

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務摘要

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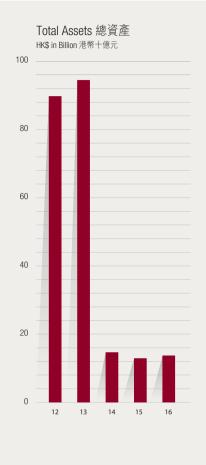


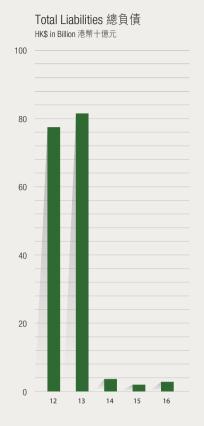


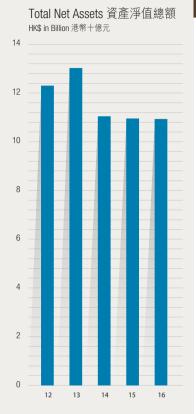


	2012 二零一二年 HK\$*000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Total assets 總資產	89,703,818	94,440,825	14,654,676	12,909,389	13,721,239
Total liabilities 總負債	77,410,789	81,424,503	3,617,900	1,965,058	2,798,303
Total net assets 資產淨值總額	12,293,029	13,016,322	11,036,776	10,944,331	10,922,936
Net assets value per share 每股資產淨值	港幣 HK\$32.47 元	港幣 HK\$34.38 元	港幣 HK\$29.15 元	港幣 HK\$28.91 元	港幣 HK\$28.85 元
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company 分配於本公司股東之本年度溢利	480,010	543,460	2,356,935	410,366	457,907
Basic earnings per share 每股基本盈利	港幣 HK\$1.27 元	港幣 HK\$1.44 元	港幣 HK\$6.23 元	港幣 HK\$1.08 元	港幣 HK\$1.21 元
Dividend per share 每股股息	港幣 HK\$0.28 元	港幣 HK\$0.28 元	港幣 HK\$0.40 元	港幣 HK\$0.42 元	港幣 HK\$0.47 元
Dividend payout ratio (from continuing operations only) 派息比率(只計來自持續經營)	22%	39%	38%	39%	39%

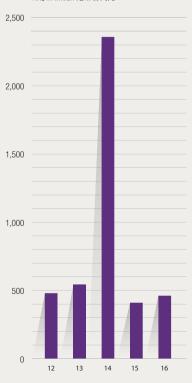
- note 1: Dividend per share in 2014 did not include special cash dividend of HK\$2.80 per share due to the completion of Partial Offer (the meaning ascribed thereto in the Company's circular to shareholders dated 4 December 2013) for disposal of Chong Hing Bank Limited shares and the special dividend by way of distribution in specie to the shareholders of the Company in the proportion of 1 share in the issued share capital of Chong Hing Bank Limited for every 10 shares in the issued share capital of the Company.
- 附註一: 二零一四年度每股股息不包括因完成出售創興銀行有限公司股份部分要約(與本公司二零一三年十二月四日致股東通函的定義一致)而派發的特別現金股息每股港幣2.80元,及以實物分派形式按本公司已發行股本每10股分配1股創興銀行有限公司已發行股本而派發之特別股息。
- note 2: Dividend payout ratio in 2014, if including the special cash dividend and the special dividend by way of distribution in specie, the ratio should be adjusted to 81%.
- 附註二: 如包括特別現金股息及以實物分派之特別股息,二零一四年之派息比率將調整至81%。
- note 3: Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$2,356.9 million recorded in 2014, including the profit from discontinued operations of HK\$1,963.3 million.
- 附註三: 二零一四年分配於本公司股東之本年度溢利港幣 2,356,900,000 元,包括來自已終止經營溢利港幣 1,963,300,000 元。



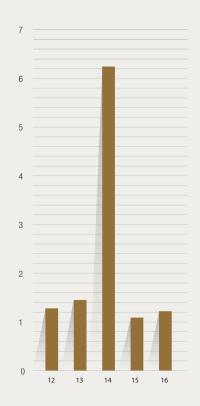




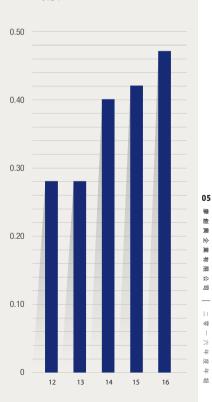
Profit for the Year Attributable to Owners of the Company 分配於本公司股東之本年度溢利 HK\$ in Million 港幣百萬元

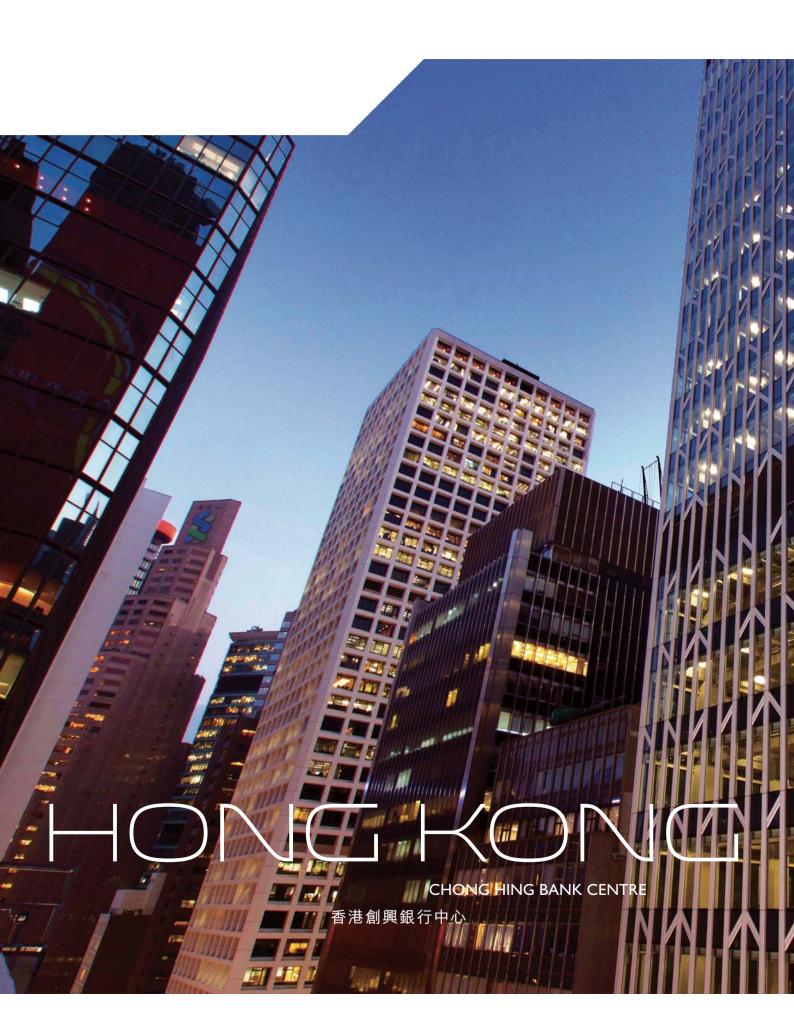


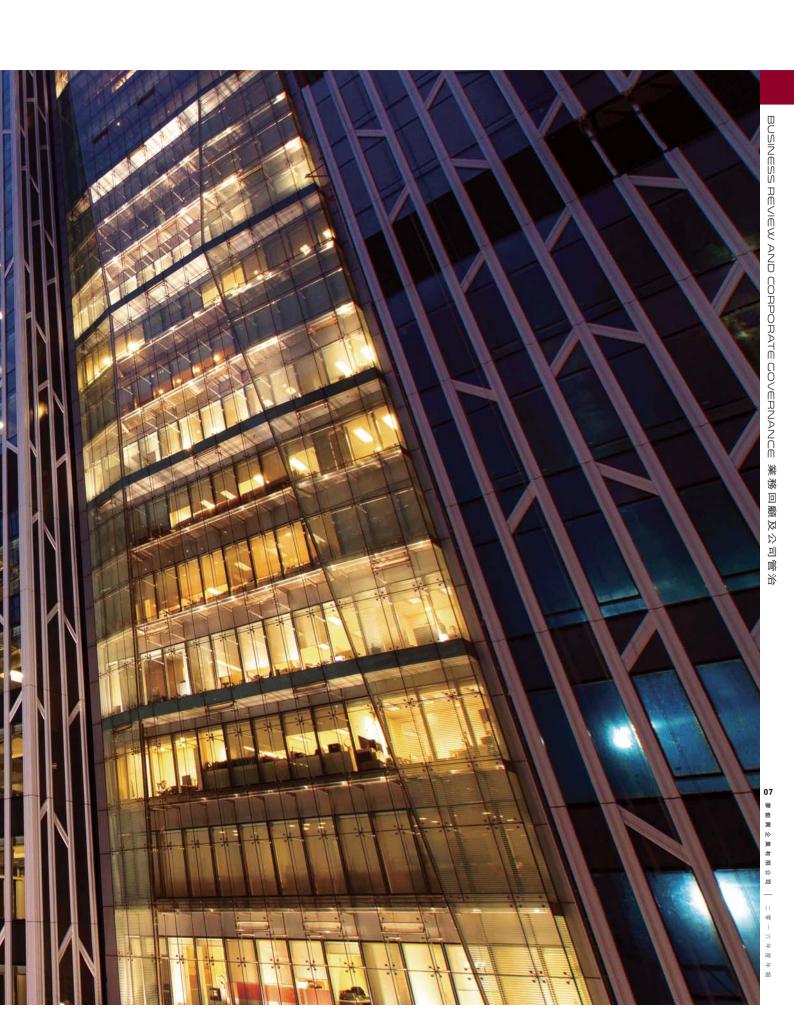
Basic Earnings per Share 每股基本盈利 HK\$港幣



Dividend per Share 每股股息 HK\$ 港幣









I AM PLEASED TO PRESENT TO YOU A REVIEW OF THE GROUP'S BUSINESS PERFORMANCE AS WELL AS SOME OBSERVATIONS FROM THE OVERALL ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT FOR THE YEAR 2016 AND EXPECTATIONS FOR THE YEAR AHEAD. 本人欣然向 閣下呈報本集團二零一六年之業績回顧,以及本人對整體經濟環境之觀察所得,對來年發展之期望。

Dear Shareholders.

I am pleased to present to you a review of the Group's business performance as well as some observations from the overall economic environment for the year 2016 and expectations for the year ahead.

2016 REVIEW

The year 2016 was another eventful one with quite a few surprises—the rise of Trump and his accession to the US presidency, the British referendum which set the path for Brexit, the saga surrounding the swearing-in of some members of the Legislative Council in Hong Kong, to name but a few. Some "old" issues persisted—the fight against terrorism continued and it seems we are nowhere near "out of the bush" yet, the refugee crisis in Europe has worsened somewhat with increased pressure on its leaders to find a solution; the nuclear bomb testings by North Korea have renewed tension in the region and the border disputes in the East Asian seas have been on the political agenda for much of the year.

The financial world was rocked by Brexit, leading to a severe drop in the Pound amidst rumours of major institutions considering plans to move their headquarters from the UK to Europe. The US dollar became a safe haven for many and this has naturally impacted the Hong Kong dollar and our trades. In the US, we saw the expected 0.25% interest rate increased in 2016. In China, GDP growth continued its slowdown to 6.7%, the lowest in 26 years. Hong Kong also continued to suffer in economic growth, from 2.4% in 2015 down to just 1.9% in 2016, arguably with much to be blamed on the lawmakers for failing to make progress.

親愛的股東:

本人欣然向 閣下呈報本集團二零一六年之 業績回顧,以及本人對整體經濟環境之觀察 所得,對來年發展之期望。

二零一六年回顧

二零一六年是另一個多事之秋,很多出人意料之事發生,僅舉幾例:特朗普的興起並成為美國總統,英國公投決定脱歐之途,香港某些立法會成員宣誓就職風波等。一些「老」問題仍未解決:反恐鬥爭繼續進行,看似未有任何進展,歐洲的難民危機惡化,對其領導人尋求解決方法憑添壓力;朝鮮的核試令該區域回復緊張局勢,東亞海域的邊界爭端這年來繼續成為重要的政治議題。

英國脱歐震驚金融界,某些大企業考慮將其總部從英國轉移到歐洲的傳聞導致英鎊急劇貶值。美元成為避難貨幣,這直接影響了港元及香港的貿易。二零一六年,美國利率一如預期上升0.25%,而中國的國內生產總值增長則繼續放緩至6.7%,是26年來最低。香港的經濟增長持續受影響,由二零一五年的2.4%下降至二零一六年的僅1.9%,歸咎於立法者們令經濟停滯不前。

The Board of Directors has proposed to recommend at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting to be held on 9 May 2017, the payment of a final cash dividend of HK\$0.30 per share. Together with the interim cash dividend of HK\$0.17 per share paid on 27 September 2016, the total cash dividend amounted to HK\$0.47 per share for the year 2016.

BUSINESS REVIEW

HK PROPERTY BUSINESS

CHONG HING BANK CENTRE

The Group's flagship headquarter building located at 24 Des Voeux Road Central has a total gross floor area of approximately 108,000 square feet, out of which approximately 81,000 square feet has been leased to Chong Hing Bank Limited as its headquarter office. Total rental revenue recorded for this building for the year ended 31 December 2016 was approximately HK\$67.9 million. As the tenancy has a 5-year fixed term, rental revenue for 2017 is expected to be stable.

CHONG HING SQUARE

Chong Hing Square maintained a high occupancy rate throughout the year, which stood at 96% as at 31 December 2016. This 20-storey retail/commercial building is located in the heart of Mongkok, Kowloon and provides over 182,000 square feet of F&B and entertainment space.

CHONG YIP CENTRE

Chong Yip Centre is a shopping centre next to the MTR exit of HKU Station (on the MTR West Island Line) in the western part of Hong Kong Island with over 54,000 square feet of F&B and retail space. This shopping arcade was approximately 74% let as at 31 December 2016 and the Group is now studying plans for its renovation and facelift.

FAIRVIEW COURT

This low-rise deluxe apartment block located in Repulse Bay is 60% let as at the date of this report. The management is considering several capital improvement options in order to position it for better returns in the long run.

經營業績

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團錄得溢利約港幣468,800,000元,較二零 一五年上升11%。

董事會擬於二零一七年五月九日舉行之應屆 股東周年大會,建議派發末期現金股息每股 港幣0.30元。連同於二零一六年九月二十七 日已派發之中期現金股息每股港幣0.17元, 二零一六年度之現金股息合共為每股港幣0.47 元。

業務回顧

香港地產業務

創興銀行中心

本集團的旗艦總部大樓位於德輔道中24號,總建築面積約108,000平方呎,其中約81,000平方呎已租給創興銀行作為其總部。截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,該大廈總租金收入約為港幣67,900,000元。鑒於五年的固定租期,二零一七年之租金收益將維持穩定。

創興廣場

創興廣場年內出租率維持高企,於二零一六年十二月三十一日出租率為96%。此零售/商業大廈位處九龍旺角心臟地帶,樓高二十層,提供逾182,000平方呎飲食及娛樂面積。

創業商場

創業商場是香港島西部臨近香港大學地鐵站 出口(地鐵西港島線)的購物中心,飲食及零 售面積逾54,000平方呎。該商場於二零一六年 十二月三十一日之出租率為約74%。本集團目 前正在研究不同改造方案和裝修計劃。

富慧閣

截至本報告日,該位於淺水灣之低密度豪華 公寓已租出60%,管理層正考慮幾個改善方 案,以其達到長遠更好的回報。 ONE-EIGHT-ONE HOTEL & SERVICED RESIDENCES (UNDER CONSTRUCTION) ONE-EIGHT-ONE 酒店及服務式公寓 (興建中)





CHATHAM GATE

Chatham Gate is a redevelopment project undertaken by the original shareholders of The Belcher's, in which the Group holds a 10% equity interest. The project consists of two blocks of 32-storey residential building on top of a 2-storey commercial complex and carports.

TAI PO PROJECT

The Group acquired this 262,000 square feet plot of land in Tai Po district, New Territories as a long term investment. Pending relaxation in regulations for its development, the Group is considering several interim options for its use and will implement its development when the opportunity arises.

昇御門

昇御門是由寶翠園原股東發展之重建項目, 本集團持有該項目10%股本權益。該項目於 兩層商場及車庫上興建兩座樓高三十二層之 住宅大廈。

大埔項目

本集團購入此幅位於新界大埔佔地262,000平 方呎之地塊作為長期投資。待發展的法規有 所放寬,本集團將會考慮某些臨時用途選項, 並伺適當時機發展該項目。



ONE-EIGHT-ONE HOTEL & SERVICED RESIDENCES

Our Group's property formerly known as Western Harbour Centre, a 28-storey full sea-view building with a gross floor area of approximately 162,000 square feet located at 181 Connaught Road West and within close proximity to the Western Harbour Tunnel, is being converted into a 183-room hotel & serviced residences. The target opening date remains to be within 2017. This new hotel & serviced residences will be operated under the direct management of One-Eight-One Hospitality Management Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

ONE-EIGHT-ONE酒店及服務式公寓

本集團之該物業前稱為滙港中心,為樓高二十八層全海景大廈,建築面積約162,000平方呎,位處干諾道西181號,毗鄰西區海底隧道入口。現正改建為設有183間客房的酒店和服務式公寓。本項目預計開業日期維持在二零一七年內。這個全新酒店和服務式公寓將由本公司全資附屬公司One-Eight-One Hospitality Management Limited直接經營管理。

PRC PROPERTY BUSINESS

CHONG HING FINANCE CENTER, SHANGHAI

This flagship property of the Group, located at 288 Nanjing Road West in Huang Pu District of Shanghai, is a 36-storey Grade A commercial building which commands a strategic location and enviable view over The People's Square just across the street. With a total floor area of over 516,000 square feet of office and commercial space and 193 carparks, this property was 83% let in terms of office space and 100% let in terms of retail space as at 31 December 2016. The Group intends to hold this property as a long term investment. Total rental revenue generated from this property in 2016 was approximately HK\$141.3 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of approximately 11%.

THE GRAND RIVIERA & THE GRAND JARDIN, FOSHAN

The Grand Riviera is a large-scale residential development project currently undertaken by the Group. Situated on a plot of land of over 260,000 square metres at I Guilong Road, Luocun in the Nanhai District of Foshan, it is conveniently located 5 minutes away from the new Foshan West Station (under development and expected to be renamed as Guangzhou West Station) which is reportedly expected to come into service in June 2017, within half an hour's drive from the Foshan financial district and within half an hour's drive from downtown Guangzhou.

The project is divided into four phases and marketed under The Grand Riviera and Grand Jardin brandnames. Phases I and 2, now fully completed, consists of 847 and 1,542 residential units of different sizes respectively. Phase 3, consisting of over 1,498 residential units, began its pre-sales in May 2016 and its construction is expected to be completed by mid-2017. Construction of Phase 4 is well underway and pre-sales are expected to commence by mid-2017.

In 2016, actual and pre-sales sales proceeds were in excess of HK\$1.5 billion and our project was reportedly one of the best-selling residential property in Foshan. As at the date of this report, residential units in Phases 2 and 3 have been completely sold out.

中國地產業務

上海創興金融中心

該本集團旗艦物業座落於上海市黃浦區南京 西路288號,是一座36層高的甲級商業大廈, 地點極具策略優勢,可飽覽對面人民廣場之 優美景觀。該物業提供寫字樓及商業總樓面 面積逾516,000平方呎及193個車位,於二零 一六年十二月三十一日,此物業之寫字樓出 租率為83%,零售出租率則達100%。本集團 擬持此物業作長期投資。本物業於二零一六 年產生之租金收入總額約為港幣141,300,000 元,按年下降約11%。

佛山翠湖綠洲花園及雅麗豪庭

翠湖綠洲花園為本集團現正進行之大型住宅發展項目。該項目位處佛山市南海區羅村貴隆路 I 號,地塊面積逾260,000平方米,交通便捷,距離新佛山西站(在建中,預期將改名為廣州西站)。據報導,預計二零一七年六月投入使用。不足5分鐘車程,距離佛山金融區不足半小時車程,而駕車往廣州市中心亦只需半小時。

該項目分為四期,以翠湖綠洲花園及雅麗豪庭品牌銷售。第一及第二期現已完成,分別提供847套及1,542套不同大小的住宅單位。第三期提供逾1,498個住宅單位,於二零一六年五月開始預售,建設工程預計將於二零一七年年中完成。現正進行第四期建設,並預計於二零一七年中開始預售。

二零一六年,該項目實際及預售總銷售額超過港幣1,500,000,000元,據報該項目成為佛山市最暢銷住宅物業之一。截至本報告日期,第二及第三期的住宅單位已全部售罄。







CHINA BUDGET HOTEL

This budget hotel project, operated in rented locations under a franchise agreement with the PRC domestic budget hotel chain known as "Hanting". As at the date of this report, only hotel in Guangzhou remains operating, both hotel in Shanghai and Beijing had been disposed during the year. For the year ended 31 December 2016, total revenue recorded from this business was approximately HK\$17 million.

中國經濟型酒店

此經濟型酒店項目以中國本地連鎖經濟型酒店「漢庭」之名稱經營。截至本報告日期,只餘廣州店仍繼續經營,上海及北京店已在年內出售。截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,有關業務錄得之總收益約為港幣17,000,000元。

PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

Liu Chong Hing Property Management and Agency Limited, established in 1976, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company principally responsible for managing certain properties developed by the Group. Its revenue remained stable in 2016.

2017 OUTLOOK

The unpredictability of US policies under the Trump administration will cause ripples across the globe. So far, we have seen little impact on the world bourses. It remains to be seen where Trump's "America First" ideologies will take us, and whether these will be good or disastrous for the US economy. Across the Atlantic, Europe is a concern with Brexit negotiations and other upcoming presidential elections, although we see little chance of a complete meltdown of the EU.

China is set to gain from all these Western political uncertainties as it maintains and strengthens its influence in the world economy. Although there was the expected slowdown in domestic GDP growth in 2016, we have seen the results of the Central Government's stimulative policies to maintain GDP growth at 6.5%–7%. There were sporadic bouts of anti-inflationary measures in the Mainland property sector but we are optimistic that 2017 will be a stable year.

The year 2017 will see the election of the new Chief Executive for Hong Kong and we have a strong contingent of candidates for this difficult role. The road ahead for Hong Kong will be a challenging one amidst the continuous political and social divides. We strongly advocate for and support the implementation of social and economic policies that will benefit Hong Kong as a whole — such as increased land supply and public housing projects to curb rising prices, more infrastructure projects to give Hong Kong the competitive edge that it needs, and sustainable healthcare and pension systems for the increasing ageing population. We sincerely hope that our lawmakers could see past their political differences and recognise the importance of these priority issues, rather than going around in circles at the expense of the community's fundamental needs.

物業管理

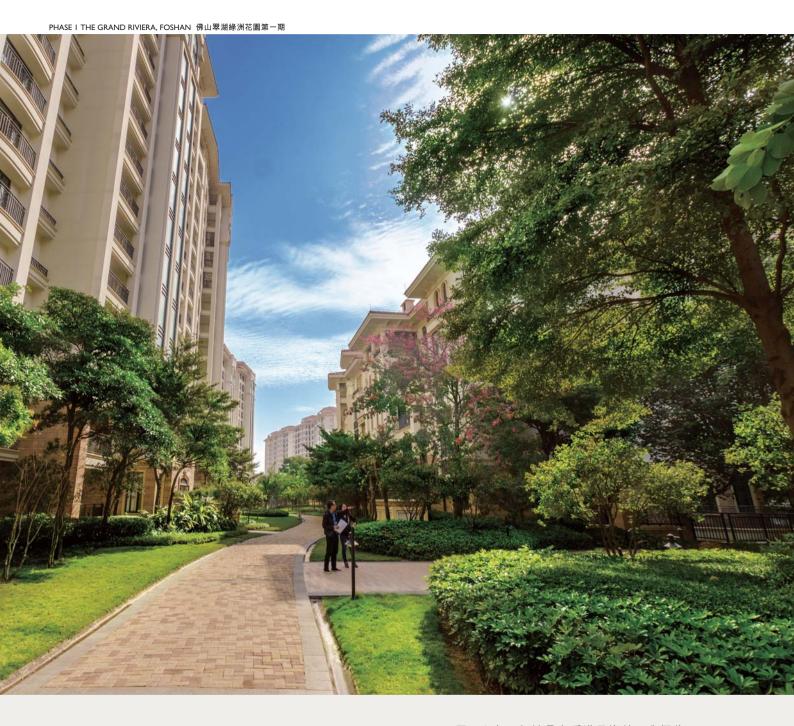
廖創興物業管理及代理有限公司於一九七六年成立,為本公司全資附屬公司,主要負責管理本集團發展之若干物業。該公司於二零一六年收益保持平穩。

二零一七年展望

特朗普政府推行不可預測的美國政策將導致 全球波動。迄今為止,其對世界資本市場的 影響甚微。特朗普的「美國優先」意識形態會 將我們帶往何方,以及這種意識形態對美國 經濟是利好還是災難,尚有待觀察。大西洋 另一邊,英國脱歐談判和其他即將舉行的總 統選舉是目前歐洲最關注問題,當然我們認 為歐盟完全瓦解的機會極微。

中國將從所有這些西方政治的不確定性因素中獲益,歸因於中國對世界經濟的影響力持續並加強。雖然二零一六年國內生產總值增長預期放緩,但由於中央政府的刺激經濟政策,使國內生產總值增長最終保持在6.5%-7%。內地房地產部門雖然有斷續的調控措施,但我們樂觀認為,二零一七年將維持穩定。

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In 2017, we will continue to improve our core asset portfolio as well as continuing to look for growth and investment opportunities, both in Hong Kong and overseas. We remain financially solid and have demonstrated our ability to offer stable dividend returns to our shareholders amidst troubled times. With our new ventures in the hospitality industry, we hope to bring in new income channels and steady growth for the Group.

二零一七年,無論是在香港及海外,我們將繼續改善我們的核心資產組合,並繼續尋求增長和投資機會。我們財政穩健,表明我們有能力在困難時期為我們的股東提供穩定的股息回報。憑藉我們新的酒店業務,我們希望藉此可為本集團注入新的收入渠道,並帶來穩定增長。

SINCERE ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to express my heartfelt thanks to stakeholders and shareholders for their continued trust and support, to all my fellow directors for their wise stewardship, and to our senior management 工之盡心盡力服務,致以衷心謝意。 and staff for their commitment and dedication.

衷心致謝

本人謹此對持份者及股東之繼續信賴與支持、 各董事之精明管理,以及高級管理人員與員

Dr. Liu Lit Mo

Chairman

Hong Kong, 8 March 2017

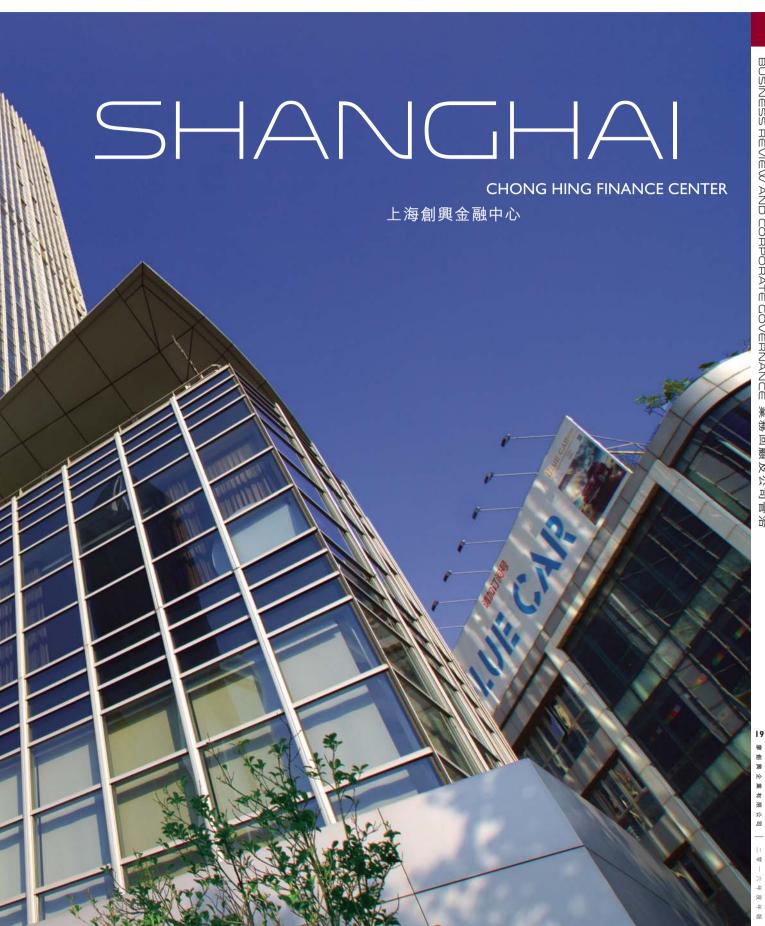
廖烈武博士

主席

香港,二零一七年三月八日







CHONG HING FINANCE CENTER. SHANGHAI 上海創興金融中心



The Board of Directors of Liu Chong Hing Investment Limited (the "Board") has pleasure in presenting to the shareholders its annual report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are property investment, property development and investment holding. The principal activities of the principal subsidiaries and joint ventures are shown in notes 38 and 18 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

廖創興企業有限公司董事會(「董事會」)現謹 將截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之 年度報告書及經審核之財務報表,欣然提呈 列位股東省覽。

主要業務及業務回顧

本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)之主要業務 為物業投資、物業發展及投資控股。各主要 附屬公司及合營企業之主要業務已分別詳列 於綜合財務報表附註第38及18項內。 Further discussion and analysis of the Group's activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance ("Companies Ordinance"), including a fair review of the business and a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, particulars of important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the financial year 2016, and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, can be found in the "Five-Year Financial Summary", "Chairman's Statement", "Summary of Financial Highlights", "Management Discussion and Analysis" and "Corporate Governance Report" sections of the Annual Report. The above sections form part of this report.

RESULTS AND STATE OF AFFAIRS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016 and the state of the Company's and the Group's affairs at that date are set out on pages 128 to 228 of this annual report.

DIVIDENDS

An interim cash dividend of HK\$0.17 per share was paid to shareholders on 27 September 2016. The Board recommends a final cash dividend of HK\$0.30 per share, making a total cash dividend of HK\$0.47 per share for the year.

RESERVES

Movements in reserves of the Group during the year are set out in consolidated statement of changes in equity and the movements in reserves of the Company during the year are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 31 December 2016 comprised the accumulated profits of HK\$5,219,409,000 (2015: HK\$4,983,310,000).

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Movements in investment properties during the year are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Movements in property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

如欲細閱按香港公司條例(「公司條例」)附表5 所規定而載列的本集團業務討論及分析,包 括業務的公允回顧、本集團面對的主要風險 及不明朗因素的描述、二零一六年財政年度 終結後發生並影響本集團的重要事件詳情, 以及對本集團業務未來或會採取的發展方向 的指示,可參閱年報內「五年財務摘要」、「主 席報告書」、「財務摘要」、「管理層之討論及 分析」以及「企業管治報告書」。以上章節構 成本報告一部份。

業績及業務狀況

本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年 度的業績及本公司與本集團於該日的業務狀 況刊於本年報第128至228頁。

股息

中期現金股息每股港幣0.17元已於二零一六年九月二十七日派發。董事會建議派發末期現金股息每股港幣0.30元,全年合計共派發現金股息每股港幣0.47元。

儲備

本年度內本集團儲備之變動詳列於綜合權益 變動表,本年度本公司儲備之變動詳列於綜 合財務報表附註第35項內。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本公司可派 予股東之儲備包括累積溢利港幣5,219,409,000 元(二零一五年:港幣4,983,310,000元)。

投資物業

本年度投資物業變動詳列於綜合財務報表附 註第15項內。

物業、廠房及設備

本年度物業、廠房及設備變動詳列於綜合財務報表附註第16項內。







PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT/PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE/PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

Movements in properties under development/properties under development for sale/properties held for sale during the year are set out in notes 16 and 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

發 展 中 物 業 / 待 出 售 發 展 中 物 業 / 待 出 售 物 業

本年度發展中物業/待出售發展中物業/待出售物業變動詳列於綜合財務報表附註第16及17項內。

股本

本公司股本詳情列於綜合財務報表附註第27 項內。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme"), was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on 9 May 2012, which replaced the previous share option scheme, for the primary purpose of providing incentives to directors and eligible employees, and will expire on 8 May 2022. Under the Scheme, the Company may grant options to eligible employees, including directors of the Company and its subsidiaries, to subscribe for shares in the Company. Additionally, the Company may, from time to time, grant share options to outside eligible third parties at the discretion of the Board.

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders.

Options may be exercised at any time from the date of grant of the share option to the 5th anniversary of the date of grant. The exercise price is determined by the directors of the Company, and will not be less than the higher of the nominal value of the Company's share on the date of grant, the average closing price of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant, or the closing price of the shares on the date of grant.

No options have been granted under the above mentioned scheme since the Scheme was adopted.

SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars relating to the subsidiaries are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

GROUP BORROWINGS AND INTEREST CAPITALISED

Details of bank loans and other borrowings repayable within five years are set out in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group's interest capitalised during the year amounted to HK\$36,670,000 (2015: HK\$30,248,000).

股份期權計劃

本公司股份期權計劃(「該計劃」)已於二零一二年五月九日通過及實行,並取代舊有的股份期權計劃,主要原因是為激勵各董事及合資格僱員,該計劃將於二零二二年五月八日屆滿。根據該計劃,本公司可提供期權給予合資格僱員,包括向本公司及其附屬公司之董事授予股份,以認購本公司股票。此外,本公司可於任何時間,經董事會同意向任何合資格第三者提供股份期權。

根據該計劃,在沒有獲得本公司股東事先批准下,股份期權可授出股份總數不得超出本公司不時已發行股本之10%。而在沒有獲得本公司股東事先批准下,有關授予任何個別人士之期權,所授出股份總數不得超出本公司不時已發行股本之1%。

該股份期權可於授出日至授出日期起計第五 周年之任何時間內予以行使。行使價由本公 司董事釐訂,惟不低於本公司股份於授出日 之本公司股份面值、於授出日前五個交易日 之平均收市價或授出當日之收市價之較高者。

該計劃獲採納以來,本公司並無據此授出期權。

附屬公司

有關附屬公司資料詳列於綜合財務報表附註 第38項內。

集團借款及資本化之利息

銀行貸款及其他需五年內歸還之借款已詳列 於綜合財務報表附註第25項內。

本集團於本年度內資本化之利息共港幣 36,670,000元(二零一五年:港幣30,248,000 元)。 The term of office of each director, who has been longest in office, shall retire by rotation and offer themselves for re-election in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.

In accordance with Article 105 of the Articles of Association, Mr. Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher, Mr. Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher, Mr. Liu Chun Ning, Wilfred and Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo shall retire at the conclusion of the AGM. The Company intends to comply with code provision A.4.2 of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, which provides, among other things, that every director, including those appointed for a specific term, should be subject to retirement at least once every three years. Mr. Tong Tsin Ka will voluntarily retire from the Board at the conclusion of the AGM. Save for Mr. Tong Tsin Ka and Mr. Liu Chun Ning, Wilfred who will not offer themselves for re-election, Mr. Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher, Mr. Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher and Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

The biographical details of directors and senior management are set out on pages 97 to 107.

The Company has received from each Independent Non-executive Director an annual confirmation of his independent pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules") and the Company considered all Independent Non-executive Directors are independent.

COMPLIANCE OF THE MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS OF LISTED ISSUERS

All directors have confirmed that they complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules throughout the review period.

董事會

本年度內及截至本報告書日期止,本公司董事芳名詳列於本年報第92頁內。

根據本公司章程細則,任何任期最長之董事 必須於任期屆滿時輪值告退,並建議推薦重 撰連任。

根據章程細則第一零五條規定,廖坤城先生、 許榮泉先生、廖俊寧先生及鄭毓和先生,將 於股東周年大會完結時退任。本公司擬遵守 《上市規則》附錄14之企業管治守則條文A.4.2 之規定,除其他情況,每名董事(包括董事有 特定期限任命)應至少每三年輪值退任一次。 唐展家先生將於股東周年大會完結時自願退 任,除唐展家先生及廖俊寧先生將不要求重 選連任外,廖坤城先生、許榮泉先生及鄭毓 和先生將於股東周年大會完結時退任並合資 格推薦重選連任。

董事及高級管理人員簡介詳列於第97至107 百內。

本公司已接獲各位獨立非執行董事根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條規定每年度發出之獨立性確認函,而本公司對彼等之獨立性表示認同。

遵 守上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則

於回顧期間,所有董事確認彼等已遵守上市 規則附錄10所載之上市公司董事進行證券交 易的標準守則之規定。





CHATHAM GATE 昇御門

CORPORATIONS



THE WESTWOOD 西寶城

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED

As at 31 December 2016, the interests of the directors and the Chief Executive Officer in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which have been notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, or have been recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers were as follows:

董事在本公司及其相聯法團擁有之 股本權益

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,董事及行政總裁於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部已知會本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之權益,或根據證券及期貨條例第352條已記入本公司所存置登記冊之權益,或根據上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則已知會本公司及聯交所之權益如下:

INTERESTS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

THE COMPANY

Liu Chong Hing Investment Limited

在本公司及其相聯法團的股份及相關 股份中的權益

本公司

廖創興企業有限公司

		NUMBER OF ORDINARY SHARES HELD 持有普通股股份數目				
Name of director 董事姓名	Long/short position 好倉/淡倉	Personal interests (held as beneficial owner) 個人權益 (實益持有)	Family interests (interests of spouse or child under 18) 家族權益 (配偶或18歲 以下子女 之權益)	Corporate interests (interests of controlled corporation) 公司權益 (受控制公司之權益)	Total interests 總權益	Total interests as approximate % of the relevant issued share capital 權益總數佔 已發行股本 概約百分率
Dr. Liu Lit Mo 廖烈武博士	Long 好倉	795,600	_	138,326,710 (notes 1 and 2) (附註1及2)	139,122,310	36.75%
Mr. Liu Lit Chi 廖烈智先生	Long 好倉	24,000	_	190,553,000 (notes 1 and 3) (附註1及3)	190,577,000	50.34%
Mr. Liu Kam Fai, Winston 廖金輝先生	Long 好倉	2,570,000	_	_	2,570,000	0.67%
Dr. Liu Lit Chung 廖烈忠醫生	Long 好倉	_	_	132,326,710 (note 1) (附註1)	132,326,710	34.95%

notes:

- 132,326,710 shares are beneficially held by Liu's Holdings Limited, of which Dr. Liu Lit Mo, Mr. Liu Lit Chi and Dr. Liu Lit Chung are amongst its shareholders. The above numbers of shares are duplicated under the corporate interests for each of these directors.
- Eternal Wealth Limited, of which Dr. Liu Lit Mo and his associates are shareholders, beneficially holds 6,000,000 shares, and thus is included in the corporate interests of Dr. Liu Lit Mo.
- 3. Alba Holdings Limited, of which Mr. Liu Lit Chi and his associates are shareholders, beneficially holds 58,226,290 shares, and thus is included in the corporate interests of Mr. Liu Lit Chi.

附註:

- I. 廖烈武博士、廖烈智先生及廖烈忠醫生為廖氏集團 有限公司之股東,該公司合共實益擁有本公司股份 132,326,710股。上述股數,在各董事名下之公司權 益項目內重複。
- 廖烈武博士及其聯繫人士為冠福有限公司之股東, 該公司實益擁有本公司股份6,000,000股,並歸納在 廖烈武博士名下之公司權益項目內。
- 3. 廖烈智先生及其聯繫人士為愛寶集團有限公司之股東,該公司實益擁有本公司股份58,226,290股,並歸納在廖烈智先生名下之公司權益項目內。

INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER PERSONS

As at 31 December 2016, so far as is known to the Company, the following persons (other than the directors or the Chief Executive Officer of the Company) had interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any other member of the Group:

主要股東及其他人士的權益

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,就本公司所知,下列人士(本公司董事或行政總裁除外)於本公司之股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第×V部第2及第3分部之規定須向本公司披露之權益或淡倉,或直接或間接擁有可在任何情況下於本集團任何其他成員公司股東大會上投票之任何類別股本面值5%或以上之權益:

Name of substantial shareholder 主要股東名稱	Long/short position 好倉/淡倉	Capacity 身份	No. of ordinary share held 所持普通股股份數目	% of the issued share capital 佔已發行股本百分比
Liu's Holdings Limited 廖氏集團有限公司	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益持有人	132,326,710 (note 1) (附註1)	34.95%
Alba Holdings Limited 愛寶集團有限公司	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益持有人	58,226,290 (note 2) (附註2)	15.38%

notes:

- Liu's Holdings Limited, a private company incorporated in Hong Kong, is owned by, amongst others, Dr. Liu Lit Mo, Mr. Liu Lit Chi and Dr. Liu Lit Chung. Such corporate interests are also disclosed in the sub-section under "Directors' interests in Share Capital of the Company and its Associated Corporations."
- Alba Holdings Limited, a private company incorporated in Hong Kong, is owned by Mr. Liu Lit Chi and his associates. Such corporate interests are also disclosed in the sub-section under "Directors' interests in Share Capital of the Company and its Associated Corporations."

Save as disclosed above, the Company had not been notified by any person (other than the directors or Chief Executives Officer of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company of 5% or more as at 31 December 2016 which were required to be disclosed to the Company under Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

附註:

- I. 廖氏集團有限公司乃於香港註冊成立之私人公司, 擁有人包括廖烈武博士、廖烈智先生及廖烈忠醫 生。該等公司權益亦已於上列名為「董事在本公司 及其相聯法團擁有之股本權益」分節披露。
- 愛寶集團有限公司乃於香港註冊成立之私人公司, 分別由廖烈智先生及其聯繫人士共同擁有。該等公司權益亦已於上列名為「董事在本公司及其相聯法 團擁有之股本權益」分節披露。

除上述所披露外,並沒有任何人士(本公司董事或行政總裁除外)就其根據證券及期貨條例第XV部對於二零一六年十二月三十一日持有本公司5%或以上之股份及相關股份之權益或淡倉向本公司作出披露,或根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予備存之登記冊內所記錄進行披露。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements, "Related Party Disclosures", no contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had, whether directly or indirectly, a material interest, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

At no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

None of the directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not terminable within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In January 2016, the Company entered into a lease agreement with the landlord, a company wholly owned by Dr. Liu Lit Mo, Chairman, and his spouse. The Company leased the property at a monthly rent of HK\$456,000 with effect from 1 January 2016 for a term of two years. For the year ended 31 December 2016, the aggregate rent paid by the Company amounted to HK\$5,472,000.

In March 2014, the Company entered into a lease agreement with Dr. Liu Lit Chung, a Non-executive Director. The Company leased the property at a monthly rent of HK\$75,000 for a term of two years commencing from 1 March 2014 and the lease was renewed with the same term, effective from 1 March 2016, for another two years ending on 28 February 2018. For the year ended 31 December 2016, the aggregate rent paid by the Company amounted to HK\$900,000.

In March 2011, the Company entered into a service agreement with K.A. Kho & Associates for architectural and consultancy services provided to the Company. Mr. Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher, a Non-executive Director, is the sole director and the sole shareholder of K.A. Kho & Associates. In addition, a supplemental agreement with revised service fee of HK\$12,900,000 was signed in February 2016. For the year ended 31 December 2016, the aggregate service fee paid by the Company amounted to HK\$1,932,000.

董事合約權益

除綜合財務報表附註第36項內「關聯人士披露事項」所述之外,於年結日或本年度內任何時間,本公司各董事並無直接或間接在本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立之重大合約中享有與本集團業務相關的重大利益。

本年度內本公司或其任何附屬公司從未參與 任何安排致使各董事因取得本公司或任何其 他公司之股份或債券而獲益。

於即將召開之股東周年大會上膺選連任之本公司董事,並無與本公司訂有不可由僱主於一年內毋須支付賠償金(但法定之賠償金除外)而終止之服務合約。

關連人士交易

於二零一六年一月,本公司與主席廖烈武博士及其配偶全資擁有的公司簽訂租賃合約。租金為每月港幣456,000元,由二零一六年一月一日起有效,為期兩年。截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司共支付租金港幣5.472,000元。

於二零一四年三月,本公司與非執行董事廖 烈忠醫生簽訂租賃合約。租金為每月港幣 75,000元,租賃期兩年由二零一四年三月一日 開始,並按同等條款再續約兩年,由二零 一六年三月一日起至二零一八年二月二十八 日止。截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年 度,本公司共支付租金港幣900,000元。

於二零一一年三月,許金安則師樓與本公司 簽訂一份服務協議,為本公司提供建築及其 他顧問服務。本公司之非執行董事許榮泉先 生乃許金安則師樓之唯一董事及唯一股東。 另一補充協議於二零一六年二月簽訂,服務 費用修訂為港幣12,900,000元。截至二零一六 年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司共支付顧 問費港幣1,932,000元。 The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued his unqualified letter containing his findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions, details of which are also disclosed by the Group in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements, in accordance with Main Board Listing Rule 14A.56. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to Stock Exchange.

In the opinion of the directors who do not have any interest, whether directly or indirectly, in the above transactions, the transactions were conducted in the ordinary course of business of the Group on normal commercial terms.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, the Group's purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers and the Group's turnover attributable to the Group's five largest customers were both less than 30%. None of the directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Board owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) has any interest in the Group's five largest suppliers or customers.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Company and its subsidiaries have not purchased, sold or redeemed any of the shares in the Company.

根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港監證業務準則第3000號「非審核或審閱歷史財務資料監證工作」及參考執行指引第740號「根據香港上市規則就持續關連交易發出的核數師函件」,本公司核數師已獲聘請為本集團持續關連交易編製報告。核數師已根據主板上市規則第14A.56條發出無保留意見函件,當中闡述其對本集團載於綜合財務報表附註第36項所披露持續關連交易得出之審查及結論。本公司已將有關核數師函件副本送呈聯交所。

若干對上述交易並無直接或間接利益之董事 認為上述交易均屬本集團經常業務,並按照 一般商業條款進行。

主要客戶及供應商

本年度內,本集團之前五大供應商共佔本集 團採購不足百分之三十,而本集團之前五大 客戶共佔本集團營業額不足百分之三十。本 公司各董事及其聯繫人士或任何股東(董事會 知悉擁有本公司已發行股本百分之五或以上) 概無佔有該五大供應商或客戶任何權益。

購買、出售或贖回股份

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內, 本公司及其附屬公司並無購買、出售或贖回 任何本公司之股份。

SHAREHOLDINGS INFORMATION

TOP 10 LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

According to the register of members of the Company as at 31 December 2016, the top 10 largest shareholders are as follows:

持股資料

持股量最高的10位股東

根據本公司股東登記冊的資料,於二零一六年十二月三十一日持股量最高的10位股東如下:

	Name of shareholder	股東名稱	Number of shares held 持有股份數目	% 百分比
1.	HKSCC Nominees Limited	香港中央結算(代理人)有限公司	147,934,628	39.08
2.	Chong Hing (Nominees) Limited	創興(代理)有限公司	141,275,288	37.32
3.	Alba Holdings Limited	愛寶集團有限公司	35,000,222	9.25
4.	BTMU Nominees (HK) Limited	BTMU Nominees (HK) Limited	10,000,000	2.64
5.	Win Ever (Nominees) Limited	Win Ever (Nominees) Limited	8,000,000	2.11
6.	Leung Hok Pang	Leung Hok Pang	6,668,000	1.76
7.	Wragg Limited	Wragg Limited	3,850,000	1.02
8.	Cheng Kee Man	Cheng Kee Man	3,000,000	0.79
9.	Cheng Kee Hong	Cheng Kee Hong	3,000,000	0.79
10.	On Luk Tong Limited	On Luk Tong Limited	1,090,000	0.29
Total		合計	359,818,138	95.05

LOCATION OF SHAREHOLDERS

According to the register of members of the Company as at 31 December 2016, the location of shareholders are as follows:

股東分佈

根據本公司股東登記冊的資料,於二零一六 年十二月三十一日股東分佈如下:

Location of shareholders	股東分佈	Number of shares held 持有股份數目	% 百分比
Hong Kong	香港	378,521,140	99.9835
China and South East Asia	中國及東南亞	36,060	0.0095
Europe	歐洲	800	0.0002
US and Canada	美國及加拿大	16,860	0.0045
Others	其他	8,580	0.0023
Total	合計	378,583,440	100

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 December 2016.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Companies Ordinance requires the directors to prepare the financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at the end of the financial year and of their respective profit or loss for the year then ended. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to select suitable accounting policies and apply them on a consistent basis, making judgements and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable; state the reasons for any significant departure from accounting standards; prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is not appropriate to presume that the Company and the Group will continue in business for the foreseeable future.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and of the Group and taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Executive Management Committee was established on 30 October 2014. The current members of the committee comprised of Mr. Liu Lit Chi, Mr. Liu Kam Fai, Winston, Mr. Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher and Mr. Lee Wai Hung. Based on the duly approved terms of reference by the Board, the committee is authorised to discuss, formulate policies and make decisions on all matters relating to the daily management and operations of the Company and its subsidiaries. It also helps to discuss significant daily operational issues, review business performance and take prompt corrective actions as appropriate. The Board believes that the function of committee could help to relieve the Board of detailed review of information and to increase the operational efficiency among different departments.

Detailed terms of reference could be seen at the Company's website.

充分之公眾持股量

本公司於二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度, 全年均維持充分之公眾持股量。

董事就財務報表之責任

公司條例規定董事負責就各財政年度編製財務報表,真實及公平地反映本公司及本集團於該財政年度結算日之財政狀況,以及截至結算日止年度本公司及本集團各自之溢利或 虧損情況。編製財務報表時,董事須選取並 貫徹採用合適之會計政策,作出審慎、公會計 貫徹採用合適之會計;就任何嚴重偏離會計 本則之情況申明理由;按持續經營基準編製 財務報表,除非情況不適宜假定本公司及本 集團於可見將來仍會繼續經營業務,另作別 論。

董事須負責存置妥當會計記錄,以保障本公司及本集團資產,以及採取合理步驟防止及 查察有否任何欺詐及其他不合常規之情況。

執行管理委員會

執行管理委員會已於二零一四年十月三十日 成立。委員會現任委員包括廖烈智先生、廖 金輝先生、廖坤城先生及李偉雄先生。根據 董事會正式批准的職權範圍,委員會獲授權 就本公司及其附屬公司的日常管理及營運相 關事宜商討、制定政策,並作出決策。委 會亦協助討論重大日常營運事宜、檢討書 表現,並在適當的情況下迅速採取修正措施。 董事會相信,委員會之職能可減輕董事會作 詳盡審閱資料之負擔並提升各部門之間的營 運效率。

職權範圍之詳情請參見本公司網站。

Audit Committee report is shown on pages 35 to 36. The principal duties of the Audit Committee are reviewing the internal controls and the financial reporting requirements of the Group. The Audit Committee meeting will normally hold twice in each financial year immediately before the Board meeting for approving the interim and final results. The committee is satisfied with the Company's internal control procedures and the financial reporting disclosures.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Nomination Committee report is shown on page 37. The report showed the main duty and the work performed by the committee during the year of 2016.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Remuneration Committee report is shown on page 38. The report showed the main duty and work performed by the committee during the year of 2016.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company has substantially complied throughout the year ended 31 December 2016 with those paragraphs of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, with which it is required to report compliance.

Guidelines and procedures for corporate governance of the Company are set out on pages 52 to 77.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Company has arranged directors and officers liability insurance for directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against its directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities. The permitted indemnity provision is in force for the benefit of the directors as required by section 470 of the Companies Ordinance when this report prepared by the directors is approved in accordance with section 391(1)(a) of the Companies Ordinance.

審核委員會

審核委員會報告列於第35至36頁。審核委員會之主要職責為審查本集團之內部監控程序及符合財務報告之要求,審核委員會一般每年開會兩次,主要在每年董事會通過中期及末期業績前召開會議,委員會滿意本公司之內部監控程序及財務報告所披露之資料。

提名委員會

提名委員會報告列於第37頁。該報告列示委 員會的主要職責及於二零一六年所進行的工 作。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會報告列於第38頁。該報告列示委員會的主要職責及於二零一六年所進行的工作。

遵從企業管治守則

本公司於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內,基本上已遵守其須申報有關上市規則附錄14所載之企業管治守則之所有條文。

本公司之企業管治指引及程序詳列於第52至 77頁內。

獲准彌償規定

本公司已就由企業活動招致針對董事及高級管理層的法律行動而引起的董事及高級職員責任,安排投保董事及高級職員責任保險。在董事編製的本報告按照公司條例第391(1)(a)條獲通過時,該獲准的彌償條款已經如公司條例第470條為保障董事利益的規定而生效。

DIRECTORS OF SUBSIDIARIES

The names of all directors who have served on the Board of Directors of the subsidiaries of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Ms. Eva Liu

Mr. Luk Chi Chung

Ms. Cavior Liu

Mr. Cheng Wan Yen (resigned on 29 March 2016)

Mr. Pan Sze Yuen, Cecil

Ms. Yan Yuet Lam, Charmaine

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year have been audited by Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu who have expressed their willingness to continue in office. Accordingly, a resolution will be submitted to the forthcoming annual general meeting to reappoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Liu Lit Chi

Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 8 March 2017

附屬公司董事

於本年度及截至本報告日期,出任本公司附屬公司董事會成員之董事的姓名如下:

廖綺華女士

陸智聰先生

廖鈞慧女士

鄭允仁先生(於二零一六年三月二十九日已辭任)

潘思遠先生

甄玥霖女士

核數師

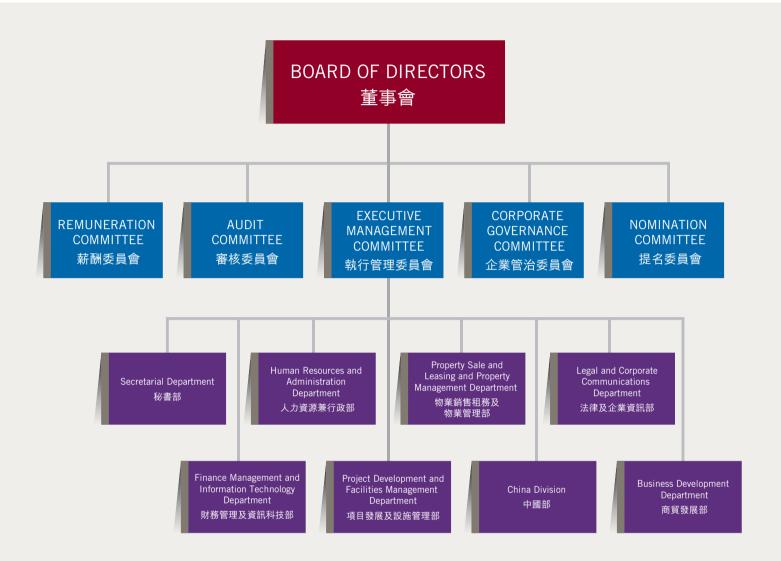
本年度之綜合財務報表經德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行審核,該會計師行已表示其願意繼續擔任有關職務。故此即將舉行之股東周年大會上將會提呈一項決議案以重聘德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行為本公司之核數師。

承董事會命

廖烈智

董事總經理兼行政總裁

香港,二零一七年三月八日



The Audit Committee is made up of four members, all of them are Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company.

The committee oversees the financial reporting system and internal control procedures. In this process, management is principally responsible for the preparation of group financial statements including the selection of suitable accounting policies. External auditors are responsible for auditing and attesting to group financial statements and will report to the management of the Company from time to time on any weakness in controls which come to their attention. The Audit Committee oversees the respective work of management and external auditors to ensure the management has discharged its duty to have an effective internal control procedures.

The Audit Committee had performed the works as follows:

- I. To review the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2016;
- 2. To review the interim results of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2016;
- 3. To review and monitor the external auditors' independence;
- 4. To review the system of internal control of the Company;
- 5. To review the audit plan and the engagement from external auditors:
- 6. To make recommendation on the re-appointment of external auditors; and
- 7. To review the sufficiency of manpower resources of account and finance team of the Group in order to carry out the duties.

It was reported that no major internal control weakness was found and all the recommendations previously suggested by auditors were agreed and implemented by the management in 2016.

Based on these reviews and discussions, and the report of the external auditors, the Audit Committee recommended to the Board approval of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 with the Auditor's Report thereon.

審核委員會由四名委員組成,全部為本公司獨立非執行董事。

審核委員會監督本集團財務申報及其內部監控程序。根據有關程序,管理層主要負責集團財務報表之編製,包括揀選合適之會計政策。外聘核數師負責審核及驗證集團之財務報表及不時向本公司管理層匯報需要改善的內部監控制度。審核委員會監督管理層及外聘核數師之工作,確保管理層已履行其職責建立有效的內部監控系統。

審計委員會已履行以下工作:

- I. 檢討本公司截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表;
- 檢討本公司截至二零一六年六月三十日 止六個月之中期業績;
- 3. 檢討及監察外聘核數師之獨立性;
- 4. 檢討本公司之內部監控制度;
- 5. 檢討審計計劃及聘用外聘核數師;
- 就再度委任之外聘核數師而提出建議;
 及
- 7. 檢討本集團會計及財務團隊之人手資源 足夠性,以便充分履行職責。

本公司之內部監控並無存在任何重大不足之 處,並且過往由核數師提出之所有建議亦獲 得管理層採納並已在二零一六年內執行。

基於上述檢討及討論以及外聘核數師之報告書,審核委員會建議董事會批准截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度綜合財務報表連同有關之核數師報告書。

The Committee recommended to the Board that the shareholders be asked to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as the Company's external auditor for 2017.

審核委員會向董事會建議,尋求股東批准續 聘德勤,關黃陳方會計師行為本集團二零 一七年度之外聘核數師。

Members of the Audit Committee

Mr. Tong Tsin Ka (Chairman)

Dr. Cheng Mo Chi, Moses

Mr. Au Kam Yuen, Arthur

Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo

Hong Kong, 7 March 2017

審核委員會委員

唐展家先生(主席)

鄭慕智博士

區錦源先生

鄭毓和先生

香港,二零一七年三月七日

The Nomination Committee ("NC") consists of five members.

The main duties of the committee are (i) to review the structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy; (ii) to identify individuals suitably qualified to become directors of the Company and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; (iii) to assess the independence of independent non-executive directors of the Company; and (iv) make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of the directors and succession plan for directors, in particular the chairman and chief executive of the Company.

The NC discharges its responsibilities by reference to the terms of reference which set out their roles, responsibilities and duties. The terms of reference were duly authorised by the Board.

In year 2016, the NC had reviewed and discussed the following issues at its meetings:

- 1. To review the composition, size and structure of the Board of the Company.
- 2. To review the attendance records of directors of the Company.
- 3. To review the scope of responsibilities of directors of the Company.
- 4. To review and confirm the independence of all the Independent Non-executive Directors.
- 5. To review and amend as required from time to time the Board diversity policies.

The NC is accountable to the Board and minutes of the meeting are circulated to the Board for information.

The NC meets when required but at least once per year.

提名委員會由五名委員組成。

委員會主要職責是(i)檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成,並就任何為配合本公司之策略而擬對董事會作出之變動提出建議;(ii)物色具備合適資格可擔任董事之人士,並挑選提名個別人士出任董事或就此向董事會提供意見;(iii)評核本公司獨立非執行董事之獨立性;及(iv)就董事委任或重新委任及董事(特別是本公司主席及行政總裁)繼任計劃向董事會提出建議。

提名委員會履行之職責會參照職權範圍書內 列明之角色、責任和義務。此職權範圍書亦 已獲董事會授權。

於二零一六年內,提名委員會曾於會議上審 議及討論下列事項:

- 1. 檢討本公司董事會的組織、人數及架構。
- 2. 檢討本公司董事出席會議之紀錄。
- 3. 檢討本公司董事的責任範圍。
- 4. 檢討及確認所有獨立非執行董事之獨立 性。
- 5. 按不時需要,檢討及修訂,董事會多元 化政策。

提名委員會向董事會負責説明及傳閱會議記錄等資料。

提名委員會如有需要時可召開會議,但每年 最少要舉行一次。

Members of the Nomination Committee

Dr. Liu Lit Mo (Chairman)

Mr. Liu Lit Chi

Mr. Tong Tsin Ka

Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo

Mr. Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher

Hong Kong, 7 March 2017

提名委員會委員

廖烈武博士(主席)

廖烈智先生

唐展家先生

鄭毓和先生

許榮泉先生

香港,二零一七年三月七日

The Remuneration Committee ("RC") consists of four members, a majority of whom are Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company.

薪酬委員會由四名委員組成,大部份為本公司獨立非執行董事。

The main duties of the committee are to formulate the Company's remuneration policy as well as to determine and/or make recommendation to the Board with regard to the structure of remuneration packages for all directors and senior management. When necessary and appropriate, the Chairman and Managing Director are consulted on such issues.

委員會主要職責是制定本公司之薪酬政策, 並向董事會推薦有關全部董事及高級管理人 員之薪酬組合的決定及/或建議。如需要, 可向主席及董事總經理協商決定。

The RC discharges its responsibilities by reference to the terms of reference which set out their roles, responsibilities and duties. The terms of reference were duly authorised by the Board.

薪酬委員會履行之職責會參照職權範圍書內 列明之角色、責任和義務。此職權範圍書亦 已獲董事會授權。

The RC, having consulted with the Chairman of the Board, had reviewed and discussed the following issues at its meeting:

薪酬委員會經諮詢董事會主席之意見後,並 於會議上審議及討論下列問題:

- 1. To review the Company's policy, structure and the remunerations packages for all directors and senior management;
- 審閱本公司有關董事及高級管理人員之薪酬政策、架構及薪酬組合;
- To determine and/or make recommendation to the Board regarding the Directors' fees and other allowance for the year 2017; and.
- 決定及/或建議董事會有關二零一七年 之董事酬金及其他津貼;及
- 3. To review and approve the annual performance bonus and its policy.
- 3. 審閱及批准全年業績之花紅及政策。

The RC is accountable to the Board and minutes of the meeting are circulated to the Board for information.

薪酬委員會有義務向董事會説明及傳閱與會 議記錄有關的一切資料。

The RC meets when required but at least once per year.

薪酬委員會如有需要時可召開會議,但每年 最少要舉行一次。

Members of the Remuneration Committee

Dr. Cheng Mo Chi, Moses (Chairman)

Mr. Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher

Dr. Ma Hung Ming, John

Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo

薪酬委員會委員

鄭慕智博士(主席)

許榮泉先生

馬鴻銘博士

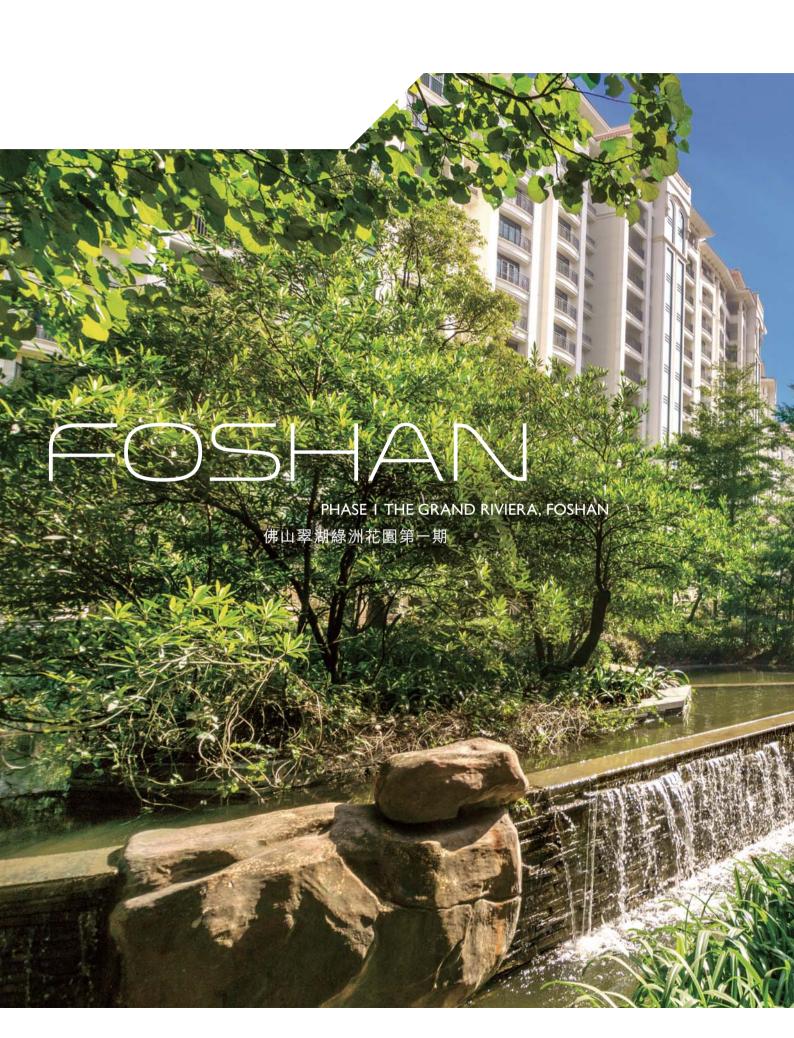
鄭毓和先生

Hong Kong, 7 March 2017

香港,二零一七年三月七日

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	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Change 變動 % 百分率
Revenue 收益	1,031,138	1,193,032	(13.6)
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company 分配於本公司股東之本年度溢利	457,907	410,366	11.6
Basic earnings per share 每股基本盈利	港幣HK\$1.21元	港幣HK\$1.08元	12.0
Net assets value per share 每股資產淨值	港幣HK\$28.85元	港幣HK\$28.91元	(0.2)
Dividend per share 每股股息			
Interim 中期	港幣HK\$0.17元	港幣 HK\$0.16元	6.3
Final 末期	港幣HK\$0.30元	港幣HK\$0.26元	15.4
Total 合共	港幣 HK\$0.47元	港幣 HK\$0.42 元	11.9
Dividend payout ratio 派息比率	39%	39%	



Revenue mainly referred to the revenues generated from property investment, property development, property management, treasury investment, trading & manufacturing and hotel operation.

Other income referred to various miscellaneous income other than the main revenue.

Other gains and losses mainly comprised of net exchange losses, gain on changes in fair value of investment properties, gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments, impairment loss recognised in respect of available-for-sale investments, and gain on disposal of subsidiaries.

PROPERTY INVESTMENT

OVERALL RENTAL REVENUE

For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group's recorded gross rental revenue of approximately HK\$361.1 million, decreased by approximately HK\$14.2 million from approximately HK\$375.3 million in 2015, representing a decrease of 3.8%. Major change was due to decrease of rental revenue of approximately HK\$17.8 million from Shanghai Chong Hing Finance Center.

OVERALL OCCUPANCIES

The Group's overall occupancy from major investment properties continued to maintain at approximately 88.6% as at 31 December 2016.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得溢利約港幣468,800,000元,較二零一五年所得溢利約港幣422,300,000元,上升約11%。

收益主要指從物業投資、物業發展、物業管理、財務投資、貿易及製造以及酒店經營所產生的收益。

其他收入是指主要收益以外的各個雜項收入。

其他收益及虧損主要包括匯兑淨虧損、投資物業公平價值變動收益、出售可供出售投資收益、可供出售投資之減值虧損確認,及出售附屬公司收益。

物業投資

整體租金收益

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得之毛租金收益約港幣361,100,000元,由二零一五年港幣375,300,000元減少約港幣14,200,000元,下降3.8%。主要改變來自上海創興金融中心之租金收益減少約港幣17,800,000元。

整體出租率

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團主要 投資物業之整體出租率持續維持於約88.6%。







FAIRVIEW COURT 富慧閣

HONG KONG PROPERTIES

CHONG HING SQUARE

Chong Hing Square, located at 601 Nathan Road Mongkok, is a 20-storey ginza-type retail/commercial building, offering over 182,000 square feet of retail and commercial space. For the year of 2016, Chong Hing Square generated rental revenue of approximately HK\$121.6 million with occupancy of 96% as at 31 December 2016. The management had commenced a substantial renovation work to the building for the purpose of increasing the capital value of the property. Renovation work was scheduled to be completed in 2017. Upon completion of the renovation, the management expected to provide better services to tenants as well as commanding higher rental return. Total renovation costs amounted to approximately HK\$60 million and all expenditures are funded by internal resources.

香港物業

創興廣場

創興廣場,位處旺角彌敦道601號,為樓高 二十層之銀座式零售/商業大廈,提供逾 182,000平方呎零售及娛樂用地。於二零一六 年, 創興廣場產生之租金收益約港幣 121,600,000元,該大廈於二零一六年十二月 三十一日之出租率約為96%。為提升本物業的 資本價值,管理層對該大廈進行大規模的翻 新工程。翻新工程預計於二零一七年竣工。 完成裝修後,管理層預期將為租戶提供更佳 服務,並獲取更高租金回報。 總裝修費用約 為港幣60,000,000元,所有支出均由內部資源 撥付。

CHONG YIP CENTRE

Chong Yip Centre is located at 402–404 Des Voeux Road West. It provides over 54,000 square feet of retail and commercial space. For the year ended 31 December 2016, this retail and commercial shopping centre generated rental revenue of approximately HK\$21.2 million, slightly decreased by approximately 1.8% comparing to that of 2015. The occupancy was decreased to 74% as at 31 December 2016.

FAIRVIEW COURT

Fairview Court, a low-rise residential building, is located at 94 Repulse Bay Road. The Group holds 5 units, each with a gross area of over 4,100 square feet for leasing. For the year ended 31 December 2016, Fairview Court recorded rental revenue of approximately HK\$2.2 million, with occupancy of 60% as at 31 December 2016.

PRC PROPERTIES

CHONG HING FINANCE CENTER, SHANGHAI

The mainland flagship property located at 288 Nanjing Road West in Huang Pu District of Shanghai is a 36-storey Grade A commercial building which commands a strategic location and enviable view over The People's Square just across the street. With a total floor area of over 516,000 square feet of office and commercial spaces and 198 carparks, this property was approximately 83% let in terms of office space and 100% let in terms of retail space as at 31 December 2016. For the year ended 31 December 2016, this office building generated rental revenue of approximately HK\$141.3 million, representing an decrease of approximately 11%.

創興銀行中心

創興銀行中心位於中環德輔道中24號,為樓高二十六層之甲級寫字樓。除保留數層供本公司自用外,其餘辦公樓層出租予創興銀行有限公司,租期五年,從二零一四年二月十九日起租,每月租金約港幣5,660,000元。截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,該大廈錄得租金收益共約港幣67,900,000元。鑒於五年固定租期,租金收益將維持穩定。

創業商場

創業商場位於德輔道西402-404號,提供逾54,000平方呎之零售及商業用地。截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,該零售及商業購物中心產生之租金收益約港幣21,200,000元,相較二零一五年輕微下降約1.8%。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,出租率下降至74%。

富慧閣

富慧閣位於淺水灣道94號,為一低密度樓宇,本集團持有五個住宅單位,各單位出租面積 逾4,100平方呎。截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,富慧閣錄得租金收益約港幣2,200,000元。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,出租率為60%。

中國物業

上海創興金融中心

此國內旗艦物業座落於上海黃浦區南京西路 288號,是一座36層高的甲級商業大廈,地點 極具策略優勢,可飽覽對面人民廣場之優美 景觀。該物業提供寫字樓及商業總樓面面積 逾516,000平方呎及198個車位,於二零一六 年十二月三十一日,此物業之寫字樓出租率 約為83%,零售單位出租率則為100%。本物 業於二零一六年產生之租金收益總額約港幣 141,300,000元,按年下降約11%。

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PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

HONG KONG

ONE-EIGHT-ONE HOTEL & SERVICED RESIDENCES

The previous office building (formerly known as Western Harbour Centre), located at 181–183 Connaught Road West, was under construction to convert into a 183-room hotel and serviced residences. Construction work began in the last quarter of 2015 and it was scheduled to be completed in 2017. The total renovation costs amounted to approximately HK\$400 million and all expenditures are funded by internal resources.

TAI PO, NEW TERRITORIES

The Group had acquired a 262,000 square feet plots of land in Tai Po district, New Territories. The management has initiated the studies for rezoning and intends to seek eventual conversion of this land for future development.

物業發展

香港

ONE-EIGHT-ONE酒店及服務式公寓

位處干諾道西181-183號的原寫字樓(前稱為 滙港中心),現正改建成為一間擁有183間客 房的酒店及服務式公寓。於二零一五第四季 開始施工,預計酒店將於二零一七年完工。 總改建費用約為港幣400,000,000元,所有支 出均由內部資源撥付。

新界大埔

本集團購入新界大埔區一幅佔地262,000平方 呎之地塊。管理層已就更改土地用途展開研究,並擬尋求最終將該幅土地改作日後發展 用途。









PRC

THE GRAND RIVIERA, FOSHAN

In 2007, the Group acquired a plot of land with site area of over 260,000 square metres in Luocun, Foshan through government land auction at a cash consideration of RMB476 million. This is a comprehensive development and will be developed by phases. Situated at I Guilong Road, Luocun in the Nanhai District of Foshan, it is conveniently located within half an hour's drive from the Foshan financial district and within 5 minutes' drive from the new Foshan West Station.

中國

佛山翠湖綠洲花園

於二零零七年,本集團通過政府土地拍賣以現金代價人民幣476,000,000元購入佛山羅村一幅佔地超過260,000平方米之地塊。該綜合發展項目將分期發展。該項目位處佛山市南海區羅村貴隆路 I 號,交通便捷,距離佛山金融區不足半小時車程,而距離新佛山西站不足5分鐘車程。

Phase I of the development consists of I2 blocks of 6–I4 storey residential apartments with unit sizes ranging from 55 square metres to 380 square metres. The retail and commercial portion occupies approximately 8,600 square metres and there is a sizeable standalone clubhouse and other recreational facilities. If including the carparking spaces mainly built at the basement level, total construction areas are over I81,000 square metres. Phase I provides 847 residential units and I,126 carparking spaces. As at 8 March 2017, a total of 664 residential units (representing 78% of available units) and 301 carparking spaces (representing 27% of available spaces) had been sold, generating sale proceeds of approximately RMB618.3 million.

Phase 2 of the development consists of 12 blocks of 14 storey residential apartments of 3 unit types, being 60, 90 and 120 square metres in size. If including the retail and commercial areas of approximately 2,100 square metres, other amenities areas of approximately 3,500 square metres and carparking spaces mainly built at the basement levels, the total developable area of Phase 2 is over 191,000 square metres. As at 8 March 2017, the Group had successfully sold all 1,542 residential units and 353 carparking spaces (representing 32% of available spaces) returning sale proceeds of approximately RMB981.7 million.

The Group continued the construction of Phase 3 since 2015. For the Phase 3 development, it constructed 12 blocks of 14-storey residential flats above the ground. A total of 1,498 residential units with developable areas over 192,000 square metres and 1,204 car parking spaces mainly built at the basement levels. For the size of residential units, it provided four typical sizes with areas of 60, 90, 120 and 140 square metres. The Group started the pre-sale of Phase 3 in April 2016. As at 8 March 2017, all 1,498 residential units were successfully sold out returning total sale proceeds of approximately RMB1,130.8 million.

On schedule, the construction of Phase 3 will be completed in 2017, so that the sale results of Phase 3 will be recognised under the financial year of 2017.

第一期發展包括12座樓高6至14層之住宅樓宇,單位面積由55平方米至380平方米不等。零售和商用部分面積約8,600平方米,並附有一個面積寬敞的獨立會所及其他康樂設施,如計入主要建於地庫的停車空間,總建築面積逾181,000平方米。一期共提供847套住宅單位及1,126個停車位,於二零一七年三月八日,總共售出664套住宅單位(佔單位總數78%)和301個停車位(佔停車位總數27%),產生的現金收益約人民幣618,300,000元。

第二期發展包括12座樓高14層之住宅樓宇,提供了三種面積為60,90和120平方米的戶型。如果計入約2,100平方米零售和商用面積、約3,500平方米的其他輔助設施及主要建於地庫的停車空間,二期總發展面積超過191,000平方米。於二零一七年三月八日,本集團已成功售出全部1,542套住宅單位和353個停車位(佔停車總數約32%),收回銷售收益約人民幣981,700,000元。

自二零一五年起,本集團已開始進行第三期建設。第三期發展興建12座樓高14層之住宅樓字,提供1,498套住宅單位及於地庫的1,204個停車位,發展面積超過192,000平方米。住宅單位提供了四種面積為60,90,120和140平方米的戶型。本集團於二零一六年四月開始第三期項目預售。於二零一七年三月八日,本集團已成功售出全部1,498套住宅單位,收回銷售收益約人民幣1,130,800,000元。

按計劃,第三期建設將於二零一七年完成。 因此,第三期銷售業績將在二零一七年財政 年度入賬。

BUDGET HOTEL PROJECT

Since 2008, the Group started to operate budget hotel business in Shanghai, Beijing and Guangzhou. All of these budget hotels are managed by and under the brand name of Hanting. For the year ended 31 December 2016, hotel revenue decreased by 59% from approximately HK\$41.7 million in 2015 to approximately HK\$17.0 million in 2016. Due to the restructuring of the business strategy, the Group had ceased one and sold two budget hotels during the year. Having completed the disposal transactions with receiving total cash considerations of approximately HK\$12.0 million in May 2016, the Group recorded a gain on disposal of subsidiaries of approximately HK\$10.8 million.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Group's shareholders' funds increased from HK\$10,916.1 million as at 31 December 2015 to HK\$10,923.9 million as at 31 December 2016, representing a net increase of HK\$7.8 million. The increase in shareholders' funds was attributed to (a) profit attributable to the owners of the Group of HK\$457.9 million; (b) net decrease of investment revaluation reserve, property revaluation reserve and exchange reserve totalling HK\$287.3 million; and (c) dividend paid of HK\$162.8 million.

第四期發展項目計劃興建11幢樓高14層之住 宅樓宇,提供1,380套住宅單位,發展面積超 過156,000平方米。另提供零售商業面積約 5,900平方米、其他輔助設施約7,700平方米及 主要建於地庫的1,227個停車位,第四期總發 展面積超過216,000平方米。住宅單位提供了 四種面積為90,100,130和140平方米的典型戶 型。地下室工程已於二零一六年第三季度開 展。

經濟型酒店項目

自二零零八年起,本集團開始於上海、北京 及廣州經營經濟型酒店業務。該等經濟型酒 店全部均由漢庭管理並以漢庭之品牌名稱經 營。截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期間, 酒店總收益由二零一五年約港幣41,700,000元 下降約59%至二零一六年約港幣17,000,000元。 鑒於本集團調整投資策略,於本年期間,本 集團已出售其中兩家經濟型酒店而另一家則 已停止經營。本集團已於二零一六年五月完 成出售之酒店交易,總現金代價約港幣 12,000,000元,共錄得出售附屬公司收益約港 幣10,800,000元。

資本架構

本集團的股東資金由二零一五年十二月三十一 日的港幣10,916,100,000元增加至二零一六年 十二月三十一日的港幣10,923,900,000元,淨增 幅為港幣7,800,000元。股東資金增加是由於(a) 分配於本集團股東應佔溢利港幣457,900,000 元; (b)投資重估儲備、物業重估儲備及匯兑 儲備總計淨減少港幣287,300,000元;及(c)已付 股息港幣162.800.000元。

FINANCE AND TREASURY OPERATIONS

NET CASH BALANCE

As at 31 December 2016, the Group's net cash balance (being cash and deposits less borrowings) stood at approximately HK\$1,112.2 million, increased by approximately HK\$589.9 million from approximately HK\$522.3 million in 2015, representing an increase of 88.5%

The increase of net cash balance mainly related to the sale of The Grand Riviera, Foshan residential project. For the year of 2016, the Group has received cash sale proceeds more than approximately HK\$1,300 million from this project.

For next few years, the Group's major capital expenditure will be incurred for the Foshan residential project, hotel redevelopment project, and the renovation of Chong Hing Square and Chong Yip Centre. The management will ensure all these capital expenditures within the budget.

The management expected that the Group's cash balance could be increased further by receiving sale proceeds from The Grand Riviera, Foshan, and the stable rental revenue from our property investment.

BANKING FACILITIES

Most of the banking facilities as at 31 December 2016 were committed banking facilities. In managing the debt portfolio, the Group has endeavoured to maintain diversified sources of funding. Currently, the major source of financing is still coming from the banking sector, in which the Group has bilateral banking facilities with over 10 banks, most of which have established long relationships with the Group. The management will consider to widen the funding source from capital market if both of the market conditions and terms are favourable to the Company.

The management will closely monitor the Company's funding position, internal funding and lower cost external funding will be used for coming development project.

財務及庫務營運

淨現金結餘

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團的淨現金結餘(即現金及存款扣減借款)維持約港幣1,112,200,000元,由二零一五年約港幣522,300,000元增加約港幣589,900,000元,增幅88.5%。

淨現金餘額的增加主要與佛山翠湖綠洲花園住宅項目的銷售有關。於二零一六年,本集團已收到該項目之現金銷售收益超過約港幣1,300,000,000元。

於未來幾年,本集團主要的資本支出為佛山住宅項目、重建酒店項目及裝修創興廣場與創業商場。管理層將控制該資本支出在預算以內。

在獲得佛山翠湖綠洲花園銷售收益,以及物業投資的穩定租金收益後,管理層預期現金 餘額將會進一步增加。

銀行貸款

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,大部份的銀行貸款均為承諾貸款。在管理債務組合時,本集團一直致力維持資金來源多元化。現時,主要的融資來源仍然是來自銀行貸款,已有超過十家銀行為本集團提供雙邊銀行融資額,而且大部份已與本集團建立長久關係。若市況及貸款條款皆對本公司有利,管理層將會考慮擴闊來自資本市場的融資來源。

管理層會密切監察本公司的資金狀況,在未 來的發展計劃中會動用內部資金及成本較低 的外部資金來源。 It is the Group's financial policy to maintain positive cash balance and high liquidity. To maintain sufficient liquidity will not only help the Group to fulfil all short term payment obligations but also to improve the Group's working capital. Liquidity mainly comes from recurring rental income of various investment properties, cash sale proceeds from various completed and uncompleted development projects and committed banking facilities.

Liquidity risk of the Group has been further reduced by early refinancing and improvement of cashflow.

LOAN MATURITY ANALYSIS

Liquidity risk could also be reduced by extending the loan tenors. The Group's debt maturity portfolio is spread out over a medium term, with 28% of debts becoming due within 1-2 years, and 63% of debts becoming due over 2 but within 5 years respectively. It was the fact that the Group's liquidity and cash flow position in PRC was improved substantially following the successful sale of The Grand Riviera, Foshan. All of the RMB bank loans were renewed in the year of 2016 in order to take more flexibility on refinancing measures.

RISK MANAGEMENT

In managing interest rate and foreign exchange exposures, the Group may use certain derivative instruments such as interest rate swaps, cross currency swaps, forward rate agreements and foreign exchange contracts. It is the Group's policy to allow using derivatives as hedging purposes only. With respect to the counterparty risk of the derivatives, the Group transacts only with financial institutions with strong investment-grade ratings.

INTEREST RATE EXPOSURE

The volatility and uncertainty of the movement of interest rate may result in a potential negative impact to the Group's financial position. Given that, the management will actively involve and review the movement of interest rate so as to minimise the financial impact.

流動資金風險及現金結餘

本集團的財務政策是保持現金結餘及充裕流 動資金。保持充裕流動資金不僅有助本集團 履行所有短期還款責任,亦可改善本集團的 營運資金狀況。本集團的流動資金主要來自 各項投資物業的經常性租金收入、來自各項 落成及即將落成發展項目的現金銷售收益以 及承諾銀行信貸。

本集團的流動資金風險因提早再融資和現金 流的改善已進一步降低。

到期貸款分析

延長貸款期限可以減低流動資金風險。本集團的中期到期債務組合分別為28%債務於一年至兩年內到期,及63%債務則於兩年以上但五年內到期。事實上,本集團在中國的流動資金及現金流量狀況在成功出售佛山翠湖綠州花園後大幅改善。所有人民幣銀行貸款已在二零一六年續期,以便在再融資措施方面採取更多的靈活性。

風險管理

在監管利率及外匯風險時,本集團可使用若 干衍生工具,例如利率掉期、貨幣掉期、遠 期利率協議及外匯合約。本集團只容許使用 該等衍生工具作為對沖風險用途。至於衍生 工具的交易風險方面,本集團僅會與具備良 好投資評級的財務機構進行交易。

利率風險

利率波動及走勢不明朗可能會對本集團的財政狀況產生潛在負面影響。管理層將會密切留意及檢討利率走勢,以盡量減輕利率走勢 對財政構成的影響。

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

It is the Group's policy to minimise mismatch in currency and not to speculate in currency movement. As at year ended 31 December 2016, other foreign exchange exposure related to some major investments in Guangzhou, Shanghai and Foshan projects which altogether amounted to the equivalent of about HK\$5,882.6 million or 42.9% of the Group's assets.

EMPLOYEE AND EMOLUMENT POLICY

As at 31 December 2016, the Group employed a workforce of 423 (31 December 2015: 460). Staff cost for the year include salaries, bonuses and allowances, were approximately HK\$87.5 million (31 December 2015: HK\$82.6 million).

The Group's remuneration policy, having been advised and determined by the Remuneration Committee, will ensure that the pay levels of its employees are reasonable and competitive in the market and their total rewards including basic salary and bonus system are linked with their performance. The members and the work done of Remuneration Committee are shown on page 38.

外匯風險

本集團的政策乃盡量減低貨幣錯配的風險,亦不會進行外匯投機買賣。其他外匯風險乃與廣州、上海及佛山的重大投資項目有關。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,該等投資約港幣5,882,600,000元,佔本集團資產的42.9%。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團聘有 423名員工(二零一五年十二月三十一日:460 名)。本年間之僱員成本(包括薪金、花紅及 津貼)總額約為港幣87,500,000元(二零一五年 十二月三十一日:港幣82,600,000元)。

經薪酬委員會考慮及建議,本集團薪酬政策相比市場僱員薪酬水平是合理及有競爭性的。僱員總薪酬包括基本工資及花紅制度,均與工作表現掛鈎。薪酬委員會之委員名單及其工作詳列於第38頁。

GUIDELINES AND PROCEDURES FOR CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OF THE COMPANY

(A) CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CHART

The Board is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance for the purpose of enhancing long term shareholders value. The corporate governance chart adopted by the Company could be referred to Liu Chong Hing Investment Limited Simplified Organisation Chart on page 34.

(B) DIRECTORS

(I) THE BOARD: RESPONSIBILITY FOR LEADERSHIP AND CONTROL OF THE COMPANY

- The Board is accountable to the shareholders for leadership and supervision of the senior management for the purpose of creating long term shareholders value by sustaining a growing and successful business.
- The principal tasks of the Board are to set objective, formulate strategy and to monitor the operating and financial performance.
- The Board is responsible for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and ensuring that the Company establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems.

The Board also oversees management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems, and management should provide a confirmation to the Board on the effectiveness of these systems.

 Duties of the Board include approving interim reports and annual reports, announcements and press release of interim and final results, considering the dividend policy, and approving the issue, allotment or disposal or grant of options in respect of unissued new shares of the Company. 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止財政年度,本公司基本已遵守上市規則附錄 14所載企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」或「守則」)條文的規定。

本公司企業管治指引及程序

(A) 公司管治架構圖

董事會致力維持高水平之企業管治,為股東 締造長遠價值。本公司採納之管治架構圖可 參照載於第34頁的廖創興企業有限公司簡化 組織圖。

(B) 董事

(I) 董事會:負責領導及監控本公司

- 董事會須就領導及監管高級管理層向股東負責,透過維持不斷增長及成功之業務,為股東締造長遠價值。
- 董事會之主要任務為設定目標、制訂策 略以及監控本公司之營運及財務表現。
- 董事會負責評估及釐定本公司達成策略 目標時所願意接納的風險性質及程度, 並確保本公司設立及維持合適及有效的 風險管理及內部監控系統。

董事會亦監督管理層對風險管理及內部 監控系統的設計、實施及監察,而管理 層應向董事會提供有關系統是否有效的 確認。

董事會之職責包括批准中期報告及年度 報告、公告以及中期及末期業績公告、 考慮股息政策,以及批准發行、配發或 出售或授出本公司未發行新股份之期權。

(II) CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING DIRECTOR: CLEAR DIVISION OF RESPONSIBILITIES

- The Company has clear and distinct division of responsibilities between the Chairman and Managing director.
 - Dr. Liu Lit Mo, the Chairman of the Board, provides leadership and is responsible for the effective functioning and leadership of the Board. The Managing Director is responsible for the Company's business, daily management and operations generally.
- Managing Director assumes overall responsibility for Group's operation and performance by delegating duties to different Executive Directors and senior management to achieve targeted objectives. The Board gives clear directions to management as to their powers of management, circumstance in which the management should make report.

(III) BOARD COMPOSITION: BALANCE AND INDEPENDENCE

- The Board currently comprises five Executive Directors, three Non-executive Directors and five Independent Non-executive Directors of the full Board. During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Board met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least one-third of the Board should be Independent Non-executive Directors.
- The appointment of Independent Non-executive Directors strictly adheres to the guidelines for assessing independence set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company has received written confirmation of their independence from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors.
- The Board considers that the five Independent Non-executive Directors are free from any business or other relationship which might interfere with the exercise of their independent judgment and each of Independent Non-executive Directors brings their own relevant expertise to the Board.
- The presence of all Independent Non-executive Directors could ensure that the Board functions effectively and independently.

(Ⅲ) 主席及董事總經理:職責分工明確

本公司主席和董事總經理之間分工明確,責任清晰。

董事會主席廖烈武博士領導及負責董事 會的有效運作,董事總經理負責本公司 的業務、日常管理和一般營運。

董事總經理負責集團之整體營運及表現,透過轉授職責予不同執行董事及高級管理人員達致指定目標。董事會就管理層之權責及管理層須提交報告之情況給予管理層清晰指引。

(III) 董事會之組成:協調與獨立

- 董事會現時由五名執行董事、三名非執 行董事及五名獨立非執行董事組成。截 至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度, 董事會已遵守上市規則有關委任獨立非 執行董事人數須佔董事會至少三分一之 要求。
- 獨立非執行董事之委任嚴格遵守上市規則第3.13條所載有關評估獨立性之指引。本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事就彼等獨立性之書面確認。
- 董事會認為五名獨立非執行董事並無任何業務或其他關係而可能影響其獨立判 斷,各獨立非執行董事運用彼等本身之相關專業知識服務董事會。
- 委任獨立非執行董事可確保董事會能夠 有效及獨立運作。

- The Independent Non-executive Directors are also the committee members of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee. In short, these committees have Independent Non-executive Directors.
- In addition, the Company has set up the Corporate Governance Committee on 7 March 2012 comprising four Executive Directors and two Independent Non-executive Directors to perform the corporate governance duties.
- The biographies of the directors appear on pages 97 to 105.
 These demonstrate diversity of experience and calibre of the Board in making management decisions.

(IV) APPOINTMENTS, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL

- The Nomination Committee is mainly responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of directors and succession planning for directors.
- Those directors who have been longest in office as at each annual general meeting will retire from office and be subjected to reelection.
- For newly appointed directors, they are required to submit themselves to shareholders for re-election to the Board at the first annual general meeting following their appointment.
- All directors have entered into a letter of appointment with the Company and were appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election and retirement by rotation at least once every three years in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.
- Code provision A.4.2 stipulates that every director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Under the Article 105 of the Company's articles of association, all directors are subject to retirement by rotation except the Managing Director who shall not be subject to retirement by rotation under Articles 113 of the Company's articles of association.

- 獨立非執行董事兼任審核委員會、薪酬 委員會、提名委員會及企業管治委員會 之委員,換言之,該等委員會委員均有 獨立非執行董事。
- 此外,本公司於二零一二年三月七日成立企業管治委員會,由四名執行董事及兩名獨立非執行董事組成,負責履行企業管治職責。
- 董事之簡歷載於第97至第105頁,顯示 彼等各有不同經驗,使董事會可以作出 明智之管理決定。

(IV) 委任、重選及罷免

- 提名委員會主要負責就董事委任或重新 委任以及就董事繼任計劃向董事會提出 建議。
- 任期最長之董事將於每屆股東周年大會 上退任董事,並可重選連任。
- 新委任董事須於獲委任後首次股東周年 大會上獲股東重選方可連任董事。
- 所有董事已與本公司訂立委任函件,並 有特定任期,惟須根據本公司章程細則 至少每三年輪值退任一次。
- 守則條文A.4.2規定每名董事應輪值退任,至少三年一次。根據本公司章程細則第105條,所有董事均須輪值告退,唯董事總經理根據本公司章程細則第113條則毋須輪值退任。

- Details of the term of appointment of all Non-executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors are as follows:
 - to perform such functions and exercise such powers as are appropriate to your position as an Independent Nonexecutive Directors or Non-executive Directors of the Company;
 - (ii) to comply with all laws, rules and regulations applicable to you as a director of the Company, including but not limit to the Listing Rules; and
 - (iii) to notify the Board immediately upon the occurrence of, or the directors becoming aware of, any matter which may affect their independence.
- The terms of reference of Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee, Corporate Governance Committee and Executive Management Committee are available to review in the Company's website.

(V) RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS: GENERAL DUTIES AND SHARE DEALINGS

- The directors fully appreciate their role and duties as directors with supportive commitment of creating a healthy corporate governance culture.
- On appointment, new directors will be given an introduction to the Group's major business activities, induction into their responsibilities and duties, and other regulatory requirements.
- Throughout the year, all directors complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules regarding Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers.

- 所有非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之委任條款詳情如下:
 - (i) 履行及行使適合於本公司獨立非 執行董事或非執行董事職務之有 關職責及有關權力:
 - (ii) 遵守適用於本公司董事之所有法 律、規則及規例,包括但不限於 上市規則;及
 - (iii) 於發生或董事知悉任何可影響其獨立性之事宜時立即通知董事會。
- 有關審核委員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員會、企業管治委員會及執行管理委員會之職權範圍,可瀏覽本公司網頁。

(V) 董事之責任:一般職責及股份交易

- 所有董事均充分瞭解彼等之角色及職 責,鋭意創造一套健全之企業管治文化。
- 新任董事於入職時,將獲簡介本集團之 主要業務、彼等之責任及職責以及其他 監管要求。
- 年內,所有董事一直遵守上市規則附錄 10有關上市公司董事進行證券交易的標 準守則所規定之要求。

(VI) CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

- Code provision A.6.5 proposes that all directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.
- All directors are well aware of the requirement of attending continuous professional training for the year ending 31 December 2017.

(VII) COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Lee Wai Hung, the company secretary also an Executive Director of the Company, is a full time employee of the Group and has day-to-day knowledge of the Company's affairs. The company secretary reports to the Chairman and is responsible for advising the Board through the Chairman of the Board or Executive Management Committee on governance matters and also facilitates induction and professional development of the directors. All directors have access to the advice and services of the company secretary to ensure that the Board procedures, all applicable law, rules and regulations are followed. During the year, the company secretary has duly complied with the relevant professional training requirement under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules. The biography of Mr. Lee is set out in the section "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" in the annual report.

(VI) 持續專業發展

- 守則條文A.6.5建議所有董事應參與持續 專業發展以開發及更新其知識和技能。
- 所有董事均清楚知悉截至二零一七年 十二月三十一日止年度須參加持續專業 培訓之規定。

(VII) 公司秘書

本公司之公司秘書亦為執行董事李偉雄 先生為本集團之全職僱員,並知悉本公司之日常事務。公司秘書向主席匯報, 並負責透過董事會主席或執行管理委協 會就管治事宜向董事會提供意見,並 動董事就任及專業發展。全體董事以 時五司秘書提供意見及服務,以確 等董事會程序以及所有適用法律、規則 及規例。於年內,公司秘書已妥為遵守 上市規則第3.29條下之相關專業培訓規 定。李先生之履歷載於本年度報告「董 事及高級管理人員簡介」一節內。

(C) BOARD PROCESS

(I) MEETINGS: MATTERS RESERVED FOR FULL BOARD DECISION AND GENERAL PROCEEDINGS

 In order to achieve a high standard of corporate governance and in compliance with the requirement as mentioned under Appendix 14 — Corporate Governance Code, the Board has performed to hold full Board meeting at least quarterly during the year 2016.

The Executive Management Committee was established on 30 October 2014. The current members of the committee comprised of Mr. Liu Lit Chi, Mr. Liu Kam Fai, Winston, Mr. Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher and Mr. Lee Wai Hung. Based on the duly approved terms of reference by the Board, the committee is authorised:

- to discuss, formulate policies and make decisions on all matters relating to the daily management and operations of the Company and its subsidiaries;
- (2) to discuss significant daily operational issues;
- (3) to review key business performance and take prompt corrective actions as appropriate;
- (4) to discuss and formulate financial policy, including review and presentation of final and interim results of the Company to the Board, as well as make recommendation of interim and/or final dividends or other distributions to the Board;
- (5) to discuss business opportunities arising from changing conditions so as to formulate policies to sustain the growth of the Company; and
- (6) The Executive Management Committee is currently received monthly management report which shows the Group's financial and operating results with detailed analysis of different business activities.

(C) 董事會議事程序

- l) 會議:須由全體董事議決之事宜及 一般程序
- 為達致高水平之企業管治及遵守附錄 14 企業管治守則所述之規定,於二零一六 年度董事會已履行最少每季舉行一次全 體董事會會議之責任。

執行管理委員會已於二零一四年十月 三十日成立。委員會現任委員包括廖烈 智先生、廖金輝先生、廖坤城先生及李 偉雄先生。根據董事會正式批准的職權 範圍,委員會獲授權:

- (I) 就本公司及其附屬公司的日常管理及營運相關事宜商討、制定政策,並作出決策;
- (2) 討論重大日常營運事宜;
- (3) 檢討業務表現,並在適當的情況 下迅速採取修正措施;
- (4) 討論並制定財政政策,包括審閱 及向董事會呈列本公司的末期及 中期業績,以及向董事會建議派 發中期及/或末期股息或作出其 他分派;
- (5) 討論形勢變化所帶來的商機,並 制定政策以確保本公司持續成長; 及
- (6) 執行管理委員會現時每月均收到 管理報告,詳細分析本集團不同 商務活動的財務和經營業績。

- The main function of the committee could help to relieve the Board of detailed review of information and to increase the operational efficiency among different departments. For the avoidance of doubt, all matters that require public announcement pursuant to the Listing Rules or rules of any other relevant regulatory body must be approved by the Board.
- Matters reserved for full Board decision include material bank facilities arrangement, material acquisitions and disposals of assets, material transactions with connected parties, significant investments including large capital projects, delegation of authority, treasury and risk management policy, any matters involving a conflict of interest for a substantial shareholder or director.
- All directors have access to the Company Secretary who is responsible for ensuring that the Board procedures are complied with and advises the Board on corporate governance and compliance matters.
- The Company Secretary is responsible for taking minutes of the Board and the Board committee meetings, which are normally circulated to directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final signed version is sent to all directors for their records and open for directors' inspection.
- All directors are allowed to take independent professional advice at Company's expense.
- There is in place a directors' and officers' liabilities insurance cover.

- 委員會之主要職能可協助董事會減輕詳 盡審閱資料之負擔並提升部門間的營運 效率。為免生疑問,所有根據上市規則 或其他相關監管機構的規定須予以公佈 之事宜,必須尋求董事會批准。
- 須由全體董事議決之事宜包括重大銀行信貸安排、重大資產買賣事項、與關連方之重大交易、包括涉及巨額資金之重大投資項目、授權事項、財務及風險管理政策以及主要股東或董事涉及利益衝突之任何事項。
- 所有董事可聯絡公司秘書,彼負責確保 董事會符合議事程序,並就企業管治及 監管事宜向董事會提出建議。
- 公司秘書負責整理董事會及董事委員會 之會議記錄,該等會議記錄一般在每次 會議後之合理時間內送交董事傳閱,而 最終簽署作實之定稿則送交全體董事存 照,並可供董事隨時查閱。
- 所有董事均獲准利用公費尋求獨立專業 意見。
- 公司已為董事及要員購買責任保險。

- Details of 2016 Board meetings attendance record are set out below:
- 二零一六年度董事會會議出席記錄載列 如下:

		Number of meeting attended 出席會議次數	Attendance rate 出席率
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Liu Lit Mo	廖烈武		
(Chairman)	(主席)	4/4	100%
Liu Lit Chi	廖烈智		
(Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer)	(董事總經理兼行政總裁)	4/4	100%
Liu Kam Fai, Winston	廖金輝		
(Deputy Managing Director)	(副董事總經理)	4/4	100%
Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher	廖坤城		
(also alternate director to Dr. Liu Lit Chung)	(亦為廖烈忠醫生之替代董事)	4/4	100%
Lee Wai Hung	李偉雄	4/4	100%
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事		
Liu Lit Chung	廖烈忠	4/4	100%
Andrew Liu	廖駿倫	3/4	75%
Liu Chun Ning, Wilfred	廖俊寧	2/4	50%
Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher	許榮泉	4/4	100%
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Cheng Mo Chi, Moses	鄭慕智	2/4	50%
Tong Tsin Ka	唐展家	4/4	100%
Au Kam Yuen, Arthur	區錦源	3/4	75%
Ma Hung Ming, John	馬鴻銘	3/4	75%
Cheng Yuk Wo	鄭毓和	4/4	100%

(II) SUPPLY OF INFORMATION: QUALITY AND TIMELINESS

- The Company attaches great importance to continually improve on the quality and timeliness of the dissemination of information to the directors.
- The Chairman is responsible for ensuring adequate supply of information to the directors.
- The agenda and accompanying board papers will be sent in full to all directors in a timely manner (we aim to give relevant documents at least five clear days replacing current practice of at least three clear days in advance of meeting). Where appropriate, communications are sent electronically.
- All directors are currently provided with quarterly management reports which shows the Group's financial and operating results with detailed analysis of those major rental properties, property under development and other investments.
- A full Board meeting, held by each quarter, were regularly taken for the purpose of reviewing and updating the Company's business and operating results with reference to the quarterly management report.
- Managing Director is currently holding weekly internal management meeting with various department heads to update directors on their lines of business and to review performance for delegated assignment.
- Executive Management Committee meetings were held twice a
 week to discuss the daily operation and to review the Company
 matters by reference to monthly management reports.

(Ⅱ) 資料提供:質素和及時性

- 繼續改善向董事發放資料之質素和及時性是本公司之首要任務。
- 主席有責任確保向董事提供充足資料。
- 議程及隨附之董事會文件將及時地全數 送交所有董事(目標是在召開董事會會 議前給予最少五日送交有關文件,代替 現時最少三日之慣例)。所有通訊將以 電子形式發佈(如適用)。
- 所有董事現時獲提供季度管理報告,內容提供本集團之財務及營運業績詳盡分析,其中包括主要租賃物業、發展中物業及其他投資。
- 每季定期舉行一次全體董事會會議,根 據季度管理報告審閱及更新本公司業務 及營運業績。
- 董事總經理現時每週與各部門主管舉行 內部管理會議,向董事提供彼等業務之 最新狀況及審核其獲指派工作之表現。
- 執行管理委員會每週舉行兩次會議,討 論日常營運事宜,並參考每月管理報告 檢討本公司事務。

(III) RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

After the year ended of 2015, the Executive Management Committee had engaged Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu ("Deloitte") to provide consultancy services in relation to enterprise risk management and internal controls. The Board understands that it is the Board's responsibility to evaluate the risks of the Company and to implement the Company's strategic objective through an established, appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems.

Senior management had discussed with Deloitte regarding to the Company's existing system and internal controls and an appropriate policy and detailed work plan had been formulated after having identified the main area of risk.

During the year of 2016, the management had completed the internal control assessment and various follow up actions had been done based on the findings and recommendations by Deloitte. The management is highly regarded the internal controls and considered that such review based on the identified audit areas, will be performed annually so as to manage the risk and control the effectiveness of the system.

(D) REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

Procedures for Remuneration Committee to set directors and senior management's remuneration policy:

- The Company has set up Remuneration Committee on 3 March 2005. Its terms of reference are to review and determine the remuneration packages for all directors and senior management.
- The Remuneration Committee currently comprises four members, including three of the Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Cheng Mo Chi, Moses (Chairman), Dr. Ma Hung Ming, John and Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo and a Non-executive Director, Mr. Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher.
- The committee meets at least once per annum.

(III) 風險管理及內部監控系統

於二零一五年底後,執行管理委員會已聘請 德勤。關黃陳方會計師行(「德勤」)對有關企 業風險管理和內部監控提供諮詢服務。董事 會了解評估公司的風險是董事會的責任,並 通過建立適當和有效的風險管理和內部監控 系統來實現公司的策略目標。

經與德勤討論了公司現有的制度和內部監控, 並確定主要風險後,高級管理層已制定出適 當的政策和詳細的工作計劃。

 於二零一六年期間,管理層已經由德勤 調查結果和建議的基礎上完成了內部監 控評估和各種跟進行動。管理層高度重 視內部監控,認為此類建基於確定的審 計範疇的年度審查,將有利於管理層有 效進行風險管理和系統控制。

(D) 董事酬金

薪酬委員會釐定董事及高級管理人員薪 酬政策之程序:

- 本公司已於二零零五年三月三日成立薪酬委員會,其職權範圍乃負責檢討及釐定所有董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇。
- 薪酬委員會目前由四名委員組成,包括 三個獨立非執行董事,鄭慕智博士(主 席)、馬鴻銘博士、鄭毓和先生及非執 行董事許榮泉先生。
- 委員會每年至少舉行一次會議。

- The main duties of the committee include the followings:
 - to make recommendations to the Board on or determine the Company's policy and structure for all directors and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
 - (ii) to determine, with delegated responsibility, the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payment and any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment;
 - (iii) to make recommendations to the Board on or determine the remuneration of Non-executive Directors;
 - (iv) to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives.
- Details of 2016 Remuneration Committee meeting attendance record are set out below:

- 委員會之主要職責包括下列各項:
 - (i) 就本公司所有董事及高級管理人 員之薪酬政策及架構以及就設立 正式而具透明度之程序制訂此等 薪酬政策,向董事會提出建議;
 - (ii) 授權釐訂個別執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇,包括實物利益、退休金權利及賠償費用及任何失去或終止職務或委任之賠償;
 - (iii) 就釐定非執行董事之薪酬向董事 會作出建議;
 - (iv) 根據董事會擬定之企業目標作檢 討及批准管理層薪酬建議。
- 二零一六年度薪酬委員會會議出席記錄 載列如下:

		Number of meeting attended 出席會議次數	Attendance rate 出席率
Members of Remuneration Committee	薪酬委員會委員		
Cheng Mo Chi, Moses (Chairman)	鄭慕智(主席)	1/1	100%
Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher	許榮泉	1/1	100%
Ma Hung Ming, John	馬鴻銘	0/1	0%
Cheng Yuk Wo	鄭毓和	1/1	100%
Cavior Liu (Secretary)	廖鈞慧(秘書)	1/1	100%

- The committee is authorised by the Board to oversee and determine the remuneration of Executive Directors and Senior Management.
- No director is involved in deciding his own remuneration. On matters other than those concerning him, the Chairman or Managing Director may be invited to committee meetings to give advices.
- 委員會獲董事會授權監察及釐定執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬,並就此提供 建議。
- 董事並無參與釐定其本人之薪酬決定。 除有關牽涉其本身、主席或董事總經理 之事項外,主席或董事總經理可應邀出 席委員會之會議以提供意見。

- Committee members are allowed under certain procedures to take independent professional advice at Company's expense for making and determining the remuneration package proposal.
- The committee will present a report to the Board after each meeting, which addresses its work and findings.
- The committee will make recommendation to the Board regarding the remuneration, comprising directors' fees for all Non-executive Directors, for shareholders approval at the annual general meeting.
- Details on the mandate and summary of the work by the Remuneration Committee during the year are set out in the Remuneration Committee Report on page 38.
- The terms of reference of Remuneration Committee are available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

(E) ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

- (I) FINANCIAL REPORTING: BALANCED, CLEAR AND COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT OF THE COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE. POSITION OF PROSPECTS
- The Board believes that it presents a comprehensive, balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's position and prospects in all shareholder communications.
- The Board fully appreciates its responsibilities regarding the preparation of financial statements.

- 根據若干程序,委員會委員獲准就作出 及釐定薪酬待遇方案採納獨立專業意 見,開支由本公司承擔。
- 委員會於每次會議後須向董事會呈交有 關其工作情況及審閱結果之報告。
- 委員會將就薪酬方案,包括所有非執行 董事之董事袍金向董事會作出建議,以 供股東於股東周年大會批准。
- 年內薪酬委員會之授權及工作摘要載於 第38頁之薪酬委員會報告書內。
- 有關薪酬委員會之職權範圍,可瀏覽本公司及聯交所網頁。

(E) 問責及審核

- (I) 財務報告:對本公司之表現及前景 展望作出平衡、清晰及全面之評估
- 董事會相信,其在所有股東通訊內對本 集團之狀況及前景所作出之評估乃全 面、平衡及容易理解。
- 董事會充分瞭解其在編製財務報表時之 責任。

(II) AUDIT COMMITTEE AND AUDITORS: TERMS OF REFERENCE AND RELATIONSHIP WITH MANAGEMENT AND EXTERNAL AUDITORS

- The Audit Committee currently comprises four members, all of them are Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr.
 Tong Tsin Ka (Chairman), Dr. Cheng Mo Chi, Moses, Mr. Au Kam Yuen, Arthur and Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo.
- All members have experience in reviewing and analysing audited financial statements of public companies or major organisation.
- The committee meets not less than twice per annum. Meetings are also attended by invitation by the Chairman, the Managing Director and Executive Director who is in charge of finance matters. The committee also meets not less than twice per annum with the Company's auditor.
- The main duties of the committee include the followings:
 - to be primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of its resignation or dismissal;
 - to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards;
 - (iii) to develop and implement policy on engaging an external auditor to supply non-audit services;
 - (iv) to monitor integrity of the Company's financial statements and annual report and accounts, half year report and, if prepared for publication, quarterly reports, and to review significant financial reporting judgements contained in them;

(II) 審核委員會及核數師:職權範圍及 與管理層及外聘核數師之關係

- 審核委員會目前由四名委員組成,所有 委員為獨立非執行董事,唐展家先生(主 席)、鄭慕智博士、區錦源先生和鄭毓 和先生。
- 所有委員在審閱及分析上市公司或大型 機構有關經審核財務報表方面具有豐富 經驗。
- 委員會每年舉行至少兩次會議。可邀請 主席、董事總經理及負責財務事宜之執 行董事出席會議。委員會亦與本公司核 數師每年至少舉行兩次會議。
- 委員會之主要職責包括下列各項:
 - (i) 主要負責就外聘核數師之委任、 重新委任及罷免向董事會提供建 議、批准外聘核數師之薪酬及聘 用條款,及處理任何有關該核數 師辭任或辭退該核數師之問題;
 - (ii) 按適用之準則檢討及監察外聘核 數師是否獨立客觀及核數程序是 否有效:
 - (iii) 就外聘核數師提供非核數服務制 定政策,並予以執行;
 - (iv) 監察本公司之財務報表以及年度 報告及賬目、半年度報告及(若擬 刊發)季度報告之完整性,並審閱 該等報表及報告所載有關財務申 報之重大意見;

- (v) to review the Company's financial controls, and unless expressly addressed by a separate board risk committee, or by the board itself, to review the Company's risk management and internal control systems;
- (vi) to discuss the risk management and internal control systems with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have effective systems. This discussion should include the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function;
- (vii) to consider major investigation findings on risk management and internal control matters as delegated by the board or on its own initiative and management's response to these findings;
- (viii) to review the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- (ix) to review the external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the auditor to management about the accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response; and
- (x) to ensure that the Board will provide a timely response to the issues raised in the external auditor's management letter.
- Details of 2016 Audit Committee meetings attendance record are set out below:

- (v) 檢討本公司的財務監控,以及檢 討本公司的風險管理及內部監控 系統(除非有另設的董事會轄下風 險委員會又或董事會本身會明確 處理);
- (vi) 與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控系統,確保管理層已履行職責建立有效的系統。討論內容應包括本公司在會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算又是否充足;
- (vii) 主動或應董事會的委派,就有關 風險管理及內部監控事宜的重要 調查結果及管理層對調查結果的 回應進行研究;
- (viii) 檢討本集團之財務及會計政策及 常規;
- (ix) 檢查外聘核數師致管理層之函件、 核數師就會計紀錄、財務賬目或 監控制度向管理層提出的任何重 大疑問及管理層作出之回應;及
- (x) 確保董事會及時回應於外聘核數 師給予管理層之審核情況説明函 件中提出的事宜。
- 二零一六年度審核委員會會議出席記錄 載列如下:

		Number of meeting attended 出席會議次數	Attendance rate 出席率
Members of Audit Committee	審核委員會委員		
Tong Tsin Ka (Chairman)	唐展家(主席)	2/2	100%
Cheng Mo Chi, Moses	鄭慕智	2/2	100%
Au Kam Yuen, Arthur	區錦源	2/2	100%
Cheng Yuk Wo	鄭毓和	2/2	100%
Lee Wai Hung (Secretary)	李偉雄(秘書)	2/2	100%

- Under its terms of reference, the committee is required, amongst other things, to oversee the relationship with external auditors, to review the Company's interim and annual financial statements, and to evaluate the Group system of internal controls.
- There is an agreed procedure for Audit Committee members to take independent professional advice at Company's expense.
- The committee presents a report or makes advice to the Board after each meeting, which addresses its work and findings.
- Details on the mandate and work performed by the Audit Committee during the year are set out in the Audit Committee Report on pages 35 and 36.
- The terms of reference of Audit Committee are available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

(III) AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 December 2016, the auditor had received from the Company and its subsidiaries approximately HK\$2.89 million for audit and audit related services (2015: HK\$3.23 million) as well as HK\$0.6 million for non-audit services (2015: HK\$0.2 million).

(IV) INTERNAL CONTROL: SOUND AND EFFECTIVE SYSTEM TO SAFEGUARD SHAREHOLDER INTERESTS AND COMPANY ASSETS

- Risk management is a crucial part of the Group's strategic management to monitor the Company's overall financial position and to protect its assets.
- The Group is committed to implementing effective risk management policies and internal control procedures to identify and manage the risks that the Group may be exposed to.
- These policies and procedures are reviewed regularly by Executive Management Committee together with the assistant by external auditors during the course of audit and separate assignment to ensure their effectiveness and compliance with Code on Corporate Governance Practices.

- 根據其職權範圍,委員會必須(其中包括)監察與外聘核數師之關係、審閱本公司之中期及年度財務報表,以及評估集團內部監控制度。
- 審核委員會委員可根據既定程序,尋求 獨立專業意見,費用由本公司支付。
- 委員會於每次會議後向董事會提交有關 其工作情況及審閱結果之報告或提供意 見。
- 年內審核委員會之授權及工作詳情載於 第35及36頁之審核委員會報告書內。
- 有關審核委員會之職權範圍,可瀏覽本公司及聯交所網頁。

(Ⅲ) 核數師酬金

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司及其附屬公司之核數師就審核及審核相關服務收取約港幣2,890,000元(二零一五年:港幣3,230,000元),就非審核服務收取港幣600,000元(二零一五年:港幣200,000元)。

(IV) 內部監控:以健全有效之系統保障 股東利益及本公司之資產

- 風險管理是本集團為監控本公司整體財政狀況及保障其資產之策略性管理之關鍵部分。
- 本集團致力落實有效風險管理政策及內 部監控程序,以確認及管理本集團可能 面對之風險。
- 於審核期間和獨立工作,執行管理委員 會在外聘核數師之協助下,定期檢討有 關政策及程序,以確保其成效,並遵守 企業管治常規守則。

- The Managing Director and Executive Directors will discuss with external auditor in the Audit Committee meeting at least twice a year on key issues in relation to internal controls, audit finding and risk management.
- As concluded in 2016 Audit Committee meeting, no irregularities and major weakness in control were found by the auditor.

(F) NOMINATION COMMITTEE

- The Company has set up the Nomination Committee on 7
 March 2012, which is mainly responsible for making
 recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of directors and succession planning for directors.
- The Nomination Committee is chaired by the Chairman of the Board. The committee shall comprise members not less than three and a majority of the committee was Independent Nonexecutive Directors.
- On the date of establishment, the Nomination Committee is chaired by the Dr. Liu Lit Mo, Chairman of the Board.
- Its other current members are Mr. Liu Lit Chi, Mr. Tong Tsin Ka and Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo (Independent Non-executive Directors) and Mr. Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher (a Non-executive Director). As at 8 March 2017, Mr. Au Kam Yuen, Arthur and Dr. Ma Hung Ming, John were appointed as additional members of the committee.
- The committee meets at least once per annum.
- The main duties of the committee include the followings:
 - to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience required) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
 - (ii) to identify individuals suitably qualified to become directors of the Company and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;

- 董事總經理及執行董事將於審核委員會 會議上(每年最少舉行兩次),就內部監 控、審核結果及風險管理等主要事項與 外聘核數師進行討論。
- 誠如於二零一六年審核委員會會議所作總結,核數師概無發現任何違規或監管不足之情況。

(F) 提名委員會

- 本公司於二零一二年三月七日成立提名 委員會,主要負責就董事委任或重新委 任以及就董事繼任計劃向董事會提出建 議。
- 提名委員會主席由董事會主席擔任。委員會須由不少於三名委員組成,而大部分委員均為獨立非執行董事。
- 於成立當日,董事會主席廖烈武博士擔任提名委員會主席。
- 委員會現時其他委員包括廖烈智先生、 獨立非執行董事唐展家先生及鄭毓和先生、以及非執行董事許榮泉先生。於二零一七年三月八日,區錦源先生及馬鴻 銘博士被委任為該委員會委員。
- 委員會每年至少舉行一次會議。
- 委員會之主要職責包括下列各項:
 - (i) 至少每年檢討董事會之架構、人 數及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗 方面)並就任何為配合本公司之策 略而擬對董事會作出之變動提出 建議:
 - (ii) 物色具備合適資格可擔任本公司 董事之人士,並挑選提名個別人 士出任董事或就此向董事會提供 意見;

- (iii) to assess the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company; and
- (iv) to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of the directors and succession plan for directors, in particular the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company.
- Details of 2016 Nomination Committee meeting attendance record are set out belows:

- (iii) 評核本公司獨立非執行董事之獨 立性:及
- (iv) 就董事委任或重新委任及董事(特別是本公司主席及行政總裁)繼任計劃向董事會提出建議。
- 二零一六年度提名委員會會議出席記錄 載列如下:

		Number of meeting attended 出席會議次數	Attendance rate 出席率
Members of Nomination Committee	提名委員會委員		
Liu Lit Mo (Chairman)	廖烈武(主席)	1/1	100%
Liu Lit Chi	廖烈智	1/1	100%
Tong Tsin Ka	唐展家	1/1	100%
Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher	許榮泉	1/1	100%
Cheng Yuk Wo	鄭毓和	1/1	100%
Lee Wai Hung (Secretary)	李偉雄(秘書)	1/1	100%

- Committee members are allowed to take independent professional advice at Company's expense.
- Details of the mandate and summary of the work by the Nomination Committee during the year are set out in the Nomination Committee Report on page 37.
- The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.
- 委員會委員可尋求獨立專業意見,費用 由本公司支付。
- 年內提名委員會之授權及工作詳情載於第37頁之提名委員會報告書內。
- 有關提名委員會之職權範圍,可瀏覽本公司及聯交所網頁。

(G) CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

- The Company has set up the Corporate Governance Committee on 7 March 2012, which is mainly responsible for performing the corporate governance duties of the Board.
- The Corporate Governance Committee is chaired by Dr. Liu Lit Mo, Chairman of the Board.
- Its other current members are Mr. Liu Kam Fai, Winston, Mr. Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher and Mr. Lee Wai Hung, all of them are Executive Directors of the Company and two Independent Non-executive Directors namely, Mr. Au Kam Yuen, Arthur and Dr. Ma Hung Ming, John.

(G) 企業管治委員會

- 本公司於二零一二年三月七日成立企業 管治委員會,主要負責履行董事會之企 業管治職務。
- 企業管治委員會主席由董事會主席廖烈 武博士擔任。
- 委員會現時其他委員包括廖金輝先生、 廖坤城先生及李偉雄先生,全部均為本 公司執行董事,以及兩位獨立非執行董 事區錦源先生及馬鴻銘博士。

- The committee meets at least once per annum.
- The Corporate Governance Committee determines the policy for the corporate governance of the Company. The duties performed by the Corporate Governance Committee include the followings:
 - to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board:
 - to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the directors of the Company and the senior management;
 - (iii) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
 - (iv) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct applicable to the directors and the employees of the Company;
 - (v) to review the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report as required under the Listing Rules; and
 - (vi) to hold regular meetings with all department heads from time to time requesting them to review their corporate governance within the department and require them to submit proposal or remedy action to redress the matters.
- Details of 2016 Corporate Governance Committee meeting attendance record are set out below:

- 委員會每年至少舉行一次會議。
- 企業管治委員會釐定本公司企業管治政策。企業管治委員會履行之職責包括下列各項:
 - (i) 制訂及檢討本公司之企業管治政 策及常規,並向董事會提出建議;
 - (ii) 檢討及監察本公司董事及高級管理人員之培訓及持續專業發展;
 - (iii) 檢討及監察本公司之政策及常規 是否遵守法律及監管規定:
 - (iv) 制訂、檢討及監察適用於本公司 董事及僱員之行為守則;
 - (v) 檢討本公司是否遵守企業管治守 則及有否根據上市規則之規定於 企業管治報告作出披露:及
 - (vi) 不時與所有部門主管定期舉行會 議,要求彼等檢討其部門內之企 業管治,並提呈建議或補救行動 糾正有關事宜。
- 二零一六年度企業管治委員會會議出席 記錄載列如下:

		Number of meeting attended 出席會議次數	Attendance rate 出席率
Members of Corporate Governance Committee	企業管治委員會委員		
Liu Lit Mo (Chairman)	廖烈武(主席)	1/1	100%
Au Kam Yuen, Arthur	區錦源	0/1	0%
Ma Hung Ming, John	馬鴻銘	1/1	100%
Liu Kam Fai, Winston	廖金輝	1/1	100%
Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher	廖坤城	1/1	100%
Lee Wai Hung	李偉雄	1/1	100%

- Committee members are allowed to take independent professional advice at Company's expense.
- The terms of reference of the Corporate Governance Committee are available on the Company's website.

(H) DELEGATION BY BOARD

(I) RELATIONSHIP WITH MANAGEMENT

- The Board and management (include different departmental heads) fully appreciate their respective roles with supportive commitments of creating a healthy corporate governance culture.
- The Board is responsible for overseeing the processes that management (include different departmental heads) has in place to identify business opportunities and risks.
- The Board has delegated management functions to Executive Management Committee and different department heads for the Company's operations and daily business affairs.

(II) BOARD COMMITTEES: SPECIFIC TERMS OF REFERENCE AND REPORT TO FULL BOARD

- The Board currently has five Board committees, namely the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee, Corporate Governance Committee and Executive Management Committee, each of the Committee have specific written terms of reference.
- The Audit Committee is chaired by Mr. Tong Tsin Ka and all members are Independent Non-executive Directors.
- The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Dr. Cheng Mo Chi, Moses and has a majority of Independent Non-executive Directors.
- The Nomination Committee is chaired by the Chairman of the Board and has a majority of Independent Non-executive Directors.
- The Corporate Governance Committee comprises four Executive Directors and two Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company.
- The Executive Management Committee comprises four Executive Directors of the Company.

- 委員會委員獲准聽取獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。
- 有關企業管治委員會之職權範圍,可瀏 覽本公司網頁。

(H) 董事會授權

(1) 與管理層之關係

- 董事會及管理層(包括各部門主管)充分 瞭解彼此在支持創造一套健全企業管治 文化上擔當之角色。
- 董事會負責監察管理層(包括各部門主管)確定商機及風險之現有程序。
- 董事會已授權執行管理委員會及各部門 主管處理公司日常營運及業務事宜。

(II) 董事委員會:特定職權範圍,向董 事會全體成員負責

- 董事會現時設有五個董事委員會,分別 為審核委員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員 會、企業管治委員會及執行管理委員 會,各委員會均訂有特定職權範圍書。
- 審核委員會主席為唐展家先生及所有委員全屬獨立非執行董事。
- 薪酬委員會主席為鄭慕智博士及其中獨立非執行董事佔大多數。
- 提名委員會主席一職由董事會主席出任,其中獨立非執行董事佔大多數。
- 企業管治委員會由本公司四名執行董事 及兩名獨立非執行董事組成。
- 執行管理委員會由本公司四名執行董事組成。

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Each Board committees present their respective reports to the Board after each meeting, which addresses their work and findings.

(I) SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATION POLICY

PREAMBLE

This policy sets out the Company's standards and practice in relation to communicating with its shareholders and prospective investors.

- The Company is committed to maintaining a policy of open and timely disclosure of relevant information on its activities to shareholders, subject to applicable legal requirements.
- The Company believes that providing regular communications to its shareholders and the market is important to ensure they have the available information reasonably required to make informed assessments of the Company's strategy, operations and financial performance.
- Communication channels

Communication is made through:

- the Company's annual and interim reports, which have been enhanced to present a comprehensive, balanced and understandable assessment of the Group position and prospects.
- notices of and explanatory memoranda for annual and other general meetings, which have been enhanced to provide shareholders with additional information in an understandable manner.
- press releases on major developments of the Company and its subsidiaries.
- disclosures to the Stock Exchange and relevant regulatory bodies.
- Company's website at http://www.lchi.com.hk from which shareholders can access information on the Group. The website provides, inter alia, corporate announcements, business development and operations, press releases, annual reports, and corporate information of the Group.

各董事委員會於每次會議後向董事會提 交有關其工作情況及審閱結果之報告。

股東溝通政策 (1)

(I) 前言

本政策載列有關本公司與其股東及有意投資 者溝通之準則及常規。

- 本公司致力維持適時向股東公開及披露 其業務之相關資料,惟須受適用法律規 定所規限。
- 本公司相信與其股東及市場定期溝通、 對確保彼等獲得合理所需資訊以就本公 司之策略、營運及財務表現作出知情評 估至為重要。

溝通渠道

上述溝通乃通過下列各項進行:

- 加強本公司年度及中期報告之內 容,以對本集團之狀況及前景作 出全面、平衡及易於理解之評估。
- 加強周年及其他股東大會之通告 及説明備忘錄之內容,以易於理 解之方式向股東提供進一步資料。
- 有關本公司及其附屬公司重大發 展之新聞公佈。
- 向聯交所及有關監管機構作出之 披露。
- 股東可藉瀏覽本公司之網頁(網址: http://www.lchi.com.hk) 以獲悉本 集團之資料。此網頁提供(其中包 括)本集團之企業公告、業務發展 及營運、新聞稿、年報及企業資 料。

(II) SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

- The Board welcomes moves towards a more constructive use of annual general meeting and regards the annual general meeting as the principal opportunity to meet private shareholders.
- Details of director's attendance record of the annual general meeting of the Company held for year ended 31 December 2016 are set out below:

(Ⅱ) 股東大會

- 董事會歡迎股東在股東周年大會上提供 有建設性之建議,並視股東周年大會為 與個別股東接觸之主要機會。
- 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度 之本公司股東大會董事出席記錄載列如下:

		Number of meeting attended 出席會議次數	Attendance rate 出席率
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Liu Lit Mo (Chairman)	廖烈武(主席)	1/1	100%
Liu Lit Chi	廖烈智		
(Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer)	(董事總經理兼行政總裁)	1/1	100%
Liu Kam Fai, Winston (Deputy Managing Director)	廖金輝 <i>(副董事總經理)</i>	1/1	100%
Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher	廖坤城		
(also alternate director to Dr. Liu Lit Chung)	(亦為廖烈忠醫生之替代董事)	1/1	100%
Lee Wai Hung	李偉雄	1/1	100%
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事		
Liu Lit Chung	廖烈忠	1/1	100%
Andrew Liu	廖駿倫	0/1	0%
Liu Chun Ning, Wilfred	廖俊寧	0/1	0%
Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher	許榮泉	1/1	100%
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Cheng Mo Chi, Moses	鄭慕智	1/1	100%
Tong Tsin Ka	唐展家	1/1	100%
Au Kam Yuen, Arthur	區錦源	1/1	100%
Ma Hung Ming, John	馬鴻銘	1/1	100%
Cheng Yuk Wo	鄭毓和	1/1	100%

- The Company arranges for the annual report and financial statements and related papers to be posted for shareholders so as to allow at least 21 days for consideration prior to the annual general meeting. And all other general meetings to be sent at least 14 days.
- The Board encourages and supports shareholder participation in general meetings. Shareholders are encouraged to appoint proxies to attend and vote at meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend such meetings.
- 為使股東有充裕時間考慮,本公司安排 於股東周年大會前至少21日向股東寄發 年報、財務報表及相關文件,而就所有 其他股東大會而言,則須在大會舉行前 至少14日發送通知。
- 董事會鼓勵及支持股東參與股東大會。
 董事會鼓勵無法出席有關大會之股東委派代表代其出席大會並於會上投票。

- Mechanisms for enabling shareholder participation will be reviewed on a regular basis by the Board to encourage the highest level of participation.
- Chairman of the Board, appropriate members of the Board committees and the external auditor of the Company will attend the annual general meetings to answer questions from the shareholders.

(III) SHAREHOLDERS' ENQUIRIES

- Inquiries from shareholders, investors, media or the public are responded by the Executive Directors, Director of Finance, Company Secretary or the appropriate members of senior management.
- The Company will respond in a timely manner to shareholders' queries and concerns.

(IV) THE ADMINISTRATION OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

- All ordinary shares of the Company have equal voting rights.
 Annual general meeting proceedings are continually reviewed in the light of Code on Corporate Governance Practices.
- Separate resolutions are proposed at the meeting on each substantially separate issue, including the election of individual directors.
- Preparation of a comprehensive annual general meeting circular containing:
 - re-election of directors;
 - general mandate to buy-back shares;
 - general mandate to issue shares;
 - amendments to the Articles of Association, if any;
 - · voting at annual general meeting; and
 - comprehensive information on each resolution to be proposed.

- 董事會定期檢討准許股東參與股東大會 之機制,務求將參與程度提升至最高。
- 董事會主席、董事委員會之適當委員及本公司之外聘核數師將參與股東周年大會以回答股東之提問。

(Ⅲ) 股東之查詢

- 股東、投資者、媒體或公眾之查詢,均 由執行董事、財務總監、公司秘書或適 當之高級管理人員作出回應。
- 本公司將即時回應股東之查詢及關注。

(IV) 股東周年大會之行政事宜

- 本公司所有普通股擁有同等投票權。股 東周年大會之議事程序將繼續根據企業 管治常規守則進行檢討。
- 會上須就各重大獨立事項(包括選舉個別董事)提呈獨立決議案。
- 編製一份綜合以下內容之股東周年大會通函:
 - 重選董事;
 - 回購股份之一般授權;
 - 發行股份之一般授權;
 - 修訂章程細則,如有;
 - 於股東周年大會上投票;及
 - 每個將予提呈之決議案之詳細資 料。

To promote effective communication, the Company maintains a website at http://www.lchi.com.hk where the Company's announcements, business development and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are posted.

Information on top 10 largest shareholders and location of shareholders are set out in Directors' Report on pages 30.

(V) PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO CONVENE A GENERAL MEETING ("GM")

- Shareholders holding not less than 5% of the total voting rights of all shareholders having a right to vote may request to call a GM of the Company.
- The written request: (a) must state the general nature of the GM;
 (b) may include the text of a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the GM; (c) must be signed by the shareholders making such request, and (d) may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more of those shareholders. A request by joint holders of shares must be signed by all such holders.
- The request should be deposited at the registered office of the Company for the attention of the Company Secretary.
- The request will be verified with the Company's share registrar and upon its confirmation that the request is valid, the Company Secretary will convene a GM on behalf of the Board by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the statutory requirements or applicable rules or regulations to all the registered shareholders.

本公司章程細則亦訂明股東於股東大會上就 決議案要求以按股數投票方式表決之權利及 程序。有關要求以按股數投票方式進行表決 及表決程序之詳情載於所有就召開股東大會 而刊發之致股東通函內,並於股東大會進行 時加以説明。倘以按股數投票方式進行表決, 投票表決之結果將會於股東大會後下一個交 易日在聯交所及本公司網站刊登。

為加強溝通,本公司設立網站(網址: http://www.lchi.com.hk)刊發本公司公告、業務 發展及營運、財務資料、企業管治常規以及 其他資料。

首 10 名持股量最高股東之資料及股東分佈載 於第 30 頁之董事會報告書內。

(V) 股東召開股東大會(「股東大會」)之 程序

- 持有全數不少於5%表決權之股東可提 出書面要求召開股東大會。
- 該書面要求須:(a)列明股東大會性質; (b)可包含在該股東大會上恰當地動議 並擬在該股東大會上動議的決議案全 文:(c)須由提出該要求之股東簽署, 及(d)可能包括一名或多名該等股東簽 署之多份形式類似之文件。股份聯名持 有人提出之要求須由所有該等持有人簽 署。
- 該要求須寄交本公司註冊辦事處公司秘書。
- 該要求須由本公司股份過戶登記處核實,一旦確認該要求屬有效,公司秘書 將代表董事會根據法定要求或適用規則 或規例向所有登記股東送達充分通知而 召開股東大會。

- If the request is verified to be not in order, shareholders concerned will be advised of the result and no GM will be convened.
- If the directors do not within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the request proceed to convene a GM, the shareholders concerned or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them may themselves convene a GM, but any GM so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of the deposit of the request.
- In the case of a GM at which a resolution is to be proposed as a special resolution, the directors shall be deemed not to have duly convened the GM if they do not give such notice as is required by section 578 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

(VI) PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO PUT FORWARD PROPOSALS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- Pursuant to section 615 of the Companies Ordinance (Cap 622, Laws of Hong Kong), the Company must give notice of a resolution if it has received requests from the following number of shareholders:
 - (i) Shareholders holding at least 2.5% of the total voting rights of all shareholders having the right to vote on the resolution at the annual general meeting to which the request relates; or
 - (ii) not less than 50 shareholders who have the right to vote on the resolution at the annual general meeting to which the request relates.
- The written request: (a) must be signed by all the shareholders concerned; (b) may be sent to the Company in hard copy form at the registered office of the Company; (c) must identify the resolution of which notice is to be given; (d) must be authenticated by the person or persons making it; and (e) must be received by the Company not later than 6 weeks before the annual general meeting to which the requests relate; or if later, the time at which notice is given of that meeting.

- 倘該要求被證實無效,有關股東將獲知會,而股東大會將不會召開。
- 如董事未能於收到要求日期起計21日內 召開股東大會,有關股東或任何擁有過 半總投票權之股東均可召開股東大會, 惟召開之股東大會不得於提出要求日期 起計三個月屆滿後舉行。
- 就提呈一項決議案為特別決議案之股東 大會而言,如董事未能根據公司條例(香 港法律第622章)第578條作出有關通知, 則彼等將被視為並無正式召開股東大會。

(VI) 股東於股東大會提呈建議之程序

- 根據公司條例(香港法律第622章)第 615條,本公司如接獲以下數目之股東 要求,必須就決議案作出通知:
 - i) 持有最少2.5%全體股東總表決權, 在該要求所關乎的股東周年大會 上就該決議案表決的股東;或
 - (ii) 不少於50名有權在該要求所關乎 的股東周年大會上就該決議案表 決的股東。
- 書面要求:(a)須由所有有關股東簽署:(b) 可採用印本形式寄送至本公司註冊辦事 處:(c)須確認有待發出通知所關乎的決 議案:(d)須經所有提出該要求的人認 證:及(e)必須在不遲於該要求所關乎的 股東周年大會前或(如較遲)該大會通知 發出前六個星期送達本公司。

- The request will be verified with the Company's share registrar
 and upon its confirmation that the request is valid, the Company
 will give notice of the resolution or circulate the statement
 provided that:
 - (a) if the request relates to an annual general meeting,
 - (i) the proposed statement is received in time to enable the Company to send a copy of the statement when the notice of annual general meeting is despatched; or
 - (ii) otherwise, the shareholders concerned have deposited a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in regard thereto not later than 7 days before the annual general meeting.
 - (b) if the request relates to a GM (other than an annual general meeting), the shareholders concerned have deposited a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in regard thereto not later than 7 days before the GM.
- If the request is verified to be not in order or the shareholders
 concerned have failed in the above manner to deposit sufficient
 money to meet the Company's expenses for the said purposes,
 the shareholders concerned will be advised of the result and no
 action will be taken by the Company in that regard.
- Pursuant to section 616 of the Companies Ordinance, the
 Company that is required under section 615 of the Companies
 Ordinance to give notice of a resolution must send a copy of it at
 the Company's own expenses to each shareholder of the
 Company entitled to receive notice of the annual general meeting
 in the same manner as the notice of the meeting; and at the same
 time as, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, it gives notice
 of the meeting.

The above procedures are subject to applicable legislation and regulations, in particular, the Companies Ordinance (Cap 622, Laws of Hong Kong). For further details on the shareholder qualifications, and the procedures and timeline, shareholders are kindly requested to refer to Sections 566 to 567, 571, 578, 580 to 582, 610 and 615 of the Companies Ordinance (Cap 622, Laws of Hong Kong).

- 該要求須由本公司股份過戶登記處核實,一旦該要求確認為有效,本公司將發出決議案通告或傳閱聲明:
 - (a) 若該項要求與股東周年大會有關, 則
 - (i) 本公司接獲建議聲明後須有 足夠時間在寄發股東周年大 會通告時寄出聲明副本;或
 - (ii) 有關股東須在不遲於股東周 年大會7日前寄存合理足夠 的款項以支付本公司就此產 生的開支。
 - (b) 若該項要求與(股東周年大會以外的)股東大會有關,則有關股東須在不遲於股東大會7日前寄存合理足夠的款項以支付本公司就此產生的開支。
- 倘該要求被證實無效,或有關股東未能 照以上方式寄存足夠款項支付本公司就 所述目的之開支,本公司將通知有關股 東,且不會就此作出任何行動。
- 根據公司條例第616條,若有規定要求本公司根據公司條例第615條發出決議案通告,本公司必須向本公司每位有權收取股東周年大會通告的股東寄發決議案副本,費用由本公司支付,寄發方式與大會通告一致;時間與寄出大會通告時間一致,或合理時間範圍內盡快寄出通告。

以上程序須遵守適用的法律和法規,具體而言即公司條例(香港法律第622章)。有關股東資格的進一步詳情,以及程序和時間表,敬請股東查閱公司條例(香港法律第622章)第566至567、571、578、580至582、610及615條。

(VII) PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO PROPOSE A PERSON FOR ELECTION AS A DIRECTOR

Subject to applicable laws, rules and regulations, including Companies Ordinance (Laws of Hong Kong), the Listing Rules and the articles of association of the Company as amended from time to time, if any shareholder(s) of the Company intends to propose a person other than a director of the Company for election as a director of the Company at any GM, the following procedures shall apply:

- a notice signed by a shareholder (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also a notice signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged with the Board at the registered office of the Company;
- the minimum length of the period during which such notice(s) are given shall be at least 7 days and that the period for lodgement of such notice(s) shall commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the GM appointed for such election and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such GM; and
- in order for the Company to inform shareholders of the Company of that proposal, such notice(s) for the nomination of a director must state the full name of the person nominated for election as a director and include the person's biographical details as required by the Listing Rules.

(J) CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There were changes to the Company's Articles of Association in the annual general meeting held on 29 April 2015, the shareholders of the Company approved the amendments to the Articles of Association of the Company. The changes were carried out in compliance with the latest Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) which came into effect on 3 March 2014. The revised Articles of Association is available in the Company's website.

(VII) 股東提名董事候選人之程序

根據適用法例、規則及規例,包括公司條例 (香港法律),上市規則及本公司不時修訂之 組織章程細則,如本公司任何股東於任何股 東大會擬提名本公司董事以外之人士應選本 公司董事職務,以下程序將適用:

- 由正式合資格出席大會並有權投票之股東(並非擬參選人士)簽署通告,表明建議提名該人士參選的意向,並附上所提名人士簽署表示願意參選的通告,該等通告須呈交於本公司註冊辦事處之董事會;
- 該等通告之最短通告期限為至少7日, 且該等通告之刊發期間由有關該推選之 股東大會通告寄發翌日起至不遲於該股 東大會舉行日期前7日止;及
- 根據上市規則之規定,為了讓本公司通知股東有關提名,提名董事之通告須列明提名應選董事之人士之全名,並載列該名人士之履歷詳情。

(J) 章程文件

本公司之章程細則於二零一五年四月二十九 日舉行之股東周年大會上曾作出變動,本公 司股東批准對本公司修訂公司章程細則。所 作的更改乃符合於二零一四年三月三日最新 生效之香港公司條例(香港法例第 622 章)。 有關已修訂之章程細則可瀏覽本公司網站。

INTRODUCTION

This is the first year for the Group to prepare the Environmental, Social and Governance (the "ESG") report to emphasis its ESG performance. This report has pursuant to the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide provided in Appendix 27 to the Listing Rules of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange for the performance reporting on ESG issues.

Unless otherwise stated, this report focuses on the core activities of the Group that are property investment, property development, property management, hotel management and investment holding business in Hong Kong.

Sustainability is essential to the Group's development, as well as for the viability of its business and the welfare of the community. We have recognised that there is a long-neglected issue with constructive developments in Hong Kong. Thereby, we are prioritised our focus on rebuilding this city whether for this generation or for the next in line. Also, the Group promotes environmental protection and makes positive contribution to the society through engaging in various charitable events and workshops.

During the year under review, the Group committed to a high standard of corporate social responsibility and strictly complied with relevant laws and regulations reporting. The two main subject areas for reporting are: Environmental and Social, from 1 January to 31 December 2016.

簡介

這是本集團於本年首次編製環境、社會及管治報告以重點講述其於環境、社會及管治方面的表現。本報告已依照香港交易所《上市規則》附錄二十七所載的《環境、社會及管治報告指引》,就環境、社會及管治課題的表現作出報告。

除非另有説明,本報告重點關注本集團在香港的物業投資、物業發展、物業管理、酒店管理及投資控股等核心業務。

可持續發展對本集團的發展、營商能力及社 區福祉均至關重要。我們意識到,香港在建 設性發展方面存在一個長期被忽視的問題。 因此,我們把重建這個城市列為優先重點, 不論是為這一代或是下一代人著想亦然。此 外,本集團透過參加各項慈善活動及工作坊, 促進環境保護,為社會作出積極貢獻。

於回顧年度內,本集團致力維持高標準的企業社會責任,嚴格遵守相關法律及法規報告。報告的兩大主題為:二零一六年一月一日至十二月三十一日期間的環境及社會問題。

ENVIRONMENTAL

With the increasing media exposures on the issue of environmental degradations, we have set environmental protection as an essential component of our sustainable business objectives and responsibilities. We are driven to minimise the impact of our activities on the environment through optimising our usage of natural resources and encouraging our staff, clients and business partners to embrace environmental stewardship. As our core business activity focuses on property investment and management, we have narrowed down to the following key areas where we should exert our effort on:

- Usage of our resources from our operations;
- Energy consumption;
- Indoor environmental quality; and
- Waste disposal.

OUR CURRENT ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES

There is a series of environmental procedures set up in our internal guidelines. Its main task is to measure and report our efforts in reducing carbon footprints, promote waste reduction at source, enhance our waste disposal management and set targets on environmental performance. In all, we will:

- Ensure compliance with all applicable environmental and related regulations;
- Perform regularly evaluations of the environmental quality in all our operational spaces and provide solutions if required;
- Identify environmental impacts associated with our operations and continuously renew our targets for improving our environmental performance;
- Improve energy efficiencies by adapting best alternative procedures and technologies without compromising our service;
- Minimise generation of waste at source from all daily operations and encouraging recycling;
- Provide regularly environmental training to employees and continuously to raise their awareness on the issues; and
- Provide safe and healthy indoor environmental quality in our buildings.

環境

隨著媒體對環境惡化問題的報導日益增加, 我們已將環境保護列為我們可持續業務目標 及責任的重要部分。我們致力透過優化對自 然資源的使用及鼓勵員工、客戶及業務夥伴 重視環境管理,盡量減少我們的活動對環境 造成的影響。由於我們的核心業務活動主要 在於物業投資及管理,因此已將努力的範圍 縮窄至以下關鍵領域:

- 對經營所涉及資源的使用;
- 能源消耗;
- 室內環境質素;及
- 廢物處理。

我們當前的環境政策

我們的內部指引中制定了一系列環境保護程序。主要任務是衡量及報告我們在減少碳足跡、促進源頭減廢、加強廢物處理管理及設定環保表現目標方面所採取的工作。總括而言,我們將:

- 確保遵守所有適用的環境及相關法規;
- 定期評估所有營運空間的環境質素並根據需要提供解決方案;
- 確定與我們的營運相關的環境影響,並不斷更新目標,以改善我們的環保表現;
- 在不影響服務的情況下,透過調整最佳 替代程序及技術,以提高能源效率;
- 盡量減少所有日常營運產生的源頭廢物 並鼓勵循環再用;
- 定期對僱員進行環保培訓,不斷提高他 們的環保意識;及
- 在我們的樓宇中提供安全健康的室內環境質素。

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I. Emissions

Energy saving initiatives of 2016

As part of our efforts to integrate environmental performance and resource efficiency considerations into our maintenance procedures, we have replaced our standard lighting units with energy-saving ones and maximised the usage of the natural day light rather than continuously kept the lights on at all time for all our operational spaces. For reducing the power consumption of our lighting systems, we have opted for using Philips' T5 fluorescent tube throughout all our indoor spaces. As it can save our costs of electricity bill up to 40% and its product life cycle is 6 times longer, compared to the normal fluorescent tube. Also, it is only needed 1/3 of the raw material during its production, which significantly reduced the level of mercury that is harmful to the environment. To further cut down on electricity use, we have recommended staff to set the office electronic devices to powersaving mode and maintain the office room temperatures at 20–25 degree Celsius at all time, even during the summer months.

II. Use of Resources

Our property management business has obtained the ISO 14001 certification. In other words, activities were held for recycling and for the promotion of environmental friendly lifestyle for our residents and/or tenants. An increased effort in protecting the environment is well reflected by our series of resource procedures to promote the awareness of environmental protection among staff with an objective of lower energy consumption, fully utilising resources and recycling wastes in daily office operation. For instance, using environmental-friendly papers for most of our formal reports, for example, Annual Report, reducing paper usage through recycling used paper or not including cover page unless it is needed and increasing usage of digital devices for all our business communications if possible. Furthermore, we actively seek out and participate environmental events among our staff. Our most recent initiative is the promotion of a recycling scheme for used "Lai-See" envelopes launched by the Greeners Action.

1. 排放

二零一六年節能措施

為在我們的維修程序中考慮環保表現及資源效率,我們已將標準照明裝置更換為節能裝置,並盡可能在所有營運空間使用自然日光,而非全天候開啟照明系統的能源消耗,我們在原內空間均選用飛利浦T5光管,原因是與普通光管相比,這種光管可節循一級的電費,且產品壽命週期長6倍以外,這種光管的三分之一,顯著減少與環境有害的水銀含量。為進一步減少,以為普通光管的三分之一,顯著減少,以為普通光管的三分之一,顯著減少,以為普通光管的三分之一,顯著減少,以為普通光管的三分之一,顯著減少,以為普通光管的三分之一,顯著減少,以為普通光管的三分之一,顯著減少,以為普通光管的三分之一,顯著減少,以為普通光管的三分之一,顯著減少,以為普通光管的三分之一,顯著減少,以為普通光管的三分之一,顯著減少,以為普通光管的三分之一,顯著減少,以為普通光管的三分之一,與其一次,以表述,以表述,以表述,以表述,以表述,以表述。

Ⅱ. 資源運用

我們的物業管理業務已取得ISO 14001 認證。換言之,我們舉辦各種活動,促 進循環再用及倡導我們的住戶及/或租 戶選擇環保的生活方式。我們推行一系 列資源程序提高員工環境保護意識,足 證我們較以往更著力保護環境,推行目 的在於減少能源消耗,在日常辦公室運 作中充分利用資源及進行廢物循環再 用。例如,在大多數正式報告(如年報) 中使用環保紙,透過回收廢紙張或只在 必要時才使用封面頁來減少用紙,以及 盡可能在所有業務通訊中多用數碼裝 置。另外,我們積極尋求並號召員工參 與環保活動。我們最近一次的活動是參 加由綠領行動舉辦的利是封回收重用計 劃。

III. The Environmental and Natural Resources

Air Quality

Good indoor environmental quality always has been top of our priorities. So, we are vigorously monitoring and seeking for improvement for our air quality of our operational spaces. Under our air pollution emission procedures, we will:

- Perform regular checks and maintenances on all our air units (e.g. cleaning filters);
- Ensure sufficient ventilation systems in any indoor area;
- Limit the air pollution emission in our car park by encouraging all drivers to switch off their engine completely whenever they are stopping;
- Prevent any further instalment or purchase of airconditioning unit and fire extinguisher with its content consisted of Chlorofluorocarbons (CFC) material; and
- Make certain all our generators have met the Environmental Protection Department (EPD)'s requirement that they are solely fuelled with low Sulphur and Lead content fuels.

Ⅲ. 環境和自然資源

空氣質素

良好的室內環境質素一直是我們最著重的。因此,我們正大力監測並尋求改善營運空間的空氣質素。根據空氣污染排放程序,我們將:

- 定期檢查及維護我們的所有空氣 裝置(如清潔過濾器);
- 確保任何室內區域均有足夠的通 風系統;
- 鼓勵所有司機在停車時完全關閉 引擎,從而限制我們停車場的空 氣污染物排放;
- 防止進一步安裝或購買含有氟氯 化碳(CFC)材料的空氣調節機組及 滅火器;及
- 確保我們的所有發電機符合環境 保護署(「環保署」)的規定,即只 使用硫及鉛含量低的燃料。

Water Management

We are intent to conserve our water consumption and ensuring our waste water is being disposed appropriately. Our proposed procedure outlines the effective ways to clean our water system with least usage of water and the proper method for disposing waste water when cleaning with chemical such as bleach). For example, regular maintenance for the grease filter units to prevent any contamination of our clean water storage system; and dilute waste water when consisted of any chemical content before disposal into proper sewages.

Waste Management

We apply a similar proceeding as the waste water management, but with a better recycling system in place. According to our internal guidelines, we have already practising on-site sorting, which is same as EPD Waste Reduction Guide, for part of constructive project site. This sorting method could maximise recovery and provide temporary storage for reusable and recyclable materials. Similarly, we have placed recycle bins in all our offices for collecting used papers, plastic bottles and tin cans etc.

To comply with the EPD's Waste Disposal Ordinance, we have registered as a chemical waste producer for disposing our spent mercury lamps. Then, we have selected and contracted our chemical waste disposal to licenced chemical waste collectors which are listed in the EPD.

水管理

我們希望節省用水並確保我們的廢水處置得當。我們擬議的程序概述了以最少用水清洗我們的水系統的有效方式,以及在使用漂白劑等化學物品清洗時處置廢水的恰當方法。例如,為防止我們清水儲存系統受到任何污染而對潤滑脂過濾裝置進行定期保養;以及在處置為適當污水前將含有任何化學物質的廢水稀釋。

廢物管理

我們應用類似程序進行廢水管理,但使 用更佳的回收系統。根據我們的內部指 引,我們已經對部份建築項目場地進行 現場分類,這與環保署減廢指引一樣。 這種分類方法可以最大限度地提高回收 率,並為可再用和可回收材料提供臨時 存放處。同樣,我們在所有辦事處設置 了回收箱,用於收集廢紙、膠樽和錫罐 等。

為遵守環保署《廢物處置條例》,我們已 註冊為化學廢物生產者,以處置舊水銀 燈。隨後,我們對化學廢物進行篩選並 將其承包給環保署列出的持牌化學廢物 收集商。

Current Hotel Renovation Project in Hong Kong

We have integrated our environmental objectives and adopted environmental-friendly applications into our new hotel renovation project at 181 Connaught Road West, Hong Kong.

Not only we are recycling our recovered material from our onsite sorting scheme, we are considering to include rapidly renewable materials, for example, bamboo, wool and cotton insulation into our project and ensuring that the woods we used are all certified with Forest Management Certification.

On top of all that, we are trying to increase the energy efficiency of the hotel operations by installing room control system and indoor environmental quality through implementing the following instalments:

- Environmental Tobacco Smoke Control with increased ventilation, to minimise exposure of second-hand smoke to our building occupants;
- low-emitting materials, such as low-VOC paints and coatings; and
- Controllability of systems, such as LED lighting system control and thermal comfort system control.

Hopefully, this project will improve our environmental performance and become our blueprint for any upcoming constructive development project from now on.

當前的香港酒店裝修項目

我們已將環境目標和環保應用納入我們 位於香港干諾道西 I8I 號的新酒店裝修 工程。

我們不僅回收現場分類計劃列出的回收物料,亦考慮將可迅速再生的物料,如竹子、羊毛及棉花類絕緣材料納入我們的項目並確保我們使用的所有樹木均通過森林管理認證。

此外,我們亦嘗試透過安裝室內控制系 統提高酒店經營的能源效率,並透過採 取以下步驟提升室內環境質素:

- 環境煙霧控制,加強通風,盡量減少住戶接觸二手煙的機會;
- 低排放物料,如低VOC油漆及塗料;及
- 系統的可控程度,如LED照明系統 控制及熱舒適系統控制。

該項目有望提升我們的環保表現並成為 日後任何建設發展項目的藍圖。

SOCIAL

I. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR PRACTICES

Employment and Labour Standards

Employees' remuneration is commensurate with their job nature, qualifications and experience. Salaries and wage rates are usually subjected to an annual review that are based on performance appraisals and other relevant factors. We strongly encourage internal promotion and a variety of job opportunities is offered to the existing staff when it is best suited.

We advocate a community spirit that thrives on mutual respect and equal opportunities. We firmly comply to equal opportunities legislation, such as the Sex Discrimination Ordinance, Race Discrimination Ordinance, Disability Discrimination Ordinance and Family Status Discrimination Ordinance. To ensure diversity and equality, our selection process is non-discriminatory and is solely based on the employees' performance, experience and skills. Employees are also encouraged to discuss their targets in job advancement and career development with their senior management. Additionally, we are fully committed to comply with any law and regulation that is relevant to the Ordinances mentioned above and does not engage in any forced or child labour.

To attract, retain and motivate employees, we have established a Remuneration Committee to advise and determine our remuneration policies. Its main task is to ensure the wage rates of our employees are reasonable and competitive among our peers in the market. As well as, the employees' total rewards including basic salary and bonus system are unbiased and correlated with their individual performance.

We maintain high standards of business ethnics and sustains good personal conduct of our employee. Our personal conduct and staff conduct code are enclosed in our Staff Handbook, which are readily accessible to all employees.

社會

1. 僱傭及勞工實務

僱傭及勞工準則

僱員薪酬與其工作性質、資歷及經驗相符。薪酬及工資率一般根據績效考核及其他相關因素進行年度審查。我們強烈鼓勵內部晉升,我們會向現有員工提供各種合適的工作機會。

我們倡議建立以互相尊重及平等機會為本的社區精神。我們堅定不移地遵守平等機會相關法例,如《性別歧視條例》、《種族歧視條例》、《殘疾歧視條例》及《家庭崗位歧視條例》。為確保平等多元化,我們的甄選程序無歧視成分且完全基於僱員的表現、經驗及技能。我們亦鼓勵僱員與高級管理人員討論其工作晉升及事業發展目標。此外,我們盡全力遵守與上述條例相關的任何法律及法規,且不從事任何强制僱用或童工僱用。

為吸引、挽留及激勵僱員,我們設立了 薪酬委員會,建議並釐訂我們的薪酬政 策。其主要任務是確保我們僱員工資率 合理及在市場同行間具競爭力。同樣, 僱員的總薪酬(包括基本薪酬及花紅制 度)亦不偏不倚,視乎個人表現而定。

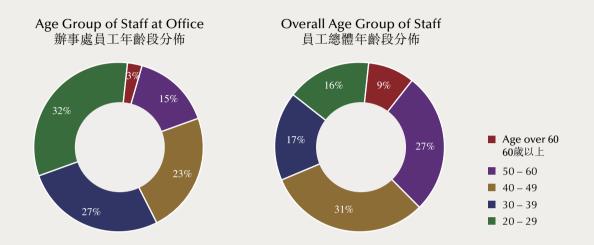
我們維持高標準的商業道德並督促我們 的僱員保持良好的個人行為。我們的個 人行為及員工行為守則載於我們的員工 手冊內,所有僱員均可隨時獲取。

Staff Composition

During the year of 2016, we employed a total of 459 staff, including operational office and construction division. All our staff members are allocated in Hong Kong and China.

員工組成

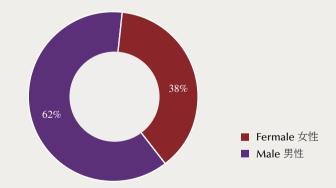
於二零一六期間,我們總共僱用了459 位員工,包括營運辦事處及建築部門的 員工。所有員工均遍佈於香港及中國。



In addition, 87 of our senior staff members under operational office division, including 18 out of the 51 managerial grade or above, are females. Overall, this illustrates that the age and gender of our staff members are distributed.

此外,我們營運辦事處部門的高級員工中有87名,包括51名管理級或以上級別的員工,其中有18名為女性。整體而言,這反映我們員工的年齡及性別分佈範圍廣闊。

Gender Group of Staff at Hand Office 總辦事處員工性別分佈



Employee Health and Safety

We have recognised the importance of maintaining a safe, effective and congenial work environment and policies, to provide sufficient protection to our staff. Hence, we have put various occupational health and safety measures in place and regularly perform check on the work environment and staff facilities.

Additionally, our property management business had obtained OHSAS 18001 for the recognition of our compliance with occupational health and safety requirements.

Training and Development

We understood that human capital has been played a substantial part of our business. Thus, we have devised a series of training programmes to ensure all the employees have been received a significant level of training. During our review year, we have launched a series of training programmes for our operational staff and they were:

- Fire, chemical and water leakage prevention workshop for office and property management staff;
- Building safety and maintenance workshops for property management staff; and
- Seminars on sustainable developments and waste management for property management staff.

僱員健康與安全

我們了解到維持安全、有效率及愜意的 工作環境及政策對於為我們的員工提供 充足保護而言非常重要。因此,我們已 執行各種職業健康與安全措施,並對工 作環境及員工設施進行定期檢查。

此外,我們的物業管理業務已通過 OHSAS [800]認證,此認證肯定了我們 恪守職業健康與安全規定。

培訓及發展

我們了解人力資本在我們業務中發揮了 重要作用。因此,我們制定了一系列培 訓項目,以確保所有僱員皆已接受大量 培訓。在回顧年度內,我們啟動了一系 列針對營運人員的培訓項目,內容包 括:

- 針對辦公室及物業管理人員的預防火災、化學品及水洩漏研習坊;
- 針對物業管理人員的建築安全及 維修研習坊;及
- 針對物業管理人員的可持續發展 及廢物管理研討會。

II. OPERATING PRACTICES

Supply Chain Management

To comply with the laws and regulations of our operating countries intensity, we have established stringent internal controls to procuring goods and services through fair and unbiased tender process. The selection of contractors and suppliers will be based on competitive pricing, meet specifications and standards, product and service quality as well as service support. To maintain the performance at a consistence level, we remind the managers to regularly review existing contractors' terms and take necessary precaution measures whenever applicable. For instance, we would require the contractor to provide a combination of supporting documents for our background check. These documents could be the certificate of their related product/ service, their maintenance manual, their health and safety log book, and the warranty of their product.

In additional, we have introduced and strictly followed the "Environmental 4R" Principles when we are sourcing. Under the principles, we must evaluate the capability of the contractors or suppliers could perform the following: Reduce, Reuse, Recycle and replace waste and pollutants.

Product Responsibility

We recognise that good customer and after-sales services are the key influential factors to our success and sustainability. Therefore, we have set up a range of customer communication channels among our different business segments dedicated to handle customers' queries and feedbacks efficiently. Importantly, customer complaints are thoroughly investigated and root causes are identified and acted upon accordingly.

Protecting and safe-guarding our customers' privacy have been one of our top priorities. Thereby, we have devised stringent policies upon the collection and usage of personal data and act in accordance with the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance. Frequent reviews and revisions of the personal data and privacy policy are carried out to secure its effectiveness and compliance with relevant laws.

Ⅱ. 營運實務

供應鏈管理

此外,我們已引入「環保4R」原則並在 採購時嚴格遵循該等原則。根據該等原 則,我們必須評估承包商或供應商可執 行以下方面的能力:減少使用、物盡其 用、循環再造及替代廢物及污染物。

產品責任

我們了解到良好的客戶服務及售後服務 是我們取得成功及實現可持續發展的關 鍵影響因素。因此,我們已在不同的業 務分部中設立一系列客戶溝通渠道,致 力於有效處理客戶的詢問及意見。重要 的是,我們會徹底調查客戶投訴,查明 根本原因,再採取相應的措施。

保護及保障客戶的私隱一直以來都是我們的首要任務之一。因此,我們已就收集及使用個人資料制定了嚴格的政策,並根據《個人資料(私隱)條例》行事。我們經常審核及修訂個人資料及私隱政策,以確保該政策得以有效施行並符合相關法律。

Anti-Corruption

We abide by the stringent anti-corruption policies and procurement practices as stated in our Human Resources Policies and internal guidelines that outlines conflicts of interest, intellectual property rights, privacy and confidentiality of information, bribery and corruption and equal opportunities. We have established our gift policy in our internal guidelines, under the anti-corruption instruction and "Acceptance of Advantage in Employment". It clearly depicts the required process and procedure for handling and accepting gifts and advantages.

We have innated a strong sense of anti-corruption and anti-fraud into our overall governance framework. More importantly, we are actively aware of the ever-changing landscape of corruption and fraud, and persistently searching for more efficient methods to combat against them. As case in point, we have set up regular meetings with department heads to evaluate the risk of fraudulent activities and discuss any preventive measures to tackle this matter.

此外,我們於二零一二年三月七日設立了企業管治委員會,負責確定及監察我們在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及實務。常規會議由委員會安排,不時要求各部門主管檢討其現行政策,並要求他們提交提案或修正任何不當事宜。為維護對有效牌照的認可或符合法定規定,委員會亦經常向管理人員或負責人提供最新消息。例如,委員會已確保我們的物業管理分部具備一系列國際標準化組織(ISO)認證及職業健康安全評估系列(OHSAS)認證,如ISO9001、ISO14001及OHSAS18001。

反貪污

我們遵守人力資源政策中載列的嚴格反 貪污政策與採購實務以及內部指引,其 中概述了有關利益衝突、知識產權、私 隱及資料保密、賄賂與貪污以及平等機 會的規定。我們已按照反貪污指令及「受 僱期間收受利益」在公司內部指引中設立了禮品政策。該政策明確描述了處理 及收受禮品及利益的必要流程及程序。

我們已在整體管治架構中注入了強烈的 反貪污及反欺詐意識。更為重要的是, 我們主動了解日新月異的貪污及欺詐手 段,並堅持不懈地找尋更有效的抵制方 法。舉例而言,我們已安排與部門主管 定期召開會議,以評估欺詐活動的風 險,並探討任何能解決該問題的防範措 施。

III. COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

We strive to repay society and in hope of creating a better living environment for local community by participating in community services and charitable sponsorships. Our longstanding community involvement has been recognised by the Hong Kong Council of Social Service, which again rewarded us with the "Caring Company Logo" in the end of the financial year of 2015. With great pleasure, we have earned this honour for 8 consecutive years since 2007.

In the past, we have been continuously provided sponsorships to various events organised by the Samaritan Befrienders Hong Kong, including drama, fund raising and carnival. To continue in supporting our cause, we have launched a series of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) events for our employees to participate. The aim of the CSR events is to make contribution towards society and environment, as well as fostering team spirit amongst our employees. Apart from that, we have made regular donations to charities in supporting for their cause. During this year, we have made donation to various charitable organisation.

III. 社區參與

我們致力回饋社會,並希望透過參與社區服務及慈善贊助為本地社區創造更美好的生活環境。我們長期的社區參與工作已榮獲香港社會服務聯會所表彰,並於二零一五年財政年度結束時再次獲頒「同心展關懷標誌」。我們自二零零七年起已連續八年獲此殊榮,深感榮幸。

過去,我們一直不斷地為香港撒瑪利亞 防止自殺會組織的各種活動提供贊助, 其中包括戲劇活動、籌款活動及嘉年華 會。為繼續支持初衷,我們發起一系列 關於企業社會責任的活動供僱員參加。 該等企業社會責任活動旨在為社會及環 境作貢獻,並培養僱員的團隊精神。除 此之外,我們定期向慈善機構提供捐 贈,用於支持他們的營運。今年,我們 對數個慈善團體進行了捐贈。











CSR event in July — An Artistic Day at the Peak

The first CSR event in 2016 was organised with The Society for the Protection of Children. The event is a fun painting class hosted by Ms. Wing Ki, Kwok who is a former TVB new anchor and now renowned local artist. We have invited 20 Primary 5 children as well as 20 of our employees with their children to join us on that day. Through this event, we were hoping to try to bring out the artistic flair of the children, while encourage teamwork.

七月份的企業社會責任活動 — 山頂 藝術日

我們於二零一六年首個企業社會責任活動與香港保護兒童會共同組織。該活動是由前香港無線電視新聞主播、現為本地著名藝術家的郭詠嘉女士主辦的一節樂趣繪畫課。當天,我們邀請了二十名小五學生與本公司二十名僱員及其子女共同參與。在整個活動過程,我們在鼓勵團隊合作的同時,也希望盡力激發孩子的藝術天賦。



CSR EVENT 企業社會責任活動

CSR event in October — Craft with Love

To promote environmental awareness, we have organised a DIY workshop with Po Leung Kuk on October 2016. Delightfully, the workshop led by a celebrity instructor Ms. Skye Chan and her partner Ms. Benny Yu to make scented block from natural ingredients and handicrafts from recycled materials. It was a fun and educational experience for 20 children from Po Leung Kuk.

Future Approach Towards Sustainable Development

In the future, we will:

- Continue to consider using energy-saving and environmentally-friendly appliances, equipment and materials for our new and existing property and hotel management segments;
- Proactively formulate policy to promote awareness and practices on resource usage reduction, waste reduction and energy conservation; and
- Discover more opportunities to organise CSR event with charity partners and to get involved in various community programmes.

十月份的企業社會責任活動 — 愛的 手工

為提高環保意識,我們於二零一六年十 月與保良局組織了一場DIY研習坊活動。 令人高興的是,該研習坊由名人導師陳 倩揚女士及她的搭檔Benny Yu女士主 持,用天然成分製作香皂並用回收得來 的材料製作手工藝品。對來自保良局的 二十名孩子來說,這是一次愉快且具有 教育意義的體驗。

未來實現可持續發展的途徑

展望未來,我們將:

- 為我們全新及現有物業及酒店管理分部繼續考慮使用節能及環保的器具、設備及材料;
- 主動制定政策,宣揚有關減少資源使用、減少廢物及節能方面的 意識及實際方法;及
- 發掘更多機會,與慈善合作夥伴 組織企業社會責任活動並參與各 種社區項目。

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Mr. Liu Lit Chi

(Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Liu Kam Fai, Winston

(Deputy Managing Director)

Mr. Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher

(also alternate director to Dr. Liu Lit Chung)

Mr. Lee Wai Hung

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Dr. Liu Lit Chung, MBBS (Lon), MRCP(UK), F.R.C.P. (Lon)

Mr. Andrew Liu (resigned on 8 March 2017)

Mr. Liu Chun Ning, Wilfred

Mr. Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher

BES, M. Arch, HKIA, RIBA, ARAIA, MRAIC,

Assoc. AIA, Registered Architect, A.P. (Architect), MHKIoD

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 $Mr.\ Cheng\ Yuk\ Wo, \textit{Msc(Econ), BA(Hons), CPA (Canada), CA,}$

FCA, FCPA, CPA (Practising)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Lee Wai Hung

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執行董事

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(主席)

廖烈智先生

(董事總經理兼行政總裁)

廖金輝先生

(副董事總經理)

廖坤城先生

(亦為廖烈忠醫生之替代董事)

李偉雄先生

非執行董事

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廖駿倫先生(於二零一七年三月八日已辭任)

廖俊寧先生

許榮泉先生

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Assoc. AIA, Registered Architect, A.P. (Architect), MHKIoD

獨立非執行董事

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唐展家先生 FCA (AUST.), FCPA, FCIS

區錦源先生

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鄭毓和先生 Msc(Econ), BA(Hons), CPA (Canada), CA,

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Dr. Cheng Mo Chi, Moses

Mr. Au Kam Yuen, Arthur

Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo

Mr. Lee Wai Hung (Secretary)

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Mr. Liu Lit Chi

Mr. Tong Tsin Ka

Mr. Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher

Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo

Mr. Au Kam Yuen, Arthur (appointed on 8 March 2017)

Dr. Ma Hung Ming, John (appointed on 8 March 2017)

Mr. Lee Wai Hung (Secretary)

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Mr. Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher

Dr. Ma Hung Ming, John

Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo

Ms. Cavior Liu (Secretary)

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Dr. Liu Lit Mo (Chairman)

Mr. Au Kam Yuen. Arthur

Dr. Ma Hung Ming, John

Mr. Liu Kam Fai, Winston

Mr. Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher

Mr. Lee Wai Hung

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Mr. Liu Kam Fai, Winston

Mr. Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher

Mr. Lee Wai Hung

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鄭慕智博十

區錦源先生

鄭毓和先生

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廖烈智先生

唐展家先生

許榮泉先生

鄭毓和先生

區錦源先生(於二零一七年三月八日獲委任)

馬鴻銘博士(於二零一七年三月八日獲委任)

李偉雄先生(秘書)

薪酬委員會

鄭慕智博士(主席)

許榮泉先生

馬鴻銘博士

鄭毓和先生

廖鈞慧女士(秘書)

企業管治委員會

廖烈武博士(主席)

區錦源先生

馬鴻銘博士

廖金輝先生

廖坤城先生

李偉雄先生

執行管理委員會

廖烈智先生(主席)

廖金輝先生

廖坤城先生

李偉雄先生

SENIOR MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT HEADS		高級管理人員 部門主管	
Ms. Eva Liu	Director of Projects and Maintenance	廖綺華女士	項目兼維修總監
Mr. Luk Chi Chung	Director of Finance	陸智聰先生	財務總監
Ms. Cavior Liu	Director of Human Resources and Administration	廖鈞慧女士	人力資源兼行政總監
Ms. Yan Yuet Lam, Charmaine	Director of Business Development	甄玥霖女士	商貿發展總監
Mr. Pan Sze Yuen, Cecil	Assistant Director of Projects	潘思遠先生	項目副總監
Mr. Jan Kwok Wai, Kim	Assistant Director of Projects	詹國偉先生	項目副總監
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Mr. Tam King Hung	Senior Project Manager	譚景雄先生	高級策劃經理
Mr. Tong Tse Hon	Property Manager (Leasing)	唐子漢先生	物業經理(租務)
Ms. Tsia Fung Yee, Tina	Accounting Manager	謝芳怡女士	會計部經理
Ms. Wong Yuk Man	Accounting Manager	王育敏女士	會計部經理

SOLICITORS

Deacons

Gallant Y.T. Ho & Co.

P.C. Woo & Co.

AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants

BANKERS

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited

China CITIC Bank International Limited

Chong Hing Bank Limited

Credit Suisse AG Hong Kong Branch

DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

Hang Seng Bank Limited

Nanyang Commercial Bank, Limited

OCBC Wing Hang Bank Limited

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Limited

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

United Overseas Bank Limited

Wing Lung Bank Limited

律師

的近律師行

何耀棣律師事務所

胡百全律師事務所

核數師

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行

執業會計師

銀行

澳新銀行集團有限公司

中信銀行(國際)有限公司

創興銀行有限公司

瑞士信貸銀行股份有限公司香港分行

星展銀行(香港)有限公司

富邦銀行(香港)有限公司

恒生銀行有限公司

南洋商業銀行有限公司

華僑永亨銀行有限公司

渣打銀行(香港)有限公司

株式會社三菱東京UFJ銀行有限公司

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

大華銀行有限公司

永隆銀行有限公司

As at 8 March 2017 於二零一七年三月八日

REGISTERED OFFICE

25th Floor Chong Hing Bank Centre

24 Des Voeux Road Central

Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2983 7777 Fax: (852) 2983 7725

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18A Office Tower A

339 Huan Shi Dong Road

Yue Xiu District

Guangzhou, PRC

Tel: (8620) 8375 8993 Fax: (8620) 8375 8071

SHANGHAI OFFICE

Room 3105, Chong Hing Finance Center

288 Nanjing Road West

Shanghai, PRC

Tel: (8621) 6359 1000 Fax: (8621) 6327 6299

FOSHAN OFFICE

First Phase, The Grand Riviera

I Guilong Road

Luocun Social Management Office, Shishan Town

Nanhai District, Foshan

Guangdong Province, PRC

Tel: (86757) 6386 0888 Fax: (86757) 6386 2218

註冊辦事處

香港

德輔道中二十四號

創興銀行中心二十五樓

廣州辦事處

中國廣州市

越秀區

環市東路三三九號

A 附樓 18A 房

電話: (8620) 8375 8993 傳真: (8620) 8375 8071

上海辦事處

中國上海市

南京西路二八八號

創興金融中心3105室

電話: (8621) 6359 1000 傳真: (8621) 6327 6299

佛山辦事處

中國廣東省

佛山市南海區

獅山鎮羅村社會管理處城西區地段

貴隆路一號

翠湖綠洲花園一期

電話: (86757) 6386 0888 傳真: (86757) 6386 2218

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

DR. LIU LIT MO

LLD, MBE, J.P.

aged 79, is the Chairman of Liu Chong Hing Investment Limited. Dr. Liu resigned as the Managing Director of the Company on 26 February 2014 after serving the Managing Director since 1972. He has also served the Chairman of Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee, and as a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company. Other directorship of Dr. Liu in public listed companies in the last three years includes China Motor Bus Company Limited, which is also a public listed company in Hong Kong. Save as disclosed above, Dr. Liu did not hold any directorship in any other listed public companies in the previous three years. As for community service, Dr. Liu was the Chairman of Tung Wah Group of Hospitals in 1967 and had been serving as an Adviser of the Group for a number of years. He had also been President of the Hong Kong Chiu Chow Chamber of Commerce, Chairman of Hong Kong Football Association and District Governor of District 3450, Rotary International. Presently, he is a member of the Board of Trustees of United College, The Chinese University of Hong Kong and a Manager of Liu Po Shan Memorial College. He was awarded Silver Jubilee Medal by Her Majesty the Queen in 1977. Dr. Liu was conferred an Honorary Degree of Doctor of Laws by Lingnan University in 2005. Dr. Liu is the brother of Mr. Liu Lit Chi and Dr. Liu Lit Chung, the father of Mr. Liu Kam Fai, Winston and an uncle of Mr. Liu Chun Ning, Wilfred and Mr. Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher.

MR. LIU LIT CHI

aged 77, is Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company since 26 February 2014. Mr. Liu has been an Executive Director of Liu Chong Hing Investment Limited since 1972. Mr. Liu also serves as the Chairman of Executive Management Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee as well as a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Liu, who was educated in Hong Kong and the United Kingdom, is also a director of a number of other companies in Hong Kong and elsewhere. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Liu did not hold any directorship in any other listed public companies in the previous three years. Mr. Liu is the brother of Dr. Liu Lit Mo and Dr. Liu Lit Chung, an uncle of Mr. Liu Chun Ning, Wilfred, Mr. Liu Kam Fai, Winston and Mr. Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher.

執行董事

廖烈武博士

LLD, MBE, J.P.

七十九歲,為廖創興企業有限公司主席。他 自一九七二年起擔任本公司董事總經理之職 務直至二零一四年二月二十六日起辭任,他 現亦擔任本公司提名委員會及企業管治委員 會之主席及若干附屬公司之董事。廖博士過 去三年以來曾擔任董事之上市公司包括中華 汽車有限公司,該公司亦為香港上市之公眾 公司。除上述披露者外,於過去三年內,廖 博士並沒有在任何其他上市公眾公司擔任任 何董事職務。公益社團方面,廖博士於 一九六七年任東華三院主席,並曾多年擔任 東華三院顧問局顧問,他亦曾任香港潮州商 會會長、香港足球總會主席及國際扶輪社 三四五零區區總監,現任香港中文大學聯合 書院校董及廖寶珊紀念書院校董。廖博士於 一九七七年獲英女皇頒贈銀禧紀念勳章,於 二零零五年更獲嶺南大學頒授榮譽法學博士 學位。廖博士是廖烈智先生及廖烈忠醫生之 兄長,廖金輝先生之父親,廖俊寧先生之叔 父和廖坤城先生之伯父。

廖烈智先生

七十七歲,自二零一四年二月二十六日起為本公司董事總經理兼行政總裁。廖先生自一九七二年為廖創興企業有限公司執行董事。廖先生亦出任本公司執行管理委員會主席及提名委員會委員以及若干附屬公司之董事。廖先生在香港及英國接受教育,現為多間香港及其他地區公司之董事。除上述披露者外,於過去三年內,廖先生並沒有在任何其他上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務。廖先生是廖烈武博士之弟弟及廖烈忠醫生之兄長,廖俊寧先生、廖金輝先生及廖坤城先生之叔伯父。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

MR. LIU KAM FAI, WINSTON

BA., MSc.

aged 50, was appointed an Executive Director of the Company since 1997. He was re-designated as the Deputy Managing Director of the Company in August 2008. Mr. Liu holds a Master degree in Economics from the University of London, specialising in Finance and Macro Economic Policy. Mr. Liu oversees the Company's strategic development, project implementation and business operations. Mr. Liu also served as a member of Corporate Governance Committee and Executive Management Committee as well as a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company. His other directorship in public listed companies in the last three years includes Freeman Financial Corporation Limited, which is a public company listed on the Stock Exchange in Hong Kong. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Liu did not hold any directorship in any other listed public companies in the last three years. Mr. Liu is the son of Dr. Liu Lit Mo, a nephew of Mr. Liu Lit Chi and Dr. Liu Lit Chung, a cousin of Mr. Liu Chun Ning, Wilfred and Mr. Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher.

執行董事(續)

廖金輝先生

BA., MSc.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

MR. LIU KWUN SHING, CHRISTOPHER

aged 41, is an Executive Director of the Company, a position which he has held since August 2008 following a re-designation from his previous role since 2000 as Non-executive Director of the Company and alternate director to Dr. Liu Lit Chung (who is a Non-executive Director of the Company). Mr. Liu also serves as a member of the Corporate Governance Committee and Executive Management Committee as well as a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Liu is a holder of a Master of Arts degree in Jurisprudence from the University of Oxford. He is also a qualified solicitor in both Hong Kong and England & Wales. Prior to joining the Company on a full-time basis, he was a partner of Deacons in Hong Kong, with a primary focus in corporate finance, mergers and acquisitions and private equity matters, and currently remains an advisory legal counsel of the international law firm. Mr. Liu is a member of the Foshan Municipal Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (CPPCC) as well as a director of both Beijing Chinese Overseas Friendship Association and Shanghai Chinese Overseas Friendship Association (COFA). Mr. Liu is also a director of the Federation of Hong Kong Foshan Association Limited, Hong Kong GuangFoZhao Fraternity Association Limited, the Federation of Hong Kong Chiu Chow Community Organization, Hong Kong Chiu Chow Chamber of Commerce, an executive director of Guangdong Chamber of Foreign Investors, a Vice-chairman of Foshan Investment Chamber of Private Enterprises, a board member of Entrepreneurs' Organisation (Hong Kong), a member of Hong Kong- Shanghai Economic Development Association Limited and a director of Shanghai Huang Pu District Association of Enterprises with Foreign Investment. With a passion for the betterment of society and education, he is also a member of the Institutional Review Board of Hong Kong University/ Hospital Authority Hong Kong West Cluster and the Joint Chinese University of Hong Kong — New Territories East Cluster Clinical Research Ethics Committee as well as a school manager of Liu Po Shan Memorial College. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Liu did not hold any directorship in any other listed public companies in the previous three years. He is the son of Dr. Liu Lit Chung, a nephew of Dr. Liu Lit Mo and Mr. Liu Lit Chi, a cousin of Mr. Liu Chun Ning, Wilfred and Mr. Liu Kam Fai, Winston.

執行董事(續)

廖坤城先生

四十一歲,曾於二零零零年起出任本公司非 執行董事以及本公司非執行董事廖烈忠醫生 之替代董事,並於二零零八年八月起改任為 本公司執行董事。於集團內,廖先生亦出任 本公司企業管治委員會及執行管理委員會委 員以及若干附屬公司之董事。廖先生持有英 國牛津大學法律系碩士學位,亦為香港及英 格蘭與威爾士之合資格律師。於加入本公司 出任全職職務前,廖先生任職香港的近律師 行之合夥人,主要從事企業融資、併購及收 購及私人權益的法律事務、而目前仍然擔任 該國際律師事務所之法律顧問。廖先生身兼 中國廣東省佛山市政協委員、北京海外聯誼 會及上海海外聯誼會理事。廖先生亦是香港 佛山社團總會常務會董、香港廣佛肇聯誼總 會會董、香港潮屬社團總會董事、香港潮州 商會青年委員會董事、廣東外商公會常務理 事、佛山市民營企業投資商會副會長、香港 青年企業家協會、滬港經濟發展協會及上海 黃浦區外商投資企業協會之常務董事。除此 之外,廖先生對社會和教育充滿熱誠,並擔 任香港大學及醫管局港島西醫院聯網研究倫 理委員會委員、香港中文大學新界東醫院聯 網臨床研究倫理聯席委員及廖寶珊紀念書院 校董。除上述披露者外,於過去三年內,廖 先生並沒有在任何其他上市公眾公司擔任任 何董事職務。他是廖烈忠醫生之兒子,廖烈 武博士及廖烈智先生之侄兒,廖俊寧先生及 廖金輝先生之堂弟。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

MR. LEE WAI HUNG

LLB, FCCA, FCPA (Practising), ATIHK, MBA, PgD in CRE

aged 54, is an Executive Director and Company Secretary of the Company. Mr. Lee is also serving as a member of Corporate Governance Committee and Executive Management Committee as well as a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Lee holds a Bachelor of Law degree, a Master of Business Administration degree and Postgraduate Diploma in Construction and Real Estate. He is also a fellow of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (Practising) and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Before joining the Company, Mr. Lee had worked in an international accounting firm for over six years. Mr. Lee has over twenty eight years of experience in corporate finance and accounting. Mr. Lee joined the Company in 1992 and was appointed as director in 1994. Mr. Lee is primarily responsible for the Company's finance and secretarial matters.

執行董事(續)

李偉雄先生

LLB, FCCA, FCPA (Practising), ATIHK, MBA, PgD in CRE

五十四歲,為本公司執行董事兼公司秘書。 李先生亦為企業管治委員會及執行管理委員 會委員以及出任本公司若干附屬公司之董事。 李先生擁有法律學位、工商管理碩士學位及 建築及房地產學深造文憑。亦為香港會計師 公會及英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員。 李先生在加入本公司前曾在國際性會計公司 工作超過六年。李先生擁有超過二十八年財 務及會計經驗,於一九九二年加入本公司並 於一九九四年獲委任為董事。李先生主要職 責是處理本公司財務及秘書事務。

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

DR. LIU LIT CHUNG

MBBS (Lon), MRCP (UK), F.R.C.P. (Lon)

aged 67, became a director in 1979 and also the Deputy Managing Director of the Company for over ten years. He holds a Medical degree from King's College Hospital, London University and is a Member of the Royal College of Physicians of the United Kingdom. He was awarded the Fellowship of Royal College of Physician of London for his work in Motor Neuron Disease. In 2005, he was further awarded the Honorary Fellowship by the Hong Kong College of Physicians. Dr. Liu is the brother of Dr. Liu Lit Mo and Mr. Liu Lit Chi, an uncle of Mr. Liu Chun Ning, Wilfred and Mr. Liu Kam Fai, Winston and the father of Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher.

非執行董事

廖烈忠醫生

MBBS (Lon), MRCP (UK), F.R.C.P. (Lon)

六十七歲,於一九七九年成為本公司董事,並任本公司董事副總經理超過十年,擁有倫敦大學King's College Hospital醫學學位,亦為英國皇家內科醫學院院士會員。因為在運動神經細胞疾病作出重大貢獻,所以獲得倫敦皇家內科醫學院頒發榮授院士榮譽。於二零零五年更再獲得香港內科醫學院頒發之榮授院士榮譽。廖醫生是廖烈武博士及廖烈智先生之弟弟,廖俊寧先生及廖金輝先生之叔叔及廖坤城先生之父親。

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

MR. LIU CHUN NING, WILFRED

BSc.

aged 55, has been appointed as director of the Company since 1997. He holds a Bachelor's degree in economics from University of Newcastleupon-Tyne (UK). Mr. Liu is also an independent non-executive director of S.A.S. Dragon Holdings Limited, which is a public company listed on the Stock Exchange in Hong Kong. His other directorship in public listed companies in the last three years includes Get Nice Holdings Limited, which is a public listed company in Hong Kong. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Liu did not hold any directorship in any other listed public companies in the previous three years. Mr. Liu is a nephew of Dr. Liu Lit Mo, Mr. Liu Lit Chi and Dr. Liu Lit Chung, a cousin of Mr. Liu Kam Fai, Winston and Mr. Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher.

MR. KHO ENG TJOAN, CHRISTOPHER

BES, M. Arch, HKIA, RIBA, ARAIA, MRAIC, Assoc. AIA,

Registered Architect, A.P. (Architect), MHKloD

aged 54, served as Non-executive Director of the Company since May 2011 and he is now serving as a member of Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. Kho holds a Bachelor of Environmental Studies degree on Urban and Regional Planning and a Master of Architecture degree. He is an Authorized Person under the Buildings Ordinance, a Registered Architect under the Architects Registration Ordinance, a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Architects, a corporate member of Royal Institute of British Architects, an associate member of Royal Australian Institute of Architects, a member of Royal Architectural Institute of Canada and an associate member of American Institute of Architects. Mr. Kho was an Executive Committee of the University of Waterloo Alumni Association and a Committee Member of the University of Manitoba Alumni Association from 1989 to 1990. During the year from 1997 to 2003, he was a Director and Council Member of the Wah Yan (Hong Kong) Past Students Association Limited. Mr. Kho is also a Committee Member of the Professional Committee of the Hong Kong Federation of Fujian Associations since 2009. Furthermore, Mr. Kho is appointed as a Council Member of Fukien Chamber of Commerce and Director of Fukien Chamber of Commerce Education Fund Limited in 2017.

非執行董事(續)

廖俊寧先生

BSc.

五十五歲,自一九九七年起委任為本公司董事。廖先生擁有英國University of Newcastleupon-Tyne (UK)經濟學士學位。廖先生同時亦為時捷集團有限公司之獨立非執行董事,該公司為香港聯交所上市之公眾公司。他過去三年以來曾擔任董事之上市公司包括結好控股有限公司,該公司為香港上市之公眾公司。除上述披露者外,於過去三年內,廖先生並沒有在任何其他上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務。他是廖烈武博士、廖烈智先生及廖烈忠醫生之侄兒,廖金輝先生及廖坤城先生之堂兄。

許榮泉先生

BES, M. Arch, HKIA, RIBA, ARAIA, MRAIC, Assoc. AIA,

Registered Architect, A.P. (Architect), MHKIoD

五十四歲,自二零一一年五月起出任為本公 司非執行董事及他現在亦為本公司薪酬委員 會及提名委員會委員。許先生擁有城市規劃 系學士學位及建築系碩士學位。他是建築物 條例下之認可人士(建築師)及建築師註冊條 例下之註冊建築師,香港建築師學會會員, 英國皇家建築師學會會員,澳洲皇家建築師 學會會員,加拿大皇家建築師學會會員和美 國建築師學會會員。許先生曾於一九八九年 至一九九零年期間出任加拿大滑鐵盧大學校 友會執行委員及加拿大緬民吐巴大學校友會 委員,並於一九九七年至二零零三年期間曾 出任香港華仁舊生會董事及委員。許先生自 二零零九年起更擔任香港福建社團聯會專業 人士委員會委員。此外,許先生於二零一七 年獲委任為旅港福建商會理事及旅港福建商 會教育基金有限公司董事局董事。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

DR. CHENG MO CHI, MOSES

GBM, GBS, OBE, LLB (HK), J.P.

aged 67, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in August 1999 and he has served as the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee of the Company. Dr. Cheng is a practising solicitor and the Consultant of Messrs. P.C. Woo & Co. Dr. Cheng was a member of the Legislative Council of Hong Kong. He is the Founder Chairman of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors of which he is now the Honorary President and Chairman Emeritus. He was also the President of International Alliance of Practising Lawyers. Dr. Cheng currently holds directorships in China Mobile Limited, China Resources Beer (Holdings) Company Limited (Formerly known as China Resources Enterprise, Limited), K. Wah International Holdings Limited, Guangdong Investment Limited, Tian An China Investments Company Limited, Towngas China Company Limited and Kader Holdings Company Limited, all being public listed companies in Hong Kong. Dr. Cheng is also an independent nonexecutive director of ARA Asset Management Limited, a company whose shares are listed on Singapore Exchange Limited. His other directorship in public listed companies in the last three years includes Hong Kong Television Network Limited, which is a public listed company in Hong Kong. Save as disclosed above, Dr. Cheng did not hold any directorship, whether in Hong Kong or overseas, in any other public listed companies in the previous 3 years.

獨立非執行董事

鄭慕智博士

GBM, GBS, OBE, LLB (HK), J.P.

六十七歲,於一九九九年八月獲委任為本公 司獨立非執行董事,他亦為本公司薪酬委員 會主席及審核委員會委員。鄭博士為執業律 師及胡百全律師事務所顧問律師,曾任香港 立法局議員。他為香港董事學會的創會主席, 現為該會的榮譽會長及榮譽主席,並曾擔任 國際執業律師聯盟會長。鄭博士現擔任中國 移動有限公司、華潤啤酒(控股)有限公司(前 稱華潤創業有限公司)、嘉華國際集團有限公 司、粤海投資有限公司、天安中國投資有限 公司、港華燃氣有限公司及開達集團有限公 司(均為香港上市公司)的董事職務。鄭博士 現亦擔任ARA Asset Management Limited(為新 加坡上市公司)之獨立非執行董事。他過去三 年以來曾擔任董事的其他上市公司包括香港 電視網絡有限公司,該公司為香港上市公司。 除上述披露外,鄭博士於過去三年並沒有在 其他香港或海外的上市公司擔任任何董事職 位。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

MR. TONG TSIN KA

FCA (AUST.), FCPA, FCIS

aged 78, was appointed an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in September 2004 and he has served as the Chairman of Audit Committee and a member of Nomination Committees of the Company. Mr. Tong is a fellow of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia, The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants respectively. In 1968, Mr. Tong commenced his own public accountancy practice and in 1970 founded his own accountancy firm, T. K. Tong & Co. (Chartered Accountants (AUST.). Certified Public Accountants), and has remained its principal to date.

MR. AU KAM YUEN, ARTHUR

aged 77, was appointed an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 3 December 2012 and he also serves as a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee of the Company. Mr. Au studied Law in Sydney and London respectively. He was admitted as a solicitor in England in 1975 and in Hong Kong in 1976. He is a sole proprietor of Arthur Au & Co., a firm of solicitors established since 1979. Mr. Au is a Notary Public and was a member of the Notary Public Disciplinary Tribunal Panel. He is also a School Management Committee Member of the Clementi Secondary School. He now serves as legal adviser to the Association of Hong Kong Nursing Staff (previously named as the Association of Government Nursing Staff) and The New Territories North District Manufacturers Association of Hong Kong Limited. Mr. Au is an active Rotarian, he was a District Governor of Rotary International District 3450 (Hong Kong/Macao/Mongolia) in 1990–1991.

獨立非執行董事(續)

唐展家先生

FCA (AUST.), FCPA, FCIS

七十八歲,於二零零四年九月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事,他亦為本公司審核委員會主席及提名委員會委員。唐先生乃澳洲特許會計師公會(The Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia)、特許秘書及行政人員公會及香港會計師公會資深會員。唐先生於一九六八年開始其本身之執業會計師事業,並於一九七零年創立其本身之會計師行一唐展家會計師事務所(澳洲特許會計師,執業會計師),並擔任其首席會計師至今。

區錦源先生

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

DR. MA HUNG MING, JOHN

PhD, BBS, J.P.

aged 50, was appointed an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 3 December 2012 and he has also served as a member of the Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee of the Company. Dr. Ma currently is the executive director of Carrianna Group Holdings Company Limited, this is a public company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. He has extensive experience in the catering industry, as well as property management and development. He was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) from The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2003 and a Honorary Doctorate of Philosophy by Morrison University in 2004. As for the community service, Dr. Ma was the Chairman of Tung Wah Group of Hospitals for the year 2002. He is a member of Tung Wah Group of Hospitals Advisory Board, the Standing Committee of Shenzhen Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and the President of Youth Council. He also serves as the Vice Chairman of Federation of Hong Kong Guangdong Community Organisations and the Vice President of Kowloon Federation of Associations. On 1 July 2015, Dr. Ma was appointed to Justices of the Peace by The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. Save as disclosed above, Dr. Ma did not hold any directorship in any other public listed companies in the last three years.

獨立非執行董事(續)

馬鴻銘博士

PhD, BBS, J.P.

五十歲,於二零一二年十二月三日獲委任為 本公司獨立非執行董事,他亦為本公司薪酬 委員會、提名委員會及企業管治委員會委員。 馬博士現時出任佳寧娜集團控股有限公司的 執行董事,此公司為香港聯合交易所之上市 公司。他在飲食業、物業管理及地產發展方 面具有豐富的經驗。於二零零三年馬博士獲 香港特別行政區政府頒授銅紫荊星章及於二 零零四年獲美國摩利臣大學頒授榮譽哲學博 士。在公益服務方面,馬博士曾於二零零二 年出任東華三院主席,現任香港東華三院顧 問局成員、深圳市政協常委及青年議會會長, 並擔任香港廣東社團總會常務副主席及九龍 社團聯會副會長,並於二零一五年七月一日, 馬博士獲香港特別行政區政府委任為太平紳 士。除上述所披露者外,馬博士於過往三年 並沒有在任何其他上市公眾公司擔任任何董 事職務。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

MR. CHENG YUK WO

Msc (Econ), BA(Hons), CPA (Canada), CA, FCA, FCPA, CPA(Practising)

aged 56, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 7 March 2014 and he has also served as member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. Cheng obtained a Master of Science (Economics) degree in Accounting and Finance from London School of Economics, England and a Bachelor of Arts (Honours) degree in Accounting from University of Kent, England. He is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and a member of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada and the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario, Canada. Mr. Cheng has over 20 years' of expertise in accounting, finance and corporate advisory services. Mr. Cheng is currently an independent nonexecutive director of Chia Tai Enterprises International Limited, Chong Hing Bank Limited, C.P. Lotus Corporation, CSI Properties Limited, HKC (Holdings) Limited, Goldbond Group Holdings Limited, CPMC Holdings Limited, Top Spring International Holdings Limited, DTXS Silk Road Investment Holdings Company Limited and Miricor Enterprises Holdings Limited, the abovementioned companies are listed on the Stock Exchange in Hong Kong. His other directorship in public companies in the last three years include Imagi International Holdings Limited, which is a public company listed on the Stock Exchange in Hong Kong. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Cheng has not held any directorship in any other public companies the securities of which are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

獨立非執行董事(續)

鄭毓和先生

Msc (Econ), BA(Hons), CPA (Canada), CA, FCA, FCPA, CPA(Practising)

五十六歲,於二零一四年三月七日獲委任為 本公司獨立非執行董事,他亦為本公司審核 委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會委員。鄭 先生持有英國倫敦大學經濟學院科學(經濟) 碩士(主修會計及金融)及英國肯特大學會計 系之榮譽文學士學位。彼乃英格蘭及威爾斯 特許會計師公會及香港會計師公會之資深會 員,亦為加拿大特許專業會計師協會及加拿 大安大略省特許會計師公會之會員。鄭先生 擁有逾二十年於會計、金融及企業顧問服務 之專業知識。鄭先生現為正大企業國際有限 公司、創興銀行有限公司、卜蜂蓮花有限公 司、資本策略地產有限公司、香港建設(控股) 有限公司、金榜集團控股有限公司、中糧包 裝控股有限公司、萊蒙國際集團有限公司、 大唐西市絲路投資控股有限公司及卓珈控股 集團有限公司之獨立非執行董事,以上所述 之公司均為香港聯交所上市之公眾公司。鄭 先生於過去三年以來曾擔任董事之上市公司 包括意馬國際控股有限公司,該公司為香港 聯交所上市之公眾公司。除上述披露外,於 過去三年內,鄭先生並沒有在香港或海外任 何證券市場之上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職 務。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

MS. EVA LIU

MA (Cantab), DipArch (Kingston), MA (City), ARB (UK), RIBA

aged 53, Director of Projects & Maintenance. Ms. Liu is a Chartered Architect (UK), holding Master of Arts Degrees, in Architecture from the University of Cambridge, and Property Valuation And Law from The City University in London. She was in architectural practice in England before joining the Company in 1999. She is the daughter of Dr. Liu Lit Mo and the sister of Mr. Liu Kam Fai, Winston.

MR. LUK CHI CHUNG

FCCA, CPA (Practising), MAEB

aged 49, Director of Finance. Mr. Luk is a professional accountant, holding Master of Arts Degree in Electronic Business and has over twenty eight years of experience in finance and accounting. Mr. Luk joined the Company in 1995 and is in charge of Finance Management Department and Information Technology Department.

MS. CAVIOR LIU

aged 52, Director of Human Resources & Administration. Ms. Liu holds a Bachelor degree in Psychology from University of British Columbia. She joined the Company in 2000, in charge of Human Resources & Administration Department. Ms. Liu is a school manager of Liu Po Shan Memorial College. She is the daughter of Dr. Liu Lit Mo and the sister of Mr. Liu Kam Fai, Winston.

MS. YAN YUET LAM, CHARMAINE

aged 42, Director of Business Development. Ms. Yan joined the Company in 2007. Ms. Yan was educated in Vancouver, Canada. Before joining the Company, Ms. Yan had worked with various mainland companies at senior management post for leading and handling numerous successful real estate projects including the Shanghai Forest Manor, one of the top residential villa projects in Shanghai. In addition, Ms. Yan has extensive experience in business club operations both in Beijing and Shanghai. Ms. Yan is currently in charge of the Company's budget hotel business and education projects in China.

高級管理人員

廖綺華女士

MA (Cantab), DipArch (Kingston), MA (City), ARB (UK), RIBA

五十三歲,項目兼維修總監。廖女士為英國皇家建築師學會會士,擁有英國劍橋大學建築系及英國(倫敦)城市大學物業系碩士。她本為英國執業建築師,於一九九九年加入本公司,廖女士是廖烈武博士之女兒及廖金輝先生之姊姊。

陸智聰先生

FCCA, CPA (Practising), MAEB

四十九歲,財務總監。陸先生為專業會計師,擁有電子商業碩士學位及二十八年以上財務及會計經驗。陸先生於一九九五年加入本公司,現為財務管理部及資訊科技部主管。

廖鈞慧女士

五十二歲,人力資源兼行政總監。廖女士擁有University of British Columbia心理學學士學位。她於二零零零年加入本公司負責人力資源兼行政部,廖女士是廖寶珊紀念書院之校董,她是廖烈武博士之女兒及廖金輝先生之姊姊。

甄玥霖女士

四十二歲,商貿發展總監。甄女士於二零零七年加入本公司。甄女士於加拿大溫哥華接受教育。加入本公司前,甄女士曾任職國內管理層職位,負責地產項目包括上海著名豪宅項目「上海西郊莊園」。除此甄女士擁有管理及經營北京及上海兩地的商務會所的經驗。甄女士現負責經濟型酒店經營項目和國內教育發展項目。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

MR. PAN SZE YUEN, CECIL

MA (Cantab), DipArch (Cantab), RIBA

aged 53, Assistant Director of Projects. Mr. Pan is a Chartered Architect (UK), holding Master of Arts Degree in Architecture from the University of Cambridge, and has over twenty years of experience as a practicing architect in both UK and Hong Kong. Mr. Pan joined the Company in 2006.

MR. JAN KWOK WAI, KIM

BEng (Civil), CEng, MICE

aged 48, Assistant Director of Projects. Mr. Jan joined the Company in 2008. Mr. Jan is a professional engineer with over twenty years of construction and project management experience representing Clients, Consultants and Contractors on both private-sector and government funded projects in China, Hong Kong and Macau.

高級管理人員(續)

潘思遠先生

MA (Cantab), DipArch (Cantab), RIBA

五十三歲,項目副總監。潘先生為英國皇家 建築師學會會士,擁有英國劍橋大學建築系 碩士,及二十年以上作為英國及香港執業建 築師經驗。潘先生於二零零六年加入本公司。

詹國偉先生

BEng (Civil), CEng, MICE

四十八歲,項目副總監。詹先生於二零零八年加入本公司。詹先生為專業土木工程師並擁有超過二十年以上建築及項目管理之工作經驗,涉及的項目分佈在中國、香港及澳門,曾分別代表發展商、顧問公司及承建商參與私營及政府建設項目。

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual general meeting of Liu Chong Hing Investment Limited (the "Company") for the year 2017 ("2017

AGM'') will be held at 27th Floor, Chong Hing Bank Centre, 24 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong on Tuesday, 9 May 2017 at 11:00 a.m. for the following purposes: To receive and adopt the audited consolidated Financial

- Statements together with Reports of the Directors and of the Auditor of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2016.
- To approve the payment of the final cash dividend of HK\$0.30 per share for the year ended 31 December 2016 ("2016 Final Dividend").
- To re-elect (a) Mr. Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher, (b) Mr. Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher and (c) Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo as directors of the Company and (d) to fix the directors' remuneration for the year ending 31 December 2017.
- To re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditor of the Company and to authorise the Board of Directors to fix their remuneration.

As special business to consider and, if thought fit, pass with or without modifications the following ordinary resolutions:

茲通告廖創興企業有限公司(「本公司」)謹訂 於二零一七年五月九日(星期二)上午十一時 正假座香港德輔道中二十四號創興銀行中心 二十七樓舉行二零一七年度股東周年大會, 討論下列議案:

- Ι. 省覽並採納本公司截至二零一六年十二 月三十一日止年度經審核之綜合財務報 表及董事會與核數師報告。
- 批准派發截至二零一六年十二月三十一 2. 日止年度之末期現金股息每股港幣0.30 元。
- 重選本公司董事(a)廖坤城先生;(b)許 3. 榮泉先生及(c)鄭毓和先生及(d)釐定截 至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度之 。金幡書董
- 再度聘任德勤 關黃陳方會計師行為核 4. 數師及授權董事會釐定其酬金。

並作為特別事項,酌情考慮通過(不論有否修 訂)下列普通決議案:

ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS 普通決議案

"THAT:

(a) subject to paragraph (b) below, the exercise by the directors of the Company during the Relevant Period (as hereinafter defined) of all the powers of the Company to Buy-back shares of the Company on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") or on any other stock exchange on which the shares of the Company may be listed and which is recognised by the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong and the Stock Exchange for this purpose, subject to and in accordance with all applicable laws and the requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange or of any other stock exchange (as amended from time to time), be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;

「動議:

在下文(b)段之規限下,一般性及 (a) 無條件批准本公司之董事於有關 期間(定義見下文)行使本公司之 一切權力在香港聯合交易所有限 公司(「聯交所」)或本公司股份上 市所在,並獲香港證券及期貨事 務監察委員會與聯交所就此認可 之任何其他證券交易所回購本公 司股本,惟上述回購事項須按照 一切適用法例及聯交所或任何其 他證券交易所之證券上市規則(不 時修訂)及在其規限下進行;

- (b) the aggregate number of shares of the Company which the Company is authorised to buy back pursuant to the approval in paragraph (a) above shall not exceed 10% of the aggregate number of issued shares of the Company as at the date of passing of this resolution, and the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and
- (c) for the purpose of this resolution,

"Relevant Period" means the period from the passing of this resolution until whichever is the earliest of:

- (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the articles of association of the Company or the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) to be held; or
- (iii) the date on which the authority set out in this resolution is revoked, renewed or varied by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in general meeting."

6. "**THAT**:

(a) subject to paragraph (c) below, the exercise by the directors of the Company during the Relevant Period (as hereinafter defined) of all the powers of the Company to allot, issue and deal with additional shares in the capital of the Company and to make or grant offers, agreements and options (including bonds, warrants, debentures, notes and any securities which carry rights to subscribe for or are convertible into shares of the Company) which would or might require the exercise of such power be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;

- (b) 本公司依據上文(a)段之批准獲授權回購之本公司股份總數目不得超過於本決議案獲通過之日本公司已發行股份總數目之10%,而上述批准須受相應限制;及
- (c) 就本決議案而言,

「有關期間」指本決議案獲通過之 日起至下列最早日期止之期間:

- (i) 本公司下屆股東周年大會結束時:
- (ii) 按照香港法例第622章公司 條例或本公司之公司組織章 程細則規定,本公司下屆股 東周年大會須予舉行期限屆 滿之日;或
- (iii) 本公司股東於股東大會上通 過普通決議案撤銷、更新或 修訂本決議案所載列之授權 之日。」

6. 「動議:

(a) 在下文(c)段之規限下,一般性及 無條件批准本公司之董事於有關 期間(定義見下文)行使本公司之 一切權力以配發、發行及處置本 公司資本中之額外股份,以及作 出或授予將會或可能須行使該等 權力之建議、協議及期權(包括債 券、認股權證、公司債券、票據及 任何賦有權利可認購或可兑換為 本公司股份之證券);

- (b) the approval in paragraph (a) above shall authorise the directors of the Company during the Relevant Period (as hereinafter defined) to make or grant offers, agreements and options (including bonds, warrants, debentures, notes and any securities which carry rights to subscribe for or are convertible into shares of the Company) which would or might require the exercise of such power after the end of the Relevant Period;
- (c) the aggregate number of shares allotted or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be allotted (whether pursuant to an option or otherwise) and issued by the directors of the Company pursuant to the approval in paragraph (a) above, otherwise than pursuant to (i) a Rights Issue (as hereinafter defined); (ii) the exercise of any rights of subscription or conversion under any warrants, bonds, debentures, notes and any securities of the Company which carry rights to subscribe for or are convertible into shares of the Company; (iii) an issue of shares of the Company upon the exercise of the subscription rights attaching to any options granted under any share option scheme adopted by the Company; (iv) an issue of shares as scrip dividends or similar arrangement providing for the allotment of shares in lieu of the whole or part of a dividend on shares of the Company in accordance with the Company's memorandum and articles of association from time to time; or (v) specific authority granted by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting, shall not exceed 20% of the aggregate number of issued shares of the Company at the date of passing of this resolution, and the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and
- (b) 上文(a)段之批准將授權本公司之 董事於有關期間(定義見下文)作 出或授予將會或可能須於有關期 間完結後行使該等權力之建議、 協議及期權(包括債券、認股權 證、公司債券、票據及任何賦有 權利可認購或可兑換為本公司股 份之證券);
- (c) 本公司之董事依據上文(a)段之批 准配發或有條件或無條件同意配 發(不論依據期權或其他)及發行 之股份總數目,除依據(i)配售新 股(定義見下文); (ii)行使根據本 公司任何現有認股權證、債券、 公司债券、票據及任何附有可認 購或可兑換為本公司股份之權利 之證券;(iii)本公司採納之任何股 份期權計劃所授出之期權所附認 購權獲行使時而發行之本公司股 份;或(iv)按照本公司不時生效之 公司組織章程大綱及章程細則, 發行股份以股代息或配發股份以 代替本公司股份獲派之全數或部 份股息的類似安排;或(v)本公司 股東於股東大會授出特定授權外, 不得超過於本決議案獲通過當日 之本公司已發行股份總數目之 20%,而上述批准須受相應限制; 及

(d) for the purpose of this resolution,

"Relevant Period" means the period from the passing of this resolution until whichever is the earliest of:

- the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company; or
- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the articles of association of the Company or the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) to be held; or
- (iii) the date on which the authority set out in this resolution is revoked, renewed or varied by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in general meeting; and

"Rights Issue" means an offer of shares open for a period fixed by the directors of the Company to holders of shares or any class of shares of the Company whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on a fixed record date in proportion to their then holdings of such shares as at that date (subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the directors of the Company may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or having regard to any restrictions or obligations under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in, any territory applicable to the Company)."

(d) 就本決議案而言,

「有關期間」指本決議案獲通過之 日起至下列最早日期止之期間:

- (i) 本公司下屆股東周年大會結 束時;或
- (ii) 按照香港法例第622章公司 條例或本公司之公司組織章 程細則規定,本公司下屆股 東周年大會須予舉行期限屆 滿之日;或
- (iii) 本公司股東於股東大會上通 過普通決議案撤銷、更新或 修訂本決議案所載列之授權 之日:及

「配售新股」指本公司之董事於指 定期間向於指定記錄日期名列本 公司股東名冊之本公司股份或 何類別股份之持有人,按彼等於 該日之持股比例提呈發售股份(惟 本公司之董事可就零碎股權或 考慮適用於本公司之任何限制或責任 何認可監管機構或任何證為 所之規定後,作出彼等認為必需 或適當之取消權利行動或另作安 排)。」

- 7. "THAT conditional upon Ordinary Resolutions Nos. 5 and 6 set out in the notice convening this meeting being passed, the general mandate granted to the directors of the Company to exercise the powers of the Company to allot, issue and deal with additional shares pursuant to Ordinary Resolution No. 6 set out in the notice convening this meeting be and is hereby extended by the addition thereto of an amount representing the aggregate number of shares of the Company bought back by the Company under the authority granted pursuant to Ordinary Resolution No. 5 set out in the notice convening this meeting, provided that such extended amount of shares so bought back shall not exceed 10% of the aggregate number of issued shares of the Company at the date of passing of this resolution."
- 8. To transact any other business.

- 7. 「動議待本大會通告所載第5或6項普通 決議案獲通過後,擴大本公司董事獲授 予本大會通告所載根據第6項普通決議 案可行使本公司權力以配發、發行並處 置股份之一般授權,在其上另加相當於 本公司根據本大會通告所載第5項普通 決議案授予之授權可回購本公司之股份 數目,惟該加上之回購股份數目不得超 過本公司於本決議案通過日期已發行股 份總數之10%。」
- 8. 其他事項。

By Order of the Board

Dr. Liu Lit Mo

Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 March 2017

Notes:

- A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at the 2017 AGM is entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to attend and vote in his stead. A member who is the holder of two or more shares may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 2. To be valid, a form of proxy, together with any power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy thereof, must be lodged with the Company's Share Registrars, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof.

承董事會命

廖烈武博士

主席

香港,二零一七年三月三十日

附註

- I. 凡有權出席二零一七年度股東周年大會並於大會上 投票之本公司股東可委派另一人士作為其代表代其 出席及投票。持有兩股或以上股份之股東可委任多 於一名代表同時出席大會。受委派之代表毋須為本 公司股東。
- 2. 代表委任書連同代表委任書據之簽署的授權書或其 他授權文件(如有)或經公證人核證之該等授權書或 授權文件之副本須不遲於大會或其續會舉行前 四十八小時送達本公司之股份過戶登記處香港中央 證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東 一八三號合和中心十七M樓,方為有效。

- Record dates of entitlements of the Members:
 - (a) For the purpose of determining shareholders who are entitled to attend and vote at the 2017 AGM to be held on Tuesday, 9 May 2017, whose name should be recorded in the Company's shareholders book on Tuesday, 9 May 2017. The Register of Members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 4 May 2017 to Tuesday, 9 May 2017, both days inclusive. In order to qualify for attending and voting at the 2017 AGM, all share certificates with completed transfer forms either overleaf or separately must be lodged with the Company's Share Registrars, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 2 May 2017.
 - (b) For the purpose of determining shareholders who qualify for the 2016 Final Dividend, whose name should be recorded in the Company's shareholders book on Friday, 19 May 2017. The Register of Members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 17 May 2017 to Friday, 19 May 2017, both days inclusive. In order to qualify for the final dividend, all share certificates with completed transfer forms either overleaf or separately must be lodged for registration with the Company's Registrars, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 16 May 2017.
- 4. The registration for attending the above meeting will start at 10:30 am on 9 May 2017
- 5. The Chinese translation of this notice is for reference only, and in case of any inconsistency, the English version shall prevail.
- 6. If a Typhoon Signal No. 8 or above is hoisted or a Black Rainstorm Warning Signal is in force at or at any time after 8:00 am on the date of the meeting, the meeting will be postponed or adjourned. The Company will post an announcement on the Company website (www.lchi.com.hk) and HKEXnews website (www.hkexnews. hk) to notify shareholders of the date, time and place of the rescheduled meeting.

The meeting will be held as scheduled when an Amber or a Red Rainstorm Warning Signal is in force. Shareholders should decide on their own whether they would attend the meeting under bad weather condition bearing in mind their own situations.

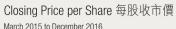
- A circular containing further information on the proposals regarding the (i) reelection of Directors; and (ii) general mandates for the buy back and issue of shares will be sent to shareholders today along with the Company's 2016 Annual Report.
- 8. As at the date hereof, the Board of Directors of the Company comprises Executive Directors: Dr. Liu Lit Mo (Chairman), Mr. Liu Lit Chi (Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer), Mr. Liu Kam Fai, Winston (Deputy Managing Director), Mr. Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher (also alternate director to Dr. Liu Lit Chung) and Mr. Lee Wai Hung; Non-executive Directors: Dr. Liu Lit Chung, Mr. Liu Chun Ning, Wilfred and Mr. Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher; and Independent Non-executive Directors: Dr. Cheng Mo Chi, Moses, Mr. Tong Tsin Ka, Mr. Au Kam Yuen, Arthur, Dr. Ma Hung Ming, John and Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo.

- 3. 確定股東權利之記錄日期:
 - (a) 為確定合資格出席在二零一七年五月九日 (星期二)舉行之二零一七年股東周年大會 (「二零一七年股東周年大會」)並於會上投票 之股東,其名字須列於二零一七年五月九日 (星期二)之股東名冊內,本公司將由二年 一七年五月四日(星期四)至二零一七年五月 九日(星期二)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理股份 過戶登記手續。為確保有權出席二零一七年 股東周年大會及於會上投票,請將購入之握 有股票及填妥背面或另頁之過戶表格,最與 須於二零一七年五月二日(星期二)下午四時 三十分前送達本公司股份過戶登記處:香港 中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港皇后大 道東一八三號合和中心十七樓一七一二至 一七一六號舖,辦理過戶登記手續。
 - (b) 為確定合資格享有二零一六年末期股息之股東,其名字須列於二零一七年五月十九日(星期五)之股東名冊內,本公司將於二零一七年五月十七日(星期三)至二零一七年五月十九日(星期五)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。股東如欲獲派末期股息,請將購入之所有股票及填妥背面或另頁之過戶表格,最遲須於二零一七年五月十六日(星期二)下午四時三十分前送達本公司股份過戶登記處:香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港皇后大道東一八三號合和中心十七樓一七一二至一七一六號舖,辦理過戶登記手續。
- 上述大會將於二零一七年五月九日上午十時三十分 開始進行登記。
- 本通告的中文版為譯本僅供參考,如有任何抵觸, 概以英文版為準。
- 6. 若會議當日上午八時或之後任何時間懸掛八號或以 上颱風信號又或黑色暴雨警告信號生效,會議將延 期舉行或休會後另再舉行續會。本公司將於本公司 網站(www.lchi.com.hk)及香港交易所披露易網站 (www.hkexnews.hk)上載公告,通知股東重新安排的 會議日期、時間及地點。

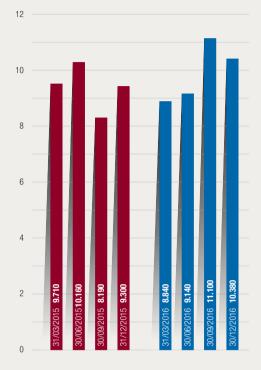
在黃色或紅色暴雨警告信號生效期間,會議將會如 期舉行。於惡劣天氣情況下,股東應因應自身情況 自行決定是否出席會議。

- 7. 載有關於(i)重選董事;及(ii)有關回購及發行股份之 一般性授權之各項建議進一步詳情的通函,將於今 天連同本公司二零一六年年報一併發送股東。
- 8. 於本公佈日期,本公司之董事會成員包括執行董事:廖烈武博士(主席)、廖烈智先生(董事總經理兼行政總裁)、廖金輝先生(副董事總經理)、廖坤城先生(亦為廖烈忠醫生之替代董事)及李偉雄先生:非執行董事:廖烈忠醫生、廖俊寧先生及許榮泉先生;及獨立非執行董事:鄭慕智博士、唐展家先生、區錦源先生、馬鴻銘博士及鄭毓和先生。

Last Trading Date of Each Month 每月最後交易日	Closing Price per Share 每股收市價 (HK\$ 港幣)	Marketing Capitalization 市值 (HK\$ in million 港幣百萬元)
30/01/2015	9.590	3,631
27/02/2015	9.660	3,657
31/03/2015	9.710	3,676
30/04/2015	10.300	3,899
29/05/2015	10.240	3,877
30/06/2015	10.160	3,846
31/07/2015	9.700	3,672
31/08/2015	9.100	3,445
30/09/2015	8.190	3,101
30/10/2015	9.170	3,472
30/11/2015	9.360	3,544
31/12/2015	9.300	3,521
29/01/2016	8.400	3,180
29/02/2016	8.620	3,263
31/03/2016	8.840	3,347
29/04/2016	8.760	3,316
31/05/2016	8.900	3,369
30/06/2016	9.140	3,460
29/07/2016	9.660	3,657
31/08/2016	11.400	4,316
30/09/2016	11.100	4,202
31/10/2016	10.960	4,149
30/11/2016	10.800	4,089
30/12/2016	10.380	3,930

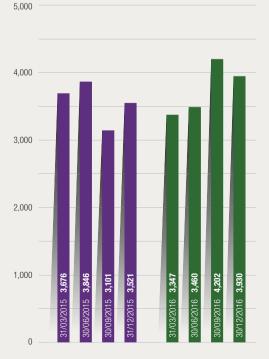


March 2015 to December 2016 二零一五年三月至二零一六年十二月 HK\$ 港幣



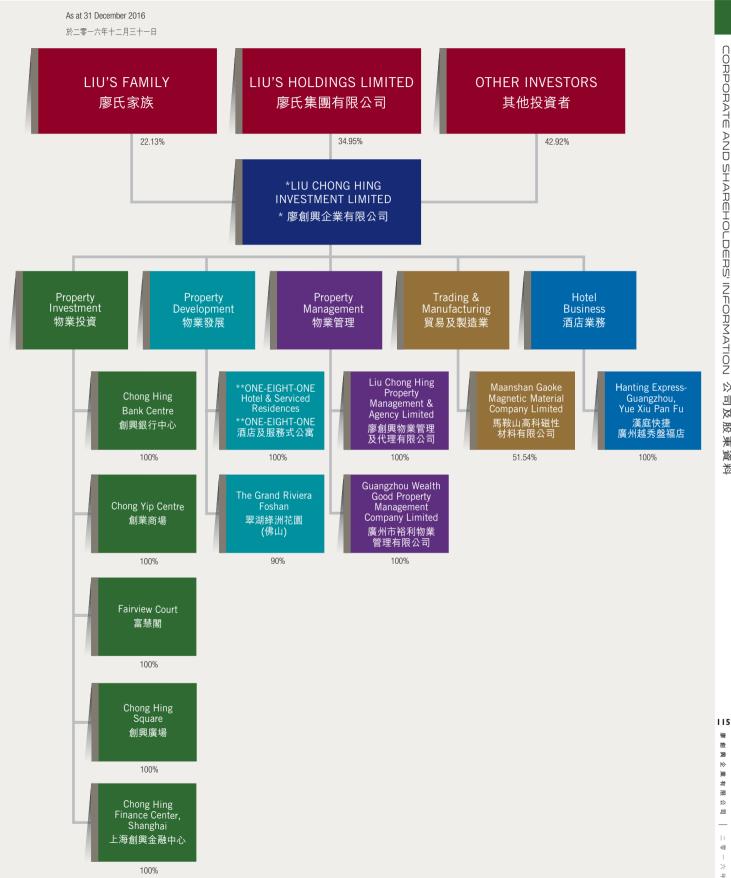
Market Capitalization 市值

March 2015 to December 2016 二零一五年三月至二零一六年十二月 HK\$ in Million 港幣一百萬元



note: Closing price (HK\$) are extracted from the web site of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.(Stock code: 00194)

附註:港元收市價乃摘自香港聯合交易所有限公司網站。(股份代號:00194)



^{*}Listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. *其股票在香港聯合交易所有限公司上市

^{**}Formerly known as Western Harbour Centre **前稱滙港中心

Description	Interest in the property attributable to the Group 本集團應佔之	Approximate site area (sq. ft.) 概約地盤面積	Total gross floor area (sq. ft.) 總建築樓面面積	Existing use
概述	物業權益	(平方呎)	(平方呎)	現時用途
Investment properties 投資物業 Hong Kong: 香港:				
1. Chong Hing Bank Centre 24 Des Voeux Road Central 創興銀行中心 德輔道中24號	100%	7,100	110,000	0
2. Chong Yip Centre 402-404 Des Voeux Road West 創業商場 德輔道西402-404 號	100%	32,400	54,000	C/P
3. Fairview Court 94 Repulse Bay Road 富慧閣 淺水灣道94號	100%	30,000	26,000	R/P
			190,000	
Kowloon and New Territories: 九龍及新界:				
4. Chong Hing Square 601 Nathan Road, Mongkok 創興廣場 旺角彌敦道601號	100%	12,300	182,000	С
5. Bonsun Industrial Building 364-366 Sha Tsui Road, Tsuen Wan 萬象工業大廈 荃灣沙咀道364-366號	100%	18,000	8,200	I/P
6. Chatham Gate 388 Chatham Road North Hung Hom 昇御門 紅磡 漆咸道北388號	10%	40,700	305,000 61,000	R C
			556,200	

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Description 概述	Interest in the property attributable to the Group 本集團應佔之 物業權益	Approximate site area (sq. ft.) 概約地盤面積 (平方呎)	Total gross floor area (sq. ft.) 總建築樓面面積 (平方呎)	Existing use 現時用途
Investment properties 投資物業 People's Republic of China: 中國:				
7. Chong Hing Finance Center No. 288 Nanjing Road West Huang Pu District Shanghai 創興金融中心 上海 黃浦區 南京西路 288 號	100%	55,000	103,000 413,000 180,000	C 0 P
			696,000	
			1,442,200	

	Interest in the property attributable	Approximate site area	Total gross floor area		
Description	to the Group 本集團應佔之	(sq. ft.) 概約地盤面積	(sq. ft.) 總建築樓面面積	Existing use	Status
概述	物業權益	(平方呎)	(平方呎)	現時用途	工程進度
Properties under development/Propert 發展中物業/待出售發展中物業 Hong Kong: 香港:	ies under development	for sale			
8. ONE-EIGHT-ONE Hotel & Serviced Residences 181-183 Connaught Road We: ONE-EIGHT-ONE酒店及服務式公寓 干諾道西181-183號	100%	10,800	162,000	Н	Construction in progress 施工進行中
9. Various Lots in D.D. 29 Ting Kok Road, Tai Po 大埔汀角路 29號地段	100%	262,000	n/a 不適用	n/a 不適用	Planning 計劃中
People's Republic of China: 中國:					
10. The Grand Riviera West of Luocun Luocun Social Management Off Shishan Town Nanhai District Foshan 翠湖綠洲花園 佛山市 南海區 獅山鎮羅村社會管理處 城西區地段	90% fice	2,755,000	5,840,000 350,000 2,097,000 63,000 85,000	R C P S T	First and second phase: Completed 第一及第二期:已完成 Third and Fourth phase: Construction in progress 第三及第四期:施工進行中
			8,435,000		
			8,597,000		

C=Commercial 商業 H=Hotel 酒店 I=Industrial 工業 P=Car Park 車位 R=Residential 住宅 0=Office 寫字樓

T= Others (including kindergarten, property management office, etc.)

其他(包括幼稚園、物業管理用房等)

S=Clubhouse and recreational facilities 會所及康樂設施

FINANCIAL CALENDAR As at 8 March 2017 **財務日誌**於二零一七年三月八日

RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT 業績公佈

Interim Results Announced on 3 August 2016

for six-month ended 30 June 2016

截至二零一六年六月三十日止 已於二零一六年八月三日公佈

六個月之中期業績

Annual Results Announced on 8 March 2017

for year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止

年度之全年業績

已於二零一七年三月八日公佈

SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING 股東大會

Annual General Meeting To be held on 9 May 2017 股東周年大會 將於二零一七年五月九日舉行

Latest time to lodge transfer forms 4:30 pm on 2 May 2017

遞交過戶文件最後期限 二零一七年五月二日下午四時三十分

Closure of Register of Members From 4 May 2017 to 9 May 2017

(for purpose of ascertaining entitlements to attend and vote at the 2017 Annual

General Meeting)

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續 二零一七年五月四日至二零一七年五月九日

(確定有權出席二零一七年

股東周年大會及投票)

(首尾兩天包括在內)

(both days inclusive)

CASH DIVIDENDS 現金股息

Interim cash dividend HK\$0.17 per share 中期現金股息 每股港幣0.17元

Paid on 27 September 2016 二零一六年九月二十七日 支付日期

Proposed final cash dividend HK\$0.30 per Share 擬派末期現金股息 每股港幣 0.30元

Payable on 26 May 2017

支付日期 二零一七年五月二十六日

Ex-dividend date of final dividend 15 May 2017

末期股息除息日 二零一七年五月十五日

Latest time to lodge transfer forms 4:30 pm on 16 May 2017

遞交過戶文件最後期限 二零一七年五月十六日下午四時三十分

From 17 May 2017 to 19 May 2017 Closure of Register of Members

(for purpose of ascertaining entitlements (both days inclusive)

to receive the final dividend)

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續 二零一七年五月十七日至二零一七年五月十九日

(確定有權收取末期股息) (首尾兩天包括在內) Share Registrars and transfer office : Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited

Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre,

183 Queen's Road East Wanchai,

Hong Kong

股份登記及轉名處 香港中央證券登記有限公司

香港灣仔皇后大道東一八三號

合和中心十七樓一七一二至一七一六號舖

Share listing : The Company's shares are listed on

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

股票掛牌 本公司股票於香港聯合交易所有限公司

掛牌買賣

Stock Code : 00194 股份代號 : 00194

Board lot : 2,000 shares 買賣單位 : 2,000 股

No. of issued ordinary share:378,583,440 shares已發行普通股股份數目378,583,440 股

Company's e-mail address : info@lchi.com.hk 公司電郵地址 : info@lchi.com.hk

Investors and Shareholders contact : Attention: Mr. Lee Wai Hung / Ms. Nelly Ng

23rd Floor, Chong Hing Bank Centre 24 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2983 7779 Fax: (852) 2983 7723

Website: http://www.lchi.com.hk 致:李偉雄先生/伍玉萍小姐

香港德輔道中二十四號創興銀行中心二十三樓

電話: (852) 2983 7779 傳真: (852) 2983 7723 網頁: http://www.lchi.com.hk

投資者及股東聯絡

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130	Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	綜合財務狀況表
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Deloitte.

德勤

TO THE MEMBERS OF LIU CHONG HING INVESTMENT LIMITED

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Liu Chong Hing Investment Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") set out on pages 128 to 228, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2016, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致廖創興企業有限公司股東

(於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

我們已審計列載於第128至228頁的廖創興企業有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此財務報表包括於二零一六年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒布的《香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照《香港公司條例》妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港審計準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒布的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於實集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of investment properties

We identified the valuation of investment properties as a key audit matter as they represented 57% of the Group's total assets, combined with the judgements associated with determining the fair value. As disclosed in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements, the investment properties are located in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The carrying amounts of investment properties amounted to HK\$7,881,519,000 as at 31 December 2016 and a gain on changes in fair value of approximately HK\$158,302,000 was recorded in the profit for the year then ended.

As set out in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group's investment properties are stated at fair value based on the valuations performed by an independent qualified professional valuer ("Valuer"). Details of the valuation techniques and key inputs used in the valuations are disclosed in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements. The valuations have been arrived at using income capitalisation method and direct comparison method, which are dependent on certain key inputs and assumptions in respect of prevailing market conditions such as unit sale rate, reversion yield and monthly market rent.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our procedures in relation to the valuation of investment properties included:

- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuer:
- Obtaining an understanding of the valuation process and significant assumptions to assess if the adopted approach is appropriate for the respective properties;
- Evaluating the appropriateness of the valuation methods used based on our knowledge of the property markets in Hong Kong and the PRC; and
- Assessing the reasonableness of the key inputs, including unit sale rate, reversion yield and monthly market rent by comparing these estimates to entity-specific information and market data based on our knowledge of the property markets.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。 這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及 出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事 項提供單獨的意見。

投資物業估值

我們識別投資物業估值為關鍵審計事項,乃由於其佔 貴集團總資產57%,連同與釐定公平價值有關的判斷。誠如綜合財務報表附註 15所披露,投資物業位於香港及中華人民共和國(「中國」)。投資物業於二零一六年十二月三十一日的賬面值為港幣7,881,519,000元,而截至該日止年度的收益計入約港幣 158,302,000元的公平價值變動收益。

誠如綜合財務報表附註4所載,本集團的投資物業乃按獨立合資格專業估值師(「估值師」)所評估的公平價值列賬。所使用的估值技術和主要輸入變數詳情載於綜合財務報表附註15。估值乃採用收益資本化法及直接比較法計算,其取決於現行市場條件的若干主要輸入變數及假設,例如單位銷售利率,回購收益率及每月市值租金。

我們在審計中處理關鍵審計事項的方法

有關我們投資物業估值的程序包括以下各項:

- 估值師的工作能力、才能及客觀性;
- 理解估值過程及重大假設,以評估該等 方法是否適合於相關的物業;
- 根據我們對香港及中國物業市場的知識,評估所用估算方法的合適程度;及
- 根據我們對物業市場的知識,透過將該 等估算與實體特定的信息及市場數據作 比較評估所應用關鍵輸入的合理性,包 括單位銷售價格、租期後的回報率及每 月市場租金。

We identified the valuation of properties held for sale as a key audit matter due to the judgements associated with determining the net realisable value of the properties held for sale. The carrying amount of properties held for sale situated in the PRC is approximately HK\$622,481,000 as at 31 December 2016.

The net realisable value of the properties held for sale is determined by reference to the estimated future selling prices. As set out in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, the future selling prices are estimated by reference to the recent selling prices of similar properties in the same project or relevant locations.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our procedures in relation to the valuation of the properties held for sale included:

- Assessing the appropriateness of the estimated future selling prices of the properties held for sale, on a sample basis, by comparing them to recent transaction prices of similar properties in the same project or relevant locations, based on our knowledge of the property markets in the PRC; and
- Comparing the estimated future selling price of properties held for sale, on a sample basis, to the actual selling price of properties sold subsequent to the end of the reporting period to evaluate the reasonableness of the management's estimation.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

待出售物業的估值

確認為待出售物業的估值為關鍵審計事項, 取決於對待出售物業相關可變現淨值的判斷, 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,位於中國之 待出售物業之賬面值約為港幣622,481,000元。

待出售物業的可變現淨值,參照預計未來售 價確定。誠如綜合財務報表附註4所載,未來 銷售價格乃參照類似物業在同一項目或相關 地點的近期售價估算。

如何處理關鍵審計事項

與待出售物業估值相關的程序包括:

- 基於我們對中國房地產市場的了解,通 過比較類似物業在同一項目或相關地點 的近期交易價格,而適當評估待出售物 業的預計未來售價;和
- 將待出售物業的預計未來售價(以抽樣 為基準)與報告期結束後出售的物業的 實際售價進行比較,以評估管理層估計 的合理性。

其他信息

貴公司董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包 括年報內的所有資料,但不包括綜合財務報 表及我們就此發出的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對其他信息發表任何形式的鑒 證結論。

在我們審計綜合財務報表時,我們的責任是 閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所 了解的情況有重大抵觸,或者似乎有重大錯 誤陳述。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們 認為其他信息有重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報 告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒布 的《香港財務報告準則》及《香港公司條例》擬 備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為 為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或 錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制 負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

治理層負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任

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As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
 consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
 and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
 resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設 計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以 及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我 們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌 駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確 定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不 確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的 續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認 為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數 師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表 中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足, 則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的 結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審 計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導 致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。

 Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Sze On Tat.

就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

我們與治理層溝通計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向治理層提交聲明,說明我們已符合 有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們 溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性 的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況 下,相關的防範措施。

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是 施安達。

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong 8 March 2017

德勤•關黃陳方會計師行

執業會計師

香港

二零一七年三月八日

			2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
Revenue	收益	5	1,031,138	1,193,032
Direct costs	直接成本		(438,027)	(576,584)
			593,111	616,448
Other income	其他收入	7	8,566	7,980
Administrative and operating expenses	行政及營運開支	_	(169,600)	(180,516)
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	8	109,294	98,138
Finance costs	財務成本	9	(21,939)	(74,526)
Share of results of joint ventures	所佔合營企業業績		(3)	3,509
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		519,429	471,033
Income tax expense	所得税支出	10	(50,631)	(48,778)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	11	468,798	422,255
Profit for the year attributable to:	本年度溢利分配於:			
Owners of the Company	本公司股東		457,907	410,366
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益		10,891	11,889
			468,798	422,255
Basic earnings per share	每股基本盈利	14	港幣 HK\$1.21	港幣HK\$1.08

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	468,798	422,255
Other comprehensive (expense) income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences arising on translation Fair value losses on available-for-sale investments Investment revaluation reserve reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of available-for-sale investments Investment revaluation reserve reclassified to profit or loss in relation to impairment loss on available-for-sale investments Exchange reserve reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of subsidiaries	其他全面(支出)收益 其後可能重新分類至損益脹之項目: 換算所產生之匯兑差額 可供出售投資之公平價值虧損 因出售可供出售投資導致重新分類到 損益賬之投資重估儲備 因可供出售投資減值虧損導致重新 分類到損益賬之投資重估儲備 因出售附屬公司導致重新分類到 損益賬之匯兑儲備	(240,002) (77,376) (1,522) 20,440 (2,872)	(246,483) (107,625) (5,373) –
Other comprehensive expense for the year (net of tax)	本年度其他全面支出(除税後)	(301,332)	(359,481)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	167,466	62,774
Total comprehensive income (expense) attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	全面收益(支出)總額分配於: 本公司股東 非控股股東權益	170,633 (3,167) 167,466	62,028 746 62,774

			2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
		NOTES 附註	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investment properties	投資物業	15	7,881,519	7,888,772
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16	125,828	104,678
Properties under development	發展中物業	16	1,005,598	736,725
Interests in joint ventures	合營企業權益	18	1,225	1,228
Investments in securities	證券投資	19	651,653	726,789
Advance to an investee company	墊付被投資公司	20	_	4,902
Long term loan receivables	長期應收借款		15,799	_
Fixed bank deposit with more than three months to maturity when raised	存入三個月後到期之定期銀行存款	23	247,065	_
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	26	5,807	7,846
			9,934,494	9,470,940
Current assets	流動資產			
Properties under development for sale	待出售發展中物業	17	954,969	390,974
Properties held for sale	待出售物業	17	622,481	1,012,405
Inventories	存貨	21	13,429	18,786
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬款	22	127,489	136,967
Investments in securities	證券投資	19	12,305	13.197
Taxation recoverable	可收回税款		14,989	_
Fixed bank deposits with more than three months to maturity when raised		23	775,857	822,502
Other bank balances and cash	其他銀行存款及現金	23	1,265,226	1,043,618
			3,786,745	3,438,449
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	24	1,295,710	273,930
Taxation payable	應付税款		960	2,187
Borrowings — due within one year	借款一於一年內到期	25	144,768	861,772
			1,441,438	1,137,889
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		2,345,307	2,300,560
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		12,279,801	11,771,500
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Rental deposits from tenants	向租戶收取之租賃按金		91,094	105,719
Borrowings — due after one year	借款一於一年後到期	25	1,038,861	489,717
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	26	226,910	231,733
			1,356,865	827,169
			10,922,936	10,944,331

		NOTE 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Equity Share capital Reserves	股權 股本 儲備	27	381,535 10,542,375	381,535 10,534,533
Equity attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	股權分配於: 本公司股東 非控股股東權益		10,923,910 (974)	10,916,068 28,263
Total equity	股權總額		10,922,936	10,944,331

The consolidated financial statements on pages 128 to 228 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 8 March 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

載於第128至228頁之綜合財務報表已於二零 一七年三月八日獲董事會批准及授權發行, 並由下列人士代表簽署:

DR. LIU LIT MO 廖烈武博士 CHAIRMAN

HAIRMAN 主席 MR. TONG TSIN KA 唐展家先生

CHAIRMAN OF AUDIT COMMITTEE 審核委員會主席

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司股東應佔

		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Special reserve 特殊儲備 HK\$*000 港幣千元 (note a)	Property revaluation reserve 物業重估 儲備 HK\$*000 港幣千元 (note b)	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估 儲備 HK\$\'000 港幣千元	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Accumulated profits 累積溢利 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Non- controlling interests 非控股 股東權益 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 Inguigns 2015	→ 一帯 丁午 □ □	201 525	(附註a)	(附註b)	017 500	ECO 07E	£ 070 007	11 000 050	07 517	11 000 770
At 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	381,535	13,915	2,956,817	217,590	569,075	6,870,327	11,009,259	27,517	11,036,776
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	-	-	-	-	410,366	410,366	11,889	422,255
Exchange differences arising on translation Fair value losses on available-for-sale investments	換算所產生之匯兑差額 可供出售投資之公平價值	-	-	-	-	(235,340)	-	(235,340)	(11,143)	(246,483)
Investment revaluation reserve reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of available-for-sale investments	虧損 因出售可供出售投資導致 重新分類到損益脹之	-	-	-	(107,625)	-	-	(107,625)	-	(107,625)
1000 aport dioposal of available for sale investments	投資重估儲備	_	_	_	(5,373)	_	_	(5,373)	_	(5,373)
Other comprehensive expense for the year	本年度其他全面支出	-	-	-	(112,998)	(235,340)	-	(348,338)	(11,143)	(359,481)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	本年度全面(支出)收益總額	_	-	-	(112,998)	(235,340)	410,366	62,028	746	62,774
Dividends recognised as distribution (note 13)	已確認為分派之股息(附註13)	-	-	-	_	-	(155,219)	(155,219)	-	(155,219)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	381,535	13,915	2,956,817	104,592	333,735	7,125,474	10,916,068	28,263	10,944,331

Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司股東應佔

		Share capital 股本 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Special reserve 特殊儲備 HK\$*000 港幣千元 (note a) (附註a)	Property revaluation reserve 物業重估 儲備 HK\$*000 港幣千元 (note b) (附註b)	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估 儲備 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Accumulated profits 累積溢利 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Non- controlling interests 非控股 股東權益 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January 2016	於二零一六年一月一日	381,535	13,915	2,956,817	104,592	333,735	7,125,474	10,916,068	28,263	10,944,331
		001,000	10,010	2,000,011	101,002	000,100			20,200	
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		-	-	-	-	457,907	457,907	10,891	468,798
Exchange differences arising on translation	換算所產生之匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	(225,944)	-	(225,944)	(14,058)	(240,002)
Fair value losses on available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資之									
	公平價值虧損	-	-	-	(77,376)	-	-	(77,376)	-	(77,376)
Investment revaluation reserve reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of available-for-sale investments	因出售可供出售投資導致 重新分類到損益賬之 投資重估儲備	_	_	_	(1,522)	-	-	(1,522)	-	(1,522)
Investment revaluation reserve reclassified to profit or loss in relation to impairment loss on available-for-sale investments	因可供出售投資減值虧損 導致重新分類到損益賬				00.440			00.440		00.440
Exchange reserve reclassified to profit or loss	之投資重估儲備 因出售附屬公司導致重新	_	_	_	20,440	_	-	20,440	-	20,440
upon disposal of subsidiaries	公如告的屬公司等玖里和 分類到損益賬之匯兑儲備	_	_	_	_	(2,872)	_	(2,872)	_	(2,872)
Other comprehensive expense for the year	本年度其他全面支出總額	_	-	-	(58,458)	(228,816)	-	(287,274)	(14,058)	(301,332)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year Dividends recognised as distribution (note 13)	本年度全面(支出)收益總額 已確認為分派之股息	-	-	-	(58,458)	(228,816)	457,907	170,633	(3,167)	167,466
•	(附註13)	-	-	-	-	-	(162,791)	(162,791)	-	(162,791)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	支付非控股股東權益股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(26,070)	(26,070)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	381,535	13,915	2,956,817	46,134	104,919	7,420,590	10,923,910	(974)	10,922,936

notes:

- Special reserve represents the difference between the consideration paid and (a) the carrying values of the underlying assets and liabilities attributable to the additional interest in a subsidiary acquired during the year ended 31 December 2004 and the year ended 31 December 2012.
- Property revaluation reserve represents the reserve arising from valuation of properties under property, plant and equipment upon transfer to investment properties.

附註:

- 特殊儲備指本集團於截至二零零四年十二月三十一 日止年度及截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度 向一間附屬公司所支付代價與應佔該附屬公司額外 權益之相關資產及負債賬面值之差額。
- (b) 物業重估儲備指轉換為投資物業後,估值物業、廠 房及設備項下物業所產生的儲備。

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		2016	2015
		二零一六年 HK\$'000	二零一五年 HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<i>而</i> 姒 江毛	754, 175	70.414 170
Profit before tax	經營活動 除税前溢利	519,429	471,033
Adjustments for:	調整:	319,429	471,000
Gain on changes in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公平價值變動收益	(158,302)	(281,997)
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments	出售可供出售投資收益	(1,816)	(8,080)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司收益	(10,841)	(0,000)
Dividend income from investments	投資股息收入	(60,075)	(10,884)
Interest income	利息收入	(31,335)	(117,578)
Imputed interest income on non-current interest-free advance to an	向被投資公司作出非流動	` ' '	, ,
investee company	免息墊支之估算利息收入	(49)	(109)
Share of results of joint ventures	所佔合營企業業績	3	(3,509)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	8,899	7,852
Finance costs	財務成本	21,939	74,526
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備虧損	379	266
Impairment loss recognised in respect of available-for-sale	可供出售投資之減值虧損確認		
investments	/	20,440	-
Impairment loss recognised in respect of properties held for sale	待出售物業之減值虧損確認	-	20,546
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	未計營運資金變動之經營現金流量	308,671	152,066
Decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平價值計入損益之金融資產之減少	791	338,183
(Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬款之(增加)減少	(1,237)	2,669
Decrease in properties held for sale	待出售物業之減少	333,172	440,736
Increase in properties under development for sale	發展中待出售物業之增加	(578,072)	(322,925)
Decrease in inventories	存貨之減少	6,548	1,925
Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款之增加(減少)	1,021,383	(62,063)
Cash generated from operations	經營業務所得現金	1,091,256	550,591
Income tax paid	已付所得税	(57,942)	(41,838)
Dividend received on investments	已收投資股息	60,075	10,884
Interest received	已收利息	31,335	117,578
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動所得之現金淨額	1,124,724	637,215

	NOTE 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$*000 港幣千元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Addition of available-for-sale investments Purchase of property, plant and equipment Addition of investment properties Addition of properties under development Proceeds from disposal of investment properties Proceeds from sale and redemption of available-for-sale investments	投資活動 可供出售投資之增加 購買物業、廠房及設備 投資物業之增加 發展中物業之增加 出售投資物業所得款項 出售及贖回可供出售投資所得款項	(3,780) (32,259) (17,011) (252,582) – 1,886	(13,516) (11,255) — (21,833) 5,110 15,560
Placement of fixed bank deposits with more than three months to maturity when raised Release of fixed bank deposits with more than three months to maturity when raised Repayment from an investee company Disposal of subsidiaries	存入三個月後到期之定期銀行存款 放出三個月後到期之定期銀行存款 墊付被投資公司 出售附屬公司 37	(539,978) 339,558 5,000 10,546	(216,387) 1,327,996 – –
NET CASH (USED IN) FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所得(所用)之現金淨額	(488,620)	1,085,675
FINANCING ACTIVITIES New borrowings raised Repayments of borrowings Dividends paid Interest paid on borrowings	融資活動 新取得借款 償還借款 已付股息 已付借款利息	349,849 (483,108) (188,861) (58,609)	1,470,000 (2,997,711) (155,219) (104,774)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所用之現金淨額	(380,729)	(1,787,704)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	現金及現金等值項目增加(減少)淨額 年初之現金及現金等值項目 外幣兑換率轉變之影響	255,375 1,043,618 (33,767)	(64,814) 1,138,582 (30,150)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR, REPRESENTED BY BANK BALANCES AND CASH	年終之現金及現金等值項目 [,] 即銀行存款及現金	1,265,226	1,043,618

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

GENERAL

Amendments to HKAS I

Liu Chong Hing Investment Limited (the "Company") is a public limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The address of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company is disclosed in the Corporate Information section to the annual report.

The principal activities of the Company are property investment and investment holding. The principal activities of the principal subsidiaries and joint ventures are shown in notes 38 and 18, respectively.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs THAT ARE MANDATORILY **EFFECTIVE FOR THE CURRENT YEAR**

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time in the current year:

Disclosure Initiative

Amendments to HKAS 16 Clarification of Acceptable Methods and HKAS 38 of Depreciation and Amortisation Amendments to HKAS 16 Agriculture: Bearer Plants and HKAS 41 Amendments to HKAS 27 Equity method in Separate Financial Statements Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle Amendments to HKFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations Amendments to HKFRS 10, Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28

The application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

一般事項

廖創興企業有限公司(「本公司」)為一間在香 港註冊成立之公眾有限責任公司,其股份於 香港聯合交易所有限公司掛牌。本公司之註 冊辦事處地址及主要營業地點已在本年報的 公司資料披露。

本公司之主要業務為物業投資及投資控股。 主要附屬公司及合營企業之主要業務分別載 列於附註38及18。

綜合財務報表以本公司之功能貨幣港幣(「港 幣1)呈列。

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 2. 準則

經修訂香港財務報告準則於本年度強 制生效

本集團於本年度首次採納下列由香港會計師 公會頒佈之經修訂香港財務報告準則。

披露動議

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本) 香港會計準則第16號(修訂本)及 澄清折舊及攤銷的可接受方法 香港會計準則第38號(修訂本) 香港會計準則第16號(修訂本)及 農業:生產性植物 香港會計準則第41號(修訂本) 香港會計準則第27號(修訂本) 獨立財務報表的權益法 香港財務報告準則(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則二零一二年 至二零一四年週期 之年度改進 香港財務報告準則第11號 收購共同經營權益的會計法 (修訂本) 投資實體:合併豁免的應用

香港財務報告準則第10號 (修訂本)、香港財務報告準則 第12號(修訂本)及香港會計準則

第28號(修訂本)

於本年度,採納經修訂香港財務報告準則對 本集團本年及往年的財務表現及財務狀況 及/或此等綜合財務報表所列披露並無重大 影響。

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2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but not yet effective:

HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ¹
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts
	with Customers ¹
HKFRS 16	Leases ²
Amendments to HKFRS 2	Classification and Measurement
	of Share-based Payment
	Transactions ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 4	Applying HKFRS 9 Financial
	Instruments with HKFRS 4
	Insurance Contracts ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 10	Sale or Contribution of Assets
and HKAS 28	between an Investor and its
	Detween an investor and its
	Associate or Joint Venture ³
Amendments to HKFRS 15	
Amendments to HKFRS 15	Associate or Joint Venture ³
Amendments to HKFRS 15	Associate or Joint Venture ³ Clarifications to HKFRS 15
Amendments to HKFRS 15 Amendments to HKAS 7	Associate or Joint Venture ³ Clarifications to HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts
	Associate or Joint Venture ³ Clarifications to HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers ¹
Amendments to HKAS 7	Associate or Joint Venture ³ Clarifications to HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers ¹ Disclosure Initiative ⁴

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則已頒 佈但尚未生效

本集團並無提早應用下列已頒佈但尚未生效 之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則第9號 金融工具

香港財務報告準則第15號 來自客戶合約的收益!

香港財務報告準則第16號 租賃2

香港財務報告準則第2號(修訂本) 以股份為基礎付款交易的

分類及計量!

香港財務報告準則第4號(修訂本) 與香港財務報告準則第9號

金融工具一併應用的 香港財務報告準則第4號

保險合約

香港財務報告準則第10號(修訂本) 投資者與其聯營或合營公司

及香港會計準則第28號(修訂本) 之間的資產出售或投入3

香港財務報告準則第15號(修訂本) 對香港財務報告準則第15號

來自客戶合約的收益

作出的澄清!

香港會計準則第7號(修訂本) 披露主動性4

香港會計準則第12號(修訂本) 就未變現虧損確認遞延

税項資產4

| 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效

2 於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效

3 於將釐定之日期或之後開始的年度期間生效

4 於二零一七年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 9 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, financial liabilities, general hedge accounting and impairment requirements for financial assets.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 which are relevant to the Group are:

all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKFRS 9 are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具

香港財務報告準則第9號引入金融資產、金融 負債之分類及計量、一般對沖會計之新規定 以及金融資產之減值規定。

有關本集團的香港財務報告準則第9號之主要 規定:

納入香港財務報告準則第9號範圍內之 所有已確認金融資產,其後均被要求按 攤銷成本或公平價值計量。特別是,旨 在以收取合約現金流量之業務模式內所 持有,且合約現金流量僅為支付本金及 未償本金之利息為業務模式而持有之債 項投資,一般於其後會計期間結束時按 攤銷成本計量。於目的為同時收回合約 現金流及出售金融資產之業務模式中持 有之債務工具,以及條款令於特定日期 產生之現金流純粹為支付本金及未償還 本金之利息的債項工具,按透過其他全 面收入一般按公平價值列賬之方式計 量。所有其他債項投資及股權投資均於 其後會計期間結束時按公平價值計量。 此外,根據香港財務報告準則第9號, 實體可以不可撤回地選擇於其他全面收 益呈列股權投資(並非持作買賣用途)之 其後公平價值變動,而一般僅於損益賬 確認股息收入。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 9 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

• in relation to the impairment of financial assets, HKFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.

Based on the Group's financial instruments and risk management policies as at 31 December 2016, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 9 is not likely to have a material impact on the Group's financial performance and position. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed.

HKFRS 15 REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

HKFRS 15 was issued which establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 *Revenue*, HKAS 11 *Construction Contracts* and the related Interpretations when it becomes effective.

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

香 港 財 務 報 告 準 則 第 **9** 號 *金 融 工 具* (續)

就金融資產之減值而言,香港財務報告 準則第9號規定按預期信貸虧損模式計 算。此與香港會計準則第39號金融工 具:確認及計量項下按已產生信貸虧損 模式計算相反,預期信貸虧損模式規定 實體於各報告日期將預期信貸虧損及該 等預期信貸虧損之變動入賬,以反映信 貸風險自初始確認以來之變動。換言 之,毋須再待發生信貸事件方確認信貸 虧損。

根據本集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日的 金融工具及風險管理政策,本公司董事預期 日後應用香港財務報告準則第9號不太可能對 本集團之財務表現及狀況造成重大影響。然 而,於完成詳細審閱前無法提供合理估算有 關的影響。

香港財務報告準則第15號*來自客戶* 合約的收益

香港財務報告準則第15號頒佈,其制定一項單一全面模式供實體用作將來自客戶合約所產生的收益入賬。於香港財務報告準則第15號生效後,將取代現時載於香港會計準則第18號收益、香港會計準則第11號建築合約及相關詮釋的收益確認指引。

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS (CONTINUED)**

HKFRS 15 REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS (CONTINUED)

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the Standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

In 2016, the HKICPA issued Clarifications to HKFRS 15 in relation to the identification of performance obligations, principal versus agent considerations, as well as licencing application guidance.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may have an impact on the amounts reported as the timing of revenue recognition may be affected/and the amounts of revenue recognised are subject to variable consideration constraints, and more disclosures relating to revenue is required. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of HKFRS 15 until the directors of the Company performs a detailed review. In addition, the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may result in more disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 2. 準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第15號來自客戶 合約的收益(續)

香港財務報告準則第15號的核心原則為實體 所確認描述向客戶轉讓承諾貨品或服務的收 益金額,應為能反映該實體預期就交換該等 貨品或服務有權獲得的代價。具體而言,該 準則引入確認收益的五個步驟:

第一步: 識別與客戶訂立的合約

第二步: 識別合約中的履約責任

第三步: 釐定交易價

第四步:將交易價分配至合約中的履約 責任

第五步:於實體完成履約責任時(或就 此)確認收益

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,實體於完成 履約責任時(或就此)確認收益,例如,當特 定履約責任相關的商品或服務的「控制權」轉 讓予客戶時。香港財務報告準則第15號已就 特別情況的處理方法加入更明確的指引。此 外,香港財務報告準則第15號要求更詳盡的 披露。

於二零一六年,香港會計師公會頒佈香港財 務報告準則第15號有關確認履約義務、主理 人與代理人之考量及授權應用指引澄清。

本公司董事預期,於未來應用香港財務報告 準則第15號可能會對已呈報金額造成影響, 原因為收益確認的時間可能會被影響/及已 確認的收益金額受限於可變代價限制,並須 作出更多有關收益的披露。然而,本集團必 須在完成詳細審閱後,才可能提供對香港財 務報告準則第15號的影響的合理估算。此外, 於未來應用香港財務報告準則第15號或會造 成在綜合財務報表作出更多披露。

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 16 LEASES

HKFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. HKFRS 16 will supersede HKAS 17 *Leases* and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

HKFRS 16 distinguishes lease and service contracts on the basis of whether an identified asset is controlled by a customer. Distinctions of operating leases and finance leases are removed for lessee accounting, and is replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognised for all leases by lessees, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost (subject to certain exceptions) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. Subsequently, the lease liability is adjusted for interest and lease payments, as well as the impact of lease modifications, amongst others. For the classification of cash flows, the Group currently presents upfront prepaid lease payments as investment cash flows in relation to leasehold lands for owned use and those classified as investment properties while other operating lease payments are presented as operating cash flows. Under the HKFRS 16, lease payments in relation to lease liability will be allocated into principal and an interest portion which will be presented as financing and operating cash flows, respectively.

香港財務報告準則第 I 6 號租賃

香港財務報告準則第16號為識別出租人及承租人的租賃安排及會計處理引入一個綜合模式。香港財務報告準則第16號於生效日期起將取代香港會計準則第17號租賃及有關詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第16號根據所識別資產是 否由客戶控制來區分租賃及服務合約。除短 期租賃及低值資產租賃情況外,經營租賃及 融資租賃的差異自承租人會計處理中移除, 並由承租人須就所有租賃確認使用權資產及 相應負債的模式替代。

使用權資產初步按成本計量,隨後按成本(若干例外情況除外)減累計折舊及減值虧損計量,經租賃負債任何重新計量調整。租賃負債初步按當時未支付租賃付款現值計量。隨後,租賃負債經(其中包括)利息及租賃付款製及租賃修改影響予以調整。就現金流分類而言,本集團現時呈列先期預付租賃款項作為有關自用租賃土地及該等分類為投資物業的投資現金流。根據香港財務報告準則第16號,有關租賃負債租賃付款將分配至本金及利息部分,兩者將分別呈列為融資及經營現金流。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 16 LEASES (CONTINUED)

Under HKAS 17, the Group has already recognised an asset and a related finance lease liability for finance lease arrangement and prepaid lease payments for leasehold lands where the Group is a lessee. The application of HKFRS 16 may result in potential changes in classification of these assets depending on whether the Group presents right-of-use assets separately or within the same line item at which the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned.

In contrast to lessee accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17, and continues to require a lessor to classify a lease either as an operating lease or a finance lease.

Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 16.

As at 31 December 2016, the Group has non-cancellable operating lease commitments of approximately HK\$42,983,000 as disclosed in note 31. A preliminary assessment indicates that these arrangements will meet the definition of a lease under HKFRS 16, and hence the Group will recognise a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability in respect of all these leases unless they qualify for low value or short-term leases upon the application of HKFRS 16. In addition, the application of new requirements may result changes in measurement, presentation and disclosure as indicated above. However, it is not practicable to provide a reason estimate of the financial effect until the directors of the Company complete a detailed review.

Except as described above, the directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these new and revised HKFRSs will have a material effect on the amounts recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號租賃(續)

根據香港會計準則第17號,本集團已就融資 租賃安排確認資產及相關融資租賃負債及就 租賃土地(本集團作為承租人)確認預付租賃 款項。應用香港財務報告準則第16號可能導 致該等資產分類的潛在變動,視乎是否本集 團分開呈列使用權資產或按將呈列相應有關 資產(如擁有)相同項目呈列。

相比承租人會計法而言,香港財務報告準則 第16號大致上轉承香港會計準則第17號之出 租人會計法規定,並繼續要求出租人將租賃 分類為經營租賃或融資租賃。

此外,香港財務報告準則第16號要求廣泛披露。

誠如附註31所披露,於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有不可撤銷經營租賃承擔港幣42,983,000元。初步評估表示該等安排將符合香港財務報告準則第16號項下租賃界定,因此,本集團將確認使用權資產及有關所有該等租賃的相應負債,除非於應用香港財務報告準則第16號後符合低價值或短期租賃。此外,應用新規定可能導致如上文所示計量、呈列及披露變動。然而,於本公司董事完成詳細審核前,提供財務影響合理估計並不切實可行。

除上文所述者外,本公司董事預期應用該等 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則將不會對在 綜合財務報表確認的金額有重大影響。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17 Leases, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

3. 主要會計政策

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之 香港財務報告準則編製。此外,綜合財務報 表載有香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規 則與香港公司條例規定之適用披露資料。

除下文所載會計政策所述以公平價值計算之 若干物業及金融工具外,綜合財務報表乃根 據歷史成本基準編製。

歷史成本一般按交換貨品代價之公平價值計算。

公平價值指於計量日期時在合法交易中的市場參與者之間出售資產時所收取或轉讓負債時所支付的價格,不管價格為直接觀測可得或利用另一估價技巧估計所得。在估計資產或負債的公平價值時,本集團會考慮於計量是實施方數。在此等綜合財務報表中,就計量產之特點。在此等綜合財務報表中,就計量產定,惟在香港財務報告準則第2號以股代款範圍內的以股代款交易、在香港會計準則第2號內的以股代款交易、在香港會計準則第2號內質值的計量,例如香港會計準則第2號存貨的可變現淨值或香港會計準則第36號資產減值的使用價值,則不在此限。

非金融資產的公平值計量計及市場參與者透 過最大限度使用該資產達致最佳用途、或透 過將資產售予將最大限度使用該資產達致最 佳用途的另一名市場參與者而產生經濟利益 的能力。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level I, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level I inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The significant accounting policies are set out below.

BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

此外,就財務報告而言,公平價值計量根據公平價值計量的輸入變數可觀測得到的程度以及有關輸入變數對公平價值計量整體的重要性,分類為第一級、第二級或第三級,現描述如下:

- 第一級輸入變數為同等資產或負債在活躍市場上所報(不經調整)而實體在計量當日可以取得的價格;
- 第二級輸入變數為可以直接或間接觀測 得到,但不包括於第一級的報價內的資 產或負債變數;及
- 第三級為資產及負債中屬不可觀測得到的變數。

主要會計政策載列如下。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及由本公司及其附屬公司控制之實體之財務報表。控制權就本公司乃指:

- 可對投資對象行使權力;
- 自參與投資對象之業務獲得或有權獲得 可變回報;及
- 有能力藉對投資對象行使其權力而影響 其回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制因素中之 一項或多項出現變化,本集團將重新評估其 是否對投資對象擁有控制權。

BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION (CONTINUED)

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

倘本集團於投資對象之投票權未能佔大多數, 則當投票權足以賦予本集團實際能力單方面 指揮投資對象之相關活動時即對投資對象擁 有權力。本集團在評估本公司對投資對象之 投票權是否足以賦予其權力時考慮所有相關 事實及情況,包括:

- 本集團所持之投票權規模相對於其他投票權持有人之投票權規模及股權分散程度;
- 本集團、其他投票權持有人或其他人士 持有之潛在投票權;
- 其他合約安排產生之權利;及
- 表明於需要作出決定時,本集團目前能 夠或不能夠指揮相關活動之任何其他事 實及情況(包括於之前股東會議上之投 票方式)。

對附屬公司的合併,乃由本集團對附屬公司 擁有控制權開始,並於本集團失去對附屬公 司的控制權時終止。尤其是對於年內所收購 或出售的一間附屬公司,其收入及開支將由 本公司獲得控制權日期起直至本集團終止控 制權當日止計入綜合損益表。

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BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION (CONTINUED)

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the joint venture. When the Group's share of losses of joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

溢利或虧損以及其他全面收益之各部分歸屬 於本公司股東及非控股股東權益。附屬公司 之全面收益總額歸屬於本公司股東及非控股 股東權益,即使此舉會導致非控股股東權益 產生赤字結餘。

如有需要,會對附屬公司之財務報表作出調整,以使其會計政策與本集團會計政策一致。

有關本集團股東之間的所有集團內資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量均於綜合 賬目時全面對銷。

合營企業權益

合營企業指一項聯合安排,對安排擁有共同控制權之訂約方據此對聯合安排之資產淨值擁有權利。共同控制是指按照合約約定對某項安排所共有的控制,共同控制僅在當相關活動要求共同享有控制權之各方作出一致同意之決定時存在。

合營企業之業績及資產與負債以權益法計入 綜合財務報表。根據權益法,於合營企業之 投資初步按成本於綜合財務狀況表確認,並 於其後就確認本集團應佔該合營企業之損益 及其他全面收益而作出調整。當本集團應佔 合營企業之虧損超出本集團於該合營企業之 權益時(包括實質上成為本集團於該合營企業 的淨投資一部分之任何長期權益),本集團已 企在認其所佔之進一步虧損。僅於本集團已 產生法律或推定責任,或已代表該合營企業 支付款項之情況下,方會進一步確認虧損。

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INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

An investment in a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in a joint venture. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

合營企業權益(續)

於合營企業之投資由獲投資公司成為合營企 業當日起利用權益法入賬。收購於合營企業 之投資時,投資成本若超出本集團應佔獲投 資公司的可識認資產及負債公平價值淨額, 一切餘額確認為商譽,並收入投資的賬面值 冲。本集團應佔獲投資公司的可識認資產及 負債公平價值淨額經重估後若超出投資成本, 會在收購投資當期內即時於損益賬中確認。

應用香港會計準則第39號之規定旨在決定是否需要就本集團於合營企業之投資確認任何減值虧損。倘有需要,該項投資之全部賬面值(包括商譽)會根據香港會計準則第36號資產減值以單一資產形式進行減值測試,方法是比較其可收回金額(即使用價值與公平價值減出售成本兩者中之較高者)與賬面值。任何已確認減值虧損構成該項投資之賬面值其中一部分,有關減值虧損之任何撥回乃根據香港會計準則第36號確認,惟以於該項投資之可收回金額其後增加之情況為限。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

When the Group ceases to have joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKAS 39, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with HKAS 39. The difference between the carrying amount of the joint venture at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing the relevant interest in the joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

When a group entity transacts with a joint venture of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the joint venture that are not related to the Group.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

合營企業權益(續)

當本集團不再對合營公司有共同控制權時, 按出售有關投資對象的全部權益列賬,由此 產生的收益或虧損在損益內確認。當本集團 於前合營企業中留有權益而保留權益在香港 會計準則第39號的範圍內又屬金融資產,則 根據香港會計準則第39號,本集團按該日公 平價值計量保留權益,而公平價值視為其於 初始確認時的公平價值。合營企業於終止使 用權益法當日的賬面值與任何保留權益的公 平價值加任何出售合營企業部分權益時所得 款項之間的差額,計入出售合營企業收益或 虧損的釐定過程。此外,本集團計入所有先 前就該合營企業於其他全面收益中確認的金 額所用基準,與在該合營企業直接售出時規 定須用的基準相同。故此,若該聯合營企業 先前於其他全面收益中確認的收益或虧損會 在有關資產或負債出售時重新歸類至損益賬 中,則本集團會在不再使用權益法時將該收 益或虧損由權益重新分類至損益賬。

當一集團實體與本集團合營企業進行交易時, 所產生之溢利或虧損只在有關合營企業之權 益與本集團無關的情況下,方會於本集團之 綜合財務報表確認。

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair values. All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are classified and accounted for as investment properties and are measured using the fair value model. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

For a transfer from properties under development for sale to investment properties (which is evidenced by commencement of an operating lease), any difference between the fair value of the property at that date and its previous carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

For a transfer from investment properties to properties under development for sale which is evidenced by the commencement of development with a view to sale, any difference between the fair value of the property at the date of transfer and its previously carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. The property's deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

投資物業

投資物業乃持作賺取租金及/或用作資本增 值用途之物業。

投資物業初步按成本計量,包括交易成本。 於初次確認後,投資物業採用公平價值模式 按其公平價值計量。本集團一切在經營租約 下持有以賺取租金或用作資本增值用途的的 物業權益,乃視作投資物業入賬,並利用公 平價值模式計量。因投資物業公平價值變動 而產生之收益或虧損於變動產生期間計入損 益賬。

投資物業出售後,或當永久停止使用該投資物業,或預期出售該投資物業不會產生未來經濟利益時,須終止確認。終止確認物業所產生任何收益或虧損(按出售所得款項淨額與該物業之賬面值間之差額計算)於物業終止確認之年度計入損益賬。

就待出售發展中物業轉撥至投資物業而言(由 開始經營租賃所證明),該物業之公平價值與 其先前賬面值之差額於損益賬中確認。

在將投資物業轉撥至待出售發展中物業(以旨在出售而動工發展為憑證)時,該物業於轉撥當日之公平價值與其過往賬面值兩者間之任何差額於損益賬確認。有關物業在日後入賬時以其於改變用途當日之公平價值視為成本。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT/PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

Property, plant and equipment including buildings, leasehold land (classified as finance leases) held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes (other than properties under construction as described below) are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than properties under construction) over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

If an item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property because its use has changed as evidenced by end of owner-occupation, any difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of that item (including the relevant prepaid lease payments) at the date of transfer is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in property revaluation reserve. On the subsequent sale or retirement of the asset, the relevant revaluation reserve will be transferred directly to retained profits.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備/發展中物業

物業、廠房及設備包括持有用於生產或供應 貨物或服務,或用於行政用途(下列在建中物 業除外)之樓宇及租賃土地(分類為融資租 約),乃按成本值減其後累積折舊及其後累積 減值虧損(如有)在綜合財務狀況表列賬。

用於生產、供應或行政用途的在建物業以成本減任何已確認減值虧損列賬。成本包括專業費及(就合資格資產而言)根據本集團會計政策資本化的借貸成本。有關物業完工後並達到可使用狀態時被劃分為適當類別物業、廠房及設備。當這些資產達到可用狀態時,按與其他物業資產一樣的基準開始折舊。

折舊撥備旨在於資產之(在建中物業除外)估計可使用年期內以直線法撇銷該資產成本減殘值。估計可使用年期、殘值及折舊方法於各報告期間結算日檢討,因估計有所轉變而產生之影響則按前瞻基準列賬。

當物業、廠房及設備項目因業主不再自用, 證明其用途改變而轉撥至投資物業時,該項 目(包括相關預付租金支出)於轉讓當日之賬 面值與公平價值間任何差額於其他全面收益 確認及於物業重估儲備累計。日後出售或報 廢該資產時,相關重估儲備將直接轉入保留 溢利。

於物業、廠房及設備項目出售後或當預計不會因持續使用資產而產生未來經濟效益時,該項物業、廠房及設備須終止確認。因出售或停用物業、廠房及設備項目而產生之任何收益或虧損按出售所得款項淨額與該項資產之賬面值之差額釐定,並於損益賬確認。

PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE

Properties under development for sale are transferred to properties held for sale when the relevant completion certificates are issued by the respective government authorities.

PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is determined by reference to estimated selling price less selling expenses.

INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined on a weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

3. 主要會計政策(續)

待出售發展中物業

待出售發展中物業於有關政府機關發出相關 竣工證明文件時,轉撥至待出售物業。

待出售物業

待出售物業乃按成本與可變現淨值兩者中之 較低者入賬。可變現淨值乃參考估計售價減 銷售開支而釐定。

存貨

存貨乃按成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較低者 入賬。成本乃按加權平均成本法計算。可變 現淨值指存貨估計售價減完成估計成本及銷 售所需成本。

撥備

當本集團因過往事件而承擔現有之法律性或 推定性的責任及本集團可能需要履行該責任, 並且就責任金額作出可靠的估計,則確認撥 備。

確認為撥備的金額乃按於報告期間結算日對 履行現有責任所需代價之最佳估計,並計及 責任之風險及不確定性而計量。倘撥備採用 履行現有責任之估計現金流量計量,則其賬 面值為該等現金流之現值(倘對金額時間值影 響重大)。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

IMPAIRMENT ON TANGIBLE ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and titles have passed.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

有形資產減值

於報告期結算日,本集團審閱其有形資產之 賬面值以決定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產 出現減值虧損。倘出現任何有關跡象,則會 估計資產之可收回金額,以釐定減值虧損(如 有)之程度。

可收回金額乃公平價值減銷售成本與使用價值之較高者。在評估使用價值時,估計未來現金流量使用税前貼現率貼現至其現值,該 貼現率反映貨幣時間價值之當前市場估計及估計未來現金流量尚未經調整之資產有關風險。

倘若資產之可收回金額估計乃少於其賬面值, 則該資產之賬面值削減至其可收回金額。減 值虧損即時於損益賬確認。

當減值虧損其後撥回,該資產之賬面值增至其可收回金額之經修訂估計值,然而,增加後之賬面值不得超過假若該資產過往年度並無確認減值虧損原應釐定之賬面值。減值虧損之撥回金額即時於損益賬確認。

收益確認

收益按已收或應收代價之公平價值計量,並 減去估計客戶退貨、回撥及類似銷售撥備。

在能夠可靠地計量時;在未來經濟利益有可 能流入本集團時及在符合下文所述本集團的 各業務的特定條件時確認收益。

於貨品交付及擁有權移交時,確認銷售貨品 之收益。

REVENUE RECOGNITION (CONTINUED)

Revenue from sale of properties in the ordinary course of business is recognised when the respective properties have been completed and delivered to the buyers. Deposits and instalments received from purchasers prior to meeting the above criteria for revenue recognition are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under current liabilities.

Service income (including property management and agency fee, and hotel operation income) is recognised when services are provided.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

The Group's accounting policy for recognition of revenue from operating leases is described in the accounting policy for leasing below.

LEASING

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments, including the cost of acquiring land held under operating leases, are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

收益確認(續)

於日常業務過程中銷售物業所得的收入,於相關物業已竣工及交付予買方時確認。在符合上述收入確認準則前自買方收取的按金及分期付款於綜合財務狀況表內確認為流動負債。

服務收入(包括管理費,代理費,以及酒店營 運收入)於提供服務時確認。

來自投資之股息收入在股東有權獲得收取有 關付款時入賬。

利息收入是按時間基準參考尚未償還本金及 適用實際利率累計。實際利率指在初始確認 金融資產時按其預期可使用年期確切貼現估計未來現金收入至有關資產之賬面淨值的利率。

本集團在確認經營租約方面的會計政策於下 文租賃會計政策中有所描述。

和賃

當租賃之條款實質上將所有權所產生之絕大 部分風險及回報轉移至承租人,有關租賃被 分類為融資租約。所有其他租約被分類為經 營租約。

本集團作為出租人

經營租約租金收入乃按有關租約之年期以直 線法於損益賬中確認。就經營租約進行磋商 及安排時產生之首次直接成本,乃加入租約 資產之賬面值。

本集團作為承租人

經營租約之應付租金(包括按經營租約收購土 地之成本)於有關租約期間按直線法確認為開 支。

倘訂立經營租約時享有租金優惠,有關優惠 確認為負債。利益優惠總額以直線法確認為 租金開支減少。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

LEASING (CONTINUED)

Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as 'prepaid lease payments' in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis except for those that are classified and accounted for as investment properties under the fair value model. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease.

TAXATION

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

自用租賃土地

當一份租約同時包括土地及樓宇兩項元素,本集團需要評估各項元素擁有權之絕大部分 風險與報酬是否已轉移至本集團,並據此將 每項元素分類為融資租約或經營租約。除非 清晰顯示兩項元素均屬經營租約,則整份租 約將分類為經營租約。尤其是,最低應付租 金(包括任何一次性預付款)須根據有關租賃 中土地及樓宇所佔租賃權益於租期開始時之 相關公平價值按比例分配予土地及樓宇。

當租金能夠可靠分配時,入賬列作經營租約 之租賃土地權益將在綜合財務狀況表中列為 「預付租金支出」,按直線基準在租賃期間支 銷,按公平價值模式分類並入賬列作投資物 業之租賃土地權益則另作別論。當租金無法 在土地及樓宇間可靠分配時,整項租賃分類 為融資和約。

税項

所得税支出指現時應付税項及遞延税項之總 和。

現時應付稅項乃按本年度應課稅溢利計算。 應課稅溢利與綜合損益表所報之除稅前溢利 不同,此乃由於前者不包括在其他年度應課 稅或可扣稅收入或開支,以及從未課稅或可 扣稅之項目。本集團之即期稅項負債採用於 報告期間結算日之前已頒佈或實質頒佈之稅 率計算。

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TAXATION (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項根據綜合財務報表資產及負債賬面值與用以計算應課税溢利相應税基之臨時差額確認。遞延税項負債通常會就所有應課税臨時差額確認,而遞延税項資產通常就所有可抵扣臨時差額確認,其可抵扣臨時差額確認,其可抵扣臨時差額不影響應課稅溢利。倘於一項交產中,因企業合併以外原因首次確認其他資產及負債。另外,自計溢利,則不會確認該等資產及負債。另外,會確認遞延稅項負債。

遞延税項負債乃按因於附屬公司之投資及合營企業權益而引致之應課税臨時差額而確認,惟若本集團可控制臨時差額之撥回及臨時差額很有可能不會於可見將來撥回之情況除外。與有關投資及權益相關之可扣税臨時差額產生之遞延税項資產,僅在可能有足夠應課税溢利以動用臨時差額利益及預期於可見將來撥回時確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於報告期間結算日作 檢討,並在不再可能有足夠應課稅溢利恢復 全部或部分資產價值時作調減。

遞延税項資產及負債乃以預期於償付負債或 變現資產之期間應用之稅率,根據於報告期 間結算日已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之稅率(及稅 法)計算。

遞延税項負債及資產之計算結果反映本集團 於報告期間結算日預期就收回或償還資產及 負債賬面值可能引致之税務後果。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

TAXATION (CONTINUED)

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

RETIREMENT BENEFIT COSTS

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

就計算投資物業的遞延税項負債或遞延税項 資產而言,利用公平價值模式計量的投資物 業之賬面值乃假設通過銷售全數收回,除非 該假設被推翻則除外。當投資物業可予折舊 及其業務模式(其業務目標是隨時間而非透過 銷售消耗投資物業所包含的絕大部分經濟利 益)內持有時,有關假設會被推翻。

即期及遞延税項於溢利或虧損中確認,惟與於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認之項目相關者除外,於該情況下,即期及遞延税項亦分別於其他全面收益或權益中確認。就因對業務合併進行初始會計處理而產生之即期稅項或遞延税項而言,稅務影響乃計入業務合併之會計處理內。

借款成本

購買、興建或製造合資格資產(須經一段長時間方可作擬定用途或銷售之資產)之直接應佔借款成本,於該等資產實質上達至擬定用途或銷售前,借款成本將加入該等資產之成本中。

特定借款在應用於合資格資產前用作短期投 資所賺取之投資收入須在合資格資本化之借 款成本中扣除。

退休福利成本

向界定退休福利供款計劃及強制性公積金計 劃支付之供款於僱員提供服務後並符合領取 有關供款資格時列為開支。

FOREIGN CURRENCIES

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal or partial disposal of the Group's interests.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

外幣

於編製各獨立集團實體之財務報表時,以該實體之功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)進行之交易乃按交易當日之適用匯率換算為其功能貨幣確認。於各報告期間結算日,以外幣列值之貨幣項目按結算日之適用匯率重新換算。按公平價值入賬及以外幣列值之非貨幣項目按釐定公平價值當日之當時匯率重新換算。以外幣按歷史成本計算之非貨幣項目均不予重新換算。

結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目所產生之 匯兑差額於該等差額產生期間於損益賬內確 認,除應收或應付海外業務而結算並無計劃 亦不可能發生(因此構成於海外業務投資淨額 之一部分)之貨幣項目之匯兑差額,該等匯兑 差額初步於其他全面收益內確認,並於出售 或部分出售本集團權益時自權益重新分類至 損益賬。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團之海外業 務資產及負債乃按報告期間結算日當時之匯 率換算為本集團呈列貨幣(即港幣)。收入及 開支項目按該年度之平均匯率換算。產生之 匯兑差額(如有)乃於其他全面收益確認,並 於匯兑儲備一節權益中累積計算(歸屬於非控 股股東權益,如適用)。

出售境外經營時(即出售本集團在境外經營的全部權益、因出售喪失對包含境外經營的附屬公司的控制權,或出售包含境外經營的合營企業之部分權益(而境外經營的留存權益成為金融資產)),與該境外經營相關的歸屬於本公司所有者權益的累計匯兑差額全部重分類至損益。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), available-for-sale ("AFS") financial assets and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at EVTPL.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具

當集團實體成為工具合約條文之訂約方,則確認金融資產及金融負債。

金融資產及金融負債初步按公平價值計量。因收購或發行金融資產及金融負債(不包括按公平價值計入損益之金融資產或金融負債)而直接產生之交易成本,於初次確認時加入金融資產或金融負債(如適用)之公平價值,或自金融資產或金融負債(如適用)之公平價值扣除。收購按公平價值計入損益之金融資產或金融負債時,直接相關的交易成本應即時於損益賬確認。

金融資產

本集團之金融資產劃分類以下特定類別,包括按公平價值計入損益之金融資產、可供出售金融資產、貸款及應收賬款。分類視乎該等金融資產之性質及目的,並於首次確認時釐定。所有一般購買或出售之金融資產均按交易日期基準確認或終止確認。一般購買或出售金融資產須按於市場規例或慣例確立之時限內交付資產。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算債務投資工具之攤銷成本及於相關期間攤分利息收入之方法。實際利率指按債務工具之預期可使用年期或(如適用)較短期間確切貼現估計未來現金收入(包括組成實際利率、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓整體部分之全部已付或已收費用)之利率。

債務投資工具之收益以實際利率法確認,但 不包括分類為按公平價值計入損益之金融資 產。

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when the financial asset is (i) held for trading, or (ii) it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets and is included in other gains and losses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Fair value is determined in the manner described in note 34c.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

按公平價值計入損益之金融資產

當金融資產為(i)持作買賣用途;或(ii)指定為按公平價值計入損益時,則金融資產分類為按公平價值計入損益。

若符合下列情況,金融資產將歸類為持作買 賣用途:

- 收購金融資產之目的主要為於不久將來 出售;或
- 該金融資產在初步確認時為由本集團共同管理之已識別金融工具投資組合之一部分,並且最近有可短期獲利之實際趨勢;或
- 該金融資產並非被指定為有效對沖工具 之衍生工具。

被持有作買賣用途以外的金融資產,或會在 初次確認時被指定為按公平價值計入損益, 倘:

- 該指定對銷或顯著降低使用其他方式將 出現之衡量或確認不一致;或
- 受管理之金融資產構成一組金融資產或 金融負債之部分或兩者,其表現根據本 集團記錄之風險管理或投資策略按公平 價值基準評估,而有關分組之資料按該 基準於內部提供;或
- 其組成包含一個或多個嵌入式衍生工具 之合約部分,而香港會計準則第39號允 許整個合併合約(資產或負債)指定為按 公平價值計入損益。

按公平價值計入損益之金融資產按公平價值 計量,因重新計量而出現之收益或虧損於損 益賬確認。於損益賬確認之收益或虧損淨額 不包括以金融資產賺取之任何股息或利息, 並計入綜合損益表之其他收益及虧損。釐定 公平價值之方式載別於附註34c。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets (Continued)

AFS financial assets

AFS financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables, (b) held-to-maturity investments or (c) financial assets at FVTPL.

Equity and debt securities held by the Group that are classified as AFS financial assets and are traded in an active market are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the carrying amount of AFS monetary financial assets relating to interest income calculated using the effective interest method, and changes in foreign exchange rates, if applicable are recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on AFS equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established. Other changes in the carrying amount of AFS financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investment revaluation reserve. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment of financial assets below).

AFS equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity investments are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment of financial assets below).

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產為被指定為可供出售或並無劃分為(a)貸款及應收賬款、(b)持至到期投資或(c)按公平價值計入損益之金融資產之非衍生工具。

由本集團持有並分類為可供出售金融資產及 於活躍市場交易之權益及債務證券乃於各報 告期間結算日以公平價值計量。以實際利率 法計算利息收入有關之可供出售貨幣金融資 產賬面值變動以及可供出售權益投資之股息 於溢利或虧損內確認。可供出售金融資產之 其他賬面值變動則於其他全面收益內確認, 並於投資重估儲備中累積。倘金融資產獲出 售或確認出現減值,過往於投資重估儲備累 積計算之收益或虧損會重新分類至損益賬(見 下文有關金融資產減值之會計政策)。

可供出售股本投資如沒有於活躍市場提供市價,而其公平價值不能準確計量,或與此等無報價股本投資有關及必須以將之交付的方式結算的衍生工具,會以成本減任何可確定的減值虧損於報告期間結算日計量(見下文有關金融資產減值之會計政策)。

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets (Continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including advance to an investee company, trade and other receivables, fixed bank deposits with more than three months to maturity when raised, and other bank balances and cash) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment (see accounting policy in respect of impairment of financial assets below).

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables where the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For AFS equity investments, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of that security below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

貸款及應收賬款

貸款及應收賬款為有固定或可釐定付款額但並無於活躍市場報價之非衍生金融資產。於初次確認後,貸款及應收款項(包括墊付被投資公司、貿易及其他應收賬款、存入三個月後到期之定期銀行存款、其他銀行存款及現金)採用實際利率法按攤銷成本減任何已識別減值列賬(見下文有關金融資產減值之會計政策)。

利息收入通過應用實際利率確認,惟確認利息不屬重大的短期應收賬款則除外。

金融資產減值

金融資產(不包括按公平價值計入損益之金融 資產)乃於各報告期間結算日評估是否有減值 跡象。若金融資產於初次確認後發生一項或 多項事件而導致有客觀證據證明金融資產之 估計未來現金流量受到影響,則視為出現減 值。

就可供出售之股本投資而言,該證券之公平 價值大幅或持續低於其成本時被視為有客觀 證據證明出現減值。

就所有其他金融資產而言,減值之客觀證據 包括:

- 發行人或交易對手方遇上重大財政困難;或
- 違反合約,如逾期或拖欠利息或本金付款;或
- 借款人有可能破產或進行財務重組;或
- 因財政困難導致該金融資產之活躍市場 不再存在。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period, observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of loan receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a loan receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

When an AFS financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金額資產減值(續)

應收款項組合的客觀減值證據可包括 貴集 團的過往收款經驗、組合內延遲還款的次數 增加,以及與應收款項逾期有關的全國或地 方經濟狀況明顯改變。

以攤銷成本入賬的金融資產,其確認的減值 虧損為該資產的賬面值與以原實際利率貼現 估計未來現金流量之現值之差額。

對於所有金融資產,金融資產賬面值會直接 因減值虧損而減少,惟應收貸款除外,在此 情況下,賬面值透過利用撥備賬減少。撥備 賬賬面值的變動於損益中確認。當應收貸款 被認為無法收回時,則於撥備賬內撇銷。其 後收回先前已撇銷的金額於損益中計入。

當按公平價值入賬可供出售金融資產被視為 可予減值時,先前於其他全面收益內確認之 累積虧損則重新分類至發生減值之本期之損 益賬內。

就按攤銷成本計量之金融資產而言,倘若減 值虧損之金額於其後減少而該等減少可客觀 地與確認減值虧損後所發生之事件聯繫,則 先前確認之減值虧損於溢利或虧損撥回,惟 於撥回減值日期之資產賬面值不能超出未確 認減值前之攤銷成本。

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

In respect of AFS equity investments, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investment revaluation reserve. In respect of AFS debt investments, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

可供出售股本投資而言,先前於損益賬中確認的減值虧損不得於損益賬撥回。於減值虧損後錄得之任何公平價值增加於其他全面收益直接確認,並於投資重估儲備累積計算。就可供出售之債務投資而言,倘若投資之公平價值增加可客觀地與確認減值虧損後發生之事件聯繫,則減值虧損會其後於損益賬撥回。

金融負債及股本工具

由集團實體發行之債務及股本工具按所訂立 之合約安排內容以及金融負債及股本工具之 定義分類為金融負債或股本工具。

股本工具

股本工具為證明本集團資產剩餘權益(經扣除 其所有負債)之任何合約。本公司發行之股本 工具乃以已收所得款項扣除直接發行成本確 認。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算債務投資工具之攤銷成本及於相關期間攤分利息收入之方法。實際利率指按債務工具之預期可使用年期或(如適用)較短期間確切貼現估計未來現金收入(包括組成實際利率、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓整體部分之全部已付或已收費用)之利率。利息支出按實際利率基準確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities (including trade and other payables, and bank and other borrowings) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

按攤銷成本計量的金融負債

金融負債(包括貿易及其他應付賬款、銀行及 其他借款)則其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本 計量。

終止確認

當本集團收取資產現金流量之合約權利屆滿或轉讓金融資產及該資產所有權之絕大部分風險及回報予另一實體時,方會終止確認金融資產。倘本集團或本公司並不轉讓或保留所有權的絕大部分風險及回報,並繼續控制被轉讓資產,則本集團或本公司會以其持續參與程度為限繼續確認其於資產之保留權益並確認相關負債。倘本集團或本公司保留已轉讓金融資產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報,則本集團或本公司將繼續確認金融資產,同時亦就已收取之所得款項確認有抵押借貸。

終止確認金融資產時,資產賬面值與已收及 應收代價以及已於其他全面收益確認及累計 入權益累積收益或虧損總額間之差額乃於損 益賬確認。

本集團於及僅於本集團之責任解除、取消或 到期時終止確認金融負債。已終止確認金融 負債賬面值與已付和應付代價間之差額於損 益賬確認。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

4. 重要會計判斷及估計不明朗因素 之主要來源

於應用本集團之會計政策(如附註3所述)時, 本公司董事須對未能即時自其他來源取得之 資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。 估計及有關假設乃以過往經驗及被視為相關 之其他因素為基礎。實際結果可能會與該等 估計有所不同。

估計及相關假設乃按持續基準檢討。會計估計之修訂乃於估計被修訂之期間確認(倘修訂僅影響該期間),或於修訂期間及未來期間(倘修訂影響本期間及未來期間)確認。

應用會計政策的重要判斷

除關於估計的判斷外(見下文),以下是董事 於應用對綜合財務報表確認金額有最重大影 響之本集團會計政策之關鍵性判斷。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's investment property portfolios in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and concluded that (a) the Group's investment properties in Hong Kong are not held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, (b) the Group's investment properties in the PRC are held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time. Therefore, in determining the Group's deferred taxation on investment properties in Hong Kong, the directors of the Company have determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is not rebutted. As a result, the Group has not recognised any deferred taxes on changes in fair value of investment properties located in Hong Kong as the Group is not subject to any income taxes on disposal of these investment properties.

4. 重要會計判斷及估計不明朗因素 之主要來源(續)

應用會計政策的重要判斷(續)

投資物業遞延税項

就計量利用公平價值模式計量的投資物業產 生之 遞延税項負債或遞延税項資產而言,本 公司董事審閱本集團在香港及中華人民共和 國(「中國」)之投資物業組合後認為,(a)本集 團在香港之投資物業並非以旨在隨時間消耗 該等投資物業實現絕大部份經濟利益之業務 模式持有;(b)本集團在中國之投資物業以旨 在隨時間消耗該等投資物業實現絕大部份經 濟利益之業務模式持有。因此,計量本集團 在香港之投資物業的遞延税項時,本公司董 事已確定,利用公平價值模式計量的投資物 業之賬面值乃通過銷售全數收回之有關假設 並無遭到駁回。故此,由於本集團無需就出 售該等投資物業繳納任何所得稅,本集團並 無就位於香港之投資物業的公平價值變動確 認任何遞延税項。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Fair value of investment properties

Investment properties are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2016 at their fair value, details of which are disclosed in note 15. The fair value of the investment properties was determined by reference to valuations conducted on these properties by an independent qualified professional valuer using property valuation techniques which involve certain assumptions of prevailing market conditions. Favourable or unfavourable changes to these assumptions may result in changes in the fair value of the Group's investment properties and corresponding adjustments to the changes in fair value reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the carrying amount of these properties included in the consolidated statement of financial position. The carrying amount of the Group's investment properties at 31 December 2016 is approximately HK\$7,881,519,000 (2015: HK\$7,888,772,000).

4. 重要會計判斷及估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源

於報告期間結算日,因將來之假設及其他估計帶來之主要不穩定因素,可能對資產及負債之賬面值於下一財政年度內帶來重大調整之風險,討論如下:

投資物業之公平價值

投資物業乃於二零一六年十二月三十一日在綜合財務狀況表按彼等之公平價值列賬,詳情於附註15披露。投資物業之公平價值乃參考獨立合資格專業估值師以物業估值技術對該等物業所進行之估值釐定。物業估值技術涉及對現時市場情況的若干假設。該等假設之有利或不利變動或會改變本集團投資物業公平價值,因而相應調整於綜合損益表呈報之公平價值變動,以及計入綜合財務狀況表內該等物業之賬面值。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團投資物業之賬面值為港幣7,881,519,000元(二零一五年:港幣7,888,772,000元)。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

Impairment of properties under development for sale/ properties held for sale

The Group's properties under development for sale and properties held for sale in the PRC and Hong Kong, details of which are set out in the consolidated statement of financial position and note 17, are expected to be recovered through future sales. In case the future selling prices, less all related direct selling expenses, are less than their current carrying value plus further costs to complete the properties under development for sale to a saleable condition, the Group will recognise losses. The future selling prices are estimated by reference to the recent selling prices of similar properties in the same project or relevant locations. The management also estimated the future selling expenses by reference to the actual selling expenses of the Group's completed projects, adjusted by certain current market data. The carrying amounts of properties under development for sale and properties held for sale of the Group at 31 December 2016 are approximately HK\$954,969,000 (2015: HK\$390,974,000) and HK\$622,481,000 (2015: HK\$1,012,405,000), respectively.

Fair value of unlisted available-for-sale investments

The fair value of unlisted available-for-sale investments that are stated at fair value are determined with reference to market values of underlying assets, or arrived at using valuation techniques, including market multiple approach and discounted cash flow techniques, which included some assumptions that are not supportable by observable market prices or rates, the inputs may include prices information, volatility statistics, liquidity statistics and other factors. In determining the fair value where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates, earnings growth factor and the adjusted discount factor. The carrying amount of the Group's unlisted available-for-sale investments at 31 December 2016 is approximately HK\$334,646,000 (2015: HK\$388,088,000).

4. 重要會計判斷及估計不明朗因素 之主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

待出售發展中物業/待出售物業之減值

本集團於中國及香港之待出售發展中物業及 待出售物業之詳情分別載於綜合財務狀況 表及附註17,預期可透過日後銷售收回。 倘日後售價減去所有相關直接銷售開支, 少於其現有賬面值加上完成待出售發展中物 業至可銷售狀況之額外成本,本集團將確認 虧損。將來的售價是參考同一項目或相關地 點的類似物業。管理層亦參考本集團已完成 項目的實際銷售費用,根據若干目前市場數 據調整未來銷售費用。於二零一六年十二月 三十一日,本集團待出售發展中物業及本集 團待出售物業之賬面值分別為港幣954,969,000 元(二零一五年:港幣390,974,000元)及港幣 622,481,000元(二零一五年:港幣1,012,405,000 元)。

非上市可供出售投資之公平價值

以公平價值列賬的非上市可供出售投資之公平價值,乃根據相關資產市值釐定,或利用估值技巧得出,包括市場乘數法及折現現金流量技巧,其中包括不獲觀察市場價格或利率支持的一些假設。輸入變數可能包括價格資料、浮動率數據、流動性數據及其他因素。釐定公平價值時,若使用折現現金流量技巧,則估計未來現金流量乃根據管理層的最佳估計、盈利增長因子及經調整的折現因子。本集團非上市可供出售投資於二零一六年十二月三十一日之賬面值約為港幣334,646,000元(二零一五年:港幣388,088,000元)。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

Income taxes

As at 31 December 2016, a deferred tax asset in relation to unused tax losses of approximately HK\$81 million (2015: HK\$96 million) has been recognised in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position. No deferred tax asset has been recognised on the tax losses of approximately HK\$402 million (2015: HK\$381 million) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The realisability of the deferred tax asset mainly depends on whether sufficient future profits or taxable temporary differences will be available in the future. In cases where the actual future profits generated are less than expected, a material reversal of deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in profit or loss for the period in which such a reversal takes place.

5. REVENUE

An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

4. 重要會計判斷及估計不明朗因素 之主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

所得税

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,未動用稅項虧損約港幣81,000,000元(二零一五年:港幣96,000,000元)於本集團綜合財務狀況表內確認為遞延稅項資產。由於無法預測未來溢利來源,故並未就稅項虧損約港幣402,000,000元(二零一五年:港幣381,000,000元)確認遞延稅項資產。遞延稅項資產的可變現程度主要取決於日後是否有充足的未來溢利或應課稅暫時差異。倘實際產生的未來溢利少於預期,將引致重大遞延稅項資產撥回,該撥回將於發生期間於損益賬確認。

5. 收益

以下為按本集團的本年度收益分析:

2016

2015

		二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Gross rental income	毛租金收入	361,136	375,256
Sales of properties held for sale	待出售物業銷售	479,937	578,662
Sales of goods	貨物銷售	63,048	52,032
Interest income on structured deposits, available-for-sale	結構性存款、可供出售投資、		
investments, bank deposits and bank balances	銀行存款及結餘之利息收入	31,335	117,578
Property management and agency fees	物業管理及代理費	18,608	16,948
Hotel operation income	酒店經營收入	16,999	41,672
Dividend income from listed investments held for trading	上市持作買賣用途投資之股息收入	138	142
Dividend income from available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資之股息收入	59,937	10,742
		1,031,138	1,193,032

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resources allocation or assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods and services delivered or provided. No operating segment identified by the chief operating decision maker have been aggregated in arriving at the reportable segment of the Group.

Specifically, the Group's operating and reportable segments under HKFRS 8 Operating Segments are as follows:

- 1. Property investment investment and letting of properties
- 2. Property development development and sale of properties
- 3. Property management provision of property management services
- 4. Treasury investment dealings and investments in securities and other financial instruments
- 5. Trading and manufacturing manufacture and sale of magnetic products
- 6. Hotel operation management and operation of hotels

6. 分類資料

本公司向執行董事,即主要經營決策人,就 資源分配或評核分類表現而呈報之分類資料, 乃按營運單位所提供的銷售和服務性作為分 析基準。概無合計主要經營決策人識別之業 務分類以達成本集團之呈報分類。

按香港財務報告準則第8號*營運分類*本集團之 業務及呈報分類如下:

- I. 物業投資 物業投資及租賃
- 2. 物業發展 物業發展及銷售
- 3. 物業管理 提供物業管理服務
- 4. 財務投資 證券及其他金融工具的交易及投資
- 5. 貿易及製造 一磁性產品製造及銷售
- 6. 酒店經營 酒店管理及經營

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6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

6. 分類資料(續)

SEGMENT REVENUE AND RESULTS

分類資產及負債

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by 以下為按呈報分類之本集團收益及業績分析: reportable and operating segment.

		Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property development 物業發展 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property management 物業管理 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Treasury investment 財務投資 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Trading and manufacturing 貿易及製造 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Hotel operation 酒店經營 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Segment total 分類總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Eliminations 對銷 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Consolidated 综合 HK\$'000 港幣千元
For the year ended 31 December 2016	截至二零一六年									
	十二月三十一日									
Segment revenue	止年度 分類收益	364,526	488,390	29,706	82,957	63,048	16,999	1,045,626	(14,488)	1,031,138
Comprising:	包括:	304,320	400,000	23,100	02,331	00,040	10,333	1,040,020	(14,400)	1,001,100
— revenue from customers	一 客戶收益	361,136	488,390	18,608	82,957	63,048	16,999			
— inter-segment transactions (note)	一 集團內交易									
	(附註)	3,390	-	11,098	-	-	-			
	40V VOD 00	//aa =/a\	((0.4.000)	//	(== 1==)	// - / - /	(2.2.2.2)		(Tab as I)
Operating expenses Gain on changes in fair value of	營運開支 投資物業公平價值	(130,710)	(370,400)	(21,095)	(19,042)	(55,123)	(17,179)	(613,549)	14,488	(599,061)
investment properties	授動收益 變動收益	158,302	_	_	_	_	_	158,302	_	158,302
Loss on changes in fair value of	按公平價值計入	100,002						100,002		100,002
financial assets at FVTPL	損益之金融工具									
	公平價值變動									
	虧損	-	-	-	(791)	-	-	(791)	-	(791)
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments	出售可供出售 投資收益				1 010			1 010		1 010
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	报	-	_	-	1,816	-	10,841	1,816 10,841	-	1,816 10,841
Net exchange (losses) gains	匯兑淨(虧損)收益	(12,621)	(20,865)	272	(6,845)	_	4	(40,055)	_	(40,055)
Impairment loss recognised in respect of	可供出售投資之	()- /	(-,,		(-//			(-))		(- 1, 1
available-for-sale investments	減值虧損確認	-	-	-	(20,440)	-	-	(20,440)	-	(20,440)
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及									
plant and equipment	設備虧損	-	-	-	-	(379)	-	(379)	-	(379)
Segment profit	分類溢利	379,497	97,125	8,883	37,655	7,546	10,665	541,371	-	541,371
Finance costs	財務成本									(21,939)
Share of results of joint ventures	所佔合營企業業績									(3)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利									519,429

note: Inter-segment sales are charged at prevailing market rates.

附註:集團內銷售按當時市值列值。

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

SEGMENT REVENUE AND RESULTS (CONTINUED)

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segment.

6. 分類資料(續)

分類資產及負債(續)

以下為按呈報分類之本集團收益及業績分析:

		Property investment 物業投資 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Property development 物業發展 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Property management 物業管理 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Treasury investment 財務投資 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Trading and manufacturing 貿易及製造 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Hotel operation 酒店經營 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Segment total 分類總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Eliminations 對銷 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 港幣千元
For the year ended 31 December 2015	截至二零一五年 十二月三十一日 止年度									
Segment revenue Comprising:	分類收益 包括:	375,256	603,300	27,721	103,824	52,032	41,672	1,203,805	(10,773)	1,193,032
revenue from customers inter-segment transactions (note)	一 客戶收益 一 集團內交易	375,256	603,300	16,948	103,824	52,032	41,672			
	(附註)		_	10,773	_	-	-			
Operating expenses Gain on changes in fair value of	營運開支 投資物業公平價值	(131,530)	(495,890)	(18,231)	(22,094)	(50,070)	(42,078)	(759,893)	10,773	(749,120)
investment properties Gain on changes in fair value of	變動收益 按公平價值計入損益	281,997	-	-	-	-	-	281,997	-	281,997
financial assets at FVTPL Gain on disposal of available-for-sale	之金融工具公平 價值變動收益 出售可供出售	-	-	-	2,592	-	-	2,592	-	2,592
investments	投資收益	-	-	-	8,080	-	-	8,080	-	8,080
Net exchange (losses) gains Impairment loss recognised in respect of	匯兑淨(虧損)收益 待出售物業之減值	(16,709)	(20,386)	255	(136,829)	-	(50)	(173,719)	-	(173,719)
properties held for sale Loss on disposal of property,	虧損確認 出售物業、廠房及	-	(20,546)	-	-	-	-	(20,546)	-	(20,546)
plant and equipment	設備虧損	-	-	-	-	(266)	-	(266)	-	(266)
Segment profit (loss)	分類溢利(虧損)	509,014	66,478	9,745	(44,427)	1,696	(456)	542,050	-	542,050
Finance costs Share of results of joint ventures	財務成本 所佔合營企業業績									(74,526) 3,509
Profit before tax	除税前溢利								_	471,033

note: Inter-segment sales are charged at prevailing market rates.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment profit/loss represents the profit earned by/loss from each segment without allocation of share of results of joint ventures and finance costs. In addition, administrative costs incurred by the treasury investment segment on behalf of other segments are allocated to respective operating segments on the basis of revenues earned by individual operating segments. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

附註:集團內銷售按當時市值列值。

業務分類之會計政策與附註3所述之本集團會 計政策相同。分類溢利/虧損指在未計入所 佔合營企業業績及財務成本之情況下各分類 所賺取之溢利/蒙受之虧損。此外,財務投 資分類替其他業務分類代付所涉及之行政成 本已按個別業務分類賺取之收益獲分配至各 營運分類。本集團已以此分類方法向主要經 營決策人呈報,並用作資源分配及評核分類 表現。

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

6. 分類資料(續)

SEGMENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

分類資產及負債

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by 以下為按呈報分類之本集團資產及負債分析: reportable segment:

Segment assets

分類資產

	2016	2015
	二零一六年	二零一五年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	港幣千元	港幣千元
Property investment 物業投資	8,082,169	8,126,509
Property development 物業發展	3,935,311	2,900,455
Property management 物業管理	2,985	3,722
Treasury investment 財務投資	1,587,864	1,773,153
Trading and manufacturing 貿易及製造	85,717	83,402
Hotel operation 酒店經營	5,172	13,074
Total segment assets 分類資產總額	13,699,218	12,900,315
Taxation recoverable 可收回税款	14,989	_
Interests in joint ventures	1,225	1,228
Deferred tax assets 遞延税項資產	5,807	7,846
Consolidated assets	13,721,239	12,909,389

Segment liabilities

分類負債

	2016	2015
	二零一六年	二零一五年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	港幣千元	港幣千元
Property investment 物業投資	176,417	183,979
Property development 物業發展	1,191,472	176,041
Property management 物業管理	3,001	3,234
Treasury investment 財務投資	5,567	1,183
Trading and manufacturing 貿易及製造	9,668	10,596
Hotel operation	679	4,616
Total segment liabilities 分類負債總額	1,386,804	379,649
Taxation payable 應付税款	960	2,187
Borrowings 借款	1,183,629	1,351,489
Deferred tax liabilities	226,910	231,733
Consolidated liabilities 綜合負債	2,798,303	1,965,058

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6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

SEGMENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

For the purposes of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments, all assets are allocated to operating segments other than taxation recoverable, interests in joint ventures and deferred tax assets. All liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than taxation payable, borrowings and deferred tax liabilities.

6. 分類資料(續)

分類資產及負債(續)

為監察分類表現及於分類間分配資源,除於 可收回税款、合營企業的權益及遞延税項資 產外,所有資產均分配至業務分類,而除應 付税款、借款及遞延税項負債外,所有負債 均分配至業務分類。

OTHER SEGMENT INFORMATION

其他分類資料

		Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property development 物業發展 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property management 物業管理 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Treasury investment 財務投資 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Trading and manufacturing 貿易及製造 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Hotel operation 酒店經營 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Amounts included in the measure of segment results and segment assets:	包括計量分類業績及 分類資產之金額:							
2016 Capital additions Depreciation Interest income	二零一六年 資本增加 折舊 利息收入	25,486 6,388 -	229 232 -	- - -	3,085 76 31,335	3,427 2,126 -	32 77 -	32,259 8,899 31,335
2015 Capital additions Depreciation Interest income	二零一五年 資本增加 折舊 利息收入	4,503 5,693 –	1,685 377 –	- 2 -	- 2 117,578	5,067 1,729 –	- 49 -	11,255 7,852 117,578

6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**

OTHER SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Geographical information

The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong and other parts of the PRC.

Information about the Group's revenue from continuing operations from external customers is presented based on the location of the operations. Information about the Group's non-current assets is presented based on the geographical location of the assets.

6. 分類資料(續)

其他分類資料(續)

地區資料

本集團業務位於香港及中國其他地區。

有關本集團持續經營外來客戶之收益資料乃 按經營業務所處地區呈報。有關本集團非流 動資產的資料則按資產所在地區呈報。

			Revenue 收益		ent assets 勋資產
		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Hong Kong PRC	香港 中國	314,103 717,035	329,299 863,733	6,920,300 3,008,387	6,550,490 2,907,702
		1,031,138	1,193,032	9,928,687	9,458,192

Non-current assets exclude advance to an investee company and deferred tax assets.

Information about major customers

There is no revenue from customers for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015 contributing over 10% of the total operating revenue of the Group.

非流動資產不包括墊付被投資公司及遞延税 項資產。

主要客戶資料

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日及二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,並無來自客戶之收益佔本集團總營運收益超過10%。

7. OTHER INCOME

7. 其他收入

	2016	2015
	二零一六年	二零一五年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	港幣千元	港幣千元
Imputed interest income on advance to an investee company 整款予被投資公司之估算利息收入	49	109
Others 其他	8,517	7,871
	8,566	7,980

8. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

8. 其他收益及虧損

	2016	2015
	二零一六年	二零一五年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	港幣千元	港幣千元
Gain on changes in fair value of investment properties 投資物業公	· 平價值變動收益 158,302	281,997
(Loss) gain on changes in fair value of 按公平價值	計入損益之金融工具之	
financial assets at FVTPL 公平價值	ī變動(虧損)收益 (791)	2,592
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments 出售可供比	告 投資收益 1,816	8,080
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 出售附屬公	10,841	-
Net exchange losses	(40,055)	(173,719)
Impairment loss recognised in respect of available-for-sale investments 可供出售投	设 資之減值虧損確認 (20,440)	-
Impairment loss recognised in respect of properties held for sale	美之減值虧損確認 -	(20,546)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment 出售物業、	廠房及設備虧損 (379)	(266)
	109,294	98,138

9. FINANCE COSTS

9. 財務成本

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Interest on borrowings: Bank loans Other borrowings	借款利息: 銀行貸款 其他借款	57,586 1,023	103,796 978
Less: Amount capitalised as cost of properties under development/properties under development for sale at a capitalisation rate ranging from 2.46% to 4.96% (2015: 1.73% to 6.78%) per annum	減:以每年介乎2.46%至4.96%的資本 化比率(二零一五年: 1.73%至6.78%)列作發展中 物業/待出售發展中物業成本 之資本化金額	58,609	104,774
		21,939	74,526

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

10. 所得税支出

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
The charge comprises:	支出包括:		
Current tax: Hong Kong Profits Tax PRC Enterprise Income Tax	本年度税項: 香港利得税 中國企業所得税	18,263 7,820	17,844 10,025
		26,083	27,869
Under(over)provision in prior years: Hong Kong Profits Tax PRC Enterprise Income Tax	過往年度不足(超額)撥備: 香港利得税 中國企業所得税	64 2,418	(88)
		2,482	(88)
PRC Land Appreciation Tax ("LAT")	中國土地增值税	13,161	11,580
Deferred taxation (note 26)	遞延税項(附註26)	8,905	9,417
		50,631	48,778

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

10. 所得税支出(續)

本年度之税項支出與綜合損益表所示除税前 溢利之對賬如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	519,429	471,033
Hong Kong Profits Tax at the rate of 16.5% (2015: 16.5%)	按税率16.5%(二零一五年:16.5%)		
	計算之香港利得税	85,706	77,720
Tax effect of share of results of joint ventures	所佔合營企業業績之税務影響	1	(579)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	不可扣税費用之税務影響	12,472	22,614
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	毋須課税收入之税務影響	(64,651)	(77,644)
Under(over)provision in prior years	過往年度不足(超額)撥備	2,482	(88)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税務虧損之税務影響	7,129	11,319
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	先前未確認動用之税務虧損之		
	税務影響	(353)	(1,093)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating	於其他司法權區經營之附屬公司		
in other jurisdictions	不同税率之影響	1,564	6,482
PRC LAT	中國土地增值税	13,161	11,580
Tax effect of PRC LAT	中國土地增值税之税務影響	(3,290)	(2,895)
Others	其他	(3,590)	1,362
Tax charge for the year	本年度税項支出	50,631	48,778

notes:

- (a) Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% (2015: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profit for both years.
- (b) Under the Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% (2015: 25%).
- (c) The Group has estimated the tax provision for PRC LAT according to the requirements set forth in the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations. The actual LAT liabilities are subject to the determination by the tax authorities upon completion of the property development projects and the tax authorities might disagree with the basis on which the provision for LAT is calculated.

附註:

- (a) 香港利得税乃根據兩個年度估計應課税溢利按税率 16.5%(二零一五年:16.5%)計算。
- (b) 按中華人民共和國企業所得税法(「企業所得税法」) 及企業所得税法實施細則,中國附屬公司税率為 25%(二零一五年:25%)。
- (c) 根據中國稅法及規則的相關規定,本集團已預提中國土地增值稅。具體土地增值稅額取決於稅局根據物業投資項目的竣工程度而定,稅局有可能不認同本集團對土地增值稅撥備的計算基準。

II. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

11. 本年度溢利

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging:	本年度溢利已扣除下列各項:		
Directors' emoluments (note 12) Other staff costs Staff retirement scheme contributions, net of HK\$126,000 (2015: HK\$3,000) forfeited contributions	董事酬金(附註12) 其他員工成本 員工退休福利供款,扣除沒收供款 港幣126,000元(二零一五年:	36,391 48,659	34,633 45,802
	港幣3,000元)	2,427	2,179
Total staff costs Auditor's remuneration Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Operating lease rentals in respect of land and buildings	員工成本總計 核數師酬金 物業、廠房及設備折舊 土地及樓宇經營租約之租金	87,477 2,523 8,899 8,183	82,614 2,458 7,852 17,405
and after crediting:	並計入:		
Gross rental income from investment properties Less: direct expenses of investment properties that	投資物業總租金收入 減:年內產生租金收入之投資物業	361,136	375,256
generated rental income during the year	直接費用	(28,489)	(38,196)
		332,647	337,060

12. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

12. 董事、行政總裁及僱員酬金

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the 14 (2015: 14) directors were as follows:

已付或應付予14名(二零一五年:14名)董事 之酬金如下:

			Ot	her emoluments 其他酬金		
		_		Performance related	Retirement	
			Salaries and	incentive payment	scheme	Total
		Fees	other benefits	(note f)	contributions	emoluments
			薪酬及	業績相關的	退休福利	
		袍金	其他福利	獎勵金(附註f)	計劃供款	總酬金
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
2016	二零一六年					
Executive Directors (note a)	執行董事(附註a)					
Liu Lit Mo	廖烈武	250	9,551	250	300	10,351
Liu Lit Chi	廖烈智	150	7,922	420	480	8,972
Liu Kam Fai, Winston	廖金輝	150	5,376	269	320	6,115
Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher	廖坤城	150	3,609	248	259	4,266
Lee Wai Hung	李偉雄	150	2,952	248	295	3,645
Loo Wai Hang	丁 件 紅	100	2,002	210	200	0,040
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事(附註 b)					
(note b)						
Liu Lit Chung	廖烈忠	150	1,092	-	-	1,242
Andrew Liu	廖駿倫	150	-	-	-	150
Liu Chun Ning, Wilfred	廖俊寧	150	-	-	-	150
Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher	許榮泉	250	-	-	-	250
Independent Non-executive	獨立非執行董事					
Directors (note c)	(附註c)					
Cheng Mo Chi, Moses	鄭慕智	250	-	-	-	250
Tong Tsin Ka	唐展家	250	-	-	-	250
Au Kam Yuen, Authur	區錦源	250	-	-	-	250
Ma Hung Ming, John	馬鴻銘	250	-	-	-	250
Cheng Yuk Wo	鄭毓和	250	-	-	-	250
Total	總計	2,800	30,502	1,435	1,654	36,391

12. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

12. 董事、行政總裁及僱員酬金(續)

			Other emoluments 其他酬金				
		_		Performance	Retirement		
			Salaries and	related incentive	scheme	Total	
		Fees	other benefits	payment (note f)	contributions	emoluments	
			薪酬及	業績相關的	退休福利		
		袍金	其他福利	獎勵金(附註f)	計劃供款	總酬金	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	
2015	二零一五年						
Everytive Divertous (note a)	채 仁葉声 (맹) a \						
Executive Directors (note a) Liu Lit Mo	執行董事(附註a) 廖烈武	250	9,155	250	300	9,955	
Liu Lit Chi	廖烈智	150	7,901	280	336	8,667	
Liu Kam Fai, Winston	廖金輝	150	5,249	260	304	5,963	
Liu Kwun Shing, Christopher	廖坤城	150	2,904	240	231	3,525	
Lee Wai Hung	李偉雄	150	2,800	240	280	3,470	
v	•		,			,	
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事(附註b)						
(note b)							
Liu Lit Chung	廖烈忠	150	1,103	_	-	1,253	
Andrew Liu	廖駿倫	150	-	-	-	150	
Liu Chun Ning, Wilfred	廖俊寧	150	-	-	-	150	
Kho Eng Tjoan, Christopher	許榮泉	250	_	_	_	250	
Independent Non-executive	獨立非執行董事						
Directors (note c)	(附註c)						
Cheng Mo Chi, Moses	鄭慕智	250	_	_	_	250	
Tong Tsin Ka	唐展家	250	_	-	_	250	
Au Kam Yuen, Authur	區錦源	250	-	-	-	250	
Ma Hung Ming, John	馬鴻銘	250	_	-	_	250	
Cheng Yuk Wo	鄭毓和	250	-	_	-	250	
Total	總計	2,800	29,112	1,270	1,451	34,633	

notes:

- (a) The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.
- (b) The non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company or its subsidiaries.
- (c) The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.
- (d) The five highest paid individuals in the Group in 2016 and 2015 were all directors of the Group and details of their emoluments are included in above.
- (e) During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the five highest paid individuals (including directors) as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015.
- (f) The performance related incentive payment is determined by reference to the individual performance of the directors and approved by the remuneration committee of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015.

附註:

- (a) 上列執行董事之酬金與其管理本公司及本集團事務 之服務有關。
- (b) 上列非執行董事之酬金與其作為本公司或附屬公司 董事之服務有關。
- (c) 上列獨立非執行董事之酬金與其作為本公司董事之 服務有關。
- (d) 二零一六年及二零一五年本集團五名最高薪人士中,全部為本集團董事,其薪酬已於上文內披露。
- (e) 年內,本集團概無向任何董事或五名最高薪人士(包括董事)支付任何酬金,作為加入本集團或加入本 集團時之獎勵或離職補償。截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日及二零一五年十二月三十一日止兩個年 度,並無董事放棄任何或接受放棄酬金的安排。
- (f) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日及二零一五年十二 月三十一日止兩個年度與表現有關之獎勵按董事的個別表現釐定,並由本集團薪酬委員會批准。

13. DIVIDENDS

13. 股息

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Dividends recognised as distribution during the year:	年內已確認分派之股息:		
Interim dividend paid for 2016 — HK\$0.17 per share (2015: interim dividend paid for 2015 — HK\$0.16 per share)	二零一六年已派中期股息每股 港幣0.17元(二零一五年: 二零一五年已派中期股息每股 港幣0.16元)	64,359	60,573
Final dividend paid for 2015 — HK\$0.26 per share (2015: final dividend paid for 2014 — HK\$0.25 per share)	二零一五年已派末期股息每股 港幣0.26元(二零一五年: 二零一四年已派末期股息每股		
	港幣 0.25 元)	98,432	94,646
		162,791	155,219

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, a final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2016 of HK\$0.30 (2015: final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2015 of HK\$0.26) per share, in an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$113,575,000 (2015: HK\$98,432,000) has been proposed by the directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

14. BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$457,907,000 (2015: HK\$410,366,000) and on 378,583,440 (2015: 378,583,440) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

No diluted earnings per share has been presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue during the years 2016 and 2015.

於報告期末,截至二零一六年十二月三十一 日止年度之末期股息每股港幣0.30元(二零 一五年:截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止 年度之末期股息每股港幣0.26元),合共約港 幣113,575,000元(二零一五年:港幣98,432,000 元),經由董事會建議,並須於應屆股東周年 大會上獲得股東批准。

14. 每股基本盈利

本公司股東應佔每股基本盈利乃依據本年度本公司股東應佔之溢利港幣457,907,000元(二零一五年:港幣410,366,000元)及本年度已發行普通股378,583,440股(二零一五年:378.583,440股)計算。

二零一六年及二零一五年內均無任何潛在普 通股,因此攤薄每股盈利不作呈報。

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

15. 投資物業

		HK\$'000 港幣千元
FAIR VALUE	公平價值	
At 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	7,776,590
Currency realignment	匯率調整	(175,900)
Addition	增加	11,195
Disposals	出售	(5,110)
Gain on changes in fair value	公平價值變動收益	281,997
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	7,888,772
Currency realignment	匯率調整	(182,566)
Addition	增加	17,011
Gain on changes in fair value	公平價值變動收益	158,302
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	7,881,519

notes:

- (a) All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.
- (b) Fair value measurements and valuation processes

In estimating the fair value of investment properties, it is the Group's policy to engage an independent qualified professional valuer to perform the valuations. The management works closely with the valuer to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

On 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015, independent valuations were undertaken by Vigers Appraisal & Consulting Ltd. ("Vigers"), an independent qualified professional valuer not connected to the Group which has appropriate professional qualifications and recent experience in the valuations of similar properties in the relevant locations.

The valuations have been arrived at using direct comparison method by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties in the same locations and conditions or, where appropriate, by capitalising the market rentals of all lettable units of the properties by reference to the rentals achieved in the lettable units as well as other lettings of similar properties in the neighbourhood. The capitalisation rate adopted is made by reference to the yield rates observed by the valuer for the similar properties in the locality and adjusted based on the valuer's knowledge of the factors specific to the respective properties.

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

附註:

- (a) 本集團按經營租約持有以賺取租金之所有物業權益 均按公平價值模式計量,並分類及列賬為投資物業。
- (b) 公平價值計量和估值過程

估計投資物業的公平價值時,本集團的政策乃聘用 獨立合資格專業估值師進行估值。管理層與估值師 密切合作,建立適當的估值技術和估值模型輸入數 據。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日及二零一五年十二月三十一日,獨立估值是由威格斯資產評估顧問有限公司(「威格斯」)進行。威格斯為與本集團並無關連之獨立合資格專業估值師,對在相關地點類似物業進行估值擁有適當的專業資格及近期經驗。

估值以直接比較法乃參考相同地區及狀態的類似物業的市場價格或參考可出租單位達到的租值以及鄰近類似物業的租用情況以資本化物業所有可租出單位的市場租值(按適用者)得出。於估值中,物業所有可租出單位的市場租值乃參考可租出單位達到的租值以及鄰近類似物業的其他租用情況評估所得。當中所用的資本化比率乃經參考估值師就該地區的類似物業觀察所得的收益率,再經根據估值師所知就相對應物業有關的特定因素調整後採用。

在估計物業公平價值時,物業的最高及最佳用途為 其目前用途。

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

notes: (Continued)

Fair value measurements and valuation processes (Continued)

The following table gives information about how the fair values of these investment properties are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used), as well as the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (Levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

15. 投資物業(續)

附註:(續)

公平價值計量和估值過程(續)

下表列出有關投資物業的公平價值如何釐定的資料 (重點在於當中所用的估值技巧及輸入變數),以及 按公平價值計量中的輸入變數可以觀測得出的程 度,將公平價值計量分類至公平價值架構中的級別 (第一至第三級別)。

and inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.			(\$\pi \pi \pi \pi \pi \pi \pi \pi \pi \pi			
Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 本集團持有的投資物業列 於綜合財務狀況表	Fair value hierarchy 公平價值架構	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值技巧及主要變數	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀測得出的變數	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀測得出的變數與公平價值的關係		
Investment properties in Hong Kong	Level 3	Direct comparison method				
		The key input is				
		(1) Unit sale rate	Unit sale rate, taking into account the time, location, and individual factors, such as frontage and size, between the comparable and the property, ranging from HK\$2,500 to HK\$11,000 (2015: HK\$2,500 to HK\$10,000) per square feet on gross floor area basis for properties and ranging from HK\$640,000 to HK\$720,000 (2015: HK\$480,000 to HK\$620,000) per unit for car park spaces.	An increase in the unit sale rate used would result in an increase in the fair value measurement of the investment properties by the same percentage increase, and vice versa.		
在香港的投資物業	第三級別	直接比較法				
		主要變數為				
		(I) 單位銷售價格	考慮到時間、地點及對照物業與物業本	所用的單位銷售價格一旦上升,會令投		

身之間的個別因素,如門面闊度及戶資物業的公平價值計量按同樣的百分比 型,單位銷售價格定為商業部份每平方 增加,反之亦然。 呎由港幣2,500元至港幣11,000元(二零 一五年:港幣2,500元至港幣10,000元) (按總樓面面積計),停車場部分則由港 幣 640,000 元至港幣 720,000 元 (二零一五 年:港幣480,000元至港幣620,000元)。

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

附註:(續)

notes: (Continued)

(b) Fair value measurements and valuation processes (Continued)

(b) 公平價值計量和估值過程(續)

15. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 本集團持有的投資物業列	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)	Significant unobservable input(s)	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀測得出的變數與	
於綜合財務狀況表	公平價值架構	估值技巧及主要變數	重大不可觀測得出的變數	公平價值的關係	
Investment properties in Hong Kong	Level 3	Income capitalisation method			
		The key inputs are			
		(1) Reversion yield	Reversion yield, taking into account of the capitalisation of rental income potential, nature of the property and prevailing market condition, ranging from 2.4% to 4.8% (2015: 2.4% to 4.8%).	A slight increase in the reversion yield use would result in a significant decrease in th fair value measurement of the investment properties, and vice versa.	
		(2) Monthly market rent	Monthly market rents, taking into account of time, location and individual factors such as frontage and size, between the comparable and the property, ranging from HK\$29 to HK\$260 (2015: HK\$29 to HK\$265) per square feet per month on lettable area basis.	A slight increase in the monthly market re used would result in a significant increase the fair value measurement of the investment of the	
在香港的投資物業	第三級別	收益資本化			
		主要變數為			
		(I) 租期後的回報率	考慮到租金潛在收入資本化、物業性質 及現時市況,修訂收益率定為24%至 48%(二零一五年:24%至48%)。	所用的租期後的回報率若有輕微上升 會令投資物業的公平價值計量有重7 跌,反之亦然。	
		(2) 每月市場租金	考慮到時間、地點及對照物業與物業本身之間的個別因素,如方向及戶型,每月市場租金訂為按可出租面積計每平方呎由港幣29元至港幣260元(二零一五年:港幣29元至港幣265元)。	所用的每月市場租金若有輕微上升 令投資物業的公平價值計量有重大」 升,反之亦然。	

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15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

notes: (Continued)

(b) Fair value measurements and valuation processes (Continued)

15. 投資物業(續)

附註:(續)

(b) 公平價值計量和估值過程(續)

Tail value measurements and	valuation proce	sses (Continued)	(D) 公丁貝區引 里州口區炮往(模)			
Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 本集團持有的投資物業列 於綜合財務狀況表	Fair value hierarchy 公平價值架構	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值技巧及主要變數	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀測得出的變數	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀測得出的變數與 公平價值的關係		
Investment properties in the PRC	Level 3	Direct comparison method				
		The key input is				
		(1) Unit sale rate	Unit sale rate, taking into account the time, location, and individual factors, such as frontage and size, between the comparable and the property, ranging from RMB16,500 to RMB24,000 (2015: RMB16,500 to RMB24,700) per square metre on gross floor area basis for properties.			
在中國的投資物業	第三級別	直接比較法				
		主要變數為				
		(I) 單位銷售價格	考慮到時間、地點及對照物業與物業本身之間的個別因素,如門面闊度及戶型,單位銷售價格定為每平方米由人民幣16,500元至人民幣24,000元(二零一五年:人民幣16,500元至人民幣24,700元)(按總樓面面積計)。	所用的單位銷售價格一旦上升,會令 投資物業的公平價值計量按同樣的百 分比增加,反之亦然。		

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

附註:(續)

notes: (Continued)

(b) Fair value measurements and valuation processes (Continued)

(b) 公平價值計量和估值過程(續)

15. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 本集團持有的投資物業列	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)	Significant unobservable input(s)	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀測得出的變數與
於綜合財務狀況表 	公平價值架構	估值技巧及主要變數	重大不可觀測得出的變數 ————————————————————————————————————	公平價值的關係
Investment properties in the PRC	Level 3	Income capitalisation method		
		The key inputs are		
		(1) Reversion yield	Reversion yield, taking into account of the capitalisation of rental income potential, nature of the property and prevailing market condition, ranging from 6.5% to 7.0% (2015: 6.5% to 7.0%).	A slight increase in the reversion yield used would result in a significant decrease in the fair value measurement of the investment properties, and vice versa.
		(2) Monthly market rent	Monthly market rents, taking into account of time, location and individual factors such as frontage and size, between the comparable and the property, ranging from RMB95 to RMB821 (2015: RMB164 to RMB821) per square metre per month on lettable area basis.	A slight increase in the monthly market re used would result in a significant increase in the fair value measurement of the investment properties, and vice versa.
在中國的投資物業	第三級別	收益資本化		
		主要變數為		
		(I) 租期後的回報率	考慮到租金潛在收入資本化、物業性質 及現時市況,修訂收益率定為65%至 7.0%(二零一五年:6.5%至7.0%)。	所用的租期後的回報率若有輕微上升 會令投資物業的公平價值計量有重大 跌,反之亦然。
		(2) 每月市場租金	考慮到時間、地點及對照物業與物業本身之間的個別因素,如方向及戶型,每月市場租金訂為按可出租面積計每平方米由人民幣95元至人民幣821元(二零一五年:人民幣164元至人民幣821元)。	所用的每月市場租金若有輕微上升 會令投資物業的公平價值計量有重 上升,反之亦然。

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

notes: (Continued)

(b) Fair value measurements and valuation processes (Continued)

The fair values of all investment properties at 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015 were measured using valuation techniques with significant unobservable inputs and hence were classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

In estimating the fair value of the Group's investment properties, the Group used market observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level I inputs are not available, the Group engages an independent qualified professional valuer to perform the valuations of the Group's investment properties. At the end of each reporting period, the Group works closely with the valuer to establish and determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for Level 2 and Level 3 fair value measurements. The Group will first consider and adopt Level 2 inputs where inputs can be derived observable quoted prices in the active market. When Level 2 inputs are not available, the Group will adopt valuation techniques that include Level 3 inputs. Where there is a material change in the fair value of the assets, the causes of the fluctuations will be reported to the directors of the Company.

15. 投資物業(續)

附註:(續)

(b) 公平價值計量和估值過程(續)

二零一六年十二月三十一日及二零一五年十二月 三十一日所有投資物業的公平價值乃利用有不可觀 測得出的重大輸入變數之估值技巧,故分類為公平 價值架構第三級別。

在估計本集團投資物業的公平價值時,本集團在可得資料的限制下盡量使用市場上可觀測數據。若第一級別輸入變數並不可得,本集團會委聘獨立合資格專業估值師對本集團投資物業作出估值。在各報告期末,本集團與估值師通力合作,以確立及釐定第二級別及第三級別公平價值計量的合適估值技巧及輸入變數。本集團在輸入變數可從活躍市場上的可觀測報價中得出輸入變數時,會首先斟酌採用第二級別。當第二級別輸入變數並不可用時,本集團會採用包括第三級別輸入變數的估值技巧。當資產公平價值有重大變動時,波動的起因會向本公司董事匯報。

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT/PROPERTIES 16. 物業、廠房及設備/發展中物業 UNDER DEVELOPMENT

		Leasehold land and buildings (note a) 租賃土地 及樓宇 (附註 a) HK\$'000 港幣千元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Furniture, fixtures, motor vehicles and computer equipment 傢俬、 裝置、車輛 及電腦設備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
COST					
At 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	81,484	31,703	132,744	245,931
Currency realignment	歴率調整 アンプロ	-	(1,612)	(3,710)	(5,322)
Additions	增加	_	5,067	6,188	11,255
Disposals	出售	-	(113)	(5,327)	(5,440)
At 31 December 2015		81,484	35,045	129,895	246,424
Currency realignment	産率調整	-	(1,964)	(3,598)	(5,562)
Additions	增加	23,653	3,427	5,179	32,259
Disposals	出售	-	(1,187)	(29,695)	(30,882)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	105,137	35,321	101,781	242,239
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION	 折舊及攤銷				
At 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	9,247	18,315	115,968	143,530
Currency realignment	匯率調整	_	(958)	(3,504)	(4,462)
Charge for the year	本年度支出	1,738	1,729	4,385	7,852
Eliminated on disposals	於出售時對銷	_	(101)	(5,073)	(5,174)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	10,985	18,985	111,776	141,746
Currency realignment	匯率調整	-	(1,083)	(3,209)	(4,292)
Charge for the year	本年度支出	1,738	2,126	5,035	8,899
Eliminated on disposals	於出售時對銷	-	(1,068)	(28,874)	(29,942)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	12,723	18,960	84,728	116,411
CARRYING VALUE					
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	92,414	16,361	17,053	125,828
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	70,499	16,060	18,119	104,678

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT/PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT (CONTINUED)

notes:

- (a) This includes certain leasehold land as the allocation between the land and building element of certain properties cannot be made reliably.
- (b) The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land and buildings Over the shorter of the term of the lease or 2% to 3%

Plant and machinery 10%
Furniture, fixtures, motor vehicles 10–20%
and computer equipment

(c) As at 31 December 2016, properties under development amounting to approximately HK\$1,005,598,000 (2015: HK\$736,725,000) represent the cost in relation to the redevelopment of a property located in Hong Kong into a hotel.

17. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE/ PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

As at 31 December 2016, the carrying value of properties under development for sale of approximately HK\$954,969,000 (2015: HK\$390,974,000) is expected to be realised after twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

The cost of properties held for sale recognised as an expense during the year amounted to approximately HK\$333,173,000 (2015: HK\$441,067,000).

I 6. 物業、廠房及設備/發展中物業 (續)

附註:

- (a) 由於若干物業未能在土地及樓宇項目間可靠地分配,故若干租賃土地納入有關項目。
- (b) 上述物業、廠房及設備項目乃按直線基準以下列年 率折舊:

租賃土地及樓宇 按較短之租約年期或

2%至3%

廠房及機器 10% 傢俬、裝置、車輛及 10-20%

電腦設備

(c) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,發展中物業為港幣 1,005,598,000元(二零一五年:港幣736,725,000元) 代表將一項位於香港的物業重新發展成酒店的成本。

17. 待出售發展中物業/待出售物業

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,待出售發展中物業賬面值約為港幣954,949,000元(二零一五年:港幣390,974,000元)預期在報告期末十二個月後變現。

年內,已確認為開支之待出售物業成本約為 港幣333,173,000元(二零一五年:港幣441,067,000元)。

18. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

18. 合營企業權益

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cost of investments in joint ventures — unlisted Share of post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income,	投資於合營企業之成本 一 非上市 所佔收購後業績及其他全面收益,	3	3
net of dividends received	扣除已收取股息 ————————————————————————————————————	1,222	1,225
		1,225	1,228

notes:

附註:

(a)

- As at 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015, the Group had the following interests in principal joint ventures:
- 於二零一六年十二月三十一日及二零一五年十二月 三十一日,本集團擁有下列主要合營企業之權益:

Name of joint venture 合營企業名稱	Place of incorporation/ operations 註冊成立/營業地	Class of shares held 所持有股份類別	Proportion of Ownership interest voting power held Nature of busines 所有權權益 持有投票權之比例 業務性質				Nature of business 業務性質
			2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	
Falconmate Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	50%	50%	Inactive 暫無業務

- The summarised financial information below represents the aggregate amount of the Group's share of its interests in joint ventures which are not individually material:
- 以下概述之財務資料指本集團於個別非重大之合營 企業之權益總額:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
(Loss) profit and total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	本年度(虧損)溢利及全面(支出)		
	收益總額	(3)	3,509

- There are no significant restrictions on the ability of the joint venture to transfer funds to the Group in the form of cash dividends, or to repay loans or advances made by the Group.
- 對於以現金股息的形式向本集團轉讓資金或償還本 集團所提供貸款或墊款之合營企業有關能力並無重 大限制。

19. INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES

19. 證券投資

			• *	· HIL // IX 5-4		
			Financial asse 按公平價值計入			
		notes	Held for trading 持作 買賣用途 HK\$'000	Designated at fair value 指定按 公平價值列賬 HK\$'000	Available- for-sale investments 可供出售投資 HK\$'000	Total 總額 HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
2016 Equity securities: Listed in Hong Kong	二零一六年 股本證券: 香港上市		12,203	_	257,446	269,649
Unlisted	非上市	(a)	-	-	265,522	265,522
			12,203	-	522,968	535,171
Debt securities: Structured products Other debt securities	債務證券: 結構性工具 其他債務證券	(b)	-	7,737	-	7,737
— Listed	一上市	(c)	-	-	51,926	51,926
			-	7,737	51,926	59,663
Investment funds	投資基金	(d)	-	-	69,124	69,124
Total: Listed in Hong Kong Unlisted	總額: 香港上市 非上市		12,203 –	- 7,737	309,372 334,646	321,575 342,383
			12,203	7,737	644,018	663,958
Market value of listed securities: Listed in Hong Kong	上市證券市值: 香港上市		12,203	-	309,372	321,575
Analysed as: Non-current assets Current assets	分類為: 非流動資產 流動資產				_	651,653 12,305 663,958

19. INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES (CONTINUED) 19. 證券投資(續)

			Financial assets at FVTPL 按公平價值計入損益之金融資產			
			Held for trading 持作	Designated at fair value 指定按	Available- for-sale investments	Total
		notes 附註	買賣用途 HK\$'000 港幣千元	公平價值列賬 HK\$'000 港幣千元	可供出售投資 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
2015 Equity securities: Listed in Hong Kong Listed overseas	二零一五年 股本證券: 香港上市 海外上市		13,057 -	- -	277,725 781	290,782 781
Unlisted	非上市	(a)	13,057 –	- -	278,506 337,532	291,563 337,532
			13,057	-	616,038	629,095
Debt securities: Structured products Other debt securities	債務證券: 結構性工具 其他債務證券	(b)	-	7,674	-	7,674
— Listed	一上市	(c)	-	-	52,661	52,661
-			_	7,674	52,661	60,335
Investment funds	投資基金	(d)	-	-	50,556	50,556
Total: Listed in Hong Kong Listed overseas Unlisted	總額: 香港上市 海外上市 非上市		13,057 - -	- - 7,674	330,386 781 388,088	343,443 781 395,762
			13,057	7,674	719,255	739,986
Market value of listed securities: Listed in Hong Kong Listed overseas	上市證券市值: 香港上市 海外上市		13,057 –	- -	330,386 781	343,443 781
			13,057	-	331,167	344,224
Analysed as: Non-current assets Current assets	分類為: 非流動資產 流動資產				-	726,789 13,197 739,986

19. INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES (CONTINUED)

notes:

- (a) As at 31 December 2016, unlisted equity securities classified as available-forsale investments held by the Group amounting to approximately HK\$265,522,000 (2015: HK\$337,532,000) are carried at fair value at the end of the reporting period.
- (b) As at 31 December 2016, structured deposits of approximately HK\$7,737,000 (2015: HK\$7,674,000) held by the Group have maturity date in 2019 and carry interest rates at London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"). Such structured deposits are designated as financial assets at FVTPL.
- (c) As at 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015, debt securities listed in Hong Kong comprised a perpetual capital securities issued in September 2014 with a fixed distribution rate of 6.5% per annum payable semi-annually for the first five years and reset to the prevailing 5-year U.S. Treasury plus the initial margin every five years thereafter.
- (d) The investment funds invest in unlisted equity securities issued by private entities incorporated in Asia Pacific region. They are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. Investment funds with less than 12 months operation period before voluntary liquidation from the end of reporting period are classified as current portion in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group has committed to contribute a pre-determined capital amount in these investment funds and the realised gains or losses of these funds are recognised in the profit or loss. These investment funds may call upon further capital contribution if required up to the pre-determined capital amount (note 30). There was no capital returned to the Group from the investment funds during the year ended 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015. During the year ended 31 December 2016, an impairment loss of approximately HK\$20,440,000 was recognised in profit or loss.

20. ADVANCE TO AN INVESTEE COMPANY

The advance was unsecured, non-interest bearing and fully repaid during the year ended 31 December 2016. As at 31 December 2015, the effective interest rate used in calculating the present value of the estimated discounted future cash flows of the advance was 1.99%.

19. 證券投資(續)

附註:

- (a) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團所持有以報告期間末的公平價值計量、分類為可供出售的非上市股本證券約為港幣265,522,000元(二零一五年:港幣337,532,000元)。
- (b) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團持有的結構 性存款為港幣7,737,000元(二零一五年:港幣 7,674,000元),其息率每年按倫敦銀行同業拆息之 利率計息,並將於二零一九年到期。該等結構性存 款為指定按公平價值計入損益之金融資產。
- (c) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日及二零一五年十二月 三十一日,香港上市債務證券當中,包括一項無限 期資本證券,該證券於二零一四年九月發行,派息 率固定為每年6.5%,首五年每半年派發一次。其後 利息每五年以美國國債息率加期初邊際息率重置。
- (d) 該等投資基金乃投資於在亞太區註冊成立之私營實體所發行的非上市股本證券。有關投資於報告期末按公平價值計量。自報告期末以來於自願清盤前營運期少於十二個月之投資基金於綜合財務狀況表內乃分類為流動資產。本集團承擔就該等投資基金按預定資本額注資之責任,而該等基金之已變現收益或虧損乃於損益賬內確認。該等投資基金可於須作出額外注資時動用,惟以預定資本額為限(附註30)。於二零一六年十二月三十一日及二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度內,該等投資基金並無向本集團退還注資。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,約港幣20,440,000減值虧損於損益賬內確認。

20. 墊付被投資公司

該等墊款為無抵押、免息及已於二零一六年 十二月三十一日止年度內全數清還。於二零 一五年十二月三十一日,計算該等墊款之估 計已貼現未來現金流量現值時採用之實際利 率為1.99%。

21. INVENTORIES

21. 存貨

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
The Group's inventories comprise:	本集團存貨包括:		
Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	原材料 半製成品 製成品	830 4,625 7,974	1,864 3,718 13,204
		13,429	18,786

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the year 於本年度確認為支出之存貨成本約為港幣 amounted to approximately HK\$44,460,000 (2015: HK\$37,999,000).

44,460,000元(二零一五年:港幣37,999,000元)。

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

22. 貿易及其他應收賬款

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Trade receivables Deposits paid Loan receivables Prepayments and other receivables	貿易應收賬款 已付保證金 應收借款 預付賬款及其他應收賬款	25,632 20,455 11,475 69,927	16,336 20,504 9,297 90,830
		127,489	136,967

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

notes:

(a) Before accepting any new customer, the Group assesses the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Limits attributed to customers are reviewed periodically. Majority of the trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have no default payment history.

The Group's credit policy allows its trade customers an average credit period of 30 - 90 days, other than proceeds from sales of properties which are settled in accordance with the sale and purchase agreements, normally within 60 days from the date of agreement. The aged analysis of trade receivables of approximately HK\$25,632,000 (2015: HK\$16,336,000) presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

22. 貿易及其他應收賬款(續)

附註:

(a) 接納任何新客戶前,本集團評估潛在客戶之信貸質 素及設定客戶之信貸上限。客戶的信貸上限經定期 審查。大部分貿易應收賬款並無過期或減值,且無 欠付記錄。

> 本集團的信貸政策向貿易客戶(不包括按買賣合約 付款之銷售物業)提供平均30-90日之信貸期,一般 為合約日期60天內。於本報告期末,依發票日期計 入貿易應收賬款港幣25.632,000元(二零一五年:港 幣 16,336,000元) 之賬齡分析如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$*000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within 30 days	30日內	8,078	6,606
Between 31 days to 90 days	31至90日	11,350	6,272
Over 90 days	超過90日	6,204	3,458
		25,632	16,336

- As at 31 December 2016, debtors with an aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$2,731,000 (2015: HK\$2,101,000) were past due and aged over 90 days at the end of reporting period but the Group has not provided for impairment loss for these balances as management considers that the fundamental credit quality of these customers has not deteriorated. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.
- All of the Group's trade receivables are denominated in the functional currency of the individual entities within the Group.
- 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日,計入本集團應收 賬款之總賬面值為港幣2,731,000元(二零一五年: 港幣2,101,000元),其賬齡於報告期末已逾期超過 90日,本集團並無就該等結餘之減值虧損計提撥 備,原因為管理層認為該等客戶之基本信貸質素並 無倒退。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押物。
- 本集團所有貿易應收賬款以本集團內個別實體之功 (c) 能貨幣列值。

23. FIXED BANK DEPOSITS WITH MORE THAN THREE MONTHS TO MATURITY WHEN RAISED/OTHER BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances carry interest at market rates which range from 0.01% to 0.25% (2015: 0.01% to 0.35%) per annum. The fixed deposits carry fixed interest rates ranging from 0.28% to 4.90% (2015: 0.33% to 3.75%) per annum.

Pledged bank deposits of approximately HK\$279,619,000 (2015: HK\$392,499,000) represent deposits pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group. Deposits amounting to approximately HK\$247,065,000 (2015: nil) have been pledged to secure long-term borrowings and are therefore classified as non-current assets and the remaining fixed deposits of approximately HK\$32,554,000 (2015: HK\$392,499,000) are classified as current assets.

The Group's bank balances and fixed bank deposits that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the relevant group entity are set out below:

23. 存入三個月後到期之定期銀行存款/其他銀行存款及現金

銀行存款附有以市場利率計算的利息,介乎每年0.01%至0.25%(二零一五年:0.01%至0.35%)。 定期存款附有固定利息,介乎每年0.28%至4.90%(二零一五年:0.33%至3.75%)。

已抵押銀行存款約港幣279,619,000元(二零 一五年:港幣392,499,000元)為存款已抵押予 銀行以便本集團獲授予銀行融資。存款約港 幣247,065,000元(二零一五年:無)已為長期 借款以作抵押並已分類為非流動資產,其餘 定期存款約港幣32,554,000元(二零一五年: 港幣392,499,000元)已分類為流動資產。

本集團以非相關集團實體的功能貨幣計值的 銀行存款及定期銀行存款,現列如下:

		Denominated in RMB 以人民幣列值 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Denominated in US\$ 以美元列值 HK\$*000 港幣千元
As at 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	362,761	168,652
As at 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	703,017	168,608

24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

24. 貿易及其他應付賬款

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Trade payables Construction costs and retention payables Deposits received and receipt in advance in respect of	貿易應付賬款 應付建築成本及預留保證金 投資物業之已收押金及預收租金	7,874 270,256	11,483 111,895
rental of investment properties Receipt in advance on properties sold Other payables	銷售物業預收款 其他應付賬款	44,275 948,843 24,462	33,470 90,153 26,929
		1,295,710	273,930

24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables based on the invoice date.

24. 貿易及其他應付賬款(續)

貿易應付賬款的賬齡以發票日期分析如下。

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Within 30 days	30日內	7,874	11,483

The average credit period on purchases of goods is 30 days. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit timeframe.

購買貨物之平均信貸期為30日。本集團已制 定財務風險管理政策,以確保所有應付賬款 於信貸期內支付。

25. BORROWINGS

25. 借款

		notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Secured bank borrowings Amount due to a joint venture Amounts due to non-controlling interests shareholders	有抵押銀行借款 應付一間合營企業款項 應付非控股股東款項	(a) (b)	1,136,273 1,250 46,106	1,330,395 1,158 19,936
The maturity of borrowings is as follows:	借款之到期日如下:		1,183,629	1,351,489
Carrying amount repayable: Within one year More than one year but not exceeding two years More than two years but not exceeding five years	須償還賬面值: 一年內 一年後但不超過兩年 兩年後但不超過五年	(C)	97,412 321,001 717,860	840,678 44,267 445,450
Amount due to a joint venture Amounts due to non-controlling interests shareholders	應付一間合營企業款項 應付非控股股東款項		1,136,273 1,250 46,106	1,330,395 1,158 19,936
Amounts due within one year — Bank borrowings — Amount due to a joint venture — Amounts due to non-controlling interests shareholders	於一年內到期欠款 一銀行借款 一應付一間合營企業款項 一應付非控股股東款項		97,412 1,250 46,106	1,351,489 840,678 1,158 19,936
Amounts due after one year — Bank borrowings	於一年後到期欠款 一 銀行借款		1,038,861	861,772 489,717
			1,183,629	1,351,489

25. BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

notes:

- (a) These borrowings are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are repayable on demand.
- These borrowings are unsecured and repayable on demand. An amount of (b) approximately HK\$35,070,000 (2015: HK\$8,797,000) bears variable interest at an effective interest rate of 1.90% (2015: 1.63%) per annum (repriced monthly), while the remaining amounts are non-interest bearing.
- The amounts due are based on scheduled repayment dates set out in the (c) loan agreements.
- The Group's borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the relevant group entities are set out below:

25. 借款(續)

附註:

- 該等借款為無抵押,免息,並須應要求償還。
- 該等借款為無抵押及須應要求償還約港幣35,070,000 (b) 元(二零一五年:港幣8,797,000元)之款項每年按浮 動利率計息,實際利率為每年1.90%(二零一五年: 1.63%)(每月重訂利率),餘額則為免息。
- 有關欠款按貸款協議所載預定還款日期列賬。 (c)
- 本集團以有關集團實體功能貨幣以外之其他貨幣列 (d) 值之借款如下:

Denominated in HK\$ 以港幣列值 HK\$'000 港幣千元

As at 31 December 2016 As at 31 December 2015

於二零一六年十二月三十一日 於二零一五年十二月三十一日 204.743 245,195

- As at 31 December 2016, bank loans of approximately HK\$697,592,000 (2015: HK\$734,192,000) and HK\$215,092,000 (2015: HK\$596,203,000) are variable-rate borrowings which carry interest at Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") and prevailing interest rates offered by the People's Bank of China ("PBOC"), plus a margin per annum, respectively. The effective interest rates ranged from 2.46% to 4.96% (2015: 1.73% to 6.78%) per annum. Interest rates are repriced monthly. Details of assets pledged are set out in note 29.
- 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,銀行貸款港幣 697,592,000元(二零一五年:港幣734,192,000元)及 港幣215,092,000元(二零一五年:港幣596,203,000 元)分別為以香港銀行同業拆息計息的浮息借款、 及由中國人民銀行以現行息率再每年另加利差提供 的浮息借款。實際利率介乎每年2.46%至4.96%(二 零一五年:1.73%至6.78%)。利率每月重新釐定。已 抵押資產詳情載於附註29。

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26. DEFERRED TAXATION

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

26. 遞延税項

就呈列綜合財務狀況表而言,若干遞延税項 資產及負債已抵銷。以下為就財務申報目的 之遞延税項結餘分析:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項資產 遞延税項負債	5,807 (226,910)	7,846 (231,733)
		(221,103)	(223,887)

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the Group and movements thereon during the current and prior years.

以下為本集團於本年度及以往年度已確認之 主要遞延税項負債及資產以及其變動。

		Difference of accounting and tax	Revaluation of investment properties		
		depreciation 會計與税項	in the PRC 重估在中國	Tax losses	Total
		折舊之差異 HK\$'000 港幣千元	之投資物業 HK\$'000 港幣千元	税項虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January 2015 Charge (credit) to profit or loss Currency realignment	於二零一五年一月一日 於損益賬中扣除(計入) 匯率調整	29,433 904 -	197,110 8,889 3,387	(15,460) (376) –	211,083 9,417 3,387
At 31 December 2015 Charge to profit or loss Currency realignment	於二零一五年十二月三十一日 於損益賬中扣除 匯率調整	30,337 1,432 -	209,386 5,031 (11,689)	(15,836) 2,442 –	223,887 8,905 (11,689)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	31,769	202,728	(13,394)	221,103

26. DEFERRED TAXATION (CONTINUED)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had unused tax losses of approximately HK\$483 million (2015: HK\$477 million) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of approximately HK\$81 million (2015: HK\$96 million) of such losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining tax loss of approximately HK\$402 million (2015: HK\$381 million) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses at 31 December 2016 are tax losses of approximately HK\$89 million (2015: HK\$96 million) that will expire within 5 years from the year of originating. Other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

Under the EIT Law of PRC, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by PRC subsidiaries from I January 2008 onwards. Deferred taxation has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of the temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the PRC subsidiaries amounting to approximately HK\$18,952,000 (2015: HK\$13,667,000) as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of these temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

26. 遞延税項(續)

於報告期末,本集團尚有約港幣483,000,000元(二零一五年:港幣477,000,000元)之未動用税項虧損可用作抵銷未來溢利。當中約港幣81,000,000元(二零一五年:港幣96,000,000元)已確認為遞延税項資產。由於無法預測未來溢利來源,其餘約港幣402,000,000元(二零一五年:港幣381,000,000元)之税項虧損並未確認為遞延税項資產。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,未確認税項虧損中包括產生年度後五年內到期的税項虧損約港幣89,000,000元(二零一五年:港幣96,000,000元)。其他税項虧損均能無限期結轉至下一年度。

根據中國企業所得稅法,自二零零八年一月一日起,中國附屬公司賺取溢利而宣派之股息須繳納預扣稅。由於本集團能夠控制撥回暫時差異之時間,而有關暫時差異可能不會於可見將來撥回,故尚未於綜合財務報表就中國附屬公司累積溢利之暫時差異港幣18,952,000元(二零一五年:港幣13,667,000元)作出遞延稅項撥備。

27. SHARE CAPITAL

27. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Issued and fully paid: At 1 January 2015, 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2016	已發行及繳足股本: 於二零一五年一月一日,二零一五年十二月 三十一日及二零一六年十二月三十一日		
Ordinary shares of no par	無面値之普通股	378,583,440	381,535

28. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

The Company's share option scheme (the "2002 Scheme") was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on 25 April 2002, for the primary purpose of providing incentives to directors and eligible employees, and expired on 24 April 2012. Under the 2002 Scheme, the Company could grant options to eligible employees, including executive directors of the Company and its subsidiaries, to subscribe for shares in the Company at HK\$10 per option. Additionally, the Company could, from time to time, grant share options to outside eligible third parties at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

Without prior approval from the Company's shareholders, the total number of shares in respect of which options could be granted under the 2002 Scheme was not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time. The number of shares in respect of which options could be granted to any individual was not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time.

Options could be exercised at any time from the date of grant of the share option to the 5th anniversary of the date of grant. The exercise price was to be determined by the directors of the Company, and would not be less than the higher of the nominal value of the Company's share on the date of grant, the average closing price of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant, or the closing price of the shares on the date of grant.

No options were granted under the 2002 Scheme since it was adopted. The 2002 Scheme expired on 24 April 2012.

A new share option scheme was approved and adopted by the Company pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed on 9 May 2012 (the "2012 Scheme"). The terms of the 2012 Scheme and the 2002 Scheme are broadly similar. The 2012 Scheme is effective for a period of 10 years.

No share option has been granted under the 2012 Scheme since its adoption.

28. 股份期權計劃

本公司根據於二零零二年四月二十五日通過 之決議案採納股份期權計劃(「二零零二年計 劃」),主要目的是為激勵各董事及合資格僱 員,該計劃將於二零一二年四月二十四日屆 滿。根據二零零二年計劃,本公司可向合資 格僱員(包括本公司及其附屬公司之執行董事) 授出期權,以每份期權港幣10元認購本公司 股份。此外,本公司可於任何時間,由董事 會酌情向任何合資格外界第三方授出股份期 權。

在未獲得本公司股東事先批准下,根據二零零二年計劃可授出期權之股份總數不得超出本公司於任何時間已發行股份之10%,而授予任何個別人士之期權所涉股份數目不得超出本公司於任何時間已發行股份之1%。

股份期權可於授出日期起計五年內任何時間 行使。行使價由本公司董事釐訂,惟不低於 本公司股份於授出日期之面值、於緊接授出 日期前五個交易日之股份平均收市價或授出 當日之股份收市價之較高者。

二零零二年計劃獲採納以來並無據此授出期權。二零零二年計劃於二零一二年四月 二十四日屆滿。

根據於二零一二年五月九日通過之普通決議案,一項新股份期權計劃(「二零一二年計劃」) 獲本公司批准及採納。二零一二年計劃之條 款與二零零二年計劃之條款大致相同。二零 一二年計劃有效期為10年。

二零一二年計劃獲採納以來並無據此授出期 權。

29. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

29. 資產抵押

At the end of the reporting period, the assets shown as below were 於報告期末,下列資產已抵押予銀行,以便 pledged to banks to secure general banking facilities made available to the Group.

本集團獲授予一般銀行融資。

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
CARRYING VALUE Leasehold land and building Investment properties Bank deposits	賬面值 租賃土地及樓宇 投資物業 銀行存款	63,173 4,277,182 279,619	64,666 4,273,504 392,499
30. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS	30. 資本	承擔	
		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements in respect of:	已簽約但未於綜合財務報表上撥備 之資本開支:		
 Property, plant and equipment/properties under development/investment properties 	一 物業、廠房及設備/發展中 物業/投資物業	216,043	8,789
— Contribution to the capital of investment funds	一 投資基金的資本貢獻	23,715	27,496

31. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

THE GROUP AS LESSEE

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under these non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

31. 經營租約承擔

集團作為承租人

於報告期末,本集團不可撤銷經營租約而承 擔於下列年期到期支付之未來最低租金支出 如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Within one year	—————————————————————————————————————	12,286	15,537
In the second to fifth years inclusive	於第二至五年內(包括首尾兩年)	21,590	43,627
Over five years	五年後	9,107	19,303
		42,983	78,467

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable for certain of the Group's offices, hotel premises and staff quarters. Leases are negotiated for a range of one to sixteen years and rentals are fixed throughout the lease period.

經營租約款項指本集團若干寫字樓、酒店物業及員工宿舍之應付租金。協議租期為一至十六年不等,整段租期內的租金已在協議租約時預定。

THE GROUP AS LESSOR

At the end of the reporting period, the Group as lessor had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

集團作為出租人

於報告期末,本集團作為出租人已按以下未 來最低租金支出與租客訂約:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within one year In the second to fifth years inclusive Over five years	一年內 於第二至五年內(包括首尾兩年) 五年後	323,722 320,193 1,505	367,129 463,843 8,563
		645,420	839,535

Property rental income earned during the year was approximately HK\$361,136,000 (2015: HK\$375,256,000). All of the properties held have committed tenants for the next one to five years.

年內的物業租金收入為港幣361,136,000元(二零一五年:港幣375,256,000元)。所有物業均與客戶簽有為期一至五年的租約。

32. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

For its eligible employees in Hong Kong, the Group operates a defined contribution schemes registered under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme").

Contributions payable by the Group to the MPF Scheme are determined based on the rules underlying the respective schemes and are charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, the employees contribute 5% of the relevant payroll to the MPF Scheme while the Group contributes 5% of the relevant payroll to the MPF Scheme.

In addition, certain employees of the Group's subsidiaries established in the PRC are members of state-managed retirement benefits schemes. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the retirement benefits schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to these retirement benefits schemes is to make the specified contributions.

33. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which include the borrowings disclosed in note 25, cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and various reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure periodically. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associates with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

32. 退休福利計劃

本集團為香港之合資格僱員實行一項界定供 款計劃,並在強制性公積金計劃下註冊(「強 積金計劃」)。

本集團根據強積金計劃之相關規則規定釐定應付之供款,將自綜合損益表扣除。強積金計劃資產由受託人以基金形式控制,與本集團之資產分開處理。根據強積金計劃,員工須按其有關入息供款5%於強積金計劃內,而本集團亦根據相關員工入息的5%向強積金計劃供款。

此外,本集團於中國成立之附屬公司之若干僱員為國家管理退休福利計劃之成員。該等附屬公司須按其酬金若干百分比向退休福利計劃作出供款,以撥付有關福利。本集團對該等退休福利計劃之唯一責任乃作出指定供款。

33. 資本風險管理

本集團對其資本進行管理,以確保本集團旗下各實體可繼續按持續經營基準經營,同時致力在債務與股本之間維持平衡,為股東帶來最大回報。本集團之整體策略與去年並無變化。

本集團之資本結構由債項(包括附註25所披露 之借款),現金及現金等值項目及本公司股東 應佔權益(包括已發行股本及各項儲備)組成。

本公司董事定期檢討資本結構。作為檢討之 一部分,董事考慮資本成本及由此產生之相 關風險。根據董事之建議,本集團將透過支 付股息、發行新股以及發行新債項或贖回現 有債項等方式平衡其整體資本結構。

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

34a. CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

34. 金融工具

34a. 金融工具分類

		二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Financial assets	金融資產		
FVTPL	按公平價值計入損益		
Held for trading	持作買賣用途	12,203	13,057
Designated at fair value	指定按公平值列賬	7,737	7,674
Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	貸款及應收賬款		
, , ,	(包括現金及現金等值項目)	2,414,534	1,998,407
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	644,018	719,255
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Amortised cost	攤銷成本	1,486,221	1,501,796

34b. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's major financial instruments include investments in securities, advance to an investee company, trade and other receivables, fixed bank deposits with more than three months to maturity when raised, other bank balances and cash, trade and other payables and borrowings.

34b. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括證券投資、墊付 被投資公司、貿易及其他應收賬款、存入三 個月後到期之定期銀行存款、其他銀行存款 及現金、貿易及其他應付賬款及借款。

2016

2015

34b. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), liquidity risk and credit risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Market risk

(i) Currency risk

The Group undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies and, hence exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise.

The carrying amounts of the Group's monetary assets and monetary liabilities, including intra-group balances at the end of the reporting period that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the relevant entities are as follows:

34. 金融工具(續)

34b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

該等金融工具之詳情於各有關附註內披露。 與該等金融工具相關之風險包括市場風險(貨幣風險、利率風險及價格風險)、流動資金風險及信貸風險。有關如何降低該等風險之政策載列如下。管理層對該等風險進行管理及監控,以確保能夠及時有效實施合適的措施。

市場風險

(i) 貨幣風險

本集團有相當的交易是以外幣進行,所以會 受匯率浮動影響。

於報告期末,本集團以相關實體功能貨幣以 外幣列值之貨幣資產及貨幣負債,包括集團 公司往來結餘賬面值如下:

			Assets 資產		Liabilities 負債	
		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	
Group	集團					
HK\$	港幣	1,794	657	204,743	245,195	
United States dollars ("US\$")	美元	294,972	277,032	-	-	
Renminbi ("RMB")	人民幣	362,761	703,017	-	-	
Intra-group balances HK\$	集團公司往來結餘 港幣	103,644	110,659	1,352,638	1,527,121	

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

34b. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES **AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Market risk (Continued)

Currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the fluctuation of US\$ against HK\$ and of the HK\$ against RMB. The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 1% (2015: 1%) increase and decrease in HK\$ against US\$ and 10% (2015: 10%) increase and decrease in HK\$ against RMB. The respective percentages are the sensitivity rates used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represent management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and also intra-group balances denominated in foreign currencies and adjusts their translation at the year end for the respective percentages change in the exchange rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit or equity where the HK\$ weaken 1% (2015: 1%) against US\$ and 10% (2015: 10%) against RMB. For a 1% (2015: 1%) strengthening of the HK\$ against US\$ and 10% (2015: 10%) against RMB, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit or equity, and the balances below would be negative.

34. 金融工具(續)

34b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

貨幣風險(續)

敏感度分析

本集團主要面臨美元兑港幣及港幣兑人民幣 匯率波動的風險。下表詳載本集團對港幣兑 美元匯率上升及下降1%(二零一五年:1%)以 及港幣兑人民幣上升及下降10%(二零一五年: 10%)的敏感度。各項百分比都是在內部向主 要管理人員匯報時所用的敏感度比率,代表 了管理層對匯率合理可能範圍內變動的評估。 敏感度分析包括以外幣計值的未清繳貨幣項 目及以外幣列值的集團公司往來結餘,並就 匯率各自的百分比改變在年末調整。下表中 正數表示港幣兑美元貶值1%(二零一五年: 1%)及兑人民幣貶值10%(二零一五年:10%) 時溢利或權益增加。當港幣兑美元升值 1%(二 零一五年:1%)及兑人民幣升值10%(二零 一五年:10%)時,對溢利或權益會有同額但 相反方向的影響,而下列結餘會呈負數。

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Profit or loss HK\$ US\$ RMB	損益 港幣 美元 人民幣	121,237 1,473 30,291	138,694 1,472 58,702
Other comprehensive income US\$	其他全面收益 美元	1,186	1,008

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

根據管理層的意見,敏感度分析對固有的外 匯風險並不具代表性,因為年終承受的風險 並不反映年內承受的風險。

34b. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate debt securities classified as available-for-sale investments (see note 19 for details of these financial instruments). The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to its variable-rate structured deposits, bank balances and borrowings (see notes 19, 23 and 25 for details of these financial instruments). The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly attributable to fluctuation of HIBOR, LIBOR and prevailing interest rates offered by the PBOC. It is the Group's policy to keep its borrowings at floating rates of interest so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk. The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note.

34. 金融工具(續)

34b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(ii) 利率風險

現金流量利率風險為金融工具之未來現金流量因應市場利率變動而波動之風險。公平值 利率風險為金融工具之價值因應市場利率變動而波動之風險。

本集團就按公平價值計入損益之定息結構性 存款及分類為可供出售投資之債務證券承受 公平價值利率風險(詳情見附註19)。本集團 目前並無利率對沖政策。然而,管理層會監 察所受的利率風險,亦會在有需要時考慮對 沖主要利率風險來源。

本集團就其浮息結構性存款、銀行存款及借款承受現金流量利率風險。(有關金融工具詳情見附註19、23及25)。本集團的現金流量利率風險主要歸因於香港銀行同業拆息、倫敦銀行同業拆息及由中國人民銀行提供的現行息率的波動。本集團的政策為保持借款利率浮動,以盡量減少公平價值利率風險。本集團因金融負債而承受的利率風險,詳情載於本附註的流動資金風險管理一節。

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

34b. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for the Group's derivative and non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is prepared assuming the financial instruments outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis points (2015: 50 basis points) fluctuation is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

34. 金融工具(續)

34b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(ii) 利率風險(續)

敏感度分析

下文的敏感度分析乃根據本集團因衍生及非衍生工具在報告期末承受的利率風險釐定。編製分析時假設於報告期末未到期的金融工具在整年內仍未到期。內部對主要管理人員匯報利率風險時用上50點子基點的浮動(二零一五:50點子),代表管理層對利率在合埋可能的範圍內變動的評估。

		2016 二零一分		2015 二零一五	年
		Change in bas	sis points	Change in basi	s points
		基點變	動	基點變動	助
		+50	-50	+50	-50
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Profit or loss (net of tax) Other comprehensive income	溢利或虧損(除税後) 其他全面收益	1,353 (646)	(1,353) 656	(1,207) (1,376)	1,207 878

Numbers in bracket mean decrease.

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent interest rate risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

(iii) Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk through their investments in equity securities. The management will closely monitor the price movement of the securities and regularly review the performance and asset allocation of the portfolio.

The Group's equity price risk are mainly concentrated on listed and unlisted equity securities.

括號中數字為減少。

根據管理層的意見,敏感度分析對固有的利率風險並不具代表性,因為年終承受的風險並不反映年內承受的風險。

(iii) 價格風險

本集團透過其於股本證券之投資承擔股價風 險。管理層將密切監察該等證券之價格變動, 並定期檢討有關組合之表現及資產分配。

本集團之股價風險主要集中於上市及非上市 股本證券。

34b. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (Continued)

(iii) Price risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the reporting date.

If the prices of the respective equity instruments had been 10% (2015: 10%) higher/lower:

- the Group's post-tax profit for the year ended 31 December 2016 would increase by approximately HK\$1,019,000 (2015: HK\$1,090,000) or decrease by approximately HK\$6,791,000 (2015: HK\$1,090,000), respectively, as a result of the changes in fair value of investments held for trading and available-for-sale investments which have been impaired; and
- the Group's investment valuation reserve would increase by approximately HK\$59,209,000 (2015: HK\$66,659,000) or decrease by approximately HK\$52,297,000 (2015: HK\$66,659,000), respectively, as a result of changes in fair value of available-for-sale investments.

The Group's sensitivity to price risk has not changed significantly from the prior year.

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance its operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As at 31 December 2016, the Group had available unutilised bank loan facilities of approximately HK\$1,688 million (2015: HK\$1,638 million). Details of the amounts utilised at the end of the reporting period are set out in note 25.

34. 金融工具(續)

34b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(iii) 價格風險(續)

敏感度分析

下文的敏感度分析乃根據報告日期承受的股價風險釐定。

若各項股本工具的價格高出/下降10%(二零 一五年:10%),則:

- 本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日 的年內稅後溢利會增加約1,090,000元(二 零一五年:港幣1,090,000元)或減少港 幣約6,791,000元(二零一五年:港幣 1,090,000元),原因是持作買賣用途投資 的公平價值變動和可供出售投資之減 值:及
- 本集團的投資估值儲備會增加約港幣
 59,209,000元(二零一五年:港幣
 66,659,000元)或減少約港幣52,297,000元(二零一五年:港幣66,659,000元),
 原因是可供出售投資的公平價值變動。

本集團對價格風險的敏感度與往年比並無重 大變動。

流動資金風險

在管理流動資金風險時,本集團監控及保持 管理層認為足夠的現金及現金等值項目水平, 為其業務營運提供資金並減輕現金流量波動 的影響。管理層監控銀行借款之使用狀況及 確保遵守貸款契諾。

本集團依賴銀行借款作為流動資金之主要來源。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團有可動用而尚未提取之銀行貸款額為約港幣I,688,000,000元(二零一五年:港幣I,638,000,000元)。於報告期間結算日已動用金額之詳情載於附註25。

34b. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities and financial guarantee contracts. The tables below have been drawn up based on the contractual maturities of the undiscounted financial liabilities including interest that will accrue, with reference to their respective contractual interest rate, and for those variable-rate instruments, by using the appropriate prevailing market rates at the end of the reporting period as stated in their contracts.

34. 金融工具(續)

34b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

本集團的非衍生金融負債及財務擔保合約剩餘到期日詳列於下表。下表是根據未貼現金融負債包括累積利息的合約到期日而制訂, 而各合約列明的合同利率及浮動利率工具, 乃參照本報告期末當時的市場利率而定。

		Weighted average interest rate 加權平均 利率 %	Within 1 year or repayable on demand 應要求或 一年內 償還 HK\$'000 港幣千元	More than 1 year but less than 3 years 一年至 三年內 償還 HK\$'000 港幣千元	More than 3 years but less than 5 years 三年至 五年內 償還 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total undiscounted financial liabilities 未貼現的金融負債總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Carrying amounts 賬面值 HK\$*000 港幣千元
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日						
Trade and other payables Bank borrowings (note) Amount due to a joint venture Amounts due to non-controlling interests shareholders	貿易及其他應付賬項 銀行借款(附註) 應付一間合營企業款項 應付非控股股東權益	- 3.50 -	302,592 138,883 1,250	- 1,086,945 -	- - -	302,592 1,225,828 1,250	302,592 1,136,273 1,250
— Interest bearing — Non-interest bearing	一計息 一免息	1.90 -	35,070 11,036	-	-	35,070 11,036	35,070 11,036
Total	總額		488,831	1,086,945	-	1,575,776	1,486,221
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日						
Trade and other payables Bank borrowings (note) Amount due to a joint venture Amounts due to non-controlling interests shareholders	貿易及其他應付賬項 銀行借款(附註) 應付一間合營企業款項 應付非控股股東權益	- 3.83 -	150,307 883,824 1,158	- 115,978 -	- 405,064 -	150,307 1,404,866 1,158	150,307 1,330,395 1,158
— Interest bearing — Non-interest bearing	一計息 一免息	1.63	8,797 11,139	-	-	8,797 11,139	8,797 11,139
Total	總額		1,055,225	115,978	405,064	1,576,267	1,501,796

note: The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for nonderivative financial liabilities are subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ from those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

附註:上述計入非衍生金融負債浮息工具之金額,將於浮動利率之變動與於報告期間結算日釐定之估計利率 變動有差異時作出變動。

34b. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES **AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Credit risk

As at 31 December 2016, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk of debts, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, management has regular liaison with the borrowers to understand their financial position and to identify any early sign of potential problems. Should any potential default situation arise, management will take prompt actions to safeguard the Group's assets. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

34. 金融工具(續)

34b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團因交 易對方未能履行其責任而使本集團蒙受財務 損失所產生之最大信貸風險乃源自綜合財務 狀況表所列相關已確認金融資產之賬面值。

為減少貸款的信貸風險,本集團管理層已委 派團隊負責釐定信貸限額、信貸審核及其他 監察程序,確保有採取跟進行動收回逾期貸 款。此外,管理層定期與借貸人來往,了解 其財務狀況並辨認任何潛在問題的早期跡象。 一旦出現任何潛在違約情況,管理層會採取 果斷的行動保障本集團的資產。就此,本公 司董事認為本集團的信貸風險已大大減輕。

流動資金的信貸風險有限,因為訂約對方為 獲國際評級機構頒授高信貸評級的銀行。

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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

34c. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used).

34. 金融工具(續)

34c. 金融工具公平價值計量

本集團部分金融資產以各報告期末的公平價值計量。下表提供有關金融資產之公平值釐定方式的資料(具體而言,即估值方法及採用的輸入變數)。

		2016 二零一六年			
		Level 1 第一級別 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 2 第二級別 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 3 第三級別 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平價值計入損益之 金融資產				
Non-derivative financial assets held for trading	持作買賣用途之非衍生 金融資產 指定按公平價值計入損益	12,203	-	-	12,203
Financial assets designated as at FVTPL	相定按公計價值計入價益 之金融資產	-	7,737	-	7,737
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產				
Listed equity securities	上市股本證券	257,446	-	-	257,446
Unlisted equity securities	非上市股本證券	-	-	265,522	265,522
Listed debt securities	上市債務證券	-	51,926	-	51,926
Investment funds	投資基金	-	-	69,124	69,124
Total	總額	269,649	59,663	334,646	663,958

34c. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL **INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)**

34. 金融工具(續)

34c. 金融工具公平價值計量(續)

			20 <u>-</u> 零-	•	
		Level 1 第一級別 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 2 第二級別 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 3 第三級別 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平價值計入損益之 金融資產				
Non-derivative financial assets held for trading Financial assets designated as at	持作買賣用途之非衍生 金融資產 指定按公平價值計入損益	13,057	-	-	13,057
FVTPL	1日に仅公十 頃日前 八頃年 之金融資産	_	7,674	-	7,674
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產				
Listed equity securities	上市股本證券	278,506	_	_	278,506
Unlisted equity securities	非上市股本證券	_	_	337,532	337,532
Listed debt securities	上市債務證券	_	52,661	_	52,661
Investment funds	投資基金	_	_	50,556	50,556
Total	總額	291,563	60,335	388,088	739,986

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

The fair values of listed equity securities are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices from relevant stock exchanges.

The fair values of debt securities classified as available-for-sale investments are determined based on indicative prices provided by the dealers and brokers. In addition, the Group makes comparison of the indicative prices with the prices obtained from pricing services providers to substantiate the indicative prices of the debt securities. The key inputs used in the valuation models are the interest rate data, which are observable at the end of the reporting period. The objective of valuation models is to arrive at a fair value estimation that reflects the price of the financial instrument at the reporting date, which would have been determined by market participants acting at arm's length.

年內,第一、第二及第三級別之間概無發生 任何轉移。

上市股本證券乃參考在相關交易所中引述所 得的公開市場買入價釐定公平價值。

歸類為可供出售投資的債務證券的公平價值 根據經銷商及經紀人所提供的指示性價格釐 定。此外,本集團將指示性價格與從定價服 務供應商手上獲得的價格加以比較,以令債 務證券的指示性價格更貼近現實。估價模式 的主要輸入變數為利率數據,該數據在報告 期末時可以觀測得出。估價模式的目標是達 致可反映金融工具在報告日期時市場參與者 以公平磋商所得價格的公平價值估算。

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

34c. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The fair values of structured products designated as financial assets at FVTPL are calculated using discounted cash flows analysis derived from quoted interest rates, which are observable at the end of the reporting period.

The fair values of investment funds are determined by using valuation technique of market approach, which included some assumptions that are not supportable by observable market prices or rates. The inputs used in estimating the value of investment funds include the original transaction price, recent transactions and market multiple of the same or similar instruments, completed or pending third-party transactions in the underlying investment.

The fair values of unlisted equity securities are determined with reference to market values of underlying assets, which mainly comprise investment properties held by the investee company and take into account the discount for lack of marketability. The valuation of the properties was principally arrived at using the comparison method, in which property is valued on the assumption that the property can be sold with the benefit of vacant possession. Comparison based on prices realised on actual sales of comparable properties is made for similar properties in the similar location.

34. 金融工具(續)

34c. 金融工具公平價值計量(續)

指定為按公平價值計入損益的金融資產的結 構性產品的公平價值,是採用貼現現金流分 析計算,其報價利率乃根據報告期末觀察得 到的。

確定投資基金的公平價值是採用技術市場估值的方法,其中包括不獲觀察市場價格或利率支持的一些假設。估計投資基金的價值所用的輸入變數,包括原來的成交價,近期交易及市場多個相同或相似的工具,完成或等待第三方交易相關投資。

確定非上市股本證券的公平價值是參考相關資產的市場價值,主要包括所投資公司持有的投資物業的市場價值,及考慮其缺乏市場性而作出折扣。物業估值主要運用比較法,假設該物業交吉出售獲利而作出的物業估值。比較是根據與可比性物業相類似的物業在類似的位置實現的實際銷售價格而定。

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

34c. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of the Group's other financial assets recorded at amortised costs in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets

34. 金融工具(續)

34c. 金融工具公平價值計量(續)

本公司之董事認為本集團於綜合財務報表內 以攤銷成本入賬的其他金融資產之賬面值與 其公平價值相若。

金融資產第三級別公平值計量的調節

Available-for-sale investments 可供出售投資 HK\$'000 港幣千元

Balance at 1 January 2015 Total net losses recognised in other comprehensive income Purchases Matured/disposals	於二零一五年一月一日結餘 於其他全面收益內確認之淨虧損 購買 到期/出售	475,673 (93,272) 13,516 (7,829)
Balance at 31 December 2015 Total net losses recognised in other comprehensive income Purchases Matured/disposals	於二零一五年十二月三十一日結餘 於其他全面收益內確認之淨虧損 購買 到期/出售	388,088 (57,190) 3,780 (32)
Balance at 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日結餘	334,646

Included in other comprehensive income is a loss of approximately HK\$57,190,000 (2015: HK\$93,272,000) related to available-for-sale investments held at the end of the reporting period.

The majority of the Group's investments are valued based on quoted market information or observable market data. A small percentage, 2.4% (31 December 2015: 3.0%), of total assets of the Group, is based on estimates and recorded as Level 3 investments. Whilst such valuations are sensitive to estimates, it is believed that changing one or more of the assumptions to reasonably possible alternative assumptions would not have a big impact on the Group's financial positions.

其他全面收益內包含港幣57,190,000元虧損(二零一五年:港幣93,272,000元收益),與於報告期間結算日持有的可供出售投資有關。

本集團大部分的投資價值是根據市場的標價 或可觀察的市場數據而釐定。佔本集團總資 產的很小比例,約2.4%(二零一五年十二月 三十一日:3.0%),乃根據本集團第三級別投 資估算及入賬。此估價對估計假設相當敏感, 惟當一個或多個假設轉變至合理及可能的代 替假設時,相信不會對本集團的財務狀況造 成重大影響。

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

34c. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value measurements and valuation processes

The management performs regular reviews to determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurement.

In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level I inputs are not available, the Group engages independent qualified professional valuers or other service providers to perform the valuations. The management works closely with the valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The respective management team reports the findings to the Board of Directors of the Company regularly to explain the cause of fluctuations in the fair value of the assets and liabilities.

Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of various assets and liabilities is disclosed above.

34. 金融工具(續)

34c. 金融工具公平價值計量(續)

公平價值計量和評估過程

管理層定期檢討,以確定適當的公平價值計量的估值技術和輸入變數。

本集團估計資產或負債的公平價值是採用可用之市場觀察數據。當第一級別輸入變數不可用,本集團聘用獨立合資格專業估值師或其他服務供應商進行估值。管理層與估值師密切合作,建立適當的估值技術和輸入樣板。相關管理團隊分別定期向本公司的董事會報告資產和負債的公平價值波動的調查結果並解釋原因。

用於確定各項資產和負債的公平價值的估值 技術和輸入變數的信息於上文披露。

35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND **RESERVES OF THE COMPANY**

35. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Investment properties	投資物業	1,811,000	1,681,000
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	576,264	588,560
Investments in subsidiaries	附屬公司之投資	499,984	444,923
Interests in joint ventures	合營企業之投資	3	3
Investments in securities	證券投資	128,685	110,911
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司賬款	4,455,123	4,387,016
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	5,807	7,846
	~~~~~~	·	,
		7,476,866	7,220,259
Current assets	流動資產		
Properties held for sale	待出售物業	2,808	2,808
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬款	4,420	9,531
Investments in securities	證券投資	12,305	13,197
Fixed bank deposits with more than three months to maturity when raised	存入三個月後到期之定期銀行存款	766,108	455,947
Other bank balances and cash	其他銀行存款及現金	148,636	568,317
		934,277	1,049,800
Current liabilities	 流動負債		
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	7,608	7.854
Borrowings — due within one year	借款 一 於一年內到期	48,650	1,158
- add Wallin one your	旧級 从 [四列		,
		56,258	9,012
Net current assets	流動資產淨額	878,019	1,040,788
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	8,354,885	8,261,047
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		
Rental deposits from tenants	向租戶收取之租賃按金	39,650	39,308
Borrowings — due after one year	借款 — 於一年後到期	445,450	489,717
Non-interest bearing advances from subsidiaries	附屬公司之免息墊款	2,267,167	2,399,685
		2,752,267	2,928,710
		5,602,618	5,332,337
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	381,535	381,535
Reserves (note)	儲備(附註)	5,221,083	4,950,802
		5,602,618	5,332,337
		, ,	, , , , , , ,

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the 財務報表已於二零一七年三月八日獲董事會 Board of Directors on 8 March 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

批准及授權發行,並由下列人士代表簽署:

DR. LIU LIT MO

廖烈武博士

CHAIRMAN

主席

MR. TONG TSIN KA 唐展家先生

CHAIRMAN OF AUDIT COMMITTEE 審核委員會主席

# 35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

# 35. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備(續)

note: The movements in reserves are presented below:

附註:儲備之變動如下:

		Property revaluation reserve 物業重估儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Accumulated profits 累積溢利 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
THE COMPANY	本公司				
At 1 January 2015	二零一五年一月一日	448	(2,553)	5,056,553	5,054,448
Profit for the year  Fair value losses on available-for-sale	本年度溢利 可供出售投資之公平價值虧損	_	_	81,976	81,976
investments	可供山台权貝之公十俱但虧俱	_	(26,183)	_	(26,183)
Investment revaluation reserve reclassified	因出售可供出售投資導致重新		(20,100)		(20,100)
to profit or loss upon disposal of	分類到損益賬之投資重估儲備				
available-for-sale investments		-	(4,220)	-	(4,220)
Total comprehensive (expense) income	本年度全面(支出)收益總額				
for the year		_	(30,403)	81,976	51,573
Dividends recognised as distribution	已確認為分派之股息	-	-	(155,219)	(155,219)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	448	(32,956)	4,983,310	4,950,802
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	_	398,890	398,890
Fair value gains on available-for-sale	可供出售投資之公平價值收益				
investments	四山东古州山东和次诺九千分	-	14,243	-	14,243
Investment revaluation reserve reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of	因出售可供出售投資導致重新 分類到損益賬之投資				
available-for-sale investments	カ 類 封 頂 盆 版 之 扠 貝 重 估 儲 備	_	(501)	_	(501)
			(001)		(001)
to profit or loss in relation to impairment					
loss on available-for-sale investments	重估儲備	-	20,440	-	20,440
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	_	34,182	398,890	433,072
Dividends recognised as distribution	已確認為分派之股息	_	_	(162,791)	(162,791)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	448	1,226	5,219,409	5,221,083

#### **36. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES**

# (a) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

# 36. 關聯人士披露事項

# (a) 關聯人士交易

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Expenses paid and payable to directors of the Company or its affiliates  Rental expenses  Architecture and other consultancy service fee	已支付及應付予本公司或其附屬公司 董事的費用 租金支出 建築和其他諮詢服務費	6,372 1,932	10,020 4,092

The Group had no other material significant transactions with related

本集團並無與關聯人士訂立重大交易。

# (b) COMPENSATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT **PERSONNEL**

# (b) 主要管理人員酬金

The emoluments of key management personnel of the Group during the year were as follows:

年內,本集團主要管理人員之薪酬如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Short-term benefits Post-employment benefits	短期福利 僱員退休福利	47,677 2,665	45,523 2,418
		50,342	47,941

The emoluments of directors and key executives are determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

董事及主要行政人員之薪酬乃由薪酬委員會 按個人表現及市場趨勢釐定。

#### 37. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

# During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group entered into agreements with independent third parties to dispose of certain subsidiaries, which were principally engaged in the hotel operations. The transactions were completed during the year.

The aggregate net asset of the subsidiaries disposed of in the transactions were as follows:

#### 37. 出售附屬公司

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團與獨立第三方簽訂協議以出售從事酒店 業務的附屬公司。這項交易已在年內完成。

出售當日附屬公司資產淨值如下:

		HK\$'000 港幣千元
Assets	資產	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	577
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬款	3,501
Bank balances and cash	銀行存款及現金	1,501
Liabilities	負債	
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	(1,501)
Net assets disposed of	出售資產淨值	4,078
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	12,047
Net assets disposed of	出售資產淨值	(4,078)
Cumulative exchange reserve reclassified to profit or loss	從累積匯兑儲備重新分類至損益賬	2,872
Gain on disposal	出售收益	10,841
Satisfied by:	收款方式:	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	12,047
Net cash inflow arising on disposal:	出售事項產生的現金流入淨額:	
Total cash consideration received	已收現金代價	12,047
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	被出售之銀行結餘及現金	(1,501)
		10,546

# 38. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 於二零一六年十二月三十一日及二零一五年 2016 and 31 December 2015 are as follows:

# 38. 主要附屬公司

十二月三十一日,本公司之主要附屬公司資 料如下:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	notes 附註	Place of incorporation or establishment/ operations 註冊成立或 成立地/經營地	Issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行普通 股本/註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股本面值/ 註冊資本之比例 Directly Indirectly 直接 間接				Principal activities 主要業務	
				<b>2016</b> 二零一六年 %	2015 二零一五年 %	<b>2016</b> 二零一六年 %	2015 二零一五年 %		
Abaleen Enterprises Limited		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$100,000 港幣100,000元	100	100	-	_	Property investment 物業投資	
Alain Limited 雅賢有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$9,500 港幣9,500元	100	100	-	_	Investment holding 投資控股	
Bonsun Enterprises Limited 萬象企業有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2,000,000 港幣2,000,000元	100	100	-	-	Property investment 物業投資	
Chong Yip Finance Limited 創業財務有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000,000 港幣1,000,000元	100	100	-	_	Money lending 貸款業務	
Chong Yip (Nominees) Limited 創業 (代理) 有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 港幣1元	100	100	-	-	Provision of nominees services 提供代理人服務	
Devon Realty Limited 德奮地產有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$200 港幣200元	100	100	-	-	Property investment 物業投資	
Donington Company Limited		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$200 港幣200元	100	100	-	-	Property investment 物業投資	
Golden Harbour International Limited 勝港國際有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 港幣1元	-	-	100	100	Property investment 物業投資	
Harvest Gate Investments Limited 豐正投資有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 港幣1元	100	-	-	-	Property investment 物業投資	

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	notes 附註	Place of incorporation or establishment/ operations 註冊成立或成立地/經營地	Issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行普通 股本/註冊資本	regis ; Dire	ion of nominal stered capital h 本公司持有已 註冊資 ² ectly 接	Principal activities 主要業務		
				<b>2016</b> 二零一六年 %	2015 二零一五年 %	<b>2016</b> 二零一六年 %	2015 二零一五年 %	
Heng Kin Investment Limited 恒建投資有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 港幣2元	100	100	-	-	Property investment 物業投資
Honour Speed Development Limited 鴻遠發展有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 港幣2元	100	100	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Hugh Glory Limited 貴隆有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$100 港幣100元	-	-	90	90	Investment holding 投資控股
Hugh Wealth International Limited 盈鴻國際有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$100 港幣100元	100	100	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Jacot Limited 正剛有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 港幣2元	100	100	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Ko Yew Company Limited 高優有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$200 港幣200元	100	100	-	-	Property investment 物業投資
Liu Chong Hing Estate Company, Limited 廖創興置業有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000,000 港幣10,000,000元	100	100	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Liu Chong Hing Godown Company, Limited 廖創興大貨倉有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$72,000,000 港幣72,000,000元	100	100	-	-	Property investment 物業投資
Liu Chong Hing Property Management and Agency Limited 廖創興物業管理及代理有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000,000 港幣1,000,000元	100	100	-	-	Property management and agency 物業代理及管理
Luxpolar Limited		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 港幣2元	-	-	100	100	Property investment 物業投資

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	notes 附註	Place of incorporation or establishment/ operations 註冊成立或 成立地/經營地	Issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行普通 股本/註冊資本	Proport regis ; Dire	Principal activities 主要業務			
				<b>2016</b> 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	<b>2016</b> 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	
				—◆ 八十 %	— <b>令</b>	ー令 ハ <del>キ</del> %	—◆ ±+ %	
One-Eight-One Hospitality Management Limited		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 港幣1元	100	-	-	-	Hotel operation and management 酒店營運及管理
Queen Profit International Investment Limited 群利國際投資有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$61,540 港幣61,540元	83.75	83.75	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Richview Property Management Company Limited 富景物業管理有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 港幣10,000元	-	-	100	100	Property management 物業管理
Sino Pink Development Limited 輝松發展有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 港幣2元	100	100	-	-	Property investment 物業投資
Speed World Investment Limited 碧輝投資有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$100 港幣100元	-	-	60	60	Investment holding 投資控股
Top Team Limited		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$200 港幣200元	100	100	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Trade Castle Limited 貿滿有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 港幣1元	-	-	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Truegrow Investments Limited 捷欣投資有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 港幣1元	-	-	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Wealth Good Investment Limited 裕利投資有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 港幣2元	100	100	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Yue Tung Ching Kee Company Limited 裕東正記有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2,000,000 港幣2,000,000元	100	100	-	-	Property investment 物業投資

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	notes 附註	Place of incorporation or establishment/ operations 註冊成立或 成立地/經營地	Issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行普通 股本/註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股本面值/ 註冊資本之比例  Directly 直接 間接				Principal activities 主要業務
				<b>2016</b> 二零一六年		<b>2016</b> 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	
Foshan Nanhai Hugh Glory Property Development Company Limited 佛山南海貴隆房地產發展有限公司	(i)	PRC 中國	HK\$500,000,000 港幣500,000,000元	-	-	90	90	Property development 物業發展
Guangzhou Chong Hing Property Development Company Limited 廣州創興房地產發展有限公司	(iii)	PRC 中國	RMB170,000,000 人民幣170,000,000元	-	-	60	60	Property development 物業發展
Guangzhou Trade Castle Property Consultancy Limited 廣州市貿滿房地產諮詢有限公司	(i)	PRC 中國	HK\$8,500,000 港幣8,500,000元	-	-	100	100	Property investment 物業投資
Guangzhou Wealth Smart Property Management Company Limited 廣州市盈裕物業管理有限公司	(i)	PRC 中國	HK\$1,000,000 港幣1,000,000元	-	-	100	100	Property management 物業管理
Maanshan Gaoke Magnetic Material Company Limited 馬鞍山高科磁性材料有限公司	(ii)	PRC 中國	RMB65,370,000 人民幣65,370,00元	-	-	51.54	51.54	Manufacturing of magnetic materials 製造磁性材料
Shanghai Huang Pu Liu Chong Hing Property Development Company Limited 上海黃浦廖創興房地產開發 有限公司	(i)	PRC 中國	US\$34,600,000 34,600,000美元	-	-	100	100	Property investment 物業投資
Shanghai Truegrow Hotel Management Company Limited 上海捷欣酒店管理有限公司	(i)	PRC 中國	RMB32,500,000 人民幣32,500,000元	-	-	-	100	Hotel operation and management 酒店營運及管理

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	<b>notes</b> 附註	Place of incorporation or establishment/ operations 註冊成立或成立地/經營地	Issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行普通 股本/註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股本面值/ 註冊資本之比例 Directly Indirectly 直接 間接				Principal activities 主要業務	
				<b>2016</b> 二零一六年 %	2015 二零一五年 %	<b>2016</b> 二零一六年 %	2015 二零一五年 %		
Blossom Success Investments Limited 凱旋投資有限公司		British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/ 香港	US\$1 1美元	100	100	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股	
China Link Technologies Limited		British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/ 香港	US\$100 100美元	100	100	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股	
Determined Resources Limited		British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/ 香港	US\$1,000 1,000美元	100	100	-	-	Share investment 股份投資	
Terryglass Limited		British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/ 香港	US\$1,000 1,000美元	100	100	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股	
Multi Eternal Limited		British Virgin Islands/ PRC 英屬處女群島/ 中國	US\$100 100美元	-	_	90	90	Property development management services 物業發展管理服務	
Sharp Talent International Limited		British Virgin Islands/ PRC 英屬處女群島/ 中國	US\$100 100美元	-	-	90	90	Property marketing and sales support services 物業市場及 銷售支援服務	

## 38. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company has other subsidiaries that are not material to the Group. The majority of these subsidiaries operate in Hong Kong. The principal activities of these subsidiaries are summarised as follows:

#### 38. 主要附屬公司(續)

董事認為,對本集團業績或資產有重大影響之本集團附屬公司名單已詳列於上表。董事認為,若提供其他附屬公司資料,則篇幅過於冗長。

概無附屬公司曾在本年底發行任何債務證券。

於本報告期末,本公司尚有其他對本集團而 言不屬重大的附屬公司。該等附屬公司中大 部份皆於香港營運。此等附屬公司的主要業 務現概列如下:

# Number of subsidiaries 附屬公司數目

		111/20 - 32/10			
Principal activities 主要業務	Principal place of business 主要營業地點	<b>2016</b> 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年		
Hotel operation and management 酒店經營及管理	PRC 中國	1	4		
Investment holding 投資控股	Hong Kong 香港	12	9		
Property investment 物業投資	Hong Kong 香港	2	2		
Inactive 暫無業務	Hong Kong 香港	10	7		

#### notes:

- (i) The companies are sole foreign equity ventures established in the PRC.
- (ii) The companies are sino-foreign equity joint ventures established in the PRC.
- (iii) The company is sino-foreign co-operative joint venture established in the  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PRC}}$ .

# 附註:

- (i) 該等公司是於中國成立之外商獨資企業。
- (ii) 該等公司是於中國成立之中外合資經營公司。
- (iii) 該公司是於中國成立之中外合作經營公司。



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