款之增加/(減少) 衍生金融工具之增加 其他應付賬款及應計項目之		87,367 (11,396)	(74,220) (21,663)
	增加		22,450	122,757
Cash generated from operations Interest received Interest paid	經營所得現金 已收利息 已付利息		1,110,591 15,328 (17)	254,874 14,718 (88)
Hong Kong profits tax paid Elsewhere taxes paid	已付香港利得税 已付其他地區税項		(34,600) (101,367)	(98,522) (137,894)
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營業務所得之現金流量淨額		989,935	33,088

# 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2012

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動之現金流量			
Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、機器及 設備項目		(266,927)	(189,556)
Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、機器及設備項目 所得款項		37	80
Payment of prepaid land leases Proceeds from disposal of investment	支付預付土地租賃 出售投資物業所得款項		-	(422)
properties			8,544	12,803
Proceeds from dissolution of an available-for- sale investment	解散一項可供出售投資所得 款項		1,556	
Increase in other assets Dividends received from associates	其他資產之增加 已收聯營公司股息		(29,687) 371	(42,311) 380
Dividends received from listed investments Dividends received from unlisted investments	已收上市投資股息 已收非上市投資股息		19,829 423	22,438 1,134
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動所用之現金流量淨額		(265,854)	(195,454)
-			(203,034)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  New bank loans Repayment of bank loans New bullion loans Repayment of bullion loans Interest paid Dividends paid Dividends paid to a non-controlling	融資活動之現金流量 新增銀行貸款 償還銀行貸款 新增貴金屬借貸 償還貴金屬借貸 已付股息 已付一家附屬公司非控股股東		1,663,913 (1,985,958) 1,371,467 (1,287,516) (36,594) (399,383)	2,762,328 (1,621,598) 1,249,133 (1,380,881) (38,768) (311,383)
shareholder of a subsidiary	之股息		(8,691)	
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動所得/(所用)之現金 流量淨額		(682,762)	658,831
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH	現金及等同現金之增加淨額		44.546	105 155
<b>EQUIVALENTS</b> Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	於年初之現金及等同現金 外幣匯率變動影響,淨值		41,319 630,968 1,580	496,465 129,302 5,201
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF	於年終之現金及等同現金		672.067	630.060
YEAR			673,867	630,968
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及等同現金結存分析			
Cash and bank balances Non-pledged time deposits with original	現金及銀行存款 存放時到期日少於	27	617,103	600,345
maturity of less than three months when acquired	三個月之無抵押定期 存款	27	56,764	30,623
			673,867	630,968

# 財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2012

於二零一二年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2012 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 HK\$′000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Interests in subsidiaries	<b>非流動資產</b> 於附屬公司之權益	20	2,943,329	2,810,037
CURRENT ASSETS Prepayments Cash and cash equivalents	<b>流動資產</b> 預付款項 現金及等同現金	25 27	290 2,600	290 2,124
Total current assets	總流動資產		2,890	2,414
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables and accruals Tax payable	<b>流動負債</b> 其他應付賬款及應計項目 應付税項		3,925 67	3,921 55
Total current liabilities	總流動負債		3,992	3,976
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債淨值		(1,102)	(1,562)
Net assets	資產淨值		2,942,227	2,808,475
<b>EQUITY</b> Issued capital Reserves	<b>權益</b> 已發行股本 儲備	34 36(b)	169,230 2,772,997	169,230 2,639,245
Total equity	總權益		2,942,227	2,808,475

**CHOW Kwen Lim** Director

周君廉 董事

**Vincent CHOW Wing Shing** Director

周永成 董事

#### Corporate information 1

Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda.

During the year, the Group was involved in the following principal activities:

- manufacture and retail of jewellery
- wholesale of precious metals
- securities and futures broking

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties, certain buildings classified as property, plant and equipment, bullion loans, derivative financial instruments and certain equity investments, which have been measured at fair value as further explained in note 2.4 to the financial statements. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

## Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. All intra-group balances, transactions, unrealized gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated on consolidation in full.

Total comprehensive income within a subsidiary is attributed to the noncontrolling interest even if it results in a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognizes (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognizes (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate.

## 公司資料

周生生集團國際有限公司乃於百慕達註冊 成立之有限公司。本公司之註冊辦事處 位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda o

年內本集團從事之主要業務如下:

- 珠寶製造及零售
- 貴金屬批發
- 證券及期貨經紀

#### 2.1 編製基準

本財務報告乃按照香港會計師公會頒布之 香港財務報告準則(包括所有香港財務報 告準則、香港會計準則及詮釋)、香港普 遍採納之會計原則及香港公司條例之披露 規定而編製。除本財務報告附註2.4所進 一步解釋,以公平價值計量之投資物業、 分類為物業、機器及設備之若干樓宇、貴 金屬借貸、衍生金融工具及若干股份投資 外,本財務報告乃按歷史成本慣例編製。 本財務報告以港元呈報,除另有指明者 外,所有價值均調整至最接近千元。

## 綜合基準

本綜合財務報告包括本集團截至二零一二年 十二月三十一日止年度之財務報告。附屬 公司的財務報告按本公司之相同報告期間 及採用與本公司一致的會計政策編製。附 屬公司之業績自其收購日,即本集團取得 其控制權之日起綜合計算,至有關控制權 終止之日止。所有集團內公司間之結餘、 交易、集團內公司間交易產生之未變現盈 虧及股息,均於綜合賬目內全數對銷。

即使附屬公司全面收益總額將致負數結 餘,其亦歸於非控股股東權益。

附屬公司所有權權益變動時,而並無失去 控制權,則作權益交易入賬處理。

倘本集團失去附屬公司之控制權,則不 再確認(i)該附屬公司之資產(包括商譽) 及負債:(ii)任何非控股股東權益之賬面 值;及(iii)計入權益之累計匯兑差額;並 確認(i)已收代價之公平價值;(ii)任何獲 保留投資之公平價值及(iii) 損益賬中任何 因此產生之盈餘或虧損。先前已於其他全 面收益確認之本集團應佔部分,乃視乎情 况重新分類至損益賬或保留溢利。

## 財務報告附註

#### 2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

The Group has adopted the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements:

**HKFRS 1 Amendments** Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption

of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards - Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time

Adopters

**HKFRS 7 Amendments** Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial

Instruments: Disclosures - Transfers of

Financial Assets

Amendments to HKAS 12 Income Taxes -HKAS 12 Amendments

Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets

Other than as further explained below regarding the impact of the HKAS 12 Amendments, the adoption of the revised HKFRSs has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements and there have been no significant changes to the accounting policies applied in these financial statements.

The HKAS 12 Amendments clarify the determination of deferred tax for investment property measured at fair value and introduce a rebuttable presumption that deferred tax on investment property measured at fair value should be determined on the basis that its carrying amount will be recovered through sale. Furthermore, the amendments incorporate the requirement previously in HK(SIC)-Int 21 Income Taxes - Recovery of Revalued Non-Depreciable Assets that deferred tax on non-depreciable assets, measured using the revaluation model in HKAS 16, should always be measured on a sale basis. Prior to the adoption of the amendments, deferred tax with respect to the Group's investment properties was provided on the basis that the carrying amount will be recovered through use, and accordingly the profits tax rate had been applied to the calculation of deferred tax arising on the revaluation of the Group's investment properties. Upon the adoption of the HKAS 12 Amendments, deferred tax in respect of the Group's investment properties is provided on the presumption that the carrying amount will be recovered through sale. The effects of the above change are summarized below:

## 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團於本年度之財務報告首次採納下列 經修訂香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則第1號

第1號修訂本 之修訂*首次採納香港財* 

務報告準則 - 嚴重高湧 脹以及取消首次採納者 的固定日期

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則第7號

之修訂金融工具:披露 第7號修訂本

- 財務資產轉讓

香港會計準則 香港會計準則第12號之修 第12號修訂本

訂所得税 - 遞延税項:

收回相關資產

除下文所詳述有關香港會計準則第12號 修訂本之影響外,採納經修訂香港財務報 告準則對本財務報告並無重大財務影響, 而本財務報告所應用之會計政策概無任何 重大變動。

香港會計準則第12號修訂本釐清以公平 價值計量之投資物業之遞延稅項之釐定, 並引入可推翻假定,即以公平價值計量之 投資物業之遞延税項應以其賬面值透過出 售而可收回之基準而釐定。此外,該修訂 納入先前於香港(詮釋常務委員會)- 詮釋 第21號所得税 - 收回重估非折舊資產之 規定,即採用香港會計準則第16號之重 估模式計量之非折舊資產之遞延稅項,應 以出售基準計量。於採納該修訂前,本集 團投資物業之遞延税項以其賬面值透過使 用而可收回之基準而釐定,因此,採用了 利得税税率以計算本集團投資物業重估產 生之遞延税項。於採納香港會計準則第 12號修訂本後,本集團投資物業之遞延 税項乃假設其賬面值將可透過出售收回之 基準而釐定。上述變動之影響概述如下:

#### 2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (continued) 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

		2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$′000 千港元
Consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December	截至十二月三十一日止年度之 綜合損益賬		
Increase in share of profits of associates, net	應佔聯營公司溢利,淨值之增加	786	393
Decrease in income tax	所得税之減少	6,221	4,081
Increase in profit for the year	年內溢利之增加	7,007	4,474
Increase in basic earnings per share	每股基本盈利之增加	1.0 cent仙	0.7 cent仙
Increase in diluted earnings per share	每股攤薄盈利之增加	1.0 cent仙	0.7 cent仙
Consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表		
Increase in investments in associates and total non-current assets	於聯營公司之投資及總非流動資產 之增加	3,137	2,351
Decrease in deferred tax liabilities and total non-current liabilities	遞延税項負債及總非流動負債之減少	20,140	13,919
Increase in net assets and reserves	資產淨值及儲備之增加	23,277	16,270
Consolidated statement of financial position as at 1 January	於一月一日之綜合財務狀況表		
Increase in investments in associates and total non-current assets	於聯營公司之投資及總非流動資產 之增加		1,958
Decrease in deferred tax liabilities and total non-current liabilities	遞延税項負債及總非流動負債之減少		9,838
Increase in net assets and reserves	資產淨值及儲備之增加		11,796

# 2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements:

HKFRS 1 Amendments Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption

of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards – Government Loans<sup>2</sup>

HKFRS 7 Amendments Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial

Instruments: Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities<sup>2</sup>

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments<sup>4</sup>

HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements<sup>2</sup>

HKFRS 11 Joint Arrangements<sup>2</sup>

HKFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities<sup>2</sup>

HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and

HKFRS 12 Amendments HKFRS 12 – Transition Guidance<sup>2</sup>

HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (2011) Amendments Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (2011) – *Investment Entities*<sup>3</sup>

HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement<sup>2</sup>

HKAS 1 Amendments Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of

Financial Statements - Presentation of Items

of Other Comprehensive Income<sup>1</sup>

HKAS 19 (2011) Employee Benefits<sup>2</sup>

## 2.3 已頒布但未生效之香港財務報告準則

本集團尚未於本財務報告採用以下已頒布但 未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則 第1號修訂本

香港財務報告準則第1號之修 訂*首次採納香港財務報告* 

*準則 – 政府貸款* <sup>2</sup>

香港財務報告準則 第7號修訂本 香港財務報告準則第7號之修 訂金融工具:披露 – 抵銷 財務資產及財務負債<sup>2</sup>

香港財務報告準則 金融工具4

第9號

香港財務報告準則 *綜合財務報告*<sup>2</sup>

第10號

香港財務報告準則 合營安排2

第11號

香港財務報告準則 於其他實體之權益披露2

第12號

香港財務報告準則

第10號、 香港財務報告準則

育港財務報告準則 第11號及 香港財務報告準則 第12號修訂本

香港財務報告準則 香第10號、 香港財務報告準則

第12號及 香港會計準則第27 號(二零一一年) 修訂本 香港財務報告準則第10號、 香港財務報告準則第12號 及香港會計準則第27號 (二零一一年)之修訂 –

香港財務報告準則第10號、

香港財務報告準則第11號

及香港財務報告準則第12 號之修訂 - 過渡指引<sup>2</sup>

投資實體3

香港財務報告準則 公平價值計量<sup>2</sup>

第13號

香港會計準則 第1號修訂本 香港會計準則第1號之修訂財 務報告的呈報 - 其他全面

*收益項目的呈報*<sup>1</sup>

香港會計準則第19號 僱員福利<sup>2</sup> (二零一一年)

#### 2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (continued)

HKAS 27 (2011) Separate Financial Statements<sup>2</sup>

HKAS 28 (2011) Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures<sup>2</sup>

HKAS 32 Amendments Amendments to HKAS 32 Financial instruments: Presentation - Offsetting

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities<sup>3</sup>

Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a HK(IFRIC)-Int 20

Surface Mine<sup>2</sup>

Annual Improvements Annual Improvements 2009 – 2011 Cycle

2009-2011 Cycle issued in June 2012<sup>2</sup>

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is as follows:

HKFRS 9 issued in November 2009 is the first part of phase 1 of a comprehensive project to entirely replace HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. This phase focuses on the classification and measurement of financial assets. Instead of classifying financial assets into four categories, an entity shall classify financial assets as subsequently measured at either amortized cost or fair value, on the basis of both the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. This aims to improve and simplify the approach for the classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of HKAS 39.

In November 2010, the HKICPA issued additions to HKFRS 9 to address financial liabilities (the "Additions") and incorporated in HKFRS 9 the current derecognition principles of financial instruments of HKAS 39. Most of the Additions were carried forward unchanged from HKAS 39, while changes were made to the measurement of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss using the fair value option ("FVO"). For these FVO liabilities, the amount of change in the fair value of a liability that is attributable to changes in credit risk must be presented in other comprehensive income ("OCI"). The remainder of the change in fair value is presented in profit or loss, unless presentation of the fair value change in respect of the liability's credit risk in OCI would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. However, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts which have been designated under the FVO are scoped out of the Additions.

#### 已頒布但未生效之香港財務報告準則(續) 2.3

香港會計準則第27號 獨立財務報告2 (二零一一年)

香港會計準則第28號 於聯營公司及合營公司之投資2 (二零一一年)

香港會計準則第32號 香港會計準則第32號之修訂 金融工具:呈報-抵銷財 修訂本 務資產及財務負債

香港(國際財務報告計 *露天礦生產階段之開採成本*<sup>2</sup> 釋委員會) - 詮釋 第20號

二零零九年至 於二零一二年六月頒布之 二零一一年週期之 --零零九年至--零---年 年度修改 週期之年度修改2

1 於二零一二年七月一日或以後開始之會計年度生效

- 2 於二零一三年一月一日或以後開始之會計年度生效
- 3 於二零一四年一月一日或以後開始之會計年度生效
- 4 於二零一五年一月一日或以後開始之會計年度生效

有關預期適用於本集團之香港財務報告準 則之進一步資料如下:

於二零零九年十一月頒布之香港財務報 告準則第9號為完全取代香港會計準則第 39號 金融工具:確認與計量之全面計劃 之第一階段第一部份。此階段重點為財務 資產之分類及計量。財務資產不再劃分為 四類,而應根據實體管理財務資產之經營 模式及財務資產合約現金流量特徵,劃分 為按攤銷成本或公平價值進行後續計量。 此準則旨在改進及簡化香港會計準則第 39號規定之財務資產分類與計量方法。

於二零一零年十一月,香港會計師公會就 處理財務負債頒布香港財務報告準則第9 號之新增規定(「新增規定」),並將香港會 計準則第39號不再確認金融工具之現有 原則納入香港財務報告準則第9號。大部 份新增規定與香港會計準則第39號一致, 維持不變,而採用公平價值選擇之指定 為按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務負債之計量 方式將有所改變。就此等公平價值選擇負 債而言,信貸風險變動產生之負債的公平 價值變動金額,須於其他全面收益中呈 報。除非於其他全面收益中就負債的信貸 風險呈報公平價值變動會於損益中產生或 擴大會計差異,否則其餘公平價值變動金 額於損益呈報。然而,指定按公平價值選 擇列賬之貸款承擔及財務擔保合約並不在 新增規定之範圍內。

#### 2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (continued)

HKAS 39 is aimed to be replaced by HKFRS 9 in its entirety. Before this entire replacement, the guidance in HKAS 39 on hedge accounting and impairment of financial assets continues to apply. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 9 from 1 January 2015. The Group will quantify the effect in conjunction with other phases, when the final standard including all phases is issued.

HKFRS 10 establishes a single control model that applies to all entities including special purpose entities or structured entities. It includes a new definition of control which is used to determine which entities are consolidated. The changes introduced by HKFRS 10 require management of the Group to exercise significant judgement to determine which entities are controlled, compared with the requirements in HKAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements and HK(SIC)-Int 12 Consolidation -Special Purpose Entities. HKFRS 10 replaces the portion of HKAS 27 that addresses the accounting for consolidated financial statements. It also addresses the issues raised in HK(SIC)-Int 12. Based on the preliminary analyses performed, HKFRS 10 is not expected to have any impact on the currently held investments of the Group.

HKFRS 12 includes the disclosure requirements for subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structured entities previously included in HKAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements, HKAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures and HKAS 28 Investments in Associates. It also introduces a number of new disclosure requirements for these entities.

HKFRS 13 provides a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across HKFRSs. The standard does not change the circumstances in which the Group is required to use fair value, but provides guidance on how fair value should be applied where its use has already been required or permitted under other HKFRSs. The Group expects to adopt the standard from 1 January 2013. The application of this new standard is unlikely to have any material financial impact on the Group.

## 已頒布但未生效之香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號旨在全面取代香 港會計準則第39號。於全面取代前,香 港會計準則第39號於對沖會計及財務資 產減值方面之指引繼續適用。本集團預期 自二零一五年一月一日起採納香港財務報 告準則第9號。本集團將於包括所有階段 之最終準則頒布時,與其他階段一併量化 影響。

香港財務報告準則第10號建立一項適用 於所有實體(包括特殊目的實體或結構性 實體)的單一控制模式。該準則包括控制 的新定義,用於確定須綜合的實體。與 香港會計準則第27號綜合及獨立財務報 告及香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)-幹 釋第12號綜合 - 特殊目的實體的規定相 比,香港財務報告準則第10號引入的變 動規定本集團管理層須作出重大判斷,以 確定那些實體受到控制。香港財務報告準 則第10號取代香港會計準則第27號指明 綜合財務報告入賬的部份,當中亦包括香 港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)- 詮釋第12 號提出的事項。基於已作出的初步分析, 預期香港財務報告準則第10號不會對本 集團現時持有的投資構成任何影響。

香港財務報告準則第12號包括過往於 香港會計準則第27號綜合及獨立財務 報告、香港會計準則第31號於合營公司 之權益及香港會計準則第28號於聯營公 司之投資內之附屬公司、合營安排、聯營 公司及結構性實體涵蓋之披露規定。該準 則亦引入了此等實體之多項新披露規定。

香港財務報告準則第13號提供公平價值 之準確定義,以及為在香港財務報告準則 範圍內使用公平價值計量及披露規定之單 一來源。該準則並無改變本集團須使用公 平價值之情況,但為在其他香港財務報 告準則已規定或允許使用公平價值之情況 下,應如何應用公平價值提供指引。本集 **團預期自二零一三年一月一日起採納該準** 則。應用該項新準則不大可能會對本集團 構成任何重大財務影響。

#### 2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (continued)

The HKAS 1 Amendments change the grouping of items presented in OCI. Items that could be reclassified (or recycled) to profit or loss at a future point in time (for example, net gain on hedge of a net investment, exchange differences on translation of foreign operations, net movement on cash flow hedges and net loss or gain on available-for-sale financial assets) would be presented separately from items which will never be reclassified (for example, actuarial gains and losses on defined benefit plans and revaluation of land and buildings). The amendments will affect presentation only and have no impact on the financial position or performance. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 January 2013.

The Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009-2011 Cvcle issued in June 2012 sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 January 2013. There are separate transitional provisions for each standard. While the adoption of some of the amendments may result in changes in accounting policies, none of these amendments are expected to have a significant financial impact on the Group. Those amendments that are expected to have a significant impact on the Group's policies are as follows:

HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Clarifies the difference between voluntary additional comparative information and the minimum required comparative information. Generally, the minimum required comparative period is the previous period. An entity must include comparative information in the related notes to the financial statements when it voluntarily provides comparative information beyond the previous period. The additional comparative information does not need to contain a complete set of financial statements.

In addition, the amendment clarifies that the opening statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period must be presented when an entity changes its accounting policies; makes retrospective restatements or makes reclassifications, and that change has a material effect on the statement of financial position. However, the related notes to the opening statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period are not required to be presented.

HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation: Clarifies that income taxes arising from distributions to equity holders are accounted for in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes. The amendment removes existing income tax requirements from HKAS 32 and requires entities to apply the requirements in HKAS 12 to any income tax arising from distributions to equity holders.

Other than as described above, the Directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the other new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

## 已頒布但未生效之香港財務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號修訂本改變在其他全 面收益中呈報項目之分類。可於未來某個 時間重新分類至損益(或於損益重新使用) 之項目(例如淨投資對沖之淨收益、換算 海外業務時產生之匯兑差額、對沖現金流 量之淨變動及可供出售財務資產之淨虧損 或收益)將與不會重新分類之項目(例如界 定福利計劃之精算盈虧,以及土地及樓宇 重估)分開呈報。該等修訂僅影響呈報方 式,而對財務狀況或表現並無影響。本集 **團預期自二零一三年一月一日起採納該等** 修訂。

於二零一二年六月頒布之二零零九年至 香港財務報告準則之修訂。本集團預期自 二零一三年一月一日起採納該等修訂。各 項準則均設有獨立過渡性條文。雖然採納 若干修訂可能會導致會計政策變動,但預 期此等修訂不會對本集團構成重大財務影 響。預期對本集團政策構成重大影響之修 訂如下:

香港會計準則第1號財務報告之呈 報: 釐清自願性額外比較資料與 最低規定比較資料之差異。一般 而言,最低規定比較期間為上個期 間。當一間實體自願提供上個期間 以外之比較資料時,須於財務報告 之相關附註中載入比較資料。額外 比較資料無須載列整份財務報告。

> 此外,該修訂釐清,當實體改變其 會計政策、作出追溯重列或進行重 新分類,而有關變動對財務狀況表 構成重大影響時,須呈報上個期間 開始時之期初財務狀況表。然而, 上個期間開始時之期初財務狀況表 之相關附註則無須呈報。

香港會計準則第32號金融工具: 呈報:釐清向權益持有人作出分派 所產生之所得税乃根據香港會計準 則第12號所得稅入賬。該修訂剔 除香港會計準則第32號之現有所 得税規定,並要求實體就向權益持 有人作出分派所產生之任何所得税 應用香港會計準則第12號之規定。

除上文所述外,本公司董事預期應用其他 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則對本集團 之業績及財務狀況並無重大影響。

## 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies

#### Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's income statement to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

#### Joint ventures

A joint venture is an entity set up by contractual arrangement, whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity. The joint venture operates as a separate entity in which the Group and the other parties have an interest.

The joint venture agreement between the venturers stipulates the capital contributions of the joint venture parties, the duration of the joint venture and the basis on which the assets are to be realized upon its dissolution. The profits or losses from the joint venture's operations and any distributions of surplus assets are shared by the venturers, either in proportion to their respective capital contributions, or in accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement.

A joint venture is treated as:

- a subsidiary, if the Group has unilateral control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture;
- (b) a jointly-controlled entity, if the Group does not have unilateral control, but has joint control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture:
- (c) an associate, if the Group does not have unilateral or joint control, but holds, directly or indirectly, generally not less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and is in a position to exercise significant influence over the joint venture; or
- (d) an equity investment accounted for in accordance with HKAS 39, if the Group holds, directly or indirectly, less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and has neither joint control of, nor is in a position to exercise significant influence over, the joint venture.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要

#### 附屬公司

附屬公司乃本公司直接或間接控制其財政 及營運政策之實體,以便從其業務中獲 益。附屬公司之業績以已收及應收股息為 限計入本公司損益賬內。本公司於附屬公司之投資按成本減去任何減值虧損列賬。

#### 合營公司

合營公司為按合約安排成立之實體,由此本集團及其他訂約方承擔一經濟活動。該 合營公司乃本集團及其他訂約方擁有權益 之獨立經營實體。

合營各方訂立之合營公司協議訂明合營各 方之出資額、合營期限以及於合營公司解 散時將予變現資產之基準。合營公司之經 營損益及任何盈餘資產由合營各方按彼等 各自之出資額比例或按合營公司協議之條 款進行分配。

## 合營公司會被視為:

- (a) 附屬公司,如本集團對合營公司直 接或間接擁有單方面之控制權;
- (b) 共同控制實體,如本集團對合營公司並無單方面控制權,但直接或間接擁有共同控制權;
- (c) 聯營公司,如本集團並無單方面或 共同之控制權,但直接或間接持有 一般不少於20%之合營公司註冊 資本及對其有重大影響力;或
- (d) 按照香港會計準則第39號處理之股份投資,如本集團直接或間接持有不足20%之合營公司註冊資本,且對合營公司沒有共同控制權,及對其沒有重大影響力。

#### Associates

An associate is an entity, not being a subsidiary or a jointly-controlled entity, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

The Group's investments in associates are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated reserves, respectively. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates, except where unrealized losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquirees' identifiable assets acquired, and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed as at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill previously eliminated against consolidated retained profits
Prior to the adoption of the HKICPA's Statement of Standard Accounting
Practice 30 Business Combinations in 2001, goodwill arising on acquisition
was eliminated against consolidated retained profits in the year of
acquisition. On the adoption of HKFRS 3, such goodwill remains eliminated
against consolidated retained profits and is not recognized in the income
statement when all or part of the business to which the goodwill relates is
disposed of or when a cash-generating unit to which the goodwill relates
becomes impaired.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets, financial assets, investment properties and goodwill), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs to sell, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognized only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the income statement in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 聯營公司

聯營公司乃除附屬公司或共同控制實體外,本集團長期持有其一般不少於20%之股份投票權,及對其有重大影響力之實體。

本集團於聯營公司之投資以權益會計法按 本集團應佔淨資產減任何減值虧損於綜合 財務狀況表列賬。本集團所佔聯營公司購 入後之業績及儲備已分別計入綜合損益賬 及綜合儲備內。本集團與其聯營公司之間 之交易所產生之未變現收益及虧損以本集 團於聯營公司之投資為限予以撤銷,惟倘 有證據顯示未變現虧損為已轉讓出現減值 之資產則除外。

#### 商譽

收購附屬公司產生之商譽乃商業合併成本 超逾於收購當日本集團權益應佔所收購被 收購公司可辨認資產、負債及或然負債之 淨公平價值金額。

#### 過往自綜合保留溢利撇銷之商譽

於二零零一年採納香港會計師公會之會計 實務準則第30號商業合併前,因收購產 生之商譽須於收購年度自綜合保留溢利撤 銷。在採納香港財務報告準則第3號後, 該等商譽繼續自綜合保留溢利撤銷,及不 會於與商譽有關之全部或部分業務出售或 與商譽有關之現金產生單位減值時於損益 賬中確認。

#### 非財務資產減值

倘若有跡象顯示出現減值或須就資產進行 年度減值測試(不包括存貨、遞延稅項資 產、財務資產、投資物業及商譽),則估 計資產之可收回金額。資產之可收回金額 為資產或現金產生單位之使用價值與公平 價值減銷售成本之較高者,並就個別資產 而釐定,除非有關資產並無產生在頗大程 度上獨立於其他資產或資產組別產生之現 金流入,在此情況下,可收回金額就資產 所屬之現金產生單位而釐定。

如資產之賬面值超逾其可收回金額時,減值虧損方予確認。於評估使用價值時,估計日後現金流量按反映現時市場評估之實際時間價值及資產特定風險之稅前折現率折現至現值。除非該資產以重估金額列賬,否則任何減值虧損於產生當期之損益賬內扣除,而重估資產之減值虧損應根據其相關會計政策處理。

# Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortization) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the income statement in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

## Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person:
- (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
- has significant influence over the Group; or (ii)
- is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of (iii) a parent of the Group;

or

- the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies: (b)
- the entity and the Group are members of the same group; (i)
- one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of (ii) a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
- the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party; (iii)
- one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is (iv) an associate of the third entity:
- (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
- (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); and
- a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 非財務資產減值(續)

於每個報告期末均會評估是否有跡象顯示 過往年度確認之減值虧損不再存在或可能 已經減少。倘存有任何該等跡象,便估計 可收回金額。除商譽外,僅於釐定該資產之可收回金額之估計出現變動時,於先前 已確認之減值虧損方可撥回,惟倘若於以 往年度該資產並無任何確認減值虧損,則 對比經折舊/攤銷之賬面值,高出金額 不得撥回。除非該資產以重估金額列賬, 否則任何減值虧損之撥回於產生當期計入 損益賬內,而重估資產之減值虧損撥回應 根據其相關會計政策處理。

## 關連人士

在下列情況下,一方將視為與本集團有關

- 該方為一名人士或該人士之直系親 (a) 屬,而該人士:
- (i) 對本集團擁有控制權或共同控制
- 對本集團擁有重大影響力;或 (ii)
- (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司之主要管 理人員;

或

- (b) 該方為實體,而任何以下條件適 用:
- 該實體及本集團為同一集團之成員 (i)
- 一實體為另一實體(或另一實體之 (ii) 母公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公 司)之聯營公司或合營公司;
- 該實體及本集團為同一第三方之合 (iii) 營公司;
- 一實體為一第三方之合營公司,而 (iv) 另一實體為該第三方之聯營公司;
- (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團有關連 的實體的僱員而設的受僱後福利計 劃;
- (vi) 該實體受(a)所識別人士控制或共 同控制;及
- (a)(i)所識別之人士對該實體行使重 大影響力,或為該實體(或該實體 之母公司)之主要管理人員。

## Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalized in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost or valuation of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Freehold land and construction in

Not depreciated progress

Leasehold land and buildings Over the shorter of the lease

terms and 2.5% 10% to 30%

Plant and machinery

Leasehold improvements.

furniture, fixtures

and equipment 10% to 33%

Motor vehicles 30%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost or valuation of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognized in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognized is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress represents a building under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 物業、機器及設備及折舊

物業、機器及設備(在建工程除外)按成 本或估值減累計折舊及任何減值虧損後列 賬。物業、機器及設備項目成本包括購入 點之任何直接應佔成本。

物業、機器及設備項目投入運作後所產生 之支出,如維修及保養,一般於產生該筆 支出期間從損益賬中扣除。倘符合確認準 則,則重大檢查支出會於資產賬面值中資 本化作為替換。倘須定期替換大部分物 業、機器及設備,則本集團會將該等部分 確認為有特定可使用年期之個別資產,並 相應地計提折舊。

折舊以百線法計算,按每項物業、機器及 設備項目之估計可使用年期撇銷其成本或 估值至其剩餘價值。就此而言,所使用之 主要年度折舊率如下:

永久業權十地及

在建工程 不予折舊

租賃土地及樓宇 按租賃年期與2.5%

> 兩者較低者 10%至30%

機器及設備 租賃物業裝修、

**傢**俬、裝置

及設備 10%至33%

汽車 30%

倘若物業、機器及設備項目之組件可使用 年期有所不同,該項目之成本或估值按合 理基準予以分配至各組件,而每組件個別 計算折舊。剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊 方法於每個財政年度末檢核及作適當調 整。

物業、機器及設備項目包括任何經初次確 認之主要部分於出售或估計其使用或出售 不再產生未來經濟利益時,不再確認入 賬。任何出售或棄用之盈虧以出售時所得 款項淨額及有關資產賬面值之差額計算, 並於不再確認資產之年度在損益賬內確 認。

在建工程指建造中之樓宇,乃按成本減任 何減值虧損後列賬,且不計算折舊。成本 包括於建造期間之直接建築成本。在建工 程在落成及可使用時重新分類至物業、機 器及設備之適當類別。

## Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

The transitional provisions set out in paragraph 80A of HKAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment have been adopted for property, plant and equipment stated at valuation. As a result, those assets stated at revalued amounts based on revaluations which were reflected in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1993 have not been revalued by class at the end of the reporting period. On disposal of a revalued asset, the relevant portion of the leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve realized in respect of the previous valuations is transferred to retained profits as a movement in reserves.

For a transfer from owner-occupied properties to investment properties, the related revaluation surplus is retained in the leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve and remains there until the subsequent disposal or retirement of the property, whereby that time the revaluation surplus is transferred to retained profits.

## Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in leasehold land and buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the income statement in the year in which they

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognized in the income statement in the year of the retirement or disposal.

For a transfer from investment properties to owner-occupied properties, the deemed cost of a property for subsequent accounting is its fair value at the date of change in use. If a property occupied by the Group as an owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under "Property, plant and equipment and depreciation" up to the date of change in use, and any difference at that date between the carrying amount and the fair value of the property is accounted for as a revaluation in accordance with the policy stated under "Property, plant and equipment and depreciation" above.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 物業、機器及設備及折舊(續)

按估值列賬之物業、機器及設備已採納香 港會計準則第16號物業、機器及設備第 80A段所載之過渡條款。因此,該等按截 至一九九三年十二月三十一日止年度財務 報告所述重估以重估金額列賬之資產,於 報告期末並無按其類別再作重估。出售經 重估之資產時,就過往估值而需予變現之 相關租賃土地及樓宇重估儲備部分,由儲 備撥往保留溢利內,作為儲備之變動。

自用物業轉撥為投資物業,有關重估盈餘 保留於租賃土地及樓宇重估儲備中,直至 該物業日後出售或棄用,屆時重估盈餘撥 往保留溢利。

## 投資物業

投資物業指持作賺取租金收入及/或獲得 資本升值之租賃土地及樓宇權益,包括符 合投資物業定義屬經營租約之租賃物業權 益,其非用作生產或提供貨品或服務或行 政用涂,或於日常業務過程中出售。該等 物業初次按成本計量,包括交易成本。於 初次確認後,投資物業按公平價值列賬, 以反映於報告期末之市場狀況。

投資物業公平價值變動所產生之盈虧計入 產牛年度之損益賬。

任何棄用或出售投資物業之盈虧在棄用或 出售當年之損益賬中確認。

由投資物業轉撥為自用物業之物業,用作 日後會計處理之視作成本為其於更改用途 當日之公平價值。倘本集團之自用物業轉 為投資物業,則在用途變更當日之前,本 集團會根據「物業、機器及設備及折舊」所 規定之政策將該物業入賬,於該日之物業 賬面值與公平價值之任何差額會根據上述 「物業、機器及設備及折舊」所規定之重估 政策入賬。

## Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

The Group's intangible assets, representing eligibility rights to trade on or through The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited (the "Futures Exchange"), have indefinite useful lives and are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortized. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from the derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset and are recognized in the income statement when the asset is derecognized.

## **Operating leases**

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessor are charged to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Prepaid land lease payments under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognized on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, the entire lease payments are included in the cost of the leasehold land and buildings as a finance lease in property, plant and equipment.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 無形資產(商譽除外)

個別購入之無形資產於初次確認時按成本計量。無形資產之可使用年期乃評估為有限或無限。具有限年期之無形資產其後按可使用經濟年期攤銷,並於該無形資產出現減值跡象時作評估減值。具有限可使用年期之無形資產之攤銷年期及攤銷方法須至少於每個財政年度末作檢核。

本集團之無形資產乃可於或透過香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)及香港期貨交易所有限公司(「期交所」)進行交易之權利,具無限可使用年期並於每年按個別試。該等無形資產並不予以攤銷。具無限年期之無形資產之可使用年期於每年作評估,以釐定無限可使用年期之評估是否持續可靠。如下,則可使用年期之評估自此由按無限年期更改為按有限年期計量。

不再確認無形資產所產生盈虧按出售所得 款項淨額與有關資產賬面值差額計算,並 於不再確認該資產時在損益賬內確認。

#### 經營和約

倘若資產擁有權之全部回報及風險絕大部分保留於出租人之租約,以經營租約處理。倘若本集團為出租人時,本集團於經營租約下租出資產包括在非流動資產內,於經營租約下之應收租金以直線法按租期計入損益賬內。倘若本集團為承租人時,於經營租約下之應付租金扣除收到出租人之任何優惠,以直線法按租期於損益賬扣除。

經營租約之預付土地租賃付款最初按成本 列報,並於其後以直線法在租約年期確 認。當租賃金額無法可靠地分配為土地部 分及樓宇部分,全部租賃金額乃計入租賃 土地及樓宇成本,列作物業、機器及設備 之融資租賃。

#### Investments and other financial assets

## Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, and available-for-sale financial assets, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. When financial assets are recognized initially, they are measured at fair value plus transactions costs, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

#### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial
assets held for trading. Financial assets are classified as held for
trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term.
Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also
classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective
hedging instruments as defined by HKAS 39. Financial assets at fair
value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial
position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognized in
the income statement. These net fair value changes do not include
any dividends on these financial assets, which are recognized in
accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition"
below.

The Group evaluates its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (held for trading) to assess whether the intent to sell them in the near term is still appropriate. When, in rare circumstances, the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets and management's intent to sell them in the foreseeable future significantly changes, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets. The reclassification from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss to loans and receivables, available-forsale financial assets or held-to-maturity investments depends on the nature of the assets.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 投資及其他財務資產

#### 初次確認及計量

香港會計準則第39號界定財務資產適當地分類為按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務資產、貸款及應收賬款或可供出售財務資產。本集團於初次確認時釐定其財務資產之分類。財務資產於初次確認時按公平價值加交易成本計量,惟按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務資產除外。

正常情況下購入及出售之財務資產於交易 日確認,即本集團承諾購入或出售該資產 之日期。正常情況下購入或出售乃於規例 或市場慣例一般設定之期間內交付購入或 出售財務資產。

#### 其後計量

財務資產之其後計量根據其分類進行,方 式如下:

按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務資產 (a) 按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務資產包 括持作買賣之財務資產。為於近 期內作出售用途而購入之財務資 產,均列為持作買賣。除非已列作 香港會計準則第39號所界定之有 效對沖工具,否則衍生工具(包括 獨立嵌入式衍生工具)亦分類為持 作買賣。按公平價值訂定盈虧之財 務資產乃按公平價值於財務狀況表 列賬,公平價值淨變動於損益賬確 認。該等淨公平價值變動並不包括 該等財務資產之任何股息,該等股 息根據下文「收入確認」所載之政策 確認。

#### Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortization is included in other income in the income statement. The loss arising from impairment is recognized in the income statement.

#### Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets in listed and unlisted equity investments. Equity investments classified as available for sale are those which are neither classified as held for trading nor designated at fair value through profit or

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealized gains or losses recognized as other comprehensive income in the investment revaluation reserve until the available-for-sale financial assets are derecognized, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognized in the income statement, or until the available-for-sale financial assets are determined to be impaired, when the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from the investment revaluation reserve to the income statement. Interest and dividends earned whilst holding the available-for-sale financial assets are reported as interest income and dividend income, respectively and are recognized in the income statement as other income in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

When the fair value of unlisted equity investments cannot be reliably measured because (i) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (ii) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating the fair value, such investments are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

The Group evaluates whether the ability and intention to sell its available-for-sale financial assets in the near term are still appropriate. When, in rare circumstances, the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets and management's intent to do so significantly changes in the foreseeable future, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets. Reclassification to loans and receivables is permitted when the financial assets meet the definition of loans and receivables and the Group has the intent and ability to hold these assets for the foreseeable future or to maturity. Reclassification to the held-tomaturity category is permitted only when the Group has the ability and intent to hold until the maturity date of the financial asset.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 投資及其他財務資產(續)

其後計量(續)

貸款及應收賬款

貸款及應收賬款乃附有固定或可釐 定付款金額而沒有在活躍市場中 報價之非衍生財務資產。初次計量 後,該等資產其後以實質利息法計 算攤銷成本減任何減值撥備後入 賬。攤銷成本乃於計入任何收購之 折讓或溢價後計算,並包括組成實 質利率之費用及成本。實質利率攤 銷包括於損益賬之其他收入內。減 值產生之虧損於損益賬確認。

可供出售財務資產 (c)

可供出售財務資產乃於上市及非上 市股份投資之非衍生財務資產。分 類為可供出售之股份投資為非分類 為持作買賣亦非指定為按公平價值 訂定盈虧者。

初次確認後,可供出售財務資產其 後以公平價值計量,其未變現收益 或虧損於投資重估儲備確認為其他 全面收益,直至可供出售財務資產 不再確認, 屆時累計收益或虧損於 損益賬確認,或直至可供出售財務 資產被釐定為須減值,屆時累計收 益或虧損由投資重估儲備重新分類 至損益賬。持有可供出售財務資產 期間所賺取之利息及股息分別呈報 為利息收入及股息收入,並根據下 文「收入確認」所載之政策於損益賬 確認為其他收入。

當因(i)有關投資之合理公平價值估 計之變化範圍很大;或(ji)於該範 圍內之各估計數之概率無法合理評 估及應用,而未能可靠計算非上市 股份投資之公平價值時,有關投資 均按成本減去任何減值虧損列賬。

本集團評估於折期內出售可供出售 財務資產之能力及意向是否仍然 適當。當在罕見之情況下,本集團 因市場不活躍而無法買賣該等財務 資產,及管理層於可見將來出售該 等財務資產之意向出現重大變動, 則本集團可選擇重新分類該等財務 資產。當財務資產符合貸款及應收 賬款之定義,且本集團有意及能夠 於可見將來持有該等資產或持有至 到期,可重新分類為貸款及應收賬 款。當本集團能夠及有意持有該等 資產至財務資產到期日, 方可重新 分類為持有至到期類別。

#### Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

(c) Available-for-sale financial assets (continued)

For a financial asset reclassified from the available-for-sale category, the fair value carrying amount at the date of reclassification becomes its new amortized cost and any previous gain or loss on that asset that has been recognized in equity is amortized to profit or loss over the remaining life of the assets using the effective interest rate. Any difference between the new amortized cost and the maturity amount is also amortized over the remaining life of the asset using the effective interest rate. If the asset is subsequently determined to be impaired, then the amount recorded in equity is reclassified to the income statement.

## Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the
  asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in
  full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through"
  arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially
  all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither
  transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of
  the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Group also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 投資及其他財務資產(續)

其後計量(續)

(c) 可供出售財務資產(續)

## 不再確認財務資產

財務資產(或如適用,財務資產其中一部分或一組類似之財務資產其中一部分)在下列情況下不再確認:

- 自該資產收取現金流量之權利已屆 滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓其收取來自該資產現金流量之權利,或已根據「轉遞」安排就向第三者承擔責任全數支付已收取現金流量並無重大延誤;及(a)本集團已轉讓該資產之大部分風險及回報,或(b)本集團無轉讓或保留該資產之大部分風險及回報,惟已轉讓該資產之控制權。

倘若本集團已轉讓其自資產收取現金流量之權利,或已訂立轉遞安排,其評估其有否保留該等風險及回報之程度。倘若並,以無轉讓或保留資產之大部分風險及回報。 無轉讓資產之控制權之情況下,則該資。無轉讓資產之控制權之情況下,則該資。 按本集團繼續參與該資產之程度確認。已保 該情況下,本集團亦確認相關負債。已保 讓資產及相關負債乃按反映本集團已保 權利及義務之基準計量。

倘以擔保已轉讓資產之方式作為繼續參 與,乃按資產之原賬面值與本集團可能需 要償還之最高代價兩者之較低者計量。

## Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

#### Financial assets carried at amortized cost

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the Group first assesses individually whether objective evidence of impairment exists for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognized are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognized in the income statement. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realized or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the income statement.

#### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 財務資產減值

本集團於每個報告期末評估是否存在客觀 證據顯示一項或一組財務資產出現減資 倘且僅倘於初次確認一項或一組財務資產 後發生一項或多項事件導致存在客觀 後發生一項已發生「虧損事件」), 有主流量所造成之影響能可靠地估計,減 現金流量所造成之影響能可靠地估值。 臨重本 財政困難、違約或未能償還利務 被等可觀察數據顯示估計未來現金流量 財政困難、破產或進行其他財務 被等可觀察數據顯示估計未來現金流 現可計量之減少,例如欠款數目變動 現與違約相關之經濟狀況。

#### 按攤銷成本入賬之財務資產

就按攤銷成本入賬之財務資產而言,本集 團首先會按個別基準就個別屬重大之財務 資產或按組合基準就個別不屬重大之財務 資產,個別評估是否存在客觀減值證據。 倘本集團釐定個別評估之財務資產,存在證據 直,則該項資產會歸入一組具有相似信 ,則該項資產會歸入一組共同評估 國險特性之財務資產內,並無同評估協值 財務資產是否存在減值。經個別評估續確認 之資產,其減值虧損會予確認或繼續確認 入賬,而不會納入綜合減值評估之內。

倘有客觀證據顯示出現減值虧損,則減值虧損按該資產賬面值與估計未來現金流量(不包括尚未產生之未來信貸虧損)現值之差額計算。估計未來現金流量之現值以其原實質利率(即初次確認時計算之實質利率)折現。倘貸款之利率為浮動利率,則計量任何減值虧損之折現率為當前實質利率。

該資產之賬面值通過使用備抵賬而減少, 而虧損於損益賬確認。利息收入繼續按減 少後之賬面值計提,且採用計量減值虧損 時用以折現未來現金流量之利率累計。若 日後收回之機會渺茫,而所有抵押品已變 現或已轉讓予本集團,貸款及應收賬款連 同任何相關撥備則予以撇銷。

倘其後期間估計減值虧損金額由於確認減 值以後發生之事項增加或減少,則透過調 整撥備賬增加或減少先前確認之減值虧 損。倘撇銷其後收回,該項收回計入損益 賬。

## Impairment of financial assets (continued)

#### Assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Impairment losses on these assets are not reversed.

## Available-for-sale financial assets

For available-for-sale financial assets, the Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that an asset or a group of assets is impaired.

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortization) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognized in the income statement, is removed from other comprehensive income and recognized in the income statement.

In the case of equity investments classified as available for sale, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment below its cost. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. "Significant" is evaluated against the original cost of the investment and "prolonged" against the period in which the fair value has been below its original cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognized in the income statement – is removed from other comprehensive income and recognized in the income statement. Impairment losses on equity instruments classified as available for sale are not reversed through the income statement. Increases in their fair value after impairment are recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

## Financial liabilities

## Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, or loans and borrowings, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 財務資產減值(續)

## 按成本入賬之資產

因公平價值未能可靠計量而不按公平價值 入賬之無報價股份工具倘有客觀證據顯示 其出現減值虧損,則該虧損金額為資產賬 面值與按當時市場相類似財務資產之回報 率折現之估計未來現金流量現值兩者之差 額。此等資產之減值虧損不可撥回。

## 可供出售財務資產

就可供出售財務資產而言,本集團於每個報告期末評估是否存在客觀證據顯示一項或一組資產出現減值。

倘可供出售資產出現減值,則其成本(扣除任何本金及攤銷)與當前公平價值之差額,再扣減以往於損益賬確認之任何減值虧損之金額,從其他全面收益移除,並於損益賬確認。

如屬分類為可供出售之股份投資,客觀證據包括投資公平價值出現重大或持續性下跌至低於其成本。釐定「重大」或「持續性」之定義須作出判斷。「重大」對投資對限有成本作出評估,而「持續性」則能出評估。如有減值證據,累計虧損 - 按與當前公平價值之差額扣減該引計量,以往於損益賬確認之任何減值虧損計量,從其他全面收益移除,並於損益賬額到,並於損益賬撥回。減值後之公平價值增加直接於其他全面收益確認。

#### 財務負債

## 初次確認及計量

香港會計準則第39號界定財務負債適當 地分類為按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務負債 或借貸及貸款。本集團於初次確認時釐定 其財務負債之分類。

所有財務負債初次按公平價值確認,如屬 借貸及貸款,則調整直接應佔交易成本。

## Financial liabilities (continued)

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

(a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss includes financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by HKAS 39. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the income statement. The net fair value gain or loss recognized in the income statement does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, including bullion loans, are designated at the date of initial recognition and only if the criteria in HKAS 39 are satisfied.

#### (b) Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognized in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest rate amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortization is included in finance costs in the income statement.

## (c) Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognized initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period; and (ii) the amount initially recognized less, when appropriate, cumulative amortization.

#### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 財務負債(續)

其後計量

財務負債之其後計量根據其分類進行,方 式如下:

(a) 按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務負債 按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務負債包 括持作買賣財務負債及於初次確認 時指定為公平價值訂定盈虧之財務 負債。

為於近期內作出售用途而購入之財務負債,均列為持作買賣。此類別包括本集團所訂立根據香港會計準則第39號所界定未被指定為對沖工具之衍生金融工具之關係中對沖工具之衍生金融工人。持作買賣負債之收益或虧損於損益賬確認。於損益賬確認之公平價值財效益或虧損不包括任何對該等財務負債徵收之利息。

初次確認時指定為按公平價值訂定 盈虧之財務負債(包括貴金屬借貸) 只會在符合香港會計準則第39號 之條件下於初次確認當日指定。

#### (b) 借貸及貸款

初次確認後,計息借貸及貸款其後 採用實質利率法按攤銷成本計量,除非折現影響不大,在該情況下則 按成本列賬。於負債不再確認時以 及透過實質利率法計量之攤銷過程 之收益及虧損於損益賬確認。

攤銷成本之計算包括收購產生之任何折價或溢價以及屬於實質利率組成部分之費用或成本。按實質利率 法計量之攤銷包括在損益賬之財務費用內。

## (c) 財務擔保合約

## Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the income statement.

## Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets is determined by reference to quoted market prices or dealer price quotations (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs. For financial instruments where there is no active market, the fair value is determined using appropriate valuation techniques. Such techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same; and a discounted cash flow analysis.

#### **Derivative financial instruments**

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as bullion contracts and interest rate swaps, to hedge its bullion price risk and interest rate risk, respectively. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of derivatives are taken directly to the income statement.

### Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of production overheads. Net realizable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

#### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 不再確認財務負債

財務負債於負債之責任已解除或註銷或屆滿時不再確認。

當現有財務負債為同一貸款人以大致上不 同條款之負債取代時,或現有負債之條款 有重大修改時,此等取代或修改會被視為 不再確認為原有負債及確認為一項新負 債,而有關賬面值之差額乃於損益賬確 認。

#### 抵銷金融工具

倘實體具有抵銷已確認金額之現時可執行 法定權利,且有意以淨額結算或同時變現 該財務資產及清償該財務負債時,財務資 產與財務負債方可相互抵銷,並以抵銷後 淨額於財務狀況表內呈報。

#### 金融工具公平價值

在活躍市場上有交易之金融工具之公平價值,乃參考市場報價或交易方報價(好倉按買入價及淡倉按賣出價)釐定,且不扣除任何交易成本。就並無活躍市場之金融工具,公平價值則以適當估值技術釐定。該等技術包括使用最近以公平原則進行之市場交易;參考另一大致相同工具之現時市值;及折現現金流量分析。

## 衍生金融工具

初次確認及其後計量

本集團使用貴金屬合約及利率掉期等衍生金融工具分別對沖其貴金屬價格風險及利率風險。該等衍生金融工具初次按訂立衍生合約當日之公平價值確認,其後再按公平價值重新計量。當衍生工具在公平價值為正數時以資產列賬,為負數時以負債列賬。

衍生工具公平價值變動所產生之任何收益 或虧損乃直接計入損益賬。

## 存貨

存貨乃按成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。成本乃按先進先出法計算及(倘為在製品及製成品)包括直接原料、直接工資及適當比例之生產費用。可變現淨值是根據估計售價扣除直至完成及出售所需之任何估計成本計算。

#### Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statements of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

#### **Provisions**

A provision is recognized when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognized for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the income statement.

## Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 現金及等同現金

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及等同現金包括流動現金及活期存款及一般於購入後三個月內到期,可隨時轉換為已知金額現金及承受價值改變風險不大之短期高流動性投資,扣除須按要求償還之銀行透支,為本集團現金管理之組成部分。

就財務狀況表而言,現金及等同現金包括 流動現金及銀行存款(包括定期存款),均 無使用限制。

## 撥備

倘因過往事件而產生現時責任(法律或推定),且將來極可能需要付出資源以應付 有關責任時,則確認為撥備,惟所涉及責 任數額必須能可靠地估計。

當折現之影響屬重大時,就撥備而確認之數額乃預期於日後解決該責任所需開支於報告期末之現值。因時間流逝而導致折現之現值增加數額計入損益賬之財務費用。

## 所得税

所得税包括本期及遞延税項。有關損益外確認項目之所得稅於損益外確認,不論是 於其他全面收益或直接於權益內確認。

本期及過往期間之本期税項資產及負債乃按預期可自稅務機關收回或繳付之金額計算,按於報告期末已經生效或大致上已經生效之稅率(及稅法)為基準,並考慮本集團經營所在國家之現行詮釋及慣例。

於報告期末之資產及負債之稅基與其在財 務報告賬面值之間所有暫時性差異,須按 負債法計提遞延稅項撥備。

# 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition
  of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a
  business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects
  neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 所得税(續)

除下述外,所有應課税暫時性差異均確認 為遞延税項負債:

- 倘若由於一項非商業合併交易之中 初次確認商譽或資產或負債所產生 之遞延稅項負債,而在交易時對會 計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損均無影響;及
- 對涉及附屬公司及聯營公司之投資 之應課税暫時性差異而言,倘若撥 回暫時性差異之時間可以控制,以 及暫時性差異不大可能在可見將來 撥回。

所有可扣除暫時性差異、承前未用稅項撥 回及未用稅項虧損,均確認為遞延稅項資 產。除下述外,如日後有可能出現應課稅 溢利,可用作抵銷該等可扣除暫時性差 異、承前未用稅項撥回及未用稅項虧損, 均確認為遞延稅項資產:

- 當在非商業合併之交易中初次確認 資產或負債所產生之有關可扣除暫 時性差異之遞延稅項資產,而在交 易時對會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧 損均無影響;及
- 對涉及附屬公司及聯營公司之投資 之可扣除暫時性差異而言,只在暫 時性差異有可能在可見將來撥回, 以及日後可用該等暫時性差異抵銷 可能出現之應課稅溢利,才確認遞 延稅項資產。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於每個報告期末予 以審閱,倘不再可能有足夠應課稅溢利用 作抵銷相關遞延稅項資產之全部或部分, 則減少遞延稅項資產賬面值。不予確認之 遞延稅項資產於每個報告期末予以審閱, 如可能有足夠應課稅溢利用作抵銷相關遞 延稅項資產之全部或部分時,則予以確 認。

遞延税項資產及負債以預期適用於變現資產或償還負債之當期税率計量,按於每個報告期末已經生效或大致上已經生效之稅率(及稅法)為基準。

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- from the rendering of services, in the period in which such services (b) are provided;
- commissions and brokerage income on dealings in securities and futures contracts, on the transaction dates when the relevant contract notes are executed;
- (d) rental income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms;
- interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset;
- dividend income, when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established: and
- income from the sale of investments at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale investments, on the transaction dates when the relevant contract notes are executed.

# **Employee benefits**

## Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken at the end of the reporting period is permitted to be carried forward and utilized by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the end of the reporting period for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

## Pension schemes and other retirement benefits

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance in Hong Kong for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' relevant income and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund.

#### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 收入確認

當本集團可能有經濟收益並能作出可靠計 算,收入按下列基準予以確認:

- (a) 銷售貨品方面,當擁有權之主要風 險及回報轉予買家,即本集團對已 售貨品已無一般擁有權應有之管理 參與權及有效管控權;
- 提供服務方面,於提供服務期內; (b)
- 證券及期貨合約交易之佣金及經 (c) 紀收入,於有關合約執行之交易日 期;
- 租金收入,按租賃期時間比例基 (d)
- 利息收入,採用實質利息法,按應 (e) 計基準,以有關利率在有關金融工 具之預計年期或較短期間(按適用 情況)內準確折現估計未來現金收 入至有關財務資產之賬面淨值;
- 股息收入,當股東收取股息權利確 (f) ☆;及
- 出售按公平價值訂定盈虧之投資及 (g) 可供出售投資收入,於有關合約執 行之交易日期。

#### 僱員福利

## 結轉有薪假期

本集團根據僱傭合約按曆年基準向其僱員 提供有薪年假。在若干情况下,各僱員於 報告期末尚未享用之假期准予結轉至下個 年度使用。於報告期末,按僱員於年內所 得有薪假期之預計未來成本已當作一項應 計費用並予以結轉。

## 退休金計劃及其他退休福利

本集團根據香港的強制性公積金計劃條例 實施一項界定供款強制性公積金退休福利 計劃(「強積金計劃」),供所有合資格參與 強積金計劃之僱員參與。供款按僱員有關 入息之某一百分比提撥,並於根據強積金 計劃規定應付時自損益賬扣除。強積金計 劃資產乃與本集團資產分開,由獨立管理 基金持有。

## **Employee benefits (continued)**

Pension schemes and other retirement benefits (continued)

The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to the contributions vesting fully, in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China and Taiwan are required to participate in central pension schemes operated by the respective local municipal governments. These subsidiaries are required to contribute 6% to 22% of their payroll costs to the central pension schemes. The contributions are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the respective central pension schemes.

## Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Group incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds, and they are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

#### Dividends

Final dividends proposed by the Directors are recognized as liabilities when these dividends have been approved by the shareholders in a general meeting.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum of association and bye-laws grant the Directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognized immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

## Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized in the income statement. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income or income statement is also recognized in other comprehensive income or income statement, respectively).

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 僱員福利(續)

退休金計劃及其他退休福利(續)

根據強積金計劃規定,本集團作出之僱主 供款利益全數歸屬於僱員,至於本集團作 出之僱主自願性供款則除外,當僱員在供 款利益完全歸屬於僱員前離職,供款會退 回本集團。

本集團於中國內地及台灣運作之附屬公司 之僱員均須參加由當地市政府運作的中央 退休金計劃。此等附屬公司須提撥薪金 費用之6%至22%為中央退休金計劃供 款, 並根據中央退休金計劃規定應付時於 損益賬扣除。

#### 貸款成本

貸款成本包括本集團就借用資金而產生之 利息及其他成本,乃於產生期間支銷。

#### 股息

董事建議派發之末期股息在獲股東於股東 大會上批准後始確認為負債。

中期股息乃同時予以建議派發及宣派,此 乃本公司組織章程大綱及章程細則授予董 事宣派中期股息之權力。因此,中期股息 於建議派發及宣派時即確認為負債。

## 外幣

本財務報告乃以本公司之功能及呈報貨幣 港元列報。本集團內每個實體均自行決定 其功能貨幣,而每實體之財務報告所包含 之項目均採用該功能貨幣計量。本集團實 體記錄之外幣結算交易最初以交易當日之 有關功能貨幣之現行匯率記錄。以外幣計 算之貨幣資產及負債按報告期末之功能貨 幣匯率換算。因貨幣項目結算或換算而產 生之差額乃於損益賬確認。以外幣歷史成 本計算之非貨幣項目按初次交易當日之匯 率換算。以外幣公平價值計算之非貨幣項 目按釐定公平價值當日之匯率換算。換算 以公平價值計量之非貨幣項目而產生之收 益或虧損,按確認該項目之公平價值變動 之收益或虧損一致之方法處理(即公平價 值盈虧於其他全面收益或損益賬確認之項 目,其換算差額亦分別於其他全面收益或 損益賬確認)。

## Foreign currencies (continued)

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries and an associate are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their income statements are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognized in the income statement.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

#### 3. Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

## **Judgements**

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

Operating lease commitments – Group as lessor The Group has entered into property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties which are leased out on operating leases.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 外幣(續)

若干海外附屬公司及一間聯營公司之功能 貨幣並非港元。於報告期末,該等實體之 資產與負債按報告期末之現行匯率換算為 本公司之呈報貨幣,其損益賬則按該年度 之加權平均匯率換算為港元。由此而產生 之匯兑差額,在其他全面收益中確認並於 外匯變動儲備中累計。倘出售海外業務, 與該項海外業務有關之其他全面收益部分 於損益賬中確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司之 現金流量按現金流量日期之匯率換算為港 元。海外附屬公司整年經常產生之現金流 量則按該年度之加權平均匯率換算為港 元。

#### 3. 主要會計判斷及估計

管理層須就編製本集團之財務報告時對影 響收入、開支、資產及負債之呈報數額、 其隨附披露事項以及或然負債披露事項作 出判斷、估計及假設。此等判斷及估計之 不確定性,可能引致日後須就受影響之資 產或負債賬面值作出重大調整之後果。

## 判斷

應用本集團之會計政策時,除涉及估計之 判斷外,管理層作出下列對財務報告已確 認金額影響重大之判斷:

經營租約承擔 - 本集團作為出租人 本集團訂有與其投資物業組合有關 之物業和約。本集團根據對該等安 排之條款及條件作出之評估釐定, 其保留該等根據經營租約租出之物 業之所有重大風險及回報。

# Significant accounting judgements and estimates (continued) Judgements (continued)

## (b) Classification between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group. Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately or leased out separately under a finance lease, the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

## **Estimation uncertainty**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

### (a) Fair value of an unlisted equity investment

The Group's unlisted equity investment has been valued based on the expected cash flows discounted at current rates applicable for items with similar terms and risk characteristics. This valuation requires the Group to make estimates about expected future cash flows, credit risk, volatility and discount rates, and hence they are subject to uncertainty. The fair value of the unlisted equity investment as at 31 December 2012 was HK\$18,196,000 (2011: HK\$16,403,000). Further details are included in note 22 to the financial statements.

# (b) Estimation of impairment of receivables

The Group determines the impairment of accounts receivable, receivables arising from securities and futures broking and other receivables based on objective evidence of impairment and historical loss experience of the respective individual balances of the counterparties. If the financial condition of its debtors was to deteriorate so that the actual impairment loss might be higher than expected, the Group would be required to revise the basis of making the allowance and its future results would be affected.

## 3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

## 判斷(續)

#### (b) 投資物業與自用物業之分類

本集團須判斷物業是否屬於投資物 業, 並就有關判斷制訂準則。投資 物業乃持作收取租金或獲取資本升 值或兩者之物業。因此,本集團 考慮一物業是否大致獨立於本集團 所持其他資產帶來現金流量。某些 物業一部分持作賺取租金或獲取資 本升值,另一部分用作生產或供應 貨品或服務或作行政用途。倘此等 部分可獨立出售或根據融資租約單 獨出租,本集團將該等部分個別入 賬。倘該等部分不可獨立出售,惟 用作生產或供應貨品或服務或作行 政用途之部分不大, 有關物業方可 列作投資物業。管理層已就個別物 業作出判斷,以釐定有關配套設施 是否重大至足以使該物業不符合列 作投資物業之資格。

## 估計不明朗因素

於報告期末就未來及其他主要估計不明朗 因素所作之主要假設,很大機會引致須於 下一個財政年度就資產及負債賬面值作出 重大調整者載述如下。

## (a) 非上市股份投資之公平價值

## (b) 應收賬款減值之估計

本集團根據減值客觀證據及交易對 手各自結餘之過往虧損經驗釐定應 收賬款、證券及期貨經紀產生之應 收賬款及其他應收賬款之減值。倘 其債務人之財政狀況轉差以致實際 減值虧損可能較預期者為高,則本 集團將須修訂撥備基準,而其未來 業績將受到影響。

#### 3. Significant accounting judgements and estimates (continued) Estimation uncertainty (continued)

#### Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilized. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Further details are contained in note 33 to the financial statements.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill) (d)

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Indefinite life intangible assets are tested for impairment annually and at other times when such an indicator exists. Other nonfinancial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs to sell is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

#### Estimation of fair value of investment properties (e)

Investment properties are carried in the statement of financial position at their fair value. The fair value was based on valuation on these properties conducted by an independent firm of professionally qualified valuers using property valuation techniques which involve making assumptions on certain market conditions. Favorable or unfavorable changes to these assumptions would result in changes in the fair value of the Group's investment properties and the corresponding adjustments to the gain or loss recognized in the income statement.

#### Net realizable value of inventories

Net realizable value of inventories is based on estimated selling prices less any estimation costs to be incurred to completion and disposal. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience in selling goods of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in market conditions. The Group reassesses the estimation at the end of each reporting period.

## 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

#### 估計不明朗因素(續)

#### 遞延税項資產

未用税項虧損,如日後可用作抵銷 有可能出現之應課税溢利,均確認 為遞延税項資產。釐定可確認之遞 延税項資產金額時,管理層須根據 未來應課税溢利之可能時間及水平 以及未來税務規劃策略作出重大判 斷。進一步詳情載於財務報告附註 33。

#### 非財務資產減值(商譽除外) (d)

本集團於每個報告期末評估全部非 財務資產是否存在任何減值跡象。 具有無限年期之無形資產每年或出 現減值跡象時進行減值測試。其他 非財務資產於有跡象顯示賬面值可 能不能收回時進行減值測試。倘資 產或現金產生單位之賬面值超逾其 可收回金額(為其公平價值減銷售 成本與其使用價值之較高者),即 存在減值。公平價值減銷售成本乃 按類似資產之公平原則交易中具約 束力銷售交易所得數據或可觀察市 價扣除出售資產之遞增成本計算。 於採用使用價值計算時,管理層預 期須估計來自資產或現金產生單位 之未來現金流量, 及選擇適當折現 率以計算該等現金流量之現值。

#### 投資物業之公平價值估計 (e)

投資物業按其公平價值於財務狀況 表列值。公平價值乃根據獨立專業 合資格測量師行採用物業估值方法 (涉及對若干市場狀況作出假設)對 該等物業進行之估值而計算。該等 假設之有利或不利變動將導致本集 團投資物業之公平價值出現變動及 對損益賬確認之收益或虧損作出相 應調整。

## 存貨之可變現淨值

存貨之可變現淨值乃根據估計售價 減去完成及出售時將產生之任何估 計成本計算。此等估計乃以現時市 況及類似性質貨品之過往銷售經驗 為基準。可變現淨值可能因市況變 動而出現重大變動。本集團於每個 報告期末重新評估該估計。

#### 4. Operating segment information

For management purposes, the Group is organized into business units based on their products and services and has four reportable operating segments as follows:

- the manufacture and retail of jewellery segment produces jewellery products for the Group's retail business and operates retail stores mainly in Hong Kong, Macau, Mainland China and Taiwan;
- the wholesale of precious metals segment trades precious metals to (b) wholesale customers:
- (c) the securities and futures broking segment provides brokering and dealing services for securities and futures; and
- the other businesses segment comprises, principally, the investment in properties for their rental income and capital appreciation potential, and other jewellery related businesses.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit, which is a measure of adjusted profit before tax. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that certain dividend income and share of profits of associates, net are excluded from such measurement.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

## 經營分部資料

本集團根據產品及服務劃分業務單位,管 理以下四個可呈報經營分部:

- 珠寶製造及零售分部為本集團之零 售業務製造珠寶產品及主要於香 港、澳門、中國內地及台灣經營零 售店;
- 貴金屬批發分部與批發客戶買賣貴 (b) 金屬;
- (c) 證券及期貨經紀分部提供證券及期 貨之經紀及買賣服務;及
- (d) 其他業務分部主要為投資物業以賺 取租金收入及資本增值潛力,以及 其他珠寶相關業務。

管理層分別監控本集團經營分部之業績, 以作出資源分配及表現評估之決策。分部 表現乃按可呈報分部溢利進行評估,即經 調整除税前溢利之計算。經調整除税前溢 利之計算方式與本集團除稅前溢利計算方 式貫徹一致,惟若干股息收入及應佔聯營 公司溢利,淨值不包括在其計算當中。

內部銷售及轉讓乃根據銷售予第三者之 售價作為誦用市價。

4.	Operating segment info	ormation (continued)			4. 經營分部	資料(續)	
			Manufacture and retail of jewellery 珠寶製造 及零售 HK\$'000 千港元	Wholesale of precious metals 貴金屬 批發 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities and futures broking 證券及 期貨經紀 HK\$'000 千港元	Other businesses 其他 業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
	Year ended 31 December 2012	截至二零一二年 十二月三十一日 止年度					
	Segment revenue Sales to external customers Intersegment sales	<b>分部收益</b> 銷售予外來客戶 內部銷售	14,861,040	3,244,203 212,274	29,987	125,002 3,112	18,260,232 215,386
			14,861,040	3,456,477	29,987	128,114	18,475,618
	Reconciliation: Elimination of intersegment sales	<i>調節:</i> 對銷內部銷售					(215,386)
	Segment results Reconciliation: Dividend income Share of profits of	<b>分部業績</b> <i>調節:</i> 股息收入 應佔聯營公司溢利,	1,113,950	32,101	6,770	44,727	1,197,548 19,940
	associates, net Profit before tax	淨值 除税前溢利					4,179 1,221,667

# 4. Operating segment information (continued)

# 4. 經營分部資料(續)

Dividend income 股息收入 (312) - Net fair value gain on investment properties 淨收益 (37,703) (3 Net fair value gain on bullion loans casignated at fair value 貸的公平價值	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元	Other businesses 其他 業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities and futures broking 證券及 期貨經紀 HK\$'000 千港元	Wholesale of precious metals 貴金屬 批發 HK\$'000 千港元	Manufacture and retail of jewellery 珠寶製造 及零售 HK\$'000 千港元		
information Interest income 利息收入 (4,561) (28) (11,149) (3) (1 Dividend income 股息收入 (312) - Net fair value gain on investment properties 净收益 (37,703) (3 Net fair value gain on bullion loans case designated at fair value 貸的公平價值						十二月三十一日	
Interest income 利息收入 (4,561) (28) (11,149) (3) (1 Dividend income 股息收入 ————————————————————————————————————						其他分部資料	
investment properties 淨收益 – – — (37,703) (3  Net fair value gain on 指定為按公平價值訂 bullion loans 定盈虧之貴金屬借 designated at fair value 貸的公平價值	(15,741) (312)			(28)	(4,561) –	股息收入	Interest income Dividend income
	(37,703)	(37,703)	-	-	-	淨收益 指定為按公平價值訂 定盈虧之貴金屬借	investment properties Net fair value gain on bullion loans
	(18,362)	-	-	-	(18,362)	淨收益 衍生金融工具之 公平價值淨虧損 - 不符合對沖定義	through profit or loss Net fair value loss on derivative financial instruments –
	8,006	-	-	394	7,612	按公平價值訂定盈虧 之投資的公平價值	qualifying as hedges Net fair value gain on investments at fair
	(2,355)	-	(2,355)	-	-	指定為按公平價值訂 定盈虧之貴金屬借	or loss Net loss on bullion loans designated at fair
	48,291	-	-	211	48,080	出售衍生金融工具	or loss Net loss on disposal of
instruments 9,648 1,748 1 Net loss/(gain) on 出售物業、機器及 disposal of items of property, plant and /(收益)	11,396	-	-	1,748	9,648	設備項目淨虧損	Net loss/(gain) on disposal of items of
equipment 6,937 – (10) – Gain on dissolution of 解散一項可供出售投 an available-for-sale 資之收益	6,927		(10)	-	6,937	解散一項可供出售投	equipment Gain on dissolution of an available-for-sale
Depreciation 折舊 <b>136,915</b> - <b>2,109 477 13</b>	(1,077) 139,501		2,109		- 136,915		Depreciation
Amortization of prepaid   攤銷預付土地租賃 land lease payments   款項 <b>291</b>	291	_	_	_	291		
Impairment of       證券及期貨經紀產生 receivables arising     之應收賬款減值, from securities and     淨值						證券及期貨經紀產生 之應收賬款減值,	Impairment of receivables arising from securities and
futures broking, net – <b>287</b> – Write-down of 撤銷存貨至可變現 inventories to net 爭值	287	-	287	_	_		Write-down of
realizable value - 155 Finance costs 財務費用 38,646 4 512 - 3	155 39,162 266,927					財務費用	realizable value Finance costs

<sup>\*</sup> Capital expenditure represents the additions to "Property, plant and equipment".



<sup>\*</sup> 資本性開支指「物業、機器及設備」之添置。

4.

Operating segment info	rmation (continued)		4	<b>1.</b> 經營分部資	料(續)	
		Manufacture and retail of jewellery 珠寶製造 及零售 HK\$'000 千港元	Wholesale of precious metals 貴金屬 批發 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities and futures broking 證券及 期貨經紀 HK\$'000 千港元	Other businesses 其他 業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
Year ended 31 December 2011	截至二零一一年 十二月三十一日 止年度					
Segment revenue Sales to external	<b>分部收益</b> 銷售予外來客戶					
customers Intersegment sales	內部銷售	12,645,000 290	4,340,712 470,409	48,265 	124,309 2,997	17,158,286 473,696
		12,645,290	4,811,121	48,265	127,306	17,631,982
Reconciliation: Elimination of intersegment sales	<i>調節:</i> 對銷內部銷售					(473,696)
						17,158,286
Segment results Reconciliation:	<b>分部業績</b> 調節:	1,324,635	28,165	16,902	24,807	1,394,509
Dividend income Share of profits of associates, net	股息收入 應佔聯營公司溢利, 淨值					23,276 1,983
Profit before tax	除税前溢利					1,419,768

4.

. Operating segment info	ormation (continued)		4	4. 經營分部資	<b>資料(續)</b>	
Year ended	截至二零一一年	Manufacture and retail of jewellery 珠寶製造 及零售 HK\$*000 千港元	Wholesale of precious metals 貴金屬 批發 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities and futures broking 證券及 期貨經紀 HK\$'000 千港元	Other businesses 其他 業務 HK\$*000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
31 December 2011	十二月三十一日 止年度					
Other segment information	其他分部資料					
Interest income	利息收入	(2,017)	(506)	(12,475)	(12)	(15,010)
Dividend income Net fair value gain on	股息收入 投資物業之公平價值	_	-	(296)	_	(296)
investment properties	淨收益	_	_	_	(24,737)	(24,737)
Net fair value gain on derivative financial instruments – transactions not	衍生金融工具之 公平價值淨收益 - 不符合對沖定義 之交易					
qualifying as hedges	,_,,,,,	(18,674)	(1,075)	_	_	(19,749)
Net fair value loss on investments at fair value through profit	按公平價值訂定盈虧 之投資的公平價值 淨虧損					
or loss Net loss on bullion loans designated at fair value through profit	指定為按公平價值訂 定盈虧之貴金屬借 貸淨虧損	-	-	2,242	-	2,242
or loss Net loss on disposal of derivative financial	出售衍生金融工具 淨虧損	116,913	3,935	-	-	120,848
instruments Net loss/(gain) on disposal of items of property, plant and	出售物業、機器及 設備項目淨虧損 /(收益)	3,505	18,158	-	-	21,663
equipment	/ (·Mm.)	2,107	-	(14)	_	2,093
Depreciation	折舊	104,650	-	2,210	370	107,230
Amortization of prepaid land lease payments Impairment of receivables arising	攤銷預付土地租賃 款項 證券及期貨經紀產生 之應收賬款減值,	285	-	-	-	285
from securities and futures broking, net	淨值			262		262
Write-down of inventories to net	撇銷存貨至可變現 淨值			202		202
realizable value		23,596	365	-	-	23,961
Finance costs Capital expenditure*	財務費用 資本性開支*	45,557 187,198	17 	1,464 2,373	407	47,038 189,978

<sup>\*</sup> Capital expenditure consists of additions to "Property, plant and equipment" and "Prepaid land lease payments".

<sup>\*</sup> 資本性開支包括「物業、機器及設備」及 「預付土地租賃款項」之添置。

# 4. Operating segment information (continued)

## (a) Geographical information

Revenue from external customers

Hong Kong and Macau 香港及澳門 Mainland China 中國內地 Taiwan 台灣

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

Non-current assets

Hong Kong and Macau 香港及澳門 Mainland China 中國內地 Taiwan 台灣

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes available-for-sale investments and deferred tax assets.

### (b) Information about major customers

The turnover from the Group's largest customer amounted to less than 10% of the Group's total turnover for the current and prior years.

# 4. 經營分部資料(續)

#### (a) 地區資料

銷售予外來客戶之收益

2012	2011
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
12,501,901	12,489,966
5,636,946	4,535,537
121,385	132,783
	·
18,260,232	17,158,286

2012 2011

上述收益資料乃按客戶所在地區劃分。

## 非流動資產

2012	2011
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
	(Restated)
	(重列)
687,002	603,299
352,775	247,271
35,132	37,053
1,074,909	887,623

上述非流動資產資料乃按資產所在 地區劃分,並不包括可供出售投資 及遞延税項資產。

# (b) 有關主要客戶之資料

於本年度及上年度來自本集團最大 客戶之營業額佔本集團總營業額均 少於10%。

## 5. Turnover

Turnover represents the net invoiced value of goods sold, after allowances for returns, trade discounts and value-added tax; commission on securities, futures and commodities broking and rental income earned during the year.

Revenue from the following activities has been included in turnover:

# 5. 營業額

營業額指年內在撇除退回、交易折扣與增值稅後售出貨品之發票淨值;證券、期貨 及商品經紀佣金收入及租金收入。

營業額包括以下業務之收益:

	roup 集團
2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元
18,220,751	17,101,755
29,987 9,494	48,170 8,361
18,260,232	17,158,286

#### 6. Profit before tax

Sale of goods

Commission on securities, futures and

commodities broking

Gross rental income

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

# 6. 除税前溢利

本集團之除税前溢利已扣除/(計入):

		Note 附註	2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of inventories sold	銷貨成本		14,768,063	13,737,368
Write-down of inventories to net realizable value*	撇銷存貨至可變現淨值*		155	23,961
Depreciation	折舊	15	139,501	107,230
Amortization of prepaid land lease payments Operating lease payments in respect of leasehold land and buildings:	攤銷預付土地租賃款項 租賃土地及樓宇之 經營租約付款:	17	291	285
Minimum lease payments	最低租賃付款		527,028	390,106
Contingent rents	或然租金		35,070	34,284
			562,098	424,390
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		3,401	2,933
Employee benefit expense**(excluding Directors' remuneration (note 8)):	僱員福利開支**(不包括 董事酬金(附註8)):			
Wages and salaries	工資及薪金		832,892	743,375
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款		107,981	72,209
Less: Forfeited contributions	減:已沒收供款		(70)	(92)
Net pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款淨額		107,911	72,117
			940,803	815,492

貨品銷售

佣金收入

總租金收入

證券、期貨及商品經紀

除税前溢利(續)

# 6. Profit before tax (continued)

		Note 附註	2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$′000 千港元
Impairment of receivables arising from securities and futures broking, net Rental income on investment properties Less: Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) arising on rental-earning investment	證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款減值,淨值 投資物業之租金收入 減:可收取租金之投資 物業直接經營 開支(包括維修及	24	287 (9,494)	262 (8,361)
properties	保養)		1,218	1,269
Net rental income on investment properties	投資物業之租金收入淨額		(8,276)	(7,092)
Net fair value gain on investment properties <sup>#</sup> Net fair value gain on bullion loans designated	投資物業之公平價值淨收益* 指定為按公平價值訂定盈虧	16	(37,703)	(24,737)
at fair value through profit or loss <sup>#</sup>	之貴金屬借貸的公平價值 淨收益#		(18,362)	_
Net fair value loss/(gain) on derivative financial instruments – transactions not qualifying as hedges*  Net fair value loss/(gain) on investments at fair	衍生金融工具之公平價值 淨虧損/(收益) - 不符合 對沖定義之交易 <sup>#</sup> 按公平價值訂定盈虧之投資		8,006	(19,749)
value through profit or loss*	的公平價值淨虧損/ (收益)#		(2,355)	2,242
Net loss on bullion loans designated at fair value through profit or loss <sup>^</sup> Net loss on disposal of derivative financial	指定為按公平價值訂定盈虧 之貴金屬借貸淨虧損 <sup>2</sup> 出售衍生金融工具淨虧損 <sup>2</sup>		48,291	120,848
instruments <sup>^</sup>			11,396	21,663
Net loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、機器及設備項目 淨虧損		6,927	2,093
Gain on dissolution of an available-for-sale investment Interest income Dividend income from listed investments Dividend income from unlisted investments Foreign exchange differences, net	解散一項可供出售投資之 收益 利息收入 上市投資之股息收入 非上市投資之股息收入 應兑差額,淨額		(1,077) (15,741) (19,829) (423) (20,148)	(15,010) (22,438) (1,134) (6,925)

- \* This balance is included in "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated income statement.
- \*\* The employee benefit expense included an amount of HK\$2,909,000 (2011: HK\$2,823,000) paid to a Director's family members as employee remuneration.
- # These balances are included in "Other gains, net" on the face of the consolidated income statement.
- The net loss on bullion loans designated at fair value through profit or loss of HK\$48,291,000 (2011: HK\$120,848,000) and the net loss on disposal of derivative financial instruments included a net loss on bullion contracts of HK\$11,396,000 (2011: HK\$21,663,000), which are included in "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated income statement. The purpose of the above bullion transactions entered into by the Group is to manage the Group's bullion price exposures. Such loans and contracts did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting.
- \* 此結餘包含在綜合損益賬上「銷售成本」 中。
- \*\* 僱員福利開支包括支付予一名董事之家庭 成員作為僱員酬金之金額2,909,000港元 (二零一一年:2,823,000港元)。
- # 此等結餘包含在綜合損益賬上「其他收益,淨值」中。
- ↑ 指定為按公平價值訂定盈虧之貴金屬借貸淨 虧損為48,291,000港元(二零一一年: 120,848,000港元)及包括貴金屬合約 淨虧損在內之出售衍生金融工具淨虧 損為11,396,000港元(二零一一年: 21,663,000港元),此等金額包含在綜合 損益賬上「銷售成本」中。本集團訂立上述 貴金屬交易旨在管理本集團之貴金屬價格 風險。該等借貸及合約並不符合對沖會計 處理之條件。

## 財務報告附註

#### 7. **Finance costs**

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

Interest on bank loans and 須於五年內全數 overdrafts wholly repayable 償還之銀行貸款 within five years 及透支的利息 Interest on other loans wholly repayable within 須於五年內全數償還之 five years 其他貸款的利息

The analysis shows the finance costs of bank loans, overdrafts and other loans, including term loans which contain a repayment on demand clause, in accordance with the agreed scheduled repayment dates set out in the relevant loan agreements. For the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011, the interest on bank loans, overdrafts and other loans, which contain a repayment on demand clause amounted to HK\$16,433,000 and HK\$40,446,000 respectively.

#### Directors' remuneration 8.

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

Fees	袍金
Other emoluments: Salaries and allowances Discretionary bonuses paid and payable Pension scheme contributions	其他酬金: 薪金及津貼 已付及應付酌情花紅 退休金計劃供款

#### 財務費用 7.

財務費用之分析如下:

Group 本集團	
2012	2011
HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
1 7876	17676
38,995	46,866
167	172
39,162	47,038

分析顯示銀行貸款、透支及其他貸款 (包括按要求償還條款之定期貸款)之財 務費用,乃根據有關貸款協議所載協定 預定償還日期計算。截至二零一二年及 二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度,包含 按要求償還條款之銀行貸款、透支及其 他貸款之利息分別為16,433,000港元及 40,446,000港元。

#### 董事酬金 8.

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規 則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例第161條 之規定,本年度之董事酬金披露如下:

Group				
本集團				
2012	2011			
HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
千港元	千港元			
2,982	2,970			
6,707	6,291			
1,943	2,635			
80	137			
8,730	9,063			
11,712	12,033			

#### 8. Directors' remuneration (continued)

# 董事酬金(續)

An analysis of the remuneration paid and payable to the Directors during the year is as follows:

年內已付及應付予董事之酬金分析如下:

		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonuses paid and payable 已付及應付 酌情花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	Pension scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
2012	二零一二年					
Executive Directors:  Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim  Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing  Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing  Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing	執行董事: 周君廉博士 周永成先生 周敬成醫生 周允成先生	360 250 300 250	1,530 2,522 291 2,022	107 959 65 812	- 15 65	1,997 3,731 671 3,149
		1,160	6,365	1,943	80	9,548
Non-executive Directors: Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam Dr. CHAN Bing Fun* Mr. LEE Ka Lun* Mr. LO King Man* Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung*	非執行董事         :       :         :	250 300 300 300 360 300 12	342 - - - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	592 300 300 300 360 300 12
		1,822	342			2,164
		2,982	6,707	1,943	80	11,712
2011	二零一一年					
Executive Directors:  Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim  Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing  Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing  Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing	執行董事: 周君廉博士 周永成先生 周敬成醫生 周允成先生	360 250 300 250	1,529 2,246 291 1,883 ———————————————————————————————————	107 1,308 100 1,120	- 64 15 58 	1,996 3,868 706 3,311 —————
	II +1 (= ++-+					9,001
Non-executive Directors: Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam Dr. CHAN Bing Fun* Mr. LEE Ka Lun* Mr. LO King Man*	非執行董事: 周令先生 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次	250 300 300 300 360 300	342 - - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	592 300 300 300 360 300
		1,810	342			2,152
		2,970	6,291	2,635	137	12,033

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company with effect from 17 December 2012.

獨立非執行董事

劉文龍先生獲委任為本公司獨立非執行 董事,由二零一二年十二月十七日起 生效。

## 8. Directors' remuneration (continued)

There were no other emoluments payable to the Independent Non-executive Directors during the year (2011: Nil).

There was no arrangement under which a Director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2011: Nil).

### 9. Senior management's remuneration

The number of senior management whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

## 8. 董事酬金(續)

年內並無其他酬金應付予獨立非執行董事 (二零一一年:零)。

年內董事並無訂立任何放棄或同意放棄任何酬金的安排(二零一一年:零)。

### 9. 高級管理人員酬金

酬金介乎以下組別之高級管理人員之人數如下:

Number of senior management

		<b>高級官埋人負人</b> 數	
		2012	2011
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	1	_
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	1	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	1	1
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	1	1
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	-	1
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	1	_
HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$4,500,000	4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元	-	1
		5	5

# 10. Five highest paid employees

The five highest paid employees of the Group during the year included two (2011: two) Directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining three (2011: three) non-Director, highest paid employees are as follows:

Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼
Discretionary bonuses paid and payable	已付及應付酌情花紅
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款

#### 10. 五名最高薪酬僱員

年內本集團五名最高薪酬僱員包括兩名 (二零一一年:兩名)董事,其詳細酬金 資料載於上述附註8。本年度其餘三名 (二零一一年:三名)最高薪酬非董事僱員 詳細酬金資料如下:

2012	2011
HK\$′000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
6,702	6,178
2,515	3,711
335	309
9,552	10,198

# 10. Five highest paid employees (continued)

The number of non-Director, highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

# 10. 五名最高薪酬僱員(續)

酬金介乎以下組別之最高薪酬非董事僱員 之人數如下:

**Number of employees** 

		僱員人數	
		2012	2011
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	2	1
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	_	1
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	1	_
HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$4,500,000	4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元		1
		3	3

## 11. Income tax

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2011: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

#### 11. 所得税

香港利得税乃按年內於香港產生之估計應課税溢利以税率16.5%(二零一一年:16.5%)撥備。其他地區應課稅溢利之稅項乃按本集團於各營運司法權區之通用稅率計算。

		Group 本集團	
		2012 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
Current – Hong Kong Charge for the year Underprovision/(overprovision) in prior years Current – Elsewhere	本期 - 香港 年內稅項 過往年度撥備不足/(超額撥備) 本期 - 其他地區	120,487 173	131,186 (1,138)
Charge for the year Underprovision in prior years Deferred (Note 33)	年內稅項 過往年度撥備不足 遞延(附註33)	103,085 9 9,099	159,662 - 13,713
Total tax charge for the year	年內税項總額	232,853	303,423

#### 11. Income tax (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax charge applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rate for the jurisdiction in which major operating subsidiaries of the Group are domiciled to the tax charge at the effective tax rate is as follows:

#### 11. 所得税(續)

下表按本集團主要營運附屬公司註冊成立 所在司法權區之法定税率計算並適用於除 税前溢利之税項,以及按實質税率計算之 税項進行對賬:

HK\$'000

Group 本集團 2012

2011

HK\$'000

		千港元	千港元 (Restated) (重列)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	1,221,667	1,419,768
Tax charge at the Hong Kong statutory tax rate of 16.5% (2011: 16.5%)  Difference in tax rates applied for specific	按香港法定税率16.5% (二零一一年:16.5%)計算税項 應用於特定省份或	201,575	234,262
provinces or enacted by local authorities  Adjustments in respect of current tax of previous	當地機關之稅率差異就以往期間之稅項作	30,202	49,673
periods Profits and losses attributable to associates Estimated income not subject to tax Estimated expenses not deductible for tax Effect of withholding tax at 5% or 10% (2011: 5% or 10%) on the distributable profits of the Group's subsidiaries established in the	本期調整 歸屬於聯營公司之盈虧 無須繳稅之估計收入 不可扣稅之估計支出 按本集團於中華人民共和國 成立之附屬公司之可分派 溢利5%或10%(二零一一年:5%	182 (690) (19,576) 7,946	(1,138) (327) (10,646) 13,982
People's Republic of China Tax losses utilized from previous periods Estimated tax losses not recognized	或10%)計算預提税之影響 使用以往期間之税項虧損 尚未確認之估計税項虧損	12,584 (349) 979	16,850 (757) 1,524
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	按本集團實質税率計算之税項	232,853	303,423

The Group's share of tax charge attributable to associates amounting to HK\$67,000 (2011: HK\$65,000 (restated)) is included in "Share of profits of associates, net" on the face of the consolidated income statement.

For companies operating in Mainland China, corporate income taxes have been calculated on the estimated assessable profits for the year at the rate of 25% (2011: rates ranging from 24% to 25%).

#### 12. Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company

The consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2012 includes a profit of HK\$201.135.000. excluding the final dividend income for the year ended 31 December 2011 from its subsidiary of HK\$332,000,000 (2011: HK\$75,833,000, excluding the final dividend income for the year ended 31 December 2010 from its subsidiary of HK\$230,000,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

本集團應佔聯營公司税項為67,000港元 (二零一一年:65,000港元(重列)),已 包含在綜合損益賬上「應佔聯營公司溢 利,淨值]中。

就於中國內地營運之公司而言,企業所 得税乃按年內之估計應課税溢利按25% (二零一一年:介平24%至25%)之税率 計算。

#### 12. 本公司權益持有人應佔溢利

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司權益持有人應佔綜合溢利包括本公司 財務報告內之一項溢利201,135,000港元 (不包括截至二零一一年十二月三十一日 止年度由其附屬公司派發之末期股息 收入332,000,000港元)(二零一一年: 75,833,000港元(不包括截至二零一零年 十二月三十一日止年度由其附屬公司派發 之末期股息收入230,000,000港元))。

13.

Dividends	1:	3.	股息		
				2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元
Dividends recognized as distribution during the year:	於年內確認派發之股息:				
Final dividend for 2011: HK49.0 cents	二零一一年末期股息:				
(2010: HK35.0 cents) per ordinary share	每普通股 49.0港仙 (二零一零年:35.0港仙)			331,691	236,922
Interim dividend for 2012: HK10.0 cents	二零一二年中期股息:			55.765.	200,522
(2011: HK11.0 cents)	每普通股 10.0港仙 (二零一一年:11.0港仙)			67.602	74.461
per ordinary share	(_令			67,692	74,461
				399,383	311,383
Dividends proposed after the end of the reporting period:	於報告期末後擬派發之股息:				
Final dividend for 2012: HK45.0 cents	二零一二年末期股息:				
(2011: HK49.0 cents)	每普通股45.0港仙			204.644	221 601
per ordinary share	(二零一一年:49.0 港仙)			304,614	331,691

The proposed final dividend for 2012 was recommended after the end of the reporting period and has not been recognized as a liability at the end of the reporting period, and it is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

# 14. Earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Company

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amounts is based on the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company of HK\$984,845,000 (2011: HK\$1,097,983,000 (restated)), and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 676,920,000 (2011: 676,920,000) in issue during the year.

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the current and prior years.

二零一二年擬派發之末期股息於報告期末 後建議派發,並未於報告期末確認為負 債,及須經本公司股東於即將舉行之股東 週年大會批准,方可作實。

## 14. 本公司權益持有人應佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利金額乃按年內本公司權益持有人應佔溢利984,845,000港元(二零一一年:1,097,983,000港元(重列))及年內已發行加權平均股份676,920,000股(二零一一年:676,920,000股)普通股計算。

本集團於本年度及上年度均無發行潛在攤 薄效應的普通股。

15.	Property, plant a	nd equipment				15. 物	業、機器及設備	Ė	
	Group								
	本集團		Freehold land	Construction in progress	Leasehold land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Leasehold improvements, furniture, fixture and equipment 租賃物業	Motor vehicles	Total
			永久 業權土地 HK\$'000 千港元	在建工程 HK\$′000 千港元	租賃土地 及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	機器 及設備 HK\$′000 千港元	装修、傢俬、 装置及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	汽車 HK\$′000 千港元	合計 HK\$′000 千港元
	As at 31 December 2012	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日							
	At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012:	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日及 二零一二年一月一日:							
	Cost or valuation	成本或估值	19,735	13,025	371,737	37,459	476,249	7,371	925,576
	Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊			(90,952)	(21,208)	(270,844)	(3,927)	(386,931)
	Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	19,735	13,025	280,785	16,251	205,405	3,444	538,645
	At 1 January 2012, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Disposals	於二零一二年一月一日, 扣除累計折舊 添置 出售	19,735 - -	13,025 69,782	280,785 430	16,251 13,632 (2)	205,405 180,182 (6,852)	3,444 2,901 (110)	538,645 266,927 (6,964)
	Depreciation provided during the year Exchange realignment	年內折舊撥備 匯兑調整	- 785	928	(14,171) 624	(6,893) 57	(116,798) 1,905	(1,639) 34	(139,501) 4,333
	At 31 December 2012, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日, 扣除累計折舊	20,520	83,735	267,668	23,045	263,842	4,630	663,440
	At 31 December 2012:	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日:	20 520	02 725	272.000	F0.540	622 204	0.450	4 460 654
	Cost or valuation Accumulated	成本或估值 累計折舊	20,520	83,735	372,900	50,640	632,391	9,468	1,169,654
	depreciation				(105,232)	(27,595)	(368,549)	(4,838)	(506,214)
	Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	20,520	83,735	267,668	23,045	263,842	4,630	663,440

15.

#### 物業、機器及設備(續) Property, plant and equipment (continued) 15. Leasehold improvements, Leasehold furniture, Freehold Construction land and Plant and fixture and Motor land in progress buildings machinery equipment vehicles Total 租賃物業 和賃十地 永久 機器 裝修、傢俬、 業權土地 在建工程 及樓宇 及設備 裝置及設備 汽車 合計 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 於二零一一年 As at 31 December 2011 十二月三十一日 於二零一一年一月一日: At 1 January 2011: Cost or valuation 成本或估值 20,428 343,111 25,399 357,218 6,197 752,353 Accumulated 累計折舊 depreciation (77,067)(15,817)(212,832)(3.918)(309,634) 9.582 Net carrying amount 賬面淨值 20.428 266.044 144.386 2.279 442,719 於二零一一年一月一日, At 1 January 2011, net of accumulated 扣除累計折舊 9.582 144,386 2,279 depreciation 20,428 266.044 442,719 Additions 12,712 17,673 144,835 189,556 添置 11,610 2,726 Transfer from 轉撥自投資物業 investment (附註16) properties (note 16) 8,131 8,131 Disposals 出售 (1,794)(379)(2,173)Depreciation provided 年內折舊撥備 (5,251)during the year (13,598)(87,111)(1,270)(107,230)Exchange realignment 匯兑調整 (693)313 2,535 310 5,089 88 7,642 At 31 December 2011, 於二零一一年 十二月三十一日, net of accumulated 扣除累計折舊 depreciation 13.025 280.785 16,251 19,735 205 405 3,444 538 645 於二零一一年 At 31 December 2011: 十二月三十一日: Cost or valuation 成本或估值 19,735 13,025 371,737 37,459 476,249 7,371 925,576 Accumulated 累計折舊 depreciation (90.952)(21,208)(270,844)(3.927)(386,931) 賬面淨值 19,735 13,025 16,251 538,645 Net carrying amount 280,785 205,405 3,444

Certain of the Group's leasehold land and buildings were revalued on 31 December 1993 by Knight Frank & Kan, independent professionally qualified valuers. The leasehold land and buildings were revalued on an open market, existing use basis. Since 1995, no further revaluations of the Group's leasehold land and buildings have been carried out, as the Group has relied upon the exemption, provided under the transitional provisions of HKAS 16, from the requirement to carry out future revaluations of its property, plant and equipment which were stated at valuation at that time.

本集團若干租賃土地及樓宇於一九九三年 十二月三十一日經獨立專業合資格測量師 簡福飴測量行重估。該等租賃土地及樓宇 根據現時用途按公開市值基準重估。本集 團自一九九五年採納香港會計準則第16 號之過渡條款賦予之豁免,無須對以當時 估值列賬之物業、機器及設備進行未來 重估,故並無為其租賃土地及樓宇再作重 估。

#### 15. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Had these leasehold land and buildings been carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation, their carrying amount would have been approximately HK\$24,301,000 (2011: HK\$25,845,000).

The freehold land of the Group is situated outside Hong Kong.

The Group's leasehold land and buildings included above are held under the following lease terms:

# 15. 物業、機器及設備(續)

倘若此等租賃土地及樓宇以歷史成本減累 計折舊列賬,其賬面值約為24,301,000港元 (二零一一年:25,845,000港元)。

本集團的永久業權土地位於香港境外。

本集團上述之租賃土地及樓宇按下列租期 持有:

		Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000 千港元	Elsewhere 其他地區 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日			
At cost: Long term leases Medium term leases	按成本: 長期租約 中期租約	666 35,014	4,075 74,951	4,741 109,965
		35,680	79,026	114,706
At 1993 valuation: Long term leases Medium term leases	按一九九三年估值: 長期租約 中期租約	600 257,594		600 257,594
		258,194		258,194
		293,874	79,026	372,900
		Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000 千港元	Elsewhere 其他地區 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日			
At cost: Long term leases Medium term leases	按成本: 長期租約 中期租約	666 35,014 35,680	4,044 73,819 77,863	4,710 108,833 113,543
At 1993 valuation: Long term leases Medium term leases	按一九九三年估值: 長期租約 中期租約	600 257,594		600 257,594
		258,194		258,194
		293,874	77,863	371,737

As at 31 December 2012, certain of the Group's leasehold land and buildings with an aggregate net carrying amount of approximately HK\$54,600,000 (2011: HK\$58,500,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (notes 31 and 32).

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團 以若干總賬面淨值約54,600,000港元 (二零一一年:58,500,000港元)之租賃 土地及樓宇作抵押,為本集團所獲一般銀 行信貸作擔保(附註31及32)。

#### 16. Investment properties

## 16. 投資物業

			Group 本集團		
		Note 附註	2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元	
Carrying amount at 1 January Transfer to leasehold land and buildings Disposal Net gain from a fair value adjustment	於一月一日之賬面值 轉撥往租賃土地及樓宇 出售 公平價值調整之淨收益	15 6	179,261 - (8,544) 37,703	175,458 (8,131) (12,803) 24,737	
Carrying amount at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之賬面值		208,420	179,261	

The Group's investment properties are held under the following leases:

本集團之投資物業按下列租約持有:

Long torm longer	巨知和,,	2012 HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Long term leases: Hong Kong	長期租約: 香港	870	760
Medium term leases: Hong Kong Elsewhere	中期租約: 香港 其他地區	186,030 21,520	157,894 20,607
		208,420	179,261

The Group's investment properties were revalued on 31 December 2012 by DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, independent professionally qualified valuers, at HK\$208,420,000 on an open market, existing use basis. The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further details of which are included in note 39(a) to the financial statements.

As at 31 December 2012, the Group's investment properties with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$119,000,000 (2011: HK\$98,000,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (notes 31 and 32).

Further particulars of the Group's investment properties are included on pages 130 to 132.

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團之 投資物業由獨立專業合資格測量師戴德梁 行有限公司根據現時用途按公開市值基準 重估為208,420,000港元。該等投資物業 以經營租約租予第三者,進一步詳情載於 財務報告附註39(a)內。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團以 賬面總值119,000,000港元(二零一一年: 98,000,000港元)之投資物業作抵押,為 本集團所獲一般銀行信貸作擔保(附註31 及32)。

有關本集團投資物業之其他詳情載於第 130至132頁。

# 17. Prepaid land lease payments

# 17. 預付土地租賃款項

		Group 本集團		
		Note 附註	2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$′000 千港元
Carrying amount at 1 January Addition Amortization Exchange realignment	於一月一日之賬面值 添置 攤銷 匯兑調整	6	14,305 - (291) 113	13,506 422 (285) 662
Carrying amount at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之賬面值		14,127	14,305
Current portion included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	計入預付款項、按金及 其他應收賬款之流動部分		(294)	(286)
Non-current portion	非流動部分		13,833	14,019

The leasehold land is situated in Mainland China and is held under a long term lease.

租賃土地位於中國內地及按長期租約持有。

Group 本集團

# 18. Intangible assets

# 18. 無形資產

		2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元
Trading rights	交易權		
Cost at 1 January and 31 December, net of accumulated amortization	於一月一日及十二月三十一日之 成本,扣除累計攤銷	271	271
At 31 December: Cost (gross carrying amount) Accumulated amortization	於十二月三十一日: 成本(賬面總值) 累計攤銷	524 (253)	524 (253)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	271	271

Upon the adoption of HKAS 38, trading rights have been considered to have indefinite lives because they are expected to contribute to the net cash flows of the Group indefinitely, which are not amortized.

採納香港會計準則第38號後,由於交易權預期為本集團無限期帶來現金流量淨額,故已被視為擁有無限年期而不作攤銷。

#### 19. Other assets 19. 其他資產

		Group 本集團	
		2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of membership for a seat at The Chinese Gold and Silver Exchange Society ("CGSE")	金銀業貿易場(「金銀業貿易場」) 會籍成本 於聯交所按金:	1,500	1,500
Deposits with the Stock Exchange: Compensation fund Fidelity fund	於	293 250	250 250
Stamp duty deposit Contributions in cash to the Central Clearing and	印花税按金 於中央結算及交收系統保證基金之	150	250
Settlement System Guarantee Fund Admission fee paid to Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited	現金供款 香港中央結算有限公司之 入會費用	250 250	250 250
Deposit with The HKFE Clearing Corporation Limited	於香港期貨結算有限公司之 按金	1,655	1,500
Rental deposits*	租賃按金*	162,952	133,363
		167,300	137,613

The rental deposits are related to office properties and retail shops leased by the Group (note 39(b)) and the majority of the terms of the lease arrangements are over one year. Included in this total is an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$40 million (2011: approximately HK\$23 million) relating to operating leases expiring within one year. The Directors are of the opinion that such deposits are of a long term nature on the basis that the related leases are expected to be renewed upon their respective expiry dates. Accordingly, the Directors consider it appropriate to classify such deposits as non-current assets.

#### 20. Interests in subsidiaries

## 20. 於附屬公司之權益

		Compa 本公	-
		2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted shares/investments, at cost Due from subsidiaries	非上市股份/投資,按成本 附屬公司欠款	1,085,873 1,857,456	1,085,873
		2,943,329	2,810,037

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

附屬公司欠款乃無抵押、免息及並無固定 還款期。

此乃本集團之辦公室及零售店租約(附註 39(b))之相關租賃按金,大部分租約為期 超過一年,其中合共約有40,000,000港元 (二零一一年:約23,000,000港元)屬一年 內到期之經營租約。董事認為,按有關租 約預期於各自到期時續約之基準,此等按 金應屬長期性質。因此,董事認為宜將此 等按金分類為非流動資產。

#### 20. Interests in subsidiaries (continued)

# 20. 於附屬公司之權益(續)

Particulars of the subsidiaries are as follows:

附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行	of attribut	entage equity able to ompany	Principal activities
名稱	成立/註冊 及經營地點	普通股本/ 註冊股本面值		公司所佔 整百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Acclaim Holdings Limited 雅慶有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$600,000 600,000美元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Chow Sang Sang Bullion	Hong Kong	HK\$5,000,000	-	100	Investment holding
Dealers Limited 周生生金號有限公司	香港	5,000,000港元			投資控股
Chow Sang Sang (China) Company Limited*	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	HK\$1,500,000,000	-	100	Sale of jewellery
周生生(中國)商業有限公司*	中華人民共和國/中國內地	1,500,000,000港元			珠寶銷售
Chow Sang Sang Commodities Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$5,000,000	-	100	Dormant
周生生商品有限公司	香港	5,000,000港元			暫無營業
Chow Sang Sang Corporate Gift Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	-	100	Sale of corporate gift products
周生生企業禮品有限公司	香港	1,000,000港元			企業禮品銷售
Chow Sang Sang Diamond (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.*	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	US\$10,000,000	_	100	Diamond trading
周生生鑽石(上海)有限公司*	中華人民共和國/中國內地	10,000,000美元			鑽石買賣
Chow Sang Sang Finance Limited 周生生財務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$15,000,000 15,000,000港元	-	100	Group financing 集團融資
Chow Sang Sang Futures Limited 周生生期貨有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$5,000,000 5,000,000港元	-	100	Commodity broking 商品經紀
Chow Sang Sang Holdings (BVI)	British Virgin Islands	US\$50,000	100	-	Investment holding
Limited 周生生集團(英屬維爾京群島) 有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	50,000美元			投資控股
Chow Sang Sang Holdings Limited 周生生集團有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$250 250港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Chow Sang Sang Industrial (Fuzhou) Co., Ltd.*	People's Republic of China/	HK\$12,180,000	-	100	Property investment
周生生實業(福州)有限公司*	Mainland China 中華人民共和國/ 中國內地	12,180,000港元			物業投資

Interests in subsidiaries (continu	ied)	20.	於附屬公司	司之權益(	(續)
Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行			Principal activities
名稱	成立/註冊 及經營地點	普通股本/ 註冊股本面值		司所佔 百分比 ndirect 間接	主要業務
Chow Sang Sang International (Shunde) Limited 周生生國際(順德)有限公司	Hong Kong/ Mainland China 香港/中國內地	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Property investment 物業投資
Chow Sang Sang Investments	Hong Kong	HK\$2,500,000	-	100	Investment holding
Limited 周生生投資有限公司	香港	2,500,000港元			投資控股
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	-	100	Investment holding
(China) Co. Ltd. 周生生珠寶金行(中國)有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	1美元			投資控股
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (China) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	100	Provision of marketing services and
周生生珠寶(中國)有限公司	香港	1港元			investment holding 提供市場推廣服務 及投資控股
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$30,000,000	-	100	Manufacture and retail of jewellery
周生生珠寶金行有限公司		30,000,000港元			珠寶製造及零售
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Foshan) Co., Ltd.*	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	HK\$275,307,500	-	100	Manufacture and sale of jewellery
周生生珠寶(佛山)有限公司*	中華人民共和國/中國內地	275,307,500港元			珠寶製造及銷售
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery Pte Ltd	Singapore 新加坡	SG\$2 2 坡元	-	100	Dormant 暫無營業
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Shaanxi) Co., Ltd.*	People's Republic of China/	HK\$21,400,000	-	100	Manufacture and sale of jewellery
周生生珠寶金行(陝西)有限公司*	Mainland China 中華人民共和國/ 中國內地	21,400,000港元			珠寶製造及銷售
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Shandong) Co., Ltd.**	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	RMB70,000,000	-	70	Manufacture and sale of jewellery
周生生珠寶(山東)有限公司**	中華人民共和國/中國內地	70,000,000元人民幣			珠寶製造及銷售
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Taiwan) Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Taiwan	US\$50,000	-	100	Sale of jewellery
周生生珠寶行股份有限公司	英屬維爾京群島/ 台灣	50,000美元			珠寶銷售

Interests in subsidiaries (continue	d)	20.	於附屬	公司之權益	(續)	
Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital	attrib	ercentage of equity utable to Company	Principal activities	
名稱	成立/註冊 及經營地點	已發行 普通股本/ 註冊股本面值	A	x公司所佔 投權百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務	
Chow Sang Sang Manufacturing International Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	-	100	Investment holding	
周生生首飾廠國際有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	1美元			投資控股	
Chow Sang Sang Nominees Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	-	100	Provision of nominee services	
周生生代理人有限公司	香港	1,000,000港元			提供代理服務	
Chow Sang Sang Property Holdings N.V.	Netherlands Antilles/ Hong Kong	US\$30,000	-	100	Property investment	
Chow Sang Sang Properties Limited 周生生置業有限公司	荷蘭安的列斯/香港 Hong Kong 香港	30,000美元 HK\$10,000,000 10,000,000港元	-	100	物業投資 Property investment 物業投資	
Chow Sang Sang Securities Limited 周生生證券有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000,000 10,000,000港元	-	100	Securities broking 證券經紀	
Emphasis Jewellery Company Limited 點睛品珠寶有限公司	Macau 澳門	MOP25,000 25,000 澳門元	-	100	Retail of jewellery 珠寶零售	
Fullink Developments Inc.	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	Dormant 暫無營業	
Tsin Chuk Kam Manufactory Ltd. 千足金製造廠有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Mainland China 英屬維爾京群島/	US\$100,000 100,000美元	-	100	Processing of jewellery 珠寶加工	
	中國內地	100,000 × / E			~~~~	
World Commercial Sales Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2,500,000	-	100	Wholesale of precious metals	
世界批發行有限公司	香港	2,500,000港元			貴金屬批發	
338.Net Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	-	100	Provision of information technology services	
	香港	2港元			提供資訊科技服務	
* These companies were registered as law of the People's Republic of China		rprises under the		比等公司乃根 之全外商投資:	據中華人民共和國法律註冊 企業。	
** The company was registered as a under the law of the People's Republ	2 . , , ,	enture enterprise		比公司乃根據 中外合資合營:	中華人民共和國法律註冊之公司。	

#### 21. Investments in associates

# 21. 於聯營公司之投資

### Group 本集團

31 December 31 December 1 January 一月一日 **十二月三十一日** 十二月三十一日 2012 2011 2011 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 (Restated) (Restated) (重列) (重列)

Share of net assets 應佔淨資產 21,645 17,814 16,041

Particulars of the associates are as follows:

聯營公司之詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Particulars of issued shares held/registered capital所持已發行股本/註冊股本詳情	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 成立/註冊 及經營地點	Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group 本集團所佔 權益百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
Foo Sang Enterprises Company Limited 富生置業有限公司	Ordinary shares of HK\$100 each 每股面值 100港元 之普通股	Hong Kong 香港	36.63	Property investment 物業投資
Qingdao Kang Hua Diamond Co., Ltd.*	RMB7,440,000	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	32.00	Processing of diamonds
青島康華鑽石有限公司*	7,440,000元人民幣	中華人民共和國/ 中國內地		鑽石加工

The above companies are not audited by Ernst & Young, Hong Kong or another member firm of the Ernst & Young global network.

The above associates are indirectly held by the Company and have been accounted for using the equity method in these financial statements.

The following table illustrates the summarized financial information of the Group's associates:

上述公司並非由香港安永會計師事務所或 其他安永國際成員公司所審核。

此公司乃根據中華人民共和國法律註冊之 中外合資合營公司。

上述聯營公司由本公司間接持有,在本財 務報告以權益法作會計處理。

下表呈列本集團聯營公司之財務資料概

		31 December 十二月三十一日 2012 HK\$'000 千港元	31 December 十二月三十一日 2011 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)	1 January 一月一日 2011 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
Assets	資產	62,807	51,117	46,549
Liabilities	負債	(2,898)	(1,330)	(1,365)
Revenue	收益	10,753	12,309	11,107
Profit after tax	除税後溢利	11,046	5,000	8,725

The company was registered as a Sino-foreign equity joint venture enterprise under the law of the People's Republic of China.

#### 22. Available-for-sale investments

Listed equity investments in Hong Kong, at market value\*

Unlisted equity investment, at fair value 非上市股份投資,按公平價值 Unlisted equity investments, at cost 非上市股份投資,按成本

The above equity investments were issued by corporate entities.

During the year, the gross gain in respect of the Group's available-for-sale investments recognized in other comprehensive income amounted to HK\$37,487,000 (2011: loss of HK\$253,838,000).

The above investments consist of equity securities which have no fixed maturity date or coupon rate.

As at 31 December 2012, certain unlisted equity investments with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$260,000 (2011: HK\$739,000) were stated at cost less impairment because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the Directors are of the opinion that their fair value cannot be measured reliably. The Group does not intend to dispose of them in the near future.

As at 31 December 2012, the Group's listed equity investments with a carrying value of HK\$329,500,000 (2011: HK\$274,340,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 31).

\* On 6 March 2000, under the Schemes of Arrangements of the Stock Exchange and the Futures Exchange and pursuant to the Exchanges and Clearing Houses (Merger) Ordinance, the Group received 6,223,500 shares of HK\$1.00 each in Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited ("HKEC"), six exchange trading rights in the Stock Exchange and one exchange trading right in the Futures Exchange as a consideration for the cancellation of its six shares held in the Stock Exchange and one share held in the Futures Exchange. As at 1 January 2012 and 31 December 2012, the Group held 4,953,500 shares of HKEC, five exchange trading rights in the Stock Exchange and one exchange trading right in the Futures Exchange.

## 22. 可供出售投資

Group 本集團	
2012	2011
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
652,871	617,701
18,196 260	16,403 739
18,456	17,142
671,327	634,843

上述股份投資由企業實體發行。

年內,直接於其他全面收益確認之本集 團可供出售投資總收益為37,487,000港元 (二零一一年:虧損為253,838,000港元)。

上述投資包括並無固定到期日或票面息率 之股份證券。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,由於合理公平價值估計範圍太大,董事認為無法可靠地計量其公平價值,故賬面總值260,000港元(二零一一年:739,000港元)之若干非上市股份投資乃按成本減減值列賬。本集團無意於可見未來出售該等投資。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團以上市股份投資賬面值329,500,000港元(二零一一年:274,340,000港元)作抵押,為本集團所獲一般銀行信貸作擔保(附註31)。

\* 於二零零零年三月六日,根據交易所及結算所(合併)條例之股份合併計劃,本集團取得香港交易及結算所有限公司(「港交所」)6,223,500股每股面值1.00港元之股份及六個聯交所交易權及一個期交所交易權,以取代原在聯交所持有之六股股份及在期交所持有之一股股份。於二零一二月一日及二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團持有港交所4,953,500股股份、五個聯交所交易權及一個期交所交易權。

#### 23. Inventories

23. 存貨

Group 本集團

2012 2011 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

千港元

千港元

6,602,021

6.213.968

#### 24. Accounts receivable/Receivables arising from securities and futures broking

# Jewellery retail

Goods held for sale

The Group's sales are normally made on a cash basis. Credit card receivables from financial institutions in respect of retail sales are aged within one month. There are wholesale customers who have been given credit periods within 60 days.

持作銷售之貨品

#### Wholesale of diamonds

The Group normally grants credit periods of up to 60 days to its trade customers.

## Wholesale of precious metals

The Group's wholesale of precious metals is normally conducted on a cash basis.

## Securities and commodities broking

Securities deals are settled two days after the trade date, and commodities deals are normally settled on a cash basis.

## 應收賬款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款

## 珠寶零售

本集團銷售一般以現金交易。就零售而來 自財務機構之應收信用卡賬款之賬齡少於 一個月。現有批發客戶獲提供六十日內之 赊賬期。

### 鑽石批發

本集團一般向貿易客戶提供之賒賬期最多 為六十日。

#### 貴金屬批發

本集團之貴金屬批發一般以現金交易。

## 證券及商品經紀

證券買賣於交易日後兩天結算,而商品買 賣一般以現金結算。

#### 24. Accounts receivable/Receivables arising from securities and futures broking (continued)

# 應收賬款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款(續)

		Group 本集團	
		2012 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	707,838	598,827
Receivables arising from securities and futures broking conducted in the ordinary course of business:	在日常業務中證券及期貨經紀 產生之應收賬款:		
Cash clients	現金客戶	52,799	24,374
Clearing houses	結算所 77 展 京 5 後 執	6,189	6,381
Loans to margin clients	<b>孖展客戶貸款</b>	123,332	109,283
		182,320	140,038
Impairment	減值	(645)	(358)
Receivables arising from securities and futures broking	證券及期貨經紀產生之應收賬款	181,675	139,680
rutures broking			139,000
Total accounts receivable and receivables arising from securities and futures	應收賬款及證券及期貨經紀 產生之應收賬款總額		
broking		889,513	738,507

Apart from the receivable balances arising from securities and futures broking which bear interest at commercial rates, the balances are noninterest-bearing.

The movements in provision for impairment of receivables arising from securities and futures broking are as follows:

除按商業條款計息之證券及期貨經紀產生 之應收賬款結餘外,上述結餘均為免息。

證券及期貨經紀產生之應收賬款之減值撥 備變動如下:

		A 集團	
		2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January Impairment losses recognized (note 6) Impairment losses reversed (note 6)	於一月一日 已確認滅值虧損(附註6) 已撥回減值虧損(附註6)	358 310 (23)	96 263 (1)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	645	358

#### Accounts receivable/Receivables arising from securities and futures 24 broking (continued)

Included in the above provision for impairment of receivables arising from securities and futures broking is a provision for individually impaired receivables of HK\$645,000 (2011: HK\$358,000) with a carrying amount before provision of HK\$645,000 (2011: HK\$358,000). Such provision was determined after taking into account the ageing of the respective account receivable balances, the creditworthiness of the debtors, their repayment history and their historical write-off experience. Only a portion of the receivables is expected to be recovered.

An ageing analysis of the accounts receivable and receivables arising from securities and futures broking not impaired at the end of the reporting period, based on the due date, is as follows:

Not yet due Within 30 days past due 31 to 60 days past due 61 to 90 days past due	未逾期 逾期30日內 逾期31至60日 逾期61至90日
Over 90 days past due	逾期超過90日
Loans to margin clients*	孖展客戶貸款*

The loans to margin clients are secured by the underlying pledged securities, repayable on demand and bear interest at commercial rates. No ageing analysis is disclosed as, in the opinion of the Directors, an ageing analysis is not relevant in view of the nature of the business of securities margin financing. As at 31 December 2012, the total market value of securities pledged as collateral in respect of the loans to margin clients was HK\$315,807,000 (2011: HK\$271,834,000).

Included in the margin clients accounts receivable balance as at 31 December 2012 was an amount of HK\$310,000 (2011: HK\$286,000) receivable in respect of securities transactions undertaken for the account of an officer of a subsidiary. The maximum amount outstanding during the year was HK\$555,000.

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default. Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on experience, the Directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

#### 應收賬款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 24 應收賬款(續)

上述證券及期貨經紀產生之應收賬款減值 撥備中包括個別已減值應收賬款撥備為 645.000港元(二零一一年: 358.000港元),其 撥備前賬面值為645,000港元(二零一一年: 358,000港元)。有關撥備乃經考慮各項 應收賬款結餘之賬齡、債務人之信譽、彼 等之還款紀錄及過往撇銷紀錄後釐定。預 期只會收回部分應收賬款。

於報告期末,無須減值之應收賬款及證券 及期貨經紀產生之應收賬款根據到期日之 賬齡分析如下:

Group			
本集團			
2012	2011		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
千港元	千港元		
676,525	586,422		
75,325	36,915		
7,009	1,543		
3,985	728		
3,337	3,616		
766 101	620.224		
766,181	629,224		
123,332	109,283		
889,513	738,507		

孖展客戶貸款以相關已抵押證券作抵押, 須於要求時償還及按商業條款計息。鑑 於證券孖展借貸業務性質,董事認為賬 齡分析作用不大,故無披露賬齡分析。 於二零一二年十二月三十一日,有關孖 展客戶貸款以證券抵押作抵押品之總市 值 為315.807.000港 元(二零 - - 年: 271.834.000港元)。

> 於二零一二年十二月三十一日之孖展客 戶應收賬款結餘中包括就為一名附屬 公司高級職員之賬戶進行證券交易應 收之款項310,000港元(二零一一年: 286,000港元)。年內之最高未償還金額為 555,000港元。

未逾期及無減值之應收賬款與大量並無最 近欠賬記錄之分散客戶有關。已逾期惟無減值 之應收賬款與多名於本集團擁有良好信貸 記錄之獨立客戶有關。根據經驗,本公司董事 認為由於信貸質素並無重大轉變,且結餘 仍然被視為可全數收回,故無須就該等結 餘作出減值撥備。

# 25. Prepayments, deposits and other receivables

# 25. 預付款項、按金及其他應收賬款

		Group 本集團		Compa 本公	-
		2012	2011	2012	2011
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Prepayments	預付款項	92,048	188,680	290	290
Deposits	按金	29,667	37,144	_	_
Other receivables	其他應收賬款	10,288	8,961		
		132,003	234,785	290	290

None of the above assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

上述資產概無逾期或已減值。包含在上述 結餘之財務資產為近期並無不履約紀錄之 應收賬款。

# 26. Investments at fair value through profit or loss

# 26. 按公平價值訂定盈虧之投資

Group 本集團 2012 2011 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元

Listed equity investments in Hong Kong, 香港上市股份投資, at market value 按市值

The above equity investments were held for trading and issued by corporate entities.

上述股份投資乃持作買賣用途,並由企業實體發行。

# 27. Cash and cash equivalents/Cash held on behalf of clients

An analysis of cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

# 27. 現金及等同現金/代客戶持有現金

現金及等同現金之分析如下:

			Group 本集團		npany 公司
		2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and bank balances Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of less than three months	現金及銀行存款 存放時到期日 少於三個月之 無抵押定期存款	617,103	600,345	2,600	2,124
when acquired		56,764	30,623		
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金	673,867	630,968	2,600	2,124

## 27. Cash and cash equivalents/Cash held on behalf of clients (continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group's subsidiaries operating in Mainland China denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to RMB189,262,000 (approximately HK\$235,423,000) (2011: RMB215,486,000 (approximately HK\$265,888,000)). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorized to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one month and three months, and earn interest at the respective time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

The Group maintains segregated trust accounts with licensed banks to hold securities and futures clients' monies arising from its normal course of business. The Group has classified the clients' monies as "Cash held on behalf of clients" under the current assets section of the consolidated statement of financial position and recognized the corresponding accounts payable to the respective clients on the grounds that the Group is liable for any loss or misappropriation of the clients' monies. The Group is not allowed to use the clients' monies to settle its own obligations.

# 28. Accounts payable/Payables arising from securities and futures broking

### Accounts payable 應付賬款 Payables arising from securities and 在日常業務中證券及期貨經紀 futures broking conducted in the 產生之應付賬款: ordinary course of business: Cash clients 現金客戶 Margin clients **召展客户** Clearing houses 結算所 Payables arising from securities and 證券及期貨經紀產生之 futures broking 應付賬款 Total accounts payable and 應付賬款及證券及期貨經紀 payables arising from securities and 產生之應付賬款總額 futures broking

## 27. 現金及等同現金/代客戶持有現金(續)

於報告期末,本集團在中國內地營運之附屬公司以人民幣為單位之現金及銀行存款為189,262,000元人民幣(約235,423,000港元)(二零一一年:215,486,000元人民幣(約265,888,000港元))。人民幣不能自由兑換為其他貨幣,然而,根據中國內地之外匯管制條例及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定,本集團獲准透過獲授權進行外匯業務之銀行將人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

銀行現金根據每日銀行存款利率按浮動利率賺取利息。短期定期存款之存款期介乎一個月至三個月之間,並按定期存款利率 賺取利息。銀行存款存於信譽良好而近期並無不履約紀錄之銀行。

本集團於持牌銀行開設獨立信託賬戶,以 存放證券及期貨客戶於日常業務產生之款 項。本集團已將此等客戶款項分類為綜合 財務狀況表內流動資產項下之「代客戶持 有現金」,並根據本集團負上客戶款項之 任何損失或挪用之責任而確認為應付予相 關客戶賬款。本集團不准使用客戶款項償 環其本身之債務。

Group

# **28.** 應付賬款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 應付賬款

本集團				
2012 HK\$′000 千港元	· 不 回	2011 HK\$′000 千港元		
176,868	-	72,039		
352,189 29,618 2,059 383,866	-	252,391 38,050 6,058 296,499		
560,734		368,538		

#### 28. Accounts payable/Payables arising from securities and futures broking (continued)

An ageing analysis of the accounts payable and payables arising from securities and futures broking as at the end of the reporting period, based on the due date, is as follows:

		2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
W// 20 I	22 5 3	千港元	千港元
Within 30 days	30日內		
(including amounts not yet due)	(包括未到期金額)	177,415	77,344
31 to 60 days	31至60日	291	53
Over 60 days	超過60日	1,221	700
		178,927	78,097
Cash clients accounts payable <sup>#</sup>	應付現金客戶賬款#	352,189	252,391
Margin clients accounts payable*	應付孖展客戶賬款*	29,618	38,050
		560,734	368,538

- Included in the cash clients accounts payable arising from dealing in securities conducted in the ordinary course of business is an amount of approximately HK\$309,881,000 (2011: HK\$237,565,000) representing those clients' undrawn monies/excess deposits placed with the Group. As at 31 December 2012, the cash clients accounts payable included an amount of HK\$5,585,000 (2011: HK\$5,143,000) in respect of securities transactions undertaken for the accounts of certain Directors. The cash clients accounts payable are repayable on demand and bear interest at commercial rates. No ageing analysis is disclosed as, in the opinion of the Directors, an ageing analysis is not meaningful in view of the nature of the business of dealing in securities.
- The margin clients accounts payable are repayable on demand and bear interest at commercial rates. No ageing analysis is disclosed as, in the opinion of the Directors, an ageing analysis is not relevant in view of the nature of the business of securities margin financing.

#### 28. 應付賬款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 應付賬款(續)

於報告期末,應付賬款及證券及期貨經紀 產生之應付賬款根據到期日之賬齡分析如 下:

> Group 本集團

> > 2011

	29,618	38,050
	560,734	368,538
應(客付應戶(二)	財金客戶賬款內約 零一一年:237,56 存於本集團之未 ₹金。於二零一二年 財銀金客戶賬款包 進行證券交易之款 零一一年:5,143,0	行證券買賣產生之 309,881,000港元)為該第 5,000港元)為該鄉 是取款項/額外納 十二月三十一日 基括子干董事元 现00港元)00港元 100港元)00港元 100港元 100港元 100港元 100港元 100港元 100港元 100港元 100港元 100港元

應付孖展客戶賬款須於要求時償還及按商 業條款計息。鑑於證券孖展借貸業務性 質,董事認為賬齡分析作用不大,故無披 露賬齡分析。

計息。鑑於證券買賣業務性質,董事認為 賬齡分析意義不大,故無披露賬齡分析。

# 29. Other payables and accruals

Accruals 應計項目 Other payables 其他應付賬款 Customer gold deposits 客戶存金

The Group provides gold deposits services to its customers. Under this arrangement, customers deposit physical gold with the Group and can withdraw the same units of gold together with a fixed amount of fee on maturity date. The customer gold deposits arrangement is estimated based on the fair value of gold deposits outstanding as at the end of the reporting period. The basis of estimation is reviewed on an ongoing basis and revised where appropriate. As at 31 December 2012, gold deposits from customers also included approximately 4,800 (2011: 4,800) taels of gold from certain management personnel of the Group.

## 30. Derivative financial instruments

Assets資產Bullion contracts貴金屬合約Liabilities負債Interest rate swaps利率掉期

The bullion contracts and interest rate swaps are stated at their fair values. The above transactions involving derivative financial instruments are conducted with financial institutions or bullion trading companies with obligations rated grade "A" or above.

The aggregate contractual amount of the bullion contracts was HK\$414,509,000 (2011: HK\$272,735,000) and the aggregate notional amount of the interest rate swaps was HK\$8,000,000 (2011: HK\$68,000,000).

The purpose of the above contracts and swaps entered into by the Group is to manage the Group's bullion price and interest rate exposures. Such contracts and swaps did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting.

## 29. 其他應付賬款及應計項目

Group 本集團	
2012	2011
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
97,869	81,542
328,357	329,819
85,955	81,499
512,181	492,860

本集團向其客戶提供存金服務。根據此安排,客戶向本集團存入實金,於到期日可提取相同單位之黃金連定額費用。客戶存金安排乃按於報告期末之尚餘存金公平價值作出估計。估計基準會持續檢討,並在適當時作出修訂。於二零一二年十二月三十一日,客戶存金亦包括本集團若干管理人員之存金約4,800兩(二零一一年:4,800兩)。

#### 30. 衍生金融工具

<b>半年団</b>				
2012	2011			
HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
千港元	千港元			
2,303	10,596			
8	311			

Group

貴金屬合約及利率掉期按其公平價值列 賬。上述涉及衍生金融工具之交易乃與信 貸評級獲評定為「A」級或以上之金融機構 或貴金屬貿易公司進行。

貴金屬合約之合約數額總值為414,509,000 港元(二零一一年:272,735,000港元)及利 率掉期之名義數額總值為8,000,000港元 (二零一一年:68,000,000港元)。

本集團訂立上述合約旨在管理本集團之貴 金屬價格及利率風險。該等合約及掉期並 不符合對沖會計處理之條件。

#### 31. Interest-bearing bank borrowings/Interest-bearing bank borrowings arising from securities and futures broking

# 31. 計息銀行貸款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 計息銀行貸款

Group 本集團

			2012			2011	
	i	Contractual interest rate 合約利率 %	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 千港元	Contractual interest rate 合約利率 %	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 千港元
Current	本期						
Portion of term loans from banks due for repayment within one year – unsecured – secured	來自銀行須於一年內 到期償還之部分定 期貸款 - 無抵押 - 有抵押	1.5 – 2.7 1.5 – 1.8	2013 2013	70,656 170,000	1.5 – 7.6 1.5 – 1.8	2012 2012	870,569 127,200
				240,656			997,769
Current portion of bank loans due for repayment within one year – unsecured	須於一年內到期償還 之銀行貸款之本期 部分 - 無抵押	1.7 – 2.7	2013	503,658	1.5 – 2.3	2012	225,918
Portion of term loans from banks due for repayment after one year which contain a repayment on demand clause*	來自銀行須於一年後 到期償還且包含按 要求償還條款之部 分定期貸款*						
<ul><li>unsecured</li><li>secured</li></ul>	- 無抵押 - 有抵押	1.8	- 2014	50,000	1.5 – 1.8 1.8	2013 2013-2014	5,745 100,000
				50,000			105,745
				794,314			1,329,432
Non-current	非本期						
Non-current portion of bank loans due for repayment within a period of:	須於以下期間內到期 償還之銀行貸款之 非本期部分:						
More than one year	一年以上						
but less than two years – unsecured More than two years but less than five	但少於兩年 - 無抵押 兩年以上	1.7 – 2.7	2014	442,954	1.5 – 2.3	2013	236,959
years – unsecured	但少於五年 - 無抵押	2.4 – 2.7	2015	163,344	1.5 – 2.3	2014	156,266
				606,298			393,225
				1,400,612			1,722,657

For the purpose of the above analysis, the loans are classified as current interestbearing bank borrowings and analyzed into bank loans repayable within one year or on demand.

為進行上述分析,有關貸款已分類為流動 計息銀行貸款並獲分析為須於一年內或按 要求償還之應償還銀行貸款。

#### Interest-bearing bank borrowings/Interest-bearing bank borrowings 31. arising from securities and futures broking (continued)

Ignoring the effect of any repayment on demand clause and based on the maturity terms of the loans, the interest-bearing bank borrowings are repayable:

Within one year or on demand In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive 一年內或按要求 第二年內 第三年至第五年內 (包括首尾兩年)

The interest-bearing bank borrowings, including the term loans repayable on demand, are carried at amortized cost. None of the portion of term loans due for repayment after one year which contain a repayment on demand clause and that are classified as current liabilities is expected to be settled within one year.

As at 31 December 2012, the Group's banking facilities amounted to HK\$3,844,401,000 (2011: HK\$3,146,084,000), of which HK\$1,400,612,000(2011: HK\$1,722,657,000) had been utilized at the end of the reporting period. Certain of the banking facilities amounting to HK\$830,500,000 (2011: HK\$807,700,000) are secured by certain assets of the Group as disclosed in notes 15, 16 and 22 to the financial statements.

All of the banking facilities, including bullion loans (note 32), are subject to the fulfillment of covenants relating to certain of the Group's financial ratios, as are commonly found in lending arrangements with financial institutions. If the Group was to breach the covenants, the drawn down facilities would become repayable on demand. In addition, certain of the Group's term loan agreements contain clauses which give the lender the right at its sole discretion to demand immediate repayment at any time, irrespective of whether the Group has complied with the covenants and met the scheduled repayment obligations.

The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants, up to date with the scheduled repayments of the term loans and does not consider it is probable that the bank will exercise its discretion to demand repayment so long as the Group continues to meet these requirements. Further details of the Group's management of liquidity risk are set out in note 44(a). As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, none of the covenants relating to drawn down facilities had been breached.

The carrying amounts of the bank loans at the end of the reporting period are denominated in the following currencies:

Hong Kong dollar Renminbi United States dollar New Taiwan dollar

人民幣 美元 新台幣

#### 計息銀行貸款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 計息銀行貸款(續)

撇除任何按要求償還條款之影響並基於貸 款之到期期限,計息銀行貸款應償還如

2012	2011
HK\$′000	HK\$′000
千港元	千港元
744,314	1,223,687
492,954	292,704
163,344	206,266
1,400,612	1,722,657

計息銀行貸款(包括按要求償還之定期貸款)乃按攤銷成本列賬。預計概無於一年後到期償還且包含按要求償還條款及分類 為流動負債之部分定期貸款將於一年內清價。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集 團之銀行信貸額為3,844,401,000港元 (二零一一年:3,146,084,000港元), 其中1,400,612,000港元(二零一一年: 1,722,657,000港元)於報告期末已動 用。若干銀行信貸額830,500,000港元 (二零一一年:807,700,000港元)以本集 團於財務報告附註15、16及22披露之若 王浴客作为抵押。 干資產作為抵押。

所有銀行信貸(包括貴金屬借貸(附註 32))須本集團符合若干財務比率,這常 見於與金融機構訂立之借貸安排。倘本 團建反協議,所提取信貸將須按要求議 還。此外,本集團之若干定期貸款協議包 含給予放款人權利可酌情隨時要求立即 還之條款,不論本集團是否已遵守協議及 履行預定還款責任。

本集團在定期貸款之預定還款日期前定期 監察其遵守該等協議之情況,並且認為只 要本集團繼續遵守該等規定,銀行將不會 安什来區灣優先 行使其酌情權要求償還貸款。有關本集 管理流動資金風險之進一步詳情載於附註 44(a)。於二零一二年及二零一一年十二月 

銀行貸款於報告期末之賬面值以下列貨幣 為單位:

Group 本集團	
2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元
848,980	1,288,899 396,082
516,720 34,912	37,676
1,400,612	1,722,657

32. 貴金屬借貸

#### 32. Bullion loans

Bullion loans

– unsecured

- secured

## Group 本集團 2012 2011 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 378,626 362.845 122,404 22,522 501,030 385,367 2.135.677 1,625,236

Bullion trading facilities 貴金屬交易信貸

**1.3%-3.7%** 1.4%-1.5% **1-3 months** 月 1-3 months 月

> 該款項指銀行借貸,而應付款項與貴金屬 價格掛鈎。

The amounts represented borrowings from banks and the amounts payable are pegged with bullion prices.

貴金屬借貸

- 無抵押

- 有抵押

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,誠如附註15及16所披露,為數200,000,000港元(二零一一年:150,000,000港元)之若干貴金屬借貸融資以本集團若干資產作為抵押。若干貴金屬借貸融資須符合本集團銀行信貸之協議,詳情於財務報告附註31披露。

As at 31 December 2012, certain of the bullion loan facilities amounting to HK\$200,000,000 (2011: HK\$150,000,000) are secured by certain assets of the Group as disclosed in notes 15 and 16 to the financial statements. Certain of the bullion loan facilities are subject to fulfillment of covenants under the Group's banking facilities. Details of which are disclosed in note 31 to the financial statements.

借入貴金屬借貸目的為減低貴金屬價格波動對貴金屬存貨之影響。然而,未能完全符合對沖會計處理之條件。鑑於貴金屬借貸乃根據既定風險管理及投資策略按公平價值基準管理及評估表現,故獲指定為按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務負債,而有關該等貴金屬借貸之資料乃按相關基準向本集團之主要管理人員提供。

Bullion loans were borrowed to reduce the impact of fluctuation of bullion prices on bullion inventories. However, the criteria for hedge accounting were not fully met. Bullion loans were designated as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss as they are managed and their performance are evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management and investment strategy, and information about the bullion loans is provided on that basis to the Group's key management personnel.

貴金屬借貸於報告期末之賬面值以下列貨 幣為單位:

The carrying amounts of the bullion loans at the end of the reporting period are denominated in the following currencies:

Group							
本集團							
2012	2011						
HK\$'000	HK\$'000						
千港元	千港元						
152,920	-						
348,110	385,367						
501,030	385,367						

Renminbi 人民幣 United States dollar 美元

#### 33. Deferred tax

# 33. 遞延税項

The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows:

年內遞延税項負債及資產變動如下:

Group 本集團

Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債  Depreciation allowance in excess of related depreciation and revaluation of properties 折舊免税額 超過有關折舊 及物業重估 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)		Withholding taxes	Others	Total
			預提税 HK\$′000 千港元	其他 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
At 1 January 2011	於二零一一年一月一日	47,209	68,222	128	115,559
Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the income statement during the year (note 11)	年內於損益賬扣除/ (計入)之遞延税項 (附註11)	(2,476)	16,850	830	15,204
Deferred tax credited to the leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve during the year	年內於租賃土地及 樓宇重估儲備計入之 遞延税項	(1,003)	-	-	(1,003)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整			(13)	(13)
At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日及 二零一二年一月一日	43,730	85,072	945	129,747
Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the income statement during the year (note 11)	年內於損益賬扣除/ (計入)之遞延税項 (附註11)	(1,130)	10,334	(268)	8,936
Deferred tax credited to the leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve during the year	年內於租賃土地及 樓宇重估儲備計入之 遞延税項	(625)	-	-	(625)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整			16	16
Gross deferred tax liabilities recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2012	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日 於綜合財務 狀況表確認之 遞延税項負債總額	41,975	95,406	693	138,074

# 33. Deferred tax (continued)

## Group 本集團

## 33. 遞延税項(續)

Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	Decelerated tax depreciation	Others	Total
		減速税項折舊 HK\$′000 千港元	其他 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2011	於二零一一年一月一日	7,829	6,324	14,153
Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the income statement during the year (note 11)	年內於損益賬計入/ (扣除)之遞延税項 (附註11)	(979)	2,470	1,491
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	62	404	466
At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日及 二零一二年一月一日	6,912	9,198	16,110
Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the income statement during the year (note 11)	年內於損益賬計入/ (扣除)之遞延税項 (附註11)	(1,360)	1,197	(163)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(2)	111	109
Gross deferred tax assets recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2012	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日 於綜合財務 狀況表確認之 遞延税項資產總額	5,550	10,506	16,056
31 December 2012	/A C / A A IE NO IK	5,550	10,500	10,030

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong and elsewhere (including Mainland China, Taiwan and Macau) of HK\$1,224,000 (2011: HK\$93,000) and HK\$14,196,000 (2011: HK\$15,174,000), respectively. The tax losses arising in Hong Kong are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the tax losses arose, whilst those arising in Mainland China, Taiwan and Macau are available for a maximum period of five years, ten years and three years, respectively. Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is uncertain whether sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the tax losses can be utilized.

本集團於香港及其他地區(包括中國內地、台灣及澳門)產生之稅項虧損分別為1,224,000港元(二零一一年:93,000港元)及14,196,000港元(二零一一年:15,174,000港元)。於香港產生之稅項虧損可無限期用作抵銷該等產生稅項虧損之未來應課稅溢利,而於中國內地、開入與門產生之稅項虧損之最長可用期限分別為五年、十年及三年。由於此至並稅分別為五年、十年及三年。由於此至華稅分別為五年、十年及三年。由於此至並未稅分別為五年、十年及三年。由於此至並未稅分別為五年、十年及三年。由於此至華稅分別為五年、十年及三年。由於此至華稅分別為五年、十年及三年。由於此至華稅分別為五年、十年及三年。由於此至華稅分別為五年、十年及三年。由於此至華稅項虧損,故並無稅,以及並未稅項虧損,故並無稅此等虧損確認遞延稅項資產。

### 33. Deferred tax (continued)

#### Deferred tax assets (continued)

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in the People's Republic of China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group's subsidiaries established in the People's Republic of China, the applicable rate is 5% or 10%. The Group is therefore liable to withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in the People's Republic of China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

### 34. Share capital

Authorized: 法定:

HK\$0.25 each 0.25港元之普通股

Issued and fully paid: 已發行及繳足:

676,920,000 ordinary shares of 676,920,000 股每股面值 HK\$0.25 each 0.25港元之普通股

### 35. Share option scheme

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives or rewards to eligible participants for their contribution to the Group and enabling the Group to recruit and retain valuable employees.

Pursuant to the Scheme, the Board of Directors of the Company may, at its discretion, invite any employees, Executive or Non-executive Directors (including Independent Non-executive Directors), advisers, consultants, shareholders of any member of the Group or such other persons from time to time to be an eligible person to whom share options will be granted as an incentive to attract and retain them for their contributions to the business development of the Group. The Scheme was approved and adopted by the shareholders of the Company on 7 December 2010 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the maximum number of shares available for issue was 67,692,000, representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company.

### 33. 遞延税項(續)

#### 遞延税項資產(續)

本公司向其股東派發之股息並無涉及所得 税。

#### 34. 股本

2012	2011
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
250,000	250,000

169.230

#### 35. 購股權計劃

本公司設有一項購股權計劃(「計劃」),為了向合資格參與者對本集團作出之貢獻給予獎勵或獎賞,以及令本集團能招攬並挽留對本集團具有價值之僱員。

169,230

根據該計劃之規定,本公司董事會可不時 酌情邀請任何僱員、執行董事或非執行董 事(包括獨立非執行董事)、顧問、諮詢 人、本集團任何成員公司之股東或該時期 他人士為合資格人士,其將可獲獲作出 權,作為因彼等對本集團業務發展作出貢 獻而吸引並挽留彼等之獎勵。該計劃於 二零一零年十二月七日獲本公司股東批准 及採納,除非該計劃被另行取消或修 否則將自該日期起計十年內有效。

於本財務報告獲批核當日,可供發行之股份數目上限為67,692,000股,相等於本公司已發行股本之10%。

### 35. Share option scheme (continued)

The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options granted under the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company to each participant in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time during a period commencing on such date on or after the date on which the option is granted as the Directors may determine in granting the option and expiring at the close of business on such date as the Directors may determine in granting the option but in any event shall not exceed 10 years from the date of grant (which is the date of offer of grant if the offer for the grant of the option is accepted.)

An offer for the grant of options must be accepted within 30 days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made. The amount payable on acceptance of the offer for the grant of an option is HK\$1.00.

The exercise price of share options is determinable by the Directors provided always that it shall be at least the higher of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of offer; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 trading days immediately preceding the date of offer; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company.

Since the adoption of the Scheme, no share options have been offered and/or granted.

### 36. Reserves

### (a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 38 and 39 of the financial statements.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations for wholly-foreign-invested enterprises and Sino-foreign equity joint ventures, a portion of the profits of the Group's subsidiaries which are established in the People's Republic of China has been transferred to reserve funds which are restricted as to use.

The amount of goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries in prior years, which remains eliminated against the consolidated retained profits, was HK\$4,832,000 as at 31 December 2012 (2011: HK\$4,832,000).

#### 35. 購股權計劃(續)

每名參與者在任何十二個月內(直至授出 購股權當日止),根據該計劃及本公司任 何其他購股權計劃獲授之購股權予以行使 時,所發行及將發行之股份上限不得超過 本公司已發行股本之1%。

購股權可根據該計劃條款之規定,於董事 授出購股權時,決定授出之購股權當日或 其後日子開始行使,直至董事授出購股權 時已決定之日期營業時間結束時屆滿;惟 於任何情況下,由授出購股權當日(即提 出授出購股權要約當日,而該購股權要約 獲接受)起計不可超過十年。

購股權獲授人接受授出購股權之要約,必須於提出要約之日起三十日內(包括提出要約當日)接受有關之要約。於接受授出購股權之要約時,須繳付1.00港元。

購股權之行使價乃由董事釐定,惟購股權 須以下列最高者釐定(i)本公司股份於要 約日期在聯交所每日報價表所列之收市 價:(ii)本公司股份於緊接要約日期前5個 交易日在聯交所每日報價表所列之平均收 市價:及(iii)本公司每股股份之面值。

自採納該計劃後,本公司並無提呈及/或 授出購股權。

### 36. 儲備

### (a) 本集團

本集團之儲備額及年內及上年度之 變動列載於財務報告第38及39頁 之綜合權益變動表內。

根據適用於全外商投資企業及中外 合資合營公司之相關法律及法規, 本集團於中華人民共和國成立之附 屬公司之部分溢利已轉撥往用途受 限制之儲備金。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,以往年度因收購附屬公司產生之商譽並仍於綜合保留溢利撤銷之數值為4,832,000港元(二零一一年:4,832,000港元)。

# 36. Reserves (continued)

### (b) Company

## 36. 儲備(續)

### (b) 本公司

		Note 附註	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2011 Profit and total comprehensive	於二零一一年一月一日 年內溢利及全面收益總額		1,051,502	975,582	617,711	2,644,795
income for the year Dividends declared and	<b>年內宁派及鄉村</b> 駅自		-	-	305,833	305,833
paid during the year	年內宣派及繳付股息	13			(311,383)	(311,383)
At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日及					
Doe fit and total assessment as a live	二零一二年一月一日		1,051,502	975,582	612,161	2,639,245
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利及全面收益總額		-	-	533,135	533,135
Dividends declared and paid during the year	年內宣派及繳付股息	13			(399,383)	(399,383)
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日		1,051,502	975,582	745,913	2,772,997
	1 —/1 — I H		1,031,302	3,3,302	7 43,515	2,7,2,557

The Company's contributed surplus arose in 1992 as a result of the Group's reorganization and represents the difference between the nominal value of the Company's shares allocated under the reorganization scheme and the then consolidated net asset value of the acquired subsidiaries.

Under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, the contributed surplus is distributable to shareholders under certain circumstances.

本公司於一九九二年產生之繳入盈餘來自本集團重組,乃根據重組計劃配發之本公司股份面值與被收購附屬公司當時之綜合資產淨值之差額計算。

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法,在 若干情況下,繳入盈餘可分派予股 東。

#### 37. Maturity profile of assets and liabilities

A maturity profile of certain assets and liabilities of the Group analyzed by the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date, as disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, is as follows:

## 37. 資產及負債之到期情況

根據上市規則規定需披露本集團若干資產 及負債按於報告期末至合約到期日之尚餘 期間之到期情況分析如下:

		No fixed terms of repayment/ Repayable on demand 無固定 慣選期/ 須按價還 HK\$'000	3 months or less 三個月 或以下 HK\$'000	1 year or less but over 3 months 三個月 以上至 一年 HK\$'000	5 years or less but over 1 year 一年 以上至 五年 HK\$'000	Undated 無期限 HK\$'000	Total 合計 HK\$'000
As at 31 December 2012	於二零一二年	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
7.0.00	十二月三十一日						
Assets Accounts receivable	<b>資產</b> 應收賬款	67,926	639,912				707,838
Receivables arising from	證券及期貨經紀產生之	07,320	059,912	_	-	_	707,030
securities and futures broking	應收賬款	145,062	36,613	-	-	-	181,675
Cash held on behalf of clients	代客戶持有現金 現金及等同現金	120,885	200,000	30,000	-	-	350,885
Cash and cash equivalents	况並及寺門児並	617,103	56,764				673,867
		950,976	933,289	30,000			1,914,265
Liabilities*	負債*						
Accounts payable Payables arising from securities	應付賬款 證券及期貨經紀產生之	64,514	112,354	-	-	-	176,868
and futures broking Financial liabilities included in	應付賬款 包含在其他應付賬款及	339,498	44,368	-	-	-	383,866
other payables and accruals	應計項目之財務負債	77,542	151,149	-	-	-	228,691
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	-	-	-	-	8	8
Term loans subject to a repayment on demand clause	按要求償還條款之 定期貸款	290,656	_	_	_	_	290,656
Other interest-bearing bank	其他計息銀行貸款						
borrowings	<b></b>	-	117,387	408,314	617,794	-	1,143,495
Bullion loans	貴金屬借貸		501,030				501,030
		772,210	926,288	408,314	617,794	8	2,724,614

Based on contractual undiscounted payments

按已訂約但未折現款項計算

37.	Maturity profile of assets	and liabilities (con	tinued)		37.	資產及負債之到	期情況(續)	
			No fixed terms of repayment/ Repayable on demand	3 months or less	1 year or less but over 3 months	5 years or less but over 1 year	Undated	Total
			無固定 償還期/ 須按要求 償還 HK\$'000 千港元	三個月 或以下 HK\$'000 千港元	三個月 以上至 一年 HK\$'000 千港元	一年 以上至 五年 HK\$'000 千港元	無期限 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元
	As at 31 December 2011	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日						
	Assets Accounts receivable Receivables arising from	資產 應收賬款 證券及期貨經紀產生之	26,125	572,702	-	-	-	598,827
	securities and futures broking Cash held on behalf of clients Cash and cash equivalents		125,960 60,356 600,345	13,720 240,000 30,623	- - -	- - -	- - -	139,680 300,356 630,968
	cush and cush equivalents	<u> </u>	812,786	857,045	_			1,669,831
	Liabilities* Accounts payable	<b>負債*</b> 應付賬款	8,352	63,687				72,039
	Payables arising from securities and futures broking Financial liabilities included in	證券及期貨經紀產生之 應付賬款 包含在其他應付賬款及	275,616	20,883	-	-	-	296,499
	other payables and accruals Derivative financial instruments Term loans subject to a	應計項目之財務負債 衍生金融工具 按要求償還條款之	75,346 -	117,725 -	-	-	- 311	193,071 311
	repayment on demand clause Other interest-bearing bank	定期貸款 其他計息銀行貸款	1,103,514	-	-	-	-	1,103,514
	borrowings Bullion loans	貴金屬借貸		51,915 385,367	184,509 	400,535		636,959 385,367
			1,462,828	639,577	184,509	400,535	311	2,687,760

Based on contractual undiscounted payments

按已訂約但未折現款項計算

### 38. Contingent liabilities

At the end of the reporting period, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

#### 38. 或然負債

於報告期末,並無於財務報告中撥備之或 然負債如下:

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$′000 千港元
Guarantees for banking and other facilities of certain subsidiaries	為若干附屬公司之銀行 及其他信貸擔保			1,927,638	2,108,036

(a) The Company has executed guarantees to banks for bullion trading facilities granted to certain subsidiaries. The utilized amounts of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees which also represented the financial exposure of the Company at the end of the reporting period were US\$45 million (approximately HK\$348 million) (2011: US\$50 million (approximately HK\$385 million)) and RMB144 million (approximately HK\$179 million) (2011: Nil). The total amounts of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees at the end of the reporting period were US\$173 million (approximately HK\$1,338 million) (2011: US\$163 million (approximately HK\$1,263 million)), RMB416 million (approximately HK\$1,263 million) (2011: RMB169 million (approximately HK\$209 million)) and HK\$280 million (2011: HK\$153 million).

- (b) The Company has executed guarantees to banks for banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries. The utilized amount of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees which also represented the financial exposure of the Company at the end of the reporting period was HK\$1,401 million (2011: HK\$1,723 million). The total amount of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees at the end of the reporting period was HK\$3,594 million (2011: HK\$2,896 million).
- 本公司已就若干附屬公司獲授 (a) 之貴金屬交易信貸額向銀行簽 立擔保。本公司擔保所涵蓋之 該等信貸之已動用金額,亦 即本公司於報告期末之財務 風險, 為45,000,000美元(約 348,000,000港元)(二零一一年: 50,000,000美元(約385,000,000 港元))及144,000,000元人民幣 (約179,000,000港元)(二零一一年: 零)。於報告期末,本公司擔保 所涵蓋之該等信貸總金額為 173,000,000美元(約1,338,000,000 港元)(二零一一年:163,000,000 美元(約1,263,000,000港元))、 416,000,000元人民幣(約517,000,000 港元)(二零一一年:169,000,000 元人民幣(約209,000,000港元)) 及280,000,000港元(二零一一年: 153,000,000港元)。
- (b) 本公司已就若干附屬公司獲授之銀行信貸額向銀行簽立擔保。本公司擔保所涵蓋之該等信貸之已動用金額,亦即本公司於報告期末之財務風險,為1,401,000,000港元(二零一一年:1,723,000,000港元)。於報告期末,本公司擔保所涵蓋之該等信貸總金額為3,594,000,000港元(二零一一年:2,896,000,000港元)。

### 39. Operating lease arrangements

#### (a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 16) under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to three years. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rent adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions.

As at 31 December 2012, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

Within one year ——年內 In the second to fifth years, 二至五年,首尾兩年 inclusive 包括在內

### (b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties and retail shops under operating lease arrangements. Leases for these properties and shops are negotiated for terms ranging from one to ten years.

As at 31 December 2012, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

In addition to the minimum future rental payments disclosed above, the Group has commitments to pay contingent rents based on a proportion of turnover for certain leased rental shops. Contingent rents are not included in the above commitments as it is not possible to estimate the amounts which may be payable.

### 39. 經營租約安排

### (a) 出租人

本集團以經營租約安排租出其投資物業(附註16),經磋商訂定租期為一至三年。租約條款一般要求租客支付保證按金及根據普遍市場環境作定期租金調整。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本 集團就與租客訂定不可撤銷之經營 租約,按到期日,未來最低租賃應 收賬款總額如下:

2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元
6,412	7,289
2,370	3,308
8,782	10,597

### (b) 承租人

本集團以經營租約安排承租若干辦公室物業及零售店舖。此等物業及店舗租期經磋商訂定為期一至十年。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本 集團就不可撤銷之經營租約,按到 期日,未來最低租賃應付賬款總額 如下:

2012	2011
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
564,059	473,247
670,748	673,310
10,148	35,279
1,244,955	1,181,836

除上文披露之最低未來租賃付款 外,本集團有若干按租用店舖營 業額百分比支付或然租金之租賃承 擔。由於不可能預計可能支付的金 額,或然租金並不計入以上承擔。

#### 40. Commitments

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 39(b) above, the Group had the following capital commitments in respect of property, plant and equipment at the end of the reporting period:

Contracted, but not provided for 已簽訂,但未撥備 Authorized, but not contracted for 已批核,但未簽訂

#### 40. 承擔

除上述附註39(b)詳載之經營租約承擔外,本集團於報告期末有以下有關物業、機器及設備之資本承擔:

2012	2011
HK\$′000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
49,285	61,591
5,209	8,582
54,494	70,173

### 41. Connected and related party transactions

In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with connected and/or related parties during the year:

#### (a) Transactions with connected and/or related parties

- (i) On 30 December 2011, certain subsidiaries of the Company renewed the purchase agreement with Shanghai Jinghua Diamond & Jewellery Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Jinghua") for purchasing polished diamonds from Shanghai Jinghua for the year ended 31 December 2012. Shanghai Jinghua is a subsidiary of Qingdao Jinghua Diamond Holdings Co., Ltd. ("Jinghua Diamond Holdings"), a 30% shareholder of a 70%-owned subsidiary of the Company. The purchase consideration was determined based on the category, quantity and the prevailing market price of the polished diamonds. The total purchases from Shanghai Jinghua for the year ended 31 December 2012 amounted to HK\$9,672,000 (2011: HK\$20,100,000).
- (ii) On 29 March 2011, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company renewed the tenancy agreement with the respective spouse of Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling and Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim and the administrator of a late Director of the Company for the lease of a retail shop for two years ending 31 March 2013 with a monthly rental of HK\$200,000. The lease rentals were determined with reference to open market rentals. The total rental paid by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 amounted to HK\$2,400,000 (2011: HK\$2,289,000).

#### 41. 關連人士交易

除已於本財務報告其他部分詳載之交易及 結餘外,本集團於年內與關連人士進行以 下重大交易:

### (a) 與關連人士進行之交易

- (ii) 於二零一一年三月二十九日,本公司一家全資附屬公司與周君令先生及周君廉博士各自之配偶及本公司一名已故董事之遺產執行人日止兩年內租予本集團零售店舗續和約,每月租金為200,000港元。租金乃參考公開市值租金釐二十一日止年度繳付租金總額為2,400,000港元(二零一一年:2,289,000港元)。

### 41. Connected and related party transactions (continued)

### (a) Transactions with connected and/or related parties (continued)

- (iii) A wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company renewed leases with related companies, in which certain Directors and a director's spouse have interests respectively, for the lease of the Company's Directors' quarters with an aggregate monthly rental of HK\$80,000 for the year ended 31 December 2012. The lease rentals were determined with reference to open market rentals. The total rentals paid by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 amounted to HK\$960,000 (2011: HK\$960,000).
- (iv) On 1 January 2012, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a consultancy service agreement with a related company, in which a Director's family members have interests, for the provision of the image consultancy services to the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012. The total consultancy fee paid and payable by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 amounted to HK\$1,416,000 (2011: Nil).

All of the above related party transactions also constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The above transactions are exempted from the reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements pursuant to Rule 14A.33 of the Listing Rules.

Payable to a related party:

Shanghai Jinghua

上海京華

The payable to a related party is unsecured, interest-free and payable within one month after billings.

#### 41. 關連人士交易(續)

### (a) 與關連人士進行之交易(續)

- (iii) 本公司一家全資附屬公司與若干董事及一名董事之配偶分別持有權益之關連公司就於截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度內租予本公司董事宿舍續訂租約,每月租金總額為80,000港元。租金乃參者公開市值租金釐定。本集團於截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度繳付租金總額為960,000港元(二零一一年:960,000港元)。
- (iv) 於二零一二年一月一日,本公司一家全資附屬公司與一名董事之家族成員持有權益之關連公司訂立一份顧問服務協議,以於截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度內向本集團提供形象顧問服務。本集團於截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度已付及應付之顧問費用總額為1,416,000港元(二零一一年:零)。

上述所有關連人士交易亦構成上市規則 第十四A章所界定之持續關連交易。上述 交易根據上市規則第14A.33條獲豁免 申報、年度審核、公告及獨立股東批准之 規定。

應付關連人士賬款:

Group 本集團 2012 2011 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元

應付關連人士賬款乃無抵押、免息及須於 發單後一個月內付款。

### 41. Connected and related party transactions (continued)

### (b) Remuneration of key management personnel of the Group

The aggregate amount of remuneration paid and payable to key management personnel during the year, including the amounts paid and payable to the Company's Executive Directors, is as follows:

Fees	袍金
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼
Discretionary bonuses paid and payable	已付及應付酌情花紅
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款

Further details of Directors' remuneration are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

### 42. Financial instruments by category

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

### Group 本集團

**2012** 二零一二年 Financial assets 財務資產

Other assets Available-for-sale investments Accounts receivable Receivables arising from securities and futures broking Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables Investments at fair value through profit or loss Derivative financial instruments Cash held on behalf of clients Cash and cash equivalents	其可應證 包 按 衍代現他供收券應含及財公投生客金資出賬及收在其務平資金戶及投生客金人數公投生客金人數一次 經濟學 經濟學 經 有同 東現現 東京 東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東東

### 41. 關連人士交易(續)

### (b) 本集團主要管理人員酬金

年內,已付及應付主要管理人員之 酬金總額,包括已付及應付本公司 執行董事之金額,載列如下:

Grou <sub>l</sub> 本集團	
2012	2011
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
1,160	1,160
24,512	19,800
8,568	10,912
962	830
35,202	32,702

董事酬金進一步詳情載於財務報告 附註8。

### 42. 按類別分類之金融工具

於報告期末,各類別之金融工具賬面值如下:

	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading 按公平虧資 訂定盈虧資 - 持作買 HK\$'000 千港元	Loans and receivables 貸款及 應收賬款 HK\$'000 千港元	Available- for-sale financial assets 可供出售 財務資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>&gt;欠</b>	-	167,300	-	167,300
資	_	707,838	671,327	671,327 707,838
經紀產生之	_	707,636	_	707,636
	_	181,675	_	181,675
款項、按金 收賬款之		•		
訂定盈虧之	-	39,955	-	39,955
	12,128	_	-	12,128
具	2,303	_	-	2,303
現金	-	350,885	-	350,885
現金		673,867		673,867
	14,431	2,121,520	671,327	2,807,278

42. Financial instruments by category (continued)

42. 按類別分類之金融工具(續)

Group 本集團

2012 二零一二年

Financial liabilities 財務負債

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務負債

		Designated as such upon initial recognition 於初次確認時指定為此類別 HK\$'000	Held for trading 持作買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	Financial liabilities at amortized cost 按攤銷成本入 賬之財務負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Accounts payable	應付賬款	_	_	176,868	176,868
Payables arising from securities	證券及期貨經紀產生之				
and futures broking  Financial liabilities included in	應付賬款 包含在其他應付賬款及	-	_	383,866	383,866
other payables and accruals	應計項目之財務負債	_	_	228,691	228,691
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	-	8	-	8
Interest-bearing bank	計息銀行貸款			4 400 643	4 400 542
borrowings	中人民供從	-	_	1,400,612	1,400,612
Bullion loans	貴金屬借貸	501,030			501,030
		501,030	8	2,190,037	2,691,075

42.	Financial instruments by category Group 本集團	ory (continued)		<b>42</b> . 按類別	分類之金融工具(續	()
	2011	二零一一年				
	Financial assets	財務資產	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading 按公平價值 訂定盈虧資 財務資賈 HK\$7000	Loans and receivables 貸款及 應收賬款 HK\$'000	Available- for-sale financial assets 可供出售 財務資產 HK\$*000	Total 合計 HK\$'000
	Other assets Available-for-sale investments Accounts receivable	其他資產 可供出售投資 應收賬款	千港元 - - -	千港元 137,613 - 598,827	千港元 - 634,843 -	千港元 137,613 634,843 598,827
	Receivables arising from securities and futures broking Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and	證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款 包含在預付款項、按金 及其也應收賬款之	-	139,680	-	139,680
	other receivables Investments at fair value through profit or loss Derivative financial instruments Cash held on behalf of clients Cash and cash equivalents	財務資產 按公平價值訂定盈虧之 投資 衍生金融工具 代客戶持有現金 現金及等同現金	9,773 10,596 – —	46,105 - - 300,356 630,968	- - - -	46,105 9,773 10,596 300,356 630,968
			20,369	1,853,549	634,843	2,508,761
	Financial liabilities	財務負債	Financial liab value through 按公平價值訂定:  Designated as such upon initial recognition 於初次確認時指定為此類別 HK\$'000 千港元	profit or loss	Financial liabilities at amortized cost 按攤銷成本入 賬之財務負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元
	Accounts payable Payables arising from securities and futures broking Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Derivative financial instruments Interest-bearing bank borrowings	應付賬款 證券及期貨經紀產生之 應付賬款 包含在其他應付賬款及 應計項目之財務負債 衍生金融工具 計息銀行貸款	- - - -	- - 311	72,039 296,499 193,071 - 1,722,657	72,039 296,499 193,071 311 1,722,657
	Bullion loans	貴金屬借貸	385,367	311	2,284,266	385,367 2,669,944

## 42. Financial instruments by category (continued)

## Company

本公司

Financial assets 財務資產

42. 按類別分類之金融工具(續)

Loans and receivables 貸款及應收賬款

**2012** 2011 **HK\$'000** HK\$'000

**千港元** 千港元

Due from subsidiaries附屬公司欠款1,857,4561,724,164Cash and cash equivalents現金及等同現金2,6002,124

**1,860,056** 1,726,288

Financial liabilities 財務負債

Financial liabilities at amortized cost 按攤銷成本入賬之財務負債 **2012** 2011

20122011HK\$'000HK\$'000千港元千港元

Financial liabilities included in 包含在其他應付賬款及 other payables and accruals 應計項目之財務負債

**2,437** 2,092

### 43. Fair value and fair value hierarchy

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximated to their fair values.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of accounts receivable, receivables arising from securities and futures broking, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, cash held on behalf of clients, cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable, payables arising from securities and futures broking, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals, amounts due from subsidiaries and bank borrowings due for repayment within one year approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

### 43. 公平價值及公平價值等級

於報告期末,本集團及本公司之財務資產及財務負債之賬面值與其公平價值相若。

財務資產及財務負債之公平價值,除了強 迫或清盤出售,乃以各方自願的當前交易 中該工具可交換之金額入賬。估計公平價 值時使用了以下方法及假設:

應收賬款、證券及期貨經紀產生之應收賬款、包含在預付款項、按金及其他應收賬款、包含在預付款項、按金及其他應收賬款之財務資產、代客戶持有現金、現金是等同現金、應付賬款、證券及期貨經紀產生之應付賬款、包含在其他應付賬款及應計項目之財務負債、附屬公司欠款及須於一年內到期償還之銀行貸款之公平價值與其賬面值相若,主要由於該等工具將於短期內到期。

#### 43. Fair value and fair value hierarchy (continued)

The fair values of other assets and bank borrowings due for repayment after one year approximate to their carrying amounts, which have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities.

The fair values of listed equity investments are based on quoted market bid prices. The fair value of the unlisted available-for-sale equity investment stated at fair value has been estimated using a valuation technique including a discounted cash flow analysis, and based on assumptions which make use of market parameters as supported by open market value, etc. The Directors believe that the estimated fair value resulting from the valuation technique, which is recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position, and the related change in fair value, which is recorded in other comprehensive income, are reasonable, and that they were the most appropriate value at the end of the reporting period. The fair value of bullion loans is based on open market prices of bullion.

As at 31 December 2012, certain unlisted equity investments with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$260,000 (2011: HK\$739,000) were stated at cost because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the Directors are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

The Group enters into derivative financial instruments with various counterparties, principally financial institutions or bullion trading companies with Grade "A" or above. Derivative financial instruments, including bullion contracts and interest rate swaps, are measured using valuation techniques similar to swap models, using present value calculations. The models incorporate various market observable inputs including the credit quality of counterparties, bullion prices and interest rate curves. The carrying amounts of bullion contracts and interest rate swaps are the same as their fair values.

### Fair value hierarchy

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair values of financial instruments:

- Level 1: fair values measured based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which any inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

#### 公平價值及公平價值等級(續)

其他資產及須於一年後到期償還之銀行貸 款之公平價值與其賬面值相若,有關賬面 值乃採用具有類似條款、信貸風險及餘下 到期日之工具之現時適用利率折現計算預 期未來現金流量。

上市股份投資之公平價值乃根據市場買入 價計算。按公平價值列賬之非上市可供出 售股份投資之公平價值乃採用包括折現現 金流量分析之估值方法估計,所作之假設 乃使用透過由公開市值支持之市場參數 等。董事認為就估值方式產生之估計公平 價值已於綜合財務狀況表記賬及相關公平 價值變動已於其他全面收益記賬,並屬合 理,及為於報告期末最適當之價值。貴金 屬借貸之公平價值乃按貴金屬之公開市價 計算。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,由於合 理公平價值估計範圍太大,董事認為無 法可靠地計量其公平價值,故賬面總值 260.000港元(二零一一年:739.000港元) 之若干非上市股份投資乃按成本列賬。

本集團與不同之交易對手,主要為具有 [A]或以上信用等級之金融機構或貴金屬 貿易公司,訂立衍生金融工具。包括貴金 屬合約及利率掉期之衍生金融工具,乃採 用與掉期模式類似之估值技術計量(採用 現值計算)。該等模式納入各種不同之市 場可觀察數據,包括交易對手之信貸質 素、貴金屬價格及利率曲線。貴金屬合約 及利率掉期之賬面值與其公平價值相同。

### 公平價值等級

本集團就釐定及披露金融工具之公平價值 採用以下等級:

級別一:公平價值按相同資產或負債在活 躍市場之報價(未經調整)計量

級別二:公平價值按估值技術計量,而該 技術採用所有對已記錄公平價值 具重大影響,可直接或間接觀察 之數據

級別三:公平價值按估值技術計量,而該 技術採用所有對已記錄公平價值 具重大影響之數據均非基於可觀 察市場數據(不可觀察數據)

43.	Fair value and fair value hierar	chy (continued)		43.	公平價值	[及公平價值等級(續)	
	Fair value hierarchy (continued	)			公平價值	[等級(續)	
	Group				本集團		
	Assets measured at fair value:				按公平價	值計量之資產:	
			Level 1 級別一 HK\$'000 千港元	; Hk	evel 2 級別二 (\$'000 千港元	Level 3 級別三 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
	As at 31 December 2012	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日					
	Available-for-sale investments: Equity investments	# Inued)  ## Inued)	652,871	1	18,196	_	671,067
	Investments at fair value through profit or loss		12,128		_	_	12,128
	Derivative financial instruments				2,303		2,303
			664,999	2	20,499	<u> </u>	685,498
	As at 31 December 2011				<del></del>		
	Available-for-sale investments: Equity investments	股份投資	617,701	1	6,403	-	634,104
	profit or loss Derivative financial instruments	投資	9,773	1	– 10,596		9,773 10,596
			627,474	2	26,999		654,473
	Liabilities measured at fair value:			按公平價值計量之負債:			
			Level 1 級別一 HK\$′000 千港元	HK	evel 2 級別二 (\$'000 千港元	Level 3 級別三 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$′000 千港元
	As at 31 December 2012						
	Bullion loans Derivative financial instruments		501,030 _		- 8	<u>-</u>	501,030 8
			501,030		8	-	501,038
	As at 31 December 2011						
	Bullion loans Derivative financial instruments		385,367 		- 311		385,367 311
			385,367		311		385,678

During the year, there were no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value measurements (2011: Nil).

年內,並無轉入或轉出級別三之公平價值 計量(二零一一年:零)。

### 44. Financial risk management objectives and policies

### (a) Financial risk factors

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise bank borrowings, and cash and bank deposits. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as accounts receivable and accounts payable, which arise directly from its operations.

The Group's overall risk management policies focus on the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. Risk management is carried out by management under the policies approved by the Board and it identifies, evaluates and monitors financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, equity price risk and commodity price risk. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarized below.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk due to potential changes in interest rates of interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities. Interest-bearing financial assets are mainly loans to margin clients whereas interest-bearing financial liabilities are primarily bank borrowings with primarily floating interest rates which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

For Hong Kong dollar floating-rate borrowings, assuming that the amount of liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year, a 50-basis point increase/decrease in interest rates at 31 December 2012 and 2011 would have decreased/increased the Group's profit before tax by HK\$3,662,000 and HK\$5,528,000, respectively. For Renminbi floating-rate borrowings, a 50-basis point increase/decrease in interest rates at 31 December 2011 would have decreased/increased the Group's profit before tax by HK\$1,980,000. For United States dollar floating-rate borrowings, a 50-basis point increase/decrease in interest rates at 31 December 2012 would have decreased/increased the Group's profit before tax by HK\$2,584,000. The sensitivity to the interest rate used is considered reasonable, with all other variables held constant.

### 44. 財務風險管理目標及政策

#### (a) 財務風險因素

本集團之主要金融工具包括銀行貸款、現金及銀行存款。此等金融工具之主要用途乃為本集團之業務籌集資金。本集團有若干其他財務資產及負債,如直接自其業務產生之應收賬款及應付賬款。

本集團之整體風險管理政策針對金融市場之難以預測性,並尋求減低對本集團財務表現構成之潛在不利影響。風險管理乃由管理層根據董事會批核之政策進行,而管理層與本集團之營運單位緊密合作,以識別、評估及監察財務風險。

本集團金融工具所產生之主要風險 為利率風險、外匯風險、信貸風 險、流動資金風險、股份價格風險 及商品價格風險。董事會檢核並同 意下文所概述管理各項此等風險之 政策。

#### 利率風險

本集團由於計息財務資產及負債之 利率潛在變動而承受利率風險。計 息財務資產主要為孖展客戶貸款, 而計息財務負債主要為銀行貸款, 主要按浮動利率計息,導致本集團 承受現金流量利率風險。

就港元浮動利率貸款而言,假設於 報告期末結欠之負債金額乃於整 個年度結欠,利率於二零一二年及 二零一一年十二月三十一日增加/ 減少50個基點,將分別減少/增加 本集團除税前溢利3,662,000港元 及5,528,000港元。就人民幣浮動 利率貸款而言,利率於二零一一年 十二月三十一日增加/減少50個基 點,將減少/增加本集團除稅前溢 利1.980.000港元。就美元浮動利率 貸款而言,利率於二零一二年十二 月三十一日增加/減少50個基點, 將減少/增加本集團除稅前溢利 2,584,000港元。在所有其他變數維 持不變之情況下,本集團認為對所 用利率之敏感度乃屬合理。

### (a) Financial risk factors (continued)

### Interest rate risk (continued)

The Group's interest rate risk exposure also arises from margin financing and other lending activities. The Group has the legal capacity to quickly recall such loans or re-price its loans to an appropriate level. A 50 basis-point increase/decrease in interest rates at 31 December 2012 and 2011 would have increased/decreased the Group's profit before tax by HK\$658,000 and HK\$597,000 respectively. The analysis is prepared assuming the amount of assets carried at the end of the reporting period was carried for the whole year. The sensitivity to interest rate used is considered reasonable, with all other variables held constant.

The Group's policy is to obtain the most favorable interest rates available without increasing its foreign currency exposure. In addition, the Group monitors the level of interest rate exposure and considers utilizing hedging instruments should the need arise.

### Foreign currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures mainly arising from sales and purchases by operating units in currencies other than the units' functional currency. Management conducted periodical review of exposure and requirements of various currencies, and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposures should the need arise. Management considers that the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is not significant.

The Group's assets and liabilities are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars, Renminbi and United States dollars. Currency risk is managed by partly financing non-Hong Kong dollar assets with loans denominated in the relevant currencies.

#### 44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### (a) 財務風險因素(續)

#### 利率風險(續)

本集團之利率風險亦來自孖展借貸及其他貸款活動。本集團擁有財棄主能力要求即時收回有關貸款至重訂其工等。一二年期之減少50個財力,以少本集團除稅,不是三十一日增加之減少本集團除稅,不是到時期,以少本集團認為對所用利率之敏感度乃屬合理。

本集團之政策乃在不增加其外匯風險之情況下爭取最有利之利率。 此外,本集團監察利率風險承擔水平,如有需要將考慮採用對沖工具。

### 外匯風險

本集團之交易外幣風險主要來自業務單位以其功能貨幣以外之貨幣進行之買賣。管理層就不同貨幣的風險及需要進行定期檢討,並於需要時考慮對沖重大外匯風險。管理層認為本集團的外匯風險並不重大。

本集團之資產及負債主要以港元、 人民幣及美元為單位。管理外匯風 險方法是以外幣債務為手上同幣資 產融資。

#### (a) Financial risk factors (continued)

#### Credit risk

The accounts receivable and receivables arising from securities and futures broking represent the Group's major exposure to the credit risk arising from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these financial assets in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group's retail sales on jewellery are usually transacted on a cash basis, via popular credit cards or through reputable and dispersed department stores. The Group's credit sales to wholesale customers are generally on credit terms within 60 days. The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk with respect to its jewellery retail business as it has a large number of diversified customers. For accounts receivable arising from the wholesale of diamonds and precious metals, the Group trades only with recognized and creditworthy third parties and bullion banks. The Group's receivables from margin clients arising from the ordinary course of business of dealing in securities are secured by the underlying pledged securities. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has its credit control policy to minimize the credit risk. In addition, all receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and overdue balances are followed up by senior management. Accordingly, the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which mainly comprise cash and cash equivalents, cash held on behalf of clients, other assets, deposits and other receivables, and derivative financial instruments, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

The Company is also exposed to credit risk through the granting of financial guarantees to certain subsidiaries, further details of which are disclosed in note 38 to the financial statements.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from accounts receivable and receivables arising from securities and futures broking are disclosed in note 24 to the financial statements.

#### 44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### (a) 財務風險因素(續)

#### 信貸風險

應收賬款及證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款乃本集團由於交易對手不 履約而產生之主要信貸風險,最高 風險相等於綜合財務狀況表中此等 財務資產之賬面值。本集團之珠寶 零售銷售通常以現金、通過普及信 用卡或诱過信譽良好及分散之百貨 公司進行。本集團向批發客戶進行 之信貸銷售一般按六十日內之賒賬 期進行。由於珠寶零售業務擁有大 量分散客戶,故並無重大集中之信 貸風險。就鑽石及貴金屬批發產生 之應收賬款,本集團僅與獲確認及 有信譽之第三者及金商進行交易。 本集團白日常業務中證券買賣產牛 之應收孖展客戶賬款以有關已抵押 證券作抵押。本集團對逾期應收賬 款維持嚴格控制,並設有信貸控制 政策以減低信貸風險。此外,所有 應收賬款結餘均受持續監察,逾期 結餘由高級管理人員跟進。因此, 本集團之壞賬風險並不重大。

本集團其他財務資產,主要包括現金及等同現金、代客戶持有現金、 其他資產、按金及其他應收賬款及 衍生金融工具,其信貸風險產生自 交易對手不履約,而最高風險相等 於此等工具之賬面值。

本公司亦因向若干附屬公司作出財務擔保而承受信貸風險,其進一步詳情於財務報告附註38內披露。

本集團承受之信貸風險由應收賬款 及證券及期貨經紀產生之應收賬款 產生,有關信貸風險之進一步量化 資料於財務報告附註24內披露。

### (a) Financial risk factors (continued)

### Liquidity risk

The Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuation in cash flows. The responsibility of the Group's treasury department is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of banking facilities in order to meet its liquidity requirements both in the short term and long term. The Group maintains significant flexibility to respond to opportunities and events by ensuring that committed credit lines are available. All debts of the Group as at 31 December 2012 would mature within three years.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, are disclosed in note 37 to the financial statements. The maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities and guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted to subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

#### 44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### (a) 財務風險因素(續)

#### 流動資金風險

於報告期末,本集團按已訂約但未 折現款項計算之財務負債之到期情 況於財務報告附註37中披露。於 報告期末,本公司按已訂約但未折 現款項計算之財務負債及就附屬公 司獲授之信貸向銀行提供擔保之到 期情況如下:

2012	二零一二年			
		On demand 按要求 HK\$'000 千港元	Less than 3 months 三個月以下 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Guarantees given to banks in	包含在其他應付賬款及 應計項目之財務負債 就附屬公司獲授之信貸	-	2,437	2,437
connection with facilities granted to subsidiaries	向銀行提供擔保	1,927,638		1,927,638
		1,927,638	2,437	1,930,075
2011	二零一一年			
		On	Less than	
		demand	3 months	Total
		按要求	三個月以下	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities	包含在其他應付賬款及 應計項目之財務負債 就附屬公司獲授之信貸 向銀行提供擔保	-	2,092	2,092
granted to subsidiaries	间蚁门垅穴湄水	2,108,036		2,108,036
		2,108,036	2,092	2,110,128

### (a) Financial risk factors (continued)

## Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair values of equity securities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual securities. The fair values of these listed equity investments are affected by market forces and other factors. The Group is exposed to equity price risk arising from individual equity investments classified as available-for-sale investments (note 22) and trading equity investments (note 26) as at 31 December 2012. The Group's listed investments are listed on the Stock Exchange and are valued at quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The majority of the listed equity investments are held for non-trading purposes.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to every 10% change in the fair values of the equity investments, with all other variables held constant and before any impact on tax, based on their carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period. For the purpose of this analysis, the impact in respect to the available-for-sale equity investments is deemed to be on the investment revaluation reserve and no account is given for factors such as impairment which might impact on the income statement.

#### 44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### (a) 財務風險因素(續)

#### 股份價格風險

下表顯示按於報告期末之賬面值計算,於所有其他變數不變及計入任何稅項影響前對股份投資公平價值每10%變動之敏感度。就本分析而言,對可供出售股份投資之有關影響被視為對投資重估儲備造成影響,且並無計及減值等可能影響損益賬之因素。

		Carrying amount of equity investments 股份投資之 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Increase/ decrease in profit before tax 除税前溢利 增加/減少 HK\$'000 千港元	Increase/ decrease in equity 權益 增加/減少 HK\$'000 千港元
2012	二零一二年			
Investments listed in Hong Kong: Available-for-sale Held-for-trading	於香港上市之投資: 可供出售 持作買賣	652,871 12,128	- 1,213	65,287 –
2011	二零一一年			
Investments listed in Hong Kong: Available-for-sale Held-for-trading	於香港上市之投資: 可供出售 持作買賣	617,701 9,773	- 977	61,770 –

### (a) Financial risk factors (continued)

### Commodity price risk

The Group is engaged in the sales of jewellery including bullion products. The bullion market is influenced by global as well as regional supply and demand conditions. A significant decline in prices of bullion could adversely affect the Group's financial performance. In order to reduce the commodity price risk, the Group uses bullion loans as well as derivative financial instruments, such as bullion contracts to reduce its exposure to fluctuations in the bullion price on bullion inventory. The bullion price exposures are monitored by the management.

For the bullion loans and bullion contracts, assuming that the amount outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year, a 10% increase/decrease in market prices of bullion at 31 December 2012 and 2011 would have decreased/increased the Group's profit before tax by HK\$91,324,000 and HK\$64,751,000 respectively. The sensitivity to the market prices of bullion used is considered reasonable, with all other variables held constant. This information has not taken into account potential financial impact on other financial statement line items.

#### 44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### (a) 財務風險因素(續)

### 商品價格風險

本集團從事銷售珠寶,包括貴金屬 產品。貴金屬市場受全球以及地 性供求情況影響。貴金屬價格大 可能對本集團之財務狀況構成,本 影響。為降低商品價格風險,本 團使用貴金屬借貸以及低貴金屬 等衍生金融工具,以減低廣承 格波動對貴金屬價格之 管理層會監察貴金屬價格之 擔。

#### (b) Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain a healthy capital ratio in order to support its business and to enhance shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and business strategies. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, raise and repay debts or issue new shares. The Group is required to comply with certain externally imposed capital requirements set out in certain of its banking facility agreements. Additionally, certain subsidiaries engaged in securities and futures dealing and broking, which are regulated entities under the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong ("SFC"), and a subsidiary, which is a member of the CGSE, they are required to comply with respective minimum capital requirements imposed by the SFC and the CGSE. During the two years, these subsidiaries complied with respective minimum capital requirements imposed by the SFC and the CGSE. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is total borrowings to total equity. Total borrowings include interest-bearing bank borrowings and bullion loans. Total equity comprises all components of equity attributable to equity holders of the Company. The Group's policy is to maintain the gearing ratio at a reasonable level. The gearing ratios at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

Total borrowings 借貸總額

Total equity attributable to equity 本公司權益持有人應佔 holders of the Company 權益總額

Gearing ratio 資本負債比率

#### 44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### (b) 資本管理

本集團資本管理之主要目標為保障 本集團持續經營業務之能力,並維 持穩健之資本比率,以支持其業務 及增加股東之價值。

本集團按經濟狀況及業務策略之變 動管理其股本架構, 並對其作出調 整。為維持或調整股本架構,本集 團可能調整向股東派付之股息、增 加及償還債項或發行新股。本集團 須遵守其若干銀行融資協議所載之 若干外在資本規定。此外,若干附 屬公司從事證券及期貨買賣及經紀 業務並為香港證券及期貨事務監察 委員會(「證監會」)所指之受規管實 體,以及一家附屬公司為金銀業貿 易場之會員,該等公司須遵守證監 會及金銀業貿易場實施之有關最低 資本規定。於該兩個年度內,該等 附屬公司遵守證監會及金銀業貿易 場各自實施之最低資本規定。截至 二零一二年及二零一一年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團管理資本 之目標、政策或程序並無作出變

本集團按資本負債比率(即借貸總額對比權益總額)監控資本。借貸總額包括計息銀行貸款及貴金屬借貸。權益總額包括本公司權益持有人應佔權益之所有部分。本集團之政策為將資本負債比率維持在合理水平。於報告期末之資本負債比率如下:

Group 本集團

2012 2011 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 (Restated)

Restated) (重列)

**1,901,642** 2,108,024

**7,006,969** 6,355,477

**27.1%** 33.2%

### 45. Comparative amounts

As further explained in note 2.2 to the financial statements, due to the adoption of revised HKFRSs during the current year, the accounting treatment and presentation of certain items and balances in the financial statements have been revised to comply with the new requirements. Accordingly, certain prior year adjustments have been made, certain comparative amounts have been reclassified and restated to conform with the current year's presentation and accounting treatment, and a third consolidated statement of financial position as at 1 January 2011 has been presented.

### 46. Approval of the financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 March 2013.

### 45. 比較金額

如財務報告附註2.2所進一步詳述,由於本年度採納經修訂香港財務報告準則,故財務報告內之會計處理、若干項目及結餘之呈報經已修訂,以符合新要求。因此,已就過往年度資料作出若干調整,並重新分類及重列若干比較金額,以符合本年度之呈報及會計處理,於二零一一年一月一日之第三份綜合財務狀況表經已呈報。

### 46. 財務報告之批核

本財務報告於二零一三年三月二十一日經 董事會批核及授權刊發。

## PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES HELD

As at 31 December 2012

## 所持物業詳情

於二零一二年十二月三十一日

Particulars of major properties held by the Group are as follows:

本集團持有的主要物業詳情如下:

-	Description 摘要	Lot Number 地段號數	Use 用途	Gross Floor Area 建築面積 (Sq. ft. approx.)	Type 種類	Lease Term 租期
				(大約平方呎)		
	Hong Kong 香港					
A	229 Nathan Road, Kowloon 九龍彌敦道二二九號全幢	K.I.L. 6357	Rental/own use 出租/自用	31,225*	Commercial 商業	Medium 中
#	G/F & M/F, 326-328 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon	N.K.I.L. 2507 & 2177	Rental/own use	2,790*	Commercial	Medium
	九龍青山道三二六至三二八號地下連閣樓		出租/自用		商業	中
#	G/F & 1/F, 99-101 Wuhu Street, Hunghom, Kowloon	H.H.I.L. 472, 471 & 447 s A	Own use	2,345*	Commercial	Medium
	九龍紅磡蕪湖街九十九至一零一號地下及一樓		自用		商業	中
#	Roof, G/F & 1/F, 432 Prince Edward Road West, Kowloon	N.K.I.L. 2266 R.P.	Rental/own use	1,788*	Commercial	Medium
	九龍太子道西四三二號地下、一樓及天台		出租/自用		商業	中
	Flat A, 11/F and Roof, 199 Nam Cheong Street, Kowloon	N.K.I.L. 1230 s.A.R.P. & s.B.ss.2	Rental	551*	Residential	Medium
	九龍南昌街一九九號十一樓A座連天台	3.0.33.2	出租		住宅	中
	2/F, Flats A & B, 3/F, 4/F, 5/F & Flat A, 6/F, 231 Nathan Road, Kowloon	K.I.L. 6642	Rental/own use	10,836*	Commercial	Medium
	九龍彌敦道二三一號二樓、三樓A及B座、四樓、五樓及六樓A座		出租/自用		商業	中
-	Units A1, A2, A3, A4, A6, A8, A11, A13, 1/F, Unit A6, 2/F, Unit A4, 8/F & Unit A3, 10/F, Block A, 489-491 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon	N.K.I.L. 3515 s C, D & F	Own use	38,440	Industrial	Medium
	九龍青山道四八九至四九一號 A 座一樓 A1、A2、A3、A4、A6、A8、A11、A13室、二樓 A6 室、八樓 A4 室及十樓 A3 室		自用		工業	中
	Car Ports No. 7 & 22 on G/F, Car Ports No. 26 & 57 in Basement, Ho On Mansion,	K.I.L. 10223	Rental/own use	N/A	Car park	Long
_	107-109 Austin Road, Kowloon 九龍柯士甸道一零七至一零九號好安樓地下 車位七及二十二號及地庫車位二十六及 五十七號		出租/自用	不適用	車位	長
	Car Parking Space No. B162 in Basement, Balwin Court, 154-164 Argyle Street,	R.P. of K.I.L. 4208	Rental	N/A	Car park	Long
_	Kowloon 九龍亞皆老街一五四至一六四號寶雲閣地庫 B162號車位		出租	不適用	車位	長

## PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES HELD

As at 31 December 2012

## 所持物業詳情

於二零一二年十二月三十一日

Description 摘要	Lot Number 地段號數	Use 用途	Gross Floor Area 建築面積 (Sq. ft. approx.)	Type 種類	Lease Term 租期
Hong Kong 香港			(大約平方呎)		
<sup>#</sup> G/F-3/F, 691-693 Nathan Road, Kowloon	K.I.L. 2444 s.A.R.P.	Rental/own use	9,890*	Commercial	Medium
九龍彌敦道六九一至六九三號地下至三樓	& 2444 R.P.	出租/自用		商業	中
* 85 Castle Peak Road, Yuen Long, New Territories	Lot No. 3640 in D.D. 120	Own use	3,255	Commercial	Medium
新界元朗青山公路八十五號全幢 ————————————————————————————————————		自用 ————————————————————————————————————		商業 —————	<u>中</u>
* Shop B, G/F, 428-430 Prince Edward Road West, Kowloon	N.K.I.L. 2267 R.P. & 2268 R.P.	Own use	1,078*	Commercial	Medium
九龍太子道西四二八至四三零號地下B舖	d 2200 N.II.	自用		商業	中
* Shop B, G/F, 70-78 Kwong Fuk Road, Tai Po, New Territories	Tai Po Town Lot	Own use	2,089*	Commercial	Medium
新界大埔廣福道七十至七十八號地下B舖	NO. 20	自用		商業	中
Shop No. 305, G/F, Lok Hin Terrace, 350 Chai Wan Road, Hong Kong	Chai Wan Inland Lot No. 149	Rental	175*	Commercial	Medium
香港柴灣道三五零號樂軒台地下三零五號舖	LOUNG. 143	出租		商業	中
Mainland China 中國內地					
Unit 501, Block 4, Meile Village, Rongshan Community Association, Ronggui Street Representative Office, Shunde District,	N/A	Own use	1,010	Residential	Long
Foshan City, Guangdong Province 廣東省佛山市順德區容桂街道辦事處容山 居委會美樂村四座五零一室	不適用	自用		住宅	長
East of Guangzhu Highway, Licun Management Zone, Licun District, Lunjiao Town, Shunde District,	N/A	Rental/own use	123,700	Industrial/ commercial	Medium
Foshan City, Guangdong Province 廣東省佛山市順德區倫教鎮荔村管理區 廣珠路東側	不適用	出租/自用		工業/商業	中
10-21-3 Zone, Luoxing Road, Mawei Free Trade Zone, Fuzhou, Fujian Province	N/A	Rental	188,050	Industrial/	Medium
福建省福州市馬尾保税區羅星路 10-21-3 小區	不適用	出租		commercial 工業/商業	中
# Unit No. 1-1, Fulihua Mansion, No. 150 Qinghui Road, Daliang Town, Shunde District, Foshan City, Guangdong Province	N/A	Own use	1,906	Commercial	Long
廣東省佛山市順德區大良鎮清暉路一五零號 富麗華大廈一號之一	不適用	自用		商業	長

## PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES HELD

As at 31 December 2012

## 所持物業詳情

於二零一二年十二月三十一日

Description 摘要	Lot Number 地段號數	Use 用途	Gross Floor Area 建築面積	Type 種類	Lease Term 租期
			(Sq. ft. approx.) (大約平方呎)		
Mainland China 中國內地					
16/F, Block B, R&F Yingtai Plaza, Section 2, No. 100 Huangpu Avenue West, Tianhe District, Guangzhou City,	N/A	Own use	23,686	Commercial	Medium
Guangdong Province 廣東省廣州市天河區黃埔大道西一零零號二段 富力盈泰廣場 B 座十六層	不適用	自用		商業	中
Car Parking Space Nos. 200 and 201, 2nd Basement, R&F Yingtai Plaza, Section 2, No.100 Huangpu Avenue West, Carandona Province	N/A	Own use	N/A	Car park	Medium
Guangdong Province 廣東省廣州市天河區黃埔大道西一零零號二段 富力盈泰廣場負二層二零零及二零一車位	不適用	自用	不適用	車位	中
Unit Nos. 1601-1602, 16/F, Block B, Vanmetropolis, No.1 Tangyan Road, High-	N/A	Own use	5,025	Commercial	Medium
tech District, Xian City, Shaanxi Province 陝西省西安市高新區唐延路一號旺座國際城 B座十六層一六零一至一六零二室	不適用	自用		商業	中
Car Parking Space No. D010, 1st Basement and Car Parking Space No. F061, 2nd Basement, Vanmetropolis, No.1 Tangyan Road, High-tech District,	N/A	Own use	N/A	Car park	Medium
Xian City, Shaanxi Province 陝西省西安市高新區唐延路一號旺座國際城 地下一層車庫D區零一零號車位及地下 二層車庫F區零六一號車位	不適用	自用	不適用	車位	中
No. 3 Xinxi 4th Road North, Xiashi Village Committee, Lunjiao Sub-district, Shunde	N/A	Own use	386,858	Industrial	Medium
District, Foshan City, Guangdong Province 廣東省佛山市順德區倫教街道霞石村委會 新熹四路北3號	不適用	自用		工業	中
Taiwan 台灣					
Units 1-2, 7/F, No. 21, Sec. 6, Zhongxiao E.	N/A	Own use	6,847	Commercial	Medium
Rd., Nangang Dist., Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C. 中華民國台灣台北市南港區忠孝東路六段 二十一號七樓一至二單位	不適用	自用		商業	中
Car Parking Space Nos. 132 and 133 in B5, No. 21, Sec. 6, Zhongxiao E. Rd.,	N/A	Own use	N/A	Car park	Medium
Nangang Dist., Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C. 中華民國台灣台北市南港區忠孝東路六段 二十一號地下五層一三二及一三三號車位	不適用	自用	不適用	車位	中

<sup>#</sup> Location of branches 分行地點



<sup>\*</sup> Saleable area 可售賣面積

<sup>+</sup> Construction in progress 在建工程

