

浪潮國際有限公司 INSPUR INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司 Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(股份代號 Stock Code: 596)

2013 Annual Report 年度報告

Contents

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	224
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Corporate Information 公司資料	2
Chairman's Statement 主席報告	4
Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析	6
Directors and Senior Management Profile 董事及高級管理層簡歷	20
Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告	25
Directors' Report 董事會報告	33
Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告	52
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表	55
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表	57
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表	58
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動報表	61
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量報表	62
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註	66
Financial Summary 財務概要	217

Corporate Information

公司資料

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wang Xingshan Mr. Chen Dongfeng Mr.Sun Chengtong

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Samuel Y. Shen Mr. Dong Hailong*

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Zhang Ti Qin*

Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis

Ms. Dai Ruimin Ms. Zhang Ruijun

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Chan Wing Mr. Zou Bo

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Dong Hailong

AUDITORS

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited Agriculture Bank of China Limited

執行董事

王興山先生 陳東風先生 孫成通先生

非執行董事

申元慶先生 董海龍先生*

獨立非執行董事

張體勤先生* 黃烈初先生 戴瑞敏女士 張瑞君女士*

公司秘書

陳穎女士 鄒波先生

監察主任

董海龍先生

核數師

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行

主要往來銀行

香港上海匯豐銀行有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司 中國工商銀行 中國農業銀行

- * Mr. Dong Hailong was re-designated as a non-executive director with effect from 3 July 2013.
- * Mr. Zhang Ti Qin resigned on 1 April 2014 as an independent non-executive director.
- * Ms. Zhang Ruijun appointed on 1 April 2014 as an independent non-executive director.
- 董海龍先生於二零一三年七月三日調任為非執行董事。
- * 張體勤先生於二零一四年四月一日辭 任獨立非執行董事。
- * 張瑞君女士於二零一四年四月一日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事。

Corporate Information

公司資料

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Cayman) Limited

Butterfield House

68 Fort Street

P.O. Box 609

Grand Cayman KY1-1107

Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited

Rooms 1712-1716, 17th Floor

Hopewell Centre

183 Queen's Road East

Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room B&C, 30/F, Tower A

Billion Center

1 Wang Kwong Road,

Kowloon Bay

Kowloon

Hong Kong

WEBSITE

www.inspur.com.hk

MAIN BOARD STOCK CODE

596

主要股份過戶及登記處

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Cayman) Limited

Butterfield House

68 Fort Street

P.O. Box 609

Grand Cayman KY1-1107

Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司

香港

皇后大道東 183 號

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17樓1712-1716室

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Cayman Islands

香港主要營業地點

香港

九龍

九龍灣

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A座30樓B&C室

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www.inspur.com.hk

主板股份代號

596

Chairman's Statement

主席報告

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Inspur International Limited (the "Company"), I would like to present the financial report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2013.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

During the year under review, the Group completed the disposal of the interests in IT component trading business and focused on IT services business. The Group recorded turnover from continuing operations of HK\$1,300,980,000 (2012: HK\$1,161,560,000), representing an increase of 12% as compared with last year. Net loss attributable to shareholders from continuing operations was approximately HK\$ 150,487,000 (2012: loss of HK\$152,162,000), representing a slight improvement as compared with last year. The Group realised gain on disposal of IT component trading business of approximately HK\$268,183,000. Net profit attributable to shareholders for the year from continuing operations and discontinued operations was approximately HK\$115,959,000 (2012: loss of HK\$99,369,000), representing a significant increase as compared with last year.

Basic and diluted profit (loss) per share from continuing operations and discontinued operations were HK13.81 cents (2012: loss of HK11.09 cents). Basic and diluted loss per share from continuing operations were HK17.65 cents (2012: loss of HK18.08 cents).

BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

In 2013, facing the continuous unfavourable economic conditions of the domestic and overseas markets, the Company continued to pursue its specialized technology development strategy and moved towards its transformation into an SaaS cloud computing service provider. We concentrated more on technological and product innovation and market expansion as well as investing more resources on research and development and marketing. Despite our efforts on stringent cost control and standardization of software products, the Company continued to record losses from continuing operations due to fierce market competition.

本人謹代表浪潮國際有限公司(「本公司」)董事會,提呈本公司及其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)截至二零一三年十二月 三十一日止年度之財務報告。

財務摘要

於回顧年度,本集團完成出售IT元件貿易業務權益,專注於IT服務業。持續經營業務錄得營業額1,300,980,000港元(二零一二年:1,161,560,000港元),較去年增長12%。來自持續經營業務股東應佔虧損淨額約為150,487,000港元(二零一二年:虧損152,162,000港元),較去年稍有改善。本集團實現處置IT元件貿易業務盈利約268,183,000港元。年內來自持續經營業務及已終止業務股東應佔溢利淨額約為115,959,000港元(二零一二年:虧損99,369,000港元),較去年大幅度上升。

來自持續經營業務及已終止業務每股基本及攤薄盈利(虧損)分別為13.81港仙(二零一二年:虧損11.09港仙)。來自持續經營業務每股基本及攤薄虧損分別為17.65港仙(二零一二年:虧損18.08港仙)。

業務回顧及前景展望

二零一三年,在國內外經濟形勢依然不 樂觀的大環境下,公司繼續秉承「專業 化領先戰略」,繼續推進向雲計算SaaS 服務商轉型,加強技術產品創新,加強 市場拓展,增加研發和市場拓展費用。 儘管公司採取嚴格控制成本開支,提升 軟件產品標準化程度等措施,但由於市 場競爭激烈,導致公司持續經營業務繼 續錄得虧損。

Chairman's Statement

主席報告

Looking forward to 2014, the Company will concentrate on enlarging its business scale and continue its proactive market expansion strategy by devoting more investments on marketing and building up sales channels as well as improving its marketoriented incentive scheme. As for product development, we will stick with our approach of combining proprietary innovations and enhanced cooperation with external parties in a bid to enhance the level of standardization of our products, improve the performance and functions of our existing products and move forward to the development of a new generation of products. We believe that the IT service business will continue its fast development as the economic conditions improve. In the future, the Company will stay abreast of market trends and adjust its development directions accordingly. The Company will continue to transform itself into an SaaS product, solution and service provider and hopefully we can give shareholders a more satisfactory return in the process.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to take this opportunity to extend my sincere gratitude to our shareholders for their continuous support. I would also like to thank the entire staff for their valuable contribution to the Group during the past year.

致謝

本人謹代表董事會向全體股東致以衷心的謝意,感謝大家一直以來對集團的鼎力支持,並對全體員工於過去一年為集團所作出的寶貴貢獻致意。

Wang Xingshan

Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 March 2014

王興山

主席

香港,二零一四年三月二十六日

管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the revenue of the Group from continued operation recorded an increase of approximately 12.00% as compared with last year, gross profit of the Group from continued operation recorded an increase of approximately 4.71% as compared with last year, net loss from continued operation recorded a decrease of approximately 1.1% as compared with last year. The net profit from discontinued operation recorded increase as compared with last year resulted profit attributable to shareholders turnaround.

(1) Revenue from continuing operations

The Group recorded a revenue of HK\$1,300,980,000 (2012: HK\$1,161,560,000) representing an increase of 12.00% as compared with last year. The revenue of software development and solution in IT service for the year was HK\$1,106,708,000 (2012: HK\$973,105,000), representing a increase of 13.73% as compared with last year; On the other hand, the software outsourcing business in IT service was HK\$194,272,000 (2012: HK\$188,455,000), representing an increase of 3.09% as compared with last year. The revenue of sales of IT peripherals and software was HK\$458,712,000 (2012: HK\$480,953,000), representing a decrease of 6.58% as compared with last year. The increase was mainly attributable to software development, the revenue from software development was HK\$647,996,000 (2012: HK\$492,152,000), was recorded an increase of 31.67% as compared with last year.

(2) Gross profit from continuing operations

Gross profit of the Group was HK\$443,774,000 for the year (2012: HK\$423,811,000), representing an increase of 4.71% as compared with last year. The Group's consolidated gross profit margin was 34.11 % (2012: 36.49%) for the year decreased 2.38%. The year-to-year decrease in gross profit margin was mainly due to low-margin sales of software development.

財務回顧

本集團持續經營業務截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,營業額較去年增加約12.00%,毛利額較去年增加約4.71%,來自持續經營業務的淨虧損較去年減少約1.1%。來自已終止業務實現的處置盈利增加,純利較去年股東應佔溢利扭虧為盈。

(1) 持續經營業務營業額

本集團錄得營業額1,300,980,000 港元(二零一二年:1,161,560,000 港元), 較去年增加12.00%。 軟件開發及服務的營業額本年度 為1,106,708,000港元(二零一二 年:973,105,000港元),比去年 增長13.73%;另一方面,軟體 外包業務營業額為194,272,000 港元(二零一二年:188,455,000 港元),相比去年增加3.09%。IT 相關產品及軟體銷售的營業額為 458,712,000港元(二零一二年: 480,953,000港元),較去年減少 6.58%;營業額增加主要來自軟 體開發業務營業額增長,軟體開發 的營業額647,996,000港元(二零 一二年:492,152,000港元),較 去年增長31.67%。

(2) 持續經營業務毛利

本年內,本集團毛利為 443,774,000港元(二零一二年: 423,811,000港元),較去年增 長4.71%。本年內,本集團綜合 毛利率為34.11%(二零一二年: 36.49%),減少了2.38%。毛利 率同比下降主要是由於軟體開發業 務邊際銷售下降所致。

管理層討論及分析

(3) Selling and distribution cost and administrative expenses from continuing operations

During the year, selling and distribution cost and administrative expenses amounted to HK\$655,632,000 (2012: HK\$576,681,000), representing an increase of 13.69% as compared with last year. The increase was mainly due to the increase in research and development ("R&D") costs and marketing expenses. In particular, the staff cost of Company overall increased significantly which was mainly due to more high-end professionals in R&D and marketing aiming to strengthen the competitiveness of the Company.

(4) Other incomes and other gains and losses from continuing operations

During the year, the other incomes and other gains and losses increased from HK\$69,978,000 in year 2012 to HK\$101,082,000 in current year which was mainly due to the decrease in fair value charge in conversion option derivatives embedded in redeemable convertible preferred share from HK\$21,257,000 in 2012 to HK\$11,145,000 in 2013 and gain on disposal of assets related to digital media business of HKD12, 471,000.

(5) Profit attributable to shareholders

Net profit attributable to shareholders for the year from continuing operations and discontinued operations was approximately HK\$115,959,000 (2012: loss of HK\$99,369,000), representing a significant increase as compared with last year.

(3) 持續經營業務銷售及分銷成本及行政費用

本年內,銷售及分銷成本及行政費用為655,632,000港元(二零一二年:576,681,000港元),較去年增長13.69%,主要是因為研發費用和市場費用增長。尤其是公司的高端專業研發人員的成本顯著上升,并且為實現增强公司競爭力的市場目標也使費用增加。

(4) 持續經營業務其他收入、其 他所得和損失

本年內,其他收入、其他利潤和損失合併從二零一二年的69,978,000港元增加到今年的101,082,000港元,主要因可贖回可轉換優先股的嵌入式換股期權衍生工具的公平值變動損失減少,本年為11,145,000港元(二零一二年:21,257,000港元),以及本年出售數字媒體務的相關資產獲得收益約12,471,000港元所致。

(5) 股東應佔溢利

本年內,來自持續經營業務及已 終止業務股東應佔溢利淨額約為 115,959,000港元(二零一二年: 虧損99,369,000港元),較去年大 幅度上升。

管理層討論及分析

Net loss attributable to shareholders from continuing operations was approximately HK\$ 150,487,000 (2012: loss of HK\$152,162,000), representing a slight improvement as compared with last year. The Company incurred loss from continuing operation in 2013 mainly because: (1) the Company actively increased its spending on R&D and marketing expenses, which resulted in a significant year-on-year increase in selling and distribution cost and administrative expenses of approximately HK\$78,951,000; (2) goodwill impairment and long-term investment impairment for the year totaled approximately HK\$33,704,000 (2012: HK\$63,915,000). Our management recognised goodwill impairment of the ERP business and impairment of investments in associates mainly due to the much lower-than-expected profit contribution and future economic benefits; and (3) the Company recorded loss from continuing operations because its gross profit margin decreased year on year and the total increase in gross profit was insufficient to cover the increased fees due to intensive competition, and (4) the gain on disposal of discontinued operations in the amount of HK\$268,183,000.

Basic and diluted profit (loss) per share from continuing operations and discontinued operations were HK13.81 cents (2012: loss of HK11.09 cents). Basic and diluted profit (loss) per share from continuing operations were HK17.65 cents (2012: loss of HK18.08 cents).

(6) Financial resources and liquidity

As at 31 December 2013, shareholder's equity of the Group amounted to HK\$1,938,151,000 (31 December 2012: HK\$1,702,204,000). Current assets amounted to HK\$2,061,436,000, of which HK\$897,467,000 was bank deposits and cash balance which were mainly denominated in Renminbi.

來自持續經營業務股東應佔虧損 淨額約為150,487,000港元(二 零一二年: 虧損152,162,000港 元),較去年稍有改善。本公司 二零一三年持續經營業務虧損主 要系:(一)本公司積極增加研發 和市場費用投入,銷售及分銷成 本及行政費用增幅顯著,同比增 加 約78,951,000港 元;(二)本 年商譽和長期投資的減值一共約 33,704,000港元(二零一二年: 63,915,000港元)。由於利潤貢獻 和未來的經濟利益遠低於預期值, 所以管理層對ERP業務的商譽和於 聯營公司投資確認減值。(三)因市 場競爭激烈,導致公司毛利率同比 下降,增加的毛利總額不足以覆蓋 增加的費用,導致本公司持續經營 業務出現虧損。(四)出售終止營運 業務獲得收益 268,183,000 港元。

來自持續經營業務及已終止業務每股基本及攤薄後盈利(虧損)為13.81港仙(二零一二年:虧損11.09港仙)。來自持續經營業務每股基本及攤薄盈利(虧損)為17.65港仙(二零一二年:虧損18.08港仙)。

(6) 財務資源及流動性

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團之股東權益為1,938,151,000港元(二零一二年十二月三十一日:1,702,204,000港元)。流動資產為2,061,436,000港元,其中主要為銀行存款和現金897,467,000港元,主要以人民幣計值。

管理層討論及分析

Current liabilities, including trade and bills payables, other payables and accrued expenses amounted to HK\$634,612,000. The Group's current assets were around 3.25 times over its current liabilities (31 December 2012: 3.14 times).

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had no bank borrowings.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

All of the Group's purchase and sales are mainly denominated in United States Dollars and Renminbi. The Group has not used any derivative instrument to hedge against its currency exposures. The Directors believe that with its sound financial position, the Group is able to meet its foreign exchange liabilities as and when they become due.

CONTINGENT LIABILIITES

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had no material contingent liabilities (31 December 2012: Nil).

CAPTIAL STRUCTURE

The Group finances its operations mainly from shareholder equity, internal generated funds in year 2013.

On 24 September 2009, the Company entered into a supplementary deed ("Supplementary Deed") with the holder of Preferred Shares, pursuant to which the Company and the holder of Preferred Shares have agreed that during the period from 1 October 2009 to 30 September 2011, a dividend at an annual rate of 6% shall be paid to the holders of Preferred Shares on a quarterly basis, (i) as to one third (1/3) thereof (i.e. representing 2% per annum) by cash; and (ii) as to two-thirds (2/3) thereof (i.e. representing 4% per annum) by the allotment of additional Preferred Shares ("Scrip Dividend") in such number to be calculated by dividing the amount of Scrip Dividend by

流動負債為634,612,000港元,包括貿易應付賬款及應付票據、其他應付賬款及應計開支。本集團的流動資產約為流動負債的3.25倍(二零一二年十二月三十一日:3.14倍)。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本 集團並無銀行借款。

外匯風險

本集團之採購及銷售均主要以美元及人 民幣計值。本集團並無使用任何衍生工 具以對沖其貨幣風險。董事認為,在本 集團財務狀況穩健之情況下,本集團將 可應付其到期的外匯負債。

或然負債

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無重大或然負債(二零一二年十二月 三十一日:無)。

資本架構

年度內,本集團主要以股東權益、二零 一三年的內部產生資金作為其經營業務 的資金。

於二零零九年九月二十四日,本公司與優先股持有人訂立補充契約(「補充契約」),據此本公司及優先股持有人国意自二零零九年十月一日至二零向局主。 一年九月三十日期間按季以年息6%向是大股持有人派付股息,(i)其中三分分之人。 一年九月三十日期間按季以年息6%向是大股持有人派付股息,(i)其中三分分之人。 一(即每年2%)以現金支付;及(ii)三分分之之。 一(即每年4%)透過分配額外優先股代息」),有關數目按以股代息人。 發行價釐定為緊接該股息支付日期前連

管理層討論及分析

the issue price of scrip share. The issue price of scrip share shall be the average closing price of the Ordinary Shares as shown on the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange for the 10 consecutive trading days immediately prior to such dividend payment date. Each scrip share is convertible into one Ordinary Share. Save for the number of Ordinary Shares to be converted, the scrip shares rank para passu with Preferred Shares in all respects. Further details regarding the terms of the issue of scrip shares to the holders of Preferred Shares was set out in the circular of the Company dated 15 October 2009.

On 31 October 2011, the Company entered into a supplementary deed ("Supplementary Deed") with the holder of Preferred Shares, pursuant to which the Company and the holder of Preferred Shares have agreed that the maturity date of the preferred shares will extend for a further period of two years commencing on 8 December 2011, a dividend at an annual rate of 9% shall be paid to the holders of Preferred Shares on a quarterly basis by cash. Further details regarding the terms of the Preferred Shares was set out in the circular of the Company dated 15 November 2011. On 1 November 2011, the Company have issued 415,873,000 ordinary shares pursuant to the conversion of 83,174,600 Preferred Shares. On 8 December 2011, the Company have redeemed 95,056,686 Preferred Shares pursuant to redemption notice.

On 17 November 2013, the Company have issued 280,241,365 ordinary shares pursuant to the conversion of 56,048,273Preferred Shares. On 8 December 2013, the Company have redeemed the retain Preferred Shares pursuant to redemption notice.

On 31 December 2013, the principal amount of Preferred Shares was Nil.

續十個交易日聯交所每日報表所示普通 股平均收市價。每股代息股份均可轉換 為一股普通股。除可轉換的普通股數目 外,代息股份在所有方面與優先股享有 同等地位。向優先股持有人發行代息股 份的條款詳情載於本公司二零零九年十 月十五日刊發的通函。

於二零一一年十月三十一日,本公司 與優先股持有人訂立補充契約(「補充 契約」),據此,本公司及優先股持有 人同意優先股屆滿日期自二零一年年 十二月八日起再延長兩年,股息至 年9%,股息按季度以現金支付計量 股持有人。有關優先股的條款詳情 發 公司二零一一年十一月十五日,本公司 因轉換83,174,600股優先股而 415,873,000股普通股。於二零一年 十二月八日,本公司根據 回95,056,686股優先股。

二零一三年十一月十七日,本公司 因轉換56,048,273股優先股而發行 280,241,365股普通股。於二零一三年 十二月八日,本公司根據贖回通知而贖 回剩餘優先股。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,優先股本金額為零。

管理層討論及分析

ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSAL

In January 2012, the Group dispose of the total equity of Shandong Inspur E-Government software Limited to a related company at a consideration of RMB23,000,000.

On 30 June 2013, the company has completed the disposal of IT components trading business at a consideration of HK \$ 294,230,000. On 30 October 2013, the company has completed the disposal of assets related to digital media business at a consideration of RMB \$ 30,000,000.

EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had 3,999 employees (2012: 3,785).

Total employee remuneration, including directors' remuneration and mandatory provident fund contributions of continuing operations, amounted to approximately HK\$583,773,000 (2012: approximately HK\$504,655,000).

According to a comprehensive remuneration policy, which was formulated by the Group and reviewed by the management, employees are remunerated based on their performance and experience. On top of basic salaries, discretionary bonus and share options may be granted to eligible employees with reference to the Group's and the employee's performance. In addition, the Group provides mandatory provident fund, medical and insurance schemes for employees. The Group also offers continuous education and training programmes to the management and other employees to enhance their skills and knowledge.

On 10 December 2010, 12.02 million options granted under 2008 Share Option Scheme to our senior management and top R&D employees to encourage our staff create and share value without shareholders.

By the end of year, 12,020,000 options were vested but not exercised.

收購及出售事項

本集團於二零一二年一月以人民幣 23,000,000元的代價出售山東浪潮電子 政務軟件公司之全部股本權益及一間關 連公司。

本公司已於二零一三年六月三十日以 294,230,000港元的代價完成出售IT元 件貿易業務。本公司已於二零一三年十 月三十日以人民幣30,000,000元的代 價完成出售數字媒體業務的相關資產。

僱員資料

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團有3,999名僱員(二零一二年:3,785名)。

僱員薪酬總額(包括董事薪酬及持續經營業務強制性公積金供款)約為583,773,000港元(二零一二年:約504,655,000港元)。

本集團制定了經管理層審查的全面的薪 酬政策,根據僱員之表現。經驗量之表現 員薪酬。本集團參考其業績及僱員之表 現向合資格僱員授予基本薪金以外 情花紅及購股權。此外,亦為管理人員和其他僱員提供持 劃,亦為管理人員和其他僱員提供持續 教育及培訓專案,以提升他們的技能及 知識。

二零一零年十二月十日,根據二零零八年購股權計劃,本公司授予高管和高級研發人員1,202萬份購股權,以激勵員工和股東一起創造及分享價值。

於年未,12,020,000份購股權已歸屬但尚未行使。

管理層討論及分析

CHARGES ON ASSETS

As at 31 December 2013, none of the Group's assets was pledged (31 December 2012: Nil).

BUSINESS REVIEW

In 2013, as domestic and foreign sentiment still remained stagnant, pursuant to its specialized technology development strategy, the Company has been developing itself into an SaaS cloud computing service provider. By leveraging on its advantages in the industry, innovative technology products of cloud computing were introduced to increase the market share. More investment was made in product development to optimize the product portfolio and to enhance the core competitiveness of the Group so as to consolidate its position in the niche market of cloud computing.

1 > IT services business

The IT services business of the Group covers various industries, including corporate governance and control, telecommunication, pharmaceuticals, infrastructure, taxation and finance, coal, manufacturing and utilities etc. Mainly engaged in software and related services as well as embedded systems, the Company provides integrated IT services range from applications, IT consultancy, assembling of systems, operation maintenance, outsourcing and intelligent terminal products.

資產抵押

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團 的資產並無被質押(二零一二年十二月 三十一日:無)。

業務回顧

二零一三年,在國內外經濟形勢依然不 樂觀的大環境下,公司繼續秉承「專業 化領先戰略」,繼續推進向雲計算SaaS 服務商轉型,圍繞雲計算等核心領域, 加強技術產品創新,加強市場拓展,增 加投入力度,希望藉此逐步調整完成。 司產品結構,增強未來核心競爭力,在 雲計算細分領域取得新的突破。

1、IT服務業務

本集團所從事的IT服務業務,是指 國繞企業集團管控、煤炭、製造、 建築、稅務、金融、煤炭、,提供 公用事業等多種細分行式系統 軟體和相關服務、嵌充 軟體和相關服務、嵌充 決方案為核心的涵蓋應用軟體、IT 諮詢服務、系統集成、連維、 及智能終端產品等在內的綜合 IT服 務。

管理層討論及分析

IT services business mainly includes:

(1) Software and related services

In 2013, Inspur ERP fully implemented regional industry market reform and optimized its ERP operating model by sticking to the Group's operational strategy of focusing on the monitoring of high-end markets, leveraging on the parent group's advantage as a leading company in the cloud computing market, and seizing favorable opportunities brought forth by the increased demand for management improvement from central enterprises and the concern over information safety. Besides deepening its foothold in dominant industries such aspharmaceuticals, infrastructure, and grain reserve etc, the Company strengthened regional market development by establishing a new regional market organization structure and a market-oriented management system in terms of products, industries and regional matrix. The Company also strengthened product innovation and made proactive changes and progress, thereby laying a solid foundation for the continuous expansion and growth of the ERP business.

Increasing investment in market development: the Company established and improved its market map, fully implemented customer designation system and quickly replenished market force to speed up the subversion of human resources structure through methods such as the new employee training camp. The Company deepened its foothold in existing dominant industries, and further expanded cooperation with SOE, such as China Grain Reserves, China Railway etc. As the Company adopted various measures to facilitate regional development, strengthen pipeline construction and uniform sales management system, its overall operating capacity was further enhanced. In terms of marketing: By establishing the conception of viewing the domestic

IT服務業務主要涉及以下板塊:

(1) 軟體及相關服務

二零一三年,浪潮ERP秉承 聚焦集團管控高端市場的經 營策略,依託母公司雲計算 領導廠商的優勢,緊緊抓住 央企管理提升需求及對資訊 安全重視的有利時機,全面 落實區域行業市場改革,優 化ERP運營模式,在深化醫 藥、建築、糧食儲備等優勢 行業的同時,加強區域市場 建設,搭建了新的區域行業 市場組織架構,建立了以市 場為核心的產品、行業、區 域矩陣管理機制,加強技術 產品創新,主動求變,用心 突破,為做大ERP業務奠定 了良好的基礎。

市建全速員人勢儲作發統體提立概場立面補集力行糧領展一運升「全,展逐行市等源,中;域售管在國加市名,快深拓等種管系得體力推活量加;步鐵各強體力推活場加市名,快深拓等種管系得廣動區大場制通調化寬央手道,到方一域投地度過整現了企段建市進面盤、入圖,新市有與的快設場一:棋重:,快僱場優中合速,整步樹」點

管理層討論及分析

market as a whole, the Company implemented unified planning and organization for key regions and industries to capture the market hot spots such as information security, the change of applicable taxes from business taxes to value-added taxes. In this regard, the Company has successively organized more than 30 special promotion events, which effectively enhanced its brand influence and market competitiveness. The Company established good cooperative relationship with many state- owned assets supervision and administration commissions and finance departments at provincial and municipal levels. As the pilot of XBRL corporate with the Ministry of Finance in 2013, the Company expands our pioneering advantages in terms of XBRL products and laid a solid foundation for our further expansion.

Reinforcing research and development of new products: with the combination of internal independent and external outsourcing research and development, the Company relied on technical innovation to enhance its product competitiveness. With quick response to new technologies, Inspur's software management business launched a series of corporate applications in 2013, including Inspur GS6.0, an all-value-chain management software product for group entities which fully covers corporate finance and business and draws wide attention and preference from group level users. The Company also launched the mobile application development platform (IMP) and GS mobile application package (IMAS) to improve the reaction efficiency in enterprise operation management. Integrated Inspur asset management products and solutions were also launched. The Company started to research and develop a new generation of cloud computing products such as GSP7 and GS7. By speeding up the research of management accounting and the development of related products, the Company took the lead in defining and launching Inspur cloud computing new products infinance, Inspur CRM, master data management and mobile application etc.

加強新產品研發: 自主研發 與對外合作相結合,依靠技 術創新提高產品競爭能力, 在持續穩固提升現有產品的 基礎上,憑藉對新技術的快 速順應,2013年浪潮管理軟 體業務陸續推出了一系列企 業應用,推出全面涵蓋企業 財務與業務領域的集團企業 全價值鏈管理軟體產品的浪 潮GS6.0,受到集團企業用 戶的廣泛關注和青睞;發佈 移動應用開發平台(IMP)及 GS移動應用套件(IMAS),以 提高企業管理關鍵環節的反 應效率;發佈一體化的浪潮 資產管理產品及解決方案。 同時也啟動研發GSP7、GS7 等新一代企業雲產品,加快 管理會計的相關研究和產 品研發,在業界率先定義並 發佈浪潮財務雲,發佈浪潮 CRM、主資料管理、移動應 用等新產品。

管理層討論及分析

In 2013, with the development of mobile internet, the overall performance of telecommunication operators underwent a downtrend. The traditional OSS companies were not only confronted with transformation of business model and fierce price competition among each other, but also faced with accelerating entry of Internet and equipment suppliers. The Company faced great difficulties in the communication industry. On one hand, this was due to cost control taken by telecommunication operators. On the other hand, the standardization level of the Company's software products need yet to be raised. Together with high product costs, the competiveness of products was directly affected. In the second half of 2013, LTE was launched on a large scale and investment in communication industry continued to maintain growth. With the launch of LTE, network-oriented OSS will provide a key support for network quality. The network management system will usher in a qualitative change and transformation. The business position of OSS will become increasingly important.

In the future, the Company will further transform to be a cloud computing and SaaS supplier. The Company will also explore market opportunities in IT planning and integrated application for business cloud computing technology. The Company will continue to participate in the formulation of national, local and industrial standards. The Company will capitalize the opportunities in cloud computing market and develop itself into a leading company in the market by technology innovation with its internal resources.

二零一三年, 隨著移動互聯 網的發展,電信運營商整體 效益處於下降趨勢,傳統 OSS廠商業務面臨轉型和廠 商之間的價格戰,另一方面 面對互聯網和設備廠商的加 快進入該領域。公司在通信 行業面臨著較大的困難,一 方面由於主要客戶電信運營 商控制支出,另一方面,公 司的軟體產品標準化程度還 有待提升,產品成本高企, 直接影響產品的競爭力。二 零一三年下半年,LTE規模啟 動,通信行業投資繼續保持 增長。LTE的啟動,面向網路 的OSS將是保障網路品質的 主要支撐,網管系統將迎來 質的變化和改造,OSS的業 務地位將越來越重要。

管理層討論及分析

(2) Embedded systems and related services

In terms of tax collection equipment, with the launch of a pilot project for national structural tax reduction policy and the policy of replacing the business tax with a value-added tax, and the fast development of online billing, the overall domestic market size for tax collection cashier machines decreased significantly. Under the circumstance that the market environment experienced material changes, the Company would strengthen the networked and intelligent functions by the research and development of products, and realize the new applications in Guangdong Sinopec, with the combination of which, the tax collection life cycle has been effectively extended. In respect of the automatic rate-paying machine ("ARM") market, ARM will be understood and recognized by more and more tax payers and tax authorities, but it still faces severe market competition. Online billing services have become the Company's new business direction. There are 6 pilot projects for the application of online billing system and are being implemented by provincial tax authorities. Meanwhile, this business is experiencing the difficult process of transformation.

In 2013, in the automatic financial terminal market, the Company further improved the integrated solutions for channel services, providing customers with comprehensive solutions for various cooperative channels which cover different subdivisions of bank outlets, networks of off-bank service and various banking enterprises. At present, the solution of banking and medical automatic terminals, automatic card-issuing machines and automatic ticketing machines has entered into mass production; the research and development for new product VTM has commenced, and mass production of this product has begun. Inspur's medical banking terminals were successfully included in the supplier list of National Health and Family Planning Commission of the PRC.

(2) 嵌入式系統及相關服務

在税控設備方面,隨著國家 結構性減税政策和營改增 政策的試點推行,以及網路 發票開具的快速發展,全國 税控收銀機整體規模下降較 大,在市場環境發生重大變 化的情况下,公司通過產品 研發加強了税控產品的網路 化、智慧化功能,通過深度 耕耘廣東中石化市場實現 了老行業的新應用,多措並 舉,有效延展了税控生命週 期。在自助辦稅終端市場, 自助辦税終端得到越來越 多納税人和税務機關的了解 和認可,但仍然面對激烈的 市場競爭。網路發票業務已 經成為公司新的業務發展方 向,網路發票系統累計省級 税務機關試點數量6個,與 此同時,該業務處於轉型的 困難過程中。

管理層討論及分析

As for market expansion, apart from continuing to develop the conventional automatic terminal and automatic ticketing machines market, the Company were active in developing new products market and got some orders for medical banking systems from Bank of China, China Construction Bank and Agricultural Bank of China. Some orders for automatic card-issuing machines were received from various branches of Bank of China. Agricultural Balk of China and China Construction Bank. Automatic card-issuing machines and VTM were solely shortlisted by the head office of China Everbright Bank and recorded significant sales to all branches throughout China. The launch of such new products strengthened the Company's competitiveness and profitability in the financial equipment market. The Company aims to further enhance its competitiveness and profitability in the financial market through exploration of existing customers and launching of innovative products.

市場方面,除在繼續開拓傳 統自助終端、排隊機的市場 外,積極開拓新產品市場, 銀醫產品在全國中行系統、 建行系統、農行系統獲取部 分訂單;自助發卡機在中 行、農行、建行多個分行取 得部分訂單,自助發卡機、 VTM獨家入圍中國光大銀行 總行,並在全國各分行已經 形成大量銷售,由於這些新 產品的推出,增加了公司在 金融機具市場的競爭力以及 盈利能力。公司希望通過對 老客戶的挖潛以及創新產品 的推出進一步增加在金融市 場的競爭力以及盈利能力。

(3) Software outsourcing business

In respect of the software outsourcing business, the Group has mainly provided the IT outsourcing ("ITO") services (such as system application development, embedded system development, and quality assurance and testing), the business process outsourcing ("BPO") services (such as data processing, operation and maintenance outsourcing and call center) as well as the product development outsourcing ("PDO") services (such as development of software products, semi-finished parts and platform) for top 500 corporations and outstanding IT companies in the world.

(3) 軟體外包業務

本集團外包業務主要包括對全球500強企業及優秀IT企業的系統應用開發、嵌入式系統開發、品質保證與測試等資訊技術外包(ITO, IT Outsourcing)服務,資學心等工業務流程外包(BPO, Business Process Outsourcing)服務,以及軟體產品、仲介軟體與開發平台開發(PDO, Product Development Outsourcing)等服務。

管理層討論及分析

In 2013, the IT outsourcing business in the leading markets, such as the U.S., European and Japanese markets, was adversely affected by the economic situation. The scale advantage formed through cooperation of large service outsourcing enterprises in the industry made the competition in the industry more intensive. Under this market environment, the Company maintained close cooperation relationship with strategic customers, such as Microsoft, FITEC. NTT DAT, China Telecom and China Mobile, through which the cooperation projects were gradually expanded. The Company also sought to exploit the domestic market potential and expanded the business scale in the country. In 2013, the Company further consolidated the marketing plan of "domestic and overseas development", pursuant to which our overall business segments were rationalized by increasing sales to Chinese domestic customers . This plan effectively balanced the operating risks resulting from any decrease in our international operations and strengthened the Company's ability to mitigate risks.

Affected by the economic situation, the oversea outsourcing is expected to decrease. However, as the Company speed up its business upgrading and transformation, the Company's businesses will be gradually changed to provision of allround services including business consultancy, product development, product services and postmaintenance, thereby generating profit and leading to continuous improvement in our overall business.

二零一三年,歐美及日本等 主要市場的IT外包業務,受 到了經濟形勢的負面影響。 業內大型服務外包企業強強 聯手後,形成的規模優勢使 行業競爭更加激烈。在這種 市場環境下,本公司通過 與Microsoft、FITEC、NTT DAT、中國聯通、中國移動 等戰略客戶維持緊密的合作 關係,合作專案逐步擴展, 同時努力挖掘國內市場潛 力,擴大國內業務規模。公 司在2013年進一步鞏固了 [內外並舉]的市場格局,通 過加大中國區業務比重挖掘 國內客戶, 使公司整體業務 分部更加合理,有效規避了 國際業務萎縮帶來的經營風 險,增強了公司抵禦風險的 能力。

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS PLANNING

In 2014, the Company will continue to implement an active market expansion strategy. The Company will put more effort in marketing and channel development, improve the market incentive policy and further propel the activeness and motility of various sales institutions. Focusing on the perfection and improvement of core business modules, the Company will increase the research and development of platforms, recruit key technical leaders. Through the "sample-driven breakthrough" strategy, the Company intends to drive breakthroughs in key technologies and businesses including management accounting, big data, cloud computing and project production. The Company will actively promote cooperation and merger and acquisition with external parties. With the courage to face all challenges, the Company aims to take a dominant position in relevant field of cloud computing.

商業規劃

董事及高級管理層簡歷

DIRECTORS

Mr. Wang Xingshan, aged 49, is the chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer("CEO")., expert in special government grants from the State Council and an expert of the general expert team for key projects in respect of advanced manufacturing technology of the 863 Program under the "Twelfth Five-Year Plan". Mr. Wang graduated in Xian Jiaotong University with a Master degree in computer and maths sciences in 1987. In early 1990, Mr. Wang as a visiting scholar conducted research relating to corporate management and software engineering in the Japan Productivity Center. Mr. Wang had worked in several departments of Inspur Group. Mr. Wang has attained over 20 years' experience in the operation and management of the IT industry in China, particularly in the field of software and IT service, and has been devoted to the innovation of ERP technology and innovation of management, which has led the Company to move towards its transformation to the leading cloud service provider in China. As a result of his outstanding achievement he has been granted several awards, various awards of which have been awarded by the State and provincial governments, such as the "Top Ten Software Industry Leader of China", "China Management Institute Award" and "Young and Middle-Aged Expert of Outstanding Contribution of Shandong Province".

Mr. Chen Dongfeng, aged 50, is the senior engineer. Mr. Chen graduated from Shandong Industry University with a Bachelor degree in computer science in 1984. Mr Chen joined the Inspur Group in 1984, he had worked in several departments of the Inspur Group. Currently, he is the General Manager of Inspur Communication Information System Limited and a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Inspur Group. Mr. Chen has attained over 25 years' experience in the IT industry in the mainland China, in particularly in the field of communication, he was responsible for managing the joint venture between the Group and Ericsson as well as the joint venture between the Group and LG.

董事

王興山先生,49歲,董事會主席兼行政 總裁(「行政總裁」)、國務院政府特殊津 貼專家、「十二五」863計劃先進製造技 術領域重大項目總體專家組專家。王先 生於一九八七年畢業於西安交通大學計 算數學專業,擁有碩士學位。王先生於 一九九零年代初作為訪問學者赴日本生 產性本部研究企業管理與軟體工程。曾 服務於浪潮集團若干部門。王先生於中 國IT行業(特別是軟體與IT服務行業)的 運營和管理有著超過20年的經驗,始 終致力於ERP技術創新與管理創新,帶 領公司向國內領先的雲服務商轉型。因 其卓越成就,曾獲得[中國軟體產業十 大領軍人物」、「中國管理學院獎」、「山 東省突出貢獻的中青年專家」等多項殊 榮,多項成果獲國家或省專項獎勵。

陳東風先生,50歲,高級工程師。 先生於一九八四年畢業於山東下陳先生 學電腦專業,擁有學士學位。陳先生 於一九八四年加入浪潮集團工作, 內國年加入浪潮集團工作, 內國語 一九八四年加入浪潮集團工作, 內國語 一九八四年加入浪潮集團 中國 IT行業的運營和管理有 大生於中國 IT行業的運營和管理有 大生於中國 IT行業的運營和管理有 大生於中國 IT行業的運營和管理有 上於中國 IT行業的運營和管理有 豐富,曾負責浪潮集團與愛立信以 別與 LG 合資公司的管理工作。

董事及高級管理層簡歷

Mr. Sun Chengtong, aged 49, is the deputy general manager of Inspur International and general manager of Inspur (Shandong) Electronic Information Company Limited. He is a senior engineer. He gained his Master Degree from the School of Business Administration of Shandong University, Mr. Sun worked in Bank of China in the 1990s and was responsible for the development of banking software and the management of banking business. He joined the Inspur Group in 2000. Mr. Sun has over 20 years experience in the financial IT industry of the PRC. He had organised and participated in various important banking software development projects. Mr. Wu had extensive experience in the financial IT sector and was awarded the Second Prize for Excellent Computer Application in Shandong Province(山東省計算機應用優秀成果二等獎). Mr. Sun was appointed as an executive director with effect from 1 April 2012.

Mr. Dong Hailong, aged 36, was in charge of Trading of IT components department. Mr. Dong graduated from Southwest Jiaotong University with a Bachelor degree in Telecommunication Engineering in 1999. Mr. Dong joined the Company in 2002.

董海龍先生,36歲,曾負責本集團IT元件貿易業務。董先生於一九九九年畢業於西南交通大學,持有電訊工程學士學位。董先生於二零零二年加入本公司。

董事及高級管理層簡歷

Mr. Zhang Tigin, aged 63, an independent non-executive Director, a professor, who was awarded a doctorate degree in Management Study, is entitled to government grants from the State Council of the People's Republic of China. Mr. Zhang had been a deputy party secretary of vice-counselor of Shandong Industry University and a standing member of CPC committee and vice-counselor of Shandong University, a party committee secretary of Shandong Economic University and a PhD students' instructor of Shandong University. Mr. Zhang is an expert and over thirty years experienced in human resources management and corporate restructuring and studies in the field, who has received various awards from the State and provincial government. Mr Zhang also has various engagements, including, principal expert of the Research Institute of Human Resources Development of Shandong* (山東省人才發展重點 研究基地), honorable vice chairman of China Natural Dialectics Institute* (中國自然辯證法研究會), chairman of Shandong Natural Dialectics Institute* (山東自然辯證法研究會), executive deputy chairman of Shandong Higher Education Management Science Institute* (山東省高等教育管理科學研究會), deputy chairman of Shandong Productivity Council* (山東省生產力學 會). He is also an independent director of Luxin Venture Capital Group Co., Ltd* (魯信創業投資集團股份有限公司), a company listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange. Mr. Zhang resigned on 1 April 2014 as an independent non-executed Director.

Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis, aged 55, an independent non-executive Director ,graduated from University of Toronto, Canada in 1981 with bachelor's degree in arts majoring in economics and commerce and has obtained a master of business administration degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1987. He has over 20 years of banking, investment, corporate finance and securities dealing experience gained by working as a senior executive in a number of listed local and PRC financial services companies. Mr. Wong is also an independent nonexecutive director of two company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong.

張體勤先生:63歲,獨立非執行董事, 教授, 國務院政府特殊津貼獲得者, 擁 有管理學博士學位,曾任山東工業大學 黨委副書記及副校長、山東大學黨委常 委及副校長、山東經濟學院黨委書記及 山東大學博士生導師。張先生是人力資 源管理和企業重組方面的專家,有超過 30年的研究經驗,多項成果獲國家或省 專項獎勵,亦為山東省人才發展重點研 究基地首席專家、中國自然辯證法研究 會副理事長、山東自然辯證法研究會理 事長、山東省高等教育管理科學研究會 常務副會長、山東省生產力學會副會長 等。目前亦為一家上海證券交易所掛牌 之魯信創業投資集團股份有限公司獨立 董事。張先生於二零一四年四月一日辭 任獨立執行董事。

黃烈初先生,55歲,獨立非執行董事,於一九八一年修畢加拿大多倫多大多倫多大學學士學位,主修經濟及商務,並附一九八七年修畢香港中文大學工商資本的上市金融公司出任高層行政人員,交別等方面擁有逾二十年經驗。黃先生現為於香港聯交主板掛牌之兩家公司之非執行董事。

董事及高級管理層簡歷

Ms. Dai Ruimin (戴瑞敏), aged 63, an independent nonexecutive Director, was formerly a vice-director of the Information Center of the Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security of PRC. Currently Ms. Dai was a member the Advisory Committee of the Chinese Academy of Governance ("國家行政學院電子政務專家委員會") and a member of the Committee of National Standardization of Classification and Code of Disciplines ("國家分類與代碼標準化委員會"). Ms. Dai commenced to work in the area of personnel infomatisation in the 1980s, and she was responsible for the general design and layout of the country's personnel management information system, the development of the country's personnel system software, the building of personnel system database and civil service database, and the development of information security of human resource and social security system. Ms. Dai has over 30 years' experience in the area of construction of human resource information system and was awarded the first China Standards Innovation and Contribution Award.

Mr. Samuel Y. Shen ("Mr.Shen"), aged 49, a non-executive Director, holds a Master's degree in Computer Science from University of California, Santa Barbara. Currently Mr. Shen is the chief operation officer of Microsoft Asia-Pacific Research and Development Group. As the senior leader of Microsoft in the region, Mr. Shen is in charge of the strategy and direction for Microsoft global development in Asia Pacific. Additionally, he oversees Microsoft Cloud related development and deployment in China as well as manages the joint-development ecosystem efforts. Mr. Shen has a solid technical background and rich experience in business operation and management. Mr. Shen served as an independent non-executive director of Pansoft Company Limited (a company listed on NASDAQ Stock Market (Stock ticker: PSOF)).

Ms. Zhang, aged 52, an independent non-executive Director, graduated from the School of Business of Renmin University of China with a Ph.D degree in management studies in 2002. Ms. Zhang is currently a Professor of Finance and a Ph.D supervisor in the School of Business of Renmin University of China, and she is engaged in research on IT and Management Integrations

張瑞君,女,52歲,獨立非執行董事, 於2002年畢業於中國人民大學商學院,持有管理學博士學位。張女士現為 中國人民大學商學院財務學教授及博士 生導師,並參與研究IT與管理融合的企 業集團管控策略、企業集團財務管理

董事及高級管理層簡歷

of Enterprise Group Control Strategy, Enterprise Group Fund Management and Financial Resources, and Enterprise Risk Management. Several research papers of Ms. Zhang have been published in academic journals in PRC during the recent years, such as Management World(《管理世界》), Accounting Research (《會計研究》), China Soft Science(《中國軟科學》), Finance & Accounting(《財務與會計》), and Economic Theory and Business Management(《經濟理論與經濟管理》).Ms. Zhang has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director and a member of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee with effect from 1 April 2014.

及財務資源、及企業風險管理。近2年來,張女士已於中國多份學術期刊發表論文,如《管理世界》、《會計研究》、《中國軟科學》、《財務與會計》及《經濟理論與經濟管理》。張女士於二零一四年四月一日獲委任為獨立非執行董事,審計委員會、薪酬委員會和提名委員會成員。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Chan Wing, aged 43, company secretary of the Company. She is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants respectively. Prior to joining our company, Ms. Chan served as a company secretary, authorized representative, qualified accountant, chief financial officer and director of a company listing on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Mr. Zoubo, aged 35, is the chief financial controller, authorised representative and joint company secretary. Mr. Zou was graduated from Huazhong University of Science and Technology with a bachelor degree in management and law in 2001. Mr. Zou joined the Group in 2006.

Mr. Wu Lizhong, aged 46, is the deputy general manager of Inspur International and general manager of Shandong Inspur Business System Company Limited. He is a senior economist. He graduated from the College of Business and Economics of Australian National University with a Master Degree in Business Management. Before joining the Inspur Group in 1994, Mr. Wu had worked in several subsidiaries of the Group and acted as director of certain subsidiaries. Mr. Wu is an expert in computerisation of tax management and is the vice-chairman of the Tax Control Device Committee of the China Computer Industry Association(中國計算機協會稅控設備分會). His has won various national and provincial awards for his achievements.

高級管理層

陳穎女士,43歲,本公司秘書。她是香港會計師公會及中國註冊會計師協會會員。於加入本集團前,陳女士曾擔任一間股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市的公司之公司秘書、授權代表、合資格會計師、財務總監及董事。

鄒波先生,35歲,首席財務官、授權代表及聯席公司秘書。鄒先生於二零零一年畢業於華中科技大學,持有管理學和法學學士學位。鄒先生於二零零六年加入本集團。

武立忠先生,46歲,浪潮國際副總經理 兼山東浪潮商用系統有限公司總經理。 高級經濟師,工商管理學碩士學經濟管理學 業於澳大利亞國立大學經濟管理學學 武先生於一九九四年加入浪潮集團 作,曾在浪潮集團多個附屬公司擔任主 主於浪潮集團若干附屬公司擔任信 強設,擔任中國計算機協會稅控設 會副理事長,多項成果獲得國家或省專 項獎勵。

企業管治報告

The Board is pleased to present this Corporate Governance Report for the year ended 31 December 2013.

The Board believes that good corporate governance practices are essential for effective management and enhancement of shareholders' value and investors' confidence

The Company has taken a proactive approach in strengthening corporate governance practices, increasing transparency and sustaining accountability to shareholders through effective internal control.

THE BOARD

The Company has adopted and complied with the principles set out in the Code of Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 (for Main Board) of the Listing Rules. In the opinion of the Board, the Company has complied with all the code provision set out in the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2013 with the exception of: (a) Under code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer (the "CEO") should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Wang Xingshan is both the Chairman and CEO of the Company. This structure does not comply with code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code. The Board considers that vesting the roles of Chairman and CEO in the same person facilitates the execution of the Company's business strategies and maximizes the effectiveness of its operation. (b) Under code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code, independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should also attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Independent non-executive Directors and non-executive were unable to attend the annual general meeting as they were obliged to be away for business trips. The Company will improve its meeting scheduling and arrangement in order to ensure full compliance with Code A.6.7 in future.

董事會欣然公佈本公司截至二零一三年 十二月三十一日止年度的企業管治報 告。

董事會相信良好的企業管治常規對有效 管理及提升股東價值與投資者信心十分 重要。

本公司已積極透過有效的內部監控,加 強企業管治常規,增加透明度及維持對 股東的問責性。

董事會

本公司已採用及盡力遵守上市規則附錄 十四企業管治常規守則(「守則」)所載 的原則。董事會認為,本公司截至二零 一三年十二月三十一日止年度一直遵守 守則的所有守則條文,惟以下除外:(a) 守則條文第A.2.1條,主席與行政總裁 之角色須分開,不應由同一人擔任。王 興山先生擔任本集團主席兼行政總裁。 此一構架未能符合企業管制守則之條文 A.2.1條。董事會認為,現時主席及行 政總裁由同王興山先生一人擔任,有利 於執行本公司業務策略及儘量提升營運 效率。(b)守則條文第A.6.7條,獨立非 執行董事及其他非執行董事須出席股東 大會,並對股東之意見有公正的了解。 獨立非執行董事因公務無法出席股東週 年大會。本公司將改善會議議程和安 排,以確保日後完全遵從守則第A.6.7 條文。

企業管治報告

The Board will continue to enhance the corporate governance standards and practices of the Company as benefiting the conduct and growth of its business and to regularly review such standards and practices to ensure that they comply with statutory and professional standards and align with the latest developments. The key corporate governance principles and practices are as follows:

The Board is responsible for establishing policies, strategies and plans, providing leadership in creating value and overseeing the Company's financial performance, evaluating the performance of management on behalf of the shareholders. Directors are charged with the task of promoting the success of the Company and making the best interest of the Company. The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are in charge by the executive directors and senior management under the leadership of the Chief Executive Officer. The Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the Board Committees. Further details of these committees are set out in this report.

The Board meets and discusses on regular basis when required on the activities and development in the business of the Group. During the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the Board held seven meetings. The attendance of the directors at the board meetings are as follows:

Directors' attendance at Board meetings

Directors	Number of attendance	董事
Mr. Wang Xingshan	7/7	王興山先生
Mr. Chan Dongfeng	7/7	陳東風先生
Mr. Sun Chengtong	6/7	孫成通先生
Mr. Dong Hailong	6/7	董海龍先生
Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	7/7	黃烈初先生
Mr. Zhang TiQin	5/7	張體勤先生
Ms. Dairuin	6/7	戴瑞敏女士
Mr. Samuel Y Shen	7/7	申元慶先生

董事會將繼續加強執行有利於本公司業 務操守及發展的企業管治標準及常規, 並定期檢討該等標準及常規,以確保其 符合法定及專業標準,以及參照標準的 最新發展。主要的企業管治原則和常規 如下:

董事會負責制訂政策、策略與計劃,並 領導創造價值及代表股東監督本公司的 財務表現及評價管理層業績。董事承擔 著為公司的成功提升及創造最大利益的 任務。公司的日常管理、行政及營運由 公司的執行董事與高級管理層在行政總 裁的領導下進行運作。此外,董事會亦 已將各種職責分派至董事會各附屬委員 會。該等委員會之進一步詳情載於本報 告內。

董事會定期及在本公司的業務發展需要 時舉行會議討論相關事宜。於截至二零 一三年十二月三十一日止財政年度內, 董事會共召開七次會議。董事出席董事 會會議之情況如下:

董事出席董事會會議之情況:

rectors	Number of attendance	董事	出席次數
r. Wang Xingshan	7/7	王興山先生	7/7
r. Chan Dongfeng	7/7	陳東風先生	7/7
r. Sun Chengtong	6/7	孫成通先生	6/7
r. Dong Hailong	6/7	董海龍先生	6/7
r. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	7/7	黄烈初先生	7/7
r. Zhang TiQin	5/7	張體勤先生	5/7
s. Dairuin	6/7	戴瑞敏女士	6/7
r. Samuel Y Shen	7/7	申元慶先生	7/7

企業管治報告

Board Minutes are kept by the Company Secretary of the Company and are sent to the Directors for records and are open for inspection by the Directors.

Directors have timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the Company Secretary and senior management, with a view to ensuring compliance with Board procedures and all applicable laws and regulations. Any director may request independent professional advice in appreciate circumstances at the Company's expense, upon reasonable request made to the Board.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER ("CEO")

Mr. Wang Xingshan is both the Chairman and CEO of the Company. He has executive responsibilities and provides leadership to the Board so that the Board works effectively and discharges its responsibilities and that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner. Also,he is daily operational decisions and performance of management of the Group. The Board also comprises Independent Non-Executive Directors who bring strong independent judgment, knowledge and experience to the Board. As noted below, all the Audit Committee members are Independent Non-Executive Directors. This structure is to ensure a sufficient balance of power and authority in place within the Group.

BOARD COMPOSITION

Now the Board comprises three Executive Directors, being Mr. Wang Xingshan, Mr. Chen Dongfeng and Mr. Sun chengtong and Non-Executive Director Mr. Dong Hailong and Samuel Y Shen and three Independent Non-Executive Directors, being Mr. Zhang TiQin, Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis and Ms. Dai Ruimin.

The Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other. Such balanced board composition is formed to ensure strong independence exists across the Board. The biographies of the Directors are set out in Directors and Senior Management Profile section to the annual report, which demonstrates a diversity of skills, expertise, experience and qualifications.

董事會會議記錄乃由本公司公司秘書保存,並會送呈各董事作為記錄及會公開 讓董事查閱。

董事可如期取得所有相關資料,以及獲得公司秘書與高級管理層的意見及服務,以確保符合董事會程序及所有適用法例及規例。任何董事均可於適當情況下,向董事會作出合理要求以尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司支付。

主席及行政總裁

董事會之組成

董事會現包括三名執行董事王興山先生、陳東風先生和孫成通先生,非執行董事董海龍先生、申元慶先生及三名獨立非執行董事張體勤先生、黃烈初先生及戴瑞敏女士組成。

董事會成員間並無任何財務、業務、家族或其他重大/相關關係。董事會以此均衡架構組成,目的在確保整個董事會擁有穩固之獨立性。各董事履歷載於年報的董事及高級管理層簡歷內,當中載列各董事之多樣化技能、專業知識、經驗及資格。

企業管治報告

The Company has received annual confirmation of independence from the three Independent Non-Executive Directors in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Main Board Listing Rules. The Board has assessed their independence and concluded that all the Independent Non-Executive Directors are independent within the definition of the Listing Rules.

本公司已接獲該三名獨立非執行董事根據主板上市規則第3.13條發出之年度獨立性確認書。董事會已評估彼等之獨立性,並確認全體獨立非執行董事均屬上市規則所界定之獨立人士。

APPOINTMENTS, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL

The Board has established a Nomination Committee (the "NC"). The committee consists of one Executive Director, Mr. Wang Xing Shan, with two Independent Non-Executive Directors, Mr. Zhang Ti Qin and Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis with effect of 1 April 2012. The primary purpose of the NC is to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experiences) of the Board on a regular basis and make recommendations to the Board regarding any proposed changes. The Committee identified suitable individual qualified to become board members and makes recommendation to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or reappointment of directors if necessary, in particular, candidates who can add value to the management through their contributions in the relevant strategic business areas and which appointments will result on the constitution of strong and diverse Board.

The procedure and process of appointment, re-election and removal of director are laid down in the Company's Articles of Association (the "Articles of Association"). According to the Articles of Association, all directors of the Company are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and at each annual general meeting, one third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office for rotation. Besides, any new director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Board shall submit himself/herself for reelection by shareholders at the next following annual general meeting.

The meetings of the NC was held twice during the year.

委任、重撰及罷免

委任、重選及罷免董事的程序及過程 載於本公司的組織章程細則(「章程細 則」)。根據章程細則,本公司全體董 事須最少每三年輪值退任一次,每次週 年大會不得不少於1/3的董事輪選。此 外,由董事會委任以填補臨時空缺或新 增的新董事,須於隨後的股東週年大會 上由股東重選。

年內召開兩次提名委員會會議。

企業管治報告

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

Every newly appointed director is ensured to have a proper understanding of the operations and business of the Group and that he is fully aware of his responsibilities under statute and common law, the Listing Rules, applicable legal requirements and other regulatory requirements and the business and governance policies of the issuer. The Directors are continually updated with legal and regulatory developments, business and market changes and the strategic development of the Group to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities.

The Independent Non-Executive Directors take an active role in board meetings, contribute to the development of strategies and policies and make sound judgment on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments and standard of conduct. They will take lead where potential conflicts of interests arise. They are also members of various board committees and scrutinize the overall performance of the Group in achieving agreed corporate goals and objectives, and monitoring the reporting of performance.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 of Main Board Listing Rule as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiries to all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the requirement set out under the Model Code throughout the period ended 31December 2013.

SUPPLY OF AND ACCESS TO INFORMATION

In respect of regular board meetings, an agenda and the accompanying board papers are sent in full to all Directors at least 3 days before the intended date of a meeting. Board papers are circulated to the Directors to ensure they have adequate information before the meeting for the ad hoc projects.

董事之責任

須確保每位新受聘董事對本集團之營運 及業務有適當理解,以及完全知悉彼在 法規及普通法、上市規則、適用之法律 規定及其他監管規定以及發行人之業務 及管治政策下之職責。董事須持續提升 其在法律及規管的發展、業務和市場變 動及本集團之策略發展的知識,以便履 行彼等之職責。

董事進行之證券交易

本公司已採納主板上市規則附錄十所載 上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守 則(「標準守則」),作為自身規管董事 證券交易之行為守則。經向全體董事作 出特定查詢後,全體董事確認截至二零 一三年十二月三十一日止期間遵守標準 守則所載規定。

資料之提供及獲取

就董事會常規會議而言,議程及隨附董事會文件會在擬定召開會議日期前至少三天全部呈交全體董事。董事會文件供董事傳閱,以保證彼等於召開特別事項會議之前獲得充足資料。

企業管治報告

The Management has the obligation to supply the Board and its committees with adequate information in a timely manner to enable it to make informed decisions. Where any director requires more information than is volunteered by the Management, each director has separate and independent access to the issuer's senior management to make further enquires if necessary.

All Directors are entitled to have unlimited access to the board papers and relevant materials. Such information is prepared to enable the Board to make an informed decision on matters placed before it.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The Company established a remuneration committee.

The committee consists of one Executive Director, Mr. Wang Xing Shan, with two Independent Non-Executive Directors, Mr. Zhang Ti Qin and Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis with effect of 1 April 2012.

The principal duties of the remuneration committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for the remuneration of the Directors and senior management, and to consider and approve remuneration for the directors and senior management by reference to corporate goals and objectives. The committee shall meet at least once a year if necessary. No meeting of remuneration committee was held in the year.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The Management provides such explanation and information to the Board so as to enable the Board to make an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before the approval by the Board.

管理層有責任向董事會及其附屬委員會 及時提供充足之資料,以供董事會作出 知情決定。倘有任何董事要求獲得除管 理層自願提供之資料以外之其他資料, 每名董事可透過不同及獨立之途徑接觸 發行人之高級管理層,以作出進一步查 詢(如必要)。

全體董事均有權無限制地取得董事會文 件及有關材料。編製該等資料旨在使董 事會可對提呈事項作出知情決定。

董事及高級管理層薪酬

本公司已設立薪酬委員會。

自二零一二年四月一日起,薪酬委員會由一名執行董事王興山先生和兩名獨立 非執行董事張体勤先生及黃烈初先生組成。

薪酬委員會的主要職責為就董事及高級 管理人員的薪酬政策及架構向董事會 提供推薦意見,以及參照企業目標及目 的考慮及審批董事及高級管理人員的薪 酬。如有需要,委員會將最少每年舉行 一次會議。於本年,未舉行過薪酬委員 會會議。

問責及審核

管理層向董事會提供有關解釋及資料, 令董事會可對提呈董事會批准之財務及 其他資料作出知情評估。

企業管治報告

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and in presenting the quarterly results, interim and annual financial statements and announcements to shareholders. The Directors aim to present a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's, position and prospects. The Board is not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, the Board therefore continues to adopt the going concern approach in preparing the accounts.

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to present a balanced, clear and understandable assessment in the Company's annual and interim reports, other price-sensitive announcement and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules, and reports to the regulators.

The Company applied the principles and complied with all the code provisions set out in the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2013, During the year 2013, the Board, through performed by the external firm, has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system covering all material financial, operational and risk management functions. These reports are reviewed and appropriate actions are taken.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee currently comprises all three Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company, Mr. Zhang Tiqin, Ms. Dai Ruimin and Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis as the members, who among themselves possess a wealth of management experience in the financial profession and commercial sectors.

Directors' attendance at Audit Committee meetings

Number of attendance	董事	出席次數
	黃烈初先生	
3/3	(審核委員會主席)	3/3
3/3	張體勤先生	3/3
3/3	戴瑞敏女士	3/3
	of attendance 3/3 3/3	fattendance 董事 黃烈初先生 (審核委員會主席) 3/3 張體勤先生

董事會確認,其有責任在本公司年報及 中期報告、其他價格敏感公佈及上市規 則規定之其他財務披露中,提供平衡、 清晰及易於理解之評估,並向監管機構 申報。

本公司於截至二零一三年十二月三十一 日止之整個年度已應用企業管治守則 所載原則,並遵守守則內之所有守則條 文。在二零一三年度,董事會通過由外 部獨立公司審查本公司涵蓋所有重大財 務、業務及風險管理功能等內部控制制 度的效力。這些報告被復查並採取了適 當的行動。

審核委員會

審核委員會目前由本公司全部三名獨立 非執行董事組成,張體勤先生、戴瑞敏 女士及黃烈初先生為委員會成員,彼等 於財務專業及商業領域具有豐富之管理 經驗。

董事出席審核委員會會議之情況

企業管治報告

The Audit Committee meets the external auditors at least once a year to discuss any areas of concerns during the audits without the presence of the management. The Audit Committee reviews the interim and annual reports before submission to the Board. The Committee focuses not only on the impact of the changes in accounting policies and practices but also on the compliance with accounting standards, the Listing Rules and the legal requirements in the review of the Company's interim and annual reports.

審核委員會需每年最少一次與外聘核數師舉行會議,討論審核過程中之任何問題,管理層不得與會。審核委員會先行審閱中期及年度報告再呈交董事會。該委員會於審閱本公司中期及年度報告時,不僅注意會計政策及慣例變動之影響,亦兼顧遵守會計政策、上市規則及法律之規定。

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year, the remuneration paid to the Company's auditors, Messrs Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, is set out as follows:

	Fee paid/payable HK\$'000		已付/應付費用 千港元
Services rendered		已提供服務	
Audit services	2,000	審計服務	2,000
Other consultancy fee	Nil	其他顧問費	無

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company's annual general meeting provides a good opportunity for communication between the Board and the Company's shareholders. Chairman of the Board and Committees are normally present to answer queries raised by shareholders. External auditors also attend the annual general meeting every year. Notice of the annual general meeting and related papers are sent to shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the meeting.

VOTING BY POLL

At the 2013 annual general meeting, the procedures for demanding a poll by the shareholders were incorporated in an annual general meeting circular. The procedures for demanding a poll by shareholders and for conducting a poll were also explained by the chairman at the annual general meeting.

會計師行支付之酬金載列如下:

年內,向本公司核數師德勤.關黃陳方

與股東進行溝通

核數師酬金

本公司之股東週年大會為董事會與本公司之股東提供溝通良機。董事會及各委員會之主席一般均出席以解答股東提出之問題。外聘核數師每年亦會出席股東週年大會。股東週年通告及有關文件於大會舉行日期前最少二十工作日寄予股東。

以投票方式表決

於二零一三年股東週年大會上,股東要 求以投票方式表決的程序已載於股東週 年大會通函內。大會主席亦已於股東週 年大會上向股東解釋股東要求以投票方 式表決及進行投票表決的程序。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

The directors have pleasure in presenting their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Group are software development and provision of outsourcing software services. Trading of IT components is classify discontinued operation.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the five largest customers accounted for approximately 24.50% of the Group's total turnover. The five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 26.31% of the Group's total purchases. In addition, the largest customer accounted for approximately 9.06% of the Group's total turnover while the largest supplier accounted for approximately 9.85% of the Group's total purchases.

Except for Inspur Group Limited ("Inspur Corporation"), the substantial shareholder of the Company, and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Inspur Group"), none of the directors, their associates or any shareholders (which, to the knowledge of the directors, own more than 5 % of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers. Sales to and purchases from the Inspur Group amounted to approximately 0.83% and 0.06% respectively of the total sales and total purchases of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movement during the year of the Company's share capital are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013 are set out in the consolidated Income Statement on page 55.

董事欣然提呈截至二零一三年十二月 三十一日止年度的年報連同經審核綜合 財務報表。

主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司。本集團的主要 業務為軟件開發及提供外包軟件服務。 IT元件貿易業務已於本年度列入已終止 業務。

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團五大客戶佔本集團營業總額約24.50%,而本集團五大供應商佔本集團購貨總額約26.31%。此外,本集團最大客戶佔本集團營業總額約9.06%,而本集團最大供應商佔本集團購貨總額約9.85%。

除本公司大股東浪潮集團有限公司(「浪潮公司」)及其附屬公司(總稱「浪潮集團」)以外,董事、彼等的聯繫人士或就董事所知,擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上的股東概無擁有本集團五大客戶及供應商的任何權益。浪潮集團的銷售額及採購額分別佔本集團截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度的總銷售額及總採購額約為0.83%及0.06%。

股本

年內,本公司股本的變動詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註32內。

業績及分配

本集團截至二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度的業績載於第55頁的綜合收益表 內。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

FINAL DIVIDENDS

At the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company to be held on 30 May 2014 ("Forthcoming AGM"), the Board of Directors (the "Board") will recommend a final dividend of HK\$0.03 per share with aggregated amount of HK\$27,050,000 (2012: HK\$ 0.03 per share) for the year ended 31 December 2013. Subject to the approval of shareholders at the Forthcoming AGM, the final dividend will be payable on 27 June 2014 to shareholders whose name appears on the register of members of the Company on 5 June 2014.

PURCHASE, SALES OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2013, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed shares.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

Details of the Group's retirement benefit scheme are set out in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements.

SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 45 to the consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements during the year in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

末期股息

本公司董事會(「董事會」)將於二零一四年五月三十日召開的股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)(「應屆股東週年大會」)上建議派發截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度之末期股息,每股0.03港元總計27,050,000港元(二零一二年:每股0.03港元)。待於應屆股東週年大會上獲得批准後,末期股息將於二零一四年六月二十七日派發予於二零一四年六月五日名列本公司股東名冊之股東。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年 度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購 買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市股份。

優先購買權

本公司的公司組織章程大綱及細則以及 開曼群島法例並無任何有關優先購買權 的條文,以規定本公司按比例向現有股 東發售新股。

退休福利計劃

本集團的退休福利計劃詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註 42 內。

附屬公司

本公司附屬公司的詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註45內。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團的物業、廠房及設備於年內的變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16內。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Particulars of the Group's related party transactions are set out in note 43 to the consolidated financial statements, certain of which also constitute connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). The connected transactions are as follows:

1. On 8 April 2004, the Company and the Inspur Group entered into a trademark licence agreement (the "Trademark Licence Agreement") which allowed the Group to use the trademark "Lang Chao" in Hong Kong, Taiwan and the People's Republic of China free of charge.

Further details of such continuing connected transaction were disclosed in the Company's prospectus dated 20 April 2004 (the "Prospectus").

The independent non-executive directors have reviewed the above connected transaction and confirmed that the above transaction was in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

2. On 12 January 2009, the Company entered into a new framework agreement ("New Framework Agreement") with Inspur Group Limited, substantial shareholder, which integrate the current continuing connected transactions with Inspur Group Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Inspur Group") under five categories of activities which are in line with the current business model of the Group. The major terms set out as follow:

A Supply Transactions

On 11 September2012, the Company and IPG entered into the Supplemental Agreement, The maximum annual caps under Supply Transactions will not exceed HK\$425,000,000 and HK\$467,000,000 for each of the financial year ended 2012 and 2013 respectively.

關連交易

本集團關聯方交易詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註43,當中若干交易亦構成香港聯 合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市 規則」)第十四A章所載之關連交易。關 連交易如下:

1. 於二零零四年四月八日,本公司與 浪潮集團已訂立商標特許協議(「商 標特許協議」),以容許本集團於香 港、台灣及中華人民共和國免費使 用「浪潮」商標。

> 上述持續關連交易之進一步詳情載 於本公司日期為二零零四年四月 二十日之招股章程(「招股章程」)。

> 獨立非執行董事已審閱上述關連交易,並確認上述交易按照相關協議條款進行,而該等條款誠屬公平合理且對本公司股東整體有利。

2 於二零零九年一月十二日,本公與 大股東浪潮集團有限公司訂立新框 架協議(「新框架協議」),將目前 公司的持續關連交易與浪潮集團有 限公司及其附屬金司(統稱「浪潮集 團」)整合,並分為與本集團現有業 務模式一致的五個業務類別。主要 條款如下:

A 供應交易

於二零一二年九月十一日,本公司與IPG訂立補充協議,據此,供應交易截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度之年度上限分別不超過425,000,000港元及467,000,000港元。

董事會報告

Further details of such continuing connected transaction were disclosed in the Company's circular dated 3 October 2012 (the "Circular") and 11 September 2012 announcement.

The aggregate transactions under Supply Transactions for the year ended 31 December 2013 amounted to approximately HK\$352,341,000.

The Directors (including the independent non-executive directors) have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2013 and confirmed that the Supply Transactions were (i) in the ordinary course and usual course of the Group's business; (ii) on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to independent third parties who are not connected persons of the Group as defined in the Listing Rules; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the Supply Transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Group as a whole.

B Selling Agency Transactions

The Group appoints Inspur Group to act as selling agent in the sale of the products and services of the Group. In return, the Inspur Group will receive a commission of 1% of the total sales value of the products and the services. The maximum annual caps of the value of transactions under Selling Agency Transactions will not exceed RMB 333,000,000 × RMB 366,000,000 adn RMB 400,000,000 for each of the financial year ended 31 December 2011, 2012 and 2013 respectively. The expected maximum amounts of commissions to be paid by the Group to the Inspur Group will not exceed RMB 3,330,000 × RMB 3,660,000 and RMB 4,000,000 for each of the financial year ended 31 December 2011, 2012 and 2013 respectively.

上述持續關連交易之進一步 詳情於本公司日期為二零 一二年十月三日的通函(「通 函」)及二零一二年九月十一 日的公告中披露。

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,供應交易的總交易金額約為352,341,000港元。

B 銷售代理交易

本集團委聘浪潮集團擔任本 集團產品及服務銷售之銷售 代理。作為回報,浪潮集團 將收取不高於產品及服務銷 售總值1%之佣金。截至二零 --年、二零-二年及二零 一三年十二月三十一日止各 個財政年度,根據銷售代理 交易的金額年度上限分別將不 超過人民幣333,000,000元、 人民幣366,000,000元及人民 幣 400,000,000 元。截至二零 --年、二零-二年及二零 一三年十二月三十一日止各財 政年度,本集團支付給浪潮集 團的佣金最高上限預期分別 不超過人民幣3,330,000元、 人民幣3,660,000元及人民幣 4,000,000元。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

Further details of such continuing connected transaction were disclosed in the Circular dated 29 July 2011.

The aggregate transactions under Selling Agency Transactions for the year ended 31 December 2013 amounted to RMB 209,784,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$262,690,000) and the related commission amounted to RMB 1,768,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$2,214,000).

The Directors (including the independent non-executive directors) have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2013 and confirmed that the Selling Agency Transactions were (i) in the ordinary course and usual course of the Group's business; (ii) on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to independent third parties who are not connected persons of the Group as defined in the Listing Rules; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the Selling Agency Transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Group as a whole

C. Purchase Transactions

The Group will purchase the computer hardware and software products by the Group from the Inspur Group. The price per unit of the computer products and components purchased from Inspur Group will be agreed between parties with reference to the then prevailing markets prices of such computer hardware and software products at the relevant time.

The maximum annual caps under supply Transactions will not exceed HK\$160,000,000, HK\$176,000,000 and HK\$193,000,000 for each of the financial year ended 31 December 2011 and 2012 and 2013 respectively.

Further details of such continuing connected transaction were disclosed in the Circular dated 29 July 2011.

上述持續關連交易之進一步 詳情載於二零一一年七月 二十九日通函中披露。

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,銷售代理交易之交易金額合共為人民幣209,784,000元(相當於約262,690,000港元)及相關佣金的金額為人民幣1,768,000元(相當於約2,214,000港元)。

C 採購交易

本集團將向浪潮集團採購電腦 軟硬件產品。浪潮集團供應之 電腦產品及配件之單價,將由 訂約方參照該等產品於有關時 間當時之市價協定。

供應交易截至二零一一年、二零一二年及二零一三年十二月三十一日止財政年度各年之年度上限分別不超過160,000,000港元,176,000,000港元及193,000,000港元。

上述持續關連交易之進一步 詳情載於二零一一年七月 二十九日通函中披露。

董事會報告

The aggregate transactions under Purchase Transactions for the year ended 31 December 2013 amounted to HK\$108,311,000.

The Directors (including the independent non-executive directors) have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2013 and confirmed that the Purchase Transactions were (i) in the ordinary course and usual course of the Group's business; (ii) on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to independent third parties who are not connected persons of the Group as defined in the Listing Rules; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the Purchase Transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Group as a whole.

D. Common Services Transactions

The Inspur Group shall provide office, water, heat, electricity and vehicles for use ("Common Services") by the Group. The expenses to be charged will be agreed upon between the parties and shall be determined based on normal commercial terms through arm's length negotiation or on terms no less favourable than he terms available from independent third partis for provision of similar services. The maximum annual amount of the expenses payable to Inspur Group for each of the three years ending 31 December 2013 is RMB13,000,000,RMB 14,300,000 and RMB15,730,000 respectively.

Further details of such continuing connected transaction were disclosed in the Circular dated 29 July 2011.

The use of Common Services for the year ended 31 December 2013 amounted to approximately RMB9,910,000.

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,採購交易之交易金額合共為108,311,000港元。

D 公共服務交易

上述持續關連交易之進一步 詳情載於二零一一年七月 二十九日通函中披露。

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,使用公共服務的金額約為人民幣9,910,000元。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

The Directors (including the independent non-executive directors) have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2013 and confirmed that the Common Services Transactions were (i) in the ordinary course and usual course of the Group's business; (ii) on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to independent third parties who are not connected persons of the Group as defined in the Listing Rules; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the Common Services Transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Group as a whole.

E. Processing Transactions

Inspur Business System Company Limted ("Inspur Business") has appointed Inspur Cheeloo Company Limited ("Inspur Cheeloo") to provide services of procurement of raw materials of and assembling and manufacturing tax-collection cashier machines at processing fee calculated at 5% of the value of the raw materials (the "Cashier Machines Purchases") and thesaid rate is comparable to the rates in the market. In general, Inspur Business will pay the price of the taxcollection cashier machines (including the processing fee) within 30 days after receipt of the goods. Inspur Business and Inspur Group agreed that the maximum annual caps of the Cashier Machines will not exceed RMB182,000,000, RMB200,000,000 and RMB220,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2011, 2012 and 2013 respectively.

E 加工交易

浪潮商用系統有限公司(「浪 潮商用」)已委聘浪潮齊魯軟 體產業有限公司(「浪潮齊 魯 1) 就採購税控收款機之 原材料及組裝及製造税控收 款機提供服務,所收取加工 費按原材料價值之5%計算 (「收款機採購」),而上述費 率與市場收費相若。一般來 説,浪潮商用將於收取貨品 後30日內支付税控收款機 之價格(包括相關加工費)。 浪潮商用和浪潮集團同意截 至二零一一年、二零一二年 及二零一三年十二月三十一 日止最高上限分別不超過人 民幣182,000,000元、人民 幣 200,000,000 元 及 人 民 幣 220,000,000元。

董事會報告

Further details of such continuing connected transaction were disclosed in the Circular dated 29 July 2011.

The aggregate amount under Processing Transactions for the year ended 31 December 2013 amounted to approximately RMB24,280,000.

The Directors (including the independent non-executive directors) have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2013 and confirmed that the Processing Transactions were (i) in the ordinary course and usual course of the Group's business; (ii) on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to independent third parties who are not connected persons of the Group as defined in the Listing Rules; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the Processing Transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Group as a whole.

F. Entrusted loan

The Group entered into an entrusted loan framework agreement on 23 August 2013, pursuant to which the Group agree to provide Entrustment Loans to Inspur Electronic Information Industry Co., Limited (浪潮電子資訊產業股份有限公司) through financial institutions. The maximum amount (including the accrued interest) at any time outstanding under the Framework Agreement shall not exceed RMB500,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$630,000,000). Further details of such continuing connected transaction were disclosed in the Circular dated 5 October 2013.

The aggregate transactions under Entrusted loan for the year ended 31 December 2013 amounted to RMB400,000,000.

上述持續關連交易之詳情載 於二零一一年七月二十九日 通函中披露。

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,加工交易的金額合共約為人民幣 24,280,000元。

董事(包括獨立非執行董事) 已審閱截至二零一三年十述字 度之上址年度之上址年度之上址至 續關連交易本集團日常於第三者(前)故事不 第三者(並非上市規則所有之 本集團關連人士)可與規 等條款屬公平 等條款屬公平 司股東整體有利。

F 委託貸款交易

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,累計委託貸款交易的金額為人民幣400,000,000元。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

The Directors (including the independent nonexecutive Directors) have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2013 and confirmed that the continuing Transactions were (i) in the ordinary course and usual course of the Group's business; (ii) on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to independent third parties who are not connected persons of the Group as defined in the Listing Rules; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the Entrusted Loan Transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Group as a whole.

3. During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group disposed of Inspur (HK) Electronic, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group to Inspur Electronic Information (Hong Kong) Co., Limited, a fellow subsidiary of the Company for a cash consideration of HK\$294,230,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group disposed the assets of the digital media business to Inspur Cheeloo, a fellow subsidiary of the Company for a cash consideration of RMB30,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$37,430,000).

4. During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group rental properties to a fellow subsidiary of the Company, the rental income of HK \$ 322,000.

3. 截止二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團向本公司的同集團附屬公司浪潮電子信息(香港)有限公司出售本集團的全資附屬公司浪潮(香港)電子,現金代價為294,230,000港元。

截止二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團向本公司的同 集團附屬公司浪潮齊魯出售數 碼媒體業務資產,現金代價為 人民幣30,000,000元(相等於約 37,430,000港元)。

4. 截止二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團向本公司的同集團附屬公司出租物業,租金收入為322,000港元。

董事會報告

The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements prescribed in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules with respect to the above connected transactions and continuing connected transactions. In addition, Pursuant to Rule 14A.38 of the Listing Rules, the Board has engaged the auditors of the Company to perform certain procedures on the aforesaid continuing connected transactions. Based on the work performed, the auditors of the Company have provided a letter to the Board confirming that the aforesaid continuing connected transactions:

- (i) have been approved by the Directors;
- (ii) were entered into in accordance with the pricing policies of the Company;
- (iii) were entered into in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements governing such transactions; and
- (iv) did not exceed the annual cap amounts.

A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

就上述關連交易及持續關連交易而言,本公司確認已遵守上市規則第14A章的披露規定。此外,根據上市規則第14A.38條,董事會委聘本公司核數師就上述持續關連交易進行若干程序。根據已進行的政策,本公司核數師已提供董事會任,確認上述持續關連交易:

- (1) 已獲董事批准;
- (2) 已按本公司定價政策訂立;
- (3) 已按規管交易的有關協議條款訂立;及
- (4) 並無超出年度上限金額。 核數師函件副本已由本公司向聯交 所提供。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2013, the Company's reserves available for distribution are set out as below:

Special reserve	特殊儲備
Share premium	股份溢價
Preferred shares equity reserve	優先股股本儲備
Share option reserve	購股權儲備
Accumulated profits (losses)	累計溢利(虧損)

Under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company may be distributed subject to the provision of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association and provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as and when they fall due in the ordinary course of business. This share premium account may also be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Mr. Wang Xingshan

Mr. Chen Dongfeng

Mr. Dong Hailong

Mr. Sun Chengtong

Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis

Mr. Zhang Tiqin

(resigned on 1 April 2014))

Mr. Samuel Y Shen

Ms. Dai Ruimin

Ms. Zheng Rui Jun

(appointed on 1 April 2014))

本公司可分派儲備

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本公司可供分派儲備載列如下:

2013	2012
二零一三年	二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
571	571
953,077	860,071
13,443	13,443
22,623	22,623
196,485	(33,843)
1,186,199	862,865

根據開曼群島法例第22章公司法(經綜合及修訂的一九六一年第3號法例),按本公司之組織章程大綱及細則的規定及倘緊隨建議分派股息日期後,本公司可在日常業務過程中清償到期債務時,股份溢價可用以分派。股份溢價賬亦可以繳足紅股方式派付。

董事

本年內及截至本報告日期為止,本公司 的董事如下:

王興山先生

陳東風先生

董海龍先生

孫成通先生

黃烈初先生

張體勤先生

(於二零一四年四月一日辭任)

申元慶先生

戴瑞敏女士

張瑞君女士

(於二零一四年四月一日獲委任)

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the directors has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than the statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contract of significance to which the Company, any of its holding companies, fellow subsidiaries or subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2013, the interests and short positions of the directors and the chief executive and their associates in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations, as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"), or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules were as follows:

(a) Long positions in the shares of the Company

董事服務合約

董事概無與本公司訂立本集團於一年內 不作補償(法定補償除外)而可予以終止 之服務合約。

董事於合約中之權益

本公司、其任何控股公司、同集團附屬 公司或附屬公司於本年度結束時或本年 度內任何時間並無參與訂立本公司董事 直接及間接擁有重大權益的重大合約。

董事及最高行政人員於本公司 股份之權益及淡倉

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,各董事及最高行政人員以及彼等各自聯繫人於本公司及其任何相聯法團之份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條須記錄於該條所指登記冊之權益及淡倉,或根據上市規則所載的標準守則而須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

(a) 於本公司股份的好倉

	Percentage
	of the issued
Number	share capital
of issued	of the
ordinary	Company
shares held	佔本公司
持有普通股	已發行股本
之數目	之百分比
4,000	0.00%

Directors' Report 董事會報告

(b) Long positions in the underlying shares of equity derivatives of the Company

Options in the Company (Unlisted and physically settled equity derivatives)

(b) 本公司股本衍生工具的相關 股份的好倉

本公司的購股權(非上市及實物交收的股本衍生工具)

Name of director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Description of equity derivates 股本衍生工具的詳情 (Note) (附註)	Number of underlying shares 相關股份 的數目	Subscription price per share 每股認購價 HK\$ 港元
Wang Xingshan 王興山	Owner 擁有人	Share Option 購股權	1,000,000	3.41
Chen Dongfeng 陳東鳳	Owner 擁有人	Share Option 購股權	800,000	3.41
Dong Hailong 董海龍	Owner 擁有人	Share Option 購股權	400,000	3.41
Sun Chengtong 孫成通	Owner 擁有人	Share Option 購股權	800,000	3.41
Wong Lit Chor 黃烈初	Owner 擁有人	Share Option 購股權	40,000	3.41

Note (1): On 10 December 2010, The share options were granted to director under the Share Option Scheme.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2013, none of the directors or the chief executive or its associates had any interests or short positions in any shares or underlying shares of equity derivatives of the Company or any of its associated corporations.

附註(1): 於二零一零年十二月十 日,購股權已根據購股權 計劃授予董事。

除上述披露外,於二零一三年十二 月三十一日,概無董事或最高行政 人員或彼等之聯繫人士於本公司或 任何聯營公司股份或股本衍生工具 相關股份持有任何權益或淡倉。

董事會報告

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2013, the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO shows that, the following shareholders other than the directors of the Company had notified the Company of relevant interests in the issued capital of the Company.

(a) Long position in shares and underlying shares of the Company

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.002 each of the Company

主要股東

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本公司 根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置的主 要股東名冊顯示,除本公司董事以外, 以下股東已知會本公司彼等於本公司已 發行股本的有關權益。

(a) 於本公司股份及相關股份的 好倉

本公司每股面值 0.002 港元的普通 股

Percentage

Name of shareholder 股東姓名/名稱	Type of Interests 權益類別	Number of issued ordinary shares held 持有的 普通股數目	of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司 已發行股本 之百分比
Inspur Group Limited 浪潮集團有限公司	Corporate (Note 1) 公司(附註1)	288,478,000	31.99%
Inspur Overseas Investment Limited 浪潮海外投資有限公司	Beneficial owner (Note 1) 實益擁有人(附註1)	288,478,000	31.99%
Wang Yu Kun 王予昆	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	64,744,000	7.18%
Note 1: Inspur Group Limited is	taken to be interested	附註1: 由於	浪 潮 集 團 有 限 公 司

As at 31 December 2013, no persons have any other relevant interests or short positions in shares or underlying shares of equity derivatives of the Company.

Overseas Investment Limited.

in 288,478,000 shares due to its indirect 100%

shareholdings in the issued share capital of Inspur

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,並無人 士於本公司股份或股本衍生工具相關股 份中擁有任何其他相關權益或淡倉。

有權益。

間接擁有浪潮海外投資

有限公司已發行股本的

100% 股權,故此,浪潮 集團有限公司被視為於 288,478,000 股股份中擁

Directors' Report 董事會報告

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

SHARE OPTIONS

Details of the Company's share option schemes are set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than the option holdings disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

COMPETING INTEREST

During the year ended 31 December 2013, none of the directors, chief executive, initial management shareholders or its substantial shareholders of the Company or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had any interests in a business which competes with or may compete with the business of the Group.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee comprises three independent non-executive directors, Zhang Tiqin Wong Lit Chor, Alexis and Ms Dai Ruimin. Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis is the chairman of the audit committee. The primary duties of the audit committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control systems of the Group.

管理合約

本年度內,並無訂立有關本公司業務之 全部或任何重要部分之管理及行政之合 約。

購股權計劃

本公司購股權計劃的詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註33。

購買股份或債券之安排

除上文所披露有關股權持有外,於本年 度任何時間,本公司、其控股公司、或 任何其附屬公司或同集團附屬公司概無 參與任何安排,致令本公司董事可藉購 入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或 債券而獲益。

競爭權益

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司概無董事、最高行政人員、最初的管理股東或其主要股東或彼等各自之聯繫人士(定義見上市規則)於與本集團業務有競爭或可能競爭的業務中有任何權益。

審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事張體 勤先生、黃烈初先生及戴瑞敏女士組成。黃烈初先生為審核委員會之主席。 該審核委員會主要負責審閱及監督本集 團之財務申報程序及內部監控制度。

董事會報告

Up to the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements, the audit committee has held three meetings and has reviewed the Company's draft annual and interim financial reports and consolidated financial statements prior to recommending such reports and consolidated financial statements to the Board for approval.

The Group's audited results for the year ended 31 December 2013 have been reviewed by the audit committee, which was of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and requirements and that adequate disclosures have been made.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Group has complied with the applicable code provisions set out in the Code of Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") contained in Appendix 14 of Listing Rules for Main Board throughout the period ended 31 December 2013, save as:

- (a) Under code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer (the "CEO") should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Wang Xingshan is both the Chairman and CEO of the Company. This structure does not comply with code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code. The Board considers that vesting the roles of Chairman and CEO in the same person facilitates the execution of the Company's business strategies and maximizes the effectiveness of its operation.
- (b) Under code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code, independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should also attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Independent non-executive Directors and non-executive Directors were unable to attend the annual general meeting as they were obliged to be away for business trips. The Company will improve its meeting scheduling and arrangement in order to ensure full compliance with Code A.6.7 in future.

直至批准該等綜合財務報表之日為止, 審核委員會已舉行三次會議,並已於有 關全年及中期財務報告及綜合財務報表 草本提交董事會批准前審閱有關報告及 綜合財務報表。

審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零一三 年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核業 績,彼等認為該等業績乃按照適用之會 計準則及規定編製,並已作出足夠披 露。

企業管治

本集團截至二零一三年十二月三十一日 止期間一直遵守主板上市規則附錄十四 所載企業管治常規守則(「守則」)所載適 用守則條文,惟以下各項除外:惟以下 偏離情況除外:

- (a) 根據企業管治守則守則條文第 A.2.1條,主席與行政總裁(「行政 總裁」)之角色須分開,不應由同一 人擔任。王興山先生擔任本集團主 席兼行政總裁。此一構架未能符合 企業管治守則之條文第A.2.1條。 董事會認為,主席及行政總裁由同 一人擔任有利於執行本公司業務策 略及儘量提升營運效率。
- (b) 根據企業管治守則守則條文第 A.6.7條,獨立非執行董事及其他 非執行董事亦須出席股東週年大 會,並對股東之意見有公正的了 解。獨立非執行董事及非執行董事 因公務無法出席股東週年大會。本 公司將改善會議議程和安排,以確 保日後完全遵從守則第A.6.7條。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company confirmed that annual confirmations of independence were received from each of the Company's independent non-executive directors pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and all independent non-executive directors are considered to be independent.

CODE OF CONDUCT REGARDING SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 of Main Board Listing Rule as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiries to all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the requirement set out under the Model Code throughout the period ended 31 December 2013.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the directors of the Company are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to directors and eligible employees, details of the scheme are set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

獨立非執行董事之獨立性

本公司確認,已根據上市規則第3.13條 向本公司各獨立非執行董事收取獨立地 位年度確認書,而全體獨立非執行董事 均被認為屬獨立。

董事進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已經採用主板上市規則附錄十之上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則(標準守則)作為董事進行證券交易之標準守則。經本公司向全體董事作出特定查詢後,全體董事已確認截至二零一三年十二月三十一日始終遵守標準守則所訂之規定。

薪酬政策

本集團僱員之薪酬政策乃由薪酬委員會 根據彼等之績效、資格和能力製訂。

本公司董事之酬金乃由薪酬委員會經考 慮本公司之經營業績、個人表現及可比 較市場數字後釐定。

本公司已採納購股權計劃,作為對董事及合資格僱員之獎勵。有關計劃之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註33。

董事會報告

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 December 2013.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed during the following periods:

- (i) The register of members will be closed from 28 May 2014 to 30 May 2014 (both dates inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Hong Kong branch share registrar of the Company, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at 17 Floor,1712-1716 room, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on 27 May 2014.
- to 6 June 2014 (both dates inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Hong Kong branch share registrar of the Company, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at 17 Floor,1712-1716 room, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on 4 June 2014.

足夠的公眾持股量

本公司在截至二零一三年十二月三十一 日止年度一直保持著足夠的公眾持股 量。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記

本公司將於下列日期暫停辦理股份過戶 登記手續:

- (i) 本公司將於二零一四年五月二十八 日至二零一四年五月三十日(包括 首尾兩天)暫停辦理股份過戶登記 手續,期間將不會進行股份過戶會 為符合出席股東週年大會和於會 投票的資格,所有過戶表格連同十 投票的資格,所有過戶表格連十七 日下午四時三十分前送達本公司 股份過戶登記分處香港中央證券 記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后 大道東 183 號合和中心 17樓 1712-1716 室。
- (ii) 本公司將於二零一四年六月五日至 二零一四年六月六日(包括首尾兩 天)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續, 期間將不會進行股份過戶。為符合 建議末期股息的資格,所有過戶表 格連同有關股票須於二零一四年六 月四日下午四時三十分前送達本公 司的股份過戶登記分處香港中央證 券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔 皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓 1712-1716室。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

AUDITOR

A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting to reappoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as the auditor of the Company. There has been no change in the auditor of the Company since its incorporation on 29 January 2003.

核數師

股東週年大會將提呈決議案以續聘德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行為本公司的核數師。自二零零三年一月二十九日本公司註冊成立日起,並沒有更換核數師。

On behalf of the Board **Wang Xingshan**CHAIRMAN

26th March 2014

代表董事會 **王興山** *主席*

二零一四年三月二十六日

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

Deloitte.

德勤

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF INSPUR INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

浪潮國際有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Inspur International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 55 to 216, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

致浪潮國際有限公司股東

浪潮國際有限公司

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師行(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核第55頁至216頁所載浪潮國際有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,包括二零一三年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合權益變動報表及綜合現金流量報表,以及重大會計政策概要及其他説明資料。

董事對綜合財務報表的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會 頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條 例的披露規定編製真實公允的綜合財務 報表以及董事認為使所呈列綜合財務報 表不存在因欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大失 實陳述所需的內部監控。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

核數師的責任

我們相信已獲取充分及適當的審核憑證 作為我們審核意見的根據。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 December 2013, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告準則真實而公允地反映 貴集團於二零一三年十二月三十一日的財務狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度的溢利及現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例的披露規定妥善編製。

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong 26 March 2014 **德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行** 執業會計師 香港

二零一四年三月二十六日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

綜合損益表

		NOTES	2013	2012
		NOTES 附註	二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		PI'J ē土		
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000 ~:#
			千港元	千港元
				(restated)
				(經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務			
Revenue	收入	7	1,300,980	1,161,560
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(857,206)	(737,749)
Gross profit	毛利		443,774	423,811
Other income	其他收入	9	93,533	90,925
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	9	7,549	(20,947)
Administrative and	行政及其他營運費用			
other operating expenses			(357,127)	(300,799)
Selling and distribution	銷售及分銷成本			
expenses			(298,505)	(275,882)
Amortisation of other	其他無形資產攤銷			
intangible assets			(5,568)	(14,505)
Finance costs	財務成本	11	(4,974)	(6,101)
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	20	(14,491)	(63,915)
Impairment loss on investment	聯營公司投資減值虧損			
in an associate		23	(19,213)	
Share of profit of an associate	應佔聯營公司溢利		9,018	13,627
Share of loss of a joint venture	應佔合營公司虧損		(4,938)	(237)
	WOULD IN STREET,			
Loss before tax	除税前虧損		(150,942)	(154,023)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	10	(1,282)	(4,189)
Loss for the year	持續經營業務之年內虧損			44
from continuing operations		11	(152,224)	(158,212)

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

綜合損益表

		NOTES 附註	2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (經重列)
Discontinued operation	已終止業務			
Profit for the year from	來自已終止業務	20	252 422	50.043
discontinued operation	年內溢利	38	268,183	58,843
Profit (loss) for the year	年內溢利(虧損)		115,959	(99,369)
Profit (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company – from continuing operations – from discontinued operation	本公司擁有人應佔 年內溢利(虧損): 一來自持續經營業務 一來自已終止業務		(150,487) 268,183	(152,162) 58,843
Profit (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company Loss for the year attributable to non-controlling interest	本公司擁有人應佔 年內溢利(虧損) 非控股權益應佔 年內虧損		(1,737)	(93,319)
			115,959	(99,369)
Earning (loss) per share From continuing and discontinued operations - Basic	每股盈利虧損 來自持續經營及 已終止經營業務 一基本	15	HK13.81 cents 13.81 港仙	(HK11.09 cents) (11.09 港仙)
– Diluted	-攤薄		HK13.81 cents 13.81 港仙	(HK11.09 cents) (11.09 港仙)
From continuing operations – Basic	來自持續經營業務 一基本	15	(HK17.65 cents) (17.65 港仙)	(HK18.08 cents) (18.08 港仙)
– Diluted	- 攤薄		(HK17.65 cents) (17.65 港仙)	(HK18.08 cents) (18.08 港仙)

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Profit (loss) for the year Other comprehensive income (expense): Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: Exchange differences arising from translation	年內溢利(虧損) 其他全面收益(開支) : 不會被重新分類至損益 的項目: 換算為呈報貨幣而產生	115,959	(99,369)
to presentation currency	之匯兑差額	50,217	10,585
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	年內全面收益(開支) 總額	166,176	(88,784)
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year attributable to:	應佔全面收益(開支) 總額:		
Owners of the CompanyNon-controlling interests	一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益	167,746 (1,570)	(82,743)
		166,176	(88,784)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2013 於二零一三年十二月三十一日

		NOTES	2013	2012
		附註	二零一三年	二零一二年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房			
	及設備	16	242,710	121,349
Investment property	投資物業	17	10,839	_
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	18	39,652	38,146
Goodwill	商譽	19	_	14,188
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	21	16,669	21,122
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售之投資	22	23,433	22,693
Interest in an associate	聯營公司權益	23	122,848	128,489
Interest in a joint venture	合營公司權益	24	118,077	122,629
			F74 220	460.616
			574,228	468,616
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	25	28,271	148,309
Trade and bills receivables	貿易應收賬款			
	及應收票據	26	295,702	250,563
Prepaid lease payments	預付土地租賃款	18	929	874
Prepayments, deposits	預付款項、按金			
and other receivables	及其他應收			
	賬款		78,632	64,223
Amounts due from customers	應收客戶合約			
for contract work	工程款額	27	32,987	39,761
Entrusted loan receivable	應收委託貸款	28	509,585	_
Amount due from ultimate	應收最終控股			
holding company	公司款額	31a	9,423	11,965
Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries	應收同集團			
	附屬公司款額	31a	192,689	150,217
Taxation recoverable	可收回税項		95	1,241
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	29	15,656	14,786
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	29	897,467	1,184,761
			2,061,436	1,866,700

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2013 於二零一三年十二月三十一日

		NOTES 附註	2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付賬款			
	及應付票據	30	188,779	192,276
Other payables, deposits received	其他應付賬款、			
and accrued expenses	已收按金及			
	應計開支		265,575	174,896
Amounts due to customers	應付客戶合約			
for contract work	工程款額	27	104,823	85,443
Amount due to ultimate holding company				
	公司款額	31b	3,102	3,221
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同集團附屬			
	公司款額	31b	54,536	26,885
Deferred income – government grant	遞延收入一政府			
	補助	34	11,220	3,903
Redeemable convertible preferred shares	可贖回可換股			
	優先股	35	_	64,961
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	35	_	30,857
Taxation payable	應付税項		6,577	11,717
			634,612	594,159
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		1,426,824	1,272,541
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		2,001,052	1,741,157

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2013 於二零一三年十二月三十一日

		NOTES 附註	2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred income – government grant	遞延收入—			
	政府補助	34	40,403	16,735
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	36	18,402	19,140
			58,805	35,875
			1,942,247	1,705,282
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	32	9,015	8,455
Reserves	儲備		1,929,136	1,693,749
Equity attributable to owners	本司擁有人			
of the Company	應佔股權		1,938,151	1,702,204
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		4,096	3,078
Total equity	權益總額		1,942,247	1,705,282

The consolidated financial statements on pages 55 to 216 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 March 2014 and are signed on its behalf by:

載於第55頁至第216頁的綜合財務報表 經由董事會批准及授權於二零一四年三 月二十六日刊發,並由下列董事代表董 事會簽署:

DIRECTOR 董事 DIRECTOR 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動報表

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company

本公司擁有人應佔

		Share capital 股本 HK\$ 000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$000 千港元	Other reserve 其他儲備 <i>HK\$000</i> <i>千港元</i> (Note a) (附註a)	Special reserve 特殊儲備 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i> (Note b) (附註 b)	Preferred shares equity reserve 優先般 股權儲備 HK\$ 000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權儲併 HK\$*000	Translation reserve 匿兌儲備 <i>HK\$*000</i> 子港元	Retained profits 留存盈餘 HK\$000	Total 合計 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Non- controlling interests 非控股 權益 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$</i> 0000 千港元
At 1 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日	8,415	858,815		92	13,443	20,484	191,941	741,445	1,834,635	4,452	1,839,087
Loss for the year Exchange differences arising on translation	年內虧損 換算產生之匯兇差額							10,576	(93,319) 	(93,319) 10,576	(6,050) 9	(99,369) 10,585
Total comprehensive income (expenses) for the year	年內全面收益(開支)總額							10,576	(93,319)	(82,743)	(6,041)	(88,784)
Exercise of share options Recognition of equity-settled share based payments	行使購股權 確認按股權結算以股份	40	1,256	_	_	_	_	-	-	1,296	-	1,296
Release upon disposal of a subsidiary	支付之款額 出售附屬公司時解除	_	_	_	_	_	2,139 —	(2,068)	2,068	2,139 —	_	2,139 —
Dividend paid (note 14)	已付股息(附註14)	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	(50,489)	(50,489)	-	(50,489)
Contributions from non-controlling interests Acquisition of partial interest in a subsidiary (note 37)	以非控股權益注資 收購附屬公司部分權益(附註37)	-	_	(2,634)	-	_	-	_	_	(2,634)	3,876 791	3,876 (1,843)
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日	8,455	860,071	(2,634)	92	13,443	22,623	200,449	599,705	1,702,204	3,078	1,705,282
Profit (loss) for the year Exchange differences arising on translation	年內溢利(虧損) 換算產生之匯兇差額	- -						50,050	117,696	117,696 50,050	(1,737) 167	115,959 50,217
Total comprehensive income (expenses) for the year	年內全面收益(開支)總額							50,050	117,696	167,746	(1,570)	166,176
Issuance of shares upon conversion of redeemable convertible preferred shares Dividend paid (note 14) Contributions from non-controlling interests	可觸回優先股獲兑換而 發行股份 已付股息(附註14) 非控股權益注資	560 — —	93,006	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	(25,365)	93,566 (25,365)		93,566 (25,365) 2,588
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	9,015	953,077	(2,634)	92	13,443	22,623	250,499	692,036	1,938,151	4,096	1,942,247

Notes:

- (a) Other reserve was resulted from the acquisition of partial interest in a subsidiary. Details of the acquisition are set out in note 37.
- (b) The special reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries and the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition at the time of the reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares in 2003.

附註:

- (a) 其他儲備來自收購附屬公司部分權 益。收購詳情載於附註37。
- (b) 本集團特殊儲備指附屬公司股份面值 與本公司二零零三年股份上市前集團 重組時就收購所發行本公司股份的面 值兩者之差額。

綜合現金流量報表

		2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		千港元	千港元
	營運業務		
	年內溢利(虧損)	115,959	(99,369)
	按下列各項調整:		
Income tax	所得税 京	9,951	16,106
Share of profit of an associate	應佔聯營公司溢利	(9,018)	(13,627)
Share of loss of a joint venture	應佔合營公司虧損	4,938	237
Entrusted loan interest income	委託貸款利息收入	(2,000)	(24.724)
Interest income	利息收入 利息開支	(26,922)	(31,731)
Interest expenses Dividend income from available-	可供出售投資產生之 可供出售投資產生之	4,974	6,101
for-sale investments	り供山告投具産生之 股息收入		(1.940)
	放息收入 其他無形資產攤銷	5,568	(1,840) 14,505
Amortisation of other intangible assets Gain on disposal of other intangible asset	出售其他無形資產	5,506	14,505
dain on disposal of other intallyble asset	之收益	_	(1,696)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		26,659	27,881
Depreciation of investment property	投資物業折舊	321	27,001
Net (gain) loss and written off on disposal	出售物業、廠房	321	
of property, plant and equipment	及設備之(收益)虧損		
or property, plant and equipment	淨額及撇銷	(645)	144
Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	呆壞賬撥備	26,912	3,434
Reversal of allowance for bad	呆壞賬撥備撥回	20,5 12	3, 13 1
and doubtful debts		(4,561)	_
Expense recognised in profit or loss in respect	就按股權結算以股份	()	
of equity-settled share-based payments	支付而於損益		
	確認之開支	_	2,139
Write-down of inventories	存貨撇減	7,638	1,109
Deferred income – government grant	於損益確認之遞延收入		
recognised in profit or loss	一政府補助	(8,190)	(5,163)
(Gain) loss on disposal of a subsidiary	出售附屬公司之		
	(收益)虧損	(224,314)	719
Gain on disposal of digital media business	出售數碼媒體業務之		
	收益	(12,149)	_
Fair value change in convertible option	可贖回可換股優先股之		
derivatives embedded in redeemable	嵌入式可換股期權衍		
convertible preferred shares	生工具之公平值變動	11,145	21,257
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	14,491	63,915
Impairment loss on investment of an associate	聯營公司權益	40.045	
	減值虧損	19,213	_
Impairment loss on amounts due	應收客戶合約工程款	C 105	2.700
from customers for contract work	額減值虧損	6,105	3,788

綜合現金流量報表

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Operating cash flows before movements	營運資金變動前營運		
in working capital	現金流量	(33,925)	7,909
Decrease (increase) in inventories	存貨減少(增加)	2,871	(52,335)
Increase in trade and bills receivables	貿易應收賬款及應收票據		
	增加	(139,131)	(51,103)
(Increase) decrease in prepayments, deposits	預付款項、按金及		
and other receivables	其他應收賬款		
	(增加)減少	(15,260)	2,145
Decrease in amounts due from customers	應收客戶合約工程		
for contract work	款額減少	1,703	6,688
Increase in amounts due	應收同集團附屬公司		
from fellow subsidiaries	款額增加	(30,495)	(45,197)
Decrease in amount due from immediate	應收直接控股公司		
holding company	款額減少	_	33,896
Decrease in amount due from ultimate	應收最終控股公司		
holding company	款額減少	4,450	5,892
Increase in trade and bill payables	貿易應付賬款及		
	應付票據增加	43,005	31,117
Increase in other payables, deposits received	其他應付賬款、已收按金		
and accrued expenses	及應計開支增加	87,878	35,305
Increase in amounts due to customers	應付客戶合約工程		
for contract work	款額增加	17,158	48,190
Increase in amount due to ultimate	應付最終控股公司		
holding company	款額增加	271	20
Increase in amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同集團附屬公司		
	款額增加	19,797	6,655
Receipts of deferred income	收取遞延收入		
– government grant	一政府補助	39,751	19,867
Cash (used in) generated from operations	營運(所用)所得現金	(1,927)	49,049
Income taxes paid	已付所得税	(5,640)	(23,925)
	NOW YER ALK THE A COLUMN TO SEE A COLUMN TO SE		
NET CASH (USED IN) FROM	營運業務(所用)所得		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	現金淨額	(7,567)	25,124

綜合現金流量報表

		NOTES 附註	2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資業務			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及 設備		(158,870)	(58,753)
Entrusted loan to	向同集團附屬公司作出		.	
a fellow subsidiary Net cash from disposal	之委託貸款 出售附屬公司		(507,585)	_
of a subsidiary	所得現金淨額	39	233,257	20,478
Proceeds from disposal	出售數碼媒體業務			
of assets of digital media business	資產之所得款項		37,430	_
Interest received	已收利息		26,922	31,731
Withdrawal of pledged	提取已抵押銀行存款			,
bank deposits			5,569	9,599
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項			
and equipment			408	870
Payment for leasehold land	租賃土地付款		_	(39,317)
Dividend received	已收來自可供出售			
from available-	投資之股息			
for-sale investments Advances to fellow	墊款予同集團		_	1,840
subsidiaries	附屬公司		(51,147)	(4,392)
Repayment from	附屬公司非控股		(5.7.17)	(.,052)
non-controlling interest	權益還款			
of a subsidiary	/+I +I -7 - B / 5 I + 100 - B - D - D		_	20
(Advances to) repayment from			(4 E07)	1 401
ultimate holding company Placement to pledged	最終控股公司還款 存放已抵押		(1,597)	1,401
bank deposits	銀行存款		(6,055)	(24,385)
Proceeds from disposal	出售其他無形資產			
of other intangible asset	所得款項			5,652
NET CASH USED	投資業務所用			
IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	現金淨額		(421,668)	(55,256)

綜合現金流量報表

		NOTES 附註	2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資業務			
Interest paid to redeemable convertible preferred shares holder	向可贖回可換股 優先股持有人			
como able protected shares noted.	支付利息		(6,412)	(4,659)
Dividend paid to ordinary shareholders	向普通股持 有人派息		(2E 26E)	(EO 490)
Payment for redemption of redeemable	有八派心 贖回可贖回可換		(25,365)	(50,489)
convertible preferred shares	股優先股之付款		(11,959)	_
Repayment to fellow subsidiaries	償還同集團 附屬公司款項		_	(287)
Repayment to ultimate holding company	償還最終控股			(207)
	公司款項		(474)	(1,586)
Repayment to non-controlling interest of a subsidiary	償還附屬公司 非控股權益款項		_	(3,177)
Advance from fellow subsidiaries	同集團附屬			(3),
Association of moutial interest in a substitute.	公司墊款 收購附屬公司		151,799	_
Acquisition of partial interest in a subsidiary	部分權益	37	_	(1,843)
Proceeds from exercise of share options	行使購股權			
Capital injection from other shareholder	所得款項 附屬公司其他		_	1,296
of a subsidiary	股東注資		2,588	3,876
NET CASH FROM (USED IN)	融資業務所得			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(所用)現金淨額		110,177	(56,869)
NET DECREASE IN CASH	現金及現金等值物			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	減少淨額		(319,058)	(87,001)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	年初現金及			
AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	現金等值物		1,184,761	1,263,720
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE	外匯匯率改變 之影響		24.764	0.043
RATE CHANGES			31,764	8,042
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	年終現金及 現金等值物			
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金		897,467	1,184,761

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). In the opinion of the directors of the Company, Inspur Overseas Investment Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI") and Inspur Group Limited, a company established in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") are the immediate holding company and ultimate holding company, respectively. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the introduction to the annual report.

The functional currency of the Company is Renminbi ("RMB"). For the convenience of the consolidated financial statements users, the consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD"), as the Company's shares are listed on the Stock Exchange.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the subsidiaries (together with the Company, referred as the "Group") are software development and provision of software outsourcing services. The Group was also engaged in trading of computer components which was discontinued in current year (see note 38).

1. 一般資料

本公司的功能貨幣為人民幣(「人民幣」)。由於本公司股份在聯交所上市,為方便綜合財務報表的使用者,綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」)呈列。

本公司為投資控股公司。主要附屬公司(與本公司統稱「本集團」)主要業務為開發軟件及提供軟件外包服務。本集團亦從事計算機部件交易,但於本年度已終止(請參閱附計38)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

Application of new and revised HKFRSs

The Group has applied the following new and revised HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time in the current year.

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to

HKFRSs 2009 - 2011 Cycle

Amendments to HKFRS 7 Disclosures – Offsetting Financial

Assets and Financial Liabilities

Amendments to Consolidated Financial HKFRS 10. HKFRS 11 Statements, Joint

and HKFRS 12 Arrangements and Disclosure

of Interests in Other Entities:

Transition Guidance

HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial

Statements

HKFRS 11 Joint Arrangements

HKFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in

Other Entities

HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

HKAS 19 Employee Benefits

(Revised 2011)

HKAS 27 Separate Financial Statements

(Revised 2011)

HKAS 28 Investments in Associates (Revised 2011) and Joint Ventures

Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of Items of

Other Comprehensive Income

HK(IFRIC) - Int 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase

of a Surface Mine

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)

採用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則

於本年度,本集團已首次採用下列 由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公 會」)頒佈之新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則。

香港財務報告準則 二零零九年至

(修訂本) 二零一一年期間之

香港財務報告準則 之年度改善

香港財務報告準則 披露一金融資產和金融

第7號(修訂本) 負債的互相抵消

香港財務報告準則 綜合財務報表、

第10號、香港財務 合營安排及披露 報告準則第11號及 於其他實體的權益;

香港財務報告準則 過渡指引

第12號(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 綜合財務報表

第10號

香港財務報告準則 合營安排

第11號

香港財務報告準則 披露其他實體的權益

第12號

香港財務報告準則 公平值計量

第13號

香港會計準則第19號 僱員福利

(二零一一年經修訂)

香港會計準則第27號 獨立財務報表

(二零一一年經修訂)

香港會計準則第28號 於聯營公司及 (二零一一年經修訂) 合營公司的投資

香港會計準則第1號 其他全面收入項目

(修訂本) 之呈列

香港(國際財務報告 露天礦場生產階段 詮釋委員會)一詮釋 之剝採成本

第20號

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

Except as described below, the application of the new and revised HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

New and revised Standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011) together with the amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 regarding the transitional guidance. HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011) is not applicable to these condensed consolidated financial statements as it deals only with separate financial statements.

The impact of the application of these standards is set out below.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 () (續)

除以下所述者外,於本年度應用新 訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則對本 集團於本年度及過往年度的財務表 現及財務狀況及/或此等綜合財務 報表所載的披露事項並無重大影 響。

綜合入賬、合營安排、聯營 公司及披露的新訂及經修訂 準則

應用該等準則之影響載述如下。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

Impact of the application of HKFRS 10

HKFRS 10 replaces the parts of HKAS 27 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements* that deal with consolidated financial statements and SIC-Int 12 Consolidation – *Special Purpose Entities*. HKFRS 10 changes the definition of control such that an investor has control over an investee when a) it has power over the investee, b) it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and c) has the ability to use its power to affect its returns. All three of these criteria must be met for an investor to have control over an investee. Previously, control was defined as the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Additional guidance has been included in HKFRS 10 to explain when an investor has control over an investee.

The directors of the Company reviewed and assessed whether they have control over all the existing subsidiaries in accordance with the requirements of HKFRS 10. The directors concluded that there is no impact on the Group's control over the subsidiaries after the application of HKFRS 10 and all the subsidiaries continue to be consolidated in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

應用香港財務報告準則第10 號的影響

香港財務報告準則第10號取代香 港會計準則第27號綜合及獨立財 務報表有關處理綜合財務報表部份 及香港財務報告詮釋委員會一詮 釋第12號綜合入賬一特殊目的實 體。香港財務報告準則第10號變 更了控制權的定義,當投資者在a) 其可對被投資方行使權力;b)其自 參與被投資方的業務獲得或有權獲 得可變回報;及c)有能力使用其權 力影響其回報時方擁有對被投資方 的控制權。該等三項標準須同時滿 足,投資者方擁有對被投資方的控 制權。控制權於早前定義為有權規 管實體之財務及經營政策以從其業 務中獲益。香港財務報告準則第 10號已加入額外指引,以解釋投 資者在何時被視為對被投資方有控 制權。

本公司董事已根據香港財務報告準則第10號的規定檢討及評估其是 否對全部現有附屬公司擁有控制權。董事認為,應用香港財務報告 準則第10號後本集團對附屬公司 的控制權並沒有受到影響,而各附 屬公司則繼續在本集團的綜合財務 報表中合併入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

Impact of the application of HKFRS 11

HKFRS 11 replaces HKAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures, and the guidance contained in a related interpretation, SIC-Int 13 Jointly Controlled Entities - Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers, has been incorporated in HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011). HKFRS 11 deals with how a joint arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control should be classified and accounted for. Under HKFRS 11, there are only two types of joint arrangements - joint operations and joint ventures. The classification of joint arrangements under HKFRS 11 is determined based on the rights and obligations of parties to the joint arrangements by considering the structure, the legal form of the arrangements, the contractual terms agreed by the parties to the arrangement, and, when relevant, other facts and circumstances. A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement (i.e. joint operators) have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement (i.e. joint venturers) have rights to the net assets of the arrangement. Previously, HKAS 31 had three types of joint arrangements – jointly controlled entities, jointly controlled operations and jointly controlled assets. The classification of joint arrangements under HKAS 31 was primarily determined based on the legal form of the arrangement (e.g. a joint arrangement that was established through a separate entity was classified as a joint venture).

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

應用香港財務報告準則第11 號的影響

香港財務報告準則第11號取代香 港會計準則第31號於合營公司的 權益,而相關詮釋的指引,即香港 財務報告詮釋委員會一詮釋第13 號共同控制實體一合營方的非貨幣 出資已被納入香港會計準則第28 號(二零一一年經修訂)。香港財務 報告準則第11號訂明由兩個或以 上訂約方擁有共同控制權的合營安 排應如何分類及入賬。根據香港財 務報告準則第11號,合營安排僅 分為兩類一聯合經營及合營公司。 根據香港財務報告準則第11號, 合營安排的分類乃經考慮該等安排 的結構、法律形式、訂約方對該等 安排協議的合約條款及其他相關事 實及情況後,基於合營安排各方的 權利及責任而釐定。聯合經營為一 項合營安排,對此安排擁有共同控 制權的各方(即聯合經營者)對該安 排相關的資產及負債均享有權利及 負有義務。合營公司為一項合營安 排,據此對安排擁有共同控制權的 各方(即聯合投資者)對該安排的 淨資產享有權利。以往,香港會計 準則第31號有三種形式的合營安 排一共同控制實體、共同控制業務 及共同控制資產。根據香港會計準 則第31號對合營安排的分類主要 基於該安排的法律形式而釐定(例 如透過獨立實體成立的合營安排乃 分類為合管企業)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

Impact of the application of HKFRS 11 (continued)

The initial and subsequent accounting of joint ventures and joint operations are different. Investments in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method (proportionate consolidation is no longer allowed). Investments in joint operations are accounted for such that each joint operator recognises its assets (including its share of any assets jointly held), its liabilities (including its share of any liabilities incurred jointly), its revenue (including its share of revenue from the sale of the output by the joint operation) and its expenses (including its share of any expenses incurred jointly). Each joint operator accounts for the assets and liabilities, as well as revenues and expenses, relating to its interest in the joint operation in accordance with the applicable standards.

The directors of the Company reviewed and assessed the classification of the Group's investments in joint arrangements in accordance with the requirements of HKFRS 11. The directors concluded that the Group's investments which were classified as jointly controlled entity under HKAS 31 should be classified as joint venture under HKFRS 11 and continue to be accounted for using the equity method.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 () (續)

應用香港財務報告準則第11號的影響(續)

本公司董事已根據香港財務報告準則第11號的規定檢討及評估本集團於合營安排投資的分類。董事認為,本集團的投資過往根據香港會計準則第31號分類為共同控制實體的投資,根據香港財務報告準則第11號則應分類為合營公司,並繼續使用權益法入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

The amendments to HKAS 1 introduce new terminology for statement of comprehensive income and income statement. Under the amendments to HKAS 1, a statement of comprehensive income is renamed as a statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and an income statement is renamed as a statement of profit or loss. The amendments to HKAS 1 retain the option to present profit or loss and other comprehensive income in either a single statement or in two separate but consecutive statements. However, the amendments to HKAS 1 require additional disclosures to be made in the other comprehensive section such that items of other comprehensive income are grouped into two categories: (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income tax on items of other comprehensive income is required to be allocated on the same basis - the amendments do not change the existing option to present items of other comprehensive income either before tax or net of tax. The amendments have been applied retrospectively, and hence the presentation of items of other comprehensive income has been modified to reflect the changes.

採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)其他全面收入項目的呈列

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)為全 面收益表及收益表引入新術語。根 據香港會計準則第1號(修訂本), 「全面收益表」被重新命名為「損益 及其他全面收益表」。香港會計準 則第1號(修訂本)保留呈列損益及 其他全面收入為單一或兩個獨立但 連續的報表之選擇權。然而,香港 會計準則第1號(修訂本)規定於其 他全面收益部分作出額外披露,將 其他全面收益項目分為兩類:(a) 其後將不會重新分類至損益之項 目;及(b)其後於符合特定條件下 可重新分類至損益之項目。其他全 面收益項目之所得税須按相同基準 分配一該修訂並沒有改變以稅前或 税後形式呈列其他全面收益項目之 現有選擇權。該等修訂已獲追溯應 用,因此已修改其他全面收益項目 呈報,以反映該等變動。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

The Group has applied HKFRS 13 for the first time in the current year. HKFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for, and disclosures about, fair value measurements. The scope of HKFRS 13 is broad:

- the fair value measurement requirements of HKFRS
 13 apply to both financial instrument items and non-financial instrument items for which other HKFRSs require or permit fair value measurements; and
- the fair value measurement requirements of HKFRS 13 apply to both financial instrument items and non-financial instrument items for which other HKFRSs require or permit fair value measurements; and disclosures about fair value measurements, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value (e.g. net realisable value for the purposes of measuring inventories or value in use for impairment assessment purposes).

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則第13號公 平值計量

本集團於本年度首次應用香港財務報告準則第13號。香港財務報告準則第13號設立有關公平值計量及公平值計量之披露的單一指引。香港財務報告準則第13號的範圍廣泛:

- 香港財務報告準則第13號之公 平值計量規定應用於其他香港 財務報告準則規定或允許公平 值計量的金融工具項目及非金 融工具項目:及

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement (continued)

HKFRS 13 defines the fair value of an asset as the price that would be received to sell an asset (or paid to transfer a liability, in the case of determining the fair value of a liability) in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions. Fair value under HKFRS 13 is an exit price regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Also, HKFRS 13 includes extensive disclosure requirements.

HKFRS 13 requires prospective application. In accordance with the transitional provisions of HKFRS 13, the Group has not made any new disclosures required by HKFRS 13 for the 2012 comparative period (please see note 6 for the 2013 disclosures). Other than the additional disclosures, the application of HKFRS 13 has not had any material impact on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則第13號公 平值計量(續)

香港財務報告準則第13號將資產的公平值界定為於現行市況下於司一期在主要市場(或最有利之完整交易所出售資產之報取或轉讓負債(如釐定負債之至性)須支付之價格。香港財務與下之公平值)須支付之價格。香港財務與下之公平值,不論該價格是否可直接觀率。 付用另一估值方法估計所得。此外,香港財務報告準則第13號包括廣泛的披露規定。

香港財務報告準則第13號規定按 未來適用基準應用。根據香港財務 報告準則第13號的過渡條文, 集團並無根據香港財務報告準則 13號對二零一二年比較期間作出 新的披露(有關二零一三年報露 料,請參閱附註6)。除須作出資 料,請參閱附註6)。除須作出額 外披露外,應用香港財務報告 第13號並無對綜合財務報表已確 認之金額造成任何重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")** (continued)

New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ¹	香港財務報告準則第9號	金
HKFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts ⁵	香港財務報告準則 第14號	監
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Mandatory Effective Date of HKFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures ¹	香港財務報告準則第9號 及香港財務報告準則 第7號(修訂本)	香
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27	Investment Entities ²	香港財務報告準則 第10號、香港財務 報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則第27號 (修訂本)	投
Amendments to HKAS 19	Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions ³	香港會計準則第19號 (修訂本)	界
Amendments to HKAS 32	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ²	香港會計準則第32號 (修訂本)	抵
Amendments to HKAS 36	Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non- Financial Assets ²	香港會計準則第36號 (修訂本)	非
Amendments to HKAS 39	Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting ²	香港會計準則第39號 (修訂本)	衍
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to	香港財務報告準則的	Ξ

HKFRSs 2010 - 2012 Cycle⁴

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011 - 2013 Cycle³

HK(IFRIC) - Int 21 Levies² 2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)(續)

> 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則

本集團並無提早採納以下已頒佈但 未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則:

1具工編金

监管遞延賬目5

香港財務報告準則 第9號的強制性生效

日期及過渡披露1 **公資實體**2

界定福利計劃: 僱員供款3

近消金融資產和 金融負債2

作金融資產的可收 回金額披露2

汀生工具更替及對沖 會計法的延續2

_零一零年至 修訂

二零一二年週期的 香港財務報告準則

的年度改進4 二零一一年至 香港財務報告準則的 二零一三年週期的 修訂

香港財務報告準則 的年度改進3

香港(國際財務報告 徴税2 詮釋委員會) - 詮釋 第21號

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

- Available for application the mandatory effective date will be determined when the outstanding phases of HKFRS 9 are finalised.
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, with limited exceptions.
- Effective for first annual HKFRS financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016.

HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 was subsequently amended in 2010 includes the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition, and further amended in 2013 to include the new requirements for hedge accounting.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 () (續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則 (續)

- 可供採用一強制性生效日期將於香港財務 報告準則第9號未完成階段完成後決定。
- ² 於二零一四年一月一日或其後開始之年度 期間牛效。
- 3 於二零一四年七月一日或其後開始之年度 期間生效。
- 4 於二零一四年七月一日或其後開始之年度 期間生效,附帶有限的例外情況。
- 5 於二零一六年一月一日或其後開始之首個 年度香港財務報告準則財務報表生效。

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具 |

於二零零九年頒佈之香港財務報告 準則第9號引進金融資產分類及計量之新規定。隨後於二零一零年經 修訂之香港財務報告準則第9號包 括有關金融負債分類及計量以及停 止確認的規定,並於二零一三年再度修 訂包括對沖會計的新規定。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (continued)

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described as follows:

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent reporting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號的主要規 定載述如下:

香港會計準則第39號「金融 工具:確認及計量|範圍內 所有已確認金融資產,將於 其後按攤銷成本或公平值計 量。具體而言,以業務模式 持有以收取合約現金流量為 目的之債務投資及純粹為支 付本金及未償還本金之利息 而擁有合約現金流之債務投 資一般於其後會計期間結束 時按攤銷成本計量。所有其 他債務投資及股本投資則於 其後呈報期間結束時按公平 值計量。此外,根據香港財 務報告準則第9號,實體可 能不可撤回地選擇在其他全 面收入中呈列股本投資(並非 持作買賣)之其後公平值變 動,且一般只在損益中確認 股息收入。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (continued)

With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value of financial liabilities attributable to changes in the financial liabilities' credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

The new general hedge accounting requirements retain the three types of hedge accounting. However, greater flexibility has been introduced to the types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the types of instruments that qualify for hedging instruments and the types of risk components of non-financial items that are eligible for hedge accounting. In addition, the effectiveness test has been overhauled and replaced with the principle of an 'economic relationship'. Retrospective assessment of hedge effectiveness is also no longer required. Enhanced disclosure requirements about an entity's risk management activities have also been introduced.

The directors do not anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 in the future will have material impact on amounts reported in respect of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」(續)

就指定按公平值計入損益的 金融負債之計量而言,香港 財務報告準則第9號規定, 該金融負債信貸風險轉變引 致之金融負債公平值變動數 額於其他全面收入呈列,惟 倘於其他全面收入內確認該 項負債的信貸風險轉變影響 會導致或擴大於損益內的會 計錯配則作別論。金融負債 信貸風險轉變引致之金融負 債公平值變動其後不會重新 分類至損益。根據香港會計 準則第39號,指定按公平值 計入損益之金融負債的公平 值變動數額全部於損益內呈 列。

董事預期日後採納香港財務報告準 則第9號的呈報金額不會對本集團 金融資產及金融負債的呈報金額有 重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 32 "Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities"

The amendments to HKAS 32 clarify existing application issues relating to the offset of financial assets and financial liabilities requirements. Specifically, the amendments clarify the meaning of 'currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off' and 'simultaneous realisation and settlement'.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments to HKAS 32 will have a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements as the Group does not have any financial assets and financial liabilities that qualify for offset.

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle

The Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle include a number of amendments to various HKFRSs, which are summarised below.

The amendments to HKFRS 2 (i) change the definitions of 'vesting condition' and 'market condition'; and (ii) add definitions for 'performance condition' and 'service condition' which were previously included within the definition of 'vesting condition'. The amendments to HKFRS 2 are effective for share-based payment transactions for which the grant date is on or after 1 July 2014.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

香港會計準則第32號(修訂本)「金融資產和金融負債的 互相抵銷」

香港會計準則第32號(修訂本)澄 清與抵銷金融資產與金融負債規定 有關的現有應用問題。具體而言, 有關修訂澄清「現時擁有於法律上 可強制執行的抵銷權」及「同時變現 及結算」的涵義。

本公司董事預期,應用香港會計準 則第32號(修訂本)將不會對本集 團之綜合財務報表造成影響,因為 本集團並無擁有任何可予以抵銷之 任何金融資產及金融負債。

香港財務報告準則二零一零 年至二零一二年週期之年度 改進

香港財務報告準則二零一零年至二 零一二年週期之年度改進包括若干 香港財務報告準則之多項修訂,其 概述如下。

香港財務報告準則第2號之修訂(i) 更改「歸屬條件」及「市場條件」之定 義;及(ii)加入「表現條件」及「服務 條件」之定義,該等定義早前已獲 納入「歸屬條件」之定義。香港財務 報告準則第2號之修訂對授出日期 為二零一四年七月一日或之後之以 股份支付之交易有效。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle (continued)

The amendments to HKFRS 3 clarify that contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability should be measured at fair value at each reporting date, irrespective of whether the contingent consideration is a financial instrument within the scope of HKFRS 9 or HKAS 39 or a non-financial asset or liability. Changes in fair value (other than measurement period adjustments) should be recognised in profit and loss. The amendments to HKFRS 3 are effective for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after 1 July 2014.

The amendments to HKFRS 8 (i) require an entity to disclose the judgements made by management in applying the aggregation criteria to operating segments, including a description of the operating segments aggregated and the economic indicators assessed in determining whether the operating segments have 'similar economic characteristics'; and (ii) clarify that a reconciliation of the total of the reportable segments' assets to the entity's assets should only be provided if the segment assets are regularly provided to the chief operating decision-maker.

The amendments to the basis for conclusions of HKFRS 13 clarify that the issue of HKFRS 13 and consequential amendments to HKAS 39 and HKFRS 9 did not remove the ability to measure short- term receivables and payables with no stated interest rate at their invoice amounts without discounting, if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 () 「香港財務報告準則 () (續)

香港財務報告準則二零一零 年至二零一二年週期之年度 改進(續)

香港財務報告準則第3號之修訂闡明,獲分類為資產或負債之或然代價須於各報告日期按公平值計量(不論或然代價屬香港財務報告準則第9號或香港會計準則第39號範圍內之財務工具,或非金融資量或負債)。公平值之變動(除計量數分類於損益中確認。香港財務報告準則第3號之修訂對改之業務合併有效。

香港財務報告準則第8號之修訂(i) 規定實體須向經營分部應用合算條 件時披露管理層作出之判斷,包括 在釐定經營分部是否具備「相似之 經濟特徵」時所評估已合算經營分 部及經濟指標之説明:及(ii)闡明 可呈報分部資產總值與實體資產之 對賬僅當於定期向主要營運決策 提供分部資產時方會提供。

香港財務報告準則第13號之結論 基準之修訂闡明,頒佈香港財務 報告準則第13號以及香港會計準 則第39號及香港財務報告準則第 9號之後續修訂並無除去計量於發 票金額中並無列明利率且並無貼現 (倘貼現影響並不重大)之短期應收 及應付款項之能力。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle (continued)

The amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 remove perceived inconsistencies in the accounting for accumulated depreciation/amortisation when an item of property, plant and equipment or an intangible asset is revalued. The amended standards clarify that the gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset and that accumulated depreciation/amortisation is the difference between the gross carrying amount and the carrying amount after taking into account accumulated impairment losses.

The amendments to HKAS 24 clarify that a management entity providing key management personnel services to a reporting entity is a related party of the reporting entity. Consequently, the reporting entity should disclose as related party transactions the amounts incurred for the service paid or payable to the management entity for the provision of key management personnel services. However, disclosure of the components of such compensation is not required.

The directors do not anticipate that the application of the amendments included in the *Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle* will have a material effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle

The Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle include a number of amendments to various HKFRSs, which are summarised below.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則二零一零年至二零一二年週期之年度 改進(續)

香港會計準則第24號之修訂闡明,向呈報實體提供主要管理人關 服務之管理實體乃該呈報實體之關 連人士。因此,該呈報實體須就提 供主要管理人員服務而已付或應付 予該管理實體之服務產生之金額, 以關連人士交易作出披露。 有關補償部分則毋須披露。

董事預計,應用香港財務報告準則 二零一零年至二零一二年週期之年 度改進所包括之修訂將不會對本集 團之綜合財務報表產生重大影響。

香港財務報告準則二零一一 年至二零一三年週期之年度 改進

香港財務報告準則二零一一年至二 零一三年週期之年度改進包括若干 香港財務報告準則之多項修訂,其 概述如下。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle (continued)

The amendments to HKFRS 3 clarify that the standard does not apply to the accounting for the formation of all types of joint arrangement in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself.

The amendments to HKFRS 13 clarify that the scope of the portfolio exception for measuring the fair value of a group of financial assets and financial liabilities on a net basis includes all contracts that are within the scope of, and accounted for in accordance with, HKAS 39 or HKFRS 9, even if those contracts do not meet the definitions of financial assets or financial liabilities within HKAS 32.

The amendments to HKAS 40 clarify that HKAS 40 and HKFRS 3 are not mutually exclusive and application of both standards may be required. Consequently, an entity acquiring investment property must determine whether:

- (a) the property meets the definition of investment property in terms of HKAS 40; and
- (b) the transaction meets the definition of a business combination under HKFRS 3.

The directors do not anticipate that the application of the amendments included in the *Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle* will have a material effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the other new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective will have no material effect on amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and/or disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements of the Group.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 () (續)

香港財務報告準則二零一一年至二零一三年週期之年度 改進(續)

香港財務報告準則第3號之修訂闡明該準則並不適用於説明共同安排財務報表中所有類型合營安排之構成。

香港財務報告準則第13號之修訂闡明該組合範圍(除以淨值基準計量一組金融資產及金融負債之公平值外)包括歸入香港會計準則第39號或香港財務報告準則第9號範圍內,及根據上述準則入賬的所有合約(即使該等合約並不符合香港會計準則第32號對金融資產或金融負債之定義)。

香港會計準則第40號之修訂闡明 香港會計準則第40號及香港財務 報告準則第3號並非互相排斥,並 可能需要同時應用此等準則,故 此,收購投資物業之實體須確定:

- (a) 該物業是否符合香港會計準 則第40號對投資物業之定 義:及
- (b) 該交易是否符合香港財務報告準則第3號對業務合併之定義。

董事預計,應用香港財務報告準則 二零一一年至二零一三年週期之年 度改進所包括之修訂將不會對本集 團之綜合財務報表產生重大影響。

本公司董事預計,應用其他已頒佈 但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂準則及 詮釋將不會對本集團綜合財務報表 內呈報的金額及/或該等綜合財務 報表所載披露造成重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 or value in use in HKAS 36.

3. 主要會計政策

綜合財務報表按照香港會計師公會 頒佈之香港財務報告準則編製。此 外,綜合財務報表載有香港聯交所 證券上市規則及香港公司條例規定 之適用披露。

綜合財務報表以歷史成本法編製, 惟若干按公平值計量(詳情載於下 文會計政策)的金融工具除外。歷 史成本法通常以獲取貨物所需代價 的公平值為基礎。

公平值乃指市場參與者之間在計量 日進行的有序交易中出售一項資產 所收取的價格或轉移一項負債所支 付的價格,無論該價格乃直接觀察 到的結果,或是採用其他估值技術 作出的估計。在對資產或負債的公 平值作出估計時,本集團考慮了市 場參與者在計量日為該資產或負債 進行定價時將會考慮的該等特徵。 於此等綜合財務報表中計量及/或 披露的公平值均按此基準予以釐 定,惟香港財務報告準則第2號範 圍內的以股份為基礎的支付交易、 香港會計準則第17號範圍內的租 賃交易及與公平值類似但並非公平 值的計量(例如香港會計準則第2 號中的可變現淨值或香港會計準則 第36號中的使用價值)除外。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principle accounting policies adopted are set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量根據公平值計量的輸入數據可觀察程度及公平值計量的輸入數據對其整體的重要性分類為第一級、第二級或第三級,詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據乃實體於計量日可取得的相同資產或負債於活躍市場之報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據乃就資產或 負債直接或間接地可觀察之 輸入數據(第一級內包括的報 價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據乃資產或負債的不可觀察輸入數據。

採納之主要會計政策載列如下。

綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及本公司 控制之實體及其附屬公司之財務報 表。當本公司滿足以下條件,則有 該實體之控制權:

- 對被投資方擁有權力;
- 面對或擁有自其參與被投資 方產生之浮動回報之權利或 承擔浮動風險;及
- 有能力行使其權力影響其回報。

倘事實及情況表明上述控制之三個 要素的其中一項或多項出現變動, 則本集團重新評估其是否控制被投 資方。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Allocation of total comprehensive income to noncontrolling interests

Total comprehensive income and expense of a subsidiary is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

綜合賬目基準(續)

對一間附屬公司之綜合入賬開始於 本集團獲得對該附屬公司之控制權 之時,並終止於本集團失去對該附 屬公司之控制權之時。具體而言之 年內所收購或出售之附屬公司之控制權之 人及開支自本集團獲得控面收 起計入綜合損益及其他全面 與 起計入綜合損益及其他 之 內,直至本集團失去對該附屬公司 之 控制權日期止。

本集團會對附屬公司之財務報表作 出必要調整,使其會計政策與本集 團之會計政策一致。

所有與本集團成員公司之間的交易 有關的集團內公司間之資產及負 債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量 於綜合入賬時全數對銷。

全面收入總額分配至非控股權益

附屬公司全面收入及開支總額分配 至本公司擁有人及非控股權益,即 使有關分配會導致非控股權益出現 結餘赤字。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/ permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

綜合賬目基準(續)

本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權之變 動

倘本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權之 變動並無導致本集團對附屬公司擁有權之 去控制權,則作為股本交易入賬。 本集團之權益及非控股權益之賬 值會予以調整以反映彼等於附屬公司之有關權益變動。調整非控股權 益之金額與已付或已收代價之公中 值之間之任何差額直接於權益中確 認並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

倘本集團失去對一間附屬公司之控 制權,收益或虧損將於損益確認及 將按以下兩者之差額計算:(i)已收 代價之公平值與任何保留權益之公 平值之總額及(ii)附屬公司之資產 (包括商譽)及負債以及任何非控股 權益之過往賬面值。所有先前於其 他全面收入確認有關該附屬公司之 金額,會按猶如本集團已直接出售 該附屬公司之相關資產或負債之方 式入賬(即按適用香港財務報告準 則所規定/許可,重新分類至損益 或轉撥至另一類權益)。於失去控 制權當日在前附屬公司保留之任何 投資公平值將根據香港會計準則第 39號,於其後入賬時被列作於初 步確認時之公平值,或於初步確認 時於聯營公司或合營公司之投資成 本(如適用)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses, if any, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit a pro rata on the basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in the profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

商譽

收購業務產生之商譽按成本減任何 累計減值虧損(如有)列賬,且在綜 合財務狀況表中單獨呈列。

就減值測試而言,商譽會分配到各 預期可受惠於合併協同效應的相關 現金產生單位或現金產生單位組 別。

出售有關現金產生單位時, 商譽應 佔金額於出售時計入釐定損益之金 額。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Investments in an associate and a joint venture

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates and joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of associates and joint ventures used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合營公司之投 資

聯營公司為本集團對該公司有重大 影響力之實體。重大影響指參與所 投資公司的財務及經營政策的權 利,但對該等政策並無控制或聯合 控制權。

合營公司是指當中對合營安排擁有 共同控制權的人士有權享有當中淨 資產的合營安排。共同控制權是制 在合約上同意共同擁有安排的控制 權,僅存在於就有關活動要求擁有 共同控制權的人士一致同意作出決 定時。

聯營公司及合營公司之業績及資產 與負債以會計權益法計入該等綜合 財務報表。聯營公司及合營公司用 作權益會計處理之財務報表採用與 本集團於類似情況下就同類交易及 事件所採用者一致之會計政策編 製。根據權益法,於聯營公司或合 營公司之投資初步按成本於綜合財 務狀況表確認,並於其後作出調整 以確認本集團分佔該聯營公司或合 營公司的損益及其他全面收入。倘 本集團分佔一間聯營公司之虧損超 出本集團所持該聯營公司或合營公 司權益(包括實質上屬本集團於該 聯營公司或合營公司之投資淨額一 部分的任何長期權益),則本集團 終止確認所分佔之其他虧損。額外 虧損僅於本集團產生法定或推定責 任或代該聯營公司或合營公司付款 時確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Investments in an associate and a joint venture (continued)

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate or a joint venture. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合營公司之投資(續)

於聯營公司或合營公司的投資自司的投資自己或合營公司或合營公司或於營司或於實力之關於,是是不可以對於政策,可以對於政策,可以對於政策,可以對於政策,可以對於政策,可以對於政策,可以對於政策,可以對於政策,可以對於政策,可以對於政策,可以對於政策,可以對於政策,可以對於政策,可以可以對於政策。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Investments in an associate and a joint venture (continued)

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate or a joint venture, or when the investment (or a portion thereof) is classified as held for sale. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with HKAS 39. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate or joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合營公司之投資(續)

本集團自該投資不再為聯營公司或 合營公司,或投資(或其部分)分類 為持作銷售之日起不再繼續採用權 益法。當本集團保留於前聯營公司 或合營公司之權益及該保留權益為 一項金融資產時,本集團按該日之 公平值計量保留權益,而根據香港 會計準則第39號該公平值被視為 其於初步確認時之公平值。該聯營 公司或合營公司於不再繼續採用權 益法之日的賬面值與任何保留權益 之公平值及出售該聯營公司或合營 公司之部份權益之任何所得款項間 之差額於釐定出售該聯營公司或合 營公司之盈虧時予以計入。此外, 本集團按與倘該聯營公司或合營公 司直接出售相關資產或負債則須採 取之相同基準,將先前於其他全面 收益內確認而與該聯營公司或合營 公司有關之所有款項入賬。因此, 倘該聯營公司或合營公司先前於其 他全面收益內確認之盈虧將重新分 類至出售相關資產或負債之損益, 則本集團於不再繼續採用權益法時 將該盈虧從權益重新分類至損益 (作為重新分類調整)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Investments in an associate and a joint venture (continued)

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate or a joint venture but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group (such as a sale or contribution of assets), profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not related to the Group.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合營公司之投資(續)

當於聯營公司的投資成為對合營公司的投資或於合營公司的投資成為對聯營公司的投資時,本集團繼續使用權益法。於發生該等所有權變動時,不會對公平值進行重新計量。

當本集團削減於聯營公司或合營公司的所有權權益但繼續使用權益法時,倘以往於其他全面收益確認有關削減所有權權益的盈虧部分將於出售相關資產或負債時重新分類至損益,則本集團會將該盈虧重新分類至損益。

當一集團實體與本集團聯營公司或 合營公司交易(例如銷售或貢獻資 產)時,與該聯營公司或合營公司 之交易所產生之溢利及虧損在本集 團綜合財務報表內確認,惟僅以與 本集團無關之聯營公司或合營公司 權益為限。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts, returns and sales related taxes.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of the contract is determined as follows:

- installation fees are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the installation, determined as the proportion of the total time expected to install that has elapsed at the end of the reporting period;
- servicing fees are recognised by reference to the proportion of the total cost of providing the service;
 and
- revenue from time and material contracts is recognised at the contractual rates as labour hours and direct expenses are incurred.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認

收入按已收或應收代價之公平值計算,相當於日常業務過程中所售貨品及所提供服務經扣除折扣、退貨及銷售相關稅項之應收金額。

產品銷售收入於產品付運及所有權 已轉移時並符合所有下列條件時確 認:

- 本集團已將產品擁有權之重 大風險及回報轉移予買方;
- 本集團並無保留一般與擁有權有關之銷售產品持續管理權或實際控制權;
- 收入金額能夠可靠地計量;
- 與交易相關之經濟利益很可能流入本集團;及
- 有關交易產生或將產生之成本能夠可靠地計量。

來自服務合約之收入經參考合約完 成進度後確認。合約完成進度按下 列方式釐定:

- 安裝費經參考安裝完成進度 確認,安裝完成進度按截至 呈報期結算日所用安裝時間 佔估計安裝總時間之比例釐 定;
- 服務費經參考佔所提供服務 之總成本之比例確認;及
- 按時計算及重大合約之收入 根據工時及產生的直接開支 按合約率確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from provision of consultancy and software development services, software outsourcing and commission income are recognised when services are provided.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Group's rights to receive payment have been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably).

Value Added Tax ("VAT") refund is recognised as income when the Group's rights to receive the VAT refund has been established.

The Group's accounting policy for recognition of revenue from operating leases is described in the accounting policy for leasing below.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including leasehold land (classified as finance leases) and building held for administrative purposes other than properties under construction as described below are stated in the consolidated financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

提供諮詢及軟件開發服務之收入、 軟件外包及佣金收入於提供服務時 確認。

金融資產之利息收入在本集團很可能獲得經濟利益且能可靠計量收入的情況下確認。金融資產之利息收入按時間基準,參照尚未償還本金及按適用實際利率累計,也就是將金融資產於預期可用年期該產業金融資金收入完全貼現至數方。

在本集團很可能獲得經濟利益且能 可靠計量收入金額情況下,投資的 股息收入於本集團收取付款之權利 確立時確認。

增值税(「增值税」)退税於本集團收取增值税退税之權利確立時確認為收入。

本集團用於確認來自經營租賃的收 入之會計政策載於下文有關租賃的 會計政策。

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(包括分類為金融租賃的租賃土地及持作行政用途的樓宇,下文所述在建物業除外)按成本減其後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有)於綜合財務狀況表列賬。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment other than properties under construction and less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include professional fees, the amortisation of prepaid lease payments provided during the construction period and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

If an item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property because its use has changed as evidenced by end of owner-occupation, the transfer does not change the carrying amount of the property transferred and it does not change the cost of that property for measurement or disclosure purpose.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目(在建物業除外)的折舊以直線法於估計可使用年期撤銷其成本,並減去其估計剩餘價值確認。估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法於各呈報期結算日檢討,任何估計變動的影響按預期基準列賬。

倘物業、廠房及設備項目因其用途 發生變化(以擁有人終止佔用證明) 成為投資物業,轉讓並不改變所轉 讓物業的賬面值。就計量或披露而 言,轉讓亦不改變該物業的成本。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時或預期繼續使用該資產不會產生任何日後經濟利益時終止確認。物業產人。物學及設備項目的出售或報廢所產生之任何收益或虧損按該資產之出售所得款項與賬面值之差額計算,於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Investment properties include land held for undetermined future use, which is regarded as held for capital appreciation purpose.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of investment property over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account of their estimated residual value, using the straight-line method.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

投資物業

投資物業為就賺取租金及/或資本 升值持有的物業。投資物業包括持 作用於不確定未來用途(被視為就 資本升值持有)之土地。

投資物業初步按成本計量,包括任 何直接應佔開支。於初步確認後, 投資物業按成本減隨後累計折舊及 任何累計減值虧損列賬。折舊之確 認是於投資物業的估計可使用年期 以直線法於考慮其估計剩餘價值後 撇銷其成本。

投資物業於出售時或投資物業永久 不再使用並預期出售不會產生未來 經濟利益時終止確認。終止確認產 生的任何盈虧(按該資產之出售所 得款項淨額及其賬面值之間的差額 計算)於該物業終止確認期間計入 損益。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are calculated using the first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者之較低者列賬。存貨成本採用先進先出 法計算。可變現淨值指存貨之估計 售價減完成時所有估計成本及進行 出售時所需成本。

政府補助

政府補助僅在可合理保證本集團將 遵守有關附屬條件且會獲得所述補 助的情況下確認。

政府補助乃於本集團將擬補償補助之相關成本確認為開支期間有系統地於損益中確認。具體而言,主要條件為本集團須購買、興建或以其他方式收購非流動資產的政府補助於綜合財務狀況表確認為遞延收入,並按系統及合理基準在相關資產的可使用年期轉至損益。

本集團可獲取的旨在補償已產生開 支或虧損或為本集團提供即時財務 資助(而無未來相關成本)之政府補 助於應收期間在損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Software development contracts

Where the outcome of a software development contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting period, measured based on the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to date relative to the estimated total contract costs, except where this would not be representative of the stage of completion. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that the amount can be measured reliably and its receipt is considered probable.

Where the outcome of a software development contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is shown as amounts due from customers for contract works. For contracts where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is shown as amounts due to customers for contract works. Amounts received before the related work is performed are included in the consolidated statement of financial position, as a liability, as advances received. Amounts billed for work performed but not yet paid by the customers are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under trade receivables.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

軟件開發合同

倘軟件開發合同的結果不能可靠估計,合同收入則按已產生而可能將 予收回的合同成本確認。合同成本 應在產生期間確認為開支。

倘合同總成本有可能超出合同總收 入,預計損失即時確認為開支。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's entities are translated from their functional currencies into the presentation currency of the Company (i.e. HKD) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve (attributed to noncontrolling interests as appropriate). On deconsolidation of a group entity which is not a foreign operation, exchange differences were accumulated in the translation reserve arising from translating the assets and liabilities of the relevant entity into the presentation currency of the Group, will be transferred directly to retained profits.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

研發開支

研究活動之開支於產生期間確認為 開支。

外幣

結算及換算貨幣項目所產生之匯兑 差額均於產生年度於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before taxation' as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because it excludes items of income and expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable and deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

借貸成本

與收購、建造或生產合資格資產 (指需一段長時間方可達致其擬定 用途或可供銷售的資產)直接有關 之借貸成本均計入該等資產之成 本,直至該資產大致可作其擬定用 途或可供銷售時止。特定借貸中, 在其應用於合資格資產之前所作的 臨時投資所賺取的投資收入, 可資本化的借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本均於產生期間在 損益確認。

税項

所得税開支指即期應付税項及遞延 税項的總和。

即期應付稅項按年度應課稅溢利計算。由於應課稅溢利不包括其他年度應課稅或可扣稅收入及開支項目,亦不包括永不課稅或永不可扣稅項目,故有別於綜合損益表所呈報之「除稅前溢利」。本集團即期稅項負債按呈報期結算日已頒佈或實際已頒佈之稅率計算。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and an associate, and interest in a joint venture, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Taxation (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值於呈報期結 算日檢討,並在不再可能會有足夠 應課税溢利收回全部或部分資產時 調減。

根據呈報期結算日已頒佈或實際已 頒佈之税率(及税法),遞延税項資 產及負債按負債清償或資產變現期 間預期適用之税率計量。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量反映以 本集團預期之方式於呈報期結算日 將出現的税務後果,以收回資產或 清償負債之賬面值。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認,惟當其與於其他全面收入確認或直接於權益確認之項目有關時,在此情況下,即期及遞延税項亦會分別於其他全面收入確認或直接於權益確認。倘因業務合併之初始會計處理時產生即期或遞延税項,稅務影響計入業務合併之會計處理內。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured at the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the profit or loss in the period when the asset is derecognised.

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill and are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is recognised as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

無形資產

獨立收購的無形資產

獨立收購的有可使用限期之無形資產按成本減累計攤銷及累計減值虧損列賬。有可使用限期之無形資產於估計可使用年期以直線法確認攤銷。估計可使用年期及攤銷方法於各呈報期結算日檢討,而任何估計變動的影響按相應基準入賬。

無形資產於出售或預期使用或出售 不再產生未來經濟利益時終止確 認。因終止確認無形資產而產生之 收益或虧損按出售所得款項淨額與 資產賬面值之差額計算,並於資產 終止確認期間確認損益。

業務合併中收購的無形資產

於業務合併中收購之無形資產與商譽分開確認,首次按收購日期之公平值(確認為有關無形資產之成本)確認。

首次確認後,有可使用限期之無形 資產按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計 減值虧損列賬,於估計可使用年期 以直線法確認攤銷。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (see the accounting policy in respect of goodwill above)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset. the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

有形及無形資產(不包括商譽,有關商譽之會計政策請參閱上文)之減值虧損

可收回金額為公平值減銷售成本與使用價值之間的較高者。於評估使用價值時,估計未來現金流量會採用反映現時市場對貨幣時間價值及資產特殊風險的評估的稅前貼現率,貼現至其現值,及並無就此對未來現金流的估計予以調整。

倘某資產(或現金產生單位)之可回收金額估計將會低於其賬面值,則 須將該資產(或現金產生單位)之賬面值減至其可回收金額。減值虧損即時於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (see the accounting policy in respect of goodwill above) (continued)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

有形及無形資產(不包括商譽,有關商譽之會計政策請參閱上文)之減值虧損(續)

倘其後撥回減值虧損,則須將該資產(或現金產生單位)之賬面值增至 其可回收金額之經修訂估計數額, 惟增加後之賬面值不得超過過往年 度資產(或現金產生單位)並無確認 減值虧損而釐定之賬面值。減值虧 損的撥回即時確認為收入。

金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於集團實體成 為工具合同條文之訂約方時在綜合 財務狀況表確認。

金融資產及金融負債首次按公平值計量。收購或發行金融資產及金融負債(按公平值計入損益之金融資債(按公平值計入損益之金融資債除外)直接應公平值或自金融資產之公平值或自金融資產之公平值或自金融資產或金融負債內損益之金融資產或金融負債的交易成本即時於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets comprise loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The accounting policies are set out below. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables, amounts due from fellow subsidiaries and ultimate holding company, Entrusted loan receivable, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial assets and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產

本集團之金融資產包括貸款及應收 賬款以及可供出售金融資產,有關 會計政策載於下文。金融資產按其 性質及用途分類,並於首次確認時 確定類別。

貸款及應收賬款

實際利率法

實際利率法是計算金融資產攤銷成本及於有關期間攤分利息收入之方法。實際利率指將負債工具之預期使用年期或(如適用)較短期間內的估計日後現金收入(包括所有支付或收取屬整體實際利率之所有費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折價)準確貼現至首次確認之賬面淨值之利率。

利息收入按實際利率基準確認債務 工具。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments.

Available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instrument are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of the reporting period (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividend is established.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產乃指定為或並非 分類為按公平值計入損益之金融資 產、貸款及應收賬款或持至到期投 資之非衍生工具。

對於並無活躍市場報價的可供出售之股本投資,倘其公平值未能可靠計量,且與之掛鉤的衍生工具必須以交付有關未報價權益工具結算,則於呈報期結算日按成本減任何已識別減值虧損計算(參閱以下有關金融資產減值虧損之會計政策)。

可供出售股本工具之股息,在本集 團收取股息之權力確定時於損益中 確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Loans and receivable and available-for-sale financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For all financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For loans and receivables, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產之減值

貸款及應收賬款以及可供出售金融資產會於呈報期結算日評定有否減值跡象。當有客觀證據顯示金融資產之預期未來現金流量受首次確認該金融資產後發生之一項或多項事件所影響,則金融資產視為已減值。

所有金融資產的客觀減值證據可能 包括:

- 發行人或交易對手出現重大 財務困難;或
- 違約,例如未能繳付或拖欠 償還利息或本金;或
- 借款人可能面臨破產或財務 重組。

對於若干金融資產類別(例如貿易應收賬款),評估為不會單獨減值的資產會另行一併評估減值。應收賬款組合的客觀減值證據包括本集團過往收款記錄、組合內超出平均信貸期的延遲付款數量增加以及國家或地區經濟狀況出現明顯可影響應收賬款還款情況的改變。

對於貸款及應收賬款,已確認減值 虧損額按該資產賬面值與按該金融 資產之原先實際利率貼現之估計未 來現金流量之現值間的差額計量。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

For available-for-sale financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the loans and receivables is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For loans and receivables, if in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產之減值(續)

對於可供出售按成本列賬之金融資產,減值虧損額按資產賬面值與按同類金融資產之現行市場回報率貼現之估計未來現金流量之現值間的差額計量。有關減值虧損不會於往後期間撥回。

所有金融資產之減值虧損會直接於 貸款及應收賬款之賬面值扣減,惟 貿易應收賬款之賬面值則使用撥備 賬扣減。撥備賬之賬面值變動會於 損益確認。當貿易應收賬款視為不 可收回時,於撥備賬撇銷。其後收 回之前已撇銷的款項會計入損益。

對於貸款及應收賬款,倘減值虧損 額於往後期間減少,而減少額客觀 上與確認減值虧損後發生的事件有 關,則之前已確認的減值虧損將於 損益撥回,惟該資產於減值撥回當 日之賬面值不得超過假設未確認減 值時之攤銷成本。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instrument

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具

集團實體發行之債務及股本工具根 據合同安排之性質與金融負債及股 本工具之定義分類為金融負債或權 益。

股本工具是證明扣減所有負債後本 集團資產擁有剩餘權益之任何合 同。本公司發行之股本工具按已收 取所得款項扣除直接發行成本後確 認。

實際利率法

實際利率法是計算金融負債攤銷成本及攤分有關期間利息支出的方法。實際利率是將金融負債之預期使用年期或(如適用)較短期間內的估計日後現金付款(包括所有支付或收取屬整體實際利率之所有費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折價)完全貼現至首次確認之賬面淨值之利率。

利息支出按實際利率基準確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instrument (continued)

Redeemable convertible preferred shares ("Preferred Shares")

Preferred Shares issued by the Company that contain both the liability and equity components are classified separately into respective liability and equity components on initial recognition. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instrument is classified as an equity instrument.

On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is determined using the prevailing market interest rate of similar non-convertible debts. The difference between the proceeds of the issue of the Preferred Shares and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the embedded conversion option for the holder to convert the Preferred Shares into equity, is included in equity (Preferred shares equity reserve).

In subsequent periods, the liability component of the Preferred Shares is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The equity component, representing the option to convert the liability component into ordinary shares of the Company, will remain in preferred shares equity reserve until the embedded option is exercised (in which case the balance stated in preferred shares equity reserve will be transferred to share premium). Where the option remains unexercised at the expiry date, the balance stated in preferred shares equity reserve will remain in the preferred shares equity reserve. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the option.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

可贖回可換股優先股(「優先股」)

本公司發行之優先股包括負債及股本部分,於首次確認時分別列入各 負債及股本部分。以定額現金或其 他金融資產交換定額本公司自有股 本工具結算的換股權分類為股本工 具。

首次確認時,負債部分之公平值是根據同類不可換股債項之現行市場利率釐定。發行優先股之所得款項與轉至負債部分之公平值間的差額(即讓持有人將優先股轉換為股本之嵌入轉換股權)計入股本部分(優先股股本儲備)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instrument (continued)

Redeemable convertible preferred shares ("Preferred Shares") (continued)

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the Preferred Shares are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the Preferred Shares using the effective interest method.

Redeemable convertible preferred shares with modified terms ("New Preferred Shares")

New Preferred Shares issued by the Company that contain both liability and conversion option components are classified separately into respective items on initial recognition. Conversion option that will be settled other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is a conversion option derivative. At the date of issue, both the liability and conversion option components are recognised at fair value. In subsequent periods, the liability component of the New Preferred Shares is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The conversion option derivative is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the New Preferred Shares are allocated to the liability and conversion option components in proportion to their relative fair values. Transaction costs relating to the conversion option derivative is charged to profit or loss immediately. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the New Preferred Shares using the effective interest method.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

可贖回可換股優先股(「優先股」) (續)

與發行優先股有關之交易成本會按 所得款項總額之分配比例分配至負 債及股本部分。與股本部分有關之 交易成本會直接自股本扣除。與負 債部分有關之交易成本以負債部分 賬面值列賬,並以實際利率法於優 先股期間攤銷。

經修訂可贖回可換股優先股(「新優 先股 I)

與發行新優先股有關之交易成本會 按其相對公平值比例分配至負債及 換股權部分。與換股權衍生工具有 關之交易成本會即時於損益支銷。 與負債部分有關之交易成本以負債 部分賬面值列賬,並以實際利率法 於新優先股期間攤銷。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instrument (continued)

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities including trade and bills payables, other payables and accrued expenses and amounts due to ultimate holding company and fellow subsidiaries are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all the risk and reward of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

其他金融負債

其他金融負債包括貿易應付賬款及 應付票據、其他應付賬款及應計開 支,以及應付最終控股公司及同集 團附屬公司的款項,其後均使用實 際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

終止確認

倘本集團僅於自資產獲得現金流量 之合約權利屆滿,或倘其向另一實 體轉讓金融資產及該資產之實質性 的風險及回報,會終止確認該項金 融資產。

終止確認金融資產時,資產賬面值 與已於其他全面收入確認的已收及 應收代價以及累計收益或虧損並於 權益累計的總和之差額,將於損益 確認。

本集團於且僅於本集團責任獲解除、取消或到期時,終止確認金融 負債。終止確認之金融負債賬面值 與已付及應付代價之差額於損益確 認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating lease.

The Group as lessor

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recognised as receivables at the amount of the Group's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases. Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the relevant lease terms, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃

凡租約條款將租賃擁有權之絕大部 分風險及回報轉讓予承租人之租約 均分類為融資租約。所有其他租約 則分類為經營租約。

本集團作為出租人

根據融資租約應收承租人的租金乃按本集團於租約的投資淨額確認為應收賬款。融資租約收入會分配至會計期間,以反映本集團租約之司 未收回投資淨額的固定週期回報率。來自經營租約之租金收入積益確認。

本集團作為承租人

經營租約付款按直線法於有關租期 內確認為開支,惟倘另一系統基準 更能代表動用租賃資產經濟利益的 時間模式則除外。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Leasing (continued)

Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid lease payments" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

和賃(續)

租賃土地及樓宇

倘租約包括土地及樓宇部分,本集 團會基於每個部分所有權的風 回報是否已絕大部分轉至本集團的 評估結果評定每個部分分類為經營租約,除非土地與 宇部分均為經營租約,則整個租 分類為經營租約。具體而言,付款 按租賃開始時於所租賃土地與樓 部分租賃權益的相對公平值比例分 配至土地與樓宇部分。

在租賃款項能夠可靠分配之情況下,租賃土地之權益作為經營租約於綜合財務狀況表呈列為「預付租賃款項」,並按直線法於租期內攤銷。倘租金支出無法可靠地在土地與樓宇部分之間作出分配,則整個租賃一般分類為融資租約,並列作物業、廠房及設備。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Share-based payment transactions

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees of the Group

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (share option reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to share option reserve.

When the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to retained profits.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

以股份支付之交易以股權結算股份支付之交易

授予本集團僱員之購股權

經參照授出當日已授出購股權之公 平值而釐定之已收取服務公平值, 於歸屬期間按直線法確認為開支, 而股本(購股權儲備)則相應增加。

於呈報期結算日,本集團會修訂預期最終歸屬之購股權估計數目。歸屬期間修訂原估計之影響(如有)在損益確認,以使累計開支反映已修訂估計,並對購股權儲備作出相應調整。

於行使購股權時,先前已在購股權儲備中確認之金額將轉撥至股份溢價。倘購股權於歸屬日期後被沒收或於到期日仍未獲行使,則先前已在購股權儲備中確認之金額將轉撥至保留溢利。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Share-based payment transactions (continued)

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions (continued)

Share options granted to employees of the Group (continued)

In relation to share options granted before 1 January 2005, the Group chose not to apply HKFRS 2 "Share-based payments" with respect to share options granted after 7 November 2002 and vested before 1 January 2005, the financial impact of share options granted is not recorded in the consolidated financial statements until such time as the options are exercised, and no charge is recognised in profit or loss in respect of the value of options granted. Upon the exercise of the share options, the resulting shares issued are recorded as additional share capital at the nominal value of the shares, and the excess of the exercise price per share over the nominal value of the shares is recorded as share premium. Options which lapse or are cancelled prior to their exercise date are deleted from the register of outstanding options.

Retirement benefits costs

Payments to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme and other retirement benefit schemes managed by the PRC government are charged as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

以股份支付之交易(續) 以股權結算股份支付之交易(續)

授予本集團僱員之購股權(續)

對於二零零五年一月一日前授出之 購股權,本集團選擇不會就二零零 二年十一月七日後授出及於二零零 五年一月一日前歸屬之購股權應用 香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份 為基準之支付1,授出購股權之財 務影響不會計入綜合財務報表,直 至該等購股權獲行使為止,且不會 就已授出購股權之價值於損益確認 開支。於購股權獲行使時,因此而 發行的股份會按股份之面值入賬列 為額外股本,而每股股份行使價超 出股份面值之部分入賬列為股份溢 價。於行使日期已失效或註銷之購 股權會從尚未行使之購股權之登記 冊內刪除。

退休福利成本

對強制性公積金計劃及中國政府管理之其他退休福利計劃支付之供款,乃於僱員提供服務而有權獲得供款時列作開支支銷。

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源

以下為極可能導致下一個財政年度 之資產及負債賬面值大幅調整有關 未來之主要假設及於呈報期結算日 估計不明朗因素之其他主要來源的 討論。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

Estimated impairment of property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets

Determining whether property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets relating to the software development and solution are impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less cost to sell and value in use. The Group performed impairment assessment by estimating the value in use of the cash-generating unit in which the property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are attributable to, which approximately the fair value less cost to sell. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating units and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. The discount rate represents the rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected or where there are events or changes in facts or circumstances which resulted in a revision of estimated cash flows, further material impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss may arise. The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at 31 December 2013 were approximately HK\$242,710,000 (2012: HK\$121,349,000). The carrying amounts of other intangible assets at 31 December 2013 were approximately HK\$16,669,000 (2012: HK\$21,122,000). No impairment loss was recognised for property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets for both years.

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來 源(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及其他 無形資產估計減值

釐定物業、廠房及設備以及關於軟 件開發及解決方案之其他無形資產 是否減值時,須估計可收回金額。 可收回金額為公平值減出售成本與 使用價值兩者之較高者。本集團估 計物業、廠房及設備以及無形資產 應佔現金產生單位之使用價值(與 公平值減出售成本相若),從而進 行減值評估。計算使用價值需要本 集團估計用作計算現值之現金產生 單位之預期未來現金流量及適當折 現率。折現率指反映現時市場對貨 幣時間價值之評估及並未調整估計 未來現金流量之資產風險之比率。 倘實際未來現金流量少於預期或倘 出現導致修訂估計現金流量之事件 或事實或情況變動,則可能出現進 一步重大減值虧損或撥回減值虧 損。於二零一三年十二月三十一 日,物業、廠房及設備賬面值約為 242,710,000港元(二零一二年: 121,349,000港元)。其他無形資 產於二零一三年十二月三十一日之 賬面值約為16,669,000港元(二零 一二年:21,122,000港元)。該兩 年度均無就物業、廠房及設備以及 其他無形資產確認減值虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

Estimated impairment of trade receivables, amounts due from ultimate holding company andfellow subsidiaries, and entrusted loan receivable

When there is objective evidence of impairment loss, the Group takes into consideration the estimation of future cash flows. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. As at 31 December 2013, the carrying amount of trade receivable is HK\$295,702,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$34,791,000) (2012: carrying amount of HK\$250,563,000, net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$18,850,000). Additionally, as at 31 December, 2013, the carrying amounts of amounts due from ultimate holding company and fellow subsidiaries are HK\$9,423,000 (2012: HK\$11,965,000) and HK\$192,689,000 (HK\$150,217,000), respectively. As at 31 December, 2013, the carrying amount of entrusted loan receivable is HK\$509,585,000 (2012: Nil).

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來 源(續)

貿易應收賬款、應收最終控 股公司及同集團附屬公司的 款額以及應收委託貸款估計 減值

如有客觀證據證明出現減值虧損, 本集團會考慮未來現金流量之估 計。減值虧損之金額乃按資產賬 面值與按金融資產之原有實際利 率(即於初步確認時計算之實際利 率) 貼現之估計未來現金流量(不包 括未產生之未來信貸虧損)現值兩 者之差額計量。倘實際未來現金流 量少於預期,則可能出現重大減值 虧損。於二零一三年十二月三十一 日,貿易應收賬款之賬面值約為 295,702,000港元(扣除呆賬撥備 34,791,000港元)(二零一二年: 賬面值250,563,000港元,扣除呆 賬撥備18,850,000港元)。此外, 於二零一三年十二月三十一日,應 收最終控股公司及同集團附屬公 司的款額賬面值分別為9,423,000 港元(二零一二年:11,965,000港 元)及192,689,000港元(二零一二 年:150,217,000港元)。於二零 一三年十二月三十一日,應收委 託貸款賬面值為509,585,000港元 (二零一二年:無)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

Estimated impairment of amounts due from customers for contract work

Revenue and profit recognition on contracts to provide service are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of reporting period, which is measured as total contract costs incurred for work performed to date relative to estimated total contract costs to be incurred upon completion of the contract.

In estimating the total contract costs, management considers the actual costs incurred for similar completed contracts as well as market prices of raw materials, subcontract labor costs and other related costs that will affect the estimation of budget cost, based on past experience and current market information.

As market conditions keep changing, actual costs incurred upon completion of the project may differ significantly from that initially estimated, which would affect the amounts due from customers for contract work, contract revenue and profit recognised in the period in which such changes take place. As at 31 December 2013, the carrying amount of the amounts due from customers for contract work is HK\$32,987,000 (2012: HK\$39,761,000).

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來 源(續)

應收客戶合約工程款估計減 值

提供服務的合約收入及溢利確認乃 參考呈報期結算日的合約活動完成 階段確認,乃按工程進行至今所產 生的合約成本總額與合約完成時將 予產生的估計總合約成本的比例計 量。

於估計合約成本總額時,管理層根據過往經驗及目前市場資料考慮到類似已完成合約產生的實際成本以及原材料市價、分包勞工成本及將會影響估計預算成本的其他相關成本。

由於市況不停轉變,故項目完成時產生的實際成本可能與初步估計者有重大差異,從而影響有關變動發生時的應收客戶合約工程款、合約收入及期內確認溢利。於二零一三年十二月三十一日,應收客戶合約工程款賬面值為32,987,000港元(二零一二年:39,761,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

5. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of business. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and retained profits.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a continuous basis taking into account the cost of capital and the risks associates with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of redeemable convertible preferred shares or convertible notes to strategic investors or the redemption of the existing debt.

5. 資本風險管理

本集團的政策是維持穩健資本基礎,確保債權人及市場對本集團有信心並支持未來業務的發展。本集團的整體策略與去年無異。

本集團資本架構由債項及本公司擁有人應佔權益(包括已發行股本、 儲備及保留溢利)組成。

本公司董事根據資金成本及各級別 資本相關風險持續檢討資本結構。 根據董事之推薦建議,本集團透過 派付股息、發行新股份及發行可贖 回可換股優先股或可換股票據予策 略投資者或贖回現有債務平衡整體 資本結構。

2013

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

6. 金融工具

(a) 金融工具類別

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Available-for-sale investment	可供出售投資	23,433	22,693
Loans and receivables (including cash	貸款及應收賬款(包括		
and cash equivalents)	現金及現金等值物)	1,940,724	1,648,819
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Amortised cost	攤銷成本	334,713	353,477
Fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益		
 Derivative financial instruments 	一衍生金融工具	_	30,857

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade and bills receivables, other receivables, entrusted loan receivable, amounts due from ultimate holding company and fellow subsidiaries, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash, trade and bills payables, other payables and accrued expenses, amounts due to ultimate holding company and fellow subsidiaries and redeemable convertible preferred shares. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Market risk

Currency risk

The Group collects most of its revenue in HK\$ and RMB and incurs most of the expenditures as well as capital expenditures in HK\$ and RMB. The directors consider that the Group's foreign currency exchange risk is insignificant as the majority of the Group's transactions are denominated in functional currency of each individual group entity.

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策

本集團之主要金融工具包括 貿易應收賬款及應收票據、 其他應收賬款、應收委託貸 款、應收最終控股公司及同 集團附屬公司的款額、已抵 押銀行存款與銀行結餘及現 金、貿易應付賬款及應付票 據、其他應付款額及應計開 支、應付最終控股公司及同 集團附屬公司的款額及可贖 回可換股優先股。該等金融 工具詳情於各附註披露。下 文載列與該等金融工具有關 之風險及如何降低該等風險 之政策。管理層管理及監控 該等風險,確保及時有效地 採取適當措施。

市場風險

貨幣風險

本集團大部分收入、開支及 資本開支均以港元及人民幣 計值。由於本集團大部分交 易以各個別集團實體之功能 貨幣計值,故董事認為本集 團之外幣換算風險不大。

本集團現時並無外幣對沖政策。然而,管理層監察外匯 風險,並會於有需要時考慮 對沖重大外幣風險。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

Currency risk (continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities at the reporting date are as follows:

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

市場風險(續)

貨幣風險(續)

於呈報日期,本集團以外幣 計值之貨幣資產及負債的賬 面值如下:

		Assets 資產		Liabilities 負債	
		2013 2012 二零一三年 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000 HK\$'000</i>		2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Relative to RMB:	相對人民幣:	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
HK\$ Relative to HK\$:	港元 相對港元:	1,462	1,624	_	64,961
United States Dollars("US\$") Japanese Yen	美元(「美元」) 日圓(「日圓」)	140,014	71,488	_	_
("JPY")		3,912	12		

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

For the entities of which their functional currency is HK\$ while holding assets denominated in US\$, the directors consider that, as HK\$ is pegged to US\$, the Group is not subject to significant foreign currency risk from change in foreign exchange rate of HK\$ against US\$ and hence only consider the sensitivity of the change in foreign exchange rate of HK\$ against currencies other than US\$. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding monetary items which are denominated in relevant foreign currencies and adjusts its translation at the year end for a 5% change in the relevant foreign currencies exchange rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in post-tax profit (loss) for the year where the relevant foreign currencies strengthen 5% against the functional currency of each group entities. For a 5% weakening of the relevant foreign currencies against the relevant foreign currencies, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the post-tax profit (loss) for the year and the balances below would be negative. 5% (2012: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used by management in the assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

市場風險(續)

敏感度分析

功能貨幣為港元而持有以美 元計值的資產之實體方面, 由於港元與美元掛鉤,董事 認為本集團因港元兑美元的 外幣匯率波動所涉外匯風險 並不重大,故僅考慮港元兑 美元以外貨幣之匯率波動的 敏感度。敏感度分析僅包括 以相關外幣列值的未結算貨 幣項目,並在各年終對有關 項目按5%相關外幣匯率變 化進行換算調整。下文所示 的正數表示年內因相關外幣 兑各集團實體功能貨幣升值 5%而使除税後溢利(虧損)增 加。相反,若相關外幣兑各 集團實體功能貨幣貶值5%, 則年內除税後溢利(虧損)會 等額下跌,以下結餘會呈負 數。5%(二零一二年:5%) 的敏感度比率是管理層所評 估外幣匯率的合理變幅。

2013 二零一三年 *HK\$'000* 千港元 2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元

Increase in post-tax profit 年內除税後溢利 增加 (2012: (Increase) decrease in (二零一二年:年內除税後

HK\$ impact 港元影響

JPY impact 日圓影響

61 6 (2,468) 132

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

Interest rate risk

The Group's fair value interest rate risk relates primarily to fixed rate entrusted loan receivable. The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances.

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk primarily related to its bank balances carried at prevailing market rate. In addition, the Group has concentration of interest rate risk on its floating rate bank balances which expose the Group significantly towards the change in the People's Bank of China's interest rate.

The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to the variable-rate bank balances in the PRC. The analysis is prepared assuming the PRC bank balances outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 100 basis points (2012: 100 basis points) increase or 50 basis points (2012: 50 basis points) decrease is used, which represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

市場風險(續)

利率風險

本集團之公平值利率風險主 要與應收固定利率委託貸款 有關。本集團亦面對與浮息 銀行結餘有關的現金流量利 率風險。

本集團的現金流量利率風險 主要與按現行市場利率計息 的銀行結餘有關。此外,由 於浮息銀行結餘使本集團面 對中國人民銀行利率變更的 重大風險,故本集團面對相 關集中利率風險。

本集團現時並無利率對沖政 策。然而,管理層監察利率 風險,並會於需要時考慮對 沖重大利率風險。

以下敏感度分析乃根據中國 浮息銀行結餘風險釐定。分 析乃假設於各呈報期結算日 尚未償還的中國銀行結餘於 全年未償還為前提作出。100 基點(二零一二年:100基 點)增加或50基點(二零一二年:50基點)減少乃代表管理 層對利率存在的合理變動的 評估。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

Interest rate risk (continued)

If interest rates had been 100 basis points (2012: 100 basis points) higher or 50 basis points (2012: 50 basis points) lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax profit for the year ended 31 December 2013 would increase by HK\$5,134,000 (2012: post-tax loss would decrease by HK\$9,373,000) and decrease by HK\$2,568,000 (2012: post-tax loss would increase by HK\$4,686,000), respectively.

Other price risk

The Group is exposed to price risk through its available-for-sale investments. However, the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

市場風險(續)

利率風險(續)

倘利率上升100基點(二下 50基點)可不 50基點(二零一二年 50基點)而所有其他變 表 50基點)而所有其他變 截一零一三年十二月三十一日止年度之除稅後溢港一一一年 50分別增加5,134,000港元(二零一二年:除稅後虧損會增加4,686,000港元)。

其他價格風險

本集團面對來自可供出售投資的價格風險。然而,由於合理公平值的估計範圍相當大,本公司董事認為無法可靠計量其公平值。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties' failure to perform their obligations as at 31 December 2013 and 2012 in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that followup action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade and bills receivable, amounts due from ultimate holding company and fellow subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. The Group's trade and bills receivables as at 31 December 2013 are due from a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries. The management closely monitors the subsequent settlement of the customers and does not grant long credit period to them. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

信貸風險

二零一三年及二零一二年 十二月三十一日,倘交易方 未能履行責任,則本集團就 各類已確認金融資產須承受 之最大信貸風險為已於綜合 財務狀況表列值之該等資產 賬面值。為盡量降低信貸風 險,本集團管理層已委派一 組人員負責制訂信貸限額、 信貸審批及其他監控措施, 確保採取跟進措施收回逾期 債項。此外,於各呈報期結 算日,本集團評估各個別貿 易應收賬款及應收票據、應 收最終控股公司及同集團附 屬公司款項之可收回金額, 確保就不可收回金額作出足 夠減值虧損。本集團於二零 一三年十二月三十一日之貿 易應收賬款及應收票據主要 為應收分散於多個行業的大 量客戶的款項。管理層已密 切關注該等客戶其後的還款 情況,並不會再授予該等客 戶較長信貸期。因此,本公 司董事認為本集團之信貸風 險已大幅降低。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

The Group has concentration of credit risk on trade receivables from ultimate holding company and certain fellow subsidiaries. The ultimate holding company and certain fellow subsidiaries are within software development and solution segment and located in PRC.

The Group's bank balances are deposited with banks with high credit ratings and the Group has limited exposure to any single financial institution.

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains adequate cash and cash equivalents by continuously monitor forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of certain financial assets (including trade and bills receivables, entrusted loan receivable, amounts due from ultimate holding company and fellow subsidiaries, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash) and certain financial liabilities (including trade and bills payables, other payables and accrued expenses, amounts due to ultimate holding company and fellow subsidiaries).

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

信貸風險(續)

本集團面對來自最終控股公司及若干同集團附屬公司之 貿易應收賬款的集中信貸風 險。最終控股公司及若干同 集團附屬公司均從事軟件開 發及解決方案業務,位於中 國。

本集團銀行存款均存放於高 信貸評級之銀行。本集團來 自任何單一金融機構之風險 有限。

流動資金風險

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment dates. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

下表詳列本集團非衍生金融 負債基於協定還款期的餘下 合同到期情況。該表格乃根據本集團金融負債中未折現現金流量按最早須付款日期編製,包括利息及本金現金流量。

								Total	
		Weighted	Repayable					carrying	
		average	on demand				Total	amount at	
		effective	or less than		6 months		undiscounted	31.12.2013	
		interest rate	3 months	3 months	to 1 year		cash flows	於二零一三年	
		加權平均	按要求償還	to 6 months	六個月	1 to 5 years	未折現現金	十二月三十一日	
		實際利率	或少於三個月	三至六個月	至一年	一至五年	流量總額	之賬面值總額	
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		%	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
2013	二零一三年								
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據	_	146,065	23,293	19,421	_	188,779	188,779	
Other payables and	其他應付款額								
accrued expenses	及應計開支	_	65,719	_	22,577	_	88,296	88,296	
Amount due to ultimate	應付最終								
holding company	控股公司款額	_	3,102	_	_	_	3,102	3,102	
Amounts due to	應付同集團附屬								
fellow subsidiaries	公司款額	_	54,536				54,536	54,536	
			269,422	23,293	41,998	_	334,713	334,713	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

								Total
		Weighted	Repayable					carrying
		average	on demand				Total	amount at
		effective	or less than		6 months		undiscounted	31.12.2012
		interest rate	3 months	3 months	to 1 year		cash flows	於二零一二年
		加權平均	按要求償還	to 6 months	六個月	1 to 5 years	未折現現金	十二月三十一日
		實際利率	或少於三個月	三至六個月	至一年	一至五年	流量總額	之賬面值總額
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		%	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2012	二零一二年							
Trade and bills payables	二令 二十 貿易應付賬款及應付票據	_	137,493	47,322	7,461	_	192,276	192,276
Other payables and	其他應付款額		157,153	41,322	7,101		132,270	132,210
accrued expenses	及應計開支	_	61,498	4,484	152	_	66,134	66,134
Amount due to ultimate	應付最終		01, 1 30	7,707	132		00,134	00,134
holding company	控股公司款額	_	3,221	_	_	_	3,221	3,221
Amounts due to	應付同集團附屬		5,221				3,221	5,221
fellow subsidiaries	公司款額	_	26,885	_	_	_	26,885	26,885
Redeemable convertible	可贖回可換股		20,003				20,003	20,003
preferred shares	優先股	9.0	_	_	69,751	_	69,751	64,961
preferred strates	凌 儿似	5.0						
			229,097	51,806	77,364	_	358,267	353,477

No liquidity analysis for its derivative financial liabilities is presented as there were no contractual cash flows arising from these derivative instruments.

由於該等衍生工具並無產生合約現 金流量,概無呈列衍生金融負債的 流動資金分析。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Fair value measurement of financial instruments

Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used).

6. 金融工具(續)

(c) 金融工具之公平值計量

本集團按經常性基準以公平值計量的金融資產的公平值

本集團的部分金融資產及金融負債乃按各呈報期結算日的公平值計量。下表提供有關如何釐定該等金融資產及金融負債公平值(尤其是估值方法及所使用的輸入數據)的資料。

Financial assets 金融資產	於以 的公	ue as at 下日期 平值	Fair value hierarchy 公平值層級	Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值方法及 主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察 輸入數據	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與公平值的關係
	17.11.2013 二零一三年 十一月十七日 HK\$'000 千港元	31.12.2012 二零一二年 十二月三十一日 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元				
Derivative financial instrument in the consolidated statement of financial position 綜合財務狀況表的衍生金融工具	42,002*	30,857	Level 3 第三級	Binomial Tree Pricing model, the key inputs are: the underlying share price, exercise price, risk free interest rate, share price volatility and, dividend yield. 二項式定價模型,主要輸入數據為:相關股價、行使價、無風險利率、股價波動及股息收益率。	Share price volatility of 42.08%, taking into account the historical share price of the Company. Dividend yield of 3.46%, taking into account management's experience and knowledge of the dividend to be paid. R () 以	The higher the volatility the higher the fair value. The higher the dividend yield the lower the fair value. 波幅越大,公平值越高。 股息收益率越大,公平值越低。

* Derivative financial instrument in the consolidated statement of financial position represents conversion option derivatives. Such option was exercised on 17 November 2013. The Fair value of such option at 17 November 2013, date of conversion, amounted to HK\$42,002,000.

* 綜合財務狀況表的衍生金融工具 指換股權衍生工具。有關購股權 已於二零一三年十一月十七日 行使。有關購股權於二零一三年 十一月十七日(轉換日期)的公平 值為42,002,000港元。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Fair value measurement of financial instruments (continued)

There is no transfer between the different levels of the fair value hierarchy for the period.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

Included in other gains and losses set out in note 9, a loss of HK\$11,145,000 (2012: HK\$21,257,000) is related to financial assets and financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss held in 2013.

Fair value measurements and valuation processes

The board of directors of the Company has engaged independent professional qualified valuers, to determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements.

6. 金融工具(續)

(c) 金融工具之公平值計量 (續)

期內,不同等級的公平值層 級之間並無轉撥。

本公司董事認為,按攤銷成本計入綜合財務報表的金融資產及金融負債的賬面值與 其公平值相若。

計入附註9所載其他收益及 虧損的虧損11,145,000港元 (二零一二年:21,257,000港元)與於二零一三年持有的指 定按公平值透過損益列賬的 金融資產及金融負債有關。

公平值計量及估值程序

本公司董事會已委聘獨立專業合資格估值師,以釐定公平值計量之適當估值方法及輸入數據。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Fair value measurement of financial instruments (continued)

Fair value measurements and valuation processes (continued)

In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages the third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. The board of directors of the Company works closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The Chief Financial Officer reports the findings to the board of directors of the Company every half year to explain the cause of fluctuations in the fair value of the assets and liabilities.

Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of various assets and liabilities are disclosed above.

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements

The derivative financial instrument in the consolidated statement of financial position is under Level 3 fair value measurements.

6. 金融工具(續)

(c) 金融工具之公平值計量 (續)

公平值計量及估值程序(續)

有關用於釐定多項資產及負 債公平值所使用之估值方法 及輸入數據於上文披露。

第三級公平值計量的對賬

綜合財務狀況表內的衍生金 融工具根據第三級公平值計 量。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Fair value measurement of financial instruments (continued)

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements (continued)

Opening balance	年初結餘
Total losses in profit or loss	損益虧損總額
Settlements	結算

At 31 December 於十二月三十一日

Fair value losses on derivative financial instrument are included in 'other gains and losses'.

6. 金融工具(續)

(c) 金融工具之公平值計量 (續)

第三級公平值計量的對賬(續)

2013	2012
二零一三年	二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
30,857	9,600
11,145	21,257
(42,002)	_
	30,857

行生金融工具之公平值虧損 計入「其他收益及虧損」內。

7. REVENUE

Continuing operations

Revenue represents revenue arising on software development contracts and software outsourcing contracts. An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

7. 收入

持續經營業務

收入指軟件開發合約及軟件外包合 約產生的收入。本集團本年度收入 之分析如下:

Revenue from software	軟件開發合約收入
development contracts	
 Sales of IT peripherals and software 	一銷售IT周邊產品
	及軟件
 Software development 	一軟件開發
Revenue from software	軟件外包合約收入
outsourcing contracts	

2012
二零一二年
HK\$'000
千港元
(restated)
(經重列)
480,953
492,152
188,455
1,161,560
.,.01,500

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the board of directors, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of services provided. No operating segments identified by the chief operating decision maker have been aggregated in arriving at the reportable segments of the Group.

Specifically, the Group's reportable and operating segments under HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments" are as follows:

- 1. Software development and solution
- 2. Software outsourcing

An operating segment regarding the trading of computer components was discontinued in the current year. The segment information reported below does not include any amounts for these discontinued operations, which are described in more detail in note 38.

8. 分部資料

就資源分配及評估分部表現向董事會(主要經營決策者)呈報之資料集中於所提供服務之類型。由主要營運決策者劃分的營運分部並無疊加為本集團的呈報分部。

尤其是,根據香港財務報告準則第 8號「經營分部」,本集團之可呈報 經營分部如下:

- 1. 軟件開發及解決方案
- 2. 軟件外包

有關IT元件貿易之經營分部於本年 度已終止經營。下文所報告分部資 料並不包括有關該等已終止業務之 任何金額,更多詳情載於附註38。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations and reportable and operating segment.

For the year ended 31 December 2013

Continuing operations

Segment revenue	分部收入
Segment (loss) profit	分部(虧損)溢利
Other income,	其他收入、收益及虧損
gains and losses Share of results of	庞/F-琳. 炒. 〇 三 2 子 1 1
an associate	應佔聯營公司溢利
Share of loss of	應佔合營公司虧損
a joint venture	
Impairment loss on	於聯營公司權益的減值虧損
investment in	
an associate Central administrative	中央行政成本
costs	17人日
Interest expenses	利息開支
Loss before tax (continuing operations)	除税前虧損(持續經營業務)

8. 分部資料(續)

分部收入及業績

下文載列本集團按可呈報經營分類 劃分之收入及持續經營業務的分析。

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止 年度

持續經營業務

Software		
development		
and solution	Software	
軟件開發	outsourcing	Consolidated
和解決方案	軟件外包	綜合
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元
1,106,708	194,272	1,300,980
(130,192)	12,396	(117,796)
		(5,796)
		9,018
		(4,938)
		(19,213)
		(7,243)
		(4,974)
		(150,942)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment revenues and results (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2012 (restated)

8. 分部資料(續)

分部收入及業績(續)

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止 年度(經重列)

Continuing operations

持續經營業務

		Software development and solution 軟件開發 和解決方案 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Software outsourcing 軟件外包 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Consolidated 綜合 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Segment revenue	分部收入	973,105	188,455	1,161,560
Segment (loss) profit	分部(虧損)溢利	(169,599)	4,477	(165,122)
Other income, gains and losses	其他收入、收益及虧損			8,367
Share of results of an associate	應佔聯營公司溢利			13,627
Share of loss of a joint venture	應佔合營公司虧損			(237)
Central administrative costs	中央行政成本			(4,557)
Interest expenses	利息開支			(6,101)
Loss before tax	除税前虧損(持續經營業務)			
(continuing operations)				(154,023)

Note: All of the segment revenue reported for both years was from external customers.

註: 以上年度的分類收入均來自外 部客戶銷售收入。

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment revenues and results (continued)

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment profit (loss) represents the profit mainly earned by/loss from each segment without allocation of other income, gains and losses including mainly net foreign exchange gain/loss and interest income, fair value change in conversion option derivatives embedded in redeemable convertible preferred shares, gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, share of profit of an associate and share of loss of a joint venture, central administration costs including directors' remuneration and interest expenses. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

8. 分部資料(續)

分部收入及業績(續)

經營分部的會計政策與附註3所述本集團會計政策一致。分部溢利(虧損)指各分部主要所賺溢利/針得的虧損,惟尚未分配其他收益過虧損(主要包括外匯收益)虧損及利息收入。對便優先股換股權行生與人工具及可換股優先股換股權(如其),應佔每營公司虧損、無息或的人應佔合營公司虧損、制息以分配,以為向主要經營決策者呈報以分配資源及評估表現的方式。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by operating and reportable segment.

At 31 December 2013

8. 分部資料(續)

分部資產及負債

下文載列本集團可呈報經營分類劃 分之資產及負債的分析。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日

		Software		
		development		
		and solution	Software	
		軟件開發	outsourcing	Consolidated
		和解決方案	軟件外包	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元	千港元
ASSETS	資產			
Segment assets	分部資產	1,047,093	94,570	1,141,663
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備			240,402
Investment property	投資物業			10,839
Interest in an associate	聯營公司權益			122,848
Interest in a joint venture	合營公司權益			118,077
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金			874,788
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項			40,581
Other unallocated assets	其他未分配資產			86,466
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值			2,635,664
LIABILITIES	負債			
Segment liabilities	分部負債	633,908	14,765	648,673
Taxation payable	應付税項			5,582
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債			12,063
Other unallocated liabilities	其他未分配負債			27,099
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額			693,417

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

Segment assets and liabilities (continued)

At 31 December 2012 (restated)

8. 分部資料(續)

分部資產及負債(續)

於二零一二年十二月三十一日(經重 列)

		Software development and solution 軟件開發 和解決方案 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Software outsourcing 軟件外包 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>干港元</i>	Consolidated 綜合 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
ASSETS	資產			
Segment assets	分部資產	562,717	42,300	605,017
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備			64,623
Interest in an associate	聯營公司權益			128,489
Interest in a joint venture	合營公司權益			122,629
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金			1,184,761
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款			14,786
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃項			39,020
Assets relating to discontinued operation	已終止業務相關資產			158,536
Other unallocated assets	其他未分配資產			17,455
Other analiocated assets	八心八刀癿女庄			
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值			2,335,316
LIABILITIES	負債			
Segment liabilities	分部負債	430,293	11,715	442,008
Taxation payable	應付税項			11,717
Redeemable convertible preferred shares	可贖回可換股優先股			64,961
Derivative financial instrument	衍生金融工具			30,857
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債			19,140
Liabilities relating to	已終止業務相關負債			15,110
discontinued operation				39,014
Other unallocated liabilities	其他未分配負債			22,337
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額			630,034

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

Segment assets and liabilities (continued)

For the purposes of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments, other than property, plant and equipment for Group administrative purpose, interest in an associate, interest in a joint venture, bank balances and cash, pledged bank deposits, prepaid lease payments and other assets including taxation recoverable, certain non-trade portion of amounts due from related parties, prepayments and deposits.
- all liabilities are allocated to operating and reportable segments, other than taxation payable, redeemable convertible preferred shares, derivate financial instruments, deferred tax liabilities and other liabilities including certain non-trade portion of amounts due to related parties and other payable in relation to corporate administrative costs.

8. 分部資料(續)

分部資產及負債(續)

為監察分部表現及分配分部資源:

- 所有資產均分配至經營分, 類,惟為方便本集團管理學 物業、廠房及設備、公司權益、於合營公司權益、於合營公司之 益、銀行結餘及現金、已 理銀行存款、預付土地租赁 款及其他資產(包括可收回 項、應收關聯方若干非貿易 部分款項、預付款項及按金) 則除外。
- 所有負債均分配至可呈報經營分類,惟應付税項、可贖回可換股優先股、衍生金融工具、遞延税項負債以及其他負債(包括應付關聯方若干非貿易部分款項及其他企業行政成本相關應付款項)則除外。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Other segment information

For the year ended 31 December 2013

Continuing operations

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or segment assets:

8. 分部資料(續)

其他分部資料

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止 年度

持續經營業務

計量分類溢利或分類資產時計入的 款項:

		Software development and solution 軟件開發和 解決方案 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Software outsourcing 軟件外包 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Total 合計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Unallocated 未分類 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元
Additions to property,	添置物業、廠房及設備					
plant and equipment	振光 吹	5,598	831	6,429	152,441	158,870
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	25,586	810	26,396	263	26,659
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產攤銷	1,862	3,706	5,568	_	5,568
Impairment loss	商譽減值虧損					
on goodwill		14,491	_	14,491	_	14,491
Impairment loss on amounts due from customers for	應收客戶合約工程款額					
contract work		6,105	_	6,105	_	6,105
Write-down of inventories	存貨撇減	7,638	_	7,638	_	7,638
Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	呆壞賬撥備	26,912		26,912		26,912

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

Interest in an associate

an associate

Interest in a joint venture

Share of profit of an associate

Share of loss of a joint venture

Impairment loss on investment in

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Other segment information (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

Amounts regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker but not included in the measure of segment profit or segment assets and not allocated to any operating and reportable segment.

> 聯營公司權益 合營公司權益 應佔聯營公司溢利 應佔合營公司虧損 聯營公司投資減值虧損

Finance costs 財務成本

8. 分部資料(續)

其他分部資料(續)

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度(續)

主要經營決策者定期所獲提供但於 計量分部溢利或分部資產時並未計 入且並無分配至任何經營及可呈報 分類的款項如下。

> *千港元* 122,848 118,077 9,018 (4,938)

HK\$'000

(19,213)(4,974)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Other segment information (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2012 (restated)

Continuing operations

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or segment assets:

8. 分部資料(續)

其他分部資料(續)

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度(經重列)

持續經營業務

計量分類溢利或分類資產時計入的款項:

		Software				
		development				
		and solution	Software			
		軟件開發和	outsourcing	Total	Unallocated	Consolidated
		解決方案	軟件外包	合計	未分類	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Additions to property,	添置物業、廠房及設備					
plant and equipment		13,776	915	14,691	44,343	59,034
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及					
plant and equipment	設備折舊	25,681	1,607	27,288	424	27,712
Amortisation of other	其他無形資產					
intangible assets	攤銷	10,799	3,706	14,505	_	14,505
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	63,915	_	63,915	_	63,915
Impairment loss on	應收客戶合約工程款額					
amounts due from						
customers for						
contract work		3,788	_	3,788	_	3,788
Write-down of inventories	存貨撇減	1,396	_	1,396	_	1,396
Allowance for bad and	呆壞賬撥備					
doubtful debts		2,697	737	3,434		3,434

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Other segment information (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2012 (restated) (continued)

Amounts regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker but not included in the measure of segment profit or segment assets and not allocated to any operating and reportable segment.

Interest in an associate 聯營公司權益
Interest in a joint venture 合營公司權益
Share of profit of an associate 應佔聯營公司溢利
Share of loss of a joint venture 應佔合營公司虧損
Finance costs 財務成本

8. 分部資料(續)

其他分部資料(續)

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度(經重列)(續)

主要經營決策者定期所獲提供但於 計量分部溢利或分部資產時並未計 入且並無分配至任何經營及可呈報 分類的款項如下。

> HK\$'000 千港元 128,489 122,629 13,627 (237) (6,101)

Geographical information

The Group's operations are currently carried out in the PRC (excluding Hong Kong), the country of domicile, and Hong Kong except for some services rendered by the provision of outsourcing software development services division which are located in other regions.

地區資料

本集團現時在中國(所在國,不包括香港)及香港經營業務,惟軟件開發外包服務部門提供的若干服務 位於其他地區。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Geographical information (continued)

Information about the Group's revenue from continuing operations from external customers is presented based on location of markets, or customer irrespective of the origin of the services. Information about the Group's non-current assets by geographic location of assets:

8. 分部資料(續)

地區分部(續)

本集團按市場地區或客戶所在地 (不論服務來源地)劃分之外部客戶 持續經營收入之資料。本集團按資 產所在地區劃分之非流動資產的相 關資料:

nevei	iue iroini	
ternal	customers	

external customers	Non-current assets
來自外部客戶的收入	非流動資產

N H / HPT	NATIONAL HOUSE		以
2013	2012	2013	2012
二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	(restated)		
	(經重列)		
_	_	19,707	20,298
1,151,147	1,017,915	526,983	425,378
149,833	143,645	4,105	247
4 200 000	1 161 560		445.022
1,300,980	1,161,560	550,795	445,923

Hong Kong 香港 中國 The PRC (excluding Hong Kong), (country (不包括 of domicile) 香港)、 (所在國) Others 其他

Note: Non-current assets excluded those relating to available-forsale investments.

非流動資產不包括可供出售投 資。

Information about major customer

Continuing operations

No individual customer accounted for over 10% of the Group's total revenue during both years.

主要客戶資料

持續經營業務

年內, 概無個別客戶的銷售額佔本 集團總收益10%或以上。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

9. OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS AND 9. 其他收入、收益及虧損 **LOSSES**

Continuing operations	持續經營業務	2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i> (restated)
			(經重列)
Other income:	其他收入:		
Interest income on bank deposits	利息收入	26,922	31,727
Interest income on entrusted	委託貸款利息收入		
loan receivable		2,000	_
Value added tax refund (Note a)	增值税退税(備註a)	56,349	52,195
Government subsidies and	政府補貼及補助(備註b)		
grants (Note b)		8,190	5,163
Dividend income from	可供出售投資產生之		1.040
available-for-sale investments Others	股息收入 其他	72	1,840
Others	共化	72	
		93,533	90,925
Other gains and losses:	其他收益及虧損:		
Net foreign exchange gain (loss)	外匯收入(虧損)淨額	2,172	(1,154)
Net gain (loss) and written off on disposal	出售物業、廠房及	2,172	(1,131)
of property, plant and equipment	設備收益(虧損)淨額	645	(144)
Fair value change in conversion option	可贖回可換股優先股之嵌		, ,
derivatives embedded in redeemable	入式可換股權衍生工具之		
convertible preferred shares	公允價值變動		
(Note 35)	(附註35)	(11,145)	(21,257)
Gain on disposal of assets of digital	出售數碼媒體業務之收益		
media business (Note c)	(備註c)	12,149	_
Gain on disposal of other intangible asset	出售其他無形資產之收益		1,696
Others	其他	3,728	(88)
		7,549	(20,947)

Included above is income from unlisted investments of nil (2012: HK\$1,840,000).

以上包括是來自非上市投資的收 入,於本年金額為零(二零一二 年:1,840,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES (continued)

Notes:

- (a) Inspur (Shandong) Electronic Information Company Limited ("Inspur Shandong Electronic"), Inspur Communication Information System Limited ("Inspur Communication"), Shandong Inspur Business System Company Limited ("Inspur Business System") and Inspur Group Shandong Genersoft Incorporation ("Inspur Genersoft") are engaged in the business of distribution of self-developed and produced software. Under the current PRC tax regulation, it is entitled to a refund of VAT paid for sales of selfdeveloped software in the PRC.
- (b) For the year ended 31 December 2013, the amount of approximately HK\$6,917,000 (2012: HK\$3,962,000) represents the subsidies received from the PRC Government for the purpose of encouraging the development of group entities engaged in new and high technology sector. The subsidies received are in substance a kind of immediate financial support to the group's entities with no future related costs and recognised as income when the approval of the relevant government authority has been obtained. There are no other conditions attached to the subsidies granted to the Group.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the amount of approximately HK\$1,273,000 (2012: HK\$1,201,000) represents the grants from the Government for funding of some feasibility studies which benefits the society as a whole. The grants received are recognised as income when the related feasibility studies have been completed and the approval of the relevant Government authority has been obtained.

- (c) On 22 August 2013, the Group and 浪潮齊魯軟件產業有限公司 Inspur Cheeloo Software Industry Company Limited* ("Inspur Cheeloo"), a fellow subsidiary, entered into an agreement, pursuant to which the Group agreed to sell and Inspur Cheeloo agreed to acquire the assets of digital media business of the Group for a total consideration of RMB30,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$37,430,000). A gain of HK\$12,471,000 was recognised on disposal of such assets during the year ended 31 December 2013.
 - * English name is for identification purpose only.

9. 其他收入、收益及虧損(續)

附註:

- (a) 浪潮(山東)電子信息有限公司 (「浪潮山東電子」),浪潮通信信 息系統有限公司(「浪潮通信」), 山東浪潮商用系統有限公司(「浪 潮商用系統」)及浪潮集團山東 用軟件有限公司(「浪潮通用軟件 付」)從事自行開發及生產軟件的 分銷業務。根據現行中國稅務條 例,在中國銷售自行開發軟件的 企業可獲增值稅退稅。
- (b) 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度,約6,917,000港元(二 零一二年:3,962,000港元)為 自中國政府收取之津貼,以鼓勵 從事高新技術行業集團實體的發 展。集團實體所收取津貼實質上 為直接財政資助,並無相關日後 成本,待獲相關政府部門批准後 會確認為收入。本集團獲授之補 貼並無其他附帶條件。

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度,約1,273,000港元(二 零一二年:1,201,000港元)為自 政府收取的補助,作為造福整個 社會的部分可行性研究資金。已 收取的補助在完成相關可行性研 究及獲得相關政府部門批准後確 認為收入。

- (c) 於二零一三年八月二十二日,本集團與同集團附屬公司浪潮齊魯軟件產業有限公司(「浪潮齊魯」)訂立協議,據此,本集團同意出售及浪潮齊魯同意收購本集團的數字媒體業務資產,總代價為人民幣30,000,000元(相等於約37,430,000港元)。截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度就出售相關資產確認收益12,471,000港元。
- * 英文名稱僅供識別。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

10. TAXATION

Continuing operations

10. 税項

持續經營業務

2012
二零一二年
HK\$'000
千港元
(restated)
(經重列)
7,074
659
(3,544)
4,189

Current tax:即期税項:PRC Enterprise Income Tax中國企業所得税Underprovision in prior years:過往年度撥備不足:PRC Enterprise Income Tax中國企業所得稅Deferred taxation (note 36)遞延稅項(附註 36)

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profit for both years.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulations of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% from 1 January 2008 onwards.

The statutory tax rate for PRC Enterprise Income Tax of 25% is applied to the Group's PRC subsidiaries except for Inspur Communication, Inspur Business System and Inspur Genersoft. Inspur Communication, Inspur Business System and Inspur Genersoft are recognised as "New and High Technology Enterprise" and therefore entitled to apply a tax rate of 15%. The entitlement of this tax benefit is subject to renewal by respective tax bureau in the PRC every three years. The latest approval for all of the PRC subsidiaries enjoying this tax benefit were obtained for the year ended 31 December 2012. Furthermore, Inspur Genersoft can enjoy additional 5% reduction in tax rate starting from the fiscal year ended 31 December 2005 because it is recognised as "State recognised software enterprise"(國家規則布局內重點軟件企業) since 2005. The entitlement of this tax benefit is subject to annual renewal by respective tax bureau in the PRC and the formal approval for the year ended 31 December 2012 was subsequently obtained in March 2013.

香港利得税按税率16.5%就兩個 年度的估計應課税利潤徵税。

根據中國企業所得税法(「企業所得税法」)及相關實施細則,中國附屬公司税率自二零零八年一月一日起調整為25%。

除浪潮通信、浪潮商用系統及浪潮 通用軟件外,本集團中國附屬公司 的適用中國企業所得税法定税率 為25%。浪潮通信、浪潮商用系 統及浪潮通用軟件獲評定為「高新 技術企業」,因此適用税率15%。 該項税務優惠須每三年在相關中國 税收機關更新。已獲得批准全部中 國附屬公司截至二零一二年十二月 三十一日止年度享受該項税收優惠 的最新批文。自二零零五年,浪潮 通用軟件被劃為「國家規則布局內 重點軟件企業 | , 所以浪潮通用軟 件自二零零五年十二月三十一日起 可享受額外的5%的税率减免。該 税收優惠由中國税務局每年審核, 並於二零一三年三月獲得二零一二 年十二月三十一日的正式批文。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

10. TAXATION (continued)

Pursuant to the Notice of Ministry of Finance and the State Administrative of Taxation concerning certain preferential policies on enterprise income tax <<財税[2000]25號 <財政部、國家税務總局、海關總署>關於鼓勵軟件產業和集成電路產業發展有關税收政策問題的通知>>第二條, Inspur Guoyou (Shanghai) Services Incorporation ("Worldwide Shanghai"), which was recognised as "Software Enterprise", is exempted from PRC Enterprise Income Tax for two years starting from its respective first profit-making years, followed by a 50% reduction for the next three years. The first profit-making year for Worldwide Shanghai is the fiscal year 31 December 2009. The 50% tax reduction for Worldwide Shanghai is ended in current year.

The implementation of the EIT Law has no impact on the tax relief granted to the PRC subsidiaries.

10. 税項(續)

實施企業所得税法並無影響中國附 屬公司已獲授之税項減免。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

10. TAXATION (continued)

The taxation for the year can be reconciled to the (loss) profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

10. 税項(續)

根據綜合損益表,本年度之稅項與 除稅前(虧損)溢利對賬如下:

		2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated)
(Loss) profit before taxation	除税前(虧損)溢利	(150,942)	<i>(經重列)</i> (154,023)
(LOSS) profit before taxation		(130,942)	(134,023)
Tax at the prevailing profits tax rate of 25%	按現行利得税税率25% 繳税	(37,735)	(38,506)
Tax effect of share of profit of	應佔聯營公司溢利之		
an associate	税務影響	(2,255)	(3,407)
Tax effect of share of loss of	應佔合營公司虧損之		
a joint venture	税務影響	1,235	59
Tax effect of expenses not deductible	不可扣税開支之税務影響		
for tax purpose		25,287	29,097
Tax effect of income not taxable	毋須課税收入之税務影響		
for tax purpose		(844)	(1,081)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税務虧損之		
	税務影響	14,437	19,795
Effect of tax relief granted to	中國附屬公司獲税項		()
PRC subsidiaries	寛減之影響	_	(1,673)
Effect of different tax rates of	於香港經營之集團		
group entities operating in Hong Kong	實體不同税率之影響	_	103
Underprovision in respect of	過往年度撥備不足		550
previous years	小田叫 屋八司死	781	659
Deferred tax on withholding tax arising	中國附屬公司預	276	12
from PRC subsidiaries	扣税產生之遞延税項	376	12
Other	其他		(869)
Taxation for the year	本年度税項	1,282	4,189

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

10. TAXATION (continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$190,994,000 (2012: HK\$133,246,000) available for offset against future profits subject to the approval of the relevant tax authority. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such losses at the end of the reporting period, due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of HK\$1,827,000, HK\$43,523,000, HK\$78,381,000 and HK\$57,748,000 that will expire in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018, respectively. Other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

10. 税項(續)

於呈報期結算日,本集團有未動用 税項虧損190,994,000港元(二零 一二年:133,246,000港元)可用以 抵銷日後溢利,惟須待相關稅務 關審批。由於日後溢利來源就說 則,故於呈報期結算日並無就說 損確認遞延稅項資產。未確認稅、 零一六年、二零一七年及二零一 年屆滿的虧損為1,827,000港元、 43,523,000港元、78,381,000港元 及57,748,000港元。其他稅項虧損 或會無限期結轉。

11. PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR

11. 年內溢利(虧損)

Continuing operations	持續經營業務	2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (經重列)
Profit (loss) for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):	本年度溢利(虧損)經扣除 (計入)下列各項:		
Allowance for bad and doubtful debts Reversal of allowance for bad and	呆壞賬撥備 呆壞賬撥備撥回	26,912	3,434
doubtful debt Impairment loss on amounts due from	應收客戶合約工程款額	(4,561)	
customers for contract work Research and development costs	減值虧損 確認為開支的研發費用	6,105	3,788
recognised as an expense		96,712	39,405
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	2,000	2,000
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses in cost of sale (including write-down of inventories of HK\$7,638,000 (2012: HK\$1,396,000))	確認為銷售成本開支的 存貨成本(包括存貨撇 減7,638,000港元 (二零一二年:		
	1,396,000港元))	266,845	408,583
Depreciation for property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	26,659	27,712

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

11. PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR (continued)

11. 年內溢利(虧損)(續)

		2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (經重列)
Depreciation for investment property Amortisation of other intangible assets (including in selling and	投資物業折舊 其他無形資產攤銷 (包含於銷售及	321	_
distribution expense) Gross rental income from	分銷成本) 投資物業租金收入總額	5,568	14,505
investment property		(322)	_
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments Less: Prepaid lease payments capitalised	預付租賃款攤銷 減:資本化為在建工程的	917	297
into construction in progress	預付土地租賃款	(917)	(297)
		<u> </u>	
Directors' remuneration (Note 12) Other staff costs	董事酬金(附註12) 其他員工成本	2,945	4,401
Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefits scheme	薪金及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	487,540	444,580
contributions		93,288	53,941
Share based payments	股份支付		1,733
		583,773	504,655
Interest expense on redeemable convertible preferred shares wholly	於五年內悉數償還之 可贖回可換股優先股		
repayable within five years	之利息開支	4,974	6,101
Operating lease rentals in respect of	辦公室及員工宿舍之		
office premises and staff quarters	經營租金	21,389	19,160

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

12. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2012: ten) directors were as follows:

12. 董事及最高行政人員酬金

向8名(二零一二年:10名)董事支付或應付之酬金如下:

					Other emolument 其他酬金	s	
				Performance	Retirement		
			Salaries	related	benefits		
			and other	incentive	scheme	Share	
			benefits		contributions	based	
		Fees	薪金及	與表現有關	退休福利	payment	Total
		袍金	其他福利	的獎勵款項	計劃供款	股份支付	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
				(Note 5)			
				(附註5)			
For the year ended	截至二零一三年						
31 December 2013	十二月三十一日						
	止年度						
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Wang Xingshan (Note 4)	王興山(附註4)	_	861	_	39	_	900
Dong Hailong	董海龍	_	167	_	8	_	175
Chen Dongfeng	陳東風	_	885	_	55	_	940
Sun Chengtong (Note 1)	孫成通(附註1)	_	643	_	47	_	690
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事						
Shen Yuangin (Note 3)	申元慶(附註3)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Independent	獨立非執行董事						
Non-Executive Directors	海 エチ刊1 里尹						
Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	黃烈初	120	_	_	_	_	120
Zhang Tiqin	張體勤	60	_	_	_	_	60
Dai Ruimin (Note 2)	戴瑞敏(附註2)	60	_	_	_	_	60
Dar Nammin (NOCE Z)	700 200 970 (FI) A± 2 /						
Total	總計	240	2,556		149		2,945

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

12. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

12. 董事及最高行政人員酬金

EMOLUMENTS (continued)			(續)				
				(Other emolumen	ts	
					其他酬金		
				Performance	Retirement		
			Salaries	related	benefits		
			and other	incentive	scheme	Share	
			benefits	payments	contributions	based	
		Fees	薪金及	與表現有關	退休福利	payment	Total
		袍金	其他福利	的獎勵款項	計劃供款	股份支付	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
				(Note 5)			
				(附註5)			
For the year ended	截至二零一二年						
31 December 2012	十二月三十一日止年度						
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Wang Xingshan (Note 4)	王興山(附註4)	_	799	_	41	178	1,018
Dong Hailong	董海龍	_	332	1,000	13	71	1,416
Chen Dongfeng	陳東風	_	832	_	49	143	1,024
Sun Chengtong (Note 1)	孫成通(附註1)	_	529	_	47	_	576
Sun Pishu (Note 1)	孫丕恕(附註1)	_	113	_	_	_	113
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事						
Shen Yuanqin (Note 3)	申元慶(附註3)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Independent	獨立非執行董事						
Non-Executive Directors							
Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	黃烈初	120	_	_	_	7	127
Zhang Tiqin	張體勤	60	_	_	_	_	60
Dai Ruimin (Note 2)	戴瑞敏(附註2)	45	_	_	_	_	45
Meng Xiang Xu (Note 2)	孟祥旭(附註2)	15				7	22
Total	總計	240	2,605	1,000	150	406	4,401

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

12. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

Notes:

- (1) Sun Chengtong was appointed and Sun Pishu resigned as an executive director on 1 April 2012.
- (2) Dai Ruimin was appointed and Meng Xiang Xu resigned as an independent non-executive director on 1 April 2012.
- (3) Shen Yuanqin was appointed as an non-executive director on 1 September 2012.
- (4) Sun Pishu was also the Chief Executive of the Company. After his resignation, Wang Xingshan is appointed as the new Chief Executive. Their emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by them as the Chief Executive.
- (5) The performance related incentive payment is determined as a percentage of turnover derived from trading of IT components for the year ended 31 December 2012.

No directors of the Company waived any remuneration and no remuneration was paid by the Group to any of the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during both years.

12. 董事及最高行政人員酬金

(續)

附註:

- (1) 於二零一二年四月一日,孫成通 獲委任而孫丕恕辭任執行董事。
- (2) 於二零一二年四月一日,戴瑞敏 獲委任而孟祥旭辭任非執行董 事。
- (3) 於二零一二年九月一日,申元慶 獲委任為非執行董事。
- (4) 孫丕恕亦為本公司的最高行政人員。於其辭任後,王興山獲委任 為新最高行政人員。以上披露的 彼等薪酬包括就彼等擔任最高行 政人員所提供服務給予的薪酬。
- (5) 與表現有關的獎勵款項乃按佔截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度IT元件貿易所得營業額的百分比釐定。

於該兩年度內,本公司概無董事放 棄收取任何酬金,而本集團亦無向 任何董事支付酬金作為吸引彼等加 入本集團或彼等入職時的獎勵或離 職補償。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

13. EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, two (2012: three) was director of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in note 12 above. The emoluments of the remaining three (2012: two) highest paid individuals were as follows:

Salaries and other benefits 薪金及其他福利
Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利計劃供款

Their remuneration were within the following bands:

Nil to HK\$1,000,000 零港元至1,000,000港元 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 1,000,001港元至 1,500,000港元

No remuneration was paid by the Group to any of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during both years.

13. 僱員酬金

在本集團五名最高薪酬人士中,其中兩名(二零一二年:三名)為本公司董事,其薪酬詳情披露於上文附註12。餘下三名(二零一二年:兩名)最高薪酬人士的酬金詳情如下:

2013	2012
二零一三年	二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
3,328	2,401
27	14
3,355	2,415

彼等的薪酬介於以下範圍:

2013	2012
二零一三年	二零一二年
No. of	No. of
employees	employees
僱員數目	僱員數目
2	_
1	2

於兩年度內,本集團概無向五名最 高薪酬人士支付酬金作為吸引彼等 加入本集團或彼等入職時的獎勵或 離職補償。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

14. DIVIDEND

per share

14. 股息

2013 二零一三年 *HK\$'000* 千港元 2012 二零一二年 *HK\$'000* 千港元

Dividends recognised as distribution during the year:

2012 final dividend – HK\$0.03 (2012: 2011 final dividend – HK\$0.06)

分派股息: 二零一二年每股末期 股息一0.03港元 (二零一二年:

年內確認已

二零一一年每股

末期股息-0.06港元)

25,365

50,489

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, a final dividend of HK\$0.03 in respect of the year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: final dividend of HK\$0.03 in respect of the year ended 31 December 2012) per share has been proposed by the directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

於呈報期結算日後,董事已建議派 發截至二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度每股末期股息0.03港元(二 零一二年:截至二零一二年十二月 三十一日止年度每股末期股息0.03 港元),惟須待股東於即將召開的 股東週年大會上批准後方可作實。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

15. EARNING (LOSS) PER SHARE

For continuing and discontinued operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted earning (loss) per share attributable to the owners of the Company are based on the profit (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company and on the number of shares as follows:

15. 每股盈利(虧損) 持續經營及已終止業務

本公司擁有人應佔每股股份基本及 攤薄盈利(虧損)乃根據本公司擁有 人應佔年內溢利(虧損)及下列股份 數目計算:

 2013
 2012

 二零一三年
 二零一二年

 '000
 千股

 千股
 (restated)

 (經重列)

841,532

852,398

Number of shares

Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share 股份數目 計算每股基本 盈利所採用之加權 平均普通股數目

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

15. EARNING (LOSS) PER SHARE (continued)

For continuing and discontinued operations (continued)

The computation of diluted earning per share for 2013 does not assume the conversion of the Company's outstanding redeemable convertible preferred shares since their exercise would result in a decrease loss per share from continuing operations for 2013. The computation of diluted loss per share also does not assume the exercise of the Company's options because the exercise price of those options was higher than the average market price for shares for 2013.

The computation of diluted loss per share for 2012 does not assume conversion of the Company's outstanding redeemable convertible preferred shares and the exercise of the Company's options since their exercise would result in a decrease in loss per share from continuing operations for 2012.

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted earning (loss) per share has been adjusted for the consolidation of shares on 18 November 2013.

15. 每股盈利(虧損)(續) 持續經營及已終止業務(續)

由於公司的可贖回可換股優先股的轉換,將導致來自持續經營業務一時,將導致來自持續經營業不可實的所有。因此,計算截至二零,該等可贖回可換股優先股。另外由於明權的行使價高於二零一三年每股期權可損時,並無計入該等期權轉換的影響。

由於公司的可贖回可換股優先股的 轉換與行使期權將導致持續經營業 務每股虧損減少,計算截至二零 一二年十二月三十一日止年度之每 股攤薄虧損時並無計入該等影響。

計算每股基本及攤簿盈利(虧損)所採用之加權平均普通股數目,已按照公司於二零一三年十一月十八日之合股進行了調整。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

15. EARNING (LOSS) PER SHARE (continued)

From continuing operations

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share from continuing operations attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

Profit (loss) figures are calculated 溢利(虧損)數據的 as follows: 計算如下: 本公司擁有人應佔 Profit (loss) for the year attributable to the owners of the Company 年度溢利(虧損) Less: Profit for the year from 減:來自已終止 業務本度年溢利 discontinued operation Loss for the purposes of basic and diluted 計算每股基本及攤薄虧損 loss per share from 所採用之來自持續經營 業務虧損 continuing operations

The denominators used are the same as those detailed above for both basic and diluted loss per share.

From discontinued operation

Basic earning per share for the discontinued operation is HK\$31.46 cents per share (2012: HK\$6.99 cents per share). Diluted earnings per share for the discontinued operation is HK\$31.46 cents per share (2012: HK\$6.99 cents per share).

The denominators used are the same as those detailed above for both basic and diluted loss per share.

15. 每股盈利(虧損)(續)

來自持續經營業務

本公司擁有人應佔來自持續經營業 務每股基本及攤薄虧損乃根據下列 數據計算:

2013	2012
二零一三年	二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
117,696	(93,319)
268,183	58,843
(150,487)	(152,162)

所用分母與上文所詳述計算每股基 本及攤薄虧損的分母相同。

已終止業務

已終止業務每股基本盈利為每股 31.46港仙(二零一二年:每股 6.99港仙)。已終止業務每股攤薄 盈利為每股31.46港仙(二零一二 年:每股6.99港仙)。

所用分母與上文所詳述計算每股基 本及攤薄虧損的分母相同。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

16. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold land and building 租賃土地 及樓宇 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Specialised equipment 專用設備 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	Machinery and equipment 機器及 設備 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 镓俬、装置及 辦公設備 HKS'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 <i>HK\$</i> ′000 千港元	Construction in progress 在建工程 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
COST	成本								
At 1 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日	21,362	6,347	84,676	24,197	49,350	1,412	_	187,344
Additions	增添	_	1,376	4,060	6,391	2,877	3	44,343	59,050
Disposals/written off	出售/ 撒銷	_	_	(43,085)	(9,060)	(1,838)	(214)	_	(54,197)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	1	32	523	137	286	8	(11)	976
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日	21,363	7,755	46,174	21,665	50,675	1,209	44,332	193,173
Additions	增添	_	1,107	184	2,431	2,127	580	152,441	158,870
Disposals/written off	出售/撤銷	_		(12,153)	(6,554)	(357)	(346)	_	(19,410)
Transfer to investment	轉撥至投資物業			(//	(-, ,	(,	(2.17)		(12,112,
property		(11,668)	(442)	_	_	_	_	_	(12,110)
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司	_	_	_	_	(1,277)	_	_	(1,277)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	5	115	1,547	652	1,181	50	3,460	7,010
A+ 24 D 2042	从 − 雨 一 左								
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日	9,700	8,535	35,752	18,194	52,349	1,493	200,233	326,256
DEPRECIATION	折舊								
At 1 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日	852	3,196	55,419	10,143	25,876	1,080	_	96,566
Charge for the year	本年度支出	440	1,763	12,283	5,488	7,779	128	_	27,881
Eliminated on disposals/	出售時撤銷/ 撒減								
written off		_	_	(43,082)	(8,743)	(1,159)	(199)	_	(53,183)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	_	18	320	59	157	6	_	560

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

16. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(continued)

		Leasehold land and building 租賃土地 及樓宇	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修	Specialised equipment 專用設備	Machinery and equipment 機器及 設備	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 傢俬、裝置及 辦公設備	Motor vehicles 汽車	Construction in progress 在建工程	Total 總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK \$ '000 千港元	<i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK \$ '000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK \$ '000 千港元
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年	1 /6/0	1 /6/0	77870	1 7570	1 7870	77870	77870	7 78 70
ACST December 2012	十二月三十一日	1,292	4,977	24,940	6,947	32,653	1,015	_	71,824
Charge for the year	本年度支出	118	1,129	7,792	5,026	12,480	114	_	26,659
Eliminated on disposals/ written off	出售時撤銷/ 撒減	_	_	(8,153)	(6,113)	(114)	(311)	_	(14,691)
Transfer to investment property	轉撥至投資物業	(707)	(243)	_	_	_	_	_	(950)
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司	(101) —	(243) —	_	_	(1,266)	_	_	(1,266)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	1	37	888	212	804	28		1,970
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年								
	十二月三十一日	704	5,900	25,467	6,072	44,557	846		83,546
CARRYING VALUES At 31 December 2013	賬面值 於二零一三年								
	十二月三十一日	8,996	2,635	10,285	12,122	7,792	647	200,233	242,710
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年								
	十二月三十一日	20,071	2,778	21,234	14,718	18,022	194	44,332	121,349

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(continued)

The above items of property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress are depreciated, after taking into account of their estimated residual values, on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land	Over shorter of 15 years
and building	or terms of leases
Leasehold improvements	Over shorter of 4 years or

terms of leases
Specialised equipment 20% - 25%

Machinery and equipment 10% - 20%

Furniture, fixtures $10\% - 33\frac{1}{3}\%$

and office equipment

Motor vehicles 10% - 20%

The leasehold land and building held by the Group is situated in Hong Kong under medium-term lease. As the leasehold interest in land cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, the leasehold interest in land continued to be accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

The construction in progress mainly represents the new office building of the Group in the PRC.

16. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

經考慮預計剩餘價值,上述物業、 廠房及設備項目(在建工程除外)以 直線法按以下年折舊率折舊:

租賃土地 超逾15年或租賃期限

及樓宇 (以較短者為準)

租賃物業 超逾4年或租賃期限

裝修 (以較短者為準)

專用設備 20%-25% 機器及 10%-20%

設備

傢俬、裝 10%-33¹/₃%

置及辦 公設備

汽車 10%-20%

本集團香港租賃土地及樓宇按中期 租約持有。由於土地租賃權益不能 在土地及樓宇項目中可靠分配,故 持續入賬為物業、廠房及設備。

在建工程主要指本集團於中國的新 辦公樓。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

17. 投資物業

Investment property 投資物業 HK\$'000 千港元

COST	风 本	
At 31 December 2012 and 1 January 2	2013 於二零一二年十二月三十一日及	
	二零一三年一月一日	_
Transfers from property,	轉撥自物業、廠房及設備	
plant and equipment		11,160
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	11,160
DEPRECIATION	折舊	
At 31 December 2012 and 1 January 2		
The Street December 2012 and 1 sandary 2	二零一三年一月一日	_
Provided for the year	年內撥備	321
•		
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	321
CARRYING VALUES	非	
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值	
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	10,839
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日	
ACST December 2012	<i>x</i> \—₹ — —/] H	

The above investment properties are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Buildings Over the shorter of the term of the lease and 15 years

The fair value of the Group's investment properties at 31 December 2013 was HK\$21,200,000. The fair value has been arrived at based on a valuation carried out by Asset Appraisal Limited, independent valuers not connected with the Group.

以上投資物業以直線法按以下年折 舊率折舊:

樓宇 超逾租賃期限及 15年(以較短者為準)

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團投資物業的公平值為 21,200,000港元。該公平值乃基 於中誠達資產評值顧問有限公司 (與本集團無關連的獨立估值師)所 進行的估值得出。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTY (continued)

The fair value was determined based on the income approach, where the market rentals of all lettable units of the properties are assessed and discounted at the market yield expected by investors for this type of properties. The market rentals are assessed by reference to the rentals achieved in the lettable units of the properties as well as other lettings of similar properties in the neighbourhood. The discount rate is determined by reference to the yields derived from analysing the sales transactions of similar commercial properties in Hong Kong and adjusted to take into account the market expectation from property investors to reflect factors specific to the Group's investment properties.

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

Details of the Group's investment properties and information about the fair value hierarchy as at 31 December 2013 are as follows:

17. 投資物業 (續)

估計物業的公平值時,物業的最高 及最佳用途為其目前用途。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本 集團投資物業詳情及有關公平值等 級的資料如下:

	Fair value
	as at
	31/12/2013
	於二零一三年
	十二月
Level 3	三十一日
等三級	的公平值
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
<i>千港元</i>	千港元
21,200	21,200

Commercial property units located in Hong Kong

位於香港的商業物業單位

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

18. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

18. 預付租賃款項

2013	2012
二零一三年	二零一二年
<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
千港元	千港元
929	874
39,652	38,146
40,581	39,020

Analysed for reporting purposes as: 就申報目的作以下

各項分析:

Current asset流動資產Non-current asset非流動資產

The Group's prepaid lease payments comprise a leasehold land in the PRC under medium-term lease.

As at 31 December 2012, the Group was in the process of obtaining the relevant land use right certificate for the leasehold land. The land use right certificate was subsequently obtained on 24 January 2013 without incurring additional significant costs.

本集團的預付租賃款項包括中期租 賃下於中國的租賃土地。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本 集團正籌備取得租賃土地的相關土 地使用權證。其後於二零一三年一 月二十四日取得土地使用權證,而 未產生其他巨額成本。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

19. GOODWILL

19. 商譽

		2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$</i> ′000 千港元
COST	成本		
At 1 January	於一月一日	78,103	77,649
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	2,547	454
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	80,650	78,103
IMPAIRMENT	減值		
At 1 January	於一月一日	63,915	_
Impairment loss recognised in the year	年內已確認減值虧損	14,491	63,915
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	2,244	
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	80,650	63,915
CARRYING VALUES At 31 December	賬面值 於十二月三十一日		14,188

Particulars regarding impairment testing on goodwill are disclosed in note 20.

商譽減值測試之詳情於附註20披露。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

20. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill set out in note 19 has been allocated to the cash generating unit ("CGU") of Inspur Genersoft and its subsidiaries.

As at 31 December 2013, the management has carried out the impairment assessment on this CGU as follows:

The recoverable amount of CGU has been determined on the basis of higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use calculation. The Group performed impairment assessment by estimating the value in use of the cash generating unit in which the goodwill is attributable to, which approximately the fair value less cost to sell or where there are revision in future estimated cash flows due to changes in facts and circumstances. Its recoverable amount is based on certain similar key assumptions. The value in use calculations used cash flow projections based on the revised financial budgets approved by management covering 5-year period, and a discount rate of 25% (2012: 25%). No growth rate is expected for the cash flows beyond the 5-year period. Due to the unexpected keen competition for technician and staff with advance technology knowledge which drive up their salaries drastically and change of suppliers' selection criteria by certain major customers, tender of certain orders were lost while the orders obtained were completed at a lower margin, the management revised the estimation of cash flows from that of prior year. Such estimation is based on the units' past performance and management's expectation for the market development. Since the carrying amount of goodwill and relevant assets allocated to the CGU exceeds their relevant recoverable amount based on the revised cash flow projections, the management has recognised impairment of HK\$14,491,000 (2012: HK\$63,915,000) for the goodwill allocated to this CGU.

20. 商譽減值測試

減值測試時,附註19所載商譽已 分配至浪潮通用軟件及其附屬公 司之現金產生單位(「現金產生單 位」)。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,管 理層對該現金產生單位進行之減值 評估如下:

現金產生單位之可收回金額乃根據 公平值減出售成本與使用價值兩者 之較高者計算。本集團估計商譽應 佔現金產生單位之使用價值(與公 平值減出售成本相約或倘存在事實 及情況變化所致未來估計現金流量 修訂),從而進行減值評估。可收 回金額乃運用若干類似主要假設而 釐定。使用價值的計算採用基於管 理層所批准五年經修訂財務預算的 現金流預測,折現率為25%(二零 一二年:25%)。預期於五年後現 金流不會增長。由於對具備先進 技術知識(其可大幅提高彼等薪金 水平)的技術員及員工的競爭出乎 意料地激烈及若干主要客戶對供 應商的選擇標準的變動,若干訂 單的競標失敗而所完成的已取得 的訂單利潤較低,因此管理層對去 年現金流估計作出修訂。該估計乃 基於單位過往表現及管理層對市場 發展的預期。由於分配予現金產生 單位之商譽及相關資產的賬面值超 出彼等基於經修訂現金流預測的相 關可收回數額,故管理層已就已分 配予該現金產生單位之商譽確認減 值14,491,000港元(二零一二年: 63,915,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

21. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

21. 其他無形資產

		Registered software 已註冊軟件 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Customer base 客戶群 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
COST	成本			
At 1 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日	63,034	57,385	120,419
Disposal	出售	(5,652)	_	(5,652)
Exchange adjustments	進 兑調整	359		359
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日	57,741	57,385	115,126
Exchange adjustments	進 兑調整	1,882		1,882
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	59,623	57,385	117,008
AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT	攤銷及減值			
At 1 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日	47,626	33,300	80,926
Charge for the year	本年度支出	10,799	3,706	14,505
Eliminated on disposal	出售時對銷	(1,696)	_	(1,696)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	269		269
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日	56,998	37,006	94,004
Charge for the year	本年度支出	1,858	3,710	5,568
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	767		767
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	59,623	40,716	100,399
CARRYING AMOUNTS	賬面值			
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日		16,669	16,669
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日	743	20,379	21,122

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

21. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

The intangible assets of the Group were acquired as part of business combinations in prior years.

The above intangible assets have finite useful lives. Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the following periods:

Registered software 5 years
Customer base 10 years

22. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

The balance represents investments in unlisted equity securities issued by two private entities established in the PRC. The Group held 10% interests in Shandong Aerospace Information Limited ("Shandong Aerospace") and 5.56% interests in Beijing Shenzhou Software Technology Limited ("Beijing Shenzhou"). Shangdong Aerospace and Beijing Shenzhou are principally engaged in software development.

They are measured at cost less impairment at the end of reporting period because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

23. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

21. 其他無形資產(續)

往年,本集團收購無形資產,作為 業務合併的一部分。

上述無形資產的使用年期有限,以直線法於以下年期攤銷:

 已註冊軟件
 五年

 客戶群
 十年

22. 可供出售投資

結餘指於兩間中國成立之非上市公司的投資。本集團持有Shandong Aerospace Information Limited (「Shandong Aerospace」) 10%的權益及Beijing Shenzhou Software Technology Limited(「Beijing Shenzhou」) 5.56%的權益。Shangdong Aerospace及Beijing Shenzhou主要從事軟件開發業務。

由於合理公平值的估計範圍相當 大,本公司董事認為有關公平值已 無法可靠計量,故上述結餘於呈報 期結算日按成本扣減減值計量。

23. 於聯營公司之權益

2013	2012						
二零一三年	二零一二年						
HK\$'000	HK\$'000						
千港元	千港元						
102,808	126,601						
638	(8,380)						
19,402	10,268						
122,848	128,489						

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

23. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

As at 31 December 2013 and 2012, the Group had interest in the following associate:

於二零一三年及二零一二年十二月 三十一日,本集團於下列聯營公司 擁有權益:

Name of entity 實體名稱	Form of business structure 商業結構形式	Country of registration and operation 註冊及營運國家	Proportion of nominal value of registered capital held by the Group 本集團持有 註冊資本 賬面值之百分比	Proportion of voting power held 持投票權 之百分比	Principal activities 主營業務
Qingdao Lejin Inspur Digital Communication Limited# ("Qingdao Lejin") 青島樂金浪潮數字 通信有限公司# (「青島樂金」)	Sino-foreign owned enterprise ("SFOE") 中外合資企業 (「中外合資企業」)	The PRC 中國	30%	30%	Manufacturing and sale of wireless GSM mobile phones and value added software for mobile phones 製造及銷售無線 GSM移動電話及移動電話增值軟件

^{*} The English name of the associate is for identification purpose only.

聯營公司的英文名稱僅供識別。

Included in the cost of investment in an associate as at 31 December 2013 was goodwill of nil (2012: HK\$19,213,000) arising on acquisition of Qingdao Lejin in prior years. The movement of goodwill is set out below.

二零一三年十二月三十一日於一間聯營公司投資之成本包括往年收購青島樂金產生之商譽零港元(二零一二年:19,213,000港元)。商譽變動載列如下。

UVETOOO

		千港元
COST	成本	
At 1 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日	19,105
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	108
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日	19,213
Impairment loss recognised	已確認減值虧損	(19,213)
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

23. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

As at 31 December 2013, the management has carried out the impairment assessment on the investment in Qingdao Lejin. The recoverable amount of the associate has been determined on the basis of higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use calculation. Its recoverable amount is based on certain similar key assumptions. The value in use calculations used cash flow projections based on the revised financial budgets approved by management covering 5-year period, and a discount rate of 25%. No growth rate is expected for the cash flows beyond the 5-year period. Such estimation is based on the units' past performance and management's expectation for the market development. Since the carrying amount of the investment in an associate exceeds its relevant recoverable amount based on the revised cash flow projections, the management has recognised impairment of HK\$19,213,000 (2012: Nil) for the goodwill in the investment in an associate during the year ended 31 December 2013.

Summarised financial information of the associate

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associate is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,管 理層已就對青島樂金的投資進行減 值評估。聯營公司的可收回數額已 根據公平值減銷售成本與使用價值 兩者的較高者計算。可收回金額乃 基於若干類似重要假設計算。使用 價值的計算採用基於管理層所批准 五年期經修訂財務預算的現金流預 測及25%的折現率。預期於五年 後現金流量不會增長。該估計乃基 於單位的過往表現及管理層對市場 發展的預期。由於於聯營公司的投 資的賬面值超過其基於經修訂現金 流量預測的相關可收回數額,故管 理層已就截至二零一三年十二月 三十一日止年度於聯營公司的投 資確認 19,213,000 港元(二零一二 年:零)的商譽減值。

聯營公司的財務資料概要

有關本集團聯營公司的財務資料概 要載列如下。以下財務資料概要指 根據香港財務報告準則所編製聯營 公司財務報表內所示金額。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

23. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

Summarised financial information of the associate (continued)

The associate is accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

Current assets	流動資產	
Non-current assets	非流動資產	
Current liabilities	流動負債	
Revenue	收入	
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利及全面收入總額	

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

聯營公司的財務資料概要

聯營公司採用權益法於該等綜合財 務報表列賬。

2013	2012
二零一三年	二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
972,714	619,847
200,873	145,192
(764,094)	(400,787)
4,148,075	2,542,721
30,060	45,425

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表 內確認的於聯營公司權益的賬面值 對賬如下:

Net assets of Qingdao Lejin	青島樂金的資產淨值
Proportion of the Group's ownership	本集團所持青島樂金
interest in Qingdao Lejin	擁有權的百分比
Goodwill	商譽
Group's share of net assets of an associate	本集團應佔聯營公司的 資產淨值

2013	2012
二零一三年	二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
409,493	364,252
30%	30%
_	19,213
122,848	128,489

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

24. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE

24. 於合營公司之權益

		2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Cost of investment in a joint venture – unlisted Share of post-acquisition losses and other	於合營公司之投資 成本一非上市 應佔收購後虧損及其他 全面收入	122,592	122,175
comprehensive income Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(5,175) 660	(237) 691
Exchange adjustments	进无 例	118,077	122,629

As at 31 December 2013 and 2012, the Group had interest in the following joint venture:

於二零一三年及二零一二年十二月 三十一日,本集團於下列合營公司 擁有權益:

Name of entity 實體名稱	Form of business structure 商業結構形式	Country of registration and operation 註冊及營運國家	Proportion of nominal value of registered capital held by the Group 本集團持有註冊資本 賬面值之百分比	Proportion of voting power held 持投票權 之百分比	Principal activity 主營業務
Shandong Inspur Cloud Computing Industry Investment Co., Ltd. ("Inspur Cloud")* 山東浪潮雲海雲 計算產業投資 有限公司 (「浪潮雲海」)*	SFOE 中外合資企業	The PRC 中國	33.33%	33.33%	Trading of computer components 買賣電腦元件

^{*} The English name of the joint venture is for identification purpose only.

[#] 合營公司的英文名稱僅供識別。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

24. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE (continued)

Summarised financial information of joint venture

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's joint venture is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the joint venture's financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

The joint venture is accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

24. 於合營公司之權益(續) 合營公司的財務資料概要

本集團合資公司的財務資料概要載 於下文。以下財務資料概要指根據 香港財務報告準則所編製合資公司 財務報表內所示金額。

合營公司採用權益法於該等綜合財 務報表列賬。

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current assets	流動資產	297,097	354,139
Non-current assets	非流動資產	311,092	30,882
Current liabilities	流動負債	(209,161)	(12,921)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(44,798)	(497)
The above amounts of assets and liabilities include the following:	以上資產及負債金額 包括以下各項:		
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	168,059	346,319
Revenue	收入	106,197	105,711
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及全面開支總額	(14,814)	(2,110)
The above loss for the year includes the following:	以上年內虧損 包括以下各項:		
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	1,335	18
Interest income	利息收入	1,886	1,419
Income tax expense	所得税開支	714	739

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

24. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE (continued)

Summarised financial information of joint venture (continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the joint venture recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

24. 於合營公司之權益(續)

合營公司的財務資料概要 (續)

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表 內確認的於合營公司權益的賬面值 對賬如下:

2012

2013

二零一三年	二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
354,231	367,887
33.33%	33.33%
118,077	122,629
	HK\$'000 千港元 354,231 33.33%

25. INVENTORIES

Raw materials 原材料 Work in progress 在製品 Finished goods 製成品

25. 存貨

2013	2012
二零一三年	二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
18.038	17,506
10,050	17,500
4,185	1,095
6,048	129,708
28,271	148,309

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

26. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

26. 貿易應收賬款及應收票據

	2013	2012
	二零一三年	二零一二年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
貿易應收賬款及應收票據 減:呆壞賬撥備	330,493	269,413
	(34,791)	(18,850)
	295,702	250,563

Trade and bills receivables
Less: Allowance for bad and
doubtful debts

The Group allows a credit period of 30 to 210 days (2012: 30 to 210 days) to its customers. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables net of allowance for bad and doubtful debts presented based on the invoice dates at the end of the reporting period, which approximated the respective revenue recognition dates.

0 to 30 days	0至30日
31 to 60 days	31至60日
61 to 90 days	61至90日
91 to 120 days	91至120日
121 to 180 days	121至180日
Over 180 days	180 目以上

Before accepting any new customer, the Group uses an external credit scoring system to assess the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customers. Limits and scoring attributed to customers are reviewed twice a year. 73% (2012: 69%) of the trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have the best credit scoring attributable under the external credit scoring system used by the Group.

本集團向客戶提供30至210日的信貸期(二零一二年:30至210日)。以下為於呈報期結算日(與各收益確認日期相若)根據發票日期呈列的貿易應收賬款(扣除呆壞賬撥備)的賬齡分析。

2013	2012
二零一三年	二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
129,638	133,960
69,938	18,426
13,426	4,986
1,510	5,638
17,918	15,318
63,272	72,235
295,702	250,563

於接納任何新客戶前,本集團採用外界信貸評分系統評估潛在客戶之信貸上限。 一个事子之信貸上限及評分每年檢討兩次。根據本集團採用之外界信貸評分系統,73%(二零一二年:69%)的貿易應收賬款既無過期亦無減值,擁有優秀信貸評分。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

26. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

Included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$53,718,000 (2012: HK\$65,856,000), which are past due at the end of the reporting period for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average age of these trade receivables is 214 days (2012: 257 days).

Ageing of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired (based on the invoice date)

121 - 180 days 121至180日 Over 180 days 180日以上

26. 貿易應收賬款及應收票據

本集團之貿易應收賬款結餘包括應收賬款,該等應收賬款總賬面值約為53,718,000港元(二零一二年:65,856,000港元),於呈報期結算日已過期,但因信貸質素並無重大變化且該等金額視為尚可收回,故本集團並無就該等結餘持有任出撥備。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押。該等貿易應收賬款之平均賬齡為214日(二零一二年:257日)。

根據發票日期已過期但未減值之貿易應收賬款之賬齡

2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
16,812	4,401
36,906	61,455
53,718	65,856

綜合財務報表附註

2012

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

26. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

26. 貿易應收賬款及應收票據

2013

Movement in the allowance for bad and doubtful debts

呆壞賬撥備之變動

二零一三年	二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
18,850	16,085
26,912	3,434
(7,180)	_
_	(737)
(4,561)	_
770	68
34,791	18,850
	千港元 18,850 26,912 (7,180) - (4,561) 770

Included in the allowance for bad and doubtful debts are individually impaired trade receivables with no (2012: HK\$7,577,000) balance which have been under dispute. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

呆壞賬撥備包括個別具爭議之已減 值貿易應收賬款,且並無結餘(二 零一二年:7,577,000港元)。本 集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵 押。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

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27. AMOUNTS DUE FROM (TO) CUSTOMERS FOR CONTRACT WORK

27. 應收(應付)客戶合約工程 款項

	2013	2012
	二零一三年	二零一二年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Contracts in progress at the end 於呈報期結算日之 of the reporting period: 在建工程:		
Contract costs incurred plus 已產生合同成本加上 recognised profits less 已確認溢利減		
recognised losses 已確認虧損	865,523	568,906
.ess: Progress billings	(937,359)	(614,588)
	(71,836)	(45,682)
Analysed for reporting purposes as: 就報告而言分析:		
Amounts due from contract customers 應收合約客戶款項	32,987	39,761
Amounts due to contract customers 應付合約客戶款項	(104,823)	(85,443)
	(71,836)	(45,682)

As at 31 December 2013, there was no retentions held by customers for contract works (2012: nil). Advances received from customers for contract work amounted to HK\$88,376,000 (2012: HK\$51,195,000) included in other payables and accrued expenses.

The management assessed the recoverable amounts of the contract costs and determined that costs incurred for certain long outstanding contracts were impaired. Accordingly, impairment loss of HK\$6,105,000 (2012: HK\$3,788,000) was recognised in during the year ended 31 December 2013.

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,客戶並無扣留合約工程款項(二零一二年:無)。已收取客戶合約工程墊款88,376,000港元(二零一二年:51,195,000港元),計入其他應付賬款及應計開支。

管理層已評估合約成本的可回收金額及釐定若干逾期已久的合約產生的成本已減值。因此,截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度已確認減值虧損6,105,000港元(二零一二年:3,788,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

28. ENTRUSTED LOAN RECEIVABLE

The Group entered into an entrusted loan framework agreement on 23 August 2013, pursuant to which the Group agreed to provide entrusted loan to Inspur Electronic Information Industry Co., Limited ("Inspur Electronic Information"), a fellow subsidiary of Group, through a financial institution. The entrusted loan receivable is interest bearing at 5.6% per annum and matured by June 2014. The entrusted loan receivable is secured by the entire shareholdings in a subsidiary of Inspur Electronic Information.

29. BANK BALANCES AND CASH/PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

Bank balances and cash comprise cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. The bank balances carried interest at market rates which range from 0.01% to 3.10% (2012: 0.01% to 3.25%) per annum. At 31 December 2013, the bank balances and cash of approximately HK\$760,322,000 (2012: HK\$1,103,127,000) are denominated in RMB which is not freely convertible into other currencies.

At 31 December 2013, bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$140,028,000, HK\$3,912,000 and HK\$1,462,000 (2012: HK\$71,488,000, HK\$12,000 and HK\$1,624,000) are denominated in US\$, JPY and HKD, respectively, which are not denominated in the functional currency of respective group entities.

28. 應收委託貸款

本集團於二零一三年八月二十三日 訂立一項委託貸款框架協議, ,本集團同意通過金融機構向 集團的同集團附屬公司浪潮電子信 息」)提供委託貸款。應收委託貸 款按5.6%的年利率計息及於二零 一四年六月前到期。應收委託貸款 部股權抵押。

29. 銀行結餘及現金/已抵押銀行存款

銀行結餘及現金包括本集團所持現金及原定三個月或以內到期之短期銀行存款。銀行結餘按介乎0.01%至3.10%(二零一二年:0.01%至3.25%)的市場年利率計息。於二零一三年十二月三十一日,銀行結餘及現金約760,322,000港元(二零一二年:1,103,127,000港元)以人民幣計值並不可自由兑換為其他貨幣。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,銀行及現金結餘約140,028,000港元、3,912,000港元及1,462,000港元(二零一二年:71,488,000港元,12,000港元及1,624,000港元)分別以美元、日圓及港元計值,而並非以各集團實體功能貨幣計值。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

29. BANK BALANCES AND CASH/PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS (continued)

At 31 December 2013, pledged bank deposits represented deposits pledged to banks to secure bank acceptance bills and general banking facilities granted to the Group and are therefore classified as current assets. The pledged bank deposits carry interest at market rates which range from 0.39% to 2.86% (2012: 2.85% to 3.25%) per annum.

At 31 December 2012, the pledged bank deposits of approximately HK\$3,039,000 are denominated in RMB which is not freely convertible into other currencies. At 31 December 2012, the pledged bank deposits of approximately HK\$5,217,000 is denominated in US\$, which is not denominated in the functional currency of respective group entities.

29. 銀行結餘及現金/已抵押銀行存款(續)

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,已 抵押銀行存款指為本集團獲授予的 銀行承兑票據及一般銀行信貸而向 銀行抵押的存款,因此分類為流動 資產。抵押銀行存款的市場利率每 年介乎0.39%至2.86%(二零一二 年:2.85%至3.25%)。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,已 抵押銀行存款約3,039,000港元以 人民幣計值,不可自由兑換為其他 貨幣。於二零一二年十二月三十一 日,已抵押銀行存款約5,217,000 港元以美元計值,而並非以各集團 實體的功能貨幣計值。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

30. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

Trade and bills payables, other payables, deposits received and accrued expenses principally comprise amounts outstanding for trade purposes and ongoing costs. The average credit period taken for trade purchases is 30 to 120 days.

The following is an aged analysis of trade and bills payables for the purchase of goods and services received presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period.

Trade and bills payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據
0 - 30 days	0至30日
31 - 60 days	31至60日
61 - 90 days	61至90日
Over 90 days	90 日以上

30. 貿易應付賬款及應付票據

貿易應付賬款及應付票據、其他應付賬款、已收按金及應計開支主要包括未付貿易用途款項及日常費用。貿易採購平均信貸期為30至120日。

以下為購買商品和接受服務的貿易 應付賬款及應付票據於呈報期結算 日以發票日為基準呈列的賬齡分 析。

2012
二零一二年
HK\$'000
千港元
145,579
8,169
7,336
31,192
102.276
192,276

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

31a. AMOUNTS DUE FROM FELLOW SUBSIDIARIES AND ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

31a. 應收同集團附屬公司及最 終控股公司款項

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Amounts due from related companies: Trading in nature	應收關連公司款項: 貿易性質		
Fellow subsidiaries	同集團附屬公司	135,442	144,272
Ultimate holding company	最終控股公司	7,154	11,310
		142,596	155,582
Non-trading in nature	非貿易性質		
Fellow subsidiaries	同集團附屬公司	57,247	5,945
Ultimate holding company	最終控股公司	2,269	655
3 , ,		59,516	6,600
Total amounts due from related companie	es應收關連公司款項總額	202,112	162,182
Analysed as:	分析如下:		
Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries	應收同集團附屬公司款項	192,689	150,217
Amount due from ultimate	應收最終控股		
holding company	公司款項	9,423	11,965
Total amounts due from related companie	es應收關連公司款項總額	202,112	162,182

The Group allows an average trade credit period of 30 to 210 days (2012: 30 to 210 days) to its trade receivables due from its fellow subsidiaries and ultimate holding company.

本集團就應收其同集團附屬公司及 最終控股公司貿易應收賬款提供平 均30日至210日(二零一二年:30 日至210日)的信貸期。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

31a. AMOUNTS DUE FROM FELLOW SUBSIDIARIES AND ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY (continued)

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables due from related companies presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period, which approximated the respective revenue recognition dates.

0 - 30 days	0至30日
31 - 60 days	31至60日
61 - 90 days	61至90日
91 - 210 days	91至210日

The trade receivables due from fellow subsidiaries and ultimate holding company are neither past due nor impaired at the end of the reporting period. These fellow subsidiaries and ultimate holding company have strong financial position with continuous subsequent settlements and there have been no historical default of payments by respective fellow subsidiaries or ultimate holding company. In determining the recoverability of trade receivables due from fellow subsidiaries and ultimate holding company, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the amounts due from related companies from the date credit was initially granted up to the end of the reporting period.

The amounts due from fellow subsidiaries and ultimate holding company which are non-trading in nature are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. In the opinion of the directors, it is expected to be recoverable within twelve months.

31a. 應收同集團附屬公司及最 終控股公司款項(續)

應收關連公司貿易應收賬款於呈報 期結算日按發票日基準呈列的賬齡 分析如下,呈報結算日與相關收益 確認日期相若。

2013	2012
二零一三年	二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
109,705	132,161
8,458	11,421
15,434	2,939
8,999	9,061
142,596	155,582

屬非貿易性質的應收同集團附屬公司及最終控股公司的款項為無抵押、免息及按要求償還。董事認為,預期該等款項可於十二個月內收回。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

31b. AMOUNTS DUE TO FELLOW SUBSIDIARIES AND ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

31b. 應付同集團附屬公司及最 終控股公司款項

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trading in nature	貿易性質		
Fellow subsidiaries	同集團附屬公司	46,431	25,959
Ultimate holding company	最終控股公司	294	22
		46,725	25,981
Non-trading in nature	非貿易性質		
Fellow subsidiaries	同集團附屬公司	8,105	926
Ultimate holding company	最終控股公司	2,808	3,199
		10,913	4,125
Total amounts due to related companies	應付關連公司款項總額	57,638	30,106
Analysed as:	分析如下:		
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同集團		
	附屬公司款項	54,536	26,885
Amount due to	應付最終控股		
ultimate holding company	公司款項	3,102	3,221
Total amounts due to related companies	應付關連公司款項總額	57,638	30,106

The average credit period taken for trade purchases from related companies is 30 to 120 days. The following is an aged analysis of the amounts due to related companies which are trading in nature at the end of the reporting period.

向關聯公司進行貿易採購的平均信 貸期為30至120日。貿易性質的 應付關連公司款項於呈報期結算日 的賬齡分析如下。

綜合財務報表附註

2012

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

31b. AMOUNTS DUE TO FELLOW SUBSIDIARIES AND ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

(continued)

31b. 應付同集團附屬公司及最 終控股公司款項(續)

2013

		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
0 to 30 days	0至30日	10,182	20,268
31 to 60 days	31至60日	17,059	3,382
61 to 90 days	61至90日	3,965	531
Over 90 days	90 目以上	15,519	1,800
		46,725	25,981

The amounts due to fellow subsidiaries and ultimate holding company which are non-trading in nature are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

非貿易性質的應付同集團附屬公司 及最終控股公司的款項為無抵押、 免息及按要求償還。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

32. SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY

32. 本公司股本

		Notes 附註	Number of shares 股份數目	
			′000	HK\$'000
			千股	千港元
Authorised:	法定:			
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.002 each	於二零一二年			
at 1 January 2012 and	一月一日			
31 December 2012	及二零一二年			
	十二月三十一日			
	每股0.002港元		10 000 000	20.000
Chara annalidation	之普通股	(-)	10,000,000	20,000
Share consolidation	股份合併	(a)	(8,000,000)	
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each at 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日 每股 0.01 港元			
	之普通股		2,000,000	20,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:			
At 1 January 2012	於二零一二年			
At 1 January 2012	一月一日		4,207,440	8,415
Exercise of share options	行使購股權	(b)	20,000	40
·		(12)		
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年			
	十二月三十一日		4,227,440	8,455
Conversion of redeemable	兑換可購回優先股			
preferred shares	RΩ (Λ Λ ()	(c)	280,241	560
Share consolidation	股份合併	(a)	(3,606,145)	
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年			
	十二月三十一日		901,536	9,015

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

32. SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY

(continued)

Notes:

- (a) The number of ordinary shares have been adjusted due to share consolidation of the Company with effect from 18 November 2013. Five ordinary Share of HK\$0.002 each was consolidated into one new ordinary share of HK\$0.01 each.
- (b) During the year ended 31 December 2012, 20,000,000 share options were exercised at the exercise price of HK\$0.0648 per share. Details of options outstanding and movement during the year are set out in note 33.
- (c) On 17 November 2013, the holder of redeemable converted preferred shares converted 56,048,273 redeemable converted preferred shares into 280,241,365 ordinary shares of HK\$0.002 each in the Company at a conversion price of 0.184 per share. Details are set out in note 35.

All the shares which were issued during both years rank pari passu with the then existing shares in all respects.

32. 本公司股本(續)

附註:

- (a) 由於本公司的股份合併自二零 一三年十一月十八日起生效,故 普通股數目已予調整。每股面值 0.002港元的五股普通股合併為 一股每股面值 0.01港元的新普通 股。
- (b) 於截至二零一二年十二月三十一 日止年度,20,000,000份購股權 按每股股份行使價0.0648港元 獲行使。年內尚未獲行使的購股 權及變動詳情載於附註33。
- (c) 於二零一三年十一月十七日,可贖回可換股優先股持有人以每股0.184港元的換股價將56,048,273股可贖回可換股優先股轉換為本公司280,241,365股每股面值0.002港元的普通股。詳情載於附註35。

所有於上述兩年內發行之股份在各 方面與其他現有股份享有同等權 利。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

33. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

Equity-settled share options scheme

The Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (the "Pre-IPO Scheme") and Share Option Scheme (the "Option Scheme") of the Company were adopted by the Company pursuant to the written resolutions of all shareholders passed on 8 April 2004 for the primary purpose of providing incentives or rewards to selected participants for their contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any entity in which the Group holds any equity interest. The Pre-IPO Scheme and the Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years after the date of its adoption. Under the Pre-IPO Scheme and the Option Scheme, the board of directors of the Company may grant options to eligible participants including employees, executives or officers and directors (including executive and non-executive directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, and any suppliers, consultants and advisers who will contribute or have contributed to the Group to subscribe for shares in the Company.

At 31 December 2013, the number of shares available for issue and remained outstanding under the Pre-IPO Scheme and the Option Scheme are nil shares (2012: nil shares) and 12,020,000* shares (2012: 12,020,000* shares), respectively representing 0% (2012: 0%) and 0.01% (2012: 1.42%) of the issued share capital of the Company, respectively.

33. 購股權計劃

股權支付購股權計劃

本公司根據全體股東於二零零四年 四月八日通過的書面決議案採納首 次公開招股前購股權計劃(「首次公 開招股前購股權計劃1)及購股權計 劃(「購股權計劃」),主要目的為向 經甄選之參與者就彼等對本集團之 貢獻提供獎勵或回報,及/或有助 本集團招聘及挽留優秀僱員,吸引 對本集團及本集團持有任何股權的 實體有重要價值之人力資源。首次 公開招股前購股權計劃及購股權計 劃於採納當日起計十年內可有效行 使。根據首次公開招股前購股權計 劃及購股權計劃,本公司董事會可 向合資格參與者(包括本公司或其 任何附屬公司之僱員、行政人員、 高級職員及執行及非執行董事以及 過往或日後對本集團有貢獻之任何 供應商、顧問及諮詢人)授出可認 購本公司股份的購股權。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,根據首次公開招股前購股權計劃及購股權計劃可供發行及尚未行使的股份數目分別為零股(二零一二年:零股)及12,020,000*股(二零一二年:12,020,000*股),分別相當於本公司已發行股本0%(二零一二年:0%)及0.01%(二零一二年:1,42%)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

33. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

Equity-settled share options scheme (continued)

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under each of the Pre-IPO Scheme and the Option Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company of the adoption date of the Pre-IPO Scheme and the Option Scheme unless prior approval from the Company's shareholders in general meeting has been obtained. The number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Pre-IPO Scheme and the Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any eligible participant in any twelve-month period is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, unless prior approval from the Company's shareholders in general meeting has been obtained. Options granted to substantial shareholder or an independent nonexecutive director of the Company in excess of 0.1% of the Company's share in issue and with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders in general meeting.

33. 購股權計劃(續)

股權支付購股權計劃(續)

根據首次公開招股前購股權計劃及 購股權計劃可能授出之購股權所涉 股份總數不得超過本公司於採納首 次公開招股前購股權計劃及購股權 計劃當日股份的10%,惟事先在 股東大會上獲本公司股東批准者則 除外。因行使可能根據首次公開招 股前購股權計劃及購股權計劃以及 本公司任何其他購股權計劃所有已 授出但尚未行使的購股權而發行之 股份總數不得超過不時已發行股份 30%。於任何十二個月期間可能 授予任何合資格參與者之購股權所 涉股份總數,不得超過本公司於任 何時間已發行股份1%,惟事先在 股東大會上獲本公司股東批准者則 除外。授予本公司主要股東或獨立 非執行董事超過本公司已發行股份 0.1%且其價值超過5,000,000港 元之購股權須事先在股東大會上獲 本公司股東批准。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

33. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

Equity-settled share options scheme (continued)

There is no general requirement that an option must be held to any minimum period before it can be exercised but the board of directors is empowered to impose at its discretion any such minimum period at the time of grant of any particular option. Options offered must be taken up not later than 28 days after the date of offer. A nonrefundable remittance of HK\$1 is payable as consideration by the grantee upon acceptance of every grant of option under the Pre-IPO Scheme and the Option Scheme. The period during which an option may be exercised will be determined by the board of directors at its absolute discretion, save that such period of time shall not exceed a period of ten years commencing on the date which the option is granted. The exercise price is determined by the board of directors of the Company, and will not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the share on the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of offer (ii) the average closing price of the shares on the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company.

On 8 April 2004, a total of 8,000,000** share options were granted to certain employees and directors of the Group under the Pre-IPO Scheme entitling the holders thereof to subscribe for shares of the Company at an exercise price of HK\$0.324** per share.

On 10 December 2010, a total of 12,020,000* share options were granted to certain employees and directors of the Group under the option scheme entitling the holders thereof to subscribe for shares of the Company at an exercise price of HK\$3.410* per share.

33. 購股權計劃(續)

股權支付購股權計劃(續)

一般並無規定購股權於可行使前須 持有之最短期限,但董事會獲授權 可於授出任何個別購股權時酌情施 加最短期限。要約的購股權須於要 約發出後28日內獲認購。承授人 於接受根據首次公開招股前購股權 計劃及購股權計劃授出之各項購股 權時,須支付1港元不可撤回款項 作為代價。購股權行使期由董事會 全權酌情釐定,惟該期間不得超過 授出購股權當日起計十年。行使價 由本公司董事會釐定,不會低於以 下之最高者(i)要約日期聯交所每日 報價表之股份收市價;(ii)緊接要 約日期前五個營業日聯交所每日報 價表之股份平均收市價及(iii)本公 司股份面值。

於二零零四年四月八日,本公司已根據首次公開招股前購股權計劃授出合共8,000,000**份購股權予本集團若干僱員及董事,有關購股權持有人可按行使價每股0.324**港元認購本公司股份。

於二零一零年十二月十日,本公司根據購股權計劃授出合共 12,020,000*份購股權予本集團若 干僱員及董事,有關購股權持有人 可按行使價每股3.410*港元認購 本公司股份。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

33. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

Equity-settled share options scheme (continued)

The share options granted at 8 April 2004 do not have any vesting conditions and were fully vested on the grant date.

40% of the share options granted at 10 December 2010 are exercisable at date of grant; 40% of the share options are exercisable after 1 year from date of grant; the remaining 20% of the share option are exercisable after 2 years from the date of grant. All options are vested on the first day of respective exercise period.

Details of specific categories of options as at 31 December 2013 are as follows:

33. 購股權計劃(續)

股權支付購股權計劃(續)

於二零零四年四月八日授出之購股 權均不附帶任何歸屬條件,並於授 出當日悉數歸屬。

二零一零年十二月十日授出之購股權中,40%購股權可於授出當日行使,另外40%購股權可於授出當日一年後行使,而餘下20%購股權可於授出當日兩年後行使。所有購股權於各行使期首日歸屬。

以下為各類購股權於二零一三年 十二月三十一日之詳情:

	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise period 行使期	Exercise price 行使價 HK\$ 港元
Pre-IPO Scheme 首次公開招股前 購股權計劃	8 April 2004 二零零四年四月八日	8 April 2004 to 7 April 2014 二零零四年四月八日至 二零一四年四月七日	0.324**
Option Scheme 購股權計劃	10 December 2010 二零一零年十二月十日	10 December 2010 to 9 December 2020 二零一零年十二月十日至 二零二零年十二月九日	3.410*

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

33. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

Equity-settled share options scheme (continued)

The following table discloses details of the Company's share options held by directors and employees and movements in such holdings during the year ended 31 December 2012 and 2013:

33. 購股權計劃(續)

股權支付購股權計劃(續)

截至二零一二年及二零一三年十二 月三十一日止年度,董事及僱員所 持本公司購股權及其變動詳情於下 表披露:

				Outstanding at		
				1.1.2013		
				and 31.12.2012		Outstanding
		Outstanding at		於二零一三年		at
		1.1.2012	Exercise	一月一日及	Exercise	31.12.2013
		於二零一二年	during	二零一二年	during	於二零一三年
Option type		一月一日	the year	十二月三十一日	the year	十二月三十一日
購股權類別		尚未行使	年內行使	尚未行使	年內行使	尚未行使
Pre-IPO Scheme**	首次公開招股前					
	購股權計劃**	4,000,000	(4,000,000)	_	_	_
Option Scheme*	購股權計劃*	12,020,000		12,020,000		12,020,000
		16,020,000	(4,000,000)	12,020,000		12,020,000
Weighted average	加權平均行使價*					
Exercise price* (HK\$)	(港元)	2.640	3.410	3.410		3.410

The number of share options exercisable at the end of reporting period was 12,020,000* (2012: 12,020,000*).

於呈報期結算日可行使之購股權數 目 為 12,020,000*(二零一二年: 12,020,000*)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

33. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

Equity-settled share options scheme (continued)

Details of the share options held by the directors included in the above table are as follows:

33. 購股權計劃(續)

股權支付購股權計劃(續)

上表所載董事所持購股權的詳情如下:

						Outstanding at		
						1.1.2013		
					i	and 31.12.2012		Outstanding
		Outstanding at				於二零一三年		at
		1.1.2012			Exercise	一月一日及	Exercise	31.12.2013
		於二零一二年	Directors	Directors	during	二零一二年	during	於二零一三年
Option type		一月一日	appointed	resigned	the year	十二月三十一日	the year	十二月三十一日
購股權類別		尚未行使	董事獲委任	董事辭任	年內行使	尚未行使	年內行使	尚未行使
Pre-IPO Scheme**	首次公開招股前							
	購股權計劃**	4,000,000	_	_	(4,000,000)	_	_	_
Option scheme*	購股權計劃*	2,280,000	800,000	(40,000)		3,040,000		3,040,000
		6,280,000	800,000	(40,000)	(4,000,000)	3,040,000		3,040,000

- * The number and the exercise price of options in Option Scheme with remained outstanding have been adjusted due to share consolidation of the Company with effect from 18 November 2013. Each option was consolidated into 5 new share options with exercise price of five times of the original exercise price.
- ** The number and the exercise price of options in Pre-IPO scheme which remained outstanding have been adjusted due to share subdivision of the Company with effect from 14 December 2007 and further adjusted due to share consolidation of the Company with effect from 18 November 2013.

Fair value of share options granted to employees determined at the date of grant is expensed over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to the Group's share option reserve. For the year ended 31 December 2013, no share option expense (2012: HK\$2,139,000) has been recognised and no corresponding adjustment recognised in the Group's share option reserve.

- * 由於本公司股份合併自二零一三 年十一月十八日起生效,故購股 權計劃內尚未行使購股權的數目 及行使價已予調整。各購股權合 併成五項新購股權,行使價為初 始行使價的五倍。
- ** 由於本公司股份分拆自二零零七年十二月十四日起生效,故首次公開招股前購股權計劃內尚未行使購股權的數目及行使價已予調整,且因本公司股份合併自二零一三年十一月十八日起生效而進一步調整。

授予僱員之購股權於授出當日釐定的公平值於歸屬期間支銷,並相應調整本集團的購股權儲備。截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度並無已確認購股權支銷數額(二零一二年:2,139,000港元),且並無相應調整已於本集團的購股權儲備確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

34. DEFERRED INCOME – GOVERNMENT GRANT

Subsidiaries of the Company receive grants from the Government for funding of some development projects which benefits the society as a whole. When the project is completed, the relevant Government department will evaluate the quality of the results. The grants received are recognised as income when the related development projects have been completed and the approval of the relevant Government authority has been obtained.

The current portion of the deferred income – government grant represented grants received related to projects expected to be completed within one year from the end of the reporting period.

35. REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES

The Company issued 132,964,342 and 101,315,217 6% redeemable convertible preferred shares (the "Preferred Shares") at a par value of HK\$0.76 and HK\$0.92 each on 8 December 2005 and 21 April 2006, respectively. The Preferred Shares are denominated in HKD. The holder of the Preferred Shares shall have the right to convert the Preferred Shares, at any time from the date of allotment of the Preferred Shares and up to the maturity date, which is the sixth anniversary of 8 December 2005 and without payment of any additional consideration at the conversion rate of one Preferred Share to five ordinary shares after share subdivision completed on 14 December 2007. If the Preferred Shares have not been converted, they will be redeemed on 8 December 2011 at par. Interest of 6% will be paid annually up until the settlement date. The details of terms of the Preferred Shares are set out in the Company's circular dated 28 October 2005.

34. 遞延收入一政府補助

本公司附屬公司獲得政府補助,為 若干造福整個社會的發展項目提供 資金。相關政府部門將於項目完工 時進行質量評估。所獲補助於相關 發展項目完工且獲相關政府機構批 准時確認為收入。

遞延收入一政府補助即期部分指預 期將於呈報期結算日起一年內完成 的項目所獲相關補助。

35. 可贖回可換股優先股

於二零零五年十二月八日及二零 零六年四月二十一日,本公司 以每股0.76港元及0.92港元的 面值分別發行132,964,342股及 101,315,217股6%可贖回可換股 優先股(「優先股」)。優先股以港 元計值。優先股持有人有權於二零 零七年十二月十四日完成股份分拆 後,自配發優先股日期起至到期日 (即二零零五年十二月八日起滿六 週年當日)隨時按一股優先股換五 股普通股之換股比例轉換優先股, 而毋須支付任何額外代價。未轉換 之優先股會於二零一一年十二月八 日以票面值贖回,按年率6%支付 直至結算日。有關優先股條款之詳 情已載於本公司二零零五年十月 二十八日之通函。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

35. REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES (continued)

The Preferred Shares contain two components, liability and equity. Upon the application of HKAS 32 "Financial instruments: Disclosure and presentation", the proceeds from issue of the Preferred Share have been allocated between the liability and equity elements. The equity element is pursuant in equity heading "Preferred shares equity reserve".

On 24 September 2009, the Company entered into a supplemental deed with the holder of Preferred Shares (the "Supplemental Deed"). Pursuant to the Supplemental Deed, the Company and the holder of Preferred Shares have mutually agreed that the interest of 6% for the period from 1 October 2009 to 30 September 2011 shall be paid on quarterly basis (i) as to one third thereof (i.e. representing 2% per annum) by cash; and (ii) as to twothirds thereof (i.e. representing 4% per annum) by the allotment of further Preferred Shares ("Scrip Dividend") in such number to be calculated by dividing the amount of such Scrip Dividend with the amount of the Scrip Dividend issue price. The Scrip Dividend issue price is determined to be equal to 100% of the average closing price of ordinary shares as shown on the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange for the 10 consecutive trading days immediately prior to such dividend payment date. If the Scrip Dividend issue price is determined to be less than HK\$0.40, no Scrip Dividend will be issued and the relevant interest shall be paid by cash. Each Scrip Dividend is entitled to convert one ordinary share. Except for the number of ordinary share available for conversion, all other terms of Scrip Dividend are the same as Preferred Shares. Details of the terms of Scrip Dividend issued to the holder of the Preferred Shares are set out in the Company's circular dated 15 October 2009.

35. 可贖回可換股優先股(續)

優先股包括負債及權益兩部分。 採用香港會計準則第32號「金融工 具:披露及呈列」後,發行優先股 所得款項分為負債及股本部分。股 本部分列作股本之「優先股股本儲 備」。

於二零零九年九月二十四日,本公 司與優先股持有人訂立補充契約 (「補充契約」)。根據補充契約, 本公司及優先股持有人相互同意自 二零零九年十月一日至二零一 年九月三十日期間按季支付6%股 息,(i)其中三分之一(即每年2%) 以現金支付;及(ii)三分之二(即每 年4%)透過分配額外優先股支付 (「以股代息」),有關數目按以股 代息金額除以股代息發行價計算。 以股代息發行價釐定為緊隨該股 息支付日期前連續10個交易日聯 交所每日報表所示普通股平均收市 價100%。倘釐定之以股代息發行 價低於0.40港元,則不會發行代 息股份,相關利息將以現金支付。 每份以股代息均可轉換為一股普通 股。惟可兑换普通股之數目、以股 代息的所有其他條款與優先股一 致。向優先股持有人發行以股代息 的條款詳情載於本公司二零零九年 十月十五日刊發的通函。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

35. REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES (continued)

On 31 October 2011, the Company further entered into a supplemental deed with the holder of Preferred Shares (the "New Supplemental Deed"). Pursuant to the New Supplemental Deed, the terms of the Preferred Shares, including Scrip Dividend but excluding those Preferred Shares to be converted and redeemed will be amended as follows:

- (a) The maturity date of the Preferred Shares shall be extended for a further period of two years from 8 December 2011 ("Extended Maturity Period");
- (b) The rate of interest during the Extended Maturity Period will be increased from 6% to 9% per annum; and
- (c) The interest during Extended Maturity Period shall only be paid by cash.

Except for above, all other terms of Preferred Shares including the conversion price remain the same.

Details of the modification of the terms of Preferred Shares are set out in the Company's circular dated 14 November 2011. The modification of the terms was considered to be a replacement of Preferred Shares, including Script Dividend, with new Preferred Shares ("New Preferred Shares") at the date of maturity.

The New Preferred Shares contains two components, liability and embedded conversion option.

35. 可贖回可換股優先股(續)

二零一一年十月三十一日,本公司 與優先股持有人另行訂立補充契諾 (「新補充契諾」)。根據該新補充契 諾,優先股(包括以股代息,但不 包括該等已轉換及贖回的優先股) 之條款修訂如下:

- (a) 優先股屆滿日期將由二零 一一年十二月八日另行延長 兩年(「延長屆滿期間」);
- (b) 延長屆滿期間的年利率將由 6%增至9%;及
- (c) 延長屆滿期間的利息僅將由 現金支付。

除上述者外,優先股的所有其他條款(包括兑換價)維持不變。

優先股條款修訂詳情載於本公司於 二零一一年十一月十四日刊發之通 函。於屆滿日期,修訂條款視為以 新優先股(「新優先股」)取代優先股 (包括以股代息)。

新優先股包括負債與嵌入式換股權 兩部分。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

35. REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES (continued)

The movement of the liability component and conversion option derivative of the New Preferred Shares for the year is set out below:

35. 可贖回可換股優先股(續)

年內新優先股負債部分與換股權衍 生工具的變動載列如下:

		Liability component 負債部分 HK\$'000 千港元	Conversion option derivatives 換股權 衍生工具 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2012	二零一二年一月一日	63,519	9,600
Interest charge	利息支出	6,101	_
Coupon interest paid for the year	年內已付票面利息	(4,659)	_
Loss arising on changes of fair value	公平值變動產生之虧損		21,257
At 31 December 2012	二零一二年		
	十二月三十一日	64,961	30,857
Interest charge	利息支出	4,974	_
Coupon interest paid for the year	年內已付票面利息	(6,412)	_
Conversion or redemption	兑換或贖回	(63,523)	(42,002)
Loss arising on changes of fair value	公平值變動產生之虧損		11,145
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日		

On 17 November 2013, the New Preferred Shares with principal amount of HK\$51,564,000 was converted into 280,241,365 ordinary shares of the Company. On 8 December 2013, the New Preferred Shares with principal amount of HK\$11,959,000 was redeemed by the Company.

The weighted average effective interest rate of the liability component of New Preferred Shares is 9% (2012: 9%).

於二零一三年十一月十七日,本金51,564,000港元的新優先股乃 兑換為280,241,365股本公司普通 股。於二零一三年十二月八日,本公司贖回本金11,959,000港元的 新優先股。

新優先股負債部分之加權平均實際 利率為9%(二零一二年:9%)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

35. REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES (continued)

The fair value of conversion option derivatives at the date of conversion (i.e. 17 November 2013) and 31 December 2012 were calculated using the binominal model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

Share Price	股價
Expected life of options	購股權的預計年期
Expected volatility (Note)	預期波幅(附註)
Expected dividend yield	預期股息率
Interest rate	利率

Note: Expected volatility was determined by using the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous

35. 可贖回可換股優先股(續)

兑換日(即二零一三年十一月十七日)及二零一二年十二月三十一日 之換股權衍生工具公平值以二項式 模式計算。該模式所用參數如下:

31.12.2012 二零一二年 十二月三十一日	17.11.2013 二零一三年 十一月十七日
HK\$0.29港元	HK \$0.335 港元
0.94 years年	0 years年
31.182%	42.08%
4.483%	3.463%
6.59%	6.59%

附註: 預期波幅按本公司過往年度股 價的波幅釐定。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

36. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

36. 遞延税項負債

The following is the deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting years:

以下為於本報告年度及過往報告年 度已確認之遞延税項負債及其變動:

		Withholding tax arising from PRC subsidiaries 中國附屬公司 的預扣税 HK\$'000 千港元	Other intangible assets 其他無形資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
At 1 January 2012 Exchange adjustments Credit (Charge) to profit or loss (note 10)	二零一二年一月一日 匯兑調整 計入損益表(於損益表 支銷)(附註10)	13,848 —	8,820 17 (3,556)	22,668 16 (3,544)
At 31 December 2012	二零一二年 十二月三十一日	13,859	5,281	19,140
Exchange adjustments Credit (Charge) to profit or loss (note 10)	匯兑調整 計入損益表(於損益表 支銷)(附註10)	376	(1,116)	(740)
At 31 December 2013	二零一三年十二月三十一日	14,235	4,167	18,402

Note: Under the EIT Law of the PRC, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008 onwards. No deferred taxation has been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of certain PRC subsidiaries amounting to approximately HK\$310,949,000 (2012: HK\$302,736,000) as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it is probable that the profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

附註: 根據中國企業所得稅法,自二零零八年一月一日起對中國附屬公司就所獲溢利宣派的股息徵收預扣稅。由於本公司控制若干中國附屬公司的股息政策且該等附屬公司的溢利在可見將來可能不會分派,故並無於綜合財務報表就有關若干中國附屬公司未分派溢利之暫時差額約310,949,000港元(二零一二年:302,736,000港元)作出遞延稅項撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

37. ACQUISITION OF PARTIAL INTEREST IN A SUBSIDIARY

During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group acquired the remaining 30% interests of 山東浪潮 金融信息系統有限公司 ("Inspur Financial System") from the other shareholder for a cash consideration of RMB1,500,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,843,000) ("Acquisition"). The Acquisition was completed on 5 April 2012.

The Acquisition, without changing the Group's control over Inspur Financial System, was accounted for as equity transaction. The difference between the fair value of cash consideration of HK\$1,843,000 and 30% of share of net liabilities by other shareholder of HK\$791,000 amounting to HK\$2,634,000 was recognised directly in equity as other reserves and attributable to owners of the Company.

38. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 6 June 2013, the directors resolved to dispose of Inspur (HK) Electronic Limited ("Inspur (HK) Electronic"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group which engaged in trading of computer components. On 16 April 2013, the Group entered into a sales and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Group has conditionally agreed to dispose of Inspur (HK) Electronic (the "Disposal") for a cash consideration of HK\$294,230,000. The Disposal was completed on 30 June 2013 and details are set out in note 39.

The business of the Group's trading of computer components, which was solely carried out by Inspur (HK) Electronic, was considered as a discontinued operation of the Group as a result of the disposal. The comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2012 have been restated to present the trading of computer components business as a discontinued operation.

37. 收購附屬公司之部分權益

於截至二零一二年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團向其他股東收購山 東浪潮金融信息系統有限公司(「浪 潮金融系統」)的餘下30%權益, 現金代價為人民幣1,500,000元 (相當於約1,843,000港元)(「收購 事項」)。該收購事項於二零一二年 四月五日完成。

該收購事項並無改變本集團對浪潮金融系統的控制權,按股權交易入賬。現金代價1,843,000港元與其他股東應佔30%的負債淨額791,000港元的公平值差額2,634,000港元,直接於權益中確認為其他儲備並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

38. 已終止業務

於二零一三年六月六日,董事決定 出售本集團一家從事電腦元件貿易 的全資附屬公司浪潮(香港)電子」)。 零一三年四月十六日,本集團有 不 不 有 買賣協議,據此,本集團有條 件同意出售浪潮(香港)電子(「出售 事項」),現金代價為294,230,000 港元。出售事項已於二零一三年六 月三十日完成,詳情載於附註39。

由於出售事項的影響,故本集團僅由浪潮(香港)電子運作的電腦元件貿易業務乃視為本集團的一項已終止經營活動。截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度的比較數字乃經重列以呈列電腦元件貿易業務為一項已終止經營活動。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

38. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

38. 已終止業務 (續)

The profit for the year from discontinued operation is analysed as follows:

已終止業務的年內溢利分析如下:

Profit of trading of computer	本年度電腦元件貿易
components for the year	的溢利
Gain on disposal of trading of	出售電腦元件貿易業務
computer component business	的收益

2013	2012
二零一三年	二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
43,869	58,843
224,314	
268.183	58,843
	30,013

The results of the trading of computer components operations for the period from 1 January 2013 to 30 June 2013, which have been included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, were as follows:

於二零一三年一月一日至二零一三 年六月三十日期間內,電腦元件貿 易業務的業績已計入綜合損益表, 如下表所示:

Year ended

31.12.2012

Period ended

30.6.2013

		截至	截至
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		六月三十日	十二月三十一日
		止期間	止年度
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益	1,234,706	1,239,465
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(1,181,994)	(1,156,106)
Other income	其他收入	_	4
Administrative and other	行政及其他		
operating expenses	經營開支	(175)	(12,603)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	F2 F27	70.760
Profit before tax		52,537	70,760
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(8,668)	(11,917)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	43,869	58,843

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

38. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

Profit for the year/period from discontinued operation included the following:

38. 已終止業務 (續)

已終止業務的年/期內溢利包括以下各項:

Period ended	Year ended
30.6.2013	31.12.2012
截至	截至
二零一三年	二零一二年
六月三十日	十二月三十一日
止期間	止年度
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
1,181,994	1,156,106
3	592
812	5,625

Cost of inventories recognised as expense in the cost of sales (including reversal of write-down of inventories of nil (2012: HK\$287,000)

(二零一二年: 287,000港元)的 存貨撇減撥回)

確認為銷售成本中的

存貨成本

(包括零港元

No tax charge or credit arose on gain on discontinuance of the operation.

Cash flows for the year from discontinued operations:

已終止業務的收益並無產生税項開 支或抵免。

2012

已終止經務的年內現金流量:

2013

		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Net cash inflow (outflow) from	營運業務的現金流入		
operating activities	(流出)淨額	7,581	(15,042)
Net cash (outflow) inflow from	投資業務的現金		
investing activities	(流出)流入淨額	(7)	20,293
Net cash outflow from financing activities	融資業務的現金流出淨額	(3,904)	(66,939)
Net cash inflows	現金流入淨額	3,670	(61,688)

The carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities of Inspur (HK) Electronic at date of disposal are disclosed in note 39.

浪潮(香港)電子的資產及負債於出售日期的賬面值披露於附註39。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

39. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

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(a) Disposal of Inspur (HK) Electronic in 2013

As referred to in note 38, the Group discontinued its trading of computer components operations at time of disposal of its subsidiary, Inspur (HK) Electronic. The net assets of Inspur (HK) Electronic at the date of disposal, 30 June 2013, were as follows:

39. 出售一家附屬公司

(a) 於二零一三年出售浪潮 (香港)電子

如附註38所述,本集團已於 出售其附屬公司(浪潮(香港) 電子)時終止其電腦元件貿易 業務。於出售日期(二零一三 年六月三十日),浪潮(香港) 電子的資產淨值如下:

> HK\$'000 千港元

Consideration received:	C 收取10 ill ·	
Cash received	已收取現金	294,230

30.6.2013 二零一三年 六月三十日 *HK\$'000*

		HK\$'000
		千港元
Analysis of assets and liabilities	喪失控制權的資產及	
over which control was lost:	負債之分析:	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	11
Inventories	存貨	110,521
Trade and bills receivables	貿易應收賬款及應收票據	60,956
Amounts due from fellow	應收同集團附屬公司的款額	
subsidiaries		43,076
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及其他應收賬款	
other receivables		2,495
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	60,973
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據	(51,501)
Other payables and accrued	其他應付賬款及應計負債	
liabilities		(2,905)
Tax payable	應付税項	(9,066)
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同集團附屬公司款項	(144,644)
Net assets disposal of	已出售資產淨值	69,916
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary:	出售一家附屬公司之收益:	
Total consideration	代價總額	294,230
Net assets disposal of	已出售資產淨值	(69,916)

224,314

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

39. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY (continued)

(a) Disposal of Inspur (HK) Electronic in 2013 (continued)

39. 出售一家附屬公司(續)

(a) 於二零一三年出售浪潮 (香港)電子(續)

> 30.6.2013 二零一三年 六月三十日 *HK\$'000 千港元*

Net cash inflow arising on disposal:

Cash received Less: bank balances and cash disposal of

出售產生之現金流入淨值:

已收現金 減:已出售銀行結餘及現金 294,230

(60,973)

233,257

The impact of Inspur (HK) Electronic on the Group's result and cash flows in the current and prior periods is disclosed in note 38.

(b) Disposal of Inspur E-government in 2012

On 18 January 2012, the Group entered into a sales and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Group has conditionally agreed to dispose of Inspur E-governments Software Limited ("Inspur E-government") to Shandong Inspur Software Co., Ltd. (山東浪潮齊魯軟體產業股份有限公司), a fellow subsidiary of the Company, for a cash consideration of RMB23,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$28,300,000). Such disposal was completed on 19 January 2012. The net assets of Inspur E-government at the date of disposal were as follows:

浪潮(香港)電子對目前及過往期間本集團業績及現金流量的影響披露於附註38。

(b) 於二零一二年出售浪潮 電子政務

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

39. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY (continued)

39. 出售一家附屬公司(續)

(b) Disposal of Inspur E-government in 2012 (continued)

(b) 於二零一二年出售浪潮 電子政務(續)

> HK\$'000 千港元

Consideration received:已收取代價:Cash received已收取現金

28,343

19.1.2012 二零一二年 一月十九日 *HK\$'000* 千港元

		/E/C
Analysis of assets and liabilities	喪失控制權的資產及	
over which control was lost:	負債的分析:	
Goodwill	商譽	2,457
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	637
Trade and bills receivables	貿易應收款項及應收票據	3,507
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及其他應收賬款	
other receivables		3,644
Amounts due from customers	應收客戶合約工程款項	
for contracts works		485
Amounts due from fellow	應收同集團附屬公司款項	
subsidiaries		41,384
Amount due from ultimate	應收最終控股公司款項	
holding company		124
Amount due from the Group	應收本集團款項	771
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	7,865
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據	(16,471)
Other payables and accrued	其他應付賬款及應計負債	
liabilities		(9,770)
Taxation payable	應付税項	(1,692)
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同集團附屬公司款項	(2,631)
Amount due to the Group	應付本集團款項	(149)
Deferred income - government	遞延收入一政府補助	
grant		(1,099)
Net assets disposal of	已出售資產淨值	29,062

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

39. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY (continued)

39. 出售一家附屬公司(續)

(b) Disposal of Inspur E-government in 2012 (continued)

(b) 於二零一二年出售浪潮 電子政務(續)

> 19.1.2012 二零一二年 一月十九日 *HK\$'000 千港元*

Loss on disposal of a subsidiary: 出售一家附屬公司的虧損:

Consideration received已收取代價28,343Net assets disposed of已出售資產淨值(29,062)

(719)

Net cash inflow arising

on disposal:

Cash consideration 現金代價 28,343

出售產生之現金流入淨額:

Less: Bank balances and 減:已出售銀行結餘及現金

cash disposed of (7,865)

20,478

The subsidiary disposed of during the year ended 31 December 2012 did not have any significant contribution to the results and cash flows of the Group during the period prior to the disposal.

於出售前期間內,於截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度已出售附屬公司並無對本集團的業績及現金流量作出任何重大貢獻。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

40. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Group as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under operating leases in respect of rented premises which fall due as follows:

Within one year — — — — — 一年內
In the second to fifth years inclusive — 第二至第五年 — (包括首尾兩年)

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for its office premises and staff quarters. Leases are negotiated for an average term of two years and rentals are fixed for an average of two years.

The Group as lessor

Property rental income earned during the year was HK\$322,000 (2012: Nil). The properties are expected to generate rental yields of 3% on an ongoing basis. All of the properties held have committed tenants for the next year.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenant for the following future minimum lease payments:

Within one year

一年內

40. 經營租賃承擔

本集團作為承租人

於呈報期結算日,本集團根據經營 租賃就所租物業未來最低租金之承 擔的到期情況如下:

2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
<i>千港元</i> 2,039	<i>千港元</i> 2,360
104	63
2,143	2,423

經營租賃租金指本集團應付辦公室 及員工宿舍租金。租賃平均每兩年 商討一次,而租金平均兩年釐定一 次。

本集團作為出租人

年內所賺取的物業租金收入為322,000港元(二零一二年:無)。該物業預期將持續產生3%的租金收益率。所持有物業來年均有承諾和戶。

於呈報期結算日,本集團已與租戶 就下列未來最低租賃付款訂立合 約:

 2013
 2012

 二零一三年
 二零一二年

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 千港元
 千港元

 322
 —

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

41. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

41. 資本承擔

2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
千港元	千港元
515,426	502,485

Capital expenditure in respect of 就建設物業已 the construction of property contracted for but not provided in the consolidated 綜合財務報表內 financial statements

Capital expenditure in respect of the construction of property authorised but not contracted for 就建設物業已 授權但尚未訂約之 資本開支

計提之資本開支

訂約但尚未於

42. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

The Company's subsidiaries in Hong Kong operate the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme under the rules and regulations of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority. The Group's employees are required to join the scheme. The Group has followed the minimum statutory contribution requirement of 5% of eligible employees' relevant aggregated income with a cap of HK\$1,250 per employee per month.

The Company's subsidiaries in the PRC, in compliance with the applicable regulations of the PRC, participated in various central pension schemes operated by the relevant municipal and provincial governments. These subsidiaries are required to make defined contributions to these schemes at a fixed percentage of their covered payroll. The Group has no other obligation for the payment of its staff's retirement and other post-retirement benefits other than the contributions described above.

The total contributions in respect of the current accounting period charged to consolidated income statement amounting to HK\$58,683,000 (2012: HK\$54,161,000).

42. 退休福利計劃

本公司的香港附屬公司根據強制性 公積金計劃管理局的規則及規定推 行強制性公積金計劃。本集團員工 均須參加此計劃。本集團已根據法 定最低供款規定按合資格僱員有關 總收入的5%供款,上限為每名僱 員每月1,250港元。

76,798

173,520

為遵守中國適用規例,本公司中國 附屬公司均參與多項由有關省市政 府營運之中央退休金計劃。該等附 屬公司須按上述計劃所涵蓋薪金之 固定百分比向該等計劃作出定額供 款。除上述供款外,本集團並無其 他支付員工退休及其他退休後福利 的責任。

現行會計期間自綜合收益表扣除 之總供款為58,683,000港元(二零 一二年:54.161.000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

43. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/ BALANCES

Apart from the amounts due from and to related parties as disclosed in notes 28, 31a and 31b, respectively, the Group had entered into the following related party transactions during the year:

43. 關連人士交易/結餘

除附註28、31a及31b分別披露的 應收及應付關連人士款項外,本集 團於本年度已進行下列關連人士交 易:

		Ultimate holding company 最終控股公司		Imme holding(直接控	company	Fellow subsidiaries 同集團附屬公司		
		2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
		二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零一二年 HK\$'000	二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Sales of goods	銷售貨品		6,091		344,949	532,799	201,764	
Services income	服務收入	10,837	9,865			71,394	63,371	
Purchase of goods	採購貨品	565	1,304			138,149	95,611	
Sales commission expenses	銷售佣金支出	108	120			2,106	1,719	
Property rental expenses	物業租金開支	12,409	9,465					
Property rental income	物業租金收入					322		

- (a) During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group disposed of an intangible asset to other shareholder with significant influence of Inspur Financial System, a subsidiary of the Company, for a cash consideration of RMB4,600,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$5,656,000). The Group also acquired a leasehold land from the ultimate holding company for a cash consideration of RMB32,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$39,327,000).
- (a) 於截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團以現金代價人民幣4,600,000元(相當於約5,656,000港元)向其他股東出售一項無形資產,對本公司之附屬公司浪潮金融系統產生重大影響。本集團亦向最終控股公司收購租賃土地,現金代價為人民幣32,000,000元(相當於約39,327,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

43. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/BALANCES (continued)

(b) During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group disposed of Inspur (HK) Electronic, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group to Inspur Electronic Information (Hong Kong) Co., Limited, a fellow subsidiary of the Company for a cash consideration of HK\$294,230,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group disposed the assets of the digital media business to Inspur Cheeloo, a fellow subsidiary of the Company for a cash consideration of RMB30,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$37,430,000).

During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group disposed of Inspur E-Government Software Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group to Shandong Inspur Software Co., Ltd., a fellow subsidiary of the Company for a cash consideration of RMB23,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$28.343,000).

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors during the year are set out in note 12, which is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

43. 關連人士交易/結餘(續)

(b) 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團向本公司的同集團附屬公司浪潮電子信息(香港)有限公司出售本集團的全資附屬公司浪潮(香港)電子,現金代價為294,230,000港元。

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團向本公司的同集團附屬公司 浪潮齊魯出售數碼媒體業 務資產,現金代價為人民 幣30,000,000元(相等於約 37,430,000港元)。

於截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團的全資附屬公司浪潮電子政務軟件公司出售予本公司的同集團附屬公司山馬子東浪潮齊魯軟體產業股份有限公司,現金代價為人民幣23,000,000元(相當於約28,343,000港元)。

主要管理人員酬金

董事於年內之薪酬載於附註12, 由薪酬委員會參考個人表現及市場 趨勢釐定。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

44. NON-CASH TRANSACTION

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the holder of redeemable converted preferred shares converted redeemable converted preferred shares with the par value of HK\$51,564,000 into 280,241,365 ordinary shares. Details are set out in note 35.

45. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Company at 31 December 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

44. 非現金交易

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度,可贖回可換股優先股的 持有人將面值為51,564,000港 元的可贖回可換股優先股兑換成 280,241,365股普通股。詳情載於 附註35。

45. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情

本公司主要附屬公司於二零一三年 及二零一二年十二月三十一日的詳 情如下:

Name of company 公司名稱			ness structure 註冊成立/ share held			share capital/ registered capital held by			ortion of interest by the Company I所持權益之百分比		
				2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	201 二零- Directly	-	2012 三零一 <u>-</u> Directly			
						直接	間接	直接	間接		
Inspur Electronics Limited 浪蘭電子有限公司	Incorporated 註冊成立公司	British Virgin Islands ("BVI") 英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群島」)	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	US \$1 1美元	100%	-	100%	_	Investment holding 投資控股	
Inspur (HK) Electronics 浪潮(香港)電子 有限公司	Incorporated 註冊成立公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	-	_t	_	100%	Trading of computer components 電腦元件貿易	
Inspur Shandong Electronic 浪潮山東電子	Wholly foreign owned enterprises ("WFOE") 外商獨資企業 (「外商獨資企業」)	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	US\$90,675,000 90,675,000美元	US\$90,675,000 90,675,000美元	-	100%	_	100%	Investment holding and manufacture, trading of computer products 投資控股及製造與 電腦產品貿易	
Intersource Technology Incorporated Limited	Incorporated 註冊成立公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$50,000 50,000美元	US\$50,000 50,000美元	100%	-	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股	
Timeone Technology Limited	Incorporated 註冊成立公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$50,000 50,000美元	US\$50,000 50,000美元	-	100%	_	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Shine Victory International Limited 權興國際有限公司	Incorporated 註冊成立公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$8,979,000 8,979,000港元	HK\$8,979,000 8,979,000港元	100%	-	100%	_	Investment holding 投資控股	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

45. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (continued)

45. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情

Form of Name of company business stru公司名稱 商業結構形式		usiness structure 註冊成立/ share held		Paid up issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 則		Proportion of interest held by the Company 本公司所持權益之百分比				Principal activities 主營業務	
				2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	201 二零- Directly 直接		201 二零一 Directly 直接			
Jinan Qiyi Information Technology Limited# 濟南敗益信息科技 有限公司#	SFOE 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB5,000,000 人民幣 5,000,000元	RMB5,000,000 人民幣 5,000,000元	_	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Jinan Communication 濟南通信	Domestic limited liability company ("DLLC") 內資有限責任公司 (「內資有限責任公司」)	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB50,000,000 人民幣 50,000,000元	RMB50,000,000 人民幣 50,000,000元	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Inspur Communication 浪潮通信	SFOE 中外合資企業	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB50,000,000 人民幣 50,000,000元	RMB50,000,000 人民幣 50,000,000元	_	100%	_	100%	Manufacturing, sale and development of computer software 製造、銷售及 開發電腦軟件	
Inspur Business System 浪潮商用系統	DLLC 內資有限責任公司	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB20,000,000 人民幣 20,000,000元	RMB20,000,000 人民幣 20,000,000元	-	100%	_	100%	Software development 軟件開發	
Langchao Worldwide 浪潮世科	Incorporated 註冊成立公司	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$5,072,000 5,072,000美元	US\$5,072,000 5,072,000美元	100%	-	100%	-	Investment holdings 投資控股	
Inspur Worldwide (Shandong) Servuce Limited 浪潮世科(山東)信息 技術有限公司	WFOE 外商獨資企業	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 註資	U\$\$2,317,300 2,317,300美元	US\$2,317,300 2,317,300美元	-	100%	-	100%	Provision of outsourcing software development services 提供軟件開發外包服務	
Inspur Genersoft 浪潮通用軟件	DLLC 內資有限責任公司	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB100,000,000 人民幣 100,000,000元	RMB39,932,000 人民幣 39,932,000元	-	100%	_	100%	Software development 軟件開發	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

45. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (continued)

45. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情

Name of company 公司名稱	Form of business structure 商業結構形式	Place of incorporation/ registration 註冊成立/登記地點	Class of share held 持有股份類別	share capital/ registered capital held by the			n of interest e Company 權益之百分比		Principal activities 主營業務	
				2013	2012 二零一二年	201 二零一		2012 二零一 <u>-</u>		
						Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	
Inspur Financial System [#] 浪潮金融系統 [#]	DLLC 內資有限責任公司	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB5,000,000 人民幣 5,000,000元	RMB5,000,000 人民幣 5,000,000元	-	100%	_	70%	Software development 軟件開發
山東浪潮通軟信息科技有限公司	DLLC 內資有限責任公司	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB18,000,000 人民幣 18,000,000元	RMB18,000,000 人民幣 18,000,000元	-	100%	_	100%	Software development 軟件開發
山東浪潮金融軟件信息有限公司	DLLC 內資有限責任公司	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB35,000,000 人民幣 35,000,000元	RMB33,000,000 人民幣 33,000,000元	-	85.7%	_	85.7%	Software development 軟件開發
Inspur (HK) Cloud Service Limited 浪潮 (香港) 雲服務 有限公司	Incorporated 註冊成立公司	HK 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$10,140 10,140港元	HK \$ 10,140 10,140港元	-	100%	-	100%	Provision of i-Cloud service 提供i-Cloud服務
濟南浪潮銘達信息科技 有限公司	DLLC 內資有限責任公司	PRC 中國	Capital contribution 注資	RMB100,000,000 人民幣 100,000,000元	RMB100,000,000 人民幣 100,000,000元	-	100%	-	100%	Not yet commenced business 尚未開始從事業務

- * The subsidiary was disposed in 2013.
- * The English name of these PRC incorporated entities are for identification purpose only.

The above list includes the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affect the results of the Group for the year or form a substantial portion of the assets and liabilities of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities during the year and at the end of the year.

- * 該附屬公司於二零一三年出售。
- # 於中國註冊成立之實體的英文名 稱僅供識別。

上表載列本公司附屬公司。董事認 為該等附屬公司主要影響本集團年 內業績或構成本集團資產及負債的 主要部分。董事認為提供其他附屬 公司之詳情將導致內容過於冗長。

概無附屬公司於年內及年末發行任何債券。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

46. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 46. 本公司之財務狀況表 THE COMPANY

At 31 December

於十二月三十一日

		W 1 — 73	— I H
		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Interests in subsidiaries	光加到貝座 附屬公司權益	798,043	798,043
interests in subsidialies	門獨公門惟無	796,043	796,043
Current assets	流動資產		
Prepayments	預付款項	172	449
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款額	422,236	267,911
Bank balances	銀行結餘	291,331	1,820
		742 720	270 100
		713,739	270,180
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	_	30,857
Other payables	其他應付賬款	4,051	3,071
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款額	307,014	92,511
Tax payable	應付税項	5,503	5,503
Redeemable convertible	可贖回可換股		
preferred shares	優先股	_	64,961
		246 569	106 003
		316,568	196,903
Net current assets	流動資產淨額	397,171	73,277
			074 222
		1,195,214	871,320
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備		
Share capital (note 32)	股本(附註32)	9,015	8,455
Reserves	儲備	1,186,199	862,865
		1,195,214	871,320

Financial Summary

財務概要

For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (經重列)	2010 二零一零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (restated) (經重列)	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (經重列)	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (經重列)	2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
RESULTS	業績					
Continuing operation Revenue	持續經營業務 收入	1,483,446	1,418,833	1,258,139	1,161,560	1,300,980
Profit (loss) before taxation	除税前溢利(虧損)	247,542	144,819	(2,417)	(154,023)	(150,942)
Taxation	税項	(28,595)	(13,548)	(8,131)	(4,189)	(1,282)
Profit (loss) for the year from continuing operation	來自持續經營業務的 年內溢利(虧損)	218,947	131,271	(10,548)	(158,212)	(152,224)
Discontinued operation Profit for the year from	已終止業務 來自已終止業務					
discontinued operation	的年內溢利	24,613	46,263	58,708	58,843	268,183
Profit (loss) for the year	年內溢利(虧損)	243,560	177,534	48,160	(99,369)	115,959
Profit (loss) for the year attributable to:	應佔年內 溢利(虧損):					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	254,501	177,972	50,408	(93,319)	117,696
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(1,970)	(438)	(2,248)	(6,050)	(1,737)
		252,531	177,534	48,160	(99,369)	115,959

Financial Summary

財務概要

At 31 December

於十二月三十一日

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		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
		二零零九年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一二年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產與負債					
Total assets	總資產	2,074,163	2,421,849	2,355,053	2,335,316	2,635,664
Total liabilities	總負債	(633,529)	(735,209)	(515,966)	(630,034)	(693,417)
		1,440,634	1,686,640	1,839,087	1,705,282	1,942,247
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額					
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人					
the Company	應佔權益	1,439,440	1,683,699	1,834,635	1,702,204	1,938,151
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	1,194	2,941	4,452	3,078	4,096
		1,440,634	1,686,640	1,839,087	1,705,282	1,942,247