

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (香港聯合交易所上市編號 | HK Stock code: 559)



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Corporate Information 公司資料

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors WONG Hin Shek *(Chairman)* CHI Chi Hung, Kenneth *(Chief Executive Officer)*

Non-executive Director CHUI Kwong Kau

Independent Non-executive Directors

CHIU Wai On MAN Kwok Leung WONG Yun Kuen

COMPANY SECRETARY

TSANG Kwai Ping

AUDIT COMMITTEE

CHIU Wai On *(Chairman)* MAN Kwok Leung WONG Yun Kuen

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

CHIU Wai On *(Chairman)* MAN Kwok Leung WONG Yun Kuen

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

CHIU Wai On *(Chairman)* MAN Kwok Leung WONG Yun Kuen

REGISTERED OFFICE

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HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

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STOCK CODE 559

WEBSITE www.detai-group.com

董事 執行董事

王顯碩(*主席)* 季志雄(行政總裁)

非執行董事 崔光球

獨立非執行董事 招偉安 萬國樑 黃潤權

公司秘書 曾桂萍

審核委員會

招偉安(*主席)* 萬國樑 黃潤權

薪酬委員會 招偉安(*主席)* 萬國樑 黃潤權

提名委員會

招偉安(*主席)* 萬國樑 黃潤權

註冊辦事處

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股份代號 559

網站 www.detai-group.com

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LEGAL ADVISER

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BERMUDA PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKS

Bank of Communications Co., Ltd. Hang Seng Bank Limited The Bank of East Asia, Limited

核數師

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香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

主要往來銀行

交通銀行股份有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 東亞銀行有限公司

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of DeTai New Energy Group Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present the annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 30 June 2016.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

Loss for the year ended 30 June 2016 attributable to shareholders of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$494.1 million as compared to the profit of approximately HK\$12.1 million for the same financial period of 2015. Basic loss per share was approximately HK11.02 cents as compared to basic earnings per share of HK0.33 cent in the previous year.

The loss was mainly due to (i) the impairment losses on intangible assets and goodwill of approximately HK\$454.4 million and (ii) loss on fair value change of listed equity investments of approximately HK\$75.0 million.

During the year under review, the Group's turnover of electric cycles business was approximately HK\$1.4 million (2015: Nil) and the segment loss was approximately HK\$393.1 million (2015: approximately HK\$2.6 million). The loss was mainly attributed to the impairment losses on goodwill and intangible assets which was resulted from the unsatisfactory performance of the electric cycles business for the year under review. The Group had strived to enhance the brand recognition and market penetration by conducting various marketing activities, including but not limited to participation in the local exhibitions, road shows sales and sponsor to the local carnivals. However, due to the slowdown of the Chinese economy and the tumbling of the Chinese stock market during the second half of 2015, the purchasing pattern of the general public became conservative that the intention for purchasing products with high quality and advanced technology was far below expectation and maintained at low level, the turnover of the Group's electric cycles was adversely affected. The Group has been aggressively restructuring its product mix with emphasis on fashionable design and advanced features on electric cycles and repositioning the products in the electric cycles market targeting to different types of customers so as to re-develop the brand recognition and image.

各位股東:

本人謹代表德泰新能源集團有限公司(「本公 司」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)欣然提呈本 公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二 零一六年六月三十日止年度之全年業績。

業務回顧及展望

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度,本公司 股東應佔虧損約為494,100,000港元,而二 零一五年相同財政期間則為溢利約 12,100,000港元。每股基本虧損約為11.02港 仙,而去年則為每股基本盈利0.33港仙。

有關虧損主要由於(i)無形資產及商譽減值虧 損約454,400,000港元;及(ii)上市股本投資 公平值變動虧損約75,000,000港元。

於回顧年度,本集團電動自行車業務之營業 額約為1,400,000港元(二零一五年:無), 而分類虧損約為393,100,000港元(二零一五 年:約2,600,000港元)。有關虧損主要由於 回顧年度內電動自行車業務表現未如理想導 致產生商譽及無形資產減值虧損。本集團透 過進行各類市場推廣活動,致力提升品牌知 名度及市場滲透率,包括但不限於參加本地 展覽、路展銷售及贊助本地嘉年華。然而, 由於中國經濟放緩及中國股票市場於二零 一五年下半年暴跌,普羅大眾之購買模式轉 趨保守,對高品質及高技術產品之購買意欲。
 遠低於預期並維持在低水平,故本集團電動 自行車之營業額受到不利影響。本集團一百 積極調整其產品組合,著眼於設計時尚及技 術先進之電動自行車,並將產品重新定位於 針對不同類型客戶之電動自行車市場,務求 重建品牌知名度及形象。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

The turnover of the liquor and wine business for the year ended 30 June 2016 dropped significantly to approximately HK\$1.7 million (2015: approximately HK\$33.5 million) and a segment loss of approximately HK\$61.5 million (2015: approximately HK\$32.7 million) was recorded. The performance of the liquor and wine business was affected by the slowdown of Chinese economy and the demand for highend liquor products remained at low level. The Group had adjusted its product structure from high-end liquor to wine and other alcoholic beverages during the year under review. However, the profit margin from wine and other alcoholic beverages was lower than those of high-end liquor. Also, the Group had adopted an aggressive pricing strategy in order to lower the high-end liquor inventory level. The Group will continuously explore different potential products from foreign wine manufacturers and importers and expand distribution channels from traditional channels to online sales to enhance the Group's revenue stream.

The performance of the money lending services business was relatively stable. During the year under review, the turnover was approximately HK\$13.2 million for the year ended 30 June 2016 (2015: approximately HK\$13.8 million) and a segment profit of approximately HK\$16.6 million (2015: approximately HK\$14.4 million) was recorded. All the borrowers have been carefully evaluated by the Group on their repayment capability and securities provided.

New energy business always be the Group's next development area. The electric cycles business of the Group has been the first step to step into new energy industry that it uses new, sustainable and non-conventional energy source to replace the use of conventional fuel in transportation. The entering into of the sale and purchase agreement dated 29 July 2016 in relation to the possible acquisition of Emission Particle Solution Sweden AB ("EPS") is another proof. EPS is currently engaged in the development, manufacturing and distribution of a fuel additive product namely EuroAd which can reduce fuel consumption and environmental impact. The Group believes that upon the completion of the acquisition of EPS, the Group will further expand its new energy business portfolio into other segment of new energy industry worldwide.

Looking forward, the Group will continue to proactively seize strategic investment opportunities with an aim to further strengthen the asset base and strive for the best return to the shareholders. 酒類產品業務於截至二零一六年六月三十日 止年度之營業額顯著下跌至約1,700,000港 元(二零一五年:約33,500,000港元),錄得 分類虧損約61,500,000港元(二零一五年:約32,700,000港元)。由於中國經濟放緩,加 上高檔酒類產品需求仍維持於低水平,酒類 產品業務深受影響。於回顧年度,本集團已 講節其產品內容,由高檔烈酒。此外,本集團已 其他酒精飲品。然而,葡萄酒及其他酒精飲品。然而,葡萄酒及其他酒精飲品。然而,葡萄酒及其他酒精飲品之毛利率低於高檔烈酒。此外,本集團已 採納進取定價策略,務求降低高檔烈酒存貨 水平。本集團將不斷向國外葡萄酒生產商及 進口商物色不同潛在產品,並將分銷渠道由 傳統渠道拓展至網上銷售,以提升本集團之 收入來源。

借貸服務業務表現相對穩定。於回顧年度, 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度之營業額 約為13,200,000港元(二零一五年:約 13,800,000港元),錄得分類溢利約 16,600,000港元(二零一五年:約14,400,000 港元)。本集團審慎評估所有借款人之還款 能力及所提供之抵押品。

新能源業務一直為本集團下個開發領域。本 集團之電動自行車業務為進軍新能源業之第 一步,該行業在交通方面以全新、可持續及 非傳統能源取代傳統能源。就可能收購 Emission Particle Solution Sweden AB (「EPS」)訂立日期為二零一六年七月二十九 日之買賣協議即為另一明證。EPS現時從事 一種名為EuroAd之燃料添加劑產品開發、 生產及分銷,可減低燃料消耗及對環境之影 響。本集團相信,收購EPS完成後,本集團 將進一步擴大其新能源業務組合至全世界新 能源產業之其他分類。

展望未來,本集團將繼續積極把握策略投資 機會,務求進一步鞏固資產基礎及為股東爭 取最大回報。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

APPRECIATION

Finally, on behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere appreciation to our staff for their dedication and commitment as well as to our valued shareholders, customers, suppliers and other business partners for their support and encouragement to the Group in the past year.

致意

最後,本人謹此代表董事會,向全體員工之 竭誠努力致以衷心謝意,並由衷感謝各尊貴 股東、客戶、供應商及其他業務夥伴過去一 年對本集團之支持及鼓勵。

Wong Hin Shek

Chairman

Hong Kong, 29 September 2016

王顯碩

主席

香港,二零一六年九月二十九日

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the year, the Group was engaged in four business segments, (i) manufacturing and trading of electric cycles; (ii) trading and distribution of liquor and wine; (iii) provision of money lending services; and (iv) investments in listed securities. For the year ended 30 June 2016, the Group recorded a turnover of approximately HK\$16.4 million (2015: approximately HK\$49.7 million). Loss for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company was approximately HK\$494.1 million (2015: profit of approximately HK\$12.1 million). The loss was mainly due to (i) the impairment losses on intangible assets and goodwill of approximately HK\$454.4 million and (ii) loss on fair value change of listed equity investments of approximately HK\$75.0 million. Basic loss per share was approximately HK11.02 cents (2015: basic earnings per share of approximately HK0.33 cent).

Electric Cycles Business

The turnover for the year ended 30 June 2016 of the electric cycles business was approximately HK\$1.4 million (2015: Nil) and the segment loss was approximately HK\$393.1 million (2015: approximately HK\$2.6 million). The loss was mainly attributed to the impairment losses on goodwill and intangible assets of approximately HK\$363.0 million and HK\$91.3 million respectively which was resulted from the unsatisfactory performance of the electric cycles business for the year.

業務回顧

於本年度,本集團從事四個業務分類:(i)製造及買賣電動自行車:(ii)買賣及分銷酒類產品;(iii)提供借貸服務;及(iv)上市證券投資。 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度,本集團錄得營業額約16,400,000港元(二零一五年:約49,700,000港元)。本公司股東應佔年內虧損約為494,100,000港元(二零一五年:溢利約12,100,000港元)。有關虧損主要由於(i)無形資產及商譽減值虧損約454,400,000港元;及(ii)上市股本投資公平值變動虧損約 75,000,000港元。每股基本虧損約為11.02港 仙(二零一五年:每股基本盈利約0.33港仙)。

電動自行車業務

電動自行車業務於截至二零一六年六月三十 日止年度之營業額約為1,400,000港元(二零 一五年:無),而分類虧損約為393,100,000 港元(二零一五年:約2,600,000港元)。有 關虧損主要由於本年度內電動自行車業務表 現未如理想導致產生商譽及無形資產減值虧 損約分別約363,000,000港元及91,300,000港 元。

The Group aimed to produce and distribute products with high quality standard, fashionable design and advanced technology, like the solar-powered electric cycles, by procuring materials from suppliers with stable supply and reliable quality but the procurement cost was comparatively higher. The selling price of the cycles produced was comparatively higher than those produced by other local manufacturers with less attractive appearance, low quality and without advanced technology. The solar-powered cycles were newly developed and new to the electric cycles market during the year. The Group had strived to enhance the brand recognition and market penetration by conducting various marketing activities, including but not limited to participation in the local exhibitions, road shows sales and sponsor to the local carnivals. However, due to the slowdown of the Chinese economy and the tumbling of the Chinese stock market during the second half of 2015, the purchasing pattern of the general public became conservative that the intention for purchasing products with high quality and advanced technology was far below expectation and maintained at low level, the turnover of the Group's electric cycles, especially for the solar-powered electric cycles, was adversely affected. The Group has been aggressively restructuring its product mix from solar-powered electric cycles to non-solar-powered electric cycles with emphasis on fashionable design and advanced features and re-positioning the products in the electric cycles market targeting to different types of customers so as to re-develop the brand recognition and image.

With reference to the operating results of the electric cycles business, goodwill arising from the acquisition of the electric cycles business which completed in May 2015 should be impaired. The impairment loss was recorded in which the carrying amount of the electric cycles business exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value, reflecting market conditions less costs of disposal, and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of time value of money and the risk specific to the electric cycles business. The fair value less cost of disposal, which is primarily determined by the analysis of recent sales of comparable assets of the electric cycles business. The methodology adopted in assessing the impairment of goodwill has been consistently applied for the year ended 30 June 2016 and 2015. For the year ended 30 June 2016, the recoverable amount of the electric cycles business was determined from fair value less cost of disposal.

本集團透過向供應穩定及品質可靠之供應商 採購原材料, 鋭意生產及分銷具優質標準、 時尚設計及先進技術之產品,例如太陽能電 動自行車,惟採購成本相對較高。所生產自 行車之售價較其他本地生產商所生產外觀遜 色、低品質及低技術之自行車之售價相對較 高。於本年度,太陽能自行車為新開發產 品,新打入電動自行車市場。本集團透過進 行各類市場推廣活動,致力提升品牌知名度 及市場滲透率,包括但不限於參加本地展 覽、路展銷售及贊助本地嘉年華。然而,由 於中國經濟放緩及中國股票市場於二零一五 年下半年暴跌,普羅大眾之購買模式轉趨保 守,對高品質及高技術產品之購買意欲遠低 於預期並維持在低水平,故本集團電動自行 車之營業額受到不利影響,尤以太陽能電動 自行車為甚。本集團一直積極調整其產品組 合,由太陽能電動自行車轉為著眼於設計時 尚及技術先進之非太陽能電動自行車,並將 產品重新定位於針對不同類型客戶之電動自 行車市場,務求重建品牌知名度及形象。

經參考電動自行車業務之經營業績,收購電 動自行車業務所產生之商譽減值應予減值, 收購電動自行車業務已於二零一五年五月完 成。由於電動自行車業務之賬面值超出其可 收回金額,故錄得減值虧損。可收回金額為 反映市況之公平值減出售成本與使用價值兩 者之較高者。評估使用價值時,估計未來現 金流量採用税前貼現率貼現至其現值,以反 映現時市場對金錢時間價值及電動自行車業 務特有風險之評估。公平值減出售成本主要 按電動自行車業務可資比較資產之近期銷售 分析釐定。截至二零一六年及二零一五年六 月三十日止年度,評估商譽減值所採納之方 法獲貫徹應用。截至二零一六年六月三十日 止年度,電動自行車業務之可收回金額乃按 公平值減出售成本釐定。

In preparing the cash flow projections for the electric cycles business, the management of the electric cycles business reviews the assumptions taking into account of (i) the general economic environment: (ii) industry dynamics: (iii) past performance; and (iv) on-going business development of the electric cycles business. The cash flow projections covered a period of 5 years and at a pre-tax discount rate of 24.47% (2015: 24.35%). The pre-tax discount rate for both cash flow projections for the years ended 30 June 2016 and 2015 were determined with reference to the market conditions, such as company specific risk premium, equity risk premium by CAPM, cost of equity and cost of debt of the electric cycles business. The cash flow projections beyond the 5 years periods are extrapolated using a growth rate of 3% (2015: 3%). which was determined based on the expected long term growth rate for the electric cycles related industry. As mentioned, the acceptance by the general public and demand for the solar-powered electric cycles was far below expectation which significantly affected the turnover and the overall results of the electric cycles business. The Group has been repositioning the product mix from solar-powered electric cycles to non-solar powered electric cycles with fashionable design and advanced features. The selling price and gross profit margin of non-solar powered electric cycles were comparatively lower than those solar-powered electric cycles.

Pursuant to the terms of the sale and purchase agreement dated 26 April 2015 entered into between the Company and the then vendor in relation to the acquisition of the electric cycles business, if the after-tax audited consolidated net profit (including the net profit attributable to non-controlling interests) of the electric cycles business for the year ended 30 June 2016 shall be less than HK\$100 million, the then vendor shall compensate the Company in cash for the shortfall. On 26 September 2016, a settlement deed was entered into between the Company and the then vendor that the then vendor shall compensate to the Company in an amount of HK\$100.85 million. The compensation amount shall be paid by the then vendor in 4 installments that (i) as of HK\$20.0 million shall be paid to the Company on or before 30 September 2016; (ii) as of HK\$20.4 million shall be paid to the Company on or before 31 March 2017; (iii) as of HK\$30.3 million shall be paid to the Company on or before 30 September 2017; and (iv) as of HK\$30.15 million shall be paid to the Company on or before 31 March 2018. The first installment of HK\$20.0 million has been received by the Company on 27 September 2016.

編製電動自行車業務之現金流量預測時,電 動自行車業務之管理層考慮到(i)整體經濟環 境;(ii)行業動態;(iii)過往表現;及(iv)電動 自行車業務之持續業務發展以審閱假設。現 金流量預測涵蓋五年期間,並按税前貼現率 24.47% (二零一五年:24.35%) 貼現。截至二 零一六年及二零一五年六月三十日止年度之 現金流量預測之税前貼現率乃參考電動自行 **車業務之市況釐定,如公司特定風險溢價、** 根據資本資產訂價模式釐定之權益風險溢 價、權益成本及債務成本。五年期間後之現 金流量預測乃採用增長率3%推算(二零一五 年:3%),乃按電動自行車相關行業之預期 長期增長率釐定。據悉,普羅大眾對太陽能 電動自行車之接受程度及需求遠低於預期, 因而嚴重影響電動自行車業務之營業額及整 體業績。本集團將產品組合重新定位,由太 陽能電動自行車轉為設計時尚及技術先進之 非太陽能電動自行車。非太陽能電動自行車 之售價及毛利率較太陽能電動自行車相對為 低。

根據本公司與當時之賣方就收購電動自行車 業務所訂立日期為二零一五年四月二十六日 之買賣協議條款,倘電動自行車業務於截至 二零一六年六月三十日止年度之除税後經審 核綜合純利(包括非控股權益應佔純利)少於 100,000,000港元·則當時之賣方須以現金向 本公司補償缺額。於二零一六年九月二十六 日,本公司與當時之賣方訂立償付契約,據 此,當時之賣方須向本公司補償100.850.000 港元。補償金額將由當時之賣方分四期向本 公司支付,即(i)於二零一六年九月三十日或 之前支付20,000,000港元;(ii)於二零一七年 三月三十一日或之前支付20.400.000港元; (iii)於二零一七年九月三十日或之前支付 30,300,000港元;及(iv)於二零一八年三月 三十一日或之前支付30,150,000港元。本公 司已於二零一六年九月二十七日收訖首期款 項20.000.000港元。

Liquor and Wine Business

The turnover for the year ended 30 June 2016 of the liquor and wine business dropped significantly to approximately HK\$1.7 million (2015: approximately HK\$33.5 million) and a segment loss of approximately HK\$61.5 million (2015: approximately HK\$32.7 million) was recorded. The performance of the liquor and wine business was affected by the slowdown of the Chinese economy and the demand for high-end liquor products remained at low level. The Group had adjusted its product structure from high-end liquor to wine and other alcoholic beverages during the year under review. However, the profit margin from wine and other alcoholic beverages was lower than those of high-end liquor. Also, the Group had adopted an aggressive pricing strategy in order to lower the high-end liquor inventory level. The Group will continuously explore different potential products from foreign wine manufacturers and importers and expand distribution channels from traditional channels to online sales to enhance the Group's revenue stream. During the year under review, due to the decline of the repayment capability of certain customers and sluggish market situation, the Group had further provided impairment loss of approximately HK\$43.0 million (2015: approximately HK\$19.1 million) on long overdue trade receivables.

Money Lending Services

As at 30 June 2016, the Group had loans receivable with principal amount of approximately HK\$65.8 million (2015: approximately HK\$206.9 million). The Group recorded interest income from loans receivable of approximately HK\$13.2 million for the year ended 30 June 2016 (2015: approximately HK\$13.8 million).

Listed Securities Investments

As at 30 June 2016, the Group managed a portfolio of listed equity investments with fair value of approximately HK\$104.5 million (2015: approximately HK\$215.5 million). During the year, the Group recorded a loss on fair value change of listed equity investments of approximately HK\$75.0 million (2015: gain of approximately HK\$67.4 million) due to the realised loss on disposal of listed equity investments.

酒類產品業務

酒類產品業務於截至二零一六年六月三十日 止年度之營業額顯著下跌至約1,700,000港 元(二零一五年:約33,500,000港元),錄得 分類虧損約61.500.000港元(二零一五年: 約32,700,000港元)。由於中國經濟放緩,加 上高檔酒類產品需求仍維持於低水平,酒類 產品業務仍深受影響。於回顧年度,本集團 已調節其產品內容,由高檔烈酒轉為葡萄酒 及其他酒精飲品。然而,葡萄酒及其他酒精 飲品之毛利率低於高檔烈酒。此外,本集團 已採納進取定價策略,務求降低高檔烈酒存 貨水平。本集團將不斷向國外葡萄酒生產商 及進口商物色不同潛在產品,並將分銷渠道 由傳統渠道拓展至網上銷售,以提升本集團 之收入來源。於回顧年度,由於若干客戶還 款能力下跌加上市況呆滯,本集團就逾期已 久之貿易應收賬項作出額外減值虧損撥備約 43,000,000港元(二零一五年:約19,100,000 港元)。

借貸服務

於二零一六年六月三十日,本集團有本金金額約65,800,000港元(二零一五年:約206,900,000港元)之應收貸款。截至二零 一六年六月三十日止年度,本集團錄得應收 貸款利息收入約13,200,000港元(二零一五 年:約13,800,000港元)。

上市證券投資

於二零一六年六月三十日,本集團管理之上 市股本投資組合公平值約達104,500,000港 元(二零一五年:約215,500,000港元)。於 本年度,由於出售上市股本投資產生已變現 虧損,故本集團錄得上市股本投資公平值變 動虧損約75,000,000港元(二零一五年:收 益約67,400,000港元)。

PROSPECTS

Exploring different potential products from foreign and local wine manufacturers and expanding distribution channels are the coming goals to overcome the challenges from the highend liquor market. The Group will continuously collaborate with famous liquor manufacturers in the Mainland China and overseas wine exporters to increase the Group's publicity in the liquor and wine business.

The Group will continuously research and develop the electric cycles with fashionable appearance and advanced features to enhance the market penetration and brand recognition. Also, sourcing other suppliers to provide materials with stable quality and with lower cost are other goals in the short run. The Group strives to improve the performance of the electric cycles business.

New energy business always be the Group's next development area. The electric cycles business of the Group has been the first step to step into new energy industry that it uses new, sustainable and non-conventional energy source to replace the use of conventional fuel in transportation. The entering into of the sale and purchase agreement dated 29 July 2016 in relation to the possible acquisition of EPS is another proof. EPS is currently engaged in the development, manufacturing and distribution of a fuel additive product namely EuroAd which can reduce fuel consumption and environmental impact. EuroAd is a vegetable additive that can separate the molecular chains exist in both fossil and bio fuels and facilitate the oxidation of the fuels during the combustion process. It also serves as a detergent which cleans the combustion chambers, intakes channels, spreaders and injectors from soot, bacteria and algae. The competitive advantages of EuroAd are reduction of particle emission such as those nitric oxide (NO) and nitrogen dioxide (NO₂) and carbon monoxide (CO), improvement to fuel consumption and maintenance of engines. As particle emission from combustion process is one of the contributory factors to global warming, EuroAd has the effect of reducing global warming by reducing the emission of particle into the atmosphere. Upon the completion of the acquisition of EPS. the Group will further expand its new energy business portfolio into other segment of new energy industry worldwide.

Looking ahead, the Group will continue to be cautious in its investment approach on listed securities investments, closely monitor the electric cycles, liquor and wine business and money lending services and seize other growth opportunities to enhance competitiveness to strive for the best return to the shareholders.

前景

未來目標為向國外及本地葡萄酒生產商物色 不同潛在產品並將分銷渠道拓展至網上銷 售,以克服高檔烈酒市場所帶來之挑戰。本 集團將與中國內地知名烈酒生產商及海外葡 萄酒出口商保持合作,以增加本集團於酒類 產品業務之知名度。

本集團將繼續開發外觀時尚及功能先進之電 動自行車,務求提升市場滲透率及品牌知名 度。此外,其他短期目標包括向其他以較低 成本供應穩定品質原材料之供應商進行採 購。本集團致力改善電動自行車業務之表現。

新能源業務一直為本集團下個開發領域。本 集團之電動自行車業務為進軍新能源業之第 一步,該行業在交通方面以全新,可持續及 非傳統能源取代傳統能源。就可能收購EPS 訂立日期為二零一六年七月二十九日之買賣 協議即為另一明證。EPS現時從事一種名為 EuroAd之燃料添加劑產品開發、生產及分 銷,可減低燃料消耗及對環境之影響。 EuroAd 為植物添加劑,可分開化石及生物燃 料內之分子鏈,促進燃燒過程中燃料氧化。 其亦作為洗滌劑,用於清潔燃燒室、入氣管 道、吊具及噴油嘴之煙塵、細菌和藻類。 EuroAd之競爭優勢為減少一氧化氮(NO)、二 氧化氮(NO.)及一氧化碳(CO)等粒子排放, 改善燃料消耗及保養引擎。由於燃燒過程中 之粒子排放為促成全球暖化之其中一項主要 因素,故EuroAd透過減少向大氣層排放粒 子有助减輕全球暖化之影響。收購EPS完成 後,本集團將進一步擴大其新能源業務組合 至全世界新能源產業之其他分類。

展望將來,本集團將繼續就上市證券投資奉 行審慎投資策略、密切注視電動自行車、酒 類產品業務及借貸服務之發展,並把握其他 增長機會以提升競爭力,為股東爭取最佳回 報。

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board resolved not to recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 30 June 2016 (2015: Nil).

FINANCIAL RESOURCES, LIQUIDITY AND GEARING

As at 30 June 2016, the Group had cash and bank balances amounting to approximately HK\$63.8 million (2015: approximately HK\$179.6 million) and net current assets value was approximately HK\$409.2 million (2015: approximately HK\$960.8 million).

The Group's gearing ratio as at 30 June 2016 was 0.23 (2015: 0.14), being a ratio of total debts, including borrowing and corporate bonds of approximately HK\$184.4 million (2015: approximately HK\$179.7 million) to the total equity of approximately HK\$802.6 million (2015: approximately HK\$1,299.7 million).

As at 30 June 2016, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary had issued 3-year 8% and 10% coupon unlisted straight guaranteed bonds with principal amount of HK\$102.0 million and HK\$84.5 million respectively (2015: HK\$102.0 million and HK\$84.5 million respectively). The bonds are guaranteed by the Company.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 30 June 2016, the margin loan payable was secured by the Group's listed equity investments with the carrying amount of HK\$98.9 million (2015: Nil).

CHANGE OF COMPANY NAME

As announced by the Company on 18 December 2015, the English and Chinese names of the Company have been changed to "DeTai New Energy Group Limited" and "德泰新 能源集團有限公司" respectively.

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR

Mr. Chui Kwong Kau has been appointed as a non-executive Director with effect from 1 December 2015 (the "Appointment of Director"). Details of the Appointment of Director are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 1 December 2015.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

On 13 October 2015, the Board granted 448,210,000 share options to certain Directors and certain eligible participants as defined in the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 13 December 2013 at the exercise price of HK\$0.32 per share.

末期股息

董事會議決不建議就截至二零一六年六月 三十日止年度派付任何股息(二零一五年: 無)。

財務資源、流動資金及負債資產比 率

於二零一六年六月三十日,本集團之現金及 銀行結餘約為63,800,000港元(二零一五年: 約179,600,000港元),而流動資產淨值約為 409,200,000港元(二零一五年:約 960,800,000港元)。

於二零一六年六月三十日,本集團之負債資 產比率為0.23(二零一五年:0.14),即債務 總額(包括借貸及公司債券)約184,400,000 港元(二零一五年:約179,700,000港元)相 對總權益約802,600,000港元(二零一五年: 約1,299,700,000港元)之比率。

於二零一六年六月三十日,一家直接全資附 屬公司分別發行本金金額102,000,000港元 及84,500,000港元(二零一五年:分別為 102,000,000港元及84,500,000港元)之三年 期8厘及10厘票息之非上市直接擔保債券。 該等債券由本公司擔保。

資產抵押

於二零一六年六月三十日,應付保證金貸款 由本集團賬面值為98,900,000港元之上市股 本投資作抵押(二零一五年:無)。

更改公司名稱

誠如本公司於二零一五年十二月十八日所公佈,本公司之中英文名稱已分別改為「DeTai New Energy Group Limited」及「德泰新能源 集團有限公司」。

委任董事

崔光球先生已獲委任為非執行董事,自二零 一五年十二月一日起生效(「委任董事」)。有 關委任董事之詳情載於本公司日期為二零 一五年十二月一日之公佈。

資本結構

於二零一五年十月十三日,董事會按行使價 每股0.32港元向若干董事及本公司於二零 一三年十二月十三日所採納購股權計劃界定 之若干合資格參與者授出448,210,000份購 股權。

During the year ended 30 June 2016, 6,000,000 share options were exercised and 289,050,000 share options were lapsed/ cancelled.

Save as disclosed above, the Company had no other changes in capital structure during the year ended 30 June 2016.

INVESTMENT POSITION AND PLANNING

Subscription of Convertible Bonds

On 4 September 2015, Noble Advantage Limited ("Noble Advantage") entered into a subscription agreement (the "Subscription Agreement") with Integrated Capital Investments Limited ("Integrated Capital"). Pursuant to the terms of the Subscription Agreement, Noble Advantage has agreed to subscribe for and Integrated Capital has agreed to issue, the 3-year 3.65% coupon convertible bonds at the principal amount of HK\$388 million. All conditions precedent under the Subscription Agreement have been fulfilled and the completion of the subscription took place on 24 December 2015 in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Subscription Agreement. The convertible bonds have been issued to Noble Advantage by Integrated Capital.

Lapse of Sale and Purchase Agreement with Green Flourish

On 4 February 2015, the Company as purchaser entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "Green Flourish SPA") with Mr. Yam Tak Cheung ("Mr. Yam") as vendor and Mr. He Yumin ("Mr. He") as executive. Both Mr. Yam and Mr. He are independent third parties of the Group. Pursuant to the terms of the Green Flourish SPA, (i) the Company has conditionally agreed to acquire and Mr. Yam has conditionally agreed to sell the entire issued share capital of Green Flourish Enterprises Limited ("Green Flourish") and all the liabilities, loans and obligations owing by Green Flourish and its subsidiaries at completion in an aggregate consideration of HK\$193,777,200, which shall be satisfied to Mr. Yam by allotment and issue of 538,270,000 shares at an issue price of HK\$0.36 per share at completion; and (ii) Mr. He has agreed to enter into a services agreement with a company to be established as a wholly foreign-owned enterprise in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Green Flourish SPA at completion. Green Flourish and its subsidiaries intend to be principally engaged in new energy business including but not limited to electric vehicle business. Details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcements dated 4 February 2015 and 4 August 2015.

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度, 6,000,000份購股權獲行使,而289,050,000 份購股權已失效/註銷。

除上文所披露者外,截至二零一六年六月 三十日止年度,本公司之資本結構並無其他 變動。

投資狀況及計劃

認購可換股債券

於二零一五年九月四日,Noble Advantage Limited(「Noble Advantage」)與Integrated Capital Investments Limited(「Integrated Capital」) 訂立認購協議(「認購協議」)。根據認購協議 之條款,Noble Advantage同意認購而 Integrated Capital同意發行本金金額為 388,000,000港元之三年期3.65厘票息可換 股債券。認購協議項下所有先決條件已獲達 成,故認購事項已根據認購協議之條款及條 件於二零一五年十二月二十四日完成。可換 股債券已由Integrated Capital發行予Noble Advantage。

與翠興之買賣協議失效

於二零一五年二月四日,本公司(作為買方) 與任德章先生(「任先生」,作為賣方)及賀玉 民先生(「賀先生」,作為行政人員)訂立買賣 協議(「翠興買賣協議」)。任先生及賀先生均 為本集團之獨立第三方。根據翠興買賣協議 之條款,(i)本公司有條件同意收購而任先生 有條件同意出售翠興企業有限公司(「翠興」) 全部已發行股本以及翠興及其附屬公司於完 成時所結欠之全部負債、貸款及債務,總代 價為193,777,200港元,將於完成時透過按 發行價每股0.36港元配發及發行538,270,000 股股份之方式支付予任先生;及(ii) 賀先生同 意根據翠興買賣協議之條款及條件於完成時 與一家將於中華人民共和國(「中國」)成立之 外商獨資企業訂立服務合約。翠興及其附屬 公司計劃主要從事新能源業務,包括但不限 於電動汽車業務。有關交易詳情載於本公司 日期為二零一五年二月四日及二零一五年八 月四日之公佈。

Pursuant to the Green Flourish SPA and the extension letter dated 4 August 2015 and entered into by the parties to the Green Flourish SPA, completion is subject to the fulfilment or waiver (as the case may be) of the conditions precedent to the Green Flourish SPA by 4 November 2015 (the "Green Flourish Long Stop Date"). As certain conditions have not been fulfilled and/or waived (as the case may be) on or before the Green Flourish Long Stop Date and the parties to the Green Flourish SPA have not agreed on any further extension of the Green Flourish Long Stop Date, the Green Flourish SPA has lapsed and ceased to have any effect.

Lapse of framework agreement with Shenzhen Xingmei

On 30 March 2015, Tech Bloom Limited, an indirect whollyowned subsidiary of the Company, as the purchaser entered into a framework agreement (the "Shenzhen Xingmei Framework Agreement") with Mr. He and Ms. Zhao Yanjun as vendors and 深圳市星美新能源汽車有限公司 (in English, for identification purpose only, Shenzhen Xingmei New Energy Automobile Limited) ("Shenzhen Xingmei") as the target company. The vendors and Shenzhen Xingmei are independent third parties of the Group.

Pursuant to the terms of the Shenzhen Xingmei Framework Agreement, the purchaser agreed to acquire and the vendors agreed to sell the entire equity interest of Shenzhen Xingmei in cash consideration of RMB200 million. The business scope of Shenzhen Xingmei includes the development and sales of new energy automobiles, batteries and battery charging equipment; corporate management and advisory; and permitted operations of manufacture of new energy automobiles and batteries. Details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 31 March 2015.

As certain conditions have not been fulfilled and/or waived (as the case may be) on or before 30 September 2015 (the "Shenzhen Xingmei Long Stop Date") and the parties to the Shenzhen Xingmei Framework Agreement have not agreed on any further extension of the Shenzhen Xingmei Long Stop Date, on 1 October 2015, the purchaser delivered a unilateral termination notice to the vendors and Shenzhen Xingmei to terminate the Shenzhen Xingmei Framework Agreement with immediate effect. 根據翠興買賣協議及翠興買賣協議訂約方所 訂立日期為二零一五年八月四日之延後函 件,完成須待翠興買賣協議之先決條件於二 零一五年十一月四日(「翠興最後截止日期」) 前達成或獲豁免(視情況而定)後方可作實。 由於截至翠興最後截止日期或之前,若干條 件尚未達成及/或獲豁免(視情況而定),且 翠興買賣協議訂約各方並未協定進一步順延 翠興最後截止日期,故翠興買賣協議已失效 及不再具有任何效力。

與深圳星美之框架協議失效

於二零一五年三月三十日,本公司之間接全 資附屬公司德世有限公司(作為買方)與賀先 生及趙燕君女士(作為賣方)及深圳市星美新 能源汽車有限公司(「深圳星美」,作為目標 公司)訂立框架協議(「深圳星美框架協議」)。 賣方及深圳星美均為本集團之獨立第三方。

根據深圳星美框架協議之條款,買方同意收 購而賣方同意出售深圳星美之全部股權,現 金代價為人民幣200,000,000元。深圳星美 之業務範圍包括開發及銷售新能源汽車、電 池及充電設備;企業管理及諮詢;及許可經 營製造新能源汽車及電池。有關交易詳情載 於本公司日期為二零一五年三月三十一日之 公佈。

由於在二零一五年九月三十日(「深圳星美最 後截止日期」)或之前,若干條件尚未達成 及/或獲豁免(視情況而定),且深圳星美框 架協議訂約各方並未協定進一步順延深圳星 美最後截止日期,故於二零一五年十月一 日,買方單方面向賣方及深圳星美發出終止 通知以終止深圳星美框架協議,即時生效。

Lapse of Memorandum in relation to the Possible LNG Acquisition

On 28 July 2015, the Company entered into a non-legally binding memorandum of understanding (the "Memorandum") with Mr. Chan Hon Kiu as vendor, who is an independent third party of the Group, in relation to the possible acquisition (the "Possible LNG Acquisition") of a company (the "Target Company"), which is principally engaged in the business of investment, construction and operation of liquefied natural gas stations.

Pursuant to the Memorandum, the vendor and the Company shall negotiate in good faith towards one another in ensuring that the formal sale and purchase agreement (the "Formal Sale and Purchase Agreement") be entered into on or before 31 October 2015. Should the Formal Sale and Purchase Agreement be materialised and completed, the vendor shall as beneficial owner sell and the Company shall purchase the entire issued share capital of the Target Company and the consideration shall be satisfied by the Company by allotment and issue of consideration shares and warrants. Details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 28 July 2015.

After several rounds of negotiations and discussions, the vendor and the Company had not reached consensus on the terms of the Formal Sale and Purchase Agreement by 31 October 2015. Since the vendor and the Company had not reached any agreement to extend the said time limit, the Possible LNG Acquisition had been terminated and the Possible LNG Acquisition contemplated under the Memorandum will not proceed.

有關可能收購LNG之備忘錄失效

於二零一五年七月二十八日,本公司與陳漢 僑先生(作為賣方,彼為本集團之獨立第三 方)就可能收購一家公司(「目標公司」)(「可 能收購LNG」)訂立無法律約束力之諒解備忘 錄(「備忘錄」),該目標公司主要從事投資、 建設及營運液化天然氣加氣站。

根據備忘錄,賣方與本公司將展開真誠磋 商,確保於二零一五年十月三十一日或之前 訂立正式買賣協議(「正式買賣協議」)。正式 買賣協議一經落實及完成,賣方將以實益擁 有人身分出售而本公司將收購目標公司之全 部已發行股本,代價將由本公司以配發及發 行代價股份及認股權證之方式償付。有關交 易詳情載於本公司日期為二零一五年七月 二十八日之公佈。

經過數輪磋商及討論後,賣方與本公司仍無 法於二零一五年十月三十一日前就正式買賣 協議之條款達成共識。由於賣方與本公司並 無達成任何協議以延長上述時限,可能收購 LNG已終止,備忘錄項下擬進行之可能收購 LNG亦不會進行。

Lapse of Investment Agreement with Hubei Qinlong

On 1 March 2016, Able Zone International Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as the purchaser entered into an investment agreement (the "Investment Agreement") with 湖北秦龍投資集團有限公司 (in English, for identification purpose only, Hubei Qinlong Investment Group Co., Limited) ("Hubei Qinlong") as vendor. The vendor is an independent third party of the Group. Pursuant to the terms of the Investment Agreement, the purchaser has conditionally agreed to purchase and the vendor has conditionally agreed to sell 60% equity interest in 孝感中石油昆侖燃氣有限公司 (in English, for identification only, Xiaogan Petrochina Kunlun Gas Co., Limited) ("Xiaogan Petrochina Kunlun"). Xiaogan Petrochina Kunlun operates 2 compressed natural gas stations in Xiaogan City, Hubei Province, the PRC.

Pursuant to the Investment Agreement, completion is subject to the fulfilment or waiver (as the case may be) of the conditions precedent to the Investment Agreement by 31 August 2016. Due to the change of the capital restructuring of Xiaogan Petrochina Kunlun which is contrary to the purchaser's initial intention of the acquisition and the fact that certain conditions have not been fulfilled and/or waived in accordance with the Investment Agreement on or before 31 August 2016, the purchaser decided not to proceed with the acquisition. On 31 August 2016, the purchaser issued a written notice to the vendor for the termination of the acquisition and demanded the vendor to refund the earnest money of RMB4,387,300 to the purchaser without interest in accordance with the terms of the Investment Agreement. The earnest money has yet to be received by the Group and the Group is negotiating with the vendor for the refund.

Save as disclosed above, the Group did not have any other significant investment and there were no other material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and associated company for the year ended 30 June 2016.

與湖北秦龍之投資協議失效

於二零一六年三月一日,本公司之間接全資 附屬公司興域國際有限公司(作為買方)與湖 北秦龍投資集團有限公司(「湖北秦龍」,作 為賣方)訂立投資協議(「投資協議」)。賣方 為本集團之獨立第三方。根據投資協議之條 款,買方有條件同意購買而賣方有條件同意 出售孝感中石油昆侖燃氣有限公司(「孝感中 石油昆侖」)之60%股權。孝感中石油昆侖在 中國湖北省孝感市營運2個壓縮天然氣加氣 站。

根據投資協議,完成須待投資協議之先決條件於二零一六年八月三十一日前達成或獲豁 免(視情況而定)後,方可作實。由於孝感中 石油昆侖之股本重組出現變動,有違買方進 行收購事項之原意,加上若干條件於二零 一六年八月三十一日或之前尚未根據投資協 議達成及/或獲豁免,故買方決定不再進行 收購事項。於二零一六年八月三十一日,買 方向賣方發出書面通知,終止收購事項及要 求賣方根據投資協議之條款向買方不計利息 退還誠意金人民幣4,387,300元。本集團尚 未收取誠意金,而本集團現正與賣方商討還 款事宜。

除上文所披露者外,截至二零一六年六月 三十日止年度,本集團並無任何其他重大投 資,亦無其他附屬公司及聯營公司之重大收 購或出售。

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 30 June 2016, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities (2015: Nil).

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 30 June 2016, the Group had no capital commitments, which are contracted but not provided for, in respect of purchase of plant and machinery and motor vehicles (2015: approximately HK\$1.5 million).

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

Most of the Group's assets and liabilities are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi, which are the functional currencies of respective group companies. The Group has not entered into any instruments on the foreign exchange exposure. The Group will closely monitor exchange rate movement and will take appropriate activities to reduce the exchange risk.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 30 June 2016, the Group had approximately 46 (2015: 80) employees in Hong Kong and the PRC. The Group's remuneration policy is reviewed periodically and determined by reference to market terms, company performance, and individual qualifications and performance. Other staff benefits include bonuses awarded on a discretionary basis, medical schemes, mandatory provident fund scheme for Hong Kong employees, state-sponsored retirement plans for the PRC employees and share option scheme.

或然負債

於二零一六年六月三十日,本集團並無任何 重大或然負債(二零一五年:無)。

資本承擔

於二零一六年六月三十日,本集團並無有關 購入廠房及機器以及汽車之已訂約但未撥備 資本承擔(二零一五年:約1,500,000港元)。

外幣風險

本集團大部分資產及負債以集團公司各自之 功能貨幣港元及人民幣列值。本集團並無就 外匯風險訂立任何工具。本集團將密切監控 匯率變動,並採取適當行動以減低外匯風險。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零一六年六月三十日,本集團在香港及 中國共聘有約46名(二零一五年:80名)僱 員。本集團之薪酬政策乃定期檢討及參考市 場薪酬水平、公司業績及個別員工之資歷和 表現釐定。其他員工福利包括酌情獎勵之花 紅、醫療計劃、香港僱員適用之強制性公積 金計劃、國內僱員適用之國家資助退休計劃 及購股權計劃。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wong Hin Shek ("Mr. Wong"), aged 46, has been appointed as the chairman and executive director of the Company since July 2009. Besides having over 22 years of experience in the investment banking industry, Mr. Wong has been involved in the management, business development and strategic investment of listed companies in Hong Kong, having operations in hotel, manufacturing and environmental protection industries. Mr. Wong holds a Master of Science (Financial Management) degree from University of London in United Kingdom and a Bachelor of Commerce degree from University of Toronto in Canada. Mr. Wong is also a responsible officer of Veda Capital Limited, a licensed corporation which carries out Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activity under the Securities and Futures Ordinance. Mr. Wong is currently an executive director of each of Excel Development (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 1372) and Sino Golf Holdings Limited (stock code: 361). Mr. Wong was an executive director of KuangChi Science Limited (stock code: 439) from June 2007 to August 2014.

Mr. Chi Chi Hung, Kenneth ("Mr. Chi"), aged 47, has been appointed as the chief executive officer and executive director of the Company since January 2010. Mr. Chi has over 20 years of experience in accounting and financial control area. He holds a Bachelor of Accountancy Degree from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University and is a fellow member of Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in the United Kingdom, an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and an associate member of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators in the United Kingdom. Mr. Chi is currently an executive director of Ceneric (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 542). He is also an independent non-executive director of each of Perfect Shape Beauty Technology Limited (stock code: 1830), Noble Century Investment Holdings Limited (stock code: 2322) and L'sea Resources International Holdings Limited (stock code: 195). Mr. Chi was an executive director of each of e-Kong Group Limited (stock code: 524) from September 2014 to July 2015 and GET Holdings Limited (formerly known as "M Dream Inworld Limited") (stock code: 8100) from July 2010 to June 2014. Mr. Chi was an executive director and a non-executive director of China Sandi Holdings Limited (stock code: 910) from May 2010 to January 2015 and from January 2015 to August 2015 respectively. Mr. Chi was also an independent non-executive director of each of Hong Kong Life Sciences and Technologies Group Limited (stock code: 8085) from January 2010 to August 2015, Aurum Pacific (China) Group Limited (stock code: 8148) from March 2010 to October 2015 and Silk Road Energy Services Group Limited (stock code: 8250) from December 2011 to November 2015.

執行董事

王顯碩先生(「王先生」),四十六歲,自二零 零九年七月起獲委任為本公司主席兼執行董 事。除具備超過二十二年投資銀行經驗外, 王先生參與香港上市公司之管理、業務發展 及策略投資工作,該等公司於酒店、製造及 環保產業經營業務。王先生持有英國倫敦大 學頒授之財務管理理學碩十學位及加拿大多 倫多大學頒授之商業學士學位。王先生亦為 智略資本有限公司之負責人員,該公司為根 據證券及期貨條例可從事第6類(就機構融 資提供意見)受規管活動之持牌法團。干先 生現為怡益控股有限公司(股份代號:1372) 及順龍控股有限公司(股份代號:361)各自 之執行董事。王先生曾於二零零七年六月至 二零一四年八月出任光啟科學有限公司(股 份代號:439)之執行董事。

季志雄先生(「季先生」),四十七歲,自二零 -零年一月起獲委任為本公司行政總裁兼執 行董事。季先生於會計及財務管理方面具備 超過二十年經驗。彼持有香港理工大學之會 計學學士學位,並為英國特許公認會計師公 會資深會員、香港會計師公會會員、香港特 許秘書公會會員及英國特許秘書及行政人員 公會會員。季先生現為新嶺域(集團)有限公 司(股份代號:542)之執行董事。彼亦為必 瘦站美容科技有限公司(股份代號:1830)、 仁瑞投資控股有限公司(股份代號:2322)及 利海資源國際控股有限公司(股份代號: 195)各自之獨立非執行董事。季先生曾於二 零一四年九月至二零一五年七月出任e-Kong Group Limited (股份代號: 524) 及於二零-零年七月至二零一四年六月出任智易控股有 限公司(前稱「聯夢活力世界有限公司」,股 份代號:8100)各自之執行董事。季先生曾 分別於二零一零年五月至二零一五年一月和 二零一五年一月至二零一五年八月先後出任 中國三迪控股有限公司(股份代號:910)之 執行董事和非執行董事。季先生亦曾於二零 一零年一月至二零一五年八月出任香港生命 科學技術集團有限公司(股份代號:8085)及 於二零一零年三月至二零一五年十月出任奥 栢中國集團有限公司(股份代號:8148)以及 於二零一一年十二月至二零一五年十一月出 任絲路能源服務集團有限公司(股份代號: 8250)各自之獨立非執行董事。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Chui Kwong Kau ("Mr. Chui"), aged 49, has been appointed as a non-executive director of the Company since December 2015. He is a non-executive director of each of Hsin Chong Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 404) and Ngai Shun Holdings Limited (stock code: 1246). He is also an executive director of Hong Kong Life Sciences and Technologies Group Limited (stock code: 8085). Mr. Chui was an executive director of China Energy Development Holdings Limited (stock code: 228) from October 2005 to June 2016 and an independent non-executive director of Aurum Pacific (China) Group Limited (stock code: 8148) from March 2010 to March 2016. He has over 15 years' experiences in accounting and auditing fields.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chiu Wai On ("Mr. Chiu"), aged 46, joined the Company since June 2009. Mr. Chiu is also the chairman of each of the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Chiu possesses over 10 years of professional experience in accounting and auditing services. Mr. Chiu is also an independent non-executive director of New Times Energy Corporation Limited (stock code: 166).

Mr. Man Kwok Leung ("Mr. Man"), aged 69, joined the Company since May 2009. Mr. Man is also the member of each of the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company. He is a solicitor of the High Court of Hong Kong and a civil celebrant of marriages. Mr. Man has extensive experience in the legal practice. He had been appointed by Xinhua News Agency as a district advisor from 1995 to 1997. He is currently appointed as a director of Apleichau Kai Fong Primary School, the deputy chairman of Apleichau Kai Fong Welfare Association, the secretary of Apleichau Promotion of Tourism Association and the honorary legal advisor of Junior Police Officers' Association. Mr. Man is currently an independent nonexecutive director of Noble Century Investment Holdings Limited (stock code: 2322). He was an independent nonexecutive director of each of KuangChi Science Limited (formerly known as "Climax International Company Limited") (stock code: 439) from May 2008 to August 2014 and Kong Sun Holdings Limited (stock code: 295) from June 2009 to September 2014.

非執行董事

崔光球先生(「崔先生」),四十九歲,自二零 一五年十二月起獲委任為本公司非執行董 事。彼於新昌集團控股有限公司(股份代號: 404)及毅信控股有限公司(股份代號:1246) 各自出任非執行董事。彼亦於香港生命科學 技術集團有限公司(股份代號:8085)出任執 行董事。崔先生曾於二零零五年十月至二零 一六年六月出任中國能源開發控股有限公司 (股份代號:228)之執行董事及於二零一零 年三月至二零一六年三月出任奧栢中國集團 有限公司(股份代號:8148)之獨立非執行董 事。彼於會計及核數範疇積逾十五年經驗。

獨立非執行董事

招偉安先生(「招先生」),四十六歲,自二零 零九年六月起加入本公司。招先生亦身兼本 公司之審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員 會主席。彼為香港會計師公會會員及英國特 許公認會計師公會資深會員。招先生於會計 及核數服務方面具備逾十年經驗。招先生亦 為新時代能源有限公司(股份代號:166)之 獨立非執行董事。

萬國樑先生(「萬先生」),六十九歲,自二零 零九年五月起加入本公司。萬先生亦身兼本 公司之審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員 會成員。彼為香港高等法院律師及婚姻監禮 人。萬先生具備豐富法律工作經驗。彼於 一九九五年至一九九七年獲新華社委任為區 事顧問。彼目前獲委任為鴨脷洲街坊學校校 董、鴨脷洲街坊福利會副主席、鴨脷洲旅游 促進會秘書及香港警察隊員佐級協會之名譽 法律顧問。萬先生現為仁瑞投資控股有限公 司(股份代號:2322)之獨立非執行董事。彼 曾於二零零八年五月至二零一四年八月出任 光啟科學有限公司(前稱「英發國際有限公 司 |, 股份代號: 439) 及於二零零九年六月 至二零一四年九月出任江山控股有限公司(股 份代號: 295)各自之獨立非執行董事。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷

Dr. Wong Yun Kuen ("Dr. Wong"), aged 59, joined the Company since June 2009. Dr. Wong is also the member of each of the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company. He received his Ph.D. degree from Harvard University, and was "Distinguished Visiting Scholar" at Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania. Dr. Wong has worked in financial industries in the United States and Hong Kong for many years, and has considerable experience in corporate finance, investment and derivative products. He is a member of the Hong Kong Securities Institute. Dr. Wong is the chairman of the board and an executive director of UBA Investments Limited (stock code: 768), an executive director of Ngai Shun Holdings Limited (stock code: 1246), a non-executive director of China Sandi Holdings Limited (stock code: 910) (Dr. Wong has been re-designated from independent non-executive director to non-executive director of that company with effect from 15 September 2016) and an independent non-executive director of each of Far East Holdings International Limited (stock code: 36), Bauhaus International (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 483), Kaisun Energy Group Limited (stock code: 8203), GT Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 263), Kingston Financial Group Limited (stock code: 1031) and Sincere Watch (Hong Kong) Limited (stock code: 444). Dr. Wong was an independent non-executive director of each of KuangChi Science Limited (formerly known as "Climax International Company Limited") (stock code: 439) from June 2007 to August 2014, Huajun Holdings Limited (formerly known as "New Island Development Holdings Limited") (stock code: 377) from October 2010 to September 2014, Huge China Holdings Limited (formerly known as "Harmony Asset Limited") (stock code: 428) from September 2004 to January 2015 and Kong Sun Holdings Limited (stock code: 295) from April 2007 to November 2014.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Tsang Kwai Ping ("Ms. Tsang"), aged 37, joined the Group since July 2013 and has been appointed as the company secretary (the "Company Secretary") and authorised representative of the Company since June 2016. She is also the chief financial officer of the Company. Ms. Tsang has extensive experiences in auditing, financial management and corporate governance matters. Ms. Tsang is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.

黃潤權博士(「黃博士」),五十九歲,自二零 零九年六月起加入本公司。黃博士亦身兼本 公司之審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員 會成員。彼持有哈佛大學博士學位,並曾任 美國賓夕法尼亞州大學Wharton School「傑 出客席學者」。黃博士於美國及香港金融業 工作多年,具備豐富企業融資、投資及衍生 產品經驗。彼為香港證券專業學會會員。黃 博士為開明投資有限公司(股份代號:768) 之董事局主席兼執行董事、毅信控股有限公 司(股份代號:1246)之執行董事,中國三迪 控股有限公司(股份代號:910)之非執行董 事(黃博士自二零一六年九月十五日起已由 該公司獨立非執行董事調任為該公司非執行 董事),以及遠東控股國際有限公司(股份代 號:36)、包浩斯國際(控股)有限公司(股份 代號:483)、凱順能源集團有限公司(股份 代號:8203)、高富集團控股有限公司(股份 代號:263)、金利豐金融集團有限公司(股 份代號: 1031)及Sincere Watch (Hong Kong) Limited(股份代號:444)各自之獨立非執行 董事。黄博士曾於二零零七年六月至二零 一四年八月出任光啟科學有限公司(前稱「英 發國際有限公司」,股份代號:439)、於二 零一零年十月至二零一四年九月出任華君控 股有限公司(前稱「新洲發展控股有限公司」, 股份代號:377)、於二零零四年九月至二零 一五年一月出任匯嘉中國控股有限公司(前 稱「亨亞有限公司」,股份代號:428)及於二 零零七年四月至二零一四年十一月出任江山 控股有限公司(股份代號:295)各自之獨立 非執行董事。

高級管理層

曾桂萍女士(「曾女士」),三十七歲,自二零 一三年七月起加入本集團,並自二零一六年 六月起獲委任為本公司之公司秘書(「公司秘 書」)兼授權代表。彼亦為本公司之財務總 監。曾女士於核數、財務管理及企業管治方 面擁有豐富經驗。曾女士為香港會計師公會 及英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會之會員。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintain high standards of corporate governance. The Board believes that effective corporate governance practices are fundamental to enhance the shareholders' value and safeguard the interests of the shareholders. Accordingly, the Company has adopted sound corporate governance principles that emphasis an effective internal control and accountability to all shareholders.

During the year, the Company has complied with the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules (the "Listing Rules") Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") except for the deviation from the code provision A.4.1 which is explained below.

Code Provision A.4.1

Under the code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, nonexecutive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The existing non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors were not appointed for a specific term as required under code provision A.4.1 but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at annual general meeting in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-laws"). As such, the Company considers that sufficient measures have been taken to ensure that the Company has good corporate governance practices.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set of in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors. The Company has made specific enquiries and all the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board comprises six Directors, with two executive Directors, Mr. Wong Hin Shek and Mr. Chi Chi Hung, Kenneth; one non-executive Director, Mr. Chui Kwong Kau; and three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Chiu Wai On, Mr. Man Kwok Leung and Dr. Wong Yun Kuen. Biographical information of the Directors is set out in the section "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

企業管治常規

本集團致力維持高水平之企業管治。董事會 相信,有效的企業管治慣例乃提升股東價值 及保障股東權益之基礎。因此,本公司已採 納務實之企業管治原則,強調有效之內部監 控並對全體股東負責。

年內,本公司已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」),惟偏離守則條文第A.4.1條之情況除外,理由於下文論述。

守則條文第A.4.1條

根據企業管治守則守則條文第A.4.1條,非 執行董事須按固定任期獲委任,並須重選連 任。現任非執行董事及獨立非執行董事並無 根據守則條文第A.4.1條之規定按固定任期 獲委任,惟彼等須根據本公司細則(「細則」) 於股東週年大會輪值退任及重選連任。因 此,本公司認為已採取足夠措施以確保本公 司奉行良好企業管治慣例。

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載上市發行 人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守 則」)作為董事進行證券交易之操守準則。本 公司已作出具體查詢,而全體董事已確認, 彼等於年內一直遵守標準守則所載之規定準 則。

董事會

董事會由六名董事組成,包括兩名執行董事 王顯碩先生及季志雄先生;一名非執行董事 崔光球先生;及三名獨立非執行董事招偉安 先生、萬國樑先生及黃潤權博士。董事履歷 詳情載於本年報「董事及高級管理層履歷」 一節。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Board is responsible for leadership and control of the Company and overseeing the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performance. Directors take decisions objectively in the interests of the Company. Some functions including, inter alia, monitor and approval of material transactions, matters involving conflict of interest for a substantial shareholder or director of the Company, the approval of the interim and annual results, other disclosures to the public or regulators and the internal control system are reserved by the Board and the decisions relating to such matters shall be subject to the decision of the Board. Matters not specifically reserved to the Board and necessary for the daily operations of the Company are delegated to the management under the supervision of the respective Directors and the leadership of the chief executive officer of the Company (the "Chief Executive Officer").

The Board meets regularly throughout the financial year. All Directors are given the opportunity to put items on the agenda for regular Board meetings. All Directors have access to the Company Secretary to ensure that all Board procedures and rules and regulations are followed. Full minutes of Board meetings are kept by the Company Secretary and are available for inspection on reasonable notice. Any Director may, in furtherance of his duties, take independent professional advice where necessary at the expense of the Company.

Throughout the year and up to the date of this report, the Company complied with Rules 3.10(1) and (2) of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of a sufficient number of independent non-executive directors and at least one of the independent non-executive directors has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. The Company has received annual confirmations from all independent non-executive Directors that they did not have any businesses or financial interests with the Group and were independent in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

There is no relationship, including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships among the Board members. 董事會負責領導及控制本公司並監管本集團 之業務、策略決策及表現。董事會作出符合 本公司利益之客觀決定。董事會保留對某些 職務的權利,包括(其中包括)監察及審批 大交易、涉及本公司主要股東或董事利益 定之事宜、批准中期及全年業績、對公眾或 監管機構披露之其他資料、以及內部監控制 度,有關該等事宜必須由董事會決定。其他 非指定保留之董事會職務以及有關本公司 常運作之事務,則在個別董事之監督及本公 司行政總裁([行政總裁])領導下委派管理層 處理。

於財政年度內,董事會定期舉行會議。全體 董事均有機會建議項目加入議程提呈例行董 事會會議。全體董事均可接觸公司秘書,確 保遵從所有董事會程序、規則及規例。公司 秘書保存董事會會議之完整記錄,並於發出 合理通知後可供查閱。任何董事均可於有需 要時就履行職務獲取獨立專業意見,費用由 本公司承擔。

於年內及直至本報告日期,本公司已遵守上 市規則第3.10(1)及(2)條,規則內容有關委 任足夠數目之獨立非執行董事,其中最少一 名獨立非執行董事須具備合適專業資格或會 計或相關財務管理專業知識。本公司已接獲 全體獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條 作出之年度確認,以確認彼等概無任何本集 團之業務或財務權益,且屬獨立人士。

董事會成員之間並無任何關係,包括財務、 業務、家族或其他重大/相關關係。

Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

In accordance with bye-law 86 of the Bye-laws, a director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company, and shall then be eligible for re-election.

According to bye-law 87 of the Bye-laws, at each annual general meeting of the Company, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every 3 years, and shall then be eligible for re-election.

In accordance with bye-law 86 of the Bye-laws, the shareholders of the Company may by an ordinary resolution remove any Director (but without prejudice to any claim for damages under any contract) before the expiration of his period of office, and may by an ordinary resolution appoint another person in his stead.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The chairman of the Company (the "Chairman") is Mr. Wong Hin Shek whereas the Chief Executive Officer is Mr. Chi Chi Hung, Kenneth. Their roles are separated, with a clear division of responsibilities. The Chairman is responsible for the leadership of the Board, ensuring its effectiveness in all aspects of its role for setting its agenda and taking into account any matters proposed by other directors for inclusion in the agenda. The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group's business.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, including the remuneration committee, the nomination committee and the audit committee for overseeing particular aspects of the Group's affairs. Details of which are set out below. All Board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference which are available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

委任、重選及罷免董事

根據細則第86條,獲委任以填補臨時空缺或 作為董事會新成員之董事僅可留任至隨後下 屆本公司股東週年大會,屆時將符合資格重 選連任。

根據細則第87條,於本公司每屆股東週年大 會上,當時三分一之董事(或如董事人數並 非三之倍數時,則最接近但不超過三分一之 董事)須輪值退任,而每名董事須至少每三 年輪值退任一次,屆時將符合資格重選連任。

根據細則第86條,本公司股東可以普通決議 案罷免任何任期未屆滿之董事(但依據任何 合約可提出之索賠要求不受此影響),並可 以普通決議案委任他人取代。

主席及行政總裁

本公司主席(「主席」)為王顯碩先生,而行政 總裁則為季志雄先生。彼等之角色獨立,其 職責亦清晰區分。主席負責領導董事會,以 確保董事會於其角色及設置其議程之所有方 面具效率,且已考慮到其他董事所提呈以納 入議程之任何事項。行政總裁負責本集團業 務之日常管理。

董事會委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,包括薪酬委員 會、提名委員會及審核委員會,以監察本集 團事務之特定範疇。詳情載於下文。本公司 所有董事會委員會均訂有清晰書面職權範 圍,有關職權範圍可於本公司網站及聯交所 網站閱覽。

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Audit Committee

The audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") comprises three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Chiu Wai On (the chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Man Kwok Leung and Dr. Wong Yun Kuen. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to (i) review the Group's financial reporting system, the nature and scope of audit review; (ii) review the effectiveness of the system of internal control procedures and risk management; and (iii) review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity. In addition, the Audit Committee discusses matters raised by the external auditor and regulatory bodies to ensure that appropriate recommendations are implemented. The Audit Committee shall meet at least twice a year.

The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management of the Company and the external auditor the Group's annual results for the year ended 30 June 2016, and was of the opinion that the preparation of such results are in compliance with the relevant accounting standards, rules and regulations and that adequate disclosures have been made.

Remuneration Committee

The remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") comprises three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Chiu Wai On (the chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Mr. Man Kwok Leung and Dr. Wong Yun Kuen. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to (i) make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for remuneration policy; (ii) make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration package of individual executive Directors, non-executive Directors and senior management; and (iii) review and approve compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment. The Remuneration Committee shall meet at least once a year.

During the year, the Remuneration Committee reviewed the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management and made recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of the Directors and senior management in accordance with the Remuneration Committee's written terms of reference.

審核委員會

本公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)包括三名 獨立非執行董事招偉安先生(審核委員會主 席)、萬國樑先生及黃潤權博士。審核委員 會之主要職責為(i)檢討本集團財務申報制 度、審核之性質及範圍;(ii)檢討內部監控程 序及風險管理制度之效益;(iii)檢討及監察 外聘核數師之獨立身分及客觀性。此外,審 核委員會亦討論外聘核數師與監管機構提出 之事項,以確保採納適當建議。審核委員會 每年最少舉行兩次會議。

審核委員會已聯同本公司管理人員及外聘核 數師審閱本集團截至二零一六年六月三十日 止年度之全年業績,認為有關業績乃遵照相 關會計準則、規則及規例編製,且已作出充 分披露。

薪酬委員會

本公司薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)包括三名 獨立非執行董事招偉安先生(薪酬委員會主 席)、萬國樑先生及黃潤權博士。薪酬委員 會之主要職責為(i)就全體董事及高級管理人 員之薪酬政策及架構,及就設立正規而具透 明度之程序制訂此等薪酬政策,向董事會提 供推薦建議:(ii)向董事會建議個別執行董 事、非執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待 遇;及(iii)審議及批准向執行董事及高級管 理人員就其喪失或終止職務或委任而須支付 之賠償。薪酬委員會每年最少舉行會議一次。

年內,薪酬委員會已根據薪酬委員會之書面 職權範圍,審閱董事及高級管理人員之薪酬 待遇,並就董事及高級管理人員之薪酬向董 事會提供推薦建議。

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The Remuneration Committee held 2 meetings during the year ended 30 June 2016. The attendance record of each member of the Remuneration Committee is set out in the sub-section "Directors' and Committees' Meeting Attendance" below.

Nomination Committee

The nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") comprises three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Chiu Wai On (the chairman of the Nomination Committee), Mr. Man Kwok Leung and Dr. Wong Yun Kuen. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to (i) review the structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board; (ii) identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members; (iii) to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and (iv) make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of Directors and succession planning for directors. The Nomination Committee shall meet at least once a year.

During the year, the Nomination Committee reviewed the composition of the Directors and made recommendations to the Board on the re-election of the Directors in accordance with the Nomination Committee's written terms of reference.

The Nomination Committee held 2 meetings during the year ended 30 June 2016. The attendance record of each member of the Nomination Committee is set out in the sub-section "Directors' and Committees' Meeting Attendance" below. 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度,薪酬委 員會曾舉行兩次會議。薪酬委員會各成員之 出席記錄載於下文「董事會及委員會會議出 席記錄」分節。

提名委員會

本公司提名委員會(「提名委員會」)成員包括 三名獨立非執行董事招偉安先生(提名委員 會主席)、萬國樑先生及黃潤權博士。提名 委員會之主要職責為(i)檢討董事會之架構、 人數及組成,並就任何擬對董事會作出之變 動提供推薦建議;(ii)物色具備合適資格可擔 任董事會成員之人士;(ii))評核獨立非執行 董事之獨立身分;及(iv)就董事委任或重新 委任以及董事繼任計劃向董事會提供推薦建 議。提名委員會每年最少舉行會議一次。

年內,提名委員會已根據提名委員會之書面 職權範圍,檢討董事會之組成,並就重選董 事向董事會提供推薦建議。

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度,提名委員會曾舉行兩次會議。提名委員會各成員之 出席記錄載於下文「董事會及委員會會議出 席記錄」分節。

DIRECTORS' AND COMMITTEES' MEETING ATTENDANCE

During the year ended 30 June 2016, the Board held 25 Board meetings.

The attendance record of each Director at the Board meetings, the committees' meetings and the general meetings of the Company held during the year is set out below:

董事會及委員會會議出席記錄

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度,董事會 曾舉行25次董事會會議。

各董事年內之董事會會議、委員會會議及本 公司股東大會出席記錄載列如下:

| Directors | | No. of E Audit Remun Board Committee Con | | | | | |
|--|---------|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | Meeting 審核委員會 | Meeting 薪酬委員會 | Meeting 提名委員會 | Meeting 股東 | Meeting 股東 |
| 董事 | | 董事會會議 | 田秋女貝首 會議 | 和師女貝盲會議 | (近日女只言) 合議 | 週年大會 | 特別大會 |
| Executive Directors | 執行董事 | | | | | | |
| Mr. Wong Hin Shek | 王顯碩先生 | 25/25 | e e e- | - | - | 1/1 | 2/2 |
| Mr. Chi Chi Hung, Kenneth | 季志雄先生 | 19/25 | 117 | | | 1/1 | 2/2 |
| Non-executive Director | 非執行董事 | | | | | | |
| Mr. Chui Kwong Kau | 崔光球先生 | 6/9 | | | - | - | 1/1 |
| Independent non-executive Directors | 獨立非執行董事 | | | | | | |
| Mr. Chiu Wai On | 招偉安先生 | 16/25 | 3/3 | 2/2 | 2/2 | 1/1 | 2/2 |
| Mr. Man Kwok Leung | 萬國樑先生 | 16/25 | 3/3 | 2/2 | 2/2 | 1/1 | 2/2 |
| Dr. Wong Yun Kuen | 黃潤權博士 | 16/25 | 3/3 | 2/2 | 2/2 | 1/1 | 2/2 |

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF DIRECTOR

Directors are continually updated on developments in the statutory and regulatory regime and the business environment to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. Continuing briefing and professional development for directors will be arranged at the expenses of the Company where necessary.

董事之持續專業發展

董事持續獲得法定及監管法規以及業務環境 之最近發展資訊,方便彼等履行本身之責 任,並會於有需要時安排持續向董事作出指 示及為其提供專業發展,費用由本公司承擔。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

For the year ended 30 June 2016, the executive Directors, Mr. Wong Hin Shek and Mr. Chi Chi Hung, Kenneth; the nonexecutive Director, Mr. Chui Kwong Kau; and the independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Chiu Wai On, Mr. Man Kwok Leung and Dr. Wong Yun Kuen confirmed their participation in continuous professional development as follows: 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度,執行董 事王顯碩先生及季志雄先生;非執行董事崔 光球先生;及獨立非執行董事招偉安先生、 萬國樑先生及黃潤權博士確認彼等已參與以 下持續專業發展:

| | | Reading | | Attending |
|----------------|---|---|--|--|
| | | materials | | training |
| | Attending | relating to | | relating to |
| | seminars | directors' | Teaching | directors' |
| | conducted by | development | relating to | development |
| | professional | and duties or | finance or | and duties or |
| | parties | relevant topics | relevant topics | relevant topics |
| | | 閲讀有關董事 | | 出席有關董事 |
| | 出席專業機構 | | 有關金融或 | 發展及職務或 |
| | | | | 相關主題之培訓 |
| | / | 1 | | |
| 執行董事 | | | | |
| | 1 | 1 | | |
| | 1 | 1 | | |
| , . <u>.</u> , | | | | |
| 非執行董事 | | | | |
| 崔光球先生 | | 1 | | 1 |
| | | | | |
| 獨立非執行董事 | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 招偉安先生 | | 1 | | |
| 萬國樑先生 | • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 1 | | |
| 黃潤權博士 | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | 崔光球先生 獨立非執行董事 招偉安先生 萬國樑先生 | seminars conducted by professional parties 出席專業機構 舉行之研討會 執行董事 王顯碩先生 季志雄先生 非執行董事 崔光球先生 猪口董事 崔光球先生 猪口董事 崔光球先生 | Attending seminars conducted by professional partiesrelating to directors' development and duties or relevant topics 関讀有關董事 發展及職務或 相關主題之材料執行董事 至志雄先生✓採執行董事 崔光球先生✓推執行董事 崔光球先生✓招偉安先生 萬國樑先生✓✓✓ | Attending seminars conducted by professional partiesmaterials relating to directors' |

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Directors acknowledged their responsibility for preparing the financial statements for each financial period to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, made judgments and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The statement of the external auditor of the Company regarding their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Company is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" of this annual report.

董事之財務申報責任

董事知悉彼等有責任就各財政期間編製財務 報表,以真實而公平地反映本公司之事務狀 況。編製截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度 之財務報表時,董事已選取並貫徹應用適當 之會計政策、審慎作出公平合理之判斷及估 計,以及按持續經營基準編製財務報表。

本公司外聘核數師就其對本公司財務報表所 承擔申報責任而發表之聲明,載於本年報[獨 立核數師報告]。

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITIES

The Company has arranged for appropriate insurance covering the liabilities of the Directors that may arise out of the corporate activities, which has been complied with the CG Code. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is responsible to the Board for ensuring that the Board procedures are followed and the Board activities are efficiently and effectively conducted. The Company Secretary is also responsible for ensuring the Board is fully appraised of the relevant legislative, regulatory and corporate governance developments relating to the Group and facilitating the induction and professional development of directors.

Mr. Chi Chi Hung, Kenneth has resigned as the Company Secretary with effect from 1 June 2016. Following the resignation of Mr. Chi, Ms. Tsang Kwai Ping has been appointed as the Company Secretary with effect from 1 June 2016.

During the year under review, each of Mr. Chi and Ms. Tsang has attended relevant professional seminars to update his/ her skills and knowledge. Both of them met the training requirement set out in Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration in respect of audit and non-audit services for the year ended 30 June 2016 provided by the Company's auditor, BDO Limited, are as follows:

董事及高級職員之責任

本公司已安排適當保險,保障已遵守企業管 治守則之企業活動可能產生之董事責任。保 險保障範圍會每年檢討。

公司秘書

公司秘書向董事會負責,以確保遵從董事會 程序及董事會之活動得以有效及實際進行。 公司秘書亦負責確保董事會全面知悉與本集 團有關之相關法例、監管及企業管治發展情 況,同時協助董事履職及專業發展。

季志雄先生已呈辭公司秘書,自二零一六年 六月一日起生效。繼季先生呈辭後,曾桂萍 女士已獲委任為公司秘書,自二零一六年六 月一日起生效。

於回顧年度,季先生及曾女士各自已出席相 關專業講座,獲得最新技巧及專業知識。彼 等已符合上市規則第3.29條之培訓規定。

核數師酬金

就本公司核數師香港立信德豪會計師事務所 有限公司於截至二零一六年六月三十日止年 度所提供審核及非審核服務之酬金如下:

| | | HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| Audit services Non-audit services (Note) | 審核服務 非審核服務(附註) | 1,380 850 |
| Total | 總計 | 2,230 |
| Note: | 附註: | |

The non-audit services mainly included professional fees in relation to a notifiable transaction and review of the Group's interim financial information.

非審核服務主要包括有關須予公佈交易及審閱本集團中 期財務資料之專業費用。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

- (I) **Convene a Special General Meeting** Shareholders holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at the general meetings of the Company can at all times submit a signed written requisition, specifying the purpose, to the Board or the Company Secretary to require the convening of a special general meeting ("SGM"). If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene the SGM, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, themselves may convene a SGM, but any SGM so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from 21 days of the deposit.
- (II) Send Enquiries to the Board

Enquiries of shareholders can be sent to the Company either by email at info.dt@detai-group.com or by post to the Company's Hong Kong head office at 12/F., Henley Building, 5 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong. Shareholders can also make enquires with the Board directly at the general meetings.

(III) Make Proposals at General Meetings

Shareholders representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the general meeting or who are no less than 100 shareholders can submit a written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary to propose a resolution at a general meeting. The written requisition must state the resolution, accompanied by a statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in the proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at the general meeting and contain the signatures of all the requisitionists (which may be contained in one document or in several documents in like form). Such requisition must be deposited to the Company's registered office at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda not less than 6 weeks before the general meeting in the case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution and not less than 1 week before the general meeting in the case of any other requisition and be accompanied by a sum of money reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in serving the notice of the resolution and circulating the statement given by the requisitionists to all shareholders in accordance with the requirements under the applicable laws and rules.

股東權利

- (I) 召開股東特別大會 於發出要求當日持有附帶權利可於本 公司股東大會投票之本公司已繳足股 本不少於十分一之股東,可隨時向董 事會或公司秘書提交經簽署且列明目 的之書面要求,要求召開股東特別大 會(「股東特別大會」)。倘董事會並無 於發出要求日期起計21日內召開股東 特別大會,則提出要求之人士或其中 任何持有佔全體提出要求之人士或其中 任何持有佔全體提出要求之人士總投 票權過半數之人士可自行召開股東特別 大會不可於發出要求日期第21日起計 三個月屆滿後舉行。
- (II) 向董事會作出查詢 股東查詢可透過發送電子郵件至 info.dt@detai-group.com或郵寄至本公 司之香港總辦事處,地址為香港皇后 大道中5號衡怡大廈12樓。股東亦可 於股東大會直接向董事會提出查詢。

(III) 於股東大會作出建議

於發出要求當日持有有權於股東大會 上投票之全體股東總投票權不少於 二十分一之股東,或不少於一百名股 束,可向董事會或公司秘書提呈書面 要求以於股東大會提呈決議案。書面 要求須列明決議案,連同一份不多於 1,000字有關所提呈決議案提述之事宜 或將於股東大會處理之事務及包含全 體作出要求人士之簽署(可載於一份文 件或數份類似格式之文件內)之陳述 書。如作出須發出決議案通知之要求, 有關要求須於股東大會不少於六個星 期前送達本公司之註冊辦事處,地址 為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda;如屬於任 何其他要求,則須於股東大會不少於 一個星期前送達,連同一筆用於支付 本公司根據適用法例及規則規定而向 全體股東送達決議案通知及傳閲作出 要求人士提交之陳述書所產生開支的 合理及足夠款項。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company considers effective communication with shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business. The Company endeavors to maintain an on-going dialogue with shareholders and in particular, through annual general meeting and other general meetings. The website of the Company at www.detai-group.com has provided an effective communication platform to the public and the shareholders.

During the year ended 30 June 2016, there has not been any change in the Company's constitutional documents. A consolidated version of the Company's constitutional documents is available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board ensures the maintenance of sound and effective internal controls to safeguard the shareholders' investment and the assets of the Company. It has been an important duty of the Directors to conduct a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Group annually or at anytime necessary. The review covers all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, as well as risk management functions. For the year under review, the Board has, through the Audit Committee, reviewed and reached the conclusion that the Group's internal control system was in place and effective.

投資者關係

本公司認為,與股東進行有效溝通有助改善 投資者關係,以及投資者對本集團業務之瞭 解。本公司致力與股東經常保持對話,特別 是透過股東週年大會及其他股東大會與股東 溝通。本公司之網站(www.detai-group.com) 為公眾及股東提供有效溝通平台。

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度,本公司 之憲章文件並無任何變動。本公司憲章文件 之綜合版本可於本公司網站及聯交所網站閲 覽。

內部監控

董事會確保維持穩健有效之內部監控,以保 障股東投資及本公司資產。董事之要務為每 年或於有需要時檢討本集團內部監控制度之 成效。檢討之範圍涵蓋所有重大監控,包括 財務、營運及守規監控以及風險管理職能。 於回顧年度,董事會透過審核委員會審閱本 集團之內部監控制度並得出結論,認為該等 制度適當而有效。

The Directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 30 June 2016.

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda and its principal place of business in Hong Kong is 12/F., Henley Building, 5 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2016 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on pages 44 and 45.

The Board resolved not to pay any final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2016.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2016 is set out in the "CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT" and "MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS" on pages 4 to 6 and pages 7 to 17 respectively.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 30 June 2016, the five largest customers of the Group together accounted for approximately 74% (2015: approximately 44%), with the largest customer accounted for approximately 22% (2015: approximately 19%) of the Group's total turnover. The five largest suppliers of the Group together accounted for approximately 11% (2015: approximately 88%), with the largest supplier accounted for approximately 3% (2015: approximately 61%) of the Group's total purchases during the year.

To the best of the Directors' knowledge, at no time during the year did a Director, an associate of a Director or a shareholder of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) have an interest in any of the Group's five largest suppliers or customers.

董事會謹此提呈本公司及其附屬公司截至二 零一六年六月三十日止年度之年報及經審核 綜合財務報表。

香港主要營業地點

本公司在百慕達註冊成立為有限公司,其於 香港的主要營業地點位於香港皇后大道中5 號衡怡大廈12樓。

主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司。其主要附屬公司之 業務載於綜合財務報表附註32。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度之 業績載於第44至45頁之綜合全面收益表。

董事會議決不就截至二零一六年六月三十日 止年度派付任何末期股息。

業務回顧

本公司截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度之 業務回顧分別載於第4至6頁之「主席報告」 及第7至17頁之「管理層討論及分析」。

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度,本集團 五大客戶合共佔本集團總營業額約74%(二 零一五年:約44%),而最大客戶則佔約22% (二零一五年:約19%)。本集團五大供應商 合共佔本集團年內總採購額約11%(二零 一五年:約88%),而最大供應商則佔約3% (二零一五年:約61%)。

據董事所深知,本公司各董事、其聯繫人或 股東(據董事所知擁有本公司股本5%以上者) 於年內任何時間概無於本集團五大供應商或 客戶中擁有任何權益。

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements during the year in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of the movements during the year in the share capital and share options of the Company are set out in respective notes 28 and 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company during the year are set out on page 144.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

At 30 June 2016, the Company had no reserves available for distribution (2015: Nil).

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial periods is set out on page 164.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Termination of Memorandum in relation to the Possible Acquisition of Internet Education Business

On 5 July 2016, the Company as purchaser entered into a non-legally binding memorandum (the "Bei Dou Memorandum") with Mr. Ng Victor and Mr. Zheng Gang as vendors, who are independent third parties of the Group, in relation to the intention of acquisition of not less than 90% of the issued share capital of a company, of which together with its subsidiaries are engaged in operating a system platform for the development of "Bei Dou + Internet + Education" in the PRC.

Pursuant to the Bei Dou Memorandum, the parties to the Bei Dou Memorandum shall negotiate in good faith towards one another in ensuring that a formal agreement be entered on or before 30 September 2016. After several rounds of negotiations and discussions, the parties to the Bei Dou Memorandum had not reached consensus on certain commercial terms in relation to the acquisition. On 27 September 2016, the parties to the Bei Dou Memorandum entered into a termination letter whereby the parties have mutually agreed to terminate the Bei Dou Memorandum with immediate effect. Details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcements dated 5 July 2016 and 27 September 2016.

物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備於年內之變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註14。

股本及購股權

本公司股本及購股權於年內之變動詳情分別 載於綜合財務報表附註28及37。

儲備

本公司儲備於年內之變動詳情載於第144頁。

本公司可供分派儲備

截至二零一六年六月三十日,本公司並無可 供分派儲備(二零一五年:無)。

財務概要

本集團過去五個財政期間之業績及資產負債 概要載於第164頁。

報告期後事項

有關終止可能收購網絡教育業務之備 忘錄

於二零一六年七月五日,本公司(作為買方) 與吳兆鴻先生及鄭剛先生(作為賣方,為本 集團之獨立第三方)訂立不具法律約束力之 備忘錄(「北斗備忘錄」),內容有關擬收購一 家公司已發行股本不少於90%,該公司連同 其附屬公司於中國從事開發「北斗+互聯網 +教育」之系統平台營運。

根據北斗備忘錄,北斗備忘錄訂約各方彼此 須本著真誠態度磋商,確保於二零一六年九 月三十日或之前訂立正式協議。經數輪磋商 討論後,北斗備忘錄訂約各方未能就收購事 項之若干商業條款達成共識。於二零一六年 九月二十七日,北斗備忘錄訂約各方訂立終 止函件,據此,訂約各方同意即時終止北斗 備忘錄。交易詳情載於本公司日期為二零 一六年七月五日及二零一六年九月二十七日 之公佈。

Transaction in relation to the Acquisition of EPS

On 29 July 2016, Perfect Essential Holdings Limited, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as purchaser entered into a sale and purchase agreement with seven vendors as vendors in relation to a possible acquisition of EPS at a consideration of SEK239 million. EPS is currently engaged in the development, manufacturing and distribution of a vegetable additive that can reduce the particle emission, improve the fuel consumption and maintenance of engines. The vendors are independent third parties of the Group. Upon completion of the acquisition, EPS together with its subsidiaries will become subsidiaries of the Company and their results, assets and liabilities will be consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Company. Details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 29 July 2016.

Convertible Preference Shares Transfer Agreement

On 13 September 2016, the Company entered into an agreement (the "CPS Transfer Agreement") with Mr. Zhu Yongjun and Jumbo Grand Enterprise Development Limited (collectively the "Purchasers"). Both of the Purchasers are independent third parties of the Group. Pursuant to the terms of the CPS Transfer Agreement, the Company has conditionally agreed to procure the sale of and the Purchasers have conditionally agreed to purchase 651,430,000 convertible preference shares in aggregate at the transfer price of HK\$0.21 per convertible preference share. Details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 13 September 2016.

Settlement Deed in relation to the Profit Guarantee Compensation

With reference to the Company's announcements dated 26 April 2015 and 29 May 2015 in relation to the acquisition of the electric cycles business, Mr. Lee Man Bun ("Mr. Lee") as the vendor irrevocably warranted and guaranteed to the Company that the after-tax audited consolidated net profit of the electric cycles business for the year ended 30 June 2016 shall not be less than HK\$100,000,000 (the "Guaranteed Net Profit").

In the event that the electric cycles business cannot achieve the Guaranteed Net Profit, Mr. Lee has irrevocably undertaken to the Company to pay to the Company in cash within 10 business days from the date of receipt of the certificate from the auditors of the Company an amount equal to the shortfall (the "Profit Guarantee Compensation").

有關收購 EPS 之交易

於二零一六年七月二十九日,本公司直接全 資附屬公司Perfect Essential Holdings Limited(作為買方)與七名賣方(作為賣方) 就可能以代價239,000,000克朗收購EPS訂立 買賣協議。EPS現時從事一種植物添加劑開 發、生產及分銷,該植物添加劑可減少粒子 排放,改善燃料消耗及保養引擎。賣方為本 集團之獨立第三方。於收購事項完成時, EPS連同其附屬公司將成為本公司之附屬公 司,其業績、資產及負債將於本公司綜合財 務報表綜合入賬。交易詳情載於本公司日期 為二零一六年七月二十九日之公佈。

可換股優先股轉讓協議

於二零一六年九月十三日,本公司與朱勇軍 先生及Jumbo Grand Enterprise Development Limited (統稱「買方」)訂立一份協議(「可換 股優先股轉讓協議」)。買方均為本集團獨立 第三方。根據可換股優先股轉讓協議條款, 本公司有條件同意促使出售而買方有條件同 意收購合共651,430,000股可換股優先股(「可 換股優先股」),轉讓價為每股可換股優先股 0.21港元。交易詳情載於本公司日期為二零 一六年九月十三日之公佈。

有關溢利保證補償之償付契約

參照本公司日期為二零一五年四月二十六日 及二零一五年五月二十九日內容有關收購電 動自行車業務之公佈,李文彬先生(「李先 生」)向本公司不可撤回地保證及擔保,電動 自行車業務於截至二零一六年六月三十日止 年度之除税後經審核綜合純利不會少於 100,000,000港元(「保證純利」)。

倘電動自行車業務未能達致保證純利,則李 先生向本公司不可撤回地承諾於接獲本公司 核數師發出證明書當日起計10個營業日內 以現金向本公司支付相當於缺額之金額(「溢 利保證補償」)。

In view of the loss recorded for the year ended 30 June 2016 of the electric cycles business, Mr. Lee had been requested to settle the Profit Guarantee Compensation of HK\$100,000,000. After arm's length negotiations, on 26 September 2016, Mr. Lee and the Company entered into a settlement deed regarding the settlement of the Profit Guarantee Compensation of HK\$100,000,000 and the additional amount of compensation of HK\$850,000, in which HK\$20,000,000 has been settled by Mr. Lee on 27 September 2016. Details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 26 September 2016.

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Wong Hin Shek *(Chairman)* Mr. Chi Chi Hung, Kenneth *(Chief Executive Officer)*

Non-executive Director:

Mr. Chui Kwong Kau (appointed on 1 December 2015)

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Chiu Wai On Mr. Man Kwok Leung Dr. Wong Yun Kuen

In accordance with bye-law 86(2) of the Bye-laws, Mr. Chui Kwong Kau will retire as Director and, being eligible, offer himself for re-election as Director at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

In accordance with bye-law 87 of the Bye-laws, Mr. Wong Hin Shek and Mr. Chi Chi Hung, Kenneth will retire as Directors by rotation and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election as Directors at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The non-executive Director and the independent nonexecutive Directors are not appointed for a specific term and are subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's bye-laws.

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company or its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

鑑於預計截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度 錄得虧損, 李先生被要求償付為數 100,000,000港元之溢利保證補償。經雙方公 平磋商後,於二零一六年九月二十六日,李 先生與本公司就償付溢利保證補償 100,000,000港元加額外補償金額850,000港 元訂立償付契約,當中20,000,000港元已由 李先生於二零一六年九月二十七日償付。交 易詳情載於本公司日期為二零一六年九月 二十六日之公佈。

董事及董事服務合約

本公司於年內及截至本報告日期之董事如下:

執行董事:

王顯碩先生(主席) 季志雄先生(行政總裁)

非執行董事: 崔光球先生(於二零一五年十二月一日獲委 任)

獨立非執行董事: 招偉安先生 萬國樑先生 黃潤權博士

根據細則第86(2)條,崔光球先生將退任董 事,並符合資格且願意於應屆股東週年大會 重選連任董事。

根據細則第87條,王顯碩先生及季志雄先生 將輪值退任董事,並符合資格且願意於應屆 股東週年大會重選連任董事。

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事並無按固定任 期獲委任,惟須根據本公司細則輪值退任。

概無擬於應屆股東週年大會重選連任之董事 與本公司或其附屬公司訂有本集團不付賠償 (法定賠償除外)則不得於一年內終止之服務 合約。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

As at 30 June 2016, the interests and short positions of each Director and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register kept under section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules were as follows:

Long positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

董事及行政總裁於本公司證券之權

於二零一六年六月三十日,董事及本公司行 政總裁於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見 證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV 部)之股份、相關股份及債券中,擁有記入 根據證券及期貨條例第352條存置之登記 冊,或根據上市規則所載標準守則另行知會 本公司及聯交所之權益及短倉如下:

本公司股份及相關股份長倉

| Name of Directors 董事姓名 | Capacity 身分 | Number of shares held 所持股份數目 | Number of underlying shares held 所持相關 股份數目 | Total number of shares and underlying shares held 所持股份及 相關股份總數 | Approximate percentage of the issued share capital 佔已發行股本 概約百分比 |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Mr. Wong Hin Shek 王顯碩先生 | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | | 40,000,000 | 40,000,000 | 0.89% |
| Mr. Chi Chi Hung, Kenneth 季志雄先生 | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 23,000,000 | | 23,000,000 | 0.51% |
| Mr. Chui Kwong Kau 崔光球先生 | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 660,000 | - | 660,000 | 0.01% |
| Mr. Chiu Wai On 招偉安先生 | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | - | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 0.02% |
| Mr. Man Kwok Leung 萬國樑先生 | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | / - | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 0.02% |
| Dr. Wong Yun Kuen 黃潤權博士 | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 1715-1 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 0.02% |

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors and chief 除上文披露者外,董事及本公司行政總裁概 executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules.

無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券 及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債 券中,擁有任何根據證券及期貨條例第352 條須予記錄或根據上市規則所載標準守則須 另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益或短倉。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

As at 30 June 2016, the following shareholders (other than the Directors or the chief executive of the Company) had an interest or short positions in the shares or underlying shares as recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO and were directly or indirectly interest in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote on all circumstances at general meeting of any other members of the Group were as follows:

Long positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

主要股東及其他人士於本公司證券 之權益

於二零一六年六月三十日,下列股東(董事 或本公司行政總裁除外)於股份或相關股份 中擁有本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條 規定須存置之登記冊所記錄之權益或短倉, 並直接或間接擁有附有權利在任何情況下於 本集團任何其他成員公司之股東大會表決之 任何類別股本面值5%或以上之權益:

本公司股份及相關股份長倉

| Name of substantial shareholders | Capacity | Number of shares held | Number of underlying shares held 所持相關 | Total number of shares and underlying shares held 所持股份及 | Approximate percentage of the issued share capital 佔已發行股本 |
|---|---|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| 主要股東姓名/名稱 | 身分 | 所持股份數目 | 股份數目 | 相關股份總數 | 概約百分比 |
| Goldsure Limited (Note 1) 金信有限公司(附註1) | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | - | 1,238,095,238 | 1,238,095,238 | 27.62% |
| Mr. Tang Tong (Note 1) 唐通先生(附註1) | Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團權益 | - | 1,238,095,238 | 1,238,095,238 | 27.62% |
| Intense Rise Holdings Limited (Note 2) Intense Rise Holdings Limited (附註2) | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 1,120,007,125 | - | 1,120,007,125 | 24.98% |
| Mr. Choy Shiu Tim (Note 2) 蔡紹添先生(附註2) | Beneficial owner & Interest of controlled corporation 實益擁有人及 | 1,300,007,125 | - | 1,300,007,125 | 29.00% |

Notes:

- 1. The 1,238,095,238 convertible preference shares are held by Goldsure Limited, which is wholly-owned by Mr. Tang Tong. Thus, he is deemed to be interested in the 1,238,095,238 convertible preference shares held by Goldsure Limited pursuant to the SFO.
- 2. The 1,120,007,125 shares out of the 1,300,007,125 shares are held by Intense Rise Holdings Limited, which is wholly-owned by Mr. Choy Shiu Tim. Thus, he is deemed to be interested in the 1,120,007,125 shares held by Intense Rise Holdings Limited pursuant to the SFO.
- 3. The percentage is calculated on the basis of 4,483,113,900 shares in issue as at 30 June 2016.

Save as disclosed above, no person other than the Directors or the chief executive of the Company, whose interests are set out in the paragraph headed "Directors' and the chief executive's interests in securities of the Company", and Shareholders, whose interests are set out in the paragraph headed "Substantial Shareholders' and other persons' interests in securities of the Company" above, had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Details of the share option scheme of the Company and the movements during the year are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than the share option scheme of the Company, at no time during the year was the Company, or any of its holding companies, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors and chief executives of the Company (including their spouses and children under 18 years of age) to hold any interest or short positions in the shares, or underlying shares, or debentures, of the Company or its associated corporations (with the meaning of Part XV of the SFO). 附註:

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- 該1,238,095,238股可換股優先股由唐通先生全資 擁有之金信有限公司持有。因此,根據證券及期 貨條例,彼被視為於金信有限公司所持 1,238,095,238股可換股優先股中擁有權益。
- 1,300,007,125股股份其中1,120,007,125股由蔡紹 添先生全資擁有之Intense Rise Holdings Limited 持有。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,彼被視為於 Intense Rise Holdings Limited所持1,120,007,125 股股份中擁有權益。
 - 百分比乃根據於二零一六年六月三十日之 4,483,113,900股已發行股份計算得出。

除上文披露者外,除董事或本公司行政總裁 之權益(載於上文「董事及行政總裁於本公 司證券之權益」一段)及股東之權益(載於上 文「主要股東及其他人士於本公司證券之權 益」一段)外,概無其他人士於股份或相關股 份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予 記錄之已登記權益或短倉。

購股權計劃

有關本公司購股權計劃及年內變動之詳情載 於綜合財務報表附註38。

董事購買股份或債券的權利

除本公司購股權計劃外,本公司或其任何控股公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司於年內任何時間概無訂立任何安排促使董事及本公司主要行政人員(包括彼等的配偶及未成年子女)可於本公司或其聯營法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)任何股份、相關股份或債權證持有任何權益或淡倉。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year, no Directors or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had any interest in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which any of the Company's subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at any time during the year or at the end of the year.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save for the share option scheme of the Company, no equitylinked agreements were entered into by the Company, or existed during the year.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to Code Provision A.1.8 of the Corporate Governance Code set out under Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules and subject to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, the Company has arranged for appropriate insurance cover for directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of any losses or liabilities incurred, or any legal actions brought against the directors and senior management of the Group which may arise out of corporate activities. The permitted indemnity provision is in force for the benefit of the directors as required by section 470 of the Companies Ordinance.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than the share option scheme, at no time during the year was the Company or its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

董事於競爭業務之權益

年內,概無董事或彼等各自之聯繫人(定義 見上市規則)於與本集團業務構成競爭或可 能構成競爭之業務中擁有任何直接或間接權 益。

董事於交易、安排或合約之權益

除本年報所披露者外,概無本公司任何附屬 公司及同系附屬公司有份訂約並與本集團業 務有關,而董事或與董事有關連之實體直接 或間接擁有重大利益之重大交易、安排或合 約,於年內任何時間或年終仍然存續。

股權掛鈎協議

除本公司購股權計劃外,年內本公司並無訂 立任何股權掛鈎協議,亦無現存之該類協議。

經准許彌償準備金

根據上市規則附錄十四所載企業管治守則第 A.1.8條及遵照公司條例之條文,本公司已 就本集團董事及高級管理人員可能面對因企 業活動產生之任何損失或債務或任何法律訴 訟,為董事及行政人員之職責作適當之投保 安排。基於董事利益之獲准許彌償準備金根 據公司條例第470條之規定生效。

購買股份或債券之安排

除購股權計劃外,於年內任何時間,本公司 或其附屬公司概無訂立任何安排,致使董事 可藉購買本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份 或債券而獲益。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole and any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or in existence during the year.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

For the year ended 30 June 2016, the Company did not have any connected transactions which were subject to the reporting requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the year, as far as the Company is aware, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations by the Group that has a significant impact on the business and operations of the Group.

EMOLUMENT POLICY AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The emolument policy of the senior employees of the Company is set and recommended by the Remuneration Committee to the Board on the basis of the employees' merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the Directors are formulated and recommended by the Remuneration Committee to the Board, having regards to the Company's operating results, individual performance of the Directors and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to the Directors and eligible employees of the Company, details of which are set out in the note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

The Company encourages environmental protection and promotes awareness towards environmental protection. The Company has adhered to the concepts of recycling and reducing by implementing green office practices such as double-sided printing and copying, using recycle papers and reducing energy by switching off those idle lighting. The Board will review the Company's environmental saving practices and identify other energy efficiency opportunities from time to time.

管理合約

年內概無訂立或存在任何與本公司全部及任 何主要部分業務之管理及行政有關之合約。

關連交易

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度,本公司 並無進行任何須遵守上市規則第14A章項下 申報規定之關連交易。

遵守相關法律及法規

年內,就本公司所知,本集團並無重大違反 或不遵守對本集團業務及營運造成重大影響 之適用法律及法規。

薪酬政策及退休福利

本公司高級僱員之薪酬政策由薪酬委員會按 僱員價值、資質及能力釐定,並向董事會作 出建議。

董事的薪酬乃由薪酬委員會按本公司經營業 績、董事個人表現及可資比較市場數據制 定,並向董事會作出建議。

本公司已採納購股權計劃,作為對本公司董 事及合資格僱員之獎勵,詳情載綜合財務報 表附註36。

環境政策

本公司提倡環境保護並推廣保護環境意識。 本公司持守循環再造和節約減廢之理念,實 施綠色辦公室常規實務,例如實行雙面列印 和影印及使用再造紙,關掉無人使用之照明 以減少耗用能源。董事會將檢討本公司之環 保節約常規實務並不時發掘其他有利能源效 益之機會。

RELATIONSHIPS WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The Company recognises that employees are our valuable assets. Thus the Group provides competitive remuneration package to attract and motivate the employees. The Group regularly reviews the remuneration package of employees and makes necessary adjustments to conform to the market standard.

The Group also understands that it is important to maintain good relationship with business partners to achieve its longterm goals. Accordingly, our senior management have kept good communication, promptly exchanged ideas and shared business update with them when appropriate. During the year, there was no material and significant dispute between the Group and its business partners.

KEY RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Details of the estimation and the financial risk management of the Group are set out in notes 5 and 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Company is not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to shareholders of the Company by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for the exercise of any pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws, or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities for the year ended 30 June 2016.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Full details on the Company's corporate governance practices are set out on pages 21 to 30.

與利益相關人士之關係

本公司認同,僱員乃其寶貴資產。因此,本 集團提供具競爭力之薪酬待遇,以吸引並激 勵僱員。本集團定期檢討僱員之薪酬待遇, 並會因應市場標準而作出必要調整。

本集團亦明白,與商業夥伴保持良好商業關 係對達成其長遠目標而言屬至關重要。因 此,高級管理層會在適當情況下與彼等進行 良好溝通、適時交流想法及共享最新業務資 料。年內,本集團與其商業夥伴並無重大而 明顯之糾紛。

主要風險及不確定因素

有關本集團估計及財務風險管理之詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註5及40。

稅務寬免及豁免

本公司並不知悉本公司股東因持有本公司證券可獲任何税務寬免及豁免。

優先購買權

本公司細則或百慕達法例並無有關行使任何 優先購買權之條文,規定本公司須按比例向 現有股東優先提呈發售新股。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度,本公司 或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本 公司任何上市證券。

企業管治

本公司企業管治常規之全面詳情載於第21 至30頁。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee was established with written terms of reference which are in line with the CG Code and comprises three independent non-executive Directors.

The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management of the Company and the external auditor the Group's annual results for the year ended 30 June 2016, and was of the opinion that the preparation of such results are in compliance with the relevant accounting standards, rules and regulations and that adequate disclosures have been made.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and to the best knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's issued share capital were held by members of the public as at the date of this report as required under the Listing Rules.

AUDITOR

The financial statements for the year have been audited by BDO Limited who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board

Wong Hin Shek Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 29 September 2016

審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會,並制定符合企業 管治守則之書面職權範圍,成員包括三名獨 立非執行董事。

審核委員會已聯同本公司管理層及外聘核數 師審閱本集團截至二零一六年六月三十日止 年度之全年業績,並認為該業績之編製符合 相關會計準則、規則及規例,且已作出充分 披露。

足夠公眾持股量

根據可供本公司公開查閱之資料及就董事所 深知,本公司於本報告日期已按上市規則規 定由公眾人士持有最少25%已發行股本。

核數師

本年度財務報表已由香港立信德豪會計師事 務所有限公司審核,而香港立信德豪會計師 事務所有限公司將退任,並符合資格願意續 聘連任。

代表董事會

主席兼執行董事 <mark>王顯碩</mark>

香港,二零一六年九月二十九日

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



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TO THE MEMBERS OF DETAI NEW ENERGY GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of DeTai New Energy Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 44 to 163, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at 30 June 2016, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of Company Act of the Bermuda, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

致德泰新能源集團有限公司列位股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載於 第44至163頁德泰新能源集團有限公司(「貴 公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)之綜 合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零 一六年六月三十日之綜合財務狀況表,以及 截至該日止年度之綜合全面收益表、綜合權 益變動表及綜合現金流量表,連同主要會計 政策概要及其他解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈 之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露 規定編製及真實而公平地列報綜合財務報 表,以及作出董事認為就使綜合財務報表不 存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述 而言屬必要之內部監控。

核數師之責任

我們之責任是根據我們之審核對綜合財務報 表發表意見,並按照百慕達公司法第90條僅 向 閣下(作為團體)匯報,除此以外本報告 並無任何其他目的。我們並不就本報告之內 容對任何其他人士承擔任何責任或負責。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審計 準則進行審核。這些準則要求我們遵守道德 規範,並規劃及執行審核,以合理確定綜合 財務報表是否不存在重大錯誤陳述。

TO THE MEMBERS OF DETAI NEW ENERGY GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY (Continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2016, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BDO Limited *Certified Public Accountants*

Lui Chi Kin Practising Certificate Number P06162 Hong Kong, 29 September 2016

致德泰新能源集團有限公司列位股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

核數師之責任(續)

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表 所載數額及披露資料之審核憑證。所選定程 序取決於核數師之判斷,包括評估由於欺詐 或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存有重大錯誤 動。在評估該等風險時,核數師考誤 與該公司編製及真實而公平地列報綜合財務 報表相關之內部監控,以設計適當之審核 見。審核亦包括評估董事所採用之會計 之合適性及所作出之會計估計之合理性,以 及評估綜合財務報表之整體列報方式。

我們相信,我們所獲得之審核憑證充足和適 當地為我們之審核意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報 告準則真實而公平地反映 貴集團於二零 一六年六月三十日之財務狀況,以及 其截 至該日止年度之財務表現及現金流量,並已 遵守香港公司條例之披露規定妥為編製。

<mark>香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司</mark> 執業會計師

呂智健 執業證書號碼 P06162 香港,二零一六年九月二十九日

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

| | | | 2016 二零一六年 | 2015 二零一五年 |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Notes 附註 | —— 八平 HK\$′000 千港元 | ੍_ 五平 HK\$′000 千港元 |
| Continuing operations | 持續經營業務 | | | |
| Turnover Cost of sales | 營業額 銷售成本 | 6 | 16,434 (11,031) | 49,698 (21,453) |
| Gross profit | 毛利 | 7 | 5,403 | 28,245 |
| Interest income Other income and gain | 利息收入 其他收入及收益 | 7 | 7,360 371 | 2,528 20 |
| Selling and distribution expenses General and administrative expenses | 銷售及分銷開支 一般及行政開支 | | (2,646) (165,124) | (3,190) (119,230) |
| Finance costs Reversal of impairment loss on | 融資成本 應收貸款減值虧損撥回 | 10 | (17,546) | (17,100) |
| loans receivable Impairment loss on intangible assets | 無形資產減值虧損 | 21 15 | 8,550 (91,340) | 600 |
| Impairment loss on goodwill Impairment loss on property, | 商譽減值虧損物業、廠房及設備減值 | 16 | (363,046) | / / / - |
| plant and equipment | 虧損 | 14 | (13,476) | - |
| Change in fair value of compensation from profit guarantee | 溢利保證補償公平值變動 | 22.2 | 100,000 | - |
| Change in fair value of derivative financial instrument | 衍生金融工具公平值變動 | 19 | 49,836 | - / / / |
| Change in fair value of listed equity investments | 上市股本投資公平值變動 | 22.1 | (74,959) | 67,414 |
| Change in fair value of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | 按公平值計入損益之 金融負債公平值變動 | | - | 10,575 |
| Loss before income tax | 所得税前虧損 | 8 | (556,617) | (30,138) |
| Income tax credit | 所得税抵免 | 11 | 25,020 | 1,216 |
| Loss after income tax from | 持續經營業務之 | | | (00,000) |
| continuing operations | 所得税後虧損 | | (531,597) | (28,922) |
| Discontinued operations Profit for the year from | 已終止經營業務 已終止經營業務之 | | | |
| discontinuéd operations | 年內溢利 | 34.1 | - | 40,445 |
| (Loss)/profit for the year | 年內(虧損)/溢利 | | (531,597) | 11,523 |
| Other comprehensive income Items that may be subsequently | 其他全面收入 其後將重新分類至損益 | | | |
| reclassified to profit or loss | 之項目 | | | |
| Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations | 換算海外業務所產生 | | (44,139) | (4,638) |
| Change in fair value of available-for-sale investments | 可供出售投資公平值 變動 | 19 | 33,816 | |
| Release of exchange reserve to profit or loss upon disposal of | 出售附屬公司時 轉出至損益之 | | | |
| subsidiaries | 外匯儲備 | 34.2 | - | (35,890) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | 年內其他全面收入 | | (10,323) | (40,528) |
| Total comprehensive income | 年內全面收入總額 | /// | | |
| for the year | 「「」」上回"入八意"。 | | (541,920) | (29,005) |

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

| | | 2016 | 2015 |
|----------|--|---|---|
| | Notes 附註 | 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| 下列人十雁佔年內 | | | 19 |
| (虧損)/溢利: | | | |
| 本公司擁有人 | | (494,057) | 12,055 |
| 非控股權益 | | (37,540) | (532 |
| | | (531,597) | 11,523 |
| 下列人士應佔年內 | | | |
| 全面收入總額: | | | |
| | | | (28,471 |
| 非投版催益 | | (40,508) | (534 |
| | | (541,920) | (29,005 |
| 木八司擁有人產化 | | | |
| | | | |
| | 13 | | |
| 持續經營業務及 | | | |
| | | (44.00) | 0.00 |
| — 基 4 | | | 0.33 HK cent港仙 |
| | | | |
| 一攤薄 | | N/A 不適用 | N/A不適用 |
| | | | |
| | | (11.02) | (0.77 |
| | | HK cents 港仙 | HK cent港仙 |
| — 攤薄 | | N/A 不適用 | N/A不適用 |
| | | | |
| 已終止經營業務 | | | |
| 一基本 | | | 1.10 |
| | - | N/A个週用 | HK cent港仙 |
| | | | |
| | 本公司擁有人 非控股權益 下列人士應佔年內 全面收入總額: 本公司擁有人總額: 本公司擁有人應佔 每股(虧損)/盈利: 持續經營業務及 已終止經營業務 一基本 一攤薄 持續經營業務 一基本 | ド列人士應佔年內 (虧損)/溢利: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益 下列人士應佔年內 全面收入總額: 本公司擁有人應佔 客收(虧損)/盈利: 非控股權益 加 指續經營業務及 已終止經營業務 一基本 一攤薄 持續經營業務 一基本 一攤薄 已終止經營業務 一攤薄 已終止經營業務 一攤薄 已終止經營業務 | Notes 附註 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 下列人士應佔年內 (虧損)/溢利: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益 (494,057) (37,540) 下列人士應佔年內 全面收入總額: 本公司擁有人 主座股權益 (531,597) 下列人士應佔年內 全面收入總額: 本公司擁有人 主座股權益 (501,412) (40,508) 本公司擁有人應佔 每股(虧損)/盈利: 指續經營業務及 已終止經營業務 一基本 13 持續經營業務及 已終止經營業務 一基本 13 一攤薄 N/A 不適用 持續經營業務 一基本 (11.02) HK cents 港仙 一攤薄 N/A 不適用 日、 日、 長族上經營業務 一攤薄 N/A 不適用 日、 N/A 不適用 |

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 30 June 2016 於二零一六年六月三十日

| | | | 2016 二零一六年 | 2015 二零一五年 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | | Notes 附註 | | |
| ASSETS AND LIABILITIES | 資產及負債 | | | |
| Non-current assets | 非流動資產 | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 物業、廠房及設備 | 14 | 19,787 | 26,648 |
| Intangible assets | 無形資產 | 15 | - | 116,112 |
| Goodwill | 商譽 | 16 | - | 388,766 |
| Prepayments | 預付款項 | 17 | 6,425 | 12,880 |
| Available-for-sale investments | 可供出售投資 | 18 | 262,671 | |
| Derivative financial instrument | 衍生金融工具 | 19 | 215,426 | |
| Total non-current assets | 非流動資產總值 | | 504,309 | 544,406 |
| | 计 司 波 立 | | | |
| Current assets | 流動資產 | 00 | 04.270 | 07.00(|
| Inventories | 存貨 | 20 | 84,360 | 97,286 |
| Trade receivables, other receivables, | 貿易應收賬項、 | | | |
| deposits and prepayments | 其他應收款項、 | 47 | 04.004 | 000 440 |
| | 按金及預付款項 | 17 | 86,326 | 300,412 |
| Loans receivable | 應收貸款 | 21 | 70,133 | 200,164 |
| Financial assets at fair value | 按公平值計入損益之 | 00 | 004 504 | 045 540 |
| through profit or loss | 金融資產 | 22 | 204,526 | 215,519 |
| Bank balances and cash | 銀行結餘及現金 | 23 | 63,846 | 179,585 |
| Total current assets | 流動資產總值 | | 509,191 | 992,966 |
| Current liabilities | 流動負債 | | | |
| Trade payables, other advances | 貿易應付賬項、 | | | |
| and accruals | 其他墊款及 | | | |
| | 應計費用 | 24 | 16,711 | 21,756 |
| Borrowing | 借貸 | 25 | 1,558 | 21,700 |
| Corporate bonds | 公司債券 | 26 | 71,963 | / _ |
| Tax payable | 應付税項 | 20 | 9,768 | 10,413 |
| Total current liabilities | 流動負債總額 | | 100,000 | 22 160 |
| | 川圳只同総領 | | 100,000 | 32,169 |
| Net current assets | 流動資產淨值 | | 409,191 | 960,797 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | 總資產減流動負債 | | 913,500 | 1,505,203 |

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 30 June 2016 於二零一六年六月三十日

| | | | 2016 | 2015 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Notes 附註 | 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Non-current liabilities | 非流動負債 | | | 10 |
| Corporate bonds | 齐灬勤員員 公司債券 | 26 | 110,858 | 179,704 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 遞延税項負債 | 27 | - | 25,817 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 非流動負債總額 | | 110,858 | 205,521 |
| Net assets | 資產淨值 | | 802,642 | 1,299,682 |
| | 神 光 | | | |
| EQUITY Share capital | 權益 股本 | 28 | 224,156 | 223,856 |
| Reserves | 儲備 | 20 | 579,106 | 1,035,938 |
| Equity attributable to owners of | 木公司擁有上產化據关 | | | |
| the Company | 本公司擁有人應佔權益 | | 803,262 | 1,259,794 |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股權益 | | (620) | 39,888 |
| Total equity | 總權益 | 41/ | 802,642 | 1,299,682 |

These consolidated financial statements on pages 44 to 163 第44至163頁之綜合財務報表已於二零一六 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 September 2016 and are signed on its behalf by:

年九月二十九日獲董事會批准及授權刊發, 並由下列董事代表簽署:

| Wong Hin Shek | Chi Chi Hung, Kenneth |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| 王顯碩 | 季志雄 |

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

| | | | | Ec | quity attributa | ble to owners | of the Compar | ıy | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------------|
| | | | | | | 司擁有人應(| | | | | | |
| | | Share capital 股本 | | Contributed surplus* 繳入盈餘* | Exchange reserve* 外匯儲備* | Statutory reserve fund* 法定 儲備基金* | Special reserve* 特殊儲備* | Share option reserve* 購股權 儲備* | Accumulated losses* 累計 虧損* | Total 總計 | Non- controlling interests 非控股 權益 | Total equity 總權益 |
| | | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 (note (a)) (附註(a)) | HK\$'000 千港元 (note (c)) (附註(c)) | HK\$'000 千港元 (note (d)) (附註(d)) | HK\$'000 千港元 (note (e)) (附註(e)) | HK\$'000 千港元 (note (f)) (附註(f)) | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 |
| At 1 July 2014 | 於二零一四年七月一日 | 179,721 | 610,635 | 340,932 | 37,527 | 16,900 | (43,246) | 78,038 | (473,189) | 747,318 | 113 | 747,431 |
| Arising from acquisition of subsidiaries (note 33) | 收購附屬公司所產生(附註33) | _ | | - | - | - | | - | | - | 40,309 | 40,309 |
| ssue of shares for acquisition of subsidiaries (note 33) Share issued upon exercise of | 就收購附屬公司發行股份 (附註33) 購股權獲行使時發行股份 | 35,000 | 413,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 448,000 | - | 448,000 |
| share options telease of statutory reserve fund | 出售附屬公司時轉出至損益之 | 9,135 | 67,370 | | | 6 | - | (17,780) | - | 58,725 | - | 58,72 |
| to profit or loss upon disposal of subsidiaries | 法定儲備基金 | - | - | - | | (14,005) | - | - | 14,005 | - | - | |
| Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment expenses | 確認以股本結算之股份付款開支 | - | 4 | - | _ | - | - | 34,222 | - 1 | 34,222 | - | 34,222 |
| apse of share options | 購股權失效 | | - | - | - | - | | (6,452) | 6,452 | - | - | |
| Transaction with owners | 與擁有人之交易 | 44,135 | 480,370 | - | | (14,005) | - | 9,990 | 20,457 | 540,947 | 40,309 | 581,256 |
| Comprehensive income Profit for the year Other comprehensive income | 全面收入 年內溢利 其他全面收入 | - | - | - | - | | | | 12,055 | 12,055 | (532) | 11,523 |
| Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Release of exchange reserve | 換算海外業務所產生匯兑 差額 出售附屬公司時轉出至損益 | - | - | - | (4,636) | - | | - | - | (4,636) | (2) | (4,638 |
| to profit or loss upon disposal of subsidiaries | 之外匯儲備 | - | - | - | (35,890) | - | - | - | - | (35,890) | - | (35,89) |
| iotal comprehensive income for the year | 年內全面收入總額 | 6. | | | (40,526) | | | | 12,055 | (28,471) | (534) | (29,005 |
| At 30 June 2015 | 於二零一五年六月三十日 | 223,856 | 1,091,005 | 340,932 | (2,999) | 2,895 | (43,246) | 88,028 | (440,677) | 1,259,794 | 39,888 | 1,299,682 |

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

| | | | | | Equity at | tributable to ov 本公司擁有ノ | | ompany | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---|--|---|---|---|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | Share capital | Share premium* | Contributed surplus* | Available- for-sale investments revaluation reserve* 可供出售 | Exchange reserve* | Statutory reserve fund* | Special reserve* | Share option reserve* | Accumulated losses* | Total | Non- controlling interests | Total equity |
| | | 股本 HK\$'000 千港元 | 股份溢價* HK\$′000 千港元 | 繳入盈餘* HK\$'000 千港元 (note (a)) (附註(a)) | 投資重估 儲備* HK\$'000 千港元 (note (b)) (附註(b)) | 外匯儲備* HK\$'000 千港元 (note (c)) (附註(c)) | 法定 儲備基金* HK\$'000 千港元 (note (d)) (附註(d)) | 特殊儲備* HK\$'000 千港元 (note (e)) (附註(e)) | 購股權 儲備* HK\$'000 千港元 (note (f)) (附註(f)) | 累計虧損* HK\$'000 千港元 | 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 | 非控股 權益 HK\$'000 千港元 | 總權益 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| At 1 July 2015 | 於二零一五年七月一日 | 223,856 | 1,091,005 | 340,932 | - | (2,999) | 2,895 | (43,246) | 88,028 | (440,677) | 1,259,794 | 39,888 | 1,299,682 |
| Share issued upon exercise of share options Recognition of equity-settled | 購股權獲行使時發行股份 確認以股本結算之股份 | 300 | 2,141 | - | - | - | - | - | (586) | - | 1,855 | - | 1,855 |
| share-based payment expenses Lapse of share options | 唯165000年60月之1000 付款開支 購股權失效 | 1 | - | : | - | - | - | - | 43,025 (32,394) | - 32,394 | 43,025 - | - | 43,025 |
| Transactions with owners | 與擁有人之交易 | 300 | 2,141 | - | - | - | - | - | 10,045 | 32,394 | 44,880 | - | 44,880 |
| Comprehensive income Loss for the year Other comprehensive income | 全面收入 年內虧損 其他全面收入 | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - | (494,057) | (494,057) | (37,540) | (531,597) |
| Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Change in fair value of available-for- | 換算海外業務所產生 匯兑差額 可供出售投資公平值 | - | - | | | (41,171) | - | - | - | - | (41,171) | (2,968) | (44,139) |
| sale investments | 變動 | - | - | - | 33,816 | - | - | - | - | - | 33,816 | - | 33,816 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 年內全面收入總額 | - | - | - | 33,816 | (41,171) | - | - | - | (494,057) | (501,412) | (40,508) | (541,920) |
| At 30 June 2016 | 放二零一六年六月三十日 | 224, 156 | 1,093,146 | 340,932 | 33,816 | (44,170) | 2,895 | (43,246) | 98,073 | (902,340) | 803,262 | (620) | 802,642 |

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

* These reserve accounts comprise of the consolidated reserves of HK\$579,106,000 (2015: HK\$1,035,938,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Notes:

- (a) In prior years, the Group undertook capital reorganisations resulting in the elimination of: (i) the share premium account of the Company with a balance of HK\$260,881,000 as at 30 September 2005 against accumulated losses of HK\$88,157,000 as at that date with the remaining balance of HK\$172,724,000 credited to contributed surplus of the Company; and (ii) share capital of the Company of HK\$168,208,000 which was credited to contributed surplus of the Company.
- (b) Available-for-sale investments revaluation reserve represents gains/ losses arising on recognising financial assets classified as available-forsale at fair value.
- (c) Exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising on the translation financial statements of foreign operations.
- (d) According to articles of association of the Group's subsidiaries operating in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), the subsidiaries are required to transfer 10% of their net profit as determined in accordance with the PRC Accounting Rules and Regulations to their statutory reserve fund until the statutory reserve fund reaches 50% of the respective registered capital. The transfer to this reserve must be made before distribution of dividend to equity holders of the PRC subsidiaries.
- (e) Special reserve arose from the business combination carried out by the Company in 2004, which was accounted for as a reverse acquisition. Details of the transaction were set out in the circular of the Company dated 14 June 2004.
- (f) Share option reserve represents the fair value of the share options granted to the eligible parties at the grant date.

該等儲備賬包括綜合財務狀況表內之綜合儲備 579,106,000港元(二零一五年:1,035,938,000港 元)。

附註:

(C)

(f)

- (a) 本集團於過往年度曾進行多次股本重組,導致(i) 本公司於二零零五年九月三十日之股份溢價賬結 餘260,881,000港元對銷該日之累計虧損 88,157,000港元,餘額172,724,000港元則計入本 公司繳入盈餘;及(ii)對銷計入本公司繳入盈餘之 本公司股本168,208,000港元。
- (b) 可供出售投資重估儲備指於確認按公平值分類為 可供出售之金融資產時產生之收益/虧損。
 - 外匯儲備包括換算海外業務財務報表所產生所有 匯兑差額。
- (d) 根據本集團於中華人民共和國(「中國」)經營之附 屬公司之組織章程細則,附屬公司須按中國會計 規則及規例所釐定將純利之10%轉撥至法定儲備 基金,直至法定儲備基金達至其註冊資本之 50%。轉撥至此儲備必須於向中國附屬公司權益 持有人分派股息之前進行。
- (e) 特殊儲備乃由於本公司在二零零四年進行業務合 併而產生,該項業務合併已列作一項逆向收購。 交易詳情載於本公司日期為二零零四年六月十四 日之通函。
 - 購股權儲備指於授出日期向合資格人士所授出購 股權之公平值。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

| | | | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|-----------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | Notes | 二零一六年 HK\$′000 | 二零一五年 HK\$'000 |
| | | 附註 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | 經營業務之現金流量 | | | |
| Loss before income tax Continuing operations Discontinued operations | 所得税前虧損 持續經營業務 已終止經營業務 | | (556,617) – | (30,138) (218) |
| Total | 總計 | | (556,617) | (30,356) |
| Adjustments for: Depreciation of property, | 就下列項目作出調整: 物業、廠房及設備折舊 | | | |
| plant and equipment | | 8 | 6,721 | 7,706 |
| Amortisation of intangible assets Amortisation of issuance cost of | 無形資產攤銷 公司債券發行成本攤銷 | 8 | 17,640 | 1,489 |
| corporate bonds | ム 可 頃 分 發 1 〕 风 平 輝 朝 | 8 | 3,117 | 2,353 |
| Write-down of inventories | 撇減存貨 | 8 | 7,739 | 1,103 |
| Amortisation of prepaid lease payments | 預付土地租金攤銷 | | | |
| for land | | | _ | 104 |
| Impairment loss on trade receivables Reversal of impairment loss on | 貿易應收賬項減值虧損 | 8 | 42,959 | 19,133 |
| loans receivable | 應收貸款減值虧損撥回 | 21 | (8,550) | (600) |
| Impairment loss on intangible assets | 無形資產減值虧損 | 15 | 91,340 | (000) |
| Impairment loss on property, | 物業、廠房及設備 | | | |
| plant and equipment | 減值虧損 | 14 | 13,476 | - |
| Impairment loss on goodwill | 商譽減值虧損 | 16 | 363,046 | |
| Impairment loss on available-for-sale investments | 可供出售投資減值虧損 | 18 | 2,864 | - |
| Change in fair value of compensation from profit guarantee | 溢利保證補償公平值 變動 | 22.2 | (100,000) | _ |
| Change in fair value of derivative | 衍生金融工具公平值 | 22.2 | (100,000) | |
| financial instrument | 變動 | 19 | (49,836) | _ |
| Share-based payment expenses | 股份付款開支 | 8 | 43,025 | 34,222 |
| Change in fair value of financial assets | 按公平值計入損益之 | | | |
| at fair value through profit or loss | 金融資產公平值變動 | 22.1 | 74,959 | (67,414) |
| Change in fair value of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | 按公平值計入損益之 金融負債公平值變動 | | | (10,671) |
| Loss on disposal of property, | 金融貝俱公平值愛動 出售物業、廠房及設備 | | | (10,071) |
| plant and equipment | 之虧損 | 8 | 694 | 14 |
| Bank interest income | 銀行利息收入 | 8 | (27) | (2,528) |
| Finance costs | 融資成本 | 10 | 17,546 | 19,047 |

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

| | | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|--|---|---|
| | | 二零一六年 HK\$'000 | 二零一五年 HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Operating loss before working | 營運資金變動前之經營虧損 | | |
| capital changes | | (29,904) | (26,398 |
| Decrease in inventories | 存貨減少 | 5,187 | 17,026 |
| Increase in trade receivables, | 貿易應收賬項、其他應收 | | |
| other receivables, deposits | 款項、按金及預付款項 | | |
| and prepayments | 增加 | (2,418) | (39,058 |
| Increase in bills receivable | 應收票據增加 | - | (5,767 |
| Decrease/(increase) in loans receivable | 應收貸款減少/(增加) | 138,581 | (133,954 |
| Decrease/(increase) in financial assets | 按公平值計入損益之金融資產 | | |
| at fair value through profit or loss | 減少/(增加) | 36,034 | (62,616 |
| Decrease in trade payables, | 貿易應付賬項、其他墊款 | | |
| other advances and accruals | 及應計費用減少 | (5,045) | (59,234 |
| Decrease in bills payable | 應付票據減少 | - | (1,460 |
| | | | |
| Cash generated from/(used in) operations | | 142,435 | (311,461 |
| Tax paid | 已付税項 | (10) | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | 經營業務所得/(所用)現金淨額 | | 14 |
| Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities | 經營業務所得/(所用)現金淨額 | 142,425 | (311,461 |
| operating activities | | 142,425 | (311,461 |
| operating activities nvesting activities | 投資活動 | 142,425 | (311,461 |
| operating activities nvesting activities Net cash inflow from disposal | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 | 142,425 | |
| operating activities nvesting activities Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額 | - | 130,094 |
| operating activities nvesting activities Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries Bank interest income received | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額 已收銀行利息收入 | 142,425 27 | 130,094 |
| operating activities nvesting activities Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries Bank interest income received Net cash inflow from acquisition | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額 | - | 130,094 2,528 |
| operating activities nvesting activities Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries Bank interest income received Net cash inflow from acquisition of subsidiaries | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額 已收銀行利息收入 收購附屬公司之現金流入淨額 | - | 130,094 2,528 |
| operating activities nvesting activities Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries Bank interest income received Net cash inflow from acquisition of subsidiaries Purchase of property, | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額 已收銀行利息收入 | 27 | 130,094 2,528 1,339 |
| operating activities nvesting activities Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries Bank interest income received Net cash inflow from acquisition of subsidiaries Purchase of property, plant and equipment | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額 已收銀行利息收入 收購附屬公司之現金流入淨額 購置物業、廠房及設備 | 27 (16,033) | 130,094 2,528 1,339 |
| operating activities nvesting activities Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries Bank interest income received Net cash inflow from acquisition of subsidiaries Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of available-for-sale investments | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額 已收銀行利息收入 收購附屬公司之現金流入淨額 購置物業、廠房及設備 購買可供出售投資 | 27 | 130,094 2,528 1,339 |
| operating activities nvesting activities Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries Bank interest income received Net cash inflow from acquisition of subsidiaries Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of available-for-sale investments Sales proceeds of property, | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額 已收銀行利息收入 收購附屬公司之現金流入淨額 購置物業、廠房及設備 購買可供出售投資 物業、廠房及設備之銷售 | 27 (16,033) (9,309) | 130,094 2,528 1,339 |
| operating activities nvesting activities Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries Bank interest income received Net cash inflow from acquisition of subsidiaries Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of available-for-sale investments Sales proceeds of property, plant and equipment | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額 已收銀行利息收入 收購附屬公司之現金流入淨額 購置物業、廠房及設備 購買可供出售投資 物業、廠房及設備之銷售 所得款項 | 27 (16,033) | 130,094 2,528 1,339 |
| operating activities nvesting activities Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries Bank interest income received Net cash inflow from acquisition of subsidiaries Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of available-for-sale investments Sales proceeds of property, plant and equipment Decrease/(increase) in prepayment | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額 已收銀行利息收入 收購附屬公司之現金流入淨額 購置物業、廠房及設備 購買可供出售投資 物業、廠房及設備之銷售 所得款項 認購可換股債券之預付款項 | - 27 - (16,033) (9,309) 781 | 130,094 2,528 1,339 (14,311 |
| Investing activities Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries Bank interest income received Net cash inflow from acquisition of subsidiaries Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of available-for-sale investments Sales proceeds of property, plant and equipment Decrease/(increase) in prepayment for subscription of convertible bonds | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額 已收銀行利息收入 收購附屬公司之現金流入淨額 購置物業、廠房及設備 購買可供出售投資 物業、廠房及設備之銷售 所得款項 認購可換股債券之預付款項 減少/(增加) | - 27 - (16,033) (9,309) 781 180,000 | 130,094 2,528 1,339 (14,311 |
| operating activities nvesting activities Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries Bank interest income received Net cash inflow from acquisition of subsidiaries Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of available-for-sale investments Sales proceeds of property, plant and equipment Decrease/(increase) in prepayment for subscription of convertible bonds Subscription of convertible bonds | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額 已收銀行利息收入 收購附屬公司之現金流入淨額 購置物業、廠房及設備 購買可供出售投資 物業、廠房及設備之銷售 所得款項 認購可換股債券之預付款項 減少/(增加) 認購可換股債券 | - 27 - (16,033) (9,309) 781 | 130,094 2,528 1,339 (14,311 - - - (180,000 |
| operating activities nvesting activities Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries Bank interest income received Net cash inflow from acquisition of subsidiaries Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of available-for-sale investments Sales proceeds of property, plant and equipment Decrease/(increase) in prepayment for subscription of convertible bonds | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額 已收銀行利息收入 收購附屬公司之現金流入淨額 購置物業、廠房及設備 購買可供出售投資 物業、廠房及設備之銷售 所得款項 認購可換股債券之預付款項 減少/(增加) | - 27 - (16,033) (9,309) 781 180,000 | (311,461 130,094 2,528 1,339 (14,311 |
| operating activities nvesting activities Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries Bank interest income received Net cash inflow from acquisition of subsidiaries Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of available-for-sale investments Sales proceeds of property, plant and equipment Decrease/(increase) in prepayment for subscription of convertible bonds Subscription of convertible bonds Decrease in pledged deposits | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額 已收銀行利息收入 收購附屬公司之現金流入淨額 購置物業、廠房及設備 購買可供出售投資 物業、廠房及設備之銷售 所得款項 認購可換股債券之預付款項 減少/(增加) 認購可換股債券 已抵押存款減少 | - 27 - (16,033) (9,309) 781 180,000 | 130,094 2,528 1,339 (14,311 - - - (180,000 |
| operating activities nvesting activities Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries Bank interest income received Net cash inflow from acquisition of subsidiaries Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of available-for-sale investments Sales proceeds of property, plant and equipment Decrease/(increase) in prepayment for subscription of convertible bonds Subscription of convertible bonds | 投資活動 出售附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額 已收銀行利息收入 收購附屬公司之現金流入淨額 購置物業、廠房及設備 購買可供出售投資 物業、廠房及設備之銷售 所得款項 認購可換股債券之預付款項 減少/(增加) 認購可換股債券 | - 27 - (16,033) (9,309) 781 180,000 | 130,094 2,528 1,339 (14,311 - - - (180,000 |

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|--|-----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Financing activities | 融資活動 | | |
| Interest paid on borrowings and corporate bonds | 已繳借貸及公司債券利息 | (17,546) | (19,047) |
| Net proceeds from issue of shares | 購股權獲行使時發行股份所得 | (17,040) | (17,047) |
| upon exercise of share options | 款項淨額 | 1,855 | 58,725 |
| Net proceeds from issue of | 發行公司債券所得款項淨額 | | 107.005 |
| corporate bonds Proceeds from borrowings | 新增借貸 | - 1,558 | 107,825 16,425 |
| Repayments of borrowings | 償還借貸 | - | (135,859) |
| | | | |
| Net cash (used in)/generated | 融資活動(所用)/所得現金淨額 | | |
| from financing activities | | (14,133) | 28,069 |
| Net decrease in cash and | 現金及現金等值項目減少淨額 | | |
| cash equivalents | | (104,242) | (222,208) |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate, net | 医安德利之河已续 | (44,407) | |
| enect of foreign exchange rate, net | 匯率變動之淨影響 | (11,497) | (4,785 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at | 年初現金及現金等值項目 | | |
| beginning of the year | | 179,585 | 406,578 |
| | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year | 年終現金及現金等值項目 | 63,846 | 179,585 |
| or the year | | 03,040 | 177,000 |
| Analysis of the balances of | 現金及現金等值項目結餘分析 | | |
| cash and cash equivalents | | | |
| Bank balances and cash | 銀行結餘及現金 | 63,846 | 179,585 |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

DeTai New Energy Group Limited (the "Company") is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the Company's registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda and its principal place of business is 12/F., Henley Building, 5 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are principally engaged in the businesses of (i) manufacturing and trading of electric cycles; (ii) trading and distribution of liquor and wine; (iii) provision of money lending services; and (iv) investments in listed securities.

Pursuant to the passing of a special resolution at the Annual General Meeting held on 19 November 2015, the English name of the Company was changed from "Guocang Group Limited" to "DeTai New Energy Group Limited" and the Chinese name of the Company was changed from "國藏集團有限公司" to "德泰新能源集團 有限公司". The Certificate of Incorporation on Change of Name and the Certificate of Secondary Name were issued by the Registrar of Companies in Bermuda with effect from 25 November 2015.

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSS")

(a) Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs

In the current year, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") has applied for the first time the following new standards, amendments and interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, which are relevant to and effective for the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning on 1 July 2015:

HKFRSs (Amendments) Annual Improvement 2010–2012 HKFRSs (Amendments) Annual Improvement 2011–2013

The adoption of these amendments has no significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

1. 一般資料

德泰新能源集團有限公司(「本公司」) 在百慕達註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司, 其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯 交所」)上市。本公司註冊辦事處地址 為 Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda,而其主要 營業地點地址為香港皇后大道中5號衡 怡大廈12樓。

本公司為一家投資控股公司。本公司 附屬公司之主要業務為:(i)製造及買賣 電動自行車:(ii)買賣及分銷酒類產品; (iii)提供借貸服務;及(iv)上市證券投資。

根據於二零一五年十一月十九日舉行 之股東週年大會通過之特別決議案, 本公司之英文名稱由「Guocang Group Limited」 改 為「DeTai New Energy Group Limited」,而本公司之中文名稱 則由「國藏集團有限公司」改為「德泰 新能源集團有限公司」。百慕達公司註 冊處處長已發出更改名稱註冊證明書 及第二名稱註冊證明書,自二零一五 年十一月二十五日起生效。

採納香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)

(a) 採納新訂/經修訂香港財務 報告準則 於本年度,本公司及其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)首次應用以下由 香港會計師公會頒佈之新訂準 則、修訂及詮釋與本集團於二零 一五年七月一日開始之年度期間 之綜合財務報表相關,並適用於 該等綜合財務報表:

> 香港財務報告準則(修訂本) 二零一零年至二零一二年之年度改進 香港財務報告準則(修訂本) 二零一一年至二零一三年之年度改進

> 採納該等修訂對本集團之財務報 表並無重大影響。

| 2. | FIN | OPTION OF HO IANCIAL REPO IKFRSs") (Contin | RTING STANDARDS | 2. | 採約財務 | 內香港財務報告 各報告準則」)(繆 | 達則(「香港 |
|----|-----|--|---|----|---|---|---|
| | (b) | | KFRSs that have been not yet effective | | (b) | 已 頒 佈 但 尚 訂/經修訂香 則 | 未 生 效 之 新 巷財務報告準 |
| | | The following new relevant to the Grou been issued, but a not been early adop | | | 本集團並無提早打 本集團財務報表 尚未生效之新訂, 務報告準則: | 有關之已頒佈但 | |
| | | HKFRSs (Amendments) | Annual Improvement 2012–2014 Cycle ¹ | | | 香港財務報告準則(修訂本) | 二零一二年至二零一四年 週期之年度改進 ¹ |
| | | Amendments to HKAS 1 Amendments to HKAS 7 Amendments to HKAS 12 | Disclosure Initiative ¹ Disclosure Initiative ² Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets | | | 香港會計準則第1號之修訂 香港會計準則第7號之修訂 香港會計準則第12號之修訂 | 波露計劃1 披露計劃2 就未變現虧損作出 遞延税項資產之確認2 |
| | | HKAS16 and HKAS 38 Amendments to HKAS 27 | for Unrealised Losses ² Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation ¹ Equity Method in Separate Financial | | | 香港會計準則第16號及 香港會計準則第38號 香港會計準則第27號之修訂 | 過延低項貨產之確認。 澄清折舊及攤銷之 可接受方法1 獨立財務報表之權益法1 |
| | | HKFRS 9 (2014) | Statements ¹ Financial Instruments ³ | | | 香港財務報告準則第9號 (二零一四年) | 金融工具3 |
| | | Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 | Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception ¹ | | | 香港財務報告準則第10號、 香港財務報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則第28號之修訂 | 投資實體:應用綜合入賬 之例外情況1 |
| | | Amendments to HKFRS 15 | from Contracts with Customers ³ | | | 香港財務報告準則第15號 之修訂 香港財務報告準則第15號 | 香港財務報告準則第15號 客戶合約收益之澄清 ³ |
| | | HKFRS 15 HKFRS 16 | Revenue from Contracts with Customers ³ Leases ⁴ | | | 省沧射勝報吉华則第15號 香港財務報告準則第16號 | 客戶合約收益 ³ 租賃 ⁴ |
| | | ¹ Effective for anr January, 2016 | nual periods beginning on or after 1 | | | 於二零一六年- 之年度期間生效 | -月一日或之後開始 ぬ |
| | | | nual periods beginning on or after 1 | | | 2 於二零一七年- 之年度期間生效 | -月一日或之後開始 な |
| | | | nual periods beginning on or after 1 | | | 3 於二零一八年- 之年度期間生效 | -月一日或之後開始 文 |
| | | | nual periods beginning on or after 1 | | | 4 於二零一九年一 之年度期間生效 | -月一日或之後開始 な |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 — Disclosure Initiative

The amendments are designed to encourage entities to use judgement in the application of HKAS 1 when considering the layout and content of their financial statements.

An entity's share of other comprehensive income from equity accounted interests in associates and joint ventures will be split between those items that will and will not be reclassified to profit or loss, and presented in aggregate as a single line item within those two groups.

Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 — Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation

The amendments to HKAS 16 prohibit the use of a revenue-based depreciation method for items of property, plant and equipment. The amendments to HKAS 38 introduce a rebuttable presumption that amortisation based on revenue is not appropriate for intangible assets. This presumption can be rebutted if either the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue or revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are highly correlated.

Amendments to HKAS 27 — Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements

The amendments allow an entity to apply the equity method in accounting for its investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in its separate financial statements.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新 訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續) 香港會計準則第1號之修訂一披

露計劃 該等修訂乃為鼓勵實體在考慮財 務報表版面與內容時判斷應用香 港會計準則第1號。

實體應佔來自於聯營公司及合營 企業以權益會計法入賬之權益之 其他全面收入,於將會及將不會 重新分類至損益之項目中分拆, 並在該等兩個組別內共同作為單 一項目呈列。

香港會計準則第16號及香港會計 準則第38號之修訂 一 澄清折舊 及攤銷之可接受方法

香港會計準則第16號之修訂禁止 就物業、廠房及設備項目使用以 收益為基礎之折舊方法。香港會 計準則第38號之修訂引入可推翻 假設,指基於收益之攤銷不適用 於無形資產。此項假設僅在無形 資產呈列為收益計量或在無形資 產之收益與經濟利益消耗高度相 關連之情況下方可推翻。

香港會計準則第27號之修訂 一 獨立財務報表之權益法

該等修訂允許實體在其獨立財務 報表內應用權益法就其於附屬公 司、合營企業及聯營公司之投資 作會計處理。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued) HKEPS 9 (2014) Einancial Instruments

HKFRS 9 (2014) — Financial Instruments

HKERS 9 (2014) introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows (the business model test) and that have contractual terms that give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (the contractual cash flow characteristics test) are generally measured at amortised cost. Debt instruments that meet the contractual cash flow characteristics test are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") if the objective of the entity's business model is both to hold and collect the contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets. Entities may make an irrevocable election at initial recognition to measure equity instruments that are not held for trading at FVTOCI. All other debt and equity instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

HKFRS 9 (2014) includes a new expected loss impairment model for all financial assets not measured at FVTPL replacing the incurred loss model in HKAS 39 and new general hedge accounting requirements to allow entities to better reflect their risk management activities in financial statements.

HKFRS 9 (2014) carries forward the recognition, classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities from HKAS 39, except for financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, where the amount of change in fair value attributable to change in credit risk of the liability is recognised in other comprehensive income unless that would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch. In addition, HKFRS 9 (2014) retains the requirements in HKAS 39 for derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)(續)

- (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新 訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)
 - 香港財務報告準則第9號(二零 一四年) — 金融工具

香港財務報告準則第9號(二零 一四年)就分類及計量金融資產 引入新規定。按目的為持有資產 以收取合約現金流量(業務模式 測試)之業務模式所持有債務工 具·以及合約條款導致產生現金 流量而有關現金流量純粹為支付 本金及尚未償還本金之利息(合 約現金流量特徵測試)之債務工 具一般按攤銷成本計量。倘實體 之業務模式為持有及收取合約現 令流量以及出售金融資產,則通 调合約現金流量特徵測試之債務 工具按公平值計入其他全面收入 (「按公平值計入其他全面收入」) 計量。實體可於初步確認時作出 不可撤回之選擇,按公平值計入 其他全面收入計量並非持作買賣 之權益工具。所有其他債務及權 益工具按公平值計入損益(「按公 平值計入損益」)計量。

香港財務報告準則第9號(二零 一四年)包含適用於所有並非按 公平值計入損益之金融資產之新 預期虧損減值模式(旨在取代看 港會計準則第39號之產生虧損模 式)及新訂一般對沖會計規定,讓 實體可更有效地於財務報表反映 其風險管理活動。

香港財務報告準則第9號(二零 一四年)沿用香港會計準則第39 號項下金融負債之確認、分類入 損益之金融負債除外,其中負負 之金融負債除外,其中負負 之金融變動之公確認 上 位 額於其他全會計 路報去 生 切 術 報 名 告 志 定 版 》 集 一四年)保留香港會 之 之 融 り 第 39號終止確認 金融資 債 之規定。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 — Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception

The amendments clarify that the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements for an intermediate parent entity is available to a subsidiary of an investment entity (including investment entities that account for their subsidiaries at fair value rather than consolidating them). An investment entity parent will consolidate a subsidiary only when the subsidiary is not itself an investment entity and the subsidiary's main purpose is to provide services that relate to the investment entity's investment activities. A noninvestment entity applying the equity method to an associate or joint venture that is an investment entity may retain the fair value measurements that associate or joint venture used for its subsidiaries. An investment entity that prepares financial statements in which all its subsidiaries are measured at FVTPL should provide the disclosures related to investment entities as required by HKFRS 12.

- 2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)(續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新 訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續) 香港財務報告準則第10號、香港 財務報告準則第12號及香港會計 準則第28號之修訂一投資實體: 應用綜合入賬之例外情況

該等修訂澄清,有關中介母公司 編製綜合財務報表之豁免,乃適 用於投資實體之附屬公司(包括 按公平值將附屬公司入賬而並非 將附屬公司綜合入賬之投資實 體)。只有當附屬公司本身並非投 資實體而附屬公司之主要目的是 提供與投資實體之投資活動有關 之服務時,投資實體母公司方會 將附屬公司綜合入賬。對屬於投 資實體之聯營公司或合營企業應 用權益法之非投資實體,可保留 該聯營公司或合營企業就其附屬 公司所採用之公平值計量。倘投 資實體編製之財務報表當中全部 附屬公司乃按公平值計入損益計 量,則須按香港財務報告準則第 12號之規定提供有關投資實體之 披露事項。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRS 15 — Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The new standard establishes a single revenue recognition framework. The core principle of the framework is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. HKFRS 15 supersedes existing revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 Revenue, HKAS 11 Construction Contracts and related interpretations.

HKFRS 15 requires the application of a 5 steps approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer 第一步: 識別與客戶訂立之合約
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- 第二步: 識別合約中之履約責任
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- 第三步: 釐定交易價
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation 第四步: 按履約責任分配交易價
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when each performance obligation is satisfied 第五步: 完成履約責任時確認收益

HKFRS 15 includes specific guidance on particular revenue related topics that may change the current approach taken under HKFRS. The standard also significantly enhances the qualitative and quantitative disclosures related to revenue. 2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)(續)

- (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新 訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)
 - 香港財務報告準則第15號 一客 戶合約收益

香港財務報告準則第15號規定按 五個步驟確認收益:

香港財務報告準則第15號包含與 特定收益相關課題之特定指引, 該等指引或會更改根據香港財務 報告準則現時應用之方法。該準 則亦顯著提升與收益相關之質化 與量化披露。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued) HKFRS 16 — Leases

HKFRS 16, which upon the effective date will supersede HKAS 17 "Leases" and related interpretations, introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Specifically, under HKFRS 16, a lessee is required to recognise a rightof-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. Accordingly, a lessee should recognise depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability, and also classifies cash repayments of the lease liability into a principal portion and an interest portion and presents them in the statement of cash flows. Also, the right-ofuse asset and the lease liability are initially measured on a present value basis. The measurement includes non-cancellable lease payments and also includes payments to be made in optional periods if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend the lease. or not to exercise an option to terminate the lease. This accounting treatment is significantly different from the lessee accounting for leases that are classified as operating leases under the predecessor standard, HKAS 17.

In respect of the lessor accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently.

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the potential impact of these new pronouncements. The Group is not yet in a position to state whether these new pronouncements will result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and financial statements.

 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)(續)

> (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新 訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續) 香港財務報告準則第16號一租

香港財務報告準則第16號 一 租 賃

香港財務報告準則第16號於生效 日期將取代香港會計準則第17號 「租賃」及相關詮釋,引入單一承 租人會計處理模式並規定承租人 就為期超過12個月的所有租賃確 認資產及負債,除非相關資產為 低價值資產。具體而言,根據香 港財務報告準則第16號,承租人 須確認使用權資產(表示其有權 使用相關租賃資產)及租賃負債 (表示其有責任支付租賃款項)。 因此,承租人應確認使用權資產 折舊及租賃負債利息,並將租賃 負債之現金還款分類為本金部分 及利息部分,在現金流量表中呈 列。此外,使用權資產及租賃負 債初步按現值基準計量。計量包 括不可註銷租賃付款,亦包括承 租人合理肯定會行使選擇權延續 租賃或不行使中止租賃選擇權之 情況下,將於選擇權期間內作出 之付款。此會計處理方法與承租 人會計法顯著不同,後者適用於 根據前訂準則香港會計準則第17 號分類為經營租賃之租賃。

就出租人會計法而言,香港財務 報告準則第16號大致沿用香港會 計準則第17號之出租人會計法規 定。因此,出租人繼續將其租賃 分類為經營租賃及融資租賃,並 且對兩類租賃進行不同會計處理。

本集團現正評估該等新頒佈準則 帶來之潛在影響。本集團尚未能 指出該等新頒佈準則會否導致本 集團之會計政策及財務報表產生 重大變動。

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2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(c) The amended Main Board Listing Rules relating to the presentation and disclosure in consolidated financial statements

The amended Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (the "Amended Main Board Listing Rules") in relation to the presentation and disclosure in the consolidated financial statements, including the amendments with reference to the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, Cap. 622 applies to the Company in this financial year.

The directors consider that there is no impact on the Group's financial position or performance, however the Amended Main Board Listing Rules have impacts on the presentation and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. For example, the statement of financial position of the Company is now presented in the notes to the consolidated financial statements rather than as a primary statement and related notes to the statement of financial position of the Company are generally no longer presented.

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "HKFRSs") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

- 2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)(續)
 - (c) 有關綜合財務報表呈報及披露之經修訂主板上市規則

有關綜合財務報表呈報及披露之 經修訂聯交所主板證券上市規則 (「經修訂主板上市規則」),包括 經參考第622章新香港公司條例 之修訂,於本財政年度適用於本 公司。

董事認為並不影響本集團之財務 狀況或表現,惟經修訂主板上市 規則影響綜合財務報表之呈列及 披露。舉例而言,本公司財務狀 況表現於綜合財務報表附註呈列 而非作為主要報表呈列,且一般 不再呈列本公司財務狀況表相關 附註。

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策

3.1 守章聲明 綜合財務報表乃遵照所有適用香 港財務報告準則、香港會計準則 (「香港會計準則」)及詮釋(統稱 「香港財務報告準則」)以及香港公 司條例之披露規定而編製。此 外,綜合財務報表包括香港聯合 交易所有限公司證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)規定之適用披露事 項。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.2 Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand ("HK\$'000") except when otherwise indicated.

3.4 Business combination and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the dates of acquisition or up to the dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.2 計量基準 綜合財務報表根據歷史成本基準 編製,惟若干金融工具除外,如 下文所載之會計政策所解釋,若 干金融工具乃按公平值計量。

3.3 功能及呈列幣 財務報表以本公司之功能貨幣港 元(「港元」)呈列,除非另有指 明,所有價值均湊整至最接近千 位(「千港元」)。

3.4 業務合併及綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附 屬公司之財務報表。集團內公司 間之交易及結餘連同未變現溢 利,乃於編製綜合財務報表時全 數對銷。除非交易證明所轉讓資 產出現減值,並於損益確認虧 損,否則未變現虧損亦予以對銷。

年內購入或出售之附屬公司之業 績分別自其收購日期起或截至其 出售日期止(視適用情況而定)計 入綜合全面收益表。於有需要時 對附屬公司之財務報表作出調 整,使其會計政策與本集團其他 成員公司所採用者貫徹一致。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.4 Business combination and basis of consolidation (Continued)

Acquisition of subsidiaries or businesses is accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred. liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisition-date fair value. The Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured at acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss. The Group may elect, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, to measure the non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests are measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs. Acquisition-related costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent adjustments to consideration are recognised against goodwill only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition date. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.4 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

收購附屬公司或業務採用收購法 入賬。收購成本乃按所轉讓資 產、所產生負債及本集團(作為收 購方)發行之股本權益於收購當 日之公平值總額計量。所收購可 識別資產及所承擔負債主要按收 購當日之公平值計量。本集團先 前所持收購對象之股權以收購當 日公平值重新計量,而所產生之 收益或虧損則於損益確認。本集 團可按每宗交易選擇以公平值或 應佔收購對象之可識別資產淨值 比例計算非控股權益(即現時於 附屬公司之擁有權權益)。除非香 港財務報告準則規定使用其他計 量基準,否則所有其他非控股權 益均按公平值計量。所產生之收 購相關成本均予支銷,除非該等 成本乃於發行股本工具時產生, 在該情況下,有關成本乃自權益 中扣除。

收購方將予轉讓之任何或然代價 按收購日期之公平值確認。其後 對代價之調整僅於調整源自於計 量期(最長為收購日期起計十二 個月)內所取得有關於收購日期 之公平值之新資料時,方以商譽 確認。所有其他分類為資產或負 債之或然代價之其後調整均於損 益確認。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.4 Business combination and basis of consolidation (Continued)

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interest and the noncontrolling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any noncontrolling interests. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the noncontrolling interests' share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.4 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

本集團於附屬公司之權益變動如 並無導致喪失控制權,則列作權 益交易入賬。本集團之權益與非 控股權益之賬面值均予以調整, 以反映其於附屬公司相對權益之 變動。非控股權益之調整數額是 已付或已取代價公平值之間之任 何差額,均直接於權益確認,並 歸屬於本公司擁有人。

當本集團喪失附屬公司控制權, 出售損益為以下兩者之差額:(1) 已收代價公平值與任何保留權益 公平值之總額:及(11)資產(包括 商譽)過往賬面值與附屬公司及 任何非控股權益負債之總額。以 往於其他全面收入確認與附屬公 司有關之金額乃以相同方式入 賬,猶如相關資產或負債已經出 售。

收購後,非控股權益(即現時之附 屬公司擁有權權益)之賬面值為 該等權益於初步確認時之款額加 上非控股權益應佔權益其後變動 之部分。即使會導致非控股權益 出現虧絀結餘,全面收入總額仍 歸屬於非控股權益。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.5 Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: power over the investee, exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee, and the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, interests in subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment loss. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

3.6 **Revenue recognition**

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business and the use by others of the Group's assets yielding interest and dividends, net of returns, discounts and other similar allowances and excludes value-added tax or other sales related taxes.

- (i) Sales of goods are recognised on transfer of risks and rewards of ownership, which is at the time of delivery and the title is passed to customer.
- (ii) Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time-apportioned basis by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset's net carrying amount.
- (iii) Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.5 附屬公司

附屬公司指本公司能對其行使控 制權之投資對象。倘具備以下全 部三項元素,本公司即對投資對 象擁有控制權:對投資對象擁有 權力、來自投資對象可變回報之 風險或權利,及對其行使權力影 響有關可變回報之能力。倘有事 實及情況顯示任何該等控制權 素可能有變,將會重新評估有關 控制權。

於本公司財務狀況表內,於附屬 公司之權益乃以成本減任何減值 虧損計入本公司財務狀況表內。 本公司按已收及應收股息基準將 附屬公司之業績入賬。

3.6 收益確認

收益乃指於一般業務過程中就已 售出貨品及所提供服務之已收或 應收代價公平值,以及其他人士 使用本集團資產產生之利息及股 息,並已扣除退貨、折扣以及其 他類似撥備,且不包括增值税或 其他銷售相關税項。

- (i) 銷售貨品乃於風險及回報之 擁有權轉移,即貨品付運時 及所有權移交予客戶時確 認。
- (ii) 金融資產之利息收入乃按時間基準,經參考尚餘本金及適用之實際利率計算,該利率為確實地貼現金融資產於預計可使用年期內之賬面淨值之估計未來現金收入之貼現率。
- (iii) 股息收入於收取股息之權利 確立時確認。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.7 Property, plant and equipment Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Buildings are depreciated over the shorter of the term of the lease or fifty years using the straight-line method.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the remaining term of the lease or at 5% per annum using the straight-line method.

Molds are depreciated over the expected production capacities and charged to profit or loss on the basis of actual production units during the year.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of other property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

| 0.00% - 33.33% |
|----------------|
| 0.00% - 33.33% |
| 2.50% - 33.33% |
| |

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.7 物業、廠房及設備 物業、廠房及設備均以成本值減 累計折舊及任何減值虧損入賬。 物業、廠房及設備成本包括購買 價及收購該等項目直接產生之開 支。

僅於與該項目有關之未來經濟利 益可能流向本集團,而項目成本 能可靠計量時,後續成本方會計 入資產賬面值或確認為一項獨立 資產(如適用)。本集團會終止確 認重置部分之賬面值。所有其他 維修及保養乃於其產生之財政期 間內在損益內確認為開支。

樓宇按租期或五十年兩者之較短 期間以直線法折舊。

租賃物業裝修於餘下租期或按每 年5%(以較短者為準)以直線法折 舊。

模具按預期產能折舊,並按年內 實際生產單位在損益內支銷。

折舊乃使用直線法按以下年率於 估計可使用年期撤銷其他物業、 廠房及設備之成本計算撥備:

| 設備、傢俬及 | |
|--------|-----------------|
| 固定裝置 | 20.00% - 33.33% |
| 廠房及機器 | 20.00% - 33.33% |
| 汽車 | 12.50% - 33.33% |

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.7 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

The assets' estimated useful lives, estimated residual values and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the profit or loss in the year in which the item is derecognised.

3.8 Intangible assets (other than goodwill) Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. The cost of intangible assets

acquired in a business combination is fair value at the date of acquisition. Subsequently, intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any impairment losses and intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with the effect of any change in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Amortisation is charged on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows.

| Patent | 6.58 years |
|------------------|------------|
| Patent use right | 6.58 years |

The amortisation expense is recognised in profit or loss and included in general and administrative expenses.

Intangible assets are tested for impairment as described in note 3.10.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.7 物業、廠房及設備(續)

本公司於各報告期末檢討資產之 估計可使用年期、估計剩餘價值 及折舊方法,並作出調整(視適用 情況而定)。

物業、廠房及設備項目乃於出售 後或當預期持續使用該資產將不 會產生日後經濟利益時剔除確 認。於剔除確認該資產時產生之 任何盈虧(以出售所得款項淨額 與該項目之賬面值間之差額計算) 乃計入於該項目剔除確認年度之 損益內。

3.8 無形資產(商譽除外) 獨立收購之無形資產初步按成本 確認。於業務合併時購入之無形 資產,其成本為收購日期之公平 值。具無限可使用年期之無形資 產其後按成本減任何減值虧損入 賬,而具有限可使用年期之無形 資產則按成本減累計攤銷及減值 虧損入賬。估計可使用年期及攤 銷方式於各年度報告期末檢討, 任何估計變動之影響按前瞻基準 入賬。攤銷按直線基準於其估計 可使用年期扣除如下。

| 專利權 專利使用權 | 6.58年 6.58年 |
|----------------------|----------------|
| 攤銷開支於損益確認 般及行政開支。 | ,並計入一 |

無形資產按附註3.10所述進行減 值測試。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.9 Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the consideration transferred of a business combination, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities measure as at acquisition date. The consideration transferred of the business combination is measured at the aggregate of the fair values, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is allocated to cashgenerating units and is tested annually for impairment (note 3.10).

Any excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of a business combination is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

On subsequent disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill capitalised is included in the determination of the amount of gain or loss on disposal.

3.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill arising on acquisition of subsidiaries, property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and interests in subsidiaries are subject to impairment testing.

Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life or those not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, irrespective of whether there is any indication that they are impaired. All other assets are tested for impairment whenever there are indications that the asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.9 商譽 商譽指業務合併轉讓之代價、就 非控股權益確認之金額及本集團 先前持有之股本權益之公平值超 出本集團於收購對象可識別資 產、負債及或然負債於收購當日 所計量公平淨值之權益部分。業 務合併轉讓之代價根據交易日期 所給予資產、所產生或承擔負債 及本集團所發行股本工具之公平 值總和計量。

> 商譽按成本減累計減值虧損列 賬。商譽分配至現金產生單位並 每年進行減值測試(附註3.10)。

> 本集團於收購對象可識別資產、 負債及或然負債之公平淨值之權 益超出業務合併成本之任何部分 乃即時於損益確認。

> 其後出售附屬公司時,釐定出售 所產生收益或虧損之款額乃包括 已撥充資本之商譽應佔款額。

3.10 非金融資產減值

因收購附屬公司而產生之商譽、 物業、廠房及設備、無形資產及 於附屬公司之權益均須進行減值 測試。

具無限可使用年期或尚未可供使 用之商譽及無形資產須至少每年 進行減值測試一次,而不論有否 跡象顯示出現減值。所有其他資 產在有跡象顯示未必能收回資產 賬面值時進行減值測試。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

(Continued)

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value, reflecting market conditions less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of time value of money and the risk specific to the asset.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent from those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cashgenerating unit level. Goodwill in particular is allocated to those cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from synergies of the related business combination and represent the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purpose.

Impairment losses recognised for cash-generating units, to which goodwill has been allocated, are credited initially to the carrying amount of goodwill. Any remaining impairment loss is charged pro rata to the other assets in the cash generating unit, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less cost to sell, or value in use, if determinable.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.10 非金融資產減值(續)

減值虧損乃按資產之賬面值超出 其可收回金額之差額即時確認為 支出。可收回金額為反映市況之 公平值減出售成本與使用價值時況之 者之較高者。評估使用稅前貼現 金流量,以反映現 時市 場到金錢時間價值及有關資產特 有風險之評估。

已分配商譽之現金產生單位已確 認之減值虧損,均初步計入商譽 之賬面值。任何剩餘減值虧損按 比例於現金產生單位之其他資產 扣除,惟資產之賬面值將不會調 減至低於其個別公平值減銷售成 本或使用價值(如可釐定)則除外。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

(Continued)

An impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. In respect of other nonfinancial assets, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount and only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

3.11 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost, including an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead expenses, is calculated using the weighted average cost method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less any applicable selling expense and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

3.12 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable directly to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Income earned on temporary investments of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on those assets is deducted from borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.10 非金融資產減值(續)

商譽減值虧損不會於其後期間撥回。就其他非金融資產而言,倘 用於釐定資產可收回金額之估計 出現有利變動,則撥回減值虧 損,惟資產之賬面值不得超出在 並未確認減值虧損之情況下原應 釐定之賬面值(扣除折舊或攤銷)。

於中期期間就商譽確認之減值虧 損不會於其後期間撥回。即使在 僅於與中期期間有關之財政年度 年終進行減值評估而不會確認虧 損或確認較少虧損之情況下,亦 會如此處理。

3.11 存貨

存貨以成本值與可變現淨值兩者 中之較低者列賬。成本值(包括固 定及浮動經常性開支之相關部分) 乃以加權平均成本法計算。可變 現淨值指日常業務過程中之估計 售價減任何適用銷售開支及銷售 所需估計成本。

3.12 借貸成本

收購、建造或生產合資格資產(即 須長時間方可作擬定用途或銷售 之資產)直接應佔借貸成本乃撥 充該等資產之成本內,直至資產 大致可作擬定用途或銷售時為 止。特定借貸在用作資產之支銷 前暫時用作投資所賺取收入,自 已資本化借貸成本中扣除。所有 其他借貸成本於產生期間在損益 確認。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.13 Income taxes

Income taxes for the year comprise of current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are nonassessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill and recognised assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates appropriate to the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is realised or settled and that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.13 所得税 本年度所得税包括即期税項及遞 延税項。

> 即期税項乃根據日常業務之損 益,對就所得税而言毋須課税或 不可扣税之項目作出調整,並按 報告期末已制定或大致上制定之 税率計算。

> 遞延税項負債乃於投資附屬公司、聯營公司及共同控制實體產 生應課税暫時差額時確認,惟倘 本集團能夠控制暫時差額之撥回 且該暫時差額在可預見將來將不 可能撥回者則除外。

> 所得税乃於損益內確認,除非該 等税項與於其他全面收入確認之 項目有關,在該情況下,該等税 項亦於其他全面收入內確認。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.14 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessee

The total rentals payable under the operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on straightline basis over the lease term. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integrated part of the total rental expense, over the term of the lease.

3.15 Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in its functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the end of reporting period. Nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising from the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised as profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Non-monetary items carried at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined and included as profit or loss or other comprehensive income as appropriate.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.14 租賃

凡租賃之條款將擁有權之絕大部 分風險及回報轉由承租人承擔, 即歸類為融資租賃。所有其他租 賃歸類為經營租賃。

本集團作為承租人

根據經營租賃應付之租金總額將 以直線法於租期內在損益確認。 已收取之租賃獎勵於租期內確認 為租金開支總額之一部分。

3.15 外幣

於編製個別集團實體之財務報表 時,倘交易之貨幣與實體之功能 貨幣不同(外幣),則以功能貨幣 (即實體經營業務之主要經濟環境 之貨幣)於交易日期之當時匯率 入賬。於各報告期末,以外幣列 值之貨幣項目按報告期末當時之 匯率重新換算。以外幣列值並按 歷史成本計量之非貨幣項目不會 重新換算。

於結算貨幣項目及兑換貨幣項目 所產生匯兑差額乃於產生期間確 認為損益。按公平值以外幣列賬 之非貨幣項目以釐定公平值日期 之匯率兑換,並計入損益或其他 全面收入(如適用)。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.15 Foreign currencies (Continued)

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Company (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity (i.e. exchange reserve). Such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from the acquisition of a foreign operation on or after acquisition date are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

3.16 Financial instruments Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition depending on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired and where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date.

All financial assets are recognised when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.15 外幣(續)

就綜合財務報表呈報而言,本集 團海外業務之資產及負債按本公 司呈列貨幣(即港元)以報告期末 當時之匯率換算,其收入與支出 以本年度平均匯率換算,除非期 間內匯率大幅波動,在此情況 下,則應使用交易日期當時之匯 率換算。所產生匯兑差額(如有) 於其他全面收入確認,並在權益 之獨立部分(即匯兑儲備)累計。 該等匯兑差額於出售海外業務期 間於損益確認。

收購海外業務於收購當日或之後 產生之商譽及公平值調整被當作 海外業務資產及負債處理,並按 結算匯率換算。

3.16 金融工具 金融資產

本集團金融資產分類為按公平值 計入損益之金融資產、貸款及應 收款項以及可供出售金融資產。 管理層視乎收購金融資產之目 的,於初步確認時將其金融資產 分類,並於許可及適當情況下, 於各報告日期重新評估其分類。

所有金融資產僅在本集團訂立文 據合約條文時方始確認,而日常 買賣之金融資產乃於交易日期確 認,即本集團承諾買賣資產之已 期。金融資產初步確認時按公平 值計量,而並非按公平值計入損 益之投資,則加上直接應佔交易 成本計量。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.16 Financial instruments (Continued) **Financial assets** (Continued)

De-recognition of financial assets occurs when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments expire or are transferred and substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred.

At each reporting date, financial assets are reviewed to assess whether there is objective evidence of impairment. If any such evidence exists, impairment loss is determined and recognised based on the classification of the financial asset.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

These assets include financial assets held for trading. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments or financial guarantee contracts.

Where a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid contract may be designated as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, except where the embedded derivative does not significantly modify the cash flows or it is clear that separation of the embedded derivative is prohibited.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.16 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) 當收取投資現金流量之權利屆滿 或擁有權及其絕大部分風險與回 報已轉讓,金融資產予以剔除確 認。

於各報告日期均須審閱金融資 產,以評估有否出現減值客觀證 據。倘存有任何該等證據,則按 金融資產之分類釐定及確認減值 虧損。

(i) 按公平值計入損益之金融資 產 該等資產包括持作買賣金融 資產。倘購買金融資產之目 的旨在於近期出售,則有關 金融資產分類為持作買賣。 衍生工具(包括單獨嵌入式 衍生工具)亦分類為持作買 賣,除非獲指定為有效對沖 工具或金融擔保合約。

> 倘一份合約含有一份或以上 嵌入式衍生工具,則整份混 合合約可指定為按公平值計 入損益之金融資產,惟嵌入 式衍生工具並無導致現金流 出現重大變動,或明確禁止 分列嵌入式衍生工具則除 外。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.16 Financial instruments (Continued) **Financial assets** (Continued)

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

Financial assets may be designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss if the following criteria are met: (i) the designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; (ii) the assets are part of a group of financial assets which is managed and its performance evaluated on a fair value basis according to a documented management strategy; or (iii) the financial asset contains an embedded derivative that would need to be separately recorded.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

(ii) Loans and receivables

These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers (trade debtors), and also incorporate other types of contractual monetary asset. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.16 金融工具(續)

- **金融資產**(續)
 - (i) 按公平值計入損益之金融資
 產(續)
 - 倘符合以下條件,則可於初 步確認時將金融資產指定為 按公平值計入損益:(i)該分 類消除資產或確認其盈虧所 導致之不一致處理情況;(ii) 該等資產為根據明文規定之 管理常估表現之金融資產產組別 一部分;或(iii)金融資產包 括須獨立列賬之嵌入式衍生 工具。

於初步確認後,按公平值計 入損益之金融資產將按公平 值計量,其公平值變動於產 生期間在損益確認。

(ii) 貸款及應收款項 該等資產為並無於活躍市場 上報價但具有固定或可釐定 付款之非衍生金融資產。該 等資產主要透過向客戶(應 收款項債務人)提供貨品及 服務時產生,亦包括其他種 類之合約貨幣資產。於初步 確認後,貸款及應收款項乃 採用實際利息法按攤銷成本 減任何已識別減值虧損列 賬。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.16 Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued)

(iii) Available-for-sale financial assets These include non-derivative financial assets that do not qualify for inclusion in any of the other categories of financial assets.

> All financial assets within this category are subsequently measured at fair value. Gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value excluding any dividend and interest income is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in the available-for-sales investment revaluation reserve in equity, except for impairment losses (see the policy below) and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets, until the financial asset is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity would be recycled to profit or loss. Interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss. Upon disposal, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity is transferred to profit or loss.

> For available-for-sale investments in equity securities that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period subsequent to initial recognition.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

- 3.16 金融工具(續)
 - 金融資產(續)
 - (iii) 可供出售金融資產 不符合計入任何其他金融資 產類別之非衍生金融資產, 歸類為可供出售金融資產。

在活躍市場上並無市場報價 而公平值不能可靠計量之可 供出售股本證券投資,以及 與該等無報價股本工具掛鈎 並須以交付該等無報價股本 工具之方式結算之衍生工 具,於初次確認後各報告期 末乃以成本減任何可識別減 值虧損計算。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.16 Financial instruments (Continued) **Financial assets** (Continued)

(iv) Convertible bonds

The component parts of the convertible bonds are classified separately as debt component and conversion option.

At the date of subscription of convertible bonds, the fair value of the debt component and conversion option are recognised at fair value. In subsequent periods, the debt component of the convertible bonds is classified as available-for-sale investments and carried at fair value with change in fair value in other comprehensive income. The conversion option of the convertible bonds is classified as derivative financial instrument and measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Transaction costs that relate to the subscription of the convertible bonds are charged to profit or loss immediately.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.16 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)
 (iv) 可換股債券
 可換股債券之組成部分獨立
 分類為債務部分及兑換權。

於認購可換股債券當日,債 務部分及兑換權之公平值按 公平值確認。於其後期間, 可換股債券債務部分獲分類 為可供出售投資並按公平值 計息,其公平值變動於其他 全面收入確認。可換股債券 兑換權獲分類為衍生金融工 具並按公平值計量,其公平 值變動於損益確認。

有關認購可換股債券之交易 成本即時於損益支銷。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.16 Financial instruments (Continued) **Financial assets** (Continued)

- (v) Impairment of financial assets Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been impacted. Objective evidence of impairment could include:
 - significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
 - a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
 - granting concession to a debtor because of debtor's financial difficulty; or
 - it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

- 3.16 金融工具(續)
 - 金融資產(續)
 (V) 金融資產減值
 金融資產(按公平值計入損)
 - 並照員座(夜云千道記八俱 益者除外)會於各報告期末 進行評估,以確定有否減值 跡象。倘有客觀證據顯示金 融資產因一項或多項於初步 確認金融資產後發生之事件 而減值,則投資之估計未來 現金流量會受到影響。客觀 減值證據包括:
 - 一 發行人或交易方面臨
 嚴重財政困難;
 - 一違反合約,例如未能
 支付或拖欠利息或本
 金;
 - 因債務人財務困難而
 向債務人發出特別許
 可;或
 - 借貸人極有可能破產
 或進行財務重組。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.16 Financial instruments (Continued) **Financial assets** (Continued)

 (v) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

> For loans and other receivables carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where financial assets carried at amortised cost share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.16 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)
 (v) 金融資產減值(續)
 倘存在任何該等證據,則會
 釐定及確認任何減值虧損如
 下:

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.16 Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued)

(v) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) For available-for-sale financial assets, where a decline in the fair value constitutes objective evidence of impairment, the amount of the loss is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss. Any impairment losses on available-for-sale debt investments are subsequently reversed in profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

> If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

> Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recoverv is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade and other receivables directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.16 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)
 (V) 金融資產減值(續)
 就可供出售金融資產而言,
 當公平值下降構成減值之客
 觀證據,虧損金額將從權益
 中移除,並於損益內確認。
 如投資公平值增加客觀上能
 與確認減值虧損後發生之事
 件相關,則可供出售債務投資之減值虧損其後會於損益
 中撥回。

若於往後期間,減值虧損數 額減少,而該減少可客觀 與在確認減值虧損後所發 之事件聯繫,則減值虧損 透過損益撥回。撥回減值虧 損不應導致資產之賬面值 過倘於以往年度並無確認減 值原應有之賬面值。

減值虧損乃從相應資產中百 接撇銷,惟就被視為難以而 非無法收回之應收賬款及其 他應收款項確認之減值虧損 除外。在此情況下,呆賬之 減值虧損以撥備賬記錄。倘 本集團相信能收回款項之機 會不大,該被視為不可收回 之金額會直接從應收賬款及 其他應收款項中撇銷,而在 撥備賬中就該債務保留之任 何金額會獲撥回。倘先前計 入撥備賬之款項在其後收 回,則有關款項會於撥備賬 撥回。撥備賬之其他變動及 其後收回先前撇銷之款項均 直接於損益確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.16 Financial instruments (Continued) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by an entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

 Borrowings and corporate bonds
 Borrowings and corporate bonds are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption of borrowings is recognised over the terms of the borrowings.

i) Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities including trade payables and other advances are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

(iii) Equity instruments Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.16 金融工具(續) 金融負債及股本工具

實體發行之金融負債及股本工具 乃根據所訂立合約安排之性質與 金融負債及股本工具之定義而分 類。股本工具為證明於本集團經 扣除其所有負債後之資產中所剩 餘權益之任何合約。本集團就指 定金融負債及股本工具採納之會 計政策載列如下。

- (i) 借貸及公司債券 借貸及公司債券其後以實際 利息法按攤銷成本計量。所 得款項(扣除交易成本)與償 還或贖回借貸兩者間之差額 將按借貸年期確認。
- (ii) 其他金融負債 其他金融負債包括貿易應付 賬項及其他墊款,其後採用 實際利息法以攤銷成本計 量。
- (iii) 股本工具 本公司發行之股本工具乃按 已收所得款項(扣除直接發 行成本)入賬。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.16 Financial instruments (Continued) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual right to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKAS 39. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been previously recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid or payable is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.16 金融工具(續)

實際利息法 實際利息法乃計算金融資產或金 融負債之攤銷成本及於有關期間 內攤分利息收入或開支之方法。 實際利率乃按金融資產或負債預 計年期或(視適用情況而定)較短 期間之實際貼現估計日後所收取 或支付現金之比率。

剔除確認

當與金融資產相關之未來現金流 量合約權利屆滿,或當金融資產 已經按照符合香港會計準則第39 號剔除確認該項金融資產。於剔 除確認金融資產時,資產賬的 與已收及應收代價及先前已於 也全面收入確認之累計盈虧總和 兩者間之差額於損益確認。

金融負債於有關合約訂明之責任 已解除、取消或屆滿時剔除確 認。剔除確認之金融負債賬面值 與已付或應付代價兩者間之差額 於損益確認。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.17 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which will probably result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reasonably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

3.18 Share-based payment transactions Share options granted to employees of the Group and others providing similar services

The fair value of share options has been recognised in the profit or loss as share-based payments.

The fair value of services received is determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is expensed in full when the equity instruments granted vest immediately unless the compensation qualifies for recognition as an asset with a corresponding increase in share option reserve.

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.17 撥備及或然負債

因過去某一事件以致本集團出現 可能導致可合理估計之經濟利益 流出之法律或推定責任時,就時 間或金額不明確之負債確認撥備。

倘若經濟利益不大可能需要流 出,或倘若有關金額不能可靠估 計時,則有關責任將獲披露為或 然負債,除非經濟利益流出之可 能性極微。潛在責任(其存在僅由 一項或多項未來事件之出現與否 確定)亦披露為或然負債,除非經 濟利益流出之可能性極微。

3.18 股份付款交易 授予本集團僱員及提供類似服務 之其他人士之購股權 購股權之公平值已於損益確認為 股份付款。

> 所獲服務之公平值乃經參考已授 出購股權於授出日期之公平值後 釐定,並於所授出股本工具即時 歸屬時悉數支銷,除非有關補償 符合資格確認為資產且購股權儲 備相應增加。

> 購股權獲行使時,先前於購股權 儲備中確認之款項將轉撥至股份 溢價。當購股權於歸屬日期後被 沒收或於到期日仍未獲行使,則 先前於購股權儲備中確認之款項 將撥入累計虧損。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.19 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposits held at call with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.20 Employee benefits Short-term employee benefits

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leaves and other allowances are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees.

Defined contribution pension obligations

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in the PRC are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of its payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The Scheme is responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to the retired employees and the Group has no further obligations for the actual pension payments or other post-retirement benefits beyond the employer contributions. Contributions under the Scheme are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the PRC.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.19 現金及現金等值項目

現金及現金等值項目包括手頭現 金及銀行活期存款,以及原定到 期日為三個月或以下並隨時可轉 換為已知數額現金且價值變動風 險不大之其他短期高度流通投資。

3.20 僱員福利

短期僱員福利 薪金、年度花紅、有薪年假及其 他津貼乃於僱員提供相關服務之 年內確認。

定額供款退休金責任

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條 例設有定額供款強制性公積金計劃」)。 (「強積金計劃」)。供 款按僱員基本薪金一定百分比作 出,於根據強積金計劃規則應 及本集團資產分開,由獨立管理 基金持有。本集團之僱主供款於。 向強積金計劃作出時歸僱員所有。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.21 Related parties

A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:

- (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
- (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
- (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.

An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:

- (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
- (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
- (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
- (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
- (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

- 3.21 有關連人士 倘下列情況適用,該名人士或該 名人士之近親即被視為與本集團 有關連:
 - (i) 對本集團有控制權或共同控 制權;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本公司母公司主 要管理人員。

倘任何下列情況適用,該實體即 被視為與本集團有關連:

- (i) 該實體及本集團屬同一集團 之成員(即各母公司、附屬 公司及同系附屬公司互相關 連)。
- (ii) 一實體為另一實體之聯繫人 士或合營企業(或為某一集 團之成員之聯繫人士或合營 企業,而該另一實體為此集 團之成員)。
- (iii) 兩個實體皆為相同第三方之 合營企業。
- (iv) 一實體為第三方實體之合營 企業及另一實體為第三方實 體之聯繫人士。
- (V) 該實體為本集團或與本集團 有關連之實體之僱員福利而 設之離職後福利計劃。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.21 Related parties (Continued)

- (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
- (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
- (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

3.22 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Share capital is determined using the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share premium (net of any related income tax benefit) to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.21 有關連人士(續)

- (vi) 該實體受(a)項所識別人士 控制或共同控制。
- (vii) 於(a)(i)項所識別人士對實體 有重大影響力,或是實體 (或實體之母公司)高級管理 人員。
- (viii) 實體或實體作為集團任何成員公司其中一部分向本集團或本集團母公司提供主要管理人員服務。

任何人士之近親為可能預期於與 該實體之交易中影響該名人士或 受該名人士影響之家族成員,包 括:

- (i) 該名人士之子女及配偶或同 居伴侶:
- (ii) 該名人士之配偶或同居伴侶 之子女;及
- (iii) 該名人士或其配偶或同居伴 侶之受養人。

3.22 股本

普通股分類為權益。股本採用已 發行股份之面值釐定。

任何有關發行股份之交易成本自 股份溢價(扣除任何相關所得税 利益)扣減,惟以該權益交易應佔 遞增成本為限。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.23 Segment reporting

The Group identifies operating segments and prepares segment information based on the regular internal financial information reported to the executive directors for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and for their review of the performance of those components. The business components in the internal financial information reported to the executive directors are determined following the Group's major businesses.

The Group has identified the following reportable segments: (i) manufacturing and trading of electric cycles; (ii) trading and distribution of liquor and wine; (iii) provision of money lending services; and (iv) investments in listed securities.

Each of these operating segments is managed separately as each of the product and service lines requires different resources as well as marketing approaches.

The measurement policies the Group uses for reporting segment results under HKFRS 8 are the same as those used in its financial statements prepared under HKFRSs, except that:

expenses related to share-based payments

- finance costs
- convertible bonds interests
- change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments
- corporate income and expenses which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment

are not included in arriving at the operating results of the operating segment.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.23 分類報告

本集團根據定期向執行董事呈報 之內部財務資料確定其經營分類 及編製分類資料,該等財務資料 乃供主要營運決策者決定分配資 源至本集團各業務環節及檢討該 等業務環節之表現。向執行董事 報告之內部財務資料按本集團主 要業務釐定業務環節。

本集團已確定以下可報告分類:(i) 電動自行車製造及買賣;(ii)酒類 產品買賣及分銷;(iii)提供借貸服 務;及(iv)上市證券投資。

由於各產品及服務類別所需資源 以及市場方針不同,各經營分類 獨立管理。

本集團根據香港財務報告準則第 8號就報告分類業績所用計量政 策與根據香港財務報告準則編製 財務報表所用者相同,惟以下項 目:

- 一 有關股份付款之開支
- 一 融資成本
- 一 可換股債券利息
- 衍生金融工具公平值變動
- 並非直接計入任何經營分類
 業務活動之公司收入及開支

在計算經營分類之經營業績時, 並無包括在內。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.23 Segment reporting (Continued)

Segment assets include all assets but availablefor-sale investments and derivative financial instrument. In addition, corporate assets and bank balances and cash which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment are not allocated to a segment, which primarily applies to the Group's headquarter.

Segment liabilities include all liabilities but tax payable, deferred tax liabilities and corporate bonds. In addition, corporate liabilities which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment and are not allocated to a segment.

No asymmetrical allocations have been applied to reportable segments.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes judgements, estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

3. 編製基準及主要會計政策(續)

3.23 分類報告(續)

分類資產包括所有資產,惟可供 出售投資及衍生金融工具除外。 此外,並非直接計入任何經營分 類業務活動之公司資產以及銀行 結餘及現金不會分配至分類,主 要應用於本集團總部。

分類負債包括所有負債,惟應付 税項、遞延税項負債及公司債券 除外。此外,並非直接計入任何 經營分類業務活動之公司負債不 會分配至分類。

並無就可報告分類作出不均分配。

4. 重要會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷乃根據過往經驗及其他因 素(包括相信在當時情況下合理發生之 預期未來事件)作出持續評估。

本集團作出多項有關未來之判斷、估 計及假設。定義上,所得會計估計與 實際結果甚少相同。下文詳述有極大 風險導致對下一個財政年度之資產及 負債賬面值作出重大調整之判斷、估 計及假設。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of competitors' actions in response to severe industry cycles. Management reassess the estimations at the end of each reporting period.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated on either a straight-line basis or unit of production method where appropriate over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account the estimated residual values, if any. The Group reviews the estimated useful lives, depreciation method and the estimated residual values, if any, of the assets at least at the end of each reporting period in order to determine the amount of depreciation expense to be recorded during any reporting period. The depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are based on the Group's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation expense for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and PRC. The Group carefully evaluates tax implications of transactions in accordance with prevailing tax regulations and makes tax provision accordingly. However, judgement is required in determining the Group's provision for income taxes as there are many transactions and calculations of which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

4. 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

存貨之可變現淨值

存貨之可變現淨值乃於日常業務過程 中之估計售價減估計完成所需成本及 銷售開支。此等估計乃按照現時市況 以及製造及銷售類似性質產品之過往 經驗作出,並會因應競爭對手於嚴峻 之行業週期所作行動而有重大變動。 管理層於各報告期末重新評估有關估 計。

物業、廠房及設備折舊

所得税

本集團須繳納香港及中國之所得税。 本集團會根據現行税務規例審慎評稅 交易之税務影響,並作出相應之税項 撥備。然而,由於日常業務過程中 置多交易,而其最終税項未能確實之 撥稅務之上判斷。倘該等不同 於稅 將對釐定撥備期間之所得税及 遞 延税項撥備造成影響。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

Estimated impairment of trade receivables, loans receivable and other receivables

Impairment loss on receivables of the Group is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Allowances for impairment are determined by management of the Group based on the repayment history of its debtors and the current market conditions. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired. Management reassesses the amount of impairment allowances of receivables, if any, at each reporting date.

Impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

4. 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

貿易應收賬項、應收貸款及其他 應收款項之估計減值

倘有客觀證據證明本集團將不能按應 收款項之原有條款項空部款項,則 就本集團應收款項確立減值虧人還 續撥備由本集團管理層按債務人還 量財政困難、債務人可能償還款嚴 重財政困難、債務人可能償還款嚴 」 對被視為應收款項出現減值之跡象。 管理層於各報告日期重新評估應收款 項之減值撥備金額(如有)。

商譽減值

釐定商譽有否減值須估計獲分配商譽 之現金產生單位之可收回金額。公平 值減銷售成本乃以可取得之類似資產 公平交易數據,或可觀察市場價格减 出售價值時,管理層必須估算資產所增加之成本計算。計算或 用價產生單位之估計未來現金流量,並 選用這當之貼現率,以計算該等現金 流量之現值。減值評估之詳情載於綜 合財務報表附註16。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill)

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Intangible assets with indefinite useful life are tested for impairment annually and at other times when such an indicator exists. Other nonfinancial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

Amortisation of intangible assets

The Group determines the estimated useful lives and related amortisation for the Group's intangible assets. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite, based on the expected usage and technical obsolescence from the changes in the market demands or services output from the assets. Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised over the expected useful economic lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible assets may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for the intangible assets with finite useful lives are reviewed by the management at least at the end of each reporting period.

4. 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

非金融資產(商譽除外)減值

無形資產攤銷

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

Valuation of share options granted

The fair value of share options granted was calculated using Black-Scholes valuation model based on the Group management's significant inputs into calculation including an estimated life of share options granted to be five years, based on exercise restrictions and behavioural consideration, the volatility of share price, weighted average share prices and exercise price of the share options granted. Furthermore, the calculation assumes no future dividends.

Fair value measurement

Certain of the Group's assets and liabilities included in the consolidated financial statements require measurement at, and/or disclosure of, fair value.

The fair value measurement of the Group's financial assets and liabilities utilises market observable inputs and data as far as possible. Inputs used in determining fair value measurements are categorised into different levels based on how observable the inputs used in the valuation technique utilised are (the "fair value hierarchy"):

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical items (unadjusted);
- Level 2: Observable direct or indirect inputs other than Level 1 inputs;
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs (i.e. not derived from market data).

4. 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

已授出購股權估值

已授出購股權之公平值乃按柏力克一 舒爾斯估值模式計算,並按本集團管 理層於計算時之重大輸入數據(包括授 出購股權之五年估計年期),以行使限 制及行動代價、股價波幅、加權平均 股價及已授出購股權之行使價計算。 此外,有關計算假設並無未來股息。

公平值計量

綜合財務報表內本集團若干資產及負 債須按公平值計量及/或作出公平值 披露。

本集團金融資產及負債之公平值計量 盡可能利用市場可觀察輸入資料及數 據。釐定公平值計量採用之輸入數據 分類為不同層級,基準為於估值方法 中所用輸入數據之可觀察程度(「公平 值等級」):

- 第1級: 相同項目於活躍市場之報價 (未經調整);
- 第2級: 除第1級輸入數據外,可直 接或間接觀察輸入數據;
- 第3級: 不可觀察輸入數據(即並非 從市場數據中得出之數據)。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

The classification of an item into the above levels is based on the lowest level of the inputs used that has a significant effect on the fair value measurement of the item. Transfers of items between levels are recognised in the period they occur.

The Group measures the following items at fair value:

- Available-for-sale investments (note 18)
- Derivative financial instrument (note 19)
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 22)

For more detailed information in relation to the fair value measurement of the items above, please refer to note 5(b).

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include available-for-sale investments, derivative financial instrument, trade receivables, other receivables, loans receivable, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, deposits, bank balances and cash, trade payables, other advances, borrowings and corporate bonds.

The main risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

4. 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

將項目分類為上述層級乃以所用輸入 數據對該項目公平值計量影響重大之 最低層級決定。於各層級之間轉撥項 目乃於產生期間確認。

本集團按公平值計量以下項目:

- 可供出售投資(附註18)
- 衍生金融工具(附註19)
- 按公平值計入損益之金融資產(附 註22)

上述各項目公平值計量之進一步詳情, 請參閱附註5(b)。

5. 財務風險管理

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括可供 出售投資、衍生金融工具、貿易 應收賬項、其他應收款項、應收 貸款、按公平值計入損益之金融 資產、存款、銀行結餘及現金、 貿易應付賬項、其他墊款、借貸 及公司債券。

該等金融工具所附帶主要風險及 減輕該等風險之政策載於下文。 本集團管理及監察該等風險,旨 在確保適時及有效地採取適當措 施。

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5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Foreign currency risk

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong and the PRC with most of the transactions denominated and settled in HK\$ and Renminbi ("RMB"), which are the functional currencies of respective group companies. The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk primarily arise from certain financial instruments which are denominated in USD, which are currencies other than the functional currency. The following table summarises the Group's major financial assets denominated in USD other than the functional currencies of the respective group companies:

5. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

外幣風險

本集團主要於香港及中國經營業 務,大部分交易以各集團公司之 功能貨幣港元及人民幣(「人民 幣」)列值及結算。本集團主要就 若干以美元列值之金融工具面對 外幣風險,而美元並非功能貨 幣。下表概述本集團以有關集團 公司各自功能貨幣以外美元列值 之主要金融資產:

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|-------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Denominated in USD | 以美元列值 | | |
| Available-for-sale investments Bank balances and cash | 可供出售投資 銀行結餘及現金 | 6,445 2,240 | _ 12,827 |

The stated changes represent management's assessment of reasonably possible changes in foreign exchange rates over the period until the next annual reporting date. In this respect, it is assumed that the pegged rate between the HK\$ and the USD would be materially unaffected by any changes in movement in value of the USD against other currencies. Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the effects on each of the group entities' loss for the year and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into HK\$ at the exchange rate ruling at the end of reporting period for presentation purposes.

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy.

列出之變動指管理層對匯率於期內 直至下一年度報告日期合理可能變 動之評估。就此而言,港元與美元 之聯繫匯率假設不會很大程度地受 美元兑其他貨幣之任何價值變動所 影響。上表呈列之分析結果總結各 集團實體以相關功能貨幣計量之年 內虧損及權益,就呈列目的按報告 期末之適用匯率換算為港元之影響。

本集團目前並無外幣對沖政策。

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5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Credit risk

In order to minimise credit risk, the Group has policies in place for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debtor at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has concentration risk on trade receivables and loans receivable.

At the end of reporting period, the Group has concentration of credit risk as HK\$15,000 (2015: HK\$14,947,000) and HK\$24,000 (2015: HK\$44,313,000) of total trade receivables due from the Group's largest trade debtor and the two (2015: five) largest trade debtors respectively.

The Group also has concentration of credit risk as HK\$31,785,000 (2015: HK\$102,000,000) and HK\$70,133,000 (2015: HK\$200,164,000) of total loans receivable due from the Group's largest borrower and the four (2015: five) largest borrowers respectively.

To monitor the credit risk exposure, the management of the Group has reviewed the recoverability of each debtor and borrower periodically.

The credit risk on bank balances is limited because the counterparts are banks with high credit-ratings or with good reputation.

5. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險

為盡量減低信貸風險,本集團已 制定政策釐定信貸風額、信貸批 核及其他監控程序,以確保採取 跟進行動收回逾期債項。此外, 跟進行動收回逾期債項。此外, 別應收賬項之可收回金額,確 民 調、就此,本公司各董事認為 信貸風險已大幅減低。

本集團之貿易應收賬項及應收貸款有集中風險。

於報告期末,本集團有集中信貸 風險,此乃由於本集團最大貿易 債務人及兩(二零一五年:五)大 貿易債務人結欠貿易應收賬項總 額分別15,000港元(二零一五年: 14,947,000港元)及24,000港元(二 零一五年:44,313,000港元)。

本集團亦有集中信貸風險,此乃 由於本集團最大借貸人及四(二 零一五年:五)大借貸人結欠應收 貸款總額分別31,785,000港元(二 零一五年:102,000,000港元)及 70,133,000港元(二零一五年: 200,164,000港元)。

為監察信貸風險,本集團管理層 已定期審閱各債務人及借貸人之 可收回程度。

由於交易對方為高度信貸評級或 信譽良好之銀行,故銀行結餘之 信貸風險有限。

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5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from bank balance and borrowing. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's bank balance and borrowing with a floating interest rate. Management closely monitors cash flow interest rate risk and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

As at 30 June 2016, it is estimated that a general increase/(decrease) of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would (decrease)/increase the Group's (loss)/profit for the year and the accumulated losses by approximately HK\$608,000 respectively.

As at 30 June 2015, it is estimated that a general increase/(decrease) of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would increase/(decrease) the Group's profit/(loss) for the year and (decrease)/increase the accumulated losses by approximately HK\$1,499,000 respectively.

The sensitivity analysis above was determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the reporting date and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for both derivative and non-derivative financial instruments in existence at that date. The 100 basis points increase or decrease represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the next annual reporting date. The analysis was performed on the same basis for 2015.

5. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

利率風險

本集團之利率風險主要源自銀行 結餘及借貸。本集團所承擔市場 利率變動風險主要與本集團浮息 銀行結餘及借貸有關。管理層密 切監察現金流量利率風險,並將 於有需要時考慮對沖重大利率風 險。

於二零一六年六月三十日,倘利 率整體上升/(下降)100個基點, 而所有其他可變因素維持不變, 估計本集團之年內(虧損)/溢利 及累計虧損將分別(減少)/增加 約608,000港元。

於二零一五年六月三十日,倘利 率整體上升/(下降)100個基點, 而所有其他可變因素維持不變, 估計本集團之年內溢利/(虧損) 及累計虧損將分別增加/(減少) 及(減少)/增加約1,499,000港元。

上述敏感度分析乃假設利率於報告日期發生變動,且已計入於當日存在之衍生及非衍生金融工具利率風險後作出。增加或減少100個基點為管理層對截至下一個年度報告日期止期間利率可能出現之合理變動所作評估。有關分析乃按與二零一五年相同之基準進行。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the Company's board when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates, or if floating, based on rates current at the end of reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.

5. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

下表載列本集團非衍生金融負債 於報告期末之餘下合約到期日詳 情,乃按照已訂約未貼現現金流 量(包括採用已訂約利率或(如為 浮動利率)於報告期末之現行利 率計算之利息支出)及本集團可 能須付款之最早日期計算。

| | | Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total contractual undiscounted cash flow 已訂約未貼現 現金流量總額 HK\$'000 千港元 | Within 1 year or on demand 一年內或 按要求 HK\$'000 千港元 | More than 1 year but less than 2 years 多於一年 但少於兩年 HK\$'000 千港元 | More than 2 years but less than 5 years 多於兩年 但少於五年 HK\$'000 千港元 | More than 5 years 多於五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|---------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|---|
| 2016 | 二零一六年 | | | | | | |
| Borrowing Trade payables and accruals Corporate bonds | 借貸 貿易應忖賬項及應計費用 公司債券 | 1,558 16,570 182,821 | 1,683 16,570 196,300 | 1,683 16,570 81,450 | - - 114,850 | - | - |
| | | 200,949 | 214,553 | 99,703 | 114,850 | - | - |
| 2015 | 二零一五年 | | | | | 1 | |
| Trade payables and accruals Corporate bonds | 貿易應付賬項及應計費用 公司債券 | 17,551 179,704 | 17,551 202,750 | 17,551 7,650 | - 80,650 | - 114,450 | - |
| | | 197,255 | 220,301 | 25,201 | 80,650 | 114,450 | - |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Price risk

The Group was exposed to equity price changes arising from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

The Group's listed investments are listed on the Stock Exchange. Decisions to buy and sell trading securities are based on daily monitoring of the performance of individual securities compared to that of the Index and other industry indicators, as well as the Group's liquidity needs.

The Group was also exposed to equity price risk arising from changes in the Company's own share price to the extent that the Company's own equity instruments underlie the fair values of contingent share consideration payable of the Group.

Sensitivity analysis

As at 30 June 2016, it is estimated that a general increase/(decrease) of 10% in equity price, with all other variables held constant, would (decrease)/ increase the Group's (loss)/profit for the year and the accumulated losses by approximately HK\$10,453,000 respectively.

As at 30 June 2015, it is estimated that a general increase/(decrease) of 10% in equity price, with all other variables held constant, would increase/ (decrease) the Group's profit/(loss) for the year and (decrease)/increase the accumulated losses by approximately HK\$21,552,000 respectively.

The sensitivity analysis on equity price risk includes the Group's financial instruments, which fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in their corresponding or underlying asset's equity price. The 10% increase or decrease represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in equity price over the period until the end of next reporting period. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2015.

5. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

價格風險

本集團須面對來自按公平值計入 損益之金融資產之股價變動風險。

本集團之上市投資均在聯交所上 市。交易證券乃根據每日監察個 別證券相對有關指數及其他行業 指標之表現,以及本集團之流動 資金需要而決定買入及沽出。

倘本集團之應付或然股份代價公 平值建基於本公司本身之股本工 具,則本集團亦因本公司本身之 股價變動而承受股價風險。

敏感度分析

於二零一六年六月三十日,倘股 價整體上升/(下降)10%,而所 有其他可變因素維持不變,估計 本集團之年內(虧損)/溢利及累 計虧損將分別(減少)/增加約 10,453,000港元。

於二零一五年六月三十日,倘股 價整體上升/(下降)10%,而所 有其他可變因素維持不變,估計 本集團之年內溢利/(虧損)及累 計虧損將分別增加/(減少)及(減 少)/增加約21,552,000港元。

股價風險之敏感度分析包括本集 團之金融工具,其公平值或未來 現金流量會因其相應或相關資產 之股價改變而出現波動。增加或 減少10%為管理層對截至下一個 報告期末止期間股價可能出現之 合理變動所作評估。有關分析乃 按與二零一五年相同之基準進行。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Fair Value

The fair values of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- The fair value of listed securities is determined with reference to quoted market prices;
- The fair value of debt component of the convertible bonds is determined by the directors of the Company with reference to the valuation performed by Grant Sherman Appraisal Limited ("Grant Sherman"), an independent professional qualified valuer and a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyor, by the discounting cash flow method;
- The fair value of unlisted private fund is determined by the directors of the Company with reference to the fair value, which is directly determined by the observable market data, in the investment portfolio statements provided by the fund administrator;
- The fair value of contingent share consideration payable is determined by the directors of the Company with reference to the valuation performed by Grant Sherman, by reference to the adjusted number of convertible preference shares to be released to the vendor and the closing share price of the Company at the end of each reporting period;

5. 財務風險管理(續)

- (b) 公平值 本集團金融資產及金融負債之公 平值釐定如下:
 - 上市證券之公平值乃參考市 場報價而釐定;
 - 可換股債券債務部分之公平 值乃由本公司董事經參考獨 立專業合資格估值師兼香港 測量師學會會員中證評估有 限公司(「中證」)採用貼現現 金流量法所作估值釐定;
 - 非上市私人基金之公平值乃 由本公司董事經參考於基金 管理人所提供投資組合報告 以可觀察市場數據直接釐定 之公平值釐定;
 - 應付或然股份代價公平值乃 由本公司董事釐定,並經參 考中證參照賣方將獲發放之 可換股優先股經調整數目及 本公司股份於各報告期末之 收市價所作估值;

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Fair Value (Continued)

- The fair value of conversion option of the convertible bonds is determined by the directors of the Company with reference to the valuation performed by Grant Sherman by using valuation techniques such as binomial option pricing model. This valuation technique maximise the use of observable market data where it is available for all significant inputs and reply as little as possible on entity specific estimates; and
- The fair value of compensation from profit guarantee is determined by the directors of the Company with reference to the actual financial result of Delta Prestige Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries (the "Delta Prestige Group") for the year ended 30 June 2016.

HKFRS 7 requires disclosure for financial instruments that are measured at fair value by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

5. 財務風險管理(續)

- (b) 公平值(續)
 - 可換股債券兑換權之公平值 乃由本公司董事經參考中證 採用二項期權定價模型等估 值技術就所有重大輸入數據 盡量利用可觀察市場數據, 並盡可能減低對實體特定估 計的依賴;及
 - 溢利保證補償之公平值乃由 本公司董事經參考德泰匯信 控股有限公司及其附屬公司 (「德泰匯信集團」)截至二零 一六年六月三十日止年度之 實際財務業績釐定。

香港財務報告準則第7號規定, 須按以下公平值計量等級分級披 露按公平值計量之金融工具:

| Level 1 第1級 | 7 | Quoted price (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. 相同資產或負債於活躍市場之報價(未經調整)。 |
|----------------|---|--|
| Level 2 | - | Inputs other than quoted price included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly. |
| 第2級 | | 除第1級包括之報價外,可直接或間接觀察之資產或負債輸入數據。 |
| Level 3 第3級 | - | Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data. 並非根據可觀察市場數據計算之資產或負債輸入數據。 |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

5. 財務風險管理(續)

(Continued)

(b) Fair value (Continued)

(b) 公平值(續)

| | | Level 1 第1級 HK\$'000 千港元 | Level 2 第2級 HK\$′000 千港元 | Level 3 第3級 HK\$'000 千港元 | Tota 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|----------------------------|---|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| At 30 June 2016 | 於二零一六年六月三十日 | | | | |
| Assets | 資產 | | | | |
| Listed securities designated at fair value through | 算座 指定為按公平值計入損益 之上市證券 | | | | |
| profit or loss | | 104,526 | - | - | 104,52 |
| Compensation from | 溢利保證補償 | | | | |
| profit guarantee | | - | | 100,000 | 100,00 |
| Available-for-sale investments | 可供出售投資 | - | 6,445 | 256,226 | 262,67 |
| Derivatives financial instrument | 衍生金融工具 | - | - | 215,426 | 215,42 |
| | | 104,526 | 6,445 | 571,652 | 682,62 |
| AL 00 hims 0045 | | 4246 | | | |
| At 30 June 2015 | 於二零一五年六月三十日 | | | | |
| | 100 | | | | |

| Assets | 資產 | |
|------------------------------|-------------|---------|
| Listed securities designated | 指定為按公平值計入損益 | |
| at fair value through | 之上市證券 | |
| profit or loss | 215,519 | 215,519 |

The methods and valuation techniques used for the purpose of measuring fair value are unchanged compared to the previous reporting periods. There were no significant transfers of financial assets and liabilities between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 fair value hierarchy classifications. 計量公平值所用方法及估值技術 與過往報告期間相同。第1級、 第2級與第3級公平值層級分類之 間並無金融資產及負債之重大轉 撥。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Fair value (Continued)

The fair value of the contingent share consideration payable is Level 3 recurring fair value measurement. A reconciliation of the opening and closing fair value balances are provided as below.

- 5. 財務風險管理(續)
 - (b) 公平值(續) 應付或然股份代價公平值屬第3 級經常性公平值計量。下文載列 期初及期終公平值結餘對賬。

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Opening balance (Level 3 recurring fair value) Change in fair value recognised in profit or loss during the year | 期初結餘(第3級經常性 公平值) 年內於損益確認之公平值 變動 | - | 10,575 (10,575) |
| Closing balance (Level 3 recurring fair value) | 期終結餘(第3級經常性 公平值) | _ | |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Fair value (Continued)

Contingent share consideration payable represented the fair value of convertible preference shares to be released to the vendor at the end of reporting period for the business combination. Pursuance to the acquisition agreements, if the total net profit of the acquired group fails to meet the sum of RMB300,000,000 for the three years ending 31 December 2015 (the "Profit Target"), the number of convertible preference shares to be released to the vendor shall be adjusted by a pre-defined formula as specified in the acquisition agreements. The predefined formula is as follow:

| Adjusted number | | Actual | | |
|-------------------|---|-------------------|---|---------------|
| of convertible | = | total net profits | Х | 1,238,095,238 |
| preference shares | | RMB300.000.000 | | |

For the year ended 30 June 2015, a supplement agreement between the Group and the vendor was entered to terminate the existing cooperation relationship. As such, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no convertible preference shares would be issued to the vendor. The directors of the Company are of the Company are of the opinion that the Profit Target would not be achieved by the acquired group in the remaining period. The fair value gain of contingent share consideration payable amounting to HK\$10,575,000 has been recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2015.

5. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 公平值(續) 應付或然股份代價指就業務合併 於報告期末賣方將獲發放之可換 股優先股之公平值。根據收購協 議,倘所收購集團未能於截至二 零一五年十二月三十一日止三個 年度達到純利總額合共人民幣 300,000,000元(「溢利目標」),賣 方將獲發放可換股優先股數目將 按收購協議訂明之預定公式作出 調整。預定公式如下:

> 可換股優先股 經調整數目 = <u>實際純利總額</u> X 1,238,095,238

截至二零一五年六月三十日止年 度,本集團與賣方訂立補充協 ,以終止現有合作關係。因 此,本公司董事認為概無可為概 優先股將發行予賣方。本公司司 事認為,所收購集團於餘下期司 將不會達到溢利目標。截至二 等 股份代價之公平值收益 10,575,000港元已於綜合全面收 益表內確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Fair value (Continued)

The fair value of the conversion option of the convertible bonds is Level 3 recurring fair value measurement. A reconciliation of the opening and closing fair value balances are provided as below.

5. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 公平值(續) 可換股債券兑換權之公平值屬第 3級經常性公平值計量。下文載 列期初及期終公平值結餘對賬。

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|--|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Opening balance (Level 3 recurring fair value) Subscription of convertible bonds Change in fair value recognised in profit or loss during the year | 期初結餘(第3級經常性 公平值) 認購可換股債券 年內於損益確認之 公平值變動 | _ 165,590 49,836 | - |
| Closing balance (Level 3 recurring fair value) | 期終結餘(第3級經常性 公平值) | 215,426 | _ |

The key significant unobservable inputs to determine the fair value of the conversion option of the convertible bonds are the fair value of shares of Integrated Capital Investments Limited ("Integrated Capital") and expected volatility. An increase in the fair value of shares of Integrated Capital and expected volatility would result in an increase in the fair value measurement of the conversion option of the convertible bonds, and vice versa. 釐定可換股債券兑換權之公平值 之主要重大不可觀察輸入數據為 Integrated Capital Investments Limited(「Integrated Capital」)股 份之公平值及預期波幅。 Integrated Capital股份之公平值 及預期波幅上升將令可換股債券 兑換權之公平值計量有所增加, 反之亦然。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Fair value (Continued)

The fair value of the debt component of the convertible bonds is Level 3 recurring fair value measurement. A reconciliation of the opening and closing fair value balances are provided as below.

財務風險管理(續) 5.

(b) 公平值(續) 可換股債券債務部分之公平值屬 第3級經常性公平值計量。下文 載列期初及期終公平值結餘對賬。

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|--|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Opening balance (Level 3 | 期初結餘(第3級經常性 | | |
| recurring fair value) Subscription of convertible bonds Change in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income | 公平值) 認購可換股債券 年內於其他全面收入確認 之公平值變動 | - 222,410 | |
| during the year | | 33,816 | - |
| Closing balance (Level 3 | 期終結餘(第3級經常性 | | |
| recurring fair value) | 公平值) | 256,226 | - |

The key significant unobservable inputs to determine the fair value of the debt component of the convertible bonds is the discount rate. An increase in the discount rate would result in a decrease in the fair value measurement of the debt component of the convertible bonds, and vice versa.

釐定可換股債券債務部分之公平 值之主要重大不可觀察輸入數據 為貼現率。貼現率上升將令可換 股債券債務部分之公平值計量有 所減少,反之亦然。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Fair value (Continued)

The fair value of compensation from profit guarantee is a Level 3 recurring fair value measurement. A reconciliation of the opening and closing fair value balances are provided as below.

5. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 公平值(續) 溢利保證補償之公平值屬第3級 經常性公平值計量。下文載列期 初及期終公平值結餘對賬。

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Opening balance (Level 3 recurring fair value) | 期初結餘(第3級經常性 公平值) | - | ///- |
| Change in fair value recognised in profit or loss during the year | 年內於損益確認之 公平值變動 | 100,000 | |
| Closing balance (Level 3 recurring fair value) | 期終結餘(第3級經常性 公平值) | 100,000 | |

One of the key significant unobservable inputs to determine the fair value of compensation from profit guarantee is the actual financial result of Delta Prestige Group for the year ended 30 June 2016.

A better actual financial result of Delta Prestige Group for the year ended 30 June 2016 would result in a decrease in the fair value measurement of compensation from profit guarantee, and vice versa. 釐定溢利保證補償之公平值之其 中一項主要重大不可觀察輸入數 據為德泰匯信集團截至二零一六 年六月三十日止年度之實際財務 業績。

德泰匯信集團截至二零一六年六 月三十日止年度之實際財務業績 理想將令溢利保證補償之公平值 計量有所減少,反之亦然。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

6. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING

6. 營業額及分類報告

- **6.1** Turnover, which is also revenue, represents the amounts received and receivable for goods sold to outside customers net of returns and discounts and sales related taxes, interest income from money lending and dividend income from listed securities during the year.
- 6.1 營業額(亦即收益)乃指年內經扣除退貨及折扣以及與銷售有關之税項後向外來客戶出售商品之已收及應收款項、借貸之利息收入及上市證券之股息收入。

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Continuing operations | 持續經營業務 | | |
| Electric cycles | 電動自行車 | 1,446 | _ |
| Liquor and wine | 酒類產品 | 1,679 | 33,516 |
| Money lending services | 借貸服務 | 13,179 | 13,845 |
| Investment in listed securities | 上市證券投資 | 130 | 2,337 |
| | | 16,434 | 49,698 |

6.2 Segment reporting

(a) **Reportable segments**

The Group determines its operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker that are used to make strategic decisions. The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the Company's executive directors.

The Group currently has four reportable segments. The segments are managed separately as each business offers different products and services and requires different business strategies as follows:

- (i) manufacturing and trading of electric cycles;
- (ii) trading and distribution of liquor and wine;
- (iii) provision of money lending services; and
- (iv) investments in listed securities.

6.2 分類報告

 (a) 可報告分類
 本集團根據主要營運決策者
 審閲用於策略決策之報告釐

定經營分類。主要營運決策 者確定為本公司執行董事。

本集團現時有四個可報告分 類。由於各業務提供不同產 品及服務,所需業務策略迥 異,故本集團個別管理該等 分類。該等分類如下:

 (i) 電動自行車製造及買 賣;

(ii) 酒類產品買賣及分銷;

(iii) 提供借貸服務;及

(iv) 上市證券投資。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

(a) **Reportable segments** (Continued)

6. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

6. 營業額及分類報告(續)

6.2 分類報告(續)

(a) 可報告分類(續) 不同經營分類於年內並無分類之間交易(二零一五年: 無)。由於中央收益及開支 並無計入主要營運決策者用 作評估分類表現之分類業績 計量,故有關收益及開支並 無分配至經營分類。

(b) 分類收益及業績 按可報告分類劃分本集團之 收益及業績分析如下。

截至二零一六年六月三十日 止年度

| | | Electric cycles 電動 自行車 HK\$'000 千港元 | Liquor and wine 酒類產品 HK\$'000 千港元 | Money lending services 借貨服務 HK\$'000 千港元 | Investments in listed securities 上市證券 投資 HK\$*000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| Segment revenue | 分類收益 | 1,446 | 1,679 | 13,179 | 130 | 16,434 |
| Segment (loss)/profit | 分類(虧損)/溢利 | (393,073) | (61,508) | 16,604 | (75,016) | (512,993) |
| Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expenses (Note) Finance costs Convertible bonds interests Share-based payment expenses Change in fair value of derivative financial instrument | 未分配公司收入 未分配公司開支 (附註) 融資成本 可換股債券利息 股份付款開支 衍生金融工具公平值 變動 | | | | | 219 (40,441) (17,546) 7,333 (43,025) 49,836 |
| Loss before income tax from continuing operations | 持續經營業務之 所得税前虧損 | | | | | (556,617) |

There were no inter-segment transactions

6.2 Segment reporting (Continued)

between different operating segments for the year (2015: Nil). Central revenue and expenses are not allocated to the operating segments as they are not included in the measure of the segments' results that is used by the chief operating decision-maker for assessment of segment performance.

(b) Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segments.

For the year ended 30 June 2016

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

6. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT **REPORTING** (Continued)

6. 營業額及分類報告(續)

- 6.2 Segment reporting (Continued)
 - (b) Segment revenue and results (Continued) For the year ended 30 June 2015

6.2 分類報告(續)

(b) 分類收益及業績(續) 截至二零一五年六月三十日 止年度

| | | Electric cycles 電動 自行車 HK\$'000 千港元 | Liquor and wine 酒類產品 HK\$'000 千港元 | Money lending services 借貸服務 HK\$'000 千港元 | Investments in listed securities 上市證券 投資 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| Segment revenue | 分類收益 | | 33,516 | 13,845 | 2,337 | 49,698 |
| Segment (loss)/profit | 分類(虧損)/溢利 | (2,648) | (32,691) | 14,358 | 69,710 | 48,729 |
| Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expenses (Note) Finance costs Share-based payment expenses Change in fair value of contingent share consideration payable | 未分配公司收入 未分配公司開支(附註) 融資成本 股份付款開支 應付或然股份代價 公平值變動 | | | | | 2,336 (40,456) (17,100) (34,222) 10,575 |
| Loss before income tax from continuing operations | 持續經營業務之 所得税前虧損 | | | | | (30,138) |

Note: Unallocated corporate expenses mainly included staff salaries, directors' remuneration, office rental expenses, consultancy fees and amortisation of issuance cost of corporate bonds for the year ended 30 June 2016 and 2015.

附註:截至二零一六年及二零一五 年六月三十日止年度,未分 配公司開支主要包括員工薪 酬、董事酬金、辦公室租賃 開支、顧問費用及公司債券 發行成本攤銷。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

6. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

6.2 Segment reporting (Continued)

6. 營業額及分類報告(續)

6.2 分類報告(續)

- (c) Segment assets and liabilities The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable segments:
- (C) 分類資產及負債 按可報告分類劃分本集團之

| assets and liabilities by reportab | le segments: | 資產及負債 | 分析如下: |
|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Segment assets | 分類資產 | | |
| Electric cycles Liquor and wine Money lending services Investments in listed securities | 電動自行車 酒類產品 借貸服務 上市證券投資 | 103,029 157,944 134,739 104,526 | 520,424 223,929 293,131 215,705 |
| Total segment assets | 分類資產總額 | 500,238 | 1,253,189 |
| Deposits for subscription of convertible bonds Available-for-sale investments | 認購可換股債券之按金可供出售投資 | _ 262,671 | 180,000 |
| Derivative financial instrument Unallocated bank balances | 行 衍生金融工具 未分配銀行結餘及現金 | 215,426 | |
| and cash Unallocated corporate assets (Note) | 未分配公司資產(附註) | 23,884 11,281 | 70,824 33,359 |
| Consolidated total assets | 綜合資產總額 | 1,013,500 | 1,537,372 |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

6. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT **REPORTING** (Continued)

6. 營業額及分類報告(續)

6.2 Segment reporting (Continued) (c) Segment assets and liabilities (Continued)

6.2 分類報告(續) (c) 分類資產及負債(續)

| 2016 零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | |
| 7,831 5,069 199 1,691 | 8,618 7,609 3,025 144 |
| 14,790 | 19,396 |
| 9,768 _ 182,821 | 10,413 25,817 179,704 |
| 3,479 | 2,360 |
| 210,858 | 237,690 |
| | |

interest receivable on convertible bond and prepaid interest for corporate bonds.

Unallocated corporate liabilities mainly comprised of bonds interest payable and accrued headquarter expenses.

換股債券之應收利息及公司 債券之預付利息。

> 未分配公司負債主要包括應 付債券利息及應計總部開支。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

6. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT **REPORTING** (Continued)

- 6.2 Segment reporting (Continued)
 - (d) Other segment information For the year ended 30 June 2016
- 6.2 分類報告(續)
 - (d) 其他分類資料 截至二零一六年六月三十日 止年度

| | | Electric cycles 電動 自行車 HK\$'000 千港元 | Liquor and wine 酒類產品 HK\$'000 千港元 | Money lending services 借貸服務 HK\$'000 千港元 | Investments in listed securities 上市證券 投資 HK\$'000 千港元 | Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|------------------------------|--|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets: | 計入分類溢利或虧損或 分類資產計量之金額: | | | | | | |
| Additions to non-current assets Depreciation of property, plant and | 添置非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備折舊 | 2,596 | 31 | 13,406 | - | - | 16,033 |
| equipment | 7/7末 順加方次以開加音 | (704) | (1,929) | (4,088) | | | (6,721) |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 無形資產攤銷 | (17,640) | - | - | - | - | (17,640) |
| Impairment of goodwill | 商譽減值 | (363,046) | - | - | - | | (363,046) |
| Write-down of inventories | 撇減存貨 | (3,017) | (4,722) | - | - | - | (7,739) |
| Impairment loss of property, plant and equipment | 物業、廠房及設備減值 虧損 | (11,414) | (2,062) | _ | _ | _ | (13,476) |
| Impairment loss of intangible assets | 無形資產減值虧損 | (91,340) | | _ | _ | | (91,340) |
| Impairment loss on trade receivables | 貿易應收賬項減值虧損 | - | (42,959) | - | - | | (42,959) |
| Reversal of impairment loss on loans receivable | 應收貸款減值虧損撥回 | _ | _ | 8,550 | _ | _ | 8,550 |
| Change in fair value of listed equity | 上市股本投資公平值變動 | | | 0,000 | | | 0,000 |
| investments | | - | - | - | (74,959) | - | (74,959) |
| Change in fair value of compensation | 溢利保證補償公平值變動 | | | | | | |
| from profit guarantee | | 100,000 | - | - | - | - | 100,000 |
| Interest income | 利息收入 | 3 | 24 | - | - | 7,333 | 7,360 |
| Amounts regularly provided to the chief operating decision-maker but not included in the measure of segment profit or loss: | 提供但並無計入 分類溢利或虧損計量 之金額: | | | | | | |
| Income tax credit | 所得税抵免 | 24,883 | | 137 | - | - | 25,020 |
| Finance costs | 融資成本 | (473) | | - | (59) | (17,014) | (17,546) |

^{6.} 營業額及分類報告(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

6. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

6. 營業額及分類報告(續)

- 6.2 Segment reporting (Continued)
 - (d) Other segment information (*Continued*) For the year ended 30 June 2015
- **6.2 分類報告**(續)
 - (d) 其他分類資料(續) 截至二零一五年六月三十日 止年度

| | | Electric cycles 電動 | Liquor and wine | Money lending services | Investments in listed securities 上市證券 | Unallocated | Total |
|---|--|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--|-------------|-------------------|
| | | 自行車 | 酒類產品 | 借貸服務 | 投資 | 未分配 | 總計 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets: | 計入分類溢利或 虧損或分類資產 計量之金額: | | | | | | |
| Additions to non-current assets Depreciation of property, plant and | 添置非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備折舊 | 2,933 | 6,772 | - | - | 4,906 | 14,611 |
| equipment | | (51) | (774) | - | | (1,422) | (2,247) |
| mortisation of intangible assets | 無形資產攤銷 | (1,489) | - | - | - | - | (1,489) |
| | 貿易應收賬項減值虧損 應收貸款減值虧損撥回 | - | (19,133) | - | - | | (19,133) |
| receivable hange in fair value of financial | 按公平值計入損益之 | 1 | 17 | 600 | 1 | - | 600 |
| liabilities at fair value through | 金融負債公平值變動 | | | | | | |
| profit or loss | 1 | - | 7 | - | - | 10,575 | 10,575 |
| change in fair value of listed equity investments | 上市股本投資公平值 變動 | - | - | - | 67,414 | - / - | 67,414 |
| Amounts regularly provided to the chief operating decision-maker but not included in the measure of segment profit or loss: | 定期向主要營運決策者 提供但並無計入 分類溢利或虧損 計量之金額: | | | | | | |
| ncome tax credit | 所得税抵免 融資成本 | 331 | (4,247) | 885 | - | (12,853) | 1,216 (17,100) |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

6. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

6.2 Segment reporting (Continued) (e) Geographic information

The Group's operations are mainly located in Hong Kong (place of domicile) and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The Group's revenue from external customers and information about its noncurrent assets (other than financial assets) by geographical markets are detailed as below:

6. 營業額及分類報告(續)

- **6.2 分類報告**(續)
 - (e) 地區資料 本集團之營運地點主要位於 香港(原駐地點)及中華人民

共和國(「中國」)。

按地區市場劃分本集團來自 外界客戶之收益及有關其非 流動資產(金融資產除外)之 詳情如下:

| | | external o (including and disc opera 來自外界署 (包括持續; | ie from customers continuing ontinued tions) 客戶之收益 經營業務及 | | ent assets |
|------------------|------|--|--|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | | 已終止絕 2016 | 2015 ²⁰¹⁵ | 非流重 2016 | 動資產 2015 |
| | | | 二零一五年 | 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 二零一五年 |
| Hong Kong PRC | 香港中國 | 13,309 3,125 | 16,182 168,682 | 22,976 3,236 | 20,568 523,838 |
| | | 16,434 | 184,864 | 26,212 | 544,406 |

The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the goods and services are delivered. For goodwill and intangible assets, the geographical location is based on the areas of operation. The geographical location of other non-current assets is based on the physical location of the assets. 客戶之地理位置乃按交付貨 品及服務所在位置而定。商 譽及無形資產之地理位置乃 按營運地區而定。其他非流 動資產之地理位置乃按資產 之實際位置而定。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

6. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

6. 營業額及分類報告(續)

6.2 分類報告(續)

6.2 Segment reporting (Continued)

(f) Major customers

Revenue from a customer of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total turnover (including continuing and discontinued operations) of Group is as follow: (f) 主要客戶 於相應年度來自佔本集團總 營業額(包括持續經營業務 及已終止經營業務)超過 10%之客戶之收益如下:

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 |
|-------------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | 千港元 | 「K\$ 000 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Continuing operations | 持續經營業務 | | |
| Customer A | 客戶A | 3,600 | |
| Customer B | 客戶B | 2,917 | |
| Customer C | 客戶C | 2,212 | - |
| Customer D | 客戶D | 1,927 | - |
| Discontinued operations | 已終止經營業務 | | |
| Customer E | 客戶E | - | 35,492 |

7. INTEREST INCOME

7. 利息收入

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Continuing operations | 持續經營業務 | | |
| Bank interest income | 銀行利息收入 | 27 | 2,528 |
| Convertible bonds interest income (note 19) | 可換股債券利息收入 (附註19) | 7,333 | - |
| | | | |
| | | 7,360 | 2,528 |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

8. LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX 8. 所得稅前虧損

| | | 2016 二零一六年 | 2015 二零一五年 |
|--|------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| | | _ 、 | ~ 立+ HK\$′000 千港元 |
| Continuing operations | 持續經營業務 | | |
| Loss before income tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting): | 行績程當果仍 所得税前虧損乃經扣除/ (計入)下列各項: | | |
| | | | |
| Auditor's remuneration | 核數師酬金 | 1,380 | 1,300 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and | 物業、廠房及設備折舊 | | |
| equipment Cost of inventories recognised as | 应河为时士之方华武士 。 | 6,721 | 2,247 |
| expense, including: | 確認為開支之存貨成本, 包括: | 11,031 | 21,453 |
| Write-down of inventories | <u>撇減存貨</u> | 7,739 | |
| Amortisation of issuance cost of | 公司債券發行成本攤銷 | | |
| corporate bonds | | 3,117 | 2,353 |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 無形資產攤銷 | 17,640 | 1,489 |
| Impairment loss on trade receivables | 貿易應收賬項減值虧損 (NH計 17) | 42.050 | 10 102 |
| (note 17) Impairment loss on available-for-sale | (附註17) 可供出售投資減值虧損 | 42,959 | 19,133 |
| investments (note 18) | (附註18) | 2,864 | _ |
| Employee benefit expense (including | 僱員福利開支(包括 | _, | |
| directors' remuneration): | 董事酬金): | | |
| Wages and salaries | 工資及薪金 | 11,690 | 23,156 |
| Contributions to retirement benefit | 退休福利計劃供款 | | 011 |
| schemes | 士什ヱ后日五芋市→ | 386 | 314 |
| Share-based payment expenses to employees and directors | 支付予僱員及董事之 股份付款開支 | 4,820 | 4,061 |
| employees and directors | | 4,020 | 4,001 |
| Share-based payment expenses to | 支付予顧問之股份 | | |
| consultants | 付款開支 | 38,205 | 30,161 |
| | | | |
| Operating lease rentals in respect of: | 經營租賃租金: | 40.074 | 7 170 |
| Office premises Factory premises | 辦公室物業 廠房物業 | 10,961 1,342 | 7,173 86 |
| ractory premises | 顺加方 177 未 | 1,042 | 00 |
| Exchange (gains)/losses, net | 匯兑(收益)/虧損淨額 | (247) | 1,975 |
| Reversal of impairment loss on | 應收貸款減值虧損撥回 | | |
| loans receivable | | (8,550) | (600) |
| Bank interest income | 銀行利息收入 | (27) | (2,528) |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant | 出售物業、廠房及設備之 | 604 | 14 |
| and equipment | 虧損 | 694 | 14 |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

9. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

9. 董事及高級管理層酬金以及五 名最高薪人士

Particulars of the remuneration of the directors and the five highest paid individuals for the year were as follows:

Year ended 30 June 2016

以下為年內董事及五名最高薪人士之 酬金資料:

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

| | | Fees 袍金 HK\$′000 千港元 | Contributions to retirement benefit schemes 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元 | Share-based payment expenses 股份付款開支 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|-------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| Executive directors | 執行董事 | | | | |
| Mr. Wong Hin Shek | 王顯碩先生 | 1,932 | 18 | 3,840 | 5,790 |
| Mr. Chi Chi Hung, Kenneth | 季志雄先生 | 490 | 18 | - | 508 |
| Non-executive director | 非執行董事 | | | | |
| Mr. Chui Kwong Kau | 崔光球先生 | 140 | - | - | 140 |
| Independent non-executive directors | 獨立非執行董事 | | | | |
| Dr. Wong Yun Kuen | 黃潤權博士 | 120 | - | 96 | 216 |
| Mr. Chiu Wai On | 招偉安先生 | 120 | - | 96 | 216 |
| Mr. Man Kwok Leung | 萬國樑先生 | 120 | - | 96 | 216 |
| Total | 總計 | 2,922 | 36 | 4,128 | 7,086 |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

9. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

9. 董事及高級管理層酬金以及五 名最高薪人士(續)

(Continued)

|--|

截至二零一五年六月三十日止年度

| | | Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元 | Contributions to retirement benefit schemes 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|---------|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Executive directors | 執行董事 | | | |
| Mr. Wong Hin Shek | 王顯碩先生 | 1,632 | 18 | 1,650 |
| Mr. Chi Chi Hung, Kenneth | 季志雄先生 | 1,932 | 18 | 1,950 |
| Independent non-executive directors | 獨立非執行董事 | | | |
| Dr. Wong Yun Kuen | 黃潤權博士 | 110 | 666-1 | 110 |
| Mr. Chiu Wai On | 招偉安先生 | 110 | 1 1 1 - | 110 |
| Mr. Man Kwok Leung | 萬國樑先生 | 110 | 118-2 | 110 |
| Total | 總計 | 3,894 | 36 | 3,930 |

During the year, 40,000,000 share options (2015: Nil) and 3,000,000 share options (2015: Nil) were granted to executive director and independent non-executive directors in respect of their services to the Group respectively. There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2016 and 2015. 於本年度,執行董事及獨立非執行董 事就彼等向本集團提供之服務分別獲 授40,000,000份購股權(二零一五年: 無)及3,000,000份購股權(二零一五年: 無)。董事並無於截至二零一六年及二 零一五年六月三十日止年度作出任何 安排豁免或同意豁免任何酬金。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

9. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

(Continued)

Disclosures required by Section 383 of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of information about benefits of directors) regulation (Cap. 622G) and Listing Rules:

- (a) The executive directors' remuneration shown above were mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group during the years ended 30 June 2016 and 2015.
- (b) The non-executive and independent non-executive directors' remuneration shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company and the Group during the years ended 30 June 2016 and 2015.
- (c) None of the directors received or will receive any termination benefits during the years ended 30 June 2016 and 2015.
- (d) During the year ended 30 June 2016, there was no loans, quasi-loans and other dealing arrangements in favour of the directors, or controlled body corporates and connected entities of such directors.
- (e) No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Company's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2015: Nil).

The emolument of senior management whose profiles are included in the "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" section of this report fell within the following band:

9. 董事及高級管理層酬金以及五 名最高薪人士(續)

根據香港公司條例(第622章)第383條、 公司(披露董事利益資料)規例(第622G 章)及上市規則規定而披露之資料:

- (a) 上文所示執行董事之薪酬主要涉及於截至二零一六年及二零一五 年六月三十日止年度就本公司及 本集團事務管理提供之服務。
- (b) 上文所示非執行及獨立非執行董事之薪酬主要涉及於截至二零 一六年及二零一五年六月三十日 止年度作為本公司及本集團董事 提供之服務。
- (c) 概無董事於截至二零一六年及二 零一五年六月三十日止年度已收 取或將收取任何終止服務福利。
- (d) 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度,概無向董事或受有關董事控制之法團公司及與有關董事有關連之實體作出貸款、類似貸款及惠及該等董事、法團公司及實體之其他交易安排。
- (e) 於年終或年內任何時間,本公司 概無訂立任何對本公司業務而言 屬重大,且本公司董事於其中擁 有直接或間接重大權益之交易、 安排及合約(二零一五年:無)。

高級管理層(其履歷載於本報告「董事 及高級管理層履歷」一節)之酬金介乎 以下組別:

| | | | individuals 數 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| | | 2016 二零一六年 | 2015 二零一五年 |
| HK\$1,500,001 – HK\$2,000,000 | 1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元 | 1 | _ |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

9. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR **MANAGEMENT'S REMUNERATION** AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (Continued)

9. 董事及高級管理層酬金以及五 名最高薪人士(續)

The five highest paid individuals of the Group include two (2015: two) executive directors of the Company, details of whose remuneration are included above. The emoluments of the remaining three (2015: three) individuals for the year ended 30 June 2016 were as follows:

本集團五名最高薪人士中,其中兩名 (二零一五年:兩名)為本公司執行董 事,彼等之酬金詳情載於上文。餘下 三名(二零一五年:三名)人士於截至 二零一六年六月三十日止年度之酬金 如下:

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|-------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Wages and salaries | 工資及薪金 | 2,759 | 13,842 |
| Contributions to retirement benefit | 退休福利計劃供款 | | |
| schemes | | 54 | 17 |
| Share-based payment expenses | 股份付款開支 | 403 | 3,289 |
| | | | |
| | | 3,216 | 17,148 |

Their emoluments fell within the following bands:

此等人士之酬金介乎以下組別:

| | | Number of 人 | 數 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | 2016 二零一六年 | 2015 二零一五年 |
| HK\$500,001 – HK\$1,000,000 | 500,001港元至1,000,000港元 | 2 | 7 |
| HK\$1,500,001 – HK\$2,000,000 | 1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元 | 1 | |
| HK\$2,000,001 - HK\$2,500,000 | 2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元 | Ξ | 2 |
| HK\$12,000,001 - HK\$12,500,000 | 12,000,001港元至12,500,000港元 | | 1 |

4,200,000 share options (2015: 34,500,000) were granted to three (2015: two) of the non-director, highest paid individuals in respect of his services to the Group for the year ended 30 June 2016.

There was no arrangement under which the above nondirector, highest paid individuals waived or agreed to waive any remuneration for the years ended 30 June 2016 and 2015. No compensation for loss of office has been paid by the Group for any individual for the year ended 30 June 2016. The Group had paid HK\$12,471,000 to one of the highest paid individuals as compensation for loss of office for the year ended 30 June 2015.

三名(二零一五年:兩名)非董事最高 薪人士就彼等於截至二零一六年六月 三十日止年度向本集團提供之服務獲 授4,200,000份購股權(二零一五年: 34,500,000份)。

截至二零一六年及二零一五年六月 三十日止年度,上述非董事最高薪人 士概無根據任何安排豁免或同意豁免 任何酬金。截至二零一六年六月三十 日止年度,本集團並無向任何人士支 付離職補償。截至二零一五年六月 三十日止年度,本集團已向其中一名 最高薪人士支付12,471,000港元作為離 職補償。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

10. FINANCE COSTS

10. 融資成本

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|---------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | | |
| Continuing operations | 持續經營業務 | | |
| Interest on corporate bonds | 公司債券利息 | 17,014 | 12,853 |
| Interest on bank loans wholly | 須於五年內悉數償還之 | | |
| repayable within five years | 銀行貸款利息 | - | 4,247 |
| Interest on margin loan payable | 應付保證金貸款利息 | 59 | _ |
| Other interests | 其他利息 | 473 | |
| | | 17.546 | 17.100 |

11. INCOME TAX (CREDIT)/EXPENSE

For both years ended 30 June 2016 and 2015, Hong Kong profits tax was provided at the rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong. The subsidiaries established in the PRC are subject to income taxes at tax rate of 25% (2015: 25%).

11. 所得稅(抵免)/開支

截至二零一六年及二零一五年六月 三十日止兩個年度,於香港產生之估 計應課税溢利按税率16.5%作出香港利 得税撥備。於中國成立之附屬公司須 按25%(二零一五年:25%)之所得税率 繳税。

| | | |)16 一六年 | 20 二零- | |
|--|---------------------|----------|--|---|--|
| | | | Discontinued operations 已終止 經營業務 HK\$'000 千港元 | — ~ Continuing operations 持續 經營業務 HK\$'000 千港元 | ユー Discontinued operations 已終止 經營業務 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Current tax for the year Hong Kong PRC | 本年度即期税項 香港 中國 | - | Ę | 122 | _ 2,508 |
| Over-provision for prior years Hong Kong | 過往年度超額撥備 香港 | (137) | - | (1,007) | - |
| Deferred tax (note 27) | 遞延税項(附註27) | (24,883) | - | (331) | (12) |
| Total income tax (credit)/expense | 9 所得税(抵免)/開支總額 | (25,020) | - | (1,216) | 2,496 |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

11. INCOME TAX (CREDIT)/EXPENSE 11. 所得稅(抵免)/開支(續)

(Continued)

Income tax for the year can be reconciled to the loss before income tax per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

年內所得税與綜合全面收益表內之所 得税前虧損對賬如下:

| | | |)16 文在 | | 015 一王在 | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------|---|--|---|--|--|
| | | | 一六年 Discontinued operations 已終止 經營業務 HK\$'000 千港元 | 二零- Continuing operations 持續 經營業務 HK\$'000 千港元 | -五年 Discontinued operations 已終止 經營業務 HK\$'000 千港元 | | |
| Loss before income tax | 所得税前虧損 | (556,617) | - | (30,138) | (218) | | |
| Tax calculated at PRC enterprise income tax of 25% (2015: 25%) | 按中國企業所得税率25% (二零一五年:25%) 計算之税項 | (139,154) | - | (7,534) | (55) | | |
| Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions | 於其他司法權區經營之 附屬公司税率不同之 影響 | (8,717) | - | 7,992 | 4 | | |
| Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes | 不可扣税開支之税務影響 | 159,749 | - | 13,540 | 630 | | |
| Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purposes | 非課税收入之税務影響 | (42,335) | - | (22,952) | (229) | | |
| Tax effect of tax losses not recognised | 未確認之税項虧損之 税務影響 | 5,574 | - | 8,745 | - | | |
| Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised | 動用先前未確認之 税項虧損 | - | - | | (271) | | |
| Over-provision for prior years | 過往年度超額撥備 | (137) | - | (1,007) | 1 | | |
| Withholding tax regarding the disposal of subsidiaries | 有關出售附屬公司之 預扣税 | - | - | - | 2,417 | | |
| Total income tax (credit)/expense | 所得税(抵免)/開支總額 | (25,020) | - | (1,216) | 2,496 | | |

12. DIVIDEND

12. 股息

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 30 June 2016 (2015: Nil).

董事會不建議就截至二零一六年六月 三十日止年度派付任何股息(二零一五 年:無)。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

13. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share amount is based on the (loss)/profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

The calculation of the basic (loss)/earnings per share based on the following data:

13. 每股(虧損)/盈利

每股基本及攤薄(虧損)/盈利乃按本 公司擁有人應佔年內(虧損)/溢利及 年內已發行普通股加權平均數計算。

每股基本(虧損)/盈利乃按下列數據 計算:

| | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| (Loss)/profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share: Continuing operations Discontinued operations | (494,057) – | (28,390) 40,445 |
| Total (loss)/profit from continuing 持續經營業務及 operations and discontinued 已終止經營業務之 operations (虧損)/溢利總額 | (494,057) | 12,055 |

| | Number of shares 股份數目 |
|--|---|
| | 2016 2015 二零一六年 二零一五年 '000 '000 千股 千股 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary 用作計算每股基本 | |

| basic (loss)/earnings per share | 加權平均數 | | 1,482,720 | 3,672,876 |
|--|----------------|-------|------------|-----------|
| Diluted (loss)/earnings per share amount | for both years | 由於行使則 | 古 股 權 及 可∶ | 換股優先股具有 |

was not presented because the impact of the exercise of the share options and convertible preference shares was anti-dilutive. Potential ordinary shares are dilutive when and only when their conversion into ordinary shares would increase loss per share attributable to owners of the Company from continuing operations. 由於行使購股權及可換股優先股具有 反攤薄影響,故並無呈列兩個年度之 每股攤薄(虧損)/盈利金額。潛在普 通股僅於獲轉換為普通股會增加本公 司擁有人應佔持續經營業務之每股虧 損時,方具有攤薄效應。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

14. 物業、廠房及設備

| | | Buildings 樓宇 | Leasehold improvements | Equipment, furniture and fixtures 設備、傢俬及 | Plant, moulds and machinery 廠房、 | Motor vehicles | Total |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | | 樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元 | 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元 | 固定装置 HK\$'000 千港元 | 模具及機器 HK\$'000 千港元 | 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元 | 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| | | 17670 | 17070 | 1/6/0 | 1/6/0 | 17670 | 17670 |
| COST: At 1 July 2014 Additions | 成本: 於二零一四年七月一日 添置 | 68,840 - | 9,680 4,158 | 11,611 1,971 | 129,522 2,747 | 1,720 5,797 | 221,373 14,673 |
| Acquired through acquisition of subsidiaries (note 33) Disposals | 透過收購附屬公司收購 (附註33) 出售 | - | 658 | 377 | 9,275 (126) | 457 | 10,767 (126) |
| Through disposal of subsidiaries Exchange realignment | 近 透過出售附屬公司 匯兑調整 | (68,320) (520) | (7,951) (9) | (7,728) (62) | (127,888) (1,179) | (1,002) (10) | (212,889) (1,780) |
| At 30 June 2015 Additions Disposals Exchange realignment | 於二零一五年六月三十日 添置 出售 匯兑調整 | | 6,536 3,017 (2,828) (303) | 6,169 903 (819) (107) | 12,351 1,822 (107) (846) | 6,962 10,291 (355) (91) | 32,018 16,033 (4,109) (1,347) |
| At 30 June 2016 | 於二零一六年六月三十日 | - | 6,422 | 6,146 | 13,220 | 16,807 | 42,595 |
| ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT LOSSES: | 累計折舊及減值虧損: | | 111 | | | | |
| At 1 July 2014 Provided for the year Disposals | 於二零一四年七月一日 年內撥備 出售 | 34,961 1,488 | 3,395 1,403 | 8,771 643 | 86,448 3,911 (112) | 776 261 | 134,351 7,706 (112) |
| Through disposal of subsidiaries Exchange realignment | 山台 透過出售附屬公司 匯兑調整 | (36,251) (198) | (2,458) (1) | - (6,837) (42) | (89,567) (657) | (558) (6) | (112) (135,671) (904) |
| At 30 June 2015 Provided for the year Disposals Impairment loss for the year | 於二零一五年六月三十日 年內撥備 出售 年內減值虧損 | - | 2,339 2,369 (2,137) 2,082 | 2,535 976 (406) 263 | 23 300 (28) 11,020 | 473 3,076 (63) 111 | 5,370 6,721 (2,634) 13,476 |
| Exchange realignment | 匯兑調整 | - | (85) | (18) | (10) | (12) | (125) |
| At 30 June 2016 | 於二零一六年六月三十日 | - 10 1- | 4,568 | 3,350 | 11,305 | 3,585 | 22,808 |
| NET CARRYING AMOUNT: At 30 June 2016 | 賬面淨值: 於二零一六年六月三十日 | 11- | 1,854 | 2,796 | 1,915 | 13,222 | 19,787 |
| At 30 June 2015 | 於二零一五年六月三十日 | 1.1 - | 4,197 | 3,634 | 12,328 | 6,489 | 26,648 |

As at 30 June 2016, the directors reviewed the recoverable amounts of property, plant and equipment in the business segment of liquor and wine business as the business incurred losses for the year. The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment in the business segment of liquor and wine business is based on the fair value less cost of disposal. Considering with the poor operating result, the directors are of the opinion that the result of value-in-use calculation would be minimal. As a result of such review, an impairment loss of HK\$2,062,000 was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2016.

於二零一六年六月三十日,由於酒類 產品業務年內產生虧損,董事審閱其 業務分類中物業、廠房及設備之可收 回金額。酒類產品業務分類中物業、 廠房及設備之可收回金額乃按公平值 減出售成本得出。考慮到營運業績欠 佳,董事認為使用價值計算結果微不 足道。審閱完成後,已於截至二零一六 年六月三十日止年度之綜合全面收益 表確認減值虧損2,062,000港元。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(continucu)

The fair value less cost of disposal of property, plant and equipment in the liquor and wine business is determined by the analysis of recent sales of comparable items and is Level 3 recurring fair value measurement.

The key significant unobservable input to determine is the discount on age, condition and functional obsolescence. The higher discount on these factors would result in the lower in the fair value measurement of the fair value less cost of disposal of property, plant and equipment in the liquor and wine business, and vice versa.

For the business segment of manufacturing and trading of electric cycle business, the property, plant and equipment with the net carrying amount of HK\$13,589,000 is attributable to the same cashgenerating unit with which the goodwill amount is recognised. As the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating unit of manufacturing and trading of electric cycle (the "Electric Cycles CGU") is lower than the carrying amount, an impairment loss of HK\$11,414,000 was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2016. Details of impairment assessment of the cash generating unit are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

No impairment loss on property, plant and equipment had been provided for the year ended 30 June 2015.

14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

酒類產品業務之物業、廠房及設備公 平值減出售成本乃按可資比較項目之 近期銷售額分析計算得出,並屬第3級 經常性公平值計量。

釐定之主要重大不可觀察輸入數據為 使用年期、狀況及功能損毀貼現。此 等因素貼現增加將令酒類產品業務中 物業、廠房及設備之公平值減出售成 本之公平值計量有所減少,反之亦然。

就電動自行車製造及買賣業務之業務 分類而言,賬面淨值為13,589,000港元 之物業、廠房及設備來自同一現金產 生單位,其商譽金額已獲確認。由於 電動自行車製造及買賣之現金產生單 位(「電動自行車現金產生單位」)之可 收零一次年六月三十日止年度之綜合登 面收益表確認減值虧損11,414,000港 元。有關現金產生單位減值評估之詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註16。

截至二零一五年六月三十日止年度概 無計提物業、廠房及設備減值虧損。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

15. 無形資產

| | | Distribution rights 分銷權 | Distribution network 分銷網絡 | Patent 專利權 | Patent use right 專利使用權 | |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | (note a) (附註a) HK\$'000 | (note b) (附註b) HK\$'000 | (note c) (附註c) HK\$'000 | (note d) (附註d) HK\$'000 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| COST: | 成本: | | | | | |
| At 1 July 2014 | 於二零一四年七月一日 | 169,475 | 14,809 | - | | 184,284 |
| Acquired through acquisition of subsidiaries (note 33) | 透過收購附屬公司收購 (附註33) | | | 72,596 | 45,005 | 117,601 |
| Exchange realignment | 匯兑調整 | (1,174) | (103) | - | - | (1,277) |
| At 30 June 2015 | 於二零一五年六月三十日 | 168,301 | 14,706 | 72,596 | 45,005 | 300,608 |
| Exchange realignment | 匯兑調整 | (11,134) | (973) | (4,803) | (2,977) | (19,887) |
| At 30 June 2016 | 於二零一六年六月三十日 | 157,167 | 13,733 | 67,793 | 42,028 | 280,721 |
| ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT LOSSES: | 累計攤銷及減值虧損: | | | | | |
| At 1 July 2014 | 於二零一四年七月一日 | 169,475 | 14,809 | - A - | - | 184,284 |
| Amortisation for the year | 年內攤銷 | 8 8 6- | 665 | 919 | 570 | 1,489 |
| Exchange realignment | 匯兑調整 | (1,174) | (103) | - | - | (1,277) |
| At 30 June 2015 | 於二零一五年六月三十日 | 168,301 | 14,706 | 919 | 570 | 184,496 |
| Amortisation for the year | 年內攤銷 | 664 | | 10,889 | 6,751 | 17,640 |
| Impairment loss for the year | 年內減值虧損 | - | - | 56,385 | 34,955 | 91,340 |
| Exchange realignment | 匯兑調整 | (11,134) | (973) | (400) | (248) | (12,755) |
| At 30 June 2016 | 於二零一六年六月三十日 | 157,167 | 13,733 | 67,793 | 42,028 | 280,721 |
| NET CARRYING AMOUNT: | 賬面淨值: | | | | | |
| At 30 June 2016 | 於二零一六年六月三十日 | 988- | | - / - | | 10- |
| At 30 June 2015 | 於二零一五年六月三十日 | | 111 | 71,677 | 44,435 | 116,112 |

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| IN1 | TANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued) | 15. | 無形 | 資產 (續) |
|-------|---|-----|-----|---|
| Notes | 5: | | 附註: | |
| (a) | Distribution rights represented (i) the exclusive distribution right for 五糧液釀神 (excluding Niangshen 101 series) (in English, for identification purpose only, "Wuliangye Niangshen Liquor Series") granted by 四川五穀釀神酒業集團有限公司 (in English, for identification purpose only, "Sichuan Wugu Niangshen Wine Group Limited") for an indefinite period; and (ii) the non- exclusive distribution right for 五糧液 (in English, for identification purpose only, "Wuliangye Liquor Series") granted by 宜賓五糧液酒類銷售有限責任公司 (in English, for identification purpose only, "Yibin Wuliangye Liquor Sales Co., Ltd."), which was expired in June 2015. | | | 分銷權指(i)四川五穀釀神酒業集團有限2 司授出五糧液釀神(不包括釀神101系列 之無限期獨家分銷權:及(ii)宜賓五糧液濯 類銷售有限責任公司授出於二零一五年方 月屆滿之五糧液非獨家分銷權。 |
| | Full impairment loss on the exclusive distribution right had been made in previous year. No reversal of impairment loss was considered for the year ended 30 June 2016 and 2015. | | | 去年已計提獨家分銷權全數減值虧損。 至二零一六年及二零一五年六月三十日」 年度,本公司並無考慮撥回減值虧損。 |
| (b) | Distribution network represented agreements in relation to the formation of certain joint-venture companies in various provinces of the PRC and wine distribution network between the Group and each of the provincial distributors. | | | 分銷網絡指有關在中國各省成立若干合營 公司及本集團與各省級分銷商建立酒品分 銷網絡之協議。 |
| | Full impairment loss had been made in previous year. No reversal of impairment loss was considered for the year ended 30 June 2016 and 2015. | | | 去年已計提全數減值虧損。截至二零一方 年及二零一五年六月三十日止年度,本公 司並無考慮撥回減值虧損。 |
| (C) | Patent represented a technique in relation to an assembling structure for solar-powered electric cycles, which is allocated to the Electric Cycles CGU. | | (C) | 專利權指有關一項太陽能自行車組裝結構 之技術,分配至電動自行車現金產生單位。 |
| | As at 30 June 2016, patent with the net carrying amount of HK\$56,385,000 is attributable to the same cash-generating unit with which the goodwill amount is recognised. As the recoverable amount of the Electric Cycles CGU is lower than its carrying amount, an impairment loss of HK\$56,385,000 was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2016. Details of the impairment assessment of that cash-generating unit are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements. | | | 於二零一六年六月三十日,賬面淨值為 56,385,000港元之專利權來自同一現金產 生單位,其商譽金額已獲確認。由於電動 自行車現金產生單位之可收回金額低於其 賬面值,故已於截至二零一六年六月三十 日止年度之綜合全面收益表確認減值虧損 56,385,000港元。有關現金產生單位減值 評估之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16。 |
| (d) | Patent use right represented a use right of technique under a patent in relation to electric cycle wheel hub motors and electric cycle wheels. The patent is owned by an independent third party and a non-exclusive perpetual use right was granted to the Group. Patent use right is allocated to the Electric Cycle CGU. | | (d) | 專利使用權指電動自行車車輪殼發動機及 電動自行車車輪專利項下技術之使用權。 專利權由一名獨立第三方擁有,而本集團 獲授非獨家永久使用權。專利使用權分配 至電動自行車現金產生單位。 |
| | As at 30 June 2016, patent use right with the net carrying amount of HK\$34,955,000 is attributable to the same cash- generating unit with which the goodwill amount is recognised. As the recoverable amount of the Electric Cycles CGU is lower than its carrying amount, an impairment loss of HK\$34,955,000 was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2016. Details of the impairment assessment of that cash-generating unit are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements. | | | 於二零一六年六月三十日,賬面淨值為 34,955,000港元之專利使用權來自同一瑪 金產生單位,其商譽金額已獲確認。由於 電動自行車現金產生單位之可收回金額但 於其賬面值,故已於截至二零一六年六月 三十日止年度之綜合全面收益表確認減值 虧損34,955,000港元。有關現金產生單位 減值評估之詳情載於綜合財務報表附記 16。 |

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16. GOODWILL

16. 商譽

| | | HK\$′000 千港元 |
|---|--|--------------------------------|
| COST: At 1 July 2014 Acquired through business combination | 成本: 於二零一四年七月一日 透過業務合併收購(附註33) | 428,589 |
| (note 33) Exchange realignment | 匯兑調整 | 388,766 (2,969) |
| At 30 June 2015 Exchange realignment | 於二零一五年六月三十日 匯兑調整 | 814,386 (53,878) |
| At 30 June 2016 | 於二零一六年六月三十日 | 760,508 |
| ACCUMULATED IMPAIRMENT LOSSES: At 1 July 2014 Exchange realignment | 累計減值虧損: 於二零一四年七月一日 匯兑調整 | 428,589 (2,969) |
| At 30 June 2015 Impairment loss for the year (note) Exchange realignment | 於二零一五年六月三十日 年內減值虧損(附註) 匯兑調整 | 425,620 363,046 (28,158) |
| At 30 June 2016 | 於二零一六年六月三十日 | 760,508 |
| NET CARRYING AMOUNT: At 30 June 2016 | 賬面淨值: 於二零一六年六月三十日 | |
| At 30 June 2015 | 於二零一五年六月三十日 | 388,766 |
| For the purpose of impairment testing, allocated to the cash generating units ("CGU as follows: | | |
| | | HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Year ended 30 June 2016 Electric cycles business | 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度 電動自行車業務 | 363,046 |
| | | HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Year ended 30 June 2015 Electric cycles business | 截至二零一五年六月三十日止年度 電動自行車業務 | 388,766 |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

16. GOODWILL (Continued)

Note:

Electric cycles business

The goodwill was arising from the acquisition of manufacturing and trading of electric cycles business as set out in note 33. The goodwill with the net carrying amount of HK\$363,046,000 (2015: HK\$388,766,000) as at 30 June 2016 is allocated to the Electric Cycles CGU.

Due to the slowdown of the Chinese economy, the turnover of the Group's electric cycles, especially for the solar-powered electric cycles which were newly developed and introduced to the market subsequent to the acquisition of the electric cycles business by the Group in May 2015, was adversely affected. The acceptance by the general public towards the solar-powered electric cycles with advanced technology and comparatively higher selling price was below the expectation and maintained at low level. As a result, the segment result of manufacturing and trading of electric cycles business incurred the significant loss for the year and the revenue growth is not achieved as previously expected.

With reference to the operating result of the Electric Cycles CGU during the year and the latest business plan, the directors considered the goodwill and intangible assets arising from the acquisition of manufacturing and trading of electric cycles business should be impaired. As the recoverable amount of the Electric Cycles CGU amounting to HK\$2,175,000 is lower than its carrying amount, an impairment loss on the goodwill of HK\$363,046,000 was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2016.

The recoverable amount of the Electric Cycles CGU is determined by the directors with reference to a valuation report issued by Grant Sherman. The recoverable amount of the Electric Cycles CGU has been determined from fair value less cost of disposal, which is primarily generated from the fair value less cost of disposal of property, plant and equipment in the Electric Cycle CGU. Fair value less cost of disposal of intangible assets in the Electric Cycle CGU is determined as minimal.

The fair value less cost of disposal of property, plant and equipment in the Electric Cycle CGU is determined by the analysis of recent sales of comparable items and is Level 3 recurring fair value measurement.

The key significant unobservable inputs to determine the fair value less cost of disposal are the discount on age, condition and functional obsolescence. The higher discount on these factors would result in the lower the fair value measurement of the fair value less cost of disposal of property, plant and equipment in the Electric Cycle CGU, and vice versa.

16. 商譽(續)

附註:

電動自行車業務

商譽產生自附註33所載收購製造及買賣電動自行 車業務。於二零一六年六月三十日賬面淨值為 363,046,000港元(二零一五年:388,766,000港元) 之商譽乃分配至電動自行車現金產生單位。

由於中國經濟放緩,本集團電動自行車之營業額 受到不利影響,尤以本集團於二零一五年五月收 購電動自行車業務後新開發並向市場推出之太陽 能電動自行車為甚。普羅大眾對技術先進及售價 相對較高之太陽能電動自行車之接受程度低於預 期,並維持在低水平。因此,電動自行車製造及 買賣業務之分類業績年內產生重大虧損,其收益 增長未達先前預期。

經參考電動自行車現金產生單位於年內之經營業 績及最新業務計劃,董事認為收購製造及買賣電 動自行車業務所產生之商譽及無形資產應予減 值。由於電動自行車現金產生單位之可收回金額 2,175,000港元低於其賬面值,故已於截至二零 一六年六月三十日止年度之綜合全面收益表內確 認商譽減值虧損363,046,000港元。

電動自行車現金產生單位之可收回金額由董事經 參考中證所發表估值報告而釐定。電動自行車現 金產生單位之可收回金額乃按公平值減出售成計 算得出,主要來自電動自行車現金產生單位之物 業、廠房及設備公平值減出售成本。電動自行車 現金產生單位之無形資產公平值減出售成本被視 為微不足道。

電動自行車現金產生單位之物業、廠房及設備公 平值減出售成本乃按可資比較項目之近期銷售額 分析計算得出,並屬第3級經常性公平值計量。

釐定公平值減出售成本之主要重大不可觀察輸入 數據為已使用年期、狀況及功能損毀貼現。該等 因素貼現增加將令電動自行車現金產生單位中物 業、廠房及設備之公平值減出售成本之公平值計 量有所減少,反之亦然。

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17. TRADE RECEIVABLES, OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

17. 貿易應收賬項、其他應收款 項、按金及預付款項

| | | Notes 附註 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|--|---|--------------|--|--|
| Trade receivables Less: Provision for impairment loss | 貿易應收賬項 減:減值虧損撥備 | 17.1 | 85,797 (85,773) | 91,709 (47,279) |
| Trade receivables, net Other receivables Trade deposits paid Prepayments for purchase Other deposits and prepayments | 貿易應收賬項淨額 其他應收款項 已付貿易按金 購買預付款項 其他按金及預付款項 | 17.2 17.3 | 24 12,596 17,564 33,876 28,691 | 44,430 6,197 19,427 36,213 207,025 |
| Less: Current portion | 減:即期部分 | | 92,751 (86,326) | 313,292 (300,412) |
| Non-current portion | 非即期部分 | | 6,425 | 12,880 |

Notes:

附註:

17.1 The Group allows an average credit period of 0 to 90 days to its trade receivables.

17.1 本集團給予其貿易應收賬項平均信貸期介 乎0至90日。

The ageing analysis of trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful debts, based on invoice date, is as follows: (i) 按發票日期已扣除呆賬撥備後之貿 易應收賬項賬齡分析如下:

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK \$'000 千港元 |
|----------------|--------|----------------------------------|--|
| Within 30 days | 30日內 | 9 | 63 |
| 31–60 days | 31至60日 | 15 | 25 |
| 61–90 days | 61至90日 | - | 135 |
| Over 90 days | 90日以上 | - | 44,207 |
| | | 24 | 44,430 |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

17. TRADE RECEIVABLES, OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (Continued)

17. 貿易應收賬項、其他應收款 項、按金及預付款項(續)

附註:(續)

(ii)

Notes: (Continued)

(ii) The movements in the impairment for trade receivables

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17.3

| | during the year are as follows: | | | 下: | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------|--|--|
| | | | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
| | At the beginning of year Impairment loss for the year Exchange realignment | 年初 年內減值虧損 匯兑調整 | | 47,279 42,959 (4,465) | 28,383 19,133 (237) |
| | At the end of year | 年終 | | 85,773 | 47,279 |
| | Included in the provision for individually impaired trade rece HK\$85,773,000 (2015: HK\$47,279 who have been in severe financia | eivable with balance of 0000,000 from trade debtors | | 政困難之貿易 易應收賬項, | i包括應收面臨嚴重財 ,債務人之個別減值貿 結餘為85,773,000港 Ξ:47,279,000港元)。 |
| (iii) | The ageing analysis of trade rece individually nor collectively cons as follows: | | | (iii) 並無個別或共 收賬項賬齡分 | :同視作減值之貿易應 析如下: |
| | | | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| | Neither past due nor impaired Less than 1 month past due 1 to 3 months past due More than 3 months past due | 既未逾期亦無減值 逾期少於一個月 逾期一至三個月 逾期三個月以上 | | - 9 15 - | 53 10 160 44,207 |
| | | | | 24 | 44,430 |
| | Trade receivables that were impaired relate to customers for recent history of default. | | | | 減值之貿易應收賬項 欠記錄之客戶有關。 |
| | Trade receivables that were pas relate to independent customers record with the Group. Based management believes that no in necessary in respect of these ba- been a significant change in balances are still considered fully does not hold any collateral over | that have a good track d on past experience, mpairment allowance is lances as there has not credit quality and the recoverable. The Group | | 與在本集團有 客戶有關。基 相信,由於信 動,且結餘仍 故毋須就該等 | 減值之貿易應收賬項 良好往績記錄之留 於過往經驗,管理層 這貸質素並無重大變 被視為可全數收回, 結餘作出減值撥備。 該等結餘持有任何抵 |
| HK\$7 recei | t 30 June 2016, other receiva ,333,000 (2015: Nil) convertible vable as set out in note 19 to the ments. | bonds interest income | 17.2 | 主要包括綜合財務報 | 2十日,其他應收款項 表附註19所載應收可 7,333,000港元(二零 |
| (2015 issue curre | palances included interest expension : HK\$19,320,000) paid in advance :d, in which HK\$3,091,000 has b int assets. The prepaid interests int y term of the corporate bon | for the corporate bonds een classified as non- are amortised over the | 17.3 | 支11,055,000港元(19,320,000港元),其 獲分類為非流動資產 | □ 信券塾付之利息開 二 零 一 五 年: 其中3,091,000港元已 6. 預付利息於公司債 結餘亦句括支付予賣 |

issu curr maturity term of the corporate bonds. The balances also included the deposit of HK\$5,260,000 (2015: Nil) to the vendor as the earnest money regarding on the proposed acquisition. The Group has subsequently terminated the proposed acquisition on 31 August 2016. Details of the termination are set out in the Company's announcement dated 31 August 2016.

年內貿易應收賬項之減值變動如

- 後分類為為非洲動資產。原的利認於公司 券到期期限內攤銷。結餘亦包括支付予賣 方之按金5,260,000港元(二零一五年:無) 作為有關建議收購事項之誠意金。本集團 其後於二零一六年八月三十一日終止建議 收購事項。有關終止之詳情載於本公司日 期為二零一六年八月三十一日之公佈。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

18. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS 18. 可供出售投資

| | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Available-for-sale investments 可供出售投資 – Unlisted private fund (note) 一非上市私人基金(附 – Debt component of the convertible 一可換股債券債務部分 bonds (note 19) (附註19) | | |
| | 262,671 | ////- |

Note:

The decline in fair value of the investment during the year was amounted to HK\$2,864,000 (2015: Nil). As the decline in fair value was significant, an impairment loss of HK\$2,864,000 (2015: Nil) has been recognised, which has been dealt with in consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year. The fair value of the unlisted private fund is Level 2 recurring fair value measurement.

19. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT 19.

On 4 September 2015, Noble Advantage Limited ("Noble Advantage"), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a subscription agreement (the "Subscription Agreement") with Integrated Capital, which is an independent third party of the Group. Pursuant to the terms of the Subscription Agreement, Noble Advantage has agreed to subscribe for and Integrated Capital has agreed to issue, the 3-year 3.65% coupon convertible bonds at the subscription price which is equal to the principal amount of the convertible bonds of HK\$388,000,000 (the "Convertible Bonds"). All conditions precedent under the Subscription Agreement have been fulfilled and the completion of the subscription (the "Completion") took place on 24 December 2015 in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Subscription Agreement. The Convertible Bonds have been issued to Noble Advantage by Integrated Capital.

The Convertible Bonds contain debt component and conversion option. The fair values of debt component and conversion option of the Convertible Bonds are determined by the Directors with reference to the valuation performed by Grant Sherman. 附註:

年內投資公平值減少為2,864,000港元(二零一五 年:無)。由於公平值減幅顯著,已確認減值虧 損2,864,000港元(二零一五年:無),其已於年內 綜合全面收益表中處理。非上市私人基金之公平 值屬第2級經常性公平值計量。

19. 衍生金融工具

於二零一五年九月四日,本公司之直 接全資附屬公司Noble Advantage Limited (「Noble Advantage」)與本集團 之獨立第三方 Integrated Capital 訂立認 購協議(「認購協議」)。根據認購協議 之條款,Noble Advantage同意認購而 Integrated Capital 同意按認購價(相等 於可換股債券本金金額388,000,000港 元)發行三年期3.65厘票息可換股債券 (「可換股債券」)。認購協議項下所有 先決條件已獲達成,故認購事項已於 二零一五年十二月二十四日根據認購 協議之條款及條件完成(「完成」)。可 換股債券已由 Integrated Capital 發行予 Noble Advantage。

可換股債券包含債務部分及兑換權。 可換股債券之債務部分及兑換權之公 平值由董事經參考中證所作出之估值 而釐定。

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19. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT 19. 衍生金融工具(續)

(Continued)

The fair values of the debt component and the conversion option of the Convertible Bonds are determined by using the discounted cash flow method and the binominal option pricing model respectively, with the following key assumptions: 可換股債券之債務部分及兑換權之公 平值分別按貼現現金流量法及二項式 期權定價模式釐定,其主要假設如下:

| | | At subscription date 於認購日期 | At 30 June 2016 於二零一六年六月三十日 |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | | |
| Fair value of shares of Integrated Capital | Integrated Capital股份 之公平值 | HK\$680,702 per share 每股680,702港元 | HK\$828,339 per share 每股 828,339港元 |
| Conversion price | 兑換價 | HK\$680,702 per share 每股680,702港元 | HK\$680,702 per share 每股680,702港元 |
| Risk free interest rate | 無風險息率 | 0.116% | (0.148%) |
| Time to maturity | 到期日 | 3 years | 2.48 years |
| | | 3年 | 2.48年 |
| Expected volatility | 預期波幅 | 31.77% | 27.85% |
| Expected dividend yield | 預期股息收益 | 0% | 0% |
| Discount rate | 貼現率 | 25.24% | 24.85% |
| Conversion period | 兑换期 | On the Maturity Date 於到期日 | On the Maturity Date 於到期日 |

The carrying amounts of the debt component and conversion option of the Convertible Bonds are as follows:

可換股債券債務部分及兑換權之賬面 值如下:

| | | Debt component 債務部分 HK\$'000 千港元 | Conversion option 兑換權 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|------------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| At subscription date Change in the fair value | 於認購日期 年內公平值變動 | 222,410 | 165,590 | 388,000 |
| during the year | | 33,816 | 49,836 | 83,652 |
| At 30 June 2016 | 於二零一六年六月三十日 | 256,226 | 215,426 | 471,652 |

The fair value of the debt component of the Convertible Bonds as at 30 June 2016 was estimated to be HK\$256,226,000 and is recorded under non-current assets as available-for-sale investments (note 18). The fair value of the conversion option of the Convertible Bonds as at 30 June 2016 was estimated to be HK\$215,426,000 and is recorded under non-current assets as derivative financial instrument. 可換股債券債務部分於二零一六年六 月三十日之公平值估計為256,226,000 港元,記入非流動資產項下之可供出 售投資(附註18)。可換股債券兑換權 於二零一六年六月三十日之公平值估 計為215,426,000港元,記入非流動資 產項下之衍生金融工具。

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19. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT 19. 衍生金融工具(續)

(Continued)

The fair value gain of the debt component of the Convertible Bonds during the year was HK\$33,816,000 (2015: Nil), which has been dealt with in other comprehensive income and available-for-sale investments revaluation reserve for the year ended 30 June 2016. The fair value gain of the conversion option of the Convertible Bonds was HK\$49,836,000 (2015: Nil), which has been recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2016. Interest income of the Convertible Bonds was amounted to HK\$7,333,000 (2015: Nil), which has been recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2016.

The reconciliation of the opening and closing fair value balances on the debt component and conversion option of the Convertible Bonds are disclosed in note 5(b) to the consolidated financial statements. 年內可換股債券債務部分之公平值收 益為33,816,000港元(二零一五年: 無),已於截至二零一六年六月三十日 止年度之其他全面收入及可供出售投 資重估儲備中處理。可換股債券兑換 權之公平值收益為49,836,000港元(二 零一五年:無),已於截至二零一六年 六月三十日止年度之綜合全面收益表 內確認。可換股債券之利息收入為 7,333,000港元(二零一五年:無),已 於截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度 之綜合全面收益表內確認。

可換股債券之債務部分及兑換權之期 初及期終公平值結餘對賬於綜合財務 報表附註5(b)披露。

20. INVENTORIES

20. 存貨

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|------------------|-----|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Raw materials | 原料 | 163 | 645 |
| Work in progress | 在製品 | 66 | - |
| Finished goods | 製成品 | 64 | 924 |
| Merchandise | 商品 | 84,067 | 95,717 |
| | | 84,360 | 97,286 |

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21. LOANS RECEIVABLE

21. 應收貸款

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Gross loans and interest receivables Less: Provision for impairment loss | 應收貸款及利息總額 減:減值虧損撥備 | 70,133 | 208,940 (8,776) |
| | | 70,133 | 200,164 |

As at 30 June 2016, the loans receivable with gross principal amount of HK\$65,775,000 (2015: HK\$206,875,000) in aggregate and related gross interest receivables of HK\$4,358,000 (2015: HK\$2,065,000) were due from four (2015: five) independent third parties. These loans are interest-bearing at rates ranging from 10% to 20% (2015: 7% to 18%) per annum. All the loans were repayable within twelve months from the end of the reporting period and therefore were classified as current assets at the reporting date. The Group does not hold any collateral over these loans receivable.

於二零一六年六月三十日,有應收四 名(二零一五年:五名)獨立第三方本 金總額合共65,775,000港元(二零一五 年:206,875,000港元)及相關應收利息 總額4,358,000港元)及相關應收利息 總額4,358,000港元(二零一五年: 2,065,000港元)之貸款。該等貸款按年 利率10厘至20厘(二零一五年:7厘至 18厘)計息。所有貸款須於報告期末後 十二個月內償還,因此,於報告日期 獲分類為流動資產。本集團並無就該 等應收貸款持有任何抵押品。

The movements in the impairment loss for loans receivable during the year are as follows:

年內應收貸款之減值虧損變動如下:

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$ [*] 000 千港元 |
|---|-------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| At beginning of the year Reversal of impairment loss | 年初 先前確認之減值虧損撥回 | 8,776 | 9,376 |
| previously recognised Written-off during the year | 年內撒銷 | (8,550) (226) | (600) |
| At end of the year | 年終 | - | 8,776 |

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21. LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

21. 應收貸款(續)

The ageing analysis of loans receivable that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

並無個別或共同視作減值之應收貸款 賬齡分析如下:

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Neither past due nor impaired Less than 1 month past due 1 to 3 months past due Over 3 months past due | 既未逾期亦無減值 逾期少於一個月 逾期一至三個月 逾期三個月以上 | 8,005 - - 62,128 | 164,018 36,146 – |
| | | 70,133 | 200,164 |

22. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

22. 按公平值計入損益之金融資產

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|--|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Hong Kong listed equity investments, at fair value (note 22.1) Compensation from profit guarantee (note 22.2) | 按公平值計量之香港上市 股本投資(附註22.1) 溢利保證補償(附註22.2) | 104,526 100,000 | 215,519 |
| | | 204,526 | 215,519 |

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22. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

Notes:

22.1 Hong Kong listed equity investments

The fair values of listed securities are based on quoted market prices.

For the year ended 30 June 2016 a loss on change in fair value of financial asset at fair value through profit or loss of HK\$74,959,000 (2015: a gain of HK\$67,414,000) was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

As at 30 June 2016, listed securities with an aggregated carrying amount of HK\$98,868,000 (2015: Nil) have been pledged to secure the margin loan payable (note 25).

22.2 Compensation from profit guarantee

On 29 May 2015, the Company issued 700,000,000 consideration shares as the consideration for the acquisition of 85% issued share capital of Delta Prestige Group.

Pursuant to the acquisition agreement, the vendor has irrevocably warranted and guaranteed to the Company that the after-tax audited consolidated net profit of Delta Prestige Group in accordance with Hong Kong generally accepted accounting principles for the year ending 30 June 2016 shall not be less than HK\$100,000,000 (the "Profit Target"). In case Delta Prestige Group cannot achieve the Profit Target, the vendor will compensate to the Company in cash. The compensation is calculated in accordance with the following formula:

The compensation = Profit Target – Audited net profit

If Delta Prestige Group records an audited net loss for the year ending 30 June 2016, the audited net profit will be deemed as zero for the purpose of calculation of the compensation.

As at 30 June 2016, with reference to the operating result of the Electric Cycle CGU for the year ended 30 June 2016, the Directors are of the opinion that the electric cycles business is not likely to meet the Profit Target. The fair value of compensation from profit guarantee is determined by the Directors with reference to the actual financial result of the Delta Prestige Group for the year ended 30 June 2016.

For the year ended 30 June 2016, a gain on change in fair value of compensation from profit guarantee of HK\$100,000,000 (2015: Nil) was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The fair value of compensation from profit guarantee is a Level 3 recurring fair value measurement. The details of assessment are set out in note 5(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

22. 按公平值計入損益之金融資產 (續)

- 附註:
- 22.1 香港上市股本投資

上市證券公平值按所報市價釐定。

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度,已於 綜合全面收益表確認按公平值計入損益之 金融資產公平值變動之虧損74,959,000港 元(二零一五年:收益67,414,000港元)。

於二零一六年六月三十日,賬面總值為 98,868,000港元(二零一五年:無)之上市 證券已質押作為應付保證金貸款之抵押品 (附註25)。

22.2 溢利保證補償

於二零一五年五月二十九日,本公司已發 行700,000,000股代價股份,作為收購德泰 匯信集團已發行股本85%之代價。

根據收購協議,賣方已向本公司不可撤回 地保證及擔保,德泰匯信集團就截至二零 一六年六月三十日止年度按香港公認會計 原則編製之除税後經審核綜合純利將不少 於100,000,000港元(「溢利目標」)。德泰匯 信集團一旦未能達到溢利目標,賣方將向 本公司作出現金補償。補償按以下公式計 算:

補償=溢利目標 - 經審核純利

倘若德泰匯信集團於截至二零一六年六月 三十日止年度錄得經審核虧損淨額,則就 計算補償而言經審核純利將被視為零。

於二零一六年六月三十日,經參考電動自 行車現金產生單位截至二零一六年六月 三十日止年度之經營業績,董事認為電動 自行車業務不大可能達到溢利目標。溢利 保證補償之公平值乃由董事經參考德泰匯 信集團截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度 之實際財務業績釐定。

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度,已於 綜合全面收益表確認按公平值計入損益之 溢利保證補償公平值變動之收益 100,000,000港元(二零一五年:無)。

溢利保證補償之公平值屬第3級經常性公 平值計量。評估詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註5(b)。

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23. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods ranging from one day to twelve months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy financial institutions with no recent history of default. The carrying amounts of the bank balances and cash approximate to their fair values.

Bank balances as at 30 June 2016 of HK\$2,492,000 (2015: HK\$3,088,000) are denominated in RMB, which are placed with banks in the PRC.

RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies. Under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

23. 銀行結餘及現金

銀行現金按每日銀行存款利率之浮動 利率賺取利息。短期定期存款之存款 期介乎一日至十二個月不等,視乎本 集團之即時現金需求而定,並按各短 期定期存款利率賺取利息。銀行結餘 存放於信譽良好且最近並無拖欠記錄 之財務機構。銀行結餘及現金之賬面 值與其公平值相若。

於二零一六年六月三十日的銀行結餘 2,492,000港元(二零一五年:3,088,000 港元)乃以人民幣計值,並存於中國多 家銀行。

人民幣不可自由兑換為其他貨幣。根 據中國大陸外匯管制法規及結匯、售 匯及付匯管理規定,本集團獲准透過 獲授權進行外匯業務之銀行將人民幣 兑換為其他貨幣。

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24. TRADE PAYABLES, OTHER ADVANCES 24. 貿易應付賬項、其他墊款及應 AND ACCRUALS 計費用

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Trade payables (note 24.1) Receipts in advance Other payables and accruals | 貿易應付賬項(附註24.1) 預收款項 其他應付款項及應計費用 | 2,124 141 | 2,233 4,205 |
| (note 24.2) | (附註24.2) | 14,446 | 15,318 |
| | | 16,711 | 21,756 |

^{24.1} The ageing analysis of trade payables, based on invoice date, is as follows:

24.1 按發票日期之貿易應付賬項賬齡 分析如下:

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|----------------|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Part Part N | <u>/</u> | |
| Within 30 days | 30日內 | 110 | - |
| 31–60 days | 31至60日 | 195 | 490 |
| 61–90 days | 61至90日 | - | - / |
| Over 90 days | 90日以上 | 1,819 | 1,743 |
| | | | |
| | | 2,124 | 2,233 |

24.2 As at 30 June 2016, other payables of HK\$2,336,000 was unsecured, interest charged at 2% per month and repayable on demand (2015: Nil).

As at 30 June 2015, amount due to a noncontrolling shareholder of subsidiary of HK\$4,038,000 was included in other payable in the consolidated statement of financial position. The balance was unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. 24.2 於二零一六年六月三十日,其他 應付款項2,336,000港元為無抵 押、按利率每月2厘計息及須按 要求償還(二零一五年:無)。

> 於二零一五年六月三十日,應付 附屬公司一名非控股股東款項 4,038,000港元已計入綜合財務狀 況表之其他應付賬項。該結餘為 無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。

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25. BORROWING

25. 借貸

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---------------------|---------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Margin loan payable | 應付保證金貸款 | 1,558 | 114 |

The interest rate of the margin loan payable is Hong Kong prime rate of 5% plus 3% per annum and repayable on demand. At the reporting date, margin loan payable was secured by the Group's listed equity investments with the carrying amount of HK\$98,868,000 as at 30 June 2016 (note 22).

應付保證金貸款之利率為香港最優惠 利率5厘加年息3厘,須按要求償還。 於報告日期,應付保證金貸款以於二 零一六年六月三十日賬面值為 98,868,000港元之本集團上市股本投資 作抵押(附註22)。

26. CORPORATE BONDS

26. 公司債券

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|--|----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Corporate bonds Less: Current portion | 公司債券 減:即期部分 | 182,821 (71,963) | 179,704 |
| Non-current portion | 非即期部分 | 110,858 | 179,704 |

As at 30 June 2016, the Group has issued two fixed-rate corporate bonds. A corporate bond at principal amount of HK\$102,000,000 (2015: HK\$102,000,000) ("Bond A") bears interest at 8% per annum, and another corporate bond at principal amount of HK\$84,500,000 (2015: HK\$84,500,000) ("Bond B") bears interest at 10% per annum. The interests of Bond A are paid in advance while the interest of Bond B are paid in arrears. Both bonds are guaranteed by the Company and will mature on the date falling on the third anniversary of the date of first issue.

於二零一六年六月三十日,本集團已 發行兩份定息公司債券。本金金額 102,000,000港元(二零一五年: 102,000,000港元)之公司債券(「債券 A」)按年利率8厘計息,而本金金額 84,500,000港元(二零一五年: 84,500,000港元)之另一份公司債券 (「債券B」)按年利率10厘計息。債券A 之利息為預先支付,而債券B之利息則 為押後支付。兩份債券均由本公司擔 保,將於首次發行日期滿三週年當日 到期。

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26. CORPORATE BONDS (Continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2015, the net proceeds from the issue of the corporate bonds, as reduced by transaction cost, amounted to approximately HK\$107,825,000. The Group has not issued any new corporate bond during the year ended 30 June 2016 and thus no proceeds were received.

The Company may, at any time falling on the first and the second anniversary of the issue dates of the corporate bonds, redeem the whole corporate bonds at 100% of the total principal amounts together with payments of interest accrued up to the dates of such early redemption by serving at least thirty days written notice.

27. DEFERRED TAX

Deferred tax is calculated on temporary differences under the liability method using applicable tax rates prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

The followings are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised by the Group and their movements are:

26. 公司債券(續)

截至二零一五年六月三十日止年度, 扣減交易成本後之發行公司債券所得 款項淨額約為107,825,000港元。本集 團於截至二零一六年六月三十日止年 度並無發行任何新公司債券,故並未 收到任何款項。

本公司可於公司債券發行日期滿一及 兩週年時透過發出最少30日書面通知, 隨時按本金總額之100%連同累計至提 早贖回日期止之利息付款贖回全部公 司債券。

27. 遞延稅項

遞延税項乃採用本集團經營所在司法 權區之適用税率,以負債法就暫時差 額計算。

以下為本集團已確認之主要遞延税項 負債及其變動情況:

| | | Revaluation of properties 重估物業 HK\$'000 千港元 | Fair value adjustment arising from business combination 業務合併產生 之公平值調整 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| At 1 July 2014 | 於二零一四年七月一日 | 690 | - | 690 |
| Acquired through acquisition of subsidiaries (note 33) | 透過收購附屬公司收購 (附註33) | | 26,148 | 26,148 |
| Credited to profit or loss for the year (note 11) Disposal of subsidiaries Exchange realignment | 計入年內損益(附註11) 出售附屬公司 匯兑調整 | (12) (673) (5) | (331) _ _ | (343) (673) (5) |
| At 30 June 2015 | 於二零一五年六月三十日 | - | 25,817 | 25,817 |
| Credited to profit or loss for the year (note 11) Exchange realignment | 計入年內損益(附註11) 匯兑調整 | - | (24,883) (934) | (24,883) (934) |
| At 30 June 2016 | 於二零一六年六月三十日 | | - / | |

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27. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

As at 30 June 2016, the Group has estimated unused tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$67,852,000 (2015: HK\$52,794,000), subject to the agreement of Inland Revenue Department, that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. As at 30 June 2016, the Group has estimated unused tax losses arising in the PRC amounted to HK\$18,078,000 (2015: HK\$11,427,000) which are available for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies will expire at various dates for a maximum period of five years from the reporting date. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these estimated unused tax losses as these were incurred by the companies that have been loss-making for some time.

As at 30 June 2016 and 2015, the Group has not provided deferred taxation in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to the profits earned by the PRC subsidiaries as the Group's PRC subsidiaries incurred loss for the year and the profits earned in previous years have been set off.

27. 遞延稅項(續)

於二零一六年六月三十日,本集團在 香港產生之估計未動用税項虧損 67,852,000港元(二零一五年: 52,794,000港元)可無限期用作抵銷 得虧損之公司之未來應課税溢利,惟 須倚税務局同意。於二零一六年六月 三十日,本集團在中國產生之估計未 動用税項虧損18,078,000港元(二零 一五年:11,427,000港元)將於不同日 子(最長為由報告日期起計五年)屆滿,可 用作抵銷該等公司之未來應課税溢 利。本公司並無就該等估計未動用税 項虧損確認遞延税項資產,原因為該 等估計税項虧損乃由已錄得虧損一段 時間之公司所產生。

於二零一六年及二零一五年六月三十 日,本集團並無於綜合財務報表就中 國附屬公司所賺取溢利應佔暫時差額 計提遞延税項撥備,原因為本集團之 中國附屬公司於年內產生虧損,而過 往年度所賺取溢利已予抵銷。

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28. SHARE CAPITAL

28. 股本

| | | Number of shares 股份數目 ′000 千股 | Amount 款額 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|---|---|---|--|
| Ordinary shares of HK\$0.05 each at 30 June 2015 and 2016 | 於二零一五年及二零一六年 六月三十日每股面值 0.05港元之普通股 | | |
| Authorised: At 1 July 2014, 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2016 | 法定: 於二零一四年七月一日、 二零一五年六月三十日及 二零一六年六月三十日 | 30,000,000 | 1,500,000 |
| | | Number of shares 股份數目 ′000 千股 | Amount 款額 HK\$′000 千港元 |
| Issued and fully paid: | 已發行及繳足: | | |
| At 1 July 2014 Issue of shares for acquisition of | 於二零一四年七月一日 就收購附屬公司發行股份 | 3,594,414 | 179,721 |
| subsidiaries Exercise of share options | 行使購股權 | 700,000 182,700 | 35,000 9,135 |
| At 30 June 2015 Exercise of share options | 於二零一五年六月三十日 行使購股權 | 4,477,114 6,000 | 223,856 300 |
| At 30 June 2016 | 於二零一六年六月三十日 | 4,483,114 | 224,156 |

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29. RESERVES OF THE COMPANY 29. 本公司儲備

| | | Share premium 股份溢價 HKS'000 千港元 | Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元 | Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$ [°] 000 千港元 | Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|--------------------|--|---|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| At 1 July 2014 | 於二零一四年七月一日 | 610,635 | 414,226 | 78,038 | (736,636) | 366,263 |
| Shares issued upon exercise of share options | 購股權獲行使時發行股份 | 67,370 | - | | - | 67,370 |
| Issue of shares for acquisition of subsidiaries | 就收購附屬公司發行股份 | 413,000 | | | | 413,000 |
| Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments expenses | 確認以股本結算之股份 付款開支 | | - | 34,222 | | 34,222 |
| Exercise of share options during the year | 年內行使購股權 | //- | | (17,780) | - | (17,780) |
| Lapse of share options | 購股權失效 | 1.1. | - | (6,452) | 6,452 | - |
| Profit and total comprehensive income for the year | 年內溢利及全面收入總額 | _ | _ | | 83,642 | 83,642 |
| At 30 June 2015 | 於二零一五年六月三十日 | 1,091,005 | 414,226 | 88,028 | (646,542) | 946,717 |
| Shares issued upon exercise of share options | 購股權獲行使時 已發行股份 | 2,141 | - | (586) | - | 1,555 |
| Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments expenses | 確認以股本結算之 股份付款開支 | - | - | 43,025 | - | 43,025 |
| Lapse of share options | 購股權失效 | - | - | (32,394) | 32,394 | - |
| Loss and total comprehensive income for the year | 年內虧損及全面收入總額 | - | - | - | (461,696) | (461,696) |
| At 30 June 2016 | 於二零一六年六月三十日 | 1,093,146 | 414,226 | 98,073 | (1,075,844) | 529,601 |

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30. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 30. 本公司財務狀況表 OF THE COMPANY

| | | Notes 附註 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|--|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| ASSETS AND LIABILITIES | 資產及負債 | | | |
| Non-current assets Interests in subsidiaries Property, plant and equipment Prepayments | 非流動資產 於附屬公司之權益 物業、廠房及設備 預付款項 | | 752,503 2,886 3,334 | 1,173,538 930 – |
| Total non-current assets | 非流動資產總值 | | 758,723 | 1,174,468 |
| Current assets Prepayments Bank balances and cash | 流動資產 預付款項 銀行結餘及現金 | | 6,651 59 | 3,446 12 |
| Total current assets | 流動資產總值 | 17-3 | 6,710 | 3,458 |
| Current liabilities Accruals Amounts due to subsidiaries | 流動負債 應計費用 應付附屬公司款項 | | 1,550 10,126 | 294 7,059 |
| Total current liabilities | 流動負債總額 | | 11,676 | 7,353 |
| Net current liabilities | 流動負債淨額 | | (4,966) | (3,895) |
| Net assets | 資產淨值 | | 753,757 | 1,170,573 |
| EQUITY | 權益 | | | |
| Share capital Reserves | 股本儲備 | 28 29 | 224,156 529,601 | 223,856 946,717 |
| Total equity | 總權益 | | 753,757 | 1,170,573 |

Statement of financial position of the Company was approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 September 2016 and are signed on its behalf by:

財務狀況表已於二零一六年九月 二十九日獲董事會批准及授權刊發, 並由下列董事代表簽署:

Wong Hin Shek 王顯碩 Chi Chi Hung, Kenneth 季志雄

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31. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

There is no major non-cash transaction for the year ended 30 June 2016. The Group had issued 700,000,000 ordinary shares to acquire 85% issued share capital of Delta Prestige Holdings Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015 (note 33).

32. INFORMATION ABOUT PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

31. 重大非現金交易

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度並 無重大非現金交易。截至二零一五年 六月三十日止年度,本集團已發行 700,000,000股普通股收購德泰匯信控 股有限公司85%已發行股本(附註33)。

32. 有關主要附屬公司之資料

| Name of company | Place of incorporation/ establishment | Issued and fully paid share capital | Percent equity ir attributa the Cor | iterest able to | Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及 |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| 公司名稱 | 註冊成立/成立地點 | 已發行及繳足股本 | 本公司應佔 Directly 直接 | 伐權百分比 Indirectly 間接 | 工安未仍及 經營地點 |
| Max June Limited 萬津有限公司 | British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島 | US\$1 1美元 | 100% | | Investment holding in the PRC 於中國投資控股 |
| Brightpower Asset Management Limited | British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島 | US\$1 1美元 | 100% | | Investments in listed securities in Hong Kong 於香港進行 上市證券投資 |
| Castle Stream Limited 堡河有限公司 | British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島 | US\$1 1美元 | 100% | | Issue of debt securities in Hong Kong 於香港發行債務 證券 |
| DeTai Finance Limited 德泰財務有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$1 1港元 | | 100% | Money lending in Hong Kong 於香港放款 |
| 國澧酒業(四川)有限公司 (附註a) Guofeng Liquor & Wine Business (Sichuan) Ltd.* (note a) | PRC 中國 | US\$1,500,000 1,500,000美元 | | 100% | Trading and distribution of liquor and wine in the PRC 於中國買賣及 分銷酒類產品 |
| Delta Prestige Holdings Limited 德泰匯信控股有限公司 | British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島 | US\$100 100美元 | 85% | | Investment holding in the PRC 於中國投資控股 |
| 江蘇友立電動車有限公司 (附註b) Jiang Su Youli Electric Vehicle Co., Ltd. * (note b) | PRC 中國 | RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元 | | 59.5% | Manufacturing and trading of electric cycles in the PRC 於中國製造及 買賣電動自行車 |
| * The English name is for ider | tification only | | * 英文名稱 | 僅供識別 | |
| Notes: | | | 附註: | | |
| (a) These subsidiaries are enterprises under the la | | foreign owned | (a) 此等M 資企對 | | 中國法律登記為外商獨 |
| (b) This subsidiary is registed the law of the PRC. 70 indirectly held by Delta Group effectively held 59 | % equity interest in the Prestige Holdings Lim | is subsidiary is ited. Thus, the | 公司 股有 | 。此附屬公司 | 國法律登記為有限責任 70%股權由德泰匯信控 有。因此,本集團實際 .5%股權。 |

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33. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 29 May 2015, the Group completed the acquisition of the 85% issued share capital of Delta Prestige Holdings Limited. Delta Prestige Group principally engaged in the manufacturing and trading of electric cycles. The primary reason for the acquisition was to further expand and diversify the business portfolio within the new energy sector by entering into consumer market.

The fair values of identifiable assets and liabilities arising from the acquisition of Delta Prestige Group as at the date of acquisition were as follows:

33. 收購附屬公司

於二零一五年五月二十九日,本集團 完成收購德泰匯信控股有限公司之已 發行股本85%。德泰匯信集團主要從事 製造及買賣電動自行車。收購之主要 理由為藉著進入消費者市場,於新能 源行業內進一步拓展其業務組合作多 元化發展。

於收購日期因收購德泰匯信集團產生 之可識別資產及負債公平值如下:

| | | Notes 附註 | Fair value 公平值 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|---|---------------------|-------------|--|
| Property, plant and equipment | 物業、廠房及設備 | 14 | 10,767 |
| Intangible assets | 初末 MG 区 0 用 無形資產 | 14 | 117,601 |
| Inventories | 存貨 | | 1,185 |
| Other receivables | 其他應收款項 | | 4,048 |
| Bank balances and cash | 銀行結餘及現金 | | 1,339 |
| Trade payables | 貿易應付賬項 | | (318) |
| Other payables and accruals | 其他應付賬項及應計費用 | | (8,931) |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 遞延税項負債 | 27 | (26,148) |
| | | | |
| | | | 99,543 |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股權益 | | (40,309) |
| Fair value of net assets acquired | 已收購資產淨值之公平值 | | 59,234 |
| Net cash inflow from the acquisition | 收購附屬公司之現金流入淨額: | | |
| of subsidiaries: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents in / | 已收購附屬公司之現金及 | | |
| subsidiaries acquired | 現金等值項目 | | 1,339 |
| | | | |
| Consideration | 代價 | | 448,000 |
| Less: Fair value of net assets acquired | 減:已收購資產淨值之公平值 | | (59,234) |
| Goodwill (note 16) | 商譽(附註16) | | 388,766 |

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33. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

(Continued)

The Company issued 700,000,000 consideration shares as the consideration for the acquisition. The fair value of the consideration shares issued of HK\$448,000,000 was determined by reference to their quoted market price of HK\$0.64 at the date of acquisition.

Pursuant to the acquisition agreement, the vendor has irrevocably warranted and guaranteed to the Company that the after-tax audited consolidated net profit of Delta Prestige Group in accordance with Hong Kong generally accepted accounting principles for the year ending 30 June 2016 shall not be less than HK\$100,000,000 (the "Profit Target"). In case Delta Prestige Group cannot achieve the Profit Target, the vendor will compensate to the Company in cash. The compensation is calculated in accordance with the following formula:

The compensation = Profit Target – Audited net profit

If Delta Prestige Group records an audited net loss for the year ending 30 June 2016, the audited net profit will be deemed as zero for the purpose of calculation of the compensation.

For the year ended 30 June 2015, the directors were of the opinion that Delta Prestige Group would achieve the Profit Target. As such, the fair value of compensation was considered as minimal as at 30 June 2015.

The goodwill of HK\$388,766,000, which is not deductible for tax purposes, comprises the acquired workforce and the expected future growth of manufacturing and trading of electric cycles business in the PRC to diversify the revenue stream of the existing business of the Group.

Post-acquisition contribution to revenue and net loss of the Delta Prestige Group as included in the Group's consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2015 is Nil and HK\$1,785,000 respectively. Had the Acquisition been completed on 1 July 2014, the revenue and net profit of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2015 would have been HK\$57,688,000 and HK\$7,761,000 respectively. The proforma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of the operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition of the Group been completed on 1 July 2014 nor are they intended to be a projection of future results.

33. 收購附屬公司(續)

本公司發行700,000,000股代價股份作 為收購之代價。已發行代價股份之公 平值448,000,000港元乃經參考其於收 購日期所報市價0.64港元後釐定。

根據收購協議,賣方已向本公司不可 撤回地保證及擔保,德泰匯信集團就 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度按 香港公認會計原則編製之除税後經審 核綜合純利將不少於100,000,000港元 (「溢利目標」)。德泰匯信集團一旦未 能達到溢利目標,賣方將向本公司作 出現金補償。補償按以下公式計算:

補償 = 溢利目標 - 經審核純利

倘若德泰匯信集團於截至二零一六年 六月三十日止年度錄得經審核虧損淨 額,則就計算補償而言,經審核純利 將被視為零。

截至二零一五年六月三十日止年度, 董事認為德泰匯信集團可達到溢利目 標。因此,於二零一五年六月三十日, 有關補償之公平值被視為微不足道。

商譽388,766,000港元不可扣税,其中 包括就分散本集團現有業務收益來源 而收購中國製造及買賣電動自行車業 務所得員工及預期未來增長。

計入本集團截至二零一五年六月三十 日止年度之綜合全面收益表之收購後 對德泰匯信集團之收益及虧損淨額 蘭分別為零及1,785,000港元。倘收購 事項已於二零一四年七月一日完成, 本集團截至二零一五年六月三十日止 年度之收益及純利則分別為57,688,000 港元及7,761,000港元。備考資料僅供 説明用途,且未必為倘上述收購事集 團實際達致之收益及經營業績之指標, 亦不擬作為未來業績之預測。

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34. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS/ DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

34.1 On 24 July 2014, the Group entered into an agreement to dispose of its 100% equity interest in Hua Yi Copper (BVI) Company Limited and its subsidiaries (together "Hua Yi Group" or "Discontinued Operations"), which carried out copper rods and cable and wires businesses. The disposal was effected for the management of the Group to focus on the Group's other principal businesses. The disposal was completed on 25 November 2014 on which date control of Hua Yi Group was passed to the acquirer.

An analysis of the Group's results of the discontinued copper rods and cable and wires businesses for the year ended 30 June 2015 is as follows:

34. 已終止經營業務/出售附屬公 司

34.1 於二零一四年七月二十四日,本 集團訂立協議,以出售其於Hua Yi Copper (BVI) Company Limited 及其附屬公司(統稱「華藝集團」 或「已終止經營業務」)之100%權 益,華藝集團從事銅桿以及電纜 及電線業務。出售基於讓本集團 管理層專注於本集團其他主要業 務作出。出售已於二零一四年 十一月二十五日完成,華藝集團 之控制權已於該日轉移至收購方。

> 本集團於截至二零一五年六月 三十日止年度已終止之銅桿以及 電纜及電線業務之業績分析如下:

| | | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|--|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Turnover | 營業額 | 125 144 |
| Cost of sales | ·宮末頃 銷售成本 | 135,166 (126,178) |
| | 1.1.0.6.1. | (120,170) |
| Gross profit | 毛利 | 8,988 |
| | | |
| Other income | 其他收入 | 97 |
| Selling and distribution expenses | 銷售及分銷開支 | (1,558) |
| General and administrative expenses | 一般及行政開支 | (5,798) |
| Finance costs | 融資成本 | (1,947) |
| Loss before income tax | 所得税前虧損 | (218) |
| Gain on disposal of Hua Yi Group (note 34.2) | | 43,159 |
| Income tax expense | 所得税開支 | (2,496) |
| Profit for the year | 年內溢利 | 40,445 |
| | 7.4 | |
| Operating cash inflow | 經營業務現金流入 | 1,675 |
| Investing cash inflow | 投資活動現金流入 | 571 |
| Financing cash outflow | 融資活動現金流出 | (9,912) |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net | 進率變動之淨影響 | (76) |
| Net cash outflow | 現金流出淨額 | (7,742) |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

34. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS/ DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

34.1 (continued)

Change in fair value of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss of discontinued copper rods and cable and wire businesses amounting to HK\$96,000 was included in other income for the year ended 30 June 2015.

Employee benefit expense of discontinued copper rods and cable and wires businesses for the year ended 30 June 2015 HK\$10,689,000 included total wages and salaries of HK\$9,445,000 and total pension cost of HK\$1,244,000. Wages and salaries of HK\$7,676,000 has been included in cost of sales, HK\$270,000 in selling and distribution expenses and HK\$1,499,000 in general and administrative expenses. Pension cost of HK\$830,000 has been included in cost of sales and HK\$414,000 in general and administrative expenses. 34. 已終止經營業務/出售附屬公司(續)

34.1 (續)

截至二零一五年六月三十日止年 度,已終止之銅桿以及電纜及電 線業務按公平值計入損益之金融 負債公平值變動96,000港元計入 其他收入。

截至二零一五年六月三十日止年 度,已終止之銅桿以及電纜及電 線業務之僱員福利開支10,689,000 港元包括工資及薪金總額 9,445,000港元及退休金總額 1,244,000港元。工資及薪金中 7,676,000港元已計入銷售成本, 270,000港元計入銷售及分銷開支 及1,499,000港元計入一般及行政 開支。退休金中830,000港元已計 入銷售成本及414,000港元計入一 般及行政開支。

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34. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS/ DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

34.2 Gain on disposal of the discontinued operations, i.e. copper rods and cable and wires businesses, for the year ended 30 June 2015 was analysed as follows:

34. 已終止經營業務/出售附屬公 司(續)

34.2 本集團於截至二零一五年六月 三十日止年度出售已終止經營業 務(即銅桿以及電纜及電線業務) 之收益分析如下:

HK\$'000

| | | | HK\$ 000 千港元 |
|---|------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Net assets disposed of: | 售出資產淨值: | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 物業、廠房及設備 | | 77,218 |
| Prepaid lease payment for land | 預付土地租金 | | 9,827 |
| Bank balances and cash | 銀行結餘及現金 | | 6,106 |
| Trade receivables, other receivables, | 貿易應收賬項、其 | 他應收款項、 | |
| deposits and prepayments | 按金及預付款項 | | 90,874 |
| Bills receivable | 應收票據 | | 17,949 |
| Inventories | 存貨 | | 24,349 |
| Trade payables, other advances and accruals | 貿易應付賬項、其 | 他墊款及 | |
| | 應計費用 | | (51,747) |
| Borrowings | 借貸 | | (44,972) |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 遞延税項負債 | | (673) |
| | | | |
| | | | 128,931 |
| Less: Release of exchange reserve to | 減:出售時轉撥至 | | |
| profit or loss upon disposal | 之外匯儲備 | | (35,890) |
| | | | |
| | | | 93,041 |
| Less: Proceeds from disposal of Hua Yi Group |) 減:出售華藝集團 | 之所得款項 | (136,200) |
| Gain on disposal of Hua Yi Group | 出售華藝集團之收 | (益 | (43,159) |
| Not each inflatu arising on disparal of | .//111111 | 山在井井在国文上之 | |
| Net cash inflow arising on disposal of Hua Yi Group: | | 出售華藝集團產生之 現金流入淨額: | |
| nua n'oroup. | | 死並加八沖頓・ | |
| | | | HK\$'000 |
| | | | 千港元 |
| | | - | 404.000 |
| Cash consideration received | 已收取之現金代價 | | 136,200 |
| Less: Cash and cash equivalents disposal of | 減:售出之現金及 | 現金等值項目 | (6,106) |
| Net cash inflow | 現金流入淨額 | | 130,094 |
| The each consideration of UK\$127,000,000 | from | 截至二零一五年六月 | 二十日止年 |
| The cash consideration of HK\$136,200,000 the disposal of Hua Yi Group has been | | 截至二令 五千八月 度,本集團已收訖出售 | |
| received by the Group for the year ended 30 | | | |
| | Juile | 之現金代價136,200,00 | U液兀。 |
| 2015. | | | |
| | | | |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

35. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

35. 資本承擔

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Capital expenditure contracted but not provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of: | 已訂約但未在綜合財務 報表撥備之資本開支: | | |
| — acquisition of property, plant and equipment | 一 收購物業、廠房及設備 | - | 1,469 |

36. LEASE COMMITMENTS

36. 租賃承擔

As lessee

As at the end of reporting period, the Group had commitment for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating lease in respect of office and factory premises which fall due as follows: 作為承租人 於報告期末,本集團就辦公室及廠房 物業於以下期間到期之不可撤銷經營 租賃應付之未來最低租金承擔如下:

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Within one year In the second to fifth years inclusive | 一年內 第二至第五年 (首尾兩年包括在內) | 10,537 5,846 | 12,704 22,195 |
| | | 16,383 | 34,899 |

Leases are negotiated for terms of one to five years and rentals are fixed for such period. None of the leases include contingent rentals. 租賃之議定年期為一至五年,而租期 內之租金固定。概無租賃包括或然租 金。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

37. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

A new share option scheme was adopted by the Company on 13 December 2013, which replaced its old share options scheme adopted in 2003. Under the share option scheme, the directors of the Company may, at their discretion, grant to full-time employees and executive directors of the Company and its subsidiaries the right to take up options to subscribe for shares of the Company, Additionally, the Company may, from time to time, grant share options to outside third parties for services provided to the Group. The share option scheme, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will expire on 12 December 2023. The subscription price of options is subject to a minimum which is the higher of the nominal value of a share, the closing price of the shares on the Stock Exchange on the date of grant and the average of the closing prices of the shares on the Stock Exchange on the five trading days immediately preceding the grant date of the options.

The maximum number of unexercised share options permitted to be granted under the share option scheme must not exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. No option may be granted which, if exercised in full, would result in the total number of shares already issued and issuable under the share option scheme exceeding 30% of the aggregate number of shares of the Company.

The acceptance of an option, if accepted, must be made within 21 days from the date of the offer of the grant with a non-refundable payment of HK\$1 from the grantee to the Company.

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options granted to each participant (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the shares in issue from time to time unless the same is approved by the shareholders of the Company.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

During the year, share-based payment expenses of HK\$43,025,000 (2015: HK\$34,222,000) has been charged to profit or loss.

37. 購股權計劃

根據購股權計劃可授出之未行使購股 權最高數目,不得超過任何時間本公 司已發行股份10%。倘全面行使購股權 後,根據購股權計劃已獲發行及可獲 發行之股份總數超過本公司股份總數 30%,則不得授出有關購股權。

倘接受購股權,承授人必須於建議授 出日期起計21日內,向本公司支付1 港元之不可退回款項。

除非獲得本公司股東批准,否則每名 參與者於12個月期間內因行使獲授之 購股權(包括已行使、已註銷及尚未行 使之購股權)而已獲發行及將獲發行之 股份總數,不得超過不時已發行股份 之1%。

購股權並無賦予持有人收取股息或於 股東大會表決之權利。

年內,股份付款開支43,025,000港元 (二零一五年:34,222,000港元)已自損 益扣除。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

37. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The following table summarised movements of the Company's issued share options during the year:

For the year ended 30 June 2016

37. 購股權計劃(續)

下表概述本公司已發行購股權於下列 年度之變動:

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年 度

| | | | | | | Numi | ber of share o 購股權數目 | ptions | |
|--|--------------------------------|---|---|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---|
| Capacity | Date of grant | Exercisable period | Vesting period | Exercise price | Outstanding at 1 July 2015 於二零一五年 | Granted during the year | 第22推動日 Exercised during the year | Lapsed during the year | Outstanding at 30 June 2016 於二零一六年 |
| 身分 | 授出日期 | 行使期 | 歸屬期 | 行使價 HK\$ 港元 | 七月一日 尚未行使 | 年內授出 | 年內行使 | 年內失效 | 六月三十日 尚未行使 |
| Other eligible persons 其他合資格人士 | 11 October 2012 二零一二年十月十一日 | 12 October 2012 to 11 October 2015 於二零一二年十月十二日至 二零一五年十月十一日 | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期 即時歸屬 | 0.255 | 260,000,000 | - | (1,000,000) | (259,000,000) | /- |
| Executive Director 執行董事 — Mr. Wong Hin Shek — 王顯碩先生 | 11 October 2012 二零一二年十月十一日 | 12 October 2012 to 11 October 2015 於二零一二年十月十二日至 二零一五年十月十一日 | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期 即時歸屬 | 0.255 | 29,900,000 | | | (29,900,000) | - |
| Other eligible employees 其他合資格僱員 | 4 July 2013 二零一三年七月四日 | 4 July 2013 to 3 July 2018 二零一三年七月四日至 二零一八年七月三日 | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期 即時歸屬 | 0.435 | 1,050,000 | | - | (50,000) | 1,000,000 |
| Other eligible persons 其他合資格人士 | 4 July 2013 二零一三年七月四日 | 4 July 2013 to 3 July 2018 二零一三年七月四日至 二零一八年七月三日 | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期 即時歸屬 | 0.435 | 201,250,000 | - | | - | 201,250,000 |
| Other eligible persons 其他合資格人士 | 19 July 2013 二零一三年七月十九日 | 19 July 2013 to 11 July 2018 二零一三年七月十九日至 二零一八年七月十一日 | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期 即時歸屬 | 0.433 | 100,000,000 | - | - | - | 100,000,000 |
| Other eligible employees 其他合資格僱員 | 21 January 2015 二零一五年一月二十一日 | 21 January 2015 to 20 January 2020 (note a) 二零一五年一月二十一日至 二零二零年一月二十日 (附註a) | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期 即時歸屬 | 0.320 | 2,600,000 | | | (100,000) | 2,500,000 |
| Other eligible persons 其他合資格人士 | 21 January 2015 二零一五年一月二十一日 | 21 January 2015 to 20 January 2020 (note a) 二零一五年一月二十一日至 二零二零年一月二十日 (附註a) | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期 即時歸屬 | 0.320 | 187,200,000 | | (5,000,000) | | 182,200,000 |
| Other eligible employees 其他合資格僱員 | 13 October 2015 二零一五年十月十三日 | 14 October 2015 to 13 October 2020 (note a) 二零一五年十月十四日至 二零二零年十月十三日 (附註a) | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期 即時歸屬 | 0.320 | | 7,210,000 | | | 7,210,000 |
| Other eligible persons 其他合資格人士 | 13 October 2015 二零一五年十月十三日 | 14 October 2015 to 13 October 2020 (note a) 二零一五年十月十四日至 二零二零年十月十三日 (附註a) | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期 即時歸屬 | 0.320 | | 398,000,000 | - | | 398,000,000 |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

37. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued) **37. 購股權計劃**(續)

| Capacity | Date of grant | Exercisable period | Vesting period | Exercise price | Outstanding at 1 July 2015 於二零一五年 七月一日 | Granted during the year | per of share op 購股權數目 Exercised during the year | Lapsed during the year | Outstandin; at 30 Jun 201 於二零一六年 六月三十日 |
|---|-------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| 身分 | 授出日期 | 行使期 | 歸屬期 | 行使價 HK\$ 港元 | モター日 尚未行使 | 年內授出 | 年內行使 | 年內失效 | 尚未行住 |
| Executive director 執行董事 | | | | | | | | | |
| 料7日重争 — Mr. Wong Hin Shek 一 王願碩先生 | 13 October 2015 二零一五年十月十三日 | 14 October 2015 to 13 October 2020 (note a) 二零一五年十月十四日至 二零二零年十月十三日 (附註a) | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期 即時歸屬 | 0.320 | | 40,000,000 | | | 40,000,000 |
| Independent non-executive director | | | | | | | | | |
| 獨立非執行董事 — Mr. Chiu Wai On — 招偉安先生 | 13 October 2015 二零一五年十月十三日 | 14 October 2015 to 13 October 2020 (note a) 二零一五年十月十四日至 二零二零年十月十三日 (附註 a) | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期 即時歸屬 | 0.320 | - | 1,000,000 | - | - | 1,000,000 |
| Independent | | (HIRLO) | | | | | | | |
| non-executive director 獨立非執行董事 | | | | | | | | | |
| — Mr. Man Kwok Leung 一 萬國樑先生 | 13 October 2015 二零一五年十月十三日 | 14 October 2015 to 13 October 2020 (note a) 二零一五年十月十四日至 二零二零年十月十三日 (附註 a) | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期 即時歸屬 | 0.320 | | 1,000,000 | | | 1,000,000 |
| Independent | | | | | | | | | |
| non-executive director 獨立非執行董事 — Dr. Wong Yun Kuen — 黃潤種博士 | 13 October 2015 二零一五年十月十三日 | 14 October 2015 to 13 October 2020 (note a) 二零一五年十月十四日至 二零二零年十月十三日 (附註 a) | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期 即時歸屬 | 0.320 | - | 1,000,000 | - | - | 1,000,000 |
| Total總計 | | | | | 782,000,000 | ///8 210 000 | (6 000 000) | (280 050 000) | 935,160,000 |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

37. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued) **37. 購股權計劃**(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2015

截至二零一五年六月三十日止年 度

| | | | | | | Nur | nber of share op 購股權數目 | tions | |
|--|------------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| Capacity | Date of grant | Exercisable period | Vesting period | Exercise price | Outstanding at 1 July 2014 | Granted during the year | 期及權數百 Exercised during the year | Lapsed during the year | Outstanding at 30 June 2015 於 |
| 身分 | 授出日期 | 行使期 | 歸屬期 | 行使價 HK \$ 港元 | 於二零一四年 七月一日 尚未行使 | 年內授出 | 年內行使 | 年內失效 | 二零一五年 六月三十日 尚未行使 |
| Other eligible persons 其他合資格人士 | 11 October 2012 二零一二年 十月十一日 | 12 October 2012 to 11 October 2015 二零一二年十月十二日至 二零一五年十月十一日 | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期即時歸屬 | 0.255 | 269,100,000 | | (9,100,000) | - | 260,000,000 |
| Executive director 執行董事 — Mr. Wong Hin Shek — 王顯碩先生 | 11 October 2012 二零一二年 十月十一日 | 12 October 2012 to 11 October 2015 二零一二年十月十二日至 二零一五年十月十一日 | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期即時歸屬 | 0.255 | 29,900,000 | | | | 29,900,000 |
| Other eligible employees 其他合資格僱員 | 4 July 2013 二零一三年 七月四日 | 4 July 2013 to 3 July 2018 二零一三年七月四日至 二零一八年七月三日 | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期即時歸屬 | 0.435 | 23,650,000 | | (1,100,000) | (21,500,000) | 1,050,000 |
| Other eligible persons 其他合資格人士 | 4 July 2013 二零一三年 七月四日 | 4 July 2013 to 3 July 2018 二零一三年七月四日至 二零一八年七月三日 | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期即時歸屬 | 0.435 | 235,750,000 | | (6,300,000) | (28,200,000) | 201,250,000 |
| Other eligible persons 其他合資格人士 | 19 July 2013 二零一三年 七月十九日 | 19 July 2013 to 11 July 2018 二零一三年七月十九日至 二零一八年七月十一日 | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期即時歸屬 | 0.433 | 100,000,000 | | | | 100,000,000 |
| Other eligible employees 其他合資格僱員 | 21 January 2015 二零一五年 一月二十一日 | 21 January 2015 to 20 January 2020 (note a) 二零一五年一月二十一日至 二零二零年一月二十日 (附註a) | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期即時歸屬 | 0.320 | - | 42,600,000 | (40,000,000) | - | 2,600,000 |
| Other eligible persons 其他合資格人士 | 21 January 2015 二零一五年 一月二十一日 | 21 January 2015 to 20 January 2020 (note a) 二零一五年一月二十一日至 二零二零年一月二十日 (附註a) | Immediate on the grant date 於授出日期即時歸屬 | 0.320 | | 316,400,000 | (126,200,000) | (3,000,000) | 187,200,000 |
| Total 總計 | | | E []] | | 658,400,000 | 359,000,000 | (182,700,000) | (52,700,000) | 782,000,000 |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

The fair value of share options granted to directors, employees

and other parties providing similar services of employees during

the year, determined at the date of grant of the share options,

is expensed over the vesting period. The fair value was

calculated using the Black-Scholes Model. The inputs into the

37. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

model were as follows:

Notes:

(a)

37. 購股權計劃(續)

附註:

(b)

(a) 年內向董事、僱員及提供類似僱員服務之 其他人士所授出購股權之公平值乃於購股 權授出日期釐定,並按歸屬期支銷。公平 值乃根據柏力克 一 舒爾斯模式計算。該 模式所用輸入數據如下:

購股權數目及加權平均行使價如下:

| Grant date | 授出日期 | 21 January 2015 | 13 October 2015 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | 零一五年一月二十一日 | 二零一五年十月十三日 |
| Share price on date of grant (HK\$) | 授出日期之股價(港元) | 0.320 | 0.320 |
| Exercise price (HK\$) | 行使價(港元) | 0.320 | 0.320 |
| Expected volatility | 預期波幅 | 66.38% | 70.06% |
| Expected life | 預計年期 | 5 years 年 | 5 years 年 |
| Risk-free interest rate | 無風險息率 | 0.32% | 0.66% |
| Expected dividend yield | 預期股息收益 | Nil零 | Nil 零 |

(h) Number of share options and weighted average exercise price were as follows:

| | | / | | | | |
|------------------------|------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|--|
| | | 2 | 016 | 2 | 015 | |
| | | 二零 | 一六年 | 二零一五年 | | |
| | | | Weighted | | Weighted | |
| | | Number of | average | Number of | average | |
| | | share options | exercise price | share options | exercise price | |
| | | 購股權數目 | 加權平均行使價 | 購股權數目 | 加權平均行使價 | |
| | | | HK\$ | | HK\$ | |
| | | | 港元 | | 港元 | |
| / | | | | | | |
| Outstanding at 1 July | 於七月一日尚未行使 | 782,000,000 | 0.340 | 658,400,000 | 0.353 | |
| Granted | 已授出 | 448,210,000 | 0.320 | 359,000,000 | 0.320 | |
| Exercised | 已行使 | (6,000,000) | 0.309 | (182,700,000) | 0.321 | |
| Lapsed | 已失效 | (289,050,000) | 0.255 | (52,700,000) | 0.428 | |
| | | | | | 1 | |
| Outstanding at 30 June | 於六月三十日尚未行使 | 935,160,000 | 0.357 | 782,000,000 | 0.340 | |

During the year ended 30 June 2016, 6,000,000 (2015: 182,700,000) share options exercised during the year resulted in an equal number of ordinary shares issued. The weighted average share price of these shares at the date of exercise was HK\$0.41 (2015: HK\$0.62). The weighted average remaining contractual life of the options outstanding as at 30 June 2016 was 3.41 years (2015: 2.38 years).

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度, 年內因行使該6,000,000份(二零一五 年:182.700.000份) 購股權導致發行相 同數目之普通股。該等股份於行使日 期之加權平均股價為0.41港元(二零 一五年:0.62港元)。於二零一六年六 月三十日,未行使購股權之加權平均 餘下合約年期為3.41年(二零一五年: 2.38年)。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

38. 有關連人士交易

In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, during the year, the following transaction was carried out with related parties in normal course of the Group's business. 除該等綜合財務報表其他部分詳述之 交易外,年內,與有關連人士於本集 團一般業務過程中進行之交易如下。

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$′000 千港元 |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Consultancy fee Corporate service fee Financial advisory fee | 顧問費用 企業服務費用 財務顧問費用 | 605 9 1,000 | 615 _ _ |
| | | 1,614 | 615 |

Those transactions were paid to two related companies which are controlled by an executive director of the Company.

Compensation of key management

The key management of the Group comprises all directors of the Company. Details of their remuneration are disclosed in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

39. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's objective of managing capital is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for members and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce cost of capital.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debts, which includes borrowings, corporate bonds, bank balances and cash and total equity as disclosed in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

The Group's management reviews the capital structure on a semi-annual basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the management, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through new share issues as well as the issue of new debts or redemption of existing debts. 該等交易乃支付予由本公司執行董事 控制之兩家有關連公司。

主要管理人員報酬

本集團主要管理人員包括本公司全體 董事。有關彼等之酬金詳情於綜合財 務報表附註9披露。

39. 資金風險管理

本集團資金管理目標為確保本集團有 能力持續經營,以為股東帶來回報及 為其他利益相關者帶來利益,維持最 理想資本結構,以減低資本成本。

本集團之資本結構包括負債淨額,當 中包括借貸、公司債券、銀行結餘及 現金以及包括綜合權益變動表披露之 總權益。

本集團管理層每半年檢討資本結構一 次。作為此檢討其中部分,管理層考 慮各類別資本之資本成本及相關風險。 按照管理層之建議,本集團將透過發 行新股及發行新債權或贖回現有債權, 以平衡其整體資本結構。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

39. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 39. 資金風險管理(續)

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their corresponding fair values. 本公司董事認為,於綜合財務報表按

本公司重事認為,於标合則務報表按 攤銷成本列賬之金融資產及金融負債 之賬面值與其相應之公平值相若。

The gearing ratio at the end of reporting periods was as follows:

於報告期末之資產負債比率如下:

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Borrowing Corporate bonds Bank balances and cash | 借貸 公司債券 銀行結餘及現金 | 1,558 182,821 (63,846) | _ 179,704 (179,585) |
| Net debts | 負債淨額 | 120,533 | 119 |
| Total equity | 總權益 | 802,642 | 1,299,682 |
| Net debts to equity ratio | 負債淨額對權益比率 | 0.15 | |

40. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

40. 按類別劃分之金融資產及金融 負債概要

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as recognised as at 30 June 2016 and 2015 may be categorised as follows: 本集團於二零一六年及二零一五年六 月三十日確認之金融資產及金融負債 賬面值分類如下:

| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Financial assets | 金融資產 | | |
| Available-for-sale investments | 可供出售投資 | 262,671 | _ |
| Derivative financial instrument | 衍生金融工具 | 215,426 | - |
| Financial assets at fair value through | 按公平值計入損益之 | 004 504 | 045 540 |
| profit or loss Loans and receivables (including | 金融資產 按攤銷成本計量之貸款及 | 204,526 | 215,519 |
| bank balances and cash) | 按艇朝风平司里之貝永及 應收款項(包括 | | |
| at amortised cost | 銀行結餘及現金) | 174,071 | 636,342 |
| | | | |
| | | 856,694 | 851,861 |
| | | | |
| Financial liabilities | | 200.040 | 107 255 |
| Financial liabilities at amortised cost | 按攤銷成本計量之金融負債 | 200,949 | 197,255 |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

41. INFORMATION ABOUT PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARY

41. 有關主要附屬公司之資料

Set out below are the summarised financial information for the subsidiary that had non-controlling interests which is material to the Group, before any elimination. 下文載列於任何對銷前擁有對本集團 而言屬重大之非控股權益之附屬公司 財務資料概要。

| | | Jiang Su You Vehicle C 江蘇友立電動 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 | :o., Ltd 車有限公司 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 |
|--|----------------------------|--|---|
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| Summarised statement of financial position | 財務狀況表概要 | | |
| As at 30 June | 於六月三十日 | | |
| Non-controlling interests percentage Non-current assets Current assets | 非控股權益之百分比 非流動資產 流動資產 | 40.5% 2,176 846 (4 282) | 40.5% 129,755 3,789 |
| Current liabilities Non-current liabilities | 流動負債 非流動負債 | (4,382) – | (10,522) (25,817) |
| Net assets | 資產淨值 | (1,360) | 97,205 |
| Accumulated non-controlling interests | 累計非控股權益 | (551) | 39,368 |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

41. INFORMATION ABOUT PRINCIPAL 41. 有關主要附屬公司之資料(續)

SUBSIDIARY (Continued)

| | | Jiang Su Youli Electric Vehicle Co., Ltd 江蘇友立電動車有限公司 2016 2015 二零一六年 二零一五年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 | | |
|---|----------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| Summarised statement of | 全面收益表概要 | | | |
| comprehensive income For the year ended 30 June | 截至六月三十日止年度 | | | |
| Revenue Loss for the year Total comprehensive income | 收益 年內虧損 全面收入總額 | 1,446 (92,176) (98,565) | _ (1,307 (1,309 | |
| Loss allocated to non-controlling interests | 分配予非控股權益之虧損 | (39,919) | (530 | |
| | | Jiang Su Youl Vehicle Co 江蘇友立電動車 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 | ., Ltd | |
| Summarised statement of cash flows | 現金流量表概要 | | | |
| For the year ended 30 June | 截至六月三十日止年度 | | | |
| Cash flows generated from/(used in) | 經營業務所得/(所用) | | 3,557 | |
| operating activities Cash flows used in investing activities | 現金流量 投資活動所用現金流量 | 1,043 - | (2,933 | |

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

42. EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

(i) Possible acquisition of Emission Particle Solution Sweden AB

On 29 July 2016, Perfect Essential Holdings Limited ("Perfect Essential"), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into the sale and purchase agreement (the "SPA") with seven vendors (the "Vendors"), which are independent third parties of the Group. Pursuant to the terms of the SPA, Perfect Essential has conditionally agreed to acquire and the Vendors have conditionally agreed to sell the 1,366 shares of Emission Particle Solution Sweden AB at the consideration of SEK239,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$220,573,000). Details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 29 July 2016.

(ii) Convertible preference shares transfer agreement

On 13 September 2016, the Company entered into the convertible preference shares ("CPS") transfer agreement with the purchasers, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to procure the sale of and the purchasers have agreed to purchase 651,430,000 CPS in aggregate at the transfer price of HK\$0.21 per CPS. Details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 13 September 2016.

42. 報告期後事項

(i) 可能收購Emission Particle Solution Sweden AB

於二零一六年七月二十九日,本 公司直接全資附屬公司Perfect Essential Holdings Limited (「Perfect Essential」)與七名賣方 (「賣方」,為本集團獨立第三方) 訂立買賣協議(「買賣協議」)。根 據買賣協議之條款,Perfect Essential有條件同意收購而賣方 有條件同意出售1,366股Emission Particle Solution Sweden AB股 份,代價為239,000,000克朗(相 當於約220,573,000港元)。有關 交易詳情載於本公司日期為二零 一六年七月二十九日之公佈。

(ii) 可換股優先股轉讓協議

於二零一六年九月十三日,本公 司與買方訂立可換股優先股(「可 換股優先股」)轉讓協議,據此, 本公司有條件同意促使出售而買 方同意收購合共651,430,000股可 換股優先股,轉讓價為每股可換 股優先股0.21港元。交易詳情載 於本公司日期為二零一六年九月 十三日之公佈。

For the year ended 30 June 2016 截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

42. EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD (Continued)

(iii) Settlement deed of the profit guarantee compensation

With reference to the announcements dated 26 April 2015 and 29 May 2015, the vendor irrevocably warranted and guaranteed to the Company (the "Profit Guarantee") that the aftertax audited consolidated net profit of the Delta Prestige Group for the year ended 30 June 2016 shall not be less than HK\$100,000,000 (the "Guaranteed Net Profit").

In the event that the Delta Prestige Group cannot achieve the Guaranteed Net Profit, the vendor has irrevocably undertaken to the Company to pay to the Company in cash within 10 business days from the date of receipt of the certificate from the auditors of the Company an amount equal to the shortfall (the "Profit Guarantee Compensation").

In view of the loss of the Delta Prestige Group for the year ended 30 June 2016, the vendor had been requested to settle the Profit Guarantee Compensation of HK\$100,000,000. After arm's length negotiations, on 26 September 2016, the vendor and the Company entered into a settlement deed regarding the settlement of the Profit Guarantee Compensation of HK\$100,000,000 and the additional amount of compensation of HK\$850,000, in which HK\$20,000,000 has been settled by the vendor on 27 September 2016. Details of the settlement are set out in the Company's announcements dated 26 September 2016.

42. 報告期後事項(續)

(iii) 溢利保證補償之償付契約

參照日期為二零一五年四月 二十六日及二零一五年五月 二十九日之公佈,賣方向本公司 不可撤回地保證及擔保(「溢利保 證」),德泰匯信集團於截至二零 一六年六月三十日止年度之除税 後經審核綜合純利不會少於 100,000,000港元(「保證純利」)。

倘德泰匯信集團未能達致保證純利,則賣方向本公司不可撤回地 承諾於接獲本公司核數師發出證 明書當日起計10個營業日內以現 金向本公司支付相當於缺額之金 額(「溢利保證補償」)。

鑑於德泰匯信集團截至二零一六 年六月三十日止年度出現虧損, 賣方被要求償付為數100,000,000 港元之溢利保證補償。經雙方公 平硅商後,於二零一六年九月 二十六日,賣方與本公司就償付 溢利保證補償100,000,000港元加 額外補償金額850,000港元訂立償 付契約,其中20,000,000港元已 賣方償付。償付詳情載於本公司日 期為二零一六年九月二十六日之 公佈。

Financial Summary 財務概要

RESULTS

業績

| | | Years ended 30 June 截至六月三十日止年度 | | | | |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | 2016 | 2015 | 2014* | 2013* | 2012* |
| | | 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | ~二五年 · HK\$'000 千港元 | 二零一四年* <i>二</i> HK\$′000 千港元 | _苓一二年* - HK\$′000 千港元 | 二零一二年★ HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Turnover | 營業額 | 16,434 | 49,698 | 439,316 | 410,975 | 311,872 |
| Loss before income tax Income tax credit/(expense) | 所得税前虧損 所得税抵免/(開支) | (556,617) 25,020 | (30,138) 1,216 | (85,569) 44,293 | (64,442) (8,144) | (52,789) (308) |
| Loss for the year from continuing operations Profit for the year from discontinued operations | 持續經營業務之 年內虧損 已終止經營業務之 年內溢利 | (531,597) | (28,922) 40,445 | (41,276) | (72,586) | (53,097) |
| (Loss)/profit for the year | 年內(虧損)/溢利 | (531,597) | 11,523 | (41,276) | (72,586) | (53,097) |
| (Loss)/profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests | 以下人士應佔年內 (虧損)/溢利: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益 | (494,057) (37,540) | 12,055 (532) | (41,276) | (72,586) | (53,097) |
| | | (531,597) | 11,523 | (41,276) | (72,586) | (53,097) |

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

資產及負債

| | | | j | At 30 June 於六月三十日 | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Total assets Total liabilities | 資產總值 負債總額 | 1,013,500 (210,858) | 1,537,372 (237,690) | 1,127,559 (380,128) | 1,556,642 (813,031) | 680,875 (92,083) |
| | | 802,642 | 1,299,682 | 747,431 | 743,611 | 588,792 |

* The Group had disposed of its 100% equity interests in Hua Yi Copper (BVI) Company Limited and its subsidiaries (together "Hua Yi Group") during the year ended 30 June 2015.

The copper rods and cable and wires businesses, which are carried out by Hua Yi Group have been presented as discontinued operations in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2015. For the purpose of this financial summary, the copper rods and cable and wires businesses have not been re-presented as discontinued operations for the three years ended 30 June 2012 to 2014. 截至二零一五年六月三十日止年度,本集團已出 售其於Hua Yi Copper (BVI) Company Limited及其 附屬公司(統稱「華藝集團」)之全部股權。

華藝集團從事之銅桿以及電纜及電線業務已於截 至二零一五年六月三十日止年度之綜合財務報表 呈列為已終止經營業務。就本財務概要而言,銅 桿以及電纜及電線業務並無就截至二零一二年至 二零一四年六月三十日止三個年度重新呈列為已 終止經營業務。



德泰新能源集團有限公司 DeTai New Energy Group Limited