



道和環球

DAOHE GLOBAL

Daohe Global Group Limited

道和環球集團有限公司

Stock Code 股份代號: 915



ANNUAL REPORT 年報

2016





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Financial Highlights

財務摘要

		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	% Increase/ (Decrease) 增/(減)
		US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	
Operating Results	經營業績			
Revenue	收益	94,053	97,872	(3.9)
EBITDA	除利息支出、稅項、 折舊及攤銷前溢利	1,711	2,958	(42.2)
Operating profit (Loss)/profit for the year	經營溢利 年度(虧損)/溢利	505 (613)	2,685 1,676	(81.2) N/A 不適用
Financial Position	財務狀況			
Total assets	資產總額	59,880	51,358	16.6
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	24,956	17,044	46.4
Net assets	資產淨值	40,944	32,588	25.6
Financial Ratio	財務比率			
Current ratio (Times)	流動比率(倍)	1.8	1.4	28.6
Gearing ratio (%)	資本負債比率(%)	–	–	N/A 不適用
Dividends	股息			
Interim dividend per share (HK cents) (Note)	每股中期股息(港仙) (附註)	0.15	0.192	(21.9)
Final dividend per share (HK cents) (Note)	每股末期股息(港仙) (附註)	–	0.05	(100.0)
Full year dividend per share (HK cents) (Note)	每股全年股息(港仙) (附註)	0.15	0.242	(38.0)

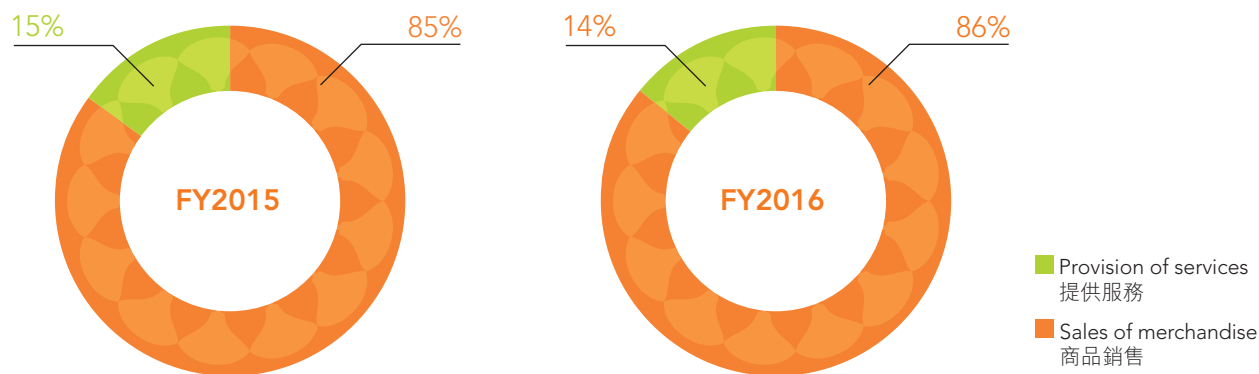
Note:

Dividends for the year ended 30 April 2015 have been adjusted for the effect of Share Subdivision in June 2015.

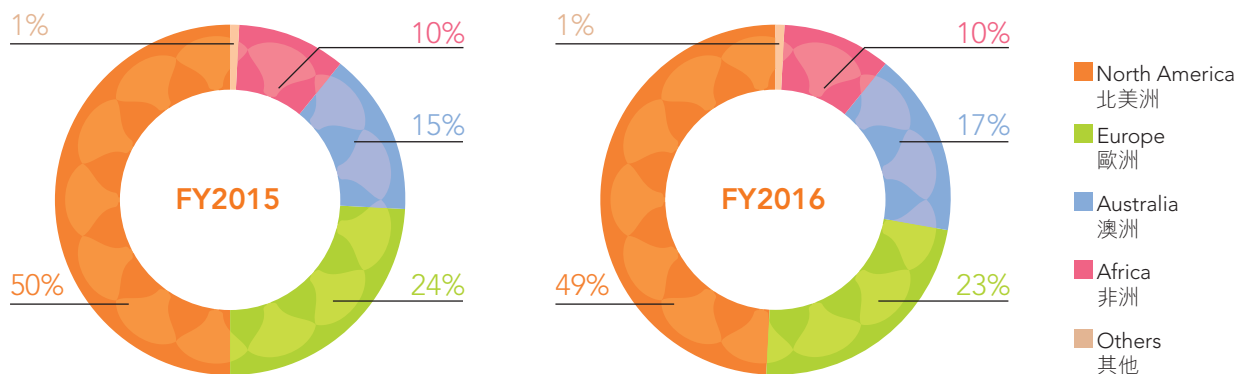
附註：

截至二零一五年四月三十日止年度之股息已就二零一五年六月份股份拆細之影響作出調整。

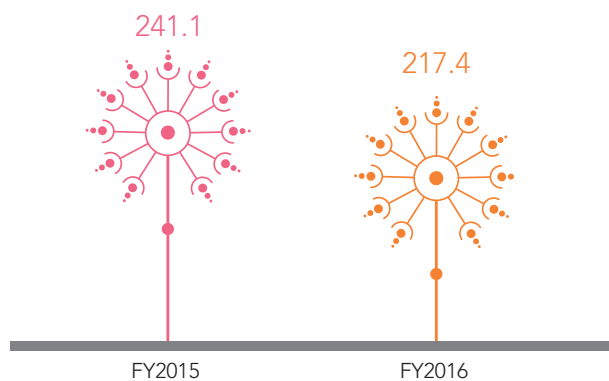
Breakdown of Revenue by Nature
按業務性質劃分之收益



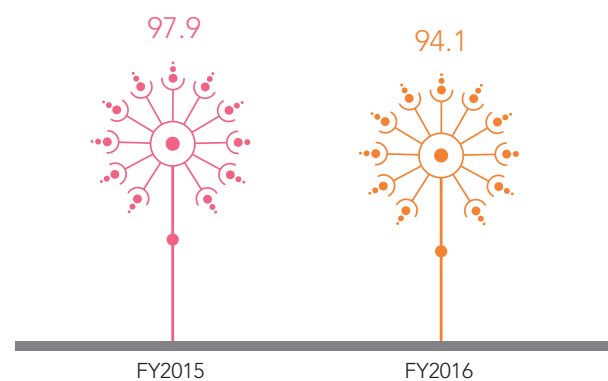
Breakdown of Shipment Value by Market
按市場劃分之付運量總值



Shipment Value
付運量總值
(US\$' million) (百萬美元)



Revenue
收益
(US\$' million) (百萬美元)



"FY": Financial year ended 30 April
截至四月三十日之財政年度





Creating Shareholder Value

為股東創造更高價值



Chairman's Statement

主席報告書

On behalf of the board ("**Board**") of directors ("**Directors**"), I wish to present the annual results of Daohe Global Group Limited ("**Company**", together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**" or "**Daohe Global**") for the year ended 30 April 2016.

The past year was challenging for our traditional business in sourcing and supply chain management. The United States ("**US**") recovered steadily, but other major economies around the world did not. Our revenue for the financial year reflects the slower global trade environment.

Nonetheless, I am confident that our strong and dynamic management team will lead Daohe Global to an even brighter future, and will take on each challenge and seize it as an opportunity to grow the Group's business.

Our commitment to diversifying and strengthening our business base and revenue model will continue this year. We plan intensified efforts to identify and acquire attractive and growing businesses in industry segments that are robust now, and hold promise for the future.

In the immediate future, we will continue to pursue opportunities for acquisition or investment in financial services and in supply chain management related businesses. We will also be opportunistic in our approach to acquiring or entering into other growth industries, as and when attractive business targets present themselves.

To conclude, I would like to take this opportunity to express my heartfelt gratitude and appreciation to the Board for their support and contributions, to the devotion of our management team and staff over the past year. At last but not least, I would like to give my sincerest thanks to our shareholders, business partners and customers for their unflinching support. We aim to deliver fruitful rewards to our shareholders.

ZHOU Xijian
Chairman

Hong Kong, 14 July 2016

Chairman's Statement 主席報告書

本人謹代表董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)提呈 Daohe Global Group Limited 道和環球集團有限公司(「本公司」)，連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」或「道和環球」截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度的年度業績。

在過去的一年裡，我們的傳統採購以及供應鏈管理業務都充滿挑戰。美國經濟逐步穩定回升，但世界其他主要經濟體卻未見起色。我們在本財政年度的收益正反映了全球貿易環境的疲弱。

儘管如此，我仍堅信道和環球在我們強大和積極的管理團隊的領導下前景將會更加光明，我們也會迎接及抓住每一個挑戰和機遇去開拓本集團的業務。

我們承諾會在本年度繼續致力於多元化發展及鞏固現有的基礎業務和盈利模式。我們計劃著力去發掘並收購在強大行業中具有吸引力及成長的業務，並對未來報以希冀。

在不久的將來，我們將持續在金融服務以及供應鏈管理相關業務方面尋求併購或投資的機會。我們也將把握機遇收購及投入其他具有吸引力及增長空間之業務。

總括而言，本人謹藉此機會對董事會在過去一年的支持及貢獻，對管理團隊及員工的付出報以誠摯的謝意。最後，本人由衷感激股東、業務夥伴及客戶堅定不移的支持。我們將竭盡所能為股東帶來優厚的回報。

周希儉
主席

香港，二零一六年七月十四日

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

Overview

During the year under review, growth in the global economy continued to be slow. There was a considerable divergence of performance in the economies across regions. Although there was a steady recovery in the US after a long-term quantitative easing policy, the economy in Europe and Japan remained sluggish. The economies in major developed countries have remained weak and the economic growth in developing countries has gradually decelerated, as a result of a decline in commodity prices, weak global trade, volatility in financial markets and a slowdown in capital flows. As a result, the Group's overall shipments dropped by approximately 9.8% from approximately US\$241.1 million (equivalent to HK\$1,880.6 million) last year to approximately US\$217.4 million (equivalent to HK\$1,691.4 million) this year.

Revenue decreased by approximately 3.9% to approximately US\$94.1 million (equivalent to HK\$732.1 million) this year from approximately US\$97.9 million (equivalent to HK\$763.6 million) last year.

Gross profit dropped by around 7.9% from approximately US\$25.0 million (equivalent to HK\$195.0 million) last year to approximately US\$23.0 million (equivalent to HK\$178.9 million) this year.

With effective cost control, the general and administrative expenses for the year reduced by approximately 4.3% to approximately US\$22.3 million (equivalent to HK\$173.5 million), compared with approximately US\$23.3 million (equivalent to HK\$181.7 million) last year.

During the year under review, the Group recognised an impairment loss of approximately US\$0.9 million (equivalent to HK\$7.0 million) on goodwill of 深圳市國採晟唐投資管理有限公司 (Shenzhen Guo Cai Sheng Tang Investment Co. Ltd.*).

For the year ended 30 April 2016, the Group reported a loss of approximately US\$0.6 million (equivalent to HK\$4.7 million), against a profit of approximately US\$1.7 million (equivalent to HK\$13.3 million) last year. This was mainly attributable to the decline in shipment of the Group and the impairment loss on goodwill as aforementioned and an additional tax provision for the Hong Kong Tax Case, details of which are set out in the paragraph under "Hong Kong Tax Case".

* For identification purpose only

業務回顧

概覽

於本回顧年度內，全球經濟增長持續低迷，各地區經濟表現也大相逕庭。儘管美國通過一系列量化寬鬆政策使其經濟逐步穩定回升，但歐洲和日本仍然不景氣。主要發達國家的經濟依然疲弱，發展中國家的經濟發展速度的持續下降也導致了商品價格的下滑、全球貿易的疲敝、金融市場的動盪及資本流通的放緩。因此，本集團整體付運量由去年約241,100,000美元(相等於1,880,600,000港元)減少約9.8%至本年度約217,400,000美元(相等於1,691,400,000港元)。

收益由去年約97,900,000美元(相等於763,600,000港元)下跌約3.9%至本年度約94,100,000美元(相等於732,100,000港元)。

毛利由去年約25,000,000美元(相等於195,000,000港元)下跌約7.9%至本年度約23,000,000美元(相等於178,900,000港元)。

由於有效地控制成本，本年度一般及行政開支較去年約23,300,000美元(相等於181,700,000港元)減少約4.3%至約22,300,000美元(相等於173,500,000港元)。

於回顧年度內，本集團就深圳市國採晟唐投資管理有限公司之商譽確認減值虧損約900,000美元(相等於7,000,000港元)。

截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度，本集團錄得虧損約600,000美元(相等於4,700,000港元)，去年則錄得溢利約1,700,000美元(相等於13,300,000港元)。這主要由於本集團付運量減少及商譽減值虧損(如上所述)及就香港稅務個案作出額外稅項撥備(詳情載於「香港稅務個案」一段)所致。

* 僅供識別

SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS

Operating Segmentation

The Group's business comprises two operating segments: (i) sales of merchandise including garments, fashion accessories, hardgoods and labels; and (ii) provision of services including procurement and value-added services relating to the procurement agency business.

分類分析

經營分類

本集團之業務分為兩個經營分類：即(i)商品銷售(包括成衣、時尚配飾、雜貨及標籤)；及(ii)提供服務(包括採購服務以及與採購代理業務有關之增值服務)。

		Shipment value For the year ended 30 April 付運量總值 截至四月三十日止年度	
		2016 二零一六年 US\$' million 百萬美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$' million 百萬美元
Provision of services	提供服務	136.4	158.1
Sales of merchandise	商品銷售	81.0	83.0
Total	合計	217.4	241.1

Shipment value from the provision of services fell by approximately 13.7% to approximately US\$136.4 million (equivalent to HK\$1,061.2 million), accounting for roughly 62.7% of the Group's total shipment value. This was mainly due to decline in business from North America.

提供服務之付運量總值下降約13.7%至約136,400,000美元(相等於1,061,200,000港元)，佔本集團付運量總值約62.7%。這主要由於北美洲業務減少所致。

Shipment value from sales of merchandise also decreased by approximately 2.4% to approximately US\$81.0 million (equivalent to HK\$630.2 million), contributing to around 37.3% of the Group's total shipment value.

來自商品銷售之付運量總值亦下跌約2.4%至約81,000,000美元(相等於630,200,000港元)，佔本集團付運量總值約37.3%。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Geographical Segmentation

地域分類

		Shipment value	
		For the year ended 30 April	
		付運量總值	
		截至四月三十日止年度	
		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		US\$' million	US\$' million
		百萬美元	百萬美元
North America	北美洲	105.7	121.2
Europe	歐洲	50.9	58.8
Others	其他	60.8	61.1
Total	合計	217.4	241.1

During the year under review, shipments to North America dropped by approximately 12.8% to approximately US\$105.7 million (equivalent to HK\$822.3 million) due to a decrease in order from certain US retail customers. Nevertheless, North America remained the Group's largest market, contributing approximately 48.6% of the Group's total shipment value.

於本回顧年度內，往北美洲之付運量下跌約12.8%至約105,700,000美元(相等於822,300,000港元)，乃由於若干美國零售客戶減少訂單所致。然而，北美洲繼續為本集團最大市場，佔本集團付運量總值約48.6%。

The European market also weakened during the year under review. Shipments to Europe decreased by approximately 13.4% to approximately US\$50.9 million (equivalent to HK\$396.0 million) mainly due to a decline in business in Russia and the overall depreciation in European currencies. Shipments to Europe presently account for approximately 23.4% of the Group's total shipment value.

於本回顧年度內，歐洲市場同樣疲弱。往歐洲之付運量減少約13.4%至約50,900,000美元(相等於396,000,000港元)，主要由於在俄羅斯的業務倒退及歐洲貨幣整體貶值所致。往歐洲之付運量目前佔本集團付運量總值約23.4%。

Shipments grouped under "Others", comprising mainly shipments to the southern hemisphere decreased slightly by approximately 0.5% to approximately US\$60.8 million (equivalent to HK\$473.0 million). "Others" represented approximately 28.0% of the Group's total shipment value.

「其他」分類項目下之付運量主要為運往南半球，付運量輕微下降約0.5%至約60,800,000美元(相等於473,000,000港元)。「其他」佔本集團付運量總值約28.0%。

HONG KONG TAX CASE

Up to the year ended 30 April 2016, the Group has received protective assessments amounting to approximately HK\$155,000,000 (equivalent to US\$19,923,000) from the Inland Revenue Department of Hong Kong (“IRD”) in respect of queries on the modus operandi of the Group and the chargeability of profits for the years of assessment from 2003/2004 to 2009/2010. In response to the assessments, objections have been lodged by the Group. In addition, Tax Reserve Certificates amounting to HK\$5,250,000 (equivalent to US\$675,000) have been purchased by two subsidiaries of the Company in pursuit of the holdover of tax demanded under protective assessments for these years.

In April 2015, with the assistance of an independent tax advisor, the Group submitted a settlement proposal as part of negotiations with the IRD regarding this case. As at the close of the reporting year, the case was still under review by the IRD but based on the latest assessment of the independent tax advisor, an additional provision of approximately HK\$4,920,000 (equivalent to US\$632,000) was made in the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2016. Despite the unknown outcome, the Group is of the view that sufficient tax provisions have been made in the financial statements based on the information available.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group’s financial position remains healthy with cash and cash equivalents of approximately US\$25.0 million (equivalent to HK\$194.5 million) as of 30 April 2016. In addition, the Group has total banking facilities of approximately US\$10.3 million (equivalent to HK\$80.1 million) including borrowing facilities of approximately US\$0.1 million (equivalent to HK\$0.8 million) as of 30 April 2016.

The Group has a current ratio of approximately 1.8 and a gearing ratio of zero, based on no interest-bearing borrowings and total equity of approximately US\$40.9 million (equivalent to HK\$318.2 million) as of 30 April 2016. There has not been any material change in the Group’s borrowings since 30 April 2016.

Trade receivables increased from approximately US\$4.2 million (equivalent to HK\$32.8 million) as of 30 April 2015 to approximately US\$4.4 million (equivalent to HK\$34.2 million) as of 30 April 2016. Gross trade receivables aged over 90 days, which amounted to approximately US\$0.8 million (equivalent to HK\$6.2 million), are being carefully monitored by management and sufficient provision has been made.

香港稅務個案

截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度，本集團已就有關本集團於二零零三／二零零四至二零零九／二零一零評稅年度的營運模式及溢利之申報繳稅之查詢，接獲香港稅務局（「稅務局」）保障性評稅約155,000,000港元（相等於19,923,000美元）。本集團已就有關評稅提出反對。此外，本公司兩家附屬公司已就暫緩繳納該等年度保障性評稅所需支付之稅款，購買價值5,250,000港元（相等於675,000美元）之儲稅券。


於二零一五年四月，在獨立稅務顧問之協助下，本集團就本案提交一份解決方案作為與稅務局磋商的一部分。於報告年度末，稅務局仍在審閱該案件，但根據獨立稅務顧問之最新評估，已於截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度的財務報表中作出額外撥備約4,920,000港元（相等於632,000美元）。儘管其結果仍未知，惟本集團認為已根據可獲得的資料於財務報表內作出充足稅項撥備。

財務回顧

本集團之財務狀況依然穩健，於二零一六年四月三十日之現金及現金等值項目約25,000,000美元（相等於194,500,000港元）。此外，本集團於二零一六年四月三十日之銀行融資總額約10,300,000美元（相等於80,100,000港元），其中包括借貸融資約100,000美元（相等於800,000港元）。

本集團於二零一六年四月三十日之流動比率約1.8，按未有計息借貸及權益總額約40,900,000美元（相等於318,200,000港元）計算，資產負債比率為零。本集團之借貸自二零一六年四月三十日以來並無任何重大轉變。

應收貿易賬款由二零一五年四月三十日之約4,200,000美元（相等於32,800,000港元）增加至二零一六年四月三十日之約4,400,000美元（相等於34,200,000港元）。賬齡逾90天之應收貿易賬款總額約800,000美元（相等於6,200,000港元），現正受管理層嚴密監控，並已作出充足撥備。



Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

The Group's net asset value recorded as of 30 April 2016 was approximately US\$40.9 million (equivalent to HK\$318.2 million). It had no material contingent liability as of 30 April 2016, and no material change has been identified since then.

The majority of the Group's transactions during the year under review were denominated in US dollars and Hong Kong dollars. To minimise exchange risks, sales and purchases are generally transacted in the same currency.

CORPORATE EVENTS DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

Share Subdivision, Change of Board Lot Size and Change of Company Name

During the year under review, the Board issued a circular to the Company's shareholders dated 29 May 2015 proposing (i) that each of the then-existing issued and unissued shares of US\$0.02 each in the share capital of the Company be subdivided into five subdivided shares of US\$0.004 each ("**Share Subdivision**"); (ii) to change the board lot size of trading in the shares from 2,000 shares to 10,000 subdivided shares as soon as possible after the Share Subdivision becomes effective; and (iii) to change the registered primary name of the Company from "Linmark Group Limited" to "Daohe Global Group Limited" and to adopt "道和環球集團有限公司" as its secondary name to replace the Chinese name of "林麥集團有限公司" which has been used for identification purpose only ("**Change of Company Name**").

The Share Subdivision and the Change of Company Name were approved by the shareholders of the Company at the special general meeting of the Company held on 22 June 2015. The Share Subdivision became effective on 23 June 2015, and since then, the board lot size of trading in the shares of the Company has been changed from 2,000 shares to 10,000 subdivided shares.

On 25 June 2015, the Registrar of Companies in Bermuda issued a Certificate of Incorporation on Change of Name and a Certificate of Secondary Name certifying the Change of Company Name with effect from 23 June 2015.

於二零一六年四月三十日，本集團錄得資產淨值約40,900,000美元(相等於318,200,000港元)。於二零一六年四月三十日，本集團並無重大或然負債，且自此亦概無識別重大變動。

本集團於本回顧年度內之大部份交易均以美元及港元結算。為減低外匯風險，買賣一般是以相同貨幣進行交易。

報告期內企業事項

股份拆細、更改每手買賣單位及更改公司名稱

於回顧年度內，董事會向本公司股東刊發日期為二零一五年五月二十九日的通函，當中建議(i)將本公司股本中每股面值0.02美元的當時已發行及未發行股份拆細為五股每股面值0.004美元之拆細股份(「**股份拆細**」)；(ii)於股份拆細生效後盡快將股份交易之每手買賣單位由2,000股股份更改為10,000股拆細股份；及(iii)將本公司之第一註冊名稱由「Linmark Group Limited」更改為「Daohe Global Group Limited」，並採納「道和環球集團有限公司」為其第二名稱以取代一直用於僅供識別用途之中文名稱「林麥集團有限公司」(「**更改公司名稱**」)。

股份拆細及更改公司名稱已於二零一五年六月二十二日舉行的股東特別大會上獲本公司股東批准。股份拆細於二零一五年六月二十三日生效，此後本公司股份買賣的每手買賣單位已由2,000股股份更改為10,000股拆細股份。

於二零一五年六月二十五日，百慕達公司註冊處處長發出更改名稱註冊證書及第二名稱證書，證明本公司自二零一五年六月二十三日起更改公司名稱。



Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Subscription of New Shares under General Mandate

On 17 June 2015, a total of 20,000,000 ordinary shares (or 100,000,000 ordinary shares after Share Subdivision) were allotted and issued to six subscribers pursuant to the terms and conditions of the subscription agreement dated 1 June 2015 entered by and between the Company and the subscribers.

As announced by the Company on 1 June 2015 and 17 June 2015, the net proceeds from the subscription were approximately HK\$64,200,000 (equivalent to US\$8,252,000). The Company intends to use the net proceeds from the subscription to enlarge its capital base and prepare for any development opportunities as and when they arise. As of the date of this annual report, the Company has not used any of such proceeds but has reserved part of such proceeds to finance the acquisition of Hong Kong Wing Yue Asset Management Limited as described below. The balance of such proceeds not used to finance that acquisition will be used for other development opportunities.

Share Transaction

On 26 October 2015, 林麥商品信息諮詢(深圳)有限公司 (Linmark Merchandise Consultancy (Shenzhen) Limited*), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company (“**Purchaser**”) entered into a conditional framework sale and purchase agreement (as amended and supplemented by supplemental agreements dated 3 November 2015 and 24 November 2015) (collectively, “**Framework Agreement**”) with 深圳市國採立信投資管理有限公司 (Shenzhen Guocai Lixin Investment Management Company Limited*) and 吳玥鏗 (Wu Yueyun*) (“**Vendors**”), pursuant to which, subject to certain conditions precedent, the Purchaser agreed to acquire and the Vendors agreed to sell the entire equity interests in 深圳市國採晟唐投資管理有限公司 (Shenzhen Guo Cai Sheng Tang Investment Co. Ltd.*) (“**Target Company**”) for an aggregate consideration of RMB10,000,000 (approximately HK\$12,195,122, at the exchange rate HK\$1 to RMB0.82). The consideration shall be satisfied as to 60% by the Purchaser procuring the Company to allot and issue a total of 8,449,276 consideration shares of the Company (“**Consideration Shares**”) to the Vendors as consideration for the acquisition of 60% interest in the Target Company (“**First Tranche Sale Interest**”).

* For identification purpose only

根據一般授權認購新股份


於二零一五年六月十七日，根據本公司與認購方於二零一五年六月一日所訂立之認購協議的條款及條件，本公司向六名認購方配發及發行合共20,000,000股普通股(或在股份拆細後為100,000,000股普通股)。

誠如本公司於二零一五年六月一日及二零一五年六月十七日所公佈，來自認購事項的所得款項淨額約64,200,000港元(相等於8,252,000美元)。本公司有意使用認購事項的所得款項淨額來擴大其股本基礎，並為日後出現的任何發展商機作好準備。於本年報日期，本公司尚未使用任何該所得款項，但已預留部份該等所得款項用作如下文所述有關收購香港永裕資產管理有限公司。餘下未用於該收購之款項將用作其他發展商機。

股份交易

於二零一五年十月二十六日，本公司一家全資附屬公司林麥商品信息諮詢(深圳)有限公司(「**買方**」)與深圳市國採立信投資管理有限公司及吳玥鏗(「**賣方**」)訂立有條件框架買賣協議(經日期為二零一五年十一月三日及二零一五年十一月二十四日之補充協議修訂及補充)(統稱「**框架協議**」)。據此，受限於若干先決條件，買方同意收購而賣方同意出售於深圳市國採晟唐投資管理有限公司(「**目標公司**」)的全部股權，總代價為人民幣10,000,000元(按1港元兌人民幣0.82元之匯率計算約為12,195,122港元)。代價的60%須由買方透過促使本公司向賣方配發及發行合共8,449,276股本公司代價股份(「**代價股份**」)的方式向賣方支付，作為收購目標公司60%股權(「**第一批待售權益**」)的代價。

* 僅供識別



Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Completion of the acquisition of the First Tranche Sale Interest took place on 25 November 2015. A total of 8,449,276 Consideration Shares were allotted and issued to the Vendors on 25 November 2015 in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Framework Agreement. Immediately following the completion of the acquisition of the First Tranche Sale Interest, the Company through the Purchaser, indirectly owned a 60% interest in the Target Company.

According to the Framework Agreement, if the key personnel of the Target Company have not resigned from their positions in the Target Company after the expiry of six months from the date of the Framework Agreement (“**Evaluation Date**”), and the Purchaser is satisfied with their work performance, the Purchaser shall enter into a supplemental agreement with the Vendors in respect of the acquisition of the remaining 40% interest in the Target Company (“**Second Tranche Sale Interest**”) within ten business days from the Evaluation Date, being on or before 9 May 2016.

The Company announced that as at 13 May 2016, the Purchaser and the Vendors were still in discussion on the terms of the supplemental agreement in respect of the acquisition of the Second Tranche Sale Interest. The Company will make further announcement(s) in compliance with the Listing Rules if the discussions with the Vendors result in agreement over and entry into a supplemental agreement.

Details of this share transaction including the reason for entering into the Framework Agreement, the nature and terms of the Framework Agreement (including but not limited to conditions precedent of the share transaction), the class and the number of shares issued under the Framework Agreement; and the class of shares and the base under which the number of shares may be issued upon completion of the Second Tranche Sale Interest were disclosed in the Company’s announcements dated 26 October 2015, 3 November 2015, 24 November 2015, 25 November 2015 and 13 May 2016.

Grant of Share Options

As disclosed by the Company in its announcement on 6 November 2015, options were granted to certain consultants on 6 November 2015 to subscribe for a total of 50,000,000 new shares of the Company at a subscription price of HK\$1 per share of the Company with a validity period of 3 years and may only be exercised if the average closing price of the Company’s shares for the five business days immediate preceding the exercise date exceeds HK\$2 per share of the Company.

收購第一批待售權益於二零一五年十一月二十五日完成。根據框架協議的條款及條件，已於二零一五年十一月二十五日向賣方配發及發行合共8,449,276股代價股份。緊隨完成收購第一批待售權益後，本公司通過買方間接持有目標公司60%權益。

根據框架協議，倘自框架協議日期起計六個月屆滿(「**評估日期**」)後，目標公司之主要負責人員並無辭去彼等於目標公司之職務，且買方滿意彼等之工作表現，則買方須自評估日期起計10個營業日內(即二零一六年五月九日或該日之前)與賣方就收購目標公司餘下40%權益(「**第二批待售權益**」)訂立補充協議。

本公司公佈於二零一六年五月十三日，買方與賣方仍在商討就收購第二批待售權益之補充協議之條款。不論與賣方的討論導致協議結束或訂立補充協議，本公司將遵照上市規則進一步作出公佈。

有關股份交易之詳情，包括訂立框架協議之理由、框架協議之性質及條款(包括但不限於股份交易之先決條件)、根據框架協議發行股份之類別及數目；以及第二批待售權益完成後可發行之股份類別及股份數目之基礎，已於本公司日期為二零一五年十月二十六日、二零一五年十一月三日、二零一五年十一月二十四日、二零一五年十一月二十五日及二零一六年五月十三日之公佈中披露。

授出購股權

誠如本公司日期為二零一五年十一月六日之公佈所披露，本公司於二零一五年十一月六日向若干顧問授出購股權，以於三年之有效期內按每股本公司股份1港元之行使價認購合共50,000,000股本公司之新股份，惟僅可於緊接行使日前5個營業日的平均收市價達到每股本公司股份超過2港元才可行使。

Connected Transaction regarding an Acquisition

On 2 December 2015, Daohe Capital Limited (“**Daohe Capital**”), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a non-legally binding memorandum of understanding with Hong Kong Wing Yue Financial Group Holdings Limited (“**Vendor**”), in relation to the possible acquisition of the entire issued shares of Hong Kong Wing Yue Asset Management Limited (“**Target**”) (“**Acquisition**”).

On 22 January 2016, Daohe Capital entered into an agreement in relation to the Acquisition (“**Agreement**”) with the Vendor, pursuant to which Daohe Capital conditionally agreed to purchase and the Vendor conditionally agreed to sell the entire issued shares of the Target at an aggregate consideration of HK\$14.5 million plus the net assets value of the Target as at completion of the Acquisition, or the latest practicable date prior to completion of the Acquisition that Daohe Capital and the Vendor may agree, provided that if such value exceeds HK\$3 million, such net assets value, for the purpose of the Agreement (and determination of the consideration for the Acquisition), shall be deemed to be HK\$3 million.

Mr. ZHOU Xijian, a non-executive Director, the chairman of the Board and the controlling shareholder of the Company, is the sole shareholder and sole director of the Vendor. The Vendor is therefore an associate of Mr. Zhou and a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the Acquisition constitutes a connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Details of the Acquisition, which is a connected transaction, were disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 2 December 2015 and 22 January 2016.

As at the date of this annual report, the completion of the Acquisition is still subject to condition(s) precedent of the Agreement.

有關一項收購事項之關連交易


於二零一五年十二月二日，本公司一家全資附屬公司道和資本有限公司(「**道和資本**」)與香港永裕金融控股集團有限公司(「**賣方**」)訂立無法律約束力之諒解備忘錄，內容有關可能收購香港永裕資產管理有限公司(「**目標**」)全部已發行股份(「**收購事項**」)。

於二零一六年一月二十二日，道和資本與賣方就收購事項訂立協議(「**該協議**」)，據此，道和資本有條件同意購買而賣方有條件同意出售目標全部已發行股份，總代價為14,500,000港元加目標於收購事項完成時或道和資本與賣方可能協定於收購事項完成前之最後可行日期之資產淨值，惟倘若有關價值超過3,000,000港元，則就該協議(及釐定收購事項之代價)而言，該價值將被視為3,000,000港元。

非執行董事、董事會主席兼本公司控股股東周希儉先生為賣方之唯一股東及唯一董事，因此根據上市規則，賣方為周先生之聯繫人及本公司之關連人士。收購事項因而構成上市規則第14A章項下本公司之關連交易。

收購事項為一項關連交易，詳情已於本公司日期為二零一五年十二月二日及二零一六年一月二十二日之公佈中披露。

於本年報日期，收購事項仍須待該協議之先決條件獲達成後，方告完成。



Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

REMUNERATION POLICY AND STAFF DEVELOPMENT SCHEME

As of 30 April 2016, the Group had 361 staff members (2015: 382 staff members). Total staff costs for the year under review amounted to approximately US\$15.0 million (equivalent to HK\$116.7 million) (2015: US\$15.7 million (equivalent to HK\$122.5 million)). The Group offers competitive remuneration schemes to its employees based on industry practices, along with individual and the Group's performance. In addition, the Company has a share option scheme for eligible staff and discretionary bonuses are payable to staff based on his or her individual performance and the Group's performance.

PROSPECTS

The global economy is expected to remain vulnerable, as there is faster-than-expected slowdown in developing economies while the recovery in developed economies is slower-than-expected. The global economic activities are expected to remain subdued in a near-term.

The macroeconomic environment is not favorable to the Group's existing business. China, being the world's second largest economy, is undergoing an economic transformation with structural change; the price of commodities is weakening; and the US is implementing a tightened monetary policy. Manufacturing activities and trade are thus remain weak globally. Besides, consumer spending remains suppressed while the uncertainty and instability of the global economy continued.

In recent years, the buying pattern of consumers has shifted to online shopping through e-commerce platform or digital devices, leaving many of the traditional players continue to suffer from excess stock and declining sales. In addition, in the era of information and digital, with a high price transparency and a keen competition in today's consumer market, consumers expect to buy at a lower price or discount, this further lead to a markdown in price in order to maintain the business. Along with the deflation on customer's retail price, the Group is also facing challenges of increase in labour and other operating costs.

In order to cope with these difficulties, the Group continues to diversify its product portfolio and provide value-added services to strengthen its relationships with customers, as well as to implement cost controls and explore more potential low cost sourcing markets to enhance the Group's competitiveness in pricing.

薪酬政策及員工發展計劃

於二零一六年四月三十日，本集團聘有361名員工(二零一五年：382名員工)。本回顧年度的僱員成本總額約15,000,000美元(相等於116,700,000港元)(二零一五年：15,700,000美元(相等於122,500,000港元))。本集團按行業慣例、員工個人及本集團表現為僱員制訂具競爭力的薪酬方案。此外，本公司為合資格員工設立購股權計劃，以及根據員工個人及本集團表現發放酌情花紅。

前景

全球經濟預計將會持續疲弱，因發展中國家的放緩速度比預期快，而發達國家的復甦卻比預期慢。預計短期內全球經濟活動將繼續受壓。

宏觀經濟環境對本集團現有業務不太有利。中國乃世界第二大經濟體，正進行經濟體制結構轉型，商品價格日益偏軟，而美國也正在進行緊縮的貨幣政策。因此，全球的製造業活動及貿易依然疲弱。此外，全球經濟仍舊充斥著不明朗及不穩定因素，令消費者繼續抑制消費。

近年來，消費者的購物模式已透過電子商務平台或數碼設備轉移至網上購物，導致許多傳統商戶繼續承擔過量存貨及銷量下滑帶來的後果。此外，在電子化資訊年代，高度透明的價格及現今競爭激烈的消費市場驅使消費者期望購買到較低價格或折扣價的商品，這進一步導致產品價格下調以維持業務。隨著客戶零售價格的通縮，本集團亦面臨勞工及其他營運費用上漲的挑戰。

為解決這些難題，本集團繼續拓展多元化的產品組合以及提供增值服務來加強與客戶的關係，並繼續實施成本監控及發掘更多潛在低成本的採購市場，以提高本集團在定價方面的競爭力。



Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

We note the growth in demand for financial services and believe that certain acquisitions/proposed acquisitions during the year under review and up to the date of this annual report represent opportunities for the Group to diversify and broaden its business base. The Group will actively seek potential business and high-growth investment opportunities. The Group will also strive to provide better value-added services to our existing customers and maintain long-term relationships with them.

Looking forward, the Group will pay extra efforts to address customers' needs and explore new business opportunities, aiming to bring a greater return to our shareholders.

我們注意到金融服務需求的增長，並相信在本回顧年度內及截至本年報日期的若干收購項目／擬收購項目是本集團多元化發展及拓展其業務基礎的機遇。本集團將積極尋求潛在業務及高增長的投資機會。本集團亦將盡力向現有客戶提供更好的增值服務，與客戶維持長期關係。

展望未來，本集團將會全力以赴解決客戶的需求並拓展新的商機，竭力為股東帶來更大回報。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層資料

Non-executive Director



Mr. ZHOU Xijian, aged 41, was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company and the chairman of the Board with effect from 5 February 2015. Mr. Zhou has over 20 years of business experience. Mr. Zhou is the president of 廣東道和投資產業集團有限公司 (Guangdong Daohe Investment Group LLC*) ("**Guangdong Daohe**"). Guangdong Daohe is a multi-industry company which is engaged in a wide range of businesses including but not limited to liquor, drinking water, film and television, catering and Internet technology. Mr. Zhou obtained a master's degree in business administration from the Business School of Nanjing Normal University in 2011.

Executive Directors and senior management



Mr. ZHANG Qi, aged 41, was appointed as an executive director of the Company and the chief executive officer of the Group with effect from 5 February 2015. Mr. Zhang has over 17 years of business experience, and is currently the chief executive officer of Joymain Health Industry Group, which is principally engaged in the research and development, production, sale and service of healthcare products. Mr. Zhang obtained a master's degree in business administration from the Business School of Nanjing Normal University in 2011.

非執行董事

周希儉先生，四十一歲，於二零一五年二月五日起獲委任為本公司非執行董事及董事會主席。周先生擁有逾二十年業務經驗。周先生為廣東道和投資產業集團有限公司（「**廣東道和**」）董事長。廣東道和為跨行業公司，從事多個領域之業務，包括但不限於酒類、飲用水、電影及電視、餐飲及互聯網技術。周先生於二零一一年取得南京師範大學商學院工商管理碩士學位。

執行董事及高級管理層

張琦先生，四十一歲，於二零一五年二月五日起獲委任為本公司執行董事兼本集團行政總裁。張先生擁有逾十七年業務經驗，目前為中脈健康產業集團之執行總裁。中脈健康產業集團主要從事保健產品之研發、生產、銷售及服務。張先生於二零一一年取得南京師範大學商學院工商管理碩士學位。

* For identification purpose only

* 僅供識別

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層資料

Executive Directors and senior management

(continued)



Mr. WONG Hing Lin, Dennis, aged 46, was appointed as an executive director of the Company with effect from 1 September 2010. Mr. Wong has been the president of the Group since 5 February 2015 and the chief financial officer of the Group since 2006. Prior to that, Mr. Wong was the head of corporate development department of a Greater China based supply chain management solutions provider and consumer products distributor, primarily responsible for business development, mergers and acquisitions and investor relations activities. Previously, Mr. Wong had worked at several major international financial institutions where he gained extensive experience in finance, investments and banking. Mr. Wong holds a Master of Business Administration degree in finance from Boston University in the US, and a Bachelor of Science degree from The University of British Columbia in Canada.



Mr. HWANG Han-Lung, Basil, aged 44, was appointed as an executive director of the Company and general counsel and head of development and investments of the Group with effect from 5 February 2015. Mr. Hwang has been the company secretary of the Company since August 2015. He is an independent director of First Sponsor Group Limited, a company listed on the Mainboard of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited, and a consultant of Zhong Lun Law Firm. Mr. Hwang was admitted as an advocate and solicitor in Singapore in 1998, as a solicitor in England and Wales in 2000 and as a solicitor in Hong Kong in 2004. He was previously the founder and managing partner of a US law firm's Hong Kong office. Mr. Hwang has over 18 years' experience in advising on financial regulatory matters, corporate finance and mergers and acquisitions transactions. Mr. Hwang has a LL.B. (Honours) degree from the National University of Singapore, and a Master of Science degree in Global Finance jointly granted by New York University's Stern School of Business and the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. He holds a solicitor's practising certificate with the Law Society of Hong Kong.

執行董事及高級管理層 (續)

黃慶年先生，四十六歲，於二零一零年九月一日起獲委任為本公司執行董事。黃先生自二零一五年二月五日起擔任本集團總裁，自二零零六年起擔任本集團之財務總裁。在此之前，黃先生曾任一家總部設於大中華地區的供應鏈管理解決方案提供商及消費品分銷商之企業發展部主管，主要負責業務開發、併購及投資者關係事務。之前，黃先生曾任職多間大型國際金融機構，在財務、投資及銀行業務方面累積了廣泛經驗。黃先生持有美國波士頓大學工商管理財務碩士學位及加拿大英屬哥倫比亞大學理學士學位。

黃漢龍先生，四十四歲，於二零一五年二月五日起獲委任為本公司執行董事及本集團之法律總監兼發展及投資主管。黃先生自二零一五年八月開始擔任本公司之公司秘書。彼亦為First Sponsor Group Limited (一家於新加坡證券交易所有限公司主板上市之公司)之獨立董事及中倫律師事務所之顧問。黃先生於一九九八年獲認許為新加坡辯護律師兼律師，於二零零零年獲認許為英格蘭及威爾士律師，並於二零零四年獲認許為香港律師。彼先前為一家美國律師事務所香港辦事處之創辦人兼管理合夥人。黃先生於提供金融監管事宜、企業融資及併購交易之意見方面擁有逾十八年經驗。黃先生擁有新加坡國立大學法律學士(榮譽)學位及由紐約大學斯特因商學院與香港科技大學聯合頒授之環球金融理科碩士學位。彼持有香港律師會律師執業證書。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層資料

Independent non-executive Directors



Mr. WANG Arthur Minshiang, aged 55, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company since 2002. Mr. Wang is a managing director of 698 Capital Limited, a private Asian investment firm. Previously, Mr. Wang was a board and audit committee member of NASDAQ listed Homeinns Hotel Group, one of China's leading hotel chains. Mr. Wang was also a member of the board and chief executive officer of GigaMedia Limited, a NASDAQ listed online entertainment and game provider. Mr. Wang was also previously a co-founder and executive director of KGI Asia Limited, an investment bank and securities brokerage. Mr. Wang has also served on the board of directors of several finance and technology companies in the region and was previously a member of the board and audit committee chair of Softbank Investment International (Strategic) Limited (now known as China Renji Medical Group Limited), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Wang received his Juris Doctorate degree from Yale Law School and practised corporate and securities law in Hong Kong and New York. He also holds a Bachelor of Arts degree from the University of California at Los Angeles in the US.

獨立非執行董事

王敏祥先生，五十五歲，自二零零二年以來一直擔任本公司獨立非執行董事。王先生為一家亞洲私人投資公司698 Capital Limited之常務董事。之前，王先生曾為於納斯達克上市之如家酒店集團(中國知名的連鎖飯店之一)之董事及審核委員會成員。王先生亦曾為和信超媒體股份有限公司(一家於納斯達克上市之網上娛樂及遊戲供應商)之董事及行政總裁。在此之前，王先生亦曾為投資銀行及證券經紀凱基證券亞洲有限公司創辦人之一兼執行董事。王先生亦在亞洲區多家財務及科技公司擔任董事，並曾任聯交所主板上市公司軟庫發展有限公司(現稱中國仁濟醫療集團有限公司)董事及審核委員會主席。王先生獲耶魯大學法律學院法學博士學位，並曾在香港和紐約執業，專責企業和證券法律事務。彼亦持有美國洛杉磯加州大學文學學士學位。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層資料

Independent non-executive Directors

(continued)



Mr. TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius, aged 68, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company since 2005. Mr. Tse is a fellow of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“HKICPA”). Mr. Tse was a past president and a former member of the audit committee of the HKICPA. He joined KPMG in 1976, became a partner in 1984 and retired in March 2003. Mr. Tse was a non-executive chairman of KPMG’s operations in the PRC and a member of the KPMG China advisory board from 1997 to 2000. Mr. Tse is currently an independent non-executive director of CNOOC Limited, China Telecom Corporation Limited, SJM Holdings Limited, Sinofert Holdings Limited and China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd., all listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Tse is also an independent non-executive director of OCBC Wing Hang Bank Limited (formerly known as Wing Hang Bank, Limited whose shares were withdrawn from listing on the Stock Exchange with effect from 16 October 2014). He was an independent non-executive director of China Construction Bank Corporation, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, from 2004 to 2010. Mr. Tse was appointed as an independent non-executive director of CCB International (Holdings) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of China Construction Bank Corporation in March 2013. Mr. Tse is a member of the International Advisory Council of the People’s Municipal Government of Wuhan. Mr. Tse holds a Bachelor of Social Sciences degree from The University of Hong Kong.

獨立非執行董事(續)

謝孝衍先生，六十八歲，自二零零五年起擔任本公司獨立非執行董事。謝先生為英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會及香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)資深會員。謝先生亦為香港會計師公會之前任會長及前任審核委員會成員。彼於一九七六年加入畢馬威，於一九八四年成為合夥人，並於二零零三年三月退休。由一九九七年至二零零零年期間，謝先生出任畢馬威中國業務非執行主席，並為畢馬威中國諮詢委員會成員。謝先生目前擔任中國海洋石油有限公司、中國電信股份有限公司、澳門博彩控股有限公司、中化化肥控股有限公司及中國華融資產管理股份有限公司的獨立非執行董事，全部均為於聯交所主板上市之公司。謝先生亦為華僑永亨銀行有限公司(前稱永亨銀行有限公司，其股份於二零一四年十月十六日起撤銷在聯交所上市)的獨立非執行董事。彼於二零零四年至二零一零年曾出任於聯交所主板上市公司中國建設銀行股份有限公司的獨立非執行董事。謝先生於二零一三年三月獲委任為建銀國際(控股)有限公司(中國建設銀行股份有限公司的全資附屬公司)的獨立非執行董事。謝先生為武漢人民政府國際諮詢委員會委員。謝先生持有香港大學社會科學學士學位。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層資料

Independent non-executive Directors

(continued)



Mr. WONG Chak Keung, aged 49, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company with effect from 1 November 2015 and an audit committee member of the Board with effect from 5 May 2016. Mr. Wong has been in the accounting profession for over 15 years. In addition to his working experience in an international accounting firm in Hong Kong, Mr. Wong has also worked for listed and other companies engaged in investments, accounting, educational business, manufacturing, and mergers and acquisitions. Mr. Wong holds a Bachelor's Degree in Business from The University of Southern Queensland in Australia. He is a member of the HKICPA and CPA Australia respectively. Mr. Wong is currently an independent non-executive director of Bingo Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 8220), a company listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Wong was an independent non-executive director of China Minsheng Financial Holding Corporation Limited (formerly known as China Seven Star Holdings Limited) (stock code: 245), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, during the period from January 2011 to December 2015. Mr. Wong was an executive director of China Investment Development Limited (stock code: 204), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, during the period from April 2011 to April 2014.

獨立非執行董事(續)

黃澤強先生，四十九歲，自二零一五年十一月一日起獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事及於二零一六年五月五日起獲委任為董事會審核委員會成員。黃先生具備逾15年專業會計經驗。除於香港一家國際會計師事務所擁有工作經驗外，黃先生亦曾效力於上市公司及其他從事投資、會計、教育、製造業及收購合併等業務的公司。黃先生持有澳洲南昆士蘭大學商學士學位。彼亦分別為香港會計師公會及澳洲會計師公會會員。黃先生目前為聯交所創業板上市公司比高集團控股有限公司(股份代號：8220)的獨立非執行董事。於二零一一年一月至二零一五年十二月期間，黃先生曾擔任聯交所主板上市公司中國民生金融控股有限公司(前稱中國七星控股有限公司)(股份代號：245)的獨立非執行董事。於二零一一年四月至二零一四年四月期間，黃先生曾擔任聯交所主板上市公司中國投資開發有限公司(股份代號：204)的執行董事。

Corporate Governance Report

公司管治報告

The Company has adopted the code provisions (“**Code Provisions**”) as stated in the Corporate Governance Code (“**CG Code**”) contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (“**Listing Rules**”) on the Stock Exchange as the Corporate Governance Code (“**Code**”) of the Company. The Board is committed to complying with the Code to the extent that the Directors consider it to be applicable to the Company and practical.

The corporate governance principles of the Group emphasise an effective Board, sound internal controls, appropriate independence policy, and transparency and accountability to all shareholders of the Company.

During the year under review, save for the deviation from Code Provision E.1.2 which is explained in the relevant paragraph below, the Company fully complied with the Code Provisions in the CG Code.

The key corporate governance principles and practices of the Company and the explanations on the deviation from the Code Provision are summarised as follows:

The Board Responsibilities

The overall management of the Company’s business is vested in the Board, which assumes the responsibility for the leadership and control of the Group and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Group by directing and supervising the Group’s affairs. All Directors should make decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company.

The functions of the Board are carried out either directly or through Board committees. To ensure the Board is in a position to exercise its powers in an informed manner, management provides monthly management accounts and updates to the Directors who also have full and timely access to all relevant information and may take independent professional advice if necessary. Furthermore, the types of decisions to be delegated by the Board to management include implementation of the strategy and direction determined by the Board, operation of the Group’s businesses, preparation of financial statements and operating budgets, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

本公司已採納聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)內的守則條文(「守則條文」)，作為本公司的公司管治守則(「守則」)。董事會承諾，在董事認為適用於本公司及切實可行的前提下，嚴格遵從守則行事。

本集團公司管治原則著重有效的董事會、良好的內部監控及恰當的獨立政策，並為本公司全體股東提供一個具透明度及問責的董事會。

於回顧年度內，除偏離守則條文第E.1.2條外(於下文相關段落說明)，本公司已全面遵守企業管治守則的守則條文。

本公司的主要公司管治原則及常規以及有關守則條文偏離情況的解釋概述如下：

董事會責任

董事會負責整體管理本公司的業務，其中肩負著領導及監控本集團的責任，並共同承擔指導及監督本集團事務的責任，推動本集團達成成功。全體董事應以本公司的最佳利益為依歸，客觀地作出決策。

董事會直接或透過董事委員會履行職務。為確保董事會在知情的情況下行使其職權，管理層每月向董事提供管理賬目及更新資料，而董事亦獲提供所有全面及適時的相關資料，並可於有需要時諮詢獨立專業意見。再者，董事會授權管理層可作出決定之事項包括：執行董事會決定之策略和方針、本集團之業務運作、編製財務報表及營運預算，以及遵守適用之法律和規例。

Corporate Governance Report

公司管治報告

Pursuant to the terms of reference and modus operandi of the Board, the powers and authorities reserved to the full Board include the following but are not limited to:

1. matters involving a conflict of interest for a substantial shareholder and/or a Director;
2. making decisions on whether or not to declare, recommend or pay dividend;
3. approving (i) the publication of preliminary announcement of the profits or losses in respect of annual results or interim results and (ii) the related financial statements and/or accounts;
4. approving any proposed change in the capital structure, including any redemption of its securities listed on the Stock Exchange;
5. approving any decision to change the general nature of the business of the Company;
6. approving any discloseable transaction, major transaction, very substantial acquisition and disposal or connected transaction within the meaning of Chapters 14 and 14A of the Listing Rules;
7. matters specifically set out in the Listing Rules which require approval at a full Board meeting; and
8. any regulations or resolutions or restrictions that may be imposed upon the committees by the Board from time to time.

The authorities reserved to the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee are more particularly discussed below.

The Board has the full support of the chief executive officer and senior management to discharge its responsibilities. Save for the power reserved by the Board or other Board committees, the Executive Committee currently comprising all of the executive Directors is responsible for the day-to-day management and operation functions of the Group.

根據董事會職權範圍及運作模式，由全體董事會保留的職權及權限包括但不限於：

1. 涉及主要股東及／或董事利益衝突的事項；
2. 決定是否宣派、建議或派付股息；
3. 批准(i)刊發有關年度業績或中期業績盈虧的初步公佈及(ii)相關財務報表及／或賬目；
4. 批准資本架構的任何變動建議，包括任何贖回其在聯交所上市的證券；
5. 批准有關更改本公司業務整體性質的任何決定；
6. 批准任何按上市規則第14及14A章所界定的須予披露交易、主要交易、非常重大收購及出售事項或關連交易；
7. 上市規則所指須於全體董事會會議上批准的事宜；及
8. 董事會可不時對委員會施加之任何規例或決議案或限制。

保留給審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會的權力於下文載有更詳細的討論。

行政總裁及高級管理層全力支持董事會履行其責任。除董事會或其他董事委員會所保留的職權外，執行委員會目前由全體執行董事組成，負責本集團的日常管理及營運職務。

Corporate governance functions

Pursuant to the terms of reference and modus operandi of the Board, the Board is also responsible for performing the corporate governance duties set out below or it may delegate the responsibility to a committee or committees:

1. to develop and review the Group's policies and practices on corporate governance;
2. to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
3. to review and monitor the Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
4. to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors;
5. to review the Group's compliance with the corporate governance code and disclosure in the corporate governance report of the Company; and
6. to review and monitor the Group's process of disclosure, including assessing and verifying the accuracy and materiality of inside information and determining the form and content of any required disclosure.

During the year under review, the Board handled the disclosure of inside information in accordance with its internal policy on disclosure of inside information and continuous disclosure policy and materiality guidelines.

Directors' and officers' liabilities insurance

Appropriate insurance cover for directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against the Directors and officers of the Company and its subsidiaries arising out of corporate activities of the Group has been arranged by the Company.

企業管治職能

根據董事會職權範圍及運作模式，董事會亦負責履行下文所載企業管治職務或其可授權一個或多個委員會行使職責：

1. 制訂及檢討本集團之企業管治政策及常規；
2. 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層之培訓及持續專業發展；
3. 檢討及監察本集團在遵守法律及監管規定方面之政策及常規；
4. 制訂、檢討及監察僱員及董事之操守準則及合規手冊(如有)；
5. 檢討本集團遵守企業管治守則之情況及於本公司公司管治報告內披露之內容；及
6. 檢討及監察本集團之披露過程，包括評估及核實內幕消息之準確性及重要性以及釐定任何須披露資料之形式及內容。

於回顧年度內，董事會根據其披露內幕消息的內部政策及持續披露政策及重大程度指引處理有關內幕消息的披露事項。

董事及高級職員的責任保險

本公司已為董事及高級職員安排適當之責任保險，就本公司及其附屬公司的董事及高級職員因本集團企業活動而引致對其展開的法律訴訟提供保障。

Corporate Governance Report

公司管治報告

Composition

The composition of the Board reflects the necessary balance of skills and experience desirable for effective leadership of the Company and independence in decision making.

During the year under review and up to the date of this annual report,

- Mr. HWANG Han-Lung, Basil was appointed the company secretary and authorised representative of the Company under the Listing Rules in replacement of Ms. CHEUNG Hoi Yin, Brenda with effect from 14 August 2015;
- Mr. WONG Chak Keung was appointed independent non-executive Director and a member of Audit Committee with effect from 1 November 2015 and 5 May 2016 respectively;
- Mr. ZHANG Li was appointed the co-chairman of the Board, an executive Director and a member of Executive Committee with effect from 8 April 2016 and resigned with effect from 12 July 2016; and
- Mr. Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS ceased to be an independent non-executive Director and a member of audit committee with effect from 5 May 2016.

組成

董事會的組成體現本公司有效領導及獨立決策所需適當之技巧及經驗。

於回顧年度內及截至本年報日期，

- 黃漢龍先生於二零一五年八月十四日獲委任為本公司之公司秘書及上市規則下的授權代表，以替代張海燕女士；
- 黃澤強先生分別於二零一五年十一月一日及二零一六年五月五日獲委任為獨立非執行董事及審核委員會成員；
- 張利先生於二零一六年四月八日獲委任為董事會聯席主席、執行董事及執行委員會成員，並於二零一六年七月十二日起辭任該等職務；及
- Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS先生於二零一六年五月五日起不再擔任獨立非執行董事及審核委員會成員。

Corporate Governance Report 公司管治報告

The Board currently comprises seven Directors in total, with one non-executive Director, three executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. The Directors during the year under review and up to the date of this report were as follows:

董事會目前合共由七位董事組成，包括一位非執行董事、三位執行董事及三位獨立非執行董事。以下為於回顧年度內及截至本報告日期止的董事：

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Positions 職位
ZHOU Xijian 周希儉	Chairman and non-executive Director 主席兼非執行董事
ZHANG Qi 張琦	Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer 執行董事兼行政總裁
WONG Hing Lin, Dennis 黃慶年	Executive Director, President and Chief Financial Officer 執行董事、總裁兼財務總裁
HWANG Han-Lung, Basil 黃漢龍	Executive Director, General Counsel and Head of Development and Investments Company Secretary (appointed with effect from 14 August 2015) 執行董事、法律總監兼發展及投資主管 公司秘書(於二零一五年八月十四日獲委任)
WANG Arthur Minshiang 王敏祥	Independent non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事
TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius 謝孝衍	Independent non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事
WONG Chak Keung 黃澤強	Independent non-executive Director (appointed with effect from 1 November 2015) 獨立非執行董事(於二零一五年十一月一日獲委任)
ZHANG Li 張利	Co-Chairman and executive Director (appointed with effect from 8 April 2016 and resigned with effect from 12 July 2016) 聯席主席兼執行董事(於二零一六年四月八日獲委任，並於二零一六年七月十二日起辭任)
Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS	Independent non-executive Director (ceased to act with effect from 5 May 2016) 獨立非執行董事(於二零一六年五月五日不再擔任該職位)

Corporate Governance Report

公司管治報告

The Company currently has four Board committees. The table below provides membership information of these committees on which each Board member serves.

本公司現時設有四個董事委員會。下表提供各董事會成員在該等委員會中所擔任的職位。

Director 董事	Board Committee 董事委員會	Executive Committee 執行委員會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會
ZHOU Xijian	周希儉				C
ZHANG Qi	張琦	C		M	
WONG Hing Lin, Dennis	黃慶年	M			
HWANG Han-Lung, Basil	黃漢龍	M			
WANG Arthur Minshiang	王敏祥		M	C	M
TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius	謝孝衍		C	M	M
WONG Chak Keung	黃澤強		M		

Notes:

C Chairman of the relevant Board committees
M Member of the relevant Board committees

附註：

C 有關董事委員會的主席
M 有關董事委員會的成員

Mr. ZHOU Xijian and Mr. ZHANG Qi are business partners and are directors and shareholders of Daohe Global Investment Holding Limited (“**Daohe Global Investment**”), a controlling shareholder of the Company. Save as disclosed above, none of the members of the Board has any relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s)) with each other.

周希儉先生及張琦先生為業務合夥人且均為 Daohe Global Investment Holding Limited (道和環球投資控股有限公司) (「**道和環球投資**」) (本公司控股股東) 的董事及股東。除以上披露者外，董事會成員彼此之間概無任何關係 (包括財務、業務、家庭或其他重大／相關關係)。

Board Diversity Policy

The Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against appropriate criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

董事會成員多元化政策

本公司視董事會層面日益多元化為支持其達到策略目標及維持可持續發展的關鍵要素。董事會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則，並以適當條件考慮人選，以充分顧及董事會成員多元化的裨益。

According to the Board Diversity Policy adopted by the Board on 30 August 2013, selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to skills, knowledge, industry and professional experience, cultural and educational background, gender, age and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will be able to bring to the Board.

根據董事會於二零一三年八月三十日採納的董事會成員多元化政策，甄別人選時將按一系列多元化範疇為基準，包括但不限於技能、知識、行業及專業經驗、文化及教育背景、性別、年齡及服務任期。最終將按人選的長處及可為董事會提供的貢獻而作決定。

The Nomination Committee is delegated to review this policy, as appropriate, to ensure its effectiveness to suit the needs of the Company and will discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

During the year under review, the Nomination Committee reviewed (i) the appointments of new Directors and the co-chairman; and (ii) the structure, size and composition of the Board and was of the opinion that the Board is well balanced and diversified, and with the appropriate structure, size and necessary skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives required for the business of the Group.

The Board's composition and the biographical details of the Directors are set out in the paragraph headed "Composition" above and in the section "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

Independent non-executive Directors

During the year under review, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors with at least one independent non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each independent non-executive Director of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Based on the contents of such confirmation, the Company still considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

The independent non-executive Directors bring a wide range of business and financial expertise, experiences and independent judgement to the Board. Through active participation in Board meetings, taking the lead in managing issues involving potential conflict of interests and serving on Board committees, all independent non-executive Directors make various contributions to the effective direction of the Company.

提名委員會獲指派對該項政策作出適當檢討，以確保政策行之有效以符合本公司需要，並討論任何或需作出的修訂，再向董事會提出任何有關修訂建議，由董事會審批。

於回顧年度內，提名委員會已檢討(i)新任董事及聯席主席之委任；及(ii)董事會架構、規模及組成，並認為董事會均衡多元化、擁有本集團業務所需的適當架構、規模及必要的技能、知識、經驗及多樣的觀點與角度。

董事會組成及董事資料載於上文「組成」一段及本年報「董事及高級管理層資料」一節中。

獨立非執行董事

於回顧年度內，有關委任最少三位獨立非執行董事，而其中最少一位獨立非執行董事須具備合適的專業資格或會計或相關的財務管理專業知識之上市規則，董事會於任何時間均符合此規則之要求。

本公司已接到各獨立非執行董事的書面年度確認書，確認彼等均符合上市規則第3.13條所述之獨立性。根據有關確認書的內容，本公司仍認為所有獨立非執行董事均符合獨立資格。

獨立非執行董事為董事會帶來淵博的營商及財務專業知識、經驗及獨立判斷。透過積極參與董事會會議、引領處理涉及潛在利益衝突的管理事宜並供職於董事委員會，全體獨立非執行董事皆為本公司有效之導引作出種種的貢獻。

Corporate Governance Report

公司管治報告

Independent non-executive Directors who have served for more than nine years

Mr. WANG Arthur Minshiang and Mr. TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius have served as independent non-executive Directors for more than nine years. To comply with Code Provision A.4.3 of the CG Code, Mr. WANG Arthur Minshiang and Mr. TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius retired voluntarily and were re-elected as Directors at the 2012 and 2014 annual general meetings of the Company held on 27 August 2012 and 28 August 2014 respectively.

Appointment, re-election and removal of Directors

The Board is responsible for approving any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy.

The Company's bye-laws ("Bye-laws") provide that all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and any new Director appointed by the Board to fill a causal vacancy shall be subject to re-election by shareholders at the first general meeting after appointment.

The Bye-laws also allow for removal of a Director by an ordinary resolution.

During the year under review, the Board approved the changes to the Board and to the composition of the committees of the Board, at a meeting and by passing written resolutions, based on the recommendations of the Nomination Committee.

During the year under review, the Board recommended the re-appointment of the Directors standing for re-election at the general meetings of the Company.

At a special general meeting of the Company held on 22 June 2015, the three new Directors who were appointed on 5 February 2015 retired and were re-elected as Directors.

At the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company, the new Director who was appointed on 1 November 2015 and two other Directors will retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. The Company's circular to be despatched to shareholders of the Company on or about 28 July 2016 will contain detailed information of the Directors standing for re-election.

在任逾九年的獨立非執行董事

王敏祥先生及謝孝衍先生已擔任獨立非執行董事逾九年。為符合企業管治守則守則條文第A.4.3條，王敏祥先生及謝孝衍先生分別於本公司在二零一二年八月二十七日及二零一四年八月二十八日舉行的二零一二年及二零一四年股東週年大會上自願退任，並獲選連任董事。

董事的委任、膺選連任及罷免

董事會負責批准董事會的任何變動建議，以配合本公司的企業策略。

本公司的公司細則(「公司細則」)規定，全體董事將須最少每三年輪席告退一次，及為填補臨時空缺而獲董事會委任的任何新董事將於獲委任後的首次股東大會上由股東重選。

公司細則亦准許以一項普通決議案罷免董事。

於回顧年度內，根據提名委員會的建議，董事會經會議決定及通過書面決議案批准對董事會及董事委員會組成的變動。

於回顧年度內，董事會建議於本公司股東大會上重新委任膺選連任的董事。

在本公司於二零一五年六月二十二日舉行的股東特別大會上，三名於二零一五年二月五日獲委任的新任董事退任並獲選連任董事。

於本公司應屆股東週年大會上，於二零一五年十一月一日獲委任的新任董事，聯同另外兩名董事將退任，彼等均符合資格並願膺選連任。本公司將於二零一六年七月二十八日或該日後寄發予本公司股東的通函將載有有關膺選連任董事的詳情。

Directors' service agreements and letters of appointment

Mr. ZHOU Xijian, a non-executive Director, has been appointed for a term of three years under a letter of appointment from February 2015 and will continue thereafter until terminated by either party by serving not less than six months' notice in writing.

Each of Mr. ZHANG Qi, Mr. WONG Hing Lin, Dennis and Mr. HWANG Han-Lung, Basil, being an executive Director, has entered into a service agreement with the Company with an initial term of three years from February 2015, September 2010 and February 2015 respectively, and will continue/continued thereafter until terminated by either party by giving to the other not less than six months' notice in writing.

Mr. WANG Arthur Minshiang, an independent non-executive Director, has first been appointed for a term of two years under a letter of appointment. Such term has been renewed for a further two years commencing from May 2016 upon expiry. The appointment may be terminated by either party by giving to the other not less than one month's notice in writing.

Mr. TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius, an independent non-executive Director, has first been appointed for a term of two years under a letter of appointment. Such term has been renewed for a further two years commencing from May 2015 upon expiry. The appointment may be terminated by Mr. TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius by serving not less than one month's notice in writing.

Mr. WONG Chak Keung, an independent non-executive Director, has first been appointed for a term of one year under a letter of appointment commencing from November 2015. The appointment may be terminated by either party by giving to the other not less than one month's notice in writing.

Mr. Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS, an independent non-executive Director, has first been appointed for a term of two years under a letter of appointment. The appointment may be terminated by Mr. Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS by serving not less than one month's notice in writing. The Company and Mr. Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS reached a consensus that the term under the letter of appointment of Mr. Tulleners would not be renewed upon its expiration on 4 May 2016.

董事的服務協議及委任函

非執行董事周希儉先生根據其委任函獲委任，由二零一五年二月起，為期三年，其後將繼續直至任何一方以書面形式發出不少於六個月之通知終止有關委任為止。

執行董事張琦先生、黃慶年先生及黃漢龍先生分別與本公司訂立一份服務協議，分別自二零一五年二月、二零一零年九月及二零一五年二月起，首次任期為三年，其後將繼續直至任何一方以書面形式發出不少於六個月的通知終止有關委任為止。

獨立非執行董事王敏祥先生根據委任函獲委任，首次任期為兩年。該任期已於屆滿後重續兩年，由二零一六年五月起計。該委任可由任何一方向另一方以書面形式發出不少於一個月的通知終止。

獨立非執行董事謝孝衍先生根據委任函獲委任，首次任期為兩年。該任期已於屆滿後重續兩年，由二零一五年五月起計。該委任可由謝孝衍先生以書面形式發出不少於一個月的通知終止。

獨立非執行董事黃澤強先生根據委任函由二零一五年十一月起獲委任，首次任期為一年。該委任可由任何一方向另一方以書面形式發出不少於一個月的通知終止。

獨立非執行董事Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS先生根據委任函獲委任，首次任期為兩年。該委任可由Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS先生以書面形式發出不少於一個月的通知終止。本公司與Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS先生已達成共識，在Tulleners先生之委任函所載之任期於二零一六年五月四日屆滿時，將不再重續。

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Disclosure of information on Directors

During the year under review and up to the date of this annual report, the changes in the information of the Directors since the date of the annual report for the year ended 30 April 2015 of the Company which are required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules are disclosed in this annual report.

Change to the emolument of Directors

Since the last published annual report, no changes were made to the emolument of Directors.

Training for Directors

Each newly appointed Director has received comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on the first occasion of his appointment, so as to ensure that he has an appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group and that he is fully aware of his responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

There are also arrangements in place for providing continuing briefing and professional development to Directors at the Company's expenses whenever necessary.

The Company provides regular updates and presentations on changes and developments relating to the Group's business and the legislative and regulatory environments in which the Group conducts its business to the Directors.

The Directors are committed to complying with Code Provision A.6.5 of the CG Code on directors' training. All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. They provided a record of training they received during the year ended 30 April 2016 to the Company. Except for Mr. ZHANG Li appointed with effect from 8 April 2016, who received director's induction on the first occasion of his appointment, each other Director during the financial year namely Mr. ZHOU Xijian, Mr. ZHANG Qi, Mr. WONG Hing Lin, Dennis, Mr. HWANG Han-Lung, Basil, Mr. WANG Arthur Minshiang, Mr. TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius, Mr. WONG Chak Keung and Mr. Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS received at least eight hours of training in the form of attending seminars, receiving online training or self-study of the publications issued by the regulators, professional bodies and corporate lawyers during the year ended 30 April 2016.

董事資料披露

於回顧年度內及截至本年報日期，自截至二零一五年四月三十日止年度之本公司年報日期以來，根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條須予以披露之董事資料變動已於本年報內披露。

董事酬金變動

自上一份刊發之年報起，董事的酬金概無變動。

董事培訓

各新委任董事於首次獲委任時均會獲得全面、正規及切合個人需要的就任須知，以確保彼對本集團業務及運作有恰當的了解，並全面知悉其根據上市規則及有關法例規定下之職責及責任。

有需要時，本公司亦會安排向董事提供持續簡介及專業發展，費用由本公司承擔。

本公司就本集團業務及本集團經營業務所在之立法及監管環境之變動及發展向董事提供定期更新及簡報。

董事承諾遵守企業管治守則有關董事培訓之守則條文第A.6.5條。全體董事均獲鼓勵參與發展及更新彼等知識及技能之持續專業發展。彼等已向本公司提供彼等於截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度所接受培訓之記錄。於截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度，除於二零一六年四月八日獲委任的張利先生於首次獲委任時獲得就任須知外，其他於財政年度在任的每名董事，即周希儉先生、張琦先生、黃慶年先生、黃漢龍先生、王敏祥先生、謝孝衍先生、黃澤強先生及Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS先生均以參加研討會、接受在線培訓或自學由監管機構、專業團體及企業律師所刊發之出版物形式接受至少八小時的培訓。

Directors' attendance and time commitment

Regular Board meetings are held four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals primarily for reviewing and approving the financial and operating performance, and considering and approving the overall strategies, policies and budgets of the Group.

During the year ended 30 April 2016, the Board met seven times mainly for considering and approving the audited final results for the year ended 30 April 2015, change of company secretary and authorised representative of the Company, unaudited results for the three months ended 31 July 2015, a continuing connected transaction, an acquisition which is a connected transaction, unaudited interim results for the six months ended 31 October 2015, the revised Code, the revised terms of reference of the Audit Committee, proposed appointment of a new Director, unaudited results for the nine months ended 31 January 2016, budget of the Group for the year ending 30 April 2017 and renewal of the term of the letter of appointment of an independent non-executive Director. At these board meetings, the Board also reviewed and discussed the Group's business updates and strategies.

董事之出席率及所付出時間

董事會每年舉行四次定期會議，大約每一季度一次。會議上主要檢討及批准財務及營運表現，並考慮及批准本集團整體策略、政策及財務預算。

於截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度，董事會已舉行七次會議，主要考慮及批准截至二零一五年四月三十日止年度的經審核末期業績、更換本公司之公司秘書及授權代表、截至二零一五年七月三十一日止三個月之未經審核業績、一項持續關連交易、一項屬於關連交易的收購事項、截至二零一五年十月三十一日止六個月的未經審核中期業績、更改的企業管治守則、更改的審核委員會的職權範圍、建議委任新董事、截至二零一六年一月三十一日止九個月的未經審核業績、本集團截至二零一七年四月三十日止年度的財務預算及重續一位獨立非執行董事的委任函。於該等董事會會議上，董事會亦檢討及討論本集團的業務進展及策略。

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The individual attendance record of each Director at the meetings of the Board, Executive Committee, Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee, annual general meeting and special general meeting during the year ended 30 April 2016 is set out below:

各董事於截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度的董事會、執行委員會、審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會會議、股東週年大會及股東特別大會會議之個人出席率載列如下：

		Attendance/Number of Meetings 出席率/會議次數						
Name of Directors 董事姓名		Board Meeting 董事會會議	Executive Committee Meeting 執行委員會會議	Audit Committee Meeting 審核委員會會議	Remuneration Committee Meeting 薪酬委員會會議	Nomination Committee Meeting 提名委員會會議	Annual General Meeting 股東週年大會	Special General Meeting 股東特別大會
		Non-executive Director 非執行董事						
ZHOU Xijian 周希儉		5/7	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	*1/1	1/2	0/1	0/1
Executive Directors 執行董事								
ZHANG Qi 張琦		7/7	0/0	N/A 不適用	1/1	*2/2	1/1	1/1
WONG Hing Lin, Dennis 黃慶年		7/7	0/0	*2/2	*1/1	*2/2	1/1	1/1
HWANG Han-Lung, Basil 黃漢龍		6/7	0/0	*2/2	N/A 不適用	*1/2	1/1	1/1
ZHANG Li (Note 1) 張利(附註1)		1/1	0/0	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	*1/1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Independent non-executive Directors 獨立非執行董事								
WANG Arthur Minshiang 王敏祥		7/7	N/A 不適用	2/2	1/1	2/2	1/1	0/1
TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius (Note 2) 謝孝衍(附註2)		7/7	N/A 不適用	2/2	1/1	2/2	0/1	1/1
WONG Chak Keung (Note 3) 黃澤強(附註3)		4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS (Note 4) Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS (附註4)		7/7	N/A 不適用	2/2	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	0/1	1/1
Number of meetings held 會議的舉行次數		7	0	2	1	2	1	1

Notes:

附註：

- Mr. ZHANG Li was appointed executive Director and the co-chairman of the Board with effect from 8 April 2016. He was also appointed a member of Executive Committee with effect from 8 April 2016.
張利先生於二零一六年四月八日獲委任為執行董事兼董事會聯席主席。彼亦於二零一六年四月八日獲委任為執行委員會成員。
Mr. ZHANG Li resigned as executive Director, co-chairman of the Board and a member of Executive Committee with effect from 12 July 2016.
張利先生於二零一六年七月十二日起辭任執行董事、董事會聯席主席及執行委員會成員。
 - Mr. TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius, chairman of the Audit Committee, has invited Mr. WANG Arthur Minshiang, another member of the Audit Committee to attend the Annual General Meeting in his absence.
審核委員會主席謝孝衍先生已邀請審核委員會另一名成員王敏祥先生於彼缺席之時出席股東週年大會。
 - Mr. WONG Chak Keung was appointed independent non-executive Director with effect from 1 November 2015. He was also appointed a member of Audit Committee with effect from 5 May 2016.
黃澤強先生於二零一五年十一月一日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼亦於二零一六年五月五日獲委任為審核委員會成員。
 - Mr. Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS ceased to be an independent non-executive Director and a member of Audit Committee with effect from 5 May 2016.
Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS先生於二零一六年五月五日不再擔任獨立非執行董事及審核委員會成員。
- * The Directors are not members of the committees at the relevant time but attended the meetings by invitation.
* 該董事於當時並非該委員會成員，但應邀出席有關會議。

Under the Code Provision E.1.2, the chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting. He should also invite the chairmen of the board committees to attend. Due to other important engagement at the relevant time, Mr. ZHOU Xijian, the chairman of the Board and chairman of the Nomination Committee, was absent from the annual general meeting of the Company held on 27 August 2015.

Apart from holding physical meetings, the Board and Board committees also circulate written resolutions for approval by the relevant members of the Board and Board committees except for matters where a substantial shareholder or a Director has a conflict of interest which the Board has determined to be material in compliance with Code Provision A.1.7 of the CG Code.

The Board having considered the attendance records and training records of the Directors and the confirmation provided by each Director is satisfied that each Director spends sufficient time performing his responsibilities.

Practices and conduct of meetings

Meeting schedules and draft agenda of each meeting are made available to Directors in advance.

Notices of regular Board meetings are served to all Directors at least 14 days before the meetings. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given.

Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are generally sent to all Directors at least three days before each Board meeting or committee meeting to keep the Directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions. The Board and each Director also have separate and independent access to senior management and company secretary whenever necessary.

The chief executive officer, chief financial officer (who heads a team of professional staff responsible for the accounting and financial reporting function) and company secretary of the Company attend all regular Board meetings and when necessary, other Board and committee meetings, to advise on business developments, financial and accounting matters, statutory compliance, corporate governance and other major aspects of the Company.

根據守則條文第E.1.2條，董事會主席應出席股東週年大會。彼亦應邀請各董事委員會主席出席。董事會主席兼提名委員會主席周希儉先生由於在相關時間有其他要務在身，因此缺席本公司於二零一五年八月二十七日舉行的股東週年大會。

除親身出席會議外，董事會及董事委員會亦傳閱書面決議案，以尋求董事會及董事委員會有關成員的批准，惟主要股東或董事涉及利益衝突而董事會遵照企業管治守則守則條文第A.1.7條認為屬重大事宜除外。

經考慮董事之出席記錄及培訓記錄及各董事提供之確認書後，董事會信納各董事已付出充足時間履行其職責。

會議常規及守則

會議的時間表及每次會議之議程初稿均提前編製以供董事參閱。

董事會定期會議的通告均在會議舉行前至少十四天向全體董事發出。至於其他董事會及委員會會議，則一般於合理的時間內發出通告。

董事會文件連同所有適當、完整及可靠的資料一般於各董事會或委員會會議舉行前至少三天向全體董事發出，致使董事能了解本公司最近期的發展及財務狀況，因而在知情下作出決定。此外，董事會及各董事在有需要的情况下，亦可個別及單獨與高級管理層及公司秘書接觸。

本公司行政總裁、財務總裁（作為專責會計及財務報告專業員工團隊的領導人）及公司秘書均會出席所有董事會定期會議，如有需要，彼等亦會出席其他董事會及委員會會議，就本公司業務發展、財務及會計事宜、法定遵守事宜、公司管治及其他重要事項提供意見。

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The company secretary is responsible for taking and keeping minutes of all Board meetings and committee meetings. Draft and final versions of minutes of Board meetings are normally sent to Directors for their comments and records respectively, in both cases within a reasonable time after each meeting is held.

According to the current Board practice, any material transaction, which involves a conflict of interests for a substantial shareholder or a Director, will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The Bye-laws also contain provisions requiring Directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such Directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

Chairman and chief executive officer

Currently, the chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Group are held by Mr. ZHOU Xijian and Mr. ZHANG Qi respectively. Their respective responsibilities are clearly defined and set out in writing, details of which are stated below.

The chairman's principal role is to provide leadership for the Board on corporate and strategic planning, ensure proper proceedings of the Board and encourage all Directors to have active contributions to the Board's affairs.

Supported by the other executive Directors and management, the chief executive officer's principal role is to manage and operate the Group's day-to-day business, including the implementation of major strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board.

Board committees

The Company currently have four committees, namely, the Executive Committee, Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs.

Terms of reference of all Board committees are available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

公司秘書負責撰寫及保管所有董事會會議及委員會會議的會議記錄。董事會會議的會議記錄初稿及最終定稿一般在有關會議結束後一段合理時間內發送予董事，初稿供董事表達其意見，而最後定稿則供董事作保存之用。

根據現行之董事會常規，與主要股東或董事涉及利益衝突之任何重大交易將由董事會於正式召開的董事會會議上考慮及處理。公司細則亦載有條文規定，倘有關董事或其任何聯繫人士於交易中擁有重大利益，有關董事須放棄表決，且不得計入批准交易的會議的法定人數之內。

主席及行政總裁

目前董事會主席及本集團行政總裁分別由周希儉先生及張琦先生擔任。彼等各自的責任已清楚界定並已書面載列，有關詳情載於下文。

主席之主要責任為領導董事會進行企業及策略規劃，確保董事會按照恰當的程序運作，並鼓勵全體董事對董事會事務作出積極貢獻。

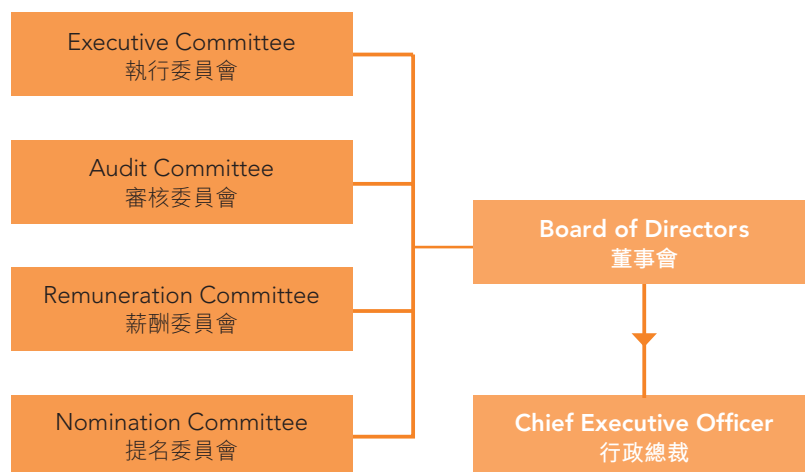
行政總裁在其他執行董事及管理層的支持下，主要負責管理及經營本集團的日常業務，包括履行董事會採納的重要策略與措施。

董事委員會

為監督本公司個別方面的事務，本公司現時設有四個委員會，即執行委員會、審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。

所有董事委員會的職權範圍登載於聯交所網站及本公司網站，以供參考。

Current structure of the Board



董事會現時架構

The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses.

董事委員會具備充足的資源履行其職責，並在恰當的情況下，可應合理的要求尋求獨立專業的意見，費用由本公司支付。

Executive Committee

The Executive Committee consists of all the executive Directors as follows:

ZHANG Qi (chairman of the committee)
WONG Hing Lin, Dennis
HWANG Han-Lung, Basil
ZHANG Li (appointed member of the committee with effect from 8 April 2016 and ceased to act as member of the committee with effect from 12 July 2016)

執行委員會

執行委員會由以下全體執行董事組成：

張琦(委員會主席)
黃慶年
黃漢龍
張利(於二零一六年四月八日獲委任為委員會成員，並於二零一六年七月十二日起不再擔任委員會成員)

The Board has delegated the day-to-day management and operation functions of the Group to the Executive Committee save to the extent that certain powers and authorities are reserved to the full Board or the other Board committees. The Executive Committee is also responsible for reviewing or recommending to the Board the investment transactions of the Group and has the power to approve transactions that would not constitute notifiable transactions under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules, connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules or capital market activities.

董事會已授權執行委員會負責本集團日常的管理及營運職務，惟若干職權及權限由全體董事會或其他董事委員會保留。執行委員會亦負責檢討或向董事會建議本集團之投資交易並有權批准不會構成上市規則第14章項下之須予公佈交易、上市規則第14A章項下之關連交易或資本市場活動之交易。

Corporate Governance Report

公司管治報告

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises all independent non-executive Directors as follows:

TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius (chairman of the committee)

WANG Arthur Minshiang

WONG Chak Keung (appointed member of the committee with effect from 5 May 2016)

Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS (ceased to act as member of the committee with effect from 5 May 2016)

None of the members of the Audit Committee is a former partner of the Company's existing external auditors.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review the Company's annual reports and accounts, interim reports and results announcements and to provide advice and comments thereon to the Directors. The Audit Committee also reviews and monitors the external auditors' independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process. The members meet regularly with the external auditors and the Company's senior management for the review and supervision of the Company's financial reporting and internal control procedures. The Audit Committee is also responsible for monitoring integrity of the financial statements of the Company and the Company's annual reports and accounts and interim reports, and to review significant financial reporting judgements contained in them.

As required by Code Provision C.3.7 of the CG Code, details of arrangements for employees to raise concerns about improprieties in financial reporting, internal control and other matters have been included in the employees' handbook since 1 April 2012.

The Company amended the terms of reference of the Audit Committee, which took effect from 1 May 2016, in order to conform to the revised Code Provision C.3.3 of the CG Code.

審核委員會

審核委員會由下列全體獨立非執行董事組成：

謝孝衍(委員會主席)

王敏祥

黃澤強(於二零一六年五月五日獲委任為委員會成員)

Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS(於二零一六年五月五日不再擔任委員會成員)

概無審核委員會成員為本公司現任外聘核數師的前合夥人。

審核委員會的主要職責是審議本公司年報與賬目、中期報告及業績公佈，並就此向董事提供建議及意見。審核委員會亦檢討及監察外聘核數師的獨立性和客觀性，以及核數程序的效能。審核委員會成員定期與外聘核數師及本公司高級管理層舉行會議，對本公司的財務報告及內部監控程序進行審議及監督。此外，審核委員會亦負責監督本公司財務報表、本公司年報與賬目、風險管理及中期報告的真確性，並審議其中所載重大財務報告的判斷。

應企業管治守則守則條文第C.3.7條之規定，自二零一二年四月一日起，僱員就財務報告、內部監控及其他方面發生的不正當行為提出關注之安排詳情已載入僱員手冊內。

本公司已修訂審核委員會之職權範圍，由二零一六年五月一日起生效，以符合企業管治守則守則條文C.3.3條。

Corporate Governance Report 公司管治報告

During the year under review, the Audit Committee held two meetings to:

- (a) review the financial statements and reports and consider any significant or unusual items raised by the chief financial officer (who heads a team of professional staff responsible for the accounting and financial reporting function) or external auditors before submission to the Board;
- (b) review the relationship with the external auditors by reference to the work performed by the auditors, their fees, terms of engagement and independence, and make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditors proposed by management;
- (c) review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control system and risk management system and associated procedures; and
- (d) review and recommend the Board to approve the revised terms of reference of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee also reviewed the terms and conditions of connected transactions and continuing connected transactions of the Company which took place during the year under review.

The Company's interim results for the six months ended 31 October 2015 and annual results for the year ended 30 April 2016 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee received written confirmation from the external auditors on its independence and objectivity as required by the HKICPA.

There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection and appointment of the external auditors during the year under review.

於回顧年度內，審核委員會舉行了兩次會議，目的為：

- (a) 審議財務報表及報告，並在呈交董事會前考慮由財務總裁（作為專責會計及財務報告專業員工團隊的領導人）或外聘核數師提出的任何重大或不尋常項目；
- (b) 參照外聘核數師所履行的工作後，審議與外聘核數師的關係、其酬金及聘任條款及獨立性，並就管理層建議委任、重新委任及罷免外聘核數師向董事會提出建議；
- (c) 審議本公司財務報告系統、內部監控系統、風險管理系統及相關程序的充足程度及效力；及
- (d) 審閱及建議董事會批准經修訂的審核委員會職權範圍。

此外，審核委員會亦審議本公司於本回顧年度內進行的關連交易及持續關連交易的條款及條件。

審核委員會已審閱本公司截至二零一五年十月三十一日止六個月之中期業績及截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度之年度業績。

審核委員會已按照香港會計師公會的要求接獲外聘核數師就其獨立性及客觀性而發出的書面確認。

董事會與審核委員會之間就於回顧年度內外聘核數師的挑選及委任並無出現意見分歧。

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公司管治報告

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises three members, the majority of which are independent non-executive Directors, as follows:

WANG Arthur Minshiang (chairman of the committee)
TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius
ZHANG Qi

The primary objectives of the Remuneration Committee include making recommendations on and approving the Company's policy and structure for all the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee is also responsible for establishing formal and transparent procedures for developing remuneration policy and structure to ensure that no Director or any of his/her associates will participate in deciding his/her own remuneration, which remuneration will be determined by reference to the performance of the individual and the Company as well as market practice and conditions. The Remuneration Committee shall consult the chairman and/or the chief executive officer of the Company about their recommendations on remuneration policy and structure and remuneration packages.

The Company adopted Code Provision B.1.2(c)(i) out of the two models suggested by the CG Code. As a result, the Board as a whole is responsible for determining the remuneration of non-executive Directors whereas the Remuneration Committee has the authority to approve the remuneration of the individual executive Directors and senior management of the Company and its subsidiaries as well as share options related matters.

During the year under review, the Remuneration Committee passed written resolutions in recommending the remuneration of a new independent non-executive Director and approving the grant of share options to consultants. It also held one meeting to determine and approve the remuneration of a new executive Director.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由下列三位成員組成，大部份成員為獨立非執行董事：

王敏祥(委員會主席)
謝孝衍
張琦

薪酬委員會的首要目標包括就本公司有關所有董事及高級管理層之薪酬待遇之政策及架構提供建議，並審批此等政策架構。另外，薪酬委員會亦負責制定發展有關薪酬政策及架構的正式及透明程序，以確保概無董事或其任何聯繫人士將參與釐定其本身之薪酬。彼等之薪酬將經參照個人及本公司表現以及市場慣例及狀況後釐定。薪酬委員會應就薪酬政策、架構及薪酬待遇諮詢本公司主席及／或行政總裁之建議。

本公司採納企業管治守則所建議之兩種模式其中之一所載之守則條文第B.1.2(c)(i)條。因此，董事會整體負責釐定非執行董事之薪酬，而薪酬委員會有權審批個別執行董事及本公司及其附屬公司之高級管理層之薪酬以及購股權相關事宜。

於回顧年度內，薪酬委員會通過關於建議一名新獨立非執行董事的薪酬及批准向顧問授出購股權的書面決議案。其亦舉行一次會議，以釐定及批准一名新執行董事的薪酬。

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee comprises three members, the majority of which are independent non-executive Directors, as follows:

ZHOU Xijian (chairman of the committee)
WANG Arthur Minshiang
TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius

The main duties of the Nomination Committee include the following:

- (a) review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- (b) identify individual suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorship;
- (c) assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors, having regard to the requirements of the Listing Rules;
- (d) make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the chairman and the chief executive; and
- (e) ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business, and in that regard, the Nomination Committee should assist the Board to formulate and review a policy concerning diversity of Board members.

提名委員會

提名委員會由下列三位成員組成，大部份成員為獨立非執行董事：

周希儉(委員會主席)
王敏祥
謝孝衍

提名委員會主要職責包括下列各項：

- (a) 至少每年一次檢討董事會之架構、規模及組成(包括技能、知識、經驗及多樣的觀點與角度)，並就任何為配合本公司之企業策略而擬對董事會作出之變動提出建議；
- (b) 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員之人士，並甄選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董事會提供意見；
- (c) 經考慮上市規則之規定後，評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性；
- (d) 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其是主席及行政總裁)繼任計劃向董事會提出建議；及
- (e) 確保董事會根據本公司業務要求在技能、知識、經驗及多樣的觀點與角度方面達致合適的平衡，就此而言，提名委員會應協助董事會就有關董事會成員多元化制訂及檢討政策。

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During the year under review, the Nomination Committee passed written resolutions in recommending the appointment of a new independent non-executive Director; and held two meetings to recommend the appointment of a new executive Director, to consider the renewal of the letter of appointment of an independent non-executive Director, to note the non-renewal of term of appointment of an independent non-executive Director, to review the structure, size and composition of the Board by reference to the Board Diversity Policy and to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors.

Company secretary

Mr. HWANG Han-Lung, Basil has been the company secretary in replacement of Ms. CHEUNG Hoi Yin, Brenda with effect from 14 August 2015. He is an employee of the Group since February 2015.

The company secretary supports the Board by ensuring an unimpeded flow of information within the Board and that policies and procedures formulated by the Board are followed. He is responsible for advising the Board through the chairman and chief executive officer on governance matters and facilitates induction and professional development of the Directors.

The appointment and dismissal of the company secretary are subject to the Board's approval in accordance with the Bye-laws. Whilst the company secretary reports to the chief executive officer on the Group's company secretarial and corporate governance matters, all members of the Board have access to the advice and services of the company secretary.

Mr. Hwang confirmed that he has complied with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules and received more than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 30 April 2016.

Business objectives and strategies

The Company looks for improving the Group's long term financial performance and avoids taking undue risks to make short term gains at the expense of long term objectives. The current business strategy is disclosed in the section "Prospects" of the "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report.

於回顧年度內，提名委員會就建議委任一名新獨立非執行董事通過書面決議案；及舉行兩次會議，建議委任一名新執行董事、考慮重續一名獨立非執行董事的委任函、獲悉不再重續一名獨立非執行董事的任期、參照董事會成員多元化政策檢討董事會之架構、規模及組成及評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

公司秘書

黃漢龍先生自二零一五年八月十四日起接替張海燕女士擔任公司秘書。彼自二零一五年二月起為本集團僱員。

公司秘書支援董事會以確保董事會成員之間資訊交流暢通且遵循董事會制訂的政策及程序。彼負責透過主席及行政總裁就管治事宜向董事會提供意見，並安排董事的就任須知及專業發展。

公司秘書的委任及撤職須經董事會根據公司細則批准。公司秘書就本集團之公司秘書及企業管治事宜向行政總裁匯報，全體董事會成員均可取得公司秘書的意見及服務。

黃先生確認已於截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度遵守上市規則第3.29條並已接受逾15小時之相關專業培訓。

業務目標及策略

本公司力求提升本集團的長期財務表現及避免承擔不恰當的風險犧牲長期目標以換取短期收益。當前之業務策略於本年報「管理層討論及分析」前景一節中披露。

Internal controls

The Board is responsible for maintaining the system of internal controls of the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness. During the year ended 30 April 2016, the Board conducted an annual review of the Group's internal control system, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions. The Board assessed the effectiveness of internal control by considering reviews performed by the Audit Committee and external auditors. The annual review also considered the adequacy of resources, budget, training programmes, qualifications and experience of staff in respect of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function.

As delegated by the Board and Audit Committee, executive management reviewed the design and implementation of systems of internal controls based on annual assessment of the Group's risk profile. Key control issues and recommendations were reviewed by the Audit Committee. Management will continue to carry out follow up actions agreed upon in response to recommendations.

The Board had reviewed the need for an internal audit function and decided to outsource the function to an independent professional firm in financial year 2016/17.

Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("**Model Code**") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its model code for securities transactions by the Directors.

The Company, having made specific enquiries, obtained confirmations from all the Directors that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code during the year ended 30 April 2016.

The Company has also established written guidelines on no less exacting terms than the Model Code ("**Employees Written Guidelines**") for securities transactions by relevant employees who are likely to possess unpublished inside information in relation to the Company or its securities.

No incident of non-compliance with the Employees Written Guidelines by the relevant employees was noted by the Company during the year ended 30 April 2016.

內部監控

董事會負責維持本集團的內部監控系統，並檢討其有效性。於截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度內，董事會已對本集團內部監控系統(包括財務、營運及合規控制以及風險管理職能)進行年度檢討。董事會經考慮審核委員會及外聘核數師所進行之檢討，評估內部監控之有效性。年度檢討亦就本集團會計及財務匯報職能考慮資源、預算、培訓課程、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠。

在董事會及審核委員會指派下，行政管理層已按照本集團風險狀況之年度評估檢討內部監控系統之設計及執行。重要監控事項及建議已由審核委員會檢討。管理層將繼續展開跟進對建議作出議定之行動。

董事會已檢討是否需要內部審核功能並決定將於二零一六/一七年財政年度將該功能外判予一間獨立專業公司。

進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「**標準守則**」)，作為董事進行證券交易之標準守則。

本公司經作出特定查詢後，已獲全體董事確認，彼等於截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度內已遵守標準守則所載的規定準則。

就可能擁有與本公司或其證券相關之未經公佈之內幕消息之有關僱員進行證券交易，本公司已制定不遜於標準守則所載條款之明文指引(「**僱員明文指引**」)。

本公司並沒有發現於截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度內有關僱員違反僱員明文指引。

Corporate Governance Report

公司管治報告

Responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, inside information announcements and other publications and disclosures of the Company required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 April 2016.

The statement of the external auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the "Independent Auditors' Report" contained in this annual report.

Auditors' remuneration

The remuneration paid to the external auditors of the Company in respect of audit services and non-audit services for the year ended 30 April 2016 amounted to approximately US\$283,000 and US\$20,000 respectively. The non-audit services were mainly related to tax services.

Shareholders' rights

The Company has only one class of shares. All shares have the same voting rights and are entitled to the dividend declared. The rights of the members (or shareholders) of the Company ("shareholders") are set out in, amongst other things, the Bye-laws and the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda ("Companies Act").

Convening special general meeting on requisition

Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the secretary of the Company or at the registered office of the Company, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition pursuant to Section 74 of the Companies Act. Under bye-law 58 of the Bye-laws, such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionists themselves may do so in accordance with the provision of Section 74(3) of the Companies Act.

有關財務報表之責任

董事會負責就本公司年報及中期報告、內幕消息公佈及其他刊物以及根據上市規則及其他監管規定須作出之披露呈報一個持平、清晰及易於理解之評估。

董事確認彼等負責編製本公司截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度之財務報表。

本公司外聘核數師就財務報表之申報責任作出之聲明載於本年報內之「獨立核數師報告書」。

核數師酬金

本公司外聘核數師就截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度之審核服務及非審核服務而獲付之酬金分別約283,000美元及20,000美元。非審核服務乃主要有關稅務服務。

股東權利

本公司僅擁有一類股份。所有股份均擁有相同的投票權並可獲派已宣派之股息。本公司股東(「股東」)的權利載於(其中包括)公司細則及百慕達一九八一年公司法(「公司法」)。

要求召開股東特別大會

於遞呈要求日期持有本公司已繳足股本不少於(賦有於本公司股東大會上之投票權)十分之一的股東有權透過向本公司董事會或秘書或本公司註冊辦事處發出書面要求，要求董事會根據公司法第74條召開股東特別大會，以處理有關要求中指明之任何事項。根據公司細則第58條，該大會應於遞呈相關要求後兩個月內舉行。倘遞呈後21日內，董事會未有召開該大會，則遞呈要求人士可自發根據公司法第74(3)條之規定召開大會。

The written requisition requiring a special general meeting to be called can be sent to the head office and principal place of business of the Company as set out in the “Corporate Information” section of this annual report for the attention of the company secretary.

Proposing resolution at general meeting

Shareholders may by written requisition request, deposit at the registered office of the Company, inclusion of a resolution relating to matters in a general meeting by following the requirements and procedures as set out in Sections 79 and 80 of the Companies Act.

The above request can be sent to the Company at its head office and principal place of business as set out in the “Corporate Information” section of this annual report for the attention of the company secretary.

Subject to the provisions of the above-mentioned sections of the Companies Act, on the written requisition of members representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights or 100 members, at the expense of the requisitionists unless the Company otherwise resolves, the Company shall give shareholders notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting and a relevant statement.

Procedures for nomination of Directors for election

Under bye-law 86(1) of the Bye-laws, shareholders are entitled to elect any person to be a Director at the annual general meeting in accordance with bye-law 87 of the Bye-laws or at any special general meeting by following the requirement set out in bye-law 88 of the Bye-laws. Details of the procedures for nomination of Directors for election are available on the Company’s website.

Notice of general meetings and “bundling” resolutions

Pursuant to Code Provision E.1.3 of the CG Code, the Company will arrange for the notice to shareholders to be sent for annual general meetings at least 20 clear business days before the meeting and to be sent at least 10 clear business days for all other general meetings.

Separate resolutions are proposed at general meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual Directors. Where bundling the resolutions cannot be avoided, the Company shall explain the reasons and material implications in the notice of the meeting.

要求召開股東特別大會的書面要求可送達本年報「公司資料」一節所載的本公司總辦事處及主要營業地點，收件人為公司秘書。

於股東大會提呈決議案

股東可以書面要求方式存置於本公司註冊辦事處要求將相關事宜之決議案納入股東大會議程，惟須遵守公司法第79及80條所載規定及程序。

上述要求可送達本年報「公司資料」一節所載的本公司總辦事處及主要營業地點，收件人為公司秘書。

在上述公司法條文之規限下，在佔總投票權不少於二十分之一之股東或100名股東提出書面要求時(除本公司另有議決者外，費用由遞呈要求人士承擔)，本公司須向股東發出可能於該次會議上適當動議或擬於該次會議上動議之任何決議案之通告及相關聲明。

提名候選董事之程序

根據公司細則第86(1)條，股東有權根據公司細則第87條於股東週年大會上或按照公司細則第88條所載之規定於任何股東特別大會上選舉任何人士為董事。提名候選董事之程序詳情可於本公司網站查閱。

股東大會通告及「捆綁式」決議案

根據企業管治守則守則條文第E.1.3條，本公司將於股東週年大會召開前至少足20個營業日向股東發送會議通告及於所有其他股東大會召開前至少足10個營業日向股東發送會議通告。

每項重大事項(包括選舉個人董事)將於股東大會上以獨立決議案提呈。倘捆綁式決議案不可避免，本公司須於會議通告中解釋原因及實質意涵。

Corporate Governance Report

公司管治報告

Voting by poll

The rights of shareholders and the procedures for demanding a poll on resolutions at general meetings are contained in the Bye-laws.

In accordance with Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, all resolutions put to vote at general meetings of the Company are taken by way of poll except where the chairman, in good faith, decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands.

Details of the poll voting procedures will be set out in the circular sent to shareholders prior to each meeting. The chairman of a meeting shall ensure that an explanation of the detailed procedures for conducting a poll is provided and answer any questions from shareholders on voting by poll.

After each general meeting, the poll results will be published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company in the manner prescribed under Rule 13.39(5) of the Listing Rules.

Shareholders' communication policy

The Board shall maintain an on-going dialogue with shareholders and in particular, use annual general meetings or other general meetings to communicate with them and encourage their participation. The Company shall also make available all the disclosures submitted to the Stock Exchange and its corporate communications and other corporate publications on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Board has established a shareholders' right and communication policy and will regularly review this policy to ensure its effectiveness to suit the needs of the Company and to comply with the relevant rules and corporate governance code.

Conduct of general meetings

The general meetings of the Company provide a forum for communication between the shareholders and the Board. Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend the meetings.

The chairman of the Board as well as chairmen of the Board committees or in their absence, other members of the Board or its respective committees and the external auditors are available to answer questions at the annual general meetings.

投票表決

股東於股東大會上之權利及要求以投票方式表決之決議案之程序載於公司細則。

根據上市規則第13.39(4)條，提呈本公司股東大會上表決之所有決議案均以投票方式進行，惟大會主席真誠決定容許以舉手方式表決純粹與程序性或行政事項相關之決議案除外。

投票表決程序之詳情將載於各次會議召開前發送予股東之通函內。大會主席須確保就進行投票之詳細程序提供說明並解答股東有關投票表決之任何疑問。

每次股東大會後，投票結果將以上市規則第13.39(5)條所規定之方式於聯交所及本公司網站刊登。

股東之通訊政策

董事會須與股東保持對話，尤其利用股東週年大會或其他股東大會與彼等溝通並鼓勵彼等參與。本公司亦須將提交予聯交所之所有披露資料及其公司通訊及其他公司刊物登載於聯交所及本公司網站。

董事會設立了股東權利及通訊政策及將定期檢討這項政策，以確保其有效滿足本公司之需求及遵守相關規則及企業管治守則。

召開股東大會

本公司股東大會為股東與董事會提供溝通之平台。本公司鼓勵股東參與股東大會或(倘彼等無法出席大會)委任受委代表代為出席大會並於會上投票。

董事會主席以及董事委員會主席或(在彼等缺席時)董事會或各委員會其他成員及外聘核數師可於股東週年大會上回答提問。

Shareholders' enquiries

Shareholders can send their enquiries about shareholdings, share transfer, registration and payment of dividend to the Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office of the Company. Other shareholders' enquiries can be directed to the head office and principal place of business of the Company as set out in the "Corporate Information" section of this annual report for the attention of the chief financial officer and the company secretary.

Details of the shareholders' rights and communication policy are also available on the Company's website.

Investor relations

Designated senior management is responsible for communicating and enhancing relationships with the investors of the Company. Enquiries from investors are dealt with in a timely manner.

As to promote effective communication, the Company also maintains a website, where information and updates on the Company's business developments and operations, list of directors and their role and function, constitutional documents, terms of reference of the Board and its committees, procedures of nomination of directors for election, Board Diversity Policy, shareholders' rights and communication policy, corporate governance practices, announcements, circulars and reports released to the Stock Exchange and other information are posted. Information on the Company's website is updated from time to time.

There was no change in the Company's constitutional documents during the year ended 30 April 2016.

Hong Kong, 14 July 2016

股東查詢

股東可將其有關持股量、股份過戶、登記及派付股息之查詢發送至本公司股份過戶登記處香港分處。股東其他查詢可發送至本年報「公司資料」一節所載之本公司總辦事處及主要營業地點，收件人為財務總裁及公司秘書。

股東權利及通訊政策的詳情亦登載於本公司網站。

投資者關係

指定之高級管理人員負責與本公司投資者交流並改善與其關係。投資者之查詢會適時地處理。

為促進有效溝通，本公司亦設有網站，當中登載本公司業務發展及營運之最新資訊、於聯交所刊發之董事名單與其角色及職能、組織章程文件、董事會及其委員會職權範圍、提名候選董事之程序、董事會成員多元化政策、股東權利及通訊政策、企業管治常規、公佈、通函及報告及其他訊息。本公司網站上的資訊將不時更新。

本公司之組織章程文件於截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度並無變動。

香港，二零一六年七月十四日

Report of the Directors

董事會報告書

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2016.

Principal activities

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 36 to the financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year under review by business and geographical segments as well as information about major customers is set out in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Financial results

The results of the Group for the year ended 30 April 2016 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 73.

Dividends

An interim dividend of 0.15 HK cents per ordinary share, totalling approximately US\$681,000, was declared and paid to shareholders during the year under review.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend in respect of the year ended 30 April 2016.

Business review

A fair review of the Group's business and a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the year and the material factors underlying its results and financial position are included in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" section on pages 8 to 17 of this annual report. Description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Company can be found throughout this annual report, particularly in Note 33 to the financial statements. Particulars of important events affecting the Company that have occurred since the end of the financial year 2016 can also be found on pages 69 and 70 of this Report of the Directors and Note 34 to the financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance using financial key performance indicators is provided in the "Financial Highlights" and "Financial Review" sections from pages 2 to 3 and pages 11 to 12 respectively of this annual report. Below is a discussion on the Company's environmental policies and performance, the Company's compliance with the relevant laws and regulations and an account of the Company's relationships with its key stakeholders.

董事謹此提呈截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度之董事會報告書及經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司，其附屬公司之主要業務載於財務報表附註36。

本回顧年度內，本集團按業務及地域分類劃分之表現及有關主要客戶資料之分析載於財務報表附註4。

財務業績

本集團截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度之業績載於第73頁之綜合損益表。

股息

於本回顧年度內向股東宣派及派付中期股息每股普通股0.15港仙，合計約681,000美元。

董事不建議就截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度派付末期股息。

業務審視

有關本集團業務的中肯審視及就本集團年內表現以及業績和財務狀況相關重要因素的討論和分析，載於本年報第8至17頁的「管理層討論及分析」一節。關於本公司面對的主要風險及不明朗因素的描述已於本年報的不同部分披露，於財務報表附註33尤其詳盡。在二零一六年財政年度結束後發生，並且對公司有影響的重大事件，其詳情已於本董事會報告書第69及70頁及財務報表附註34中披露。

關於運用財務關鍵表現指標就本集團的表現所進行的分析，已在本年報第2至3頁的「財務摘要」及第11至12頁的「財務回顧」一節內提供。下文為本公司的環境政策及表現的討論、本公司遵守有關法律及規例以及本公司與其主要持份者的關係的說明。

Business review (continued)

Environmental policies and performance

The Group is committed to reducing carbon emission and saving resources. We have started monitoring our carbon emission since 2013 with references made according to the EPD (Environmental Protection Department) Guidelines, GHG (Greenhouse Gas) Protocol and ISO 14064 standard.

During the year under review, we implemented several measures to reduce greenhouse gas emission and save energy, including replacing spotlights in showrooms with energy saving LED lights, installing water saving taps in washrooms, installing video conference facilities to reduce business travelling and replacing copiers and printers with energy saving models.

Compliance

We have in place compliance procedures to ensure adherence to the relevant laws and regulations that are relevant to the Group. The Board is responsible for reviewing and monitoring the Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, with the support and assistance of the legal and company secretarial department.

The Listing Rules, the Companies Ordinance and the Securities and Futures Ordinance as well as their subsidiary legislation, codes and guidelines are the principal sources of our compliance obligations. Laws in other jurisdictions may also apply to our non-Hong Kong operations, and both in Hong Kong and elsewhere, we rely on the assistance of external law firms and professional advisers to manage our legal and compliance risks.

We communicate information on relevant new laws or changes in laws and regulations to our staff to ensure compliance, and also regularly remind our staff of their compliance obligations.

業務審視 (續)

環境政策及表現

本集團致力減低碳排放量及節約資源。我們自二零一三年開始參考環境保護署指引、溫室氣體盤查議定書及ISO 14064標準監察碳排放量。

於回顧年度內，我們實行了多項措施以減低溫室氣體排放及節約能源，包括將陳列室的射燈更換為節能LED燈、將洗手間所有水龍頭加裝節水器、安裝視像會議設備以減少商務行程及將複印機及打印機更換為節能型號。

合規情況

我們已訂立合規程序以確保遵從與本集團有關的相關法律及規例。在法律及公司秘書部門的支援及協助下，董事會負責檢討及監察本集團有關遵守法律及監管規定的政策及常規。

上市規則、公司條例及證券及期貨條例及其附屬法例、守則及指引乃我們的合規責任的主要來源。其他司法權區的法律亦可能適用於我們的香港境外業務，而於香港及其他地區，我們均依賴外部律師事務所及專業顧問的協助，以管理我們的法律及合規風險。

我們向僱員傳達相關新法例或法律及規例的變動以確保合規，並定期提醒僱員須承擔合規責任。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告書

Business review (continued)

Key relationships with stakeholders

Employees

The Group's remuneration policy and staff development scheme is set out in page 16 of this annual report.

The Group implemented comprehensive mechanisms to ensure that high standard of ethical business practices are adopted when our employees dealing with suppliers and service providers. Our Staff Handbook states our policies in avoiding conflict of interest and the whistle-blowing channels.

We are an equal opportunity employer. We embrace anti-discrimination practices that protect potential and existing employees from being disadvantaged or excluded on the basis of gender, age, family status, sexual orientation, disability, race or religion.

We strictly comply with local laws and regulations concerning health and safety at work.

Customers

As a global supply chain management solutions provider and business partner, the Group offers diverse and comprehensive services to a wide range of customers including some of the world's leading retailers, well known brands, wholesalers, mail order houses and department stores in North America, Europe, Australia and South Africa. The Group continues to strengthen ties with the customers and strives to meet their growing demand on price and service level by reaching out for new supply base and expanding into new product categories. To improve the customer service level, the Group has set a claim alert system to record and track the status of claims and complaints received from customers.

Suppliers

The Group operates an international sourcing network with a focus on emerging markets. Supplier management is the core of our supply chain business, all the suppliers have been evaluated by the Group based on their expertise, experience, production capabilities and other production factors, and are subject to constant performance review and evaluation by the Group to improve their quality and efficiency. In addition, the Group has developed an extensive CSR Compliance Manual and Vendor Code of Conduct, and has a complete quality assurance procedure in place for products produced by suppliers before shipping to customers.

業務審視 (續)

與持份者的主要關係

僱員

本集團之薪酬政策及員工發展計劃載於本年報第16頁。

本集團實行全面機制以確保僱員與供應商及服務供應商交易時維持良好商業道德操守標準。員工手冊列明避免利益衝突的政策及舉報方法。

我們是平等機會僱主。我們設有反歧視常規，保障潛在及現有僱員避免因性別、年齡、家庭狀況、性取向、殘疾、種族或宗教而受到不公平對待或排斥。

我們嚴格遵守有關工作健康及安全的本地法律及規例。

客戶

作為一家全球供應鏈管理解決方案供應商和商業夥伴，本集團為眾多客戶提供多元化及全方位服務，當中包括多個位於北美洲、歐洲、澳洲和南非的國際知名零售商、著名品牌、批發商、郵購公司和百貨公司。本集團繼續加強與客戶的聯繫並不斷擴大供應商基礎和開拓新產品類別，以滿足客戶對價格和服務水準日益增長的需求。為改善客戶服務水平，本集團訂立了索償警報系統，以記錄及追蹤客戶索償及投訴的狀況。

供應商

本集團擁有國際性採購網路並着重於新興市場。由於供應商管理為我們供應鏈業務的核心，所有供應商皆通過由本集團根據其專業知識，經驗，生產能力等生產要素進行的評估並會定期接受本集團對其表現之審查及評估，以提高他們的質量和效益。此外，集團已制定詳盡的企業社會責任手冊及供應商行為守則及已訂立完整品質保證程序，於付運供應商生產的產品予客戶前檢驗產品。

Ultimate holding company

During the year under review, the Directors regard Daohe Global Investment and Sino Remittance Holding Limited as the controlling shareholders of the Company and Daohe Global Investment as the ultimate holding company of the Company. The ultimate controlling party of the Group is Mr. ZHOU Xijian, a non-executive Director and the chairman of the Board.

As at 30 April 2016, Daohe Global Investment through its four wholly-owned subsidiaries indirectly held an aggregate of approximately 62.68% of the then issued share capital of the Company.

Property, plant and equipment

Details of movements in the Group's property, plant and equipment during the year under review are set out in Note 12 to the financial statements.

Share capital

Details of the share capital of the Company during the year under review are set out in Note 23 to the financial statements.

Reserves and distributable reserves

Movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year under review are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Note 35 to the financial statements respectively.

As at 30 April 2016, distributable reserves of the Company consisted of the aggregate of contributed surplus and retained earnings, which amounted to US\$11,454,000 (2015: US\$11,482,000).

Bye-law 138 of the Bye-laws requires that no dividend shall be paid or distribution be made out of contributed surplus if to do so would render the Company unable to pay its liabilities as they become due or the realisable value of its assets would thereby become less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

最終控股公司

於本回顧年度內，董事認為道和環球投資及 Sino Remittance Holding Limited 華滙控股有限公司為本公司的控股股東及道和環球投資為本公司的最終控股公司。本集團的最終控制人士為非執行董事兼董事會主席周希儉先生。

於二零一六年四月三十日，道和環球投資透過其四間全資附屬公司間接持有合共本公司當時已發行股本約 62.68%。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備於本回顧年度內之變動詳情載於財務報表附註 12。

股本

本公司股本於本回顧年度內之詳情載於財務報表附註 23。

儲備及可供分派儲備

本集團及本公司儲備於本回顧年度內之變動詳情分別載於綜合權益變動表及財務報表附註 35。

本公司於二零一六年四月三十日之可供分派儲備包括實繳盈餘及保留盈利之總和，總額為 11,454,000 美元 (二零一五年：11,482,000 美元)。

公司細則第 138 條規定，倘股息分派會導致本公司於債務到期時無法支付其債務或其資產之可變現價值將因此低於其負債與其已發行股本及股份溢價賬之總和，則不得從實繳盈餘中派發股息或作出分派。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告書

Reserves and distributable reserves (continued)

In accordance with Section 54 of the Companies Act, the Company shall not declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of its contributed surplus, if there are reasonable grounds for believing that:

- (i) the Company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (ii) the realisable value of the Company's assets would thereby be less than its liabilities.

Equity-linked agreements

Other than (i) the share option scheme of the Company as disclosed below; (ii) the subscription of new shares under general mandate completed on 17 June 2015 as disclosed in page 13 of this annual report; (iii) the share transaction as disclosed in pages 13 to 14 of this annual report; and (iv) the proposed placing of new shares under general mandate and the lapse of the relevant placing agreement as disclosed in page 69 of this annual report, no equity-linked agreements that have, will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that have, will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

Share options and share option scheme

The Company adopted a share option scheme ("**2011 Share Option Scheme**") pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company on 29 August 2011. The 2011 Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years up to 2021, during which the Board or a committee thereof may grant options to eligible persons to subscribe for shares in the Company.

The Company has granted options ("**Share Options**") under the 2011 Share Option Scheme to certain consultants ("**Grantees**") on 6 November 2015. The Share Options entitle the Grantees to subscribe for a total of 50,000,000 new shares of the Company at a subscription price of HK\$1 per share of the Company with a validity period of three years and may only be exercised if the average closing price of the Company's share for the five business days immediate preceding the exercise date exceeds HK\$2 per share of the Company.

儲備及可供分派儲備(續)

根據公司法第54條，倘有合理理由相信如以下事項成立，則本公司不得宣派或派付股息或從其實繳盈餘中作出分派：

- (i) 本公司作出派付後無法或將無法支付其到期債務；或
- (ii) 本公司資產之可變現價值將因此低於其負債。

股票掛鈎協議

除(i)下文所披露之本公司購股權計劃；(ii)本年報第13頁所披露於二零一五年六月十七日完成根據一般授權認購新股份；(iii)本年報第13至14頁所披露之股份交易；及(iv)本年報第69頁所披露擬根據一般授權配售新股份以及有關配售協議之失效，本公司於年內概無訂立或於年度結束時概無存在任何股票掛鈎協議，而該協議已經、將會或可能會導致本公司發行股份，或規定本公司訂立已經、將會或可能會導致本公司發行股份的任何協議。

購股權及購股權計劃

本公司根據於二零一一年八月二十九日在本公司股東週年大會上通過之一項普通決議案採納一項購股權計劃(「**二零一一年購股權計劃**」)。二零一一年購股權計劃將一直有效至二零二一年止，為期十年，在此期間，董事會或董事委員會可將購股權授予合資格人士以認購本公司股份。

本公司根據二零一一年購股權計劃於二零一五年十一月六日向若干顧問(「**承授人**」)授出購股權(「**購股權**」)。購股權賦予承授人權利認購本公司合共50,000,000股新股份，行使價為每股本公司股份1港元，有效期為三年，惟僅可於緊接行使日前五個營業日的平均收市價達到每股本公司股份超過2港元才可行使。

Share options and share option scheme (continued)

Details of the 2011 Share Option Scheme are as follows:

1. Purpose

The primary purpose of the 2011 Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives or rewards to eligible persons for their contribution or potential contribution to the Group.

2. Eligible persons

The eligible persons under the 2011 Share Option Scheme include:

- (i) any Director or proposed Director (whether executive or non-executive, including any independent non-executive Director), employee or proposed employee (whether full time or part time) of, or any individual for the time being seconded to work for, any member of the Group or any controlling shareholder of the Company or any company controlled by a controlling shareholder of the Company; or
- (ii) any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any controlling shareholder of the Company or any company controlled by a controlling shareholder of the Company; or
- (iii) any business partner, agent, consultant or representative of, or any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or any advisory, consultancy, professional or other services to, or any supplier of goods or services to, or any customer of, any member of the Group or any controlling shareholder of the Company or any company controlled by a controlling shareholder of the Company.

購股權及購股權計劃(續)

二零一一年購股權計劃之詳情如下：

1. 目的

二零一一年購股權計劃的主要目的是獎勵或酬謝曾經或將會對本集團作出貢獻之合資格人士。

2. 合資格人士

二零一一年購股權計劃下之合資格人士包括：

- (i) 本集團任何成員公司或本公司任何控股股東或本公司控股股東控制之任何公司之任何董事或候任董事(不論為執行或非執行董事，包括任何獨立非執行董事)、僱員或擬聘僱員(不論全職或兼職)或任何當時獲借調為其工作之人士；或
- (ii) 本集團任何成員公司或本公司任何控股股東或由本公司控股股東控制之任何公司發行之任何證券之任何持有人；或
- (iii) 本集團任何成員公司或本公司任何控股股東或由本公司控股股東控制之任何公司之任何業務伙伴、代理、顧問或代表或任何向其提供研究、開發或其他技術支援或任何諮詢、顧問、專業或其他服務之人士或企業、任何貨品或服務供應商或任何客戶。

Share options and share option scheme (continued)

3. Total number of shares available for issue

The initial total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the 2011 Share Option Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of approval of the 2011 Share Option Scheme (i.e. 341,534,635 shares after the adjustment for the effect of Share Subdivision in June 2015). As at 30 April 2016, the total number of shares available for issue under the 2011 Share Option Scheme (save for those granted but not yet exercised) is 291,534,635, representing approximately 8.25% of the Company's issued share capital as at the date of this annual report.

Subject to the approval by the Company's shareholders, the aggregate number of the Company's shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the 2011 Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not exceed 30% of the Company's shares in issue from time to time. Options granted to the independent non-executive Directors or substantial shareholders of the Company or any of their respective associates in excess of 0.1% of the Company's shares in issue and with an aggregate value in excess of HK\$5 million resulting in the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options already granted and to be granted to such person under the 2011 Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of grant of such option must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders.

4. Maximum entitlement for each eligible person

The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the 2011 Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company to any eligible persons (including those cancelled, exercised and outstanding options), in any 12-month period up to the date of the latest grant shall not exceed 1% of the Company's shares in issue. Any further grant of options in excess of such limit must be separately approved by the Company's shareholders in general meeting.

購股權及購股權計劃(續)

3. 可供發行股份總數

根據二零一一年購股權計劃可授出之購股權初步涉及之股份總數，不得超逾二零一一年購股權計劃批准當日本公司已發行股份之10%（即341,534,635股，已就二零一五年六月份股份拆細之影響作出調整）。於二零一六年四月三十日，根據二零一一年購股權計劃可供發行的股份總數（不包括已授出但未行使者）為291,534,635股，佔本公司於本年報日期已發行股本約8.25%。

在本公司股東批准之規限下，根據二零一一年購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃已授出但尚未行使之所有購股權獲行使時本公司可發行之股份總數，不得超逾本公司不時已發行股份之30%。倘若向本公司獨立非執行董事或主要股東或任何彼等各自之聯繫人士授出購股權，導致截至及包括授出該購股權日期之任何十二個月期間，因行使根據二零一一年購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃已授予及將授予該人士之購股權（包括已行使、已註銷及尚未行使者）而已發行及將予發行之股份總數，超逾本公司已發行股份之0.1%及總價值超逾5,000,000港元，則必須事先獲得本公司股東批准。

4. 每名合資格人士可獲授最高股數

根據二零一一年購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃授予任何合資格人士之購股權（包括已註銷、已行使及尚未行使者）獲行使當時已發行及將予發行之股份總數，於截至最近授出購股權該日止任何十二個月期間，不得超逾本公司已發行股份之1%。凡再授出超逾該上限之購股權，須另行徵求本公司股東於股東大會上之個別批准。

Share options and share option scheme (continued)

5. Time of exercise of option

Options may be exercised at any time commencing on the date as the Board may determine and ending on such date as the Board may determine but shall not exceed 10 years from the date of grant (which is the date of offer of grant if the offer for the grant of the option is accepted).

6. Minimum holding period of the option before it can be exercised

The 2011 Share Option Scheme does not specify any minimum holding period but the Board has the authority to determine the minimum period for which a share option in respect of some or all of the shares forming the subject of the share options must be held before it can be exercised.

7. Acceptance and payment on acceptance

Offer for the grant of options must be accepted within 30 days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made. No consideration is required to be paid by the grantee of an option to the Company on acceptance of the offer for the grant of an option.

8. Exercise Price

The exercise price is determined by the Board, and will not be less than the higher of the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of offer of grant and the average closing price of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer of grant.

9. Remaining life of the 2011 Share Option Scheme

Subject to the earlier termination of the 2011 Share Option Scheme in accordance with the rules governing the 2011 Share Option Scheme, the 2011 Share Option Scheme will expire on 29 August 2021.

購股權及購股權計劃(續)

5. 行使購股權之時間

購股權可由董事會決定之日期起隨時行使，直至董事會可能釐定但不超逾授出日期(即倘授出購股權要約獲接納，則為要約授出日期)後十年之日期為止。

6. 購股權行使前最短須持有之期限

二零一一年購股權計劃並無指明任何最短持有期限，但董事會有權決定組成購股權的若干或全部股份的購股權在行使前必須持有之最短期限。

7. 接納及於接納時付款

授出購股權之要約必須在提出該等要約當日起三十日內(包括當日)予以接納。購股權承授人於接納授出購股權之要約時，毋須支付任何代價予本公司。

8. 行使價

行使價由董事會釐定，其將不會低於本公司股份於要約授出日期之收市價及股份於緊接要約授出日期前五個營業日之平均收市價(兩者以較高者為準)。

9. 二零一一年購股權計劃之尚餘期限

除非因根據二零一一年購股權計劃之規則而須提早終止二零一一年購股權計劃，否則二零一一年購股權計劃將於二零二一年八月二十九日屆滿。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告書

Share options and share option scheme (continued)

Movements of the options to subscribe for shares of the Company granted to the consultants under the 2011 Share Option Scheme during the year under review were as follows:

購股權及購股權計劃(續)

於本回顧年度內根據二零一一年購股權計劃授予顧問可認購本公司股份之購股權變動情況如下：

		Options granted by the Company Number of underlying shares of the Company 本公司授出之購股權相關之本公司股份數目					Outstanding as at 30 April 2016 於二零一六年 四月三十日 尚未行使	Subscription price per share (HK\$) 每股 行使價 (港元)	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise period 行使期限
	Outstanding as at 1 May 2015 於二零一五年 五月一日 尚未行使	Granted 已授出	Exercised 已行使	Cancelled 已註銷	Lapsed 已失效					
Consultants (the "Grantees")	顧問 (「承授人」)	-	50,000,000	-	-	-	1.00*	06/11/2015	06/11/2015- 05/11/2018*	
Total	合計	-	50,000,000	-	-	-				

* The Share Options may only be exercised by the Grantees during the exercise period if the average closing price of the shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange stated in its daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediate preceding the exercise date exceeds HK\$2 per share of the Company.

* 承授人只可於行使期限內在緊接行使日前五個營業日的平均收市價(收市價以聯交所每日報價表所載者為準)達到每股超過2港元的情況下才可行使購股權。

Notes:

附註：

(i) The closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet immediately before the date on which the outstanding options were granted were as follows:

(i) 於緊接尚未行使購股權授出日期前，據聯交所發佈之每日報價表所示，本公司股份之收市價如下：

Date of grant 授出日期	Trading day immediately before the date of grant 緊接授出日期前之交易日	Closing price per share immediately before the date of grant 緊接授出日期前之每股收市價 HK\$ 港元
06/11/2015	05/11/2015	0.89

(ii) No options under the 2011 Share Option Scheme were exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the year ended 30 April 2016.

於截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度，二零一一年購股權計劃下概無購股權被行使、註銷或失效。

The Company has used the Black-Scholes Model for estimating the fair value of options granted under the 2011 Share Option Scheme. The Black-Scholes Model is one of the commonly used models to estimate the fair value of an option which can be exercised before the expiry of the option period. The assumptions used in the calculation are:

(ii) 本公司已採用柏力克-舒爾斯模式估計根據二零一一年購股權計劃授出購股權之公平值。柏力克-舒爾斯模式為估計於購股權期限屆滿前可予行使購股權公平值之其中一項常用模式。計算中採用之假設如下：

- (a) Risk-free interest rate – the yield of 3-year Exchange Fund Note on the date of grant
- (b) Expected volatility of share price – 34.94%
- (c) Expected life of share options – 3 years
- (d) Expected dividend payout rate – 40%

- (a) 無風險利率 – 授出日期三年期外匯基金債券之孳息率
- (b) 股價之預計波幅 – 34.94%
- (c) 購股權之預計期限 – 3年
- (d) 預計股息派比率 – 40%

The amount charged to in the statement of profit or loss for the year ended 30 April 2016 was approximately US\$141,000 (2015: Nil)

截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度，於損益表扣除的金額約141,000美元(二零一五年：無)。

The fair value of options granted during the year under review using the Black-Scholes Model was approximately US\$847,000 (2015: Nil)

於回顧年度內授出的購股權使用柏力克-舒爾斯模式計算的公平值約847,000美元(二零一五年：無)。

The calculation of the fair value of options using the Black-Scholes Model is based on various assumptions and is only an estimate. It is possible that the financial benefit accruing to the option holders may be substantially different from the value of options calculated.

採用柏力克-舒爾斯模式計算購股權之公平值乃根據多項假設為基準，並僅屬於估計。購股權持有人之應計財務利益或會與已計算購股權之價值出現重大差別。

Directors

The Directors during the year under review and up to the date of this report were:

Non-executive Director

ZHOU Xijian

Executive Directors

ZHANG Qi

WONG Hing Lin, Dennis

HWANG Han-Lung, Basil

ZHANG Li (appointed with effect from 8 April 2016 and resigned with effect from 12 July 2016)

Independent non-executive Directors

WANG Arthur Minshiang

TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius

WONG Chak Keung

(appointed with effect from 1 November 2015)

Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS

(ceased to be a director with effect from 5 May 2016)

The Company and Mr. Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS reached a consensus that the term under the then existing letter of appointment of Mr. Tulleners would not be renewed upon its expiration. Accordingly, with effect from 5 May 2016, Mr. Tulleners ceased to be an independent non-executive Director of the Company.

Furthermore, Mr. ZHANG Li was appointed as an executive Director and the co-chairman of the Board with effect from 8 April 2016. He resigned with effect from 12 July 2016 from such positions due to his decision to devote more time to his other commitments.

Mr. WONG Chak Keung being a newly appointed Director on the aforesaid date, will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting in accordance with bye-law 86(2) of the Bye-laws and, being eligible, offer himself for re-election.

Mr. WONG Hing Lin, Dennis and Mr. HWANG Han-Lung, Basil, in accordance with bye-laws 87(1) and 87(2) of the Bye-laws, will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

董事

於本回顧年度內及截至本報告日期止之在任董事如下：

非執行董事

周希儉

執行董事

張琦

黃慶年

黃漢龍

張利(於二零一六年四月八日獲委任，並於二零一六年七月十二日辭任)

獨立非執行董事

王敏祥

謝孝衍

黃澤強

(於二零一五年十一月一日獲委任)

Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS

(於二零一六年五月五日不再擔任董事)

本公司與Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS先生已達成共識，在Tulleners先生之現有委任函所載之任期屆滿時，將不再重續。因此，由二零一六年五月五日起，Tulleners先生不再擔任本公司獨立非執行董事。

此外，張利先生於二零一六年四月八日獲委任為執行董事及董事會聯席主席。由於彼決定投放更多時間從事其他事務，彼於二零一六年七月十二日辭任該等職務。

黃澤強先生於上述日期獲委任為新董事，將根據公司細則第86(2)條於應屆股東週年大會上退任，彼符合資格並願膺選連任。

黃慶年先生及黃漢龍先生根據公司細則第87(1)及87(2)條將於應屆股東週年大會上退任，彼等均符合資格並願膺選連任。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告書

Directors' service contracts

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting have a service contract with the Group which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

Permitted indemnity provision

Pursuant to the Bye-laws, every Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he/she may incur or sustain in or about the execution of the duties in his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto. The Company has maintained appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance for the Directors and officers of the Group.

Directors' interests in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations

As at 30 April 2016, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO") (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong)) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO, or were required, pursuant to the Model Code, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

董事服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事概無與本集團訂立任何本集團不可於一年內不作賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止之服務合約。

獲准彌償

根據公司細則，本公司每名董事或其他高級職員均有權就彼於執行職務或就此有關而可能招致或遭受的所有虧損或負債透過本公司資產獲得彌償。本公司已為本集團董事及高級職員安排適當的董事及高級職員責任保險。

董事於本公司及其相聯法團之股份、相關股份及債券中之權益

於二零一六年四月三十日，本公司之董事及行政總裁於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有須記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條存置之登記冊之權益及淡倉，或(如需要)根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下：

Directors' interests in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (continued)

董事於本公司及其相聯法團之股份、相關股份及債券中之權益(續)

(a) **Interests and short positions in the shares of the Company and its associated corporations**

(a) 於本公司及其相聯法團之股份中之權益及淡倉

Name of Directors	Capacity	Number and class of securities (Note 1)	Percentage shareholding in the same class of securities as at 30 April 2016 於二零一六年四月三十日在同類別證券中之股權百分比
董事姓名	身份	證券數目及類別 (附註1)	
The Company 本公司			
ZHOU Xijian 周希儉	Interest of controlled corporations (Note 2) 受控制法團之權益(附註2)	2,213,738,095 ordinary shares 普通股 (L)	62.68%
WONG Hing Lin, Dennis 黃慶年	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	12,500,000 ordinary shares 普通股 (L)	0.35%
WANG Arthur Minshiang 王敏祥	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,300,000 ordinary shares 普通股 (L)	0.04%
ZHANG Li (Note 3) 張利(附註3)	Interest of spouse (Note 3) 配偶之權益(附註3)	4,309,131 ordinary shares 普通股 (L)	0.12%
Associated corporation — Daohe Global Investment Holding Limited (“Daohe Global Investment”) (Note 2) 相聯法團 — 道和環球投資控股有限公司(「道和環球投資」)(附註2)			
ZHOU Xijian 周希儉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	8,000 ordinary shares 普通股 (L)	80%
ZHANG Qi 張琦	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,000 ordinary shares 普通股 (L)	20%

Report of the Directors

董事會報告書

Directors' interests in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (continued)

(a) Interests and short positions in the shares of the Company and its associated corporations

(continued)

Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" represents the Director's long position in the shares
- (2) As at 30 April 2016, (i) Sino Remittance Holding Limited owned 1,707,500,000 shares of the Company, representing approximately 48.34% of the issued share capital of the Company; (ii) Fame City Developments Limited owned 198,968,455 shares of the Company, representing approximately 5.63% of the issued share capital of the Company; (iii) Oceanic Force Limited owned 306,809,640 shares of the Company, representing approximately 8.69% of the issued share capital of the Company; and (iv) Winning Port International Limited owned 460,000 shares of the Company, representing approximately 0.01% of the issued share capital of the Company. By virtue of the relationship between Mr. ZHOU Xijian and Daohe Global Investment as stated in Note (2) to the paragraph headed "Interests and short positions of substantial shareholders in the shares and underlying shares of the Company" below, Mr. ZHOU Xijian was deemed, by virtue of the provisions of Part XV of the SFO, to be interested in the shares of the Company in which Daohe Global Investment, Sino Remittance Holding Limited, Fame City Developments Limited, Oceanic Force Limited and Winning Port International Limited were interested.
- (3) The shares of the Company were owned by 深圳市國採立信投資管理有限公司 (Shenzhen Guocai Lixin Investment Management Company Limited*) ("Guocai Lixin"), a company which is 70%-owned by the spouse of Mr. ZHANG Li. Mr. ZHANG Li was deemed, by virtue of the provisions of Part XV of the SFO, to be interested in the shares of the Company in which Guocai Lixin was interested.

Mr. ZHANG Li resigned as executive Director and co-chairman of the Board with effect from 12 July 2016.

(b) Interests and short positions in the underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporations

As at 30 April 2016, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had interests or short positions in the underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporations as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

(c) Interests and short positions in the debentures of the Company and its associated corporations

As at 30 April 2016, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had interests or short positions in the debentures of the Company and its associated corporations as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

* For identification purpose only

董事於本公司及其相聯法團之股份、相關股份及債券中之權益 (續)

(a) 於本公司及其相聯法團之股份中之權益及淡倉 (續)

附註：

- (1) 「L」乃指董事於股份中之好倉。
- (2) 於二零一六年四月三十日，(i) Sino Remittance Holding Limited 華匯控股有限公司擁有 1,707,500,000 股本公司股份，佔本公司已發行股本約 48.34%；(ii) Fame City Developments Limited 擁有 198,968,455 股本公司股份，佔本公司已發行股本約 5.63%；(iii) Oceanic Force Limited 擁有 306,809,640 股本公司股份，佔本公司已發行股本約 8.69%；及 (iv) Winning Port International Limited 擁有 460,000 股本公司股份，佔本公司已發行股本約 0.01%。由於下文「主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份中之權益及淡倉」一段附註(2)所述周希儉先生與道和環球投資之間的關係，根據證券及期貨條例第 XV 部之條文，周希儉先生被視為擁有道和環球投資、Sino Remittance Holding Limited 華匯控股有限公司、Fame City Developments Limited、Oceanic Force Limited 及 Winning Port International Limited 所持有之所有本公司股份之權益。
- (3) 該等本公司股份乃由深圳市國採立信投資管理有限公司 (「國採立信」) (由張利先生配偶擁有 70% 權益的公司) 擁有。根據證券及期貨條例第 XV 部條文，張利先生被視為於國採立信所持有的本公司股份中擁有權益。

張利先生於二零一六年七月十二日辭任執行董事兼董事會聯席主席。

(b) 於本公司及其相聯法團之相關股份中之權益及淡倉

於二零一六年四月三十日，本公司之董事及行政總裁概無於本公司及其相聯法團之相關股份中擁有須記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第 352 條存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉，或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

(c) 於本公司及其相聯法團之債券中之權益及淡倉

於二零一六年四月三十日，本公司之董事及行政總裁概無於本公司及其相聯法團之債券中擁有須記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第 352 條存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉，或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

* 僅供識別

Directors' rights to acquire shares or debentures

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year under review was the Company, or any of its holding companies, fellow subsidiaries or subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company (including their spouses and children under 18 years of age) to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Interests and short positions of substantial shareholders in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

As at 30 April 2016, the following shareholders (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company whose interests and short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company are set out above) had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO:

董事購買股份或債券之權利

除上文所披露者外，於本回顧年度內任何時間，本公司或其任何控股公司、同系附屬公司或附屬公司概無參與訂立任何安排以使本公司董事(包括彼等配偶及未滿18歲的子女)可藉購入本公司或任何其他法團之股份或債券而獲取利益。

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份中之權益及淡倉

於二零一六年四月三十日，下列股東(其於本公司之股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉已載於上文之本公司董事及行政總裁除外)於本公司之股份及相關股份中擁有須記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉：

Name of substantial shareholders	Capacity	Number of shares of the Company held (Note 1)	Approximate percentage of interests as at 30 April 2016
主要股東名稱	身份	持有本公司股份數目 (附註1)	於二零一六年四月三十日之權益概約百分比
Sino Remittance Holding Limited 華匯控股有限公司	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,707,500,000 (L)	48.34%
Fame City Developments Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	198,968,455 (L)	5.63%
Oceanic Force Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	306,809,640 (L)	8.69%
Daohe Global Investment 道和環球投資	Interest of controlled corporations (Note 2) 受控制法團之權益(附註2)	2,213,738,095 (L)	62.68%

Report of the Directors

董事會報告書

Interests and short positions of substantial shareholders in the shares and underlying shares of the Company (continued)

Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" represents the entity's long position in the shares.
- (2) As at 30 April 2016, (i) Sino Remittance Holding Limited owned 1,707,500,000 shares of the Company, representing approximately 48.34% of the issued share capital of the Company; (ii) Fame City Developments Limited owned 198,968,455 shares of the Company, representing approximately 5.63% of the issued share capital of the Company; (iii) Oceanic Force Limited owned 306,809,640 shares of the Company, representing approximately 8.69% of the issued share capital of the Company; and (iv) Winning Port International Limited owned 460,000 shares of the Company, representing approximately 0.01% of the issued share capital of the Company.

Each of Sino Remittance Holding Limited, Fame City Developments Limited, Oceanic Force Limited and Winning Port International Limited is wholly-owned by Daohe Global Investment, which is in turn 80%-owned by Mr. ZHOU Xijian and 20%-owned by Mr. ZHANG Qi. Mr. ZHOU Xijian and Mr. ZHANG Qi, the Directors of the Company, are also the directors of Sino Remittance Holding Limited, Fame City Developments Limited, Oceanic Force Limited, Winning Port International Limited and Daohe Global Investment. As such, Daohe Global Investment was deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company in which Sino Remittance Holding Limited, Fame City Developments Limited, Oceanic Force Limited and Winning Port International Limited were interested by virtue of the provisions of Part XV of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 April 2016, the Company had not been notified of any interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which are required to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

Related party transactions

Details of the significant related party transactions undertaken during the year under review are disclosed in Note 30 to the financial statements. Save as disclosed below, these related party transactions either (i) do not constitute connected or continuing connected transactions or (ii) fall under the definition of a connected or continuing connected transaction, but are exempt from the reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份中之權益及淡倉(續)

附註：

- (1) 「L」乃指實體於股份中之好倉。
- (2) 於二零一六年四月三十日，(i) Sino Remittance Holding Limited 華匯控股有限公司擁有 1,707,500,000 股本公司股份，佔本公司已發行股本約 48.34%；(ii) Fame City Developments Limited 擁有 198,968,455 股本公司股份，佔本公司已發行股本約 5.63%；(iii) Oceanic Force Limited 擁有 306,809,640 股本公司股份，佔本公司已發行股本約 8.69%；及 (iv) Winning Port International Limited 擁有 460,000 股本公司股份，佔本公司已發行股本約 0.01%。

Sino Remittance Holding Limited 華匯控股有限公司、Fame City Developments Limited、Oceanic Force Limited 及 Winning Port International Limited 各自均由道和環球投資全資擁有，而道和環球投資由周希儉先生擁有 80% 權益及張琦先生擁有 20% 權益。本公司董事周希儉先生及張琦先生亦為 Sino Remittance Holding Limited 華匯控股有限公司、Fame City Developments Limited、Oceanic Force Limited、Winning Port International Limited 及道和環球投資之董事。因此，根據證券及期貨條例第 XV 部之條文，道和環球投資被視為擁有 Sino Remittance Holding Limited 華匯控股有限公司、Fame City Developments Limited、Oceanic Force Limited 及 Winning Port International Limited 所持有之本公司股份之權益。

除上文所披露者外，於二零一六年四月三十日，本公司並無獲悉本公司之股份及相關股份中擁有須記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第 336 條存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉。

有關連人士交易

於本回顧年度內進行的重大有關連人士交易於財務報表附註 30 內披露。除下文所披露者外，此等有關連人士交易 (i) 並不構成關連或持續關連交易或 (ii) 構成上市規則第 14A 章所界定之關連或持續關連交易，但獲豁免申報、年度審閱、公佈及獨立股東批准之規定。

Connected transactions

The following transactions between certain connected persons (as defined under Rule 14A.06(7) of the Listing Rules) and the Company's subsidiaries constitute a continuing connected transaction and a connected transaction respectively under the Listing Rules and are subject to the announcement, reporting and annual review requirements but are exempt from the independent shareholders' approval requirement under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The transactions have been entered into, and for the continuing connected transaction, is ongoing, for which relevant announcements had been made by the Company in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

Continuing connected transaction relating to Tamarind International Limited

On 29 September 2015, Tamarind International Limited ("Tamarind") (for its own and on behalf of its subsidiaries from time to time (together with Tamarind are collectively referred to as "Tamarind Group")) entered into a master lease agreement ("New Lease") with Wellbuild International Limited ("Wellbuild") (for its own and on behalf of its subsidiaries from time to time (together with Wellbuild are collectively referred to as "Wellbuild Group")) in respect of the renewal of the existing master lease agreement entered into between Tamarind as tenant and Wellbuild as landlord on 31 March 2015 ("Existing Lease"). Pursuant to the New Lease, Wellbuild Group agreed to lease to Tamarind Group certain portions of a commercial building in Shanghai, PRC ("Premises") with gross floor area of approximately 1,967 square metres by way of sub-letting arrangement for a term of two years commencing from 1 October 2015 to 30 September 2017 (both dates inclusive). The monthly rent (inclusive of management fee) payable by Tamarind to Wellbuild under the New Lease is HK\$330,000. The Premises are used by Tamarind Group as its Shanghai office.

關連交易

以下由若干關連人士(定義見上市規則第14A.06(7)條)與本公司之附屬公司訂立之交易分別構成上市規則所指的持續關連交易及關連交易，須遵守上市規則第14A章之公佈、申報及年度審閱之規定，但獲豁免獨立股東批准之規定。該交易已訂立及(就持續關連交易而言)持續進行，而本公司已遵照上市規則的規定，作出必要的相關公佈。

有關Tamarind International Limited之持續關連交易

於二零一五年九月二十九日，Tamarind International Limited(「天馬仕」)(為其本身及代表其不時之附屬公司(連同天馬仕統稱「天馬仕集團」))與慧標國際有限公司(「慧標」)(為其本身及代表其不時之附屬公司(連同慧標統稱「慧標集團」))訂立總租賃協議(「新租賃」)，內容有關重續天馬仕(作為租戶)與慧標(作為業主)於二零一五年三月三十一日訂立的現有總租賃協議(「現有租賃」)。根據新租賃，慧標集團同意以分租安排形式向天馬仕集團租賃一幢位於中國上海之商業大廈之相關部份(「物業」)，建築面積約1,967平方米，自二零一五年十月一日至二零一七年九月三十日(包括首尾兩日)，為期兩年。天馬仕根據新租賃應付予慧標之每月租金(包括管理費)為330,000港元。物業由天馬仕集團用作其上海辦事處。

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Continuing connected transaction relating to Tamarind International Limited (continued)

Wellbuild is (i) a wholly-owned subsidiary of Roly International Ltd. (a company incorporated in Bermuda and a controlled corporation of Mr. Wang Lu Yen ("Mr. Wang")), and (ii) a controlled corporation and an associate of Mr. Wang. Mr. Wang (a) was an executive Director and a director of its subsidiary, Tamarind, who resigned on 23 February 2015 and 30 April 2015 respectively but continues to be regarded as a connected person of the Company for 12 months after his ceasing to be an executive Director and a director of its subsidiary, and (b) is a director of Wellbuild. As Mr. Wang is a connected person of the Company, Wellbuild and its subsidiaries were regarded as connected persons of the Company at the time when Tamarind entered into the New Lease with Wellbuild. Accordingly, the New Lease constitutes a continuing connected transaction under the Listing Rules.

The maximum aggregate annual value(s) to be received under the New Lease ("Annual Caps") in respect of the New Lease for the relevant financial years ending 30 April 2018 are as follows. The Annual Caps were calculated with reference to the aggregate rental paid/payable by Tamarind Group to the Wellbuild Group under the New Lease.

有關Tamarind International Limited之持續關連交易(續)

慧標為(i)全威國際控股有限公司(一家於百慕達註冊成立之公司，受王祿閣先生(「王先生」)控制之法團)之全資附屬公司；及(ii)王先生之受控制法團及聯繫人。王先生(a)曾為執行董事及其附屬公司天馬仕之董事，彼於二零一五年二月二十三日及二零一五年四月三十日分別辭任執行董事及該附屬公司之董事，但於彼終止擔任執行董事及該附屬公司之董事後十二個月繼續被視為本公司之關連人士；及(b)現為慧標之董事。由於王先生為本公司關連人士，慧標及其附屬公司於天馬仕與慧標訂立新租賃之時被視為本公司關連人士，因此，新租賃構成上市規則下的持續關連交易。

截至二零一八年四月三十日止相關財政年度的新租賃而言，根據新租賃將收取之年度價值總額上限(「年度上限」)如下。年度上限乃參考天馬仕集團根據新租賃已付/應付慧標集團的租金總額計算。

Year ended 30 April 2016 截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度	Year ending 30 April 2017 截至二零一七年四月三十日止年度	Year ending 30 April 2018 截至二零一八年四月三十日止年度
HK\$2,310,000 (being 7 months' rental from 1 October 2015 to 30 April 2016) (Note) 2,310,000 港元(即二零一五年十月一日至二零一六年四月三十日之七個月租金)(附註)	HK\$3,960,000 (being 12 months' rental from 1 May 2016 to 30 April 2017) 3,960,000 港元(即二零一六年五月一日至二零一七年四月三十日之十二個月租金)	HK\$1,650,000 (being 5 months' rental from 1 May 2017 to 30 September 2017) 1,650,000 港元(即二零一七年五月一日至二零一七年九月三十日之五個月租金)

Note:

Under the Existing Lease, the annual aggregate rental paid/payable for the period from 1 May 2015 to 30 September 2015 (being 5 months' rental) amounts to HK\$1,650,000 (equivalent to US\$212,000).

According to Rule 14A.81 of the Listing Rules, the New Lease is required to be aggregated with the Existing Lease for the purpose of determining the classification of the connected transaction.

Thus, under the Existing Lease and the New Lease, the annual aggregate rental paid/payable for the whole of the year ended 30 April 2016 amounts to HK\$3,960,000 (equivalent to US\$509,000).

附註：

根據現有租賃，於二零一五年五月一日至二零一五年九月三十日期間已付/應付年度租金總額(即五個月租金)為1,650,000港元(相等於212,000美元)。

根據上市規則第14A.81條，就釐定關連交易之分類而言，新租賃須與現有租賃合併計算。

因此，根據現有租賃及新租賃，截至二零一六年四月三十日止整個年度支付/應付年度租金合併總額為3,960,000港元(相等於509,000美元)。

Continuing connected transaction relating to Tamarind International Limited (continued)

The Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) consider that (a) the New Lease has been entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group, (b) the New Lease were entered into on and the Annual Caps represent rental amounts that are normal commercial terms pursuant to arm's length negotiations between the parties, and (c) the terms of the New Lease together with the Annual Caps are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

The above continuing connected transaction was reviewed by the independent non-executive Directors at the meeting of the Audit Committee held on 11 July 2016. The independent non-executive Directors confirmed that the aforesaid continuing connected transaction was entered into (a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (b) on normal commercial terms or better; and (c) according to the agreement governing it on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

In accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules, the Board engaged the auditors of the Company to perform certain fact finding procedures on the above continuing connected transaction on a sample basis in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the HKICPA. The Board confirmed that it had received a letter from the auditors of the Company confirming that nothing has come to the auditors' attention that causes them to believe that the continuing connected transaction:

- (1) has not been approved by the Board;
- (2) was not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Company if the transaction involves the provision of goods or services by the Group;
- (3) was not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the agreement governing the transaction; and

有關Tamarind International Limited之持續關連交易(續)

董事(包括獨立非執行董事)認為(a)新租賃乃於本集團正常及日常業務中訂立；(b)新租賃乃根據各訂約方公平磋商後，按一般商業條款訂立，而代表租金之年度上限亦為一般商業條款；及(c)新租賃之條款連同年度上限誠屬公平、合理，且符合本公司及其股東之整體利益。

上述持續關連交易均由獨立非執行董事於二零一六年七月十一日舉行之審核委員會會議上審閱。獨立非執行董事確認，上述持續關連交易乃(a)於本集團正常及日常業務過程中；(b)按一般商業條款或更佳條款；及(c)遵照規限該等交易的協議而進行，條款公平、合理並符合本公司股東的整體利益。

按照上市規則第14A.56條，董事會委聘本公司核數師就上述持續關連交易，遵照香港會計師公會頒佈之香港核證聘用準則3000(修訂)「歷史財務資料審計或審閱以外的核證聘用」，並參照實務說明第740號「關於香港上市規則所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」，以抽樣形式進行若干據實調查程序。董事會確認其已收到本公司核數師函件，確認核數師概未獲悉導致彼等相信持續關連交易：

- (1) 未獲董事會批准；
- (2) 倘該等交易涉及本集團提供貨品或服務，則在所有重大方面未有遵照本公司之定價政策而進行；
- (3) 在所有重大方面未有根據規管該等交易之相關協議訂立；及

Report of the Directors

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Continuing connected transaction relating to Tamarind International Limited (continued)

(4) has exceeded the aforesaid maximum aggregate annual value as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 29 September 2015.

The Company confirmed that it has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of the transaction stated above. A copy of the auditors' letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

Connected transaction relating to acquisition of Hong Kong Wing Yue Asset Management Limited

On 2 December 2015, Daohe Capital Limited ("**Daohe Capital**"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a non-legally binding memorandum of understanding with Hong Kong Wing Yue Financial Group Holdings Limited ("**Vendor**"), in relation to the possible acquisition of the entire issued shares of Hong Kong Wing Yue Asset Management Limited ("**Target**") ("**Acquisition**").

On 22 January 2016, Daohe Capital entered into an agreement in relation to the Acquisition ("**Agreement**") with the Vendor, pursuant to which Daohe Capital conditionally agreed to purchase and the Vendor conditionally agreed to sell the entire issued shares of the Target at an aggregate consideration of HK\$14.5 million plus the net assets value of the Target as at completion of the Acquisition, or the latest practicable date prior to completion of the Acquisition that Daohe Capital and the Vendor may agree, provided that if such value exceeds HK\$3 million, such net assets value, for the purpose of the Agreement (and determination of the consideration for the Acquisition), shall be deemed to be HK\$3 million.

Mr. ZHOU Xijian, a non-executive Director, the chairman of the Board and the controlling shareholder of the Company, is the sole shareholder and sole director of the Vendor. The Vendor is therefore an associate of Mr. Zhou and a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. The Acquisition constitutes a connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

有關Tamarind International Limited之持續關連交易(續)

(4) 已超過早前本公司日期為二零一五年九月二十九日之公佈所披露之上述最高年度總值。

本公司確認，上述的交易已遵守上市規則第14A章的披露規定。本公司已向聯交所提交核數師函件之副本。

有關收購香港永裕資產管理有限公司之關連交易

於二零一五年十二月二日，本公司一家全資附屬公司道和資本有限公司(「道和資本」)與香港永裕金融控股集團有限公司(「賣方」)訂立無法律約束力之諒解備忘錄，內容有關可能收購香港永裕資產管理有限公司(「目標」)全部已發行股份(「收購事項」)。

於二零一六年一月二十二日，道和資本與賣方就收購事項訂立協議(「該協議」)，據此，道和資本有條件同意購買而賣方有條件同意出售目標全部已發行股本，總代價為14,500,000港元加目標於收購事項完成時或道和資本與賣方可能協定於收購事項完成之前之最後可行日期之資產淨值，惟倘若有關價值超過3,000,000港元，則就該協議(及釐定收購事項之代價)而言，該價值將被視為3,000,000港元。

非執行董事、董事會主席兼本公司控股股東周希儉先生為賣方之唯一股東及唯一董事，因此根據上市規則，賣方為周先生之聯繫人及本公司之關連人士。收購事項構成上市規則第14A章項下本公司之關連交易。

Connected transaction relating to acquisition of Hong Kong Wing Yue Asset Management Limited (continued)

As at the date of this annual report, approval has yet to be granted by the Securities and Futures Commission of Daohe Capital becoming a substantial shareholder of the Target Company, being one of the conditions precedent of the completion of the Acquisition.

Details of the Acquisition were disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 2 December 2015 and 22 January 2016.

Directors' interests in transaction, arrangement or contracts

Save as disclosed above and in Note 30 to the financial statements, no transaction, arrangement or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, any of its holding companies, fellow subsidiaries or subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director or his connected entity was materially interested, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year under review.

Management contracts

Save for the employment contracts, no other contracts relating to the management and/or administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year.

Major customers and vendors of the Group

During the year under review, the five largest customers of the Group in aggregate accounted for approximately 81.2% of the revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services of the Group and the largest customer accounted for approximately 36.4% of the revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services of the Group.

The five largest vendors of the Group in aggregate accounted for approximately 28.9% of the Group's total shipment volume placed by the Group and the largest vendor accounted for approximately 9.0% of the Group's total shipment value placed by the Group.

None of the Directors, their respective close associates or any shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the issued share capital of the Company) had any interest in the top five customers or vendors noted above.

有關收購香港永裕資產管理有限公司之關連交易(續)

於本年報日期，證券及期貨事務監察委員會尚未就道和資本成為目標公司主要股東授出批准，即完成收購事項的先決條件之一。

收購事項詳情於本公司日期為二零一五年十二月二日及二零一六年一月二十二日之公佈中披露。

董事於交易、安排或合約之權益

除上文及財務報表附註30所披露者外，本公司、其任何控股公司、同系附屬公司或附屬公司概無參與訂立任何於本回顧年度完結時或於本回顧年度內任何時間仍然有效而董事或其關連實體直接或間接在其中擁有重大權益有關本集團業務之重大交易、安排或合約。

管理合約

除僱傭合約外，本公司於年內概無訂立或存在任何與本公司全部或大部分業務的管理及／或行政有關的其他合約。

本集團主要客戶及供應商

於本回顧年度內，本集團五家最大客戶合共佔本集團銷售貨品及提供服務的收益約81.2%，其中最大一家客戶佔本集團銷售貨品及提供服務的收益約36.4%。

本集團之五家最大供應商合共佔本集團購貨之付運量總值約28.9%，其中最大供應商佔本集團購貨之付運量總值約9.0%。

本公司各董事、彼等各自之緊密聯繫人士或任何股東(據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本多於5%者)概無於上述任何五大客戶或供應商當中擁有任何權益。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告書

Purchase, sale or redemption of shares

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's shares during the year under review.

Pre-emptive rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the By-laws or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

Financial summary

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 164 and 165.

Charitable donation

During the year under review, the Group made charitable donations amounting to approximately US\$8,000.

Corporate governance

Principal corporate governance practices as adopted by the Company are set out in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" on pages 23 to 47.

Sufficiency of public float

Based on information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year under review.

Auditors

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by Ernst & Young who will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting to re-appoint Ernst & Young as auditors of the Company to hold office until conclusion of the next annual general meeting at a fee to be agreed with the Directors.

購買、出售或贖回股份

於本回顧年度內，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何股份。

優先購買權

公司細則或百慕達法律概無有關優先購買權之條文規定本公司須按持股比例向現有股東發售新股份。

財務概要

本集團於過往五個財政年度之業績與資產及負債概要載於第164及165頁。

慈善捐款

於本回顧年度內，本集團作出之慈善捐款約8,000美元。

公司管治

本公司所採納的主要公司管治常規，載於第23至47頁的「公司管治報告」一節。

公眾持股量充足

根據本公司可獲得之公開資料，並就董事於截至本年報刊發前之最後實際可行日期所知，本公司於整個回顧年度一直維持充足的公眾持股量。

核數師

安永會計師事務所已審核本綜合財務報表並將於應屆股東週年大會上告退，惟其符合資格並願意膺選連任。一項續聘安永會計師事務所為本公司核數師直至下屆股東週年大會結束為止，並授權董事與其議定酬金之決議案，將在應屆股東週年大會上提呈。

Events after the reporting period

Proposed placing of new shares under general mandate and the lapse of the placing agreement

On 5 June 2016, the Company entered into the placing agreement (“**Placing Agreement**”) with the placing agent whereby the Company conditionally agreed to place, through the placing agent, on a best effort basis, 690,620,000 new shares of the Company to not less than six independent placees at the placing price of HK\$0.42 per placing share pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Placing Agreement.

The Company announced on 4 July 2016 that the Placing Agreement lapsed as the conditions of the placing had not been fulfilled on or before 4 July 2016. As such, the Placing Agreement was terminated and the placing would not proceed and all rights, obligations and liabilities of the parties under the Placing Agreement in relation to the placing should forthwith cease and determine and none of the parties should have any claim against the other party in respect of the placing save for any antecedent breaches.

The Directors are of the view that the lapse of the Placing Agreement has no material adverse impact on the business operation and financial position of the Group.

For details, please refer to the Company’s announcements dated 5 June 2016 and 4 July 2016.

Acquisition of a money lender

On 18 May 2016, Daohe Capital Limited, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement for the sale and purchase to acquire the entire issued share of Tingo Consulting Company Limited (“**Tingo**”) and a shareholder’s loan at a consideration of HK\$420,000 (equivalent to approximately US\$54,000). Tingo is a company incorporated in Hong Kong on 23 November 2015 with limited liability and is a holder of a Money Lenders Licence issued under the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong). Such acquisition was completed on 19 May 2016.

報告期後事項

擬根據一般授權配售新股份及配售協議之失效

本公司與配售代理於二零一六年六月五日訂立配售協議(「**配售協議**」)，據此，根據配售協議之條款及條件，本公司有條件同意透過配售代理按盡力基準配售690,620,000股本公司之新股份予不少於六名獨立承配人，配售價為每股配售股份0.42港元。

本公司於二零一六年七月四日宣佈，配售協議已告失效，原因為配售事項之條件並無於二零一六年七月四日或之前獲達成。因此，配售協議已被終止而配售將不會進行。配售協議項下有關配售事項的所有權利、責任及義務即時停止及終止，並且概無訂約方將就配售事項向任何其他一方提出任何索償，惟因任何先前違反除外。

董事認為，配售協議失效並無對本集團之業務營運及財務狀況造成重大不利影響。

詳細情況請參照本公司日期為二零一六年六月五日及二零一六年七月四日的公佈。

收購一家放債人公司

於二零一六年五月十八日，本公司一家直接全資附屬公司道和資本有限公司訂立買賣協議，以收購天高企業策劃有限公司(「**天高**」)全部已發行股份及股東貸款，代價為420,000港元(相等於約54,000美元)。天高為一家於二零一五年十一月二十三日在香港註冊成立之有限公司，為香港法例第163章放債人條例下的持牌放債人。該收購事項於二零一六年五月十九日完成。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告書

Events after the reporting period (continued)

Acquisition of a company established in the People's Republic of China ("PRC")

On 29 June 2016, 深圳勝運科技有限公司 (Shenzhen Sheng Yun Technology Co. Ltd.*) ("Sheng Yun"), a subsidiary of the Company, entered into an equity acquisition agreement with 黃雲星 (Huang Yunxing*) and 葛明德 (Ge Mingde*), pursuant to which Sheng Yun agreed to acquire (i) a 30.6% equity interest in 深圳國之道新能源汽車銷售服務有限公司 (Shenzhen Guo Zhi Dao New Energy Vehicle Sales Services Co. Ltd.*) ("Guo Zhi Dao") from 黃雲星 (Huang Yunxing*) at a consideration of RMB0.6; and (ii) a 20.4% equity interest in Guo Zhi Dao from 葛明德 (Ge Mingde*) at a consideration of RMB0.4.

Guo Zhi Dao is a company incorporated in the PRC on 11 May 2016 with limited liability and has an unpaid registered capital of RMB10 million. Its business scope includes sale of vehicles; sale of renewable energy vehicles; leasing of vehicles; sale of parts and power batteries of renewable energy vehicles; sale and technological development of renewable energy vehicle products and accessories, renewable energy electronic products, renewable energy mechanical products and equipment; domestic trading, import and export of goods and technology.

The acquisition was completed on 7 July 2016. Upon completion of the acquisition, the Company through Sheng Yun, indirectly owned a 51% interest in Guo Zhi Dao.

As at the date of this annual report, Guo Zhi Dao has not commenced any business.

On behalf of the Board

ZHOU Xijian

Chairman and Non-Executive Director

Hong Kong, 14 July 2016

* For identification purpose only

報告期後事項(續)

收購一家在中華人民共和國(「中國」)成立的公司

於二零一六年六月二十九日，本公司一家附屬公司深圳勝運科技有限公司(「勝運」)與黃雲星及葛明德簽訂一份股權收購協議，據此勝運同意(i)以人民幣0.6元向黃雲星收購深圳國之道新能源汽車銷售服務有限公司(「國之道」)30.6%的股權；以及(ii)以人民幣0.4元向葛明德收購國之道20.4%的股權。

國之道為一家於二零一六年五月十一日在中國註冊成立之有限責任公司，註冊資本為人民幣1,000萬元(未實繳)，其經營範圍為汽車的銷售；新能源汽車的銷售；汽車租賃；新能源汽車零部件及動力電池的銷售；新能源汽車產品及汽車配件、新能源電子產品、新能源機械產品及設備的銷售及技術開發；國內貿易、貨物及技術進出口。

是項收購於二零一六年七月七日完成。收購完成後，本公司通過勝運間接持有國之道51%權益。

截至本年報日期，國之道並未開始任何業務。

代表董事會

周希儉

主席兼非執行董事

香港，二零一六年七月十四日

* 僅供識別

Independent Auditors' Report

獨立核數師報告書



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT To the shareholders of Daohe Global Group Limited (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Daohe Global Group Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries set out on pages 73 to 163, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 April 2016, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

致道和環球集團有限公司 全體股東 (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

我們已審核載於第73頁至163頁的道和環球集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司的綜合財務報表，此綜合財務報表包括二零一六年四月三十日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表、綜合現金流量表以及主要會計政策概要和其他解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據國際財務報告準則和香港公司條例的披露規定編製綜合財務報表，使其真實而公允地列報，以及制定其認為必要的相關的內部控制，以使編製綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核對該等綜合財務報表作出意見。我們的報告依據百慕達一九八一年公司法第90條僅為全體股東編製，而並不可作其他目的。我們概不就本報告的內容對其他任何人負責或承擔責任。

Independent Auditors' Report

獨立核數師報告書

Auditors' responsibility (continued)

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 30 April 2016, and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong
14 July 2016

核數師的責任(續)

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則的規定執行審核。這些準則要求我們遵守職業道德規範，並規劃及執行審核，從而獲得合理確定此等綜合財務報表是否不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載金額和披露資料的審核證據。所選定的程序取決於核數師的判斷，包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存有重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風險時，核數師考慮與該公司編製真實而公允地列報綜合財務報表相關的內部控制，以設計適當的審核程序，但並非對公司的內部控制的有效性發表意見。審核亦包括評價董事所採用的會計政策的合適性及作出的會計估計的合理性，以及評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式。

我們相信，我們所獲得的審核證據充足且適當地為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為，該等綜合財務報表已根據國際財務報告準則真實而公允地反映 貴公司及其附屬公司於二零一六年四月三十日的財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的財務表現和現金流量，並已按照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

安永會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港
二零一六年七月十四日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

綜合損益表

Year ended 30 April 2016
截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度

		Note	2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
		附註		
REVENUE	收益	5	94,053	97,872
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(71,024)	(72,879)
Gross profit	毛利		23,029	24,993
Other income	其他收入	5	653	984
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政開支		(22,285)	(23,292)
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	13	(887)	–
Loss on dissolution of subsidiaries	解散附屬公司之虧損	27	(5)	–
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除稅前溢利	6	505	2,685
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	9	(1,118)	(1,009)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年度(虧損)/溢利		(613)	1,676
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:	下列人士應佔：			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(560)	1,676
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(53)	–
			(613)	1,676
(LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY (expressed in US cents)	本公司普通股權益持有人 應佔每股(虧損)/盈利 (以美仙呈列)	10		
Basic (Note)	基本(附註)		(0.02)	0.05
Diluted (Note)	攤薄(附註)		(0.02)	0.05

Note:

Adjusted for the effect of Share Subdivision in June 2015.

附註：

已就二零一五年六月份股份拆細的影響作出調整。

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

綜合全面收益表

Year ended 30 April 2016
截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度

		Note 附註	2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年度(虧損)/溢利		(613)	1,676
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	其他全面收入			
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其後重新分類至損益之其他全面收入：			
Fair value gain on an available-for-sale financial asset	一項可供出售金融資產之公平值收益	14	109	–
Exchange differences:	匯兌差額：			
Translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務		80	33
Reclassification adjustment – loss on dissolution of subsidiaries	重新分類調整 – 解散附屬公司之虧損	27	5	–
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	其後重新分類至損益之其他全面收入		194	33
Other comprehensive loss not to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其後不會重新分類至損益之其他全面虧損：			
Remeasurements from defined benefit plan	定額福利計劃之重新計量	22(a)	(51)	(34)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	年度其他全面收入/(虧損)		143	(1)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年度全面(虧損)/收入總額		(470)	1,675
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:	下列人士應佔：			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(417)	1,675
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(53)	–
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年度全面(虧損)/收入總額		(470)	1,675

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 30 April 2016
於二零一六年四月三十日

		Note	2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
		附註		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	12	416	334
Goodwill	商譽	13	26,857	26,333
Available-for-sale financial asset	可供出售金融資產	14	229	84
Investment in a joint venture	於一家合營公司之投資	15	10	10
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	16	10	12
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		27,522	26,773
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	17	4,392	4,236
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	18	3,010	3,305
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	19	24,956	17,044
Total current assets	流動資產總額		32,358	24,585
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	20	5,100	4,762
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	21	10,936	11,164
Tax payable	應付稅項		2,388	2,035
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		18,424	17,961
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		13,934	6,624
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總額減流動負債		41,456	33,397
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Post-employment benefits	僱員退休福利	22	512	809
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		512	809
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		40,944	32,588
EQUITY	權益			
Share capital	股本	23	14,128	13,694
Reserves	儲備	25	26,890	18,894
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益		41,018	32,588
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(74)	–
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		40,944	32,588

ZHANG Qi 張琦
Director 董事

WONG Hing Lin, Dennis 黃慶年
Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

Year ended 30 April 2016

截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔											
		Available-for-sale financial asset							Non-controlling interests		Total equity		
		Share capital	Share premium	Share option reserve	Special reserve [#]	Capital redemption reserve	revaluation reserve	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Retained earnings	Total			
		股本	股份溢價	購股權儲備	特別儲備 [#]	資本贖回儲備	可供出售金融資產重估儲備	匯兌波動儲備	保留盈利	總計	非控股權益	權益總額	
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	
		Note 附註											
At 1 May 2015	於二零一五年五月一日	13,694	10,063	-	184	48	-	(95)	8,694	32,588	-	32,588	
Loss for the year	年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(560)	(560)	(53)	(613)	
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year:	年度其他全面收入/(虧損):												
Fair value gain on an available-for-sale financial asset	一項可供出售金融資產公平值收益	14	-	-	-	-	109	-	-	109	-	109	
Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務之匯兌差額		-	-	-	-	-	80	-	80	-	80	
Reclassification adjustment – loss on dissolution of subsidiaries	重新分類調整 – 解散附屬公司之虧損		-	-	-	-	-	5	-	5	-	5	
Remeasurements from defined benefit plan	定額福利計劃之重新計量		-	-	-	-	-	-	(51)	(51)	-	(51)	
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	年度全面(虧損)/收入總額		-	-	-	-	109	85	(611)	(417)	(53)	(470)	
Issue of ordinary shares	發行普通股	23	400	7,852	-	-	-	-	-	8,252	-	8,252	
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支		-	(18)	-	-	-	-	-	(18)	-	(18)	
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一家附屬公司	23	34	1,345	-	-	-	-	-	1,379	(21)	1,358	
Equity-settled share option arrangement	以股權支付之購股權安排		-	-	141	-	-	-	-	141	-	141	
Final 2015 dividend paid	已付二零一五年末期股息	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	(226)	(226)	-	(226)	
Interim 2016 dividend paid	已付二零一六年中期股息	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	(681)	(681)	-	(681)	
At 30 April 2016	於二零一六年四月三十日		14,128	19,242	141	184	48	109	(10)	7,176	41,018	(74)	40,944

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

Year ended 30 April 2016
截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔								
		Share capital	Share premium	Share option reserve	Special reserve#	Capital redemption reserve	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Retained earnings	Total equity	
		股本	股份溢價	購股權儲備	特別儲備#	資本贖回儲備	匯兌波動儲備	保留盈利	權益總額	
		Note	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	
		附註	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	
At 1 May 2014	於二零一四年五月一日		13,671	9,958	69	184	48	(128)	8,915	32,717
Profit for the year	年度溢利		-	-	-	-	-	1,676	1,676	
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year:	年度其他全面收入/(虧損):									
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務之匯兌差額		-	-	-	-	33	-	33	
Remeasurements from defined benefit plan	定額福利計劃之重新計量		-	-	-	-	-	(34)	(34)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收入總額		-	-	-	-	33	1,642	1,675	
Employees share option scheme	僱員購股權計劃									
- proceed from issue of shares	- 發行股份所得款項	23	23	79	-	-	-	-	102	
- transfer to share premium	- 轉撥入股份溢價	24	-	26	(26)	-	-	-	-	
Share options lapsed/cancelled during the year	年內已失效/註銷之購股權		-	-	(43)	-	-	43	-	
Final 2014 dividend paid	已付二零一四年末期股息		-	-	-	-	-	(1,063)	(1,063)	
Interim 2015 dividend paid	已付二零一五年中期股息	11	-	-	-	-	-	(843)	(843)	
At 30 April 2015	於二零一五年四月三十日		13,694	10,063	-	184	48	(95)	8,694	32,588

Special reserve represents the difference between the nominal value of share capital of the Company issued and the aggregate amount of nominal value of share capital of subsidiaries acquired by the Company through an exchange of shares.

特別儲備相當於本公司已發行股本面值與本公司透過以交換股份方式收購之附屬公司股本面值總額之差額。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 30 April 2016

截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度

		Note	2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
		附註		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務之現金流量			
Profit before tax	除稅前溢利		505	2,685
Adjustments for:	經調整：			
Interest income	利息收入	5	(14)	(7)
Reversal of impairment of an available-for-sale financial asset	一項可供出售金融資產減值撥回	5	(36)	–
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之收益	6	–	(3)
Loss on dissolution of subsidiaries	解散附屬公司之虧損	6	5	–
Depreciation	折舊	6	319	273
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	13	887	–
Impairment of trade receivables	應收貿易帳款減值	6	106	125
Equity-settled share option expenses	以股權支付之購股權費用	6	141	–
			1,913	3,073
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	應收貿易賬款(增加)/減少		(262)	1,860
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項減少/(增加)		295	(883)
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	應付貿易賬款增加/(減少)		338	(920)
(Decrease)/increase in accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項(減少)/增加		(306)	1,489
Decrease in post-employment benefits	僱員退休福利減少		(343)	(230)
Cash generated from operations	經營業務所得現金		1,635	4,389
Tax paid	已付稅項		(763)	(47)
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金淨額		872	4,342
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所得現金流量			
Interest received	已收利息		14	7
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備		(407)	(150)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項		2	5
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一家附屬公司	26	24	–
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動所耗現金淨額		(367)	(138)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 30 April 2016
截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所得現金流量		
Proceeds from issue of shares	發行股份所得款項	8,252	102
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	(18)	–
Dividends paid to owners of the Company	已付本公司擁有人之股息	(907)	(1,906)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動所得/(所耗)現金淨額	7,327	(1,804)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值項目 增加淨額	7,832	2,400
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初之現金及現金等值項目	17,044	14,611
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	匯率變動之影響，淨額	80	33
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	年終之現金及 現金等值項目	24,956	17,044
ANALYSIS OF BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值項目 之結餘分析		
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	24,956	17,044

Notes to the Financial Statements

財務報表附註

30 April 2016
二零一六年四月三十日

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Daohe Global Group Limited (“**Company**”) is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (together with the Company are collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) are principally engaged in the sales of merchandise and the provision of procurement and value-added services.

The Company was incorporated in Bermuda on 25 January 2002 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The Company’s shares have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (“**Stock Exchange**”) since 10 May 2002. The Directors regard Sino Remittance Holding Limited, which is incorporated in Seychelles, as the holding company of the Company, and Daohe Global Investment Holding Limited, which is incorporated in Seychelles, as the ultimate holding company of the Company as at 30 April 2016.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“**IFRSs**”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the “**IASB**”) and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for an available-for-sale financial asset, which has been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in United States dollars (“**US\$**”) and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

1. 公司資料

Daohe Global Group Limited 道和環球集團有限公司(「**本公司**」)為投資控股公司，其附屬公司(與本公司合稱為「**本集團**」)主要從事商品銷售及提供採購與增值服務。

本公司於二零零二年一月二十五日根據百慕達一九八一年公司法在百慕達註冊成立為受豁免有限責任公司。本公司之註冊辦事處地址為 Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。本公司股份於二零零二年五月十日在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)主板上市。於二零一六年四月三十日，董事視 Sino Remittance Holding Limited 華匯控股有限公司(於塞舌爾註冊成立)為本公司控股公司，並將 Daohe Global Investment Holding Limited(道和環球投資控股有限公司)(於塞舌爾註冊成立)視為本公司的最終控股公司。

2.1 編製基準

此等財務報表乃根據國際財務報告準則(「**國際財務報告準則**」)(由國際會計準則理事會(「**國際會計準則理事會**」)頒佈)及香港公司條例之披露規定而編製。除一項可供出售金融資產採用公平值計量外，此等財務報表乃根據歷史成本法編製。此等財務報表乃以美元呈報，除另有指明外，所有價值均調整至最接近之千美元。

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)**Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 30 April 2016. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

2.1 編製基準 (續)**綜合基準**

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度之財務報表。附屬公司指由本公司直接或間接控制的實體(包括結構性實體)。倘本集團透過參與被投資方業務獲得或有權獲得被投資方的可變回報，且可行使在被投資方的權力而影響有關回報時(即現時賦予本集團主導被投資方相關活動的能力)，則視為擁有控制權。

倘本公司直接或間接擁有的被投資方投票權或類似權利少於多數，則本集團評估其對被投資方是否擁有權力時，會考慮所有相關事實及情況，包括：

- (a) 與被投資方之其他投票權擁有人的合約安排；
- (b) 根據其他合約安排所享有的權利；及
- (c) 本集團的投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司之財務報表之報告期間與本公司相同，並按一致之會計政策編製。附屬公司之業績自本集團獲得控制權之日起予以綜合，並持續綜合直至該控制權終止之日為止。

損益及其他全面收入之各部分計入本集團母公司擁有人及非控股權益，儘管非控股權益將因此而出現虧損結餘。所有與本集團成員間之交易相關之集團內公司間之資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量均於綜合時悉數對銷。

Notes to the Financial Statements

財務報表附註

30 April 2016

二零一六年四月三十日

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described in the accounting policy for subsidiaries below. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following revised International Accounting Standards ("IASs") for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 19 *Defined Benefit Plans:*
Employee Contributions
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010–2012 Cycle

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2011–2013 Cycle

The adoption of the revised standards has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements.

In addition, the Company has adopted the amendments to the Listing Rules relating to the disclosure of financial information with reference to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) during the current financial year. The main impact to the financial statements is on the presentation and disclosure of certain information in the financial statements.

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合基準(續)

倘事實及情況顯示下文附屬公司會計政策所述的三項控制因素之一項或多項出現變動，本集團會重新評估其是否控制被投資方。倘於一家附屬公司之擁有權權益發生變動但並未失去控制權，則按權益交易方式入賬。

倘本集團失去對一家附屬公司之控制權，須取消確認(i)該附屬公司之資產(包括商譽)及負債；(ii)任何非控股權益之賬面值及(iii)於權益內記錄之累計匯兌差額；並須確認(i)所收取之代價之公平值；(ii)所保留之投資之公平值及(iii)任何因此產生之損益賬內之盈餘或虧絀。以往本集團於其他全面收入中確認之部份須按本集團直接出售相關資產或負債所規定之同一基準重新歸類為損益或保留溢利(倘適用)。

2.2 會計政策變動及披露

本集團已就本年度財務報表首次採納下列經修訂國際會計準則(「國際會計準則」)。

國際會計準則	定額福利計劃：
第19號修訂本	僱員供款
國際財務報告準則二零一零年至	
二零一二年週期之年度改進項目	
國際財務報告準則二零一一年至	
二零一三年週期之年度改進項目	

採納經修訂準則對此等財務報表概無任何重大財務影響。

此外，本公司已於本財政年度採納就參照香港公司條例(第622章)財務資料披露之上市規則修訂。對財務報表之主要影響為若干資料在財務報表之呈報及披露。

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

IFRS 9	<i>Financial Instruments</i> ²
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 (Revised)	<i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate and Joint Venture</i> ⁴
Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 (Revised)	<i>Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception</i> ¹
Amendments to IFRS 11	<i>Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations</i> ¹
IFRS 14	<i>Regulatory Deferral Accounts</i> ³
IFRS 15	<i>Revenue from Contracts with Customers</i> ²
Amendments to IAS 1	<i>Disclosure Initiative</i> ¹
Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38	<i>Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation</i> ¹
Amendments to IAS 27 (Revised)	<i>Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements</i> ¹
Annual Improvements 2012–2014 Cycle	Amendments to a number of IFRSs ¹

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
- ³ Effective for an entity that first adopts IFRSs for its annual financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016 and therefore is not applicable to the Group
- ⁴ No mandatory effective date yet determined but is available for adoption

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new and revised IFRSs upon initial application. So far, the Group considers that these new and revised IFRSs are unlikely to have a significant impact on the Group's results of the operations and financial position.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之國際財務報告準則

本集團於此等財務報表內並未應用以下已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則。

國際財務報告準則第9號	金融工具 ²
國際財務報告準則第10號及國際會計準則第28號修訂本(經修訂)	投資者與其聯營公司及合營企業之間出售或注入資產 ⁴
國際財務報告準則第10號、國際財務報告準則第12號及國際會計準則第28號修訂本(經修訂)	投資實體：運用合併豁免 ¹
國際財務報告準則第11號修訂本	收購合營業務權益之會計處理 ¹
國際財務報告準則第14號	監管遞延賬目 ³
國際財務報告準則第15號	來自客戶合約之收益 ²
國際會計準則第1號修訂本	披露計劃 ¹
國際會計準則第16號及國際會計準則第38號修訂本	可接納的折舊及攤銷方法之澄清 ¹
國際會計準則第27號修訂本(經修訂)	獨立財務報表權益法 ¹
二零一二年至二零一四年週期之年度改進項目	多項國際財務報告準則之修訂本 ¹

- ¹ 於二零一六年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- ² 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- ³ 對自二零一六年一月一日或之後開始就其年度財務報表首次採納國際財務報告準則的實體有效，故並不適用於本集團
- ⁴ 尚未釐定強制生效日期惟可供採納

本集團正評估此等新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則於首次應用時之影響。截至目前為止，本集團認為此等新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則不大可能對本集團之經營業績及財務狀況構成重大影響。

Notes to the Financial Statements

財務報表附註

30 April 2016

二零一六年四月三十日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Joint venture

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control, is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group's investment in a joint venture is stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of a joint venture is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investment in the joint venture, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of joint venture is included as part of the Group's investment in joint venture.

2.4 主要會計政策概要

合營公司

合營公司指對安排擁有共同控制權的各方對合營公司資產淨值享有權利的一類合營安排。共同控制是指按照合約同意對某項安排所共有的控制，共同控制僅在當相關活動要求共同享有控制權之各方作出一致同意之決定時存在。

本集團於一家合營公司的投資以權益會計法按本集團應佔資產淨值減任何減值虧損於綜合財務狀況表列賬。

會計政策如有差異則作出調整使之一致。

本集團應佔合營公司收購後業績及其他全面收入應分別於綜合損益表及綜合其他全面收入列賬。此外，倘直接於合營公司的權益確認一項變動，則本集團會視乎情況於綜合權益變動表確認應佔任何變動。本集團與合營公司之間交易產生的未變現收益及虧損均按本集團所佔合營公司的投資比例撇銷，惟如有證據顯示未變現虧損是由於所轉讓資產出現減值則除外。收購合營公司所產生的商譽計入本集團於一家合營公司的部分投資。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併及商譽

業務合併乃以收購法入賬。轉讓之代價乃以收購日之公平值計量。該公平值為於收購日本集團轉讓之資產之公平值、本集團承擔被收購方之前度擁有人之負債，及本集團發行以換取被收購方控制權之股本權益之總和。於每項業務合併中，本集團選擇是否以公平值或被收購方之可識別資產淨值之應佔比例，計算於被收購方屬現時擁有人權益並賦予擁有人權利於清盤時按比例分佔實體之資產淨值之非控股權益。非控股權益之所有其他部份乃按公平值計量。收購相關成本於產生時列為支出。

當本集團收購一項業務時，會根據合約條款、於收購日期之經濟環境及相關條件，評估將承接之金融資產及負債，以作出適合之分類及標示，當中包括將被收購方主合約中之嵌入式衍生工具進行分離。

倘業務合併為分階段進行，已持有之股權須按收購日之公平值重新計量，由此產生的任何收益或虧損於損益確認。

由收購方將予轉讓之任何或然代價須於收購日按公平值確認。歸類為資產或負債之或然代價按公平值計量，公平值變動於損益確認。歸類為權益之或然代價毋須重新計量。其後結算在權益中入賬。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 30 April. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

商譽最初按成本計量，即已轉讓總代價、已確認非控股權益金額及本集團已持有之被收購方股權之公平值三者之總和，超逾所收購可識別資產淨值及所承擔負債之差額。倘該代價及其他項目之總和低於所收購資產淨值之公平值，於評估後其差額將於損益中確認為議價收購收益。

首次確認後，商譽按成本值減任何累積減值虧損計值。商譽每年均作減值測試，倘有事件或情況變動顯示商譽之賬面值可能出現減值，該項檢討或更頻繁地進行。本集團於四月三十日作出年度商譽減值測試。就減值測試而言，因業務合併而購入之商譽自收購日期起分配至預期可從合併產生之協同效益中獲益之本集團各個現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別，而無論本集團之其他資產或負債是否已分配予該等單位或單位組別。

減值乃通過評估與商譽有關之現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組別)之可收回金額來確定。凡現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組別)之可收回金額低於其賬面值，即確認減值虧損。已確認之商譽減值虧損不可在之後期間撥回。

倘商譽分配至現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組別)而該單位之部份業務已出售，則在釐定所出售業務之收益或虧損時，與所出售業務相關之商譽計入該業務賬面值。在該情況下出售之商譽根據所出售業務之相對價值和現金產生單位之保留份額進行計值。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its available-for-sale financial asset at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量

本集團於各報告期末按公平值計量其可供出售金融資產。公平值指於計量日市場參與者之間的有序交易中，就出售資產所收取之價格或轉讓負債所支付之價格。計量公平值時假設出售資產或轉讓負債之交易於資產或負債的主要市場或(在未有主要市場的情況下)最有利市場進行。主要或最有利市場須為本集團能參與的市場。假設市場參與者基於最佳經濟利益行事，資產或負債的公平值使用市場參與者為資產或負債定價所用假設計量。

非金融資產之公平值計量會計及市場參與者將資產用於最高增值及最佳用途或將資產售予用於最高增值及最佳用途之另一名市場參與者而創造經濟利益的能力。

本集團針對不同情況使用不同估值方法，確保有足夠數據計量公平值，並盡量利用相關可觀察輸入數據，減少使用不可觀察數據。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair value measurement (continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 — based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 — based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 — based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than deferred tax assets, financial assets and goodwill), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量(續)

公平值於財務報表計量或披露之所有資產及負債，均基於對計量公平值整體而言屬重要之最低層輸入數據按下述公平值層級分類：

- 第一層 — 按同等資產或負債於活躍市場之報價(未經調整)計算
- 第二層 — 按估值技巧計算(對公平值計量而言屬重大之最低層輸入值直接或間接為可觀察數據)
- 第三層 — 按估值技巧計算(對公平值計量而言屬重大之最低層輸入值為不可觀察數據)

對於按經常性基準於財務報表確認之資產及負債，本集團於各報告期末重新評估分類(基於對計量公平值整體而言屬重大之最低層輸入數據)，確定有否在不同層級之間轉移。

非金融資產之減值

倘資產存在減值跡象或須進行年度減值測試(除遞延稅項資產、金融資產及商譽外)，會就該項資產之可收回數額作出估計。資產之可收回數額按資產或現金產生單位之可使用價值及其公平值扣除銷售成本兩者中之較高金額計算，並將其釐定為個別資產，除非該項資產產生之現金流入不能大致獨立於其他資產或資產組別所產生之現金流入，在此情況下，可收回數額以該項資產所屬之現金產生單位釐定。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

非金融資產之減值(續)

資產之賬面值超逾其可收回數額時，減值虧損方予以確認。於評估可使用價值時，估計未來現金流量將以稅前貼現率折讓至現值，以反映現金價值之現時市場評估及該項資產之特定風險。減值虧損將於其發生期間於損益表中從與已減值資產功能一致的支出類別扣除。

於各個報告期末會評估是否有跡象顯示資產於先前確認之減值虧損可能不再存在或可能已減少。如存在有關跡象，則會就有關可收回數額作出估計。僅於釐定該項資產之可收回數額之估計出現變動時，先前確認之資產(商譽除外)之減值虧損方可撥回；惟在假設於過往年度並無就該項資產確認減值虧損，高出於此情況下所釐定之賬面值之數額(扣除任何折舊／攤銷)則不得撥回。該減值虧損之撥回於其發生期間計入損益表內。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

有關連人士

在下列情況下，有關人士將為本集團之有關連人士：

- (a) 有關方為任何個人或其近親，而此人：
 - (i) 對本集團擁有控制權或與他人共同擁有控制權；
 - (ii) 可對本集團發揮重大影響力；或
 - (iii) 為本集團或其母公司之主要管理人員；

或

- (b) 有關方為下列任何情況適用之實體：
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團之成員公司；
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一間實體之聯營公司或合營公司(或另一間實體之母公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司)；
 - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第三方之合營公司；
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體之合營公司及另一方實體為該第三方實體之聯營公司；
 - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團有關連之任何實體就僱員福利而設立之僱員退休福利計劃；
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)定義之人士控制或與他人共同控制；
 - (vii) (a)(i)定義之人士對該實體有重大影響力或屬該實體(或該實體之母公司)之主要管理人員；及
 - (viii) 實體或該集團之成員公司向本集團或本集團之母公司提供主要管理人員服務。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold improvements	Over the shorter of 5 years or the lease terms
Furniture and equipment	3 to 5 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately.

Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及折舊

物業、廠房及設備乃按成本值減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物業、廠房及設備項目之成本包括其購入價及將資產達至運作狀況及運送至使用位置以作其計劃用途所產生之任何直接應計成本。物業、廠房及設備項目開始運作後所產生之支出，如保養維修費用，一般於產生期間在損益表中扣除。滿足確認條件之重大檢修支出將撥充資本計入資產賬面值作為重置處理。物業、廠房及設備之重要部份需按階段重置，本集團將有關部份確認為具有特定可使用年期之個別資產並相應計算折舊。

折舊乃就每項物業、廠房及設備項目之估計可使用年期以直線法攤銷其成本至其剩餘價值。就此目的所用之主要年率如下：

租賃物業裝修	五年或租約年期 (以較短者為準)
傢俬及設備	三至五年
汽車	五年

倘物業、廠房及設備項目不同部份之可使用年期不同，則該項目之成本按合理基準分配至不同部份，而各部份個別折舊。

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法會至少於各財政年度末進行檢討及調整(如適用)。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

(continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the statement of profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, and available-for-sale financial investments, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

The Group's financial assets include an available-for-sale financial asset, cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and deposits and other receivables.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及折舊(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目(包括首次確認的任何重要部份)，於出售時或當預期使用或出售該項目將不會帶來未來經濟利益時取消確認。於資產取消確認之年度於損益表確認之任何出售或報廢損益，為銷售所得款項淨額與相關資產賬面值之差額。

經營租約

出租人保留資產所有權之大部份回報與風險之租約被視作經營租約。如本集團為承租方，以經營租約承租所支付之租金按租約之期限以直線法於損益表中扣除。

投資及其他金融資產

首次確認及計量

金融資產於首次確認時歸類為按損益釐定公平值之金融資產、貸款及應收款項及可供出售金融投資，或在有效對沖中歸類為指定屬對沖工具之衍生工具(視適用情況而定)。金融資產於首次確認時按公平值加歸屬於收購金融資產的交易成本計量，惟按損益釐定公平值之金融資產除外。

所有正常情況下買賣之金融資產於交易日(即本集團承諾買賣資產之日)確認。正常情況下買賣指於一般按規例或市場慣例設定之期間內交付資產之金融資產之買賣。

本集團之金融資產包括一項可供出售金融資產、現金及現金等值項目、應收貿易賬款及按金及其他應收款項。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in other income in the statement of profit or loss. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in finance costs for loans and in other expenses for receivables.

Available-for-sale financial investments

Available-for-sale financial investments are non-derivative financial assets in listed and unlisted equity investments and debt securities. Equity investments classified as available for sale are those which are neither classified as held for trading nor designated as at fair value through profit or loss. Debt securities in this category are those which are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or in response to changes in market conditions.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

往後計量

金融資產其後視乎以下分類而進行計量：

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項指固定或可釐定付款金額而活躍市場中並無報價之非衍生金融資產。於首次計量後，該等資產其後以實際利率法按攤銷成本減任何減值撥備計量。攤銷成本之計算乃考慮到任何收購折讓或溢價，並計入屬實際利率不可分割部份之費用或成本。實際利率攤銷在損益表中計入其他收入。減值虧損在損益表中貸款之財務費用及應收款項之其他開支確認。

可供出售金融投資

可供出售金融投資是上市及非上市股本投資及債務證券中之非衍生金融資產。凡未被列為持作交易或並非指定按損益釐定公平值之股本投資，均分類為可供出售股本投資。有意無限期持有並可因應流動資金需求或市況變化出售之債務證券，亦歸入此類別。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Available-for-sale financial investments (continued)

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial investments are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains or losses recognised as other comprehensive income in the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve until the investment is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in other income, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, when the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve to the statement of profit or loss in other gains or losses. Interest earned whilst holding the available-for-sale financial investments is reported as interest income and is recognised in the statement of profit or loss as other income in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

When the fair value of unlisted equity investments cannot be reliably measured because (a) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (b) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating fair value, such investments are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

The Group evaluates whether the ability and intention to sell its available-for-sale financial assets in the near term are still appropriate. When, in rare circumstances, the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets, if management has the ability and intention to hold the assets for the foreseeable future or until maturity.

For a financial asset reclassified from the available-for-sale category, the fair value carrying amount at the date of reclassification becomes its new amortised cost and any previous gain or loss on that asset that has been recognised in equity is amortised to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest rate. Any difference between the new amortised cost and the maturity amount is also amortised over the remaining life of the asset using the effective interest rate. If the asset is subsequently determined to be impaired, then the amount recorded in equity is reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

可供出售金融投資(續)

經首次確認後，可供出售金融投資其後按公平值計量，其未變現盈虧將作為其他全面收入，在可供出售投資重估儲備中確認，直至該投資被取消確認(屆時累積盈虧確認為損益表上之其他收入)，或直至該投資被認定出現減值(屆時累積盈虧由可供出售投資重估儲備重新分類至損益表內之其他盈利或虧損)。持有可供出售金融投資期間所賺取之利息將作為利息收入列報，並根據下文「收益確認」所載之政策在損益表中確認為其他收入。

當非上市股本投資之公平值，由於(a)合理公平值估計範圍變動就該投資而言屬重大或(b)上述範圍內各種估計值之概率不能合理地確定及用於估計公平值，因而導致無法可靠計量時，該等投資會按成本減任何減值虧損列賬。

本集團評估於近期出售其可供出售金融資產之能力及其出售意圖是否仍然恰當。倘在罕見情況下，因市場不活躍而導致本集團未能買賣該等金融資產，倘管理層有能力及有意於可預見未來持有該等資產或持有該等資產直至屆滿日，則本集團將會選擇將該等金融資產重新分類。

對於從可供出售類別重新分類之金融資產，於重新分類當日之公平值賬面金額成為其新攤銷成本，而已於權益內確認資產之任何過往盈虧將使用實際利率法按餘下投資年期於損益內攤銷。新攤銷成本與到期金額之間的任何差額亦使用實際利率法按該項資產之剩餘年期攤銷。倘該資產隨後確定出現減值，則權益內計入之金額將重新分類至損益表。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

取消確認金融資產

金融資產(或(如適用)一項金融資產之一部份或一組同類金融資產之一部份)主要於下列情況下將取消確認(即將其從本集團的綜合財務狀況表中移除):

- 收取該項資產所得現金流量之權利經已屆滿; 或
- 本集團具有獲轉讓權利以收取該項資產所得現金流量, 或根據一項「轉付」安排, 在未有嚴重延緩之情況下, 已全數承擔向第三者支付所收取現金流量之責任; 並(a)已轉讓該項資產之絕大部份風險及回報, 或(b)並無轉讓或保留該項資產絕大部份風險及回報, 但已轉讓該項資產之控制權。

倘本集團已轉讓其收取一項資產所得現金流量之權利或已訂立一項轉付安排, 會評估其有否保留該資產擁有權之風險及回報, 以及其程度。當本集團並無轉讓或保留該項資產之絕大部份風險及回報, 亦無轉讓該項資產之控制權時, 則已轉讓資產將以本集團持續參與該項資產為限而繼續確認入賬。在此情況下, 本集團亦確認相關負債。已轉讓資產及相關負債按反映本集團已保留的權利及責任之基準而計量。

持續參與採取就已轉讓資產提供擔保的形式, 按資產原賬面值與本集團可能須償還的代價之最高數額兩者中之較低者計量。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses whether impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

The amount of any impairment loss identified is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition).

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值

本集團於各報告期末評估是否存在客觀證據顯示一項或一組金融資產出現減值。在首次確認後發生一個或多個事件致使某項金融資產或一組金融資產之預計未來現金流量受影響，並且該影響金額可以可靠預測時，則該資產出現減值。減值跡象可包括債務人或一組債務人出現重大財政困難、違約或拖欠利息或本金支付、有面臨破產之可能或進行其他財務重組以及有可觀察資料顯示其預計未來現金流量確已減少且可計量，例如債務人支付能力或所處經濟環境逐步惡化。

以攤銷成本列賬之金融資產

對於以攤銷成本列賬之金融資產，本集團首先就單項金額重大的金融資產是否個別出現減值進行減值評估，或對單項金額不重大的金融資產按整體金融資產進行評估。對不存在客觀減值跡象之單項評估金融資產，無論其金額是否重大，其應當包括在具有類似信用風險特性之金融資產組合內進行整體減值評估。已單項評估減值或繼續確認減值虧損之金融資產，不應包括在整體減值評估中。

已識別的任何減值虧損的金額按該項資產賬面值與估計未來現金流量(不包括尚未產生之未來信貸虧損)現值之差額計量。估計未來現金流量現值是以金融資產的初始實際利率(即首次確認時計算之實際利率)貼現。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (continued)

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the statement of profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial asset

For available-for-sale financial asset, the Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired. Objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment below its cost.

If an available-for-sale financial asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss, is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Impairment losses are reversed through the statement of profit or loss if the subsequent increase in the fair value can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

以攤銷成本列賬之金融資產(續)

發生之減值虧損通過使用備抵賬減少該項資產之賬面金額，而虧損於損益表確認。利息收入繼續在減值後之賬面值中累計，並使用計量減值虧損時對未來現金流量進行貼現採用的貼現率作為利率而計算。當預期將來並不可能收回時，貸款與應收款項連同任何相關之撥備應被撇銷，且所有抵押品均已變現或轉讓予本集團。

倘於往後期間，在減值虧損確認後發生致使估計之減值虧損金額增加或減少之事件，則通過調整備抵賬以增加或減少先前確認之減值虧損。倘撇銷之減值虧損其後收回，則收回金額計入損益表。

可供出售金融資產

對於可供出售金融資產，本集團於各報告期末評估是否有客觀證據顯示該資產出現減值。客觀證據將包括該項投資之公平值大幅度或長期跌至低於其成本值。

倘一項可供出售金融資產出現減值，其成本值(扣除任何本金付款及攤銷)與其現行公平值之差額減以往在損益表中確認之任何減值虧損之金額，會從其他全面收入中移除並在損益表內確認。

倘其公平值增加客觀上與在損益表確認減值虧損後發生之事件相關，則其減值虧損部份透過損益表撥回。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING

POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade payables and other payables.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債

首次確認及計量

金融負債於首次確認時歸類為按損益釐定公平值之金融負債、貸款及借貸，或在有效對沖中歸類為指定屬對沖工具之衍生工具(視適用情況而定)。

所有金融負債最初按公平值確認，如屬貸款及借貸，則扣除直接歸屬之交易成本。

本集團之金融負債包括應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項。

往後計量

金融負債其後視乎以下分類而進行計量：

貸款及借貸

於首次確認後，計息貸款及借貸其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量，惟倘折現影響屬非重大，則金融負債按成本列賬。有關盈利及虧損均於負債取消確認時，透過實際利率攤銷程序計入損益表。

攤銷成本於計及收購事項任何折讓或溢價及屬實際利率不可或缺一部份的費用或成本後計算。實際利率攤銷計入損益表之財務費用內。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債(續)

財務擔保合約

本集團發出之財務擔保合約是指要求作出特定付款以償付持有人因特定債務人未能根據債務工具之條款償還到期款項而招致損失之合約。財務擔保合約最初按公平值並就發出擔保之直接應佔交易成本作調整後確認為負債。首次確認後，本集團將以下列二者之較高者對財務擔保合約進行計量 (i) 按於報告期末履行現有責任所需開支的最佳估值之金額；及 (ii) 首次確認之金額，減(如適用) 累計攤銷。

取消確認金融負債

當負債責任獲解除或註銷或屆滿時，即取消確認金融負債。

倘現有金融負債被來自同一借方但不同條款之另一筆金融負債替代，或現有負債之條款被大幅修訂，此變動或修訂被視作取消確認原來負債並確認新負債，而各賬面金額間之差額則於損益表中確認。

抵銷金融工具

當現行有可予執行之法律權利以抵銷確認金額及有意按淨額基準償付，或變現資產與清還負債同時進行，方會抵銷金融資產及金融負債及於財務狀況表內呈報淨金額。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

Provisions for product warranties granted by the Group on certain products are recognised based on sales volume and past experience of the level of repairs and returns, discounted to their present values as appropriate.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

現金及現金等值項目

就綜合現金流量表而言，現金及現金等值項目指庫存現金及活期存款以及可隨時轉換為已知數額現金，受非重大價值變動風險影響並於購入後一般三個月內到期之短期及高流動性投資，再扣減須按要求償還之銀行透支，並構成本集團現金管理之組成部份。

就綜合財務狀況表而言，現金及現金等值項目指庫存現金及銀行現金，包括無限制用途之定期存款及性質與現金類似的資產。

撥備

當由於過往事件導致現時須承擔法律或推定責任而未來可能須流失資源以履行責任，且能可靠估計責任之數額，則會確認撥備。

倘折現影響重大，則所確認之撥備數額為預計履行責任所需之未來開支在報告期末之現值。隨時間流逝使折現值增加之款項計入損益表之財務費用。

本集團就若干產品授出的產品保養期撥備，按銷量和過往維修及退貨水平貼現至現值(如適用)進行確認。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得稅

所得稅包括即期及遞延稅項。與於損益賬外確認之項目有關之所得稅，於損益賬外之其他全面收入或直接於權益確認。

即期稅項資產及負債，乃根據於報告期末已實施或已大致實施之稅率(及稅法)，並考慮本集團業務所在國家之現行詮釋及慣例，按預期自稅務當局退回或付予稅務當局之金額計算。

遞延稅項乃採用負債法，對於報告期末資產及負債之計稅基準與其賬面值之一切暫時性差額就財務申報作出撥備。

遞延稅項負債就一切應課稅暫時差額予以確認，惟以下情況除外：

- 首次確認商譽或於非業務合併交易中之資產或負債(於交易時並不影響會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損)所產生之遞延稅項負債；及
- 與於附屬公司、聯營公司及合營公司之投資有關之應課稅暫時差額，而撥回暫時差額之時間可以控制及暫時差額有可能於可見將來不會撥回者。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得稅(續)

遞延稅項資產乃就所有可予扣減暫時差額、未動用稅項抵免及任何未動用稅項虧損之結轉而確認，但以將有應課稅溢利以動用可扣稅暫時差額、未動用稅項抵免之結轉及未動用稅項虧損以作對銷為限，確認遞延稅項資產，惟以下情況除外：

- 首次於非業務合併交易中確認之資產或負債(於交易時並不影響會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損)所產生之可予扣減暫時差額之遞延稅項資產；及
- 就與附屬公司、聯營公司及合營公司之投資有關之可予扣減暫時差額，僅於暫時差額將會在可見將來撥回及將有應課稅溢利作為抵銷，以動用暫時差額之情況下，才確認遞延稅項資產。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值乃於各報告期末進行審閱，並予以相應扣減，直至不可能有足夠應課稅溢利以動用全部或部份遞延稅項資產為止。未確認之遞延稅項資產乃按已可能獲得足夠應課稅溢利以收回全部或部份遞延稅項資產之情況下於各報告期末再評估並予以確認。

遞延稅項資產及負債乃根據於報告期末已實施或已大致實施之稅率(及稅法)，按變現資產或清償負債之期間預期適用之稅率予以估量。

遞延稅項資產可與遞延稅項負債抵銷，惟必須存在容許將即期稅項資產抵銷即期稅項負債之合法執行權利，且遞延稅項與同一課稅實體及同一稅務當局有關，方可實行。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of merchandise, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (b) commission income from procurement services, when the underlying goods procured by the Group are shipped;
- (c) from the rendering of services, reimbursement income from customers, handling fee income and inspection and laboratory testing income, when the services are rendered; and
- (d) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Share-based payments

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including Directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("**equity-settled transactions**").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a Black-Scholes Model, further details of which are given in note 24 to the financial statements.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

收益確認

當經濟收益有可能歸本集團所有及收益數額能可靠計算時，收益方會確認，基準如下：

- (a) 商品銷售所得收益，於所有權之重大風險及回報已轉撥予買方後確認，惟本集團須對該等項目已沒有任何涉及所有權之管理，亦對已售出貨品無任何有效控制權；
- (b) 採購服務所得佣金收入，於本集團採購之相關貨品已付運時確認；
- (c) 提供服務、來自客戶的償付收入、手續費收入和檢驗及實驗室測試收入，於提供有關服務時確認；及
- (d) 利息收入，以應計方式按金融工具之估計年期用實際利率法將未來估計之現金收入精確貼現至金融資產之賬面淨值計算。

以股份支付

本公司設有購股權計劃，以獎勵及酬謝為本集團業務取得成功作出貢獻之合資格參與者。本集團之僱員(包括董事)會收取以股份支付形式付出之酬金，而僱員會提供服務作為換取股本工具之代價(「**以股權支付交易**」)。

就二零零二年十一月七日後之授出而與僱員進行以股權支付交易之成本乃參考授出當日之公平值計算。公平值由外聘估值師採用柏力克-舒爾斯模式估計，更多詳情載於財務報表附註24。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Share-based payments (continued)

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised in employee benefit expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the statement of profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

以股份支付(續)

以股權支付交易之成本(連同股本之相應增加)會於達到表現及/或服務條件之期間於僱員福利開支確認。由各報告期末至歸屬日期間就以股權支付交易確認之累計開支，反映歸屬期屆滿時之開支，以及本集團對最終歸屬股本工具數目之最佳估計。期內於損益表扣除或計入之數額，乃期初與期終確認之累計開支之變動。

服務及非市場表現條件非考慮授出獎勵當日公平值之考慮因素，但能否滿足該等條件之可能性則構成本集團對最終歸屬之權益工具數量之最佳估計一部份。市場表現條件已反映於授出權利當日之公平值。任何與獎勵相關之其他條件，但不屬於相關服務必要條件，均考慮作非歸屬條件。除非附帶服務及/或表現條件，非歸屬條件已反映於獎勵之公平值而該獎勵立即計入開支內。

由於非市場表現及/或服務條件未能獲滿足，未最終歸屬之獎勵不會確認為開支。當獎勵包括一個市場或非歸屬條件時，於所有其他表現及/或服務條件獲滿足之前提下，無論市場或非歸屬條件是否獲滿足，有關交易均被視為已歸屬。

當以股權支付報酬之條款作出修訂時，如已符合報酬的原先條款，則會確認最少之開支，猶如條款未曾作出任何修訂。此外，修訂如會導致任何以股份支付之總公平值增加或按修訂日計量對僱員有利，則會就任何有關修訂確認開支。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Share-based payments (continued)

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Other employee benefits

(i) Pension schemes

Defined contribution pension scheme

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (“MPF Scheme”) under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees’ basic salaries and are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group’s employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group’s subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China and other overseas countries are required to participate in the pension scheme operated by the local municipal governments. Contributions are made based on the requirements of the respective local municipal government, the contributions are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

以股份支付(續)

當以股權支付報酬註銷時，會視作報酬已於註銷當日經已歸屬，而報酬尚未確認之任何開支會即時予以確認。此包括屬本集團或僱員控制範圍內之非歸屬條件並無達到之任何報酬。然而，倘註銷之報酬有任何替代新報酬，並指定為授出當日之替代報酬，則該項註銷及新報酬會如上段所述被視為原有報酬之修訂般處理。

未行使購股權之攤薄影響在計算每股盈利時反映為額外股份攤薄。

其他僱員福利

(i) 退休金計劃

定額供款退休金計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例實行定額供款強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)，對象為合資格參與強積金計劃之僱員。供款乃按僱員之基本薪金百分比計算，並按強積金計劃之規則於應付時自損益表中扣除。強積金計劃之資產與本集團資產分開持有，另由獨立運作之基金管理。本集團就強積金計劃所作之僱主供款，於供款時即全數歸僱員所有。

本集團於中國內地及其他海外國家經營之附屬公司之僱員須參加當地市政府運作之退休金計劃。供款乃根據各地方市政府之要求而作出，該供款乃根據中央退休金計劃之規則於應付時自損益表中扣除。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Other employee benefits (continued)

(i) Pension schemes (continued)

Defined benefit pension scheme

The Group operates a defined benefit pension plan, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the scheme. The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined separately using the projected unit credit valuation method.

Remeasurements arising from defined benefit pension plans, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability) and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of financial position with a corresponding debit or credit to retained profits through other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss at the earlier of:

- the date of the plan amendment or curtailment; and
- the date that the Group recognises restructuring-related costs.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Group recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation under "administrative expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss by function:

- service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements;
- net interest expense or income.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

其他僱員福利(續)

(i) 退休金計劃(續)

定額福利退休金計劃

本集團實行一項定額福利退休金計劃，該計劃要求本集團為合資格參與該計劃之僱員向獨立運作之基金作出供款。根據該等定額福利計劃提供福利之成本乃按預測單位信貸估值法單獨釐定。

因定額福利退休金計劃而產生之重新計量，包括精算收益及虧損、資產上限之影響(不包括計入定額福利負債淨額之利息淨額的款項)以及計劃資產之回報(不包括計入定額福利負債淨額之利息淨額的款項)，即時於綜合財務狀況表中確認，並透過其產生期間之其他全面收入於保留溢利內相應記入借方或記入貸方。重新計量於隨後期間不會重新分類至損益。

過往服務成本按下列較早者於損益內確認：

- 計劃修訂或縮減之日期；及
- 本集團確認重組相關成本之日期。

利息淨額乃採用貼現率將定額福利負債或資產淨值進行貼現計算。本集團在綜合損益表「行政開支」中按功能確認定額福利責任淨值之下列變動：

- 服務成本(包括當期服務成本、過往服務成本、縮減及不定期結算之收益及虧損)；
- 利息開支或收入淨額。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Other employee benefits (continued)

(ii) Employee leave entitlements

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the end of the reporting period is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the end of the reporting period for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and association and bye-laws grant the Directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

其他僱員福利(續)

(ii) 僱員休假權利

本集團根據僱員合約按曆年基準向其僱員提供有薪年假。於若干情況下，於報告期末仍未支取之年假容許結轉，留待有關僱員於來年享用。於本年度由僱員享有及結轉之有薪假期之預期日後成本於報告期末累計。

(iii) 離職福利

離職福利之負債於本集團不再能夠撤回該等福利之提供時及本集團確認涉及支付離職福利之重組成本時(以較早者為準)確認。

股息

末期股息於股東在股東大會上批准時確認為負債。

由於本公司之組織章程大綱及細則授予董事宣派中期股息的權力，故中期股息同時予以建議派付及宣派。因此，中期股息於建議及宣派時即時確認為負債。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in United States dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries and joint venture are currencies other than the United States dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into United States dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into United States dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

外幣

本財務報表乃以美元(即本公司之功能貨幣)呈列。本集團內各實體自行釐定其功能貨幣，計入各實體財務報表之項目乃以該功能貨幣列值。本集團屬下實體所記錄之外幣交易首次按交易當日適用之實體各自的功能貨幣匯率入賬。以外幣列賬之貨幣資產及負債按報告期末適用之功能貨幣匯率換算。結算或換算貨幣項目產生之差額均會於損益表確認。

以外幣歷史成本計算之非貨幣項目按首次交易當日之匯率換算。以外幣公平值計算之非貨幣項目則採用計量公平值當日之匯率換算。換算按公平值計量之非貨幣項目產生之收益或虧損按與確認項目公平值變動之收益或虧損一致之方式處理(即公平值收益或虧損於其他全面收入或損益中確認之項目的匯兌差額亦分別於其他全面收入或損益中確認)。

若干海外附屬公司及合營公司以美元以外之貨幣作功能貨幣。於報告期末，該等實體之資產及負債已按報告期末適用之匯率換算為美元，而彼等之損益表已按年內加權平均匯率換算為美元。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

外幣(續)

由此產生之匯兌差額在其他全面收入中確認，並在外匯波動儲備中累計。出售海外業務時，其他全面收入中有關該項特定海外業務的成份於損益表中確認。

因收購海外業務而產生之任何商譽及對資產與負債賬面值之公平值調整作為海外業務之資產及負債處理，並按收市匯率換算。

3. 主要會計估計

編製本集團財務報表需要管理層作出判斷、估計及假設，此等判斷、估計及假設會影響收益、開支、資產及負債的呈報金額及附帶披露事項以及或然負債之披露。該等假設及估計之不確定因素可能導致未來需對受影響之資產或負債之賬面值作出重大調整。

估計之不確定性

下文討論於報告期末極可能導致資產與負債之賬面值於下一財政年度需要作出重大調整之未來重要假設及估計不確定性之其他重要因素。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

(continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating units and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of goodwill at 30 April 2016 was US\$26,857,000 (2015: US\$26,333,000). More details are given in Note 13 to the financial statements.

Trade and other receivables

The Group's management determines the provision for impairment of trade and other receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of the receivables. This assessment is based on the credit history of its customers and other debtors and the current market condition which requires the use of judgements and estimates. When the expectation on the recoverability of trade and other receivables is different from the original estimates, such difference will impact the carrying value of trade and other receivables and impairment provisions in the periods in which such estimate has been changed. Management assesses the provision at the end of each reporting period. The carrying amounts of trade receivables and other receivables as at 30 April 2016 was US\$4,392,000 (2015: US\$4,236,000) and US\$1,216,000 (2015: US\$1,621,000), respectively. More details are given in Notes 17 and 18 to the financial statements.

3. 主要會計估計(續)

估計之不確定性(續)

商譽減值

本集團至少每年釐定商譽是否出現減值。此舉要求對已獲分配商譽之現金產生單位之使用價值作出估計。估計使用價值要求本集團對來自現金產生單位之預期未來現金流量作出估計，亦要選擇合適貼現率計算該等現金流量之現值。於二零一六年四月三十日，商譽之賬面值為26,857,000美元(二零一五年：26,333,000美元)。詳情載於財務報表附註13。

應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項

本集團管理層按照對應收款項可收回程度之評核釐定應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項減值撥備。此評核乃根據其客戶及其他債務人過往之信貸記錄以及現時市況而定，並需作出判斷及估計。倘應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項之可收回程度之預期與原先估計有別，則該差額將對於該估計出現變化期間之應收貿易及其他賬款之賬面值及減值撥備構成影響。管理層於各報告期末會評核撥備。於二零一六年四月三十日，應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項之賬面值分別為4,392,000美元(二零一五年：4,236,000美元)及1,216,000美元(二零一五年：1,621,000美元)。有關詳情載於財務報表附註17及18。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES*(continued)***Estimation uncertainty** *(continued)**Income tax and deferred tax*

The Group is subject to income taxes in various jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the amount of the provision for tax and the timing of payment of the related taxes. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact on the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the periods in which such determination is made. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets as at 30 April 2016 was US\$10,000 (2015: US\$12,000).

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses carried forward to the extent that it is probable (i.e., more likely than not) that future taxable profits will be available against which the unused tax losses can be utilised, based on all available evidence. Recognition primarily involves judgement regarding the future performance of the particular legal entity or tax group in which the deferred tax asset has been recognised. A variety of other factors are also evaluated in considering whether there is convincing evidence that it is probable that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will ultimately be realised, such as the existence of taxable temporary differences, tax planning strategies and the periods in which estimated tax losses can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets and related financial models and budgets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and to the extent that there is insufficient convincing evidence that sufficient taxable profits will be available within the utilisation periods to allow utilisation of the tax losses carried forward, the asset balance will be reduced and charged to the statement of profit or loss.

3. 主要會計估計 (續)**估計之不確定性 (續)***所得稅及遞延稅項*

本集團須繳納多個司法權區之所得稅。於釐定稅項撥備款項及支付有關稅項之時間時需作出重要判斷。在日常業務過程中有多項交易及計算方式，均會導致不能明確釐定最終稅項。倘該等事宜之最終稅務結果與最初記錄金額不同，有關差異將會影響有關釐定期間之所得稅及遞延稅項撥備。於二零一六年四月三十日，遞延稅項資產之賬面值為10,000美元(二零一五年：12,000美元)。

遞延稅項資產被確認為未被動用之稅項虧損之結轉，惟只限於(基於所有證據)有可能(即較不出現更具可能性)出現之未來應課稅溢利用以抵扣未被動用之稅項虧損。確認主要涉及有關確認遞延稅項資產特定法律實體或稅務組織未來表現之判斷。其他不同因素亦在評估之列，以考慮是否有具說服力之證據，證明部份或所有遞延稅項資產有可能最終被確認，例如應課稅暫時差額、稅務計劃策略及估計稅項虧損可被動用之期間。遞延稅項資產及相關財務模型之賬面值及預算於各報告期末予以檢討，惟只限於沒有足夠具說服力之證據，證明動用期間內有足夠應課稅溢利，讓結轉稅項虧損得以被動用，資產結餘將會減少並在損益表中扣減。

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has two reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) sales of merchandise including garments, fashion accessories, hardgoods and labels; and
- (b) provision of services including procurement and value-added services relating to the procurement agency business.

Management monitors the results of its operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit, which is a measure of adjusted profit before tax. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that interest income, reversal of impairment of an available-for-sale financial asset, impairment loss on goodwill, loss on dissolution of subsidiaries as well as corporate and other unallocated expense are excluded from such measurement.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

4. 經營分類資料

就管理而言，本集團按產品及服務劃分其業務單位，並有以下兩個可呈報之經營分類：

- (a) 商品銷售（包括成衣、時尚配飾、雜貨及標籤）；及
- (b) 提供服務（包括採購服務以及與採購代理業務有關之增值服務）。

管理層分開監察其經營分類之業績，以就資源分配及表現評估方面作出決定。分類表現乃根據經調整除稅前溢利而計量之可呈報分類溢利作出評估。經調整除稅前溢利之計量方法與本集團除稅前溢利一致，惟利息收入、一項可供出售金融資產之減值撥回、商譽減值虧損、解散附屬公司之虧損以及企業及其他未分配開支則不包括於該計量中。

內部間之銷售及轉讓乃根據以當時市價向第三方進行銷售之售價作交易。

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. 經營分類資料(續)

(continued)

		Sales of merchandise 商品銷售 US\$'000 千美元	Provision of services 提供服務 US\$'000 千美元	Total 合計 US\$'000 千美元
Year ended 30 April 2016	截至二零一六年 四月三十日止年度			
Segment revenue:	分類收益：			
Revenue from external customers	來自外界客戶之收益	81,038	13,015	94,053
Segment results	分類業績	2,480	505	2,985
Interest income	利息收入			14
Reversal of impairment of an available-for-sale financial asset	一項可供出售金融資產 之減值撥回			36
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損			(887)
Loss on dissolution of subsidiaries	解散附屬公司之虧損			(5)
Corporate and other unallocated expenses	企業及其他未分配 開支			(1,638)
Profit before tax	除稅前溢利			505
Income tax expense	所得稅開支			(1,118)
Loss for the year	年度虧損			(613)
Other segment information:	其他分類資料：			
Depreciation	折舊	129	190	319
Capital expenditures	資本開支	166	241	407
Impairment of trade receivables	應收貿易賬款減值	17	89	106
Year ended 30 April 2015	截至二零一五年 四月三十日止年度			
Segment revenue:	分類收益：			
Revenue from external customers	來自外界客戶之收益	83,002	14,870	97,872
Segment results	分類業績	1,993	1,222	3,215
Interest income	利息收入			7
Corporate and other unallocated expenses	企業及其他未分配 開支			(537)
Profit before tax	除稅前溢利			2,685
Income tax expense	所得稅開支			(1,009)
Profit for the year	年度溢利			1,676
Other segment information:	其他分類資料：			
Depreciation	折舊	142	131	273
Capital expenditures	資本開支	42	108	150
Impairment of trade receivables	應收貿易賬款減值	-	125	125

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. 經營分類資料(續)

(continued)

Geographical information

(a) Revenue from external customers

地域資料

(a) 來自外界客戶之收益

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Australia	澳洲	35,356	35,002
North America	北美洲	23,338	19,240
Africa	非洲	22,821	24,703
Europe	歐洲	6,625	12,270
Others	其他	5,913	6,657
		94,053	97,872

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

上述收益資料乃根據客戶所在地呈列。

(b) Non-current assets

(b) 非流動資產

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Hong Kong	香港	26,627	26,555
Others	其他	656	122
		27,283	26,677

The non-current assets information above is based on the locations of assets and excludes an available-for-sale financial asset and deferred tax assets.

上述非流動資產資料乃根據資產所在地呈列，並不包括一項可供出售金融資產及遞延稅項資產。

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. 經營分類資料(續)

(continued)

Information about major customers

Revenue from major customers, which individually amounted to 10% or more of the Group's revenue, is set out below:

	Operating segment 經營分類	2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Customer A 客戶 A	Sales of merchandise 商品銷售	34,270	33,532
Customer B 客戶 B	Sales of merchandise 商品銷售	22,821	24,703
Customer C 客戶 C	Sales of merchandise 商品銷售	15,336	–
		72,427	58,235

有關主要客戶之資料

來自主要客戶(每名該等客戶佔本集團收益10%或以上)之收益載列如下:

5. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

Group's revenue represents the net invoiced value of goods sold, after allowances for returns and trade discounts; commission income and the value of services rendered.

An analysis of the Group's revenue and other income is as follows:

5. 收益及其他收入

本集團之收益乃指售出貨品減退貨及貿易折扣後之發票淨值; 佣金收入及提供服務之價值。

本集團之收益及其他收入之分析如下:

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Revenue	收益		
Sales of merchandise	商品銷售	81,038	83,002
Commission income	佣金收入	13,010	14,862
Rendering of services	提供服務	5	8
		94,053	97,872
Other income	其他收入		
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	14	7
Reimbursement income from customers	來自客戶的償付收入	4	11
Handling fee income	手續費收入	197	333
Inspecting and laboratory test income	檢驗及實驗室測試收入	95	128
Reversal of impairment of an available-for-sale financial asset	一項可供出售金融資產之 減值撥回	36	–
Others	其他	307	505
		653	984

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6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

6. 除稅前溢利

本集團之除稅前溢利乃經扣除/(計入)以下各項：

		Note 附註	2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Cost of inventories sold	已售存貨之成本		70,699	72,271
Cost of services provided	已提供服務之成本		325	608
Depreciation	折舊	12	319	273
Minimum lease payments under operating leases:	經營租賃下最低租金付款：			
Furniture and equipment	傢俬及設備		97	91
Office premises and staff quarters	辦公室單位及員工宿舍		2,060	1,977
			2,157	2,068
Auditors' remuneration*	核數師酬金*			
Audit services	審核服務		292	318
Non-audit services	非審核服務		20	107
			312	425
Employee benefit expense (including Directors' remuneration – Note 7):	僱員福利開支 (包括董事薪酬 – 附註7)：			
Salaries, bonuses and allowances	薪金、花紅及津貼		12,830	13,481
Staff welfare and benefits	員工福利及福祉		1,612	1,651
Pension scheme contributions [^]	退休金計劃供款 [^]			
– defined contribution scheme	– 定額供款計劃		546	519
– defined benefit plans	– 定額福利計劃	22	25	27
			15,013	15,678
Equity-settled share option expense	以股權支付之購股權費用		141	–
Foreign exchange differences, net	匯兌差額淨額		138	296
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	13	887	–
Impairment of trade receivables	應收貿易賬款減值	17	106	125
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之收益		–	(3)
Loss on dissolution of subsidiaries	解散附屬公司之虧損	27	5	–

* Of the above audit and non-audit services fees, US\$283,000 (2015: US\$309,000) and US\$20,000 (2015: US\$107,000) respectively are payable to the Company's auditors.

[^] At 30 April 2016, the Group had no material forfeited contributions available to reduce its contributions to the pension schemes in future years (2015: Nil).

* 在上述審核及非審核服務費用中，分別有283,000美元(二零一五年：309,000美元)及20,000美元(二零一五年：107,000美元)應付予本公司核數師。

[^] 於二零一六年四月三十日，本集團並無重大之沒收退休金計劃供款以抵銷未來供款(二零一五年：無)。

7. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

7. 董事薪酬

本年度根據上市規則、香港公司條例(第622章)第383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例第2部須予披露之董事薪酬如下：

Group	本集團	2016	2015
		二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Fees	袍金	201	177
Other emoluments:	其他酬金：		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	1,034	1,229
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	103	81
		1,137	1,310
Total	總計	1,338	1,487

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7. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

The emoluments of each Director are set out below:

7. 董事薪酬(續)

每名董事之酬金載列如下：

Year ended 30 April 2016	截至二零一六年 四月三十日止年度	Fees 薪金、津貼及 袍金 US\$'000 千美元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物利益 US\$'000 千美元	Performance related bonus 表現掛鈎 花紅 US\$'000 千美元	Pension scheme contributions 退休金計劃 供款 US\$'000 千美元	Total remuneration 總薪酬 US\$'000 千美元
Executive Directors:	執行董事：					
ZHANG Qi	張琦	-	46	-	5	51
WONG Hing Lin, Dennis	黃慶年	-	558	-	56	614
HWANG Han-Lung, Basil	黃漢龍	-	420	-	42	462
ZHANG Li (i)	張利(i)	-	10	-	-	10
Non-executive Director:	非執行董事：					
ZHOU Xijian	周希儉	46	-	-	-	46
Independent non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事：					
WANG Arthur Minshiang	王敏祥	44	-	-	-	44
TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius	謝孝衍	55	-	-	-	55
WONG Chak Keung (ii)	黃澤強(ii)	19	-	-	-	19
Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS (iii)	Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS (iii)	37	-	-	-	37
		201	1,034	-	103	1,338

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7. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

7. 董事薪酬(續)

Year ended 30 April 2015	截至二零一五年 四月三十日止年度	Fees 袍金 US\$'000 千美元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物利益 US\$'000 千美元	Performance related bonus 表現掛鈎 花紅 US\$'000 千美元	Pension scheme contributions 退休金計劃 供款 US\$'000 千美元	Total remuneration 總薪酬 US\$'000 千美元	
Executive Directors:		執行董事：					
	ZHANG Qi (iv)	張琦 (iv)	–	11	–	1	12
	WONG Hing Lin, Dennis	黃慶年	–	465	–	47	512
	HWANG Han-Lung, Basil (iv)	黃漢龍 (iv)	–	100	–	10	110
	WANG Lu Yen (v)	王祿閻 (v)	–	653	–	23	676
Non-executive Directors:		非執行董事：					
	ZHOU Xijian (iv)	周希儉 (iv)	11	–	–	–	11
	WONG Wai Ming (vi)	黃偉明 (vi)	30	–	–	–	30
Independent non-executive Directors:		獨立非執行董事：					
Directors:							
	WANG Arthur Minshiang	王敏祥	44	–	–	–	44
	TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius	謝孝衍	55	–	–	–	55
	Jakob Jacobus Koert	Jakob Jacobus Koert					
	TULLENERS	TULLENERS	37	–	–	–	37
			177	1,229	–	81	1,487

Notes:

- (i) Appointed on 8 April 2016 and resigned on 12 July 2016. The amount above includes only his remuneration during his tenure as Director.
- (ii) Appointed on 1 November 2015. The amount above includes only his remuneration during his tenure as Director.
- (iii) Ceased to act as a Director on 5 May 2016. The amount above includes only his remuneration during his tenure as Director.
- (iv) Appointed on 5 February 2015. The amounts above include only their remuneration during their tenure as Directors.
- (v) Resigned as executive Director and appointed as honorary chairman (non-executive and not a member of the Board) on 23 February 2015. The amount above includes only his remuneration during his tenure as Director.
- (vi) Resigned on 23 February 2015. The amount above includes only his remuneration during his tenure as Director.

附註：

- (i) 於二零一六年四月八日獲委任，並於二零一六年七月十二日起辭任。上述金額僅包括彼於董事任期內的薪酬。
- (ii) 於二零一五年十一月一日獲委任。上述金額僅包括彼於董事任期內的薪酬。
- (iii) 於二零一六年五月五日不再擔任董事。上述金額僅包括彼於董事任期內的薪酬。
- (iv) 於二零一五年二月五日獲委任。上述金額僅包括彼等於董事任期內的薪酬。
- (v) 於二零一五年二月二十三日辭任執行董事並獲委任為榮譽主席(非執行及非董事會成員)。上述金額僅包括彼於董事任期內的薪酬。
- (vi) 於二零一五年二月二十三日辭任。上述金額僅包括彼於董事任期內的薪酬。

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7. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

There was no arrangement under which a Director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2015: Nil).

During the year ended 30 April 2016, no emolument was paid to or received by any of the Directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office as a director of any member of the Group or of any other office in connection with the management of the Group (2015: Nil).

8. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included two (2015: two) Directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in Note 7 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining three (2015: three) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

7. 董事薪酬(續)

年內概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金的安排(二零一五年：無)。

於截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度，並無向任何董事支付或應付酬金作為其加盟或於加盟本集團時之獎勵，或作為本集團任何成員公司之董事或有關本集團管理層之任何其他職位之離職補償(二零一五年：無)。

8. 五位最高薪酬僱員

年內五位最高薪酬僱員包括兩位(二零一五年：兩位)董事，其薪酬詳情載於上文附註7。年內，其餘三位(二零一五年：三位)非本公司董事或行政總裁之最高薪酬僱員之薪酬詳情如下：

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	791	786
Performance related bonuses	表現掛鈎花紅	45	30
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	9	9
		845	825

8. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (continued)

The number of non-Director and non chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands presented in Hong Kong dollars (“HK\$”) is as follows:

8. 五位最高薪酬僱員 (續)

最高薪酬的非董事及非行政總裁僱員以港元呈列之薪酬屬以下範圍的人數如下：

		Number of employees 僱員人數	
		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 (equivalent to US\$128,535 to US\$192,801)	1,000,001 港元至 1,500,000 港元 (相等於 128,535 美元 至 192,801 美元)	-	-
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 (equivalent to US\$192,802 to US\$257,069)	1,500,001 港元至 2,000,000 港元 (相等於 192,802 美元 至 257,069 美元)	-	-
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000 (equivalent to US\$257,070 to US\$385,604)	2,000,001 港元至 3,000,000 港元 (相等於 257,070 美元 至 385,604 美元)	3	3
		3	3

During the year ended 30 April 2016, no emolument was paid to or received by any of the five highest paid employees as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office in connection with the management of the affairs of the Group (2015: Nil).

截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度，概無向任何五位最高薪酬僱員支付或由彼等收取任何酬金作為加盟或於加盟本集團時之獎勵，或作為有關本集團事務管理的職位之離職補償(二零一五年：無)。

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9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2015: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable outside Hong Kong have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the jurisdiction in which the Group operates.

9. 所得稅開支

香港利得稅乃根據年內於香港產生之估計應課稅溢利按16.5%(二零一五年:16.5%)之稅率計算撥備。香港以外地區之應課稅溢利稅項則根據本集團營運所在司法權區之現行稅率計算。

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Current	即期		
– Hong Kong	– 香港	153	233
– Outside Hong Kong	– 香港以外地區	68	117
Net underprovision in prior years	過往年度撥備不足淨額	895	662
Deferred (Note 16)	遞延(附註16)	2	(3)
Total tax expense for the year	本年度稅項開支總額	1,118	1,009

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rates for the jurisdictions in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rates are as follows:

適用於按本公司及其大多數附屬公司所在司法權區的法定稅率計算的除稅前溢利之稅項開支與按實際稅率計算之稅項開支之對賬如下：

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Profit before tax	除稅前溢利	505	2,685
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 16.5% (2015: 16.5%)	按16.5%的法定稅率計算之稅項 (二零一五年:16.5%)	83	443
Adjustments in respect of current tax of previous periods	過往期間即期稅項 之調整	895	662
Effect of different rates for companies operating in other jurisdictions	於其他司法權區經營業務的 公司適用不同稅率之影響	69	109
Income not subject to tax	毋須課稅收入	(1,477)	(2,585)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣稅開支	1,479	2,370
Tax losses utilised from previous periods	動用過往期間之稅項虧損	(17)	(87)
Tax losses not recognised	未確認之稅項虧損	43	51
Others	其他	43	46
Tax expense for the year	本年度稅項開支	1,118	1,009

9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

Up to the year ended 30 April 2016, the Group received protective assessments amounting to approximately HK\$155,000,000 (equivalent to US\$19,923,000) from the Inland Revenue Department in Hong Kong (“**IRD**”) in respect of queries on the modus operandi of the Group and the chargeability of the profits for the years of assessment from 2003/2004 to 2009/2010. Objections have been lodged by the Group against the protective assessments. In addition, Tax Reserve Certificates amounting to HK\$5,250,000 (equivalent to US\$675,000) have been purchased by two subsidiaries of the Company in pursuit of the holdover of tax demanded under protective assessments for these years.

In April 2015, with the assistance of an independent tax advisor, the Group submitted a settlement proposal as part of negotiations with the IRD regarding this case. As at the close of the reporting year, the case was still under review by IRD but based on the latest assessment of the independent tax advisor, an additional provision of approximately HK\$4,920,000 (equivalent to US\$632,000) was made in the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2016. Despite the unknown outcome, the Group is of the view that sufficient tax provisions have been made in the financial statements based on the information available.

9. 所得稅開支 (續)

截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度，本集團已就有關本集團於二零零三／二零零四至二零零九／二零一零年評稅年度營運模式及溢利之申報繳稅之查詢，接獲香港稅務局（「**稅務局**」）保障性評稅約155,000,000港元（相等於19,923,000美元）。本集團已就保障性評稅提出反對。此外，本公司兩家附屬公司已就暫緩繳納該等年度保障性評稅所需支付之稅款，購買價值5,250,000港元（相等於675,000美元）之儲稅券。

於二零一五年四月，在獨立稅務顧問之協助下，本集團就本案提交一份解決方案作為與稅務局磋商之一部分。於報告年度末，稅務局仍在審閱該案件，但根據獨立稅務顧問之最新評估，已於截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度的財務報表中作出額外撥備約4,920,000港元（相等於632,000美元）。儘管其結果仍未知，惟本集團認為已根據可獲得的資料於財務報表內作出充足稅項撥備。

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10. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic (loss)/earnings per share is based on the (loss)/profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, after taking into account the Share Subdivision in June 2015.

The calculation of the diluted (loss)/earnings per share is based on the (loss)/profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company. The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, as used in the basic (loss)/earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise or conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

The Group had no dilutive potential ordinary shares in issue for the year ended 30 April 2016.

The calculations of the basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share are based on:

10. 每股(虧損)/盈利

每股基本(虧損)/盈利乃根據本公司擁有人應佔年度(虧損)/溢利及年內已發行普通股之加權平均數計算，乃經計及自二零一五年六月生效的股份拆細。

每股攤薄(虧損)/盈利乃根據本公司擁有人應佔年度(虧損)/溢利計算。計算時所使用之普通股加權平均數乃計算每股基本(虧損)/盈利時所使用之年內已發行普通股之數目，並假設普通股加權平均數於所有具攤薄潛力普通股被視作行使或兌換為普通股時無償發行。

截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度，本集團並無已發行具攤薄潛力普通股。

每股基本及攤薄(虧損)/盈利乃根據以下數據計算：

		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
(Loss)/earnings	(虧損)/盈利		
(Loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company, used in the basic (loss)/earnings per share calculation (US\$'000)	計算每股基本(虧損)/盈利時所使用之本公司擁有人應佔(虧損)/溢利(千美元)	(560)	1,676
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	普通股之加權平均數		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic (loss)/earnings per share calculation ('000) (Note)	計算每股基本(虧損)/盈利時所使用之年內已發行普通股之加權平均數(千股)(附註)	3,514,036	3,418,449
Effect of dilution – weighted average number of ordinary shares: Share options ('000) (Note)	攤薄影響 – 普通股之加權平均數：購股權(千份)(附註)	–	728
		3,514,036	3,419,177

Note:

Adjusted for the effect of Share Subdivision in June 2015.

附註：

已就二零一五年六月份股份拆細的影響作出調整。

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11. DIVIDENDS

11. 股息

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Interim, paid, of 0.15 HK cents (2015: 0.192 HK cents) per ordinary share (Note)	已付中期股息每股普通股 0.15港仙(二零一五年： 0.192港仙)(附註)	681	843
Final, proposed, of nil (2015: 0.05 HK cents per ordinary share) (Note)	擬派末期股息：無(二零一五年： 每股普通股0.05港仙)(附註)	-	226
		681	1,069

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 30 April 2016.

Note:

Dividends for the year ended 30 April 2015 were adjusted for the effect of Share Subdivision in June 2015.

董事不建議就截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度派付末期股息。

附註：

截至二零一五年四月三十日止年度之股息已就二零一五年六月份股份拆細之影響作出調整。

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12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

12. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 US\$'000 千美元	Furniture and equipment 傢俬及設備 US\$'000 千美元	Motor vehicles 汽車 US\$'000 千美元	Total 合計 US\$'000 千美元
30 April 2016	二零一六年四月三十日				
At 1 May 2015:	於二零一五年五月一日：				
Cost	成本	1,874	3,899	371	6,144
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(1,855)	(3,664)	(291)	(5,810)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	19	235	80	334
At 1 May 2015, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零一五年五月一日， 扣除累計折舊	19	235	80	334
Additions	添置	193	214	-	407
Disposals	出售	-	(2)	-	(2)
Depreciation provided during the year	本年度撥備折舊	(108)	(151)	(60)	(319)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	-	(3)	(1)	(4)
At 30 April 2016, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零一六年四月三十日， 扣除累計折舊	104	293	19	416
At 30 April 2016:	於二零一六年四月三十日：				
Cost	成本	2,058	3,750	367	6,175
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(1,954)	(3,457)	(348)	(5,759)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	104	293	19	416
30 April 2015	二零一五年四月三十日				
At 1 May 2014:	於二零一四年五月一日：				
Cost	成本	1,859	4,081	376	6,316
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(1,784)	(3,837)	(236)	(5,857)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	75	244	140	459
At 1 May 2014, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零一四年五月一日， 扣除累計折舊	75	244	140	459
Additions	添置	17	133	-	150
Disposals	出售	-	(2)	-	(2)
Depreciation provided during the year	本年度撥備折舊	(73)	(140)	(60)	(273)
At 30 April 2015, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零一五年四月三十日， 扣除累計折舊	19	235	80	334
At 30 April 2015:	於二零一五年四月三十日：				
Cost	成本	1,874	3,899	371	6,144
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(1,855)	(3,664)	(291)	(5,810)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	19	235	80	334

13. GOODWILL

13. 商譽

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 May, net of accumulated impairment	於五月一日，扣除累計減值	26,333	26,333
Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 26)	收購一家附屬公司(附註26)	1,411	-
Impairment during the year	年內減值	(887)	-
At 30 April, net of accumulated impairment	於四月三十日，扣除累計減值	26,857	26,333
At 1 May:	於五月一日：		
Cost	成本	36,238	34,827
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	(9,381)	(8,494)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	26,857	26,333

Impairment testing of goodwill

Goodwill has been allocated to the following cash-generating units for impairment testing:

- Sales of merchandise;
- Provision of services; and
- Others

The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by senior management. There are a number of assumptions and estimates involved in the preparation of cash flow projections for the period covered by the approved budget. Key assumptions include the expected growth in revenues and gross margin, timing of future capital expenditures, long term growth rates and selection of discount rates. Management prepares the financial budgets reflecting actual and prior year performance and market development expectations. Judgement is required to determine the key assumptions adopted in the cash flow projections and changes to key assumptions can significantly affect these cash flow projections. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections for sales of merchandise and others are 11% (2015: 11%) and 15% (2015: Nil) respectively. The estimated growth rate used to extrapolate the cash flows of the cash-generating units beyond the five-year period is no more than 5%.

商譽減值測試

商譽已分配至下列現金產生單位作減值測試：

- 商品銷售；
- 提供服務；及
- 其他

現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據其使用價值釐定，使用中價值則以高級管理層批准的財務預算為基準作出的現金流量預測計算。在編製已批准預算適用期間之現金流量預測時涉及大量假設及估計。主要假設包括收益及毛利率之預期增長、未來資本開支之時間性、長期增長率及貼現率之選擇。管理層編製可反映實際及以往年度表現及市場發展預期之財政預算。於釐定現金流量預測所採用之主要假設時需要作出判斷，而主要假設的變動對該等現金流量預測有重大影響。商品銷售及其他的現金流量預測採用的貼現率分別為11%(二零一五年：11%)及15%(二零一五年：無)。推測五年期以外現金產生單位現金流量所用的預期增長率不高於5%。

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13. GOODWILL (continued)

During the year under review, the Group recognised an impairment loss of US\$887,000 (2015: nil) in connection with goodwill arising from the acquisition of a 60% interest in 深圳市國採晟唐投資管理有限公司 (Shenzhen Guo Cai Sheng Tang Investment Co. Ltd.*) ("Guo Cai Sheng Tang"). The impairment is made based on the results of impairment tests for the goodwill using their values in use in accordance with IAS 36.

The carrying amount of goodwill allocated to each of the cash-generating units is as follows:

	Sales of merchandise		Provision of services		Others		Total	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
Goodwill	26,333	26,333	-	-	524	-	26,857	26,333

13. 商譽(續)

於回顧年度內，本集團因收購深圳市國採晟唐投資管理有限公司(「國採晟唐」)60%權益而產生之商譽確認減值虧損為887,000美元(二零一五年：無)。該等減值乃根據國際會計準則第36號按其使用價值之商譽減值測試結果而作出。

分配至各現金產生單位的商譽之賬面值如下：

14. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSET

14. 可供出售金融資產

	2016	2015
	二零一六年	二零一五年
	US\$'000	US\$'000
	千美元	千美元
Beginning of the year	84	84
Reversal of impairment credited to the statement of profit or loss during the year (Note 6)	36	-
Fair value gain credited to the other comprehensive income during the year	109	-
Club membership, at fair value	229	84

The fair value of the club membership is determined with reference to the market price quoted for the relevant club.

會所會籍的公平值乃經參考有關會所之市場報價後釐定。

* For identification purpose only

* 僅供識別

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15. INVESTMENT IN A JOINT VENTURE

15. 於一家合營公司之投資

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Share of net assets	應佔資產淨值	10	10
		10	10

Particulars of the Group's joint venture are as follows:

本集團合營公司之詳情如下：

Name 名稱	Particulars of issued shares held 持有已發行股份之詳情	Place of registration and business 註冊及業務地點	Percentage of 應佔百分比			Principal activities 主要業務
			Ownership interest 所有權	Voting power 投票權	Profit sharing 溢利分享	
CSC Consultancy Co., Ltd. 北京坤格諮詢有限公司	Registered capital of RMB1,500,000 註冊資本人民幣 1,500,000元	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	50	50	50	Dormant 暫無業務

The investment in a joint venture is indirectly held by the Company.

於一家合營公司之投資乃由本公司間接持有。

The following table illustrates the financial information of the Group's joint venture which is not material.

下表闡述不屬重大之本集團合營公司之財務資料。

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Share of the joint venture's loss for the year and total comprehensive loss for the year	應佔合營公司年度虧損及年度全面虧損總額	-	-
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's investment in the joint venture	本集團於合營公司之投資之總賬面值	10	10

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16. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax liabilities/(assets) during the year are as follows:

Deferred tax assets

		Decelerated tax depreciation allowances 減速稅項折舊撥備 2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	Decelerated tax depreciation allowances 減速稅項折舊撥備 2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
At beginning of year	於年初	(14)	(11)
Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the statement of profit or loss during the year (Note 9)	年內於損益表中扣除/(計入)之遞延稅項(附註9)	2	(3)
Gross deferred tax assets at end of year	於年終之遞延稅項資產總值	(12)	(14)

16. 遞延稅項

年內遞延稅項負債/(資產)之變動如下:

遞延稅項資產

Deferred tax liabilities

遞延稅項負債

		Accelerated tax depreciation allowances 加速稅項折舊撥備 2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	Accelerated tax depreciation allowances 加速稅項折舊撥備 2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Gross deferred tax liabilities at beginning and at end of year	於年初及年終之遞延稅項負債總額	2	2

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16. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the statement of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	(12)	(14)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	2	2
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	於綜合財務狀況表確認之遞延稅項資產淨值	(10)	(12)

16. 遞延稅項 (續)

為方便呈列，若干遞延稅項資產及負債已在財務狀況表中對銷。以下乃就財務申報目的作出之本集團遞延稅項結餘分析：

17. TRADE RECEIVABLES

An aged analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Within 30 days	30天以內	2,967	3,197
31 to 60 days	31至60天	369	299
61 to 90 days	61至90天	469	540
91 to 365 days	91至365天	782	270
Over 1 year	超過一年	46	74
		4,633	4,380
Impairment	減值	(241)	(144)
		4,392	4,236

17. 應收貿易賬款

於報告期末，應收貿易賬款按發票日期之賬齡分析如下：

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17. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. The credit period is generally 60 to 90 days. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control department to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivables balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing. The carrying amount of the trade receivables approximates to its fair value.

The movements in provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
At beginning of year	於年初	144	386
Impairment losses recognised (Note 6)	已確認減值虧損(附註6)	106	125
Amount written off as uncollectible	撇銷為不可收回之款項	(35)	(365)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	26	(2)
At end of year	於年終	241	144

The individually impaired trade receivables with an aggregate carrying amount before provision of US\$241,000 (2015: US\$144,000) relate to customers that were in financial difficulties or were in default of payments and the receivables are not expected to be recovered.

The aged analysis of the trade receivables that are not considered to be impaired is as follows:

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Neither past due nor impaired	並無逾期或減值	2,373	2,301
Less than 3 months past due	逾期少於三個月	1,835	1,897
3 to 6 months past due	逾期三至六個月	184	38
		4,392	4,236

17. 應收貿易賬款(續)

本集團與客戶之貿易條款主要以信貸方式進行，惟新客戶一般會被要求預付款項。信貸期一般為60至90天。每個客戶均有最高信貸限額。本集團務求對尚未收回之應收款項維持嚴格控制，並設有信貸監控部門，以盡量減低信貸風險。高級管理層定期檢討逾期未收之餘額。本集團並無就其應收貿易賬款結餘持有任何抵押品或實施其他加強信貸措施。應收貿易賬款乃不計利息。應收貿易賬款之賬面值與其公平值相若。

應收貿易賬款之減值撥備變動如下：

撥備前賬面總值為241,000美元(二零一五年：144,000美元)的個別減值貿易應收賬款乃與遭遇財務困難或無法償還款項之客戶有關，該等應收賬款預期不可收回。

未視為已減值之應收貿易賬款之賬齡分析如下：

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17. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the Directors are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

18. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Prepayments	預付款項	1,269	1,186
Deposits	按金	525	498
Other receivables	其他應收款項	1,216	1,621
		3,010	3,305

None of the above assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

17. 應收貿易賬款(續)

並無逾期或減值之應收款項涉及大量不同客戶，該等客戶近期並無違約記錄。

已逾期但並未減值之應收款項與一批於本集團有良好往績記錄之獨立客戶有關。根據過往經驗，董事認為毋須就有關結餘作出減值撥備，因為信貸質素並無重大變動，以及認為該等結餘仍可全數收回。

18. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

以上資產並無逾期或減值。計入上述結餘之金融資產均與無近期違約記錄之應收款項有關。

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19. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

19. 現金及現金等值項目

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	24,956	17,044

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to approximately US\$453,000 (2015: US\$1,602,000). RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies. However, under the People's Republic of China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

於報告期末，本集團以人民幣列值之現金及銀行結餘約453,000美元(二零一五年：1,602,000美元)。人民幣不可自由轉換為其他貨幣。然而，根據中華人民共和國之外匯管理條例及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定，本集團可透過獲授權進行外幣兌換業務之銀行將人民幣兌換為其他貨幣。

銀行存款按每日銀行存款利率計算之浮動利率計息。短期定期存款之存款期由一日至三個月不等，視乎本集團之即時現金需要而定，按各短期定期存款之利率計息。銀行結餘乃存放於無近期違約記錄之信譽良好銀行。

20. TRADE PAYABLES

An aged analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Within 30 days	30天以內	4,594	3,752
31 to 60 days	31至60天	368	908
61 to 90 days	61至90天	2	5
91 to 365 days	91至365天	87	5
Over 1 year	超過一年	49	92
		5,100	4,762

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on 60-day terms.

20. 應付貿易賬款

於報告期末，應付貿易賬款按發票日期之賬齡分析如下：

該等應付貿易賬款乃不計息，並一般按60天期限清償。

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21. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

21. 應計費用及其他應付款項

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Accrued expenses	應計費用	3,645	3,895
Other payables	其他應付款項	7,291	7,269
		10,936	11,164

Other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of two months.

其他應付款項乃不計息，平均期限為兩個月。

22. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

22. 僱員退休福利

		Note 附註	2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Defined benefit plan	定額福利計劃	(a)	338	598
Other long term post-employment benefits	其他長期僱員退休福利	(b)	174	211
			512	809

Notes:

附註：

(a) Defined benefit plan

The Group operates an unfunded defined benefit plan for all its qualifying employees in Taiwan. Under the plan, the employees are entitled to retirement benefits at 3% of their final salary on attainment of a retirement age of 55.

According to the laws and regulations in Taiwan, the Group is obliged to pay its employees in Taiwan, upon retirement, disability or death, post-employment benefits based on the number of years of services and final average salary. The Group carried out an actuarial valuation as at 30 April 2016 of its obligation for post-employment benefits payable to its employees in Taiwan.

The trustees review the level of funding in the plan by the end of each reporting period. Such a review includes the asset-liability matching strategy and investment risk management policy. This includes employing the use of annuities and longevity swaps to manage the risks. The trustees decide the contribution based on the results of the annual review.

The plan is exposed to interest rate risk, the risk of changes in the life expectancy for pensioners and equity market risk.

(a) 定額福利計劃

本集團為其所有合資格台灣僱員設立無供資定額福利計劃。根據該計劃，僱員年屆55歲退休之齡時有權享受最終薪金3%之退休福利。

根據台灣法律及法規，本集團須向其台灣僱員支付在退休、殘疾或身故所享有之福利，並按其台灣僱員服務年期及最終平均薪金支付退休福利。本集團於二零一六年四月三十日為台灣僱員退休福利責任進行一次之精算估值。

受託人於各個報告期末審閱該計劃的資金水平。審閱包括資產負債配對策略及投資風險管理政策，包括運用年金及壽命掉期管理風險。受託人根據年度審閱結果決定供款。

該計劃受利率風險、退休人士的預期壽命及股票市場風險的變化影響。

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22. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(a) Defined benefit plan (continued)

The most recent actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligations were carried out at 30 April 2016 by Hsu Mao-Chin Actuary, a qualified actuary, using the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method.

The principal actuarial assumptions used as at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

		2016 二零一六年 %	2015 二零一五年 %
Discount rate	貼現率	1.0	2.0
Expected rate of salary increases	預期薪金增長率	3.0	3.0

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions as at the end of the reporting period is shown below:

		Increase in rate	Increase/ (decrease) in net defined benefit obligations	Decrease in rate	Increase/ (decrease) in net defined benefit obligations
		利率增加 %	增加/(減少) US\$'000 千美元	利率減少 %	增加/(減少) US\$'000 千美元
2016	二零一六年				
Discount rate	貼現率	0.5	(28)	0.5	31
Future salary increase	未來薪金增長率	0.5	30	0.5	(28)
2015	二零一五年				
Discount rate	貼現率	0.5	(35)	0.5	38
Future salary increase	未來薪金增長率	0.5	38	0.5	(34)

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on net defined benefit obligations as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

22. 僱員退休福利(續)

附註：(續)

(a) 定額福利計劃(續)

定額福利責任現值之最近期精算估值，乃於二零一六年四月三十日由一合資格精算師，徐茂欽精算事務所，按預測單位信貸精算估值法進行。

於報告期末採用之主要精算假設如下：

於報告期末之重大假設定量敏感度分析如下：

上述敏感度分析之方式為於報告期末重要假設中產生之合理變動所推斷定額福利責任淨額的影響而釐定。

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22. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(a) Defined benefit plan (continued)

The total expenses recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in respect of the plan are as follows:

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Current service cost	現有服務成本	13	13
Net interest	利息淨額	12	14
Net benefit expenses recognised in administrative expense	於行政開支確認之福利開支淨額	25	27

The movements in the defined benefit obligations and the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

定額福利責任及計劃資產之公平值變動如下：

		Pension cost charged to profit or loss 於攤銷扣除之退休金成本				Remeasurement gains/(losses) in other comprehensive income 於其他全面收入重新計量收益/(虧損)							At end of year 於年終 US\$'000 千美元
		At beginning of year 於年初 US\$'000 千美元	Current service cost 現有服務成本 US\$'000 千美元	Net interest 利息淨額 US\$'000 千美元	Sub-total included in profit or loss 計入損益之小計 US\$'000 千美元	Benefit paid 已付福利 US\$'000 千美元	Actuarial changes arising from changes in demographic assumptions 人口統計假設變動產生之 US\$'000 千美元	Actuarial changes arising from changes in financial assumptions 財務假設變動產生之 US\$'000 千美元	Experience adjustments 經驗調整 US\$'000 千美元	Sub-total included in other comprehensive income 計入其他全面收入之小計 US\$'000 千美元	Contribution by employer 僱主供款 US\$'000 千美元	Exchange realignment 匯兌調整 US\$'000 千美元	
2016	二零一六年												
Defined benefit obligations	定額福利責任	824	13	16	29	(23)	15	52	(18)	49	-	(37)	842
Fair value of plan assets	計劃資產之公平值	(226)	-	(4)	(4)	23	-	-	2	2	(307)	8	(504)
Benefit liability	福利負債	598	13	12	25	-	15	52	(16)	51	(307)	(29)	338
2015	二零一五年												
Defined benefit obligations	定額福利責任	926	13	18	31	(152)	(19)	-	54	35	-	(16)	824
Fair value of plan assets	計劃資產之公平值	(201)	-	(4)	(4)	152	-	-	(1)	(1)	(175)	3	(226)
Benefit liability	福利負債	725	13	14	27	-	(19)	-	53	34	(175)	(13)	598

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22. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(a) Defined benefit plan (continued)

The defined benefit contributions in Taiwan are made to a fund administered by the government of Taiwan. The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of the total plan assets of the centrally administered fund are as follows:

		2016 二零一六年 %	2015 二零一五年 %
Equity instruments	股本工具	49	50
Debt instruments	債務工具	31	28
Deposits	存款	17	19
Others	其他	3	3

The Group expects to contribute US\$29,000 to its defined benefit plan in 2017.

The average duration of the defined benefit obligations at the end of the reporting period is 12.1 years (2015: 12.3 years).

(b) Other long term post-employment benefits

The balance represents provision for long service payment as required by certain jurisdictions. Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated before the normal retirement date or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits.

22. 僱員退休福利(續)

附註：(續)

(a) 定額福利計劃(續)

於台灣之定額福利供款乃向一家由台灣政府管理之基金作出。計劃資產主要類別佔該中央管理基金之計劃資產總額公平值之百分比如下：

本集團預期於二零一七年之定額福利計劃供款為29,000美元。

於報告期末，定額福利責任平均為期12.1年。(二零一五年：12.3年)。

(b) 其他長期僱員退休福利

結餘乃指若干司法權區所要求之對長期服務金之撥備。終止福利於僱員屆正常退休日期前，或僱員接納自願離職來換取該等福利而終止僱用時須予支付。

23. SHARE CAPITAL Shares

23. 股本 股份

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Authorised:	法定：		
10,000,000,000 (2015: 2,000,000,000) ordinary shares of US\$0.004 (2015: US\$0.02) each (Note (c))	10,000,000,000 (二零一五年：2,000,000,000) 股每股面值0.004美元(二零一五年：0.02美元)之普通股(附註(c))	40,000	40,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足：		
3,531,975,671 (2015: 684,705,279) ordinary shares of US\$0.004 (2015: US\$0.02) each (Note (c))	3,531,975,671 (二零一五年：684,705,279) 股每股面值0.004美元(二零一五年：0.02美元)之普通股(附註(c))	14,128	13,694

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23. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Shares (continued)

The movements in share capital during the year are as follows:

23. 股本(續)

股份(續)

年內股本之變動如下：

		Number of ordinary shares in issue 已發行普通股數	Share Capital 股本 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 May 2014	於二零一四年五月一日	683,569,279	13,671
Issue of ordinary shares – employees share option scheme (Note (a))	發行普通股 – 僱員購股權計劃 (附註(a))	1,136,000	23
At 30 April 2015 and 1 May 2015	於二零一五年四月三十日及 二零一五年五月一日	684,705,279	13,694
Issue of ordinary shares (Note (b))	發行普通股(附註(b))	20,000,000	400
Share Subdivision (Note (c))	股份拆細(附註(c))	2,818,821,116	–
Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note (d))	收購一家附屬公司(附註(d))	8,449,276	34
At 30 April 2016	於二零一六年四月三十日	3,531,975,671	14,128

Notes:

- (a) In the prior year, the subscription rights attaching to 1,136,000 share options were exercised at the subscription price of HK\$0.70 per ordinary share (Note 24), resulting the issue of 1,136,000 shares of US\$0.02 each for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of approximately US\$102,000.
- (b) On 17 June 2015, a total of 20,000,000 ordinary shares (or 100,000,000 ordinary shares after Share Subdivision) were allotted and issued to six subscribers pursuant to the terms and conditions of the subscription agreement dated 1 June 2015 entered by and between the Company and the subscribers. The net proceeds from the subscription were approximately HK\$64,200,000 (equivalent to US\$8,252,000).
- (c) On 22 June 2015, the shareholders of the Company approved to subdivide the then-existing issued and unissued shares of US\$0.02 each in the share capital of the Company into five subdivided shares of US\$0.004 each ("Share Subdivision") and to change the board lot size of trading in the shares from 2,000 shares to 10,000 subdivided shares. The Share Subdivision became effective on 23 June 2015.
- (d) On 25 November 2015, a total of 8,449,276 consideration shares were allotted and issued to 深圳市國採立信投資管理有限公司 (Shenzhen Guocai Lixin Investment Management Company Limited*) and 吳玥鑿 (Wu Yueyun*) ("Vendors") as consideration for the acquisition of a 60% interest in Guo Cai Sheng Tang by a subsidiary of the Company. The fair value of the consideration shares at the acquisition date was US\$1,379,000.

* For identification purpose only

附註：

- (a) 於去年內，1,136,000份購股權所附帶的認購權已按每股普通股0.70港元之認購價獲行使(附註24)，導致發行1,136,000股每股面值0.02美元之股份作為現金代價總額(扣除開支前)約102,000美元。
- (b) 於二零一五年六月十七日，根據本公司與認購方於二零一五年六月一日所訂立之認購協議的條款及條件，本公司向六名認購方配發及發行合共20,000,000股普通股(或在股份拆細後為100,000,000股普通股)。來自認購事項的所得款項淨額約為64,200,000港元(相等於8,252,000美元)。
- (c) 於二零一五年六月二十二日，本公司股東批准將本公司股本中每股面值0.02美元的當時已發行及未發行股份拆細為五股每股面值0.004美元之拆細股份(「股份拆細」)，並將股份交易之每手買賣單位由2,000股股份更改為10,000股拆細股份。股份拆細於二零一五年六月二十三日生效。
- (d) 於二零一五年十一月二十五日，本公司向深圳市國採立信投資管理有限公司及吳玥鑿(「賣方」)配發及發行合共8,449,276股代價股份，作為本公司一家附屬公司收購國採晟唐60%權益的代價。於收購日，代價股份之公平值為1,379,000美元。

* 僅供識別

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24. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

A share option scheme (“**2002 Share Option Scheme**”) was adopted by the Company pursuant to a resolution of the then sole shareholder passed on 22 April 2002 for the primary purpose of providing incentives or rewards to eligible persons for their contribution or potential contribution to the Group. The Company terminated the 2002 Share Option Scheme and adopted a new share option scheme (“**2011 Share Option Scheme**”) pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company on 29 August 2011. The 2011 Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years up to 2021. Under the 2011 Share Option Scheme, the Company’s board of directors or a committee thereof may grant options to eligible persons to subscribe for shares in the Company at a price per share of at least the higher of (i) the closing price of a share as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of the offer of the relevant option; and (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer, provided that the exercise price shall in no event be less than the nominal amount of one share. Written acceptance is required on acceptance of the grant of options. The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding options granted under the 2011 Share Option Scheme and any other scheme to be adopted by the Company from time to time must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the share capital of the Company in issue from time to time. The Company has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the share options in cash.

24. 購股權計劃

本公司之購股權計劃(「**二零零二年購股權計劃**」)乃於二零零二年四月二十二日根據當時唯一股東通過之決議案而採納，主要目的是獎勵或酬謝曾經或將會對本集團作出貢獻之合資格人士。本公司已根據於二零一一年八月二十九日在本公司股東週年大會上通過之一項普通決議案終止二零零二年購股權計劃並採納一項新購股權計劃(「**二零一一年購股權計劃**」)。二零一一年購股權計劃將一直有效至二零二一年止，為期十年。根據二零一一年購股權計劃，本公司董事會或董事委員會可將購股權授予合資格人士以認購本公司股份，每股認購價至少為(i)聯交所發佈之每日收市價表所列本公司一股股份於有關購股權批授日期當日之收市價；及(ii)聯交所發佈之每日收市價表所列本公司股份於緊接批授日期前五個營業日之平均收市價(以較高者為準)，惟行使價無論如何不得低於一股股份之面值。合資格人士於接納購股權時須提供書面接納。根據二零一一年購股權計劃及本公司不時將予採納之任何其他計劃已授出但尚未行使之購股權行使時可發行之股份總數上限，不得超逾本公司不時已發行股本之30%。本公司並無法定或推定責任以現金購回或償付購股權。

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24. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

The movements in share options under the 2002 and 2011 Share Option Schemes during the year were as follows:

24. 購股權計劃 (續)

以下為年內二零零二年及二零一一年購股權計劃下之購股權變動：

		2016 二零一六年		2015 二零一五年	
		Weighted average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (Note)	Number of options (Note)
		加權平均 行使價	購股權 數目	加權平均 行使價 (附註)	購股權 數目 (附註)
		HK\$ per share 每股港元	'000 千份	HK\$ per share 每股港元	'000 千份
At beginning of year	於年初	-	-	0.700	3,034
Granted during the year	於年內已授出	1.000	50,000	-	-
Exercised during the year	於年內已行使	-	-	0.700	(1,136)
Lapsed during the year	於年內已失效	-	-	0.700	(175)
Cancelled during the year	於年內已註銷	-	-	0.700	(1,723)
At end of year	於年終	1.000	50,000	-	-

Note:

The share options under the 2002 Share Option Scheme have not been adjusted for the effect of Share Subdivision in June 2015.

Share options outstanding at the end of the year have the following exercise periods and exercise prices:

附註：

二零零二年購股權計劃下之購股權未就二零一五年六月份股份拆細的影響作出調整。

於年末，未行使購股權之行使期及行使價如下：

Number of options 購股權數目 '000 千份	Exercise price* per share 每股行使價* HK\$ 港元	Exercise period 行使期
50,000	1.000	6 November 2015 to 5 November 2018 二零一五年十一月六日至 二零一八年十一月五日

* The exercise price of the share options was subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

* 倘本公司股本中有供股或發行紅股或其他類似變動，購股權之行使價已作相應調整。

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24. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

The fair value of equity-settled share options granted was estimated as at the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes valuation model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

Date of grant		6 November 2015 二零一五年 十一月六日
授出日期		
Share price at date of grant (HK\$ per share)	於授出日期之股價(每股港元)	0.93
Trigger price (HK\$ per share)	基準價格(每股港元)	2.00
Observation days (day)	觀察日數(日)	5
Expected volatility (%)	預期波幅(%)	34.9407
Risk-free interest rate (%)	無風險利率(%)	1.1840
Expected life of options (year)	購股權之預計期限(年)	3
Dividend payout (%)	派息率(%)	40

The expected life of the options is based on the historical data over the past three years and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

25. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 76 and 77 of the financial statements.

24. 購股權計劃(續)

已授出以股權支付之購股權之公平值乃使用柏力克-舒爾斯估值模式於授出日期作估計，並計及該等購股權授出之條款及條件。下表列示使用該模式時的輸入項目：

購股權之預計期限乃根據過去三年之歷史數據計算，未必代表可能產生之行使模式。預期波幅反映如下假設，即過往波幅僅為未來趨勢之指標，未必代表實際結果。

已授出購股權之其他特色概無納入公平值之計算中。

25. 儲備

本集團於本年度及過往年度之儲備金額及其變動呈列於財務報表第76及77頁之綜合權益變動表。

26. ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY

On 25 November 2015, a subsidiary of the Company acquired a 60% equity interest in Guo Cai Sheng Tang from the Vendors. Guo Cai Sheng Tang is engaged in the provision of investment management advisory services in the People's Republic of China. The acquisition was made as part of the Group's strategy to widen its business scope. The purchase consideration for the acquisition was agreed at RMB6,000,000 and was satisfied in form of shares of the Company based on the framework agreement dated 26 October 2015. A total of 8,449,276 consideration shares were allotted and issued to the Vendors based on the closing share price of the Company of HK\$0.866 at the date of the framework agreement. Details of the acquisition can be found under "Management Discussion and Analysis" section on pages 13 to 14 of this annual report.

The share price of the Company increased to HK\$1.27 on 25 November 2015, day of completion and the fair value of the purchase consideration for the 60% equity interest in Guo Cai Sheng Tang was increased to approximately RMB8,800,000 (equivalent to US\$1,379,000) accordingly.

The Group has elected to measure the non-controlling interest in Guo Cai Sheng Tang at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of 40% identifiable net assets.

The Group incurred transaction costs of US\$63,000 for this acquisition. These transaction costs have been expensed and are included in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. None of the goodwill recognised is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

26. 收購一家附屬公司

於二零一五年十一月二十五日，本公司一家附屬公司向賣方收購國採晟唐 60% 權益。國採晟唐於中華人民共和國從事提供投資管理諮詢服務。該收購事項乃為本集團擴展業務範疇的策略的一部分。收購事項的購買代價為人民幣 6,000,000 元，乃按二零一五年十月二十六日的框架協議並以本公司股份形式支付，按框架協議日當天本公司的收市價每股 0.866 港元計算，折合共 8,449,276 股代價股份已於收購日期配發及發行。有關收購詳情已於本年報第 13 至 14 頁的「管理層討論及分析」一節中披露。

由於本公司於二零一五年十一月二十五日，即收購日的收市價上升至每股 1.27 港元，因此，國採晟唐 60% 權益的購買代價公平值亦相應上升至約人民幣 8,800,000 元（相等於 1,379,000 美元）。

本集團選擇按非控股權益佔可識別資產淨值的比例份額計量非控股權益於國採晟唐的權益為 40%。

本集團就此項收購產生 63,000 美元之交易成本。該等交易成本已予列支，並計入綜合損益表之一般及行政開支內。該商譽確認預期不可於所得稅中扣減。

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26. ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY (continued)

The fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of Guo Cai Sheng Tang as at the date of acquisition were as follows:

	Note 附註	2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	24
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	(77)
Fair value of net liabilities acquired	已收購負債淨值公平值	(53)
Less: non-controlling interests	減：非控股權益	21
		(32)
Fair value of purchase consideration:	購買代價公平值：	
Consideration shares	代價股份	
– issued on 25 November 2015	– 於二零一五年 十一月二十五日發行	23
Goodwill	商譽	13
		1,411

An analysis of the net cash inflow in respect of the acquisition of the subsidiary is as follows:

26. 收購一家附屬公司(續)

國採晟唐於收購日之可識別資產及負債的公平值如下：

就收購附屬公司所產生的現金流入淨額分析如下：

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元
Fair value of purchase consideration	購買代價之公平值	1,379
Less: Consideration shares issued	減：已發行代價股份	(1,379)
Cash and bank balances acquired	已收購現金及銀行結餘	(24)
		24

Guo Cai Sheng Tang remained dormant since the acquisition and has recorded a loss of US\$133,000 in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and did not contribute any revenue to the Group for the year ended 30 April 2016.

國採晟唐自收購以來一直暫無業務，截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度在綜合損益表錄得虧損133,000美元及對本集團的收益並沒有任何貢獻。

Had the combination taken place at the beginning of the year, the revenue from continuing operations of the Group and the loss of the Group for the year would have been US\$94,053,000 and US\$799,000, respectively.

倘該合併於年初進行，則本年度本集團持續經營之收益及本集團之虧損將分別為94,053,000美元及799,000美元。

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26. ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY (continued)

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of the Group's subsidiary that have material non-controlling interests, Guo Cai Sheng Tang. The amounts disclosed are before any inter-company eliminations:

26. 收購一家附屬公司 (續)

下表載列附有重大非控股權益之本集團附屬公司，國採晟唐之財務資料概要。所披露金額為未作出任何集團內公司間對銷前之金額：

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元
Total expenses, loss for the year and total comprehensive loss for the year	年度總開支、年度虧損及年度全面虧損總額	(133)
Current assets	流動資產	6
Current liabilities	流動負債	(191)
Cash flows used in operating activities and net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	經營業務所耗之現金淨額及現金及現金等值項目減少淨額	(18)

27. DISSOLUTION OF SUBSIDIARIES**27. 解散附屬公司**

		Note 附註	2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元
Net assets of the subsidiaries under dissolution	已解散附屬公司之資產淨值		-
Exchange reserve realised	匯兌儲備變現		5
Loss on dissolution of subsidiaries	解散附屬公司之虧損	6	(5)
			-
Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the dissolution of subsidiaries	解散附屬公司之現金及現金等值項目之流入淨額		-

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28. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The Group leases certain of its office premises, staff quarters, furniture and equipment under operating lease arrangements. The leases have varying terms, escalation clauses and renewal rights.

At 30 April 2016, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

		Office premises and staff quarters 辦公室單位及員工宿舍		Furniture and equipment 傢俬及設備	
		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元	2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Within one year	一年內	2,107	1,855	116	119
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	424	1,479	175	271
		2,531	3,334	291	390

28. 經營租賃安排

本集團根據經營租賃安排而租賃若干辦公室單位、員工宿舍、傢俬及設備。該等租賃之租期、調整租金之條款及續約權利各有不同。

於二零一六年四月三十日，本集團根據不可撤銷經營租賃於下列到期日支付之未來最低租金款項如下：

29. COMMITMENTS

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in Note 28 above, the Group had the following capital commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment at the end of the reporting period:

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Authorised, but not contracted for	已核准但未訂約	50	3

29. 承擔

除上文附註28所述之經營租賃承擔外，以下為本集團於報告期末對購置物業、廠房及設備之資本承擔：

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30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- (a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following significant transactions with related parties during the year:

Name of related party 有關連人士名稱	Nature of transaction 交易性質	Note 附註	2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Wellbuild International Limited 慧標國際有限公司	Rental expense 租金開支	(i)	–	509

Note:

- (i) Wellbuild International Limited (“Wellbuild”, together with its subsidiaries, the “Wellbuild Group”) is a controlled corporation and an associate of Mr. Wang Lu Yen (“Mr. Wang”) who was an executive Director and is a director of Wellbuild. Mr Wang resigned as an executive Director and a director of its subsidiary, Tamarind International Limited, on 23 February 2015 and 30 April 2015 respectively. Accordingly, Wellbuild and its subsidiaries are not regarded as related parties of the Group subsequent to 30 April 2015.

The prior year's balances represented rental expenses paid to Wellbuild which were determined based on the market rate and floor area of the rented premises.

(b) Balances with a related party

- (i) At 30 April 2016, the Group had nil balance with a related company (2015: prepaid rent and rental deposit to a related company of US\$24,000).

30. 有關連人士交易

- (a) 除本財務報表其他部份所述之交易外，本集團年內與有關連人士進行以下重大交易：

附註：

- (i) 慧標國際有限公司(「慧標」，連同其附屬公司為「慧標集團」)為王祿閣先生(「王先生」)(彼曾為執行董事及現為慧標的董事)之受控制法團及聯繫人。王先生於二零一五年二月二十三日及二零一五年四月三十日分別辭任執行董事及其附屬公司 Tamarind International Limited 之董事。因此，慧標及其附屬公司於二零一五年四月三十日後不再被視為本集團之有關連人士。

去年之金額為已付慧標集團之租金開支，此乃參考該單位之市值租金及樓面面積釐定。

(b) 與有關連人士之結餘

- (i) 於二零一六年四月三十日，本集團並無與有關連公司之結餘(二零一五年：已付一家有關連公司之預付租金及租金按金 24,000 美元)。

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30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(c) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Short term employee benefits	短期僱員福利	1,034	1,229
Post-employment benefits – defined contribution plans	僱員退休福利 – 定額供款計劃	103	81
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	支付予主要管理人員之 薪酬總額	1,137	1,310

Further details of Directors' emoluments are included in Note 7 to the financial statements.

The related party transactions in respect of items (a) and (b) above also constituted continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules have been complied with.

30. 有關連人士交易 (續)

(c) 本集團主要管理人員之薪酬

董事薪酬之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註7。

上文(a)及(b)項的有關連人士交易構成上市規則第14A章所界定之持續關連交易。已遵守上市規則第14A章之披露規定。

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31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of the Group's financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

31. 金融工具類別

本集團之各類別金融工具於報告期末之賬面值如下：

Financial assets

金融資產

		Note 附註	Loans and receivables 貸款及應收款項		Available-for-sale financial asset 可供出售金融資產		Total 合計	
			2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元	2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元	2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Available-for-sale financial asset	可供出售金融資產	14	-	-	229	84	229	84
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	17	4,392	4,236	-	-	4,392	4,236
Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	計入預付款項、按金及其他應收款項之金融資產	18	1,741	2,119	-	-	1,741	2,119
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	19	24,956	17,044	-	-	24,956	17,044
			31,089	23,399	229	84	31,318	23,483

Financial liabilities

金融負債

		Note 附註	Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本列賬之金融負債	
			2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	20	5,100	4,762
Financial liabilities included in accruals and other payables	計入應計費用及其他應付款項之金融負債	21	7,291	7,269
			12,391	12,031

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32. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values, are as follows:

Financial assets

	Carrying amounts		Fair value	
	賬面值		公平值	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
Available-for-sale financial asset 可供出售金融資產	229	84	229	84

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables and financial liabilities included in accruals and other payables approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The fair value of the available-for-sale financial asset is determined with reference to the market price quoted for the relevant club.

32. 金融工具之公平值及公平值層級

本集團金融工具之賬面值及公平值(賬面值與其公平值合理相若者除外)如下:

金融資產

管理層評估現金及現金等值項目、應收貿易賬款、應付貿易賬款、計入預付款項、按金及其他應收款項之金融資產、計入應計費用及其他應付款項之金融負債之公平值，均與其賬面值相若，很大程度上乃由於該等工具之短期償還期所致。

可供出售金融資產之公平值乃經參考有關會所之市場報價後釐定。

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32. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instrument:

Asset measured at fair value:

As at 30 April 2016

	Fair value measurement using 用以下各項進行公平值計量			Total 合計 US\$'000 千美元
	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) 於活躍市場之 報價 (第一層) US\$'000 千美元	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) 重大可觀察 輸入值 (第二層) US\$'000 千美元	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 重大不可觀察 輸入值 (第三層) US\$'000 千美元	
Available-for-sale financial asset 可供出售金融資產	229	-	-	229

As at 30 April 2015

於二零一五年四月三十日

	Fair value measurement using 用以下各項進行公平值計量			Total 合計 US\$'000 千美元
	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) 於活躍市場之 報價 (第一層) US\$'000 千美元	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) 重大可觀察 輸入值 (第二層) US\$'000 千美元	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 重大不可觀察 輸入值 (第三層) US\$'000 千美元	
Available-for-sale financial asset 可供出售金融資產	84	-	-	84

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2015: Nil).

The Group did not have any financial liabilities measured at fair value as at 30 April 2016 (2015: Nil).

32. 金融工具之公平值及公平值層級(續)

下表載列本集團金融工具之公平值計量層級：

按公平值計量之資產：

於二零一六年四月三十日

年內，第一層及第二層之間並無公平值計量之轉撥，亦無轉撥往或轉撥自第三層(二零一五年：無)。

於二零一六年四月三十日，本集團並無任何按公平值計量之金融負債(二零一五年：無)。

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33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and bank balances. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations. It is, and has been throughout the year under review, the Group's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's short term interest-bearing bank deposits with a floating interest rate.

The Group has not entered into any interest rate swaps to hedge its exposure to interest rate risks.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax and the Group's equity.

		2016 二零一六年		2015 二零一五年
		Increase/ (decrease) in basis points	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax and equity	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax and equity
		基點 增加/(減少)	除稅前溢利 及權益 增加/(減少)	除稅前溢利 及權益 增加/(減少)
			US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元
United States dollar	美元	5	12	8
United States dollar	美元	(5)	(12)	(8)

33. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括現金及銀行結餘。該等金融工具的主要目的乃為本集團的業務籌集資金。本集團亦有各種其他金融資產及負債，如直接由本集團營運產生的應收貿易賬款及應付貿易賬款等。於整個回顧年度內及一直以來，本集團之政策是不買賣金融工具。

本集團的金融工具所產生的主要風險為利率風險、外幣風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。董事會檢討及議定管理各項該等風險的政策，茲概述如下。

利率風險

本集團承受的市場利率變動風險主要與本集團的浮動利率短期計息銀行存款有關。

本集團並無訂立任何利率掉期合約以對沖利率風險。

下表說明在所有其他可變因素維持不變的情況下，本集團的除稅前溢利及本集團的權益對利率合理可能變動的敏感性。

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)**Foreign currency risk**

The Company's functional currency is United States dollar and the functional currencies of majority of the subsidiaries are United States dollar and Hong Kong dollar. The Group's transactions, trade receivables and trade payables are mainly denominated in these two currencies.

As the exchange rate of United States dollar and Hong Kong dollar is pegged, management considers the foreign exchange risk in this respect is not significant. The Group has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk. However, as the net foreign exchange exposure of the foreign operations is not significant, the Group does not actively hedge this foreign exchange exposure.

The Group periodically reviews monetary assets and liabilities held in currencies other than United States dollar and Hong Kong dollar to ensure that net exposure is kept at an acceptable level, and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Certain monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in RMB exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities.

33. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)**外幣風險**

本公司的功能貨幣為美元，大部份附屬公司的功能貨幣為美元及港元。本集團的交易、應收貿易賬款及應付貿易賬款主要以上述兩種貨幣列值。

由於美元與港元匯率掛鈎，故此管理層認為於此方面的外匯風險並不重大。本集團於海外業務擁有若干投資，而該等資產淨值需承擔外幣換算風險。然而，由於海外業務之淨外匯風險承擔並不重大，故本集團目前並無積極對沖此外匯風險。

本集團會定期檢討以美元及港元以外之貨幣持有的貨幣資產及負債，確保承擔的淨風險維持於可接受水平，並在有需要時考慮對沖重大的外幣風險。

若干貨幣資產及負債以人民幣列賬。下表列示截至報告期末，在所有其他可變因素維持不變之情況下，因貨幣資產及負債的公平值變動，本集團的除稅前溢利對人民幣匯率合理可能變動之敏感度。

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33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES

AND POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currency risk (continued)

			2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
		Increase/ (decrease) in foreign currency rate 外匯匯率 上升/(下跌) %	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax 除稅前溢利 增加/(減少) US\$'000 千美元	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax 除稅前溢利 增加/(減少) US\$'000 千美元
If United States dollar weakens against RMB	倘美元兌人民幣貶值	5	24	70
If United States dollar strengthens against RMB	倘美元兌人民幣升值	(5)	(24)	(70)

Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, an available-for-sale financial asset, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

33. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

外幣風險(續)

信貸風險

本集團只會與經認可及信譽良好的第三方交易。本集團政策規定所有擬用信貸期交易的客戶須進行信用審核程序。此外，本集團會持續監察應收款項結餘，因此本集團承受的壞賬風險並不重大。

本集團其他金融資產(包括現金及現金等值項目、一項可供出售金融資產、應收貿易賬款、按金及其他應收款項)之信貸風險，乃來自對方不能歸還之款項，而最大風險等同該等工具之賬面值。

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)**Credit risk** (continued)

Since the Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties, there is no requirement for collateral. Concentrations of credit risk are managed by customer/counterparty, by geographical region and by industry sector. At the end of the reporting period, the Group has certain concentration of credit risk on the Group's trade receivables, as the amounts due from the largest five debtors amounted to approximately US\$2,481,000 (2015: US\$2,061,000), representing 56.5% (2015: 48.7%) of the Group's trade receivables. In order to minimise the credit risk, management continuously monitors the level of exposure to ensure that follow-up actions are taken promptly to reduce the risk exposure or to recover overdue balances. The Group will also continuously exploit new opportunities and forge relationships with new customers with the aim of broadening its clientele.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in Note 17 to the financial statements.

Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of banking facilities.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

		Within one year 一年內	
		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	5,100	4,762
Financial liabilities included in accruals and other payables	計入應計費用及其他應付款項之金融負債	7,291	7,269
		12,391	12,031

33. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)**信貸風險** (續)

由於本集團只會與經認可及信譽良好的第三方交易，所以無須提供抵押品。信貸風險的集中度是按客戶／對方、地區及行業來管理。於報告期末，本集團於應收貿易賬款有若干集中承擔的信貸風險，應收五大債務人款項約2,481,000美元(二零一五年：2,061,000美元)，佔本集團應收貿易賬款56.5%(二零一五年：48.7%)。為了減低信貸風險，管理層持續監察風險水平，以確保即時採取跟進行動，減低風險承擔，或追回逾期結欠。本集團亦將繼續物色新商機，並與新客戶建立關係，以拓寬客戶基礎。

有關本集團因應收貿易賬款產生的信貸風險的進一步量化資料於財務報表附註17披露。

流動資金風險

本集團的目標是要充分利用銀行信貸，在資金持續供應與靈活性之間維持平衡。

根據已訂約非折現付款分析的本集團於報告期末之金融負債到期情況如下：

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33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 30 April 2016 and 30 April 2015.

Capital of the Group comprises all components of shareholders' equity.

34. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD Proposed placing of new shares under general mandate and the lapse of the placing agreement

On 5 June 2016, the Company entered into the placing agreement ("Placing Agreement") with the placing agent whereby the Company conditionally agreed to place, through the placing agent, on a best effort basis, 690,620,000 new shares of the Company to not less than six independent placees at the placing price of HK\$0.42 per placing share pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Placing Agreement.

The Company announced on 4 July 2016 that the Placing Agreement lapsed as the conditions of the placing had not been fulfilled on or before 4 July 2016. As such, the Placing Agreement was terminated and the placing would not proceed and all rights, obligations and liabilities of the parties under the Placing Agreement in relation to the placing should forthwith cease and determine and none of the parties should have any claim against the other party in respect of the placing save for any antecedent breaches.

The Directors are of the view that the lapse of the Placing Agreement has no material adverse impact on the business operation and financial position of the Group.

For details, please refer to the Company's announcements dated 5 June 2016 and 4 July 2016.

33. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

資本管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標為確保本集團能持續營運及維持穩健的資本比率，以支持其業務及儘量提高股東價值。

本集團根據經濟狀況變動管理其資本架構及對其進行調整。為維持或調整資本架構，本集團可能調整對股東派付之股息、向股東退還資本或發行新股。有關管理資本之目標、政策或程序於截至二零一六年四月三十日及二零一五年四月三十日止年度概無變動。

本集團資本包括股東權益之所有成份。

34. 報告期後事項 擬根據一般授權配售新股份及配售協議之失效

本公司與配售代理於二零一六年六月五日訂立配售協議(「配售協議」)，據此，根據配售協議之條款及條件，本公司有條件同意透過配售代理按盡力基準配售690,620,000股本公司之新股份予不少於六名獨立承配人，配售價為每股配售股份0.42港元。

本公司於二零一六年七月四日宣佈，配售協議已告失效，原因為配售事項之條件並無於二零一六年七月四日或之前獲達成。因此，配售協議已被終止而配售將不會進行。配售協議項下有關配售事項的所有權利、責任及義務即時停止及終止，並且概無訂約方將就配售事項向任何其他一方提出任何索償，惟因任何先前違反除外。

董事認為，配售協議失效並無對本集團之業務營運及財務狀況造成重大不利影響。

詳細情況請參照本公司日期為二零一六年六月五日及二零一六年七月四日的公佈。

34. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

(continued)

Acquisition of a money lender

On 18 May 2016, Daohe Capital Limited, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement for the sale and purchase to acquire the entire issued share of Tingo Consulting Company Limited ("Tingo") and a shareholder's loan at a consideration of HK\$420,000 (equivalent to approximately US\$54,000). Tingo is a company incorporated in Hong Kong on 23 November 2015 with limited liability and is a holder of a Money Lenders Licence issued under the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong). Such acquisition was completed on 19 May 2016.

Acquisition of a company established in the People's Republic of China ("PRC")

On 29 June 2016, 深圳勝運科技有限公司 (Shenzhen Sheng Yun Technology Co. Ltd.*) ("Sheng Yun"), a subsidiary of the Company, entered into an equity acquisition agreement with 黃雲星 (Huang Yunxing*) and 葛明德 (Ge Mingde*), pursuant to which Sheng Yun agreed to acquire (i) a 30.6% equity interest in 深圳國之道新能源汽車銷售服務有限公司 (Shenzhen Guo Zhi Dao New Energy Vehicle Sales Services Co. Ltd.*) ("Guo Zhi Dao") from 黃雲星 (Huang Yunxing*) at a consideration of RMB0.6; and (ii) a 20.4% equity interest in Guo Zhi Dao from 葛明德 (Ge Mingde*) at a consideration of RMB0.4.

Guo Zhi Dao is a company incorporated in the PRC on 11 May 2016 with limited liability and has an unpaid registered capital of RMB10 million. Its business scope includes sale of vehicles; sale of renewable energy vehicles; leasing of vehicles; sale of parts and power batteries of renewable energy vehicles; sale and technological development of renewable energy vehicle products and accessories, renewable energy electronic products, renewable energy mechanical products and equipment; domestic trading, import and export of goods and technology.

The acquisition was completed on 7 July 2016. Upon completion of the acquisition, the Company through Sheng Yun, indirectly owned a 51% interest in Guo Zhi Dao.

As at the date of this annual report, Guo Zhi Dao has not commenced any business.

* For identification purpose only

34. 報告期後事項(續)**收購一家放債人公司**

於二零一六年五月十八日，本公司一家直接全資附屬公司道和資本有限公司訂立買賣協議，以收購天高企業策劃有限公司(「天高」)全部已發行股份及股東貸款，代價為420,000港元(相等於約54,000美元)。天高為一家於二零一五年十一月二十三日在香港註冊成立之有限公司，為香港法例第163章放債人條例下的持牌放債人。該收購事項於二零一六年五月十九日完成。

收購一家在中華人民共和國(「中國」)成立的公司

於二零一六年六月二十九日，本公司一家附屬公司深圳勝運科技有限公司(「勝運」)與黃雲星及葛明德簽訂一份股權收購協議，據此勝運同意(i)以人民幣0.6元向黃雲星收購深圳國之道新能源汽車銷售服務有限公司(「國之道」)30.6%的股權；以及(ii)以人民幣0.4元向葛明德收購國之道20.4%的股權。

國之道為一家於二零一六年五月十一日在中國註冊成立之有限責任公司，註冊資本為人民幣1,000萬元(未實繳)，其經營範圍為汽車的銷售；新能源汽車的銷售；汽車租賃；新能源汽車零部件及動力電池的銷售；新能源汽車產品及汽車配件、新能源電子產品、新能源機械產品及設備的銷售及技術開發；國內貿易、貨物及技術進出口。

是項收購於二零一六年七月七日完成。收購完成後，本公司通過勝運間接持有國之道51%權益。

截至本年報日期，國之道並未開始任何業務。

* 僅供識別

Notes to the Financial Statements

財務報表附註

30 April 2016

二零一六年四月三十日

35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

35. 本公司之財務狀況表

		2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產		
Interests in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之權益	36,527	34,988
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	36,527	34,988
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項	8	59
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	8,622	425
Total current assets	流動資產總額	8,630	484
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債		
Accruals	應計費用	144	185
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	144	185
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值	8,486	299
NET ASSETS	資產淨值	45,013	35,287
EQUITY	權益		
Share capital	股本	14,128	13,694
Reserves (Note)	儲備(附註)	30,885	21,593
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額	45,013	35,287

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財務報表附註

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35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (continued)

Note:

A summary of Company's reserves is as follows:

		Share premium	Share option reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Contributed surplus [#]	Retained earnings	Total
		股份溢價	購股權儲備	資本贖回儲備	實繳盈餘 [#]	保留盈利	總計
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
Balance at 1 May 2014	於二零一四年五月一日結餘	9,958	69	48	9,883	2,999	22,957
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收入總額	-	-	-	-	463	463
Issue of shares	股份發行	79	-	-	-	-	79
Exercise of share options	已行使購股權	26	(26)	-	-	-	-
Share options lapsed/cancelled during the year	年內失效/註銷之購股權	-	(43)	-	-	43	-
Final 2014 dividend paid	已付二零一四年末期股息	-	-	-	-	(1,063)	(1,063)
Interim 2015 dividend paid	已付二零一五年中期股息	-	-	-	-	(843)	(843)
At 30 April 2015	於二零一五年四月三十日	10,063	-	48	9,883	1,599	21,593
Balance at 1 May 2015	於二零一五年五月一日結餘	10,063	-	48	9,883	1,599	21,593
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收入總額	-	-	-	-	879	879
Issue of ordinary shares	發行普通股	7,852	-	-	-	-	7,852
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	(18)	-	-	-	-	(18)
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一家附屬公司	1,345	-	-	-	-	1,345
Equity-settled share option arrangement	以股權支付之購股權安排	-	141	-	-	-	141
Final 2015 dividend paid	已付二零一五年末期股息	-	-	-	-	(226)	(226)
Interim 2016 dividend paid	已付二零一六年中期股息	-	-	-	-	(681)	(681)
At 30 April 2016	於二零一六年四月三十日	19,242	141	48	9,883	1,571	30,885

[#] The Company's contributed surplus represents the excess of the fair value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the reorganisation, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, the contributed surplus account of the Company is distributable to equity holders. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if (i) it is, or would after the payment be unable to pay its liabilities as they become due or (ii) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium account.

35. 本公司之財務狀況表(續)

附註：

本公司之儲備概要如下：

[#] 本公司之實繳盈餘指根據重組所收購之附屬公司股份之公平值超過本公司以交換股份方式而發行之股份面值之差額。根據百慕達一九八一年公司法，本公司之實繳盈餘賬目可供分派予權益持有人。然而，本公司在下列情況不得宣派或派付股息或從實繳盈餘中作出分派(i)派付後無法支付到期之負債或(ii)其資產之可變現價值少於其負債及已發行股本以及股份溢價賬之總額。

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財務報表附註

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36. INFORMATION ABOUT PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

36. 主要附屬公司詳情

主要附屬公司詳情如下：

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/ 註冊及業務地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary share/ registered capital 已發行普通股股本/ 註冊股本面值	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司 應佔股權百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Benchmark Profits Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Daohe Capital Limited ^a 道和資本有限公司 ^a	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Dowry Peacock Group Limited ^b	United Kingdom 英國	GBP300 300英鎊	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
eServices Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$100,000 100,000港元	-	100	Dormant 暫無業務
Ever Eagle Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Glory Sino Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Dormant 暫無業務
Golden Rules Enterprises Limited 高律有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
IGCS Group Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
IGCS International Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	Dormant 暫無業務
IGCS Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Dormant 暫無業務
International Laboratory Services Limited 國際檢定服務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Provision of laboratory services 提供檢定服務
ISO International (Holdings) Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$100 100港元	-	100	Dormant 暫無業務
Linmark Agency (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$50,000 50,000美元	-	100	Investment holding and procurement agent 投資控股及採購代理

36. INFORMATION ABOUT PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

36. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/ 註冊及業務地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary share/ registered capital 已發行普通股股本/ 註冊股本面值	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司 應佔股權百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Linmark Agency (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100	Procurement agent 採購代理
Linmark Development (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	Procurement agent 採購代理
Linmark Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Linmark (HK) Limited 林麥(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Investment holding, procurement agent and trading of merchandise 投資控股、採購代理及 商品貿易
Linmark International (Bangladesh) Ltd.*	Bangladesh 孟加拉	Taka4,120,000 4,120,000塔卡	-	100	Procurement agent 採購代理
Linmark International (Hong Kong) Limited 林麥國際(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$200,000 200,000港元	-	100	Investment holding and procurement agent 投資控股及採購代理
Linmark Merchandise Consultancy (Shenzhen) Limited** 林麥商品信息諮詢(深圳) 有限公司**	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,500,000 人民幣1,500,000元	-	100	Investment holding, provision of marketing consultancy and product development services 投資控股、提供市場推廣諮詢 及產品開發服務
Linmark Westman Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$11 11美元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Market Asia Limited 迦領有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Dormant 暫無業務
Merchandise Creative, Inc.	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	Dormant 暫無業務
Merchandise Creative Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100	Dormant 暫無業務
Pacific Technologies Limited [‡]	United Kingdom 英國	GBP45,000 45,000英鎊	-	-	Dormant 暫無業務

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財務報表附註

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36. INFORMATION ABOUT PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

36. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/ 註冊及業務地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary share/ registered capital 已發行普通股股本/ 註冊股本面值	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司 應佔股權百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Power Path Limited 騰黃有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	100	-	Provision of secretarial and nominee services to the fellow subsidiaries 為同系附屬公司提供秘書及代理人服務
Shenzhen Guo Cai Sheng Tang Investment Co. Ltd. ⁺ 深圳市國採晟唐投資管理有限公司 ⁺	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB10,000,000 人民幣 10,000,000 元	-	60	Dormant 暫無業務
Shenzhen Sheng Yun Technology Co. Ltd. ⁺⁺ 深圳勝運科技有限公司 ⁺⁺	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB10,000,000 人民幣 10,000,000 元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Tamarind International Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Tamarind International Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Investment holding and trading of merchandise 投資控股及商品貿易
Tamarind Trading (Shanghai) Limited ^{**} 天馬仕貿易(上海)有限公司 ^{**}	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB5,500,000 人民幣 5,500,000 元	-	100	Procurement agent and trading of merchandise 採購代理及商品貿易
Trend Xpress, Inc.	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	Investment holding and provision of market trend consultancy services 投資控股及提供市場潮流情報諮詢服務
Trend Xpress Limited 時尚快訊有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Provision of market trend consultancy services and trading of merchandise 提供市場潮流情報諮詢服務及商品貿易

Five-Year Financial Summary

五年財務概要

RESULTS

業績

		Year ended 30 April 截至四月三十日止年度				
		2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元 (Restated) (經重列)	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元 (Restated) (經重列)	2014 二零一四年 US\$'000 千美元 (Restated) (經重列)	2015 二零一五年 US\$'000 千美元	2016 二零一六年 US\$'000 千美元
Revenue	收益	100,621	110,047	103,397	97,872	94,053
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(77,123)	(82,459)	(76,427)	(72,879)	(71,024)
Gross profit	毛利	23,498	27,588	26,970	24,993	23,029
Other income	其他收入	1,399	1,023	1,346	977	639
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政開支	(22,014)	(23,543)	(23,329)	(23,292)	(22,285)
Loss on deregistration of branches	取消註冊分公司之虧損	-	(193)	-	-	-
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	191	-	-	-	-
Loss on dissolution of subsidiaries	解散附屬公司之虧損	(97)	-	(138)	-	(5)
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	-	-	-	-	(887)
Operating profit	經營溢利	2,977	4,875	4,849	2,678	491
Interest income	利息收入	55	55	7	7	14
Share of loss of a joint venture	應佔一家合營公司之虧損	(1)	(1)	(1)	-	-
Profit before tax	除稅前溢利	3,031	4,929	4,855	2,685	505
Income tax (expense)/credit	所得稅(開支)/抵免	(247)	403	(399)	(1,009)	(1,118)
Profit/(loss) for the year	年度溢利/(虧損)	2,784	5,332	4,456	1,676	(613)
Attributable to:	下列人士應佔：					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	2,784	5,332	4,456	1,676	(560)
Non-controlling interest	非控股權益	-	-	-	-	(53)
Dividends	股息	1,212	2,459	1,942	1,069	681
Distribution	分派	-	-	12,863	-	-
Earnings/(loss) per share (US cents)	每股盈利/(虧損)(美仙)					
Basic*	基本*	0.08	0.16	0.13	0.05	(0.02)
Diluted*	攤薄*	0.08	0.16	0.13	0.05	(0.02)

* Earnings per share for the years ended 30 April 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015 have been adjusted for the effect of Share Subdivision in June 2015.

* 截至二零一二年、二零一三年、二零一四年及二零一五年四月三十日止年度之每股盈利已就二零一五年六月份股份拆細的影響作出調整。

Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

資產及負債

		At 30 April 於四月三十日				
		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
		二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一六年
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
		(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)		
		(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)		
Non-current assets	非流動資產	27,540	27,488	26,895	26,773	27,522
Current assets	流動資產	28,512	33,937	23,820	24,585	32,358
Total assets	資產總額	56,052	61,425	50,715	51,358	59,880
Current liabilities	流動負債	(16,039)	(17,700)	(16,993)	(17,961)	(18,424)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(1,014)	(979)	(1,005)	(809)	(512)
Total liabilities	負債總額	(17,053)	(18,679)	(17,998)	(18,770)	(18,936)
Net assets	資產淨值	38,999	42,746	32,717	32,588	40,944

Corporate Information

公司資料

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

ZHOU Xijian (*Chairman*)

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

ZHANG Qi (*Chief Executive Officer*)

WONG Hing Lin, Dennis (*President and Chief Financial Officer*)

HWANG Han-Lung, Basil (*Company Secretary, General Counsel and Head of Development and Investments*)

ZHANG Li (*Co-Chairman*)

(appointed with effect from 8 April 2016 and resigned with effect from 12 July 2016)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

WANG Arthur Minshiang

TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius

WONG Chak Keung (appointed with effect from 1 November 2015)

Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS (ceased to be a director with effect from 5 May 2016)

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

ZHANG Qi (*Chairman of the Committee*)

WONG Hing Lin, Dennis

HWANG Han-Lung, Basil

ZHANG Li (appointed and ceased to act as member of the Committee with effect from 8 April 2016 and 12 July 2016 respectively)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius (*Chairman of the Committee*)

WANG Arthur Minshiang

WONG Chak Keung (appointed with effect from 5 May 2016)

Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS (ceased to act as member of the Committee with effect from 5 May 2016)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

WANG Arthur Minshiang (*Chairman of the Committee*)

TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius

ZHANG Qi

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

ZHOU Xijian (*Chairman of the Committee*)

WANG Arthur Minshiang

TSE Hau Yin, Aloysius

非執行董事

周希儉 (主席)

執行董事

張琦 (行政總裁)

黃慶年 (總裁兼財務總裁)

黃漢龍 (公司秘書、法律總監兼發展及投資主管)

張利 (聯席主席)

(於二零一六年四月八日獲委任，並於二零一六年七月十二日辭任)

獨立非執行董事

王敏祥

謝孝衍

黃澤強 (於二零一五年十一月一日獲委任)

Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS (於二零一六年五月五日不再擔任董事)

執行委員會

張琦 (委員會主席)

黃慶年

黃漢龍

張利 (分別於二零一六年四月八日獲委任及於二零一六年七月十二日不再擔任委員會成員)

審核委員會

謝孝衍 (委員會主席)

王敏祥

黃澤強 (於二零一六年五月五日獲委任)

Jakob Jacobus Koert TULLENERS (於二零一六年五月五日不再擔任委員會成員)

薪酬委員會

王敏祥 (委員會主席)

謝孝衍

張琦

提名委員會

周希儉 (委員會主席)

王敏祥

謝孝衍

COMPANY SECRETARY

HWANG Han-Lung, Basil (appointed with effect from 14 August 2015)
CHEUNG Hoi Yin, Brenda (resigned with effect from 14 August 2015)

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street,
Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

1123, Kowloonbay International Trade & Exhibition Centre,
1 Trademart Drive, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Codan Services Limited
Clarendon House, 2 Church Street,
Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Standard Limited
Level 22, Hopewell Centre,
183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young
22nd Floor, CITIC Tower, 1 Tim Mei Avenue,
Central, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
Level 10, HSBC Main Building,
1 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
13th Floor, Standard Chartered Bank Building,
4-4A Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong

Citibank, N.A.
48th Floor, Citibank Tower, Citibank Plaza,
3 Garden Road, Central, Hong Kong

公司秘書

黃漢龍(於二零一五年八月十四日獲委任)
張海燕(於二零一五年八月十四日辭任)

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street,
Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港九龍九龍灣展貿徑一號
九龍灣國際展貿中心1123室

股份過戶登記總處

Codan Services Limited
Clarendon House, 2 Church Street,
Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

股份過戶登記處香港分處

卓佳標準有限公司
香港皇后大道東183號
合和中心22樓

核數師

安永會計師事務所
香港中環
添美道1號中信大廈22樓

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司
香港皇后大道中1號
滙豐總行大廈10樓

渣打銀行(香港)有限公司
香港德輔道中4-4A號
渣打銀行大廈13樓

花旗銀行
香港中環花園道3號
花旗銀行廣場花旗銀行大廈48樓

Shareholder Information

股東資料

Listing : Listed on the Main Board of
The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
since 10 May 2002

Stock Code : 915

Board Lot : 10,000 (with effect from 23 June 2015)

Par Value : US\$0.004 (with effect from 23 June 2015)

Trading Currency : HK\$

上市 : 由二零零二年五月十日起
於香港聯合交易所有限公司
主板上市

股份代號 : 915

買賣單位 : 10,000股 (自二零一五年六月二十三日起生效)

面值 : 0.004美元 (自二零一五年六月二十三日起生效)

交易貨幣 : 港元

FINANCIAL CALENDAR 2016

Financial year ended 30 April 2016

Full year results announced 14 July 2016

Register of members closed
(for ascertaining shareholders' rights
to attend and vote at annual general meeting) 29–31 August 2016

Annual general meeting 31 August 2016

Interim results to be announced mid of December 2016*

* subject to change

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend in respect of the year ended 30 April 2016.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS FOR ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

For the purpose of ascertaining the shareholders' rights of attending and voting at the forthcoming annual general meeting, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 29 August 2016 to Wednesday, 31 August 2016, both days inclusive. In order to be entitled to attend the annual general meeting, all completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Hong Kong branch share registrar of the Company, Tricor Standard Limited, not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 26 August 2016.

SHAREHOLDER SERVICES

For enquiries about share transfer and registration, please contact the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar:

Tricor Standard Limited
Level 22, Hopewell Centre,
183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong
Telephone: (852) 2980 1768
Facsimile: (852) 2528 3158

Holders of the Company's shares should notify the Hong Kong branch share registrar promptly of any change of addresses.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

For enquiries relating to investor relations, please contact:

Daohe Global Group Limited
1123, Kowloonbay International Trade & Exhibition Centre,
1 Trademart Drive, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong
Telephone: (852) 2753 7373
Facsimile: (852) 2721 6554
Email: ir@daoheglobal.com.hk
Website: www.daoheglobal.com.hk

二零一六年財務行事曆

財政年度結算日 二零一六年四月三十日

全年業績公佈 二零一六年七月十四日

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續
(以釐定股東出席及於
股東週年大會上投票之權利) 二零一六年八月二十九日
至三十一日

股東週年大會 二零一六年八月三十一日

中期業績公佈 二零一六年十二月中旬*

* 可予更改

末期股息

董事會不建議就截至二零一六年四月三十日止年度派發末期股息。

就股東週年大會暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為釐定股東出席及於應屆股東週年大會上投票之權利，本公司將於二零一六年八月二十九日(星期一)至二零一六年八月三十一日(星期三)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。為符合資格出席應屆股東週年大會，所有填妥之股份過戶表格連同有關股票，須於二零一六年八月二十六日(星期五)下午四時三十分前交回本公司之股份過戶登記處香港分處卓佳標準有限公司。

股東服務

任何有關股份過戶及登記之查詢，請聯絡本公司之股份過戶登記處香港分處：

卓佳標準有限公司
香港皇后大道東183號
合和中心22樓
電話：(852) 2980 1768
傳真：(852) 2528 3158

持有本公司股票之人士，若更改地址，請盡快通知本公司之股份過戶登記處香港分處。

投資者關係

任何有關投資者關係之查詢，請聯絡：

Daohe Global Group Limited 道和環球集團有限公司
香港九龍九龍灣展貿徑一號
九龍灣國際展貿中心1123室
電話：(852) 2753 7373
傳真：(852) 2721 6554
電郵：ir@daoheglobal.com.hk
網站：www.daoheglobal.com.hk



Daohe Global Group Limited
道和環球集團有限公司

1123, Kowloonbay International Trade & Exhibition Centre
1 Trademart Drive, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong
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