Asia Tele-Net and Technology Corporation Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 679)

ANNOUNCEMENT OF INTERIM RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Asia Tele-Net and Technology Corporation Limited (the "Company") is pleased to announce the unaudited results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the six months ended 30 June 2013 with comparative figures as follows:

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
For the six months ended 30 June 2013

	NOTES	**Six months ended 30 June** **2013** **HK$'000** **(unaudited)**	2012 HK$'000 (unaudited)
Revenue	3	**184,856**	149,361
Cost of sales		**(126,809)**	(120,079)
Gross profit		**58,047**	29,282
Other income		**1,765**	2,692
Selling and distribution costs		**(8,261)**	(7,470)
Administrative expenses		**(46,477)**	(46,507)
Other gains or losses		**(3,761)**	(4,881)
Bad debts recovered		**625**	-
Share of results of associates		**95**	380
Finance costs		**(20)**	(135)
Profit (loss) before taxation		**2,013**	(26,639)
Taxation	4	**(1,010)**	(262)
Profit (loss) for the period	5	**1,003**	(26,901)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME - continued
For the six months ended 30 June 2013

	NOTE	Six months ended 30 June 2013 HK$'000 (unaudited)	2012 HK$'000 (unaudited)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations			
- subsidiaries		**3,186**	(359)
- associate		**(81)**	35
Reclassification of currency translation reserve upon dissolution of a subsidiary		**-**	370
Other comprehensive income for the period		**3,105**	46
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the period		**4,108**	(26,855)
Profit (loss) for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		**740**	(26,972)
Non-controlling interests		**263**	71
		1,003	(26,901)
Total comprehensive income (expense) attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		**3,862**	(26,923)
Non-controlling interests		**246**	68
		4,108	(26,855)
Earnings (loss) per share	7		
Basic		**HK0.17 cents**	HK(6.32) cents

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 30 June 2013

	NOTES	**30.6.2013 HK$'000 (unaudited)**	31.12.2012 HK$'000 (audited)
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment		**84,277**	89,841
Prepaid lease payments		**8,320**	8,360
Interests in associates		**2,499**	2,485
Loans receivable		**4,439**	4,552
		99,535	105,238
Current assets			
Inventories		**41,253**	39,572
Amounts due from customers for contract work		**38,195**	38,952
Loans receivable		**2,510**	2,760
Debtors, bills receivables and prepayments	8	**103,538**	109,350
Prepaid lease payments		**308**	304
Held-for-trading investments		**15,932**	15,107
Amounts due from associates		**1,442**	1,333
Taxation recoverable		**1,098**	1,081
Pledged bank deposits		**5,069**	1,000
Bank balances and cash		**173,704**	159,698
		383,049	369,157
Current liabilities			
Creditors, bills payables and accrued charges	9	**122,871**	129,820
Deposit received for re-development of the land		**50,440**	49,760
Warranty provision		**11,866**	10,753
Amounts due to customers for contract work		**14,425**	7,335
Amounts due to associates		**26**	26
Bank borrowings		**2,790**	-
Taxation payable		**1,003**	667
		203,421	198,361
Net current assets		**179,628**	170,796
Total assets less current liabilities		**279,163**	276,034

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - continued
At 30 June 2013

	30.6.2013	31.12.2012
	HK$'000	HK$'000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Capital and reserves		
Share capital	**4,265**	4,265
Reserves	**265,868**	260,800
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	**270,133**	265,065
Non-controlling interests	**1,676**	2,930
Total equity	**271,809**	267,995
Non-current liabilities		
Warranty provision	**3,039**	3,724
Deferred taxation	**4,315**	4,315
	7,354	8,039
	279,163	276,034

NOTES

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") as well as with the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values.

Except as described below, the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2013 are the same as those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012.

In the current interim period, the Group has applied, for the first time, certain new or revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") that are mandatorily effective for the current interim period.

<u>Amendments to HKAS 1 *Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income*</u>

The amendments to HKAS 1 introduce new terminology for statement of comprehensive income and income statement. Under the amendments to HKAS 1, a statement of comprehensive income is renamed as a statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The amendments to HKAS 1 retain the option to present profit or loss and other comprehensive income in either a single statement or in two separate but consecutive statements. However, the amendments to HKAS 1 require additional disclosures to be made in the other comprehensive income section such that items of other comprehensive income are grouped into two categories: (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income tax on items of other comprehensive income is required to be allocated on the same basis - the amendments do not change the existing option to present items of other comprehensive income either before tax or net of tax. The amendments have been applied retrospectively, and hence the presentation of items of other comprehensive income has been modified to reflect the changes.

<u>New and Revised Standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures</u>

In the current interim period, the Group has applied for the first time HKFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*, HKFRS 11 *Joint Arrangements*, HKFRS 12 *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities* and HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011) *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures* together with the amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 *Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint Arrangements and Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance* regarding the transitional guidance. HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011) *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements* is not applicable to these condensed consolidated financial statements as it deals only with separate financial statements.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

HKFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*

HKFRS 10 replaces the parts of HKAS 27 *Consolidated and separate financial statements* that deal with consolidated financial statements and HK(SIC) - INT 12 *Consolidation - special purpose entities*. HKFRS 10 changes the definition of control such that an investor has control over an investee when a) it has power over the investee, b) it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and c) has the ability to use its power to affect its returns. All three of these criteria must be met for an investor to have control over an investee. Previously, control was defined as the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Additional guidance has been included in HKFRS 10 to explain when an investor has control over an investee.

The directors of the Company reviewed and assessed the Group's investees in accordance with the requirements of HKFRS 10. The directors of the Company concluded that there was no impact to the Group's condensed consolidated financial statements for the adoption of HKFRS 10.

HKFRS 13 *Fair Value Measurement*

The Group has applied HKFRS 13 for the first time in the current interim period. HKFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for, and disclosures about, fair value measurements, and replaces those requirements previously included in various HKFRSs. Consequential amendments have been made to HKAS 34 to require certain disclosures to be made in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

The scope of HKFRS 13 is broad, and applies to both financial instrument items and non-financial instrument items for which other HKFRSs require or permit fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements, subject to a few exceptions. HKFRS 13 contains a new definition for 'fair value' and defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions. Fair value under HKFRS 13 is an exit price regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Also, HKFRS 13 includes extensive disclosure requirements.

In accordance with the transitional provisions of HKFRS 13, the Group has applied the new fair value measurement and disclosure requirements prospectively. The application of HKFRS 13 has had no material impact on the reported amount in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Except as described above, the application of the other new or revised HKFRSs in the current interim period has had no material impact on the amounts reported and/or disclosures set out in these condensed consolidated financial statements and/or on the disclosures set out in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

3. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Revenue

The Group's revenue from electroplating machinery business for the six months ended 30 June 2013 and 2012 analysed by principal activity is as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2013	2012
	HK$'000	HK$'000
Construction contracts in respect of design, manufacturing and sale of custom-built electroplating machinery and other industrial machinery	**156,995**	123,690
Sale of spare parts of electroplating machinery	**12,051**	11,112
Provision of services - repairs and maintenance	**15,810**	14,559
	184,856	149,361

Segment Information

The Group has one operating segment being the electroplating equipment segment which contributes the entire revenue of the Group. Reconciliation of the operating segment profit (loss) to profit (loss) before taxation is as follows:

	Electroplating equipment Six months ended 30 June	
	2013	2012
	HK$'000	HK$'000
Segment revenue	**184,856**	149,361
Segment profit (loss)	**6,773**	(16,485)
Intra-group management fee charged to operating segment	**2,559**	2,571
Other income	**1,612**	2,234
Central corporate expenses	**(8,888)**	(9,493)
Other gains or losses	**(138)**	(5,846)
Share of results of associates	**95**	380
Profit (loss) before taxation	**2,013**	(26,639)

3. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION – continued

Segment Information – continued

Segment profit (loss) represents the gross profit of the electroplating equipment segment and other income and expenses directly attributable to the segment activity (including intra-group management fee) but excluding interest income from loans receivable, unallocated interest income, dividend income and sundry income, unallocated net exchange gain or loss, central corporate expenses including auditor's remuneration and director's emoluments, net change in fair value of held-for-trading investments, loss on disposal of available for-sale investments, gain on disposal of a subsidiary and share of results of associates. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker in order to assess segment performance.

There has been no material change in the total segment assets and total segment liabilities from the amounts disclosed in the last annual financial statements of the electroplating equipment segment. Accordingly, no such information has been disclosed.

4. TAXATION

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2013	2012
	HK$'000	HK$'000
Taxation comprises:		
Current tax		
Overseas taxation		
Charge for the period	**(1,010)**	(262)

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax is made for the six months ended 30 June 2013 and 2012 as there is no assessable profit for the period.

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions (including the People's Republic of China (excluding Hong Kong) ("PRC") enterprise income tax) is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

5. PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2013	2012
	HK$'000	HK$'000
Profit (loss) for the period has been arrived at after charging (crediting):		
Allowance for slow moving inventories (included in cost of sales)	**436**	2,001
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	**4,222**	4,618
Release of prepaid lease payments	**154**	149
Included in other income		
Interest income from loans receivable	**(168)**	(319)
Interest income from an associate	**(89)**	(89)
Interest income from bank deposits	**(1,359)**	(1,500)
Included in other gains or loss		
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	**19**	3
Net exchange loss (gain)	**3,648**	(1,225)
Net change in fair value of held-for-trading investments	**93**	6,265
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	**-**	(227)

6. DIVIDEND

No dividends were paid, declared or proposed during either period. The directors do not recommend the payment of an interim dividend.

7. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings (loss) per share is based on the Group's profit for the period attributable to owners of the Company of HK$740,000 (six months ended 30 June 2012: loss of HK$26,972,000) and the number of ordinary shares of 426,463,400 (six months ended 30 June 2012: 426,463,400) in issue.

No diluted earnings (loss) per share have been presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue during both periods.

8. DEBTORS, BILLS RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS

	30.6.2013 HK$'000	31.12.2012 HK$'000
Trade debtors and bills receivables	**90,890**	97,456
Other debtors and prepayments	**12,648**	11,894
	103,538	109,350

As at 30 June 2013, the trade debtors balance included trade debts due from associates of approximately HK$6,569,000 (31 December 2012: approximately HK$8,101,000).

The Group allows a general credit period of one to two months to its trade customers except construction contracts where the Group allows staged payments. Each construction contract will normally involve two to six stage payments, namely deposit payment, shipment payment, arrival payment, installation completion payment, chemical testing payment and acceptance payment. It will take at least one year from the time the electroplating machine is shipped before a construction contract will reach the acceptance stage. In most of the cases, invoice is due on presentation and credit will only be offered to customers in accordance with their financial credit abilities and established payment records.

The following is an aged analysis of trade debtors and bills receivables net of allowance for bad and doubtful debts presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

	30.6.2013 HK$'000	31.12.2012 HK$'000
0 - 60 days	**76,138**	90,534
61 - 120 days	**8,023**	2,036
121 - 180 days	**702**	640
Over 180 days	**6,027**	4,246
	90,890	97,456

9. CREDITORS, BILLS PAYABLES AND ACCRUED CHARGES

	30.6.2013	31.12.2012
	HK$'000	HK$'000
Trade creditors	**55,947**	58,494
Bills payables	**3,814**	544
Accrued staff costs	**13,541**	14,990
Commission payables to sales agents	**19,555**	16,837
Other accrued charges	**20,116**	32,098
Advances received from customers for contract work	**9,830**	6,789
Retirement benefit obligations	**68**	68
	122,871	129,820

The following is an aged analysis of trade creditors and bills payables as at the end of the reporting period based on the invoice dates of the amount due:

	30.6.2013	31.12.2012
	HK$'000	HK$'000
0 - 60 days	**14,791**	16,681
61 - 120 days	**14,425**	21,026
121 - 180 days	**15,371**	12,315
Over 180 days	**15,174**	9,016
	59,761	59,038

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL RESULTS

During the six months ended 30 June 2013 ("the Period Under Review"), the Group recorded profit attributable to owners of the Company of about HK$740,000 compared to the loss attributable to owners of the Company of about HK$26,972,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2012 ("the Previous Period"). The improvement of Group's profit attributable to owners of the Company during the Period Under Review was primarily due to increase in revenue of approximately HK$35,495,000 from about HK$149,361,000 in the Previous Period to about HK$184,856,000 in the Period Under Review and increase of gross profit margin from approximately 20 % in the Periods Period to approximately 31% in the Period Under Review. The performance of the Group is further reviewed and elaborated in the following sections.

The basic earnings per share for the Period Under Review was HK0.17 cents compared to the basic loss per share of HK6.32 cents for the Previous Period.

BUSINESS REVIEW ON ELECTROPLATING EQUIPMENT (UNDER THE TRADE NAME OF "PAL")

The revenue for the Period Under Review was about HK$184,856,000 or 24% more than the Previous Period. Higher revenue reported during the Period Under Review was mainly due to soft recovery of investment confidence which was streamed from the improved economies in Euro area and the continuous growth of smartphones sales.

In terms of business segment, about 97% of the revenue was generated from PCB sector (the Previous Period: approximately 86%), approximately 3% came from surface finishing sector (the Previous Period: approximately 13%) and no sales to solar cell sector (the Previous Period: approximately 1%). In terms of the machines geographical installation base, the revenue composition during the Period Under Review was 40% machines in Korea, 27% in PRC, 11% in Thailand, 7% in Russia, 4 % in Taiwan, 5 % in Philippines and 6% in rest of the world.

We continue to control our operating costs. The inflation rates in China and Hong Kong for first half 2013 were 2.7%[1] and 4.1%[2] respectively. Our operating cost was increased by 1.4% during the Period Under Review. The operating cost was increased from approximately HK$53,977,000 during the Previous Period to approximately HK$54,738,000 during the Period Under Review. The improvement in production efficiency and sale of higher margin product mix have significantly increased the Group's gross profit margin from about 20% in Previous Period to 31% in the Period Under Review.

[1] Inflation rate in China is reported by the National Bureau of Statistics of China.
[2] Inflation rate in Hong Kong is reported by Census and Statistics Department of Hong Kong.

Electroplating Equipment-Printed Circuit Boards ("PCB") Sector

This sector is traded through our subsidiary Process Automation International Ltd ("PAL").

The PCB business is prone to economic uncertainties. The global economy has yet to shake off the fallout from the crisis of 2008-2009. Global growth dropped to almost 3% in 2012 which explained why our customers were extremely conservative in their equipment investments last year. IMF predicted that global growth is projected to remain subdued at slightly above 3% in 2013, the same as in 2012. This is driven to a large extent by appreciably weaker domestic demand and slower growth in several key emerging market economies. Fortunately, the reported shipment of smartphones was very encouraging. It reached 722 million units in 2012 and is forecast to grow by 27% to 918 million units in 2013 by IDC[3]. The increased selection from vendors and platforms will provide an array of choices and decisions for all mobile phone users and will further help to stimulate the demand. Thus, during the Period Under Review, the revenue in this business area increased to approximately HK$139,480,000 from approximately HK$107,306,000 in Previous Period. Out of this total revenue, nearly 42% were shipment made to Korea. This coincides with the wide spread knowledge that Samsung has overtaken from Apple as the dominant supplier in the smartphone market.

Despite the growth seen in first half, we remain cautious for the upcoming second half. The growth in Korean PCB market will be partially offset by the drop in Japanese market. The worldwide PCB sales in 2013 is forecasted to be same as 2012 by Dr. Nakahara of N.T. Information Ltd.

World PCB Forecast 2012-2014 (USD million)

Major Region	2012	2013 (F)	2014(F)
Americas	3,156	3,218	3,283
Germany	1,075	1,090	1,121
Other Europe	1,840	1,868	1,896
China	25,530	26,551	27,878
Japan*	8,624	6,300	6,450
Taiwan	7,995	8,155	8,277
S Korea	7,992	8,870	9,270
Thailand	1,298	1,356	1,417
Other Asia	2,287	2,400	2,510
World Total	59,797	59,808	62,102

*Japan's forecasted output from 2013 is based on YEN100/USD exchange rate.

Nevertheless, it is observed that more capacity is being added in China. Some makers in Taiwan are investing in Taiwan in addition to China. Several plants are under construction in South East Asian countries. Although no major production capacity is added in the western world, US and European production overseas are now larger than their domestic production. Based on our order book on hands, we expect to see 60% of 2013 revenue to be installed in China and all are foreign direct investment to China.

Looking ahead, the market continues to be driven by strong demand for complex sophisticated personal communications devices. We continue to invest in the business for long term and will maintain same level of R&D spending this year in order to meet the ever increased sophistication in the PCB design. Given the weaker end-markets, we do expect to face price pressure from customers.

[3] **International Data Corporation (IDC)** is the premier global provider of market intelligence, advisory services, and events for the information technology, telecommunications and consumer technology markets.

Electroplating Equipment-Surface Finishing ("SF") Sector

This sector is traded through our subsidiary PAL Surface Treatment Systems Ltd ("PSTS").

The revenue of the SF sector has decreased by 70% from approximately HK$15,855,000 in the Previous Period to approximately HK$4,800,000 for the Period Under Review. We expect the sales to SF customers will pick up in the second half and will eventually be more or less the same as last year.

While our SF business is also prone to general economic conditions, it is particularly sensitive to the US and Euro zone economic performance. Euro area recorded a reduction of 0.6% in GDP in year 2012 and is expected to record another reduction of 0.6%[4] in GDP this year. German exports fell in most of the months this year suggesting that Europe's largest economy is struggling to regain traction. When everyone was worrying that Euro area is losing its fuel, the most recently released Flash Composite Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) bounced to 51.7 from last month's 50.5. It was the highest reading since June 2011 and beat all predictions. The manufacturing output index, which feeds into the composite PMI, bounced to a 27-month high of 53.4 from 52.3. Both data from Germany showed the growth rate was the fastest in seven months and that business activity across the Euro zone has picked up in July at a faster pace than expected.

Majority of our order books on hand are from German customers who provide coating services in automobile, aerospacing and military industries. They are the leaders in their respective area. Given their strong balance sheet, they could still afford to invest overseas under a weak credit environment at home.

When turning to U.S., the index of U.S. leading indicators climbed in July by the most in three months, signaling improvements in housing and labor markets. A survey also indicated that activity in the US manufacturing sector grew at its fastest pace for five months in August. Regrettably, we don't see the corresponding investment by our US customers. The proposed tapering by Mr. Bernanke brought the speculation and worry that the current low interest rate business environment will end. We suspect the general belief of a likely increase in interest rate has pushed investors to take a second thought before they approve any investment plan.

Electroplating Equipment - Photo Voltaic ("PV" or "Solar") Sector

This sector is traded through our subsidiary Process Automation International Ltd ("PAL").

We made no sales to PV sector for the Period Under Review. Sales to PV sector in the Previous Period was approximately HK$1,100,000.

Although the oversupply and low price issues have been clouding the solar sector for some years, it still came as a shock when Suntech Power Holdings, the China-based maker of solar panels, announced its bankruptcy in March. Studies also revealed that top ten PV manufacturers have been losing considerable amounts of money in 2012. As such, it is understandable that no major capital investment was seen in 2013 except consolidation amongst the players.

[4] Figures were released by IMF in its WEO Update July 2013

From the positive side and from a longer term perspective, it is predicted that the use of plating process in PV is increasing[5] as it is proven that plating can improve the yield of solar cell. PV modules are guaranteed up to 25 years, with this number tending to increase as panels are perfected. Nonetheless, it can already be shown that many users replace their PV installations before the theoretical end of life in order to take advantage of higher yields due to new technological improvements found in more recent modules. What the industrial players waiting for are the trimming down of worldwide production capacity through successful consolidation, hence avoiding any further price-cut, and strong support from each government to stimulate the domestic demands in the countries they are operating in so that they can justify further investment in new equipment.

Outlook

We expect to see our sales to PCB segment in second half will be more or less the same as the first half while the sales to SF segment will pick up and will reach last year's level. The general improvement in the second half is made on the back of continuing macroeconomic improvement and hence a stronger global consumer confidence. Our financial position has remained strong and free cash flow improved against the Previous Period. The downward risk we see will be a quicker than expected pace of tapering in U.S. (and hence an upsurge of interest rates) or any unexpected slow down in China economy. When the 10 years U.S. treasury notes hovers around 3% and looks like to up-climb further, any major investment decision by our customer will need to get a double tick before going ahead. As a result, we remain cautiously optimistic and will continue to maintain price and cost discipline.

PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

Property Re-development Plan

Reference is made to the Company's announcement issued on 22 August 2011 with respect to the agreement ("Agreement") entered into by a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company with an independent third party ("Counter Party") in relation to a re-development plan ("Re-development") of two parcels of industrial land located in Bao An District, Shenzhen, the PRC, of the Group ("Land") from industrial land into residential properties for resale. Progress made on the Re-development Plan in accordance with the Agreement is updated below:-

(1) The Project Company was established by the Counter Party in August 2011.
(2) The Group has entered into a re-development contract ("Re-development Contract") and relocation compensation agreement ("Relocation Compensation Agreement") with the Project Company in September 2011.
(3) The Project Company has applied for re-development of the Land since September 2011. As the approval involves several departments, the application is still under processed.
(4) As of 30 June 2013, the Group has received RMB40 million from the Counter Party as deposit for relocation compensation.

[5] ITRPV's predicted share of different metallization technologies in the cell process showed that the importance of screen printing is dropping while plating is increasing.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Capital Structure, Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 30 June 2013, the Group had equity attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK$270,133,000 (31 December 2012: HK$265,065,000). The gearing ratio was 1% (31 December 2012: nil). The gearing ratio is calculated by dividing the aggregate amount of bank borrowings of approximately HK$2,790,000 and other interest-bearing loans over the amount of equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company.

As at 30 June 2013, the Group had approximately HK$178,773,000 of cash on hand (31 December 2012: HK$160,698,000).

As at 30 June 2013, the Group pledged deposits of HK$5,069,000 (31 December 2012: HK$1,000,000) to banks to secure banking facilities of approximately HK$92,135,000 (31 December 2012: HK$75,290,000) to the Company. Out of the secured facilities available, the Group has utilized (i) approximately HK$4,069,000 as the issuance of bank's guarantee under which customers retain right to claim refund of purchase deposits received by the Group as at 30 June 2013 (31 December 2012: nil) and utilized (ii) bank borrowings of approximately HK$2,790,000 (31 December 2012: nil) in relation to discounted export bills negotiated during the relevant period.

Most of the bank borrowing is charged at inter-bank offer rate plus a spread in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries are operating in.

Most of the assets and liabilities in the Group were mainly denominated in US dollars, HK dollars, Canadian dollars, Euro and Renminbi. In view of the anticipated currency appreciation in Renminbi, there will be certain risk associated with the material cost and overhead cost for the factories in China. In view of the volatility in Euro and Canadian dollars, there may be exchange loss or gain to be arisen from outstanding receivable ad payable.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 30 June 2013, the Company had guarantees of approximately HK$96,708,000 (31 December 2012: HK$77,208,000) to banks in respect of banking facilities granted to subsidiaries of the Company. The amount utilized by the subsidiaries was approximately HK$6,859,000 (31 December 2012: nil).

Employee and Remuneration Policies

As at 30 June 2013, the Group employs a total of 640 employees. Employees are remunerated based on performance, experience and industry practice. Performance related bonuses are granted on discretionary basis. Other employee benefits included fund, insurance and medical cover.

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend payment of any interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2013 (six months ended 30 June 2012: Nil).

COPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

The Company has complied with the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "GC Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules throughout the six months ended 30 June 2013, with deviations from code provisions A.2.1 and A.4.2 of the GC Code in respect of the separate roles of chairman and chief executive officer, and rotation of directors.

Code Provision A.2.1

Under the code A.2.1, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

The Company does not at present have any officer with the title of Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), but instead the duties of a CEO are performed by the Managing Director ("MD"). The Company does not have a separate Chairman and MD and Mr. Lam Kwok Hing currently holds both positions. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both Chairman and MD in the same person provides the Group with strong and consistent leadership and allows for more effective planning and execution of long-term business strategies. In addition, through the supervision of the Board which comprised of three independent non-executive directors, representing more than half of the Board, the interests of the shareholders are adequately and fairly represented.

Code Provision A.4.2

Under the code A.4.2, every Director, including those appointed for a specific term, should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

According to Bye-laws of the Company, the Chairman or MD is not subject to retirement by rotation or taken into account on determining the number of directors to retire. This constitutes a deviation from code provision A.4.2 of the GC Code. As continuation is a key factor to the successful implementation of any long term business plans, the Board believes, together with the reasons for deviation from code provision A.2.1, that the present arrangement is most beneficial to the Company and the shareholders as a whole.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive directors, Mr. Cheung Kin Wai, Mr. Kwan Wang Wai, Alan and Mr. Ng Chi Kin, David. The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management of the Company the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, internal controls and financial reporting matters including the review of the unaudited interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2013.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTION BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Upon enquiry by the Company, all directors of the Company have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the six months ended 30 June 2013.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the six months ended 30 June 2013.

PUBLICATION OF INTERIM REPORT

This interim results announcement is published on the websites of the Stock Exchange (http://www.hkex.com.hk) and the Company (http://www.atnt.biz). The interim report of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2013 containing all the information required by the Listing Rules will be despatched to shareholders of the Company and made available for review on the same websites in due course.

By Order of the Board
Asia Tele-Net and Technology Corporation Limited
Lam Kwok Hing
Chairman & Managing Director

Hong Kong, 26 August 2013

As at the date of this announcement, the executive directors of the Company are Messrs. Lam Kwok Hing and Nam Kwok Lun, and the independent non-executive directors are Messrs. Cheung Kin Wai, Kwan Wang Wai, Alan and Ng Chi Kin, David.