





CONTENTS

目錄

2 \	Chairman's Statement
_	主席報告書

- **9** \ Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析
- 15 \ Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員履歷
- 19 \ Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告
- 31 \ Directors' Report 董事會報告
- 42 \ Reports and Financial Statements 報告書及財務報表
- 42 \Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告
- 46 \Balance Sheet 資產負債表
- 48 \ Consolidated Income Statement 合併收益表
- 49 \ Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 合併全面收益表
- 50 \ Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 合併權益變動表
- 51 \ Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 合併現金流量表
- 52 \ Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註
- 126 \ Five Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要
- 127 \ Corporate Information 公司資料

Inside Back Cover 为 Shareholder Information 股東資料

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告書

ECOGREEN aspires to become the utmost value creation company in China and in the world. with leadership in a number of finely segmented industries.

中怡努力成為中國乃至全球的一個最富價值創造 的公司,並追求在多項細分行業裡成為領導者。



Review

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to announce the annual results of EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Group Limited ("EcoGreen" or the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2013. Turnover rose by 16% to about RMB1,227 million. Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA") increased by 17% to RMB282 million, up from the RMB240 million in 2012. Profit attributable to shareholders rose by 17% to RMB149 million. Basic earnings per share rose by 17% to RMB30.9 cents compared with the RMB26.5 cents for 2012. In appreciation of the shareholders' support, the Board resolved to declare a final dividend HK7.1 cents per share, which together with the interim dividend of HK1.49 cents per share for the first half of 2013, will bring the total dividend for 2013 to HK8.59 cents per share. The proposed final dividend is subject to the approval by shareholders at an annual general meeting. The dividend for 2012 was HK5.1 cents.

回顧

本人謹代表董事會,向各股東報告本集團截至二 零一三年十二月三十一日止年度之業績。期內, 營業額約為12.27億元人民幣,與二零一二年相比 上升16%;未計利息、税項、折舊及攤銷之溢利 (「EBITDA」)為2.82億元人民幣,較二零一二年的 2.40億元人民幣比較升幅達17%;股東應占溢利增 加17%至1.49億元人民幣;每股基本溢利為30.9 分人民幣,比二零一二年的每股基本溢利26.5分人 民幣,增長17%。為回報廣大股東的支持,董事會 建議宣布派發本年度末期股息每股7.1港仙,惟須 待股東於應屆股東周年大會批准; 連同中期股息每 股1.49港仙,本年度的股息分派總額為每股8.59港 仙,上一年度的股息為每股5.1港仙。

In 2013, the global economy remained uncertain. On one hand, the United States was in slow economic recovery while Europe was in a gradual upswing, on the other hand emerging markets was in the deceleration of economic growth such as China. As a result, different industries experienced varying degrees of growth and decline. Although China's aroma chemical industry recorded considerable growth in the first half of the year as downstream demand recovered, the industry's growth for the whole year was still moderate. Furthermore, clients have widely adopted tight control measures on working capital, and just-in-time inventory and purchasing management in the aftermath of the global financial crisis. Other difficulties included the consistent renminbi appreciation, raw material cost fluctuation and the industry competition. The Group made immense efforts to take on these challenges to achieve an annual growth comparable to that in the first half of the year.

二零一三年,全球經濟仍不明朗,一方面,美國經濟緩慢復蘇,和歐洲經濟持續回暖,但另一方實施,包括中國的新興經濟體則增長放緩,而各個行業的發展亦有不同程度的升跌。雖然中國的香精行業錄得明顯的業務增長,但觀乎全年綜合表現,其增長動力仍較溫和。此外,因為客戶在世界金融危機發生後至今,已較為普遍地緊縮流動資金和採用民幣持續升值、原料價格波動、以及同行競爭等挑戰,本集團須經過一番努力,才能獲得與上半年相當的全年增長。

EcoGreen as a customer-oriented company, continued to provide a total solution that encompasses research and development, procurement, production and supply chain management for its clients during 2013. The Group won client's trust and support with its stable supply of quality products and services of high professional standards.

回顧二零一三年,本集團秉持以客為尊、精進經營的宗旨,繼續為客戶提供從研發、採購、生產乃至 供應鏈管理的整體解決方案。以優質的產品、穩定 的供應、專業的服務,贏得了客戶的信賴和支持。

During the year under review, the Group expanded its integrated service business in its supply chain management to satisfy the huge customer demand. The integrated service business used to be a complementary value-added service which satisfied the clients' needs for natural aroma chemicals and key upstream resources. After years of service, the integrated service business has now integrated with the Group's proprietary products and adopted a light-asset model in its supply chain management businesses. Presently, the Group's integrated service business has won its client's trust and recognition, but it still needs to actively enhance its capabilities for processing information and delivering goods. It also needs to broaden the scope of services and increase the number of suppliers and expand its customer base. Only then will the business be able to combine with the Group's proprietary products to become its new growth driver.

年內,本集團因應客戶龐大的需求,適度地擴大了 供應鏈管理中的集成業務。集成業務在過往作為核 心業務的一個補充,較多是以增值服務的形式以滿 足客戶對天然芳香品原料及上游策略性資源的需 求;現經過多年的發展,已在集團供應鏈服務的需 求;現經過多年的發展成與自製產品融貫的增值 務、和輕資產的業務單元。目前,雖然本集團的增 人業務已在行業內獲得客戶的信任和認可,但仍需 積極加強處理資訊和配送的能力、擴大服務種類和 增加供應商數目及客戶群,與自製產品結合,以成 為集團業務新的增長動力。

In terms of raw materials procurement strategy, the Group continued to tap China's abundant supply of natural raw materials such as turpentine for its production of aroma chemicals. Meanwhile, it has also developed a series of petroleum-based aroma chemicals in recent years. In response to the changes in China's economy and the continuous appreciation of its currency in the past several years which have deeply impacted the cost structure of China's natural raw materials and resources, the Group has been actively implementing a strategy of diversifying its raw material procurement internationally. During the year, the Group started establishing a mechanism which enables an internationalized and balanced access to the reliable and stable supply of various raw materials. The move has enhanced the Group's competitiveness in the global aroma chemical industry.

資源策略方面,集團繼續利用中國盛產松節油等天 然原料的優勢,同時經過近幾年的努力,已經開發 出一系列以石油基為原料的新產品。另外,中國經 濟的變化和人民幣連年的升值,已經深遠地影響中 國天然原料的成本結構,因此,本集團開始積極地 在戰略原料資源採購上邁向國際化。年內,本集團 開始構建國際化兼更均衡的資源供應體系,以保障 可靠和穩定的資源供應,從而提升本集團在全球行 業中的競爭力。

To enrich its product portfolio, apart from producing the turpentine-based aroma chemicals for daily necessities, the Group has also consistently developed a number of new petroleum-based aroma chemicals of green-note and dairy note. Sales of such new products grew substantially and accounted for almost half of the Group's aroma chemicals sales revenue and 26% of its total turnover. The new products became one of the key contributors to the Group's business growth in the year. The Group will soon put its new production plant in Changtai, Fujian Province into operation and is now expanding the production capacity of its plant in Gulei. The expanded production capacity will enable the Group to have new products mass production and hence introduce them in markets, turning them into one of the growth drivers behind the Group's consistent business growth.

產品組合方面,本集團除了以松節油天然基原料為 主的萜烯類日用香料產品之外,還持續推出了以石 油基為原料的多項草香、奶香型的香料新產品。新 近產品的銷售在年內增幅可觀, 佔芳香化學品業務 營業額的比例已接近一半,並約佔本集團銷售總額 的26%,成為年內業務的主要增長來源之一。未 來,本集團於長泰新建的廠房快將投產,以及其古 雷廠房擴充產能,將使新產品陸陸續續大批量生產 和上市,將令其成為本集團業務持續增長的主要動 力之一。

As to its production facilities, the Group upgraded the energysaving and environmental protection systems of its principal Haicang plant to ensure a sustainable operation. The Changtai plant first phase facilities has already began its full operation for the whole year of 2013, and has been increasing its capacity gradually. This will support the production of new products of aroma chemicals and specialty chemicals. The scale of production in Changtai plant will be expanded in the next several years to enjoy the benefits of economies of scale.

生產設施方面,本集團提升了廈門主廠區的節能降 耗和環境保護系統,有力保障了其生產能持續經 營;在福建長泰廠區,第一期設施開始了全年度規 模化生產的正常運行,產能正在逐步提升,將有力 支持芳香化學品和特殊化學品等新產品的生產。長 泰廠區的生產規模在未來幾年將逐步擴張,規模效 益將更趨明顯。

To capture the opportunity in the aroma chemicals market recovery, the Group tapped the financial market to fund its development plans. It secured the support of more than ten international and regional banks and successfully obtained a syndicated loan of US\$66 million with a maturity of three years to fund a number of its major projects in Changtai, Huanggang and Hangzhou for the next several years. The loan also complemented the Group's internal reserves for starting its investment in the expansion of production capacity of Gulei production plant. Moreover, the Group followed a prudent fiscal guideline to manage and hedge against risks associated with the renminbi appreciation and the interest rates upswing and downswing movements, and hence enabling the Group to reduce the risks and costs of financing.

財資市場方面,本集團為實現未來發展計畫,從而 把握市場復甦的機遇,在獲得超過十家國際以及為 域銀行的積極支持下,於年內完成了一項總額筆式 千六百萬美元、三年期的信用型銀團貸款。這筆買 款主要為本集團未來幾年在長泰、黃岡以及杭州 多個重點項目的發展提供資金保障,同時也為本為 團的自有資金作了補充,預備必要的財政支持去啟 動古雷廠房擴充這一重大投資。另外,本集團 審慎的財務政策指引,在面對人民幣升值和國內外 息差變化時,有效管理風險和對沖,從而創造了收 益、同時減低了融資成本和風險。

Outlook

The year 2014 marks the 10th anniversary of the Group's listing on Hong Kong's stock exchange. The Group prides itself on the rapid development it experienced in the past decade. Although the global financial crisis that originated in the United States has temporarily interrupted the Group's growth, its management made timely adjustments to its development strategies and enabled the Group to weather the difficulties in the trough business cycle with perseverance in the past two years, thus ushering in a new period of growth and taking the Group to the next stage of development. On the occasion of the Group's 10th anniversary listing I have mapped out a blueprint for EcoGreen's sustainable development.

As a conscientious enterprise dedicated to corporate social responsibilities, EcoGreen is committed to its mission of bringing health and safety to the people and the earth. In the coming decade, we will build on our achievement in the past ten years and work to attain the targets of "enabling the company to prosper, upgrading its businesses, and bringing happiness to our staff". EcoGreen aspired to become the utmost value creation company in China and in the world with leadership in a number of finely segmented industries. We also aim to raise the employees' standard of living and increase returns to shareholders at the same time.

展望

2014年,將是本集團在香港上市的十周年。過去十年,中恰集團曾經歷過一段值得自豪的快速成長階段,雖然期間因為源於美國金融海嘯的全球金融危機,短暫地影響了本集團的增長,但本集團管理層及時調整了發展策略,在近一兩年裡堅毅地帶領著公司度過艱難、走過谷底,並重拾上升軌,進入了一個新的成長階段。本人藉上市十周年之際,為中怡集團制定一個可持續發展的藍圖。

中怡集團作為一家肩負社會責任的中國良心企業, 以「成就眾生與地球的安康」為崇高使命。於未來十年,我們將以過去十年的成就為基礎,努力向著「企 業發展富強、產業轉型升級、員工和諧幸福」的目標 奮進,以使中怡在中國乃至全球成為一個最能創造 價值的公司,並在多個細分行業裡成為翹楚,使員 工的生活水平與股東回報一起增長。

The Group's development strategies for the next three years and business plans are as follows.

- 1. Road to Dedication - developing a full spectrum aroma chemicals business.
- (i) EcoGreen will radically transform the business model of its core business of aroma chemicals from the traditional production and sales to an innovative "smart-production and supply chain service" business model, to satisfy the overall demand and needs of the industry. The new business model is leveraging on its big data information system, which will radically change the industry's competitive landscape.
- (ii) The Group will simultaneously diversify and globalize its raw material procurement. Its production and supply chain will be able to use the petroleum-based and turpentinebased resources, enabling a globalized supply chain management. In particular, the Group will actively innovate in the turpentine spot market trading model by building an commodity exchange platform that allows the Group to closely follow the prices of turpentine. This will help the Group attain the targets of its key raw materials management.
- (iii) The Group has been preparing for the expansion of its production plant in Gulei, which will serve as a strategic production base to realize the Group's ambition of building a sizeable and solid business. With its geographical advantage, the Gulei project will become a magnet for investments from leading petrochemical enterprises from both sides of the Taiwan Strait. Specifically, the stable and ample supply of petroleum-based raw materials from petroleum refining industry will constitute a key raw material source for production of EcoGreen's higher value-added products such as key fine chemical raw materials and aroma functional chemicals. Meanwhile, the industry park will also be able to support the global operations of crude sulphate turpentine deep processing. The new strategic production base will also be an ideal place for the Group to develop its new business model for its full spectrum aroma chemicals business, realizing its innovative strategy of combining the smart-production and the supply chain management services.

集團已經制定好未來三年的發展戰略,以及逐年實 施的詳細計劃。

- 第一,實施香原料事業的「精進之路」,發展全景香 原料業務。
- (1) 作為集團的核心事業,中怡香原料產業將 徹底改變「製造+銷售」的傳統製造業商業模 式,因應香精香料行業的整體需求,開始發 展完備香原料的新業務模式。根據這種業務 模式,中怡將依靠其資訊與大數據系統的支 援,實現創新的「精准製造+供應鏈服務」戰 略,以根本改變本行業的競爭格局。
- (2)本集團同時拓展原料資源的多元化和全球化 戰略。具體地說,本集團的製造和供應鏈體 系可以同時利用來自石油基產業鏈的原料資 源和以松節油為主的可再生資源,並且實現 全球化的供應鏈管理。其中,也將積極在松 節油現貨交易模式上創新,建設一個緊密跟 蹤天然松節油價格發現的商品交易平台,以 實現集團在關鍵資源的營運管理目標。
- 古雷項目將成為實現本集團強大產業之夢的 (3)戰略製造基地。「福建漳州古雷化工園區」以 其優越的地理位置和產業政策優勢,將成為 中國海峽兩岸一流的大型石油化工集团集中 落戶之地。其中,石油煉化所提供的穩定和 豐富的石油基原料,將是中怡發展若干如基 礎精細化工原料和以香原料為主的功能化學 品等較高增值產品的關鍵原料。同時,古雷 項目還包括硫酸鹽松節油深加工在內的全球 化運營。古雷項目作為本集團全新的戰略製 选基地,是發展全景香原料商業模式,實踐 集團「精准製造+供應鏈服務」的創新戰略的 理想平台。

- 2. Road to Entrepreneurship - industrial transformation and upgrade
- 第二,開啟「創業之路」,厚積集團產業轉型升級之 原動力
- (i) EcoGreen has already built up rich resources during its extensive experience in the industries of flavour and fragrance, food ingredients and other related downstream industries, and is thus well-equipped to carry out its industrial transformation and upgrade. In addition, the more extensive adoption of information technology and e-commerce will also be conducive to the move.
- (1) 中怡長期在香精香料行業,食品配料行業及 相關下游產業累積了豐富資源,事業已經具 備轉型升級的條件; 而網絡信息化和電商化 環境也有利於中怡的轉型升級。
- (ii) The Group has already embarked on the new natural seasonings business, thus realizing its strategic development of extending from the upstream businesses of aroma chemicals to the downstream business of seasonings. This strategy will enable the Group to build a series of downstream business platforms that directly satisfy consumer needs.
- 以引進外部資源和建立內部「創業」機制相結 (2)合,中怡已經啟動天然調味品事業的創業平 台,實踐集團從上游的香精產業延伸至下游 的調味品產業的戰略發展。本集團將以此戰 略,開創出能滿足消費者需求的下游產品事 業。
- (iii) The Group's strategy of extending its business scope to the downstream of the value chain as part of its industrial transformation and upgrade will not cause any competition with its existing clients. On the contrary, the Group may be able to form new types of strategic partnerships with them. It will also seek opportunities for cooperation in the downstream industries.
- (3)集團往下游產業鏈轉型升級的戰略,不但不 會與現有客戶構成競爭, 而且還有機會與之 形成新型戰略夥伴關係。同時,本集團也在 下游產業鏈尋求合作機會。
- 3. Road to Innovation – reinvigorate its traditional businesses
- 第三, 重新「創新之路」, 傳統產業煥發新機
- (i) The Group will continue to develop and innovate technologies and techniques for its traditional aroma chemical business by combining scientific research and technological innovation. The move will support the implementation of the "smart-production" strategy and enhance the product differentiation and cost advantage. It will also enable the Group to invent more environmentallyfriendly production techniques for the chemical industry and obtain the related patents.
- 本集團將會在傳統香原料製造業繼續發展和 (1) 創新技術和工藝,重點在於科學研究與技術 創新的結合,以支援中怡 「精准製造」戰略, 增強產品的差異化和成本優勢,並且發明更 多環保的化學新工藝和專利。
- (ii) The Group has just begun its research on technologies of biosynthesis and technological innovation in naturals extraction. The scope of the applications of such technologies will include personal care, food and medicine. Such endeavour will facilitate the Group's development of more natural-based products and their applications, thus promoting human beings' health and enriching their lifestyle with a wide range of high valueadded products. A value chain thus established will be beneficial to human health and ecology.
- 本集團正在積極展開生物合成技術和天然產 (2)物提取技術創新的研究,其應用領域包括個 人護理品,食品與醫藥。該領域的發展將推 動集團創新天然的產品和應用,以為未來人 類的健康和時尚生活提供更多具有高附加值 的產品,令選擇和體驗更豐富,從而建設出 有利於健康和生態的產業鏈。

- (iii) The Group will establish a new research and development centre of "Xiamen Biomedical Research Base". The scope of the research will include organic synthesis, biosynthesis, catalysis in chemical and biological reactions, the naturals extraction and mixing, analysis and tests. The research and development centre is scheduled to be gradually put into full operation in the first half of 2014, and world-class talents will be introduced into it to manage the research, development and innovation and reform the system. The centre will also carry out cooperation with a number of nationally and internationally renowned universities and research institutes.
- 本集團全新建設的研發中心將會落戶在廈門 (3)的生物醫藥中間試驗基地,包括有機合成、 生物合成、化學與生物催化研究、天然產物 提取與複配、分析測試等。計劃在2014年上 半年逐步開啟使用。中怡研發中心將引進國 際一流人才,執行研發創新工作的管理,和 改革創新工作的體制,並與國內國際多家著 名院校和研究機構展開更多的「產-學-研」合

The Group will move up a gear in its development in the next three years, and it will adopt a series of measures to reform its businesses and innovate its business model in order to accomplish its transformation and upgrade. The Group will leverage its own strengths and resources to achieve such a strategic goal, and will at the same time seek opportunities for mergers and acquisitions as well as cooperation and strategic partnerships that will result in synergy. Such measures will expand the scale of the Group's operations and raise its operating efficiency. We have witnessed EcoGreen's strong growth in the past decade and have now geared up for a new round of developments in the next decade. We are determined to embark on a new stage of development and rekindle the entrepreneurial spirit, and have been ready to work hard with our dedication to our business and passion for building new businesses and innovation. I am confident of the EcoGreen's success in its transformation and upgrade.

未來三年是本集團快速發展的關鍵時期。本集團將 會採取一系列重大的產業變革與商業模式創新措 施,完成企業的轉型和升級。本集團除了依靠自身 條件致力實現上述戰略目標外,也將努力尋找任何 具潛力的併購、以及具有協同效益的合作和策略聯 盟機會,從而擴大集團的經營規模以及提升企業 的經營效益。過去十年,我們見證了中怡的茁壯成 長;未來十年,集團已經整裝待發。我們在此表達 了「再出發」和「再創業」的決心和意志,將努力奮 鬥,以實踐中怡的「精進之路」、「創業之路」和「創新 之路」,開始邁進朝氣蓬勃的新發展階段。本集團一 定能達成中怡轉型升級的目標,本人對此充滿信心 和期盼。

Acknowledgements

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my heartfelt gratitude to all our shareholders, clients, suppliers and staff members for their trust and unwavering support which have been crucial to the Group's success. I would also like to extend my most sincere thanks to all the directors and independent directors of the Board and advisers to the Group for their great support and valuable advice.

致謝

本人謹代表董事會,對廣大股東、客戶、供應商及 全體員工致以衷心謝意。大家對本集團一如以往的 信任與支持是本集團事業取得成功的根本要素。同 時,也真誠感謝各董事,獨立董事以及本集團顧問 給予大力支持和寶貴建議。

Yang Yirong

Chairman Hong Kong, 25 March 2014

主席

楊毅融

香港,二零一四年三月二十五日

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

Business Review

The Group derives its revenue primarily from two operating segments: (i) manufacturing of chemicals including the production and sales of aroma chemicals, naturals and specialty chemicals; and (ii) resources and supply chain services. Breakdown of revenue by operating segments is as follow:

業務分析

本集團的收入主要來自兩個經營分部:(i)化學品生產 (包括製造及銷售芳香化學品、天然產物及特殊化學 品);及(ii)資源及供應鏈服務。營運分部的收益分析 如下:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue Manufacturing of chemicals Resources and supply chain services	收入 化學品生產 資源及供應鏈服務	939,973 287,322	840,418 216,953
Total revenue	收入總額	1,227,295	1,057,371

A further breakdown of turnover by product is as follows:

產品營業額分析如下:

		Turnover 營業額			
		2013 二零一三年		2012 二零一二年	
		RMB'000 千元 人民幣	% of total 佔總額 百份比	RMB'000 千元 人民幣	% of total 佔總額 百份比
Manufacturing of chemicals Aroma chemicals Naturals Specialty chemicals	化學品生產 芳香化學品 天然產物 特殊化學品	697,436 154,677 87,860	57% 13% 7%	628,140 146,684 65,594	59% 14% 6%
Resources and supply chain services	資源及供應鏈服務	939,973 287,322	77% 23%	840,418 216,953	79% 21%
Turnover	營業額	1,227,295	100%	1,057,371	100%

Business Review (continued)

In 2013, all four business segments of the Group recorded growth with varying degrees. Among them, the growth of the speciality chemicals and the resources and supply chain services is the most prominent, both of them have increased more than 30% when compared to last year. The Group's turnover for the year was RMB1,227 million, an increase of 16% from the previous year. Excluding contributions from the resources and supply chain services, sales derived from the manufacturing segment has increased by 12%. Profit attributable to shareholders improved to RMB149 million by 17% from the previous year. Basic earnings per share were approximately RMB30.9 cents.

Manufacturing of Chemicals

Aroma chemicals

For the year ended 31 December 2013, turnover of aroma chemicals increased by 11% to RMB697 million (2012: RMB628 million), accounting for 57% of the Group's turnover (2012: 59%) and with a gross profit margin of 27.1% (2012: 27.7%).

Aroma chemicals continued to be the Group's core products during the year under review, and constituted a stable and major income source for the Group. Aroma chemicals are primarily used as functional ingredients and key components in many daily consumer goods, with a combined positive effect of its diversified applications and the development in the emerging markets, market demand continued to rise. Certain new aroma and food flavour chemicals launching lately were further recognized by the customers and well received in the market. The new series of products have already contributed RMB354 million (2012: RMB249 million) to the Group's revenue, with a profit margin of approximately 31%, which is higher than the profit margin of our fragrance chemical products and represents one of the sources in the growth of Group's profitability.

Naturals

In respect of the naturals products, apart from existing natural pharmaceutical raw materials, the Group has been actively engaged in the development of food additives business for the production of food ingredients, fast food, frozen food and pet nutrition food, which is produced with purification and bioconversion technologies from natural produces. Naturals mainly include seafood, meat and mushroom extracts.

業務分析(續)

回顧二零一三年,本集團的四個業務也同時錄得不 同程度的增長。當中,以特殊化學品及資源及供應 鏈服務的增長最為突出,相比去年有超過三成的增 長。本集團年度營業額為12.27億元人民幣,較去 年增加16%。扣除資源及供應鏈服務的貢獻,化學 品生產業務的營業額增加約12%。股東應佔溢利達 1.49億元人民幣,較去年增加17%。每股基本盈利 約為30.9分人民幣。

化學品生產

芳香化學品

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,芳香化學 品的營業額上升11%至6.97億元人民幣(二零一二 年:6.28億元人民幣),佔本集團營業額的57%(二 零一二年:59%),毛利率為27.1%(二零一二年: 27.7%)。

於本回顧年度內,芳香化學品依然是本集團之核心 產品,為集團提供了穩定的主要收入。作為多種日 常必需消費品的關鍵功能組份,本集團的芳香化學 品因為應用廣泛及新興市場的發展而導致的市場需 求仍然增加。若干較後期推出之日化、食用及清 洗香料,在香精香料的市場上進一步獲得客戶的肯 定。於本年度內,該系列之產品為集團提供了3.54 億元人民幣(二零一二年:2.49億元人民幣)的收 益,毛利率達到31%,較原有的日用香料產品的毛 利率為高,是集團盈利增長的其中一個主動力。

天然產物

天然產物除包涵了原有的天然藥物原料外,本集團 已在積極地開發以天然物提純及轉化技術為基礎、 應用於生產調味品、快速食品、冷凍調理食品及寵 物營養食品的食品配料業務,主要是海鮮、肉類及 食用菌等天然產物。

\ Management Discussion and Analysis ● 管理層討論及分析

Business Review (continued)

Manufacturing (continued)

Naturals (continued)

During the year under review, the Group's natural extract products maintained steady growth. Turnover from sales of naturals increased by 5% to RMB155 million (2012: RMB147 million), accounting for 13% (2012: 14%) of the Group's sales. Gross profit margin was 27.1% (2012: 26.9%).

Specialty chemicals

Besides the chiral pharmaceuticals and specialty chemicals, the Group also applies similar advanced technologies of synthesis to produce agrochemical specialty chemicals, which will later be turned into the kind of eco-pesticide.

During the year under review, turnover of specialty chemicals business recorded a significant growth to RMB88 million (2012: RMB66 million), increased by 34% when compared to last year, accounting for 7% (2012: 6%) of the Group's sales. Gross profit margin was 45.4% (2012: 46%).

Resources and Supply Chain Services

The Group has been striving for the integration of upstream turpentine resources and expansion of supply chain management, with a view of systemic competitiveness and meeting customer needs more effectively. This Resources and Supply Chain Services business has developed into a mature trading platform for upstream materials, aroma, flavour and fragrances' products. It pairs up the demand side and supply side of the aforementioned products in the global market. During the year, revenue from the resources and supply chain services business increased by 32% to RMB287 million (2012: RMB217 million), accounting for 23% (2012: 21%) of the Group's revenue.

Financial Review

Turnover

The Group recorded an increase of 16% in its turnover for the year ended 31 December 2013, which amounted to RMB1,227 million. In analysing the sales in 2013, despite the increase of the sales volumes by approximately 20% over last year, the drop in selling price of certain products and the change of product mix had led to the turnover lagging behind the sale volumes.

業務分析(續)

生產(續)

天然產物(續)

於本回顧年度,天然產物的訂單維持了平穩增長, 全年總營業額為1.55億元人民幣(二零一二年:1.47 億元人民幣),較去年增長5%,這業務佔集團銷售 額的13%(二零一二年:14%),毛利率為27.1%(二 零一二年:26.9%)。

特殊化學品

特殊化學品類別包含了手性藥物原料、醫藥特殊化 學品以及運用同類先進的合成技術生產並用於製造 生態農藥之農用化學品特殊化學品。

於本回顧年度,本集團特殊化學品的營業額錄得明 顯增長,總銷售金額為8,800萬元人民幣(二零一二 年:6,600萬元人民幣),較去年增長34%佔集團銷 售額的7%(二零一二年:6%),毛利率為45.4%(二 零一二年:46%)。

資源及供應鏈服務

集團多年來致力於整合上游松節油資源,拓展供應 鏈管理,以獲取系統性的競爭優勢;同時,更有效 地服務客戶的資源及供應鏈服務業務已經發展成為 一個成熟的香料香精的交易平台,把全球上游資源 以及香精香料之買方及賣方的需求配對起來。於本 年度,本集團資源及供應鏈服務之銷售增加約32% 達到2.87億元人民幣,佔本集團營業額23%。

財務回顧

營業額

本集團於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度的 營業額錄得16%的增長,金額為12.27億元人民幣。 總括二零一三年的銷售情況,雖然銷量比去年增加 約為20%,惟受到部份產品售價下調及不同的產品 組合等因素,總營業額的增幅並不如銷量。

Financial Review (continued)

Gross Profit

During the year under review, the Group's gross profit totaled RMB304 million, increased by 17%. Gross profit margin increased from 24.5% in 2012 to 24.7% in 2013.

By the products category, the gross profit margin of aroma chemicals decreased from 27.7% in 2012 to 27.1% in 2013, while naturals increased from 26.9% in 2012 to 27.1% this year. The profit margin of specialty chemicals decreased from 46% in 2012 to 45.4% in 2013. The gross profit margin of resources and supply chain services increased from 7.2% in 2012 to 11.5% in 2013.

Operating Income and Expense

In the year ended 31 December 2013, selling and marketing expenses accounted for 2.2% of the Group's turnover (2012: 2.6%) whereas the administrative expenses accounted for 4.2% of turnover (2012: 4.6%). Under the Group's effective costcutting measures, the operating expenses remained stable in these two years. As a result of the economies of scales caused by the increase of revenue, these expenses to sales ratio further declined.

Finance Costs - Net

As a significant portion of the Group's borrowings is denominated in United States dollars, the appreciation of Chinese Renminbi in this year has led to the significant increase of the exchange gain to RMB9.67 million (2012: RMB0.12 million). On the other hand, the higher interest rates for bank loans obtained in China and the higher gearing level in this year have resulted in an increase in finance cost; while at the same time, higher interest income was earned from the bank deposits, resulting in an overall decline of the net finance cost by approximately RMB2.95 million as compared to last year.

Taxation

Tax expense of the Group for 2013 was RMB48.7 million (2012: RMB35.9 million). Effective tax rate of the Group is 24.6% (2012: 21.9%).

Profit for the Year

Profit for the year in 2013 was RMB149 million, representing an increase of 17% compared with RMB128 million in 2012. EBITDA for the year was RMB282 million, represented 17% increase as compared to RMB240 million in 2012.

財務回顧(續)

毛利

回顧年內,本集團的毛利為3.04億元人民幣,增幅 為17%。本集團的毛利率由二零一二年的24.5%上 調至二零一三年24.7%之水平。

按本集團產品類別分析,芳香化學品的毛利率由 二零一二年的27.7%下調至二零一三年的27.1%, 而天然產物的毛利便由二零一二年的26.9%上調至 本年度的27.1%,特殊化學品毛利率由二零一二年 46.0%下調至二零一三年的45.4%。資源及供應鏈 服務之毛利率由二零一二年7.2%上調至二零一三年 的11.5%。

經營收入及開支

二零一三年銷售及市場推廣成本佔銷售百分比2.2% (二零一二年:2.6%);二零一三年行政費用佔銷售 額4.2%(二零一二年:4.6%)。在本集團積極控實行 成本控制的措施下,經營成本基本上保持穩定,在 銷售額增加所帶來的規模效益下,經營成本佔營業 額比例進一步下降。

財務成本一淨額

基於本集團的借貸主要以美元計值,人民幣於年內 之升值導致人民幣匯兑收益大幅度增加至人民幣967 萬元(二零一二年:12萬元人民幣)。另一方面,國 內借貸成本較高及本年度的較高的借貨比率,令財 務成本有所上調。與此同時,集團獲得較高的財務 收益。財務收益與財務成本相互抵消後,淨財務成 本較去年減少約295萬元人民幣。

税項

二零一三年度本集團之税項開支為4,870萬元人民 幣(二零一二年:3,590萬元人民幣),實際税率為 24.6%(二零一二年:21.9%)。

本年度溢利

二零一三年度之溢利為1.49億元人民幣,較二零一 二年的1.28億元人民幣上升17%。本年度的未計 利息、税項、折舊及攤銷前之溢利(EBITDA)為2.82 億元人民幣,較二零一二年的2.40億元人民幣上升 17%。

\ Management Discussion and Analysis ● 管理層討論及分析

Financial Review (continued)

Liquidity and Financial Resources

During the year under review, the Group's primary source of funding mainly included the cash generated from financing activities. For the year ended 31 December 2013, net cash used in operating activities amounted to RMB100 million (2012: net cash generated of RMB232 million). The Group had net cash used in investing activities of RMB57 million (2012: RMB50 million). During the year under review, the net cash inflow from financing activities amounted to RMB225 million (2012: RMB71 million).

As at 31 December 2013, the average inventory turnover days, average trade receivable turnover days and average trade payable turnover days were 59 days, 132 days and 74 days respectively (2012: 61 days, 128 days and 116 days).

The Group's financial position remains very solid and healthy during the year under review. As at 31 December 2013, the net current assets and the current ratio of the Group were approximately RMB1,177 million (2012: RMB755 million) and 3.0 (2012: 1.9) respectively.

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had borrowings and bills payable of approximately RMB736 million and RMB82 million respectively (2012: RMB497 million and RMB238 million). Among the Group's borrowing, outstanding short-term borrowings amounted to RMB436 million (2012: RMB494 million). As at 31 December 2013, the Group's ratio of borrowings to total equity, was approximately 55.9% (2012: 41.8%) and the Group's net cash balance, being pledged bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents less borrowings and bills payable amounted to RMB115 million (2012: RMB198 million).

With the positive cash inflow from the Group's operations, its available banking facilities and its existing cash resources, the Group has very strong liquidity and sufficient financial resources to meet its commitments, working capital requirements and future investments for expansion.

財務回顧(續)

流動資金及財務資源

於回顧年內,本集團之基本資金來源主要來自融資 活動。截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團錄得經營活動所用現金淨額1.00億元人民幣(二 零一二年:所得現金共2.32億元人民幣)。憑藉本集 團營運所得之財務資源,本集團斥資0.57億元人民 幣(二零一二年:0.50億元人民幣)於投資活動上。 於回顧年度內,本集團融資活動所得淨現金流入為 2.25億元人民幣(二零一二年:0.71億元人民幣)。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,存貨平均周轉天 數、應收交易賬款平均周轉天數及應付交易賬款平 均周轉天數分別為59天、132天及74天(二零一二 年:分別為61天、128天及116天)。

本集團於回顧年內之財務狀況仍然保持相當穩健。 於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團之流動資產 淨值及流動比率分別約為11.77億元人民幣(二零一 二年:7.55億元人民幣)及3.0(二零一二年:1.9)。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團有借貸及應 付票據分別約為7.36億元人民幣及0.82億元人民 幣(二零一二年:4.97億元人民幣及2.38億元人民 幣),於本集團的借貸當中,短期借貸為4.36億元 人民幣(二零一二年:4.94億元人民幣)。於二零一 三年十二月三十一日,本集團之負債權益比率約為 55.9%(二零一二年:41.8%),而本集團之淨現金 結餘(即已抵押之銀行存款、現金及現金等價物減借 貸及應付票據)則為1.15億元人民幣(二零一二年: 1.98億元人民幣)。

憑藉經營業務所得正數現金流量、備用銀行融資及 現有現金資源,本集團具備充裕流動資金及充足 財務資源,應付其承擔、營運資金需求及日後擴展 投資。

Financial Review (continued)

Treasury Policies and Exposure to Fluctuations in **Exchange Rates**

The Group's assets, liabilities, revenues and transactions are mainly denominated in Renminbi, United States dollars and Hong Kong dollars with its operation mainly in the PRC. As at 31 December 2013, the Group's borrowings of approximately RMB281 million and RMB446 million were denominated in Renminbi and United States dollars, respectively.

The Group's foremost exposure to the foreign exchange fluctuations was caused by the revaluation of Renminbi during the year under review. The Group's export sales are, in majority, denominated in United States dollars. Nevertheless, the Group has not experienced any material difficulties or effects on its operations or liquidity as a result of fluctuations in currency exchange rates during the year. The Group will conduct periodic review of its exposure to foreign exchange risk and may use proper financial instruments and financing arrangements for hedging purposes when considered appropriate.

Employees and Remuneration Policy

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had 424 full-time employees. among whom 418 were based in the PRC. For the year under review, the total employment costs incurred for 2013 including directors' emoluments amounted to RMB42.8 million. The Group has established its human resources policies and procedures with a view to deploying the incentives and rewards of the remuneration system. The remuneration package offered to the staff is appropriate for the duties and in line with the prevailing market terms. Staff benefits, including medical coverage and provident funds, are provided to employees. The Group has also established effective performance evaluation system in which employees are properly rewarded on a performance-related basis under the Group's salary and bonus system. The Group has adopted a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to the management, key technician and other eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations.

By the Order of the Board Yang Yirong President

Hong Kong, 25 March 2014

財務回顧(續)

庫務政策及外匯波動風險

本集團之資產、負債、收入及交易主要以人民幣、 美元及港元列值,而其業務主要於中國進行。於二 零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團約2.81億元人民 幣及4.46億元人民幣之貸款分別以人民幣及美元列 值。

本集團所承擔之外匯波動風險乃因回顧年內重估人 民幣所致。本集團之出口銷售主要以美元結算。儘 管如此,本集團於年內並無因外幣匯率波動而於營 運或資金流動狀況方面遇上任何重大困難或對其造 成任何影響。此外,本集團將定期檢討其須承受之 外匯風險,並於其認為適用之情況下採用適當的金 融工具和財資安排以作必要的對沖用途。

僱員及酬金政策

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團有424名全職 僱員,其中418名僱員派駐中國。二零一三年之僱員 成本總額包括董事酬金達4,280萬元人民幣。本集團 制定其人力資源政策及程序,於其薪酬制度中加入 花紅及獎勵。向員工發放之酬金待遇乃根據其職責 而釐訂,且符合當時當地的市場水平。員工福利包 括醫療保險及退休金。本集團亦設立一套有效表現 評估制度,據此,本集團設定僱員的薪金及花紅制 度,並按僱員表現發放適當的獎勵。本集團亦已採 納購股權計劃,以獎勵及獎賞曾對本集團成功經營 作出貢獻的管理人員和技術骨幹以及其他合資格參 與人士。

承董事會命 總裁 楊毅融

香港,二零一四年三月二十五日

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Directors

Executive Directors

Mr. YANG Yirong

Chairman and President

Chairman of Nomination Committee

Mr. Yang, aged 52, is the founder of the Group. He is responsible for strategic planning and formulation of overall corporate development policy for the Group. Mr. Yang holds a Bachelor's degree in science, majoring in chemistry from Huaqiao University in 1982. Prior to founding the Group in 1994, Mr. Yang has extensive experience in the fine chemical manufacturing and trading and has more than ten years of experience in natural organic chemistry research.

Mr. GONG Xionahui

Senior Vice President - Engineering Project Management

Mr. Gong, aged 50, is responsible for project construction and strategic investment development. Mr. Gong holds a Master's degree in chemical engineering from Xiamen University and has accumulated over 20 years of experience in fine chemicals industry and qualified as an ISO 9000 auditor in the PRC in 1998. He joined the Group in September 1999.

Ms. LU Jiahua

Senior Vice President - Group Financial Control

Member of Remuneration Committee

Ms. Lu, aged 47, oversees the finance and accounting and human resources functions for the Group in the PRC. She has over 20 years of experience in accounting, financial management, administration management and internal auditing in a number of pharmaceutical and fine chemical manufacturing enterprises. Ms. Lu holds a Bachelor's degree and a Master's degree in economics and corporate management from Xiamen University. She joined the Group in April 2002.

Mr. HAN Huan Guang

Senior Vice President – Group Strategic Investments and Capital Markets Member of Remuneration Committee

Member of Nomination Committee

Mr. Han, aged 52, responsible for Group strategic investments, capital markets and investor relations. He graduated from Zhongshan University (中山大學) with a Bachelor's degree in biochemistry in 1982 and obtained his Master's degree in Business Administration from University of Technology, Sydney, Australia in 1993. He has over 20 years' experience in corporate finance, merger and acquisition, infrastructure and new technology developments, management of listed and nonlisted companies in the PRC and overseas. Over the years, he has been a Director, and then Managing Director in China Everbright Medicine Co. Ltd. (a subsidiary of China Everbright Holdings Group), Livzon Pharmaceutical Group Inc. and in other senior management positions in Hong Kong, Singapore and Mainland companies. He has been appointed as a Councilor of the China Society of Biotechnology, and also member of some professional associations in the region. Mr. Han joined the Group in September 2005 as a Non-executive Director, and became an Executive Director from May 2006.

董事

執行董事

楊毅融先生

主席兼總裁

提名委員會主席

楊先生,52歲,本集團創辦人,負責制定本集團策略規劃及整體企業發展政策。楊先生在華僑大學主修化學,於一九八二年取得理學士學位。於一九九四年創辦本集團之前,已累積豐富精細化學品生產及貿易經驗,具有逾十年天然有機化學研究經驗。

壟雄輝先生

資深副總裁一工程項目管理

襲先生,50歲,負責項目建設及策略投資發展。襲先生持有廈門大學化學工程碩士學位,並累積超過20年之精細化工行業經驗,襲先生於一九九八年成為中國認可ISO 9000審計師。彼於一九九九年九月加入本集團。

盧家華女士

資深副總裁一集團財務管控

薪酬委員會成員

盧女士,47歲,負責監督本集團中國業務之財務與會計及人力資源的工作。盧女士於多間製藥工業及精細化工企業之會計、財務管理、行政管理及內部核數擁有逾20年經驗。盧女士持有廈門大學經濟學學士及企業管理碩士學位。彼於二零零二年四月加入本集團。

韓歡光先生

資深副總裁一集團策略投資與資本市場

薪酬委員會成員

提名委員會成員

韓先生,52歲,負責策略投資、資本市場及投資者關係。韓先生於一九八二年在中山大學畢業,持有生物化學學士,並於一九九三年獲取澳大利亞悉於中國及海外亞亞,併購、基建和新技術開發,以及中國及海外上市及非上市公司管理方面積逾二十年豐富經驗,曾先後於中國光大集團附屬公司China Everbright Medicine Co. Ltd.、麗珠醫藥集團任職董事及董鄉經理,亦曾於香港、星加坡和中國公司擔任為事總經理,亦曾於香港、星加坡和中國公司擔任為東總經理,亦曾於香港、星加坡和中國學會委任為專總經理,亦曾於香港、星加坡和中國學會委任為專總經理,亦曾於香港、星加坡和中國學會委任為專總經理,亦曾於香港、星加坡和中國學會委任為專本語,並於二零零本方年五月轉任為執行董事。

Directors (continued)

Executive Directors (continued)

Mr. LIN Zhigang

Vice President - Group's Aroma Chemicals Business

Mr. Lin, aged 43, is responsible for the management of the Group's operation in aroma chemicals business. He holds a Bachelor's degree of economics obtained from Xiamen University. Prior to joining the Group in June 1996, he worked in a foreign investment enterprise and has concrete experience in sales and marketing management, business development and production management.

Non-executive Director

Mr. FENG Tao

Vice Chairman

Mr. Feng, aged 46, is the Chief Executive Officer of NewMargin Ventures Capital Co. Ltd., which is a leading venture capital management company in China. Commencing from 1999, Mr. Feng has been serving as the vice president officer (副主任) of The Foundation of Science & Technology for Development of the State Planning Committee, State Economic & Trade Commission of the PRC (中華人民共和國國家經濟貿易委員會) and Chinese Academy of Sciences. As one of pioneer of venture-capital of China, Mr. Feng possesses extensive experience and knowledge of both domestic and overseas markets. Mr. Feng was awarded the title of "Top 10 most influential venture capitalists in China" in the "Asia-Pacific Venture Capitalist Summit and Most Influential Venture Capitalists in China Award Ceremony" in April 2005. He obtained a Master's degree in science from the Department of Statistics and Applied Probability of University of Alberta in June 1992. He joined the Group in September 2005.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. YAU Fook Chuen Chairman of Audit Committee

Member of Remuneration Committee

Member of Nomination Committee

Mr. Yau, aged 56, is a practising accountant and has over 20 years of experience in public accountancy practice which covers company secretarial service, accountancy, auditing and taxation. He is a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Yau is currently the proprietor of Yau & Wong, Certified Public Accountants in Hong Kong. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in February 2004.

董事(續)

執行董事(續)

林志剛先生

副總裁一集團香原料業務

林先生,43歲,分管集團香原料業務。林先生持有 廈門大學經濟學士學位。於一九九六年六月加入本 集團之前,曾在一家外資企業工作,有堅實之銷售 與市場推廣管理、業務開發及生產管理經驗。

非執行董事

馮濤先生

副主席

馮先生,46歲,為上海聯永宣創業投資管理有限公 司之總裁,該公司是國內首屈一指的風險投資管理 公司。自一九九九年起,馮先生出任中華人民共和 國國家計劃委員會、國家經濟貿易委員會中國科學 院之科技促進經濟基金委員會副主任。作為中國創 業資本先鋒之一,馮先生於中國及國際市場均具備 資深經驗及豐富認識。馮先生於二零零五年四月在 「亞太風險投資人峰會暨首屆中國最具影響力風險投 資人頒獎典禮」中,榮獲「中國最具影響力風險投資 人十佳」。馮先生於一九九二年六月在阿爾伯特大學 的統計及應用概率學系取得理學碩士學位。彼於二 零零五年九月加入本集團為非執行董事兼董事會副 主席。

獨立非執行董事

丘福全先生 審核委員會主席 薪酬委員會成員 提名委員會成員

丘先生,56歲,執業會計師,擁有逾20年有關公司 秘書服務、會計、審計及税務之執業會計師經驗。 丘先生為英國特許公認會計師公會及香港會計師公 會會員,現時經營香港執業會計師丘王會計師事務 所。彼於二零零四年二月獲委任為獨立非執行董事。

\ Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management ● 董事及高級管理人員履歷

Directors (continued)

Independent Non-executive Directors (continued)

Mr. WONG Yik Chung, John Chairman of Remuneration Committee Member of Audit Committee Member of Nomination Committee

Mr. Wong, aged 47, among being the Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, was also served as an Independent Non-executive Director of Golden Resources Development International Limited, CDW Holdings Limited and General Steel Holdings Inc, companies listed in Hong Kong, Singapore and the United States respectively. He is a professional accountant by training with more than 18 years of experience in auditing and corporate finance work, with extensive exposure to the business enterprise in the PRC. Mr. Wong is currently the director to TMF China, a firm provides a variety of professional outsourcing solutions to an international client base investing in PRC. Mr. Wong graduated from the University of Melbourne. He is a fellow member of the Australian Society of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He also obtained a PRC Certificate of Independent Directorship in 2002. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in February 2004.

Mr. LAU Wang Yip, Derrick Member of Remuneration Committee Member of Audit Committee Member of Nomination Committee

Mr. Lau, aged 52, is the managing director of a financial institution. He obtained a master degree of management science in accounting and he has extensive experience in investment banking.

Senior Management

Mr. XIE Rong Guo

Vice President - Strategic Resources Management

Mr. Xie, aged 51, Head of Strategic Resources Management Center. Since he joined Ecogreen, Mr. Xie has been the management positions in purchase department, logistic department and commercial department and the general manager of strategic resources management. He has excellent professional knowledge and rich experience in supply chain management and strategic resources management.

董事(續)

獨立非執行董事(續)

黄翼忠先生 薪酬委員會主席 審核委員會成員 提名委員會成員

黃先生,47歲,彼為本公司的獨立非執行董事外, 同時身兼金源米業國際有限公司, CDW Holdings 及通用鋼鐵控股有限公司等分別於香港、新加坡及 美國上市之公司獨立非執行董事之職務。彼為合 資格會計師,擁有逾18年審計及企業融資經驗, 對中國商業企業具有資深經驗。彼現為TMF China 之董事,該公司向投資於中國並以國際客戶為主之 公司提供專業外判解決方案。黃先生於墨爾本大學 畢業,為澳洲會計師公會及香港會計師公會資深會 員。彼亦於二零零二年取得中國獨立董事證書。黃 先生於二零零四年二月獲委任為獨立非執行董事。

劉宏業先生 審核委員會成員 薪酬委員會成員 提名委員會成員

劉先生,52歲,為一家金融機構之董事總經理。彼 持有會計學管理理學碩士學位,於投資銀行方面擁 有深厚經歷。

高級管理人員

謝榮國先生

副總裁一戰略資源管理

謝先生,51歲,本集團之戰略資源副總裁。謝先生 自公司建立入職,歷任採購、物流、商務經理、物 流中心總經理及戰略資源總經理等重要職務。在供 應鏈管理, 戰略資源項目開發、戰略資源運營上具 有優秀的專業積累和豐富的運營經驗。

Senior Management (continued)

Mr. Yl Zhi Xiong

Vice President - Corporate Administration

Mr. Yi, aged 52, Head of Corporate Administration. Mr. Yi majored in fine chemicals in Tianjin University with a Bachelor's degree of engineering. He has been the head of management in a large manufacturing company before he joined Ecogreen in September 1998.

Mr. WONG Cang Yan

Head of President Office

Mr. Wong, aged 56, Head of President Office. Mr. Wong received Bachelor's degree of management science from National Chiao Tung University. Before joining Ecogreen in July 2007, Mr. Wong has 28 years work experience in enterprise management. During 2003 to 2005, he was the management consultant of Ecogreen, helping the Group to build the daily management system.

Mr. YAN Da Yi, David

General Manager - Marketing and Sales of Aroma Chemicals Mr. Yan, aged 53, General Manager of the Marketing and Sales of Aroma Chemicals, Mr. Yan holds a Bachelor's degree of Engineering. Mr. Yan has 27 years work experience in Canada, Hong Kong and China. Before joining the Group in May 2004, he worked for eight years in a well-known software company in Hong Kong, for positions in marketing, sales, servicing and administrative departments.

Mr. XIAO Li Yuan

Aroma Chemicals Operations Manager

Mr. Xiao, aged 50, Director of Aroma Chemicals Operations. Before joining the Group in February 2001, he was the deputy manager in a large chemical enterprise. Mr. Xiao has more than 27 years experience of production management.

Mr. TU Hong Bin

Aroma Chemicals R&D Manager

Mr. Tu, aged 46, Aroma Chemicals R&D Manager, who received a Ph.D degree in 1995 from Beijing Institute of Technology. After the postdoctoral research experience with Professor Alan.R.Katritzky at University of Florida of USA (2001-2004), he joined Ecogreen in May 2005. He has more than 14 years experience in organic synthesis and methodology including 3 years preparation and production of Heterocyclic compounds.

Mr. LAM Kwok Kin

Financial Controller and Company Secretary

Mr. Lam, aged 40, is the financial controller and company secretary of the Company. He holds a Bachelor's degree in accountancy and is a fellow member of both the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Prior to joining the Group in October 2003, he worked with an international accounting firm for seven years and was the financial controller and company secretary of a company listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr. Lam has extensive experience in auditing, accounting, budgeting and company secretarial works.

高級管理人員(續)

伊志雄先生

副總裁一企業管理

伊先生,52歲,本集團之企業管理副總裁。伊先生 畢業於天津大學精細化工工學學士學位。於一九九 八年九月加入本集團前,伊先生曾於一家大型製造 企業擔任管理部部長,具有優秀的專業積累和豐富 的管理經驗。

翁倉煙先生

總裁辦公室主任

翁先生,56歲,本集團之總裁辦公室主任。翁先生 畢業於台灣交通大學管理科學學士學位。於二零零 七年十月加入本集團前,翁先生已從事企業管理28 年。在二零零三年至二零零五期間擔任本集團的管 理顧問,幫助集團建立了日常管理體系,擁有豐富 的管理經驗。

顏達義先生

香原料市場營銷部總經理

顏先生,53歲,本集團之香原料市場營銷部總經 理。顏先生持有工學學士學位,在加拿大、香港和 中國沿海有27年工作積累,於二零零四年五月加 入本集團前,顏先生曾於香港一家知名軟體公司任 職八年及擔任市場、銷售、服務和行政管理職務, 對不同文化背景的商業運作模式和溝通交流理解深 刻、經驗豐富。

肖利遠先生

香原料營運總監

肖先生,50歲,本集團香原料製造之營運總監。於 二零零一年二月加入本集團前,肖先生曾於一家大 型化工企業擔任生產管理副廠長,具有27年化工企 業生產管理的豐富經驗。

塗洪斌先生

香原料研發主管

塗先生,46歲,本集團之香原料研發主管。北京理 工大學工學博士,美國佛羅里達大學博士後。於二 零零五年五月加入本集團前,塗先生曾於美國佛羅 尼里達大學從事雜環化學研究3年,積累有14年有機 化學研究的豐富經驗

林國健先生

財務總監兼公司秘書

林先生,40歲,本公司之財務總監兼公司秘書。林 先生持有會計學士學位,為英國特許公認會計師公 會之資深會員及香港會計師公會之資深會員。於二 零零三年十月加入本集團前,林先生曾於一家國際 會計師行任職七年及擔任一家聯交所上市公司之財 務總監兼公司秘書,於核數、會計、預算及公司秘 書事務擁有豐富經驗。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The board of directors of EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Group Limited (the "Company") (the "Board") acknowledges the importance of and benefit from good corporate governance practices and is committed to improving the corporate governance practices in order to enhance better transparency and to ensure that business activities and decision making processes are regulated in a proper manner to safeguard the interests of shareholders.

中怡精細化工集團有限公司(「本公司」)本公司董事 會(「董事會」)深明良好企業管治常規的重要性及好 處,並承諾改善企業管治常規,以增加透明度及確 保本公司的業務活動及決策過程受到適當之規管以 保障股東利益。

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles (the "Principles"), code provisions (the "Code Provisions") and certain recommended best practices (the "Recommended Best Practices") as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules").

本公司之企業管治常規乃建基於香港聯合交易所有 限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄 14所載企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)內所列之原 則(「原則」)、守則條文(「守則條文」)及若干建議最 佳常規(「建議最佳常規」)而釐定。

The Company periodically reviews its corporate governance practices and is committed to complying with the Code Provisions as stated in the CG Code to the extent that the directors of the Company ("Directors") consider it is applicable and practical to the Company.

本公司定期檢討企業管治常規,並承諾在本公司董 事(「董事」)認為適用於本公司及切實可行的前提 下,遵守企業管治守則所載的守則條文行事。

Throughout the year ended 31 December 2013, the Company has complied with the Code Provisions under and the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules except for Code Provisions A.2.1 and A.6.7. The following summarises the Company's corporate governance practices and explains deviations, if any, from the CG Code.

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度內,本公司 一直遵守上市規則附錄14所載之《企業管治守則》之 守則條文,惟偏離有關守則條文第A.2.1條及A.6.7條 者除外。下文概述本公司企業管治常規及闡釋編離 守則條文之情況(如有)。

The Board

Responsibilities

The Board is accountable to the shareholders for leading the Group in a responsible and effective manner. The Board provides leadership and formulates strategic policies and plans of the Group with a view to enhancing shareholder interests while the day-to-day operations of the Group are delegated to the management.

董事會

職責

董事會須向股東負責,並以負責任及有成效的方式 領導本集團。董事會並負責領導及制定本集團策略 性政策及計劃以提高股東利益為宗旨,而本集團日 常運作乃管理層負責。

Responsibilities (continued)

The Board reserves for its decisions all major matters of the Group, including: objectives and overall strategies of the Group; annual budgets and financial matters; equity related transactions such as issue of shares/options and repurchase of shares; dividend; raising of capital loan; determination of major business strategy; merger and acquisition; major investment; annual financial budget in turnover, profitability and capital expenditure; review and approval of financial performance and announcement; and matters as required by laws and ordinance.

All Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the Company Secretary, with a view to ensuring that Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulation are followed.

Each Director is normally able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense, upon making request to the Board.

The Directors are continually updated with the regulatory requirements, business activities and development of the Company to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. Through regular Board meetings, all Directors are kept abreast of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company.

The management has the obligation to supply the Board and the various Committees with adequate information in a timely manner to enable the members to make informed decisions. Each Director has separate and independent access to the Company's senior management to acquire more information than is volunteered by management and to make further enquiries if necessary.

The functions delegated to management are periodically reviewed. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the management.

Composition

The Board currently comprises a total of nine members including five Executive Directors, one Non-executive Director (the "NED") and three Independent Non-executive Directors (the "INED"). It has the necessary balance of skills and experience appropriate to the requirements of the business of the Company. There is a strong element of independence in the Board, which can effectively exercise independent judgement.

董事會(續)

職責(續)

董事會負責本集團所有重要事項之決策,包括制定 本集團之業務目標及整體策略;年度預算及財務事 宜;股本相關交易,如發行股份/購股權及購回股 份;股息;籌集資金貸款;釐定主要業務策略;合 併及收購;主要投資;營業額、盈利及資本開支之 年度財務預算;檢討及批准財務表現及公佈;以及 法例及條例規定之其他事項。

全體董事可全面及適時取得所有相關資料,以及公 司秘書提供的意見及服務,確保董事會程序及所有 適用的條例及規例已妥為遵守。

各董事一般可在適當情況下,徵得董事會同意後尋 求獨立專業意見,有關費用由本公司承擔。

本公司經常向董事提供有關監管規定與本公司業務 活動及發展之最新資料,以助彼等履行職責。透過 定期參加董事會議,各董事可密切跟進本公司之舉 動、業務活動及發展。

管理層有責任於適當時候向董事會及各委員會提供 充足資料,以便成員在知情之情況下作出決定。董 事亦可自行及獨自向本公司之管理高層,索取管理 層所主動提供以外資料,並在有需要時作出進一步 查詢。

本公司會定期檢討委派管理層履行之職能。管理層 在訂立任何重大交易前必須事先取得董事會批准。

組成.

董事會現時由九名成員組成,包括五名執行董事、 一名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。具有適合 本公司業務需要之技巧與經驗之所需平衡。董事會 具有高度獨立性,可有效行使獨立判斷。

Composition (continued)

The Board comprises:

Executive Directors

Mr. Yang Yirong (Chairman & President)

Ms. Lu Jiahua Mr. Gong Xionghui Mr. Han Huan Guang Mr. Lin Zhigang

NFD

Mr. Feng Tao (Vice Chairman)

INED

Mr. Lau Wang Yip, Derrick Mr. Yau Fook Chuen Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John

The above list of Directors is also disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules from time to time.

The Board's composition covers a balance of expertise, skills and industry experience so as to bring in valuable contributions and advices for the development of the Group's business. The NED and INED together have substantial experience in fields of auditing, legal matters, business, accounting, corporate internal control and regulatory affairs. Through active participation in Board meetings, taking the lead in managing issues involving potential conflict of interests and serving on Board committees, all NED and INED make various contributions to the effective direction of the Group.

During the year, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three INED with at least one INED possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each INED of his independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all INED to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

組成(續)

董事會包括:

執行董事

楊毅融先生(主席兼總裁)

盧家華女士 龔雄輝先生 韓歡光先生 林志剛先生

非執行董事

馮濤先生(副主席)

獨立非執行董事

劉宏業先生 斤福全先生 黄翼忠先生

以上董事名單亦不時根據上市規則於本公司所刊發 之所有企業通訊中披露。

董事會之組成具備恰當專業知識、技巧及行業經 驗,故可為本集團業務發展提供寶貴貢獻及意見。 各非執行董事於審計、法律事宜、業務、會計、企 業內部監控及監管事宜方面具有豐富經驗。透過積 極參與董事會會議,領導涉及潛在利益衝突及處理 各董事委員會事務,全體非執行董事對本集團之有 效領導作出不同貢獻。

於本年度,董事會於任何時間均符合上市規則有關 董事會須委任最少三名獨立非執行董事,而最少-位獨立非執行董事具備合適之專業資格或會計或有 關財務管理專業知識之規定。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則規定 就其獨立身分作出之年度確認書。根據上市規則所 載獨立身分指引,本公司認為,全體獨立非執行董 事均為獨立人士。

Board meetings

The Board meets regularly throughout the year to discuss the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Group. A total of 4 board meetings were held during the year. The individual attendance record of each Director at the meetings of the Board, the Remuneration Committee and the Audit Committee during the year ended 31 December 2013 is set out below:

董事會(續)

董事會會議

董事會於年內定期會晤商討本集團整體策略、營運 及財務表現。年內合共舉行四次董事會會議。截至 二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,各董事於董事 會會議、薪酬委員會會議及審核委員會會議之出席 記錄如下:

		Shareholders'	Attendance/Number of mee 出席/舉行會議次數			
		meeting 股東大會 Annual General		Board meeting 董事會會議		
Name of Director 董事姓名		Meeting ("AGM") 股東週年大會	Board 董事會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Audit Committee 審核委員會
EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS	執行董事					
Mr. Yang Yirong (Chairman)	楊毅融先生(主席)	1/1	4/4	1/1	_	_
Mr. Gong Xionghui	龔雄輝先生	1/1	4/4	_	_	_
Ms. Lu Jiahua	盧家華女士	1/1	4/4	_	4/4	-
Mr. Han Huan Guang	韓歡光先生	1/1	4/4	1/1	4/4	_
Mr. Lin Zhigang	林志剛先生	1/1	4/4	-	_	-
NED	非執行董事					
Mr. Feng Tao	馮濤先生					
(Vice Chairman)	(副主席)	0/1	0/4	-	_	-
INED	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Yau Fook Chuen	丘福全先生	1/1	4/4	1/1	4/4	3/3
Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John	黄翼忠先生	1/1	4/4	1/1	4/4	3/3
Mr. Lau Wang Yip, Derrick	劉宏業先生	1/1	4/4	1/1	4/4	3/3

Notices of regular board meetings are served to all Directors at least 14 days before the meetings while reasonable notice is generally given for other Board meetings. Agenda and Board papers together with complete and reliable information are sent to all Directors at least 3 days before each Board meeting to keep the Directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decision. Minutes of all Board meetings and committee meetings are kept by the Company Secretary. Draft minutes are normally circulated to Directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for Directors' inspection.

定期舉行之董事會會議通告須於會議舉行前最少14 日送交全體董事,而其他董事會會議亦通常有合理 時間的通知。為讓董事知悉本公司之最新動向及財 政狀況以及確保彼等可作出知情決定,議程及會議 文件連同完整及可靠的資料均須於各董事會會議舉 行前最少3日送交全體董事。公司秘書負責保存所 有董事會會議及委員會會議之會議記錄。會議記錄 初稿一般於各會議結束後的合理時間內交予董事傳 閲,讓董事提供意見,會議記錄之最終定稿可供董 事杳閱。

Board meetings (continued)

According to current Board practice, any material transaction which involves a conflict of interest for a substantial shareholder or a Director, will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened board meeting. The Company's Articles of Association also contain provisions requiring Directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such Directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

Training for Directors

Each newly appointed Director receives comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on the first occasion of his appointment, so as to ensure that he has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and that he is fully aware of his responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

There are also arrangements in place for providing continuing briefing and professional development to Directors whenever necessary.

During the year, the Directors have attended various in-house briefings and internal or external seminars/trainings, and have read internal or external newsletters, updates and other reading materials covering topics such as business of the Company, corporate governance, industry knowledge, regulatory updates, finance and management.

Appointment, rotation and re-election of Directors

Pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company, all newly appointed Directors of the Company shall hold office until the next general meeting and shall then be eligible for re-election. Every Director, including those appointed for a specific term shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years at the AGM. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

In accordance with article 108(A) of the articles of association of the Company, Mr. Gong Xionghui, Mr. Han Huan Guang and Mr. Lin Zhigang will retire as Directors by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election as Directors at the 2014 AGM.

董事會(續)

董事會會議(續)

根據現時董事會常規,任何涉及主要股東或董事利 益衝突之重大交易將由董事會正式召開董事會會議 予以考慮及處理。本公司之公司組織章程細則亦載 有條文規定,董事在批准涉及其或其連繫人士擁有 重大權益之交易時,必須放棄投票及不得計入有關 會議之法定人數內。

董事培訓

每名新委任之董事均在其首次接受委任時獲得全 面、正式兼特為其而設之就任須知,以確保彼等對 本公司之業務及運作均有適當之理解,以及完全知 悉其於上市規則及有關監管規定下之職責。

需要時,本公司亦安排向董事提供持續介紹及專業 發展。

本年度,董事已出席多個內部會議及內部或外部研 討會/培訓,並已閱讀內部或外部實時通訊、快訊 及其他閱讀材料,涵蓋主題如本公司業務、企業管 治、行業知識、監管更新、財務及管理。

董事委任、輪值退任及重選

根據本公司的章程細則,每名獲董事局委任的新董 事,他們的任期將直至下屆股東大會為止,並符合 資格膺選連任。每位董事包括有指定任期之董事須 最少每三年於股東週年大會上輪值退任一次。退任 董事可獲重選連任。

根據本公司之組織章程細則第108(A)條,龔雄輝先 生、韓歡光先生及林志剛先生、將於2014年股東週 年大會輪值退任董事,惟彼等符合資格並願意膺選 連任董事。

Term of appointment of NED and INED

All NED and INED were appointed for an initial term of not more than one year and will be renewable automatically for successive term of one year until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party or the other. All NED and INED are subject to retirement by rotation once every three years and are subject to re-election.

Segregation of Roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO")

The Company has not yet adopted A.2.1. Under the Code Provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of Chairman and CEO should be separate and would not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and CEO should be clearly established and set out in writing.

The Company does not presently have any officer with the title CEO. At present, Mr. Yang Yirong, being the Chairman and the President of the Company, is responsible for the strategic planning, formulation of overall corporate development policy and running the business of the Group as well as the duties of Chairman. The Board considers that, due to the nature and extent of the Group's operations, Mr. Yang is the most appropriate chief executive because he possesses in-depth knowledge and experience in fine chemicals business and is able to ensure the sustainable development of the Group. Besides, he is the founder, the chairman and the controlling shareholder of the Group since its establishment and till now. Notwithstanding the above, the Board will review the current structure from time to time. When at the appropriate time and if candidate with suitable leadership, knowledge, skills and experience can be identified within or outside the Group, the Company may make the necessary amendments.

Company Secretary

The company secretary of the Company, Mr. Lam Kwok Kin, is responsible for ensuring that board procedures comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations and advising the Board on corporate governance matters. He is also responsible for taking and keeping minutes of all Board and board committee meetings. Draft version of minutes is normally circulated to the Directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version of which is open for the Director's inspection. Moreover, the Company Secretary is responsible for keeping all Directors updated on Listing Rules, regulatory requirements and internal codes of conduct of the Company. He has attained no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year.

董事會(續)

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之委任年期

本公司全體非執行董事均按不超過一年之初步年期 委任, 並將於屆滿時自動續約一年, 直至其中一名 訂約方向另一方發出不少於三個月書面通知予以終 止,所有非執行董事均須每三年輪流退任,並須經 重選連任。

主席及行政總裁職能之劃分

本公司尚未採納第A.2.1條之規定。根據企業管治守 則之守則條文A.2.1,主席及行政總裁之角色應予區 分,不應由同一人擔任。主席與行政總裁間之職責 分工應清楚界定及以書面列明。

本公司並無高級職員獲授行政總裁職銜。本公司主 席兼總裁楊毅融先生現負責策略規劃、整體企業發 展政策制定及本集團業務營運以及主席職責。董事 會認為,基於本集團之業務性質及範疇,楊先生不 但具備精細化工業務之豐富知識及經驗,並有能 力推動本集團持續發展,故為最合適的行政總裁人 選。此外,彼亦為本集團之創辦人、自成立至今之 主席兼控股股東,惟董事會將不時檢討現行架構, 並於合適時候及倘本集團自內部或外界物色到具備 適當領導才能、知識、技能及經驗之人選,本公司 或會作出所需修訂。

公司秘書

本公司的公司秘書林國健先生負責確保董事會程序 符合所有適用法律、法例及法規,並就企業管治事 宜向董事會提出建議。彼亦負責記錄及存置所有董 事會及委員會會議的會議紀錄。會議紀錄草稿一般 於各會議舉行後的一段合理時間內供董事傳閱以收 集意見,而最終版本將可供董事查閱。此外,公司 秘書負責通知全體董事有關上市規則、監管規定及 本公司內部操守守則的最新資訊。彼於年內接受不 少於15小時的相關專業訓練。

Indemnification

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal actions against its Directors and officers. The Board reviews the extent of this insurance annually.

Board Committees

The Board has established three committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference which deal clearly with their authority and duties. The terms of reference of the Board committees are posted on the Company's website and are available to shareholders upon request.

The chairmen of the committees will report the findings and recommendations of the committees to the Board after each meeting. The minutes of all meetings of the committees are circulated to the Board for information.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises three INED, namely Mr. Yau Fook Chuen (the chairman of the committee), Mr. Lau Wang Yip, Derrick and Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John, in which Mr. Yau Fook Chuen possesses the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee include the following:

- To review the financial statements and reports and (a) consider any significant or unusual items raised by the qualified accountant or external auditor before submission to the Board:
- (b) To review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process by reference to the work performed by the external auditor, their fees and terms of engagement, and make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of external auditor; and
- (C) To review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control system and risk management system and associated procedures.

董事會(續)

賠償

本公司已就其董事及高級人員可能會面對之法律行 動作適當之投保安排,投保範圍乃按年檢討。

董事委員會

董事會設有三個委員會,分別為審核委員會及提名 委員會薪酬委員會及以監管本公司各類具體事務。 本公司之所有董事會委員會均有明確的書面職權範 圍,清晰訂明其權力及職能。董事委員會之職權範 圍刊載於本公司網站,如股東有需要時可向公司索 取有關資料參閱。

各委員會主席將於各會議完結後向董事會提交各委 員會的結論及推薦意見。所有委員會會議記錄會交 予董事會傳閱,以提供資訊。

審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即丘福全 先生(委員會主席)、劉宏業先生及黃翼忠先生。當 中,丘福全先生為具有適當專業資格或會計或有關 財務管理經驗專業知識之獨立非執行董事。

審核委員會主要職責包括以下各項:

- 向董事會提交財務報表及報告前,審閱財務 (a) 報表及報告以及考慮任何由合資格會計師或 外聘核數師提出的重大或不尋常項目;
- 經參考外聘核數師之工作、委聘費用及條款 (b) 後,檢討及監察與外聘核數師是否獨立客觀 及核數程序是否有效,並就外聘核數師之委 聘、續聘及罷免向董事會提供推薦意見;及
- 檢討本公司財務申報系統、內部監控及風險 (c) 管理制度與相關程序是否足夠及其成效。

Board Committees (continued)

Audit Committee (continued)

During the year under review, the Audit Committee held three meetings with the senior management to review, consider and approve the interim and annual financial statements, discuss internal controls matters and the re-appointment of the external auditor. The Audit Committee has also reviewed the Group's accounting principles and practices, Listing Rules and statutory compliance and financial reporting matters.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises three INED, namely, Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John (the chairman of the committee), Mr. Lau Wang Yip, Derrick and Mr. Yau Fook Chuen and two executive Directors, Mr. Han Huan Guang and Ms. Lu Jiahua.

The primary responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include establishing a formal and transparent procedures for developing policy on the remuneration of the Executive Directors and senior management, making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for the remuneration of Directors and senior management, to review and approve performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time, ensuring the remuneration packages are sufficient to attract and retain the Directors to run the Company successfully, to avoid over-paying and ensure no Director or any of his associates will participate in deciding his own remuneration.

During the year under review, the Remuneration Committee held four meetings to review and consider the remuneration policy and packages, including any discretionary management bonus of the Executive Directors and senior management by reference to market conditions, performance of the Group and the individual and corporate goals.

Senior management emoluments

The remuneration of the senior management of the Group by band for the year ended 31 December 2013 is set out below:

董事委員會(續)

審核委員會(續)

於回顧年內,審核委員會曾與高級管理人員舉行三 次會議,審閱、考慮及批准中期及年度財務報表、 討論內部監控及外聘核數師續聘等事宜。審核委員 會亦完成檢討本集團之會計原則與常規、上市規則 及其他法規之遵行,以及財務匯報事宜。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會包括三名獨立非執行董事黃翼忠先生(委 員會主席)、劉宏業先生及丘福全先生,以及兩名執 行董事韓歡光先生及盧家華女士。

薪酬委員會主要職責包括制定正式及具透明度之程 序,就執行董事及高級管理層之酬金制定政策;就 本公司對執行董事及高級管理層酬金之政策及結構 向董事會提供推薦意見:並參考董事會不時議決的 公司目標及指標檢討及通過與表現掛鈎的酬金;確 保酬金組合足以吸引及留聘董事成功經營本公司; 避免給予過多酬報以及確保並無董事或其任何聯繫 人士參與釐定本身酬金的磋商。

於回顧年度,薪酬委員會曾舉行會議四次,經參考 市況、本集團及個人表現以及企業目標後,檢討及 考慮執行董事及高級管理層之酬金政策及組合,包 括任何酌情管理花紅。

高級管理層之酬金

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團高 級管理層的酬金範圍如下:

Remuneration bands	酬金範圍	Number of senior management 高級管理人員數目
Below RMB500,000 RMB500,001 - RMB1,000,000	人民幣500,000元以下 人民幣500,001元至人民幣1,000,000元	4 3
		7

Board Committees (continued)

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established in March 2012 and it comprises two executive Directors, namely Mr. Yang Yirong (the chairman of the Committee) and Mr. Han Huan Guang and three INED, namely, Mr. Yau Fook Chuen, Mr. Lau Wang Yip and Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John. The duties of the Nomination Committee are, among others, to review the structure, size and composition of the Board and to make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board and on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships. The Nomination Committee held one meeting during the year to review the Terms of Reference of Nomination Committee.

Responsibilities in Respect of the Financial **Statements**

The management provides such explanation and information to the Board to facilitate an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before the Board for approval.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements which give a true and fair view and the statement of the independent auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 42 and 43.

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, pricesensitive announcements and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements. Meanwhile, the Directors are responsible for ensuring that appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently; and that judgments and estimates made are prudent and reasonable. The Board was not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that might cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board has prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding the Directors' securities transactions on terms not less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Specific enquiry has been made to all Directors and all the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with all the relevant requirements as set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2013.

董事委員會(續)

提名委員會

提名委員會於2012年3月成立,並包括兩名執行董 事楊毅融先生(委員會主席)及韓歡光先生以及三名 獨立非執行董事丘福全先生、劉宏業先生及黃翼忠 先生。提名委員會的職責為(其中包括)檢討董事會 的架構、人數及組成,並就擬對董事會作出的任何 變動及就挑選提名個別人士出任董事提出建議。本 年度,提名委員會已舉行一次會議,以審閱提名委 員會之職權範圍。

有關財務報表之責任

管理層提供一切解釋及資料,以便董事會在知情之 情況下就其提呈予以通過之財務及其他資料加以評 定。

董事知悉其須編製真實公平的財務報表之責任,本 公司獨立核數師就彼等對財務報表之報告責任聲明 載於第42及43頁之「獨立核數師報告書」。

而董事會則須負責對年報及中期報告、股價敏感資 料公佈以及根據上市規則及其他監管規定須予披露 的其他財務資料提呈平衡、清晰及易於理解的評 審。同時亦須負責確保採納恰當之會計政策及貫徹 採用,且所作判斷及估計乃審慎合理。董事會並不 知悉任何可能會嚴重影響本集團繼續長遠經營之能 力的重大不明朗事件或情況。因此,董事會在基於 本集團長遠經營之假設下編製財務報表。

進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納一套有關董事進行證券交易的行為守 則,條款不遜於上市規則附錄10所載上市發行人董 事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)的規定標 準。本公司已向全體董事作出具體查詢,而全體董 事亦已確認,彼等於截至二零一三年十二月三十一 日止年度一直遵守標準守則所載所有有關規定。

Internal Controls

The Board has overall responsibilities for maintaining a sound and effective internal control system of the Group. The system includes a defined management structure with limits of authority, safeguards its assets against unauthorized use or disposition, ensures the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and ensures compliance with relevant laws and regulations. The system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss, and to manage the risks of failure in the Group's operational systems and in the achievement of the Group's objectives.

The Directors, through the Audit Committee, have conducted an annual review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Company and its subsidiaries. The review covers all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions.

External Auditor

During the year, PricewaterhouseCoopers, the external auditor of the Company received approximately RMB1.59 million for audit services provided to the Group. The external auditor did not provide any non-audit service to the Group during the year under review.

Shareholders' Rights and Investor Relations

General Meeting

Under the Listing Rules, any vote of shareholders at a general meeting will be taken by poll except where the Chairman, in good faith, decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands. Details of the poll procedures are included in all notices/circulars to shareholders and will be explained during the proceedings of meetings. Poll results will be posted on the website of the Stock Exchange and the Company subsequent to the close of the shareholders meeting.

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders and the Board. The Chairman of the Board as well as the Chairmen of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee or, in their absence, other members of the respective committees, are available to answer questions at the shareholders' meetings. Separate resolutions are proposed at general meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual directors.

內部監控

董事會須在整體上負責保持本集團之內部監控制度 有效妥善,當中包括設有一個權限分明之清晰管理 架構、保障集團資產不會遭挪用或竊取、確保會計 紀錄妥為存置以提供可靠財務資料作內部或公佈之 用,並且確保有關法例及規則一一遵循。該制度旨 在合理(但非絕對)保證不會出現嚴重失誤,並管控 本集團之營運系統以及本集團爭取達成業務目標過 程中之失誤風險。

董事透過本公司之審核委員會,每年檢討一次本公 司及其附屬公司的內部監控系統是否有效。有關檢 討涵蓋所有重要的監控方面,包括財務監控、運作 監控及合規監控,以及風險管理功能。

外聘核數師

年內,本公司核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務所就審 計服務收取本集團約159萬元人民幣。外聘核數師年 內並無向本集團提供任何非審計服務。

股東權利及投資者關係

股東大會

根據上市規則,除主席以誠信原則作出決定容許純 粹有關程序或行政事宜之決議案將以舉手方式表決 外,股東於股東大會上作出之所有表決必須以投票 方式進行。表決程序詳情已載列所有通告/股東通 函,並將於會議進行期間解釋。表決結果將於股東 大會後在聯交所及本公司網站刊載。

本公司之股東大會為股東及董事會提供機會進行溝 通。董事會主席及審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名 委員會主席或(在彼等缺席時)各委員會之其他委 員,將在股東大會上回答提問。於股東大會上,將 就各重大事項(包括選舉個別董事)提呈獨立決議案。

Shareholders' Rights and Investor Relations (continued)

General Meeting (continued)

During the year, one general meeting was held on 28 May 2013, which is the 2013 annual general meeting. The attendance record of the Directors, on a named basis, is set out in the table on page 22 of this report.

Under the Code Provision A.6.7. INED and NED should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Mr. Feng Tao was unable to attend the AGM of the Company held on 28 May 2013 due to other important engagements. All other INED and NED had attended the 2013 AGM to answer questions and collect views of shareholders.

Procedures for Shareholders to Convene Extraordinary General Meeting

The following procedures for shareholders (the "Shareholders", each a "Shareholder") of the Company to convene an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM") of the Company are prepared in accordance with Article 64 of the articles of association of the Company:

- (1) One or more Shareholders (the "Requisitionist(s)") holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings shall have the right, by written notice (the "Requisition"), to require an EGM to be called by the Directors for the transaction of any business specified therein;
- (2)Such Requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the company secretary of the Company via email at the email address of the Company at presidentoffice@ecogreen.com;
- The EGM shall be held within two months after the deposit (3)of such Requisition; and
- (4) If the Directors fail to proceed to convene such meeting within twenty-one (21) days of the deposit of such Requisition, the Requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the Requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Directors shall be reimbursed to the Requisitionist(s) by the Company.

股東權利及投資者關係(續)

股東大會(續)

本年度,已於二零一三年五月二十八日舉行一次股 東大會,即二零一三年股東週年大會。董事會個別 成員的出席記錄列載於本報告第22頁的列表內。

根據守則條文第A.6.7條,獨立非執行董事及非執行 董事應出席股東大會,對公司股東的意見有公正的 了解。馮濤先生因其他重要公務未能出席本公司於 二零一三年五月二十八日舉行之股東週年大會。所 有其他獨立非執行董事及非執行董事均已出席二零 一三年度股東週年大會,回應提問及聽取股東之意 見。

股東召開股東特別大會的程序

本公司股東(「股東」)召開本公司股東特別大會(「股 東特別大會」)的下列程序乃根據本公司的組織章程 細則第64條而編製:

- 於提出要求日期持有不少於本公司十分之一 (1) 具備於股東大會上有權表決的繳足股本的一 名或多名股東(「請求人」)有權透過書面通知 (「要求」)就要求所指明的任何業務要求董事 召開股東特別大會;
- 該要求須以書面形式透過電郵向董 (2)事會或公司秘書提出,電郵地址為 presidentoffice@ecogreen.com;
- 股東特別大會須於提出有關要求後兩個月內 (3)舉行;及
- (4) 如董事未能在要求提出後二十一(21)日內召 開上述大會,請求人可以同樣形式召開會 議,本公司須就董事未能應要求召開會議償 付請求人就召開會議招致的所有合理開支。

Shareholders' Rights and Investor Relations (continued)

Shareholders' Communication

Corporation communications such as interim reports, annual reports and circulars are sent to the shareholders in a timely manner and are also available on the website of the Company. The Company's website provides the shareholders with the corporate information, such as principal business activities and latest development of the Group. Also, it provides information on corporate governance and corporate social responsibilities of the Group as well as the compositions and functions of the Board and the committees.

Shareholders are provided with contact details of the Company, such as telephone hotline, fax number, email address and postal address, in order to enable them to make any query that they may have with respect to the Company. They can also send their enquiries to the Board through these means.

Investor Relations

The Company continues to enhance communications and relationships with its investors. Designated senior management maintains regular dialogue with institutional investors and analysts to keep them abreast of the Company's developments. Enquiries from investors are dealt with in an informative and timely manner. To promote effective communication, the Company also maintains websites (www.ecogreen.com) where extensive information and updates on the Company's business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are posted.

By the Order of the Board Yang Yirong President

Hong Kong, 25 March 2014

股東權利及投資者關係(續)

與股東之溝通

中期報告、年度報告及通函等公司通訊將及時派發 予股東並可於本公司網站上查閱。本公司網站向股 東提供企業資料,如本集團之主要業務活動及最新 發展等。網站亦提供有關本集團企業管治及企業社 會責任之資料以及董事會及委員會組成及職能之資

為使股東作出有關本公司的任何查詢,本公司向彼 等提供如熱線電話、傳真號、郵箱及通訊地址等本 公司聯繫資料。股東亦可透過該等方式向董事會查

投資者關係

本公司持續加強與其投資者之溝通及關係。特定高 級管理人員與機構投資者及分析員作定期對話,協 助彼等了解本公司之發展。本公司會對投資者之查 詢作出詳盡及適時之回應。為促進有效溝通,本公 司設有網站(www.ecogreen.com)以刊載詳盡資料及 更新本公司之業務發展及經營、財務資料、企業管 治常規及其他資料。

承董事會命 總裁 楊毅融

香港,二零一四年三月二十五日

Directors' Report

董事會報告

The directors (the "Directors") of EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Group Limited (the "Company") are pleased to present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and of its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2013.

中怡精細化工集團有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董 事」)欣然呈報其全年報告連同本公司及其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止 年度之經審核財務報表。

Principal activities and geographical analysis of operations

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Group are the research and development, production and sale of fine chemicals products from natural resources for use in aroma chemicals and pharmaceutical products, and the trading of fine chemicals products and natural materials.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by business and geographical segments is set out in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries as at 31 December 2013 are set out in Note 9 to the financial statements.

Results and dividends

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 48.

An interim dividend of HK1.49 cents per share, totalling approximately RMB5,729,000 was declared and paid to shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") during the year under review.

The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK7.1 cents per share to the Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members on 12 June 2014. Together with the interim dividend, this will bring the total dividend distribution for the year to HK8.59 cents (2012: HK5.1 cents) per share, resulting in an aggregate dividend of approximately RMB32,903,000 for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Reserves

Details of movements in reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 50. Details of movements in other reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year are set out in Note 17 to the financial statements.

主要業務及業務地區分析

本公司為投資控股公司。本集團之主要業務包括利 用天然資源研發、生產及銷售精細化學品,用於芳 香化學品及藥品,以及買賣精細化工產品及天然物 料。

本集團於本年度按業務及地區分部劃分之表現分析 載於財務報表附註5。

附屬公司

本公司附屬公司於二零一三年十二月三十一日之詳 情載於財務報表附註9。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度業績 載於第48頁之合併收益表。

於本回顧年度內向本公司股東(「股東」)宣派及派付 中期股息每股1.49港仙,合計約5,729,000元人民 幣。

董事建議派發末期股息每股7.1港仙予於二零一四年 六月十二日名列股東名冊之股東,連同中期股息款 額,本年度股息分派總額為每股8.59港仙(二零一二 年:5.1港仙),截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年 度之股息合共約為32,903,000元人民幣。

儲備

本集團儲備於年內之變動詳情載於第50頁之合併權 益變動表。本集團及本公司其他儲備於年內之變動 詳情載於合併財務報表附註17。

Property, plant and equipment

Movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Share capital

Details of movements in share capital of the Company during the year are set out in Note 16 to the financial statements.

Distributable reserves

Distributable reserves including retained earnings of the Company at 31 December 2013 amounted to RMB321,537,000 (2012: RMB315,785,000).

Purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's listed securities

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Company had not redeemed and neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased or sold any of the Company's listed securities.

Pre-emptive rights

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

Five year financial summary

A summary of the results and of the financial positions of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on page 126.

Major customers and suppliers

The aggregate sales attributable to the Group's largest and the five largest customers were 14% and 33%, respectively. The aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's largest and the five largest suppliers were 10% and 35%, respectively.

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder of the Company, which to the knowledge of the Directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital, had any interest in the share capital of the Group's five largest customers and five largest suppliers noted above.

物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備於年內之變動詳情載於財 務報表附註7。

股本

本公司股本於年內之變動詳情載於財務報表附註16。

可供分派儲備

本公司於二零一三年十二月三十一日包括保留盈利 之可供分派儲備為321,537,000元人民幣(二零一二 年:315.785.000元人民幣)。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司並 無贖回,而本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買或出 售本公司任何上市證券。

優先購買權

本公司之組織章程細則並無有關優先購買權之規 定,而根據開曼群島法例,該等權利並無限制,本 公司毋須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份。

五年財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績及財務狀況概要載 於第126頁。

主要客戶及供應商

本集團之最大客戶及五大客戶應佔銷量總額分別為 14%及33%。本集團之最大供應商及五大供應商應 佔採購總額分別為10%及35%。

董事、彼等之聯繫人士或據董事所知擁有本公司已 發行股本5%以上之本公司任何股東,概無擁有上述 本集團五大客戶及五大供應商股本中任何權益。

Directors

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Yang Yirong (Chairman & President)

Mr. Gong Xionghui Ms. Lu Jiahua

Mr. Han Huan Guang Mr. Lin Zhigang

Non-executive Director ("NED(s)")

Mr. Feng Tao

Independent Non-executive Directors ("INED(s)")

Mr. Yau Fook Chuen Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John Mr. Lau Wang Yip, Derrick

In accordance with article 108(A) of the Company's articles of association, Mr. Gong Xionghui. Mr. Han Huan Guang and Mr. Lin Zhigang, will retire from office by rotation and, being eligible, offers themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

The NEDs and INEDs were appointed for an initial term of not more than one year and will be renewable automatically for successive term of one year until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other.

Appointment of INEDs

The Company has received, from each of the INEDs, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the INEDs are independent.

Directors' interests in contracts

Details of the related party transactions are set out in Note 35 to the financial statements.

Save for the above, no contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at yearend or at any time during the year.

董事

於本年度及直至本報告日期之本公司董事如下:

執行董事

楊毅融先生(主席兼總裁)

壟雄輝先生 盧家華女士 韓歡光先生 林志剛先生

非執行董事

馮濤先生

獨立非執行董事

丘福全先生 黄翼忠先生 劉宏業先生

根據本公司之組織章程細則第108(A)條,龔雄輝先 生、韓歡光先生及林志剛先生,將於應屆股東週年 大會輪值退任,惟符合資格並願意膺選連任。

概無擬於應屆股東週年大會重選連任之董事訂有本 集團不可於一年內不作賠償(法定賠償除外)予以終 止之服務合約。

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之任期初步不多於一 年,並將自動續任一年,直至任何一方向對方發出 不少於三個月之書面通知終止任期為止。

獨立非執行董事之委任

本公司已收到各位獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第 3.13條發出之年度獨立確認書。本公司認為,所有 獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

董事之合約權益

有關連人士交易詳情載於財務報表附註35。

除上述者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂有與 本集團業務有關,且於年末或年內任何時間仍然生 效及本公司董事直接或間接擁有重大權益之重大合 約。

Biographical details of Directors and senior management

Biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out on pages 15 to 18.

Directors' emoluments

Details of Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Ordinance and Appendix 16 of the Listing Rules are set out in Note 25(b) to the financial statements.

Management contracts

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or existed during the year.

Arrangements to purchase shares or debentures

At no time during the year was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors or chief executives of the Company or their spouses or children under 18 years of age to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate with the exception of the Company's share option scheme, details of which are set out in the following section under the heading "Share options".

Directors' and chief executives' interests and/or short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures

At 31 December 2013, the interests and short positions of the Directors, chief executives and their associates in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")), which were recorded in the register maintained by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO; or which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which were otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies contained in the Listing Rules, were as follows:

董事及高級管理人員履歷

董事及高級管理人員之履歷載於第15至18頁。

董事袍金

根據公司條例第161條及上市規則附錄16披露有關 董事袍金詳情載於財務報表附註25(b)。

管理合約

年內,本公司並無訂立或訂有任何涉及本集團全部 或任何重大部分業務之管理及行政合約。

購買股份或債券之安排

於年內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂 立任何安排,致使董事或本公司行政總裁或彼等之 配偶或未滿十八歲子女可藉收購本公司或任何其他 法人團體之股份或債券而獲利,惟透過本公司購股 權計劃所購買者則除外,有關詳情載於下文「購股 權」一節。

董事及行政總裁於股份、相關股份及債 券之權益及/或淡倉

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,董事、行政總裁及 彼等之聯繫人士於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券 及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)股份、相 關股份或債券中擁有,並登記於本公司根據證券及 期貨條例第352條存置之登記冊;或根據證券及期貨 條例第XV部第7及8分部已知會本公司及聯交所(包 括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文,彼等被當作或視 作擁有之權益或淡倉)或根據上市規則上市公司董事 進行證券交易的標準守則已知會本公司及聯交所之 權益及淡倉如下:

Directors' and chief executives' interests and/or 董事及行政總裁於股份、相關股份及債 short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures (continued)

券之權益及/或淡倉(續)

Long positions in ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of (a) the Company

(a) 於本公司每股面值0.10港元普通股之好倉

			Number of 所持	shares held 股數		
Name of Director 董事姓名	Personal interests 個人權益	Family interests 家族權益	Corporate interests 公司權益	Interests in underlying shares comprised in the share options 購股權當中之相關股份權益	Total 總計	% of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司 已發行 股本百分比
Mr. Yang Yirong 楊毅融先生	400,000	-	198,294,158 (Note a) (附註a)	-	198,694,158	41.11%
Mr. Gong Xionghui 龔雄輝先生	-	-	11,368,421 (Note b) (附註b)	2,050,000	13,418,421	2.78%
Ms. Lu Jiahua 盧家華女士	-	-	8,526,316 (Note c) (附註c)	1,550,000	10,076,316	2.08%
Mr. Han Huan Guang 韓歡光先生	1,200,000	-	-	-	1,200,000	0.25%
Mr. Lin Zhigang 林志剛先生	-	-	-	1,800,000	1,800,000	0.37%
Mr. Feng Tao 馮濤先生	1,200,000	-	-	-	1,200,000	0.25%
Mr. Yau Fook Chuen 丘福全先生	100,000	-	-	200,000	300,000	0.06%
Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John 黃翼忠先生	100,000	-	-	200,000	300,000	0.06%

Directors' and chief executives' interests and/or short positions in shares, underlying shares and **debentures** (continued)

Long positions in ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of (a) the Company (continued)

Notes:

- (a) These shares were beneficially owned by Marietta Limited, a private company beneficially wholly-owned by Mr. Yang Yirong.
- (b) These shares were beneficially owned by Dragon Kingdom Investment Limited, a private company beneficially whollyowned by Mr. Gong Xionghui.
- These shares were beneficially owned by Sunwill Investments (c) Limited, a private company beneficially wholly-owned by Ms. Lu Jiahua.

(b) Interest in share options of the Company

Share options, being unlisted physically settled equity derivatives, to subscribe for the ordinary shares of the Company were granted to Directors, chief executives, employees and certain participants pursuant to the approved Company's share option scheme. Information in relation to these share options during the year ended 31 December 2013 are set out in the following section under the heading "Share options".

(c) Interest in registered share capital of a Company's subsidiary

Other than the interest disclosed above, a Director also hold nominee shares in certain subsidiaries held in trust for the Group solely for the purpose of ensuring that the relevant subsidiary has more than one member.

Other than as disclosed above, neither the Directors nor any chief executives, nor any of their associates, had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares, or debentures of the Company or its associated corporation as at 31 December 2013.

董事及行政總裁於股份、相關股份及債 券之權益及/或淡倉(續)

於本公司每股面值0.10港元普通股之好倉 (a) (續)

附註:

- 該等股份以楊毅融先生實益全資擁有之私人 公司Marietta Limited實益擁有。
- 該等股份以龔雄輝先生實益全資擁有之私人 (b) 公司Dragon Kingdom Investment Limited實
- 該等股份以盧家華女士實益全資擁有之私人 公司Sunwill Investments Limited實益擁有。

於本公司購股權之權益 (b)

董事、行政總裁、僱員及根據已獲批准之本 公司購股權計劃之若干參與人士,授予屬於 非上市實物交收股本衍生工具以認購本公司 普通股之購股權。有關截至二零一三年十二 月三十一日止年度內該等購股權之詳情,載 於下文「購股權」一節。

於本公司一家附屬公司註冊股本之權益 (c)

除上文披露之權益外,董事亦以信託方式為 本集團持有若干附屬公司之代名人股份,僅 為確保有關附屬公司擁有超過一名股東。

除上文披露者外,於二零一三年十二月三十 一日,概無董事或任何行政總裁或彼等任何 聯繫人士,於本公司或其相聯法團之股份、 相關股份或債券中,擁有任何權益或淡倉。

Share options

The following is a summary of the Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme"), which was approved and adopted pursuant to a written resolution of the shareholders of the Company passed on 16 February 2004, disclosed in accordance with the Listing Rules:

1. **Purpose of the Scheme**

The Scheme is to enable the Group to grant options to selected participants as incentives or rewards for their contributions to the Group.

2. Participants of the Scheme

All Directors, employees, suppliers of goods or services, customers, persons or entities that provide research, development or other technological support to the Group, shareholders and advisers or consultants of the Group are eligible to participate in the Scheme.

3. Total number of shares available for issue under the Scheme

The total number of shares of the Company (the "Shares") which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme and any other share option scheme adopted by the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue on 21 July 2004, the date of approval of the refreshment of the General Scheme Limit (as defined below) by the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders").

The Company may renew the 10% limit with Shareholders' approval provided that each such renewal may not exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of the Shareholder's approval (the "General Scheme Limit").

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme adopted by the Company must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time.

As at 23 April 2014, being the latest practicable date prior to the issue of the annual report, options to subscribe for a total of 28,030,000 Shares were still outstanding under the Scheme which represents approximately 5.8% of the Shares in issue.

購股權

以下為根據上市規則披露本公司股東於二零零四年 二月十六日通過書面決議案批准及採納之本公司購 股權計劃(「計劃」)之概要:

1. 計劃之目的

計劃之目的是使本集團可向指定參與者授出 購股權,作為彼等對本集團所作貢獻之獎勵 或回報。

2. 計劃參與者

本集團所有董事、僱員、貨品或服務供應 商、客戶與向本集團提供研究、開發或其他 技術支援之人士或公司、股東及諮詢人或顧 問均合資格參與計劃。

3. 根據計劃可發行之股份總數

根據計劃及本公司採納之任何其他購股權計 劃授出之購股權獲行使而將予配發及發行之 本公司股份(「股份」)總數,合共不得超過 於二零零四年七月二十一日本公司股東(「股 東」)批准更新一般計劃限額(見以下註釋)當 天已發行股份之10%。

在獲得股東批准後,本公司可更新此10%之 限額,而每一次更新,均不得超過股東批准 該日已發行股份之10%(「一般計劃限額」)。

根據購股權計劃及本公司採納之任可其他購 股權計劃已授出但尚未行使之購股權獲行使 而可予發行之股份數目,合共最多不得超過 不時已發行股份之30%。

於二零一四年四月二十三日,為發行本年報 之最後可行日期,根據計劃仍未行使的購股 權可認購股份合共28,030,000股,佔已發行 股份約5.8%。

Share options (continued)

4. Maximum entitlement of each participant

Unless approved by shareholders of the Company, the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of the options granted to each participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the Scheme or any other share option scheme adopted by the Company in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the issued share capital.

5. The period within which the shares must be taken up under an option

An option must be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the Directors to each grantee, which period may commence from the date of the offer for the grant of option is made, but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date on which the offer for the grant of the option is made, subject to the provisions for early termination thereof.

6. The minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

Unless otherwise determined by the Directors and stated in the offer for the grant of options to a grantee, there is no minimum period required under the Scheme for the holding of an option before it can be exercised.

7. The period within which payments or calls must or may be made or loans for such purposes must be repaid and the amount payable on application or acceptance of the option

An option may be accepted by a participant within 21 days from the date of the offer for the grant of the option and the amount payable on acceptance of the grant of an option is HK\$1.

8. The basis of determining the exercise price

The exercise price is determined by the Directors and being not less than the highest of:

the closing price of the Company's shares as a. stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange for trade in one or more board lots of the Company's shares on the date of the offer for the grant;

購股權(續)

各參與者之最高配額

除非獲本公司股東批准,否則於任何十二個 月期間內,就根據計劃或本公司採納之任何 其他購股權計劃而授予每名參與者之購股權 (包括已行使及尚未行使者)獲行使而發行及 將予發行之股份總數,不得超過已發行股本 ≥ 1% ∘

5. 根據購股權認購股份之期限

購股權須於董事釐定並知會各承授人之期間 隨時根據計劃條款行使,而除根據計劃規定 提早終止外,該期間可自建議授出購股權當 日起計,惟無論如何不得遲於建議授出購股 權當日起計滿10年之日屆滿。

購股權可行使前須持有之最短期限

除非董事另行決定並於向承授人授出購股權 之建議中表明,否則並無有關購股權可行使 前必須根據計劃持有之最短期限。

必須或可以付款或催繳或須就此等目的償還 貸款之期限及於申請或接納購股權時應付款 項

> 參與者可由建議授出購股權當日起計21日內 接納購股權,而於接納授予購股權時須支付 之金額為1港元。

釐定行使價之基準 8.

行使價由董事釐定,惟不得低於下列最高 者:

以一手或以上單位進行買賣之本公司 股份於建議授出購股權當日在聯交所 每日報價表所列收市價;

Share options (continued)

8. The basis of determining the exercise price (continued)

- the average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the offer for the grant; and
- the nominal value of the Company's shares. C.

9. The remaining life of the Scheme

The Scheme will end on 15 February 2014, after which no option can be granted under the Scheme. However, options that remain outstanding as at 15 February 2014 can be exercised until their respective expiry dates.

The following table discloses details of share options outstanding as at 31 December 2013 under the Scheme and the movements during the year.

購股權(續)

釐定行使價之基準(續)

- 本公司股份於緊接建議授出購股權當 b. 日前五個營業日在聯交所每日報價表 所列平均收市價;及
- 本公司股份之面值。

計劃剩餘年期

計劃將於二零一四年二月十五日屆滿,此後 不得根據計劃授出購股權。然而,於二零一 四年二月十五日仍未行使之購股權可予行 使,直至其各自屆滿日期為止。

下表載述於二零一三年十二月三十一日根據計劃尚 未行使之購股權詳情及其於年內之變動。

Type of Grantee	承授人類別	Granted date 授出日期	Exercise price 行使價	Exercisable period 行使期	Balance as at 1 January 2013 於二零一三年 一月一日 結餘	Granted during the year 年內授出	Exercised during the year 年內行使	Lapsed Cancelled during the year 年內失效/註銷	Balance as at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年 十二月三十一日 結餘
			HK\$ 港元		(*000)	('000)	(*000)	('000)	('000)
Category 1 - Directors									
Mr. Gong Xionghui	龔雄輝先生	8.6.2004	1.37	8.6.2004-7.6.2014	2,050	-	_	_	2,050
Ms. Lu Jiahua	盧家華女士	8.6.2004	1.37	8.6.2004-7.6.2014	1,550	-	_	_	1,550
Mr. Lin Zhigang	林志剛先生	8.6.2004	1.37	8.6.2004-7.6.2014	1,800	-	-	-	1,800
Mr. Yau Fook Chuen	丘福全先生	8.6.2004	1.37	8.6.2004-7.6.2014	200	-	-	-	200
Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John	黄翼忠先生	8.6.2004	1.37	8.6.2004–7.6.2014	200	-	-	_	200
Sub-total	/]\計				5,800	-	-	-	5,800
Category 2 – Employees under continuous employment contract	類別2- 持續僱傭 合約僱員	8.6.2004	1.37	8.6.2004-7.6.2014	2,230	-	-	-	2,230
Sub-total	/J\ = +				2,230	-	-	-	2,230
Total	烟亭				8,030	-	-	-	8,030

Interest and/or short positions of shareholders discloseable under SFO

As at 31 December 2013, the interests and short positions of the persons, other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company, in the shares and underlying shares of the Company, which were notified to the Company pursuant to Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO; or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, were as follows:

Long positions in ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the

根據證券及期貨條例須予披露之股東權 益及/或淡倉

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,除董事及本公司行 政總裁以外之人士於本公司股份及相關股份中,擁 有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部已知會本 公司;或本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定存 置之登記冊所記錄之權益及淡倉如下:

於本公司每股面值0.10港元普通股之好倉

			Number of s 所持图			
Name 名稱	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Investment manager 投資經理	Interest of corporation controlled by the substantial shareholder 大股東 所控制的法團的權益	Other interests 其他權益	Total 總計	% of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司 已發行 股本百分比
Marietta Limited	198,184,158 (Note a) (附註a)	-	-	-	198,184,158	41.00%
FMR LLC	-	48,448,000	-	-	48,448,000	10.02%
Platinum Investment Management Limited	_	34,130,000	-	-	34,130,000	7.06%

Notes:

Company

(a) These shares were registered in the name of and beneficially owned by Marietta Limited, the entire issued share capital of which was directly and beneficially owned by Mr. Yang Yirong.

Other than as disclosed above, the Company has not been notified by any persons, other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company, who had interest or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as at 31 December 2013.

附註:

該等股份以Marietta Limited之名義登記,並由該公司 (a) 實益擁有,而Marietta Limited全部已發行股本則以楊 毅融先生直接實益擁有。

除上文披露者外,本公司並無獲知會,於二零一三 年十二月三十一日,除董事及本公司行政總裁以 外,有任何人士於本公司之股份或相關股份中擁有 權益或淡倉。

Continuing connected transactions and Directors' interests in contracts

A summary of the related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2013 is disclosed in Note 35 to the financial statements.

Save as disclosed above:

- (i) no contracts of significance subsisted to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly at the end of the years ended 31 December 2013 or at any time during the years; and
- (ii) there were no transactions which need to be disclosed as connected transactions in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

Corporate governance

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company has complied with most of the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules throughout the year ended 31 December 2013, save for the deviations from Code Provision A.2.1 and A.6.7 of the CG Code. Information on the deviations and further information on the Company's corporate governance Code is set out in the "Corporate Governance Report" as set out on pages 19 to 30.

Sufficiency of public float

Based on the information that is publicly available to and within the knowledge of the Directors, it is confirmed that there is sufficient public float of more than 25% of the Company's issued shares at the date of the annual report.

Auditor

The accompanying financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Directors Yang Yirong Chairman & President

Hong Kong, 25 March 2014

持續關連交易及董事之合約權益

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團訂立的關聯方交易摘要載於合併財務報表附註35。

除上文所披露者外:

- (i) 於截至二零一三年度結束時或此期間任何時間內,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無訂立本公司董事擁有重大權益(不論直接或間接)且仍然有效的重大合約:及
- (ii) 概無交易須根據上市規則的規定披露為關連 交易。

企業管治

董事認為,除若干偏離企業管治常規守則條文第A.2.1條及A.6.7條外,本公司於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度一直遵守上市規則附錄14所載大部分《企業管治守則》。有關該等偏離及本公司企業管治守則之進一步資料載於第19至30頁「企業管治報告」。

充足公眾持股量

根據董事以公開方式獲提供之資料及彼等所深知, 本公司確認,於年報日期本公司已發行股份擁有 25%以上之充足公眾持股量。

核數師

本財務報表已由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審核,該 核數師任滿告退,但表示願意應聘連任。

代表董事 *主席兼總裁* 楊毅融

香港,二零一四年三月二十五日

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告



羅兵咸永道

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF **ECOGREEN FINE CHEMICALS GROUP LIMITED**

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 44 to 125, which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31 December 2013, and the consolidated income statement. the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

致中怡精細化工集團有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第44至 125頁中怡精細化工集團有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公 司」)及其子公司(統稱「貴集團」)的合併財務報表, 此合併財務報表包括於二零一三年十二月三十一日 的合併和公司資產負債表與截至該日止年度的合併 收益表、合併全面收益表、合併權益變動表和合併 現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註解 釋資料。

董事就合併財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規定編製合 併財務報表,以令合併財務報表作出真實而公平的 反映,及落實其認為編製合併財務報表所必要的內 部控制,以使合併財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤 而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審計對該等合併財務報表 作出意見,並僅向整體股東報告,除此之外本報告 別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其 他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則進 行審計。該等準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並規劃 及執行審計,以合理確定合併財務報表是否不存在 任何重大錯誤陳述。

PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F, Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong T: +852 2289 8888, F: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所,香港中環太子大廈22樓 電話: +852 2289 8888, 傳真: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com

\ Independent Auditor's Report ● 獨立核數師報告

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

審計涉及執行程序以獲取有關合併財務報表所載金 額及披露資料的審計憑證。所選定的程序取決於核 數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致合併 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風 險時,核數師考慮與該公司編製合併財務報表以作 出真實而公平的反映相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審計程序,但目的並非對公司的內部控制的有效 性發表意見。審計亦包括評價董事所採用的會計政 策的合適性及所作出的會計估計的合理性,以及評 價合併財務報表的整體列報方式。

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2013, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足和適當地 為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為,該等合併財務報表已根據香港財務報告 準則真實而公平地反映貴公司及貴集團於二零一三 年十二月三十一日的事務狀況,及貴集團截至該日 止年度的利潤及現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條 例》的披露規定妥為編製。

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 25 March 2014

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零一四年三月二十五日

Consolidated Balance Sheet

合併資產負債表

As at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年十二月三十一日

			2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Land use rights	土地使用權	6	8,848	9,079
Deposits for the acquisition of land use rights	購買土地使用權之訂金	33	30,037	_
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	7	354,841	384,008
Intangible assets	無形資產	8	48,216	50,081
Investments in associates	聯營投資	10	7,112	8,924
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	22	2,408	2,623
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	11	200	200
Prepayments	預付款	14	12,000	_
Other asset	其他資產	14	2,400	_
			466,062	454,915
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	12	149,093	114,683
Trade receivables and bills receivable	應收賬款及應收票據	13	525,190	377,348
Prepayments and other receivables Amounts due from related	預付款及其他應收款 應收關聯方款項	14	151,486	131,743
companies	100 DC 101 D 20 20 20	35	2,439	_
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	21	_,	151
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押之銀行存款	15	32,092	98,271
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	15	901,307	833,919
			1,761,607	1,556,115
Total assets	總資產		2,227,669	2,011,030
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity attributable to owners of the Company	權益及負債 權益歸屬於本公司擁有者			
Share capital	股本	16	50,781	50,781
Share premium	股本溢價	16	199,470	199,470
Other reserves	其他儲備	17	104,884	79,141
Retained earnings	保留盈利		- 1,	,
 Proposed final dividend 	- 擬派末期股息	31	27,174	16,013
- Others	一其他		931,458	840,737
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		1,313,767 3,048	1,186,142
			, ,	3,025
Total equity	總權益		1,316,815	1,189,167

\ Consolidated Balance Sheet ● 合併資產負債表

			2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		Note 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Borrowings	借貸	18	300,744	2,300
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	21	1,840	_
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	22	23,200	18,200
			325,784	20,500
Current liabilities	 流動負債			
Trade payables and bills payable	應付賬款及應付票據	19	104,999	267,408
Current income tax liabilities	即期所得税負債		14,653	7,976
Borrowings	借貸	18	435,502	494,308
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	21	_	564
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款	20	29,125	30,337
Amount due to a director	應付一董事款項	35	791	770
			585,070	801,363
Total liabilities	總負債		910,854	821,863
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債		2,227,669	2,011,030
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		1,176,537	754,752
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		1,642,599	1,209,667

YANG YIRONG 楊毅融 Chairman 主席

LU JIAHUA 盧家華 Executive director 執行董事

Balance Sheet

資產負債表

As at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年十二月三十一日

			31 December 2013 二零一三年 十二月三十一日	31 December 2012 二零一二年 十二月三十一日
		Note 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
ASSETS Non-current assets Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries	資產 非流動資產 於附屬公司之投資及應收 附屬公司款項	9	391,488	350,694
Current assets Amounts due from subsidiaries Prepayments Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 應收附屬公司款項 預付款 現金及現金等價物	9 14 15	400,286 39 7,169	114,985 79 634
			407,494	115,698
Total assets	總資產		798,982	466,392
EQUITY Equity attributable to owners of the Company Share capital Share premium Other reserves Retained earnings	權益 權益歸屬於 本公司擁有者 股本 股本溢價 其他儲備 保留盈利	16 16 17	50,781 199,470 94,229	50,781 199,470 94,229
Proposed final dividendOthers	一擬派末期股息 一其他	31	27,174 664	16,013 6,073
Total equity	總權益		372,318	366,566
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Borrowings Derivative financial instruments	負債 非流動負債 借貸 衍生金融工具	18 21	298,894 1,840 300,734	- - -

			31 December 2013 二零一三年 十二月三十一日	
		Note 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current liabilities Borrowings Derivative financial instruments Accruals and other payables	流動負債 借貸 衍生金融工具 應計費用及其他應付款	18 21 20	124,288 - 1,642 125,930	97,121 564 2,141 99,826
Total liabilities	總負債		426,664	99,826
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債		798,982	466,392
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		281,564	15,872
Total assets less current liabilities	。 總資產減流動負債		673,052	366,566

YANG YIRONG 楊毅融 Chairman 主席

LU JIAHUA 盧家華 Executive director 執行董事

Consolidated Income Statement

合併收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

			2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		Note 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue Cost of goods sold	收入 已售貨品成本	5 24	1,227,295 (923,636)	1,057,371 (798,290)
Gross profit Other (losses)/gains – net Selling and marketing costs Administrative expenses	毛利 其他(損失)/收益-淨額 銷售及市場推廣成本 行政費用	23 24 24	303,659 (5,754) (27,352) (51,367)	259,081 4,222 (27,455) (48,352)
Operating profit	經營溢利		219,186	187,496
Finance income Finance costs	財務收益 財務成本	26 26	6,947 (27,495)	6,761 (30,254)
Finance costs – net Share of losses of associates	財務成本-淨額 應佔聯營虧損份額	26 10	(20,548) (474)	(23,493) (267)
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前溢利 税項	27	198,164 (48,716)	163,736 (35,914)
Profit for the year	年度溢利		149,448	127,822
Profit attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	溢利歸屬於: 本公司擁有者 非控制性權益		149,425 23	127,942 (120)
			149,448	127,822
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company during the year (expressed in RMB per share)	年度每股盈利歸屬 於本公司擁有者 (每股以人民幣列示)			
BasicDiluted	-基本 -攤薄	30 30	30.9 Cents仙 30.8 Cents仙	26.5 Cents仙 26.4 Cents仙

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

合併全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

			2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		Note 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit for the year	年度溢利		149,448	127,822
Other comprehensive (loss)/income: Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	其他全面(損失)/收益: 可能被重新分類為損益 項目 外幣折算差額		(50)	9
Currency translation differences			(58)	9
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	年度其他全面(損失)/ 收益總額		(58)	9
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收益總額		149,390	127,831
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	歸屬於: 本公司擁有者 非控制性權益		149,367 23	127,951 (120)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收益總額		149,390	127,831

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

合併權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

				to owners of t 屬於本公司擁有			New	
		Share capital 股本	Share premium 股本溢價	Other reserves 其他儲備	Retained earnings 保留盈利	Total 總計	Non- controlling interests 非控制性權益	Total equity 總權益
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2013	於二零一三年 一月一日之結餘	50,781	199,470	79,141	856,750	1,186,142	3,025	1,189,167
Total comprehensive income for 2013 Dividend relating to 2012 Dividend relating to 2013 Transfer from retained earnings (Note 17)	二零一三年全面收益總額 有關二零一二年之股息 有關二零一三年之股息 保留盈利轉廢(附註17)	- - -	-	(58) - - 25,801	149,425 (16,013) (5,729) (25,801)	149,367 (16,013) (5,729)	23 - -	149,390 (16,013) (5,729)
Balance at 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月 三十一日之結餘	50,781	199,470	104,884	958,632	1,313,767	3,048	1,316,815
Balance at 1 January 2012	於二零一二年 一月一日之結餘	50,872	200,383	64,703	760,732	1,076,690	3,145	1,079,835
Total comprehensive income for 2012 Repurchase of shares Dividend relating to 2011 Dividend relating to 2012 Transfer from retained earnings (Note 17)	二零一二年全面收益總額 回購股份 有關二零一一年之股息 有關二零一二年之股息 保留盈利轉撥(附註17)	- (91) - -	(913) - -	9 91 - - 14,338	127,942 - (13,635) (3,951) (14,338)	127,951 (913) (13,635) (3,951)	(120) - - - -	127,831 (913) (13,635) (3,951)
Balance at 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月 三十一日之結餘	50,781	199,470	79,141	856,750	1,186,142	3,025	1,189,167

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

合併現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

			2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		Note 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash flows from operating activities Cash (used in)/generated from operations Interest paid Income tax paid	經營活動的現金流量 經營業務(所用)/所得的現金 已付利息 已付所得税	32	(26,451) (37,161) (36,824)	288,549 (30,373) (26,427)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	經營業務 (所用)/所得 現金淨額		(100,436)	231,749
Cash flows from investing activities Payments of deposits for the acquisition of land use rights Additions to property, plant and equipment	投資活動的現金流量 支付購買土地使用權之訂金 收購物業、廠房及設備	33 7	(30,037) (10,872)	(30,954)
Additions to intangible assets Additions to prepayments for product development projects	無形資產增加產品開發成本預付款增加	8 14	(6,040)	(16,959)
Addition to investment in an associate Proceeds from disposal of	聯營投資增加 出售物業、廠房及設備	10	-	(2,500)
property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of investment in an associate	之收益 出售聯營投資之收益	32 10	1,960	117
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(56,982)	(50,296)
Cash flows from financing activities Interest received Repurchase of shares Proceeds from borrowings Repayments of borrowings Increase/(decrease) in amount due to a director Dividends paid	融資活動的現金流量 已收利息 回購股份 借貸所得款 償還借貸 應付一董事款項減少 股息支付		6,947 - 723,463 (483,825) 21 (21,742)	6,761 (913) 468,608 (385,993) (144) (17,586)
Net cash generated from financing activities	融資活動所得現金淨額		224,864	70,733
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Exchange (losses)/gains on cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物增加淨額 年初之現金及現金等價物 現金及現金等價物之匯兑 (損失)/收益		67,446 833,919 (58)	252,186 581,724 9
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年終之現金及現金等價物	15	901,307	833,919

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

合併財務報表附註

1. General information

EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Group Limited ("EcoGreen" or "the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") are principally engaged in the production and trading of fine chemicals from natural resources for use in aroma chemicals and pharmaceutical products.

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 3 March 2003 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Century Yard, Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681 GT, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands, British West Indies.

The Company is listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("the Stock Exchange").

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Chinese Renminbi (RMB), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 25 March 2014.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation 2.1

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which include all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss, which are carried at fair value.

一般資料

中怡精細化工集團有限公司(「中怡 |或「本公司 |)及 其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事利用天然資源 買賣及生產精細化學品,以用於芳香化學品及醫藥 產品。

本公司於二零零三年三月三日根據開曼群島公司法 在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。其註冊辦 事處地址為Century Yard, Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681 GT, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands, British West Indies o

本公司以香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板 為其主要上市地點。

除另有指明者外,本合併財務報表均以人民幣列 值。本合併財務報表於二零一四年三月二十五日經 董事會批准發行。

2. 主要會計政策概要

編製本合併財務報表採用的主要會計政策載於下 文。除另有説明外,此等政策在所呈報的所有年度 內貫徹應用。

2.1 編製基準

本公司的合併財務報表是根據《香港財務報告準 則》(「HKFRSs」)、香港普遍採用的會計原則及香 港《公司條例》的規定。HKFRSs指香港會計師公會 所頒布的《香港財務報告準則》及《香港會計準則》 (「HKASs」)內所有適用的個別準則以及所有適用詮 釋。合併財務報表按照歷史成本法編製,並經重估 就可供出售金融資產、按公允值透過損益記賬的金 融資產和金融負債(包括衍生工具)按公允值列賬作 出修訂。

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 **Basis of preparation** (continued)

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

2.1.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures

(a) The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are mandatory for the Group's financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2013 and have been adopted in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

HKAS 1 (Amendment)	Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income
HKAS 19 (2011)	Employee Benefits
HKAS 27 (2011)	Separate Financial Statements
HKAS 28 (2011)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
HKFRS 1 (Amendment)	Government Loans
HKFRS 7 (Amendment)	Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements
HKFRS 12	Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement
Amendments to	Consolidated Financial Statements,
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements and Disclosure
and HKFRS 12	of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance
HK (IFRIC) – Int 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

The adoption of the above new standards, amendments to standards and interpretation has had no material effect on the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, except for certain disclosures in respect of HKAS 1 (Amendment), HKFRS 7 (Amendment) and HKFRS 13.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

2.1 編製基準(續)

編製符合香港財務報告準則規定之財務報表須使用 若干重要會計評估,管理層亦須於應用本集團會計 政策時作出判斷,而涉及較高水平判斷或較為複雜 之範圍,或假設及評估對合併財務報表攸關重要之 範圍於附註4披露。

2.1.1 會計政策和披露的變動

以下新訂準則、準則修訂及詮釋於本集團 (a) 二零一三年一月一日開始之財政年度強制應 用並已於編製本合併財務報表時獲採納。

甘州之面此兴项目的只列

日/它首引 午別先 1 洲	共化主曲权重次目的主义
(修訂本)	
香港會計準則第19號	僱員福利

(二零一一年)

★洪会

上淮川

なった

獨立財務報表 香港會計準則第27號

(二零一一年)

香港會計準則第28號 對聯營及合營企業的投資

(二零一一年)

香港財務報告準則 政府借貸

第1號(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 披露:金融資產和金融負債

的互相抵消 第7號(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則第10號 綜合財務報表 香港財務報告準則第11號 聯合安排

香港財務報告準則第12號 披露於其他實體的權益

香港財務報告準則第13號 公平值計量

綜合財務報表、聯合安排及 香港財務報告準則 第10號、第11號及 披露於其他實體的權益:

第12號的修訂 過渡指引

香港(國際財務報告詮釋 露天礦場生產期的剝除成本 委員會)一詮釋第20號

採納上述新準則以及準則及詮釋之修訂對編製本集 團之合併財務報表並無重大影響,惟有關香港會計 準則第1號(修訂本),香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂 本)及香港財務報告準則第13號之若干披露除外。

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 **Basis of preparation** (continued)

- 2.1.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (continued)
- (b) The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretation have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2013 and have not been early adopted by the Group:

適用於以下 Effective for the accounting 日期或之後 開始的會計 period beginning 期間 on or after 香港會計準則第32號 二零一四年 HKAS 32 Offsetting Financial Assets and 1 January 2014 金融資產和金融負債 Financial Liabilities (修訂本) 的互相抵消 一月一日 (Amendment) Recoverable Amount Disclosures for 香港會計準則第36號 非金融資產可收回金 二零一四年 HKAS 36 1 January 2014 一月一日 (Amendment) Non-Financial Assets (修訂本) 額披露 二零一四年 香港會計準則第39號 衍生產品更替及對沖 HKAS 39 Novation of Derivatives and 1 January 2014 (Amendment) Continuation of Hedge Accounting (修訂本) 產品延續的會計 一月一日 處理 金融工具 香港財務報告準則 生效日期

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments Effective date to be determined Amendments to Mandatory Effective Date of HKFRS 9 Effective date HKFRS 7 and and Transition Disclosures to be determined HKFRS 9 Amendments to Investment Entities 1 January 2014 HKFRS 10. HKFRS 12 and

Levies HK (IFRIC) - Int 21 1 January 2014

HKAS 27 (2011)

Management is in the process of making an assessment of the likely impact of these changes but is not yet in a position to state whether any substantial changes to the Group's significant accounting policies and/or the presentation of its financial statements will result.

Subsidiaries are entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

編製基準(續) 2.1

第9號

修訂

香港財務報告準則

香港財務報告準則

第7號及第9號的

第10號、第12號及

報表的列報出現任何重大變動。

- 2.1.1 會計政策和披露的變動(續)
- 以下新準則、準則修訂及詮釋已頒佈但於二 (b) 零一三年一月一日開始之財政年度尚未生 效,且本集團並無提早採納:

香港會計準則第27號 (二零一一年) 的修訂 香港(國際財務報告 徵税 二零一四年 一月一日 詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第21號 管理層現正評估該等變動的可能影響,惟尚未能確 定是否會導致本集團的重要會計政策及/或其財務

投資實體

香港財務報告準則

第9號強制生效

日期及過渡披露

尚未確定

生效日期

尚未確定

二零一四年

一月一日

子公司指本集團對其具有控制權的所有主體(包括結 構性主體)。當本集團因為參與該主體而承擔可變回 報的風險或享有可變回報的權益,並有能力透過其 對該主體的權力影響此等回報時,本集團即控制該 主體。子公司在控制權轉移至本集團之日起合併入 賬。子公司在控制權終止之日起停止合併入賬。

2.2 **Subsidiaries**

2.2.1 Consolidation

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

Business combinations (a)

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with HKAS 39 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated income statement.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

2.2 子公司

2.2.1 合併賬目

集團內公司之間的交易、結餘及交易的未變現利得 予以對銷。未變現損失亦予以對銷。子公司報告的 數額已按需要作出改變,以確保與本集團採用的政 策符合一致。

(a) 業務合併

本集團利用購買法將業務合併入賬。購買一子公司 所轉讓的對價,為所轉讓資產、對被收購方的前所 有人產生的負債,及本集團發行的股本權益的公允 價值。所轉讓的對價包括或有對價安排所產生的任 何資產和負債的公允價值。在業務合併中所購買可 辨認的資產以及所承擔的負債及或有負債,首先以 彼等於購買日期的公允價值計量。就個別收購基 準,本集團可按公允價值或按非控制性權益應佔被 購買方淨資產的比例,計量被收購方的非控制性權

購買相關成本在產生時支銷。

如業務合併分階段進行,收購方之前在被收購方持 有權益於收購日期的賬面值,按收購日期的公允價 值重新計量,重新計量產生的任何盈虧在損益中確 認。

集團將轉讓的任何或有對價按收購日期的公允價值 計量。被視為資產或負債的或有對價公允價值的其 後變動,根據香港會計準則第39號的規定,在損益 中或作為其他綜合收益的變動確認。分類為權益的 或有對價不重新計量,其之後的結算在權益中入賬。

所轉讓對價、被收購方的任何非控制性權益數額, 及在被收購方之前任何權益在收購日期的公允價 值,超過購入可辨識凈資產公允價值的數額記錄為 商譽。如所轉讓對價、確認的任何非控制性權益及 之前持有的權益計量,低于購入子公司凈資產的公 允價值,則將該數額直接在合併收益表中確認。

2.2 Subsidiaries (continued)

2.2.1 Consolidation (continued)

Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying amount of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

(c) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in the consolidated income statement. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to the consolidated income statement.

2.2.2 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2.3 **Associates**

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

2.2 子公司(續)

2.2.1 合併賬目(續)

不導致失去控制權的子公司權益變動

本集團將其與非控制性權益進行、不導致失去控制 權的交易入賬為權益交易一即與子公司所有者以其 作為所有者身份進行的交易。所支付任何對價的公 允價值與相關應佔所收購子公司淨資產賬面值的差 額記錄為權益。向非控制性權益的處置的盈虧亦記 錄在權益中。

出售子公司 (c)

當本集團不再持有控制權, 在主體的任何保留權益 於失去控制權當日重新計量至公允價值, 賬面值的 變動在合併收益表中確認。公允價值為就保留權益 的後續入賬而言的初始賬面值, 作為聯營、合營或 金融資產。此外, 之前在其他綜合收益中確認的任 何數額猶如本集團已直接處置相關資產和負債。這 意味著之前在其他綜合收益中確認的數額重新分類 至合併收益表。

2.2.2 獨立財務報表

附屬公司投資按成本扣除減值列賬。成本經調整以 反映修改或有對價所產生的對價變動。成本亦包括 投資的直接歸屬成本。附屬公司的業績由本公司按 已收及應收股利入賬。

如股利超過宣派股利期內附屬公司的總全面收益, 或如在獨立財務報表的投資賬面值超過合併財務報 表中被投資公司凈資產(包括商譽)的賬面值,則必 須對附屬公司投資作減值測試。

2.3 聯營

聯營指所有本集團對其有重大影響力而無控制權的 主體,通常附帶有20%至50%投票權的股權。聯營 投資以權益法入賬。根據權益法,投資初始以成本 確認,而賬面值被增加或減少以確認投資者享有被 投資者在收購日期後的損益份額。本集團於聯營的 投資包括購買時已辨認的商譽。

2.3 Associates (continued)

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement, and its share of postacquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to 'share of losses of associates' in the consolidated income statement.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in the Group's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investor's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Gains and losses on dilution of equity interest in associates are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

2.4 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decisionmaker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Executive Directors.

2.5 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency (a)

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

聯營(續) 2.3

如聯營的權益持有被削減但仍保留重大影響力,只 有按比例將之前在其他全面收益中確認的數額重新 分類至損益(如適當)。

本集團應佔聯營購買後利潤或虧損於合併收益表內 確認,而應佔其購買後的其他全面收益變動則於其 他全面收益內確認,並相應調整投資賬面值。如本 集團應佔一家聯營的虧損等於或超過其在該聯營的 權益,包括任何其他無抵押應收款,本集團不會確 認進一步虧損,除非本集團對聯營已產生法律或推 定債務或已代聯營作出付款。

本集團在每個報告日期釐定是否有客觀證據證明聯 營投資已減值。如投資已減值,本集團計算減值, 數額為聯營可收回數額與其賬面值的差額,並在合 併收益表中確認於「應佔聯營虧損份額」旁。

本集團與其聯營之間的上流和下流交易的利潤和損 失,在集團的財務報表中確認,但僅限於無關連投 資者在聯營權益的數額。除非交易提供証據顯示所 轉讓資產已減值,否則未實現虧損亦予以對銷。聯 營的會計政策已按需要作出改變,以確保與本集團 採用的政策符合一致。

在聯營投資中因稀釋股本權益所產生的利得和損失 於合併收益表確認。

分部呈報 2.4

營運分部按照與向主要經營決策者提供的內部報告 貫徹一致的方式報告。執行董事被認定為主要經營 決策者作出策略性決定,負責分配資源和評估營運 分部的表現。

2.5 外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團每個主體之財務報表所列項目,均以該主 體經營所在的主要經濟環境的貨幣計量(「功能貨 幣」)。合併財務報表以中國人民幣(「人民幣」)呈 列,人民幣為本公司的功能貨幣及本集團的列報貨 幣。

2.5 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated income statement within 'finance income or cost'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated income statement within 'other (losses)/gains - net'.

Changes in the fair value of debt securities denominated in a foreign currency classified as available-for-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the security, and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. Translation differences related to changes in the amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets such as equities classified as available-for-sale are included in other comprehensive income.

Group companies (C)

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet:
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other (iii) comprehensive income.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

外幣換算(續) 2.5

交易及結餘 (b)

外幣交易採用交易日期或以重估當日的匯率換算為 功能貨幣。除了符合在權益中遞延入賬的現金流量 對沖和淨投資對沖外,結算此等交易產生的匯兑盈 虧以及將外幣計值的貨幣於資產和負債以年終匯率 折算產生的匯兑盈虧在合併收益表確認。

與借貸和現金及現金等價物有關的匯兑盈虧在合併 收益表內的「財務收益或成本」中呈列報。所有其他 匯兑盈虧在合併收益表內的「其他(虧損)/收益-淨 額 | 中列報。

以外幣為單位及被分類為可供出售的債務證券的公 允價值變動,按照證券的攤銷成本變動與該證券賬 面值的其他變動所產生的折算差額進行分析。與攤 銷成本變動有關的折算差額確認為利潤或虧損,賬 面值的其他變動則於其他全面收益中確認。

非貨幣性金融資產及負債(例如以公允價值計量且其 變動計入損益的權益)的折算差額確認為利潤或虧損 並列報為公允價值盈虧的一部份。非貨幣性金融資 產及負債(例如分類為可供出售的權益)的折算差額 包括在其他全面收益中。

集團公司 (C)

集團內的主體(當中沒有惡性通貨膨脹經濟的貨幣) 之功能貨幣有別於本集團的列報貨幣時,則其業績 和財務狀況須按如下方法換算為列報貨幣:

- (i) 每份列報的資產負債表內的資產和負債按該 資產負債表日期的收市匯率換算;
- 每份收益表內的收益和費用按平均匯率換算 (ii) (除非此匯率並不代表交易日期匯率的累計 影響的合理約數;在此情況下,收支項目按 交易日期的匯率換算);及
- 所有由此而產生之匯兑差額在其他全面收益 (iii) 中確認。

2.5 Foreign currency translation (continued)

Group companies (continued)

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Currency translation differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2.6 Property, plant and equipment

2.6.1 Construction-in-progress

Construction-in-progress, representing buildings on which construction work has not been completed and machinery pending installation, is stated at historical cost, which includes construction expenditures incurred, cost of machinery, and other direct costs capitalised during the construction and installation period, less accumulated impairment losses, if any. No depreciation is provided in respect of construction-inprogress until the construction and installation work is completed. On completion, the construction-in-progress is transferred to appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment.

2.6.2 Other property, plant and equipment

Other property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost may also include transfers from equity of any gains/losses on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are expensed in the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate cost less their residual values, where appropriate over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

D :: ::	00.1.40
Buildings	30 to 40 years
Plant and machinery	5 to 15 years
Leasehold improvements	5 to 10 years
Office furniture and equipment	5 to 10 years
Motor vehicles	5 to 10 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.8).

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

2.5 外幣換算(續)

(C) 集團公司(續)

收購海外實體時產生之商譽及公允價值調整乃視為 該海外實體之資產及負債處理,並按期末匯率換 算。產生的匯兑差額在權益中入賬。外幣換算差額 在其他全面收益中確認。

26 物業、廠房及設備

2.6.1 在建工程

在建工程指未完成建築工程之樓宇及未安裝之機 器,按成本入賬,包括所產生之建造開支、機器成 本及建造與安裝期間其他撥充資本之直接成本,減 任何累計減值虧損(如有)。建造及安裝完成前,不 會就在建工程作出折舊。於完成時,在建工程轉撥 至相關之物業、廠房及設備類別。

2.6.2 其他物業、廠房及設備

其他物業、廠房及設備乃按歷史成本減折舊及減值 虧損列賬。歷史成本包括收購項目直接產生之開 支。成本亦可包括轉撥自權益之對沖物業、廠房及 設備外幣採購項目之合資格現金流量所產生之任何 收益/虧損。

僅在與項目相關之日後經濟效益有可能歸於本公司 及能可靠地計算出項目成本之情況下,其後成本方 會計入資產賬面值或確認為獨立資產(倘適用)。已 更換零件的賬面值已被終止確認。所有其他維修及 保養於其產生財政期間在合併收益表列支銷。

其他物業、廠房及設備以直線法計算折舊,並按估 計可使用年期分配成本至餘值(倘適用),估計可使 用年期如下:

樓宇	30至40年
廠房及機器	5至15年
租賃物業裝修	5至10年
辦公室傢俬	5至10年
汽車及設備	5至10年

於各結算日檢討及調整(倘適用)資產之餘值及可使 用年期。

倘資產之賬面值超過其估計可收回金額,則資產之 賬面值將即時減至其可收回金額(附註2.8)。

\ Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements ● 合併財務報表附註

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.6 **Property, plant and equipment** (continued)

2.6.2 Other property, plant and equipment (continued)

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognised within 'other (losses)/gains - net' in the consolidated income statement.

2.7 Intangible assets

2.7.1 Research and development

Research expenditure is recognised as an expense as incurred. Costs incurred on development projects (relating to the design and testing of new or improved products) are recognised as intangible assets when the following criteria are fulfilled:

- it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so (a) that it will be available for use or sale;
- management intends to complete the intangible asset and (b) use or sell it:
- (C) there is an ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- (d) it can be demonstrated how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- (e) adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset are available; and
- (f) the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be reliably measured.

Other development expenditures that do not meet these criteria are recognised as an expense as incurred. Development costs previously recognised as an expense are not recognised as an asset in a subsequent period.

Capitalised development costs are recorded as intangible assets and amortised from the point at which the asset is ready for use on a straight-line basis over a period of five years.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

物業、廠房及設備(續) 2.6

2.6.2 其他物業、廠房及設備(續)

出售盈虧經比較所得款項與賬面值而釐定,在合併 收益表內的「其他收益/(虧損)-淨額 |中確認。

2.7 無形資產

2.7.1 研究及開發成本

研究成本於產生時列作開支。有關設計、開發及測 試新產品或改良產品之開發項目成本確認為產品開 發成本會於以下條件達成後確認為產品開發成本:

- (a) 在技術上可完成有關無形資產,並可供使用 或出售;
- 管理層有意完成並使用或出售有關無形資 (b) 產;
- (c) 可使用或出售有關無形資產;
- 證明有關無形資產可於日後獲得經濟利益; (d)
- 具備合適的技術、財政及其他資源完成開發 (e) 並使用或出售有關無形資產;及
- (f) 可準確計算開發有關無形資產的所需開支。

且產品在技術上屬可行且有意完成開發,並且具備 所需資源,以及成本可資識別及有能力出售或使用 相關產品而於日後獲得經濟利益。之前確認為開支 的開發成本不會於其後期間確認為資產。

該等開發成本確認為資產,按直線法在五年期間內 攤銷,以反映自資產可供銷售或使用日期起相關經 濟利益之確認模式。

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life or are not yet available for use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.9 **Financial assets**

2.9.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivable and available-for-sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determine the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

(a) Financial assets at fair value though profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if expected to be settled within 12 months; otherwise, they are classified as non-current.

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise 'trade and other receivables', 'pledged bank deposits' and 'cash and cash equivalents' in the balance sheet (Note 2.12 and Note 2.13).

Available-for-sale financial assets (C)

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless the investment mature or management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the reporting period.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

非金融資產減值 2.8

無既定可使用年期或尚未可供使用之資產毋須攤 銷, 並每年檢討減值一次。當資產出現顯示未必能 收回賬面值之事件或情況有變時檢討減值。減值虧 損就資產賬面值超過其可收回金額之差額確認。可 收回金額為資產公允值減出售成本及使用價值兩者 間之較高者。就評估減值而言,資產按可獨立識別 現金流量之最低水平(現金產生單位)分類。出現減 值之非金融資產(商譽除外)於各申報日期檢討是否 可能撥回減值。

金融資產 2.9

2.9.1 分類

本集團將其金融資產分類為以下類別:按公允值透 過損益記賬、貸款及應收款,以及可供出售。分類 視乎購入金融資產之目的。管理層在初始確認時釐 定金融資產的分類。

以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益的金融 (a) 資產

以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產指交 易金融資產。金融資產若在購入時主要用作在短期 內出售,則分類為此類別。衍生工具除非被指定為 套期,否則亦分類為持作交易性。在此類別的資產 假若預期在12個月內結算,分類為流動資產;否則 分類為非流動資產。

貸款及應收款 (b)

貸款及應收款為有固定或可釐定付款且沒有在活躍 市場上報價的非衍生金融資產。此等項目包括在流 動資產內,但若到期日由結算日起計超過12個月 者,則分類為非流動資產。貸款及應收款列在資產 負債表中「應收賬款及其他應收款」,「已抵押之銀 行存款」及「現金及現金等價物」內(附註2.12及附註 2.13) •

可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產為被指定作此類別或並無分類為 任何其他類別之非衍生工具。除非投資到期或管理 層有意在結算日後12個月內出售該項投資,否則此 等資產列在非流動資產內。

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Financial assets (continued)

2.9.2 Recognition and measurement

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date - the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the consolidated income statement. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the consolidated income statement within 'other losses/(gains) - net', in the period in which they arise. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of monetary and non-monetary securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in other comprehensive income.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the consolidated income statement as 'gains and losses from investment securities'. Interest on available-for-sale securities calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the consolidated income statement. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in the consolidated income statement when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

2.9.3 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

2.9 金融資產(續)

2.9.2 確認及計量

日常購買或出售的金融資產於交易日即本集團承諾 購買或出售該項資產之日予以確認。並非按公允值 計入損益之所有金融資產,投資初步以公允值加交 易成本確認。按公允值計入損益之金融資產初步以 公允值加交易成本確認,並於合併收益表支銷。當 獲取投資所產生現金流量的權利到期,或本集團將 絕大部分擁有權之風險及回報轉讓時,金融資產將 被終止確認。可供出售的金融資產其後以公允值入 賬。貸款及應收款項以實際利率法按攤薄成本列賬。

來自「按公允值透過損益記賬的財務資產」類別的公 允值變動所產生的盈虧,列入產生期間合併收益表 內的「其他(收益)/損失-淨額」中。來自按公允值 透過損益記賬的財務資產的股息,當本集團收取有 關款項的權利確定時,在合併收益表內確認為部份 其他收入。

分類為可供出售的貨幣性及非貨幣性證券的公允價 值變動在其他綜合收益中確認。

於分類為可供出售證券已出售或減值,其於權益確 認之累計公允值調整將列入合併收益表為「投資證券 之收益或虧損」。可供出售證券之利息以實際利率法 計算,在合併收益表確認。有關可供出售股本工具 的股息於本集團收取款項的權利確立時於合併收益 表確認。

2.9.3 抵銷金融工具

當有法定可執行權力可抵銷已確認金額,並有意圖 按淨額基準結算或同時變現資產和結算負債時,金 融資產與負債可互相抵銷,並在資產負債表報告其 淨額。

\ Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements ● 合併財務報表附註

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Financial assets (continued)

2.9.4 Assets carried at amortised cost

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a "loss event") and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For loans and receivables category, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement. If a loan or held-to-maturity investment has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Group may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

2.9 金融資產(續)

2.9.4 以攤銷成本列賬的資產

本集團於每個報告期末評估是否存在客觀證據證明 某一金融資產或某一金融資產組出現減值。只有當 存在客觀證據證明於因為首次確認資產後發生一宗 或多宗事件導致出現減值(「損失事項」),而該宗(或 該等)損失事項對該項或該組金融資產的估計未來現 金流量構成的影響可以合理估計,有關的金融資產 或金融資產組才算出現減值及產生減值虧損。

減值虧損的證據可包括債務人或一組債務人遇上嚴 重財政困難、逾期或拖欠償還利息或本金、債務人 很有可能破產或進行其他財務重組,以及有可觀察 數據顯示估計未來現金流有可計量的減少,例如與 違約有相互關連的拖欠情況或經濟狀況改變。

對於貸款及應收款類別,損失金額乃根據資產賬面 值與按金融資產原實際利率貼現而估計未來現金流 量(不包括仍未產生的未來信用損失)的現值兩者的 差額計量。資產賬面值予以削減,而損失金額則在 合併收益表確認。如貸款或持有至到期投資有浮動 利率,計量任何減值損失的貼現率為按合同釐定的 當前實際利率。在實際應用中,集團可利用可觀察 的市場價格,按工具的公允價值計量減值。

如在後繼期間,減值虧損的數額減少,而此減少可 客觀地聯繫至減值在確認後才發生的事件(例如債務 人的信用評級有所改善),則之前已確認的減值虧損 可在合併收益表轉回。

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Financial assets (continued)

2.9.5 Assets classified as available-for-sale

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. For debt securities, the Group uses the criteria referred to in (a) above. In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is also evidence that the assets are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss - is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in the consolidated income statement on equity instruments are not reversed through the consolidated income statement. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument classified as available-for-sale increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed through the consolidated income statement.

2.10 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

2.11 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

2.9 金融資產(續)

2.9.5 可供出售資產

本集團在每個報告期末評估是否有客觀證據證明某 一金融資產或某一金融資產組已經減值。對於債 券,本集團利用上文(a)的標準。至於分類為可供 出售的權益投資,證券公允價值的大幅度或長期跌 至低於其成本值,亦是證券已經減值的證據。若可 供出售金融資產存在此等證據,累計虧損一按購買 成本與當時公允價值的差額,減該金融資產之前在 損益確認的任何減值虧損計算一自權益中剔除並在 損益中記賬。在合併收益表確認的權益工具的減值 虧損不會透過單獨的合併收益表轉回。如在較後期 間,被分類為債務工具的公允價值增加,而增加可 客觀地與減值虧損在損益確認後發生的事件有關, 則將減值虧損在合併收益表轉回。

2.10 存貨

存貨按成本或可變現淨值兩者間之較低者列賬。成 本按加權平均法釐定。產成品及在製品之成本包括 原材料、直接勞工、其他直接成本及相關間接生產 開支(按正常經營規模計算),惟不包括借款成本。 可變現淨值指日常經營活動中之估計銷售價減適用 變動銷售開支。

應收賬款及其他應收款

應收賬款為在日常經營活動中就商品銷售或服務執 行而應收客戶的款項。如應收賬款及其他應收款的 收回預期在一年或以內(如仍在正常經營週期中,則 可較長時間),其被分類為流動資產;否則分類為非 流動資產。

應收賬款及其他應收款以公允價值為初始確認,其 後利用實際利率法按攤銷成本,並扣除減值撥備計 量。

2.12 現金及等同現金項目

在合併現金流量表中,現金及現金等價物包括手頭 現金、銀行通知存款及原到期為三個月或以下的其 他短期高流動性投資。

\ Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements ● 合併財務報表附註

Summary of significant accounting policies 2. (continued)

2.13 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or share options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Where any group company purchases the Company's equity share capital (treasury shares), the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to owners of the Company until the shares are cancelled or reissued. Where such ordinary shares are subsequently reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's owners.

2.14 Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as noncurrent liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.15 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

2.13 股本

普通股歸類為權益。

發行新股份或購股權直接所產生之新增成本,於權 益中列為所得款項之扣減項目(扣除稅項)。

如任何集團公司購入本公司的權益股本(庫存股), 所支付的對價,包括任何直接所佔的新增成本(扣除 所得税),自歸屬於本公司權益持有者的權益中扣 除,直至股份被註銷或重新發行為止。如股份其後 被重新發行,任何已收取的對價(扣除任何直接所佔 的新增交易費用及相關受影響的所得税)包括在歸屬 於本公司權益持有者的權益內。

2.14 應付賬款

應付賬款為在日常經營活動中購買商品或服務而應 支付的義務。如應付賬款的支付日期在一年或以內 (如仍在正常經營週期中,則可較長時間),其被分 類為流動負債;否則分類為非流動負債。

應付賬款初步以公允值確認,其後利用實際利息法 按攤銷成本計量。

2.15 借款

借款初步按公允值扣除所產生之交易成本為初始確 認。借款其後按攤銷成本列賬,所得款項(經扣除交 易成本)及贖回價值間之任何差額於借貸期間以實際 利率法於合併收益表內確認。

設立貸款融資時支付的費用倘部份或全部融資將會 很可能提取,該費用確認為貸款的交易費用。在此 情況下,費用遞延至貸款提取為止。如沒有證據證 明部份或全部融資將會很可能被提取,則該費用資 本化作為流動資金服務的預付款,並按有關的融資 期間攤銷。

除非本集團具可無條件將負債的結算遞延至結算日 後最少十二個月,否則借款分類為流動負債。

2.16 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.17 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

2.16 借款成本

直接歸屬於收購、興建或生產合資格資產(指必須經 一段長時間處理以作其預定用途或銷售的資產)的借 款成本,加入該等資產的成本內,直至資產大致上 備妥供其預定用途或銷售為止。

就特定借款,因有待合資格資產的支出而臨時投資 賺取的投資收入,應自合資格資本化的借款成本中 扣除。

所有其他借款成本在產生期內的損益中確認。

2.17 當期及遞延所得税

本期間的税項支出包括當期和遞延税項。税項在合 併收益表中確認,但與在其他全面收益中或直接在 權益中確認的項目有關者則除外。在該情況下,稅 項亦分別在其他全面收益或直接在權益中確認。

當期所得税

當期所得税支出根據本公司的附屬公司及聯營營運 及產生應課税收入的國家於資產負債表日已頒佈或 實質上已頒佈的税務法例計算。管理層就適用税務 法例詮釋所規限的情況定期評估報税表的狀況,並 在適用情況下根據預期須向税務機關支付的税款設 定撥備。

(b) 遞延所得税

內在差異

遞延所得税利用負債法確認資產和負債的税基與資 產和負債在合併財務報表的賬面值的差額而產生的 暫時性差異。然而,若遞延所得税負債來自對商譽 的初始確認,以及若遞延所得税來自在交易(不包括 業務合併)中對資產或負債的初始確認,而在交易 時不影響會計損益或應課税利潤或損失,則不作記 賬。遞延所得稅採用在資產負債表日前已頒佈或實 質上已頒佈,並在有關的遞延所得稅資產實現或遞 延所得税負債結算時預期將會適用的税率(及法例)而 **釐定。**

遞延所得稅資產是就很可能有未來應課稅利潤而就 此可使用暫時性差異而確認。

2.17 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred income tax (continued)

Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on taxable temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Generally the Group is unable to control the reversal of the temporary difference for associates. Only where there is an agreement in place that gives the Group the ability to control the reversal of the temporary difference not recognised.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

(c) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2.18 Employee benefits

2.18.1 Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of the leave.

2.18.2 Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and (b) when the entity recognises costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of HKAS 37 and involves the payment of termination benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to their present value.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

2.17 當期及遞延所得税(續)

(b) 遞延所得税(續)

外在差異

就子公司、聯營和合營投資產生的應課税暫時性差 異確認遞延所得税負債,但不包括本集團可以控制 暫時性差異的轉回時間以及暫時性差異在可預見將 來很可能不會轉回的遞延所得稅負債。一般而言, 本集團無法控制聯營的暫時性差異的撥回。只有當 有協議賦予本集團有能力控制暫時性差異的撥回時 才不予確認。

就子公司、聯營和合營投資產生的可扣減暫時性差 異確認遞延所得税資產,但只限於暫時性差異很可 能在將來轉回,並有充足的應課稅利潤抵銷可用的 暫時性差異。

抵銷 (c)

當有法定可執行權力將當期稅項資產與當期稅務負 债抵銷,且遞延所得税資產和負債涉及由同一税務 機關對應課稅主體或不同應課稅主體但有意向以淨 額基準結算所得税結餘時,則可將遞延所得稅資產 與負債互相抵銷。

2.18 僱員福利

2.18.1 僱員假期權益

僱員年假權益在僱員享有時確認。就僱員提供服務 而產生的年假估計所須承擔之負債,就截至結算日 止作出撥備。病假及產假之僱員權益於享有時方予 以確認。

2.18.2 辭退福利

辭退福利在本集團於正常退休日期前終止僱用職 工,或當職工接受自願遣散以換取此等福利時支 付。本集團在以下較早日期發生時確認辭退福利: (a)當本集團不再能夠撤回此等福利要約時;及(b)當 主體確認的重組成本屬於香港會計準則第37號的範 圍並涉及支付辭退福利時。在鼓勵職工自動遣散的 要約情況下,辭退福利按預期接受要約的職工數目 計算。在報告期末後超過12個月支付的福利應貼現 為現值。

2.18 Employee benefits (continued)

2.18.3 Share-based compensation

(a) Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan, under which the entity receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (share options) of the Group. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the share options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the share options granted:

- including any market performance conditions (for example, an entity's share price);
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save).

Non-market performance and service conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. In addition, in some circumstances employees may provide services in advance of the grant date and therefore the grant date fair value is estimated for the purposes of recognising the expense during the period between service commencement period and grant date. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-marketing performance and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the consolidated income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

(b) Share-based payment transactions among group entities The grant by the Company of share options over its equity instruments to the employees of subsidiary undertakings in the Group is treated as a capital contribution. The fair value of employee services received, measured by reference to the grant date fair value, is recognised over the vesting period as an increase to investment in subsidiary undertakings, with a corresponding credit to equity.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.18 僱員福利(續)

2.18.3 股份付款酬金

以權益結算以股份為基礎的交易 (a)

本集團設有一項以權益結算、以股份為基礎的報酬 計劃,根據該等計劃,主體收取職工的服務以作為 本集團權益工具(購股權)的對價。職工為換取獲授 予購股權而提供服務的公允價值確認為費用。將作 為費用的總金額參考授予購股權的公允價值釐定:

- 包括任何市場業績條件(例如主體的股價);
- 不包括任何服務和非市場業績可行權條件 (例如盈利能力、銷售增長目標和職工在某 特定時期內留任實體)的影響;及
- 包括任何非可行權條件(例如規定職工儲蓄) 的影響。

非市場表現和服務條件包括在有關預期可行權的購 股權數目的假設中。費用的總金額在等待期間內確 認,等待期間指將符合所有特定可行權條件的期 間。此外,在某些情況下,職工可能在授出日期之 前提供服務,因此授出日期的公允價值就確認服務 開始期與授出日期之期間內的開支作出估計。在每 個報告期末,集團依據非市場表現和服務條件修訂 其對預期可行權的購股權數目的估計。主體在合併 收益表確認對原估算修訂(如有)的影響,並對權益 作出相應調整。

在購股權行使時,本公司發行新股。收取的所得款 扣除仟何直接歸屬交易成本撥入股本(面值)和股本 溢價。

集團內主體以股份為基礎的交易 (b)

本公司向集團附屬公司的職工授予其權益工具的購 股權,被視為資本投入。收取職工服務的公允價 值,參考授出日的公允價值計量,並在等待期內確 認,作為對附屬公司投資的增加,並相應對權益貸 記。

\ Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements ● 合併財務報表附註

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.18 Employee benefits (continued)

2.18.4 Pension obligations

Group companies operate various defined contribution plans. The plans are generally funded through payments to trusteeadministered funds.

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

2.19 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Restructuring provisions comprise lease termination penalties and employee termination payments. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.18 僱員福利(續)

2.18.4 退休金責任

集團公司經營多個定額供款計劃。此等計劃一般透 過向受託管理基金付款而注資。

定額供款計劃是一項本集團向一個單獨主體支付供 款的退休計劃。若該基金並無持有足夠資產向所有 職工就其在當期及以往期間的服務支付福利,本集 團亦無法定或推定債務支付進一步供款。對於定額 供款計劃,本集團以強制性、合同性或自願性方式 向公開或私人管理的退休保險計劃供款。本集團作 出供款後,即無進一步付款債務。供款在應付時確 認為僱員福利費用。預付供款按照現金退款或可減 少未來付款而確認為資產。

2.19 撥備

當本集團因已發生的事件而產生現有的法律或推定 債務;很可能需要有資源的流出以結算債務;及金 額已被可靠估計時作出撥備。

重組撥備包括租賃終止罰款和職工辭退付款。但不 會就未來經營虧損確認撥備。

如有多項類似債務,其需要在結算中有資源流出的 可能性,則可根據債務的類別整體考慮。即使在同 一債務類別所包含的任何一個項目相關的資源流出 的可能性極低,仍須確認撥備。

撥備採用稅前利率按照預期需結算有關債務的支出 現值計量,該利率反映當時市場對金錢時間值和有 關債務固有風險的評估。隨著時間過去而增加的撥 備確認為利息費用。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2. (continued)

2.20 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied, stated net of discounts, returns and value added taxes. The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities. Revenue is recognised as follows:

(a) Sales of goods

Sales of goods are recognised when a group entity has delivered products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and collectibility of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

(b) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method. When a loan and receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

Government grants (C)

Grants from the government are recognised at their value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

2.21 Operating leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

2.22 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, as appropriate.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

2.20 收益確認

收入按已收或應收對價的公允價值計量, 並相當於 供應貨品的應收款項,扣除折扣、退貨和增值税後 列賬。當收入的金額能夠可靠計量;當未來經濟利 益很可能流入有關主體; 及當本集團每項活動均符 合具體條件時。收益乃於下列情況確認:

(a) 銷售貨品

銷售貨品乃於集團實體向客戶交付產品,而客戶已 接納有關產品,並會確保可收回相關應收款項時確 認。

利息收益 (b)

利息收益乃採用實際利率法確認。倘貸款和應收款 項出現減值,本集團會將賬面值減至其可收回款 額,即估計日後現金流按該工具之原定實際利率折 現值保留,並繼續將折現計算並確認為利息收益。 已減值貸款之利息收益按原定實際利率確認。

政府補助

當能夠合理地保證政府補助將可收取,而本集團將 會符合所有附帶條件時,將政府提供的補助按其公 允價值確認入賬。

2.21 和賃

如租賃中之資產擁有權之大部分風險及報酬由出租 人折現值保留,一概列為經營租賃。根據經營租 賃支付之款項(扣除自出租人收取的任何激勵措施 後),於租賃期內以直線法於合併收益表內支銷。

2.22 股息分派

分派予本公司股東之股息於本公司股東或董事(倘適 用)批准期間,在本集團及本公司之財務報表中確認 為負債。

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.23 Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are contracts that require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due, in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Such financial guarantees are given to banks to support banking facilities granted to subsidiaries.

Financial guarantees are initially recognised in the financial statements at fair value on the date the guarantee was given. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Company's liabilities under such guarantees are measured at the higher of the initial amount, less amortisation of fees recognised in accordance with HKAS 18, and the best estimate of the amount required to settle the guarantee. These estimates are determined based on experience of similar transactions and history of past losses, supplemented by the judgement of management. The fee income earned, if any, is recognised on a straight-line basis over the life of the guarantee. Any increase in the liability relating to guarantees is reported in the consolidated income statement within other operating expenses.

Where guarantees in relation to loans or other payables of subsidiaries are provided for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of the investment in the financial statements of the Company.

3. Financial risk management

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and derivative financial instruments. The Group's financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables and derivative financial instruments.

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. These risks are limited by the Group's financial management policies and practices described below.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.23 財務擔保合同

財務擔保合同指規定發行人根據債務工具的條款支 付指定款項,以償付持有人因為指定債務人未能償 還到期欠款而導致損失的合同。此等財務擔保提供 予銀行、金融機構和其他團體,以擔保子公司或聯 營向他們取得的抵押貸款、透支及其他銀行融資。

財務擔保在財務報表中按提供擔保日期的公允價值 初始確認。財務擔保在簽發時的公允價值為零,這 是因為所有擔保都是按公平交易原則協定,而協定 的溢價價值相應於擔保債務的價值。未來溢價的應 收款不作確認。初始確認後,本公司在該等擔保的 負債按初始數額減根據國際會計準則/香港會計準 則18確認的費用攤銷,與需要結算該擔保數額的最 佳估計兩者的較高者計量。此等估計根據類似交易 和過往損失的經驗釐定,並附以管理層的判斷。賺 取的費用收益(倘有)以直線法按擔保年期確認。有 關擔保的任何負債增加在合併收益表內其他經營費 用中列報。

如與子公司或聯營的貸款或其他應收款有關的擔保 是以免償方式提供,公允價值入賬為出資並確認為 本公司財務報表的投資成本部份。

3. 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團之金融資產包括現金及現金等價物、應收賬 款、其他應收款及衍生金融工具。本集團之金融負 債包括借貸、應付賬款、其他應付款及衍生金融工 具。

本集團業務面對各種財務風險市場風險(包括外匯風 險、現金流量、公允值利率風險及價格風險)、信貸 風險與流動資金風險。本集團整體風險管理策略針 對金融市場之不可預測特性,並尋求方法減輕對本 集團財務表現造成之潛在不利影響。本集團透過下 並財務管理政策和慣常做法,對這些風險加以限制。

3. Financial risk management (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

Credit risk (a)

The Group has policies in place to ensure that liquid funds are placed with financial institutions registered with sound credit standing in Mainland China and Hong Kong. Sales of products are made to customers with appropriate credit history. The Group performs credit evaluations on its customers.

Trade receivables are due within two to three months from the date of billing. As at 31 December 2013, 73% of the total trade receivables were due within three months (2012: 79%).

As at 31 December 2013, the five largest customers accounted for approximately 30% of the trade receivable carrying amount (2012: 36%).

The Group considers the largest customers are financially healthy with no significant credit risk.

The maximum exposure to credit risk represents the carrying amounts of trade receivables in the balance sheet.

Quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are set out in Note 13.

(b) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following tables detail the remaining contractual maturities at the balance sheet date of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the balance sheet date) and the earliest date the Group and the Company can be required to pay.

Where the loan agreement contains a repayable on demand clause which gives the lender the unconditional right to call the loan at any time, the amounts repayable are classified in the earliest time bracket in which the lender could demand repayment.

財務風險管理(續) 3.

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

信貸風險 (a)

本集團制定政策,確保流動資金存於國內及香港註 冊之著名金融機構。本集團向擁有合適信貸記錄之 客戶銷售產品。本集團會評估客戶信貸狀況。

應收賬款在出具賬單日起計三個月內到期。於二零 一三年十二月三十一日,73%的應收賬款總額將於 未來三個月內被支付(二零一二年:79%)。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,應收賬款賬面金額 中有約30%來自本集團五個最大之客戶(二零一二 年:36%)。

本集團認為主要客戶的財務穩健並沒有重大的信貸 風險。

信貸風險敞口上限為合併資產負債表中應收賬款的 賬面金額。

有關本集團的應收賬款的信貸風險敞口的信息已在 附註13披露。

流動資金風險 (b)

本集團的政策是定期監察流動資金需求,以及是否 符合借款契諾的規定,以確保維持充裕的現金儲 備,同時獲得主要金融機構承諾提供足夠的備用資 金,以滿足短期和較長期的流動資金需求。

下表載列了本集團及本公司於結算日以合約未貼現 現金流量(包括按照合約利率或(如屬浮動利率)結算 日的現行利率計算的利息付款)的金融負債和本集團 及本公司可能需要付款的最早日期為准的剩餘合約 到期情況。

如果貸款協議載有一項按要求償還之條款,附予貸 款人權利於任何時間無條件地要求還貸,該應付的 數額於時間支架分類時,以貸款人可以要求還款之 最早時間作為準則。

- Financial risk management (continued) 3.
- 財務風險管理(續) 3.

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued) 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

流動資金風險(續) (b)

The Group	本集團	Carrying amount 賬面值	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow 已訂約而 未貼現的 現金流量總額	Repayable on demand 接獲通知時	Within 3 months 三個月內	3 to 6 months 三至六個月內	6 to 9 months 六至九個月內	Within 1 year 一年內	More than 1 year but less than 2 years 一年後 但不足兩年	More than 2 years but less than 5 years 二年後 但不足五年	More than 5 years 五年後
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日										
Borrowings Derivative financial instruments Trade payables and bills payables Accruals and other payables	借貸 衍生金融工具 應付賬款及應付票據 應計費用及其他應付款	736,246 1,840 104,999 15,576	776,233 1,840 104,999 15,576	60,933 - 3,798 -	24,372 - 53,751 15,576	117,687 - 47,450 -	450 - - -	262,032 - - -	206,990 - - -	103,769 1,840 -	- - -
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日										
Borrowings Derivative financial instruments Trade payables and bills payables Accruals and other payables	借貸 衍生金融工具 應付賬款及應付票據 應計費用及其他應付款	496,608 564 267,408 17,131	516,308 564 267,408 17,131	121,534 - 3,348 -	2,439 - 142,650 17,131	90,779 - 121,410 -	450 - - -	298,107 564 -	913 - -	1,573 - - -	513 - -

The Company	本公司	Carrying amount 賬面值	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow 已訂約而 未貼現的 現金流量總額	Repayable on demand 接獲通知時	Within 3 months 三個月內	3 to 6 months 三至六個月內	6 to 9 months 六至九個月內	Within 1 year 一年內	More than 1 year but less than 2 years 一年後 但不足兩年	More than 2 years but less than 5 years 二年後 但不足五年	More than 5 years 五年後
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日										
Borrowings Derivative financial instruments Trade payables and bills payables Accruals and other payables	借貸 衍生金融工具 應計費用及其他應付款 財務擔保予附屬公司	423,182 1,840 1,642 164,342	448,625 1,840 1,642 168,791	- - - 69,519	- 1,642 3,052	- - - 96,141	- - -	139,915 - - -	206,864 - - 79	101,846 1,840 - -	- - -
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日										
Borrowings Derivative financial instruments Trade payables and bills payables Accruals and other payables	借貸 衍生金融工具 應計費用及其他應付款 財務擔保予附屬公司	97,121 564 2,141 247,714	99,532 564 2,141 251,265	- - 155,556	- 2,141 9,737	- - - 85,568	- - -	99,532 564 - -	- - - 404	- - -	- - -

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

Cash flow and fair value interest-rate risk (C)

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates as the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets. The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its bank borrowings. Bank borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest-rate risk. Bank borrowings at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest-rate risk. Details of the Group's bank borrowings are disclosed in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements. The Group analyses its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis and to hedge its variable rate by fixed rate instruments, when necessary. Various scenarios are simulated taking into consideration refinancing, renewal of existing positions, alternative financing and hedging. Based on the various scenarios, the Group manages its cash flow interest rate risk by using floating-to-fixed interest rate swaps. Such interest rate swaps have the economic effect of converting borrowings from floating rates to fixed rates. Generally, the Group raises long-term borrowings at floating rates and swaps them into fixed rates. Under the interest rate swaps, the Group agrees with other parties to exchange, at specified intervals (primarily semi-annually), the difference between fixed contract rates and floating-rate interest amounts calculated by reference to the agreed notional amounts.

During 2013 and 2012, the Group's borrowings at variable rates were denominated in United States dollars ("USD"), RMB and Hong Kong dollars ("HKD").

It is estimated that an increase/decrease of 50 basis points as at 31 December 2013 in bank borrowing interest rates for bank loans with all other variables held constant would decrease/ increase the profit after taxation by approximately RMB3,666,000 (2012: 50 basis points; RMB2,466,000).

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the balance sheet date and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for non derivative financial instruments in existence at that date.

財務風險管理(續) 3.

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

現金流量及公允值利率風險 (c)

由於本集團並無重大計息資產,故本集團之收入及 經營現金流量很大程度上獨立於市場利率變動。本 集團之利率風險主要源自銀行借貸。按不同息率提 供之銀行借貸使本集團面對現金流量利率風險。按 定息提供之銀行借貸使本集團面對公允值利率風 險。有關本集團銀行借貸之詳情,於合併財務報表 附註18披露。本集團以活躍方式分析其利率風險, 本集團利用多個模擬方案,以計入再融資、現有持 倉的續訂、其他可採用的融資和對沖。根據多項模 擬方案,本集團利用浮息轉換為定息利率掉期來管 理其現金流量利率風險。此等利率掉期擁有將貸款 由浮息轉換為定息的經濟效力。本集團一般按浮息 利率籌措長期貸款,然後將貸款掉期為固定利率。 根據利率掉期,本集團與其他方協議按特定期間(主 要為每半年)交換定息合約利率與浮動利率金額兩者 間的差額,此差額參考協議的設定本金額計算。

於二零一二年及二零一三年內,本集團按浮動利率 計算的貸款以美元、人民幣和港元為單位。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,估計銀行貸款的利 率每上升/下降50個基準點,如果所有其他變量保 持不變,除稅後利潤會減少/增加約3,666,000元 人民幣(二零一二年:50個基準點;2,466,000元 人民幣)。

上述敏感度分析的釐定已假設利率變動在結算日已 經發生,並且應用在該日已存在的非衍生金融工具 的利率風險敞口上。

3. Financial risk management (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

Foreign exchange risk (d)

The Group mainly operates in Mainland China with most of the transactions settled in RMB. Foreign exchange rate risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency.

The Group's assets and liabilities, and transactions arising from its operations primarily do not expose to material foreign exchange risk. Other than certain trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, borrowings and derivative financial instruments denominated in USD and HKD, details of which have been disclosed in Note 13, Note 15, Note 18 and Note 21, respectively. The Group's assets and liabilities are primarily denominated in RMB. Other than approximately 18% (2012: 23%) of the sales are denominated in USD and certain expenses in HKD, the Group mainly generates RMB from sales in Mainland China to meet its liabilities denominated in RMB. During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group entered into foreign exchange contracts to manage its foreign currency risk.

The RMB has experienced certain appreciation in recent years which is the major reason for the exchange losses arising from operating activities and exchange gain arising from financing activities recognised by the Group for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012. Further depreciation or appreciation of the USD and the HKD against the RMB will affect the Group's financial position and results of operations.

A 1% strengthening/weakening of the RMB against USD and HKD as at the respective balance sheet dates would increase/ decrease profit after taxation by approximately RMB3,919,000 (2012: RMB1,143,000) and by approximately RMB94,000 (2012: RMB288,000), respectively, mainly as a result of foreign exchange gain/loss on translation of USD and HKD denominated bank borrowings.

Price risk (e)

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because certain investments held by the Group are classified as availablefor-sale financial assets. As the amount of such financial assets is not material to the Group, the exposure to price risk is considered to be insignificant.

財務風險管理(續) 3.

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(d) 外匯風險

本集團主要在中國內地經營業務。本集團大部分交 易、資產及負債均以中國人民幣結算。當未來商業 交易或已確認資產和負債的計值貨幣並非該實體的 功能貨幣,外匯風險便會產生。

本集團的資產與負債以及業務過程中的交易基本上 並無重大外匯風險。除若干應收賬款、現金及等同 現金項目、借貸以及衍生金融工具以美元及港元計 值(詳情分別於附註13、附註15、附註18及附註21 披露)外,本集團的資產及負債主要以人民幣計值。 除約18%(二零一二年:23%)的銷售以美元計值以 及若干港元開支外,本集團在中國的銷售主要賺取 人民幣,以償付按人民幣計值的負債。為管理外匯 風險,本集團於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止 年度持有遠期外匯合同。

近年人民幣多番升值,是本集團於截至二零一二年 及二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度確認經營活動 產生的匯兑虧損及融資活動產生的匯兑收益的主 因。美元及港元兑人民幣進一步貶值或升值均會影 響本集團的財務狀況及經營業績。

於各相關結算日,人民幣兑美元及港元升值/貶 值1%會分別增加/減少除稅後溢利約人民幣 3,919,000元(二零一二年:人民幣1,143,000元) 及約人民幣94,000元(二零一二年:人民幣 288,000元),主要因為換算以美元及港元為單位的 銀行貸款所得的匯兑盈利/虧損。

價格風險 (e)

由於本集團所持若干投資分類作可供出售金融資 產,故本集團面對股本證券價格風險。由於該等金 融資產之金額對本集團而言並不重大,故價格風險 被視為不重大。

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

Price risk (continued) (e)

The Group purchases turpentine as one of its major raw materials for its manufacturing process, and is exposed to fluctuation in its market price. The Group does not use any derivative instruments to reduce its economic exposure to the change in price of raw materials.

3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including current and non-current borrowings as shown in the consolidated balance sheet) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as "equity", as shown in the consolidated balance sheet, plus net debt.

During 2013, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2012, was to maintain the debt equity ratio to be in a net cash position. The net cash amounts at 31 December 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

財務風險管理(續) 3.

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

價格風險(續) (e)

本集團採購松節油作為其生產過程的主要原材料, 並面對市場價格波動。本集團並無使用任何衍生工 具以減低原材料價格波動之經濟風險。

3.2 資金風險管理

本集團的資金管理政策,是保障本集團能繼續營 運,以為股東提供回報和為其他權益持有人提供利 益,同時維持最佳的資本結構以減低資金成本。

為了維持或調整資本結構,本集團可能會調整支付 予股東的股息數額、向股東分派的資本返還、發行 新股或出售資產以減低債務。

與業內其他公司一樣,本集團利用負債比率監察其 資本。此比率按照債務淨額除以總資本計算。債務 淨額為總借貸(包括合併資產負債表所列的即期及非 即期貸款)減去現金及現金等價物。總資本為「權益」 (如合併資產負債表所列)加債務淨額。

本集團在二零一三年的策略與二零一二年比較維持 不變,為致力將負債比率維持在淨現金水平。在二 零一二年及二零一三年十二月三十一日,淨現金之 金額如下:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Total borrowings (Note 18) Less: Cash and cash equivalents	總借貸(附註18) 減:現金及現金等價物	(736,246)	(496,608)
(Note 15)	(附註15)	901,307	833,919
Net cash	淨現金	165,061	337,311

The decrease in the net cash position during 2013 resulted primarily from the decrease in net cash generated from operating activities.

二零一三年淨現金水平減少主要因為經營業務所得 現金淨額減少。

3.3 Fair value estimation

HKFRS 7 requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Level 1 Quoted price (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. The Group does not have this type of financial instruments.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices). As at 31 December 2013, the Group had no outstanding foreign currency forward contract with fair value recognised as assets (2012: RMB151,000) and interest rate swap contracts with fair values of RMB1,840,000 recognised as liabilities (2012: RMB564,000).
- Level 3 Inputs for asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs). As at 31 December 2013, the Group had available-for-sale financial assets of RMB200,000 (2012: RMB200,000) that are within this category.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2. If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- The fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.
- Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

財務風險管理(續) 3.

公允值估計

香港財務報告準則7規定按下列公允價值計量架構披 露公允價值計量:

- 相同資產或負債在活躍市的報價(未經調整) (第1層)。本集團並無此種類的金融工具。
- 除了第1層所包括的報價外,該資產和負債 的可觀察的其他輸入,可為直接(即例如價 格)或間接(即源自價格)(第2層)。於二零一 三年十二月三十一日,本集團並無擁有仍未 結算的遠期外匯合同(二零一二年:人民幣 151.000元確認為資產)及擁有利率掉期的衍 生工具之公允價值為1,840,000元人民幣(二 零一二年:564,000元人民幣)已確認為負 倩。
- 資產和負債並非依據可觀察市場數據的輸入 (即非可觀察輸入)(第3層),於二零一三年 十二月三十一日,本集團擁有屬此類別的可 供出售金融資產200,000元人民幣(二零一二 年:200,000元人民幣)。

沒有在活躍市場買賣的金融工具的公允價值利用估 值技術釐定。估值技術儘量利用可觀察市場數據(如 有),儘量少依賴主體的特定估計。如計算一金融工 具的公允價值所需的所有重大輸入為可觀察數據, 則該金融工具列入第2層。如一項或多項重大輸入並 非根據可觀察市場數據,則該金融工具列入第3層。

用以估值金融工具的特定估值技術包括:

- 利率互换的公允價值根據可觀察收益率曲 線,按估計未來現金流量的現值計算。
- 其他技術,例如折算現金流量分析,用以釐 定其餘金融工具的公允價值。

3.4 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The following financial assets and liabilities are subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements.

財務風險管理(續) 3.

3.4 抵銷金融資產和負債

下列金融資產及負債受抵銷、可執行總互抵安排 和類似協議的規限。

			Gross amounts of	Net amounts	not set	Related amounts off in the balance 全負債表中抵銷的相	
As at 31 December 2013	二零一三年 十二月三十一日	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities 已確認 金融負債總額	recognised financial assets set off in the balance sheet 在資產負債表抵銷的已確認金融資產總額	of financial liabilities presented in the balance sheet 在資產負債表 呈報的 金融負債淨額	Pledged deposits 已抵押之 銀行存款	Cash and cash equivalents - cash at bank 現金及 現金等價物 - 銀行	Net amount 淨額
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Bank borrowings (Note 18) Bills payable (Note 19)	銀行借貸(附註18) 應付票據(附註19)	733,276 81,941	-	733,276 81,941	- (22,658)	(46,658) (36)	686,618 59,247
Total	總計	815,217	-	815,217	(22,658)	(46,694)	745,865

As at 31 December 2012	二零一二年 十二月三十一日	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities	Gross amounts of recognised financial assets set off in the balance sheet	Net amounts of financial liabilities presented in the balance sheet		Related amounts t off in the balance 全負債表中抵銷的相 Cash and cash equivalents – cash at bank	
		已確認 金融負債總額	在資產負債表 抵銷的已確認 金融資產總額	在資產負債表 呈報的 金融負債淨額	已抵押之 銀行存款	現金及 現金等價物一 銀行	淨額
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Bank borrowings (Note 18) Bills payable (Note 19)	銀行借貸(附註18)應付票據(附註19)	493,188 237,584	- -	493,188 237,584	(268) (80,932)	(20,958) (9,381)	471,962 147,271
Total	總計	730,772	-	730,772	(81,200)	(30,339)	619,233

For the financial assets and liabilities subject to enforceable master netting arrangements or similar arrangements above, each agreement between the Group and the counterparty allows for net settlement of the relevant financial assets and liabilities when both elect to settle on a net basis. In the absence of such an election, financial assets and liabilities will be settled on a gross basis, however, each party to the master netting agreement or similar agreement will have the option to settle all such amounts on a net basis in the event of default of the other party. Per the terms of each agreement, an event of default includes failure by a party to make payment when due; failure by a party to perform any obligation required by the agreement (other than payment); or bankruptcy.

對於受可執行總互抵安排或類似協議所規限的金融 資產和負債,本集團與對手方之間的每份協議均容 許在雙方均選擇按淨額基準結算的情況下,將相關 的金融資產和負債作淨結算。如沒有此選擇方案, 則金融資產和負債可將按總額基準結算,但總淨額 協議或類似協議的各方必須有權當另一方違約時, 選擇將所有金額以淨額結算。根據每份協議的條 款,違約事件包括一方在到期時未有付款;一方未 有根據協議履行協議規定的任何義務(除付款外); 或破產。

4. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Estimated useful lives of property, plant and (a) equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to market conditions. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives or it will write off or write down technically obsolete or nonstrategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

Estimated impairment of intangible assets and trade (b) receivables

The Group makes provision for impairment of intangible assets and trade receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of intangible assets and trade receivables. Provisions are applied to intangible assets and trade receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be recoverable. The identification of impairment requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of intangible assets and trade receivables and provision for impairment in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

重大會計估計及判斷

本集團根據過往經驗及其他因素不斷對估計及判斷 作出評估,包括根據該等情況相信為合理之未來事 項預測。

本集團就未來發展作出估計及判斷。所得會計估值 故名思義甚少等同於相關實際結果。以下所論述之 估計及假設存有對下一個財政年度資產及負債賬面 值造成重大調整之重大風險。

物業、廠房及設備之估計可用年期 (a)

本集團管理層釐定其物業、廠房及設備之估計可用 年期及相關折舊開支。有關估值按類似性質及功能 之物業、廠房及設備之實際可用年期的過往經驗計 算,或會基於科技革新及競爭對手因應市場狀況作 出回應而出現重大變動。當可用年期少於先前估計 年期,管理層將增加折舊開支,或撇銷或撇減技術 陳舊之存貨或遭廢棄或出售之非策略資產。

(b) 無形資產及應收賬款之估計減值

本集團根據無形資產及應收賬款之可收回情況作出 之評估,就無形資產及應收賬款作出減值撥備。倘 出現事項或情況有變而顯示不一定可收回餘款時, 撥備應用於無形資產及應收賬款。識別減值須運用 判斷及估計。倘預算金額有別於原訂估值,有關差 額將影響估值出現變動期間無形資產及應收賬款之 賬面以及期內減值撥備。

Critical accounting estimates and judgements 4. (continued)

Net realisable value of inventories (c)

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. These estimates are based on current market conditions and the historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer taste and competitor actions in response to changes in market conditions. Management reassesses these estimates at each balance sheet date. During the year ended 31 December 2013, a provision for impairment of inventories of RMB873,000 (2012: RMB166,000) was recognised in the consolidated income statement within cost of goods sold.

(d) **Income taxes**

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and Mainland China. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Provision for withholding tax that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain subsidiaries is subject to management's estimates that the Company controls the dividend policies of these subsidiaries.

Research and development costs (e)

Critical judgement by the Group's management is applied when deciding whether the recognition requirements for development costs have been met. This is necessary as the economic success of any product development is uncertain and may be subject to future technical problems at the time of recognition. Judgements are based on the best information available at each balance sheet date. In addition, all internal activities related to the research and development of new products is continuously monitored by the Group's management.

重大會計估計及判斷(續)

(c) 存貨可變現淨值

存貨可變現淨值為日常業務中的估計售價減估計完 成成本及銷售開支。該等估計建基現行市場狀況, 加上製造及銷售類似性質產品的過去經驗。客戶口 味的轉變及競爭對手因應市場狀況變化的行動可導 致存貨可變現淨值出現重大改變。管理層於各結算 日再評估該等估計。截至二零一三年十二月三十一 日年度,有貨減值撥備873,000元人民幣(二零一二 年:166.000元人民幣)已在合併收益表「售出貨品成 本」內。

(d) 所得税

本集團需要在香港和中國大陸繳納所得税。在釐定 所得税撥備時,需要作出重大判斷。在一般業務過 程中,有許多交易和計算所涉及的最終税務釐定都 是不確定的。本集團根據對是否需要繳付額外税款 的估計,就預期税務審計項目確認負債。如此等事 件的最終税務後果與最初記錄的金額不同,此等差 額將影響作出此等釐定期間的所得税和遞延税項撥

子公司的未匯返利潤的代扣所得税取決於本集團管 層認為本公司能夠推測子公司的派息策略。

研究及發成本 (e)

本集團管理層於決定開發成本是否已達到確認要求 時作出重大判斷。由於任何產品開發能否取得經濟 效益尚屬未知數,且或會受確認時的未來技術問題 所影響,故此乃屬必要之舉。判斷以各結算日所得 的最齊備資料作為基礎。此外,一切與研究及開發 新產品有關的內部活動乃由本集團管理層持續監察。

5. Turnover and segment information

Turnover (a)

The Group is principally engaged in the manufacturing of fine chemicals from natural resources for use in aroma chemicals and pharmaceutical products and the trading of natural materials and fine chemicals. Turnover for the Group represents revenue from the sale of goods.

銷售額及分部資料 5.

(a) 營業額

本集團主要從事利用天然資源製造精細化學品,以 用於芳香化學品及醫藥產品以及買賣天然原料及精 細化學品。本集團營業額指從銷售貨品所產生之效 益。

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Sale of goods (net of value-added tax)	銷售貨品(已扣除增值税)	1,227,295	1,057,371

Segment information (b)

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the Executive Directors. The Executive Directors review the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. The Executive Directors have determined the operating segments based on these reports. The Executive Directors consider the business from product perspective.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group was organised into two main operating segments:

- (1) manufacturing and selling of fine chemicals; and
- (2)trading of natural materials and fine chemicals.

The segment results for the year ended 31 December 2013 are as follows:

(b) 分部資料

執行董事為主要經營決策者。執行董事審閱本集團 的內部報告,以評估表現及分配資源。執行董根據 該等報告劃分營運分部。執行董事從產品角度考慮 業務的性質。

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日年度,本集團分為 兩大主要經營分部:

- 生產及銷售精細化學品;及 (1)
- 買賣天然原料及精細化學品。 (2)

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度之分部業績 如下:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue Manufacturing Trading	收益 生產 貿易	939,973 287,322	840,418 216,953
Total revenue	總收益	1,227,295	1,057,371
Segment results Manufacturing Trading Unallocated corporate expense – net Finance costs, net Income tax expense Share of losses of associates	分部業績 生產 貿易 未分配公司支出-淨額 財務成本、淨額 所得税開支 應佔聯營虧損	249,692 26,615 (57,121) (20,548) (48,716) (474)	221,680 9,946 (44,130) (23,493) (35,914) (267)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	149,448	127,822

Turnover and segment information (continued) 5.

(b) **Segment information** (continued)

Other segment items included in the consolidated income statement are as follows:

5. 銷售額及分部資料(續)

(b) 分部資料(續)

Manufacturing

計入合併收益表之其他分部項目如下:

Trading

		生產		貿	易
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Depreciation (Note 7)	折舊(附註7)	38,479	34,664	76	86
Amortisation (Notes 6 and 8) Provision for impairment of	攤銷(附註6及8) 無形資產減值撥備	8,136	9,551	_	-
intangible assets (Note 8) Provision for impairment of	(附註8) 存貨減值撥備	_	2,353	-	_
inventories (Note 12)	(附註12)	873	166	_	_
Provision for/(reversal of) impairment of trade	應收賬款減值撥備/(撥回) (附註13)				
receivables (Note 13)		1,995	525	111	(138)

The segment assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2013 and capital expenditure for the year then ended are as follows:

於二零一三年十二月三十一日之資產及負債分部以 及截至該日止年度之資本開支如下:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment assets Manufacturing Trading Pledged bank deposits Cash and cash equivalents Other corporate assets	分部資產 生產 貿易 已抵押之銀行存款 現金及現金等價物 其他公司資產	1,186,689 81,047 32,092 901,307 26,534	953,134 103,071 98,271 833,919 22,635
Total assets	資產總值	2,227,669	2,011,030
Segment liabilities Manufacturing Trading Bank borrowings Deferred tax liabilities Current income tax liabilities Other corporate liabilities	分部負債 生產 貿易 銀行貸款 遞延税項負債 即期所得税負債 其他公司負債	86,137 21,832 733,276 23,200 14,653 31,756	235,712 35,116 493,188 18,200 7,976 31,671
Total liabilities	負債總額	910,854	821,863

5. **Turnover and segment information** (continued)

銷售額及分部資料(續) 5.

(b) **Segment information** (continued)

(b) 分部資料(續)

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Capital expenditure Manufacturing Trading	資本開支 生產 貿易	46,928 21	47,902 11
		46,949	47,913

Segment assets consist primarily of land use rights, property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and receivables. Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities. They exclude items such as cash and cash equivalents, taxation and corporate borrowings. Capital expenditure comprises additions to property, plant and equipment (Note 7) and intangible assets (Note 8) and deposits for the acquisition of land use rights (Note 33).

分部資產主要包括土地使用權、物業、廠房及設 備、無形資產、存貨及應收款項。分部負債包括經 營負債。上述不包括現金及等同現金項目、税項及 公司借貸等項目。資本開支包括物業、廠房及設備 (附註7)以及無形資產(附註8)之增額及購買土地使 用權之訂金(附註33)。

The Group's sales within the two operating segments are made to customers in three main geographical areas.

本集團兩大經營分部於三個主要地區經營。

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Turnover - Mainland China - Europe - Asia (excluding Mainland China) - Others	營業額 一中國內地 一歐洲 一亞洲(中國內地除外) 一其他	1,004,028 84,708 75,042 63,517	809,336 111,593 50,970 85,472
		1,227,295	1,057,371

5. **Turnover and segment information** (continued)

(b) **Segment information** (continued)

Sales are allocated based on the places/countries in which customers are located.

5. 銷售額及分部資料(續)

(b) 分部資料(續)

銷售額乃按客戶所在地區/國家分配。

		2013 二零一三年	2011 二零一一年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Total assets - Mainland China - Hong Kong - Others	資產總值 一中國內地 一香港 一其他	2,168,813 54,763 4,093	1,975,105 31,621 4,304
		2,227,669	2,011,030

Total assets are allocated based on where the assets are located.

資產總值乃按資產所在地分配。

No geographical analysis of capital expenditure is presented as substantially all of the Group's capital expenditure was incurred in respect of assets located in Mainland China.

由於本集團絕大部分資本開支就位於中國內地之資 產產生,因此並無呈報資本開支之地區分析。

Revenues of RMB171,196,000 (2012: RMB236,133,000) and RMB114,734,000 (2012: RMB89,028,000), respectively, are derived from two major customers. These revenues are mainly attributable to the manufacturing segment.

來自兩個主要客戶的收益分別為171,196,000元 人民幣(二零一二年:236,133,000元人民幣)及 114,734,000元人民幣(二零一二年:89,028,000元 人民幣)。此等收益主要來自生產分部。

6. Land use rights - Group

lease payments (Note 24)

At 31 December

6. 土地使用權一集團

The Group's interests in land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments and their net book values are analysed as follows:

本集團於土地使用權之權益指預付經營租賃款項, 按其賬面淨值分析如下:

(231)

8,848

(231)

9,079

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
In Mainland China, held on: Leases of between 10 to 50 years	於中國內地持有: 10至50年的租賃	8,848	9,079
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January	一月一日	9,079	9,310
Amortisation of prepaid operating	預付經營租賃款項的攤銷		

(附註24)

十二月三十一日

Property, plant and equipment – Group 7. 物業、廠房及設備-集團

		Buildings 樓宇	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器	Leasehold improvements, office furniture and equipment 租賃物業裝修、傢俬及設備	Motor vehicles 汽車	Construction- in-progress 在建工程	Total 슴計
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2012 Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零一二年一月一日 成本 累計折舊	125,118 (22,113)	308,042 (119,750)	11,076 (7,424)	4,313 (3,713)	92,373 -	540,922 (153,000)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	103,005	188,292	3,652	600	92,373	387,922
Year ended 31 December 2012 Opening net book amount Additions Transfers Disposals Depreciation (Note 24)	截至二零一二年 十二月三十一日止年度 年初賬面淨值 添置 轉撥 出售 折舊(附註24)	103,005 - 29,673 - (4,029)	188,292 1,968 80,860 (7) (29,161)	3,652 1,362 - (111) (1,388)	600 - - - (172)	92,373 27,624 (110,533) - -	387,922 30,954 - (118) (34,750)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	128,649	241,952	3,515	428	9,464	384,008
At 31 December 2012 Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日 成本 累計折舊	154,791 (26,142)	390,839 (148,887)	12,197 (8,682)	4,313 (3,885)	9,464	571,604 (187,596)
Net book amount	賬面淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	128,649	241,952	3,515	428	9,464	384,008
Year ended 31 December 2013 Opening net book amount Additions Transfers Disposals Impairment Depreciation (Note 24)	截至二零一三年 十二月三十一日止年度 年初賬面淨值 添置 轉撥 出售 減值 折舊(附註24)	128,649 - - - - (4,899)	241,952 1,469 8,390 - (32,678)	3,515 340 - (149) - (835)	428 105 - (6) - (143)	9,464 8,958 (8,390) - (1,329)	384,008 10,872 - (155) (1,329) (38,555)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	123,750	219,133	2,871	384	8,703	354,841
At 31 December 2013 Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日 成本 累計折舊	154,791 (31,041)	400,692 (181,559)	12,157 (9,286)	4,300 (3,916)	8,703 -	580,643 (225,802)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	123,750	219,133	2,871	384	8,703	354,841

The Group's buildings and buildings under construction, totalling RMB124,052,000 (2012: RMB128,649,000) are in Mainland China with lease terms of 50 years up to December 2047, December 2048, May 2053 and April 2054, respectively.

本集團之樓宇及在建樓宇合共124,052,000元人民 幣(二零一二年:128,649,000元人民幣),建於中 國內地多幅土地上,租賃為期50年,分別於二零四 七年十二月、二零四八年十二月、二零五三年五月 及二零五四年四月屆滿。

Property, plant and equipment - Group 7. 物業、廠房及設備-集團(續) (continued)

Depreciation expense of RMB35,414,000 (2012: RMB31,510,000) has been charged in 'cost of goods sold' and RMB3,141,000 (2012: RMB3,240,000) in 'administrative expenses'.

折舊費用其中35,414,000元人民幣(二零一二年: 31,510,000元人民幣)在「已售貨品成本」中支銷,而 3,141,000元人民幣(二零一二年:3,240,000元人 民幣)則計入「行政費用」中。

An analysis of construction-in-progress is as follows:

在建工程分析如下:

	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Construction costs of buildings 樓宇建築成本 Cost of leasehold improvements and 租賃物業裝修、廠房及	302	-
plant and machinery 機器成本	8,401	9,464
	8,703	9,464

Intangible assets - Group

無形資產-集團

		Product development costs 產品 開發成本
		RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2012 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	於二零一二年一月一日 成本 累計攤銷及減值	105,418 (60,623)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	44,795
Year ended 31 December 2012 Opening net book amount Additions Amortisation (Note 24) Provision for impairment (Note 24)	截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度 期初賬面淨值 添置 攤銷(附註24) 減值撥備(附註24)	44,795 16,959 (9,320) (2,353)
Closing net book amount	期終賬面淨值	50,081
At 31 December 2012 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日 成本 累計攤銷及減值	122,377 (72,296)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	50,081
Year ended 31 December 2013 Opening net book amount Additions Amortisation (Note 24)	截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度 期初賬面淨值 添置 攤銷(附註24)	50,081 6,040 (7,905)
Closing net book amount	期終賬面淨值	48,216
At 31 December 2013 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日 成本 累計攤銷及減值	128,417 (80,201)
Net book amount	賬面淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	48,216

Notes:

- (a) Amortisation of RMB7,905,000 (2012: RMB9,320,000) is included in 'cost of goods sold' in the consolidated income statement.
- (b) During the year ended 31 December 2013, no provision for impairment of intangible assets (2012: RMB2,353,000) had been included in 'cost of goods sold' in the consolidated income statement.

附註:

- 7,905,000元人民幣之攤銷(二零一二年:9,320,000 (a) 元人民幣)在合併收益表中計入「已售貨品成本」內。
- 於截止至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度內,並無 無形資產減值(二零一二年:2,353,000元人民幣)在合 併收益表中計入「已售貨品成本」內。

Investments in and amounts due from 9. subsidiaries - Company

於附屬公司之投資及應收附屬公司 款項 - 公司

		31 December 2013 二零一三年 十二月三十一日	
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Unlisted investments, at cost Amounts due from subsidiaries (Note a)	非上市投資,按成本值 應收附屬公司款項(附註a)	91,713 700,061	91,713 373,966
Interests in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之權益	791,774	465,679
Less: Amounts due from subsidiaries – current portion (Note b)	減: 應收附屬公司款項 一流動部份(附註b)	(400,286)	(114,985)
Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries – non-current portion	於附屬公司之投資及應收 附屬公司款項-非流動部份	391,488	350,694

Notes:

附註:

(a)

- (a) The balance includes amounts due from subsidiaries of RMB299,775,000 (2012: RMB258,981,000) which are equity funding in nature.
- 該款項包括權益資助性質的款項共299,775,000元人 民幣(二零一二年:258,981,000元人民幣)。
- The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, non-interest (b) bearing and are repayable on demand.
- 應收附屬公司款項無抵押,無附帶利息及須應要求償 還。

Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries - Company (continued) 9. 於附屬公司之投資及應收附屬公司款項一公司(續) 9.

The particulars of the subsidiaries of the Company at 31 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日,本公司之附屬公 December 2013:

Name 名稱	Place of establishment 成立地點	Activities 主要業務	Issued and fully paid up capital 已發行及 繳足股本	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Group (a) 本集團應佔股權 百分比(a)
EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Limited (a)	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Investment holding 投資控股	US\$95,000 95,000美元	100%
EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Manufacturing Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Investment holding 投資控股	US\$1 1美元	100%
EcoGreen Fine Chemicals B.V.	Netherlands 荷蘭	Sale of fine chemicals 銷售精細化學品	EUR18,000 18,000歐羅	100%
EcoGreen Holding B.V.	Netherlands 荷蘭	Investment holding 投資控股	EUR18,000 18,000歐羅	100%
EcoGreen Investments Limited 中怡精細化工集團有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Investment holding 投資控股	HK\$2 2港元	100%
Sino Bright International Trading Limited 光華國際貿易有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Inactive 暫無業務	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100%
Doingcom International Limited 中坤國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Trading of fine chemicals 買賣精細化學品	HK\$20,000,000 20,000,000港元	100%
Xiamen Doingcom Biotechnology Co., Ltd. (b) 廈門中坤生物科技有限公司(b)	Mainland China 中國內地	Manufacturing of fine chemicals 生產精細化學品	RMB50,000,000 50,000,000元人民幣	100%
上海萬凱化學有限公司(b)(c) (Shanghai Fine Chemicals Company Limited) (b)(c)	Mainland China 中國內地	Research and development of fine chemicals 研究及開發精細化學品	US\$2,000,000 2,000,000美元	100%
Xiamen Doingcom Chemical Co., Ltd. (b) 廈門中坤化學有限公司(b)	Mainland China 中國內地	Manufacturing and sale of fine chemicals 生產及銷售精細化學品	RMB190,000,000 190,000,000元人民幣	100%
楚雄中怡林產貿易有限公司(b)(c) (Chuxiong EcoGreen Forestry Trading Co., Ltd.) (b)(c)	Mainland China 中國內地	Sale of forestry products 銷售林業產品	RMB10,000,000 10,000,000元人民幣	70%

Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries - Company (continued) 9. 於附屬公司之投資及應收附屬公司款項一公司(續) 9.

The particulars of the subsidiaries of the Company at 31 December 2013: (continued)

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日,本公司之附屬公 司如下:(續)

Name 名稱	Place of establishment 成立地點	Activities 主要業務	Issued and fully paid up capital 已發行及 繳足股本	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Group (a) 本集團應佔股權 百分比(a)
廈門中坤貿易有限公司(b)(c)	Mainland China	Sale of fine chemicals	RMB20,000,000	100%
(Xiamen Doingcom Enterprise Limited) (b)(c)	中國內地	銷售精細化學品	20,000,000元人民幣	
Xiamen Sinoloon Import and Export Co., Ltd. (b)	Mainland China	Inactive	RMB7,000,000	100%
廈門中玖進出口有限公司有限公司(b)	中國內地	暫無業務	7,000,000元人民幣	
Xiamen Sinotek Enterprise Development Co., Ltd. (b) 廈門中技實業發展有限公司(b)	Mainland China 中國內地	Manufacturing and sale of fine chemicals 生產及銷售精細化學品	RMB20,000,000 20,000,000元人民幣	100%
漳洲中怡精細化工有限公司(b)(c)	Mainland China	Manufacturing and sale of fine chemicals	US\$10,000,000	100%
(Zhangzhou EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Co., Ltd.) (b)(c)	中國內地	生產及銷售精細化學品	10,000,000美元	
廈門中坤食品有限公司(b)(c) (Xiamen Doingcom Food Co., Ltd.) (b)(c)	Mainland China 中國內地	Manufacturing and sale of food addictives and seasoning 生產及銷售食品添加劑 及調味料	RMB10,000,000 10,000,000元人民幣	100%
中怡化工(漳州)有限公司(b)(c)	Mainland China	Inactive	RMB21,580,000	100%
(EcoGreen Chemicals (Zhangzhou) Co., Ltd.) (b)(c)	中國內地	暫無業務	21,580,000元人民幣	

Investments in and amounts due from 9. subsidiaries - Company (continued)

The particulars of the subsidiaries of the Company at 31 December 2013: (continued)

Notes:

- (a) The shares of EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Limited are held directly by the Company. The shares of other subsidiaries are held indirectly.
- (b) Xiamen Doingcom Chemical Co., Ltd. ("Xiamen Doingcom") and Xiamen Doingcom Biotechnology Co., Ltd. are sino-foreign owned enterprises established in Xiamen, Fujian Province, Mainland China for a term of 20 years up to October 2017 and July 2024, respectively. Shanghai Fine Chemicals Company Limited is a wholly foreign owned enterprise established in Shanghai, Mainland China for a term of 35 years up to March 2025. Xiamen Doingcom Enterprise Limited is a limited liability enterprise established in Xiamen, Fujian Province, Mainland China for a term of 20 years up to June 2024. Xiamen Sinoloon Import and Export Co., Ltd. and Xiamen Sinotek Enterprise Development Co., Ltd. are wholly foreign owned enterprises established in Xiamen, Fujian Province, Mainland China for a term of 28 years and 20 years up to April 2023 and July 2016, respectively. Chuxiong EcoGreen Forestry Trading Co., Ltd. is a limited liability enterprise established in Chuxiong, Yunnan Province, Mainland China for a term of 30 years up to March 2037. Zhangzhou EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Co., Ltd. is wholly foreign owned enterprise established in Changtai Xian, Zhangzhou City, Fujian Province, Mainland China for a term of 50 years up to April 2057. Xiamen Doingcom Food Co., Ltd. is a limited liability enterprise established in Xiamen, Fujian Province, Mainland China for a term of 20 years up to October 2031. EcoGreen Chemicals (Zhangzhou) Co. Ltd. is a limited liability enterprise established in Gulei Peninsula, Zhangpu Xian, Zhangzhou City Fujian Province, Mainland China for a term of 20 years up in December 2032.
- (c) The English names are for identification purpose only.

10. Investments in associates - Group

於附屬公司之投資及應收附屬公司 9 款項一公司(續)

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日,本公司之附屬公 司如下:(續)

附註:

- EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Limited股份由本公司直接 持有,其他附屬公司股份則間接持有。
- 廈門中坤化學有限公司及廈門中坤生物科技有限公司 為在中國內地福建省廈門市成立之中外合資企業,經 營期為二十年,分別二零一七年十月及至二零二四年 七月止。上海萬凱化學有限公司為於中國內地上海市 成立之全外資企業,經營期為三十五年,至二零二五 年三月止。廈門中坤貿易有限公司為於中國內地福建 省廈門市成立之有限公司,經營期為二十年,至二零 二四年六月止。廈門中玖進出口有限公司及廈門中技 實業發展有限公司均為全外資企業,在中國內地福建 省廈門市成立,經營期分別為二十八年及二十年,分 別至二零二三年四月及二零一六年七月止。楚雄中怡 林產貿易有限公司於中國內地雲南省楚雄市成立之有 限公司,經營期為三十年至二零三七年三月止。漳州 中怡精細化工有限公司為一間全外資企業,在中國內 地福建省漳州市長泰縣成立,經營期為五十年至二零 五七年四月止。廈門中坤食品有限公司為於中國內地 福建省廈門市成立之有限公司,經營期為二十年至二 零三一年十月止。中怡化工(漳州)有限公司為於中國 內地福建省漳州市漳浦縣古雷半島成立之有限公司, 經營期為二十年至二零三二年十二月止。
- 英文名稱僅供識別。

10. 聯營投資-集團

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January Addition Disposal of an associate Share of losses of associates	於一月一日 增加 出售一間聯營 應佔聯營虧損份額	8,924 - (1,338) (474)	6,691 2,500 - (267)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	7,112	8,924

10. Investments in associates - Group (continued)

There are no contingent liabilities relating to Group's interest in associates and there are no contingent liabilities of the ventures themselves.

10. 聯營投資-集團(續)

關於聯營投資,本集團概無任何或然負債及聯營本 身也無任何或然負債。

Particulars of the associate are as follows:

聯營之詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of establishment 成立地點	Principal activities 主要業務	Fully paid up capital 缴足股本	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Group 本集團應佔 股權百分比
Wuhan Geyuan Fine Chemicals Co., Ltd. (a) 武漢格源精細化工有限公司(a)	Mainland China 中國內地	Manufacturing of fine chemicals 生產精細化學品	RMB30,000,000 30,000,000元 人民幣	25%

Note:

- Wuhan Geyuan Fine Chemicals Co., Ltd. is an unlisted company. (a)
- (b) 35% equity interest in Jianyang Zhongtian Forestry Chemicals Co., Ltd. was disposed of during the year to another shareholder with a consideration of RMB1,960,000, resulting in a gain on disposal of RMB622,000.

No summarised financial information of the associate has been disclosed as the investment in the associate is not material.

附註:

- 武漢格源精細化工有限公司為非上市公司。 (a)
- 於本年度內,佔35%股本權益之建陽中天林化有限公 (b) 司以1,960,000元人民幣之代價出售予另一個股東,並 產生出售收益共622,000元人民幣。

聯營公司的摘要財務資料沒有披露,因聯營投資並 不重大。

11. Available-for-sale financial assets – Group

11. 可供出售金融資產-集團

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January and 31 December	於一月一日及十二月三十一日	200	200

Available-for-sale financial assets are unlisted equity securities.

可供出售金融資產為非上市股本證券。

12. Inventories - Group

12. 存貨-集團

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Raw materials Work-in-progress Finished goods	原料 在製品 產成品	110,816 882 41,223	74,534 1,692 41,412
Less: Provision for impairment	減:減值撥備	152,921 (3,828)	117,638 (2,955)
		149,093	114,683

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in 'cost of goods sold' amounted to RMB799,262,000 (2012: RMB684,058,000).

確認為開支及計入「售出貨品成本」之存貨成本為 799,262,000元人民幣(二零一二年:684,058,000元 人民幣)。

The provision for impairment of inventories of RMB873,000 (2012: RMB166,000) has been included 'cost of goods sold' in the consolidated income statement.

存貨減值撥備873,000元人民幣(二零一二年: 166,000元人民幣)已在合併收益表「售出貨品成本」 內。

13. Trade receivables and bills receivable - Group

13. 應收賬款及應收票據一集團

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade receivables Bills receivable	應收賬款 應收票據	531,108 495	381,655 -
Less: Provision for impairment	減:減值撥備	531,603 (6,413)	381,655 (4,307)
		525,190	377,348

The carrying amounts of trade receivables and bills receivable approximate their fair values.

應收賬款及應收票據賬面值與其公允值相若。

13. Trade receivables and bills receivable - 13. 應收賬款及應收票據-集團(續) Group (continued)

The credit period granted by the Group to its customers is between 60 and 90 days. For certain customers with good credit history, an extended period up to 180 days is allowed. The aging analysis of trade receivables and bills receivable is as follows:

本集團給予其客戶之信貸期一般60至90天。對於有 良好信貸歷史的客戶,集團容許達至180日的信貸 期。應收賬款及應收票據之賬齡分析如下:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
0 to 30 days 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days 91 to 180 days 181 to 365 days Over 365 days	0至30天 31至60天 61至90天 91至180天 181至365天 365天以上	153,659 146,986 88,064 140,849 932 1,113	142,236 94,178 61,258 80,316 3,172 495
Less: Provision for impairment	減:減值撥備	531,603 (6,413) 525,190	381,655 (4,307) 377,348

The credit quality of trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to the historical information about counter party default rates. The existing counterparties do not have significant default in the past. There is no concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables, as the Group has a large number of customers. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

As of 31 December 2013, trade receivables of RMB440,072,000 (2012: RMB320,426,000) were fully performing.

沒有逾期或減值需要之應收賬款,其信貸質素是按 以往的收款記錄及客戶的壞賬率而定。現有的客戶 並無重大的拖欠。由於本集團客戶數目龐大,故有 關應收賬款之信貸風險並無過份集中。本集團並沒 有持有任何的抵押品作擔保。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,應收賬款 440,072,000元人民幣(二零一二年:320,426,000 元人民幣)已全數獲得履行。

13. Trade receivables and bills receivable -**Group** (continued)

As of 31 December 2013, trade receivables of RMB84,623,000 (2012: RMB56,922,000) were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no significant financial difficulty and based on past experience, the overdue amounts can be recovered. The ageing analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

13. 應收賬款及應收票據-集團(續)

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,應收賬款人民幣 84,623,000元(二零一二年:人民幣56,922,000元) 經已逾期但並無減值。此等款項涉及多個並無重大 財政困難的獨立客戶,而根據過往經驗,逾期款項 可以收回。此等應收賬款的賬齡分析如下:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
91 to 180 days	91至180天	84,623	56,922
		84,623	56,922

As of 31 December 2013, trade receivables of RMB6,413,000 (2012: RMB4,307,000) were impaired. The amount of the provision was RMB6,413,000 as of 31 December 2013 (2012: RMB4,307,000). The individually impaired receivables mainly relate to a few independent customers which are in unexpectedly difficult economic situations. The ageing of these receivables is as follows:

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,應收賬款人民幣 6,413,000元(二零一二年:人民幣4,307,000元) 經已減值。於二零一三年十二月三十一日,準備 金額為人民幣6,413,000元(二零一二年:人民幣 4,307,000元)。個別減值的應收款主要來自少數處 於預料以外的經濟困難中的獨立客戶。此等應收款 的賬齡如下:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
91 to 180 days 181 to 365 days Over 365 days	91至180天 181至365天 365天以上	4,368 932 1,113	640 3,172 495
		6,413	4,307

13. Trade receivables and bills receivable - 13. 應收賬款及應收票據-集團(續) **Group** (continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables and bills receivable are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團的應收賬款及應收票據的賬面值以下列貨幣 為單位:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Renminbi US dollar	人民幣 美元	487,339 37,851	342,073 35,275
		525,190	377,348

Movements in the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

應收賬款減值撥備的變動如下:

	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January —月一日 Provision for impairment of trade receivable 應收賬款減值撥備	4,307 2,106	3,920 387
At 31 December +二月三十一日	6,413	4,307

The provision for impaired receivables have been included in 'administrative expenses' in the consolidated income statement. Amounts charged to the allowance account are generally written off, when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

對已減值應收款的撥備已包括在合併收益表中的「行 政費用」內。在撥備賬戶中扣除的數額一般會在預期 無法收回額外現金時撇銷。

14. Prepayments and other receivables - Group 14. 預付款及其他應收款-集團及公司 and Company

		Gro 集	oup 團	Company 公司		
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Prepayments for purchases of raw materials Prepayments for product	購買原料 預付款 產品開發成本預付款	139,512	121,006	-	-	
development projects Input value-added tax	可收回進項	12,000	7 745	-	_	
recoverable Others	增值税 其他	6,744 7,630	7,745 2,992	39	79	
		165,886	131,743	39	79	
Less non-current portion: Prepayments for product development projects	減非流動部份: 產品開發成本預付款	(12,000)	-	_	_	
Other asset (Note a)	其他資產(附註a) 	(2,400)	-	_	_	
Prepayments and other receivables – current portion	預付款及其他應收款 一流動部份	151,486	131,743	39	79	

Note:

(a) During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group made a payment to 天津渤海商品交易所股份有限公司 (Tianjin Bohai Commodity Exchange Limited) ("BCEx") in the amount of RMB2,400,000 out of the total contract amount of RMB12,000,000 as deposit for the development cost of new product management software in relation to the listing and trading of the Group's major raw material - turpentine under the trading name of "中坤Doingcom" on BCEx's exchange. As at 31 December 2013, the listing or trading of turpentine had not taken

The carrying amounts of other receivables approximate their fair values and are mainly denominated in RMB.

附註:

於二零一三年十二月三十一日止之年度內,本集團向 天津渤海商品交易所股份有限公司(「渤商所」)支付人 民幣2,400,000元作為本集團主要原材料松節油以「中 坤」的品牌在渤商所掛牌交易而產生的新產品管理軟件 開發費之定金,該合同的總全額為人民幣12,000,000 元。截至二零一三年十二月三十一日,松節油並未在 渤商所的交易平台上掛牌交易。

其他應收款賬面值與其公允值相若且主要以人民幣 列值。

15. Pledged bank deposits, cash and cash 15. 已抵押之銀行存款、現金及現金等 equivalents - Group and Company

價物-集團及公司

	Group Comp 集團 公			
	2013 2012 2013 二零一三年 二零一三年			2012 二零一二年
	RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元		RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Pledged bank deposits 已抵押之銀行存款 Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物	32,092	98,271	-	-
- cash at bank and on hand - 銀行及庫存現金	901,307	833,919	7,169	634
	933,399	932,190	7,169	634

The carrying amounts of pledged bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

於已抵押之銀行存款、現金及現金等價物的賬面值 結算貨幣的金額如下:

		oup 画	Company 公司		
	2013	2013 2012		2012	
	二零一三年	二零一三年 二零一二年		二零一二年	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Renminbi 人民幣 Hong Kong dollar 港元 US dollar 美元 Euro 歐羅 Others 其他	911,287	922,495	-	-	
	3,254	2,972	908	588	
	18,419	6,306	6,261	46	
	417	397	-	-	
	22	20	-	-	
	933,399	932,190	7,169	634	

As at 31 December 2013, the Group has cash and cash equivalents of approximately RMB911,287,000 (2012: RMB922,495,000) denominated in RMB. RMB is not a freely convertible currency in international markets and its exchange rate is determined by the People's Bank of China.

At 31 December 2013, bank balances of RMB32,092,000 (2012: RMB98,271,000) have been pledged to banks to secure credit facilities granted to certain of the Group's subsidiaries.

The cash and cash equivalents are not exposed to material credit risk.

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團共有現金及 現金等價物約911,287,000元人民幣(二零一二年: 922,495,000元人民幣)均以人民幣計算。人民幣不 能於國際市場自由轉換貨幣,其匯率由中國人民銀 行釐定。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,32,092,000元人民 幣(二零一二年:98,271,000元人民幣)之銀行存款 已予以抵押作為本集團某些附屬公司向銀行取得借 貸額度之抵押。

現金及現金等價物並沒有重大的信貸風險。

Share capital, premium and share options -**Group and Company**

- 16. 股本、溢價及購股權一集團及公司
- Share capital Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each (a)
- 股本一每股面值0.1港元之普通股 (a)

Authorised:	法定:	Number of shares 股份數目	Nominal value of ordinary shares 普通股面值
		'000 千計	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2012, 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2013	於二零一二年一月一日、 二零一二年十二月三十一日及 二零一三年十二月三十一日	2,000,000	212,000

Issued:	已發行:	Fully paid shares 已繳股款 股份數目	Value of ordinary shares 普通股面值	Share premium 股份溢價	Total 合計
		'000 千計	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日	484,496	50,872	200,383	251,255
Cancellation of repurchased shares (i)	註銷已回購股份(i)	(1,118)	(91)	(913)	(1,004)
At 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2013	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日及 二零一三年 十二月三十一日	483,378	50,781	199,470	250,251

Note:

(i) During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Company cancelled a total of 1,118,000 shares of which 726,000 shares were repurchased at a price from HK\$1.47 to HK\$1.69 each in January 2012 and the remaining 392,000 shares were repurchased at a price from HK\$1.62 to HK\$1.96 each in the year ended 31 December 2011.

(b) **Share options**

Share options are granted to directors and to selected employees. The exercise price of the granted options is equal to the market price of the shares on the date of the grant or the average closing prices of the shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant, whichever is higher. The share options would vest progressively from the grant date to the third year after the grant (the vesting period) provided that the relevant employee remained employed by the Group. Share options are exercisable up to 10 years after the grant date. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the share options in cash.

附註:

股本及股本溢價(i)於2012年12月31日年底內,本公司 共註銷1,118,000股,其中726,000股於2012年1月以 每股1.47港元至每股1.69港元購回,其餘392,000股 於2011年12月31日止年度內以每股1.62港元至每股 1.96港元購回。

(b) 購股權

董事和經挑選的職工可獲授購股權。所授予的購股 權的行使價相等於授予日期股份市價或緊接授出日 期前五個交易日股份之平均收市價,以較高者為 準。有關購股權在授出當日至第三年期間(給予期) 漸次授予,但期間有關僱員必須一直為集團的僱 員。購股權可於授出日期起計10年內行使。本集團 並無法定或推定債務,以現金購回或償付期權。

16. Share capital, premium and share options – Group and Company (continued)

(b) Share options (continued)

During the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2013, there is no movement in the outstanding share options.

As at 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2013, total number of outstanding share options of the Group is 8,030,000 and all these options were exercisable.

Share options outstanding at the end of the year have the following expiry dates and exercise prices:

16. 股本、溢價及購股權-集團及公司

(b) 購股權(續)

於二零一二年十二月三十一日及二零一三年十二月 三十一日之年度內,尚未行使之購股權並沒有出現 任何變化。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日及二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團共有8,030,000未行使的購股權。 這些股權全部也可予行使及其平均每股行使價為每股1.37港元。

在年終時未行使的購股權的到期日和行使價如下:

			Share c 購別	
Expiry date	到期日	Exercise price per share 每股行使價	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		HK\$ 港元	'000 千計	'000 千計
June 2014	二零一四年六月	1.37	8,030	8,030

17. Other reserves - Group and Company

17. 其他儲備-集團及公司

(a) Group

(a) 集團

		Capital reserve Note (i) 股本儲備 附註(i)	Contributed surplus Note (ii) 實繳盈餘 附註(ii)	Statutory reserves Note (iii) 法定公積金 附註(iii)	Capital redemption reserve Note (iv) 股本贖回 儲備 附註(iv)	Share options equity reserve 購股權 股本儲備	Currency translation reserve 匯兑儲備	Total 總計
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2012 Transfer from retained earnings Cancellation of repurchased shares Currency translation differences	於二零一二年一月一日 保留盈利轉撥 註銷已回購股份 匯兑差額	685 - - -	9,500 - - -	51,357 14,338 - -	620 - 91 -	2,577 - - -	(36) - - 9	64,703 14,338 91 9
Balance at 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月 三十一日之結餘	685	9,500	65,695	711	2,577	(27)	79,141
At 1 January 2013 Transfer from retained earnings Currency translation differences	於二零一三年一月一日 保留盈利轉撥 匯兑差額	685 - -	9,500 - -	65,695 25,801 -	711 - -	2,577 - -	(27) - (58)	79,141 25,801 (58)
Balance at 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月 三十一日之結餘	685	9,500	91,496	711	2,577	(85)	104,884

17. Other reserves - Group and Company 17. 其他儲備-集團及公司(續) (continued)

(b) Company (b) 公司

		Capital reserve Note (i) 股本儲備 附註(i)	Capital redemption reserve Note (iv) 股本贖回 儲備 附註(iv)	Share options equity reserve 購股權 股本儲備	Total 總計
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日之結餘	90,941	620	2,577	94,138
Cancellation of repurchased shares	註銷已回購股份	-	91	-	91
Balance at 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2013	於二零一二年十二月三十一日及 二零一三年十二月三十一日之結餘	90,941	711	2,577	94,229

Notes:

Capital reserve of the Group represents the difference between the (i) nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the share exchange on 16 February 2004 over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange therefor.

> Capital reserve of the Company represents the difference between the costs of investments in subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the share exchange on 16 February 2004 over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange therefor.

- (ii) Contributed surplus represents the capital contribution from an executive director and an indirect substantial shareholder of the Company, as part of a group reorganisation exercise.
- (iii) According to the articles of association of the relevant subsidiaries established in Mainland China and the Mainland China rules and regulations, Mainland China subsidiaries are required to transfer not less than 10% of their net profit as stated in their annual financial statements prepared under Mainland China accounting regulations to statutory reserves before the corresponding Mainland China subsidiaries can distribute any dividend. Such a transfer is not required when the amount of statutory reserves reaches 50% of the corresponding subsidiaries' registered capital. The statutory reserves shall only be used to make up losses of the corresponding subsidiaries, to expand the corresponding subsidiaries' production operations, or to increase the capital of the corresponding subsidiaries. Upon approval by resolutions of the corresponding subsidiaries' shareholders in general meetings, the corresponding subsidiaries may convert their statutory reserves into registered capital and issue bonus capital to existing owners in proportion to their existing ownership structure. As at 31 December 2013, the amount of statutory reserves of Xiamen Sinotek Enterprise Development Co., Ltd. had reached 50% of its registered capital and accordingly, no further transfer to its statutory reserves has been made.

附註:

本集團資本儲備指根據二零零四年二月十六日重組所 (i) 收購附屬公司股份的面值超過本公司發行以換取上述 股份之股本面值的差額。

> 本公司資本儲備指根據二零零四年二月十六日重組所 收購附屬公司的投資成本超過本公司發行以換取上述 投資之股本面值的差額。

- 實繳盈餘指本公司一名執行董事兼間接主要股東就集 (ii) 團重組作出之出資額。
- 根據於中國內地成立之有關附屬公司之組織章程細則 及相關中國內地規則及規例,中國內地附屬公司須先 行將根據中國內地會計準則編製之年度財務報表所列 純利其中不少於10%,撥入法定公積金,方可派付股 息。當法定公積金達到有關附屬公司註冊資本50% 時,則毋須再作轉撥。法定公積金僅可用於抵銷有關 附屬公司虧損、擴大有關附屬公司生產規模或增加有 關附屬公司股本。當獲得有關附屬公司之股東在股東 大會通過決議案批准,則有關附屬公司可將法定公積 金轉為註冊資本,並且按現有股東之現有擁有權結構 比例發行紅股。於二零一二年十二月三十一日,廈門 中技實業發展有限公司的法定公積金已達到註冊資本 50%,因此並無再作轉撥。

17. Other reserves - Group and Company 17. 其他儲備-集團及公司(續) (continued)

(b) Company (continued)

(b) 公司(續)

Group

Notes: (continued)

附註: (續)

The capital redemption reserve relates to the cancellation of the (iv) Company's own shares.

股本贖回儲備與註銷本公司之股份有關。

(v) The Company's other reserves totalled RMB293,699,000 (2012: RMB293,699,000) which, under the Company Law (revised) of the Cayman Islands subject to certain conditions, are available for distribution to shareholders.

根據開曼群島公司法(修訂本),本公司可供分派 (v) 儲備約為293,699,000元人民幣(二零一二年: 293,699,000元人民幣)。

Company

18. Borrowings – Group and Company

18. 借貸一集團及公司

		集團		Company 公司	
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current Government loans Bank borrowings	非流動 政府貸款 銀行借貸	1,850 298,894	2,300 -	- 298,894	- -
		300,744	2,300	298,894	-
Current Government loans Bank borrowings	即期流動 政府貸款 銀行借貸	1,120 434,382	1,120 493,188	- 124,288	- 97,121
		435,502	494,308	124,288	97,121
Total borrowings	借貸總額	736,246	496,608	423,182	97,121

Terms and maturity of the government loans are as follows:

政府貸款的條款及還款期如下:

	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Repayable in 2014 to 2018, interest-bearing at 2.6% per annum Repayable on demand, non-interest bearing 須於二零一四年至二零一八年間 償還・以2.6厘年利率計息 即期償還・ 免息	2,300 670	2,750 670
	2,970	3,420

18. Borrowings - Group and Company (continued)

18. 借貸-集團及公司(續)

At 31 December 2013, the Group's borrowings were repayable as follows:

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團借貸的還款 期如下:

		Group 集團				Company 公司	
		Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 2013 2012 二零一三年 二零一二年		nent loans 音貸款 2012 二零一二年	Bank bo 銀行 2013 二零一三年		
		I B'000 RMB'00 幣千元 人民幣千分		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Between 1 and 2 years - Between 2 and 5 years - 兩	-年至兩年 1 9	00,487	8 1,120 1,850 	1,120 450 1,350 500	124,288 198,407 100,487	97,121 - - -	
	7:	33,276 493,18	8 2,970	3,420	423,182	97,121	

			Group 集團				Company 公司	
		Bank bo 銀行 2013 二零一三年	rrowings 借貸 2012 二零一二年	Governm 政府 2013 二零一三年		Bank bo 銀行 2013 二零一三年		
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Wholly repayable within 5 years Wholly repayable after 5 years	五年內全部償還	733,276	493,188 -	2,970	670 2,750	423,182 -	97,121 -	
		733,276	493,188	2,970	3,420	423,182	97,121	

18. Borrowings - Group and Company (continued) 18. 借貸-集團及公司(續)

The effective interest rates at the balance sheet date were as 於結算日之實際利率如下: follows:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Government loans Bank borrowings	政府貸款 銀行借貸	2.0% 4.6%	2.0% 5.4%

The carrying amounts of borrowings approximate their fair values.

貸款的賬面值與其公允值相近。

The carrying amounts of the borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

貸款的賬面金額以下列貨幣為單位:

			Group 集團		pany 司
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Renminbi Hong Kong dollar US dollar	人民幣 港元 美元	281,423 8,477 446,346	312,281 27,985 156,342	- - 423,182	- - 97,121
		736,246	496,608	423,182	97,121

18. Borrowings - Group and Company (continued)

18. 借貸 - 集團及公司(續)

The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

本集團有下列未提取貸款融資:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Floating rate - expiring within one year - expiring beyond one year	浮息 -一年內到期 -一年以上到期	698,260 47,044	661,908 -
		745,304	661,908

Bank borrowings and bills payable of RMB164,342,000 (2012: RMB247,714,000) are supported by corporate guarantees provided by the Company, bank borrowings and bills payable of RMB576,678,000 (2012: RMB296,428,000) are supported by cross guarantees between subsidiaries.

The exposure of the Group's borrowings to interest-rate changes and the contractual repricing dates at the balance sheet dates are as follows:

銀行貸款及應付票據164,342,000元人民幣(二 零一二年:247,714,000元人民幣)以公司企業支 持,銀行貸款及應付票據576,678,000元人民幣 (二零一二年:296,428,000元人民幣)以附屬公司企 業擔保。

於結算日,本集團的貸款在利率變動及合約重新定 價日期所承擔的風險如下:

		Group 集團		Company 公司	
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
6 months or less 6–12 months 1–5 years Over 5 years	6個月或以下 6-12個月 1-5年 5年以上	588,512 145,884 1,850	465,858 28,450 1,800 500	392,698 30,484 - -	97,121 - - -
		736,246	496,608	423,182	97,121

19. Trade payables and bills payable - Group

19. 應付賬款及應付票據-集團

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade payables Bills payable	應付賬款 應付票據	23,058 81,941	29,824 237,584
		104,999	267,408

19. Trade payables and bills payable - Group 19. 應付賬款及應付票據-集團(續) (continued)

The aging analysis of trade payables and bills payable based on invoice date were as follows:

應付賬款及應付票據跟據發票日期之賬齡分析如下:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
0 to 30 days 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days 91 to 180 days 181 to 365 days Over 365 days	0至30天 31至60天 61至90天 91至180天 181至365天 超過365天	26,376 11,021 40,452 23,980 1,725 1,445	80,363 46,006 33,979 105,212 983 865
		104,999	267,408

The carrying amounts of trade payables and bills payable approximate their fair values and are mainly denominated in RMB. 應付賬款及應付票據賬面值與其公允值相若,且主 要以人民幣計算。

Bills payable are secured by pledged bank deposits of the Company.

應付票據以本公司之銀行存款作抵押。

20. Accruals and other payables - Group and Company

20. 應計費用及其他應付款一 集團及公司

	Group 集團			pany 司
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Payable for construction costs and property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備應付之開支 Output value-added tax payable Accruals for	3,162	3,737	-	-
	8,392	5,880	-	-
	13,478	16,627	1,642	2,141
	4,093	4,093	-	-
	29,125	30,337	1,642	2,141

Accruals and other payables - Group and Company (continued)

The carrying amounts of other payables approximate their fair values and are mainly denominated in RMB.

Derivative financial instruments - Group and Company

20. 應計費用及其他應付款一 集團及公司(續)

其他應付款賬面值與其公允值相若,且主要以人民 幣計算值。

21. 衍生金融工具-集團及公司

		Group 集團			Company 公司				
		2013 二零一三年 Assets Liabilities 資產 負債			D12 一二年 Liabilities 負債		113 -三年 Liabilities 負債		012 一二年 Liabilities 負債
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest rate swaps Forward foreign exchange contracts – held-for-trading	利率互換 遠期外匯合同 一為交易目的所持有	-	1,840	- 151	564	-	1,840	-	564
Total	總計	-	1,840	151	564	-	1,840	-	564
Less non-current portion: Interest rate swaps	減非流動部份: 利率互換	-	(1,840)	-	-	-	(1,840)	-	-
Current portion	流動部份	-	-	151	564	-	-	-	564

Forward foreign exchange contracts (a)

The notional principal amounts of the outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts at 31 December 2012 were RMB6,286,000. There was no outstanding forward foreign exchange contract as at 31 December 2013.

Interest rate swap contracts (b)

The Group entered into interest rate swap contracts to mitigate the exposure to the interest rate risk associated with the Group's borrowings. These contracts expire in May 2016.

The notional principal amounts of the outstanding interest rate swap contracts at 31 December 2013 were RMB310,942,000 (2012: RMB97,425,000).

At 31 December 2013, the fixed interest rate is 5.18% (2012: 3.84%), and the main floating rate is LIBOR.

遠期外匯 (a)

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,仍未結算的遠期外 匯合同的設定本金額為6,286,000元人民幣。於二零 一三年十二月三十一日,並無仍未結算的遠期外匯 合同。

(b) 利率掉期合約

本集團訂立利率掉期合約以減低本集團借貸所承受 的利率風險,此等合約將於二零一六年五月屆滿。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,仍未結算的利率互 換合同的設定金額為310,942,000元人民幣(二零一 二年:97,425,000元人民幣)。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,定息利率為5.18厘 (二零一二年:3.84厘),而主要的浮息利率為倫敦 銀行同業拆息。

22. Deferred income tax - Group

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority. The following balances, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the consolidated balance sheet:

22. 遞延所得税項-集團

當有法定可執行權力將當期税項資產與當期稅務負 債抵銷,且遞延所得稅資產和負債涉及同一稅務機 關,則可將遞延所得稅資產和負債互相抵銷。考慮 結餘可在同一徵稅區內抵銷的遞延所得稅資產與資 債的分析如下:

	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deferred income tax assets to be 超過12個月後收回的遞延 recovered after more than 12 months 所得税資產	2,408	2,623
Deferred income tax liabilities to be 超過12個月後收回的遞延 settled after more than 12 months 所得税負債	(23,200)	(18,200)

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At beginning of year Charged to the consolidated income statement (Note 27)	年初 在合併收益表內 借記(附註27)	(15,577) (5,215)	(8,785) (6,792)
At end of year	年終	(20,792)	(15,577)

22. Deferred income tax – Group (continued)

22. 遞延所得税項-集團(續)

Deferred income tax assets

遞延所得税資產-集團

		Provision for impairment of inventories 存貸減值撥備	Tax loss 可抵扣虧損	Total 總計
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2012 (Charged)/credited to the consolidated income statement	二零一二年一月一日 在合併收益表內 (借記)/貸記(附註27)	2,601	2,614	5,215
(Note 27)		(2,601)	9	(2,592)
At 31 December 2012 Charged to the consolidated	二零一二年十二月三十一日 在合併收益表內	-	2,623	2,623
income statement (Note 27)	借記(附註27)	_	(215)	(215)
At 31 December 2013	二零一三年十二月三十一日	_	2,408	2,408

At 31 December 2013, the Group has unused tax losses of RMB49,349,000 (2012: RMB40,662,000) available for offsetting against future profits, and a deferred income tax asset of RMB2,408,000 (2012: RMB2,623,000) has been recognised in respect of such losses. No deferred income tax asset has been recognised in respect of a total of RMB8,034,000 (2012: RMB6,134,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

At 31 December 2013, deferred income tax liabilities of RMB66,494,000 (2012: RMB57,840,000) has not been recognised for the withholding tax and other taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain subsidiaries as the Company controls the dividend policies of these subsidiaries and it is not probable that these subsidiaries would distribute earnings in the foreseeable future. Unremitted earnings totalled RMB664,944,000 as at 31 December 2013 (2012: RMB578,404,000).

對可抵扣虧損確認為遞延所得稅資產的數額人民幣 49,349,000元(二零一二年:人民幣40,662,000 元),是按透過可能產生的未來應課稅利潤實而現的 相關税務利益而確認,已確認遞延所得税資產為人 民幣2,408,000元(二零一二年:人民幣2,623,000 元)。本集團並無就可結轉以抵銷未來應課人民幣 8,034,000元(二零一二年:人民幣6,134,000元)。

因集團能夠控制各附屬公司的派息策略及各附 屬公司在可見的未來不會就未匯返利潤作出分 配,本集團並未就若干子公司的未匯返利潤須 予支付的代扣所得税和其他税項確認遞延所得税 負債人民幣66,494,000元(二零一二年:人民幣 57,840,000元)。此等未匯返收益會再作長期地投 資。於二零一三年十二月三十一日的未匯返收益 合共人民幣664,944,000元(二零一二年:人民幣 578,404,000元)。

22. Deferred income tax - Group (continued)

22. 遞延所得税項-集團(續)

Deferred income tax liabilities

遞延所得税負債-集團

Withholding tax 代扣所得税

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January Charged to the consolidated income	一月一日 在合併收益表內借記(附註27)	18,200	14,000
statement (Note 27)		5,000	4,200
At 31 December	十二月三十一日	23,200	18,200

23. Other (losses)/gains - net

23. 其他(損失)/收益-淨額

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Realised gains on derivative financial instruments Income on government grants Net exchange losses (Note 28) Net fair value (losses)/gains on derivative financial instruments Provision for impairment of property, plant and equipment (Note 7) Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Gain on disposal of an associate (Note 10) Others	衍生金融工具之變現 收益 政府撥款之收益 淨匯兑損失(附註28) 衍生金融工具的公允 價值(虧損)/收益 物業、廠房及設備減值撥備 (附註7) 出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損 出售聯營之收益(附註10) 其他	1,477 325 (4,932) (1,427) (1,329) (148) 622 (342)	669 406 (86) 3,167 - - - 66
		(5,754)	4,222

24. Expenses by nature

24. 按性質劃分之開支

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amortisation of prepaid operating lease	預付經營租金款項		
payments (Note 6)	攤銷(附註6)	231	231
Depreciation (Note 7)	折舊(附註7)	38,555	34,750
Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 8)	無形資產攤銷(附註8)	7,905	9,320
Provision for impairment of intangible	無形資產減值		
assets (Note 8)	撥備(附註8)	_	2,353
Provision for impairment of inventories	存貨減值撥備		
(Note 12)	(附註12)	873	166
Provision for impairment of trade	應收賬款減值		
receivables (Note 13)	撥備(附註13)	2,106	387
Employee benefit expense (Note 25)	僱員福利開支(附註25)	42,831	40,375
Cost of inventories (Note 12)	存貨成本(附註12)	799,262	684,058
Transportation	運輸	14,727	16,466
Operating lease payments	營運租賃租金	4,189	3,664
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	1,587	1,758
Utilities and electricity charges	燃料動力及水電費用	31,711	32,118
Subcontracting expenses	加工費用	10,302	1,304
Other PRC taxes	其他中國税項	16,358	19,717
Consumables and supplies	物料消耗	3,910	4,163
Bank charges	銀行費用	1,853	2,181
Other expenses	其他費用	25,955	21,086
Total cost of goods sold, selling and marketing costs and administrative	已售貨品成本、銷售 及市場推廣成本及		
expenses	行政費用	1,002,355	874,097

25. Employee benefit expense

25. 僱員福利開支

	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Wages, salaries, other allowances and benefits in kind 及實物利益 Pension costs – defined contribution plans (Note a) 工資、薪金、其他津貼 及實物利益 退休金成本一定額 供款計劃(附註a)	38,323 4,508	36,667 3,708
	42,831	40,375

(a) Pensions – defined contribution plans

As stipulated by rules and regulations in Mainland China, the Group contributes to a state-sponsored retirement plan for its employees in Mainland China, which is a defined contribution plan. The Group and its employees contribute approximately 12% to 14% and 0% to 8%, respectively, of the employees' salary as specified by the local government, and the Group has no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or post-retirement benefits beyond the annual contributions. The state-sponsored retirement plan is responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees.

The Group has arranged for its Hong Kong employees to join the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme"), a defined contribution scheme managed by an independent trustee. Under the MPF Scheme, each of the Group and its Hong Kong employees makes monthly contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund legislation. Both the Group's and the employees' contributions are subject to a cap of HK\$1,250 per month.

During the year, the aggregate amount of the Group's contributions to the aforementioned retirement schemes was approximately RMB4,508,000 (2012: RMB3,708,000). As at 31 December 2012, the Group was not entitled to any forfeited contributions to reduce the Group's future contributions.

(a) 退休金成本 - 定額供款計劃

根據中國內地法規,本集團為其中國內地僱員向國家認可之定額供款退休計劃供款。本集團及其僱員分別按地方政府所指定之僱員薪金約12%至14%及0%至8%供款,除作出年度供款外,本集團毋須再承擔實際支付退休金或退休後福利之責任。國家認可之退休金計劃承擔應付予退休僱員之一切退休福利責任。

本集團已安排其香港僱員參與由獨立信託人管理之定額供款計劃強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。 根據強積金計劃,本集團及其香港僱員須每月按照 強制性公積金條例所釐定之僱員收入5%各自向計劃 供款,而本集團及僱員每月供款上限為1,250港元。

本年度,本集團有關上述退休金計劃之供款總額約 為4,508,000元人民幣(二零一二年:3,708,000元人 民幣)。於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團並無 已沒收供款可用作減少其日後供款。

25. Employee benefit expense (continued)

(b) **Directors' emoluments**

The remuneration of each director for the year ended 31 December 2013 is set out below:

25. 僱員福利開支(續)

(b) 董事酬金

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,各董事之 酬金載列如下:

Name of Director 董事姓名		Fees 袍金	Salaries, other allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、 其他津貼 及實物福利	Retirement benefit- defined contribution plans 退休福利一 定額供款計劃	Total 總計
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Executive directors Mr. Yang Yirong (Chairman and President) Mr. Gong Xionghui Ms. Lu Jiahua Mr. Lin Zhigang Mr. Han Huan Guang Non-executive director Mr. Feng Tao	執行董事 楊毅融先生 (主席兼總裁) 龔雄輝先生 盧家華女士 林志剛先生 韓歡光先生 非執行董事 馮濤先生	-	2,224 687 1,161 673 1,173	25 23 23 10 12	2,249 710 1,184 683 1,185
Independent non-executive directors Mr. Yau Fook Chuen Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John Mr. Lau Wang Yip, Derrick	獨立非執行董事 丘福全先生 黃翼忠先生 劉宏業先生	173 173 173	12 12 12	-	185 185 185
		519	5,954	93	6,566

Note:

附註:

None of the directors waived any emoluments during the year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: Nil).

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,並無董事放棄任何酬 金(二零一二年:無)。

25. Employee benefit expense (continued)

Directors' emoluments (continued)

The remuneration of each director for the year ended 31 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,各董事之 December 2012 is set out below:

25. 僱員福利開支(續)

(b) 董事酬金(*續*)

酬金載列如下:

Name of Director 董事姓名		Fees 袍金	Salaries, other allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、 其他津貼 及實物福利	Retirement benefit- defined contribution plans 退休福利一 定額供款計劃	Total 總計
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Executive directors Mr. Yang Yirong (Chairman and President) Mr. Gong Xionghui Ms. Lu Jiahua Mr. Lin Zhigang Mr. Han Huan Guang Non-executive director Mr. Feng Tao	執行董事 楊毅融先生 (主席兼總裁) 雙雄輝先生 盧家華女士 林志剛先生 韓歡光先生 非執行董事 馮濤先生	- - - -	2,110 699 1,076 554 1,140	19 19 19 9 11	2,129 718 1,095 563 1,151
Independent non-executive directors Mr. Yau Fook Chuen Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John Mr. Lau Wang Yip, Derrick	獨立非執行董事 丘福全先生 黃翼忠先生 劉宏業先生	176 176 176	13 13 12	- - -	189 189 188
		528	5,617	77	6,222

Employee benefit expense (continued)

Five highest paid individuals (c)

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include four (2012: four) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining one (2012: one) individual during the year are as follows:

25. 僱員福利開支(續)

五名最高薪人士 (c)

本年度本集團最高薪酬的五位人士包括四位 (二零一二年:四位)董事,他們的薪酬在上 文列報的分析中反映。本年度支付於其餘一位 (二零一二年:一位)人士的薪酬如下:

	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Basic salaries, other allowances and 基本薪金、其他津貼 benefits in kind 及實物利益 Retirement benefit – defined contribution plans 基本薪金、其他津貼 及實物利益 供額利一定額 供款計劃	686 12	690 11
	698	701

During the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012, no emoluments were paid to the directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or as compensation for loss of office.

截至二零一二年及二零一三年十二月三十一日止年 度,並無向本公司董事或該五名最高薪人士支付任 何酬金,作為吸引彼加盟之獎金或作為離職之補償。

26. Finance income and costs

26. 財務收益及成本

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest expense on: - Bank borrowings wholly repayable within five years - Government loans wholly repayable	利息費用: -須於五年內全數償還之 銀行借貸 -須於五年內全數償還之	(37,091)	(32,283)
within five years Net foreign exchange gains on financing activities (Note 28)	政府貸款融資活動的淨匯兑收益(附註28)	(70) 9,666	(82) 119
Less: amount capitalised on qualifying assets	減:合資格資產資本化數額	(27,495)	(32,246)
Finance costs	財務成本	(27,495)	(30,254)
Finance income - Interest income on short-term bank deposits	財務收益 一短期銀行存款的 利息收益	6,947	6,761
Net finance costs	 淨財務成本	(20,548)	(23,493)

26. Finance income and costs (continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2012, finance cost capitalised have been calculated by applying a capitalisation rate of 5.4% per annum on expenditure of qualifying assets.

26. 財務收益及成本(續)

於二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度內,合資格資本化的財務成本佔合資格資產開支之5.4%。

27. Taxation

27. 税項

	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current tax 現有税項 - Mainland China corporate income tax 一中國內地企業所得税	43,501	29,122
Deferred income tax (Note 22)	5,215	6,792
	48,716	35,914

Notes:

(a) Hong Kong profits tax

No Hong Kong profits tax has been provided as the Group had no assessable profit arising in or derived from Hong Kong.

(b) Mainland China corporate income tax

The subsidiaries established in Mainland China are subject to Mainland China corporate income tax at a rate of 25% (2012: 25%). One of the PRC subsidiaries, Xiamen Doing Biotechnology Co. Ltd. has obtained approval from Mainland China Tax Bureau to be exempted from corporate income tax for two years starting from the first year of profitable operations, followed by a 50% reduction in corporate income tax for the following three years. This preferential tax treatment for Xiamen Doing Biotechnology Co. Ltd. was expired at the end of 31 December 2012.

Xiamen Doingcom Chemicals Co. Ltd. was granted the High and New Technology Enterprise ("HNTE") status in July 2012 being valid for 3 years and Xiamen Doingcom Chemicals Co. Ltd. is entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15%.

附註:

(a) 香港利得税

由於本集團並無在香港獲得或賺取應課税溢利,因此並無就香港利得稅作出撥備。

(b) 中國內地企業所得税

於中國內地成立之附屬公司須按25%(二零一二年:25%)之稅 率繳納中國內地企業所得稅。廈門中坤生物科技有限公司獲得 中國內地稅務局豁免自首個獲利年度起繳納企業所得稅兩年, 其後三年之企業所得稅則減半。廈門中坤生物科技有限公司從 二零一三年起便不再享有稅收優惠。

於二零一二年七月,廈門中坤生物科技有限公司獲授予高新技術企業的地位,為期三年,而廈門中坤生物科技有限公司可按優惠税率15%繳税。

27. Taxation (continued)

(c) Overseas income taxes

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and, accordingly, is exempted from Cayman Islands income tax. The Company's subsidiaries established in the British Virgin Islands are incorporated under the International Business Companies Acts of the British Virgin Islands and, accordingly, are exempted from British Virgin Islands income tax

(d) Mainland China value-added tax

The subsidiaries established in Mainland China are subject to Mainland China value-added tax ("VAT") at 17% (2012: 17%) of revenue from sale of goods in Mainland China and entitled to a VAT export refund at 9% to 13% (2012: 9% to 13%) from sale of goods outside Mainland China. Input VAT paid on purchases can be used to offset output VAT levied on sales to determine the net VAT recoverable/payable.

(e) Withholding tax

Pursuant to the New Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. Withholding taxes are payable on dividends distributed/to be distributed by those subsidiaries and an associate established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

The tax on the Group's profit before taxation differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to profits of the consolidated entities and the reconciliation is as follows:

27. 税項(續)

海外所得税

本公司根據開曼群島公司法在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限 公司,因此獲豁免繳納開曼群島所得税。本公司在英屬處女群 島成立之附屬公司乃根據英屬處女群島國際商業公司法註冊成 立,因此獲豁免繳納英屬處女群島所得稅。

中國內地增值税

於中國內地成立之附屬公司在中國內地及境外銷售貨品之收入 須分別按17%(二零一二年:17%),繳納中國內地增值稅(「增 值税1),但其出口銷售可享受增值税出口退税的待遇(退税率為 9%至13%(二零一二年:9%至13%)。計算可收回/應付增值 税淨額時,採購時支付之進項增值税可用作抵銷出售時徵收之 銷項增值税。

代扣所得税

根據新税法,自二零零八年一月一日起,自中國分配給外商投 資者的股息應按10%的税率代扣所得税。該法令從二零零八年 一月一日起生效,並適用於二零零七年十二月三十一日之後所 產生利潤的分配。如果中國與外商投資者所在地區已達成税收 協定,則可採用更低的代扣所得税税率。本集團使用的税率為 10%。因此,自二零零八年一月一日起,本集團按照設立在中 國的附屬公司及聯營企業所產生利潤確認遞延所得税負債。

以本集團就除稅前溢利計算之稅項,與採用合併主 體溢利適用的加權平均税率計算而產生的理論税項 存在差異,對賬如下:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	198,164	163,736
Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable to profits in the respective countries	按相關國家溢利適用之 當地税率計算之税項	40,789	26,564
Expense not deductible for tax purposes Under/(over) provision in previous year	不可扣税的費用 以前年度少計/(多計)之所得税	339 603	3,651 (61)
Withholding tax on dividends of the PRC subsidiaries Tax losses for which no deferred tax	中國附屬公司之股息須予支付之 代扣所得税 沒有確認遞延税項	5,000	4,200
asset was recognised Recognition of previously unrecognised tax loss	資產的税損 確認早前未確認 的税損	1,985	1,569
Tax charge	税項支出	48,716	35,914

27. Taxation (continued)

The weighted average applicable tax rate was 20.6% (2012: 16.2%).

Included in the tax losses as at 31 December 2013 was a loss of RMB26,220,000 (2012: RMB24,079,000) that will expire during the period from 2014 to 2018 (2012: 2013 to 2017), while other losses can be carried forward indefinitely. The deferred tax benefit of such tax losses has not been recognised as it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unutilised tax losses can be utilised, or the amounts attributable to specific subsidiaries are insignificant.

28. Net foreign exchange gains

The exchange differences charged in the consolidated income statement are included as follows:

27. 税項(續)

適用加權平均税率為20.6%(二零一二年:16.2%)。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日之税務虧損包括虧損 26,220,000元人民幣(二零一二年:24,079,000元 人民幣),結轉期將於2014年至2018年(二零一二年:二零一三年至二零一七年)間屆滿,其他虧損則 可無限期結轉。由於並不肯定未來有應課税溢利而 可以未動用之稅務虧損抵銷,或該金額對個別附屬 公司微不足道,因此上述稅務虧損之遞延稅項利益 並無確認入賬。

28. 匯兑收益淨額

在合併收益表中扣除的匯兑差額包括在下列項目內:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Other (losses)/gains – net (Note 23) Finance costs – net (Note 26)	其他(損失)/收益-淨額(附註23) 財務成本-淨額(附註26)	(4,932) 9,666	(86) 119
		4,734	33

29. Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company

The profit attributable to equity holders of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of RMB27,494,000 (2012: RMB21,480,000).

29. 溢利歸屬於本公司權益擁有者

溢利歸屬於本公司權益擁有者於本公司財務報表中處理的數額為27,494,000元人民幣(二零一二年: 21,480,000元人民幣)。

30. Earnings per share

Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

30. 每股盈利

基本

每股基本盈利乃根據歸屬於本公司擁有者之溢利, 除以年內已發行普通股的加權平均數目計算。

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	溢利歸屬於本公司擁有者	149,425	127,942
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)	已發行普通股的加權 平均數目(千計)	483,378	483,488
Basic earnings per share (RMB per share) 每股基本盈利(每股人民幣)	30.9 Cents仙	26.5 Cents仙

Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The dilutive potential ordinary shares of the Company mainly comprises the share options. A calculation is made in order to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average monthly market share price of the Company's shares) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options.

攤薄

每股攤薄盈利假設所有可攤薄的潛在普通股被兑換 後,根據已發行普通股的加權平均股數計算。本公 司可攤薄的潛在普通股主要包括購股權。根據未行 使購股權所附的認購權的貨幣價值,釐定按公允價 值(釐定為本公司股份的平均月度市價)可購入的股 份數目。按以上方式計算的股份數目,與假設購股 權行使而應已發行的股份數目作出比較。

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	溢利歸屬於本公司 擁有者	149,425	127,942
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands) Adjustments assuming the exercise of share options (thousands)	已發行普通股的加權平均數目 (千計) 假設購股權被行使 的調整(千計)	483,378 1,037	483,488 593
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for diluted earnings per share (thousands)	計算每股攤薄盈利 的普通股的加權 平均數目(千計)	484,415	484,081
Diluted earnings per share (RMB per share) 每股攤薄盈利(每股人民幣)	30.8 Cents仙	26.4 Cents仙

31. Dividends

31. 股息

A final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2013 of HK7.1 cents per share, totalling approximately of RMB27,174,000, is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting. These financial statements do not reflect such dividend payable.

於即將舉行之股東週年大會上,有關截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度擬派末期股息每股7.1港仙,合共約27,174,000元人民幣。財務報表並無反映此應付股息。

	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interim dividend paid of HK1.49 cents	5,729	3,951
Proposed final dividend of HK7.1 cents	27,174	16,013
	32,903	19,964

32. Cash generated from operations

32. 經營業務產生之現金

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	149,448	127,822
Adjustments for: - Taxation (Note 27) - Depreciation (Note 7) - Amortisation of:	調整項目: - 税項(附註27) - 折舊(附註7) - 攤銷以下各項:	48,716 38,555	35,914 34,750
Land use rights (Note 6) Intangible assets (Note 8) Provision for impairment of intangible	一土地使用權(附註6) 一無形資產(附註8) 一無形資產減值	231 7,905	231 9,320
assets (Note 8) - Provision for impairment of property,	一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一	-	2,353
plant and equipment (Note 7) - Loss on disposal of property,	(附註7) 一出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損	1,329	-
plant and equipment (see below) Interest income (Note 26) Interest expense on bank borrowings	一山 宣初来,	148 (6,947)	(6,761)
and government loans (Note 26) - Share of loss from an associate (Note 10) - Gain on disposal of investment in an	(附註26) 一享有聯營虧損份額(附註10) 一出售聯營投資之收益(附註10)	37,161 474	30,373 267
associate (Note 10) - Fair value losses/(gains) on derivative	一衍生金融工具的公允價值虧損/	(622)	-
financial instruments (Note 23)	(收益)(附註23)	1,427	(3,167)
Operating profit before working capital changes Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動前之經營溢利 營運資金變動:	277,825	231,103
 Inventories Trade and bills receivables Prepayments and other receivables Amount due from related companies 	一存貨 一應收賬款 一預付款及其他應收款 一應收關聯方款項	(34,410) (147,842) (22,143) (2,439)	36,623 (15,226) (3,307)
 Amount due from related companies Pledged bank deposits Trade payables and bills payable Accruals and other payables 	一 應收關聯乃於項 一已抵押銀行存款 一應付賬款及應付票據 一應計費用及其他應付款	66,179 (162,409) (1,212)	12,717 25,624 1,015
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	經營業務產生之現金	(26,451)	288,549

Cash generated from operations (continued)

In the consolidated cash flow statement, proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment comprise:

32. 經營業務產生之現金(續)

於合併現金流量表,出售物業、廠房及設備所得款 項包括以下各項:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net book amount (Note 7) Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	賬面淨值(附註7) 出售物業、廠房及設備 之虧損	155 (148)	118
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項	7	117

33. Commitments - Group

33. 承擔一集團

Capital commitments (a)

(a) 資本承擔

	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Capital commitments contracted but not 於報告期末已授權及已訂約 provided for at end of the reporting 的資本開支如下: period are as follows:		
- Construction-in-progress and property, plant and equipment - Product development projects - Land use rights (Note) - Other assets (Note 14) - 在建工程以及物業、廠房 及設備 - 産品開發計劃 - 土地使用權(附註) - 其他資產(附註14)	2,402 21,800 - 9,600	1,484 14,900 30,000
	33,802	46,384

As at 31 December 2013, the Group has no significant commitments authorised but not contracted for (2012: Nil).

In December 2012, the Group entered into an investment agreement with a local government body in Fujian, namely 福建漳州古雷港經濟開發區管委會, in regard to the construction locally of a plant in Gulei port for the production of petroleum products (the "Agreement"). According to the Agreement, the local government will grant the right to use a piece of land in Gulei port with a planned total area of 1,000 acres.

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團概無任何重 大資本承擔已獲批准但尚未簽合同。

附註:

於二零一二年十二月,本集團與福建一個地方政府機構(即福建 漳州古雷港經濟開發區管委會)訂立一份投資協議,涉及在古雷 港當地興建一座廠房,作生產石油化工品之用(「該協議」)。根 據該協議,當地政府會批出古雷港一幅總規劃面積1,000畝的土 地的使用權。

33. Commitments – Group (continued)

(a) Capital commitments (continued)

Note: (continued)

According to the original plan, the project will be carried out by means of different phases spreading over a number of years. The Group has to obtain the related land use rights and the price of the rights has to be determined by means of a public auction to be put by the local government. The first phase of the project will be conducted on the first piece of land with an approximate area of 300 acres. A deposit in relation to this first piece of land of RMB9 million was paid in January 2013. The deposit of the land use rights relating to the remaining 700 acres of RMB21 million was paid in August 2013. In accordance with the requirements of the relevant land administration, it is required to go through the tendering, auction and listing-for-sale procedures, which in turn will require the land to undergo the process of desilting and backfilling, and to obtain an environmental assessment. However, the initial location failed to meet neither of these requirements. In view of this, the Group has submitted an application to the local government body for selecting a new location. As at 31 December 2013, the application was pending a formal reply from the local government.

As on 31 December 2013, the Company has no capital commitment (2012: Nii).

(b) Operating lease commitments

The Group leases certain premises under non-cancellable operating lease agreements in respect of property, plant and equipment. The lease have varying terms, escalation clauses and renewal rights. The lease expenditure expensed in the consolidated income statement during the year is disclosed in Note 24.

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under noncancellable operating leases are as follows:

33. 承擔一集團(續)

(a) 資本承擔(續)

附註:(*續*)

按照原有計劃,項目會分多期進行,整項發展將為時數年之久。開展項目前,本集團亦須取得相關的土地使用權,而有關使用權的價格應循公開拍賣方式釐定,拍賣將由當地政府舉行。項目第一期工程將於第一幅土地上面積約300畝的地塊上進行。第一幅土地的按金人民幣9,000,000元已於二零一三年一月結付,餘下700畝地的土地使用權的按金為人民幣21,000,000元已於二零一三年八月支付。根據土地部門的規定,要進入招拍掛必須首先完成用地的清淤回填及環境評估,惟原有選址也未能符合以上兩項要求。有鑑於此,集團已向管委會提出申請重新選址。截至二零一三年十二月三十一日,該申請尚待政府正式批文回覆。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本公司概無任何資本承擔(二零 一二年:無)。

(b) 經營租約承擔

本集團根據多份不可撤銷的經營租賃協議租用若干物業、廠房及設備。該等租約之條款、租金調整條款及續約權利不一。年內於合併收益表支銷之租賃開支在附註24披露。

根據不可撤銷經營租賃,未來最低租賃付款總額如下:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later	不超過一年 超過一年但不超過五年	3,662	3,079
than 5 years		4,913	2,380
		8,575	5,459

As on 31 December 2013, the Company has no operating lease commitment (2012: Nil).

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團概無任何經 營租約承擔(二零一二年:無)。

Contingent liabilities - Group

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities.

As at 31 December 2013, the Company has provided corporate guarantees to support banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries amounting to RMB671,265,000 (2012: RMB509,987,000) among which RMB166,614,000 (2012: RMB208,525,000) has been utilised by the subsidiaries.

35. Related party transactions

The Company is 41% owned by Marietta Limited (incorporated in the British Virgin Islands) which is owned by Mr. Yang Yirong.

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

34. 或然負債-集團

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團概無任何重 大之或然負債。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本公司就授予某 些附屬公司671,265,000元人民幣(二零一二年: 509,987,000元人民幣)的銀行融資額度作出公司擔 保。於二零一三年十二月三十一日,附屬公司已使 用銀行方受額度166,614,000元人民幣(二零一二 年:208,525,000元人民幣)。

關聯方交易 35.

本公司之41%權益由一間楊毅融先生持有之英屬處 女群島註冊成立之公司-Marietta Limited擁有。

與關聯方進行的交易如下:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Sales of goods to an associate: Subcontracting fee payable to an associate Payments made on behalf of a related party	貨品銷售予一間聯營 應付一間聯營之加工費 代一個關聯方墊支	1,824 895 1,510	1,824 - -

In the opinion of the Directors, the above transactions were carried out in the normal course of the Group's business, and conducted at terms mutually agreed by the respective parties.

董事認為,上述交易乃於本集團正常業務過程中產 生,並按雙方同意之條款進行。

35. Related party transactions (continued)

35. 關聯方交易(續)

(a) Key management compensation

(a) 關鍵管理人員酬金

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	薪金及其他短期僱員 福利	9,613	9,189
Total	總計	9,613	9,189

(b) Amounts due from related companies

(b) 應收關聯方款項

	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amounts due from related companies 應收關聯方款項	2,439	-

As at 31 December 2013, the balances are unsecured, interest-free and are repayable on demand.

於二零一三年十二月三十一日, 款項為無抵押、免息及須應要求償還。

(c) Amount due to a director

The details of the amount due to a director are as follows:

(c) 應付一位董事款項

應付一位董事款項的詳情如下:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Mr. Yang Yirong	楊毅融先生	791	770

The amount due to a director is unsecured, non-interest bearing and is repayable on demand.

應付一位董事之款項為無抵押、免息及須應要求償還。

Five Year Financial Summary

五年財務概要

業績 Results

> Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2011 二零一一年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	728,494	908,251	1,074,688	1,057,371	1,227,295
Operating profit Finance costs Share of loss of an associate	經營溢利 財務成本 應佔聯營虧損	137,014 (16,036) –	164,083 (11,906) –	150,477 (8,599) (59)	187,496 (23,493) (267)	219,186 (20,548) (474)
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前溢利 税項	120,978 (13,296)	152,177 (22,108)	141,819 (23,084)	163,736 (35,914)	198,164 (48,716)
Profit for the year	年度溢利	107,682	130,069	118,735	127,822	149,448
Profit attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	溢利歸屬於: 本公司擁有者 非控制性權益	107,471 211	130,103 (34)	119,058 (323)	127,942 (120)	149,425 23
		107,682	130,069	118,735	127,822	149,448
Dividends	股息	15,553	19,017	18,395	19,964	32,903
Earnings per share (RMB cents) Basic Diluted	每股盈利(分人民幣) 基本 攤薄	23.1 22.9	28.0 27.3	24.6 24.4	26.5 26.4	30.9 30.8

Financial Positions

財務狀況

Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2011 二零一一年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current assets Current assets	非流動資產 流動資產	453,365 862,757	461,494 1,087,770	454,133 1,337,414	454,915 1,556,115	466,062 1,761,607
Total assets	資產總值	1,316,122	1,549,264	1,791,547	2,011,030	2,227,669
Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	非流動負債 流動負債	111,536 360,601	195,320 392,966	129,669 582,043	20,500 801,363	325,784 585,070
Total liabilities	負債總額	472,137	588,286	711,712	821,863	910,854
Net assets	資產淨值	843,985	960,978	1,079,835	1,189,167	1,316,815

Corporate Information

公司資料

Board of Directors

Executive Directors

Mr. Yang Yirong (Chairman & President)

Ms. Lu Jiahua Mr. Gong Xionghui Mr. Han Huan Guang Mr. Lin Zhigang

Non-executive Director

Mr. Feng Tao (Vice Chairman)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lau Wang Yip, Derrick Mr. Yau Fook Chuen Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John

Board Committees

Audit Committee

Mr. Yau Fook Chuen *(Chairman)* Mr. Lau Wang Yip, Derrick Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John (Chairman)

Mr. Lau Wang Yip, Derrick Mr. Yau Fook Chuen Ms. Lu Jiahua Mr. Han Huan Guang

Nomination Committee

Mr. Yang Yirong (Chairman) Mr. Lau Wang Yip, Derrick Mr. Yau Fook Chuen Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John Mr. Han Huan Guang

Company secretary

Mr. Lam Kwok Kin FCCA, FCPA

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers

董事會

執行董事

楊毅融先生(主席兼總裁)

盧家華女士 龔雄輝先生 韓歡光先生 林志剛先生

非執行董事

馮濤先生(副主席)

獨立非執行董事

劉宏業先生 丘福全先生 黃翼忠先生

董事委員會

審核委員會

丘福全先生(主席) 劉宏業先生 黃翼忠先生

薪酬委員會

黃翼忠先生(主席) 劉宏業先生 丘福全先生 盧家華女士 韓歡光先生

提名委員會

楊毅融先生(主席) 劉宏業先生 邱福全先生 黃翼忠先生 韓歡光先生

公司秘書

林國健先生 FCCA, FCPA

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

Registered office

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

Head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong

Suite 3706, 37th Floor Central Plaza 18 Harbour Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

Principal share registrar and transfer office

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 1093 Boundary Hall, Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

Principal bankers

Agricultural Bank of China Limited Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited Bank of China Limited China Citic Bank Corporation Limited China Merchants Bank Co. Limited China Minsheng Banking Corp. Limited China Citic Bank International Limited Hang Seng Bank, Limited Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited KBC Bank N.V. Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

總辦事處兼香港主要營業地點

香港灣仔 港灣道18號 中環廣場 37樓3706室

股份過戶登記總處

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 1093 Boundary Hall, Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

股份過戶登記處香港分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

主要往來銀行

中國農業銀行股份有限公司 澳新銀行集團有限公司 中國銀行股份有限公司 中信銀行股份有限公司 招商銀行股份有限公司 中國民生銀行股份有限公司 中信銀行(國際)有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 比利時聯合銀行 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司

www.gennexfm.com

Shareholder Information

股東資料

Listed on the Main Board of Listina:

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

since 9 March 2004

Stock Code: 2341 2 000 Board Lot: HK\$0.1 Par Value: Trading Currency: HK\$

Financial calendar 2014

Financial year ended 31 December 2013 25 March 2014 Full year results announced Register of members closed 27-28 May 2014

(for ascertaining shareholders' rights to attend

and vote at annual general meeting)

Annual general meeting
Ex-dividend date for final dividend Register of members closed

(for determining entitlement to final dividend)

Record date for final dividend Despatch of dividend warrants Interim results to be announced

12 June 2014 on or about 11 July 2014 end of August 2014*

28 May 2014

6 June 2014

10-12 June 2014

Final dividend

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of 7.1 HK cents per ordinary share in respect of the year ended 31 December 2013. Subject to shareholders' approval, the final dividend will be paid in cash to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Thursday, 12 June 2014.

Dividend warrants will be despatched to shareholders on or about Friday, 11 July 2014.

Closure of register of members for final dividend

For the purpose of determining the entitlement to the final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2013, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 10 June 2014 to Thursday, 12 June 2014, both days inclusive. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Hong Kong branch share registrar of the Company, Tricor Tengis Limited, not later than 4.30 p.m. on Monday, 9 June 2014.

Closure of register of members for annual general meeting

For the purpose of ascertaining the shareholders' rights of attending and voting at the forthcoming annual general meeting, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 27 May 2014 to Wednesday, 28 May 2014, both days inclusive. In order to be entitled to attend the annual general meeting, all completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Hong Kong branch share registrar of the Company, Tricor Tengis Limited, not later than 4.30 p.m. on Monday, 26 May 2014.

Shareholder services

For enquiries about share transfer and registration, please contact the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar:

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong Telephone: (852) 2980 1333 Facsimile: (852) 2810 8185

: is-enquiries@hk.tricorglobal.com

Holders of the Company's shares should notify the Hong Kong branch share registrar promptly of any change of addresses.

Investor relations

For enquiries relating to investor relations, please contact:

EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Group Limited Suite 3706, 37th Floor, Central Plaza 18 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong Telephone: (852) 2530 0609

Facsimile: (852) 2530 0619 : ecogreen@ecogreen.com

由一零零四年三月九日起 **上市**:

於香港聯合交易所有限公司

主板 上市 股份代號: 2341 晋曹單位: 2 000 面值: 0.1港元 交易貨幣: 港元

二零一四年財務行事曆

財政年度結算日 二零一三年十二月二十一日 全年業績公佈 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

(以釐定股東出席及 於股東週年大會上投票之權利) 股東调年大會

末期股息除息日期 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續 (以釐定獲派末期股息之權利)

末期股息記錄日期 寄發股息單 中期業績公佈

二零一四年五月二十八日 二零一四年六月六日 二零一四年六月十日至十二日

二零一四年六月十二日 二零一四年七月十一日或該日前後 二零一四年八月下旬

* 可予更改

末期股息

董事會建議派付截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度之末期股息 每股普通股7.1港仙。待股東批准後,末期股息將以現金方式派付予 於二零一四年六月十二日(星期四)名列於本公司股東名冊內之股東。

股息單將於二零一四年七月十一日(星期五)或該目前後寄發予股東。

就末期股息暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為釐定獲派截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度末期股息之權 利,本公司將於二零一四年六月十日(星期二)至二零一四年六月十 二日(星期四)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。為符 合資格獲取擬派之末期股息,所有填妥之股份過戶表格連同有關股 票,須於二零一四年六月九日(星期一)下午四時三十分前交回本公 司之股份過戶登記處香港分處卓佳登捷時有限公司。

就股東週年大會暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為釐定股東出席及於應屆股東週年大會上投票之權利,本公司將於 二零一四年五月二十七日(星期二)至二零一四年五月二十八日(星期 三)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。為符合資格出席應 屆股東週年大會,所有填妥之股份過戶表格連同有關股票,須於二 零一四年五月二十六日(星期一)下午四時三十分前交回本公司之股 份過戶登記處香港分處卓佳登捷時有限公司。

股東服務

任何有關股份過戶及登記之查詢,請聯絡本公司之股份過戶登記處 香港分處:

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港灣仔 皇后大道東183號

合和中心22樓 電話: (852) 2980 1333 傳真: (852) 2810 8185

電邸: is-enquiries@hk.tricorglobal.com

持有本公司股票之人士,若更改地址,請盡快通知本公司之股份過 戶登記處香港分處。

投資者關係

仟何有關投資者關係之杳詢,請聯絡:

中怡精細化工集團有限公司 香港灣仔港灣道18號 電話: (852) 2530 0609 傳真: (852) 2530 0619 電郵:ecogreen@ecogreen.com

^{*} subject to change



EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Group Limited 中怡精細化工集團有限公司* (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

Suite 3706, 37th Floor, Central Plaza, 18 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong 香港灣仔港灣道 18 號中環廣場 37 樓 3706 室

Tel 電話 : 2530 0609 Fax 傳真 : 2530 0619 www.ecogreen.com

* For identification purposes only

* 僅供識別