(根據公司條例於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability under the Companies Ordinance)

(股份代號: 0440) (Stock Code: 0440)

2015年度中期業績報告 2015 INTERIM REPORT

大新金融集團有限公司(「本公司」)董事會欣然宣佈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至2015年6月30日止6個月之中期業績報告及簡明綜合財務報表。截至2015年6月30日止6個月未經審核之扣除沒控制權股東溢利後股東應佔溢利為10億7千3百90萬港元。

The Directors of Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited (the "Company") are pleased to present the Interim Report and condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the six months ended 30 June 2015. The unaudited profit attributable to shareholders after non-controlling interests for the six months ended 30 June 2015 was HK\$1,073.9 million.

未經審核之中期簡明財務報表

本集團未經審核之2015年中期簡明綜合財務報表乃按照香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)所頒佈之香港會計準則第34號「中期財務報告」而編製。

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The unaudited 2015 interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

未經審核之簡明綜合收益賬

截至6月30日止6個月

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the six months ended 30 June

千港元	HK\$'000	附註 Note	2015	2014	變動 Variance 百分比 %
利息收入 利息支出 淨利息收入	Interest income Interest expense Net interest income	3	2,658,943 (916,166) 1,742,777	2,556,068 (938,708) 1,617,360	7.8
服務費及佣金收入 服務費及佣金支出 淨服務費及佣金收入	Fee and commission income Fee and commission expense Net fee and commission income	4	592,302 (110,035) 482,267	485,144 (116,963) 368,181	31.0
淨買賣收入 淨保費及其他收入 其他營運收入	Net trading income Net insurance premium and other income Other operating income	5 6	111,740 900,194 35,877	457,942 1,212,069 36,565	
營運收入 保險索償及支出淨額	Operating income Net insurance claims and expenses		3,272,855 (664,910)	3,692,117 (1,323,534)	(11.4)
扣除保險索償之營運收入 營運支出	Total operating income net of insurance claims Operating expenses	7	2,607,945 (1,226,906)	2,368,583 (1,124,092)	10.1 9.1
扣除減值虧損前之營運溢利 貸款減值虧損	Operating profit before impairment losses Loan impairment losses	8	1,381,039 (193,164)	1,244,491 (224,567)	11.0 (14.0)
扣除減值虧損後之營運溢利	Operating profit after impairment losses		1,187,875	1,019,924	16.5
出售其他固定資產之淨虧損 出售證券投資之淨收益	Net loss on disposal of other fixed assets Net gain on disposal of investments		(342)	(478)	
攤薄聯營公司權益之虧損撥備	in securities Provision for loss on dilution of interest	9	15,375	16,055	
應佔聯營公司之業績 應佔共同控制實體之業績	in an associate Share of results of an associate Share of results of jointly controlled entities	10	(32,000) 388,861 10,117	356,361 8,356	
除税前溢利 税項	Profit before taxation Taxation	11	1,569,886 (179,013)	1,400,218 (120,149)	12.1
期間溢利 沒控制權股東應佔溢利	Profit for the period Profit attributable to non-controlling interests		1,390,873 (316,989)	1,280,069 (267,238)	8.7
本公司股東應佔溢利	Profit attributable to Shareholders of the Company		1,073,884	1,012,831	6.0
中期股息	Interim dividend		107,224	100,523	
每股盈利 基本 攤薄	Earnings per share Basic Diluted	12 12	HK\$3.20 HK\$3.20	HK\$3.18 HK\$3.18	

未經審核之簡明綜合全面收益表

截至6月30日止6個月

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June

千港元	HK\$'000	2015	2014
期間溢利	Profit for the period	1,390,873	1,280,069
其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income		
其後可能會重新分類至 綜合收益賬的項目:	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to the consolidated income statement:		
證券投資 確認於權益之可供出售 證券公平值收益 公平值(收益)/虧損變現及 轉移至收益賬:	Investments in securities Fair value gains on available-for-sale securities recognised in equity Fair value (gain)/loss realised and transferred to income statement upon:	155,521	277,903
一出售可供出售證券 一出售於往時從可供出售類別中 重新分類至持至到期證券及 包括在貸款及應收款項類別	 Disposal of available-for-sale securities Disposal of held-to-maturity securities and investments in securities included in the loans and receivables 	(15,375)	(20,711)
之證券投資 投資重估儲備變動之遞延税項	the available-for-sale category Deferred income tax on movements in investment	-	3,756
	revaluation reserve	(17,964)	(13,665)
		122,182	247,283
換算海外機構財務報表的匯兑差異	Exchange differences arising on translation of the financial statements of foreign entities	4,577	(30,170)
扣除税項後之期間其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	126,759	217,113
扣除税項後之期間全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	1,517,632	1,497,182
分配如下: 沒控制權股東 本公司股東	Attributable to: Non-controlling interests Shareholders of the Company	346,394 1,171,238	316,872 1,180,310
扣除税項後之期間全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	1,517,632	1,497,182

未經審核之簡明綜合財務狀況表

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

千港元	HK\$'000	附註 Note	2015年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2015	2014年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2014
資產	ASSETS			
現金及在銀行的結餘 在銀行1至12個月內到期的存款	Cash and balances with banks Placements with banks maturing between one	13	11,455,620	15,063,006
	and twelve months		9,583,472	5,626,019
持作買賣用途的證券	Trading securities	14	6,857,374	7,082,517
指定以公平值計量且其變動計入 損益的金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	14	10,466,483	9,627,563
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	15	692,952	831,566
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	16	120,656,188	118,593,929
可供出售證券	Available-for-sale securities	18	24,779,051	23,724,503
持至到期證券 聯營公司投資	Held-to-maturity securities Investment in an associate	19	10,748,999 4,104,523	11,047,201 3,746,918
共同控制實體投資	Investments in jointly controlled entities		75,811	65,694
商譽	Goodwill		950,992	950,992
無形資產	Intangible assets		83,500	84,519
行產及其他固定資產 投資物業	Premises and other fixed assets Investment properties	21 22	2,040,330	2,074,058
以貝切未 即期税項資產	Current income tax assets	22	786,703 3,821	786,703 3,995
遞延税項資產	Deferred income tax assets		84,156	80,591
長期壽險業務之有效保單價值	Value of in-force long-term life assurance business		1,990,974	2,018,068
資產合計	Total assets		205,360,949	201,407,842
負債	LIABILITIES			
銀行存款	Deposits from banks		3,135,332	1,572,467
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	15	1,035,577	1,217,118
持作買賣用途的負債 客戶存款	Trading liabilities	00	5,758,820	5,597,614
已發行的存款證	Deposits from customers Certificates of deposit issued	23 24	140,381,414 7,458,739	140,916,635 6,109,777
後償債務	Subordinated notes	25	5,363,615	5,391,357
其他賬目及預提	Other accounts and accruals	26	6,135,939	5,971,301
即期税項負債	Current income tax liabilities		344,005	213,984
遞延税項負債 對長期保險合約保單持有人之負債	Deferred income tax liabilities Liabilities to policyholders under long-term		112,580	94,398
到区别体際自制体平行行八之具具	insurance contracts		10,407,526	10,205,811
負債合計	Total liabilities		180,133,547	177,290,462
權益	EQUITY			
沒控制權股東	Non-controlling interests		5,329,524	5,071,933
本公司股東應佔權益	Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders			
股本	Share capital		4,248,559	4,248,559
其他儲備(包括保留盈利)	Other reserves (including retained earnings)		15,542,095	14,478,567
擬派股息	Proposed dividend		107,224	318,321
股東資金	Shareholders' funds	27	19,897,878	19,045,447
權益合計	Total equity		25,227,402	24,117,380
權益及負債合計	Total equity and liabilities		205,360,949	201,407,842

未經審核之簡明綜合權益變動表

截至2015年6月30日止6個月

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 30 June 2015

本公司股東應佔權益 Attributable to the Shareholders of the Company

107,224

100,523

		Ondicitor	acio di tilo c	ompany		
千港元	HK\$'000	股本 Share capital	其他儲備 Other reserves	保留盈利 Retained earnings	沒控制權 股東 Non- controlling interests	權益合計 Total equity
2015年1月1日結餘	Balance at 1 January 2015	4,248,559	1,159,879	13,637,009	5,071,933	24,117,380
期間全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the period	-	97,354	1,073,884	346,394	1,517,632
一間附屬公司之沒控制權 股東投入股本	Capital contribution by non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	-	-	-	605	605
透過股權安排下於一間 附屬公司購入額外淨資產	Additional net assets in a subsidiary acquired via share option arrangement	-	(1,434)	-	3,207	1,773
以股權支付以股份 作為基礎報酬之撥備	Provision for equity-settled share-based compensation	-	948	-	61	1,009
附屬公司向其沒控制權 股東派發股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	-	-	-	(92,676)	(92,676)
2014年末期股息	2014 final dividend			(318,321)		(318,321)
2015年6月30日結餘	Balance at 30 June 2015	4,248,559	1,256,747	14,392,572	5,329,524	25,227,402
					送至6月30日1 months ende	
				JIX I	2015	2014

包括於保留盈利內之擬派中期股息 Proposed interim dividend included in retained earnings

未經審核之簡明綜合權益變動表(續) 截至2015年6月30日止6個月(續)

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 June 2015 (Continued)

本公司股東應佔權益 Attributable to the Shareholders of the Company

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千港元	HK\$'000	股本 Share capital	股份溢價 Share premium	其他儲備 Other reserves	保留盈利 Retained earnings	沒控制權 股東 Non- controlling interests	權益合計 Total equity
2014年1月1日結餘	Balance at 1 January 2014	593,053	2,764,288	1,028,491	12,315,563	4,332,731	21,034,126
過渡至2014年3月3日 之無票面值制度	Transition to no-par value regime on 3 March 2014	2,764,288	(2,764,288)	-	-	-	-
期間全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	167,479	1,012,831	316,872	1,497,182
發行普通股股份 (已扣除發行股份費用)	Issue of ordinary shares (net of share issue expenses)	891,218	-	-	-	-	891,218
一間附屬公司之 沒控制權股東 投入股本	Capital contribution by non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	305,206	305,206
於一間附屬公司 額外投資引致 的虧損	Deficit arising upon additional investment in a subsidiary	-	-	(6,552)	-	(2,231)	(8,783)
以股權支付以股份 作為基礎報酬之撥備	Provision for equity-settled share-based compensation	-	-	1,277	-	436	1,713
附屬公司向其沒控制權 股東派發股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	(85,458)	(85,458)
2013年末期股息	2013 final dividend				(304,918)		(304,918)
2014年6月30日結餘	Balance at 30 June 2014	4,248,559		1,190,695	13,023,476	4,867,556	23,330,286

未經審核之簡明綜合現金流量結算表

截至6月30日止6個月

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended 30 June

千港元	HK\$'000	附註 Note	2015	2014
經營活動之現金流量	Cash flows from operating activities			
經營活動(所用)/流入現金淨額	Net cash (used in)/from operating activities	31	(4,173,635)	2,497,207
投資活動之現金流量	Cash flows from investing activities			
購置行產及其他固定資產 出售其他固定資產所得款項	Purchase of premises and other fixed assets Proceeds from disposal of other fixed assets		(51,744) <u>81</u>	(50,790)
投資活動所用現金淨額	Net cash used in investing activities		(51,663)	(50,583)
融資活動之現金流量	Cash flows from financing activities			
發行普通股股份 (已扣發行股份費用) 贖回不發情務證券 發行債務 一間取免行債務 一間取免之沒控制權 股中已必能屬公股本 支付證數人行後債務 過度。 一個數學的 一個數學 一個數學 一個數學 一個數學 一個數學 一個數學 一個數學 一個數學	Issue of ordinary shares (net of share issue expenses) Issued debt securities redeemed Issue of subordinated notes Capital contribution by non-controlling interests of a subsidiary Interest paid on subordinated notes and debt securities issued Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary Dividend paid on ordinary shares Net cash (used in)/from financing activities Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		- - - 605 (139,836) (92,676) (318,321) (550,228) (4,775,526) 16,339,878 (23,887)	891,218 (775,285) 1,731,250 305,206 (104,578) (85,458) (304,918) 1,657,435 4,104,059 9,704,933 (45,340)
期末現金及等同現金項目	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		11,540,465	13,763,652
現金及等同現金項目結餘之分析:	Analysis of the balance of cash and cash equivalents:			
現金及在銀行的結餘 原到期日在3個月或以下之 通知及短期存款 原到期日在3個月或以下之 國庫債券	Cash and balances with banks Money at call and short notice with an original maturity within three months Treasury bills with an original maturity within three months		1,531,650 9,011,768 320,479	1,509,710 10,297,370 811,337
原到期日在3個月或以下之在 銀行的存款	Placements with banks with an original maturity within three months		676,568	1,145,235
			11,540,465	13,763,652

附註:

1. 一般資料

大新金融集團有限公司(「本公司」)與其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)在香港、澳門及中國提供銀行、保險、金融及其他相關服務。

2. 未經審核之財務報表及會計政策

載於本中期業績報告之資料不構成法定之財 務報表。

本中期業績報告之若干財務資料,乃摘錄自根據新香港公司條例(622章)(「新公司條例」)第662(3)條及附表6第3部分已送呈公司註冊處及香港金融管理局(「香港金管局」)之截至2014年12月31日止年度之法定財務報表(「2014年財務報表」)。

2014年財務報表之核數師報告為無保留意見,當中不包括核數師在並無作出保留意見下提出須注意的任何事宜,以及並無載列前公司條例(32章)第406(2)、407(2)或(3)條之聲明。

編製基準及會計政策

除以下所述外,編製2015年中期簡明綜合財務報表所採用之會計政策和計算方法與本集團截至2014年12月31日止年度已審核之年度財務報表所採用及所述者一致。

Note:

General information

Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") provide banking, insurance, financial and other related services in Hong Kong, Macau, and the People's Republic of China.

2. Unaudited financial statements and accounting policies

The information set out in this interim report does not constitute statutory financial statements.

Certain financial information in this interim report is extracted from the statutory financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (the "2014 financial statements") which have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies as required by section 662(3) of, and Part 3 of Schedule 6 to, the New Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) ("NCO") and the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("HKMA").

The auditor's report on the 2014 financial statements was unqualified; did not include a reference to any matters to which the auditor drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying its report; and did not contain a statement under section 406(2), 407(2) or (3) of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32).

Basis of preparation and accounting policies

Except as described below, the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the 2015 interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used and described in the Group's annual audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

2. 未經審核之財務報表及會計政策(續)

新香港公司條例(622章)

新公司條例第436條之規定,公司向他人提供財政年度的法定財務報表時,必須連同該財務報表之核數師報告一併提供。倘公司向他人提供「非法定財務報表」,則不能連同任何相關法定財務報表之核數師報告,而須連同第436(3)條項下規定之特別聲明一併提供。據此規定之聲明已於本附註首句列明。

此外,年報內之「董事會報告書」須包括一份新增之「業務審視報告」,作為本公司或本集團之分析及前瞻性檢討。此項轉變將於2014年3月3日或以後開始之財政年度生效。本集團將於年報內設立「管理層討論及分析」一節,闡述本集團於2015年財政年度的業績,以及推動業績之主要原因及財務狀況,其將補充或構成部分「業務回顧」以符合對2015年年報的新規定。

另外,新公司條例第9部分「賬目及審核」之規定已按該條例第358條於2014年3月3日或以後開始之首個財政年度起生效。前公司條例(32章)第10附表規定之披露與會計準則重疊部分已被撤銷。本公司之資產負債表已不再需要按主要報表呈列。此外,並規定就董事之利益及權益作更多披露。本集團將於編製2015年年報時提供有關額外披露。

除另有註明外,此中期簡明綜合財務報表概 以港幣千元位(千港元)列示,並經董事會批 准於2015年8月26日公佈。

此中期簡明綜合財務報表未經審核。

2. Unaudited financial statements and accounting policies (Continued)

The New Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622)

Section 436 of the NCO requires that when the statutory financial statements of a company for a financial year are made available to others, they must be accompanied by the auditor's report on those financial statements. When a company makes "non-statutory financial statements" available to others, they must not be accompanied by the auditor's report on any related statutory financial statements. Instead, they must be accompanied by a special statement under section 436(3). On this basis, the required statement has been specified in the first sentence of this note.

In addition, a new "business review report" has to be included in the "Report of the Directors" in annual reports which is an analytical and forward looking review of the Company or Group. The change will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 3 March 2014. The Group will include a "Management Discussion and Analysis" in its annual report for the Group's performance during the financial year of 2015 and the material factors driving its results and financial position, which will form part of or supplement the "Review of Operations" to meet the new requirement for its 2015 annual report.

Further, the requirements of Part 9 "Accounts and Audit" of the NCO have come into effect for financial year commencing on or after 3 March 2014 in accordance with section 358 of the NCO. Disclosures previously required under Schedule 10 of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32) that overlap with the accounting standard have been removed. The Company's balance sheet is no longer required to be presented as a primary statement. On the other hand, more extensive disclosures are required on the benefits and interests of directors. The Group will provide the relevant additional disclosures when it prepares the 2015 annual report.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$'000), unless otherwise stated, and were approved by the Board of Directors for issue on 26 August 2015.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have not been audited.

3. 淨利息收入

3. Net interest income

截至6月30日止6個月

For the six months ended 30 June

		2015	2014
利息收入	nterest income		
	Cash and balances with banks	170,425	175,925
haranta and an analysis and an	nvestments in securities	471,301	505,225
各項貸款及其他賬目 A	Advances and other accounts	2,017,217	1,874,918
		2,658,943	2,556,068
利息支出	nterest expense		
銀行存款/客戶存款 [Deposits from banks/Deposits from customers	777,490	805,973
已發行的存款證 (Certificates of deposit issued	41,659	35,402
已發行的債務證券 !:	ssued debt securities	-	3,494
	Subordinated notes	96,344	90,239
其他	Others	673	3,600
		916,166	938,708
利息收入包含	ncluded within interest income		
未以公平值計量且其變動計入 ॥	nterest income on financial assets not		
損益的金融資產之利息收入	at fair value through profit or loss	2,528,987	2,406,054
利息支出包含	ncluded within interest expense		
	nterest expenses on financial liabilities not		
損益的金融負債之利息支出	at fair value through profit or loss	914,244	935,670

於截至2015年6月30日止及2014年6月30日 止6個月並無確認自減值資產之利息收入。 For the six months ended 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2014, there was no interest income recognised on impaired assets.

4. 淨服務費及佣金收入

截至6月30日止6個月

4. Net fee and commission income

For the six months ended 30 June

		2015	2014
服務費及佣金收入 未以公平值計量且其變動計入 損益的金融資產及負債之 服務費及佣金收入 一信貸有關之服務費及佣金 一貿易融資 一信用卡	Fee and commission income Fee and commission income from financial assets and liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss - Credit related fees and commissions - Trade finance - Credit card	69,833 59,710 146,418	50,507 41,741 148,194
其他服務費及佣金收入 一證券經紀佣金 一零售投資及財富管理服務 一銀行服務費及手續費 一其他服務費	Other fee and commission income - Securities brokerage - Retail investment and wealth management services - Bank services and handling fees - Other fees	81,582 116,512 31,884 86,363 592,302	40,696 81,080 34,070 88,856 485,144
服務費及佣金支出 未以公平值計量且其變動計入 損益的金融資產及負債之 服務費及佣金支出 一手續費及佣金 一已付其他費用	Fee and commission expense Fee and commission expense from financial assets and liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss - Handling fees and commission - Other fees paid	103,497 6,538 110,035	110,223 6,740 116,963
		482,267	368,181

本集團向第三方提供託管、受託、企業管理 及投資管理服務。該等以受信人身份持有之 資產並不包含在此等財務報表內。

The Group provides custody, trustee, corporate administration, and investment management services to third parties. Those assets that are held in a fiduciary capacity are not included in these financial statements.

5. 淨買賣收入

截至6月30日止6個月

5. Net trading income

For the six months ended 30 June

		2015	2014
以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的 金融資產之股息收入	Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- 上市投資	 Listed investments 	29,602	28,492
- 非上市投資	 Unlisted investments 	2,405	4,123
外匯買賣淨收益	Net gain arising from dealing in foreign currencies	92,860	68,624
持作買賣用途的證券之淨虧損	Net loss on trading securities	(17,519)	(7,693)
持作買賣用途的衍生工具之淨收益 用公平值對沖的相關金融工具	Net gain from derivatives entered into for trading purpose Net loss arising from financial instruments subject to	30,693	19,742
之淨虧損 指定以公平值計量且其變動計入 損益的金融工具之	fair value hedge Net (loss)/gain arising from financial instruments designated at fair value through	(9,094)	(11,315)
淨(虧損)/收益	profit or loss	(17,207)	355,969
		111,740	457,942

6. 其他營運收入

6. Other operating income

	截至6月30日止6個月		For the six months ended 30 June)	
				2015	2014
	可供出售證券投資之股息收入 -上市投資 -非上市投資 投資物業之租金收入總額 其他租金收入 其他	Dividend income from in available-for-sale sec - Listed investments - Unlisted investment Gross rental income fro Other rental income Others	urities	7,913 4,525 13,206 6,361 3,872	9,105 4,047 11,924 5,391 6,098
				35,877	36,565
7.	營運支出	7.	Operating expenses		
	截至6月30日止6個月		For the six months ended 30 June)	
				2015	2014
	僱員薪酬及福利支出 (包括董事薪酬) 行產及其他固定資產支出,	Employee compensatio (including directors' r Premises and other fixe	emuneration)	797,997	707,795
	不包括折舊	excluding depreciation	•	145,919	138,413
	折舊(附註21) 廣告及推銷活動支出	Depreciation (Note 21) Advertising and promot	ion costs	85,128 48,122	75,126 52,618
	印刷、文具及郵費	Printing, stationery and		17,580	19,964
	無形資產攤銷費用	Amortisation expenses	of intangible assets	1,020	1,855
	其他	Others		131,140	128,321
				1,226,906	1,124,092
8.	貸款減值虧損	8.	Loan impairment losses		
	截至6月30日止6個月		For the six months ended 30 June)	
				2015	2014
	貸款及其他賬目減值虧損淨支出	Net charge of impairme and other accounts	ent losses on advances		
	一個別評估	- Individually assesse		70,605	129,124
	一綜合評估	- Collectively assesse	ed	122,559	95,443
				193,164	224,567
	當中包括	Of which			
	-新增及額外準備(包括於期內		allowances (including amounts		
	直接撇銷之金額)	directly written o	ff in the period)	262,383	255,222
	- 回撥 - 收回	releasesrecoveries		(47,349) (21,870)	(12,044) (18,611)
	v ·				
				193,164	224,567

9. 出售證券投資之淨收益

截至6月30日止6個月

9. Net gain on disposal of investments in securities

For the six months ended 30 June

		2015	2014
出售可供出售證券淨收益出售包括在貸款及應收款項類別	Net gain on disposal of available-for-sale securities Net loss on disposal of investments in securities	15,375	20,711
之證券投資淨虧損	included in the loans and receivables category		(4,656)
		15,375	16,055

10. 攤薄聯營公司權益之虧損撥備

於2015年6月24日,本集團之聯營公司重慶銀行(「重慶銀行」)公佈其已簽訂一項認購協議(「配售股份」),據此重慶銀行有條件同意配發及發行其合共8億1千萬股新H股股份予某些非本集團關連人士,認購價格為每股7.65港元。

完成配售股份其中一項條件為須獲重慶銀行股東及有關監管機構之批准。根據重慶銀行公佈之配售股份條款,本集團於重慶銀行之權益在配售股份完成後將由現時持股量16.95%攤薄至13.05%,亦將須確認視同出售本集團於重慶銀行部份投資之虧損。

於2015年8月11日舉行之重慶銀行特別股東大會,重慶銀行已就配售股份獲得股東批准並已達成配售股份其中一項先決條件。據此及其他有關重慶銀行的公開信息,本集團評估配售股份很可能於年底前完成,並認為須於本集團截至2015年6月30日止6個月之財務報表按估計為3千2百萬港元之視同出售虧損作出撥備。

11. 税項

香港利得税乃按照期內估計應課税溢利以税率16.5%(2014年:16.5%)提撥準備。海外税款乃按期內海外估計應課税溢利依本集團經營業務地區之現行税率計算。

遞延税項是採用負債法就暫時差異,按預期 該等税項負債需清付時或資產可予扣減時所 適用之税率作全數確認。

10. Provision for loss on dilution of interest in an associate

On 24 June 2015, the Group's associate, Bank of Chongqing ("BOCQ"), announced that it had entered into a subscription agreement (the "Share Placement") pursuant to which it has conditionally agreed to allot and issue a total of 810 million new H shares of BOCQ to certain parties unrelated to the Group at a subscription price of HK\$7.65 per share.

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The completion of the Share Placement is subject to, amongst other things, approval by BOCQ's shareholders and the relevant regulatory authorities. Based on the terms of the Share Placement announced by BOCQ, the Group's interest in BOCQ will be diluted from the existing 16.95% shareholding to 13.05% after the completion of the Share Placement, and a loss will need to be recognised on the deemed disposal of a portion of the Group's interest in BOCQ.

At the extraordinary general meeting of BOCQ's shareholders held on 11 August 2015, BOCQ received approval from its shareholders for the Share Placement and fulfilled one of the conditions precedent for the completion of the Share Placement. Based on this and other information publicly available about BOCQ, the Group assesses that it is probable that the Share Placement will be completed before the end of the year and considers it appropriate for a provision for the estimated loss on deemed disposal of HK\$32 million to be recognised in the Group's financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2015.

11. Taxation

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2014: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the period. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the period at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred taxation is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the liability is settled or the asset is realised.

11. 税項(續)

11. Taxation (Continued)

截至6月30日止6個月

For the six months ended 30 June

		2015	2014
即期税項	Current income tax		
- 香港利得税	 Hong Kong profits tax 	156,758	119,189
-海外税項	- Overseas taxation	20,646	17,745
一於過往期間不足/(超額)之撥	備 – Under/(over)-provision in prior periods	4,918	(4,149)
遞延税項	Deferred income tax		
-關於暫時差異的產生及撥回	- Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(3,309)	(13,446)
- 使用税務虧損	- Utilisation of tax losses		810
税項	Taxation	179,013	120,149

12. 每股基本及攤薄盈利

截至2015年6月30日止6個月之每股基本盈利乃按照盈利1,073,884,000港元及期內已發行普通股股份之加權平均數335,075,100股計算。

截至2015年6月30日止6個月之每股攤薄盈利乃按照盈利1,073,884,000港元及期內已發行普通股股份之加權平均數335,285,729股並就所有對普通股潛在攤薄的影響予以調整計算。

截至2014年6月30日止6個月之每股基本盈利乃按照盈利1,012,831,000港元及期內已發行普通股股份之加權平均數318,127,387股計算。

截至2014年6月30日止6個月之每股攤薄盈利乃按照盈利1,012,831,000港元及期內已發行普通股股份之加權平均數318,191,077股並就所有對普通股潛在攤薄的影響予以調整計算。

13. 現金及在銀行的結餘

12. Basic and diluted earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the six months ended 30 June 2015 is based on earnings of HK\$1,073,884,000 and the weighted average number of 335,075,100 ordinary shares in issue during the period.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the six months ended 30 June 2015 is based on earnings of HK\$1,073,884,000 and the weighted average number of 335,285,729 ordinary shares in issue during the period after adjusting for the effect of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the six months ended 30 June 2014 is based on earnings of HK\$1,012,831,000 and the weighted average number of 318,127,387 ordinary shares in issue during the period.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the six months ended 30 June 2014 is based on earnings of HK\$1,012,831,000 and the weighted average number of 318,191,077 ordinary shares in issue during the period after adjusting for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

13. Cash and balances with banks

		2015年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2015	2014年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2014
現金及在銀行的結餘 通知及短期存款	Cash and balances with banks Money at call and short notice	1,868,873 9,586,747 	2,783,785 12,279,221 15,063,006

14. 持作買賣用途的證券及指定以公平值計量且 其變動計入損益的金融資產

Trading securities and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss

		2015年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2015	2014年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2014
持作買賣用途的證券: 債務證券: 一香港上市 一非上市	Trading securities: Debt securities: - Listed in Hong Kong - Unlisted	154,439 6,492,273	243,944 6,606,418
		6,646,712	6,850,362
權益性證券: 一香港上市 一香港以外上市 一非上市,於投資基金之權益	Equity securities: - Listed in Hong Kong - Listed outside Hong Kong - Unlisted, interests in investment funds	69,914 134,662 6,086	73,651 152,044 6,460
杜	Takal kasalisan sasanilisa	210,662	232,155
持作買賣用途的證券總額 指定以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融資產: 債務證券:	Total trading securities Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss: Debt securities:	6,857,374	7,082,517
回分・ 一香港上市 一香港以外上市 一非上市	Listed in Hong KongListed outside Hong KongUnlisted	969,114 2,973,398 2,971,046	949,787 3,055,237 2,662,318
		6,913,558	6,667,342
權益性證券: 一香港上市 一香港以外上市 一非上市	Equity securities: - Listed in Hong Kong - Listed outside Hong Kong - Unlisted	814,254 1,358,041 1,380,630	564,620 1,286,724 1,108,877
		3,552,925	2,960,221
指定以公平值計量且其變動計入 損益的金融資產總額	Total financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	10,466,483	9,627,563
持作買賣用途的證券及指定以 公平值計量且其變動計入 損益的金融資產總額	Total trading securities and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	17,323,857	16,710,080
包括在債務證券內有: -包括在持作買賣用途證券之 政府債券 -其他政府債券 -其他債務證券	Included within debt securities are: - Government bonds included in trading securities - Other government bonds - Other debt securities	6,646,464 464,480 6,449,326 13,560,270	6,850,117 905,012 5,762,575 13,517,704
			. 5,5 11,1 5 1

於2015年6月30日及2014年12月31日,上述持作買賣用途或以公平值計量之債務證券結餘內並無包括持有存款證。

As at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014, there were no certificates of deposit held included in the above balances of trading or fair value debt securities.

14. 持作買賣用途的證券及指定以公平值計量且 其變動計入損益的金融資產(續)

持作買賣用途的證券及指定以公平值計量且 其變動計入損益的金融資產按發行機構類別 分析如下:

14. Trading securities and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

Trading securities and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss are analysed by categories of issuers as follows:

		2015年	2014年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2015	31 Dec 2014
- 中央政府和中央銀行	- Central governments and central banks	7,110,944	7,755,129
- 公營機構	- Public sector entities	8,340	8,386
-銀行及其他金融機構	- Banks and other financial institutions	1,372,313	1,002,089
一企業	- Corporate entities	8,832,260	7,944,476
		17,323,857	16,710,080

15. 衍生金融工具

於2015年6月30日未到期衍生工具合約之名 義本金及其公平值如下:

15. Derivative financial instruments

The notional principal amounts of outstanding derivatives contracts and their fair values as at 30 June 2015 were as follows:

				合約/ 名義金額 Contract/	公平值 Fair values	
				notional amount	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities
1)	持作買賣用途之衍生工具 甲) <i>外匯衍生工具</i> 遠期及期貨合約 購入及沽出外匯期權	1)	Derivatives held for trading a) Foreign exchange derivatives Forward and futures contracts Currency options purchased and written	61,415,241 88,961,392	90,309 274,106	(142,467) (275,335)
	乙) 利率衍生工具 利率期貨 利率掉期 購入及沽出利率期權		b) Interest rate derivatives Interest rate futures Interest rate swaps Interest rate options purchased and written	2,499,332 9,144,705 3,394,645	842 53,719 7,068	(5,073) (137,559) (8,112)
	丙) <i>權益性衍生工具</i> 購入及沽出權益性期權		c) Equity derivatives Equity options purchased and written	351,327	7,950	(7,182)
	丁) <i>信貸性衍生工具</i> 信用違約交換合約		d) Credit derivatives Credit default swaps	1,190,312	23,626	(1,402)
	持作買賣用途之衍生工具 資產/(負債)合計		Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for trading	166,956,954	457,620	(577,130)
2)	持作對沖用途之衍生工具 甲) <i>指定以公平值對沖之</i> 衍生工具 利率掉期 貨幣掉換	2)	Derivatives held for hedging a) Derivatives designated as fair value hedges Interest rate swaps Currency swaps	19,756,173 1,296,820	235,332	(339,351) (119,096)
	持作對沖用途之衍生工具 資產/(負債)合計		Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for hedging	21,052,993	235,332	(458,447)
	在認之衍生金融工具 資產/(負債)合計		al recognised derivative financial assets/(liabilities)	188,009,947	692,952	(1,035,577)

15. 衍生金融工具(續)

於2014年12月31日未到期衍生工具合約之 名義本金及其公平值如下:

15. Derivative financial instruments (Continued)

The notional principal amounts of outstanding derivatives contracts and their fair values as at 31 December 2014 were as follows:

				合約/ 名義金額 Contract/	公平1 Fair val	
				notional amount	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities
1)	持作買賣用途之衍生工具 甲) 外匯衍生工具 遠期及期貨合約 購入及沽出外匯期權	1)	Derivatives held for trading a) Foreign exchange derivatives Forward and futures contracts Currency options purchased and written	59,175,965 76,504,145	117,722 375,891	(124,732) (375,854)
	乙) 利率衍生工具 利率期貨 利率掉期 購入及沽出利率期權		b) Interest rate derivatives Interest rate futures Interest rate swaps Interest rate options purchased and written	644,057 15,500,382 2,608,075	391 73,274 11,404	(284) (208,437) (11,405)
	丙) <i>權益性衍生工具</i> 購入及沽出權益性期權		c) Equity derivatives Equity options purchased and written	333,644	10,000	(9,446)
	丁) <i>信貸性衍生工具</i> 信用違約交換合約		d) Credit derivatives Credit default swaps	1,760,470	26,496	(1,377)
	持作買賣用途之衍生工具 資產/(負債)合計		Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for trading	156,526,738	615,178	(731,535)
2)	持作對沖用途之衍生工具 甲) <i>指定以公平值對沖之</i> <i>衍生工具</i> 利率掉期 貨幣掉換	2)	Derivatives held for hedging a) Derivatives designated as fair value hedges Interest rate swaps Currency swaps	19,416,887 1,319,385	216,388	(385,094) (100,489)
	持作對沖用途之衍生工具 資產/(負債)合計		Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for hedging	20,736,272	216,388	(485,583)
	推認之衍生金融工具 資產/(負債)合計		al recognised derivative financial ssets/(liabilities)	177,263,010	831,566	(1,217,118)

披露衍生工具之公平值時已考慮雙邊淨額結 算安排(如適用)的影響。 The effect of bilateral netting agreements, where applicable, has been taken into account in disclosing the fair value of derivatives.

15. 衍生金融工具(續)

上述未計入本集團訂立之雙邊淨額結算安排之影響之資產負債表外項目的信貸風險加權 數額,呈列如下:

15. Derivative financial instruments (Continued)

The credit risk weighted amounts of the above off-balance sheet exposures without taking into account the effect of bilateral netting arrangements that the Group entered into, are as follows:

		2015年	2014年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2015	31 Dec 2014
匯率合約	Exchange rate contracts	1,642,109	1,662,967
利率合約	Interest rate contracts	163,320	169,239
其他合約	Other contracts	53,562	64,424
		1,858,991	1,896,630

此等工具之合約數額僅為其於報告期末的交 易量,並不代表其風險數額。

信貸風險加權數額乃根據香港金管局發出之 《銀行業(資本)規則》而計算之數額,計算所 得之數額則視乎交易對手及各項合約到期特 性而定。 The contract amounts of these instruments indicate the volume of transactions outstanding as at the end of the reporting period, they do not represent the amounts at risk.

The credit risk weighted amounts are the amounts that have been calculated with reference to the Banking (Capital) Rules issued by the HKMA. The amounts calculated are dependent upon the status of the counterparty and the maturity characteristics of each type of contract.

16. 各項貸款及其他賬目

16. Advances and other accounts

		2015年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2015	2014年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2014
客戶貸款總額 貿易票據 其他資產	Gross advances to customers Trade bills Other assets	108,230,826 6,885,566	105,230,046 7,384,057
- 其他應收及預付款項	- Other accounts receivable and prepayments	6,132,860	6,514,742
		121,249,252	119,128,845
扣除:減值準備(附註17)	Less: impairment allowances (Note 17)		
-個別評估	 Individually assessed 	(284,917)	(238,250)
- 綜合評估	- Collectively assessed	(308,147)	(296,666)
		(593,064)	(534,916)
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	120,656,188	118,593,929

16. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

- (甲) 按行業分類之客戶貸款總額(以貸款 用途分類及以受抵押品保障的百分比 分析)
- (a) Gross advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral

		2015年6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2015		2014年12 As at 31 [Dec 2014
+ **		未償邊結餘 Outstanding balance	貸款總額受 抵押品保障之 百分比 % of gross advances covered by collateral	未償還結餘 Outstanding balance	貸款總額受 抵押品保障之 百分比 % of gross advances covered by collateral
在香港使用的貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong				
工商金融 一物物學展 一物物學與 一一數學 一一一一 一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一	Industrial, commercial and financial - Property development - Property investment - Financial concerns - Stockbrokers - Wholesale and retail trade - Manufacturing - Transport and transport equipment - Recreational activities - Information technology - Others	1,808,902 16,554,376 1,085,554 1,615,256 4,251,362 2,860,878 3,921,172 259,275 78,453 5,606,534	68.2 97.1 32.6 65.2 89.9 91.1 92.7 53.6 89.9 78.0	1,741,185 15,752,867 821,938 133,234 4,497,466 2,971,483 4,612,041 277,832 22,938 5,036,198	67.7 98.9 62.1 55.0 90.1 91.3 94.2 55.9 67.1 84.4
個人 -購買「居者有其屋計劃」、 「私人參建居屋計劃」及	Individuals - Loans for the purchase of flats in Home Ownership Scheme, Private				
「租者置其屋計劃」 樓宇貸款 -購買其他住宅物業貸款	Sector Participation Scheme and Tenants Purchase Scheme – Loans for the purchase of other	916,049	100.0	962,720	100.0
一信用卡貸款 一其他	residential properties - Credit card advances - Others	20,395,240 3,999,955 8,846,048	100.0 - 37.4	19,451,578 3,838,208 8,355,472	100.0 - 35.3
		34,157,292	72.1	32,607,978	71.7
在香港使用的貸款 貿易融資(註(1)) 在香港以外使用的貸款(註(2))	Loans for use in Hong Kong Trade finance (Note (1)) Loans for use outside Hong Kong	72,199,054 7,139,589	80.3 67.8	68,475,160 6,517,342	82.1 62.8
工日電奶开医用的具 M (\vec{tt} (2))	(Note (2))	28,892,183	69.8	30,237,544	64.8
		108,230,826	76.7	105,230,046	76.0

註:

(1) 上述列示之貿易融資為參考香港金管局發出之相關指引而分類為香港進口、出口和轉口的融資,以及商品貿易融資等之貸款。

不涉及香港之貿易融資貸款(包括大新銀行有限公司(「大新銀行有限公司(「大新銀行」)之海外銀行附屬公司授予之貿易融資)總值640,386,000港元(2014年12月31日:618,230,000港元)分類於「在香港以外使用的貸款」項下。

Note:

(1) Trade finance shown above represents loans covering finance of imports to Hong Kong, exports and re-exports from Hong Kong and merchandising trade classified with reference to the relevant guidelines issued by the HKMA.

Trade finance loans not involving Hong Kong (including trade finance extended by the overseas subsidiary banks of Dah Sing Bank, Limited ("DSB")) totalling HK\$640,386,000 (31 December 2014: HK\$618,230,000) are classified under Loans for use outside Hong Kong.

(甲) 按行業分類之客戶貸款總額(以貸款 用途分類及以受抵押品保障的百分比 分析)(續)

註:(續)

(2) 在香港以外使用的貸款包括授 予香港客戶但在香港以外使用 之貸款。

上述分析中各構成客戶貸款總額10% 或以上的行業,其應佔減值貸款額、 逾期貸款額及個別和綜合評估的貸款 減值準備如下:

16. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(a) Gross advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

(2) Loans for use outside Hong Kong include loans extended to customers located in Hong Kong with the finance used outside Hong Kong.

For each industry sector reported above with loan balance constituting 10% or more of the total balance of advances to customers, the attributable amount of impaired loans, overdue loans, and individually and collectively assessed loan impairment allowances are as follows:

2015年6月30日

				As at 30 Jun 2 貸款總額 逾期未償還	2015	
		未償還結餘 Outstanding balance	減值貸款 Impaired loans	超過3個月 Gross advances overdue for over 3 months	個別評估 減值準備 Individually assessed impairment allowances	綜合評估 減值準備 Collectively assessed impairment allowances
在香港使用的貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong					
工商金融 -物業投資	Industrial, commercial and financial - Property investment	16,554,376	36,094	18,850	-	13,604
個人 - 購買其他住宅 物業貸款	Individuals - Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	20,395,240	4,434	15,621	-	1,176
在香港以外使用的貸款	Loans for use outside Hong Kong	28,892,183	278,228	337,370	186,034	161,334
		未償還結餘 Outstanding balance	減值貸款 Impaired loans	2014年12月3 As at 31 Dec 2 貸款總額 逾期未償還 超過3個月 Gross advances overdue for over 3 months		綜合評估 減值準備 Collectively assessed impairment allowances
在香港使用的貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong					
工商金融 -物業投資	Industrial, commercial and financial - Property investment	15,752,867	-	-	-	12,357
個人 -購買其他住宅 物業貸款	Individuals - Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	19,451,578	-	-	-	1,074
在香港以外使用的貸款	Loans for use outside Hong Kong	30,237,544	217,649	172,414	135,109	169,999

(乙) 對中國大陸業務的餘額

根據香港金管局《銀行業(披露)規則》,以下對中國大陸業務的餘額之分析乃參照香港金管局對中國大陸業務申報表中所列之非銀行類交易對手類別及直接貸款總額種類以分類,其中只包括大新銀行及其內地銀行附屬公司授予之中國大陸業務的餘額。

16. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(b) Mainland activities exposures

The analysis of Mainland activities exposures is based on the categories of non-bank counterparties and the type of direct exposures defined by the HKMA under the Banking (Disclosure) Rules with reference to the HKMA Return of Mainland activities, which includes the Mainland activities exposures extended by DSB and its Mainland subsidiary bank only.

		資產負債表內 的餘額 On-balance	資產負債表外 的餘額 Off-balance	總餘額
		sheet	sheet	Total
2015年6月30日	As at 30 June 2015	exposure	exposure	exposures
1.中央政府,中央政府擁有的 機構及其附屬公司和 合營公司(「合營公司」)	Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures ("JV"s)	6,433,053	189,831	6,622,884
2. 地方政府, 地方政府擁有的 機構及其附屬公司和	Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries	, ,	100,001	, ,
合營公司 3.居住在中國內地之國民或在 中國內地成立的其他機構	and JVs 3. PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China	2,497,919	228,863	2,726,782
及其附屬公司和合營公司 4.未有在上述第一項呈報之	and their subsidiaries and JVs 4. Other entities of central government not	8,147,625	1,508,590	9,656,215
中央政府的其他機構 5.未有在上述第二項呈報之	reported in item 1 above 5. Other entities of local governments not reported	807,943	-	807,943
地方政府的其他機構 6.居住在中國內地以外之國民	in item 2 above	117,170	15,279	132,449
6. 居住在中國內地以外之國民 或在中國內地以外成立的 機構,而涉及的貸款於 中國內地使用	PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credits are granted for use in Mainland China	10,254,867	248,183	10,503,050
7. 其他交易對手,其餘額被 視作對中國大陸非銀行	Other counterparties where the exposures are considered to be non-bank Mainland China	, ,	,	, ,
類客戶的餘額	exposures	6,423		6,423
		28,265,000	2,190,746	30,455,746
大新銀行及其內地銀行附屬公司 之扣除撥備後之資產合計	Total assets of DSB and its Mainland subsidiary bank after provision	175,175,797		
資產負債表內的餘額佔資產 合計百分比	On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	<u>16.14%</u>		

16. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(乙) 對中國大陸業務的餘額(續)

(b) Mainland activities exposures (Continued)

2014年12月31日	As at 31 December 2014	資產負債表內 的餘額 On-balance sheet exposure	資產負債表外 的餘額 Off-balance sheet exposure	總餘額 Total exposures
1. 中央政府,中央政府擁有的	Central government, central			
機構及其附屬公司和 合營公司 2.地方政府,地方政府擁有的	government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs 2. Local governments, local government-owned	8,356,840	57,758	8,414,598
機構及其附屬公司和 合營公司 3.居住在中國內地之國民或在	entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	2,686,695	50,814	2,737,509
中國內地成立的其他機構 及其附屬公司和合營公司	PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	8,665,363	1,791,678	10,457,041
4.未有在上述第一項呈報之 中央政府的其他機構 5.未有在上述第二項呈報之	Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above Other entities of local governments not reported	123,365	-	123,365
3.不有任工处和一项主报之 地方政府的其他機構 6.居住在中國內地以外之國民 或在中國內地以外成立的 機構,而涉及的貸款於 中國內地使用	in item 2 above 6. PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credits are granted for use in Mainland China	7,457,039	- 222,237	7 870 976
7.其他交易對手,其餘額被 視作對中國大陸非銀行 類客戶的餘額	7. Other counterparties where the exposures are considered to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	7,437,039	-	7,679,276
		27,289,302	2,122,487	29,411,789
大新銀行及其內地銀行附屬公司 之扣除撥備後之資產合計	Total assets of DSB and its Mainland subsidiary bank after provision	172,905,559		
資產負債表內的餘額佔資產 合計百分比	On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	15.78%		

註: Note:

上述呈報餘額包括客戶貸款總額及其 他對客戶索償之金額。 The balances of exposures reported above include gross advances and other balances of claims on the customers.

16. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(丙) 按區域分析之客戶貸款總額及逾期貸 款

> 客戶貸款之區域分析乃根據已考慮風 險轉移後之交易對手所在地分類。一 般而言,當貸款的擔保方位處與交易 對手不同之區域時,風險將被轉移。

下表為客戶貸款總額、個別減值客戶 貸款、逾期未償還客戶貸款及個別和 綜合評估減值準備按區域分析。

2015年6月30日 As at 30 June 2015

(c) Analysis of gross advances to customers and overdue loans by geographical area

Advances to customers by geographical area are classified according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account the transfer of risk. In general, risk transfer applies when an advance is guaranteed by a party located in an area which is different from that of the counterparty.

The following table analyses gross advances to customers, individually impaired advances to customers, overdue advances to customers, and individually and collectively assessed impairment allowances by geographical area.

		客戶貸款總額 Gross advances to customers	個別減值 客戶貸款 Individually impaired advances to customers	逾期未償還 客戶貸款 Overdue advances to customers	個別評估 減值準備 Individually assessed impairment allowances	綜合評估 減值準備 Collectively assessed impairment allowances
香港 中國 澳門 其他	Hong Kong China Macau Others	87,048,569 7,892,671 11,749,124 1,540,462	369,853 138,872 21,048 71	278,148 186,901 25,647 71	154,310 97,925 12,139 28	167,808 90,930 38,823 4,166
		108,230,826	529,844	490,767	264,402	301,727
2014年12月31日	As at 31 December 2014					
		客戶貸款總額 Gross advances to customers	個別減值 客戶貸款 Individually impaired advances to customers	逾期未償還 客戶貸款 Overdue advances to customers	個別評估 減值準備 Individually assessed impairment allowances	綜合評估 減值準備 Collectively assessed impairment allowances
香港 中國 澳門 其他	Hong Kong China Macau Others	83,856,418 8,278,746 11,435,277 1,659,605	217,196 110,874 20,153 64	251,710 44,674 25,442 64	123,521 81,114 13,045 64	144,074 98,321 44,671 4,003
		105,230,046	348,287	321,890	217,744	291,069

16. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

- (丁) 減值、逾期未償還及經重組資產
- (d) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets

(i) 減值貸款

(i) Impaired loans

		2015年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2015	2014年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2014
減值貸款及墊款 一個別減值(註(1)) 一綜合減值(註(2))	Impaired loans and advances – Individually impaired (Note (1)) – Collectively impaired (Note (2))	529,844 19,503	348,287 20,179
減值準備 一個別評估(註(3)) 一綜合評估(註(2))	Impairment allowances made – Individually assessed (Note (3)) – Collectively assessed (Note (2))	549,347 (264,402) (17,809)	368,466 (217,744) (18,578)
		(282,211)	(236,322)
持有抵押品公平值*	Fair value of collaterals held*	309,002	169,394
減值貸款及墊款佔客戶貸款 及墊款總額百分比	Impaired loans and advances as a % of total loans and advances to customers	0.51%	0.35%

* 抵押品公平值乃根據抵 押品市值及貸款未償還 結餘,兩者中較低值釐 定。 * Fair value of collateral is determined at the lower of the market value of collateral and outstanding loan balance.

Individually impaired loans are defined as

those loans having objective evidence of

impairment as a result of one or more events

that occurred after the initial recognition of the

asset (a "loss event") and that loss event has

an impact on the estimated cash flows of the

註:

Note:

(1)

- (1) 個別減值貸款乃該等自 初始確認為資產後發生 了一件或多件能據事定 其減值的客觀證據事, (「損失事件」)的貸款, 而該損失事件對該貸貸 之預計未來現金流量造 成影響,並能可靠地估 量。
 - 之預計未來現金流量造 成影響,並能可靠地估量。

 (2) Collectively impaired loans and a refer to those unsecured loans and a refer to those unsecured loans and a assessed for impairment on a collect and which have become overdue
- (3) 以上個別減值準備已 考慮有關貸款於6月30 日/12月31日時之抵押 品價值。

天之貸款及墊款。該等

於上述呈列之減值貸款

綜合減值準備乃整體綜

合減值準備的一部份。

- (2) Collectively impaired loans and advances refer to those unsecured loans and advances assessed for impairment on a collective basis and which have become overdue for more than 90 days as at the reporting date. The collective impairment allowance for these impaired loans, which is a part of the overall collective impairment allowances, is shown
- (3) The above individual impairment allowances were made after taking into account the value of collaterals in respect of such advances as at 30 June/31 December.

above.

16. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

- (丁) 減值、逾期未償還及經重組資產(續)
- (d) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets (Continued)
- (ii) 逾期未償還貸款總額

(ii) Gross amount of overdue loans

		2015年6月 As at 30 Ju 逾期未償還 貸款總額		2014年12 As at 31 D 逾期未償還 貸款總額	
		貝林總領 Gross amount of overdue loans	佔總額百分比 % of total	頁款總額 Gross amount of overdue loans	佔總額百分比 % of total
未償還客戶貸款總額, 逾期: -3個月以上至6個月	Gross advances to customers which have been overdue for: – six months or less but over				
-6個月以上至1年	three months	172,365	0.16	97,112	0.09
0個月以工主1十	 one year or less but over six months 	146,910	0.13	39,052	0.04
-1年以上	- over one year	171,492	0.16	185,726	0.18
		490,767	0.45	321,890	0.31
有抵押逾期貸款所持的 抵押品市值	Market value of securities held agains the secured overdue advances	489,887		233,734	
有抵押逾期貸款 無抵押逾期貸款	Secured overdue advances Unsecured overdue advances	271,832 218,935		160,454 161,436	
個別減值準備	Individual impairment allowances	223,919		146,562	

就減值或逾期未償還貸款持有 之抵押品及擔保主要為抵押現 金及存款、抵押物業及抵押固 定資產如設備。

Collateral and securities held against impaired or overdue loans are principally represented by charges over cash and deposits, mortgages over properties and charges over other fixed assets such as equipment.

(iii) 經重組貸款(已扣除包括在上 述之逾期貸款) (iii) Rescheduled advances net of amounts included in overdue advances shown above

		2015年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2015	佔總額百分比 % of total	2014年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2014	佔總額百分比 % of total
客戶貸款	Advances to customers	210,038	0.19	171,817	0.16
減值準備	Impairment allowances				

(戊) 貿易票據

(e) Trade bills

於2015年6月30日,本集團並無逾期 未償還3個月以上或減值之貿易票據 (2014年12月31日:無)。

As at 30 June 2015, there were no trade bills that were overdue for more than three months or impaired (31 December 2014: Nil).

16. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(己) 收回抵押品

(f) Repossessed collateral

持有之收回抵押品如下:

Repossessed collateral held is as follows:

		2015年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2015	2014年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2014
資產類別 收回物業 其他	Nature of assets Repossessed properties Others	75,757 2,984	69,680 315
		78,741	69,995

(庚) 信貸承擔及或然負債受抵押品保障的 百分比分析 (g) Credit commitments and contingent liabilities analysed by percentage covered by collateral

		2015年6月 As at 30 Ju		2014年12 As at 31 De	
		合約金額 Contract amount	受抵押品保障 的百分比 % covered by collateral	合約金額 Contract amount	受抵押品保障 的百分比 % covered by collateral
財務擔保及其他信貸相關 之或然負債 貸款承擔及其他信貸相關	Financial guarantees and other credit related contingent liabilities Loan commitments and other credit	1,572,206	22.1	1,487,700	17.1
之承擔	related commitments	71,139,139	9.8	69,193,856	9.5
		72,711,345	10.1	70,681,556	9.6

17. 客戶貸款及其他賬目之減值準備

17. Impairment allowances against advances to customers and other accounts

		個別評估 Individually assessed	綜合評估 Collectively assessed	合計 Total
2015年1月1日 減值虧損提撥 未能償還貸款撤銷額 收回已於往年撤銷之貸款 滙兑及其他調整	At 1 January 2015 Impairment losses charged Loans written off as uncollectible Recoveries of advances written off in previous years Exchange and other adjustments	238,250 70,605 (27,710) 3,726 46	296,666 122,559 (129,250) 18,144 	534,916 193,164 (156,960) 21,870
2015年6月30日	At 30 June 2015	284,917	308,147	593,064
扣除於:	Deducted from:			
貿易票據 客戶貸款 應計利息和其他賬項	Trade bills Advances to customers Accrued interest and other accounts	264,402 20,515	6,049 301,727 371	6,049 566,129 20,886
		284,917	308,147	593,064
		個別評估 Individually assessed	綜合評估 Collectively assessed	合計 Total
2014年1月1日 減值虧損提撥 未能償還貸款撤銷額 收回已於往年撤銷之貸款 滙兑及其他調整	At 1 January 2014 Impairment losses charged Loans written off as uncollectible Recoveries of advances written off in previous years Exchange and other adjustments	244,294 249,015 (263,532) 11,412 (2,939)	201,212 283,947 (216,742) 29,380 (1,131)	445,506 532,962 (480,274) 40,792 (4,070)
2014年12月31日	At 31 December 2014	238,250	296,666	534,916
扣除於:	Deducted from:			
貿易票據 客戶貸款 應計利息和其他賬項	Trade bills Advances to customers Accrued interest and other accounts	217,744 20,506	5,231 291,069 366	5,231 508,813 20,872
	,	238,250	296,666	534,916

18. 可供出售證券

18. Available-for-sale securities

		2015年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2015	2014年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2014
債務證券: 一香港上市 一香港以外上市 一非上市	Debt securities: - Listed in Hong Kong - Listed outside Hong Kong - Unlisted	14,117,975 8,876,368 1,030,373	11,929,660 9,151,353 1,920,824
		24,024,716	23,001,837
權益性證券: 一香港上市 一香港以外上市 一非上市	Equity securities: - Listed in Hong Kong - Listed outside Hong Kong - Unlisted	367,361 83,990 302,984	342,366 83,297 297,003
		754,335	722,666
可供出售證券總額	Total available-for-sale securities	24,779,051	23,724,503

註:

於2015年6月30日及2014年12月31日,本集團就於2014年從貸款及應收款項類別重新分類的可供出售債務證券已確認15,000,000港元之減值。有關重新分類之詳情請參閱附註20(甲)。

於2015年6月30日及2014年12月31日,上述 債務證券投資結餘內並無包括持有存款證。

Note:

As at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014, the Group had impairment of HK\$15 million recognised against those available-for-sale debt securities that were reclassified in 2014 from the loans and receivables category. Please refer to Note 20(a) for details relating to the reclassification.

As at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014, there were no certificates of deposit held included in the above balances of investments in debt securities.

		2015年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2015	2014年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2014
可供出售證券按發行機構類別分析如下: -中央政府和中央銀行 -公營機構 -銀行及其他金融機構 -企業 -其他	Available-for-sale securities are analysed by categories of issuers as follows: - Central governments and central banks - Public sector entities - Banks and other financial institutions - Corporate entities - Others	2,503,950 515,432 4,912,432 16,844,709 2,528	2,535,358 198,916 5,187,382 15,800,319 2,528 23,724,503

19. 持至到期證券

19. Held-to-maturity securities

		2015年 6月30日	2014年 12月31日
		As at 30 Jun 2015	As at 31 Dec 2014
債務證券:	Debt securities:		
- 香港上市	 Listed in Hong Kong 	2,245,675	2,255,635
- 香港以外上市	 Listed outside Hong Kong 	4,993,722	5,234,147
- 非上市	– Unlisted	3,509,602	3,557,419
		10,748,999	11,047,201
上市證券之市值	Market value of listed securities	7,297,928	7,519,030
包括在債務證券內有:	Included within debt securities are:		
- 持有的存款證	 Certificates of deposit held 	2,023,900	1,947,377
- 其他債務證券	- Other debt securities	8,725,099	9,099,824
		10,748,999	11,047,201
持至到期證券按發行機構類別 分析如下:	Held-to-maturity securities are analysed by categories of issuers as follows:		
- 中央政府和中央銀行	 Central governments and central banks 	1,083,948	1,219,264
-公營機構	 Public sector entities 	19,721	19,923
- 銀行及其他金融機構	 Banks and other financial institutions 	4,917,160	4,993,341
-企業	- Corporate entities	4,728,170	4,814,673
		10,748,999	11,047,201

20. 金融資產之重新分類

本集團於截至2015年6月30日止6個月內並 無重新分類任何金融資產。

於截至2014年6月30日止6個月內,本集團 重新分類下列金融資產。

(甲) 重新分類包括在貸款及應收款項類別 之證券投資至可供出售類別

於2014年6月5日,本集團自貸款及應收款項類別重新分類所有包括在貸款及應收款項類別並符合確認為可供出售類別之證券投資。

該等金融資產於重新分類日之公平值及賬面值分別為828,504,000港元及873,550,000港元。重新分類時產生之公平值虧損45,046,000港元已列作其他全面收益。

20. Reclassification of financial assets

The Group did not reclassify any financial assets in the six months ended 30 June 2015.

In the six months ended 30 June 2014, the Group made the following reclassification of financial assets.

(a) Reclassification of investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category to the available-for-sale category

On 5 June 2014, the Group reclassified all investments in securities included in the loans and receivable category that qualified for recognition as available-for-sale out of the loans and receivables category.

The fair value and carrying value of these financial assets at the date of reclassification were HK\$828,504,000 and HK\$873,550,000 respectively. The fair value loss of HK\$45,046,000 generated upon the reclassification had been taken to other comprehensive income.

20. 金融資產之重新分類(續)

(乙) 重新分類若干可供出售證券為持至到 期證券

於2014年6月26日,本集團重新分類若干在重新分類時總市值為4,378,815,000港元之可供出售債務證券為持至到期證券,反映本集團更改持有該等證券之意向至到期。

21. 行產及其他固定資產

20. Reclassification of financial assets (Continued)

(b) Reclassification of certain available-for-sale securities as held-to-maturity securities

On 26 June 2014, the Group reclassified certain available-for-sale debt securities with a total market value at the time of reclassification of HK\$4,378,815,000 as held-to-maturity securities, reflecting a change in the Group's intention on holding these securities to maturity.

21. Premises and other fixed assets

			傢俬、設備 及汽車 Furniture, equipment and	
		行產 Premises	motor vehicles	合計 Total
截至2015年6月30日止6個月 期初賬面淨值 新增 出售 折舊支出(<i>附註7</i>) 匯兑差異	Six months ended 30 June 2015 Opening net book amount Additions Disposals Depreciation charge (Note 7) Exchange difference	1,603,220 500 - (20,575) 59	470,838 51,244 (424) (64,553) 21	2,074,058 51,744 (424) (85,128) 80
期末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	1,583,204	457,126	2,040,330
2015年6月30日 成本 累積折舊	At 30 June 2015 Cost Accumulated depreciation	2,274,161 (690,957)	1,036,488 (579,362)	3,310,649 (1,270,319)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	1,583,204	457,126	2,040,330
截至2014年12月31日止年度 年初賬面淨值 新增 重新分類行產為投資物業	Year ended 31 December 2014 Opening net book amount Additions Reclassification from premises to investment properties	1,714,702 - (66,966)	432,904 158,873	2,147,606 158,873 (66,966)
出售 折舊支出 匯兑差異	Disposals Depreciation charge Exchange difference	(41,191) (3,325)	(3,391) (116,148) (1,400)	(3,391) (157,339) (4,725)
年末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	1,603,220	470,838	2,074,058
2014年12月31日 成本 累積折舊	At 31 December 2014 Cost Accumulated depreciation	1,933,833 (330,613)	1,009,339 (538,501)	2,943,172 (869,114)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	1,603,220	470,838	2,074,058

22. 投資物業

22. Investment properties

		截至	截至
		2015年	2014年
		6月30日	12月31日
		止六個月	止年度
		Six months ended	Year ended
		30 Jun 2015	31 Dec 2014
期/年初	At beginning of the period/year	786,703	589,965
重新分類行產為投資物業	Reclassification from premises to		
	investment properties	-	103,499
重估公平值收益	Fair value gains on revaluation	-	93,239
期/年末	At end of the period/year	786,703	786,703

本集團於2014年12月31日為投資物業的價值進行了重估。此評估由獨立專業特許測量師第一太平戴維斯(估值及專業顧問)有限公司(就位於香港及中國國內之投資物業)及第一太平戴維斯(澳門)有限公司(就位於澳門之投資物業)按直接比較方法或收入現值資產化方法以可參考之相似物業其近期成交紀錄來進行。

The Group's investment properties were last revalued at 31 December 2014 by adopting the direct comparison approach or the income capitalisation approach and with reference to recent transactions for similar premises as far as practicable by independent, professionally qualified valuer Savills (Valuation and Professional Services) Limited for investment properties in Hong Kong and Mainland China, and by Savills (Macau) Limited for investment properties in Macau.

23. 客戶存款

23. Deposits from customers

			2015年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2015	2014年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2014
	活期存款及往來存款 儲蓄存款 定期、通知及短期存款	Demand deposits and current accounts Savings deposits Time, call and notice deposits	34,576,024 25,659,028 80,146,362	24,930,707 26,163,282 89,822,646
			140,381,414	140,916,635
24.	已發行的存款證	24. Certificates of deposit issued		
			2015年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2015	2014年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2014
	按對沖利率風險下公平值 列賬 按攤餘成本列賬	At fair value under fair value hedge (for hedging interest rate risk) At amortised cost	4,469,214 2,989,525 7,458,739	4,990,231 1,119,546 6,109,777

本集團在此等已發行存款證到期時按合約應付的金額較以上所列之賬面值低10,000,000港元(2014年12月31日:高3,000,000港元)。

The amount that the Group would be contractually required to pay at maturity to the holders of these certificates of deposit is HK\$10 million lower (31 December 2014: HK\$3 million higher) than the above carrying amount.

25. 後償債務

25. Subordinated notes

		2015年	2014年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2015	31 Dec 2014
225,000,000美元於2020年	US\$225,000,000 Subordinated Fixed Rate		
到期的定息後償債務(註(甲)) 200,000,000美元永久定息後	Notes due 2020 (Note (a)) US\$200,000,000 Perpetual Subordinated	1,866,645	1,874,681
償債務(註(乙))	Fixed Rate Notes (Note (b))	458,988	469,056
225,000,000新加坡元於2022年	S\$225,000,000 Subordinated Fixed Rate		
到期的定息後償債務(註(丙))	Notes due 2022 (Note (c))	1,281,908	1,301,352
225,000,000美元於2024年	US\$225,000,000 Subordinated Fixed Rate	1 750 074	1 740 000
到期的定息後償債務(註(丁))	Notes due 2024 (Note (d))	1,756,074	1,746,268
		5,363,615	5,391,357
按對沖利率風險下公平值	At fair value under fair value hedge		
列賬	(for hedging interest rate risk)	4,904,627	4,922,301
按攤餘成本列賬	At amortised cost	458,988	469,056
		5,363,615	5,391,357

註:

- (甲) 此乃大新銀行於2010年2月11日發行之225,000,000美元在新加坡交易所(「新交所」)上市並被界定為附加資本的定息後償債務(「債務」)。此等債務將於2020年2月11日到期。年息為6.625%,每半年付息一次。大新銀行亦已與一國際銀行訂立利率掉期合約將債務的固定利息掉換為以美元銀行同業拆息為基礎的浮動利息付款。
- (乙) 此乃大新銀行於2007年2月16日發行 之200.000.000美元在新交所上市並被 界定為高層附加資本的永久定息後償 債務(「債務」)。此等債務之選擇性贖 還日為2017年2月17日。由發行日至 其選擇性贖還日,年息為6.253%,每 半年付息一次。其後,倘債務未在選 擇性贖還日贖回,往後的利息會重訂 為3個月期美元銀行同業拆息加190點 子。若獲得香港金管局預先批准,大 新銀行可於選擇性贖還日或因税務理 由於利息付款日以票面價值贖回所有 (非部分)債務。大新銀行亦已與一國 際銀行訂立利率掉期合約將債務的固 定利息掉換為以美元銀行同業拆息為 基礎的浮動利息付款。

於2010年及2009年,大新銀行於終止相同金額的利率掉期後以折讓價回購名義本金總額分別為75,000,000美元及70,000,000美元之部份票據,而有關之已回購票據於獲得香港金管局之預先批准後已註銷。

Note:

- (a) This represents US\$225,000,000 Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as supplementary capital of DSB issued on 11 February 2010 (the "Notes"), which are listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange Trading Limited ("SGX"). The Notes will mature on 11 February 2020. Interest at 6.625% p.a. is payable semi-annually. An interest rate swap contract to swap the fixed rate payment liability of the Notes to floating interest rate based on LIBOR has been entered into with an international bank.
- This represents US\$200,000,000 Perpetual Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as upper supplementary capital of DSB issued on 16 February 2007 (the "Notes"), which are listed on the SGX. The Notes carry an optional redemption date falling on 17 February 2017. Interest at 6.253% p.a. is payable semi-annually from the issue date to the optional redemption date. Thereafter, if the Notes are not redeemed, the interest rate will reset and the Notes will bear interest at 3-month LIBOR plus 190 basis points. DSB may, subject to receiving the prior approval of the HKMA, redeem the Notes in whole but not in part, at par either on the optional redemption date or for taxation reasons on interest payment date. An interest rate swap contract to swap the fixed rate payment liability of the Notes to floating interest rate based on LIBOR has been entered into with an international bank.

In 2010 and 2009, DSB repurchased a portion of the Notes with a total notional principal of US\$75,000,000 and US\$70,000,000 respectively at a discount after unwinding an identical notional amount of interest rate swap. Such repurchased Notes were cancelled after receiving prior approval of the HKMA.

25. 後償債務(續)

註:(續)

- (丙) 此乃大新銀行於2012年2月8日發行 之225,000,000新加坡元在新交所上市 並被界定為附加資本的定息後償債務 (「債務」)。此等債務將於2022年2月 9日到期。選擇性贖還日為2017年2月 9日。由發行日至其選擇性贖還日, 年息為4.875%,每半年付息一次。其 後,倘債務未在選擇性贖還日贖回, 往後的利息會重訂為當時5年期新加 坡元掉期息率加376點子。若獲得香 港金管局預先批准,大新銀行可於選 擇性贖還日或因税務理由於利息付款 日以票面價值贖回所有(非部分)債 務。大新銀行亦已與一國際銀行訂立 利率掉期合約將債務的固定利息掉換 為以美元銀行同業拆息為基礎的浮動 利息付款。
- (丁) 此乃大新銀行於2014年1月29日發行 之225.000.000美元在香港聯合交易所 有限公司(「香港交易所」)上市及符合 巴塞爾協定III而被界定為二級資本的 10年期定息後償債務(須遵守香港《銀 行業(資本)規則》之條款)。此等債務 將於2024年1月29日到期。選擇性贖還 日為2019年1月29日。由發行日至其選 擇性贖還日,年息為5.25%,每半年付 息一次。其後,倘債務未在選擇性贖 還日贖回,往後的利息會重訂為當時 5年期美國國庫債券息率加375點子。 若獲得香港金管局預先批准,大新銀 行可於選擇性贖還日或因税務理由於 利息付款日以票面價值贖回所有(非部 分) 債務。大新銀行亦已與一國際銀行 訂立利率掉期合約將債務的固定利息 掉換為以美元銀行同業拆息為基礎的 浮動利息付款。

本集團在此等後償債務到期時按合約應付的金額較以上所列之賬面值低191,000,000港元(2014年12月31日:低197,000,000港元)。

26. 其他賬目及預提

25. Subordinated notes (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

- This represents S\$225,000,000 Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as supplementary capital of DSB issued on 8 February 2012 (the "Notes"), which are listed on the SGX. The Notes will mature on 9 February 2022 with an optional redemption date falling on 9 February 2017. Interest at 4.875% p.a. is payable semi-annually from the issue date to the optional redemption date. Thereafter, if the Notes are not redeemed, the interest rate will be reset and the Notes will bear interest at the then prevailing 5-year Singapore Dollar swap rate plus 376 basis points. DSB may, subject to receiving the prior approval of the HKMA, redeem the Notes in whole but not in part, at par either on the optional redemption date or for taxation reasons on interest payment date. An interest rate swap contract to swap the fixed rate payment liability of the Notes to floating interest rate based on LIBOR has been entered into with an international bank.
- This represents US\$225,000,000 Basel III compliant 10year Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as Tier 2 capital of DSB (subject to the provisions of the Banking (Capital) Rules of Hong Kong) issued on 29 January 2014 (the "Notes"), which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK"). The Notes will mature on 29 January 2024 with an optional redemption date falling on 29 January 2019. Interest at 5.25% p.a. is payable semiannually from the issue date to the optional redemption date. Thereafter, if the Notes are not redeemed, the interest rate will be reset and the Notes will bear interest at the then prevailing 5-year U.S. Treasury Rate plus 375 basis points. DSB may, subject to receiving the prior approval of the HKMA, redeem the Notes in whole but not in part, at par either on the optional redemption date or for taxation reasons on interest payment date. An interest rate swap contract to swap the fixed rate payment liability of the Notes to floating interest rate based on LIBOR has been entered into with an international bank.

The amount that the Group would be contractually required to pay at maturity to the holders of these subordinated notes is HK\$191 million lower (31 December 2014: HK\$197 million lower) than the above carrying amount.

26. Other accounts and accruals

		2015年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2015	2014年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2014
購買證券而未結算之應付款項	Accounts payable arising from purchase of	000 000	400,000
	securities pending for settlement	262,202	468,288
其他應付及預提款項	Other accounts payable and accruals	5,873,737	5,503,013
		6,135,939	5,971,301

27. 股東資金

27. Shareholders' funds

		2015年	2014年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2015	31 Dec 2014
股本	Share capital	4,248,559	4,248,559
行產重估儲備	Premises revaluation reserve	226,122	226,122
投資重估儲備	Investment revaluation reserve	307,254	213,316
匯兑儲備	Exchange reserve	214,296	210,881
資本儲備	Capital reserve	18,871	19,535
一般儲備	General reserve	484,289	484,289
以股份作為基礎作報酬之儲備	Reserve for share-based compensation	5,915	5,736
保留盈利	Retained earnings	14,392,572	13,637,009
		19,897,878	19,045,447
包括於保留盈利內之擬派股息	Proposed dividend included in retained earnings	107,224	318,321

大新銀行為香港註冊銀行須以監管儲備形式維持除香港財務報告準則所須以外之最低減值撥備。維持該監管儲備乃為符合香港銀行業條例及以審慎監管為目的之本地監管規定。該監管儲備規限可派發予股東之儲備金額。監管儲備之變動須與香港金管局進行諮詢,並直接於權益儲備內調撥。

於2015年6月30日,大新銀行已指定1,522,112,000 港元(2014年12月31日:1,481,245,000港元) 之金額作為監管儲備,首先採用其綜合一般 儲備,餘額再從其綜合保留盈利中指定。

28. 或然負債及承擔

(甲) 資本承擔

於報告期末在賬目內仍未提撥準備之 有關項目及購入固定資產之資本承擔 如下: DSB as a locally incorporated bank in Hong Kong is required to maintain minimum impairment provisions in excess of those required under HKFRS in the form of regulatory reserve. The regulatory reserve is maintained to satisfy the provisions of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance and local regulatory requirements for prudential supervision purposes. The regulatory reserve restricts the amount of reserves which can be distributed to shareholders. Movements in the regulatory reserve are made directly through equity reserve and in consultation with the HKMA.

As at 30 June 2015, DSB has earmarked a regulatory reserve of HK\$1,522,112,000 (31 December 2014: HK\$1,481,245,000) first against its consolidated general reserve; and for any excess amount, the balance is earmarked against its consolidated retained earnings.

28. Contingent liabilities and commitments

(a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure in respect of projects and acquisition of fixed assets at the end of the reporting period but not yet incurred is as follows:

		2015年 6月30日 As at	2014年 12月31日 As at
		30 Jun 2015	31 Dec 2014
已批准但未簽約之開支 已簽約但未提撥準備之開支	Expenditure authorised but not contracted for Expenditure contracted but not provided for	34,272 153,922	22,710 146,928
		188,194	169,638

28. 或然負債及承擔(續)

28. Contingent liabilities and commitments (Continued)

(乙) 信貸承擔

本集團資產負債表外承擔授信予客戶 之金融工具合約金額及其信貸風險加 權數額如下:

(b) Credit commitments

The contract and credit risk weighted amounts of the Group's off-balance sheet financial instruments that commit it to extend credit to customers are as follows:

		合約金額 Contract amount	
		2015年	2014年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2015	31 Dec 2014
直接信貸代替品	Direct credit substitutes	719,507	683,652
與交易相關之或然項目	Transaction-related contingencies	217,774	302,523
與貿易相關之或然項目	Trade-related contingencies	634,925	501,525
可無條件取消而不須預先 通知之承擔 其他承擔,其原本期限為:	Commitments that are unconditionally cancellable without prior notice Other commitments with an original maturity of:	66,937,103	64,212,547
-少於1年	- under 1 year	3,479,530	3,982,693
-1年及以上	- 1 year and over	722,506	998,616
		72,711,345	70,681,556
		信貸風險	加權數額
		Credit risk weighted amount	
		2015年	2014年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2015	31 Dec 2014
或然負債及承擔	Contingent liabilities and commitments	1,366,394	1,725,203

(丙) 已作抵押之資產

(c) Assets pledged

下述乃用於本集團在外匯基金償務證 券的買賣及市場莊家活動而抵押給香 港金管局之外匯基金債務證券:

Exchange Fund debts pledged with the HKMA to facilitate the Group's trading and market-making activities in Exchange Fund debts are as follows:

		2015年	2014年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2015	31 Dec 2014
抵押給香港金管局的資產: 持作買賣用途之證券 可供出售證券	Assets pledged with HKMA: Trading securities Available-for-sale securities	5,708,162 48,716	5,157,236 395,430
		5,756,878	5,552,666
相關負債:	Associated liabilities:		5 507 044
持作買賣用途的負債	Trading liabilities	5,758,820	5,597,614

28. 或然負債及承擔(續)

28. Contingent liabilities and commitments (Continued)

(丙) 已作抵押之資產(續)

下述乃已按回購協議抵押予非關連金 融機構之非政府債券及其相關負債之 賬面值:

(c) Assets pledged (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the non-government bonds pledged with unrelated financial institutions under repurchase agreements and the associated liabilities are as follows:

	2015年	2014年
	6月30日	12月31日
	As at	As at
	30 Jun 2015	31 Dec 2014
Assets pledged under repurchase agreements:		
Available-for-sale securities	363,445	94,500
Held-to-maturity securities	37,072	
	400,517	94,500
Associated liabilities:		
Deposits from banks	312,259	89,421
Other accounts and accruals	68,318	
	380,577	89,421
	Available-for-sale securities Held-to-maturity securities Associated liabilities: Deposits from banks	Assets pledged under repurchase agreements: Available-for-sale securities Held-to-maturity securities Associated liabilities: Deposits from banks Other accounts and accruals 6月30 H As at 30 Jun 2015 363,445 400,517

(丁) 經營租賃承擔

如本集團為承租人,按不可取消物業 經營租賃而於未來須支付之最低租賃 付款總額如下:

(d) Operating lease commitments

Where a Group company is the lessee, the future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable building operating leases are as follows:

		2015年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2015	2014年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2014
1年以內 1年以後至5年 5年以後	Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years Later than 5 years	115,370 125,660 39,861	151,124 105,181 47,428
		280,891	303,733

如本集團為出租人,按不可取消物業 經營租賃而於未來須支付之最低租賃 付款總額如下: Where a Group company is the lessor, the future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable building operating leases are as follows:

		2015年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2015	2014年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2014
1年以內 1年以後至5年	Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	26,684 21,782	31,344 30,437
		48,466	61,781

29. 到期情況

29. Maturity profile

下表分析本集團按報告期末至有關合約到期 日或最早可贖回日(如適用)之剩餘時間分類 之資產及負債。

The table below analyses the Group's assets and liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or, where applicable the earliest callable date.

2015年6月30日	F At 30 June 2015	即期償還 Repayable on demand	1個月或以下 Up to 1 month	1個月以上但 3個月或以下 3 months or less but over 1 month	3個月以上 至1年 Over 3 months to 1 year	1年以上 至5年 Over 1 year to 5 years	5年以上 Over 5 years	無註明日期 Indefinite	合計 Total
資產 現金及在銀行的結餘 在銀行1至12個月內	Assets Cash and balances with banks Placements with banks maturing	1,931,608	9,420,712	50,000	53,300	-	-	-	11,455,620
到期的存款 持作買賣用途的證券	between one and twelve months Trading securities	-	52,451 11,500	2,782,452 1,516,249	6,695,358 5,080,571	53,211 38,392	-	- 210,662	9,583,472 6,857,374
指定以公平值計量且其 變動計入損益的金融資產 衍生金融工具	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss Derivative financial instruments	-	482,956 21,513	47,979 21,916	108,437 196,380	1,679,850 361,742	4,594,335 91,401	3,552,926	10,466,483 692,952
各項貸款及其他賬目 可供出售證券 持至到期證券	Advances and other accounts Available-for-sale securities Held-to-maturity securities	8,230,356 - -	16,314,617 144,502 1,066,763	11,127,963 836,156 1,557,944	19,295,323 1,807,475 1,762,678	28,697,779 15,279,001 6,348,403	34,420,305 5,967,756 13,211	2,569,845 744,161 -	120,656,188 24,779,051 10,748,999
聯營公司投資 共同控制實體投資	Investment in an associate Investments in jointly controlled entities	-	-	-	-	-	, - -	4,104,523 75,811	4,104,523 75,811
商譽 無形資產	Goodwill Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	950,992 83,500	950,992 83,500
行產及其他固定資產 投資物業 即期稅項資產	Premises and other fixed assets Investment properties Current income tax assets	-	-	-	- - 3,821	-	-	2,040,330 786,703	2,040,330 786,703 3,821
遞延税項資產 長期壽險業務之 有效保單價值	Deferred income tax assets Value of in-force long-term life assurance business	-	-	-	-	84,156	-	4 000 074	84,156
有双体甲貝且 資產合計	Total assets	10,161,964	27,515,014	17,940,659	35,003,343	52,542,534	45,087,008	1,990,974	1,990,974
負債	Liabilities								
銀行存款 衍生金融工具 持作買賣用途的負債	Deposits from banks Derivative financial instruments Trading liabilities	762,831 - -	1,024,496 51,484 2,081,541	82,779 24,408 1,154,081	451,467 228,331 2,459,122	813,759 578,342 64,076	153,012 -	-	3,135,332 1,035,577 5,758,820
客戶存款 已發行的存款證 後償債務	Deposits from customers Certificates of deposit issued Subordinated notes	60,235,686	31,752,341 719,976	26,257,970 480,033	21,509,975 4,803,152	625,442 1,455,578 5,363,615	-	-	140,381,414 7,458,739 5,363,615
其他賬目及預提 即期稅項負債	Other accounts and accruals Current income tax liabilities	34,379 -	1,414,703 -	484,996 -	982,127 344,005	605,571	-	2,614,163 -	6,135,939 344,005
遞延税項負債 對長期保險合約保 單持有人之負債	Deferred income tax liabilities Liabilities to policyholders under long-term insurance contracts					112,580		10,407,526	112,580
負債合計	Total liabilities	61,032,896	37,044,541	28,484,267	30,778,179	9,618,963	153,012	13,021,689	180,133,547
淨流動性差距	Net liquidity gap	(50,870,932)	(9,529,527)	(10,543,608)	4,225,164	42,923,571	44,933,996	4,088,738	25,227,402

29. 到期情況(續)

29. Maturity profile (Continued)

2014/512/821/8		即期償還 Repayable on	1個月或以下 Up to	1個月以上但 3個月或以下 3 months or less but over	3個月以上 至1年 Over 3 months	1年以上 至5年 Over 1 year	5年以上 Over	無註明日期	合計
2014年12月31日	At 31 December 2014	demand	1 month	1 month	to 1 year	to 5 years	5 years	Indefinite	Total
資產	Assets								
現金及在銀行的結餘 在銀行1至12個月內	Cash and balances with banks Placements with banks maturing	2,816,990	12,095,209	100,495	50,312	-	-	-	15,063,006
到期的存款	between one and twelve month:	s –	15,307	2,228,455	3,314,351	67,906	-	-	5,626,019
持作買賣用途的證券	Trading securities	-	366,993	1,676,964	4,761,251	45,154	-	232,155	7,082,517
指定以公平值計量且其 變動計入損益的金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	_	100,456	13,433	125,781	2,072,332	4,355,341	2,960,220	9,627,563
行生金融工具 行生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	50,517	38,998	107,571	387,731	246,749	2,300,220	831,566
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	7,632,213	13,170,101	13,002,564	18,422,263	30,254,556	33,185,899	2,926,333	118,593,929
可供出售證券	Available-for-sale securities	-	248,532	1,829,698	2,172,191	12,341,821	6,414,769	717,492	23,724,503
持至到期證券 聯營公司投資	Held-to-maturity securities Investment in an associate	-	561,653	58,116	3,174,808	7,215,141	37,483	3,746,918	11,047,201 3,746,918
共同控制實體投資	Investments in jointly	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,140,910	3,140,910
) 11 14 mil 27 mm 54.77	controlled entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	65,694	65,694
商譽	Goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	-	950,992	950,992
無形資產	Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	84,519	84,519
行產及其他固定資產	Premises and other fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,074,058	2,074,058
投資物業	Investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	786,703	786,703
即期税項資產 遞延税項資產	Current income tax assets Deferred income tax assets	-	-	-	3,995	00 E01	-	-	3,995
远严忧炽貝哇 長期壽險業務之	Value of in-force long-term	-	-	-	-	80,591	-	-	80,591
有效保單價值	life assurance business	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,018,068	2,018,068
177711 1 0412									
資產合計	Total assets	10,449,203	26,608,768	18,948,723	32,132,523	52,465,232	44,240,241	16,563,152	201,407,842
A. 住	13-1-955								
負債 銀行存款	Liabilities Deposits from banks	41,679	142,433	_	806,727	581,628			1,572,467
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	41,013	41,982	65,343	121,808	784,398	203,587	_	1,217,118
持作買賣用途的負債	Trading liabilities	_	98,500	2,918,069	2,533,351	47,694	_	_	5,597,614
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	51,095,661	42,965,732	26,941,481	19,123,962	789,799	_	_	140,916,635
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	-	501,056	840,079	2,134,348	2,634,294	-	-	6,109,777
後償債務	Subordinated notes	-	-	-		5,391,357	-	-	5,391,357
其他賬目及預提	Other accounts and accruals	187,886	1,289,354	633,765	926,067	634,596	-	2,299,633	5,971,301
即期税項負債	Current income tax liabilities	-	-	-	213,984	_	-	-	213,984
遞延税項負債 料 長 期 月 除 人 份	Deferred income tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	94,398	-	-	94,398
對長期保險合約 保單持有人之負債	Liabilities to policyholders under long-term insurance contracts	_	_	_	_	_	_	10,205,811	10,205,811
WITH HAVE NO	.o.g torm modianos contidato								-0,200,011
負債合計	Total liabilities	51,325,226	45,039,057	31,398,737	25,860,247	10,958,164	203,587	12,505,444	177,290,462
淨流動性差距	Net liquidity gap	(40,876,023)	(18,430,289)	(12,450,014)	6,272,276	41,507,068	44,036,654	4,057,708	24,117,380

30. 公平值體系

本集團使用下列反映在釐定公平值中可觀察 及不可觀察參數重要性之體系計量公平值:

級別 內容

- 1 相同資產或負債於活躍市場中之報價 (未經調整)。本級別包括於交易所上 市之權益性證券及衍生工具。
- 2 除第1級別所包括之報價外,其他資 產或負債能直接(即價格)或間接(即 從價格導出)地可觀察之數據,該級 別包括大多數場外衍生工具合約。
- 3 資產或負債數據並非根據可觀察之市 場數據(不可觀察之數據)。本級別包 括具有大部份不可觀察部件之權益性 及債務證券。

按公平值計量之資產及負債:

30. Fair value hierarchy

The Group measures fair values using the following hierarchy that reflects the significance of the observable and unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement:

Level Descriptions

- 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. This level includes equity securities and derivatives that are listed on exchanges.
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices). This level includes the majority of the overthe-counter derivative contracts.
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). This level includes equity and debt securities with significant unobservable components.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

2015年6月30日	At 30 Jun 2015	第1級 Level 1	第2級 Level 2	第3級 Level 3	合計 Total
內容	Descriptions				
以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融資產 持作買賣用途 債務證券 權益性證券	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Held for trading Debt securities Equity securities	- 204,576	6,646,712 6,086	<u>-</u>	6,646,712 210,662
指定以公平值計量且其 變動計入損益 債務證券 權益性證券	Designated at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Equity securities	- 2,192,201	6,913,558 1,122,724	- 238,000	6,913,558 3,552,925
衍生金融工具 持作買賣用途 持有用作對沖	Derivative financial instruments Held for trading Held for hedging	16,893 -	440,727 235,332	- -	457,620 235,332
可供出售之金融資產 債務證券 權益性證券	Available-for-sale financial assets Debt securities Equity securities	- 451,351	24,019,888	4,828 75,057	24,024,716 754,335
按公平值計量之資產合計	Total assets measured at fair value	2,865,021	39,612,954	317,885	42,795,860
以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融負債 持作買賣用途	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Held for trading	-	5,758,820	-	5,758,820
衍生金融工具 持作買賣用途 持有用作對沖	Derivative financial instruments Held for trading Held for hedging	5,073	572,057 458,447		577,130 458,447
按公平值計量之負債合計	Total liabilities measured at fair value	5,073	6,789,324		6,794,397

30. 公平值體系(續)

按公平值計量之資產及負債:(續)

界定為第3級別資產之可供出售金融資產為 非上市權益性證券及債券投資。此等金融資 產按被視為公平值合理約數之成本值列示。

截至2015年6月30日止6個月及2014年12月 31日止年度,概無金融資產及負債轉入或轉 出公平值體系中的第3級別。賬面值之變動 為外匯重估收益/虧損。

界定為第3級別資產之指定以公平值計量且 其變動計入損益的金融資產為投資於一間保 險公司的權益性證券。該等證券於2015年6 月30日之公平值為238,000,000港元(2014年 12月31日:238,000,000港元)。估值是按該 保險公司人壽保險業務之評定價值作基礎而 定。

30. Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value: (Continued)

The available-for-sale financial assets classified as Level 3 assets represent investments in unlisted equity securities and debentures. They are stated at cost which is considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value.

For the six months ended 30 June 2015 and the year ended 31 December 2014, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities into or out of the Level 3 fair value hierarchy. The changes in carrying value represent the exchange revaluation gains/losses.

The financial asset designated at fair value through profit or loss classified as a Level 3 asset represents investment in the equity security of an insurance company with a fair value of HK\$238,000,000 as at 30 June 2015 (31 December 2014: HK\$238,000,000). It is valued on the basis of the appraisal value of the life assurance business of the insurance company.

2014年12月31日	At 31 Dec 2014	第1級 Level 1	第2級 Level 2	第3級 Level 3	合計 Total
內容	Descriptions				
以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融資產 持作買賣用途 債務證券 權益性證券	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Held for trading Debt securities Equity securities	- 225,695	6,850,362 6,460	- -	6,850,362 232,155
指定以公平值計量且其 變動計入損益 債務證券 權益性證券	Designated at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Equity securities	- 1,871,491	6,667,342 850,730	_ 238,000	6,667,342 2,960,221
衍生金融工具 持作買賣用途 持有用作對沖	Derivative financial instruments Held for trading Held for hedging	- -	615,178 216,388	- -	615,178 216,388
可供出售之金融資產 債務證券 權益性證券	Available-for-sale financial assets Debt securities Equity securities	425,663	22,997,009 221,890	4,828 75,113	23,001,837 722,666
按公平值計量之資產合計	Total assets measured at fair value	2,522,849	38,425,359	317,941	41,266,149
以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融負債 持作買賣用途	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Held for trading	-	5,597,614	-	5,597,614
衍生金融工具 持作買賣用途 持有用作對沖	Derivative financial instruments Held for trading Held for hedging		731,535 485,583		731,535 485,583
按公平值計量之負債合計	Total liabilities measured at fair value		6,814,732		6,814,732

31. 扣除減值虧損後之營運溢利與經營活動現金 流入淨額對賬表

31. Reconciliation of operating profit after impairment losses to net cash flows from operating activities

截至6月30日止6個月

For the six months ended 30 June

		2015	2014
扣除減值虧損後之營運溢利 淨利息收入 股息收益	Operating profit after impairment losses Net interest income Dividend income	1,187,875 (1,742,777) (44,445)	1,019,924 (1,617,360) (45,767)
貸款減值虧損 折舊 以股權支付以股份作為	Loan impairment losses Depreciation Provision for equity-settled share-based	193,164 85,128	224,567 75,126
基礎報酬之撥備 無形資產攤銷費用 減除回收後之貸款撇銷淨額	compensation Amortisation expenses of intangible assets Advances written off net of recoveries	1,009 1,020 (135,090)	1,713 1,855 (87,943)
已收利息 已付利息	Interest received Interest paid	2,689,688 (762,099)	2,523,421 (731,627)
已收股息	Dividend received	44,445	45,766
營運資產及負債變動前之 營運溢利	Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities	1,517,918	1,409,675
營運資產及負債之變動: -原到期日超過3個月之通知 及短期存款	Changes in operating assets and liabilities: – money at call and short notice with an original maturity beyond three months	772,931	340,608
-原到期日超過3個月	- placements with banks with an original maturity		
之在銀行的存款 - 持作買賣用途的證券	beyond three months – trading securities	(4,202,094) (1,495,174)	(2,052,733) 53,190
一衍生金融工具 一指定以公平值計量且其變動	derivative financial instrumentsfinancial assets designated at fair value	(42,927)	(160,691)
計入損益的金融資產 一貿易票據	through profit or loss – trade bills	(838,920) 498,491	(814,814) (1,510,076)
- 客戶貸款 - 其他賬目	advances to customersother accounts	(3,000,780) 378,102	(5,708,261) (38,884)
-包括在貸款及應收 款項類別之證券投資	 investments in securities included in the loans and receivables category 	-	2,910
-可供出售證券 -持至到期證券	available-for-sale securitiesheld-to-maturity securities	(899,027) 240,251	997,904 337,758
-長期壽險業務之有效保單價值 -銀行存款	 value of in-force long-term life assurance business deposits from banks 	27,094 1,562,865	(280,282) (18,547)
一持作買賣用途的負債 一客戶存款	trading liabilitiesdeposits from customers	161,206 (535,221)	414,734 9,585,516
一發行存款證 一其他賬目及預提	- certificates of deposit issued	1,335,717	(1,149,257)
一對長期保險合約保單持有人 之負債	other accounts and accruals liabilities to policyholders under long-term	267,809	282,339
之 貝 頂 匯 兑 調 整	insurance contracts Exchange adjustments	201,715 (25,633)	860,965 45,356
由經營活動(所用)/流入的現金	Cash (absorbed by)/generated from operating activities	(4,075,677)	2,597,410
支付已發行的存款證之利息 已繳香港利得税	Interest paid on certificates of deposit issued Hong Kong profits tax paid	(45,831) (52,127)	(51,219) (35,706)
已繳海外税款	Overseas tax paid		(13,278)
經營活動(所用)/流入現金淨額	Net cash (used in)/from operating activities	(4,173,635)	2,497,207

32. 營業分項報告

本集團根據香港財務報告準則第8號《營運業務分項》編製分項報告。向包括行政總裁及其他執行委員會(「執行委員會」)成員之主要營運決策人呈報而作為資源分配及業績評估用途之資料,乃按銀行業務及保險業務之基礎來確定。本地銀行業務之營運表現按業務活動分析,而海外銀行業務之營運表現按業務機構分析。對於保險業,資源配置和表現評價是基於保險的企業實體的基礎。

經考慮到本地業務之客戶群、產品及服務, 經濟環境和法規後,本集團將營運業務劃分 為下列呈報分項:

- 個人銀行業務包括接受個人客戶存款、住宅樓宇按揭、私人貸款、透支和信用卡服務、保險業務的銷售和投資服務。
- 商業銀行業務包括接受存款、貸款、 營運資金融資及貿易融資,其存款來 源及融資客戶主要是工商業及機構性 客戶。
- 財資業務主要包括外匯服務、中央貸 存現金管理、利率風險管理、證券投 資管理及本集團整體之資金運用管 理。
- 海外銀行業務包括由位於澳門和中國 之海外附屬公司提供之個人銀行和商 業銀行業務及本集團於一間在中國設 立之商業銀行之權益。
- 保險業務包括本集團之人壽保險及一般保險的業務。本集團透過位於香港 全資附屬公司及擁有96%權益之澳門 附屬公司提供一系列人壽及一般保險 之產品及服務。
- 其他包括未可直接歸類於其他呈報分項之營運業績、集團投資及債務資金 (包括後償債務)。

32. Operating segment reporting

Segment reporting by the Group is prepared in accordance with HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments". Information reported to the chief operating decision maker, including the Chief Executive and other Executive Committee ("EC") members, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, is determined on the basis of banking business and insurance business. For banking business, operating performances are analysed by business activities for local banking business, and on business entity basis for overseas banking business. For insurance business, resources allocation and performance evaluation are based on insurance business entity basis.

Considering the customer groups, products and services of local businesses, the economic environment and regulations, the Group splits the operating segments of the Group into the following reportable segments:

- Personal banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from individual customers and the extension of residential mortgage lending, personal loans, overdraft and credit card services, the provision of insurance sales and investment services.
- Commercial banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from and the advance of loans and working capital finance to commercial, industrial and institutional customers, and the provision of trade financing.
- Treasury activities are mainly the provision of foreign exchange services and centralised cash management for deposit taking and lending, interest rate risk management, management of investment in securities and the overall funding of the Group.
- Overseas banking businesses include personal banking, commercial banking business activities provided by overseas subsidiaries in Macau and China, and the Group's interest in a commercial bank in China.
- Insurance business includes the Group's life assurance and general insurance businesses. Through the Group's wholly-owned subsidiaries in Hong Kong and 96% owned subsidiaries in Macau, the Group offers a variety of life and general insurance products and services.
- Others include results of operations not directly identified under other reportable segments, corporate investments and debt funding (including subordinated notes).

32. 營業分項報告(續)

就編製分項報告而言,對可直接認明為各個別分項之源自客戶、產品及服務收入,將直接呈報於有關分項;而分項之間的資金運用及資金資源所產生的收入和資金成本,好項間之交易內依據授予第三者或與第三者交易之同類條款定價。分項間之收入或支出於綜合賬內抵銷。若干比較數字已重列以符合於2015年度應用之資金轉移價格機制及若干收入再分配之變更。

所有不同分項之直接開支將歸類於有關的分項分類。間接開支及支援部門開支乃依據開支性質,按耗用之時間及工作量和分項營運收入,分配至不同的分項及產品。不能合理地分配至各分項、產品及支援部門之企業活動開支,則作企業開支呈列於「其他」項下。

截至2015年6月30日止6個月

32. Operating segment reporting (Continued)

For the purpose of segment reporting, revenue derived from customers, products and services directly identifiable with individual segments are reported directly under respective segments, while revenue and funding cost arising from intersegment funding operation and funding resources are allocated to segments by way of transfer pricing mechanism with reference to market interest rates. Transactions within segments are priced based on similar terms offered to or transacted with external parties. Inter-segment income or expenses are eliminated on consolidation. Certain comparative amounts have been revised to conform to the change in funds transfer pricing mechanism and certain income reallocation adopted in 2015.

All direct costs incurred by different segments are grouped under respective segments. Indirect costs and support functions' costs are allocated to various segments and products based on effort and time spent as well as segments' operating income depending on the nature of costs incurred. Costs related to corporate activities that cannot be reasonably allocated to segments, products and support functions are grouped under Others as unallocated corporate expenses.

For the six months ended 30 June 2015

		個人銀行 Personal Banking	商業銀行 Commercial Banking	財資業務 Treasury	海外銀行 Overseas Banking	保險業務 Insurance Business	其他 Others	跨項目 Inter- segment	總計 Total
淨利息收入/(支出) 非利息收入/(支出)	Net interest income/(expenses) Non-interest income/(expenses)	661,831 338,239	550,376 136,596	147,864 125,327	261,691 67,296	147,966 135,719	(26,951) 82,654	(20,663)	1,742,777 865,168
扣除保險索償之 營運收入 營運支出	Total operating income net of insurance claims Operating expenses	1,000,070 (599,114)	686,972 (187,869)	273,191 (71,525)	328,987 (235,166)	283,685 (137,255)	55,703 (16,640)	(20,663) 20,663	2,607,945 (1,226,906)
扣除減值虧損前之 營運溢利 貸款減值虧損	Operating profit before impairment losses Loan impairment losses	400,956 (114,497)	499,103 (51,425)	201,666	93,821 (27,242)	146,430	39,063		1,381,039 (193,164)
扣除減值虧損後之 營運溢利	Operating profit after impairment losses	286,459	447,678	201,666	66,579	146,430	39,063	-	1,187,875
出售其他固定資產之 淨(虧損)/收益 出售證券投資之淨收益	Net (loss)/gain on disposal of other fixed assets	(319)	(7)	(4)	11	6	(29)	-	(342)
	Net gain on disposal of investments in securities	-	-	5,779	-	7,992	1,604	-	15,375
攤薄聯營公司權益之 虧損撥備 應佔聯營公司之業績 應佔共同控制實體之業績	Provision for loss on dilution of interest in an associate Share of results of an associate	-	-	-	(32,000) 388,861	-	-	-	(32,000) 388,861
港 的 共	Share of results of jointly controlled entities						10,117		10,117
除税前溢利 税項支出	Profit before taxation Taxation expenses	286,140 (47,213)	447,671 (73,865)	207,441 (34,228)	423,451 (11,233)	154,428 (8,184)	50,755 (4,290)		1,569,886 (179,013)
除税後溢利	Profit after taxation	238,927	373,806	173,213	412,218	146,244	46,465		1,390,873
截至2015年6月30日 止6個月 折舊及攤銷費用	For the six months ended 30 June 2015 Depreciation and amortisation	29,210	6,010	3,370	21,251	7,529	18,778	-	86,148
於2015年6月30日 分項資產 分項負債	At 30 June 2015 Segment assets Segment liabilities	43,122,259 80,493,238	55,967,720 35,539,359	57,162,369 15,770,566	32,077,029 23,679,545	18,130,492 13,901,776	4,462,573 16,310,556	(5,561,493) (5,561,493)	205,360,949 180,133,547

32. 營業分項報告(續)

32. Operating segment reporting (Continued)

截至2014年6月30日止6個月(經重列)

For the six months ended 30 June 2014 (Restated)

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		個人銀行 Personal Banking	商業銀行 Commercial Banking	財資業務 Treasury	海外銀行 Overseas Banking	保險業務 Insurance Business	其他 Others	跨項目 Inter- segment	總計 Total
淨利息收入/(支出) 非利息收入/(支出)	Net interest income/(expenses) Non-interest income/(expenses)	600,961 245,878	466,268 107,384	159,539 89,703	276,184 59,316	145,181 216,536	(30,773) 54,830	(22,424)	1,617,360 751,223
扣除保險索償之 營運收入 營運支出	Total operating income net of insurance claims Operating expenses	846,839 (541,649)	573,652 (167,395)	249,242 (67,704)	335,500 (232,188)	361,717 (125,003)	24,057 (12,577)	(22,424)	2,368,583 (1,124,092)
扣除減值虧損前之 營運溢利 貸款減值虧損	Operating profit before impairment losses Loan impairment losses	305,190 (92,985)	406,257 (27,717)	181,538	103,312 (103,865)	236,714	11,480		1,244,491 (224,567)
扣除减值虧損後之 營運溢利/(虧損) 出售其他固定資產之 淨(虧損)/收益	Operating profit/(loss) after impairment losses Net (loss)/gain on disposal of other fixed assets	212,205	378,540	181,538	(553)	236,714	11,480	-	1,019,924
伊(斯貝)/ 收益 出售證券投資之淨收益 應佔聯營公司之業績 應佔共同控制實體之業績	other fixed assets Net gain on disposal of investments in securities Share of results of an associate Share of results of jointly	(92) - -	-	14,115 -	- 356,361	(520) - -	134 1,940 –	-	(478) 16,055 356,361
	controlled entities						8,356		8,356
除税前溢利 税項(支出)/回撥	Profit before taxation Taxation (expenses)/credit	212,113 (33,539)	378,540 (62,459)	195,653 (32,283)	355,808 10,870	236,194 (7,563)	21,910 4,825		1,400,218 (120,149)
除税後溢利	Profit after taxation	178,574	316,081	163,370	366,678	228,631	26,735		1,280,069
截至2014年6月30日 止6個月 折舊及攤銷費用	For the six months ended 30 June 2014 Depreciation and amortisation	23,099	4,677	2,944	21,280	5,988	18,993	-	76,981
於2014年12月31日 分項資產 分項負債	At 31 December 2014 Segment assets Segment liabilities	41,988,779 78,375,819	54,596,171 36,248,907	55,550,630 15,126,832	33,581,542 25,631,700	17,982,755 13,905,896	4,343,972 14,637,315	(6,636,007) (6,636,007)	201,407,842 177,290,462

32. 營業分項報告(續)

超過90%源自外部客戶之收益乃來自位於香港、澳門及中國之銀行附屬公司所提供之主要產品與服務,包括接受存款、信貸融資、資產融資、證券投資等。

下表提供按區域歸類之資料,區域乃根據本 集團向外部客戶提供服務、與其商業交易及 建立關係的法定機構之所在地而確認。

32. Operating segment reporting (Continued)

More than 90% of the revenues from external customers were contributed from banking subsidiaries in Hong Kong, Macau and People's Republic of China, with major products and services including deposit taking, extension of credit, asset-based finance, securities investment services offered to customers.

The following tables provide information by geographical area, which was determined with reference to the domicile of the legal entities within the Group with business dealing and relationship with, and services to external customers.

		香港及其他 Hong Kong and Others	澳門 Macau	區域分項間 抵銷 Inter-segment elimination	總計 Total
截至2015年6月30日 止6個月 扣除保險索償之	For the six months ended 30 June 2015 Total operating income net				
營運收入 除税前溢利	of insurance claims Profit before taxation	2,375,336	233,167	(558)	2,607,945
	Profit Defore taxation	1,444,441	125,445	-	1,569,886
於2015年6月30日 資產合計 負債合計 無形資產及商譽 或然負債及承擔	At 30 June 2015 Total assets Total liabilities Intangible assets and goodwill Contingent liabilities and	187,938,913 165,259,637 318,667	18,651,606 16,103,480 715,825	(1,229,570) (1,229,570) –	205,360,949 180,133,547 1,034,492
	commitments	77,390,270	1,947,555		79,337,825
		香港及其他 Hong Kong and Others	澳門 Macau	區域分項間 抵銷 Inter-segment elimination	總計 Total
截至2014年6月30日 止6個月 扣除保險索償之	For the six months ended 30 June 2014 Total operating income net				
營運收入 除税前溢利	of insurance claims Profit before taxation	2,155,002 1,287,468	214,031 112,750	(450)	2,368,583 1,400,218
於2014年12月31日 資產合計 負債合計 無形資產及商譽	At 31 December 2014 Total assets Total liabilities Intangible assets and goodwill	184,313,204 162,631,043 318,667	18,361,316 15,926,097 716,844	(1,266,678) (1,266,678)	201,407,842 177,290,462 1,035,511
或然負債及承擔	Contingent liabilities and commitments	74,864,593	1,937,500		76,802,093

33. 有關連人士之交易

於2015年上半年期間,本集團與有關連人士 包括本集團之同系附屬公司、控股公司股東 或董事直接或間接控制或對具有重大影響力 之公司進行多項持續關連交易。

此等持續關連交易之條款自本公司之獨立非執行董事審閱本集團截至2014年12月31日 止年度之關連人士交易及本集團2014年年 度財務報表刊載有關的披露以來並無重大改 變。

截至2015年6月30日止6個月,所有持續關連交易均屬於本集團之正常業務,按一般商業條款,並依據有關協議的公平合理及符合本公司整體股東利益之條款進行。

本公司及本集團全資附屬公司於期內與非全 資銀行附屬公司簽訂之持續關連交易(定義 見香港交易所證券上市規則(「上市規則」第 14A.31段)收到及產生下列之收入及支出。 該等交易之總值未超逾或符合根據上市規則 第14A.53段及14A.54段,適用於本集團之年 度上限。

本集團向本集團的主要管理人員、其近親及 其或彼等近親所控制之企業提供信貸服務及 收取存款。於2015年上半年期間,此等信貸 及存款之結餘與2014年12月31日比較並無 重大改變。

本公司主要管理人員為執行董事,截至2015 年6月30日止6個月,彼等報酬之條款無重 大改變。

33. Related-party transactions

During the first half of 2015, the Group entered into various continuing connected transactions with related parties including fellow subsidiaries of the Group, companies directly or indirectly controlled or significantly influenced by the shareholders or directors of the Company.

There were no material changes in the terms of these continuing connected transactions since the review by the Company's independent non-executive directors of related-party transactions of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 and related disclosures set out in the Group's 2014 annual financial statements.

For the six months ended 30 June 2015, all continuing connected transactions were conducted in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group, on normal commercial terms, and in accordance with the relevant agreements on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries within the Group received and incurred income and expense from the continuing connected transactions (within the definition of Rule 14A.31 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The SEHK (the "Listing Rules")) entered into with the non-wholly-owned banking subsidiaries during the period. The aggregate values of these transactions are within or consistent with the respective annual caps applicable to the Group pursuant to Rules 14A.53 and 14A.54 of the Listing Rules.

The Group provides credit facilities to, and takes deposits from, the Group's key management personnel, their close family members and entities controlled by them. During the first half of 2015, there were no significant changes in the balances of these credit facilities and deposits compared to the positions at 31 December 2014.

Key management personnel of the Company are executive directors and there were no significant changes to their remuneration terms in the six months ended 30 June 2015.

34. 風險管理

甲. 集團銀行系

本集團明瞭各類風險會不停蜕變的特性並透過完善的管理架構作有效管理。

風險管理專注於信貸風險、市場風險、利率風險、流動資金風險、操作風險、聲譽風險及策略性風險。信貸風險之產生主要源於本集團之信貸組合,其中包括商業和零售借貸、機械和租購融資及財資部和金融機構業務部的批發借貸。

大部份的市場風險乃源於財資部。此 主要與本集團資產負債表內之買賣交 易及資產負債表外之買賣交易及其證 券投資有關。

利率風險指因利率的不利變動而引致 本集團的財政狀況面臨的風險。

流動資金風險乃指本集團未能在不衍 生不可接受損失的情況下為新增的資 產融資或就到期之金融負債履行付款 責任。

操作風險乃因內部程序、員工及系統 之不足與疏忽或外來的事件而產生之 直接或間接虧損之風險。

聲譽風險是指由於本集團之商業慣例、營運誤差或營運表現而可能帶來 之負面宣傳風險。這些負面因素不論 是否屬實,均可能令客戶產生憂慮或 負面看法,削弱客戶基礎及市場佔有 率或導致耗費龐大之訴訟或減少收入。

策略性風險泛指由於差劣之策略性決定、不可接受之財務表現、策略施行上失當以及對於市場轉變欠缺有效應變而可能對集團財務及市場狀況有即時或日後重大負面影響之企業風險。

其他方面之風險管理詳述如下。

34. Risk management

A. Banking Group

The Group recognises the changing nature of risk and manages it through a well-developed management structure.

Risk management is focused on credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, operational risk, reputation risk and strategic risk. Credit risk occurs mainly in the Group's credit portfolios comprising commercial and retail lending, equipment and hire purchase financing, and treasury and financial institutions wholesale lending.

Market risk arises mainly from Treasury and is associated principally with the Group's on-and off-balance sheet positions in the trading book and its investment securities.

Interest rate risk means the risk to the Group's financial condition resulting from adverse movements in interest rates.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to fund increases in assets or meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due without incurring unacceptable losses.

Operational risk is the risk of loss (direct or indirect) resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events.

Reputation risk is the risk arising from the potential that negative publicity regarding the Group's business practices, operational errors or operating performance, whether true or not, could cause customer concerns or negative view, decline in the customer base or market share, or lead to costly litigation or revenue reductions.

Strategic risk generally refers to the corporate risk that may bring significant immediate or future negative impact on the financial and market positions of the Group because of poor strategic decisions, unacceptable financial performance, and inappropriate implementation of strategies and lack of effective response to the market changes.

The other risk management aspects are disclosed below.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(甲) 集團風險管理架構

董事會對所有類別的風險管理負上整體的責任。關於風險控制方面,董事 會的責任包括:

- 批准整體的策略及政策以確保 能在交易及組合層面適當地管 理信貸及其他風險;
- 財務和非財務方面的風險管理,透過營運和行政控制,包括集團審核委員會(「審核委員會」)的操作;業績檢討(比對預測)、營運統計和政策問題作出監控;及
- 審閱比對預算、檢討業績和分析主要非財務指標。

執行委員會及風險管理及合規委員會 (「風險管理及合規委員會」)被委任 監察及領導由集團風險部(「集團風險 部」)和各功能委員會主導管理及處理 的不同類型風險。

(乙) 集團風險部

本集團風險管理的專業知識持續提升 借貸組合的整體質素,並促使本集團 能應付改變中的監管要求和有信心地 掌握與授信相關的風險和回報。

34. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(a) The risk management structure of the Group

The Board of Directors has the broad overall responsibility for the management of all types of risk. The responsibilities of the Board in relation to risk control are:

- the approval of the overall strategy and policies to ensure that credit and other risks are properly managed at both the transaction and portfolio levels;
- the management of risk, both financial and nonfinancial, conducted through operational and administrative control systems including the operation of the Group Audit Committee ("AC"); review of key results (against forecasts), operational statistics and policy compliance; and
- the review of financial performance by analysis against approved budgets and analysis of variations in key non-financial measures.

The EC and the Risk Management and Compliance Committee ("RMCC") have been delegated the authority to oversee and guide the management of different risks which are more particularly managed and dealt with by Group Risk Division ("GRD") and different functional committees.

(b) Group risk function

The independent Group Risk function is responsible for ensuring that policies and mandates are established for the Group as a whole. GRD monitors and reports the Group's risk positions to the Board via the RMCC, sets standards for the management of financial risks and data integrity and ensures that the financial risks are fully considered in the product planning and pricing process. GRD reviews and manages all credit and risk exposure policies for the Group including the approval of exposures to new markets, economic sectors, organisations, credit products and financial instruments which expose the Group to different types of risks. In determining risk policies, GRD takes into account the guidelines established by the HKMA, business direction, and risk adjusted performance of each business.

The Group's risk management expertise continues to advance the overall quality of the Group's lending portfolios, and enables the Group to meet the changing regulatory requirements and enter into credit exposures with the confidence that it understands the associated risks and rewards.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(乙) 集團風險部(續)

在集團風險部主管領導下,本集團持續發展其風險管理能力,並增加專注風險策略對風險和報酬及資本回報的影響。本集團在面對日常業務管理不同形式的風險時會採用一系列的風險管理和分析工具。此等工具亦持續地在被改良和提升以配合不斷改變的業務需要和監管機構的要求。

(丙) 信貸委員會

本集團設有集團信貸委員會(「集團信貸委員會」)負責批核重大的信貸風險額度。信貸管理委員會(「信貸管理委員會」)與財資及投資風險委員會」)為分別對資業務負責核定和建議其政策、額度和風險控制權責之功能委員會。為支援業務而成立的信貸風險功能只向集團風險部匯報。

(丁) 應用金融工具策略

本集團接受定息或浮息及不同年期之客戶存款,並以此取得之資金投資於各種類別的資產以賺取息差收入。本集團尋求透過整合短期資金及按較高利率借出較長期之款項以增加此等息差收入,同時並保持足夠之流動資金以應付可能須付之所有到期債務。

本集團亦按信貸風險及市場情況,透過向商業及零售借款人貸款賺取息差,以及向客戶收取合理費用及佣金。此等活動風險不單涉及資產負債表內之貸款及墊款,亦涉及本集團提供擔保及其他承擔,例如信用證、履約保證及其他保證。

本集團亦通過交易所及場外交易買賣 包括衍生工具之金融工具,藉著證 券、債券、貨幣及利率之短期波動賺 取利潤。董事會制定交易限額以控制 不同程度之市場持倉風險。除指定對 冲安排外,有關外匯及利率之風險可 般以訂立對銷持倉(包括與客戶及市 場對手之交易)或利用衍生工具作對 場對手之交易的或利用衍生工具 次 等值。

34. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(b) Group risk function (Continued)

The Group continues to evolve its risk management capabilities under the aegis of the Head of GRD, with increasing focus of its risk strategy on risk and reward and returns on capital. The Group uses a range of risk measurement and analytical tools in its management of various risks which it faces in its day-to-day businesses and these are continually being enhanced and upgraded to reflect the ever-changing business needs and the requirements of the regulators.

(c) Credit committees

The Group has a Group Credit Committee ("GCC") for approving major credit limits. The Credit Management Committee ("CMC") and the Treasury and Investment Risk Committee ("TIRC") are the functional committees responsible for approving and recommending policies, limits and mandates for risk control in loans and treasury business respectively. The credit risk function, while set up to support the business areas, reports solely to the GRD.

(d) Strategy in using financial instruments

The Group accepts deposits from customers at both fixed and floating rates, and for various periods, and seeks to earn positive interest margins by investing and lending these funds in a wide range of assets. The Group seeks to increase these margins by consolidating short-term funds and lending for longer periods at higher rates, while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet all claims that might fall due.

The Group also seeks to apply its interest margins through its lending to commercial and retail borrowers and to charge customers appropriate fees and commission, taking into consideration credit risk and market conditions. Such exposures involve not just on-balance sheet loans and advances, as the Group also enters into guarantees and other commitments such as letters of credit, performance bonds and other bonds.

The Group also trades in financial instruments where it takes positions in exchange-traded and over-the-counter instruments, including derivatives, to take advantage of short-term market movements in equities and bonds and in currency and interest rate. The Board places trading limits on the level of exposures that can be taken in relation to market positions. Apart from specific hedging arrangements, foreign exchange and interest rate exposures are normally offset by entering into counterbalancing positions (including transactions with customers or market counterparties), or by the use of derivatives, thereby controlling the variability in the net cash amounts required to liquidate market positions.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(丁) 應用金融工具策略(續)

(戊) 信貸風險

本集團之主要信貸風險為借款人或交易對手未能履行對本集團之償款責任。此等責任乃源自本集團之貸款及投資活動、以及金融工具之買賣(包括衍生工具)。

本集團設有集團信貸委員會負責批核 重大的信貸風險敞口。信貸管理委員 會與財資及投資風險委員會乃是分別 負責制訂貸款及財資業務之信貸是政 及監察其組合之委員會,該等委員會 由行政總裁擔任主席並由若干執行董 事及高級業務及信貸人員組成。信貸 風險計量,承保、批核和監測之規定 都詳列於信貸政策內。

本集團以審慎基礎管理各類型的信貸 風險。信貸批核須規限在信貸政策所 設定之參數之內,並且須由各級管 理層人員按既定之指引及授權批核愈 管理層、信貸委員會及集團風險部會 定期監察及控制信貸風險敞口、審核師 限額及資產質素。本集團內部審貸師 亦會作定期檢閱及審核以確保信貸政 策,程序及規管指引得以遵從。

本集團已就新產品及業務建立了有關 審核及審閱的政策與程序,亦已制定 了信貸政策,內容包括貸款評級或信 貸評分、流程及減值政策各方面的細 節。

34. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(d) Strategy in using financial instruments (Continued)

The Group also uses interest rate swap and other interest rate derivatives to mitigate interest rate risk arising from changes in interest rates that will result in decrease in the fair value of fixed rate assets or increase in the fair value of fixed rate liabilities. Part of these financial instruments are designated as fair value hedges, and the terms of hedge including hedged item, amount, interest rates, hedge period and purpose are determined and documented at the inception of each fair value hedge. Hedge effectiveness is assessed at inception on a prospective basis and is reassessed, on an ongoing basis, based on actual experience and valuation. Fair value hedge relationships that do not meet the effectiveness test requirement of hedge accounting are discontinued with effect from the date of ineffectiveness of the fair value hedge.

(e) Credit risk

The Group's main credit risk is that borrowers or counterparties may default on their payment obligations due to the Group. These obligations arise from the Group's lending and investment activities, and trading of financial instruments (including derivatives).

The Group has a GCC for approving major credit exposures. The CMC and TIRC are the committees responsible for credit policy formulation and portfolio monitoring of the loan and treasury businesses respectively. These committees are all chaired by the Chief Executive with certain Executive Directors and senior business and credit officers as members. Credit risk measurement, underwriting, approval and monitoring requirements are detailed in credit policies.

The Group manages all types of credit risk on a prudent basis. Credits are extended within the parameters set out in the credit policies and are approved by different levels of management based upon established guidelines and delegated authorities. Credit exposures, limits and asset quality are regularly monitored and controlled by management, credit committees and GRD. The Group's internal auditors also conduct regular reviews and audits to ensure compliance with credit policies and procedures, and regulatory guidelines.

The Group has established policies and processes for the approval and review of new products and activities, and credit policies with details of the loan grading, or credit scoring, processes and impairment policies.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊) 信貸風險(續)

(戊)(i) 信貸風險承擔

本集團採用外部信用評估機構(「信用評估機構」)如標準普爾以評估對銀行、主權機構、公營單位及集體投資計劃之信貸風險承擔,及證券化類別風險承擔和有評級法團之風險承擔。 本集團亦有一內部評級法則評估未有評級法團之信貸風險承擔。

本集團遵循《銀行業(資本)規則》第4 部份規定之程序,配對銀行賬內之風 險承擔與信用評估機構之發行人評級。

(戊)(ii) 交易對手信貸風險承擔

本集團嚴謹控制其銀行賬或買賣賬內 之場外衍生交易、回購形式交易及信 貸衍生交易合約等持倉淨額之年期開 未結算餘額的額度。與此等合約有開 之信貸風險承擔主要是其公平值(利於本集團之市場估值正數值),該 信貸風險承擔連同因市場變動之潛 信貸風險承擔被視為授予交易對手的整體 個險承擔被視為授予交易對手的整體 個險承擔一般無抵押品或其他擔保。

結算風險在支付現金或交收證券或股票並預期可收回有關現金或證券或股票時產生。本集團為各交易對手就一日期結算總額設定每天結算額度以減低結算風險。本集團亦簽訂淨額結算安排,及於適當時按收款交付基準結算。

(戊)(iii) 減低信貸風險

本集團採用之減低信貸風險方式一般 為《銀行業(資本)規則》認可以減少資 本加權值之方式,收取之抵押品類別 普遍為現金存款、不動產物業及的士 和公共小巴經營牌。就某些類別之客 戶貸款,本集團亦信賴政府、公營單 位及配有可接受信貸評級法團等發出 之擔保。

用作抵押品之不動產物業在授出貸款前將被評估。問題客戶之抵押物業,公開市場價值將最少每6個月估值一次。就已收回之物業抵押品,本集團之政策為按可行情況下盡快出售。

34. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(e) Credit risk (Continued)

(e)(i) Credit risk exposures

The Group uses external credit ratings from the external credit assessment institutions ("ECAIs") such as Standard & Poor's for the assessment of its credit risk exposures to banks, sovereigns, public sector entities, and collective investment schemes as well as securitisation exposures and exposures to rated corporates. The Group also has an internal grading methodology for assessing credit exposures to unrated corporates.

The process used to map ECAI issuer ratings to exposures booked in its banking book follows the process prescribed in Part 4 of the Banking (Capital) Rules.

(e)(ii) Counterparty credit risk exposures

The Group exercises strict control limits in tenor and outstanding amounts on net open positions arising from over-the-counter derivative transactions, repo-style transactions and credit derivative contracts booked in its banking book or trading book. The credit risk exposures associated with these contracts are predominantly their fair values (i.e. the positive mark-to-market values favourable to the Group). These credit risk exposures together with potential exposures from market movements are managed as part of the overall lending limits allowed to counterparties. Collateral or other security is generally not obtained for such credit risk exposures.

Settlement risk arises in situations where a payment in cash or a delivery of securities or equities is made in expectation of a corresponding receipt in cash, securities or equities. To mitigate settlement risk, daily settlement limits are established for individual counterparty on the aggregate of all settlements on a day. The Group will also enter into netting arrangements and make settlement on the basis of delivery against payment as appropriate.

(e)(iii) Credit risk mitigation

The credit risk mitigation techniques used by the Group are generally those recognised by the Banking (Capital) Rules for reduced capital weighting. Common types of collateral obtained are cash deposits, real estate properties, as well as taxi and public light bus medallion. For certain types of advances to customers, the Group also places reliance on guarantees issued by governments, public sector entities and corporates with acceptable credit rating.

Real estate properties taken as collateral are evaluated before the loan can be drawn. For property collateral supporting problem accounts, their open market values are appraised at least every six months. For property collateral that has been repossessed, the Group's policy is to arrange for realisation as soon as practicable.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己) 市場風險

市場風險乃指由市場上利率及價格變化而引致對資產、負債及資產負債表外持倉之虧損風險。

各類交易之市場風險均由董事會、風 險管理及合規委員會及財資及投資風 險委員會按董事會授予之權力所核准 之各項風險限額及指引內處理。風險 限額按組合層面以及各產品及不同風 險類別設定。該等限額綜合包含了名 義金額、止蝕限額、敏感性及運用市 場風險數值(「市場風險數值」)之監 控。所有涉及市場風險的買賣持倉需 要每日按市值入賬。集團風險部之風 險管理及監控部(「風險管理及監控 部」) 乃一個獨立之風險管理及控制 部門,負責比較風險和已審批限額, 以識別、計量、監控及管理該等風險 及提議具體行動去確保持倉被限制在 可接受水平內。任何不符合限額情況 均須依據有關政策及程序經合適管理 層一財資及投資風險委員會,風險 管理及合規委員會或董事會審查及批 准。

大新銀行之附屬公司澳門商業銀行股份有限公司(「澳門商業銀行」)及大新銀行(中國)有限公司(「大新銀行(中國)」)根據其一套自定限額和政策及在大新銀行設定之總體市場風險控制內執行其本行之財資活動。大新銀行之風險管理及監控部監察及管理源自澳門商業銀行及大新銀行(中國)財資營運之市場風險。

本集團源自其買賣賬及銀行賬之市場 風險應用不同之風險管理政策及程 序。

(己)(i) 源自買賣賬之市場風險

下列敘述為有關大新銀行及澳門商業銀行。

本集團之買賣賬內,在外匯、債務證 券、權益性證券及衍生工具之買賣持 倉中存在市場風險。

34. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(f) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of losses in assets, liabilities and offbalance sheet positions arising from movements in market rates and prices.

Market risk exposure for different types of transactions is managed within various risk limits and guidelines approved by the Board, the RMCC and the TIRC under the authority delegated from the Board. Risk limits are set at the portfolio level as well as by products and by different types of risks. The risk limits comprise a combination of notional, stop-loss, sensitivity and valueat-risk ("VaR") controls. All trading positions are subject to daily mark-to-market valuation. The Risk Management and Control Department ("RMCD") within the GRD, as an independent risk management and control unit, identifies, measures, monitors and controls the risk exposures against approved limits and initiates specific actions to ensure positions are managed within an acceptable level. Any exceptions have to be reviewed and sanctioned by the appropriate level of management of TIRC, RMCC or the Board as stipulated in the relevant policies and procedures.

Banco Comercial de Macau, S.A. ("BCM") and Dah Sing Bank (China) Limited ("DSB China"), which are subsidiaries of DSB, run their treasury functions locally under their own set of limits and policies and within the overall market risk controls set by DSB. The RMCD of DSB oversees and controls the market risk arising from the treasury operations of BCM and DSB China.

The Group applies different risk management policies and procedures in respect of the market risk arising from its trading and banking books.

(f)(i) Market risk arising from the trading book

The following descriptions relate to DSB and BCM.

In the Group's trading book, market risk is associated with trading positions in foreign exchange, debt securities, equity securities and derivatives.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己) 市場風險(續)

(己)(i) 源自買賣賬之市場風險(續)

(1) 市場風險計量方法

作為市場風險管理,本集團使 用各種業界普遍採用之方法計 量市場風險及控制市場風險於 設定之風險額度範圍內。主要 用於計量及監控市場風險之計 量方法概述如下。

• 市場風險數值

市場風險數值模型假設某個持 倉期(就本集團而言為一天)直 至結束持倉。市場風險數值亦 依據持倉之現時市值、市場風 險因素過往在一個曆年週期之 相互關係及波幅,使用一種參 數性市場風險數值法計算。

本集團藉著回顧測試買賣賬之 市場風險數值結果,持續確認 市場風險數值模型之有效性。 所有回顧測試的偏差予以調查 及向高層管理人員匯報。

34. Risk management (Continued)

- A. Banking Group (Continued)
- (f) Market risk (Continued)
- (f)(i) Market risk arising from the trading book (Continued)
 - (1) Market risk measurement technique

In the management of market risk, the Group measures market risks using various techniques commonly used by the industry and control market risk exposures within established risk limits. The major measurement techniques used to measure and control market risk are outlined below.

Value at risk

The Group applies a VaR methodology, which is a statistically based estimate, to measure the potential loss of its trading portfolio from adverse market movements. It expresses as the maximum amount the Group might lose given a certain level of confidence, which for the Group is 99% for a one day holding period. There is therefore a specified statistical probability that actual loss could be greater than the VaR estimate. Hence, the use of VaR does not prevent losses outside the VaR limits in the event of extreme market movements.

The VaR model assumes a certain "holding period" (one day in the case of the Group) until positions can be closed. It is calculated based on the current mark-to-market value of the positions, the historical correlation and volatilities of the market risk factors over an observation period of one calendar year using a method known as parametric VaR methodology.

The VaR model is continuously validated by backtesting the VaR results for trading positions. All back-testing exceptions are investigated and backtesting results are reported to senior management.

As VaR constitutes an integral part of the Group's market risk control regime, VaR limits are established and reviewed by the Board and its delegated committees at least annually for all trading positions and allocated to business units. Actual exposures, including VaR, are monitored against limits on a daily basis by RMCD. Average daily VaR for the Group for all trading activities during the six months ended 30 June 2015 was HK\$2,352,000 (year ended 31 December 2014: HK\$1,821,000).

- 甲. 集團銀行系(續)
- (己) 市場風險(續)

(己)(i) 源自買賣賬之市場風險(續)

- (1) 市場風險計量方法(續)
 - 壓力測試

壓力測試提供極端情況下可能 出現之潛在損失之約額。風險 管理及監控部進行的壓力測試 包括:風險因素壓力測試,方 法為在各風險類別中施行不同 壓力程度;及個案壓力測試, 方法為利用各種可能壓力事項 對特定持倉或組合進行測算。 此外,亦計量持作買賣用途組 合之預計虧缺以評估當超出指 定置信水平及處於較長持倉期 時出現極度買賣虧損的預計規 模。此外,也進行逆壓力測試 作為一項有效工具以評估本集 團於觸及規定之可容忍水平前 所能承受的市場壓力最大約 額。

壓力測試之結果由董事會及其 授權之委員會定期審閱。

(2) 市場風險值概要

- 34. Risk management (Continued)
 - A. Banking Group (Continued)
 - (f) Market risk (Continued)
 - (f)(i) Market risk arising from the trading book (Continued)
 - (1) Market risk measurement technique (Continued)
 - Stress tests

Stress tests provide an indication of the potential size of losses that could arise in extreme conditions. The stress tests carried out by RMCD include: risk factor stress testing, where stress movements are applied to each risk category; and scenario stress testing, which includes applying possible stress events to specific positions or portfolios. Besides, the expected shortfall of the trading portfolio is measured to evaluate the expected size of extreme trading loss beyond a specified confidence level and over a longer holding period. In addition, reverse-stress tests are performed as a useful tool to evaluate the maximum size of market stress that the Group can endure before hitting the prescribed tolerable levels.

The results of the stress tests are reviewed by the Board and its delegated committees regularly.

(2) VaR summary of trading portfolio

		截至2015年6月30日止之6個月 6 months to 30 Jun 2015			截至2014年12月31日止之12個月 12 months to 31 Dec 2014			
		平均 最高 最低		平均	最高	最低		
		Average	High	Low	Average	High	Low	
外匯風險	Foreign exchange risk	2,475	2,838	2,108	1,396	2,166	706	
利率風險	Interest rate risk	541	1,459	181	1,089	3,201	240	
全部風險	All risks	2,352	2,771	2,055	1,821	3,460	1,120	

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己) 市場風險(續)

(己)(ii) 源自銀行賬之市場風險

本集團之銀行賬中,市場風險主要來 自於債務及權益性證券之持倉。

(1) 市場風險計量方法

在董事會及其授權之委員會設 立 之 風險管理框架及政策中, 設定了不同的額度、指引及管 理層行動觸發額,藉此控制本 集團銀行賬中有關外匯風險、 利率風險及定價風險等風險。 尤其設有持倉及敏感度額度及 定價觸發額以控制證券投資的 定價風險。此外,本集團定期 進行對資產負債表內及外持倉 中之利率變化及證券投資之信 貸息差作敏感度分析及壓力測 試(包括逆壓力測試),比對設 定之監控措施以估量及管理存 在於本集團銀行賬中之市場風 險。

現時並無採用市場風險數值法 以計量及監控銀行賬中之市場 風險。

(2) 外匯風險

若用長期外幣資金融資港元資 產,反之亦然,通常會透過與 遠期外匯合約配對抵銷以減低 外匯風險。

34. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(f) Market risk (Continued)

(f)(ii) Market risk arising from the banking book

In the Group's banking book, market risk is predominantly associated with positions in debt and equity securities.

(1) Market risk measurement technique

Within the risk management framework and policies established by the Board and its delegated committees, various limits, quidelines and management action triggers are established to control the exposures of the Group's banking book activities to foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, and price risk. In particular, position and sensitivity limits and price triggers are in place to control the price risk of the investment securities. In addition, sensitivity analysis and stress testing (including reverse-stress testing) covering shocks and shifts in interest rates on the Group's on-and off-balance sheet positions and credit spreads on the Group's investment securities are regularly performed to gauge the market risk inherent in the Group's banking book portfolios and manage it against the established control measures.

VaR methodology is not currently being used to measure and control the market risk of the banking book.

(2) Foreign exchange risk

The Group has limited net foreign exchange exposure (except for USD, Macau Pataca ("MOP") and Renminbi ("RMB")) as foreign exchange positions and foreign currency balances arising from customer transactions are normally matched against other customer transactions or transactions with the market. Foreign exchange exposure of the non-trading portfolio in respect of MOP and RMB arise mainly from the operation of overseas subsidiaries in Macau and Mainland China. The net exposure positions including the trading and non-trading portfolios, both by individual currency and in aggregate, are managed by the Treasury Division ("TRD") of the Group on a daily basis within established foreign exchange limits.

Long-term foreign currency funding, to the extent that this is used to fund Hong Kong dollar assets, or vice versa, is normally matched using foreign exchange forward contracts to reduce exposure to foreign exchange risk.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己) 市場風險(續)

(己)(ii) 源自銀行賬之市場風險(續)

(3) 利率風險

本集團採納用以計量源自銀行 賬持倉的利率風險額之框架與 載於香港金管局之《監管政策 手冊》(「《監管政策手冊》|) 內 有關利率風險管理之指引一 致。就盈利觀點而言,利率風 險乃由於市場利率變化而導致 金融工具源自未來現金流之淨 收入波動之風險。就經濟價值 觀點而言,利率風險則為由於 市場利率變化而導致金融工具 之經濟價值波動之風險。本集 團就銀行賬承擔以上兩方面之 利率風險。就此而論,息差或 淨利息收入及資本之經濟價值 可能由於此等變化或突如其來 之變化而上升或下跌。董事會 及資產及負債管理委員會(「資 產及負債管理委員會」) 就可能 承擔之重訂利率錯配水平設定 額度,由風險管理及監控部定 期監控。

(庚) 流動資金風險

流動資金風險乃指本集團未能在不衍 生不可接受之損失的情況下為新增的 資產融資或就到期之金融負債履行付 款責任。

本集團按審慎原則管理資金流動性, 旨在符合法定準則及確保有充足之流 動性及融資能力,以應付日常的業務 營運及能承受不短於1個月之持續資 金壓力。自2015年1月1日起,本集 團已採納香港金管局就巴塞爾協定III 之流動性制度在香港之實施畜給引入 流動資產維持比率(「流動資產維持比 率」)以取代流動資金比率為監管準 則。本集團於期內保持流動資產維持 比率遠高於法定最低要求的25%。

34. Risk management (Continued)

- A. Banking Group (Continued)
- (f) Market risk (Continued)
- (f)(ii) Market risk arising from the banking book (Continued)

(3) Interest rate risk

The framework adopted by the Group to measure interest rate risk exposures arising from its banking book positions is consistent with the guidelines set out by the HKMA in its Supervisory Policy Manual ("SPM") on Interest Rate Risk Management, From an earnings perspective, interest rate risk is the risk that the net income arising from future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. From an economic value perspective, interest rate risk is the risk that the economic value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group takes on interest rate risk from both perspectives in the banking book. As such, the interest margins or net interest income and the economic value of the capital may increase or decrease as a result of such changes or in the event that unexpected movements arise. The Board and the Asset and Liability Management Committee ("ALCO") set limits on the level of mismatch of interest rate repricing that may be undertaken, which are monitored regularly by RMCD.

(g) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to fund increases in assets or meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due without incurring unacceptable loss.

The Group manages its liquidity on a prudent basis with the objective to comply with the statutory standard and to ensure that there is an adequate liquidity and funding capacity to meet normal business operations and to withstand a prolonged period of liquidity stress of not less than a month. Starting from 1 January 2015, the Group has adopted the Liquidity Maintenance Ratio ("LMR") introduced by the HKMA to replace the liquidity ratio as a regulatory standard as part of the implementation of Basel III liquidity regime in Hong Kong. During the period, the Group had maintained a sufficiently high LMR well above the statutory minimum of 25%.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(庚) 流動資金風險(續)

此外,本集團已根據香港金管局於2011年4月頒佈的《監管政策手冊》 LM-2「流動性風險管理之健全系統及控制」之規定維護健全的流動性風險管理框架。《監管政策手冊》LM-2乃為實施巴塞爾銀行監管委員會(「巴塞爾委員會」)所確立之健全流動性原則而制定,旨在強化銀行的流動性風險管理標準。

流動性風險管理乃遵照經董事會批准 之政策及框架管理,據此授權本集團 的資產及負債管理委員會監控流動性 風險管理。本集團的資產及負債管理 委員會定期檢討本集團之貸款和存款 的組合及變化、融資需求及預測、以 及對一系列包括流動資產維持比率及 到期錯配狀況之流動性風險度量作持 續監控。本集團對此等風險度量訂定 適當的限額及觸發額,並持有充足的 流動資產以確保能應付所有短期資金 的需求。財資部負責資金及流動性狀 況之日常管理,而風險管理及監控部 負責每日及每月計量及監控流動性的 風險敞口,亦進行流動性分析及壓力 測試。財務監理處則處理有關流動性 風險之監管報告,並組織編製貨款與 存款以及流動資產維持比率的定期預 測、預算和與流動性及資金管理有關 之分析。

本集團高度重視建立多樣化及穩定的 資金來源。除了客戶存款為本集團的 資金之基本部份,本集團亦適時發行 存款證及中期票據藉以延長資金的融 資年期及優化資產及負債之年期。在 有限制的基礎下,亦會吸納短期銀行 同業存款以維持在市場上的佔有率為 目標。本集團乃銀行同業市場的淨放 款人。

34. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(g) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Moreover, the Group has maintained a sound liquidity risk management framework in accordance with the requirements set forth in the SPM LM-2 on "Sound Systems and Controls for Liquidity Risk Management" issued by the HKMA in April 2011. The SPM LM-2 is developed to implement the liquidity sound principles formulated by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision ("Basel Committee") to strengthen the liquidity risk management standards of banks.

Liquidity risk management is governed by the policy and framework approved by the Board, which delegates to the Group's ALCO to oversee liquidity risk management. The ALCO regularly reviews the Group's loan and deposit mix and changes, funding requirements and projections, and monitors a set of liquidity risk metrics, including the LMR and maturity mismatch on an ongoing basis. Appropriate limits or triggers on these risk metrics are set and sufficient liquid assets are held to ensure that the Group can meet all short-term funding requirements. The TRD is responsible for the day-to-day management of funding and liquidity position while the RMCD is responsible for the measurement and monitoring of liquidity risk exposures on a daily and monthly basis, and also conducting liquidity analysis and stress testing. The Financial Control Division handles regulatory reporting in relation to liquidity risk, and coordinates the regular forecast of loans and deposits, and LMR, budget and analysis relating to liquidity and funding management.

The Group places considerable importance to establish a diversified and stable funding. While customer deposits form the primary portion of the Group's funding, certificates of deposit and medium term notes are issued at opportune time in order to lengthen the funding maturity and optimise asset and liability maturities. Short-term interbank deposits are taken on a limited basis with the aim of maintaining the presence in the market and the Group is a net lender to the interbank market.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(庚) 流動資金風險(續)

監控及早報按不同時限之現金流計量 及推測方式實行,時限按流動性管理 之主要區間包括次日、星期及月來區 分。此等推測首先分析該等金融資產 及負債之合約到期日, 並且依據過往 觀察預計該等金融資產及負債的預期 到期日。預測現金流亦考慮資產負債 表外項目,包括未提取借貸承擔及或 然負債(例如備用信用證及擔保)之過 往行為。保持一個流動資產的組合以 應付突如其來之淨現金流虧缺。持有 之債務證券每日按市值入賬以確保其 市場流動性。本集團定期進行壓力測 試,包括與機構特定相關的、一般市 場危機的及併合兩者的不同方案以評 估流動性狀況在受壓之市場情況下的 潛在影響,並已制定緊急應變計劃, 詳列應對流動性問題之策略和於緊急 情況下填補現金流不足之程序(例如 進行回購協議交易或變賣持作流動性 風險管理用途之資產)。集團公司間 之交易按公平原則進行及就正常情況 下之現金流預測而言,如同與其他第 三方之交易處理。本集團之附屬公司 於正常及受壓情況下須管理其流動資 金狀況以應付其需要。

(辛) 操作風險

本集團透過一個管理架構管理操作風 險,包括高級管理人員,一獨立風險 管理小組,及來自各業務和支援部門 之操作風險人員,並透過一系列操作 風險政策、風險工具箱、操作風險事 件申報及紀錄系統,及自我評估監控 和主要風險指標工具運作。操作風險 及內部監控委員會(「操作風險及內 部監控委員會」)已設立,以監察本集 團之操作風險管理及內部監控事宜。 操作風險及內部監控委員會由行政總 裁擔任主席並由若干執行董事及高層 管理人員組成。連同設立一個良好內 部監控系統,操作風險下均可充分地 認明、評估、監控及減低。為能向集 團內各階層清晰地傳達該操作風險架 構,認知和訓練課程不時舉行。

為減低系統失靈或災難對本集團業務 之影響,本集團已設定備用場地、操 作復元政策及計劃,並對所有主要業 務及支援部門進行測試。

34. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(g) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The monitoring and reporting take the forms of cash flow measurements and projections for different time horizons, including the next day, week and month, which are key periods for liquidity management. The starting point for those projections is an analysis of the contractual maturity of the financial assets and liabilities as well as the expected maturity of these assets and liabilities based on historical observations. The cash flow projections also take into account the historical behaviour of off-balance sheet items, including undrawn lending commitments and contingent liabilities such as standby letters of credit and guarantees. A liquid asset portfolio is held to withstand unexpected shortfall in net cash flow. Debt securities held are marked to the market on daily basis to ensure their market liquidity. The Group performs stress testing regularly, which includes an institution-specific crisis scenario, a general market crisis scenario and a combination of these crisis scenarios in order to assess the potential impact on its liquidity position under stressed market conditions and has formulated a contingency plan that sets out strategies for dealing with liquidity problems and the procedures for making up cash flow deficits (e.g. conducting repo transactions or liquidation of assets held for liquidity risk management purpose) in emergency situations. Intragroup transactions are conducted on arms-length basis and are treated the same way as other third party transactions for the purpose of cash flow projection under normal scenario. Subsidiaries of the Group are required to manage their liquidity positions to meet their needs under both normal and stressed conditions.

(h) Operational risk

The Group manages its operational risk through a management structure comprising members of senior management, an independent risk management team and operational risk officers from each business and support function, and operating through a set of operational risk policies, risk tool-kits, operational risk incident reporting and tracking system, and control self-assessment and key risk indicator tools. The Operational Risk and Internal Control Committee ("ORICC") has been set up to oversee the operational risk management and internal control matters of the Group. ORICC is chaired by the Chief Executive with certain Executive Directors and senior management as members. Together with a wellestablished internal control system, operational risk can be adequately identified, assessed, monitored and mitigated. To allow the operational risk framework to be clearly communicated to all levels within the Group, awareness and training programs are conducted from time to time.

To minimise the impact on the Group's business in the event of system failure or disasters, back-up sites and operation recovery policies and plans have been established and tested for all critical business and operations functions.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(辛) 操作風險(續)

外部及內部審核師亦定期對內部監控 系統作獨立審閱以支托操作風險架 構。本集團之風險管理及合規委員會 全面監察操作風險管理之表現及有效 性。

(壬) 聲譽風險

本集團透過維持以下一系列措施管理 聲譽風險:以強調內部監控、風險管 理和合規、打擊洗黑錢及恐怖治及 金籌縣的重要性來提升企業管治內及 理層監察達至高水平,以之員工培 政策及程序;提供適當之誤 監督;員之投訴或不滿就所有範疇 處理客戶之投訴本集團就所有範疇 當之標準並制訂政策及程序,以減低聲 學風險或受損之機會。

(癸) 策略性風險

董事會在高層管理人員之協助下直接 負責管理策略性風效之策事性目標 集團企業使命一致之策略性目標以 主要等目標。監督策略發展及執行以 該等目標。監督策略發展及執行以 發展 保其有適當的配資源以達成本集團 表現,或及授權管理層人員採取適當 目標,以及授權管理層人員採取適當 措施以減低風險。

(子) 符合巴塞爾協定 III 資本準則

自從經修訂之資本充足框架(即巴塞爾協定II)於2007年1月生效以後,大新銀行採納標準法計算信貸風險及市場風險,及採納基本指標法計算操作風險。此等均為《銀行業(資本)規則》內列明之認可方法。據此,本集團已全面檢查其系統及管理以符合該等方法要求之標準。

香港金管局於2012年至2014年間頒佈《銀行業(資本)(修訂)規則》及於2012年第4季就《監管檢討程序》頒佈經修訂之《監管政策手冊》CA-G-5,藉以實施新的國際資本準則,即一般所指之「巴塞爾協定III」規則。經修訂之資本準則及相關監管規定自2013年1月1日起對香港本地註冊認可機構生效。大新銀行已提升其資本管理及報告框架之披露以符合新的規定。

34. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(h) Operational risk (Continued)

Operational risk framework is also supported by periodic independent reviews of internal control systems by external and internal auditors. The Group's RMCC have an overall oversight of the performance and effectiveness of operational risk management.

(i) Reputation risk

The Group manages reputation risk through upholding a high standard of corporate governance and management oversight, maintenance of effective policies and procedures with emphasis on internal control, risk management and compliance, anti-money laundering and counter terrorist financing; proper staff training and supervision; staff awareness of compliance issues; proper handling of customer complaints or dissatisfaction; and adherence to sound business practices. Standards are set and policies and procedures are established by the Group in all areas, which operate to reduce vulnerability to reputation risk.

(j) Strategic risk

The Board of Directors, assisted by senior management, is directly responsible for the management of strategic risk. Directors formulate the strategic goals and key direction of the Group in line with the Group's corporate mission, ensure business strategies are developed to achieve these goals, oversee the strategic development and implementation to secure compatibility with the Group's strategic goals, ensure proper change management is in place, review business performance, deploy proper resources to achieve the Group's objectives, and authorise management to take appropriate actions to mitigate risks.

(k) Compliance with the Basel III Capital Standards

Since the revised capital adequacy framework known as Basel II has become effective from January 2007, DSB has adopted the standardised approach for credit risk and market risk, and the basic indicator approach for operational risk. These are the default approaches as specified in the Banking (Capital) Rules. Accordingly, the Group has overhauled its systems and controls in order to meet the standards required for these approaches.

To implement the new international capital standards commonly referred to as the "Basel III" rules, the HKMA had published the Banking (Capital) (Amendment) Rules between 2012 and 2014, and revised SPM CA-G-5 on "Supervisory Review Process" in the 4th quarter of 2012. The revised capital standards and related regulatory requirements have come into force for all locally incorporated authorized institutions in Hong Kong starting from 1 January 2013. DSB has enhanced its capital management and reporting framework as well as disclosures for meeting the new requirements.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(子) 符合巴塞爾協定 III 資本準則 (續)

除根據巴塞爾協定III框架在香港實施《銀行業(資本)規則》外,兩項新緩衝資本,分別為防護緩衝資本及反周期緩衝資本以防禦整體信貸過度增長長期帶來關連之壓力及系統性風險期,將自2016年1月1日起分階段實施。就此而言,本集團已密切留意監管框架之發展以確保就符合新規定作出準備。

(丑) 金融資產及負債之公平值

公平值受限於須由董事會負責確保本 集團有適當的估值管治及控制程序之 控制框架。董事會授權財資及投資風 險委員會監管金融工具之估值程序。 估值由風險管理及監控部和獨立專業 合資格估值師及精算師(如適用)獨立 地進行,而估值結果乃定期驗證,確 保公平值計量過程之完整性。

金融工具之公平值乃在目前市場情況 下市場參與者於計量日進行之有序交 易中出售資產所收取或轉移負債所支 付之價格,不論該價格為直接可觀察 或使用估值方法估計。

34. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(k) Compliance with the Basel III Capital Standards (Continued)

In addition to the implementation of the Banking (Capital) Rules under the Basel III framework in Hong Kong, two new capital buffers, namely the Capital Conservation Buffer and Countercyclical Capital Buffer, designed to ensure that banks build up sufficient capital to withstand periods of stress and system-wide risk associated with periods of excessive aggregate credit growth, would commence to phase in starting from 1 January 2016. In this regard, the Group has been keeping track closely with the development in the regulatory framework to ensure readiness to comply with the new requirements.

To address the negative externalities posed by systemically important institutions, the Basel Committee established a framework in November 2011 (subsequently updated in July 2013) for the identification of global systemically important banks ("G-SIBs") and the determination of their corresponding Higher Loss Absorbency ("HLA") capital requirements. Subsequently, a principles-based framework for dealing with domestic systemically important banks ("D-SIBs") was issued by the Basel Committee in October 2012. Based on the latest list of G-SIBs and D-SIBs issued by the Financial Stability Board ("FSB") and the HKMA respectively, DSB is neither designated as a G-SIB nor D-SIB and therefore not subject to further capital surcharge.

(I) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Fair values are subject to a control framework that the Board is held responsible for ensuring proper valuation governance and control processes of the Group. It delegates the responsibility for overseeing the valuation process for financial instruments to the TIRC. Valuation is performed independently by RMCD and where appropriate, by independent and professionally qualified valuers and actuaries and the valuation results are periodically verified to ensure the integrity of the fair value measurement process.

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(丑) 金融資產及負債之公平值(續)

凡金融工具之報價隨時且定期由交易 所、交易商、經紀人、行業組織、定 價服務及監管機構發佈,則被視作為 活躍市場報價之金融工具。於活躍市 場之報價為公平值提供最可靠之證 據,並須於可獲得時使用。倘金融資 產或金融負債有買入價及賣出價,本 集團將採用買賣差價中在該等情況下 最能代表公平值之價格。

本集團使用外間報價及其本身信貸息差,以釐定其金融負債及已選擇以公平值計量之其他負債之現值。倘本集團之信貸息差擴闊,負債之價值下降,本集團會確認該等負債之收益。倘本集團之信貸息差收窄,負債之價值上升,本集團會確認相對該等負債之虧損。

如有需要,用於計量程序之價格數據 及參數會被仔細覆核及調整才應用, 其中尤其需要考慮當前的市場發展情 況。

34. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(I) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency. A quoted price in an active market provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and shall be used whenever available. If a financial asset or a financial liability has a bid price and an ask price, the price within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value in the circumstances is used by the Group.

Where observable market quotation of financial instruments is not directly available, the Group estimates the fair value of such financial instruments by using appropriate valuation techniques that are widely recognised including present value techniques and standard option pricing models. In applying valuation techniques for these financial instruments, the Group maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs (for examples, interest rates, FX rates, volatilities, credit spreads) and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. For example, the fair value of interest-rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows, the fair value of foreign exchange forward contracts is generally based on current forward rates and the fair value of option contracts is derived using appropriate pricing models, such as Black-Scholes model.

The Group uses external price quotes and its own credit spreads in determining the current value of its financial liabilities and other liabilities for which it has elected the fair value option. When the Group's credit spreads widen, the Group recognises a gain on these liabilities because the value of the liabilities has decreased. When the Group's credit spreads narrow, the Group recognises a loss on these liabilities because the value of the liabilities has increased.

Price data and parameters used in the measurement process are reviewed carefully and adjusted, if necessary, to take consideration of the current market developments.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(寅) 資本管理

本集團管理資本之目標為:

- 符合本集團機構有營運的市場 之銀行業及保險業監管機構所 設定之資本規定;
- 保障本集團持續發展業務之能力;
- 為股東爭取最高回報和帶給其他利益相關者最佳利益;及
- 維持強大資本基礎以支持業務 發展。

本集團管理層定期應用按巴塞爾委員 會發出並由香港金管局執行作監管用 途指引之方法,監控本集團之香港銀 行附屬公司之資本充足度及法定資本 之使用,每個季度向香港金管局申報 有關規定的資料。

由於巴塞爾協定III自2013年1月起 在香港生效,大新銀行須符合三個比 率,分別為普通股權一級資本、一級 資本及總資本對加權風險資產的比 率。該三個比率於2015年1月1日之 國際認可最低要求分別為4.5%, 6.0% 及8.0%, 並已被香港金管局採納。 為符合香港金管局載於《監管政策手 冊》CA-G-5有關《監管檢討程序》之 規定,大新銀行須就監管者規定,內 部風險評估及按第二支柱資本規定之 壓力測試結果而設立額外緩衝以反映 未包含在最低法定資本計算之重大風 險。此外,作為構成巴塞爾協定III-部份的槓桿比率亦已開始並行實施直 至2017年,其相關資料已經由大新銀 行呈報為法定監控。此外,巴塞爾協 定Ⅲ新引入之防護緩衝資本及反周期 緩衝資本規定將從2016年1月1日起在 香港實施。與國際標準一致,香港金 管局就巴塞爾委員會所建議之有關普 通股權一級資本比率、一級資本比率 及緩衝資本等新資本規定採用分階段 實施的安排,並將於2019年1月1日全 面實施。

34. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(m) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are:

- To comply with the capital requirements set by the banking and insurance regulators in the markets where the entities within the Group operate;
- To safeguard the Group's ability to continue its business as a going concern;
- To maximize returns to shareholders and optimise the benefits to other stakeholders; and
- To maintain a strong capital base to support the development of its business.

Capital adequacy of and the use of regulatory capital by the Group's Hong Kong banking subsidiary is monitored regularly by the Group's management, employing techniques based on the guidelines developed by the Basel Committee, as implemented by the HKMA, for supervisory purposes. The required information is filed with the HKMA on a quarterly basis.

As Basel III has become effective from January 2013 in Hong Kong, DSB is required to meet three ratios, namely, the Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Tier 1 capital and Total capital respectively against risk-weighted assets. The internationally agreed minimum of these three ratios as of 1 January 2015 are set at 4.5%, 6.0% and 8.0% respectively and are adopted by the HKMA. In order to comply with HKMA's requirements as stated in the SPM CA-G-5 on "Supervisory Review Process", DSB is required to set further buffers, to reflect material risks not included in the minimum regulatory capital calculation, arising from regulator's requirements, internal assessment of risks and the results of stress tests under the Pillar II capital requirement. Moreover, the Leverage Ratio that forms part of Basel III implementation is under parallel run until 2017 and relevant information has been submitted by DSB for regulatory monitoring. In addition, the capital conservation and countercyclical capital buffers introduced under Basel III will be implemented from 1 January 2016 in Hong Kong. In line with the international standards, the HKMA also adopts the phase-in arrangements for new capital requirements in relation to the Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio, Tier 1 capital ratio and capital buffers as proposed by the Basel Committee and will achieve full implementation by 1 January 2019.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(寅) 資本管理(續)

本集團管理層定期按澳門金融管理局 (「澳門金管局」)及中國銀行業監督管 理委員會(「中國銀監會」)就監管用途 發出的指引之方法,監控集團之澳門 附屬銀行澳門商業銀行及中國附屬銀 行大新銀行(中國)之資本充足度及法 定資本之使用。

澳門商業銀行及大新銀行(中國)分別向澳門金管局及中國銀監會按季度呈報所需資料。澳門金管局規定澳門商業銀行以及中國銀監會規定大新銀行(中國)各須維持其自有資本或資本基礎對加權風險總額之比率(即資本充足比率)不低於法定認可之最低水平8%。

本集團若干非銀行附屬公司亦須遵循 其他監管機構(例如:證券及期貨事 務監察委員會)之法定資本規定。

(卯) 受託業務

本集團提供託管人、受託人、財富管理及諮詢服務予第三者,當中涉及本集團就不同之金融工具作出分配及買賣決定。此等以受信身份持有之資產,並不列入本集團之財務報表。此等服務可引致本集團被追索錯誤管理之風險。

34. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(m) Capital management (Continued)

Risk-weighted amount is the aggregate of the risk-weighted amounts for credit risk, market risk and operational risk, and covers both on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposures. On-balance sheet exposures are classified according to the obligor or the nature of each exposure and risk-weighted based on the credit assessment rating assigned by an external credit assessment institution recognised by the HKMA or other rules as set out in the Banking (Capital) Rules, taking into account the capital effects of credit risk mitigation. Off-balance sheet exposures are converted into credit-equivalent amounts by applying relevant credit conversion factors to each exposure, before being classified and risk-weighted as if they were on-balance sheet exposures.

Capital adequacy of and the use of regulatory capital by the Group's Macau banking subsidiary, BCM, and banking subsidiary in China, DSB China, are monitored regularly by the Group's management, employing techniques based on the guidelines provided by the Autoridade Monetária de Macau ("AMCM") and the China Banking Regulatory Commission ("CBRC") respectively for supervisory purposes.

The required information is filed by BCM with the AMCM and by DSB China with the CBRC on a quarterly basis. The AMCM requires BCM and the CBRC requires DSB China to maintain a ratio of own funds or capital base to total risk-weighted exposures (i.e. the capital adequacy ratio) not lower than the agreed regulatory minimum of 8%.

Certain non-banking subsidiaries of the Group are also subject to statutory capital requirements from other regulatory authorities, such as the Securities and Futures Commission.

(n) Fiduciary activities

The Group provides custody, trustee, wealth management and advisory services to third parties, which involve the Group making allocation and purchase and sale decisions in relation to a variety of financial instruments. Those assets that are held in a fiduciary capacity are not included in the Group's financial statements. These services could give rise to the risk that the Group could be accused of mal-administration.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(辰) 推出新產品或服務

乙. 集團保險系

本集團的保險業務涉及多種風險,包 括保險風險、產品風險、投資風險及 業務風險。本集團相信有效的風險管 理是控制及經營保險業務的關鍵,有 助維持本集團業務的盈利能力和穩 健。

保險業務的主要風險及相關的控制程 序如下:

(甲) 保險風險

本集團的保險業務是承保有關保險的 風險,而所承保之各類別或事件的風險,視乎風險的種類均設有最高保 額,超額的風險將按不時檢討之各種 轉保及相關協議分保。另外,保險集 團亦採取分保作災難補償安排以減低 因特定事件索償(可能涉及多項索償) 對本集團的風險。

承保及索償方法及程序均需記錄及檢 討。外部獨立精算師亦被聘用負責衡 量保險儲備是否充足。

(乙) 產品風險

新產品及現有產品的重大修改須通過 產品認可程序,包括檢討產品的盈利 能力及如有需要交由內部及外部的獨 立精算師評核。

(丙) 投資風險

保險集團的投資方式是維持盡量平衡 保險業務資產與對保單人的負債之回 報、年期及貨幣的配合,並以保守投 資組合盡力保持投資價值,當中考慮 的因素包括相關的風險、稅務及監管 規定。

34. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(o) Launch of new product or service

The launch of every new product or service is governed by the New Product Approval process stipulated under the Group Risk Policy which requires the relevant business and supporting units, including GRD, to review the critical requirements, risk assessment and resources plan before the launch. New products or services which could have a significant impact on the Group's risk profile should be brought to the attention of the Board or its designated committee(s) before the launch. The Group's Internal Audit function performs regular independent review and testing to ensure compliance by the relevant units in the new product approval process.

B. Insurance Group

The Group's insurance business is exposed to multiple risks, including insurance risk, product risk, investment risk and business risks. We believe that effective risk management is an integral part of our insurance business' control process and operations, and that effective control of risks assists to maintain the profitability and stability of our business.

The key risks of our insurance business and related risk control process are as follows:

(a) Insurance risk

The Group's insurance operation is in the business of underwriting insurance risk and retains various maximum amounts per risk or event dependent on the type of risk with the excess being reinsured through various reinsurance and related agreements which are regularly reviewed. Catastrophe cover arrangements are also in place whereby a number of claims relating to a specific incident in aggregate would represent a material risk to the Group are reinsured.

Underwriting and claims practices and procedures are documented and reviewed. External independent actuaries are engaged to evaluate the adequacy of the insurance reserves.

(b) Product risk

New products and major revisions to existing products undergo a product approval process with the profitability being reviewed and where appropriate assessed by internal and external independent actuaries.

(c) Investment risk

Our investment practice is to maintain a conservatively invested portfolio which attempts to maintain value whilst matching assets and policyholder liabilities as appropriate, by yield, duration and currency taking account of the associated risks, taxation and regulatory requirements.

乙. 集團保險系(續)

(丁) 業務風險

(戊) 資本管理

於本集團之保險附屬公司經營的各個 市場內,當地保險監管機構規定除計 算保險負債外,各附屬公司必須保持 資本之最低金額及類型,並須於全年 任何時間維持該最低資本要求。本集 團之附屬公司須受其發出保險及投 資合約身處之市場之保險償付能力 法規監管,且已遵守當地之償付能力 法規。 本集團已於其資產負債管理 架構內嵌入合適之測試,以確保持續 及完全遵守有關法規。各市場內之各 保險公司之償付能力要求須遵照當地 規定,而各司法管轄區之規定可能相 異。於香港,本集團之人壽附屬保險 公司大新人壽之規定償付能力準備金 乃由本集團所聘用之精算師根據香港 保險公司(償付能力準備金)規例釐 定。此外,保險業監督亦規定公司進 行動態償付能力測試,以識別公司於 持續經營基準下之償付能力狀況及可 能對其良好財務狀況發生之威脅。於 本報告期/年及過去之報告期/年, 動態償付能力測試結果均為滿意。

丙. 內部審核處的角色

本集團之內部審核處是一個獨立、客觀及顧問性質的部門,集中於改進和維持本集團業務及後勤部門良好的內部控制。該處向一獨立非執行董事的主持的集團審核委員會作出功能上的匯報。內部審核處處理各類不同形式的內部控制活動,例如合規性審計,操作和系統覆查以確保本集團控制系統的完整性、效率和有效性。

34. Risk management (Continued)

B. Insurance Group (Continued)

(d) Business risks

The Group's Hong Kong insurance subsidiaries, Dah Sing Life Assurance Company Limited ("DSLA") and Dah Sing Insurance Company (1976) Limited, follow the policies and procedures of the Group in assessing business risk in terms of contingency and interruption planning as well as providing training for staff and agents to comply with the relevant rules and regulations covering their businesses. Macau Insurance Company Limited and Macau Life Insurance Company Limited, which are insurance subsidiaries of the Group operating in Macau, have their own policies and procedures to comply with the relevant requirements in Macau.

(e) Capital management

In each market in which the Group's insurance subsidiaries operate, the local insurance regulator specifies the minimum amount and type of capital that must be held by each of the subsidiaries in addition to their insurance liabilities. The minimum required capital must be maintained at all times throughout the year. The Group's subsidiaries are subject to insurance solvency regulations in the markets in which they issue insurance and investment contracts, and where they have complied with the local solvency regulations. The Group has embedded in its asset and liability management framework the necessary tests to ensure continuous and full compliance with such regulations. The solvency requirement of each insurance company in each market is subject to local requirements, which may differ from jurisdiction to jurisdiction. In Hong Kong, the required margin of solvency for the Group's life insurance subsidiary, DSLA, is determined by the Group's appointed actuary in accordance with the Hong Kong Insurance Companies (Margin of Solvency) Regulation. In addition, dynamic solvency test is also required by the Insurance Authority to identify the solvency position of the company on a going concern basis and plausible threats to satisfactory financial condition. For current and previous reporting period/year, the results of dynamic solvency test are satisfactory.

C. The role of Internal Audit

The Group's Internal Audit Division is an independent, objective assurance and consulting unit, which is designed to focus on enhancing and sustaining sound internal control in all business and operational units of the Group. The division reports functionally to the Group AC, which is chaired by an Independent Non-Executive Director. The division conducts a wide variety of internal control activities such as compliance audits and operations and systems reviews to ensure the integrity, efficiency and effectiveness of the systems of control of the Group.

財務比率

FINANCIAL RATIOS

		铁土	似土
		2015年	2014年
		6月30日	6月30日
		止6個月	止6個月
		Six months	Six months
		ended	ended
		30 Jun 2015	30 Jun 2014
淨利息收入/營運收入	Net interest income/operating income	66.8%	68.3%
成本對收入比率	Cost to income ratio	47.0%	47.5%
平均總資產回報(年率化)	Return on average total assets (annualised)	1.1%	1.1%
平均股東資金回報(年率化)	Return on average shareholders'		
	funds (annualised)	11.1%	11.5%
淨息差	Net interest margin	1.76%	1.79%

中期股息

董事會宣佈派發2015年中期股息每股0.32港元,該中期股息將約於2015年9月24日(星期四)派發予於2015年9月18日(星期五)辦公時間結束時名列股東名冊上之股東。

暫停辦理股東登記

本公司將於2015年9月14日(星期一)至2015年9月18日(星期五)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理股東登記。為確保合資格獲派中期股息,須於2015年9月11日(星期五)下午4時30分前將過戶表格連同有關股票送達香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712至1716室香港中央證券登記有限公司,本公司之股份登記處辦理過戶手續。

集團及業務概覽

概要

環球經濟增長於上半年仍然相對緩慢。香港本地市場亦相對受壓,貿易和本地零售業疲弱。中國大陸亦經歷了相對較為慢速的經濟增長,而澳門的經濟低迷的情況更為嚴重,特別是博彩業。香港及中國的股市顯著波動,市場等待美國利率可能在下半年出現的變化。在貸款增長溫和的市場背景下,本地市場資金流動性仍然良好。

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Directors have declared an interim dividend of HK\$0.32 per share for 2015 payable on or about Thursday, 24 September 2015 to shareholders whose names are on the Register of Shareholders at the close of business on Friday, 18 September 2015.

盘石

裁歹

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF SHAREHOLDERS

The Register of Shareholders will be closed from Monday, 14 September 2015 to Friday, 18 September 2015, both days inclusive. In order to qualify for the interim dividend, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 11 September 2015.

CORPORATE AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW

HIGHLIGHTS

Global economic growth remained relatively lackluster in the first half of the year. Local market conditions in Hong Kong were also relatively subdued, with weakness in trade and the local retail sector experienced. Mainland China also experienced relatively slower economic growth, whilst the downturn in Macau was more severe, particularly in the gaming sector. Equity market volatility in the Hong Kong and China markets was pronounced, and the market awaits potential changes in US interest rates in the second half of the year. Local market liquidity conditions remained benign, against a market backdrop of modest loan growth.

集團及業務概覽(續)

概要(續)

在較具挑戰的市場環境下,本集團欣然公佈 2015年上半年本公司股東應佔溢利增加6%至 10億7千4百萬港元。溢利增長主要來自銀行 集團於香港、中國大陸及澳門的全資附屬銀 行業務,合共為銀行集團扣除減值虧損之營 運溢利錄得33%增長至10億4千4百萬港元。 本集團聯營公司重慶銀行(「重慶銀行」)期內 表現良好,其對本集團溢利貢獻9%之增長。 本集團之保險業務表現較弱,主要由於投資 組合所得收益大幅下降所致。

業務及財務回顧

貸款溫和增長2.9%,但由於平穩的淨息差,及因去年貸款增長較為強勁致使2015年初的貸款結餘相比2014年高,淨利息收入錄得7.8%的可觀增長。

營運開支控制於良好水平,較2014年上半年 上升9.1%,遠低於同期收入的增幅。儘管於 上述較具挑戰性的經濟情況下,整體信貸質 素維持良好,減值支出總額較去年同期輕微 下跌。

CORPORATE AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW

(Continued)

HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

Against this relatively challenging background, we are pleased to announce that our profit attributable to shareholders for the first half of 2015 increased by 6% to HK\$1,074 million. The increase in profit was driven mainly by our Banking Group's wholly owned operations in Hong Kong, Mainland China and Macau, which in aggregate reported an increase in Banking Group's operating profit after impairment losses of 33% to HK\$1,044 million. Our associated company, Bank of Chongqing ("BOCQ"), performed well over the period, bringing to us a 9% growth in its contribution to our profit. Our insurance businesses delivered weaker results, mainly due to a much lower gains from the investment portfolio.

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

The key business trends in our Banking Group during the first half of the year were strong fee and commission income growth, modest loan growth and a steady net interest margin. Our net fee and commission income, mainly from our banking operations, was up by 31%, with strong performances from our wealth management business, including our local Hong Kong broking business, as well as from FX and other treasury products for both our retail and commercial customers. The much lower trading income during the period was driven principally by mark-to-market losses in our insurance bond portfolio due to a rise in longer term interest rates during the period. Net insurance premium and other income dropped, mainly due to a modest decrease in the value of inforce policies of our long-term life business with the rising interest rates, which also led to the decrease in actuarial reserves for the liabilities to policyholders, and in turn a significant reduction in the insurance claims and expenses.

Loan growth was modest at 2.9%, but with a stable net interest margin, and a relatively higher loan balance at the start of 2015 compared with 2014, due to stronger loan growth in the prior year, net interest income recorded a respectable rate of growth of 7.8%.

Operating expenses were well controlled with growth over the first half of 2014 of 9.1%, well below the growth in income over the same period. Despite the relatively challenging economic conditions described above, overall credit quality remained benign, with a slight drop in total impairment charges compared with the same period in the prior year.

業務及財務回顧(續)

重慶銀行於2015年6月底宣佈與一些潛在投 資者就有關配股交易簽訂了有條件協議,通 過以配售(「配售」)方式發行新H股以籌集新 資本。建議之新股發售及配股交易已獲重慶 銀行股東於近期舉行之股東大會上批准。重 慶銀行正辦理取得其他所需監管部門的批准 以完成配售。本集團並非配售之參與方,於 配售完成後,本集團於重慶銀行之權益將由 現時之16.95%攤薄至13.05%,將被視作本集 團出售於重慶銀行之部份股權入賬。由於配 售發行價比重慶銀行每股資產淨值低,本集 團於重慶銀行權益之攤薄將引致本集團於重 慶銀行投資之賬面值錄得虧損。鑑於預期配 售將會完成,本集團已於期內之業績就重慶 銀行之權益將會減少而出現之預期虧損撥備 3千2百萬港元。

上半年內並無其他重大特殊項目。

期內資產回報率為1.1%,相若於去年同期水平,而股本回報率由11.5%下降至11.1%。成本對收入比率由47.5%下降至47.0%。

於2015年6月30日,大新銀行之普通股權一級資本充足率為11.7%,較去年年底上升0.3%,因期內並無進行額外集資,該升幅由較高保留盈利及輕微增長的資產所帶動。儘管有上述之正面影響,整體資本充足率為16.2%,大致與去年年底之16.3%相若,主要由於監管資本過渡性安排下減除部份不符合巴塞爾協定III標準之後償債務作為合資格二級資本基礎所致。

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Bank of Chongging announced in late June 2015 its conditional agreement with a number of prospective investors on a share placement transaction seeking to raise new equity via issuing new H shares by way of a placing (the "Placing"). The proposed new share issue and the share placement transaction were approved by BOCQ shareholders in a recent shareholders' meeting. BOCQ is proceeding to procure the other required regulatory approvals to allow the Placing to complete. The Group is not party to the Placing and the Group's interest in BOCQ will be diluted from the existing 16.95% to 13.05% when the Placing is completed, which will cause a recognition of a deemed disposal of part of the Group's shareholding in BOCQ. With the issue price of the Placing being lower than the net asset value per share of BOCQ, the dilution in the Group's interest in BOCQ will result in a loss in the carrying value of the Group's investment in BOCQ. As it is currently anticipated that the Placing will be completed, a provision of HK\$32 million for the estimated loss on the reduction in the shareholding interest held by the Group in BOCQ has been recognised in our results in the period.

There were no other material exceptional items during the first half of the year.

Return on assets stood at prior period level of 1.1% whilst ROE declined from 11.5% to 11.1%. Cost to income ratio was down slightly from 47.5% to 47.0%.

As at 30 June 2015, Dah Sing Bank's Common Equity Tier 1 ratio was 11.7%, up by 0.3% compared with the end of last year, driven by slower asset growth coupled with higher retained earnings, as no additional capital raising was undertaken during the period. Its total capital adequacy ratio was 16.2%, broadly similar to 16.3% as at the end of last year despite positive impact as mentioned above, mainly due to the phase out of a portion of the non-Basel III compliant subordinated debts as eligible Tier 2 capital base under the regulatory capital transitional arrangement.

前瞻

儘管本集團在上半年於波動的市場狀況下表現強勁,本集團對下半年的前景保持審慎。中國大陸及香港股市於最近數星期大幅下跌,證券市場大幅波動。中國人民銀行於8月11日宣佈人民幣貶值增加了人民幣外匯交易的市場波動,對宏觀經濟可能有更廣泛的影響。環球經濟增長維持呆滯,本集團於香港、澳門及中國大陸主要市場的增長亦較為緩慢,並無跡象顯示短期內將有重大改善。

儘管如此,信貸質素前景仍相對平穩,雖然 早前有憂慮宏觀經濟之信貸有可能加速惡 化,特別與大陸有關之信貸風險,但目前的 信貸表現仍可接受。香港及澳門之信貸質素 依然良好。

上半年的貸款及存款增長相對溫和,本集團並不預期下半年有重大改變。就風險而言,較緩慢的貸款增長令市場資金流動性有所改善,某種程度上亦令融資成本下降,然而本集團對今年年底前美國聯邦儲備局上調利率的潛在風險亦保持警惕。

整體而言,本集團認為前景大致保持平穩,惟有一些下行風險。因應現時之監管要求及市場狀況,本集團將繼續維持適當的資本及流動資金,並預期於下半年維持兩者於相對保守的水平。

就較中期而言,本集團繼續看見擴大提供客戶的產品和服務範圍,並拓展本集團的業務運營的機會。儘管本集團察覺上述若干風險,本集團預期有關風險現時並不嚴重至需要重大調整本集團之中期展望。

PROSPECTS

Although performance in the first half of the year was robust, despite volatile market conditions, we remain cautious about the outlook for the remaining part of the year. Equity market conditions have been highly volatile, with substantial decreases in both the Mainland China and Hong Kong stock markets in recent weeks. The depreciation of RMB announced by the People's Bank of China on 11 August has caused increased market volatility on RMB currency trading which may have wider implications on the broader economy. Global economic growth remains sluggish, and growth in our key markets of Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China is also relatively slow, with no signs of material improvement in the near term.

That being said, the outlook for credit quality is relatively stable, and despite earlier concerns over a potentially more rapid credit deterioration in the broader economy, particularly relating to Mainland credit exposure, current credit performance is acceptable. In Hong Kong and Macau, credit quality remains benign.

Loan and deposit growth in the first half of the year was relatively modest, and we do not expect this to change substantially in the second half of the year. From a risk perspective, the slower market loan growth has resulted in improvements in liquidity conditions, and somewhat lower funding costs, although we remain vigilant about the potential risks of interest rate rises by the US Federal Reserve before the end of the year.

Overall, therefore we are of the view that the outlook remains broadly stable, but with some risks to the downside. We continue to maintain capital and liquidity at appropriate levels given both current regulations and current market conditions, and expect to maintain a relatively conservative position on both measures in the second half of the year.

Over a more medium term timeframe we continue to see opportunities to expand our range of products and services to our customers, and expand our business operations. Whilst we have identified certain risks, as set out above, we do not currently expect these risks to be so severe that we need to change our medium term outlook significantly.

董事及行政總裁權益

(甲) 在本公司及相聯法團所持之股份權益

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

As at 30 June 2015, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the Chief Executive of the Company in the shares. underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "SEHK") pursuant to Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they have taken on or are deemed to have acquired under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required pursuant to the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or as otherwise required to be notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers and the code of conduct for directors' securities dealing adopted by the Company (collectively the "Securities Model Code") were as follows:

(a) Interests in the shares of the Company and its associated corporation

股份數目 Number of shares

			Number	of shares			
董事	Directors	個人權益 Personal interests	法團權益 Corporate interests	其他權益 Other interests	合計權益 Total interests	佑已發行股份總數 之權益百分比 Percentage of interests in the total number of issued shares	
持有本公司 普 殖股股份	Number of ordinary shares in the Company						
王守業 周偉偉	David Shou-Yeh Wong John Wai-Wai Chow	- 1,223,231	11,096,495 ⁽¹⁾ –	126,189,187 ⁽²⁾	137,285,682 1,223,231	40.97 0.37	
持有大新銀行集團有限公司 普通股股份	Number of ordinary shares in Dah Sing Banking Group Lim	ited					
王守業 周偉偉 麥曉德(4)	David Shou-Yeh Wong John Wai-Wai Chow Nicholas John Mayhew ⁽⁴⁾	- 208,741 24,640	1,045,626,955 ⁽³⁾ - -	- - -	1,045,626,955 208,741 24,640	74.58 0.01 0.00	

董事及行政總裁權益(續)

(甲) 在本公司及相聯法團所持之股份權益 (續)

註:

- (1) 董事於法團權益乃指由其於股東大會 上可控制三分之一或以上投票權之公 司所持有之股份。
- (2) 此等股份乃由為王守業及其家屬成員 利益而成立之全權信託受託人匯豐國 際信託有限公司間接持有。
- (3) 此等股份包括本公司持有大新銀行集團有限公司(「大新銀行集團」)74.57%控制權益,而根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部的定義因王守業擁有本公司40.97%實益權益而被視作間接擁有大新銀行集團股份之法團權益,以及由王守業擁有控制權之公司所持有之股份權益。
- (4) 除上述所披露之大新銀行集團權益 外,麥曉德在DSE Investment Services Limited (「DSE」)亦擁有面值700港元 之優先股份權益。DSE乃本公司全資 附屬公司,現時無營業。

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE (Continued)

(a) Interests in the shares of the Company and its associated corporation (Continued)

Notes:

- (1) The corporate interests are in respect of shares held by companies in which the director controls one third or more of the voting powers at general meetings.
- (2) Such shares are indirectly held by HSBC International Trustee Limited, a trustee of a discretionary trust established for the benefit of David Shou-Yeh Wong and his family members.
- (3) Such shares include the indirect corporate interests of David Shou-Yeh Wong in Dah Sing Banking Group Limited ("DSBG") under Part XV of the SFO by virtue of his beneficial interests of 40.97% in the Company which currently holds a controlling interest of 74.57% in DSBG and interests in DSBG held through a company controlled by David Shou-Yeh Wong.
- (4) In addition to the interests in DSBG disclosed above, Nicholas John Mayhew is also beneficially interested in all of the preference shares of DSE Investment Services Limited ("DSE") in issue totalling HK\$700. DSE is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and is currently inactive.

董事及行政總裁權益(續)

(乙) 在本公司及相聯法團所持認股權計劃下 之認股權權益

下列為本公司及大新銀行集團(本公司 之相聯法團)分別按其於2005年4月28 日及2004年6月12日採納之認股權計劃 (合稱「該等舊計劃」)授出之認股權以 認購本公司及大新銀行集團普通股份之 權益及按香港聯合交易所有限公司證券 上市規則(「《上市規則》」)而須予披露 之資料:

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE (Continued)

(b) Interests in options under share option schemes of the Company and its associated corporation

Set out below are particulars of interests in options to subscribe for ordinary shares of the Company and DSBG, an associated corporation of the Company, granted respectively under the Share Option Schemes of the Company adopted on 28 April 2005 and DSBG adopted on 12 June 2004 (collectively the "Old Schemes") and information that is required to be disclosed in accordance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"):

認股權包含之股份數目 Number of shares in the options

		Number of snares in the options							
承授人	Grantee	於2015年 1月1日 持有 ⁽¹⁾ Held at 1/1/2015 ⁽¹⁾	期內授出 Granted during the period	期内行使 Exercised during the period	期內註銷/ 失效 Cancelled/ lapsed during the period	於2015年 6月30日 持有 Held at 30/6/2015	行使價 ⁽¹⁾ Exercise price ⁽¹⁾ (港元) (HK\$)	授出日 Grant date (日/月/年) (D/M/Y)	行使期 Exercise period (日/月/年) (D/M/Y)
本公司於2005年4月28日 採納之認股權計劃	Share Option Scheme of the Company adopted on 28 April 2005								
僱員總額(2)	Aggregate of employees (2)	782,301	-	-	(260,767)	521,534	38.35	12/12/2011	12/12/2012- 12/12/2017
		417,227	-	-	(104,307)	312,920	31.88	21/12/2012	21/12/2013- 21/12/2018
大新銀行集團 於2004年6月12日 採納之認股權計劃	Share Option Scheme of DSBG adopted on 12 June 2004								21/12/2010
董事 王伯凌	Directors Gary Pak-Ling Wang	2,700,218	-	-	-	2,700,218	8.91	12/12/2011	12/12/2012- 12/12/2017
		934,691	-	-	-	934,691	7.96	21/12/2012	21/12/2013- 21/12/2018
麥曉德	Nicholas John Mayhew	2,492,510	-	-	-	2,492,510	8.91	12/12/2011	12/12/2012- 12/12/2017
		830,836	-	-	-	830,836	7.96	21/12/2012	21/12/2013- 21/12/2018
其他僱員總額⑵	Aggregate of other employees (2)	2,907,927	-	-	-	2,907,927	8.91	12/12/2011	12/12/2012- 12/12/2017
		1,973,236	-	(207,710)	(3)	1,765,526	7.96	21/12/2012	21/12/2013- 21/12/2018
		311,564	-	(62,313)	_	249,251	11.68	26/03/2014	26/03/2015 26/03/2020

董事及行政總裁權益(續)

(乙) 在本公司及相聯法團所持認股權計劃下 之認股權權益(續)

註:

- (1) 經本公司及大新銀行集團分別於2014 年4月及2014年5月完成之供股而作出 調整。本公司及大新銀行集團已分別 於2014年4月29日及2014年5月8日就 相關調整概要作出公佈。
- (2) 認股權乃授予若干合資格僱員,彼等 為本公司及/或大新銀行集團主要營 運附屬公司的董事、高級管理人員或 職員,並為香港僱傭條例下「連續合 約」工作的僱員。
- (3) 截至2015年6月30日止6個月期間內, 大新銀行集團股份在緊接認股權行使 日期之前的加權平均收市價為15.745 港元。
- (4) 所有根據該等舊計劃下授予各承授人 之認股權於授予日起計第1個至第5個 週年分5批平均歸屬並可予以行使。
- (5) 本公司於2005年4月28日採納之認股權計劃已於2015年4月28日屆滿。於2015年5月27日,本公司股東通過批准採納新認股權計劃(「大新金融新認股權計劃)。由大新金融新認股權計劃採納日起至2015年6月30日止,並無任何認股權根據大新金融新認股權計劃授出。
- (6) 於2014年5月27日,大新銀行集團股東通過批准採納新認股權計劃(「大新銀行集團新認股權計劃」)及終止於2004年6月12日採納之大新銀行集團認股權計劃。由大新銀行集團新認股權計劃採納日起至2015年6月30日止,並無任何認股權根據大新銀行集團新認股權計劃授出。

所有上述權益皆屬好倉。於2015年6月30日,本公司依據《證券及期貨條例》而設置之董事及行政總裁權益及淡倉登記冊內並無董事或行政總裁持有淡倉的記錄。

除上文所披露者外,於2015年6月30日,本公司董事或行政總裁及其各自之聯繫人士概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見《證券及期貨條例》第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有已在本公司按《證券及期貨條例》第352條規定備存之登記冊中記錄,或根據證券標準守則已知會本公司及香港交易所之任何權益或淡倉。

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE (Continued)

(b) Interests in options under share option schemes of the Company and its associated corporation (Continued)

Notes:

- (1) Adjusted as a result of the Rights Issue completed in April 2014 and May 2014 for the Company and DSBG respectively. The key summary of related adjustments had been announced by the Company and DSBG on 29 April 2014 and 8 May 2014 respectively.
- (2) Share options were granted to certain eligible employees, who are directors, senior executives or officers of major operating subsidiaries of the Company and/or DSBG and are working under employment contracts that are regarded as "continuous contracts" for the purpose of the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong.
- (3) The weighted average closing price of the shares of DSBG immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised during the six months ended 30 June 2015 was HK\$15,745.
- (4) All the existing share options under the Old Schemes shall be exercisable upon vesting in five equal tranches between the first and fifth anniversaries from the date of grant.
- (5) The share option scheme of the Company adopted on 28 April 2005 was expired on 28 April 2015. On 27 May 2015, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "New DSFH Option Scheme"). No share options had been granted under the New DSFH Option Scheme since the date of adoption to 30 June 2015.
- (6) On 27 May 2014, the shareholders of DSBG approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "New DSBG Option Scheme") and the termination of the share option scheme of DSBG adopted on 12 June 2004. No share options had been granted under the New DSBG Option Scheme since the date of adoption to 30 June 2015.

All the interests stated above represent long positions. As at 30 June 2015, none of the Directors or Chief Executive of the Company held any short positions as defined under the SFO which are required to be recorded in the register of directors' and chief executives' interests and short positions.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2015, none of the Directors or Chief Executive of the Company and their respective associates had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the Securities Model Code.

主要股東權益

於2015年6月30日,以下人士(本公司董事及 行政總裁之權益已於上文披露除外)於本公 司股份及相關股份中,持有本公司根據《證 券及期貨條例》第XV部第336條規定存置的 股東權益登記冊予以記錄或據本公司知悉的 權益或淡倉。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

As at 30 June 2015, the following are the persons, other than the Directors and Chief Executive of the Company whose interests are disclosed above, who had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of shareholders' interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of Part XV of the SFO or otherwise known to the Company.

佔已發行股份

股東	Shareholder	身份 Capacity	所持股份數目 Number of shares held	總數之權益 百分比 ⁽⁴⁾ Percentage of interests in the total number of issued shares ⁽⁴⁾
王嚴君琴	Christine Yen Wong	因其配偶擁有領予披露權益 而被視作擁有權益 Deemed interests by virtue of her spouse having a notifiable interest	137,285,682 (1)	40.97*
匯豐國際信託有限公司	HSBC International Trustee Limited	信託人及法團權益 Trustee and corporate interests	126,199,187 (2)	37.66*
DSI Limited	DSI Limited	信託人及法團權益 Trustee and corporate interests	61,205,583 (3)	18.27*
DSI Group Limited	DSI Group Limited	信託人及法團權益 Trustee and corporate interests	45,068,894 (3)	13.45*
DSI Holding Limited	DSI Holding Limited	信託人及法團權益 Trustee and corporate interests	19,914,710 (3)	5.94*
三菱UFJ金融集團	Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.	法團權益 Corporate interests	50,870,777	15.18
三菱東京UFJ銀行	The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.	實益權益 Beneficial interests	50,870,777	15.18
Aberdeen Asset Management Plc 及受賬戶委託之聯繫機構	Aberdeen Asset Management Plc and its associates under mandates	投資經理 Investment manager	23,431,443	6.99
Aberdeen Asset Management Asia Limited	Aberdeen Asset Management Asia Limited	投資經理 Investment manager	18,048,800	5.39

- * 以上匯豐國際信託有限公司、DSI Limited、DSI Group Limited及DSI Holding Limited各自所列之權益均屬王守業所持有 本公司股份中之部份,而該等之權益已於 「董事及行政總裁權益」一節予以披露。王嚴 君琴的權益即該等王守業在本公司的股份全 數。因此,有關股份不可累積計算,概只屬 於王守業所披露有本公司股份權益之部份或 全部。
- Each of the interests of HSBC International Trustee Limited, DSI Limited, DSI Group Limited and DSI Holding Limited forms part of the shares held by David Shou-Yeh Wong in the Company as disclosed under the heading "Interests of Directors and Chief Executive". The interests of Christine Yen Wong represent the whole of such shares. Therefore, these shareholdings should not be aggregated, and rather form part or whole of the same share interests of David Shou-Yeh Wong held in the Company.

主要股東權益(續)

註:

- (1) 此等股份屬王嚴君琴被視作擁有之權益,皆 因其配偶王守業乃持有本公司有關股本中按 《證券及期貨條例》第316(1)條釋義須予申報 權益之主要股東。此等權益於上文「董事及 行政總裁權益」一節所披露中所載王守業持 有之股份相同。
- (2) 此等股份中之126,189,187股主要由為王守 業及其家屬利益而成立之全權信託受託人匯 豐國際信託有限公司間接持有。
- (3) 此等股份主要由為王守業及其家族成員利益 而成立之全權信託受託人DSI Limited、DSI Group Limited及DSI Holding Limited間接持 有。
- (4) 每位記名股東所持有之權益百分比乃根據本 公司於2015年6月30日之已發行股份總數計 算。

所有上述權益皆屬好倉。於2015年6月30日,本公司之股東權益及淡倉登記冊內並無淡倉記錄。

遵守企業管治守則

截至2015年6月30日止6個月期間內,本公司已遵守《上市規則》附錄14之《企業管治守則》 (「企業管治守則」)各項守則條文,惟守則條 文A.4.1除外。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文A.4.1規定,非執行董事之委任應有指定任期,並須接受重新選舉。本公司之非執行董事委任並無訂立特定任期,惟須根據本公司的組織章程細則於股東週年大會上輪值退任及重選連任。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

(Continued)

Notes:

- (1) Such shares represent the deemed interests of Christine Yen Wong by virtue of her spouse, David Shou-Yeh Wong being a substantial shareholder of the Company having a notifiable interest in the relevant share capital of the Company (under the interpretation of section 316(1) of the SFO). These interests comprise the same shares held by David Shou-Yeh Wong under the heading "Interests of Directors and Chief Executive" above.
- (2) Out of these shares, 126,189,187 shares are mainly comprised of the interests indirectly held by HSBC International Trustee Limited in trust for a discretionary trust established for the benefit of David Shou-Yeh Wong and his family members.
- (3) Such shares are mainly comprised of the interests indirectly held by DSI Limited, DSI Group Limited and DSI Holding Limited in trust for a discretionary trust established for the benefit of David Shou-Yeh Wong and his family members.
- (4) Percentage of interests held by each named shareholder was calculated with reference to the total number of issued shares of the Company as at 30 June 2015.

All the interests stated above represent long positions. As at 30 June 2015, no short positions were recorded in the register of shareholders' interests in shares and short positions maintained by the Company.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

During the six months ended 30 June 2015, the Company has complied with all the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code ("CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, with the exception of code provision A.4.1.

Pursuant to code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The Non-Executive Directors of the Company are not appointed for a specific term, but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at annual general meetings in accordance with the provisions of the Company's Articles of Association.

董事之證券交易守則

本公司已採納一套自行制定且條款不低於《上市規則》附錄10《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「《標準守則》」)所載規定的董事進行證券交易的董事證券交易守則(「董事交易守則」)。經向所有董事作出特定查詢後,彼等已確認於截至2015年6月30日止6個月,均已遵守《標準守則》及本公司之董事交易守則。

董事資料之變動

根據《上市規則》第13.51B(1)條,自刊發本公司2014年年報起至本中期報告日期止,董事披露資料的變動如下:

(a) 王守業先生

主席

- 由2015年4月29日起停任新亞船 務有限公司主席
- 由 2015 年 6 月 26 日起停任香港上 市公司商會副主席

(b) 史習陶先生

獨立非執行董事

- 董事袍金由2015年4月1日起調整 至每年750,000港元(包括一間附 屬公司之薪酬)

(c) 董樂明先生

獨立非執行董事

- 董事袍金由2015年4月1日起調整 至每年750,000港元(包括一間附 屬公司之薪酬)

(d) 中村清次先生

獨立非執行董事

董事袍金由2015年4月1日起調整 至每年245,000港元

CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted its own code of conduct for directors' securities dealing ("Directors' Dealing Code") on terms no less exacting than the prevailing required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") under Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. Following specific enquiry, the Directors of the Company confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Directors' Dealing Code throughout the six months ended 30 June 2015.

CHANGES IN INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, changes in information required to be disclosed by the Directors since the publication of the 2014 Annual Report of the Company and up to the date of this Interim Report are set out below:

(a) Mr. David Shou-Yeh Wong

Chairman

- Ceased as the Chairman of New Asian Shipping Company, Limited with effect from 29 April 2015
- Ceased as a Vice Chairman of The Chamber of Hong Kong Listed Companies with effect from 26 June 2015

(b) Mr. Robert Tsai-To Sze

Independent Non-Executive Director

 Director's fee revised to HK\$750,000 per annum (including remuneration from a subsidiary) with effect from 1 April 2015

(c) Mr. Lon Dounn

Independent Non-Executive Director

 Director's fee revised to HK\$750,000 per annum (including remuneration from a subsidiary) with effect from 1 April 2015

(d) Mr. Seiii Nakamura

Independent Non-Executive Director

 Director's fee revised to HK\$245,000 per annum with effect from 1 April 2015

董事資料之變動(續)

(e) 裴布雷先生

獨立非執行董事

- 董事袍金由2015年4月1日起調整 至每年320,000港元
- 由2015年7月10日起獲委任為香港聯合交易所有限公司主板及創業板上市委員會成員
- 由2015年7月31日起辭任日興資 產管理集團亞洲區主席一職
- 由2015年8月17日起獲委任為美國信安金融集團獨立非執行董事

(f) 守村卓先生

非執行董事

董事袍金由2015年4月1日起調整 至每年210,000港元

(g) 本下俊秀先生

非執行董事

董事袍金由2015年4月1日起調整 至每年210,000港元

(h) 周偉偉先生

非執行董事

董事袍金由2015年4月1日起調整 至每年210,000港元

(i) 王伯凌先生

執行董事

- 固定薪酬由2015年4月1日起調整 現金津貼由每月33,500港元增加 至51,300港元

CHANGES IN INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO DIRECTORS (Continued)

(e) Mr. Blair Chilton Pickerell

Independent Non-Executive Director

- Director's fee revised to HK\$320,000 per annum with effect from 1 April 2015
- Appointed as a member of the Main Board and GEM Listing Committees of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited with effect from 10 July 2015
- Resigned as the Chairman, Asia of Nikko Asset Management Company with effect from 31 July 2015
- Appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of The Principal Financial Group with effect from 17 August 2015

(f) Mr. Takashi Morimura

Non-Executive Director

 Director's fee revised to HK\$210,000 per annum with effect from 1 April 2015

(g) Mr. Toshihide Motoshita

Non-Executive Director

 Director's fee revised to HK\$210,000 per annum with effect from 1 April 2015

(h) Mr. John Wai-Wai Chow

Non-Executive Director

- Director's fee revised to HK\$210,000 per annum with effect from 1 April 2015

(i) Mr. Gary Pak-Ling Wang

Executive Director

 Fixed remuneration adjusted with the cash allowance increased from HK\$33,500 to HK\$51,300 per month with effect from 1 April 2015

董事資料之變動(續)

(j) 麥曉德先生

執行董事

- 固定薪酬由2015年4月1日起調整 現金津貼由每月31,300港元增加 至47,750港元

(k) 吉川英一先生

守村卓先生之替任董事

- 由2015年5月15日起於三菱東京 UFJ銀行之職位由常務執行要員 變更為高級常務執行要員

除上文所披露外,本公司並無其他資料須根據《上市規則》第13.51B(1)條作出披露。

未經審核之財務報表

本中期報告之財務資料為未經審核及不構成 法定之財務報表。

審核委員會

審核委員會與管理層已審閱本集團沿用之會 計準則與實務,並就有關內部監控及財務報 告事宜(包括審閱截至2015年6月30日止6個 月之未經審核之中期財務報表)進行審閱及 商討。

薪酬及員工發展

本公司員工薪酬、薪酬政策及培訓計劃與 2014年年報所披露大致相同,並無重大改 變。

CHANGES IN INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO DIRECTORS (Continued)

(j) Mr. Nicholas John Mayhew

Executive Director

 Fixed remuneration adjusted with the cash allowance increased from HK\$31,300 to HK\$47,750 per month with effect from 1 April 2015

(k) Mr. Eiichi Yoshikawa

Alternate Director to Mr. Takashi Morimura

 Title in The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. changed from Managing Executive Officer to Senior Managing Executive Officer with effect from 15 May 2015

Save as those disclosed above, there is no other information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial information in this Interim Report is unaudited and does not constitute statutory financial statements.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee has reviewed with Management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters including a review of the unaudited interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2015.

REMUNERATION AND STAFF DEVELOPMENT

There have been no material changes to the information disclosed in the Company's 2014 Annual Report in respect of the remuneration of employees, remuneration policies and training schemes.

購買、出售或贖回證券

截至2015年6月30日止6個月期間,本公司 或其任何附屬公司並無購買、出售或贖回任 何本公司之上市證券。

中期報告

此份根據《上市規則》規定須載全部資料之中期報告,可向本集團位於香港告士打道108號大新金融中心36樓公司秘書部索取,或從大新銀行網站http://www.dahsing.com下載。

董事會

於本中期報告日,本公司的董事會成員包括 執行董事王守業先生(主席)、黃漢興先生 (董事總經理兼行政總裁)、王伯凌先生及麥 曉德先生;非執行董事守村卓先生(吉川英 一先生為替任董事)、本下俊秀先生及周偉 偉先生;獨立非執行董事史習陶先生、董樂 明先生、中村清次先生及裴布雷先生。

承董事會命 **王慧娜** 公司秘書

香港,2015年8月26日(星期三)

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SECURITIES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of listed securities of the Company during the six months ended 30 June 2015.

INTERIM REPORT

Copies of this Interim Report containing all the information required by the Listing Rules can be obtained from the Company Secretarial Division of the Group at 36th Floor, Dah Sing Financial Centre, 108 Gloucester Road, Hong Kong, or download from Dah Sing Bank's website at http://www.dahsing.com.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As at the date of this Interim Report, the Board of Directors of the Company comprises Messrs. David Shou-Yeh Wong (Chairman), Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong) (Managing Director and Chief Executive), Gary Pak-Ling Wang and Nicholas John Mayhew as Executive Directors; Messrs. Takashi Morimura (Eiichi Yoshikawa as alternate), Toshihide Motoshita and John Wai-Wai Chow as Non-Executive Directors; Messrs. Robert Tsai-To Sze, Lon Dounn, Seiji Nakamura and Blair Chilton Pickerell as Independent Non-Executive Directors.

By Order of the Board Doris W. N. Wong Company Secretary

Hong Kong, Wednesday, 26 August 2015

