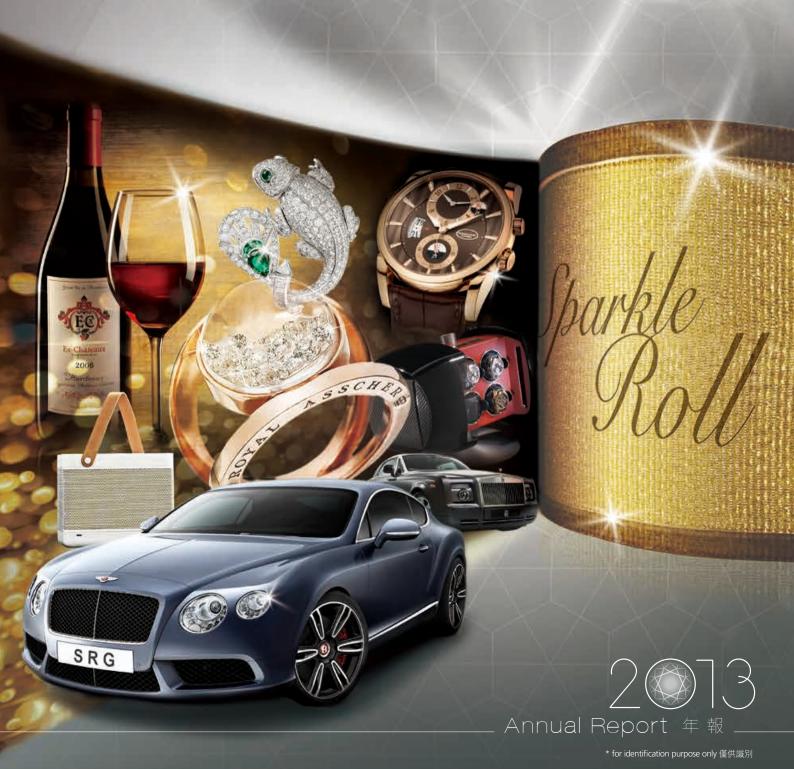


耀 萊 集 團 有 限 公 司* SPARKLE ROLL GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability 於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 970)



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公司資料

Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS	Tong Kai Lap (Chairman)	董事會	唐啟立(主席)
	Zheng Hao Jiang		鄭浩江
	(Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)		(副主席兼行政總裁)
	Zhao Xiao Dong		趙小東
	(Deputy Chairman and Chief Operating Officer)		(副主席兼運營總裁)
	Zhang Si Jian*		張思堅*
	Gao Yu*		高煜*
	Qi Jian Wei*		綦建偉*
	Choy Sze Chung, Jojo**		蔡思聰**
	Lam Kwok Cheong**		林國昌**
	Lee Thomas Kang Bor**		李鏡波**
	Lee momas rang bor		于 號 //文
	* Non-Executive Director		* 非執行董事
	** Independent Non-Executive Director		** 獨立非執行董事
AUDIT COMMITTEE	Choy Sze Chung, Jojo (Chairman)	審核委員會	蔡思聰(主席)
	Lam Kwok Cheong		林國昌
	Lee Thomas Kang Bor		李鏡波
REMUNERATION	Lam Kwok Cheong (Chairman)	薪酬委員會	林國昌(主席)
COMMITTEE	Choy Sze Chung, Jojo		蔡思聰
	Lee Thomas Kang Bor		李鏡波
	Tong Kai Lap		唐啟立
	Zheng Hao Jiang		鄭浩江
NOMINATION	Lee Thomas Kang Bor (Chairman)	提名委員會	李鏡波(主席)
COMMITTEE	Lam Kwok Cheong		林國昌
	Choy Sze Chung, Jojo		蔡思聰
LEGAL ADVISERS	Chiu & Partners	法律顧問	趙不渝馬國強律師事務所
	King & Wood Mallesons		金杜律師事務所
		81 = 6 // 15 =	++ > /-
CHIEF FINANCIAL	Mok Henry Wing Kai (FCPA, FCIS)	財務總裁及	莫永佳 (FCPA, FCIS)
OFFICER & COMPANY		公司秘書	
SECRETARY			

公司資料

Corporate Information

PRINCIPAL BANKERS	Bank of Communications Co., Ltd. Bank of East Asia Limited China CITIC Bank Corporation Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited China Minsheng Banking Corporation Limited Ping An Bank Co., Ltd. (formerly known as Shenzhen Development Bank Co., Ltd.) Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited	主要往來銀行	交通銀行股份有限公司 東亞銀行有限公司 中信銀行股份有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 中國民生銀行股份有限公司 平安銀行股份有限公司 (前稱深圳發展銀行股份 有限公司) 查打銀行(香港) 有限公司
AUDITOR	BDO Limited 25th Floor, Wing On Centre 111 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong	核數師	香港立信德豪會計師 事務所有限公司 香港 干諾道中111號 永安中心25樓
REGISTERED OFFICE	Clarendon House 2 Church House Hamilton HM11 Bermuda	註冊辦事處	Clarendon House 2 Church House Hamilton HM11 Bermuda
PRINCIPAL OFFICE	Rooms 2028-36, 20/F Sun Hung Kai Centre 30 Harbour Road Wanchai Hong Kong	主要辦事處	香港 灣仔 港灣道30號 新鴻基中心20樓 2028-36室
REGISTRARS (in Hong Kong)	Tricor Secretaries Limited 26th Floor Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Wan Chai, Hong Kong	過戶登記處 (香港)	卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港灣仔 皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓
REGISTRARS (in Bermuda)	Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda	過戶登記處(百慕達)	Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda
STOCK CODE	970	股份代號	970
WEBSITE	http://www.hk970.com	網址	http://www.hk970.com

主席報告 Chairman's Statement

2012 was a year full of challenges, even though the US situation improved moderately while the Eurozone nations' debt problems were still unsolved. Real GDP growth in the Mainland China was 7.8%, slightly better than the forecast of 7.5%.

In view of the challenging environment in this financial year, our board of directors had expected a drop in profit after tax and decided to issue a profit warning on 14 May 2013. Based on the announcement, the Board would like to inform the shareholders of the Company and potential investors that the Group was expected to record a substantial decrease in profit for the year ended 31 March 2013 compared with the year ended 31 March 2012. The expected substantial decrease in profit was mainly due to the significant decrease in revenue and substantial decrease in gross profit of the Group's automobile dealership business in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), resulting from keen competition due to an increase in the number of dealers of super-luxury automobiles in the PRC market.

During this financial year, the Group's revenue decreased by 32%, reaching HK\$3.016 billion, compared with HK\$4.427 billion in the previous financial year. Gross profit for the financial year decreased by 37%, reaching HK\$284.9 million, compared with HK\$451.9 million in the previous financial year. Net profit for this financial year decreased by 69%, reaching HK\$66.0 million compared with HK\$213.7 million in the previous financial year. The drop in gross profit was mainly because of the drastic decrease in auto sales in this financial year versus the previous one. The auto business is a major income driver, accounting for approximately 91% of our business. Finance cost surged to HK\$30.8 million from HK\$10.0 million in the previous financial year due primarily to the auto division for taking delivery of new cars.

二零一二年為充滿挑戰之一年。儘管美國市 况溫和改善,惟歐元區國家之債務問題仍有 待解決。中國內地之實質國內生產總值增長 為7.8%,稍高於7.5%預測。

鑑於本財政年度之營商環境挑戰重重,董事 會預期除稅後溢利會有所下跌,並決定於二 零一三年五月十四日發出溢利預警。根據該 公佈,董事會知會本公司股東及潛在投資者, 本集團預期於截至二零一三年三月三十一日 止年度較截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年 度之溢利錄得大幅減少。有關之預期溢利大 幅減少主要由於中華人民共和國(「中國」)市 場超豪轎車經銷商數目增加令競爭加劇,導 致本集團於中國之汽車分銷業務收益及毛利 大幅下跌。

於本財政年度,本集團之收益減少32%至 3,016,000,000港元,而上一財政年度則為 4,427,000,000港元。本財政年度之毛利減少 37%至284,900,000港元,而上一財政年度則 為451,900,000港元。本財政年度之純利減少 69%至66,000,000港元,而上一財政年度則為 213,700,000港元。毛利下跌主要由於本財政 年度之汽車銷售較去年大幅下滑。汽車業務 為主要收入來源,佔本集團業務約91%。融資 成本因汽車分部接收新車而由上一財政年度 之10,000,000港元急升至30,800,000港元。

Chairman's Statement

China's Luxury Goods & China Auto Markets

There are quite a few ongoing updates and research reports from reputable authorities, investment banks and global research houses mentioning "the slowdown of the China Luxury Goods Markets". According to a research "Luxury Without Borders: China's New Class of Shoppers Take on the World" issued by consulting firm McKinsey & Company in December 2012, consumption of luxury goods in China's domestic market has surged at between 16% and 20% per annum for the past 4 years. That pace of growth is subsiding to a projected annual rate in the 12% to 16% range between now and 2015. It also predicted that the Chinese share of the global market, including spending by consumers outside the country, is certain to rise in the next three years to about 34%. The report concluded that even if the market is slowing, the outlook is robust, and there is no denying that the Chinese have become the world's most important luxury buyers.

"Luxury Goods Worldwide Market Study (Spring 2013 update)" issued by Bain & Company with Fondazione Altagamma on 16 May 2013 forecast luxury goods growth cooling worldwide to 4% to 5% in 2013 from 5% in 2012 at constant exchange rates. It also forecast global luxury goods sales would rise at a compound annual growth rate of 5% to 6% between 2013 and 2015 at constant exchange rates. Growth in the Asia-Pacific region, excluding mainland China, would reach 7% to 9% in 2013, down from 10% last year at constant currencies. For mainland China, it forecast growth of 6% to 8% at constant currencies.

Despite slowing sales in China, the market is still optimistic and China is widely expected to become the world's biggest luxury car market by 2016. According to a report named "Upward Mobility: The Future of China's Premium Car Market" by McKinsey & Company dated March 2013, over the past 10 years, the luxury car market in China has grown at an average annual growth rate of 36%. Additionally, China is expected to exceed the US as the world's largest premium car market by 2016. It is forecast to sell over 2.3 million units that year and 3 million by 2020.

中國奢侈品及中國汽車市場

知名機構、投資銀行及環球研究中心發表大 量持續最新資訊及研究報告,指出「中國奢 侈品市場放緩 | 。根據諮詢公司麥肯錫公司 (McKinsey & Company)於二零一二年十二月 發表之研究報告「奢侈無疆界:中國新興消 費者主導環球市場(Luxury Without Borders: China's New Class of Shoppers Take on the World)」,中國國內市場之奢侈品消耗於過去 四年以每年16%至20%急升。預期由本年至二 零一五年,年增長率將回落至12%至16%。此 外,預期中國佔全球市場之份額(包括消費者 之國外消費)於未來三年勢將增至約34%。該 報告之總結為即使市場放緩,前景依然向好, 中國毫無疑問將成為全球最重要之奢侈品購 買國。

貝恩公司(Bain & Company)聯同Fondazione Altagamma於二零一三年五月十六日發表「奢 侈品世界市場研究(二零一三年春季最新資 訊) (Luxury Goods Worldwide Market Study (Spring 2013 update))」,預測全球奢侈品增 長按恆定匯率計算,將由二零一二年之5%回 落至二零一三年之4%至5%。此外,預測全球 奢侈品銷售按恒定匯率計算,於二零一三年 至二零一五年將按複合年增長率5%至6%上 升。亞太地區(不包括中國內地)增長按恆定 貨幣計算,將由去年之10%下跌至二零一三年 之7%至9%。就中國內地而言,按恆定貨幣計 算,預測增長為6%至8%。

儘管中國銷售放緩,市場仍保持樂觀,普遍預 期中國將於二零一六年前成為全球最大豪華 汽車市場。根據麥肯錫公司於二零一三年三 月發表題為「向上動力:中國豪華汽車市場 前景(Upward Mobility: The Future of China's Premium Car Market) 」之報告,過去10年,中 國豪華汽車市場按平均年增長率36%增長。此 外,預期中國將於二零一六年前超越美國,成 為全球最大豪華汽車市場。報告預測該年將 出售逾2,300,000輛汽車,而二零二零年前則 達3,000,000輛。

Chairman's Statement

"The central government's clampdown on official waste and extravagance has put the brakes on China's luxury vehicle market in the first quarter of the year" is based on an article named "Austerity puts luxury car sales in slow lane" in China Daily issued on 7 May 2013. According to the China Association of Automobile Manufacturers, growth in sales for the luxury vehicle sector, dominated by German brands Audi, BMW and Mercedes-Benz, slowed to 4%, far below the 13% annual growth in the passenger car market. Local media reported that the Chinese government is considering introducing a 20% tax on ultra-luxury vehicles priced higher than RMB1.7 million per unit, which would pose a threat to the sale of ultra-luxury vehicles in China as well. The author of a report issued by HSBC global research, "Initial thoughts on the potential luxury vehicle tax in China" on 22 May 2013 believed that even the tax is implemented, the number of ultra-luxury vehicles affected would contribute less than 1% to the premium car market with annual sales of 1.2 million units in China in 2012.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Automobile Dealerships

During the year, revenue of the ultra-luxury automobile distributorship of Bentley, Lamborghini and Rolls-Royce recorded an approximate 36% decrease to HK\$2.646 billion, compared with HK\$4.106 billion in the previous financial year. All ultra-luxury cars under the Group have recorded a drop in sales during this financial year. Among all car brands under our Group, Bentley has performed the best among the others with a total of 351 units sold, representing a 28% decrease in units sold in this financial year compared with 487 during the previous financial year.

According to the article named "Bentley Introduces the New Flying Spur to China" dated 20 April 2013 under Bentley Motors Worldwide's official website, Bentley Motors has introduced the new Flying Spur to Greater China, alongside the Continental GT Speed, and its pinnacle flagship model, the Mulsanne. The brand has also announced its plans to expand its dealer network in Greater China, reinforcing China as a key market for Bentley's continued success as the company aims for double-digit growth in 2013. We strongly believe those new car models and expansion plan in China of the brand shall help the Group to restore returns to our shareholders as one of the top dealers in the China market.

中國日報於二零一三年五月七日發表題為「收 緊政策讓豪華汽車銷售放緩(Austerity puts luxury car sales in slow lane) 」之文章,指出 「中央政府嚴禁官員浪費及鋪張,於本年度第 一季煞停中國豪華汽車市場」。根據中國汽車 工業協會,豪華汽車板塊(由德國品牌奧迪、 寶馬及奔馳主導)之銷售增長回落至4%,遠低 於乘用車市場之年增長率13%。地方傳媒報 道,中國政府現正考慮向每輛車價高於人民幣 1,700,000元之超豪轎車徵收20%税項,亦將 對中國超豪轎車銷售構成威脅。滙豐環球研究 於二零一三年五月二十二日發表之報告「中 國潛在豪華汽車税之第一觀感(Initial thoughts on the potential luxury vehicle tax in China)] 之作者相信,即使實施有關稅項,受影響之超 豪轎車數目只會佔豪華汽車市場(於二零一二 年在中國之年銷售數字達1,200,000輛)少於 1%。

業務回顧

汽車分銷

年內,分銷賓利、蘭博基尼及勞斯萊斯等超豪轎車之銷售收益為2,646,000,000港元,較上一財政年度之4,106,000,000港元減少約36%。本集團旗下所有超豪轎車於本財政年度之銷售業績均有所下跌。本集團旗下所有轎車品牌中,賓利表現最佳,共售出351輛,與上一財政年度售出487輛比較,本財政年度售出數量下跌28%。

根據Bentley Motors Worldwide官方網站日期 為二零一三年四月二十日題為「賓利向中國引 進新飛馳(Bentley Introduces the New Flying Spur to China)」之文章,賓利汽車向大中華 引進新飛馳,另有歐陸GT Speed及其頂級旗 艦型號慕尚。賓利亦宣佈拓展大中華分銷商 網絡計劃,加強中國成為賓利不斷邁向成功 之主要市場,冀於二零一三年錄得雙位數增 長。本集團深信,賓利之新車款及國內拓展計 劃將有助本集團使股東回報重回正軌,成為 中國市場其中一家出類拔萃之分銷商。

Chairman's Statement

Lamborghini Beijing has recorded a 41% drop in unit sales to 47 units sold during this financial year, compared with 79 in the previous financial year. We are glad to report the disposal of Lamborghini Dalian was completed and the receipt of a one-off gain of HK\$0.9 million.

於本財政年度, 蘭博基尼北京之單位銷量下 跌41%至47輛, 而上一財政年度則售出79輛。 本集團欣然報告已完成出售蘭博基尼大連, 並收取一次性收益900,000港元。

Rolls-Royce's performance was the weakest in terms of the decline in percentage of unit sales among our 3 brands during this financial year with a total of 153 units sold, representing a decrease of 44% compared with 271 in the previous financial year.

於本財政年度,按單位銷量下跌百分比計算, 勞斯萊斯在本集團旗下三個品牌中表現最弱, 共售出153輛,較上一財政年度之271輛減少 44%。

Encouragingly, income from provision of after-sales services was stable and continued to increase during this financial year. Total revenue recorded an 18% increase during this financial year compared with the previous financial year. Regarding the gross profit margin, we have recorded a drop from 62% to 58% during last and this financial year because the up-and-running Tianjin after-sales service center was not profitable.

令人鼓舞的是,提供售後服務之收入於本財政年度保持穩定並持續上揚。本財政年度之總收益較上一財政年度增加18%。由於營運中之天津售後服務中心並無錄得溢利,故本集團之毛利率由上一財政年度之62%下跌至本財政年度之58%。

Although the performance was weak during this financial year, the Group is committed to reviving the auto business as we are going to relocate auto showrooms in Jin Bao street to Sanlitun in or about July 2013. Our strategy is to centralize all our car showrooms close to one another and also next to our Beijing Sparkle Roll Luxury World (China Headquarter) so that they can synergize with each other. This will constitute continuing connected transactions to be disclosed in detail in a separate announcement in the near future in compliance with the Listing Rules. At the same time, the Group re-purchased Tianjin's subsidiary interests of 30% at a consideration of RMB72 million on 1 June 2013 from a minority shareholder to show our faith in the auto business.

儘管本財政年度表現疲弱,本集團致力刺激汽車業務,計劃於二零一三年七月前後將金寶街之汽車展廳搬遷至三里屯。本集團之策略是將汽車展廳集中,相互毗連,並鄰近北京耀萊新天地(中國總部),以期產生協同效益。此舉將構成持續關連交易,須於不久將來與照上市規則另行發表公佈以披露詳情。與此同時,於二零一三年六月一日,本集團以代價人民幣72,000,000元向一名少數股東購回天津附屬公司30%權益,以彰本集團對汽車業務之信心。

主席報告 Chairman's Statement

Watch Distributorships

During the year, the performance of our super deluxe branded watch division recorded a drop. Parmigiani performed best among other watch brands with a total of 189 watches sold, a 41% drop compared with 319 in the previous financial year. Another super brand, Richard Mille, recorded a drop of 46%, with a total of 81 watches sold compared with 150 in the previous financial year. Lastly, DeWitt also recorded lower sales during this financial year compared with the previous financial year with a total of 40 watches sold.

In April 2013, the Group closed our flagships of Richard Mille, DeWitt and Parmigiani located in the Legendale Hotel, Beijing as the Group would like to consolidate our watch and jewelry businesses under one roof to accomplish our "Luxury World concept" as mentioned previously in our interim report. The Group incurred a one-time writedown of HK\$6.6 million arising from these closures, which mainly comprised forfeit of rental deposits and written off of leasehold improvements of these flagships.

Jewellery Distributorships

We are very glad to see sales of top-tier branded jewellery increased in terms of quantity. A total of 469 pieces were sold during this financial year, an increase of 24% compared with the previous financial year when 378 pieces of jewelry were sold.

Royal Asscher, which started operating right after joining our brand alliance in the second quarter of 2011, performed well during this financial year with a total of 26 pieces of jewelry sold, a 189% increase compared with the previous financial year during which 9 high-end jewellery pieces were sold. On 29 January 2013, the Group entered into a trademarks licence and distribution agreement with the brand regarding an exclusive right to use the Royal Asscher trademarks on diamond and diamond accessories within the PRC including Macau but excluding Hong Kong and Taiwan. It took effect from 1 February 2013 for a term of 10 years, with an option to renew for an additional period of 10 years upon expiration. The Directors believe the cooperation with Royal Asscher will substantially increase the Company's market presence in the diamond and high-jewellery business in the PRC in an innovative and prudent manner and will bring profitable returns to the Group.

腕錶代理

於本年度,本集團超級豪華品牌腕錶分部表現 下跌。Parmidiani表現冠絕其他腕錶品牌,共 售出189件腕錶,較上一財政年度之319件減 少41%。另一超級品牌Richard Mille共售出81 件腕錶, 較上一財政年度之150件減少46%。 最後,DeWitt於本財政年度之銷售量亦較上一 財政年度減少,共售出40件腕錶。

由於本集團有意整合旗下腕錶及珠寶業務, 讓不同品牌薈粹於各個新天地,成就早前於中 期報告所述之「新天地」概念,因此,本集團 於二零一三年四月關閉Richard Mille、DeWitt 及Parmigiani位於北京勵駿酒店之旗艦店。本 集團因關閉該等旗艦店而產生6,600,000港元 一次性撇減,主要包括沒收租金按金及撇銷 該等旗艦店之租賃物業裝修。

珠寶代理

本集團樂見頂級品牌珠寶之銷量上升。於本財 政年度共售出469件,較上一財政年度之378 件珠寶增加24%。

Royal Asscher自二零一一年第二季加盟本集 團之品牌聯盟起即開始營運,於本財政年度 表現可人,共售出26件珠寶,較上一財政年度 之9件高檔珠寶增加189%。於二零一三年一 月二十九日,本集團與該品牌訂立商標許可 及代理協議,內容有關於中國(包括澳門但 不包括香港及台灣)使用Royal Asscher商標 於鑽石及鑽石配飾之獨家權利。該協議由二 零一三年二月一日起生效,為期十年,可於到 期時選擇額外續新十年。董事相信,與Royal Asscher合作將會以創新穩健之方式,大大加 強本公司在中國鑽石及高檔珠寶業務之市場 份額,使本集團獲利。

Chairman's Statement

Boucheron, the first renowned top-tier brand that we acquired, has recorded a drop in sales during this financial year at HK\$32.0 million, down 8% from HK\$34.8 million in the previous financial year.

本集團最先取得之著名頂級珠寶品牌 Boucheron於本財政年度之銷售額由上一財政 年度之34,800,000港元減少8%至32,000,000 港元。

After mutual discussion and deliberations, we have prematurely ended our contract in March 2012 with Federico Buccellati, another top-tier branded jewellery. The brand recorded sales of 1 high-end jewelry piece of Federico Buccellati during this financial year.

經雙方討論及研究後,本集團已於二零一二年 三月與另一頂級珠寶品牌Federico Buccellati 提早終止合約。該品牌於本財政年度售出1件 Federico Buccellati高檔珠寶。

Fine Wines Dealerships

Due to the anti-extravagance campaign of the Chinese Government, the overall performance of the fine wines division slowed down in the second half of this financial year. Still, total sales during this financial year reached HK\$114.9 million versus HK\$16.5 million in the last financial year, representing an increase of 598%. Sales of top fine wines, which contributed around 93% of the total sales of the fine wines session, rocketed over 27 times from HK\$3.9 million to HK\$107.2 million during last and this financial year respectively.

名酒分銷

由於中國政府推行反腐倡廉運動,使名酒分 部整體表現於本財政年度下半年放緩。儘管 如此,本財政年度之總銷售額達114,900,000 港元,而上一財政年度則為16,500,000港元, 升幅為598%。頂級名酒銷售佔名酒業務總銷 售額約93%,由上一財政年度之3,900,000港 元急升逾27倍至本財政年度之107,200,000港 元。

However, sales of the Group's private label wine - "Ex-Chateaux"(逸 仕賞度) - launched in collaboration with our partner negociants from Bordeaux, dropped 39% during this financial year to HK\$7.6 million when compared with last financial year.

然而,本集團與波爾多批發商合作夥伴攜手 推出之私釀名酒品牌「Ex-Chateaux(逸仕賞 度)」於本財政年度之銷售額較上一財政年度 下跌39%至7,600,000港元。

Additionally, our investment in wine futures or "En Primeur 2011" was disposed of in the first half of this financial year.

此外,本集團於本財政年度上半年出售於「En Primeur 2011」酒花之投資。

Other Distributorships

其他代理

Buben & Zorweg, a top-notch Austrian manufacturer in Objects of Time, performed well and recorded sales of 16 pieces of high-end products during this financial year.

奧地利頂尖時計(Objects of Time)製造商 Buben & Zorweg於本財政年度售出16件高檔 產品,表現理想。

Chairman's Statement

In January 2013, the Group was appointed a non-exclusive retailer of Bang & Olufsen branded audio and visual consumer electronics products in Wuhan, Wuxi and Chongging; a non-exclusive retailer of B&O PLAY branded audio and visual consumer electronics products in the PRC: a non-exclusive distributor of the B&O PLAY branded audio and visual consumer electronics products to third-party resellers in the PRC; and a non-exclusive retailer and/or distributor of the B&O PLAY branded audio and visual consumer electronics products through online shop(s) in the PRC. There was no record of sales as of 31 March 2013 for both brands. The Group has opened 9 dedicated B&O PLAY stores ("POS") with 6 in Beijing, 1 in Zhengzhou, 1 in Shanghai and 1 in Shijiazhuang subsequent to 31 March 2013. For B&O PLAY, we intend to open not less than 50 POS before the end of 2013.

RECENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROSPECT

On 20 March 2013, the National Development and Reform Commission (NDRC) and Certification and Accreditation Administration of the People's Republic of China (CNAC) issued the document "Interim Measure for Certification Management of Low-carbon Products". By the end of 2015, China aims to lower its energy consumption per unit of GDP by 17%, according to the government's 12th Five-Year Plan (2011-2015). And by 2020, China aims to get 15% of its total energy demand from low-carbon sources. We foresee electric vehicles will getting more popular than fuel vehicles in the coming decade.

Recently, rumors of a luxury tax of 20% on luxury vehicles carrying price tags of at least RMB1.7 million to RMB1.8 million have been appearing across the Chinese media, according to Global Auto Sources, Gasgoo.com issued on 21 May 2013. An official from the China Association of Automobile Manufacturers, who wished to remain anonymous, said that the relevant government departments are currently in the process of formulating the policy. We can see our luxury auto sales would improve in the short term as buyers scrambled to buy before the new tax takes effect.

於二零一三年一月,本集團獲委任為Bang & Olufsen品牌影音消費電子產品在武漢、無錫 及重慶之非獨家零售商;B&O PLAY品牌影音 消費電子產品在中國之非獨家零售商; B&O PLAY品牌影音消費電子產品在中國向第三方 轉售商分銷之非獨家代理商;以及B&O PLAY 品牌影音消費電子產品在中國經營網上商店 之非獨家零售商及/或代理商。截至二零一三 年三月三十一日,上述兩個品牌尚未錄得任何 銷售。本集團於二零一三年三月三十一日後 已開設9間B&O PLAY專賣店(「專賣店」),包 括北京6間、鄭州1間、上海1間、石家莊1間。 本集團計劃於二零一三年底前為B&O PLAY開 設不少於50間專賣店。

最新發展及前景

於二零一三年三月二十日,中華人民共和國 國家發展和改革委員會及國家認證認可監督 管理委員會頒佈《低碳產品認證管理暫行辦 法》。根據政府第十二個五年計劃(二零一一 年至二零一五年),於二零一五年底前,中國 目標將國內生產總值之每單位能源消耗降低 17%。於二零二零年前,中國目標將總能源需 求之15%取自低碳來源。本集團預期未來十年 電能汽車將較燃料汽車更受歡迎。

根據Gasgoo.com於二零一三年五月二十一日 發表之Global Auto Sources,中國媒體近期盛 傳會對售價至少人民幣1,700,000元至人民幣 1,800,000元之豪華轎車徵收20%豪華税。中 國汽車工業協會之匿名人士表示,相關政府 部門現正制訂有關政策。本集團預期由於買 家會急於在新税出台前購買豪華轎車,故相 關銷售將會於短期內上升。

Chairman's Statement

On 5 June 2013, Beijing launched an anti-dumping investigation into European wine imports, a move greeted with alarm in the vineyards of Bordeaux, France. The wine-dumping probe came a day after the European Commission imposed anti-dumping duties on solar panels imported from China. We adopt a wait-and-see attitude towards the possible impact of this anti-dumping investigation on our fine wines division, sales of which are mainly from Bordeaux fine wines since China is Bordeaux's biggest export market accounting for around one in five of the bottles produced in Bordeaux while consumers in China are fond of Bordeaux fine wines.

We are committed to expanding the non-auto businesses, especially because we are optimistic about the potential of the jewelry sector in China. Royal Asscher, one of the jewelry brands under our portfolio, is going to roll out a new business plan to produce diamond jewelry products in China with the brand's craftsmanship and unique engraving technique, so as to create a new product line of "affordable luxury". We have faith that such a plan will enhance our brand's penetration of jewelry business into the China market. At the same time, we will carry out a "litmus test" to expand our presence into second-tier cities apart from Beijing, Shanghai and Tianjin. For B&O, B1 shop will be established in Wuhan as the first step in the foreseeable future, while we intend to open not less than 50 POS by the end of 2013. For Boucheron, additional stores will be established in Beijing, Shanghai and Chengdu.

Additionally, we predict our capital expenditure will be around RMB32 million in the coming financial year, which will be used to realize an upcoming renovation plan for non-auto businesses including watches and jewelry outlets, as well as auto showrooms.

於二零一三年六月五日,北京對歐洲酒類進口產品進行反傾銷調查,觸動法國波爾多各大葡萄莊園神經。酒類傾銷調查在歐盟委員會對從中國進口之太陽能電池板實施反傾銷税。 田展開。鑑於中國為波爾多最大出口市場,每五支產自波爾多之酒類產品便約有一支出口至中國,加上中國消費者鍾愛波爾多名酒,對於此反傾銷調查對旗下名酒分部(其銷售主要來自波爾多名酒)可能造成之影響,本集團將繼續靜觀其變。

本集團致力拓展非汽車業務,尤其是本集團對中國珠寶板塊潛力抱持樂觀態度。本集團旗下珠寶品牌之一Royal Asscher現正推出新業務計劃,以品牌工藝及獨特雕刻技術,在中國生產鑽石珠寶產品,創建「消費得起奢侈品」之新產品線。本集團有信心該計劃將加強該珠寶業務品牌於中國市場之滲透率。同時,本集團將以「試金石」方式將業務擴充至北京、上海及天津以外之二線城市。B&O方面,在可見將來於武漢開設B1店將為頭炮,而本集團計劃於二零一三年底前開設不少於50間專賣店。Boucheron則將於北京、上海及成都開設更多商店。

再者,本集團預期未來一個財政年度之資本 開支將約為人民幣32,000,000元,用以實踐非 汽車業務(包括腕錶及珠寶專賣店)以及汽車 展廳之未來裝修計劃。

Chairman's Statement

In view of the smooth running of the first-ever "Beijing Sparkle Roll Luxury Brands Culture Expo 2012 Fall" ("SR Luxpo 2012") in early September 2012, we organized the very first "Beijing Sparkle Roll Luxury Brands Culture Pinnacle Forum & Distinguished Exhibition 2013 Spring" ("SR Luxfo 2013") held from 23 to 25 May 2013 at Convention Center of Beijing International Hotel. During the Forum, 6 top brands owners appeared as keynote speakers, and many business representatives exchanged views on the luxury brands culture. At the same time, a Distinguished Exhibition also took place to present lots of top brands, including a total of 42 exhibitors from 11 countries all over the world. The purpose of the forum was to act as an interface between luxury brands and elites of the Chinese luxury industry in a very special ambience. It would open up business cooperation and most importantly, complete the conveying of more luxury brands culture from the world to China. On the other hand, it helped fostering a closer relationship between the Group and the media. In addition to the mini Luxpo extended to Chengdu from 21 to 23 October 2012 as reported in the 2012 Interim Report, a Taiyuan, Shanxi Roadshow was held on 22 to 24 April 2013.

Following the SR Luxfo 2013, we are proud to present the Beijing Sparkle Roll Luxury Brands Expo 2013 Fall ("SR Luxpo 2013"), which will be exquisitely held at the China National Convention Center ("CNCC") from 10 to 14 October 2013. The CNCC is located in the renowned Olympic Green district, neighboring the world-famous Birds Nest and Water Cube. It will be a 5-day large-scale exhibition with the theme of in-depth interpretation of high-end, luxury, independent, and niche brands culture.

Looking ahead, the Group is still cautiously optimistic towards the luxury goods markets in the PRC despite the recent crackdown on extravagant spending by the Chinese Government. We will continue adopting a prudent approach to increase our presence and expand our luxury goods market in the PRC.

On this note, the Board has recommended not to offer a final dividend for this financial year. The Group would like to reserve more capital to meet the challenges ahead.

鑑於二零一二年九月初首辦之2012秋季北京 耀萊奢華品牌文化博覽會(「2012耀萊奢博 會」) 圓滿結束, 本集團已於二零一三年五月 二十三日至二十五日假座北京國際飯店會議 中心舉辦首屆「2013春季北京耀萊奢華品牌 文化巔峰論壇暨尊享展」(「2013耀萊奢華論 壇」)。於論壇期間,6個頂級品牌掌舵人以主 講身份現身會場,各業務代表交換有關奢華品 牌文化之意見。與此同時,本集團亦舉辦一個 別開生面之展覽會,推介多個頂級品牌,包括 來自全球11個國家合共42名參展商。論壇旨 在營造獨特氛圍,為奢侈品牌及中國奢侈品 業菁英提供一個接合點,打開業務合作大門, 更重要的是向中國推廣更多世界奢華品牌文 化。另一方面,論壇有助本集團與媒體建立更 緊密關係。除如二零一二年中期報告所述於 二零一二年十月二十一日至二十三日將小型 奢博會巡展伸延至成都外,本集團亦已於二 零一三年四月二十二日至二十四日舉行山西 太原巡展。

於2013耀萊奢華論壇後,本集團隆重呈獻 2013秋季北京耀萊奢華品牌文化博覽會 (「2013耀萊奢博會」),將於二零一三年十月 十日至十四日假座中國國家會議中心(「國家 會議中心」)盛大舉行。國家會議中心位於著 名奧林匹克公園區,與舉世知名之鳥巢及水 立方為鄰。2013耀萊奢博會將為歷時五天之 大型博覽會,主題是深入剖析高檔奢侈獨立 及頂尖品牌文化。

展望將來,儘管中國政府近日打擊鋪張耗費, 本集團對中國奢侈品市場仍抱持審慎樂觀態 度。本集團將繼續審慎地提升其市場地位,並 擴大於中國奢侈品市場所佔份額。

有見及此,董事會建議不派發本財政年度之 末期股息。本集團有意保留更多資金迎接未 來挑戰。

主席報告 Chairman's Statement

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We would like to thank our dedicated team, board members and staff members amid the challenges and competitive global environment during the year. Given the cautiously optimistic outlook for the luxury goods market in the PRC as well as our vision, we are confident that we will generate profitable returns to our shareholders in future.

致謝

本集團謹此感謝竭盡所能之團隊、董事會成員及各員工,年內與本集團在全球充滿挑戰和競爭之環境下共渡時艱。儘管如此,鑑於中國奢侈品市場前景審慎樂觀,加上本集團之遠見,本集團有信心可於未來為股東帶來豐碩回報。

Tong Kai Lap

Chairman

Hong Kong, 20 June 2013

主席

唐啟立

香港,二零一三年六月二十日

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013.

董事謹此提呈本集團截至二零一三年三月 三十一日止年度之年報及經審核財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. Details of the principal activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 17 to the financial statements. Its subsidiaries were principally engaged in trading of luxury automobiles, watches, jewellery in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") (excluding Hong Kong and Macau) and trading of fine wines in the PRC.

主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。主要附屬公司之 主要業務詳情載於財務報表附註17。其附屬 公司主要於中華人民共和國(「中國」)(不包 括香港及澳門)從事豪華轎車、名貴腕錶及頂 級珠寶貿易以及於中國從事名酒貿易業務。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013 of approximately HK\$3,015.6 million represented an decrease of approximately 32% compared to approximately HK\$4,427.4 million recorded in the corresponding period of last year. The significant decrease in turnover was attributable to the significant decrease of luxury automobile sales, the profit for the year was of approximately HK\$66.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2013, as compared with a net profit of approximately HK\$213.7 million for the last financial year.

財務回顧

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團之收益約為3,015,600,000港元,較去年同 期錄得之約4,427,400,000港元減少約32%。 營業額顯著減少是由於豪華汽車銷售大減, 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度錄得約 66,000,000港元之溢利,而上個財政年度則錄 得純利約213,700,000港元。

At 31 March 2013, the Group maintained cash at banks and in hand of approximately HK\$273.9 million (2012: HK\$130.4 million), short-term borrowings of approximately HK\$547.8 million (2012: HK\$208.4 million) and long-term borrowings of approximately HK\$40 million (2012: HK\$56 million). The Group had sufficient financial resources and will continue to finance its business development by internal resources and borrowings.

於二零一三年三月三十一日,本集團維 持銀行及手頭現金約有273,900,000港元 (二零一二年:130,400,000港元)、短期 借貸約547,800,000港元(二零一二年: 208,400,000港元)及長期借貸約40,000,000 港元(二零一二年:56,000,000港元)。本集 團擁有充裕財務資源,並將繼續透過內部資 源及借貸提供業務發展所需融資。

DIVIDEND

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2013 (2012: HK0.3 cent), while interim dividend of HK0.2 cent per share (2012: HK0.5 cent per share) had been distributed.

股息

董事不建議派發截至二零一三年三月三十一 日止年度之末期股息(二零一二年:0.3港 仙),而已分派之中期股息為每股0.2港仙(二 零一二年:每股0.5港仙)。

OPERATIONAL REVIEW

Automobile Dealerships

During this financial year, 351 units of Bentley automobiles (2012: 487 units), 47 units of Lamborghini automobiles (2012: 79 units) and 153 units of Rolls-Royce automobiles (2012: 271 units) were sold. Total revenue of approximately HK\$2,645.7 million was generated from sales of automobiles compared to HK\$4,106.3 million in last year. The gross profit margin for automobiles was 5%, a decrease of around 3% on overall basis as a result of keen competition and increase in purchase cost from manufacturers.

Moreover, after-sale services generated services income of approximately HK\$95.1 million compared to HK\$80.9 million in last year.

Watch Distributorships

During the year, 81 pieces of Richard Mille (2012: 150 pieces), 40 pieces of DeWitt (2012: 102 pieces), 189 pieces of Parmigiani (2012: 319 pieces) and one piece of deLaCour (2012: nil) were sold.

Sales of watches generated revenue of approximately HK\$125.3 million compared to HK\$188.0 million in last year. Management believe that decrease of 33% in sales revenue of watches was mainly due to keen competition in Beijing, Tianjin and Shanghai and less revenues generated from our cross-selling campaign to our car owners.

Jewellery Distributorships

During the year, 442 pieces of Boucheron jewelleries (2012: 359 pieces), 26 pieces of Royal Asscher jewelleries (2012: 9 pieces) and one piece of Federico Buccellati jewelleries (2012: 10 pieces) were sold. Sales of jewelleries generated revenue of approximately HK\$34.6 million compared to HK\$35.9 million in last year, representing a decrease of 3%. Both Boucheron and Royal Asscher had opened their stores in Beijing Sparkle Roll Luxury World (China Headquarter), Beijing Sparkle Roll Luxury World (Hua Mao) and Tianjin Sparkle Roll Luxury World.

營運回顧

汽車分銷

本財政年度售出351輛(二零一二年:487輛)賓利汽車、47輛(二零一二年:79輛)蘭博基尼汽車及153輛(二零一二年:271輛)勞斯萊斯汽車。來自汽車銷售之收益總額約為2,645,700,000港元,而去年之數額則為4,106,300,000港元。由於競爭激烈,加上向製造商採購汽車之成本上升,故汽車之毛利率為5%,整體下跌約3%。

此外,售後服務產生之服務收入約為 95,100,000港元,而去年則為80,900,000港元。

腕錶代理

年內售出81件 (二零一二年:150件) Richard Mille 腕 錶、40件 (二零一二年:102件) DeWitt腕 錶、189件 (二零一二年:319件) Parmigiani腕 錶 及一件 (二零一二年:零件) deLaCour腕 錶。

腕錶銷售產生約125,300,000港元之收益,而去年則為188,000,000港元。管理層相信,腕錶銷售收益減少33%之主要原因為北京、天津及上海之競爭熾熱以及向本集團車主進行交叉銷售之收益減少。

珠寶代理

年內售出442件(二零一二年:359件) Boucheron珠寶、26件(二零一二年:9件) Royal Asscher珠寶及一件(二零一二年: 10件)Federico Buccellati珠寶。珠寶銷售產 生之收益約為34,600,000港元,而去年則為 35,900,000港元,減幅為3%。Boucheron及 Royal Asscher在北京耀萊新天地(中國總 部)、北京耀萊新天地(華貿店)及天津耀萊 新天地均設有商店。

Fine Wines Distributorship

During the year, 47,553 bottles (2012: 75,476 bottles) of fine wines including 12,899 bottles (2012: 372 bottles) of top fine wine were sold.

NUMBER AND REMUNERATION OF **EMPLOYEES**

As at 31 March 2013, the Group had 428 (2012: 348) employees. Staff costs (including directors' emoluments) charged to profit or loss amounted to approximately HK\$44.7 million for the year (2012: HK\$45.2 million). All permanent employees were under the remuneration policy of fixed monthly salary with discretionary bonus.

A new share option scheme was adopted by the Company on 20 August 2012.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group's total assets as at 31 March 2013 were approximately HK\$2,373.3 million (2012: HK\$1,922.9 million) which were mainly financed by the owners' equity and total liabilities of approximately HK\$1,605.5 million (2012: HK\$1,452.2 million) and HK\$727.8 million (2012: HK\$465.9 million) respectively.

The Directors consider the Group will have sufficient working capital for its existing operations and financial resources for financing future business expansion and capital expenditures.

The Group's bank balances and cash were mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and Renminbi ("RMB").

The Group enters into foreign currency forward contracts primarily for hedging its purchases that are mainly denominated in Euro. At 31 March 2013, the Group recognised foreign currency forward contracts with a fair value of approximately HK\$0.2 million liabilities (2012: HK\$3.2 million assets) as derivative financial instruments.

名酒代理

年內共售出47.553瓶(二零一二年:75.476 瓶)名酒,當中包括12.899瓶(二零一二年: 372瓶) 頂級名酒。

僱員人數及薪酬

於二零一三年三月三十一日,本集團共有 428名(二零一二年:348名)僱員。本年度於 損益扣除之員工成本(包括董事酬金)約為 44,700,000港元(二零一二年:45,200,000港 元)。所有長期僱員均按照薪酬政策支取固定 月薪,另加酌情發放之花紅。

本公司於二零一二年八月二十日採納一項新 購股權計劃。

流動資金及財務資源

於二零一三年三月三十一日,本集團之 總資產約為2,373,300,000港元(二零 一二年:1,922,900,000港元),主要以 約1,605,500,000港元(二零一二年: 1,452,200,000港元)之擁有人權益及 約727,800,000港元(二零一二年: 465,900,000港元)之總負債融資。

董事認為,本集團具備充裕營運資金,足以應 付其現時業務所需,且具備充裕財務資源,可 為日後業務拓展及資本開支提供所需資金。

本集團之銀行結餘及現金均主要以港元及人 民幣計值。

本集團訂立主要以歐元計值之外幣遠期合 約,主要旨在為採購進行對沖。於二零一三 年三月三十一日,本集團已確認負債公允值 約為200,000港元(二零一二年:資產公允值 3,200,000港元)之外幣遠期合約為衍生金融 工具。

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Group's gearing ratio then computed as total borrowings over the total equity was approximately 35.7% as at 31 March 2013 (2012: 18.1%).

EXPOSURE TO FOREIGN EXCHANGE

The revenue of the Group is mainly denominated in HK\$ and RMB while the purchases and production cost are mainly denominated in Euro, Swiss Franc, HK\$ and RMB.

For this year, the Group was mainly exposed to foreign currency exchange risk of Euro, Swiss Franc and RMB and the management mainly monitored the foreign currency exchange risk with advices from the Group's major bankers.

CHARGES ON ASSETS

As at 31 March 2013, bank deposits and inventories of the Group with an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$95.9 million (2012: HK\$39.1 million) and HK\$360.5 million (2012: HK\$49.4 million) respectively were pledged to secure borrowings of the Group and general banking facilities granted to the Group.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 March 2013, the largest and the top five suppliers of the Group accounted for 47.9% and 96.8% of the Group's total purchases respectively. The largest and the top five customers of the Group accounted for less than 10% of the Group's total revenue.

At no time during the year did a director, an associate of a director or a shareholder of the Company (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) have a beneficial interest in any of the Group's five largest suppliers or customers during the year.

資本架構

於二零一三年三月三十一日,本集團之資本 負債比率(按總借貸除以權益總額計算)約為 35.7%(二零一二年:18.1%)。

外匯風險

本集團之收益主要以港元及人民幣計值,而 採購及生產成本則主要以歐元、瑞士法郎、港 元及人民幣計值。

於本年度內,本集團主要承受與歐元、瑞士法郎及人民幣有關之外幣匯兑風險,而管理層主要根據本集團之主要往來銀行之意見監察外幣匯兑風險。

資產抵押

於二零一三年三月三十一日,本集團已抵押總值分別約95,900,000港元(二零一二年:39,100,000港元)及360,500,000港元(二零一二年:49,400,000港元)之銀行存款及存貨,以取得本集團之借貸及獲授之一般銀行融資。

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團最大及五大供應商佔本集團之總採購額之 47.9%及96.8%。本集團最大及五大客戶佔本 集團之總收益均少於10%。

本公司各董事、董事之聯繫人士或股東(據董事所知擁有本公司股本5%以上)於年內任何時間概無擁有本集團年內五大供應商或客戶之任何實益權益。

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on pages 54 and 55.

An interim dividend of HK0.2 cent per share amounting to approximately HK\$5.69 million was paid to shareholders during the year. No final dividend was proposed in respect of the year.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 61 and 62 and note 32 to the financial statements respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

In addition to retained profits, under the Bermuda Companies Act, the contributed surplus account of the Company is also available for distribution to its shareholders. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if:

- it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

In the opinion of the directors, the distributable reserve accounts comprise the reserves of the Company of approximately HK\$6,820,000 (2012: HK\$25,980,000) in surplus.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements during the year in the share capital of the Company are set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

業績及分派

本集團截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 之業績載於第54及55頁之綜合全面收入報表

年內,股東已獲派付中期股息每股0.2港仙, 合共約5,690,000港元。本公司董事不擬就本 年度派發末期股息。

儲備

本集團及本公司儲備於年內之變動詳情分別 載於第61及62頁之綜合股本權益變動表及財 務報表附註32。

可供分派儲備

根據百慕達公司法,除保留溢利外,本公司之 繳入盈餘賬亦可供分派予其股東。然而,倘發 生以下情況,則本公司不得從繳入盈餘中宣 派或支付股息或作出分派:

- 本公司無法或在付款後未能償還到期債 務;或
- 本公司資產之可變現價值將會因此而低 於其負債、已發行股本及股份溢價賬之 總和。

董事認為,可供分派儲備賬包括本公司儲 備盈餘約6,820,000港元(二零一二年: 25,980,000港元)。

股本

本公司股本於年內之變動詳情載於財務報表 附註31。

BORROWINGS

Particulars of borrowings of the Group as at 31 March 2013 are set out in note 29 to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on page 176.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements during the year in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 16 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS AND SERVICE CONTRACTS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive directors:

Mr. Tong Kai Lap Mr. Zheng Hao Jiang Mr. Zhao Xiao Dong

Non-executive directors:

Mr. Gao Yu Mr. Qi Jian Wei Mr. Zhang Si Jian

Independent non-executive directors:

Mr. Choy Sze Chung, Jojo Mr. Lam Kwok Cheong Mr. Lee Thomas Kang Bor

借貸

本集團於二零一三年三月三十一日之借貸詳 情載於財務報表附註29。

財務概要

本集團之業績及資產與負債於過去五個財政 年度之概要載於第176頁。

物業、機器及設備

本集團之物業、機器及設備於年內之變動詳 情載於財務報表附註16。

董事及服務合約

年內及截至本報告刊發日期止,本公司之董 事如下:

執行董事:

唐啟立先生 鄭浩江先生 趙小東先生

非執行董事:

高煜先生 綦建偉先生 張思堅先生

獨立非執行董事:

蔡思聰先生 林國昌先生 李鏡波先生

In accordance with bye-laws 86(2B) of the Company's Bye-laws, any director appointed during the year will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and are eligible for re-election.

根據本公司之公司細則第86(2B)條之規定,年內獲委任之任何董事將於應屆股東週年大會上任滿告退,並符合資格可膺選連任。

In accordance with bye-laws 87(1) of the Company's Bye-laws, every director should be subject to retirement by rotation at the annual general meeting at least once every three years and are eligible for re-election.

根據本公司之公司細則第87(1)條之規定,每 位董事須最少三年一次於股東週年大會上輪 值告退,並符合資格可膺選連任。

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company or its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事概 無與本公司或其附屬公司訂立本集團不可於 一年內免付補償(法定補償除外)予以終止之 服務合約。

The term of office of each independent non-executive director is the period of two years and renewable for one year up to his retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's Bye-laws.

各獨立非執行董事之任期為兩年,另可延續 一年,直至彼根據本公司之公司細則之規定 輪值告退為止。

In accordance with bye-laws 87(1) of the Company's Bye-laws, Mr. Zheng Hao Jiang, Mr. Zhang Si Jian, Mr. Lam Kwok Cheong will retire by rotation and, being eligible, for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

根據本公司之公司細則第87(1)條之規定,鄭 浩江先生、張思堅先生及林國昌先生將輪值 告退及符合資格於應屆股東週年大會上膺選 連任。

Details of directors' emoluments are set out in note 11 to the financial statements.

董事酬金詳情載於財務報表附註11。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND MANAGEMENTS

董事及管理層人員之履歷

Brief biographical details of directors and managements are set out in pages 47 to 51.

董事及管理層人員之履歷概要載於第47至51 頁。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

董事於重要合約之權益

Except as disclosed in note 39 and elsewhere in the financial statements, no contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

除財務報表附註39及其他部分所披露者外, 於年終或年內任何時間,概無存在由本公司 或其任何附屬公司所訂立且本公司董事於其 中直接或間接擁有重大利益之重要合約。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND CONVERTIBLE NOTES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

董事於本公司及其相聯法團之股 份、相關股份及可換股票據之權益

At 31 March 2013, the interests of the directors and their associates in the shares and convertible notes of the Company and its associated corporations, as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"), or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies, were as follows:

於二零一三年三月三十一日,各董事及彼等之聯繫人士於本公司及其相聯法團之股份及可換股票據中擁有本公司根據證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條而存置之登記冊所記錄,或根據上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則須另行知會本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之權益如下:

Long position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

Name of director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of issued ordinary shares held 持有已發行 普通股數目	Number of underlying shares* 相關股份數目*	Total long position 好倉總計	Percentage of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本百分比
Mr. Tong Kai Lap ("Mr. Tong") 唐啟立先生(「唐先生」)	Founder of discretionary trust 全權信託創立人	10,274,400	-	10,274,400	0.34% (Note 1) (附註1)
Mr. Tong 唐先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	9,760,000	_	9,760,000	0.33% (Note 1) (附註1)
Mr. Zheng Hao Jiang 鄭浩江先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	10,640,000	-	10,640,000	0.36%
Mr. Zhang Si Jian 張思堅先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	5,000,000	5,000,000	0.17%
Mr. Choy Sze Chung, Jojo 蔡思聰先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,000,000	1,504,000	2,504,000	0.08%
Mr. Lam Kwok Cheong 林國昌先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	4,000	596,000	600,000	0.02%
Mr. Lee Thomas Kang Bor 李鏡波先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,256,000	1,248,000	2,504,000	0.08%

^{*} representing balance of share options held on 31 March 2013 (details in Note 34 to the Financial Statements) while all directors' share options lapsed on 14 April 2013

^{*} 相當於二零一三年三月三十一日所持購股權 結餘(詳情載於財務報表附註34),惟所有董 事購股權已於二零一三年四月十四日失效

董事會報告

Report of the Directors

Notes:

- Interest in the issued shares shown in this row is beneficially owned (1) by Rapid Alert International Limited, a company controlled by a discretionary trust of which Mr. Tong is the founder. Accordingly, Mr. Tong is deemed to be interested in these shares. The total interests of issued shares of Mr. Tong are 20,034,400 shares or approximately 0.67% of issued share capital of the Company.
- The denominator used is 2,979,828,850 shares, being the total number of shares in issue as at 31 March 2013.
- Other than as disclosed above and in the section headed "Share (3)Options" below, none of the directors nor their associates has any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or convertible notes of the Company or any of its associated corporations as at 31 March 2013. Particulars of the scheme and the movements in the share options during the year were set out in note 34 to the financial statements.

SHARE OPTIONS

The Company's existing share option schemes (the "Scheme") were adopted pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at a general meeting of the Company held on 7 October 2002 and 20 August 2012 respectively.

附註:

- 本行所示之已發行股份權益由唐先生為創 (1) 立人之全權信託所控制之公司Rapid Alert International Limited實益擁有。因此, 唐先生 被視為於此等股份中擁有權益。唐先生合共 擁有20,034,400股已發行股份(或本公司已 發行股本約0.67%)之權益。
- 所用分母為2,979,828,850股股份,即於二零 一三年三月三十一日之已發行股份總數。
- 除上文及下文「購股權」一節所披露者外,於 二零一三年三月三十一日,各董事或彼等之 聯繫人士概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團之 任何股份、相關股份或可換股票據中擁有任 何權益或淡倉。該計劃詳情及購股權於年內 之變動載於財務報表附註34。

購股權

本公司現行購股權計劃(「該計劃」)乃根據本 公司分別於二零零二年十月七日及二零一二 年八月二十日舉行之股東大會上通過之普通 決議案採納。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 March 2013, the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO shows that, other than the interests disclosed above in respect of certain directors, the following shareholders had notified the Company of relevant interests in the issued share capital of the Company:

主要股東

於二零一三年三月三十一日,按本公司根據 證券及期貨條例第336條之規定存置之主要股 東登記冊所示,除上文所披露若干董事之權 益外,下列股東已知會本公司彼等於本公司 已發行股本中所擁有之相關權益:

Long position in the shares of the Company

於本公司股份之好倉

Name of shareholder 股東姓名/名稱	Capacity 身份	Number of shares 股份數目	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本百分比 (Note 4) (附註4)
Substantial shareholders 主要股東			
Sparkle Roll Holdings Limited ("SRHL") 耀萊控股有限公司(「耀萊控股」)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	843,440,000	28.30%
Mr. Qi Jian Hong ("Mr. Qi") (Note 1)	Held by controlled corporation and beneficial owner	848,400,000	28.47%
綦建虹先生(「綦先生」)(附註1)	由控制法團持有及實益擁有人		
Ms. Zhu Shuang ("Ms. Zhu") (Note 1) 朱爽女士 (「朱女士」)(附註1)	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	848,400,000	28.47%
Sequoia Capital China Growth Fund I, L.P. (Note 2)	Beneficial owner	209,328,000	7.02%
Sequoia Capital China Growth Fund I, L.P. (附註2)	實益擁有人		
Mr. Shen Nanpeng (Note 2) 沈南鵬先生(附註2)	Interest of controlled corporation 控制法團權益	240,000,000	8.05%

			Percentage of the issued
Name of shareholder	Capacity	Number of shares	share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行
股東姓名/名稱	身份	股份數目	股本百分比 (Note 4) (附註4)
SNP China Enterprises Limited (Note 2)	Interest of controlled corporation	240,000,000	8.05%
SNP China Enterprises Limited (附註2)	控制法團權益		
SC China Holding Limited (Note 2) SC China Holding Limited (附註2)	Interest of controlled corporation 控制法團權益	240,000,000	8.05%
Sequoia Capital China Advisors Limited (Note 2)	Investment manager	240,000,000	8.05%
Sequoia Capital China Advisors Limited (附註2)	投資經理		
Sequoia Capital China Growth Fund Management I, L.P. (Note 2)	Interest of controlled corporation	240,000,000	8.05%
Sequoia Capital China Growth Fund Management I, L.P. (附註2)	控制法團權益		
Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, Inc. (Note 3)	Interest of controlled corporation	300,000,000	10.07%
Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, Inc. (附註3)	控制法團權益		
Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III Holdings (Cayman) Limited (Note 3)	Interest of controlled corporation	300,000,000	10.07%
Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III Holdings (Cayman) Limited (附註3)	控制法團權益		

Name of shareholder	Capacity	Number of shares	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行
股東姓名/名稱	身份	股份數目	股本百分比 (Note 4) (附註4)
Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, L.L.C. (Note 3) Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, L.L.C. (附註3)	Interest of controlled corporation 控制法團權益	300,000,000	10.07%
Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, L.P. (Note 3) Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, L.P. (附註3)	Interest of controlled corporation 控制法團權益	300,000,000	10.07%
MSPEA III Holdings Cooperatief U.A. (Note 3) MSPEA III Holdings	Interest of controlled corporation 控制法團權益	300,000,000	10.07%
Cooperatief U.A. (附註3) MSPEA Luxury Holding B.V. (Note 3) MSPEA Luxury Holding B.V. (附註3)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	300,000,000	10.07%

董事會報告

Report of the Directors

Notes:

- (1) SRHL is a company wholly owned by Mr. Qi. Accordingly, Mr. Qi is deemed to be beneficial holder of shares held by SRHL. Ms. Zhu is wife of Mr. Qi. Accordingly, Ms. Zhu is deemed to be beneficial holders of shares held by SRHL and Mr. Qi.
- Seguoia Capital China Growth Fund Management I, L.P. is interested in 240,000,000 Shares representing approximately 8.05% of the Company's issued share capital, of which (i) 209,328,000 Shares (7.02%) is held by Sequoia Capital China Growth Fund I, L.P., (ii) 4,992,000 Shares (0.17%) is held by Sequoia Capital China Growth Partners Fund I, L.P. and (iii) 25,680,000 Shares (0.86%) is held by Seguoia Capital China GF Principals Fund I, L.P.. Seguoia Capital China Growth Fund I, L.P., Sequoia Capital China Growth Partners Fund I, L.P. and Sequoia Capital China GF Principals Fund I, L.P. (collectively "SCC Growth Funds") are managed by Sequoia Capital China Advisors Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The SCC Growth Funds' general partner is Sequoia Capital China Growth Fund Management I, L.P., whose general partner is SC China Holding Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. SC China Holding Limited is wholly owned by SNP China Enterprises Limited, a company wholly owned by Mr. Shen Nanpeng (also known as "Neil Nanpeng Shen") ("Mr. Shen"). Mr. Shen disclaims beneficial ownership with respect to the shares held by the SCC Growth Funds except to the extent of his pecuniary interest therein because he is not ultimate owner that owns these shares. Each of Sequoia Capital China Advisors Limited, Sequoia Capital China Growth Fund Management I, L.P., SC China Holding Limited and SNP China Enterprises Limited is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by the SCC Growth Funds.

附註:

- 耀萊控股為由綦先生全資擁有之公司,因此, (1) 綦先生被視為耀萊控股所持股份之實益持有 人。朱女士為綦先生之妻子,因此,朱女士被 視為耀萊控股及綦先生所持股份之實益持有
 - Sequoia Capital China Growth Fund Management I, L.P.於240,000,000股股份 (佔本公司已發行股本約8.05%)中擁有 權益,其中(i) 209,328,000股股份(7.02%) L.P.持有;(ii) 4.992.000股股份(0.17%)由 Sequoia Capital China Growth Partners Fund I, L.P.持有;及(iii) 25,680,000股股 份(0.86%)由Sequoia Capital China GF Principals Fund I, L.P.持有。Sequoia Capital China Growth Fund I, L.P. Sequoia Capital China Growth Partners Fund I, L.P.及 Sequoia Capital China GF Principals Fund I, L.P. (統稱為「SCC成長基金」)乃由Seguoia Capital China Advisors Limited (一間於開曼 群島註冊成立之公司)管理。SCC成長基金之 普通合夥人為Seguoia Capital China Growth Fund Management I, L.P., 而Sequoia Capital China Growth Fund Management I, L.P.之普通合夥人為SC China Holding Limited (一間於開曼群島註冊成立之公司)。 SC China Holding Limited由SNP China Enterprises Limited全資擁有,而SNP China Enterprises Limited為一間由沈南鵬先生(亦 稱為「Neil Nanpeng Shen」)(「沈先生」)全 資擁有之公司。由於沈先生並非擁有SCC成 長基金所持有股份之最終擁有人,故彼否認 擁有該等股份之實益擁有權,惟彼於其中之 金錢利益除外。因此, Sequoia Capital China Advisors Limited Sequoia Capital China Growth Fund Management I, L.P. SC China Holding Limited及SNP China Enterprises Limited各自被視為於SCC成長基金所持有股 份中擁有權益。

董事會報告

Report of the Directors

- (3) MSPEA Luxury Holding B.V. ("MSPEA") is interested in 300,000,000 Shares representing approximately 10.07% of the Company's issued share capital. MSPEA, a limited liability company incorporated in the Netherlands and under Dutch law, is indirectly controlled by Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, L.P. (the "MSPEA III") (through its control of Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III Holdings (Cayman) Limited and MSPEA III Holdings Cooperatief U.A.), a fund managed by the private equity arm of Morgan Stanley. The general partner of MSPEA III is Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, L.L.C., the managing member of which is Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley. Each of MSPEA III Holdings Cooperatief U.A., Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III Holdings (Cayman) Limited, MSPEA III, Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, L.L.C. and Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, L.L.C. and Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, Inc. is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by MSPEA.
- (4) Other than as disclosed above, the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO discloses no person as having a notifiable interest or short position in the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 March 2013.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2013, the Directors were not aware of any other person (other than the Directors and the chief executive of the Company) who had, or was deemed to have, interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares (including any interests in options in respect of such capital), which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or who was directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of the Group.

- MSPEA Luxury Holding B.V. ([MSPEA]) 於300,000,000股股份(佔本公司已發行股 本約10.07%)中擁有權益。MSPEA(於荷 蘭並根據荷蘭法律註冊成立之有限公司) 乃由摩根士丹利之私募股權部所管理之基 金Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, L.P.(「MSPEA III」)透過其所控制之Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III Holdings (Cayman) Limited及MSPEA III Holdings Cooperatief U.A.間接控制。MSPEA III之普通 合夥人為Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, L.L.C.(其管理成員公司為摩根士丹利之 全資附屬公司Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, Inc.)。因此, MSPEA III Holdings Cooperatief U.A. Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III Holdings (Cayman) Limited MSPEA III Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, L.L.C.及Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia III, Inc.各自被視為於MSPEA持有 之股份中擁有權益。
- (4) 除上文所披露者外,於二零一三年三月 三十一日,按本公司根據證券及期貨條例第 336條之規定存置之主要股東登記冊所披露, 並無任何人士在本公司已發行股本中擁有須 予公佈之權益或淡倉。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一三年三月三十一日,董事概不知悉有任何其他人士(董事及本公司主要行政人員除外)於股份或相關股份中擁有或被視為擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文須向本公司及聯交所披露之權益或淡倉(包括於有關股本之購股權之任何權益),或直接或間接擁有於所有情況下附帶權利可於本集團任何成員公司之股東大會上投票之任何類別股本面值5%或以上之權益。

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than as disclosed in the section headed "Share Options" above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the directors of the Company are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market information.

The Company has adopted a share option share scheme as an incentive to directors and eligible employees.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive directors are independent.

購買股份或債券之安排

除上文「購股權」一節所披露者外,於年內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何安排,致使本公司董事可藉收購本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲益。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市 證券

本公司及其任何附屬公司於年內概無購買、 出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

優先購買權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法律並無有關優 先購買權之規定,規定本公司須按現有股東 之持股比例向彼等發售新股份。

薪酬政策

本集團員工之薪酬政策乃由薪酬委員會基於 彼等之表現、資歷及能力制訂。

本公司董事之薪酬乃由薪酬委員會經考慮本 公司之經營業績、個人表現及可比較市場資 料後釐定。

本公司已採納一項購股權計劃以獎勵董事及 合資格僱員。

獨立非執行董事之獨立性確認書

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事遵照聯交所 證券上市規則第3.13條就其獨立性所呈交之 年度確認書。本公司認為全體獨立非執行董 事均屬獨立人士。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the completeness and accuracy of disclosures of continuing connected transactions ("CCT") and the Company's compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") in respect of such transactions.

During the year, the independent non-executive directors of the listed issuer had reviewed all CCT, as shown on pages 30 to 33 and confirm in this annual report and accounts that the transactions have been entered into:

- (1) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; and
- (2) on normal commercial terms; and
- (3) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the listed issuer as a whole.

On 31 May 2013, BDO Limited, the auditor of the Company had also provided a letter to the Board of Directors of the Company, confirming that all CCT:

- (1) had received the approval of the listed issuer's board of directors;
- (2) were in accordance with the pricing policies of the listed issuer if the transactions involve provision of goods or services by the listed issuer;
- (3) had been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the transactions; and
- (4) have not exceeded the cap disclosed in previous announcements.

持續關連交易

本公司董事就持續關連交易披露事項之完整 性及準確性以及本公司就該等交易遵守香港 聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規 則」)負責。

年內,上市發行人之獨立非執行董事已審閱 第30至33頁所示之所有持續關連交易,並於 本年報確認及説明,該等交易乃:

- (1) 於本集團日常及一般業務過程中訂立; 及
- (2) 按正常商業條款訂立;及
- (3) 按照規管該等交易且條款屬公平合理並符合上市發行人股東整體利益之相關協議訂立。

於二零一三年五月三十一日,本公司核數師 香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司亦已向 本公司董事會提供一份函件,確認所有持續 關連交易:

- (1) 已獲上市發行人之董事會批准;
- (2) 乃符合上市發行人之定價政策(倘交易 涉及上市發行人提供貨品或服務);
- (3) 已按照規管該等交易之相關協議訂立: 及
- (4) 未有超出過往公佈中披露之上限。

RMO Agreement

On 31 December 2010, Beijing De Te Motors Trading Limited ("BJDT"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an office rental, management fees and office expenses agreement ("RMO Agreement") with Ms. Zhu, spouse of Mr. Qi, the largest substantial shareholder of the Company, for a term commencing from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2013, in respect of the office rental, management fees and office expenses with Ms. Zhu and subject to an annual cap of RMB1,860,000.

As Beijing Sparkle Roll Luxury World (China Headquarter) including office spaces has been in full operations In September 2012, the RMO Agreement with Ms. Zhu was terminated by mutual agreement with effect from 30 September 2012 as disclosed in Interim Report of the Company. There was no compensation required according to the mutual agreement.

For the year ended 31 March 2013, the total rental charges paid by BJDT to Ms. Zhu amounted to RMB930,000 or approximately HK\$1,126,000.

Showroom Rental Agreement

On 31 December 2010, Tianjin Xin Chang Tai Fu Trading Development Limited ("TJXC"), an indirect subsidiary of the Company, entered into a showroom rental agreement ("Showroom Rental Agreement") with Mr. Qi, the largest substantial shareholder of the Company, for a term commencing from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2013, in respect of the office rental, management fees and office expenses with Mr. Qi and subject to an annual cap of RMB2,640,000.

A supplemental agreement (the "Supplemental Agreement") entered between TJXC and Mr. Qi dated 30 June 2011 for extension of the duration of Showroom Rental Agreement from its original terms of 3 years from 1 January 2011 inclusive to 10 years from 1 January 2011 inclusive.

For the year ended 31 March 2013, the total rental charge paid by TJXC to Mr. Qi amounted to RMB2,640,000 or approximately HK\$3,222,000.

辦公室租賃管理協議

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本公司間接全 資附屬公司北京德特汽車貿易有限公司(「北 京德特1)與本公司最大主要股東綦先生之配 偶朱女士就與朱女士之辦公室租賃、管理費用 及辦公室開支訂立辦公室租賃管理協議(「辦 公室租賃管理協議」),由二零一一年一月一 日起至二零一三年十二月三十一日止,年度 上限為人民幣1,860,000元。

由於北京耀萊新天地(中國總部)所包括之辦 公室空間已於二零一二年九月全面運作,故 如本公司之中期報告所披露,與朱女士之間 的辦公室租賃管理協議於由二零一二年九月 三十日起經相互協定終止。根據相互協定,毋 須作出任何賠償。

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,北 京德特已付朱女士之租金支出總額為人民幣 930,000元或約1,126,000港元。

展廳租賃協議

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本公司間接附 屬公司天津信昌泰富貿易發展有限公司(「天 津信昌」)與本公司最大主要股東綦先生就與 綦先生之辦公室租賃、管理費用及辦公室開 支訂立展廳租賃協議(「展廳租賃協議」), 由二零一一年一月一日起至二零一三年十二 月三十一日止,年度上限為人民幣2,640,000 元。

於二零一一年六月三十日,天津信昌與綦先生 訂立補充協議(「補充協議」),以將展廳租賃 協議之期限由原先自二零一一年一月一日起 為期三年(包括首尾兩天)延長至自二零一一 年一月一日起為期十年(包括首尾兩天)。

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,天 津信昌已付綦先生之租金支出總額為人民幣 2,640,000元或約3,222,000港元。

Beijing Leasing Agreement I

On 30 June 2011, Sparkle Roll Xin Tian Di Commerce Development Limited ("SRXTD"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a lease agreement ("Beijing Leasing Agreement I") with Mr. Qi, the largest substantial shareholder of the Company, for a 10-year term, from 1 July 2011 to 30 June 2021, for leasing a portion of warehouse for exhibition purpose, of a portion of warehouse having a gross floor area of approximately 2,150 square meter at portions of Basement Level 1 of Tower A and B, No.40 Xinfu 2nd Village, Choyang District, Beijing, the PRC.

For the year ended 31 March 2013, the total rental charge paid by SRXTD to Mr. Qi amounted to RMB6,840,000 or approximately HK\$8,348,000.

An agreement entered among SRXTD and SRRND, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, dated 6 July 2011 that the tenant of the Beijing Leasing Agreement I transferred from SRXTD to SRRND, with the same agreement terms.

Beijing Leasing Agreement II

On 30 June 2011, Beijing Mei He Zhen Yong Motors Trading Limited ("BJMH"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a lease agreement ("Beijing Leasing Agreement II") with Mr. Qi, the largest substantial shareholder of the Company, for a 10-year term, from 1 July 2011 to 30 June 2021, for leasing a showroom for luxury automobiles dealership business, of a portion of showroom having a gross floor area of approximately 1,135 square meter at portions of Level 1 of Tower A, No.40 Xinfu 2nd Village, Choyang District, Beijing, the PRC.

For the year ended 31 March 2013, the total rental charge paid by BJMH to Mr. Qi amounted to RMB11,040,000 or approximately HK\$13,474,000.

An agreement entered among BJMH and SRRND, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, dated 6 July 2011 that the tenant of the Beijing Leasing Agreement II transferred from BJMH to SRRND, with the same agreement terms.

北京租賃協議Ⅰ

於二零一一年六月三十日,本公司間接全資附屬公司北京耀萊新天地商業發展有限公司(「SRXTD」)與本公司最大主要股東綦先生訂立租賃協議(「北京租賃協議I」),自二零一一年七月一日起至二零二一年六月三十日止為期十年,以租用中國北京市朝陽區幸福二村40號樓A座及B座地下1層之倉庫部分面積(總樓面面積約2,150平方米)作展覽用途。

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度, SRXTD已付綦先生之租金支出總額為人民幣 6,840,000元或約8,348,000港元。

SRXTD與本公司之全資附屬公司SRRND於 二零一一年七月六日訂立協議,北京租賃協 議I之租戶由SRXTD改為SRRND,協議條款相 同。

北京租賃協議Ⅱ

於二零一一年六月三十日,本公司間接全資附屬公司北京美合振永汽車貿易有限公司(「北京美合」)與本公司最大主要股東綦先生訂立租賃協議(「北京租賃協議II」),自二零一一年七月一日起至二零二一年六月三十日止為期十年,以租用中國北京市朝陽區幸福二村40號樓A座第1層之展廳部分面積(總樓面面積約1,135平方米)作為豪華轎車分銷業務展廳。

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,北京美合已付綦先生之租金支出總額為人民幣 11,040,000元或約13,474,000港元。

北京美合與本公司之全資附屬公司SRRND於 二零一一年七月六日訂立協議,北京租賃協 議II之租戶由北京美合改為SRRND,協議條款 相同。

Beijing Leasing Agreement III

On 30 June 2011, Sparkle Roll Oriental (Beijing) Trading Development Limited ("SROBJ"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a lease agreement ("Beijing Leasing Agreement III") with Mr. Qi, the largest substantial shareholder of the Company, for a 10-year term, from 1 July 2011 to 30 June 2021, for leasing a showroom for distribution of fine wines, watches and jewelleries, of a portion of showroom having a gross floor area of approximately 2,148 square meter at portions of Level 1 and 2 of Tower A, No.40 Xinfu 2nd Village, Choyang District, Beijing, the PRC.

For the year ended 31 March 2013, the total rental charge paid by SROBJ to Mr. Qi amounted to RMB13,560,000 or approximately HK\$16,549,000.

An agreement entered among SROBJ and SRRND, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, dated 6 July 2011 that the tenant of the Beijing Leasing Agreement III transferred from SROBJ to SRRND, with the same agreement terms.

Beijing Leasing Agreement IV

On 30 June 2011, BJDT, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a lease agreement ("Beijing Leasing Agreement IV") with Mr. Qi, the largest substantial shareholder of the Company, for a 10-year term, from 1 July 2011 to 30 June 2021, for leasing a showroom for office, of a portion of office having a gross floor area of approximately 1,280 square meter at Level 3 of Tower A and portion of Level 7 of Tower B, No.40 Xinfu 2nd Village, Choyang District, Beijing, the PRC.

For the year ended 31 March 2013, the total rental charge paid by BJDT to Mr. Qi amounted to RMB4,560,000 or approximately HK\$5,565,000.

An agreement entered among BJDT and SRRND, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, dated 6 July 2011 that the tenant of the Beijing Leasing Agreement IV transferred from BJDT to SRRND, with the same agreement terms.

北京租賃協議Ⅲ

於二零一一年六月三十日,本公司間接全資 附屬公司耀萊東方(北京)貿易發展有限公 司(「耀萊東方北京」)與本公司最大主要股東 綦先生訂立租賃協議(「北京租賃協議Ⅲ」), 自二零一一年七月一日起至二零二一年六月 三十日止為期十年,以租用中國北京市朝陽 區幸福二村40號樓A座第1及2層之展廳部分 面積(總樓面面積約2.148平方米)作為名酒、 腕錶及珠寶代理展廳。

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,耀 萊東方北京已付綦先生之租金支出總額為人 民幣13,560,000元或約16,549,000港元。

耀萊東方北京與本公司之全資附屬公司 SRRND於二零一一年七月六日訂立協議, 北京租賃協議Ⅲ之租戶由耀萊東方北京改為 SRRND,協議條款相同。

北京租賃協議IV

於二零一一年六月三十日,本公司間接全資附 屬公司北京德特與本公司最大主要股東綦先 生訂立租賃協議(「北京租賃協議Ⅳ」),自二 零一一年七月一日起至二零二一年六月三十 日止為期十年,以租用中國北京市朝陽區幸 福二村40號樓A座第3層及B座第7層之辦公室 部分面積(總樓面面積約1.280平方米)作為 辦公室展廳。

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,北 京德特已付綦先生之租金支出總額為人民幣 4,560,000元或約5,565,000港元。

北京德特與本公司之全資附屬公司SRRND於 二零一一年七月六日訂立協議,北京租賃協 議IV之租戶由北京德特改為SRRND,協議條 款相同。

Tianjin Leasing Agreement I

On 30 June 2011, Tianjin Heng Ying Tai Fu Trading Development Limited ("TJHY"), an indirect subsidiary of the Company, entered into a lease agreement ("Tianjin Leasing Agreement I") with Mr. Qi, the largest substantial shareholder of the Company, for a 10-year term, from 1 July 2011 to 30 June 2021, for leasing a showroom for luxury automobiles dealership, having a gross floor area of approximately 366.13 square meter at Zeng No.2 and Zeng No.3, No.162 Zhang Zi Zhong Road, Heping District, Tianjin, the PRC.

For the year ended 31 March 2013, the total rental charge paid by TJHY to Mr. Qi amounted to RMB3,000,000 or approximately HK\$3,661,000.

An agreement entered among TJHY and SRRND, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, dated 6 July 2011 that the tenant of the Tianjin Leasing Agreement I transferred from TJHY to SRRND, with the same agreement terms.

Tianjin Leasing Agreement II

On 30 June 2011, TJXC, an indirect subsidiary of the Company, entered into a lease agreement ("Tianjin Leasing Agreement II") with Mr. Qi, the largest substantial shareholder of the Company, for a 10-year term, from 1 July 2011 to 30 June 2021, for leasing a showroom for distribution of fine wines, watches and jewelleries, of a portion of showroom having a gross floor area of approximately 949.80 square meter at Commercial Units No. 2-201 and No. 2-202, No.162 Zhang Zi Zhong Road, Heping District, Tianjin, the PRC.

For the year ended 31 March 2013, the total rental charge paid by TJXC to Mr. Qi amounted to RMB3,840,000 or approximately HK\$4,686,000.

An agreement entered among TJXC and SRRND, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, dated 6 July 2011 that the tenant of the Tianjin Leasing Agreement II transferred from TJXC to SRRND, with the same agreement terms.

天津租賃協議Ⅰ

於二零一一年六月三十日,本公司間接附屬公司天津恒盈泰富貿易發展有限公司(「天津恒盈」)與本公司最大主要股東綦先生訂立租賃協議(「天津租賃協議I」),自二零一一年七月一日起至二零二一年六月三十日止為期十年,以租用中國天津市和平區張自忠路162號增2號及增3號(總樓面面積約366.13平方米)作為豪華轎車分銷業務展廳。

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,天津恒盈已付綦先生之租金支出總額為人民幣3,000,000元或約3,661,000港元。

天津恒盈與本公司之全資附屬公司SRRND於 二零一一年七月六日訂立協議,天津租賃協 議I之租戶由天津恒盈改為SRRND,協議條款 相同。

天津租賃協議Ⅱ

於二零一一年六月三十日,本公司間接附屬公司天津信昌與本公司最大主要股東綦先生訂立租賃協議(「天津租賃協議II」),自二零一一年七月一日起至二零二一年六月三十日止為期十年,以租用中國天津市和平區張自忠路162號第2-201及2-202號商業單位之展廳部分面積(總樓面面積約949.80平方米)作為名酒、腕錶及珠寶代理展廳。

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,天津信昌已付綦先生之租金支出總額為人民幣3,840,000元或約4,686,000港元。

天津信昌與本公司之全資附屬公司SRRND於 二零一一年七月六日訂立協議,天津租賃協 議II之租戶由天津信昌改為SRRND,協議條款 相同。

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 March 2013.

AUDITOR

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013 was audited by BDO Limited ("BDO"). There has been no change of auditor in the preceding three years.

A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint BDO as auditor of the Company.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The annual general meeting of the Company will be held at 4:30 p.m. on 2 September 2013 at The Hong Kong Bankers Club, 43/F, Gloucester Tower, The Landmark, Central, Hong Kong and a notice of annual general meeting will be published and despatched in due course.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from 30 August 2013 (Friday) to 2 September 2013 (Monday) (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify for attending and voting at the forthcoming annual general meeting, all share transfer documents, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Secretaries Limited at 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on 29 August 2013 (Thursday).

On behalf of the Board

Tong Kai Lap Chairman

Hong Kong, 20 June 2013

足夠公眾持股量

本公司於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年 度內一直維持足夠之公眾持股量。

核數師

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度之財務 報表由香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 (「立信德豪」)審核。於過往三年並無任何有 關核數師之變動。

本公司應屆股東週年大會上將提呈一項決議 案,續聘立信德豪為本公司之核數師。

股東调年大會

本公司股東週年大會謹訂於二零一三年九月 二日下午四時三十分假座香港中環置地廣場 告羅士打大廈43樓香港銀行家會所舉行,股 東週年大會通告將於適當時候刊載及寄發。

暫停辦理股東登記

本公司將於二零一三年八月三十日(星期五) 至二零一三年九月二日(星期一)(包括首尾 兩日)暫停辦理股東登記,期間不會登記股份 過戶。為符合資格出席應屆股東週年大會並於 會上投票,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票, 須不遲於二零一三年八月二十九日(星期四) 下午四時三十分送達本公司香港股份過戶登 記分處卓佳秘書商務有限公司,地址為香港 灣仔皇后大道東28號金鐘匯中心26樓。

代表董事會

主席

唐啟立

香港,二零一三年六月二十日

企業管治報告

Corporate Governance Report

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Sparkle Roll Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance. The board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") agrees that corporate governance practices are increasingly important for maintaining and promoting investor confidence. Corporate governance requirements keep changing, therefore the Board reviews its corporate governance practices from time to time to ensure that all practices can be met with legal and statutory requirements. Throughout the financial year ended 31 March 2013, the Group has complied with all applicable the code provisions in the Corporate Governance code (the "Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The Company has been in compliance with the Code throughout the financial year.

MODEL CODE OF CONDUCT FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted of Model Code for Securities Transaction by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules to govern securities transactions by the Directors. After having made specific enquiry to all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they complied with the Model Code during the year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board currently comprises three Executive, three Non-executive and three Independent Non-executive Directors as defined by the Stock Exchange. The biographical details are set out in the "Biographies of Directors and Managements" section.

企業管治常規

耀萊集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)致力維持高水平之企業管 治。本公司董事會(「董事會」)一致認為,企 業管治常規對於維持並提高投資者之信 來越重要。企業管治之要求不斷轉變,因此, 有常規均達到法例及法定規定。於截至一 有常規均達到法例及法定規定。於截至一 集團已應用香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯 所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四 載之企業管治守則(「守則」)之所有適用守則 條文。本公司於整個財政年度內均一直遵守 守則之規定。

董事進行證券交易之標準行為 守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」),以規管董事進行證券交易。經向全體董事作出具體查詢後,全體董事均確認彼等已於年內遵守標準守則。

董事會

董事會現時由三名執行董事、三名非執行董 事及三名獨立非執行董事(定義見聯交所)組 成。彼等之履歷詳情載於「董事及管理層人員 之履歷」一節。

Corporate Governance Report

The Company has three Independent Non-executive Directors, representing one-third of the Board. At least one of the Independent Non-executive Directors has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise under Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules. All the Independent Non-executive Directors have signed the annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules to confirm their independence.

本公司有三名獨立非執行董事,佔董事會人數三分之一。根據上市規則第3.10條,獨立非執行董事當中最少有一人須具備合適專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業。全體獨立非執行董事均已根據上市規則第3.13條簽署年度獨立身份確認書,以確認彼等之獨立身份。

Under the Company's Bye-laws, every Director is subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three year.

根據本公司之公司細則,每名董事須最少每 三年輪值告退一次。

The Board's primary responsibilities are to determine the overall strategies, monitor and control operating and financial performance and set appropriate policies to manage risks in pursuit of the Groups' strategic objectives. Matters reserved for the Board are those affecting the Group's overall strategic policies, dividend policy, significant changes in accounting policies, material contracts and major investments. Day-to-day management of the Group's business is delegated to the Executive Director or officer in charge of each department. The functions and power that are so delegated are reviewed periodically to ensure that they remain appropriate. The Board members have access to appropriate business documents and information about the Group on a timely basis. All Directors have recourse to external legal counsel and other professionals for independent advice at the Group's expense upon their request.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

主席及行政總裁

The Group has a clear division of responsibilities for its top management and separates leadership structure where the role of Chairman is segregated from that of Chief Executive Officer. The Chairman is responsible for providing leadership for the Board, ensuring that good corporate governance practices and procedures are established and that the Board acts in the best interests of the Company. The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the day-to-day business of the Group.

本集團已清晰界定其高級管理層之責任,並 清晰劃分管理架構,把主席及行政總裁之職 能分開。主席負責帶領董事會,確保已制訂良 好之企業管治常規及程序,並確保董事會以 符合本公司最佳利益之方式行事。行政總裁 則負責本集團之日常業務。

Corporate Governance Report

NON-EXECUTIVE AND INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

There are currently six Non-executive Directors of whom three are independent. Under the Bye-laws of the Company, every Director, including the Non-executive and Independent Non-executive Directors, shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least every three years. This means that the specific term of appointment of a director cannot exceed three years.

MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE

The Board meets regularly to review the financial and operating performance of the Group and approve business plan. 7 Board meetings were held in 2012/2013. Individual attendance of each Director at the Board meetings, the Audit Committee meetings, Remuneration Committee meetings and Nomination Committee meetings during 2012/2013 and 2012 AGM is set out below:

非執行及獨立非執行董事

本公司現時有六名非執行董事,其中三名為獨立非執行董事。根據本公司之公司細則,每名董事(包括非執行董事及獨立非執行董事) 須最少每三年輪值告退一次,因此,董事之特定任期不可多於三年。

會議及出席情況

董事會定期舉行會議檢討本集團之財務及經營表現,以及批准業務計劃。於二零一二年 /二零一三年共舉行7次董事會會議。於二零 一二年/二零一三年,每名董事出席董事會 會議、審核委員會會議、薪酬委員會會議及提 名委員會會議及二零一二年度股東週年大會 之情況載列如下:

Attendance/Number of Meetings 出席次數/會議次數

			Audit	Remuneration	Nomination	2012
		Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	AGM 二零一二年度
Director	董事	董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	股東週年大會
Executive Director	執行董事					
Mr. Tong Kai Lap	唐啟立先生	7/7	N/A不適用	1/1	N/A不適用	1/1
Mr. Zheng Hao Jiang	鄭浩江先生	7/7	N/A不適用	1/1	N/A不適用	1/1
Mr. Zhao Xiao Dong	趙小東先生	7/7	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	0/1
Non-executive Director	非執行董事					
Mr. Zhang Si Jian	張思堅先生	7/7	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	0/1
Mr. Qi Jian Wei	綦建偉先生	7/7	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	0/1
Mr. Gao Yu	高煜先生	7/7	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	0/1
Independent Non-executive Director	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Choy Sze Chung, Jojo	蔡思聰先生					
(Chairman of the Audit Committee)	(審核委員會主席)	7/7	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Lam Kwok Cheong (Chairman of	林國昌先生					
the Remuneration Committee)	(薪酬委員會主席)	7/7	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Lee Thomas Kang Bor	李鏡波先生					
(Chairman of the Nomination	(提名委員會主席)					
Committee)		7/7	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1

Corporate Governance Report

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established an Audit Committee in compliance with the Listing Rules for the purposes of reviewing and providing supervision over the Group's financial reporting process and internal controls and discussing with the external auditor for the nature and scope of audit. Written terms of reference of the Audit Committee were formulated and adopted in March 2005.

The Audit Committee comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors. The Chairman of the Audit Committee is an Independent Non-executive Director. Its members include:

Independent Non-executive Director

Mr. Choy Sze Chung, Jojo - Chairman

Mr. Lam Kwok Cheong Mr. Lee Thomas Kang Bor

The Chairman of the Audit Committee, Choy Sze Chung, Jojo, has appropriate professional qualification in accounting and extensive experience in accounting and auditing matters. Senior management and external auditor shall normally attend the meetings. The Audit Committee held 2 meetings in 2012/2013 with representatives from BDO Limited, the external auditor of the Company for the purpose of discharging the aforesaid duties.

Below is a summary of principal work performed by the Audit Committee during 2012/2013.

- Review of annual financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013 and interim financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 September 2012, with recommendations to the Board for approval.
- Review and approval of the engagement letters of BDO Limited, the nature and scope of the audit and their reporting obligations.

審核委員會

本公司已根據上市規則之規定成立審核委員 會,以審閱及監察本集團之財務申報事宜及 內部監控,並與外部核數師討論審核性質及 範圍。審核委員會之職權範圍書已於二零零 五年三月制訂及採納。

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成。審核 委員會主席為獨立非執行董事。成員包括:

獨立非執行董事

蔡思聰先生-主席 林國昌先生 李鏡波先生

審核委員會之主席為蔡思聰,彼於會計方面 具備合適之專業資格,並具備豐富之會計及 審計經驗。高級管理層及外部核數師一般均 會出席會議。於二零一二年/二零一三年,審 核委員會舉行2次會議以履行其前述職務,本 公司外部核數師香港立信德豪會計師事務所 有限公司之代表亦有與會。

以下為審核委員會於二零一二年/二零一三 年進行之主要工作概要:

- 審閱本集團截至二零一三年三月三十一 日止年度之全年財務報表及本集團截至 二零一二年九月三十日止六個月之中期 財務報表,並向董事會作出建議,供其 審批。
- 審閱及批准香港立信德豪會計師事務所 有限公司之委聘函件、核數工作性質及 範圍以及彼等之申報責任。

Corporate Governance Report

- Review of internal controls and risk management systems of the Group.
- Review reports from BDO Limited to Audit Committee.
- Review of connected transactions (including continuing connected transactions) carried out during the year.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

According to the Code, the Company established the Remuneration Committee in March 2005. The principal role of the Remuneration Committee is to exercise the power of the Board to determine and review the remuneration package of individual directors and key executives, including salaries, bonuses and benefits in kind, considering factors such as time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors and key executive, employments conditions elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance based remuneration so as to align management incentives with shareholders' interests. The Remuneration Committee is also considering all relevant remuneration data and market conditions in addition to considering the performance and responsibility of individual directors and officers by linking their compensation with performance and measured it against corporate goals. During the year, the Remuneration Committee reviewed and approved the remuneration package of the Executive Directors and senior management.

The Remuneration Committee shall consult the Chairman and/or the Chief Executive Officer of the Company about their proposals relating to remuneration of Executive Directors and have access to professional advice if considered necessary. After reviewing all relevant information, the Remuneration Committee made recommendations to the Board for the remuneration of the Directors and senior management.

- 檢討本集團之內部監控及風險管理制度。
- 審閱香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司致審核委員會之報告。
- 審閱於本年度進行之關連交易(包括持 續關連交易)。

薪酬委員會

根據守則之規定,本公司於二零零五年三月成立薪酬委員會。薪酬委員會之主要職責為主要職人員辦事內,釐定及審閱個別董事及主要行政人員薪酬組合(包括薪金、花紅及實物知益),並會考慮董事及主要行政人員所耗用,以時間及職責、本集團其他職務之僱用條件,於與表現掛鈎之薪酬是否令人滿配合與表現掛與股東之利益間作出配合為。考達與人員與表現及職責外,薪酬委員會亦以以管將處所有相關薪酬數據及市場狀況,並會別達多人滿意,並會是表現及職責外,薪酬委員會亦以內管將處所有相關薪酬數據及市場狀況,並會已審閱的有相關薪酬數據及市場狀況,並會已審閱。

薪酬委員會會就彼等對執行董事之薪酬提出 之建議諮詢本公司主席及/或行政總裁之意 見,並可於有需要時徵詢專業意見。於審閱所 有相關資料後,薪酬委員會已就董事及高級 管理層之薪酬向董事會提供推薦意見。

Corporate Governance Report

The Remuneration Committee comprises three Independent Nonexecutive Directors and two Executive Directors. Its members include:

薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行董事及兩名執 行董事組成,其成員包括:

Independent Non-executive Director

Mr. Lam Kwok Cheong - Chairman

Mr. Choy Sze Chung, Jojo Mr. Lee Thomas Kang Bor

Executive Director

Mr. Tong Kai Lap Mr. Zheng Hao Jiang

The Remuneration Committee held 1 meeting in 2012/2013 to review and approve directors' and senior managements' remuneration. The directors' fee paid to the Non-executive and Independent Non-executive Directors are subject to annual review and approval by the Remuneration Committee. The emoluments of each of the Directors of the Company for 2012/2013 are set out in note 11 to the financial statements.

Below is a summary of principal work performed by the Remuneration Committee during 2012/2013.

- Review of the remuneration of Executive Directors and senior management and approval of the same.
- Review of the remuneration of Non-executive Directors (including Independent Non-executive Directors), with recommendations to the Board for approval.
- Review the existing share options scheme with recommendations to the Board for approval.

獨立非執行董事

林國昌先生一主席 蔡思聰先生 李鏡波先生

執行董事

唐啟立先生 鄭浩江先生

於二零一二年/二零一三年,薪酬委員會共 舉行1次會議,以審閱及批准董事及高級管理 層之薪酬。薪酬委員會會每年審閱及批准支 付予非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之董事袍 金。本公司各董事於二零一二年/二零一三 年之酬金載列於財務報表附註11。

以下為薪酬委員會於二零一二年/二零一三 年進行之主要工作概要:

- 檢討及批准執行董事及高級管理人員之 薪酬。
- 檢討非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事) 之薪酬,並向董事會提供推薦意見,供 其審批。
- 檢討現行購股權計劃,並向董事會提供 推薦意見,供其審批。

Corporate Governance Report

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee was established on 6 October 2008 comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors ("INED"), namely, Mr. Lee Thomas Kang Bor (Chairman of the Committee), Mr. Choy Sze Chung, Jojo, and Mr. Lam Kwok Cheong.

The principal responsibilities of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board on a regular basis and make recommendations to the board regarding any proposed changes, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board member, assessing the independence of INED; and making recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors in particular the chairman and the chief executive officer.

All Non-executive Directors and INED are appointed for a specific term of two years and renewable for additional one year, and are required to retire and eligible for re-election at the Annual General Meeting of the Company in every three year in accordance with the Company's Bye-laws.

The principal work performed by the Nomination Committee during 2012/2013:

- Recommendation to the Board that Mr. Zheng Hao Jiang, Mr. Zhang Si Jian, Mr. Lam Kwok Cheong shall retire and offer themselves for re-election at 2013 annual general meeting.
- Review of the structure, size and composition of the Board and the Board Committee.
- Assessment of and confirming the independence of the INED according to the criteria set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

提名委員會

提名委員會於二零零八年十月六日成立,由 三名獨立非執行董事李鏡波先生(委員會主 席)、蔡思聰先生及林國昌先生組成。

提名委員會之主要職責包括定期檢討董事會 之架構、規模及組成(包括技能、知識及經 驗)、就任何建議之變動向董事會提供推薦意 見、物色具備合適資格出任董事會成員之個 別人士、評估獨立非執行董事之獨立身份,就 委任或重新委任董事及董事(尤其是主席及 行政總裁)繼任計劃等相關事宜向董事會提供 推薦意見。

所有非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之特定任 期均為兩年,並可續約一年,惟須根據本公司 之公司細則每三年於本公司股東週年大會上 告退一次,並符合資格膺選連任。

以下為提名委員會於二零一二年/二零一三 年進行之主要工作:

- 向董事會建議鄭浩江先生、張思堅先生 及林國昌先生應於二零一三年股東週年 大會上退任並膺選連任。
- 檢討董事會及各董事委員會之架構、規模及組成。
- 根據上市規則第3.13條所載之準則評核 並確認獨立非執行董事之獨立性。

Corporate Governance Report

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Each year, the auditor is appointed by resolution of the Annual General Meeting and the Directors are authorised to fix the remunerations for the auditing services.

The fee paid/payable to our auditor for annual audit for the year ended 31 March 2013 amounted to approximately HK\$1.19 million (2012: HK\$1.17 million).

The auditor has performed other non-auditing services during the year with aggregate service fee of approximately HK\$0.31 million (2012: HK\$0.48 million). Non-auditing services include mainly review of interim financial statements of the Company and review over continuing connected transactions of the Company. The Audit Committee has considered based on the policy developed by them in this regard and made recommendations to the Board for these non-auditing services conducted by our auditor.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The company secretary is responsible to the Board for ensuring that board procedures are followed and that activities of the Board are efficient and effective by assisting the chairman to prepare agenda for meeting and by preparing and disseminating Board papers to the Directors and board committees in a timely and comprehensive manner. With respect to the company secretarial function, the company secretary maintains formal minutes for Board and other meetings.

The company secretary is responsible for ensuring that the Board is fully briefed on all legislative, regulatory and corporate governance developments and that it has regard to them when making decisions. The company secretary is also directly responsible for the Group's compliance with the continuing obligations of the Listing Rules and Codes on Takeovers and Mergers and Share Repurchases, including publication and dissemination of annual reports and interim reports within the period laid down in the Listing Rules, timely dissemination of announcements and information relating to the Group to the market and ensuring that proper notifications are made of directors' dealings in securities of the Group.

核數師酬金

核數師會於每年之股東週年大會上以決議案 方式委任, 而董事獲授權釐訂核數師審計服 務之酬金。

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度就年度 審計服務已付/應付本公司核數師之費用約 為1.190.000港元(二零一二年:1.170.000港 元)。

核數師於年內曾進行其他非審計服務,服務 費用合共約為310,000港元(二零一二年: 480,000港元)。非審計服務主要包括審閱本 公司之中期財務報表及審閱本公司之持續關 連交易。審核委員會根據彼等就此制訂之政 策考慮有關事宜,並就本集團核數師進行之 非審計服務向董事會提供推薦意見。

公司秘書

公司秘書向董事會負責,藉協助主席擬備會 議議程,以及適時編製詳盡董事會文件並向 董事及董事委員會分發該等文件,確保董事 會議事程序獲得遵從,以及董事會之活動具 成效及效益。就公司秘書職務而言,公司秘書 保存董事會及其他會議之正式記錄。

公司秘書負責確保董事會全面知悉所有法例、 法規及企業管治發展,且董事會於作出決定 時已考慮該等發展因素。公司秘書亦直接負 責確保本集團遵守上市規則及公司收購、合 併及股份購回守則下之持續責任,包括於上 市規則所訂明之期間內刊發及分發年報及中 期報告、適時向市場發出有關本集團之公佈 及資料,以及確保就董事買賣本集團證券作 出適當知會。

Corporate Governance Report

The company secretary also advises the Directors on their obligations for disclosure of interests in securities, connected transactions and price-sensitive information and ensures that the standards and disclosures required by the Listing Rules are observed and, where required, reflected in the annual report of the Company.

公司秘書亦會就董事披露彼等於證券、關連 交易及股價敏感資料之權益之責任向彼等提 供意見,以及確保上市規則項下之準則及披 露規定獲得遵從,及於有需要時於本公司年 報內反映。

INVESTOR RELATIONS AND SHAREHOLDERS RIGHTS - CONVENING OF GENERAL MEETING

To promote investor relations and communications, meetings with fund managers and potential investors are held frequently. Shareholders are encouraged to attend the annual general meeting for which at least 21 days' notice is given. The Chairman and Directors are available to answer question on the Group's businesses at the meeting. An annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in each year within a period of not more than fifteen (15) months after the holding of the last preceding annual general meeting.

投資者關係及股東權利-召開 股東大會

為加強與投資者間之關係及聯繫,本公司會經常與基金經理及潛在投資者會晤。本公司鼓勵股東出席股東週年大會,大會舉行前最少21天會發出通知。主席及董事於會上解答有關本集團業務之提問。本公司每年於不超過舉行上一屆股東週年大會起計十五(15)個月期間內舉行股東週年大會。

Shareholders shall have the right to request the Board to convene a general meeting of the Company and put forward agenda items for consideration by shareholders. Each general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, shall be called a special general meeting. Shareholders holding an aggregate of not less than one-tenth (10%) of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Secretary of the Company, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionists themselves may do so in accordance with the provisions of Section 74 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda. Pursuant to rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, any vote of shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll. Accordingly, all the resolutions put to vote at the Annual General Meeting will be taken by way of poll. The chairman of the Annual General Meeting will explain the detailed procedure for conducting a poll at the commencement of the Annual General Meeting.

股東有權要求董事會召開本公司之股東大會, 並提呈議程項目供股東考慮。各股東大會(股 東週年大會除外)應稱為股東特別大會。持有 附帶本公司股東大會投票權之本公司繳足股 本合共不少於十分之一(10%)之股東,在任何 時候均有權透過向董事會或本公司秘書發出 書面要求,要求由董事會召開股東特別大會, 以處理於該要求中指明之任何事務;而該大 會應於提交該要求起計兩(2)個月內舉行。倘 董事會未能於提交要求起計二十一(21)日內處 理召開大會事宜,則提出要求之人士可自行 按照百慕達一九八一年公司法第74條條文召 開大會。根據上市規則第13.39(4)條,股東於 股東大會上必須以投票表決方式進行投票。 因此,所有提呈股東週年大會表決之決議案 必須以投票表決方式進行投票。股東週年大 會主席將於股東週年大會開始時詳細解釋進 行投票表決之程序。

After the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting, the poll results will be published on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

於股東週年大會結束後,投票表決結果將分別登載於聯交所及本公司之網站。

Corporate Governance Report

The Board is committed to providing clear and full performance information of the Group to shareholders through the publication of interim and annual reports. In additional to dispatching circulars, notices, financial reports to shareholders, addition information is also available to shareholders from the Group's website.

A resolution in respect of certain proposed changes to Bye-laws of the Company was passed in the 2012 AGM held on 20 August 2012. An updated constitutional document of the Company was published on 22 August 2012.

本公司若干公司細則之建議變動之決議案已 於本公司在二零一二年八月二十日舉行之二 零一二年股東週年大會上通過。本公司已於 二零一二年八月二十二日刊載經更新之章程

董事會致力透過刊發中期及年度報告清晰全

面地向股東提供有關本集團表現之資料。除 獲寄發通函、通告及財務報告外,股東亦可於

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS – ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

Shareholders may make enquiries with the Board at the general meetings of the Company or at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing through the company secretary whose contact details are as follows:

Sparkle Roll Group Limited Rooms 2028-36, 20th Floor, Sun Hung Kai Centre, 30 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong Telephone: (852) 2299 9902

Fax: (852) 2802 8577

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has overall responsibility for the Group's system of internal control and for the assessment and management of risk. In meeting its responsibility, the Board seeks to increase risk awareness across the Group's business operations and put in place policies and procedures. The Company has not appointed an internal auditor. The internal controls are monitored and reviewed regularly by appropriate senior management so as to ensure that the categories of risks are managed effectively.

The executive management team of each core business division is accountable for the conduct and performance of each business in the division within the agreed strategies. Business plans and budgets are prepared annually by the management of individual businesses and subject to review and approval by the Board. The Board is overall responsible for monitoring the operations of the business within the Group. Monitoring activities include the review and approval of business strategies, budgets, and plans, and the setting of key business performance targets. When setting budget and forecast, management identifies, evaluates and reports on the likelihood and potential financial impact of significant business risks.

股東權利-向董事會查詢

本集團網站上瀏覽其他資料。

股東可於本公司股東大會上向董事會作出查詢,或隨時經公司秘書以書面形式向董事會提出查詢及關注事項。公司秘書之聯絡資料如下:

耀萊集團有限公司 香港灣仔港灣道30號 新鴻基中心20樓2028-36室 電話: (852) 2299 9902 傳真: (852) 2802 8577

內部監控

董事會全面負責制訂本集團之內部監控系統,並須評估及管理風險。為履行其職責,董事會將更加關注本集團經營業務時所面對之風險,並就此制訂政策及程序。本公司並無委任內部核數師。合適之高級管理層會定期監控及審閱內部監控,以確保各類風險均獲得有效管理。

各個核心業務部門之執行管理層須負責按照 議定之策略進行及執行該部門內之各項業務。 各項業務之管理層會每年制訂業務計劃及預 算,並須交由董事會審閱及批准。董事會全面 負責監察本集團內各項業務之運作。監察工作 包括審閱及批准業務策略、預算及計劃,並制 訂主要業務表現目標。於制訂預算及預測時, 管理層會確認及評估出現重大業務風險之可 能性及其潛在財務影響,並就此作出報告。

Corporate Governance Report

The Group maintains a centralised cash management system for its subsidiary operations and the Group's finance department oversees the Group's cash position.

During the year, the Board have reviewed internal control of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries for the financial year ended 31 March 2013. The review covered all material controls including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions of the Group. The Board considers that the Group's internal control system effective and the resources, qualifications and experience of the accounting and financial reporting functions, adquate for the period in review.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements of the Company and that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. It is also the responsibility of the Directors to ensure the timely publication of the financial statements of the Company. During the year, the management has provided sufficient explanation and information to the Board to enable it to make an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before it for approval including the updates on the Company's performance, position and prospects.

A discussion and analysis of the Group's performance, an explanation of the basis on which the issuer generates or preserves value over the longer term and the strategy for delivering the Company's objectives have been prepared and included in the Chairman's Statement and Management Discussion and Analysis sections of this Annual Report.

The statement of the auditor of the Company, BDO Limited, on their reporting responsibilities in respect of the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out on pages 52 and 53.

The Directors confirm that they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

本集團就其附屬公司業務設立中央現金管理 系統,而本集團之財政部門則會審視本集團 之現金狀況。

年內,董事會已審閱本公司及其若干附屬公司於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止財政年度之內部監控。有關審閱涵蓋本集團所有重大監控事項,包括財務、營運及合規監控以及風險管理功能。董事會認為,於回顧期間,本集團之內部監控系統行之有效,而會計及財務申報部門具備充份之資源、資格及經驗。

董事對財務報表之責任

董事知悉須負責編製本公司財務報表,以及財務報表按法定要求及適用會計準則編製。董事亦須確保及時刊發本公司財務報表。年內,管理層已向董事會作出充分説明並提供資料,以確保董事會在知情情況下評估呈交其審批之財務及其他資料,包括有關本公司表現、狀況及前景之最新資料。

本集團表現之討論及分析、發行人產生或保 留長遠價值所依賴基礎之説明以及達致本公 司目標之策略已經編備,並載於本年報主席 報告及管理層討論及分析等節。

本公司核數師香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司對本集團綜合財務報表之申報責任聲明載於第52及53頁。

董事確認彼等並不知悉有任何重大不明朗因素,涉及可能對本集團持續經營能力構成重 大疑問之事件或狀況。

企業管治報告 Corporate Governance Report

FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Board recognises its responsibility to prepare consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view and are in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards and Interpretations (hereafter collectively referred to as "HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently. Judgements and estimates made are prudent and reasonable. The Group has changed some of its accounting policies following the adoption of the new or amended HKFRSs which are relevant to and effective for the Group's financial statements for the year. The accounting policies adopted by the Group are set out in the "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" of the note 3 to the financial statements. The Directors use their best endeavours to ensure a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of the Group's performance, position and prospects in financial reporting. The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The responsibilities of the auditor with respect to financial reporting are set out on pages 52 to 53 in the Independent Auditor's Report.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sparkle Roll Group Limited

Tong Kai Lap Chairman & Executive Director

財務申報

董事會明白其須負責根據香港會計師公會頒 佈之香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則及詮釋 (以下統稱「香港財務報告準則」)編製真實公 平之綜合財務報表,並選擇及貫徹使用合適 之會計政策。所作出之判斷及估算須為審慎 及合理。於採納與本集團之本年度財務報表 有關並適用於有關財務報表之新訂或經修訂 香港財務報告準則後,本集團已改變若干會 計政策。本集團所採納之會計政策載於財務 報表附註3內「主要會計政策概要」中。董事將 盡力確保於財務申報中平衡、清晰及合理地 評估本集團之表現、財務狀況及前景。董事經 作出適當查詢後認為,本集團具備充足資源 繼續於可見將來經營其現有業務,因此,採納 持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表實屬恰當。

核數師對財務申報之責任載於第52至53頁之 獨立核數師報告內。

代表董事會

耀萊集團有限公司

主席兼執行董事

唐啟立

Biographies of Directors and Managements

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

TONG KAI LAP (Chairman and Chief Strategic Officer)

Aged 53, graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1982 with a Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration. Since graduation, he worked in various international banks in the commercial, corporate and investment banking areas. Mr. Tong is the past president of the Rotary Club of Tsim Sha Tsui, a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors and a founding member of Hong Kong Professionals and Senior Executives Association. Mr. Tong joined the Group in August 2002.

ZHENG HAO JIANG (Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Aged 45, graduated in the Law Department (Economic Law Speciality) of Peking University in 1990 with a Bachelor degree in Law. Mr. Zheng has nearly 15 years experience in Beijing in the areas of equity portfolio management, capital market analysis management and financial advisory. Mr. Zheng is a Standing Director of China Automobile Dealers Association and a Director of China High-Tech Industrialization Association. He is a founding member of Hong Kong Professionals and Senior Executives Association and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. Mr. Zheng joined the Group in October 2006.

ZHAO XIAO DONG (Deputy Chairman and Chief Operating Officer)

Aged 44, graduated in the Information Technology Department of Beijing University of Chemical Technology in 1990 with a Bachelor degree in Engineering. He has over 14 years experience in the areas of wholesale and retail management of luxury goods in Beijing. Mr. Zhao joined the Group in September 2008.

執行董事

唐啟立(主席兼策略總監)

現年53歲,於一九八二年畢業於香港中文大學,持有工商管理學士學位。自畢業後,彼曾任職多間國際銀行,負責商業、企業及投資銀行等方面之工作。唐先生為尖沙咀扶輪社前主席、香港董事學會資深會員及香港專業及資深行政人員協會創會會員。唐先生於二零零二年八月加入本集團。

鄭浩江(副主席兼行政總裁)

現年45歲,於一九九零年畢業於北京大學法律系經濟法專業,持有法學士學位。鄭先生於北京從事資本組合管理、資本市場分析管理及財務顧問等工作近15年。鄭先生為中國汽車流通協會常務理事及中國高科技產業化研究會理事。鄭先生為香港事業及資深行政人員協會創會會員,並為香港董事學會資深會員。鄭先生於二零零六年十月加入本集團。

趙小東(副主席兼運營總裁)

現年44歲,於一九九零年畢業於北京化工大學計算機系計算機應用專業,持有工程學士學位。彼於北京擁有14年以上管理高檔消費品批發及零售之經驗。趙先生於二零零八年九月加入本集團。

董事及管理層人員之履歷 Biographies of Directors and Managements

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

GAO YU

Aged 39, is currently a Managing Director of the Private Equity Division of Morgan Stanley Asia Limited, primarily focusing on private equity investment activities in China. He is also a nonexecutive director of both Belle International Holdings Ltd and China Dongxiang (Group) Co., Ltd., shares of both companies are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and a director of Tongkun Group Co., Ltd which is listed in Shanghai Stock Exchange. Prior to joining Morgan Stanley Asia Limited, he worked in Citigroup's Investment Banking Division in Asia for about five years. Mr. Gao also worked in Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette's Debt Capital Markets Group in New York. Mr. Gao graduated from Stanford University with a Master's degree in engineeringeconomic systems and operations research as well as from Tsinghua University in Beijing with dual Bachelor's degrees in engineering and economics.

QI JIAN WEI

Aged 58, has over 15-year experience in the jewelry business in China including trading management, development of distribution channels and production operations. He graduated from machineries profession of Beijing Open University in 1982. He is the elder brother of Mr. Qi Jian Hong, the sole beneficial owner of Sparkle Roll Holdings Limited.

ZHANG SI JIAN

Aged 47, is a Managing Director of Sequoia Capital China focusing on growth capital investments. Prior to joining Sequoia Capital China in 2007, he worked with Baring Private Equity Asia in Hong Kong and Shanghai, and Doughty Hanson in London. Prior to joining private equity, he worked for Deutsche Bank in its Investment Banking division where he advised international companies in their IPO, block trade, debt and convertible bond offerings. He has a Bachelor's Degree of Science from Shanghai Jiao Tong University and a Master Degree of Science from University of Minnesota and a Master Degree of Business Administration from The Wharton School of The University of Pennsylvania.

非執行董事

高煜

現年39歲,現時為摩根十丹利亞洲有限公司 直接投資部董事總經理,主要專責於中國之直 接股權投資。彼亦擔任兩家香港聯合交易所 有限公司(「聯交所」)上市公司百麗國際控股 有限公司及中國動向(集團)有限公司之非執 行董事及上海證券交易所上市公司桐昆集團 股份有限公司之董事。於加入摩根士丹利亞 洲有限公司前,彼曾任職花旗集團於亞洲之 投資銀行部約5年。高先生亦曾於Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette位於紐約之債務資本市場部 工作。高先生畢業於美國史丹福大學,獲工程 經濟系統及運籌學碩士學位,以及畢業於北 京清華大學,獲工程及經濟雙學士學位。

基建偉

現年58歲,在中國之珠寶業務(包括貿易管 理、開拓分銷渠道及產品經營)方面擁有逾15 年經驗。彼於一九八二年畢業於北京廣播電 視大學之機械專業。彼為耀萊控股有限公司 之唯一實益擁有人綦建虹先生之兄長。

張思堅

現年47歲,為紅杉資本中國基金之董事總經 理,專注從事資本增值投資事宜。於二零零 七年加入紅杉資本中國基金之前,張先生曾 任職於香港及上海之霸菱亞洲投資及倫敦之 Doughty Hanson。於加入私募基金前,張先 生曾任職於德意志銀行投資銀行部,專注於 跨國公司之首次公開發售、大手交易、債務及 可換股債券發售。張先生持有上海交通大學 理學士學位及明尼蘇達大學理學碩士學位及 賓夕法尼亞大學沃頓商學院工商管理碩士學 () 。

Biographies of Directors and Managements

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

CHOY SZE CHUNG, JOJO

Aged 54, is the Vice Chairman of National Resources Securities Limited. Mr. Choy has extensive experience in the securities industry and business management. Mr. Choy obtained Master of Business Administration Degree from University of Wales, Newport and Master of Business Law Degree from Monash University. Mr. Choy is an independent non-executive director of Chengdu Putian Telecommunications Cable Company Limited, Wison Engineering Services Co. Ltd. and Zhaojin Mining Industry Company Limited, shares of these companies are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Choy is also the Vice Chairman of the Institute of Securities Dealers Limited, fellow member of Hong Kong Institute of Directors, fellow member of Institute of Financial Accountants, fellow member of the Institute of Compliance Officers, member of Society of Registered Financial Planner Limited, member of the HKSAR Election Committee (financial services subsector), member of Shantou Chinese People's Political Consultative Committee, honorary president of Shantou Overseas Friendship committee member of Rotary Club Kowloon West and member of Cash Market Consultative Panel of the HKEx Board.

LAM KWOK CHEONG

Aged 59, holds Bachelor of Laws degree from the University of Hong Kong and has been a practising solicitor in Hong Kong for over 31 years' experience. Mr. Lam is an independent non-executive director of Wing Lee Holdings Limited and Same Time Holdings Limited, shares of these companies are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Lam is a Justice of the Peace with Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) and a solicitor of the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. Mr. Lam is currently a China-appointed Attesting Officer, fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors, Ex-Officio Member of Heung Yee Kuk New Territories, member of Panel of Adjudicators of Obscene Articles Tribunal, member of Buildings Ordinance Appeal Tribunal Panel and a Civil Celebrant of Marriages.

獨立非執行董事

蔡思聰

林國昌

現年59歲,持有香港大學法學士學位,於香港擁有超過31年執業律師之經驗。林先生為聯交所主板上市公司永利控股有限公司及Same Time Holdings Limited之獨立非執行董事。林先生為太平紳士,並獲授銅紫荊星章,且為香港特別行政區高等法院律師。林先生現為中國委託公證人、香港董事學會資深會員、新界鄉議局當然議員、淫褻物品審裁處審裁委員小組成員、建築物條例上訴審裁團成員及婚姻監禮人。

Biographies of Directors and Managements

LEE THOMAS KANG BOR

Aged 59, is a non-executive director of Man Sang International Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, and an independent non-executive director and chairman of the audit committee of CIG Yangtze Ports PLC whose shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Lee is a member of the Society of Trust and Estate Practitioners, the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators, a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong. Mr. Lee graduated from the University of London with a bachelor's and master's degrees in laws and was called to the Bar of the Lincoln's Inn of United Kingdom. He served as President of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong from 1999 to 2002, and is currently President of the Asia-Oceania Tax Consultants' Association and Vice President of Hong Kong Professionals and Senior Executives Association.

DIRECTORS' BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS UPDATE

The Directors' biographical details update, which is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, since 1 October 2012 and up to 31 March 2013 has been reflected in the above section.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

QI JIAN HONG

Aged 45, is the President of the automobile dealership division and watch distributorship division of the Group. Mr. Qi has over 15 years experience in the areas of wholesale and retail management of luxury goods in China. Mr. Qi joined the Group in June 2008. He is directors of Beijing Shou Ying Tong Shang Trading and Commercial Limited (formerly known as Beijing Bin Li Group Limited). Mr. Qi is a Standing Director of China Automobile Dealers Association. He is also the sole beneficial owner of Sparkle Roll Holdings Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company.

李鏡波

現年59歲,為聯交所主板上市公司民生國際 有限公司之非執行董事及聯交所創業板上市 公司中國基建港口有限公司之獨立非執行董 事兼審核委員會主席。李先生為信託及遺產 從業員協會(the Society of Trust and Estate Practitioners)、香港特許秘書公會及英國特許 秘書及行政人員公會會員,並為香港會計師 公會、英國特許公認會計師公會及香港稅務 學會之資深會員。李先生持有倫敦大學法學 學士及法學碩士學位,亦是英國林肯法學院 之大律師。彼於一九九九年至二零零二年間 擔任香港税務學會會長,目前為亞洲大洋洲 税務師協會會長及香港專業及資深行政人員 協會副會長。

董事履歷詳情更新資料

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條規定須予披露自 二零一二年十月一日以來及截至二零一三年 三月三十一日之董事履歷詳情更新資料已於 上文一節內反映。

高級管理人員

基建虹

現年45歲,為本集團汽車分銷部門及鐘錶分 銷部門之總裁。綦先生於中國擁有15年以上 管理高檔消費品批發及零售之經驗。綦先生 於二零零八年六月加入本集團。彼為北京首 盈通商經貿有限公司(前稱北京賓利集團有 限公司)之董事。綦先生為中國汽車流通協會 之常務理事。彼亦為本公司主要股東耀萊控 股有限公司之唯一實益擁有人。

Biographies of Directors and Managements

MOK HENRY WING KAI

Aged 52, Mr. Mok is the chief financial officer and company secretary of the Company and he joined the Group in August 2010. Before joining the Company, Mr. Mok had been a senior management of some listed companies in Hong Kong. Mr. Mok holds a degree of Master of Business Administration jointly granted by The University of Manchester and The University of Wales (Bangor) and a degree of Master of Science (Manufacturing Systems Engineering) granted by The University of Warwick of United Kingdom. Mr. Mok is a fellow member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators, The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong Institute of Directors.

莫永佳

現年52歲,莫先生為本公司之財務總裁兼公司秘書,彼於二零一零年八月加入本集團。在加入本公司之前,莫先生曾是數間香港上公司之高層管理人員。莫先生持有英國曼斯特大學及威爾斯大學(彭加)聯合頒發之工時,對於學及威爾斯大學(彭加)聯合頒發之工理國對特大學位及華威大學製造系統工程國學領士學位。莫先生為香港會計師公會、英國特許秘書公會及香港稅務學會資深會員。彼亦為香港證券專業學會及香港董事學會會員。

LEUNG KWOK NING

Aged 51, is the Deputy General Manager of the automobile dealership division of the Group. Mr. Leung has over 27 years of experience in managing the automobile aftersales service businesses and sales management particularly for Bentley since 2003. Mr. Leung joined the Group in June 2008 and he is responsible for managing the sales of Bentley and aftersales service.

梁國寧

現年51歲,為本集團汽車分銷部副總經理。梁 先生擁有27年以上管理汽車售後服務業務及 銷售管理之經驗(由二零零三年起尤其是在 賓利方面)。梁先生於二零零八年六月加入本 集團,負責管理賓利之銷售及售後服務。

HO SIU WAH

Aged 43, is the Deputy General Manager of the automobile dealership division of the Group. Mr. Ho has over 10 years of experience in management sales of automobiles. Mr. Ho joined the Group in June 2008 and he is responsible for managing the sales of Lamborghini and Rolls-Royce.

何少華

現年43歲,為本集團汽車分銷部副總經理。何 先生擁有10年以上管理汽車銷售之經驗。何 先生於二零零八年六月加入本集團,負責管 理蘭博基尼和勞斯萊斯之銷售。

獨立核數師報告 Independent Auditor's Report



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TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SPARKLE ROLL GROUP LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Sparkle Roll Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 54 to 175, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 March 2013, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of cash flows and the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

致耀萊集團有限公司全體股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

本行已審核列載於第54至175頁耀萊集團有 限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴 集團」)之綜合財務報表,該等綜合財務報表 包括於二零一三年三月三十一日之綜合及公 司財務狀況報表與截至該日止年度之綜合全 面收入報表、綜合現金流量表及綜合股本權 益變動表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他解 釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之 責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈 之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露 要求編製真實而公平地反映狀況之綜合財務 報表,並維護彼等認為編製綜合財務報表所 必須之內部控制,以使綜合財務報表不存有 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述。

核數師之責任

本行之責任為根據本行之審核對該等綜合財 務報表作出意見。本報告按照百慕達一九八一 年公司法第90條僅向整體股東報告,除此之 外本報告別無其他目的。本行不會就本報告之 內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

本行已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審核 準則之規定進行審核。此等準則要求本行遵 守職業道德規範,並規劃及進行審核,從而合 理確定綜合財務報表是否不存有任何重大錯 誤陳述。

獨立核數師報告(續) Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY (Continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2013 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

核數師之責任(續)

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表 所載金額及披露資料之審核憑證。所選定之 程序取決於核數師之判斷,包括評估由於欺 詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存有重大錯誤 陳述之風險。在評估該等風險時,核數師考慮 與該公司編製真實而公平地反映狀況之綜合 財務報表相關之內部控制,以設計適當之審 核程序,但並非為對該公司之內部控制之效 能發表意見。審核亦包括評價董事所採用之 會計政策是否合適及所作出之會計估計是否 合理,以及評價綜合財務報表之整體列報方 式。

本行相信,本行所獲得之審核憑證充足且適 當地為本行之審核意見提供基礎。

意見

本行認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報 告準則真實而公平地反映 貴公司及 貴集 團於二零一三年三月三十一日之事務狀況 及 貴集團截至該日止年度之溢利及現金流 量,並已按照香港公司條例之披露要求妥為 編製。

BDO Limited

Certified Public Accountants Tsui Ka Che, Norman Practising Certificate Number P05057

Hong Kong, 20 June 2013

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

徐家賜

執業證書號碼P05057

香港,二零一三年六月二十日

綜合全面收入報表

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Notes 附註	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Cost of sales	收益 銷售成本	6	3,015,555 (2,730,681)	4,427,423 (3,975,510)
Gross profit Other income Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses Other operating expenses	毛利 其他收入 銷售及代理成本 行政費用 其他經營費用	7	284,874 131,958 (239,868) (72,957) (3,369)	451,913 80,942 (224,095) (74,143)
Operating profit Finance costs	經營溢利 融資成本	8 9	100,638 (30,826)	234,617 (9,990)
Profit before income tax Income tax expense	除所得税前溢利 所得税支出	10	69,812 (3,845)	224,627 (10,939)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		65,967	213,688
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	除税後其他全面收入			
Release of exchange reserve upon disposal of a subsidiary Exchange gains on translation of	出售附屬公司時 解除外匯儲備 換算海外業務財務報表之		34	-
financial statements of foreign operations	匯兑收益		3,069	15,181
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收入總額		69,070	228,869
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to:	下列人士應佔本年度 溢利/(虧損): 本公司擁有人	13	66,304	214,188
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	13	(337)	(500)
			65,967	213,688
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	下列人士應佔 全面收入總額:			
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益		69,419 (349)	229,390 (521)
			69,070	228,869

綜合全面收入報表(續)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Continued)

		Notes	2013	2012
		附註	二零一三年	二零一二年
Earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company during the year	年內本公司擁有人 應佔每股盈利	15		
Basic earnings per share	每股基本盈利		HK2.2 cents 港仙	HK7.2 cents 港仙
Diluted earnings per share	每股攤薄盈利		HK2.2 cents 港仙	HK7.2 cents 港仙

綜合財務狀況報表

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

於二零一三年三月三十一日 As at 31 March 2013

			2013	2012
			二零一三年	二零一二年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	16	174,272	92,969
Goodwill	商譽	18	580,679	580,679
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	19	843	2,380
Rental deposits paid to related parties	已付關連人士租金按金	20(a)	13,672	14,232
Prepayment for acquisition of	購買物業、機器及設備之			
property, plant and equipment	預繳款項	24	-	53,206
Financial assets at fair value	按公允值於損益表列賬之			
through profit or loss	金融資產	21	524	79,837
			769,990	823,303
	\\\ = \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	22	861,356	508,649
Trade receivables	應收貿易款項	23	57,259	29,529
Deposits, prepayments and	按金、預繳款項及			
other receivables	其他應收款項	24	300,761	374,436
Amount due from a related party	應收一名關連人士款項	20(b)	14,183	14,232
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	28	_	3,208
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	25	95,854	39,126
Cash at banks and in hand	銀行及手頭現金	25	273,893	130,382
			1,603,306	1,099,562
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	應付貿易款項	26	14,551	20,435
Receipts in advance, accrued	預收款項、應計費用及		,	20, .00
charges and other payables	其他應付款項	27	119,015	166,408
Amount due to a related party	應付一名關連人士款項	20(c)	-	2,276
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	28	161	_,
Provision for taxation	税項撥備		3,918	7,097
Borrowings	借貸	29	547,849	208,433
			685,494	404,649
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		917,812	694,913
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		1,687,802	1,518,216

綜合財務狀況報表(續)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Continued)

於二零一三年三月三十一日 As at 31 March 2013

			2013	2012
			二零一三年	二零一二年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Other payables	其他應付款項	27	538	3,089
Borrowings	借貸	29	40,000	56,000
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	30	1,730	2,153
			42,268	61,242
Net assets	資產淨值		1,645,534	1,456,974
EQUITY	權益			
Share capital	股本	31	5,959	5,959
Reserves	儲備	32.1	1,599,542	1,437,329
Proposed dividend	擬派股息	14		8,939
Equity attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔權益	á		
the owners of the Company			1,605,501	1,452,227
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		40,033	4,747
Total equity	權益總額		1,645,534	1,456,974

Tong Kai Lap 唐啟立 Director 董事 Zheng Hao Jiang 鄭浩江 Director 董事

財務狀況報表

Statement of Financial Position

於二零一三年三月三十一日 As at 31 March 2013

	千港元 - 13,334 - 6,369 6,965 26,668
Interests in subsidiaries 附屬公司權益 17	6,369 6,965
Current assets流動資產Amounts due from subsidiaries應收附屬公司款項17904,9519	6,369 6,965
Amounts due from subsidiaries 應收附屬公司款項 17 904,951 9	6,369 6,965
,	6,369 6,965
Poposite and propayments 安全及新鄉並頂 24 CCC	6,965
	6,965
Pledged bank deposits 已抵押銀行存款 25 9,387	
Cash at banks 銀行現金 25 377	26,668
915,375 9	
Current liabilities流動負債Accrued charges and other payables應計費用及其他應付款項271,419	910
	18,200
,	14,000
56,977	33,110
Net current assets 流動資產淨值 858,398 8	93,558
Total assets less current liabilities 總資產減流動負債 858,398 8	93,558
Non-current liabilities 非流動負債	
	56,000
Bollowings 25 10,000	00,000
Net assets 資產淨值 818,398 8	37,558
EQUITY	
Share capital 股本 31 5,959	5,959
	22,660
Proposed dividend 擬派股息 14	8,939
Total equity 權益總額 818,398 8	37,558

Tong Kai Lap 唐啟立 Director

董事

Zheng Hao Jiang 鄭浩江 Director 董事

綜合現金流量表

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

		2013	2012
	Nista		二零一二年
	Notes 附註		HK\$'000 千港元
經營業務之現金流量			
除所得税前溢利		69,812	224,627
銀行利息收入	7	(1,287)	(1,587)
收益	7, 8	(1,113)	(1,279)
出售一間附屬公司之收益 其他無形資產攤銷	7	(912)	_
物業、機器及設備之折舊	8	1,537	1,537
	8	36,776	24,818
	8	-	1,443
	8	3,590	_
	7, 8	3,369	(3,208)
利息開支	9	30,826	9,990
營運資金變動前之經營溢利		142,598	256,341
按公允值於損益表列賬之 金融資產減少/(增加)			
		79,313	(79,837)
存貨增加		(370,162)	(146,187)
減少		(27,730)	63,200
款項減少/(增加)		127,689	(24,637)
應收一名關連人士款項 減少/(增加)		609	(28,464)
應付貿易款項(減少)/		(5.884)	4,848
預收款項、應計費用及 其他應付款項減少			4,040
库什 夕 閱诗		(23,463)	(156,565)
應刊一名關建入工試填減少		(2,276)	(46,438)
經營業務所田租全		(70 306)	(157,739)
			(2,335)
已付其他司法權區税項		(6,750)	(8,104)
經營業務所用現金淨額		(86,753)	(168,178)
	除經 按 存應 按 應 應 預 應 經已已 所調銀出 出其 物 以 撇 衍 利 運 公金 貨收減金款收減付增收其 付 營付付 為 了售收售他 業 權 銷 生虧息 資 允融 增貿少、項一少貿加款他 一 業香其為 以 大	經營業務之現金流量 「現金流量 「現金流量 「現金流量 「現金流量 「現金流量 「現金流量 「現金流量 「現面のでは、一般では、一般では、一般では、一般では、一般では、一般では、一般では、一般	(27,730) 接続 関連 が で は か で で で で で で で で で で で で で で で で で

綜合現金流量表 (續)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

			2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		Notes	—————————————————————————————————————	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動之現金流量			
(Increase)/decrease in pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款(增加)/減少		(56,728)	4,333
Purchases of property, plant and	購買物業、機器及設備	37		
equipment Prepayment for acquisition of	購買物業、機器及設備之	31	(76,512)	(38,756)
property, plant and equipment Disposal of a subsidiary (net of cash	預繳款項 出售一間附屬公司		_	(53,206)
and cash equivalent disposed of)	(扣除所出售現金及 現金等值項目)	33(a)	(10,338)	_
Proceeds from partial disposal of a subsidiary	部分出售一間附屬公司 ,所得款項	33(b)	54,590	_
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、機器及設備 所得款項		7,265	5,298
Interest received	已收利息		1,287	1,587
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(80,436)	(80,744)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動之現金流量			
Capital contributions by non-controlling interests of	一間附屬公司非控股權益 出資			
a subsidiary		33(c)	30,247	_
Proceeds from exercise of share options	行使購股權所得款項			2,873
New borrowings raised Repayments of borrowings	新增借貸 償還借貸		2,542,547 (2,213,176)	1,166,462 (962,783)
Dividends paid to the owners of the Company	向本公司擁有人派付之股息		(14,899)	(44,662)
Bank interest paid	已付銀行利息		(30,063)	(9,990)
Net cash generated from financing activities	融資活動所得現金淨額		314,656	151,000
			314,030	151,900
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目增加/ (減少)淨額		147,467	(97,022)
Cash and cash equivalents	年初之現金及現金等值項目			
at beginning of the year			124,427	215,300
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	匯率變動之影響,淨額		1,999	6,149
Cash and cash equivalents	年終之現金及現金等值項目			
at end of the year	干於足死並及死並守由沒自		273,893	124,427
Analysis of balances of cash and	現金及現金等值項目			
cash equivalents Cash at banks and in hand	結餘分析 銀行及手頭現金		273,893	130,382
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	29		(5,955)
			273,893	124,427

綜合股本權益變動表

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

							to the owners of 本公司擁有人應ſ						Non- controlling interests 非控股權益	Total equity 權益總額
		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium* 股份溢價* HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve* 資本儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve* 購股權儲備* HK\$*000 千港元	Special reserve* 特別儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus* 缴入盈餘* HK\$*000 千港元	Exchange reserve* 外匯儲備* HK\$*000 千港元	Statutory reserve* 法定儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits*保留溢利* HK\$*000 千港元	Proposed dividend 擬派股息 HK\$*000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2011	於二零一一年四月一日	5,952	796,038	3,508	1,764	(36,810)	55,866	4,446	1,944	400,712	29,763	1,263,183	5,268	1,268,451
Equity-settled share option arrangement Issue of shares upon exercise of share options	以權益結算之購股權安排 行使購股權時發行股份	- 7	3.297	-	1,443	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,443 2.873	-	1,443 2,873
Final dividends paid for the year ended 31 March 2011 (Note 14(b)) Interim dividends paid for the period ended 30 September 2011	截至二零一一年 三月三十一日止年度 已付末期股息 (附註+4(b)) 截至二零一一年 九月三十日止期間	-	J,291 -	-	(43 1) -	-	-	-	-	-	(29,763)	(29,763)	-	(29,763)
(Note 14(a))	已付中期股息 (附註14(a))						(14,899)					(14,899)		(14,899)
Transactions with owners Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	與擁有人進行之交易 本年度溢利 其他等目 # 78 2 5 5 4 5 5 5	7 -	3,297	-	1,012	-	(14,899)	-	-	- 214,188	(29,763)	(40,346) 214,188	(500)	(40,346) 213,688
Exchange gains on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務之匯兑收益							15,202				15,202	(21)	15,181
Total comprehensive income for the year Transfer to statutory reserve Proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2012 (Note 14(a))	轉撥至法定儲備 截至二零一二年 三月三十一日止年度之	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,202 -	- 10,503	214,188 (10,503)	-	229,390 -	(521)	228,869
	擬派末期股息 (附註14(a))						(8,939)				8,939			
At 31 March 2012	於二零一二年 三月三十一日	5,959	799,335	3,508	2,776	(36,810)	32,028	19,648	12,447	604,397	8,939	1,452,227	4,747	1,456,974

綜合股本權益變動表(續)

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Continued)

						Attri	ibutable to the o 本公司辦	wners of the Co 唯有人應佔	mpany					Non- controlling interests 非控股權益	Total equity 權益總額
		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium* 股份溢價* HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve* 資本儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve* 購股權儲備* HK\$*000 千港元	Special reserve* 特別儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus* 缴入盈餘* HK\$'000 千港元	Exchange reserve* 外匯儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	Other reserve* 其他儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	Statutory reserve* 法定儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits* 保留溢利* HK\$'000 千港元	Proposed dividend 餐派股息 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	5,959	799,335	3,508	2,776	(36,810)	32,028	19,648	-	12,447	604,397	8,939	1,452,227	4,747	1,456,974
Arising from capital injection of non-controlling interests (Note 33(cl)) Final dividends paid for the year ended 31 March 2012 (Note 14(b)) Interim dividends paid for the period ended	因非控股權益注資而產生 (附註33(c)) 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度 已付末期股息(附註14(b)) 截至二零一二年九月三十日止期間	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,939)	(8,939)	30,247	30,247 (8,939)
30 September 2012 (Note 14(a)) Derecognition of non-controlling interests	已付中期股息(附註14(a)) 出售一間附屬公司時取消確認非搾股	-	-	-	-	-	(5,960)	-	-	-	-	-	(5,960)	-	(5,960)
upon disposal of a subsidiary (Note 33(a)) Arising from partial disposal of a subsidiary (Note 33(b)) Arising from deemed disposal of	權益(附註33(a)) 因部分出售一間附屬公司而產生 (附註33(b)) 因視作出售一間附屬公司而產生	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 87,547	-	-	-	87,547	(4,474) 21,069	(4,474) 108,616
a subsidiary (Note 33(c))	(附註33(c))								11,207				11,207	(11,207)	
Transactions with owners Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	與擁有人進行之交易 本年度溢利 其他全面收入	-	-	-	-	-	(5,960)	-	98,754 -	-	66,304	(8,939)	83,855 66,304	35,635 (337)	119,490 65,967
Release of exchange reserve upon disposal of a subsidiary (Note 33(a)) Exchange gains on translation of	出售一間附屬公司時解除 外匯儲備(附註33(a)) 換算海外業務之匯兑收益	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	-	-	-	-	34	-	34
foreign operations	沃井 两州未彻 人 進兄似盆							3,081					3,081	(12)	3,069
Total comprehensive income for the year Transfer to statutory reserve	本年度全面收入總額 轉撥至法定儲備				<u>-</u>		- -	3,115		23	66,304		69,419	(349)	69,070
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	5,959	799,335	3,508	2,776	(36,810)	26,068	22,763	98,754	12,470	670,678		1,605,501	40,033	1,645,534

These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$1,599,542,000 (2012: HK\$1,437,329,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

此等儲備賬包括綜合財務狀況報表內之綜 合儲備約1,599,542,000港元(二零一二年: 1,437,329,000港元)。

財務報表附註

Notes to the Financial Statements

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Sparkle Roll Group Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church House, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda and its principal place of business is Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are the distributorships of luxury goods. The Group's operations are based in Hong Kong, the People's Republic of China, excluding Hong Kong and Macau (the "PRC") and Malaysia.

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013 were approved for issue by the board of directors on 20 June 2013.

2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time all of the new standards, amendments and interpretations (the "new or amended HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), which are relevant to and effective for the Group's financial statements for the year.

The adoption of the new or amended HKFRSs had no material impact on how the results and financial position for the current and prior periods have been prepared and presented or on the Group's accounting policies.

1. 一般資料

耀萊集團有限公司(「本公司」)為一間於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司,其註冊辦事處地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church House, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda,而其主要營業地點為香港。本公司股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。

本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)主要於香港、中華人民共和國(不包括香港及澳門)(「中國」)及馬來西亞從事奢侈品代理業務。

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度之 財務報表於二零一三年六月二十日由董 事會批准刊發。

採納新訂或經修訂之香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告 準則」)

於本年度,本集團首次應用所有由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之新訂準則、修訂及詮釋(「新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準則」)。新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準則與本集團之本年度財務報表有關,並適用於有關財務報表。

採納新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準則對 本期及往期業績及財務狀況之編製及呈 列方式或對本集團之會計政策並無重大 影響。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following new or amended HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group, have been published but are not yet effective, and have not been adopted early by the Group.

HKFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle ²					
Amendments to HKAS 1 (Revised)	Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income ¹					
Amendments to HKAS 32 Amendments to HKFRS 7 HKFRS 9	Presentation – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities³ Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities² Financial Instruments⁴					
HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements ²					
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements ²					
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities ²					
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement ²					
HKAS 19 (2011)	Employee Benefits ²					
HKAS 27 (2011)	Separate Financial Statements ²					
HKAS 28 (2011)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures ²					

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015

The Group has already commenced an assessment of related impact of adopting the above new or amended HKFRSs to the Group. The Group is not yet in a position to state whether substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and presentation of the financial statements will be resulted.

2. 採納新訂或經修訂之香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告 準則」)(續)

於本財務報表獲授權當日,下列可能與本集團相關之新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準則已頒佈惟尚未生效,亦無獲本集團提早採納。

香港會計準則 呈列-對銷金融資產與 第32號之修訂 金融負債³

香港財務報告準則 披露一對銷金融資產與

 第7號之修訂
 金融負債²

 香港財務報告
 金融工具⁴

準則第9號

香港財務報告 綜合財務報表2

準則第10號

香港財務報告 合營安排2

準則第11號

香港財務報告 披露於其他實體之

準則第12號 權益² 香港財務報告 公允值計量² 準則第13號

年別 第13 派

香港會計 僱員福利2

準則第19號 (二零一一年)

香港會計 獨立財務報表2

準則第27號 (二零一一年)

(二零一一年)

- 1 於二零一二年七月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效
- ² 於二零一三年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效
- 3 於二零一四年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效
- 4 於二零一五年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效

本集團已開始評估採納上述新訂或經修 訂香港財務報告準則對本集團之相關影 響。本集團目前尚未能說明會否導致本 集團之會計政策及財務報表之呈列方式 出現重大變動。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 **POLICIES**

3.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The financial statements also include the applicable disclosure requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these financial statements are summarised below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated. The adoption of new or amended HKFRSs and the impacts on the Group's financial statements, if any, are disclosed in note 2.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments which are stated at fair values. The measurement bases are fully described in the accounting policies below.

It should be noted that accounting estimates and assumptions are used in preparation of the financial statements. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge and judgement of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements. are disclosed in note 4.

3.1 編製基準

財務報表乃根據香港財務報告準 則(此統稱包括香港會計師公會頒 佈之所有適用個別香港財務報告 準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計 準則1)及詮釋)以及香港公司條例 之披露規定而編製。財務報表亦包 括聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規 則」)之適用披露規定。

編製本財務報表時所用之主要會 計政策概要載於下文。除非另有指 明,否則該等政策已於各個呈列年 度貫徹應用。採用新訂或經修訂香 港財務報告準則及對本集團財務 報表之影響(如有)於附註2披露。

財務報表乃按歷史成本基準編製, 惟按公允值於損益表列賬之金融 資產及衍生金融工具以公允值列 賬。計量基準於以下會計政策中全 面載述。

謹請注意,在編製財務報表時須作 出會計估計及假設。儘管該等估計 乃根據管理層對目前事件及行動之 最佳了解及判斷作出,惟實際結果 最終或會與該等估計有所出入。涉 及高度判斷或高度複雜性之範疇, 或涉及對財務報表屬重大之假設 和估算之範疇,在附註4中披露。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (see note 3.3 below) made up to 31 March each year.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are excluded from consolidation from the date that control ceases.

The Group uses the acquisition method of accounting to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If this is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchases, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

3.2 綜合賬目之基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附 屬公司(見下文附註3.3)截至各年 三月三十一日之財務報表。

附屬公司在控制權轉移至本集團 之日全面綜合入賬。附屬公司在控 制權終止之日起停止綜合入賬。

本集團採用收購會計法將業務合 併入賬。收購附屬公司之已轉讓代 價為本集團所轉讓資產、所產生負 債及所發行股本權益之公允值。所 轉讓代價包括或然代價安排所產 生任何資產或負債之公允值。收購 相關成本在產生時支銷。在業務合 併中所收購可識別資產以及所承 擔負債及或然負債,初步按其於收 購日期之公允值計量。本集團因應 個別收購,按公允值或按非控股權 益應佔被收購方資產淨值之比例, 確認被收購方之非控股權益。

所轉讓代價、被收購方任何非控股 權益及被收購方任何之前股本權 益在收購日期之公允值,超出所收 購可識別淨資產公允值之數額列 為商譽。就該數額低於所收購附屬 公司淨資產公允值之廉價購買而 言,該差額直接在綜合全面收入報 表確認。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

3.2 Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains and losses on transactions between group companies are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Where unrealised losses on intra-group asset sales are reversed on consolidation, the underlying asset is also tested for impairment from the Group's perspective. Amounts reported in the financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interest as transactions with equity owners of the Group. For purchases from non-controlling interest, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interest are also recorded in equity.

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

3.2 綜合賬目之基準(續)

集團內公司之間交易及集團公司之 間交易之結餘及未變現收益及虧 損,於編製綜合財務報表時對銷。 集團內部資產銷售之未變現虧損 於綜合賬目時撥回,而相關資產亦 會從本集團之角度進行減值測試。 附屬公司財務報表內所報告之金 額已於需要時作出調整,以確保與 本集團採納之會計政策一致。

本集團與非控股權益進行之交易視 作與本集團權益擁有人進行之交 易處理。對於向非控股權益購買, 所支付任何代價與所收購附屬公 司之淨資產賬面值相關部分之差 額於權益記賬。對於向非控股權益 進行之出售所產生收益或虧損亦 於權益記賬。

本集團失去控制權時,實體之任何 保留權益會按公允值重新計量,有 關賬面值變動在損益確認。就其後 入賬列作聯營公司、合營公司或金 融資產之保留權益,其公允值為初 步賬面值。此外,先前於其他全面 收入確認與該實體有關之任何金 額按猶如本集團已直接出售有關 資產或負債之方式入賬。此可能意 味着先前在其他全面收入確認之 金額重新分類至損益。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.3 Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to control the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

In the consolidated financial statements, acquisition of subsidiaries (other than those under common control) is accounted for by applying the acquisition method. This involves the estimation of fair value of all identifiable assets and liabilities, including contingent liabilities of the subsidiary, at the acquisition date, regardless of whether or not they were recorded in the financial statements of the subsidiary prior to acquisition. On initial recognition, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary are included in the consolidated statement of financial position at their fair values, which are also used as the bases for subsequent measurement in accordance with the Group's accounting policies.

In the Company's statement of financial position, subsidiaries are carried at cost less any impairment losses unless the subsidiary is held for sale or included in a disposal group. The results of the subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable at the reporting date. All dividends whether received out of the investee's pre or post-acquisition profits are recognised in the Company's profit or loss.

3.3 附屬公司

附屬公司指本集團有權控制其財 務及營運決策以從其活動中得益 之實體(包括特殊目的實體)。於 評估本集團是否控制另一實體時, 會考慮是否存在現時可行使或可 轉換之潛在投票權及其影響。

於綜合財務報表內,收購附屬公司 (受共同控制者除外)採用收購法 入賬。此情況涉及估計所有可識別 資產及負債(包括該附屬公司之或 然負債)於收購日期之公允值,而 不論該等資產及負債於收購前有否 記錄於該附屬公司之財務報表。於 初步確認時,該附屬公司之資產及 負債會按公允值計入綜合財務狀況 報表,而公允值亦為按照本集團之 會計政策用作其後計量之基準。

於本公司之財務狀況報表內,附屬 公司按成本減任何減值虧損列賬, 惟附屬公司為持作出售或計入出 售組別中則除外。本公司按於報告 日已收及應收股息基準將附屬公 司之業績入賬。從接受投資公司之 收購前或收購後溢利收取之所有 股息,一概於本公司之損益確認。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.4 Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

In the individual financial statements of the consolidated entities, foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the individual entity using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at that date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the reporting date retranslation of monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined and are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

In the consolidated financial statements, all individual financial statements of foreign operations, originally presented in a currency different from the Group's presentation currency, have been converted into HK\$. Assets and liabilities have been translated into HK\$ at the closing rates at the reporting date. Income and expenses have been converted into HK\$ at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates, or at the average rates over the reporting period provided that the exchange rates do not fluctuate significantly. Any differences arising from this procedure have been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in the exchange reserve in equity. Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation on or after 1 April 2005 have been treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated into HK\$ at the closing rates. Goodwill arising on the acquisitions of foreign operations before 1 April 2005 is translated at the foreign exchange rate that applied at the date of acquisition of the foreign operation.

3.4 外幣換算

財務報表以港元(「港元」)呈報, 亦即本公司之功能貨幣。

外幣交易於已綜合入賬實體之個 別財務報表內按交易當日之現行 匯率換算為個別實體之功能貨幣。 於報告日,以外幣為貨幣單位之貨 幣資產及負債按該日之現行匯率 換算。因結算該等交易及於報告日 重新換算貨幣資產及負債產生之 外匯損益均於損益內確認。

按公允值列賬且以外幣計值之非貨 幣項目按釐定公允值當日之現行 匯率重新換算及以公允值損益之 一部分呈報。按過往成本以外幣計 算之非貨幣項目不會重新換算。

在綜合財務報表中,原以本集團呈 報貨幣以外貨幣呈列之海外業務 所有個別財務報表均已換算為港 元。資產及負債已按報告日之收市 匯率換算為港元。收入與開支按交 易當日之現行匯率或按報告期間 之平均匯率換算為港元,惟前提是 匯率並沒有重大波動。任何就此程 序產生之差額已於其他全面收入 中確認,並於權益之外匯儲備內分 開處理。於二零零五年四月一日或 之後收購海外業務所產生之商譽 及公允值調整已視作海外業務之 資產與負債處理,並以收市匯率換 算為港元。於二零零五年四月一日 前收購海外業務所產生之商譽以 收購該海外業務當日之適用匯率 換算。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.4 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale.

3.5 Property, plant and equipment

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided to write off the cost less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, as follows:

Furniture and equipment 3 to 10 years Fixtures 5 to 10 years or over the term of lease, if shorter

Motor vehicles 4 to 5 years

The assets' estimated residual values, depreciation methods and estimated useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

The gain or loss arising on retirement or disposal is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other costs, such as repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

3.4 外幣換算(續)

當出售海外業務時,有關匯兑差額 於損益內確認為出售收益或虧損 之一部分。

3.5 物業、機器及設備

物業、機器及設備乃按以下估計可 使用年期及扣除估計剩餘價值後, 以直線法計提折舊,以撇銷成本:

傢俬及設備 3至10年 5至10年或租賃年期 裝置 (以較短者為準)

4至5年 汽車

資產之估計剩餘價值、折舊方法及 估計可使用年期於每個報告日作出 檢討,並於適當情況下作出調整。

報廢或出售時產生之損益按出售 所得款項與有關資產之賬面值之 間之差額釐定,並在損益內確認。

其後成本僅在與該項目相關之未來 經濟利益極有可能流入本集團,並 能可靠地計算出項目成本之情況 下,始納入資產之賬面值或確認為 獨立資產(視何者適用而定)。所 有其他成本(如修理及維修開支) 於其產生之財政期間在損益扣除。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.6 Goodwill

Goodwill is initially recognised at cost being the excess of the aggregate of consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests over the fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired.

Where the fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceed the aggregate of consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests, the excess is recognised in profit or loss on the acquisition date, after re-assessment.

Goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units ("CGUs") that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

3.6 商譽

商譽初步按成本確認,成本即所轉 移代價與就非控股權益確認之金 額總額超出所收購可識別資產、負 債及或然負債之公允值之部分。

倘可識別資產、負債及或然負債之 公允值高於所轉移代價及已確認 非控股權益之總額,則超出部分於 重估後於收購日期在損益確認。

商譽乃按成本減累計減值虧損計量。就減值測試而言,收購產生之商譽分配予預期會受惠於收購協同效益之各相關現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)。獲分配商譽之現金產生單位會每年及於有跡象顯示該單位可能出現減值時進行減值測試。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.6 Goodwill (Continued)

For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount to each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss and is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On subsequent disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill capitalised is included in the determination of the amount of gain or loss on disposal.

3.7 Other intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Acquired intangible assets are recognised initially at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Amortisation commences when the intangible assets are available for use. The following useful lives are applied:

Trademarks

5 to 10 years

Other intangible assets are tested for impairment as described in note 3.19.

3.6 商譽(續)

就於財政年度內進行收購所產生 之商譽而言,獲分配商譽之現金產 生單位會於該財政年度結束前進 行減值測試。當現金產生單位之可 收回金額少於該單位賬面值時,減 值虧損會首先分配以撇減該單位 獲分配之任何商譽之賬面值,繼而 基於該單位內各資產之賬面值按 比例分配至該單位之其他資產。商 譽之任何減值虧損於損益確認,而 不會於往後期間撥回。

其後出售附屬公司後,計算出售之 收益或虧損金額時,將計及應佔之 資本化商譽金額。

3.7 其他無形資產(除商譽以外)

收購所得之無形資產初步按成本 確認。於初步確認後,可使用年期 有限之無形資產按成本減累計攤 銷及任何累計減值虧損列值。可使 用年期有限之無形資產按直線法 於其估計可使用年期內攤銷。無形 資產於可供使用時開始攤銷。所用 之可使用年期如下:

商標 5至10年

其他無形資產以附註3.19所述之方 式進行減值測試。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.8 Financial assets

The Group's accounting policies for financial assets other than investments in subsidiaries are set out below.

Financial assets are classified into financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and loans and receivables.

Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition depending on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired and where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date.

All financial assets are recognised when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade date. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

Derecognition of financial assets occurs when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments expire or are transferred and substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred.

At each reporting date, financial assets are reviewed to assess whether there is objective evidence of impairment. If any such evidence exists, impairment loss is determined and recognised based on the classification of the financial assets.

3.8 金融資產

本集團有關金融資產(於附屬公司之投資除外)之會計政策載列如下。

金融資產被分類為按公允值於損益表列賬之金融資產以及貸款及 應收款項。

管理層於初步確認時根據收購金融資產之目的釐定其金融資產之 歸類,及(倘允許及適合)於每個報告日重新評估該分類。

當及僅當本集團成為工具合約條 文之訂約方時,方會確認所有金融 資產。以常規方式買賣之金融資產 於交易日確認。初步確認金融資產 時,金融資產會以公允值計量,而 倘投資並非按公允值於損益表列 賬處理,則另加直接應佔之交易成 本。

倘收取來自投資之現金流量之權 利屆滿或被轉讓,而所有權絕大部 分風險及回報已經轉讓,則解除確 認金融資產。

於各報告日均會審閱金融資產,以評估有否出現減值之客觀證據。倘存有任何該等證據,則按金融資產之分類釐定及確認減值虧損。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.8 Financial assets (Continued)

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term, or it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit-taking. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments or financial guarantee contracts.

Where a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid contract may be designated as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, except where the embedded derivative does not significantly modify the cash flows or it is clear that separation of the embedded derivative is prohibited.

3.8 金融資產(續)

(a) 按公允值於損益表列賬之金 融資產

按公允值於損益表列賬之金 融資產包括持作買賣之金融 資產及於初步確認時指定按 公允值於損益表列賬之金融 資產。

倘金融資產乃因為求於短期 內出售而購入,或該金融資 產為受共同管理之可識別金 融工具投資組合之一部分, 並有證據顯示其於近期出現 短期圖利之模式,則會被分 類為持作買賣。除非衍生工 具(包括獨立嵌入式衍生工 具)被指定作為有效對沖工 具或財務擔保合約,否則衍 生工具亦分類為持作買賣。

倘一項合約包含一個或以上 嵌入式衍生工具,則整份混 合式合約可能被指定為按公 允值於損益表列賬之金融資 產,惟倘嵌入式衍生工具並 未令現金流量有重大變動或 明確禁止單獨處理嵌入式衍 生工具則除外。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.8 Financial assets (Continued)

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

Financial assets may be designated at initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss if the following criteria are met:

- the designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; or
- the assets are part of a group of financial assets which are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management strategy and information about the group of financial assets is provided internally on that basis to the key management personnel; or
- the financial asset contains an embedded derivative that would need to be separately recorded.

3.8 金融資產(續)

(a) 按公允值於損益表列賬之金 融資產(續)

倘若符合以下準則,則可於 初步確認時指定金融資產為 按公允值於損益表列賬處 理:

- 有關指定能消除或大大 減少因按照不同基準計 量有關資產或確認其盈 虧而出現之不一致處理 情況;或
- 根據列明之風險管理策略,該等資產為一組受管理而其表現乃按公允值評估之金融資產其中一部分,而有關該組金融資產之資料均按該基準向主要管理人員內部提供;或
- 有關金融資產包含需要 分別記賬之嵌入式衍生 工具。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.8 Financial assets (Continued)

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or Ioss (Continued)

Subsequent to initial recognition, the financial assets included in this category are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Fair value is determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists. Fair value gain or loss does not include any dividend or interest earned on these financial assets. Interest income is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies in note 3.17 to these financial statements.

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Amortised cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate and transaction cost.

3.8 金融資產(續)

(a) 按公允值於損益表列賬之金 融資產(續)

初步確認後,計入此類別之 金融資產按公允值計量,而 公允值變動在損益內確認。 公允值乃參考活躍市場交易 或採用估值方法(如無活躍 市場存在)予以釐定。公允 值之損益並不包括該等金融 資產所賺取之任何股息或利 息。利息收入根據於財務報 表附註3.17內本集團之政策 確認。

(b) 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為具固定或 可予釐定付款金額,而在活 躍市場中並無報價之非衍生 金融資產。貸款及應收款項 其後以實際利息法按攤銷成 本,減任何減值虧損計量。攤 銷成本於計算時已計及任何 收購時產生之折讓或溢價, 並包括構成實際利率及交易 成本整體一部分之費用。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.8 Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

At each reporting date, financial assets other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment.

Objective evidence of impairment of individual financial assets includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor.

3.8 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值

於各報告日會檢討金融資產(按公允值於損益表列賬之金融資產除外),以釐定是否出現任何客觀減值證據。

個別金融資產之客觀減值證據包 括就本集團所知涉及一項或以上 下列虧損事件之可觀察數據:

- 一 債務人遇上重大財務困難;
- 建反合約,如欠繳或拖欠支付利息或本金付款;
- 一 債務人很有可能破產或進行 其他財務重組;及
- 技術、市場、經濟或法律環境 出現可能對債務人造成不利 影響之重大變化。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.8 Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Loss events in respect of a group of financial assets include observable data indicating that there is a measureable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from the group of financial assets. Such observable data includes but not limited to adverse changes in the payment status of debtors in the group and, national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group.

If any such evidence exists, the impairment loss is measured and recognised as follows:

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). The amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss of the period in which the impairment occurs.

3.8 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

有關某一組金融資產之虧損事件 包括顯示該組金融資產之估計未 來現金流量出現可計量跌幅之可 觀察數據。該等可觀察數據包括但 不限於組別內債務人之付款狀況 及與組別內資產拖欠情況有關之 國家或地區經濟狀況出現之不利 變化。

倘存在任何該等證據,則按以下方 式計量及確認減值虧損:

按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產

倘有客觀證據表明按攤銷成本列 賬之貸款及應收款項已出現減值 虧損,虧損金額乃按資產賬面值與 估計未來現金流量(不包括尚未產 生之未來信貸虧損)經該金融資產 之原實際利率(即初步確認時計算 之實際利率)貼現之現值之差額計 量。虧損金額於減值產生期間之損 益確認。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

3.8 Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

If, in subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that it does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset exceeding what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognised in profit or loss of the period in which the reversal occurs.

Financial assets other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and trade receivables that are stated at amortised cost, impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly. Where the recovery of trade receivables is considered doubtful but not remote, the impairment losses for doubtful receivables are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery of trade receivables is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade receivables directly and any amounts held in the allowance account in respect of that receivable are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

3.8 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產(續)

於其後之期間,倘減值虧損金額減 少,而減少乃客觀地與確認減值後 發生之事件有關,則之前確認之減 值虧損予以撥回,惟撥回不得使金 融資產之賬面金額超過假設於減 值撥回日期未有確認減值時應有 之攤銷成本。撥回金額於撥回期間 之損益內確認。

就按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產(不 包括按公允值於損益表列賬之金融 資產)及應收貿易款項而言,減值 虧損乃直接自相應資產中撇銷。倘 收回應收貿易款項被認為成疑但 並非不可能,則屬呆賬之應收款項 之減值虧損會以準備賬記賬。倘本 集團相信應收貿易款項不大可能 收回,則被認為屬不可收回之金額 乃直接自應收貿易款項中撇銷,而 於準備賬內就有關應收款項持有 之任何金額會予以撥回。其後收回 過往自準備賬扣除之金額乃撥回 至準備賬。準備賬之其他變動及其 後收回過往直接撇銷之金額乃於 損益內確認。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.9 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of automobiles, watches and jewelleries included in the inventories are determined using the first-in, first-out method while the other inventories with different nature are determined using the weighted average basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and applicable selling expenses.

3.10 Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments, in individual contracts or separated from hybrid financial instruments, are initially recognised at fair value on the date the derivative contract is entered into and subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives that are not designated as hedging instruments are accounted for as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are taken directly to profit or loss for the year.

3.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at banks and in hand, demand deposits with banks and short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of cash flows presentation, cash and cash equivalents include bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

3.9 存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者中 之較低者列賬。計入存貨之汽車、 手錶及珠寶成本按先進先出法釐 定,而其他具不同性質之存貨乃以 加權平均法釐定。可變現淨值乃指 日常業務過程中之估計售價減去 估計完成所需之成本以及適用之 銷售費用。

3.10 衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具(以個別合約或與混 合金融工具分開)於訂立衍生工具 合約日期初步按公允值確認,其後 則按公允值重新計量。並非指定為 對沖工具之衍生工具列作按公允 值於損益表列賬之金融資產或金 融負債。公允值變動產生之收益或 虧損直接計入本年度損益。

3.11 現金及現金等值項目

現金及現金等值項目包括銀行及手 頭現金、存於銀行之活期存款,以 及原到期日為三個月或以下、可隨 時轉換為已知金額之現金且不存 在重大價值變動風險之短期高流 動性投資。就現金流量呈報而言, 現金及現金等值項目包括須按要 求償還之銀行透支,為本集團現金 管理之組成部分。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.12 Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, accrued charges, amount due to a related party and borrowings.

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. All interest related charges are recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see note 3.18).

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

3.12 金融負債

本集團之金融負債包括應付貿易 款項及其他應付款項、應計費用、 應付一名關連人士款項及借貸。

當本集團成為工具合約條文之一方時,會確認金融負債。所有與利息有關之費用根據本集團有關借貸成本之會計政策確認(見附註3.18)。

當金融負債下之義務解除、取消或 到期時,則解除確認金融負債。

倘一項現有金融負債為另一項來 自同一借款人根據重大不同條款 訂立之金融負債所取代,或現有負 債之條款經重大修改時,有關取代 或修改會被視為解除確認原負債 及確認一項新負債,且相應賬面值 之差額於損益中確認。

借貸

借貸初步按公允值(扣除所產生之交易成本)確認。借貸隨後按攤銷成本列賬;所得款項(扣除交易成本)及贖回價值之間之任何差額利用實際利息法於借貸期間於損益確認。

除非本集團擁有無條件權利,可延 遲至報告日後最少十二個月清償 負債,否則借貸分類為流動負債。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.12 Financial liabilities (Continued)

Other financial liabilities

These financial liabilities are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

3.13 Financial guarantees issued

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer (or guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Where the Group issues a financial guarantee, the fair value of the guarantee is initially recognised as deferred income within trade and other payables. Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss on initial recognition of any deferred income.

The amount of the guarantee initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued. In addition, provisions are recognised if and when it becomes probable that the holder of the guarantee will call upon the Group under the guarantee and the amount of that claim on the Group is expected to exceed the current carrying amount of the guarantee, i.e., the amount initially recognised less accumulated amortisation, where appropriate.

3.12 金融負債(續)

其他金融負債

該等金融負債初步按其公允值確 認,隨後利用實際利息法按攤銷成 本計量。

3.13 所發出之財務擔保

財務擔保合約乃要求發行人(或擔 保人)就持有人因指定債務人未能 根據債務工具之條款於到期時付 款而蒙受之損失而向持有人償付 特定款項之合約。

倘本集團發出財務擔保,則該擔保 之公允值初步確認為應付貿易款 項及其他應付款項內之遞延收入。 倘在發行該擔保時已收取或可收 取代價,則該代價根據本集團適用 於該類資產之政策確認。倘並無收 取或應收取有關代價,則於初步確 認任何遞延收入時於損益內即時 確認為支出。

初步確認為遞延收入之擔保款額 按擔保年期於損益內以所發出財 務擔保之收入攤銷。此外,倘擔保 持有人有可能根據本集團已作出 之擔保向本集團提出索償,而對本 集團提出之索償款額預期超過擔 保現時之賬面值(即初步確認之款 額減累計攤銷(如適用)),則確認 撥備。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.14 Leases

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

Assets that are held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases.

Operating lease charges as the lessor

Assets leased out under operating leases are measured and presented according to the nature of the assets. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

3.14 租賃

倘本集團釐定一項安排賦予於一 段協定期間內使用某一或多項指 定資產之權利,並以付款或連串付 款作為交換,則該項安排(包括交 易或連串交易)屬於或包含一項租 賃。本集團乃於評估該項安排之實 際內容後作出上述釐定,當中不會 考慮該項安排是否具有租賃之法 定形式。

對於本集團以租賃持有之資產,倘 租賃使所有權之絕大部分風險和 回報轉移至本集團,有關資產便會 劃歸為以融資租賃持有;倘租賃不 會使所有權之絕大部分風險和回 報轉移至本集團,則劃歸為經營租 賃。

(a) 作為出租人之經營租賃費用

根據經營租賃出租之資產按 資產性質計量及呈列。磋商 及安排經營租賃時產生之初 步直接成本計入租賃資產之 賬面值,並於租賃期內按與 租金收入相同之基準確認為 開支。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.14 Leases (Continued)

(a) Operating lease charges as the lessor (Continued)

Rental income receivable from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on the straight-line method over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

(b) Operating lease charges as the lessee

Where the Group has the right to use the assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease terms except where an alternative basis is more representative of the time pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased assets. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rental are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

3.14 租賃(續)

(a) 作為出租人之經營租賃費用 (續)

經營租賃之應收租金收入按 租賃期涵蓋期間以直線法在 損益確認,但如有其他基準 能更清楚地反映使用租賃資 產所產生之收益模式則除 外。獲授之租賃獎勵在損益 中確認為應收租賃淨付款總 額之組成部分。或然租金在 其產生之會計期間內確認為 收入。

(b) 作為承租人之經營租賃費用

倘本集團有權使用以經營租 賃持有之資產,則根據租賃 作出之付款會在租賃期內, 以直線法在損益扣除;但如 有其他基準能更清楚地反映 租賃資產所產生之收益時間 模式則除外。已收租賃獎勵 在損益中確認為已付租賃淨 付款總額之組成部分。或然 租金在其產生之會計期間內 在損益扣除。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.15 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

All provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

3.16 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Share capital is determined using the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share premium (net of any related income tax benefit) to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction.

3.15 撥備、或然負債及或然資產

若本集團因過往事件而於現時存 有法律或推定債務,且有可能需要 流出經濟利益以償付有關債務,而 涉及之金額亦可作合理估計,則會 確認撥備。若金錢之時間價值屬重 大,則撥備乃按預期償付債務之開 支之現值列賬。

所有撥備會於各報告日作出檢討 及調整,以反映當時最佳之估計。

倘可能毋須流出經濟利益,或金額 不能可靠估計,則債務會披露為或 然負債,惟倘流出經濟利益之可能 性極低,則作別論。如是否可能須 承擔債務僅以發生或不發生一可 或多項並非完全於本集團控制範 圍內之日後不確定事件方能確認, 則可能須承擔之債務亦會披露 或然負債,惟倘流出經濟利益之可 能性極低,則作別論。

3.16 股本

普通股分類為權益。股本採用已發 行股份之面值釐定。

與發行股份相關之任何交易成本 自股份溢價(扣減任何相關所得税 利益)中扣除,扣除金額以股權交 易直接應佔之額外成本為限。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.17 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received and receivable for the sale of goods, rendering of services and the use by others of the Group's assets yielding interest and dividends, net of returns and discounts. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised as follows:

Sales of goods are recognised upon transfer of the significant risks and rewards of ownership to customer. This is usually taken as the time when the goods are delivered and the customer has accepted the goods.

Services income is recognised when services are rendered.

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

Rental income receivable from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on the straight-line method over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

3.17 收益確認

收益包括銷售貨品、提供服務以及 其他人士使用本集團資產獲得利 息及股息之已收及應收代價公允 值(扣減退貨及折扣)。假設經濟 利益極可能流向本集團,且收益及 成本(如適用)能可靠地計量,則 按下列基準確認收益:

貨品之銷售額乃於擁有權之主要 風險及回報轉移予客戶時確認。此 情況一般被視為貨品交付及客戶 接納貨品之時。

服務收入乃於提供服務時確認。

利息收入根據實際利息法按時間 比例確認。

經營租賃之應收租金收入按租賃 期涵蓋期間以直線法在損益確認, 但如有其他基準能更清楚地反映 使用租賃資產所產生之收益模式 則除外。獲授之租賃獎勵在損益中 確認為應收租賃淨付款總額之組 成部分。或然租金在其產生之會計 期間內確認為收入。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.18 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable directly to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets which require a substantial period of time to be ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Income earned on temporary investments of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on those assets is deducted from borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

3.19 Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill arising from acquisition of subsidiaries, other intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and the Company's interests in subsidiaries are subject to impairment testing.

Goodwill and other intangible assets with an indefinite useful life or those not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, irrespective of whether there is any indication that they are impaired. All other assets are tested for impairment whenever there are indications that the asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value, reflecting market conditions less costs to sell, and value-in-use. In assessing value-in-use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of time value of money and the risk specific to the asset.

3.18 借貸成本

收購、建設或生產需要長時間籌備 作擬定用途或銷售之合資格資產 之直接應佔借貸成本,將作為該等 資產之一部分成本資本化。有待用 於該等資產支出之特定借貸作短 期投資所賺取之收入會於資本化 借貸成本扣除。所有其他借貸成本 於產生期間之損益確認。

3.19 非金融資產之減值

因收購附屬公司而產生之商譽、其 他無形資產、物業、機器及設備以 及本公司之附屬公司權益須進行 減值測試。

商譽及可使用年期為無限或未可供使用之其他無形資產最少每年作一次減值測試,而不論是否有任何跡象表明已出現減值。所有其他資產在出現未必能收回有關資產賬面值之跡象時進行減值測試。

減值虧損按資產之賬面值超出其 可收回金額之差額,即時確認為開 支。可收回金額為反映市況之公 值減銷售成本與使用價值時,估 較高者。評估使用價值時,估計 後現金流量採用反映現時計 金錢時間價值及有關資產特有 全錢時間價值及有關資產 數之評估之稅前貼現率貼現至其 現值。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

3.19 Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

For the purposes of assessing impairment, where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent from those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows independently (i.e. a CGU). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at CGU level. Goodwill in particular is allocated to those CGUs that are expected to benefit from synergies of the related business combination and represent the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purpose.

Impairment loss recognised for a CGU, to which goodwill has been allocated, is credited initially to the carrying amount of goodwill. Any remaining impairment loss is charged pro rata to the other assets in the CGU, except that the carrying amount of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less cost to sell, or value-inuse, if determinable,

An impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. In respect of other assets, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount and only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

3.19 非金融資產之減值(續)

評估減值時,倘某項資產產生之現 金流入大致上並非獨立於其他資 產產生之現金流入,則可收回金額 按可獨立產生現金流入之最小資 產組別(即現金產生單位)釐定。 因此,部分資產會個別進行減值測 試,部分則按現金產生單位進行測 試。商譽會特別分配至預期可從相 關業務合併之協同效益中獲得利 益之現金產生單位,且相當於本集 團就內部管理用途監控商譽之最 低級別。

就獲分配商譽之現金產生單位確 認之減值虧損初步計入商譽賬面 值。任何剩餘減值虧損乃按比例從 該現金產生單位之其他資產扣除, 惟資產賬面值不得減至低於其個 別公允值減銷售成本或使用價值 (如可衡量)。

商譽減值虧損不會於往後期間撥 回。至於其他資產,倘釐定資產之 可收回金額時所用之估計出現有 利變動,減值虧損可以撥回,惟僅 限於資產賬面值不會超逾未有確 認減值虧損時原應釐定之賬面值 (扣除折舊或攤銷)之情況。

於中期期間確認之商譽減值虧損 不會於往後期間撥回。即使於與中 期有關之財政年度完結時方評估 減值,則不用確認虧損或確認較少 之虧損,亦不會撥回減值虧損。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.20 Employee benefits

(a) Retirement benefits

Retirement benefits to employees are provided through defined contribution plans.

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for all of its employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in the PRC are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme.

Contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss as employees render services during the year. The Group's obligations under these plans are limited to the fixed percentage contributions payable.

Short-term employee benefits

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the reporting date.

Non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

3.20 僱員福利

(a) 退休福利

僱員退休福利透過界定供款 計劃提供。

本集團根據強制性公積金計 劃條例,為所有合資格參與 界定供款強制性公積金退休 福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)之 僱員提供一項強積金計劃。 供款基於僱員基本薪金之百 分比作出。

本集團在中國營運之附屬公 司之僱員須參加當地市政府 營辦之中央退休金計劃。此 等附屬公司須向中央退休金 計劃作出相當於其工資成本 一定百分比之供款。

供款於僱員於年內提供服 務時在損益內確認為開支。 本集團於該等計劃項下之責 任限於應付之固定百分比供 款。

(b) 短期僱員福利

僱員有權享有之年假於僱員 可享有時確認。本公司就僱 員因截至報告日止所提供服 務而可享有年假之估計負債 作出撥備。

非累計計薪休假(如病假及 分娩假期)於提取假期時方 予確認。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

3.20 Employee benefits (Continued)

(c) Share-based employee compensation

The Group operates equity-settled sharebased compensation plans for remuneration of its employees. All employee services received in exchange for the grant of any share-based compensation are measured at their fair values. These are indirectly determined by reference to the equity instruments awarded. Their value is appraised at the grant date and excludes the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets).

All share-based compensation is recognised as an expense in profit or loss over the vesting period if vesting conditions apply, or recognised as an expense in full at the grant date when the equity instruments granted vest immediately unless the compensation qualifies for recognition as asset, with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve in equity. If vesting conditions apply, the expense is recognised over the vesting period, based on the best available estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest. Estimates are subsequently revised, if there is any indication that the number of equity instruments expected to vest differs from previous estimates.

At the time when the share options have exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve is transferred to share premium. After vesting date, when the vested share options have forfeited or still have not been exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve is transferred to retained profits.

3.20 僱員福利(續)

(c) 以股份為基礎之僱員補償

本集團為其僱員之薪酬設立 以權益結算以股份為基礎之 補償計劃。所有以授予以股 份為基礎之補償作為交換之 已收僱員服務乃按其公允值 計量。此乃經參考所給予之 權益工具間接釐定。其價值 於授出日期評值,並排除一 切非市場歸屬條件(如盈利 能力及銷售增長目標)之影 響。

倘歸屬條件適用,所有以股 份為基礎之補償於歸屬期內 在損益確認為開支,或於授 出日期在所授予權益工具歸 屬時即時於損益悉數確認 為開支,惟倘補償合資格確 認為資產,則於權益內之購 股權儲備會相應調高。如歸 屬條件適用,則按對預期歸 屬之權益工具數目之最佳估 計,於歸屬期內確認開支。 非市場歸屬條件計入對預期 歸屬之權益工具數目之假設 內。如有跡象顯示預期歸屬 之權益工具數目與原先估計 不同,則於其後修訂估計。

行使購股權時,過往於購股 權儲備確認之金額會轉撥至 股份溢價。於歸屬日期後,倘 已歸屬購股權被沒收或於屆 滿日期尚未行使,則過往於 購股權儲備確認之金額會轉 撥至保留溢利。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

3.21 Accounting for income taxes

Income tax comprises current tax and deferred tax.

Current income tax assets and/or liabilities comprise those obligations to, or claims from, fiscal authorities relating to the current or prior reporting periods, that are unpaid at the reporting date. They are calculated according to the tax rates and tax laws applicable to the fiscal periods to which they relate, based on the taxable profit for the year. All changes to current tax assets or liabilities are recognised as a component of tax expense in profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated using the liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, tax losses available to be carried forward as well as other unused tax credits, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither taxable nor accounting profit or loss.

3.21 所得税會計處理

所得税包括本期税項及遞延税項。

本期所得税資產及/或負債包括 財政部門要求繳納且涉及本期或 以往報告期間但於報告日尚未支 付之納税責任或申索。有關資產或 負債乃基於年內應課税溢利,根據 有關財政期間適用之税率及税法 計算。本期税項資產或負債之所有 變動均於損益內確認為稅項開支 之一部分。

遞延税項採用負債法就財務報表 內資產及負債之賬面值與其各自 之税基間於報告日之暫時差異計 算。遞延税項負債通常就所有應課 税暫時差異予以確認。遞延税項資 產就所有可抵扣暫時差異、可結轉 之税項虧損及其他未使用之税項 抵免予以確認,惟以極可能有應課 税溢利可以該等可抵扣暫時差異、 未使用之税項虧損及未使用之税 項抵免予以抵銷為限。

因商譽或因於初步確認(業務合併 除外)交易資產及負債而產生之暫 時差異如不影響應課税或會計損 益,則不予確認遞延税項資產及負 債。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

3.21 Accounting for income taxes (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply in the period the liability is settled or the asset is realised, provided they are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognised in profit or loss, or in other comprehensive income or directly in equity if they relate to items that are charged or credited to other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are presented in net if, and only if,

- the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.21 所得税會計處理(續)

本集團會就因於附屬公司之投資 而產生之應課税暫時差異確認遞 延税項負債,惟倘本集團可以控制 暫時差異之撥回,且有關暫時差異 在可預見未來不大可能撥回則屬 例外。

遞延税項以預期於清償負債或變 現資產期間所適用之税率計算而 毋須貼現,惟有關税率於報告日須 已頒佈或大致上已頒佈。

遞延税項資產或負債之變動均於 損益內確認,惟倘與於其他全面收 入或直接自權益扣除或計入之項 目有關,則於其他全面收入或直接 於權益內確認。

本期税項資產與本期税項負債只 會於以下情況以淨額呈列:

- 本集團依法有強制執行權可 以將已確認金額對銷;及
- (b) 計劃以淨額基準結算或同時 實現資產及結清負債。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.21 Accounting for income taxes (Continued)

The Group presents deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities in net if, and only if,

- (a) the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - (i) the same taxable entity; or
 - (ii) different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

3.22 Segment reporting

The Group identifies operating segments and prepares segment information based on the regular internal financial information reported to the executive directors for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and for their review of the performance of those components. The business components in the internal financial information reported to the executive directors are determined following the Group's major product and service lines.

3.21 所得税會計處理(續)

本集團只會於以下情況以淨額呈列 遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債:

- (a) 該實體依法有強制執行權可 以將本期税項資產與本期税 項負債對銷;及
- (b) 遞延税項資產與遞延税項負 債是關於同一税務機關就以 下任何一項所徵收之所得 税:
 - (i) 同一應課税實體;或
 - (ii) 計劃於各段未來期間 (而預期在有關期間內 將結清或收回大額之遞 延税項負債或資產)以 淨額基準結算本期税項 負債與資產或同時實現 資產及結清負債之不同 應課税實體。

3.22 分部報告

本集團根據向執行董事呈報以供彼 等就分配資源至本集團業務部分及 檢討該等部分表現作出決定之定 期內部財務資料識別營運分部及 編製分部資料。向執行董事呈報之 內部財務資料內之業務部分乃按 本集團主要產品及服務線釐定。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

3.22 Segment reporting (Continued)

The measurement policies the Group uses for reporting segment results under HKFRS 8 are the same as those used in its financial statements prepared under HKFRSs. except bank interest income, gain on disposal of a subsidiary, income tax expense, finance costs, fair value gains or loss on derivative financial instruments, equitysettled share option expenses and corporate income and expenses which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment are not included in arriving at the operating results of the operating segment.

Segment assets exclude corporate assets which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment are not allocated to a segment, which primarily applies to the Group's headquarter.

Segment liabilities exclude corporate liabilities which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment and are not allocated to a segment. These include provision for taxation, deferred tax liabilities and borrowings.

No asymmetrical allocations have been applied to reportable segments.

3.22 分部報告(續)

本集團根據香港財務報告準則第8 號用作呈報分部業績之計量政策 與其根據香港財務報告準則編製 之財務報表內採用者相同,惟銀行 利息收入、出售附屬公司之收益、 所得税支出、融資成本、衍生金融 工具公允值收益或虧損、以權益結 算之購股權開支以及並非直接歸 屬於任何營運分部業務活動之公 司收支於達致營運分部之經營業 **績時均不包括在內。**

分部資產不包括並非直接歸屬於 任何營運分部業務活動及並無分 配予分部之公司資產,主要適用於 本集團總部。

分部負債不包括並非直接歸屬於 任何營運分部業務活動及並無分 配予分部之公司負債,其中包括税 項撥備、遞延税項負債及借貸。

並無於可報告分部間採用不平衡 分配。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

3.23 Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (i) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (a) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (b) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (c) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.
- (ii) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
 - (a) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (b) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (c) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (d) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.

3.23 關連人士

就本財務報表而言,倘屬以下人士,該人士即被視為與本集團有關連:

- (i) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或 與該人士關係密切之家庭成 員與本集團有關連:
 - a) 控制或共同控制本集 團;
 - (b) 對本集團有重大影響 力;或
 - (c) 為本集團或本公司母公 司之主要管理人員。
- (ii) 倘符合下列任何條件,即該 實體與本集團有關連:
 - (a) 該實體與本集團屬同 一集團之成員(即各母 公司、附屬公司及同系 附屬公司彼此間有關 連)。
 - (b) 一實體為另一實體之聯營公司或合營公司(或另一實體為成員公司之 集團旗下成員公司之聯營公司或合營公司)。
 - (c) 兩家實體均為同一第三 方之合營公司。
 - (d) 一實體為一第三方實體 之合營公司,而另一實 體為該第三方實體之聯 營公司。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 主要會計政策概要 (續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

3.23 Related parties (Continued)

(ii) (Continued)

- The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.
- The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (i).
- A person identifies in (i)(a) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influence by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- that person's children and spouse or domestic (a) partner:
- (b) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND **JUDGEMENTS**

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

3.23 關連人士(續)

(ii) (續)

- (e) 該實體為本集團或本集 **国相關實體之僱員離職** 後福利計劃。
- 該實體受(i)項所述人士 控制或共同控制。
- 於(i)(a)項所述人士對實 (g)體有重大影響力或屬該 實體(或該實體之母公 司)之主要管理人員。

與任何人士關係密切之家庭成員乃 指預期可能影響該人士與實體之 交易或受其影響之親屬,並包括:

- (a) 該人士之子女及配偶或同居 伴侶;
- (b) 該人士之配偶或同居伴侶之 子女;及
- (c) 該人士或其配偶或同居伴侶 之受養人。

關鍵會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷乃根據過往經驗及其他因素 (包括就當時情況而言相信屬合理之未 來事件預測)進行持續評估。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND 4. 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續) **JUDGEMENTS** (Continued)

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Estimated impairment of goodwill (a)

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 3.19. The recoverable amounts of CGUs have been determined based on value-inuse calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates. Estimating the value-in-use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the CGUs and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. As at 31 March 2013, the carrying amount of goodwill was approximately HK\$580,679,000 (2012: HK\$580,679,000). Details of the impairment assessment are disclosed in note 18.

(b) Impairment of other non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that other non-financial assets with definite lives may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the assets in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 3.19. In assessing whether there is any indication that other non-financial assets may be impaired, the Group considers indications from both internal and external sources of information such as evidence of obsolescence or decline in economic performance of the assets, changes in market conditions, economic environment and customers' tastes. These assessments are subjective and require management's judgements and estimations.

本集團對未來作出估計及假設,所得出 之會計估計如其定義很少與有關實際結 果相同。很有可能導致於下個財政年度 內對資產及負債之賬面值作出重大調整 之估計及假設闡述如下:

商譽估計減值 (a)

本集團根據附註3.19所述之會計政 策每年測試商譽有否出現任何減 值。現金產生單位之可收回金額按 使用價值計算法釐定。該等計算須 運用估計。在估計使用價值時,本 集團須估計預期現金產生單位未 來產生之現金流量,並選擇合嫡之 貼現率以計算該等現金流量之現 值。於二零一三年三月三十一日, 商譽之賬面值約為580,679,000港 元(二零一二年:580,679,000港 元)。減值評估之詳情於附註18披

其他非金融資產之減值 (b)

本集團於各報告日評估具有特定 年期之其他非金融資產有否出現 任何減值跡象。倘存在任何該等跡 象,本集團會根據附註3.19所述之 會計政策估計資產之可收回金額。 評估其他非金融資產有否出現減 值跡象時,本集團考慮來自內部及 外部資料來源之跡象,例如資產廢 棄或經濟效益下滑之證據以及市 場情況、經濟環境及客戶喜好之轉 變。該等評估屬主觀性質,須管理 層作出判斷及估計。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

Impairment of receivables

The policy for making allowance for impairment of receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectability and ageing analysis of the receivables and on management's judgement. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer/debtor. If the financial conditions of the customers/debtors of the Group deteriorate thus resulting in impairment as to their ability to make payments, additional allowance for impairment may be required. If the financial conditions of the customers/debtors of the Group, on whose account allowance for impairment has been made, were improved and no impairment of their ability to make payments were noted, reversal of allowance for impairment may be required.

(d) Impairment of inventories

The management of the Group reviews the inventories at each reporting date, and makes allowance for impairment of obsolete, slow-moving and impaired items. The management estimates the net realisable value for such inventories based primarily on the expected future market conditions and the estimated selling price. The Group makes allowance for impairment if the net realisable value is below the carrying amount.

閣鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

應收款項減值 (c)

本集團之應收款項減值準備政策 以應收款項之可收回程度評估及 賬齡分析以及管理層之判斷為基 礎。評估該等應收款項之最終變現 款額須作出大量判斷,包括各客戶 / 債務人目前之信用情況及過往還 款記錄。倘本集團客戶/債務人之 財務狀況惡化,導致其還款能力被 削弱,則可能須作額外減值準備。 若本集團已對客戶/債務人之賬 款作出減值準備,而其財務狀況改 善,且還款能力未見削弱,則可能 須撥回減值準備。

存貨減值 (d)

本集團管理層於各報告日審閱存 貨,並對過時、滯銷及已減值項目 進行減值準備。管理層主要根據預 期未來市況及估計售價估計此等 存貨之可變現淨值。本集團對可變 現淨值低於賬面值之項目作出減 值準備。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and other jurisdiction in which the Group operates. Significant judgement is required in interpreting the relevant tax rules and regulations and determining the amount of the provision for income taxes and the timing of payment of related taxes. There could have transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain in the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

(f) Fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The directors of the Company use their judgement in selecting an appropriate valuation technique for the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss which are not quoted in the active market. The fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is estimated by an independent professional valuer with reference to the underlying market value as disclosed in note 21. The fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions. Changes in the subjective input may materially affect the fair value estimates.

閣鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

所得税 (e)

本集團須繳納香港及本集團經營 業務之其他司法權區之所得税。詮 釋相關稅務規則及法規以及釐定 所得税撥備金額及繳付相關税項 之時間時須作出重大判斷。於日常 業務過程中,若干交易及計算最終 税項之方式並不明確。本集團會依 照對額外税項會否到期之估計就 預計稅務事宜確認負債。倘該等事 項之最終税務結果與初步記錄之 款額不同,則有關差額將會影響釐 定有關數額期間之所得稅及遞延 税項撥備。

按公允值於損益表列賬之金融資產 (f) 之公允值

本公司董事運用彼等之判斷就並 無於活躍市場報價之按公允值於 損益表列賬之金融資產選擇適當 估值方法。按公允值於損益表列賬 之金融資產之公允值由獨立專業 估值師參照附註21所披露之相關 市值估計。按公允值於損益表列賬 之金融資產之公允值會隨若干主 觀假設之不同變數而改變。主觀輸 入值之變動或會嚴重影響公允值 之估計。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

SEGMENT INFORMATION

The executive directors have identified the following reportable operating segments:

Trading of automobiles and related parts and accessories and provision of after-sale services - Distribute branded automobiles, namely Bentley, Lamborghini and Rolls-Royce, and provide related after-sale services;

Trading of branded watches - Distribute branded watches, namely Richard Mille, DeWitt, Parmigiani and deLaCour BiTourbillon;

Trading of branded jewelleries - Distribute branded jewelleries, namely Boucheron, and Royal Asscher; and

Trading of fine wines – Distribute certain brands of fine wines.

5. 分部資料

執行董事已識別下列可報告營運分部:

汽車及相關零件及配件貿易以及提供售 後服務一代理賓利、蘭博基尼及勞斯萊 斯名車;以及提供相關售後服務;

名牌手錶貿易一代理Richard Mille、 DeWitt、Parmigiani及deLaCour BiTourbillon名牌手錶;

名牌珠寶貿易一代理Boucheron及Royal Asscher名牌珠寶;及

名酒貿易一代理若干名酒。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

5. 分部資料(續)

Each of these operating segments is managed separately as each of the product and service lines requires different resources as well as marketing approaches. Inter-segment transactions are priced with reference to prices charged to external parties for similar order.

由於各產品及服務線所須之資源及營 銷方針有別,故各個營運分部乃分開管 理。分部間交易乃參考就類似訂單收取 外部人士之價格而定價。

			2013 二零一三年			
		Trading of automobiles and related parts and accessories and provision of after-sale services 汽車及 相關零件及配件貿易以服務HK\$'000	Trading of branded watches 名貿易 手錶\$'000 千港元	Trading of branded jewelleries 名牌珠寶易HK\$*000	Trading of fine wines 名酒貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from external customers Other income	來自外部客戶之收益 其他收入	2,740,749 68,887	125,329 15,016	34,613 5,906	114,864 29,108	3,015,555 118,917
Reportable segment revenue	可報告分部收益	2,809,636	140,345	40,519	143,972	3,134,472
Reportable segment results	可報告分部業績	106,426	(18,937)	4,718	30,170	122,377
Amortisation of other	其他無形資產之攤銷		(4.077)	(000)		(4.507)
intangible assets Depreciation of property,	物業、機器及設備之折舊	-	(1,277)	(260)	-	(1,537)
plant and equipment Fair value gains on financial assets	按公允值於損益表列賬之	(22,221)	(5,628)	(4,043)	(4,156)	(36,048)
at fair value through profit or loss Operating lease payments in respect of	金融資產之公允值收益 租賃樓宇之經營租賃款項	-	-	-	118	118
rented premises		(41,372)	(35,447)	(11,382)	(22,622)	(110,823)
Sub-lease income	分租收入		10,921	3,151	11,027	25,099
Reportable segment assets Corporate assets:	可報告分部資產 公司資產:	1,695,313	270,816	119,604	236,572	2,322,305
- financial assets	一金融資產					47,794
- non-financial assets	一非金融資產					3,197
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產					2,373,296
Additions to non-current segment assets during the year	年內添置非流動分部資產	71,201	4,851			76,052
Reportable segment liabilities	可報告分部負債	117,807	13,112	1,082	794	132,795
Corporate liabilities: – financial liabilities	公司負債: 一金融負債					589,319
- non-financial liabilities	一非金融負債					5,648
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合總負債					727,762

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

5. 分部資料(續)

				2012 二零一二年		
		Trading of automobiles				
		and related				
		parts and				
		accessories and				
		provision of	Trading of	Trading of		
		after-sale	branded	branded	Trading of	T-4-1
		services 汽車及	watches	jewelleries	fine wines	Total
		相關零件及				
		配件貿易以及	名牌	名牌		
		提供售後服務	手錶貿易	珠寶貿易	名酒貿易	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶之收益	4,187,129	187,987	35,854	16,453	4,427,423
Other income	其他收入	27,914	21,067	5,919	21,247	76,147
Reportable segment revenue	可報告分部收益	4,215,043	209,054	41,773	37,700	4,503,570
Reportable segment results	可報告分部業績	250,556	8,590	272	1,621	261,039
Amortisation of other	其他無形資產攤銷					
intangible assets		-	(1,277)	(260)	-	(1,537)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備之折舊	(11,666)	(5,177)	(3,711)	(3,364)	(23,918)
Fair value gains on financial assets	按公允值於損益表列賬之					
at fair value through profit or loss	金融資產之公允值收益	-	-	-	10,171	10,171
Operating lease payments in respect of	租賃樓宇之經營租賃款項	(0.4.507)	(00.005)	(40,000)	(40,000)	(00.007)
rented premises Sub-lease income	分租收入	(34,507)	(29,825)	(10,209)	(19,096)	(93,637)
Sub-lease income	力性收入		7,891	2,986	10,450	21,327
Reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產	1,310,632	253,624	93,666	241,996	1,899,918
Corporate assets:	公司資產:					10.170
financial assetsnon-financial assets	一金融資產 一非金融資產					19,172 3,775
- non-imancial assets	一升並熙貝烓				-	3,775
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產				-	1,922,865
Additions to non-current segment assets	年內添置非流動分部資產					
during the year		89,878	4,890	2,958	76,189	173,915
Reportable segment liabilities	可報告分部負債	162,012	24,419	600	4,113	191,144
Corporate liabilities:	公司負債:					
financial liabilitiesnon-financial liabilities	一金融負債 一非金融負債					265,497 9,250
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合總負債					465,891
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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

5. 分部資料(續)

The total presented for the Group's operating segments reconcile to the Group's key financial figures as presented in the consolidated financial statements as follows:

所呈列本集團營運分部之合計數字與綜 合財務報表所呈列本集團之主要財務數 字對賬如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Reportable segment results	可報告分部業績	122,377	261,039
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	1,287	1,587
Gain on disposal of subsidiary	出售附屬公司之收益	912	_
Unallocated corporate income	未分配公司收入	10,842	_
Fair value (losses)/gains on	衍生金融工具之公允值		
derivative financial instruments	(虧損)/收益	(3,369)	3,208
Equity-settled share option expenses	以權益結算之購股權開支	-	(1,443)
Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配公司開支	(31,411)	(29,774)
Finance costs	融資成本	(30,826)	(9,990)
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	69,812	224,627

The Group's revenue from external customers and its non-current assets (other than financial instruments) are divided into the following geographical areas:

本集團來自外部客戶之收益及非流動資 產(金融工具除外)按下列地區劃分:

		Reven	ue trom			
			external customers 來自外部客戶之收益		Non-current assets 非流動資產	
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	
		ー マ ーー HK\$'000 千港元	— ♥ — — HK\$'000 千港元	ーマ ー⊤ HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	
Mainland China and	中國內地及香港		17870	1 7670	17670	
Hong Kong (domicile) Malaysia	(營業地點) 馬來西亞	2,871,492 144,063	4,322,970	755,730 64	729,119	
		3,015,555	4,427,423	755,794	729,234	

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the services were provided or the goods delivered. For goodwill and other intangible assets, the geographical location is based on the entities' area of operation. The geographical location of other non-current assets is based on the physical location of the assets. Management determines the Group is domiciled in Mainland China and Hong Kong, which are the Group's principal operating locations.

5. 分部資料(續)

客戶地區以提供服務或送遞貨品之地區 為基礎。商譽及其他無形資產地區以實 體經營地區為基礎。其他非流動資產地 區以資產本身所在地為基礎。管理層釐 定本集團之營業地點為中國內地及香 港,即本集團之主要經營地區。

6. REVENUE

Revenue from the Group's principal activities recognised during the year is as follows:

6. 收益

年內確認來自本集團主要業務之收益如 下:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元
Sale of automobiles	汽車銷售	2,645,699	4,106,277
Sale of branded watches	名牌手錶銷售	125,329	187,987
Sale of branded jewelleries	名牌珠寶銷售	34,613	35,854
Sale of fine wines	名酒銷售	114,864	16,453
Income from provision of	提供售後服務收入		
after-sale services		95,050	80,852
Total revenue	收益總額	3,015,555	4,427,423

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

7. OTHER INCOME

7. 其他收入

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	1,287	1,587
Bonus from suppliers	供應商給予之津貼	43,859	25,554
Exchange gains, net	匯兑收益淨額	_	608
Fair value gains on derivative financial	衍生金融工具之		
instruments	公允值收益	_	3,208
Fair value gains on financial assets	按公允值於損益表列賬之		
at fair value through profit or loss	金融資產之公允值收益		
(Note 21)	(附註21)	118	10,171
Gain on disposals of financial assets	出售按公允值於損益表		
at fair value through profit or loss	列賬之金融資產之收益		
(Note 21)	(附註21)	13,823	_
Gain on disposals of property,	出售物業、機器及設備之		
plant and equipment	收益	1,113	1,279
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售附屬公司之收益		
(Note 33(a))	(附註33(a))	912	_
Imputed interest revenue on	應收貿易款項及其他應收		
trade and other receivables	款項之名義利息收入	4,140	_
Income from exhibitions and	展覽收入及其他服務收入		
other services income		13,213	903
Income from insurance brokerage	保險經紀收入	22,215	14,398
Sub-lease income	分租收入	25,099	21,327
Others	其他	6,179	1,907
Total other income	其他收入總額	131,958	80,942

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

8. OPERATING PROFIT

8. 經營溢利

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Operating profit is arrived at after charging/(crediting):	經營溢利已扣除/(計入) 以下項目:		
Amortisation of other intangible assets#	其他無形資產攤銷#	1,537	1,537
Auditor's remuneration Cost of inventories recognised	核數師酬金 確認為開支之存貨成本	1,500	1,650
as expense Depreciation of property,	物業、機器及設備之折舊##	2,730,681	3,975,510
plant and equipment##		36,776	24,818
Exchange differences, net Fair value losses/(gains) on	匯兑淨差額 衍生金融工具之	924	(608)
derivative financial instruments### Gain on disposals of property,	公允值虧損/(收益)### 出售物業、機器及	3,369	(3,208)
plant and equipment Operating lease payments	設備之收益 租賃樓宇之經營租賃款項	(1,113)	(1,279)
in respect of rented premises		120,492	101,879
Written off of property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備之撇銷	3,590	_
Defined contribution retirement benefits scheme contributions for employees	定額供款僱員退休福利 計劃供款	7,052	5,018
Staff costs, including directors' emoluments	員工成本,包括董事酬金	37,667	38,738
Equity-settled share option expenses for staff	以權益結算之員工 購股權開支		1,443
Total staff costs	員工成本總額	44,719	45,199

- Amortisation of other intangible assets of approximately HK\$1,537,000 (2012: HK\$1,537,000) has been included in administrative expenses.
- Depreciation of approximately HK\$28,107,000 and HK\$8,669,000 (2012: HK\$18,484,000 and HK\$6,334,000) have been included in selling and distribution costs and administrative expenses respectively.
- The amount has been included in other operating expenses (2012: other income).

- 約1,537,000港元(二零一二年: 1,537,000港元)其他無形資產攤銷已 計入行政費用。
- 約28,107,000港元及8,669,000港 元(二零一二年:18,484,000港元及 6,334,000港元)折舊已分別計入銷售 及代理成本以及行政費用。
- 金額已計入其他經營費用(二零一二 年:其他收入)。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

9. FINANCE COSTS

9. 融資成本

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest expenses on financial liabilities stated at amortised costs: - borrowings wholly repayable within five years	按攤銷成本列賬之 金融負債利息開支: 一須於五年內悉數償還之 借貸	30,826	9,990

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2012: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year. Taxation on profits derived outside Hong Kong has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

Income tax of certain subsidiaries of the Company in the PRC is charged at 25% (2012: 18% to 25%) on deemed profits calculated at 7% to 10% (2012: 7% to 10%) on revenue in accordance with relevant tax regulations in the PRC.

Income tax of certain subsidiaries of the Company in Malaysia is charged at a fixed amount of approximately Malaysia Ringgit ("MYR") 20,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$50,000) (2012: MYR20,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$50,000)) in accordance with relevant tax regulations in Malaysia.

10. 所得税支出

香港利得税乃根據本年度估計應課税溢 利按税率16.5%(二零一二年:16.5%) 計提撥備。來自香港境外之溢利之税項 乃根據本年度之估計應課税溢利按本集 團經營司法權區之現行税率計算。

按照中國相關税務法規,本公司若干中國附屬公司之所得税乃以收益之7%至10%(二零一二年:7%至10%)計算之推定溢利按25%(二零一二年:18%至25%)之税率繳納。

按照馬來西亞相關稅務法規,本公司若干馬來西亞附屬公司之所得稅乃按約20,000馬來西亞令吉(「馬來西亞令吉」)(相等於約50,000港元)(二零一二年:20,000馬來西亞令吉(相等於約50,000港元))之固定金額繳納。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

10. 所得税支出(續)

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax	本年度税項		
Hong Kong:	香港:		
Current year	本年度	426	666
Under-provision in prior year	過往年度撥備不足	136	
		562	666
Other jurisdictions:	其他司法權區:		
Current year	本年度	3,706	10,854
		4,268	11,520
Deferred tax (Note 30) Current year	遞延税項(附註30) 本年度	(423)	(581)
Total income tax expense	所得税支出總額	3,845	10,939

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

10. 所得税支出(續)

Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:

按適用税率計算所得税支出與會計溢利 之對賬:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	69,812	224,627
Tax calculated at Hong Kong Profits Tax of 16.5% (2012: 16.5%)	按香港利得税率16.5% (二零一二年:16.5%) 計算之税項	11,519	37,064
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other	於其他司法權區經營之附屬 公司不同税率之影響		
jurisdictions		(12,278)	(28,789)
Tax effect of non-taxable revenue	毋須課税收益之税務影響	(2)	(1)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses Tax effect of unused tax losses not	不可扣減支出之税務影響 未確認之未動用税項虧損之	2,342	1,599
recognised Tax effect of temporary difference not	税務影響 未確認之臨時差額之税務	1,368	316
recognised	影響	760	756
Tax effect of prior years' unrecognised tax losses utilised this year	本年度動用過往年度未確認 之税項虧損之税務影響	-	(6)
Under-provision of Hong Kong Profits	過往年度香港利得税撥備		
Tax in prior years	不足	136	
Income tax expense	所得税支出	3,845	10,939

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

11. 董事酬金

		Directors' fees 董事袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼 HK\$'000 千港元	Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Year ended 31 March 2013	截至二零一三年 三月三十一日止年度				
Executive directors: Tong Kai Lap	執行董事: 唐啟立(「唐先生」)				
("Mr. Tong")		180	1,860	15	2,055
Zheng Hao Jiang	鄭浩江	1,980	-	-	1,980
Zhao Xiao Dong ("Mr. Zhao")	趙小東(「趙先生」)	1,200	-	-	1,200
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:				
Zhang Si Jian	張思堅	180	-	-	180
Gao Yu ("Mr. Gao")	高煜(「高先生」)	180	-	-	180
Qi Jian Wei	綦建偉	180	-	-	180
Independent non- executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:				
Choy Sze Chung, Jojo ("Mr. Choy")	蔡思聰(「蔡先生」)	180	_	_	180
Lam Kwok Cheong	林國昌	180	_	_	180
Lee Thomas Kang Bor	李鏡波	180			180
Total	合計	4,440	1,860	15	6,315

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

11. 董事酬金(續)

				Retirement	
			Salaries,	benefit	
		Directors'	bonuses and	scheme	
		fees	allowances	contributions	Total
			薪金、	退休福利	
		董事袍金	花紅及津貼	計劃供款	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Year ended	截至二零一二年				
31 March 2012	三月三十一日止年度				
Executive directors:	執行董事:				
Mr. Tong	唐先生	180	2,260	12	2,452
Zheng Hao Jiang	鄭浩江	1,980	_	_	1,980
Mr. Zhao	趙先生	1,200	-	-	1,200
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:				
Zhang Si Jian	張思堅	180	_	_	180
Mr. Gao	高先生	180	_	_	180
Qi Jian Wei	綦建偉	180	_	_	180
Independent non- executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:				
Mr. Choy	蔡先生	180	_	_	180
Lam Kwok Cheong	林國昌	180	_	-	180
Lee Thomas Kang Bor	李鏡波	180			180
Total	合計	4,440	2,260	12	6,712

During both years, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. None of the directors has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the years.

於兩個年度內,本集團並無向董事支付 酬金以作為加入本集團或於加入本集團 時之獎勵或作為離職之補償。於兩個年 度內,概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬 余。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

12. FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

12. 五位最高薪人士

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, three (2012: three) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are disclosed in note 11 above. The emoluments payable to the remaining two (2012: two) individuals during the year were as follows:

在本集團五位最高薪人士中,其中三位 (二零一二年:三位)為本公司董事,彼 等之酬金已於上文附註11披露。年內應 付其餘兩位(二零一二年:兩位)最高薪 人士之酬金如下:

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	2,881	2,781
Retirement benefit scheme	退休福利計劃供款		
contributions		29	24
		0.000	0.005
		2,900	2,805
The emoluments fell within the follow	ving bands:	酬金介乎下列組別:	
		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		Number of	Number of
		individuals	individuals
		人數	人數
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	1	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	1	1
		2	0
		2	2

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

13. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS 13. 本公司擁有人應佔溢利 OF THE COMPANY

Of the consolidated profit attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately HK\$66,304,000 (2012: HK\$214,188,000), a loss of approximately HK\$4,261,000 (2012: profit of HK\$385,000) has dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

於本公司擁有人應佔綜合溢利約 66,304,000港元(二零一二年: 214,188,000港元)中,約4,261,000港 元之虧損(二零一二年:385,000港元之 溢利)已於本公司財務報表中處理。

14. DIVIDENDS

14. 股息

(a) Dividends attributable to the year

(a) 本年度應佔股息

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interim dividends: HK0.2 cent (2012: HK0.5 cent) per share Proposed final dividend: Nil (2012: HK0.3 cent per share)	中期股息:每股0.2港仙 (二零一二年:0.5港仙) 擬派末期股息:無 (二零一二年:	5,960	14,899
()	每股0.3港仙)		8,939
		5,960	23,838

(b) Dividends attributable to previous financial year, approved and paid during the year

(b) 於年內已批准及派付之上一財政 年度應佔股息

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Final dividend: HK0.3 cent	末期股息:每股0.3港仙		
(2012: HK1 cent) per share	(二零一二年:1港仙)	8,939	29,763

No final dividend was proposed in respect of the year ended 31 March 2013. A final dividend out of the contributed surplus of the Company of HK0.3 cent per ordinary share, totalling approximately HK\$8,939,000 was paid in respect of the year ended 31 March 2012.

本公司董事不擬就截至二零一三年 三月三十一日止年度派發末期股 息。截至二零一二年三月三十一日 止年度,本公司從繳入盈餘撥款派 發末期股息每股普通股0.3港仙, 合共約8,939,000港元。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

15. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) **Basic**

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately HK\$66,304,000 (2012: HK\$214,188,000) by the weighted average of 2,979,828,850 (2012: 2,978,405,069) ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 March 2013.

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2013 is the same as basic earnings per share as the potential ordinary shares have no dilutive effect on earnings per share.

Diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2012 was calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately HK\$214,188,000 by the adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 March 2012.

The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2012 was calculated based on the weighted average of 2,978,405,069 ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 March 2012 as used in the calculation of basic earnings per share plus the weighted average of 2,596,800 ordinary shares deemed to be issued at no consideration as if all the outstanding share options had been exercised.

15. 每股盈利

基本 (a)

每股基本盈利乃根據截至二零一三 年三月三十一日止年度本公司擁 有人應佔溢利約66,304,000港元 (二零一二年:214,188,000港元) 除以已發行普通股加權平均數 2,979,828,850股(二零一二年: 2,978,405,069股)計算。

攤薄 (b)

由於潛在普通股對每股盈利並無 攤薄影響,故截至二零一三年三月 三十一日止年度之每股攤薄盈利 與每股基本盈利相同。

截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年 度之每股攤薄盈利乃根據截至二零 一二年三月三十一日止年度本公 司擁有人應佔溢利約214,188,000 港元除以已發行普通股經調整加 權平均數計算。

用作計算截至二零一二年三月 三十一日止年度每股攤薄盈利之普 通股加權平均數乃根據用作計算 每股基本盈利之截至二零一二年 三月三十一日止年度已發行普通 股加權平均數2,978,405,069股, 另加猶如所有未行使購股權已獲 行使而被視作無償發行之普通股 加權平均數2.596.800股計算。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

16. 物業、機器及設備

GROUP 本集團

		Furniture,		
		fixtures and	Motor	
		equipment	vehicles	Total
		傢 俬、		
		裝置及設備	汽車	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2011	於二零一一年四月一日			
Cost	成本	78,446	20,533	98,979
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(15,612)	(3,764)	(19,376)
Net carrying amount	淨賬面值	62,834	16,769	79,603
Year ended 31 March 2012	截至二零一二年 三月三十一日止年度			
Opening net carrying amount	年初淨賬面值	62,834	16,769	79,603
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	2,666	781	3,447
Additions	添置	15,428	23,328	38,756
Disposals	出售	_	(4,019)	(4,019)
Depreciation	折舊	(18,866)	(5,952)	(24,818)
Closing net carrying amount	年終淨賬面值	62,062	30,907	92,969
At 31 March 2012 and 1 April 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日 及二零一二年四月一日			
Cost	成本	97,212	39,581	136,793
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(35,150)	(8,674)	(43,824)
Net carrying amount	淨賬面值	62,062	30,907	92,969

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 16. 物業、機器及設備 (續)

(Continued)

GROUP (Continued)

本集團(續)

		Furniture, fixtures and	Motor	Total
		equipment 傢俬、	vehicles	Total
		裝置及設備	汽車	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Year ended 31 March 2013	截至二零一三年			
	三月三十一日止年度			
Opening net carrying amount	年初淨賬面值	62,062	30,907	92,969
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	690	379	1,069
Additions	添置	120,036	9,682	129,718
Write-off	撇銷	(3,590)	_	(3,590)
Disposals	出售	_	(6,152)	(6,152)
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司			
(Note 33(a))	(附註33(a))	(2,839)	(127)	(2,966)
Depreciation	折舊	(27,959)	(8,817)	(36,776)
Closing net carrying amount	年終淨賬面值	148,400	25,872	174,272
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日			
Cost	成本	207,992	39,091	247,083
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(59,592)	(13,219)	(72,811)
Net carrying amount	淨賬面值	148,400	25,872	174,272

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

17. INTERESTS IN AND BALANCES WITH SUBSIDIARIES

17. 附屬公司權益及附屬公司之 結餘

COMPANY

本公司

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unlisted shares, at cost*	非上市股份,按成本*	<u> </u>	

^{*} The aggregated investment costs in subsidiaries were less than a thousand dollar.

Balances with subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

附屬公司之結餘為無抵押、免息及按要 求償還。

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries at 31 March 2013 are as follows:

於二零一三年三月三十一日之主要附屬 公司之詳情如下:

	Place/country of incorporation/			Percentage of effective	
Name of subsidiary	establishment and kind of legal entity 註冊成立/成立地點/	Class of capital held	Nominal value of capital	interest held by the Company 本公司所持	Principal activities and place of operations 主要業務
附屬公司名稱	國家及法律實體類別		股本面值	實際權益百分比	及營運地點
Carnaby Group Limited	British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), limited liability company	Ordinary share	United States Dollar ("US\$") 1	100%*	Investment holding, BVI
	英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群島」), 有限公司	普通股	1美元	100%*	投資控股,英屬處女群島
Sparkle Roll (France) Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Ordinary share	US\$1	100%	Investment holding, Hong Kong
耀萊(法國)有限公司	英屬處女群島, 有限公司	普通股	1美元	100%	投資控股·香港
Sparkle Roll Fine Wine Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Ordinary share	US\$1	100%	Trading of fine wines, Hong Kong
耀萊醇釀酒業有限公司	英屬處女群島, 有限公司	普通股	1美元	100%	名酒貿易,香港

附屬公司之總投資成本少於一千元。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

17. INTERESTS IN AND BALANCES WITH **SUBSIDIARIES** (Continued)

17. 附屬公司權益及附屬公司之 結餘(續)

COMPANY (Continued)

	Place/country of incorporation/			Percentage of effective	
Name of subsidiary	establishment and kind of legal entity	Class of capital held	Nominal value of capital	interest held by the Company	Principal activities and place of operations
Name of Subsidiary	註冊成立/成立地點/	Capital field	oi capitai	本公司所持	主要業務
附屬公司名稱	國家及法律實體類別	所持股本類別	股本面值	實際權益百分比	及營運地點
Sparkle Roll (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Ordinary share	HK\$1	100%	Trading of branded jewelleries and provision of management service, Hong Kong
耀萊(香港)有限公司	香港,有限公司	普通股	1港元	100%	名牌珠寶貿易以及提供 管理服務,香港
Sparkle Roll International Distributions Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Ordinary share	HK\$100	100%	Trading of branded watches and fine wines, Hong Kong
耀萊國際代理有限公司	香港,有限公司	普通股	100港元	100%	名牌手錶及名酒貿易,香港
Sparkle Roll Watch & Jewelry Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Ordinary share	HK\$1	100%	Trading of branded watches and branded jewelleries, Hong Kong
耀萊鐘錶珠寶有限公司	香港,有限公司	普通股	1港元	100%	名牌手錶及名牌珠寶貿易, 香港
Beijing De Te Motors Trading Limited†	The PRC, limited liability company	Paid-up capital	Renminbi ("RMB") 60,500,000	100%	Trading of automobiles and related parts and accessories and provision of after-sale services,
北京德特汽車貿易有限公司	中國,有限責任公司	實收資本	人民幣60,500,000元	100%	the PRC 汽車及相關零件及配件貿易 以及提供售後服務·中國
Beijing Mei He Zhen Yong Motors Trading Limited†	The PRC, limited liability company	Paid-up capital	RMB49,000,000	100%	Trading of automobiles and related parts and accessories and provision of after-sale services, the PRC
北京美合振永汽車貿易有限公司	中國,有限責任公司	實收資本	人民幣49,000,000元	100%	汽車及相關零件及配件貿易 以及提供售後服務,中國

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

17. INTERESTS IN AND BALANCES WITH **SUBSIDIARIES** (Continued)

17. 附屬公司權益及附屬公司之 結餘(續)

COMPANY (Continued)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place/country of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity 註冊成立/成立地點/國家及法律實體類別	Class of capital held 所持股本類別	Nominal value of capital 股本面值	Percentage of effective interest held by the Company 本公司所持 實際權益百分比	Principal activities and place of operations 主要業務 及營運地點
Sparkle Roll Brands Market Management Limited ("SRBMM")	Malaysia, limited liability company	Ordinary share	US\$100 (2012: US\$1)	70% (2012: 100%) (Note 33(b))	Investment holding, Malaysia
耀萊品牌市場經營管理有限公司 (「耀萊品牌市場經營」)	馬來西亞,有限公司	普通股	100美元 (二零一二年:1美元)	70% (二零一二年: 100%) (附註33(b))	投資控股,馬來西亞
Tianjin Heng Ying Tai Fu Trading Development Limited ("TJHY")†	The PRC, limited liability company	Paid-up capital	RMB10,000,000	70% (2012: 100%) (Note 33(b))	Trading of automobiles and related parts and accessories and provision of after-sale services, the PRC
天津恒盈泰富貿易發展有限公司 (「天津恒盈」)	中國,有限責任公司	實收資本	人民幣10,000,000元	70% (二零一二年: 100%) (附註33(b))	汽車及相關零件及配件貿易 以及提供售後服務·中國
Tianjin Xin Chang Tai Fu Trading Development Limited ("TJXC")†	The PRC, limited liability company	Paid-up capital	RMB45,000,000	70% (2012: 100%) (Note 33(b))	Trading of automobiles and related parts and accessories and provision of after-sale services, the PRC
天津信昌泰富貿易發展有限公司 (「天津信昌」)	中國,有限責任公司	實收資本	人民幣45,000,000元	70% (三零一二年: 100%) (附註33(b))	汽車及相關零件及配件貿易 以及提供售後服務,中國

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

17. INTERESTS IN AND BALANCES WITH **SUBSIDIARIES** (Continued)

17. 附屬公司權益及附屬公司之 結餘(續)

COMPANY (Continued)

	Place/country of incorporation/			Percentage of effective	
Name of subsidiary	establishment and kind of legal entity 註冊成立/成立地點/	Class of capital held	Nominal value of capital	interest held by the Company 本公司所持	Principal activities and place of operations 主要業務
附屬公司名稱	國家及法律實體類別	所持股本類別	股本面值	實際權益百分比	及營運地點
Richmile (Shanghai) Commerce & Trading Limited†	The PRC, limited liability company	Paid-up capital	RMB10,000,000	100%	Trading of branded watches and branded jewelleries and provision of consultancy services, Hong Kong
瑞麥(上海)商貿有限公司	中國,有限責任公司	實收資本	人民幣10,000,000元	100%	名牌手錶及名牌珠寶貿易 以及提供諮詢服務,香港
Sparkle Roll Oriental (Beijing) Trading Development Limited†	The PRC, limited liability company	Paid-up capital	HK\$40,000,000	100%	Trading of branded watches, branded jewelleries and fine wines and provision of consultancy services, the PRC
耀萊東方(北京)貿易發展有限公司	中國,有限責任公司	實收資本	40,000,000港元	100%	名牌手錶、名牌珠寶及名酒 貿易以及提供諮詢服務, 中國
Sparkle Roll Xin Tian Di Commerce Development Limited [†]	The PRC, limited liability company	Paid-up capital	RMB49,000,000	100%	Property investment for rental purpose, the PRC
北京耀萊新天地商業發展有限公司	中國,有限責任公司	實收資本	人民幣49,000,000元	100%	物業投資作出租用途,中國
Sparkle Roll Retail Net Development Limited	Malaysia, limited liability company	Ordinary share	US\$1	100%	Trading of branded watches, branded jewelleries and fine wines, Malaysia
耀萊零售網絡發展有限公司	馬來西亞·有限公司	普通股	1美元	100%	名牌手錶、名牌珠寶及名酒 貿易·馬來西亞
Beijing Sparkle Roll Aerial Advertising Multi-media Limited [†]	The PRC, limited liability company	Paid-up capital	RMB49,500,000	100%	Provision of marketing and advertising services, the PRC
北京耀萊空中廣告傳媒有限公司	中國,有限責任公司	實收資本	人民幣49,500,000元	100%	提供市場及廣告服務,中國

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

17. INTERESTS IN AND BALANCES WITH **SUBSIDIARIES** (Continued)

17. 附屬公司權益及附屬公司之 結餘(續)

COMPANY (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place/country of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity	Class of capital held	Nominal value of capital	Percentage of effective interest held by the Company	Principal activities and
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立/成立地點/ 國家及法律實體類別	所持股本類別	股本面值	本公司所持實際權益百分比	主要業務 及營運地點
Beijing Sparkle Roll Xin Jing Jie Public Relation Planning Limited [†]	The PRC, limited liability company	Paid-up capital	RMB49,700,000	100%	Provision of public relation and marketing services, the PRC
北京耀萊新境界公關策劃有限公司	中國,有限責任公司	實收資本	人民幣49,700,000元	100%	提供公關策劃及市場服務, 中國
Beijing Sparkle Roll Xin Hang Xiang International Transportation Agency Limited [†]	The PRC, limited liability company	Paid-up capital	RMB49,900,000	100%	Provision of transportation and storage services, the PRC
北京耀萊新航向國際貨運代理 有限公司	中國,有限責任公司	實收資本	人民幣49,900,000元	100%	提供運輸及貯存服務,中國
Beijing Sparkle Roll Xin Fa Xian International Artwork Limited†	The PRC, limited liability company	Paid-up capital	RMB49,300,000	100%	Trading of artwork and provision of culture and art exchange activities services, the PRC
北京耀萊新發現國際藝術品有限公司	中國,有限責任公司	實收資本	人民幣49,300,000元	100%	藝術品貿易以及提供文藝 交流活動服務,中國
Beijing Sparkle Roll Xin Gai Nian Business Management Limited†	The PRC, limited liability company	Paid-up capital	RMB49,950,000 (2012: RMB40,500,000)	100%	Provision of corporate management and consultancy services, the PRC
北京耀萊新概念商業管理有限公司	中國,有限責任公司	實收資本	人民幣49,950,000元 (二零一二年: 人民幣40,500,000元)	100%	提供企業管理及諮詢服務, 中國

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

17. INTERESTS IN AND BALANCES WITH **SUBSIDIARIES** (Continued)

17. 附屬公司權益及附屬公司之 結餘(續)

COMPANY (Continued)

本公司(續)

	Place/country of incorporation/		Percentage of effective			
	establishment and	Class of Nominal value	interest held by	Principal activities and		
Name of subsidiary	kind of legal entity 註冊成立/成立地點/	capital held	of capital	the Company 本公司所持	place of operations 主要業務	
附屬公司名稱	國家及法律實體類別	所持股本類別	股本面值	實際權益百分比	及營運地點	
Beijing Sparkleroll Goldenage Saga	The PRC, limited	Paid-up capital	RMB64,600,000	100%	Provision of consultancy	
International Exhibition Limited†	liability company		(2012:		services, the PRC	
(Formerly known as Beijing Yi Ma Fei Te			RMB8,500,000)			
Motors Trading Limited [†]) 北京耀萊盛世傳奇國際會展有限公司	中國,有限責任公司		人民幣64,600,000元	100%	提供諮詢服務,中國	
(前稱:北京意瑪菲特汽車貿易有限公司)	1 - 11/2/2/	2000	(二零一二年:		22 4 (44 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
			人民幣8,500,000元)			
Balanorm Beo (Beijing) Trading	The PRC, limited	Paid-up capital	RMB50,000,000	51%	Sales and distribution	
Development Limited ("Balanorm Beo")†	liability company		(2012:	(2012: 100%)	of audio and visual	
(Formerly known as Hengzhunzixun			RMB30,000)	(Note 33(c))	consumer electronics	
(Beijing) Company Limited†)					products, the PRC	
衡准寶聲(北京)貿易發展有限公司	中國,有限責任公司	實收資本	人民幣50,000,000元	51%	銷售及代理影音消費	
(「衡准寶聲」)(前稱:衡准咨詢(北京)			(二零一二年:	(二零一二年:	電子產品,中國	
有限公司)			人民幣30,000元)	100%)		
				(附註33(c))		

- The English names of these subsidiaries established in the PRC represents management's best effort at translating the Chinese names of these subsidiaries as no official English names have been registered.
- Directly held by the Company.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

- 由於該等於中國成立之附屬公司並無 註冊正式英文名稱,因此,該等英文名 稱乃由管理層盡最大努力以該等附屬 公司之中文名稱翻譯。
- 由本公司直接持有。

上表載列本公司董事認為主要影響本年 度業績或構成本集團資產淨值重要部分 之本公司附屬公司。本公司董事認為, 若提供其他附屬公司之詳情,將令資料 過於冗長。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

18. GOODWILL

18. 商譽

The net carrying amount of goodwill can be analysed as follows:

商譽之淨賬面值可分析如下:

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Gross carrying amount	總賬面值	580,679	580,679
Accumulated impairment	累計減值		
Net carrying amount	淨賬面值	580,679	580,679

The carrying amount of goodwill, net of any allowance for impairment, is allocated to the CGU of the business of trading of automobiles and related parts and accessories and provision of after-sale services.

商譽之賬面值於扣除任何減值準備後分配至汽車及相關零件及配件貿易以及提供售後服務業務現金產生單位。

The recoverable amounts for the CGU of the business of trading of automobiles and related parts and accessories and provision of after-sale services as at 31 March 2012 and 2013 were determined based on value-in-use calculations based on cash flow projections from formally approved budgets, covering a detailed five-year budget plan, followed by an extrapolation of expected cash flows at zero percent growth, which do not exceed the long-term growth rate for the business in which CGU operates. The growth rates reflect the long-term estimated average growth rates for the product lines of the CGU.

於二零一二年及二零一三年三月三十一日,汽車及相關零件及配件貿易以及提供售後服務業務現金產生單位之可收回金額乃按使用價值計算法,依據獲正式批准預算得出之現金流量預測(涵蓋詳盡之五年預算計劃),並依循按0%之增長率(此增長率不超過經營現金產生單位的業務之長遠增長率)推斷之預期現金流量釐定。有關增長率反映現金產生單位產品線之長遠估計平均增長率。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

18. GOODWILL (Continued)

18. 商譽(續)

The key assumptions for the value-in-use calculations are:

使用價值計算法之主要假設如下:

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
Growth rates within five-year period	五年期內之增長率	13% to至 15%	20%
Discount rates	貼現率	15%	15%

The key assumptions have been determined based on past performance and its expectations for the market's share after taking into consideration published market forecast and research. The weighted average growth rates used are consistent with the forecasts included in industry reports. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant segments.

Apart from the considerations described in determining the value-in-use of the CGU above, the Group's management is not currently aware of any other probable changes that would necessitate changes in its key estimates.

主要假設乃根據禍往表現,以及經參考 已公佈市場預測及研究之市場份額預測 後釐定。所採用之加權平均增長率與行 業報告所載之預測一致。所採用之貼現 率乃屬税前性質,並反映相關分部之特 定風險。

除釐定上述現金產生單位之使用價值時 所述之考慮因素外,本集團管理層現時 並不知悉任何其他可能導致對主要估計 事項作出必要變動之變動。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

19. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

19. 其他無形資產

GROUP 本集團

		Trademarks 商標
		HK\$'000
		千港元
At 1 April 2011	於二零一一年四月一日	
Gross carrying amount	總賬面值	7,601
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(3,684)
Net carrying amount	淨賬面值	3,917
Year ended 31 March 2012	截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度	
Opening net carrying amount	年初淨賬面值	3,917
Amortisation charges	攤銷支出	(1,537)
Closing net carrying amount	年終淨賬面值	2,380
At 31 March 2012 and 1 April 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日及	
	二零一二年四月一日	7.004
Gross carrying amount	總賬面值	7,601
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(5,221)
Net carrying amount	淨賬面值	2,380
Year ended 31 March 2013	截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度	
Opening net carrying amount	年初淨賬面值	2,380
Amortisation charges	攤銷支出	(1,537)
Closing net carrying amount	年終淨賬面值	843
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	
Gross carrying amount	總賬面值	7,601
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(6,758)
Net carrying amount	淨賬面值	843

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

20. BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

本集團

GROUP

Rental deposits paid to related parties

During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Group entered into several agreements with Mr. Qi Jian Hong ("Mr. Qi"), a substantial shareholder of the Company, and his close family member for leasing of properties as office premises, bonded warehouse and showrooms in the PRC to the Group. The rental deposits to Mr. Qi of approximately HK\$13,672,000 (2012: paid to Mr. Qi and his close family member of approximately HK\$14,232,000) have been recognised as non-current assets as at 31 March 2013.

(b) Amount due from a related party

The amount due from Mr. Qi resulting from prepaid rental expenses for leasing of properties as office premises, bonded warehouse and showrooms in the PRC to the Group is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand but the directors expect such amount would be utilised through setting off of future rental expenses payable to this related party within one year.

(a) 已付關連人士租金按金

20. 關連人士之結餘

於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止 年度,本集團與本公司之主要股東 綦建虹先生(「綦先生」)及與其關 係密切之家庭成員就向本集團租賃 若干位於中國之物業作辦公樓、保 税倉庫及展廳訂立若干協議。已付 綦先生及與其關係密切之家庭成 員之租金按金約13,672,000港元 (二零一二年:已付綦先生及與其 關係密切之家庭成員之租金按金 約14,232,000港元)已於二零一三 年三月三十一日確認為非流動資 產。

(b) 應收一名關連人士款項

因就向本集團租賃若干位於中國 之物業作辦公樓、保稅倉庫及展廳 預付之租金開支而應收綦先生之 款項為無抵押、免息及須按要求償 還,惟董事預期有關金額將透過抵 銷於一年內應付該關連人士之未 來租金開支方式動用。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

20. BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

20. 關連人士之結餘(續)

(Continued)

GROUP (Continued)

本集團(續)

(c) Amount due to a related party

(c) 應付一名關連人士款項

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Beijing Alaimani Restaurant Management Company Limited (Note (i))	北京阿萊曼尼餐飲管理 有限公司(附註(i))		2,276

Note:

Mr. Qi has beneficial interest in the related company. The English name of the related company established in the PRC represents management's best effort at translating the Chinese name of the company as no official English name has been registered.

Amount due was unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The amount was short-term and hence the carrying value was considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value.

附註:

綦先生擁有該關連公司之實益權 益。由於於中國成立之關連公司 並無註冊正式英文名稱,因此該 公司之英文名稱乃由管理層盡最 大努力以該公司之中文名稱翻 譯。

應付款項為無抵押、免息及須按要 求償還。該金額屬短期性質,故賬 面值被合理地視為與公允值相若。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

21. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

GROUP

During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group acquired certain wine futures at acquisition cost of approximately HK\$406,000 (2012: HK\$69,666,000). These wine futures were classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. As at 31 March 2013, the fair value of these wine futures, determined by a firm of independent professional valuers by using market-based approach with reference to the underlying value of the wines in the market, amounted to approximately HK\$524,000 (2012: HK\$79,837,000). The gain of approximately HK\$118,000 (2012: HK\$10,171,000) arising from the changes of the fair value of the wine futures have been recognised in profit or loss for the year and included in other income as disclosed in note 7.

During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group has disposed of certain wine futures at a consideration of approximately HK\$93,660,000. A gain of approximately HK\$13,823,000 arising from disposal of wine futures has been recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31 March 2013 and included in other income as disclosed in note 7.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are presented within the section on operating activities as part of changes in working capital in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

21. 按公允值於損益表列賬之金融

本集團

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團按約406,000港元(二零一二 年:69,666,000港元)之收購成本收購 若干期酒。該等期酒分類為按公允值於 損益表列賬之金融資產。於二零一三年 三月三十一日,該等期酒之公允值約為 524,000港元(二零一二年:79,837,000 港元),乃經獨立專業估值師行使用市 場基準法參照名酒於市場上之相關價值 釐定。期酒公允值變動所產生之收益約 118,000港元(二零一二年:10,171,000 港元)已於本年度之損益中確認,並如附 註7所披露計入其他收入。

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團已出售若干期酒,代價約為 93,660,000港元。出售期酒所產生之收 益約13,823,000港元已於截至二零一三 年三月三十一日止年度之損益中確認, 並如附註7所披露計入其他收入。

按公允值於損益表列賬之金融資產於綜 合現金流量表經營業務一節內列作營運 資金變動之一部分。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

22. INVENTORIES

22. 存貨

GROUP

本集團

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Raw materials and consumables	原材料及消耗品	23,743	23,520
Merchandised goods	商品	837,613	485,129
		861,356	508,649

As at 31 March 2013, merchandised goods of approximately HK\$360,456,000 (2012: HK\$49,395,000) have been pledged for borrowings of approximately HK\$483,714,000 (2012: HK\$54,730,000) (Note 29).

於二零一三年三月三十一日,為數 約360,456,000港元(二零一二年: 49,395,000港元)之商品已就約 483,714,000港元(二零一二年: 54,730,000港元)之借貸作抵押(附註 29)。

23. TRADE RECEIVABLES

23. 應收貿易款項

GROUP

本集團

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables Less: Allowance for impairment of trade receivables	應收貿易款項減:應收貿易款項減值準備	57,259	29,529
Trade receivables, net	應收貿易款項淨額	57,259	29,529

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

23. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

23. 應收貿易款項(續)

GROUP (Continued)

An ageing analysis of trade receivables as at the reporting date, based on the invoice dates, and net of impairment losses, is as follows:

本集團(續)

基於發票日期及扣除減值虧損後之應收 貿易款項於報告日之賬齡分析如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 - 30 days	0至30日	7,072	20,698
31 – 60 days	31至60日	-	7,143
61 – 90 days	61至90日	_	256
Over 90 days	超過90日	50,187	1,432
·		<u> </u>	
		57,259	29,529

It is the Group's credit policy that sales to retail customers are mainly on receipts in advance from customers or cash on delivery while sales to wholesale customers are mainly on a credit basis up to 18 months (2012: up to 12 months).

The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding trade receivables and has a credit control policy to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by the management.

The directors of the Company consider that the fair value of the remaining trade receivables which are expected to be recovered within one year is not materially different from their carrying amounts because these balances have short maturity periods on their inception.

本集團有關零售客戶銷售之信貸政策主 要為預收貨款或貨銀兩訖,而有關批發 客戶銷售之信貸政策則主要為最多18 個月(二零一二年:最多12個月)之信貸 期。

本集團尋求對其未收回應收貿易款項實 行嚴格監控,以及制定信貸監控政策以 減少信貸風險。管理層定期審閱逾期結 餘。

本公司董事認為,由於餘下應收貿易款 項(預期於一年內收回)由開始入賬時 起於短期內到期,故該等款項之公允值 與其賬面值並無重大差異。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

23. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

23. 應收貿易款項(續)

GROUP (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the trade receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團(續)

應收貿易款項之賬面值以下列貨幣計 值:

		0040	0010
		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
RMB	人民幣	9,694	29,529
HK\$	港元	47,565	
		57,259	29,529

At each reporting date, the Group reviews receivables for evidence of impairment on both an individual and collective basis.

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables that are not impaired is as follows:

於各報告日,本集團同時按個別及集體 基準審閱應收款項有否出現減值證據。

本集團未減值應收貿易款項之賬齡分析 如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Neither past due nor impaired Not more than 1 year past due	未逾期亦未減值 逾期未超過一年	57,259 	29,529
		57,259	29,529

Trade receivables that were neither past due nor impaired related to certain customers from whom there was no recent history of default.

並未逾期且未減值之應收貿易款項乃源 自若干近來並無違約記錄之客戶。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

24. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

24. 按金、預繳款項及其他應收款項

GROUP AND COMPANY

本集團及本公司

		Group		Company	
		本集團		本名	公司
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Current portion:	流動部分:				
Deposits	按金	32,481	25,587	100	_
Prepayments	預繳款項	89,886	284,474	-	_
Other receivables	其他應收款項	178,394	64,375	560	
		300,761	374,436	660	_
Non-current portion:	非流動部分:				
Prepayment for	購買物業、機器及設備				
acquisition of	之預繳款項				
property, plant and					
equipment			53,206		

The directors of the Company consider that the fair values of other receivables which are expected to be recovered within one year are not materially different from their carrying amounts because these balances have short maturity periods on their inception.

本公司董事認為,由於其他應收款項 (預期可於一年內收回)之結餘由開始入 賬時起於短期內到期,故該等款項之公 允值與其賬面值並無重大差異。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

25. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND CASH AT BANKS AND IN HAND

GROUP AND COMPANY

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Certain of the Group's and the Company's bank deposits have been pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (Note 29). As at 31 March 2013, the deposits bore interest rates ranging from 0.01% to 3.00% per annum (2012: ranging from 0.01% to 3.30% per annum) which are closed to the market interest rates. The pledged bank deposits will be released upon the settlement of the relevant bank borrowings.

The directors of the Company considered that the fair value of the pledged bank deposits is not materially different from their carrying amount because of the short maturity period on their inception and the bearing of market interest rates.

Included in cash at banks and in hand of the Group is approximately HK\$226,074,000 (2012: HK\$94,197,000) of bank balances denominated in RMB and is placed with banks in the PRC. RMB is not a freely convertible currency. Under the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement and Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for foreign currencies through banks that are authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

25. 已抵押銀行存款及銀行及手頭 現金

本集團及本公司

銀行結餘之利息乃按每日銀行存款利率以浮息計算。本集團及本公司若干銀行存款已作抵押,以取得本集團獲授之一般銀行融資(附註29)。於二零一三年三月三十一日,存款以年利率介乎0.01%至3.00%(二零一二年:0.01%至3.30%)計息,貼近市場利率。已抵押銀行存款將於償付有關銀行借貸後解除。

本公司董事認為,由於已抵押銀行存款 由開始存入時起於短期內到期,並按市 場利率計息,故該等款項之公允值與其 賬面值並無重大差異。

本集團之銀行及手頭現金包括約226,074,000港元(二零一二年:94,197,000港元)之銀行結餘,乃以人民幣計值,並存於中國之銀行內。人民幣不可自由兑換為其他貨幣。根據中國之外匯管理條例及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定,本集團獲准於經授權經營外匯兑換業務之銀行將人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

26. TRADE PAYABLES

26. 應付貿易款項

GROUP 本集團

The following is an ageing analysis of trade payables which based on the invoice dates as at the reporting date:

基於發票日期之應付貿易款項於報告日 之賬齡分析如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 – 30 days	0至30日	9,079	11,855
31 – 60 days	31至60日	2,793	4,597
61 – 90 days	61至90日	572	600
Over 90 days	超過90日	2,107	
·		14,551	20,435

27. RECEIPTS IN ADVANCE, ACCRUED CHARGES AND OTHER PAYABLES

27. 預收款項、應計費用及其他 應付款項

GROUP AND COMPANY

本集團及本公司

			Group 本集團				Company 本公司	
		2013	2012	2013	2012			
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年			
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元			
Current portion:	流動部分:							
Receipts in advance	預收客戶款項							
from customers		99,321	145,755	-	_			
Accrued charges	應計費用	2,681	1,746	1,405	910			
Other payables	其他應付款項	17,013	18,907	14				
		119,015	166,408	1,419	910			
Non-current portion:	非流動部分:							
Other payables	其他應付款項							
(Note (a))	(附註(a))	538	3,089					

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

27. RECEIPTS IN ADVANCE, ACCRUED CHARGES AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

GROUP AND COMPANY (Continued)

The carrying amounts of current portion of accrued charges and other payables are short-term and hence their carrying values are considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Note:

(a) The Group enjoys a rent free period on leasing of office premises and showrooms ranging from 3 to 10 years (2012: 3 to 10 years). This lease incentive received is recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments.

28. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

GROUP

The Group uses foreign currency forward contracts to mitigate exchange rate exposure of Euros ("EURO") against HK\$. The foreign currency forward contracts are stated at fair value, which have been measured as described in note 40.7. During the year ended 31 March 2013, net fair value losses of approximately HK\$3,369,000 were debited to "fair value losses on derivative financial instruments" in the other operating expense (2012: gains of approximately HK\$3,208,000 were credited to "fair value gains on derivative financial instruments" in the other income).

27. 預收款項、應計費用及其他應付款項(續)

本集團及本公司(續)

應計費用及其他應付款項之流動部分之 賬面值屬短期性質,因此,有關賬面值 被視為合理地與公允值相若。

附註:

(a) 本集團就租賃辦公室物業及展廳有介 乎3至10年(二零一二年:3至10年)之 免租期。此項已收取之租賃獎勵乃於 損益確認為租賃淨款項總額之組成部 分。

28. 衍生金融工具

本集團

本集團利用外幣遠期合約減輕歐元(「歐元」) 兑港元之匯率風險。外幣遠期合約按附註40.7所述方式計算之公允值列賬。於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度內,公允值虧損淨額約3,369,000港元於其他經營費用中之「衍生金融工具之公允值虧損」扣除(二零一二年:收益約3,208,000港元計入其他收入中之「衍生金融工具之公允值收益」)。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

29. BORROWINGS

29. 借貸

GROUP AND COMPANY

本集團及本公司

		Group 本集團		·		npany 公司	
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年		
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元		
Current portion: Bank loans, guaranteed Bank loans, secured Other loans, secured Bank loans, secured	流動部分: 銀行貸款(有擔保) 銀行貸款(有抵押) 其他貸款(有抵押) 銀行貸款	61,728 20,441 25,449	60,976 18,132 -	40,000 - -	14,000 - -		
and guaranteed Other loans, secured and guaranteed Bank overdrafts, secured and guaranteed	(有抵押及擔保) 其他貸款 (有抵押及擔保) 銀行透支 (有抵押及擔保)	234,816 205,415	118,567 4,803 5,955	- -	- -		
Non-current portion: Bank loans, secured	非流動部分 : 銀行貸款	547,849	208,433	40,000	14,000		
and guaranteed	(有抵押及擔保)	40,000	56,000	40,000	56,000		
		587,849	264,433	80,000	70,000		

At the reporting date, total current and non-current borrowings were scheduled to repay as follows:

於報告日,流動及非流動借貸總額按還 款期載列如下:

			Group 本集團		pany 公司
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
On demand or within one year	按要求或一年內	547,849	208,433	40,000	14,000
In the second year In the third to fifth years	第二年 第三年至第五年	40,000	28,000	40,000	28,000
		587,849	264,433	80,000	70,000

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

29. BORROWINGS (Continued)

29. 借貸(續)

GROUP AND COMPANY (Continued)

本集團及本公司(續)

The effective interest rates (which are also equal to contracted interest rates) on the borrowings are:

借貸之實際利率(亦等同訂約利率)為:

		Group 本集團		Com 本 ②	
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
Bank loans, secured	銀行貸款	HIBOR + 2%	HIBOR + 1.8%	HIBOR + 4%	HIBOR + 4%
and/or guaranteed	(有抵押及/或擔保)	to	to	per annum	per annum
		HIBOR + 4%	HIBOR + 4%	香港銀行	香港銀行
		per annum,	per annum,	同業拆息率	同業拆息率
		LIBOR + 1.8%	LIBOR + 2%	+年利率4%	+年利率4%
		to	to		
		LIBOR + 2.5%	LIBOR + 2.5%		
		per annum and	per annum and		
		1.8% to 7.4%	6.1% to 8.5%		
		per annum	per annum		
		香港銀行	香港銀行		
		同業拆息率	同業拆息率		
		+年利率2%至	+年利率1.8%至		
		香港銀行	香港銀行		
		同業拆息率	同業拆息率		
		+年利率4%、	+年利率4%、		
		倫敦銀行	倫敦銀行		
		同業拆息率	同業拆息率		
		+年利率1.8%至	+年利率2%至		
		倫敦銀行	倫敦銀行		
		同業拆息率	同業拆息率		
		+年利率2.5%	+年利率2.5%		
		以及	以及		
		年利率1.8%至	年利率6.1%至		
		7.4%	8.5%		
Other loans, secured	其他貸款	7.1% to 8.5%	8.5%	N/A	N/A
and/or guaranteed	(有抵押及/或擔保)	per annum	per annum		
		年利率7.1%	年利率8.5%	不適用	不適用
		至8.5%			
	銀行透支(有抵押及擔保)	N/A	HIBOR + 3%	N/A	N/A
secured and guaranteed			per annum		
		不適用	香港銀行 同業拆息率 +年利率3%	不適用	不適用

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

29. BORROWINGS (Continued)

GROUP AND COMPANY (Continued)

As at 31 March 2013, certain equity interest of a subsidiary in the PRC and certain inventories (Note 22) and bank deposits (Note 25) of the Group and of the Company (2012: certain inventories and bank deposits of the Group and of the Company) were pledged to banks to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.

The borrowings were also subject to corporate guarantees executed by the Company and certain subsidiaries during the years ended 31 March 2012 and 2013.

The carrying values of borrowings are considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair values.

The carrying amounts of the borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

29. 借貸(續)

本集團及本公司(續)

於二零一三年三月三十一日,本集團及本公司一間中國附屬公司之若干股本權益及若干存貨(附註22)及銀行存款(附註25)(二零一二年:本集團及本公司若干存貨及若干銀行存款)已抵押予銀行,以為本集團獲授之一般銀行融資作抵押。

於截至二零一二年及二零一三年三月 三十一日止年度,借貸亦由本公司及若 干附屬公司簽立之企業擔保作抵押。

借貸之賬面值被視為合理地與公允值相 若。

借貸之賬面值乃以下列貨幣計值:

			Group 本集團		pany 公司
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Swiss Franc ("CHF")	瑞士法郎 (「瑞士法郎」)	544	_	_	
EURO US\$ HK\$	歐元 美元 港元	2,490 1,467 99,633	- - 148,727	- - 80,000	- - 70,000
RMB	人民幣	483,715 587,849	<u>115,706</u> 264,433	80,000	70,000

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

30. DEFERRED TAX

30. 遞延税項

GROUP

Deferred taxation is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method at rates of taxation applicable when the temporary differences are expected to reverse.

The movement on the deferred tax liabilities during the year is as follows:

本集團

遞延税項乃根據負債法,使用預期撥回 暫時差異時之適用税率,就所有暫時差 異計算。

遞延税項負債於年內之變動如下:

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At beginning of the year	於年初	2,153	2,734
Deferred taxation credited to profit or	於損益計入之遞延税項		
loss (Note 10)	(附註10)	(423)	(581)
At end of the year	於年終	1,730	2,153

The movement in deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position during the year is as follows:

年內已於綜合財務狀況報表確認之遞延 税項負債變動如下:

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元	Temporary difference on inventories 存貨之暫時差異 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2011 Credited to profit or loss	於二零一一年四月一日 計入損益	206	2,528 (581)	2,734 (581)
At 31 March 2012 and 1 April 2012	於二零一二年 三月三十一日及 二零一二年四月一日	206	1,947	2,153
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益	<u> </u>	(423)	(423)
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年 三月三十一日	206	1,524	1,730

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

30. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

GROUP (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority and the entity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

At the reporting date, the Group has estimated unused tax losses of approximately HK\$41,245,000 (2012: HK\$14,056,000), available for offset against future taxable profits. Unused tax losses of approximately HK\$2,420,000 were derecognised upon the disposal of a subsidiary during the year ended 31 March 2013. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams of those subsidiaries which incurred these tax losses as at the reporting date. The unused tax losses arising in the PRC of approximately HK\$18,652,000 (2012: HK\$2,905,000) will be expired if they are not utilised to set off against the taxable profits within five years from the year in which they arose under the current tax legislation in the PRC.

Deferred tax liabilities of approximately HK\$35,917,000 (2012: HK\$23,896,000) have not been established for the withholding tax that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain subsidiaries because the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it is not probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future. Such unremitted earnings for investments in subsidiaries totalled approximately HK\$718,344,000 (2012: HK\$477,927,000) as at 31 March 2013.

30. 搋延税項(續)

本集團(續)

倘有依法強制執行權可將本期税項資產 與本期税項負債對銷,而遞延所得税是 關於同一財政機關,且該實體計劃以淨 額基準結算,或同時實現資產及結清負 債,則遞延税項資產可與負債抵銷。

於報告日,本集團之估計未動用税項 虧損約41,245,000港元(二零一二年: 14,056,000港元)可用作抵銷未來應 課税溢利,當中未動用税項虧損約 2,420,000港元已於截至二零一三年三 月三十一日止年度出售一間附屬公司後 解除確認。鑒於該等於報告日產生此等 税項虧損之附屬公司之未來溢利來源 實屬未知之數,本集團並無確認遞延税 項資產。根據中國現行稅法,於中國產 生之未動用税項虧損約18,652,000港元 (二零一二年:2,905,000港元)如未有 於產生年度起計五年內動用,以抵銷應 課税溢利,即告到期。

鑒於本公司控制若干附屬公司之股息 政策,而暫時差異不大可能於可見將 來撥回,故並無就該等附屬公司未過 賬盈利應付之預扣税確立遞延税項負 債約35,917,000港元(二零一二年: 23,896,000港元)。於二零一三年三月 三十一日,該等附屬公司投資之未過賬 盈利合共為約718,344,000港元(二零 一二年:477.927.000港元)。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

31. SHARE CAPITAL

31. 股本

GROUP AND COMPANY

本集團及本公司

Number of ordinary shares **Amount** 普通股數目 數額 HK\$'000 千港元

Authorised: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.002 each At 1 April 2011, 31 March 2012, 1 April 2012 and 31 March 2013	法定股本: 每股面值0.002港元之普通股於二零一一年四月一日、 二零一二年三月三十一日、 二零一二年四月一日及		
	二零一三年三月三十一日	250,000,000,000	500,000
Issued and fully paid: At 1 April 2011	已發行及繳足股本 : 於二零一一年四月一日	2,976,324,850	5,952
Issue of shares upon exercise of	行使購股權時發行股份		·
share options (Note 34)	(附註34)	3,504,000	7
At 31 March 2012, 1 April 2012 and 31 March 2013	於二零一二年三月三十一日、 二零一二年四月一日及		
	二零一三年三月三十一日	2,979,828,850	5,959

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

32. RESERVES

32. 儲備

32.1 Group

32.1 本集團

Special reserve

特別儲備

The special reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal amount of the shares of the subsidiaries at the date on which they were acquired by the Company and the nominal amount of the shares issued for the acquisition under a group reorganisation in 1997.

本集團之特別儲備指本公司收購 附屬公司股份當日該等股份之面 值與於一九九七年進行集團重組 時為收購所發行之股份面值兩者 之差額。

Contributed surplus

繳入盈餘

Pursuant to a special resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company on 10 August 2004, the Company reduced its share premium by an amount of approximately HK\$286,300,000 in accordance with the provisions of Section 46 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 and transferred the same amount to the contributed surplus account of the Company. On the same date, the Company applied an amount of approximately HK\$236,906,000 from the contributed surplus account against the accumulated losses; and

根據本公司於二零零四年八月十日舉行之股東週年大會上通過之特別決議案,本公司根據百慕達一九八一年公司法第46條之規定將其股份溢價削減約286,300,000港元,並將該金額轉撥至本公司之繳入盈餘賬內。同日,本公司從繳入盈餘賬中動用約236,906,000港元以抵銷累計虧損;及

Pursuant to a special resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company on 31 July 2009, the Company reduced its share premium by an amount of approximately HK\$260,000,000 and transferred the same amount to the contributed surplus account of the Company. On the same date, the Company applied an amount of approximately HK\$206,327,000 from the contributed surplus account against the accumulated losses; and

根據本公司於二零零九年七月 三十一日舉行之股東週年大會上 通過之特別決議案,本公司將其股 份溢價削減約260,000,000港元, 並將該金額轉撥至本公司之繳入 盈餘賬內。同日,本公司從繳入盈 餘賬中動用約206,327,000港元以 抵銷累計虧損;及

Dividends were reflected as an appropriation of contributed surplus in respect of interim dividend for the year ended 31 March 2013 of approximately HK\$5,960,000 (2012: final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2012 of approximately HK\$8,939,000 and interim dividend for the year ended 31 March 2012 of approximately HK\$14,899,000).

股息乃反映為就截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度之中期股息約5,960,000港元(二零一二年:截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度之末期股息約8,939,000港元及截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度之中期股息約14,899,000港元)於繳入盈餘撥款。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

32. RESERVES (Continued)

32. 儲備(續)

32.1 Group (Continued)

32.1 本集團(續)

Other reserve

其他儲備

Other reserve represents the difference between the consideration and the carrying amount of the net assets attributable to the additional and reduction of interests in subsidiaries being acquired from and disposed to noncontrolling interests respectively.

其他儲備指代價與向非控股權益 收購及出售之附屬公司權益增減 應佔之淨資產之賬面金額兩者之 差額。

Statutory reserve

法定儲備

The Group's statutory reserve represents appropriations of profits retained by the Company's PRC subsidiaries. In accordance with the respective articles of association of the Company's PRC subsidiaries, they are required to appropriate amount not less than 10% of their profits after income tax to statutory reserve each year, until the reserve balance reaches 50% of its registered capital. Such a reserve may be used to reduce any losses incurred or for capitalisation as paid-up capital.

本集團之法定儲備指本公司中國附 屬公司保留溢利之分配。根據本公 司中國附屬公司各自之組織章程 細則,該等公司須每年將其除所得 税後溢利不少於10%分配至法定儲 備,直至儲備結餘達其註冊資本之 50%為止。該儲備可用作扣減任何 所產生之虧損或撥充實收資本。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

32. RESERVES (Continued)

32. 儲備(續)

32.2 Company

32.2 本公司

		Share premium* 股份溢價* HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve* 資本儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve* 購股權儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus*# 繳入盈餘*# HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses* 累計虧損* HK\$'000 千港元	Proposed dividend 擬派股息 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2011	於二零一一年四月一日	796,038	3,508	1,764	107,152	(66,658)	29,763	871,567
Equity-settled share option arrangement Issue of shares upon exercise of	以權益結算之購股權安排 行使購股權時發行股份	-	-	1,443	-	-	-	1,443
share options		3,297	-	(431)	-	-	-	2,866
Final dividends paid for the year ended 31 March 2011 (Note 14(b)) Interim dividends paid for the period ended 30 September 2011	截至二零一一年三月三十一日止 年度已付末期股息(附註14(b)) 截至二零一一年九月三十日止期間 已付中期股息(附註14(a))	-	-	-	-	-	(29,763)	(29,763)
(Note 14(a))	317 / Mario (11/12 · (4)/				(14,899)			(14,899)
Transactions with owners Profit for the year and total	與擁有人進行之交易 本年度溢利及本年度全面收入總額	3,297	-	1,012	(14,899)	-	(29,763)	(40,353)
comprehensive income for the year	截至二零一二年三月三十一日止	-	-	-	-	385	-	385
Proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2012 (Note 14(a))					(8,939)		8,939	
At 31 March 2012 and 1 April 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日及 二零一二年四月一日	799,335	3,508	2,776	83,314	(66,273)	8,939	831,599
Final dividends paid for the year ended 31 March 2012 (Note 14(b)) Interim dividends paid for the period ended 30 September 2012	截至二零一二年三月三十一日止 年度已付末期股息(附註14(b)) 截至二零一二年九月三十日止期間 已付中期股息(附註14(a))	-	-	-	-	-	(8,939)	(8,939)
(Note 14(a))	OTIT MILLER (TIRET (W)				(5,960)			(5,960)
Transactions with owners Loss for the year and total	與擁有人進行之交易 本年度虧損及本年度全面收入總額	-	-	-	(5,960)	-	(8,939)	(14,899)
comprehensive income for the year						(4,261)		(4,261)
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	799,335	3,508	2,776	77,354	(70,534)		812,439

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

32. RESERVES (Continued)

32.2 Company (Continued)

- * The contributed surplus of the Company consists of:
 - HK\$51,286,000 being the difference between the underlying consolidated net assets of Global Food Culture Group Limited and its subsidiaries and the nominal value of the Company's shares which were issued under a group reorganisation in 1997; and
 - Pursuant to a special resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company on 10 August 2004, the Company reduced its share premium by an amount of approximately HK\$286,300,000 in accordance with the provisions of Section 46 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 and transferred the same amount to the contributed surplus account of the Company. On the same date, the Company applied an amount of approximately HK\$236,906,000 from the contributed surplus account against the accumulated losses; and
 - Pursuant to a special resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company on 31 July 2009, the Company reduced its share premium by an amount of approximately HK\$260,000,000 and transferred the same amount to the contributed surplus account of the Company. On the same date, the Company applied an amount of approximately HK\$206,327,000 from the contributed surplus account against the accumulated losses; and
 - Dividends were reflected as an appropriation of contributed surplus in respect of interim dividend for the year ended 31 March 2013 of approximately HK\$5,960,000 (2012: final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2012 of approximately HK\$8,939,000 and interim dividend for the year ended 31 March 2012 of approximately HK\$14,899,000).
- These reserve accounts comprise the Company's reserve of approximately HK\$812,439,000 (2012: HK\$822,660,000) in the Company's statement of financial position.

32. 儲備(續)

32.2 本公司(續)

- * 本公司之繳入盈餘包括:
 - 一 環球飲食文化集團有限公司及其附屬公司之相關綜合資產淨值與本公司於一九九七年進行集團重組時所發行股份之面值兩者之差額51,286,000港元:及
 - 一 根據本公司於二零零四年 八月十日舉行之股東週 年大會上通過之特別決 議案,本公司司法據百46條 之規定將其股份溢價削減 約286,300,000港元,並 將該金額轉撥至本公司, 繳入盈餘賬內。同日,本 公司從繳入盈餘賬中動用 約236,906,000港元以抵 銷累計虧損;及
 - 一 根據本公司於二零零九年 七月三十一日舉行之股東 週年大會上通過之特別決 議案,本公司將其股份溢 價削減約260,000,000港 元,並將該金額轉撥至本 公司之繳入盈餘賬內。同 日,本公司從繳入盈餘賬 中動用約206,327,000港 元以抵銷累計虧損;及
 - 一 股息乃反映為就截至二零一三年三月三十一日 止年度之中期股息约5,960,000港元(二零一二年:截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度之末期股息約8,939,000港元及截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度之中期股息约14,899,000港元)於繳入盈餘撥款。
- # 此等儲備賬包括本公司財務 狀況報表內之本公司儲備約 812,439,000港元(二零一二 年:822,660,000港元)。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

33. DISPOSALS OF INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

GROUP

Details of disposals of interests in subsidiaries during the year ended 31 March 2013 are as follows:

Disposal of Dalian Bo Yi Motors Trading Limited* ("Dalian Bo Yi")

On 16 May 2012, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of its entire 51% equity interest in an indirect subsidiary of the Company, namely Dalian Bo Yi, at a cash consideration of RMB5,100,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$6,296,000).

Dalian Bo Yi was incorporated in the PRC and was principally engaged in trading of automobiles and related parts and accessories and provision of after-sale services. The disposal was completed on 10 December 2012. A gain of approximately HK\$912,000 (Note 7) arose on the disposal of Dalian Bo Yi, being the proceeds of disposal less the carrying amount of net assets of Dalian Bo Yi. No tax charge or credit arose from the disposal.

33. 出售附屬公司權益

本集團

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 出售附屬公司權益之詳情如下:

出售大連博意汽車貿易有限公司 (「大連博意 |)

於二零一二年五月十六日,本集團 與一名獨立第三方訂立一份買賣 協議,出售其於本公司間接附屬公 司大連博意全部51%股本權益,現 金代價為人民幣5,100,000元(相 等於約6,296,000港元)。

大連博意乃於中國註冊成立,主要 從事汽車及相關零件及配件貿易 以及提供售後服務。出售事項已於 二零一二年十二月十日完成。出售 大連博意產生收益約912,000港元 (附註7),為出售所得款項減大連 博意淨資產之賬面金額。出售事項 並無產生任何税項支出或抵免。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

33. DISPOSALS OF INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

33. 出售附屬公司權益(續)

GROUP (Continued)

本集團(續)

(a) Disposal of Dalian Bo Yi (Continued)

(a) 出售大連博意(續)

The carrying amount of assets and liabilities of Dalian Bo Yi as at the completion date of disposal was as follows: 大連博意資產及負債於完成出售 日期之賬面金額如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets disposed of:	所出售之淨資產:	
Property, plant and equipment (Note 16)	物業、機器及設備(附註16)	2,966
Inventories	存貨	17,455
Prepayments and other receivables	預繳款項及其他應收款項	2,236
Cash at banks and in hand	銀行及手頭現金	16,634
Receipts in advance and other payables	預收款項及其他應付款項	(29,467)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(4,474)
		5,350
Release of exchange reserve	出售時解除外匯儲備	
upon disposal		34
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary (Note 7)	出售一間附屬公司之收益(附註7)	912
Total consideration	代價總額	6,296
Satisfied by:	由以下方式償付:	
Cash received	已收現金	6,296

An analysis of the net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of Dalian Bo Yi was as follows:

有關出售大連博意之現金及現金等值項目流出淨額之分析如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash received Cash and bank balances disposed of	已收現金 所出售之現金及銀行結餘	6,296 (16,634)
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目流出淨額	(10,338)

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

33. DISPOSALS OF INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

GROUP (Continued)

(a) Disposal of Dalian Bo Yi (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2013, Dalian Bo Yi contributed revenue and net profit of approximately HK\$20,660,000 and HK\$556,000 respectively to the Group.

(b) Partial disposal of SRBMM

On 15 March 2013, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "Agreement") with Mr. Shi Lei ("Mr. Shi"), an independent third party, to dispose of 30% of the issued share capital in an indirect subsidiary of the Company, namely SRBMM, at a consideration of RMB90,000,000. The disposal was completed on 20 March 2013.

The consideration was payable in cash by two installments. As of 31 March 2013, the Group has received the first installment of the consideration of RMB45,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$54,590,000). Pursuant to the terms as stipulate in the Agreement, the second installment of the consideration of RMB45,000,000 will be settled before 31 December 2013. To secure Mr. Shi's obligation to pay the second installment of the consideration, a charge on 50% of the sales share (i.e. 15% of the issued share capital of SRBMM) in favour of the Group has been created.

SRBMM is a company incorporated in the Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia. Its principal business is investment holding (i.e. holding the entire equity interests in TJHY and TJXC (collectively referred as to the "Subject Group"). Both TJHY and TJXC are principally engaged in trading of automobiles and related parts and accessories and provision of after-sale services.

33. 出售附屬公司權益(續)

本集團(續)

(a) 出售大連博意(續)

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日 止年度·大連博意為本集團貢獻 收益約20,660,000港元及純利約 556,000港元。

(b) 出售部分耀萊品牌市場經營

於二零一三年三月十五日,本集團與獨立第三方石磊先生(「石先生」)訂立一份買賣協議(「該協議」),出售其於本公司間接附屬公司耀萊品牌市場經營30%已發行股本,代價為人民幣90,000,000元。出售事項已於二零一三年三月二十日完成。

代價分兩期以現金償付。於二零 一三年三月三十一日,本集團已收 取第一期代價人民幣45,000,000 元(相等於約54,590,000港元)。 根據該協議內訂明之條款,第二期 代價人民幣45,000,000元將於二 零一三年十二月三十一日前償付。 為保證石先生履行支付第二期代 價之義務,石先生已以本集團為受 益人就50%銷售股份(即耀萊品牌 市場經營15%已發行股本)設立押 記。

耀萊品牌市場經營為一家於馬來西亞納閩聯邦直轄區註冊成立之公司,其主要業務為投資控股(即持有天津恒盈及天津信昌(統稱「標的集團」)全部股本權益)。天津恒盈及天津信昌主要從事汽車及相關零件及配件貿易以及提供售後服務。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

33. DISPOSALS OF INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

GROUP (Continued)

(b) Partial disposal of SRBMM (Continued)

The Subject Group became 70% owned subsidiaries of the Company upon the completion of the transaction. The Group kept controlling the Subject Group after the disposal of 30% of equity interest. Excess of consideration over cost after tax of approximately HK\$87,547,000 was resulted and recognised in other reserve during the year.

(c) Deemed disposal of Balanorm Beo

On 29 January 2013, the Group and Mr. Qi entered into a joint venture agreement ("Joint Venture Agreement"). Before entering into the Joint Venture Agreement, the registered capital of Balanorm Beo was increased from RMB30,000 to RMB25,500,000. Pursuant to the Joint Venture Agreement, the registered capital of Balanorm Beo was further increased from RMB25,500,000 to RMB50,000,000. Such increase of the registered capital of RMB24,500,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$30,247,000) of Balanorm Beo was contributed by Mr. Qi by cash ("Capital Injection") during the year ended 31 March 2013.

Balanorm Beo is a limited liability company established in the PRC which is not engaged in any active business activity as at the date of Joint Venture Agreement. Shortly after the execution of the Joint Venture Agreement, the principal activities of Balanorm Beo are the sales and distribution of audio and visual consumer electronics products.

Immediately after completion of the Capital Injection, the effective interest of Balanorm Beo was diluted from 100% to 51%. As a result of such dilution, a surplus on deemed disposal of approximately HK\$11,207,000 was credited to other reserve during the year ended 31 March 2013. During the year ended 31 March 2013, no revenue was generated from Balanorm Beo.

* The English name of the subsidiary established in the PRC represents management's best effort at translating the Chinese name of the subsidiary as no official English name has been registered.

33. 出售附屬公司權益(續)

本集團(續)

(b) 出售部分耀萊品牌市場經營 (續)

於交易完成後,標的集團成為本公司擁有70%權益之附屬公司。本集團於出售標的集團30%股本權益後仍繼續控制標的集團。年內錄得代價超出成本之差額(除税後)約87,547,000港元,已於其他儲備確認。

(c) 視作出售衡准寶聲

於二零一三年一月二十九日,本集團與綦先生訂立一份合營協議」)。於訂立合營協議」)。於訂立合合營協議前,衡准寶聲之註冊資人民幣30,000元增加至人協大寶聲之註冊資本由人民幣30,000元進一步增加至大學50,000,000元。衡准寶聲之註冊資本增加人民幣24,500,000元(相等於約30,247,000港元)由綦先日日年度以現金出資(「注資」)。

衡准寶聲為一家於中國成立之有 限公司,於合營協議日期並無從事 任何活躍業務活動。於簽立合營協 議後不久,衡准寶聲之主要業務為 銷售及分銷影音消費電子產品。

緊隨注資完成後,衡准寶聲之實際權益由100%攤薄至51%。由於實際權益遭攤薄,故於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度已於其他儲備計入視作出售盈餘約11,207,000港元。截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,衡准寶聲並無產生任何收益。

由於該於中國成立之附屬公司並無註 冊正式英文名稱,因此,該英文名稱乃 由管理層盡最大努力以該附屬公司之 中文名稱翻譯。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

34. SHARE-BASED EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION

The Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at a special general meeting of the Company held on 7 October 2002 for the primary purpose of providing incentives to directors and eligible employees. The Scheme was expired on 6 October 2012.

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at an annual general meeting of the Company held on 20 August 2012, the Company's new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") was adopted and the Scheme was terminated.

Under the New Scheme, the board of directors of the Company may, at its discretion, grant options to eligible employees, including executive directors, suppliers, customers, advisers or consultants and joint venture partners or business alliances of the Company or any of its subsidiaries to subscribe for shares in the Company.

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. Options granted to substantial shareholder or independent non-executive directors in excess of 0.1% of the Company's share capital or with a value in excess of HK\$5,000,000 must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders.

34. 以股份為基礎之僱員補償

本公司之購股權計劃(「該計劃」)乃根 據本公司於二零零二年十月七日舉行之 股東特別大會上通過之普通決議案採 納,其主要目的為給予董事及合資格僱 員獎勵。該計劃已於二零一二年十月六 日屆滿。

根據本公司於二零一二年八月二十日舉 行之股東週年大會上通過之普通決議 案,本公司已採納新購股權計劃(「新計 劃」),而該計劃已予以終止。

根據新計劃,本公司董事會可酌情將購 股權授予合資格僱員,包括本公司或其 任何附屬公司之執行董事、供應商、客 戶、顧問或諮詢人及合營夥伴或業務聯 盟,以認購本公司股份。

在未獲本公司股東事先批准前,可根據 新計劃授出之購股權所涉及之股份總數 不得超過本公司於任何時間已發行股 份之10%。在未獲本公司股東事先批准 前,於任何一年內可授予任何個人之購 股權所涉及之股份數目,不得超過本公 司於任何時間已發行股份之1%。授予 主要股東或獨立非執行董事之購股權倘 超過本公司股本之0.1%或其價值超過 5,000,000港元,則必須事先獲本公司股 東批准。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

34. SHARE-BASED EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION (Continued)

Options granted must be taken up within 21 days of the date of grant, upon payment of HK\$1 per each grant of options. Options may be exercised from the date of grant of the share option to the tenth anniversary of the date of grant. The exercise price is determined by the directors of the Company and will not be less than the highest of the closing price of the shares on the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, the average closing prices of the shares on the Stock Exchange on the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the options or the nominal value of the shares.

All share-based employee compensation will be settled in equity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options other than by issuing the Company's ordinary shares.

34. 以股份為基礎之僱員補償

(續)

授出之購股權必須於授出日期起計21日內接納,並於接納時就每次授出購股權支付1港元。購股權可於購股權授出日期起至授出日期第十週年當日止期間行使。行使價由本公司董事釐定,惟不得低於股份於授出日期在聯交所之收市價、股份於緊接購股權授出日期前五個交易日在聯交所之平均收市價或股份面值(以最高者為準)。

所有以股份為基礎之僱員補償將以權益 結算。除透過發行本公司普通股外,本 集團並無法律或推定責任回購或結算購 股權。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

34. SHARE-BASED EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION (Continued)

Details of the share options granted by the Company pursuant to the New Scheme and the share options outstanding as at the reporting date were as follows:

t 本公司根據新計劃授出之購股權以及於 t 報告日尚未行使之購股權之詳情如下:

(續)

34. 以股份為基礎之僱員補償

2013 二零一三年

					N	umber of options 購股權數目		
Type of grantee	Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price	Balance at 1 April 2012 於 二零一二年	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Balance at 31 March 2013 於 二零一三年
承授人類別	授出日期	行使期	行使價 HK\$ 港元	四月一日 之結餘	年內授出	年內行使	年內失效	三月三十一日 之結餘
Directors 董事								
Zhang Si Jian 張思堅	15 April 2010 二零一零年四月十五日	15 April 2010 to 14 April 2013 二零一零年四月十五日至 二零一三年四月十四日	0.82	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000
Mr. Choy 蔡先生	15 April 2010 二零一零年四月十五日	15 April 2010 to 14 April 2013 二零一零年四月十五日至 二零一三年四月十四日	0.82	1,504,000	-	-	-	1,504,000
Lam Kwok Cheong 林國昌	15 April 2010 二零一零年四月十五日	15 April 2010 to 14 April 2013 二零一零年四月十五日至 二零一三年四月十四日	0.82	596,000	-	-	-	596,000
Lee Thomas Kang Bor 李鏡波	15 April 2010 二零一零年四月十五日	15 April 2010 to 14 April 2013 二零一零年四月十五日至 二零一三年四月十四日	0.82	1,248,000				1,248,000
In aggregate 合計				8,348,000		<u>-</u>		8,348,000
Employees 僱員	15 April 2010 二零一零年四月十五日	15 April 2010 to 14 April 2013 二零一零年至四月十五日至 二零一三年四月十四日	0.82	2,504,000	-	-	-	2,504,000
	4 July 2011 二零一一年七月四日	4 July 2011 to 3 July 2014 二零一一年七月四日至 二零一四年七月三日	1.52	4,912,000			-	4,912,000
In aggregate 合計				7,416,000	-	-	-	7,416,000
Total 總計				15,764,000	-			15,764,000

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

34. SHARE-BASED EMPLOYEE **COMPENSATION** (Continued)

34. 以股份為基礎之僱員補償

2012

二零一二年

					١	Number of options 購股權數目		
Type of grantee	Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price	Balance at 1 April 2011 於	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Balance at 31 March 2012 於
承授人類別	授出日期	行使期	行使價 HK\$ 港元	二零一一年 四月一日 之結餘	年內授出	年內行使	年內失效	二零一二年 三月三十一日 之結餘
Directors 董事								
Zhang Si Jian 張思堅	15 April 2010 二零一零年四月十五日	15 April 2010 to 14 April 2013 二零一零年四月十五日至 二零一三年四月十四日	0.82	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000
Mr. Choy 蔡先生	15 April 2010 二零一零年四月十五日	15 April 2010 to 14 April 2013 二零一零年四月十五日至 二零一三年四月十四日	0.82	2,504,000	-	(1,000,000)	-	1,504,000
Lam Kwok Cheong 林國昌	15 April 2010 二零一零年四月十五日	15 April 2010 to 14 April 2013 二零一零年四月十五日至 二零一三年四月十四日	0.82	596,000	-	-	-	596,000
Lee Thomas Kang Bor 李鏡波	15 April 2010 二零一零年四月十五日	15 April 2010 to 14 April 2013 二零一零年四月十五日至 二零一三年四月十四日	0.82	1,248,000			-	1,248,000
In aggregate 合計				9,348,000	_	(1,000,000)	_	8,348,000
Employees 僱員	15 April 2010 二零一零年四月十五日	15 April 2010 to 14 April 2013 二零一零年四月十五日至 二零一三年四月十四日	0.82	5,008,000	-	(2,504,000)	-	2,504,000
	4 July 2011 二零一一年七月四日	4 July 2011 to 3 July 2014 二零一一年七月四日至 二零一四年七月三日	1.52		5,216,000		(304,000)	4,912,000
In aggregate 合計				5,008,000	5,216,000	(2,504,000)	(304,000)	7,416,000
Total 總計				14,356,000	5,216,000	(3,504,000)	(304,000)	15,764,000

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

34. SHARE-BASED EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION (Continued)

The weighted average exercise price for the outstanding share options as at 31 March 2013 was HK\$1.038 (2012: HK\$1.038) per share.

The weighted average share price for share options exercised during the year ended 31 March 2012 at the date of exercise was HK\$0.95 per share. No share option was exercised during the year ended 31 March 2013.

The underlying expected volatility was determined by reference to historical data, calculated based on expected life of share options. Expectations of early exercise were incorporated into the Black-Scholes option pricing model. No special features pertinent to the options granted were incorporated into measurement of fair value.

In total, approximately HK\$1,443,000 of equity-settled share option expenses was included in profit or loss for the year ended 31 March 2012, of which the corresponding amount has been credited to share option reserve in the owners' equity. No liabilities were recognised due to share-based payment transactions.

34. 以股份為基礎之僱員補償

於二零一三年三月三十一日尚未行使之 購股權之加權平均行使價為每股1.038 港元(二零一二年:1.038港元)。

於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度 獲行使之購股權於行使日期之加權平均 股價為每股0.95港元。於截至二零一三 年三月三十一日止年度並無行使購股 權。

相關預期波幅乃參考過往資料釐定,按購股權之預計年期計算。預期提早行使已計入畢蘇期權定價模型。計量公允值時並無計入有關已授期權之特別特點。

合共約1,443,000港元之以權益結算之 購股權開支已計入截至二零一二年三月 三十一日止年度之損益內,而相應金額 已計入擁有人權益中之購股權儲備。概 無負債乃因以股份為基礎之付款交易而 確認。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

35. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

(a) Group as lessor

The Group sub-leases out a number of rented premises under operating leases. The leases run for an initial noncancellable period of 5 years. The rentals on this lease are calculated based on a percentage of the relevant sales of the tenants pursuant to the rental agreement. Contingent rents recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 31 March 2013 amounted to approximately HK\$25,099,000 (2012: HK\$21,327,000).

Group as lessee

As at the reporting date, the total future minimum lease payments payable by the Group under non-cancellable operating leases, including operating lease commitment to related parties as disclosed in note 39(b), are as follows:

2013 2012 二零一三年 二零一二年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 Within one year 一年內 84,174 117,943 In the second to fifth years 第二年至第五年 inclusive (包括首尾兩年) 281,621 333,099 After five years 五年以上 173,945 233,540 539,740 684,582

The Group leases a number of office premises, bonded warehouse, showrooms and staff quarters under operating leases. The leases run for an initial period of one to ten years (2012: one to ten years). None of these leases include contingent rentals.

The Company does not have any significant operating lease commitments.

35. 經營和賃承擔

本集團作為出租人 (a)

本集團根據經營和賃分和出多項和 賃物業。租賃初步為期5年,不可 撤銷。根據租賃協議,此租賃之租 金按租戶相關銷售額之百分比計 算。於截至二零一三年三月三十一 日 1 年 度 , 於 損 益 確 認 之 或 然 租 金約為25,099,000港元(二零一二 年:21,327,000港元)。

(b) 本集團作為承租人

於報告日,本集團根據不可撤銷經 營租賃應付之未來最低租賃款項 總額(包括附註39(b)所披露向關 連人士作出之經營租賃承擔)載列 如下:

本集團根據經營租賃租用多項辦 公室物業、保税倉庫、展廳及員工 宿舍。租賃初步為期一至十年(二 零一二年:一至十年)。該等租賃 概不包括或然租金。

本公司並無任何重大經營租賃承 擔。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

36. CAPITAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

36. 資本及其他承擔

GROUP

本集團

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contracted but not provided for in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment	就購買物業、機器及設備 已訂約但未撥備	_	39,014

Save as mentioned above, as at the reporting date, according to certain distributorship agreements for trading of luxury goods, the Group has committed to open nine (2012: thirteen) boutiques during the terms of the distributorship period.

The Company does not have any significant capital and other commitment.

除上述者外,於報告日,根據買賣奢侈品之若干代理權協議,本集團已承諾於代理期內開設九個(二零一二年:十三個)展廳。

本公司並無任何重大資本及其他承擔。

37. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Major non-cash transaction

During the year ended 31 March 2013, deposits of approximately HK\$53,206,000 paid in prior year for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment were capitalised as property, plant and equipment.

37. 綜合現金流量表附註

主要非現金交易

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,往年就購買物業、機器及設備支付之按金約53,206,000港元已撥作物業、機器及設備之資本。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

38. FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACTS

COMPANY

As at the reporting date, the Company has executed corporate guarantee to certain banks with respect to general banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries of the Company of approximately HK\$145,060,000 (2012: HK\$140,060,000). As at the reporting date, no provision for the Company's obligation under the financial guarantee contracts has been made. The directors of the Company considered that it was not probable that the repayments of the borrowings would be in default.

39. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) Related party transactions

GROUP

During the year, except as disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following significant transactions with related parties:

38. 財務擔保合約

本公司

於報告日,本公司就其若干附屬公司獲授之一般銀行信貸約145,060,000港元(二零一二年:140,060,000港元)向若干銀行簽立公司擔保。於報告日,並無就本公司於財務擔保合約之責任計提撥備。本公司董事認為不大可能出現拖欠借貸還款之情況。

39. 關連人士披露

(a) 關連人士之交易

本集團

年內,除於本財務報表其他部分所 披露者外,本集團曾與關連人士進 行下列重大交易:

			2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Sales of jewelleries and fine wines to directors	向董事銷售珠寶及名酒	(i)	-	249
Sales of jewelleries to a shareholder	向一名股東銷售珠寶	(ii)	122	_
Sales of fine wines to a related company Payment of rents to	向一家關連公司銷售名酒 支付予一名股東之租金	(iii)	-	100
a shareholder Payment of rents to	支付予一名關連人士之	(iv)	55,505	41,811
management fees and office expenses to	租金、管理費及辦公室開支			
a related party Purchase of property,	向一名董事購買物業、	(v)	1,126	2,237
plant and equipment from a director	機器及設備	(vi)		707

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

39. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

39. 關連人士披露(續)

(a) Related party transactions (Continued)

關連人士之交易(續)

GROUP (Continued)

本集團(續)

Notes:

附註:

- During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Group sold certain items of jewelleries and fine wines to four directors of the Company, Mr. Tong, Mr. Choy, Mr. Gao and Mr. Zhao.
- 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止 年度,本集團向本公司四名董事 唐先生、蔡先生、高先生及趙先 生出售若干珠寶及名酒。

(ii) The Group sold certain jewelleries to Mr. Qi.

- 本集團向綦先生出售若干珠寶。
- During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Group sold certain fine wines to a related company in which Mr. Qi has beneficial interests.
- 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止 年度,本集團向一家由綦先生擁 有實益權益之關連公司出售若干 名酒。

The Group paid rents to Mr. Qi. (iv)

- 本集團向綦先生支付租金。
- The Group paid rents, management fees and office expenses to a related party who is a close family member of Mr. Qi.
- (v) 本集團向一名為綦先生直系親屬 之關連人士支付租金、管理費及 辦公室開支。
- During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Group purchased certain property, plant and equipment from Mr. Zhao.
- (vi) 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止 年度,本集團向趙先生購買若干 物業、機器及設備。

The directors of the Company considered that the directors' remuneration as set out in note 11 is equivalent to the Group's key management's remuneration.

本公司董事認為附註11所載之董 事酬金相等於本集團主要管理人 員之酬金。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

39. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

39. 關連人士披露(續)

(b) Operating lease commitment to related parties

GROUP

As at the reporting date, the total future minimum lease payments payable by the Group to Mr. Qi (2012: Mr. Qi and his close family member) under non-cancellable operating leases were as follows:

向關連人士作出之經營租賃承擔

本集團

於報告日,本集團根據不可撤銷經 營租賃應付綦先生(二零一二年: 綦先生及綦先生一名直系親屬)之 未來最低租賃款項總額現載列如 下:

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	42,351	57,732
In the second to fifth years	第二年至第五年		
inclusive	(包括首尾兩年)	224,890	222,988
After five years	五年以上	167,035	220,244
		434,276	500,964

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量 **VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

The Group is exposed to financial risks through its use of financial instruments in its ordinary course of operations. The financial risks included market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Financial risk management is coordinated at the Group's headquarters, in close co-operation with the board of directors. The overall objectives in managing financial risks focus on securing the Group's short to medium term cash flows by minimising its exposure to financial markets.

It is not the Company's policy to engage in the trading of financial instruments for speculative purposes.

本集團於日常業務過程中使用金融工 具,因而承受金融風險。該等金融風險 包括市場風險(包括貨幣風險、利率風 險及其他價格風險)、信貸風險及流動 性風險。

金融風險管理由本集團總部統籌,並與 董事會緊密合作。管理金融風險之整體 目標為在減低金融市場風險之情況下, 確保本集團中短期之現金流量。

為投機目的買賣金融工具並非本公司之 政策。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量 **VALUE MEASUREMENTS** (Continued) (續)

40.1 Categories of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts presented in the statements of financial position relate to the following categories of financial assets and financial liabilities:

40.1 金融資產及負債類別

於財務狀況報表呈列之賬面值涉及 以下金融資產及金融負債類別:

		Group 本集團			pany 公司
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Financial assets	金融資產				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	之金融資產				
 Held for trading 	一持作買賣	524	79,837	-	-
 Designated upon initial recognition 	一於初步確認時指定	-	3,208	-	-
Loans and receivables:	貸款及應收款項:				
- Rental deposits paid to	-已付關連人士				
related parties	租金按金	13,672	14,232	_	_
- Trade receivables	一應收貿易款項	57,259	29,529	_	-
- Other receivables	- 其他應收款項	178,394	64,375	560	_
- Amount due from	- 應收一名關連				
a related party	人士款項	14,183	14,232	-	-
 Amounts due from 	- 應收附屬公司款項				
subsidiaries		-	_	904,951	913,334
 Pledged bank deposits 	一已抵押銀行存款	95,854	39,126	9,387	6,369
- Cash at banks and	一銀行及手頭現金				
in hand		273,893	130,382	377	6,965
		633,779	374,921	915,275	926,668

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量 VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued) (續)

40.1 Categories of financial assets and liabilities

40.1 金融資產及負債類別(續)

(Continued)

		Group 本集團			pany 公司
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Financial liabilities	金融負債				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - Designated upon initial recognition	按公允值於損益表列賬 之金融負債 一於初步確認時指定	161	-	-	-
Financial liabilities measured					
at amortised cost:	金融負債:				
 Trade payables 	一應付貿易款項	14,551	20,435	-	-
 Accrued charges and other payables 	-應計費用及 其他應付款項	20,232	23,742	1,419	910
 Amount due to a related party 	-應付一名關連 人士款項	_	2,276	_	_
Amounts due tosubsidiaries	-應付附屬公司款項			45 550	10 000
	-借貸	- 507.040	-	15,558	18,200
Borrowings	一百貝	587,849	264,433	80,000	70,000
		622,793	310,886	96,977	89,110

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

40.2 Foreign currency risk

Transactions in foreign currencies and the Group's risk management policies

Foreign currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong, the PRC and Malaysia with most of the transactions denominated and settled in HK\$, EURO, CHF, RMB and US\$. No foreign currency risk has been identified for the financial assets and financial liabilities denominated in RMB, which is the functional currencies of the subsidiaries in the PRC to which these transactions relate. The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk primarily arises from certain financial instruments including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables, derivative financial instruments and borrowings which are denominated in EURO, CHF, US\$ and Japanese Yen ("JPY"). During the years, the Group did not have foreign currency hedging policy but management continuously monitors foreign exchange exposure.

Foreign currency denominated financial assets and liabilities, translated into HK\$ at the prevailing closing rates as at reporting dates, are as follows:

(續)

40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量

40.2 外幣風險

外幣交易及本集團之風險管理政

外幣風險指金融工具之公允值或未 來現金流量因外幣匯率變動而波 動之風險。本集團主要在香港、中 國及馬來西亞營運,大部分交易以 港元、歐元、瑞士法郎、人民幣及 美元列值。人民幣為有關交易所涉 及之中國附屬公司之功能貨幣,故 以人民幣列值之金融資產及金融 負債並無發現外幣風險。本集團之 外幣風險主要源自以歐元、瑞士法 郎、美元及日圓列值之若干金融工 具,包括按公允值於損益表列賬之 金融資產、貿易及其他應收款項、 貿易及其他應付款項、衍生金融工 具及借貸。年內,本集團並無外幣 對沖政策,然而,管理層會持續監 控外幣風險。

以外幣計值之金融資產及負債於 報告日按當時收市價換算為港元, 現載列如下:

			2013 二零一三年 Notional amounts of derivative				201 二零一		
		Financial	Financial	financial	Net	Financial	Financial	financial	Net
		assets	liabilities	instruments 衍生金融	exposure	assets	liabilities	instruments 衍生金融	exposure
		金融資產	金融負債	工具面值	風險淨額	金融資產	金融負債	工具面值	風險淨額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
JPY	日圓	34	_	_	34	_	_	-	_
EURO	歐元	2,546	(4,106)	12,185	10,625	88,546	(1,099)	90,032	177,479
CHF	瑞士法郎	-	(6,316)	_	(6,316)	-	(7,928)	_	(7,928)
RMB	人民幣	17,568	(2,222)	-	15,346	32,022		-	32,022
US\$	美元	692	(1,499)		(807)	5,890			5,890

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

40.2 Foreign currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

As US\$ is pegged to HK\$, the Group does not expect any significant movement in the HK\$/US\$ exchange rate. No sensitivity analysis in respect of the Group's sensitivity analysis in respect of the Group's financial assets and liabilities denominated in US\$ is disclosed as in the opinion of directors of the Company, such sensitivity analysis does not give additional value in view of insignificant movement in the US\$/HK\$ exchange rates as at the reporting dates.

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the Group's results for the year ended 31 March 2013 and equity in regards to a 5% (2012: 5%) appreciation in HK\$ against JPY, EURO, CHF and RMB respectively. The 5% is the rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's best assessment of the possible change in foreign exchange rates.

40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量

40.2 外幣風險(續)

敏感度分析

由於美元與港元掛鈎,因此,本集團預期港元兑美元匯率不會出現任何重大變動。由於本公司董事認為,鑑於美元兑港元匯率於各報告日間之變動輕微,本集團以美元列值之金融資產及負債之敏感度分析並無提供額外價值,因而並無披露有關敏感度分析。

下表闡述本集團於截至二零一三年 三月三十一日止年度之業績及權 益對港元兑日圓、歐元、瑞士法郎 及人民幣分別升值5%(二零一二 年:5%)之敏感度。5%乃向主要 管理人員作外幣風險內部報告採 用之比率,並為管理層對外幣匯率 潛在變動之最佳估計。

Results for the year and retained profits 本年度業績及保留溢利

Group 本集團

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
JPY	日圓	(1)	_
EURO	歐元	(464)	(8,069)
CHF	瑞士法郎	264	331
RMB	人民幣	(767)	(1,600)

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

40.2 Foreign currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

The sensitivity analysis of the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at the reporting date has been determined based on the assumed percentage changes in foreign currency exchange rates taking place at the beginning of the financial years and held constant throughout the year.

A 5% depreciation in HK\$ against JPY, EURO, CHF, and RMB would have the same magnitude on the Group's results for the year and retained profits but of opposite effect.

These are the same method and assumption used in preparing the sensitivity analysis included in the financial statements of the year ended 31 March 2012.

Exposures to foreign exchange rates vary during the year depending on the volume of overseas transactions. Nevertheless, the analysis above is considered to be representative of the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk.

As the Company does not have significant exposure to foreign currency risk, the Company's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in foreign currency rates.

40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量 (續)

40.2 外幣風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

本集團於報告日承受之外幣風險敏 感度分析以財政年度初之外幣匯率 假設百分比變動為依據,並假設有 關變動於全年維持不變而釐定。

港元兑日圓、歐元、瑞士法郎及人 民幣貶值5%,將對本集團於本年 度之業績及保留溢利具有相等但 相反之影響。

此等分析與編製截至二零一二年 三月三十一日止年度財務報表之 敏感度分析時採用之方法及假設 相同。

外幣匯率風險會因應年內之海外 交易數目而有所不同。儘管如此, 上述分析被視為可代表本公司所 承受之外幣風險。

由於本公司並無承受重大外幣風 險,故本公司之收入及經營現金流 量基本不受外幣匯率變動影響。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

40.3 Interest rate risk

Exposures to interest rate risk and the Group's and the Company's risk management policies

Interest rate risk relates to the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's and the Company's interest rate risk arises primarily from bank deposits (Note 25) and borrowings (Note 29). The Group and the Company have not used any derivative contracts in order to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk. The Group and the Company have not formulated a policy to manage the interest rate risk.

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the Group's and the Company's results for the year ended 31 March 2013 to a possible change in interest rates of +/-0.5% (2012: +/-0.5%), with effect from the beginning of the year. The calculations are based on the Group's and the Company's financial assets and liabilities held at the reporting date. All other variables are held constant.

40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量

40.3 利率風險

承受之利率風險以及本集團及本 公司之風險管理政策

利率風險指金融工具之公允值或 現金流量因市場利率變動而波動 之風險。本集團及本公司之利率風 險主要源自銀行存款(附註25)及 借貸(附註29)。本集團及本公司 並無使用任何衍生工具合約對沖 其利率風險。本集團及本公司並無 制訂管理利率風險之政策。

下表闡述本集團及本公司截至二零 一三年三月三十一日止年度之業績 面對自年初生效之潛在利率變動 +/-0.5%(二零一二年:+/-0.5%) 之敏感度。計算方法以本集團及本 公司於報告日持有之金融資產及 負債為基準。所有其他變數維持不 變。

Results for the year and retained profits

本年度業績及保留溢利

		本集』 HK\$'0	Group 本 集團 HK\$'000 千港元		Company 本公司 HK\$'000 千港元	
		+0.5%	-0.5%	+0.5%	-0.5%	
2013	二零一三年	800	(800)	(353)	353	
2012	二零一二年	(119)	119	(318)	318	

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量 VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

40.4 Other price risk

The Group is exposed to other price risk arising from changes in the market price underlie its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. As at the reporting date, the Group's other price risk is mainly concentrated on the investments in wine futures.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to other price risk in relation to the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which is the wine futures, at the reporting date.

If the market price of the wines in relation to the wine futures had been 5% (2012: 5%) higher/lower, profit for the year ended 31 March 2013 would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$26,000 (2012: HK\$3,992,000) as a result of the changes in these financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

40.5 Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument would fail to discharge its obligation under the terms of the financial instrument and cause a financial loss to the Group. Generally, the maximum credit risk exposure of financial assets is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown on the face of the consolidated statement of financial position which are summarised in note 40.1 above. None of the financial assets of the Group are secured by collateral or other credit enhancements.

All the Group's bank balances are deposited with major banks located in Hong Kong, Malaysia and the PRC.

(續)

40.4 其他價格風險

本集團面對因與其按公允值於損 益表列賬之金融資產有關之市價 變動而產生之其他價格風險。於報 告日,本集團之其他價格風險主要 集中於期酒投資。

敏感度分析

以下敏感度分析根據於報告日與 按公允值於損益表列賬之金融資 產(即期酒)有關之其他價格風險 而釐定。

倘與期酒有關之名酒市價上升/下 跌5%(二零一二年:5%),截至二 零一三年三月三十一日止年度之 溢利會因該等按公允值於損益表 列賬之金融資產之變動而增加/ 減少約26,000港元(二零一二年: 3,992,000港元)。

40.5 信貸風險

信貸風險指金融工具之對手方未能 根據金融工具之條款履行其責任, 令本集團蒙受財務損失之風險。一 般而言,金融資產所承受之最大信 貸風險為綜合財務狀況報表所示 之金融資產之賬面值,有關金融資 產於上文附註40.1概述。本集團之 金融資產概無透過抵押品或其他 信貸提升抵押。

本集團之全部銀行結餘均存放於香 港、馬來西亞及中國之主要銀行。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量 VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

40.5 Credit risk (Continued)

The Group trades mainly with recognised, creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. The carrying amounts of the trade receivables included in the consolidated statement of financial position represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to its financial assets. Further detailed exposure to credit risk of the Group is disclosed in note 23.

The Group is exposed to concentration of credit risk. Receivables from a counterparty represented about 83% of the Group's trade receivables and receivables from two counterparties represented about 50% of the Group's other receivables as at 31 March 2013 (2012: receivables from two counterparties represented about 54% of the Group's trade receivables and receivables from two counterparties represented about 58% of the Group's other receivables). The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical locations is mainly in the PRC and Hong Kong (2012: the PRC).

The Company is not exposed to significant concentration of risk.

(續)

40.5 信貸風險(續)

本集團主要與著名及信譽良好之 第三方進行交易。根據本集團之政 策,任何有意以記賬形式進行交易 之客戶均須經過信貸核實程序。此 外,本集團亦持續監察應收款項結 餘,因而本集團之壞賬風險並不重 大。於綜合財務狀況報表入賬之應 收貿易款項之賬面值為本集團就 其金融資產須承受之最大信貸風 險。本集團信貸風險之進一步詳情 於附註23披露。

本集團面對集中信貸風險。於二零 一三年三月三十一日, 應收一名對 手方之款項佔本集團應收貿易款項 約83%,而應收兩名對手方之款項 佔本集團其他應收款項約50%(二 零一二年:應收兩名對手方之款項 佔本集團應收貿易款項約54%,另 外應收兩名對手方之款項則佔本集 團其他應收款項約58%)。本集團 面對地域方面之集中信貸風險主 要位於中國及香港(二零一二年: 中國)。

本公司並未面對重大集中之風險。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

40.6 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the risk that the Group and the Company will not be able to meet its obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Group and the Company are exposed to liquidity risk in respect of settlement of trade payables and its financing obligations, and also in respect of its cash flow management. The Group's and the Company's objective are to maintain an appropriate level of liquid assets and committed lines of funding to meet its liability requirements in the short and longer term.

The Group and the Company manage the liquidity needs on a consolidated basis by carefully monitoring scheduled debt servicing payments for long term financial liabilities as well as forecast cash inflows and outflows due in day to day business.

Analysed below is the Group's and the Company's remaining contractual maturities for the non-derivative financial liabilities as at 31 March 2013. When the creditor has a choice of when the liability is settled, the liability is included on the basis of the earliest date on when the Group and the Company can be required to pay. Where the settlement of the liability is in instalments, each instalment is allocated to the earliest period in which the Group and the Company are committed to pay.

40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量 (續)

40.6 流動性風險

流動性風險與本集團及本公司未 能履行其金融負債責任之風險有 關。本集團及本公司承受有關償付 應付貿易款項及融資責任以及現 金流管理之流動性風險。本集團及 本公司之目標為將流動資產及承 諾信貸融資維持於合適水平,以應 付其長短期負債需要。

本集團及本公司通過審慎監控長 期金融負債之預計還款期及日常 業務之預期現金流入及流出,以綜 合基準管理其流動資金需要。

以下分析為本集團及本公司非衍生 金融負債於二零一三年三月三十一 日之剩餘合約到期情況。倘若債權 人有權選擇負債還款時間,則有關 負債按本集團及本公司可能被要 求還款之最早日期計算。倘若負債 屬分期還款,則每期還款將分配至 本集團及本公司承諾付款之最早 期間內。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量 VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued) (續)

40.6 Liquidity risk (Continued)

The analysis is based on the undiscounted cash flows of the financial liabilities.

40.6 流動性風險(續)

分析以金融負債之未貼現現金流 量為依據。

Group 本集團

		Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow 合約未貼現 現金流量總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Less than one year or repayable on demand 少於一年或 按要求償還 HK\$'000 千港元	One year or above 一年或以上 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年 三月三十一日				
Non-derivative financial instruments:	非衍生金融工具:				
Trade payables Accrued charges and	應付貿易款項 應計費用及	14,551	14,551	14,551	-
other payables	其他應付款項	20,232	20,232	19,694	538
Borrowings	借貸	587,849	603,042	561,937	41,105
		622,632	637,825	596,182	41,643
At 31 March 2012	於二零一二年 三月三十一日				
Non-derivative financial instruments:	非衍生金融工具:				
Trade payables Accrued charges and	應付貿易款項 應計費用及	20,435	20,435	20,435	
other payables Amount due to	其他應付款項 應付一名關連	23,742	23,742	20,653	3,089
a related party	人士款項	2,276	2,276	2,276	-
Borrowings	借貸	264,433	272,112	213,253	58,859
		310,886	318,565	256,617	61,948

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量 VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued) (續)

40.6 Liquidity risk (Continued)

40.6 流動性風險(續)

Company

本公司

		Carrying amount 賬面值	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow 合約未貼現 現金流量總額	Less than one year or repayable on demand 少於一年或 按要求償還	One year or above 一年或以上
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年 三月三十一日				
Non-derivative financial instruments:	非衍生金融工具:				
Accrued charges and other payables	應計費用及 其他應付款項	1,419	1,419	1,419	_
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	15,558	15,558	15,558	_
Borrowings	借貸	80,000	83,548	42,443	41,105
		96,977	100,525	59,420	41,105
Financial guarantees issued: Maximum amount guaranteed	已發出財務擔保: 擔保款額上限	24,135	24,226	24,226	
At 31 March 2012	於二零一二年 三月三十一日				
Non-derivative financial instruments:	非衍生金融工具:				
Accrued charges	應計費用	910	910	910	_
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	18,200	18,200	18,200	-
Borrowings	借貸	70,000	75,972	17,113	58,859
		89,110	95,082	36,223	58,859
Financial guarantees issued: Maximum amount	已發出財務擔保: 擔保款額上限				
guaranteed		78,727	78,875	78,875	

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

40.7 Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position

The following table presents financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the consolidated statement of financial position in accordance with the fair value hierarchy. The hierarchy groups financial assets and liabilities into three levels based on the relative reliability of significant inputs used in measuring the fair value of these financial assets and liabilities. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the financial asset or liability is categorised in its entirety is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量 (續)

40.7 於財務狀況報表確認之公允值計

下表按公允值分層架構呈列於綜 合財務狀況報表以公允值計量之 金融資產及負債。該分層架構根據 計量金融資產及負債之公允值時 使用之重大輸入值之相對可靠性, 將該等金融資產及負債分為三個 級別。有關公允值分層級別如下:

- 級別一:活躍市場中相同資 產及負債之報價(未經調 整);
- 級別二:直接(如價格)或間 接(如價格衍生者)可觀察資 產或負債之輸入值,不包括 級別一範疇內之報價;及
- 級別三:並非以可觀察市場 數據為基準之資產或負債輸 入值(不可觀察輸入值)。

金融資產或負債所屬公允值分層 級別全然以對公允值計量而言屬 重大之最低級別輸入值為基礎。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued) 40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量 (續)

40.7 Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position (Continued)

The financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2013 are grouped into the fair value hierarchy as follows:

40.7 於財務狀況報表確認之公允值計量(續)

於二零一三年三月三十一日於綜合財務狀況報表按公允值計量之 金融資產及負債按公允值分層級 別分類如下:

重大轉撥及級別三亦無轉入或轉

出。

Group	本集團
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		Level 1 級別一 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 級別二 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 級別三 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2013	於二零一三年 三月三十一日				
Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	資產 按公允值於損益表列賬 之金融資產				
(Note (a))	(附註(a))	-	-	524	524
Liabilities Derivative financial instruments (Note (b))	負債 衍生金融工具 (附註(b))		(161)		(161)
			(161)	524	363
As at 31 March 2012	於二零一二年 三月三十一日				
Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	資產 按公允值於損益表列賬 之金融資產				
(Note (a)) Derivative financial instruments	(附註(a)) 衍生金融工具	-	-	79,837	79,837
(Note (b))	(附註(b))		3,208		3,208
			3,208	79,837	83,045
There have been no signific	cant transfers between le	evels	於報告期	間,級別一及	二之間並無

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reporting period.

1 and 2 and no transfers into or out of level 3 during the

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量 VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

40.7 Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position (Continued)

Notes:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (a)

The fair values of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held by the Group are estimated using a valuation technique that is not based on observable market data. The financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are included in Level 3 and consist of wine futures.

Of the total gains for the year ended 31 March 2013 included in profit or loss, profit of approximately HK\$118,000 (2012: HK\$10,171,000) relates to wine futures are included in "fair value gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" in the other income as disclosed in note 7.

(b) **Derivative financial instrument**

Where derivatives are traded either on exchanges or liquid over-the-counter markets, the Group uses the closing price at the reporting date. Normally, the derivatives entered into by the Group are not traded on active markets. The fair values of such contracts are estimated using a valuation technique that maximises the use of observable market inputs e.g. market currency and interest rates (Level 2). The derivatives entered into by the Group are included in Level 2 and consist of foreign currency forward contracts.

40.7 於財務狀況報表確認之公允值計 量(續)

附註:

按公允值於損益表列賬之金融資

本集團所持按公允值於損益表列 賬之金融資產之公允值是以一種 並非以可觀察市場數據為基礎之 估值技術來估計。按公允值於損 益表列賬之金融資產計入級別 三,包括期酒。

計入損益之截至二零一三年三月 三十一日止年度收益總額中,與 期酒有關之溢利約118,000港元 (二零一二年:10,171,000港元) 計入附註7所披露其他收入中之 「按公允值於損益表列賬之金融 資產之公允值收益」。

(b) 衍生金融工具

倘衍生工具乃於交易所或流通場 外市場買賣,本集團利用於報告 日之收市價。一般而言,本集團 訂立之衍生工具並無於活躍市場 買賣。有關合約之公允值是以一 種將使用可觀察市場輸入值(如 市場匯率及利率)(級別二)最 大化之估值技術來估計。本集團 訂立之衍生工具計入級別二,包 括外幣遠期合約。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 40. 金融風險管理及公允值計量 VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

40.7 Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

Derivative financial instrument (Continued)

Of the total losses for the year ended 31 March 2013 included in profit or loss, loss of approximately HK\$3,369,000 relates to foreign currency forward contracts are included in "fair value losses on derivative financial instruments" in the other operating expenses. Of the total gains for the year ended 31 March 2012 included in profit or loss, profit of approximately HK\$3,208,000 relates to foreign currency forward contracts are included in "fair value gains on derivative financial instruments" in the other income as disclosed in note 7.

The Company does not expose to the risk on fair value measurement.

41. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the year.

(續)

40.7 於財務狀況報表確認之公允值計 量(續)

附註:(續)

(b) 衍生金融工具(續)

計入損益之截至二零一三年三 月三十一日 止年度虧損總額中, 與外幣遠期合約有關之虧損約 3.369.000港元計入其他經營費 用中之「衍生金融工具之公允 值虧損」。計入損益之截至二零 一二年三月三十一日止年度收益 總額中,與外幣遠期合約有關之 溢利約3,208,000港元計入附註7 所披露其他收入中之「衍生金融 工具之公允值收益」。

本公司並未面對公允值計量風險。

41. 資本管理

本集團資本管理之主要目標是保障其維 持強健之信用評級及健康之資本比率, 以支持其業務及使股東價值最大化。

本集團根據經濟狀況之變化管理其資本 結構並對其作出調整。為維持或調整資 本結構,本集團或須調整向股東派付之 股息、向股東歸還資本或發行新股份。 於本年度,本集團之目標、政策或程序 並無變更。

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2013

41. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is total debt divided by total capital. Total debt is calculated as borrowings, as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position. Total capital is calculated as total equity, as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group aims to maintain the gearing ratio at a reasonable level.

41. 資本管理(續)

本集團採用資本負債比率(即債務總額 除以資本總額) 監控資本。債務總額乃 按借貸計算,並載於綜合財務狀況報表 內。資本總額乃按權益總額計算,並載 於綜合財務狀況報表內。本集團之目標 是使資本負債比率維持在一個合理水平 F .

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Total debt	債務總額		
Borrowings	借貸	587,849	264,433
Total capital	資本總額	1,645,534	1,456,974
Total debt to capital ratio	總債務對資本比率	35.7%	18.1%

42. EVENT AFTER REPORTING DATE

On 1 June 2013, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Mr. Shi to acquire 30% of the issued share capital in SRBMM ("Acquisition"), which was disposed by the Group to Mr. Shi during the year ended 31 March 2013 as disclosed in note 33(b), at a consideration of RMB72,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$91,440,000). Accordingly, the difference between the consideration and the carrying amount of net assets of the Subject Group as at the date of completion of the Acquisition will be recognised in other reserve in the year ending 31 March 2014. Details of the aforementioned Acquisition were set out in the Company's announcement dated 3 June 2013.

42. 結算日後事項

於二零一三年六月一日,本集團與石 先生訂立一份買賣協議,收購耀萊品 牌市場經營30%已發行股本(「收購事 項」),代價為人民幣72,000,000元(相 等於約91,440,000港元)。該30%已發 行股本為附註33(b)所披露於截至二零 一三年三月三十一日十年度由本集團售 予石先生。因此,代價與標的集團淨資 產於收購事項完成日期之賬面值之差額 將於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年 度在其他儲備確認。上述收購事項之詳 情載於本公司日期為二零一三年六月三 日之公佈內。

財務概要 Financial Summary

RESULTS		業績				
		2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	611,530	1,219,128	3,322,985	4,427,423	3,015,555
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 本年度(虧損)/ 溢利	(189,969)	113,016	183,677	214,188	66,304
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			資產	及負債		
		2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets Total liabilities	總資產總負債	879,172 (300,221) 578,951	1,184,999 (311,093) 873,906	1,703,923 (435,472) 1,268,451	1,922,865 (465,891) 1,456,974	2,373,296 (727,762) 1,645,534
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人應佔權益非控股權益	575,494 3,457	869,802 4,104	1,263,183 5,268	1,452,227 4,747	1,605,501
		578,951	873,906	1,268,451	1,456,974	1,643,534

