For the Year Ended 31 $^{\rm st}$ March, 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 ANNUAL REPORT 年 報 2013/14

長江製衣有限公司 YANGTZEKIANG GARMENT LIMITED

股份代號 Stock code: 294

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CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

Executive Director Chan Sui Kau, GBM, GBS, JP – Chairman Chan Wing Fui, Peter, MA – Vice Chairman Chan Wing Kee, GBS, OBE, JP – Managing Director Chan Wing To, PhD – Deputy Managing Director Chan Suk Man, MSc Chan Wing Sun, Samuel, FCA Chan Suk Ling, Shirley, JP So Ying Woon, Alan	董事會 執行董事 陳瑞球(主席) 陳永奎(副主席) 陳永棋(董事總經理) 陳永滔(副董事總經理) 劉陳淑文 陳永燊 周陳淑玲 蘇應垣
Independent Non-executive Director Leung Hok Lim, FCPA(Aust.), CPA(Macau), FCPA(Practising) Lin Keping Sze Cho Cheung, Michael, GBS, CBE, ISO, JP Choi Ting Ki	<i>獨立非執行董事</i> 梁學濂 林克平 施祖祥 蔡廷基
AUDIT COMMITTEE Leung Hok Lim – Chairman Lin Keping Sze Cho Cheung, Michael Choi Ting Ki	審核委員會 梁學濂 <i>(主席)</i> 林克平 施祖祥 蔡廷基
REMUNERATION COMMITTEE Sze Cho Cheung, Michael – Chairman Chan Wing Fui, Peter Chan Wing Kee Leung Hok Lim Lin Keping Choi Ting Ki	薪酬委員會 施祖祥(主席) 陳永生 陳永棋 梁學濂 林克平 蔡廷基
NOMINATION COMMITTEE Leung Hok Lim – Chairman Chan Wing Fui, Peter Chan Wing Kee Lin Keping Sze Cho Cheung, Michael Choi Ting Ki	提名委員會 梁學濂 <i>(主席)</i> 陳永笙 陳永棋 林克平 施祖祥 蔡廷基
PRINCIPAL BANKERS The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited	主要往來銀行 香港上海匯豐銀行有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司
SOLICITORS	律師
Mayer Brown JSM	孖士打律師行
AUDITORS KPMG Certified Public Accountants	核數師 畢馬威會計師事務所 <i>執業會計師</i>
COMPANY SECRETARY	公司秘書
Hui Sau Ling, FCCA CPA	許秀玲
REGISTERED OFFICE	註冊辦事處
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SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE	股份登記及過戶處
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CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

GROUP RESULTS

Turnover of the Group for the current year of 2013/14 decreased to HK\$1,074,132,000 (2012/13: HK\$1,333,068,000) and the overall net profit was HK\$11,199,000 (2012/13: HK\$55,746,000).

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

The overall net profit for the Group dropped by 80% to HK\$11,199,000 (2012/13: HK\$55,746,000) while the result of our garment business recorded an operating loss of HK\$8,499,000 (2012/13: a gain of HK\$39,273,000). The loss of our core business was offset by the profits earned from our investments in the joint ventures in Wuxi.

Our garment manufacturing plants in Guigang (Guangxi) and Panyu (Guangzhou) China had incurred huge losses. The unsatisfactory results were mainly attributed to the escalating costs of manufacturing and a further provision of redundancy cost during the year. In order to reduce losses in the coming year, the management will continue to cut expenses, maximize resources, reduce waste and further layoff of workers. It is hoped that with all these measures, the results for the coming year would be drastically improved.

In Bangladesh, our factory – Lavender Garment Limited had recorded minimal gain for the year under review. The management expects breakeven results for the year to come due to the increase of manufacturing costs from wage hike and compliance with much stricter safety requirements. Our joint venture garment factory in Myanmar manufacturing mainly casual and dress shirts will start production from mid August 2014. We expect a start-up loss for this factory due to the short financial period to be taken into account. Our investments in the joint ventures in Wuxi had a profitable year but the management expects the results to be only breakeven for next year due to the drop in cotton prices and down turn in demand for high end yarn.

集團業績

本集團之二零一三/一四年度營業額減少至 I,074,I32,000港元(二零一二/一三年度: I,333,068,000港元)及整體純利為II,I99,000港元(二零一二/一三年度:55,746,000港元)。

業務回顧及展望

本集團之整體純利下跌80%至11,199,000港元(二零一二/一三年度:55,746,000港元),而本集團之成衣業務業績則錄得經營虧損8,499,000港元(二零一二/一三年度:溢利39,273,000港元)。本集團核心業務之虧損由本集團於無錫合營企業之投資賺取的溢利所彌補。

本集團於中國廣西貴港市及廣州番禺之成 衣製造工廠錄得龐大虧損。業績未如理想 主要由於本年度內製造成本攀升以及進一 步就裁員成本進行撥備所致。為減少來年 之虧損,管理層將會繼續減省開支、最大限 度地運用資源、減少浪費及進一步減少工 人數目。希望實行此等措施後,來年之業績 會顯著改善。

本集團於孟加拉的工廠Lavender Garment Limited,於回顧年度內錄得輕微利潤。管理層預期,因提高工資及須遵守更為嚴格之安全規定而導致製造成本上升,來年之業績將為收支平衡。本集團在緬甸之衣合營工廠將由二零一四年八月中起投入產,該工廠乃主要製造便服及襯衫。本集團預期,考慮到財政期間較短,故該工廠於至期,考慮到財政期間較短,故該工廠於或立初期將會錄得虧損。本集團於無緣於當之業之投資於本年度錄得溢利,由於棉花價格下降及對高檔紗線之需求減少,來年之業績預期將僅為收支平衡。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

OUTLOOK

For the coming year, the management expects our core garment business to improve due to slight recovery in the U.S. and EU markets plus the huge reduction in manufacturing costs in China after the substantial layoff of workers in the year under review. Despite the above, the management believes that our garment business will continue to be difficult in the long run.

APPRECIATION

I would like, on behalf of the Board and shareholders, to express our appreciation to the Company's employees for their hard work and loyal service to the Company during the past year.

By Order of the Board

Chan Sui Kau

Chairman

Hong Kong, 17 June 2014

前景

在未來一年,由於美國及歐盟市場輕微復 甦,加上在中國之製造成本因於回顧年度 內大幅裁減工人數目後將大幅降低,管理 層預期,本集團之核心成衣業務將會有所 改善。儘管以上所述,管理層相信,本集團 之成衣業務在長遠而言將會持續困難。

鳴謝

本人謹代表董事會及全體股東向本公司之 僱員在過去一年內所付出之努力及盡忠職 守深表謝意。

承董事會命 *主席* 陳瑞球

香港,二零一四年六月十七日

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS管理層討論與分析

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Group's turnover for the year ended 31 March 2014 was HK\$1,074,132,000 compared with HK\$1,333,068,000 of the year before, and the Group's profit for the year was HK\$11,199,000 compared with previous year's HK\$55,746,000.

GARMENT BUSINESS

Yangtzekiang Garment Limited and Hong Kong Knitters Limited are the two names that we use to operate our garment business. We manufacture a wide variety of products that include men's and ladies' shirts, trousers, shorts, polo shirts, T-shirts, jackets and knitted outerwear, etc. Hong Kong is our Group's headquarters that handles all garment businesses including manufacturing, trading and sourcing. We have factories in China (Guigang and Panyu), Bangladesh and Myanmar. Besides Hong Kong and places where we have factories, we also have offices in many parts of China (Dongguan, Hangzhou, Wuxi and Shanghai). These offices not only provide supports to our own factories, but also monitor and liaise with our subcontractors and business partners in the areas.

Our garment manufacturing operation in China remains difficult. We now have two factories in Guigang (Guangxi, China) which produce pants, shorts and a small amount of knitted polo shirts. In Panyu we are still keeping a unit for most of our knitted polo shirts business. All the adverse factors such as lack of sewing workers, uneven spread of orders, increase of manufacturing costs and government taxes etc. continue to affect our productions and profit margins. Through tight control of expenses and further layoffs, the management hopes that the results for the coming year will drastically improve.

The results of our factory in Bangladesh – Lavender Garment Limited had recorded minimal gain for the year under review. The lesser than expected profits was caused by extra freight costs from delayed shipments after the turmoil happened last year and the increase of minimum wages by 77% in December 2013. With the collapse of a factory building in April 2013, all factories are required to comply with the strict building, electrical and fire safety codes. This will add extra labour and financial costs to the company, and coupled with the increase of our manufacturing costs due to the minimum wage hike, the management expects a breakeven result for the year to come.

經營業績

本集團截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度之營業額為I,074,I32,000港元,而去年之營業額為I,333,068,000港元,及本年度本集團溢利為II,199,000港元,對比去年為55,746,000港元。

成衣業務

本集團主要以長江製衣有限公司及香港織 造有限公司之名義經營成衣業務。本集團 生產之產品廣泛,包括男士及女士恤衫、長 褲、短褲、polo恤、T恤、大衣及針織外外 等。本集團之總部位於香港,負責處理所有 成衣業務,包括製造、貿易及採購。本集團 在中國(貴港及番禺)、孟加拉及緬甸安外 在中國(貴港及番禺)、孟加拉及緬甸方外、 基本集團亦在中國多個地方(東莞、杭州、 等。 。該等辦事處不算關 、 基本集團本身之工廠提供支援,還監察有關 地區之加工廠及業務伙伴以及與彼等聯絡。

我們在中國的成衣製造業務經營仍然困難。本集團目前在中國廣西貴港市擁有兩間工廠,生產長褲、短褲及少量針織polo恤。在番禺,本集團仍保留一個營運單位,負責大部分針織polo恤業務。各項不利因素(例如欠缺編織工人、訂單分佈不均、製造成本上漲以及政府稅項等)繼續影響到本集團之生產及邊際利潤。透過緊密控制開支及進一步精簡人手,管理層希望來年之業績將會顯著改善。

本集團於孟加拉的工廠Lavender Garment Limited,於回顧年度內錄得輕微利潤。溢利較預期為少乃由於去年發生動亂後因延遲付運所帶來之額外運輸成本以及最低工資於二零一三年十二月增加77%所致。在一幢工廠大樓於二零一三年四月倒塌後,所有工廠均須符合嚴格的建築物、電力及消防安全守則。這將導致本公司增加額外之人力及財務成本,再加上提高最低工資導致本集團之製造成本上升,管理層預期,來年之業績將為收支平衡。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論與分析

To combat the ever increasing production costs in China and Bangladesh, we have set up a joint venture factory in Myanmar which will begin production from mid August 2014. This factory is catered for the production of casual and dress shirts. Garment industry in Myanmar, in general, is thriving due to duty free to EU, elimination of sanction from the U.S. and the unrests in neighboring countries such as Bangladesh and Vietnam. As a result, the manufacturing costs have risen 10% and a shortage of labour is inevitable. The management expects a loss for the coming year due to the short accounting period.

OTHER BUSINESS

Wuxi No. I Cotton Investment Co., Ltd. in which we have a 49% shareholding is a joint venture that owns several textiles related companies in Wuxi, China ("Wuxi Group"). The core business of the Wuxi Group is the production of medium range to high end yarns. The Group benefited from lower cost cotton bought in previous years and recorded remarkable profits for the first half of the year under review. In the second half of the year the decrease in cotton prices and reduce in demand of high end yarns caused a substantial decrease in our profitability. The management will closely monitor the subsequent effects and make strategic changes accordingly. The Group expects a breakeven result for the year to come.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL POSITION

During the year under review, the Group's operations continued to be financed by the internal resources and bank borrowings.

As at 31 March 2014, the cash and bank balances of the Group were approximately HK\$275,070,000 (2013: HK\$270,015,000). As at 31 March 2014 and 2013, the Group did not have any short term borrowings and long term borrowings.

The Group adopts a prudent policy to hedge the fluctuation of foreign exchange rates. As most of the Group's sales, purchases, cash and bank balances and bank borrowings are denominated in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars, Euros, Pound Sterling or Renminbi, the Group may enter into forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge its receivables and payables denominated in the above foreign currencies against the exchange rate fluctuation when the exposure is significant. As at 31 March 2014, the Group has foreign exchange contracts hedging forecast transactions with a net fair value of HK\$79,000, recognised as derivative financial liabilities (2013: HK\$52,000, recognised as derivative financial assets).

為應付在中國及孟加拉不斷上升之生產成本,本集團在緬甸成立了一間合營工廠,將由二零一四年八月中起投入生產。該工廠乃用作生產便服及襯衫。由於對歐盟出口免稅、美國撤銷制裁以及鄰近國家如孟加拉及越南局勢不穩,緬甸之成衣業大體向好。因此,製造成本已上升10%,且無可避免會出現勞工短缺。管理層預期,由於會計期間較短,故來年將會錄得虧損。

其他業務

無錫一棉投資有限公司為本集團擁有49%股權之合營企業(「無錫集團」),在中國無錫擁有多間紡織相關公司。無錫集團之核心業務為生產中檔至高檔紗線。本集團受惠於以前年度購入之低成本棉花,於回顧年度上半年錄得可觀溢利。於本年度下半年,棉花價格下降及對高檔紗線之需求減少導致本集團之溢利大幅減少。管理層將會密切監察往後之影響,並將據此作出策略性變動。本集團預期,來年之業績將為收支平衡。

流動資金及資本來源

於回顧年度內,本集團仍以其內部資源及 銀行貸款作為營運資金。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團之現金及銀行結餘約為275,070,000港元(二零一三年:270,015,000港元)。於二零一四年及二零一三年三月三十一日,本集團並沒有任何短期借貸及長期借貸。

本集團採用審慎政策以對沖匯率波動。由 於本集團大部份銷售、採購、現金及銀行結 餘及銀行貸款均主要以港元、美元、歐羅、 英鎊或人民幣結算,當風險重大時,本集團 或會就以上外幣結算之應收及應付款訂立 遠期合約,以對沖外匯波動。於二零一四 年三月三十一日,本集團用以對沖預期交 易之遠期外匯合約之公平價值淨額為79,000 港元,並已確認為衍生金融負債(二零一三 年:52,000港元,確認為衍生金融資產)。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論與分析

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 March 2014, none of the assets of the Group was pledged.

EMPLOYMENT AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 March 2014, the Group, including its subsidiaries but excluding its associates and joint ventures, employed approximately 4,400 employees. Remuneration packages are determined by reference to employees' performance and the prevailing salary levels in the market. In addition, the Group provides year end double pay, provident fund scheme, medical insurance and training to staff.

資產抵押

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團並無 以任何資產作抵押。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零一四年三月三十一日,除聯營公司 及合營企業外,本集團(包括其附屬公司) 聘用約4,400名僱員。薪酬組合乃參照員工 之表現及市場當時之薪金水平而釐定。此 外,本集團為僱員提供年終雙薪、公積金計 劃、醫療保險及培訓。

The directors have pleasure in submitting their annual report together with the audited financial statements of Yangtzekiang Garment Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2014.

董事會同寅欣然提呈長江製衣有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(「本集團」),截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度之年報及經審核賬目。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Group are the manufacture and sale of garments and textiles, provision of processing services and rental of properties. The principal activities and other particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 16 to the financial statements.

The analysis of the principal activities and geographical locations of the operations of the Group during the financial year are set out in note 12 to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The profit of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2014 and the state of the Company's and the Group's affairs as at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 34 to 149.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the Company's share capital during the year are set out in note 27(c) to the financial statements. These movements include the automatic inclusion of the amounts standing to the share premium account and the capital redemption reserve in share capital as from 3 March 2014 in accordance with section 37 of Schedule 11 to the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), as part of the transition to the no-par value regime.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

Profits attributable to equity shareholders of the Company, before dividends, for the year ended 31 March 2014 of HK\$11,920,000 (2013: HK\$53,082,000) have been transferred to reserves. Other movements in reserves are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

The directors now recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK3 cents (2013: HK5 cents) per ordinary share in respect of the year ended 31 March 2014.

主要業務

本集團之主要業務是製造及銷售成衣及紡織品、提供加工服務和物業租賃。本公司附屬公司之主要業務及其他詳情載於財務報表附註16。

本集團於本財政年度之主要業務及業務經營地區分析載於財務報表附註12。

財務報表

本集團截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年 度之溢利及本公司和本集團於該日之財務 狀況載於第34頁至第149頁之財務報表內。

股本

本公司年內之股本變動詳情載於財務報表 附註27(c)。由二零一四年三月三日起按新 香港公司條例(第622章)附表II第37條,這 些變動包括自動將股份溢價賬和股本贖回 儲備之金額列入股本中,為過渡至無面值 股份制度的一部分。

轉入儲備的數額

二零一四年三月三十一日止年度本公司股權持有人應佔溢利(未扣除股息)II,920,000港元(二零一三年:53,082,000港元)已轉入儲備。儲備的其他變動載於綜合權益變動表。

董事會現建議派發截至二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度之末期股息每股普通股3港 仙(二零一三年:5港仙)。

FIXED ASSETS

Details of the movements in fixed assets during the year are set out in note 13 to the financial statements.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

Charitable donations made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$30,000 (2013: HK\$20,000).

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The information in respect of the Group's sales and purchases attributable to the major customers and suppliers respectively during the financial year is as follows:

固定資產

固定資產年內之變動詳情載於財務報表附 註13。

慈善捐款

本集團年內之慈善捐款為30,000港元(二零 一三年:20,000港元)。

主要客戶及主要供應商

於本財政年度內主要客戶及供應商佔本集 團之總銷售額及採購額分析如下:

Percentage of the Group's total

佔本集團總額

		2014 2013		013	
		二零	₹一四年	二零一三年	
		Sales	Purchases	Sales	Purchases
		銷售	採購	銷售	採購
The largest customer	最大客戶	15%		19%	
Five largest customers in	首五大客戶合計				
aggregate		44%		47%	
The largest supplier	最大供應商		7%		7%
Five largest suppliers in	首五大供應商合計				
aggregate			25%		23%

At no time during the year have the directors, their associates or any shareholder of the Company (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had any interest in these major customers and suppliers.

各董事、彼等之聯繫人士或任何股東(就董事會所知擁有本公司股本5%以上者)在本年度任何時間內並無擁有上述主要客戶或供應商之權益。

DIRECTORS

The present directors of the Company are listed on page 2 to the annual report.

Pursuant to Article 104 of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Chan Wing Sun, Samuel, Madam Chan Suk Ling, Shirley, Mr. Leung Hok Lim and Mr. Lin Keping, will retire from the Board by rotation and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

The Company confirms that it has received from each of the independent non-executive directors an annual confirmation of their respective independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("the Stock Exchange") ("the Listing Rules") and the Company considers the independent non-executive directors to be independent.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the directors who offered themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company has entered into any service contract with the Company or any other member of the Group which is not determinable by the relevant employer within one year without payment of compensation, other than normal statutory obligations.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Apart from the connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules as set out amongst other related party transactions in note 31 to the financial statements, no contract of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

董事

本公司之現任董事芳名載於本年報第2頁。

根據本公司組織章程細則第104條,陳永燊 先生、周陳淑玲女士、梁學濂先生及林克平 先生將輪值告退,惟彼等有資格並願意於即 將召開之本公司股東週年大會上膺選連任。

本公司確認已收到各位獨立非執行董事根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條有關其獨立性的年度確認函件,且本公司認為獨立非執行董事具有獨立身份。

董事服務合約

擬於即將召開之本公司股東週年大會上願 意膺選連任之董事,概無與本公司或本集團 任何成員公司於一年內不可在不予賠償(除 一般法定賠償外)之情況下由僱主終止之尚 未屆滿的服務合約。

董事之合約權益

除根據上市規則第14A章所列之關連交易並 載於財務報表附註3I內有關其他關連人士 交易詳情外,本公司各董事概無於本公司 或其任何附屬公司所訂立,而在本年度結 算日或年內任何時間仍屬有效之重大合約 中佔有重大權益。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

(a) As at 31 March 2014, the interests and short positions of the directors and their associates in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("the Model Code") and which were required to be entered in the register kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO were as follows:

董事之股份權益

(a) 於二零一四年三月三十一日,本公司 各董事及彼等之聯繫人士於本公司或 任何聯營公司(按證券及期貨條例(「證 券條例」)第XV部之涵義)之股份、相 關股份及債券中擁有根據證券條例第 XV部第7及8分部、上市公司董事進行 證券交易標準守則(「標準守則」))之規 定須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡 倉(包括彼等根據該等證券條例規定被 視作或當作擁有之權益及淡倉),並須 登記於根據證券條例第352條存置之登 記冊之權益及淡倉如下:

Number of ordinary shares

普通股股份數目

		Personal	Family	Corporate	Other
		interests	interests	interests	interests
Name of director	董事姓名	個人權益	家族權益	公司權益	其他權益
Chan Sui Kau	陳瑞球	4,324,696	3,999,354	5,611,230	(i)
Chan Wing Fui, Peter	陳永奎	486,102	8,367,130	_	(i) & (ii)
Chan Wing Kee	陳永棋	8,589,624	208,356	_	(i), (ii) & (iii)
Chan Wing To	陳永滔	12,042,054	_	_	(i), (ii) & (iii)
Chan Wing Sun, Samuel	陳永燊	6,089,244	250,000	3,293,080	(i) & (ii)
Chan Suk Ling, Shirley	周陳淑玲	4,369,816	524,000		(i) & (ii)
Chan Suk Man	劉陳淑文	3,355,442	_	_	(i), (ii) & (iii)
So Ying Woon, Alan	蘇應垣	12,000		_	_
Leung Hok Lim	梁學濂	_	_	_	_
Lin Keping	林克平	_	_	_	_
Sze Cho Cheung, Michael	施祖祥	_	_	_	_
Choi Ting Ki	蔡廷基	_	_	_	_

(a) (continued)
Notes:

- (i) 48,032,240 shares of the Company were held by Chan Family Investment Corporation Ltd. (which is owned by Messrs Chan Sui Kau, Chan Wing Fui, Peter, Chan Wing Kee, Chan Wing To, Chan Wing Sun, Samuel, Madam Chan Suk Ling, Shirley and Madam Chan Suk Man and other members of the Chan Family) and its subsidiaries.
- (ii) 1,577,388 shares of the Company were held by Hearty Development Limited which is indirectly owned by Messrs Chan Wing Fui, Peter, Chan Wing Kee, Chan Wing To, Chan Wing Sun, Samuel, Madam Chan Suk Ling, Shirley and Madam Chan Suk Man and other members of the Chan Family.
- (iii) 2,383,500 shares of the Company were held by Super Team International Limited which is indirectly owned by Messrs Chan Wing Kee, Chan Wing To, Madam Chan Suk Man and other members of the Chan Family.
- (b) Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2014, none of the directors or their associates, had, under Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, nor were they taken to or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO, any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) or any interests which are required to be entered into the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO or any interests which are required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

(a) *(續) 附註:*

- (i) 合共48,032,240股本公司股份乃由 Chan Family Investment Corporation Ltd. (由陳瑞球先生、陳永奎先生、 陳永棋先生、陳永滔先生、陳永燊先 生、周陳淑玲女士及劉陳淑文女士及 其他陳氏家族成員擁有)及其附屬公 司所持有。
- (ii) 合共1,577,388股本公司股份乃由 Hearty Development Limited持有。該 公司由陳永奎先生、陳永棋先生、陳 永滔先生、陳永燊先生、周陳淑玲女 士及劉陳淑文女士及其他陳氏家族成 員間接擁有。
- (iii) 合共2,383,500股本公司股份乃由Super Team International Limited持有。該公司由陳永棋先生、陳永滔先生、劉陳 淑文女士及其他陳氏家族成員間接擁 有。
- (b) 除上文所披露外,於二零一四年三月 三十一日,各董事或彼等之聯繫人士 概無於本公司或任何聯營公司(按證券 條例第XV部之涵義)之股份、相關股 份或債券中擁有或被視作擁有根據證 券條例第XV部第7及8分部之任何權益 或淡倉而須登記於本公司根據證券條 例第352條存置之登記冊之任何權益, 或根據標準守則之規定須知會本公司 及聯交所之任何權益。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS

Other than the interests disclosed in the section "Directors' Interests In Shares" in respect of the directors, the following shareholder had interests in 5% or more of the ordinary shares of the Company in issue as at 31 March 2014, according to the register of interests and short positions required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO:

主要股東及其他人士權益

於二零一四年三月三十一日,除在上述「董事之股份權益」所披露之權益外,根據證券條例第336條規定存置之股份權益及淡倉登記冊所示,持有本公司已發行普通股股份5%或以上權益之股東記錄如下:

			Number of	Percentage of
			ordinary	ordinary shares
			shares held	in issue
Name of		Capacity	持有普通股	佔已發行普通股
shareholder	股東名稱	權益性質	股份數目	股份百分比
Guangzhou Textiles Industry & Trade Holdings Ltd.	廣州紡織工貿企業 集團有限公司	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	I5,8I4,000 <i>(note)</i> <i>(附註)</i>	7.65%

Note: The shares were directly held by Yue Xiu Textiles Co., Ltd., a 100% owned subsidiary of Guangzhou Textiles Industry & Trade Holdings Ltd.

附註: 股份由廣州紡織工貿企業集團有限公司 之全資擁有附屬公司越秀紡織品有限公 司直接持有。

Save as disclosed above, no other interests required to be recorded in the register kept under section 336 of the SFO have been notified to the Company. 除上述者外,本公司並無獲知會任何其他 須記錄在根據證券條例第336條規定存置之 登記冊的權益。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On 23 September 2004, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") which will remain in force until 22 September 2014. Pursuant to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, the Company may grant options to directors and employees of the Group and other eligible participants to subscribe for shares in the Company, provided that the total number of shares in the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company does not exceed 10% of the ordinary shares of the Company in issue at the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme, which was 14,024,579 shares. On 19 September 2006, it was approved in the annual general meeting that the maximum number of options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme was increased to 21,036,868 shares, representing 10% of the total number of ordinary shares in issue on that day.

購股權計劃

於二零零四年九月二十三日,本公司採納購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),購股權計劃」),購股權計劃」),購股權計劃上日百有效,直至二零一四年九月二十二日到期。根據購股權計劃之條款,本公與與實事及僱員及其他合資格參數權,以認購本公司股份,惟根計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃之所有購股權獲行使時,為此發行計劃及本公司已發行普通股股份之10%,即上日之股東週年大會上,獲批准增加購股權限額增至21,036,868股,即當日已發行普通股股份之10%。

No options were granted under the Share Option Scheme during the year.

年內並無根據購股權計劃授出任何購股權。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Details of connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules are set out amongst other related party transactions in note 31(a) to the financial statements. As certain directors and their associates are collectively the controlling shareholders (as defined in the Listing Rules) of YGM Trading Limited and its subsidiaries ("YGMT Group") and the Group, the related party transactions constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Of these, sales of garment products to YGMT Group and rental income received and receivable from YGMT Group constitute the connected transactions to be disclosed as defined under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Other transactions with YGMT Group are exempt from the disclosure requirements in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

In the opinion of the independent non-executive directors, these transactions were entered into by the Group:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of its business;
- (ii) conducted either on normal commercial terms (which expression will be applied by reference to transactions of a similar nature and to be made by similar entities) or where there is no available comparison, on terms that are fair and reasonable so far as the independent shareholders of the Company are concerned;
- (iii) in accordance with the terms of the agreements governing the transactions; and
- (iv) in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group, where applicable.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued his unqualified letter containing his findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

There are no other connected transactions which are required to be disclosed in this report in accordance with the requirements of Chapter I4A of the Listing Rules.

關連交易

根據上市規則第I4A章所列之關連交易與其他關連人士交易的詳情均載於財務報表附註3I(a)內。若干董事及彼等之聯繫人士同時為YGM貿易有限公司及其附屬公司(「YGMT集團」)及本集團之控股股東(定義見上市規則),根據上市規則第I4A章,該等關連交易或持續關連交易以持續關連交易或持續關連交易或持續關連交易以其中,向YGMT集團組金收入構成根據上市規則第I4A章所述,為須予披露之關連交易為獲豁免不須遵照上市規則第I4A章之規定予以披露。

本公司之獨立非執行董事認為,本集團所 進行之關連交易均:

- (i) 於一般及日常業務過程中進行;
- (ii) 按正常商業條款(所指之「正常商業條 款」將參考與類似機構進行性質相若之 交易時所依據之條款)或倘並無可供比 較之條款,則按對本公司之獨立股東 而言屬公平合理之條款進行;
- (iii) 符合規管該等交易之協議條款;及
- (iv) 根據集團之定價政策(如有)進行。

本公司已外聘核數師,遵照香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港鑒證業務準則》第3000號「歷史財務信息非審核或審閱的鑒證業務」,並參考《實務說明》第740號「關於香港上市規則所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」,就本集團的持續關連交易作出彙報。核數師已根據《上市規則》第14A章出具披露本集團持續關連交易的結論的無保留意見函件。本公司已將該函件副本呈交香港聯交所。

概沒有其他關連交易須根據上市規則第I4A 章所規定須於本報表中披露。

RETIREMENT SCHEMES

Particulars of the retirement schemes of the Group are set out in note 24 to the financial statements.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

To comply with the Code of Best Practice as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, the Company has set up an audit committee (the "Committee") with written terms of reference, for the purposes of reviewing and providing supervision on the financial reporting process and internal control of the Group. The Committee comprises four independent non-executive directors.

FIVE YEAR SUMMARY

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 151 to 152 of the annual report.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, as at the date of this report, there is sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's shares in issue as required under the Listing Rules.

AUDITORS

KPMG retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

By Order of the Board

Chan Sui Kau

Chairman

Hong Kong, 17 June 2014

退休計劃

本集團退休計劃之詳情載於財務報表附註 24。

審核委員會

根據上市規則附錄14所載之最佳應用守則之 規定,本公司已成立一個審核委員會(「委 員會」)並已備妥職權範圍書,藉以檢討及 監察本集團之財務申報程序及內部控制事 務。委員會成員包括四名獨立非執行董事。

五年概要

本集團在過去五個財政年度之業績及資產 與負債概要載於本年報第151頁至152頁。

公眾持股量

根據本公司獲得之公開資料並就本公司董事所知,本公司於刊發本年報之日已維持公眾持股量不少於上市規則規定之公司已發行股份之25%。

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所依章告退,惟願膺選連任。在即將召開之本公司股東週年大會 上,董事會將提呈決議案,動議續聘畢馬威 會計師事務所為本公司核數師。

承董事會命 *主席* 陳瑞球

香港,二零一四年六月十七日

The board of directors (the "Board") of the Company is dedicated to uphold a high corporate governance standard. The Board firmly believes that the principles of transparency, accountability and independence are essential for protecting the interests of the Company and maximizing shareholder value.

本公司董事會(「董事會」)致力維持高水平之企業管治。董事會堅信,透明、問責和獨立三項原則對於保障本公司之利益及提升股東之價值至為重要。

The Company has complied with the code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules") throughout the financial year ended 31 March 2014, except for the deviation from code provision A.4.1 of the Code, pursuant to which the non-executive directors of the Company should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The non-executive directors of Company are not appointed for a specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election requirements at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with Articles 95 and 104 of the Company's articles of association.

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止財政年度 內,本公司已採納香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄14所載之《企業管治守則》(「守則」)適用 的守則條文規定,惟守則之守則條文A.4.I 項之偏離除外,據此,本公司的非執行董事 應有特定明確任期,並可膺選連任。本公司 的非執行董事並無特定明確任期,彼等須依 據本公司的公司組織章程第95條及第104條 於本公司股東週年大會上輪值告退及重選。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is committed to act in good faith in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. The Board sets the Group's overall objectives and strategic directions, monitors and evaluates its operating and financial performance. It also decides on matters relating to annual and interim results, audited financial statements, notifiable transactions, appointment and re-appointment of directors, major acquisitions and disposals, material contracts, risk management, major financings and borrowings, accounting and dividends policies. The Board delegates day-to-day operations of the Company to the management of the Group and also instructs the management to implement the Board's decisions and resolutions. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

The Board comprises eight executive directors and four independent non-executive directors. The number of independent non-executive directors represents at least one-third of the Board in accordance with Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules. The independent non-executive directors bring a diverse range of expertise, skills and experience to provide effective guidance and an outside perspective to all major decisions of the Group.

Details of backgrounds and qualifications of the directors as well as relationships between them are set out in the section of "Directors and Management".

董事會

董事會致力以誠、以公司及股東整體利益
為最優先的考慮因素。董事會為本集團
立整體目標及策略方向、監督及評估其宜包
運及財務表現。由董事會作決策之事,宜包
括年度及中期業績、經審核財務報表,與實理不之交易、董事委任及續任、主要財務及出售、重大合約、風險管理、主要財務及開管理層負責本公司日常營運,並指示董事會之決策及決議。此外,董事會所將若干責任下放審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。

董事會包括八名執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事。獨立非執行董事的數目根據上市規則第3.10A條須至少為董事會成員的三分之一。獨立非執行董事帶來多方面的專業知識、技能和經驗,為本集團提供有效指引,並為本集團面對的所有重大決策帶來局外的觀點。

董事背景及資歷與其關係載於「董事及管理 人員」一節。

The Board, Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee had held 4, 3, 2 and I meetings respectively in the year under review.

The attendance at the Board and respective Board committees meetings held in the year ended 31 March 2014 are as follows:

董事會、審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委 員會曾於回顧年度分別舉行了四次、三次、 兩次及一次會議。

董事會及各董事委員會於截至二零一四年 三月三十一日止年度內所舉行會議之出席 記錄載列如下:

						Annual
			Audit F	Remuneration	Nomination	General
		Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	Meeting
		董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	股東週年大會
Executive directors	執行董事					
Chan Sui Kau	陳瑞球	3/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Chan Wing Fui, Peter	陳永奎	4/4	N/A	2/2	1/1	1/1
Chan Wing Kee	陳永棋	4/4	N/A	2/2	1/1	1/1
Chan Wing To	陳永滔	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Chan Suk Man	劉陳淑文	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Chan Wing Sun, Samuel	陳永燊	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Chan Suk Ling, Shirley	周陳淑玲	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
So Ying Woon, Alan	蘇應垣	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事					
directors						
Leung Hok Lim	梁學濂	4/4	3/3	2/2	1/1	1/1
Lin Keping	林克平	4/4	3/3	2/2	1/1	1/1
Sze Cho Cheung, Michael	施祖祥	4/4	3/3	2/2	1/1	1/1
Choi Ting Ki	蔡廷基	4/4	3/3	2/2	1/1	1/1

The 2013 Annual General Meeting ("AGM") was held on 6 September 2013, all the directors, including the Chairman of the Board, the Chairman of each of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee and the external auditor of the Company, attended the AGM to answer questions raised by shareholders. Proceedings of annual general meeting are reviewed from time to time to ensure that the Company follows good corporate governance practices. Voting results were posted on the Company's and the Stock Exchange's websites on the day of the AGM.

Each of the independent non-executive directors has confirmed with the Company in writing his independence from the Company in accordance with the relevant guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Nomination Committee and the Board considered that all independent non-executive directors of the Company are independent with reference to Rule 3.13.

2013年股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)於二零一三年九月六日舉行,全部董事,包括董事會主席、審核委員會主席、薪酬委員會主席及提名委員會主席及外聘核數師均出席股東週年大會答覆股東提問。本公司於適當時候會檢討股東週年大會進行程序去執行良好企業管治常規。投票結果已於股東週年大會當日在本公司網站及聯交所網站發佈。

本公司已接獲各名獨立非執行董事各自按照上市規則第3.13條所載之相關指引作出之年度獨立身分確認書。提名委員會及董事會認為,本公司全體獨立非執行董事均屬上市規則第3.13條所述之獨立人士。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE POLICY AND DUTIES

The Board is committed to ensure that a good corporate governance framework and practices are established within the Group. The Board is responsible for performing the duties on corporate governance functions as required under code provision D.3.1 of the Code which are set out below:

- developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations to the Board;
- (2) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- (3) reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (4) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and directors; and
- (5) reviewing the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING DIRECTOR

The Chairman of the Board is Dr. Chan Sui Kau and the Managing Director of the Company is Mr. Chan Wing Kee. The roles of the Chairman of the Board and the Managing Director of the Company are separated, with a clear division of responsibilities. The Chairman of the Board is responsible for formulating corporate strategies and overall business development planning. The Managing Director's duty is to oversee the execution of daily business activities. The division of responsibilities at the Board level is to ensure a balance of power and authority.

企業管治政策及職責

董事會致力確保本集團內建立良好的企業 管治框架和常規。董事會負責履行守則之 守則條文D.3.I項所規定之企業管治職能責 任,其載列如下:

- (I) 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及 常規,並向董事會提出建議;
- (2) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培 訓及持續專業發展;
- (3) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管 規定方面的政策及常規;
- (4) 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事的操守 準則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (5) 檢討本公司遵守《守則》的情況及在 《企業管治報告》內的披露。

主席及董事總經理

董事會主席為陳瑞球博士,本公司董事總 經理為陳永棋先生。本公司董事會主席及 董事總經理的角色互相分立,各自有明確 的職責區分。董事會主席負責制定企業策 略及整體業務發展規劃;董事總經理則負 責監督日常業務活動之執行。在董事會 面,清楚區分這兩者之職責,旨在確保權力 及授權分佈均衡。

DIRECTORS' TRAINING

According to code provision A.6.5 of the Code, all directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company should be responsible for arranging and funding suitable training, placing an appropriate emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of the directors. The Company provides tailored induction programme to new director upon his appointment to equip him with the appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group and to ensure that he is fully aware of his responsibilities and obligations under the relevant law and the Listing Rules. The Company also circulates regular updates and materials on changes and developments relating to the legislative and regulatory environment to the directors.

During the year, the Company organised two in-house seminars to update the Directors on the new amendments to the corporate governance code and relevant Listing Rules. The Company circulates materials relating to the legislative and regulatory environment to the directors on a regular basis for their information. The Company also encourages Directors to attend relevant seminars, conferences or forums to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. During the year, all directors participated in continuous professional development in compliance with code provision A.6.5 of the Code.

DIRECTORS' INSURANCE

During the year, the Company has arranged for the renewal of an insurance policy on directors' and officers' liability to ensure our directors and senior management are protected from any liability arising from the performance of their duties.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, each with mandate to oversee particular aspects of the affairs of the Company. Each of these three Board committees is set up with written terms of reference. The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstance at the expenses of the Company.

董事培訓

於本年度內,本公司安排了兩次內部講座, 使各董事了解企業管治守則修訂及有關上 市規則的最新資料。本公司就立法和監管 事宜定期向董事提供更新材料。本公司同 時鼓勵各董事參與有關講座、研討會或論 壇以增進各董事的知識及技能。於年度內, 所有董事均參與符合守則之守則條文A.6.5 項所訂明的持續專業發展。

董事保險

於本年度內,本公司已安排就董事及高級 職員的責任更新保單,以確保董事及高級 管理人員於彼等履行職務時所產生的任何 責任獲得保障。

董事委員會

董事會已成立審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,並授權其監督本公司特定範疇事務。該三個董事委員會各備有書面權責範圍。董事委員會獲提供充足資源以履行其職責及可於適當情況下尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司支付。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established an Audit Committee with written terms of reference. The Audit Committee comprises all four independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Leung Hok Lim, Mr. Lin Keping, Mr. Sze Cho Cheung, Michael and Mr. Choi Ting Ki. It is chaired by Mr. Leung Hok Lim. The members' attendance to the Audit Committee meeting is listed out on page 17.

The Audit Committee is mainly responsible for monitoring the integrity of the Company's financial statements, reviewing the Company's internal control system and its execution through the review of the work undertaken by the internal and external auditors, evaluating financial information and related disclosure, reviewing connected transactions and considering the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget.

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Audit Committee has, inter alia, reviewed and discussed with management and the external auditor the interim and annual results with a view to ensuring that the Group's financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. The Audit Committee has met with external auditor twice a year, in the absence of management, to discuss any issues arising from the audit and any other matters the auditor may wish to raise. The Audit Committee has also reviewed the independence and quality of work of KPMG and has recommended to the Board to re-appoint KPMG as auditor for the year ending 31 March 2015.

During the year, the Board has not taken any view that is different from that of the Audit Committee nor rejected any recommendation presented by the Audit Committee.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Committee comprises two executive directors, namely Mr. Chan Wing Fui, Peter and Mr. Chan Wing Kee, and four independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Leung Hok Lim, Mr. Lin Keping, Mr. Sze Cho Cheung, Michael and Mr. Choi Ting Ki. It is chaired by Mr. Sze Cho Cheung, Michael. The members' attendance to the Remuneration Committee meeting is listed out on page 17.

審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會,並備有書面權 責範圍。審核委員會包括四名獨立非執行 董事,分別為梁學濂先生、林克平先生、施 祖祥先生及蔡廷基先生,並由梁學濂先生 出任主席。審核委員會會議之出席記錄載 列於第17頁。

審核委員會主要負責監管本公司財務報表的完整性,透過檢討內部和外聘核數師進行的工作審閱本公司內部監控制度及其執行情況、評估財務資料及有關披露、審閱關連交易及考慮本公司於會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算是否充足。

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內,審核委員會已審閱及和管理層與外聘核數師討論中期及全年業績,以確保本集團財務報表皆符合香港公認會計原則而漏失。審核委員會在管理層不參與的情況下審的發現的任何事宜及核數師可能提出的處對,審核委員會亦審閱畢馬出數計,不過過數數,與計一個其他事項。審核委員會亦審閱畢馬」,與計任會,不過數數,不過數數。

於本年度內,董事會並無與審核委員會意 見不合,亦無拒絕接納審核委員會提交之 任何建議。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會包括兩名執行董事分別為陳永 奎先生及陳永棋先生,以及四名獨立非執 行董事,即梁學濂先生、林克平先生、施祖 祥先生及蔡廷基先生,並由施祖祥先生出 任主席。薪酬委員會會議之出席記錄載列 於第17頁。

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for ensuring formal and transparent procedures for developing remuneration policies and in overseeing remuneration packages of the directors. It makes recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management. It takes into consideration factors such as salaries and compensation packages paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the directors. It would also take into account whether the emoluments offered are appropriate given the duties and performance of the respective individuals concerned and whether such emoluments are competitive and sufficiently attractive to retain such individuals.

Details of the directors' remuneration are set out in note 7 to the financial statements.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee comprises two executive directors, namely Mr. Chan Wing Fui, Peter and Mr. Chan Wing Kee, and four independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Leung Hok Lim, Mr. Lin Keping, Mr. Sze Cho Cheung, Michael and Mr. Choi Ting Ki. It is chaired by Mr. Leung Hok Lim. The members' attendance to the Nomination Committee meeting is listed out on page 17.

The roles of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size and composition of the Board, identify individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board, and assess the independence of independent non-executive directors and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment and re-election of directors and succession planning for directors, in particular the chairman and the managing director. The Nomination Committee will consider the suitability of the candidate on the basis of his professional qualification, skills, experience and background.

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Nomination Committee has reviewed the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board.

薪酬委員會負責確保制定酬金政策的程序 合乎規範及透明,以及監督董事的酬金組 合。委員會就個別執行董事及高級管理人員 酬金組合向董事會提出意見,當中會考慮 可作比較公司所支付的薪金及薪酬組合會 董事投放的時間及責任等因素。委員會永 會考慮所提供酬金就各有關人士的職務及 表現而言是否恰當,以及該等酬金有否競 爭力及吸引力足以挽留該等人士。

董事酬金詳情載於財務報表附註7。

提名委員會

提名委員會包括兩名執行董事,分別為陳 永奎先生及陳永棋先生,以及四名獨立非 執行董事,即梁學濂先生、林克平先生、施 祖祥先生及蔡廷基先生,並由梁學濂先生 出任主席。提名委員會會議之出席記錄載 列於第17頁。

提名委員會負責檢討董事會之架構、人數 及組成,物色具備合適資格可擔任董事的 人士,評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性,以及 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其是主 席及董事總經理)繼任計劃向董事會提出建 議。提名委員會將根據候選人的專業資格、 技能、經驗及背景,考慮是否適合。

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內, 提名委員會已檢討董事會的架構、人數及 組成(包括各董事的技能、知識和經驗)。

REMUNERATION OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The senior management of the Group comprises 7 individuals. Details of backgrounds and qualifications of each senior executive are set out in the section of "Directors and Management".

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the emoluments of the senior management of the Group fell within the following bands:

高級管理人員酬金

本集團高級管理人員包括7名人士。各高級 行政人員背景及資歷載於「董事及管理人員」 一節。

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內, 本集團高級管理人員的酬金介乎下列區間:

Number of senior executives

Remuneration	酬金	高級行政人員數目
HK\$0 to HK\$1,000,000	0港元至1,000,000港元	1
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,000,001港元至2,000,000港元	5
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,000,001港元至3,000,000港元	1
		7

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for overseeing the preparation of financial statements of the Group and ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with all relevant statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.

The statement of external auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities of the financial statements is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 32 to 33.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year, total auditors' remuneration in relation to statutory audit work of the Group amounted to HK\$1,844,000 (2013: HK\$1,729,000), of which a sum of HK\$1,581,000 (2013: HK\$1,620,000) was paid or payable to the Group's principal auditors, KPMG.

The remunerations paid or payable to the Group's principal auditor, KPMG and its affiliated firms, for services rendered in statutory audit and non-audit were HK\$1,581,000 (2013: HK\$1,620,000) and HK\$165,000 (2013: HK\$210,000) respectively. The non-audit services principally comprise tax services provided to the Group.

董事及核數師有關財務報表之責任

董事負責監督本集團財務報表之編製工作, 並確保該等財務報表之編製均符合所有有 關法規及適用會計準則的規定。

本公司之外聘核數師有關彼等於財務報表 之報告責任載於第32頁至33頁之「獨立核數 師報告」。

核數師酬金

於年度內,本集團就法定審核工作而支付之核數師酬金總額為I,844,000港元(二零一三年:I,729,000港元),其中I,58I,000港元(二零一三年:I,620,000港元)已支付予或應支付予本集團之主要核數師畢馬威會計師事務所。

本集團之主要核數師畢馬威會計師事務所及其關連機構就所提供之法定審核及非審核服務而獲支付或應支付之酬金分別為I,58I,000港元(二零一三年:I,620,000港元)及I65,000港元(二零一三年:2I0,000港元)。非審核服務主要包括向本集團提供的税務服務。

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a Securities Dealing Code regarding director's securities transactions on terms no less exacting than required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. All directors have confirmed, upon specific enquiry by the Company, that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Securities Dealing Code throughout the year under review.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board recognises its responsibility for maintaining sound and effective internal controls. A sound system of internal control is designed to provide reasonable assurance, but not absolute assurance, regarding the achievement of the Company's objectives.

Management is primarily responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls, while the Board, through the Audit Committee, oversees the actions of management and monitors the effectiveness of internal controls and risk management. Apart from the support provided by internal audit function, the process used in reviewing the effectiveness of internal control system includes discussion with management on significant control failings or weakness and risk areas identified by management. In addition, this year management adopted control self-assessment on selected key controls and reported their assessment results to the Audit Committee. The assessment requires management to evaluate, assess and certify the compliance with key internal controls pertaining to their particular areas of responsibility.

Based on the information received from management and internal audit function, the Audit Committee concluded that for the year ended 31 March 2014, the internal control system was adequate and effective.

董事之證券交易

本公司已採納有關董事證券交易的證券買賣守則,其條款不遜於上市規則附錄10所載上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)載列的規定準則。經過本公司向所有董事作出具體查詢後,本公司董事已確認彼等於回顧年度內一直遵守標準守則載列的規定準則及其有關董事證券交易的證券買賣守則。

內部監控及風險管理

董事會確認其維持完善及有效的內部監控 的責任。健全的內部監控制度旨在為實現 公司的目標提供合理的保障,而非絕對的 保障。

管理層主要負責設計、實施和維持內部監控,而董事會通過審核委員會,負責監督管理層的行動及監察內部監控和風險管理的成效。除了由內部審核職能提供的支持,在檢討內部監控系統是否有效的進程中,亦包括與管理層討論由管理層找出的本年重整控失誤或弱點及風險範圍。此外,大度管理層就選定的關鍵監控措施作出自我評估,並向審核委員會報告評估結果。評估需要經管理層檢閱、評價,並證明就其特定負責範圍已遵守關鍵內部監控措施。

基於從管理層和內部審核職能所得到的資料,審核委員會認為,截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,內部監控系統為妥善及有效。

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

Instead of engaging an external firm of qualified accountants to provide internal audit services, to put more emphasis on risk and internal control, an Internal Audit Department was set up in September 2013.

Since then, the Internal Audit Department conducted and completed an initial assessment of the design and effectiveness of internal controls of the Group. The assessment results and proposed improvement opportunities were discussed and agreed with management and were reported to the Audit Committee. In addition, an annual audit plan for the year ending 31 March 2015 established by the Internal Audit Department is approved by the Audit Committee. The scope of audits is selected based on risk assessment to ensure that business activities with higher risks will be covered.

Since the establishment of the Internal Audit Department, the Audit Committee had four meetings with the head of the Internal Audit Department to review and monitor the effectiveness of internal audit function. At invitation of the Audit Committee, the meetings were also attended by the Vice Chairman of the Board.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is an employee of the Company and has day-to-day knowledge of the Company's affairs. The Company Secretary is responsible for advising the Board through the Chairman and/or the Vice Chairman on governance matters and also facilitates the induction and professional development of directors. The Company Secretary also keeps proper records of all Board and Committee meetings. The biography of the Company Secretary is set out on page 31. The Company Secretary has undertaken no less than 15 hours of professional training during the year.

內部審核職能

於二零一三年九月,本集團成立內部審計 部以取代外聘合資格會計師提供內部審計 服務,以更重視風險和內部監控。

在內部審計部成立後,內部審計部已進行及 完成對集團內部監控的設計及成效之初步 評估。評估結果及改善建議已經與管理層討 論及確認,並向審核委員會匯報。此外,內 部審計部已制定於二零一五年三月三十一 日之年度審計計劃,並提交審核委員會核 准。審計範圍乃按風險評估制訂,以確保有 關範圍包括較高風險的商業活動。

自成立內部審計部以來,審核委員會曾與內部審計部的主管舉行了四次會議,以檢討及監察內部審計職能的有效性。董事會副主席也獲審核委員會邀請並出席相關會議。

公司秘書

公司秘書為本公司的僱員及了解本公司的 日常事務。透過主席及/或副主席,公司秘 書負責對董事會就管治事項提供意見並協 助董事的就職及專業發展。公司秘書同時保 存董事會及各委員會會議的完整記錄。公司 秘書的履歷已列於第31頁。於本年內,公司 秘書已接受不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Procedures for Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting "EGM"

Article 67 of the articles of association of the Company provides that an extraordinary general meeting shall be convened on requisition, as provided by the Companies Ordinance. According to section 566 of the Companies Ordinance, the directors of the Company are required to call a general meeting if the Company has received requests to do so from shareholders representing at least 5% of the total voting rights of all shareholders having a right to vote at general meetings of the Company.

Procedures for putting forward proposals at EGM

Pursuant to section 566 of the Companies Ordinance, the request for a general meeting must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting and may include the text of a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting. The request may be sent to the Company in hard copy form at the registered office of the Company or in electronic form at cs_info@ygm.com.hk and must be authenticated by the requisitionist(s). The directors must call a general meeting within 21 days after the date of the receipt of the requests to do so. The meeting called must be held on a date not more than 28 days after the date of the notice convening the meeting.

Procedures for directing Shareholders' enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may put forward enquiries to the Board through the Company Secretary who will direct the enquiries to the Board for handling. The contact details of the Company Secretary are as follows:

The Company Secretary
Yangtzekiang Garment Limited
22 Tai Yau Street
San Po Kong
Kowloon
Hong Kong

E-Mail: cs_info@ygm.com.hk Telephone: (852) 2327 5111 Facsimile: (852) 2352 2286

Changes in the Company's constitutional documents

No amendments are made to the articles of association of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2014.

股東權利

股東召開股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」) 之程序

本公司的公司組織章程第67條訂明,根據公司條例,股東特別大會可以應請求而召開。 根據公司條例第566條,倘本公司收到不少於5%在本公司股東大會上擁有投票權的股東請求召開股東大會,則本公司之董事須召開股東大會。

於股東特別大會上提呈議案之程序

根據公司條例第566條,召開股東大會的請求書必須說明在會議上須處理事務的大體性質,並可包括在會議上可恰當地被動議及擬被動議的決議案細節。該請求書可以電子形式送呈本公司的註冊辦事處或以電子形式發送到cs_info@ygm.com.hk,且必須由請求人進行驗證。董事必須在收取請求書當日起二十一天內召開股東大會,該會議並必須在召開大會通告日期起不超過二十八天內舉行。

股東向董事會查詢之程序

股東可透過公司秘書向董事會作出查詢,而公司秘書會轉交有關查詢予董事會處理。 公司秘書之聯絡詳情如下:

公司秘書 長江製衣有限公司 香港 九龍 新蒲崗 大有街二十二號

電郵:cs_info@ygm.com.hk 電話:(852) 2327 5111 傳真:(852) 2352 2286

本公司章程文件之修訂

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,本公司的組織章程並無任何修訂。

DIRECTORS

Chan Sui Kau, GBM, GBS, JP

Aged 89, Dr. Chan is the founder of our Group. He established the Company in 1949 and is the Executive Chairman of the Company and the Honorary Chairman of YGM Trading Ltd. Having been a Justices of the Peace since 1983, Dr. Chan was awarded the Gold Bauhinia Star in 2002 and six years later in 2008 he was awarded the Grand Bauhinia Medal. Dr. Chan used to serve as a member of the 8th & 9th term of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Committee until he reached the retirement age. Dr. Chan is also an Honorary Citizen of Dongguan, Foshan, Guangzhou and Wuxi (Jiangsu). In 2013 Dr. Chan was being awarded Industrialist of the Year from The Federation of Hong Kong Industries.

Dr. Chan received an Honorary Doctoral Degree of Business Administration from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2001; an Honorary Doctoral Degree of Social Sciences from City University of Hong Kong in 2007 and in the same year an Honorary University Fellowship from The University of Hong Kong. Dr. Chan received another two honorary university conferments: one was an Honorary University Fellowship from Hong Kong Baptist University and the other one was an Honorary Doctoral Degree of Social Sciences from The Hong Kong University of Science & Technology in 2008. Dr. Chan received an Honorary Fellowship from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 2013.

Dr. Chan is the former Chairman of the Clothing Industry Training Authority (1986); former Chairman of the Textile Council of Hong Kong (1988-1994) and presently its Honorary Chairman; former President of Federation of Hong Kong Garment Manufacturers (1977-1988) and currently its Life Honorary President; Honorary President of Hong Kong Woollen & Synthetic Knitting Manufacturers' Association since 1980 and former member of Textile Advisory Board of Hong Kong (1971-1987) as well as the Hong Kong Labour Advisory Board (1985-1995).

董事

陳瑞球

八十九歲,一九四九年創辦本公司,為本集團之創辦人,亦為本公司之執行主席及YGM貿易有限公司之榮譽主席。自一九八三年獲委任為太平紳士的陳博士於二零零二年獲香港特別行政區政府頒授金紫荊星章,並於六年後二零零八年獲頒授大紫荊勳章之於六年後二零零八年獲頒授大紫荊勳第八屆全國委員會委員直至到達退休年齡明市是東莞市、佛山市、廣州市及江蘇無錫市榮譽市民。二零一三年陳博士獲香港工業總會頒發傑出工業家獎。

陳博士於二零零一年獲香港理工大學頒授 榮譽工商管理博士銜;二零零七年獲香港城 市大學頒授榮譽社會科學博士銜及同年獲 香港大學頒授名譽大學院士銜;二零零八 年陳博士獲頒授兩項大學榮譽名銜,其一 為香港浸會大學頒授的榮譽大學院土銜; 其二為香港科技大學頒授的榮譽社會科學 博士銜;二零一三年陳博士獲香港中文大 學頒授榮譽院士銜。

陳博士於一九八六年成為製衣業訓練局主席;一九八八年至一九九四年為香港紡織業聯會主席,現為該會的榮譽主席;一九七七年至一九八八年為香港製衣業總商會主席,現為該會的終生榮譽主席;一九八零年成為香港羊毛化纖針織業廠商會榮譽主席;一九七一年至一九八七年為香港政府紡織業諮詢委員會委員;一九八五年至一九九五年為香港政府勞工顧問委員會委員。

Chan Wing Fui, Peter, MA

Aged 68, Mr. Chan received a Master's degree in Administrative Science from Yale University, USA in 1969 and joined the Group in the same year. He was appointed as Director and Managing Director of the Company in 1971 and 1980 respectively and Vice Chairman of the board of directors of the Company and YGM Trading Ltd in 1987. He has been appointed as the Chairman of the board of directors of YGM Trading Limited since May 2010. Mr Chan has been actively involved in garment manufacturing and marketing in the Far East and the USA for over 30 years. He is the son of Dr. Chan Sui Kau and the brother of Mr. Chan Wing Sun, Samuel and Ms. Chan Suk Ling, Shirley.

Chan Wing Kee, GBS, OBE, IP

Aged 67, Mr. Chan received a Bachelor's degree in Industrial Engineering in 1970. He joined the Group in 1970 as Production Manager and later became Sales Manager. He was appointed as Director in 1977 and Managing Director in 1987. He is also a Director of YGM Trading Limited; Independent Non-executive Director of China Travel International Investment Hong Kong Limited and China Construction Bank (Asia) Corporation Limited. Mr. Chan has participated in many textile negotiations with the USA and Europe for Hong Kong and Macau. He is a Standing Committee Member of The 10th, 11th and 12th of The Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference; Deputy of the 8th & 9th National People's Congress of China; Member of Commission on Strategic Development of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region; Ex-member of Economic Council of Macau Special Administrative Region; Ex-member of the Textile Advisory Board; Ex-Committee Member of the Preparatory Committee for Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and Ex-Advisor of Hong Kong Affairs. He is the brother of Mr. Chan Wing To and Ms. Chan Suk Man.

Chan Wing To, PhD

Aged 63, Mr. Chan joined YGM Singapore in 1978. He was appointed as Director of the Group in 1983 and YGM Trading Ltd in 1987. Mr. Chan received a Doctor of Philosophy degree in economics from the University of Rochester, USA in 1978. He has extensive experience in the textile and garment business. He is the brother of Mr. Chan Wing Kee and Ms. Chan Suk Man.

陳永奎

六十八歲,陳先生於一九六九年獲美國耶魯大學頒發行政管理學碩士學位,並於同年加入本集團。彼於一九七一年獲委任為本公司董事,一九八零年為董事總經理,一九八七年分別任本公司及YGM貿易有限公司副主席。彼於二零一零年五月獲委任為YGM貿易有限公司董事會主席。陳先生積極參與遠東及美國之成衣製造及市場推廣逾三十年之久。彼為陳瑞球博士之公子及陳永燊先生及周陳淑玲女士之兄。

陳永棋

六十七歲,陳先生於一九七零年獲工業工程 學士學位。於一九七零年加入本集團,先後 任生產經理、營業經理, 一九七七年獲委任 為董事,一九八七年任董事總經理。彼亦為 YGM貿易有限公司董事;香港中旅國際投 資有限公司及中國建設銀行(亞洲)股份有 限公司之獨立非執行董事。陳先生曾多次 參與歐美與港澳之間之紡織品談判。陳先 生為中華人民共和國第十屆、第十一屆及 第十二屆全國政協常務委員;中華人民共 和國第八屆及第九屆全國人民代表大會代 表;香港特別行政區政府策略發展委員會委 員;前澳門特別行政區經濟委員會委員;前 香港特別行政區紡織業諮詢委員會委員; 前香港特別行政區籌備委員會委員及前中 國國務院香港事務顧問。彼為陳永滔先生 及劉陳淑文女士之兄。

陳永滔

六十三歲,陳先生於一九七八年加入新加坡長江,並於一九八三年及一九八七年獲委任為本集團及YGM貿易有限公司董事。陳先生於一九七八年獲得美國University of Rochester頒發經濟博士學位,陳先生於紡織品及成衣業務有廣泛之經驗。陳先生為陳永棋先生及劉陳淑文女士之弟。

Chan Suk Man, MSc

Aged 66, Ms. Chan received Master of Science Degrees from the University of Windsor, Canada in 1973 and Case Western Reserve University USA in 1975. Madam Chan joined the Group in 1976 and was appointed as Director in 1993. She is the sister of Mr. Chan Wing Kee and Mr. Chan Wing To.

Chan Wing Sun, Samuel, FCA

Aged 66, Mr. Chan received a Bachelor's degree from University of Manchester, the United Kingdom in 1970 and qualified as a Chartered Accountant in 1973. He was the Company Secretary of the Group from 1974 to 1988 and has been a Director since 1977. Mr. Chan was the Managing Director of YGM Trading Limited from 1987 to 2006 and the Chief Executive Officer of YGM Trading Limited from 2006 to 2010. He has been the Vice Chairman of the board of directors of YGM Trading Limited since 2010. Mr. Chan was appointed as a director of Crater Gold Mining Limited (formerly known as Gold Anomaly Limited) (whose shares are listed on Australian Securities Exchange) in January 2013 and as chairman of the board of directors of Crater Gold Mining Limited in March 2013. He is the son of Dr. Chan Sui Kau and the brother of Mr. Chan Wing Fui, Peter and Ms. Chan Suk Ling, Shirley.

Chan Suk Ling, Shirley, JP

Madam Chan, is the Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of the YGM Trading Limited. She joined the Group in 1973 and was appointed as the Director of the Group in 1983. Madam Chan has extensive experience in the garment retail and wholesale business. She is a Member of the BUD Fund Programme Management Committee of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, a Council Member of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council, the Chairman of the Garment Advisory Committee of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council, a Member of the Hong Kong-France Business Partnership Committee of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council, the First Vice-President of the Chinese Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong, the Chairman of the Hong Kong Brand Development Council, a Committee Member of the Tianjin Municipal Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, Vice President of the Guangdong Association of Enterprises with Foreign Investment and a Council Member of City University of Hong Kong. She received a Bachelor's degree from Nottingham Trent University, United Kingdom in 1973. Madam Chan, aged 63, is the daughter of Dr. Chan Sui Kau and the sister of Mr. Chan Wing Fui, Peter and Mr. Chan Wing, Sun, Samuel.

劉陳淑文

六十六歲,陳女士分別於一九七三年及一九七五年獲得加拿大University of Windsor及美國Case Western Reserve University理科碩士學位,陳女士於一九七六年加入本集團,並於一九九三年獲委任為董事。陳女士為陳永棋先生之妹及為陳永滔先生之姊。

陳永燊

六十六歲,陳先生一九七零年獲英國曼徹斯 特大學頒授學士學位,並於一九七三年成為 特許會計師。彼於一九七四年至一九八八年 間出任本集團之公司秘書及一九七七年獲委 任為董事。陳先生於一九八七年至二零零六 年間出任YGM貿易有限公司之董事總經理 及由二零零六年至二零一零年間出任YGM 貿易有限公司之行政總裁。彼自二零一零年 起出任YGM貿易有限公司董事會副主席。 於二零一三年一月,陳先生獲委任為Crater Gold Mining Limited (前稱為Gold Anomaly Limited)(其股份於澳洲證券交易所上市)董 事,及於二零一三年三月出任Crater Gold Mining Limited董事會主席。陳先生為陳瑞球 博士之公子、陳永奎先生之弟及周陳淑玲 女士之兄。

周陳淑玲

So Ying Woon, Alan

Aged 64, Mr. So received a Bachelor's degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1974. Mr. So joined the Group in 1974 and was promoted to the position of Sales Manager in 1976. He has been the General Manager since 1993. Mr. So was appointed as Executive Director of the Company in 2005.

Leung Hok Lim, FCPA(Aust.), CPA(Macau), FCPA(Practising)

Aged 79. Mr. Leung was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in 1993. He is the founder and senior partner of PKF, Accountants and Business Advisers. Mr. Leung is a non-executive director of Beijing-Hong Kong Exchange of Personnel Centre Limited, and an independent non-executive director of a number of listed companies, namely YGM Trading Limited, Fujian Holdings Limited, Phoenix Satellite Television Holdings Limited, S E A Holdings Limited and High Fashion International Limited.

Lin Keping

Aged 75, Mr. Lin has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since 2004. Mr. Lin is an engineer, graduated from Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications in 1963. He is a member of the Eighth National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and an executive member of the Eighth All-China Federation of Industry and Commerce. He has served in postal and telecommunication research institutes, the Ministry of Posts and Telecommunications and other organisations for years, and was an executive vice president of China Minsheng Bank Corp. Ltd. He is also an Independent Non-executive Director of YGM Trading Limited.

Sze Cho Cheung, Michael, GBS, CBE, ISO, JP

Aged 69, Mr. Sze has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since 2010. He was a former Executive Director of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council, a position he held for eight years prior to his retirement on I May 2004. Before that, he worked for 25 years in various capacities in the Hong Kong Government. He is also an Independent Non-executive Directors of Swire Pacific Limited and YGM Trading Limited. Mr. Sze resigned as a non-executive director of Lee Kum Kee Co., Ltd. in June 2010 and currently acts as a consultant to the board of Lee Kum Kee Co., Ltd.

蘇應垣

六十四歲,蘇先生於一九七四年獲得香港 中文大學學士學位,蘇先生於一九七四年 加入本集團,於一九七六年升任營業部經 理,自一九九三年出任營業總經理。蘇先生 於二零零五年獲委任為本公司執行董事。

梁學濂

七十九歲,梁先生於一九九三年獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事,彼為PKF大信梁學濂(香港)會計師事務所之創辦人及高級合夥人。梁先生為京港人才交流中心有限公司之非執行董事,並為多間上市公司之獨立非執行董事,包括YGM貿易有限公司、閩港控股有限公司、鳳凰衛視控股有限公司、爪哇控股有限公司及達利國際集團有限公司。

林克平

七十五歲,林先生自二零零四年起出任本公司獨立非執行董事。林先生為工程師,一九六三年畢業於北京郵電大學。為中國人民政治協商會議第八屆全國委員會委員、第八屆中華全國工商聯合會執行委員。林先生曾長期在郵電科研機構、郵電部及其他部門任職,曾任中國民生銀行副行長。彼亦為YGM貿易有限公司之獨立非執行董事。

施祖祥

六十九歲,施先生自二零一零年起出任本公司獨立非執行董事,曾出任香港貿易發展局總裁達八年,於二零零四年五月一日退休。在此之前,他曾任職公務員二十五年,期間出任多個不同職位。施先生亦是太古股份有限公司及YGM貿易有限公司之獨立非執行董事。施先生於二零一零年六月辭任李錦記有限公司菲執行董事之職,現為李錦記有限公司董事會顧問。

Choi Ting Ki

Aged 59, Mr. Choi was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in December 2012. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a member of the Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference of Jing'an District, Shanghai. In 1978, Mr. Choi graduated from the Department of Accounting of the Hong Kong Polytechnic (currently known as the Hong Kong Polytechnic University). He joined KPMG in the same year and has held various positions, including Partner of the audit department of KPMG Hong Kong Office, Managing Partner of KPMG Shanghai Office, Senior Partner of KPMG Huazhen Shanghai Office as well as Senior Partner of KPMG Huazhen in Eastern and Western China. Mr. Choi retired from KPMG Huazhen in April 2010. Mr. Choi is also an Independent Non-executive Director of Sinopec Shanghai Petrochemical Company Limited and YGM Trading Limited.

蔡廷基

五十九歲,蔡先生於二零一二年十二月獲委 任為本公司獨立非執行董事,現為香港會員 蘇先生一九七八年畢業於香港理工學院 稱為香港理工大學)會計系,同年加入會 稱為香港理工大學)會計系,同年加入會計 兩會計事務所,歷任香港畢馬威計 動務所審計部合伙人,畢馬威計 計師事務所上海首席合伙人,畢馬威越 計師事務所上海首席合伙人,會計 會計師事務所上海首席合伙人。 會計師事務所華東華西區首縣成華 會計師事務所華東華西區首縣成華 會計師事務所華東華西區首縣 會計師事務所華東華西區首縣 會計師事務所華東華西區首級 會計師五 會計師五 一零年四月蔡先生自畢馬威華振二 一零年四月蔡先生自畢馬威華版 一零年四月蔡先生司 是中國石化限公司 及YGM貿易有限公司 之獨立非執行董事。

MANAGEMENT

Lau Shing Choy

Aged 66, Mr. Lau received a Bachelor's degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1969, and a Doctor of Philosophy Degree from Case Western Reserve University, USA in 1978. Mr. Lau joined the Group in 1978 to develop the China business. He is the Director of Hong Kong Knitters Limited. He is the husband of Ms. Chan Suk Man.

Senoussi, Serge

Aged 49, is the Managing Director of Lavender Garment Limited and the General Manager of liaison office in Bangladesh. Mr. Senoussi obtained a Master's degree in Econometrics in 1986 and a diploma in Scientific Management Methods in 1987 from the University of Paris X Nanterre, France. He joined the Company in 1993 to develop the business in Bangladesh.

Leung Ming Wai, Alan

Aged 56, Mr. Leung is the General Manager of Sales Department and obtained the diploma in Management Studies at Hong Kong Polytechnic University and Master Degree in Business Administration at University of Macau. He joined the Company as Sales Manager in 1986.

Chui Wai Ha, Catherine, MBA

Aged 52, Ms. Chui is the General Manager of Sales Department. Ms. Chui joined the Group in 1994, and has over 25 years' managerial experience in fashion business. She was awarded Master of Business Administration (Fashion Business) by the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2004.

Yung Choi Yin, Margaret

Aged 50, is the General Manager of Sales Department and received a Bachelor's degree from RMIT University and a Master's degree in Business Administration from Hong Kong Polytechnic University. She joined the Company in 1985.

Yip Chung On

Aged 51, Mr. Yip is the General Manager of Sales Department. Mr. Yip joined the Company in 1982, and was promoted to Sales Manager in 1989. With wide range of both woven and knit experience in garment sourcing and merchandizing, he was appointed as General Manager in 2005.

Hui Sau Ling

Aged 48, is the Financial Controller and Company Secretary of the Group. She joined the Group in 2000 and has extensive experience in auditing, accounting, treasury and company secretarial work. She is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

管理人員

劉盛材

六十六歲,劉先生於一九六九年獲得香港中文大學學士學位,及於一九七八年獲得美國Case Western Reserve University哲學博士學位。劉先生於一九七八年加入本集團,負責開拓中國業務。彼亦為香港織造有限公司之董事,劉陳淑文女士之丈夫。

Senoussi, Serge

四十九歲,為Lavender Garment Limited之董事總經理及孟加拉聯絡辦事處之總經理。 他於一九八六年獲得計量經濟學碩士學位 及一九八七年獲得法國巴黎第十大學科學 管理學文憑。他於一九九三年加入本公司 負責孟加拉之業務發展。

梁銘惠

五十六歲,梁先生現任營業總經理。彼獲得 香港理工大學管理學文憑,及澳門大學工 商管理碩士學位。梁先生於一九八六年加 入本集團任職營業部經理。

崔偉霞

五十二歲,崔小姐現任營業總經理,於一九九四年加入本集團,擁有二十五年以上服裝銷售業務管理經驗。並於二零零四年獲香港理工大學頒授工商管理(服裝企業)碩士學位。

容楚彥

五十歲,容小姐現任營業總經理,彼獲得皇家墨爾本理工大學學士學位及香港理工大學工商管理碩士學位。容小姐於一九八五年加入本公司。

葉仲安

五十一歲,葉先生現任營業總經理。葉先生 於一九八二年加入本公司,及於一九八九 年升任營業部經理。葉先生於梭織及針織 成衣採購及銷售均有廣泛之經驗,他於二 零零五年獲委任總經理。

許秀玲

四十八歲,為本集團之財務總監及公司秘書。她於二零零零年加入本集團並對審計、會計、財務及公司秘書等工作擁有豐富經驗。許小姐為英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員及香港會計師公會會員。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF YANGTZEKIANG GARMENT LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Yangtzekiang Garment Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") set out on pages 34 to 149, which comprise the consolidated and Company statements of financial position as at 31 March 2014, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 80 of Schedule II to the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

獨立核數師報告 致長江製衣有限公司股東 (於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

我們已審計列載於第34頁至149頁長江製衣有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零一四年三月三十一日的綜合及公司財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他解釋資料。

董事對綜合財務報表的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒 佈的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例編 製能真實而公平地列報的綜合財務報表, 以及董事確認為需要之內部監控,以使綜 合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審計對該等綜合 財務報表作出意見,按照新香港公司條例 (第622章)附表II第80條的規定,僅向整體 股東報告。除此之外,我們的報告書不可用 作其他用途。我們概不就本報告書的內容, 對任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則進行審計。這些準則要求我們遵守職業道德規範,並規劃及執行審計,以合理確定此等綜合財務報表是否不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

審計涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載金額及披露資料的審計憑證。問題為所理序取決於核數師的判斷,包括內理,包括與兩項等的與所。在評估該等風險公司編製能真實而對數部考慮與該公司編製能真實而必數的綜合財務報表相關的內部控制的內部控制的內對計適當的審計程序,也以公亦性對計適當的審計估計的會計數報表的整體列報方式。

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證是充足 和適當地為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2014 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴公司及 貴集團於二零一四年三月三十一日的事務 狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度的溢利及現 金流量,並已按照香港公司條例妥為編製。

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants

8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

17 June 2014

畢馬威會計師事務所 *執業會計師*

香港中環 遮打道十號 太子大廈八樓

二零一四年六月十七日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS 给点提業

綜合損益表For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)
截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Note	\$'000 —	\$'000 ——
		<i>附註</i>	千元	<i>千元</i> ————————————————————————————————————
Turnover	營業額	3 & 12	1,074,132	1,333,068
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(916,852)	(1,110,978)
Cuasa nuafit	毛利		157 200	222.000
Gross profit		4	157,280	222,090
Other revenue	其他收入	4	4,837	4,456
Other net income	其他收益淨額 銷售及分銷費用	4	2,516	423
Selling and distribution expenses			(77,793)	(81,870)
Administrative expenses	行政費用		(70,191)	(72,444)
Other operating expenses	其他經營費用 ————————————————————————————————————		(25,148)	(33,382)
(Loss)/profit from operations	經營(虧損)/溢利		(8,499)	39,273
Finance costs	融資成本	5(a)	(3,860)	(4,398)
Share of losses of associates	應佔聯營公司虧損	17	(220)	(398)
Share of profits/(losses) of joint	應佔合營企業溢利/(虧損	1)	, ,	, ,
ventures			18,515	(4,821)
Impairment losses on fixed assets	固定資產減值虧損	13(f)	(6,935)	(8,504)
Net valuation gains on investment	投資物業估值收益淨額			
properties		13(a)	19,257	44,905
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	5	18,258	66,057
Income tax	所得税	6(a)	(7,059)	(10,311)
	771 13 00	((u)	(1,007)	(10,311)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		11,199	55,746
Attributable to:	應撥歸於:			
Equity shareholders of the Company	本公司股權持有人	9	11,920	53,082
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益	7	(721)	2,664
14011-controlling interests	7万江从从本惟亚		(721)	2,004
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		11,199	55,746
Earnings per share	每股盈利			
Basic and diluted	基本及攤薄	11	\$0.06	\$0.26
Dasic and undeed	全个风热 得	- 11	φυ.υυ	φυ.20

Details of dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the profit for the year are set out in note 27(b). The notes on pages 43 to 149 form part of these financial statements.

應付本公司股權持有人的股息詳情載於附 註27(b)。第43頁至149頁的附註屬本財務報 表之一部份。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表 For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Note	\$'000	\$'000
		附註	チ元	千元
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		11,199	55,746
Other comprehensive income	本年度其他全面收益			
for the year (after tax and	(扣除税項及重列調整後)			
reclassification adjustments)		10		
Items that may be reclassified	將來可能重新分類至			
subsequently to profit or loss:	損益的項目:			
Exchange differences on translation of:	匯 兑差額:			
- financial statements of	- 換算香港境外附屬公司			
subsidiaries outside Hong Kong	財務報表所產生		3,965	1,662
- share of associates' and joint	- 換算應佔聯營公司及			
ventures' net assets	合營企業資產淨值		10,221	3,689
			14,186	5,351
Available-for-sale securities:	可供出售證券:		,	
net movement in the investment	投資重估儲備變動淨額			
revaluation reserve			440	(984)
Cash flow hedges:	現金流量對沖:			,
net movement in the hedging reserve			(123)	48
Other comprehensive income	本年度其他全面收益			
for the year			14,503	4,415
	大厅京及王师 兴纳萨			
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額		25,702	60,161
			.,	
Attributable to:	應撥歸於:			
Equity shareholders of the Company	本公司股權持有人		26,333	57,300
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益		(631)	2,861
Total comprehensive income	本年度全面收益總額			
for the year			25,702	60,161

The notes on pages 43 to 149 form part of these financial statements.

第43頁至149頁的附註屬本財務報表之一部 份。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表 At 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 於二零一四年三月三十一日 (以港元計)

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Note	\$'000	\$'000
		<i>附註</i>	千元	<i>千元</i>
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Fixed assets	固定資產	13(a)		
- Investment properties	-投資物業	()	233,776	213,783
- Other property, plant and equipment	-其他物業、廠房及設備		69,874	87,599
- Interest in leasehold land held for	-持作經營租賃之自用			,
own use under operating leases	租賃土地		1,696	1,727
			305,346	303,109
Intangible assets	無形資產	14	3,117	3,117
Goodwill	商譽	15	-	_
Interests in associates	聯營公司權益	17	1,912	2,096
Interests in joint ventures	合營企業權益	18	638,810	610,118
Prepayment for fixed assets	固定資產預付款		-	870
Other financial assets	其他金融資產	19	7,381	7,069
Deferred tax assets	遞延所得税資產 ————————————————————————————————————	25(b)(iii)	2,403	2,454
			958,969	928,833
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	20	115,254	78,340
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款	21	158,752	192,795
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	21	275,070	270,015
Cash and cash equivalents	<u> </u>		2.5,0.0	270,010
			549,076	541,150
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款	23	176,410	150,810
Current tax payable	應付本期税項	25(a)	9,445	15,288
	70.13 1 743 70 X	25(4)	7,110	.5,255
			185,855	166,098
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		363,221	375,052
	次女体领法法手上车		1 202 100	1 202 005
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債 		1,322,190	1,303,885

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表 At 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 於二零一四年三月三十一日 (以港元計)

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Note	_₹ ⊟+ \$'000	-₹ _+ \$'000
		附註	チ 元	\$ 000 千元
		<i>門</i> り	十九	十元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Provision for long service payments	長期服務金準備	26	21,302	22,915
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	25(b)(iii)	13,596	9,043
			34,898	31,958
			34,070	
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		1,287,292	1,271,927
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備			
Share capital: nominal value	股本:面值		-	103,374
Other statutory capital reserves	其他法定資本儲備		-	105,044
Share capital and other statutory	股本及其他法定資本儲備			
capital reserves		27(c)	208,418	208,418
Other reserves	其他儲備		1,071,598	1,055,602
Total equity attributable to equity	應撥歸於本公司股權			
shareholders of the Company	持有人權益總額		1,280,016	1,264,020
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益		7,276	7,907
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		1,287,292	1,271,927

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 17 June 2014.

董事會已於二零一四年六月十七日核准及 授權發佈上列賬目。

Chan Sui KauChan Wing KeeChairmanManaging Director

 陳瑞球
 陳永棋

 主席
 董事總經理

The notes on pages 43 to 149 form part of these financial statements.

第43頁至149頁的附註屬本財務報表之一部份。

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 財務狀況表 At 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 於二零一四年三月三十一日 (以港元計)

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Note	\$'000	\$'000
		<i>附註</i> ————————————————————————————————————	千元	千元 ————————————————————————————————————
N	北法乱必喜			
Non-current assets	非流動資產	13/1)		
Fixed assets	固定資產	13(b)	202 ///	255 500
- Investment properties	-投資物業		280,666	255,590
- Other property, plant and equipment	-其他物業、廠房及設備 ————————————————————————————————————		30,491	27,279
			211 157	202.040
Livery eth Livery et	無形資產	14	311,157	282,869
Intangible assets			3,117	3,117
Investments in subsidiaries	附屬公司投資	16	79,413	79,314
Interests in joint ventures	合營企業權益	18	230,818	230,818
Other financial assets	其他金融資產	19	7,381	7,069
			631,886	603,187
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	20	35,839	22,535
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款	21	155,811	205,237
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	22	193,686	142,387
			385,336	370,159
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款	23	71,861	59,178
	應付本期税項		295	147
Current tax payable	應的平朔忧境 ————————————————————————————————————	25(a)	273	147
			72,156	59,325
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		313,180	310,834
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		945,066	914,021

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 財務狀況表 At 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

於二零一四年三月三十一日(以港元計)

TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		939,272	908,454
Other reserves	其他儲備		730,854	700,036
capital reserves	/.l P /++		208,418	208,418
Share capital and other statutory	股本及其他法定資本儲備			
Other statutory capital reserves	其他法定資本儲備		-	105,044
Share capital: nominal value	股本:面值		_	103,374
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備	27(a)		
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		939,272	908,454
			5,794	5,567
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債 ————————————————————————————————————	25(b)(iii)	4,445	3,859
Provision for long service payments	長期服務金準備	26	1,349	1,708
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
		附註	千元	千元
		Note	\$'000	\$'000
			二零一四年	二零一三年
			2014	2013

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 17 June 2014.

董事會已於二零一四年六月十七日核准及 授權發佈上列賬目。

Chan Sui Kau Chan Wing Kee Chairman Managing Director

陳瑞球 陳永棋 主席 董事總經理

The notes on pages 43 to 149 form part of these financial statements.

第43頁至149頁的附註屬本財務報表之一部 份。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表 For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company

			應撥歸於本公司股禮持有人												
		Sh		Share premium	Capital redemption reserve 股本	Exchange reserve	Goodwill arising on consolidation 綜合賬目所	Investment revaluation reserve 投資	Land and buildings revaluation reserve 土地及樓宇	Hedging reserve	Other reserve	Retained profits	Total	Non- controlling interests 非控股股東	Total equity
			股本	股份溢價	贖回儲備	匯兑儲備	產生之商譽	重估儲備	重估儲備	對沖儲備	其他儲備	保留溢利	總額	權益	權益總額
			\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		Mar	千元 (Mar. 27(4)	₹ <i>π</i>	<i>∓π</i>	<i>∓</i> ±	₹ā	<i>∓</i> π	<i>∓</i> π	<i>∓</i> π	<i>∓</i> ±	₹ \ \tau	₹ā	₹ \ \tau	₹ā
		Note 附註	(Note 27(c)) (附註27(c))	(Note 27(d)(i)) (附註27(d)(i))	(Note 27(d)(i)) (附註27(d)(i))	(Note 27(d)(ii)) (附註27(d)(ii))		(Note 27(d)(iii)) (附註27(d)(iii))	(Note 27(d)(iv)) (附註27(d)(iv))	(Note 27(d)(v)) (附註27(d)(v))	(Note 27(d)(vi)) (附註27(d)(vi))				
Balance at April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日之結餘		103,374	102,753	2,291	139,966	(42,174)	(4)	31,036	-	7,236	874,647	1,219,125	3,079	1,222,204
Changes in equity for the year:	年內權益變動:														
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	53,082	53,082	2,664	55,746
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	10	-	-	-	5,154	-	(984)	-	48	-	-	4,218	197	4,415
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額		. .			5,154		(984)		48		53,082	57,300	2,861	60,161
Capital contribution from non-controlling interest	非控股股東資本投入		_	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	1,967	1,967
Dividends approved in respect	本期內批准屬於上一年度														
of the previous year	的股息	27(b)(ii)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,405)	(12,405)	-	(12,405)
Balance at 31 March 2013 and 1 April 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日及 二零一三年四月一日之結餘		103,374	102,753	2,291	145,120	(42,174)	(988)	31,036	48	7,236	915,324	1,264,020	7,907	1,271,927
Changes in equity for the year:	年內權益變動:														
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,920	11,920	(721)	11,199
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	10	-	-	-	14,096	-	440	-	(123)	-	-	14,413	90	14,503
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額		. .	<u>-</u>		14,096		440	-	(123)		11,920	26,333	(631)	25,702
Transition to no-par value regime on 3 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三日 過渡至無面值股份制度	27(c)	105,044	(102,753)	(2,291)	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	-
Dividends approved in respect	本期內批准屬於上一年度														
of the previous year	的股息 	27(b)(ii)										(10,337)	(10,337)		(10,337)
Balance at 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日		200.410			150214	(42.174)	(540)	21.624	æ	722/	200,10	1 200 017	7.27	1 207 202
	之結餘		208,418		-	159,216	(42,174)	(548)	31,036	(75)	7,236	916,907	1,280,016	7,276	1,287,292

The notes on pages 43 to 149 form part of these financial statements.

第43頁至149頁的附註屬本財務報表之一部 份。

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT 綜合現金流量表
For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)
截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

			2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
		Note	_₹ ¤∓ \$'000	_₹ _+ \$'000
		附註	+ 666 千元	チ元
O	經營活動			
Operating activities	經營業務所得現金	22(b)	26,300	160,670
Cash generated from operations Tax paid	已付税項	22(b)	20,300	160,670
- Hong Kong Profits Tax paid	-已付香港利得税		(8,117)	(13,623)
- Tax paid outside Hong Kong	-已付香港境外税項		(108)	(24)
Net cash generated from operating	經營活動所得的現金淨額			
activities			18,075	147,023
Investing activities	投資活動			
Payment for the purchase of fixed assets	購買固定資產付款		(2,915)	(12,468)
Proceeds from disposals of plant and	出售廠房及機器及			
machinery and other fixed assets	其他固定資產所得款項		712	381
Interest received	已收利息		2,275	2,255
Dividends received from unlisted	已收非上市股權證券			
equity securities	之股息		429	389
Payment for investment in an associate	於一聯營公司投資款項		-	(2,460)
Capital contribution from	非控股股東資本投入			
non-controlling interests			-	1,967
Net cash generated from/(used in)	投資活動所得/(所用)的			
investing activities	現金淨額		501	(9,936)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT 綜合現金流量表 For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Note	\$'000	\$'000
		附註	千元	<u> </u>
Financing activities	融資活動			
Repayment of bank loans	償還銀行貸款		_	(30,000)
Proceeds from new bank loans	新增銀行貸款所得款項		_	30,000
Interest paid	已付利息		(3,865)	(4,393)
Dividends paid	已派股息		(10,337)	(12,405)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用的現金淨額		(14,202)	(16,798)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物增加淨額		4,374	120,289
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	於年初之現金及現金等價物		270,015	149,227
Effect of foreign exchange rates changes	外幣兑換率變動之影響		681	499
Cash and cash equivalents at	於年終之現金及現金等價物			
the end of the year		22(a)	275,070	270,015

The notes on pages 43 to 149 form part of these financial statements.

第43頁至149頁的附註屬本財務報表之一部 份。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. These financial statements comply with the applicable requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, which for this financial year and the comparative period continue to be those of the predecessor Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), in accordance with transitional and saving arrangements for Part 9 of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), "Accounts and Audit", which are set out in sections 76 to 87 of Schedule II to that Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("the Listing Rules"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 2 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策

(a) 遵例聲明

本財務報表乃按照香港會計師公 會頒佈所有適用之《香港財務報 告準則》(「香港財務報告準則」), 包括所有適用的個別香港財務報 告準則、《香港會計準則》(「香港 會計準則」)與詮釋及香港公認 之會計原則而編製。本財務報表 依照香港公司條例所適用之披露 規定,按載列於新香港公司條例 (第622章) 附表 II 第76至 第87條 條文內第9部有關「賬目及審計」 之過渡性及保留安排所規定,本 財務報表就本財政年度及比較年 度繼續適用根據前公司條例(第 32章) 之規定而作出披露。本財 務報表亦符合香港聯合交易所有 限公司《證券上市規則》(「上市規 則」) 之披露規定。以下為本集團 採用之主要會計政策概要。

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干新訂 及經修訂之香港財務報告準則, 並於本集團及本公司之本會計期 間首次生效或可供提早採納。本 集團現行及過往會計期間因初次 應用此等新發展所造成之會計政 策變動而反映於該等財務報表之 資料,載列於附註2。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") and the Group's interests in associates and joint ventures.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out below:

- investment property (see note I(h)(i));
- financial instruments classified as available-for-sale securities (see note 1(f)); and
- derivative financial instruments (see note I(g)).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 財務報表的編製基準

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表,包括本公司及其附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」)及本集團於聯營公司及合營企業之權益。

本財務報表是根據歷史成本基準編製,惟下列資產及負債以其公平價值按下文所述之會計政策入 賬者則除外:

- 投資物業(參閲附註I(h) (i));
- 分類為持作可供出售證券之 金融工具(參閱附註I(f));及
- 衍生金融工具(參閱附註 I(g))。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 32.

(c) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows, and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 財務報表的編製基準(續)

該等估計及相關假設會持續被評估。會計估計的改變如果只影響當期,則有關的影響在估計變更的當期確認。如果該項會計估計的更改影響當期和以後的期間,則有關的影響在當期和以後期間確認。

有關管理層於應用香港財務報告 準則時所作出而將會對財務報 表有重大影響的判斷,以及估計 不確定因素之主要來源之討論內 容,載列於附註32。

(c) 附屬公司及非控股股東權益

附屬公司為本集團所控制之實體。當本集團可通過參與實體之業務從而承擔或享有變動之回報及有能力運用其控制權以影響回報金額,則本集團控制該等體。當評定本集團是否有該等權利時,僅考慮(本集團和其他方所持有的)實質權利。

非控股股東權益,即非本公司直接或間接應佔一附屬公司的權益本集團並未與該等權益本集團並未與條款等權益的持有者同意任何額外條有實數。 令本集團整體對該等權益的等權益的等。 令本集團整體對該等權益的有人。 令本集團整體對該等權益的可可, 是一次業務合併,以公司, 是一次業務合併,屬公司可 以公司資產作為計量任何非控股 東權益。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(c) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note I(f)) or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture (see note I(d)).

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note I(k)).

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 附屬公司及非控股股東權益(續) 非控股股東權益在綜合財務狀況 表的權益內,與應撥歸本公司股 權持有人權益分開呈列。非控股 股東權益所佔本集團業績呈列在 綜合損益表及綜合損益及其他全 面收益表內,所呈列的年內總溢 利或虧損及總全面收益,均被分 配為非控股股東權益及本公司股 權持有人權益。

當本集團於一附屬公司權益出現變動,但並無失去控制權,須以權益交易入賬,而在綜合權益內以調整控股股東及非控股股東強並的數額去反映有關權益變動,但對商譽則不作調整及無收益或損失被確認。

在本公司的財務狀況表中,附屬公司投資是以成本減除減值虧損(參閱附註I(k))列賬。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(d) Associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity in which the Group or the Company has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

A joint venture is an arrangement whereby the Group or the Company and other parties contractually agree to share control of the arrangement, and have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method and is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisition-date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment (see notes I(e) and (k)). Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate or the joint venture, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method together with the Group's long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or the joint venture.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 聯營公司及合營企業

••••••

聯營公司是指本集團或本公司可 以對其管理層發揮重大影響的 實體,包括參與其財務及經營決 策,但不是控制或聯合控制其管 理層。

合營企業乃本集團或本公司及其 他人士就共同控制安排而同意作 出的合約性安排,而彼等就安排 的淨資產享有權利。

於聯營公司或合營企業之投資在 綜合財務報表是按權益會計法入 賬,最初先以成本入賬,及就集 團應佔在收購日被收購者可區別 淨資產公平價值超逾其投資成本 (如有)作出調整。隨後就本集團 應佔被投資者淨資產在收購後的 變動及有關該投資的減值虧損作 出調整(參閱附註I(e)及(k))。任 何在收購日比對成本的超越值、 年內本集團應佔被投資者的收購 後及除税後業績以及任何減值虧 損乃於綜合損益表內確認,而本 集團應佔被投資者其他全面收益 的收購後及除税後項目乃於綜合 損益及其他全面收益表內確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(d) Associates and joint ventures (continued)

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method.

In all other cases, when the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when significant influence or joint control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 1(f)).

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in associates and joint venture are stated at cost less impairment losses (see note I(k)).

(e) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of:

- the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- (ii) the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

......(d) 聯營公司及合營企業*(續)*

本集團與其聯營公司及合營企業 之間交易所產生的未變現溢利 及虧損,均以本集團於被投資者 所佔之權益比率抵銷;但假如未 變現虧損顯示已轉讓資產出現減 值,則這些未變現虧損會在損益 內即時確認。

倘一項於聯營公司的投資成為於合營企業的投資(反之亦然),保留權益不會予以重新計量。相對地,該項投資會繼續按權益法入賬。

在其他情況下,當本集團不再對 聯營公司有重大影響力或不再 同控制合營企業時,按出賬, 按過者的全部權益列賬。 產生的收益或虧損在損或共 之主。 在喪失重大影響力或投 制權益按公平價值確認及此 類 的權益按公平價值確認及 類 在 初始確認金融資產(參 問 計(价)時當作公平價值。

本公司財務狀況表所示於聯營公司及合營企業的投資,是按成本減去減值虧損(參閱附註I(k))列 賑。

(e) 商譽

商譽代表以下的超越值:

- (i) 代價的公平價值、被收購者 的非控股股東權益數額及集 團從前已持有被收購者股本 權益的公平價值的總額;超越
- (ii) 於收購當日,被收購者的可 區別資產及負債的淨公平價 值。

當(ii)超越(i)時,該超越值即時在 損益內確認為一廉價收購收益。

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I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(e) Goodwill (continued)

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cash-generating unit, or groups of cash-generating units, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment (see note I(k)).

On disposal of a cash-generating unit during the year, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

(f) Other investments in debt and equity securities

The Group's and the Company's policies for investments in debt and equity securities other than investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, are as follows:

Investments in debt and equity securities are initially stated at fair value, which is their transaction price unless it is determined that the fair value at initial recognition differs from the transaction price and that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. Cost includes attributable transaction costs, except where indicated otherwise below. These investments are subsequently accounted for as follows, depending on their classification:

Investments in securities held for trading are classified as current assets. Any attributable transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured, with any resultant gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss does not include any dividends or interest earned on these investments as these are recognised in accordance with the policies set out in notes I(t)(iv) and (v).

Dated debt securities that the Group and/or the Company have the positive ability and intention to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity securities. Held-to-maturity securities are stated at amortised cost less impairment losses (see note I(k)).

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 商譽(續)

商譽按成本減累計減值虧損列 賬。業務合併產生之商譽分配至 預計將會受惠於合併之協同作用 之各現金生產單位或現金生產單 位的組別,並於每年進行減值測 試(參閱附註I(k))。

在年度內出售單一現金生產單位,計算出售溢利或虧損時會計 入任何可歸屬的購入商譽金額。

(f) 其他債權及股權證券投資

本集團及本公司於債權及股權證券之投資(於附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業之投資除外)政策如下:

持作買賣證券的投資分類為流動資產,所有相關的交易成本於損益內確認。本集團會在每一結算日重新計量公平價值,由此產生的任何收益或虧損均在損益內確認的淨收益或虧損不包括任何按照會計政策附註I(t)(iv)及(v)確認的股息或利息收入。

本集團及/或本公司有能力並有意持有至到期的有期債權證券, 歸類為持有至到期的證券。持有 至到期的證券是以攤銷成本減減 值虧損(參閱附註I(k))列賬。

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I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(f) Other investments in debt and equity securities (continued)

Investments in securities which do not fall into any of the above categories are classified as available-for-sale securities. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured, with any resultant gain or loss being recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the investment revaluation reserve. As an exception to this, investments in equity securities that do not have a quoted price in an active market for an identical instrument and whose fair value cannot otherwise be reliably measured are recognised in the statement of financial position at cost less impairment losses (see note I(k)). Dividend income from equity securities and interest income from debt securities calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in profit or loss in accordance with the policies set out in notes I(t)(iv) and I(t)(v), respectively.

When the investments are derecognised or impaired (see note I(k)), the cumulative gain or loss recognised in equity is reclassified to profit or loss.

Investments are recognised/derecognised on the date the Group commits to purchase/sell the investments or they expire.

(g) Cash flow hedges

Where a derivative financial instrument is designated as a hedge of the variability in cash flows of a recognised asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction or the foreign currency risk of a committed future transaction, the effective portion of any gains or losses on remeasurement of the derivative financial instrument to fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the hedging reserve. The ineffective portion of any gain or loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If a hedge of a forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability, the associated gain or loss is reclassified from equity to be included in the initial cost or other carrying amount of the non-financial asset or liability.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(f) 其他債權及股權證券投資(續)

倘該等投資被終止確認或出現減 值時(參閱附註I(k)),於權益確 認的累計收益或虧損將重新分類 至損益內。

在本集團於承諾購入/出售的投 資或該等投資已到期當日,有關 投資會被確認/終止確認。

(g) 現金流量對沖

如果某項衍生金融工具已指定用 作對沖已確認資產或負債的預 於或很可能發生的預 致弱已承諾未來交易的 風險,按公平價值重新計量 金融工具時產生的任何收益或虧 損的有效部分會於其它全面的 報認及獨立累計於權益內的對 儲備。當中任何收益或虧損的 数部分則即時在損益內確認。

如果預期交易的對沖其後引致需確認非金融資產或非金融負債, 相關的收益或虧損便會從權益中 重新分類,然後計入非金融資產 或負債的初始成本或其它賬面金 額內。

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I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(g) Cash flow hedges (continued)

If a hedge of a forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a financial asset or a financial liability, the associated gain or loss is reclassified from equity to profit or loss in the same period or periods during which the asset acquired or liability assumed affects profit or loss (such as when interest income or expense is recognised).

For cash flow hedges, other than those covered by the preceding two policy statements, the associated gain or loss is reclassified from equity to profit or loss in the same period or periods during which the hedged forecast transaction affects profit or loss.

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or the entity revokes designation of the hedge relationship but the hedged forecast transaction is still expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss at that point remains in equity until the transaction occurs and it is recognised in accordance with the above policy. If the hedged transaction is no longer expected to take place, the cumulative unrealised gain or loss is reclassified from equity to profit or loss immediately.

(h) Fixed assets

(i) Investment properties

Investment properties are land and/or buildings which are owned or held under a leasehold interest (see note I(j)) to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. These include land held for a currently undetermined future use and property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment properties.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(g) 現金流量對沖(續)

如果預期交易的對沖其後引致需確認金融資產或金融負債,相關的收益或虧損便會從權益中重新分類,然後在所收購資產或所承擔負債對損益造成影響(例如確認利息收入或支出時)的同一期間在損益內確認。

至於上述兩項會計政策沒有覆蓋 的現金流量對沖,相關的收益或 虧損便會從權益中重新分類,然 後在所對沖預期交易對損益造成 影響的同一期間在損益內確認。

當對沖工具到期或被出售、終此或行使,或實體撤銷了指被出售、終的預期交易預計會進行被為明期交易時,截至當時為立或虧損會留在權益。如果預計不會進行時投照上中計數對,則在權益中確認的時間,與對人類至損益內確認。

(h) 固定資產

(i) 投資物業

投資物業乃為賺取租金收入 及/或資本增值而以租賃權 益擁有或持有之土地及/或 樓宇(參閱附註I(j)),包括 尚未決定日後用途之土地及 興建中或已發展作未來投資 物業用途之物業。

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I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(h) Fixed assets (continued)

(i) Investment properties (continued)

Investment properties are stated at fair value unless they are still in the course of construction or development at the end of the reporting period and their fair value cannot be reliably measured at that time. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value or from the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in profit or loss. Rental income from investment properties is accounted for as described in note I(t)(iii).

When the Group holds a property interest under an operating lease to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, the interest is classified and accounted for as an investment property on a property-by-property basis. Any such property interest which has been classified as an investment property is accounted for as if it were held under a finance lease, and the same accounting policies are applied to other investment properties leased under finance leases.

(ii) Other property, plant and equipment

Items of other property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note I (k)).

In preparing these financial statements, an advantage has been taken of the provisions set out in paragraph 80A of HKAS 16, *Property, plant and equipment*, with the effect that land and buildings which have been revalued in prior years have not been revalued at the end of the reporting period. Such properties are stated at their carrying value less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and will not be revalued in future years.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 固定資產(續)

(i) 投資物業(續)

投資物業乃按公平價值列 賬。除非該物業在結算日仍 在興建中或發展中、且當時 未能有效計量其市場價值。 公平價值變動或報廢或出售 投資物業所產生之任何損益 乃於損益內確認。投資物業 的租金收入按附註I(t)(iii)所 述基準入賬。

本集團以經營租賃方式持有 用作租金收入及/或資本增 值的物業權益是按個別物業 作投資物業分類。此等權益 類為投資物業之物業權益有 假定以融資租賃方也以融資租 長,與應用在其他以融 賃方式持有的投資物業權益 之會計政策相同。

(ii) 其他物業、廠房及設備 各項其他物業、廠房及設備 乃按原值扣除累計折舊及減 值虧損列賬(參閱附註1(k))。

於編製本財務報表時,曾於過往年度重估之土地及樓宇利用香港會計準則第16號「物業、廠房及設備」之80A段之規定而並未於結算日作出重估。那些物業是按賬面值扣除累計折舊及減值虧損入賬,而且並不會在未來年度作出重估。

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I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(h) Fixed assets (continued)

(ii) Other property, plant and equipment (continued)

When an owner-occupied property becomes an investment property carried at fair value, the property is revalued at the date of transfer. Any resulting decrease in the carrying amount of the property is recognised in profit or loss and any resulting increase in carrying amount is recognised in other comprehensive income and increase in the land and buildings revaluation reserve.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal. Any related revaluation surplus is transferred from the land and buildings revaluation reserve to retained profits and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

- Leasehold land is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the lease;
- Buildings situated on leasehold land are depreciated over the shorter of the unexpired term of the lease and their estimated useful lives, being no more than 40 years after the date of completion;
- Plant and machinery between 4 to 10 years; and
- Other fixed assets between 3 to 5 years.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 固定資產(續)

(ii) 其他物業、廠房及設備(續) 當自用物業成為一按公平價 值列賬的投資物業,該物業 會於轉變當日重估。該物業 因此改變而產生的任何賬面 金額減少於損益內確認,而 任何賬面金額增加則於其他 綜合收益內確認並增加土地 及樓宇重估儲備。

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備所產生的收益或虧損的賬或虧損的是額查項目的差額釐定,並不會於損益內數。任何相關重估盈餘轉至因,並不會於損益內。因為與其一種,並不會於損益內。與其一數。

物業、廠房及設備的折舊是 按下列預計可用年限,在扣 除估計剩餘值後,以直線法 搬銷其成本計算:

- 租賃土地按租賃尚餘年 期以直線法計算折舊;
- 存在於租賃土地的樓宇 以租約年期與估計可用 年限較短者計算折舊, 但不多於樓宇完成後 四十年;
- 廠房及機器按可用年期 (四年至十年)計算折 舊;及
- 其他固定資產按可用年期(三年至五年)計算 折舊。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(h) Fixed assets (continued)

(ii) Other property, plant and equipment (continued) Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

(i) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses (see note I(k)). Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives. Both the period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

Intangible assets are not amortised while their useful lives are assessed to be indefinite. Any conclusion that the useful life of an intangible asset is indefinite is reviewed annually to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support the indefinite useful life assessment for that asset. If they do not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for prospectively from the date of change and in accordance with the policy for amortisation of intangible assets with finite lives as set out above.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 固定資產(續)

(ii) 其他物業、廠房及設備(續) 當一項物業、廠房及設備的 各部份有不同的可使用年期,這項目各部份的成本將 按合理基礎分配,而每部份 將作個別折舊。剩餘價值 (如適用)、可使用年期和折 舊方法於每年進行檢討。

(i) 無形資產(商譽除外)

由本集團購入的無形資產按成本減去累計攤銷(如估計可使用年期為有限)及減值虧損(參閱附註 I(k))後列賬。有限定使用年期的無形資產攤銷乃按資產的估計可用年期以直線法在損益內確認。攤銷之期間及方法乃每年予以檢討。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(j) Leased assets

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

- (i) Classification of assets leased to the Group
 - Assets that are held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases, with the following exceptions:
 - property held under operating leases that would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property is classified as investment property on a property-by-property basis and, if classified as investment property, is accounted for as if held under a finance lease (see note I(h)(i)); and
 - land held for own use under an operating lease, the fair value of which cannot be measured separately from the fair value of a building situated thereon at the inception of the lease, is accounted for as being held under a finance lease, unless the building is also clearly held under an operating lease. For these purposes, the inception of the lease is the time that the lease was first entered into by the Group, or taken over from the previous lessee.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(j) 租賃資產

如果集團認定一安排乃轉移權力 去使用某特定資產而在一同意 期去換取單一或一連串費用作回 報,該安排(包括一次交易的 連串交易的安排)乃租賃合約 包括一租賃合約。該決定應基於 該安排的實則評估而不會考慮該 安排在法律上是否為一租賃合約。

- (i) 租赁予本集團的資產分類 本集團根據租約持有之之 產,而其中有關擁有權之絕 大部份風險及回報均轉移至 本集團之租賃乃分類為融資 租賃。不會轉移有關擁有權 絕大部份風險及回報則分類 為經營租賃,惟以下例外:
 - 倘根據經營租賃持有之物業可另行符合投資物業之定義,則按個別物業之基準分類為投資物業,而倘分類為投資物業,則猶如列作根據融資租賃持有(參閱附註 I(h)(i));及

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I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(j) Leased assets (continued)

(ii) Assets acquired under finance leases

Where the Group acquires the use of assets under finance leases, the amounts representing the fair value of the leased asset, or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments, of such assets are included in fixed assets and the corresponding liabilities, net of finance charges, are recorded as obligations under finance leases. Depreciation is provided at rates which write off the cost or valuation of the assets over the term of the relevant lease or, where it is likely the Group will obtain ownership of the asset, the life of the asset, as set out in note I(h). Impairment losses are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in note I(k). Finance charges implicit in the lease payments are charged to profit or loss over the period of the leases so as to produce an approximately constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period.

(iii) Operating lease charges

Where the Group has the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The cost of acquiring land held under an operating lease is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term except where the property is classified as an investment property (see note I(h)).

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(j) 租賃資產(續)

(ii) 根據融資租賃收購的資產 倘本集團乃根據融資租賃收 購資產的使用權,則相當於 租賃資產公平價值或該資產 的最低租賃付款現值的較 低者的金額乃計入固定資 產,而扣除融資費用後的相 應負債則入賬列為融資租賃 承擔。折舊乃於有關租期或 倘本集團將很可能取得資產 的擁有權,則於附註I(h)所 載資產的年限內,以撇銷資 產成本或估值的比率計提撥 備。減值虧損按附註I(k)所 載列的會計政策列賬。租賃 付款內含的融資費用乃於租 **賃期內的損益內扣除**,以使 各個會計期間的承擔結餘所 負擔的定期利率大致相若。

(iii) 經營租賃支出

根據經營租賃所持有土地之 收購成本乃於租賃期內以直 線法攤銷,惟該物業分類為 投資物業則例外(參閱附註 I(h))。

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I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(k) Impairment of assets

 Impairment of investments in debt and equity securities and other receivables

Investments in debt and equity securities and other current and non-current receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost or are classified as available-forsale securities are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; and
- a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值

(i) 債權及股權證券投資及其他 應收款減值

- 債務人重大的財務困 難;
- 違反合約,例如拖欠或 逾期償還利息或本金;
- 債務人很可能將會申請 破產或進行其他財務重 組;
- 科技、市場、經濟或法 律環境的重大改變為債 務人帶來負面影響;及
- 股權工具投資的公平價值出現重大或持續下降至低於成本。

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I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(k) Impairment of assets (continued)

 Impairment of investments in debt and equity securities and other receivables (continued)

If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

- For investments in associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method in the consolidated financial statements (see note I(d)), the impairment loss is measured by comparing the recoverable amount of the investment with its carrying amount in accordance with note I(k) (ii). The impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount in accordance with note I(k)(ii).
- For unquoted equity securities carried at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset where the effect of discounting is material. Impairment losses for equity securities carried at cost are not reversed.
- For trade and other current receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where these financial assets share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值(續)

(i) 債權及股權證券投資及其他 應收款減值(續)

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倘存在任何該項憑證,則按 以下方式計算及確認任何減 值虧損:

- 就經攤銷成本列賬之應 收賬款及其他流動應收 款以及金融資產,減值 虧損乃按金融資產之賬 面值與估計未來現金流 量現值之差額並按金融 資產之原先實際利率 貼現計算(按初步確認 該等資產計算之實際利 率),若貼現的影響重 大。該等金融資產若擁 有類似風險性質(相近 的逾期未付情況)並無 被獨立評估減值,均按 整體評估。該等被評估 減值的金融資產的未來 現金流量乃根據該等信 貸風險性質相似的資產 的過往虧損經驗釐定。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(k) Impairment of assets (continued)

 Impairment of investments in debt and equity securities and other receivables (continued)

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

For available-for-sale equity securities, the cumulative loss that has been recognised in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss. The amount of the cumulative loss that is recognised in profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that asset previously recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss in respect of available-for-sale equity securities are not reversed through profit or loss. Any subsequent increase in the fair value of such assets is recognised in other comprehensive income.

I. 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值(續)

(i) 債權及股權證券投資及其他 應收款減值(續)

- 就可供出售股權證券, 先前已確認在投資重估 儲備內的累積虧損將約 損益內確認累積虧損終益 表內確認累積虧損之之額,是購入價(減除) 領不金償還及攤銷)與 現時公平價值兩者之於與 現時公平價值不已於與 益內確認的減值虧損。

有關已確認可供出售股權證券的減值虧損是不能撥回損益表內。其後該資產之公平價值增加須在其他全面收益內確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(k) Impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Impairment of investments in debt and equity securities and other receivables (continued)

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade debtors and bills receivable included within trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade debtors and bills receivable directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- other property, plant and equipment;
- pre-paid interests in leasehold land classified as being held for own use under an operating lease;
- intangible assets;
- goodwill; and
- investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures in the Company's statement of financial position.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值(續)

(i) 債權及股權證券投資及其他 應收款減值(續)

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減值虧損直接在相關資產撇 銷,除了對包括在應收賬款 及其他應收款中的應收賬款 及應收票據已確認的減值虧 損,而該等應收賬款及應收 票據可收回的機會是被懷疑 而不是沒有機會。在此情況 下,呆壞賬的減值虧損則於 撥備賬計提。如集團認為收 回機會渺茫時,被視為不會 收回的金額直接在應收賬款 及應收票據內撇銷,而在撥 備賬的有關數額則須撥回。 如已計提在撥備賬中的金額 已被收回,其將從撥備賬中 撥回。其他在撥備賬內的變 動及以往已直接撇銷而其後 收回數額則在損益內確認。

(ii) 其他資產減值

在每個結算日審閱內部和外來的信息,以確定下列資產 有否出現減值跡象,或是以 往確認的減值虧損不復存在 或已經減少(商譽則除外):

- 其他物業、廠房及設備;
- 預付租賃土地權益分類 為持作經營租賃之自用 租賃土地;
- 無形資產;
- 商譽;及
- 本公司財務狀況表呈列 於附屬公司、聯營公司 及合營企業的投資。

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I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(k) Impairment of assets (continued)

(ii) Impairment of other assets (continued)

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cashgenerating unit).

- Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cashgenerating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), or value in use (if determinable).

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值(續)

(ii) 其他資產減值(續)

如果出現減值跡象,便會估計該資產的可收回數額。除此之外,對於商譽及不確定使用年期的無形資產,其可收回數額則按年作出估計,不論有否減值跡象。

計算可收回數額

資產的可收回數額以其 公平價值減處置成本和 使用價值兩者中的較高 數額為準。在評估使用 價值時,會使用除税前 折現率將估計未來現金 流量折現至現值。該折 現率應是反映市場當時 所評估的金錢時間價值 和該資產的獨有風險。 如果資產所產生的現金 流入基本上不獨立於其 他資產所產生的現金流 入,則以能獨立產生現 金流入的最小資產類別 (即現金產生單位)來 釐定可收回數額。

- 確認減值虧損

倘資產或其所屬之現金 產生單位之賬面值超過 其可收回數額,則於損 益內確認減值虧損。就 現金產生單位確認之減 值虧損,首先被分配作 為減少分配至現金產生 單位(或單位類別)之 任何商譽之賬面數額, 繼而按比例基準作為減 少單位(或單位類別) 之其他資產之賬面數, 惟資產之賬面值將不會 減少至低於其個別公平 價值減處置成本(倘能 計量)或使用價值(倘 能確定)。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(k) Impairment of assets (continued)

- (ii) Impairment of other assets (continued)
 - Reversals of impairment losses
 In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

(iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Listing Rules, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34, *Interim financial reporting*, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see notes I(k)(i) and (ii)).

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill, available-for-sale equity securities and unquoted equity securities carried at cost are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates. Consequently, if the fair value of an available-for-sale equity security increases in the remainder of the annual period, or in any other period subsequently, the increase is recognised in other comprehensive income and not profit or loss.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值(續)

(ii) 其他資產減值(續)

減值虧損撥回 除商譽外之資產,倘若 用以釐定可收回數額的 估計發生有利的變化, 便會將資產減值虧損撥 回。商譽之減值虧損則 不會撥回。

> 所撥回的減值虧損以假 設沒有在往年確認減值 虧損而應釐定的資產賬 面金額為限。所撥回的 減值虧損在確認撥回的 年度計入損益內。

(iii) 中期財務報告及減值

上市規則規定,本集團須符合香港會計準則第34號「中期財務報告」之規定編製有關財政年度首六個月的中期財務報告。於中期期末,本集團應用於財政年度終結時所應用的相同減值測試、確認及撥回規限(參閱附註I(k)(i)及(ii)人(ii))。

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I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(I) Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any writedown of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(m) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (see note I(k)), except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(I) 存貨

存貨乃以成本及可變現淨值兩者 中的較低數額入賬。

成本以加權平均成本法計算,其 中包括所有採購成本、加工成本 以及令存貨變成現狀和運輸之成 本。

可變現淨值是以日常業務過程中 的估計售價減去完成生產及銷售 所需的估計成本後所得之數。

所有出售存貨的賬面金額在相關 收入確認的期間內確認為支出。 存貨數額撇減至可變現淨值及存 貨的所有虧損均在出現減值或虧 損的期間內確認為支出。存貨的 任何減值撥回的數額,均在出現 撥回的期間內減少確認為已列作 支出的存貨數額。

(m) 應收賬款及其他應收款

應收賬款及其他應收款初步按公平價值入賬,其後則以實際利利 法按經攤銷成本扣除呆壞賬減值 虧損(參閱附註I(k))列賬,惟應 收款屬於向關連人士所提供並應 任何固定還款期之免息貸款貼 現並無重大影響則除外。於該等 情況下,應收款乃按成本扣除呆 壞賬減值虧損列賬。

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I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(n) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

(o) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Except for financial guarantee liabilities measured in accordance with note I(s)(i), trade and other payables are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(p) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

(q) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

(ii) Long service payments

The Group's net obligations in respect of long service payments are the amounts of future benefits that employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior periods, calculated in accordance with the relevant laws.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(n) 帶息借款

帶息借款首次確認時以公平價值 減有關交易成本入賬。首次確認 後,帶息借款按攤銷成本列示。 首次確認的金額與贖回價值的 異,連同任何應付利息及應付費 用按實際利率法在有關期間於損 益內確認。

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(o) 應付賬款及其他應付款

應付賬款及其他應付款初步按公平價值入賬,除了按附註I(s)(i)計量的財務擔保負債之外,應付賬款及其他應付款則按攤銷成本列賬,惟貼現之影響屬輕微則除外,於該情況下則按成本列賬。

(p) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包含銀行存款 及現金、存放於銀行和其他金融 機構的活期存款,以及短期和流 動性極高的投資項目。這些項目 可以容易地換算為已知的現金數 額、所須承受的價值變動風險甚 小,並在購入後三個月內到期。

(q) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利及既定供款退 休計劃供款

薪金、年終獎金、有薪年假、既定供款退休計劃供款及各項非金錢福利的成本,均在僱員提供相關服務的年度內累計。倘遞延支付或結算款項,且影響重大,則按現值將該等款項入賬。

(ii) 長期服務金

本集團的長期服務金責任淨額是根據相關法例僱員於本期間及過往期間提供服務所賺取之未來福利金額。

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I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(q) Employee benefits (continued)

(iii) Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a capital reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the binomial lattice model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the capital reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is included in the amount recognised in share capital for the shares issued) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

(iv) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when it recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 僱員福利(續)

(iii) 股權付款

於歸屬期間,預期歸屬之購 股權數目會進行檢討。於過 往年度確認之任何累計公平 價值調整在檢討年度列支/ 計入損益內,除非原有僱員 開支合資格確認為資產則另 論,而股本儲備亦會作相應 調整。於歸屬日期,確認為 開支之數額會作出調整,以 反映歸屬購股權之實際數目 (而股本儲備亦會作相應調 整),惟倘沒收僅因未能達 成與本公司股份市價有關之 歸屬條件則作別論。股本金 額乃於股本儲備中確認,直 至購股權獲行使(當已發行 股份與其有關金額被確認為 股本中)或購股權屆滿(當有 關金額直接撥入保留溢利) 為止。

(iv) 終止受僱福利

終止受僱福利的確認為當本 集團無法撤銷這些福利的提 議或當它確認重組成本包括 支付終止補償(以較早者為 準)。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(r) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss can be utilised.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(r) 所得税

本年度所得税包括本期所得税及 遞延所得税資產和負債的變動。 本期所得税及遞延所得税資產和 負債的變動均在損益內確認,惟 與於其他全面收益或直接於權益 確認之項目相關者除外,在此情 況下,相關税額分別於其他全面 收益或直接於權益中確認。

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本期所得税是按本年度應税收入 按結算日已執行或實質上已執行 税率計算的預期應付税項,加上 以往年度應付税項的任何調整。

遞延所得稅資產和負債分別由可 抵扣和應稅暫時差異產生。暫時 差異是指資產和負債在財務報告 上的賬面金額與這些資產和負債 的計稅基礎的差異。遞延所得稅 資產也可以由未利用可抵扣虧損 和未利用稅款抵減產生。

除了某些有限的例外情况外,所 有遞延所得税負債和遞延所得税 資產(只限於很可能獲得能利用 該遞延所得税資產來抵扣的未來 應稅溢利)都會確認。支持確認 由可抵扣暫時差異所產生遞延所 得税資產的未來應税溢利包括因 撥回目前存在的應税暫時差異而 產生的數額;但這些撥回的差異 必須與同一税務機關及同一應税 **曾**體有關,並預期在可抵扣暫時 差異預計撥回的同一期間或遞延 所得税資產所產生可抵扣虧損可 向後期結轉的期間內撥回。在決 定目前存在的應税暫時差異是否 足以支持確認由未利用可抵扣虧 損所產生的遞延所得税資產時, 亦會採用同一準則,即差異是否 與同一税務機關及同一應税實體 有關,並是否預期在能使用未利 用可抵扣虧損撥回的同一期間內 撥回。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(r) Income tax (continued)

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

Where investment properties are carried at their fair value in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note I(h) (i), the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of those assets at their carrying value at the reporting date unless the property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale. In all other cases, the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(r) 所得税(續)

本集團會在每個結算日審閱遞延 所得税資產的賬面金額。如果來 集團預期不再可能獲得足夠的應 税溢利以抵扣相關的税務利益, 該遞延所得稅資產的賬面金額便 會調低;但是如果日後又可能獲 得足夠的應稅溢利,有關減額便 會撥回。

因分派股息而額外產生的所得税 是在支付相關股息的責任確立時 確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(r) Income tax (continued)

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(r) 所得税(續)

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本期和遞延所得稅結餘及其變動 額會分開列示,並且不予抵銷。 本期和遞延所得稅資產只會在本 公司或本集團有法定行使權以本 期所得稅資產抵銷本期所得稅負 債,並且符合以下附帶條件的情 況下,才可以分別抵銷本期和遞 延所得稅負債:

- 本期所得税資產和負債:本公司或本集團計劃按淨額基準結算,或同時變現該資產和償還該負債;或
- 遞延所得税資產和負債:這 些資產和負債必須與同一稅 務機關就以下其中一項徵收 的所得稅有關:
 - 同一應税實體;或
 - 不同的應税實體。這些 實體計劃在日後每個預 計有大額遞延所得稅負 債需要償還或大額遞或 所得稅資產可以收回的 期間,按淨額基準實現 本期所得稅負債,或同 時變現該資產和償還該 負債。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(s) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent

(i) Financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Where the Group issues a financial guarantee, the fair value of the guarantee is initially recognised as deferred income within trade and other payables. The fair value of financial guarantees issued at the time of issuance is determined by reference to fees charged in an arm's length transaction for similar services, when such information is obtainable, or is otherwise estimated by reference to interest rate differentials, by comparing the actual rates charged by lenders when the guarantee is made available with the estimated rates that lenders would have charged, had the guarantees not been available, where reliable estimates of such information can be made. Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss on initial recognition of any deferred income. Where the guarantee is issued by the Company in respect of the banking facilities granted to its subsidiaries, the asset identified is a form of capital contribution, i.e. an addition to the cost of the investment in the subsidiary.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(s) 財務擔保發出、撥備及或有負債

(i) 財務擔保發出

財務擔保乃要求發行人(即 擔保人)就擔保受益人(「持 有人」)因特定債務人未能根 據債項工具的條款於到期時 付款而蒙受的損失,而向持 有人支付特定款項的合約。

倘本集團發出財務擔保,該 擔保的公平價值最初確認為 應付賬款及其他應付款內的 遞延收入。所發出財務擔保 於發出時的公平價值乃參照 就類似服務的公平交易中所 收取的費用(如可獲取有關 資料),或參照於提供擔保 時放款人實際收取的費用與 放款人在未有提供擔保時估 計可收取的費用(如可就有 關資料作出可靠估計)之間 的利率差異釐定。倘在發行 該擔保時收取或可收取代 價,該代價則根據適用於該 類資產的本集團政策而予確 認。倘有關代價尚未收取或 應予收取,於最初確認任何 遞延收入時,即時開支於損 益內確認。倘本公司就給予 其附屬公司的銀行信貸發出 擔保,所確定的資產乃以注 資之形式,即於附屬公司之 投資成本之增添。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(s) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

(i) Financial guarantees issued (continued)

The amount of the guarantee initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued. In addition, provisions are recognised in accordance with note I(s)(ii) if and when (i) it becomes probable that the holder of the guarantee will call upon the Group under the guarantee, and (ii) the amount of that claim on the Group is expected to exceed the amount currently carried in trade and other payables in respect of that guarantee i.e. the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation.

(ii) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for other liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(s) 財務擔保發出、撥備及或有負債 (續)

(i) 財務擔保發出(續)

最初確認為遞延收入的擔保 款額按擔保年期於損益內 銷為所發出的財務擔保有 可能就該項擔保要求 團履行擔保;及(ii)向 提出的申索款額預期超 提出的申索款額預期超 時列於該擔保的應付賬認 其他應付款(即最初 其他應付款(即最初 致的 金額減累計攤銷),則按附 註I(s)(ii)確認撥備。

(ii) 撥備及或有負債

倘若本集團或本公司須就已發生的事件承擔法律或推定 義務,而履行該義務預濟效益的 導致含有經濟效益的協力。 一會就該時間或數額不可作出可靠的估估定 其他負債計提撥備。如果, 發時間價值的影響重大,的 金額是履行義務預期所 需支出的現值。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(t) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

(i) Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered at the customers' premises or when goods are shipped on board which are taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

(ii) Processing service income, management fee income and

Processing service income, management fee income and commission income are recognised when the relevant services are rendered.

(iii) Property rental income

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

(iv) Dividends

Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(t) 收入確認

收入乃按已收或應收代價之公平 價值計量。收入是在經濟效益可 能會流入本集團,以及能夠可靠 地計算收入和成本(如適用)時, 根據下列方法在損益內確認:

(i) 貨品銷售

收入在貨品送達客戶場地或 貨品已被裝船,而且客戶已 接收貨品及其他與擁有貨品 相關的風險及回報時確認。 收入不包括增值税及其他銷 售税,並已扣除任何貿易折 扣。

(ii) 加工服務收入、管理費收入 及佣金收入

加工服務收入、管理費收入 及佣金收入在提供相關服務 後確認為收入。

(iii) 物業租金收入

(iv) 股息

非上市投資之股息收入在股 東收取股息之權利被確認時 入賬確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(t) Revenue recognition (continued)

(v) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

(vi) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

(u) Translation of foreign currencies

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's subsidiaries are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(t) 收入確認(續)

(v) 利息收入

利息收入是按實際利息法在 產生時確認。

(vi) 政府補助金

(u) 外幣換算

本集團附屬公司各自之財務報表 所包括之項目均使用該實體營運 之主要經濟環境之貨幣計量(「功 能貨幣」)。綜合財務報表以港幣 列賬,港幣為本公司之功能貨幣 及呈列貨幣。

相關年度內的外幣交易按交易日 之外幣兑換率換算。以外幣計值 的貨幣資產及負債均按結算日的 外幣兑換率換算。匯兑盈虧均撥 入損益內確認。

以歷史成本計量的外幣非貨幣資 產與負債按該交易日的匯率換 算。以公平價值計量的外幣非貨 幣資產及負債,則以釐定其公平 價值當日的匯率換算。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(u) Translation of foreign currencies (continued)

The results of foreign operations are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items, including goodwill arising on consolidation of foreign operations acquired on or after I January 2005, are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve. Goodwill arising on consolidation of a foreign operation acquired before I January 2005 is translated at the foreign exchange rate that applied at the date of acquisition of the foreign operation.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

(v) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

(w) Related parties

- (I) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(u) 外幣換算(續)

出售海外業務時,當出售收益或 虧損被確認,有關海外業務已在 權益內確認的匯兑差異之累計數 額將重新分類至損益內。

(v) 借貸成本

直接用作收購、建設或生產而需 要相當長時間才可以投入作原定 用途或銷售的資產的借貸成本均 撥作該等資產之部分成本。其他 借貸成本均在發生的期間內列支。

(w) 關連人士

- (I) 個別人士,或其直系親屬的 成員會被認為是本集團之關 連人士,倘若該個別人士:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集 團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響 力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公 司主要管理人員成員之

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(w) Related parties (continued)

- (2) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (1).
 - (vii) A person identified in (1)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(w) 關連人士(續)

•••••

- (2) 一個實體如符合任何下列條 件,則被認為是本集團之關 連人士:
 - (i) 該實體和本集團是同一 集團的成員(指每間母 公司,附屬公司及同系 附屬公司是有關連的)。
 - (ii) 一個實體是另一實體的 聯營公司或合營企業 (或一個實體為某一集 團成員的聯營公司或合 營企業,而另一實體為 同一集團之成員)。
 - (iii) 兩個實體同為第三方的 合營企業。
 - (iv) 一個實體是第三個實體 的合營企業,而另一個 實體為該第三個實體的 聯營公司。
 - (v) 該實體乃指提供予本集 團或與本集團有關連的 實體的僱員離職後福利 計劃。
 - (vi) 該實體受上文(I)所指 的人士控制或共同控 制。
 - (vii) 上文(I)(i)所指的個別 人士對該實體有重大影 響力或為該實體(或該 實體母公司)主要管理 人員成員之一。

個別人士的直系親屬成員乃 指該親屬成員在與實體交易 時可能影響或被影響的親屬 成員。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(x) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The HKICPA has issued a number of new HKFRSs and amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Of these, the following developments are relevant to the Group's financial statements:

- Amendments to HKAS I, Presentation of financial statements –
 Presentation of items of other comprehensive income
- HKFRS 10, Consolidated financial statements
- HKFRS 11, Joint arrangements
- HKFRS 12, Disclosure of interests in other entities
- HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

Ⅰ. 主要會計政策(續)

(x) 分部報告

經營分部及於財務報表所呈報的 各分部項目金額已於定期向本集 團最高行政管理人員提供以供分 配資源至本集團各類業務及地區 分部以及評估彼等的表現的財務 資料中分辨。

就財務報告而言,個別重大經營 分部不會合併,惟分部間有類 經濟特點且於產品及服務的 質、生產過程性質、客戶種別 、生產過程性質、 類別、分銷產品及提供服務 方法以及監管環境性質方面類所 則除外。並非個別重大之經 對 即如符合大部分此等準則,或會 合併處理。

2. 會計政策變動

香港會計師公會已頒佈多項於本集團 及本公司在本會計期間首次生效之新 訂香港財務報告準則及香港財務報告 準則之修訂本。其中,下列改變與本 集團的財務報表有關:

- 《香港會計準則》第1號(修訂), 「財務報表的呈列-其他全面收益 項目的呈列」
- 《香港財務報告準則》第10號, 「綜合財務報表」
- 《香港財務報告準則》第II號, 「合營安排」
- 《香港財務報告準則》第12號, 「於其他實體權益之披露」
- 《香港財務報告準則》第13號, 「公平價值計量」

本集團並未採納任何尚未於本會計期 間生效的新準則或詮釋。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Impacts of the adoption of the new or amended HKFRSs are discussed below:

Amendments to HKAS I, Presentation of financial statements – Presentation of items of other comprehensive income

The amendments require entities to present separately the items of other comprehensive income that would be reclassified to profit or loss in the future if certain conditions are met from those that would never be reclassified to profit or loss. The presentation of other comprehensive income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in these financial statements has been modified accordingly. In addition, the Group has chosen to use the new titles "statement of profit or loss" and "statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income" as introduced by the amendments in these financial statements.

HKFRS 10, Consolidated financial statements

HKFRS 10 replaces the requirements in HKAS 27, Consolidated and separate financial statements relating to the preparation of consolidated financial statements and HK-SIC 12 Consolidation — Special purpose entities. It introduces a single control model to determine whether an investee should be consolidated, by focusing on whether the entity has power over the investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and the ability to use its power to affect the amount of those returns.

As a result of the adoption of HKFRS 10, the Group has changed its accounting policy with respect to determining whether it has control over an investee. The adoption does not change any of the control conclusions reached by the Group in respect of its involvement with other entities as at 1 April 2013.

2. 會計政策變動(續)

因採納新訂或經修訂的香港財務報告 準則的影響如下:

《香港會計準則》第1號(修訂)「財務報 表的呈列-其他全面收益項目的呈列」

本修訂要求實體將在未來符合若干條件時會重新分類為損益的其他全面收益項目與永遠不會重新分類為損益的 分開呈列。在財務報表的綜合損益於 其他全面收益表內,其他全面收益表內 呈列已經據此作出修改。此外,本 團已經選擇在財務報表內採納修訂所 提出的新名稱「損益表」及「損益及 他全面收益表」。

《香港財務報告準則》第10號*「綜合財* 務報表」

《香港財務報告準則》第10號取代與編製綜合財務報表有關之《香港會計準則》第27號「綜合及獨立財務報表」以及《香港(準則詮釋委員會)詮釋》以第12號「綜合賬目一特殊目的實體」之式,以透過集中考慮該實體是否有控制模力、能否自其與被投資方的權力、能否自其與被投資方的權力、能否自其與被投資方便不同回報以及利用其權力影響該等回報金額的能力,釐定被投資方是否應被計入母公司綜合財務報表。

由於採納了《香港財務報告準則》第 10號,本集團已修訂有關釐定其是否 有權控制被投資方的會計政策。採納 是項準則並無改變本集團就其於二零 一三年四月一日對參與其他實體業務 所達致的任何有關控制權之結論。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

HKFRS II, Joint arrangements

HKFRS 11, which replaces HKAS 31, Interests in joint ventures, divides joint arrangements into joint operations and joint ventures. Entities are required to determine the type of an arrangement by considering the structure, legal form, contractual terms and other facts and circumstances relevant to their rights and obligations under the arrangement. Joint arrangements which are classified as joint operations under HKFRS 11 are recognised on a line-by-line basis to the extent of the joint operator's interest in the joint operation. All other joint arrangements are classified as joint ventures under HKFRS 11 and are required to be accounted for using the equity method in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Proportionate consolidation is no longer allowed as an accounting policy choice.

As a result of the adoption of HKFRS II, the Group has changed its accounting policy with respect to its interests in joint arrangements and re-evaluated its involvement in its joint arrangements. The Group has reclassified the investment from jointly controlled entities to joint ventures. The investment continues to be accounted for using the equity method and therefore this reclassification does not have any material impact on the financial position and the financial result of the Group.

HKFRS 12, Disclosure of interests in other entities

HKFRS 12 brings together into a single standard all the disclosure requirements relevant to an entity's interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and unconsolidated structured entities. The disclosures required by HKFRS 12 are generally more extensive than those previously required by the respective standards. To the extent that the requirements are applicable to the Group, the Group has provided those disclosures in notes 16, 17 and 18.

2. 會計政策變動(續)

《香港財務報告準則》第11號*「合營安排」*

由於採納《香港財務報告準則》第II 號,本集團改變其有關於合營安排所 佔權益之會計處理政策,並重估其於 合營安排之參與。本集團已將於合營 公司之投資重新分類為合營企業投 資。該投資將繼續按權益法入賬,因 此該重新分類對本集團之財務狀況及 業績不會構成任何重大影響。

《香港財務報告準則》第12號「於其他實體權益之披露」

《香港財務報告準則》第12號將實體於附屬公司、合營安排、聯營公司以及非合併處理結構化實體的所有披露規定融入在一個單一的準則內。按《香港財務報告準則》第12號規定的披露範圍一般較之前按各準則之規定更為廣泛。惟若適用於本集團之規定,本集團已於財務報表附註16、17及18中提供該等披露資料。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement

HKFRS 13 replaces existing guidance in individual HKFRSs with a single source of fair value measurement guidance. HKFRS 13 also contains extensive disclosure requirements about fair value measurements for both financial instruments and non-financial instruments. To the extent that the requirements are applicable to the Group, the Group has provided those disclosures in notes 13 and 28. The adoption of HKFRS 13 does not have any material impact on the fair value measurements of the Group's assets and liabilities.

3. TURNOVER

The principal activities of the Group are the manufacture and sale of garments and textiles, provision of processing services and rental of properties.

Turnover represents the invoiced value of goods supplied to customers, processing service income and rental income. The amount of each significant category of revenue recognised in turnover during the year is as follows:

2. 會計政策變動(續)

《香港財務報告準則》第13號「公平價值計量」

《香港財務報告準則》第13號作為公平價值計量指引的單一來源,以取代個別《香港財務報告準則》的現行指引。《香港財務報告準則》第13號亦載有與金融工具及非金融工具的公平價值計量有關之廣泛披露要求。惟若適用於本集團之規定,本集團已於財務報表附註13及28中提供該等披露資料。採納《香港財務報告準則》第13號對本集團資產及負債的公平價值計量並無任何重大影響。

3. 營業額

本集團之主要業務是製造及銷售成衣 及紡織品、提供加工服務和物業租賃。

營業額為供應給客戶貨品的銷售價值、加工服務收入及租金收入。於年內確認為營業額的各主要收入金額類別分析如下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
			_
Manufacture and sale of garments	製造及銷售成衣	996,590	1,304,726
Manufacture and sale of textiles	製造及銷售紡織品	46,968	11,635
Processing service income	加工服務收入	22,568	9,665
Property rental income	物業租金收入	8,006	7,042
		1,074,132	1,333,068

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

3. TURNOVER (continued)

The Group's customer base is diversified and includes only one customer (2013: two) with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's turnover. For the year ended 31 March 2014, revenue from sales of garments to the customer, including sales to entities which are known to the Group to be under common control with the customer, amounted to approximately \$165,199,000 (2013: \$411,661,000) and arose in all geographical regions in which the manufacture and sale of garments and textiles division is active. Details of concentrations of credit risk arising from the customer is set out in note 28(a).

3. 營業額*(續)*

本集團之客戶基礎是分散的,只有一個(二零一三年:兩個)客戶基礎是分散的,只有響額是超過本集團收入之10%。截至二零一四年三月三十一日止集團售予該客戶控制之個體,包括本銷售予控制之個體。中三年里,已至了一個。由該客戶而引起之信數所有地區。由該客戶而引起之信數中風險詳細列明在附註28(a)。

4. OTHER REVENUE AND NET INCOME

4. 其他收入及收益淨額

		2014	2013	
		二零一四年	二零一三年	
		\$'000	\$'000	
		千元	千元	
Other revenue	其他收入			
Commission income	佣金收入	655	566	
Dividend income from unlisted	非上市股權證券之			
equity securities	股息收入	429	389	
Interest income	利息收入	2,275	2,255	
Management fee income	管理費用收入	869	804	
Government grants	政府補助金	_	62	
Sundry income	其他收入	609	380	
		4,837	4,456	
Other net income	其他收益淨額			
Net exchange loss	匯兑虧損淨額	(234)	(3,334)	
Scrap income	廢料收入	1,335	2,012	
Net loss on disposals of	出售固定資產			
fixed assets	虧損淨額	(382)	(1,790)	
Net claim income	賠償收益淨額	1,515	2,141	
Recovery of receivables	收回以往年度撇銷之			
written off in prior years	應收款	8	518	
Sundry income	其他收入	274	876	
		2,516	423	

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

5. PF	ROFIT BEF	ORE TAX	ATION	 5.	除税前溢利
_					BA 3V 24 V/ 3/1 / 2/1 V / 1 BA

Profit before taxation is arrived at after (crediting)/charging:

DV 477 777 471 -	/ 1 - 1		
	(=+ \)	/ 11 11 12	•
除税前溢利已	(ローノ\)	/] 日 小	•

		2014 二零一四年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2013 二零一三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
(a) Finance costs Interest on bank loans wholly repayable within five years	(a) 融資成本 須於五年內悉數償還之銀行 貸款利息		
(including bank charges)	(包括銀行費用)	3,865	4,393
Other interest expense	其他利息費用	-	5
Cash flow hedges: reclassified	現金流量對沖:從權益中		
from equity (note 10(b))	重新分類(附註10(b))	(5)	
		3,860	4,398
(L) Chaff	/L \ 吕 T 成 *#		
(b) Staff costs# Salaries, wages and other benefits	(b) 員工成本# 薪金、工資及其他福利	169,316	186,858
Contributions to defined	既定供款退休計劃供款	107,310	100,030
contribution retirement schemes	707C [738/22 FI H 2] [739	16,507	14,335
Provision for/(reversal of) long	長期服務金撥備/(撥回)		,
service payments, net (note 26)	淨額 <i>(附註26)</i>	6,918	(981)
		192,741	200,212
(c) Other items	(c) 其他項目		
Cost of inventories#	存貨成本#	916,852	1,110,978
Amortisation of pre-paid interests in	預付租賃土地款項的攤銷#		
leasehold land#	折舊#	61	59
Depreciation# Net loss on cash flow hedging	從權益中重新分類的現金	14,550	17,154
instruments reclassified from equity	流量對沖工具虧損淨額		
(note 10(b))	(附註10(b))	52	_
Impairment loss on trade debtors and bills	應收賬款及應收票據		
receivable (note 21(b))	之減值虧損(附註21(b))	-	291
Impairment loss on amount due from	應收一聯營公司款項之		
an associate (note 21(d))	減值虧損(<i>附註21(d))</i>	242	4,171
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		
— audit services	一審計服務	1,844	1,729
other services	一其他服務	168	210
Operating lease charges:	經營租賃費用: 最低租賃付款額		
minimum lease payments — property rentals#	取似祖貞的叔祖 -物業之租金#	8,669	8,003
Rentals receivable from investment	投資物業應收租金減直接	0,007	0,003
properties less direct outgoings of	支出1,383,000元		
\$1,383,000 (2013: \$1,312,000)	(二零一三年:1,312,000元)	(6,623)	(5,730)

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

5. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (continued)

Cost of inventories includes \$106,857,000 (2013: \$109,469,000) relating to staff costs, amortisation of pre-paid interests in leasehold land, depreciation and operating lease charges, which amount is also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above for each of these types of expenses.

6. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

(a) Income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

5. 除税前溢利*(續)*

存貨成本包括員工成本、預付租賃土 地款項的攤銷,折舊及經營租賃費 用,有關款項共106,857,000元(二零 一三年:109,469,000元)。有關數額亦 已記入在上文分開列示之各項有關費 用的總額中。

6. 綜合損益表所示的所得税

(a) 綜合損益表中所示的所得税為:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		\$'000 千元	\$'000 <i>千元</i>
		ナル	ー
Current tax –	本年税項-		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	香港利得税		
Provision for the year	本年税項撥備	7,132	7,891
Under/(over)-provision in respect of	以往年度撥備不足/		
prior years	(超額撥備)	44	(51)
		7,176	7,840
Current tax - Outside Hong Kong	本年税項-香港境外		
Provision for the year	本年税項撥備	357	30
Over-provision in respect of	以往年度超額撥備		
prior years		(5,151)	(700)
		(4,794)	(670)
Deferred tax	遞延所得税		
Origination and reversal	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		
of temporary differences		4,677	3,141
		7,059	10,311

The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for 2014 is calculated at 16.5% (2013: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profits for the year.

Taxation for subsidiaries outside Hong Kong is charged at the appropriate current rates of taxation ruling in the relevant jurisdictions.

二零一四年度香港利得税撥備是按本年度之估計應評税溢利以16.5%(二零 一三年:16.5%)的税率計算。

香港境外附屬公司之税項則以相關司 法權區適用之現行税率計算。

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

6. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (continued)

- (b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:
- 6. 綜合損益表所示的所得税(續)
 - (b) 所得税支出和會計溢利按適用税 率計算的對賬:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	10.250	// 057
Profit defore taxation	际忧刖 <i>伍</i> 刊 ————————————————————————————————————	18,258	66,057
Notional tax on profit before taxation,	按照在相關國家獲得溢利的		
calculated at the rates applicable to	適用税率計算除税前溢利		
profits in the countries concerned	的名義税項	(5,319)	9,224
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	不可扣減支出的税項影響	1,245	1,662
Tax effect of non-taxable revenue	毋須計税收入的税項影響	(5,514)	(6,560)
Tax effect of unused tax losses not	未確認的未使用税務虧損的		
recognised	税項影響	18,804	7,757
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised in	以往年度未確認但於年內		
prior years but utilised during the year	使用税務虧損的税項影響	(41)	(129)
Tax effect of undistributed profits of	附屬公司及合營企業未分配		
subsidiaries and joint ventures	溢利之税項影響	2,612	(1,132)
Over-provision in respect of	以往年度超額撥備		
prior years		(5,107)	(751)
Others	其他	379	240
Actual tax expense	實際税項支出	7,059	10,311

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

7. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 78 of Schedule II to the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), with reference to section 161 of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), is as follows:

7. 董事酬金

根據新香港公司條例(第622章)附表II 第78條(參考前香港公司條例(第32章) 第I6I條)之規定而披露之董事酬金如下:

2014 二零一四年

Salarios

			Salaries,			
			allowances		Retirement	
		Directors'	and benefits	Discretionary	scheme	
		fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	Total
			薪金、津貼			
		董事袍金	及其他福利	酌情花紅	退休計劃供款	合計
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	チ <u>元</u>	千元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Chan Sui Kau	陳瑞球先生	30	1,654	-	-	1,684
Mr. Chan Wing Fui, Peter	陳永奎先生	30	1,911	-	-	1,941
Mr. Chan Wing Kee	陳永棋先生	30	1,911	-	-	1,941
Mr. Chan Wing To	陳永滔先生	30	-	-	-	30
Ms. Chan Suk Man	劉陳淑文女士	30	1,165	-	10	1,205
Mr. Chan Wing Sun, Samuel	陳永燊先生	30	-	-	-	30
Ms. Chan Suk Ling, Shirley	周陳淑玲女士	30	-	-	-	30
Mr. So Ying Woon, Alan	蘇應垣先生	30	1,420	400	63	1,913
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事					
directors						
Mr. Leung Hok Lim	梁學濂先生	160	-	-	-	160
Mr. Lin Keping	林克平先生	80	-	-	-	80
Mr. Sze Cho Cheung, Michael	施祖祥先生	120	-	-	-	120
Mr. Choi Ting Ki	蔡廷基先生	100	-	-	-	100
		700	8,061	400	73	9,234

財務報表附註For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)
截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

DIRECTORS' REMU	INERATION (c	ontinued)	7	金陋事董	注(<i>續)</i>	
				2013		
				二零一三年		
			Salaries,			
			allowances		Retirement	
		Directors'	and benefits	Discretionary	scheme	
		fees	in kind 薪金、津貼	bonuses	contributions	To
		董事袍金	及其他福利	酌情花紅	退休計劃供款	슫
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'(
		千元	千元	千元	千元	7
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Chan Sui Kau	陳瑞球先生	30	1,361	1,200	_	2,
Mr. Chan Wing Fui, Peter	陳永奎先生	30	2,541	1,025	_	3,
Mr. Chan Wing Kee	陳永棋先生	30	2,541	1,550	_	4,
Mr. Chan Wing To	陳永滔先生	30	_	1,000	_	1,
Ms. Chan Suk Man	劉陳淑文女士	30	1,549	1,000	60	2,
Mr. Chan Wing Sun, Samuel	陳永燊先生	30	_	_	_	
Ms. Chan Suk Ling, Shirley	周陳淑玲女士	30	_	_	_	
Mr. So Ying Woon, Alan	蘇應垣先生	30	1,394	700	62	2,
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Leung Hok Lim	梁學濂先生	160	-	-	-	
Mr. Lin Keping	林克平先生	80	-	-	-	
Mr. Sze Cho Cheung, Michael	施祖祥先生	120	-	-	_	
Mr. Choi Ting Ki	蔡廷基先生				_	
		600	9,386	6,475	122	16,

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

8. INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, three (2013: four) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in note 7. The emoluments of the other individual for the year ended 31 March 2014 are as follows:

8. 最高酬金人士

在五位酬金最高之人士中,三位(二零一三年:四位)為董事,有關酬金詳情載於附註7。截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度其他人士之酬金如下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Salaries and other emoluments	薪金及其他酬金	2,377	1,039
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅	1,240	1,300
Retirement scheme contributions	退休計劃供款	107	47
		3,724	2,386

The emoluments of the two (2013: one) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

該兩位最高酬金人士(二零一三年:一位)的酬金介乎下列區間:

		2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
\$1,000,001 to \$2,000,000	1,000,001元至2,000,000元	1	_
\$2,000,001 to \$3,000,000	2,000,001元至3,000,000元	I	<u> </u>
		2	1

9. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company includes a profit of \$34,556,000 (2013: \$76,772,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

Details of dividends paid and payable to equity shareholders of the Company are set out in note 27(b).

9. 本公司股權持有人應佔溢利

•••••

本公司股權持有人應佔綜合溢利包括 一筆已列入本公司財務報表的溢利 34,556,000元(二零一三年:76,772,000 元)。

已付及應付予本公司股權持有人之股息詳情列於附註27(b)。

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

10. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

IO. 其他全面收益

(a) Tax effects relating to each component of other comprehensive income

(a) 其他全面收益的各組成部份的税 務影響

			2014 二零一四年			2013 二零一三年	
		Before-tax amount	Tax expense	Net-of-tax amount	Before-tax amount	Tax expense	Net-of-tax amount
		除税前金額	税項支出	除税後金額	除税前金額	税項支出	除税後金額
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	チ <u>元</u> 	チ <u>元</u> 	チ <u>元</u>	チ <u>元</u>	₹ \bar{\pi}
Exchange differences on translation of:	匯兑差額:						
- financial statements of	- 換算香港境外附屬公司財務						
subsidiaries outside Hong Kong	報表所產生	3,965	-	3,965	1,662	-	1,662
- share of associates' and joint	- 換算應佔聯營公司及合營						
ventures' net assets	企業資產淨值	10,221	-	10,221	3,689	-	3,689
		14,186	_	14,186	5,351	_	5,351
Available-for-sale securities:	可供出售證券:	·		•			
Change in fair value recognised in	年內確認投資重估儲備						
the investment revaluation	的公平價值變動						
reserve during the year		440	-	440	(984)	-	(984)
Cash flow hedges:	現金流量對沖:						
Net movement in the hedging	對沖儲備變動淨額						
reserve		(147)	24	(123)	57	(9)	48
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	14,479	24	14,503	4,424	(9)	4,415

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

10. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (continued)

IO. 其他全面收益(續)

(b) Components of other comprehensive income

(b) 其他全面收益的組成部份

		2014 二零一四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2013 二零一三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
Cash flow hedges:	現金流量對沖:		
Effective portion of changes in fair	年內確認對沖工具之有效		
value of hedging instruments	部分的公平價值變動		
recognised during the year		(194)	57
Reclassification adjustments for	重新分類調整轉入損益		
amounts transferred to profit or loss:	之金額:		
– turnover	-營業額	52	_
– finance costs	-融資成本	(5)	_
Net deferred tax credited/(charged) to	遞延所得税淨額於其他		
other comprehensive income	全面收益內計入/(扣除)	24	(9)
Net movement in the hedging reserve	年內在其他全面收益內		
during the year recognised in other	確認的對沖儲備變動淨額		
comprehensive income		(123)	48

II. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company of \$11,920,000 (2013: \$53,082,000) and 206,748,000 (2013: 206,748,000) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

(b) Diluted earnings per share

The diluted earnings per share is the same as the basic earnings per share as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares in existence during the years ended 31 March 2014 and 2013.

11. 每股盈利

(a) 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據應撥歸於本公司普通股股權持有人應佔溢利II,920,000元(二零一三年:53,082,000元)及年內已發行普通股206,748,000股(二零一三年:206,748,000股)計算。

(b) 每股攤薄盈利

截至二零一四年及二零一三年三 月三十一日止年度,本公司並無 具有潛在攤薄能力之普通股;故 此每股基本盈利與每股攤薄盈利 相同。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

12. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group manages its business by divisions. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following three reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments:

- Manufacture and sale of garments and textiles: this segment covers the manufacture and sale of garment and textile products, and provision of garment processing services.
- Interests in joint ventures: the Group's joint ventures engage in the manufacture and sale of textile yarn products.
- Property leasing: this segment leases commercial and industrial premises to generate rental income.

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's senior executive management monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Manufacture and sale of garments and textiles and property leasing segments

Segment assets include all assets with the exception of intangible assets, interests in associates, other financial assets, deferred tax assets, current tax recoverable and other corporate assets. Segment liabilities include all liabilities managed directly by the segments with the exception of current tax payable, deferred tax liabilities and other corporate liabilities.

12. 分部報告

本集團以分部來管理其業務。本集團 以向本集團最高行政管理人員內部呈 報資料(為分配資源及評估表現)一致 的方式呈列以下三個須予呈報分部。 本集團並無將任何經營分部合計以形 成下列須予呈報分部:

- 製造及銷售成衣及紡織品:此分 部包括製造及銷售成衣及紡織產 品,及提供成衣加工服務。
- 合營企業權益:本集團合營企業 從事生產及銷售紡織紗線產品。
- 物業租賃:此分部出租商業及工業樓宇以收取租金收入。

(a) 分部業績、資產及負債

為評估分部表現及分配分部資源,本集團高級行政管理人員按以下基準監控各須予呈報分部相關的業績、資產及負債:

製造及銷售成衣及紡織品及物業 租賃分部

分部資產包括所有資產,但不包括無形資產、聯營公司權益、其他金融資產、遞延所得稅資產、可發還本期稅項及其他企業資產。分部負債包括由分部直接管理的所有負債,但不包括應付本期稅項、遞延所得稅負債及其他企業負債。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

12. SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued)

Manufacture and sale of garments and textiles and property leasing segments (continued)

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to revenue generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

The measure used for reporting segment profit is "adjusted EBITDA" i.e. "adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation", where "interest" is regarded as including investment income and finance cost and "depreciation and amortisation" is regarded as including impairment losses on non-current assets. To arrive at "adjusted EBITDA", the Group's earnings are further adjusted for items not specifically attributed to individual segments, such as share of profits less losses of associates, net valuation gains on investment properties, auditors' remuneration and other head office or corporate administration costs.

In addition to receiving segment information concerning adjusted EBITDA, management is provided with segment information concerning revenue (including inter-segment sales), interest income and finance costs from cash balances and borrowings managed directly by the segments, depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and additions to non-current segment assets used by the segments in their operations. Inter-segment sales are priced with reference to prices charged to external parties for similar orders.

Interests in joint ventures

The Group's interests in joint ventures are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method, and presented as a separate reportable segment. The Group's senior executive management reviews the post-tax result of the interests in joint ventures, which is defined as the reportable segment profit for this particular segment. Reportable segment assets represent the Group's share of net assets of the joint ventures. Revenue of joint ventures is not presented as reportable segment revenue because it is not reviewed by the Group's senior executive management for resource allocation purposes.

I2. 分部報告(續)

(a) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)

製造及銷售成衣及紡織品及物業 租賃分部(續)

分配至可呈報分部的收入及支出 是以這些分部所產生的收入和支 出或屬於這些分部的資產折舊或 攤銷所產生的支出而定。

合營企業權益

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

12. SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued)

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 March 2014 and 2013 is set out below:

■2. 分部報告(續)

(a) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)

截至二零一四年及二零一三年三 月三十一日止年度,本集團提供 予本集團最高行政管理人員用作 資源分配和分部表現評估的須予 呈報分部資料如下:

		Manufacture	and sale of	Intere	ests in					
		garments and textiles 製造及銷售成衣		joint ve	joint ventures		Property leasing		Total	
		及紡	織品	合營企	業權益	物業	租賃	總額		
		2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年	
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
		$far{\pi}$	Ŧπ̄	Ŧπ̄	Ŧπ̄	$far{\pi}$	Ŧπ̄	Ŧπ̄	千元	
Revenue from external customers		1,066,126	1,326,026	-	-	8,006	7,042	1,074,132	1,333,068	
Inter-segment revenue	分部業務間收入	-	-	-	-	2,346	2,443	2,346	2,443	
D (1)	在マロ却他八如此 1	1 0// 10/	1 22/ 02/			10.353	0.405	1 07/ 470	1 225 511	
Reportable segment revenue	須丁主報的方部收入 	1,066,126	1,326,026			10,352	9,485	1,076,478	1,335,511	
Reportable segment	須予呈報的分部									
(loss)/profit	(虧損)/溢利(調整									
(adjusted EBITDA)	扣除利息、税項、									
(,	折舊及攤銷前									
	的收益)	(3,801)	59,256	18,515	(4,821)	8,969	8,173	23,683	62,608	
Interest income	利息收入	2,275	2,255	-	-	-	-	2,275	2,255	
Finance costs	融資成本	(3,860)	(4,398)	-	-	-	-	(3,860)	(4,398)	
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	(14,611)	(17,213)	-	-	-	-	(14,611)	(17,213)	
Impairment losses	固定資產減值虧損									
on fixed assets		(6,935)	(8,504)	-	-	-	-	(6,935)	(8,504)	
Reportable segment assets	須予呈報的分部資產	619,468	630,932	638,810	610,118	326,783	300,361	1,585,061	1,541,411	
Additions to non-current	年度內增加非流動									
segment assets during the year	分部資產	2,915	12,468	-	-	-	-	2,915	12,468	
Reportable segment liabilities	須予呈報的分部負債	195,735	172,278	-	-	-	-	195,735	172,278	

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

12. SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

I2. 分部報告(*續*)

(b) Reconciliation of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

(b) 須予呈報的分部收入、溢利或虧 損、資產及負債之對算表

or ioss, assets and habilities	assets and nabinities 有、具性及具質		と 封 昇 衣	
		2014	2013	
		二零一四年	二零一三年	
		\$'000	\$'000	
		千元	<u> </u>	
Revenue	收入			
Reportable segment revenue	須予呈報的分部收入	1,076,478	1,335,511	
Elimination of inter-segment revenue	分部業務間收入相互對銷	(2,346)	(2,443)	
Consolidated turnover	綜合營業額	1,074,132	1,333,068	
Profit	溢利			
Reportable segment profit derived from	來自集團外界客戶的分部			
Group's external customers (adjusted	溢利(調整扣除利息、税項、			
EBITDA)	折舊及攤銷前的收益)	23,683	62,608	
Finance costs	融資成本	(3,860)	(4,398)	
Share of losses of associates	應佔聯營公司虧損	(220)	(398)	
Impairment losses on fixed assets	固定資產減值虧損	(6,935)	(8,504)	
Net valuation gains on investment	投資物業估值收益淨額			
properties		19,257	44,905	
Other revenue and net income	其他收入及其他收益淨額	7,353	4,879	
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	(14,611)	(17,213)	
Unallocated head office and corporate	未分類總部及企業費用			
expenses		(6,409)	(15,822)	
Consolidated profit before taxation	綜合除税前溢利	18,258	66,057	

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

12. SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

12. 分部報告(*續*)

(b) Reconciliation of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities (continued)

(b) 須予呈報的分部收入、溢利或虧 損、資產及負債之對算表(續)

or loss, assets and liabilities (continued)		
	2014	2013
	二零一四年	二零一三年
	\$'000	\$'000
	千元	千元
<i>資產</i>		
須予呈報的分部資產	1,585,061	1,541,411
分部業務間資產相互對銷		
	(93,007)	(86,578)
	1 492 054	1,454,833
無形資產		3,117
		2,096
	,	7,069
遞延所得税資產	ŕ	2,454
未分類總部及企業資產	ŕ	
	1,178	414
綜合資產總額	1,508,045	1,469,983
<i>A.</i>)基		
	105 725	172 279
		172,278
		15,288 9,043
	13,370	7,043
	1,977	1,447
	220.752	198,056
	<i>資產</i> 須予呈報的分部資產 分部業務間資產相互對銷 無形資產 聯營公司權益 其他金融資產 遞延所得稅資產 未分類總部及企業資產	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

12. SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

(c) Geographic information

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers and (ii) the Group's fixed assets, intangible assets, goodwill, interests in associates and joint ventures and prepayment for fixed assets ("specified non-current assets"). The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the services were provided or the goods delivered. The geographical location of the specified non-current assets is based on the physical location of the asset, in the case of fixed assets, the location of the operation to which they are allocated, in the case of intangible assets and goodwill, and the location of operations, in the case of interests in associates and joint ventures.

■2. 分部報告(續)

(c) 地區分部資料

		Revenue from		Specified		
		external customers		non-current assets		
		來自外界和	客戶的收入	特定非流動資產		
		2014	2013	2014	2013	
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年	
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
		千元	千元	千元	千元	
Hong Kong (place of domicile)	香港(本集團所在地)	76,601	95,704	211,689	194,742	
Europe	歐洲					
– United Kingdom	一英國	164,058	209,110	-	_	
- Italy	一意大利	134,150	176,323	-	_	
- Other European countries	一其他歐洲國家	216,771	246,806	-	_	
Mainland China	中國大陸	110,388	203,662	730,750	717,132	
North America	北美洲					
- United States	一美國	162,334	191,930	-	_	
- Canada	一加拿大	11,586	12,400	-	_	
Others	其他	198,244	197,133	6,746	7,436	
		997,531	1,237,364	737,496	724,568	
		1,074,132	1,333,068	949,185	919,310	

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

The Group					(a) 本	集團		
							Interest in	
							leasehold	
							land held	
	Land	l and					for own	
	buile	dings					use under	
	hel	d for	Plant and	Other		Investment	operating	
		n use	machinery	fixed assets	Sub-total	properties	leases	Total
		自用					持作經營	
		土地	廠房	其他			租賃之自用	
		樓宇	及機器	固定資產	小計	投資物業	租賃土地	合計
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		$f\bar{\pi}$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	千元	千元	<u> </u>	千元
Cost or valuation:	成本或估值:							
At I April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日 8	5,475	206,202	111,245	402,922	168,616	2,943	574,481
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	260	1,337	568	2,165	262	17	2,444
Additions	增置	-	4,330	8,057	12,387	-	-	12,387
Disposals	出售	-	(778)	(3,283)	(4,061)	-	-	(4,061)
Fair value adjustment	公平價值調整	-	-	-	-	44,905	-	44,905
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年							
	三月三十一日 8	5,735	211,091	116,587	413,413	213,783	2,960	630,156

61,969

23,766

85,735

211,091

211,091

116,587

116,587

389,647

23,766

413,413

213,783

213,783

2,960

2,960

392,607

23,766

213,783

630,156

代表:

成本

估值-一九八八年

估值-二零-三年

Representing: Cost

Valuation - 1988

Valuation - 2013

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

13. FIXED ASSETS (continued	1) 13	. 固定資產 <i>(續)</i>

(a) The Group (continuous)	nued)
----------------------------	-------

(a) 本集團(續)

The Group (contin	nued)				(a) 4	朱閚(湖/		
							Interest in	
							leasehold	
							land held	
	l	and and					for own	
	I	ouildings					use under	
		held for	Plant and	Other		Investment	operating	
		own use	machinery	fixed assets	Sub-total	properties	leases	Total
	;	持作自用					持作經營	
		的土地	廠房	其他			租賃之自用	
		及樓宇	及機器	固定資產	小計	投資物業	租賃土地	合計
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Cost or valuation:	成本或估值:							
At I April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	85,735	211,091	116,587	413,413	213,783	2,960	630,156
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	731	3,147	1,213	5,091	736	49	5,876
Additions	增置	_	1,848	1,937	3,785	-	-	3,785
Disposals	出售	_	(1,471)	(2,350)	(3,821)	-	-	(3,821)
Fair value adjustment	公平價值調整	-	_	-	-	19,257	-	19,257
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年							
	三月三十一日	86,466	214,615	117,387	418,468	233,776	3,009	655,253
Representing:	代表:							
Cost	成本	62,700	214,615	117,387	394,702	-	3,009	397,711
Valuation - 1988	估值- 一九八八年	23,766	-	_	23,766	-	-	23,766
Valuation – 2014	估值- 二零-四年	-	-	_	_	233,776	-	233,776
		86,466	214,615	117,387	418,468	233,776	3,009	655,253

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

(ED ASSETS (con	inuea)			!!3	。	資產(續)		
The Group (continue	ed)				(a) 本	集團(續)		
		and and					Interest in leasehold land held	
							for own	
		ouildings held for	Plant and	Other		Investment	use under	
		own use		fixed assets	Sub-total	properties	operating leases	Tot
		诗作自用	macimici	nacu ussets	oub total	properties	持作經營	
		的土地	廠房	其他			租賃之自用	
		及樓宇	及機器	固定資產	小計	投資物業	租賃土地	合
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'00
		千元	千元	₹π̄	千元	千元	千元	Ŧ;
Accumulated amortisation,	累計攤銷、折舊							
depreciation and	及減值:							
impairment:								
At I April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	43,408	164,585	92,532	300,525	-	1,167	301,6
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	151	988	382	1,521	-	7	1,5
Charge for the year	本年度攤銷及折舊	2,303	6,955	7,896	17,154	-	59	17,2
Written back on disposals	出售時撥回	-	(743)	(1,147)	(1,890)	-	-	(1,8
Impairment loss	減值虧損	-	8,504	-	8,504	-	-	8,5
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年							
	三月三十一日	45,862	180,289	99,663	325,814		1,233	327,0
At I April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	45,862	180,289	99,663	325,814	_	1,233	327,0
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	424	2,628	970	4,022	_	19	4,0
Charge for the year	本年度攤銷及折舊	1,593	5,317	7,640	14,550	_	61	14,6
Written back on disposals	出售時撥回	_	(988)		(2,727)	_	_	(2,7
Impairment loss	減值虧損	-	6,935	_	6,935	-	-	6,9
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年							
	三月三十一日	47,879	194,181	106,534	348,594	_	1,313	349,90
Net book value:	賬面淨值:							
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年							
AC 31 Planch 2014	三月三十一日	38,587	20,434	10,853	69,874	233,776	1,696	305,3
	N =							
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年							
	三月三十一日	39,873	30,802	16,924	87,599	213,783	1,727	303

財務報表附註For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

IS FINED	A CCETC	/ -1 1)
13. FIXED	ASSE IS	(continued)

I3. 固定資產(續)

(b)	The	Com	pany
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(b) 本公司

• •							
		Land and					
		buildings held for	Plant and	Other		luura atuu a m t	
			machinery	fixed assets	Sub-total	Investment	Total
		own use 持作自用的	macninery 廠房	iixed assets 其他	Sub-total	properties	i otai
		土地及樓宇	及機器	点他 固定資產	'l' ∑ T	机次编坐	Λ ≡
			火機 6	의止貝座 \$'000	小計	投資物業 \$'000	合計
		\$'000 <i>千元</i>	\$000 千元	\$ 000 <i>千元</i>	\$'000 <i>千元</i>	\$ 000 千元	\$'000 <i>千元</i>
	D. L. D. J. H.						
Cost or valuation:	成本或估值:						
At I April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	43,276	146	27,839	71,261	190,005	261,266
Additions	增置	-	-	340	340	-	340
Fair value adjustment	公平價值調整	-	-	_	-	65,585	65,585
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	43,276	146	28,179	71,601	255,590	327,191
Representing:	代表:						
Cost	成本	28,714	146	28,179	57,039	_	57,039
Valuation – 1988	估值- 一九八八年	14,562	_	_	14,562	_	14,562
Valuation – 2013	估值- 二零-三年	-	-	_	-	255,590	255,590
		43,276	146	28,179	71,601	255,590	327,191
Cost or valuation:	成本或估值:						
At I April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	43,276	146	28,179	71,601	255,590	327,191
Additions	增置	- 15,276	-	147	147		147
Disposal	出售	_	_	(306)	(306)	_	(306)
Transfer from investment	轉撥自投資物業			(300)	(300)		(300)
properties	村放口以其彻木	8,013	_		8,013	(8,013)	
Transfer to investment	轉撥至投資物業	0,013	_	_	0,013	(0,013)	_
	特放主汉其彻未	(1.450)	_		(1.450)	7 122	E ((2)
properties	○ □ 唐 古 钿 故	(1,459)	-	-	(1,459)	7,122	5,663
Fair value adjustment	公平價值調整			_	_	25,967	25,967
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	49,830	146	28,020	77,996	280,666	358,662
Representing:	代表:						
Cost	成本	35,268	146	28,020	63,434	-	63,434
Valuation - 1988	估值— 一九八八年	14,562	_	_	14,562	_	14,562
Valuation – 2014	估值-二零-四年	-		-	-	280,666	280,666

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

(ED ASSETS (con	tinuea)			! 5.	2資產(續)		
The Company (cont	inued)			(b)	本公司(續)	
		Land and					
		buildings					
		held for	Plant and	Other		Investment	
		own use	machinery	fixed assets	Sub-total	properties	Total
		持作自用的	廠房	其他	1 41		A 21
		土地及樓宇	及機器	固定資產	小計	投資物業	合計
		\$'000 ——	\$'000 	\$'000 	\$'000 ——	\$'000 ~ -	\$'000 ——
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Accumulated amortisation,							
depreciation and	及減值:						
impairment:							
At I April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	17,640	146	24,503	42,289	-	42,289
Charge for the year	本年度攤銷及折舊	724	-	1,309	2,033	_	2,033
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	18,364	146	25,812	44,322		44,322
At I April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	18,364	146	25,812	44,322	_	44,322
Charge for the year	本年度攤銷及折舊	3,028	_	1,080	4,108	_	4,108
Written back on disposals	出售時撥回	-	_	(306)	(306)	_	(306)
Transfer to investment	轉撥至投資物業			, ,	, ,		, ,
properties		(619)	-	-	(619)	-	(619)
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	20,773	146	26,586	47,505	<u>-</u>	47,505
Net book value:	賬面淨值:						
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	29,057	_	1,434	30,491	280,666	311,157

24,912

2,367

27,279

255,590

282,869

於二零一三年三月三十一日

At 31 March 2013

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

13. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

(c) Fair value measurement of properties

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's properties measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level I valuations: Fair value measured using only Level I inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level I, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

I3. 固定資產(續)

(c) 物業的公平價值計量

(i) 公平價值層級

下表呈列本集團物業之公 平價值。該公平價值於結算 日按經常性基準計量,並按 《香港財務報告準則》第13號 「公平價值計量」定義之三個 公平價值層級分類。公平價值 值計量級別之分類乃按估值 方法中所用數據之可觀察性 及重要性所釐定:

- 第一級別估值:僅採用 第一級別數據,即相同 資產或負債於計量日於 活躍市場上的報價(不 作調整)來計算公平價 值
- 第二級別估值:採用第二級別數據,即未能符合第一級別的可觀察數據,且不採用重大不可觀察數據來計算公平價值。不可觀察數據為無法獲得市場資料的數據
- 第三級別估值:採用重 大不可觀察數據來計量 公平價值

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

13. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

The Group

Investment properties:

- Mainland China

I3. 固定資產(續)

(c) Fair value measurement of properties (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

物業的公平價值計量(續)

公平價值層級(續)

31 March 2014 於二零一四年 三月三十一日 之公平價值

> 46.116 187,660

Fair value at

Fair value measurements as at 31 March 2014 categorised into 於二零一四年三月三十一日 公平價值計量分類為以下級別

	Level I	Level 2	Level 3
	第一級別	第二級別	第三級別
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
$ auar{\pi}$	千元	千元	千元

– Hong Kong	-香港
The Company	本公司
Investment properties:	投資物業:
Hong Kong	-香港

280,666 280,666

During the year ended 31 March 2014, there were no transfers between Level I and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

本集團

投資物業:

-中國大陸

截至二零一四年三月三十一 日止年度,第一與第二級別 之間並無轉撥,而第三級別 亦無轉入或轉出。本集團的 政策為於結算日確認所發生 的公平價值層級間之轉移。

46.116

187,660

All of the Group's investment properties were revalued as at 31 March 2014. The valuations of investment properties located in Hong Kong and Mainland China were carried out by independent firms of surveyors, Knight Frank Petty Limited and RHL Appraisal Limited respectively, who have among their staff Fellows of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors with recent experience in the location and category of property being valued. The Group's management have discussion with the surveyors on the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuation is performed at the end of the reporting period.

本集團所有投資物業於二零 一四年三月三十一日進行重 估。位於香港及中國大陸之 投資物業分別由獨立測量師 行卓德萊坊測計師行有限公 司及永利行評值顧問有限 公司作出估值,該等測量師 行之職員為香港測量師學會 資深會員,對近期所估值物 業之地點及類別具備豐富經 驗。於結算日進行估值時, 集團管理層已與測量師行討 論估值假設及估值結果。

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

13. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

I3. 固定資產(續)

- (c) Fair value measurement of properties (continued)
 - (ii) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements

(c) 物業的公平價值計量(續) (ii) 有關第三級別公平價值計量

的資料

本集團 The Group

		Valuation U	Jnobservable		Weighte
		techniques	inputs	Range	averag
			不可觀察		
		估值方法	的數據	範圍	加權平均婁
Investment properties	投資物業				
- Mainland China	-中國大陸	Market	Adjusted	RMB23,230	RMB26,82
		comparison	price per	to	
		approach	sq. m.	RMB30,975	
		市場比較法	每平方米之		
			調整價格		
– Hong Kong	-香港	Market	Adjusted	\$2,070 to	\$5,56
		comparison	price per	\$7,340	
		approach	sq. ft.		
		市場比較法	每平方呎之		
			調整價格		
		Income	Average	\$6.9	\$6
		capitalisation	market rent		
		approach	per sq. ft.		
		收入資本化	per month		
		計算法	平均每月		
			每平方呎		
			市值租金		
			Capitalisation	4%	4
			rate		
			資本化比率		

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

13. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

I3. 固定資產(續)

- (c) Fair value measurement of properties (continued)
 - (ii) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements (continued)
 - The Company

(c) 物業的公平價值計量(續)

(ii) 有關第三級別公平價值計量 的資料(續)

本公司

		Valuation U	Jnobservable		Weighted
		techniques	inputs	Range	average
			不可觀察		
		估值方法	的數據	範圍	加權平均數
Investment properties	投資物業				
		Market	له محدداً	\$2,070 to	\$2,380
– Hong Kong	一台冶		Adjusted	• /	\$2,380
		comparison	price per	\$7,340	
		approach	sq. ft.		
		市場比較法	每平方呎之		
			調整價格		
		Income	Average	\$6.9	\$6.9
		capitalisation	market rent	•	·
		approach	per sq. ft.		
		收入資本化	per month		
		計算法	· 平均每月		
			每平方呎		
			市值租金		
			마면묘쬬		
			Capitalisation	4%	4%
			rate		
			資本化比率		

The fair value of investment properties located in Mainland China is determined using market comparison approach by reference to recent asking price of comparable properties on a price per square meter basis, adjusted for quality and location of the buildings and income potential. Higher the value of adjusted price will result in a higher fair value measurement.

The fair value of certain investment properties located in Hong Kong is determined using market comparison approach by reference to recent sales price of comparable properties on a price per square feet basis, adjusted for quality and location of the buildings. Higher the value of adjusted price will result in a higher fair value measurement.

位於中國大陸的投資物業的公平價值 乃採用市場比較法釐定,並參考可供 比較物業近期按每平方米之叫價,及 就樓宇的質量及地點,以及租金收入 潛力作出調整。較高價值的調整價格 將導致較高的公平價值計量。

若干位於香港的投資物業的公平價值 乃採用市場比較法釐定,並參考可供 比較物業近期按每平方呎之售價,及 就樓宇的質量及地點作出調整。較高 價值的調整價格將導致較高的公平價 值計量。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

13. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

(c) Fair value measurement of properties (continued)

(ii) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements (continued)

The fair value of certain investment properties located in Hong Kong is determined using income capitalisation approach by capitalising the rent derived from the existing tenancies with reference to market rent and the provision for any reversionary income potential. The capitalisation rate used in income capitalisation approach has been adjusted for the expected market rental growth, occupancy rate and quality and location of the buildings. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the market rent and negatively correlated to the risk-adjusted capitalisation rate.

Fair value adjustment of investment properties is recognised in the line item "net valuation gains on investment properties" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Exchange adjustment of investment properties is recognised in other comprehensive income in "exchange reserve".

All the gains recognised in profit or loss for the year arise from the properties held at the end of the reporting period.

I3. 固定資產(續)

(c) 物業的公平價值計量(續)

(ii) 有關第三級別公平價值計量 的資料(續)

> 投資物業的公平價值調整確認於綜合損益表上的「投資物業估值收益淨額」。

投資物業的匯兑調整確認於 其他全面收益內之匯兑儲 備。

本年度在損益中確認的所有 收益均來自本集團於結算日 持有的物業。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

13. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

I3. 固定資產(續)

(d) The analysis of net book value of properties is as follows:

(d) 物業之賬面淨值分析如下:

			The Group 本集團		•		
		2014	2013 二零一三年	2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年		
		\$'000 <i>千元</i>	\$'000 <i>千元</i>	\$'000 <i>千元</i>	\$'000 <i>千元</i>		
Medium term leases	中期租約						
in Hong Kong	-香港	208,680	190,658	309,723	280,502		
 outside Hong Kong 	-香港境外	65,379	64,725	_	-		
		274,059	255,383	309,723	280,502		
Representing:	代表:						
Land and buildings	土地及樓宇	38,587	39,873	29,057	24,912		
Investment properties	投資物業	233,776	213,783	280,666	255,590		
		272,363	253,656	309,723	280,502		
Interest in leasehold land	持作經營租賃之						
held for own use under	自用租賃土地						
operating leases		1,696	1,727	_	_		
		274,059	255,383	309,723	280,502		

(e) Fixed assets leased out under operating leases

The Group and the Company lease out investment properties under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of one to seven years, with an option to renew the lease after that date at which time all terms are renegotiated. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

All properties held under operating leases that would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property are classified as investment properties.

(e) 以經營租賃合約出租的固定資產本集團及本公司以經營租賃合約出租投資物業。租賃合約年期初期一般為一年至七年,並且有權選擇在約滿後續約,屆時所有租約條款均重新協議。所有租賃合約並不包括或有租金。

所有符合投資物業定義以經營租 賃持有的物業均分類為投資物業。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

13. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

(e) Fixed assets leased out under operating leases (continued)

The Group's total future minimum lease payments under noncancellable operating leases are receivable as follows:

I3. 固定資產(續)

(e) 以經營租賃合約出租的固定資產 (續)

本集團根據不可解除的經營租賃 合約在日後應收的最低租賃付款 額總數如下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Within I year	一年內	7,594	7,845
After I year but within 5 years	一年後但五年內	14,496	3,147
		22,090	10,992

(f) Impairment losses on fixed assets

During the years ended 31 March 2014 and 2013, the Group underwent a restructuring of its operations in Mainland China for the manufacture and sale of garments and textiles division pursuant to which certain factories were relocated and certain fixed assets have since become idle. Management assessed the recoverable amounts of the Group's fixed assets taking into consideration the usability of those fixed assets. As a result of this assessment, an impairment loss of \$6,935,000 (2013: \$8,504,000) was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 March 2014. The estimates of recoverable amount were based on the assets' fair values less costs of disposal, determined by reference to the recent transactions.

(f) 固定資產減值虧損

INTANGIBLE ASSETS		14. 無	形資產	
Club debentures		會	籍	
			The Group an	d the Company
			本集團	及本公司
			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
			\$'000	\$'000
			千元	千元
At the beginning and	於年初及年終			
the end of the year			3,117	3,117
The directors consider that the	ne recoverable amount of the	董	事認為會籍之可收	뉯回數額超過其 賬
club debentures exceeds its car	rying amount and therefore no	面	值,因而不需要作	F出減值。釐定會
impairment is necessary. The re	ecoverable amount of the club	籍	之可收回數額乃參	
debentures is estimated by refere	ence to its current open market	年	及二零一三年三月]三十一日之公開
value less cost of disposal as at 31	March 2014 and 2013.	市	場價值減處置成本	√ ∘

GOODWILL		15. 商	譽		
				Group	
			本集團		
			2014	2013	
			二零一四年	二零一三年	
			\$'000	\$'000	
			千元	千元	
Cost:	成本:				
At the beginning and the end	於年初及年終				
of the year			2,177	2,177	
Accumulated amortisation and	累計攤銷及減值虧損:				
impairment losses:					
At the beginning and the end	於年初及年終				
of the year			2,177	2,177	
Carrying amount:	賬面金額:				
At the beginning and the end	於年初及年終				
of the year			-	-	

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

16. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES	16. 附屬公司投資

The Company 本公司

			1 - 2 - 3		
		2014	2013		
		二零一四年	二零一三年		
		\$'000	\$'000		
		千元	千元		
Unlisted shares, at cost	非上市股份,按成本	32,255	32,245		
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	68,257	68,181		
		100,512	100,426		
Less: Impairment loss	減:減值虧損	(21,099)	(21,112)		
		79,413	79,314		

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and not expected to be recoverable within one year from the end of the reporting period.

Impairment losses on investments in subsidiaries represent the write down of the carrying values of the investment cost and receivables from certain subsidiaries to their recoverable amounts.

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group at 31 March 2014. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

附屬公司所欠款項是沒有抵押、不帶 利息,並預期於結算日一年內不會收 回。

附屬公司投資的減值虧損指減少投資 成本及應收若干附屬公司款項的賬面 值至其可收回數額。

下表載列於二零一四年三月三十一日,對本集團業績、資產或負債有重 大影響之主要附屬公司之詳情。除另 有註明外,所持有之股份均為普通股。

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

16. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

I6. 附屬公司投資(續)

Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權益百分比

				擁有權益百分比		
Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and business 註冊/成立及經營地點	Particulars of issued and paid up capital 已發行及繳足 股本	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有	Held by a subsidiary 由一附屬 公司持有	- Principal activity 主要業務
	NAT HIS NA	22.1	210.12	3313		
Whampoa Textile Limited 黃浦江紡織有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	2,500,000 shares 2,500,000股	100%	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Hong Kong Knitters Limited 香港織造有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	3,000,000 shares 3,000,000股	100%	-	100%	Garment manufacturing and investment holding 成衣製造及 投資控股
Easeley Knitwear Limited 依時針纖廠有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	10,000 shares 10,000股	100%	-	100%	Garment manufacturing 成衣製造
Exquisite Knitters (Guangzhou) Limited 卓越織造 (廣州) 有限公司#	The People's Republic of China ("the PRC") 中國	HK\$75,600,000	100%	-	100%	Knitting and dyeing of fabrics and manufacturing of garments 布料織造、印染 及成衣製造
Whampoa Garment Manufacturir (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd 黃浦江製衣(廣州)有限公司#	ng The PRC 中國	HK\$17,800,000	100%	-	100%	Garment manufacturing 成衣製造
Whampoa Garment Manufacturir (Guigang) Co., Ltd 黃浦江製衣(貴港)有限公司#	ng The PRC 中國	HK\$18,000,000	100%	-	100%	Garment manufacturing 成衣製造
Whampoa Garment Manufacturin (Guangxi) Co., Ltd 黃浦江製衣(廣西)有限公司#	ng The PRC 中國	HK\$4,000,000	100%	-	100%	Garment manufacturing 成衣製造
Lavender Garment Limited	Bangladesh 孟加拉	Taka35,511,050	69%	-	69%	Garment manufacturing 成衣製造
Vestis Limited	United Kingdom 英國	GBP2	100%	100%	-	Garment wholesaling 成衣批發

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

16. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

These companies are wholly foreign owned enterprises established in the PRC. The English translation of the names is for reference only. The official names of these entities are in Chinese.

No subsidiaries of the Group have material non-controlling interest at 31 March 2014 and 2013.

I6. 附屬公司投資(續)

該等公司為於中國成立之國外獨資企 業。該等企業均以中文名稱註冊,英 文翻譯的名字僅供參考。

於二零一四年及二零一三年三月 三十一日,本集團並無附屬公司有重 大的非控股股東權益。

The Group

17. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

Share of net assets

17. 聯營公司權益

1110	Oi oup
本:	集團
2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
\$'000	\$'000
千元	千元
1,912	2,096
,-	,

The particulars of the associates at 31 March 2014, which are unlisted corporate entities whose quoted market price is not available, are as follows. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

於二零一四年三月三十一日之聯營公司之詳情如下,而該等聯營公司均為 無市場報價的非上市公司。除另有註 明外,所持有之股份均為普通股。

Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權益百分比

Name of associate	Place of establishment and business 成立	Particulars of issued and paid up capital 已發行及繳足	Group's effective interest 本集團	Held by the Company 由本公司	Held by a subsidiary 由一附屬	Principal activity
聯營公司名稱	及經營地點	股本	實際權益	持有	公司持有	主要業務
Guangzhou Top Yield Garment Limited 廣州同越製衣有限公司#	The PRC 中國	HK\$6,000,000	33.3%	-	33.3%	Garment manufacturing 成衣製造
Guangdong Xi Mu Industrial Company Limited 廣東西姆實業有限公司#	The PRC 中國	RMB10,000,000	20%	-	20%	Garment manufacturing and retailing 成衣製造及零售

應佔資產淨值

[#] The associates are sino-foreign equity joint ventures established in the PRC. The English translation of the names is for reference only. The official names of these entities are in Chinese.

[#] 該等聯營公司為於中國成立之中外合 資經營企業。該等企業均以中文名稱 註冊,英文翻譯的名字僅供參考。

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

17. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

All of the above associates are accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements, and considered to

不重大。

be not individually material.

聯營公司的合計財務資料概要

17. 聯營公司權益(續)

以上所有聯營公司以權益法於綜合財

務報表列賬,且就個別而言被認為並

Aggregate information of the associates

00 0	, ,		
		2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	チ元
Aggregate carrying amount of the associates in the consolidated financial statements Aggregate amounts of the Group's share of the associates' losses from continuing operations and total comprehensive	綜合財務報表內聯營公司的 合計賬面值 本集團應佔聯營公司持續 經營業務虧損及全面收益 總額的合計金額	1,912	2,096
income for the year		(220)	(398)

18. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

I8. 合營企業權益

		The (Group 集團	The Company 本公司	
		2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元	2013 二零一三年 \$'000 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元	2013 二零一三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
Unlisted investments, at cost Share of net assets	非上市投資,按成本 應佔資產淨值	638,810	- 610,118	230,818	230,818
		638,810	610,118	230,818	230,818

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

18. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

Details of the Group's interests in joint ventures, which is accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements, are as follows:

18. 合營企業權益(續)

本集團以權益法於綜合財務報表列賬 之合營企業權益之詳情如下:

Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權益百分比

	Place of establishment	Group's effective	Held by the	Principal activity
Name of joint venture	and business 成立	interest 本集團	Company 由本公司	
合營企業名稱	及經營地點	實際權益	持有	主要業務
Wuxi No. I Cotton Investment Co., Ltd 無錫一棉投資有限公司 (Note I) (附註I)	The PRC 中國	49%	49%	Investment holding 投資控股
Taizhou Changxin Textile (Xinghua) Co., Ltd 泰州長新紡織(興化)有限公司*	The PRC 中國	49%	-	Manufacturing of textile products 紡織品製造
Allied Textiles Co., Ltd 新聯興紡織有限公司*	The PRC 中國	49%	-	Manufacturing of garments and textiles 成衣及紡織品製造
Wuxi YGM Textile Co., Ltd 無錫長江精密紡織有限公司*	The PRC 中國	49%	-	Manufacture and sale of textiles 製造及銷售紡織品
Dongtai NAA Textiles Co., Ltd 東台新澳紡織有限公司*	The PRC 中國	49%	_	Manufacturing of garments and textiles 成衣及紡織品製造
Wuxi Flex Textile Co., Ltd 無錫福萊克斯紡織品有限公司**	The PRC 中國	36.75%	-	Trading of textiles 紡織品貿易

- * Wholly owned subsidiaries of Wuxi No. I Cotton Investment Co., Ltd
- Subsidiary of Allied Textiles Co., Ltd which holds 75% of ownership interest
- Note I: Wuxi No. I Cotton Investment Co., Ltd. is established by the Company and other joint venture partners in Wuxi. It holds the above-mentioned subsidiaries which are mainly engaged in the production of medium range to high graded compact yarn, special textile products and garment products.

All of the joint ventures are sino-foreign equity joint ventures established in the PRC. The English translation of the names of all of the joint ventures is for reference only. The official names of these entities are in Chinese.

All the joint ventures in which the Group participates are unlisted corporate entities whose quoted market prices are not available.

- * 無錫一棉投資有限公司之全資擁有附屬公司
- ** 新聯興紡織有限公司之附屬公司,擁有其75%權益

附註I:無錫一棉投資有限公司為本公司與 其他合營夥伴於無錫成立之企業。 其擁有上文所述之附屬公司,主要 從事生產中檔至優質精密紡紗、特 別紡織產品和成衣產品。

所有合營企業均為於中國成立之中外 合資經營企業。該等企業均以中文名 稱註冊,英文翻譯的名字僅供參考。

本集團參與的所有合營企業,均為無 市場報價的非上市公司。

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

18. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

Summarised financial information of Wuxi No.I Cotton Investment Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries, and a reconciliation to the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed below:

I8. 合營企業權益(續)

無錫一棉投資有限公司及其附屬公司 財務資料概要,及與綜合財務報表中 賬面值之對賬資料詳情如下:

		2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元	2013 二零一三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
Gross amount of the joint ventures'	合營企業總額		
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,166,811	1,230,580
Current assets	流動資產	742,610	789,325
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(18,433)	(23,970)
Current liabilities	流動負債	(585,784)	(747,999)
Equity	權益	(1,305,204)	(1,247,936)
Included in the above assets and liabilities:	包括在上述的資產及負債:		
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	170,757	113,362
Current financial liabilities (excluding trade	流動金融負債(不包括應付		
and other payables and provisions)	賬款及其他應付款及撥備)	(226,926)	(264,163)
Revenue	收入	1,560,447	1,657,186
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations	本年度持續經營業務		
and total comprehensive income	溢利/(虧損)及本年度		
for the year	全面收益總額	36,443	(9,577)
Included in the above profit/(loss):	包括在上述的溢利/(虧損):		
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	(114,028)	(107,521)
Interest income	利息收入	1,783	1,715
Interest expense	利息支出	(9,962)	(14,339)
Income tax (expenses)/credit	所得税(支出)/計入	(13,041)	2,763
Reconciled to the Group's interests	本集團於合營企業權益		
in the joint ventures	之對賬		
Gross amounts of net assets of	合營企業資產淨值總額		
the joint ventures		1,305,204	1,247,936
Non-controlling interests of the joint ventures	合營企業非控股股東權益	(1,510)	(2,798)
		1,303,694	1,245,138
Group's effective interest	本集團實際權益	49%	49%
Carrying amount in the consolidated			
financial statements	於綜合財務報表賬面值	638,810	610,118

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		19. 其他金融資產			
		The Group The Company			
		本集團		本公司	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		\$'000 <i>千元</i>	\$'000 <i>千元</i>	\$'000 <i>千元</i>	\$'00! チカ
		7 70	7 70	7 75	
Held-to-maturity debt securities:	持有至到期之債權證券:				
Listed outside Hong Kong	香港境外上市				
(note 28(e)(ii))	(附註28(e)(ii))	1,939	1,940	1,939	1,94
Available-for-sale equity securities:	可供出售股權證券:				
Unlisted, at cost	非上市,按成本	3,028	3,028	855	85
Listed outside Hong Kong,	香港境外上市,按市值				
at market value	(附註28(e)(i))				
(note 28(e)(i))		4,587	4,274	4,587	4,27
		7,615	7,302	5,442	5,12
		0.554	0.242	7 201	7.0/
Less: Impairment loss	減:減值虧損	9,554 (2,173)	9,242 (2,173)	7,381	7,06
Less. Impairment ioss	//以 · //以 (旦 推)]只	(2,173)	(2,173)		
		7,381	7,069	7,381	7,06
Market value of listed securities	上市證券市值				
(note 28(e)(ii))	(附註28(e)(ii))	6,632	6,319	6,632	6,31

個別減值之可供出售

股權證券之公平價值

As at 31 March 2014 certain of the Group's listed available-for-sale equity securities were individually determined to be impaired on the basis of a material decline in their fair value below cost and adverse changes in the market in which these investees operated which indicated that the cost of the Group's investment in them may not be recovered. Impairment losses on these investments were recognised in profit or loss in accordance with the policy set out in note I(k)(i).

Fair value of individually

equity securities

impaired available-for-sale

The held-to-maturity debt securities are neither past due nor impaired.

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團已對個別可供出售股權證券因市場情況逆轉引致公平價值明顯下降至成本以下,或令本集團之投資不能收回而作出減值。該等投資之減值虧損根據載於附註I(k)(i)的會計政策在損益內確認。

4,054

3,725

持有至到期之債權證券概無逾期或減 值。

3.725

4.054

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

20. INVENTORIES

20. 存貨

(a) Inventories in the statement of financial position comprise:

(a) 存貨於財務狀況表包括:

			The Group 本集團		ompany 公司
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元
Raw materials	原材料	14,545	14,129	63	324
Work in progress	在製品	85,275	53,223	32,287	17,270
Finished goods	製成品	15,434	10,988	3,489	4,941
		115,254	78,340	35,839	22,535

(b) The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in profit or loss is as follows:

(b) 存貨數額列作支出及包括在損益 內的分析如下:

The	Group
本	集團

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Carrying amount of inventories sold	存貨銷售賬面值	917,750	1,121,959
Write-down of inventories	存貨撇減	1,255	364
Reversal of write-down of inventories	存貨撇減撥回	(2,153)	(11,345)
		916,852	1,110,978

The reversal of write-down of inventories made in prior years arose due to an increase in the net realisable value of garment products by reference to the sales made during the year and subsequent to the year end.

過往年度之存貨撇減撥回乃根據成衣 產品於年內及於年度結束後的銷售, 而導致該等產品可變現淨值的估計增 加所致。

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 21. 應收賬款及其他應收款

		The Group 本集團		The Company 本公司	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	<u> </u>
-	ᆥᆔᆉᄝᄃᆂᇅ	70.455	00.717		21.205
Trade debtors	應收賬款	73,455	89,716	17,261	21,295
Bills receivable	應收票據	58,519	61,334	39,867	32,688
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	減:呆壞賬撥備	(3,745)	(3,753)	-	(8)
		128,229	147,297	57,128	53,975
Deposits, prepayments and	訂金、預付款及				
other debtors	其他應收款	27,721	41,481	5,074	12,171
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	-	_	93,420	138,784
Amounts due from related	應收關連公司款項				
companies (note 31(c))	(附註31(c))	845	2,490	189	255
Amounts due from joint	應收合營企業款項				
ventures (note 31(c))	(附註31(c))	1,940	1,475	_	_
Amount due from an associate	應收一聯營公司款項				
(note 31(c))	(附註31(c))	17	_	_	_
Derivative financial instruments	持有作現金流量對沖工具				
held as cash flow hedging	之衍生金融工具				
instruments (note $28(c)(i)$)	(附註28(c)(i))	-	52	-	52
		158,752	192,795	155,811	205,237

Substantially all of the Group's and the Company's trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as an expense within one year.

The amounts due from subsidiaries, related companies, joint ventures and an associate are unsecured, interest-free and recoverable on demand.

本集團及本公司之絕大部份應收賬款 及其他應收款均預期於一年內收回或 確認為開支。

應收附屬公司、關連公司、合營企業 及一聯營公司款項是沒有抵押、不帶 利息,並需按通知即時償還。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(a) Ageing analysis

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade debtors and bills receivable (which are included in trade and other receivables), based on the invoice date and net of allowance of doubtful debts, is as follows:

21. 應收賬款及其他應收款(續)

(a) 賬齡分析

於結算日,根據發票日期及扣除 呆壞賬撥備後的應收賬款及應收 票據(已計入應收賬款及其他應 收款)的賬齡分析如下:

			The Group 本集團		ompany
		4.5			2司
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元
Within I month	一個月以內	65,708	61,751	19,238	16,054
I to 2 months	一至二個月	19,348	24,944	8,198	9,753
2 to 3 months	二至三個月	28,597	45,001	24,577	23,010
3 to 4 months	三至四個月	6,436	10,998	2,742	4,067
Over 4 months	四個月以上	8,140	4,603	2,373	1,091
		128,229	147,297	57,128	53,975

Trade debtors and bills receivable are due between 30 to 120 days from the date of billing. Further details on the Group's credit policy are set out in note 28(a).

應收賬款及應收票據在發單日期 後30至120日內到期。有關本集 團的信貸政策的詳情載列於附註 28(a)。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(b) Impairment of trade debtors and bills receivable

Impairment losses in respect of trade debtors and bills receivable are recorded using an allowance account unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is remote, in which case the impairment loss is written off against trade debtors and bills receivable directly (see note I(k)(i)).

The movement in the allowance for doubtful debts during the year, including both specific and collective loss components, is as follows:

21. 應收賬款及其他應收款(續)

(b) 應收賬款及應收票據減值

就應收賬款及應收票據之減值虧損,本集團會確認於撥備賬中。倘若本集團相信日後收回款項的可能性極低,其減值虧損將直接於應收賬款及應收票據中撇銷(參閱附註I(k)(i))。

年內呆壞賬撥備的變動(包括個別及共同虧損部份)如下:

		The C	The Group 本集團		mpany
		本组			2司
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		$ auar{\pi}$	千元	$ auar{\pi}$	$\mathcal{F}ar{\pi}$
At the beginning of the year	於年初	3,753	6,283	8	235
Impairment loss recognised	減值虧損之確認				
(note 5(c))	(附註5(c))	-	291	-	291
Uncollectible amounts written off	撇銷不可收回金額	(8)	(2,821)	(8)	(518)
At the end of the year	於年終	3,745	3,753	-	8

At 31 March 2014, the Group's and the Company's trade debtors and bills receivable of \$3,745,000 (2013: \$3,753,000) and \$Nil (2013: \$8,000), respectively, were individually determined to be impaired. The individually impaired receivables related to customers that were in financial difficulties and management assessed that the receivables are expected not to be recoverable. Consequently, specific allowances for doubtful debts of \$3,745,000 (2013: \$3,753,000) and \$Nil (2013: \$8,000), respectively, were recognised. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團及本公司分別為3,745,000元(二零一三年:3,753,000元)及0元(二零一三年:8,000元)之應 賬款及應收票據被個別釐定內 現滅值。該等賬款與有財政協與 之客戶有關,而管理層評估此 到將不能收回該應收款。因與 已被確認之個別呆壞賬撥備, 已被確認之個別呆壞賬份 別為3,745,000元(二零一三年: 3,753,000元)及0元(二零一三年: 8,000元)。本集團並無就該等結 餘持有任何抵押品。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(c) Trade debtors and bills receivable that are not impaired

The ageing analysis of trade debtors and bills receivable that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired are as follows:

21. 應收賬款及其他應收款(續)

(c) 尚未減值之應收賬款及應收票據

並無個別或整體視為出現減值的 應收賬款及應收票據賬齡分析如 下:

			The Group 本集團		ompany 公司
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元
Neither past due nor impaired	概無逾期或減值	108,713	129,493	50,914	49,405
Less than 61 days past due	逾期少於61日	12,955	13,233	4,666	4,428
61 to 90 days past due	逾期61至90日	447	1,239	134	71
More than 90 days past due	逾期90日以上	6,114	3,332	1,414	71
		19,516	17,804	6,214	4,570
		128,229	147,297	57,128	53,975

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

概無逾期或減值之應收賬款與眾 多並無近期欠款記錄之客戶有關。

逾期但並未減值之應收賬款與多名獨立客戶有關,該等客戶對端集團的信貸記錄良好。根據過無經驗,管理層認為,該等結餘無需減值撥備,因為信貸質素並無重大變動,且結餘仍被視作可全數收回。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(d) Impairment of amount due from an associate

During the year ended 31 March 2014, an associate was in financial difficulty and management assessed that the amount due from the associate is expected to be irrecoverable. Accordingly, an impairment loss on amount due from the associate of \$242,000 (2013: \$4,171,000) was made in the financial statements during the year.

22. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

21. 應收賬款及其他應收款(續)

(d) 應收一聯營公司款項減值

截至二零一四年三月三十一日 止年度內,因一聯營公司有財政 困難,管理層評估後預期應收其 聯營公司的款項將不能收回。 因此,減值虧損242,000元(二零 一三年:4,171,000元)已在年內的 財務報表被確認。

22. 現金及現金等價物

(a) 現金及現金等價物包括:

			The Group 本集團				
		2014	2013	2014	2013		
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年		
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000		
		千元	千元	千元	千元		
Cash at bank and in hand	銀行活期存款及現金	275,070	270,015	193,686	142,387		

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

22. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

22. 現金及現金等價物(續)

(b) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated from operations:

(b) 除税前溢利與經營業務所得現金 之對賬:

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Note	\$'000 	\$'000
		<i>附註</i> ————————————————————————————————————	千元	<i>千元</i>
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利		18,258	66,057
Adjustments for:	調整:			
Dividend income from unlisted	非上市股權證券之股息收入			
equity securities		4	(429)	(389)
Interest income	利息收入	4	(2,275)	(2,255)
Net loss on disposals of fixed assets	出售固定資產虧損淨額	4	382	1,790
Finance costs	融資成本	5(a)	3,860	4,398
Amortisation of pre-paid interests in	預付租賃土地款項的攤銷			
leasehold land		5(c)	61	59
Depreciation	折舊	5(c)	14,550	17,154
Share of losses of associates	應佔聯營公司虧損	17	220	398
Share of (profits)/losses of	應佔合營企業(溢利)/虧損			
joint ventures			(18,515)	4,821
Impairment losses on fixed assets	固定資產減值虧損	13(f)	6,935	8,504
Net valuation gains on investment	投資物業重估收益淨額			
properties		13(a)	(19,257)	(44,905)
Foreign exchange losses	匯兑損失		1,525	264
Operating profit before changes in	營運資金變動前之經營溢利			
working capital			5,315	55,896
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:			
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	存貨(增加)/減少		(36,914)	49,005
Decrease in trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款減少		33,991	136,456
Increase/(decrease) in trade and	應付賬款及其他應付款			
other payables	增加/(減少)		25,521	(70,494)
Decrease in provision for long	長期服務金準備減少			
service payments			(1,613)	(10,193)
Cash generated from operations	經營業務所得現金		26,300	160,670

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

23. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

23. 應付賬款及其他應付款

		The Group 本集團		•			
		2014 二零一四年	2013	2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年		
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000		
		千元	千元	千元	千元		
To do on Pro-	應付賬款	04 227	02.272	40.277	22,400		
Trade creditors		94,227	82,372	40,366	33,498		
Bills payable	應付票據	1,915	3,523	214	1,132		
		96,142	85,895	40,580	34,630		
Accrued charges and other creditors	應計費用及其他應付款	76,017	63,085	26,382	19,846		
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	-	_	4,477	4,319		
Amounts due to related companies	應付關連公司款項						
(note 31(c))	(附註31(c))	3,938	1,483	330	370		
Amounts due to joint ventures	應付合營企業款項						
(note 31(c))	(附註31(c))	14	148	13	13		
Amount due to an associate	應付一聯營公司款項						
(note 31(c))	(附註31(c))	220	199	-	_		
Derivative financial instruments held	持有作現金流量對沖工具						
as cash flow hedging instruments	之衍生金融工具						
(note 28(c)(i))	(附註28(c)(i))	79	-	79	_		
		176,410	150,810	71,861	59,178		

All of the trade and other payables are expected to be settled or recognised as income within one year or are repayable on demand. 所有應付賬款及其他應付款預期將於 一年內償還或確認為收入或需按通知 即時償還。

The amounts due to subsidiaries, related companies, joint ventures and an associate are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

應付附屬公司、關連公司、合營企業 及一聯營公司款項是沒有抵押、不帶 利息,並需按通知即時償還。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

23. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

Included in trade and other payables are trade creditors and bills payable with the following ageing analysis as of the end of the reporting period:

23. 應付賬款及其他應付款(續)

於結算日包括在應付賬款及其他應付 款的應付賬款及應付票據賬齡分析如 下:

			The Group 本集團		ompany 公司
		2014 二零一四年 <i>\$'000</i> チ元	2013 二零一三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2013 二零一三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
Current	未逾期	50,937	46,610	21,089	22,939
Less than 61 days past due 61 to 90 days past due More than 90 days past due	逾期少於61日 逾期61日至90日 逾期90日以上	33,610 4,290 7,305	29,621 6,183 3,481	18,524 423 544	11,013 251 427
		45,205	39,285	19,491	11,691
		96,142	85,895	40,580	34,630

The Group's general payment terms are 30 to 90 days from the invoice date. Therefore, the balances above which are classified as current are mostly within 90 days from the invoice date.

本集團一般付款條款是於發票日期後 30日至90日內到期。因此,上述未逾 期的結餘大部份均在發票日後90日內 到期。

24. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("the MPF scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of \$25,000 (\$20,000 prior to June 2012). The employer's contributions to the MPF scheme vest immediately.

The Group also operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Exempted ORSO Scheme in Hong Kong for those employees who were eligible to participate in the scheme. This scheme is operated in a way similar to the MPF scheme, except that when an employee leaves the scheme prior to his/her interest in the Group's employee contributions vesting fully, the ongoing contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the relevant amount of forfeited employer's contributions or refunded to the employer.

The employees of subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC are members of a state-sponsored retirement scheme organised by the local government in the PRC. The subsidiaries are required to contribute, based on a certain percentage of payroll, to the retirement scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to these retirement schemes is to make the required contributions under the terms of the scheme.

24. 僱員退休福利

本集團已按照強制性公積金計劃條例 為根據香港《僱傭條例》聘用之僱員 設有強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃為既定供款退強 劃,由獨立信託人管理。根據強計劃 計劃,僱主及其僱員均須對該計劃 僱員有關之收入之5%作出供款。惟每 月有關收入之上限為25,000元(二年六月以前為20,000元)。僱主自 強積金計劃作出之供款即時歸屬僱員。

於香港,本集團亦為合資格參與獲強 制性公積金豁免的職業退休計劃之僱 員設立該計劃。該計劃以類似強積金 計劃之方式經營,惟當僱員於符合資 格全數享有本集團僱員供款前離職, 被沒收之僱主供款將用作減低集團日 後之供款或退還僱主。

本集團於中國成立之附屬公司之僱員 乃中國當地政府組織之職工社會養老 保險計劃之成員。該等附屬公司須按 僱員工資之若干百分比作出退休計劃 供款。本集團就退休計劃所承擔之唯 一責任是支付該計劃規定之供款。

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

25. INCOME TAX IN THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

25. 財務狀況表所示的所得税

(a) Current taxation in the statement of financial position represents:

(a) 財務狀況表所示的本期所得税為:

		The Group 本集團			
		2014 二零一四年 <i>\$'000</i>	2013 二零一三年 \$'000	2014 二零一四年 <i>\$'000</i>	2013 二零一三年 \$'000
		千元	千元	千元	<u> </u>
Provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for the year	本年度香港利得税撥備	7,132	7.891	2,100	2,348
Provisional Profits Tax paid	已付暫繳利得税	(5,966)	(5,784)	(1,805)	(2,201)
Provision of tax outside	香港境外税項撥備	1,166	2,107	295	147
Hong Kong		8,279	13,181	-	-
Net tax payable	應付税項淨額	9,445	15,288	295	147

(b) Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised:

The Group

The components of deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

(b) 已確認遞延所得税(資產)/負債:

(i) 本集團

已在綜合財務狀況表確認的 遞延所得税(資產)/負債的 組成部份和本年度的變動如 下:

		Revaluation of investment properties	Depreciation of fixed assets	Provision for inventories	Provision for long service payments	Undistributed profits of subsidiaries and joint ventures 附屬公司及	Cash flow hedge	Total
		投資	固定資產		長期服務金	合營企業	現金流量	
		物業重估	折舊	存貨準備	準備	未分配溢利	對沖	合計
		\$,000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		₹ \bar{\pi}	₹ \tau	₹ \tau	Ŧπ̄	₹π̄	Ŧπ̄	Ŧπ̄
Deferred tax arising from:	遞延所得税來自:							
At I April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	11,514	244	(6,028)	(7,117)	4,837	_	3,450
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	52	(16)	(16)	(31)	-	-	(11)
(Credited)/charged to profit or loss	在損益內(計入)/扣除	(3,754)	1,757	4,162	2,108	(1,132)	-	3,141
Charged to reserves	在儲備扣除	-	-	-	-	-	9	9
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	7,812	1,985	(1,882)	(5,040)	3,705	9	6,589
At I April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	7,812	1,985	(1,882)	(5,040)	3,705	9	6,589
Exchange adjustments	匯	129	(39)	(42)	(97)	-	-	(49)
Charged/(credited) to profit or loss	在損益內扣除/(計入)	7	(131)	1,782	407	2,612	-	4,677
Credited to reserves	在儲備計入	-	-	-	-	-	(24)	(24)
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	7,948	1,815	(142)	(4,730)	6,317	(15)	11,193

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

25. INCOME TAX IN THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

(b) Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised: (continued)

(ii) The Company

The components of deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised in the statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

25. 財務狀況表所示的所得税(續)

•••••

(b) 已確認遞延所得税(資產)/負債: (續)

(ii) 本公司

已在財務狀況表確認的遞延 所得税(資產)/負債的組成 部份和本年度的變動如下:

		Depreciation of	Cash flow	
		fixed assets	hedge	Total
		固定資產折舊	現金流量對沖	合計
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	チ <u>元</u>	千元
Deferred tax arising from:	遞延所得税來自:			
At I April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	4,012	_	4,012
Credited to profit or loss	在損益內計入	(162)	_	(162)
Charged to reserves	在儲備扣除	-	9	9
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	3,850	9	3,859
At I April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	3,850	9	3,859
Charged to profit or loss	在損益內扣除	610	_	610
Credited to reserves	在儲備計入		(24)	(24)
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	4,460	(15)	4,445

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

25. INCOME TAX IN THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

(b) Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised: (continued)

(iii) Reconciliation to the statements of financial position

25. 財務狀況表所示的所得税(續)

(b) 已確認遞延所得税(資產)/負債: (續)

(iii) 財務狀況表對賬

	The Group 本集團		The Company 本公司	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	千元	千元	$ auar{\pi}$	千元
Net deferred tax assets 在財務狀況表確認的 recognised in the statement of financial position Net deferred tax liabilities 在財務狀況表確認的	(2,403)	(2,454)	-	-
recognised in the statement 遞延所得税負債淨值 of financial position	13,596	9,043	4,445	3,859
	11,193	6,589	4,445	3,859

(c) Deferred tax assets not recognised:

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in note I(r), the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of cumulative tax losses of \$112,515,000 (2013: \$50,543,000) attributable to certain subsidiaries as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction of the entities. Tax losses amounting to \$6,033,000 (2013: \$5,639,000) do not expire under the relevant current tax legislation, while the remaining tax losses amounting to \$106,482,000 (2013: \$44,904,000) incurred by the PRC subsidiaries will expire before 2019, in five years after they are incurred.

(c) 未確認的遞延所得税資產:

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

26. PROVISION FOR LONG SERVICE PAYMENTS

26	長	詌	服	滌	余	準	偌	
40.	1.22	六刀	ЛΙΧ	4127	7/2	\rightarrow	ľĦ	

		The C	Group	The Company		
		本負	美 團	本名	2司	
		2014	2013	2014	2013	
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年	
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
		千元	千元	$ auar{\pi}$	$ auar{\pi}$	
At the beginning of the year	於年初	22,915	33,108	1,708	2,843	
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	387	125	-	_	
Provision made/(reversed)	年內撥備/(撥回)	6,918	(981)	(480)	(1,135)	
Less: (Payments)/refund	減:年內(付款)/退回					
during the year	款項	(8,918)	(9,337)	121		
At the end of the year	於年終	21,302	22,915	1,349	1,708	

Under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance, the Group and the Company are obliged to make lump sum payments on cessation of employment in certain circumstances to employees who have completed at least five years of service with the Group and the Company. The amount payable is dependent on the employees' final salary and years of service, and is reduced by entitlements accrued under the retirement schemes of the Group and the Company that are attributable to contributions made by the Group and the Company. The Group does not set aside any assets to fund the above remaining obligations.

Under the PRC Labour Contract Law, the Group is obliged to make lump sum payments on cessation of employment in certain circumstances to employees. The amount payable is dependent on the employees' final salary and years of service.

根據香港《僱傭條例》,本集團及本公司有責任向服務年資達五年或以上一年過的金額。所支付的金額乃根據僱員的最終薪金及服務年數而釐定,計學僱員在本集團及本公司退休計劃下應計權益中本集團及本公司所供之款項。集團並無撥出任何資產以應付上述剩餘的責任。

根據《中國勞動合同法》,集團有責任 向在若干情況下停止受僱的僱員付出 一筆過的金額。所支付的金額乃根據 僱員的最終薪金及服務年數而釐定。

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

27. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

27. 股本、儲備及股息

(a) 權益組成部份之變動

本集團綜合權益各組成部份的期 初與期末結餘對賬載於綜合權 益變動表。本公司權益個別組成 部份於年初及年終之變動詳情如 下:

					Capital	Investment	Land and buildings			
			Share	Share		revaluation	•	Hedging	Retained	
			capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	profits	Total
					股本	投資	土地及樓宇			
			股本	股份溢價	贖回儲備	重估儲備	重估儲備	對沖儲備	保留溢利	合計
		Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		附註	Ŧπ̄	$\mathcal{F}\bar{\pi}$	₹π̄	₹π̄	₹ ā	₹π̄	Ŧπ̄	Ŧπ̄
Balance at I April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日之結餘		103,374	102,753	2,291	(4)	26,869	_	609,740	845,023
Changes in equity for the year:	本年度權益變動:									
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	9	_	_	-	-	_	_	76,772	76,772
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益		-	-	-	(984)	-	48	-	(936)
Total comprehensive income	本年度全面收益總額									
for the year					-	(984)	-	48	76,772	75,836
Dividends approved in respect of	本年度內批准屬於上一年度									
the previous year	的股息	27(b)(ii)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,405)	(12,405)
Balance at 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日及									
and I April 2013	二零一三年四月一日之結餘		103,374	102,753	2,291	(988)	26,869	48	674,107	908,454
Changes in equity for the year:	本年度權益變動:									
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	9	_	_	-	-	-	_	34,556	34,556
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益		-	-	-	440	6,282	(123)	-	6,599
Total comprehensive income	本年度全面收益總額									
for the year			-	-	-	440	6,282	(123)	34,556	41,155
Transition to no-par value regime	於二零一四年三月三日									
on 3 March 2014	過渡至無面值股份制度	27(c)	105,044	(102,753)	(2,291)	_	_	_	_	_
Dividends approved in respect of	本年度內批准屬於上一年度	1.7	-,	, , ,	(,)					
the previous year	的股息	27(b)(ii)	_	_	-	-	_	_	(10,337)	(10,337)
Balance at 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日之結餘		208,418	-	-	(548)	33,151	(75)	698,326	939,272

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

M.Z 4 H 71 - 1 H 1/2 (7/18/1011)						
27. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS 27. 股 (continued)	27. 股本、儲備及股息 <i>(續)</i>					
(b) Dividends (i) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the year) 股息 <i>(i) 應付本公司</i> 度股息	司股權持有人本年				
	2014 二零一四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2013 二零一三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>				
Final dividend proposed after the 於結算日後建議派發末期 end of the reporting period of 股息每股普通股0.03元 \$0.03 (2013: \$0.05) per (二零一三年:0.05元) ordinary share	6,202	10,337				
The final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.	於結算日後建議派發的末身 股息尚未在結算日確認為負 債。					
(ii) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year	• /	司股權持有人屬於 F度,並於本年度 対的股息				
	2014 二零一四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2013 二零一三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>				
Final dividend in respect of the 屬於上一財政年度, previous financial year, approved 並於本年度核准及支付 and paid during the year of \$0.05 末期股息每股普通股0.05元						

(二零一三年:0.06元)

10,337

12,405

(2013: \$0.06) per ordinary share

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

27. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

27. 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(continued)

(c) Share capital

(c) 股本

				` '				
			2014		2013			
			二零一四	9年	二零一三	:年		
			No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount		
			股份數目	金額	股份數目	金額		
		Note	'000	\$'000	'000	\$'000		
		附註	千股	千元	千股	千元		
Authorised:	法定股本:	(i)						
Ordinary shares of \$0.50 each	每股面值0.50元之普通股	(ii)	-	-	400,000	200,000		
Ordinary shares, issued	已發行及已繳足普通股:							
and fully paid:								
At I April	於四月一日		206,748	103,374	206,748	103,374		
Transition to no-par value	於二零一四年三月三日							
regime on 3 March 2014	過渡至無面值股份制度	(iii)	-	105,044	_	-		
At 31 March	於三月三十一日		206,748	208,418	206,748	103,374		

Notes:

- (i) Under the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), which commenced operation on 3 March 2014, the concept of authorised share capital no longer exists.
- (ii) In accordance with section 135 of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), the Company's shares no longer have a par or nominal value with effect from 3 March 2014. There is no impact on the number of shares in issue or the relative entitlement of any of the members as a result of this transition.
- (iii) In accordance with the transitional provisions set out in section 37 of Schedule II to the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) on 3 March 2014, any amount standing to the credit of the share premium account and the capital redemption reserve has become part of the Company's share capital.

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

附註:

- (i) 根據於二零一四年三月三日生效 之新香港公司條例(第622章), 法定股本的概念不再存在。
- (ii) 按照於二零一四年三月三日生效之新香港公司條例(第622章) 第135條,本公司股份不再有票面值或面值。此轉變對已發行股份數目或任何股東的相對權益並無影響。
- (iii) 於二零一四年三月三日,按照 載於新香港公司條例(第622章) 附表II第37條的過渡性條文, 股份溢價賬及股本贖回儲備的 任何貸方結餘,已成為本公司股 本的一部分。

普通股持有者有權收取不時宣派 的股息,並且有權在本公司股東 大會上按照每股一票的比例參與 投票。所有普通股在本公司剩餘 資產上均享有同等權利。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

27. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium and capital redemption reserve

Prior to 3 March 2014, the application of the share premium account and the capital redemption reserve was governed by sections 48B and 49H respectively of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32). In accordance with the transitional provisions set out in section 37 of Schedule II to the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), on 3 March 2014 any amount standing to the credit of the share premium account and the capital redemption reserve has become part of the Company's share capital (see note 27(c)). The use of share capital as from 3 March 2014 is governed by the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622).

(ii) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of operations outside Hong Kong. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note I(u).

(iii) Investment revaluation reserve

The investment revaluation reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of available-for-sale equity securities held at the end of the reporting period and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in notes I(f) and (k).

The investment revaluation reserve is not available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company.

(iv) Land and buildings revaluation reserve

The land and buildings revaluation reserve has been set up and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies adopted for land and buildings set out in note I(h)(ii).

The land and buildings revaluation reserve is not available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company.

27. 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備的性質及用途

(ii) 匯兑儲備

匯兑儲備包括因換算香港以外業務之財務報表而產生之 所有匯兑差額。該儲備乃根 據附註I(u)所載之會計政策 處理。

途受到新香港公司條例(第

622章)所規管。

(iii) 投資重估儲備

投資重估儲備包含於結算日 持有可供出售股權證券公平 價值的累計淨變動,並根據 載於附註I(f)及(k)的會計政 策處理。

投資重估儲備不可供分派予 本公司股權持有人。

(iv) 土地及樓宇重估儲備

本公司已設立土地及樓宇 重估儲備,並根據就重估土 地及樓宇所採用的會計政 策(附註I(h)(ii))處理這些儲 備。

土地及樓宇重估儲備不可供 分派予本公司股權持有人。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

27. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

(v) Hedging reserve

The hedging reserve comprises the effective portion of the cumulative net change in the fair value of hedging instruments used in cash flow hedges pending subsequent recognition of the hedged cash flow in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for cash flow hedges in note I(g).

(vi) Other reserve

Other reserve represents a statutory reserve fund. According to the articles of association of the subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC, the subsidiaries are required to transfer at least 10% of their net profit, as determined in accordance with the PRC accounting rules and regulations applicable to enterprises with foreign investment, to the statutory reserve fund until the reserve balance reaches 50% of the registered capital. The transfer to this reserve must be made before distribution of a dividend.

(e) Distributability of reserves

At 31 March 2014, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company, as calculated under the provisions of section Part 6 of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), was \$422,814,000 (2013: \$424,562,000). After the end of the reporting period the directors proposed a final dividend of \$0.03 (2013: \$0.05) per ordinary share, amounting to \$6,202,000 (2013: \$10,337,000). This dividend has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

27. 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備的性質及用途(續)

(v) 對沖儲備

對沖儲備包含應用於現金流量對沖的對沖工具之有效部分的公平價值累計淨變動,而該現金流量對沖有待稍後根據載於附註I(g)現金流量對沖的會計政策而確認。

(vi) 其他儲備

其他儲備為法定儲備基金。 根據本集團於中國之,附屬公司須轉撥其根據適用於別國之 司須轉撥其根據適用於規則 企業之中國會計規則及規 定之純利之至少10%至 達定儲備基金,直至儲備基企 達到註冊資本之50%為止。 向該儲備所作轉撥必須在分 配股息前作出。

(e) 可供分派儲備

於二零一四年三月三十一日,根據新香港公司條例(第622章)第6部計算,本公司可供分派予本公司股權持有人的儲備總額為422,814,000元(二零一三年:424,562,000元)。於結算日後,董事建議派發末期股息每股普通股0.03元(二零一三年:0.05元),合計6,202,000元(二零一三年:10,337,000元)。該股息於結算日尚未確認為負債。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

27. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(continued)

(f) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholders returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of a net debt-to-adjusted-capital ratio. For this purpose the Group defines net debt as total debt (which includes interest-bearing loans and borrowings) plus unaccrued proposed dividends less cash and cash equivalents (which excluded pledged deposits). Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity, less unaccrued proposed dividends.

During the current financial year, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from the previous financial year, was to maintain the net debt-to-adjusted-capital ratio at a reasonable level. In order to maintain or adjust the ratio, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares, return capital to shareholders, raise new debt financing or sell assets to reduce debt.

As at 31 March 2014 and 2013, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had outstanding interest-bearing loans and borrowings.

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

27. 股本、儲備及股息(續)

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(f) 資本管理

本集團管理資本的主要目的為確保集團能夠持續經營,透過釐定 與風險水平相稱的貨品及服務價格及以合理的成本融資,從而能 持續向股東提供回報及向其他相關人士提供利益。

本集團積極及定期檢討及管理其 資本架構,務求維持借貸水平及 資本狀況的平衡。較高借貸水平 可能獲得較高股東回報而雄厚的 資本狀況則穩健有利。本集團根 據經濟情況的變動而對資本架構 作出調整。

本集團按照債務淨額對經調整資本比率的基準監察資本架構。就此而言,本集團把債務淨額界定為債務總額(包括帶息貸款及借款),加上非累計擬派股息減現金及現金等價物(不包括抵押存款),經調整資本包括所有權益減非累計擬派股息。

於本財政年度,本集團秉承過往財政年度之策略,維持債務淨額對經調整資本比率於一個合理水平。為維持或調整比率,本集團可能會對派付予股東的股息金額作出調整、發行新股份、向股東返還資本、籌措新的債務融資或出售資產以減債。

於二零一四年及二零一三年三月 三十一日,本公司及其任何附屬 公司均沒有帶息貸款及借款。

本公司及其任何附屬公司均不受 任何外部的資本規定所限制。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group is also exposed to equity price risk arising from its equity investment in other entities. The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash at bank and trade and other receivables. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

In respect of cash at bank, the Group only places deposits with major financial institutions which management believes are of high credit rating.

In respect of trade and other receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount and for all new customers. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due between 30 to 120 days from the date of billing. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer and significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. The default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate also has an influence on credit risk but to a lesser extent. At the end of the reporting period, the Group has a certain concentration of credit risk as 10.5% (2013: 10.3%) and 30.1% (2013: 39.3%) of the total trade debtors was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively within the manufacture and sale of garments and textiles segment.

28. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平 價值

本集團會在正常業務過程中出現信貸、流動資金和外幣風險。本集團亦承受來自其他實體證券投資的股價風險,本集團面對之有關風險及本集團用於管理有關風險之財務風險管理政策與慣例載述如下。

(a) 信貸風險

本集團的信貸風險主要來自銀行 存款及應收賬款及其他應收款。 管理層已實施信貸政策,並且不 斷監察所承受信貸風險的程度。

就存放於銀行之存款而言,本集 團只與管理層認為有優良信貸評 級之主要金融機構訂立存款。

本集團須承受的信用風險影響, 及信用風險大量集中的情況 於一個別特質所別等 於一個別等與 一個別等 一三年:10.3%)及30.1%(二零 一三年:10.3%)及30.1%(二零 一三年:10.3%)及30.1%(二零

一三年:39.3%)。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

Except for the financial guarantees given by the Company as set out in note 30, the Group does not provide any other guarantees which would expose the Group or the Company to credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of these financial guarantees at the end of the reporting period is disclosed in note 30.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are set out in note 21.

(b) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management including the short term investment of cash surpluses. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and readily realisable marketable securities and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's and the Company's derivative financial instruments, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group and the Company can be required to pay.

28. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平 價值(*續*)

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(a) 信貸風險(續)

除附註30所述之由本公司發出之 財務擔保外,本集團並不會提供 使本集團或本公司承受信貸風險 的其他擔保。於結算日,此等財 務擔保之信貸風險上限詳列於附 註30。

有關本集團因應收賬款及其他應 收款而承受之信貸風險之進一步 數量披露載於附註21。

(b) 流動資金風險

下表詳列本集團及本公司的衍生 金融工具於結算日的尚餘合約期 限,其所依據是合約上未折現的 現金流量(包括按合約利率計算 之利息,或如屬浮息,則按結算 日當時利率計算)及本集團及本 公司最早須支付日期。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

The Group and the Company

28. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平 價值(續)

> (b) 流動資金風險(續) 本集團及本公司

as cash flow hedging instruments	之衍生金融工具	22,940	(23,019)	(79)	2,468	(2,416)	52
Derivative financial instruments held	持有作現金流量對沖工具						
		$far{\pi}$	$far{\pi}$	千元	<i>∓</i> π̄	$+\bar{\pi}$	<i>∓π</i>
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		一年內或按要求	一年內或按要求	之賬面值	一年內或按要求	一年內或按要求	之賬面值
				於三月三十一日			於三月三十一日
		or on demand	or on demand	on 31 March	or on demand	or on demand	on 31 March
		within I year	within I year	Carrying amount	within I year	within I year	Carrying amount
		現金流入	現金流出		現金流入	現金流出	
		合約上未貼現的	合約上未貼現的		合約上未貼現的	合約上未貼現的	
		cash inflow	cash outflow		cash inflow	cash outflow	
		undiscounted	undiscounted		undiscounted	undiscounted	
		Contractual	Contractual		Contractual	Contractual	
			二零一四年			二零一三年	
			2014			2013	

Save as the above, the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities are repayable within one year or on demand and the contractual undiscounted cash outflow of these financial liabilities equals their carrying values on the statement of financial position.

(c) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through sales and purchases which give rise to receivables, payables and cash balances that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily Euros, United States dollars ("USD"), Pounds Sterling, Hong Kong dollars ("HKD") and Renminbi ("RMB").

As the HKD is pegged to the USD, the Group does not expect any significant movements in the USD/HKD exchange rate. However, management acknowledges that the Group is exposed to fluctuations in the exchange rates for other currencies.

除上文所述外,本集團及本公司 之金融負債將於一年內或需按通 知即時償還,及該等金融負債合 約上未折現的現金流出與財務狀 況表所示的賬面值相同。

(c) 貨幣風險

本集團涉及的貨幣風險主要來自 有關業務所涉及功能貨幣以外的 使用外幣計值的買賣交易所產生 的應收賬款、應付賬款及現金結 餘。引致此項風險的貨幣主要為 歐羅、美元、英鎊、港元及人民 幣。

由於港元與美元掛鈎,本集團預期美元/港元匯率並不會有重大波動。然而,管理層認為,本集團面對其他貨幣匯率變動的風險。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

(c) Currency risk (continued)

(i) Forecast transactions

At any point in time the Group aims to effectively hedge its estimated foreign currency exposure in respect of committed future sales, excluding those transactions denominated in USD which are, or are expected to be, entered into by operations with a functional currency of HKD. Such transactions are currently not hedged under the Group's foreign currency risk management strategy as the Group currently considers the risk of movements in exchange rates between the HKD and the USD to be insignificant.

The Group uses forward exchange contracts to hedge its currency risk and classifies these as cash flow hedges. All of the forward exchange contracts have maturities of less than one year after the end of the reporting period. At 31 March 2014, both the Group and the Company had forward exchange contracts hedging forecast transactions with a net fair value of \$79,000 (liabilities) (2013: \$52,000 (assets)), recognised as derivative financial instruments (see notes 21 and 23).

(ii) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's and the Company's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in Hong Kong dollars, translated using the spot rate at the year end date.

28. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平 價值(續)

••••••••••••••••

(c) 貨幣風險(續)

(i) 預期交易

本集團利用遠期外匯合約以 對沖其貨幣風險並將之分類 為現金流量對沖。所有遠期 外匯合約的到期日為結四年內 。於二零一四天本集團及本 月三十一日,本集團及本 司用以對沖預期交易的額 79,000元(負債)(二零一已 報為衍生金融工具(參閱附 註21及23)。

(ii) 承受之貨幣風險

下表詳列本集團及本公司於結算日所承受之貨幣風險乃因所涉實體之已確認資產或負債以該實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣計值而產生。有關風險承擔之金額乃按結算日之即期匯率換算為港幣作呈列之用。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

28.	FINANCIA	L RISH	MANA	GEMENT	AND	FAIR
	VALUES C	F FIN	ANCIAL	INSTRU	MENT	S

28. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平 價值(續)

•••••

(continued)

- (c) Currency risk (continued)
 - (ii) Exposure to currency risk (continued)

(c) 貨幣風險(續)

(ii) 承受之貨幣風險(續)

Exposure to foreign currencies (expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

承受之外幣風險(以港元計)

				2014					2013		
				二零一四年	F				二零一三年	Ē	
			United			Hong		United			Hong
		Pounds	States			Kong	Pounds	States			Kong
		Sterling	Dollars	Euros	Renminbi	Dollars	Sterling	Dollars	Euros	Renminbi	Dollars
		英鎊	美元	歐羅	人民幣	港元	英鎊	美元	歐羅	人民幣	港元
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		Ŧπ̄	$far{\pi}$	Ŧπ̄	千元	千元	₹π̄	₹π̄	Ŧπ̄	千元	<i>∓π</i>
The Group	本集團										
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款	34	83,295	1,083	62	3	2,135	96,922	8,136	291	3
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	75	67,639	865	53,678	325	12,011	72,710	848	35,343	2,723
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款	(576)	(38,130)	(1,361)	(585)	-	(473)	(41,077)	(2,047)	(364)	-
Amounts due from/(to)	應收/(應付)集團										
group companies	公司款項	6,950	(3,579)	-	-	11,922	7,718	(3,561)	-	-	45,403
Amount due to a joint	應付一合營企業款項										
venture		-	(13)	-	-	-	-	(13)	-	-	
Net exposure arising	來自已確認資產及										
from recognised assets	負債的風險承擔淨額										
and liabilities		6,483	109,212	587	53,155	12,250	21,391	124,981	6,937	35,270	48,129

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

28.	FINANCI	AL	RISK	MANA	GEME	NT	AND	FAIR
	VALUES	OF	FINA	NCIAL	INST	RUI	MENT	S

價值(續) •••••

28. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平

(continued)

(c) Currency risk (continued)

(ii) Exposure to currency risk (continued)

(c) 貨幣風險(續)

(ii) 承受之貨幣風險(續)

Exposure to foreign currencies (expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

承受之外幣風險(以港元計)

) 4 一四年			2013 二零一三年			
			United			United				
		Pounds	States			Pounds	States			
		Sterling	Dollars	Euros	Renminbi	Sterling	Dollars	Euros	Renminbi	
		英鎊	美元	歐羅	人民幣	英鎊	美元	歐羅	人民幣	
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
		千元	千元	千元	千元	₹π̄	千元	₹ \ \tau	Ŧπ̄	
The Company	本公司									
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款	34	58,610	43	61	2,135	50,072	4,145	290	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	75	41,064	602	52,114	12,011	24,711	751	30,870	
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款	(576)	(15,168)	(633)	(8)	(473)	(15,427)	(552)	(2)	
Amounts due from/(to)	應收/(應付)集團公司款項									
group companies		6,950	(3,579)	-	-	7,718	(3,561)	-	-	
Amount due to a joint venture	應付一合營企業款項	-	(13)	-	-	-	(13)	-	-	
Net exposure arising	來自已確認資產及									
from recognised assets	負債的風險承擔淨額									
and liabilities		6,483	80,914	12	52,167	21,391	55,782	4,344	31,158	

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

(c) Currency risk (continued)

(iii) Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant. In this respect, it is assumed that the pegged rate between the HKD and the USD would be materially unaffected by any changes in movement in value of the USD against other currencies.

28. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平 價值(續)

•••••

(c) 貨幣風險(續)

(iii) 敏感度分析

The Group

本集團

		20	014		013
		_零	一四年	二零·	一三年
		Increase/(decrease)	Effect on profit	Increase/(decrease)	Effect on profit
		in foreign	after tax and	in foreign	after tax and
		exchange rates	retained profits	exchange rates	retained profits
			對除税後溢利及		對除税後溢利及
		匯率上升/(下跌)	保留溢利之影響	匯率上升/(下跌)	保留溢利之影響
		%	\$'000	%	\$'000
		百分比	<i>千元</i>	百分比	千元
Pounds Sterling	英鎊	5%	27 I	5%	893
		(5)%	(271)	(5)%	(893)
Euros	歐羅	5%	25	5%	290
		(5)%	(25)	(5)%	(290)
B		00/	2.551	00/	2.25/
Renminbi	人民幣	8%	3,551	8%	2,356
		(8)%	(3,551)	(8)%	(2,356)
Hong Kong Dollars	港元	8%	735	8%	2,888
Tions Rons Donars	/6/0		(735)		(2,888)
		(8)%	(733)	(8)%	(2,000)

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

(c) Currency risk (continued)

(iii) Sensitivity analysis (continued)

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the Group entities' profit after tax and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into HKD at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to currency risk at the end of the reporting period, including inter-company payables and receivables within the Group which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2013.

(d) Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price changes arising from equity investments classified as available-for-sale equity securities (see note 19).

The listed investments held in the available-for-sale portfolio have been chosen based on their longer term growth potential and are monitored regularly for performance against expectations.

The Group's unquoted investments are held for long term strategic purposes. Their performance is assessed at least biannually against performance of similar listed entities, based on the limited information available to the Group, together with an assessment of their relevance to the Group's long term strategic plans.

28. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平 價值(*續*)

••••••

(c) 貨幣風險(續)

(iii) 敏感度分析(續)

上表所列示分析之結果代表 對本集團旗下各實體按各種 功能貨幣計算並按結算日之 匯率換算為港元以供呈列之 用的除税後溢利及權益之即 時影響總額。

(d) 股價風險

本集團承受被歸類為可供出售股權證券投資之價格變動風險(參 閱附註19)。

在選擇可供出售投資組合中持有 的上市證券投資時乃根據其長期 增長潛力,並定期監察其表現相 對預期的情況。

本集團所有非上市投資乃持作長期策略性用途。其表現評估至少一年進行兩次,乃根據類似上市實體之表現、本集團所得其他資料及評估對本集團的長期策略性計劃的適合度。

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28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

(d) Equity price risk (continued)

At 31 March 2014, it is estimated that an increase/decrease of 10% (2013: 10%) in the relevant stock market index (for listed investments), with all other variables held constant, would have increased/decreased the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) and other components of consolidated equity as follows:

28. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平 價值(續)

.....

(d) 股價風險(續)

於二零一四年三月三十一日,假設其他變數維持不變,如有關股票市場(上市投資)指數增加/減少I0%(二零一三年:10%),估計會增加/減少本集團的除税後溢利(及保留溢利)及綜合權益其他組成部份如下:

The Group 本集團

			2014			2013				
			二零一四年			二零一三年				
			Effect on	Effect on		Effect on	Effect on			
			profit after	other		profit after	other			
			tax and	components		tax and	components			
		r	etained profits	of equity		retained profits	of equity			
		ğ	對除税後溢利及	對其他權益		對除税後溢利及	對其他權益			
		1	呆留溢利之影響	部分之影響		保留溢利之影響	部分之影響			
		%	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	\$'000			
		百分比	$\mathcal{F}ar{\pi}$	$\mathcal{F}ar{\pi}$	百分比	$far{\pi}$	チ <u>元</u>			
Change in relevant stock	相關證券市場指數									
market index:	變動:									
Increase	增加	10%	-	50	10%	-	(14)			
Decrease	減少	(10)%	-	(50)	(10)%	-	14			

The sensitivity analysis indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) and other components of consolidated equity that would arise assuming that the changes in the stock market index had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to equity price risk at the end of the reporting period. It is assumed that the fair values of the Group's equity investments would change in accordance with the historical correlation with the relevant stock market index, that none of the Group's listed available-forsale investments would be considered impaired as a result of the decrease in the relevant stock market index, and that all other variables remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2013.

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28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

(e) Fair value measurement

(i) Financial instruments measured at fair value Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement.

28. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平 價值(*續*)

•••••

(e) 公平價值計量

(i) 按公平價值計量的金融工具 公平價值層級

下表列載本集團及本公司經常性地於結算日按公平價值計量的金融工具,並根據《香港財務報告準則》第13號「公平價值計量」所界定的公平價值層級分類為三個級別。

The Group and the Company 本集團及本公司

			Fair value measurements as at 31 March 2014 categorised into 於二零一四年 三月三十一日公平價值 計量分類為			as at 31 M categori 於二零 三月三十一	easurements farch 2013 ised into 一三年 日公平價值 分類為
		Fair value			Fair value		
		at 31 March			at 31 March	1 11	
		2014 於二零一四年	Level I	Level 2	2013 於二零一三年	Level I	Level 2
		三月三十一日			三月三十一日		
		ニカニ I ロ 之公平價值	第一級別	第二級別	ーカー I 日	第一級別	第二級別
		たム「良田 \$'000	ж мхлл \$'000	ж—мхлл \$'000	\$'000	\$'000	ಸ−≅XЛII \$'000
		∓ π	チ <i>元</i>	チ <i>元</i>	∓ π̄	チ <i>元</i>	チ 元
Recurring fair value	經常性公平價值						
measurements	計量						
Assets:	資産:						
- Listed available-for-	- 可供出售上市						
sale equity securities	股權證券	4 507	4 507		4274	4.074	
securities - Derivative financial	- 持有作現金流量	4,587	4,587	-	4,274	4,274	-
instruments held	一						
as cash flow	カゲエ兵之が主 金融工具						
hedging instruments	业版工共				52		52
neuging instruments		-	-	-	32	_	32
Liabilities:	負債:						
- Derivative financial	-持有作現金流量						
instruments held	對沖工具之衍生						
as cash flow	金融工具						
hedging instruments		79	-	79	-	-	-

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

(e) Fair value measurement (continued)

(i) Financial instruments measured at fair value (continued)

During the years ended 31 March 2014 and 2013, there were no transfers between Level I and Level 2. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

Valuation technique and inputs used in Level 2 fair value measurements

The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts in Level 2 are marked to market by discounting the contractual forward price and deducting the forward rate at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used is derived from the prevailing market interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Fair value of financial instruments carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 March 2014 and 2013.

28. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平 價值(續)

•••••

(e) 公平價值計量(續)

(i) 按公平價值計量的金融工具 (續)

> 於二零一四年及二零一三年 三月三十一日止年度內,並 沒有金融工具在第1級別與 第2級別之間作轉移。按本 集團之政策,當公平價值級 別發生轉撥時於結算日予以 確認。

> 採用於第二級別公平價值計量的估值方法及所用數據 遠期外匯合約公平價值(第二級別)乃折現合約遠期價格,並於結算日扣除現行的遠期匯率。貼現率乃參照於結算日現行市場利率而釐定。

(ii) 以非公平價值列賬之金融工 具之公平價值

> 本集團及本公司於二零一四 年及二零一三年三月三十一 日以成本或經攤銷成本列賬 的金融工具與其公平價值並 無重大差異。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

29. COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments outstanding at 31 March 2014 not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

29. 承擔

(a) 於二零一四年三月三十一日,仍 未在財務報表作出撥備之資本承 擔如下:

			The Group 本集團		ompany 公司
		2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元	2013 二零一三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元	2013 二零一三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
The Group's capital commitments: Contracted for	<i>本集團的資本承擔:</i> 已訂約	5,973	258	-	-
The Group's share of the capital commitments of joint ventures: Contracted for	本集團佔合營企業 的資本承擔: 已訂約	1,007	-	-	_
		6,980	258	-	_

- (b) At 31 March 2014, the total future minimum lease payments in respect of properties under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:
- (b) 於二零一四年三月三十一日,根據不可解除的經營租賃合約在日後應付的最低物業租賃付款額總數如下:

The	Group
本	集團

		2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元	2013 二零一三年 \$'000 千元
The Group's operating lease commitments:	本集團的經營租賃承擔:		
Within I year	一年內	2,671	1,401
After I year but within 2 years	一年後但兩年內	1,358	_
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後但五年內	3,235	_
After 5 years	五年後	1,128	
		8,392	1,401
The Group's share of the operating lease commitments of joint ventures:	本集團佔合營企業的 經營租賃承擔:		
Within I year	一年內	524	610
After I year but within 2 years	一年後但兩年內	56	17
		580	627

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

29. COMMITMENTS (continued)

(b) (continued)

The Group is the lessee in respect of a number of properties held under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of one to six years (2013: one to three years), with an option to renew the lease upon expiry when all terms are renegotiated. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

30. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Financial guarantees issued

As at the end of the reporting period, the Company has issued guarantees to banks in respect of banking facilities granted to its wholly owned subsidiaries. The directors do not consider it is probable that a claim will be made against the Company under any of the guarantees. The maximum liability of the Company at the end of the reporting period under the guarantees issued is the total amount of facilities drawn down by the subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period amounted to \$1,701,000 (2013: \$2,391,000).

The guarantees were issued by the Company at nil consideration. The transactions were not at arm's length, and it is not possible to measure reliably the fair value of these transactions in accordance with HKAS 39 had they been at arm's length. Accordingly, the guarantees have not been accounted for as financial liabilities and measured at fair value.

29. 承擔(*續*)

(b) (續)

本集團為數項按經營租賃持有的物業的承租人。這些租賃一般初步為期一至六年(二零一三年:一至三年),並且有權選擇在到期日後續期,屆時所有條款均可重新商定。所有租賃合約並不包括或有租金。

30. 或有資產及負債

已發出的財務擔保

於結算日,本公司已就若干全資附屬公司獲授予之銀行融資向銀行提供擔保,董事不認為可能出現根據任何擔保向本公司提起的訴訟。本公司於結算日擔保承擔的最高負債為附屬公司於結算日引致的1,701,000元貸款(二零一三年:2,391,000元)。

由本公司發出之擔保並無代價。此非 正常之交易並不能根據香港會計準則 第39號按正常交易去可靠地計算其交 易之公平價值,因此該等擔保不會作 為財務負債及不按公平價值計算。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

31. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions:

(a) Transactions with YGM Trading Limited and its subsidiaries ("YGMT Group")

31. 與關連人士之重大交易

除在本財務報表其他地方所披露之交 易及結餘外,本集團訂立以下重大關 連人士交易:

(a) 與YGM貿易有限公司及其附屬公司(「YGMT集團」)之交易

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Purchases of garment products	購買成衣產品	208	90
Sales of garment products	銷售成衣產品	27,165	32,868
Rental income received and receivable	已收及應收物業租金收入	5,194	5,195
Management fee received and receivable	已收及應收管理費	804	804
Building management fee received	已收及應收樓宇管理費		
and receivable		324	324

Note:

YGMT Group is related to the Group as certain directors and their associates are collectively the controlling shareholders of both YGMT Group and the Group.

附註:

YGMT集團之若干董事及彼等之聯繫 人士同時為YGMT集團及本集團之控 股股東。因此,YGMT集團為本集團 之關連人士。

(b) Transactions with other related parties

(b) 其他關連人士之交易

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
	附註	千元	千元
Wuxi YGM Textile Co., Ltd. Purchases of raw materials	無錫長江精密紡織有限公司 (i) 購買原材料	14,774	14,135
Guangdong Xi Mu Industrial Company Limited	廣東西姆實業有限公司 (ii)		
Sales of garment products	銷售成衣產品	-	11,523

Notes:

- (i) Wuxi YGM Textile Co., Ltd. is a wholly owned subsidiary of Wuxi No. I Cotton Investment Co., Ltd., a joint venture of the Group.
- (ii) Guangdong Xi Mu Industrial Company Limited is an associate of the Group.

附註:

- 無錫長江精密紡織有限公司為本集團 之合營企業無錫一棉投資有限公司之 全資擁有附屬公司。
- (ii) 廣東西姆實業有限公司為本集團之聯 營公司。

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(以港元計)

31. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(c) Balances due from/(to) related companies, joint ventures and associates:

31. 與關連人士之重大交易(續)

(c) 應收/(應付)關連公司、合營企 業及聯營公司款項:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年 \$'000	二零一三年 \$'000
		<i>千元</i>	<i>千元</i>
Amount due from YGMT Group	應收YGMT集團款項	845	2,490
Amount due to YGMT Group	應付YGMT集團款項	(3,614)	(1,120)
Amount due to WTC07 Holdings	應付WTC07 Holdings		
Pte Ltd.	Pte Ltd.款項	(324)	(363)
Amount due from Allied Textiles	應收新聯興紡織有限		
Co., Ltd.	公司款項	1,513	1,475
Amount due to Allied Textiles Co., Ltd.	應付新聯興紡織有限公司款項	(13)	_
Amount due to Wuxi Flex Textile	應付無錫福萊克斯紡織品		
Co., Ltd.	有限公司款項	(1)	(148)
Amount due from Wuxi YGM Textile	應收無錫長江精密紡織		
Co., Ltd.	有限公司款項	427	_
Amount due from Guangdong Xi Mu	應收廣東西姆實業有限		
Industrial Company Limited	公司款項	17	_
Amount due to Guangdong Xi Mu	應付廣東西姆實業有限		
Industrial Company Limited	公司款項	(220)	(199)

Notes:

WTC07 Holdings Pte Ltd. is related to the Group as it is held by a director of the Group.

(d) Transactions with key management personnel

All members of key management personnel are the directors of the Company, and their remuneration is disclosed in note 7.

附註:

WTC07 Holdings Pte Ltd.由本集團一 位董事擁有。因此,WTC07 Holdings Pte Ltd.為本集團之關連人士。

(d) 主要管理人員的交易

所有主要管理人員均為本公司之 董事,董事酬金已於附註7披露。

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32. ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The Group believes the following critical accounting policies involve the most significant judgements and estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements.

(a) Write-down of inventories

The Group performs regular reviews of the carrying amounts of inventories with reference to aged inventories analyses, projections of expected future saleability of goods and, management experience and judgment. Based on this review, a write-down of inventories will be made when the carrying amounts of inventories decline below their estimated net realisable value. Due to changes in customers' preferences, actual saleability of goods may be different from estimations and profit or loss in future accounting periods could be affected by differences in these estimations. The write-down and reversal of write-down of inventories are disclosed in note 20.

(b) Deferred tax assets - future benefit of tax losses

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in note I(r), the Group has recognised deferred tax assets in respect of cumulative tax losses as at the year end based on management's assessment that it is probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. Where the expectation is different from the original estimates, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred tax assets and income tax charges in the period in which such estimates are changed. The deferred tax assets not recognised in respect of cumulative tax losses are disclosed in note 25(c).

(c) Valuation of investment properties

The valuation of investment properties requires various assumptions and factors relevant to the valuation. The Group engages independent professional qualified valuers to conduct an annual revaluation of the Group's investment properties based on assumptions agreed between the Group and the valuers prior to adoption. The details of valuation of investment properties are disclosed in note 13(c).

(d) Provision for long service payments

The Group makes provision for lump sum payments on cessation of employment in certain circumstances to employees in both Hong Kong and the PRC. The payments due are dependent on future events and recent payment experience may not be indicative of future payments. Any increase or decrease in the provision would affect the profit or loss in future years. The details of long service payments are disclosed in note 26.

32. 會計判斷及估計

本集團相信在編製財務報表時,以下 所運用的主要會計政策涉及極重要的 判斷和估計。

(a) 撇減存貨

(b) 遞延税項資產-税項虧損之未來 利益

(c) 投資物業估值

投資物業估值採用與估值有關的各項假設及因素。集團聘用獨立專業合資格的估價師,於採納前依據本集團與估價師協定的該等假設,對其投資物業進行年度評估。投資物業估值詳情載於附註 13(c)。

(d) 長期服務金準備

本集團為受僱於香港及中國的僱員在若干情況下因停止受僱而需支付的一筆過付款作出撥備。長期服務金的支付乃決定於日後情況而非近期付款情況。撥備的任何增加或減少,將影響往後年度的盈利或虧損。長期服務金準備詳情載於附註26。

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 (以港元計)

33. IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

At 31 March 2014, the directors consider the immediate and ultimate controlling party of the Group to be Chan Family Investment Corporation Ltd, which is incorporated in the Cayman Islands.

34. POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a few amendments and a new standard which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 March 2014 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

33. 直接及最終控股人士

於二零一四年三月三十一日,董事認 為本集團之直接及最終控股人士為 Chan Family Investment Corporation Ltd(於開曼群島註冊成立)。

34. 於截至二零一四年三月三十一日 止年度已頒佈但尚未生效的修 訂、新準則及詮釋可能構成的影 響

直至本財務報表簽發之日,香港會計師公會已頒佈若干於二零一四年三月三十一日止年度尚未生效的修訂及一項新準則,而本財務報表並未有採納在內。其中適用於本集團的發展如下。

Effective for accounting periods beginning on

or after

開始於會計期間 或其後生效

Amendments to HKAS 32, Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

香港會計準則第32號(修訂), 金融資產 及金融負債抵銷 I January 2014

二零一四年一月一日

Amendments to HKAS 39, Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting

香港會計準則第39號(修訂),衍生工具 更替及對沖會計法之延續 I January 2014

二零一四年一月一日

HKFRS 9, Financial instruments

香港財務報告準則第9號,金融工具

Unspecified

尚未釐定

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In addition, the requirements of Part 9, "Accounts and Audit", of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) come into operation from the Company's first financial year commencing after 3 March 2014 (i.e. the Company's financial year which began on I April 2014) in accordance with section 358 of that Ordinance. The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the expected impact of the changes in the Companies Ordinance on the consolidated financial statements in the period of initial application of Part 9. So far it has concluded that the impact is unlikely to be significant and will primarily only affect the presentation and disclosure of information in the consolidated financial statements.

本集團現正在評估上述準則修訂於首 次採用期間預期所產生的影響。截至 目前為止,本集團認為採納該等準則 修訂對綜合財務報表並無重大影響。

此外,根據新香港公司條例(第622章)第358條,第9部有關「賬目及審計」之規定將從本公司於二零一四年三月三日後之首個財政年度起(即本公司於二零一四年四月一日開始之財政年度)生效。本集團現正就香港公司條例之雙更對綜合財務報表在首次採用第9部時之影響作出評估。現時之結論為將不可能有重大影響,並只將主要影響綜合財務報表資料之呈報及披露。

GROUP PROPERTIES 集團物業

Details of the major properties of the Group are as follows:

本集團主要物業資料詳列如下:

Location	地點	Existing use	用途	Term of lease	租賃年期
Major properties held for investment 持作投資用途之主要物業					
The whole building	香港	Commercial	商業	Medium-term	中期租約
22 – 24 Tai Yau Street	九龍新蒲崗				
San Po Kong, Kowloon	大有街22-2 4 號				
Hong Kong	全幢				
Units 10C3, 10D and 10E1 on level 10	中華人民共和國	Commercial	商業	Medium-term	中期租約
Junyao International Plaza	上海市徐匯區				
No. 789 Zhaojiabang Road	肇嘉濱路789號				
Xuhui District, Shanghai City	均瑤國際廣場				
The People's Republic of China	單元10C3, 10D及10EI				
Unit 1505 – 1508 on level 15	中華人民共和國	Commercial	商業	Medium-term	中期租約
Fudan Science Park Tower (Block 11)	上海市楊浦區				
No. 11 Guotai Road	國泰路Ⅱ號				
Yangpu District, Shanghai City	復旦科技園大廈				
The People's Republic of China	(11幢)單元1505 - 1508				

FIVE-YEAR SUMMARY 五年概要 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元計)

		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
		二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一四年
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Results	業績					
Turnover	營業額	1,310,042	1,416,250	1,750,673	1,333,068	1,074,132
Profit / (loss) from operations	經營溢利/(虧損)	20,703	26,221	82,233	39,273	(0.400)
Finance costs	融資成本	,	,	•	,	(8,499)
		(5,634)	(5,695)	(5,799)	(4,398)	(3,860)
Share of profits less losses of	應佔聯營公司溢利減虧損	1.307	40.4	(100)	(200)	(220)
associates	陈	1,306	484	(192)	(398)	(220)
Share of profits less losses of	應佔合營企業溢利減虧損	24027	70.504	7.500	(4.001)	
joint ventures	山长町屋立つ北大河麓	34,237	72,594	7,522	(4,821)	18,515
Net gain on disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司收益淨額	_	1,808	-	-	-
Gain on disposal of a former associate		-	293	-	-	-
Impairment losses on interest in	聯營公司權益及應收前聯營					
associate and dividend receivable	公司股息之減值虧損					
from a former associate	(確認)/撥回					
(recognised) / reversed		(7,914)	7,914	-	-	-
Impairment losses on fixed assets	固定資產減值虧損(確認)/撥[
(recognised)/reversed		(21,014)	5,498	-	(8,504)	(6,935)
Gain on disposals of land and	出售土地及樓宇及					
buildings and investment properties	投資物業收益	81,133	_	-	-	-
Net valuation gains on investment	投資物業估值收益淨額					
properties		20,915	20,298	33,392	44,905	19,257
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	123,732	129,415	117,156	66,057	18,258
Income tax	所得税	(17,633)	(15,829)	(12,823)	(10,311)	(7,059)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	106,099	113,586	104,333	55,746	11,199
Attributable to :	應撥歸於:					
Equity shareholders of the Company	本公司股權持有人	105.932	113,053	103,159	53,082	11,920
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益	167	533	1,174	2,664	(721)
14011-COLICI OHINK HINGLESES	77.江以以不准皿	107		1,1/7	2,007	(721)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	106,099	113,586	104,333	55,746	11,199

FIVE-YEAR SUMMARY 五年概要 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元計)

		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
		二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一四年
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債					
Fixed assets	固定資產	189.987	208,102	272,789	303.109	305,346
Intangible assets	無形資產	1,569	1,569	3,117	3,117	3,117
Goodwill	商譽	_	_	_	_	, -
Interests in associates	聯營公司權益	_	203	16	2,096	1,912
Interests in joint ventures	合營企業權益	513,133	610,400	611,270	610,118	638,810
Prepayment for fixed assets	固定資產預付款	_	3,273	789	870	_
Other financial assets	其他金融資產	5,820	7,854	8,079	7,069	7,381
Deferred tax assets	遞延所得税資產	17,301	17,974	11,328	2,454	2,403
Net current assets	流動資產淨額	293,484	299,246	362,702	375,052	363,221
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債	1,021,294	1,148,621	1,270,090	1,303,885	1,322,190
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(39,879)	(45,181)	(47,886)	(31,958)	(34,898)
Net assets	資產淨額	981,415	1,103,440	1,222,204	1,271,927	1,287,292
Share capital and other statutory	股本及其他法定資本儲備					
capital reserves		208,418	208,418	208,418	208,418	208,418
Other reserves	其他儲備	771,770	893,345	1,010,707	1,055,602	1,071,598
Total equity attributable to equity	應撥歸於本公司股權					
shareholders of the Company	持有人權益總額	980,188	1,101,763	1,219,125	1,264,020	1,280,016
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益	1,227	1,677	3,079	7,907	7,276
Total equity	權益總額	981,415	1,103,440	1,222,204	1,271,927	1,287,292
Per share basis	以每股計算					
Basic and diluted earnings per share	每股基本及攤薄盈利	HK\$0.50	HK\$0.54	HK\$0.49	HK\$0.26	HK\$0.06

