

STOCK CODE 股份代號: 856

# VST HOLDINGS LIMITED (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

# **偉 仕 控 股 有 限 公 司** (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

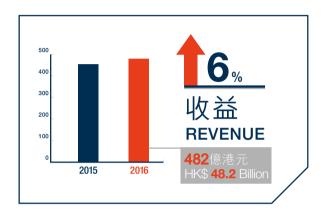


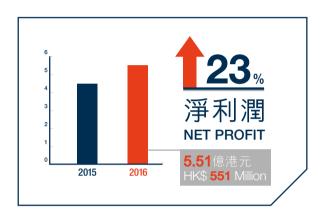
**ANNUAL REPORT** 年報 2016

# **HIGHLIGHTS**

# 概要

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度







170+

上游供應商來自世界500強 科技企業 Upstream Vendors from Global Top 500 Technology Corporations



亞太區團隊 Team Members in the Region



科技產品種類 Technology Products



下游渠道合作夥伴 Downstream Channel Partners











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# **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

# 公司資料

#### **Board of Directors**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Li Jialin (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Ong Wei Hiam, William

Ms. Chow Ying Chi

Mr. Chan Hoi Chau

Mr. Li Yue

Mr. Yao Jie

#### Non-executive Director

Mr. Liang Xin

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Li Wei

Mr. Lam Hin Chi

Mr. Hung Wai Man

Mr. Wang Xiaolong

# **Company Secretary**

Ms. Yue Cheuk Ying

#### **Qualified Accountant**

Mr. Ong Wei Hiam, William

#### **Audit Committee**

Mr. Lam Hin Chi (Chairman)

Mr. Li Wei

Mr. Hung Wai Man

Mr. Wang Xiaolong

#### **Remuneration Committee**

Mr. Li Wei (Chairman)

Mr. Lam Hin Chi

Mr. Hung Wai Man

Mr. Wang Xiaolong

#### 董事會

#### 執行董事

李佳林先生(主席兼行政總裁)

王偉炘先生

鄒英姿女士

陳海洲先生

李玥先生

姚杰先生

#### 非執行董事

梁欣先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

李煒先生

藍顯賜先生

洪為民先生

王曉龍先生

## 公司秘書

余卓盈女士

# 合資格會計師

王偉炘先生

# 審核委員會

藍顯賜先生(主席)

李煒先生

洪為民先生

王曉龍先生

# 薪酬委員會

李煒先生(主席)

藍顯賜先生

洪為民先生

王曉龍先生

#### **Nomination Committee**

Mr. Li Jialin (Chairman)

Mr. Li Wei Mr. Lam Hin Chi Mr. Hung Wai Man Mr. Wang Xiaolong

#### **Auditors**

**KPMG** 

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

# **Principal Bankers**

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group

Banca Monte dei Paschi di Siena S.p.A., Hong Kong Branch

Banco Santander S.A., Hong Kong Branch

Bank of China

Bank of Communications

Bank of Hangzhou

Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ

BNP Paribas Hong Kong Branch

China Bohai Bank

China Citic Bank International

China Construction Bank

China Merchants Bank

Chong Hing Bank

Citibank, N.A., Hong Kong Branch

CTBC Bank

DBS Bank

Deutsche Bank AG, Hong Kong Branch

Fubon Bank

Hang Seng Bank

ICICI Bank

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China

KBC Bank N.V.

Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation

Shanghai Pudong Development Bank

Standard Chartered Bank

Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation

Taishin International Bank

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation

United Overseas Bank

(The above are shown according to alphabetical order)

## 提名委員會

李佳林先生(主席)

李煒先生

藍顯賜先生

洪為民先生

王曉龍先生

#### 核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港中環

遮打道10號

太子大廈8樓

# 主要往來銀行

澳新銀行集團

Banca Monte dei Paschi di Siena S.p.A.,(香港分行)

Banco Santander S.A.(香港分行)

中國銀行

交通銀行

杭州銀行

三菱東京日聯銀行

法國巴黎銀行(香港分行)

渤海銀行

中信銀行(國際)

中國建設銀行

招商銀行

創興銀行

花旗銀行(香港分行)

中國信託商業銀行

星展銀行

德意志銀行(香港分行)

富邦銀行

恒生銀行

ICICI Bank

中國工商銀行

比利時聯合銀行

華僑銀行

上海浦東發展銀行

渣打銀行

三井住友銀行

台新國際商業銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行

大華銀行

(以上排序乃按英文字母次序列示)

### Investor and Media Relations Consultant

Aries Consulting Limited

# Head Office and Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong

Unit 3312, 33rd Floor China Merchants Tower Shun Tak Centre 200 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

## **Registered Office**

Cricket Square **Hutchins Drive** P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

## Cayman Islands Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Royal Bank of Canada Trust Company (Cayman) Limited 4th Floor, Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road, George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

# Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Tricor Abacus Limited Level 22 Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

## 投資者及傳媒關係顧問

Aries Consulting Limited

# 總辦事處及香港主要營業 地點

香港 干諾道中200號 信德中心 招商局大廈 33樓3312室

# 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square **Hutchins Drive** P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

# 開曼群島主要股份過戶 登記處

Royal Bank of Canada Trust Company (Cayman) Limited 4th Floor, Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road, George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

# 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳雅柏勤有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心 22樓

Stock Code

856

Website

http://www.vst.com.hk

股份代號

856

網址

http://www.vst.com.hk

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

# 主席報告書



On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present to shareholders the annual report of VST Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group" or "VSTECS") for the year ended 31 December 2016.

本人謹代表董事會向股東欣然提呈 偉仕控股有限公司(「本公司」)與其 附屬公司(統稱「本集團」或(「偉仕佳 杰」)截至二零一六年十二月三十一日 止年度之年報。

2016 marks the 25th anniversary of VSTECS since its inception in 1991. In the past 25 years, VSTECS has always maintained a topping-the-industry growth momentum with continuous rapid development of business scope and service coverage. It registered another record revenue of HK\$48.2 billion in 2016. Looking back to VSTECS's revenue of HK\$1.6 billion upon its listing in 2002, this figure implies an amazing growth of more than 30 times in its revenue over the past 14 years.

Thanks to our active business exploration, product diversification and expansion of service portfolio in the past 25 years, VSTECS has become the largest science and technology product solutions and supply chain service platform in Asia Pacific region. It has a distribution network across nine countries covering China, Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore, Indonesia, Cambodia, Myanmar, Laos and Philippines. More than 170 of its upstream partners are among Top 500 science & technology enterprises in the world. It has more than 40,000 downstream business partners. The business of VSTECS include five business segments, namely supply chain business, components business, finished products business, enterprise systems and value-added service, and covers ten fields such as cloud computing, mobile interconnection, system equipment, software, information security, game machine, virtual reality, artificial intelligence product, assembled computers and peripherals. Moreover, we have been actively venturing into new business of supply chain finance.

自1991年創立,2016年是偉仕佳杰的25週 年,在過去的25年偉仕佳杰一直保持超越行 業的增長勢頭,業務範圍及服務區域不斷迅 速發展,在2016年再創收益歷史新高達至 482億港元,回顧偉仕佳杰於2002年上市收 益為16億港元,在過去14年間偉仕佳杰業績 超過30倍的驚人增幅。

偉仕佳杰在過去25年積極拓展業務實行產品 多元化和擴展服務領域成為亞太區最大的科 技產品解決方案及供應鏈服務平台。分銷網 絡覆蓋九個國家:中國、泰國、馬來西亞、 新加坡、印尼、柬埔寨、緬甸、寮國及菲律 賓,上游合作夥夥伴超過170家全球500強科 技企業,下游業務夥伴超過40,000家。偉仕 佳杰業務包括供應鏈業務、配件業務、成品 業務、企業系統及增值服務五大板塊,覆蓋 雲計算、移動互聯、系統設備、軟體、資訊 安全、游戲機、虛擬現實、人工智能產品、 整機和外設等十大領域,並積極拓展供應鏈 金融的新業務。

Looking back to 2016, the Group has experienced positive changes in development strategy, corporate image and business development. With the vision of "providing quality life to businesses and consumers", the Group aims to become a comprehensive platform company with online and offline full channels by creating a new ecological system where technologies, financing and value-added internet services are incorporated. In order to improve our corporate image, we changed our company logo in early 2016 in line with our strategies.

回顧2016年,本集團從發展戰略、企業形象到業務發展均有積極變化,本集團以「打造企業和消費者的品質生活」為中心,創建全新的生態系統,線上線下全渠道,建立「科技產品+金融+互聯網增值服務」的綜合性平台企業。配合我們的戰略,在2016年初更改公司標誌,旨在提升企業形象。

During this period, VSTECS also aggressively ventured into new product line such as GoPro HD camera, Garmin intelligent sports watch, Amazon Kindle electronic reader, VIVE series VR product under HTC, Connaught smart portable projector and other new science & technology products which represent future science & technology and quality life by focusing on strategic upgrade; other new well-known partners include F-engine, Jabra sport headphones, UBNT WIFI product, Moto router, Nimble Storage flash memory and Sungreen Honweb network products. We have become the exclusive distributor of games of "Thors" and "Wodenses" games under Haier Group. With regards cloud service, we have entered into strategic cooperation with QingCloud to build professional cloud service.

期內,偉仕佳杰圍繞戰略升級,加強拓展代表未來科技與品質生活的全新產品線,包括 GoPro高清攝像機、Garmin智能運動手錶、亞馬遜Kindle電子閱讀器、HTC旗下VIVE系列VR產品、諾毅智能便攜投影儀等科技技品:其他新增知名合作夥伴包括烽火網絡:其他新增知名合作夥伴包括烽火網絡的上,其他新增知名合作夥伴包括烽火網絡。 歷路由器、Nimble Storage閃存、,她包硅 一个多以明理。要服務方面,集團和養城市的獨家總代理。要服務方面,集團和青雲 QingCloud達成戰略合作打造專業企業級務。

In order to cope with the trend of quality life, the Group actively conducted strategic investment, made inroads into fast-growing sectors such as consumption upgrade and medical health. In particular, the Group invested USD30 million in March 2016 for aircraft leasing project.

為針對品質生活的發展方向,本集團積極開展戰略投資,佈局消費升級和醫療健康等潛在的高增長板塊,其中於2016年3月份投資3,000萬美元於飛機租賃項目。









# Regional Development

Geographically, VSTECS increased efforts on penetrating the market of enterprise system services in Mainland China. The online procurement platform and offline chain retail experience store in preparation will be put into service in 2017, aiming to provide comprehensive procurement service for enterprises, retailers and end customers. Currently, the online procurement platform in Malaysian area can provide 24-hour procurement service for enterprises and retail customers. Now it has 2,000 registered users and 800 active users with an average monthly revenue of HK\$19 million. We believe that the online procurement platform will cover the whole market in China when it is launched, and further expand our market share.

In October 2016, VSTECS opened the first experience store for MIUI in Singapore. Due to enthusiastic market response, we will open two additional stores for MIUI in 2017. Moreover, VSTECS will open retail experience stores in China in 2017 so as to provide comprehensive online and offline platform.

For Thailand, VSTECS will further develop the markets surrounding Thailand through the country, including Cambodia, Myanmar and Laos, and made aggressively explore the possibility of cooperation with local enterprise customers and upstream factories in setting up data centers.

For Indonesia, VSTECS achieved double-digit growth in revenue and net profit in Indonesia despite unstable Indonesia currency. With a population of 260 million people, the developing country has a huge development potential.

Pegged to US dollar, Philippines's exchange rate is more stable than other countries in Southeast Asia. The Group recorded more than 20% growth in terms of local revenue, and will continue to expand the market share in the future.

#### 地區發展

就地域而言,偉什佳杰在中國地區加強開拓 企業系統服務,籌備增設網上採購平台及線 下連鎖零售體驗店在2017年將會投入服務, 目標為企業、零售及終端客戶提供全面的採 購服務。目前網上採購平台在馬來西亞地區 已為企業及零售客戶提供24小時採購服務, 現在已有2,000個登記用戶,800個活躍用 戶,每月平均收益達1,900萬港元,相信中 國網購平台上線後會更全面覆蓋整個市場, 進一步擴大市場份額。

在2016年10月偉仕佳杰為小米在新加坡開設 第一家體驗店,由於反應熱烈,偉仕佳杰會 在2017年為小米多開兩家體驗店,另外,偉 仕佳杰會2017年在中國開設零售體驗店,旨 在為客戶提供全面的線上及線下平台。

泰國方面,偉仕佳杰會進一步誘過泰國開拓 其週邊國家市場包括柬埔寨、緬甸及寮國, 加強開拓當地企業客戶和上游廠家合作開設 數據中心。

印尼地區,儘管印尼貨幣不穩定,偉仕佳杰 在當地收益及純利均錄得雙位數增長,在發 展中國家擁有2.6億人口市場,發展潛力巨 大。

菲律賓由於與美元掛勾,匯率相對其他東南 亞國家穩定,當地收益錄得超過兩成增長, 未來將會繼續擴展市場份額。









# **Prospects**

The Group seeks breakthrough continuously. It has integrated the supply chain service platform for IT products in Asia Pacific region, and built the competitive edge for achieving topping-the-industry growth. In addition to developing mobile internet products, storage solutions and cloud computing, we will also conduct integration and innovation using Internet, intelligent terminal, big data and other advanced information technologies to provide online procurement platform and offline chain retail experience stores for enterprise customers and consumers, so as to offer a comprehensive O2O (Offline-to-Online) service.

In the future, the Group will enter a rapid development track. Leveraging on its well-established relationship with our vendors, sizeable regional network, rigorous internal workflow and strong management team, the Group is set to refresh its record highs. Despite the increasingly changes in the industry and various challenges posed by market conditions, the Group will still be able to maintain its robust growth. In addition to the expansion into emerging markets in South-eastern Asia, the Group will increase our market share in countries such as China and countries in South-eastern Asia, and put greater efforts in stepping up value-added services such as the enterprise systems business and offline retail experience stores to increase its profitability.

I would like to thank our shareholders for their loyal support for the Group. I would also like to take this opportunity to express my deepest gratitude to all our staff for their whole-hearted devotion and passion towards their duties and to thank our Board members and business partners for their trust and support. We are confident in overcoming various challenges ahead and will make the best effort to maximise returns for our shareholders.

#### Li Jialin

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 21 March 2017



#### 前景

本集團不斷尋找突破,成功整合亞太區資訊科技產品供應鍵服務平台,打造長期超越市場增長的競爭力。除了開拓移動互聯產品、存儲方案及雲計算,亦會透過互聯網、智聯終端、大數據等領先信息技術進行融合創新,為企業客戶和消費者提供網上採購平台以及線下連鎖零售體驗店,以達至全面的O2O (Offline-to-Online)服務。

本人謹此感謝股東對本集團的鼎力支持,並 藉此機會向全體員工的克盡己任及熱心工作 致以衷心感謝。同時,本人亦衷心感謝董事 會成員及業務夥伴的信任和支持。本集團有 信心克服日後的重重挑戰,全力為股東謀求 最豐盛的回報。

主席兼行政總裁

李佳林

香港,二零一七年三月二十一日



# **BUSINESS MODEL AND STRATEGIC DIRECTION**

# 業務模式及策略方向

The Group is a leading Information, Communication and Technology ("ICT") products and services provider, serving a wide regional customer base. The Group has 81 offices in nine countries namely China, Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore, Indonesia, Philippines, Cambodia, Myanmar and Laos. The five main businesses are supply chain business, components business, finished products business, enterprise systems and IT services. The supply chain business and components business, finished products business segments, leading IT vendors such as HP, Apple, Seagate, AMD, Intel, Western Digital, Lenovo, Dell, IBM, Acer, Microsoft, Oracle, Cisco, Asus and many more use the Group's network of over 40,000 channel partners in the region to distribute their products. The enterprise systems segment designs, installs and implements IT infrastructure for companies, while the IT services segment provides a comprehensive range of professional, technical support and training services.

As the leading distributor of ICT products in the region, we have established, through our reseller channel, a broad customer base ranging from individuals, small and medium enterprises to large corporations and government entities who have been serviced by our regional resellers over the past 25 years.

Our infrastructure is built on a fully integrated Enterprise Resource Planning system to manage our sales, distribution, finance and logistic operations to provide efficient customer services with speed and reliability.

We have an extensive distribution network of over 40,000 resellers, comprising retailers, system integrators and corporate dealers. These resellers not only market a wide range of products but they also provide support and repair services to the end-users.

The Group creates sustainable value for shareholders through the following strategies:

- Focus on our key markets in China and South East Asia
- Focus on our extensive list of vendors to expand our product portfolio
- Focus on strengthening our working capital and financial management
- Focus on improving operating efficiencies and cost management

本集團為一間領先的資訊、通訊及科技(「資 訊通訊科技」)產品及服務供應商,服務龐大 的地區客戶基礎。本集團的81個辦事處遍及 中國、泰國、馬來西亞、新加坡、印尼、菲 律賓、柬埔寨、緬甸及寮國九個國家。五種 主要業務分別為供應鏈業務、配件業務、成 品業務、企業系統及資訊科技服務。供應鏈 業務、配件業務及成品業務分部,具領導地 位的資訊科技供應商如惠普、蘋果、希捷、 AMD、英特爾、西部數據、聯想、戴爾、 IBM、宏碁、微軟、甲骨文、思科、華碩 等,均利用本集團擁有逾40.000名渠道夥伴 的網絡於區內分銷其產品。企業系統分部為 公司設計、安裝及執行資訊科技基礎設施, 而資訊科技服務分部則提供全面的專業、技 術支援及培訓服務。

作為區內領先的資訊通訊科技產品分銷商, 本集團已透過其分銷商渠道建立由個人、中 小企以至大型公司及政府實體組成的龐大客 戶基礎,本集團的地區分銷商已服務彼等逾 25年。

本集團的基礎設施乃建基於全面綜合企業資 源規劃系統,以管理銷售、分銷、財務及物 流業務,從而提供快捷、可靠的高效客戶服 務。

本集團擁有龐大的分銷網絡,羅致逾40,000 名分銷商,包括零售商、系統綜合商及公司 經銷商。該等分銷商不僅銷售多元化產品, 亦向終端使用者提供支援及維修服務。

本集團透過以下策略為股東創造可持續的價 值:

- 以中國及東南亞的主要市場為重心
- 以本集團數目眾多的供應商為重心以 擴展產品組合
- 以補強營運資金及加強財務管理為重心
- 以改善營運效率及成本管理為重心

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# 管理層討論及分析

#### **Business Review**

The Group has recorded another record high in revenue. The Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2016 was HK\$48,161,318,000 (2015; HK\$45.575.640.000). Gross profit for the year ended 31 December 2016 amounted to HK\$1,856,738,000 (2015: HK\$1,697,001,000). Operating profit for the year ended 31 December 2016 amounted to HK\$799,836,000 (2015: HK\$677,069,000). Net profit for the year ended 31 December 2016 amounted to HK\$551,915,000 (2015: HK\$450,381,000). Basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2016 was HK 38.27 cents (2015: HK29.94 cents) per share.

During the year, revenue from the supply chain business segment decreased by 2.5% to HK\$8,400,525,000, contributing 17.4% of the total Group revenue. Revenue from the components business and finished products business segments increased by 3.7% to HK\$23,209,932,000, contributing 48.2% of the total Group revenue. Revenue from the enterprise systems segment increased by 13.3% to HK\$16,283,214,000, contributing 33.8% of the total Group revenue. Revenue from IT services segment increased to HK\$267,647,000, contributing 0.6% of the total Group revenue.

## 業務回顧

本集團錄得的收益再創歷史性新高。本 集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止 年度的收益為48.161.318.000港元(二 零 一 五 年:45,575,640,000 港 元 )。截 至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度的 毛 利 為 1,856,738,000 港 元( 二 零 一 五 年:1,697,001,000港元)。截至二零 一六年十二月三十一日止年度的經營溢 利 為 799,836,000 港 元( 二 零 一 五 年: 677,069,000港元)。截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止年度的純利為551,915,000港元 (二零一五年:450,381,000港元)。截至二 零一六年十二月三十一日止年度的每股基本 盈利為每股38.27港仙(二零一五年:29.94 港仙)。

年內,來自供應鏈業務分部的收益減少2.5% 至8,400,525,000港元,佔本集團總收益的 17.4%。來自配件業務及成品業務分部的收 益增加3.7%至23,209,932,000港元,佔本 集團總收益的48.2%。來自企業系統分部的 收益增加13.3%至16,283,214,000港元,佔 本集團總收益的33.8%。來自資訊科技服務 分部的收益增加至267.647.000港元,佔本 集團總收益的0.6%。







Geographically, both North Asia and South East Asia performed well in the year ended 31 December 2016. During the year, revenue generated in North Asia increased by 6.6% to HK\$39,222,760,000, contributing 81% of the total Group revenue. Revenue from South East Asia increased by 1.8% to HK\$8,938,558,000, contributing 19% of the total Group revenue.

The Group has continuously aimed to widen our product range in order to provide more choices to our customers. Our extensive and diversified product lines now include HP, Apple, Seagate, AMD, Intel, Western Digital, Lenovo, Dell, IBM, Acer, Microsoft, Oracle, Cisco, Asus and many more.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The directors are aware that the Group is exposed to various risks, including some which are specific to the Group or the industries in which the Group operates as well as others that are common to most if not all other businesses. The directors have established a policy to ensure that significant risks which may adversely affect the Group's performance and ability to deliver on its strategies, as well as those which may present positive opportunities, are identified, reported, monitored, and managed on a continuous basis.

The financial risk management policies and practices of the Group are shown in note 3 to the financial statements.

就地域而言,北亞及東南亞於截至二零一六 年十二月三十一日止年度表現良好。年內, 北亞的收益增加6.6%至39,222,760,000港 元,佔本集團總收益的81%。東南亞的收益 增加1.8%至8,938,558,000港元,佔本集團 總收益的19%。

本集團一直致力拓寬產品系列,以為客戶提 供更多選擇。本集團的廣泛及多元化產品線 現涵蓋惠普、蘋果、希捷、AMD、英特爾、 西部數據、聯想、戴爾、IBM、宏碁、微 軟、甲骨文、思科、華碩等。

# 主要風險及不確定因素

董事留意到,本集團面對多種風險,包括 部分本集團獨有或本集團經營所處行業的風 險,以及大部分其他業務(惟並非全部)的其 他風險。董事已制定政策,以確保可能對本 集團表現、實踐其策略的能力及可能出現的 正面機會有不利影響的重大風險加以持續識 別、報告、監控及管理。

本集團的財務風險管理政策及做法列於財務 報表附註3之中。





# Compliance with the Relevant Laws and Regulations

As far as the directors and management are aware, the Group has complied in all material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operations of the Group. During the year, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

# Relationships with Suppliers, Customers and other Stakeholders

The Group understands the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its suppliers and customers to meet its immediate and long-term goals. Regular and continuous communication with our suppliers, customers and other stakeholders are carried out through regular meetings, conferences, and promotional events.

# Environmental, Social and Corporate Responsibility

As a responsible corporation, the Group is committed to maintain the highest environmental and social standards to ensure sustainable development of its business. The Group has complied with all relevant laws and regulations in relation to its business including health and safety, workplace conditions, employment and the environment. The Group understands a better future depends on everyone's participation and contribution. It has encouraged employees, customers, suppliers and other stakeholders to participate in environmental and social activities which benefit the community as a whole.

## 遵循相關法律及法規

就董事及管理層所知,本集團已在所有重大 方面遵守對本集團的業務及經營有重大影響 的相關法律及法規。年內,本集團概無嚴重 違反或不遵守適用法律及法規。

# 與供應商、客戶及其他持份 者的關係

本集團理解與其供應商及客戶維持良好關係 以達致其即時及長期目標的重要性。本集團 透過定期會面、會議及推廣活動,定期及持 續與我們的供應商、客戶及其他持份者聯絡。

## 環境、社會及企業責任

本集團作為一間負責任的企業,致力維持最高環境及社會標準,以確保其業務的可持續發展。本集團已遵守所有與其業務有關之相關法律及法規,當中包括健康及安全、工作環境、僱用及環境。本集團理解,美好的將來有賴各人的參與及貢獻。我們鼓勵僱員、客戶、供應商及其他持份者參與環保及社會活動,為整個社區出一分力。







# **Prospects**

Our extensive portfolio of products will enable us to continue to drive growth for the Group. We will continue to execute strategies to increase market shares as well as the range of products offered. This will enable the Group to continue to focus on growth in all business segments.

Our strategy remains to constantly redefine our value proposition as a trusted partner with strong relationships and deep understanding of our customers' needs. Strategically we will continue to expand in China and South East Asia. We will continue to work actively to improve internal operational and financial efficiencies to improve margins. We will also continue to expand our business into mobility devices and cloud computing.

With our experienced and dedicated management team, we are confident that we will be able to continue to grow our business.

#### 前景

我們龐大的產品組合可使我們不斷推動本集 團的增長。本集團將持續執行策略以增加市 場佔有率及所提供的產品種類。這將有助本 集團繼續集中於所有業務分部的發展。

本集團秉持一貫策略,將集團的價值主張重新定義為值得信賴的合作夥伴,並與客戶建立深厚關係,且透徹理解客戶的需求。策略上,本集團將繼續在中國及東南亞擴展業務。本集團將不斷積極改善內部營運及財務效率以提升溢利率。本集團亦將持續拓展業務至移動裝置及雲端計算。

憑藉本集團經驗豐富且盡職盡責的管理團 隊,本集團對業務能繼續增長充滿信心。



# Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 31 December 2016, the Group's cash and cash equivalents were approximately HK\$1,980,026,000 (2015: approximately HK\$3,233,727,000).

As at 31 December 2016, the Group's borrowings amounted to approximately HK\$4,245,041,000 (2015: approximately HK\$5,621,014,000). The gearing ratio, calculated as borrowings less cash and cash equivalents divided by total equity, was 0.59 (2015: 0.63).

As at 31 December 2016, the Group recorded total current assets of approximately HK\$15,055,941,000 (2015: approximately HK\$15,771,714,000) and total current liabilities of approximately HK\$10,541,032,000 (2015: approximately HK\$11,930,811,000). The current ratio of the Group, calculated by dividing the total current assets by the total current liabilities, was approximately 1.43 times as at 31 December 2016 (2015: approximately 1.32 times).

The Group recorded an increase in shareholders' funds from approximately HK\$3,819,107,000 as at 31 December 2015 to approximately HK\$3,863,638,000 as at 31 December 2016.

# **Treasury Policies**

The Group generally finances its operations with internally generated resources and banking facilities provided by banks in the PRC, Hong Kong, Singapore, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia and the Philippines. The bank borrowings of the Group are predominantly subject to floating interest rates.

Cash and bank deposits of the Group are mainly denominated in United States dollars and Renminbi.

Transactions of the Group are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars, Renminbi, Singapore dollars, Thailand baht and Indonesian rupiah.

## 流動資金及財務資源

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團之現金及現金等價物約為1,980,026,000港元(二零一五年:約3,233,727,000港元)。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團之借貸約為4,245,041,000港元(二零一五年:約5,621,014,000港元)。負債比率(以借貸額減現金及現金等價物除以總權益計算)為0.59(二零一五年:0.63)。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團錄得流動資產總值約15,055,941,000港元(二零一五年:約15,771,714,000港元)以及流動負債總額約10,541,032,000港元(二零一五年:約11,930,811,000港元)。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團之流動比率(以流動資產總值除以流動負債總額計算)約為1.43倍(二零一五年:約1.32倍)。

本集團之股東資金由二零一五年十二月三十 一日的約3,819,107,000港元增至二零一六 年十二月三十一日的約3,863,638,000港元。

# 財務政策

本集團一般以內部產生之資源以及中國、香港、新加坡、泰國、馬來西亞、印尼以及菲律賓銀行所提供之銀行融資作為營運資金。 本集團銀行借貸主要以浮動利率計算利息。

本集團現金及銀行存款主要以美元及人民幣 計值。

本集團之交易主要以港元、美元、人民幣、 新加坡元、泰銖及印尼盾計值。

# Charge on Assets

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had property, plant and equipment held under finance leases and a building pledged against secured mortgage loan as set out in notes 5 and 18 to the financial statements.

# **Contingent Liabilities**

As at 31 December 2016, the Group did not have any contingent liabilities.

# **Employees**

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had 2,626 (2015: 2,535) full time employees.

The Group remunerates its employees mainly based on industry practice, individual's performance and experience. Apart from the basic remuneration, discretionary bonuses and share options may be granted to eligible employees by reference to the Group's performance as well as individual performance. Other benefits include medical, annual leave and retirement schemes. The net total remuneration paid for the year ended 31 December 2016 amounted to approximately HK\$549,016,000 (2015: approximately HK\$467,454,000). The Group also provides training courses or seminars to its staff.

#### 資產抵押

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團持有 財務報表附許5及18所載按融資租賃持有之物 業、廠房及設備以及質押作為一項按揭貸款 擔保的一座樓宇。

## 或然負債

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團並無 任何或然負債。

## 僱員

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團有 2,626名(二零一五年:2,535名)全職僱員。

本集團主要根據業內常規、個人表現及經驗 向其僱員支付薪酬。除基本薪酬外,我們亦 會參照本集團之業務表現以及個人表現向合 資格僱員授出酌情花紅及購股權。其他福利 包括醫療、年假及退休計劃。於截至二零一 六年十二月三十一日止年度支付之總薪酬淨 額約達549,016,000港元(二零一五年:約 467,454,000港元)。本集團亦為員工提供培 訓課程或研討會。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND COMPANY SECRETARY

# 董事及公司秘書履歷

#### **Executive Directors**



Mr. LI Jialin, aged 55, is one of the founders of the Group and is the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director, Mr. Li is also the director of VST Computers (H.K.) Limited ("VST Computers"), a subsidiary of the Company. He is responsible for the overall management and strategic positioning of the Group. Mr. Li graduated from Tsinghua University of the People's Republic of China with a Degree of Bachelor of Engineering in

1983 and a Master Degree in Management Engineering in 1986. Mr. Li is the father of Mr. Li Yue, an Executive Director of the Company.



Mr. ONG Wei Hiam, William, aged 45, is an Executive Director and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company. Mr. Ong is also the director of VST Computers, a subsidiary of the Company. He is responsible for the overall financial management of the Group. Mr. Ong holds a Bachelor Degree in Economics from University College London and a Master Degree in Analysis, Design & Management of Information Systems from the London School

of Economics and Political Science. Mr. Ong is a fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.



Ms. CHOW Ying Chi, aged 48, is an Executive Director and the Group Chief Operating Officer of the Company. Ms. Chow has been working with the Group since 1996. Ms. Chow started working in business development for the East and North China region and was appointed as operation director of the Company in 2002. Currently, Ms. Chow is the director of VST Computers and ECS Technology (China) Limited ("ECS China"), both are subsidiaries

of the Company. Ms. Chow is responsible for the overall business operations and management of VST Computers, and operation review and management of the development in ERP solution for ECS China. Ms. Chow holds a Bachelor Degree of Arts (Honours) in International Business from the University of Huddersfield in the United Kingdom.

## 執行董事

李佳林先生,55歳,本集團之創辦人之一及 本公司主席、行政總裁兼執行董事。李先生 亦為本公司附屬公司偉仕電腦(香港)有限公 司(「偉仕電腦」)之董事。彼負責本集團之整 體管理工作及策略制定。李先生畢業於中華 人民共和國清華大學,於一九八三年取得工 程學學士學位,並於一九八六年取得管理工 程碩士學位。李先生為本公司執行董事李玥 之父親。

王偉炘先生,45歲,本公司執行董事兼首 席財務總監。王先生亦為本公司附屬公司偉 仕電腦之董事。彼負責本集團之整體財務管 理。王先生持有倫敦大學學院經濟學學士學 位及倫敦政治經濟學院資訊系統分析、設計 及管理學碩士學位。王先生為英格蘭及威爾 斯特許會計師協會及香港會計師公會資深會 員。

鄒英姿女士,48歲,本公司執行董事兼集 團首席營運總監。鄒女士自一九九六年起於 本集團任職。鄒女士最初負責華東及華北地 區之業務發展,於二零零二年獲委任為本公 司之營運總監。目前,鄒女士為偉仕電腦及 佳杰科技(中國)有限公司(「佳杰中國」)之 董事,上述公司均為本公司附屬公司。鄒女 士負責偉仕電腦之整體業務營運及管理以及 佳杰中國之營運監督及ERP解決方案開發管 理。鄒女士持有英國哈德斯菲爾德大學之國 際商務文學士(榮譽)學位。



Mr. CHAN Hoi Chau, aged 47, appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in July 2009. He holds a Bachelor Degree in Electrical Engineering from the University of Wisconsin-Madison in the United States of America. Mr. Chan has over 20 vears of experience in personal computer and semiconductor industry. Mr. Chan is currently the Senior Vice President - Product Management of VST Computers, an indirectly wholly owned

subsidiary of the Company. Prior to joining the Company in 2005, Mr. Chan served as the Distribution Director of Advanced Micro Devices and was in charge of the distribution business in China and Hong Kong.





Mr. LI Yue, aged 28, appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in May 2016. Mr. Li joined the Company in 2012 and is currently the Vice President — Channel Sales of VST Computers, a subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Li is responsible for sales and distribution in Hong Kong. He holds a Bachelor of Arts in Economics from the University of Chicago in the United States of America. Mr. Li is the son of Mr. Li Jialin, the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of the Company.

李玥先生,28歳,於二零一六年五月獲委任 為本公司執行董事。李先生於二零一二年加 入本公司,現為本公司附屬公司偉仕電腦渠 道銷售副總裁。李先生負責香港地區的銷售 及分銷事宜。彼持有美利堅合眾國芝加哥大 學頒發的經濟學文學士學位。李先生為李佳 林先生(本公司主席、行政總裁兼執行董事) 之兒子。



Mr. YAO Jie, aged 38, appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in May 2016. Mr. Yao joined the Company in October 2015 as Senior Vice President, Strategy and Investment of the Company. Mr. Yao is mainly responsible for strategy development, merger and acquisition projects and investment, brand communication as well as corporate social responsibility of the Company. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Yao served

as Executive Director and President of New Energy Exchange Limited, which is a subsidiary of China Merchants New Energy Group, and Chief Communications Officer and Spokesperson of United Photovoltaics Group Limited, a Hong Kong listed company under China Merchants Group, responsible for investor relations management and capital market practices. From 2009 to 2013, Mr. Yao served as Chief Representative and General Manager of Investor Relations at China XLX Fertiliser Limited, the largest private-owned urea producer in PRC, responsible for investor relations

姚杰先生,38歲,於二零一六年五月獲委 任為本公司執行董事。姚先生於二零一五年 十月加入本公司, 擔任本公司戰略及投資高 級副總裁。姚先生主要負責本公司的戰略發 展、項目併購和投資、品牌營銷及企業社會 責任。加入本公司前,姚先生曾任職招商 新能源集團之附屬公司新能源交易所有限公 司之執行董事兼總裁以及招商局集團旗下香 港上市公司聯合光伏集團有限公司首席信息 官兼新聞發言人,負責投資者關係管理及資 本市場慣例。於二零零九年至二零一三年, 姚先生曾擔任中國最大的民營尿素生產商中 國心連心化肥有限公司之首席代表兼投資者 關係總經理,負責投資者關係及離岸集資活 動。此前,姚先生曾任職於數間大型知名公 司,包括一間納斯達克上市公司、英國最 大的獨立品牌營銷機構和一間中國一流的公 and offshore fundraising. Previously, Mr. Yao worked in several sizable and prestigious companies including a NASDAQ listed company, a largest independent brand communications firm in the United Kingdom as well as a top Chinese public relation company. Mr. Yao has more than 15 years' extensive experiences in listed company management, investor relations, capital market fundraising as well as brand communications.

關公司。姚先生在上市公司管理、投資者關係、資本市場集資和品牌營銷等領域具有超過15年的豐富經驗。

#### Non-Executive Director



Mr. LIANG Xin, aged 45, appointed as a Non-executive Director of the Company in December 2013. Mr. Liang graduated with a Bachelor Degree from the Department of Statistics of the Shanghai University of Finance and Economics in the People's Republic of China in 1992. Mr. Liang obtained a Master Degree in Finance from the Xiamen University in the PRC in 2005. From 1992 to 2004, Mr. Liang has held various positions in the PRC government

and the private sector. Mr. Liang has worked as a section officer in the Division of Human Resources and Education of Fujian Provincial Department of Finance. Mr. Liang has also worked as a section officer in 福建華興信 託投資公司 (Fujian Huaxing Trust and Investment Company Limited). Mr. Liang has worked as a head of general office in 華興證券 (Huaxing Securities Company Limited) ("Huaxing Securities") and has held the position of general manager in the Research and Development Department, the Securities Trading Department and the Investment Banking Department in Huaxing Securities where he was responsible for the stock and futures trading and investment banking businesses. Mr. Liang has participated in a number of initial public offering, listing recommendation, reorganisation and acquisition and distribution work in the PRC. Since June 2004, Mr. Liang has served as head of investment department, secretary of the board of directors, and vice president in Shenzhen Eternal Asia Supply Chain Management Ltd. ( 深圳市怡亞通供應鏈股份有限公司), the issued shares of which are listed in the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

## 非執行董事

梁欣先生,45歲,於二零一三年十二月獲委 任為本公司非執行董事。梁先生於一九九二 年畢業於中華人民共和國上海財經大學統計 學系,獲頒授學士學位。梁先生於二零零五 年取得中國廈門大學金融學碩士學位。一九 九二年至二零零四年,梁先生曾於中國政府 及私營公司歷任多職。梁先生曾任福建省財 政廳人事教育處科員。梁先生亦曾任福建華 興信託投資公司科員。梁先生曾擔任華興證 券(「華興證券」)辦公室主任,並於華興證券 的研究發展部、證券交易部及投資銀行部出 仟 總 經 理 , 負 責 股 票 及 期 貨 買 賣 以 及 投 資 銀 行業務。梁先生曾參與中國多項首次公開發 行、上市推薦、重組收購及分銷工作。自二 零零四年六月起,梁先生出任深圳市怡亞通 供應鏈股份有限公司的投資部主管、董事會 秘書及副總經理,該公司之已發行股份於深 圳證券交易所上市。

# **Independent Non-Executive Directors**



Mr. LI Wei, aged 62, appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in August 2007. Mr. Li was educated in the PRC, Germany and Australia. He has over 20 years of experience in establishing and operating businesses in Asia, particularly in Hong Kong and the PRC. Mr. Li has previously served as the Managing Director of a number of listed companies in Hong Kong. Mr. Li is now an independent non-executive director of

Yantai North Andre Juice Co., Ltd. and Qianhai Health Holdings Limited, the shares of both companies are listed on the Stock Exchange. He also serves as the Chairman of Remuneration Committee and members of Audit Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company.



Mr. LAM Hin Chi, aged 53, appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in June 2014. Mr. Lam graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a Professional Diploma in Management Accountancy and a Bachelor of Arts (Honours) in Accountancy. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and an associate member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England

and Wales, the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants. Mr. Lam has over 26 years of experience in finance, auditing and accounting. Mr. Lam currently is an independent non-executive director of China Environmental Technology and Bioenergy Holdings Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He also serves as the Chairman of Audit Committee and members of Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company.



Mr. HUNG Wai Man, JP, aged 48, appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in May 2016. Mr. Hung is the President of Internet Professional Association, Executive Chairman of Chinese Big Data Society, Academic Committee Member of PanGoal Institution and Principal Liaison Officer for Hong Kong, Shenzhen Qianhai Authority.

Mr. Hung is a seasoned ICT professional and angel investor. He has worked in the computer industry

#### 獨立非執行董事

李煒先生,62歲,於二零零七年八月獲委任 為本公司獨立非執行董事。李先生於中國、 德國及澳洲接受教育。彼於亞洲(尤其是香 及中國)設立及經營業務方面積逾20年經驗。 李先生曾擔任多間香港上市公司之董事總經 理。李先生現時擔任烟台北方安德利果汁股 行限公司及前海健康控股有限公司(兩家公司之股份均於聯交所上市)之獨立非執行 事。彼亦為本公司薪酬委員會主席以及審核 委員會及提名委員會成員。

**洪為民先生**,太平紳士,48歲,於二零一六年五月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。洪先生現為互聯網專業協會會長、華人大數據學會執行主席、盤古智庫學術委員及深圳市前海管理局香港事務首席聯絡官。

洪先生為擁有豐富經驗的資訊及通訊科技專家及天使投資者。彼從事電腦行業30年。

for 30 years. A well-known figure in the industry, Mr. Hung has extensive experience in management consulting, project management and outsourcing services. Mr. Hung is a Chartered Information Technology Professional and a fellow of the British Computer Society, the Hong Kong Institute of Directors, the Hong Kong Computer Society and the Internet Professional Association. He has been appointed as the Director and the eminent expert representing Hong Kong and China by the World Summit Awards.

Mr. Hung is currently the Vice Chairman of China Overseas Friendship Association's Youth Committee, Member of the Shenzhen Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, Member of the Chinese Association of Hong Kong and Macau Studies, Vice President of Guangdong's Association For Promotion of Cooperation between Guangdong, Hong Kong and Macao, Commissioner of Hong Kong Road Safety Patrol, Chairman Emeritus of the Y.Elites Association, Vice Chairman of the Monte Jade Science and Technology Association of Hong Kong, Secretary General of Hong Kong-ASEAN Economic Cooperation Foundation and Council Member of Hong Kong Professionals and Senior Executives Association etc. In 2012 to 2014, he had served as an associate member of the Central Policy Unit of the HKSAR Government. In 2008, Mr. Hung was selected as one of the

Ten Outstanding Young Persons of Hong Kong. He was the 11th Standing

Member of the All China Youth Federation. In 2015, he was appointed as a Justice of the Peace by the Hong Kong SAR Government. In 2016, he was

given the Asia Social Innovation Leadership Award by CMO Asia.

Mr. Hung graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a Higher Diploma in Maths, Statistics and Computing. He then obtained a BA(Hons) from the University of Bolton, MBA from the University of Hull and MA in Public and Comparative History from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He also obtained a LLM from the Renmin University of China and PhD in Business Administration from Bulacan State University, the Philippines and is currently pursuing his LLD study with the Renmin University of China. Mr. Hung also serves as the members of Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company.

Mr. WANG Xiaolong, aged 61, appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in May 2016. Mr. Wang graduated from Peking University with Ph.D. degree in economics. He is currently the vice chairman of China Trustee Association, council member of China Wealth Management 50 Forum (CWM50) and vice chairman of the academic committee of CWM50.

洪先生於業內享負盛名,於管理顧問、項目管理及外判服務方面擁有豐富經驗。洪先生為特許資訊科技專業人士,亦是英國電腦學會、香港董事學會、香港電腦學會及互聯網會、香港董事學會。彼獲世界訊息峰會大獎。委任為董事並代表香港及中國擔任傑出專家委員。

洪先生畢業於香港理工大學,獲頒發數學、統計及電子計算學高級文憑。彼其後取得傳國柏爾頓大學榮譽文學士、英國赫爾大學尊商 管碩士及香港中文大學比較和公共史學文學 領士。彼亦取得中國人民大學法學碩士共 律賓比立勤國立大學工商管理博士。洪先生 現為中國人民大學法學博士研究生。洪先生 現為中國人民大學法學會 ,薪酬委員會成員。

王曉龍先生,61歲,於二零一六年五月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。王先生畢業於北京大學,獲頒授經濟學博士學位。彼現任中國信託業協會副會長、中國財富管理50人論壇常務理事兼中國財富管理50人論壇學術委員會副主席。

From 1985 to 1990, Mr. Wang joined the National Economic System Reform Committee (NESRC) as director of the Research Office, later he was promoted to be department director. From 1990 to 1994, he acted as deputy director, executive deputy director of Beijing New-Tech Industry Development Zone. From 1994 to 1998, he was appointed to many important positions, such as director, deputy general manager of Hong Kong Jing-Tai Industrial (Group) Company Limited, general manager and chairman of board of Hong Kong Jing-Tai Finance Company Limited, board director and president of Hong Kong Jing-Tai Securities Company Limited, and the board chairman of Hong Kong Jing-Tai Industry Investment Company Limited. Mr. Wang was also the executive director and vice president of Beijing Enterprises Holdings Limited. From 1998 to present, Mr. Wang acts as president and vice chairman of Beijing International Trust and Investment Corporation Limited which is now transformed to Beijing International Trust Co. Ltd.

家經濟體制改革委員會研究所室主任,其後 獲晉升為部主任。於一九九零年至一九九四 年,彼任北京市新技術產業開發區副主任、 常務副主任。於一九九四年至一九九八年, 彼獲委任多個重要職位,如香港京泰實業(集 團)有限公司董事、副總經理;香港京泰財務 有限公司總經理、董事長;香港京泰證券有 限公司董事、總經理; 及香港京泰工業投資 有限公司董事長。王先生亦為北京控股有限 公司執行董事兼副總裁。自一九九八年起至 今,王先生出任北京國際信託投資有限公司 (現轉型為北京國際信託有限公司)總經理兼 副董事長。

於一九八五年至一九九零年,王先生出任國

Mr. Wang has a long time dedication to economic research and financial enterprise management, so he accumulates a rich and sound experience in finance, trusts, securities and investment funds and enjoys a good reputation in those areas. Mr. Wang has extensive experience in many different industries and areas, such as variety of investments, merging and acquisition, debt issuances, restructure, and IPO etc. Mr. Wang also serves as the members of Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company.

王先生長期從事經濟研究和金融企業管理工 作,故於金融、信託、證券及投資基金方面 累積豐富經驗,並於該等領域享負盛名。王 先生於多項投資、併購、發債、重組、首次 公開發售等多個不同行業及領域擁有廣泛經 驗。王先生亦擔任本公司審核委員會、薪酬 委員會及提名委員會成員。

# Company Secretary



Ms. YUE Cheuk Ying, aged 36, appointed as the company secretary of the Company in September 2011 and is responsible for the secretarial matters of the Group. She holds a Bachelor of Arts (Honours) in Public and Social Administration and a Master of Science in Professional Accounting and Corporate Governance from the City University of Hong Kong. She is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. She joined the Group in 2009.

# 公司秘書

余卓盈女士,36歲,於二零一一年九月獲委 任為本公司之公司秘書,負責本集團之秘書 事宜。彼持有香港城市大學公共及社會行政 (榮譽)文學士學位及專業會計與企業管治理 學碩士學位。彼為香港特許秘書公會會員及 特許秘書及行政人員公會會員。彼於二零零 九年加入本集團。

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

# 環境、社會及管治報告

This Environmental, Social and Governance (the "ESG") Report is prepared in accordance with the ESG Reporting Guide as set out in Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules, which covers the overall performance, policies and practices of the Group's business and operations in terms of its environmental and social responsibilities, for the year ended 31 December 2016.

As a leading distributor of Information, Communication and Technology ("ICT") products in Asia, we strive to maximize the long-term benefits of all our stakeholders by continuously communicating with them and effectively balancing their respective expectations and needs in order to achieve sustainable development of the Company.

#### A. Environmental Protection

The Group undertakes environmental protection as part of its corporate responsibilities, and it is fully aware of the importance of sustainable environmental development in promoting sustainability in its operations. The Group is committed to implementing different environmental protection measures to reduce the impacts on the environment.

#### **Emissions**

As our business is mainly trading in nature, the operations of our Group does not have significant impacts on air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. Air and gas emission and non-hazardous waste generated by the Group is minimal. During the year under review, the Group did not have any non-compliance issues related to the environmental laws and regulations.

#### Use of Resources

The Group highly encourages the efficient use of resources while endeavours to reduce, reuse and recycle of resources to prevent the unnecessary waste of resources and minimize the impacts on the environment and natural resources.

此環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告乃根據上市規則附錄27所載的環境、社會及管治報告指引編製,涵蓋截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度本集團的業務及營運就其環境及社會責任方面而言的整體表現、政策及實踐。

作為亞洲領先的資訊、通訊及科技(「資訊、通訊及科技」)產品分銷商,我們致力於透過與所有持份者不斷溝通有效平衡彼等各自的期望及需求以最大限度地實現彼等的長期利益,以實現本公司的可持續發展。

#### A. 環境保護

本集團將環境保護視為其企業責任的一部分,並深諳可持續的環境發展對促進 其營運可持續性的重要性。本集團致力 於實施不同的環保措施,以減少對環境 的影響。

#### 排放

由於我們的業務主要為貿易性質,因此本集團的營運對廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢物的產生並無顯著的影響。本集團產生的廢氣及氣體排放及無害廢物極少。於回顧年度內,本集團並無發生任何與環境法律及法規相關的不合規事宜。

#### 資源使用

本集團大力鼓勵有效利用資源,努力減 少資源用量、實現資源的重複利用及回 收,以防止資源的不必要浪費,減少對 環境及自然資源的影響。

Due to the nature of our business, the resources used by the Group are principally attributed to electricity and paper consumed at our offices and warehouses. The Group continues its commitment in reducing the energy consumption by reminding employees to switch off their computers before leaving office, switch off the lighting in the conference rooms and other functional rooms when they are not in use and turn the electronic equipment into energy-saving mode whenever possible. The Group continues the efforts in reducing and recycling of paper usage, by reminding our staff to have environmentally friendly printing and photocopying habit, encouraging double-sided printing and scanning documents to the Company's server system rather photocopying whenever possible, implementing password system for colour printing and separate collection of waste paper and used envelopes for reuse and recycling.

#### **Environment and Natural Resources**

Due to the nature of our Group's operations, environmental impact and use of natural resources is considered minimal.

#### B. Social

The Group believes that building a harmonious and prosperous community atmosphere can achieve a win-win situation and promote long-term corporate benefit. Through the areas on our employment and labour practices, operational practices and social involvement, we establish a mutually beneficial relationship with our internal and external stakeholders.

#### **Employment**

The Group believes that employees are the most important and valuable assets contributing to the key of success and sustainable growth of the Company as a whole. The Group strictly complies with all the relevant labour laws and regulations under respective jurisdictions. The Group treats all the employees equally that their employment, remuneration, promotion or dismissal will not be affected by their social identities such as race, nationality, gender, religion, age and marital status.

由於業務性質使然,本集團所使用的 資源主要為我們辦公室及倉庫所消耗的 電力及紙張。本集團通過提醒僱員在離 開辦公室之前關閉電腦、會議室及其他 功能性房間不使用時關燈及電子設備盡 量設為節能模式以繼續履行其減少能源 消耗的承諾。本集團又透過提醒員工養 成環保的打印及複印習慣、鼓勵雙面打 印及盡可能將文件掃描至本公司服務器 系統而代替複印、實施彩色打印密碼系 統,分類收集廢紙及用過的信封以便重 複利用及回收以達至減少用紙量及回收 紙張作循環再用用途。

#### 環境及自然資源

由於營運性質使然,本集團認為其對環 境影響及自然資源用量極小。

## B. 社會

本集團認為,營造和諧繁榮的社會氛圍 可達致雙贏局面,並可為企業帶來長遠 利益。透過我們的僱傭及勞工實踐、營 運實踐及社會參與等領域,我們與內部 及外部持份者建立了互惠互利的關係。

#### 僱傭

本集團認為,員工乃最重要及最寶貴的 資產,為本公司得以整體成功及可持續 發展的關鍵。本集團嚴格遵守有關司法 權區內所有相關勞動法律法規。本集團 對所有僱員一視同仁,彼等的僱傭、 薪酬、晉升或被解聘不會受其種族、國 籍、性別、宗教、年齡及婚姻狀況等社 會身份影響。

The Group offers competitive remuneration, promotional opportunity, compensation and benefit packages to attract and retain talents. Salaries are reviewed and adjusted on a yearly basis based on individual performance and the market situation. Employees are also entitled to discretionary bonus, share options and Company's shares to recognize their contributions to the Group by reference to the Group's performance as well as individual performance. Other benefits include medical insurance, paid leave and retirement scheme are provided.

During the year under review, the Group did not have any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations.

#### Health and Safety

Workplace safety is extremely important to the Group. The Group is committed to maintain a safe and healthy working environment and offer occupational safety training to employees. The Group also provides guidelines to staff in warehouses in order to raise awareness on occupational safety and health. For example, warning notice is placed around the warehouse for reminding the employees careful operation of electric reach trucks. During the year under review, the Group did not have any work related fatality case or any noncompliance with the relevant laws and regulations.

Apart from workplace safety, a healthy lifestyle is promoted to the employees. The Group organizes annual dinner, Christmas party and Chinese New Year lunch every year to share the joy and happiness amongst the employees and enhance their sense of belonging. Also, to have a better work-life balance between the employees, overtime working is not encouraged unless it is necessary. Employees are encouraged to participate in other activities such as sports or other interest courses to achieve a healthy work-life balance.

#### **Development and Training**

The Group considers development and training is one of the important elements contributing the success of the Group. The Group provides on-the-job and internal training to different level of staff. Employees are also highly encouraged to attend external training courses and seminars that related to their job nature to enrich their knowledge in discharging their duties. Our training covers products knowledge, sales and marketing, operational skills, workflow management skills, leadership and management skills.

本集團提供有競爭力的薪酬、晉升機會、補償及福利待遇,以吸引及挽留人才。薪酬會每年根據個人表現及市場情況進行檢討及調整。僱員亦有權根、集團表現及個人表現獲得酌情花紅、購股權及本公司股份,以表彰彼等對本集團的貢獻。其他福利包括醫療保險、有薪假期及退休計劃。

於回顧年度內,本集團並無任何不遵守 相關法律及法規的情況。

#### 健康及安全

工作場所安全對本集團而言極為重要。,本集團致力維持安全健康的工作環境,並向僱員提供職業安全培訓。本集團的工作環境工程供指引,以增強員工的職業安全及健康意識。例如,在倉庫四周設置警告牌,提醒員工要謹慎操作電動叉車。於回顧年度內,本集團並未發生任何工傷死亡事故或任何不遵守相關法律及法規的情況。

#### 發展及培訓

本集團認為發展及培訓乃本集團獲得成功的重要因素之一。本集團向各級員工提供在職及內部培訓,亦大力鼓勵僱員參加與其工作性質有關的外部培訓課程及研討會,以豐富其履行職責方面銷售知級。我們的培訓涵蓋產品知識、銷售及時理技巧、工作流程管理技巧、領導及管理技巧。

#### **Labour Standards**

The Group strictly complies with the relevant rules and regulations in relevant jurisdictions relating to child and forced labour. The Group prohibits the employment of child and forced labour in any of our operations. All the employees and job applicants enjoy equal opportunities and fair treatment.

Every potential job applicant is required to complete the employment application form, which will be checked and reviewed by the Human Resource Department to ensure the information provided is accurate. During the year under review, the Group did not have an issues relating to child or forced labour or any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations.

#### Supply Chain Management

As a leading ICT products distributor, supply chain management forms a very essential part in the Group. The Group implements an efficient supply chain management system that strengthen the role of different parties between suppliers, distributors and retailers and to ensure high quality of services and products are delivered to our customers.

Most of our top suppliers are well-established and well-known brands such as HP, Seagate, Western Digital, Dell, Lenovo, and Apple to name a few. Majority of our suppliers are governed by the laws and regulations in the U.S. and other countries and they are expected to comply with relevant laws and regulations in relation to safety and environmental management standards so that their products are up to standard. The Group emphasizes on the relationship and communications with the suppliers to promote sustainable development. The Group has strict selection process on its suppliers taking into considerations such elements as supplier qualification, past portfolio, product quality and recall policy, market conditions and customers' preference. The Group will review and monitor the performance of the suppliers and provide feedback to them from time to time.

#### Product Responsibility

To provide high quality of products and services to our customers, the Group carefully selects our suppliers with good reputation. The Group will review the specifications of each product provided by the suppliers before launching to our customers to ensure that each product provided to customers are up to their standards and requirements.

#### 勞工標準

本集團嚴格遵守相關司法權區與童工及 強迫性勞工相關的有關規則及規例。本 集團禁止在任何經營業務中僱用童工及 強迫性勞工。所有僱員與應徵者均享有 平等機會及公平對待。

每位潛在應徵者均須填寫職位申請表, 人事部門會檢查及審閱申請表以確保所 提供資料的準確性。於回顧年度內,本 集團並無有關童工或強迫性勞工或任何 違反相關法律及法規的問題。

#### 供應鏈管理

作為領先的資訊、通訊及科技產品分銷 商,供應鏈管理乃本集團極為重要的一 部分。本集團實施一套有效的供應鏈管 理系統,可加強供應商、分銷商及零售 商各方之間的互動,以確保能夠向客戶 提供優質的服務及產品。

我們的絕大多數主要供應商乃久富盛譽 的知名品牌,例如惠普、希捷、西部 數據、戴爾、聯想、蘋果等。大多數 供應商受美國及其他國家的法律及法規 管轄,並須遵守與安全及環境管理標準 相關的法律及法規,以使其產品均符合 標準。本集團重視與供應商的關係及溝 通,以促進可持續發展。本集團對其供 應商實施嚴格的甄選流程,並慮及諸如 供應商資質、過往產品組合、產品質 量及召回政策、市場狀況及客戶偏好等 因素。本集團將檢討及監控供應商的表 現, 並不時向其提供反饋意見。

#### 產品責任

為向客戶提供優質產品及服務,本集團 審慎甄選聲譽良好的供應商。在向客戶 提供產品之前,本集團將審查供應商所 提供各類產品的規格,以確保提供予 客戶的各類產品均符合彼等的標準及要 求。

As a comprehensive distributor, we not only endeavour to provide high quality products to our customers, but also wide range of value-added services to our suppliers and customers. We provide product return and exchange procedures for our customers and we will report and provide feedback on any complaints about the quality of the products to our suppliers for their further review and improvement.

In addition, the Group strives to protect personal data and privacy of every customer. All the employees are obligated to retain in confidence any information obtained in connection with their employment, such as client information and supplier information.

The Group also pays high attention in protecting the interest of intellectual property rights. When the Group engages a supplier to sell its products, we will liaise with the supplier on the terms and conditions on the sale of the products and a distributor agreement will be signed by both parties to ensure that the Group has the right and authority to sell the products on behalf of the suppliers.

#### **Anti-corruption**

The Group maintains a high standard of business integrity throughout its operations and corrupt practices and bribery are strictly tolerated. The Group complies strictly with the relevant laws and regulations in relation to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. There are anti-corruption and anti-bribery guidelines provided to all the employees. During the year under review, the Group did not have any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations.

The Group has a Compliance Department to monitor the compliance issue and to ensure that all employees are aware of the importance of integrity and honesty as the Group's core value. The Group has stringent Code of Conduct that requires the employees and our business partners to follow strictly. There are two aspects in the Group's Code of Conduct. One is related to employees. All newly joined employees are required to sign the Employee's Handbook and an Integrity Declaration and attend anti-corruption training. All employees are also required to attend anti-corruption training every year to remind them on the importance of integrity. As for our business partners, such as suppliers, terms and conditions related to anti-corruption are included in all the purchasing and sale agreements to ensure both parties are fully aware of their responsibilities.

作為一家綜合分銷商,我們不僅致力為客戶提供優質產品,亦為供應商及客戶提供廣泛的增值服務。我們為客戶提供退換貨流程,並向相關供應商報告及反饋與產品質量相關的投訴,以供彼等作進一步檢討及改進。

此外,本集團努力保護每名客戶的個人 資料及隱私。所有僱員均須對彼等職位 獲得的任何資料保密,如客戶資料及供 應商資料。

本集團亦高度重視保護知識產權方面的 權益。當本集團有意代理一名供應商銷 售其產品時,我們將就銷售產品的條款 及條件與供應商進行磋商,雙方將簽署 分銷協議,以確保本集團獲得權利及授 權代表供應商銷售產品。

#### 反貪污

本集團在其運營過程中保持高度的商業 誠信標準,嚴令禁止貪污及賄賂行為。 本集團嚴格遵守與賄賂、勒索、欺詐及 洗黑錢相關的法律及法規。我們已為所 有僱員提供反貪污及反賄賂指引。於回 顧年度內,本集團並無任何不遵守相關 法律及法規的情況。

The Group also has whistle-blowing policy which provides channels for employees to report any malpractice, misconduct or illegal action. All the information collected and received will be kept confidential and the Group's internal audit department will conduct internal investigation and report to senior management.

#### Community Investment

As a corporate citizen, the Group has been supporting and engaging in community and charitable activities in order to achieve a harmonious and sustainable development between enterprise and the community.

The Group has great focus on education and development of young people in supporting the community. In 2016, the Group worked with Graduate School of Shenzhen Tsinghua University to set up a technology and innovation research centre to support the technology development in China. At the same time, the Group can attract potential employees from students graduate from the research centre to increase the competitiveness of the Group. The Group also made donation to Tsinghua Alumni Association of Hong Kong and Tsinghua University Education Foundation to support the long-term education development in both Hong Kong and China.

In regard to our industry, the Group has made donation to Hong Kong Information Technology Joint Council to support the latest technology development and promote and foster support for Hong Kong as the IT hub in the region.

本集團亦設有舉報政策,為僱員報告任 何玩忽職守、不當行為或非法行為提供 渠道。所收集及收取的全部資料將予以 保密,由本集團的內部審計部門進行內 部調查並向高級管理層報告。

#### 社區投資

作為企業公民,本集團一直支持並參與 社區及慈善活動,以實現企業與社區之 間的和諧及可持續發展。

在支持社區方面,本集團十分重視青少 年的教育及發展。於二零一六年,本集 團 與清華大 學深 圳研究生院合作成立一 所技術創新研究中心,以支持中國的科 技發展。同時,本集團可從該研究中心 的畢業生中吸納潛在僱員以提高本集團 的競爭力。本集團亦向香港清華同學會 及清華大學教育基金會作出捐款,以支 持香港及中國的長期教育發展。

就我們所在行業而言,本集團已向香港 資訊科技聯會作出捐款,以支持最新的 科技發展,促進並支持香港作為區內資 訊科技中心的地位。

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

# 企業管治報告

The board of directors (the "Board") of the Company is pleased to present this Corporate Governance Report for the year ended 31 December 2016 and up to the date of this report.

本公司董事會(「董事會」)欣然提呈截至二零 一六年十二月三十一日止年度及直至本報告 日期之本企業管治報告。

The Company endeavours to attain high standards of corporate governance practices to enhance and maintain shareholder value and investor confidence.

本公司致力達致高標準之企業管治常規水平,以提高及維持股東價值及投資者信心。

## **Corporate Governance Practices**

# Throughout the year ended 31 December 2016, the Company has complied with the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules") except for some code provisions which are explained in the relevant paragraphs below.

# The Company will continue to review and improve its corporate governance practices from time to time to ensure that its corporate governance practices comply with the regulatory requirements and appropriate for the needs of its business.

The key corporate governance principles and practices of the Company are summarised as follows:

# 企業管治常規

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止整個年度內,本公司一直遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄14所載之企業管治守則(「守則」),惟下文相關段落所闡述之若干守則條文除外。

本公司將持續不時審閱並改善企業管治常規,確保企業管治常規符合監管規定,並對 業務需要屬恰當。

本公司之主要企業管治原則及常規概述如下:

#### **Board of Directors**

#### Composition

The composition of the Board ensures a balance of skills and experience necessary for its independent judgement and fulfilling its business needs.

The Board currently comprises eleven members, consisting of six Executive Directors, one Non-executive Director and four Independent Non-executive Directors.

# 董事會

#### 組成.

董事會的組成應確保其具備足以協助董事會作出獨立判斷及滿足業務需求所需的技能與經驗之平衡。

董事會現時由十一名成員組成,包括六名執 行董事、一名非執行董事及四名獨立非執行 董事。 企業管治報告(續)

The Board of the Company comprises the following Directors:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Li Jialin (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Ong Wei Hiam, William

Ms. Chow Ying Chi

Mr. Chan Hoi Chau

Mr. Li Yue

(Appointed on 31 May 2016)

Mr. Yao Jie

(Appointed on 31 May 2016)

#### Non-executive Directors

Ms. Liu Li (Retired on 31 May 2016)

Mr. Liang Xin

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Li Wei

Mr. Lam Hin Chi

Mr. Ng Yat Cheung

(Retired on 31 May 2016)

Mr. Hung Wai Man

(Appointed on 31 May 2016)

Mr. Wang Xiaolong

(Appointed on 31 May 2016)

The list of Directors (by category) is also disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules from time to time.

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three Independent Non-executive Directors and at the same time representing at least one-third of the Board with at least one Independent Non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each Independent Non-executive Director of his independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.

本公司董事會包括下列董事:

#### 執行董事

李佳林先生(主席兼行政總裁)

干偉炘先生

鄒英姿女十

陳海洲先生

李玥先生

(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)

姚杰先生

(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)

#### 非執行董事

劉莉女士(於二零一六年五月三十一日退任) 梁欣先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

李煒先生

藍顯賜先生

吳日章先生

(於二零一六年五月三十一日退任)

洪為民先生

(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)

王曉龍先生

(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)

董事名單(按類別分類)亦根據上市規則不時 於本公司所刊發之所有企業通訊內披露

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度 內,董事會一直符合上市規則須委任最少三 名獨立非執行董事並同時佔董事會成員人數 至少三分之一,而其中至少一名獨立非執行 董事須具備適當專業資格或會計或相關財務 管理專長之相關規定。

本公司已獲得各獨立非執行董事根據上市規 則之規定就其獨立身份所發出之年度書面確 認。本公司認為,根據上市規則所載有關獨 立身份之指引,所有獨立非執行董事均為獨 立人士。

The Independent Non-executive Directors bring a wide range of technical, business and financial expertise, experiences and independent judgement to the Board. Through their active participation in Board meetings, taking the lead in managing issues involving potential conflict of interests and serving on Board committees, all Independent Non-executive Directors make various contributions to the effective direction of the Company.

#### **Board Diversity**

The Board has established a policy setting out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board (the "Board Diversity Policy") with the aims of enhancing Board effectiveness and corporate governance as well as achieving better performance of the Company. In designing the board composition, board diversity can be achieved through consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and education background, professional skills, industry experience and knowledge and length of service. In considering these perspectives on diversity, the Company will also take into account factors based on its business model and specific needs from time to time.

The Nomination Committee will be responsible for identifying suitably qualified candidates to become members of the Board and, in carrying out this responsibility, will give adequate consideration to the Board Diversity Policy. During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee had taken the Board Diversity Policy into account in relation to the appointment of Mr. Li Yue and Mr. Yao Jie as the Executive Directors and Mr. Hung Wai Man and Mr. Wang Xiaolong as the Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company.

The current Board consists of a diverse mix of Board members with different appropriate skills, knowledges and experience to promote and achieve better performance of the Company.

#### Responsibilities

The overall management of the Company's business is vested in the Board, which assumes the responsibility for leadership and control of the Company and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. All Directors should take decisions objectively in the interests of the Company.

獨立非執行董事為董事會貢獻廣泛之技術、商業及財務專長、經驗及獨立判斷。全體獨立非執行董事透過積極參與董事會會議,於管理涉及潛在利益衝突之事宜上發揮領導作用,並服務董事委員會,為有效領導本公司作出各種貢獻。

#### 董事會成員多元化

董事會制定了一項政策,載列董事會實現多元化的方法(「董事會成員多元化政策」),在提高董事會效力、企業管治以及實現本公司更好的業績。設定董事會組成時,會經不到人。 一個因素考慮董事會成員多元化,包括但來限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專應不持能、行業經驗、知識和服務年限。考慮該等等。

提名委員會將負責物色具備合適資格的候選 人擔任董事會成員,並在履行此職責時充分 考慮董事會成員多元化政策。截至二零一六 年十二月三十一日止年度,提名委員會及 酬委員會在任命李玥先生及姚杰先生為本公 司執行董事以及任命洪為民先生及王曉龍 生為獨立非執行董事時,已慮及董事會成員 多元化政策。

現時董事會由多元化成員組成, 彼等具有不同的適當技能、知識及經驗,可促進和實現本公司更好的業績。

#### 責任

全面管理本公司業務之責任歸於董事會,其承擔本公司之領導及監控責任,並集體負責透過指導及監督本公司事務推動本公司成功。全體董事均須客觀地作出符合本公司利益之決定。

The Board reserves for its decisions on all major matters of the Company, including: the approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant financial and operational matters.

董事會保留對本公司一切重大事宜的決定 權,包括:批准及監察一切政策事宜、整體 策略及預算、內部監控及風險管理制度、重 大交易(特別是可能涉及利益衝突者)、財務 資料、委任董事及其他重大財務與營運事宜。

All Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the company secretary of the Company, with a view to ensuring that Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed.

全體董事均可全面並及時地獲得所有相關資 料,及要求本公司之公司秘書提供意見及服 務,以確保遵循董事會程序及所有適用規則 和規例。

Each Director is able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense, upon making request to the Board.

各董事均可於適當情況下經向董事會提出要 求後尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and the senior management. The delegated functions and work tasks are periodically reviewed. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the abovementioned officers.

本公司之日常管理、行政及運作已轉授本公 司行政總裁及高級管理層負責。所轉授之職 能及工作任務會定期檢討。上述高級人員訂 立任何重大交易前,必須事先取得董事會批 准。

The Board has full support of the Chief Executive Officer and the senior management to discharge their responsibilities.

董事會獲行政總裁及高級管理層全力支持以 履行其職責。

#### **Corporate Governance Functions**

#### 企業管治職能

In order to meet higher standard of the corporate governance requirement, the Board as a whole is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties such as developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance; reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management and the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirement; and reviewing the Company's compliance with the code and disclosure in this report.

為符合更高標準之企業管治規定,董事會全 體負責履行企業管治職務,如制訂及審核本 公司之企業管治政策及常規; 審核及監察董 事及高級管理層培訓及持續專業發展以及本 公司政策及常規是否符合法律及監管規定; 以及審閱本公司對守則之合規情況及於本報 告的披露。

#### **Board Meetings**

Directors' Attendance and Number of Meetings

The attendance of Directors at Board meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2016 is set out below:

#### 董事會會議

董事出席情況及會議次數 於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度 內,董事出席董事會會議之情況載列如下:

Attendance/
Number of Meetings

Directors	董事	出席/舉行會議次數
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Li Jialin	李佳林先生	4/4
Mr. Ong Wei Hiam, William	王偉炘先生	4/4
Ms. Chow Ying Chi	鄒英姿女士	4/4
Mr. Chan Hoi Chau	陳海洲先生	4/4
Mr. Li Yue (Appointed on 31 May 2016)	李玥先生(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)	2/2
Mr. Yao Jie (Appointed on 31 May 2016)	姚杰先生(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)	2/2
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事	
Ms. Liu Li (Retired on 31 May 2016)	劉莉女士(於二零一六年五月三十一日退任)	2/2
Mr. Liang Xin	梁欣先生	4/4
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Li Wei	李煒先生	4/4
Mr. Lam Hin Chi	藍顯賜先生	4/4
Mr. Ng Yat Cheung (Retired on 31 May 2016)	吳日章先生(於二零一六年五月三十一日退任)	2/2
Mr. Hung Wai Man (Appointed on 31 May 2016)	洪為民先生(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)	2/2
Mr. Wang Xiaolong (Appointed on 31 May 2016)	王曉龍先生(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)	2/2

#### Practices and Conduct of Meetings

Annual meeting schedules and draft agenda of each meeting are normally made available to Directors in advance. Notices of Board meetings are served to all Directors in accordance with the Code before the meetings.

Agenda and Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all Directors at least 3 days before each Board meeting or committee meeting to keep the Directors appraised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions. The Board and each Director also have separate and independent access to the senior management whenever necessary.

The Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of the Company normally attend all regular Board meetings and when necessary, other committee meetings to advise on business developments, financial and accounting matters, statutory compliance, corporate governance and other major aspects of the Company.

會議常規及舉行方式

週年大會時間表及每次會議之草擬議程一般 會預先分發予董事。董事會會議通告於會前 根據守則送達全體董事。

議程及董事會文件連同所有適用、完備及可 靠資料於各董事會會議或委員會會議前至少 三日送達全體董事,令董事了解本公司之最 新發展及財政狀況,供彼等作出知情決定。 董事會及各董事亦於有需要時與高級管理層 單獨及獨立溝通。

本公司行政總裁、首席財務總監及公司秘書 一般會出席所有定期董事會會議及(如有需要)其他委員會會議,以就本公司之業務發展、財政及會計事宜、法定合規、企業管治 及其他重大方面提出意見。 Minutes of all Board meetings and committee meetings are kept by the Company Secretary. Draft minutes are normally circulated to Directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for Directors' inspection.

According to the current Board practice, any material transaction, which involves a conflict of interests for a substantial shareholder or a Director, will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The Company's Articles of Association also contain provisions requiring Directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such Directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

#### **General Meetings**

Under the code provision A.6.7, independent non-executive directors and non-executives directors should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Mr. Li Jialin, Ms. Chow Ying Chi, Ms. Liu Li, Mr. Liang Xin, Mr. Li Wei and Mr. Ng Yat Cheung, were unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 31 May 2016 due to other important engagements. All other directors had attend the 2016 annual general meeting to answer questions and collect views of shareholders.

#### Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Code provision A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and CEO should be clearly established and set out in writing.

The current Chairman and CEO of the Company is Mr. Li Jialin. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both Chairman and CEO in the same person will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Directors and the management of the Company and considers that this structure will enable the Group to make and implement decisions promptly and effectively. The Directors will meet regularly to consider major matters affecting the operations of the Company.

所有董事會會議及委員會會議記錄均由公司 秘書存檔。會議記錄草擬本一般於每次會議 後一段合理時間內供董事傳閱及提出意見, 而定稿亦可供董事查閱。

依據現有董事會常規,涉及主要股東或董事 利益衝突之任何重大交易,將於正式召開之 董事會會議上由董事會審議及處理。本公司 之組織章程細則亦載有條文,要求董事於就 批准其或其任何聯繫人於當中擁有重大權益 之交易之會議 上放棄投票,且不得被計入會 議法定人數內。

#### 股東大會

根據守則條文第A.6.7條,獨立非執行董事及 非執行董事應出席股東大會,對股東的意見 有持平的了解。李佳林先生、鄒英姿女士、 劉莉女士、梁欣先生、李煒先生及吳日章先 生因其他重要公務未能出席本公司於二零一 六年五月三十一日舉行之股東週年大會。所 有其他董事均出席了二零一六年度股東週年 大會,回應提問及聽取股東之意見。

#### 主席及行政總裁

守則條文第A.2.1條規定,主席與行政總裁 (「行政總裁」)之角色應有區分,不應由一人 同時兼任。主席與行政總裁之職責分工應清 楚界定並以書面列載。

本公司現時的主席兼行政總裁為李佳林先 生。董事會相信將主席及行政總裁的角色歸 屬同一人將不會影響董事與本公司管理層之 間的權力及權限平衡,並認為此架構將可讓 本集團能即時有效地制訂及推行決策。董事 將定期舉行會議以考慮影響本公司營運的重 大事宜。

#### Appointment and Re-election of Directors

Each Director of the Company has either entered a service contract with the Company or has an appointment letter. The Directors are not appointed for any specific length or proposed length of services and their term of service shall continue unless and until terminated by either party by a specific months of notice in writing. Under the service agreements, the initial annual emoluments of each Executive Director is fixed and the remuneration payable to each of them will be reviewed by the Board each year.

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of directors are laid down in the Company's Articles of Association. Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, all Directors will be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and any new Directors appointed to fill a causal vacancy or as an addition to the Board shall submit himself/herself for re-election by shareholders at the first general meeting after appointment.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Board composition, Board diversity, developing and formulating the relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of Directors, monitoring the appointment of Directors and assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors.

The Nomination Committee reviews the structure, size and composition of the Board regularly to ensure that it has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company. Where vacancies on the Board exist, the Nomination Committee will carry out the selection process by making reference to the skills, experience, professional knowledge, personal integrity and time commitments of the proposed candidates, the Company's needs, the Board Diversity Policy and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations.

In accordance with Article 87 of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Li Jialin, Mr. Liang Xin, Mr. Li Wei and Mr. Lam Hin Chi will retire from office and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. The Board has recommended the re-appointment of the Directors standing for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. The Company's circular contains detailed information of the Directors standing for re-election.

#### 董事委任及重選機制

本公司各董事已與本公司訂立服務合約或獲 發委任函。董事並非按任何特定任期或建議 任期委任,除非及直至任何一方發出指定月 數之書面通知予以終止,否則彼等的任期將 一直持續。根據服務協議,各執行董事之初 步年度酬金固定,而董事會將會每年審閱應 付各執行董事之薪酬。

董事委任、重選及免職之程序和流程在本公司之組織章程細則中均有規定。根據本公司之組織章程細則,全體董事均將須至少每三年輪值退任一次,而任何獲委任填補董事會臨時空缺或作為新增成員之新董事均須於獲委任後之首次股東大會上接受股東重選。

提名委員會負責審核董事會組成、董事會成 員多元化,發展制訂提名和委任董事之相關 程序,監察董事之委任,評估獨立非執行董 事之獨立性。

提名委員會定期審核董事會之架構、規模和組成,確保其具備本公司業務所需專長、技能與經驗之平衡。若董事會出現空缺,專業人委員會將參考候選人之技能、經驗、專業知識、個人誠信和投入時間、本公司之需要表別,執行遴選程序。

根據本公司組織章程細則第87條,李佳林先生、梁欣先生、李煒先生及藍顯賜先生將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上退任,並符合資格且願意膺選連任。董事會已推薦重新委任在本公司應屆股東週年大會上候選連任之董事。本公司通函載有擬重選連任之董事之詳細資料。

#### Continuing Professional Development

Each newly appointed Director is provided with necessary induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment, so as to ensure that he/she has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and that he/she is fully aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

In addition, all Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company continuously updates Directors on the legal and regulatory developments, and the business and market changes to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. All Directors have participated in continuous professional development by attending seminars or reading relevant materials and provided a record of training they received during the year to the Company.

#### Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code"). Specific enquiry has been made to all the Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2016.

The Company also has established a written guideline on terms no less exacting terms than the Model Code for governing the securities transactions by employees who are likely to be possession of unpublished price-sensitive information of the Company or its securities. No incident of non-compliance by the employees was noted by the Company.

#### **Board Committees**

The Board has established three committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference.

The majority members of each Board committee are Independent Nonexecutive Directors and the list of the Chairman and members of each Board committee is set out under the section of "Corporate Information" of this annual report.

#### 持續專業發展

每名新委任董事均於首次獲委任時獲得就任 須知,以確保其妥為了解本公司之業務及營 運,且充分明瞭其於上市規則及相關監管規 定下之責任及義務。

此外,本公司鼓勵全體董事參與持續專業進 修,以發展及更新彼等之知識及技能。本公 司持續向董事提供法律及法規發展以及商業 和市場變動方面的最新資料,以便其履行職 責。全體董事已透過出席研討會或閱讀相關 資料參與持續專業進修,並向本公司提供彼 等於年內的培訓記錄。

#### 證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載之上市發 行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守 則」)。經向全體董事作出特定查詢後,董事 確認於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年 度內,彼等一直遵守標準守則。

本公司亦為規管可能管有本公司或其證券的 未公佈價格敏感資料之僱員進行證券交易制 定條款不遜於標準守則之書面指引。本公司 並不知悉有僱員違反該指引的任何事件。

# 董事委員會

董事會已經成立三個委員會,即審核委員 會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,以監督本公 司事務之特定範疇。本公司所有董事委員會 均以明確之書面職權範圍成立。

各董事委員會之大部分成員均為獨立非執行 董事,而各董事委員會之主席及成員名單載 於本年報「公司資料」一節內。

The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses.

董事委員會獲提供充裕資源以履行彼等之職 責,並可在適當情況下經合理要求後,尋求 獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee comprises four Independent Non-executive Directors (including one Independent Non-executive Director who possesses the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise). None of the members of the Audit Committee are a former partner of the Company's existing external auditors.

The main duties of the Audit Committee include the following:

- (a) To review the financial statements and reports and consider any significant or unusual items raised by the qualified accountant or external auditors before submission to the Board.
- (b) To review the relationship with the external auditors by reference to the work performed by the auditors, their fees and terms of engagement, and make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditors.
- (c) To review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control system and risk management system and associated procedures.
- (d) To review arrangements which employees of the Company can use to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

The Audit Committee held two meetings during the year ended 31 December 2016 to review the financial results and reports, financial reporting and compliance procedures, the risk management and internal control systems and the re-appointment of the external auditors.

## 審核委員會

審核委員會由四名獨立非執行董事(包括一名 具備適當的專業資格或具備適當的會計或相 關的財務管理專長之獨立非執行董事)組成。 概無審核委員會之成員乃本公司現時外聘核 數師之前任合夥人。

審核委員會之主要職責包括下列各項:

- (a) 於提交董事會前審閱財務報表及報告,並考慮合資格會計師或外聘核數師提出之任何重大或不尋常項目。
- (b) 經參考核數師所履行之工作、彼等之 費用及聘任條款後,審查與外聘核數 師之間的關係,並就委任、續聘及罷 免外聘核數師向董事會提供建議。
- (c) 審核本公司財務申報制度、內部監控 制度及風險管理制度以及相關程序是 否足夠及有效。
- (d) 檢討本公司僱員可就財務申報、內部 監控或其他事宜可能發生的不當行為 提出關注而使用的安排。

審核委員會之職權範圍可於本公司網站及聯 交所網站查閱。

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內,審核委員會曾舉行兩次會議,以審閱財務業績及報告、財務申報及合規程序、風險管理及內部監控制度以及續聘外聘核數師。

The attendance of individual members at Audit Committee meetings is set out below:

個別成員出席審核委員會會議情況載列如下:

Attendance/ **Number of Meetings** 出席/舉行會議次數

Mr. Lam Hin Chi (Chairman)	藍顯賜先生(主席)	2/2
Mr. Li Wei	李煒先生	2/2
Mr. Ng Yat Cheung (Retired on 31 May 2016)	吳日章先生(於二零一六年五月三十一日退任)	1/1
Mr. Hung Wai Man (Appointed on 31 May 2016)	洪為民先生(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)	1/1
Mr. Wang Xiaolong (Appointed on 31 May 2016)	王曉龍先生(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)	1/1

There is no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee regarding the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of external auditors.

董事會與審核委員會就外聘核數師之甄選、 委任、辭任或解僱並無意見分歧。

The Company's annual results for the year ended 31 December 2016 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

審核委員會已審閱本公司截至二零一六年十 二月三十一日止年度之年度業績。

#### Remuneration Committee

#### The primary objectives of the Remuneration Committee include making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for development remuneration policy; reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and senior management; making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of Non-executive Directors; reviewing and approving termination compensation, dismissal or removal compensation arrangements, and ensuring that no director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

One Remuneration Committee meeting has been held during the year ended 31 December 2016 to review (a) whether the remuneration package of the directors and senior management are reasonable; (b) the basis of the remuneration package, i.e. qualification, working experience and market level of comparable position etc. to see whether any improvements needed to be made.

## 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會之主要目標包括就本公司全體董 事及高級管理層之薪酬政策及架構、就設立 正規而具透明度之程序制定薪酬政策,向董 事會提出推薦建議;因應董事會所訂企業目 的及目標而審核及批准管理層之薪酬建議; 就個別執行董事及高級管理層之薪酬待遇向 董事會提出推薦建議;就非執行董事之薪酬 向董事會提出推薦建議;審核及批准終止職 務賠償、解僱或罷免賠償安排,以及確保任 何董事或其任何聯繫人不得參與決定其本身 之薪酬。

薪酬委員會之職權範圍可於本公司網站及聯 交所網站查閱。

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度 內,薪酬委員會曾舉行一次會議,以審核(a) 董事及高級管理層之薪酬待遇是否合理; (b) 薪酬待遇之基準,即資格、工作經驗及市場 上可資比較職位之薪酬水平等,以評估是否 需要作出任何改善。

The Remuneration Committee comprises four Independent Non-executive Directors. The attendance of individual members at Remuneration Committee meeting is set out below:

薪酬委員會包括四名獨立非執行董事。個別 成員出席薪酬委員會會議之情況載列如下:

Attendance/
Number of Meetings
出席/舉行會議次數

Mr. Li Wei (Chairman)	李煒先生(主席)	1/1
Mr. Lam Hin Chi	藍顯賜先生	1/1
Mr. Ng Yat Cheung (Retired on 31 May 2016)	吳日章先生(於二零一六年五月三十一日退任)	0/0
Mr. Hung Wai Man (Appointed on 31 May 2016)	洪為民先生(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)	1/1
Mr. Wang Xiaolong (Appointed on 31 May 2016)	王曉龍先生(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)	1/1

#### **Nomination Committee**

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board annually and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become board members, assessing the independence of Independent Non-executives Directors, and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

One Nomination Committee meeting has been held during the year ended 31 December 2016 for reviewing the Board composition, developing and formulating the relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of Directors, monitoring the appointment of Directors and assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors.

# 提名委員會

提名委員會之主要職責包括每年檢討董事會之架構、規模、組成及多元化,並就任何擬作出之變動向董事會提出推薦建議,藉以與本公司之企業策略相輔相承、物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員之人士、評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性,以及就董事委任或重新委任及董事繼任計劃向董事會提出推薦建議。

提名委員會之職權範圍可於本公司網站及聯 交所網站查閱。

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度 內,提名委員會曾舉行一次會議,審核董事 會之組成、發展並制訂董事提名和委任之相 關程序,並監察董事之委任,評核獨立非執 行董事之獨立性。 The Nomination Committee comprises one Executive Director as chairman, and four Independent Non-executive Directors as members. The attendance of individual members at Nomination Committee meeting is set out below:

提名委員會包括一名執行董事出任主席及四 名獨立非執行董事出任成員。個別成員出席 提名委員會會議之情況載列如下:

Attendance/
Number of Meetings
出席/舉行會議次數

Mr. Li Jialin <i>(Chairman)</i>	李佳林先生(主席)	1/1
Mr. Li Wei	李煒先生	1/1
Mr. Lam Hin Chi	藍顯賜先生	1/1
Mr. Ng Yat Cheung (Retired on 31 May 2016)	吳日章先生(於二零一六年五月三十一日退任)	1/1
Mr. Hung Wai Man (Appointed on 31 May 2016)	洪為民先生(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)	0/0
Mr. Wang Xiaolong (Appointed on 31 May 2016)	王曉龍先生(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)	0/0

# Responsibilities in Respect of the Financial Statements and Auditors' Remuneration

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, price-sensitive announcements and other disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2016.

The statement of the external auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the 'Independent Auditor's Report'.

The Company's external auditors are KPMG. The Group was charged approximately HK\$7,346,000 and HK\$1,125,000 by KPMG for auditing and non-auditing services respectively for the year ended 31 December 2016.

#### Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board is responsible for maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems to safeguard shareholders' investments and have a better control on the business and operation of the Company. The Board is also responsible for reviewing the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control systems on an annual basis.

# 有關財務報表及核數師酬金 之責任

董事會負責就年度及中期報告、價格敏感公佈以及根據上市規則及其他監管規定須作出之其他披露呈列持平、清晰及可理解之評估。

董事確認彼等有責任編製本公司截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之財務報表。

有關本公司外聘核數師就其對財務報表之申 報責任之聲明載於「獨立核數師報告」。

本公司之外聘核數師為畢馬威會計師事務所。截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,畢馬威會計師事務所就審核及非審核服務向本集團分別收取約7,346,000港元及1,125,000港元。

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責維護適當有效的風險管理和內部 監控制度,以保障股東的投資,更好地控制 本公司的業務和運作,亦負責每年審核風險 管理及內部監控制度的有效性。 The Company has maintained a tailored governance structure with defined lines of responsibility and appropriate delegation of responsibility and authority to the senior management.

The management of the Company is responsible for designing, implementing and monitoring the Group's risk management and internal control framework, covering all material controls including financial, operational and compliance controls. The risk management and internal control framework also provides for identification and management of risk.

The management also conducts periodic meetings and independent reviews on the operations of individual divisions to identify any irregularities and risks, develops action plans and recommendations to address the identified risks, and reports to the Audit Committee on any key findings. The Audit Committee, in turn, reports to the Board on any material issues and makes recommendations to the Board.

The Board acknowledged that it is their responsibilities to maintain an effective risk management and internal control systems. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Company has established a policy in relation to the handling and dissemination of inside information. The Board as a whole is responsible for identifying and considering the disclosure requirements and guidelines regarding inside information.

Besides, the Company regularly reminds the directors and employees on the compliance with all the requirements regarding inside information. Also, the directors and employees are kept informed on the latest regulatory updates to ensure they are complied with the regulatory requirements.

The Board has conducted an annual review of the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staffing of the financial reporting function as well as the oversight role of the Audit Committee and consider that the existing risk management and internal control systems of the Group is effective and adequate.

本公司設有切合本身所需的管治架構,具備明確之責任劃分,並向高級管理層授予適當 之責任及授權。

本公司之管理層負責設計、執行及監管本集 團的風險管理及內部監控架構,範圍涵蓋所 有重大監控,包括財務、營運及合規監控。 風險管理及內部監控架構亦可識別及管理風 險。

管理層亦針對個別部門之營運舉辦定期會議並進行獨立審核,以識別有否任何違規事項及風險、制定行動計劃、提出推薦建議,處理所識別之風險,並向審核委員會報告重大發現。審核委員會則向董事會報告重大事項並提出建議。

董事會確認其維護有效風險管理及內部監控 制度之責任。該制度旨在管理而非消除未能 實現業務目標的風險,且僅可提供防止重大 錯誤陳述或損失之合理而非絕對的保證。

本公司已制定有關內部資料處理及傳播的政 策。董事會全體負責就內部資料確定及審議 披露規定及準則。

此外,本公司定期提醒董事和員工遵守有關 內部資料的所有規定,並將及時知會董事及 員工最新的監管動態,以確保彼等遵守監管 規定。

董事已就資源充足性、履行財務申報職能人 員之資格及經驗,以及審核委員會之監督角 色進行年度審核,認為本集團現有風險管理 及內部監控制度乃為有效及充足。 There is an internal audit function in some of the Group's subsidiaries to carried out independent assessment of risks and testing of controls of the business and operation of the Company in order to provide a reasonable assurance that adequate controls and governance are in operation. The Board considers that as the structure of some of our business is rather simple and direct within the Group, the Board will continue to review on annual basis the need of the internal audit function to be extended to the whole Group.

本集團若干附屬公司具備內部審核職能部 門,對本公司的業務及營運的風險進行獨立 評估及控制測試,以就營運過程中的控制及 管治之充足性提供合理保障。董事會認為, 本集團之部分業務架構相對簡單且直接,董 事會將繼續於每年進行審閱,以確定是否將 該內部審核職能擴大至整個集團。

# Shareholders' Rights

#### Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary **General Meeting**

Pursuant to Article 58 of the Company's Articles of Associations, any one or more members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meeting of the Company, shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

#### Procedures for Shareholders to Put Enquiries to the Board

Enquiries from shareholders are dealt with in an informative and timely manner. Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Unit 3312, 33/F, China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong for the attention of the company secretary.

The company secretary shall forward the shareholders' enquiries and concerns to the Board and/or relevant board committees of the Company, where appropriate, to answer the shareholders' questions.

# 股東權利

#### 股東召開股東特別大會之程序

根據本公司之組織章程細則第58條,任何一 名或多名於遞呈要求之日期持有不少於附帶 本公司股東大會表決權之本公司實繳股本十 分之一的股東,隨時有權诱過向董事會或本 公司之公司秘書發出書面要求,要求董事會 召開股東特別大會,處理有關要求中指明之 任何事項;且該大會須於遞呈該要求後兩個 月內舉行。倘於有關遞呈後二十一日內,董 事會未著手召開該大會,則遞呈要求人士可 自行以相同方式召開大會,而本公司須向遞 呈要求人士償付由遞呈要求人士因董事會未 能召開大會而產生之所有合理開支。

#### 股東向董事會提出查詢之程序

股東之查詢將會適時並詳盡處理。股東可隨 時向董事會提出查詢及關注,以書面形式發 送至本公司於香港之主要營業地點,地址為 香港干諾道中200號信德中心招商局大廈33 樓3312室,註明收件人為公司秘書。

公司秘書將轉交股東之查詢及關注事項予本 公司之董事會及/或有關董事委員會(按適當 者),以回覆股東之提問。

# Procedures for Shareholders to Put Forward Proposals at General Meetings

There are no provisions allowing shareholders to propose new resolutions at the general meetings under the Cayman Islands Companies Law or the Articles of Association of the Company. Shareholders who wish to propose a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting by following the procedures set out in "Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting".

Regarding the procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director, please refer to the procedures available on the Company's website.

# Shareholders' Communications and Investor Relations

The Company has established a range of communication channels between itself and its shareholders, investors and other stakeholders.

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders and the Board. The Chairman of the Board as well as chairmen of other Board committees, and the external auditors, are available to answer questions at the shareholders' meetings. To safeguard the shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolutions are proposed at shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual Directors. All resolutions proposed at the shareholders' meetings (other than on procedural and administrative matters) will be voted by poll. The poll results shall be posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company respectively on the same day as the poll.

To promote effective communication, the Company also maintains a website at www.vst.com.hk, where extensive information and updates on the Company's business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are posted.

During the year ended 31 December 2016, there had been no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents.

# 股東於股東大會上提呈議案之程序

開曼群島公司法或本公司之組織章程細則下均無准許股東於股東大會上提呈新決議案之條文。股東如欲提呈決議案,可按「股東召開股東特別大會之程序」所載之程序要求本公司召開股東大會。

有關股東提名候選董事人選之程序請參閱本公司網站所載之程序。

# 與股東之溝通及投資者關係

本公司已建立多種與其本身及其股東、投資 者及其他持份者溝通之渠道。

本公司股東大會提供股東與董事會互相溝通之機會。董事會主席及其他董事委員會主席 以及外聘核數師均會出席股東大會,以回應 提問。為保障股東之權益及權利,於股東大 會上,將就各項重要事項(包括選舉個別東 事)提呈獨立決議案。所有於股東大會上提 呈之決議案(有關程序及行政事宜之決議案除 外)將以投票方式表決。投票結果將於投票當 日分別於聯交所及本公司網站刊登。

為促進有效溝通,本公司亦設有網站www. vst.com.hk,登載本公司業務發展及營運之 廣泛資料及最新情況、財務資料、企業管治 常規及其他資料。

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度 內,本公司章程文件概無任何重大變動。

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT** 董事會報告

The directors (the "Directors") of VST Holdings Limited (the "Company") are pleased to present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2016.

**Principal Activities** 

The Company is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in provision of supply chain services, the distribution of IT components and finished products and the provision of enterprise systems and IT services.

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 7 to the financial statements.

#### **Business Review**

A review of the business of the Group during the year and a discussion on the Group's future development are provided in the Chairman's Statement and the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 6 to 9 and pages 11 to 16 respectively of this annual report. A description of possible risks and uncertainties that the Group may be facing, discussion on the Group's environmental policies, relationships with its key stakeholders and compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group are contained in the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 11 to 16 of this annual report. The Environmental, Social and Governance Report are set out on pages 23 to 28 of the annual report. The Corporate Governance Report are set out on pages 29 to 43 of the annual report. In addition, an analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is presented in the Financial Summary on page 160 of this annual report.

# Major Customers and Suppliers

The largest customer for the year ended 31 December 2016 represented approximately 9% (2015: approximately 12.7%) of the Group's total revenue, and the combined total of the five largest customers accounted for approximately 25% (2015: approximately 27%) of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2016.

In addition, the largest supplier for the year ended 31 December 2016 represented approximately 18.5% (2015: approximately 23.6%) of the Group's total purchases, and the combined total of the five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 63% (2015: approximately 71.3%) of the Group's total purchases for the year ended 31 December 2016.

偉仕控股有限公司(「本公司」)之董事(「董 事 |) 欣然提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本 集團」)截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年 度之年報及經審核財務報表。

# 主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其附屬公司主 要從事提供供應鏈服務、分銷資訊科技配件 產品及成品以及供應企業系統及資訊科技服

本公司附屬公司之詳情載於財務報表附註7。

## 業務回顧

本集團年內業務回顧及針對本集團未來發展 的討論分別載於本年報第6至9頁的主席報告 書及第11至16頁的管理層討論及分析中。 本集團可能面對的潛在風險及不確定因素描 述、針對本集團環境政策的討論、與其主要 持份者的關係以及遵守相關法律及法規(對本 集團有重大影響者)的情況,均載於本年報第 11至16頁的管理層討論及分析中。環境、社 會及管治報告載於本年報第23至28頁。企業 管治報告載於本年報第29至43頁。此外,以 財務主要表現指標表示的本集團年內表現分 析則載於本年報第160頁的財務概要中。

# 主要客戶及供應商

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,最 大客戶佔本集團總收益約9%(二零一五年: 約12.7%),而五大客戶之合併總額則佔本集 團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度總 收益約25%(二零一五年:約27%)。

此外,截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年 度之最大供應商佔本集團總採購額約18.5% (二零一五年:約23.6%),而五大供應商之 合併總額則佔本集團截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止年度總採購額約63%(二零一五 年:約71.3%)。

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

董事、彼等之聯繫人或據董事所知擁有本公司股本5%以上之任何股東概無於上文所述之主要供應商或客戶中擁有任何權益。

# **Results and Appropriations**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 70.

The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2016 of approximately HK12.4 cents per ordinary share (2015: approximately HK12.4 cents).

#### Reserves

Movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2016 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 72 and note 15 to the financial statements respectively.

# Property, Plant and Equipment

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 5 to the financial statements.

# **Borrowings**

Particulars of the Group's borrowings are set out in note 18 to the financial statements.

# **Share Capital**

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company are set out in note 13 to the financial statements.

#### Distributable Reserves

At 31 December 2016, the Company's reserves available for distribution, which include share premium, capital reserve and retained earnings, amounted to approximately HK\$902,508,000 (2015: approximately HK\$608,482,000).

## 業績及分配

本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年 度之業績載於第70頁之綜合損益表。

董事建議就截至二零一六年十二月三十一日 止年度派付末期股息每股普通股約12.4港仙 (二零一五年:約12.4港仙)。

#### 儲備

本集團及本公司於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內之儲備變動分別載於第72頁 之綜合權益變動表及財務報表附註15。

# 物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備變動之詳情載於財 務報表附註5。

# 借貸

本集團借貸之詳情載於財務報表附註18。

# 股本

本公司股本變動之詳情載於財務報表附註13。

# 可供分派儲備

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本公司可供 分派之儲備(包括股份溢價、資本儲備及保留 盈利)約達902,508,000港元(二零一五年: 約608,482,000港元)。

# **Pre-Emptive Rights**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association and there is no restriction against such rights under the Companies Law (revised) of the Cayman Islands.

# **Five-Year Financial Summary**

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 160.

## Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Securities

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Company repurchased 952,000 ordinary shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange. The repurchased shares were cancelled. Details of the repurchase of shares by the Company are as follows:

## 優先購股權

本公司之組織章程細則並無有關優先購股權 之條文,而開曼群島公司法(經修訂)亦無有 關該等權利之限制。

# 五年財務概要

本集團於過往五個財政年度之業績及資產與 負債概要載於第160頁。

# 購買、出售或贖回證券

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度 內,本公司於聯交所購回本公司952,000股 普通股。購回股份已被註銷。有關本公司購 回股份之詳情如下:

	No. of shares	Highest price	Lowest price	Aggregate
Month of repurchase	repurchased	per share (HK\$)	per share (HK\$)	price paid (HK\$)
		每股股份	每股股份	已付總價格
購回月份	購回股份數目	最高價(港元)	最低價(港元)	(港元)
March 2016	200,000	1.66	1.64	330,000
二零一六年三月				
April 2016	718,000	1.76	1.72	1,247,000
二零一六年四月				
August 2016	34,000	1.95	1.95	66,300
二零一六年八月				
	952,000			1,643,300

The Board believes that such repurchase of shares will lead to an enhancement of the net asset value of the Company and/or its earnings per share.

Apart from the above, the Company also acquired, through a trust setup specifically for purpose of employment compensation, a total of 34,318,000 ordinary shares of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2016 from the open market at a total cash consideration of approximately HK\$76,741,000. These shares would be used primarily for providing employment/executive compensation of the Group. The costs of acquisition of shares are recognised in the "Deferred reserve" in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's shares.

董事會認為,有關股份購回可改善本公司淨 資產及/或其每股盈利。

除上述者外,於截至二零一六年十二月三十 一日止年度,本公司透過特別為僱傭補償設 立的信託向公開市場收購合共34,318,000 股本公司普通股,現金代價總額約為 76,741,000港元。該等股份將主要用作提供 本集團的僱傭/行政補償。收購該等股份的 成本已於綜合權益變動報表「遞延儲備」項下 確認。

除上文所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公 司概無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司股份。

#### **Directors**

The Directors of the Company who held office during the year ended 31 December 2016 and up to the date of this report are:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Li Jialin (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Ong Wei Hiam, William

Ms. Chow Ying Chi

Mr. Chan Hoi Chau

Mr. Li Yue

(Appointed on 31 May 2016)

Mr. Yao Jie

(Appointed on 31 May 2016)

#### Non-executive Directors

Ms. Liu Li (Retired on 31 May 2016)

Mr. Liang Xin

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Li Wei

Mr. Ng Yat Cheung

(Retired on 31 May 2016)

Mr. Lam Hin Chi

Mr. Hung Wai Man

(Appointed on 31 May 2016)

Mr. Wang Xiaolong

(Appointed on 31 May 2016)

In accordance with Article 87 of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Li Jialin, Mr. Liang Xin, Mr. Li Wei and Mr. Lam Hin Chi will retire by rotation and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The Company confirms that it has received from each of its Independent Non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to the Listing Rules and the Company considers the Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent.

## 董事

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度及 直至本報告日期在任之本公司董事為:

#### 執行董事

李佳林先生(主席兼行政總裁)

王偉炘先生

鄒英姿女士

陳海洲先生

李玥先生

(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)

姚杰先生

(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)

#### 非執行董事

劉莉女士(於二零一六年五月三十一日退任) 梁欣先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

李煒先生

吳日章先生

(於二零一六年五月三十一日退任)

藍顯賜先生

洪為民先生

(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)

(於二零一六年五月三十一日獲委任)

根據本公司之組織章程細則第87條,李佳林 先生、梁欣先生、李煒先生及藍顯賜先生將 於應屆股東週年大會上輪值退任,並符合資 格且願意膺選連任。

本公司確認已根據上市規則獲得其各獨立非 執行董事就彼等之獨立性作出年度確認,而 本公司認為獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

#### **Directors' Service Contracts**

#### **Executive Directors**

Each Director of the Company has either entered a service contract with the Company or has an appointment letter. The Directors are not appointed for any specific length or proposed length of services and their term of service shall continue unless and until terminated by either party by a specific months of notice in writing.

Under the service agreements, the annual emoluments of each executive Director is fixed and the remuneration payable to each of them will be reviewed by the Board each year.

#### Non-executive Directors

The Independent Non-executive Directors are appointed by the Board but subject to re-election or retirement by rotation at each annual general meeting as appropriate.

Save as disclosed above, no Director has an unexpired service contract which is not terminable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than normal statutory obligations.

#### Directors' Interests in Contracts

No contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of the companies comprising the Group was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, subsisted at the year ended 31 December 2016 or at any time during the year under review.

# Biographical Details of Directors and Company Secretary

Brief biographical details of Directors and company secretary are set out on pages 17 to 22.

## 董事之服務合約

#### 執行董事

本公司各董事已與本公司訂立服務合約或獲 發委任函。董事並非按任何特定任期或建議 任期委任,除非及直至任何一方發出指定月 數之書面通知予以終止,否則彼等的任期將 一直持續。

根據服務協議,各執行董事之年度酬金為固定,而董事會將會每年檢討應付予各執行董 事之薪酬。

#### 非執行董事

獨立非執行董事由董事會委任,惟須於適當時在每屆股東週年大會上重選或輪值退任。

除上文所披露者外,董事概無訂立任何本公司或其任何附屬公司不可於一年內免付賠償 (一般法定責任除外)而終止之未屆滿服務合約。

# 董事於合約之權益

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度或 回顧年度內任何時間,概無本公司或組成本 集團之任何公司所訂立而與本集團業務有關 連且各董事直接或間接擁有重大權益之重大 合約存續。

# 董事及公司秘書履歷

董事及公司秘書履歷概要載於第17至22頁。

## Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at 31 December 2016, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong)) (the "SFO") which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and/or short positions of which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) and/or required to be entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Listing Rules were as follows:

#### Interests in shares and underlying shares of the Company

# 董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證之權 益及淡倉

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本公司董事 及主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團 (定義見香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例 (「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關 股份或債權證中擁有根據證券及期貨條例解 XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所之權 益及淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例) 條文被當作或視為擁有之權益及/或淡倉), 及/或須記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第 352條存置之登記冊之權益及淡倉,或根據 上市規則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡 倉如下:

#### 於本公司股份及相關股份之權益

**Approximate** 

Name of Director	Long/Short Position	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares or underlying shares held	percentage of issued share capital of the Company
董事姓名	好/淡倉	身份	持有普通股或相關股份數量	佔本公司已發行 股本之概約百分比
Mr. Li Jialin 李佳林先生	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	67,323,200	4.63%
	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,800,000 Share options 份購股權	0.12%
	Long 好倉	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	290,340,000 (Note 1) (附註1)	19.96%
	Long 好倉	Family interest 家族權益	204,309,600 (Note 2) (附註2)	14.05%

# Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures (continued)

Interests in shares and underlying shares of the Company (continued)

# 董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證之權 益及淡倉(續)

於本公司股份及相關股份之權益 (續)

**Approximate** 

			Number of	percentage of issued share
	Long/Short		ordinary shares or	capital of the
Name of Director	Position	Capacity	underlying shares held	Company
董事姓名	好/淡倉	身份	持有普通股或 相關股份數量	佔本公司已發行 股本之概約百分比
Mr. Ong Wei Hiam, William 王偉炘先生	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	249,600	0.02%
	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,440,000 Share options 份購股權	0.10%
Ms. Chow Ying Chi 鄒英姿女士	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,440,000 Share options 份購股權	0.10%
Mr. Chan Hoi Chau 陳海洲先生	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,440,000 Share options 份購股權	0.10%
Mr. Li Wei 李煒先生	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	240,000 Share options 份購股權	0.02%

#### Notes:

- 1. 290,340,000 shares of the Company are held by L & L Limited, the entire issued share capital of which is equally held by Mr. Li Jialin and his spouse, Ms. Liu Li.
- 204,309,600 shares of the Company are held by Ms. Liu Li, the spouse of 2. Mr. Li Jialin.
- 附註:
- 本公司之290,340,000股股份由L&L Limited持有,而該公司之全部已發行股本 由李佳林先生及其配偶劉莉女士均等持有。
- 本公司之204,309,600股股份由李佳林先生 之配偶劉莉女士持有。

# Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures (continued)

# Interests in shares and underlying shares of the Company (continued)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2016, none of the Directors nor the chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and/or short positions of which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies in the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

# 董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證之權 益及淡倉(續)

# 於本公司股份及相關股份之權益

# Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying **Shares and Debentures**

As at 31 December 2016, so far is known to the Directors, the following persons had an interest and/or a short position in the shares and/or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO and/or required to be entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO and/or were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meeting of any other members of the Group:

# 主要股東及其他人士於股 份、相關股份及債權證之權 益及淡倉

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,就董事所 知,以下人士於本公司之股份及/或相關股 份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3 分部之條文須向本公司及聯交所披露之權益 及/或淡倉,及/或須記入本公司根據證券 及期貨條例第336條存置之登記冊之權益及/ 或淡倉,及/或於附有投票權可在任何情況 下於本集團任何其他成員公司之股東大會上 投票之任何類別股本中直接或間接擁有面值 5%或以上之權益:

			Number of	Approximate
	Long/Short		ordinary shares or	percentage of
Name of shareholder	Position	Capacity	underlying shares held	shareholding
			持有普通股或	概約股權
董事姓名	好/淡倉	身份	相關股份數量	百分比
Mr. Li Jialin	Long	Beneficial owner	67,323,200	4.63%
李佳林先生	好倉	實益擁有人		
	Long	Beneficial owner	1,800,000 Share options	0.12%
	好倉	實益擁有人	份購股權	
	Long	Interest of a controlled	290,340,000	19.96%
	好倉	corporation	(Note 1)	
		受控法團權益	(附註1)	
	Long	Family interest	204,309,600	14.05%
	好倉	家族權益	(Note 2)	
			(附註2)	

# Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures (continued)

# 主要股東及其他人士於股份、相關股份及債權證之權 益及淡倉(續)

			Number of	Approximate
	Long/Short		ordinary shares or	percentage of
Name of shareholder	Position	Capacity	underlying shares held	shareholding
			持有普通股或	概約股權
董事姓名	好/淡倉	身份	相關股份數量	百分比
Ms. Liu Li	Long	Beneficial owner	204,309,600	14.05%
劉莉女士	好倉	實益擁有人		
	Long	Interest of a controlled	290,340,000	19.96%
	好倉	corporation	(Note 1)	
		受控法團權益	(附註1)	
	Long	Family interest	67,323,200	4.63%
	好倉	家族權益	(Note 3)	
			(附註3)	
	Long	Family interest	1,800,000 Share options	0.12%
	好倉	家族權益	(Note 4)	
			份購股權	
			(附註4)	
L & L Limited	Long	Beneficial owner	290,340,000	19.96%
	好倉	實益擁有人	(Note 5)	
			(附註5)	
Eternal Asia (HK) Limited	Long	Beneficial owner	252,211,998	17.34%
	好倉	實益擁有人	(Note 6)	
			(附註6)	
深圳市怡亞通供應鏈股份	Long	Interest of a controlled	252,211,998	17.34%
有限公司	好倉	corporation	(Note 7)	
		受控法團權益	(附註7)	
深圳市怡亞通投資控股	Long	Interest of a controlled	252,211,998	17.34%
有限公司	好倉	corporation	(Note 8)	
		受控法團權益	(附註8)	

# Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures (continued)

# 主要股東及其他人士於股份、相關股份及債權證之權 益及淡倉(續)

Name of shareholder	Long/Short Position	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares or underlying shares held 持有普通股或	Approximate percentage of shareholding 概約股權
董事姓名	好/淡倉	身份	相關股份數量	百分比
Mr. Zhou Guohui 周國輝先生	Long 好倉	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	252,211,998 (Note 8) (附註8)	17.34%
中國進出口銀行	Long 好倉	Security interest in shares 股份抵押權益	252,211,998 (Note 9) (附註9)	17.34%
People's Bank of China 中國人民銀行	Long 好倉	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	252,211,998 (Note 9) (附註9)	17.34%
Fidelity	Long 好倉	Investment manager 投資經理	163,755,600	11.26%
Ntasian Discovery Master Fund	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	120,000,000	8.25%
Mutual Funds Elite	Long 好倉	Custodian corporation 託管公司	76,174,400	5.24%

# Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures (continued)

#### Notes:

- 290,340,000 shares of the Company are held by L & L Limited, the entire issued share capital of which is equally held by Mr. Li Jialin and his spouse, Ms. Liu Li.
- 204,309,600 shares of the Company are held by Ms. Liu Li, the spouse of Mr. Li Jialin.
- 67,323,200 shares of the Company are held by Mr. Li Jialin, the spouse of Ms. Liu Li.
- 1,800,000 share options of the Company are held by Mr. Li Jialin, the spouse of Ms. Liu Li.
- 5. The entire issued share capital of L & L Limited is equally held by Mr. Li Jialin and his spouse, Ms. Liu Li.
- 6. The entire issued share capital of Eternal Asia (HK) Limited are held by 深圳市恰亞通供應鏈股份有限公司.
- 7. 36.72% of the shares of 深圳市怡亞通供應鏈股份有限公司 are held by 深圳市怡亞通投資控股有限公司.
- 8. 100% of the shares of 深圳市怡亞通投資控股有限公司 are held by Mr. Zhou
- 9. The entire issued share capital of 中國進出口銀行 is held by People's Bank of China.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2016, so far is known to the Directors, no person had an interest and/or a short position in the shares and/or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO and/or required to be entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO and/or was directly or indirectly interested in 5% of more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meeting of any other members of the Group, or any options in respect of such capital.

# 主要股東及其他人士於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及淡倉(續)

#### 附註:

- 本公司之290,340,000股股份由L&L Limited持有,而該公司之全部已發行股本 由李佳林先生及其配偶劉莉女士均等持有。
- 本公司之204,309,600股股份由李佳林先生 之配偶劉莉女士持有。
- 3. 本公司之67,323,200股股份由劉莉女士之 配偶李佳林先生持有。
- 4. 本公司之1,800,000份購股權由劉莉女士之 配偶李佳林先生持有。
- 5. L & L Limited之全部已發行股本由李佳林 先生及其配偶劉莉女士均等持有。
- 6. Eternal Asia (HK) Limited之全部已發行股本由深圳市怡亞通供應鏈股份有限公司持有。
- 深圳市怡亞通供應鏈股份有限公司之 36.72%股份由深圳市怡亞通投資控股有限 公司持有。
- 深圳市恰亞通投資控股有限公司之100%股份由周國輝先生持有。
- 中國進出口銀行之全部已發行股本由中國人 民銀行持有。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一六年十二月三十一日,就董事所知,概無人士於本公司之股份及/或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之條文須向本公司貨數學交所披露之權益及/或淡倉,及/或須記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置之登記冊之權益及/或淡倉,及/或於附有投票權可在任何情況下於本集團任何其他成員至股東大會上投票之任何類別股本中直接或間接擁有面值5%以上之權益或有關該股本之任何期權。

# **Share Options**

#### Share option scheme of the Company

The share option scheme of the Company adopted on 17 April 2002 (the "Old Scheme") has been expired. The Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") on 23 June 2015 for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants for their contribution to the Group. During the year under review, no share options have been granted under the New Scheme. Further details of the New Scheme are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

During the year under review, no share options have been lapsed or cancelled under the Old Scheme. Details of the share options movement under the Old Scheme are as follows:

## 購股權

#### 本公司購股權計劃

本公司於二零零二年四月十七日採納的購股 權計劃(「舊計劃」)已屆滿。本公司於二零一 五年六月二十三日採納新購股權計劃(「新計 劃」),旨在就合資格參與者為本集團作出之 貢獻提供激勵和嘉獎。於回顧年度內,概無 任何購股權根據新計劃授出。新計劃之進一 步詳情載於財務報表附註14內。

於回顧年度內,概無任何購股權根據舊計劃 失效或註銷。舊計劃下之購股權變動詳情如

		As at	As at	Exercise	
Name or category of	Date of	1 January	31 December	price per	
participant	offer	2016	2016	share (HK\$)	Exercise period
		於二零一六年	於二零一六年	每股行使價	
參與者姓名或類別	授予日期	一月一日	十二月三十一日	(港元)	行使期
Directors					
董事					
Mr. Li Jialin	23/03/2011	1,800,000	1,800,000	2.028	23/03/2013-22/03/2021
李佳林先生					
Mr. Ong Wei Hiam, William	23/03/2011	1,440,000	1,440,000	2.028	23/03/2013-22/03/2021
王偉炘先生					
Ms. Chow Ying Chi	17/02/2011	1,440,000	1,440,000	2.227	17/02/2013-16/02/2021
鄒英姿女士					
Mr. Chan Hoi Chau	23/03/2011	1,440,000	1,440,000	2.028	23/03/2013-22/03/2021
陳海洲先生					
Mr. Li Wei	23/03/2011	240,000	240,000	2.028	23/03/2013 -22/03/2021
李煒先生					
Sub-total 小計:		6,360,000	6,360,000		
Employees	17/02/2011	10,320,000	10,320,000	2.227	17/02/2013-16/02/2021
僱員					
Total 總計:		16,680,000	16,680,000		

# Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of the companies comprising the Group, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debenture of, the Company or any other body corporate and none of the Directors, their spouses or their children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right during the year under review.

# Directors' Interests in Competing Business

The Directors consider that they have no interests in any competing business.

# **Permitted Indemnity Provisions**

The Articles of Association of the Company provides that the Directors or other officers of the Company shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company against all losses and liabilities which they may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty. The Company has arranged for appropriate insurance cover for Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against the Directors and officers arising out of corporate activities.

# **Management Contracts**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2016.

## 董事收購股份之權利

除上文所披露者外,於年內任何時間,本公司或組成本集團之任何公司並無參與任何安排,致使本公司之董事可藉收購本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債權證而取得利益,而董事、彼等之配偶或其18歲以下子女於回顧年度內概無認購本公司證券之任何權利,亦無行使任何該等權利。

# 董事於競爭業務之權益

董事認為彼等並無於任何競爭業務中擁有權 益。

## 獲准許彌償條文

本公司的組織章程細則規定,董事或本公司 其他高級人員應獲彌償,並以本公司資產就 彼等可能就或因任何已作出、同意或遺漏行 為或關乎彼等履行其職權而招致或蒙受的所 有損失及責任受保障。本公司已安排合適的 保險,當中涵蓋董事及高級人員就對董事的 高級人員因企業活動所產生之法律行動的責 任。

# 管理合約

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度 內,概無訂立或存有關於本公司全部或任何 重大部分業務之管理及行政方面之合約。

#### **Connected Transactions**

Connected transactions (also related party transactions) have been disclosed in note 30 of the financial statements.

The above transactions constituted connected transactions under the Listing Rules. The Directors are of the opinion that the above transactions were entered into on normal commercial terms and on an arm's length basis and the terms of the above transactions are fair and reasonable so far as the shareholders of the Company are concerned and in the interests of the Company and the shareholders of the Company taken as a whole.

The above connected transactions constituted exempted connected transactions under the Listing Rules as each of the percentage ratios is less than 0.1% as defined under the Listing Rules when the agreements were entered into.

# Directors' and Senior Management's Emoluments

A summary of the Directors and senior management's emoluments is set out in note 27 to the financial statements.

# Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on the information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 December 2016.

#### 關連交易

關連交易(以及關連人十交易)已於財務報表 附註30內披露。

上述交易構成上市規則項下之關連交易。董 事認為,上述交易乃按一般商業條款及按公 平基準訂立,而上述交易之條款對本公司股 東而言乃屬公平合理,並符合本公司及本公 司股東整體利益。

上述關連交易構成上市規則項下之獲豁免關 連交易,原因是訂立協議時,各百分比率乃 低於上市規則項下所定義之0.1%。

## 董事及高級管理層酬金

董事及高級管理層之酬金概要載於財務報表 附註27。

# 公眾持股量之充足性

基於本公司可公開獲得之資料並就董事所 知,本公司已於截至二零一六年十二月三十 一日止整個年度內維持足夠公眾持股量。

#### **Audit Committee**

The Company's audited results for the year ended 31 December 2016 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee who was of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and requirements and that adequate disclosures have been made.

#### **Auditors**

The financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016 have been audited by KPMG who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

On behalf of the Board **Li Jialin**Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 21 March 2017

# 審核委員會

本公司截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年 度之經審核業績已由審核委員會審閱,而審 核委員會認為該等業績之編製符合適用之會 計準則及規定,並已作出充分披露。

## 核數師

本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年 度之財務報表已由畢馬威會計師事務所審 核,彼將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上退 任,並符合資格及願意獲續聘。

代表董事會 主席兼行政總裁 李佳林

香港,二零一七年三月二十一日

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT** 獨立核數師報告



#### Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of VST **Holdings Limited**

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

## **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of VST Holdings Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 68 to 159, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2016 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Cayman Islands, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### 致偉仕控股有限公司列位股東的獨立 核數師報告

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

#### 意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第 68至159頁的偉仕控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴 公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)的 綜合財務報表,此財務報表包括於二零一六 年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至 該日止年度的綜合損益表、综合其他全面收 益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表, 以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策 概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會 計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》真實而 中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零一六年十二月 三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度 的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照 香港《公司條例》的披露要求妥為擬備。

# 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計 準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責 任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承 擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港 會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(以 下簡稱[守則])以及與我們對開曼群島綜合 財務報表的審計相關的道德要求,我們獨立 於 貴集團,並已履行這些道德要求以及守 則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們 所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的 審計意見提供基礎。

# Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

## 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。 這些事項是在我們審計整體 綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

#### Valuation of inventories

Refer to note 11 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on page 91.

#### The Key Audit Matter

The Group's inventories, which consist of various information technology products and enterprise equipment, amounted to HK\$3,708,290,000 (approximately 24.6% of the Group's current assets) as at 31 December 2016.

Inventories are stated at the lower of their cost and their net realisable value.

Management estimates the net realisable values of inventories based on expected demand, future selling prices and the future expenses necessary to make the sales. Future demand and selling prices of technology products are highly susceptible to factors such as industry standards, technological changes and customer preferences, which are constantly changing and could change very rapidly.

Determining provisions for inventories requires the exercise of significant management judgement as actual selling prices of individual inventory items may fall below their costs or carrying values.

We identified the valuation of inventories as a key audit matter because any write-down or provisions may have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements and because the estimation of the net realisable values involves the exercise of significant management judgement which can be inherently uncertain.

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures to assess the valuation of inventories included the following:

- obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the Group's key internal controls over the inventory write-down and provision assessment process, including the Group's monitoring controls over slow-moving inventories;
- assessing, on a sample basis, whether items in the inventory ageing reports were classified within the appropriate ageing bracket by comparing individual items with relevant purchase records, including purchase invoices and goods receipt notes;
- evaluating, on a sample basis, whether inventories were sold at prices above their carrying values subsequent to the reporting date;
- evaluating, on a sample basis, whether inventories may be obsolete or slow-moving by comparing the quantity of inventories at the reporting date with the quantity sold subsequent to the reporting date and inspecting inventory turnover rates during the current and previous financial years; and
- assessing the historical accuracy of write-downs and provisions for inventories at the end of the previous financial year by examining movements in the balance of provisions for inventories during the current year.

## 存貨估值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註11及第91頁的會計政策。

#### 關鍵審計事項

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日, 貴集團的存貨包含多 項資訊科技產品和公司設備,達到3,708,290,000港元 (約佔 貴集團流動資產的24.6%)。

存貨是按成本及可變現淨值兩者的較低者列賬。

管理層會根據預計需求、未來售價以及實現銷售所需的未 來開支去估計存貨的可變現淨值。科技產品的未來需求和 售價很大程度上會受到各種瞬息萬變的因素影響,例如業 界標準、科技轉變和客戶喜好等。

在釐定存貨撥備時,管理層需作出重大判斷,因為個別 存貨項目的實際售價可能低於成本或賬面值。

我們把存貨估值列為關鍵審計事項,因為任何撇銷或撥備 或會對綜合財務報表造成重大影響,且由於估計可變現淨 值會涉及管理層的重大判斷,而其本身可能涉及不確定因 素。

#### 我們的審計如何處理該事項

我們就評估存貨估值的審計程序包括以下程序:

- 了解和評估 貴集團對存貨撇減及撥備評估程序(包 括 貴集團對滯銷存貨的監控程序)的主要內部控制 在設計、實施和營運上的成效;
- 抽樣比較存貨賬齡報告中的個別項目與相關的採購 記錄(包括採購發票和收貨單),從而評估相關項目 是否歸納至適當的賬齡類別中;
- 抽樣評估存貨售價是否高於報告日後的賬面價值;
- 抽樣比較於報告日時的存貨數量及於報告日後的售 貨數量及查閱即期和以往財政年度的存貨週轉率, 從而評估存貨是否過時或滯銷;及
- 查閱本年度存貨撥備結餘的變動,以評估在上一個 財政年末時存貨撇減和撥備過往的準確性。

#### Valuation of trade receivables

Refer to note 10 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on page 92.

#### The Key Audit Matter

The Group's net trade receivables amounted to HK\$8,237,903,000 (approximately 54.7% of the Group's current assets) as at 31 December 2016.

The Group's customers operate in a number of geographical locations with different credit profiles, such that the timing of trade receivables' settlement may be influenced by market/ geographical norms.

Management's assessment of impairment of trade receivables is based on a number of factors which include ageing of overdue receivables, customers' repayment histories, customers' financial positions and market conditions. All of the above factors may be inherently uncertain.

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures to assess the valuation of trade receivables included the following:

- obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the Group's key internal controls relating to credit control, debt collection and making impairment provisions for doubtful debts;
- assessing, on a sample basis, whether items in the trade receivables ageing reports were classified within the appropriate ageing bracket by comparing individual items with the relevant sales invoices;
- identifying significant or long overdue trade receivables by inspecting the ageing reports and challenging management's assessment of those trade receivables' recoverability, taking into consideration the ageing of the balances, credit terms, recent settlement patterns, identified default or disputes, the debtors' financial condition and recent communications with debtors;

#### Valuation of trade receivables (continued)

Refer to note 10 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on page 92.

#### The Key Audit Matter (continued)

We identified the valuation of trade receivables as a key audit matter because the identification and measurement of impairment of trade receivables involves significant management judgement in assessing factors which can be inherently uncertain and could be subjective thereby increasing the risk of error or management bias.

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit (continued)

- comparing the cash received subsequent to the reporting date for trade receivable balances as at 31 December 2016 with bank statements and other relevant underlying documentation, on a sample basis; and
- evaluating the historical accuracy of provisions for impairment of trade receivables made by management at the end of the previous financial year by examining the actual losses recorded during the current financial year and assessing whether there was an indication of management bias when making provisions for impairment of trade receivables.

# 貿易應收款項估值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註10及第92頁的會計政策。

#### 關鍵審計事項

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日 , 貴集團的貿易應收款項淨額達到8,237,903,000港元(約佔 貴集團流動資產的54.7%)。

貴集團的客戶在不同的地區經營業務信貸狀況不一。因此,貿易應收款項的償還時間可能會受到市場/地區慣例的影響。

管理層按照多項因素去評估貿易應收款項的減值,當中包括逾期應收款的賬齡、客戶過往還款記錄、客戶財務狀 況及市場情況。上述所有因素本身可能存有不確定因素。

我們把貿易應收款項估值列為關鍵審計事項,因為識別和計量貿易應收款項減值涉及管理層在評估有關因素時作出的重大判斷,而該判斷本身具有不確定性且可能偏於主觀,因此令出錯風險或管理偏見的風險增加。

#### 我們的審計如何處理該事項

我們就評估貿易應收款項估值的審計程序包括以下程序:

- 了解和評估 貴集團對有關信貸控制、債務回收及 作出呆賬減值準備的主要內部控制的設計、實施和 營運上的成效;
- 抽樣比較貿易應收款項賬齡報告中的個別項目與相關的銷售發票,從而評估相關項目是否歸納至適當的賬齡類別中;
- 通過查閱賬齡報告,找出重大或長時間逾期的貿易 應收款項,並對管理層評估該等貿易應收款項的可 收回性提出質詢。過程中我們會考慮結餘賬齡、信 貸期限、最近的結算模式、已發現的違約或糾紛、 債務人的財政狀況及最近與債務人的通信往來;
- 將報告日後就截至二零一六年十二月三十一日的貿易應收款項結餘所收取的現金,與銀行結算單及其他相關文件進行抽樣比較;及
- 通過查閱在本財政年度記錄的實際虧損,以評估管理層在上一個財政年末對貿易應收款項減值撥備過往的準確性,並評估是否有跡象顯示管理層就貿易應收款項減值撥備時存有偏頗。

# Information other than the consolidated financial statements and auditor's report thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# 綜合財務報表及其核數師報 告以外的信息

董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載 於年報內的全部信息,但不包括綜合財務報 表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信 息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責 任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他 信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程 中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在 重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他 信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事 實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

# 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港 財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露要求 擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認 為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐 或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控 制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審計委員會協助董事履行監督 貴集團的財 務報告過程的責任。

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

# 核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅向整體股東報告。除此以外,我們的報告不可用作其他用途。我們概不就本報告的內容,對任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或滙總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態 度。我們亦:

- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

# 核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任(續)

- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確 定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不 確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持 續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認 為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數 師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表 中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足, 則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的 結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審 計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導 致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結 構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報 表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信 息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對 綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為 審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審計委員會溝通了計 劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現 等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任 何重大缺陷。

我們還向審計委員會提交聲明,説明我們已 符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與 他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨 立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的 情況下,相關的防範措施。

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Hui Chuen Hoi.

# 核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任(續)

從與審計委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是 許川愷。

#### **KPMG**

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

21 March 2017

#### 畢馬威會計師事務所

執*業會計師* 香港中環 遮打道十號 太子大廈八樓

二零一七年三月二十一日

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION** 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日

			2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
		Notes 附註	ー <del>マー</del> ハギ HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS	 資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	5	280,308	287,098
Goodwill	商譽	6	306,905	310,592
Interests in associates	於聯營公司的權益	8	529,946	277,805
Interest in a joint venture	於合營企業的權益	9	48,470	55,211
Deferred expenses	遞延開支	10	4,792	3,884
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	17	66,689	62,074
			1,237,110	996,664
Current assets	 流動資產			
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	10	9,367,625	8,564,014
Inventories	存貨	11	3,708,290	3,973,973
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	12	1,980,026	3,233,727
			15,055,941	15,771,714
Total assets	總資產		16,293,051	16,768,378
EQUITY	權益			
Share capital	股本	13	145,440	145,536
Reserves	儲備		3,718,198	3,673,571
Total equity	總權益		3,863,638	3,819,107

As at 31 December 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日

			2016	2015
			二零一六年	二零一五年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
LIABILITIES	 負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred income	遞延收入	16	6,239	4,994
Borrowings	借貸	18	1,848,919	985,803
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	17	33,223	27,663
			1,888,381	1,018,460
Current liabilities	 流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	16	8,098,508	7,276,244
Borrowings	借貸	18	2,396,122	4,635,211
Taxation payable	應付税項		46,402	19,356
			10,541,032	11,930,811
Total liabilities	總負債		12,429,413	12,949,271
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		16,293,051	16,768,378
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		4,514,909	3,840,903
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		5,752,019	4,837,567

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 March 2017.

董事會於二零一七年三月二十一日批准及授 權刊發。

Li Jialin 李佳林 Director 董事

Chow Ying Chi 鄒英姿 Director 董事

The notes on pages 75 to 159 are an integral part of these financial statements.

第75至159頁之附註構成本財務報表之一部 分。

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS** 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	19	48,161,318	45,575,640
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(46,304,580)	(43,878,639)
Gross profit	毛利		1,856,738	1,697,001
Other gains/(losses), net	其他收入/(虧損)淨額	20	8,906	(2,689)
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支		(731,582)	(648,244)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(334,226)	(368,999)
Operating profit	經營溢利	21	799,836	677,069
Finance costs	財務費用	22	(141,242)	(139,738)
Share of associates' profits Share of a joint venture's loss	分佔聯營公司溢利 分佔合營企業虧損		658,594 36,108 (5,927)	537,331 34,686 (10,019)
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前溢利 税項	23	688,775 (136,860)	561,998 (111,617)
Profit for the year	年內溢利		551,915	450,381
Attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company	以下人士應佔: 本公司權益持有人		551,915	450,381
Earnings per share (HK cents per share)  - Basic	每股盈利(每股港仙) 一基本	26	38.27 cents 仙	29.94 cents 仙
- Diluted	- 攤薄		38.17 cents 仙	29.89 cents 仙
Dividends attributable to equity shareholders Final dividend proposed	應付權益持有人股息 擬派末期股息	25	180,000	180,000

The notes on pages 75 to 159 are an integral part of these financial statements.

第75至159頁之附註構成本財務報表之一部 分。

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合其他全面收入表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year	年內溢利	551,915	450,381
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax:  Exchange differences	年內其他全面收入,除税: 匯兑差額	(248,649)	(268,357)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額	303,266	182,024
Attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company	<b>以下人士應佔:</b> 本公司權益持有人	303,266	182,024
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額	303,266	182,024

The notes on pages 75 to 159 are an integral part of these financial statements.

第75至159頁之附註構成本財務報表之一部 分。

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY** 綜合權益變動報表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元 Note (i) 附註(i)	Capital redemption reserve 資當備 HK\$*000 干港元 Note 何 附註何	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 Note (iii) 附註间	General reserve 一般儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 Note (iv) 附註(iv)	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 干港元 Note (v) 附註(v)	Other reserve 其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 Note (vi) 附註(vi)	Deferred reserve 遞延儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 Note (vii) 附註(vii)	Retained earnings 保留盈利 HK\$*000 千港元	Equity attributable to the Company's equity shareholders 本公司權益持 有人應信權益 HKS'000 千港元	Non- controlling interests 非控股 權益 HK\$'000 千港元	Total equity 總權益 HK\$*000 千港元
Balance as at 1 January 2015	於二零一五年 一月一日之結餘	152,519	832,991	109	19,151	59,863	108,514	(99,152)	_	2,880,730	3,954,725	38,233	3,992,958
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	年內溢利 其他全面收入	_ _	_ _	_ _	- -	_ _	(268,357)	- -	_ _	450,381 —	450,381 (268,357)	_ _	450,381 (268,357)
Total comprehensive income for the year Dividend paid Acquisition of additional interest in	年內全面收入總額 已付股息 向非控股權益	_ _	-	_ _	_ _	-	(268,357)	_ _	_ _	450,381 (180,001)	182,024 (180,001)	- -	182,024 (180,001)
a subsidiary from non-controlling interest Share options exercised Shares repurchased	收購附屬公司 額外權益 已獲行使購股權 已購回股份	_ 24	— 791	-	— (281)	_ _	-	14,913 —	_ _	_ _	14,913 534	(38,233)	(23,320) 534
Par value     Premium paid     Transfer between reserves	— 面值 — 已付溢價 — 儲備間轉廢	(7,007) — —	- - -	- - 7,007	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	(146,081) (7,007)	(7,007) (146,081) —	- - -	(7,007) (146,081) —
Balance as at 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日之結餘	145,536	833,782	7,116	18,870	59,863	(159,843)	(84,239)	_	2,998,022	3,819,107	_	3,819,107
Representing: Share capital Reserves Proposed dividend	代表: 股本 儲備 凝派股息												145,536 3,493,571 180,000 3,819,107
Balance as at 1 January 2016	於二零一六年 一月一日之結餘	145,536	833,782	7,116	18,870	59,863	(159,843)	(84,239)	-	2,998,022	3,819,107	-	3,819,107
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	年內溢利 其他全面收入	-	-	-	-	-	(248,649)	-	-	551,915 —	551,915 (248,649)	-	551,915 (248,649)
Total comprehensive income for the year Dividend paid Transfer of reserve Deferred shares Shares repurchased — Par value — Premium paid — Transfer between reserves	年內全面收入總額 已轉發儲備 遞延即回放份 一一已補間轉發	- - - - (96) -	-	- - - - - - 96	- - - -	- 63,197 - - - -	(248,649) - - - - - -	- - - -	- - - (76,741) - - -	551,915 (180,350) (63,197) — — (1,548) (96)	303,266 (180,350) — (76,741) (96) (1,548)	- - - - -	303,266 (180,350) — (76,741) (96) (1,548) —
Balance as at 31 December 2016	於二零一六年 十二月三十一日之結餘	145,440	833,782	7,212	18,870	123,060	(408,492)	(84,239)	(76,741)	3,304,746	3,863,638		3,863,638
Representing: Share capital Reserves Proposed dividend	代表: 股本 儲備 擬派股息												145,440 3,538,198 180,000 3,863,638

The notes on pages 75 to 159 are an integral part of these financial statements.

第75至159頁之附註構成本財務報表之一部 分。

#### Notes:

(i) The share premium account of the Group includes: (a) the difference between the nominal values of the share capital of the subsidiaries acquired and that of the Company issued in exchange pursuant to the Group reorganisation in April 2002; (b) the capitalisation issue in April 2002; and (c) the premium arising from the new issue of shares, net of share issuance costs.

In accordance with the Companies Law (revised) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium account is distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. The share premium may also be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

- (ii) The capital redemption reserve comprises the par value of the cancelled shares of the Company transferred from retained earnings pursuant to Companies Law (revised) of the Cayman Islands.
- (iii) The capital reserve comprises the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Company and the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments in Note 2.16(d).
- (iv) According to the current the Company Law of the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), the PRC subsidiaries of the Group are required to transfer 10% of their profits after taxation to the statutory surplus reserve until the statutory surplus reserve balance reaches 50% of the registered capital. For the purpose of calculating the amount to be transferred to the reserve, the profit after taxation is the amount determined under PRC accounting standards. The amount of transfer to this reserve has to be made before profit distribution to shareholders. In accordance with the relevant regulations, this reserve may be used to make up any losses incurred or to increase the registered capital of the PRC subsidiaries.
- (v) The translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2.3(c).
- (vi) Other reserve comprises the difference between the consideration paid and the relevant share of the carrying value of net assets of subsidiaries for the transactions with holders of non-controlling interests of subsidiaries (Note 2.2(a)).
- (vii) Deferred reserve comprises the cost of acquisition of the Company's shares through a trust setup specifically for the purpose of employment compensation. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2.12.

#### 附註:

(i) 本集團之股份溢價賬包括:(a)根據二零零二年四月之本集團重組所收購之附屬公司之股本面值與本公司作為交換而發行之股本面值之差額:(b)二零零二年四月之資本化發行:及(c)發行新股產生之溢價,扣除股份發行成本。

根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂),股份溢價 賬可分派予本公司之股東,惟緊隨股息建 議分派之日後,本公司須有能力償還於日 常業務過程中到期之債務。股份溢價亦可 以繳足紅股方式予以分派。

- (ii) 資本贖回儲備包括根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂)從保留盈利轉撥之本公司已註銷股份的面值。
- (iii) 資本儲備包括根據附註2.16(d)中就股份支付所採納之會計政策所確認之授予本公司及本集團僱員實際或估計數目之尚未行使購股權之公平值。
- (iv) 根據現行中華人民共和國(「中國」)公司法,本集團中國附屬公司須向法定公積金儲備轉撥10%除稅後溢利,直至法定公積金儲備結餘達至註冊資本的50%。為計算將轉撥至儲備的金額,除稅後溢利指按中國會計準則釐定之金額。向股東分派溢利前須轉撥款項至該儲備。根據有關規例,該儲備可以用作彌補任何已產生虧損或增加中國附屬公司的註冊資本。
- (v) 匯兑儲備包括所有因匯兑境外附屬公司之財務報表所產生之匯兑差額。該儲備按照附註2.3(c)所載之會計政策處理。
- (vi) 其他儲備包括與附屬公司非控股權益持有人 之交易之已付代價與分佔附屬公司淨資產賬 面值的差額(附註2.2(a))。
- (vii) 遞延儲備包括透過特別為僱傭補償設立的信託收購本公司股份之成本。該儲備按照附註2.12所載之會計政策處理。

## **CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT** 綜合現金流量報表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities  Net cash generated from operations  Hong Kong Profits Tax refunded/(paid)	經營活動之現金流量 經營所得現金淨額 退回/(已付)之	28	1,247,855	669,977
Overseas tax paid	香港利得税 已付海外税項		27,286 (134,642)	(39,371) (108,379)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得 現金淨額		1,140,499	522,227
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Purchase of property, plant and	投資活動之現金流量 已收利息 購買物業、廠房及設備		11,092	14,120
equipment  Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及		(175,551)	(77,220)
plant and equipment Investment in assoicates Dividends received from associates	設備所得款項 於聯營公司的投資 收取聯營公司股息		4,154 (237,235) 8,003	456 — 32,689
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(389,537)	(29,955)
Cash flows from financing activities Payment for the repurchase of shares Proceeds from exercise of share options Changes in non-controlling interests arising from an increase in the Group's shareholding in subsidiaries New bank borrowings Repayment of bank borrowings Payment for deferred shares Interest paid	融資活動之現金流量 購回股份付款 行使購股權所得款項 不集團於附屬公司之 股權增加所產生的 非控股權益變動 新增銀行借貸 償還銀行借貸 遞延股份付款 已付利息		(1,644) - 9,785,709 (11,161,194) (76,741) (141,242)	(153,088) 534 (23,320) 11,851,482 (9,818,914) — (139,738)
Dividend paid  Net cash (used in)/ generated from	已付股息 融資活動(所用)/所得		(180,350)	(180,001)
Financing activities  Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	現金淨額 現金及現金等價物 (減少)/增加淨額 於一月一日之現金及		(1,775,462)	2,029,227
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	現金等價物 匯率變動之影響		3,233,727 (229,201)	1,495,111 (290,611)
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之現金及 現金等價物	12	1,980,026	3,233,727

The notes on pages 75 to 159 are an integral part of these financial statements.

第75至159頁之附註構成本財務報表之一部 分。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

## 1. General Information

VST Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in the supply chain business, the IT components business and finished products business and the provision of enterprise systems and IT services.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. Its principal place of business is at Unit 3312, 33rd Floor, China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong.

The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

These financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$'000), unless otherwise stated. These financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 March 2017.

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to the current and prior years presented, unless otherwise stated.

## 2.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 comprise the Group and the Group's interests in associates and a joint venture.

## 1. 一般資料

偉仕控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)之主要業務為供應 鏈業務、資訊科技配件業務及成品業務 及供應企業系統及資訊科技服務。

本公司為在開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司。其主要營業地點為香港干諾道中200號信德中心招商局大廈33樓3312室。

本公司股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)主板上市。

除另有説明外,本財務報表以千港元 (千港元)呈列。本財務報表已於二零一 七年三月二十一日獲董事會批准刊發。

## 2. 主要會計政策概要

編製本財務報表應用之主要會計政策載 列如下。除非另有説明外,於當前及過 往年度均貫徹採用該等會計政策。

#### 2.1 編製基準

本財務報表乃根據所有適用香港財務報告準則編製,包括適用香港自治師公會頒佈之所有個別會開入所有個別會開入所有個別會開入。香港財務報告準則、香港公司條例之披露規定。本市規則適用之披露規定。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日 止年度的綜合財務報表包括本集 團及本集團於聯營公司及一間合 營企業的權益。

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except that other financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are stated at their fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have effect on the financial statements and sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 4.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.1 編製基準(續)

誠如下文載列之會計政策所闡 述,財務報表乃根據歷史成本法 編製,惟按公平值列入損益賬的 其他財務資產及負債乃以其公平 值列賬。

財務報表的編製符合香港財務報 告準則要求管理層作出會影響政 策應用及資產、負債、收入與開 支的報告數額的判斷、估計及假 設的規定。估計及有關假設乃根 據過往經驗及多個相信在有關情 況下屬合理的其他因素而作出, 其結果成為對在其他來源並非即 時可得的資產與負債賬面值作出 判斷的基礎。實際結果可能有別 於該等估計。

估計及相關假設會持續檢討。對 會計估計進行修訂時,若修訂只 影響該期間,則修訂會在修訂估 計的期間內確認;若修訂影響到當 期及未來期間,則修訂會在修訂 及未來期間確認。

管理層於應用香港財務報告準則 過程中所作出而對財務報表及估 計不確定性來源具影響之判斷於 附註4論述。

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

The HKICPA has issued a number of amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group.

Of these, the following amendments are relevant to the Group:

- Amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements: Disclosure initiative
- Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle

None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.1 編製基準(續)

香港會計師公會對香港財務報告 準則已頒佈若干於本集團當前會 計期間首次生效之修訂。

其中下列修訂與本集團有關:

- 香港會計準則第1號,財務 報表之呈列:披露計劃
- 香港財務報告準則於二零一 二年至二零一四年週期之年 度改進

該等變動對本集團於當前或過往 期間之業績及財務狀況之編製或 呈列方式概無重大影響。本集團 並無應用任何於當前會計期間尚 未生效之新準則或詮釋。

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

other parties) are considered.

(continued)

#### 2.2 Consolidation

Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at their proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.2 綜合賬目

(a) 附屬公司及非控股權益 附屬公司為本集團所控制之 實體。當本集團對因其參與 該實體事務而享有的浮動回 報承擔風險或享有權利,並 有能力通過其對該實體的權 力影響該等回報時,即對該 實體存在控制權。於評估本 集團是否擁有權力時,僅考 慮(由本集團及其他各方所持 有的)實質權利。

> 於附屬公司之投資於控制權 開始日期起綜合入賬至綜合 財務報表,直至該控制權終 止當日為止。集團內公司間 之結餘、交易及現金流量以 及因集團內公司間交易而產 生之任何未變現溢利,均於 編製綜合財務報表時全數對 銷。集團內公司間交易所產 生之未變現虧損,會按與未 變現收入相同之方式抵銷, 惟僅於無減值證據下方會作 出。

> 非控股權益指並非本公司直 接或間接應佔之一間附屬公 司之權益,而本集團未有就 此與該等權益持有人達成任 何附加條款,致令本集團整 體上對該等權益產生符合財 務負債定義之合約義務。就 各業務合併而言,本集團可 選擇按公平值或按其所佔附 屬公司可識別資產淨值之比 例計量任何非控股權益。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.2 Consolidation (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company. Loans from holders of non-controlling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position in accordance with note 2.8 depending on the nature of the liability.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 2.8) or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture (see note 2.2(b)).

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.2 綜合賬目(續)

(a) 附屬公司及非控股權益 (續)

> 不會導致失去控制權之之之 制權之之 司 內 題 內 馬 列 為 權 益 交 易 之 別 於 所 對 綜 合 權 益 項 作 世 敢 及 財 控 股 權 益 盆 額 作 世 動 敢 性 來 會 對 確 認 任 何 盈 虧 。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.2 Consolidation (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 2.7), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

#### (b) Associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity in which the Group or the Company has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

A joint venture is an arrangement whereby the Group or the Company and other parties contractually agree to share control of the arrangement, and have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method, unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisition-date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment (see note 2.7). Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2 綜合賬目(續)

(a) 附屬公司及非控股權益 (續)

> 於本公司財務狀況表內, 於附屬公司之投資按成本 減去減值虧損列賬(見附註 2.7),除非投資被分類為持 作出售(或計入歸類為持作出 售之出售組別內)則作別論。

(b) 聯營公司及合營企業 聯營公司為本集團或本公司 可對其發揮重大影響之一間 實體,惟對其管理(包括參 與財務及經營政策決定)並無 控制權或共同控制權。

> 合營企業是本集團或本公司 與其他各方據此以合約形式 同意分享此項安排的控制 權,並有權擁有此項安排的 淨資產的一項安排。

> 於一間聯營公司或合營企業 之投資乃根據權益法於綜合 財務報表入賬,除非其歸類 為持作出售(或計入歸類為持 作出售之出售組別內)則作別 論。根據權益法,有關投資 初步按成本記賬,就本集團 應佔收購日期被投資方之可 識別資產淨值公平值超出該 投資成本的任何數額(如有) 作出調整。其後,該投資就 收購後本集團應佔被投資方 之淨資產變動及任何有關該 投資之減值虧損作出調整(見 附註2.7)。年內任何收購日 期超越成本、本集團應佔被 投資方之收購後及除税後業 績及任何減值虧損乃於綜合 損益表確認,而本集團應佔 被投資方其他全面收入之收 購後及除税後項目乃於綜合 其他全面收入表確認。

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.2 Consolidation (continued)

Associates and joint ventures (continued)

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate or the joint venture, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method together with the Group's longterm interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or the joint venture.

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method.

In all other cases, when the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when significant influence or joint control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 2.8).

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.2 綜合賬目(續)

(b) 聯營公司及合營企業(續) 當本集團應佔聯營公司或合 營企業之虧損超越其權益, 則本集團之權益將減至零, 並會停止確認進一步虧損, 惟本集團所產生之法律或推 定責任或代該被投資方作出 之付款除外。就此目的而 言,本集團之權益為按權益 法計算之投資賬面值,連同 實質上構成本集團於聯營公 司或合營企業之淨投資部分 之長期權益。

> 本集團與其聯營公司及合營 企業之間交易所產生之未變 現損益,均按本集團於該被 投資方所佔權益對銷;但假 如未變現虧損有證據顯示所 轉讓資產出現減值,則有關 未變現虧損會即時在損益賬 內確認。

> 倘對聯營公司的投資成為對 合營企業的投資,則不會重 新計量保留權益,反之亦 然。相反,有關投資將繼續 按權益法入賬。

> 於所有其他情況下,當本集 團不再對一間聯營公司有重 大影響力或不再擁有一間合 營企業的共同控制權,其將 被入賬列為出售該被投資方 之全部權益,所得盈虧於損 益賬內確認。於失去重大影 響力或共同控制權當日於該 前被投資方保留之任何權益 乃按公平值確認,而有關金 額被視為財務資產初步確認 時之公平值(見附註2.8)。

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.3 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the

Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets are included in equity.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.3 外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈報貨幣

本集團旗下各實體之財務報 表所包括之項目,均以該實 體營運所在的主要經濟環境 之貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計算。 本財務報表乃以港元(「港 元])呈報,港元為本公司之 功能及呈報貨幣。

(b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易均按交易當日之通 行匯率換算為功能貨幣。此 等交易結算以及按年結日之 匯率換算以外幣計值之貨幣 資產及負債而產生之匯兑盈 虧,均於損益賬內確認。

非貨幣財務資產及負債之換 算差額列報為公平值盈虧之 部分。非貨幣財務資產及負 債(如按公平值持有列入損益 賬之權益)之換算差額於損益 賬內確認為公平值盈虧之部 分。非貨幣財務資產之換算 差額計入權益。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.3 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at the reporting date;
- (ii) income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to equity. When a foreign operation is sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.3 外幣換算(續)

(c) 集團公司

集團旗下所有實體(概無持有嚴重通脹經濟體之貨幣)如功能貨幣與呈報貨幣有別,其業績及財務狀況均按以下方法換算為呈報貨幣:

- (i) 資產及負債均按照報告 日期之收市匯率換算;
- (ii) 收入及支出均按照平均 匯率換算,除非若此 平均匯率未能合理地反 映各交易日之通行匯率 的累積影響,則於各交 易日換算此等收入及支 出:及
- (iii) 所有所得匯兑差額均確 認為獨立之權益組成部 分。

收購海外實體產生的商譽及 公平值調整按海外實體的資 產及負債處理,並按收購完 成時之匯率換算。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are expensed in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the costs of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual values, if any, on a straight line basis over the shorter of the unexpired period of lease and the anticipated remaining useful lives of the assets. The annual rates of depreciation which have been adopted are summarised as follows:

Leasehold improvements
租賃樓宇裝修
Buildings held for own use carried at cost 按成本列值之持作自用樓宇
Furniture and fixtures
傢具及裝置
Office equipment
辦公室設備
Computers
電腦
Motor vehicles

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each end of the reporting period.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.4 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃按成本減累 計折舊及減值虧損列賬。成本包 括收購項目直接應佔之開支。

僅當與項目有關之未來經濟收益可能會流入本集團,且能可靠地計量該項目之成本時,方會將其後之成本計入資產之賬面值或確認為一項獨立資產(如適用)。所有其他維修及保養費用,均於其產生之財政期間內,於損益賬內支銷。

物業、廠房及設備項目的折舊 乃按租賃的未屆滿期間及資產預 計剩餘可使用年期(以較短者為 準),於扣除其估計剩餘價值(如 有)後以直線法撇銷其成本計算。 所採納的折舊年率概述如下:

20% or lease period whichever is shorter 20%或租期(以較短者為準)

短者為準) 2% 2% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20%

資產之剩餘價值及可使用年期均 於各報告期末予以審閱及調整(如 適用)。

汽車

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.4 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (see note 2.7).

Gains or losses on retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amounts. These are included in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

#### 2.5 Assets under construction

Assets under construction represent property, plant and equipment under construction and pending installation and are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any (see note 2.7). Cost includes the costs of construction of buildings, the costs of plant and machinery and interest charges arising from borrowings used to finance these assets during the period of construction or installation and testing. No provision for depreciation is made on assets under construction until such time as the relevant assets are completed and are available for their intended use. When the assets concerned are brought into use, the costs are transferred to items of property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated in note 2.4 above.

#### 2.6 Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of:

- (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- (ii) the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.4 物業、廠房及設備(續)

倘資產賬面值高於其估計可收回款額,則資產賬面值即時撇減至 其可收回款額(見附註2.7)。

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備項目之盈虧均透過對比所得款項與 賬面值釐定,並於報廢或出售日期計入損益賬內。

## 2.5 在建資產

在建資產指與建備,有的與關鍵 備,有的與關鍵 備,有的與關鍵 備,有的與關鍵 在 數 數 數 和 見 數 和 更 數 和 更 數 和 更 数 本 建 資 產 的 和 見 造 及 該 生 及 資 人 版 数 更 的 可 產 使 居 放 所 以 為 產 工 建 投 、 定 工 建 投 、 定 工 建 投 、 定 工 建 投 、 定 工 建 投 、 定 工 建 投 、 定 工 建 投 、 定 工 建 投 、 定 工 建 投 、 定 工 建 投 、 空 下 新 重 按 上 文 附 主 2 . 4 所 及 政 英 开 货 上 近 政 策 计 提 折 售 。

## 2.6 商譽

商譽代表以下的差額:

- (i) 所轉讓代價的公平值、任何 非控股權益所佔被收購方的 金額及本集團此前於被收購 方所持有的權益的公平值之 總和:超過
- (ii) 於收購日期所計量被收購方 的可識別資產及負債的淨公 平值。

當(ii)大於(i)時,此超出差額立即 在損益賬中確認為議價收購收益。

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.6 Goodwill (continued)

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cash generating unit, or groups of cash generating units, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment (see note 2.7).

On disposal of a cash generating unit during the year, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the gain or loss on disposal.

## 2.7 Impairment of investments in subsidiaries, associates, a joint venture and non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life or are not available for use are not subject to amortisation, and are tested at least annually for impairment. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash generating unit"). The goodwill acquired in a business combination, for the purpose of impairment testing, is allocated to those cash generating units or groups of cash generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.6 商譽(續)

商譽按成本減累計減值虧損列 賬。業務合併產生的商譽分配至 預期可從合併的協同效應中受益 的各現金產生單位或現金產生單 位組別,並每年作減值測試(見附 註2.7)。

年內出售某現金產生單位時,購 入商譽之任何應佔金額乃於計算 出售的盈虧時納入其中。

## 2.7 於附屬公司、聯營公司及 一間合營企業的投資及非 財務資產的減值

無固定可使用年期或尚未可供使 用之資產毋須攤銷,並至少每年 作減值測試。凡資產於出現顯示 其賬面值或無法收回之事件或情 況變動時就減值作出檢討。減值 虧損乃按資產賬面值超出其可收 回金額之金額於損益賬內確認。 可收回金額指資產之公平值減出 售成本與使用價值兩者之較高 者。在評估使用價值時,估計未 來現金流量按可以反映當時市場 對貨幣時間值及資產特定風險的 評估的税前貼現率,貼現至其現

就減值測試而言,資產集合為 可自持續使用中產生大致獨立於 其他資產或資產組別所產生的現 金流入的最小資產組別(「現金產 生單位」)。業務合併時獲得之商 譽,就減值測試而言,分配至預 期將於產生商譽之業務合併中受 益的現金產生單位或現金產生單 位組別。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.7 Impairment of investments in subsidiaries, associates, a joint venture and non-financial assets (continued)

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the unit (group of units) on a pro rata basis.

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

Under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34 "Interim financial reporting" in respect of the first six months of the financial period. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year.

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill are not reversed in the subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.7 於附屬公司、聯營公司及 一間合營企業的投資及非 財務資產的減值(續)

就商譽以外之資產而言,倘用以外之資產而言出。。 養動,則撥回減值虧損。減往虧損之撥回僅限於資產在別戶便 損之撥回僅虧損的情況。 未確認減值虧損的情況,原虧 定的 影面值。撥回之減值虧 於確認撥回之年度計入損益 影內。

根據聯交所證券上市規則,本集團須遵照香港會計準則第34號「中期財務報告」編製財政期間首六個月的中期財務報告。於中期期間結束時,本集團應用與財政年度結束時相同的減值測試、確認及撥回準則。

於中期期間就商譽確認之減值虧 損不會於其後期間撥回。即使減 值評估僅於與中期期間有關的財 政年度末方進行,且並無確認虧 損或確認的虧損較輕微,有關減 值虧損仍不會撥回。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.8 Financial instruments

#### (a) Financial assets

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for assets with maturities greater than twelve months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets.

Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Investments in debt and equity securities

The Group's policies for investments in debt and equity securities, other than investments in subsidiaries, associates and a joint venture, are as follows:

Investments in debt and equity securities are initially stated at fair value, which is their transaction price unless it is determined that the fair value at initial recognition differs from the transaction price and that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. Cost includes attributable transaction costs, except where indicated otherwise below. These investments are subsequently accounted for as follows, depending on their classification:

Investments in securities held for trading are classified as current assets. Any attributable transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured, with any resultant gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.8 金融工具

#### (a) 財務資產

#### 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為有固定或可釐定付款,並無交投活躍市場報價之非衍生財務資產。該等資產計入流動資產內,惟到期日超過報告期該後十二個月的資產除外,該等資產列為非流動資產。

貸款及應收款項採用實際利 率法按攤銷成本列賬。

#### 債務及權益證券之投資

本集團對債務及權益證券投資(不包括於附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業之投資)之政策如下:

持作買賣之證券投資分類為 流動資產。任何應佔交易 成本於發生時在損益賬內確 認。於每個報告期末,本集 團會重新計量其公平值,因 此而產生之任何盈虧於損益 賬內確認。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.8 Financial instruments (continued)

(a) Financial assets (continued)

Investments in debt and equity securities (continued) Investments in equity securities that do not have a quoted price in an active market for an identical instrument and whose fair value cannot otherwise be reliably measured are subsequently recognised in the statement of financial position at cost less impairment losses.

Dividend income or interest income from debt and equity securities is recognised in profit or loss in accordance with the policies set out in note 2.20.

Investments are recognised/derecognised on the date the Group commits to purchase/sell the investments or they expire.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at each end of the reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

For debt and equity securities carried at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset where the effect of discounting is material. Impairment losses for equity securities carried at cost are not reversed.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.8 金融工具(續)

(a) 財務資產(續)

債務及權益證券之投資(續) 概無相同工具於活躍市場報 價的權益證券投資,其公平 值其後不能以其他方式可靠 計量以成本減減值虧損於財 務狀況表確認。

來自債務及權益證券的股息 收入及利息收入乃根據載於 附註2.20的政策於損益賬內 確認。

該投資會在本集團承諾購入/出售投資或投資到期當 日確認/終止確認。

#### 金融資產減值

就按成本列賬的債務及權益 證券而言,減值虧損公融 資產賬面值與按同類金融 產現行市場回報與現現 計未來現金流量之間的 計未來現生 計量(如貼現影響重大)。 試 以成本列賬的權益證 對減值 虧損並不予以撥回。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.8 Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities The Group holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency risk exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract and the embedded derivates are not closely related, a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative, and the combined instrument is not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value; attributable transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss when incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value. When a derivative financial instrument is held for trading, and is not designated in a qualifying hedge-relationship, all changes in its fair value are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### (c) Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a Group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period. Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.8 金融工具(續)

(b) 衍生金融工具及對沖活動 本集團持有衍生金融公主具 對沖外匯風險。倘主合 嵌入式衍生工具約層 及風險並非密切相關,相 與該嵌入式衍生工具行為 與該嵌入工具行為 與該嵌入工具合併工具 的定義,且合併工具計 的定義,且合併 公平值列入損益 嵌入式衍生工具。 分開並單獨入賬。

(c) 財務負債及股權 財務負債及集團實體發行的 股權工具乃根據已訂立的合 約安排內容及財務負債與股 權工具的定義分類。

> 股權工具即證明本集團扣除 所有負債後於資產持有的剩 餘權益的任何合約。

> 實際利率法為計算財務負債 攤銷成本及於有關期間分分 利息開支的方法。實際利率 為在財務負債估計年期或( 1)較短期間內準確貼 適用)較短期間內準確貼 估計未來現金付款的利率 活動開支乃按實際利率法確 認。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.9 Inventories

Inventories comprise IT products for distribution and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is determined using the weighted average cost formula. The cost of finished goods comprises all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. It excludes borrowing costs.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any writedown of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.9 存貨

存貨包括供分銷之資訊科技產品,乃按成本及可變現淨值兩者 之較低者列賬。

成本採用加權平均成本公式釐 定。製成品之成本包括所有採購 成本及將存貨運送至其當前地點 及達致目前狀況所引致之其他成 本。成本不包括借貸成本。

可變現淨值乃於日常業務過程中 之估計售價,減適用之可變銷售 費用。

存貨一經出售,其賬面值在確認 相關收入的期間內確認為開支 及存貨撇減至可變現淨值虧損 及存貨所有虧損在撇減回虧損貨 生期間確認為開支。撥回確認為 已獲確認為開支的存貨金額減少。

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.10 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts, except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts. Impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts are recognised when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired. The amount of impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate where the effect of discounting is material.

Impairment losses for trade receivables within trade and other receivables whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote are recorded using an allowance account. Where the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade receivables directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.10 貿易及其他應收款項

貿易及其他應收款項初步按公平 值確認,其後以實際利率法按攤 銷成本扣除呆賬減值撥備計算, 惟屬於向關連人士提供之無固定 還款期之免息貸款或貼現影響不 大的應收款項除外。在有關情況 下,應收款項按成本減呆賬減值 撥備列賬。呆壞賬減值虧損在有 客觀證據顯示本集團將無法根據 應收款項的原來條款收取所有到 期金額時確認。債務人的重大財 務困難、債務人將可能破產或進 行財務重組,及違約或拖欠付款 均視作應收款項已減值的跡象。 倘貼現之影響屬重大,則減值虧 損金額為資產賬面值與估計未來 現金流量按實際利率貼現之現值 之間的差額。

貿易及其他應收款項內可收回性 被視為難以預料而並非微乎其微 的貿易應收款項的減值虧損,乃 使用撥備賬入賬。倘本集團信納 可收回性微乎其微,則被視作不 可收回的金額會直接從貿易應收 款項撇銷,並撥回於撥備賬內就 該債務持有的任何金額。其後收 回過往計入撥備賬內的金額及過 往直接撇銷的金額乃於損益賬內 確認。

#### 2.11 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行及庫 存現金、於銀行及其他金融機構 的活期存款,以及可以隨時轉換 為已知金額現金且價值變動風險 不大, 並在購入後三個月內到期 的短期高流動性投資。就綜合現 金流量表而言,構成本集團現金 管理一部分而須於要求時償還的 銀行透支,亦計入為現金及現金 等價物之一。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.12 Share capital

#### Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### Repurchase of shares

When share capital recognised as equity is repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, which includes directly attributable costs is recognised as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares are presented as a deduction from total equity.

#### Deferred reserve

Deferred reserve represented the cost of acquisition of the Company's shares through a trust setup specifically for purpose of employment compensation. The reserve is credited to the extent of the fair value of shares on granting to awardees.

#### 2.13 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

#### 2.14 Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and the redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.12 股本

#### 普通股

普通股乃列為權益。發行新股份 或購股權直接應佔之增量成本於 除稅後於權益中列示為所得款項 之扣減額。

#### 購回股份

購回確認為權益之股本時,所支付之代價金額(包括直接應佔成本)確認為權益之扣減額。購回之股份呈列為總權益之扣減額。

#### 遞延儲備

遞延儲備乃透過特別為僱傭補償 設立的信託收購本公司股份之成 本。該儲備於授予獲授人時入賬 作股份之公平值。

#### 2.13 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項初步按公平 值確認,其後以實際利率法按攤 銷成本計量,除非貼現影響不 大,則按成本列賬。

## 2.14 計息借貸

計息借貸初步按公平值減應佔交易成本確認。於初步確認後,計息借貸按攤銷成本列賬,而差額確認之金額與贖回值的任何差額連同任何應付利息及費用按實際利率法於借貸期內於損益賬內確認。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.15 Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax assets are realised or the deferred tax liabilities are settled. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.15 所得税

遞延税項以於報告期末已制訂或 實質上已制訂及預期於相關遞延 税項資產變現或遞延税項負債清 償時適用之税率及稅法釐定。遞 延税項資產及負債不作貼現。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.15 Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at each end of the reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

## 2.16 Employee benefits

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

#### (a) Pension obligations

The Group operates defined contribution retirement plans, the assets of which are held in separate trustee-administered funds. The retirement plans are generally funded by payments from employees and by the relevant Group companies. For employees in the PRC, the Group participates in defined contribution retirement plans organised by the relevant local governments in the PRC.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.15 所得税(續)

遞延稅項乃就於附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業的投資產生之暫時差異計提撥備,惟倘本集團可以控制暫時差異之撥回時間及暫時差異可能在可見未來不會撥回則除外。

#### 2.16 僱員福利

薪金、年度花紅、有薪年假、向界定供款退休計劃作出之供款及 非貨幣福利成本於僱員提供相關 服務之年度累計。倘延遲付款或 結算且構成重大影響,則此等金 額會以現值列賬。

#### (a) 退休金責任

本集團運作界定供款退休計劃,有關計劃之資產。退休計劃之資產。退休計劃之資產。退休期資金一般依靠僱員及有關集團公司繳納之款至,本集團公司繳納之款。 數與由中國有關地方政府籌辦之界定供款退休計劃。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.16 Employee benefits (continued)

(a) Pension obligations (continued)

The Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expenses when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

#### (b) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the statement of financial position date. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### (c) Bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses taking into account the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

#### (d) Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a capital reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the trinomial lattice model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted.

Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.16 僱員福利(續)

(a) 退休金責任(續)

本集團以強制性、合約性或自 願性之方式向公共或私人管理 退休保險計劃供款。本集團作 出供款後,即無進一步付款責 任。供款在到期應付時確認為 僱員福利開支。預付供款於有 現金退款或可獲得未來繳納款 項扣減時確認為資產。

#### (b) 僱員應享假期

僱員享有之年假於應計予僱 員時確認。直至財務狀況 表日期由僱員提供之服務產 生的年假估計責任乃計提撥 備。僱員應享病假及產假於 其休假時方予確認。

#### (c) 花紅計劃

本集團在計及本公司股東應 佔溢利後確認花紅負債及開 支。本集團按合約規定責任 或於過往慣例產生推定責任 之情況下確認撥備。

#### (d) 股份付款

授予僱員之購股權之公平值 乃作為僱員成本確認,並 會相應增加權益內之資本儲 備。公平值於授出日期採用 三項式點陣模型,經考慮授 出購股權之條款及條件予以 計量。

倘僱員須在成為無條件享有 購股權前符合歸屬條件,購 股權之估計總公平值經考慮 購股權歸屬之可能性後,於 歸屬期內分攤。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.16 Employee benefits (continued)

(d) Share-based payments (continued)

During the vesting period, the number of options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On the vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the capital reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained earnings).

## 2.17 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.16 僱員福利(續)

#### (d) 股份付款(續)

於歸屬期內,預期將會歸屬 之購股權數目將予審閱。凡 對過往年度已確認之累計公 平值作出之任何相應調整, 須扣自/計入審閱年度之損 益賬內,並會對資本儲備作 出相應調整,惟合資格確認 為資產之原有僱員開支則除 外。於歸屬日期,已確認 為開支之款額會作出調整, 以反映實際歸屬之購股權數 目,並會對資本儲備作出相 應調整,惟只因未能達成有 關本公司股份市價之歸屬條 件而沒收之情況則除外。權 益數額在資本儲備內確認, 直至購股權於獲行使時轉撥 至股份溢價賬或購股權到期 時直接轉撥至保留盈利為 11 0

## 2.17 撥備及或然負債

倘不大可能需要經濟利益流出, 或無法可靠估計有關金額,則該 責任乃披露為或然負債,除非經 濟利益流出的可能性極微。。否 生一項或多項未來事件確認)亦被 生一項或然負債,除非經濟利益流 出的可能性極微。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.18 Leases

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

#### (a) Operating leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

#### (b) Finance leases

The Group leases certain property, plant and equipment. Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's commencement at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.18 和賃

倘本集團認為某項安排轉讓一項 權利,以在協定的時期內使用項或多項特定資產以換取一項可 一系列付款,則該安排(包括一項或 可不系列交易)屬於或包括一項項 或一系列交易)屬於或包括一項和 實。有關釐定乃根據對安排 等內容的評估作出,而不論該 排是否具備租賃的法定形式。

#### (a) 經營租賃

#### (b) 融資租賃

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.18 Leases (continued)

(b) Finance leases (continued)

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in borrowings. The interest element of the lease payments is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. Impairment losses are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in note 2.7.

## 2.19 Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.18 和賃(續)

(b) 融資租賃(續)

## 2.19 分部報告

經營分部及於財務報表內呈報的各分部項目金額乃自定期提供予本集團最高行政管理人員,以對本集團的多項業務及多個地區進行資源分配及評估表現的財務資料中識別。

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

## 2.20 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

#### Sale of goods

Sale of goods is recognised when products have been delivered to the customers which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the products and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

#### Service fees

Fees from service maintenance contracts are recognised over the period of the contract.

#### (iii) Project revenue

Revenue on projects is recognised in the statement of profit or loss based on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the percentage of contract costs incurred to date to estimated total contract costs for the contract.

#### (iv) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

#### Dividend income

Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Dividend income from listed investments is recognised when the share price of the investment goes ex-dividend.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.20 收益確認

收益乃按已收或應收代價之公平 值計量。惟經濟利益可能流入本 集團,而收益和成本(如適用)能 被可靠地計量時,方根據下列方 法於損益賬內確認收益:

#### (i) 貨品銷售

貨品銷售於產品已交付予客 戶時(視為客戶已接納產品及 所有權的有關風險及回報之 時)確認。收益不包括增值 税或其他銷售税並經扣除任 何貿易折扣。

#### (ii) 服務費

服務保養合約費用於合約期 內確認。

#### (iii) 項目收益

項目收益按完成百分比法(參 考迄今已產生合約成本佔合 約估計總成本的百分比計量) 於損益表內確認。

## (iv) 利息收入

利息收入採用實際利率法於 應計時確認。

#### (v) 股息收入

來自非上市投資之股息收入 於確立收取股息的權利時確 認。

來自上市投資之股息收入於 所投資之股份除息時確認。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.21 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the directors (for interim dividends) or approved by the shareholders (for final dividends).

## 2.22 Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same Group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a Group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.21股息分派

向本公司股東分派之股息在董事 (就中期股息而言)或股東(就末期 股息而言)批准股息之期間於財務 報表內確認為負債。

## 2.22 關連人士

- (a) 在以下情況下,某人士或 其近親家庭成員與本集團 有關連:
  - (i) 可控制或共同控制本集 團;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響 力;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的主要管理人員之
- (b) 在以下任何情況下,該 實體與本集團有關連:
  - i) 該實體及本集團均屬同一集團的成員公司(即母公司、附屬公司及同系附屬公司各自互有關連)。
  - (ii) 該實體為另一實體的聯 營公司或合營企業(或 為某集團成員公司的聯 營公司或合營企業,而 該另一實體為此集團的 成員公司)。
  - (iii) 兩間實體均屬同一第三 方的合營企業。

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(continued)

## 2.22 Related parties (continued)

- An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: (continued)
  - One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
  - The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a (vi) person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

## 2.22 關連人士(續)

- (b) 在以下任何情况下,該 實體與本集團有關連: (續)
  - (iv) 某實體為第三方實體的 合營企業,而另一實體 則為該第三方實體的聯 營公司。
  - (v) 該實體為以本集團或與 本集團有關連的實體的 僱員之利益而設的離職 後福利計劃。
  - (vi) 該實體受(a)項中所指的 人士控制或共同控制。
  - (vii) 在 (a) (i) 項中所指的人 士對該實體有重大影響 力,或為該實體(或該 實體的母公司)的主要 管理人員之一。
  - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團之 任何成員公司為本集團 或本集團的母公司提供 關鍵管理人員服務。

某人士的近親家庭成員為預期可 能在與該實體交易時影響該人士 或受到該人士影響的家庭成員。

## 3. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values

## 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

#### (a) Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates in various countries and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"), the United States Dollar ("US\$"), the Singapore Dollar ("S\$"), Thai Baht ("THB") and Indonesian Rupiah ("RP"). Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations.

To manage the foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities, the Group uses forward foreign exchange contracts to reduce foreign exchange risk. As at 31 December 2016, the Group had outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts with a net notional amount of approximately HK\$255,265,000 (2015: approximately HK\$387,509,000).

A 5% strengthening of the following currencies other than the functional currencies of the Group's entities against the HK\$ at 31 December 2016 would have increased/ (decreased) the post-tax profit in the consolidated statement of profit or loss of the Group by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. The analysis has been performed on the same basis as for the year ended 31 December 2015.

## 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

## 3.1 財務風險因素

本集團之業務承受外匯風險、利率風險、信貸風險及流動性風險 等多項財務風險。本集團的整體 風險管理計劃著重金融市場的 可預測性,並尋求盡量減低對本 集團財務表現的潛在不利影響。

#### (a) 外匯風險

為管理來自未來商業交易及已確認資產及負債之外期應至人,本集團利用遠期。 匯合約減低外匯風險,本集團利用國險,一一日,本集團未平倉之之。 一一日,本集團未平倉之額約 是55,265,000港元(二零一五年:約387,509,000港元)。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,以下本集團實體元素是體元子,以外的貨幣之港元子。 5%,會令本集團於湖戶。 5%,會令本集團於納戶。 益表的除稅後溢利增加/(假本) 一方,數額。該分析按則是利權持不變。該分析按則是與一 上年度相同之基準進行。

# 3. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values (continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(a) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

# 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 外匯風險(續)

## Group 本集團

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
RMB	人民幣	24,153	37,302
US\$	美元	(55,104)	(75,679)
S\$	新加坡元	6,386	8,070
THB	泰銖	22,418	17,678
RP	印尼盾	19,061	7,406

A 5% weakening of the above currencies against the HK\$ would have had the equal but opposite effect on the above currencies, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

#### (b) Interest rate risk

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates and the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets except for the cash and cash equivalents, details of which have been disclosed in note 12. The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its bank borrowings, details of which have been disclosed in note 18. Borrowings carried at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

At 31 December 2016, if the interest rates on bank borrowings had been 100 basis points higher/lower with all other variables held constant, the Group's post-tax profit for the year would have been HK\$35,572,000 (2015: HK\$47,284,000) lower/higher, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate bank borrowings.

上述貨幣兑港元貶值5%(假設所有其他變量維持不變)將對上述貨幣產生等同但相反的影響。

#### (b) 利率風險

於二零一六年十二月三十一 日,倘銀行借貸利率上調 100個基點,而所有 他變量維持不變,則本集 年內除稅後溢利將減少/電 加35,572,000港元(二零一 五年:47,284,000港元), 主要由於浮息銀行借貸的利 息開支增加/減少。

## Financial Risk Management and Fair Values (continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

#### Credit risk

The carrying amount of trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents included in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to its financial assets. The exposures to these credit risks are closely monitored on an ongoing basis by established credit policies and procedures.

Cash and cash equivalents are mainly deposited in various financial institutions, which management believes are of high quality. Management does not expect any loss from non-performance by these counterparties.

The Group has put in place policies to ensure that sales of products are made to customers with an appropriate credit history and the Group performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers. The Group's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within the recorded allowances.

#### (d) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding from an adequate amount of credit facilities. The Group's treasury department maintains flexibility in funding by keeping credit lines available.

## 3. 財務風險管理及公平值 (續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (c) 信貸風險

計入綜合財務狀況表之貿易 及其他應收款項與現金及現 金等價物之賬面值乃指本集 團就其財務資產面對的最高 信貸風險敞口。該等信貸風 險敞口乃以已確立之信貸政 策及程序持續緊密監控。

現金及現金等價物主要存於 多間管理層相信屬質素良好 的金融機構。管理層預期不 會因有關對象方不履約而產 生任何虧損。

本集團已制訂政策以確保產 品乃銷售予信貸記錄良好之 客戶,而本集團亦會對其客 戶進行定期信貸評估。按本 集團過往對貿易應收款項的 收賬經驗,均處於已入賬撥 備之範圍內。

#### (d) 流動性風險

審慎之流動性風險管理包括 維持充足之現金及可自金額 充裕之信貸融資取得資金。 本集團財資部透過維持可供 動用的信貸額度,維持資金 之靈活性。

## Financial Risk Management and Fair Values (continued)

## 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity reserve comprising undrawn facilities and cash and cash equivalents, on the basis of expected cash flows. The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date.

## 3. 財務風險管理及公平值 (續)

## 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(d) 流動性風險(續)

管理層按預期現金流量基準 監察本集團流動資金儲備(包 括未提取融資以及現金及現 金等價物)的持續預測。下 表乃基於報告日期至合約到 期日的餘下期間分析歸入有 關到期組別的本集團財務負 債。

		Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元	Less than 1 year 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 一年至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 兩年至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	After 5 years 超過五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Group At 31 December 2016	本集團 於二零一六年十二月三十一日					
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	4,382,081	2,427,648	9,560	1,935,981	8,892
Adjustments to cash flow based on lender's right to demand repayment	根據貸方要求還款權利對 現金流量作出調整	_	46,463	(9,560)	(28,011)	(8,892)
		4,382,081	2,474,111	_	1,907,970	_
Finance lease liabilities	融資租賃負債	1,206	482	423	301	_
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	8,098,508	8,098,508	_	_	_
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日					
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	5,749,187	4,682,387	67,941	981,019	17,840
Adjustments to cash flow based on	根據貸方要求還款權利對					
lender's right to demand repayment	現金流量作出調整	_	56,203	(9,591)	(28,772)	(17,840)
		5,749,187	4,738,590	58,350	952,247	_
Finance lease liabilities	融資租賃負債	870	345	254	271	_
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	7,276,244	7,276,244	_	_	_

# 3. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values (continued)

#### 3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the net debt/equity ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including current and non-current borrowings as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Equity is calculated as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The table below analyses the Group's capital structure as at 31 December 2016:

# 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

#### 3.2 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本之目的為確保本 集團有能力持續營運,以為股東 提供回報及為其他持份者提供利 益,及維持最佳資本架構以減低 資本成本。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集 團或會調整派付予股東的股息金額、向股東發還資本、發行新股 份或售資減債。

本集團按債務淨額/權益比率監察資本。該比率按債務淨額按總保益計算。債務淨額按總借貸(包括綜合財務狀況表所示的流動及非流動借貸)減現金及現金等價物計算。權益按綜合財務狀況表所示計算。

下表分析本集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日的資本架構:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Total borrowings (Note 18)	———— 借貸總額 <i>(附註18)</i>	4,245,041	5,621,014
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等價物		
(Note 12)	(附註12)	(1,980,026)	(3,233,727)
Net debt		2,265,015	2,387,287
Total equity	總權益	3,863,638	3,819,107
Net debt/equity ratio	債務淨額/權益比率	0.59	0.63

#### Financial Risk Management and Fair Values (continued)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation

Financial instruments measured at fair value

The following table presents the carrying value of the Group's financial instruments measured at fair value at the statement of financial position date on a recurring basis across the three levels of the fair value hierarchy defined in HKFRS 13 "Fair value measurement". The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: fair values measured using only Level 1 inputs, i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2 valuations: Level 2 inputs, i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data is not available
- Level 3 valuations: fair values measured using significant unobservable inputs

## 3. 財務風險管理及公平值 (續)

#### 3.3 公平值估計

以公平值計量之金融工

下表呈列本集團按經常性基 準以公平值計量之金融工具 於財務狀況表日期之賬面 值, 並以香港財務報告準則 第13號[公平值計量]所界定 之公平值架構的三個層級列 示。公平值計量所歸類之級 別乃參考以下估值方法所用 輸入數據之可觀察程度及重 要程度而釐定:

- 第一層級估值:僅使用 第一層級輸入數據(即 相同資產及負債於計量 日期在活躍市場之未經 調整報價)計量之公平 侑
- 第二層級估值:第二層 級輸入數據(即不符合 第一層級之可觀察輸入 數據)且並未使用重大 不可觀察輸入數據。不 可觀察輸入數據為無市 場數據可供使用之輸入 數據
- 第三層級估值:使用重 大不可觀察輸入數據計 量之公平值

Level 1

# 3. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values (continued)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

(i) Financial instruments measured at fair value (continued)

# 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

#### 3.3 公平值估計(續)

Level 2

(i) 以公平值計量之金融工 具(續)

Level 3

Total

		第一層級	第二層級	第三層級	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年				
	十二月三十一日				
Assets	資產				
Derivative assets	衍生資產	_	4,256	_	4,256
Forward foreign exchange contracts	遠期外匯合約	_	44,780	_	44,780
Listed securities	上市證券	138,697	_	_	138,697
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年				
	十二月三十一日				
Assets	資產				
Derivative assets	衍生資產	_	1,603	_	1,603
Linkillator	<i>在</i>				
Liabilities	<b>負債</b>		7 700		7.700
Forward foreign exchange contracts	遠期外匯合約 ————————	_	7,780	_	7,780

During the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015, there were no transfers between the levels of fair value hierarchy.

The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts in Level 2 is determined by discounting the contractual forward price and deducting the current spot rate. The discount rate used is derived from the relevant government yield curve as at the end of the reporting period plus an adequate constant credit spread.

於截至二零一六年及二零一五年 十二月三十一日止年度內,公平 值層級之間並無進行任何轉移。

第二層級遠期外匯合約的公平值 乃按合約遠期價格貼現並減去當 前現貨價格釐定。所使用的貼現 率按報告期末的有關政府收益率 曲線,另加足夠的固定信貸息差 得出。

# 3. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values (continued)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The fair values of trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables and borrowings are assumed to approximate their carrying amounts.

## 4. Accounting Estimates and Judgements

# (a) Estimated write-down of inventories to net realisable value

The Group writes down inventories to net realisable value based on an assessment of the realisability of inventories. Writedowns of inventories are recorded to the extent where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be realised.

The identification of write-downs requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and write-downs of inventories in the period in which such estimate are changed.

# (b) Estimated provision for impairment of trade receivables

The Group makes provision for impairment of trade receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of trade receivables. Provisions are applied to trade receivables to the extent where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible.

The identification of impairment of trade receivables requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of trade receivables and impairment loss in the period in which such estimates are changed.

# 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

#### 3.3 公平值估計(續)

(ii) 以非公平值列賬之財務 資產及負債之公平值 貿易及其他應收款項、現金 及現金等價物、貿易及其他 應付款項以及借貸的公平值 乃假設與其賬面值相若。

# 4. 會計估計及判斷

#### (a) 估計存貨撇減至可變現淨 值

本集團根據存貨可變現性之評估 撇減存貨至可變現淨值。倘出現 顯示存貨結餘可能未能變現之事 件或情況變動,則會據此為限將 存貨撇減入賬。

識別撇減須應用判斷及估計。倘 預期有別於原有估計,有關差額 將會影響該估計出現變動期間之 存貨賬面值及存貨撇減。

#### (b) 估計貿易應收款項減值撥 備

本集團根據對貿易應收款項之可 收回情況作出之評估,就貿易應 收款項減值作出撥備。倘出現顯 示有關結餘可能無法收回之事件 或情況變動,則會據此為限就貿 易應收款項作出撥備。

識別貿易應收款項減值須運用判斷及估計。倘預期有別於原有估計,有關差額將影響該估計出現變動期間之貿易應收款項賬面值 及減值虧損。

#### Accounting Estimates and Judgements (continued)

#### Estimated impairment of goodwill

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 2.7. The recoverable amounts of cash generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates (see note 6).

In assessing the value-in-use of the goodwill, management considers changes in economic conditions and makes assumptions regarding estimated future cash flows and other factors. Estimates of future cash flows are highly subjective and judgements are based on the Group's experience and knowledge of operations. These estimates can be significantly impacted by many factors including changes in business and economic conditions, operating costs, inflation and competition.

#### (d) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in various jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

#### 會計估計及判斷(續)

#### (c) 估計商譽減值

本集團每年均根據附註2.7所述會 計政策測試商譽有否任何減值。 現金產生單位的可收回金額已根 據使用價值計算釐定。該等計算 需要運用估計(見附註6)。

評估商譽的使用價值時,管理層 會考慮經濟狀況轉變及就估計未 來現金流量以及其他因素作出假 設。估計未來現金流量十分主 觀,乃根據本集團營運經驗及知 識作出判斷。該等估計可受業務 及經濟狀況轉變、經營成本、通 脹及競爭等多項因素的重大影響。

#### (d) 所得税

本集團須繳納多個司法權區的所 得税。於釐定所得税撥備時,須 作出重大判斷。在日常業務過程 中,許多交易及計算的最終税務 釐定均不確定。倘該等事宜之最 終税務結果與初步入賬之金額不 同,有關差額將影響稅務釐定期 內之所得稅及遞延稅項撥備。

# Property, Plant and Equipment

# 5. 物業、廠房及設備

			Buildings						
			held for own						
		Leasehold	use carried	Furniture and	Office		Motor	Assets under	
		improvements	at cost	fixtures	equipment	Computers	vehicles	construction	Total
		租賃	按成本列值的	傢具					
		物業裝修	持作自用樓宇	及裝置	辦公室設備	電腦	汽車	在建資產	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日								
Cost	成本	27,839	70,226	18,206	10,846	40,800	8,886	1,691	178,494
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(15,727)	(8,324)	(6,685)	(7,897)	(17,513)	(4,736)	_	(60,882)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	12,112	61,902	11,521	2,949	23,287	4,150	1,691	117,612
Year ended 31 December 2015	截至二零一五年								
	十二月三十一日止年度								
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	12,112	61,902	11,521	2,949	23,287	4,150	1,691	117,612
Additions	添置	4,645	179,449	269	1,559	11,652	1,918	2,228	201,720
Transfer	轉撥	_	_	2,420	186	_	_	(2,606)	_
Disposals	出售	_	_	(276)	(5)	(231)	_	(350)	(862)
Depreciation	折舊	(4,576)	(4,635)	(2,850)	(1,427)	(7,935)	(946)	_	(22,369)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(650)	(132)	(953)	(194)	(6,702)	(257)	(115)	(9,003)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	11,531	236,584	10,131	3,068	20,071	4,865	848	287,098
As at 31 December 2015 and	於二零一五年								
1 January 2016	十二月三十一日及								
,	二零一六年一月一日								
Cost	成本	30,657	249,280	16,027	11,466	37,868	9,991	848	356,137
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(19,126)	(12,696)	(5,896)	(8,398)	(17,797)	(5,126)	_	(69,039)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	11,531	236,584	10,131	3,068	20,071	4,865	848	287,098
Year ended 31 December 2016	型型工物								
	十二月三十一日止年度								
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	11,531	236,584	10,131	3,068	20,071	4,865	848	287,098
Additions	添置	9,465	_	1,457	852	8,267	1,079	1,708	22,828
Transfer	轉撥	_	_	1,365	_	315	_	(1,680)	_
Disposals	出售	(267)	_	(2,849)	(230)	(382)	(472)	-	(4,200)
Depreciation	折舊	(3,789)	(5,026)	(2,683)	(1,230)	(7,846)	(1,095)	_	(21,669)
Exchange difference	<b>運</b> 兑差額	(3,885)	(144)	99	(25)	(566)	812	(40)	(3,749)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	13,055	231,414	7,520	2,435	19,859	5,189	836	280,308
As at 31 December 2016	於二零一六年								
	十二月三十一目	0.5	0.10.00=	10.105	41.010		40 ===	222	050.000
Cost	成本	35,753	249,027	13,137	11,019	39,386	10,772	836	359,930
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	22,698	17,613	5,617	8,584	19,527	5,583	_	79,622
Net book amount									

Duildings

The net book value of property, plant and equipment under finance leases as at 31 December 2016 was HK\$1,447,000 (2015: HK\$1,258,000).

融資租賃項下之物業、廠房及設 備於二零一六年十二月三十一日 的賬面淨值為1,447,000港元(二 零一五年:1,258,000港元)。

#### 6. Goodwill

#### 6. 商譽

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Goodwill	商譽	306,905	310,592
As at 1 January Exchange difference	於一月一日 匯兑差額	310,592 (3,687)	324,001 (13,409)
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	306,905	310,592

The recoverable amount of each group of cash generating units ("CGUs") to which goodwill is allocated is determined based on value-in-use calculations. Cash flow projections for the purpose of the impairment review are based on budgets prepared on the basis of assumptions reflective of the prevailing market conditions. Key assumptions used for value-in-use calculation for each group of CGUs include:

- (a) Cash flows are projected based on actual operating results and the five-year business plan.
- (b) The anticipated annual revenue growth rates included in the cash flow projections range from 4.9% to 10% (2015: 6.2% to 10%).
- (c) Pre-tax discount rates as at 31 December 2016 which range from 5.9% to 12.4% (2015: 7.6% to 16.5%) were applied in determining the recoverable amount of the CGUs. The discount rates used reflect the risk-free rates and the premiums for specific risks relating to the business units to which the CGUs relate.

The values assigned to the key assumptions represent management's assessment of future trends in the IT industry and are based on both external sources and internal sources and both past performance (historical data) and its expectations for market development.

Group management believes that any reasonably possible changes in the above key assumptions applied are not likely to cause the recoverable amount to be materially lower than the carrying amount of goodwill.

獲分配商譽的各組現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)的可收回金額按使用價值計算法釐定。為減值檢討所進行的現金流量預測乃根據按反映當時市況之假設編製的預算進行。各組現金產生單位計算使用價值所用主要假設包括:

- (a) 現金流量根據實際經營業績及五 年業務計劃預測。
- (b) 包括於現金流量預測的預測收益 年增長率介乎4.9%至10%(二零 一五年:6.2%至10%)。
- (c) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日的 除税前貼現率介乎5.9%至12.4% (二零一五年:7.6%至16.5%), 已用作釐定現金產生單位的可收 回金額。所用貼現率反映有關無 風險利率及現金產生單位相關業 務單位的特定風險溢價。

指定於主要假設使用的價值為管理層對資訊科技業未來趨勢的評估,乃根據內外來源、過往表現(歷史數據)及其對市場發展的預期得出。

本集團管理層相信,所應用的上述主要假設中合理可能發生的變動,應不會導致可收回金額大幅低於商譽賬面值。

# 7. Investments in Subsidiaries

# 7. 於附屬公司之投資

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2016 are as follows:

Name	establishment	Principal activities and place of operations	Particulars of issued share capital/registered capital	Percent interes Directly	_
名稱	(Note) 註冊成立/ 成立地點 (附註)	主要業務及經營地點	已發行股本/ 註冊資本詳情	所持權益 直接	百分比 間接
VST Group Limited	British Virgin	Investment holding,	4 ordinary shares of	100%	_
VST Group Limited	Islands 英屬處女群島	British Virgin Islands 投資控股, 英屬處女群島	US\$1 each 4股每股面值1美元 之普通股		
Shenzhen VST Grand Electronic Co., Ltd.	PRC	Distribution of IT products in the PRC	RMB100,000,000	100%	_
深圳偉仕宏業電子 有限公司	中國	於中國分銷資訊 科技產品	人民幣100,000,000元		
VST Computers (H.K.) Limited	Hong Kong	Distribution of IT products in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares	_	100%
偉仕電腦(香港) 有限公司	香港	於香港分銷資訊 科技產品	2股普通股		
			62,000,000 non-voting		
			deferred shares 62,000,000股 無投票權遞延股份		
Chong Qing VST Grand Technology Development Co., Ltd	PRC	Distribution of IT products in the PRC	US\$20,000,000	_	100%
重慶偉仕宏翔科技 發展有限公司	中國	於中國分銷資訊 科技產品	20,000,000美元		
西藏偉仕佳杰科技有限公司	PRC	Project Investment in the PRC	RMB30,000,000	_	100%
西藏偉仕佳杰科技有限公司	中國	於中國從事項目投資	人民幣30,000,000元		

# 7. Investments in Subsidiaries (continued)

# 7. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2016 are as follows: *(continued)* 

	Place of Particulars of issued incorporation/ Principal activities and share capital/registered		Percentage of interest held		
Name	establishment (Note)	place of operations	capital	Directly	Indirectly
名稱	註冊成立/ 成立地點 (附註)	主要業務及經營地點	已發行股本/ 註冊資本詳情	所持權益 直接	百分比 間接
深圳市基泰智能設備 有限公司	PRC	Project holding in the PRC	RMB2,500,000	_	100%
深圳市基泰智能設備 有限公司	中國	於中國從事物業控股	人民幣2,500,000元	_	100%
ECS Holdings Limited	Singapore	Investment holding and distribution of IT products, provision of IT services and enterprise systems in Singapore	446,036,800 ordinary shares	100%	_
佳杰科技有限公司	新加坡	於新加坡從事投資 控股、分銷資訊科技 產品、提供資訊科技 服務及企業系統	446,036,800股 普通股		
EC Sure Holdings (Thailand) Co., Ltd	Thailand	Investment holding in Thailand	196,000 preferred shares, non-accumulative dividend, Baht 1.25 per share; and 204,000 ordinary shares, Baht 1.25 per share	_	99.90%
EC Sure Holdings (Thailand) Co., Ltd	泰國	於泰國從事投資控股	196,000股每股面值1.25泰銖 之優先股,股息非累計; 及204,000股每股面值1.25 泰銖之普通股		

#### Investments in Subsidiaries (continued) 7.

# 7. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2016 are as follows: (continued)

Name	•	Principal activities and place of operations	Particulars of issued share capital/registered capital	Percent interes Directly	U
名稱	註冊成立/ 已發行股本/ 成立地點 主要業務及經營地點 註冊資本詳情 (附註)			所持權益 直接	百分比 間接
VST ECS (Thailand) Co., Ltd	Thailand	Provider of information technology products and services for IT infrastructure in Thailand	7,783,000 shares of 10 Baht each	_	100%
VST ECS (Thailand) Co., Ltd	泰國	泰國資訊科技產品及 資訊科技基礎設施 服務供應商	7,783,000股 每股面值10泰銖 之股份		
ECS Value Myanmar Services Company Limited	Myanmar	Provision of marketing research and IT services in Myanmar	300,000 shares of US\$1 each	_	100%
ECS Value Myanmar Services Company Limited	緬甸	於緬甸提供市場推廣研究 及資訊科技服務	300,000股每股面值1美元之股份		
ECS Value (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	Cambodia	Import and export of IT products in Cambodia	KHR20,000,000	_	100%
ECS Value (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	柬埔寨	於柬埔寨從事資訊科技產 品進出口	20,000,000柬埔寨瑞爾		
ECS Computers (Asia) Pte. Ltd	Singapore	Provider of information technology products and services for IT infrastructure in Singapore	13,600,000 ordinary shares of S\$1 each	_	100%
ECS Computers (Asia) Pte. Ltd	新加坡	新加坡資訊科技產品及 資訊科技基礎設施 服務供應商	13,600,000股每股面值 1新加坡元之普通股		

# 7. Investments in Subsidiaries (continued)

# 7. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2016 are as follows: *(continued)* 

Name		Principal activities and place of operations	Particulars of issued share capital/registered capital	Percentage of ed interest held Directly Indirec	
名稱	註冊成立/ 已發行股本/ 成立地點 主要業務及經營地點 註冊資本詳情 (附註)			所持權益 直接	百分比 間接
Pacific City (Asia Pacific) Pte Ltd	Singapore	Retail of information technology products, IT equipment and accessories in Singapore	150,000 ordinary shares of S\$1 each	_	100%
Pacific City (Asia Pacific) Pte Ltd	新加坡	於新加坡從事資訊科技 產品、資訊科技設備 及配件零售	150,000股每股面值 1新加坡元之普通股		
ECS Enterprise Solutions Pte Ltd	Singapore	Distribution of Information technology products and services for IT infrastructure in Singapore	5,000,000 ordinary shares of S\$1 each	_	100%
ECS Enterprise Solutions Pte Ltd	新加坡	於新加坡分銷資訊科技 產品及從事資訊科技 基礎設施服務	5,000,000股 每股面值1新加坡元 之普通股		
ECS Technology (China) Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding, provider of information technology products and services for IT infrastructure in Hong Kong	11,500,000 ordinary shares	_	100%
佳杰科技(中國) 有限公司	香港	投資控股、香港資訊 科技產品及資訊科技 基礎設施服務供應商	11,500,000 股普通股		
ECS Technology (Guangzhou) Company Limited	PRC	Provider of information technology products and services for IT infrastructure in the PRC	US\$10,000,000	_	100%
廣州佳杰科技有限公司	中國	中國資訊科技產品及 資訊科技基礎設施 服務供應商	10,000,000美元		

# 7. Investments in Subsidiaries (continued)

# 7. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2016 are as follows: *(continued)* 

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment (Note)	•	Particulars of issued share capital/registered capital	Percenta interest Directly	_
名稱	註冊成立/成立地點(附註)	主要業務及經營地點	已發行股本/ 註冊資本詳情	所持權益 直接	百分比 間接
ECS Technology Company Limited	PRC	Provider of information technology products and services for IT infrastructure in the PRC	US\$1,282,000	_	100%
廣州市佳杰旭電科技 有限公司	中國	中國資訊科技產品及 資訊科技基礎設施 服務供應商	1,282,000美元		
ECS (Shanghai)  Management Co., Ltd	PRC	Provider of information technology products and services for IT infrastructure in the PRC	US\$25,000,000	_	100%
佳電(上海)管理 有限公司	中國	中國資訊科技產品及 資訊科技基礎設施 服務供應商	25,000,000美元		
ECS China Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd	PRC	Provider of information technology products and services for IT infrastructure in the PRC	US\$15,000,000	_	100%
佳杰科技(上海) 有限公司	中國	中國資訊科技產品及 資訊科技基礎設施 服務供應商	15,000,000美元		
ECS Technology (HK) Co., Limited	Hong Kong	Provider of information technology products and services for IT infrastructure in Hong Kong	10 ordinary shares	_	100%
香港佳杰科技 有限公司	香港	香港資訊科技產品及 資訊科技基礎設施 服務供應商	10股普通股		

# 7. Investments in Subsidiaries (continued)

# 7. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2016 are as follows: *(continued)* 

於二零一六年十二月三十一日之主要附屬公司之詳情如下:(續)

Name		Principal activities and place of operations	Particulars of issued share capital/registered capital	Percent interes Directly	_
名稱	(Note) 註冊成立/ 成立地點 (附註)	主要業務及經營地點	已發行股本/ 註冊資本詳情	所持權益 直接	É百分比 間接
ECS Indo Pte. Ltd	Singapore	Distributor of information technology products in Singapore	2,000,000 and 24,785 ordinary shares of S\$1 and US\$1.8156 each	_	100%
ECS Indo Pte. Ltd	新加坡	新加坡資訊科技產品 分銷商	2,000,000股及24,785股 每股分別面值1新加坡元 及1.8156美元的普通股		
PT ECS Indo Jaya	Indonesia	Distributor of information technology products in Indonesia	100,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	_	100%
PT ECS Indo Jaya	印尼	印尼資訊科技產品 分銷商	100,000股每股面值1美元 之普通股		
ECS Infocom (Phils) Pte. Ltd	Singapore	Investment holding in Singapore	2 ordinary shares of S\$1 each	_	100%
ECS Infocom (Phils) Pte. Ltd	新加坡	於新加坡從事投資控股	2股每股面值1新加坡元 之普通股		
ECS Chongqing  Marketing & payment  Co., Ltd	PRC	Electronic settlement business centre and provider of information technology products and services of IT infrastructure in PRC	US\$70,000,000	_	100%
重慶佳杰創越營銷結算 有限公司	中國	中國電子結算商務中心 及資訊科技產品及 資訊科技基礎設施 服務供應商	70,000,000美元		

Note:

附註:

All subsidiaries are limited liability companies except for those established in the PRC, which are wholly-owned foreign enterprises.

除於中國成立的附屬公司為外商獨資企業外,所有附屬公司均為有限責任公司。

# 8. Interests in Associates

# 8. 於聯營公司的權益

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted	 非上市		
Share of net assets	分佔淨資產	310,904	65,038
Loan to an associate	向聯營公司貸款	3,489	3,484
		314,393	68,522
Listed outside Hong Kong	香港以外地區上市		
Share of net assets	分佔淨資產	215,553	209,283
		529,946	277,805
Market value of listed shares	上市股份市值	178,744	207,230

The loan to an associate is denominated in US\$ and is unsecured, interest-free and not expected to be recovered within one year.

授予聯營公司的貸款以美元計值,並為 無抵押、免息及預期不於一年內收回。

# 8. Interests in Associates (continued)

# 8. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

Details of the associates as at 31 December 2016 are as follows:

於二零一六年十二月三十一日的聯營公司詳情如下:

Name 名稱	incorporation Principal activities		Particulars of issued shares held 所持已發行股份詳情	Equity interest held by the Group 本集團所持之股權	
				2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
MSI-ECS Phils., Inc	Philippines	Distribution of IT products	3,097,055 ordinary shares of Peso 100 each	49.99%	49.99%
MSI-ECS Phils., Inc	菲律賓	分銷資訊科技產品	3,097,055股 每股面值100披索 之普通股		
ECS ICT Berhad  ECS ICT Berhad	Malaysia 馬來西亞	Provision of information technology and services for IT infrastructure in Malaysia 為馬來西亞資訊科技	180,000,000 ordinary shares of RM0.5 each	41%	41%
200 101 201100	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	基建提供資訊技術及服務			
vServePlus Co., Ltd. vServePlus Co., Ltd.	Thailand 泰國	IT service 資訊技術服務	196,000 shares of 100 Baht each 196,000股 每股面值100泰銖 之股份	49%	-
APAL Holdings Limited	Cayman Islands	Aviation leasing	300,000,000 ordinary shares of US\$0.1 each	25.95%	_
APAL控股有限公司	開曼群島	飛機租賃	300,000,000股 每股面值0.1美元 之普通股		

# 8. Interests in Associates (continued)

#### None of the associates were considered individually material to the Group. The aggregate carrying amount of associates in the consolidated financial statements is disclosed above. Aggregate financial information (the Group's share) of these associates is as follows:

# 8. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

概無聯營公司個別而言被視為對本集團 屬重大。該等綜合財務報表中所載聯營 公司之總賬面值於上文披露。本集團分 佔該等聯營公司之總財務資料如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit from continuing operations	持續經營溢利	36,108	34,686
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入	(13,199)	(46,992)
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	22,909	(12,306)

#### 9. Interest in a Joint Venture

# 9. 於合營企業的權益

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Share of net assets	分佔淨資產	48,470	55,211

Details of the joint venture as at 31 December 2016 are as follows:

於二零一六年十二月三十一日的合營企 業詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Country of establishment 成立國家	Principal activities 主要業務	paid-in capital held by th	Equity interest held by the Group 本集團所持之股權	
				2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
Bozhou Botong Information Technology Co., Ltd	PRC	Research and development, production and sale of smartphones and computer peripheral product	RMB155,000,000	38.03%	38.03%
亳州市博通信息 科技有限公司	中國	研發、生產及銷售智能 手機與電腦周邊產品	人民幣155,000,000元		

## 9. Interest in a Joint Venture (continued)

# Bozhou Botong Information Technology Co., Ltd is the only joint venture in which the Group participates and it is not considered material to the Group. Financial information (the Group's share) of this joint venture is as follows:

# 9. 於合營企業的權益(續)

亳州市博通信息科技有限公司為本集團 參與業務的唯一一間合營企業,並不被 視為對本集團屬重大。本集團分佔該合 營企業之財務資料如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loss from continuing operations	持續經營虧損	(5,927)	(13,676)
Gain on deemed disposal	視作出售的收益	-	3,657
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入	(815)	(2,155)
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	(6,742)	(12,174)

## 10. Trade and Other Receivables

# 10. 貿易及其他應收款項

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables, net Other receivables and prepayments Deferred expenses (Note 16 (d))	貿易應收款項淨額	8,237,903	7,702,999
	其他應收款項及預付款項	1,123,639	855,104
	遞延開支( <i>附註16(d))</i>	10,875	9,795
Less: Non-current deferred expenses (Note 16 (d))	減:非即期遞延開支	9,372,417	8,567,898
	<i>(附註16(d))</i>	(4,792)	(3,884)
•		9,367,625	8,564,014

#### 10. Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

#### The Group grants credit periods to third party customers ranging from 7 to 150 days, which may be extended for selected customers depending on their trade volume and settlement history with the Group. The ageing analysis of net trade receivables by invoice date is as follows:

# 10. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

本集團給予第三方客戶之信貸期介乎7 至150日,而選定客戶之信貸期可予延 長,視乎彼等與本集團之交易量及付款 記錄而定。貿易應收款項淨額按發票日 期劃分的賬齡分析如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 – 30 days	0至30日	4,206,581	4,075,671
31 - 60 days	31至60日	2,530,711	2,098,333
61 - 90 days	61至90日	731,820	675,494
Over 90 days	超過90日	768,791	853,501
		8,237,903	7,702,999

As at 31 December 2016, trade receivables of HK\$1,607,675,000 (2015: HK\$1,765,791,000), which were fully performing, were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The ageing analysis of these trade receivables by due date is as follows:

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,已全部 履行的貿易應收款項1,607,675,000港 元(二零一五年:1,765,791,000港元) 已逾期但未減值。該等款項與多名獨立 客戶有關,彼等並無近期違約記錄。該 等貿易應收款項按到期日劃分的賬齡分 析如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 - 30 days	0至30日	1,220,506	1,090,855
31 - 60 days	31至60日	184,977	265,787
61 - 90 days	61至90日	61,976	121,090
Over 90 days	超過90日	140,216	288,059
		1,607,675	1,765,791

# 10. Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

#### As at 31 December 2016, trade receivables of HK\$288,425,000 (2015: HK\$254,184,000) were impaired and full provision has been made. The ageing analysis of these receivables by invoice date is as follows:

#### 10. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,貿易應 收款項288.425.000港元(二零一五年: 254,184,000港元)已減值,並已作出 全數撥備。該等應收款項按發票日期劃 分的賬齡分析如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
61 – 90 days	61至90日	6,399	_
Over 90 days	超過90日	282,026	254,184
		288,425	254,184

Movements of the provision for trade receivables are as follows:

貿易應收款項撥備的變動如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	254,184	220,913
Net provision and receivable written off	撥備及應收撇銷淨額	45,149	46,504
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(10,908)	(13,233)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	288,425	254,184

All of the above provision relates to trade receivables that were individually determined to be impaired.

The credit quality of trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired has been assessed by reference to historical information about counterparty default rates. The existing counterparties have not had significant defaults in the past.

所有上述撥備均與個別釐定為將出現減 值的貿易應收款項有關。

無逾期或減值的貿易及其他應收款項的 信貸質素乃參考交易對象的過往違約率 資料評估。現有交易對象過往並無重大 違約。

## 10. Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

# The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables were denominated in the following currencies:

#### 10. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

貿易及其他應收款項賬面值以下列貨幣 計值:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK\$		16,822	27,088
RMB	人民幣	6,821,551	5,766,198
US\$	美元	912,978	1,250,078
S\$	新加坡元	346,630	441,346
THB	泰銖	777,626	659,725
RP	印尼盾	492,018	419,579
		9,367,625	8,564,014

As at 31 December 2016, included in other receivables and prepayments was an amount of HK\$43,519,000 (2015: HK\$71,851,000) representing investments in unlisted equity interests which are carried at cost and investments in listed securities of HK\$138,697,000 (2015: HK\$11,578,000) which are carried at fair value through profit or loss.

Included in other receivables is an amount of HK\$4,256,000 (2015: HK\$1,603,000), which related to derivative assets.

Included in prepayments of the Group is an amount of HK\$152,723,000 which related to property acquisition in the PRC.

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,計入其 他應收款項及預付款項達43,519,000港 元(二零一五年:71,851,000港元),指 按成本列賬的非上市股權投資及按公平值 列入損益賬的上市證券投資138,697,000 港元(二零一五年:11,578,000港元)。

與衍生資產相關的金額4,256,000港元 (二零一五年:1,603,000港元),已計 入其他應收款項。

與中國的物業收購相關的金額 152,723,000港元已計入本集團的預付 款項。

#### 11. Inventories

# 11. 存貨

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Inventories on hand held for re-sale Inventories-in-transit	持有供轉售手頭存貨 轉運中存貨	3,038,330 669,960	3,275,625 698,348
		3,708,290	3,973,973

The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense is shown in note 21.

確認為開支之存貨金額之分析載於附註 21。

# 12. Cash and Cash Equivalents

#### 12. 現金及現金等價物

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash at bank and in hand Short-term bank deposits (Note (a))	銀行及庫存現金 短期銀行存款( <i>附註(a))</i>	1,973,420 6,606	3,153,002 80,725
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	1,980,026	3,233,727

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents were denominated in the following currencies:

現金及現金等價物賬面值以下列貨幣計 值:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK\$	港元	58,300	51,293
RMB (Note (b))	人民幣 <i>(附註(b))</i>	1,265,391	1,195,575
US\$	美元	479,841	1,792,885
S\$	新加坡元	141,784	179,811
THB	泰銖	15,636	6,626
RP	印尼盾	19,074	7,537
		1,980,026	3,233,727

#### Notes:

- The effective interest rate on short-term bank deposits was 0.1% (2015: 0.33%) per annum. These deposits have an average maturity of 11 days (2015: 8.93 days).
- The Group's bank balances and deposits denominated in RMB are deposited with banks in the PRC. The conversion of these RMB denominated balances into foreign currencies and the remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the government of the PRC.

#### 附註:

- 短期銀行存款之實際年利率為0.1%(二 零一五年:0.33%)。該等存款之平均 到期日為11日(二零一五年:8.93日)。
- 本集團以人民幣計值之銀行結餘及存 款乃存放於中國之銀行。兑換該等以 人民幣計值之結餘為外幣及將資金匯 出中國須遵守中國政府所頒佈之外匯 管制規則及規例。

# 13. Share Capital

#### 13. 股本

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: 2,000,000,000 (2015: 2,000,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each	法定: 2,000,000,000(二零一五年: 2,000,000,000)股每股 面值0.1港元之普通股	200,000	200,000

Ordinary shares, issued and fully paid:

#### 已發行及繳足之普通股:

		2016		20	)15
		二零一六	5年	_零-	一五年
		Number of		Number of	
		issued ordinary		issued ordinary	
		shares of		shares of	
		HK\$0.1 each	Par value	HK\$0.1 each	Par value
		每股面值0.1港元		每股面值0.1港元	
		之已發行普通股		之已發行普通股	
		數目	面值	數目	面值
			HK\$'000		HK\$'000
			千港元		千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	1,455,355,998	145,536	1,525,187,998	152,519
Share options exercised	已行使購股權				
(Note (a))	(附註(a))	-	-	240,000	24
Repurchase of own shares	購回本身股份				
(Note (b))	(附註(b))	(952,000)	(96)	(70,072,000)	(7,007)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,454,403,998	145,440	1,455,355,998	145,536

Notes:

Shares issued under share option scheme On 20 April 2015, options were exercised to subscribe for 240,000 ordinary shares in the Company at a consideration of HK\$534,000 of which HK\$24,000 was credited to share capital and the balance of HK\$791,000 were credited to the share premium account. HK\$281,000 has been transferred from the capital reserve to the share premium account in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2.16(d).

附註:

根據購股權計劃發行股份 於二零一五年四月二十日,購股權獲 行使以按代價534,000港元認購本公司 240,000股普通股,其中24,000港元 計入股本,而餘額791,000港元則計 入股份溢價賬。281,000港元已根據 載列於附註2.16(d)的會計政策從資本 儲備轉撥至股份溢價賬。

## 13. Share Capital (continued)

# 13. 股本(續)

#### Repurchase of own shares

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Company repurchased its own shares on the Stock Exchange as follows:

購回本身股份 於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止 年度內,本公司於聯交所購回其本身 股份如下:

Month of repurchase 購回月份		Number of ordinary shares repurchased 購回 普通股數目	Highest price paid per share 已付 每股最高價格 HK\$ 港元	Lowest price paid per share 已付 每股最低價格 HK\$ 港元	Aggregate purchase price paid 已付 總購買價格 HK\$ 港元
March 2016	二零一六年三月	200,000	1.66	1.64	330,000
April 2016	二零一六年四月	718,000	1.76	1.72	1,247,140
August 2016	二零一六年八月	34,000	1.95	1.95	66,300
		952,000			1,643,440

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Company repurchased its own shares on the Stock Exchange as follows:

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止 年度內,本公司於聯交所購回其本身 股份如下:

Month of repurchase 購回月份		Number of ordinary shares repurchased 購回 普通股數目	Highest price paid per share 已付 每股最高價格 HK\$ 港元	Lowest price paid per share 已付 每股最低價格 HK\$ 港元	Aggregate purchase price paid 已付 總購買價格 HK\$ 港元
July 2015	二零一五年七月	1,470,000	2.49	2.30	3,519,040
August 2015	二零一五年八月	7,068,000	2.20	1.99	14,661,100
September 2015	二零一五年九月	61,084,000	2.26	2.07	133,934,420
October 2015	二零一五年十月	450,000	2.18	2.11	973,400
		70,072,000			153,087,960

The repurchased shares during the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2016 were cancelled and accordingly the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value of these shares.

#### Deferred shares

The Company acquired, through a trust setup specifically for purpose of employment compensation, a total of 34,318,000 ordinary shares of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2016 from the open market at a total cash consideration of approximately HK\$76,741,000. These shares would be used primarily for providing employment/ executive compensation of the Group. The costs of acquisition of shares are recognised in the "Deferred reserve" in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

截至二零一五年及二零一六年十二月 三十一日止年度的購回股份被撤銷, 因而本公司已發行股本已扣除該等股 份之面值。

#### 遞延股份

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日 止年度,本公司诱過特別為僱傭補 償設立的信託向公開市場收購合共 34,318,000股本公司普通股,現金代 價總額約為76,741,000港元。該等股 份將主要用作提供本集團的僱傭/行 政補償。該等收購股份成本已於綜合 權益變動報表「遞延儲備」項下確認。

#### 13. Share Capital (continued)

#### (d) Terms of unexpired and unexercised share options at the end of the reporting period

#### 13. 股本(續)

(d) 於報告期末未到期及未行使之購股權年期

		Exercise price	2016	2015
Exercise period	行使期	行使價	二零一六年	二零一五年
17 February 2013 to 16 February 2021	二零一三年二月十七日至 二零二一年二月十六日	HK\$2.227 2.227港元	11,760,000	11,760,000
23 March 2013 to 22 March 2021	二零一三年三月二十三日至 二零二一年三月二十二日	HK\$2.028 2.028港元	4,920,000	4,920,000

Each option entitles the holder to subscribe for one ordinary share of the Company. Further details of these options are set out in note 14 to the financial statements 每份購股權均賦予持有人認購本公司一股普通股之權利。該等購股權之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註14。

# 14. Equity-Settled Share-Based Payments

#### (a) Share option scheme of the Company

The share option scheme of the Company adopted on 17 April 2002 has expired. The Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") on 23 June 2015 whereby the Directors of the Company are authorised, at their discretion, to invite employees (including both full time and part time employees, and Executive Directors), Non-executive Directors, suppliers, customers and other corporations or individuals that provide support to the Group (as defined in the new share option scheme) to take up options to subscribe for shares in the Company. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the new share option scheme may not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company. The subscription price is determined by the Company's Board of Directors and will not be less than the higher of (i) the nominal value of the Company's ordinary shares; (ii) the closing price of the Company's ordinary shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of offer; and (iii) the average closing price of the Company's ordinary shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer. The vesting period of the options from the date of grant is determined by the Directors and the options are then exercisable within a period of ten years including the vesting period, if any. Each share option gives the holders the right to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Company.

# 14. 以 股 份 支 付 之 權 益 結 算 款 項

#### (a) 本公司購股權計劃

本公司在二零零二年四月十十日 採納的一項購股權計劃經已屆 滿。本公司在二零一五年六月二 十三日採納新購股權計劃(「新計 劃」),據此,本公司董事獲授權 酌情邀請僱員(包括全職及兼職僱 員及執行董事)、非執行董事、供 應商、客戶及對本集團提供支援 之其他公司或個別人士(定義見新 購股權計劃)接納購股權,以認購 本公司之股份。根據新購股權計 劃可予授出之購股權所涉及之最 高股份數目不得超逾本公司已發 行股本之10%。認購價由本公司 董事會釐定,並將不少於下列之 較高者:(i)本公司普通股之面值; (ii)於要約日期聯交所發出之每日 報價表所列之本公司普通股收市 價;及(iii)於緊接要約日期前五 個營業日聯交所發出之每日報價 表所列之本公司普通股平均收市 價。按董事釐定,購股權的歸屬 期自授出日期起計,購股權其後 於十年之期間內可予行使(包括歸 屬期(如有))。每份購股權均賦予 持有人認購本公司一股普通股之 權利。

# 14. Equity-Settled Share-Based Payments (continued)

#### (a) Share option scheme of the Company (continued)

No share options were granted under the New Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2015 and 2016.

(i) The terms and conditions of the grants are as follows, whereby all options are settled by physical delivery of shares for the year ended 31 December 2016:

# 14. 以股份支付之權益結算 款項(續)

#### (a) 本公司購股權計劃(續)

概無根據新購股權計劃於截至二 零一五年及二零一六年十二月三 十一日止年度內授出任何購股權。

(i) 以下為授出之條款及條件, 據此,截至二零一六年十二 月三十一日止年度,所有購 股權均以實物交付股份結算:

		Outstanding as					
		at 1 January	Exercisable				
		2016 and	as at	Exercise		Contractual	Remaining
		31 December	31 December	price	Vesting	term of	contractual
Date of grant		2016	2016	(HK\$)	conditions	options	life
		於二零一六年					
		一月一日及					
		於二零一六年	於二零一六年				
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	行使價		購股權	剩餘
授出日期		尚未行使	可予行使	(港元)	歸屬條件	合約年期	合約年期
23 March 2011	二零一一年	4,920,000	4,920,000	2.028	2 Years from	10 Years	4.23 Years
	三月二十三日				date of grant		
					自授出日期	10年	4.23年
					起計2年		
17 February 2011	二零一一年	11,760,000	11,760,000	2,227	2 Years from	10 Years	4.14 Years
	二月十七日	,,	,,		date of grant		
	—/II LH				自授出日期	10年	4.14年
						10-	4.147
					起計2年 ————		
		16,680,000	16,680,000				

# 14. Equity-Settled Share-Based Payments (continued)

#### Share option scheme of the Company (continued)

The terms and conditions of the grants are as follows, whereby all options are settled by physical delivery of shares for the year ended 31 December 2015:

# 14. 以股份支付之權益結算 款項(續)

#### (a) 本公司購股權計劃(續)

(ii) 以下為授出之條款及條件, 據此,截至二零一五年十二 月三十一日止年度,所有購 股權均以實物交付股份結算:

		Outstanding		Outstanding	Exercisable				
		as at	Exercised	as at	as at	Exercise		Contractual	Remaining
		1 January	during	31 December	31 December	price	Vesting	term of	contractual
Date of grant		2015	the year	2015	2015	(HK\$)	conditions	options	life
		於二零一五年		於二零一五年	於二零一五年				
		一月一日	於年內	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	行使價		購股權	剩餘
授出日期		尚未行使	行使	尚未行使	可予行使	(港元)	歸屬條件	合約年期	合約年期
23 March 2011	二零一一年	4,920,000	_	4,920,000	4,920,000	2.028	2 Years from	10 Years	5.23 Years
	三月二十三日						date of grant		
							自授出日期	10年	5.23年
							起計2年		
17 February 2011	二零一一年	12,000,000	(240,000)	11,760,000	11,760,000	2.227	2 Years from	10 Years	5.14 Years
,	二月十七日	,,	( -,,	,,	,,		date of grant		
							自授出日期	10年	5.14年
							起計2年		
		16,920,000	(240,000)	16,680,000	16,680,000				

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised during 2015 was HK\$2.17.

二零一五年內獲行使購股權於行使日期 之加權平均股價為2.17港元。

# 15. Reserves of the Company

# 15. 本公司儲備

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the current and prior years are set out below:

本集團綜合權益各成分的年初及年末結 餘的對賬載於綜合權益變動表。本年度 及過往年度本公司各股權成分的年初及 年末變動之詳情載列如下:

			Capital				
		Share	redemption	Capital	Deferred	Retained	
		premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	earnings	Total
		股份溢價	資本贖回儲備	資本儲備	遞延儲備	保留盈利	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		(Note)	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)		
		(附註)	(附註)	(附註)	(附註)		
Balance at 1 January 2015	於二零一五年						
	一月一日的結餘	834,674	109	19,151	_	97,010	950,944
Loss and total comprehensive	年內虧損及						
income for the year	全面收入總額	_	_	_	_	(9,774)	(9,774)
Dividend paid	已付股息	-	_	_	_	(180,001)	(180,001)
Share options exercised	已獲行使購股權	791	_	(281)	_	_	510
Repurchase of own shares	購回本身股份						
- Premium paid	-已付溢價	-	_	-	_	(146,081)	(146,081)
- Transfer between reserves	一儲備間轉撥	-	7,007	_	-	(7,007)	-
Balance as at 31 December 2015	於二零一五年						
	十二月三十一日						
	的結餘	835,465	7,116	18,870	_	(245,853)	615,598
Balance at 1 January 2016	於二零一六年						
	一月一日的結餘	835,465	7,116	18,870	-	(245,853)	615,598
Profit and total comprehensive	年內溢利及						
income for the year	全面收入總額	-	-	-	-	552,761	552,761
Dividend paid	已付股息	-	-	-	-	(180,350)	(180,350)
Deferred share	遞延股份	-	-	-	(76,741)	-	(76,741)
Repurchase of own shares	購回本身股份						
- Premium paid	-已付溢價	-	-	-	-	(1,548)	(1,548)
- Transfer between reserves	一儲備間轉撥	-	96	-	-	(96)	
Balance as at 31 December 2016	於二零一六年						
	十二月三十一日						
	的結餘	835,465	7,212	18,870	(76,741)	124,914	909,720

Conital

Note:

附註:

See notes to the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the nature and purpose of reserves.

有關儲備之性質及目的,請見綜合權益變動 表附註。

# 16. Trade and Other Payables

# 16. 貿易及其他應付款項

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables Other payables and accruals Deferred income (Note (d))	貿易應付款項 其他應付款項及應計款項 遞延收入(附註(d))	7,430,552 660,859 13,336	6,745,574 523,411 12,253
Less: non-current deferred income (Note (d))	減:非即期遞延收入( <i>附註(d</i> ))	8,104,747 (6,239)	7,281,238 (4,994)
		8,098,508	7,276,244

- The Group's suppliers grant credit periods ranging from 30 to 90 days to the Group. The ageing analysis of trade payables by invoice date is as follows:
- (a) 本集團之供應商向本集團授出之 信貸期介乎30至90日。貿易應付 款項按發票日期劃分之賬齡分析 如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 - 60 days Over 60 days	0至60日 超過60日	7,321,814 108,738	6,674,686 70,888
		7,430,552	6,745,574

- The carrying amounts of trade and other payables were denominated in the following currencies:
- (b) 貿易及其他應付款項賬面值以下 列貨幣計值:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK\$		22,490	44,811
RMB	人民幣	3,986,032	3,580,909
US\$	美元	3,286,401	2,879,678
S\$	新加坡元	246,141	349,677
THB	泰銖	273,633	257,575
RP	印尼盾	283,811	163,594
		8,098,508	7,276,244

## 16. Trade and Other Payables (continued)

- (c) Included in other payables and accruals is an amount HK\$47,780,000 (2015: HK\$7,780,000) which relates to forward foreign exchange contracts. The net notional amount of forward foreign exchange contracts has been disclosed in note 3.1(a).
- (d) Deferred income and expenses relate to fees billed/paid in advance on service maintenance contracts.

#### 17. Deferred Taxation

Deferred taxation is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method.

The movement in net deferred tax assets/(liabilities) is as follows:

# 16. 貿易及其他應付款項(續)

- (c) 有關遠期外匯合約的金額47,780,000 港元(二零一五年:7,780,000港元) 已計入其他應付款項及應計款項。 遠期外匯合約的淨名義金額已於附註 3.1(a)披露。
- (d) 遞延收入及開支與服務保養合約 的預先開具發票/支付費用有關。

#### 17. 遞延税項

遞延税項乃按負債法就暫時性差異全數 計算。

遞延税項資產/(負債)淨額變動如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	34,411	17,610
(Debited)/credited to the consolidated statement	(扣除自)/計入綜合損益表		
of profit or loss (Note 23)	(附註23)	(2,013)	18,446
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	1,068	(1,645)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	33,466	34,411

Movements of the gross deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year are as follows:

年內的遞延税項資產及負債總額變動如 下:

Deferred tax assets – Inventories and trade receivables provisions	遞延税項資產—存貨及 貿易應收款項撥備	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	62,074	54,033
Credited to the consolidated statement of profit	計入綜合損益表		
or loss		4,822	9,334
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(207)	(1,293)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	66,689	62,074

# 17. Deferred Taxation (continued)

# 17. 遞延税項(續)

Deferred tax liabilities – Accelerated tax depreciation and others	遞延税項負債—加速税項 折舊及其他	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January (Debited)/credited to the consolidated statement	於一月一日 (扣除自)/計入綜合損益表	(27,663)	(36,423)
of profit or loss		(6,835)	9,112
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	1,275	(352)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	(33,223)	(27,663)

Included in "others" are deferred tax liabilities recognised in respect of undistributed profits of foreign investment enterprises in the PRC of HK\$23,396,000 (2015: HK\$23,362,000).

「其他」已計入就中國的外商投資企 業的未分派溢利確認的遞延税項負 債 23,396,000 港 元( 二 零 一 五 年: 23,362,000港元)。

# 18. Borrowings

# 18. 借貸

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current	 非流動			
Unsecured bank borrowings	無抵押銀行借貸	(a)	1,848,265	985,311
Finance lease liabilities	融資租賃負債	(C)	654	492
			1,848,919	985,803
Current	流動			
Unsecured bank borrowings	無抵押銀行借貸	(a)	2,340,355	4,570,123
Secured mortgage loan	有抵押按揭貸款	(b)	55,338	64,782
Finance lease liabilities	融資租賃負債	(c)	429	306
			2,396,122	4,635,211
Total borrowings	總借貸	(d)	4,245,041	5,621,014

## 18. Borrowings (continued)

#### Notes:

#### (a) Unsecured bank borrowings

The loans are unsecured and bear interest at rates as disclosed in section (e) below. As at 31 December 2016, unsecured loans in the amount of HK\$929,992,000 and HK\$918,273,000 were repayable on 6 September 2018 and 9 November 2018 respectively. As at 31 December 2015, unsecured loans in the amount of HK\$56,833,000 and HK\$928,478,000 were repayable on 19 December 2017 and 6 September 2018 respectively.

#### (b) Secured mortgage loan

The loan is secured by buildings with net book value of HK\$195,303,000 as at 31 December 2016 (2015: HK\$199,514,000). The loan contains a repayment on demand clause and the portion of the loan to be repaid after one year of HK\$45,894,000 (2015: HK\$55,338,000) is classified as current.

#### (c) Finance lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are effectively secured as the rights to the leased asset revert to the lessor in the event of default.

## 18. 借貸(續)

#### 附註:

#### (a) 無抵押銀行借貸

貸款為無抵押及按下文(e)節披露之利率計息。於二零一六年十二月三十一日・929,992,000港元及918,273,000港元之無抵押貸款須分別於二零一八年九月六日及二零一八年十一月九日償還。於二零一五年十二月三十一日・56,833,000港元及928,478,000港元之無抵押貸款分別於二零一七年十二月十九日及二零一八年九月六日償還。

#### (b) 有抵押按揭貸款

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,貸款由賬面淨值為195,303,000港元(二零一五年:199,514,000港元)之樓宇提供抵押。此貸款載有須於要求時償還條款,而將於一年後償還的部分貸款45,894,000港元(二零一五年:55,338,000港元)分類為即期。

#### (c) 融資租賃負債

由於違約時租賃資產的權利將歸還予出租人,故租賃負債實際有抵押。

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Gross finance lease liabilities  – minimum lease payments: Within 1 year Between 1 and 5 years	融資租賃負債總額 一最低租賃款項: 1年內 1年至5年	482 724	345 525
Future finance charges on finance leases	融資租賃的未來融資支出	1,206 (123)	870 (72)
		1,083	798
The present value of finance lease liabilities is as follows:	融資租賃負債的現值如下:		
Within 1 year	1年內	429	306
Between 1 and 5 years	1年至5年	654	492
		1,083	798

# 18. Borrowings (continued)

# 18. 借貸(續)

Notes: (continued)

附註:(續)

The Group's borrowings were repayable as follows:

(d) 本集團應償還的借貸如下:

			Bank borrowings 銀行借貸		ase liabilities 賃負債		tal 計
		2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Within 1 year	1年內	2,395,693	4,634,905	429	306	2,396,122	4,635,211
Between 1 and 2 years	1年至2年	918,273	56,833	375	232	918,648	57,065
Between 2 and 5 years	2年至5年	929,992	928,478	279	260	930,271	928,738
		4,243,958	5,620,216	1,083	798	4,245,041	5,621,014

The effective interest rates were as follows: (e)

(e) 實際利率如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unsecured bank borrowings Secured mortgage loan Finance lease liabilities	無抵押銀行借貸	1.50%-10.09%	1.62%-13.00%
	有抵押按揭貸款	1.15%-1.28%	1.48%-1.60%
	融資租賃負債	4.99%-6.79%	4.00%-5.74%

The carrying amounts of borrowings approximate their fair values.

借貸的賬面值與其公平值相若。

The carrying amounts of the borrowings were denominated in the (f) following currencies:

(f) 借貸的賬面值以下列貨幣計值:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK\$	港元	55,338	64,782
RMB	人民幣	1,612,470	850,980
US\$	美元	2,380,791	4,460,518
S\$	新加坡元	108,312	108,981
THB	泰銖	71,271	20,104
RP	印尼盾	16,859	115,649
		4,245,041	5,621,014

# 19. Revenue and Segment Information

Segment information has been prepared in a manner consistent with the information used by the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments. The Group's most senior executive management has been identified as the Board. In this regard, the Group's senior executive management monitors the results attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments.

The measure used for reporting segment profit is segment results, including items specifically attributed to individual segments, such as directors' and auditors' remuneration and other administration costs within the segment.

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the year is set out below.

#### (a) Business segments

The main business segments of the Group are the following:

#### 19. 收益及分部資料

分部資料乃按照本集團之最高層行政管理人員就評估分部表現及分部間資源配置所用資料一致之方式而編製。本集團之最高層行政管理人員為董事會。就此而言,本集團之最高層行政管理人員按以下基準監控各可報告分部應佔之業績:

收益及開支按可報告分部產生的銷售額 及產生的開支分配至該等分部。

報告分部溢利之計量方法為分部業績, 包括個別分部特別應佔的項目,例如 董事及核數師酬金及其他分部內行政開 支。

年內本集團就資源分配及評估分部表現 之可報告分部資料如下。

#### (a) 業務分部

本集團的主要業務分部如下:

Segments 分部	Principal activities 主要業務
Supply chain business 供應鏈業務	Provide Supply Chain solution for the Original Equipment Manufacturer. 為原設備製造商提供供應鏈方案。
Components business 配件業務	Distribution of IT component products (CPUs and hard disks). 分銷資訊科技配件產品(中央處理器及硬盤)。
Finished products business 成品業務	Distribution of IT finished products (desktop PCs, notebooks, tablets, handhelds, printers, etc.) 分銷資訊科技成品(桌上電腦、筆記本型電腦、平板電腦、掌上設備、打印機等。)
Enterprise systems	Provision of enterprise system tools (middleware, operating systems, Unix/NT servers, databases, storage and security products) for IT infrastructure.
企業系統	供應用於資訊科技基礎設施的企業系統工具(中間件、操作系統、Unix/NT服務器、數據庫、儲存及保安產品)。
IT services 資訊科技服務	IT infrastructure design and implementation, training, maintenance and support services. 資訊科技基礎設施設計及執行、培訓、維修及支援服務。

## 19. Revenue and Segment Information (continued)

#### Business segments (continued)

During the year, the Group changed the structure of its internal financial reporting to the executive directors which resulted in a change to the composition of its reportable segments. Supply chain business, components business and finished products business, which are previously grouped and reported under "Distribution" segment, have been separated out as three different reportable segments. Comparative figures for the operating segment information disclosed in this note have been restated to conform to the current year's presentation.

The segment results for the year ended 31 December 2016 are as follows:

#### 19. 收益及分部資料(續)

#### (a) 業務分部(續)

於年內,本集團改變其向執行董 事進行內部財務申報之結構,導 致其可報告分部之組成部分發生 變動。供應鏈業務、配件業務及 成品業務(先前歸類並呈報於「分 銷」分部)已被分為三個不同的可 報告分部。本附註所披露之經營 分部資料之比較數字已按本年度 之呈列重列。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日 止年度的分部業績如下:

		Supply Chain business 供應鏈業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Components business 配件業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Finished products business 成品業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Enterprise systems 企業系統 HK\$'000 千港元	IT services 資訊科技服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Group 本集團 HK\$'000 千港元
Total segment revenue	分部收益總額	8,400,525	5,231,851	17,978,081	16,283,214	267,647	48,161,318
Segment results Finance costs	分部業績 財務費用	228,695	72,787	230,971	256,604	10,779	799,836 (141,242)
Share of associates' profits Share of a joint venture's loss	分佔聯營公司溢利 分佔一間合營企業虧損						658,594 36,108 (5,927)
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前溢利 税項						688,775 (136,860)
Profit for the year	年內溢利						551,915
Reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產	2,730,762	1,100,125	4,604,359	4,014,817	59,480	12,509,543

# 19. Revenue and Segment Information (continued)

#### 19. 收益及分部資料(續)

#### (a) Business segments (continued)

The segment results for the year ended 31 December 2015 are as follows:

#### (a) 業務分部(續)

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日 止年度的分部業績如下:

		Supply Chain business 供應鏈業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Components business 配件業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Finished products business 成品業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Enterprise systems 企業系統 HK\$'000 千港元	IT services 資訊科技服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Group 本集團 HK\$'000 千港元
Total segment revenue	分部收益總額	8,620,061	7,382,510	14,997,103	14,377,680	198,286	45,575,640
Segment results Finance costs	分部業績 財務費用	225,223	71,126	163,394	205,640	11,686	677,069 (139,738)
Share of associates' profits Share of a joint venture's loss	分佔聯營公司溢利 分佔一間合營企業虧損						537,331 34,686 (10,019)
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前溢利 税項					-	561,998 (111,617)
Profit for the year	年內溢利						450,381
Reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產	2,492,678	1,666,667	4,223,458	3,783,320	44,542	12,210,665

The Group's customer base is diversified and there was no customer with transactions exceeding 10% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2016.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, only one customer with whom transactions (which amounted to HK\$5,767,000,000) have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue.

本集團的客戶群多元化,截至 二零一六年十二月三十一日止年 度,並無交易額超過本集團收益 10%的客戶。

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,僅有一名交易額超過本集團收益10%的客戶(達5,767,000,000港元)。

# 19. Revenue and Segment Information (continued)

#### Reconciliations of reportable segment profit or loss and assets

#### Profit

Reconciliation of segment profit to the profit for the year in the consolidated statement of profit or loss is not presented as the segment profit is the same as the profit for the year presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### Assets

## 19. 收益及分部資料(續)

#### (b) 可報告分部溢利或虧損及 資產的對賬

#### 溢利

由於分部溢利與綜合損益表所呈 列的年內溢利相同,故並無呈列 分部溢利與綜合損益表內年內溢 利的對賬。

#### 資產

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產	12,509,543	12,210,665
Goodwill	商譽	306,905	310,592
Interests in associates	於聯營公司的權益	529,946	277,805
Interests in a joint venture	於合營企業的權益	48,470	55,211
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	66,689	62,074
Other receivables and prepayments	其他應收款項及預付款項	851,472	618,304
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	1,980,026	3,233,727
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產	16,293,051	16,768,378

### 19. Revenue and Segment Information (continued)

#### 19. 收益及分部資料(續)

#### (c) Geographical information

The Group's five business segments operate principally in North Asia and South East Asia.

#### (c) 地區資料

本集團的五個業務分部主要在北 亞及東南亞經營。

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益		
North Asia	北亞	39,222,760	36,798,568
South East Asia	東南亞	8,938,558	8,777,072
Total segment revenue	分部收益總額	48,161,318	45,575,640

Revenue is allocated based on the country in which the customer is located.

收益根據客戶所在國家劃分。

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets			
North Asia	北亞	10,255,952	9,978,254
South East Asia	東南亞	2,253,591	2,232,411
Reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產	12,509,543	12,210,665

Reportable segment assets are allocated based on where the assets are located.

可報告分部資產根據資產所在地 劃分。

# 20. Other Gains/(Losses), Net

# 20. 其他收入/(虧損)淨額

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest income	利息收入	11,092	14,120
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備虧損	(46)	(406)
Net exchange loss	匯兑虧損淨額	(5,716)	(23,642)
Other	其他	3,576	7,239
		8,906	(2,689)

# 21. Operating Profit

#### 21. 經營溢利

Operating profit is derived after charging/(crediting) the following:

經營溢利乃經扣除/(計入)以下各項所

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cost of inventories	存貨成本	46,304,580	43,878,639
Staff costs, including directors' emoluments	員工成本(包括董事酬金)		
- Salaries, allowances and welfare	-薪金、津貼及福利	484,536	410,258
<ul> <li>Provident fund contributions</li> </ul>	一公積金供款	64,480	57,196
Operating lease rentals in respect of premises	物業及貨倉之經營租賃租金		
and warehouses		57,332	57,836
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		
- audit fees	-審核費用	7,503	4,805
- non-audit fees	一非審核費用	1,125	957
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	21,669	22,369
Provisions for inventories charged/(written back)	存貨撥備扣除/(撥回)	11,927	(52,732)
Net provision for and net write off of trade	貿易應收款項撥備淨額及撇銷		
receivables	淨額	66,723	58,478
Net foreign exchange loss	匯兑虧損淨額		
- excluding net exchange loss in other	- 不包括其他虧損		
losses	的匯兑虧損淨額	102,672	176,587

The provisions for inventories charged in the current year resulted from a decrease in the estimated net realisable value of certain inventories.

本年度的存貨撥備乃由於估計若干存貨 的變現淨值減少所致。

#### 22. Finance Costs

#### 22. 財務費用

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest expense on:	下列各項之利息開支:		
<ul> <li>Bank overdrafts</li> </ul>	一銀行透支	11	23
- Unsecured bank borrowings	-無抵押銀行借貸	140,392	138,960
<ul> <li>Secured mortgage loan</li> </ul>	<b>-有抵押按揭貸款</b>	766	704
- Finance lease liabilities	一融資租賃負債	73	51
		141,242	139,738

#### 23. Taxation 23. 税項

The amount of taxation charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

於綜合損益表扣除之税項金額乃指:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current taxation	本期税項		
<ul> <li>Hong Kong Profits Tax</li> </ul>	- 香港利得税	10,558	9,784
<ul> <li>Overseas taxation</li> </ul>	-海外税項	119,709	106,437
Over-provision of Hong Kong Profits	過往年度香港利得税		
Tax in prior years	超額撥備	-	(292)
Under-provision of overseas taxation in prior years	過往年度海外税項撥備不足	4,580	14,134
Deferred taxation (Note 17)	遞延税項(附註17)	2,013	(18,446)
		136,860	111,617

The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for 2016 is calculated at 16.5% (2015: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profits for the year ended 31 December 2016.

二零一六年香港利得税撥備乃根據截至 二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之估 計應課税溢利按税率16.5%(二零一五 年: 16.5%)計算。

#### 23. Taxation (continued)

Overseas taxation has been calculated based on the estimated assessable profit for the year at rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the entities comprising the Group operate.

A withholding tax of 5% is levied on Hong Kong companies in respect of dividend distributions arising from profits of foreign investment enterprises in the PRC earned after 1 January 2008.

The taxation on the Group's profit before taxation differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the taxation rate of Hong Kong as follows:

#### 23. 税項(續)

海外税項按年內之估計應課税溢利以本 集團旗下實體經營所在國家當時的税率 計算。

就中國的外商投資企業於二零零八年一 月一日後賺取的溢利所產生的股息分派 而向香港公司徵收5%的預提税。

本集團除税前溢利之税項與使用香港税 率應產生之理論金額之差異如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	688,775	561,998
Calculated at a taxation rate of 16.5% Effect of different tax rates in different tax	按税率16.5%計算 不同税務司法權區不同税率	113,648	92,730
jurisdictions Income not subject to taxation	之影響 毋須課税之收入	7,326 (7,285)	170 (7,279)
Expenses not deductible for taxation purposes  Under-provision in prior years  Tax effect of estimated tax losses not recognised	就税務而言不得扣減之開支 過往年度撥備不足 估計未確認税務虧損的税務	14,697 4,580	8,500 13,842
Tax effect of withholding tax on profit of the	影響 預提税對中國附屬公司溢利	2,781	439
PRC subsidiaries	的税務影響	1,113	3,215
Taxation charge	税項支出	136,860	111,617

# 24. Profit Attributable to Equity Shareholders of the Company

The profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2016 is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of HK\$552,761,000 (2015: loss of HK\$9,774,000).

#### 24. 本公司權益持有人應佔 溢利

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之本公司權益持有人應佔溢利為數552,761,000港元(二零一五年:虧損9,774,000港元)於本公司財務報表中處理。

#### 25. Dividends

#### 25. 股息

- (i) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the year
- (i) 年內應佔應付予本公司權 益持有人股息

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
reporting period of approximately HK12.4 cents (2015: approximately HK12.4 cents)	報告期末後擬派末期股息 每股普通股約12.4港仙 (二零一五年: 約12.4港仙)	180,000	180,000

The final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

於報告期末後擬派末期股息並無 於報告期末確認為負債。

- (ii) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year
- (ii) 年內批准及派付上一財政 年度應佔應付予本公司權 益持有人股息

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Final dividend in respect of the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year of HK12.4 cents (2015: HK11.8 cents) per ordinary share	年內批准及派付有關上一財政年度的末期股息每股普通股12.4港仙(二零一五年:11.8港仙)	180,350	180,001

#### 26. Earnings Per Share

#### **Basic**

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the year is based on the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of HK\$551,915,000 (2015: HK\$450,381,000) and the weighted average of 1,442,286,000 shares (2015: 1,504,126,000 shares) in issue.

#### 26. 每股盈利

#### 基本

年內每股基本盈利乃按本公司權益持有人應佔溢利551,915,000港元(二零一五年:450,381,000港元)及已發行股份之加權平均數1,442,286,000股(二零一五年:1,504,126,000股)計算得出。

		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
Issued ordinary shares as at 1 January (thousands)  Exercise of share options (thousands)	於一月一日已發行普通股 (千股) 行使購股權(千股)	1,455,356	1,525,188
Repurchase of own shares (thousands)  Purchase of deferred shares (thousands)	購回本身股份(千股) 購買遞延股份(千股)	(697) (12,373)	(21,400)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares as at 31 December (thousands)	於十二月三十一日普通股 加權平均數(千股)	1,442,286	1,504,126
Basic earnings per share (HK cents per share)	每股基本盈利(每股港仙)	38.27	29.94

#### Diluted

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the year is based on the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of HK\$551,915,000 (2015: HK\$450,381,000) and the weighted average number of shares of 1,445,972,000 (2015: 1,506,715,000 shares), calculated as follows:

#### 攤薄

年內每股攤薄盈利乃按本公司權益持有人應佔溢利551,915,000港元(二零一五年:450,381,000港元)及股份加權平均數1,445,972,000股(二零一五年:1,506,715,000股)計算如下:

		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)	已發行普通股加權平均數 (千股)	1,442,286	1,504,126
Adjustment for assumed conversion of share options (thousands)  Effect of deemed issue of deferred shares for nil consideration (thousands)	假設購股權獲轉換之調整 (千股) 視作以零代價發行遞延股份的 影響(千股)	72 3,614	2,589
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for diluted earnings per share (thousands)	每股攤薄盈利之普通股 加權平均數(千股)	1,445,972	1,506,715
Diluted earnings per share (HK cents per share)	每股攤薄盈利(每股港仙)	38.17	29.89

# 27. Directors' and Senior Management's Emoluments

## 27. 董事及高級管理層酬金

#### (a) Directors' emoluments

The aggregate amounts of emoluments paid or payable to Directors of the Company during the year are as follows:

#### (a) 董事酬金

於年內已付或應付予本公司董事 之酬金總額如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fees Other emoluments	抱金 其他酬金	677	673
Basic salaries and housing allowances	一基本薪金及房屋津貼	11,281	9,641
- Discretionary bonus	一酌情花紅	7,882	5,352
- Contributions to pension scheme	一退休計劃供款	149	195
		19,989	15,861

# 27. Directors' and Senior Management's Emoluments (continued)

#### (a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

The emoluments of each Director for the year ended 31 December 2016 is set out below:

#### 27. 董事及高級管理層酬金

(續)

### (a) 董事酬金(續)

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一 日止年度,各董事之酬金載列如

Name of Director 董事姓名		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Basic salaries and housing allowance 基本薪金及 房屋津貼 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonus 酌情花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	Contribution to pension scheme 退休計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Li Jialin	李佳林	-	5,200	2,800	18	8,018
Chow Ying Chi	鄒英姿	-	1,179	2,430	59	3,668
Ong Wei Hiam, William	王偉炘	77	2,467	700	18	3,262
Chan Hoi Chau	陳海洲	-	786	1,220	18	2,024
Li Yue	李玥	-	515	387	18	920
Yao Jie	姚杰	-	1,134	345	18	1,497
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事					
Liu Li	劉莉	50	-	-	-	50
Liang Xin	梁欣	120	-	-	-	120
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Lam Hin Chi	藍顯賜	120	-	-	-	120
Li Wei	李煒	120	-	_	_	120
Hung Wai Man	洪為民	70	-	-	-	70
Wang Xiaolong	王曉龍	70	-	-	-	70
Ng Yat Cheung	吳日章	50	-	-	-	50
		677	11,281	7,882	149	19,989

# 27. Directors' and Senior Management's Emoluments (continued)

#### (a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

The emoluments of each Director for the year ended 31 December 2015 is set out below:

# 27. 董事及高級管理層酬金

(續)

#### (a) 董事酬金(續)

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一 日止年度,各董事之酬金載列如 下:

			Basic			
			salaries and		Contribution	
			housing	Discretionary	to pension	
Name of Director		Fees	allowance	bonus	scheme	Total
			基本薪金		退休計劃	
董事姓名		袍金	及房屋津貼	酌情花紅	供款	合計
_,,_,		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Li Jialin	李佳林	_	5,200	2,000	18	7,218
Chow Ying Chi	鄒英姿	_	1,182	1,630	141	2,953
Ong Wei Hiam, William	王偉炘	73	2,474	602	18	3,167
Chan Hoi Chau	陳海洲	_	785	1,120	18	1,923
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事					
Liu Li	劉莉	120	_	_	_	120
Liang Xin	梁欣	120	-	-	-	120
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Lam Hin Chi	藍顯賜	120	_	_	_	120
Li Wei	李煒	120	_	_	_	120
Ng Yat Cheung	吳日章	120	-	_	-	120
		673	9,641	5,352	195	15,861

Directors' emoluments disclosed above include approximately HK\$430,000 (2015: HK\$360,000) paid to Independent Non-executive Directors.

No emoluments have been paid to these individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the current and prior years.

During the current and prior years, no Director of the Company waived any emoluments.

上文所披露之董事酬金包括支付 予獨立非執行董事的約430,000港 元(二零一五年:360,000港元)。

於當前及過往年度概無向該等人 士支付任何酬金,作為吸引彼等 加入本集團或彼等加入本集團後 之獎勵或作為離職補償。

於當前及過往年度,本公司董事 並無放棄收取任何酬金。

#### 27. Directors' and Senior Management's Emoluments (continued)

#### (b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year included two (2015: two) Directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining three (2015: three) individuals during the year are as follows:

#### 27. 董事及高級管理層酬金

(續)

#### (b) 五名最高薪人士

本集團年內之五名酬金最高人士 包括兩名(二零一五年:兩名)董 事,彼等之酬金已於上文所呈列 之分析中反映。於年內支付予其 餘三名(二零一五年:三名)人士 之酬金如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fees	——— 袍金	-	88
Basic salaries and allowances	基本薪金及津貼	4,332	5,161
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅	6,511	6,125
Contributions to pension schemes	退休計劃供款	77	577
		10,920	11,951

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

酬金介乎下列範圍:

#### Number of individuals

		人數		
Emolument band	酬金範圍	2016	2015	
		二零一六年	二零一五年	
HK\$3,000,001 - HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	1	_	
HK\$3,500,001 - HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	2	2	
HK\$4,500,001 - HK\$5,000,000	4,500,001港元至5,000,000港元	-	1	

### 28. Note to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 28. 綜合現金流量報表附註

Reconciliation of profit before taxation to net cash generated from operations

#### 除税前溢利與經營所得現金 淨額之對賬

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before taxation	——————————— 除税前溢利	688,775	561,998
Interest income	利息收入	(11,092)	(14,120)
Interest expense	利息開支	141,242	139,738
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	21,669	22,369
Share of associates' profits	分佔聯營公司溢利	(36,108)	(34,686)
Share of joint venture's loss	分佔合營企業虧損	5,927	10,019
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及		
equipment	設備之虧損	46	406
Operating profit before working capital changes	營運資金變動前之經營溢利	810,459	685,724
Changes in working capital	營運資金變動		
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	(651,796)	(904,508)
Inventories	存貨	265,683	(888,861)
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	823,509	1,777,622
Net cash generated from operations	經營所得現金淨額	1,247,855	669,977

#### 29. Commitments

#### Capital commitments

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had commitments to make capital contributions of HK\$235,860,000 (2015: Nil) to certain investments.

#### (b) Commitments under operating leases

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

#### 29. 承擔

#### (a) 資本承擔

於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 本集團擁有向若干投資作出資本 注資235,860,000港元(二零一五 年:零)之承擔。

#### (b) 經營租賃項下之承擔

於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 本集團根據不可撤銷之經營租賃 而承擔之日後最低租賃付款總額 如下:

		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within 1 year	1年內	39,031	48,969
Between 1 and 5 years	1年至5年	18,696	23,934
		57,727	72,903

The Group is the lessee in respect of a number of premises and warehouses held under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of one to three years, with an option to renew each lease upon expiry when all terms are renegotiated. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

本集團為多個物業及以經營租賃 持有之貨倉之承租人。租約之初 步年期一般為一至三年,於各份 租約到期後可選擇續期並於屆時 重新磋商所有條款。概無租約包 括或然租金。

#### 30. Related Party Transactions

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

#### Director's quarter

The Group entered into a rental agreement with Joint Honour Development Limited, a company in which Mr. Li Jialin ("Mr. Li"), the Chairman and Executive Director of the Company is a major shareholder, in respect of a director's quarter. Pursuant to the agreement, the Group paid a monthly rental of HK\$200,000 to Joint Honour Development Limited (2015: HK\$200,000).

#### (b) Motor vehicle

The Group entered into a motor vehicle rental agreement with Joint Honour Development Limited, a company in which Mr. Li, the Chairman and Executive Director of the Company is a major shareholder. Pursuant to the agreement, the Group paid a monthly rental of HK\$15,000 to Joint Honour Development Limited (2015: HK\$15,000).

#### License fee

The Group entered into an agreement with Kong Lung Ind Co., a company in which Mr. Li is a major shareholder. Pursuant to the agreement, the Group paid a monthly license fee of HK\$14,000 in respect of the China-Hong Kong Vehicle License to Kong Lung Ind Co. (2015: HK\$14,000).

#### (d) Key management compensation (including the amounts disclosed in note 27)

Key management compensation amounted to HK\$64,358,000 during the year (2015: HK\$62,664,000).

#### 30. 關連人士交易

以下為與關連人十進行之交易:

#### (a) 董事宿舍

本集團與本公司主席兼執行董事 李佳林先生(「李先生」)為主要股 東之公司集中發展有限公司就一 間董事宿舍訂立一份租賃協議。 根據該協議,本集團向集中發展 有限公司支付月租200,000港元 (二零一五年:200,000港元)。

#### (b) 汽車

本集團與本公司主席兼執行董事 李先生為主要股東之公司集中發 展有限公司訂立一份汽車租賃協 議。根據該協議,本集團向集中 發展有限公司支付月租15,000港 元(二零一五年:15,000港元)。

#### (c) 牌照費

本集團與李先生為主要股東的公 司港龍實業公司訂立一份協議。 根據該協議,本集團已就中港車 輛牌照每月支付牌照費14,000港 元予港龍實業公司(二零一五年: 14,000港元)。

#### (d) 主要管理人員酬金(包括 於附註27披露之金額)

年內,主要管理人員酬金為 64,358,000港元(二零一五年: 62,664,000港元)。

#### 31. Statement of Financial Position of the Company

## 31. 本公司財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2016

於二零一六年十二月三十一日

			2016	2015
			二零一六年	二零一五年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
ASSETS	資產			_
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備		789	935
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資		2,115,161	1,560,713
			2,115,950	1,561,648
Current assets	流動資產			
Prepayments	預付款項		309	309
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		18,742	47,695
			19,051	48,004
Total assets	總資產		2,135,001	1,609,652
EQUITY	權益			
Share capital	股本	13	145,440	145,536
Reserves	儲備	15	909,720	615,598
Total equity	總權益		1,055,160	761,134
LIABILITIES	 負債			
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Amount due to a subsidiary	應付一間附屬公司款項		1,079,754	848,488
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項		87	30
Total liabilities	總負債		1,079,841	848,518
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		2,135,001	1,609,652
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨值		(1,060,790)	(800,514)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		1,055,160	761,134

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 March 2017.

董事會於二零一七年三月二十一日批准 及授權刊發。

Li Jialin 李佳林 Director 董事

Chow Ying Chi 鄒英姿 Director 董事

# 32. Possible Impact of Amendments and New Standards Issued but not yet Effective for the year ended 31 December 2016

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of amendments and new standards which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2016 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

#### 32. 截至二零一六年十二月三 十一日止年度已頒佈但尚 未生效之修訂及新準則可 能帶來之影響

直至此等財務報表之刊發日期,香港會計師公會已頒佈於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度尚未生效且並未於此等財務報表採納之數項修訂以及新準則,包括以下可能與本集團有關者。

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後開始的會計期間生效

Amendments to HKAS 7, Statement of cash	香港會計準則第7號, <i>現金流量表:披露計劃</i>	1 January 2017
flows: Disclosure initiative	之修訂	二零一七年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 12, Income taxes:	香港會計準則第12號,所得税: <i>未實現虧損</i>	1 January 2017
Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses	的遞延税項資產的確認之修訂	二零一七年一月一日
HKFRS 9, Financial instruments	香港財務報告準則第9號, <i>金融工具</i>	1 January 2018
		二零一八年一月一日
HKFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with	香港財務報告準則第15號, <i>來自與客户訂立</i>	1 January 2018
customers	合約之收入	二零一八年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 2, Share-based	香港財務報告準則第2號, <i>以股份為基礎之支</i>	1 January 2018
payment: Classification and measurement	付:以股份為基礎之支付交易之分類及計量	二零一八年一月一日
of share-based payment transactions	之修訂	
HKFRS 16, Leases	香港財務報告準則第16號, <i>租賃</i>	1 January 2019
		二零一九年一月一日

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments and new standards is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far the Group has identified some aspects of the new standards which may have impacts on the Group's financial statements. Further details of the expected impacts are discussed below. As the Group has not completed its assessment, further impacts may be identified in due course.

本集團正在評估該等修訂及新訂準則於 首次應用期間之預期影響。截至目前為 止,本集團已識別新訂準則的若干方面 可能對本集團財務報表造成影響。有關 預期影響的進一步詳情於下文論述。由 於本集團尚未完成其評估,故可於適當 時候識別進一步影響。

# 32. Possible Impact of Amendments and New Standards Issued but not yet Effective for the year ended 31 December 2016 (continued)

#### HKFRS 9, Financial instruments

HKFRS 9 will replace the current standard on accounting for financial instruments, HKAS 39, *Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement*. Based on a preliminary assessment, the Group expected that the new requirements of HKFRS 9 on classification and measurement of financial assets and calculation of impairment of financial assets may have an impact on the Group's financial statements. However, a more detailed analysis is required to determine the extent of the impact.

#### HKFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers

HKFRS 15 will replace the existing revenue standards, HKAS 18, Revenue, which covers revenue arising from sale of goods and rendering of services, and HKAS 11, Construction contracts, which specifies the accounting for revenue from construction contracts. Based on the preliminary assessment, the Group expected that the new requirements of HKFRS 15 may have an impact on the Group's financial statements on timing of revenue recognition. However, a more detailed analysis is required to determine the extent of the impact.

#### 32. 截至二零一六年十二月三 十一日止年度已頒佈但尚 未生效之修訂及新準則可 能帶來之影響(續)

# 香港財務報告準則第9號,金融工具

香港財務報告準則第9號將取代有關金融工具會計處理方法的現有準則香港計 計準則第39號,金融工具:確認及計 量。根據初步評估,本集團預期香港財 務報告準則第9號有關分類及計量金融 資產以及計算金融資產減值的新規定可 能對本集團財務報表造成影響。然而 需要更詳盡分析以確定影響的程度。

# 香港財務報告準則第15號,來自與客戶訂立合約之收入

香港財務報告準則第15號將取代現有收益準則,香港會計準則第18號,收益(包括銷售貨物及提供服務所產生的收益)及香港會計準則第11號,建造合約(訂明建造合約收益的會計處理方法)。根據初步評估,本集團預期香港財務報告準則第15號的新規定可能對本集團於財務報表內確認收益之時間造成影響。然而,需要更詳盡分析以確定影響的程度。

# 32. Possible Impact of Amendments and New Standards Issued but not yet Effective for the year ended 31 December 2016 (continued)

#### HKFRS 16, Leases

HKFRS 16 is not expected to impact significantly on the way that lessors account for their rights and obligations under a lease. However, once HKFRS 16 is adopted, lessees will no longer distinguish between finance leases and operating leases. Instead, subject to practical expedients, lessees will account for all leases in a similar way to current finance lease accounting, i.e. at the commencement date of the lease the lessee will recognise and measure a lease liability at the present value of the minimum future lease payments and will recognise a corresponding "right-of-use" asset. After initial recognition of this asset and liability, the lessee will recognise interest expense accrued on the outstanding balance of the lease liability, and the depreciation of the right-of-use asset, instead of the current policy of recognising rental expenses incurred under operating leases on a systematic basis over the lease term. As a practical expedient, the lessee can elect not to apply this accounting model to short-term leases (i.e. where the lease term is 12 months or less) and to leases of low-value assets, in which case the rental expenses would continue to be recognised on a systematic basis over the lease term.

HKFRS 16 will primarily affect the Group's accounting as a lessee of leases for properties, plant and machinery and office equipment which are currently classified as operating leases. The application of the new accounting model is expected to lead to an increase in both assets and liabilities and to impact on the timing of the expense recognition in the statement of profit or loss over the period of the lease. The Group will need to perform a more detailed analysis to determine the amounts of new assets and liabilities arising from operating lease commitments on adoption of HKFRS 16, after taking into account the applicability of the practical expedient and adjusting for any leases entered into or terminated between now and the adoption of HKFRS 16 and the effects of discounting.

#### 33. Non-adjusting Events after the Reporting Period

In February 2017, the Group had voluntarily repaid an unsecured noncurrent bank borrowing with outstanding balance of US\$120 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$930 million).

#### 32. 截至二零一六年十二月三 十一日止年度已頒佈但尚 未生效之修訂及新準則可 能帶來之影響(續)

#### 香港財務報告準則第16號,租賃

預期香港財務報告準則第16號將不會大幅 影響出和人根據和約將彼等權利及義務入 賬的方式。然而,一旦採納香港財務報告 準則第16號,承租人將不再區分融資租賃 及經營租賃。相反,受實際權益方法的規 限,承租人將以類似方式將所有租約入賬 列作現有融資租賃會計,即於該租約開始 日期,承租人將按最低日後租賃款項的現 值確認及計量租賃負債,及將確認相應的 「使用權」資產。於初步確認該資產及負債 後,承租人將確認租賃負債結餘所產生的 利息開支及使用權資產折舊,而非於租期 內按系統基準確認根據經營租約所產生的 租賃開支的現有政策。作為實際的權益方 法,承租人可選擇不將此會計模式應用於 短期租賃(即租期為12個月或以下)及低價 值資產的租賃,於該等情況下,租金開支 將繼續於和期內按系統基準確認。

#### 33. 報告期後非調整事項

於二零一七年二月,本集團主動償還無抵押非流動銀行借貸結餘1.2億美元(相等於約9.3億港元)。

# **FINANCIAL SUMMARY** 財務概要

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out below:

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績以及資產 與負債概要載列如下:

#### Results

#### 業績

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日					
		2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
		二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一二年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Revenue	收益	48,161,318	45,575,640	41,892,709	40,239,286	37,097,592	
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	688,775	561,998	769,029	658,802	571,561	
Taxation	税項	(136,860)	(111,617)	(143,361)	(133,675)	(107,162)	
Profit for the year	年內溢利	551,915	450,381	625,668	525,127	464,399	
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:						
Equity Shareholders of the	本公司權益持有人						
Company		551,915	450,381	607,374	502,725	444,236	
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	-	_	18,294	22,402	20,163	
		551,915	450,381	625,668	525,127	464,399	

#### **Assets and Liabilities**

#### 資產及負債

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日					
		2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
		二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一二年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Total assets	總資產	16,293,051	16,768,378	13,129,424	11,527,662	9,847,426	
Total liabilities	總負債	(12,429,413)	(12,949,271)	(9,136,466)	(7,907,262)	(6,612,744)	
Total equity	總權益	3,863,638	3,819,107	3,992,958	3,620,400	3,234,682	



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