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Corporate Information

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Shi Hongliu (Chairman)

Mr. Shi Hongyan (Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Shi Zhixiong

Mr. Lui Wai Ming (Chief Finance Officer)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Ms. Ko Yuk Lan

Mr. Yao Ge

Mr. He Wenyi

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Ms. Ko Yuk Lan (Chairman)

Mr. Yao Ge

Mr. He Wenyi

Nomination Committee

Mr. Yao Ge (Chairman)

Mr. Shi Hongyan

Mr. He Wenyi

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Yao Ge (Chairman)

Mr. Shi Zhixiong

Mr. He Wenyi

Risk Management Committee

Mr. Shi Hongliu (Chairman)

Mr. Shi Hongyan

Mr. Shi Zhixiong

Mr. Lui Wai Ming

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 1902, 19/F

Far East Finance Centre

16 Harcourt Road

Hong Kong

董事會

執行董事

施洪流先生(董事長)

施鴻雁先生(副董事長及行政總裁)

施志雄先生

雷偉銘先生(首席財務官)

獨立非執行董事

高玉蘭女士

姚 戈先生

何文義先生

董事委員會

審計委員會

高玉蘭女士(主席)

姚 戈先生

何文義先生

提名委員會

姚 戈先生(主席)

施鴻雁先生

何文義先生

薪酬委員會

姚 戈先生(主席)

施志雄先生

何文義先生

風險管理委員會

施洪流先生(主席)

施鴻雁先生

施志雄先生

雷偉銘先生

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

香港主要營業地點

香港

夏慤道16號

遠東金融中心

19樓1902室

Corporate Information 公司資料

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Shi Hongliu Mr. Chiu Ming King

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chiu Ming King

THE CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Royal Bank of Canada Trust Company (Cayman) Limited 4th Floor, Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road, George Town Grand Cayman KY1–1110 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shop 1712–1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

PLACE OF LISTING

The Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange")

STOCK CODE

2200

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China, Jinjiang Branch Bank of China (Hong Kong)

AUDITOR

KPMG
Certified Public Accountants
8/F, Prince's Building
10 Chater Road, Central
Hong Kong

WEBSITE

www.hosa.cn

授權代表

施洪流先生 趙明璟先生

公司秘書

趙明璟先生

開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處

Royal Bank of Canada Trust Company (Cayman) Limited 4th Floor, Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road, George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

香港證券登記處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心 17樓1712-1716室

上市地點

香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板

股份代號

2200

主要往來銀行

中國銀行晉江支行中國銀行(香港)

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所 *執業會計師* 香港 中環遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

網站

www.hosa.cn

Financial Highlights

財務摘要

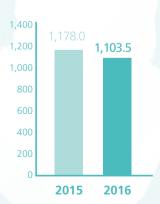
For the year ended 31 December/ As at 31 December	截至12月31日止年度/ 於12月31日	2016	2015	Change (%) 變動(%)
Financial highlight (RMB million)	財務摘要(人民幣百萬元)			
Revenue	營業額	1,103.5	1,178.0	(6.3%)
Gross profit	毛利	567.3	604.6	(6.2%)
Profit before taxation Profit for the year attributable to equity	除税前利潤 本公司權益股東應佔	327.2	338.9	(3.5%)
shareholders of the Company Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to equity shareholders of	年度利潤 本公司權益股東應佔 年度綜合收益總額	268.8	267.3	0.6%
the Company Earnings before interest, tax,	除利息、税項、折舊及	254.5	264.8	(3.9%)
depreciation and amortisation	難銷前盈利	341.3	350.3	(2.6%)
Total equity attributable to equity shareholders	權益股東應佔權益總額	1,856.2	1,710.8	8.5%
Total assets	總資產	2,457.0	2,182.9	12.6%
Financial ratios	財務比率			
Net debt to shareholders' fund (%)	淨債務與股東資金比率(%)	Net cash 淨現金	Net cash 淨現金	N/A 不適用
Interest coverage (times)	利息償付率(倍數)	77.0	339.2	(77.3%)
Financial information per share (RMB)	每股財務資料(人民幣元)			
Earnings	盈利	0.16	0.16	0.0%
Dividends	股息	0.057	0.065	(12.3%)
Equity attributable to equity holders	權益持有人應佔權益	1.11	1.03	8.0%

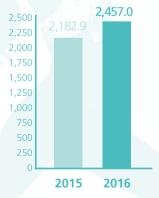
REVENUE 營業額TOTAL ASSETS 總資產(RMB million) (人民幣百萬元)(RMB million) (人民幣百萬元)

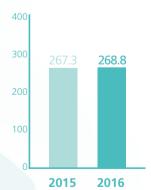
NET PROFIT 純利

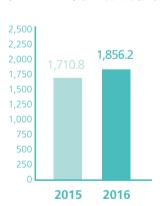
EQUITY 權益

(RMB million)(人民幣百萬元) (RMB million)(人民幣百萬元)(RMB million)(人民幣百萬元)







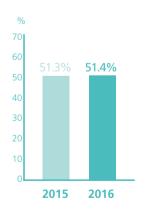


Key Financial Ratios 主要財務比率

Financial ratio	財務比率	2016	2015
Profitability ratios	盈利能力比率		
Gross profit margin	毛利率	51.4%	51.3%
Net profit margin before interest and tax	除利息及税項前淨利潤率	30.0%	28.9%
Net profit margin	淨利潤率	24.4%	22.7%
Return on equity	權益回報率	14.3%	15.8%
Return on total assets	總資產回報率	11.0%	13.1%
Liquidity ratios	流動資金比率		
Current ratio	流動比率	3.98 times 倍	4.51 times 倍
Quick ratio	速動比率	3.61 times 倍	3.95 times 倍
Stock turnover days	存貨周轉日數	163.1 days ⊟	136.3 days ⊟
Debtors' turnover days	應收賬款周轉日數	99.7 days ⊟	80.2 days ⊟
Creditors' turnover days	應付賬款周轉日數	122.7 days 日	110.8 days 日
Capacity adequacy ratios	資本充足比率		
Gearing ratio	負債比率	13.0%	5.9%
Debt to net worth ratio	債務淨值比率	24.0%	14.5%
Interest coverage (times)	利息償付率(倍數)	77.0	339.2
Others	其他		
Net debt to shareholders' funds	淨債務與股東資金比率	Net cash	Net cash
		淨現金	淨現金

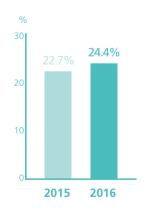
GROSS PROFIT MARGIN 毛利率

%



NET PROFIT MARGIN 淨利潤率

%





Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board") of Hosa International Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, collectively the "Group"), I am pleased to present the Company's annual results report for the year ended 31 December 2016.

各位股東:

本人謹代表浩沙國際有限公司(「本公司」,連同其附屬公司,統稱為「本集團」)董事會(「董事會」)提呈本公司截至2016年12月 31日止年度業績報告。

In 2016, the domestic economic environment extended the trend of the second half of 2015. The gross domestic product ("GDP") of the year increased by 6.7%, representing a decrease as compared with the increase of 6.9% last year. With the instability of the global economy, there is higher level of uncertainties on the prospect, which affected consumers' confidence to a certain extent and in turn the consumer market growth. Facing the prevailing situation, the Group focused on the fitness segment and promoted channel restructure with Hosa Sports Health Experience Stores by opening big stores and closing small stores in order to improve consumer experience and per store sales. Meanwhile. we proactively explored the establishment of professional channels, developed a wider range of sports and health products and integrated sports and health products and services to develop new business growth driver. Although the sales of sports underwear continued to decrease, the overall operating condition yet remained stable and healthy. As of 31 December 2016, the revenue for the year of the Group was RMB1,103.5 million, representing a decrease of 6.3% as compared with last year. The net profit was RMB268.8 million, representing an increase of 0.6% as compared with last year. The basic earnings per share was RMB0.16 which remained unchange as compared with last year.

Based on the Group's performance for the year of 2016, the Board recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK2.3 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB2.1 cents) per share to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") as of 31 December 2016, and with the interim dividend of HK4.2 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB3.6 cents), the total dividend payout ratio for the year was approximately 35%

2016年國內經濟環境延續了2015年下半年 的趨勢,全年國內生產總值(「GDP」)增長 6.7%,同比去年增長6.9%有所下調。全球經 濟不穩定,前景的不確定有所增加,消費者信 心受到一定程度影響,影響了消費市場增長。 針對當前形勢,本集團聚焦健身板塊,以運動 健康體驗店推進渠道整改,執行開大店關小店 的政策,致力提升消費者體驗及單店銷售。同 時,積極開展專業渠道建設,延伸運動健康產 品,整合運動健康產品和服務,開發新的業 務增長點。雖然運動內衣銷售繼續下降,但 整體運營情況依然處於穩定而健康狀態。截 至2016年12月31日止,本集團的全年營業額 為人民幣1,103.5百萬元,比去年下降6.3%, 淨利潤為人民幣268.8百萬元,比去年上升 0.6%。每股基本盈利人民幣0.16元,與去年 持平。

基於2016年本集團的業績表現,董事會建議向本公司股東(「股東」)派付截至2016年12月31日止末期股息每股2.3港仙(相當於約人民幣2.1分)。加上中期股息每股4.2港仙(相當於約人民幣3.6分),佔全年權益持有人應佔盈利的35%。

The Group has been focusing on sports health market for a long time using professional contests and activities as principal marketing promotion strategy to create the advantage in differentiation in its brand identity. In 2016, the Company continuously devoted more efforts in the sponsorships of professional swimming and fitness competitions, such as the National Swimming Championships, the National Summer Swimming Championships and Olympic Qualifying Tournament, titled sponsorships for "Hosa Cup" Adolescents Swimming Contest, various provincial and city "Hosa Cup" Adolescents Swimming Championships, "Hosa Cup" College Swimming Championships and other sports programs, as its key focus in supporting adolescents' sports development. As the titled sponsor of the Fédération Internationale de Natation Association ("FINA") Marathon Swimming World Cup, and Diving Series as well as the global partner of FINA, the Group continued to sponsor Marathon Swimming World Cup and the diving tournament of FINA World Cup. The Group sponsored nearly ten provincial swimming teams and all swimming contests of certain provinces. Moreover, the Group sponsored "Hosa Cup" 2016 National Rhythmic Gymnastic Grand Prix, promoting national fitness and creating professional image and strategic value of the brand of Hosa in the field of professional fitness.

本集團長期專注運動健康市場,以專業賽事及 活動為主要市場推廣策略,在品牌方面建立了 差異化優勢。2016年,公司繼續對游泳和健 身類專業賽事贊助支持,先後贊助了全國游泳 冠軍賽、全國夏季游泳錦標賽暨奧運會資格 賽、冠名「浩沙盃 | 青少年游泳大賽、各省市 [浩沙盃]青少年游泳錦標賽、[浩沙盃]大學 生游泳錦標賽等活動,重點支持青少年體育發 展。繼續作為國際游泳聯合會(「國際泳聯」)馬 拉松世界盃和跳水系列賽的冠名贊助商和國際 泳聯的全球合作夥伴,贊助了馬拉松游泳世界 盃、國際泳聯世界盃跳水賽等賽事。 冠名贊助 了近十家省級游泳隊以及部分省級的全部各類 游泳賽事,另外,冠名「浩沙盃」2016全國藝 術體操大獎賽,推廣全民健身。打造浩沙品牌 在專業健身渠道的專業形象及戰略價值。

As a sports and health industry group with a brand mission of delivering and propagandising a natural, healthy and joyful sports lifestyle, the Group is committed to performing one of the important missions of giving back to society to fulfill its corporate social responsibilities while creating corporate operating results and offering favourable shareholders' returns. In 2016, the Group continued to promote and develop national fitness through wide and deep cooperation with many organisations in the industry, organised and sponsored fitness promotion campaigns in different cities across China, for instance, the National Fitness Carnival. the Fitness Exchange Conference, the Yoga Conference and the Asia Fitness Festival, and the programme of "Happy Fitness" with Beijing TV, building "HOSHAPE" (好型好塑HOSHAPE), the first TV program in the world at real fitness centre as scene, aimed at promoting the culture of fitness, popularising national fitness activities and advocating scientific fitness, particularly, to fulfill its social responsibilities by raising national citizens' health awareness and improving their physical conditions. For honours and recognitions this year, the Company was awarded the Outstanding Enterprise Award (傑出企業獎), China Charity Festival Awards (中國公益節獎項), China Association for Quality Inspection Awards (中國品質檢驗協會獎項), the First Place in China Swimsuit Market (中國泳裝市場榜首), and Charity Communications Award of Health Model Selection (健康榜樣評選公益傳播獎). Meanwhile, the synchronized swimming suit of Hosa was selected as the special swimming suit for Chinese synchronized swimming team in 2016 Rio Olympic Games.

作為以傳遞和宣導自然、健康、快樂的運動生 活方式作為品牌使命的運動健康產業集團,本 集團在創造企業經營業績和為股東提供良好回 報的同時,也把回報社會、履行企業的社會責 任作為企業的重要使命之一。2016年,本集 團繼續全力推進全民健身的普及和發展,和健 身行業的各機構進行廣泛深入地合作,在全國 各地舉辦和支持了全民健身嘉年華、健身交流 大會、瑜伽大會、亞洲健身康體節等健身推廣 活動,並與北京電視臺合作「快樂健身」欄目, 聯合打造「好型好塑HOSHAPE」全球首家電視 實景健身房模範店,傳播健身文化,推動全民 健身活動的深入普及和科學健身,為提升國民 健康意識,強化國民健康並盡企業的社會責 任。本年度在企業榮譽評選中,獲得「傑出企 業獎」、「中國公益節獎項」、「中國品質檢驗協 會獎項」、「中國泳裝市場榜首」、「健康榜樣評 撰公益傳播獎 |。同時,浩沙競技花樣游泳衣 入選2016里約奧運會中國國家花樣游泳隊專 用泳衣。

The Group has become a leading role in the industry by seizing the opportunities offered by the booming sports and health industry and the specialised niche markets for a long term, proactively striving for being innovative and responsive to the changes in the market environments and business forms. In recent years, the Group has been proactively implementing the strategies of transformation and upgrade in light of the influence brought along with the development of the Internet and popularization of e-commerce. In 2016, the Group sought to develop, transform and upgrade itself in four key aspects, namely brand segmentation, product structure optimization, reform of the distribution channels and strategic layout of sports and health ecosphere by adopting the following five key measures:

 通過對各省級游泳隊的冠名贊助,推進 學校及專業場館渠道建設,開拓青少年

消費市場;

型升級,主要採取了以下五項措施:

本集團長期以來緊緊抓住運動健康產業和專業

細分市場蓬勃發展的契機,根據市場環境和商

業形態的變化,積極創新應變,成為產業領頭

羊。近年來,本集團應對互聯網的發展和電子

商務的普及所帶來的影響,大力推進產業轉型

升級的戰略。2016年,本集團繼續重點從品

牌細分、產品結構完善、渠道變革、運動健康

生態圈戰略佈局四個方面推進企業的發展和轉

- to promote the establishment of channels in schools and specialized stadiums via title sponsorship to provincial swimming teams to explore the adolescent consumer market;
- 圍繞消費者便利和消費體驗,改善推進 全渠道建設,重點推進專業網點及教練 自營等銷售終端模式的建設;
- to establish all-round distribution channels for the convenience and consumption experience of consumers, by focusing on the establishment of professional stores and direct selling by fitness coaches;
- 3. 深化提升店鋪品質提升戰略,持續推進 現有實體終端建設,重點推進運動健康 體驗店的佈點,著力改善消費者體驗;
- to deepen the strategy of improving the store quality, continue to establish the existing retail outlets and focus on fostering the deployment of Hosa Sports Health Experience Stores, with efforts in enhancing consumers' experience;
- 根據電子商務渠道的消費特點,積極索 討產業垂直平台的合作機會;
- to proactively seek for cooperating opportunities on industrial vertical platforms, based on the consuming characteristics of e-commerce channels;
- 5. 圍繞本公司運動健康生態圈戰略的推進,開發了多種智能產品和運動健康 APP,成功地推進了企業轉型,為本集團未來更好的發展打下基礎。
- 5. to develop various kinds of intelligent products and sports and health APP in line with the implementation of the Company's strategy of sports and health ecosphere, in turn successfully promoting the corporate transformation in order to lay a foundation for the better development of the Group in the future.

After the promulgation by the PRC State Council of several opinions regarding the sports and health industry since 2013, significant development opportunities have been opened up for the health service and sports service sectors. General Administration of Sports of China published the "13th Five-Year Plan for the Development of the Sports Industry" in 2016, which clarified that the total scale of sports industry between 2016 to 2020 exceeded RMB3 trillion, and the value added accounted for 1.0% of the GDP. In the same year, the State Council issued The National Fitness Plan (2016-2020), proposing vigorous efforts in developing mass sports programs, advocating a new trend of comprehensive fitness and promoting the establishment of "Health China". The plan stated that, by 2020, the number of people who do exercise once or more a week will reach 700 million, the number of people who frequently do exercise will reach 435 million, and the total scale of sports consumption will reach RMB1.5 trillion. National fitness will promote industrial development, and form new economic growth driver. Meanwhile, consumers' pursuits for sports and health products and services have been building up swiftly along with the surge in living standards among the public.

從2013年開始,中國國務院發佈了多個關於 運動健康產業有關的意見,為健康服務業和 體育服務業的發展提供了重大的發展機遇。 2016年,國家體育總局印發《體育產業發展 「十三五」規劃》,明確了在2016年-2020年 內體育產業總規模超過人民幣3萬億,產業 增加值在國內生產總值中的比重達1.0%。同 年,國務院發佈了《全面健身計劃(2016-2020 年)》,提出要大力發展群眾體育,宣導全面 健身新時尚,推進健康中國建設。並明確到 了2020年,每週參加1次及以上體育鍛練的 人數達到7億,經常參加體育鍛煉的人數將達 到4.35億,體育消費總規模達到人民幣1.5萬 億,全民健身能促進產業發展,形成新的經濟 增長點。同時,隨著大眾生活水準的提高,消 費者對運動健康產品及服務的需求迅速增加。

In view of current situation, the Group and its controlling shareholder will fully utilize the leading position in sports and health products and services with the determination to implement the development strategy for the sports and health industry. The sports and health ecosphere will be continued to be established based on customers' sports and health lifestyle. Centered around sports and health products and big data to develop and consolidate industry resources, the ecosphere links consumers, scenarios and products with the service provider through a mobile sports and health community to cater for the consumers' sports and health lifestyle and provide them with comprehensive services.

In 2017, the Group will focus on the promotion of the following tasks:

- to promote the integration of online and offline sale by establishing "Hosa new retail", and sufficiently expand the opportunity of "Internet+";
- to promote the titled sponsorship cooperation of various sports and fitness events continuously, and enhance the professional image and reputation for the brand;
- to continue to develop new sports and health products, research on, develop and upgrade the smart products and consolidate sports and health products and services to explore new business growth driver based on consumers' needs;
- to promote intelligent products and health APP and continue to perfect product series;

在此背景之下,本集團和控股股東將發揮在運動健康產品、運動健康服務方面的領先優勢,堅定運動健康產業發展戰略,繼續圍繞消費者運動健康生活方式構建運動健康生態圈,以運動健康產品和大數據為中心,開發和整合產業資源,用移動運動健康社區來實現消費者、場景、產品、服務提供者的連接,為消費者的運動健康生活方式提供全面服務。

2017年,本集團重點推進以下相關工作:

- 1. 以「浩沙新零售」推動線上線下銷售整合,充分開拓「互聯網+」的機遇;
- 2. 繼續推進各類運動健康活動的冠命贊助 合作,提升品牌的專業度和美譽度;
- 3. 根據使用者需求,繼續延伸運動健康產品,研發、升級智能產品,整合運動健康產品和服務,開發新的業務增長點;
- 4. 推廣智能產品及健康APP,並繼續完善 產品系列;

 to actively explore the industry upstream and downstream cooperation, including food and drinks supply, internet/app service, gymnastic stadium, fitness service, etc, to integrate the industry resources by flexible cooperative investment, and develop sports and health industry.

Over the past two years, the Group was under transformation and upgrade, which in turn had a certain impact on the results indicators. However, the Group believes that with its efforts in the promotion of the sports and health industry and the implementation of above measures, a solid strategic foundation will be laid for the future development of the Group, which will sharpen its competitiveness in the sports and health industry and establish a long-term competitive edge, in turn expanding the room for future development in effective manner and creating greater value and returns to the customers and shareholders.

The contributions and support from the senior management, staff, partners, consumers and shareholders of the Group are the cornerstone and incentive of the continuous development of the Group. I would like to convey my gratitude to everyone who supports and trusts the Group.

5. 積極探索產業上下游(包括食品飲品供應、互聯網/APP服務、健身場館、健身服務、等等)的合作,以靈活的合作投資方式整合行業資源,發展運動健康產業。

過去兩年,本集團進行轉型升級,因此對業績 指標產生一定的影響,但是相信隨著本集團運 動健康產業的推進和以上各項措施的落實,將 為本集團未來的發展奠定堅實的戰略基礎,強 化本集團在運動健康領域的競爭優勢,形成長 期競爭力,有效地提升發展空間,為消費者、 股東創造更大的價值和回報。

本集團高級管理層、員工、合作夥伴、消費者 及股東的貢獻和支援,是本集團持續發展的基 礎和動力,本人謹此向支持和信任本集團的各 位人士表示衷心的感謝。

Shi Hongliu

Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 21 March 2017

施洪流

董事長兼執行董事

香港,2017年3月21日

1 MARKET OVERVIEW

2016 is the year full of challenges and opportunities. The growth of the Chinese economy decelerated and GDP of the year increased by 6.7%, representing a decrease as compared with the increase of 6.9% last year. There are worries over the macroeconomic market due to the uncertain prospects of global economy, impacted domestic consumer sentiment, and the pressure on traditional sales channels continuously imposed by e-commerce. However, the PRC government has gradually promoted and implemented the policies of the sports and health industry, which provides opportunities under the adverse economic situation. Over the past few years, China has promulgated a number of policies to support the sports and health industry. In 2016, the General Administration of Sports of China published the "13th Five-Year Plan for the Development of the Sports Industry", and the State Council also issued The National Fitness Plan (2016-2020), proposing vigorous efforts in developing mass sports programs, advocating a new trend of comprehensive fitness and promoting the establishment of Healthy China. The plan stated that, by 2020, the number of people who frequently do exercises will reach 435 million, and the total scale of sports consumption will reach RMB1.5 trillion. National fitness will promote industrial development, and form new economic growth driver.

Although the domestic GDP per capita has exceeded US\$8,000 in 2015, the sports and health industry did not significantly grow in line with international precedents during such period due to the characteristics of the economic structure. It is expected that, following the step-by-step promotion and implementation of the relevant policies, the sports and health industry will experience a high-growth period. Meanwhile, in the growing consumer market of sports and health, more sophisticated consumers are pursuing not only brand names and professional functionality but also fashion, cost-performance ratio and quality.

1 市場概覽

2016年,是充滿挑戰及機遇的一年。 中國經濟增速放緩,全年GDP增長 6.7%,同比去年增長6.9%有所下降。 全球經濟前景不明朗,國內消費意欲受 影響,加上傳統消費渠道繼續受到電商 的衝擊,宏觀經濟市場存在隱憂。但中 國政府關於體育和健康產業的政策逐漸 推進落實,在經濟低迷中提供了機會。 過去幾年國家發佈了多項支持運動健康 產業的政策,在2016年國家體育總局印 發了《體育產業發展「十三五」規劃》,同 期國務院發佈了《全民健身計劃(2016-2020年)》提出要大力發展群眾體育, 宣導全面健身新時尚,推進健康中國建 設,並明確到了2020年,經常參加體育 鍛鍊的人數將達到4.35億,體育消費總 規模達到人民幣1.5萬億,全民健身能 促進產業發展,形成新的經濟增長點。

雖然國內人均GDP於2015年已經過了 8,000美元,但由於經濟結構的特色, 同期的運動健康產業發展並沒有按國際 經驗大幅度增長。預期隨著有關政策續 步推進落實,運動健康產及的高增長期 即將來臨。同時,在持續增長的運動健 康消費市場中,消費者的要求也有所提 升,不僅看品牌及專業功能性,同時, 時尚性、性價比及品質也有所追求。



2 BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

The positive development trend of the sports and health industry creates favourable external conditions for the Group, which possesses competitive resources of the related industry, to implement the strategy of sports health industry and the successful transformation and upgrade. In 2016, the Group continued to actively promote the transformation and upgrade in respect of branding, sales channels and retail outlets. Net profit remained flat as compared with last year. The operating condition was still healthy in general. The strategy of sports health industry has been implemented, which provide the Group with a greater room for development.

The Group's revenue for 2016 amounted to RMB1,103.5 million (2015: RMB1,178.0 million), representing a decrease of 6.3% as compared with the same period of last year. The profit for the year attributable to the shareholders of the Group amounted to RMB268.8 million (2015: RMB267.3 million), representing an increase of 0.6% as compared with the same period of last year.

(a) Products

Currently, the Group's sports and health products and equipment are indoor sportswear, including the three product lines of fitness wear, swimwear and sports underwear. In 2016, with the emphasis on sports and fitness, the Group developed new products which met the professional needs of sports so as to optimise its product structure. As of 31 December 2016, the Group's three product lines, namely fitness wear, swimwear and sports underwear, achieved an operating income of RMB441.5 million, RMB563.1 million and RMB98.9 million (2015: RMB437.1 million, RMB547.8 million and RMB193.1 million respectively), representing an increase of 1.0%, 2.8% and a decrease of 48.8% respectively as compared to the same period last year.

2 業務摘要

2016年,本集團的營業額為人民幣1,103.5百萬元(2015年:人民幣1,178.0百萬元),比去年同期下降6.3%。本集團股東應佔年度利潤人民幣268.8百萬元(2015年:人民幣267.3百萬元),比去年同期上升0.6%。

(a) 產品

本集團現階段提供的運動健康產 品和裝備為室內運動服飾,包括 健身瑜伽服飾、水運動服飾及運 動內衣三條產品線。2016年本集 團以運動健身場景為核心,按運 動系列專業需求開發新產品以完 善產品結構。截至2016年12月31 日,本集團健身瑜伽服飾、水運 動服飾及運動內衣三條產品線營 業收入分別達到人民幣441.5百萬 元,人民幣563.1百萬元和人民幣 98.9百萬元(2015年:分別為人民 幣437.1百萬元、人民幣547.8百 萬元和人民幣193.1百萬元),比 去年同期分別增長1.0%、2.8% 和下降48.8%。

(b) Branding

In order to meet the multi-faceted demand from sports and health communities, the Group currently possesses two brands of products, namely Hosa and Water Cube. In 2016, the Group continued putting more effort on the promotion of Hosa as a brand in professional competitions and activities. As a title sponsor of the Fédération Internationale De Natation ("FINA") Marathon Swimming World Cup and Diving Series and being the global partner of FINA, the Group sponsored, including but not limited to, the Marathon Swimming World Cup and the diving tournament of FINA World Cup. The Group also continued the promotion of and develop the independent sale channels for Water Cube brand apparel, and by leveraging its brand influence, high professional standard and price-performance ratio, the Group continued to expand sales in the mass swimwear market. As of 31 December 2016, the Hosa brand revenue amounted to RMB963.2 million (2015: RMB1,026.0 million), representing a decrease of 6.1% as compared with the same period in 2015, while the Water Cube brand apparel's revenue amounted to RMB140.3 million (2015: RMB152.0 million), representing a decrease of 7.7% as compared with the same period in 2015.

(c) Channels and Sales Outlets

In 2016, the Group established all-round distribution channels for the convenience and improvement of consumption experiences of consumers by focusing on the construction of diversified outlets model such as professional network, direct selling and marketing by coaches. At the same time, for the development of physical sales outlets, by launching Sports Health Experience Store, the Group emphasized the improvement of the consumption experience so as to promote sales outlets. These enabled the Group to maintain a healthy level in overall operation. In addition, the Group made proactive efforts in seeking opportunities to develop a vertical e-commerce platform for fitness.

The Group also took advantage of the features of the Group's products including specialization, flexibility of composition and compatibility to encourage the offering of sales packages with complementary products and brands by means of wholesale and distribution. The above measures enabled the Group to maintain a healthy level in overall operation and improve the quality of sales network under the adverse market environment.

(b) 品牌

為滿足運動健康群體的多層次需 求,本集團現擁有浩沙和水立方 兩個品牌產品。2016年,本集 團繼續浩沙品牌在專業賽事及活 動的推廣,作為國際游泳聯合會 (「國際泳聯」)馬拉松世界盃和跳 水系列賽的冠名贊助商和國際泳 聯的全球合作夥伴,贊助了馬拉 松游泳世界盃、國際泳聯世界盃 跳水賽等賽事。另外,繼續水立 方品牌服飾的推廣,開發獨立渠 道,並以其品牌影響力、產品專 業度和高性價比,繼續擴大在大 眾水運動市場的銷售。截至2016 年12月31日,浩沙品牌的營業額 為人民幣963.2百萬元(2015年: 人民幣1,026.0百萬元),比2015 年同期下跌6.1%,水立方品牌 服飾營業額為人民幣140.3百萬 元(2015年:人民幣152.0百萬 元),比2015年同期下跌7.7%。

(c) 渠道和銷售終端

本集團圍繞產品專業細分,組合性強的特點,鼓勵以批發和經銷等方式與互補產品、互補品牌產品組合銷售。以上措施,保障了本集團整體運營在市場環境較差的情況下,依然保持健康水平,銷售網站品質有所提升。

(d) Marketing and Consumer Relations

Focusing on promoting the life style as being natural, joyful and healthy through the participation in sports, the Group continued to carry out accurate and effective brand promotion and marketing campaigns which focused on its target customers, and brought about delightful and pleasant experience in sports and health to its consumers. In order to promote fitness culture, the Group continued to vigorously promote and develop sports and national fitness in 2016 through wide and deep cooperation with many other organisations in the fitness industry. It organised and sponsored more than a hundred of fitness promotion campaigns in different cities across the country, for instance, the National Fitness Carnival, the Fitness Exchange Conference, the Yoga Conference and the Asia Fitness Festival, aimed at spreading the culture of fitness, popularising national fitness activities and advocating scientific fitness, particularly, to fulfill its social responsibilities by raising national citizens' health awareness and improving their physical conditions.

(d) 市場推廣和消費者關係

本集團一直致力於傳播自然、快 樂、運動健康生活方式,針對目 標消費者採用精準高效的品牌和 市場推廣策略,為消費者的運動 健康生活帶來輕鬆快樂的體驗。 為推廣健身文化,2016年,本 集團繼續全力推進全民健身的普 及和發展,和健身行業的各機構 進行廣泛深入地合作,在全國各 地,舉辦和支持了全民健身嘉年 華、健身交流大會、瑜伽大會、 亞洲健身康體節等上百場健身推 廣活動,傳播健身文化,推動全 民健身活動的深入普及和科學健 身,為提升國民健康意識,強化 國民健康盡企業的社會責任。



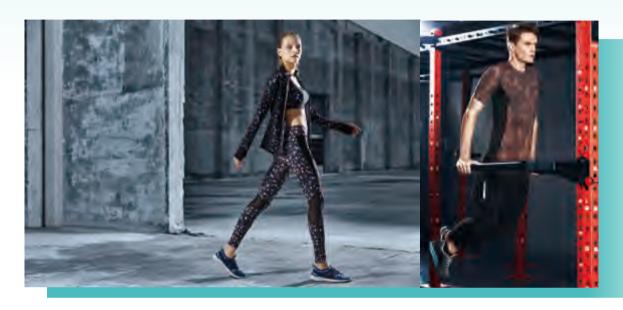
In 2016, the Company kept devoting more effort on the sponsorship of professional swimming and gym competitions, such as the National Swimming Championships, the National Marathon Swimming Championships and the National Beach Volleyball Grand Slam. In addition, as a title sponsor of the FINA Marathon Swimming World Cup and Diving Series and being the global partner of FINA, the Group sponsored, including but not limited to, the Marathon Swimming World Cup and the diving tournament of FINA World Cup. Meanwhile, the Group also titled sponsorships for "Hosa Cup" Adolescents Swimming Contest, various provincial and city "Hosa Cup" Adolescents Swimming Championships, "Hosa Cup" College Swimming Championships and other sports programs. The Group also sponsored nearly ten provincial swimming teams and all swimming contests of certain provinces. In addition, the Group titled sponsorships for "Hosa Cup" 2016 National Rhythmic Gymnastic Grand Prix, promoting national fitness and creating professional image and strategic value of the brand of Hosa in the field of professional fitness.

The above promotional events received relatively satisfactory response in the market, and the brand influence and professional status of Hosa were also effectively promoted.

2016年,本公司繼續加強對游泳 和健身類專業賽事的贊助支持, 先後贊助了全國游泳冠軍賽、全 國馬拉松游泳冠軍賽、全國沙灘 排球大滿貫賽等賽事,並作為國 際泳聯馬拉松世界盃和跳水系列 賽的冠名贊助商和國際泳聯的全 球合作夥伴,贊助了馬拉松游泳 世界盃、國際泳聯世界盃跳水賽 等賽事。同時冠名「浩沙盃」青少 年游泳大賽、各省市[浩沙盃]青 少年游泳錦標賽、「浩沙盃」大學 生游泳錦標賽等活動。冠名贊助 了近十家省級游泳隊以及部分省 級的全部各類游泳賽事。另外, 冠名「浩沙盃」2016全國藝術體操 大獎賽,推廣全民健身。打造浩 沙品牌在專業健身渠道的專業形 象及戰略價值。

以上各項推廣活動,取得了較好 的市場反響,有效地提升了浩沙 的品牌影響力和專業地位。





(e) Product Research and Development

Equipped with nearly 20 years of experience in indoor sportswear research and development, rich professional knowledge and technological build-up, the Group has established a seasoned research and development team for indoor sports apparel that is familiar with the demand of indoor sportswear in China's consumer market. The Group has created a globalized and professional research and development system formed by domestic and foreign professional cooperating institutions including Hosa International Beijing Design Centre, Hosa International Fujian Technology Centre, French Design Studio, function and prototype expert team from Japan as well as The Asian Fitness Academy, which enabled the Group to continuously enhance its competitive strengths in terms of the professional design, fashion design, functional development and technology of indoor sportswear and thus maintained the market competitive edge of the Group's products. In 2014, Hosa obtained the certification for competition swimwear of FINA, in which Hosa is the only enterprise obtained such certification in the PRC up to now.

(e) 產品研發

本集團有室內運動服飾近20年的 研發經驗,擁有豐富的專業知識 和技術積累,建立了一支瞭解中 國市場消費者室內運動服飾產品 需求的資深室內運動服飾研發團 隊,現已形成包括浩沙國際北京 設計中心、浩沙國際福建技術中 心及法國設計工作室、日本功能 和版型技術專家團隊、亞洲健身 學院等國內外專業合作機構在內 的全球化專業化的研發體系,從 而使本集團在室內運動服飾專業 設計、時尚設計、功能開發和技 術領域持續提升競爭優勢,從而 保證了本集團產品的市場競爭優 勢。2014年,浩沙泳裝通過了國 際泳聯的比賽泳裝認證,是國內 至今唯一通過認證的企業。

(f) Financial Review

Revenue

By operating segments

Revenue of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2016 was RMB1,103.5 million (2015: RMB1,178.0 million), representing a decrease of 6.3% as compared to the revenue for the financial year ended 31 December 2015. The following table sets forth the sources of revenue by operating segments in the Group's operations:

(f) 財務回顧

營業額

按經營分部劃分

本集團截至2016年12月31日止財政年度的營業額為人民幣1,103.5百萬元(2015年:人民幣1,178.0百萬元),較截至2015年12月31日止財政年度的營業額下降6.3%。下表載列本集團按業務經營分部劃分的收入來源:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

2015 2016 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 百分比 人民幣千元 百分比 Domestic sales 國內銷售 Swimwear - Hosa 水運動一浩沙 341,566 31.0 335,472 28.5 Swimwear 水運動 - Water Cube 140,295 12.6 151.994 12.9 一水立方 Fitness wear – Hosa 健身瑜伽一浩沙 441,167 40.0 436,471 37.0 Sports underwear - Hosa 運動內衣一浩沙 98,900 9.0 193,146 16.4 小計 Subtotal 1,021,928 92.6 1,117,083 94.8 Overseas sales 海外銷售 Swimwear - Hosa 81,253 7.4 60,313 5.1 水運動一浩沙 Fitness wear - Hosa 健身瑜伽一浩沙 359 0.0 605 0.1 Subtotal 小計 81,612 7.4 60,918 5.2 Total 總計 1,103,540 100.0 1,178,001 100.0

Domestic sales decreased from RMB1,117.1 million for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 to RMB1,021.9 million for the financial year ended 31 December 2016, representing a decrease of 8.5%. Overseas sales increased from RMB60.9 million for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 to RMB81.6 million for the financial year ended 31 December 2016, representing an increase of 34.0%. Given that the market potential remains relatively large in China, the Group will continue to focus on its sales efforts in the PRC market in the coming years.

國內銷售由截至2015年12月31日止財政年度的人民幣1,117.1百萬元下降至截至2016年12月31日止財政年度的人民幣1,021.9百萬元,減幅為8.5%。海外銷售由截至2015年12月31日止財政年度的人民幣60.9百萬元上升至截至2016年12月31日止財政年度的民幣81.6百萬元,上升34.0%。由於中國市場仍存在較大的市場發展空間,本集團在未來幾年的銷售重點仍將以中國市場為主。

Cost of sales

Cost of sales of the Group primarily consisted of production costs and procurement costs of finished products from external sources. Production costs include raw material costs, labour costs as well as manufacturing overhead incurred in the production of swimwear, fitness wear and sports underwear. The following table sets forth a breakdown of the cost of sales for the Group's products:

銷售成本

本集團的銷售成本主要包括生產 成本及向外部採購成品的成本。 生產成本包括生產水運動、健身 瑜伽及運動內衣產生的原材料成 本、勞工成本及製造費用。下表 載列本集團產品的銷售成本明細:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

				~	
		2016		2015	
		RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
		人民幣千元	百分比	人民幣千元	百分比
Raw materials	原材料	405,712	75.7	436,034	76.0
Labour	勞工	50,297	9.4	54,846	9.6
Manufacturing overhead Procurement costs of	製造費用 成品採購成本	17,213	3.2	18,972	3.3
finished products	从吅外牌从个	62,991	11.7	63,561	11.1
		536,213	100.0	573,413	100.0

Raw material costs primarily refer to the costs of procuring raw materials used in the production of our products, such as fabrics, threads and ancillary clothing materials. For the year ended 31 December 2016, the average purchase price for the Group's key raw materials was RMB53.4 (2015: RMB57.4) per kilogram, which was lower than that for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Certain production and processing procedures of the Group's products, primarily fabric manufacturing, fabric printing and dyeing as well as fabric cutting, sewing and stitching, are outsourced to external contract manufacturers. The Group provides fabric materials to contract manufacturers for processing and pay outsourced processing and service fees. Such outsourced processing and service fees are categorized under the Group's raw material costs. Labour costs consisted of salaries, benefits and other forms of compensation paid to the Group's production staff. Manufacturing overhead mainly includes depreciation of production facilities, costs associated with operating our facilities including electricity, water, maintenance costs, etc.

原材料成本主要指採購生產本集團產品所用的原材料(如面料、線料及配套成衣材料)的成本。截至2016年12月31日止年度,本集團主要原材料的平均採購價為每公斤人民幣53.4元(2015年:人民幣57.4元),低於截至2015年12月31日止年度的有關價格。

The following table sets forth a breakdown of the cost of sales by operating segments:

下表載列按經營分部劃分的銷售 成本明細:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2016		2015	
		RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
		人民幣千元	百分比	人民幣千元	百分比
				.=0.0	
Swimwear – Hosa	水運動-浩沙	198,866	37.0	179,311	31.3
Swimwear – Water Cube	水運動-水立方	83,524	15.6	88,493	15.4
Fitness wear – Hosa	健身瑜伽-浩沙	193,994	36.2	187,372	32.7
Sports underwear – Hosa	運動內衣-浩沙	59,829	11.2	118,237	20.6
		536,213	100.0	573,413	100.0

Gross profit

Gross profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016 was RMB567.3 million (2015: RMB604.6 million), representing a decrease of 6.2% as compared to that of the year ended 31 December 2015. Gross profit margin of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016 was 51.4% (2015: 51.3%).

毛利

本集團截至2016年12月31日止年度的毛利為人民幣567.3百萬元(2015年:人民幣604.6百萬元),較截至2015年12月31日止年度減少6.2%。截至2016年12月31日止年度本集團的毛利率為51.4%(2015年:51.3%)。

The following table sets forth a breakdown of the Group's gross profit from operations and gross profit margin by geographical regions and operating segments:

下表載列按地區及經營分部劃分 的本集團經營所得毛利及毛利率 明細:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2016		2015	
			Gross		Gross
		Gross	Profit	Gross	Profit
		Profit	Margin	Profit	Margin
		毛利	毛利率	毛利	毛利率
		RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
		人民幣千元	百分比	人民幣千元	百分比
Domestic sales	國內銷售				
Swimwear – Hosa	水運動-浩沙	192,186	56.3	188,290	56.1
Swimwear – Water Cube	水運動-水立方	56,771	40.5	63,501	41.8
Fitness wear – Hosa	健身瑜伽-浩沙	247,390	56.1	249,435	57.2
Sports underwear – Hosa	運動內衣-浩沙	39,071	39.5	74,909	38.8
Subtotal	小計	535,418	52.4	576,135	51.6
Overseas sales	海外銷售				
Swimwear – Hosa	水運動-浩沙	31,767	39.1	28,184	46.7
Fitness wear – Hosa	健身瑜伽-浩沙	142	39.6	269	44.4
Subtotal	小計	31,909	39.1	28,453	46.7
Total	總計	567,327	51.4	604,588	51.3

Other revenue

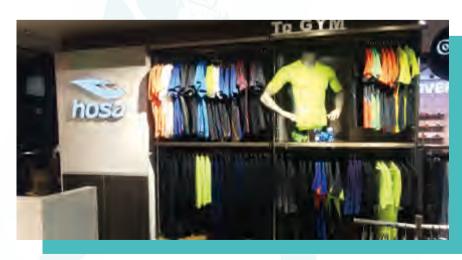
Other revenue of the Group primarily consisted of government grants and interest income from interest-bearing bank deposits. The government grants were provided by provincial or prefectural government authorities in the form of unconditional subsidies as recognition for the Group's contribution to the local economy through the Group's business operation and achievements as one of the core enterprises in the local cluster of enterprises. Other revenue decreased from RMB61.8 million in 2015 to RMB57.9 million in 2016, representing a decrease of 6.4%. Such decrease was mainly due to the decrease in the aggregate amount of government grants, which amounted to RMB12.6 million in 2016 (2015: RMB24.4 million).

Selling and distribution expenses

Selling and distribution expenses consisted primarily of advertising and promotion expenses, remuneration and employee benefits for our sales and marketing personnel, rental expenses, packaging and transportation expenses, depreciation and amortisation expenses of our properties used for sales and marketing activities and other miscellaneous expenses. Advertising and promotion expenses primarily include fees paid for event sponsorship and television, magazine and billboard advertising. Selling and distribution expenses decreased from RMB206.8 million in 2015 to RMB185.7 million in 2016, representing a decrease of 10.2%. Selling and distribution expenses represented approximately 16.8% of the revenue in 2016 (2015: 17.6%).

其他收入

銷售及經銷成本



Administrative and other operating expenses

Administrative and other operating expenses consisted primarily of remuneration and employee benefits for the Group's administrative staff, travel and transportation expenses, general office expenses and other miscellaneous expenses. Administrative and other operating expenses were RMB109.2 million in 2016 (2015: RMB119.2 million). The administrative and other operating expenses to total revenue was 9.9% in 2016, which was lower than 10.1% of the same period of last year.

Finance costs

The Group's finance costs primarily consisted of interest charged to the Group's interest-bearing bank borrowings. Total finance costs increased from RMB1.0 million in 2015 to RMB4.3 million in 2016, representing an increase of 329.8%. As at 31 December 2016, the bank borrowings of the Group amounted to RMB320.6 million (2015: RMB129.7 million).

Profit from operations and dividend

The profit from operations for the year ended 31 December 2016 decreased by 2.5% to RMB331.5 million as compared with RMB339.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. Interim dividend of HK4.2 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB3.6 cents) per share for the first half of the year of 2016 was declared and paid to the Shareholders. For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Board has proposed a final dividend of HK2.3 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB2.1 cents) per share, and with the interim dividend of HK4.2 cents, the total dividend payout ratio for the year was approximately 35%. The above proposed dividends are subject to the approval of the Shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

行政及其他經營開支

行政及其他經營開支主要包括本集團行政員工的薪酬和員工福利、差旅及運輸開支、一般辦政室開支及其他雜項開支。行民內與其他經營開支2016年為人民幣10.2百萬元(2015年:人民幣119.2百萬元)。2016年之行政及其他經營開支與總收入之佔比。9.9%,低於去年同期的10.1%。

財務成本

本集團的財務成本主要包括就本 集團計息銀行借款收取的利息。 總財務成本由2015年的人民幣 1.0百萬元增加至2016年的人民 幣4.3百萬元,增幅為329.8%。 於2016年12月31日,本集團之 銀行借款為人民幣320.6百萬元 (2015:人民幣129.7百萬元)。

來自經營業務的溢利及股息

截至2016年12月31日止年度,來自經營業務的溢利較截至2015年12月31日止年度的人民幣339.9百萬元下降2.5%至人民幣331.5百萬元。本公司向股東宣派2016年度上半年的中期股息每股4.2港仙(相當於約人民幣3.6分)。於截至2016年12月31日止年度,董事會已建議派付末期股息每股2.3港仙(相當於約人民幣2.1分),中期已派息4.2港仙,全年總派息每25%。以上建議派付的股息須待股東於應屆股東周年大會上批准。

Key financial ratios

The following table sets forth certain of the Group's major financial ratios as at 31 December of the year indicated:

主要財務比率

下表載列本集團於所示年度截至 12月31日的若干主要財務比率:

		2016	2015
Current ratio	流動比率	3.98 time 倍	4.51 time 倍
Quick ratio	速動比率	3.61 time 倍	3.95 time 倍
Inventory turnover days	存貨周轉日數	163.1 days ⊟	136.3 days ⊟
Debtors' turnover days	應收賬款周轉日數	99.7 days ⊟	80.2 days ⊟
Creditors' turnover days	應付帳款周轉日數	122.7 days ⊟	110.8 days ⊟
Gearing ratio	負債比率	13.0%	5.9%

Working capital and working capital management

The inventory turnover days of the Group were 163.1 days for the year ended 31 December 2016 as compared to 136.3 days for the year ended 31 December 2015. The inventory turnover days increased by 26.8 days. The Group's debtors' turnover days increased to 99.7 days for the year ended 31 December 2016 as compared to 80.2 days for the year ended 31 December 2015. The Group generally allows credit period ranging from 90 days to 180 days to customers. The Group's creditors' turnover days (including both trade and bills payables) were 122.7 days for the year ended 31 December 2016 as compared to 110.8 days for the year ended 31 December 2015. The overall working capital cycle has increased from 105.7 days to 140.1 days. The overall operation remained at a normal level.

The Group's primary objective of working capital management is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for the Shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost. The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher Shareholders' returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

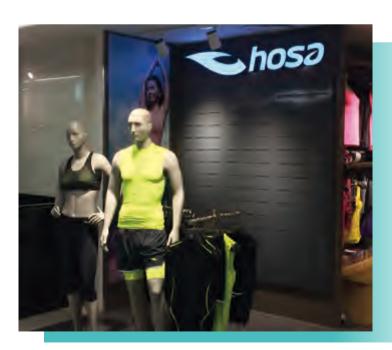
營運資金及營運資金管理

本集團截至2016年12月31日止年 度的存貨周轉日數為163.1日, 而截至2015年12月31日止年度為 136.3日。存貨周轉日數 上升26.8 日。本集團截至2016年12月31日 止年度的應收賬款周轉日數上升 至99.7日,而截至2015年12月31 日止年度為80.2日。本集團一般 允許向客戶提供90日至180日的 信貸期。本集團截至2016年12月 31日止年度的應付帳款周轉日數 (包括貿易應付款項及應付票據) 為122.7日,而截至2015年12月 31日止年度為110.8日。整體營運 資金週期由105.7日增加至140.1 日。整體營運質量仍處於正常水

本集團管理資金的主要目標為, 透過按風險水平給予產品相應定 價並以合理成本取得融資的方式 保障本集團持續經營的能力,以 便本集團可繼續向股東提供回報 及向其他持份者提供利益。本集 團積極定期審閱及管理其資本架 構,在有可能以更高水平借款達 致更高股東回報,與穩健資本狀 況所帶來優勢及保障之間維持平 衡,並根據經濟狀況的變動對資 本架構作出調整。

Liquidity, financial resources and capital structure

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had net current assets of RMB1,760.8 million (2015: RMB1,619.1 million) of which cash and bank deposits were RMB1,709.0 million (2015: RMB1.477.4 million). Total bank borrowings as at 31 December 2016 were RMB320.6 million (2015: RMB129.7 million), while the bills payable were RMB124.1 million (2015: RMB118.9 million). Bank borrowings and bills payable were mainly used for the Group's working capital management, financing the purchases and financing the dividend paid to the shareholders of the Group. The Group's gearing ratio as at 31 December 2016 (total bank borrowings divided by total assets) was 13.0% (2015: 5.9%). The Group's transactions and the monetary assets are principally denominated in Renminbi. The Group did not experience any material difficulties in operations or liquidity as a result of fluctuations in exchange rates during the year. The Group adopts centralised financing and treasury policies in order to ensure the Group's funding is utilised efficiently. Conservative approach is adopted in monitoring foreign exchange exposure and interest rate risk. The Group's liquidity position remains strong and the Group possesses sufficient cash and available banking facilities to meet its commitments and working capital requirements. This strong cash position enables the Group to explore investment and business development opportunities when expanding its market share in China.



流動資金、財務資源及資本架構

截至2016年12月31日,本集團的 流動資產淨值為人民幣1,760.8百 萬元(2015年:人民幣1.619.1百 萬元),其中現金及銀行存款為人 民幣1,709.0百萬元(2015年:人 民幣1,477.4百萬元)。於2016年 12月31日的銀行借款總額為人民 幣320.6百萬元(2015年:人民幣 129.7百萬元),而應付票據為人 民幣124.1百萬元(2015年:人民 幣118.9百萬元)。銀行借款及應 付票據主要用於本集團的營運資 **金管理、為本集團的購買提供資** 金及為支付給本集團股東的股息 提供資金。本集團於2016年12月 31日的負債比率(銀行借款總額除 以資產總值)為13.0%(2015年: 5.9%)。本集團的交易及貨幣資 產主要以人民幣計值。年內,本 集團的業務營運或流動資金並無 因匯率波動而經歷任何重大困 難。本集團採用集中的融資及庫 務政策,以確保本集團的資金獲 得高效利用。在監控外匯風險及 利率風險方面,本集團採用保守 方式。本集團的流動資金狀況仍 然強勁,而本集團擁有充足現金 及可得銀行融資以滿足其承擔及 營運資金需求。有關強勁的現金 狀況令本集團於中國擴充市場份 額時可探索投資及業務發展機會。

Use of Proceeds - Initial Public Offering

The shares of the Company were listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange on 16 December 2011 with net proceeds from the global offering of approximately RMB488.6 million (after deducting underwriting commissions and related expenses). The amounts utilised as at 31 December 2016 are as follows:

所得款項用途一初次公開發售

本公司股份於2011年12月16日在聯交所主板掛牌,是次全球發售所得款項淨額約為人民幣488.6百萬元(扣除包銷佣金及相關費用後)。於2016年12月31日已動用金額如下:

As at 31 December 2016 於2016年12月31日

		Amount			
			of net	Amount	Remaining
	Purposes of net proceeds	Percentage	proceeds	utilised	balance
			所得款項	已動用	
	所得款項淨額用途	百分比	淨額	金額	餘額
			(RMB	(RMB	(RMB
			million) (人民幣	million) (人民幣	million) (人民幣
			百萬元)	百萬元)	百萬元)
	Sec. Crane and A				
1.	Expansion of distribution network 擴展分銷網絡	35%	171.0	171.0	
)	33 70	171.0	171.0	
2.	Enhancement of brand image through				
	marketing and promotion				
	透過市場推廣及宣傳提升品牌形象	25%	122.1	122.1	-
3.	Expansion of production capacity				
	擴充產能	15%	73.3	7.0	66.3
4.	Investment in research, design and				
	development activities	10%	48.9	48.9	
	研究、設計及開發活動的投資	10%	40.9	40.9	_
5.	Development and upgrading of supply chain and				
	information management systems				
	發展及升級供應鏈及信息管理系統	5%	24.4	-	24.4
6.	Funding for working capital and				
	other general corporate purposes				
	為營運資金及其他一般公司用途提供資金	10%	48.9	48.9	
		100%	488.6	397.9	90.7
		100%	400.0	397.9	90.7

The Company does not intend to apply the remaining net proceeds for the purposes other than those disclosed in the prospectus of the Company dated 6 December 2011 (the "Prospectus").

本公司無意按本公司日期為2011 年12月6日的招股章程(「招股章 程」)所披露以外的目的使用餘下 所得款項淨額。

Use of Proceeds - Share Placements

On 17 September 2013, Ho Born Investment Holdings Limited ("Ho Born"), the Company and Goldman Sachs (Asia) L.L.C., as the placing agent, entered into a placing and subscription agreement pursuant to which the placing agent agreed to procure purchasers to subscribe for 54,500,000 existing shares owned by Ho Born to not fewer than six independent placees at the placing price of HK\$2.85 per share, and Ho Born conditionally agreed to subscribe, and the Company agreed to allot and issue to Ho Born for such number of subscription shares which is equivalent to the number of shares actually placed under the placing at the subscription price of HK\$2.85 per share. Details of these transactions are set out in the Company's announcement dated 17 September 2013.

Approximately RMB116.9 million (after deducting underwriting commissions and related expenses) was raised from the subscription. The amounts utilised as of 31 December 2016 are as follows:

所得款項用途一股份配售

於2013年9月17日,浩邦投資控股有限公司(「浩邦」)、本公司(「浩邦」)、本公司(「浩邦」)、本公司(作為配售及亞洲)有限責任公司(作為配售代理)訂立一份配售及認定是同意保证,配售代2.85港元之54,500,000股現有股份及配告,2013年9月17日之公佈。 於2013年9月17日之公佈。

透過認購籌得約人民幣116.9百萬元(經扣除包銷佣金及相關開支後)。於2016年12月31日已動用之金額如下:

As at 31 December 2016

		於2016年12月31日 Amount			
	Purposes of net proceeds	Percentage	of net proceeds 所得款項	Amount utilised 已動用	Remaining balance
	所得款項淨額用途	百分比	淨額 (RMB million) (人民幣 百萬元)	金額 (RMB million) (人民幣 百萬元)	餘額 (RMB million) (人民幣 百萬元)
1.	Enhancement of brand image through marketing and promotion				
	透過市場推廣及宣傳提升品牌形象	30%	35.0	35.0	_
2.	Expansion of production capacity 擴充產能	15%	17.5	-	17.5
3.	Investment in research, design and development activities 研究、設計及開發活動的投資	40%	46.9	46.9	-
4.	Funding for working capital and other general corporate purposes				
	為營運資金及其他一般公司用途提供資金	15%	17.5	17.5	
		100%	116.9	99.4	17.5

The Company does not intend to apply the remaining net proceeds for the purposes other than those disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 17 September 2013.

Apart from the capital raising activity mentioned above, the Company has not conducted any equity fund raising activities in the past 12 months from the date of this announcement.

Capital expenditure and capital commitments

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the capital expenditure amounted to RMB14.5 million. As at 31 December 2016, the capital commitments amounted to RMB14.6 million.

Foreign exchange risk management

Most of the sales and purchases of the Group are settled in Renminbi, which is not freely convertible into foreign currencies. The fluctuations in Renminbi during the year did not have any significant effect on the Group's results. The Group is not exposed to any significant foreign exchange risk. In addition, the Group will conduct periodic review of its exposure to foreign exchange risk.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

(g) Employees and Remuneration Policies

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had a workforce of about 1,300 people. Salaries of employees are maintained at competitive level and are reviewed annually, with close reference to the relevant labour market and economic situation. The Group has adopted share option schemes whereby employees of the Group are granted options to acquire shares in the Company. Good relationship has been maintained between the Group and its employees. The Group also provides internal training to staff and pays out bonuses based on staff performance and profits of the Group.

For details on the Group's employee policies, please refer to Environmental and Social Responsibility Report set out on pages 62 to 72 of this annual report.

本公司無意按本公司日期為2013 年9月17日的公佈所披露以外的目 的使用餘下所得款項淨額。

除上述集資活動外,本公司於本公布日期起計過去12個月並未進行任何股本集資活動。

資本開支及資本承擔

截至2016年12月31日止年度,資本開支達到人民幣14.5百萬元。 於2016年12月31日,資本承擔為 人民幣14.6百萬元。

外匯風險管理

本集團大部分買賣均以人民幣結算,而人民幣不可自由兑換為外幣。人民幣於年內的波動並無對本集團的業績造成任何重大影響。本集團並沒有面臨任何重大的外匯風險。另外,本集團會定期檢討其外匯風險。

或有負債

於2016年12月31日,本集團並無 重大或有負債。

(g) 僱員及薪酬政策

於2016年12月31日,本集團擁有 員工約1,300人。僱員薪金保持 具競爭力水平,並密切參考有年 關於工市場及經濟狀況予以計劃, 主事,本集團僱員獲授予購股權計劃 以本公司股份。本集團與關東 是間保持良好關係。本集團與團 員工提供內部培訓,並根據 表現及本集團利潤支付獎金。

有關本集團僱員政策的詳情,請參考列於本年報62至72頁的環境及社會責任報告。

(h) Relationships with distributors and suppliers

The Group mainly sells its products to distributors, who placed the Group's products to retail outlets for final sales.

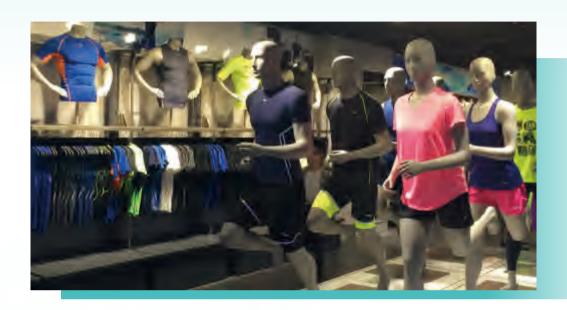
The Group would make on-site visits to distributors to ensure that they comply with the terms of the distribution agreement. It closely monitors the inventory and performance of distributors by requiring them to submit sales reports. The Group also provides distributors with various training and support, provides guidance to distributors on optimizing their product mix and offers them various tools and training in inventory management. In addition, the Group offers frequent training regarding its products, brand image, sales and marketing strategies and company policies, and it supports distributors during their marketing efforts. The Group believes that such support motivates distributors and improves the operational efficiency of the Group's sales and distribution network.

Suppliers of the Group include raw material suppliers and contract manufacturers. The Group has developed solid and steady relationships with many of its key suppliers. Given solid and steady relationships with the suppliers, the Group believes that its suppliers generally provide supplies to the Group with a priority and the Group has not experienced any material shortage or delays in receiving supplies or services from the suppliers during the track record period.

(h) 與分銷商及供應商的關係

本集團主要出售產品予分銷商, 而彼等在零售終端放置本集團的 產品作最終銷售。

本集團的供應商包括原材料供貨商及外包生產商。本集團與其多家主要供應商建立了密切且是穩定的關系。因與供應商有密切且且穩定的關係,本集團相信,本集團供應商一般會優先向本集團供實商收取供應或服務並無經歷任何重大短缺或延誤。



3. Principal Risks and Uncertainties

A number of factors may affect the results and business operations of the Group. Major risks and uncertainties are summarised below.

a. Brand/Reputation Risk

The Company has established and maintained its Hosa brand as an indoor sportswear brand that aims to provide complete satisfaction in the functionality, comfort and style of its products, primarily targeting customers with health consciousness and spending power.

If the Group is unsuccessful in promoting its Hosa brand or fails to maintain its brand position and market perception, consumer acceptance of its Hosa brand may erode, and the Group's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may be materially and adversely affected.

Any negative publicity or disputes relating to the Group's Hosa brand, products, sponsorship activities or management, the loss of any award or accreditation associated with the Group's Hosa brand or products or the use of the "Hosa" trademark or brand name by other businesses could materially and adversely affect the Group's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

3. 主要風險及不確定因素

本集團的業績及業務營運受因素的影響。主要風險及不確定因素概述如下。

a. 品牌/聲譽風險

本公司已創立及持有其浩沙品牌,作為旨在提供本集團產品全面的功能性、舒適和時尚的室內運動服飾品牌,該品牌主要鎖定對健康關注及有購買力的人士為目標客戶。

倘本集團未能成功推廣其浩沙品牌或未能維持其品牌地位及市場觀感,則消費者對本集團浩沙品牌的接受程度或會降低,本集團的業務、財務狀況、經營業績及前景可能受到重大不利影響。

有關本集團浩沙品牌、產品、贊助活動或管理層的任何負面報導或糾紛、失去與本集團的浩沙品牌或產品有關的任何獎項或認證或其他業務所使用的「浩沙」商標或品牌,可能會對本集團的業務、財務狀況、經營業績及前景帶來重大不利影響。

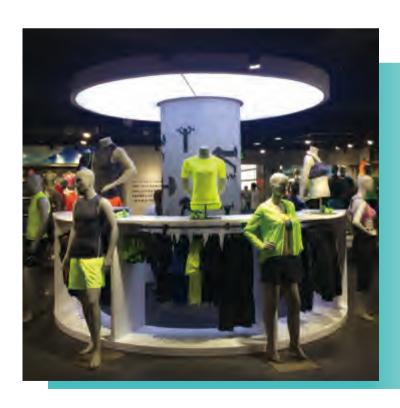
b. Market Trend

The Group's success depends on the market perception and consumer acceptance of Hosa brand and the Group's products, which in large part, rely on the Group's ability to anticipate and respond to different consumer tastes in a timely manner.

If the Group is unable to utilise new technologies and processes, anticipate and respond to market and fashion trends and consumer preferences in a timely manner, demand for Hosa products may decrease. The Group's business would also suffer if product creations or modifications do not respond to the needs of customers, are not appropriately timed with market opportunities or are not effectively brought to market. Any failure by the Group to offer products that respond to changing market and fashion trends and consumer preferences, or any shift in market or fashion trends and consumer preferences away from Hosa brand and the Group's products, could adversely affect consumer interest in the Group's products.

b. 市場趨勢

本集團的成功依賴市場對浩沙品牌及本集團產品的觀感與消費者 對浩沙品牌及本集團產品的接受 程度,這在很大程度上視乎本集 團能否預測不同的消費者品味並 及時作出回應而定。



c. Competition

Currently, the Group's swimwear, fitness wear and sports underwear products face different levels of competition in their respective market sectors. As the indoor sportswear market is ever-evolving and competitors with similar brand positioning may emerge and intensify the current competition, there can be no assurance that the Group will be able to compete effectively against competitors who may have greater financial resources, greater scales of production, superior technology, better brand recognition and a wider, more diverse and established distribution network. To compete effectively and maintain the Group's market share, the Group may be forced to, among other actions, reduce prices, provide more sales incentives to distributors, and increase capital expenditures, which may in turn negatively affect the Group's profit margins, business and financial conditions and results of operations.

d. Operation of Distributors

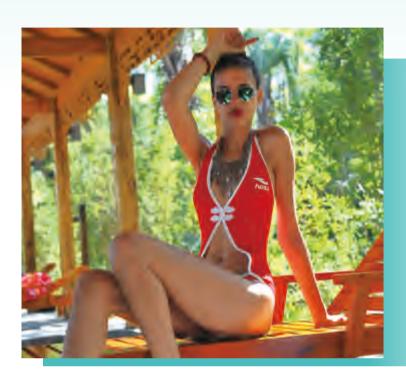
As the Group's term of agreements with distributors is generally 2 years, it is possible that their agreements with the Group will not be renewed on favourable terms or at all. If any of the Group's distributors terminates or does not renew its distribution agreement with the Group, the Group may not be able to replace such distributor with a new and effective distributor with similar business scale in a timely manner, on terms acceptable to the Group, or at all. If any of the distributors ceases its business relationship with the Group, the Group's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects could be materially and adversely affected.



c. 競爭

目前,本集團的水運動、健身瑜 伽及運動內衣產品在其各自的市 場分部面對不同程度的競爭。而 具有相似品牌定位的競爭對手可 能出現並加劇現有競爭,本集團 不能保證可有效地與可能擁有較 多財務資源、較大生產規模、較 先進的技術、較高品牌知名度及 較廣泛、較多元化及較健全經銷 網絡的競爭對手競爭。為提高競 爭效率及維持本集團市場份額, 本集團可能被迫(其中包括)減 價、向經銷商提供更多銷售激勵 及增加資本開支,因而或會為本 集團的利潤率、業務、財務狀況 及經營業績帶來負面影響。

d. 分銷商經營情況



The Group mainly sold products to distributors, who subsequently distributed our products to sub-distributors or sold our products to end-consumers. The Group relies on its distributors to oversee and ensure sub-distributors. The sub-distributors' failure to comply with the Group's policies, such as aggressive discounting of the retail price of the Group's products, could result in the erosion of goodwill, a decrease in the market value of the Group's Hosa brand and an unfavourable public perception about the quality of the Group's products, which in turn could result in a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition, results of operation and prospects.

The Group has no control over distributors or sub-distributors' practice of obtaining retail spaces within department stores. If the Group's distributors fail to secure retail spaces within the department stores on commercially reasonable terms, the Group's distributors may not be able to find alternative locations in areas that offer similar business environments, and the Group's competitors may move into such retail spaces previously occupied by the Group's distributors. As a result, the Group's sales performance may be materially and adversely affected.

本集團主要出售產品予一級經銷商,其 後再由彼等經銷本集團的產品予二將 經銷商或出售本集團的產品予終端門 者,本集團依賴其一級經銷商監督二級 經銷商。如二級經銷商未能遵守本集團 的政策(比如按本集團產品的零售團格 提供大額折扣),可能會導致值下 提供大額折扣),可能會導質值下 提供大額折報。 對本集團產品質量的印象 眾對本集團的業務、財務狀況 可能對本集團的業務、財務狀況 業績及前景構成重大不利影響。

由於本集團對其經銷商百貨商場內取得零售空間的做法並無控制權,倘本集團的經銷商未能以商業上合理的條款取得百貨商場的零售空間,本集團的經銷商未必能於提供類似業務環境的地區找到替代地點,而本集團競爭對手可能會遷至該等之前由本集團經銷商佔用的影響。 受到重大不利影響。

4. Environmental Policies and Performance

The Group's production process is carried out with low emissions and low energy consumption, and it will not produce great amount of pollutants. The Group has been endeavoring to ensure that the production process is in compliance with the relevant environmental rules and regulations. In the past, to the best of our knowledge the Group has not been in breach of any relevant environmental rules and regulations and has not been imposed any relevant penalty. It is expected that the future operational activities of the Group would not be significantly affected by the environmental policies. For details on the Group's environmental policy, please refer to Environmental and Social Responsibility Report set out on pages 62 to 72 of this annual report.

5. Compliance with Laws and Regulations

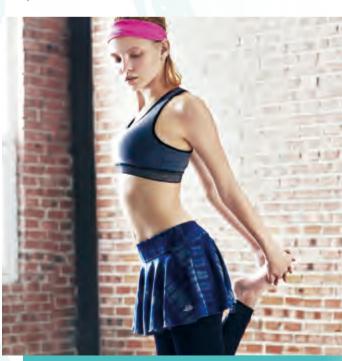
The Group's operations are mainly carried out by the Company's subsidiaries in mainland China while the Company is listed on the Stock Exchange. The Group's operations accordingly shall comply with relevant laws and regulations in mainland China and Hong Kong. During the year ended 31 December 2016 and up to the date of this report, to the best of our knowledge, the Group has complied with all the relevant laws and regulations in mainland China and Hong Kong, and there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

4. 環境政策及表現

本集團的生產過程低排放、低能耗及不會產生大量污染物。本集團一直致力確保生產過程中遵守相關環保規則及法規。盡我們所知,本集團過往並未違反任何相關環保規則及法規,亦未遭受任何相關的處罰,預計本集團未來的經營活動亦不會受到環境政策的重大影響。有關本集團詳細的環境政策,請參考此年報中的列於62頁至72頁的環境及社會責任報告。

5. 遵守法律及法規

本集團的業務主要由本公司於中國內地的附屬公司進行,而本公司於聯交所上市。因此,本集團營運須遵守中國內地及香港的有關法律及法規。截至2016年12月31日止年度及直至本報告日期,盡我們所知,本集團已遵守中國內地及香港的所有有關法律及法規,並沒有出現嚴重違反或未有遵守適用法律及法規的情況。



6 Looking Ahead

Since 2013, the State Council and General Administration of Sports of China have published various opinions relating to sports and health industry which have provided material development opportunities for the development of health services industry and sports services industry. Looking forward, there will still be tremendous room for the growth of the PRC sports and health industry which enters a flourishing stage, and the growth of demand will remain strong. Meanwhile, the construction of stadiums, which was driven by the urbanisation in the PRC, the growing number of consumers pursuing healthy lifestyle, the trend of fitness, the promotion of national fitness and support to health industry from the PRC government and the rising demand of consumers for products and services in terms of personalised need and professionalism have provided the Group with an important opportunity for future development. The Group will maintain its leading position in the existing sportswear business while promoting the implementation and enforcement of strategies with respect to sports and health industry in all aspects.

In view of current situation, the Group and its controlling shareholder will fully utilize the leading position in sports and health products and services with the determination to implement the development strategy for the sports and health industry. The sports and health ecosphere will be continued to be established based on customers' sports and health lifestyle. Centered around sports and health products and big data to develop and consolidate industry resources, the ecosphere links consumers, scenarios and products with the service provider through a mobile sports and health community to cater for the consumers' sports and health lifestyle and provide them with comprehensive services.

In 2017, the Group will focus on the promotion of the following tasks:

- to promote the integration of online and offline sale by establishing "Hosa new retail", and sufficiently expand the opportunity of "Internet+";
- to promote the titled sponsorship cooperation of various sports and fitness events continuously, and enhance the professional image and reputation for the brand;

6 展望未來

從2013年開始,國務院及國家體育總局 發佈了多個關於運動健康產業有關的意 見,為健康服務業和體育服務業的發展 提供了重大的發展機遇。展望未來,中 國運動健康產業進入蓬勃發展的階段, 具有巨大的發展空間,需求增長強勁。 同時,中國城市化進程推進的運動場館 建設、越來越多的消費者追求健康的生 活方式、健身運動日益成為一種時尚、 中國政府對全民健身的推廣和對健康產 業的支持、以及消費者對產品和服務的 專業化、個性化需求的提升,都給本集 團未來的發展提供了重大的發展機遇。 本集團保持現有運動服飾業務領先地位 的同時,將全面推進運動健康產業戰略 的落實和實施。

在此背景下,本集團和控股股東將發揮 在運動健康產品、運動健康服務方面 的領先優勢,堅定運動健康產業發展戰 略,圍繞消費者運動健康生活方式構建 運動健康生態圈,以運動健康產品和大 數據為中心,開發和整合產業資源,以 移動運動健康社區實現消費者、場景 產品、服務提供者的連接,實現對消服 務。

2017年,本集團重點推進以下相關工作:

- 1. 以「浩沙新零售」推動線上線下銷售整合,充分開拓「互聯網+」的機 調;
- 繼續推進各類運動健康活動的冠 命贊助合作,提升品牌的專業度 和美譽度;

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

- to continue to develop new sports and health products, research on, develop and upgrade the smart products and consolidate sports and health products and services to explore new business growth driver based on consumers' needs;
- to promote intelligent products and health APP and continue to perfect product series;
- 5. to actively explore the industry upstream and downstream cooperation, including food and drinks supply, internet/app service, gymnastic stadium, fitness service, etc, to integrate the industry resources by flexible cooperative investment, and develop sports and health industry.

The Group believes that the promotion and implementation of the above measures will tremendously consolidate the competitive edges of the Group in sports and health sectors in the future. Although there might be an impact on the results indicators of the Group in a short term due to the transformation and upgrading, it is considered to be an inevitable stage for the better enhancement of its long-term competitiveness and for the greater room for development of the Group. We believe that the implementation of the Group's sports and health industry strategies will form a foundation for the future development and create a huge room for the future development and growth of the Group as well as greater value and returns to the consumers and Shareholders.

- 根據使用者需求,繼續延伸運動 健康產品,研發、升級智能產 品,整合運動健康產品和服務, 開發新的業務增長點;
- 4. 推廣智能產品及健康APP,並繼續完善產品系列;
- 5. 積極探索產業上下游(包括食品飲品供應、互聯網/APP服務、健身場館、健身服務、等等)的合作,以靈活的合作投資方式整合行業資源,發展運動健康產業。

本集團相信以上各項措施的推進和落實,將在未來極大地強化本集團在運動健康領域的競爭優勢,雖然企業的轉類級在短期的所可能對本集團的對本集團的指是生一定的影響,但為了東團創造更大地提升大會,為大學與一個人。 發展空間,這是企業必須經歷的階級的 發展空間,這是企業必須經歷的階級 我們相信本集團運動健康產業戰略的落 實團未來發展創造巨大的價值和 報。



















FEB 2月

MAR 3月

APR 4月











MAY 5月

























JUN 6月

JUL 7月



















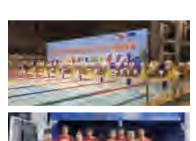




















SEP 9月

OCT 10月













NOV-DEC 11月-12月













Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層

DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible and has general powers for the management and conduct of the business of the Group. The Board currently consists of seven directors (the "Directors", each a "Director"), including four executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. The following table sets forth information regarding members of the Board.

董事

董事會對本集團業務之管理及操作負有責任並 且擁有一般管理職權。董事會目前由七名董事 (「董事」)組成,包括四名執行董事及三名獨立 非執行董事。下表載列有關董事會成員的資 料。

Name 姓名	Appointment Date 委任日期	Age 年齢	Position 職位	Roles and Responsibilities 角色及職責
Mr. Shi Hongliu	2 September 2010	51	chairman and executive Director	corporate strategic planning and overall business development of the Group
施洪流先生	2010年9月2日		董事長及執行董事	本集團的企業策略規劃和整體 業務發展
Mr. Shi Hongyan	2 September 2010	48	vice chairman, chief executive officer and executive Director	developing and implementing operation plans, and monitoring the overall manufacturing activities of the Group
施鴻雁先生	2010年9月2日		副董事長、行政總裁及 執行董事	發展和實施本集團的營運計劃 及監督整體生產活動
Mr. Shi Zhixiong	1 December 2015	43	executive Director	overseeing the production and supply chain management of the Group
施志雄先生	2015年12月1日		執行董事	主管本集團生產及供應鏈管理
Mr. Lui Wai Ming	1 April 2016	46	executive Director and chief finance officer	overseeing the finance and capital market operation of the Group
雷偉銘先生	2016年4月1日		執行董事及首席財務官	主管本集團財務及資本市場運 作

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層

Name 姓名	Appointment DateAgePosition委任日期年齡職位		Roles and Responsibilities 角色及職責		
Ms. Ko Yuk Lan	23 November 2011	55	independent non-executive Director	attending meetings of the Board to perform duties, but not participating in the day- to-day management of the business operations of the Group	
高玉蘭女士	2011年11月23日		獨立非執行董事	出席董事會會議以履行職務, 但不會參與本集團業務營運的 日常管理	
Mr. Yao Ge	7 June 2011	57	independent non-executive Director	attending meetings of the Board to perform duties, but not participating in the day- to-day management of the business operations of the Group	
姚戈先生	2011年6月7日		獨立非執行董事	出席董事會會議以履行職務, 但不會參與本集團業務營運的 日常管理	
Mr. He Wenyi	1 December 2015	44	independent non-executive Director	attending meetings of the Board to perform duties, but not participating in the day- to-day management of the business operations of the Group	
何文義先生	2015年12月1日		獨立非執行董事	出席董事會會議以履行職務, 但不會參與本集團業務營運的 日常管理	

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Shi Hongliu

Aged 51, is the founder of the Hosa brand. He was appointed as the chairman and executive Director on 2 September 2010. Mr. Shi has over 28 years of experience in the apparel industry and is primarily responsible for the corporate strategic planning and overall business development of the Group. From 1983 to 1996, he was a sole proprietor in the apparel industry where he primarily engaged in distributing sportswear for women in Beijing, Shanghai and Guangzhou. From 1996 to 2011, he assumed various positions at Fujian Province Jinjiang City Haosha Garments Co., Ltd. ("Haosha Garments"). From September 1996 to March 2000, he was the chief brand manager of Haosha Garments responsible for formulating, implementing brand strategy and improving the competitiveness of Hosa brand. From March 2000 to March 2006, he was the general manager of Haosha Garments responsible for developing and implementing business development strategies and overseeing the overall administrative and business activities of this company. From March 2006 to February 2011. he was the supervisor of Haosha Garments. Since November 1997, he has been a director of Haosha International (H.K.) Limited ("Haosha H.K.") and is responsible for overlooking the operation, development strategy as well as corporate investment activities of Haosha H.K. Since October 2005, being one of the founders of Haosha Industry (Fujian) Co., Ltd. ("Haosha Industry"), he has been the chairman of the board responsible for overseeing the operation and investment activities of Haosha Industry and general manager since January 2011. Mr. Shi Hongliu is a brother of Mr. Shi Hongyan. Apart from being a Director, Mr. Shi Hongliu had not been a director of any other listed company in the past three years.

Mr. Shi was selected as one of the "Top Ten Meritorious Entrepreneurs" (十大功勳企業家) at China's International Fashion Week by China National Textile and Apparel Council (中國紡織工業協會) in 2007, and "Brand China Person of the Year (Apparel Industry)" (品牌中國(服裝行業)年度人物) by Brand China Industry Alliance (品牌中國產業聯盟) in 2010. He is also the honorary chairman of the Chamber of Commerce of Jinjiang in Shanghai (上海晉江商會名譽會長).

執行董事

施洪流先生

51歲,浩沙品牌的創辦人。他於2010年9月2 日獲委任為董事長及執行董事。施先生在服裝 行業擁有超過28年的經驗,主要負責本集團 的企業策略規劃和整體業務發展。從1983年 至1996年,他是服裝行業的個體經營者,主 要於北京、上海及廣州從事經銷女裝運動服 飾。從1996年至2011年,他於福建省晉江市 浩沙製衣有限公司(「浩沙製衣」)擔任多個職 位。他從1996年9月至2000年3月擔任浩沙製 衣品牌總經理,負責制定和實施品牌戰略及提 升浩沙品牌的競爭力。他從2000年3月至2006 年3月擔任浩沙製衣總經理,負責發展和實施 業務發展策略及主管該公司的整體行政和業務 活動。從2006年3月至2011年2月,他曾任浩 沙製衣的監事。自從1997年11月起,他一直 為浩沙國際(香港)有限公司(「浩沙香港」)的董 事,負責監督浩沙香港的營運、發展戰略以及 公司投資活動。自2005年10月起,作為浩沙 實業(福建)有限公司(「浩沙實業」)的創辦人之 一,他一直擔任董事會主席,負責主管浩沙實 業的營運和投資活動,並自2011年1月起擔任 總經理。施洪流先生為施鴻雁先生的胞兄。除 擔任董事外,施先生過去三年並無擔任任何其 他上市公司的董事職務。

施先生於2007年的中國國際時裝週獲中國紡織工業協會評選為「十大功勳企業家」之一,並於2010年獲品牌中國產業聯盟評選為「品牌中國(服裝行業)年度人物」。他亦為上海晉江商會名譽會長。

Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理層

Mr. Shi completed a diploma program for general managers of enterprises (總經理課程) of China Europe International Business School (中歐國際工商學院) in December 2008.

Mr. Shi Hongliu is responsible for setting up overall future strategies of the group, the financial and operational strategies and managing the overall operations in Fujian Jinjiang and Beijing head office. Mr. Shi is also the ultimate in-charge of the management accounting of the PRC subsidiaries and the treasury functions of the Group.

Mr. Shi Hongyan

Aged 48, was appointed as the vice chairman, chief executive officer and executive Director of the Company on 2 September 2010. Mr. Shi Hongyan has over 20 years of experience in the apparel industry and is primarily responsible for developing and implementing operation plans, and monitoring the overall manufacturing activities of the Group. From 1988 to 1996, he was a sole proprietor in the apparel industry where he primarily engaged in distributing sportswear for women in Beijing, Shanghai and Guangzhou. From 1996 to 2011, he assumed various positions at Haosha Garments. From September 1996 to March 2000, he was the director of Haosha Garments responsible for establishing management systems and overseeing the administrative and business operations. From March 2000 to March 2006, he was the chief production manager responsible for formulating and implementing the production plans and supervising the production process. From March 2006 to February 2011, he was the director and general manager of Haosha Garments. Since October 2005, he has been the vice chairman of the board of Haosha Industry. And from October 2005 to January 2011, he was the general manager of Haosha Industry where he was responsible for implementing production plans and overseeing the production operation. Since January 2011, he has been the vice general manager of Haosha Industry. Mr. Shi Hongyan is a brother of Mr. Shi Hongliu. Apart from being a Director, Mr. Shi Hongyan had not been a director of any other listed company in the past three years.

施先生於2008年12月完成中歐國際工商學院 的總經理課程。

施洪流先生負責制訂集團整體未來策略、融資及營運策略及管理福建晉江及北京總辦公室的整體營運。施先生亦為中國附屬公司會計管理及本集團財資職能的最終負責人。

施鴻雁先生

48歲,於2010年9月2日獲委任為本公司副董 事長、行政總裁及執行董事。施鴻雁先生在 服裝行業擁有超過20年經驗,主要負責發展 及實施本集團的營運計劃以及監督整體生產 活動。從1988年至1996年,他是服裝行業的 個體經營者,主要於北京、上海及廣州從事 經銷女裝運動服飾。從1996年至2011年,他 於浩沙製衣擔任多個職位。他從1996年9月至 2000年3月擔任浩沙製衣董事,負責制定管理 系統及主管行政和業務營運。從2000年3月至 2006年3月,他擔任生產總經理,負責制定和 實施生產計劃及監督生產過程。從2006年3月 至2011年2月,他擔任浩沙製衣的董事及總經 理。自2005年10月起,他一直擔任浩沙實業 的董事會副主席。他從2005年10月至2011年 1月擔任浩沙實業總經理,負責實施生產計劃 及主管生產營運。他自2011年1月起一直擔任 浩沙實業的副總經理。施鴻雁先生為施洪流先 生的胞弟。除擔任董事外,施鴻雁先生過去三 年並無擔任任何其他上市公司的董事職務。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層

Mr. Shi Hongyan currently assumes leadership roles in various institutions, the details of which are set out in tabular format below.

施鴻雁先生目前於多個機構擔任領導職位,詳 情於下表載列。

Terms of Office	Position	Name of Institution	
任期	職位	機構名稱	
August 2004-now	member of the first standing committee	Quanzhou City Trademark Association	
2004年8月至今	首屆常務委員會委員	泉州市商標協會	
September 2005-now	vice chairman of the first council	Jinjiang City Textile and Apparel Association	
2005年9月至今	首屆理事會副會長	晉江市紡織服裝協會	
February 2006-now	vice chairman of the eighth council	Jinjiang City Association of Industry and Commerce	
2006年2月至今	第八屆理事會副會長	晉江市工商聯	
July 2008–now	vice chairman of the second council	Quanzhou City Association of Quality and Technical Supervision	
2008年7月至今	第二屆理事會副會長	泉州市品質技術監督協會	
August 2008–now	vice chairman of the second council	Fujian Province Apparel Industry Association	
2008年8月至今	第二屆理事會副會長	福建省服裝服飾行業協會	
2009-now	member	The Eleventh Jinjiang City Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference	
2009年至今	委員	中國人民政治協商會議第十一屆晉江市委員會	
Enterprising Talents in (elected as one of the First Outstanding You Quanzhou (首屆泉州青年優秀創業人才) in A oung Entrepreneurs of Fujian Province (福建省	il 優秀創業人才之一,並於2006年11月獲選為	

2005 and Outstanding Young Entrepreneurs of Fujian Province (福建省優 秀青年企業家) in November 2006.

施鴻雁先生於2003年完成北京大學經濟學院

Mr. Shi Hongyan completed a diploma program for chief executive officers of enterprises (企業總裁高級研修班) of the Economics College of Peking University (北京大學經濟學院) in 2003.

的企業總裁高級研修班課程。

Mr. Shi Hongyan is mainly responsible for the public relationships of the Group including attending different functions/events. He acts as the spokesman in these event/functions.

施鴻雁先生主要負責本集團的公共關係,包括 出席不同的儀式/活動。彼在此等儀式/活動 中擔任發言人。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層

Mr. Shi Zhixiong

Aged 43, was appointed as the executive Director on 1 December 2015. Mr. Shi Zhixiong worked at the research and development department of Haosha Garments Co., Ltd. which is a fabric, dyeing and printing products manufacturer, from 1996 to 2003 with his last position as manager. Mr. Shi Zhixiong served as the sales director responsible for sales and marketing development and deputy general manager responsible for implementing business development strategies and overseeing the business activities of Haosha Garments Co., Ltd. from 2003 to 2010 and from 2010 to 2015 respectively. Mr. Shi Zhixiong possesses profound knowledge and experiences in production and supply chain management.

Mr. Lui Wai Ming

Aged 46, was appointed as the chief financial officer and executive Director on 7 August 2015 and 1 April 2016 respectively. Mr. Lui Wai Ming holds an Executive Master Degree in Business Administration from Cheung Kong Graduate School of Business in the People's Republic of China. Mr. Lui is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and an associate member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Lui has extensive experience in auditing, accounting, investment, financial and corporate management for over 20 years. Mr. Lui is currently an independent non-executive director of Xiao Nan Guo Restaurants Holdings Limited, a main board listed company in Hong Kong (stock code: 3666). He was an independent nonexecutive director of Tai Shing International (Holdings) Limited, a GEM board listed company in Hong Kong (stock code: 8103) from 22 May 2014 to 29 Jan 2016 and Golden Shield Holdings (Industrial) Limited, a main board listed company in Hong Kong (stock code: 2123) from 12 January 2015 to 11 May 2015, during the period he focused on investigation into the outstanding audit issues and the legal proceedings, and the company is currently under liquidation.

施志雄先生

43歲,於2015年12月1日獲委任為執行董事。施志雄先生於1996年至2003年任職於浩沙製衣有限公司(浩沙製衣有限公司為一家布料及印染產品生產商)研發部,最終擔任主管一職。施志雄先生於2003年至2010年為浩沙製衣有限公司銷售總監負責銷售及市場拓展。而於2010年至2015年施志雄先生則為浩沙製衣有限公司的副總經理,負責執行業務發展戰略及監督業務活動。施志雄先生對生產及供應鏈管理有豐富的知識及經驗。

雷偉銘先生

46歲,於2015年8月7日獲委任為首席財務官 及於2016年4月1日獲委任為執行董事。雷偉 銘先生持有中華人民共和國長江商學院高級管 理人員工商管理碩士學位。雷先生為英國特許 公認會計師公會資深會員及香港會計師公會會 員。雷先生於審計、會計、投資、金融及企業 管理領域擁有超過20年的豐富經驗。雷先生 目前為小南國餐飲控股有限公司(為一間於香 港主板上市的公司,股份代號:3666)的獨立 非執行董事。彼自2014年5月22日至2016年 1 月29日為泰盛國際(控股)有限公司(為一間 於香港創業板上市的公司,股份代號:8103) 的獨立非執行董事;2015年1月12日至2015 年5月11日為金盾控股(實業)有限公司(為一 間於香港主板上市的公司,股份代號:2123) 的獨立非執行董事,於該期間,彼集中調查未 解決審計事宜及法律程序,且該公司現正進行 清盤。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Ko Yuk Lan

Aged 55, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 23 November 2011. She has over 25 years of experience in financial management and corporate finance and had worked in an international accounting firm and other companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. She is currently the chief financial officer and company secretary of China Lilang Limited (中國利郎有限公司) (stock code: 1234). Ms. Ko is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants. Apart from being a Director, Mr. Ko had not been a director of any other listed company in the past three years. Ms. Ko graduated from Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a professional diploma in management accountancy in November 1984.

Mr. Yao Ge

Aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 7 June 2011. After his graduation in September 1994 to late 1994, Mr. Yao was independently exploring the development of Japanese traditional garments and its overall apparel market in Japan. In December 1994, he returned to China and independently explored the Chinese apparel market and industrial textile structure. In October 1996, he started working at the marketing centre of China Fashion Association (中國服裝設計師協會), and was later promoted to the deputy secretary general in December 1999 and the supervisor of the marketing centre in February 2001. He was appointed as the deputy director of China's Professional Fashion Models Committee (中國職業時裝模特委員會) in July 2002. Since May 2003, he has been the chairman of the board of directors of Beijing Oriental Bentley Culture Development Co., Ltd. (北京東方賓利文化發展中心). Apart from being a Director, Mr. Yao had not been a director of any listed company in the past three years.

Mr. Yao received silver award for Tokyo 21st Clothing Fashion Paintings and Crafts Exhibition (東京第21屆服飾流行畫和手工藝展) in 1993 and recognition award for Japanese Apparel Fashion Design Contest (日本服飾流行設計比賽) in 1994.

Mr. Yao received his college diploma in journalism from Shenyang Radio and Television University (瀋陽廣播電視大學) in November 1988 and went to Japan for advanced study in 1990. He completed a two-year Japanese language course at Asahi International School (朝日國際學校) in September 1992 and a two years' advanced study in garment design at Tokyo Shimizu Institute (東京清水學院) in September 1994 and received a certificate in garment design.

獨立非執行董事

高玉蘭女士

55歲,於2011年11月23日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。她於財務管理及企業財務方面擁有逾25年經驗。彼曾於一間國際性會計師事務所及其他於聯交所主板上市的公司工作。彼現為中國利郎有限公司(股份代號:1234)的首席財務官兼公司秘書。高女士為香港會計師公會及英國特許管理會計師公會會員。除擔任董事外,高女士過去三年並無擔任任何其他上市公司的董事職務。高女士於1984年11月畢業於香港理工大學,取得管理會計學專業文憑。

姚戈先生

57歲,於2011年6月7日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。畢業後,姚先生從1994年9月至1994年年底於日本進行日本傳統成衣以及其整體服飾市場發展的獨立考察。1994年12月,他返回中國並進行中國服飾市場及工業紡織架構的獨立考察。他於1996年10月開始在中國服裝設計師協會市場推廣中心任職,其後於1999年12月獲晉升為副秘書長,並於2001年2月獲晉升為市場推廣中心主管。他於2002年7月獲晉升為市場推廣中心主管。他於2002年7月獲委任為中國職業時裝模特委員會副主任。自2003年5月起,他一直為北京東方賓利文化發展中心董事會主席。除擔任董事外,姚先生過去三年並無擔任任何上市公司的董事職務。

姚先生於1993年獲頒東京第21屆服飾流行畫 和手工藝展銀獎,並於1994年獲頒日本服飾 流行設計比賽表彰獎。

姚先生於1988年11月取得瀋陽廣播電視大學新聞系大專文憑,並於1990年赴日本進修。他於1992年9月完成朝日國際學校的兩年日文課程,並於1994年9月完成於東京清水學院的兩年成衣設計進修,取得成衣設計證書。

Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理層

Mr. He Wenyi

Aged 44, was appointed as an independent non-executive director on 1 December 2015. Mr. He Wenyi is the deputy director of the Peking University Institute for Sport Science as well as the executive officer and the researcher of China Institute for Sports Value under the Peking University.

Mr. He Wenyi studied in the Department of Philosophy of Peking University, College of Philosophy and Sociology of Beijing Normal University and School of Public Administration of Central South University. He focused on the researches regarding cultural industries and sports industries in the Peking University Institute for Cultural Industries from 2001 to 2009. He works at the Peking University Institute for Sport Science from 2009 up to now and his major research areas are sports industries, cultural industries, intellectual property rights, philosophy (ethics, religious studies), etc.

Mr. He Wenyi participated in the research and formulation of the reform and development policies of national sports industries and has played a role in the formulation of development plans of winter sports in China. Mr. He was also the associate editor of Annual Report on Development of Sports Industry in China, the associate editor of Development Report of Sports Industry in Beijing, the editorial board member of the Annual Report of Chinese Cultural Industries, the professional assessor of Guiding Fund -2 – for the Development of Sports Industry in Beijing, the professional assessor of Support Fund for Cultural Industries in Beijing. Moreover, he hosted the formulation of 13th Five-Year Plan for Sports Industry in various counties in Beijing.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chiu Ming King was appointed as the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") on 7 August 2015. Mr. Chiu currently serves as the head of Corporate Services of Vistra Corporate Services (HK) Limited. He has over 10 years of experience in the company secretarial field and provides professional services to various listed companies.

Mr Chiu has been an associate member of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries ("HKICS") since 2003 and became a fellow member of the HKICS since September 2015. He has been a member of the Membership Committee and Professional Services Panel of HKICS.

Mr Chiu obtained a bachelor of arts from University of Toronto in Canada in June 1999 and received a master of arts in professional accounting and information systems from City University of Hong Kong in November 2003.

何文義先生

44歲,於2015年12月1日獲委任為本公司獨立 非執行董事。何文義先生為北京大學體育科學 研究所副所長:北京大學中國體育產業研究中 心執行主任:研究員。

何文義先生曾就讀於北京大學哲學系、北京師範大學哲學與社會學院和中南大學公共管理學院。2001年至2009年在北京大學文化產業研究院從事文化產業及體育產業研究工作,2009年至今任職北京大學體育科學研究所,主要研究領域:體育產業、文化產業、知識產權、哲學(倫理學、宗教學)等。

何文義先生曾參與國家體育產業改革發展政策的研究及制定,參與我國冰雪運動發展規劃的制定;是《中國體育產業發展年度報告》副主編,《北京市體育產業發展報告》副主編,《中國一2一文化產業年度報告》編委;北京市體育產業發展引導資金評審專家,北京市文化產業扶持資金評審專家;主持北京市多個區縣的體育產業十三五規劃制定。

公司秘書

趙明璟先生,於2015年8月7日獲委任為本公司之公司秘書(「公司秘書」)。趙先生現時為 Vistra Corporate Services (HK) Limited的公司 服務主管,彼於公司秘書行業擁有逾10年經 驗,並為多間上市公司客戶提供專業服務。

超先生自2003年起一直為英國特許秘書及行政人員公會和香港特許秘書公會(「香港特許秘書公會」)會員,並自2015年9月起成為香港特許秘書公會之資深會員。他現為香港特許秘書公會的會籍委員會及專業服務小組的成員。

趙先生於1999年6月自加拿大多倫多大學取得文學學士學位,並於2003年11月自香港城市大學取得專業會計與資訊系統的文學碩士學位。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Company is committed to the establishment of good corporate governance practices and procedures with a view to being a transparent and responsible organization which is open and accountable to the Shareholders. The Board strives to adhere to the principles of corporate governance set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") and has adopted sound corporate governance practices to meet the legal and commercial standards, focusing on areas such as internal control, fair disclosure and accountability to the Shareholders to ensure the transparency and accountability of all operations of the Company. The Company believes that effective corporate governance is an essential factor to create more value for the Shareholders. The Board will continue to review and improve the corporate governance practices of the Group from time to time to ensure that the Group is led by an effective Board in order to optimise return for the Shareholders.

During the period from 1 January 2016 to 31 December 2016, the Company has complied with the code provisions of the CG Code set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

THE BOARD

The Board consists of seven Directors, comprising four executive Directors, and three independent non-executive Directors. The executive Directors are Mr. Shi Hongliu (Chairman), Mr. Shi Hongvan (Vice Chairman), Mr. Shi Zhixiong and Mr. Lui Wai Ming. The independent nonexecutive Directors are Ms. Ko Yuk Lan, Mr. He Wenyi and Mr. Yao Ge. Among members of the Board, Mr. Shi Hongliu is the elder brother of Mr. Shi Hongyan. Save as disclosed herein, to the best knowledge of the Company, there is no other financial, business or family relationship among the members of the Board. The functions and duties conferred on the Board include convening Shareholders' meetings and reporting on the work of the Board to the Shareholders at Shareholders' meetings as may be required by applicable laws, implementing resolutions passed at Shareholders' meetings, determining the Company's business plans and investment plans, formulating the Company's annual budget and final accounts, formulating the Company's proposals for dividend and bonus distributions as well as exercising other powers, functions and duties as conferred on it by the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles") and applicable laws. The senior management is delegated with the authority and responsibilities by the Board for the day-to-day management and operations of the Group. The Board meets regularly to review the financial and operating performance of the Company, and considers and approves the overall strategies and policies of the Company. The composition of the Board is well-balanced with the Directors having sound industry knowledge, extensive corporate and strategic planning experience and/or expertise relevant to the business of the Group. The executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors bring a variety of experience and expertise to the Company.

本公司致力建立良好的企業管治常規及程序, 冀能成為一家具透明度及負責任的機構,以 就態度向股東負責。董事會致力於遵守載於 交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四守則 業管治守則及企業管治報告(「企業管治治企業管治治院則,並已採納良好的企業管治院則,並已採納良好的企業管治常規,以符合法律及商股東負責等領域,以 內部監控、公平披露及向股東負責等領域,以 確保本公司所有業務的透明度及問責性。多 可相信,有效的企業管治是為股東創造更及改善 值的重要元素。董事會將繼續不時檢討及改善 本集團的企業管治常規,以確保本集團由有效 董事會領導以為股東帶來最大回報。

於2016年1月1日至2016年12月31日期間,本公司已遵守上市規則附錄十四所載列之企業管治守則之守則條文。

董事會

董事會由十名董事組成,包括四名執行董事及 三名獨立非執行董事。執行董事為施洪流先生 (董事長)、施鴻雁先生(副董事長)、施志雄先 生及雷偉銘先生。獨立非執行董事為高玉蘭 女士、何文義先生及姚戈先生。在董事會成員 中,施洪流先生為施鴻雁先生的兄長。除本報 告披露者外,就本公司所知,董事會成員之間 概無其他財務、業務或家庭關係。董事會的職 能及職責包括根據適用法律之可能規定召開股 東大會並於大會上向股東報告董事會的工作, 實施股東大會 上 通過的決議案, 釐定本公司的 業務計劃及投資計劃,制定本公司的年度預算 及決算賬目,制定本公司的股息及花紅分派建 議以及行使本公司的組織章程細則(「細則」)及 適用法律賦予董事會的其他權力、職能及職 責。董事會授予高級管理層授權及責任負責本 集團的日常管理及經營。董事會定期會面,以 檢討本公司的財務及經營表現,並審議及批准 本公司的總體策略及政策。董事會的成員各有 所長,而董事對於本集團所從事業務均具備充 分行業知識、豐富的企業及策略規劃經驗及/ 或專門技術。執行董事及獨立非執行董事為本 公司帶來不同的經驗及專門技術。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence from each of its independent non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Based on the contents of such confirmation, the Company considers that all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent and that they have met the specific independence quidelines as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

All Directors have separate and independent access to the Company's senior management to fulfill their duties and, upon reasonable request, to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense. All Directors also have access to the Company Secretary who is responsible for ensuring that the Board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations, are followed. An agenda and accompanying Board/Board committee papers are distributed to the Directors/Board committee members with reasonable notice in advance of the meetings. Minutes of Board meetings and meetings of Board committees, which records in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board and decisions reached, including any concerns raised by Directors or dissenting views expressed, are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection by Directors.

The Board meets regularly to review the financial and operating performance of the Company, and considers and approves the overall strategies and policies of the Company.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The chairman and chief executive officer of the Company are two distinct and separate positions, which are held by Mr. Shi Hongliu and Mr. Shi Hongyan, respectively, both being executive Directors.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is Mr. Chiu Ming King. Mr. Chiu, who is the head of Corporate Services of Vistra Corporate Services (HK) Limited providing professional services to various listed companies. Although Mr. Chiu is not a full time employee of the Company, he is responsible for advising the Board on governance matters. Details of the biography of Mr. Chiu are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

In compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, during the year ended 31 December 2016, Mr. Chiu received not less than 15 hours of the relevant professional training. The primary contact person of the Company with the Company Secretary is the financial manager of the Company, Mr. Hui Siu Wing.

根據上市規則第3.13條,本公司已從各位獨立 非執行董事接獲年度獨立性確認書。根據有關 確認書的內容,本公司認為,所有獨立非執行 董事均為獨立,且彼等符合上市規則第3.13條 所載有關獨立性的特定指引。

所有董事可個別及獨立地與本公司的高級管理 層接洽以履行彼等的職責,並於提出合理的要求後在適當的情況下尋求獨立專業意見,費用 由本公司支付。所有董事亦可與公司秘書乃 負責確保董事會的程序及 切適用規則和規例獲得遵循。議程及隨附的 事會/董事委員會文件於會議召開前事先給 事會會議及董事委員會會議的記錄乃詳細 事會所考慮的事項及達致的決定,包括董事 所提出的任何事項或發表的反對意見,概由 司秘書存檔,並可供董事查閱。

董事會定期會面,以審閱本公司的財務及經營 表現,並審議及批准本公司的總體策略及政 策。

董事長及行政總裁

本公司的董事長及行政總裁為兩個明確劃分的 不同職位,分別由施洪流先生及施鴻雁先生 (均為執行董事)擔任。

公司秘書

公司秘書為趙明璟先生。趙先生為向多間上市公司客戶提供專業服務的Vistra Corporate Services (HK) Limited的公司服務主管。雖然趙先生並非本公司全職僱員,彼負責向董事會提供管治事宜方面意見。趙先生的履歷載列於本年報的「董事及高級管理層」一節。

為遵守上市規則第3.29條,於截至2016年12 月31日止年度,趙先生已接受不少於15個小時之相關專業培訓。與公司秘書聯絡的主要聯絡人是本公司的財務經理,許少榮先生。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company with terms of three years commencing from 16 December 2014 for Ms. Ko Yuk Lan and Mr. Yao Ge and from 1 December 2015 for Mr. He Wenyi.

In accordance with article 84 of the Articles, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

Pursuant to the CG Code, the Board approved a new board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") in August 2013. The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of diversity of Board members. While all Board appointments will continue to be made on a merit basis, the Company will ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the needs of the Company's business. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, experience (professional or otherwise), skills and knowledge.

BOARD COMMITTEES

As an integral part of sound corporate governance practices, the Board has established the following Board committees to oversee the particular aspects of the Group's affairs. Each of these committees is consisted wholly of or of a majority of independent non-executive Directors.

Audit Committee

The audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") has been established, in compliance with Rules 3.21 and 3.22 of the Listing Rules, with written terms of reference in compliance with Code Provision C.3.3 of the CG Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control system of the Group and to provide advice and comments to the Board. The members meet regularly with the external auditors and the Company's senior management for the review, supervision and discussion of the Company's financial reporting and internal control procedures and ensure that management has discharged its duty to have an effective internal control system. The Audit Committee comprises three members, namely Ms. Ko Yuk Lan, Mr. He Wenyi and Mr. Yao Ge, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors. Ms. Ko Yuk Lan, who has appropriate professional qualifications and experience in accounting matters, was appointed as the chairman of the Audit Committee.

獨立非執行董事

各位獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委聘書, 高玉蘭女士及姚戈先生為自2014年12月16日 開始,而何文義先生為自2015年12月1日開始,為期三年。

根據細則第84條,於每次股東週年大會上,當時三分之一董事(倘數目並非三(3)之倍數,則為最接近之數目,惟不得少於三分之一)須輪值告退,惟各董事均須最少每三年在股東週年大會輪值退任一次。

董事會多元化政策

根據企業管治守則,董事會於2013年8月批准 一項新董事會多元化政策(「董事會多元化政 策」)。本公司明白及深信董事會成員多元化帶 來的裨益。雖然董事會的所有委任將繼續以人 選的優點及長處為選擇基礎,惟本公司將確保 董事會擁有切合本公司業務需要的平衡技能、 經驗及多元化觀點。在挑選人選時將以一系列 不同的準則為基準,其中包括但不限於性別、 年齡、文化及教育背景、經驗(專業或其他方 面)、技術及知識。

董事委員會

作為良好企業管治常規的重要構成部分,董事會已成立以下的董事委員會,以監察本集團特定範疇的事務。各委員會的成員皆由全部或大部分為獨立非執行董事組成。

審計委員會

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Pursuant to the meetings of the Audit Committee on 8 March 2016 and 18 August 2016, the Audit Committee has reviewed the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015 and the six months ended 30 June 2016 respectively, the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, and the selection and appointment of the external auditors. There had been no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee during the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

Remuneration Committee

The remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") has been established, in compliance with Rules 3.25 and 3.26 of the Listing Rules, with written terms of reference in compliance with Code Provision of B.1.2 of the CG Code. The principal responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are to determine the policies in relation to human resources management, to review the compensation strategies, to determine the remuneration packages of senior executives and managers, to approve the terms of the service contract of the executive Directors, to assess the performance of the executive Directors, to recommend and establish annual and long-term performance criteria and targets as well as to review and supervise the implementation of all executive compensation packages and employee benefit plans. Pursuant to its terms of reference, the Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management of the Company. The Board expects the Remuneration Committee to exercise independent judgment and ensures that executive Directors do not participate in the determination of their own remuneration.

Pursuant to the meeting of the Remuneration Committee on 8 March 2016, the Remuneration Committee has reviewed the remuneration policy and structure relating to the Directors and senior management of the Company.

Nomination Committee

The nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") has been established, in compliance with Code Provision A.5.1 of the CG Code, with written terms of reference in compliance with Code Provision of A.5.2 of the CG Code. The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, making recommendation to the Board on selection of candidates for directorships, appointment, reappointment of Directors and Board succession and assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors.

The Nomination Committee will also give consideration to the Board Diversity Policy when identifying suitably qualified candidates to become members of the Board, and the Board will review the Board Diversity Policy on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness.

根據審計委員會分別於2016年3月8日及2016年8月18日舉行的會議,審計委員會已分別審閱本集團截至2015年12月31日止年度及截至2016年6月30日止六個月的合併財務報表、本集團採納的會計原則及常規以及外聘核數師的甄選及委任。截至2016年12月31日止財政年度,董事會與審計委員會之間並無意見分歧。

薪酬委員會

本公司的薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)已按照上市規則第3.25及3.26條成立,並按企業管治時則第B.1.2條守則條文的規定制訂其書面職範圍。薪酬委員會的主要職責為制定人力資管理相關政策;審閱薪酬策略;釐定高級行戶與經理的薪酬待遇;批准執行董事的服務合約的條款;評估執行董事的績效;建議及設合,有行政薪酬方案及員工福利計劃的執行。根其職權範圍,薪酬委員會負責就本公司個別執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬待遇向董事對提供建議。董事會預期薪酬委員會行使獨立判職並確保執行董事並不參與釐定彼等本身的薪酬。

根據薪酬委員會於2016年3月8日舉行的會議,薪酬委員會已審閱有關本公司董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構。

提名委員會

本公司的提名委員會(「提名委員會」)已按照企業管治守則第A.5.1條守則條文成立,並按企業管治守則第A.5.2條守則條文的規定制訂其書面職權範圍。提名委員會負責審視董事會的結構、規模和組成;就甄選董事候選人、委任、重新委任董事及董事會的繼任事宜向董事會提供意見,並評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

提名委員會於物色合適的合資格人選成為董事 會成員時,亦將考慮董事會多元化政策,而董 事會將定期檢討董事會多元化政策以確保其成 效。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

Pursuant to the meeting of the Nomination Committee on 8 March 2016, the Nomination Committee has reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board and assessed independence of the independent non-executive Directors.

根據提名委員會於2016年3月8日舉行的會議,提名委員會已審閱董事會的架構、規模及組成並評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

Risk Management Committee

The risk management committee of the Company (the "Risk Management Committee") was established with written terms of reference in compliance with the relevant requirements of Corporate Governance Code. The principal responsibilities of the Risk Management Committee are to monitor and review the Group's risk management system and risk management policies and procedures and report to the Board of the effectiveness of such system and procedures, and advise the Board on the Group's risk-related matters.

Pursuant to the meeting of the Risk Management Committee on 18 August 2016, the Risk Management Committee has reviewed the risk management system and risk management policies and procedures.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Company's corporate governance function is carried out by the Board pursuant to a set of written terms of reference adopted by the Board in compliance with Code Provision D.3.1 of the CG Code, which include (a) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board; (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management of the Group; (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees of the Group and the Directors; and (e) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

風險管理委員會

本公司的風險管理委員會(「風險管理委員會」) 按照企業管治守則的相關規定而成立,並備有 書面職權範圍。風險管理委員會的主要職責為 監察及檢討本集團風險管理系統及風險管理政 策程序,並向董事會匯報該等系統及程序的有 效性,同時就本集團的風險相關事宜向董事會 提供意見。

根據風險管理委員會於2016年8月18日舉行的 會議,風險管理委員會已審閱本集團風險管理 系統及風險管理政策程序。

企業管治職能

本公司的企業管治職能根據董事會遵照企業管治守則第D.3.1條守則條文採納的一套書面職權範圍由董事會履行,包括(a)制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規,並向董事會提出有關建議;(b)檢討及監察本集團董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展;(c)檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規;(d)制定、檢討及監察適用於本集團員及董事的企業管治方面的操守準則及合規手冊(如有);及(e)檢討本公司遵守企業管治明的情況以及於企業管治報告中的披露。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

NUMBER OF MEETINGS AND DIRECTORS' ATTENDANCE

The individual attendance record of each Director at the meetings of the Board, Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee, Risk Management Committee and general meetings of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2016 is set out below:

會議及董事出席次數

於截至2016年12月31日止年度內,各位董事 出席本公司董事會、審計委員會、薪酬委員 會、提名委員會、風險管理委員會的會議及股 東大會的個人出席記錄載列如下:

	Board Meeting	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee	Risk Management Committee 風險管理	General Meeting
	董事會會議	審計委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	委員會 	股東大會
<i>執行董事</i>						
施洪流先生(董事長)	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1
施鴻雁先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1	0/1
施志雄先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	1/1	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1
雷偉銘先生(於2016年4月1日 獲委任為執任董事及風險 管理委員會成員)	3/3	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1
獨立非執行董事						
高玉蘭女士	4/4	2/2	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
姚 戈先生	3/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	N/A 不適用	0/1
何文義先生	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	N/A 不適用	0/1
	施洪流先生(董事長) 施鴻雁先生 施志雄先生 雷偉銘先生(於2016年4月1日 獲委任為執任董事及風險 管理委員會成員) <i>獨立非執行董事</i> 高玉蘭女士 姚 戈先生	教行董事 施洪流先生(董事長) 4/4 施鴻雁先生 4/4 施志雄先生 4/4 電常銘先生(於2016年4月1日 獲委任為執任董事及風險 管理委員會成員) 3/3 獨立非執行董事 高玉蘭女士 姚 戈先生 4/4	Meeting Committee 董事會會議 審計委員會 執行董事 4/4 N/A 不適用 施鴻雁先生 4/4 N/A 不適用 施志雄先生 4/4 N/A 不適用 雷偉銘先生(於2016年4月1日 獲委任為執任董事及風險 管理委員會成員) 3/3 N/A 不適用 獨立非執行董事 高玉蘭女士 4/4 2/2 姚 戈先生 3/4 2/2	Meeting Committee Committee 董事會議 審計委員會 薪酬委員會 執行董事 4/4 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 施鴻雁先生 4/4 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 施志雄先生 4/4 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 電障銘先生(於2016年4月1日 獲委任為執任董事及風險 管理委員會成員) 3/3 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 獨立非執行董事 高玉蘭女士 4/4 2/2 N/A 不適用 姚 戈先生 3/4 2/2 1/1	Meeting Committee Committee Committee 教行董事 審計委員會 薪酬委員會 提名委員會 教行董事 4/4 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 施鴻雁先生 4/4 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 1/1 施志雄先生 4/4 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 雷偉銘先生(於2016年4月1日 獲委任為執任董事及風險 管理委員會成員) 3/3 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 獨立非執行董事 高玉蘭女士 4/4 2/2 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 姚 戈先生 3/4 2/2 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 姚 戈先生 3/4 2/2 1/1 1/1	Meeting Committee Aller Aller Committee Lase Committee Lase Committee Lase Committee Lase Committee Lase Committee Lase Aller Committee Lase Aller Committee Lase Aller Committee Lase Committee Lase Aller Committee Lase Aller Lase Aller Lase Aller Lase Aller Lase Aller Lase Aller Lase Lase Lase Aller Lase Lase

None of the meetings set out above was attended by any alternate Director.

概無任何替任董事出席上文所載列的會議。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The Directors have been informed of the requirement under Code Provision A.6.5 of the CG Code regarding continuous professional development. According to the records maintained by the Company, the Directors received the following training with an emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of a director of a listed company in compliance with the new requirement of the Corporate Governance Code on continuous professional development during the year ended 31 December 2016:

持續專業發展

董事已獲通知企業管治守則第A.6.5條守則條 文項下有關持續專業發展的規定。根據本公司存置之記錄,於截至2016年12月31日止年 度,現任董事接受以下訓練,尤其遵照企業管 治守則有關持續專業發展方面的新規定,著重 於上市公司的董事的角色、職能及職責:

		Corporate Governance/ Updates on Laws, Rules and Regulations 企業管治/法律、規則及 法規更新 Attend		Management or Other Professional Skills	
Name of Director		Read materials	Seminars/ Briefings 出席 研討會/	Read materials	Seminars/ Briefings 出席 研討會/
董事名稱		閱讀資料 ———	簡報會 	閲讀資料	簡報會
Executive Directors Mr. Shi Hongliu (Chairman of the Board) Mr. Shi Hongyan	<i>執行董事</i> 施洪流先生 施鴻雁先生	✓ ✓	<i>y</i>	✓ ✓	1
Mr. Shi Zhixiong Mr. Lui Wai Ming (appointed as executive Director and a member of Risk Management Committee on 1 April 2016)	施志雄先生 雷偉銘先生(於2016年4月1日 獲委任為執任董事及風險管 理成員)	<i>,</i>	<i>,</i>	<i>,</i>	<i>,</i>
Independent non-executive Directors Ms. Ko Yuk Lan Mr. Yao Ge Mr. He Wenyi	<i>獨立非執行董事</i> 高玉蘭女士 姚 戈先生 何文義先生	✓ ✓ ✓	<i>y y y</i>	<i>J J</i>	<i>y y y</i>

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct for securities transactions by the Directors. Specific enquiries have been made with all Directors and all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2016.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2016 which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group at that date and of the Group's financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended and are properly prepared on the going concern basis in accordance with the applicable statutory requirements and accounting standards.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The Company has appointed KPMG as the auditor of the Company. The fees for the audit and review services provided by the auditors to the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016 amounted to RMB2,702,000.

The statement of the external auditors of the Company concerning their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Company is set out in the "Independent Auditors' Report" on pages 90 to 97 of this annual report.

遵守董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載的上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」) 作為其董事進行證券交易的行為守則。經向全 體董事作出具體查詢,全體董事均確認,彼等 於截至2016年12月31日止年度內一直遵守標 準守則的規定。

董事對合併財務報表的責任

董事知悉彼等編製截至2016年12月31日止財政年度合併財務報表的責任,財務報表真實及公平反映本集團於該日的財務狀況及本集團截至該日期止年度的財務表現及現金流量,並根據適用的法定規定及會計準則按持續經營基準妥為編製。

核數師酬金

本公司已委任畢馬威會計師事務所作為本公司的核數師。截至2016年12月31日止年度,就核數師向本集團提供的審計及審閱服務支付之費用為人民幣2,702,000元。

本公司外聘核數師有關其對本公司合併財務報表的申報責任的聲明載列於本年報第90至97 頁內的「獨立核數師報告」。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems of the Group. These systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. Internal control and risk management systems are reviewed annually to ensure its continuous effectiveness. The Company has established written policies and procedures applicable to all operating units to ensure the effectiveness of internal controls and risk management. The Group constantly allocates resources to internal control and risk management systems, reasonably (but not absolutely) guarantees that no material misstatement or loss will be incurred, and manages (but not eliminates) the risks of failing to achieve business objectives. The Group has in place a risk management framework which has the following five components: risk identification, risk assessment, risk treatment, reporting and monitoring. This framework is subject to continuous improvement and was in place throughout 2016 and up to the date of this report. The key risks of the Group are summarized in the paragraph headed "Principal Risks and Uncertainties" in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 12 to 36 of this Annual Report. The day-to-day operation is entrusted to the individual department, which is accountable for its own conduct and performance, and is required to strictly adhere to the policies set by the Board.

The Company has established internal audit function and regularly carries out reviews on the effectiveness of the internal control in order to ensure that they are able to meet and deal with the dynamic and ever changing business environment.

During the year under review, the Board has conducted a review and assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control systems including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management. Such review and assessment covered the financial, compliance and operational controls as well as risk management mechanisms. The Board believes that the existing risk management and internal control system is adequate and effective.

The Company has adopted an Inside Information Policy and provided trainings to employees and directors related to inside information in order to ensure the company is compliance with regulatory requirements.

內部監控及風險管理

董事會確認其對本集團風險管理及內部監控系 統有效性之責任。該等系統旨在管理而非消除 未能達成業務目標的風險,並且只能就不會有 重大的失實陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對的 保證。內部監控和風險管理系統會每年檢視, 以確保其持續有效性。本公司已制定適用於所 有營運單位的書面政策及程序,確保內部監控 及風險管理的效率。同時,本集團持續分配資 源予內部監控及風險管理系統,合理(而非絕 對)地保證不會出現嚴重的誤報或損失,並管 理(而非消除)未能達到業務目標的風險。本集 團已建立風險管理框架,包括以下五個組成部 分: 風險識別, 風險評估, 風險處理, 報告和 監測。此框架不斷得到改進,並在2016年至 本報告日期期間執行。本集團的主要風險於本 年度報告第12至36頁所載的管理層討論及分 析中的[主要風險及不確定性|概述。日常營運 則委託個別部門,其對本身部門的行為及績效 負責任,並須嚴格遵守董事會制定的政策。

本公司有設立內部審核功能並定期對內部監控 的有效性進行審閱,確保其能夠符合及應對靈 活多變的經營環境。

於回顧年度內,董事會已對本公司的內部監控系統的效率進行檢討及評估,包括財務、營運及合規控制及風險管理。該檢討及評估涵蓋財務、合規、營運監控以及風險管理機制,董事會相信,現有的風險管理及內部監控系統乃足夠及充分有效。

本公司已制定內幕消息政策,並為董事及僱員 提供相關的培訓,以確保本公司遵守相關的監 管規定。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

How Shareholders can convene an extraordinary general meeting and putting forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings

Pursuant to the Articles, any one or more Shareholder holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the secretary of the Company by mail at Unit 1902, 19/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Procedures by which enquiries may be put to the Board

Shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by addressing them to the secretary of the Company by mail at Unit 1902, 19/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong or by email at hosa@wsfg.hk. The Company Secretary forwards communications relating to matters within the Board's direct responsibilities to the Board and communications relating to ordinary business matters, such as suggestions, inquiries and customer complaints, to the chief executive officer of the Company.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENT

There has been no change in the Company's constitutional documents during the year ended 31 December 2016.

股東權利

股東召開股東特別大會以及在股東大會上提出 建議的方式

股東可向董事會提出查詢的程序

組織章程文件

截至2016年12月31日止年度,本公司的組織章程文件概無變動。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board recognises the importance of maintaining a clear, timely and effective communication with the Shareholders and investors of the Company. The Board also recognises that effective communication with its investors is critical in establishing investor confidence and to attract new investors. Therefore, the Group is committed to maintaining a high degree of transparency to ensure the investors of the Company and the Shareholders will receive accurate, clear, comprehensive and timely information of the Group through the publication of annual reports, interim reports, announcements and circulars. The Company also publishes all corporate communications on the Company's website at www.hosa. cn. The Board maintains regular dialogues with institutional investors and analysts from time to time to keep them informed of the Group's strategy, operations, management and plans. The chairman of the Board and members of various Board committees will attend the annual general meeting of the Company to answer questions raised by the Shareholders. The resolution of every important proposal will be proposed at general meetings separately.

Voting at general meetings of the Company is conducted by way of poll in accordance with the Listing Rules. The poll results will be announced at general meetings and published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. In addition, the Company regularly meets with institutional investors, financial analysts and financial media, and promptly releases information related to any significant progress of the Company, so as to promote the development of the Company through mutual and efficient communications.

與股東的溝通

本公司股東大會上的表決將根據上市規則以投票表決形式進行。投票的結果將於股東大會上宣佈,並將分別在聯交所及本公司的網站上公佈。此外,本公司會定期與機構投資者、財務分析師及金融媒體會晤,並即時發佈有關本公司任何重大進程的資料,從而透過雙向及高效的溝通促進本公司的發展。

PROLOGUE

This is the first environmental and social responsibility report of Hosa International Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"), which is disclosed with reference to the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide provided by Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Unless otherwise stated, this report covers relevant policies on two major areas, namely environmental responsibility and social responsibility, of the Group and its brands, factories and offices for the period commencing from 1 January 2016 to 31 December 2016 (collectively, the "Year").

The Group, as a corporate citizen, understands that it shall take responsibilities to each stakeholder, including staff, suppliers, clients, investors, and natural environment. The Group has all along made great efforts to perform its responsibilities, and it hopes to fulfill its social responsibilities as a corporate citizen while carrying out business development, by implementing policies in relation to the protection of natural environment and the promotion of social development on one hand and considering the interests of each stakeholder on the other hand. The Group reviews itself constantly and would like to perform better in areas of caring for stakeholders and environmental protection. We are pleased to hear from you, please email us at hosa@wsfg.hk for any suggestions to our policies on environmental and social responsibility.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

The Group attaches great importance to environmental protection, and has implemented green and low-carbon production method, controlled emission volume and waste, reduced consumption of resources and proactively carried out environmental protection works through various measures, which include improving waste recycling system, installing modern production equipment with energy conservation, and encouraging staff on energy conservation and waste reduction. The Group has also stringently complied with the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, the Energy Conservation Law of the People's Republic of China and other relevant regulations.

前言

本報告為浩沙國際有限公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)的首份環境及社會責任報告,本報告是參考香港聯合交易所有限公司之上市規則附錄27規定「環境、社會及管治報告指引」所披露。除另有説明外,本報告書涵蓋本集團及旗下的品牌、工廠及辦公室於2016年1月1日起至2016年12月31日止(統稱「本年度」)就環境及社會責任兩個主要範疇之相關政策。

作為企業公民,本集團明白需要對各持份者負責任,包括員工、供應商、客戶、投資者、自然環境等等。本集團一直克盡己任,希望能在業務發展的同時,可以盡上企業公民的責任,一方面落實保護自然環境及推進社區發展的聚,另一方面照顧各持份者的利益。本集團時刻檢討,希望在照顧持份者及保護環境的範疇做得更好,我們樂意聽取閣下的意見,如閣下對本集團的環境及社會責任政策有任何建議,請電郵至hosa@wsfg.hk。

保護環境

本集團非常重視環境保護,透過完善廢料回收制度、安裝現代化的節能生產設備、鼓勵員工節能及減少浪費等措施,實施綠色低碳生產方法,控制排放量和廢棄物,降低資源消耗。本集團積極落實環保工作,並嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國節約能源法》以及其他相關法規。

The Group procured its fabric and dyeing and printing services from third party suppliers, and the production process of which only involves simple processing operation, such as cutting and sewing, and only produces small amount of waste water and harmless waste, such as wastepaper, packaging materials, remnants and plastic materials, rather than producing harmful waste gas directly. The Group has a strict system to deal with waste water and solid waste, and we have implemented the following policies for the Year, including but not limited to:

- Conducting sample safety inspection on waste water produced in the office and during the production and operation process. It will suspend the emission and follow up the issue in a timely manner when there is an excessive concentration of waste water;
- Classifying wastes produced during the production process instead
 of discarding directly. Recyclable waste will be reused after
 processing, whereas those cannot be recycled will be stored and
 sold to waste buyers regularly;
- Reducing pollutants produced in the daily life of staff, such as installing underground smog emission system at the canteen, which helps reducing the effect of oil fumes produced in the process of cooking on nearby residents and staff to the minimal level, setting garbage classification bins inside the factories to divide garbage into recyclable and non-recyclable, and providing free food waste from the canteen to farmers for recycling, etc..

The Group is always promoting energy conservation, and hopes to decrease the cost of production while protecting the environment. During the Year, we have implemented the following policies on energy conservation, including but not limited to:

- Encouraging staff to save power and water, and fulfilling environmental responsibility by individuals, such as requesting staff to switch off power consuming equipment instantly during off-hours, including lightings, air-conditioners and computers. A detailed record of mileage and fuel consumption of official business vehicles will be included in the performance assessment of relevant departments for regular reporting and analysis;
- Regularly checking water equipment, replacing and repairing damaged water supply and emission systems in a timely manner, and installing water-saving faucets;
- Choosing with preference to use energy-saving equipment with low power consumption, which includes installing energy-saving LED lighting systems, putting resources in installing heat pump water heaters with energy conservation and environmental protection to provide hot water for production purposes, etc.;
- Using recycled paper packaging as possible on the packaging design for products to reduce plastic packaging as far as possible.

本集團的布料及染印服務均採購自第三方供應商,生產過程只涉及簡單的加工程序,如剪裁及車縫,並不會直接產生有害廢氣,只會產生少量的污水及無害廢棄物,如廢紙、包裝物、邊角料、塑膠材料等等。對於污水及廢棄物本集團有嚴格的制度處理,於本年度,我們實行了包括但不限於以下的政策:

- 對於辦公與生產經營過程中產生的污水,本集團會進行安全性抽查,如發現污水的濃度過高,會即時停止排放及進行處理;
- 生產過程中產生的廢料,不會直接丢棄,而是先分類整理,可循環再用的廢料經處理後會重新再用,而不可循環再用的則會儲存起來並定期銷售給廢料收購方;
- 減低員工日常生活所產生的污染物,例如於食堂安裝地下排煙系統,將烹煮過程中產生的油煙對附近居民及員工的影響減至最低、工廠內設置分類垃圾桶,將可回收及不可回收的垃圾分類處理、食堂廚餘免費提供給養殖戶回收,等等。

本集團一直以來都提倡節約能源,希望在保護 環境的同時亦能降低生產成本。於本年度,我 們實行了包括但不限於以下的節能政策:

- 鼓勵員工節約用電及用水,並將環保責任落實到個人,例如規定員工下班要及時關閉照明電源、空調、電腦等耗電設備,詳細記錄公務車輛行駛里數和油耗支出,列入相關部門的業績考核,定期匯報和分析,等等;
- 定期檢查水源設備,及時更換維修損壞的供水及排水系統,並安裝更省水的水 龍頭;
- 優先選擇採用耗電量較低的節能型設備設施,包括安裝更節能的LED照明系統、投入資源安裝更節能環保的空氣能熱水器以提供生產用的熱水、等等;
- 在產品包裝設計上儘可能使用可循環再用的紙質包裝物,儘量減少塑膠製品包裝物。

Employee and Working Environment

Regarding employees as valuable assets, the Group has been striving to create a safe and healthy working environment for employees over these years, and to retain talents through improving the training system and providing competitive remuneration and welfare.

There are three major principles for the Group to recruit and promote staff, namely transparent positions, equal assessment and fair evaluation. All applicants shall have an opportunity on equal assessment, and the Group will conduct appraisal on such applicants based on interview performance, academic background, work experience, etc.. The same practice of equality without discrimination as well as the same remuneration basis will be adopted for staff of a different gender and race.

The Group pays attention to the work-life balance of staff. A number of staff activities have been held for our staff during the Year, such as choral competition, mid-autumn evening party, lunar new year dinner, etc., creating a healthy working environment with delightful atmosphere, which helps enhancing their sense of belonging to the Group. The Group also sets standard working hours by taking into consideration the position and department the employee belongs to, and prohibits its staff from working excessive overtime for specified hours, unless permission is given by the department head. All staff shall be entitled to a particular number of days of annual leave no less than such as required by the laws depending on their positions, departments and working years.

The Group has optimized mature system for remuneration management with reference to remuneration rates in the industry so as to offer our staff with equal and fair remuneration, thereby motivating them effectively. Apart from basic wages, our staff will also receive a year-end bonus as well as various welfare, such as holiday fee, marriage gifts, and allowance for dispatched labour, according to working performance. In addition, the Group strictly requires that all salaries for staff shall be paid on time every month, and makes contribution to insurance and retirement pension schemes for its staff of an amount no less than that as required by local laws.

僱員及工作環境

本集團視員工為寶貴的資產,多年來致力於為 員工營造安全和健康的工作環境,並通過完善 的培訓制度及提供具競爭力的薪酬及福利,以 留住人才。

本集團招聘及晉升員工有三個大原則:崗位公開,考核公平,評價公正。所有求職者均可獲公平的考核過程,本集團會根據求職者的面試表現、學歷、工作經驗,等等作考核。對不同性別及種族員工均以平等和不歧視為評核的原則,並且採用相同的薪酬基準。

本集團重視員工在工作與生活之間的平衡,本年度舉辦多個員工活動,如:合唱比賽、中秋晚會、春節晚會等等,營造健康及氣氛良好的工作環境,增強員工對本集團的歸屬感。本集團亦按員工的職位及所屬部門設立標準工時,並且除非在得到部門負責人許可下,禁止員工加班超過特定時數。所有員工均可根據其職位、部門及在職年數獲得不低於法例要求的年假日數。

本集團有完善的〈薪酬管理制度〉,並會參考行業的薪酬水平,令員工能得到公平及公正的待遇,以有效地激勵員工。員工除了會得到基本工資,還會根據其工作表現得到年終獎金,以及不同的福利,例如:過節費,婚禮金,駐外津貼,等等。本集團亦嚴格地規定所有員工的薪金必定每月按時發放,並會根據當地法律為員工支付不低於法律要求的保險及退休金。

In order to prevent unreasonable dismissal, the Group has an optimized system for resignation management, which stipulates that all dismissal shall be proposed with sufficient ground. Department heads shall communicate with the department of human resources and the department will make suggestions on the dismissal based on the situation of the employee concerned, which shall be subject to the final approval of the management. The department of human resources shall liaise with the employee concerned not only to get well-prepared for the leaving of the employee but also ensuring equal treatment for such employee and to relieve the negative emotion of the employee.

為防止無理解僱,本集團有完善的〈離職管理制度〉,規定所有解僱的個案需要充分的理據,部門負責人需要與人力資源部溝通,並由人力資源部根據員工情況做出解僱建議,最後由管理層審批。人力資源部亦必須與離職員工約見面談,除了為員工做好離職準備,確保他們得到公平的對待,亦需要安撫員工的情緒。

Health and Safety

The Group strives to provide a healthy and safe working environment for its staff, and stringently complies with relevant regulations on staff safety and fire safety. During the Year, we have implemented the following measures to protect staff safety, including but not limited to:

- Promoting escape precaution and conducting drills against typhoon, fire and earthquake hazards regularly
- Operating a self-owned canteen and setting up a safety committee to conduct routine inspection in respect of the hygiene and food safety of the canteen to ensure food security
- Providing regular trainings and lectures regarding safety issue for employees
- Organizing the measure of 24-hour security by the administration department by arranging patrol duty within areas with potential safety hazard regularly
- Distributing protective appliances, including masks, head covers and wired gloves, to staff that participate in fabric inspection, warehousing, cutting and other production processes
- Installing fire facilities and emergency lighting systems in factories

健康與安全

本集團致力為員工提供健康及安全的工作環境,並且嚴格遵守相關的員工安全及消防條例。於本年度,我們實行了包括但不限於以下保障員工安全的措施:

- 定期進行颱風、火患、地震逃生防範宣 傳及演練
- 本集團自營食堂,並成立食堂安全委員會對食堂衛生、食品安全等例行抽查, 確保食物安全
- 定期為員工提供安全相關的培訓及講座
- 公司行政部組織保安24小時定期對各安全隱患區域進行巡邏檢查
- 對布料檢測、倉庫、裁剪等生產環節員工配備口罩、頭罩、鋼絲手套等防護用具
- 於工廠安裝消防設施及緊急照明系統

Employee Development and Training

In order to improve the knowledge and skills of staff, the Group has established a sound training system and a training department specifically responsible for training. In order for new recruits to understand the profile, rules and regulations, corporate culture and the overall operation of the enterprise, new recruits will receive different training courses based on their positions and departments. The Group will also provide regular training courses for all existing staff to consolidate and update their knowledge and skills.

Other than imparting knowledge to the staff, training courses will also include assessment and internship stages, and provide targeted recommendations to staff based on the assessment results in order to consolidate their future development. The Group also invests in resources to develop an online training platform called Ho Xue Network College to let all staff participate in training through mobile phones and computers at anytime, in anywhere, thereby greatly enhancing the convenience, and the staff will be more interested in training through a lively and interesting way of learning.

In addition, the Group has established a "new staff training mentor program". We will appoint senior staff as the mentor of new recruits. In addition to providing guidance to the new staff on work methods and skills, answering their problems encountered, the senior staff will also set good examples to guide the new staff in respect of the corporate culture so as to integrate the new staff into the Company as soon as possible.

Labor Standards

The Group strictly complies with the PRC and Hong Kong labor laws and is prohibited from employing child labor, forced or compulsory labor. The employment of all staff of the Group was conducted in accordance with local labor laws during the year.

Supply Chain Management

The Group is committed to protecting the environment and avoiding any negative impact on the society. To ensure the health and safety of the raw materials provided by the suppliers, the Group has established a Supplier Management System and strictly abides by it.

僱員發展及培訓

為提高員工的知識及技能,本集團有完善的培訓制度,並有專職負責培訓的培訓部門。為使新入職員工了解企業的概況、規章制度、企業文化和企業的整體運作,新入職的員工都會按其職位及部門得到不同的入職培訓課程。本集團亦會為所有現有員工定期提供培訓課程,以鞏固及更新他們的知識和技能。

培訓課程除了教授員工知識外,還會包含評核及實習環節,並根據評核結果為員工提出針對性的建議,以鞏固他們將來的發展。本集團亦投入資源開發名為〈浩學網路學院〉的網上培訓平台,令所有員工都可以通過手機及電腦隨時隨地參與培訓,除了大大提升便利性外,亦透過生動有趣的學習方式令員工對培訓更感興趣。

此外,本集團設有〈新員工培訓導師計劃〉,我們會委派資深的員工作新入職員工的導師,導師除了對新員工進行工作方法、技能的指導、解答其遇到的疑難問題外,亦會以身作則,對新員工進行企業文化的引導,使新員工儘快融入公司。

勞工準則

本集團嚴格遵守中國及香港勞工法律,嚴禁僱 用童工、強迫或強制勞工。於本年度,本集團 所有員工的聘用均根據當地勞工法律而進行。

供應鏈管理

本集團一直以來盡力保護環境及避免對社會造成任何負面影響,為確保供應商提供的原材料健康及安全,本集團建立了一套〈供應商管理制度〉,並嚴格遵守。

The Group will conduct an on-site evaluation on suppliers in accordance with the Supplier Management System and engage professional testing organizations for the testing of products from suppliers. The Group will review suppliers on the basis of, including but not limited to, the followings:

現場評審及聘任專業的檢測機構為供應商的產品作檢測,本集團會以包括但不限於以下的基準評審供應商:

本集團會根據〈供應商管理制度〉對供應商作出

- review whether the production procedures of suppliers are in compliance with local laws and regulations, industry norms and product safety requirements;
- review whether the suppliers have made every effort to protect the environment and provide safe working environment for their staff;
- review whether the product quality, production equipment and price, etc. of the suppliers, is in line with the requirements of the Group.

In the event that the Group finds that the suppliers have violated the laws, damage the environment or fail to provide safe working environment for the staff, the Group will give a warning or even cease the partnership.

Product Responsibility

The Group is committed to providing customers with quality products. We have a legal department for registration and management of our trademarks and intellectual property rights. If any trademark infringement of the Group is found in the market, then the legal department will require the other party to remove the infringement products from the shelves and take legal actions to protect consumers. The Group will also take the initiative to visit distributors to collect feedbacks and recommendations on the quality of the products, prepare written reports on the recommendations and feedbacks collected and carry out discussion and improvement on the products.

To ensure that the products bought by consumers are healthy and safe, the Group has a strict quality inspection system from selection of suppliers, design and development to the production process to make sure the products meet the safety standards issued by China General Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and Quarantine (國家質量監督檢驗檢疫總局), Standardisation Administration of the People's Republic of China (中國國家標準化管理委員會) and other relevant regulatory authorities. In the event that any defects or safety problems are found in the products, the products will be recalled or remedied according to the Return and Replacement Process of Defective Products.

The Group understands that consumers attach great importance to personal privacy. Being a responsible social citizen, the Group is committed to protecting the personal information of consumers. The Group has formulated a comprehensive information security policy, and has strictly required the staff to comply with the policies on collection, usage, storage and disposal of consumers' information.

- 評審供應商的生產程序是否符合當地法 律法規、行業規範及產品安全的要求;
- 2. 評審供應商有否盡力保護環境及為員工 提供安全的工作環境;
- 3. 評審供應商的產品質量、生產設備、價格等等,是否符合本集團的要求。

如本集團發現供應商有違規違法、破壞環境或 未能為員工提供安全的工作環境的情況,本集 團會對其提出警告甚至中止合作關係。

產品責任

本集團致力於為客戶提供優質的產品。我們有 法務部門為旗下商標及智慧財產權進行註冊及 管理,如發現市場上有任何對本集團商標侵權 的情況,定必要求對方下架及採取法律行動以 保障消費者。本集團亦會主動訪問分銷商,以 收集分銷商對產品品質的回饋意見和建議,對 收集到的建議和意見做成書面報告,並進行研 討及改進。

為確保消費者購買的都是健康安全的產品,本集團從選擇供應商,設計開發,到生產過程都有嚴格的品質檢定系統以確保產品符合國家質量監督檢驗檢疫總局、中國國家標準化管理委員會或其他相關監管機構所發佈的安全標準。如發現產品有任何的缺失或安全問題,會根據〈殘次品退換貨流程〉召回產品或進行補救措施。

本集團明白消費者十分重視個人私隱,作為負責任的社會公民,本集團致力於保障致力保護消費者的個人資料。本集團已制定全面的資料保障政策,並且嚴格要求員工遵守有關消費者的資料收集、使用、儲存及處理的政策。

Anti-corruption

The Group prohibits any form of corruption, bribery or fraud. The Group has a clear Anti-corruption Code, and encourages the staff to report any cases suspecting violation of the Anti-corruption Code. If anyone who has been found to violate such code, he shall be subject to disciplinary action. There are no any confirmed corruption incidents of the Group during the Year.

COMMUNITY INVESTMENT

The Group has been concerned about the needs of the community while developing its business, and has actively developed resources to benefit the community and the public to fulfill the responsibility of corporate citizenship for years. The Group organized a number of sports and health activities which were open to the public, sponsored and supported hundreds of tournaments such as National Swimming Tournament, National Aerobics Tournament and other swimming, aerobics, running, fitness events.

Election of Wuhan Health Ambassador

In order to enhance the health awareness of the public, pay attention to health, and participate in sports, the Group promoted the election of Wuhan health ambassador with Leshi in Wuhan in January 2016. The election was held in the city station in Wuhan, and the public was invited to participate in the experience of smart sports, carry out review and election in sports, and promote healthy culture and health concept through interaction, performance, awards and other sections. The local public actively participated in the activity in Wuhan, and a number of media were concerned about and reported on the events, spread and promoted the stylish and healthy urban lifestyle.

反貪污

本集團嚴禁任何形式的貪污、行賄或詐騙行為。本集團有明確的〈反貪污守則〉,並鼓勵員工學報任何涉嫌違反〈反貪污守則〉的個案,如被證實違反該守則者,必須接受紀律處分。本集團於本年度無發生任何已經證實的貪污事件。

社區投資

多年來,本集團在發展業務的同時,亦關注社區的需要,積極投入資源惠澤社區與民眾,盡企業公民的責任。於本年度,本集團舉辦多個公開讓民眾參與的運動健康活動,贊助支持了全國游泳錦標賽、全國健美操錦標賽等各類游泳、健美操、跑步、健身賽事達數百場之多。

武漢健康大使評選

為提升民眾的健康意識,關注健康,參與運動,本集團於2016年1月於武漢聯合樂視推廣健康大使評選,在武漢進行城市站評選,邀請民眾參與運動智慧體驗,在運動中進行評選,通過互動、表演、頒獎等環節來推廣健康文化和健康理念。得到了武漢當地的民眾積極參與,多家媒體關注報導,傳播和宣導了時尚健康的都市生活方式。



National Handstand Challenge

In order to spread the health concept, call on the public to achieve healthy life through sports, the Group launched a National Fitness Handstand Challenge with Beijing TV sports channel in Beijing in November 2016, and invited Beijing citizens to participate in the handstand challenge in order to promote the concept of enjoying sports and enjoying health. 200 citizens participated in the activity, and the concept of health was spread through dissemination and promotion by Beijing TV.

"Hosa Cup" 2016 National Rhythmic Gymnastics Grand Prix

The event was organized by the Gymnastics Management Center of General Administration of Sport of China and the China Gymnastics Association, and was sponsored by the Administration of Sport of Fujian, Datian County Municipal Government and Hosa Group. The event attracted a total of 11 teams with 82 participants across the country. Under support and cooperation of the Gymnastics Management Center of General Administration of Sport of China, the event successfully promoted the mass cultural and sports activities such as aerobics, line dance, square fitness dance and other activities, and called on the public to achieve healthy life through sports.

全民倒立挑戰賽

為傳播健康的理念,號召民眾通過運動來獲得健康的生活,本集團於2016年11月於北京,聯合北京電視台體育頻道推出全民健身倒立挑戰,宣導樂享運動,樂享健康的理念。活動得到了200名民眾的積極參與,通過北京電視台的傳播和推廣,傳播了健康的理念。

「浩沙盃」2016全國藝術體操大獎賽

是次賽事由國家體育總局體操運動管理中心、中國體操協會主辦,福建省體育局、大田縣人民政府、浩沙集團承辦。賽事共吸引了全國各地11支代表隊共82人參賽。在國家體育總局體操運動管理中心的支持及配合下,成功推廣健美操、排舞、廣場健身舞等群眾性文體活動,號召民眾通過運動來獲得健康的生活。





Sponsored Events and Activities

To support the country to nurture future sports talents and promote health concept, the Group also sponsored, including but not limited to, the following events and activities during the Year:

Sponsor of the FINA 10KM Marathon Swimming World Cup and Diving World Series

In order promote the international marathon swimming and diving culture and the development of sports industry, the Group sponsored FINA 10KM Marathon Swimming World Cup and Diving World Series for two consecutive years. The first match of the Marathon Swimming World Cup in the Year started in Argentina in February, and ended successfully in Hong Kong in October. Lasting for more than eight months with seven races, the event is held in a number of countries in Asia, Europe and America, gathering the enthusiasm of the swimming enthusiasts over the world to jointly challenge the limit of water sports.

賽事及活動贊助

為支持國家培育未來運動人才及推廣健康的理念,本集團於本年度亦贊助了包括但不限於以下賽事及活動:

1. 贊助國際泳聯(FINA)10KM馬拉松游泳 世界盃及世界跳水系列賽

為推動國際馬拉松游泳及跳水文化及體育事業發展,本集團連續兩年贊助國際泳聯(FINA)10KM馬拉松游泳世界盃及世界跳水系列賽。馬拉松游泳世界盃本年度的賽事從2月阿根廷首站開游,到10月香港站完美收官,歷時8個多月7站比賽,足跡踏遍亞洲、歐洲、美洲的多個國家,集結全球游泳愛好者的運動熱情,共同挑戰水運動極限。



2. Serving as title sponsors of Chinese swimming team in provincial level

During the Year, the Group provided swimwear and equipment to swimmers of Chinese provincial level swimming teams, including: Beijing Water Cube Team, Heilongjiang Hosa team, Shanghai Hosa team, Anhui Hosa team, Jiangxi Hosa team, Shandong Hosa team, Shaanxi Hosa team and Ningxia Hosa team, which contributed to the healthy development of national sports industry and contributed to construction of healthy China.

2. 冠名贊助中國省級游泳隊

於本年度,本集團為中國省級游泳隊泳 手提供游泳服裝和裝備,包括:北京水 立方隊、黑龍江浩沙隊、上海浩沙隊、 安徽浩沙隊、江西浩沙隊、山東浩沙 隊、陝西浩沙隊和寧夏浩沙隊,助推國 家體育事業的健康發展,為健康中國建 設作出貢獻。





Environmental and Social Responsibility Report 環境及社會責任報告

3. Serving as title sponsor of Adolescents Swimming Contest

The Group has long been concerned about the healthy growth of the youth, provides a platform to the youth for swimming and training, and actively nurtures the healthy lifestyle of the youth, hoping to pass the concept of health and happiness to more people in order to contribute to the goal of healthy China. During the Year, the Group sponsored a number of youth and student swimming competitions, including the "Hosa Cup" 16th College Swimming Championships, "Hosa Cup" the third Xia Jin Adolescents Swimming Championships in Shaanxi Province.

3. 冠名贊助青少年游泳大賽

本集團長期關注青少年的健康成長,為青少年提供游泳鍛煉的平台,積極培養青少年健康向上的生活方式,希望能夠把健康、快樂的理念傳遞給更多的人本度,本集團冠名贊助多個青少年及於本等,包括[浩沙盃]第一屆度金青沙年游泳錦標賽,[浩沙盃]第三屆度金青少年游泳,陝西省[浩沙盃]青少年游泳錦標賽,等等。



4. Sponsor of the Chinese Synchronized Swimming Team of Rio Olympic

In order to promote healthy development of national sports and contributed to construction of healthy China, the Group designed competition swimsuits for the Chinese synchronized swimming team in the Rio Olympic Games this year. Chinese contestants can strive for national honor in the stage of Olympic with Hosa swimsuits.

古沙科·国家花洛队县运会员创任领

4. 贊助里約奧運中國花樣游泳隊

為了推動國家體育事業的健康發展,及 為健康中國建設作出貢獻,本集團為本 年度出征里約奧運會的中國花樣泳隊設 計了競技泳衣,讓中國選手穿著浩沙泳 衣在奧運舞台上為國家榮譽奮鬥。

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

董事欣然提呈本報告連同截至2016年12月31 日止年度的經審核合併財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the design and production of a wide range of mid-to-high end sportswear products, including swimwear, fitness wear and sports underwear, which are sold under the well-known Hosa and Water Cube brand.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A business review as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, an indication of likely future developments in the Group's business and stakeholder relationship, can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 12 to 36 of this annual report. In addition, details of the Group's environmental policies and compliance with laws and regulations can be found in the Environmental and Social Responsibility Report set out on pages 62 to 72 of this annual report. The discussion and the report form part of this report of the Directors.

SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the principal subsidiaries of the Group as at 31 December 2016 are set out in note 13 to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016 and the state of the Company's and the Group's affairs as at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 90 to 163 of this annual report.

DIVIDENDS

An interim dividend of HK4.2 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB3.6 cents) per share was paid to our Shareholders during the year. The Board recommended the distribution of a final dividend of HK2.3 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB2.1 cents) per share in cash to Shareholders for the year ended 31 December 2016, representing a total payout of approximately RMB34.5 million, subject to approval by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting ("AGM") to be held on Friday, 28 April 2017.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and of the assets, liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 164 to 168. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

主要業務

本公司及其附屬公司主要從事設計及生產多元 化的中高端運動服飾產品,包括水運動、健身 瑜伽及運動內衣,並以著名的浩沙和水立方品 牌出售。

業務審視

根據香港公司條例附表5所規定,有關該業務審視的進一步討論與分析(包括本集團所面臨主要風險及不確定因素之討論,本集團業務未來可能發展之指引及與持份者關係),可在本年報第12至36頁所載的管理層討論與分析中查閱。此外,關於本集團環境政策及對本集團的法律及規例之遵守情況,均載於本年報第62至72頁的「環境及社會責任報告」章節內。此討論及報告構成本董事會報告的一部分。

附屬公司

本集團於2016年12月31日的主要附屬公司詳 情載於財務報表附註13。

財務報表

本集團截至2016年12月31日止年度的利潤, 以及本公司及本集團於該日的事務狀況,載於 本年報第90至163頁的財務報表內。

股息

年內已向股東支付中期股息每股股份4.2港仙(相當於約人民幣3.6分)。董事會建議派付截至2016年12月31日止年度的末期現金股息每股2.3港仙(相當於約人民幣2.1分)予股東,總派付金額約為人民幣34.5百萬元,惟須獲股東在將於2017年4月28日(星期五)舉行的股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上批准後,方可作實。

財務資料概要

本集團最近五個財政年度的已刊發業績以及資 產及負債的概要載列於第164至168頁。此概 要並不構成經審核合併財務報表的一部分。

董事會報告

RESERVES

Details of movements in reserves of the Company and the Group are set out in note 22 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2016, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands, amounted to approximately HK\$41,417,000. Details of the distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 December 2016 are set out in note 22 to the financial statements.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

Charitable donations made by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2016 amounted to RMB nil (2015: RMB2,200,000).

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016 are set out in note 10 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2016 are set out in note 22 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year ended 31 December 2016 were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Shi Hongliu (Chairman)

Mr. Shi Hongyan (Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Shi Zhixiong

Mr. Lui Wai Ming (Chief Financial Officer) (appointed on 1 April 2016)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Ms. Ko Yuk Lan Mr. Yao Ge Mr. He Wenyi

儲備

本公司及本集團的儲備變動詳情分別載於財務 報表附註22及合併權益變動表。

本公司的可供分派儲備

於2016年12月31日,本公司根據開曼群島公司法第22章(1961年第3號法例,經綜合及修訂)計算的可供分派儲備約為41,417,000港元。有關本公司於2016年12月31日的可分派儲備詳情載於財務報表附註2。

慈善捐款

截至2016年12月31日止年度,本集團作出的慈善捐款約為人民幣零元(2015年:人民幣2,200,000元)。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團截至2016年12月31日止年度的物業、 廠房及設備變動載於財務報表附註10。

股本

截至2016年12月31日止年度,本公司的股本 變動詳情載於財務報表附註22。

董事

於截至2016年12月31日 | 上年度的董事包括:

執行董事

施洪流先生(董事長)

施鴻雁先生(副董事長及行政總裁)

施志雄先生

雷偉銘先生(首席財務官)

(於2016年4月1日獲委任)

獨立非執行董事

高玉蘭女士

姚 戈先生

何文義先生

The Company has received annual confirmation of independence from each of the existing independent non-executive Directors in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all the independent non-executive Directors are independent in accordance with the Listing Rules.

Each of the executive Directors on the Board had entered into a service contract with the Company for terms of three years commencing from 16 December 2011 for Mr. Shi Hongliu and Mr. Shi Hongyan, from 1 December 2015 for Mr. Shi Zhixiong and from 1 April 2016 for Mr. Lui Wai Ming and thereafter may be terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing or payment in lieu of such notice served by either party on the other. The service contracts are automatically renewed upon expiration.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors on the Board had entered into a letter of appointment with the Company with terms of three years commencing from 16 December 2014 for Ms. Ko Yuk Lan and Mr. Yao Ge, and from 1 December 2015 for Mr. He Wenyi and thereafter may be terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by the respective independent non-executive Director on the Company, and by immediate notice in writing served by the Company on the respective independent non-executive Director.

In accordance with article 84 of the Articles, Mr. Shi Hongliu, Mr. Shi Hongyan and Mr. Yao Ge will retire from the Board by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, all being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management are set out on pages 43 to 50 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Saved as disclosed herein, for the year ended 31 December 2016, none of the Directors had any direct or indirect material interest in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries and subsidiaries of its holding company was a party and remained subsisting at the end of the year.

本公司已接獲現任各獨立非執行董事按照上市規則第3.13條發出的年度獨立性確認書。本公司認為根據上市規則,所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

董事會的各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,為期三年,由2011年12月16日(就施洪流先生及施鴻雁先生),2015年12月1日(就施志雄先生而言)及2016年4月1日(就雷偉銘先生而言)起開始,其後可由任何一方發出不少於三個月的書面通知或向對方發出代通知金的方式終止。服務合約於屆滿後自動續期。

董事會的各獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立一份委聘書,為期三年,由2014年12月16日(就高玉蘭女士及姚戈先生而言)及由2015年12月1日(就何文義先生而言)起開始,其後可由各獨立非執行董事向本公司發出不少於三個月的書面通知或由本公司向各獨立非執行董事發出即時書面通知的方式終止。

根據細則第84條,施洪流先生、施鴻雁先生 及姚戈先生將於應屆股東週年大會上輪值退任 董事會,並符合資格膺撰連任。

建議於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任的董事概無與本公司訂立如不作賠償(法定賠償除外)則不能於一年內由本公司或其任何附屬公司終止的服務合約。

董事及高級管理層履歷

董事及高級管理層的履歷詳情載於本年報第 43至50頁。

董事在交易、安排或合約中的重大 權益

除下文披露者外,本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂有本公司董事於當中擁有直接或間接重大權益,並且於截至2016年12月31日止年度或年終時仍然生效的重大合約。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2016, the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had the following interests or short positions in the shares (the "Shares"), underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Division 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, including interests and short positions which the Directors and the chief executive of the Company are taken and deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO, or which are required to be and are recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code:

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關 股份及債券的權益及淡倉

於2016年12月31日,本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份(「股份」)、相關股份及債券中,擁有以下根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例的有關條文被當作或視為本公司董事及最高行政人員擁有的權益及淡倉),或須及已列入根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定置的登記冊內,或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉:

Number of

Name of Director	Name of company	Capacity/ Nature of interest	Number of Shares	Shares subject to options granted Under the Share Option Scheme adopted on 23 November 2011 根據2011年 11月23日採納的 購股權計劃授出的	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the Company/ associated corporations
董事姓名	公司名稱	身份/權益性質	股份數目	購股權涉及的 股份數目 	相聯法團的 股權概約百分比 ————
Mr. Shi Hongliu ⁽¹⁾ 施洪流先生 ⁽¹⁾	The Company 本公司	Interests of controlled corporations 於受控制法團的權益	829,884,859 (Long position) (好倉)	-	49.78%
	The Company 本公司	Beneficial interests 實益權益	500,000 (Long position) (好倉)	-	0.03%
Mr. Shi Hongyan 施鴻雁先生	Ho Born Investment Holdings Limited 浩邦投資控股有限公司	Beneficial interests	26,233	-	26.23%
Mr. Lui Wai Ming 雷偉銘先生	The Company 本公司	Beneficial interests 實益權益	-	1,500,000	0.09%
Notes:			附註:		

Ho Born Investment Holdings Limited and Well Born Industrial Group Limited are beneficially owned as to 49.85% by Mr. Shi Hongliu. Mr. Shi Hongliu is therefore deemed to be interested in the aggregate of 829,884,859 Shares held by Ho Born Investment Holdings Limited and Well Born Industrial Group Limited.

[&]quot;治邦投資控股有限公司及偉邦實業集團有限公司 由施洪流先生實益擁有49.85%。故此,施洪流 先生被視為於浩邦投資控股有限公司及偉邦實業 集團有限公司所持有的合共829,884,859股股份 中擁有權益。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2016, none of the Directors or the chief executive of the Company had or was deemed to have any interests or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which had been recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO or which had been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

At no time was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors and the chief executive of the Company (including their spouse and children under 18 years of age) to hold any interest or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO).

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

The Company adopted a pre-IPO share option scheme (the "Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme") on 23 November 2011 for the purpose of giving certain eligible persons an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company and motivating them to optimise their future performance and efficiency to the Group and/or rewarding them for their past contributions, and attracting and retaining, or otherwise maintaining ongoing relationships with, such eligible persons who are significant to and/or whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the performance, growth or success of the Group. Options to subscribe for an aggregate of 20,500,000 Shares were granted on 23 November 2011. The exercise price per Share is HK\$1.28, representing a discount of 20% to the global offering price per Share. Save as disclosed below, no further options were granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme prior to the Listing Date. All options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme may be exercised in the following manner:

Exercise period 行使期

Anytime after the first anniversary of the Listing Date 上市日期首週年後的任何時間

Anytime after the second anniversary of the Listing Date \upbeta 上市日期第二週年後的任何時間

Anytime after the third anniversary of the Listing Date 上市日期第三週年後的任何時間

除上文披露者外,於2016年12月31日,概無本公司董事或最高行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債券中,擁有或被視為擁有已列入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定存置的登記冊內,或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司從未訂立任何安排,使本公司董事及最高行政人員(包括彼等的配偶及未滿18歲子女)於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債券中持有任何權益或淡倉。

購股權計劃

首次公開發售前購股權計劃

本公司於2011年11月23日採納首次公開發 售前購股權計劃(「首次公開發售前購股權計 劃」),旨在給予若干合資格人士於本公司擁有 個人股權的機會,並激勵彼等於日後為本集團 做出最佳表現及效率,及/或就彼等過去的貢 獻給予獎勵,以吸引及挽留或以其他方式與該 等對本集團的表現、發展或成功乃屬重要及/ 或其貢獻有利於或將有利於本集團的表現、發 展或成功的合資格人士維持持續良好關係。 可認購合共20,500,000股股份的購股權已於 2011年11月23日授出。每股行使價為1.28港 元,較每股股份的全球發售價折讓20%。除 下文披露者外,於上市日期前,概無根據首次 公開發售前購股權計劃進一步授出購股權。所 有根據首次公開發售前購股權計劃授出的購股 權可按下列方式行使:

Maximum percentage of options exercisable 可予行使購股權的最高百分比

30 % of the total number of options granted 已授出購股權總數的30%

30 % of the total number of options granted 已授出購股權總數的30%

40 % of the total number of options granted 已授出購股權總數的40%

董事會報告

Details of the share options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme as at 31 December 2016 are as follows:

於2016年12月31日,根據首次公開發售前購股權計劃授出的購股權的詳情如下:

Name	名稱	As at 1 January 2016 於2016年 1月1日	No. of share option Exercised 購股權數目 已行使	No. of share lapsed/ expired 購股權數目 已失效/過期	As at 31 December 2016 於2016年 12月31日
Past Directors In aggregate	離任董事 合共	4,959,000	1,939,000	3,020,000	-
Senior management In aggregate	高級管理層 合共	1,480,000	1,480,000	_	-
Other employees In aggregate	其他僱員 合共	3,915,000	3,915,000	_	-
Others In aggregate	其他 合共	1,061,000	1061,000		
Total	總計	11,415,000	8,395,000	3,020,000	

3,020,000 share options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme were lapsed or cancelled for the year ended 31 December 2016. 8,395,000 share options were exercised during the same period.

The total number of shares available for issue under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme is nil, representing approximately 0% of the Company's issued share capital as at the date of this annual report.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Option Scheme") on 23 November 2011 for the purpose of giving certain eligible persons an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company and motivating them to optimise their future performance and efficiency to the Group and/or rewarding them for their past contributions, and attracting and retaining, or otherwise maintaining on-going relationships with, such eligible persons who are significant to and/or whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the performance, growth or success of the Group.

截至2016年12月3日止年度,共3,020,000股根據首次公開發售前購股權計劃授出的購股權已失效或被註銷。8,395,000股購股權於同期獲行使。

於本年報日期,首次公開發售前購股權計劃可供發行的股份數目合共零股,佔本公司已發行股本約0%。

購股權計劃

本公司於2011年11月23日採納購股權計劃 (「購股權計劃」),旨在給予若干合資格人士於 本公司擁有個人股權的機會,並激勵彼等於日 後為本集團做出最佳表現及效率,及/或就彼 等過去的貢獻給予獎勵,以吸引及挽留或以其 他方式與該等對本集團的表現、發展或成功乃 屬重要及/或其貢獻有利於或將有利於本集團 的表現、發展或成功的合資格人士維持持續良 好關係。

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other schemes of the Group shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the Listing Date, i.e. 1,600,000,000 Shares. The maximum number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme to any one person (including exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue from time to time.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period as determined by the Board and not exceeding 10 years from the date of the grant. There is no minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised. Participants of the Share Option Scheme are required to pay the Company HK\$1.0 upon acceptance of the grant on or before 28 days after the offer date. The exercise price of the options is determined by the Board in its absolute discretion and shall not be less than whichever is the highest of:

- (a) the nominal value of a Share;
- (b) the closing price of a Share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of offer; and
- (c) the average closing price of a Share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer.

The Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from the Listing Date, after which no further options will be granted or offered but the provisions of the Share Option Scheme shall remain in force and effect in all other respects. All options granted prior to the termination of the Share Option Scheme and not then exercised shall continue to be valid and exercisable subject to and in accordance with the Share Option Scheme.

因行使根據購股權計劃及本集團任何其他計劃 將予授出的所有購股權而可能發行的最高股份 數目,合共不得超過於上市日期已發行股份 (即1,600,000,000股股份)的10%。根據購股 權計劃向任何一名人士授出購股權(包括已行 使及未獲行使的購股權)獲行使而已發行及將 予發行的最高股份數目於任何12個月期間不 得超過不時已發行股份的1%。

每份購股權均可根據購股權計劃的條款於董事會釐定的期間內隨時行使,惟不得超過授出日期起計10年。每份購股權在行使前並無最短持有期。購股權計劃參與者如接納所授出的購股權,須於要約日期起計28日或之前向本公司支付1.0港元。購股權的行使價由董事會全權酌情釐定,惟行使價不得低於以下最高者:

- (a) 股份面值;
- (b) 股份於要約日期於聯交所每日報價表所報的收市價;及
- (c) 緊接要約日期前五個營業日聯交所每日報價表所報股份平均收市價。

購股權計劃由上市日期起計10年內一直有效及生效,其後不會授出或提呈其他購股權,但購股權計劃的條文在所有其他方面仍然有效及生效。於購股權計劃終止前已授出但尚未行使的全部購股權仍然有效並可根據購股權計劃予以行使。

董事會報告

Details of the share options granted under the Share Option Scheme as at 31 December 2016 are as follows:

於2016年12月31日,根據購股權計劃授出的 購股權的詳情如下:

Name of director	As at 1 January 2016	Granted during the period	Exercised during the period	As at 31 December 2016 於2016年	Exercise price	Date of grant	Exercise period
董事姓名	於2016年 1月1日	期內授出	期內行使	12 月 31 日 尚未行使	每股行使價	授出日期	行使期
Mr. Lui Wai Ming 雷偉銘先生		1,500,000	-	1,500,000	HK\$2.37 2.37港元	1 April 2016 2016年4月1日	(Notes (i) and (ii)) ョ(附註(i)及(ii))
Total: 合計:		1,500,000		1,500,000	,,_		. ((13 82 (17)2)

Notes:

- The closing price immediately before the date on which the options were granted on 1 April 2016 was HK\$2.20.
- (ii) Details of exercise period of the share options granted to Mr. Lui Wai Ming are as follows:

附註:

- (i) 緊接於2016年4月1日授出購股權當日的收市價 為2.20港元。
- (ii) 授予雷偉銘先生的購股權行使期詳情如下:

Exercise period	Percentage of exercisable share options
行使期	可予行使購股權的百分比
1 April 2018 to 31 March 2021	30% of the total number of share options granted
2018年4月1日至2021年3月31日	已授出購股權總數的30%
1 April 2019 to 31 March 2021	30% of the total number of share options granted
2019年4月1日至2021年3月31日	已授出購股權總數的30%
1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021	40% of the total number of share options granted
2020年4月1日至2021年3月31日	已授出購股權總數的40%

The total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 158,500,000, representing approximately 9.5% of the Company's issued share capital as at the date of this annual report.

No share options granted under the Share Option Scheme were lapsed, exercised or cancelled for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Further details of the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme and the Share Option Scheme are set out in note 20 to the financial statements.

於本年報日期,購股權計劃可供發行的股份數目合共158,500,000股,佔本公司已發行股本約9.5%。

截至2016年12月31日止年度,概無根據購股權計劃授出的購股權已失效,被註銷或獲行使。

首次公開發售前購股權計劃及購股權計劃的進 一步詳情載於財務報表附註20。

ARRANGEMENT FOR DIRECTORS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in "Share Option Schemes" above, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director of the Company or their respective spouses or minor children, or were such rights exercised by them, or was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debt securities (including debentures) of the Company or any other body corporate.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

So far as is known to any Director or chief executive of the Company, as at 31 December 2016, the persons or corporations (other than Director or chief executive of the Company) who had interest or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which were required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

董事購買股份或債券的安排

除上文「購股權計劃」所披露者外,本公司概無於年內任何時間向本公司任何董事、彼等各自的配偶或未成年的子女授出權利,藉以認購本公司的股份或債券而獲取利益,而彼等亦無行使任何該等權利;本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何安排,致使本公司董事可藉購入本公司或任何其他法人團體的股份或債務證券(包括債券)而獲取利益。

主要股東於股份及相關股份的權益及淡倉

就本公司任何董事或最高行政人員所知,於2016年12月31日,以下人士或法團(並非本公司董事或最高行政人員)於本公司股份及相關股份中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部的條文須披露予本公司的權益或淡倉,或已列入根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定存置的登記冊內的權益或淡倉:

Annrovimato

Name of Shareholders 股東名稱	Capacity/Nature of Interest 身份/權益性質	Number of Shares 股份數目	percentage of shareholding in the Company 佔本公司股權的 概約百分比
		22,00	13235 14 35 12
Ho Born Investment Holdings Limited(1)	Beneficial interests	710,076,859 (Long position)	42.59%
浩邦投資控股有限公司 ⁽¹⁾	實益權益	(好倉)	
Well Born Industrial Group Limited ⁽¹⁾	Beneficial interests	119,808,000	7.19%
偉邦實業集團有限公司 ⁽¹⁾	實益權益	(Long position) (好倉)	
Mr. Fang Chengyu	Beneficial interests	101,956,000	6.12%
方誠鈺先生	實益權益	(Long position) (好倉)	

Notes:

(1) Mr. Shi Hongliu and Mr. Shi Hongyan, executive Directors, are two of the directors of Ho Born Investment Holdings Limited and Well Born Industrial Group Limited. 附註:

(1) 執行董事施洪流先生及施鴻雁先生為浩邦投資控 股有限公司及偉邦實業集團有限公司的兩名董 事。

董事會報告

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2016, the Directors and the chief executive of the Company are not aware of any other person or corporation having an interest or short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which would require to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2016, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Haosha Industry, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company, has entered into certain transactions with Haosha Garments.

CONNECTED PERSON

Haosha Garments is a limited liability company established in the PRC on 24 October 1996, and is owned as to 75% by Mr. Shi Hongliu and 25% by Mr. Shi Hongyan, respectively. Mr. Shi Hongliu is an executive Director and is entitled to exercise more than 30% of the voting power at general meetings of Haosha Garments. Accordingly, Haosha Garments is an associate of Mr. Shi Hongliu under Rule 1.01 of the Listing Rules and therefore a connected person of the Company under Rule 14A.07 of the Listing Rules.

The continuing connected transactions

(a) Procurement agreement with Haosha Garments

On 7 June 2011, Haosha Industry, an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company, entered into a procurement agreement with Haosha Garments, whereby Haosha Garments agreed to supply its fabric products to Haosha Industry from time to time for Haosha Industry to manufacture Hosa branded indoor sportswear products. The procurement agreement is for a term from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2013 renewable for a further three years at the option of Haosha Industry subject to compliance with applicable requirements of the Listing Rules. Haosha Industry has the right to terminate the procurement agreement at any time before expiration subject to compliance with the Listing Rules.

除上文披露者外,於2016年12月31日,本公司董事及最高行政人員並不知悉有任何其他人士或法團於本公司的股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部的條文須披露予本公司的權益或淡倉,或已列入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定存置的登記冊內的權益或淡倉。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

於截至2016年12月31日止年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

持續關連交易

本公司的間接全資附屬公司浩沙實業已與浩沙製衣訂立若干交易。

關連人士

浩沙製衣為一家於1996年10月24日於中國成立的有限責任公司,分別由施洪流先生及施鴻雁先生擁有75%及25%。施洪流先生為一名執行董事,並有權於浩沙製衣的股東大會上行使多於30%的投票權。因此,根據上市規則第1.01條,浩沙製衣為施洪流先生的聯繫人,故此,根據上市規則第14A.07條為本公司的關連人十。

持續關連交易

(a) 與浩沙製衣的採購協議

於2011年6月7日,本公司的間接全資附屬公司浩沙實業與浩沙製衣訂立採購協議,據此,浩沙製衣同意不時向浩沙實業供應其面料產品,以供浩沙實業在產浩沙品牌室內運動服飾產品之用。採購協議年期由2011年1月1日起至2013年12月31日止,可由浩沙實業選擇再重續三年,惟必須符合上市規則的適用規定。浩沙實業有權於屆滿前隨時終止採購協議,惟須符合上市規則規定。

In order to continue the relevant transactions with Haosha Garments after 31 December 2013, Haosha Industry entered into a new procurement agreement ("New Procurement Agreement") with Haosha Garments on 19 December 2013, whereby Haosha Industry agreed to purchase from Haosha Garments, and Haosha Garments agreed to sell to Haosha Industry, fabric products from time to time. The New Procurement Agreement is for a term of three years, from 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2016, and is renewable for another three year at the option of Haosha Industry subject to compliance with applicable requirements of Listing Rules. The annual caps for the transactions under the New Procurement Agreement for each of the three years ending 31 December 2016 are RMB3,000,000, RMB3,800,000 and RMB4,500,000.

On 22 November 2016, Haosha Industry and Haosha Garment entered into a new procurement agreement for a term from 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2019. For details of the procurement agreement, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 22 November 2016.

Haosha Garments has been a fabric products provider of the Group and the Group expects itself to continue procuring fabric products from Haosha Garments in view of their long-term business relationship, which enables Haosha Garments to respond to the order requests of the Group in a more prompt and accurate manner compared with other independent suppliers of similar products available in the market, as well as the proximity between Haosha Garments and Haosha Industry, which helps reduce the transportation costs. The prices at which the Group procures the fabric products from Haosha Garments are based on terms that are comparable to those available from independent suppliers of similar products, on arm's length negotiation and on normal commercial terms

For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group procured fabric products of RMB3.46 million from Haosha Garments to manufacture Hosa branded indoor sportswear products and the amount of procurement fees paid/payable to Haosha Garments was within the approved annual cap of RMB4.5 million (excluding value added tax).

為於2013年12月31日後繼續與浩沙製衣進行相關交易,浩沙實業於2013年12月19日與浩沙製衣訂立一份新採購協議(「新採購協議」),據此,浩沙實業同意不時向浩沙製衣採購及浩沙製衣同意不時向浩沙實業出售面料產品。新採購協議為期三年,自2014年1月1日至2016年12月31日止,並可由浩沙實業選擇另行重續三年,惟須遵守上市規則之適用規定。於截至2016年12月31日止三個年度各年,新採購協議項下之交易之年度上限為人民幣3,000,000元、人民幣3,800,000元及人民幣4,500,000元。

於2016年11月22日,浩沙實業與浩沙 製衣訂立新的採購協議,合約期為2017 年1月1日起至2019年12月31日止。有 關此項採購協議的詳情,請參閱本公司 日期為2016年11月22日的公佈。

浩沙製衣為本集團的面料產品供應商, 而鑒於彼此的長期業務關係,本無 預期其將會繼續向浩沙製衣採購面類 品,令浩沙製衣能夠較市場上其他類 產品的獨立供應商更迅速準確地應付 集團的訂單要求,而浩沙製衣與浩沙製 業鄰近,亦有助減低運輸成本。本集團 計沙製衣採購面料產品的價格乃按團 自浩沙製衣採購面料產品的價格乃按團 本集團就類似產品獲獨立供應商提供的 可資比較條款,並按公平磋商及按一般 商業條款釐定。

截至2016年12月31日止年度,本集團就向浩沙製衣採購面料產品供生產浩沙品牌室內運動服飾產品共人民幣3.46百萬元,而支付/應付予浩沙製衣的採購費用在獲批年度上限人民幣4.5百萬元(不含增值税)以內。

董事會報告

(b) Processing Agreement with Haosha Garments

In light of the fact that Haosha Industry lacks the in-house facilities for dyeing and printing its procured fabric products, Haosha Industry entered into a processing agreement with Haosha Garments on 7 June 2011, pursuant to which Haosha Garments agreed to provide dyeing and printing services to Haosha Industry from time to time on commercial terms. The processing agreement is for a term from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2013 renewable for a further period of three years at the option of Haosha Industry subject to compliance with applicable requirements of the Listing Rules. Haosha Industry has the right to terminate the processing agreement at any time before expiration subject to compliance with the Listing Rules.

In order to continue the relevant transactions with Haosha Garments after 31 December 2013, Haosha Industry entered into a new processing agreement ("New Processing Agreement") with Haosha Garments on 19 December 2013, whereby Haosha Industry agreed to purchase from Haosha Garments, and Haosha Garments agreed to supply to Haosha Industry, dyeing and printing services from time to time. The New Processing Agreement is for a term of three years, from 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2016, and is renewable for another three year at the option of Haosha Industry subject to compliance with applicable requirements of Listing Rules. The annual caps for the transactions under the New Processing Agreement for each of the three years ending 31 December 2016 are RMB50,000,000, RMB57,600,000 and RMB62,400,000, as approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the extraordinary general meeting held on 8 May 2014. Further details of such transaction are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 19 December 2013 and 27 December 2013 and the circular of the Company dated 15 April

On 22 November 2016, Haosha Industry and Haosha Garment entered into a new processing agreement for a term from 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2019. The processing agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder were approved by the independent shareholders on 29 December 2016. For details of the processing agreement, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 22 November 2016 and the circular dated 2 December 2016.

(b) 與浩沙製衣的委託加工協議

由於浩沙實業缺乏為其採購的面料產品進行印染的內部設施,於2011年6月7日,浩沙實業與浩沙製衣訂立委託加工協議,據此,浩沙製衣同意不時按商訊工協議年期由2011年1月1日起至2013年12月31日止,可由浩沙實業選擇再重續三年,惟須符合上市規則的適用規定。浩沙實業有權於屆滿前隨時終止委託加工協議,惟須符合上市規則規定。

為於2013年12月31日後繼續與浩沙製 衣進行相關交易,浩沙實業於2013年 12月19日與浩沙製衣訂立一份新委託 加工協議(「新委託加工協議」),據此, 浩沙實業同意不時向浩沙製衣採購及浩 沙製衣同意不時向浩沙實業提供印染服 務。新委託加工協議為期三年,自2014 年1月1日至2016年12月31日止,並可 由浩沙實業選擇另行重續三年,惟須遵 守上市規則之適用規定。於截至2016年 12月31日止三個年度各年,新委託加 工協議項下之交易之年度上限為人民幣 50,000,000元、人民幣57,600,000元及 人民幣62.400.000元,已獲本公司之獨 立股東於2014年5月8日舉行之股東特別 大會上批准。有關該等交易之進一步詳 情載列於本公司日期為2013年12月19 日及2013年12月27日之公佈以及本公 司日期為2014年4月15日的通函。

於2016年11月22日,浩沙實業與浩沙製衣訂立新的委託加工協議,合約期為2017年1月1日起至2019年12月31日止。該項續訂協議及其項下擬進行的交易已於2016年12月29日獲獨立股東批准。有關此項委託加工協議的詳情,請參閱本公司日期為2016年11月22日的 公佈及2016年12月2日的通函。

Haosha Garments has been the processing service provider of the Group and the Group expects itself to continue using processing services provided by Haosha Garments in view of their long-term business relationship, which enables Haosha Garments to respond to the order requests of the Group in a more prompt and accurate manner compared with other independent suppliers of similar services available in the market, as well as the proximity between Haosha Garments and Haosha Industry, which helps reduce the transportation costs. The prices at which Haosha Garments provides processing services to the Group are based on terms that are comparable to those offered by independent suppliers of similar services, on arm's length negotiation and on normal commercial terms.

For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group incurred RMB51.22 million for the processing services provided by Haosha Garments and the amount of processing fees paid/payable to Haosha Garments was within the approved annual cap of RMB62.4 million (excluding value added tax).

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the abovementioned continuing connected transactions between the Group and Haosha Garments, and confirmed that such transactions were entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms and on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available from independent third parties; and
- (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

浩沙製衣為本集團的委託加工服務供應商,而鑒於彼此的長期業務關係,本集團預期其將會繼續使用浩沙製衣提供的委託加工服務,令浩沙製衣能夠較市之其他類似服務的獨立供應商更迅速學。 在地應付本集團的訂單要求,而浩沙製來與浩沙實業鄰近,亦有助減低運輸成本集團提供委託加工服務的價格乃按獨立供應商就類似服務的可資比較條款,並按公平磋商及按一般商業條款釐定。

截至2016年12月31日止年度,本集團就浩沙製衣提供的委託加工服務而產生人民幣51.22百萬元,而支付/應付予浩沙製衣的委託加工費用在獲批年度上限人民幣62.4百萬元(不含增值税)以內。

獨立非執行董事已審閱本集團與浩沙製衣之間 的上述持續關連交易,並確認有關交易已按下 列方式訂立:

- (i) 於本集團日常及一般業務過程中;
- (ii) 按一般商業條款及不遜於本集團可自獨 立第三方獲取的條款;及
- (iii) 根據相關協議的約定,並按公平合理且 符合股東整體利益的條款訂立。

董事會報告

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The Company's auditors have issued their unqualified letter containing their findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group in this annual report in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditors' letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange. The auditors' letter confirms that, in respect of the above-mentioned continuing connected transactions:

- a. nothing has come to the auditors' attention that causes the auditors to believe that the above-mentioned continuing connected transactions have not been approved by the Company's board of directors.
- b. for transactions involving the provision of goods or services by the Group, nothing has come to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe that the above-mentioned continuing connected transactions were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group.
- c. nothing has come to the auditors' attention that causes the auditors to believe that the above-mentioned continuing connected transactions were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions.
- d. with respect to the aggregate amount of the above-mentioned continuing connected transactions, nothing has come to the auditors' attention that causes the auditors to believe that the above-mentioned continuing connected transactions have exceeded the annual cap as set by the Company.

SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTIES

The Company confirms that it has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Hong Kong Listing Rules in respect of the above continuing connected transactions. Save as disclosed, significant related party transactions which do not constitute connected transactions and continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules in the year are disclosed in Note 26 of the financial statements prepared under the International Financial Reporting Standards.

本公司的核數師受聘根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計工作準則第3000號「審計或審閱過往財務資料以外的審計工作」(修訂)及參照實務説明第740號「關於香港上市規則所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」報告本集團的持續關連交易。本公司的核數師已根據上市規則第14A.56條發出其無保留意見函件,當中載列彼等對有關本集團在本年報內披露的持續關連交易的發現及結論。本公司已將核數師函件確認就上述持續關連交易而言:

- 核數師概無注意到任何事宜致令核數師相信上述持續關連交易尚未經本公司董事會批准。
- b. 就涉及本集團商品或服務的交易而言, 核數師概無注意到任何事宜致令核數師 相信上述持續關連交易在所有重大方面 未有按照本集團的定價政策進行。
- c. 核數師概無注意到任何事宜致令核數師相信上述持續關連交易在所有重大方面未有根據規管該等交易的相關協議進行。
- d. 就上述持續關連交易之總金額而言,核 數師概無注意到任何事宜致令核數師相 信上述持續關連交易已超出由本公司所 制定之年度上限金額。

關於重大關連方

本公司確認就上述有關持續關連交易已符合香港上市規則第14A章的披露規定。除上文所披露者外,年內根據上市規則並未構成關連交易及持續關連交易的重大關連方交易於按國際財務報告準則編製的此財務報表附註26內披露。

CONTRACTS WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

No contract of significance had been entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the controlling shareholders during the year ended 31 December 2016.

NON-COMPETE UNDERTAKINGS

Each of the controlling shareholders has confirmed to the Company of his/its compliance with the non-compete undertakings provided to the Company under the Deed of Non-Competition (as defined in the Prospectus). The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the status of compliance and confirmed that all the undertakings under the Deed of Non-Competition have been complied with by the controlling shareholders.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors is or was interested in any business, apart from the Group's business, that competes or competed or is or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's business at any time during the year ended 31 December 2016 and up to and including the date of this annual report.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contacts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of Cayman Islands where the Company is incorporated applicable to the Company.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The Group's emolument policies are based on the merit, qualifications and competence of individual employees and are reviewed by the Remuneration Committee periodically.

The emoluments of the Directors are recommended by the Remuneration Committee and are decided by the Board, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted two share option schemes to motivate and reward its Directors and eligible employees. Details of these schemes are set out in the paragraph headed "Share Option Schemes" above and note 20 to the financial statements.

與控股股東的合約

截至2016年12月31日止年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無與控股股東訂立任何重大合約。

不競爭承諾

各控股股東已向本公司確認,其已遵守根據不 競爭契據(定義見招股章程)向本公司提供的不 競爭承諾。獨立非執行董事已審視其遵例情 況,並確認控股股東已遵守根據不競爭契據的 所有承諾。

董事於競爭業務的權益

截至2016年12月31日止年度內任何時間及直至及包括本年報日期,概無董事於本集團業務以外以前或現在直接或間接與本集團業務構成競爭或可能構成競爭的任何業務中擁有權益。

管理合約

年內,概無訂立或存在有關本公司整體或任何 重大部分業務管理及行政的任何合約。

優先購買權

本公司的組織章程細則或本公司註冊成立之所 在地開曼群島適用於本公司的法例並無訂有優 先購買權的條文。

薪酬政策

本集團的薪酬政策乃基於個別僱員的貢獻、資歷及能力,並定期由薪酬委員會審閱。

董事的薪酬乃由薪酬委員會參考本集團的經營 業績、個人表現及可資比較的市場統計數據作 出建議,並由董事會決定。

本公司已採納兩項購股權計劃,以激勵及獎勵 其董事及合資格僱員。有關該等計劃的詳情載 於上文「購股權計劃」一段及財務報表附註20。

董事會報告

PENSION SCHEME

The Group operates a defined contribution mandatory provident fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for eligible employees. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the consolidated income statements as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in China are required to participate in defined contribution central pension schemes operated by the local municipal government. The subsidiaries of the Group are required to contribute certain percentages of its payroll costs to the central pension schemes. The contributions are charged to the consolidated income statements as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

The Group has no other material obligation for the payment of pension benefits beyond the annual contributions described above.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, aggregate sales to the Group's largest and five largest customers accounted for 15.0% (2015: 15.6%) and 51.9% (2015: 48.9%), respectively, of the Group's total revenue.

During the year, aggregate purchases from the Group's largest and five largest suppliers accounted for 18.8% (2015: 13.6%) and 43.1% (2015: 36.1%), respectively, of the Group's total purchases from suppliers.

During the year ended 31 December 2016, Haosha Garments was one of the five largest suppliers of the Group. Haosha Garments is owned as to 75% by Mr. Shi Hongliu and 25% by Mr. Shi Hongyan, respectively, who are executive directors of the Company. Apart from Haosha Garments, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2016, did a Director, his/her associate(s) or a Shareholder, which to the knowledge of the Director owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital, have an interest in any other of the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

AUDITORS

KPMG will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment. A resolution for their re-appointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the AGM.

退休金計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例為合資格參與界定供款強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)的僱員設立強積金計劃。供款乃根據強積金計劃的規則按僱員基本薪金的某百分比計算,並於應付時於合併收益表扣除。強積金計劃資產與本集團資產分開存放,由獨立管理的基金持有。本集團作出的僱主供款一經向強積金計劃供款,即全數歸僱員所有。

本集團於中國大陸經營的附屬公司的僱員須參 與地方市政府管理的界定供款中央退休金計 劃。本集團附屬公司須按其薪酬成本的若干百 分比向中央退休金計劃供款。供款乃根據中央 退休金計劃的規則於應付時於合併收益表扣 除。

除上文所述的年度供款外,本集團並無任何其 他支付退休金福利的重大責任。

主要客戶及供應商

年內向本集團最大及五大客戶的銷售總額分別 佔本集團收入總額的15.0%(2015年:15.6%) 及51.9%(2015年:48.9%)。

年內向本集團最大及五大供應商的採購總額分別佔本集團向供應商的總採購額18.8%(2015年:13.6%)及43.1%(2015年:36.1%)。

截至2016年12月31日止年度,浩沙製衣已定義為本集團其中一個五大供應商。浩沙製衣 分別由本公司的執行董事施洪流生先及施鴻 雁先生擁有75%及25%的股權。除浩沙製衣 之外,於截至2016年12月31日止年度任何時間,概無董事、其聯繫人或就董事所知擁有本 公司股本超過5%的股東於本集團其他五大客 戶及供應商當中任何一方擁有權益。

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所將退任,惟符合資格續聘。於股東週年大會上將提呈一項決議案,以續聘其為本公司的核數師。

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

The Articles provides that every Director is entitled to be indemnified out of the assets and profits of the Company against all actions, costs, losses and damages which he/she may sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of his/her duty, or supposed duty, in his/her office, provided that the indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty which may attach to him/her.

The Company has subscribed appropriate and sufficient insurance coverage on directors' liabilities in respect of legal actions taken against Directors arising out of corporate activities throughout the year.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued Shares as required under the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 December 2016.

BANK LOANS

As at 31 December 2016, the Group has outstanding bank loans of RMB320,632,000, which carried interest rate of 1.01% - 5.22%. The amount of interest capitalised during the year ended 31 December 2016 was nil.

On behalf of the Board **Shi Hongliu** *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 21 March 2017

獲准許的彌儅條文

細則規定,每位董事有權就其任期內執行的職 務或應執行的職務而可能因所作出、發生之作 為或不作為而招致與此相關之所有行動、成 本、損失或損害從本公司資產中獲得賠償。

本公司已於年內購買適合及充足保險,以覆蓋 董事就企業活動期間產生對董事所提出法律訴 訟的責任。

足夠的公眾持股量

根據本公司所獲的公開資料及就董事所知,於本年報日期,本公司於截至2016年12月31日止年度一直維持上市規則所規定不少於本公司已發行股份25%的指定公眾持股量。

銀行貸款

於2016年12月31日,本集團之銀行貸款餘額 為人民幣320,632,000元,年利率為1.01%至 5.22%。截至2016年12月31日止年度已資本 化的利息金額為零。

代表董事會 **施洪流** *董事長*

香港,2017年3月21日



Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Hosa International Limited

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Hosa International Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 98 to 163, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2016 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Cayman Islands, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

獨立核數師報告 致浩沙國際有限公司股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計列載於第98至163頁的浩沙國際有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)的合併財務報表,其中包括於2016年12月31日的合併財務狀況表、截至該日止年度的合併損益及其他綜合收益表、合併權益變動表及合併現金流量表,以及合併財務報表的附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,合併財務報表已根據國際會計準則委員會(「國際會計準則委員會」)頒布的《國際財務報告準則》(「國際財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了貴集團於2016年12月31日的合併財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的合併財務表現及合併現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為編製。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒布的《香港審計準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們就該等準則承擔的責任在本報告「核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的責任」部分中闡述。根據香港會計師公會的《職業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」)以及與我們對開曼群島合併財務報表審計相關的任何道德要求,我們獨立於貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他職業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Revenue recognition: Distributor arrangements

Refer to note 3 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policy 1(r) on page 115.

The Key Audit Matter

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Revenue mainly comprises sales of Our audit procedures to assess swimwear, fitness wear and sports the recognition of revenue from underwear to distributors.

The Group enters into a framework • distribution agreement with each distributor on a biennial basis and, according to the terms of the distribution agreements, products are manufactured based on purchase orders received and then delivered to the location designated by the distributor, at which point the risks and rewards of ownership of the goods are considered to have been transferred to the distributor and revenue is recognised.

During trade fairs held by the Group • during the year, the distributors reach general purchase agreements with the Group, which indicate the amounts and quantity of goods to be ordered in the coming months. Adjustments to orders are allowed to be placed within the agreed time period.

distributor arrangements included the following:

- inspecting agreements with distributors, on a sample basis, to understand the terms of the sale transactions, including the terms of delivery and any sales return arrangements, to assess the Group's revenue recognition criteria with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards;
- comparing the revenue from distributors recorded by the Group during the year with the orders received from distributors during the year;

閣鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的職業判斷,對本期 合併財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事 項是在我們審計整體合併財務報表及出具意見 時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨 的意見。

收入確認:對分銷商的銷售

參考合併財務報表附註3及第115頁的會計政 策1(r)。

關鍵審計事項

該事項在我們的審計 中如何處理

銷售水運動、健身服飾 的收入確認執行的審 及運動內衣。

收入主要包括向分銷商 我們就對分銷商銷售 計程序如下:

對分銷協議進行

抽樣檢查,以了

解銷售交易的條

款,包括交付及

任何銷售回報安

排的條款,以及

評估貴集團參考

現行會計準則規

定的收入確認標

準;

貴集團與各分銷商每兩 • 年訂立框架分銷協議, 根據分銷協議的條款, 產品乃基於已收取的購 買訂單製造,其後交付 至分銷商指定的地點, 貨品擁有權的風險及回 報被視為已轉移至分銷 商,從而確認收入。

在貴集團本年度舉行的 • 將貴集團本年度 對分銷商的收入 與本年度從分銷 商處獲得的訂單 進行比較;

訂貨會中,分銷商與貴 集團達成一般購買協 議,其表明在未來數月 訂購的預期金額及貨品 數量。允許在約定的時 間段內對訂單作出調 整。

We identified the recognition of revenue from distributor arrangements as a key audit matter because revenue is one of the key performance indicators of the Group and therefore there is an inherent risk of manipulation of the timing of recognition of revenue by management to meet specific targets or expectations.

- assessing, on a sample basis, whether specific revenue transactions around the financial year end had been recognised in the appropriate financial period on the basis of the terms of sale as set out in the distribution agreements by comparing the details in the relevant sales invoices with acceptance documents signed by the distributors;
- scrutinising the sales ledger after the year end to identify sales returns and inspecting relevant underlying documentation to assess if the related adjustments to revenue had been accounted for in the appropriate financial period; and
- scrutinising all the sales journals raised during the reporting period and comparing details of a sample of these journals, which met certain risk-based criteria, with relevant underlying documentation.

我們將對分銷商銷售的 收入確認識別為關鍵審 計事項,乃由於收入為 貴集團關鍵業績指標之 一,因此存在管理層為 了達到特定目標或預期 而操縱收入確認時點的 內在風險。

- 查閱期後銷售明 細賬,以辨識檢 售退回,并性 以評估有關 是否計關 是否計 財務期間:及
- 檢查報告期間所 有銷售分錄,並 抽樣對部分符合 特定風險特徵的 分錄查詢至相關 支持性文件。

Recoverability of trade receivables

Refer to note 15 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policy 1(i)(i) on page 106 and page 107.

The Key Audit Matter

How the matter was addressed

gross trade receivables totalled recoverability of trade receivables RMB355 million, against which no included the following: provision for doubtful debts was recorded.

Management assesses the need • obtaining an understanding for provisions for doubtful debts of and assessing the design, based of the expected credit losses to be incurred, which is estimated by taking into account the ageing of overdue balances, repayment history of the Group's individual distributors and current market and

We identified assessing the • recoverability of trade receivables as a key audit matter because of the inherent uncertainty in assessing if trade receivables will be recovered in full and because current market conditions are unpredictable and the assessment of the provisions for doubtful debts requires the exercise of significant management judgement.

distributor-specific conditions, all of which involve a significant degree of management judgement.

in our audit

At 31 December 2016, the Group's Our audit procedures to assess the

implementation and operating effectiveness of management's key internal controls relating to credit control, debt collection and making provisions for doubtful debts:

assessing whether items were correctly categorised in the trade receivables ageing report by comparing a sample of individual items with underlying sales invoices:

貿易應收款的可收回性

參考合併財務報表附註15及第106頁和107頁 的會計政策1(i)(i)。

關鍵審計事項

該事項在我們的審計 中如何處理

於2016年12月31日, 我們評估貿易應收款 貴集團貿易應收款總額 的可收回性的審計程 合計為人民幣355百萬 序如下: 元,針對貿易應收款並 未計提壞賬備準。

管理層基於預期的信貸 • 虧損來決定計提壞賬準 備的必要性,該預計乃 經考慮逾期款項的賬 齡、個別分銷商的償還 歷史及現行市場及分銷

商特定的情况, 上述考

慮涉及重大的管理層判

了解並評估管理 層針對信貸控 制、貿易款回收 及壞賬準備的計 提相關的關鍵控 制的設計、執行 及運行有效性;

我們將貿易應收款的可 • 收回性識別為關鍵審計 事項,由於評估貿易應 收款是否能全數收回存 在固有不確定性,並且 由於現行市場情況無法 估計,而壞賬準備的評 估需要行使重大的管理 層判斷。

通過抽樣比較個 別應收項目與相 關銷售發票,評 估貿易應收款賬 齡分佈的準確性;

- obtaining an understanding of the basis of management's judgements about the recoverability of individual material and all overdue trade receivable balances with reference to the ageing of overdue balances and historical and post year end payment records:
- assessing the historical accuracy of the estimates made by management for the provisions for doubtful debts by comparing the provisions made by management as at 31 December 2015 with the actual new provisions and recoveries in respect of trade receivables as at 31 December 2015 during the current year; and
- inspecting, on a sample basis, cash receipts from distributors subsequent to the financial year end relating to trade receivable balances at 31 December 2016.

- 針對2016年12月 31日貿易應收款 餘額,抽樣查看 分銷商於期後的 回款情況。

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

除合併財務報表及核數師報告以外 的信息

董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括年度報 告內除了合併財務報表及我們就此發出的核數 師報告以外的所有資料。

我們對合併財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證 結論。

在我們審計合併財務報表時,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否 與合併財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的 情況有重大抵觸,或者似乎有重大錯誤陳述。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為此其他 信息有重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。 在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事就合併財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據國際會計準則委員會頒布的《國際財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露規定編製真實而中肯的合併財務報表,並對其認為為使合併財務報表的編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所必需的內部監控負責。

在編製合併財務報表時,董事負責評估貴集團 持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續 經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基 礎,除非董事有意將貴集團清盤或停止經營, 或別無其他實際的替代方案。

董事由審計委員會協助履行其監督貴集團財務 報告過程的責任。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
 consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
 and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
 from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
 omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的 責任

我們的目標,是對整體合併財務報表是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的任何重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅向整體股東報告,除此之外本報告不可用作其他用途。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按《香港審計準則》進行的審計在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們個別或滙總起來可能影響合併財務報表使用者所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我 們運用了職業判斷,保持了職業懷疑態度。我 們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致合併財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及取得充足和適當的審計。 證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述,或凌駕於內部監控之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險比較因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險為高。
- 了解與審計相關的內部監控,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對貴集 團內部監控的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露資料的合理 性。

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
 We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Cheung Tsang Fai.

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

21 March 2017

- 評價合併財務報表的整體列報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露資料,以及合 併財務報表是否公允反映交易和事項。
- 就集團中實體或業務活動的財務資料 獲取充分、適當的審計證據,以對合 併財務報表發表意見。我們負責指 導、監督和執行集團審計。我們對審 計意見承擔全部負責。

我們與審計委員會溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等事項,包括我們在審計期間識別出內部監控的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審計委員會提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關職業道德要求,並與他們溝通所有合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,相關的防範措施。

從與審計委員會溝通的事項中,我們決定哪些事項對本期合併財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們會在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許對某件事項作出公開披露,或在極端罕見的情況下,若有合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項而造成的負面後果將會超過其產生的公眾利益,我們將不會在此等情況下在報告中溝通該事項。

本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是張增 輝。

畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

2017年3月21日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 合併損益及其他綜合收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至2016年12月31日止年度 (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

		Note 附註	2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Revenue Cost of sales	營業額 銷售成本	3	1,103,540 (536,213)	1,178,001 (573,413)
Gross profit	毛利		567,327	604,588
Other revenue Other net income/(loss) Selling and distribution expenses Administrative and other operating expenses	其他收入 其他淨收入/(虧損) 銷售及經銷成本 行政及其他經營開支	4 4	57,850 1,193 (185,689) (109,198)	61,830 (526) (206,770) (119,228)
Profit from operations Finance costs	經營利潤 財務成本	5(a)	331,483 (4,307)	339,894 (1,002)
Profit before taxation Income tax	除税前利潤 所得税	6	327,176 (58,339)	338,892 (71,617)
Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益股東應佔年度利潤		268,837	267,275
Other comprehensive income for the year Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translation of	可能於其後重新分類至損益 之項目: 換算中國內地境外附屬			
financial statements of operations outside the mainland China	公司的財務報表 的匯兑差異		(14,319)	(2,433)
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	,本公司權益股東應佔年度 綜合收益總額		254,518	264,842
Earnings per share (RMB) — Basic	每股盈利(人民幣元) 一基本	9	0.16	0.16
— Diluted	一攤薄		0.16	0.16

The notes on pages 102 to 163 form part of these financial statements. Details of dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the profit for the year are set out in note 22(b).

第102至163頁的附註構成本財務報表的一部分。應付本公司權益股東年度利潤應佔股息的詳情載於附註22(b)。

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 合併財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2016 於2016年12月31日

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

		Note 附註	2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Lease prepayments Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 預付租金 無形資產 遞延税項資產	10 11 12 21(b)	85,299 17,319 513 3,021	79,939 17,734 769 3,966
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		106,152	102,408
Current assets Inventories Trade and other receivables Pledged deposits Fixed deposits held at banks with maturity over three months Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 存貨易及其他應收款 已質押存款 到期日超過三個月的銀行定期 存款 現金及現金等價物	14 15 16 17(a) 17(a)	220,255 421,547 255,959 1,364,266 88,796	259,079 344,034 174,916 1,281,500 21,000
Total current assets	流動資產總值		2,350,823	2,080,529
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Bank loans Current taxation	流動負債 貿易及其他應付款 銀行貸款 即期税項	18 19 21(a)	236,028 320,632 33,346	320,886 129,739 10,768
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		590,006	461,393
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		1,760,817	1,619,136
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		1,866,969	1,721,544
Non-current liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	非流動負債 遞延税項負債	21(b)	10,782	10,782
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總值		10,782	10,782
Net assets	資產淨值		1,856,187	1,710,762
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	資本及儲備 股本 儲備	22(c) 22(d)	13,567 1,842,620	13,494 1,697,268
Total equity	權益總額		1,856,187	1,710,762

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 21 March 2017.

由董事會於2017年3月21日批准及授權刊發。

Shi Hongliu 施洪流 Director 董事 Shi Hongyan 施鴻雁 Director 董事

The notes on pages 102 to 163 form part of these financial statements.

第102至163頁的附註構成本財務報表的一部分。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 合併權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至2016年12月31日止年度 (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

			Share capital	Share premium	Capital redemption reserve	Capital reserve	Statutory reserve	Exchange reserve	Other reserve	Share-based compensation reserve 以股份為基準	Retained earnings	Total
			股本 (note 22(c))	股份溢價 (note 22(d)(i))	資本贖回儲備 (note22(d)(i))	資本儲備 (note 22(d)(ii))	法定儲備 (note 22(d)(iii))	匯兑儲備 (note 22(d)(iv))	其他儲備 (note 22(d)(v))	的補償儲備 (note 22(d)(vi))	保留利潤	總計
		Note 附註	(附註22(c)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	(附註22(d)(i)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	(附註22(d)(i)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	(附註22(d)(ii)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	(附註22(d)(iii)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	(附註22(d)(iv) RMB'000 人民幣千元	(附註22(d)(v) RMB'000 人民幣千元	(附註22(d)(vi)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2015 Changes in equity for 2015:	於2015年1月1日的結餘 2015年權益變動:		13,465	132,808	26	60	67,465	(6,330)	91,132	7,495	1,335,025	1,641,146
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	年度盈利 其他綜合收益		-		- -			(2,433)			267,275	267,275 (2,433)
Total comprehensive income	綜合收益總額							(2,433)			267,275	264,842
Appropriation to statutory reserves Shares issued on exercise of share	撥入法定儲備 行使購股權之已發行股份	22(d)(iii)	-	-	-	-	2,107	-	-	-	(2,107)	-
options Dividends approved in respect of current year	就本年度批准的股息	22(c)(ii) 22(b)	32	6,081	-	-	-	-	-	(1,986)	(82,091)	4,127 (198,455)
Purchase of own shares — Par value paid — Premium paid — Transfer between reserves	購買本身股份 一已付面值 一已付溢價 一於儲備間轉撥	22(0)	(3)	(895) (3)	- - 3	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -		(3) (895)
Balance at 31 December 2015	於2015年12月31日的結餘		13,494	21,627	29	60	69,572	(8,763)	91,132	5,509	1,518,102	1,710,762
Balance at 1 January 2016 Changes in equity for 2016: Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	於2016年1月1日的結餘 2016年權益變動: 年度盈利 其他綜合收益		13,494 - -	21,627	29 	60 - 	69,572	(8,763) - (14,319)	91,132	5,509 - 	1,518,102 268,837	1,710,762 268,837 (14,319)
Total comprehensive income	綜合收益總額				-			(14,319)		-	268,837	254,518
Equity-settled share-based payments Shares issued on exercise of share options		22(d)(vi) 22(c)(ii)	- 73	13,764	-	-	-	-	-	(800) (4,530)	-	(800) 9,307
Dividends approved in respect of current year	就本年度批准的股息	22(b)	<u></u>	(21,627)							(95,973)	(117,600)
Balance at 31 December 2016	於2016年12月31日的結餘	5	13,567	13,764	29	60	69,572	(23,082)	91,132	179	1,690,966	1,856,187

The notes on pages 102 to 163 form part of these financial statements.

第102至163頁的附註構成本財務報表的一部分。

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 合併現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至2016年12月31日止年度 (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

		Note 附註	2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Operating activities Cash generated from operations Income tax paid	經營活動 經營所得現金 已付所得税	17(b)	116,534 (34,816)	306,478 (72,969)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得現金淨額		81,718	233,509
Investing activities Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment Payment for purchase of intangible assets Interest received Increase in pledged deposits Placement of time deposits with original maturity over three months Maturity of time deposits with original maturity over three months	投資活動 購置物業、廠房及設備付款 購置無形資產付款 已收取利息 已質押存款增加 存入原到期日超過三個月之定期存款 原到期日超過三個月之定期存款 原到期日超過三個月之定期存款		(8,097) (149) 41,519 (81,043) (1,364,266) 1,281,500	(6,210) (622) 40,095 (159,084) (1,281,500) 1,222,298
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(130,536)	(185,023)
Financing activities Proceeds from bank loans Repayments of bank loans Proceeds from loan from the immediate controlling shareholder Proceeds from shares issued under share option scheme	融資活動 銀行貸款所得款項 銀行貸款還款 直接控股股東貸款所得款項 根據購股權計劃發行股份所得 款項	22(c)(ii)	310,489 (132,076) 52,396 9,307	129,606 - - - 4,127
Payment for repurchase of shares Interest paid Dividends paid to equity shareholders of the Company	股份購回付款 已付利息 已付本公司權益股東的股息		(4,323) (119,179)	(898) (892) (196,868)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動所得/(用)現金淨額		116,614	(64,925)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 增加/(減少)淨額		67,796	(16,439)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	於1月1日的現金及現金等價物		21,000	37,439
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	於 12月31 日的現金及現金等價 物	17(a)	88,796	21,000

The notes on pages 102 to 163 form part of these financial statements.

第102至163頁的附註構成本財務報表的一部分。

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies

(a) Statement of compliance

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 2 September 2010. The shares of the Company have been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 16 December 2011.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations issued by International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 1(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group").

The measurement basis used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements is the historical cost basis.

The functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$"). These consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") as the functional currency of the Group's operating subsidiaries is RMB. These consolidated financial statements presented in RMB have been rounded to the nearest thousand.

1 重大會計政策

(a) 合規聲明

本公司於2010年9月2日在開曼群島註冊成立。本公司股份自2011年12月16日起已於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

國際會計準則委員會已頒佈了多項新訂及經修訂的國際財務報告準則,有關準則於本集團的前期間內方。 會計期間首次生效或可供提開的。於本期間及過往會計期間內方。 由於初次應用上述與本集團有關的新訂及經修訂國際財務報告與所導致會計政策變動已反映數所導致會計政策變動已反,有關資料載於附註1(c)內。

(b) 財務報表的編製基準

截至2016年12月31日止年度的合併財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司。

編製該等合併財務報表時所採用 之計量基準為歷史成本法。

本公司的功能貨幣為港元(「港元」)。由於本集團經營附屬公司的功能貨幣為人民幣(「人民幣」),故該等合併財務報表以人民幣呈列。以人民幣呈列的該等合併財務報表均湊整至最接近的千元。

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of IFRSs that have significant effect on the consolidated financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 2.

(c) Changes in accounting standards

The IASB has issued the following amendments to IFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group:

- Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38, Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation
- Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2012 2014 Cycle
- Amendments to IAS 1, Disclosure initiative

None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 財務報表的編製基準(續)

估計及相關假設均會被持續審閱。倘會計估計的修訂僅影響作出修訂的期間,則修訂於作出修訂的期間內確認,倘修訂對現時及未來期間均有影響,則於修訂及未來期間均確認修訂。

於應用國際財務報告準則時管理 層所作對合併財務報表具有重大 影響的判斷及估計不確定因素的 主要來源已於附註2中討論。

(c) 會計準則的變動

國際會計準則理事會已頒佈下列 國際財務報告準則的修訂,有關 修訂在本集團的當前會計期間首 次生效:

- 國際會計準則第16號及國際會計準則第38號(修訂本),折舊及攤銷的可接受方法的説明
- 國際財務報告準則2012年至2014年週期之年度改進
- 國際會計準則第1號(修訂本), 主動披露

概無該等發展對本集團的當前或 以往期間的業績及財務狀況的編 製或呈列方式有重大影響。本集 團並無應用在當前會計期間尚未 生效的任何新訂準則或詮釋。

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 1(i)).

(e) Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 1(i)).

The cost of self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowing costs (see note 1(t)).

No depreciation is provided in respect of construction in progress.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 附屬公司

附屬公司指本集團控制的實體。當本集團承受或享有參與實體所得的可變回報,且有能力透過時對實體的權力影響該等回報時,則本集團控制該實體。於評估本集團是否擁有有關權力時,僅有考慮其實質權利(由集團及其他方擁有)。

在本公司財務狀況表內,於附屬公司的投資按成本減減值損失(見附註1(i))列賬。

(e) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備項目按成本減去累計折舊及減值損失(見附註1(i))列賬。

自建物業、廠房及設備項目的成本包括物料成本、直接勞工成本、拆卸及搬遷項目以及恢復項目所在地原貌的成本的初步估計(倘有關)和適當比例的生產經常費用及借貸成本(見附註1(t))。

在建工程不作折舊撥備。

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備項 目所產生的盈虧以該項目的出售 所得款項淨額與其賬面值之間的 差額釐定,並於報廢或出售當日 在損益內予以確認。

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(e) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

 Buildings situated on leasehold land are depreciated over the shorter of the unexpired term of lease and their estimated useful lives, being no more than 20 years after the date of completion.

Machinery and equipment

5 – 10 years

Motor vehicles

2 - 4 years

Furniture and fixtures

3 – 5 years

Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

(f) Intangible assets

Intangible assets represent software and are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses (see note 1(i)).

Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimate useful lives. Software are amortised from the date they are available for use over a period of three years.

Both the period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

(g) Lease prepayments

Lease prepayments represent cost of land use rights paid to the People's Republic of China ("PRC") governmental authorities. Land use rights are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (see note 1(i)). Amortisation is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the respective periods of the rights.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(e) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目的折舊按 下列估計可用年期,以直線法撇 銷其成本減去其估計剩餘價值(如 有)計算:

• 位於租賃土地上的樓宇按未 屆滿的租賃期及其估計可 用年期(以較短者為準,且 不超過完成日期後20年)折 舊。

機器及設備 5至10年

• 汽車 2至4年

• 傢俬及裝置 3至5年

資產的可用年期及其剩餘價值(如 有)均每年進行審閱。

(f) 無形資產

無形資產指軟件,按成本減去累計攤銷(當估計可用年期為有限) 及減值損失(見附註1(i))於合併財 務狀況表列賬。

具有有限可用年期的無形資產攤 銷乃於資產估計可用年期內以直 線法在損益中扣除。軟件由其可 供使用當日起計三年期間內攤銷。

攤銷期間及方法均每年進行審閱。

(q) 預付租金

預付租金指向中華人民共和國 (「中國」)政府機構支付之土地使 用權成本。土地使用權按成本減 累計攤銷及減值損失列賬(見附註 1(j))。攤銷以直線法於權利的各 自期間自損益中扣除。

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Operating lease charges

Where the Group has the use of assets under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease terms, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

(i) Impairment of assets

(i) Impairment of trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 經營租賃支出

倘本集團可使用經營租賃下的資產,則根據租賃而支付的款項會於租賃期所涵蓋的會計期間內期於損益中扣除,除額分期於損益中扣除,除產人表租賃資產所發達。所獲了,與大有產生的利益模式則屬例外。所獲取稅租赁優惠於損益中確認為淨租金總額的組成部分。或有租金於產生的會計期間在損益中扣除。

(i) 資產減值

(i) 貿易及其他應收款的減值

按成本或攤銷成本列賬的貿易及其他應收款會於各報告期末審閱以釐定是否有客觀的減值證據。客觀減值證據包括本集團就下列一項或多項損失事件所注意到的可觀察數據:

- 債務人出現重大財務困難;
- 違約(如拖欠或延遲 支付利息或本金);
- 債務人可能破產或進 行其他財務重組;及
- 科技、市場、經濟或 法律環境出現對債務 人有不利影響的重大 變動。

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

(除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

- (i) Impairment of assets (continued)
 - (i) Impairment of trade and other receivables (continued)

If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

For trade and other current receivables carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where these financial assets share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade debtors included within trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade debtors directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

1 重大會計政策(續)

- (i) 資產減值(續)
 - (i) 貿易及其他應收款的減值 (續)

倘存在任何有關證據,減值 損失按以下方式釐定及確 認:

就按攤銷成本計算的 貿易及其他應收款而 言減值損失根據資產 的賬面值與估計未來 現金流量現值兩者 間的差額計量,如貼 現影響屬重大,則按金融資產原實際利率 (即初始確認該等資 產時計算的實際利率)貼現。倘金融資產具備類似風險特 徵,例如類似的逾期 情況及並未單獨評估為減值,則有關評估 會一同進行。金融資產的未來現金流量根 據與該類資產具有類 似信貸風險特徵的資 產的過往虧損經驗 同評估減值

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(i) Impairment of assets (continued)

(ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- lease prepayments;
- intangible assets; and
- investment in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

1 重大會計政策(續)

(i) 資產減值(續)

(ii) 其他資產的減值

本集團會在各報告期末審閱內部及外部資料來源,以確定下列資產是否出現減值跡象,或過往確認的減值損失是否不再存在或已經減少:

- 物業、廠房及設備;
- 預付租金;
- 無形資產;及
- 本公司財務狀況表內 的於附屬公司的投資。

倘若存在任何有關跡象,則 會估計資產的可收回金額。

一 計算可收回金額

資產的可收回金額為 其公允價值減出售成 本與使用價值之間的 較高者。於評估使用 價值時,估計未來現 金流量乃按能反映現 時市場對貨幣時間值 及資產特定風險的評 估的税前貼現率,貼 現至其現值。倘資產 所產生的現金流入大 致上不能獨立於其他 資產所產生的現金流 入,則以能獨立產生 現金流入的最小資產 組別(即現金產生單 位)來釐定可收回金 額。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(i) Impairment of assets (continued)

(ii) Impairment of other assets (continued)

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

Reversals of impairment losses

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

A reversal of impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

(iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Rule Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with IAS 34, *Interim financial reporting*, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see notes 1(i)(i) and (ii)).

1 重大會計政策(續)

(i) 資產減值(續)

(ii) 其他資產的減值(續)

一 確認減值損失

- 轉回減值損失

倘用以釐定可收回金 額的估計出現有利變 動,有關減值損失將 予轉回。

轉回的減值損失以在 過往年度並無確認減 值損失的情況下原應 釐定的資產賬面值為 限。轉回的減值損失 乃於確認轉回的年度 內計入損益。

(iii) 中期財務報告及減值

根據聯交所證券上市規則,本集團須遵照國際會計準則第34號中期財務報告編製有關財政年度首六個月之中期財務報告。於中期期末,本集團採用等同財政年度末之減值測試、確認、及撥回標準(附註1(i)(i)及(ii))。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(i) Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any writedown of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period when the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(k) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (see note 1(i)), except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts.

(I) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(j) 存貨

存貨以成本及可實現淨值兩者的 較低者入賬。

成本乃使用加權平均成本公式計算,並包括所有採購成本、轉換 成本和將存貨運至現址及使其達 至現時狀況所產生的其他成本。

可實現淨值乃於日常業務過程中 的估計售價,減去估計完成的成 本及進行銷售所需的估計成本。

於出售存貨時,該等存貨的賬面值在相關收入確認的期間確認為開支。存貨撇減至可實現淨值的任何金額及存貨的所有虧損,在撇減或出現虧損的期間確認為開支。存貨的任何撇減轉回在出現轉回期間確認為沖減存貨開支。

(k) 貿易及其他應收款

貿易及其他應收款初始按公允價值確認,其後使用實際利率法按 攤銷成本減呆賬的減值撥備列賬 (見附註1(i)),惟應收款乃向關聯 方提供及無任何固定還款期的免 息貸款或貼現影響並不重大者則 屬例外。在該等情況下,應收款 乃按成本減呆賬減值撥備列賬。

(I) 計息借款

計息借款初始按公允價值減應佔交易成本確認。初始確認後,計息借款按攤銷成本列賬,而初始確認金額與贖回值之間任何差額,連同任何利息及應付費用,使用實際利率法於借款期內在損益中確認。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(m) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

(o) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

Contributions to appropriate local defined contribution retirement schemes pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations in the PRC are recognised as an expense in profit or loss as incurred, except to the extent that they are included in the cost of inventories not yet recognised as an expense.

(ii) Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as employee cost with a corresponding increase in the share-based compensation reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at the grant date using the binomial lattice model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(m) 貿易及其他應付款

貿易及其他應付款初始按公允價 值確認,其後按攤銷成本列賬, 除非貼現的影響並不重大,在此 情況下則按成本列賬。

(n) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行存款 及手頭現金、存放在銀行及其他 財務機構的活期存款及短期高流 動性的投資(此等投資可隨時換算 為已知金額的現金,其價值變動 風險不大及在購入時已將於三個 月內到期)。

(o) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利及界定供款退 休計劃供款

薪金、年度花紅、有薪年假、界定供款退休計劃供款以及非貨幣性福利成本均在僱員提供相關服務的年度內計算。倘付款或結算獲遞延處理,且影響重大,則該等金額按其現值列賬。

除已計入但尚未確認為開支 的存貨成本外,根據中國有 關勞工規則及法規向當地適 當界定供款退休計劃作出的 供款於產生期間在損益確認 為開支。

(ii) 以股份為基準的付款

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(o) Employee benefits (continued)

(ii) Share-based payments (continued)

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the capital reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

(p) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(o) 僱員福利(續)

(ii) 以股份為基準的付款(續)

於歸屬期間須對預期將予歸 屬的購股權數目進行評估。 對以往年度確認的累計公允 價值的仟何調整,於進行檢 討的年度在損益表內計入/ 扣除, 並於資本儲備內作相 應調整,除非原有僱員開支 合資格確認為資產。於歸屬 日期,確認為開支的金額須 予調整,以反映實際上已歸 屬的購股權數目(並於資本 儲備內作相應調整),惟倘 只因未能達到與本公司股份 市價有關的歸屬條件而導致 被沒收則除外。有關的權益 部分於資本儲備內確認,直 至有關的購股權已獲行使 (其時轉入股份溢價賬)或購 股權已屆滿(其時直接解除 至保留利潤)為止。

(p) 所得税

年度所得税包括即期税項及遞延 税項資產與負債的變動。即期税 項及遞延税項資產與負債的變動 均在損益確認,惟倘其與於其他 綜合收益或直接於權益中確認的 項目有關,則在此情況內有關 税項金額分別於其他綜合收益或 直接於權益中確認。

即期税項為年度應課税收益的預期應付税項,採用於報告期末已頒佈或實質已頒佈的税率計算,以及就過往年度應付税項作出的任何調整。

遞延税項資產及負債分別因可扣 税及應課税暫時性差額所產生, 暫時性差額即資產及負債就財務 報告而言的賬面值與其税基兩者 之間的差額。遞延税項資產亦會 因未動用税項虧損及未動用税項 抵免而產生。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(p) Income tax (continued)

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits. that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(p) 所得税(續)

除若干少數例外情況外,所有遞 延税項負債及所有遞延税項資產 均於日後可能有應課税利潤用以 抵銷可動用資產時確認。可支持 確認源自可扣税暫時性差額的遞 延税項資產的日後應課税利潤包 括該等源自轉回現有應課税暫時 性差額的數額,惟該等差額須與 相同税務機關及相同應課税實體 有關,並預期於轉回可扣税暫時 性差額的同一期間或源自遞延税 項資產的税項虧損可承後或承前 結轉的期間轉回。在釐定現有應 課税暫時性差額是否支持確認因 未動用税項虧損及抵免產生的遞 延税項資產時採用相同的標準, 即倘該等暫時性差額與相同税務 機關及相同應課税實體有關,且 預期在可動用税項虧損或抵免期 間內轉回則會計入該等暫時性差

已確認的遞延稅項金額乃按資產 及負債賬面值的預期實現或清償 方式,使用於報告期末已頒佈或 實質已頒佈的稅率計量。遞延稅 項資產及負債並無貼現。

遞延税項資產的賬面值會於各報告期末審閱,並減至不再可能有足夠應課税利潤以利用有關稅務優惠時為止。任何減幅會於可能有足夠應課稅利潤時轉回。

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(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

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1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(p) Income tax (continued)

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

(q) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(p) 所得税(續)

分派股息而產生的額外所得稅在支付相關股息責任獲確立時確認。

即期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘,及其變動分開列示,並不可與不可與不可與不可以不可以不可以及遞延稅項資產與即期稅延延稅項資產與遞延稅項負債只會在本公司或本集團稅合法可強制執行權利以即期稅項負債,並不可資產抵銷即期稅項負債,並才可互相抵銷:

- 若屬即期稅項資產及負債, 本公司或本集團計劃按淨額 基準結算,或同時實現該資 產及清償該負債;或
- 若屬遞延税項資產及負債, 該資產及負債須與相同稅務 機關就以下其中一項徵收的 所得稅有關:
 - 相同應課税實體;或

(q) 撥備及或有負債

當本集團或本公司因過去事件須承擔法定或推定責任,而履行該責任很可能需要付出經濟利益及能可靠估計時,則須就未確定時間或金額的負債確認撥備。倘實幣的時間值重大,則撥備會以履行該等責任而預期所需支出的現值列賬。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(q) Provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(r) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

(i) Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered at the customers' premises which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

(iii) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(q) 撥備及或有負債(續)

當不大可能需要經濟利益流出,或其數額未能可靠估計,除非經濟利益流出的可能性極微,否則須披露該等責任為或有負債。其存在僅能以一宗或以上日後事件的發生與否來確定的潛在責任,除非經濟利益流出的可能性極微,否則亦披露為或有負債。

(r) 收入確認

收入按已收或應收對價的公允價值計量。收入在經濟利益有可能 流入本集團及收入與成本(如適用)能可靠計量時按下列基準於損益內確認:

(i) 銷售貨品

收入於客戶接收貨物及與擁 有權有關的風險及回報之時 確認。收入不包括增值稅或 其他銷售稅,並於扣除任何 貿易折扣後計算。

(ii) 利息收入

利息收入乃採用實際利率法 於其產生時確認。

(iii) 政府補貼

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(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

(除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(s) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates.

The results of operations outside the mainland China are translated into RMB at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items are translated into RMB at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

(t) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

(u) Related parties

- (i) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (a) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (b) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (c) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(s) 外幣換算

於年度進行的外幣交易按交易日 適用的匯率進行換算。以外幣計 值的貨幣資產及負債按於報告期 末的匯率換算。匯兑盈虧則於損 益內確認。

按歷史成本以外幣為單位計量的 非貨幣資產及負債,使用交易日 適用的匯率換算。

中國內地境外業務的業績乃按與交易日適用的匯率相若的匯率換算為人民幣。財務狀況表項目乃按於報告期末的最後收盤外幣匯率換算為人民幣。所產生的匯兑差額於其他綜合收益確認及於權益中的匯兑儲備獨立累計。

(t) 借款成本

與收購、建造或生產需要長時間 才可以投入擬定用途或銷售的資 產直接相關的借款成本,將予資 本化作為該資產成本的一部分。 其他借款成本則於產生期間支銷。

(u) 關聯方

- (i) 倘屬以下人士,則該人士或 該人士的近親家庭成員與本 集團有關聯:
 - (a) 控制或共同控制本集 團;
 - (b) 對本集團有重大影響;或
 - (c) 為本集團或本集團母 公司的主要管理層成 員。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(u) Related parties (continued)

- (ii) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (a) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (b) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (c) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (d) One entity is a joint venture of a third party and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (e) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (f) The entity is controlled or jointly-controlled by a person identified in (i).
 - (g) A person identified in (i)(a) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (h) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(u) 關聯方(續)

- (ii) 倘符合下列任何條件,即實 體與本集團有關聯:
 - (a) 該實體與本集團屬同 一集團的成員公司 (即各母公司、附屬 公司及同系附屬公司 彼此間有關連)。
 - (b) 一間實體為另一實體 的聯營公司或合營企 業(或另一實體為成 員公司的集團成員公 司的聯營公司或合營 企業)。
 - (c) 兩間實體均為同一第 三方的合營企業。
 - (d) 一間實體為第三方實體的合營企業,而另一實體為同一第三方實體的聯營公司。
 - (e) 實體為本集團或與本 集團有關聯的實體就 僱員利益而設的離職 後福利計劃。
 - (f) 實體受(i)所識別人士 控制或受共同控制。
 - (g) 於(i)(a)所識別人士對 實體有重大影響力或 屬該實體(或該實體 的母公司)主要管理 層成員。
 - (h) 實體或其所屬集團旗 下任何成員公司向本 集團或本集團母公司 提供主要管理人員服 務。

一名人士的近親家庭成員指 預期在與實體的交易中可影 響該人士或受該人士影響的 家庭成員。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(v) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial statements provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business

2 Accounting judgement and estimates

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances

The selection of critical accounting policies, the judgements and other uncertainties affecting application of those policies and the sensitivity of reported results to changes in condition and assumptions are factors to be considered when reviewing the financial statements. The principal accounting policies are set forth in note 1. The Group believes the following critical accounting policies involve the most significant judgements and estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements.

(a) Impairments

If circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable, the asset may be considered "impaired", and an impairment loss may be recognised in profit or loss. The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed periodically in order to assess whether the recoverable amounts have declined below the carrying amounts. These assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their recorded carrying amounts may not be recoverable. When such a decline has occurred, the carrying amount is reduced to recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In determining the value in use, expected cash flows generated by the asset are discounted to their present value, which requires significant judgement relating to level of sales volume, sales revenue and amount of operating costs. The Group uses all readily available information in determining an amount that is a reasonable approximation of recoverable amount, including estimates based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and projections of sales volume, sales revenue and amount of operating costs.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(v) 分部報告

經營分部及財務報表內呈報的每個分部項目的金額,乃自定期向本集團最高行政管理層提供作為分配資源及評核本集團不同業務表現的財務報表中識別。

2 會計判斷及估計

估計及判斷乃持續評估及基於過往經驗 及其他因素(包括因應當時情況相信為 對未來事件的合理預期)。

重大會計政策的選擇、影響該等政策應用的判斷及其他不明朗因素以及所呈報業績對條件及假設變動的敏感度均為審閱財務報表時所考慮的因素。主要會計政策載列於附註1。本集團相信,以下重大會計政策涉及編製財務報表時所使用最為重大的判斷及估計。

(a) 減值

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

2 Accounting judgement and estimates (continued)

(b) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. These estimates are based on the current market conditions and the historical experience of selling products with similar nature. Any change in the assumptions would increase or decrease the amount of inventories write-down or the related reversals of write-down made in prior years and affect the Group's net assets value. The Group reassesses these estimates at the end of the reporting period.

(c) Impairment of trade and other receivables

The Group estimates the impairment allowances for trade and other receivables by assessing the recoverability based on credit history and prevailing market conditions. This requires the use of estimates and judgements. Allowances are applied to trade and other receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will affect the carrying amounts of trade and other receivables and thus the impairment loss in the period in which such estimate is changed. The Group reassesses the impairment allowances at the end of the reporting period.

(d) Depreciation and amortisation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives, after taking into account the estimated residual value. Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised on straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives. The Group reviews the estimated useful lives of the assets regularly in order to determine the amount of depreciation and amortisation expenses to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives are based on the Group's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation and amortisation expenses for future periods are adjusted prospectively if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

2 會計判斷及估計(續)

(b) 存貨的可實現淨值

(c) 貿易及其他應收款的減值

(d) 折舊及攤銷

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

3 Revenue and segment reporting

The principal activities of the Group are design, manufacture and wholesale of swimwear, fitness wear and sports underwear.

Revenue represents the sales value of goods sold less returns, discounts and value added tax.

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's business segments. The primary format, business segments, is based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure. No geographical segment analysis is presented as substantially all assets, liabilities, revenue and gross profit of the Group are attributable to the operation in the PRC.

In 2016, the Group has four separate segments as follows:

- Design, manufacture and wholesale of swimwear under the brand name of "Hosa" ("Swimwear-Hosa");
- Design, manufacture and wholesale of swimwear under the brand name of "Water Cube" ("Swimwear-Water Cube");
- Design, manufacture and wholesale of fitness wear under the brand name of "Hosa" ("Fitness wear-Hosa"); and
- Design, manufacture and wholesale of sports underwear under the brand name of "Hosa" ("Sports underwear- Hosa").

3 營業額及分部報告

本集團的主要業務為水運動、健身服飾及運動內衣的設計、生產及批發。

營業額指已出售貨品的銷售價值減去退 貨、折扣及增值税。

分部資料乃就本集團業務分部呈列。主要形式(業務分部)乃根據本集團管理及內部申報架構劃分。由於本集團絕大部分資產、負債、營業額及毛利均源自於中國的業務營運,故此並無呈列地區分部分析。

於2016年,本集團的持續經營業務內設 有四個獨立分部,載列如下:

- 「浩沙」品牌下水運動的設計、生產及批發(「水運動-浩沙」);
- 「水立方」品牌下水運動的設計、生產及批發(「水運動一水立方」);
- 「浩沙」品牌下健身服飾的設計、生產及批發(「健身服飾一浩沙」):及
- 「浩沙」品牌下運動內衣的設計、 生產及批發(「運動內衣一浩沙」)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

3 Revenue and segment reporting (continued)

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 is set out below:

3 營業額及分部報告(續)

向本集團最高級行政管理層提供以於截至2016年及2015年12月31日止年度分配資源及評估分部表現而有關本集團須申報分部的資料載列如下:

		Swimwear - Hosa 水運動 - 浩沙 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Swimwear - Water Cube 水運動 - 水立方 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Fitness wear - Hosa 健身瑜伽 - 浩沙 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Sports underwear - Hosa 運動內衣 一浩沙 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Year ended 31 December 2016 Revenue Cost of sales	截至2016年12月31日止年度 營業額 銷售成本	422,819 (198,866)	140,295 (83,524)	441,526 (193,994)	98,900 (59,829)	1,103,540 (536,213)
Gross profit Year ended 31 December 2015	毛利 截至2015年12月31日止年度	223,953	56,771	247,532	39,071	567,327
Revenue Cost of sales	營業額 銷售成本	395,785 (179,311)	151,994 (88,493)	437,076 (187,372)	193,146 (118,237)	1,178,001 (573,413)
Gross profit	毛利	216,474	63,501	249,704	74,909	604,588

The Group's revenue by geographical locations is determined by the destination where the goods are delivered.

本集團按地理位置劃分的營業額乃以產 品交付目的地釐定。

		Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度	
		2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Domestic Overseas	國內 海外	1,021,928 81,612	1,117,083 60,918
		1,103,540	1,178,001

The Group has three customers (2015: one customer) with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2016. The amount of sales to these customers amounted to approximately RMB408,400,000 for the year ended 31 December 2016 (2015: RMB183,217,000).

截至2016年12月31日止年度,本集團 與三名客戶(2015年:一名客戶)的交易 超過本集團營業額的10%。截至2016年 12月31日止年度,來自該等客戶的銷售 額約為人民幣408,400,000元(2015年: 人民幣183,217,000元)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

4 Other revenue and other net income/(loss)

4 其他收入及其他淨收入/(虧 損)

		Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度	
		2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Other revenue	其他收入		
Interest income – financial institutions	利息收入一金融機構	40,900	36,633
Government grants	政府補貼	12,578	24,418
Written back of long-aged liabilities	長期掛賬的負債轉回	3,482	_
Others	其他	890	779
		57,850	61,830
Other net income/(loss)	其他淨收入/(虧損)		
Exchange gain/(loss)	匯兑收益/(虧損)	1,567	(519)
Loss on disposal of raw materials	出售原材料虧損	(295)	_
Others	其他	<u>(79)</u>	(7)
		1,193	(526)

Government grants of the Group were unconditional and were therefore recognised as income when received.

本集團的政府補貼為無條件,因此於收 取時確認為收入。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

5 Profit before taxation

5 除税前利潤

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

除税前利潤乃經扣除/(計入)以下各項 後得出:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

 2016
 2015

 RMB'000
 RMB'000

 人民幣千元
 人民幣千元

(a)	Finance costs: Interest on bank loans	(a)	財務成本: 銀行借款利息	4,307	1,002
(b)	Staff costs: Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans (note 23) Equity-settled share-based payment expenses (note 20) Equity-settled share-based payment expenses reversal (note 20)	(b)	員工成本 : 界定供款退休計劃供款 <i>(附註23)</i> 以權益結算以股份支付 開支 <i>(附註20)</i> 以權益結算以股份支付 開支轉回 <i>(附註20)</i>	1,995 179 (979)	1,795 - -
	Salaries, wages and other benefits		薪金、工資及其他福利	94,907	98,112
			=	96,102	99,907
(c)	Other items: Amortisation of intangible assets	(c)	其他項目 : 無形資產及預付租金攤銷		
	and lease prepayments		灬// 女庄// 八八山亚州	820	790
	Auditors' remuneration		審計師酬金	2,702	2,550
	Depreciation		折舊	9,028	9,617
	Operating lease charges in respect of properties		有關物業的經營租賃支出	6,374	6,666
	Research and development costs (note (i))		研發成本(<i>附註(i))</i>	63,073	73,443
	Cost of inventories (note (ii))		存貨成本 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	536,213	573,413

Notes:

- (i) Research and development costs for the year ended 31 December 2016 include staff costs of employees in the design, research and development department of RMB13,064,000 (2015: RMB13,225,000), which are also included in the staff costs as disclosed in note 5(b).
- (ii) Cost of inventories for the year ended 31 December 2016 includes RMB54,080,000 (2015: RMB57,533,000) relating to staff costs, depreciation and amortisation expenses, which amount is included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above in notes 5(b) and (c) for each of these types of expenses.

附註:

- (i) 截至2016年12月31日止年度的研發成本包括設計及研發部僱員的員工成本人民幣13,064,000元(2015年:人民幣13,225,000元),亦已計入於附註5(b)披露的員工成本。
- (ii) 截至2016年12月31日止年度的存貨成本包括人民幣54,080,000元(2015年:人民幣57,533,000元),乃與員工成本、折舊及攤銷開支有關,而上述金額亦計入就各該等開支類別在上文附註5(b)及(c)另外披露的各總額中。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

- 6 Income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
 - Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:
- 合併損益及其他綜合收益表中 的所得税
 - 合併損益及其他綜合收益表中的 (a) 税項指:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

2016 2015 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 46,094 49,576 11,300 19,000

(544)

3,585

71,617

Deferred tax Origination and reversal of temporary differences (note 21(b)) Provision of dividends withholding tax

Current tax - PRC income tax

PRC dividend withholding tax (iv)

Provision for the year

遞延税項 暫時性差額的產生和轉回 (附註21(b))

即期税項-中國所得税

中國股息預扣税(iv)

年度撥備

股息預扣税撥備

税項開支與按適用税率計算的會

945

58,339

計利潤的對賬:

Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:

> Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

2016 2015 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Profit before taxation 除税前利潤 338,892 327,176 Notional tax on profit before taxation, 按適用於各税務司法權區法 calculated at the statutory tax rates 定税率計算的除税前利潤 applicable to the respective tax 的名義税項(i) jurisdictions (i) 85,117 85,550 Tax effect of PRC preferential tax 中國優惠税務待遇的税務 treatments (ii) 影響(ii) (40,643)(38,337)Tax effect of non-deductible expenses 不可扣税開支的税務影響 2,565 1,819 Withholding tax on profit retained by 中國附屬公司保留利潤的 PRC subsidiaries (iii) 預扣税(iii) 11,300 22,585 Actual tax expense 實際税項開支 58,339 71,617

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)
(除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

6 Income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income (continued)

- (b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:(continued)
 - (i) Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the BVI.

No provision was made for Hong Kong Profits Tax as the Group did not earn any assessable profit subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015.

(ii) According to the PRC Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") Law that took effect on 1 January 2008, the statutory income tax rate of the Group's subsidiaries in mainland China Haosha Industry (Fujian) Co., Ltd. ("Haosha Industry") and Haosha Industry (Datian) Co., Ltd. ("Haosha Industry (Datian)") is 25%.

In accordance with the CIT Law, its implementation rules and the relevant regulations, Haosha Industry was granted the High and New Technology Enterprise Status ("HNTE") in 2013 for a valid period of 3 years from 2013 to 2015 which entitles Haosha Industry to a reduced income tax rate at 15% during the valid periods under the CIT Law and its relevant regulations. Haosha Industry successfully renewed the HNTE qualification on 1 December 2016 and continues to enjoy a preferential income tax rate of 15% for another three years from 2016 to 2018.

(iii) According to PRC CIT Law and its implementation rules, dividends receivable by non-PRC corporate residents from PRC enterprises which are earned since 1 January 2008 are subject to withholding tax at a rate of 10%, unless reduced by tax treaties or arrangements. Under the Sino-Hong Kong Double Tax Arrangement, a qualified Hong Kong tax resident will be liable for withholding tax at the rate of 5% for dividend income derived from the PRC if the Hong Kong tax resident is the "beneficial owner" and holds 25% or more of the equity interests of the PRC Company.

As at the date of the annual report, the Group had not yet obtained the certificates of Hong Kong tax residents from the Inland Revenue Department of Hong Kong. Therefore, the Group is applicable to the withholding tax rate of 10%.

The Directors of the Group have determined that in determining the amounts of dividends to be distributed from PRC subsidiaries to the Hong Kong incorporated subsidiary in future, the amounts of dividends declared or to be declared by the Company would be considered. As at 31 December 2016, the Directors of the Group determined that the estimated dividends to be distributed will not be greater than RMB107,820,000 (31 December 2015: RMB107,820,000) in the foreseeable future.

6 合併損益及其他綜合收益表中 的所得税(續)

- (b) 税項開支與按適用税率計算的會 計利潤的對賬:(續)
 - (i) 根據開曼群島及英屬維京群島 (「英屬維京群島」)的規則及法 規,本集團毋須繳納開曼群島及 英屬維京群島的任何所得税。

由於本集團於截至2016年及2015 年12月31日止年度並無賺取任 何須繳納香港利得税的應課税利 潤,因此並無就香港利得稅計提 撥備。

(ii) 根據於2008年1月1日生效的中國 企業所得稅(「企業所得稅」)法, 本集團中國內地附屬公司浩沙實 業(福建)有限公司(「浩沙實業」) 及浩沙實業(大田)有限公司(「浩 沙實業(大田)」)的法定所得稅稅 率為25%。

根據企業所得稅法、其實施細則及相關法規,浩沙實業於2013年獲授予高新技術企業資格,由2013年至2015年,有效期3年年根據企業所得稅法及其相關規,浩沙實業於有效期內的所得稅稅率獲減至15%。浩沙實業於2016年12月1日成功更新高新技術企業資格,從2016年至2018年三年期間繼續享有15%的優惠稅

> 於本年報日,本集團仍未從香港 税務局獲得香港稅務居民資格。 因此,本集團適用的股息預扣稅 稅率為10%。

> 本集團董事在決定未來從中國境內附屬公司分配至香港註冊成立的附屬公司的股利金額時,本公司已宣告和將要宣告的股利 將會一同考慮。於2016年12月 31日,本集團董事預期在可預 見的將來將要分配不超過人民幣 107,820,000元(2015年:人民幣 107,820,000元)的股利。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

(除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

6 Income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income (continued)

- (b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:(continued)
 - (iv) PRC dividend withholding tax represents tax charged by the PRC tax authority on dividends distributed by the Group's PRC subsidiaries during the year.

7 Directors' emoluments

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation is as follows:

Year ended 31 December 2016

6 合併損益及其他綜合收益表中 的所得税(續)

- (b) 税項開支與按適用税率計算的會 計利潤的對賬:(續)
 - (iv) 中國股息預扣税即為中國稅務部 門就本集團的中國附屬公司於年 內所徵收的稅項。

7 董事薪酬

董事薪酬乃根據香港公司條例第383(1) 條及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例第2 部分作出如下披露:

截至2016年12月31日止年度

		Fee 袍金 <i>RMB'</i> 000 <i>人民幣千元</i>	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼 及實物福利 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Contributions to retirement benefit scheme 退休福利 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share-based payments (vi) 以股份為 基準的付款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Executive Directors Mr. Shi Hongliu Mr. Shi Hongyan Mr. Shi Zhixiong (iii) Mr. Lui Wai Ming (v)	執行董事 施洪流先生 施鴻雁先生 施志雄先生(iii) 雷偉銘先生(v)	- - - -	962 842 604 1,195	4 4 4 12	_ _ _ 179	- - - -	966 846 608 1,386
Sub-total	小青十		3,603	24	179		3,806
Independent Non-executive Directors Ms. Ko Yuk Lan Mr. He Wenyi (iii) Mr. Yao Ge	獨立非執行董事 高玉蘭女士 何文義先生(iii) 姚戈先生	- - -	250 180 180	- - -	- - -	- - -	250 180 180
Sub-total	小計		610				610
Total	總計		4,213	24	179		4,416

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

7 Directors' emoluments (continued)

7 董事薪酬(續)

Year ended 31 December 2015

截至2015年12月31日止年度

		Fee 袍金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼 及實物福利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Contributions to retirement benefit scheme 退休福利 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share-based payments 以股份為 基準的付款(vi) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Executive Directors	執行董事		,				
Mr. Shi Hongliu	施洪流先生	_	961	4	_	_	965
Mr. Shi Hongyan	施鴻雁先生	_	841	4	-	_	845
Mr. Zeng Shaoxiong (i)	曾少雄先生(i)	-	250	2	-	-	252
Mr. Zhao Yan (ii)	趙焰先生(ii)	-	578	25	-	-	603
Mr. Shi Zhixiong	施志雄先生		50				50
Sub-total	小計		2,680	35			2,715
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Ms. Ko Yuk Lan	高玉蘭女士	-	250	-	-	-	250
Mr. He Wenyi	何文義先生	-	15	-	-	-	15
Mr. Wang Yao <i>(iv)</i>	王耀先生(iv)	-	165	-	-	-	165
Mr. Yao Ge	姚戈先生		180				180
Sub-total	小計		610				610
Total	總計		3,290	35			3,325

Notes:

- (i) Mr. Zeng Shaoxiong was ceased to be an executive director on 26 May 2015.
- (ii) Mr. Zhao Yan was ceased to be an executive director on 1 December 2015.
- (iii) Mr. Shi Zhixiong and Mr. He Wenyi were appointed as executive director and independent non-executive director respectively on 1 December 2015.
- (iv) Mr. Wang Yao was ceased to be an independent non-executive director on 1 December 2015.
- (v) Mr. Lui Wai Ming was appointed as executive director on 1 April 2016.
- (vi) These payments represent the estimated value of share options granted to the directors under the company's share option scheme. The value of these share options is measured according to the group's accounting policies for share-based payment transactions as set out in note 1(o)(ii).

附註:

- (i) 曾少雄先生於2015年5月26日辭任執行 蓋事。
- (ii) 趙焰先生於2015年12月1日辭任執行董事。
- (iii) 施志雄先生及何文義先生於2015年12月 1日分別獲委任執行董事及獨立非執行董 事。
- (iv) 王耀先生於2015年12月1日辭任獨立非執行董事。
- (v) 雷偉銘先生於2016年4月1日獲委任為執 行董事。
- (vi) 這些付款為根據本公司購股權計劃授予 董事的購股權估計價值。這些購股權的 價值是根據如附註1(o)(ii)所列的本集團以 股份為基準的交易會計政策而計量。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

7 Directors' emoluments (continued)

The details of these benefits in kind, including the principal terms and number of options granted, are disclosed under the paragraph "Share option scheme" in the directors' report and note 20.

For the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2016, no amount was paid or payable by the Group to the directors or any of the five highest paid individuals set out in note 8 as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

8 Individual with highest emoluments

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, four (2015: three) are directors whose remuneration are disclosed in note 7. Emoluments in respect of the remaining one individual (2015: two) are as follows:

7 董事薪酬(續)

這些福利的詳情,包括授出的主要條款及購股權數目,已在董事報告及附註20的購股權計劃一段中披露。

截至2015年及2016年12月31日止年度,本集團概無支付或應付董事或附註 8載列的五名最高薪酬人士任何款項, 作為加盟本集團或加盟本集團時的獎勵 金,或作為離職補償。

8 最高薪酬人士

五名最高薪酬人士中,四名(2015年:三名)為董事,彼等的薪酬於附註7披露。餘下一名(2015年:兩名)人士的薪酬如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		截至12月31日止年度	
		2016	2015
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries and other emoluments	薪金及其他薪酬	489	1,059
			•
Retirement scheme contributions	退休計劃供款	15	30
		504	1,089
The emoluments of the one individua		上述一名(2015年:兩	名)最高薪酬人士
emoluments are within the following by	oand:	的薪酬介乎下列範圍:	
		Year ended 31 De 截至12月31日止	
		截主 12月31日止 2016	· 千皮 2015

HK\$500,001 to 1,000,000

500,001至1,000,000港元

1

Number of

individuals

人數

2

人數

Number of

individuals

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

9 Earnings per share

(a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company of RMB268,837,000 (2015: RMB267,275,000) and the weighted average number of 1,660,301,000 ordinary shares (2015: 1,657,298,000) in issue during the year, calculated as follows:

Weighted average number of ordinary shares

9 每股盈利

(a) 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據本公司普通權益股東應佔利潤人民幣268,837,000元(2015年:人民幣267,275,000元)及年內已發行普通股加權平均數1,660,301,000股(2015年:1,657,298,000股)計算。

普通股加權平均數

		2016 ′000 <i>千股</i>	2015 <i>'000</i> <i>千股</i>
Ordinary shares at 1 January Effect of shares repurchased Effect of share options exercised	於1月1日的普通股 購回股份的影響 行使購股權的影響	1,658,881 _ 1,420	1,655,212 (117) 2,203
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December	於12月31日的普通股 加權平均數	1,660,301	1,657,298

(b) Diluted earnings per share

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company of RMB268,837,000 (2015: RMB267,275,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 1,665,025,000 shares (2015: 1,665,586,000), calculated as follows:

Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)

(b) 每股攤薄盈利

每股攤薄盈利乃根據本公司普通權益股東應佔利潤人民幣268,837,000元(2015年:人民幣267,275,000元)及普通股加權平均數1,665,025,000股(2015年:1,665,586,000股)計算如下:

2015

普通股加權平均數(攤薄)

2016

		′000 <i>千股</i>	·000 千股
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December Effect of deemed issue of shares under	於12月31日的普通股 加權平均數 根據本公司購股權計劃 按零對價視作發行股份	1,660,301	1,657,298
the Company's share option scheme for nil consideration (note 20)	按令到頂代TF發1]放闭 的影響(附註20) —	4,724	8,288
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) at 31 December	於12月31日的普通股 加權平均數(攤薄)	1,665,025	1,665,586

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

10 Property, plant and equipment

10 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Furniture, fixtures and equipment	Leasehold improvement	Construction in progress	Total
		樓宇 RMB'000 人民幣千元	廠房及機器 <i>RMB'000</i> <i>人民幣千元</i>	汽車 RMB'000 人民幣千元	傢俬及裝置 RMB'000 人民幣千元	租賃物業裝修 RMB'000 人民幣千元	在建工程 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost	成本:							
1 January 2015 Additions Transfer from construction in	於2015年1月1日 添置 在建工程轉移	29,330 –	32,157 3,153	8,416 3	8,206 610	8,762 -	32,605 1,982	119,476 5,748
progress	EXT - IT IV IV					205	(205)	
At 31 December 2015	於2015年12月31日	29,330	35,310	8,419	8,816	8,967	34,382	125,224
1 January 2016 Additions	於2016年1月1日 添置	29,330 	35,310 4,648	8,419 	8,816 575	8,967 96	34,382 8,912	125,224 14,388
At 31 December 2016	於2016年12月31日	29,330	39,958	8,576	9,391	9,063	43,294	139,612
Accumulated depreciation 1 January 2015 Charge for the year	累計折舊 : 於2015年1月1日 年度折舊	6,755 1,694	15,755 2,803	5,716 832	4,504 1,508	2,938 2,780		35,668 9,617
At 31 December 2015	於2015年12月31日	8,449	18,558	6,548	6,012	5,718 	-	45,285
1 January 2016 Charge for the year	於2016年1月1日 年度折舊	8,449 1,694	18,558 3,204	6,548 812	6,012 1,458	5,718 1,860		45,285 9,028
At 31 December 2016	於2016年12月31日	10,143	21,762	7,360	7,470 	7,578 	-	54,313
Net book value: At 31 December 2016	賬面淨值: 於2016年12月31日	19,187	18,196	1,216	1,921	1,485	43,294	85,299
At 31 December 2015	於2015年12月31日	20,881	16,752	1,871	2,804	3,249	34,382	79,939

All property, plant and equipment owned by the Group are located in the PRC. Buildings are situated on leasehold land with lease term of 50 years in the PRC. 本集團所有物業、廠房及設備均位於中國。樓宇坐落於中國的租賃土地上,租賃期為50年。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)
(除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

11 Lease prepayments

11 預付租金

		2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Cost: At 1 January Additions	成本: 於1月1日 添置	19,304 	19,304 _
At 31 December	於12月31日	19,304	19,304
Accumulated amortisation: At 1 January Charge for the year	累計攤銷: 於1月1日 年度攤銷	1,570 415	1,155 415
At 31 December	於12月31日	1,985	1,570
Net book value: At 31 December	賬面淨值: 於12月31日	17,319	17,734

As at 31 December 2016, the Group's interests in leasehold land are held on medium-term leases of 50 years in the PRC. As at 31 December 2016, the Group was in the process of obtaining the land use right certificate in respect of a parcel of leasehold land in the PRC with net book value of RMB6,669,000 (2015: RMB6,897,000).

於2016年12月31日,本集團在中國租賃土地的權益以中期租賃持有,為期50年。於2016年12月31日,本集團現正就一幅位於中國的租賃土塊取得土地使用權證,其賬面淨值為人民幣6,669,000元(2015年:人民幣6,897,000元)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

12 Intangible assets

12 無形資產

Software

		軟件 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost: At 1 January 2015 Additions	成本: 於2015年1月1日 添置	1,274 622
At 31 December 2015	於2015年12月31日	1,896
At 1 January 2016 Additions	於2016年1月1日 添置	1,896 149
At 31 December 2016	於2016年12月31日	2,045
Accumulated amortisation: At 1 January 2015 Charge for the year	累計攤銷 : 於2015年1月1日 年度攤銷	752 375
At 31 December 2015	於2015年12月31日	1,127
At 1 January 2016 Charge for the year	於2016年1月1日 年度攤銷	1,127 405
At 31 December 2016	於2016年12月31日	1,532
Net book value: At 31 December 2016	賬面淨值: 於2016年12月31日	513
At 31 December 2015	於2015年12月31日	

The amortisation charge for the year is included in administrative and other operating expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

年度攤銷費用已計入合併損益及其他綜 合收益表行政及其他經營開支內。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

13 Investments in subsidiaries

13 於附屬公司的投資

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group.

下文僅載列主要影響本集團的業績、資產或負債的附屬公司:

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation and business 註冊成立及 經營地點	Particular of issued and paid up capital 已發行及 繳足資本詳情	Proportion of ownership interest held by 持有的 所有權權益比例		Principal activities 主要業務
			the Company 本公司	•	
Hosa Investment Holdings Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	US\$1	100%	-	Investment holding
("Hosa Investment") 浩沙投資控股有限公司 (「浩沙投資」)	英屬維京群島/香港	1美元	100%	-	投資控股
Hosa Group Holdings Limited ("Hosa Group")	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	-	100%	Investment holding
浩沙集團控股有限公司(「浩沙集團」)	香港	10,000港元	-	100%	投資控股
Haosha Industry*	PRC	RMB121,500,000	-	100%	Design, manufacture and sales of swimwear, fitness wear, sports underwear and swim and indoor sports accessories
浩沙實業(福建)有限公司*	中國	人民幣 121,500,000元	-	100%	

^{*} The English translation of the entity's name is for reference only. The official name of the entity is in Chinese.

14 Inventories

14 存貨

(a) Inventories in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:

(a) 合併財務狀況表的存貨由以下項 目組成:

		At 31 December 於12月31日		
		2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	
	F ++ 4/1	404 300	106 555	
Raw materials	原材料	101,390	106,555	
Work in progress	在製品	9,771	8,206	
Finished goods	成品	109,094	144,318	
		220,255	259,079	

該等公司名稱的英文翻譯僅供參考。該 等公司的正式名稱為中文。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

14 Inventories (continued)

(b) The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in profit or loss is as follows:

14 存貨

(b) 確認為開支並計入損益的存貨金額分析如下:

Year ended 31 December

		截至12月31日止年度	
			2015 R <i>MB'000</i> 民幣千元
Carrying amount of inventories sold	已售存貨賬面值	•	572,532
Write down of inventories	存貨撥備	823	881
Reversal of write-down of inventories	存貨撥備轉回	<u>(704)</u>	
		536,213	573,413

15 Trade and other receivables

15 貿易及其他應收款

		At 31 December 於12月31日	
		2016	2015
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		<i>人民幣千元</i> ————————————————————————————————————	人民幣千元
Trade and bills receivables	貿易應收款及應收票據	354,594	248,486
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款	40,430	45,524
Other receivables	其他應收款	26,523	50,024
		421,547	344,034

All of the trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered within one year.

The Group accepts bank and commercial acceptance bills for settlement of trade receivables. As at 31 December 2016, outstanding commercial acceptance bills in the amount of RMB401,490,000 (2015: RMB267,920,000) have been discounted to the banks. As these bills have been discounted without recourse, the Group has derecognised these outstanding bills as receivables as at 31 December 2016 and 2015.

所有貿易應收款及其他應收款預期將於 一年內收回。

本集團接納以銀行及商業承兑票據支付貿易應收款。於2016年12月31日的應收商業承兑票據人民幣401,490,000元(2015年:人民幣267,920,000元)指已透過貼現轉讓予銀行的未到期承兑票據。由於類承兑票據被貼現時不存在追索權利,故此,本集團於2016年12月31日及於2015年12月31日終止確認該類未到期承兑票據作為應收款。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

15 Trade and other receivables (continued)

(i) Ageing analysis

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables (which are included in trade and other receivables), based on the invoice date and net of allowance for doubtful debts, is as follows:

15 貿易及其他應收款(續)

(i) 賬齡分析

於報告期末,根據發票日期並扣除呆賬撥備的貿易應收款及應收票據(包含於貿易及其他應收款內)的賬齡分析如下:

At 31 December

		於12月31日 2016 <i>RMB'000</i> <i>人民幣千元</i>	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Within 1 month More than 1 month but within 3 months More than 3 months but within 6 months More than 6 months but within 1 year More than 1 year	1個月內	91,746	56,657
	1個月以上但3個月內	168,628	114,849
	3個月以上但6個月內	78,779	75,139
	6個月以上但1年內	13,037	1,622
	1年以上	2,404	219

Further details on the Group's credit policy are set out in note 24(a).

As at 31 December 2016, current balance included in trade receivables (net of allowance for doubtful debts) amounted to RMB339,153,000 (2015: RMB246,645,000). Amount past due was RMB15,441,000 (2015: RMB1,841,000). Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

本集團信貸政策的其他詳情載於 附註24(a)。

於2016年12月31日,包括在貿易應收款(扣除呆賬撥備)內的即期結餘為人民幣339,153,000元(2015年:人民幣246,645,000元)。逾期金額為人民幣15,441,000元(2015年:人民幣1,841,000元)。並無逾期亦無減值的應收款項與並無近期違約紀錄的廣泛客戶有關。

已逾期但無減值之應收款與多名與本集團具有良好往績之獨立客戶有關。根據過往經驗,管理層相信,由於信貸質素並無重大變動,且該等餘額仍被視為可全數收回,因此無須就該等餘額作出減值撥備。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

15 Trade and other receivables (continued)

(ii) Impairment of trade and bills receivables

Impairment losses in respect of trade receivables are recorded using an allowance account unless the Group is satisfied that the recovery of the amount is remote, in which case the impairment loss is written off against trade receivables directly (see note 1(i)(i)).

For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group did not record any impairment losses in respect of trade receivables (2015: Nil).

16 Pledged deposits

15 貿易及其他應收款(續)

(ii) 貿易應收款及應收票據減值

有關貿易應收款及應收票據的減值損失使用備抵賬列賬,惟若本集團信納收回的機會微乎其微則作別論,在此情況下,減值損失直接從貿易應收款撇銷(見附註1(i)(i))。

於截至2016年12月31日止年度本 集團並無錄得與貿易應收款有關 的減值損失(2015年:零)。

16 已質押存款

		At 31 December 於12月31日		
		2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	
Amount pledged as security for bank loans (note 19)	已就銀行貸款質押之款項 (附註19)	207,800	132,000	
Amount pledged as security for bills payable (note 18)	已就應付票據質押之款項 (附註18)	48,159	42,916	
		255,959	174,916	

The pledged deposits are expected to be released upon the settlement of the relevant bank loans and bills payable within 12 months.

已質押存款預期於清償相關銀行貸款及應付票據後在12個月內解除。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)
(除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

17 Cash and cash equivalents and fixed deposits held at banks

- **17** 現金及現金等價物及銀行定期 存款
- (a) Cash and cash equivalents and fixed deposits held at banks comprise:
- (a) 現金及現金等價物及於銀行持有 的定期存款由以下項目組成:

		2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Fixed deposits held at banks with maturity over three months Cash and cash equivalents in the	存款期超過三個月的 銀行定期存款 於合併現金流量表之	1,364,266	1,281,500
consolidated cash flow statement	現金及現金等價物	88,796	21,000
		1,453,062	1,302,500

Cash and cash equivalent represents cash at bank and on hand as at the end of the reporting period.

現金及現金等價物代表於報告期 末的銀行存款及手頭現金。

(b) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated from operations:

(b) 除税前利潤與經營所得現金的對 賬:

		Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度	
		2016	2015
		<i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit before taxation Adjustments for:	除税前利潤 就下列各項作出調整:	327,176	338,892
– Depreciation	一折舊	9,028	9,617
 Amortisation of intangible assets and lease repayments 	一無形資產及預付租金 攤銷	820	790
– Finance costs	一財務成本	4,307	1,002
 Interest income-financial institutions 	- 利息收入-金融機構	(40,900)	(36,633)
 Equity-settled share-based payments 	一以權益結算以股份支付	(800)	_
– Foreign exchange loss	一匯兑虧損	2,338	133
		301,969	313,801
Changes in working capital	營運資金變動		, , , ,
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	存貨減少/(増加)	38,824	(89,983)
Increase in trade and other receivables (Decrease)/increase in trade and other	貿易及其他應收款增加 貿易及其他應付款	(82,002)	(26,524)
payables	(減少)/增加	(142,257)	109,184
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	116,534	306,478

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

18 Trade and other payables

18 貿易及其他應付款

//\ i=/35 i i	At 31 December 於12月31日		
2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元		
20.052	07.427		
•	97,427		
124,098	118,862		
1,455	18,463		
53,671	_		
12	1,591		
36,740	84,543		
236,028	320,886		
	RMB'000 人民幣千元 20,052 124,098 1,455 53,671 12 36,740		

Bills payable as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 were secured by pledged bank deposits as disclosed in note 16.

All of the trade and other payables are expected to be settled or recognised as income within one year or are repayable on demand.

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade creditors and bills payable (which are included in trade and other payables), based on the invoice date, is as follows:

於2016年及2015年12月31日的應付票據以已質押銀行存款作抵押乃披露於附註16。

所有貿易及其他應付款預期於一年內結 付或確認為收入或按要求償還。

於報告期末,根據發票日期的貿易應付 賬款及應付票據(計入貿易及其他應付 款)的賬齡分析如下:

		At 31 December 於12月31日		
		2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	
Within 1 month More than 1 month but within	1個月內 1個月以上但3個月內	51,296	57,151	
3 months More than 3 months but within	3個月以上但6個月內	15,750	86,201	
6 months		70,697	63,566	
More than 6 months	6個月以上	6,407	9,371	
		144,150	216,289	

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

19 Bank loans

As at 31 December 2016, the bank loans were repayable with 12 months. The bank loans were secured or quaranteed as follows:

19 銀行貸款

於2016年12月31日,銀行貸款須於12個 月內償還。銀行貸款的擔保或保証情況 如下:

		At 31 Decem 於12月31日 2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	
Secured by pledged bank deposits (note 16) Guaranteed by a key management personnel (note 26(b))	由已質押銀行存款擔保 <i>(附注16)</i> 由主要管理人員保證 <i>(附注26(b))</i>	206,632 14,000	129,739
Unsecured	沒有擔保	100,000	129,739

The bank loans were mainly used for purchase of raw materials and financing the dividends paid to shareholders.

銀行貸款主要用作購買原材料及支付股 東股息。

20 Equity settled share-based transactions

The Company has two share option schemes namely, a Pre-IPO Employee Share Option Scheme (the "Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme") and a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme"), which were adopted on 23 November 2011.

On 23 November 2011, the Company granted options to subscribe for an aggregate of 20,500,000 shares of the Company to its directors, senior management, employees and others under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, being 80% of the initial public offering price.

The Share Option Scheme shall remain in force for a period of 10 years ending on 23 November 2021. Pursuant to the Share Option Scheme, the directors of the Company may invite, at their discretion, eligible participants, including employees and directors of any company in the Group, to take up options to subscribe for shares of the Company to a maximum of 40,000,000 shares.

On 1 April 2016, the Company granted options to subscribe for an aggregate of 1,500,000 shares of the Company to its executive director and chief financial officer under the Share Option Scheme.

20 以權益結算以股份為基準的交易

本公司於2011年11月23日採納兩項購股權計劃,即首次公開發售前僱員購股權計劃(「首次公開發售前購股權計劃」)及購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。

於2011年11月23日,本公司根據首次公開發售前購股權計劃向其董事、高級管理人員、僱員及其他人士授出可按首次公開發售價的80%認購合共20,500,000股本公司股份的購股權。

購股權計劃的有效期為10年,直至2021年11月23日為止。根據購股權計劃,本公司董事可酌情邀請合資格參與者(包括本集團旗下任何公司的僱員及董事)接納可最多認購40,000,000股本公司股份的購股權。

於2016年4月1日,本公司根據購股權計劃向其執行董事兼首席財務官授出可認購1,500,000股本公司股份的購股權。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

20 Equity settled share-based transactions (continued)

The exercise price of options under the Share Option Scheme shall be determined by the board of directors at its absolute discretion but in any event will not be less than the higher of:

- the closing price of the shares (the "Shares") as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date, which must be a business day, of the date of grant;
- (ii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- (iii) the nominal value of the Shares.
- (a) The terms and conditions of the grants are as follows:
 - (i) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

Options granted on 23 November 2011

20 以權益結算以股份為基準的交易(續)

購股權計劃下的購股權行使價將由董事 會全權酌情釐定,惟無論如何不得低於 下列的較高者:

- (i) 授出購股權當日(須為營業日)聯 交所每日報價表所列的股份(「股份」)收市價:
- (ii) 緊接授出當日前五個營業日聯交 所每日報價表所列股份平均收市 價:及
- (iii) 股份面值。
- (a) 授出的條款及條件如下:
 - (i) 首次公開發售前購股權計劃

於2011年11月23日授出的 購股權

		Number of options granted 已授購股權數目	Vesting condition 歸屬條件	Contractual life of options 購股權合約年期
Options granted to directors	授予董事的購股權	6,460,000	Note (*) 附註(*)	Note (*) <i>附</i> 言:(*)
Options granted to senior management	授予高級管理層的 購股權	3,400,000	Note (*) 附註(*)	Note (*) 附註(*)
Options granted to other employees	授予其他僱員的 購股權	8,640,000	Note (*) 附註(*)	Note (*) 附註(*)
Options granted to others	授予其他人士的 購股權	2,000,000	Note (*) 附註(*)	Note (*) 附註(*)
		20,500,000		

Note (*): These options are exercisable during the period commencing from the day immediately following the expiry of the one year period after 16 December 2011 (the "Listing Date"), and ending on the day falling five years after 23 November 2011 (the "Granted Date"), during which, (a) up to 30% options granted may be exercised on or prior to the end of the second year after the Listing Date; (b) subject to (a), up to 60% options granted may be exercised on or prior to the end of the third year after the Listing Date; and (c) subject to (a) and (b), all outstanding options may be exercised prior to the expiry of the said exercise period, failing which the options will lapse and no longer be exercisable.

附註(*):該等購股權可於自緊隨2011年12 月16日(「上市日期」)後一年期間 屆滿之日開始至2011年11月23 日(「授出日期」)後五年止的期間 內行使,在此期間:(a)至多30% 的已授出購股權可於上市日期後 第二年年底或之前行使:(b)至多 60%的已授出購股權可於上市日 期後第三年年底或之前行使(須受 (a)的規限):及(c)所有尚未行使的 購股權可於前述行使期屆滿前行 使(類受(a)及(b)的規限),如未獲 行使,該等購股權將失效且不再 可行使。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

- **20** Equity settled share-based transactions (continued)
- **20** 以權益結算以股份為基準的交易(續)
- (a) The terms and conditions of the grants are as follows: (continued)
- (a) 授出的條款及條件如下:(續)

(ii) Share Option Scheme

(ii) 購股權計劃

Options granted on 1 April 2016

於2016年4月1日授出

			Number of options granted 已授購股權數目	Vesting condition 歸屬條件	Contractual life of options 購股權合約年期
Options granted to a director		授出於董事	1,500,000	Note (#) 附註(#)	Note (#) 附註(#)
Note (#):			owing the 2016 (the g five years p to 30% to the end oject to (a), on or prior Date; and ns may be ise period,	附註(#):	這2016年別 2016年期 2016年期 2016年期 2016年期 2016年期 2016年期 2016年期 2016年期 2016年期 2016年

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

20 Equity settled share-based transactions (continued)

- **20** 以權益結算以股份為基準的交易(續)
- (b) The number and weighted average exercise price of share options are as follows:
- (b) 購股權的數目及加權平均行使價如下:

(i) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

(i) 首次公開發售前購股權計劃

		2016		2015	
		Exercise price M 行使價	No. of options 購股權數目	Exercise price 行使價	No. of options 購股權數目
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	於年初尚未行使	HK\$1.28	11,415,000	HK\$1.28	15,468,000
Exercised during the year Expired during the year	年內已行使 年內已屆滿	HK\$1.28 HK\$1.28	(8,395,000) (3,020,000)	HK\$1.28	(4,053,000)
Outstanding at the end of the year	於年末尚未行使			HK\$1.28	11,415,000
Exercisable at the end of the year	於年末可予行使			HK\$1.28	11,415,000

There were no outstanding options under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme as at 31 December 2016.

於2016年12月31日,無尚 未行使的首次公開發售前購 股權。

(ii) Share Option Scheme

The options outstanding at 31 December 2016 was 1,500,000, and had an exercise price of HK\$2.37 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 4.25 years.

(c) Fair value of share options and assumptions

The fair value of services received in return for share options granted is measured by reference to the fair value of share options granted. The estimate of the fair value of the share options granted is measured based on a binomial lattice model. The contractual life of the share option is used as an input into this model. Expectations of early exercise are incorporated into the binomial lattice model.

(ii) 購股權計劃

於2016年12月31日,尚未行使的購股權為1,500,000股,行使價為2.37港元,加權剩餘合約年期為4.25年。

(c) 購股權的公允價值及假設

就交換所授出購股權而取得服務 的公允價值,乃參考已授出購股 權的公允值計量。所授出購股權 的公允價值估算按二項式點陣模 式計量。購股權的合約年期乃代 入此模式。提早行使的預期會計 入二項式點陣模式。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

20 Equity settled share-based transactions (continued)

20 以權益結算以股份為基準的交易(續)

- (c) Fair value of share options and assumptions (continued)
 - rail value of share options and assumptions (continued
- (c) 購股權的公允價值及假設(續)

(i) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

(i) 首次公開發售前購股權計劃

Fair value at measurement date 於計算日的公允價值

HK\$12,439,818 12,439,818港元

Share price 股份價格 HK\$1.60 1.60港元

Exercise price 行使價 HK\$1.28 1.28港元

Expected volatility

51.40%

預期波幅

Expected option life 購股權預計年期 5 years 5年

Expected dividends 預期股息

5.06%

Risk-free interest rate 無風險利率

0.67%

The expected volatility is based on the historic volatility (calculated based on the weighted average remaining life of the share options), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility based on publicly available information. Expected dividends are based on historical dividends. Changes in the subjective input assumptions could materially affect the fair value estimate.

預期波幅以歷史波幅(根據 購股權的加權平均剩餘年期 計算)為基準,並根據因可 公開獲得的資料導致未來波 幅的任何預期變化予以調 整。預期股息以歷史股息為 基準。所採用主觀代入假設 的變動可對公允價值估計產 生重大影響。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

(除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

20 Equity settled share-based transactions (continued)

20 以權益結算以股份為基準的交易(續)

(c) Fair value of share options and assumptions (continued)

(c) 購股權的公允價值及假設(續)

(ii) Share Option Scheme

無風險利率

(ii) 購股權計劃

Fair value at measurement date	HK\$760,744
於計算日的公允價值	760,744港元
Share price	HK\$2.22
股份價格	2.22港元
Exercise price	HK\$2.37
行使價	2.37港元
Expected volatility 預期波幅	34.37%
Expected option life	5 years
購股權預計年期	5年
Expected dividends 預期股息	2.42%
Risk-free interest rate	0.91%

The volatility is estimated by the weekly historical volatility of the Company as at the Granted Date. Expected dividends is estimated by the trailing 12-month dividend payouts of the Company divided by its closing share price as at the dividend declaration date. Changes in the subjective input assumptions could materially affect the fair value estimate.

波幅是以本公司於授出日該 星期的曆史波動率估計。預 期股息是根據追蹤12個月 本公司派發的股息除以其於 股息宣佈日的收市價格。更 改主觀輸入假設可能會重大 地影響公允價值的估計。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

21 Income tax in the consolidated statement of financial position

21 合併財務狀況表中的所得税

(a) Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

(a) 合併財務狀況表中的即期税項指:

		At 31 December 於12月31日		
		2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	
Prepaid PRC corporate income tax PRC corporate income tax PRC dividend withholding tax	預繳中國企業所得税 中國企業所得税 中國股息預扣税	3,046 30,300	(8,232) - 19,000	
		33,346	10,768	

(b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised

(b) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債

The components of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

於合併財務狀況表中確認的遞延 税項資產/(負債)組成部分及年 內變動如下:

		impairment of deposits and prepayments 按金及預付款	Provision for impairment of inventories	Accruals	Undistributed profit of PRC subsidiaries 中國附屬公司	Unrealised profits	Total
		減值撥備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	存貨減值撥備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	應計費用 RMB'000 人民幣千元	未分派利潤 RMB'000 人民幣千元	未實現溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from:	遞延税項資產及負債產生:						
At 1 January 2015 Credited/(charged) to	於2015年1月1日 於損益內計入/扣除	-	-	3,422	(7,197)	-	(3,775)
profit or loss	分派股息後解除	-	132	(1,711)	(22,585)	2,123	(22,041)
Release upon distribution of 分dividends	刀瓜双芯牧肿标				19,000		19,000
At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016 Credited/(charged) to	於2015年12月31日及 2016年1月1日 於損益表內計入/(扣除)	-	132	1,711	(10,782)	2,123	(6,816)
profit or loss		114	18	(1,711)	(11,300)	634	(12,245)
	分派股息後解除				11,300		11,300
At 31 December 2016	於2016年12月31日	114	150		(10,782)	2,757	(7,761)

Provision of

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

21 Income tax in the consolidated statement of financial position (continued)

(b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised (continued)

Reconciliation to the consolidated statements of financial position:

21 合併財務狀況表中的所得税 (續)

(b) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債(續)

與合併財務狀況表對賬:

	At 31 December 於12月31日 2016 20 <i>RMB'000 RMB'</i>		
	<i>人民幣千元</i> ————————		
Net deferred tax asset recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position Net deferred tax asset recognised in the	3,021	3,966	
the consolidated statement of financial 遞延税項負債淨值 position	(10,782)	(10,782)	
_	(7,761)	(6,816)	

(c) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

As at 31 December 2016, temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of certain subsidiaries of the Group in the mainland China amounted to RMB1,647,705,000 (2015: RMB1,475,878,000). Deferred tax liabilities of RMB153,988,000 (2015: RMB136,806,000) have not been recognised in respect of the withholding tax that would be payable on the distribution of these retained profits, as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries in the mainland China and the Directors have determined that these profits are not likely to be distributed in the foreseeable future.

(c) 尚未確認的遞延税項負債

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

22 Capital, reserves and dividends

22 資本、儲備及股息

(a) Movements in the components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set below:

(a) 權益組成部分的變動

本集團的合併權益各個部分之期 初及期末結餘的對賬載於合併權 益變動表。本公司於年初至年末 的權益個別部分的變動詳情載列 如下:

The Company

本公司

							(Accumulated	
				Capital		Share-based	losses)/	
		Share	Share	redemption	Exchange	compensation	Retained	
		capital	premium	reserves	reserve	reserve	earnings	Total
						以股份為基準	-	
		股本	股份溢價	資本贖回儲備	匯兑儲備	的補償儲備	累計虧損	總計
		(note 22(c))	(note 22(d)(i))	(note 22(d)(i))	(note 22(d)(iv))	(note 22(d)(vi))		
		(附註22(c))	(附註22(d)(i))	(附註22(d)(i))	(附註22(d)(iv))	(附註22(d)(vi))		
	Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
於2015年1日1日的								
結餘		13,465	132,808	26	(6,330)	7,495	(35,795)	111,669
2045年中排光線科:								
2013十長惟盆发到 ·								
年內綜合收益總額								
		-	-	-	(2,433)	-	163,939	161,506
行使購股權之								
已發行股份	22(c)(ii)	32	6,081	-	-	(1,986)	-	4,127
就本年度批准的股息								
	22(b)	-	(116,364)	-	-	-	(82,091)	(198,455)
		(3)	-	-	-	-	-	(3)
		-		-	-	-	-	(895)
5 一於儲備間轉撥			(3)	3				
於2015年12月31日								
的結餘		13,494	21,627	29	(8,763)	5,509	46,053	77,949
	2015年度權益變動: 年內綜合收益總額 行使購股權之 已發行股份 就本年度批准的股息 購買本身股份 一已付溢溢價 古一於儲備間轉發	附註 附註 附註 附註	Capital 股本 (note 22(c)) (附註22(c)) (附註22(c)) (附註22(c)) Notes (附註 22(c)) Notes (附註 2015年1月1日的 名	Capital premium RA	Share Share redemption reserves RW本 股份溢價 資本贖回儲備 (note 22(c)) (note 22(d)(i)) (note 22(d)(i)) (note 22(d)(i)) (M註22(d)(i)) (M註2(d)(i)) (M註22(d)(i)) (Millian)(i) (Millia	Share Share redemption Exchange reserve Ry Ry Ry Ry Ry Ry Ry R	Share Share redemption Exchange compensation reserve reserve 以股份為基準 股本 股分溢價 資本贖回結構 種足結構 的補償結構 (note 22(d)(ii) (note 22(d)(ii)) (note 22(d)(iii)) (附註22(d)(iii)) (形註2(d)(iii)) (形註2(d	Share

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

22 Capital, reserves and dividends (continued)

22 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(a) Movements in the components of equity (continued)

(a) 權益組成部分的變動(續)

			Share capital 股本 (note 22(c))	Share premium 股份溢價 (note 22(d)(i))	Capital redemption reserves 資本贖回儲備 (note 22(d)(i))	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 (note 22(d)(iv))	Share-based compensation reserve 以股份為基準 的補償儲備 (note 22(d)(vi))	(Accumulated losses)/ Retained earnings (累計虧損)/ 保留利潤	Total 總計
		Notes 附註	(附註22(c)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	(附註22(d)(i)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	(附註22(d)(i)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	(附註 22(d)(iv)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	(附註22(d)(vi)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2016	於 2016 年 1 月 1 日的 結餘		13,494	21,627	29	(8,763)	5,509	46,053	77,949
Changes in equity for 2016:	2016年度權益變動:								
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內綜合收益總額		_	-	-	(14,319)	-	73,204	58,885
Equity-settled share-based payments	以權益結算以股份支付	22(d)(vi)	_	_	_	_	(800)	_	(800)
Shares issued on exercise of share option	行使購股權之 已發行股份	22(c)(ii)	73	13,764	_	_	(4,530)	_	9,307
Dividends approved in respect of current year	就本年度批准的股息	22(b)	-	(21,627)	_	_	(4,330)	(95,973)	(117,600)
Balance at 31 December 2016	於2016年12月31日 的結餘	==(0)	13,567	13,764	29	(23,082)	179	23,284	27,741

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

22 Capital, reserves and dividends (continued)

22 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(b)	Div	vid	en	ds

(b) 股息

(i) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the year:

(i) 本年度應付本公司權益股東 的股息:

	2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Interim dividend declared of HK 4.2 cents per share (2015: HK6.0 cents per share) Final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period of HK 2.3 cents per share (2015: (2015年:每股2.2港仙)	59,593	82,091
HK2.2 cents per share) Special dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period of nil (2015: HK2.0 cents per share)	34,493	30,576 27,796
	94,086	140,463

The dividends proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period. 報告期末後擬派的股息並無 於報告期末確認為負債。

(ii) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year: (ii) 應付本公司權益股東應佔過 往財政年度股息(於該年度 獲批准及已支付):

		2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Final dividend in respect of the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year, of HK 2.2 cents per share (2015:HK 6.9 cents per share) Special dividend in respect of the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year, of HK 2.0 cents per share	有關過往財政年度的 末期股息(於該年度 獲批准及已付)、 每股2.2港仙(2015年: 每股6.9港仙) 有關過往財政年度的特別 股息(於該年度獲批准 及已付)、每股2.0港仙 (2015年:每股2.0港仙)	30,385	90,215
(2015: HK2.0 cents per share)		27,622	26,149
		58,007	116,364

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

22 Capital, reserves and dividends (continued)

22 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(c) Share capital

(c) 股本

Number of

(i) Authorised and issued share capital

(i) 法定及已發行股本

Nominal value of

		Note 附註	shares 股份數目 ′000 千股	ordinary 普通B HK\$'000 千港元	
Authorised: Ordinary shares of HK \$0.01 each Original shares, issued and fully paid:	法定: 每股面值0.01港元之 普通股 已發行及繳足之普通 股:		10,000,000	100,000	87,450
At 1 January 2015 Shares issued under share option scheme Purchase of own shares	於2015年1月1日 購股權計劃下之已發 行股份 購買本身股份	(ii)	1,655,212 4,053 (384)	16,552 41 (4)	13,465 32 (3)
At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016 Shares issued under share option scheme	於2015年12月31日 及2016年1月1日 購股權計劃下之已發 行股份	(ii)	1,658,881 8,395	16,589 84	13,494 73
At 31 December 2016	於2016年12月31日		1,667,276	16,673	13,567

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

普通股持有人有權收取不時 宣派的股息,並可在本公司 大會上每持有一股股份投一票。對於本公司的剩餘資 產,所有普通股均享有同等 權益。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

22 Capital, reserves and dividends (continued)

(c) Share capital (continued)

(ii) Shares issued under share option scheme

During the year, options were exercised to subscribe for 8,395,000 (2015: 4,053,000) ordinary shares in the Company at a consideration of RMB9,307,000 (2015: RMB4,127,000), of which RMB73,000 (2015: RMB32,000) was credited to share capital and the balance of RMB9,234,000 (2015: RMB4,095,000) was credited to the share premium account. RMB4,530,000 (2015: RMB1,986,000) was transferred from the share-based compensation reserve to the share premium account.

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium and capital redemption reserve

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium account of the Company may be applied for payment of distributions or dividends to shareholders provided that immediately following the date on which the distribution or dividend is proposed to be paid, the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

Capital redemption reserve represented the nominal amount of the shares repurchased.

(ii) Capital reserve

The capital reserve in the consolidated statements of financial position as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 represented exchange differences and the excess of value of assets injected to Haosha Industry by the investors over nominal value of share capital, which was accounted for in equity under capital reserve.

22 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(c) 股本(續)

(ii) 行使購股權之已發行股份

年內,行使購股權以代價人民幣9,307,000元(2015年:人民幣4,127,000元)認購本公司8,395,000股(2015年:4,053,000股)普通股,其中人民幣73,000元(2015年:人民幣32,000元)計入股本,餘額人民幣9,234,000元(2015年:人民幣4,095,000元)計入股份溢價賬。人民幣4,530,000元(2015年:从民幣1,986,000元)已自以股份為基礎之補償儲備轉入股份溢價賬。

(d) 儲備性質及目的

(i) 股份溢價及資本贖回儲備

根據開曼群島公司法,本公司的股份溢價賬可供派付分派或股息予股東,惟緊隨建議派付分派或股息日期之後,本公司能於日常業務過程中償還到期債務。

資本贖回儲備指購回股份的 面值。

(ii) 資本儲備

於2016年及2015年12月31日之合併財務狀況表內的資本儲備指外匯差額及投資者注入浩沙實業之資產價值多於股本面值的部分,該等金額入賬列為權益中的資本儲備。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

22 Capital, reserves and dividends (continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

(iii) Statutory reserve

According to the Articles of Association of Haosha Industry and Haosha Industry (Datian), the entities are required to transfer part of its net profits (after offsetting prior year losses), as approved by the board of directors, to statutory general reserve. Haosha Industry and Haosha Industry (Datian) are required to appropriate general reserve at 10% of its profit after taxation, as determined under the PRC accounting rules and regulations, until the reserve balance reaches 50% of the registered capital. As at 31 December 2016, appropriations were made by Haosha Industry (Datian) to the general reserve at 10% of its profit after taxation. However, such reserve made by Haosha Industry reached the aforementioned percentage, thus no further appropriation is required.

(iv) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve of the Group comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of operations outside the mainland China which are dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies as set out in note 1(s).

(v) Other reserve

The other reserve comprises the following:

- the difference of RMB91,124,000 represents 75% of the historical carrying value of paid-in capital of Haosha Industry amounting RMB91,125,000 acquired over the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company amounting HK\$1,000 (RMB equivalent of approximately RMB833); and
- the difference of HK\$9,999 (RMB equivalent of approximately RMB8,000) between the historical carrying value of entire paid-in capital of Hosa Group amounting to HK\$10,000 and the consideration of HK\$1 acquired by Hosa Investment.

22 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備性質及目的(*續*)

(iii) 法定儲備

根據浩沙實業及浩沙實業 (大田)的組織章程細則,該 等實體必須轉撥其根據董事 會的批准釐定的部分純利 (抵銷過往年度虧損後)至法 定一般儲備。浩沙實業及浩 沙實業(大田)須將其根據中 國會計規則及法規釐定的除 税後利潤的10%撥作一般 儲備,直至儲備結餘達到 註冊資本的50%。於2016 年12月31日,浩沙實業(大 田)按其除税後利潤10%向 一般儲備作出撥款。惟浩沙 實業作出的該儲備已達至上 述百分比,因此無須進一步 撥款。

(iv) 匯兑儲備

本集團的匯兑儲備包括換算中國內地境外業務的財務報表所產生的所有外匯差額,該等差額按照附註1(s)載列的會計政策予以處置。

(v) 其他儲備

其他儲備包括下列各項:

- 一 差額人民幣91,124,000 元指所收購浩沙實業 實收資本歷史賬面 值的75%為人民幣 91,125,000元超出本公 司發行的股份面值為 1,000港元(人民幣等 值約人民幣833元)的 部分:及
- 一 浩沙集團全數實收 資本歷史賬面值為 10,000港元與浩沙投 資收購的對價1港元 的差額9,999港元(人 民幣等值約人民幣 8,000元)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

22 Capital, reserves and dividends (continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

(vi) Share-based compensation reserve

Share-based compensation reserve represents the fair value of share options granted to certain directors, senior managements, employees and others of the Group.

(e) Distributability of reserve

The aggregate amounts of distributable reserves (including share premium and retained earnings) of the Company as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 were HK\$41,417,000 (RMB equivalent of approximately RMB37,048,000) and HK\$80,783,000 (RMB equivalent of approximately RMB67,680,000) respectively.

(f) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for its shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholders returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

22 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備性質及目的(續)

(vi) 以股份為基準的補償儲備

以股份為基準的補償儲備指本集團若干董事、高級管理 人員、僱員及其他人士獲授 的購股權的公允價值。

(e) 可供分派儲備

本公司於2016年12月31日 及2015年12月31日的可供 分派儲備總額(包括股份 溢價及保留利潤)分別為 41,417,000港元(相當於 人民幣37,048,000元)及 80,783,000港元(相當於人 民幣67,680,000元)。

(f) 資本管理

本集團管理資本之首要目標 乃保障本集團能夠持續經 營,從而透過按與風險相符 之水平將產品定價及以合理 成本取得融資,繼續為其股 東及其他利益相關者帶來回 報及福利。

本集團積極及定期對資本架 構進行檢討及管理,以在較 高股東回報情況下可能伴隨 之較高借款水平與穩健的資 本狀況帶來的好處及保障之 間取得平衡,並因應經濟狀 況的變化對資本架構作出調 整。

本公司及其附屬公司概無受 限於外部施加的資本要求。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

23 Employee retirement benefits

Defined contribution retirement plans

Pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC participate in defined contribution retirement benefit schemes (the "Schemes") organised by the PRC municipal government authorities whereby the Group is required to make contributions to the Schemes at the rates of 18% to 20% of the eligible employees' salaries. The local government authorities are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees.

The Group also operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance and not previously covered by the defined benefit retirement plan. The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, the Group and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000 (HK\$25,000 prior to June 2014). Contributions to the plan vest immediately.

The Group has no other material obligation for the payment of pension benefits associated with the Schemes beyond the annual contributions described above.

24 Financial risk management and fair values

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and foreign currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

23 僱員退休福利

界定供款退休計劃

根據中國相關勞工規則及法規,本集團在中國的附屬公司參與由中國市政府機關籌辦的界定供款退休福利計劃(「計劃」)。據此,本集團必須按合資格僱員薪金的18%至20%向計劃供款。當地政府機關負責所有應付退休僱員的養老責任。

本集團亦根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例為受香港僱傭條例管轄的司法權區,且過往並未參與界定供款退休計劃的受聘僱員設立一項強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃為一項由獨立受託人管理的界定供款退休計劃。根據強積金計劃,本集團及其僱員各自須按僱員相關收入的5%向計劃供款,最高為每月相關收入的30,000港元(2014年6月前為25,000港元)。計劃供款即時歸屬。

除上述年度供款外,本集團就與上述計 劃有關的退休金福利的款項而言並無其 他重大責任。

24 財務風險管理及公允價值

信貸、流動資金、利率及外幣風險於本 集團的日常業務過程中產生。本集團面 對該等風險,而本集團採用以管理該等 風險的財務風險管理政策及慣例於下文 載列。

(a) 信貸風險

本集團的信貸風險主要源自貿易 及其他應收款。管理層已制訂信 貸政策並按持續基準監察所承受 的信貸風險。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

24 Financial risk management and fair values

(continued)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

In respect of trade and other receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are generally due within 90 – 180 days from the date of billing. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At the end of the reporting period, 7% (2015: 6%) and 37% (2015: 28%) of the total trade and other receivables were due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position after deducting any impairment allowance.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are set out in note 15.

(b) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the chairman of the Group when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

All non-interest bearing financial liabilities of the Group are carried at amount not materially different from their contractual undiscounted cash flow as all the financial liabilities are with maturities within one year or repayable on demand at the end of the reporting period.

24 財務風險管理及公允價值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

就貿易及其他應收款而言,本集團會對所有客戶進行個別信別信題的信息。該等評估集中於客戶的別信週期款項的紀錄及目前的定數,並會考慮客戶的特務。 資料以及有關客戶經營業務的 經濟環境的資料。貿易應收款的一般於自發票之日起計90至180日內到期。一般而言,本集團並無向客戶取得抵押物。

本集團所承受的信貸風險主要受各客戶的個別特性所影響而非家戶經營業務所在的行業或國家,因此信貸風險高度集中的情況著重大風險承擔時產生。於報告期末,7%(2015年:6%)及37%(2015年:28%)的貿易及其他應收款總額分別為應收本集團的最大客戶及五大客戶的款項。

本集團所承受的最高信貸風險指 經扣除任何減值撥備後,合併財 務狀況表內各金融資產的賬面值。

有關本集團因貿易及其他應收款 而面對的信貸風險的進一步定量 披露載列於附註15。

(b) 流動資金風險

於報告期末,由於所有財務負債 均於一年內到期或按要求償還, 本集團所有不計息財務負債乃以 與其合約已終止現金流量並無重 大差別的金額列賬。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

(除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

24 Financial risk management and fair values

(continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

The contractual undiscounted cash flow and carrying amount of the short-term bank loans as at 31 December 2016 are set out as follows:

24 財務風險管理及公允價值(續)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

於2016年12月31日,短期銀行貸款的訂約未貼現現金流量和賬面值載列如下:

		2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Contractual undiscounted cash flow	訂約未貼現現金流量	325,962	130,875
Carrying amount	賬面值	320,632	129,739

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from bank loans. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out in (i) below.

(i) Interest rate profile

(c) 利率風險

本集團的利率風險主要來自銀行 貸款。由管理層監查的本集團利 率組合載於下文(i)。

(i) 利率組合

		2016 Effective interest rate 實際利率	Amount 金額 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	201 Effective interest rate 實際利率	5 Amount 金額 <i>RMB'000</i> <i>人民幣千元</i>
Fixed rate borrowings: Bank loans Variable rate borrowings: Bank loans	固定利率借款: 銀行貸款 浮動利率借款: 銀行貸款	5.05%-5.22% 1.01%-1.19%	114,000 206,632	- 1.58%	- 129,739
			320,632		129,739

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2016, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 1% in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased/increased the Group's profit after tax for the year and retained profits by approximately RMB1,182,000 (2015: RMB1,083,000). Other components of equity would not be affected by the changes in interest rates.

(ii) 敏感度分析

於2016年12月31日,假設其他變量保持不變,倘若利率上升/下跌1%,則本集團該年的稅後利潤和保留利潤將分別減少/增加約人民幣1,182,000元(2015年:人民幣1,083,000元)。權益其他部分將不會受利率變動的影響。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

24 Financial risk management and fair values *(continued)*

(d) Currency risk

As the Group's principal activities are carried out in the PRC, the Group's transactions are mainly denominated in Renminbi, which is not freely convertible into foreign currencies. All foreign exchange transactions involving Renminbi must take place through the People's Bank of China or other institutions authorised to buy and sell foreign exchange. The exchange rates adopted for the foreign exchange transactions are the rates of exchange quoted by the People's Bank of China that are determined largely by supply and demand.

As at 31 December 2015 and 2016, cash at bank that were placed with banks in the PRC amounted to RMB1,471,713,000 and RMB1,702,761,000, respectively. Remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to the exchange restrictions imposed by the PRC government.

As at 31 December 2016, The Group had no significant foreign exchange exposure, as the bank loans dominated in HK\$ were held by the entity for which HK\$ is the functional currency. As at 31 December 2015, the Group was exposed to currency risk primarily arising from bank loan of RMB129,739,000 denominated in United States dollars held by the entity for which RMB is the functional currency.

Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2016, it is estimated that a general appreciation/depreciation of 1% in RMB, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased/increased the Group's net profit for the year and retained profits by approximately RMB331,000 (2015: increased/decreased by RMB1,083,000).

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rate had been applied to re-measure the bank loan which expose the Group to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statement of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency.

24 財務風險管理及公允價值(續)

(d) 貨幣風險

由於本集團的主要業務在中國進行,本集團的交易主要以人民幣不可自由兑換為外幣。所有涉及人民幣的外匯交易通過中國人民銀行或其他授權買賣外匯的機構進行。外匯來授權買賣外匯率乃中國人民銀行或外匯來所數所與不該匯率主要按供求釐數的

於2015年及2016年12月31日,存放於中國銀行的銀行存款分別為人民幣1,471,713,000元及人民幣1,702,761,000元。將資金匯出中國境外,必須遵守中國政府施加的外匯管制。

於2016年12月31日,本集團並無重大外匯風險,因為以港元計值的銀行貸款由港元為功能貨幣的實體所持有。於2015年12月31日本集團面臨的貨幣風險主要是來自於由以人民幣為功能貨幣的實體所持有以美元計值、金額為人民幣129,739,000元的銀行貸款。

敏感度分析

於2016年12月31日,假設其他變量保持不變,倘若人民幣整體匯率上升/下跌1%,則本集團該年的淨利潤和保留利潤將減少/增加約人民幣331,000元(2015年:增加/減少人民幣1,083,000元)。

此敏感度分析假設於報告期末, 外匯的變動已應用於重新計算令 本集團面臨外匯風險的銀行貸 款。此分析並不包括可能因境外 業務的財務報表轉換成本集團所 採用之列值貨幣時所產生之外匯 差價。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

(除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

24 Financial risk management and fair values *(continued)*

(e) Fair values

All financial assets and liabilities are carried at amounts not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2015 and 2016.

25 Commitments

(a) Capital commitments outstanding at 31 December 2016 not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

24 財務風險管理及公允價值(續)

(e) 公允價值

於2015年及2016年12月31日,所 有金融資產及負債的賬面值與其 公允價值並無重大分別。

25 承擔

(a) 於2016年12月31日並未於財務報 表作出撥備的未償付資本承擔如 下:

At 31 December

		於12月31日	
		2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Contracted for Authorised but not contracted for	已訂約 已授權但未訂約	2,400 12,200	- 45,000
		14,600	45,000

- (b) At 31 December 2016, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:
- (b) 於2016年12月31日,根據不可撤 銷經營租賃應付的未來最低租金 付款總額如下:

At 31 December

		於12月31日	
		2016 <i>RMB'000</i>	2015 RMB′000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Maril: 4		F 624	7.420
Within 1 year	1年內	5,624	7,428
After 1 year but within 5 years	1年後但5年內	11,500	1,082
		17,124	8,510

During the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2016, the Group is the lessee in respect of items of offices in Hong Kong and mainland China held under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of one to five years, with an option to renew the lease when all terms are renegotiated. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

截至2015年及2016年12月31日止年度,本集團為經營租賃下所持的香港及中國內地辦公室項目的承租人。租賃一般初步為期一至五年,在重新磋商所有條款後可選擇重續租賃。租賃概無包含或有租金。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

26 Material related party transactions

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions.

During the year, the directors are of the view that the followings are related parties of the Group:

26 重大關聯方交易

除在財務報表其他部分所披露的關聯方 資料外,本集團已訂立下列重大關聯方 交易。

年內,董事認為以下乃本集團的關聯方:

Name of party 各方名稱	Relationship 關係
Fujian Province Jinjiang City Haosha Garments Co., Ltd* ("Haosha Garments")	75% and 25% owned by Mr. Shi Hongliu and Mr. Shi Hongyan respectively, who are the directors of the Company
福建省晉江市浩沙製衣有限公司(「浩沙製衣」)	由本公司董事施洪流先生及施鴻雁先生分別擁有75%及 25%
Ho Born Investment Holdings Limited ("Ho Born Investment") 浩邦投資控股有限公司	49.85% and 26.23% owned by Mr. Shi Hongliu and Mr. Shi Hongyan respectively 由本公司董事施洪流先生及施洪雁先生分別擁有49.85%及26.23%

^{*} The English translation of the entity's name is for reference only. The official name of the entity is in Chinese.

* 公司名稱的英文翻譯僅供參考。該公司 的正式名稱為中文。

(a) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's Directors as disclosed in note 7 and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in note 8, is as follows:

(a) 主要管理人員薪酬

本集團主要管理人員的薪酬(包括 附註7所披露已付予本公司董事的 款項以及附註8所披露的已付予若 干最高薪酬僱員的款項)如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度 2016 2015 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 短期僱員福利 4,502 Short-term employee benefits 4,349 Equity settled share-based payments 以權益結算以 股份支付 179 界定供款退休計劃 Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans 供款 27 65 4,708 4,414

Total remuneration is included in "staff costs" (note 5(b)).

總薪酬已計入「員工成本」內(附註5(b))。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

(除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

26 Material related party transactions (continued)

26 重大關聯方交易(續)

(b) Transactions with the related parties

(b) 與關聯方的交易

Year ended 31 December

截至12月31日止年度 2016 2015 RMB'000 RMB'000 Notes 附註 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Purchases of products 購買產品 - 浩沙製衣 Haosha Garments 3,461 3.040 Receiving processing services 獲取委託加工服務 Haosha Garments 一浩沙製衣 51,224 Loan from the immediate 來自直接控股方的貸款 (i) controlling party - Ho Born Investment 一浩邦投資 52,396 Loans from the controlling 來自控股股東的貸款 (ii) shareholder - Shi Hongliu 一施洪流 92,325

Notes:

- (i) The loan from the immediate controlling party is unsecured, interest free and repayable within one year. The loan is included in "Trade and other payables" (note 18).
- (ii) The loans from the controlling shareholder are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed repayment terms.
- (iii) As at 31 December 2016, a key management personnel of the Group provided guarantee for the Group's bank loan with an outstanding balance of RMB 14,000,000 (Note 19).

附註:

- (i) 來自直接控股方的貸款並無抵 押,免息並且在一年內償還。此 貸款包含在貿易及其他應付款內 (附註18)。
- (ii) 來自控股股東的貸款並無抵押, 免息並且無固定還款條款。
- (iii) 於2016年12月31日,本集團的銀行貸款餘額中有人民幣14,000,000元(附註19)由一名主要管理人員提供保證。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

26 Material related party transactions (continued)

(c)

Balances with the related parties

As the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following balances with related parties:

26 重大關聯方交易(續)

(c) 與關聯方的結餘

於報告期末,本集團與關聯方有 下列結餘:

Year ended 31 December

截至12月31日止年度 2016 2015 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Trade payables 貿易應付款 – Haosha Garments - 浩沙製衣 (1,044)**Prepayments** 預付款 - Haosha Garments 一浩沙製衣 767 Bills payable 應付票據 (2,000) Haosha Garments - 浩沙製衣 Amounts due to the immediate 應付直接控股方 controlling party – Ho Born Investment 一浩邦投資 (53,671)Dividend payable 應付股息 - Ho Born Investment 一浩邦投資 (1,587)(54,904) (2,631)

The amounts due to related parties are unsecured, interest free and are expected to be paid within one year.

應付關連方款項為無抵押、免息及預期在一年內支付。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

27 Company-level statement of financial position

27 公司層面財務狀況表

		Note 附註	2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries	非流動資產 於附屬公司的投資	13		
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		_	
Current assets Other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 其他應收款 現金及現金等價物		292,264 5,837	177,730 6,071
Total current assets	流動資產總值		298,101	183,801
Current liabilities Other payables Bank loans	流動負債 其他應付款 銀行貸款		63,728 206,632	105,852
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		270,360	105,852
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		27,741	77,949
Total assets less current liabilities/Net assets	總資產減流動負債/資產淨值		27,741	77,949
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	資本及儲備 股本 儲備	22(c) 22(d)	13,567 14,174	13,494 64,455
Total equity	權益總額		27,741	77,949

28 Immediate and ultimate controlling party

At 31 December 2016, the Directors consider the immediate controlling party of the Group to be Ho Born Investment Holdings Limited, which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. This entity does not produce financial statements available for public use. The Directors consider the ultimate controlling party of the Group to be Mr Shi Hongliu.

28 直接及最終控制方

於2016年12月31日,董事認為本集團的直接控制方為浩邦投資控股有限公司,而該公司於英屬維京群島註冊成立。該實體並無編製可供公開查閱的財務報表。董事認為本集團之最終控制方為施洪流先生。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)
(除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

29 Possible impact of amendments, new standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2016

Up to the date of issue of this report, the IASB has issued a few of amendments and new standards which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2016 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

29 截至2016年12月31日止年度 已頒佈但未生效的修訂、新訂 準則及詮釋的可能影響

直至本報告刊發日期,國際會計準則委員會已頒佈數項截至2016年12月31日 止年度尚未生效的修訂及新訂準則,而 此等財務報表並無採納該等修訂及新訂 準則。該等修訂及新訂準則包括下列, 可能與本集團相關。

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後開始的會計期間生效

Amendments to IAS 7, <i>Disclosure initiative</i>	1 January 2017
國際會計準則第7號(修訂本), <i>披露計劃</i>	2017年1月1日
Amendments to IAS 12, <i>Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses</i>	1 January 2017
國際會計準則第12號(修訂本),確認未變現虧損之遞延稅項資產	2017年1月1日
IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers	1 January 2018
國際財務報告準則第15號,來自客戶合約的收益	2018年1月1日
IFRS 9, Financial instruments	1 January 2018
國際財務報告準則第9號,金融工具	2018年1月1日
Amendments to IFRS 2, Classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions 國際財務報告準則第2號(修訂本),股份基礎給付交易之分類與衡量	1 January 2018 2018年1月1日
IFRS 16, Leases	1 January 2019
國際財務報告準則第16號,租賃	2019年1月1日

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments and new standards is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

本集團現正評估該等修訂預期於最初應 用期間的影響。目前,其結論為採納該 等修訂、新訂準則及新訂詮釋不大可能 對合併財務報表造成重大影響。

Five Years Financial Summary 五年財務概要

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

合併財務狀況表

		2016 RMB'000	2015 RMB'000	2014 <i>RMB'000</i>	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	o= ooo			==	
Property, plant and equipment		85,299 17,210	79,939	83,808	59,126	46,200
Lease prepayments	預付租金	17,319	17,734	18,149	18,564	11,620
Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	無形資產 遞延税項資產	513 3,021	769	522	499	190
Deferred tax assets	<u> </u>	3,021	3,966	3,422	3,514	6,869
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值	106,152	102,408	105,901	81,703	64,879
Current assets	流動資產					
Inventories	存貨	220,255	259,079	169,096	151,409	102,193
Trade and bills receivables	貿易應收款及應收票據	354,594	248,486	269,222	247,274	252,398
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款	40,430	45,524	22,938	17,693	13,866
Other receivables	其他應收款	26,523	50,024	28,812	3,991	5,938
Pledged deposits	已質押存款	255,959	174,916	15,832	17,684	98,278
Cash at bank and in hand*	銀行存款及手頭現金*	1,453,062	1,302,500	1,259,737	1,059,149	730,513
Total current assets	流動資產總值	2,350,823	2,080,529	1,765,637	1,497,200	1,203,186
Total assets	資產總值	2,456,975	2,182,937	1,871,538	1,578,903	1,268,065
Current liabilities	流動負債					
Bank loans	銀行貸款	320,632	129,739	_	-	86,890
Trade payables	貿易應付款	20,052	97,427	83,516	50,987	28,231
Bills payable	應付票據	124,098	118,862	48,223	60,945	46,447
Receipts in advance	預收款	1,455	18,463	9,985	5,634	1,042
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及應計費用	90,423	86,134	66,310	56,571	41,305
Derivative financial liabilities	衍生金融負債		_		_	933
Current taxation	即期税項	33,346	10,768	15,161	8,710	11,120
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	590,006	461,393	223,195	182,847	215,968
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債					
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	10,782	10,782	7,197		
Total liabilities	負債總額	600,788	472,175	230,392	182,847	215,968
Shareholders' equity	股東權益	1,856,187	1,710,762	1,641,146	1,396,056	1,052,097
Total liabilities and equity	負債及權益總額	2,456,975	2,182,937	1,871,538	1,578,903	1,268,065
	天 天 大	E, 100,010	2,102,007	1,071,000	1,070,000	1,200,000

^{*} Included fixed deposits held at banks with maturity over three months.

包括存款期超過三個月的銀行定期存款。

Five Years Financial Summary 五年財務概要

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 合併損益及其他綜合收益表

		2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2014 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2013 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2012 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Continuing operations: Revenue Cost of sales	持續經營業務: 營業額 銷售成本	1,103,540 (536,213)	1,178,001 (573,413)	1,216,546 (576,273)	1,021,520 (431,209)	848,063 (333,874)
Gross profit Other revenue	毛利其他 收入	567,327	604,588	640,273	590,311	514,189
Interest incomeGovernment grantsOthers	一利息收入 一政府補貼 一其他	40,900 12,578 4,372 57,850	36,633 24,418 779 61,830	43,560 29,259 323 73,142	11,735 12,999 771 25,505	6,057 17,786 3,783 27,626
Other net (loss)/income	其他(虧損)/收入	07,000	01,000	70,112	20,000	27,020
– Exchange (loss)/gain – Others	淨額 一匯兑(虧損)/收益 一其他	1,567 (374)	(519) (7)	(2,428) (247)	5,457 (2,682)	695 (1,010)
	, , , ,	1,193	(526)	(2,675)	2,775	(315)
Selling and distribution expenses Administrative and other	銷售及經銷成本 行政及其他經營開支	(185,689)	(206,770)	(133,494)	(104,537)	(91,499)
operating expenses		(109,198)	(119,228)	(88,281)	(75,223)	(70,414)
Profit from operations Finance costs	經營利潤 財務成本	331,483 (4,307)	339,894 (1,002)	488,965 	438,831 (398)	379,587 (568)
Profit before tax Income tax expenses	除税前利潤 所得税開支	327,176 (58,339)	338,892 (71,617)	488,965 (85,803)	438,433 (68,074)	379,019 (47,907)
Profit for the year Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of operations outside the mainland	年度利潤 換算中國內地境外 附屬公司的財務 報表的匯兑差異	268,837	267,275	403,162	370,359	331,112
China		(14,319)	(2,433)	1,996	(7,513)	(175)
		254,518	264,842	405,158	362,846	330,937
Earning per share – basic and diluted (RMB)	每股盈利 一基本及攤薄 <i>(人民幣元)</i>	0.16	0.16	0.24	0.23	0.21

Five Years Financial Summary 五年財務概要

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

合併現金流量表

		2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2014 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2013 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2012 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Operating activities Cash generated from	經營活動 經營所得現金					
operations Income tax paid	已付所得税	116,534 (34,816)	306,478 (72,969)	440,921 (72,063)	428,706 (67,129)	305,840 (49,785)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得現金淨額	81,718	233,509	368,858	361,577	256,055
Investing activities Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment	投資活動 購置物業、廠房及 設備 付款	(8,097)	(6,210)	(31,170)	(17,475)	(3,572)
Payment for purchase of Intangible assets	購置無形資產付款	(149)	(622)	(31,170)	(421)	(3,572)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項					
equipment Interest received (Increase)/decrease in	已收取利息 已質押存款(増加)/減少	41,519	- 40,095	14 22,519	- 15,045	68 2,741
pledged deposits Placement of time deposits	存入原到期日超過三個月	(81,043)	(159,084)	1,852	80,594	(85,106)
with original maturity over three months Maturity of time deposits	之定期存款 原到期日超過三個月之定	(1,364,266)	(1,281,500)	(1,222,298)	(723,950)	(327,977)
with original maturity over three months	期存款到期額	1,281,500	1,222,298	723,950	327,977	81,070
Net cash (used in)/ generated from	投資活動(所用)/ 所得現金淨額					
investing activities		(130,536)	(185,023)	(505,389)	(318,230)	(332,850)

Five Years Financial Summary 五年財務概要

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Continued)

合併現金流量表(續)

		2016 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2015 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2014 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2012 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financing activities	融資活動					
Proceeds from bank loans	銀行貸款所得款項	310,489	129,606	_	_	86,323
Repayment of bank loans	償還銀行貸款	(132,076)	-	-	(88,644)	-
Proceeds from loan from	直接控股股東貸款					
the immediate controlling	所得款項					
shareholder		52,396	_	_	_	-
Proceeds from shares	根據購股權計劃發行					
issued under share	股份所得款項	9,307	4,127	709	3,329	
option scheme Net proceeds from placing	自配售股份所得款項淨額	9,307	4,127	709	3,329	_
shares	日即告放切別特赦均净額	_	_	_	116,872	_
Payment for repurchase of	股份購回付款				-,-	
shares		_	(898)	(5,368)	_	_
Interest paid	已付利息	(4,323)	(892)	-	(569)	-
Dividends paid to equity	已付本公司權益股東的					
shareholders of the	股息					
Company		(119,179)	(196,868)	(156,570)	(141,672)	(161,539)
	-1.5					
Net cash generated from	融資活動所得/					
/(used in)financing activities	(所用)現金淨額	116 614	(G4 02E)	(161 220)	(110 604)	/7E 01C)
activities		116,614	(64,925)	(161,229)	(110,684)	(75,216)
*	72 A 72 T A 65 F IL					
Net increase/(decrease)	現金及現金等價物					
in cash and cash equivalents	增加/(減少)淨額	67,796	(16,439)	(297,760)	(67,337)	(152,011)
equivalents		67,790	(10,439)	(297,700)	(07,337)	(152,011)
Cash and cash equivalents	於1月1日的現金及現金					
at 1 January	等價物	21,000	37,439	335,199	402,536	554,547
		_				
Cash and cash equivalents	於12月31日的現金及					
at 31 December	現金等價物	88,796	21,000	37,439	335,199	402,536

Five Years Financial Summary 五年財務概要

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,均以人民幣列示)

MAJOR FINANCIAL RATIOS

主要財務比率

		2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
-	盈利能力比率: . 增長/(下降)					
a. Revenueb. Net profitc. Total comprehensive	a. 營業額b. 淨利潤c. 綜合收益總額	(6.3%) 0.6%	(3.2%) (33.7%)	19.1% 8.9%	20.5% 11.9%	22.0% 21.0%
income		(3.9%)	(34.6%)	11.7%	9.6%	21.2%
Profit margins a. Gross profit margin b. Operating profit	. 利潤率 a. 毛利率 b. 經營利潤率	51.4%	51.3%	52.6%	57.8%	60.6%
margin c. Total comprehensive	c. 綜合收益總額	30.0%	28.9%	40.2%	43.0%	44.8%
income d. Net profit margin	d. 淨利潤率	23.1% 24.4%	22.5% 22.7%	33.3% 33.1%	35.5% 36.3%	39.0% 39.0%
Return on equity/total 3. assets a. Return on equity b. Return on total	. 權益/總資產回 報率 a. 權益回報率 b. 總資產回報率	14.3%	15.8%	26.7%	29.6%	34.3%
assets	D. 総貝座凹報率	11.0%	13.1%	23.5%	25.5%	28.6%
	流動資金比率: . 流動資金比率					
a. Current ratios b. Quick ratios	a. 流動比率 b. 速動比率	3.98 3.61	4.51 3.95	7.91 7.15	8.19 7.36	5.57 5.1
Turnover ratios a. Stock turnover days b. Debtors' turnover	. 周轉比率 a. 存貨周轉日數 b. 應收賬款周轉	163.1	136.3	101.5	107.3	110.6
days c. Creditors' turnover	日數 c. 應付賬款周轉	99.7	80.2	77.6	89.4	99.7
days	日數	122.7	110.8	77.2	79.0	86.2
C. Capital adequacy ratios: C. 資 1. Gearing ratio 1. a. Gearing ratio	【本充足比率: . 負債比率 a. 負債比率					
bank loansGearing ratio	一銀行貸款 b. 負債比率	13.0%	5.9%	-	-	6.9%
– bank loans and bills payable	一銀行貸款及 應付票據	18.1%	11.4%	2.6%	3.9%	10.5%
Debt to net worth ratio a. Debt to equity ratio b. Interest coverage	. 債務淨值比率 a. 負債權益比率 b. 利息償付率	24.0% 77.0	14.5% 339.2	2.9% N/A	4.4% 1,100.8	12.7% 668.3
3. Effective tax rate 3.	. 實際税率	17.8%	21.1%	17.6%	15.5%	12.6%

