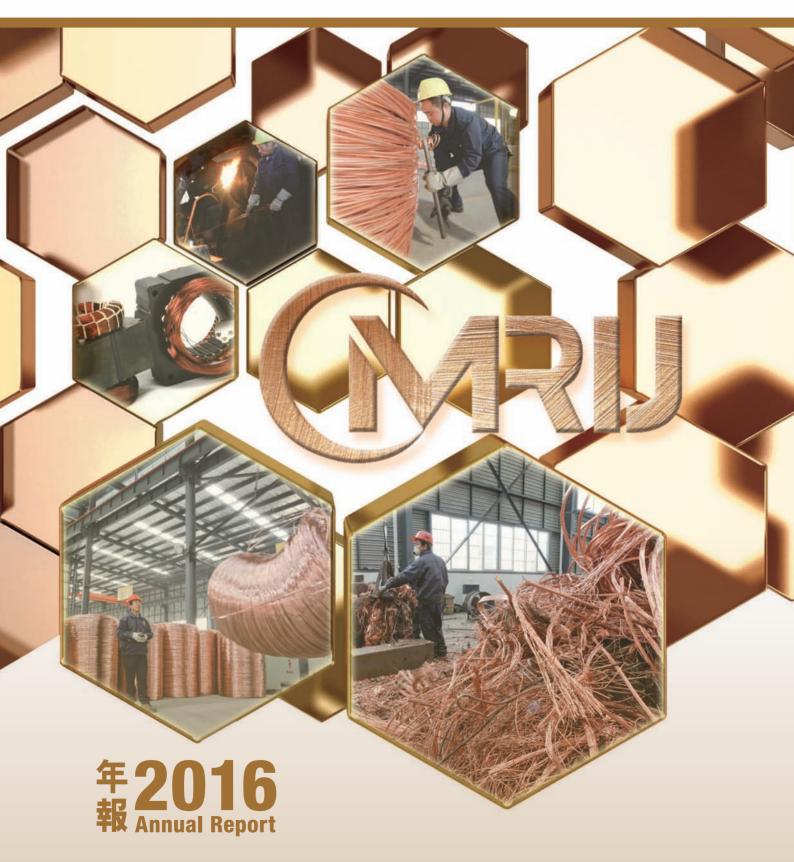


China Metal Resources Utilization Limited 中國金屬資源利用有限公司

(a company incorporated under the laws of Cayman Islands with limited liability) (根據開曼群島法律註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 1636



CONTENTS 目錄 Corporate Profile 公司概況 2 Chairman's Statement 3 主席報告 Management Discussion and Analysis 6 管理層討論及分析 Directors and Senior Management 19 董事及高級管理層 Report of the Directors 25 董事會報告 Corporate Governance Report 49 企業管治報告 Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告 70 Independent Auditor's Report 75 獨立核數師報告 Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 86 綜合損益表 Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 87 綜合損益及其他全面收益表 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 88 綜合財務狀況表 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 90 綜合權益變動表 Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 92 綜合現金流量表 Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註 94 Five Year Financial Summary 202 五年財務概要 Corporate Information 203 公司資料

CORPORATE PROFILE

公司概況

China Metal Resources Utilization Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 22 February 2013. The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are a fast-growing manufacturer of recycled copper products, also known as copper semis, in Southwest China. The shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 21 February 2014 (the "Listing Date").

中國金屬資源利用有限公司(「本公司」)為一家於2013年2月22日在開曼群島註冊成立的獲豁免有限公司。本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)是中國西南部增長迅速的再生銅產品(亦稱為銅半製成品)製造商。本公司股份於2014年2月21日(「上市日期」)在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

We process recycled scrap copper and, to a lesser extent, electrolytic copper, to manufacture a range of copper products, including copper wirerods, copper wires, copper plates and copper granules. Beginning in 2013, we have also sold a range of communication cables and power transmission and distribution cables using copper wirerods that we produce as the principal raw material. We are increasing our production capacity and plan to broaden our product range and pursue opportunities for further vertical integration. Beginning in 2015, we have also extended our product range to aluminium products. In light of favourable development trends in China and our advantages in raw material supply, facility location and preferential governmental policies, we believe we are well positioned to become a leading integrated recycled copper product supplier in China covering the key value-creating activities in the industry chain.

本集團主要加工回收的廢銅,其次是電解銅, 從而生產多種銅產品,包括銅線材、銅線、銅 排和銅米。自2013年起,我們亦銷售多種通信 電纜和送配電纜,這些電纜以我們生產的銅線 材作為主要原材料。我們正提高產能,計劃。 大產品類型,並尋求機會進一步垂直整合。。 2015年起,我們的產品範圍擴展至鋁製品應 於中國的有利發展趨勢及我們在原材料供應 設施所在地及利好的政府政策等方面的優勢, 相信我們已具備條件成為中國領先的綜合再生 銅產品供應商,涵蓋產業鏈內的主要價值創造 活動。

We currently own and operate four production facilities for recycled copper products. The facilities of our subsidiaries Mianyang Jinxin Copper Co., Ltd. ("Jinxin"), Mianyang Tongxin Copper Co., Ltd. ("Tongxin"), Sichuan Baohe Xinshiji Cable Co., Ltd. ("Baohe Xinshiji") and Mianyang Baohe Taiyue Communications Cable Co., Ltd. ("Baohe Taiyue") are located in Mianyang, Sichuan Province and the facility of our subsidiary Hunan Yinlian Xiangbei Copper Co., Ltd. ("Xiangbei") is located in Miluo, Hunan Province. We are also operating our trading business of aluminium products in Mianyang, Sichuan Province.

本集團目前擁有及營運四個再生銅產品生產設施。我們的附屬公司綿陽金鑫銅業有限公司(「金鑫」)、綿陽銅鑫銅業有限公司(「銅鑫」)、四川保和新世紀線纜有限公司(「保和新世紀」)及綿陽保和泰越通信線纜有限公司(「保和泰越」)設施位於四川省綿陽市,而我們的附屬公司湖南銀聯湘北銅業有限公司(「湘北」)設施位於湖南省汨羅市。我們亦於四川省綿陽市經營買賣鋁製品業務。

This annual report, in both English and Chinese versions, is available on the Company's website at http://www.cmru.com.cn/.

本年報的中、英文本已登載於本公司網站 http://www.cmru.com.cn/。

Shareholders may at any time change their choice of language(s) (either English only or Chinese only or both languages) of Corporate Communications.

股東可隨時更改收取公司通訊的語言版本的選擇(即英文本或中文本或中、英文本)。

Shareholders may send their request to change their choice of language(s) of Corporate Communications by notice in writing to the Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar of the Company with Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Ltd. at 17M Floor Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong.

股東可以書面通知本公司在香港的股份過戶登記分處,香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17M樓,提出更改收取公司通訊的語言版本的選擇。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

Dear Shareholders.

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of China Metal Resources Utilization Limited ("CMRU" or the "Company"), I hereby present the audited consolidated annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the twelve months ended 31 December 2016.

China's GDP growth rate declined from 6.9% in 2015 to 6.7% in 2016, which was the slowest in the past 26 years. The continued slowdown in China's economy was also reflected by the drop in copper consumption which has been a crucial measure of the country's economic growth. During the year, the copper market industry faced a challenging operating environment as copper stockpiles were still heavily accumulated and weakened liquidity of our customers.

Thanks to the Group's successful strategy of actively mitigating the risks arising from the production of copper-related products which would have a longer turnover days and subject the Group to higher risk of fluctuation of copper price. By more actively engaging in trading activities of electrolytic copper during the year, the Group generated a significant increase in sales revenue by 175.5% to RMB4,933.6 million. In addition, given an increase in government subsidies and increase in interest income derived from the advances to suppliers, other revenue increased by 30.7% compared to that of 2015. The combination of these factors has significantly improved the gross margin of the Group. The gross profit of the Group was amounted to RMB42.9 million in 2016, as compared to a gross loss of RMB139.4 million in 2015.

Despite the sluggish market demand for recycled copper, the Group recorded an increase in the sales of recycled copper products and sales of communication cables during the year. Revenue from recycled copper products recorded an increase of 26.8% which was mainly an increase of 38.4% in the sales volume of recycled copper products. The increase in the sales of communication cables was partly due to a slight increase in sales volume of metric tons, and partly due to an increase in the average selling price with the strategic changes in product mix during the year.

各位股東:

本人謹此代表中國金屬資源利用有限公司(「中國金屬資源利用」或「本公司」)董事會(「董事會」)提呈本公司連同附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」)截至2016年12月31日止12個月的經審核綜合全年業績。

2016年,中國國內生產總值增長率由2015年的6.9%降至6.7%,為過去26年來最低增速。中國經濟持續放緩,亦反映在銅消耗量(衡量中國經濟增長的重要指標)下降方面。年內,銅市場行業的經營環境充滿挑戰,市場仍然積壓大量銅庫存及客戶的流動性資金緊絀。

得益於本集團成功實施策略,積極降低因銅相關產品生產(具有較長的周轉天數及令本集團面臨銅價格波動的較高風險)產生的風險。透過於年內更積極地開展電解銅貿易活動,本集團的銷售收入大幅增長175.5%,達到人民幣4,933,600,000元。此外,因政府補貼增加及產生自向供應商墊款的利息收入增加,其他收入較2015年增長30.7%。在上述因素的共同作用下,本集團的毛利大幅提高。本集團於2016年錄得毛利達人民幣42,900,000元,而2015年則錄得毛損人民幣139,400,000元。

儘管再生銅的市場需求疲軟,但本集團於年內的再生銅產品銷售及通信電纜銷售均錄得上漲。再生銅產品收入錄得26.8%的增幅,這主要由於再生銅產品銷量增長38.4%。通信電纜的銷售增加,部分由於銷量小幅增加,及部分由於年內產品組合進行戰略性變動令平均售價上漲所致。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

On 4 July 2016, the acquisition of the remaining 70% non-controlling interests of Mianyang Xinhuan Aluminium Company Limited ("Xinhuan Aluminium") was completed. After the acquisition, Xinhuan Aluminium became an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Through this acquisition, the Group will be able to expand into the aluminium business, thus providing wider product portfolio to the existing and potential customers. This also allows the Group to capitalize the synergy effect by making use of the Group's existing sources of raw materials, logistic system and technical know-how.

於2016年7月4日,本集團完成收購綿陽鑫環 鋁業有限公司(「鑫環鋁業」)剩餘70%的非控股 權益。於收購後,鑫環鋁業成為本公司的間接 全資附屬公司。透過此項收購,本集團將能夠 進軍鋁業務,從而為現有及潛在客戶提供更豐富的產品組合。這亦讓本集團能夠通過利用本集團現有的原材料來源、物流系統及技術知識,充分發揮協同效應。

In order to raise funds to strengthen the working capital and to finance the future development and expansion of the Group, the Group completed the issuance of 135,000,000 new shares to Hong Kong Zhongliang Recycling Mining Investments Limited during the year. The net proceeds of such new issuance amounted to approximately RMB300 million.

為籌集資金以增加營運資金及為本集團未來發展及擴張提供資金,本集團於年內完成向香港中涼再生礦冶投資有限公司發行135,000,000股新股。該新股發行所籌集的所得款項淨額約為人民幣300,000,000元。

Being the second year of the 13th Five-Year Plan, the "Guiding Opinion on Accelerating the Development of Recycled Resources Industry" (關於 加快推進再生資源産業發展的指導意見) jointly issued by the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology, Ministry of Commerce, and Ministry of Technology on 25 January 2017 marked a significant step by the Chinese government to step up the support to the resources recycling industry, with metal recycling being one of the key areas to develop. The document set out very exciting targets for recycled resources industry by 2020: scrap copper consumption to reach 150.0 million tonnes, recycled copper production to reach 4.4 million tonnes, recycled aluminium to reach 9.0 million tonnes. The Group is ready to tap on the opportunities arise from the huge demand for recycled metal products in the near future.

於「十三五」規劃第二年,工業和信息化部、商務部、科技部於2017年1月25日聯合發佈《關於加快推進再生資源產業發展的指導意見》,標誌著中國政府向加大對再生資源行業的支持邁出了重要一步,而金屬回收利用將成為其中一個重要的發展領域。該文件為再生資源行業設定了到2020年前的主要目標:廢銅消耗量達到150,000,000噸、再生銅生產達到4,400,000噸、再生鋁達到9,000,000噸。本集團已做好準備,抓住不久的將來再生金屬產品的巨大需求帶來的機會。

On the other hand, since the third quarter of 2016, property market was heating up and housing market in major cities in China has started to improve and its activities have increased significantly. We are cautiously hopeful that the recent recovery in housing market of China will soon translate to improvements in demand of basic materials like copper and aluminium which will help to further improve our business. Meanwhile, the Group will be preserving our financial strength in order to take full advantage of any improvements in the market environment to strengthen our business and increase profitability. The Group shall also continue to seek suitable acquisition opportunities which are more likely to arise under the current market situation.

另一方面,自2016年第3季度以來,房地產市場升溫,中國主要城市的樓市開始好轉,令交易活動大幅增加。我們謹慎樂觀地認為,中國樓市近期復甦將很快帶動銅及鋁等基礎材料的需求增長,這將有助我們的業務獲得進一步改善,與此同時,本集團將保存財務實力,以充分利用市場環境出現的任何好轉,從而增強我們的業務及提高盈利能力。本集團亦將繼續求在當前市況下可能出現的合適收購機會。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

Thanks to the outstanding leadership skills of our management team as well as our proven track record over the years, the Group is glad to have been selected as a constituent of five stock indexes managed by the Hang Seng Indexes Company Limited ("Hang Seng Indexes") in March 2016: the Hang Seng Global Composite Index and the Hang Seng Composite Index Series including the Hang Seng Composite Index, Hang Seng Composite Index — Materials, Hang Seng Composite MidCap & SmallCap Index and Hang Seng Composite SmallCap Index. We believe that having a constituent status in these indexes can further enhance our reputation and position in the international capital market and ultimately improve our investors' confidence in the Group's outlook.

憑藉管理團隊出色的領導能力及於多年來創立的表現成就,本集團很榮幸於2016年3月獲恒生指數有限公司(「恒生指數」)納入五大指數,分別為恒生環球綜合指數及恒生綜合指數系列(包括恒生綜合指數、恒生綜合行業指數 一原材料業、恒生綜合中小型股指數及恒生綜合小型股指數)。我們堅信這將進一步提升本集團在國際資本市場的聲譽及地位,增強投資者對本集團前景的信心。

Last but not least, on behalf of the Board and the management, I would like to thank our entire staff for their dedication and contribution to the Group during the year. I would also like to thank our shareholders, investors, customers, suppliers and business partners for their strong support.

最後,本人謹代表董事會及管理層衷心感謝全 體員工於年內努力不懈,全心全意為本集團作 出貢獻。在此謹向各股東、投資者、客戶、供 應商及業務夥伴的鼎力支持致以衷心謝意。

Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director **Mr. Yu Jiangiu**

主席、行政總裁兼執行董事 **俞建秋先生**

30 March 2017

2017年3月30日

BUSINESS REVIEW

In the second half of 2016, despite the recovery in China's economy which was mainly fueled by the buoyant property market, the copper market was still unleashing its stockpiles accumulated in previous years. Furthermore, the weakened liquidity of our customers resulted in several cases of overdue trades balances and consequently we had to reduce sales to certain of our customers in order to minimise credit risks. In order to tackle such situation, the Group took measure to improve its liquidity by increasing the scale of copper products trading activities. As a result of such strategy, the Group recorded an increase in sales volume of copper products in 2016, which translated into an increase in turnover by 175.5% as compared with that of 2015.

In August 2016, the Company completed the issuance of 135,000,000 new shares to a strategic business partner. The net proceeds of such new issuance amounted to approximately RMB300 million. Furthermore, the Company has been selected by Hang Seng Indexes Company Limited as a constituent of the following indexes, with effect from 14 March 2016: (1) Hang Seng Global Composite Index; (2) Hang Seng Composite Index; (3) Hang Seng Composite Industry Index — Materials; (4) Hang Seng Composite MidCap & SmallCap Index; and (5) Hang Seng Composite SmallCap Index.

FUTURE PROSPECTS/OUTLOOK

China's gross domestic product in 2016 grew by 6.7% from a year earlier. The growth rate decelerated as compared with 6.9% in 2015 and was the slowest in 26 years. The Chinese government has warned that China's economic growth trend is likely to be flat at least for the next year or two. It is therefore expected that the current weak market environment is unlikely to improve significantly in the short term. Under such situation and expected trend, we will be operating cautiously in order to minimize business risks.

Whilst demand for recycled copper and aluminium products is expected to remain sluggish and market liquidity continue to be tight, we are cautiously hopeful that the recent recovery in the China housing market will soon translate to improvements in demand of basic materials like copper and aluminium which will help improve our business. Meanwhile, we will be preserving our financial strength so that we will be able to take full advantage of any improvements in the market environment to strengthen our business and increase profitability. We shall also continue to seek suitable acquisition opportunities which are more likely to arise under the current market situation.

業務回顧

於2016年下半年,儘管中國經濟復甦(主要受到暢旺的房地產市場推動),但銅市場仍在釋放其過往年度的累積庫存。此外,客戶流動資金緊絀導致多筆貿易結餘逾期,因此本集團為減低信貸風險而須縮減向部分客戶的銷售。為應對此局面,本集團採取措施,通過擴大銅產品貿易活動規模改善其資金流動性。基於上述策略,本集團在2016年的銅產品銷量額錄得上漲,令營業額較2015年增長175.5%。

於2016年8月,本公司完成向一名戰略業務夥伴發行135,000,000股新股份。該新發行所籌集的所得款項淨額約為人民幣300,000,000元。此外,本公司獲選為恆生指數有限公司以下指數的成份股,自2016年3月14日起生效:(1)恒生環球綜合指數;(2)恒生綜合指數;(3)恒生綜合行業指數 一原材料業;(4)恒生綜合中小型股指數;及(5)恒生綜合小型股指數。

未來前景/展望

2016年,中國的國內生產總值比上一年度增長了6.7%。增長率較2015年的6.9%下降,且為26年來的新低。中國政府已警告中國經濟增長至少在未來一至兩年可能持平。因此,當前的疲弱市場環境預期在短期內不大可能有明顯改善。在如此環境及預期趨勢下,我們將審慎經營,盡量降低業務風險。

雖然再生銅及鋁製品的需求預期將維持疲弱,加上市場流動性依然緊張。我們審慎期望最近的中國樓市反彈將快速轉化為對銅及鋁等基本原料的需求,從而推動我們的業務。與此同時,我們將保持財務實力,以充分把握市場環境的任何利好情況,加強我們業務,並提高利潤。我們也將繼續物色在目前市況下更可能出現的合適收購機會。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

Our revenue represents the fair value of consideration received or receivable for sales of goods and services in the ordinary course of business. Revenue is shown net-of-VAT and other taxes, returns and discounts after eliminating sales within our Group.

財務回顧

收益

我們的收益指於日常業務過程中就銷售貨物及 服務已收或應收代價的公平值。所示收益(經 扣除增值税及其他税項、退貨及折扣)亦已對 集團內部間的銷售進行對銷。

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Sales from trading of electrolytic copper (Note)	電解銅貿易銷售(附註)	3,522,236	584,108
Sales of recycled copper products	銷售再生銅產品	1,367,891	1,078,879
Sales of power transmission and	銷售送配電纜		
distribution cables		3,099	70,616
Sales of communication cables	銷售通信電纜	35,832	29,398
Sales of scrap materials	銷售廢棄材料	447	15,755
Sales of aluminium products	銷售鋁產品	3,055	10,834
Contract manufacturing income	合同製造收入	1,065	1,160
		4,933,625	1,790,750

Note The Group has entered into trading activities of electrolytic copper beginning in 2015 whereas the Group is considered the principal of the transactions as it controls the electrolytic copper before they are sold to the customers. The gross inflows of the trading activities are therefore recognised as revenue.

附註:本集團自2015年起開展電解銅的貿易活動,由於本 集團在向客戶銷售電解銅前控制該產品,故本集團被 視為該等交易的主體責任人。根據貿易活動的經濟利 益總流入因此被確認收入。

Revenue for the year ended 31 December 2016 amounted to RMB4,933.6 million, representing an increase of 175.5% from RMB1,790.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. The increase in sales volume was principally from the increase in trading of electrolytic copper, such sales had a shorter turnover days and hence lower risk from fluctuation of copper price.

Revenue from recycled copper products amounted to RMB1,367.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2016, representing a slight increase of 26.8% from RMB1,078.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. It was mainly an increase of 38.4% in the sales volume of recycled copper products from 29,113 metric tons for the year ended 31 December 2015 to 40,282 metric tons for the year ended 31 December 2016, with a decrease of 8.4% in average selling price from RMB37,060 per ton for the year ended 31 December 2015 to RMB33,960 per ton for the year ended 31 December 2016.

截至2016年12月31日止年度的收益為人民幣4,933,600,000元,較截至2015年12月31日止年度的人民幣1,790,800,000元增加了175.5%。該銷量增加主要因為電解銅貿易增加,此銷售的周轉天數較短,因此面臨來自銅價格波動的風險較低。

截至2016年12月31日止年度,再生銅產品業務的收益為人民幣1,367,900,000元,較截至2015年12月31日 止 年 度 的 人 民 幣1,078,900,000元小幅增加26.8%。這主要因為再生銅產品銷量38.4%的增幅,其由截至2015年12月31日止年度的29,113公噸增加至截至2016年12月31日止年度的40,282公噸,其中平均售價由截至2015年12月31日止年度的每噸人民幣37,060元降至截至2016年12月31日止年度的每噸人民幣33,960元,降幅為8.4%。

Revenue from sales of power transmission and distribution cables amounted to RMB3.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2016, mainly representing a decrease of 95.6% from RMB70.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2015, this reflected a decrease of 95.8% in sales volume from 1,795 metric tons for the year ended 31 December 2015 to 75 metric tons for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Revenue from sales of communication cables amounted to RMB35.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2016, representing an increase of 21.9% from RMB29.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. This increase was a result of an increase of 2.6% in sales volume from 1,400 metric tons for the year ended 31 December 2015 to 1,437 metric tons for the year ended 31 December 2016, and an increase of 18.7% in average selling price of RMB20,994 per metric ton for the year ended 31 December 2015 to RMB24,930 per metric ton for the year ended 31 December 2016. The increase in the average selling price was primarily caused by changes in product mix.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales for the year ended 31 December 2016 totaled RMB4,890.7 million, representing an increase of 153.4% from RMB1,930.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. The increase was mainly due to the increase in sales from trading of electrolytic copper in 2016 amounted to RMB2,938.1 million compared with that in 2015.

Direct materials cost continue to be the largest component of the Company's cost of sales, accounting for over 95.0% the total cost of sales for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2016.

Our gross profit was RMB42.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2016, as compared to a gross loss of RMB139.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. Our gross profit margin for the year ended 31 December 2016 was 0.9%, as compared to a gross loss margin of 7.8% for the year ended 31 December 2015. The improvement in gross margin was mainly due to the significant increase in sales from trading of electrolytic copper, the gross margin of which was targeted to be positive in a short period of trading cycle.

截至2016年12月31日止年度,銷售送配電纜的收益為人民幣3,100,000元,較截至2015年12月31日止年度的人民幣70,600,000元減少了95.6%,反映銷量的95.8%減幅,其由截至2015年12月31日止年度的1,795公噸下降至截至2016年12月31日止年度的75公噸。

截至2016年12月31日止年度,銷售通信電纜的收益為人民幣35,800,000元,較截至2015年12月31日止年度的人民幣29,400,000元增加了21.9%。該增幅由於銷量的2.6%增幅所致,其由截至2015年12月31日止年度的1,400公噸增加至截至2016年12月31日止年度的1,437公噸,及平均售價由截至2015年12月31日止年度的每公噸人民幣20,994元增加了18.7%至截至2016年12月31日止年度的每公噸人民幣24,930元。平均售價增加乃主要由於產品組合變化。

銷售成本

截至2016年12月31日止年度的銷售成本總額 為人民幣4,890,700,000元,較截至2015年12 月31日止年度的人民幣1,930,200,000元增加 153.4%。該增長主要由於與2015年比較,於 2016年的電解銅貿易銷售增長達人民幣 2,938,100,000元。

原材料成本繼續構成本公司銷售成本中的最大組成部份,佔截至2015年及2016年12月31日止年度的總銷售成本均超過95.0%。

截至2016年12月31日止年度的毛利為人民幣42,900,000元,而截至2015年12月31日止年度的毛損為人民幣139,400,000元。截至2016年12月31日止年度的毛利率為0.9%,而截至2015年12月31日止年度的毛損率為7.8%。毛利率改善主要是由於電解銅貿易銷售大幅增加,於較短的貿易週期內,毛利潤預計為正值。

Other revenue

Other revenue increased to RMB179.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2016 from RMB137.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. The increase was mainly due to the increase in government subsidies and increase in interest income derived from the advances to suppliers.

Other net loss

Our other net loss for the year ended 31 December 2016 was RMB227.3 million as compared to a net loss of RMB254.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. Our other net loss for the year ended 31 December 2016 mainly comprised an impairment loss of investment in associates amounting to RMB100.3 million, and a net impairment loss of trade debtors amounting to RMB124.6 million (a further impairment loss of RMB153.1 million netting of a reversal of RMB28.5 million). Our other net loss for the year ended 31 December 2015 mainly comprised an impairment loss of trade debtors amounting to RMB112.8 million, an impairment loss of property, plant and equipment of RMB54.3 million, an increase in fair value of derivative component of convertible bonds of RMB77.1 million and an impairment loss of goodwill of RMB16.1 million.

Selling and distribution expenses

Our selling and distribution expenses for the year ended 31 December 2016 were RMB20.3 million, representing an increase of 146.6% from RMB8.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. The increase was primarily due to the service fees of RMB7.2 million in relation to the sales to Sichuan Changhong Electric Co., Ltd. under a yearly sales contract in 2016.

Administrative expenses

Our administrative expenses for the year ended 31 December 2016 were RMB158.9 million, representing a decrease of 1.4% from RMB161.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in professional fee.

其他收益

其他收益由截至2015年12月31日止年度的人民幣137,000,000元增加至截至2016年12月31日止年度的人民幣179,100,000元。該增加主要由於政府補貼增加及自墊付供應商款項取得的利息收入增加。

其他淨虧損

截至2016年12月31日止年度之其他淨虧損為人民幣227,300,000元,而截至2015年12月31日止年度則為淨虧損人民幣254,900,000元。截至2016年12月31日止年度之其他淨虧損主要包括於聯營公司投資之減值虧損人民幣100,300,000元,及貿易賬款之減值虧損損幣100,300,000元,及貿易賬款之減值虧損達人民幣28,500,000元後的進一步減值虧損達人民幣28,500,000元後的進一步減值虧損達人民幣153,100,000元)。截至2015年12月31日止年度之其他淨虧損主要包括貿易賬款之減值虧損人民幣112,800,000元、物業、廠房及設備之減值虧損人民幣54,300,000元、可換股債券的衍生工具部分公平值增加人民幣77,100,000元及商譽之減值虧損人民幣16,100,000元。

銷售及分銷開支

截至2016年12月31日止年度之銷售及分銷開支為人民幣20,300,000元,較截至2015年12月31日止年度的人民幣8,200,000元增加146.6%。該增加主要由於根據一項年度銷售合約向四川長虹電器股份有限公司作出銷售有關的服務費人民幣7,200,000元。

行政開支

截至2016年12月31日止年度之行政開支為人民幣158,900,000元,較截至2015年12月31日止年度的人民幣161,100,000元減少1.4%。該減少主要由於專業費用的減少。

Finance costs

Our finance costs for the year ended 31 December 2016 were RMB134.0 million, representing an increase of 17.9% from RMB113.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. The increase was primarily due to an increase in the interest on convertible bonds. The liability component of convertible bonds is subsequently carried at amortised cost that increases over time by the amount of effective interest, net of coupon interest paid. The interest charge recognised in profit or loss on the liability component is calculated using the effective interest rate on the amortised cost of the liability component, as such, the interest charge recognised thereof also increases over time during the life of the convertible bonds.

Capital structure

As at 31 December 2016, the capital structure of the Group mainly consisted of shareholders' equity, bank and other borrowings and finance leases and convertible bonds. There is no material seasonality of borrowing requirements for the Group.

On 17 August 2016, pursuant to the adjustment provisions of the conversion price as stated in the terms and conditions of the convertible bonds, the conversion price of HK\$1.40 per ordinary share has been adjusted to HK\$1.39 per ordinary share as a result of the issue of the 135,000,000 ordinary shares. All other terms of the convertible bonds remain unchanged. The adjustment has become effective as of 17 August 2016, being the date on which the 135,000,000 ordinary shares were issued.

財務成本

截至2016年12月31日止年度之財務成本為人民幣134,000,000元,較截至2015年12月31日止年度的人民幣113,700,000元增加17.9%。該增加主要由於可換股債券利息的增加。可換股債券的負債部分其後按攤銷成本(隨時間因實際利息而增加)扣除已付票息列帳。負債部分於損益確認的利息支出就負債部分的攤銷成本按實際利率法計算,因此,就此確認的利息開支於可換股債券的年期內隨時間增加。

資本結構

於2016年12月31日,本集團的資本結構主要由股東權益、銀行及其他借款及融資租賃及可換股債券所組成。本集團並無重大季節性借款要求。

於2016年8月17日,根據可換股債券的條款及條件所載兑換價的調整條文,兑換價每股普通股1.40港元已因發行135,000,000股普通股而調整至每股普通股1.39港元。可換股債券的所有其他條款維持不變。有關調整於2016年8月17日(即135,000,000股普通股發行當日)生效。

The following table sets forth the interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing borrowings at the dates indicated:

下表載列本集團計息借款於所示日期的利率情況:

		As at 31 Dece 於2016年12 Weighted average effective interest rate % 加權平均 實際利率%		As at 31 Dece 於 2015年 1 Weighted average effective interest rate % 加權平均 實際利率 %	
Fixed rate borrowings: Bank loans and other borrowings Obligations under finance leases Liability component of convertible bonds Loan from a related party	定息借款: 銀行貸款及其他借款 融資租賃下責任 可換股債券的負債部份 關聯方貸款	8.72 6.67 34.35	681,536 24,658 211,810	9.40 6.88 34.35 5.00	661,510 38,282 166,488 83,780
Total fixed rate borrowings	定息借款總額		918,004		950,060

The following table sets forth the maturity profile of the Group's interestbearing borrowings at the dates indicated: 下表載列本集團計息借款於所示日期的到期情況:

		As at 31 December 2016 於2016年12月31日 Obligations Liability Bank and under component of other finance convertible Loan from a				
		borrowings 銀行及 其他借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	lease 融資租賃下 責任 RMB'000 人民幣千元	bonds 可換股債券的 負債部分 RMB'000 人民幣千元	related party 關聯方貸款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within one year or repayable on demand After one year but within	一年內或應要求償還	681,536	13,322	211,810	-	906,668
two years After two year but within five years	兩年以上但五年以內	-	11,336	-	-	11,336
More than five years	超過五年	681,536	24,658	211,810	-	918,004

		Bank and other borrowings 銀行及 其他借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元		at 31 December 2 2015年12月31 Liability component of convertible bonds 可換股債券的 負債部分 RMB'000 人民幣千元		Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within one year or repayable on demand After one year but within two years After two year but within five years More than five years	一年內或應要求償還 一年以上但兩年以內 兩年以上但五年以內 超過五年	661,510 - - -	15,192 12,462 10,628	- 166,488 - -	83,780 - - -	760,482 178,950 10,628
		661,510	38,282	166,488	83,780	950,060

On 17 August 2016, 135,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 were issued at a price of HK\$2.58 per share by the Group to Hong Kong Zhong Liang Recycling Mining Investments Limited (香港中涼再生礦冶投資有限公司). The total gross proceeds from the issue of these shares amounted to HK\$348,300,000 (equivalent to RMB299,960,000). Proceeds of HK\$13,500,000 (equivalent to RMB11,500,000), representing the par value of the share issued, were credited to the Company's share capital. The remaining proceeds of HK\$337,439,000 (equivalent to RMB288,460,000) were credited to the share premium account.

On 25 October 2016, share options were exercised to subscribe for 57,300,000 ordinary shares in the Company at a consideration of RMB56,545,000, in which RMB5,004,000 and RMB51,541,000 were credited to share capital and share premium respectively. RMB17,855,000 was transferred from share based compensation reserve to share premium account.

於2016年8月17日,本集團以每股2.58港元的價格向香港中涼再生礦冶投資有限公司發行135,000,000股每股面值0.1港元的普通股。發行此等股份的總所得款項合共為348,300,000港元(相等於人民幣299,960,000元)。13,500,000港元的所得款項(相等於人民幣11,500,000元)代表已發行股份的面值,乃計入本公司的股本。剩餘所得款項337,439,000港元(相等於人民幣288,460,000元)則計入股份溢價賬。

於2016年10月25日,購股權獲行使,以代價人民幣56,545,000元認購本公司57,300,000股普通股,其中人民幣5,004,000元及人民幣51,541,000元分別計入股本及股份溢價。人民幣17,855,000元則自以股份為基礎的付款儲備轉撥至股份溢價賬。

Liquidity and financial resources

As at 31 December 2016, the Group's cash and cash equivalents (excluding pledged deposits of RMB55.9 million) amounted to RMB164.1 million (as at 31 December 2015: RMB82.6 million).

The Group's inventories decreased by RMB40.8 million to RMB208.2 million (as at 31 December 2015: RMB249.0 million). During the year ended 31 December 2016, the inventory turnover days were 17.1 days as compared with 67.2 days for the year ended 31 December 2015. The decrease in inventory turnover days was mainly due to the increase in sales from trading of electrolytic copper and the turnover days of such sales were shorter.

Trade debtors and bills receivable decreased by RMB191.2 million to RMB261.7 million as at 31 December 2016 (as at 31 December 2015: RMB452.9 million). Trade debtors and bills receivable turnover days decreased to 26.4 days as compared to 122.3 days in 2015. The decrease in receivable turnover days was primarily contributed to the sales from trading of electrolytic copper, the credit period of which we grants to the customers is shorter.

Trade and bills payable increased by RMB29.8 million to RMB90.8 million as at 31 December 2016 (as at 31 December 2015: RMB61.0 million), the payable turnover days were 5.7 days, compared to 9.2 days in 2015. The decrease in payable turnover days was primarily contributed to the increase in trading of electrolytic copper which has a shorter credit period granted by the suppliers. Furthermore, we endeavor to keep our trade and bills payable turnover days relatively low mainly because our prompt payment pattern enhances our suppliers' willingness to supply raw materials to us and therefore helps us secure raw materials.

The Group's total interest-bearing borrowings decreased by RMB32.1 million to RMB918.0 million as at 31 December 2016 (as at 31 December 2015: RMB950.1 million). The overall decrease was mainly due to the repayment of RMB83.8 million in relation to loan from a related party and repayment of RMB13.8 million in relation to obligation under finance lease, net of the increase of RMB20.0 million in relation to bank and other borrowings and the increase of RMB45.3 million in relation to the liability component of convertible bonds.

流動資金及財務資源

於2016年12月31日,本集團的現金及現金等 值項目(不包括已抵押存款人民幣55,900,000 元)為人民幣164,100,000元(於2015年12月 31日:人民幣82,600,000元)。

本集團的存貨減少人民幣40,800,000元至人民幣208,200,000元(於2015年12月31日:人民幣249,000,000元)。截至2016年12月31日止年度,存貨周轉天數為17.1天,而截至2015年12月31日止年度為67.2天。存貨周轉天數減少主要是由於電解銅貿易的銷量增加,而此等銷售的周轉天數較短。

於2016年12月31日,貿易賬款及應收票據減少人民幣191,200,000元至人民幣261,700,000元(於2015年12月31日:人民幣452,900,000元)。貿易賬款及應收票據的周轉天數減至26.4天,而2015年則為122.3天。應收款項周轉天數減少主要由電解銅貿易的銷售所致,我們向客戶授出的信貸期較短。

於2016年12月31日,貿易應付款項及應付票據款項增加人民幣29,800,000元至人民幣90,800,000元(於2015年12月31日:人民幣61,000,000元),應付款項周轉天數為5.7天,而2015年則為9.2天。應付款項周轉天數減少主要由電解銅貿易(獲供應商授予的信貸期較短)增加所致。此外,我們致力維持相對較低的貿易應付款項及應付票據周轉天數,主要由於我們習慣盡快付款,令供應商更樂意向我們供應原材料,因而有助我們取得原材料。

於2016年12月31日,本集團的計息借款總額減少人民幣32,100,000元至人民幣918,000,000元(於2015年12月31日:人民幣950,100,000元)。整體下降主要由於就關聯方貸款償還人民幣83,800,000元及就融資租賃下責任償還人民幣13,800,000元(扣除銀行及其他借貸增加的人民幣20,000,000元及可換股債券的債務部分增加的人民幣45,300,000元)

Bank loans and other borrowings included three entrusted loans of RMB100.0 million each (in total: RMB300.0 million) from Mianyang Science Technology City Development Investment (Group) Co., Ltd. (綿陽科技城發展投資(集團)有限公司) ("Mianyang Development Group"). Pursuant to the entrusted loan agreement signed among Mianyang Tongxin Copper Co., Ltd. (綿陽銅鑫銅業有限公司) ("Tongxin"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, Mianyang Development Group and the entrusted bank, the entrusted loans expired on 27 August 2016, 23 September 2016 and 18 November 2016 respectively. Mianyang Development Group, the entrusted bank and Tongxin have signed a memorandum of understanding, pursuant to which, the entrusted loan would not be repayable until further agreed otherwise.

銀行貸款及其他借款包括來自綿陽科技城發展 投資(集團)有限公司(「科發集團」)的三筆金額 均為人民幣100,000,000元的委託貸款(總額: 人民幣300,000,000元)。根據本公司的全資附 屬公司綿陽銅鑫銅業有限公司(「銅鑫」)、科發 集團及受託銀行簽署的委託貸款協議,該等委 託貸款分別於2016年8月27日、2016年9月 23日及2016年11月18日屆滿。科發集團、 託銀行及銅鑫已經簽署一份諒解備忘錄。 此,委託貸款將無須償還直至進一步另行協定

At the date of the Company's results announcement for the year ended 31 December 2016, the Company was negotiating with the convertible bonds holder in relation to a possible conversion of the convertible bonds ("2015 CB") which were issued on 13 April 2015 and to be matured on 13 April 2017. As disclosed subsequently in the announcement of the Company on 12 April 2017, the Company received a conversion notice from the 2015 CB holder on 11 April 2017 in respect of 50% of the principal sum of 2015 CB or USD16.3 million. On 12 April 2017, the Company has fully repaid the remaining 50% of the principal sum of 2015 CB equivalent to USD16.31 million. On 18 April 2017, the Company has issued 90,881,295 shares to the 2015 CB holder.

於本公司截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之業績公佈刊發日期,本公司正就可能轉換於2015年4月13日發行及將於2017年4月13日到期的可換股債券(「2015可換股債券」)與可換股債券持有人進行談判。如本公司後期在2017年4月12日的公佈所披露,本公司後期在2017年4月11日收到2015可換股債券的持有人就有關2015可換股債券本金總額的50%(16,300,000美元)的轉換通知。於2017年4月12日,本公司已經全額償還2015可換股債券的本金總額(16,310,000美元)。於2017年4月18日,本公司已經發行90,881,295股股份予2015可換股債券的持有人。

As announced in the Company's announcement dated 24 November 2016, the Company was in advanced negotiation with an investor in relation to a possible subscription for convertible bonds ("2017 CB") with a principal amount of HK\$200 million. The negotiation was still under the progress as at the date of the Company's results announcement for the year ended 31 December 2016. As disclosed subsequently in the announcement of the Company on 12 April 2017, such issuance of 2017 CB in a finalized principal amount of HK\$250 million was completed. Part of the proceeds of 2017 CB equivalent to USD16.31 million was used to repay 2015 CB that matured on 13 April 2017, the remaining balance will be used for general working capital purpose.

如本公司日期為2016年11月24日的公佈所宣佈,本公司正與一名投資者就可能認購本金額為200,000,000港元的可換股債券(「2017可換股債券」)進行後期談判。於本公司截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之業績公佈刊發日期,談判仍在進行中。如本公司後期在2017年4月12日的公佈所披露,最終發行本金總額為250,000,000港元的2017可換股債券已經完成交割。相等於16,310,000美元的部分2017換股債券所得款項已經用作償還2017年4月13日到期的2015可換股債券,結餘用於一般營運資金。

The Group maintains a strong relationship with its bankers. None of the Group's bankers have demanded the Group for early loan repayment. Subsequent to 31 December 2016, the Group is able to refinance the borrowings when they fell due through its existing bankers. In addition, the entrusting party of the entrusted loans of RMB129 million as at 31 December 2016 has confirmed to waive the Group's obligations arising from the breach of loan covenants.

本集團與銀行維持良好的關係。本集團的往來銀行概無要求本集團提早償還貸款。於2016年12月31日後,本集團仍可通過其現有銀行為其到期借款進行再融資。此外,於2016年12月31日,委託貸款人民幣129,000,000元的委託方已確認免除本集團因違反信貸契諾而產生的責任。

In view of the above arrangements, the Directors are satisfied that if the above measures are successful the Group will be able to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due for the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

基於上述安排,董事信納,倘上述措施成功實施,本集團將能夠於報告期末起計未來十二個 月內履行其到期財務責任。

The following table sets forth certain financial ratios of our Group as of 下表載列於所示日期本集團的若干財務比率:the dates indicated:

		As at 31 [於12 년 2016 2016年	December 月 31 日 2015 2015年
Current ratio Quick ratio Debt to equity ratio* Net debt to equity ratio#	流動比率	1.0	1.1
	速動比率	0.8	0.9
	債項權益比率*	113.7%	126.0%
	淨債項權益比率#	93.3%	115.0%

- * Total interest-bearing debts/Total equity
- # (Total interest-bearing debts less cash and cash equivalents)/Total equity

Current ratio and quick ratio as at 31 December 2016 is relatively stable as compared to that at 31 December 2015.

The improvement in debt to equity ratio and net debt to equity ratio as at 31 December 2016 as compared to 31 December 2015 were mainly because of (i) the overall decrease in the Group's total interest-bearing borrowings and (ii) the issue of new ordinary shares during the year.

Charge on assets

The following table sets forth the net book value of assets under pledge for certain banking facilities, bills payable facilities, obligations under finance leases and outstanding futures contracts as at the dates indicated:

- * 總計息債務/總權益
- # (總計息債務減現金及現金等值項目)/總權益

於2016年12月31日的流動比率及速動比率相 比2015年12月31日保持相對穩定。

於2016年12月31日,債項權益比率及淨債項權益比率相比2015年12月31日有所改善,主要原因為(i)本集團的計息借款總額整體減少及(ii)於年內發行新普通股。

資產抵押

下表載列於所示日期已就若干銀行信貸、應付 票據融資、融資租賃下的責任及未平倉的期貨 合約作出抵押的資產賬面淨值:

		As at 31 E 於 12 戶 2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	202,891	214,270
Lease prepayments	租賃預付款	90,936	53,390
Inventories	存貨	29,000	53,063
Government grants receivable	應收政府補助	8,550	8,550
Deposits with guarantee companies	於擔保公司的存款	6,000	8,000
Deposits with banks	於銀行的存款	20,900	22,982
Deposits with lessors of finance leases	於融資租賃公司的存款	5,320	5,320
Deposit with other companies	於其他公司的存款	28,506	22,904
		392,103	388,479

Commodity risk

The major raw materials used in the production of our recycled copper products are scrap copper. We are exposed to fluctuations in the prices of raw materials as well as finished goods which are influenced by global as well as regional supply and demand conditions. Fluctuations in the copper prices could adversely affect our financial performance. The Group uses copper futures contracts to mitigate part of its exposure against price fluctuations of copper. The market value of futures contracts is based on the quoted market price as at the date of consolidated statement of financial position. The Group did not have outstanding copper futures contracts as at 31 December 2016 (as at 31 December 2015: Nil). Net loss of RMB28,000 was recognized for the year ended 31 December 2016 (2015: net gain of RMB6.1 million).

Foreign currency risk

The functional currency of a majority of the entities within our Group is RMB and most of the transactions are settled in RMB. However, we are exposed to currency risk primarily related to the cash and cash equivalents and loans from a related party, both of which are denominated in HKD and the convertible bonds that are denominated in USD. The balance of cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 2016 including HK\$9.3 million and USD9,135 (in total equivalent to approximately RMB63,368) were held in banks in Hong Kong.

As at 31 December 2016, the Group's bank loans and other borrowings and obligations under finance leases were denominated in RMB but the convertible bonds were denominated in USD, with an aggregate principal amount of USD32.6 million (equivalent to approximately RMB200 million at the date of the issuance). The Group did not commit to any financial instruments to hedge its foreign exchange exposure during the year ended 31 December 2016. During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Company incurred an exchange difference on translation of financial statements of non-PRC entities equivalent to RMB17.5 million, part of which was resulted from translating the convertible bonds from USD to RMB.

Significant investments held

Except for investments in subsidiaries and associates, the Group did not hold any significant investment in equity interest in any other companies during the year ended 31 December 2016.

商品風險

我們生產再生銅產品所用主要原材料為廢銅。 我們須承受因全球及地區供求狀況影響原材料 及製成品價格波動的風險。銅價波動可能對我 們的財務表現構成不利影響。本集團使用銅期 貨合約減輕其所承受的銅價波動部分風險。期 貨合約的市值是以綜合財務狀況表日期的市場 報價為基準。本集團於2016年12月31日:無)。 就甚至2016年12月31日止年度確認淨虧損人 民幣28,000元(2015年:淨收益人民幣 6,100,000元)。

匯率風險

本集團內大部分實體的功能貨幣為人民幣,大部分交易亦以人民幣結算。然而,我們須承受主要涉及現金及現金等值項目及關聯方貸款(兩者均以港元計值)及可換股債券(以美元計值)的貨幣風險。於2016年12月31日的現金及現金等值項目結餘包括9,300,000港元及9,135美元(合共相當於約人民幣63,368元),乃於香港銀行持有。

於2016年12月31日,本集團的銀行貸款及其他借款及融資租賃下責任均以人民幣列值,惟可換股債券以美元計值,本金總額為32,600,000美元(於發行日相當於約人民幣200,000,000元)。截至2016年12月31日止年度,本集團並無訂立任何金融工具對沖其外匯風險。截至2016年12月31日止年度,本公司就換算非中國實體財務報表產生匯兑差額人民幣17,500,000元,當中部分源於將可換股債券由美元換算為人民幣。

所持有重大投資

除於附屬公司及聯營公司的投資外,本集團於截至2016年12月31日止年度並無於任何其他公司股本權益中持有任何重大投資。

Material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies

On 4 July 2016, a subsidiary of the Company China Recycling Aluminium Limited ("Recycling Aluminium") completed the acquisition of the remaining 70% non-controlling interests of Mianyang Xinhuan Aluminium Company Limited ("Xinhuan Aluminium") from Sichuan Jinxunhuan E-commerce Limited with a cash consideration of RMB3,100,000. Upon completion, Recycling Aluminium legally and beneficially held 100% equity interest in Xinhuan Aluminium, with the right to appoint all members of the board of directors of Xinhuan Aluminium. Accordingly, Xinhuan Aluminium became an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

On 29 January 2016, Tongxin, a subsidiary of the Company, completed the acquisition of the remaining 35% non-controlling interests of Jin Xunhuan from Tianjin Jili Recycling of Renewable Resources Co., Limited with a cash consideration of RMB8,200,000. Upon completion, Tongxin legally and beneficially held 100% equity interest in Jin Xunhuan, with the right to appoint all members of the board of directors of Jin Xunhuan. Accordingly, Jin Xunhuan became an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2016, save as disclosed above, the Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies.

Capital expenditures

For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group's capital expenditures represent additions to property, plant and equipment (including construction in progress) of approximately RMB40.2 million (2015: RMB125.1 million). The capital expenditures were mainly financed from internal resources.

Capital commitments

As at 31 December 2016, the capital commitments in respect of the acquisition of property, plant and equipment and lease prepayments on lands contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements amounted to RMB40.9 million (as at 31 December 2015: RMB76.0 million).

Contingent liabilities

The Group had no material contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2016.

重大收購及出售附屬公司及聯屬公司

於2016年7月4日,本公司附屬公司中國循環 鋁業有限公司(「循環鋁業」)完成向四川金循環 電子商務有限公司收購綿陽鑫環鋁業有限公司(「鑫環鋁業」)餘下的70%非控股權益,現金代價為人民幣3,100,000元。於完成後,循環鋁業合法及實益持有鑫環鋁業的全部股權,並有權委任鑫環鋁業董事會的所有成員。因此,鑫環鋁業成為本公司的間接全資附屬公司。

於2016年1月29日,本公司附屬公司銅鑫完成向天津市潔利再生資源回收利用有限公司收購金循環餘下的35%非控股權益,現金代價為人民幣8,200,000元。於完成後,銅鑫合法及實益持有金循環的全部股權,並有權委任金循環董事會的所有成員。因此,金循環成為本公司的間接全資附屬公司。

截至2016年12月31日止年度,除上文所披露者外,本集團並無有關附屬公司及聯屬公司的任何重大收購及出售事項。

資本開支

截至2016年12月31日止年度,本集團的資本開支指物業、廠房及設備添置(包括在建工程)約 人民幣40,200,000元(2015年:人民幣125,100,000元)。資本開支主要自內部渠道獲得資金。

資本承擔

於2016年12月31日,就收購物業、廠房及設備及土地租賃預付款之已訂約但未於綜合財務報表撥備的資本承擔為人民幣40,900,000元(於2015年12月31日:人民幣76,000,000元)。

或然負債

於2016年12月31日,本集團並無任何重大或 然負債。

Events after the Reporting Period

On 11 April 2017, the Company received a conversion notice from the 2015 CB holder in respect of the conversion of the 2015 CB in the principal amount of USD16,300,000. As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 24 October 2016, pursuant to the adjustment provisions of the conversion price for the 2015 CB as stated in the terms and conditions, the initial conversion price of HK\$1.40 per share has been adjusted to HK\$1.39 per share due to the issue of the subscription shares. As a result of such adjustment to the conversion price, the shares to be issued by the Company upon conversion of the 2015 CB shall be increased from 90,555,555 shares to 90,881,295 shares. On 18 April 2017, the Company has issued 90,881,295 shares to the 2015 CB holder accordingly. On 12 April 2017, the Company has fully repaid the remaining principal sum of the 2015 CB equivalent to USD16,310,000.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 12 April 2017, the issuance of 2017 CB in a principal amount of HK\$250 million was completed. Part of the proceeds of 2017 CB equivalent to USD16.31 million was used to repay 2015 CB which matured on 13 April 2017, the remaining balance will be used for general working capital purposes.

Save as disclosed above and disclosed in note 36 to the financial statements, there is no material subsequent event undertaken by the Company or by the Group after 31 December 2016 and up to the date of release of this annual report.

報告期後事項

於2017年4月11日,本公司自2015可換股債券的持有人收到轉換通知,內容有關轉換本金額為16,300,000美元之2015可換股債券。如本公司於2016年10月24日作出之公佈所披露,根據條款及條件所載之2015可換股債券兑換價調整條款,初步兑換價每股1.40港元已因發行認購股份而調整至每股1.39港元。由於兑換行認購股份而調整至每股1.39港元。由於兑換價作出相關調整,本公司於兑換2015可換股债券後將予發行之股份應由90,555,555股股份增至90,881,295股股份。於2017年4月18日,本公司已經發行90,881,295股股份予2015可換股债券的持有人。於2017年4月12日,本公司已經全額償還2015可換股債券餘下本金總額,相等於16,310,000美元。

如本公司在2017年4月12日的公佈所披露,發行本金總額為250,000,000港元的2017可換股債券已經完成交割。相等於16,310,000美元的部分2017可換股債券所得款項已經用作償還2017年4月13日到期的2015可換股債券,結餘用於一般營運資金。

除上文所披露及財務報表附註36所披露外,本公司或本集團並無於2016年12月31日後至本年報發佈日期進行任何重大的期後事項。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Yu Jiangiu (俞建秋), age 52, is the founder of the Group and the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and an executive director of the Company. Mr. Yu is primarily responsible for the overall business and strategy of the Group. He also serves as a director in all of the subsidiaries of the Company except Fanmay Limited ("Fanmay"), China Recycling Aluminium Limited ("Recycling Aluminium") and Shanghai Bujiang Metal Material Limited. Through his personal interests and holdings in Epoch Keen Limited ("Epoch Keen"), Mr. Yu is a major controlling shareholder of the Company. Mr. Yu has over 20 years of experience in corporate operations and management in the petrochemical, automobile and renewable energy sectors. He was the chairman and principal executive officer of Gushan Environmental Energy Limited ("Gushan"), a company whose American depositary shares were listed on the New York Stock Exchange from December 2007 to October 2012. Mr. Yu also founded a number of subsidiaries of the Gushan group between 1996 and 2008. Mr. Yu received his degree of Executive Master of Business Administration (EMBA) from Hautes Etudes Commerciales de Paris on 13 December, 2010. In 2002, he was elected as a member of the Fuzhou Committee of the 10th Chinese People's Political Consultative Committee and a member of the Santai County Committee of the 11th Chinese People's Political Consultative Committee. He was appointed as a director of the Company on 22 February 2013 and redesignated as an executive director on 16 August 2013.

執行董事

俞建秋先生,52歲,是本集團的創辦人,以及 本公司主席、行政總裁兼執行董事。俞先生主 要負責本集團的整體業務及策略。他亦擔任我 們本公司所有附屬公司的董事,惟繁美有限公 司(「繁美」)、中國循環鋁業有限公司(「循環鋁 業」)及上海步江金屬材料有限公司除外。俞先 生透過其個人權益及於時建有限公司(「時建」) 的股權而成為本公司的主要控股股東。俞先生 於石油化工、汽車和可再生能源行業擁有逾20 年的企業營運及管理經驗。他曾是古杉環保能 源有限公司(「古杉」)的主席兼首席行政總裁, 該公司的美國預託股份由2007年12月至2012 年10月於紐約證券交易所上市。俞先生於 1996年至2008年間亦創辦古杉集團的若干附 屬公司。俞先生於2010年12月13日獲巴黎高 等 商 學 院 (Hautes Etudes Commerciales de Paris)頒授高級管理人員工商管理碩士學位。於 2002年,他獲選為第10屆中國人民政治協商 會議福州市委員會成員,以及第11屆中國人民 政治協商會議三台縣委員會成員。他於2013年 2月22日獲委任為本公司董事,並於2013年8 月16日調任執行董事。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理層

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (Continued)

Mr. Kwong Wai Sun, Wilson (鄺偉信), age 51, is an executive director of the Company. He is in charge of the corporate and strategic development of the Company. Mr. Kwong is also a director of our subsidiaries: Engen Investments Limited, Fanmay, True Excel Holdings Limited, Alpha Legend Holdings Limited, Alpha Business Investments Limited, Alpha Universe Group Limited and Recycling Aluminium, and a director of our associates companies: Deda Holdings Limited and Hongkong Fujian Investments Limited. Mr. Kwong was the president of Gushan. He is also an independent non-executive director of C.banner International Holdings Limited, the principal business of which is the manufacture and sale of branded fashion footwear, since 26 August 2011. China Outfitters Holdings Limited, the principal business of which is the design, manufacture, marketing and sale of apparel products and accessories in China with a focus on menswear, since 8 June 2011, and Shunfeng International Clean Energy Limited, the principal business of which is the manufacture and sale of solar wafers, solar cells, solar modules and related products as well as developing and operating solar power plants, since 16 July 2014, which are listed on the Stock Exchange since 23 September 2011, 9 December 2011 and 13 July 2011, respectively. Mr. Kwong has over 10 years of experience in corporate finance and equity capital markets in Asia, having previously worked at a number of investment banks in Hong Kong. Prior to joining Gushan in 2006, he was the managing director of investment banking and he held the position as the head of Hong Kong and China equity capital markets at CLSA Equity Capital Markets Limited since March 2004. From 2002 to 2003, Mr. Kwong was a director and the head of equity capital markets for Cazenove Asia Limited, an investment bank. After graduating from University of Cambridge, England with a bachelor's degree in Arts in 1987, he qualified as a chartered accountant in the United Kingdom in 1990. Mr. Kwong is currently an associate member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. Mr. Kwong was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 16 August 2013.

執行董事(續)

鄺偉信先生,51歲,是本公司的執行董事。他 主管本公司企業及策略發展。鄺先生亦為本公 司之附屬公司: 恩金投資有限公司、繁美、京 盛控股有限公司、盛際控股有限公司、得揚投 資有限公司、勝誠集團有限公司及循環鋁業的 董事以及本公司之聯營公司:德達控股有限公 司及香港福艦投資有限公司的董事。鄺先生曾 為古杉的總裁。他亦自2011年8月26日起為 千百度國際控股有限公司(其主要業務是產銷 品牌時尚鞋履)、2011年6月8日起為中國服飾 控股有限公司(其主要業務是在中國設計、製 造、營銷及銷售服裝產品及配飾,並以男士服 飾為主)、2014年7月16日起為順風國際清潔 能源有限公司(其主要業務是製造及銷售太陽 能硅晶片、太陽能電池片、太陽能組件及相關 產品,以及開發及經營太陽能發電站)的獨立 非執行董事,該等公司分別自2011年9月23 日、2011年12月9日及2011年7月13日起於 聯交所上市。鄺先生於亞洲企業融資及股票資 本市場擁有逾10年經驗,曾於香港多家投資銀 行工作。於2006年加入古杉前,他於2004年3 月起曾出任里昂證券資本市場有限公司投資銀 行董事總經理,以及出任香港及中國股權資本 市場主管。2002年至2003年, 鄺先生為投資 銀行嘉誠亞洲有限公司的董事及股票資本市場 主管。他於1987年畢業於英國劍橋大學並獲頒 授文學士學位後,於1990年在英國成為合資格 的特許會計師。鄺先生現為英格蘭及威爾士特 許會計師協會、香港會計師公會及香港特許秘 書公會會員。鄺先生於2013年8月16日獲委 任為本公司執行董事。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (Continued)

Mr. Huang Weiping (黃偉萍), age 56, is an executive director of the Company. Mr. Huang co-founded Xiangbei in 2010 and is currently a director and the general manager of all our subsidiaries in China except Shanghai Epoch Keen Metal Trading Limited (上海時建金屬銷售有限公 司) and Sichuan Epock Keen Recylcing Co Limited (四川時建再生資源 開發有限公司) Mr. Huang is in charge of the overall operation, production technology and engineering of the Group. Mr. Huang has more than 10 years of experience in the PRC metal material industry. Prior to the establishment of Xiangbei, Mr. Huang was a manager at Fujian Lingzhi Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. (福建淩志環保科技 有限公司), the principal business of which is the design and construction of environmental projects, from 2009 to 2011, Fuzhou Kebi Chemical Materials Co., Limited (福州科比化工材料有限公司), the principal business of which is the manufacture and sale of synthetic wax, from 2006 to 2009 and Tricon Chemicals Inc., the principal business of which is the trade of chemicals and metal materials, from 2001 to 2005. He is a fellow member of the Investment Casting Institute and an executive member of China Precision Casting Branch Association of China Foundry Association (中國鑄造協會精密鑄造分會). Mr. Huang also serves as an executive member of the Chinese and Foreign Entrepreneurs' Club of Fujian Province (福建省中外企業家聯誼會) and the Association of Entrepreneurs of Private Companies of Fuzhou City (福州市私營企業家協會). Mr. Huang received his degree of Executive Master of Business Administration (EMBA) from Hautes Etudes Commerciales de Paris on 6 July 2015. Mr. Huang was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 16 August 2013.

Ms. Zhu Yufen (朱玉芬), age 54, is an executive director of the Company. Ms. Zhu has over 20 years of experience in accounting and financial management. She is primarily responsible for the financial reporting and accounting affairs of the Company. Ms. Zhu is also the vice president in charge of the finance of Jinxin, since July 2009. Prior to joining Jinxin, she was a vice general manager and the head of finance department of Mianyang Santai Vise Co., Ltd. (綿陽三台縣台鉗有限公司), the principal business of which is the manufacture and sale of vises, from 1978 to 2009. Ms. Zhu was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 16 August 2013.

執行董事(續)

黃偉萍先生,56歲,是本公司的執行董事。黃 先生於2010年共同創辦湘北,現為我們在中國 的所有附屬公司的董事兼總經理,惟上海時建 金屬銷售有限公司及四川時建再生資源開發有 限公司除外。黃先生主管本集團的整體經營、 生產技術及工程。黃先生於中國金屬材料行業 擁有逾10年經驗。黃先生成立湘北前,於 2009年至2011年間為福建凌志環保科技有限 公司(其主要業務是環境項目的設計及建造)的 經理,於2006年至2009年為福州科比化工材 料有限公司(其主要業務是產銷合成蠟)的經 理, 以及於2001年至2005年為Tricon Chemicals Inc.(其主要業務是化學品及金屬材 料貿易)的經理。他是精密鑄造協會的資深會 員及中國鑄造協會精密鑄造分會的常務理事。 黄先生亦是福建省中外企業家聯誼會及福州市 私營企業家協會的常務理事。黃先生於2015年 7月6日取得巴黎高等商學院高級管理人員工商 管理碩士學位。黃先生於2013年8月16日獲 委任為本公司執行董事。

朱玉芬女士,54歲,是本公司的執行董事。朱 女士於會計及財務管理方面擁有逾20年經驗。 她主要負責本公司財務報告及會計事務。朱女 士自2009年7月起亦為金鑫的副總經理,主管 財務。加入金鑫前,她自1978年至2009年曾 為綿陽三台縣台鉗有限公司(其主要業務是產 銷虎鉗)的副總經理及財務部主管。朱女士於 2013年8月16日獲委任為本公司執行董事。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Lee Ting Bun Denny (李廷斌), age 49, is an independent nonexecutive director of the Company. He was an independent director of Gushan. He was the chief financial officer of NetEase.com, Inc., one of the China's leading internet and online game service providers from 2002 to 2007. Prior to joining NetEase.com, Inc., Mr. Lee worked in the Hong Kong office of KPMG for more than ten years specializing in auditing international clients. Mr. Lee currently serves as a director on the board of NetEase.com, Inc., which is listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market. He also serves as an independent non-executive director of New Oriental Education & Technology Group Inc., the provider of private educational services in China, and Concord Medical Services Holdings Ltd., the principal business of which is the operation of a network of radiotherapy and diagnostic imaging centers in China, both of which are listed on the New York Stock Exchange. Mr. Lee was also an independent non-executive director and the chairman of the audit committee of Qunar Cayman Islands Limited, a Chinese search-based online travel company, which is listed on NASDAQ Global Market, between June 2012 and January 2016. Mr. Lee graduated from Hong Kong Polytechnic University and was awarded the Professional Diploma in Accounting in November 1990. He is a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Lee was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 16 August 2013.

獨立非執行董事

李廷斌先生,49歲,是本公司的獨立非執行董 事。他曾為古杉的獨立董事。他自2002年至 2007年曾為網易公司的財務總監,該公司是中 國數一數二的互聯網及在線遊戲服務提供者。 加入網易公司前,李先生於畢馬威會計師事務 所的香港辦事處工作逾十年,專門為國際客戶 進行審計。李先生現為網易公司(於納斯達克 全球精選市場上市)董事會的董事。他亦是新 東方教育科技集團(中國的私人教育服務提供 商)及泰和誠醫療集團有限公司(其主要業務是 在中國經營放射治療和影像診斷中心)的獨立 非執行董事,兩家公司均於紐約證券交易所上 市。於2012年6月至2016年1月間,李先生亦 是Qunar Cayman Islands Limited (一家以搜尋 為基礎的中國網上旅遊公司,於納斯達克全球 市場上市)的獨立非執行董事及審核委員會主 席。李先生於1990年11月於香港理工大學畢 業,獲頒會計專業文憑。他是特許公認會計師 公會資深會員及香港會計師公會會員。李先生 於2013年8月16日獲委任為本公司獨立非執 行董事。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

(Continued)

Mr. Pan Liansheng (潘連勝), age 52, is an independent non-executive director of the Company. Mr. Pan is engaged in non-ferrous metal and carbon fiber composite materials research and possesses rich knowledge on the non-ferrous metal industry. Mr. Pan also worked for the Third Research Institute of the then Ministry of Astronautics of the PRC (中國航太工業部第三研究院), which is involved in the research of aerospace metals and carbon fibre composite materials, between 1990 and 1993, focusing on research relating to non-ferrous metal and carbon fiber composite materials. From 1993 to 1994, Mr. Pan was seconded to Sanwa Machinery Trading Co., Ltd., the principal business of which is the design and manufacture of electrical machinery. From 1996 to 1998. Mr. Pan worked as an assistant professor at Waseda University. From 1998 to 2008, Mr. Pan worked as a chief researcher in the research and development center of Toshiba Ceramics Co., Ltd. (東芝陶瓷株式會社), the principal business of which is the research and production of highend electronic ceramic and silicon semi-conductors. From 2008 to April 2013, Mr. Pan worked as the general manager at Toshiba Ceramics Co., Ltd. Currently, Mr. Pan is the Chairman of Thinkon Semiconductor Technology (Shanghai) Corporation (矽康半導體科技(上海)有限公司), the principal business of which is the supply of semiconductor material technology, a position which he has held since April 2013. Mr. Pan graduated with a bachelor's degree from Beijing University of Aeronautics and Astronautics where he focused on research relating to non-ferrous metal and carbon fiber reinforced composite in 1985. He further obtained his doctorate degree from Waseda University in 1998. Mr. Pan was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 16 August 2013.

Ms. Ren Ruxian (任汝期), age 41, is an independent non-executive director of the Company. Ms. Ren is currently the senior finance director of Letv Holding Limited, an internet company based in Beijing China. Ms. Ren has over 16 years working experience in finance management and financial reporting, including in 2 international audit professional firms and in the internet industry, during which she acted as the acting chief financial officer of Changyou.com Limited, a NASDAQ listed company, in 2014. Ms. Ren was awarded a Master in Economics and Bachelor in Economics from the Finance School of Renmin University in 2001 and 1998, respectively. Ms. Ren is currently a member of each of The Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants and The Institute of Certified Management Accountants. Ms. Ren was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 30 November 2015.

獨立非執行董事(續)

潘連勝先生,52歲,是本公司的獨立非執行董 事。潘先生從事有色金屬和碳纖維複合材料的 研究,對有色金屬行業擁有豐富知識。潘先生 亦於1990年至1993年間任職中國航太工業部 第三研究院(其涉及航天金屬和碳纖維複合材 料的研究),專注有色金屬和碳纖維複合材料 的相關研究。於1993年至1994年,潘先生派 赴到日本三和工機株式會社(其主要業務是設 計及製造電動機械)。於1996年至1998年,潘 先生為早稻田大學的助理教授。於1998年至 2008年,潘先生任職東芝陶瓷株式會社(其主 要業務是研究及生產高端電子陶瓷和硅半導體) 研發中心的首席研究員。於2008年至2013年 4月,潘先生擔任東芝陶瓷株式會社的總經理。 目前,潘先生是矽康半導體科技(上海)有限公 司(其主要業務是供應半導體材料技術)的主 席,他自2013年4月起一直擔任此職位。潘先 生於1985年在北京航空航天大學本科畢業,期 間他專注於有色金屬和碳纖維強化複合物的相 關研究。他於1998年再取得早稻田大學的博士 學位。潘先生於2013年8月16日獲委任為本 公司獨立非執行董事。

任汝嫻女士,41歲,是本公司的獨立非執行董事。任女士現任樂視集團控股有限公司(一所設在中國北京的網絡公司)的高級財務總監。任女士累積16年豐富的財務管理及財務申報工作經驗,其中包括於2家國際專業審計師事務所,及在互聯網公司的財務管理經驗,包括在2014年出任暢遊有限公司(一所在納斯達克上市的公司)的代理首席財務官。任女士分別於2001年及1998年獲中國人民大學財政金融學院經濟學碩士和經濟學學士學位。任女士目前是中國註冊會計師協會和美國註冊管理會計師的會員。任女士於2015年11月30日獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理層

CHANGE IN DIRECTORS' BIOGRAPHIES

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B of the Listing Rules, the Company set out the changes in information about Directors during the year 2016.

1. Mr. Huang Weiping is currently director and the general manager of all our subsidiaries in China except Shanghai Epoch Keen Metal Trading Limited (上海時建金屬銷售有限公司) and Sichuan Epock Keen Recylcing Co Limited (四川時建再生資源開發有限公司).

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Cheung Ying Kwan, age 57, is the company secretary of the Company. Mr. Cheung has over 20 years of experience in financial management. Mr. Cheung was the financial controller of Gushan since March 2006. Mr. Cheung also served from April 2001 to March 2006 as the qualified accountant and company secretary of Goldigit Atomtech Holdings Limited (currently known as Jinchuan Group International Resources Co. Ltd), a developer and producer of pesticides in China which is listed on the Stock Exchange since 23 October 2003, Mr. Cheung has been an independent non-executive director of Tian Shan Development (Holding) Limited, a property developer in China, since 16 June 2010, Beijing Chunlizhengda Medical Instruments Co., Ltd., the principal business of which is the research and development, production and sales of implantable orthopedic medical devices, since 11 March 2015, Gold-Finance Holdings Limited (金 誠 控 股 有 限 公 司, formerly known as Nga Chun Holdings Company Limited (雅駿控股有限公司), the principal business of which is the provision of building services in Hong Kong as a subcontractor, since 3 February 2016, which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange since 15 July 2010, 11 March 2015 and 16 October 2014. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Cheung obtained a diploma in fabric manufacturing from the Hong Kong Polytechnic in 1981. He was appointed as the company secretary on 8 March 2013.

董事履歷之變更

根據上市規則第13.51B條,本公司載列2016 年內之董事資料變動。

黃偉萍先生現為我們在中國的所有附屬公司的董事兼總經理,惟上海時建金屬銷售有限公司及四川時建再生資源開發有限公司除外。

公司秘書

張應坤先生,57歲,是本公司的公司秘書。張 先生於財務管理擁有逾20年經驗。張先生自 2006年3月起擔任古杉的財務主管。張先生於 2001年4月至2006年3月期間亦擔任金澤超分 子科技控股有限公司(現稱金川集團國際資源 有限公司,是中國的農藥開發商及生產商,自 2003年10月23日起於聯交所上市)的合資格 會計師及公司秘書。張先生自2010年6月16 日起為天山發展(控股)有限公司(中國一家物 業發展商)、自2015年3月11日起為北京市春 立正達醫療器械股份有限公司(其主要業務為 研發、生產及銷售植入性骨科醫療器械)及自 2016年2月3日起為金誠控股有限公司(前稱雅 駿控股有限公司,其主要業務乃作為承包商於 香港提供建築服務)的獨立非執行董事,三間 公司分別自2010年7月15日、2015年3月11 日及2014年10月16日起於聯交所主板上市。 他是特許公認會計師公會的資深會員和香港會 計師公會的會員。張先生於1981年取得香港理 工學院的紡織物生產文憑。他於2013年3月8 日獲委任為我們的公司秘書。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

The Board is pleased to present the audited consolidated results of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016. Further discussion and analysis of these activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a description of the principle risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis section. The discussions forms part of this directors' report.

董事會欣然提呈本公司及本集團截至2016年 12月31日止年度的經審核綜合業績。香港公司條例附表5規定對該等活動之進一步討論及分析,包括本集團面對之主要風險及不確定性之説明及本集團業務之可能未來發展之反映,載於管理層討論及分析一節。該等討論構成本董事會報告一部分。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group is a manufacturer of recycled copper products, also known as copper semis, in Southwest China. Beginning in 2013, the Group started to sell a range of communication cables and power transmission and distribution cables using copper wire and copper rods produced by the Group as the principal raw material. Beginning in 2015, the Group also extended its product range to aluminium products and entered into trading activities of electrolytic copper.

主要業務

本集團是中國西南部再生銅產品(亦稱為銅半製成品)製造商。自2013年起,本集團開始銷售多種以本集團自製的銅線材為主要原材料的通信電纜和送配電纜。自2015年起,本集團亦擴展產品範圍至鋁製品及開展電解銅的貿易活動。

DIRECTORS

During the year and up to the date of this annual report, the directors of the Company were as follows:

董事

於本年度及截至本年報日期,本公司董事如下:

Executive Directors	Appointed on	執行董事	獲委任日期
Mr. Yu Jianqiu (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)	22 February 2013 and redesignated as an executive director on 16 August 2013 and reelected on 6 June 2016	俞建秋先生 <i>(主席兼行政總裁)</i>	2013年2月22日及於2013年 8月16日調任為執行董事 及於2014年6月6日 及2016年6月6日重選
Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson	16 August 2013 and reelected on 6 June 2014 and 6 June 2016	鄺偉信先生	2013年8月16日及 於2014年6月6日及 2016年6月6日重選
Mr. Huang Weiping	16 August 2013 and reelected on 9 June 2015	黃偉萍先生	2013年8月16日及 於2015年6月9日重選
Ms. Zhu Yufen	16 August 2013 and reelected on 9 June 2015	朱玉芬女士	2013年8月16日及 於2015年6月9日重選
Independent Non-executive Di	rectors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Pan Liansheng	16 August 2013 and reelected on 9 June 2015	潘連勝先生	2013年8月16日及 於2015年6月9日重選
Mr. Lee Ting Bun Denny	16 August 2013 and reelected on 6 June 2016	李廷斌先生	2013年8月16日及 於2016年6月6日重選
Ms. Ren Ruxian	30 November 2015 and reelected on 6 June 2016	任汝嫻女士	2015年11月30日及 於2016年6月6日重選

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the directors and senior management of the Group are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Each of the independent non-executive directors has confirmed his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive directors to be independent in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in notes 14, 15, 22 and 32 respectively to the financial statements and in this annual report, no director had a material interest in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation.

CHANGES IN DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Directors", there was no change to any of the information required to be disclosed in relation to any director pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules since the Listing Date.

董事及高級管理層履歷

本集團董事及高級管理層履歷詳情載於本年報 「董事及高級管理層 | 一節。

獨立非執行董事的獨立性確認書

各獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則第3.13條確認其獨立性。根據上市規則第3.13條,本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

董事於合約的權益

除於財務報表附註14、15、22及32及本年報 所分別披露者外,概無董事在本公司或其任何 附屬公司於本年度訂立並對本集團業務有重大 影響的任何交易、安排或合約中,擁有重大權 益。

董事服務合約

於應屆股東週年大會上獲膺選連任的董事中, 概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立不可在一 年內終止而毋須作出賠償(法定賠償外)的服務 合約。

董事及高級管理層變動

除「董事」一節所披露者外,自上市日期起,概無有關任何董事的任何資料出現變動而須根據上市規則第13.51(2)條第(a)至(e)及(g)段作出披露。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2016, the interests and short positions of the directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were (i) recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO, or (ii) otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") were as follows:

董事及主要行政人員於本公司及其 相聯法團的股份及相關股份的權益 及淡倉

於2016年12月31日,本公司董事及主要行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債券擁有(i)根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定須予備存的登記冊所載,或(ii)根據上市規則附錄10所載關於上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)須通知本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

(1) Long position in the shares of the Company

(1) 於本公司股份的好倉

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity/Nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Number of shares held 所持股份數目	Approximate percentage of shareholding ⁽¹⁾ 概約持股百分比 ⁽¹⁾
Mr. Yu Jianqiu 俞建秋先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	30,964,000	1.35%
NIX IXVOX	Interest in a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾ 受控制法團權益 ⁽²⁾	1,006,390,400	43.80%
Mr. Huang Weiping 黃偉萍先生	Interest in controlled corporations ⁽³⁾ 受控制法團權益 ⁽³⁾	310,317,000	13.51%
Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson 鄺偉信先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	3,272,600	0.14%

Notes:

- (1) The percentage represents the number of ordinary shares divided by the number of the Company's issued shares as at 31 December 2016.
- (2) The shares were held by Epoch Keen, a company wholly-owned by Mr. Yu Jianqiu.
- (3) The shares were held by First Harvest Global Limited, Gold Wide Enterprises Limited and Ocean Through Limited. All these companies are wholly-owned by Mr. Huang Weiping.

附註:

- (1) 百分比代表普通股數目除以本公司於2016年 12月31日已發行股份的數目。
- (2) 該等股份由時建持有,該公司由俞建秋先生 全資擁有。
- (3) 該等股份由肇豐環球有限公司、金博企業有限公司及洋達有限公司持有。所有該等公司均由黃偉萍先生全資擁有。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS (Continued)

(2) Long Position in the underlying shares of the Company

董事及主要行政人員於本公司及其 相聯法團的股份及相關股份的權益 及淡倉(續)

(2) 於本公司相關股份的好倉

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity/Nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Number of shares held 所持股份數目	Approximate percentage of shareholding ⁽¹⁾ 概約持股百分比 ⁽¹⁾
Mr. Huang Weiping 黃偉萍先生	Beneficial owner ⁽⁴⁾ 實益擁有人 ⁽⁴⁾	667,000	0.03%
Ms. Zhu Yufen 朱玉芬女士	夏亜強有ハウ Beneficial owner ⁽⁵⁾ 實益擁有人 ⁽⁵⁾	3,334,000	0.15%
Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson 鄺偉信先生	Beneficial owner ⁽⁶⁾ 實益擁有人 ⁽⁶⁾	5,000,000	0.22%
Mr. Pan Liansheng 潘連勝先生	Beneficial owner ⁽⁷⁾ 實益擁有人 ⁽⁷⁾	1,000,000	0.04%
Mr. Lee Ting Bun Denny 李廷斌先生	Beneficial owner ⁽⁸⁾ 實益擁有人 ⁽⁸⁾	1,000,000	0.04%
Ms. Ren Ruxian 任汝嫻女士	Beneficial owner ⁽⁹⁾ 實益擁有人 ⁽⁹⁾	1,000,000	0.04%

Notes:

- (4) These equity derivatives were share options granted to Mr. Huang Weiping under the Share Option Scheme of the Company on 2 July 2014. Please see the section headed "Share Option Scheme" for further details.
- (5) These equity derivatives were share options granted to Ms. Zhu Yufen under the Share Option Scheme of the Company on 2 July 2014. Please see the section headed "Share Option Scheme" for further details.
- (6) These equity derivatives were share options granted to Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson under the Share Option Scheme of the Company on 7 May 2015. Please see the section headed "Share Option Scheme" for further details.
- (7) These equity derivatives were share options granted to Mr. Pan Liansheng under the Share Option Scheme of the Company on 7 May 2015. Please see the section headed "Share Option Scheme" for further details.
- (8) These equity derivatives were share options granted to Mr. Lee Ting Bun Denny under the Share Option Scheme of the Company on 7 May 2015. Please see the section headed "Share Option Scheme" for further details.
- (9) These equity derivatives were share options granted to Ms. Ren Ruxian under the Share Option Scheme of the Company on 31 May 2016. Please see the section headed "Share Option Scheme" for further details.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2016, so far as is known to any director or the chief executive of the Company, none of the directors or the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were (i) recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO, or (ii) otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

附註:

- (4) 該等股本衍生工具為根據本公司購股權計劃 於2014年7月2日授予黃偉萍先生之購股權。 更多詳情請參閱「購股權計劃」一節。
- (5) 該等股本衍生工具為根據本公司購股權計劃 於2014年7月2日授予朱玉芬女士之購股權。 更多詳情請參閱「購股權計劃|一節。
- (6) 該等股本衍生工具為根據本公司購股權計劃 於2015年5月7日授予鄺偉信先生之購股權。 更多詳情請參閱「購股權計劃」一節。
- (7) 該等股本衍生工具為根據本公司購股權計劃 於2015年5月7日授予潘連勝先生之購股權。 更多詳情請參閱「購股權計劃」一節。
- 8) 該等股本衍生工具為根據本公司購股權計劃 於2015年5月7日授予李廷斌先生之購股權。 更多詳情請參閱「購股權計劃」一節。
- 9) 該等股本衍生工具為根據本公司購股權計劃, 於2016年5月31日授予任汝嫻女士之購股權。 更多詳情請參閱「購股權計劃」一節。

除上文所披露者外,於2016年12月31日,就本公司任何董事或主要行政人員所知,本公司董事或最高行政人員概無於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債券中擁有(1)根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定須予備存的登記冊所載,或(ii)根據標準守則所載之規定須知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Saved as otherwise disclosed in this annual report, no rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company were granted to any director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, nor were any such rights exercised by them, nor was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors, or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, to acquire such rights in any other body corporate during the year ended 31 December 2016.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2016, the following persons (not being a director or chief executive of the Company) had 5% or more interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

(1) Long position in the shares of the Company

董事購買股份或債券的權利

除於本年報其他部分披露者外,於截至2016年 12月31日止年度,概無授予任何董事或彼等 各自之配偶或未滿18歲的子女通過購入本公司 股份或債券的方式而獲益的權利或由彼等行使 任何該等權利,亦無由本公司或其任何附屬公 司作出安排以令董事或彼等各自之配偶或未滿 18歲的子女於任何其他法人團體獲得該等權利。

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份的權益及淡倉

於2016年12月31日,按本公司根據證券及期 貨條例第336條須予存置的登記冊所記錄,以 下人士(並非本公司董事或最高行政人員)於本 公司股份或相關股份中擁有5%或以上的權益 或淡倉:

(1) 於本公司股份的好倉

Name 姓名/名稱	Note 附註	Capacity in which interests are held 藉以持有權益的身份	Number of shares held 持有股數	Percentage of shareholding ⁽¹⁾ 持股百分比 ⁽¹⁾
Hong Kong Zhongliang Recycling Mining Investments Limited		Beneficial owner	135,000,000	5.88%
香港中涼再生礦冶投資有限公司		實益擁有人		
涼山州礦冶投資控股有限責任公司	2	Interests in a controlled corporation	135,000,000	5.88%
		受控制法團權益	105 000 000	5.000/
涼山州國有投資發展有限責任公司		Interests in a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	135,000,000	5.88%
涼山彝族自治州國有資產監督管理 委員會		Interests in a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	135,000,000	5.88%
Silver Harvest Holdings Limited		Beneficial owner	120,737,200	5.26%
豐銀控股有限公司		實益擁有人	120,101,200	0.2070
Cheung Siu Fai	3	Interests in a controlled corporation	120,737,200	5.26%
張少輝		受控制法團權益		

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

(1) Long position in the shares of the Company (Continued) Notes:

- (1) The percentage represents the number of ordinary shares divided by the number of the Company's issued shares as at 31 December 2016.
- Hong Kong Zhongliang Recycling Mining Investments Limited is wholly-owned by 凉山州礦冶投資控股有限責任公司, 74.00% equity interest of 凉山州礦冶 投資控股有限責任公司 is held by 凉山州國有投資發展有限責任公司: 62.00% equity interest of 凉山州國有投資發展有限責任公司 is held by 凉山 彝族自治州國有資產監督管理委員會. Accordingly, each of 凉山州礦冶投資 控股有限責任公司, 凉山州國有投資發展有限責任公司, 凉山彝族自治州國 有資產監督管理委員會 is deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by Hong Kong Zhongliang Recycling Mining Investments Limited
- Silver Harvest Holdings Limited is wholly owned by Cheung Siu Fai. Accordingly. Cheung Siu Fai is therefore deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by Silver Harvest Holdings Limited.

(2) Long position in the underlying shares of the Company

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份 的權益及淡倉(續)

於本公司股份的好倉(續)

附註:

- (1) 百分比代表於2016年12月31日的本公司普 通股數目除以本公司已發行股份數目。
- 香港中涼再生礦冶投資有限公司由涼山州礦 冶投資控股有限責任公司全資擁有,而涼山 州礦冶投資控股有限責任公司由涼山州國有 投資發展有限責任公司持有74.00%股權;涼 山州國有投資發展有限責任公司由涼山彝族 自治州國有資產監督管理委員會持有62.00% 股權。因此, 涼山州礦冶投資控股有限責任 公司、涼山州國有投資發展有限責任公司、 涼山彝族自治州國有資產監督管理委員會各 自被視為於香港中涼再生礦冶投資有限公司 持有的本公司股份中擁有權益。
- 豐銀控股有限公司由張少輝全資擁有。因此, 張少輝被視為於豐銀控股有限公司持有的本 公司股份中擁有權益。

(2) 於本公司相關股份的好倉

Name 名稱	Note 附註	Capacity in which interests are held 藉以持有權益的身份	Number of shares held 持有股數	Approximate percentage of shareholdings ⁽¹⁾ 概約持股百分比 ⁽¹⁾
China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd. 中國華融資產管理股份有限公司	4(i)	Persons having a security interests in shares 對股份有抵押權益之人士	362,000,000	15.76%
· [[4(ii)	Interests in a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	180,519,643	7.86%
Mianyang Science Technology City Development Investment (Group) Co., Ltd.	5	Persons having a security interests in shares	310,317,000	13.51%
綿陽科技城發展投資(集團)有限公司		對股份有抵押權益之人士		

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

(Continued)

(2) Long position in the underlying shares of the Company (Continued)

Notes:

- (4)(i) On 30 March 2015, Epoch Keen Limited entered into a share charge with Huarong (HK) International Holdings Limited ("Huarong") pursuant to which Epoch Keen Limited agreed to charge by way of first fixed charge all its rights, title, interest and benefit in 362,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company in favour of Huarong as the secured party. Huarong is wholly controlled by China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd.
- (4)(ii) Assuming full conversion of the convertible bonds at an initial conversion price of HK\$1.4 per share, the convertible bonds will be convertible into approximately 180,519,643 new shares (subject to adjustment). The conversion price had been adjusted to HK\$1.39 per share on 24 October 2016

According to the disclosure forms filed by China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd. on 31 March 2015, the following interests in shares of the Company were held as follows:

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份的權益及淡倉(續)

(2) 於本公司相關股份的好倉(續)

附註:

- (4)(i) 於2015年3月30日,時建有限公司與華融(香港)國際控股有限公司(「華融」)訂立一項股份押記,據此,時建有限公司同意以第一固定押記方式抵押其於本公司362,000,000股普通股之所有權利、所有權、權益及利益,以承押一方的華融作為受益人。華融由中國華融資產管理股份有限公司全權控制。
- (4)(ii) 假設可換股債券按初步兑換價每股1.4港元悉 數轉換,可轉股債券可轉換為約180,519,643 股新股份(可予調整)。兑換價已於2016年10 月24日調整為每股1.39港元。

根據中國華融資產管理股份有限公司於2015 年3月31日遞交的披露權益表,持有本公司 股份權益如下:

Name of controlled corporation 受控法團的名稱	Name of controlling shareholder 控權股東的姓名/名稱	% control 控制百分率%	Direct interest 直接權益(是/否)	Number of 股份數	
Huarong Real Estate Co., Ltd.	China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd.	100	N	Long position	180,519,643
華融置業有限責任公司	中國華融資產管理股份有限公司		否	好倉	
Huarong Zhiyuan Investment & Management Co., Ltd.	China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd.	100	N	Long position	180,519,643
華融致遠投資管理有限責任公司	中國華融資產管理股份有限公司		否	好倉	
Huarong (HK) International Holdings Limited	Huarong Real Estate Co., Ltd.	88.1	Υ	Long position	180,519,643
華融(香港)國際控股有限公司	華融置業有限責任公司		是	好倉	
Huarong (HK) International Holdings Limited	Huarong Zhiyuan Investment & Management Co., Ltd.	11.9	Υ	Long position	180,519,643
華融(香港)國際控股有限公司	華融致遠投資管理有限責任公司		是	好倉	

(5) On 15 August 2014, Silver Harvest Holdings Limited, Ocean Through Limited, First Harvest Global Limited and Gold Wide Enterprises Limited, shareholders of the Company, has each entered into share charges in respect of their respective shareholding of 103,205,200, 39,401,600, 167,952,400 and 102,963,000 shares of the Company in favour of Mianyang Science Technology City Development Investment (Group) Co., Ltd. ("Mianyang Development Group") as the secured party. On 10 November 2014, Epoch Keen entered into a share charge with Mianyang Development Group, pursuant to which Epoch Keen agreed to charge by way of first fixed charge all its rights, title, interest and benefit in 200,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company in favour of Mianyang Development Group as the secured party. On 31 December 2015, share charges were released for Silver Harvest Holdings Limited and Epoch Keen Limited in respect of 103,205,200 and 200,000,000 shares of the Company.

Other than as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2016, the directors had not been notified by any person (not being the directors or chief executive of the Company) who had 5% or more interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

(5) 於2014年8月15日,豐銀控股有限公司、洋達有限公司、肇豐環球有限公司及金博企業有限公司(均為本公司股東)各自就彼等於本公司之103,205,200股、39,401,600股槽,7,952,400股及102,963,000股股份之股權,以承押一方的綿陽科技城發展投資(集團)作為受益人則記。於2014年11月10日,時建則意以份押記。於2014年11月10日,時建同意可股份押記,據此,時建同意明節第一個定押記方式抵押其於本公權權益及利益,以承押一方的綿陽發展集團有限公司及時建有限公司分別就本公司と103,205,200股及200,000,000股訂立的股份押記已難解除。

除上文所披露者外,於2016年12月31日,概無任何人士(並非本公司董事或最高行政人員)知會董事其於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予存置的登記冊所記錄5%或以上的權益或淡倉。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at 31 December 2016, none of the directors or their respective associates had any business or interests in businesses which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had a total of 477 employees (2015: 832). The Group's staff costs for the year ended 31 December 2016 were approximately RMB76.2 million (2015: RMB79.4 million). The Group offers its staff competitive remuneration packages. In addition, discretionary bonuses and share options may also be granted to eligible staff based on individual and Group's performance. The Group is committed to nurturing a learning and sharing culture in the organization. Heavy emphasis is placed on the training and development of individual staff and team building, as the Group's success is dependent on the contribution of all functional divisions comprising skilled and motivated professionals. The Group is also committed to social responsibility as seen in its employment of disabled staff and providing appropriate working conditions and protection to them.

DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend the payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2016 (for the year ended 31 December 2015: nil).

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from 2 June 2017 to 6 June 2017, both days inclusive, during which no transfer of shares can be registered. To qualify for the attendance and voting at the AGM, shareholders must ensure that all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on 1 June 2017.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles of Association"), or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

董事於競爭業務的權益

於2016年12月31日,概無董事及彼等各自的聯繫人擁有與本集團業務構成或可能構成直接或間接競爭之業務或於有關業務中擁有任何權益。

人力資源

於2016年12月31日,本集團員工合共477名(2015年:832名)。截至2016年12月31日止年度,本集團的員工成本大約為人民幣76,200,000元(2015年:人民幣79,400,000元)。本集團向其員工提供具競爭力的酬金待遇。此外,合資格員工亦可按其個人及本集團的表現獲授酌情花紅及購股權。本集團致力於組織內建立學習及分享文化。本集團的成功有賴由技巧純熟且士氣高昂的專業人員組成的各職能的門作出的貢獻,故此本集團重視員工的個人培育,可見於其聘用殘疾人士,並向他們提供適當的工作環境和保障。

股息

董事會不建議派發截至2016年12月31日止年度之末期股息(截至2015年12月31日止年度:無)。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記

本公司的股份過戶登記處將於2017年6月2日至2017年6月6日(首尾兩天包括在內)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。為確定符合出席股東週年大會並於會上投票的資格,所有股份過戶文件連同有關之股票必須於2017年6月1日下午四時三十分前送達本公司之股份過戶登記處中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712至1716號鋪。

優先購股權

本公司組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)或開曼 群島法例項下並無有關優先購股權的規定,致 使本公司須按比例基準向現有股東發售新股份。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016 is set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 86 and 87 respectively of this annual report.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 12 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Movements of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 29 to the financial statements.

BANK LOANS

Bank Loans and other borrowings of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2016 are set out in note 26 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

The directors' emoluments are determined by the Board with reference to their duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group. Details of the directors' emoluments and the five highest paid individuals are set out in notes 9 and 10 to the financial statements respectively.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

A remuneration committee was set up to develop the Group's emolument policy and structure for remuneration of the directors and senior management of the Group, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance of the directors and senior management and comparable market practices.

業績及分配

本集團截至2016年12月31日止年度的業績分別載於本年報第86及第87頁的綜合損益表以及綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備的詳情載於財務報表 附註12。

股本

本公司的股本變動載於財務報表附註29。

銀行貸款

本公司及本集團於2016年12月31日的銀行貸款及其他借款載於財務報表附註26。

董事酬金及五名最高薪酬人士

董事薪酬乃由董事會經參考彼等的職責、責任 及表現以及本集團的業績而釐定。董事及五名 最高薪酬人士的薪酬詳情分別載於財務報表附 註9及10。

薪酬政策

本集團成立薪酬委員會以制定有關本集團董事 及高級管理層之薪酬政策及架構,該等薪酬政 策及架構已參考本集團的經營業績、董事及高 級管理層的個人表現及可資比較市場常規。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

PENSION SCHEMES

Pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC participate in defined contribution retirement benefit schemes (the "PRC Schemes") organized by the local authorities whereby the subsidiaries are required to make contributions to the PRC Schemes based on a percentage of the eligible employees' salaries. Contributions to the PRC Schemes vest immediately. Under the PRC Scheme, retirement benefits of existing and retired employees are payable by the relevant scheme administrators and the Group has no further obligations beyond the annual contributions.

The Group enrolled all employees in Hong Kong in the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF") (together with the PRC Schemes, the "Retirement Benefit Schemes"), which is a defined contribution retirement benefit scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the consolidated income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF. The Group contributes 5% of the relevant payroll costs to the MPF subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$25,000, and which contribution is matched by the employees. The assets of the MPF are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. Contributions from the employer are 100% vested in the employees as soon as they are paid to the MPF and subject to certain conditions being met, all benefits derived from the mandatory contributions must be preserved until the employee either reaches the normal retirement age of 65 or meets certain specified conditions whichever is earlier.

The Group's contributions to Retirement Benefit Schemes charged to the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2016 were RMB2,918,000 (2015: RMB6,280,000).

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract for the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year.

RESERVES AND DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year ended 31 December 2016 are set out in note 29 to the financial statements and the consolidated statement of changes in equity respectively.

As at 31 December 2016, the Company's distributable reserves available for distribution amounted to RMB432,058,000, calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Law (2012 Revision) of the Cayman Islands.

退休金計劃

根據中國相關勞動規則及法規,本集團於中國的附屬公司參與由各地方機關組織的界定供款退休福利計劃(「中國計劃」),據此,附屬公司須按合資格僱員薪金的某百分比向中國計劃作出供款。中國計劃的供款會即時歸屬。根據中國計劃,相關計劃管理機構須為現有及退休僱員支付退休福利,而本集團除每年供款外,毋須承擔其他責任。

本集團已為香港的全體僱員參加了強制性公積金計劃(「強積金」)(連同中國計劃,統稱為「退休福利計劃」),此為界定供款退休福利計劃。供款乃按僱員基本薪金的百分比計算,並為表別,並入支條。本集團向強積金所作的供款為有關工資的條。本集團向強積金所作的供款為有關工資的條。本集團的資產分開持有,以基金形式分別,而僱員的供率比率亦相同。強積金的的人控管。僱主的供款投入強積金後,即全數是不知。僱員所有,除滿足若干條件的情況外,強退大時或達成若干特定條件(以較早者為準)才予以發環。

本集團於截至2016年12月31日止年度計入綜合收益表的退休福利計劃供款為人民幣2,918,000元(2015年:人民幣6,280,000元)。

管理合約

於本年度,本公司並無就本公司全部或任何主要部份業務訂立或現存任何管理及行政合約。

儲備及可供分派儲備

本公司及本集團截至2016年12月31日止年度的儲備變動詳情分別載於財務報表附註29及綜合權益變動表。

於2016年12月31日,根據開曼群島公司法(2012年修訂版)的規定計算,本公司可供分派儲備為人民幣432,058,000元。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Suppliers

The percentages of purchases and sales for the year attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers are as follows:

Purchases

- the largest supplier: 11% of cost of sales
- five largest suppliers combined: 36% of cost of sales

Sales

- the largest customer: 16% of revenue
- five largest customers combined: 50% of revenue

The scrap copper that we process comes from a variety of sources, including used household appliances, electrical equipment and transportation equipment, used cables and wires and scrap materials from certain industrial manufacturing processes. We purchase our scrap copper mainly from domestic suppliers located near our production facilities and elsewhere in other provinces of China. We conduct rigorous quality control tests at different stages of our production processes, including rigorous quality tests of our raw materials. Before entering into a business relationship with a new supplier, we conduct diligence on the supplier's background and reputation in the market to assess its suitability. In addition, we physically inspect each delivery of raw materials to ensure its compliance with contract specifications, including purity and copper content.

Maintaining strong relationships with our customers is important to us and we believe that our customers' willingness to work with us reflects, among others, our record of producing high quality products that meet industry standards and customer requirements.

None of the Directors of the Company or any of their associates or any shareholders (which to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the Group's five largest customers and five largest suppliers.

主要客戶及供應商

供應商

本集團主要供應商及客戶佔本年度之採購額及 銷售額百分比如下:

採購額

- 一 最大供應商:佔銷售成本11%
- 一 五大供應商合計:佔銷售成本36%

銷售額

- 一 最大客戶:佔營業額16%
- 一 万大客戶合計:佔營業額50%

我們加工的廢銅是來自多個來源,包括舊家電、電氣設備及運輸設備、舊電纜電線,與某些工業製造流程產生的廢料。本集團主留公於名下生產設施附近及位於中國其他省份的國內供應商採購廢銅。本集團在生產流程的的國內供應商採購廢銅。本集團在生產流程的的不同階段採取嚴格的質量控制檢測,包括對建立與一家新供應商對,我們先行審慎調查供應商對,,以評估其合適性。此外,以評估其合適性。此外,以評估其合適性。此外,以不能與不對原材料的每次交貨進行實質檢查,以確保符合合同規格,包括純度和銅含量。

與客戶維持穩固的關係對本集團至關重要,我們認為,客戶願意與我們合作反映出(其中包括)我們有著生產符合行業標準和客戶要求的高品質產品的記錄。

本公司董事或彼等的任何聯繫人或任何股東(就董事所深知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上的股東)概無於本集團五大客戶及五大供應商中擁有任何權益。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

There were no continuing connected transactions during the year ended 31 December 2016.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") to provide incentive and/or reward to eligible persons for their contribution to, and continuing efforts to promote the interests of, our Company. The Share Option Scheme was conditionally approved by a written resolution of the then shareholders of the Company on 28 January 2014 and has came into effect upon the Company's listing on 21 February 2014.

Purpose

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentive and/or reward to Eligible Persons for their contribution to, and continuing efforts to promote the interests of, our Company.

Who may join

The Board may, at its absolute discretion, offer options ("Options") to subscribe for such number of Shares in accordance with the terms set out in the Share Option Scheme to any director or employee of the Group and any other person (including a consultant or advisor) who in the sole discretion of the Board has contributed or will contribute to the Group ("Eligible Persons").

Further details of the Share Option Scheme

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other schemes of our Group shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the Listing Date (i.e. 209,832,160 shares) (the "Scheme Mandate Limit"). Our Company may at any time as the Board may think fit seek approval from our shareholders to refresh the Scheme Mandate Limit, save that the maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other schemes of our Company shall not exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of approval by shareholders in general meeting where the Scheme Mandate Limit is refreshed.

關連交易

截至2016年12月31日止年度,並無持續關連交易。

購股權計劃

本公司設有購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),旨在對合資格人士提供獎勵及/或獎賞,以肯定彼等對本公司的貢獻,以及鼓勵彼等繼續致力提升本公司的利益。於2014年1月28日,購股權計劃由本公司當時的股東經書面決議案有條件批准,並自本公司於2014年2月21日上市後生效。

目的

購股權計劃旨在對合資格人士提供獎勵及/或 獎賞,以肯定彼等對本公司的貢獻,以及鼓勵 彼等繼續致力提升本公司的利益。

可參與人士

董事會可按其絕對酌情向本集團任何董事或僱員及董事會全權認為已或將會對本集團有貢獻的任何其他人士(包括顧問或諮詢人)(「合資格人士」)授予可根據購股權計劃所載條款認購有關數目股份的購股權(「購股權」)。

購股權計劃之更多詳情

根據購股權計劃及本集團任何其他計劃將予授出之購股權獲悉數行使後而可能發行之股份數目上限合共不得超過上市日期已發行股份之10%(即209,832,160股)(「計劃授權上限」)。本公司可隨時於董事會認為合適時尋求股東批准更新計劃授權上限,惟根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他計劃將予授出之購股權獲悉數行使後而可能發行之股份數目上限不得超過股東於股東大會批准更新計劃授權上限當日已發行股份之10%。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Further details of the Share Option Scheme (Continued)

Our Company may seek separate approval from our shareholders in general meeting for granting Options beyond the Scheme Mandate Limit, provided that the Options in excess of the Scheme Mandate Limit are granted only to the Eligible Person specified by our Company before such approval is obtained. The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other options granted and yet to be exercised under any other scheme shall not exceed 30% of our Company's issued share capital from time to time. No options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of our Company if this will result in such limit being exceeded.

The Scheme Mandate Limit was refreshed by a resolution passed at the annual general meeting held on 9 June 2015. The maximum number of options that can be granted by the Company was refreshed to 210,514,560 share options.

The total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme of the Company in 2015 was 210,514,560 shares, which was approximately 9.15% of the issued share capital as at the date of this annual report.

No Option may be granted to any one person such that the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of Options granted and to be granted to that person in any 12-month period up to the date of the latest grant exceeds 1% of our Company's issued share capital from time to time.

Subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, the Board shall be entitled at any time within 10 years after the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme to offer the grant of an Option to any Eligible Person as the Board may in its absolute discretion select to subscribe at the subscription price for such number of shares as the Board may (subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme) determine (provided the same shall be a board lot for dealing in the shares on the Stock Exchange or an integral multiple thereof).

Subject to the terms of the Scheme, the Board may in its absolute discretion when offering the grant of an Option specify such conditions, restrictions or limitations in relation thereto in addition to those set forth in the Share Option Scheme as the Board may think fit when making an offer to an Eligible Person (including, without limitation, as to any performance criteria which must be satisfied by the Eligible Person and/or the Company and/or its Subsidiaries, and any minimum period for which an Option must be held, before an Option may be exercised, if any), provided that such conditions shall not be inconsistent with any other terms or conditions of the Share Option Scheme.

購股權計劃(續)

購股權計劃之更多詳情(續)

本公司可於股東大會尋求股東獨立批准授出超過計劃授權上限之購股權,前提是超過計劃授權上限之購股權僅授予取得有關批准前本公司指定之合資格人士。因行使根據購股權計劃授出之所有尚未行使惟將予行使任期股權而可能發行之股份數目上限不得超過本公司不時已發行股本之30%。倘根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃授出購股權將導致超過有關限額,則不會如此行事。

計劃授權上限透過於2015年6月9日舉行的股東週年大會上通過的決議案更新。本公司可授出的購股權數目上限已更新為210,514,560份購股權。

於2015年根據本公司購股權計劃可供發行之股份總數為210,514,560股,佔本年報日期已發行股本約9.15%。

於截至最近授出日期之任何十二個月期間內,概無向任何人士授出購股權,致使因行使已授予或將授予該人士之購股權而發行及將予發行之股份總數超過本公司不時之已發行股本1%。

根據購股權計劃之條款,董事會有權於採納購 股權計劃日期後十年內隨時向任何董事會酌情 選擇之合資格人士作出授出購股權要約,可按 認購價認購董事會可能(根據購股權計劃之條 款)釐定之有關數目之股份(惟有關數目須為股 份於聯交所買賣之每手買賣單位或其完整倍 數)。

根據計劃之條款,董事會可全權酌情於作出授 出購股權要約時在購股權計劃所載以外列入其 認為於向合資格人士作出授出要約時屬合適之 有關計劃條件、限制或規限(包括但不限於合 資格人士及/或本公司及/或其附屬公司須達 致之任何表現標準及於行使購股權前之任何最 少持有期限(如有)),惟有關條件須與購股權 計劃任何其他條款或條件一致。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Further details of the Share Option Scheme (Continued)

An Option shall be deemed to have been granted and accepted by the Eligible Person and to have taken effect when the duplicate offer letter comprising acceptance of the offer of the Option duly signed by the grantee together with a remittance in favor of our Company of HK\$1.00 by way of consideration for the grant thereof is received by our Company on or before 30 days after the offer date. To the extent that an offer is not accepted within the time stated in the offer for that purpose, it shall be deemed to have been irrevocably declined and shall immediately lapse.

The subscription price in respect of any particular Option shall be such price as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine at the time of grant of the relevant Option (and shall be stated in the letter containing the offer of the grant of the Option) but the subscription price shall be at least the highest of:

- (a) the closing price of a share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the offer date, which must be a business day;
- (b) the average closing price of a share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and
- (c) the nominal value of a share.

An Option shall be exercised in whole or in part within the option period which is the period to be determined and notified by the Board to the grantee during which period the Option may be exercised and in any event shall not exceed ten years commencing from the date on which the offer in relation to such Option is accepted.

The Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme (i.e. 28 January 2014), after which no further options will be granted or offered but the provisions of the Share Option Scheme shall remain in full force and effect to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of any subsisting Options granted prior to the expiry of the 10-year period or otherwise as may be required in accordance with the provisions of the Share Option Scheme.

購股權計劃(續)

購股權計劃之更多詳情(續)

當本公司於要約日期後30日或之前收到由承授人正式簽署的購股權要約函件副本(包括購股權要約的接納書),連同為數1.00港元作為獲授購股權代價以本公司為收款人之匯款,購股權應被視作已授出及獲合資格人士接納並已生效。倘要約於要約所述時間內未獲接納,即有關要約被視為不可撤回地拒絕並即時失效。

任何特定購股權之認購價應由董事會於授出相關購股權時全權酌情決定(並應於載有授出購股權要約之函件中列明),惟認購價不得低於下列最高者:

- (a) 股份於要約日期(必須為營業日)在聯交 所每日報價表上所載之收市價;
- (b) 股份於緊接要約日期前五個營業日在聯 交所每日報價表上所載之平均收市價;及
- (c) 股份面值。

購股權可於購股權期內行使全部或部分,行使 期由董事會決定並通知承授人,期內,購股權 可予行使,且在任何情況下,由接納有關購股 權要約當日起計不得超過十年。

購股權計劃由採納購股權計劃日期(即2014年1月28日)起計十年內有效,之後不會進一步授出或提呈授出購股權,惟購股權計劃之條文仍維持十足效力及生效,致使在十年期屆滿前或根據購股權計劃條文可能規定之其他方式授出的任何存續購股權可予行使。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Further details of the Share Option Scheme (Continued)

Movements of the Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2016 are as follows:

購股權計劃(續) 購股權計劃之更多詳情(續)

截至2016年12月31日止年度,購股權計劃之 變動如下:

									Price of s the Con 本公司股	npany
Category	Date of grant	Number of shares options held at 1 January 2016 於2016年 1月1日	Granted during 2016	Exercised during 2016	Lapsed/ cancelled during 2016	Number of shares options held at 31 December 2016 於2016年 12月31日	Exercise period of share options	Exercise price of share options	at the grant date of share options	at the exercise date of share options
類別	授出日期	持有之 購股權數目	於 2016 年 授出	於 2016 年 行使	於 2016 年 失效/註銷	持有之 購股權數目	購股權 行使期	購股權 行使價 HK\$ 港元	購股權 授出日期 HK\$ 港元	購股權 行使日期
Directors								,	,_,_	
董事 Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson 鄺偉信先生	7 May 2015 2015年5月7日	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000	7 May 2015 to 6 May 2025 2015年5月7日至 2025年5月6日	1.68	1.68	-
Mr. Huang Wai Ping 黃偉萍先生	2 July 2014 2014 年7月2日	2,000,000	-	(1,333,000)	-	667,000	2 July 2014 to 1 July 2024 2014年7月2日至 2024年7月1日	1.13	1.07	-
Ms. Zhu Yufen 朱玉芬女士	2 July 2014 2014年7月2日	10,000,000	-	(6,666,000)	-	3,334,000	2 July 2014 to 1 July 2024 2014 年7月2日至 2024年7月1日	1.13	1.07	-
Mr. Pan Liansheng 潘連勝先生	7 May 2015 2015年5月7日	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	7 May 2015 to 6 May 2025 2015年5月7日至	1.68	1.68	-
Mr. Lee Ting Bun Denny 李廷斌先生	31 May 2016 2016年5月31日	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	2025年5月6日 7 May 2015 to 6 May 2025 2015年5月7日至	1.68	1.68	-
Ms. Ren Ruxian 任汝嫻女士	31 May 2016 2016年5月31日	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	2025年5月6日 31 May 2016 to 30 May 2026 2016年5月31日至 2026年5月30日	3.66	3.05	-
Eligible persons other than directors 董事之外的合資格人士							2323 07,00 H			
Eligible persons other than directors	2 July 2014	79,450,000	-	(49,301,000)	(3,194,000)	26,955,000	2 July 2014 to 1 July 2024	1.13	1.07	-
董事之外的合資格人士	2014年7月2日						2014年7月2日至 2024年7月1日			
Eligible persons other than directors 董事之外的合資格人士	7 May 2015 2015年5月7日	92,750,000		_	(3,280,000)	89,470,000	7 May 2015 to 6 May 2025 2015年5月7日至	1.68	1.68	
Eligible persons other	23 July 2015	7,600,000	-	-	_	7,600,000	2025年5月6日 24 July 2016 to	2.16	1.67	
than directors 董事之外的合資格人士	2015年7月23日						23 January 2017 2016年7月24日至			
Eligible persons other than directors 董事之外的合資格人士	31 May 2016 2016年5月31日	-	32,130,000	-	(400,000)	31,730,000	2017年1月23日 31 May 2016 to 30 May 2026 2016年5月31日至 2026年5月30日	3.66	3.05	-
Total 總計		198,800,000	33,130,000	(57,300,000)	(6,874,000)	167,756,000	323 / 37,30 H			

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Further details of the Share Option Scheme (Continued)

The key terms and conditions related to the grants under the share option scheme are as follows; all options are to be settled by the physical delivery of shares.

購股權計劃(續)

購股權計劃之更多詳情(續)

與根據購股權計劃授出購股權有關的主要條款 及條件如下,所有購股權將透過實際交付股份 結算。

	Number of	
Grant date/	instruments	Contractual life
employees entitled	in thousands Vesting conditions	of options
授出日期/有權獲授之僱員	工具數目(千份) 歸屬條件	購股權合約年期

Options granted to

directors 授予董事的購股權			
— On 2 July 2014 — 於 2014年7月2日	24,000	One third on the first anniversary, one third on the second anniversary, and the remaining on the third anniversary of the grant respectively 三分之一於授出的第一週年、三分之一於第二週年及其餘於第三週年	10 years 10 年
— On 7 May 2015	8,000	Same as above	10 years
— 於2015年5月7日		同上	10年
— On 31 May 2016	1,000	Same as above	10 years
— 於2016年5月31日		同上	10年
Options granted to employees 授予僱員的購股權			
— On 2 July 2014	89,000	Same as above	10 years
— 於 2014 年 7 月 2 日		同上	10年
— On 7 May 2015	94,360	Same as above	10 years
— 於2015年5月7日		同上	10年
— On 31 May 2016	26,930	Same as above	10 years
— 於2016 年5月31日		同上	10年

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Further details of the Share Option Scheme (Continued)

購股權計劃(續) 購股權計劃之更多詳情(續)

Number ofGrant date/
employees entitledinstrumentsContractual lifeemployees entitledin thousandsVesting conditionsof options授出日期/有權獲授之僱員工具數目(千份)歸屬條件購股權合約年期

Options granted to certain eligible participants 授予若干合資格參與人的購股權

- On 23 July 2015
- 於2015年7月23日

7,600 On the first anniversary of the date upon which the share options are accepted subject to the grantees remaining as eligible persons at the date of vesting 於購股權獲接納的第一週年當日,惟承授人於歸屬日期須仍為合資格人士

Six months
commencing from
the expiry of the
first anniversary of
the date of
acceptance and
expiring on the
last day of the
6 month-period
接納日期起計第一週
年屆滿開始直至
六個月期間的最後
一日為止之六個月

- On 31 May 2016
- 於2016年5月31日

5,200 On the first anniversary of the date upon which the share options are accepted subject to the grantees achieving the pre-determined annual sales target 於購股權獲接納的第一週年當日,惟承授人須完成指定年度銷售目標

10 years 10年

Total share options granted

已授出購股權總數

256.090

The fair value of the Relevant Share Options granted were estimated as at the dates of grant using a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the Relevant Share Options were granted.

已授出之有關購股權之公平值於授出日期使用 二項式模型估算,已考慮授出有關購股權之條款及條件。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Further details of the Share Option Scheme (Continued)

The following table sets out the inputs to the model used:

購股權計劃(續) 購股權計劃之更多詳情(續)

下表載列該模型使用之輸入數據:

Grant date 授出日期		2 July Share option 2014年 購股相	s granted to 7月2日	7 May Share option 2015年 購股相	s granted to 5月7日	23 July 2015* Share options granted to 2015年 7月23日* 購股權授予 Certain		Share options 〒5月31日購股相	~
		Executive directors	Other employees	Executive directors	Other employees	eligible participants 若干合資格	Executive directors	Other employees	eligible participants 若干合資格
		執行董事	其他僱員	執行董事	其他僱員	參與者	執行董事	其他僱員	參與者
Fair value at measurement	於計量日期之公平值								
date (HK\$) Share price (HK\$)	(港元) 股價(港元)	1.07	0.39	0.71 1.68	0.58 1.68	2.23	1.22 3.05	1.17 3.05	1.45 3.05
Exercise price (HK\$) Expected volatility	行使價(港元) 預期波幅	1.13 45.54%	1.13 45.54%	1.68 46.20%	1.68 46.20%	2.16 49.43%	3.66 50.00%	3.66 50.00%	3.66 50.00%
Expected life	預期年期	10 years 10年	10 years 10年	10 years 10年	10 years 10年	1.5 years 1.5年	10 years 10年	10 years 10年	10 years 10年
Expected dividends Risk-free interest rate (based on Hong Kong	預期股息 無風險利率 (以香港外匯基金	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	1.47%	1.47%	1.47%
Exchange Fund Notes) Exercise multiple Post-vesting exit rate	票據利率為基準) 行使倍數 歸屬後流失率	2.059% 2.8 0%	2.059% 2.2 5.44%	1.745% 2.8 0%	1.745% 2.2 16.12%	0.239% - -	1.286% 2.8 9.22%	1.286% 2.2 9.22%	1.286% - -

No other feature of the Relevant Share Options was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

概無其他有關購股權之特點納入公平值計量。

The value of the Relevant Share Options is subject to the limitations of the binomial model and a number of assumptions which are subjective and difficult to ascertain. Changes in the subjective input assumptions could materially affect the fair value estimate.

Further details relating to the Share Option Scheme and share options granted thereunder are set out in note 2(s)(ii) and note 30 to the financial statements and the announcements of the Company dated 2 July 2014, 7 May 2015, 23 July 2015 and 31 May 2016.

有關購股權之價值受限於二項式模型的限制及 多項假設,上述因素均屬主觀因素且難以確 定。主觀輸入假設如有變動將對公平值估計造 成重大影響。

更多關於購股權計劃及據此授出購股權之詳情 載於財務報表附註2(s)(ii)及附註30及本公司日 期為2014年7月2日、2015年5月7日、2015 年7月23日及2016年5月31日之公佈。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

PLEDGE OF SHARES BY CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 30 March 2015, the same day, Epoch Keen entered into a share charge ("2015 Share Charge") with Huarong, pursuant to which Epoch Keen agreed to charge by way of first fixed charge all its rights, title and interest in 362,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company (representing 17.20% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the 2015 Share Charge) in favour of Huarong as the secured party.

The 2015 Share Charge has been entered into as security for the liabilities of the Company under a subscription agreement in relation to the issue of convertible bonds due 2017 entered in to between the Company and Huarong on 27 March 2015. This share charge has been released on 19 April 2017.

On 29 June 2015, Epoch Keen entered into a share charge with Changhong (Hong Kong) Trading Limited ("Changhong Share Charge") pursuant to which Epoch Keen agreed to charge by way of first fixed charge all its rights, title, interest and benefit in 147,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company (representing 6.98% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of Changhong Share Charge) in favour of Changhong (Hong Kong) Trading Limited as the secured party to secure, amongst others, the repayment of the prepayment amount from Sichuan Changhong Electric Co., Ltd ("Sichuan Changhong") to Tongxin under an annual sales contract entered into between Tongxin and Sichuan Changhong on 16 June 2015. Changhong (Hong Kong) Trading Limited is wholly controlled by Sichuan Changhong. The share charge has been released on 22 August 2016.

控股股東質押股份

誠如本公司日期為2015年3月30日之公佈所披露,當天,時建與華融訂立股份押記(「2015年股份押記」),據此,時建同意以第一固定押記方式,將其持有的362,000,000股本公司普通股(相當於本公司於2015年股份押記日期已發行股本的17.20%)的所有權利、所有權及權益抵押予華融(作為承押方)。

2015年股份押記乃作為本公司債務的抵押品,乃根據本公司與華融於2015年3月27日就發行於2017年到期的可換股債券所訂立的認購協議而訂立。此項股份押記已於2017年4月19日獲解除。

於2015年6月29日,時建與長虹(香港)貿易有限公司訂立一項股份押記(「長虹股份押記」),據此,時建同意以第一固定押記方式抵押其於本公司147,000,000股普通股(相當於長虹股份押記日期的本公司已發行股本6.98%)之所有權利、所有權、權益及利益,以承押一方的長虹(香港)貿易有限公司為受益人,藉此保證(其中包括)退還根據銅鑫與四川長虹電器股份有限公司(「四川長虹」)於2015年6月16日所訂立年度銷售合同由四川長虹向銅鑫支付的預付款。長虹(香港)貿易有限公司由四川長虹管權控制。此項股份押記已於2016年8月22日獲解除。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

EQUITY LINKED AGREEMENTS

Share Option Scheme

Details of the Share Option Scheme of the Company are set out in the section above headed "SHARE OPTION SCHEMES".

Convertible Bonds Subscription Agreement

On 27 March 2015, the Company entered into the subscription agreement with Huarong relating to the issuance of convertible bonds by the Company to Huarong in an aggregate principal amount of USD32,610,000 expiring at the second anniversary date of the issue date.

The obligations of Huarong to subscribe and pay for, and the obligations of the Company to issue, the convertible bonds are conditional upon, among other things, the fulfillment of certain conditions as stated in the announcement of the Company dated 27 March 2015.

On 13 April 2015, the Company completed the issuance of convertible bonds to Huarong in an aggregate principal amount of USD32,610,000. The convertible bonds bear a fixed interest rate of 10% with interest to be paid on a quarterly basis. The convertible bonds will expire at the second anniversary of the issue date and are convertible into ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each in the issued share capital of the Company at an adjusted conversion price of HK\$1.40 per share (subject to adjustment). Subject as provided in the terms and conditions, the bondholder(s) shall be entitled to convert, in whole or in part, the convertible bonds into shares of the Company on any business day from the issue date up to and including the day preceding the maturity date. The terms and conditions of the convertible bonds restrict the exercise of conversion right up to an aggregate principal amount of the convertible bonds of USD16,300,000, which is convertible to approximately 90,555,555 ordinary shares of the Company (based on a condition in the terms and conditions which provides that based on the agreed exchange rate, the principle amount of the convertible bond shall be deducted by USD0.18 upon the issue of one conversion share).

On 17 August 2016, pursuant to the adjustment provisions of the conversion price as stated in the terms and conditions of the convertible bonds, the conversion price of HK\$1.40 per ordinary share has been adjusted to HK\$1.39 per ordinary share as a result of the issue of the 135,000,000 ordinary shares. All other terms of the convertible bonds remain unchanged. The adjustment has become effective as of 17 August 2016, being the date on which the 135,000,000 ordinary shares were issued. Based on the adjusted conversion price, the convertible bonds is convertible to approximately 90,881,295 ordinary shares of the Company.

權益掛鈎協議 ^{購股權計劃}

有關本公司購股權計劃的詳情載於上文「購股權計劃」一節。

可換股債券認購協議

於2015年3月27日,本公司與華融訂立認購協議,內容關於本公司向華融發行本金額合共32,610,000美元的可換股債券,到期日為發行日期兩週年當日。

華融認購可換股債券及付款的責任以及本公司發行可換股債券的責任取決於本公司日期為2015年3月27日公告所述的若干條件能否達成。

於2015年4月13日,本公司完成向華融發行 本金額合共32.610.000美元的可換股債券。可 換股債券按固定利率10%計息,利息每季支 付。可換股債券將於發行日期兩週年當日到 期, 並可按經調整兑換價每股1.40港元(可予 調整)兑換為本公司已發行股本中每股面值0.10 港元的普通股。根據條款及條件所載,債券持 有人有權於發行日期起直至到期日(包括該日) 期間任何營業日將可換股債券全部或部分轉換 為本公司股份。可換股債券的條款及條件限 定,行使兑换權最多只能達到可換股債券的總 本 金 額 16,300,000 美 元, 其 可 兑 換 為 約 90,555,555股本公司普通股(根據條款及條件 內其中一項條件,其規定基於已協定兑換率, 於發行一股兑換股份後可換股債券的本金額須 減去0.18美元)。

於2016年8月17日,因已發行135,000,000股普通股,根據可換股債券的條款及條件所載兑換價調整條文,兑換價每股普通股1.40港元已調整為每股普通股1.39港元。可換股債券的所有其他條款維持不變。調整於2016年8月17日(即發行135,000,000股普通股當日)生效。基於經調整兑換價,可換股債券可兑換為本公司約90,881,295股普通股。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

EQUITY LINKED AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Convertible Bonds Subscription Agreement (Continued)

The Directors are of the view that the convertible bonds issue represented a good opportunity for the Company to raise funds to strengthen its financial position and to finance the Group's future development and expansion, including the acquisition of interest in Baohe Fushan. The Directors consider that raising funds by way of issuing the convertible bonds would enable the Company to obtain funds with a lower financial cost considering the recent debt and equity market conditions. In addition, the Directors are of the view that an investment by Huarong and China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd., a reputable institutional investor, in convertible instrument of the Company represents a recognition in the investment value of the Company, and would contribute to building a long term relationship with the Investor group.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of the listed securities of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2016.

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION

Mr. Yu Jianqiu and Epoch Keen, being controlling shareholders of the Company, entered into a deed of non-competition ("Deed of Non-Competition") dated 6 February 2014, details of which have been set out in the paragraph headed "Non-Competition Undertaking" in the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders" of the Prospectus.

The Company has reviewed the annual declaration from the parties on compliance with their undertaking under the Deed of Non-Competition. The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the status of compliance and confirmed that all the undertakings under the Deed of Non-Competition have been complied with by the parties.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

As at the date of this annual report, the directors of the Company confirmed that based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, the Company had maintained sufficient amount of public float as required under the Listing Rules and agreed by the Stock Exchange.

AUDITORS

KPMG has been appointed as auditor of the Company in 2016. KPMG shall retire in the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the reappointment of KPMG as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

權益掛鈎協議(續)

可換股債券認購協議(續)

董事認為發行可換股債券乃本公司籌集資金以加強其財務狀況及為本集團之未來發展及擴張(包括收購保和富山的權益)的良機。考慮到近期債務及股票市場情況後,董事認為透過發行可換股債券集資讓本公司能夠以較低的融資成本取得資金。此外,董事認為華融與中國華融資產管理股份有限公司(一著名機構投資者)對本公司之可換股工具作出投資,代表對本公司投價值的認可,有助與投資者集團建立長期關係。

購買、出售或贖回股份

截至2016年12月31日止年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

不競爭契約

本公司控股股東俞建秋先生與時建於2014年2月6日訂立不競爭契約(「不競爭契約」),有關詳情載於招股書「與控股股東的關係」一節下「不競爭承諾」一段。

本公司已審閱不競爭契約的訂約方遵守彼等於 該契約項下承諾的年度聲明。獨立非執行董事 已審閱合規情況,並確定訂約方已遵守不競爭 契約下的所有承諾。

足夠公眾持股量

於本年報日期,根據本公司從公開途徑所得的 資料及據董事所知,本公司董事確認其一直維 持上市規則所規定及聯交所同意的足夠公眾持 股量。

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所已於2016年獲委任為本公司的核數師。畢馬威會計師事務所將於應屆股東週年大會上退任,惟其合資格並願意獲續聘連任。重選畢馬威會計師事務所為本公司核數師的決議案將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

PROFESSIONAL TAX ADVICE RECOMMENDED

If any shareholder is unsure about the taxation implications of purchasing, holding, disposing of, dealing in, or the exercise of any rights in relation to the Shares, it is advised to consult an expert.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to article 164 of the Articles, every Director is entitled to be indemnified and secured harmless out of assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which any of them, their or any of their heirs, executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act, done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices or trusts (except such is incurred or sustained through his own fraud or dishonesty). Such provision is currently in force and was in force throughout the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND CORPORATE RESPONSIBILITY

As a responsible corporation, the Group is committed to maintaining the highest environmental and social standards to ensure sustainable development of its business. To the best knowledge of the Directors, the Group has complied with all the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group in relation to its business including health and safety, workplace conditions, employment and the environment. The Group understands that a better future depends on everyone's participation and contribution. It has encouraged all employees to participate in environmental and social activities which benefit the community as a whole.

The Group itself is operating in the environmental protection industry by virtue of recycling scrap metal materials in the society. Contributing to resolve a significant part of pollution problem in the vicinity of our plants, the Group was highly praised and encouraged by the local governments. The Group is also committed to social responsibility as seen in its employment of disabled staff and providing appropriate working conditions and protection to them. The Group also advocated conservation of resources in office and encouraged employees to develop good habits, conserve resources and energy to build a green and comfortable office environment.

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group did not donate to any charitable organization (2015: RMB379,000).

建議諮詢專業税務意見

倘任何股東對購買、持有、處置、買賣或行使 有關股份的任何權利之稅務涵義有任何疑問, 應諮詢專業顧問的意見。

准許彌償條文

根據章程細則第164條,每位董事均可從本公司的資產獲得彌償,使彼等任何人士、彼等或任何彼等的繼承人、遺囑執行人或遺產管理人就彼等的職務或信託執行其職責或假定職責受因所作出、發生的作為或不作為而招致或蒙受的所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開支,可獲確保免就此受任何損害(除非此乃因其本身欺詐或違反誠信所引致或造成)。此條文現行有效並且於整個截至2016年12月31日止財政年度一直生效。

環境、社會及企業責任

作為一間具社會責任的企業,本集團致力維持 最高要求之環境及社會標準,以確保其業務可 持續發展。據董事所知,本集團已遵守所有與 其業務有關及有重大影響的相關法例及法規, 包括健康及安全、工作環境條件、就業及環 境。本集團明白有賴所有人的參與及貢獻才能 成就美好將來,亦因此鼓勵所有僱員參與環境 及社會活動,惠及整個社區。

本集團本身從事環保行業,利用社會上的廢舊 金屬循環再造,解決廠房周邊地區的大量污染 問題,並得到地方政府高度認可及鼓勵。本集 團亦致力於承擔社會責任,聘用殘疾人士,並 向他們提供適當的工作環境和保障。本集團亦 引導各項辦公室減耗措施,鼓勵員工養成良好 習慣,節約資源和能源,建設綠色舒適的辦公 環境。

於截至2016年12月31日止年度內,本集團並 無向任何慈善機構捐款(2015年:人民幣 379,000元)。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Company has applied the principles of and is in compliance with all code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code as set forth in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules save as disclosed below.

Code Provision A.2.1 provides that the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and Chief Executive should be clearly established and set out in writing. Currently, Mr. Yu Jianqiu is both the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. As Mr. Yu is the founder of the Group and has extensive experience in operations and management, the Board believes that it is in the best interest of the Group to have Mr. Yu taking up both roles for continuous effective management and business development of the Group.

Code provision A.6.7 provides that the independent non-executive Directors and non-executive Directors should attend general meetings of the Company. Code provision E.1.2 provides that the chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting and also invite the chairmen of the audit, remuneration, nomination and any other committees (as appropriate) to attend. In their absence, he should invite another member of the committee or failing this his duly appointed delegate, to attend. These persons should be available to answer questions at the annual general meeting.

Due to other business engagements, an executive Director was not able to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 6 June 2016. In the future, the Company has arranged and will continue to arrange to furnish all Directors with appropriate information on all general meetings and take all reasonable measures to arrange the schedule in such a cautious way that all Directors can attend the general meetings.

企業管治

於截至2016年12月31日止年度內,除下文所披露外,本公司已應用上市規則附錄十四所載企業管治守則的原則並遵守其所有守則條文。

守則條文第A.2.1條規定主席與行政總裁的角色應有區分及不應由一人同時兼任。主席與行政總裁之間的職責分配須清晰訂明並以書面形式列載。現時,俞建秋先生為本公司主席兼行政總裁。由於俞先生為本集團的創辦人並於營運及管理方面擁有豐富經驗,董事會認為,為了本集團的持續有效管理及業務發展而由俞先生擔任該兩個職位,符合本集團的最佳利益。

守則條文第A.6.7條規定,獨立非執行董事及非執行董事應出席本公司股東大會。守則條文第 E.1.2條規定董事會主席應出席股東週年大會,以及亦邀請審核、薪酬、提名及任何其他委員會(如適用)之主席出席。倘彼等缺席,彼應該邀請委員會另一名成員,不然則其正式委任之代表出席。此等人士應在股東週年大會上回答問題。

一位執行董事因其他公務,未能出席本公司於 2016年6月6日舉行之股東週年大會。本公司 已安排及將繼續安排向全體董事提供關於所有 股東大會的適當資料,並採取一切合理措施, 以謹慎方式安排時間表,使全體董事能夠出席 股東大會。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIRED STANDARD OF DEALINGS IN SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS OF LISTED ISSUERS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding the directors' securities transactions on terms not less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. After specific enquiry made by the Company, all directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code and the code of conduct regarding the directors' securities transactions throughout 2016.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Directors would like to take this opportunity to express our sincere thanks to all the shareholders and business associates for their continuous support and the entire staff for their dedication and contribution to the Group during the year.

By order of the Board

China Metal Resources Utilization Limited

Chairman

Yu Jiangiu

Hong Kong, 30 March 2017

遵守上市發行人之董事買賣證券交 易必守標準的情況

本公司已採納一套有關董事進行證券交易的行為守則,條款不遜於上市規則附錄十所載的標準守則的規定準則。經本公司作出具體查詢後,全體董事確認彼等於2016年整年一直遵守標準守則所載的規定準則及有關董事進行證券交易的行為守則。

鳴謝

董事藉此機會感謝全體股東及業務夥伴一直以來的鼎力支持,以及感謝本集團全體員工於年內為本集團付出的努力和貢獻。

承董事會命 中國金屬資源利用有限公司 主席 俞建秋

香港,2017年3月30日

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Board is pleased to present this Corporate Governance Report in the Company's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2016.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Group recognizes the vital importance of good corporate governance to the Group's success and sustainability. We are committed to achieving a high standard of corporate governance as an essential component of quality and have introduced corporate governance practices appropriate to the conduct and growth of our business.

Since the Listing Date, the Company has applied the principles of and is in compliance with all code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code as set forth in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules save as disclosed below.

Code Provision A.2.1 provides that the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and Chief Executive should be clearly established and set out in writing. Currently, Mr. Yu Jianqiu is both the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. As Mr. Yu is the founder of the Group and has extensive experience in operations and management, the Board believes that it is in the best interest of the Group to have Mr. Yu taking up both roles for continuous effective management and business development of the Group.

Code provision A.6.7 provides that the independent non-executive Directors and non-executive Directors should attend general meetings of the Company. Code provision E.1.2 provides that the chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting and also invite the chairmen of the audit, remuneration, nomination and any other committees (as appropriate) to attend. In their absence, he should invite another member of the committee or failing this his duly appointed delegate, to attend. These persons should be available to answer questions at the annual general meeting.

企業管治報告

董事會欣然提呈本公司截至2016年12月31日 止年度年報內的企業管治報告。

企業管治常規

本集團認為良好的企業管治對本集團的成功及 持續發展至為重要。本公司致力於維持高水準 的企業管治,作為高質素的重要元素,並引入 適合集團業務運作及發展的企業管治常規。

自上市日期起,除下文所披露外,本公司已應 用上市規則附錄十四所載企業管治守則的原則 並遵守其所有守則條文。

守則條文第A.2.1條規定主席與行政總裁的角色應有區分及不應由一人同時兼任。主席與行政總裁之間的職責分配須清晰訂明並以書面形式列載。現時,俞建秋先生為本公司主席兼行政總裁。由於俞先生為本集團的創辦人並於營運及管理方面擁有豐富經驗,董事會認為,為了本集團的持續有效管理及業務發展而由俞先生擔任該兩個職位,符合本集團的最佳利益。

守則條文第A.6.7條規定,獨立非執行董事及非執行董事應出席本公司股東大會。守則條文第 E.1.2條規定董事會主席應出席股東週年大會,以及亦邀請審核、薪酬、提名及任何其他委員會(如適用)之主席出席。倘彼等缺席,彼應該邀請委員會另一名成員,不然則其正式委任之代表出席。此等人士應在股東週年大會上回答提問。

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

(Continued)

Due to other business engagements, an executive Directors was not able to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 6 June 2016. In the future, the Company has arranged and will continue to arrange to furnish all Directors with appropriate information on all general meetings and take all reasonable measures to arrange the schedule in such a cautious way that all Directors can attend the general meetings.

Key corporate governance principles and practices of the Company as well as details relating to the foregoing deviation are summarized below.

THE BOARD

Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for overall management and control of the Company. The Board's main roles are to provide leadership and to approve strategic policies and plans with a view to enhancing shareholder value. All Directors carry out their duties in good faith and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, taking decisions objectively, and acting in the interests of the Company and its shareholders at all times.

All Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the Company Secretary and senior management, with a view to ensuring that Board procedures and all applicable laws and regulations are followed.

The Board reserves for its decision all major matters of the Company, including: approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of directors and other significant financial and operational matters.

Directors have full and timely access to consult with the Company's senior management independently. Any Director and Board Committee may request independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense, upon making reasonable request to the Board.

企業管治常規(續)

一名執行董事因其他公務,未能出席本公司於 2016年6月6日舉行之股東週年大會。本公司 已安排及將繼續安排向全體董事提供關於所有 股東大會的適當資料,並採取一切合理措施, 以謹慎方式安排時間表,使全體董事能夠出席 股東大會。

本公司主要企業管治原則及常規以及上述偏離 詳情概述如下。

董事會

職員

本公司的整體管理及控制由董事會負責。其主要職責為批准策略政策與計劃,並領導本公司提升股東價值。全體董事忠實地執行職務,並須遵守適用法例及法規,客觀地作出決定以及無時無刻不為本公司及其股東的利益行事。

所有董事均可全面及時地取得所有相關資料, 以及獲得公司秘書與高級管理層的意見及服務,以確保遵守董事會程序及所有適用法例及 法規。

董事會有權就本公司所有重大事項作出決定,包括批准及監察所有政策事宜、整體策略及預算、內部監控及風險管理系統、主要交易(特別是涉及利益衝突者)、財務資料、委任董事及其他重大財務及營運事宜。

董事可全面及時地個別諮詢本公司的高級管理 層。任何董事及董事委員會可於適當情況下, 向董事會作出合理要求以尋求獨立專業意見, 費用由本公司支付。

THE BOARD (Continued)

Responsibilities (Continued)

The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for day-to-day management and operation of the Group to the senior management of the Group. To oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs, the Board has established three Board committees, namely the audit and corporate governance committee (the "Audit and Corporate Governance Committee"), the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee"), the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") (together, the "Board Committees"). The Board has delegated to the Board Committees responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference.

BOARD COMPOSITION

As at the date of this annual report, the directors of the Company were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Yu Jianqiu (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson

Mr. Huang Weiping

Ms. Zhu Yufen

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lee Ting Bun Denny

Mr. Pan Liansheng

Ms. Ren Ruxian

Biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors" in this annual report.

董事會(續)

職責(續)

董事會已將本集團日常管理及經營的權力及責任轉授予本集團的高級管理層。為監督本集團特定範疇的事項,董事會已成立三個董事委員會,即審核及企業管治委員會(「審核及企業管治委員會」)、薪酬委員會(「新酬委員會」)及提名委員會(「提名委員會」)(統稱「董事委員會」)。董事會已根據其各自的職權範圍向董事委員會轉授責任。

董事會的組成

於本年報日期,本公司的董事為:

執行董事

俞建秋先生(主席兼行政總裁)

鄺偉信先生

黃偉萍先生

朱玉芬女士

獨立非執行董事

李廷斌先生

潘連勝先生

任汝嫻女士

董事的履歷詳情載於本年報「董事」一節。

企業管治報告

BOARD COMPOSITION (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Company has been in compliance with the requirements of Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors with at least one independent non-executive director possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has also complied with the requirement of Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of independent nonexecutive directors representing at least one-third of the Board.

Each of the Independent Non-executive Director has confirmed his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company considers each of them to be independent.

All Directors have brought a wide range of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. Moreover, through active participation in Board meetings, taking the lead in managing issues involving potential conflict of interests and serving on Board committees, all independent non-executive directors make various contributions to the effective direction of the Company.

董事會的組成(續)

於截至2016年12月31日止年度內,本公司一直遵守上市規則第3.10(1)及3.10(2)條的規定,內容有關委任最少三名獨立非執行董事,而其中最少一名獨立非執行董事擁有適合的專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。

本公司亦遵守上市規則第3.10A條有關獲委任的獨立非執行董事佔董事會最少三分之一席位的規定。

各獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則第3.13條確認彼之獨立性,而本公司亦認為彼等各人均屬獨立人士。

全體董事為董事會投入寶貴的業務經驗、知識及專業水平,使董事會有效率及效益地運作。此外,透過積極參與董事會會議、帶頭管理涉及潛在利益衝突的事宜及為董事委員會服務,全體獨立非執行董事對本公司的有效業務方針作出多項貢獻。

INDUCTION AND CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The directors have been provided with the relevant training to ensure that they have a proper understanding of the business and operations of the Company and that they are fully aware of their responsibilities and obligations as a director of a listed company as well as the compliance practice under the Listing Rules.

The attendance record of professional trainings received by the Directors is as follows:

Director	Date of attendance of director's training	
Mr. Yu Jianqiu	21 December 2016	
Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson	21 December 2016	
Mr. Huang Weiping	21 December 2016	
Ms. Zhu Yufen	21 December 2016	
Mr. Lee Ting Bun Denny	21 December 2016	
Mr. Pan Liansheng	21 December 2016	
Ms. Ren Ruxian	21 December 2016	

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Code provision A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Mr. Yu Jianqiu is Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. As Mr. Yu is the founder of the Group and has extensive experience in corporate operations and management, the Board believes that it is in the best interest of the Group to have Mr. Yu taking up both roles for continuous effective management and business development of the Group.

The Board considers that the current structure of vesting the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer in the same person will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Company.

就職及持續專業發展

董事已獲提供相關培訓,以確保彼等適當瞭解本公司業務營運以及充份認識到彼等作為上市公司董事的職責及責任以及上市規則項下的合規事項。

董事接受專業培訓的出席記錄如下:

董事	出席董事 培訓的日期
俞建秋先生	2016年12月21日
鄺偉信先生	2016年12月21日
黃偉萍先生	2016年12月21日
朱玉芬女士	2016年12月21日
李廷斌先生	2016年12月21日
潘連勝先生	2016年12月21日
任汝嫻女士	2016年12月21日

主席及行政總裁

根據守則條文第A.2.1條之規定,主席及行政總裁角色應予以區分及由不同人士擔任。

俞建秋先生為本公司董事會主席及本公司行政 總裁。由於俞先生為本集團的創辦人並於企業 營運及管理方面擁有豐富經驗,董事會認為, 為了本集團的持續有效管理及業務發展而由俞 先生擔任兩個角色,符合本集團的最佳利益。

董事會認為現時由同一人士擔任主席及行政總 裁的架構,不會影響本公司董事會與管理層之 間的權力平衡。

企業管治報告

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The appointment of independent non-executive directors, subject to renomination and re-election by the Company in general meeting, shall be for a term of two years unless previously terminated in accordance with the terms and conditions specified in their appointment.

The director's fee specified in the letter of appointment of each of independent non-executive Directors are HK\$200,000 per annum.

All independent non-executive Directors possess extensive academic, professional and/or industry expertise and management experience and have provided their professional advice to the Board.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

None of the directors who is proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has any service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

The rules and procedures governing the appointment, retirement, reelection and removal of directors are set out in the Articles of Association of the Company. The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Board structure, size and composition and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors.

Independent non-executive directors are appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. In accordance with the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting of the Company ("AGM"), at least one third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to, but not less than, one-third) shall retire from office by rotation, provided that each Director shall be subject to retirement at an AGM at least once every three years.

Any new director appointed to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an addition to the existing Board shall be subject to re-election at the next AGM after his appointment.

獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事之委任可由本公司於股東大會 上再提名及重選,任期應為兩年,除非根據彼 等之委任指明之條款及條件提早終止。

獨立非執行董事各自的現有委任函指定的董事 袍金均為每年200,000港元。

全體獨立非執行董事均擁有廣泛的學術、專業 及/或行業專長以及管理經驗,並已向董事會 提供專業意見。

董事的委任及重選

建議於應屆股東週年大會重選的董事概無與本 集團訂立本集團未支付補償(法定補償除外)則 不可於一年內終止之服務合約。

董事之委任、退任、重選及罷免之規則及程序乃載於本公司組織章程細則。提名委員會負責檢討董事會架構、規模及組成及就董事之委任及連任以及繼任計劃向董事會提供建議。

獨立非執行董事根據特定的任期獲委任並可予 重選。根據組織章程細則,於本公司各股東週 年大會(「股東週年大會」)上,當時為數至少三 分之一的董事(或如董事人數並非三或三的倍 數,則須為最接近但不少於三分之一的董事人 數)須輪流退任,惟各董事須最少每三年於股 東週年大會上輪流退任一次。

任何因填補董事會臨時職位空缺而獲委任或現 時董事會增補的新任董事須在接受委任後之下 屆股東週年大會上進行重選。

BOARD MEETINGS

The Board intends to hold board meetings regularly at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals. Notices of not less than fourteen days will be given for all regular board meetings to provide all directors with an opportunity to attend and include matters in the agenda for regular board meetings.

For other Board and Board committee meetings, reasonable notice will generally be given. The agenda and accompanying board papers are dispatched to the directors or Board committee members at least three days before the meetings to ensure that they have sufficient time to review the papers and be adequately prepared for the meetings. When directors or Board committee members are unable to attend a meeting. they will be advised of the matters to be discussed and given an opportunity to make their views known to the chairman prior to the meeting.

Minutes of the Board meetings and Board committee meetings are/will be recorded in sufficient detail to include the matters considered by the Board and the Board committee and the decisions reached, including any concerns raised by the directors. Draft minutes of each Board meeting and Board committee meeting will be sent to the directors for comments within a reasonable time after the date on which the meeting is held.

According to the Articles of Association, a Director shall not vote nor be counted in the quorum on any resolution of the Board approving any contract or arrangement in which he or his associates is materially interested.

董事會會議

董事會擬定期舉行董事會會議,即每年至少舉 行四次會議及大致按季度舉行會議。所有例行 董事會會議通知將於會議舉行前至少14日送呈 全體董事,讓其安排出席會議,並於例行董事 會議議程內載入所要討論的事宜。

就其他董事會及董事委員會會議而言,本公司 一般會發出適當通知。議程及相關董事會文件 將於會議召開前至少3日寄予董事或董事委員 會成員,以確保彼等有充足時間審閱有關文件 及就會議作充分準備。倘董事或董事委員會成 員未能出席會議,則彼等會獲悉將予討論的事 宜及於會議召開前有機會知會主席彼等之意見。

董事會會議及董事委員會會議之會議記錄 會/將會詳盡記錄,以載入董事會及董事委員 會所考慮的事宜及所達致的決定,包括董事提 出的任何問題。各董事會會議及董事委員會會 議之會議記錄草擬本將於會議舉行當日後之合 理時間內寄送至各董事,以供彼等提出意見。

根據組織章程細則,任何董事不得就批准彼或 彼之聯繫人於其中擁有重大權益的任何合約或 安排的任何董事會決議案投票,亦不得計入法 定人數內。

企業管治報告

DIRECTORS' ATTENDANCE RECORDS AT MEETINGS

The annual general meeting was held on 6 June 2016 whilst 12 Board meetings were held during the year ended 31 December 2016 and the attendance of the individual directors at these meetings is set out below.

Name of director	Notes	Annual general meeting attendance	Board meeting attendance
Mr. Yu Jiangiu		1/1	9/9
Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson		1/1	12/12
Mr. Huang Weiping		1/1	10/10
Ms. Zhu Yufen		0/1	12/12
Mr. Lee Ting Bun Denny		1/1	12/12
Mr. Pan Liansheng		1/1	12/12
Ms. Ren Ruxian		1/1	12/12

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted its own Code for Securities Transactions by Officers on terms no less exacting than those set out in the Model Code as its code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions. Specific enquiry has been made of the Company's directors and all the existing directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the period from 1 January 2016 to the date of this annual report.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees have been established with defined written terms of reference, which are posted on the Company's website "http://www.cmru.com.cn" and are available to shareholders upon request. All Board committees report to the Board on their decisions or recommendations.

All Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense.

董事於董事會會議的出席記錄

股東週年大會於2016年6月6日舉行,而於截至2016年12月31日止年度共舉行12次董事會會議,各董事於會議的出席記錄載列如下:

董事姓名	附註	股東週年 大會 出席率	董事會 出席率
俞建秋先生		1/1	9/9
鄺偉信先生		1/1	12/12
黃偉萍先生		1/1	10/10
朱玉芬女士		0/1	12/12
李廷斌先生		1/1	12/12
潘連勝先生		1/1	12/12
任汝嫻女士		1/1	12/12

進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納其自身條款不遜於標準守則的高級職員進行證券交易的守則,作為其有關董事進行證券交易的行為守則。經向本公司董事作出具體查詢後,全體現任董事確認彼等於2016年1月1日至本年報日期之期間已遵守標準守則所載之規定標準。

董事委員會

董事會已成立提名委員會、薪酬委員會及審核及企業管治委員會,以監督本公司特定範疇的事項。所有董事委員會已制訂其書面職權範圍,載於本公司網站「http://www.cmru.com.cn」,並可按要求讓股東查閱。所有董事委員會向董事會匯報其作出的決策或建議。

所有董事委員會獲提供足夠資源履行職務,並 可於適當情況下,作出合理要求以尋求獨立專 業意見,費用由本公司支付。

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee comprises Mr. Lee Ting Bun Denny, Mr. Pan Liansheng and Ms. Ren Ruxian (Chairperson) who are all independent non-executive directors. The functions of the Nomination Committee primarily are to: (i) review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy; (ii) identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; (iii) assess the independence of independent nonexecutive directors; (iv) make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors, in particular the chairman of the Board and the chief executive; and to (v) determine the policy for the nomination of directors, the nomination procedures and the process and criteria adopted to select and recommend candidates for directorship.

On 16 April 2014 the Nomination Committee adopted a board diversity policy in compliance with code provision A.5.6 (the "Board Diversity Policy"). The Board Diversity Policy applies to the Board and sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in maintaining the Company's competitive advantage. The Nomination Committee will review annually the structure, size and composition of the Board and where appropriate, make recommendations on changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy, and will make recommendation to the Board on the measurable objectives for achieving board diversity. The Company aims to maintain an appropriate balance of diversity perspectives of the Board that are relevant to the Company business growth.

提名委員會

於2014年4月16日,提名委員會根據守則條 文第A.5.6條採納董事會成員多元化政策(「董 事會成員多元化政策」)。董事會成員多元化政策 策適用於董事會,並視董事會層面日益多元化 為保持本公司的競爭優勢之關鍵元素。提名 員會將每年審核董事會的架構、規模及 及在適當時候就配合本公司的企業策略提供有 關董事會變更的推薦建議,並將就達致目標的 關董多元化向董事會提出有關可計量目標的 薦建議。本公司致力維持具有與本公司業務增 長相關的適當多元性。

企業管治報告

NOMINATION COMMITTEE (Continued)

The Nomination Committee held two meetings during the year ended 31 December 2016 to, inter alia, (i) review the size and composition of the Board; (ii) assess the independence of the independent non-executive directors and to review that re-appointment of directors; and (iii) discuss other matters related to the foregoing.

Name of director	Number of attendance/ Eligible to attend
Mr. Lee Ting Bun Denny	1/1
Mr. Pan Liansheng	2/2
Ms. Ren Ruxian (appointed on	1/1
30 November 2015)	

The Nomination Committee recommended Mr. Huang Weiping, Ms. Zhu Yufen as executive directors, and Mr. Pan Liansheng as independent non-executive directors of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

提名委員會(續)

於截至2016年12月31日止年度,提名委員會 共舉行兩次會議以(其中包括):(i)審閱董事會 規模及組成;(ii)檢討獨立非執行董事之獨立性 及檢討重新委任董事;及(iii)討論與前述事項相 關的其他事宜。

董事姓名	已出席 次數/ 可出席次數
李廷斌先生 潘連勝先生 任汝嫻女士(於2015年 11月30日獲委任)	1/1 2/2 1/1

提名委員會建議於應屆股東週年大會上重新委 任黃偉萍先生、朱玉芬女士為本公司執行董 事,以及潘連勝先生為本公司獨立非執行董事。

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee comprises Mr. Lee Ting Bun Denny, Mr. Pan Liansheng (Chairperson) and Ms. Ren Ruxian who are all independent non-executive directors.

The duties of the Remuneration Committee include the following: (i) to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all directors' and senior management's remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy; (ii) to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; (iii) either to determine, with delegated responsibility, the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management, or to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management; (iv) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive directors; (v) to consider salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Company and its subsidiaries; (vi) to review and approve compensation payable to executive directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive; (vii) to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate; (viii) to ensure that no director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration; and (ix) to determine the policy for the remuneration of executive directors, assess performance of executive directors and approve the terms of executive directors' service contracts.

Details of the remuneration of each Director for the year ended 31 December 2016 are set out in note 9 to the financial statements contained in this annual report.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會包括李廷斌先生、潘連勝先生(主席)及任汝嫻女士,全部均為獨立非執行董事。

薪酬委員會的職責包括(i)就本公司所有董事及 高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構向董事會提供建 議,以及制訂發展薪酬政策的正式及具锈明度 的程序; (ii)經參考董事會的企業目標及意向 後,審閱及批准管理層的薪酬建議書;(iii)獲轉 授責任釐定個別執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬 待遇或就個別執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬待 遇向董事會作出推薦; (iv) 就非執行董事的薪酬 向董事會作出推薦;(v)考慮同類公司支付的薪 酬、付出的時間及職責、以及本公司及其附屬 公司內其他職位的僱用條件;(vi)檢討及批准向 執行董事及高級管理層就其喪失或終止職務或 委任而須支付的賠償,以確保該等賠償與合約 條款一致;若未能與合約條款一致,賠償亦須 公平合理,不致過多;(vii)檢討及批准因董事行 為失當而解僱或罷免有關董事所涉及的賠償安 排,以確保該等安排與合約條款一致;若未能 與合約條款一致,有關賠償亦須合理適當; (viii) 確保任何董事或其任何連繫人不得參與釐訂其 自身的薪酬;及(ix)釐定執行董事的薪酬政策、 評核執行董事的表現及批准執行董事服務合約 的條款。

各董事於截至2016年12月31日止年度的薪酬 詳情載列於本年報財務報表附註9。

企業管治報告

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (Continued)

Remuneration of senior management other than Directors for the year ended 31 December 2016 are as follow:

薪酬委員會(續)

截至2016年12月31日止年度非董事的高級管理層薪酬如下:

		Number of executive 行政人員數目			
Total remuneration bands	總薪酬範圍	2016 2016年	2015 2015年		
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	_	_		
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	_	_		
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	1	_		
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	2	_		
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	_	_		
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	_	2		
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	-	_		
HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$4,500,000	4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元	-	2		

3 meetings of the Remuneration Committee were held during the year ended 31 December 2016 to review the existing remuneration packages of Directors and senior managements of the Company, to recommend the proposed grant of share option and to recommend the remuneration packages for Directors and senior managements of the Company. The recommended remuneration packages have been approved by the entire Board.

於截至2016年12月31日止年度,薪酬委員會舉行了三次會議,以審核本公司董事及高級管理層之薪酬待遇,建議授出購股權以及建議本公司董事及高級管理層之薪酬待遇。所建議之薪酬待遇已獲全體董事會批准。

Name of director	Number of attendance/ Eligible to attend	董事姓名	已出席 次數/ 可出席次數
Mr. Lee Ting Bun Denny	3/3	李廷斌先生	3/3
Mr. Pan Liansheng	3/3	潘連勝先生	3/3
Ms. Ren Ruxian	2/2	任汝嫻女士	2/2

AUDIT AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

The Audit and Corporate Governance Committee comprises Mr. Lee Ting Bun Denny (Chairperson), Mr. Pan Liansheng and Ms. Ren Ruxian who are all independent non-executive directors.

In relation to reviewing the Company's financial information, the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee's duties mainly are to (i) review the financial statements and reports and consider any significant or unusual items raised by the financial officers of the Group or external auditors before submission to the Board; (ii) review and monitor the external auditors' independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process; (iii) make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditors; and (iv) review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control system and risk management system.

In relation to its corporate governance functions, the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee's responsibilities are (i) to develop, review and update the Company's corporate governance policies and practices and to make recommendations to the Board, (ii) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management, (iii) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, (iv) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and directors, and (v) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

審核及企業管治委員會

審核及企業管治委員會包括李廷斌先生(主席)、潘連勝先生及任汝嫻女士,全部均為獨立 非執行董事。

就審閱本公司的財務資料而言,審核及企業管治委員會的主要職責包括:(i)於呈交董事會前,審閱本集團財務報表及報告,並考慮本集團財務人員或外聘核數師提出之任何重大或非經常項目:(ii)檢討並監控外聘核數師之獨立性、客觀性及審核過程之效率;(iii)就委任、續聘及罷免外聘核數師向董事會提出建議;及(iv)檢討本公司財務報告制度、內部監控制度、風險管理制度是否足夠及有效。

就其企業管治職能而言,審核及企業管治委員會的職責為:(i)制訂、檢討及更新本公司的企業管治政策及常規並向董事會作出建議:(ii)檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展:(iii)檢討及監察本公司就遵守法律及法規規定的政策及常規:(iv)制訂、檢討及監察適用於員工及董事的操守守則及合規手冊;及(v)檢討本公司是否遵守企業管治守則及於本企業管治報告的披露。

企業管治報告

AUDIT AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE (Continued)

Three meetings of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee were held during the Year. The work performed by the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee during the Year included the following:

- reviewed the annual report and results announcement of the Company for the years ended 31 December 2015;
- reviewed the interim report and interim results announcements of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2016;
- reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and other financial reporting matters;
- reviewed the results of external audit and had discussion with external auditors on any significant findings and audit issues;
- reviewed the results of internal audit and had discussion with internal auditors on any significant findings and internal control issues;
- discussed with the external auditors before the audit commenced, the nature and scope of the audit and the respective relevant issues; and
- considered and approved the service contract of the auditors for the Year.

審核及企業管治委員會(續)

年內審核及企業管治委員會共舉行三次會議。 審核及企業管治委員會於本年度進行的工作包 括以下各項:

- 審閱本公司截至2015年12月31日止年 度的年報及業績公告;
- 審閱本公司截至2016年6月30日止六個 月的中期報告及中期業績公告;
- 審閱本集團所採納的會計政策及慣例和 其他財務申報事宜;
- 審閱外部審核結果,並就任何重大發現及 審計事宜與外聘核數師進行討論;
- 審閱內部審核的結果,並就任何重大發現 及其他內部監控事宜與內部核數師進行 討論;
- 於審核開始前與外聘核數師討論審核的 性質及範圍以及各有關事宜;及
- 考慮及批准本年度的核數師服務合約。

Number of attendance/		已出席 次數/
Eligible to attend	董事姓名	可出席次數
3/3	李廷斌先生	3/3
3/3	潘連勝先生	3/3
3/3	任汝嫻女士	3/3
	attendance/ Eligible to attend	attendance/ Eligible to attend 董事姓名 3/3 李廷斌先生 3/3 潘連勝先生

There had been no disagreement between the Board and the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee during the year ended 31 December 2016.

截至2016年12月31日止年度,董事會與審核及企業管治委員會之間並無分歧。

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

KPMG was re-appointed as our external auditor by shareholders at the 2016 AGM until the conclusion of the 2017 AGM. It is primarily responsible for providing audit services in connection with the annual consolidated financial statements.

An analysis of the remuneration paid or payable to KPMG is set out below:

核數師酬金

畢馬威會計師事務所於2016年股東週年大會獲股東重選為外聘核數師,任期至2017年股東週年大會為止。其主要職責為就全年綜合財務報表提供審核服務。

支付或應付予畢馬威會計師事務所的酬金分析 載列如下:

		Year ended 31 December 2016 截至 2016年 12月31日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Year ended 31 December 2015 截至2015年 12月31日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Audit services (audit fee for the year ended 31 December 2016 and 2015) Internal control consultancy fees	審核服務(截至2016年及2015年 12月31日止年度之審核費) 內部監控諮詢費	2,750 334	2,496 441

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 which give a true and fair view of the affairs of the Company and the Group and of the Group's results and cash flows.

The management has provided to the Board such explanation and information as are necessary to enable the Board to carry out an informed assessment of the Company's financial statements, which are put to the Board for approval. The Company provides all members of the Board with monthly updates on the Company's performance, positions and prospects.

The Directors have made an assessment on the liquidity position of the Group as to whether the Group is able to continue as a going concern for at least the twelve months from the end of the reporting period. The material uncertainties considered by the Directors are set out on Note 2(b) to the consolidated financial statements. The Directors are in the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statement on a going concern basis.

董事就財務報表的財務報告責任

董事確認彼等編製截至2016年12月31日止年度財務報表的責任,其真實公平地反映本公司及本集團的事務,以及本集團的業績及現金流量。

管理層已向董事會提供所需的解釋及資料,使 董事會能夠就提呈董事會批准的本公司財務報 表作出知情的評估。本公司就其表現、狀況及 前景向董事會所有成員提供每月更新。

董事已基於本集團的流動資金狀況評估本集團 能否於報告期末起計接下來至少十二個月持續 經營。董事已考慮的重大不明朗因素已載於綜 合財務報告表附註2(b)。董事認為按持續經營 基準編製綜合財務報表乃屬合適。

企業管治報告

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges that it is the responsibility of the Board to maintain an adequate internal control system to safeguard shareholder investments and Company assets and review the effectiveness of such system on an annual basis.

The Board has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Company and considers the internal control system to be effective and adequate.

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against its directors.

The Board has established an internal audit function, which reports directly to the Audit Committee to determine whether the internal control procedures are properly carried out throughout the year.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges that it is responsible for the risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness on an ongoing basis. Such risk management and internal control systems are designed for managing risks rather than eliminating the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board has delegated its responsibilities (with relevant authorities) of risk management and internal control to the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee. The Audit and Corporate Governance (on behalf of the Board) oversees management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems, and management has provided a confirmation to the Risk Management Committee (and the Board) on the effectiveness of these systems for the year ended 31 December 2016.

During 2016, the Group has engaged an external consultant to provide assistance in the development of a structured approach to risk management and perform internal control review.

內部監控

董事會確認,董事會須負責維持充分的內部監控制度,以保障股東的投資及本公司的資產, 並每年審閱該制度之有效性。

董事會已審查本公司內部監控制度的有效性,並認為內部監控制度屬有效及充足。

本公司已為各董事安排適當的保險,使其面對 訴訟時可獲得保障。

董事會已設立內部審核職能並直接向審核委員 會匯報,以確定內部監控程序已於年內適當地 予以執行。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會確認對風險管理及內部監控制度負責,內有責任持續檢討其有效性。該風險管理及務等。 部監控制度旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務自標的風險,而且就避免重大的失實陳述或董事關內。 其風險管理及內部監控的職責(與相關及企業管治委員會(代表董事會)監督管理層型內部監控制度的設計、實施及監察,不管理層已向風險管理委員會(及董事會)確至2016年12月31日止年度有關制度行之有效。

於2016年,本集團已委聘外部顧問協助就風險 管理制訂結構性方針及對內部監控進行檢討。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

(Continued)

Main features of the risk management and internal control systems

The Group's risk governance structure and the main responsibilities of each level of the structure are summarised below:

Board

- Determines the business strategies and objectives of the Group, and evaluates and determines the nature and extent of risks it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives;
- Ensures that the Group establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems; and
- Oversees management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

Audit and Corporate Governance Committee

- Assists the Board to perform its responsibilities of risk management and internal control systems;
- reviews the Company's corporate governance policies and practices (including risk management policy) and to make recommendations to the Board;
- Ensures the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions; and
- Considers key matters on risk management and internal control, and reports and makes recommendations to the Board.

風險管理及內部監控(續)

風險管理及內部監控制度的主要特徵

本集團之風險管治架構以及架構內各階層的主 要職責簡介如下:

董事會

- 釐定本集團之業務策略與目標,及評估並 釐定本集團達成策略目標時所願意接納 的風險性質及程度;
- 確保本集團建立及維持合適及有效的風險管理及內部監控制度;及
- 監督管理層對風險管理及內部監控制度的設計、實施及監察。

審核及企業管治委員會

- 協助董事會執行其風險管理及內部監控 的職責;
- 檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規(包括 風險管理政策)及向董事會作出建議;
- 確保本集團在會計、內部審核及財務匯報 職能方面有足夠的資源、員工資歷與經 驗、員工培訓課程,以及有關預算;及
- 考慮有關風險管理及內部監控事宜的重要調查結果,並向董事會匯報及作出建議。

企業管治報告

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

(Continued)

Main features of the risk management and internal control systems (Continued)

Management

- Designs, implements and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems;
- Identifies, evaluates and manages the risks that may potentially impact the major processes of the operations;
- Monitors risks and takes measures to mitigate risks in day-to-day operations;
- Gives prompt responses to, and follow up on risk management and internal control matters; and
- Provides confirmation to the Board and Audit Committee on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems.

Internal control consultant

 Reports to the Audit Committee the findings of the internal control review and makes recommendations to the Board and management to improve the material systems deficiencies or control weaknesses identified.

風險管理及內部監控(續)

風險管理及內部監控制度的主要特徵(續)

管理層

- 設計、實施及維持合適及有效的風險管理及內部監控制度;
- 識別、評估及管理可能對營運之主要程序 構成潛在影響之風險;
- 監察風險並採取措施降低日常營運風險;
- 對有關風險管理及內部監控事宜作出及時的回應及跟進;及
- 向董事會及審核委員會提供有關風險管理及內部監控制度是否有效的確認。

內部監控顧問

 向審核委員會匯報內部監控審閱結果並 向董事會及管理層作出建議,以改善制度 之重大不足之處或所發現之監控缺失。

HANDLING AND DISSEMINATION OF INSIDE INFORMATION

For the purpose of handling and disseminating inside information in accordance with the Listing Rules and the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong), the Group has taken various procedures and measures, including arousing the awareness to preserve confidentiality of inside information within the Group, sending blackout period and securities dealing restrictions notification to the relevant directors and employees regularly, disseminating information to specified persons on a need-to-know basis and regarding closely to the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" issued by the Securities and Futures Commission in June 2012.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group was in compliance with all the laws and regulations applicable to the business operations of the Group.

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Company considers that effective communication with shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company also recognizes the importance of transparency and timely disclosure of corporate information, which enables shareholders and investors to make the best investment decisions.

To promote effective communication, the Company maintains a website at "http://www.cmru.com.cn", where extensive information and updates on the Group's business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access.

處理及發佈內幕消息

就根據上市規則及香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例處理及發佈內幕消息而言,本集團已採取多項程序及措施,包括提高本集團對內幕消息保密的意識、定期向有關董事及僱員發送禁售期及證券交易限制的通知、在需要知情基礎上向指定人員發佈信息及嚴格遵守證券及期貨事務監察委員會於2012年6月頒佈的「內幕消息披露指引」。

遵守法律及法規

截至2016年12月31日止年度,本集團遵守本集團業務經營適用的所有法律及法規。

與股東及投資者溝通

本公司認為,與股東保持有效溝通,對促進投資者關係及加深投資者對本集團業務表現及策略了解至為重要。本公司亦明白保持透明度和適時披露公司資料的重要性,因其有利於股東及投資者作出最佳投資決策。

為進行有效溝通,本公司設有網站 「http://www.cmru.com.cn」,本集團 業務發展及運作、財務資料、企業管治常 規及其他資料及其最新情況均載於該網站 供公眾查閱。

企業管治報告

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS (Continued)

Shareholders and investors may send written enquiries or requests to the Company as follows:

Address: Unit 908, China Merchants Tower,

168–200 Connaught Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong (For the attention of Corporate Communications Department)

Fax: +852 2587 7199 Email: ir@cmru.com.cn

Enquiries are dealt with in an informative and timely manner.

The Board welcomes views of shareholders and encourages them to attend general meetings to raise any concerns they might have with the Board or the management directly. Board members and appropriate senior staff of the Group are available at the meetings to answer any questions raised by shareholders.

The Company continues to enhance communication and relationship with its investors.

Designated senior management maintains regular dialogue with institutional investors and analysts to keep them informed of the Group's developments.

During the year ended 31 December 2016, there had been no change in the constitutional documents of the Company.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The company secretary of the Company is Mr. Cheung Ying Kwan, whose biography details are set out in the section headed "Directors and senior management" in this annual report. Mr. Cheung has been informed of the requirement of the Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, and he confirmed that he had attained no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 December 2016.

與股東及投資者溝通(續)

股東及投資者可按以下方式將書面查詢或要求 寄發至本公司:

地址: 香港上環干諾道中 168-200號

招商局大廈908室

(抬頭請註明企業傳訊部)

傳真: +852 2587 7199 電郵: ir@cmru.com.cn

本公司將盡快處理及詳細解答查詢。

董事會歡迎股東提出意見,並鼓勵彼等出席股東大會以直接就其對董事會或管理層的任何存疑作出提問。董事會成員及本集團相關高級職員會出席大會,解答股東的任何提問。

本公司繼續加強與投資者的溝通及彼此之間的關係。

本公司指定高級管理層會定期與機構投資者及 分析員會談,以知會彼等本集團的發展。

截至2016年12月31日止年度,本公司之憲章 文件並無變動。

公司秘書

本公司之公司秘書為張應坤先生,其履歷詳情 載於本年報「董事及高級管理層」一節。張先生 已知悉上市規則第3.29條之規定,而彼確認於 截至2016年12月31日止年度,已出席不少於 15小時之相關專業培訓。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

To safeguard shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolutions are proposed at shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual directors, for shareholders' consideration and voting.

Under article 58 of the Articles of Association, the Company's shareholders may convene an extraordinary general meeting or put forward proposals at shareholders' meetings pursuant to the Articles of Association. Any one or more shareholder(s) holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary, require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition.

Shareholders may put forward proposals for consideration at a general meeting in accordance with the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and the Articles of Association.

As regards proposing a person for election as a director, the procedures are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

For the avoidance of doubt, shareholder(s) must deposit and send the original duly signed written requisition, notice or statement, or enquiry (as the case may be) to the Company and provide their full name, contact details and identification in order to give effect thereto. Shareholders' information may be disclosed as required by law.

The Company has not made any changes to its Articles of Association throughout the year ended 31 December 2016. An up-to-date version of the Articles of Association is available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website. Shareholders may refer to the Articles of Association for further details of their rights.

All resolutions put forward at shareholders' meetings will be voted by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and the poll voting results will be posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (http://www.cmru.com.cn) immediately after the relevant general meetings.

股東權利

為了保障股東權益及權利,股東大會上會就各重大事項(包括選舉個別董事)提呈獨立決議案,供股東考慮及投票。

股東可根據開曼群島公司法及組織章程細則於股東大會上提呈建議書,以供股東大會考慮。

有關提名人士參選董事的程序可於本公司及聯 交所網站覽閱。

為免生疑問,股東須將妥為簽署的書面要求、 通知或聲明或查詢(視情況而定)的正本存放於 及寄發至本公司,並提供彼等的全名、聯絡詳 情及身份,以便本公司回覆。股東資料可能根 據法律規定而予以披露。

本公司於截至2016年12月31日止年度並無對 其組織章程細則作出任何變動。組織章程細則 的最新版本可在本公司網站及聯交所網站查 閱。股東亦可參考組織章程細則以取得有關其 權利的詳情。

根據上市規則,所有在股東大會提呈的決議案均將以投票方式表決,且投票表決結果將緊隨有關股東大會召開後於聯交所網站(www.hkexnews.hk)及本公司網站(http://www.cmru.com.cn)刊登。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

This is China Metal Resources Utilization Limited's (referred to in this report as "Group" or "the Group" or "the Company") (Stock code: 1636) first annual Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) report. The report covers the financial year ended 31 December 2016 and discloses information on the Group's ESG management approach, strategy, priorities and objectives.

The report explains how the Group complies with the "comply or explain" provisions of the ESG Reporting Guide in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (HKEX ESG Reporting Guide). This report has been reviewed and approved by the Group's Board of Directors.

The content of the report focuses on material sustainability areas — based on the Group's most significant economic, environmental and social impacts, as well as the areas that are of the greatest interest or concern to stakeholders — identified through a comprehensive materiality assessment, which included stakeholder engagement.

REPORTING SCOPE

This report covers the Group's core businesses, including recycled copper products, power transmission and distribution cables, communication cables and aluminum products. Investment in associates of the Group are not covered by this report.

This report highlights the Group's sustainability effort in environmental area and social area.

此乃中國金屬資源利用有限公司(於本報告中稱為「集團」、「本集團」或「本公司」)(股份代號:1636)的首份環境、社會及管治(ESG)年度報告。本報告涵蓋截至2016年12月31日止財政年度的工作,並披露本集團有關環境、社會及管治的管理方針、策略、優先次序及目標的資料。

本報告闡明本集團如何遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則附錄27的環境、社會及管治報告指引的「不遵守就解釋」條文(聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引)。本報告經本集團董事會審閱及批准。

根據本集團於經濟、環境及社會範疇上最顯著 的影響,以及利益相關者最關注的事宜,本報 告的內容集中於可持續的重要性議題,並透過 牽涉利益相關者參與其中的全面實質性評估而 撰寫。

報告範疇

本報告涵蓋本集團的核心業務,包括再生銅產品、送配電纜、通信電纜及鋁製品。本報告並 未涵蓋本集團於聯營公司的投資。

本報告重點列出本集團於環境及社會範疇可持 續發展的努力。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

MATERIALITY

We conducted a comprehensive materiality assessment that included focus groups, interviews and a survey of internal and external stakeholders to identify issues that reflect significant economic, environmental and social impacts of our business, and the issues that matter most to our stakeholders. Based on the results of this assessment, we have identified the following 3 material areas for inclusion in this report: Environmental Area, Social Area and Community Investment.

(A) Environmental Area

Environmental policies and performance

The Company regularly keeps track of the latest national and regional environmental laws and regulations, complies with relevant laws and rules such as the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China (中華人民共和國環境保護法), the Environmental Impact Assessment Law of the People's Republic of China (中華人民共和國環境影響評價法) and the Prevention and Control of Environmental Noise Pollution of the People's Republic of China (中華人民共和國環境影響評價法) and the Prevention and Control of Environmental Noise Pollution of the People's Republic of China (中華人民共和國環境解語方染防治法), and takes various measures to achieve better performance in environmental protection that covers daily production activities. During the year, the Company has not been subject to any fines or related litigation in relation to environmental pollution.

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group actively promoted the use of new technologies, new processes and new materials to maximize material savings, environmental protection and pollution reduction.

重要性

我們進行了一項全面的重要性評估,包括聚焦小組、面談以及對內部與外部利益相關者進行問卷調查,以識別反映我們的業務產生的重大經濟、環境及社會影響的議題,以及利益相關者最關注的議題。基於本次評估的結果,我們已識別以下3個重要性議題,並陳述於本報告內:環境範疇、社會範疇及社區投資。

(A) 環境範疇

一 環境政策及表現

本公司定期追蹤了解最新國家及地區環境保護法律及法規,遵守中人民共和國環境保護法及中華人民和國環境影響評價法及中華人民 共和國環境噪聲污染防治法等開 法律條例,並採取多項措施以之 開關 法律條例,並採取多項措施以之 最關 法律 作 常生產活動之更高水平未 關 保表現。於年內,本公司並未 關訴 公。

截至2016年12月31日止年度,本 集團積極促進採用新技術、新流程 及材料,以最大程度節省材料、保 護環境及減少污染。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

環境、社會及管治報告

MATERIALITY (Continued)

(A) Environmental Area (Continued)

Savage of resources

To save the usage of electricity, the plant reduce usage of the air conditioning system and gradually shift to use energy saving lamp which can meet our lighting requirement.

We are committed to follow environmentally responsible practices and have adopted measures to lower the impact and risk of our operations on the environment. We monitor our compliance with applicable environmental regulations relating to noise and solid waste discharge and have established an environmental control system pursuant to the applicable regulations.

Our environmental control system consists of three major components, namely dust precipitation system, smoke reduction system and wastewater processing system. Dust precipitation system and smoke reduction system are used for removal of dust and smoke generated in our production processes, and wastewater processing system is used for wastewater treatment and disposal.

In addition, we have adopted environmental protection manuals to govern environmental related matters of the Group, including standard procedures for waste management. We also have an environmental officer at each of our operating subsidiaries to ensure implementation and compliance of the environmental protection manuals.

(B) Social Area

Employment policy

The Company regularly keeps track of and updates the laws and regulations of the relevant countries and regions of the employees, strictly abides by the relevant laws and regulations such as the "Labor Law of the People's Republic of China" (中華人民共和國勞動合同法), and sign labor contracts with all regular employees to protect the legitimate rights and interests of employees. We audit and verify staff identity during the recruitment process to ensure that no child labor is employed. We does not employ any staff aged under 16. During the employment process, the applicants should provide their identity card as a proof.

重要性(續)

(A) 環境範疇(續)

一 節約資源

為節約用電,廠房減少使用空調系統,並逐步換用可滿足我們照明需求的節能燈。

我們致力於遵從環境負責的做法,並已採取措施減少我們的營運對環境造成的影響及風險。我們監控自身是否遵守與噪音及固體廢棄物排放有關的適用環境法規,並根據適用法規設立環境控制系統。

我們的環境控制系統由三個主要部分組成,即除塵系統、煙氣還原系統及污水處理系統。除塵系統及煙氣還原系統用於去除我們的生產流程中產生的煙塵,而污水處理系統則用於處理和處置污水。

此外,我們已採納環保手冊以監管本集團的環境相關事宜,包括廢物管理的標準程序。我們亦在各營運附屬公司設有一名環境主任,確保實施及遵守環保手冊。

(B) 社會範疇

- 僱傭政策

本公司定期追蹤了解及更新僱員所, 在相關國家及地區的法律及法裁 中華人民共和國勞動合同法之 對動合同,保障員工式法權 對動合同,保障員工合法權份 資 於招聘過程中,我們對員工任任任 息 核們不僱傭未滿 16 歲的任何何 大條備過程中,求職者應提供 被等的身份證,以作證明。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

MATERIALITY (Continued)

(B) Social Area (Continued)

Employment policy (Continued)

We support equal opportunities. Our employment practices do not discriminate on grounds of gender, disability, pregnancy, family status, religion, age, sexual orientation, national origin, trade union membership or other conditions recognized in law. About 25% of our staff aged over 45. All new employees are advised of relevant policies and guidelines of the Group. The employee induction process for new hires includes extensive guidance on anti-corruption measures and the whistle blower policies.

We attach great importance to the protection of rights and interests for employees, strictly comply with the relevant provisions of national and local employee rights and interests. The provisions of the Company's constitution expressly specifies the working hours, rest and leave, labor protection and so on to encourage employees to maintain work-life balance and ensure that the whole company is free of any compulsory labor.

Protection to employees

The Company has been committed to providing employees with a safe working environment, paying tremendous attention to employees' own health, strictly abiding by the relevant laws and regulations such as the "Labor Law of the People's Republic of China" (中華人民共和國勞動法) and the "Regulations on Work-Related Injury Insurance" (工傷保險條例).

The Company has bought a commercial supplementary insurance for employees on top of the national requirements of acquiring five insurance policies and contributing housing provident funds. In the event of industrial accidents, the Company will submit an application to the local human resources and social security department to identify the employment injuries for employees.

重要性(續)

(B) 社會範疇(續)

- 僱傭政策(續)

我們重視員工權益保障,嚴格遵守國家及地方員工權益的相關規定。 本公司規章制度明文規定工作時間、休息休假、勞動保護等內容, 鼓勵員工勞逸結合,保證全公司無 強制勞動。

一 員工保護

本公司一直致力於為員工提供安全 的工作環境,重視員工自身的身體 健康,嚴格遵守中華人民共和國勞 動法及工傷保險條例等相關法律法 規。

本公司在國家規定的五險一金基礎 上,為員工購買了商業補充保險。 如發生工傷意外,本公司將積極向 當地人力資源和社會保障部門提出 申請,為員工認定工傷。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

環境、社會及管治報告

MATERIALITY (Continued)

(B) Social Area (Continued)

Training policy

We consider growth of our employees as the key to sustainable business growth. We recruit personnel from the open market and a large number of our employees are disabled persons. We provide technical as well as operational training to our new employees and on-going training for all employees.

Assurance for Quality Goods

Product quality control

We have devoted effort on quality control of product. To assure the quality of product. We have performed several quality check before the products delivered to the customers.

We are committed to ensure that our products are safe and comply with the industrial standard.

Warehouse for storage are always clean and do not omit pollutants and other pollution sources.

Warehouse management
 We delivered our products on a "first-arrive, first-leave" system.

Supply chain management

We have also devoted efforts on quality control of the raw materials purchased to ensure their quality meet the requirement of our production. The inhouse team of the Group possesses extensive experience in the comprehensive screening and examining the supply chain and quality of raw materials.

(C) Community Investment

We are committed to fostering positive relationships with the communities in which we operate, including by engaging in volunteer work to support their long-term development.

重要性(續)

(B) 社會範疇(續)

- 培訓政策

我們深信員工發展對可持續業務發 展至為關鍵。本集團在公開市場招 聘人士,並且有大量員工均為殘疾 人士。本集團為新僱員提供技術及 業務培訓,並對所有員工提供持續 培訓。

保證商品質量

一 產品質量控制

我們重視產品的質量控制。為確保 產品質量,在產品交付予客戶前, 我們會進行多次質量檢查。

我們致力於確保我們的產品安全及 符合行業標準。

倉庫隨時保持整潔,不遺漏污染物 及其他污染源。

一 倉庫管理

我們按「先到先出」制度交付產品。

一 供應鏈管理

我們亦重視所採購原材料的質量控制,確保質量滿足我們的生產需求。本集團的內部團隊於全面篩選及檢查供應鏈及原材料質量方面擁有豐富經驗。

(C) 社區投資

我們致力於與我們經營所在社區發展良好的關係,包括參與志願者工作,支持社區長期發展。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告



Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of China Metal Resources Utilization Limited

(Incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Metal Resources Utilization Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 86 to 201, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2016 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Cayman Islands and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致中國金屬資源利用有限公司列位股東的 獨立核數師報告

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

吾等已審核第86至201頁所載之中國金屬資源利用有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於2016年12月31日之綜合財務狀況表及截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

吾等認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據國際會計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈的國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」)真實而公平地反映 貴集團於2016年12月31日的綜合財務狀況,及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例的相關披露規定妥為編製。

意見基礎

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行吾等之審核工作。吾等就該等準則承擔之責任於本報告「核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔的責任」中進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會的專業會計師道德守明則(「守則」)連同開曼群島與我們審核綜合財務報,表有關的任何道德規定,吾等獨立於貴集團,表有關的任何道德規定及守則中的其他道德及及吾等已履行該等規定及守則中的其他道德及任。吾等相信,吾等所獲得之審核憑證充足及適當,可為吾等之意見提供基礎。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 2(b) to the consolidated financial statements, which discloses that the Group incurred a net loss of RMB311,618,000 for the year ended 31 December 2016 and, as of that date, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RMB16,510,000. Note 2(b) also discloses that the Group had convertible bonds with principal amount of USD32,610,000 that would mature on 13 April 2017 and overdue entrusted loans of RMB 299,116,000 which constituted cross breach of other interest bearing borrowings. As stated in Note 2(b), these conditions indicate existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Recognition of trading revenue

Refer to note 4 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in note 2(v) on page 120.

與持續經營相關的重大不確定因素

在不修訂吾等意見的情況下,吾等提請注意綜合財務報表附註2(b),當中披露 貴集團截至2016年12月31日止年度錄得虧損淨額人民幣311,618,000元,而於該日,貴集團的流動負債超過其流動資產人民幣16,510,000元。附註2(b)亦披露 貴集團擁有本金額為32,610,000美元的可換股債券,將於2017年4月13日到期,並擁有逾期委託貸款人民幣299,116,000元,該等逾期委託貸款構成其他計息借款的交叉違約。如附註2(b)所述,該等情況表明存在重大不確定因素,可能對 貴集團的持續經營能力構成重大疑問。

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項乃根據吾等的職業判斷,對當前期間的綜合財務報表的審核最為重要的事項。此等事項乃於吾等審核整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理,而吾等不會對此等事項提供單獨意見。除與持續經營相關的重大不確定因素一節所述事項外,吾等認為下列事項為報告中溝通的關鍵審核事項。

貿易營業額的確認

參閱綜合財務報表附註4及第120頁附註2(v)的會計政策。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

The Group's principal activities are the manufacturing, sale and trading of copper and related products.

貴集團的主要業務活動為銅及相關產品的生產、銷售及貿易。

In response to the decrease in the demand for copper products and the reduction in value added tax refunds, the Group significantly reduced its manufacturing activities during the year ended 31 December 2016 and has focused on the trading of electrolytic copper and related products.

為應對銅產品需求下降及增值稅退稅減少的局面, 貴集團截至 2016年12月31日止年度已大幅減少其生產活動,並已專注於 電解銅及相關產品的貿易。 How the matter was addressed in our audit 吾等的審核如何處理該事項

Our audit procedures to assess the recognition of trading revenue included the following:

吾等就評估貿易營業額確認採用的審核程序包括下 列各項:

 obtaining an understanding of the processes relating to the recognition of trading revenue and assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over the recording of trading revenue;

了解與貿易營業額確認有關的程序及對記錄貿 易營業額的關鍵內部監控的設計、執行及操作 效率進行評估:

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued) **Recognition of trading revenue** (Continued)

關鍵審核事項(續) 貿易營業額的確認(續)

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項 How the matter was addressed in our audit 吾等的審核如何處理該事項

For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group recorded total revenue of RMB4,933 million of which trading revenue accounted for RMB3,522 million, representing 71% of total revenue.

截至2016年12月31日止年度, 貴集團錄得總營業額人民幣 4,933,000,000元,其中貿易營業額達人民幣3,522,000,000元, 佔總營業額的71%。

As part of its trading businesses, the Group purchases electrolytic copper and related products from suppliers through online copper trading platforms and the underlying goods are kept in independent warehouses before delivery to the customers. Trading revenue is recognised when the delivery order is provided to the customer upon which the risks and rewards of the ownership of the copper products sold are considered to have been transferred.

作為其貿易業務的一部分, 貴集團通過在線銅貿易平台向供應 商購買電解銅及相關產品,而相關貨物於交付予客戶之前存放 於獨立的倉庫內。當向客戶提供提貨單時(即所售銅產品的所有 權風險及回報被視為已轉移時)確認貿易營業額。

We identified recognition of trading revenue as a key audit matter because revenue is one of the key performance indicators of the Group which gives rise to an inherent risk that revenue could be subject to manipulation to meet expectations or targets.

吾等將貿易營業額的確認視為一項關鍵審核事項,乃因營業額 是 貴集團的一項重要表現指標,會引致收入可能被篡改而達 到預期或目標的內在風險。 inspecting a sample of sales contracts to identify key terms and conditions and the point at which the Group is considered to have transferred the risks and rewards of the copper products sold and assessing the Group's accounting policies for revenue recognition with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards;

抽樣檢查銷售合約以確定主要條款及條件, 及 貴集團被視為已轉讓所售銅產品的風險及 回報的時間點,並參考現行會計標準,評 估 貴集團有關營業額確認的會計政策;

- comparing a sample of revenue transactions recognised during the year with the sales contracts, sales invoices, delivery orders and other relevant underlying documentation; 比較年內已確認營業額交易樣本與銷售合約、 銷售發票、交貨單及其他相關文件;
- comparing a sample of revenue transactions recorded around the year end with the sales contracts, sales invoices, delivery orders and other relevant underlying documentation to assess if the related revenue was recorded in the appropriate accounting period;

通過比較年末前後所記錄的營業額交易樣本與 銷售合約、銷售發票、交貨單及其他相關文 件,以評估相關營業額是否記入合適的會計期 間:

 comparing the details of a sample of journal entries posted to revenue accounts during the year, which met certain specific risk-based criteria, with the relevant underlying documentation.

比較年內按若干特定風險標準劃分至收益賬的 分類賬樣本與相關文件之詳情。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Assessing the recoverability of advance payments to suppliers

Refer to note 21 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting judgements and estimates in note 3b(i) on page 125.

關鍵審核事項(續) 評估勢付供應商款項的可回收性

參閱綜合財務報表附註21及第125頁附註3b(i)的會計判斷及估計。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

The Group has made significant advance payments to suppliers in order to secure the supply of raw materials. These advances were principally for scrap copper prior to 2016 and principally for copper rods in 2016 for the Group's manufacturing operations. The balance of advance payments to suppliers has increased over recent years from RMB142 million as at 31 December 2014 to RMB402 million and RMB605 million as at 31 December 2015 and 2016 respectively. As a result of the decrease in the scale of the Group's manufacturing activities in 2016, there has been limited utilisation of these balances since they were advanced and the average ageing of these balances has increased.

貴集團向供應商墊付巨額款項,以確保原材料供應。此等墊款主要為 貴集團的生產營運而作出,於2016年之前為廢銅,而於2016年則為銅棒。向供應商支付的墊款結餘近年來有所增加:由2014年12月31日的人民幣142,000,000元分別增加至2015及2016年12月31日的人民幣402,000,000元及人民幣605,000,000元。由於貴集團的生產活動規模於2016年縮小,該等結餘的使用有限,乃因其墊付性質及平均賬齡增加所致。

Management assesses the recoverability of advance payments to suppliers with reference to the credit standing of the suppliers and their past histories of the supply of goods to the Group.

管理層經參考供應商的信貸狀況及彼等過往向 貴集團供應貨品的歷史,評估墊付供應商款項的可回收性。

How the matter was addressed in our audit 吾等的審核如何處理該事項

Our audit procedures to assess the recoverability of advance payments to suppliers included the following:

吾等就評估墊付供應商款項的可回收性採用的審核 程序包括下列各項:

- assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over the monitoring and utilisation of advance payments to suppliers and making provisions for advance payments to suppliers;
 - 對監察及使用墊付供應商款項及就墊付供應商 款項作出撥備的主要內部監控的設計、執行及 操作效率進行評估;
- assessing whether individual advance payments to suppliers were correctly categorised in the ageing report by comparing a sample of individual items with relevant underlying documents, which included contracts and bank remittance slips;
 - 通過比較個別項目樣本與相關文件(包括合約及銀行匯款提款單),評估個別墊付供應商款項於賬齡報告中的分類是否正確;

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Assessing the recoverability of advance payments to suppliers (Continued)

關鍵審核事項(續) 評估勢付供應商款項的可回收性(續)

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

We identified assessing the recoverability of advance payments to suppliers as a key audit matter because the limited utilisation and ageing of the balances increases the risk that they may not be recovered and because the advances are to many individuals and private companies and therefore significant management judgement is required to be exercised to assess their recoverability which can be inherently uncertain.

吾等將墊付供應商款項的可收回性視為關鍵審核事項,乃因該 等結餘的用途受限及其賬齡增加了其可能無法回收的風險,而 因墊款乃向眾多個人及私人公司作出,故評估其可回收性時須 管理層作出重大判斷,而這存在內在的不確定性。 How the matter was addressed in our audit 吾等的審核如何處理該事項

- assessing the recoverability of a sample of advance payments to suppliers with reference to the ageing analysis of the balances, the past history of each supplier, including previous defaults or delays in the delivery of goods, settlement records and post year end deliveries; 參考結餘的賬齡分析、各供應商過往歷史(包括過往違約或延遲交付貨品)、結算記錄及年未交付記錄,評估墊付供應商款項樣本的可回收性;
- conducting site visits to a sample of suppliers to assess the existence of the suppliers and whether their operations appeared to be commensurate with the level of the Group's business with those suppliers;

對供應商進行抽樣實地考察,以評估供應商的 現狀及彼等的經營是否與 貴集團與此等供應 商開展的業務水平相當:

performing a retrospective review by comparing management's assessment of the recoverability of advance payments to suppliers as at 31 December 2015 with actual utilisation and recoveries of these balances in the current year.
 通過將管理層對2015年12月31日墊付供應商款項可回收性的評估與該等結餘於本年度的實際使用及收回情況作比較,進行追溯性檢討。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Assessing potential impairment of property, plant and equipment

Refer to note 12 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in note 2(k)(ii) on page 108.

關鍵審核事項(續) 評估物業、廠房及設備的潛在減值

參閱綜合財務報表附註12及第108頁附註2(k)(ii)的會計政策。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

The Group held significant property, plant and equipment ("PPE") with a carrying value of RMB407 million as at 31 December 2016, which principally comprised buildings of RMB269 million and plant and machinery of RMB135 million.

貴集團擁有大量物業、廠房及設備(「物業、廠房及設備」),於2016年12月31日的賬面值為人民幣407,000,000元,其中主要包括樓宇人民幣269,000,000元及廠房及機器人民幣135,000,000元。

Due to the downturn in the copper market, the Group significantly reduced its scale of production of copper products during the year ended 31 December 2016 and only resumed production activities in Miluo, Hunan Province in July 2016.

由於銅市場不景氣, 貴集團於截至2016年12月31日止年度削減其銅產品的生產規模,並僅於2016年7月於湖南省汨羅市恢復生產活動。

Given the above factors, management considered that indicators of potential impairment of PPE existed at 31 December 2016 and performed an impairment assessment of the Group's PPE.

鑑於上述因素,管理層認為物業、廠房及設備於2016年12月31日存在潛在減值跡象,並就 貴集團的物業、廠房及設備進行減值評估。

How the matter was addressed in our audit 吾等的審核如何處理該事項

Our audit procedures to assess potential impairment of PPE included the following:

吾等就評估物業、廠房及設備潛在減值的審核程序 包括以下各項:

 assessing management's identification of indicators of potential impairment of PPE, the identification of CGUs and the allocation of assets to these CGUs, with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards;

參考現行會計準則的規定,評估管理層所識別的物業、廠房及設備潛在減值跡象、現金產生單位的識別及向該等現金產生單位分配的資產;

- assessing the competence, qualifications, experience and objectivity of the third party valuation specialists engaged by management to assess the fair value of PPE;
 - 對管理層所聘用以評估物業、廠房及設備公平 值的第三方估值專家的能力、資歷、經驗及客 觀性作出評價:
- conducting site visits to all of the Group's copper production facilities to observe the physical condition of the PPE;
 - 對 貴集團的所有銅生產設施進行實地考察, 勘察物業、廠房及設備的實際狀況;

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Assessing potential impairment of property, plant and equipment (Continued)

關鍵審核事項(續) 評估物業、廠房及設備的潛在減值(續)

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

Management considered that each of the Group's subsidiaries with manufacturing as their principal activity represented a separately identifiable cash generating unit ("CGU"). Management determined the recoverable amount of each CGU based on the higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal ("FVLCOD").

管理層認為 貴集團以生產作為主要活動的各附屬公司為單獨的可識別現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)。管理層按使用價值及公平值減出售成本(「公平值減出售成本」)間的較高者釐定各現金產生單位的可回收金額。

Given the uncertainty as to when the Group will resume full scale of its manufacturing operations, management has primarily relied on FVLCOD in its impairment assessment. In determining FVLCOD, management engaged third party valuation specialists to assess the fair value of PPE and estimated the costs of disposal of PPE based on an internal assessment.

鑑於 貴集團不確定何時將恢復全部生產營運規模,管理層主要依據公平值減出售成本進行減值評估。於釐定公平值減出售成本時,管理層委聘第三方估值專家評估物業、廠房及設備的公平值,並基於內部評估估計物業、廠房及設備的出售成本。

As at 31 December 2015, the Group recognised impairment of PPE at its production facilities in Mianyang, Sichuan Province in the amount of RMB54 million. The Group recognised no further impairment of PPE in 2016.

於2015年12月31日, 貴集團就其於四川省綿陽市的生產設施確認物業、廠房及設備減值人民幣54,000,000元。於2016年, 貴集團並無就物業、廠房及設備確認進一步減值。

We identified assessing potential impairment of PPE as a key audit matter because of the significant judgements, estimates and assumptions made during the impairment assessment which can be inherently uncertain.

吾等將評估物業、廠房及設備的潛在減值視為關鍵審核事項, 乃因減值評估過程中作出重大判斷、估計及假設,而這存在內 在的不確定性。

How the matter was addressed in our audit 吾等的審核如何處理該事項 _____

 with the assistance of our internal valuation specialists, evaluating the valuation models adopted by the third party valuation specialists and assessing the key assumptions and parameters applied, including the estimated useful lives and the physical condition of the assets, with reference to industry practice and standards and comparing the fair values of PPE with valuations for comparable market transactions;

> 在吾等的內部估值專家的協助下,通過參考行 業慣例及標準及比較物業、廠房及設備的公平 值與可資比較市場交易的估值,評估第三方估 值專家所採用的估值模型及評估所應用的主要 假設及參數,包括估計可使用年期及資產的實 際狀況;

 assessing the future costs of disposal of PPE estimated by management by comparing the estimations with available market data and considering the applicable taxation expenses with reference to the prevailing tax laws and regulations.

> 評估管理層估計的物業、廠房及設備未來出售 成本,方法為比較估計與公開可得市場數據, 並參考現行稅務法律及法規考慮適用稅項開 支。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

除綜合財務報表及就此發出的 核數師報告以外的資料

董事對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報所載 的所有資料,惟不包括綜合財務報表及吾等就 此發出的核數師報告。

吾等就綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,吾等亦不就其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證 結論。

於吾等審核綜合財務報表時,吾等的責任乃閱 讀其他資料,及在此過程中,考慮其他資料是 否與綜合財務報表或吾等在審核過程中所了解 的情況有重大抵觸,或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳 述。

如果基於吾等已執行的工作,吾等認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,吾等須報告該事實。於 此方面,吾等並無任何報告。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須根據國際會計準則理事會頒佈的國際財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定,負責編製真實而公平地反映情況的綜合財務報表,及落實董事釐定對編製綜合財務報表屬必要的內部監控,以使該等綜合財務報表的編製不會存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集 團持續經營的能力,並披露與持續經營有關的 事項(如適用),除非董事擬將 貴集團清盤或 停止營運,或除此之外並無其他實際可行的辦 法,否則須採用以持續經營為基礎的會計法。

審核委員會協助董事履行彼等監察 貴集團財務報告流程的責任。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔的 責任

吾等的目標乃就綜合財務報表整體是否不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合 理保證,並出具包括吾等意見的核數師報告。 此報告僅向 閣下(作為整體)作出,除此之外 本報告別無其他目的。吾等不就本報告的內容 向任何其他人士負責或承擔責任。

合理保證屬高水平的核證,惟根據香港審計準 則進行的審核工作不能保證總能察覺所存在的 重大錯誤陳述。

錯誤陳述可因欺詐或錯誤引起,倘個別或整體 在合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據綜合財務 報表作出的經濟決定時,則被視為重大錯誤陳 述。

於根據香港審計準則進行審核的過程中,吾等 運用職業判斷,保持職業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 一 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計 及執行審核程序以應對此等風險,以及取 得充足及適當的審核憑證,作為吾等意見 的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、 蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述,或凌駕於內部監控 之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大 錯誤陳述的風險較因錯誤而導致的重大 錯誤陳述的風險為高。
- 了解與審核相關的內部監控,以設計適當 的審核程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部 監控的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計及相關披露的合理性。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

- 一 就董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論。根據所得的審核憑證,確定是 否存在與事件或情況有關的重大不確定 性,從而可能對 貴集團持續經營的能力 產生重大疑慮。倘吾等認為存在重大不確 定性,則須於核數師報告中提請注意綜合 財務報表中的相關披露,或倘有關披露不 足,則須修訂吾等之意見。吾等的結論乃 基於截至核數師報告日期止所取得的審 核憑證。然而,未來事件或情況可能導 致 貴集團無法持續經營。
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 及內容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財務報 表是否以達致公允陳述之方式反映相關 交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料 獲取充分、適當的審核憑證,以對綜合財 務報表發表意見。吾等負責指導、監督及 執行集團審核。吾等僅對吾等的審核意見 承擔責任。

吾等與審核委員會就(其中包括)審核的計劃範圍、時間安排及重大審核發現溝通,該等發現包括吾等在審核過程中識別的內部監控的任何重大缺失。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

We also provide the Audit Commit

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Muk Chung Wing.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

吾等亦向審核委員會作出聲明,確認吾等已符合有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通可能被合理認為會影響吾等獨立性的所有關係及其他事項,以及相關的防範措施(如適用)。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,吾等釐定對當前期間綜合財務報表的審核最為重要的事項,因而構成關鍵審核事項。吾等於核數師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律或法規不允許對某件事項作出公開披露,或於極端罕見的情況下,倘合理預期於吾等報告中披露某事項而造成的負面後果將會超過其產生的公眾利益,則吾等決定不應於報告中傳達該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審核項目合夥人是麥 宗永。

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants

8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

30 March 2017

畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈八樓

2017年3月30日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 (Expressed in Renminbi) 截至2016年12月31日止年度(以人民幣表述)

		Note 附註	2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	營業額	4	4,933,625	1,790,750
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(4,890,742)	(1,930,181)
Gross profit/(loss)	毛利/(毛損)		42,883	(139,431)
Other revenue Other net loss Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses	其他收益 其他淨虧損 銷售及分銷開支 行政開支	6(a) 6(b)	179,144 (227,276) (20,280) (158,937)	136,968 (254,923) (8,223) (161,141)
Loss from operations	經營虧損		(184,466)	(426,750)
Finance costs	財務成本	7(a)	(134,045)	(113,671)
Loss before taxation	税前虧損	7	(318,511)	(540,421)
Income tax	所得税	8(a)	6,893	37,285
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(311,618)	(503,136)
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:			
Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益股東 非控股權益		(310,820) (798)	(499,045) (4,091)
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(311,618)	(503,136)
Loss per share	每股虧損	11		
Basic (RMB)	基本(人民幣元)		(0.14)	(0.24)
Diluted (RMB)	攤薄(人民幣元)		(0.14)	(0.24)

The notes on pages 94 to 201 form part of these financial statements.

第94頁至第201頁的附註構成財務報表的一部分。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 (Expressed in Renminbi) 截至2016年12月31日止年度(以人民幣表述)

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(311,618)	(503,136)
Other comprehensive income for the year	年內其他全面收益		
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	隨後可重新分類至損益的項目:		
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of non-PRC entities	換算非中國實體財務報表的 匯兑差額	(17,468)	(13,280)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	(329,086)	(516,416)
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:		
Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益股東 非控股權益	(328,288) (798)	(512,325) (4,091)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	(329,086)	(516,416)

The notes on pages 94 to 201 form part of these financial statements.

第94頁至第201頁的附註構成財務報表的一部

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2016 (Expressed in Renminbi) 於2016年12月31日(以人民幣表述)

		Note 附註	31 December 2016 2016年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 December 2015 2015年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment Lease prepayments Interest in associates Goodwill Pledged deposits Other non-current assets Deferred tax assets	物業、廠房及設備 租賃預付款 聯營公司權益 商譽 已抵押存款 其他非流動資產 遞延税項資產	12 13 15 16 17 18 19(b)	594,070 97,794 37,435 23,227 4,800 23,922 61,638	584,429 99,916 135,957 23,227 5,320 26,424 37,749
Current assets	流動資產		0.12,000	010,022
Inventories Trade and other receivables Amounts due from associates Amounts due from related parties Pledged deposits Cash and cash equivalents	存貨 貿易及其他應收款項 應收聯營公司款項 應收關聯方款項 已抵押存款 現金及現金等值項目	20 21 22(a) 22(a) 17 23(a)	208,200 1,001,927 496 4,899 55,926 164,142	249,002 1,033,039 458 3,345 53,886 82,559
			1,435,590	1,422,289
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables Obligations under finance leases Bank loans and other borrowings Amounts due to associates Amounts due to related parties	貿易及其他應付款項 融資租賃下的責任 銀行貸款及其他借款 應付聯營公司款項 應付關聯方款項	24 25 26 22(a) 22(a)	386,529 13,322 681,536 5,150 764	474,799 15,192 661,510 6,520 6,098
Loan from a related party Liability component of convertible bonds Derivative component of convertible bonds Current taxation	來自關聯方的貸款 可換股債券的負債部分 可換股債券的衍生工具部分 即期税項	22(b) 27 27 19(a)	211,810 133,344 19,645	83,780 - - 9,662
			1,452,100	1,257,561
Net current (liabilities)/assets	淨流動(負債)/資產		(16,510)	164,728
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		826,376	1,077,750

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2016 (Expressed in Renminbi) 於2016年12月31日(以人民幣表述)

		Note 附註	31 December 2016 2016年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 December 2015 2015年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Obligations under finance leases Liability component of convertible bonds Derivative component of convertible	融資租賃下的責任 可換股債券的負債部份 可換股債券的衍生工具部分	25 27	11,336 -	23,090 166,488
bonds Deferred government grants	遞延政府補助	27 28	- 7,332	130,989 3,000
			18,668	323,567
NET ASSETS	淨資產		807,708	754,183
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備			
Share capital Reserves	股本儲備	29	182,579 625,129	166,075 578,913
Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益股東應佔總權益		807,708	744,988
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		_	9,195
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		807,708	754,183

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30 March 2017.

於2017年3月30日經董事會批准及授權刊發。

Yu Jianqiu 俞建秋 **Directors** 董事

Kwong Wai Sun Wilson 鄺偉信 **Directors** 董事

The notes on pages 94 to 201 form part of these financial statements.

第94頁至第201頁的附註構成財務報表的一部

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 (Expressed in Renminbi) 截至2016年12月31日止年度(以人民幣表述)

					Attri	butable to equ	ity shareholde	rs of the Comp	any				
							公司權益股東應						
								Share-		Retained			
								based		profits/		Non-	
			Share	Share	Exchange	Capital	Statutory	payment	Warrant	(accumulated		controlling	Tota
			capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserves	reserve	reserve	losses)	Total	interests	equity
								以股份為基礎	認股	保留溢利/			
			股本	股份溢價	匯兑儲備	資本儲備	法定儲備	的付款儲備	權證儲備	(累計虧損)	總計	非控股權益	總權益
				(Note 29(d)	(Note 29(d)	(Note 29(d)	(Note 29(d)	(Note 29(d)	(Note 29(d)				
			(Note 29(c))	(iii))	(i))	(ii))	(iv))	(v))	(vi))				
				(附註29(d)	(附註29(d)	(附註29(d)	(附註29(d)	(附註29(d)	(附註29(d)				
			(附註29(c))	(iii)	(i))	(ii))	(iv))	(v))	(vi))				
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
				_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Balance at 1 January 2016	2016年1月1日的結餘		166,075	245,136	2,042	132,055	76,142	40,700	12,079	70,759	744,988	9,195	754,183
			,.	.,	,	,,,,,	•	.,	,	.,	,	.,	.,
Movements in 2016	於2016年的變動												
Loss for the year	年內虧損				_	_		_	_	(310,820)	(310,820)	(798)	(311,618
Other comprehensive	其他全面收益									(010,020)	(010,020)	(130)	(011,010
income	六尼王叫公皿		_	_	(17,468)	_	_	_	_	_	(17,468)	_	(17,468
HOOTIC					(11,400)						(11,400)		(11,400
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額				(17,468)				_	(310,820)	(328,288)	(798)	(329,086
	土山火血総织									(310,020)	(320,200)		(329,000
Issuance of ordinary shares	發行普通股	29(c)(i)	11,500	288,460	_	_	_	_	_	_	299,960	_	299,960
Exercise of share option	行使購股權	29(c)(ii)	5,004	51,541	_	_	_	_	_	_	56,545	_	56,545
Transfer of share option	轉撥購股權儲備	(-)(-)	-,	- 1,- 11							,		,
reserve	1932/1972/ JE HH III	29(c)(ii)	_	17,855	_	_	_	(17,855)	_	_	_	_	
Appropriation to statutory	轉撥至法定儲備	(*)(**)		.,,,,,,,,				(,500)					
reserve	1 y JAC TO MA III	29(d)(iv)	_	_	_	_	4,775	_	_	(4,775)	_	_	
Share-based compensation	以股份為基礎的補償	29(d)(v)	_	_	_	_	_	37,406	_	-	37,406	_	37,406
Share options lapsed	已失效之購股權	29(d)(v)	_	_	_	_	_	(571)	_	571	-	_	-
Acquisition of non-controlling	以購非控股權益	-1-1/1						,,					
interest		14	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(2,903)	(2,903)	(8,397)	(11,300
										())	()	(-,,	,,,,,,

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 (Expressed in Renminbi) 截至2016年12月31日止年度(以人民幣表述)

					A	Attributable to equ 本公	uity shareholders 公司權益股東應f						
			Share capital	Share premium	Exchange reserve	Capital reserve	Statutory reserves	Share- based payment reserve	Warrant reserve	Retained profits	Total	Non- controlling interests	Tota equity
			股本	股份溢價 (Note 29(d)	匯兑儲備 (Note 29(d)	資本儲備 (Note 29(d)	法定儲備 (Note 29(d)	以股份為基礎 的付款儲備 (Note 29(d)	認股權證 儲備 (Note 29(d)	保留溢利	總計	非控股權益	總權益
	· (附註29((Note 29(c)) (附註 29(c)) e RMB'000	(ii)) (附註29(d) (iii)) RMB'000	(i) (附註29(d) (j)) RMB'000	(ii)) (附註29(d) (ii)) RMB'000	(M) (附註29(d) (M)) RMB'000	(v)) (附註29(d) (v)) RMB'000	(vi)) (附註29(d) (vi)) RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Balance at January 2015	於2015年1月的結餘		166,075	294,842	15,322	132,055	76,142	10,365	-	568,265	1,263,066	10,237	1,273,303
Movements in 2015	於 2015 年的變動												
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	年內虧損 其他全面收益		-	-	(13,280)	-	-	-	-	(499,045)	(499,045) (13,280)	(4,091)	(503,136
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額		-	_	(13,280)	-	-	-	-	(499,045)	(512,325)	(4,091)	(516,416
Issuance of warrants Share-based compensation	發行認股權證 以股份為基礎的	29(d)(vi)	-	186	-	-	-	-	12,079	-	12,265	-	12,268
expenses Share options vested but	補償開支已歸屬但已失效之	29(d)(v)	-	-	-	-	-	31,874	-	-	31,874	-	31,874
lapsed Dividend declared and paid	購股權 就去年宣派及支付之	29(d)(v)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,539)	-	1,539	-	-	-
in respect of prior year Non-controlling interest arising from acquisition	股息 收購一間附屬公司產生 之非控股權益	29(b)	-	(49,892)	-		-	-	-	-	(49,892)	-	(49,892
of a subsidiary	た7F 江水推皿		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,049	3,049
As of 31 December 2015	於2015年12月31日		166,075	245,136	2,042	132,055	76,142	40,700	12,079	70,759	744,988	9,195	754,183

The notes on pages 94 to 201 form part of these financial statements.

第94頁至第201頁的附註構成財務報表的一部

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 (Expressed in Renminbi) 截至2016年12月31日止年度(以人民幣表述)

		Note 附註	2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Operating activities	經營活動			
Cash (used in)/generated from operations The People's Republic of China ("PRC")	營運(所用)/所得現金 已付中華人民共和國(「中國」)	23(b)	(62,826)	83,555
Corporate Income Tax paid	企業所得税	19(a)	(7,013)	(11,489)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	經營活動(所用)/所得淨現金		(69,839)	72,066
Investing activities	投資活動			
Payment for the purchase of property,	購買物業、廠房及設備的款項	10	(40.005)	(4.00.000)
plant and equipment Payment for lease prepayments	支付租賃預付款	12 13	(40,235)	(108,863) (16,256)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備		_	(10,230)
and equipment Cash (outflow)/inflow arising on acquisitions of subsidiaries (net of cash	所得款項 收購附屬公司產生的現金 (流出)/流入(扣除所收購	12	-	1
and cash equivalents acquired)	的現金及現金等值項目)		(12,800)	23
Payment for investment in associates	就投資聯營公司之付款	15	-	(134,929)
Interest received	已收利息	6(a)	22,616	1,276
Decrease in pledged deposits	已抵押存款減少	17	2,082	699
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用淨現金		(28,337)	(258,049)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 (Expressed in Renminbi) 截至2016年12月31日止年度(以人民幣表述)

		Note 附註	2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financing activities	融資活動			
Proceeds from new bank loans and	新增銀行貸款及其他借款			
other borrowings	所得款項	26	429,450	287,900
Repayment of bank loans and other	償還銀行貸款及其他借款			
borrowings		26	(409,424)	(317,060)
Repayment of sale and leaseback	償還售後租回安排			
arrangement		25	(13,810)	(14,216)
Proceeds from advances from local	地方政府墊款所得款項		` , ,	, ,
governments			1,000	78,457
Repayment of advances from local	償還地方政府墊款			
governments	504 57500		(720)	(45,802)
Increase in pledged deposits	已抵押存款增加	17	(3,602)	(3,800)
Interest paid	已付利息		(106,068)	(93,213)
Dividend paid	已付股息	29(b)	(100,000,	(49,892)
Advance from related parties	來自關聯方的墊款	20(0)	5,100	11,280
Proceeds from loan from a related party	來自一名關聯方貸款的		0,.00	11,200
Treeseas nemical nem a related party	所得款項		68,975	79,990
Repayment of loan to a related party	向一名關聯方償還貸款		(149,765)	-
Issuance of warrants	發行認股權證	29(a)	(140,700)	186
Net proceeds from issuance of	發行可換股債券之所得款項	25(α)		100
convertible bonds	海額 第1	27	_	187,814
Net proceeds from issue of	發行普通股之所得款項淨額	21		107,014
ordinary shares	级门自地 <u>似</u> 之们付款负净银	29(c)(i)	299,960	
Proceeds from exercise of share option	行使購股權之所得款項	29(c)(i) 29(c)(ii)	56,545	_
Froceeds from exercise of share option	1]	29(0)(11)	30,343	_
Net cash generated from financing	融資活動所得淨現金		477.044	101 011
activities			177,641	121,644
Net increase/(decrease) in cash	現金及現金等值項目的			
and cash equivalents	淨增加/(減少)		79,465	(64,339)
Cash and cash equivalents at	於1月1日的現金及現金			
1 January	等值項目		82,559	145,765
Effect of foreign exchange rate	匯率變動影響		2.44	
changes			2,118	1,133
Cash and cash equivalents at	於12月31日的現金及			
31 December	現金等值項目	23(a)	164,142	82,559

The notes on pages 94 to 201 form part of these financial statements.

第94頁至第201頁的附註構成財務報表的一部 分。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

China Metal Resources Utilization Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 22 February 2013. The Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group") are principally engaged in the manufacturing, sales and trading of copper, aluminium and related products. The shares of the Company have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("the Stock Exchange") since 21 February 2014.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), which collective term includes all applicable individual International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards (IASs) and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the group. Note 2(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

1 一般資料

中國金屬資源利用有限公司(「本公司」) 於2013年2月22日在開曼群島註冊成立。 本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主 要從事銅、鋁及相關產品的生產、銷售及 貿易業務。自從2014年2月21日起,本 公司股份已經在香港聯合交易所有限公 司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

2 主要會計政策

(a) 合規聲明

國際會計準則理事會已頒佈若干新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則,該等新準則及修訂本於集團本會計期首次生效或可提早採納。附註2(c)所載資料乃關於初次應用該等發展(倘與本集團有關)導致該等財務報表所反映當前及過往會計期間之會計政策之任何變動。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The Group incurred a net loss of RMB311,618,000 for the vear ended 31 December 2016 and, as of that date, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RMB16,510,000. As at 31 December 2016, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of RMB164,142,000 and pledged deposits of RMB55,926,000. As at that date, the Group had convertible bonds with the principal amount of USD32,610,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB226,216,000) that would mature on 13 April 2017 (note 27) and overdue entrusted loans of RMB299,116,000 (note 26). The overdue entrusted loans of RMB299,116,000 constituted a cross breach of loan covenants of other interest bearing borrowings totalled RMB 289.450.000. comprising entrusted loans of RMB129,450,000 and other bank loans of RMB160,000,000, all of which are recorded as current liabilities. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Directors have made an assessment on the liquidity position of the Group as to whether the Group is able to continue as a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period and to meet its obligations, as and when they fall due. Certain measures have been and are being taken to manage its liquidity needs and to improve the liquidity position which include the following:

- the Group is actively discussing with the convertible bonds holder to transfer 50% of the principal sum of the convertible bonds into loan; and to convert the remaining 50% of the principal sum of the convertible bonds to ordinary shares of the Company;
- ii. as announced in the Group's announcement dated 24 November 2016, the Group is in negotiation with an investor in relation to a possible subscription for convertible bonds with a principal amount of HKD200 million. The negotiation is still in progress as at the date when these consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue;

2 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 編製財務報表的基準

本集團截至2016年12月31日止年 度錄得虧損淨額人民幣311.618.000 元,而於該日,本集團的流動負債 超過其流動資產人民幣 16,510,000 元。於2016年12月31日,本集團 擁有現金及現金等值項目人民幣 164,142,000元及已抵押存款人民 幣55,926,000元。於該日,本集團 擁有本金額為32,610,000美元(相 當於約人民幣226,216,000元)的可 換股債券將於2017年4月13日到期 (附註27),並擁有逾期委託貸款人 民幣299.116.000元(附註26)。逾 期委託貸款人民幣299.116.000元 與其他計息借款合共人民幣 289,450,000元(包括委託貸款人民 幣 129,450,000 元及其他銀行貸款 人民幣160,000,000元,所有該等 款項均按流動負債入賬)構成貸款 契諾的交叉違約。該等情況表明存 在重大不確定因素,可能對本集團 的持續經營能力構成重大疑問。

董事已基於本集團的流動資金狀況 評估本集團能否於報告期末起計接 下來至少十二個月持續經營及償付 其到期債務。本集團已採取並將採 取若干措施以管理其流動資金需求 及改善流動性狀況,該等措施包括 下列各項:

- i. 本集團正積極與可換股債券持 有人討論將可換股債券50% 的本金額轉為貸款:及將可換 股債券剩餘50%的本金額轉 換為本公司普通股:
- ii. 如本公司日期為2016年11月 24日的公佈所宣佈,本公司 正與一名投資者就可能認購本 金額為200,000,000港元的可 換股債券進行談判。於該等綜 合財務報表獲授權刊發當日, 談判仍在進行中;

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (Continued)

- iii. the entrusting party of the entrusted loans of RMB299,116,000 has confirmed that the entrusted loans would not be repayable because the entrusting party is in negotiation with the Group on a debt equity arrangement to transfer the debt of one of the Group's subsidiaries, Mianyang Tongxin Copper Co., Ltd. into equity interest of the Company; and
- iv. the Group maintains a strong relationship with its bankers and entrusting party. None of the Group's bankers have demanded the Group for early loan repayment. Subsequent to 31 December 2016, the Group is able to refinance the borrowings when they fell due through its existing bankers. In addition, the entrusting party of the entrusted loans of RMB129,450,000 as at 31 December 2016 has confirmed to waive the Group's obligations arising from the breach of loan covenants.

The Directors are satisfied that if the above measures are successful the Group will be able to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due for the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, the Directors are of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 on a going concern basis. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the carrying amount and reclassification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 comprise the Group and the Group's interest in associates.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except for derivative financial instruments (see note 2(g)) that are stated at their fair values.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 編製財務報表的基準(續)

- iii. 委託貸款人民幣299,116,000 元的委託方已確認該等委託貸 款將無須償還,原因為該委託 方正與本集團就債務股權安排 進行談判,以將本集團一間附 屬公司(即綿銅鑫銅業有限公 司)的債務轉為本公司的股 權:及
- iv. 本集團與銀行及委託方維持良好的關係。本集團的往來銀行概無要求本集團提早償還貸款。於2016年12月31日後,本集團可通過其現有往來銀行為其到期借款進行再融資。此外,於2016年12月31日,委託貸款人民幣129,450,000元的委託方已確認免除本集團因違反信貸契諾而產生的責任。

董事信納,倘上述措施成功實施,本集團將能夠於報告期末起計未來十二個月內履行其到期財務責任。因此,董事認為,按持續經營基準編製截至2016年12月31日止年度的綜合財務報表屬合適。綜合財務報表並無包括倘本集團無法繼續持續經營而可能必要的任何賬面值相關調整及資產與負債重新分類。

截至2016年12月31日止年度之綜合財務報表包括本集團及其於聯營公司的權益。

財務資料乃按歷史成本基準編製,惟衍生金融工具(見附註2(g))乃按 其公平值列賬。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

(Continued)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of IFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 3.

(c) Changes in accounting policies

The IASB has issued a number of amendments to IFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group. None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented.

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 編製財務報表的基準(續)

該等估計及相關假設會持續審閱。 倘會計估計的修訂僅對作出修訂的 期間產生影響,則有關修訂只會在 該期間內確認;倘會計估計的修訂 對現時及未來期間均產生影響,則 會在作出該修訂期間及未來期間內 確認。

管理層於應用國際財務報告準則時 作出對財務報表有重大影響之判斷 及估計不確定因素之主要來源於附 註3討論。

(c) 會計政策變動

國際會計準則理事會已頒佈一系列國際財務報告準則的修訂本,於集團本會計期首次生效。上述發展對本集團於本期間或過往期間編製或呈列之業績及財務狀況概無造成重大影響。

本集團並未應用於本會計期間尚未 生效之任何新準則或詮釋。

(d) 附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司為由本集團控制的實體。倘本集團須承受其於實體的參與所產生的可變回報的風險,或於該力過與國報中享有權利,並有能力過其對該實體的權力而影響該等問報,即本集團控制該實體。在書戶數權利(由本集團及其他人士持有)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

(Continued)

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flow and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company. Loans from holders of non-controlling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position in accordance with notes 2(o), (p), or (q) depending on the nature of the liability.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

於附屬公司的投資自控制開始當日綜合列入綜合財務報表,直至控制結束當日為止。集團間結餘及多易、現金流量與集團間交易所產生的任何未變現溢利於編製綜合財務報表時悉數對銷。集團間交易所產生的未變現虧損的抵銷方法與未變現收益相同,惟僅以無減值證據者為限。

非控股權益是指並非由本公司直接或間接擁有附屬公司的權益,而本集團並沒有同意與這些權益的持有人訂立任何額外條款,可導致本集團整體就這些權益而承擔符合金融負債定義的合同義務。就每項業務合併,本集團可選擇以公平值或按非控股權益佔附屬公司的可予識別資產淨值的份額以計量非控股權益。

非控股權益與本公司股東應佔權益 在綜合財務狀況表的權益項目中控 別列示。於本集團業績中,非及 權益於綜合損益及綜合損益及 整面收益表中呈報,作為年 題額及全面收入總額於本公司 股權益與權益股東之間之分配 對 控股東權益持有人的貨 對照 些持有人的其他合約責任已 使 負債的性質根據附註 2(o)、(p)或(q) 在綜合財務狀況表呈列為金融負債。

不改變本集團對附屬公司控制權的權益變動,按權益交易確認,據此 在綜合權益中進行控股與非控股股 東權益的金額調整,以反映相關權 益的變動,但不會對商譽進行調 整,同時也不會確認損益。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

(Continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate (see note 2(e)).

In the Company's statement of financial position (see note 34), an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 2(k)(ii)), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

(e) Associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group or Company has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including 2(k)(ii) participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

An investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method, unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisition-date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment (see notes 2(k)(ii)). Any acquisitiondate excess over cost, the Group's share of the postacquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

當本集團喪失了對附屬公司的控制權,於該附屬公司的全部權益會被視為處置,其導致的收益或虧損於損益確認。任何保留在前附屬公司的權益於喪失控制權日以公平值確認,該金額為金融資產初始確認的公平值,或(如適合)於聯營公司之投資初始確認的成本(見附註2(e))。

在本公司之財務狀況表(見附註34) 內,於附屬公司之投資按成本減減 值虧損列賬(見附註2(k)(ii)),除非該 投資被分類為持作出售(或計入被 分類為持作出售的出售組別)。

(e) 聯營公司

聯營公司乃指本集團或本公司可以 對其管理層發揮重大影響力之實體 (包括2(k)(ii)參與其財務及經營決 策),惟並非控制或共同控制其管理 層。

於聯營公司之投資按權益法計入綜 合財務報表,惟分類為持作出售(或 計入分類為持作出售之出售組別) 則除外。根據權益法,投資初步按 成本計值,並就本集團分佔聯營公 司可識別資產淨值之收購日期之公 平值超出投資成本(如有)之任何差 額作出調整。其後,投資就本集團 分佔被投資方資產淨值及任何有關 投資減值虧損之收購後變動作出調 整(見附註2(k)(ii))。任何於收購日期 超出成本之金額、本集團應佔被投 資方收購後與除税後之業績以及年 內任何減值虧損均於綜合損益表內 確認,而本集團分佔被投資方收購 後與除稅後之其他全面收益項目則 在綜合損益及其他全面收益表內確 認。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(e) Associates (Continued)

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method together with the Group's long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the associate.

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

In all other cases, when the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when significant influence is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset.

In the Company's statement of financial position (see note 34), investments in associates are stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 2(k)(ii)), unless classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

2 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 聯營公司(續)

當本集團於聯營公司分佔虧損額超逾其權益時,本集團之權益會減少至零,並且不再確認額外虧損,惟本集團須履行法定或推定責任,或代被投資方支付款項則除外。就此,本集團權益是以按照權益法計算投資之賬面值,以及實質上構成本集團在聯營公司投資淨額一部分之長期權益為準。

本集團與其聯營公司間交易產生之 未變現損益,均按本集團於被投資 方所佔之權益比率對銷;惟倘未變 現虧損顯示已轉讓資產出現減值, 則該等未變現虧損會即時在損益確 認。

就所有其他情況而言,當本集團對聯營公司不再具有重大影響力時,則會按出售於該被投資方之全部權益列賬,而所產生之收益或虧損於 有益內確認。在失去重大影響力當日於前被投資方保留之任何權益,乃按公平值確認,且該數額乃被視為於初始確認金融資產時之公平值。

在本公司之財務狀況(見附註34) 內,於聯營公司之投資按成本減減 值虧損列賬(見附註2(k)(ii)),除非被 分類為持作出售(或計入分類為持 作出售的出售組別)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(f) Goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method as at the acquisition date - i.e. when control is transferred to the Group.

Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

Goodwill represents the excess of

- (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- (ii) the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cash-generating unit, or group of cash-generating units, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment (see note 2(k)(ii)).

On disposal of a cash generating unit during the year, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

(a) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value. At the end of reporting period the fair value is remeasured. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in profit or loss, except where the derivatives qualify for cash flow hedge accounting or hedge the net investment in a foreign operation, in which case recognition of any resultant gain or loss depends on the nature of the item being hedged.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(f) 商譽

業務合併於收購日期(即控制權轉移至本集團當日)採用收購法入賬。

本集團就業務合併產生的交易成本 (與發行債務或股本證券有關者除 外)乃於產生時列為支銷。

商譽指下列兩者的差額

- (i) 所轉讓代價的公平值、於被收 購者的非控股權益金額及本集 團先前於被收購者持有的權益 公平值的總和:
- (ii) 被收購者的可識別資產及負債 於收購當日計量的公平淨值。

當(ii)較(i)為大,則該超出數額即時在損益表內確認為廉價收購的收益。

商譽是按成本減累計減值虧損列 賬。來自業務合併商譽將分配至預 期可受惠於合併協同效益的各現金 生產單位或現金生產單位組合,並 會每年進行減值測試(見附註2(k) (ii))。

年內,當出售現金生產單位,任何 屬於所涉及的收購商譽的金額將被 計入出售項目的收益或虧損之內。

(q) 衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具最初乃按公平值確認,並於報告期末重新計量其公平值。重新計量公平值的盈虧乃即時於損益中確認,惟倘衍生工具符合資格使用現金流量對沖會計或對沖於海外業務的淨投資除外,在該情況下所產生之收益或虧損確認取決於被對沖項目的性質。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(h) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 2(k)(ii)).

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal. Any related revaluation surplus is transferred from the revaluation reserve to retained profits and is not reclassified to profit and loss.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost or valuation of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings The shorter of the unexpired term of lease and their estimated useful lives, being no more than 20 years after the date

of completion

Plant and machinery5 to 10 years

Furniture, fittings 3 to 10 years and equipment

Motor vehicles4 to 10 years

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本減累計折舊及減值虧損列賬(見附註2(k)(ii))。

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備項目 所產生的收益或虧損按出售所得款 項淨額與該項目賬面值之間的差額 釐定,並於報廢或出售日期在損益 表內確認。任何相關重估盈餘會由 重估儲備轉撥至保留溢利,且不會 重新分類至損益。

折舊按下列物業、廠房及設備的預計可使用年期,以直線法撇銷該等項目的成本或估值(減去其估計殘值(如有))計算:

建築物 租賃尚餘年期與 其預計可使用年期

> (不多於竣工日期後 20年)的較短者

一 廠房及機器 5至10年

- 傢俱、裝置 3至10年 及設備

- 汽車 4至10年

倘物業、廠房及設備項目各部分的 可使用年期不同,則該項目的成本 按合理基準於各部分之間分配,每 部分分開折舊。資產的可使用年期 及其殘值(如有)將每年檢討。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents property, plant and equipment under construction and equipment pending installation, and is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 2(k)(ii)). The cost of self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowing costs (see note 2(x)). Capitalisation of these costs cease and the construction in progress is transferred to property, plant and equipment when the asset is substantially ready for its intended use.

No depreciation is provided in respect of the construction in progress until it is substantially completed and ready for its intended use.

(j) Leased assets

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

(i) Classification of assets leased to the Group

Assets that are held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases, with the following exceptions:

 property held under operating leases that would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property is classified as investment property on a property-by-property basis and, if classified as investment property, is accounted for as if held under a finance lease; and

2 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 在建工程

在建工程指建造中的物業、廠房及設備以及待安裝的設備,乃按成處減減值虧損(見附註2(k)(ii))列則成減值虧損(見附註2(k)(ii))列的成本。自建物業、廠房及設備項目的成本,直接勞項目以及恢復項目以及恢復項目以及恢復項目以及恢復項目以及大致復項目以及域當比例的生產成本及借關貸政之份,會終止將該等人本資本化及在建工程會轉入物業、廠房及設備。

於在建工程大致完成及可投入作擬 定用途前,不會就有關在建工程作 出折舊撥備。

(i) 租賃資產

倘本集團釐定安排附帶權利於協定 期間使用一項或多項特定資產以換 取付款或一系列付款,則該項安排 (包括一項交易或一系列交易)屬於 或包含租賃。有關釐定按對安排本 質的評估進行,而不論該項安排是 否具有租賃的法律形式。

(i) 出租予本集團的資產的分類

由本集團根據租賃持有而向本 集團轉讓擁有權的絕大部分風 險及回報的資產乃分類為根據 財務租賃持有。並無轉讓擁有 權的絕大部分風險及回報予本 集團的租賃乃分類為經營租 賃,惟下列各項除外:

根據經營租賃持有並符 合投資物業定義之物業 按個別物業基準分類為 投資物業,倘獲分類為 投資物業,將按根據融 資租賃持有之方式入 賬;及

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Leased assets (Continued)

(i) Classification of assets leased to the Group (Continued)

— land held for own use under an operating lease, the fair value of which cannot be measured separately from the fair value of a building situated thereon at the inception of the lease, is accounted for as being held under a finance lease, unless the building is also clearly held under an operating lease. For these purposes, the inception of the lease is the time that the lease was first entered into by the Group, or taken over from the previous lessee.

(ii) Assets acquired under finance leases

Where the Group acquires the use of assets under finance leases, the amounts representing the fair value of the leased asset, or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments of such assets are recognised as property, plant and equipment and the corresponding liabilities, net of finance charges, are recorded as obligations under finance leases. Depreciation is provided at rates which write off the cost or valuation of the assets over the term of the relevant lease or, where it is likely the Group will obtain ownership of the asset, the life of the asset, as set out in note 2(h). Impairment losses are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in note 2(k)(ii). Finance charges implicit in the lease payments are charged to profit or loss over the period of the leases so as to produce an approximately constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(j) 租賃資產(續)

(i) 出租予本集團的資產的分類 (續)

(ii) 以融資租賃收購的資產

若本集團以融資租賃收購資產 使用權,租賃資產的公平值數 額或最低租賃金額的現值的較 低者,將確認為物業、廠房及 設備及相關負債(扣除融資費 用)並列作融資租賃下的責 任。折舊為於相關租賃有效期 間或資產可用期限的期間(若 本集團將取得資產所有權), 按撇銷資產成本或估值的比率 計算(見附註2(h))。減值虧損 按附註2(k)(ii)所載的會計政策 計算。租賃金額所包含的融資 費用將於租賃期間計入損益 表,使各會計期間對責任結餘 以相若的固定期間比率扣減。 或然租金將於產生的會計期間 計入損益表。

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2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Leased assets (Continued)

(iii) Sales and leaseback arrangement resulting in finance lease

A sales and leaseback arrangement which results in a finance lease is a means whereby the lessor provides finance to the lessee with the asset as security. To reflect the substance of the transaction, any excess of sales proceeds over the carrying amount of the asset, or any deficit of sales proceeds lower than the carrying amount of the asset, is deferred and amortised as an adjustment to the depreciation of the asset.

(iv) Operating lease charges

Where the Group has the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal installments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The cost of acquiring land held under an operating lease is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term except where the property is classified as an investment property or is held for development for sale.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(j) 租賃資產(續)

(iii) 形成融資租賃的售後租回交易

形成融資租賃的售後租回交易 實質上是出租人以資產作為抵 押向承租人提供融資的交易。 為反映該交易實質,該資產銷 售所得款項超逾其賬面的任何 金額,或其銷售所得款項低於 賬面值的任何不足數額會被遞 延,並作為對資產折舊的調整 予以攤銷。

(iv) 經營租賃開支

倘本集團使用根據經營租賃持有的資產,根據租賃作出的會產,根據租賃作出的會計期間內按等額於損益表扣會計開稅有更能代表從租賃資產的利益模式的其他基準除外。已收取的租賃獎勵乃於損益表確認為已支付淨租金總額的完整部分。或然租金乃於損產生的會計期間於損益表扣除。

購入根據經營租賃持有土地的 成本乃於租賃期間按直線基準 攤銷,惟倘物業被分類為投資 物業或持作待售發展則除外。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(k) Impairment of assets

(i) Impairment of investments in debt and equity securities and other receivables

Investments in debt and equity securities and other current and non-current receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost or are classified as available-for-sale securities are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; and.
- a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值

(i) 於債務及股本證券之投資及其 他應收款項的減值

按成本或攤銷成本列賬或被分 類為可供出售證券的於債務及 股本證券之投資及流動及非流 動應收款項乃於各報告期末檢 討,以確定是否有減值的客觀 證據。減值的客觀證據包括本 集團注意到有關下列一項或多 項損失事件的可觀察證據:

- 債務人的重大財務困難;
- 違約,如拖欠或無法如期償還利息或本金;
- 債務人可能破產或進行 其他財務重組;
- 科技、市場、經濟或法 律環境出現重大變化對 債務人造成不利影響;及
- 於股本工具之投資之公 平值大幅或持續跌至低 於其成本。

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2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(k) Impairment of assets (Continued)

- (i) Impairment of investments in debt and equity securities and other receivables (Continued)

 If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:
 - For investments in associates accounted for under the equity method in the consolidated financial statements (see note 2(e)), the impairment loss is measured by comparing the recoverable amount of the investment with its carrying amount in accordance with note 2(k)(ii). The impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount in accordance with note 2(k)(ii).
 - For unquoted equity securities carried at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset where the effect of discounting is material. Impairment losses for equity securities carried at cost are not reversed.
 - For trade and other current receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where these financial assets carried at amortised cost share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值(續)

(i) 於債務及股本證券之投資及其 他應收款項的減值(*續*)

倘出現任何該等證據,則任何 減值虧損會按以下方式釐定及 確認:

- 一 就使用權益法確認於聯營公司之投資(見附註 2(e))而言,減值虧損乃根據附註2(k)(ii)透金額與其賬面值計量。倘按可以與其賬面值計量定定制能之(k)(ii)用作釐出現的能之(k)(ii)用作釐出現有虧變動時,則撥回減值虧損。
- 一 就按成本列賬之非上值 放本列賬之非上值值 放本證券資金融現金 大安全, 大安全, 大安全, 大安全, 大明行。 大明的, 大明的一, 大明的一,
- 就貿易應收款項及其他 流動應收款項和以攤銷 成本列賬的其他金融資 產而言,減值虧損乃根 據資產的賬面值與估計 未來現金流量現值兩者 間的差額計量,如折現 影響屬重大,則按金融 資產原實際利率(即初始 確認該等資產時計算的 實際利率)折現。倘以攤 銷成本列賬的該等金融 資產具備類似風險特徵 (如類似的逾期情況)及 並未單獨評估為已減 值,則有關評估會一同 進行。集合評估減值的 金融資產的未來現金流 量乃根據與該類資產具 有類似信貸風險特徵的 資產的過往虧損經驗計 算。

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2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(k) Impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Impairment of investments in debt and equity securities and other receivables (Continued)

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade debtors and bills receivable included within trade and other receivables. whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade debtors and bills receivable directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- pre-paid interests in leasehold land classified as being held under an operating lease;
- intangible assets;
- goodwill; and

2 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值(續)

(i) 於債務及股本證券之投資及其 他應收款項的減值(續)

減值虧損從相應的資產中直接 撇銷,惟若對可收回的可能性 有疑問但未至於可能性極低的 貿易賬款及其他應收款項中的 貿易賬款及應收票據的已確認 減值虧損則例外。在此情況 下,應使用撥備賬記錄呆賬的 減值虧損。倘本集團信納收回 應收款項的可能性極低,則被 視為不可收回的金額並從貿易 賬款及應收票據中直接撤銷, 而在撥備賬中持有有關該債務 的任何金額將會被撥回。其後 收回之前從撥備賬中扣除的款 項自相關撥備賬撥回。撥備賬 的其他變動及之前直接撇銷的 其後收回款項,均在損益表中 確認。

(ii) 其他資產的減值

內部及外間資料來源乃於各報告期評估,以識別有否跡象顯示下列資產可能出現減值,或(除商譽外)先前已確認的減值虧損已不存在或可能已減少:

- 一 物業、廠房及設備;
- 一 於分類為根據經營租賃 持有的租賃土地的預付 權益;
- 一 無形資產;

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2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(k) Impairment of assets (Continued)

- (ii) Impairment of other assets (Continued)
 - investments in subsidiaries, associates in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for goodwill, intangible assets that are not yet available for use and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives, the recoverable amount of goodwill is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) and then, to reduce below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), or value in use (if determinable).

2 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值(續)

(ii) 其他資產的減值(續)

一 載入本公司財務狀況表 的於附屬公司、聯營公 司的投資。

倘出現任何該等跡象,則會估 計資產的可收回金額。此外, 就商譽、未可供使用的無形資 產及擁有無限可使用年期的無 形資產而言,不論是否存在任 何減值跡象,商譽的可收回金 額乃每年進行估計。

一 計算可收回金額

資平用者時對特現流資於入金即內面處兩評反間評估至產其,流現回回成間在實際風,折並他以的產不會整風,折並他以的產獨以的用時及稅來值致現產產獨小單位的未現大的立資位的未現大的立資位的產獨以的價市資前現。獨金生組釐公使高值場產折金倘立流現別定

一 確認減值虧損

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(k) Impairment of assets (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of other assets (Continued)

Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

(iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with IAS 34, Interim financial reporting, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see notes 2(k)(i) and (ii)).

(I) Warrant granted to suppliers

Warrant issued in exchange for goods or services are measured at the fair values of the goods or service received, unless that fair value cannot be reliably measured, in which case the goods or services received are measured by reference to the fair value of the warrants granted. The fair values of the goods or services received are recognised as expenses, with a corresponding increase in equity (warrant reserve), when the Group obtains the goods or when the counterparties render services, unless the goods or services qualify for recognition as assets.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值(續)

(ii) 其他資產的減值(續)

一 撥回減值虧損

就商譽以外的資產而言,倘用於釐定可收回 金額的估計出現有利變動,則撥回減值虧損。 商譽的減值虧損不會撥回。

減值虧損撥回僅限於若 在過往年度並未確認減 值虧損時原應釐定的資 產賬面值。減值虧損撥 回在確認撥回的年度計 入損益。

(iii) 中期財務報告及減值

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司 證券上市規則,本集團須按照 根據國際會計準則第34號中 期財務報告,為財政年度首六 個月編製中期財務報告。於中 期期末,本集團應用之減值測 試、確認及撥回準則與在財政 年度末應用者相同(附註2(k)(i) 及(ii))。

(1) 授予供應商的認股權證

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(m) Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(n) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (see note 2(k)), except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts.

(o) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using an effective interest method.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 存貨

存貨乃按成本及可變現淨值的較低 者列賬。

成本乃按加權平均成本法計算,並 包括所有採購成本、轉換成本及將 存貨保存於現時所在地點及保持現 有狀況所產生的其他成本。

可變現淨值是在日常業務過程中的 估計售價減估計完成成本及作出銷 售的估計所需成本。

在售出存貨時,該等存貨的賬面值 是在確認相關收入的期內確認為開 支。將存貨撇減至可變現淨值的數 額和所有存貨虧損均在出現撇減或 虧損的期內確認為開支。任何存貨 撇減撥回金額乃確認為存貨金額減 少,並於撥回發生期間確認為開支。

(n) 貿易及其他應收款項

貿易及其他應收款項初步按公平值確認,其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本減呆賬減值撥備列賬(見附註2(k)),惟倘應收款項乃向關聯方提供的免息貸款且並無任何固定還款期或貼現的影響並不重大則屬例外。在該等情況下,應收款項乃按成本減呆賬減值撥備列賬。

(o) 計息借款

計息借款初步按公平值減應佔交易 成本確認。於初步確認後,計息借 款乃按攤銷成本及初步確認金額與 按借款期於損益內確認的贖回價值 之間的任何差額,連同任何應付利 息及費用,使用實際利率法列賬。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)(除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(p) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Except for financial guarantee liabilities measured in accordance with note 2(u)(i), trade and other payables are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(q) Convertible bonds

(i) Convertible bonds that contain an equity component

Convertible bonds that can be converted to equity share capital at the option of the holder, where the number of shares that would be issued on conversion and the value of the consideration that would be received at that time do not vary, are accounted for as compound financial instruments which contain both a liability component and an equity component.

At initial recognition the liability component of the convertible bonds is measured as the present value of the future interest and principal payments, discounted at the market rate of interest applicable at the time of initial recognition to similar liabilities that do not have a conversion option. Any excess of proceeds over the amount initially recognised as the liability component is recognised as the equity component. Transaction costs that relate to the issue of a compound financial instrument are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds.

The liability component is subsequently carried at amortised cost. The interest expense recognised in profit or loss on the liability component is calculated using the effective interest method. The equity component is recognised in the capital reserve until either the bonds are converted or redeemed.

If the bonds are converted, the capital reserve, together with the carrying amount of the liability component at the time of conversion, is transferred to share capital and share premium as consideration for the shares issued. If the bonds are redeemed, the capital reserve is released directly to retained profits.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(p) 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項初步按公平值確認。除根據附註2(u)(i)計量的財務擔保負債外,貿易及其他應付款項其後則按攤銷成本列賬,除非貼現的影響並不重大,在該情況下則按成本列賬。

(q) 可換股債券

(i) 包含權益部分的可換股債券

持有人可選擇轉換為權益股本,轉換時發行的股份數量和代價將不改變的可換股債券, 入賬為包含負債部分及權益部分的混合金融工具。

負債部分隨後以攤銷成本列 賬。於損益確認的負債部分利 息支出,採用實際利率法計 量。權益部分於資本儲備確 認,直到債券被轉換或贖回。

如果債券被轉換,資本儲備,加上在轉換時負債部分的賬面值,將被轉入股本和股份溢價以作為發行股份之代價。如果債券被贖回,資本儲備直接釋放於保留溢利。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(g) Convertible bonds (Continued)

(ii) Other convertible bonds

Convertible bonds which do not contain an equity component are accounted for as follows:

At initial recognition the derivative component of the convertible bonds is measured at fair value and presented as part of derivative financial instruments (see note 2(g)). Any excess of proceeds over the amount initially recognised as the derivative component is recognised as the liability component. Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bond are allocated to the liability and derivative components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds. The portion of the transaction costs relating to the liability component is recognised initially as part of the liability. The portion relating to the derivative component is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The derivative component is subsequently remeasured in accordance with note 2(g). The liability component is subsequently carried at amortised cost. The interest expense recognised in profit or loss on the liability component is calculated using the effective interest method.

If the bonds are converted, the carrying amounts of the derivative and liability components are transferred to share capital and share premium as consideration for the shares issued. If the bonds are redeemed, any difference between the amount paid and the carrying amounts of both components is recognised in profit or loss.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 可換股債券(續)

(ii) 其他可換股債券

並無包含權益部份之可換股債 券按以下方式入賬:

衍生工具部份其後按附註2(g) 重新計量。負債部份其後按攤 銷成本列賬。於損益中確認之 負債部份的利息開支使用實際 利率法計算。

倘債券獲轉換,則衍生工具及 負債部份之賬面值會一併轉撥 至股本及股份溢價,作為已發 行股份之代價。倘債券獲贖 回,則已付金額與兩個部份之 賬面值間之任何差額於損益中 確認。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)(除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(r) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement.

(s) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

(ii) Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in share-based payment reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the Binomial Option Pricing Model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(r) 現金及現金等值項目

現金及現金等值項目包括銀行存款 及手頭現金、於銀行及其他金融機構的活期存款,以及可隨時兑換動已知金額現金且承受的價值變動風險並不重大的短期、高流動性投資 (在購入時距離到期日不超過三個月)。須按要求償還且構成本集團現金管理的完整部分的銀行透支就綜合現金流量表而言亦計入現金及現金等值項目的組成部分。

(s) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利及界定供款退休 計劃的供款

薪金、年度花紅、有薪年假、 向界定供款退休計劃供款及非 貨幣利益的成本乃於僱員提供 相關服務的年度內應計。倘延 期付款或結算而影響屬重大, 則該等金額乃按其現值列賬。

(ii) 以股份為基礎的付款

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(s) Employee benefits (Continued)

(ii) Share-based payments (Continued)

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to the profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based payment reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based payment reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the sharebased payment reserve until either the option is expires (when it is released directly to share premium or the option expires when it is related directly to retained profits).

(t) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(s) 僱員福利(續)

(ii) 以股份為基礎的付款(續)

於歸屬期內,預期歸屬的購股 權數目會予以檢討。於過往年 度確認的累計公平值的任何調 整乃扣自/計入有關檢討年度 的損益,除非原有的僱員開支 符合確認為資產的資格而對以 股份為基礎的付款儲備作出相 應調整則作別論。於歸屬日, 確認為開支的款額會予以調 整,以反映歸屬的實際購股權 數目(連同對以股份基礎的付 款儲備作出相應調整),惟倘 沒收僅因未達致與本公司股份 的市價有關的歸屬條件則除 外。股權款額乃於以股份為基 礎的付款儲備中確認,直至購 股權屆滿(屆時其直接轉出至 股份溢價,或當其直接與保留 盈利有關時,則購股權屆滿) 為止。

(t) 所得税

年內所得税包括即期税項及遞延税 項資產與負債的變動。即期税項及 遞延税項資產與負債的變動均於損 益表內確認,惟與於其他全面收益 或直接於權益內確認的項目有關者 則除外,在此情況下有關稅項金額 分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益 內確認。

即期税項為就年內應課税收入採用 於報告期末已生效或實質已生效的 税率計算的預期應付税項,並就過 往年度的應付税項作出任何調整。

遞延税項資產及負債分別自可扣稅 及應課税的暫時差額產生,即就財 務報告而言資產和負債的賬面值與 其稅基之間的差額。遞延税項資產 亦自未動用税項虧損及未動用稅項 抵免產生。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)(除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(t) Income tax (Continued)

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities and all deferred tax assets, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purpose, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided that they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(t) 所得税(續)

除若干有限的例外情況外,所有遞 延税項負債及所有遞延税項資產(以 未來可能有應課税溢利致使可動用 該等資產作抵扣為限)均會予以確 認。可支持確認自可扣税暫時差額 所產生的遞延税項資產的未來應課 税溢利包括將因撥回現有應課税暫 時差額而產生的金額;惟此等差額 與同一稅務機關及同一應課稅實體 有關,並預期在可扣税暫時差額預 計撥回的同一期間或遞延税項資產 所產生税項虧損可承後或承前結轉 的期間內撥回。在釐定現有應課稅 暫時差額是否支持確認自未動用税 項虧損和抵免產生的遞延税項資產 時,亦會採用同一準則,即該等差 額若與同一稅務機關及同一應課稅 實體有關,並預期在稅項虧損或抵 免可動用的期間內撥回,則予以考 慮。

確認遞延税項資產和負債的有限例外情況,為就稅務而言產生自商會等的不可扣減的暫時差額、不影響會計或應課稅溢利的資產或負債務公司,以及有關於附屬公司的對時差額(如屬應課稅差可,則只限於本集團可控制撥回的幾回,所且在可見將來不大可能撥回的差額;或如屬可扣稅差額,則只限於很可能在將來撥回的差額)。

本集團會在各結算日檢討遞延稅項 資產的賬面值,並在不可能再獲得 足夠的應課稅溢利可抵扣相關稅項 利益時予以扣減。倘有可能獲得足 夠的應課稅溢利,則扣減金額予以 撥回。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(t) Income tax (Continued)

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(t) 所得税(續)

股息分派所產生的額外所得稅會在確認支付相關股息的負債時確認。

即期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘及其變動額均各自分開呈報且不予抵銷。倘本公司或本集團有法定強制執行權利以即期税項資產抵銷即期税項負債,並且符合以下附加條件下,則即期税項資產可抵銷即期税項負債,以及遞延税項資產可抵銷號延税項負債:

- 一 倘為即期稅項資產與負債,本 公司或本集團擬按淨額基準結 算,或同時變現該資產及清償 該負債;或
- 一 倘為遞延税項資產及負債,而 此等資產及負債與同一税務機 關就以下其中一項徵收的所得 税有關:
 - 一 同一應課税實體;或
 - 一 不同的應課稅實體,此 等實體計劃在日後項 預期有大額遞延稅額 情需要清償或大知 稅項資產可以與基準 稅項內,按淨額基準變 即期稅項負債,或同時 期稅項負債, 明稅項負債。 明該資產及清償該負債。

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2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(u) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities

(i) Financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Where the Group issues a financial guarantee, the fair value of the guarantee is initially recognised as deferred income within trade and other payables. The fair value of financial guarantees issued at the time of issuance is determined by reference to fees charged in an arm's length transaction for similar services, when such information is obtainable, or is otherwise estimated by reference to interest rate differentials, by comparing the actual rates charged by lenders when the guarantee is made available with the estimated rates that lenders would have charged, had the guarantees not been available, where reliable estimates of such information can be made. Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss on initial recognition of any deferred income.

The amount of the guarantee initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued. In addition, provisions are recognised in accordance with note 2(u)(iii) if and when (i) it becomes probable that the holder of the guarantee will call upon the Group under the guarantee, and (ii) the amount of that claim on the Group is expected to exceed the amount currently carried in trade and other payables in respect of that guarantee i.e. the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(u) 已發出的財務擔保、撥備及或 然負債

(i) 已發出的財務擔保

財務擔保指要求發行人(即擔保人)於特定債務人未能依照債務工具條款於到期時付款時,作出特定付款以彌償擔保受益人(「持有人」)因此招致的損失的合約。

倘本集團發出財務擔保,該擔 保的公平值初步確認為貿易及 其他應付款項的遞延收入。所 出具財務擔保於發出時的公平 值,是以參考在相若服務的公 平交易中所徵收費用的可取得 相關資料而釐定; 有關的資料 也可參考利率差價而估計,亦 可以就貸款機構對發出擔保所 實際徵收的利率,與在沒有取 得擔保的情況下而貸款機構將 可能徵收的估計利率作出比 較,並在當中取用較可靠的相 關資料估計而釐定。倘在作出 該擔保時已收或應收代價,則 該代價根據適用於該類資產的 本集團政策確認。倘並無已收 或應收代價,則於初步確認任 何遞延收入時,即時於損益內 確認開支。

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2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(u) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities (Continued)

(ii) Contingent liabilities assumed in business combinations

Contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination which are present obligations at the date of acquisition are initially recognised at fair value, provided the fair value can be reliably measured. After their initial recognition at fair value, such contingent liabilities are recognised at the higher of the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation where appropriate, and the amount that would be determined in accordance with note 2(u)(iii). Contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination that cannot be reliably fair valued or were not present obligations at the date of acquisition are disclosed in accordance with note 2(u)(iii).

(iii) Other provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for other liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(u) 已發出的財務擔保、撥備及或 然負債(續)

(ii) 於業務合併中承擔的或然負債

(iii) 其他撥備及或然負債

撥備乃於本集團或本公司因過 往事件而產生法律或推定責 任,而可能需要經濟利益流出 以清償責任及能作出可靠估計 時,就不確定時間或金額的其 他負債確認。倘金錢的時間值 屬重大時,撥備乃按預期清償 責任的開支的現值列賬。

當需要經濟利益流出的可能性較低或當金額不能可靠估計時,責任會作為或然負債的事務,除非經濟利益流出的責任(其存極低。可能的責任(其存本事件的出現確認)亦作為或然負債披露,除非經濟利益流出的可能性極低者,則另當別論。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(v) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

(i) Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when the customer has accepted the goods and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

(ii) Contract manufacturing income

Contract manufacturing income is recognised when the contract manufacturing services are rendered.

(iii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(v) 收益確認

收益是按已收或應收代價的公平值 計量。

倘有經濟利益可能流入本集團,而 收益及成本(如適用)能可靠地計量 時,則收入會根據下列方法於損益 中確認:

(i) 銷售貨品

收益是在客戶接收貨品及與其 擁有權相關的風險及回報之時 確認。收益不包括增值稅或其 他銷售稅,並已扣除任何貿易 折扣。

(ii) 合同製造收入

合同製造收入是在提供合同製 造服務時確認。

(iii) 利息收入

利息收入是在產生時按實際利 率法確認。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(v) Revenue recognition (Continued)

(iv) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense. An unconditional government grant is recognised in profit or loss as other revenue when the grant becomes receivable, other government grants are recognised in the balance sheet initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as revenue in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

(w) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss, except those arising from foreign currency borrowings used to hedge a net investment in a foreign operation which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(v) 收益確認(續)

(iv) 政府補助

倘可合理確定能夠收取政府補 助,且本集團能符合政府補助 所附帶之條件,則政府補助將 初步在財務狀況表中確認。補 償本集團所產生開支之補助於 產生開支之同一期間有系統地 於損益中確認為收入。補償本 集團資產成本之補助則從該資 產的賬面值中扣除,其後以扣 減折舊開支之方式於資產的可 使用年期內在損益實際確認。 當可收取政府補助時,則於損 益確認無條件政府補助為其他 收益。當可以合理確定本集團 將會收到政府補助並會遵守其 附帶條件時,其他政府補助會 初步於資產負債表內予以確 認。用作補償本集團所產生的 開支的補助於產生開支的同一 期間有系統地於損益內確認為 收入。補償本集團資產成本的 補助在相關資產賬面值中扣 除,其後於該項資產的可使用 年期以減少折舊開支方式於損 益內實際確認。

(w) 換算外幣

年內的外幣交易乃按於交易日期適 用的外幣匯率換算。以外幣計值的 貨幣資產及負債乃按於報告期末的 外幣匯率換算。匯兑收益及虧損乃 於損益內確認,惟來自外幣借款用 作對沖於海外業務的淨投資者於其 他全面收益確認除外。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(w) Translation of foreign currencies (Continued)

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

The results of foreign operations are translated into Renminbi at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of transactions. Statement of financial position items, including goodwill, are translated into Renminbi at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

(x) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(w) 換算外幣(續)

以外幣的歷史成本計量的非貨幣資產及負債乃使用於交易日期適用的外幣匯率換算。按公平值列賬的以外幣計值非貨幣資產及負債乃使用於計量公平值當日適用的外幣匯率換算。

海外業務的業績乃按與於交易日期 適用的外幣匯率相若的匯率換算為 人民幣。財務狀況表項目(包括商 譽)則按報告期末之收市匯率換算 為人民幣。所產生的匯兑差額於其 他全面收益中確認,並獨立於匯兑 儲備的權益內累計。

於出售海外業務時,與該海外業務 有關的累計匯兑差額於確認出售損 益時由權益重新分類至損益。

(x) 借貸成本

收購、興建或生產需長時間方可達 致其擬定用途或出售的資產的直接 應佔借貸成本乃作為該資產的成本 一部分予以資本化。其他借貸成本 乃於其產生期間支銷。

借貸成本於資產產生開支、產生借貸成本及進行使資產達致其擬定用途或出售的必需準備工作期間開始資本化,作為合資格資產的成本的資本化於使合資格資產達致其擬定用途或出售所必要的絕大部分活動中止或完成時暫停或不再進行。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(y) Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).

2 主要會計政策(續)

(y) 關連人士

- (a) 在以下情況下,某人士或其近 親家庭成員與本集團有關聯:
 - (i) 可控制或共同控制本集 團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 是本集團或本集團母公 司的主要管理人員的成 員。
- (b) 在以下任何情況下,某實體與 本集團有關聯:
 - (i) 該實體及本集團均是同 一集團的成員公司(即母 公司、附屬公司及同系 附屬公司各自與其他有 關聯)。
 - (ii) 某實體是另一實體的聯 營公司或合營公司(或另 一實體為成員公司的某 集團的成員公司的聯營 公司或合營公司)。
 - (iii) 兩家實體均是同一第三 方的合營公司。
 - (iv) 某實體是第三方實體的 合營公司而另一實體則 是該第三方實體的聯營 公司。
 - (v) 該實體是旨在提供福利 予本集團或與本集團有 關聯的實體的僱員的離 職後福利計劃。
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)項中所辨別 的人士控制或共同控制。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(y) Related parties (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: (Continued)
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a Group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group, or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

(z) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial statements provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

(a) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Note 33 contains information about the assumptions and their risk factors relating to the fair value of financial instruments.

(b) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's financial statements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following accounting judgements:

2 主要會計政策(續)

(v) 關連人士(續)

- (b) 在以下任何情況下,某實體與 本集團有關聯:(續)
 - (vii) 在(a)(i)項中所辨別的人 士對該實體有重大影響 力,或該人士是該實體 (或是該實體的母公司) 的主要管理人員的成員。
 - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團的 任何成員公司向本集團 或本集團的母公司提供 主要管理人員服務。

某人的近親家庭成員為在與實體交易時預期會影響該名人士或受到該 名人士影響的家庭成員。

(z) 分部報告

經營分部及於財務報表內所申報的 各分部項目的金額乃從定期向本集 團最高級行政管理人員提供以就本 集團業務及地理區域進行資源分配 及表現評估的財務報表中識別。

3 會計判斷及估計

(a) 估計不確定性的主要來源

附註33載有關於該等金融工具的公 平值的假設及風險因素的資料。

(b) 於應用本集團財務報表時之重 要會計判斷

於應用本集團會計政策時,管理層 作出下列會計判斷:

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

(b) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's financial statements (Continued)

(i) Impairment

Notes 16 and 33(a) contain information about the assumptions and risk factors relating to the impairment of goodwill and trade debtors. Other key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

In considering the impairment losses that may be required for certain assets of the Group, the recoverable amount of the asset needs to be determined. The recoverable amount is the greater of its fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. In determining the fair value less cost of disposal, the Group engaged third party valuation specialists to assess the fair value and estimated the costs of disposal of the assets based on an internal assessment. In determining the value in use, expected cash flows generated by the asset are discounted to its present value, which requires significant judgement relating to items such as level of revenue and amount of operating costs. The Group uses all readily available information in determining an amount that is a reasonable approximation of the recoverable amount, including estimates based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and projections of items such as revenue and operating costs.

Impairment losses for doubtful debts are assessed and provided based on the regular review of ageing analysis and evaluation of collectability by the management. A considerable level of judgement is exercised by the management when assessing the credit worthiness and past collection history of each individual customer.

Recoverability of advance payments to suppers are assessed based on the regular review and ageing analysis and past histories of the supply of goods to the Group of each supplier. A considerable level of judgement is exercised by the management when assessing the credit worthiness of each supplier.

3 會計判斷及估計(續)

(b) 於應用本集團財務報表時之重 要會計判斷(續)

(i) 減值

附註 16 及33(a) 載有關於商譽 及貿易賬款減值的假設及風險 因素的資料。以下為估計不確 定性的其他主要來源:

考慮本集團若干資產可能需要 計提的減值虧損時,需要釐定 該等資產的可收回金額。可收 回金額是公平值減出售成本與 使用價值兩者中之較高者。為 **釐定公平值減出售成本,本集** 團委聘第三方估值專家評估資 產的公平值, 並基於內部評估 估計資產的出售成本。在釐定 使用價值時,預計從有關資產 所得的現金流量會貼現至其現 值,當中需要對如營業額水平 及營運成本等項目作出重大判 斷。本集團會運用一切可得資 料,釐定可收回金額之合理概 約數字,包括根據對營業額及 營運成本等項目之合理和具支 持之假設和預測所作出之估 計。

呆賬減值虧損乃根據管理層定 期審閱賬齡分析及可收回程度 評估來作出評估及計提撥備。 管理層評估各個別客戶的信譽 度及過往收賬記錄時,會作出 相當程度的判斷。

向供應商墊款的可收回性會基 於定期審閱、賬齡分析及各供 應商向本集團供應貨品的過往 記錄進行評估。管理層於評估 各供應商的信譽度時作出相當 程度的判斷。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

(b) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's financial statements (Continued)

(ii) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price less estimated costs of completion and distribution expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and historical experience of selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of competitor actions in response to severe industry cycles or changes in market conditions. Management reassesses these estimations at the balance sheet date to ensure inventories are shown at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

(iii) Depreciation

Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, after taking into account the estimated residual value. Management reviews the estimated useful lives of the assets regularly in order to determine the amount of depreciation expense to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives of the assets are based on the Group's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation expense for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

(iv) Income tax

Determining income tax provisions involves judgement on the future tax treatment of certain transactions. Management carefully evaluates tax implications of transactions and tax provisions are set up accordingly. The tax treatment of these transactions is reconsidered periodically by taking into account all changes in tax legislations. Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences. As deferred tax assets can only be recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available. management's judgement is required to assess the probability of future taxable profits. Management's assessment is constantly reviewed and additional deferred tax assets, if any, are recognised if it becomes probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

3 會計判斷及估計(續)

(b) 於應用本集團財務報表時之重 要會計判斷(續)

(ii) 存貨可變現淨值

存貨可變現淨值指估計售價減估計完成成本及分銷開支後的金額。該等估計乃根據當前的 記以及銷售同類性質產品的過往經驗作出。該等估計可能對所採取的行動或市況變動而完變動所採取的行動或市況變動無不變動。管理層於結構與大變動。管理層於結構與所對情談等估計,以確保等質是以成本和可變現淨值的較低者呈列。

(iii) 折舊

(iv) 所得税

釐定所得税撥備涉及對若干交 易未來稅務處理的判斷。管理 層審慎評估交易的稅務影響, 並計提相應的税項撥備。本集 團定期重新考慮有關交易的税 處理,以計及稅務法規的所有 變動。遞延税項資產就可抵扣 暫時差異進行確認。由於該等 遞延税項資產僅限於很可能獲 得未來應課税溢利時才會確 認,故需要管理層的判斷以評 估獲得未來應課税溢利的可能 性。本集團不斷審閱管理層的 評估,倘日後很可能取得應課 税溢利以收回遞延税項資產, 則會確認額外的遞延税項資產 (如有)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

4 REVENUE

The principal activities of the Group are manufacturing and sales of copper and related products, sales of aluminium products, and provision of contract manufacturing services in the PRC.

Revenue represents the sales value of goods sold to customers less returns, discounts, and value added taxes and other sales tax, and contract manufacturing income which is analysed as follows:

4 營業額

本集團的主要業務是在中國生產及銷售 銅及相關產品、銷售鋁產品和提供合同製 造服務。

營業額指售予客戶的貨品的銷售價值減 退貨、折扣、增值税和其他銷售税,以及 合同製造收入,其分析如下:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Sales from trading of electrolytic copper	電解銅貿易銷售(附註)		
(Note)		3,522,236	584,108
Sales of recycled copper products	銷售再生銅產品	1,367,891	1,078,879
Sales of power transmission and	銷售送配電纜		
distribution cables		3,099	70,616
Sales of communication cables	銷售通信電纜	35,832	29,398
Sales of scrap materials	銷售廢棄材料	447	15,755
Sales of aluminium products	銷售鋁產品	3,055	10,834
Contract manufacturing income	合同製造收入	1,065	1,160
		4,933,625	1,790,750

Note: The Group has entered into trading activities of electrolytic copper beginning in 2015 whereas the Group is considered the principal of the transactions as it controls the electrolytic copper before they are sold to the customers. The gross inflows of the trading activities are therefore recognised as revenue.

Two customers (2015: two customers) of the Group represents more than 10% of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2016. For the year ended 31 December 2016, the revenue from these two major customers (2015: two major customers) amounted to RMB1,544,892,000 (2015: RMB738,862,000). Further details of concentrations of credit risk arising from customers are set out in note 33(a).

附註: 本集團自2015年起開展電解銅的貿易活動, 由於本集團在向客戶銷售電解銅前控制該產 品,故本集團被視為該等交易的主體責任 人。根據貿易活動的經濟利益總流入因此被 確認收入。

截至2016年12月31日止年度,兩名(2015年:兩名)本集團客戶的營業額佔本集團總營業額10%以上。载至2016年12月31日止年度,來自該兩名主要客戶(2015年:兩名主要客戶)的營業額為人民幣1,544,892,000元(2015年:人民幣738,862,000元)。有關源自該等客戶的信貸集中風險的進一步詳情載於附註33(a)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

5 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group manages its businesses by business operations. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following four reportable segments, namely recycled copper products segment, power transmission and distribution cables segment, communication cables segment and aluminium products segment as at 31 December 2016.

- Recycled copper products segment: use of scrap copper and electrolytic copper for the manufacturing of recycled copper products:
- (ii) Power transmission and distribution cables segment: manufacturing sales of power transmission and distribution cables;
- (iii) Communication cables segment: manufacturing and sales of communication cables; and
- (iv) Aluminium products segment: sales of aluminium products.

(a) Segment results

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's most senior executive management monitors the results attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

The measure used for reporting segment loss is "loss after taxation". To arrive at reportable segment loss, the Group's loss is further adjusted for items not specially attributed to individual segments, such as head office or corporate administrative costs.

A measurement of segment assets and liabilities is not provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management and accordingly, no segment assets or liabilities information is presented.

5 分部報告

本集團按業務營運管理其業務。與就分配資源及評估表現而向本集團的最高級行政管理層作內部呈報資料的方式一致,於2016年12月31日,本集團呈列以下四個可報告分部,即再生銅產品分部、送配電纜分部、通信電纜分部及鋁產品分部。

- (i) 再生銅產品分部:使用廢銅及電解 銅製造再生銅產品;
- (ii) 送配電纜分部:生產及銷售送配電 續;
- (iii) 通信電纜分部:生產及銷售通信電 纜;及
- (iv) 鋁產品分部:銷售鋁產品。

(a) 分部業績

就評估分部表現及各分部間之資源 分配而言,本集團最高級行政管理 層按下列基準監控各個可報告分部 的業績:

收入及開支乃參考可報告分部產生 的銷售及開支或參考有關分部應佔 資產折舊或攤銷所產生的開支而分 配至可報告分部。

用於衡量呈報分部虧損的指標為「稅 後虧損」。為計算可報告分部虧損, 本集團的虧損進一步就並非明確歸 於個別分部的項目(例如總辦事處 或企業行政成本)作出調整。

由於分部資產和負債的計量結果沒 有定期呈報給本集團最高級行政管 理層,因此分部資產和負債資料不 予呈列。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

5 SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(a) Segment results (Continued)

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the year ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 is set out below:

5 分部報告(續)

(a) 分部業績(續)

本集團於截至2016年及2015年12 月31日止年度以資源分配及評估分 部表現為目的而呈報本集團最高級 行政管理層的可報告分部資料載列 如下:

		Recycled copper products 再生銅產品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Power transmission and distribution cables 送配電纜 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 2016年 Communication cables 通信電纜 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Aluminium products 鋁產品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶的收益	4,891,639	3,099	35,832	3,055	4,933,625
Inter-segment revenue	分部間收益	10,942	222	-	-	11,164
Reportable segment revenue	可報告分部收益	4,902,581	3,321	35,832	3,055	4,944,789
Reportable segment loss	可報告分部虧損	(59,629)	(49,814)	(732)	(484)	(110,659)
Interest income	利息收入	22,558	12	273	-	22,843
Finance costs	財務成本	64,123	2,616	1,876	-	68,615
Depreciation and amortisation for the year	年內折舊及攤銷	24,433	8,322	3,292	86	36,133
VAT refunds, government grants and subsidies	增值税退税及政府補助 及補貼	141,245	13,155	1,791	-	156,191
Impairment loss of trade debtors and bills receivable	貿易賬款及應收票據 之減值虧損	102,932	48,821	1,375	-	153,128

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

5 SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(a) Segment results (Continued)

5 分部報告(續) (a) 分部業績(續)

		Recycled copper products 再生銅產品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Power transmission and distribution cables 送配電纜 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 Communication cables 通信電纜 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Aluminium products 鋁產品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶的收益	1,679,878	70,616	29,422	10,834	1,790,750
Inter-segment revenue	分部間收益	137,478	441	726	_	138,645
Reportable segment revenue	可報告分部收益	1,817,356	71,057	30,148	10,834	1,929,395
Reportable segment (loss)/profit	可報告分部(虧損)/溢利	(296,031)	(18,506)	(26,873)	101	(341,309)
Interest income	利息收入	716	146	405	-	1,267
Finance costs Depreciation and amortisation	財務成本 年內折舊及攤銷	65,346	4,181	2,537	1	72,065
for the year VAT refunds, government grants	增值税退税及政府補助	29,921	10,654	2,364	15	42,954
and subsidies Impairment loss of goodwill	及補貼 商譽減值虧損	134,728 16,081	666	298	_	135,692 16,081
Impairment loss of property,	物業、廠房及設備	10,001				10,001
plant and equipment	之減值虧損	54,313	-	-	-	54,313
Impairment loss of trade debtors and bills receivable	貿易賬款及應收票據 之減值虧損	80,374	14,907	17,549	_	112,830
Warrant expenses	認股權證開支	12,079	_	-	-	12,079

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

5 SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(b) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue and profit or loss

5 分部報告(續)

(b) 可報告分部收益與損益的對賬

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益		
Reportable segment revenue Elimination of inter-segment revenue	可報告分部收益 對銷分部間收益	4,944,789 (11,164)	1,929,395 (138,645)
Consolidated revenue (see note 4)	綜合收益(見附註4)	4,933,625	1,790,750
Loss	虧損		
Reportable segment loss derived from the Group's external customers Unallocated head office and corporate expenses Share of profit of associates	來自本集團外部客戶的 可報告分部虧損 未分配總辦事處及 企業開支 應佔聯營公司溢利	(110,659) (202,752) 1,793	(341,309) (162,855) 1,028
Consolidated loss for the year	年內綜合虧損	(311,618)	(503,136)

(c) Geographic information

The Group carried out its business operations in the PRC, thus no separate geographical segment analysis based on the location of assets and the revenue and loss are presented.

(c) 地理資料

本集團於中國經營業務,因此並無 呈列按資產及收益和虧損所在地劃 分的獨立地區分部分析。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)(除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

6 OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER NET LOSS

6 其他收益及其他淨虧損

(a) Other revenue

(a) 其他收益

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
VAT refunds — Comprehensive utilisation of resources (note (i)) Government grants (note (ii)) Government subsidies (note (iii)) Interest income	增值税退税 一綜合利用資源(附註(i)) 政府補助(附註(ii)) 政府補貼(附註(iii)) 利息收入	40,098 48,576 67,517 22,953	96,681 20,141 18,870 1,276
		179,144	136,968

(i) The Group is entitled to government grants for refunds of 30% for the year ended 31 December 2016 of the net VAT paid/payable.

The Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation jointly issued a notice concerning the "Catalogue on Products and Labour Services relating to Comprehensive Utilisation of Resources Eligible for Concessions of Value-added Tax" (Cai Shui [2015] (No. 78)) (the "New VAT Policy") on 12 June 2015, which replaced, amongst others, Cai Shui [2011] No. 115 (the "Former VAT Policy")). Under the Former VAT Policy, certain subsidiaries of the Company are entitled to government grants for refunds of 50% of the net VAT paid/payable. The New VAT Policy took effect on 1 July 2015. According to the New VAT Policy, the applicable VAT refund for such subsidiaries are reduced from 50% to 30%

- (ii) The amounts represent local government grants received by operating subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC for the purpose of providing immediate financial support to those subsidiaries for general operating use with no future related costs. No specific conditions are required to meet in connection with the grants.
- (iii) In 2016, the Group was granted unconditional government subsidies of RMB67,517,000 (2015: RMB18,870,000) from Youxian District Finance Bureau, Mianyang City, Sichuan Province. The subsidies were received through Sichuan Baohe Fushan Resources Recycling Development Co., Ltd. ("Baohe Fushan"), an associate of the Group. Baohe Fushan is principally engaged in the operation and the development of an industrial park in Mianyang City, Sichuan Province, where most of the Group's subsidiaries are located.

(i) 截至2016年12月31日止年度,本集 團有權獲得相等於30%已付/應付增 值税淨額的退税作為政府補助。

> 財政部及國家稅務總局於2015年6月 12日聯合發出關於《資源綜合利用產品和勞務增值稅優惠目錄》的通知(財稅[2015]78號)(「新增值稅政策」),其取代(其中包括)財稅[2011]115號(「前增值稅政策」)。根據前增值稅政策,本公司若干附屬公司獲得相等於50%已付/應付增值稅淨額的退稅作為政府補助。新增值稅政策於2015年7月1日生效。根據新增值稅政策,該等附屬公司的適用增值稅退稅比例從50%減至30%。

- (ii) 該等金額指本集團於中國之營運附屬 公司所收取的地方政府補助,作為對 該等附屬公司的即時財政援助,以供 用於一般營運,而不會產生日後相關 成本。毋須就補助符合特殊條件。
- (iii) 於2016年,本集團獲得四川省綿陽市游仙區財政局批授的無條件政府補貼人民幣67,517,000元(2015年:人民幣18,870,000元)。該等補貼已透過本集團的聯營公司四川省保和富山再生資源開發有限公司(「保和富山」))收取。保和富山主要從事四川省綿陽市一個工業園的經營及開發,本集團的大部分附屬公司在該處經營。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

6 OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER NET LOSS

6 其他收益及其他淨虧損(續)

(Continued)

(b) Other net loss

(b) 其他淨虧損(續)

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Not //occ\/ecip on occupation to	和如化人, 从 去 南 (
Net (loss)/gain on copper futures	銅期貨合約交割後淨	(20)	6 1 1 1
contracts upon settlement	(虧損)/收益	(28)	6,111
Net foreign exchange loss	淨匯兑虧損 以 先物 数。麻原及到供物	(9,190)	(34)
Net loss on sale of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備的	(00)	(110)
plant and equipment	淨虧損 可換即係类的符件工具或分的	(22)	(116)
Change in fair value of derivative	可換股債券的衍生工具部分的		
component of convertible	公平值變動(附註27)	0.000	(77.001)
bonds (note 27)	→ 周 → 冰 / 本 長 != (小 ☆ 4 0)	6,633	(77,091)
Impairment loss of goodwill (note 16)	商譽之減值虧損(附註16)	_	(16,081)
Impairment loss of property,	物業、廠房及設備之		(54.040)
plant and equipment (note 12)	減值虧損(附註12)	-	(54,313)
Impairment loss of interest in	於一間聯營公司權益之減值	/	
an associate (note 15)	虧損(附註15)	(100,315)	_
Share of profit of associates	應佔聯營公司溢利	1,793	1,028
Reversal of provision for bad debt	撥回壞賬撥備(附註21(d))		
(note 21(d))		28,574	_
Impairment loss of trade debtors and	貿易賬款及應收票據之		
bills receivable (note 21(d))	減值虧損(附註21(d))	(153,128)	(112,830)
Others	其他	(1,593)	(1,597)
		(227,276)	(254,923)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

7 LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

7 税前虧損

Loss before taxation is arrived at after charging:

税前虧損乃扣除以下各項後得出:

			2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
(a) Finance costs	(a)	財務成本		
Interest on bank loans and other borrowings		銀行貸款及其他借款的利息	59,669	67,431
Finance charges on obligation		融資租賃下責任之融資開支		
under finance lease		+ 4 BBTW - 1 L W + L 1 L T 1 A	2,362	3,460
Interest on loans from related parties Interest on convertible bonds		來自關聯方的貸款的利息 可換股債券之利息	4,790 60,639	68 35,114
Guarantee fees and other charges		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6,585	7,598
			0,000	7,000
			134,045	113,671
			2012	0015
			2016 2016年	2015 2015年
			2016 + RMB'000	2015 + RMB'000
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元
(b) Staff costs	(b)	員工成本		
Salaries, wages and other benefits		薪金、工資及其他福利	35,908	41,295
Contributions to defined contribution		界定供款退休計劃的供款		,== 0
retirement schemes			2,918	6,280
Share-based payment expenses		以股份為基礎的付款開支	37,406	31,874
			76,232	79,449

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

7 LOSS BEFORE TAXATION (Continued)

(b) Staff costs (Continued)

Pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC participate in defined contribution retirement benefit schemes (the "Schemes") organised by the local authorities whereby the subsidiaries are required to make contributions to the Schemes based on a percentage of the eligible employees' salaries for the year. Contributions to the Schemes vest immediately. Under the Schemes, retirement benefits of existing and retired employees are payable by the relevant scheme administrators and the Group has no further obligations beyond the annual contributions.

7 税前虧損(續)

(b) 員工成本(續)

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
(c) Other items (c)	其他項目		
Cost of inventories (Note) Depreciation of property,	存貨成本(附註) 物業、廠房及設備的折舊	4,890,742	1,930,181
plant and equipment		34,011	37,340
Amortisation of lease prepayments	租賃預付款攤銷	2,122	1,958
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	-	3,656
Group auditor's remuneration	本集團核數師酬金		
Audit services	一 審核服務	2,150	2,000
 Review and other services 	- 審閱及其他服務	934	937
Local statutory auditor's remuneration	當地法定核數師酬金		
Audit services	一 審核服務	268	211
Research and development costs	研發成本	1,221	1,637

Note: Cost of inventories includes RMB16,914,000 (2015: RMB20,101,000) relating to staff costs, depreciation and amortisation, which amount is also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above or in note 7(b) for each of these types of expenses, and nil (2015: RMB12,079,000) relating to warrant expense, which is also included in the respective amount disclosed above or in note 5(a).

附註:存貨成本包括與員工成本、折舊及攤銷有關的人民幣16,914,000元(2015年:人民幣20,101,000元),就每項該等類別開支而言,有關金額亦會計入上文或附註7(b)單獨披露的有關總額內,以及有關認股權證開支為零(2015年:人民幣12,079,000元),該款項亦計入上文或附註5(a)披露之有關金額。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

8 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

(a) Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

8 綜合損益表內的所得稅

(a) 綜合損益表內的税項指:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current tax — PRC Corporate Income Tax	即期税項 一 中國企業所得税		
Provision for the year Adjustment for prior year	年內撥備 過往年度調整	15,897 1,099	218 945
Deferred tax	遞延税項	16,996	1,163
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	暫時差額的產生及撥回	(23,889)	(38,448)
		(6,893)	(37,285)

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the BVI.

No provision has been made for Hong Kong Profits Tax as the Group did not earn any assessable profit subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax during the current and prior years. The payment of dividends by Hong Kong incorporated subsidiaries are not subject to any Hong Kong withholding tax.

根據開曼群島及英屬處女群島(「英屬處女群島」)的規則及規例,本集 團毋須在開曼群島及英屬處女群島 繳納任何所得稅。

由於本集團於本年度及過往年度並 無賺取須繳納香港利得税的任何應 課税溢利,故並無就香港利得税作 出撥備。香港註冊成立的附屬公司 派付股息毋須繳納任何香港預扣税。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

- 8 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)
 - (b) Reconciliation between tax credit and accounting loss at applicable tax rates:
- 8 綜合損益表內的所得稅(續)
 - (b) 税務抵免與按適用税率計算的 會計虧損的對賬:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss before taxation	税前虧損	(318,511)	(540,421)
taxation, calculated at the rates applicable in the tax jurisdictions concerned	按相關税務司法權區 所用税率計算的 税前虧損的推算税項 不可扣税開支的税務影響	(16,189) 3,781	(57,145) 2,128
Tax effect of non-taxable income	非課税收入的税務影響 未動用税項虧損及 未確認可扣税暫時差額	(1,145)	(238)
not recognised Adjustment for prior year PRC withholding tax on interest income	的税務影響 過往年度的調整 本集團內實體之間有關	4,488 1,099	16,974 945
among entities within the Group Others	利息收入的中國預扣税 其他	1,073	218 (167)
Actual tax credit	實際税務抵免	(6,893)	(37,285)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

9 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to Section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

9 董事酬金

根據香港公司條例第383(1)條及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例第二部披露之董事酬金如下:

		Note 附註	Directors' fee 董事袍金 (f) (f) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼 及實物利益 (e) (e) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 2016年 Retirement scheme contribution 退休 計劃供款 (e) (e) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Sub-total 小計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share- based payments 以股份為 基礎的付款 (a) (a) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
		113 Mai	7 (24.1) 1 70	7 () () ()	7 (201) 1 70	77,000,000	7 (201) 1 70	7 (201) 1 20	77741177
Executive directors	執行董事								
Mr. Yu Jianqiu	俞建秋先生		-	2,732	-	15	2,747	-	2,747
Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson	鄺偉信先生		-	1,535	-	15	1,550	1,192	2,742
Mr. Huang Weiping	黃偉萍先生		171	98	-	-	269	146	415
Ms. Zhu Yufen	朱玉芬女士		171	120	-	-	291	730	1,021
			342	4,485	<u>-</u>	30	4,857	2,068	6,925
Independent non-	獨立非執行董事								
Mr. Lee Ting Bun Denny	李廷斌先生		171	_	_	_	171	238	409
Ms. Ren Ruxian	任汝嫻女士	(b)	171	_	_	_	171	373	544
Mr. Pan Liansheng	潘連勝先生		171	-	-	-	171	238	409
			513		<u>-</u>		513	849	1,362
			855	4,485		30	5,370	2,917	8,287

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

9 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

9 董事酬金(續)

						2015 2015年			
				Salaries,		Detironer		Oh awa	
			Directors'	allowances and benefits	Discretionary	Retirement scheme		Share- based	
			fee	in kind	bonuses	contribution	Sub-total	payments	Total
			iee	薪金、津貼	มบานธยร	退休	Sub-total	以股份為	TOtal
			董事袍金	及實物利益	酌情花紅	計劃供款	小計	基礎的付款	總計
			重升16业 (f)	(e)	H) H10//I	(e)	.) 11	عد برد از	mo H I
				(e)		(e)		(a)	
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
English Burden	4.仁芸士								
Executive directors	執行董事 俞建秋先生			0.550		1.4	0.567		2,567
Mr. Yu Jianqiu Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson	削建似尤生		-	2,553 1,435	_	14 14	2,567 1,449	1,129	2,507
Mr. Liu Hanjiu	興降后充生 劉漢玖先生	(c)	146	1,435	-	14	1,449	700	2,576
Mr. Huang Weiping	到疾以兀生 黃偉萍先生	(C)	160	175	1,520	_	1,855	311	2,166
Ms. Zhu Yufen	朱玉芬女士		160	173	1,280	_	1,561	1,553	3,114
	/_//_				.,		.,,,,,,,,	.,,,,,	
			466	4,415	2,800	39	7,720	3,693	11,413
Independent non- executive directors	獨立非執行董事								
Mr. Lee Ting Bun Denny	李廷斌先生		160	-	-	-	160	226	386
Ms. Liu Rong	劉蓉女士	(d)	146	-	-	-	146	-	146
Ms. Ren Ruxian	任汝嫻女士	(b)	14	-	-	-	14	-	14
Mr. Pan Liansheng	潘連勝先生		160	_	-	_	160	226	386
			480	_	_		480	452	932
			946	4,415	2,800	39	8,200	4,145	12,345

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

9 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

- (a) These represent the estimated value of share options granted to the directors under the Company's share option scheme. The value of these share options is measured according to the Group's accounting policies for sharebased payment transactions as set out in note 2(s)(ii). The details of these benefits in kind, including the principal terms and number of options granted, are disclosed in note 30.
- (b) Ms. Ren Ruxian has been appointed as the Company's independent non-executive director effective from 30 November 2015.
- (c) Mr. Liu Hanjiu has resigned as an executive director effective from 30 November 2015.
- (d) Mr. Liu Rong has resigned as an independent non-executive director of the Company from 30 November 2015.
- (e) The amount represents the emoluments/retirement benefits paid in respect of the services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking.
- (f) The amount represents the emoluments paid in respect of service from the directors.
- (g) No emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office for the current or prior years. No director has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments for the current or prior years.

9 董事酬金(續)

- (a) 該等數額指董事根據本公司購股權計劃獲授購股權的估計價值。該等購股權的價值乃根據附註2(s)(ii)所載本集團有關以股份為基礎的付款交易的會計政策計量。該等實物利益的詳情(包括已授出購股權的主要條款及數目)於附註30中披露。
- (b) 任汝嫻女士於2015年11月30日起 獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。
- (c) 劉漢玖先生於2015年11月30日起 辭任執行董事。
- (d) 劉蓉女士於2015年11月30日起辭 任本公司獨立非執行董事。
- (e) 該款項指就管理本公司或其附屬公司事務的服務支付的酬金/退休福利。
- (f) 該款項指就董事服務支付之酬金。
- (g) 於本年度或過往年度,本集團並無 向董事支付任何酬金作為加盟本集 團或加入本集團後的獎金或作為離 職補償。概無董事放棄或同意放棄 本年度或過往年度的任何酬金。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

10 INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, two (2015: one) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in note 9. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other three (2015: four) individuals are as follows:

10 最高薪酬人士

五名最高薪酬人士當中有兩名(2015年: 一名)董事,其薪酬於附註9披露。其餘 三名(2015年:四名)人士的薪酬總額如 下:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries and other emoluments Discretionary bonuses Share-based payments Retirement scheme contributions	薪金及其他報酬 酌情花紅 以股份為基礎的付款 退休計劃供款	1,752 - 3,498 40	514 4,879 7,273 36
)	5,290	12,702

The above individuals' emoluments are within the following bands:

以上人士的薪酬介乎以下範圍:

		2016 2016年	2015 2015年
NELLA LIKOT 000 000	東方 4,000,000 洪二		
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	_	_
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	-	_
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	1	_
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	2	_
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	_	_
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	-	2
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	_	_
HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$4,500,000	4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元	-	2

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

11 LOSS PER SHARE

(a) Basic loss per share

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company of RMB310,820,000 (2015: loss of RMB499,045,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

11 每股虧損

(a) 每股基本虧損

每股基本虧損乃根據本公司普通股股東應佔虧損人民幣310,820,000元(2015年: 虧損 人民幣499,045,000元)及年內已發行普通股的加權平均數目而計算。

		2016 2016年	2015 2015年
Loss attributable to equity shareholders	s 本公司權益股東應佔虧損		
of the Company (RMB'000)	(人民幣千元)	(310,820)	(499,045)
Issued ordinary shares at 1 January	於1月1日的已發行普通股	2,105,145,600	2,105,145,600
Effect of issue of new shares	發行新股份的影響(附註29(c)(i))		
(note 29(c)(i))		50,532,787	_
Effect of exercise of share option	行使購股權的影響		
(note 29(c)(ii))	(附註29(c)(ii))	10,645,902	_
Weighted average number of ordinary	已發行普通股的加權平均數目		
shares in issue		2,166,324,289	2,105,145,600
Basic loss per share (RMB)	每股基本虧損(人民幣元)	(0.14)	(0.24)

(b) Diluted loss per share

The calculation of diluted loss per share is based on the loss attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company of RMB310,820,000 (2015: loss of RMB499,045,000) and the adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. Diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share for both years as all potentially dilutive potential ordinary shares were anti-dilutive.

(b) 每股攤薄虧損

每股攤薄虧損按本公司普通股股東應佔虧損人民幣310,820,000元(2015年:虧損人民幣499,045,000元)及假設兑換所有潛在攤薄普通股的發行在外普通股之經調整加權平均股數計算。於有關兩個年度內,每股攤薄虧損等同於每股基本虧損,因為所有潛在攤薄的潛在普通股均具反攤薄作用。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 12 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings 建築物 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Furniture, fittings and equipment 傢俱、裝置 及設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Motor vehicles 汽車 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Construction in progress 在建工程 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost:	# * ·						
	成本:	006 404	004 600	E 0E0	E 044	000.460	700 606
At 1 January 2016 Additions	於2016年1月1日 添置	286,421	231,683	5,252	5,811	203,469	732,636
- others	小旦 一 其他	19,567	3,493	71	381	20,162	43,674
Transfers	轉移	25,263	11,493	82	-	(36,838)	-0,014
Reclassification	重新分類	10,870	(10,870)	_	_	(00,000)	_
Disposals	處置	-	(41)	_	_	_	(41)
At 31 December 2016	於2016年12月31日	342,121	235,758	5,405	6,192	186,793	776,269
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses:	累計折舊及減值虧損:						
At 1 January 2016	於2016年1月1日	59,004	81,871	2,640	4,069	623	148,207
Charge for the year	年內扣除	14,425	18,144	818	624	-	34,011
Additions	添置						
Reclassification	重新分類	86	537	-	-	(623)	-
Written back on disposals	處置時撥回	-	(19)	-	-	-	(19)
At 31 December 2016	於2016年12月31日	73,515	100,533	3,458	4,693	_	182,199
Net book value: At 31 December 2016	賬面淨值: 於2016年12月31日	268,606	135,225	1,947	1,499	186,793	594,070

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

12 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(Continued)

		Buildings 建築物 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Furniture, fittings and equipment 傢俱、裝置 及設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Motor vehicles 汽車 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Construction in progress 在建工程 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost:	成本:						
At 1 January 2015 Additions	於2015年1月1日 添置	284,301	219,527	4,989	5,309	101,753	615,879
- through business	- 透過業務合併						
combinations		-	-	35	416	-	451
- others	一 其他	906	3,123	303	46	112,125	116,503
Transfers	轉移	2,714	7,695	_	-	(10,409)	-
Reclassification	重新分類	(1,500)	1,408	(6)	98	_	-
Disposals	處置		(70)	(69)	(58)		(197)
At 31 December 2015	於2015年12月31日	286,421	231,683	5,252	5,811	203,469	732,636
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses:	累計折舊及減值虧損:						
At 1 January 2015	於2015年1月1日	20,911	30,966	1,560	3,134	_	56,571
Charge for the year	年內扣除	14,100	21,580	973	687	-	37,340
Additions through business combinations	透過業務合併添置	_	_	4	59	_	63
Impairment loss	減值虧損	23,993	29,336	146	215	623	54,313
Written back on disposals	處置時撥回	_	(11)	(43)	(26)	_	(80)
At 31 December 2015	於2015年12月31日	59,004	81,871	2,640	4,069	623	148,207
Net book value: At 31 December 2015	賬面淨值: 於2015年12月31日	227,417	149,812	2,612	1,742	202,846	584,429

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(Continued)

- (a) All of the Group's property, plant and equipment are located in the PRC. At 31 December 2016, property, plant and equipment with net book value of RMB202,891,000 (2015: RMB214,270,000) were pledged for certain banking facilities granted to the Group (see note 26(b)).
- (b) At 31 December 2016, the Group has yet to obtain property ownership certificates for buildings with an aggregate net book value of RMB42,605,000 (2015: RMB2,605,000). The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the Group owned the beneficial title to these buildings as at 31 December 2016 and 2015.
- (c) During 2015, due to operating loss in the Group's business, the Group tested related cash generating units ("CGUs") for impairment. An impairment loss of RMB54,313,000 was recognised in "other net loss" for property, plant and equipment in CGU Jinxin. Considering Jinxin has suspended its production activities since September 2015, and there was no market price of similar assets, its value-in-use and the fair value less cost of disposal is nil. Thus, the carrying amount of Jinxin's property, plant and equipment was written down to its recoverable amount of nil.
- (d) In addition to the leasehold land in note 13, the Group leases production plant and machinery under finance lease expiring from 3 to 5 years. At the end of the lease term the Group has the option to purchase the leased equipment at a price deemed to be a bargain purchase option (see note 25). None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

At 31 December 2016, the remaining lease periods varied from 1 month to 24 months and the net book value of plant and equipment under finance leases included in property, plant and equipment amounted to RMB49,286,000 (2015: RMB55,575,000).

12 物業、廠房及設備(續)

- (a) 本集團的所有物業、廠房及設備均 位於中國。於2016年12月31日, 賬面淨值為人民幣202,891,000元 (2015年:人民幣214,270,000元) 的物業、廠房及設備已予抵押,作 為本集團獲授若干銀行融資的擔保 (見附註26(b))
- (b) 2016年12月31日,本集團尚未就 賬面淨值總額人民幣42,605,000元 (2015年:人民幣2,605,000元)的 建築物取得房產證。本公司董事認 為本集團於2016年及2015年12月 31日擁有該等建築物的實益業權。
- (c) 於2015年,由於本集團業務錄得經營虧損,本集團測試相關現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)是否有減值。就現金產生單位金鑫之物業、廠房及設備於「其他淨虧損」確認減值虧損人民幣54,313,000元。考慮到金鑫自2015年9月起已暫停其生產活動,及由於並無類似資產的價,其使用價值及公平值減出、廠房及設備之賬面值已撇減至其可收回金額,即零。
- (d) 除附註13的租賃土地外,本集團以 3至5年屆滿的融資租賃租賃生產廠 房及機器。於租賃期末,本集團可 選擇以被視為廉價收購選擇權的價 格購買所租賃的設備(附註25)。租 賃概不包括或然租金。

於2016年12月31日,剩餘租賃期間介乎1個月至24個月不等,而物業、廠房及設備中包括根據融資租賃持有的廠房及設備賬面淨值人民幣49,286,000元(2015年:人民幣55,575,000元)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

13 LEASE PREPAYMENTS

13 租賃預付款

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost:	成本:		
	成本 · 於1月1日	104 007	00 601
At 1 January		104,887	88,631
Additions	添置		16,256
At 31 December	於12月31日	104,887	104,887
Accumulated amortisation:	累計攤銷:		
At 1 January	於1月1日	4,971	3,013
Charge for the year	年內扣除	2,122	1,958
At 31 December	於12月31日	7,093	4,971
Net book value:	賬面淨值:		
At 31 December	於12月31日	97,794	99,916

The lease prepayments represent costs of the land use rights in respect of land located in the PRC, on which the Group built its production premises and buildings. The land use rights are long-term lease expiring in 2056 to 2085.

At 31 December 2016, land use rights with an aggregate carrying amount of RMB90,936,000 (2015: RMB53,390,000) were pledged for certain banking facilities granted to the Group (see note 26(b)).

租賃預付款指有關位於中國的土地(本集團在有關土地上興建生產基地及建築物)的土地使用權成本。土地使用權為長期租約,於2056年至2085年間屆滿。

於2016年12月31日,賬面值合共為人民幣90,936,000元(2015年: 人民幣53,390,000元)的土地使用權已就授予本集團的若干銀行信貸作出抵押(見附註26(b))。

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

14 於附屬公司的投資

		The Co 本夕	
		2016	2015
		2016年	2015年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unlisted shares, at cost	非上市股份,按成本	298,322	298,322

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

Details of the subsidiaries are set out below.

附屬公司詳情載列如下。

Name of a constant	Place of incorporation/ and business and	Particulars of issued and	Attributable eq		Deinsing satisfica
Name of company	kind of legal entity 註冊成立/及營業	paid-up capital 已發行及實收	held by the (Company	Principal activities
公司名稱	地點以及法團類別	資本詳情	應佔本公司/ Direct 直接	所持股權 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Engen Investments Limited ("Engen") 恩金投資有限公司(「恩金」)	The British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), limited liability company 英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群島」)·有限公司	United States dollars ("USD") 10,225 10,225美元 (「美元」)	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
True Excel Holdings Limited ("True Excel") 京盛控股有限公司(「京盛」)	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港・有限公司	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Alpha Legend Holdings Limited ("Alpha Legend") 盛際控股有限公司(「盛際」)	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港・有限公司	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Alpha Business Investments Limited ("Alpha Business") 得揚投資有限公司(「得揚」)	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港・有限公司	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Alpha Universe Group Limited ("Alpha Universe") 勝誠集團有限公司(「勝誠」)	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港・有限公司	1 ordinary share 1 股普通股	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Fanmay Limited ("Fanmay") 繁美有限公司(「繁美」)	BVI, limited liability company 英屬處女群島,有限公司	HK\$1 1港元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
China Recycling Aluminium Limited ("Recycling Aluminium") 中國循環鋁業有限公司(「循環鋁業」)	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港,有限公司	HK\$1 1港元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Mianyang Jinxin Copper Co., Ltd. ("Jinxin")* 綿陽金鑫銅業有限公司(「金鑫」)	The PRC, limited liability company 中國·有限公司	Renminbi ("RMB") 100,000,000 人民幣 (「人民幣」) 100,000,000元	-	100%	Processing of scrap copper and electrolytic copper for the manufacturing of copper related products 加工生產銅相關產品所用 的廢銅及電解銅

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries are set out below. (Continued)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

附屬公司詳情載列如下。(續)

Name of company	Place of incorporation/ and business and kind of legal entity 註冊成立/及營業	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及實收	Attributable eq		Principal activities
公司名稱	也點以及法團類別	資本詳情	應佔本公司 Direct 直接	所持股權 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Hunan Yinlian Xiangbei Copper Co., Ltd. ("Xiangbei")* 湖南銀聯湘北銅業有限公司(「湘北」)	The PRC, limited liability company 中國,有限公司	RMB80,000,000 人民幣80,000,000元	-	100%	Processing of scrap copper and electrolytic copper for the manufacturing of copper related products 加工生產銅相關產品所用的廢銅及電解銅
Mianyang Tongxin Copper Co., Ltd. ("Tongxin")* 綿陽銅鑫銅業有限公司(「銅鑫」)	The PRC, limited liability company 中國,有限公司	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	-	100%	Processing of scrap copper and electrolytic copper for the manufacturing of copper related products 加工生產銅相關產品所用的廢銅及電解銅
Sichuan Baohe Xinshiji Cable Co., Ltd. ("Baohe Xinshiji")* 四川保和新世紀線纜有限公司 (「保和新世紀」)	The PRC, limited liability company 中國,有限公司	RMB150,000,000 人民幣150,000,000元	-	100%	Manufacturing and sale of power transmission and distribution cables 生產及銷售送配電纜
Mianyang Baohe Taiyue Communications Cable Co., Ltd. ("Baohe Taiyue")* 綿陽保和泰越通信線纜有限公司 (「保和泰越」)	The PRC, limited liability company 中國,有限公司	RMB80,000,000 人民幣80,000,000元	-	100%	Manufacturing and sale of communication cables 生產及銷售通信電纜
Mianyang Jin Xunhuan Metal Materials Co., Ltd. ("Jin Xunhuan") *(note (i)) 綿陽金循環金屬材料有限公司 (「金循環」)(附註(i))	The PRC, limited liability company 中國,有限公司	RMB30,000,000 人民幣30,000,000元	-	100%	Manufacturing and sale of anodic copper and trading of electrolytic copper 生產和銷售陽極銅和 買賣電解銅
Shanghai Epoch Keen Metal Trading Limited ("Shanghai Shijian")* 上海時建金屬銷售有限公司 (「上海時建」)	The PRC, limited liability company 中國,有限公司	HK\$60,000,000 60,000,000港元	-	100%	Trading of copper related products 買賣銅相關產品

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

Details of the subsidiaries are set out below. (Continued)

附屬公司詳情載列如下。(續)

Name of company	Place of incorporation/ and business and kind of legal entity 註冊成立/及營業	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及實收	Attributable eq		Principal activities
公司名稱	地點以及法團類別	資本詳情	應佔本公司/ Direct 直接	所持股權 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Mianyang Xinhuan Aluminium Company Limited ("Xinhuan Aluminium")* (note (ii)) 綿陽鑫環鋁業有限公司 (「鑫環鋁業」)(附註ii)	The PRC, limited liability company 中國·有限公司	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	-	100%	Trading of aluminiun related products 買賣鋁相關產品
Shanghai Bujiang Metal Material Limited ("Bujiang")* 上海步江金屬材料有限公司(「步江」)	The PRC, limited liability company 中國·有限公司	-	-	100%	Inactive 暫無業務
Sichuan Boxin copper Co., Ltd ("Boxin")* 四川博鑫銅業有限公司(「博鑫」)	The PRC, limited liability company 中國·有限公司	RMB10,500,000 人民幣10,500,000元	-	100%	Inactive 暫無業務
Sichuan Epoch Keen Recycling Resources Development Limited ("Sichuan Shijian")* 四川時建再生資源開發有限公司 (「四川時建」)	,	-	-	100%	Inactive 暫無業務

- * The English translation of the name is for reference only. The official names of these companies are in Chinese.
- (i) On 29 January 2016, a subsidiary of the Company Tongxin acquired the remaining 35% non-controlling interests of Jin Xunhuan at a cash consideration of RMB8,200,000. Upon completion, Jin Xunhuan became an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.
- (ii) On 4 July 2016, a subsidiary of the Company China Recycling Aluminium Limited ("Recycling Aluminium") acquired the remaining 70% interests of Mianyang Xinhuan Aluminium Company Limited ("Xinhuan Aluminium") at a cash consideration of RMB3,100,000. Upon completion, Xinhuan Aluminium became an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.
- * 英文本的英譯名稱僅供參考。該等公司的官方名稱以中文為準。
- (i) 於2016年1月29日,本公司附屬公司銅鑫收 購金循環剩餘35%非控股權益,現金代價為 人民幣8,200,000元。於完成後,金循環成為 本公司的間接全資附屬公司。
- (ii) 於2016年7月4日,本公司附屬公司中國循環 鋁業有限公司(「循環鋁業」)收購綿陽鑫環鋁 業有限公司(「鑫環鋁業」)剩餘70%權益,現 金代價為人民幣3,100,000元。於完成後,鑫 環鋁業成為本公司的間接全資附屬公司。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

15 INTEREST IN ASSOCIATES

15 聯營公司權益

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest in associates	聯營公司權益		
Share of net assets	應佔淨資產	37,435	35,642
Goodwill	商譽	100,315	100,315
Less: impairment loss (Note)	減:減值虧損(附註)	(100,315)	_
		37,435	135,957

Note: The Group considered that there is impairment indicator for the interest in an associate, Baohe Fushan, as the business performance of the associate was below expectation. The Group therefore assessed the recoverable amounts of the interest in associates and as a result, the carrying amount was written down to its recoverable amount of RMB37,435,000. An impairment loss of RMB100,315,000 was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2016.

附註:由於聯營公司保和富山的業務表現低於預期,故本集團認為於聯營公司權益為不可收回。 因此本集團評估聯營公司權益的可收回金額,從而將賬面值撇減至其可收回金額人民幣 37,435,000元。減值虧損人民幣100,315,000 元乃於截至2016年12月31日止年度的綜合 損益表內確認。

Particulars of the associates are as follows:

聯營公司的詳情如下:

Name of associate	Particulars of registered share capital/ issued and paid in capital 註冊資本/已發行及	Place of incorporation and business 註冊及成立	Proport ownership attributa the Gr	interest ble to	Principal activities
聯營公司名稱	繳足資本詳情	經營地點	本集團應佔所 Direct 直接	持股權比例 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Deda Holdings Limited 德達控股有限公司	Issued and paid in capital of USD1,000 已發行及繳足股本1,000美元	BVI 英屬處女群島	30%	_	Investment holding 投資控股
Hong Kong Fuijian Investments Limited 香港福艦投資有限公司	Issued and paid in capital of HK\$1.0 已發行及繳足股本1.0美元	Hong Kong 香港	-	30%	Investment holding 投資控股
Sichuan Baohe Fushan Resources Recycling Development Co., Ltd. 四川省保和富山再生資源 開發有限公司	Registered capital of RMB100 million 註冊資本人民幣100,000,000元	The PRC 中國	-	30%	Industrial park operation and development 經營及發展工業園

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

15 INTEREST IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

On 22 April 2015, the Group entered into an agreement, pursuant to which the vendors of Baohe Fushan agreed to transfer 100% equity interest in Baohe Fushan to Hong Kong Fujian Investments Limited ("Fujian"), a company wholly-owned by Deda Holdings Limited ("Deda") which, in turn, was then a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

Upon the above equity transfer taking effect, Deda issued to the vendors 700 new ordinary shares at a nominal value of USD1.0 per share, representing 70% of Deda's issued share capital after the issue of the new ordinary shares.

Upon completion on 27 May 2015, Deda ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company. Since then, the Company holds 30% of the entire issued shares of Deda, which in turn indirectly holds 100% equity interest in Baohe Fushan.

15 聯營公司權益(續)

於2015年4月22日,本集團訂立協議,據此保和富山的賣方同意向香港福艦投資有限公司(「福艦」)轉讓保和富山100%股權,福艦為德達控股有限公司(「德達」)全資擁有的公司,而德達當時為本公司的全資附屬公司。

於上述股權轉讓生效後,德達向賣方發行700股每股面值為1.0美元的新普通股,相當於德達於發行該等新普通股後的已發行股本70%。

於2015年5月27日完成後,德達不再為本公司的附屬公司。自此,本公司持有德達全部已發行股份的30%,而德達則間接持有保和富山100%股權。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

15 INTEREST IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Summarised financial information of the material associate, adjusted for fair value adjustments at acquisition and differences in accounting policies and reconciled to the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed below:

15 聯營公司權益(續)

就收購時的公平值調整及會計政策差異 而調整及與綜合財務報表內的賬面值對 賬的重大聯營公司財務資料概要披露如 下:

		Baohe I 保和	
		2016 2016年 RMB'000	2015 2015年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	JL '→ ∓L '/27 →	100.040	100 500
Non-current assets	非流動資產	180,848	192,529
Current assets	流動資產	53,989	81,217
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(89,630)	(120,680)
Current liabilities	流動負債	(20,384)	(34,242)
Net assets (100%)	涇迩斉(1000/)	124,823	110 004
Net assets (100%)	淨資產(100%)	124,023	118,824
Group's share of net assets (30%)	本集團應佔淨資產(30%)	37,447	35,647
Goodwill	在朱國際山伊貞座(SU/0) 商譽	37,447	100,315
Goodwiii	问言		100,515
Carrying amount of interest	聯營公司權益的賬面值		
in associate	州名公司作血以放回	37,447	135,962
Revenue* (100%)	營業額* (100%)	_	1,980
Profit * (100%)	溢利* (100%)	5,999	3,442
Other comprehensive income * (100%)	其他全面收益* (100%)	_	_
Total comprehensive income * (100%)	全面收益總額* (100%)	5,999	3,442
Total comprehensive income* (30%)	全面收益總額* (30%)	1,800	1,033
Elimination of unrealised profit on downstream sales	對銷下游銷售的未變現溢利	-	_
Group's share of total	本集團應佔全面收益總額		
comprehensive income		1,800	1,033

^{*} For the year ended 31 December 2016 and the period from 23 April 2015 to 31 December 2015.

截至2016年12月31日止年度及於2015年4 月23日至2015年12月31日。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

15 INTEREST IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

15 聯營公司權益(續)

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material:

並非個別屬重大的聯營公司資料彙總:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Aggregate carrying amount of individually immaterial associates in the consolidated carrying amount of interest in associates	聯營公司權益綜合總賬面值中的 個別非重大聯營公司總賬面值	(12)	(5)
Aggregate amounts of the group's share of those associates' loss from continuing operations Other comprehensive income	本集團應佔該等聯營公司 持續經營業務虧損的 總金額其他全面收益	(7)	(16)

16 GOODWILL 16 商譽

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost:	成本:	
At 1 January 2015, 31 December 2015,	於2015年1月1日、2015年12月31日、	
1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016	2016年1月1日及2016年12月31日	39,308
Accumulated impairment losses:	累計減值虧損:	
At 1 January 2015, 31 December 2015 and	於2015年1月1日、2015年12月31日、	
1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016	2016年1月1日及2016年12月31日	16,081
_		
Carrying amount:	賬面值:	
At 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2016	於2015年12月31日及2016年12月31日	23,227

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

16 GOODWILL (Continued)

Impairment tests for CGUs containing goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to the CGUs identified as follows:

16 商譽(續)

包含商譽的現金產生單位的減值測試 商譽乃分配予如下已識別的現金產生單 位:

		2016 and 2015 2016 年 及 2015 年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Jinxin	金鑫	_
Xiangbei	湘北	22,766
Xinshiji	新世紀	213
Taiyue	泰越	248

23,227

The recoverable amount of the CGUs is determined based on value in use calculations. These calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using a zero growth rate. The growth rate used do not exceed the long-term average growth rates for the business in which the CGU operates. The cash flows are discounted using pre-tax discount rates of 14% (2015: 14%) at 31 December 2016. Key assumptions used for the value in use calculations are the gross margins, growth rates and the availability of VAT refunds. Management determined the budgeted gross margins and growth rates based on past performance and its expectation for market development. No government grant is assumed to be received in the value in use calculations.

Based on the results of the valuation, the recoverable amount of Jinxin has been assessed as being lower than the carrying amount. Accordingly, an impairment loss of RMB16,081,000 has been recognised in "other net loss" for the year ended 31 December 2015. The recoverable amount of other CGUs based on the value in use calculations is higher than its carrying amount as at 31 December 2016 and 2015. Accordingly, no impairment loss on goodwill regarding those CGUs has been recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

現金產生單位的可收回金額是基於使用價值計算模式釐定。該等計算模式使用已被管理層核准的五年期財務預算中的現金流量預算。超過五年期之現金流量乃使用零增長率推算。所用增長率不超過現金產生單位經營所在業務的長期平均增長率。於2016年12月31日,現金流量乃使用14%(2015年:14%)的税前貼現率貼現。使用價值計算模式的主要假設為毛利率、增長率及增值税退税的可行性。管理層按照過往表現及其對市場發展的預期釐定預算毛利率和增長率。於計算使用價值時假設並無收取政府補助。

根據估值結果,金鑫的可收回金額評為低於賬面值。因此,已於截至2015年12月31日止年度的「其他淨虧損」確認減值虧損人民幣16,081,000元。於2016年及2015年12月31日,按照使用價值計算模式得出的其他現金產生單位的可收回金額高於其賬面值。故此,概無在綜合損益表內就該等現金產生單位確認商譽的減值虧損。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

16 GOODWILL (Continued)

Impairment tests for CGUs containing goodwill

(Continued)

After the impairment loss recognised in 2015, the management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount is based would not cause the revised carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.

16 商譽(續)

包含商譽的現金產生單位的減值測試 (續)

於2015年確認減值虧損後,管理層認為,可收回金額所根據的主要假設的任何合理可能變動均將不會導致修訂賬面值超出其可收回金額。

17 PLEDGED DEPOSITS

17 已抵押存款

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deposits with guarantee companies Deposits with banks Deposits with lessors of finance leases Deposit with other companies	於擔保公司的存款 於銀行的存款 於融資租賃公司的存款 於其他公司的存款	6,000 20,900 5,320 28,506	8,000 22,982 5,320 22,904
		60,726	59,206
Represented by:	即:		
Current Non-current	即期 非即期	55,926 4,800	53,886 5,320
		60,726	59,206

Pledged deposits were placed with guarantee companies for the purpose of obtaining bank loans of RMB21,500,000 (2015: RMB53,800,000), which were guaranteed by the guarantee companies (see note 26(b)).

Pledged deposits with banks were mainly placed as security for bills payable of the Group (see note 24(a)).

Pledged deposits were placed with lessors of finance leases as security for the obligations under finance leases as at 31 December 2016.

Pledged deposit was placed with other company for the purpose of obtaining bank loans of RMB50,000,000 (2015: RMB70,000,000), which were secured by the property, plant and equipment of other company(see note 26(b)).

就取得銀行貸款人民幣21,500,000元 (2015年:人民幣53,800,000元)而於擔保公司存放已抵押存款,有關銀行貸款由擔保公司擔保(見附註26(b))。

於銀行的已抵押存款主要為就本集團的應付票據存放作抵押品(見附註24(a))。

於2016年12月31日,存放於融資租賃公司的已抵押存款乃就融資租赁下的責任存放作抵押品。

就取得銀行貸款人民幣50,000,000元 (2015年:人民幣70,000,000元)而於其 他公司存放已抵押存款,有關銀行貸款由 其他公司的物業、廠房及設備擔保(見附 註26(b))。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

18 OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

18 其他非流動資產

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Prepayments for property, plant and equipment and land use rights Deferred differences arising from a sales and leaseback transaction (Note)	物業、廠房及設備和土地使用權 的預付款 售後租回交易產生的遞延差額 (附註)	23,054	24,512 1,912
and reasonably transaction (Note)	(N) bT)	23,922	26,424

Note: Deferred differences arising from a sales and leaseback transaction represent the deficit of sale proceeds over the net book value of the assets disposed of under the sales and leaseback transaction which resulted in a finance lease. The differences are deferred and amortised as adjustments to the depreciation of the assets over their estimated useful lives.

附註:售後租回交易產生的遞延差額為由於融資租 賃的售後租回交易導致其出售資產的銷售所 得款項低於其賬面淨值所產生的虧蝕。上述 差額作為對資產折舊的調整在資產的估計可 使用年期內予以遞延及攤銷。

19 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(a) Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

19 綜合財務狀況表內的所得税

(a) 綜合財務狀況表內的即期税項 指:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January Provision for PRC corporate income	於1月1日 年內中國企業所得税撥備	9,662	19,988
tax for the year		15,897	218
Adjustment for prior year	過往年度的調整	1,099	945
PRC Corporate Income Tax paid	已付中國企業所得税	(7,013)	(11,489)
At Od Danseyland	↑ \ 10 □ 01 □	40.045	0.000
At 31 December	於12月31日	19,645	9,662

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

19 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Continued)

- (b) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised
 - (i) Movement of each component of deferred tax assets and liabilities

The components of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

19 綜合財務狀況表內的所得稅(續)

- (b) 已確認遞延税項資產/(負債)
 - (i) 遞延税項資產及負債各部分之 變動

於綜合財務狀況表中確認的遞 延稅項資產/(負債)的組成部 分及於年內的變動如下:

		Depreciation/ amortisation allowances in excess of the related			
Deferred tax arising from:		depreciation/ amortisation	Provisions and accruals	Deductible losses	Total
unonig nomi		超出有關折舊		100000	Total
		額/攤銷額的 折舊/攤銷撥備	撥備 及應計費用	可扣税虧損	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2015	於2015年1月1日	(2,908)	2,209	_	(699)
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益	679	21,108	16,661	38,448
At 31 December 2015	於2015年12月31日	(2,229)	23,317	16,661	37,749
At 1 January 2016	於2016年1月1日	(2,229)	23,317	16,661	37,749
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益	98	17,071	6,720	23,889
At 31 December 2016	於2016年12月31日	(2,131)	40,388	23,381	61,638

(ii) Reconciliation to the consolidated statement of financial position:

(ii) 與綜合財務狀況表對賬:

	2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net deferred tax assets recognised 於綜合財務狀況表確認的 in the consolidated statement 爭遞延稅項資產 of financial position	61,638	37,749

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)(除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

19 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Continued)

(c) Deferred tax assets not recognised

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items, because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can use the benefits therefrom.

19 綜合財務狀況表內的所得稅(續)

(c) 未確認的遞延税項資產

尚未就以下項目確認遞延税項資產,因為不大可能有未來應課税溢 利而本集團可對其使用其產生之利 益。

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deductible temporary differences (No expiry date) Tax losses (will expire in year 2021)	可扣税暫時差額(無屆滿日期) 税項虧損(將於2021年屆滿)	68,790 52,728	73,404 27,076
		121,518	100,480

(d) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

At 31 December 2016, temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of the Group's PRC subsidiaries amounted to RMB257,563,000 (2015: RMB374,875,000). No deferred tax liabilities in respect of these undistributed profits have been recognised as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

(d) 未確認的遞延税項負債

於2016年12月31日,與本集團的中國附屬公司的未分配溢利有關的臨時差額為人民幣257,563,000元(2015年: 人民幣374,875,000元)。概無就該等未分配溢利確認遞延税項負債,原因是本公司控制該等附屬公司的股息政策,而且該等溢利已釐定很可能不會在可預見的未來分派。

20 INVENTORIES

(a) Inventories in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:

20 存貨

(a) 綜合財務狀況表內的存貨包括:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods Goods in transit	原材料 在製品 製成品 付運中之貨品	93,892 16,272 80,571 17,465	40,742 14,798 71,314 122,148
		208,200	249,002

At 31 December 2016, inventories of RMB29,000,000 (2015: RMB53,063,000) were pledged for banking facilities granted to the Group (see note 26(b)).

於2016年12月31日,為數人民幣29,000,000元(2015年: 人民幣53,063,000元)的存貨已予抵押,作為本集團獲授銀行融資的擔保(附註26(b))。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

20 INVENTORIES (Continued)

(b) The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in the profit or loss is as follows:

20 存貨(續)

(b) 確認為開支並計入損益的存貨 金額分析如下:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Carrying amount of inventories sold Write down of inventories	已售存貨的賬面值 撇減存貨	4,885,454 5,288	1,887,716 42,465
		4,890,742	1,930,181

21 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

21 貿易及其他應收款項

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade debtors and bills receivable Less: Allowance for impairment loss	貿易賬款及應收票據 減:減值虧損撥備	499,114 (237,384)	565,742 (112,830)
		261,730	452,912
Advance payments to suppliers Government grants receivable Other deposits, prepayments and	墊付供應商款項 應收政府補助 其他按金、預付款及應收款項	605,450 67,141	402,531 111,055
receivables		1,001,927	1,033,039

All of the trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as expense within one year.

(a) At 31 December 2016, government grants receivable of RMB8,550,000 (2015: RMB8,550,000) was pledged for certain banking facilities granted to the Group (see note 26(b)).

所有貿易及其他應收款項預期於一年內 收回或確認為開支。

(a) 於2016年12月31日,金額為人民幣8,550,000元(2015年: 人民幣8,550,000元)的應收政府補助已就授予本集團的若干銀行信貸作出抵押(見附註26(b))。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

21 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(b) Trade debtors and bills receivable included amounts due from related parties as follows:

21 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

(b) 貿易賬款及應收票據包括應收 關聯方款項如下:

	2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Guangzhou Taiyue Communications 廣州市泰越通信線纜有限公司 Cable Co., Ltd. ("Guangzhou Taiyue") (「廣州泰越」) Sichuan Xijiulong Investment Co, Ltd. 四川省西九龍投資有限公司 ("Xijiulong") *	-	4,730 171
	-	4,901

^{*} Xijiulong is a company wholly owned by Ms. Yu Yanyan and Ms. Yu Jiajia, daughters and associates of Mr. Yu Jianqiu.

(c) Ageing analysis

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade debtors and bills receivable (which are included in trade and other receivables), based on the invoice date and net of allowance for impairment loss, is as follows:

(c) 賬齡分析

於報告期末,貿易賬款及應收票據 (計入貿易及其他應收款項)的賬齡 分析(以發票日期及扣除減值虧損 撥備為基準)如下:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 30 days	30天內	113,056	64,139
31 to 60 days	31至60天	64,698	4,931
61 to 180 days	61至180天	53,732	39,752
Over 180 days	超過180天	30,244	344,090
		261,730	452,912

Trade debtors and bills receivable are normally due within 90 days from the date of billing. Further details on the Group's credit policy are set out in note 33(a).

貿易賬款及應收票據通常於出票日期起計90天內到期。本集團的信貸政策的進一步詳情載於附註33(a)。

^{*} 西九龍為俞燕燕女士及俞佳佳女士全 資擁有的公司,彼等為俞建秋先生的 女兒及聯繫人。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

21 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(d) Impairment loss of trade debtors and bills receivable

The movement in the allowance for impairment loss during the year, including both specific and collective loss components, is as follows:

21 貿易及其他應收款(續)

(d) 貿易賬款及應收票據之減值虧 損

年內的減值虧損撥備變動(包括個別及共同虧損部份)如下所示:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January Reversal of provision for bad debts Impairment loss recognised	於1月1日 撥回壞賬撥備 已確認減值虧損	112,830 (28,574) 153,128	- - 112,830
At 31 December	於12月31日	237,384	112,830

(e) Trade debtors and bills receivable that are not impaired

The ageing analysis of trade debtors and bills receivable that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired are as follows:

(e) 並無減值的貿易賬款及應收票 據

未被個別或共同視為減值的貿易賬款及應收票據的賬齡分析如下:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current	即期	138,756	51,159
l th 00 de th	\^ ## (\	07.000	10.010
Less than 30 days past due	逾期少於30天	27,338	18,619
31 to 60 days past due	逾期31至60天	25,738	7,958
61 to 180 days past due	逾期61至180天	40,630	314,439
Over 180 days past due	逾期超過180天	29,268	60,737
Amounts past due	逾期款項	122,974	401,753
		261,730	452,912

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

未逾期及未減值的應收款項與近期 並無拖欠記錄的客戶有關。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)(除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

21 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(e) Trade debtors and bills receivable that are not impaired (Continued)

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

22 AMOUNTS DUE FROM/TO RELATED PARTIES/ASSOCIATES

(a) Amounts due from/to related parties/associates

The amounts due from/to related parties/associates are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand at 31 December 2016.

(b) Loan from a related party

The loan from a related party in 2015 is unsecured, at 5% annual interest rate and repayable within 12 months. The Group repaid the loan in 2016.

23 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

21 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

(e) 並無減值的貿易賬款及應收票 據(續)

已逾期但尚未減值的應收款項與在本集團保持良好過往記錄的若干獨立客戶有關。根據過往經驗,管理層認為毋須就該等結餘作出減值撥備,因為信貸質素並無出現重大變化,而有關結餘仍被視為可全數收回。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

22 應收/應付關聯方/聯營公司 款項

(a) 應收/應付關聯方/聯營公司款 項

於2016年12月31日,應收/應付關聯方/聯營公司款項為無抵押、 不計息及須按要求償還。

(b) 來自關聯方的貸款

2015年來自關聯方的貸款為無抵押、年利率為5%及須於12個月內償還。本集團於2016年償還該貸款。

23 現金及現金等值項目

(a) 現金及現金等值項目包括:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deposits with banks Cash at bank and on hand	於銀行的存款 銀行存款及手頭現金	- 164,142	33,000 49,559
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of financial position	綜合財務狀況表內的現金及 現金等值項目	164,142	82,559

At 31 December 2016, cash and cash equivalents of the Group in the amount of RMB145,748,000 (2015: RMB51,130,000) are denominated in RMB and are deposited in banks in the PRC. RMB is not a freely convertible currency and the remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to the relevant rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

於2016年12月31日,本集團金額 為人民幣145,748,000元(2015年: 人民幣51,130,000元)的現金及現 金等值項目乃以人民幣計值,並存 放在中國的銀行。人民幣乃不可自 由兑換的貨幣,資金匯出中國須受 中國政府頒佈的相關外匯管制規則 及規例所規限。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

23 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation of loss before taxation to cash generated from operations:

23 現金及現金等值項目(續)

(b) 税前虧損與營運所得現金的對 賬:

		Note 附註	2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss before taxation	税前虧損		(318,511)	(540,421)
Adjustments for:	經以下項目調整:			
Finance costs	財務成本	7(a)	134,045	113,671
Share-based payment expenses	以股份為基礎的付款開支	7(b)	37,406	31,874
Warrant expense	認股權證開支	5(a)	_	12,079
Depreciation	折舊	7(c)	34,011	37,340
Deferred expense	遞延開支	18	1,044	1,044
Amortisation of lease prepayments	租賃預付款攤銷	7(c)	2,122	1,958
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	7(c)	_	3,656
Interest income	利息收入	6(a)	(22,953)	(1,276
Share of profit of associates	應佔聯營公司溢利	6(b)	(1,793)	(1,028
Net loss on sale of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備之	6(b)		,
and equipment	淨虧損	- (- /	22	116
Foreign exchange loss	匯		3,911	1,492
Change in fair value of derivative instrument	衍生工具的公平值變動	27	(6,633)	77,091
Impairment loss of trade debtors	貿易賬款及應收票據之	21(d)	(0,000)	11,091
and bills receivable	減值虧損	21(u)	153,128	112,830
Reversal of impairment loss of	※ 国	21(d)	155,126	112,000
trade debtors and bill receivable		21(u)	(00 574)	
	減值虧損	C/ln)	(28,574)	10.001
Impairment loss of goodwill	商譽之減值虧損	6(b)	_	16,081
Impairment loss of property,	物業、廠房及設備之	6(b)		E4.040
plant and equipment	減值虧損	00/1	(07.477)	54,313
(Reversal)/write down of inventories		20(b)	(37,177)	37,522
Impairment loss of interest in	聯營公司權益之減值虧損	15	100.045	
associate			100,315	_
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:			
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少		77,979	175,175
Increase in trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項增加		(93,104)	(123,801
(Decrease)/increase in trade and	貿易及其他應付款項		(00,101)	(120,001)
other payables	(減少)/增加		(98,064)	73,839
				,
Cash (used in)/generated from	營運(所用)/所得現金		(22.22)	
operations			(62,826)	83,555

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

24 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

24 貿易及其他應付款項

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	48,969	15,176
Bills payable	應付票據	41,800	45,800
Receipts in advance	預收款項	15,397	41,299
Accrued expenses and other payables	應計開支及其他應付款項	280,363	372,524
		386,529	474,799

All of the trade and other payables are expected to be settled or recognised as income within one year or repayable on demand.

- (a) Bills payable are normally issued with a maturity of not more than six months. At 31 December 2016, bills payable were secured by pledged deposits of RMB20,900,000 (2015: RMB22,900,000) placed with banks (see note 17).
- **(b)** At the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of the trade and bills payable, based on transaction date, is as follows:

所有貿易及其他應付款項預期於一年內 結清或確認為收入,或須按要求償還。

- (a) 應付票據的到期日一般不會超過六個月。於2016年12月31日,應付票據由存於銀行的已抵押存款人民幣20,900,000元(2015年:人民幣22,900,000元)作擔保(見附註17)。
- (b) 於報告期末,基於交易日期的貿易 及其他應付款項賬齡分析如下:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 30 days	30天內	6,955	2,846
31 to 60 days	31至60天	78,799	52,948
61 to 180 days	61至180天	1,447	1,335
Over 180 days	超過180天	3,568	3,847
		90,769	60,976

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

24 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

(c) An analysis of accrued expenses and other payables is analysed as follows:

24 貿易及其他應付款項(續)

(c) 應計開支及其他應付款項的分析如下:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries, wages, bonus and other	薪金、工資、花紅及		
accrued benefits	其他應計福利	1,906	10,293
Payables for the purchase of property,	購買物業、廠房及設備和		
plant and equipment and	無形資產的應付款項		
intangible assets		44,468	42,487
VAT payable	應付增值税	166,626	188,360
Unearned government grants (i)	預收的政府補助(i)	10,779	50,565
Other taxes payable	其他應付税項	21,051	22,357
Advances from government authorities	政府部門墊款	-	17,960
Advances from a government	政府控制實體墊款(ii)		
controlled entity(ii)		20,000	22,000
Others	其他	15,533	18,502
		280,363	372,524

- (i) The amount represented conditional government grants received from various government authorities including Mianyang Youxian District Finance Bureau, Sichuan Province, and the Provincial Finance Department, Hunan Province. The government grants from Mianyang Youxian District Finance Bureau are conditional to meeting certain tax payment thresholds by the Group. The government grants from the Provincial Finance Department, Hunan Province are conditional to utilising the funds for the designated purpose of procurement of fixed assets.
- (ii) Advances from a government controlled entity represents an advance of RMB20,000,000 received from Mianyang Fule Investment Limited for the purchase of property, plant and equipment in 2016. The amount bears an annual interest rate of 12% and is payable within one year.
- (i) 該金額指自各個政府機構獲得的有條件政府補助,包括四川省綿陽市游仙區財政局及湖南省財政廳。綿陽市游仙區財政局的政府補助以本集團達成若干繳税門檻為條件。湖南省財政廳的政府補助以將資金用作採購固定資產的指定用途為條件。
- (ii) 該政府控制實體墊款指於 2016年收到來自綿陽富樂投資有限公司的墊款人民幣 20,000,000元,以購買物業、 廠房及設備。該款項按年利率 12%計息及須於一年內償還。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

25 OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES

At 31 December 2016, the Group had obligations under finance leases repayable as follows:

25 融資租賃下的責任

於2016年12月31日,本集團擁有以下 應償還融資租賃下的責任:

	2010	2016 2016年		15 5年
	Present value of the minimum	Total minimum	Present value of the minimum	Total minimum
	lease payments 最低租賃款項 的現值 RMB'000	lease payments 最低租賃 款項總額 RMB'000	lease payments 最低租賃款項 的現值 RMB'000	lease payments 最低租賃 款項總額 RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 1 year 1年內	13,322	13,956	15,192	15,986
After 1 year but within 2 years 1年後但2年內 After 2 years but within 5 years 2年後但5年內	11,336 -	12,679 -	12,462 10,628	13,956 12,679
	11,336	12,679	23,090	26,635
	24,658	26,635	38,282	42,621
Less: total future interest expenses 減:未來利息開支總額		(1,977)		(4,339)
Present value of finance 融資租賃責任的現值 lease obligations		24,658		38,282

Pledged deposit of RMB5,320,000 (2015: RMB5,320,000) was placed as security for the obligations under finance leases as at 31 December 2016 (see note 17).

於2016年12月31日, 已抵押存款 人民幣5,320,000元(2015年: 人民幣 5,320,000元)已存放作為融資租賃下的 責任的抵押(見附註17)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

26 BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

(a) At 31 December 2016, the analysis of the carrying amount of borrowings is as follows:

26 銀行貸款及其他借款

(a) 於2016年12月31日,借款的 賬面值分析如下:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Secured bank loans	有抵押銀行貸款	252,970	312,050
Entrusted loans — secured — unsecured	委託貸款 一 有抵押 一 無抵押	299,116 129,450	300,000 49,460
		428,566	349,460
		681,536	661,510
Represented by:	即:		
Current Non-current	即期非即期	681,536 -	661,510 –
		681,536	661,510

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

26 BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

26 銀行貸款及其他借款(續)

(Continued)

(b) The amounts of banking facilities and the utilisation at 31 December 2016 are set out as follows:

(b) 於2016年12月31日的銀行信 貸額及使用情況載於下文:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Secured banking facilities available	有抵押可用銀行信貸額	298,118	369,640
Amounts utilised — bills payable — bank loans	已動用款項 一 應付票據 一 銀行貸款	41,800 252,970	45,800 312,050
		294,770	357,850

There are cross default provisions in certain banking facilities, the default on a loan by the Group would then cause a default on other loans which have cross default provisions.

若干銀行信貸額附有交叉違約條 文,本集團違反一項貸款將會繼而 違反附有交叉違約條文的其他貸款。

The banking facilities were secured by the following assets:

該等銀行融資由以下資產抵押:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備(附註12(a))	202 204	014 070
(note 12(a)) Lease prepayments (note 13)	租賃預付款(附註13)	202,891 90,936	214,270 53,390
Inventories (note 20)	存貨(附註20)	29,000	53,063
Government grants receivable (note 21) Pledged deposits (note 17)*	應收政府補助(附註21) 已抵押存款(附註17)*	8,550 55,400	8,550 53,800
		386,777	383,073

At 31 December 2016, no bank loans (2015: RMB10,000,000) was secured by property, plant and equipment of Sichuan Gushan Vegetable Fat Chemical Co., Ltd. ("Gushan Vegetable"), a private company controlled by Mr. Yu Jianqiu.

於2016年12月31日,無(2015年: 人民幣10,000,000元)銀行貸款由 俞建秋先生控制的私人公司四川古 杉油脂化學有限公司(「古杉油脂」) 的物業、廠房及設備為抵押。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

26 BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

(Continued)

(b) The amounts of banking facilities and the utilisation at 31 December 2016 are set out as follows: (Continued)

At 31 December 2016, bank loans of RMB35,000,000 (2015: RMB35,000,000) were secured by prepayment for land use right of Baohe Fushan.

* Pledged deposits included RMB28,500,000 (2015: RMB22,900,000) paid to a third party. At 31 December 2016, bank loans of RMB50,000,000 (2015: RMB70,000,000) were secured by property, plant and equipment of this third party; also included RMB6,000,000 (2015: RMB8,000,000) paid to independent guarantee companies. At 31 December 2016, bank loans of RMB21,500,000 (2015: RMB41,000,000) were guaranteed by these independent guarantee companies to which the Group was charged a total of non-recoverable guarantee fees of RMB735,000 (2015: RMB1,639,000) during the year ended 31 December 2016.

At the end of reporting period, bank loans were repayable within one year.

(c) Significant terms and repayment schedule of entrusted loans

At 31 December 2016, entrusted loans are repayable within one year or on demand, and were interest-bearing at 9% to 12% per annum.

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group has defaulted in its repayment of entrusted loans which matured in August and September 2016 ("the loans payable"). At 31 December 2016, the loans payable in default totalled RMB299,116,000. The loans payable were secured by 413,522,200 ordinary shares in the Company held by Mr. Huang Weiping, key management personnel of the Group, representing 18.0% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 December 2016.

26 银行貸款及其他借款(續)

(b) 於2016年12月31日的銀行信 貸額及使用情況載於下文:(續)

於2016年12月31日, 人民幣35,000,000元(2015年: 人民幣35,000,000元)之銀行貸款由保和富山的土地使用權預付款項為抵押。

已抵押存款包括已付第三方的人民幣 28,500,000元(2015年: 人民幣 22,900,000元)。於2016年12月31日, 銀行貸款人民幣50,000,000元(2015 年:人民幣70,000,000元)乃以該第三 方的物業、廠房及設備為抵押;已抵 押存款亦包括已付獨立擔保公司的人 民幣6,000,000元(2015年:人民幣 8,000,000元)。於2016年12月31日, 人民幣21,500,000元(2015年:人民 幣41.000.000元)的銀行貸款由該等獨 立擔保公司提供抵押,而本集團於截 至2016年12月31日止年度對該等公 司支付不可收回擔保費合共人民幣 735,000元(2015年:人民幣1,639,000 元)。

於報告期末,銀行貸款應於一年內 償還。

(c) 委託貸款的重大條款及還款期

於2016年12月31日,委託貸款應 於一年內或按要求償還,並按9% 至12%的年利率計息。

截至2016年12月31日止年度,本集團拖欠償還其於2016年8月及9月到期的委託貸款(「應付貸款」)。於2016年12月31日,違約應付貸款總計人民幣299,116,000元。應付貸款以本集團主要管理人員黃偉淬先生持有的413,522,200股本公司普通股(佔本公司於2016年12月31日的已發行股本18.0%)為抵押。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

27 CONVERTIBLE BONDS

The movements of the components of the convertible bonds during current period are set out below:

27 可換股債券

本期間內可換股債券之組成部分之變動 載列如下:

		Liability component (at amortised cost) 負債部分 (按攤銷成本) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Derivative component (at fair value) 衍生工具部分 (按公平值) RMB'000 人民幣千元
At the date of issue	於發行日期	137,164	50,767
Interest charge	利息開支	35,114	-
Interest paid	已付利息	(14,657)	
Changes in fair value	公平值變動		77,091
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	8,867	3,131
At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016	於2015年12月31日及 2016年1月1日	166,488	130,989
Interest charge	利息開支	60,639	_
Interest paid	已付利息	(28,058)	_
Changes in fair value	公平值變動		(6,633)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	12,741	8,988
At 31 December 2016	於2016年12月31日	211,810	133,344

On 13 April 2015, the Company issued convertible bonds with a principal amount of USD32,610,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB200,208,000). The Company incurred transactions cost of approximately HK\$15,497,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB12,277,000) for the issue of the convertible bonds. Major terms of the convertible bonds are as below:

於2015年4月13日,本公司發行本金額32,610,000美元(相當於約人民幣200,208,000元)的可換股債券。因發行可換股債券,本公司產生交易成本約15,497,000港元(相當於約人民幣12,277,000元)。可換股債券的主要條款如下:

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

27 CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

- The convertible bonds carry 10% coupon interest per annum payable in arrears quarterly. Unless previously converted, the convertible bonds will be fully redeemed by the Company at its principal amount upon maturity at the second anniversary from the date of issuance. If the convertible bonds are not fully redeemed or converted before the first anniversary from the date of issuance, the Company has to pay additional 3% of the outstanding or unconverted principal amount to the bondholder. If the average closing share price of the Company during any six consecutive months within the period commencing from issuance date on 13 April 2015 to the maturity date has never, at any point of time, reached or exceeded the conversion price, the Company shall, upon redemption of the convertible bonds, compensate the bondholder in cash so that the bondholder is guaranteed an annualised return of 13% for the period commencing from issuance date to the first anniversary of issuance date and an annualised return of 16% for the period commencing from the day following the first anniversary of issuance date to the date of redemption.
- (b) From issuance date to the first anniversary, the Company may with the consent from the bondholder, at sole discretion, request for early redemption of all, but not in part, the outstanding convertible bonds.
- (c) The convertible bonds are secured by 362,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company held by Epoch Keen Limited, a company wholly owned by Mr. Yu Jianqiu. If the aggregate shareholding of the senior management of the Company and their associates in Company is less than 50% of the entire share capital of the Company or the collateral ratio of the security falls below the specific ratio prescribed in the agreement and the Company has failed to provide additional collateral, the bondholder may request early redemption.
- (d) The bondholder has the right to convert the principal amount of the convertible bonds into ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each of the Company at an initial conversion price of HK\$1.40 per share but subject to adjustments at any time during the term of the convertible bonds, subject to the minimum public float requirement. At the date of conversion, the exchange rate between the principal amount of the convertible bonds and the conversion price is fixed at USD0.18. Aggregate amount of principal converted into shares should not exceed USD16,300,000. The conversion price had been adjusted to HK\$1.39 per share on 24 October 2016.

27 可換股債券(續)

- 可換股債券按年票面利率10%計 算,每季度支付。除非先前已獲轉 換,否則於到期日(即發行日期起 計二週年當日)本公司須以本金額 悉數贖回可換股債券。如可換股債 券於發行日期起計一週年當日前仍 未全部贖回或轉換,則本公司須向 債券持有人額外支付未償還或未被 轉換本金額的3%。若本公司股價在 發行日期(即2015年4月13日)至 到期日期間在任何一段連續六個月 的期間內任何時間的平均收市價格 未曾保持在兑換價或以上,則本公 司在贖回該等可換股債券時,須以 現金形式補償債券持有人,以保證 該債券持有人從發行日期至發行日 期起計一週年之日止有年化13%的 回報及從發行日期起計一週年翌日 至贖回日止有年化16%的回報。
- (b) 從發行日期至發行日期一週年止, 本公司可在獲債券持有人同意下全 權酌情要求提前贖回全部(但非部 分)尚未轉換的可換股債券。
- (c) 可換股債券以時建有限公司擁有的 362,000,000股本公司普通股作為 抵押,時建有限公司由俞建秋先生全資擁有。若本公司的高級管理人 員及其各自的聯繫人士持有的本公司股份合共佔本公司總股本低於 50%,或抵押的抵押品比率低於協議規定的特定比例而本公司未能提供額外抵押品,債券持有人可要求 提前贖回。
- (d) 於可換股債券期限內的任何時間, 債券持有人有權以初步兑換價每股 1.40港元(可予調整)將可換股債券 的本金額轉換為本公司每股面值0.1 港元的普通股,惟公眾持股量不可 低於最低要求。於轉換日,可換股 債券的本金額與兑換價之間的匯率 釐定在0.18美元。轉換為股份的本 金總額不得超過16,300,000美元。 兑換價已於2016年10月24日調整 為每股1.39港元。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)(除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

27 CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

The convertible bonds contained two components, liability and derivative component. The initial fair value of the both components combined was determined based on gross proceeds at issuance. The initial fair value of the derivative component was estimated to be approximately RMB50,767,000 as at the issuance date of using the Monte Carlo Model and Binomial Option Pricing Model, taking into account the terms and conditions of the convertible bonds. In subsequent periods, derivative component is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. The residual amount, representing the value of the liability component at approximately RMB137,164,000, was subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate of the liability component of the convertible bonds is 34.35% per annum.

The fair value of the derivative component was determined using the Monte Carlo Model and Binomial Option Pricing Model and the major inputs into the model are as follows:

27 可換股債券(續)

可換股債券包括負債及衍生工具兩部分。 負債部分及衍生工具部分之合共初始公 平值乃按發行時的所得款項總額釐定。衍 生工具部分之初始公平值乃於發行時 根據蒙特卡羅定價模式及二項式期權定 價模型估算為約人民幣50,767,000元, 已考慮可換股債券之條款及條件。於其 期間,衍生工具部分按公平值計量,後 期間,衍生工具部分按公平值計量, 損益確認公平值變動。剩餘金額代表, 損益確認公平值變動。剩餘金額代表, 類 後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本列賬。 段 股債券的負債部分的實際利率為每年 34,35%。

衍生工具部分之公平值乃採用蒙特卡羅 定價模式及二項式期權定價模型釐定,模 型內的主要輸入數據如下:

		At issue date 於發行日	At 31 December 2016 於2016年 12月31日	At 31 December 2015 於2015年 12月31日
Stock price Exercise price Expected volatility Dividend yield Option life Risk free rate	股票價格	HK\$1.64港元	HK\$2.99港元	HK\$2.86港元
	行使價	HK\$1.40港元	HK\$1.39港元	HK\$1.40港元
	預期波幅	42%	19%	55%
	股息率	3%	0%	3%
	期權年期	24 months個月	3.5 months 個月	15.5 months 個月
	無風險利率	0,46%	0.62%	0.15%

Up to 31 December 2016, no conversion of the convertible bonds have taken place since the issuance date.

自發行日期到2016年12月31日,無可換股債券進行轉換。

28 DEFERRED GOVERNMENT GRANTS

The amount represents government grants received from Provincial Finance Bureau, Hunan Province. These government grants are assets-related are amortized over ten years since July 2014.

28 遞延政府補助

該款項指收到來自湖南省財政廳的政府補助。該等政府補助乃資產相關及自2014年7月起計10年內攤鎖。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)(除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

29 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDEND

(a) Movement in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

29 資本、儲備及股息

(a) 權益部分變動

本集團綜合權益各部分的期初及期 末結餘的對賬載於綜合權益變動 表。本公司個別權益部分於年初及 年末的變動載列如下:

The Company

本公司

			Share capital (Note 29(c))	Share premium (Note 29(d) (iii))	Exchange reserve (Note 29(d) (i))	Capital reserve (Note 29(d) (ii))	Share- based payment reserve (Note 29(d) (v)) 以股份為基礎	Warrant reserve (Note 29(d) (vi)) 認購權證	Accumu- lated losses	Total
		Note 附註	股本 (附註29 (c)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	股份溢價 (附註29 (d) (iii)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	匯兑儲備 (附註29 (d) (i)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	資本儲備 (附註29 (d) (ii)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	的付款儲備 (附註29 (d) (v)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	储備 (附註29 (d) (vi)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2016	於2016年1月1日的結餘		166,075	245,136	11,444	289,836	40,700	12,079	(243,978)	521,292
Changes in equity for 2016:	2016年的權益變動:									
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	年內虧損 其他全面收益		-	-	- 17,111	-	-	-	(217,363)	(217,363) 17,111
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	17,111	-	-	<u>-</u>	(217,363)	(200,252)
Issuance of ordinary shares Share-based compensation expenses Share options vested but lapsed Exercise of share option Transfer of share option reserve	發行普通股 以股份為基礎的補償開支 已歸屬但失效的購股權 行使購股權 轉發購股權儲備	29(c)(i) 29(d)(v) 29(c)(ii)	11,500 - - 5,004	288,460 - - 51,541 17,855	-	- - -	- 37,406 (571) - (17,855)	-	- - 571 -	299,960 37,406 - 56,545
Balance at 31 December 2016	於2016年12月31日的結餘		182,579	602,992	28,555	289,836	59,680	12,079	(460,770)	714,951

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

29 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDEND (Continued)

(a) Movement in components of equity (Continued)
The Company (Continued)

29 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(a) 權益部分變動(續) 本公司(續)

			Share capital (Note 29(c))	Share premium (Note 29(d) (iii))	Exchange reserve (Note 29(d) (i))	Capital reserve (Note 29(d) (ii))	Share- based payment reserve (Note 29(d) (v)) 以股份為基礎	Warrant reserve (Note 29(d) (vi)) 認購權證	Accumu- lated losses	Total
		Note 附註	股本 (附註29 (c)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	股份溢價 (附註29 (d) (iii)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	匯兑儲備 (附註29 (d) (i)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	資本儲備 (附註29 (d) (ij) RMB'000 人民幣千元	的付款儲備 (附註29 (d) (v)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	儲備 (附註29 (d) (vi)) RMB'000 人民幣千元	累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2015	於2015年1月1日的結餘		166,075	294,842	639	289,836	10,365	-	(68,431)	693,326
Changes in equity for 2015:	2015年的權益變動:									
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	年內虧損 其他全面收益		-	-	10,805	-	-	-	(177,086)	(177,086) 10,805
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額		-	-	10,805	-	-	-	(177,086)	(166,281)
Issuance of warrants Share-based compensation expenses Share options vested but lapsed Dividend declared and paid in respect	發行認購權證 以股份為基礎的補償開支 已歸屬但失效的購股權 就過往年度宣派及已付之股息	29(d)(vi) 29(d)(v)	-	186 - -	- - -	- - -	- 31,874 (1,539)	12,079 - -	- - 1,539	12,265 31,874 -
of prior year		29(b)		(49,892)						(49,892)
Balance at 31 December 2015	於2015年12月31日的結餘		166,075	245,136	11,444	289,836	40,700	12,079	(243,978)	521,292

- **(b)** The final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.
- (b) 於報告期結束後擬派的末期股息於 報告期末並未確認為負債。

		2016	2015
		2016年	2015年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Dividend in respect of prior years	於年內就過往年度支付的		
paid during the year	股息	-	49,892

The board of director does not recommend the payment of dividend for the year ended 31 December 2016 (2015: nil).

董事會不建議派發截至2016年12 月31日止年度的股息(2015年: 零)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

29 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDEND (Continued)

(c) Share capital

Authorised and issued share capital

29 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(c) 股本

法定及已發行股本

		Par value 面值 HK\$ 洪二	No. of shares 股份數目	HK\$'000 工注二
		港元		千港元
Authorised:	法定:			
At 31 December 2015,	於2015年12月31日、			
1 January 2016 and	2016年1月1日及			
31 December 2016	2016年12月31日	0.10	100,000,000,000	10,000,000
			(equivalent to RM (相當於人民幣8,	

		No. of shares 股份數目	HK\$'000 千港元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及已繳足:			
At 1 January 2015 and 31 December 2015	於2015年1月1日及 2015年12月31日	2,105,145,600	210,514	166,075
At 1 January 2016	於2016年1月1日	2,105,145,600	210,514	166,075
Shares issued as at	於2016年8月17日	105,000,000	10.500	11 500
17 August 2016 Shares issued under share	發行的股份 根據購股權計劃發行	135,000,000	13,500	11,500
option scheme	的股份	57,300,000	5,730	5,004
At 31 December 2016	於2016年12月31日	2,297,445,600	229,744	182,579

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

29 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDEND (Continued)

(c) Share capital (Continued)

- (i) On 17 August 2016, 135,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 were issued at a price of HK\$2.58 per share by the Company to Hong Kong Zhong Liang Recycling Mining Investments Limited (香港中涼再生礦冶投資有限公司). The total gross proceeds from the issue of these shares amounted to HK\$348,300,000 (equivalent to RMB299,960,000). Proceeds of HK\$13,500,000 (equivalent to RMB11,500,000), representing the par value of the share issued, were credited to the Company's share capital. The remaining proceeds of HK\$337,439,000 (equivalent to RMB288,460,000) were credited to the share premium account.
- (ii) On 25 October 2016, options were exercised to subscribe for 57,300,000 ordinary shares in the Company at a consideration of RMB56,545,000, in which RMB5,004,000 and RMB51,541,000 were credited to share capital and share premium respectively. RMB17,855,000 was transferred from share based compensation reserve to share premium account in accordance with policy set out in note 2(s) (ii).

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves

i) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of subsidiaries with functional currency other than Renminbi. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2(w).

(ii) Capital reserve

The capital reserve comprises mainly capital contributions from shareholder in respect of the contingent considerations for the acquisition of Jinxin and Xiangbei in November 2010 and August 2011 amounted to RMB33,226,000 and RMB11,555,000 respectively borne by the shareholder and deemed capital contribution of RMB77,700,000 amount due to shareholder waived by the shareholder on 31 December 2012.

29 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(c) 股本(續)

- (i) 於2016年8月17日,本公司 以每股2.58港元的價格內公司 港中涼再生礦治投資有限公面 發行135,000,000股每股百 0.1港元的普通股。發行共 股份的所得款項總額當 348,300,000港元(相當 民幣299,960,000元)。 就項13,500,000港元(相當 人民幣11,500,000元)為 行股份的面值,乃計入本款 行股份的面值,乃計入本款 行股份的面值,乃計入本款 行股份的面值,仍計入本款 以 民幣288,460,000元)則計入 股份溢價賬。
- (ii) 於2016年10月25日,購股權獲行使,以認購57,300,000股本公司普通股,代價為人民幣56,545,000元,其中人民幣5,004,000元及人民幣51,541,000元乃分別計入股本及股份溢價。根據附註2(s)(ii)所載政策,人民幣17,855,000元自以股份為基礎的補償儲備轉撥至股份溢價賬。

(d) 儲備的性質及用途

(i) 匯兑儲備

匯兑儲備包括換算並非以人民幣為功能貨幣的附屬公司的財務報表所產生的所有外幣差額。該儲備根據附註2(w)所載的會計政策處理。

(ii) 資本儲備

資本儲備主要包括股東就於2010年11月及2011年8月收購金鑫及湘北的或然代價(分別為人民幣33,226,000元及人民幣11,555,000元,由股東承擔)注資,以及股東於2012年12月31日豁免應付股東款項人民幣77,700,000元,已視作注資。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

29 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDEND (Continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

(iii) Share premium

The application of the share premium account is governed by the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of the business.

(iv) Statutory reserves

According to the PRC rules and regulations, the Company's operating subsidiaries are required to transfer 10% of the net income after tax, as determined in accordance with general accepted accounting principle in the PRC, to a general reserve fund and an enterprise expansion fund until the reserve balance reaches 50% of the registered capital of the respective companies. The transfer to the reserves must be made before distribution of dividends to shareholders can be made. These amounts are not available for distribution to shareholders, except upon liquidation.

(v) Share-based payment reserve

Share-based payment reserve represents the portion of the fair value of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Group at grant date that has been recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments in note 2(s)(ii).

The amount will either be transferred to the share premium account when the option is exercised, or be released directly to retained profits if the option is lapsed or forfeited.

(vi) Warrant reserve

Warrant reserve arises from the issue of warrants less the expenses incurred pertaining to the warrants issue, Upon the exercise of the warrants, the warrant reserve will be transferred to share capital and share premium.

29 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備的性質及用途(續)

(iii) 股份溢價

股份溢價賬的應用受開曼群島 公司法管轄。根據開曼群島公 司法,本公司股份溢價賬的資 金可分派予本公司股東,惟緊 隨建議分派股息之日後,本公 司須有能力於日常業務過程中 清償到期債務。

(iv) 法定儲備

(v) 以股份為基礎的付款儲備

以股份為基礎的付款儲備指已 授予本集團僱員而未行使的購 股權於授出日期的公平值的部份,該公平值已按照附註2(s) (ii)就以股份為基礎的付款所採 用的會計政策確認。

該金額將於購股權獲行使時轉 撥至股份溢價賬,或倘購股權 失效或被充公,則直接轉撥至 保留溢利。

(vi) 認股權證儲備

認股權證儲備源自發行認股權 證減認股權證發行所產生的開 支。認股權證獲行使後,認股 權證儲備將轉撥至股本及股份 溢價。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)(除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

29 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDEND (Continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

(vi) Warrant reserve (Continued)

On 19 January 2015, the Company issued 133,650,000 warrants to 7 subscribers at an issue price of HK\$0.001 per warrant. Each warrant will entitle its holder to subscribe for one share of the Company at a subscription price of HK\$1.30 per share. The warrants will be vested in phases according to the vesting conditions. The vesting condition is that the suppliers shall carry out the transactions under their respective annual procurement agreements, pursuant to which the suppliers in aggregate, agree to supply 49,500 tons of copper scrap raw materials to the Group in 2015 at a fixed discount of RMB1,000 per ton.

On 24 February 2015, the Company issued 102,000,000 warrants to 3 subscribers at an issue price of HK\$0.001 per warrant. Each warrant will entitle its holder to subscribe for one share of the Company at a subscription price of HK\$1.50 per share. The warrants will be vested in phases according to the vesting conditions. The vesting condition is that the suppliers shall carry out the transactions under their respective annual procurement agreements, pursuant to which the suppliers, in aggregate, agree to supply 30,000 tons of copper scrap raw materials to the Group from 1 February 2015 to 31 January 2016 at a fixed discount of RMB2,000 per ton.

No procurement was made from these suppliers from 1 January 2016 to 31 January 2016, therefore no warrant was issued in 2016. Total discount on the raw materials purchased for the year ended 31 December 2015 amounted to approximately RMB12,079,000 had been recognised in warrant reserve for the year ended 31 December 2015.

(e) Distributable reserves

At 31 December 2016, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company amounted to RMB432,058,000 (2015: RMB355,217,000).

29 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備的性質及用途(續)

(vi) 認股權證儲備(續)

於2015年2月24日,本公司 以發行價每一份認股權證 0.001港元向三名認購方發行 102,000,000份認股權證,每 份認股權證將賦予其持有人認 購一股本公司股份的權利,認 購價為每股股份1.50港元。 認股權證將按歸屬條件分階段 歸屬。歸屬條件為供應商應履 行彼等各自於年度供應協議下 的交易。根據年度供應協議, 各供應商同意從2015年2月1 日至2016年1月31日期間以 固定折讓每噸人民幣2.000 元,供應合計30,000噸的廢 舊銅原材料予本集團。

於2016年1月1日 至2016年1月31日概無向該等供應商進行採購,故於2016年並無發行認股權證。截至2015年12月31日止年度採購原材料的總折讓約為人民幣12,079,000元,已於截至2015年12月31日止年度的認股權證儲備確認。

(e) 可供分派儲備

於2016年12月31日,可供分派給本公司股東的儲備總額為人民幣432,058,000元(2015年:人民幣355,217,000元)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

29 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDEND (Continued)

(f) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to financing at a reasonable cost.

The Group manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions affecting the Group.

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of a net debt-to-capital ratio. For this purpose, the Group defines net debt as total interest-bearing borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. The Group defines "capital" as all components of equity.

The net debt-to-capital ratio was as follows:

29 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(f) 資本管理

本集團管理資本的主要目標為確保本集團持續經營的能力,根據風險大小來對產品和服務定價並按合理的成本獲得融資,繼續為股東及其他利益相關者帶來回報和利益。

本集團管理其資本結構,以維持股東的較高回報(可透過較高借貸水準達致)與穩健資本狀況所帶來的優勢及保障的平衡,並因應影響本集團的經濟狀況變動調整資本結構。

本集團按淨債務資本比率為基準監督資本結構。就此而言,本集團將 淨債務定義為計息借款總額減去現 金及現金等值項目。本集團將「資本」定義為權益的所有組成部分。

淨債務資本比率如下:

		Note 附註	2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Bank loans and other borrowings Loan from a related party Obligations under finance leases Convertible bonds Less: Cash and cash equivalents	銀行貸款及其他借款 關聯方貸款 融資租賃下的責任 可換股債券 減:現金及現金等值項目	26 22(b) 25 27 23(a)	681,536 - 24,658 211,810 (164,142)	661,510 83,780 38,282 166,488 (82,559)
Net debt	淨債務		753,862	867,501
Total equity	總權益		807,708	754,183
Net debt-to-capital ratio	淨債務資本比率		93.3%	115.0%

Except for the banking facilities which require the fulfilment of certain covenants, neither the Company nor any of the subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

除需要履行若干契諾的銀行融資 外,本公司及任何附屬公司概無受 到外來施加的資本規定所規限。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

30 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS

Share option scheme

The Company has a share option scheme which was adopted on 28 January 2014 and has come into effect upon the Company's listing on 21 February 2014 whereby the directors of the Company, are authorised, at their discretion, to invite any director or employee of the Group and any other person who in the sole discretion of the directors has contributed or will contribute to the Group to take up options to subscribe for shares of the Company.

(a) The key terms and conditions related to the grants under the share option scheme are as follows; all options are to be settled by the physical delivery of shares.

30 以股權結算以股份為基礎的交易

購股權計劃

本公司設有購股權計劃,其於2014年1 月28日採納及於本公司於2014年2月21 日上市後生效,據此,本公司董事獲得授權,可酌情邀請其全權認為已或將對本集團作出貢獻的本集團任何董事或僱員及任何其他人士承購購股權,以認購本公司股份。

(a) 與根據購股權計劃授出購股權有關 的主要條款及條件如下,所有購股 權將透過實際交付股份結算。

	Number of		
Grant date/	instruments		Contractual
employees entitled	in thousands	Vesting conditions	life of options
	工具數目		
授出日期/有權獲授之僱員	(千份)	歸屬條件	購股權合約年期

Options granted to executive directors 授予執行董事的購股權			
— On 2 July 2014	24,000	second anniversary, and the remaining on the third	10 years
₩ 0014/	04.000	anniversary of the grant respectively	40 <i>/</i> T
一於2014年7月2日	24,000	三分之一於授出的第一週年、 三分之一於第二週年及	10年
		ニガと一次	
O- 7 M 004 F	0.000		10
— On 7 May 2015	8,000	Same as above	10 years
一於2015年5月7日	8,000	同上	10年
- On 31 May 2016	1,000	Same as above	10 years
一於2016年5月31日	1,000	同上	10年
Options granted to			
employees			
授予僱員的購股權			
- On 2 July 2014	89,000	Same as above	10 years
一於2014年7月2日	89,000	同上	10年
— On 7 May 2015	94,360	Same as above	10 years
一於2015年5月7日	94,360	同上	10年
- On 31 May 2016	26,930	Same as above	10 years
一於2016年5月31日	26,930	同上	10年

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

30 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(a) (Continued)

已授出購股權總數

30 以股權結算以股份為基礎的交 易(續)

(a) (續)

	Number of		
Grant date/	instruments		Contractual
employees entitled	in thousands	Vesting conditions	life of options
	工具數目		
授出日期/有權獲授之僱員	(千份)	歸屬條件	購股權合約年期

Options granted to certain eligible participants 授予若干合資格參與人的購股權			
— On 23 July 2015	7,600	On the first anniversary of the date upon which the share options are accepted subject to the grantees remaining as eligible persons at the date of vesting	Six months commencing from the expiry of the first anniversary of the date of acceptance and expiring on the last day of the 6 month-period
一於2015年7月23日	7,600	於購股權獲接納的第一週年當日, 惟承授人於歸屬日期須仍為合資格人士	接納日期起計第一週年屆滿開始直至
— On 31 May 2016	5,200	On the first anniversary of the date of the grant, subject to their respective predetermined annual sales target were achieved	10 years
一於2016年5月31日 -	5,200	於授出日期起計第一週年, 惟須達成預先釐定的各年度銷售目標 -	10年
Total share options granted	256,090		

The fair value of services received in return for share options granted is measured by reference to the fair value of share options granted. The estimate of the fair value of the share options granted is measured based on the Binomial Option Pricing Model. The contractual life of the share option is used as an input into this model. Expectations of early exercise are incorporated into the Binomial Option Pricing Model.

256,090

就授出之購股權收取之回報服務之 公平值乃參考已授出購股權之公平 值計量。已授出購股權之公平值估 計乃根據二項式期權定價模式計 量。購股權之合約年期乃用作該模 式之輸入數據。提早行使之預期已 納入二項式期權定價模式。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

30 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) Fair value of share options and assumptions

30 以股權結算以股份為基礎的交易(續)

(b) 購股權之公平值及假設

Grant date 授出日期		2 July Share options 2014年7 購股權	s granted to 7月 2 日	7 May Share option: 2015年5 購股權	s granted to 5月 7 日	23 July 2015* Share options granted to 2015年7月23日* 購股權授予		31 May 16 re options grante 2016年5月31日 購股權授予	ed to
		Executive directors	Other employees	Executive directors	Other employees	Certain eligible participants 若干合	Executive directors	Other employees	Certain eligible participants 若干合
		執行董事	其他僱員	執行董事	其他僱員	資格參與者	執行董事	其他僱員	資格參與者
Fair value at measurement date	於計量日期之公平值 (港元)								
(HK\$)		0.44	0.39	0.71	0.58	2.23	1.22	1.17	1.45
Share price (HK\$)	股價(港元)	1.07	1.07	1.68	1.68	1.67	3.05	3.05	3.05
Exercise price (HK\$)	行使價(港元)	1.13	1.13	1.68	1.68	2.16	3.66	3.66	3.66
Expected volatility	預期波幅	45.54%	45.54%	46.20%	46.20%	49.43%	50.00%	50.00%	50.00%
Expected life	預期年期	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years	1.5 years	10 years	10 years	10 years
Expected dividends Risk-free interest rate	預期股息	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	1.47%	1.47%	1.47%
(based on Hong Kong Exchange Fund	無風險利率 (以香港外匯基金票 據利率為基準)								
Notes)		2.059%	2.059%	1.745%	1.745%	0.239%	1.286%	1.286%	1.286%
Exercise multiple	行使倍數	2.8	2.2	2.8	2.2	-	2.8	2.2	-
Post-vesting exit rate	歸屬後流失率	0%	5.44%	0%	16.12%	-	9.22%	9.22%	-

^{*} On 23 July 2015, the Company granted 10,000,000 share options to certain eligible participants, in which 7,600,000 share options were accepted.

The expected volatility is based on the historic volatility (calculated based on the weighted average remaining life of the share options), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility based on publicly available information. Expected dividends are determined by the management. Changes in the subjective input assumptions could materially

Share options were granted under a service condition. There were no market conditions associated with the share option grants.

預期波幅是根據過往波幅計算(根據開股權之加權平均剩餘年期計算),並根據公開可得資料就未來波幅的預期變動調整。預期股息由管理層釐定。主觀輸入數據假設之改變對公平值的估計有重大的影響。

購股權乃按服務條件授出。授予購 股權與市況無關。

affect the fair value estimate.

^{*} 於2015年7月23日,本公司向若干合 資格參與人授出10,000,000份購股權, 其中7,600,000份購股權已被接納。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

30 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of outstanding share options

The number and weighted-average exercise prices of share options under the share option scheme were as follows:

30 以股權結算以股份為基礎的交易(續)

未行使購股權之對賬

購股權計劃項下購股權的數目及加權平均行使價如下:

In thousands of options 購股權千份		Number of options 2016 2016年 購股權數目 '000 千股	Weighted- average exercise price 2016 2016年加權 平均行使價	Number of options 2015 2015年 購股權數目 '000 千股	Weighted- average exercise price 2015 2015年加權 平均行使價
Outstanding at 1 January Forfeited during the year Exercised during the year Granted during the year	於1月1日尚未行使 年內充公 年內行使 年內授出	198,800 (6,874) (57,300) 33,130	1.45 (1.54) (1.13) 3.66	107,390 (18,550) – 109,960	1.13 (1.21) - 1.71
Outstanding at 31 December	於 12 月 31 日 尚未行使	167,756	1.99	198,800	1.45
Exercisable at 31 December	於12月31日 可予行使	41,294	1.75	30,483	1.13

The options outstanding at 31 December 2016 had an exercise price in the range of HK\$1.13 to HK\$3.66 (2015: HK\$1.13 to HK\$2.16) and a weighted-average contractual life of 9.61 years (2015: 9.68 years).

57,300,000 share options were exercised in 2016 (2015: nil).

Expense recognised in profit or loss

For details on the related share-based compensation expenses, see note 7(b).

於2016年12月31日未行使購股權的行使價介乎1.13港元至3.66港元(2015年:1.13港元至2.16港元)及加權平均合約年期為9.61年(2015年:9.68年)。

57,300,000份購股權於2016年獲行使(2015年:零)。

於損益確認之開支

有關以股份為基礎的補償開支詳情,見附註7(b)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

31 COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments outstanding at 31 December 2016 not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

31 承擔

(a) 於2016年12月31日未償付而 並無於財務報表內撥備的資本 承擔如下:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Contracted for — property, plant and equipment — land use rights Authorised but not contracted for	已訂約 - 物業、廠房及設備 - 土地使用權 已授權但未訂約	23,010 17,871 53,638	62,010 13,956 71,193
		94,519	147,159

- (b) At 31 December 2016, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of staff quarters and office premises are payable as follows:
- (b) 於2016年12月31日,有關員工宿舍及辦事處的不可撤銷經營租賃項下應付的未來最低租賃款項總額如下:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 1 year After 1 year but within 5 years	1年內 1年後但5年內	16	1,493 397
		16	1,890

- (c) At 31 December 2016, the Group had outstanding purchase agreements with some of its suppliers and was required to purchase from the suppliers an aggregate of 3,598 metric tons (2015: 30,238 metric tons) of scrap copper with the price to be determined at the time of purchases based on market price.
- (c) 於2016年12月31日,本集團與其部份供應商有仍然生效的購買協議,須向供應商購買合共3,598公噸(2015年:30,238公噸)的廢銅,價格將於購買時按照市價釐定。

32 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group entered into the following significant related party transactions during the current and prior years.

32 關聯方交易

除於該等財務報表其他部分披露的關聯 方資料外,本集團於本年度及過往年度訂 立以下重大關聯方交易。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

32 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED) 32 關聯方交易(續)

(a) Significant related party transactions

Financing arrangements

(a) 重大關聯方交易

融資安排

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest expense on loan from Epoch Keen Limited, a private company controlled by Mr. Yu Jianqiu	來自俞建秋先生所控制的 私人公司時建有限公司的 貸款的利息開支	4,790	68

(ii) Other related parties transactions

其他關聯方交易 (ii)

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Sale of goods Sales of recycled copper products to JX E-commerce, a wholly owned subsidiary of Xijiulong Sales of power transmission and distribution cables to Xijiulong, a company wholly owned by Ms. Yu Yanyan and Ms. Yu Jiajia, daughters of Mr. Yu Jianqiu	銷售貨品 銷售再生銅產品予 金循環電商 (西九龍的全資附屬公司) 銷售送配電纜予西九龍 (一間由俞建秋先生之女兒 俞燕燕女士及俞佳佳女士 全資擁有的公司)	1,519	149
Others Payment for Acquisition of Equity Interest in Xinhuan Aluminium,	其他 收購鑫環鋁業股權的付款 (附註14(ii))		
(note 14(ii)) Guarantee provided by Baohe Fushan, an associate of the Group (note 26)	由保和富山 (本集團的聯營公司) 提供的擔保 (附註26)	3,100 35,000	35,000
Guarantee provided by Gushan Vegetable, a private company controlled by Mr. Yu Jianqiu (note 26)	由古杉油脂(由俞建秋先生控制之私人公司)提供的擔保(附註26)	10,000	10,000
Delivery cost charged by Mianyang Jin Xunhuan Finance Storage Limited, a company wholly owned by JX E-commerce	線陽金循環金融倉儲 有限公司(由金循環電商 全資擁有的公司)徵收的 交付成本	1,902	656
Administrative fee and consultancy fee paid to Baohe Fushan	已付保和富山的行政費及 諮詢費	_	160

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

32 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the directors of the Company as disclosed in note 9 and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in note 10, is as follows:

32 關聯方交易(續)

(b) 主要管理人員的薪酬

本集團主要管理人員的薪酬(包括於附註9所披露支付予本公司董事的款項,以及於附註10所披露支付予若干最高薪酬僱員的款項)載列如下:

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Short-term employee benefits Retirement scheme contributions Share-based payments	短期僱員福利 退休計劃供款 以股份為基礎的付款	7,471 109 9,407	15,271 122 15,074
		16,987	30,467

Total remuneration was included in "staff costs" (see note 7(b)).

總薪酬已包括在「員工成本」內(見 附註7(b))。

33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and commodity price risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business.

The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables.

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

33 財務風險管理及金融工具的公 平值

本集團於日常業務過程中會產生信貸、流 動資金、利率及商品價格風險。

本集團所面對的該等風險及本集團用以 管理該等風險的財務風險管理政策及慣 例載述如下。

(a) 信貸風險

本集團信貸風險主要來自貿易及其 他應收款項。

管理層設有信貸政策,確保所承受 的該等信貸風險會受到持續監控。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

In respect of trade and other receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customers' past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade debtors are normally due within 90 days from the date of transaction. The Group also offers revolving credit to its customers. The revolving credit, which provides for a maximum credit limit that may be outstanding at any one time, is determined based on such factors as current market conditions and the customers' credit history and current ability to pay. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At 31 December 2016, nil (2015: nil) and nil% (2015: 71.6%) of the total trade debtors and bills receivable was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers, respectively.

The maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of any collateral held is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the balance sheet after deducting any impairment allowance.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and bills receivable are set out in note 21.

33 財務風險管理及金融工具的公 平值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

本集團承受的信貸風險主要受各客戶(而不是客戶營運所屬行業或國家)的個別情況的影響,因此重大信貸集中風險主要產生自本集團承受個別客戶重大風險時。於2016年12月31日,貿易賬款及應收票據總額中並無任何部分(2015年:分別為無及71.6%)應由本集團最大客戶及五大客戶支付。

倘不考慮所持任何抵押品,最高信 貸風險額指資產負債表中各金融資 產經扣除任何減值撥備後的賬面值。

有關本集團所承受因貿易應收款項及應收票據而產生的信貸風險的進一步定量披露載於附註21。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and readily realisable marketable securities and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities at the end of reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay. Note 2(b) explains the Group's plans for managing the liquidity needs to enable it to continue to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due for the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

33 財務風險管理及金融工具的公平值(續)

(b) 流動資金風險

本集團的政策是定期監察其流動資金需求及遵守借貸契約的情況,藉以確保其維持充足現金儲備和可隨時套現的有價證券及獲主要金融機構提供充足資金額度,以應付其短期及長期流動資金需求。

下表列示本集團的非衍生金融負債 於報告期末的餘下合約到期情況, 該等數據乃基於合約未折現現金流 量(包括使用合約利率或(倘屬浮動) 於報告期末的利率計算的利息付款) 及本集團被要求付款的最早日期。 附註2(b)解釋了本集團管理流動性 需求的計劃,以達致可繼續於報告 期末起計未來十二個月履行其到期 財務責任。

		2016 2016年 Contractual undiscounted cash flow 合同未折現現金流				
		Within 1 year or on demand 一年內 或按要求	More than 1 year but less than 2 years 一年以上 兩年以內	More than 2 years but less than 5 years 兩年以上 五年以內	Total 總計	Balance sheet carrying amount 資產負債表 賬面值
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade and other payables Obligations under finance leases Bank loans and other borrowings Amounts due to related parties Amounts due to associates	貿易及其他應付款項 融資租賃下的責任 銀行貸款及其他借款 應付關聯方款項 應付聯營公司款項	386,529 13,956 728,367 764 5,150	- 12,679 - -	-	386,529 26,635 728,367 764 5,150	386,529 24,658 681,536 764 5,150
Liability component of convertible bonds	可換股債券的負債部分	232,343	-	-	232,343	211,810
		1,367,109	12,679	-	1,379,788	1,310,447

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR **VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

(Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

33 財務風險管理及金融工具的公 平值(續)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

		2015 2015年 Contractual undiscounted cash flow 合同未折現現金流				
		Within 1 year or on demand 一年內 或按要求 RMB'000	More than 1 year but less than 2 years 一年以上 兩年以內 RMB'000	More than 2 years but less than 5 years 兩年以上 五年以內 RMB'000	Total 總計 RMB'000	Balance sheet carrying amount 資產負債表 賬面值 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	474,799	_	_	474,799	474,799
Obligations under finance leases	融資租賃下的責任	15,986	13,956	12,679	42,621	38,282
Bank loans and other borrowings	銀行貸款及其他借款	696,073	-	_	696,073	661,510
Loan from a related party	來自一名關聯方的貸款	87,900	-	_	87,900	83,780
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	6,098	-	_	6,098	6,098
Amounts due to associates Liability component of	應付聯營公司款項 可換股債券的負債部分	6,520	-	-	6,520	6,520
convertible bonds		15,352	21,117	217,638	254,107	166,488
		1,302,728	35,073	230,317	1,568,118	1,437,477

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, all of the Group's trade and other payables are repayable within one year.

於2016年及2015年12月31日,本 集團所有貿易及其他應付款項須於 一年內支付。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from interest -bearing borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates and at fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out in (i) below.

(i) Interest rate profile

The following table details the interest rate profile of the Group's total interest-bearing borrowings at the end of reporting period:

33 財務風險管理及金融工具的公平值(續)

(c) 利率風險

本集團的利率風險主要源於計息借款。以浮息及定息放出的借款分別令本集團須承受現金流量利率風險及公平值利率風險。本集團由管理層監察的利率概況載於下文(i)。

(i) 利率概況

下表詳述本集團的總計息借款 於報告期末的利率概況:

		201 2016 Effective interest rate 實際利率 %		20 ⁻ 2018 Effective interest rate 實際利率 %	
Fixed rate borrowings:	定息借款:				
Bank loans and other borrowings	銀行貸款及其他借款	8.72	681,536	9.40	661,510
Loan from a related party	來自一名關聯方的 貸款	-	-	5.00	83,780
Obligations under finance leases	融資租賃下的責任	6.67	24,658	6.88	38,282
Liability component of convertible bonds	可換股債券的 負債部分	34.35	211,810	34.35	166,488
Total fixed rate borrowings	定息借款總額		918,004		950,060

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2016 and 2015, all of the Group's interest-bearing borrowings are fixed rate borrowings, no sensitivity analysis on interest rate risk is presented.

(d) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily related to receivables, payables and cash balances that are denominated in United States dollars, currencies other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate.

(i) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in United States dollars ("USD") in connection with entities with functional currency in Hong Kong dollars ("HKD"). For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in Renminbi, translated using the spot rate at the year end date. Differences resulting from the translation of the financial statements of the subsidiaries with functional currency other than RMB into the Group's presentation currency are excluded.

33 財務風險管理及金融工具的公平值(續)

(c) 利率風險(續)

(ii) 敏感度分析

於2016年 及2015年12月31日,本集團的所有計息借款均 為定息借款,故並無呈列利率 風險敏感度分析。

(d) 貨幣風險

本集團須承受主要與以美元(該等 交易相關的業務的功能貨幣以外的 貨幣)計值的應收款項、應付款項 及現金結餘有關的貨幣風險。

(i) 所承受的貨幣風險

		2016 2016年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2015 2015年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
United States dollars	美元		
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	63	684
Net exposure arising from recognised assets and liabilities	已確認資產及負債所產生的 淨風險	63	684

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

As HKD is pegged to the USD, the Group considers the risk of movements in exchange rates between the HKD and the USD to be insignificant.

(ii) 敏感度分析

由於港元與美元掛鈎,本集團 認為港元與美元之間匯率變動 的風險不會太大。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(e) Commodity price risk

The major raw material used in the production of the Group's products is scrap copper. The Group is exposed to fluctuations in the price of copper which are influenced by global as well as regional supply and demand conditions. Fluctuations in the prices of raw materials could adversely affect the Group's financial performance. The Group uses copper futures contracts to mitigate its exposure against price fluctuations of copper raw materials. The market value of futures contracts is based on quoted market price at settlement or balance sheet date. As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the Group did not have outstanding copper futures contracts.

(f) Fair value measurement

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13, *Fair value measurement*. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during the current and prior years.

33 財務風險管理及金融工具的公平值(續)

(e) 商品價格風險

(f) 公平值計量

(i) 按公平值計量的金融資產及負 債

公平值架構

下表呈列本集團金融工具的公平值,該等工具於報告期末按經常性基準計量,並分類為經際財務報告準則第13號公平值計量定義的三級公平值計量分類的等級場合計量分類的可觀察性及重要性後釐定:

- 第1級估值:僅使用第1 級輸入數據(即於計量日期同類資產或負債於活躍市場的未經調整報價)計量的公平值。
- 一 第2級估值:使用第2級 輸入數據(即未能達到第 1級的可觀察輸入數據) 且並非使用重大不可觀 察輸入數據計量的公平 值。不可觀察輸入數據 為無市場數據的輸入數據。
- 第3級估值:使用重大 不可觀察輸入數據計量 的公平值。

於本年度及過往年度,第1、 2及3級之間並無轉撥。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)(除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

- (f) Fair value measurement (Continued)
 - (i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

The financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016 are grouped into the fair value hierarchy as follows.

33 財務風險管理及金融工具的公 平值(續)

- (f) 公平值計量(續)
 - (i) 按公平值計量的金融資產及負 債(續)

公平值架構(續)

於2016年12月31日 在 綜 合 財務狀況表內按公平值計量的 金融資產及負債在公平值架構 的歸類如下。

		Level 1 第 1級 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Level 2 第2級 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Level 3 第3級 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note (a)) (附註(a))	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 31 December 2016	於2016年12月31日				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss — Derivative component of convertible bonds	按公平值計入損益的 金融負債 一 可換股債券的衍生 工具部分	-	_	133,344	133,344
At 31 December 2015	於2015年12月31日				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss — Derivative component of convertible bonds	按公平值計入損益的 金融負債 一 可換股債券的衍生 工具部分			130,989	130,989

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR **VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

(Continued)

- Fair value measurement (Continued)
 - Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

Information about level 3 fair value measurements

33 財務風險管理及金融工具的公 平值(續)

- (f) 公平值計量(續)
 - 按公平值計量的金融資產及負 **倩**(續)

公平值架構(續)

第3級公平值計量的資

	Significant unobservable	
Valuation techniques	inputs 重大不可觀察的	Range
估值方法	輸入數據	範圍

Derivative component of convertible bonds 可換股債券的衍生工具部分

Monte Carlo Model and Binomial Option Pricing Model 蒙特卡羅定價模式及二項式期

權定價模型

Expected volatility

19% to 42%

預期波幅

19%至42%

The fair value of derivative component of the convertible bonds is determined using Monte Carlo Model and Binomial Option Pricing Model and the significant unobservable input used in the fair value measurement is expected volatility. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the expected volatility.

The movement during the period in the balance of level 3 fair value measurements is as follows:

可換股債券的衍生工具 部分公平值乃使用蒙特 卡羅定價模式及二項式 期權定價模型釐定,計 量公平值所採用的重大 不可觀察輸入數據乃預 期波幅。公平值計量與 預期波幅有正向相聯關

本期間第3級公平值計 量的結餘變動如下:

> RMB'000 人民幣千元

> > 130.989

(6,633)

8.988

133,344

Derivative component of convertible bonds at 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016

Changes in fair value recognised in the profit or loss during the year Exchange realignment At 31 December 2016

The losses arising from the remeasurement of the derivative component of the convertible bonds are presented in "other net loss".

於2015年12月31日及 2016年1月1日的可換 股債券衍生工具部分

年內於損益確認的公平值變動

雁 兑 調整 於2016年12月31日

> 因可換股債券的衍生工 具部分的重新計量而產 生的虧損在「其他淨虧 損」內呈列。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(f) Fair value measurement (Continued)

(ii) Fair value of financial instruments carried at other than fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015 except as follows:

33 財務風險管理及金融工具的公 平值(續)

(f) 公平值計量(續)

(ii) 按公平值以外數據列賬的金融 工具的公平值

於2016年12月31日 及2015年12月31日,本集團按成本或攤銷成本列賬的金融工具賬面值均與其公平值並無重大差別,惟下列項目除外:

			amount Fair Value 賬面值 公平值 RMB'000 RMB'000		ber 2015 2月31日 Fair Value 公平值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Liability component of convertible bonds	可換股債券的 負債部分	211,810	224,644	166,488	174,308

(g) Estimation of fair values

(i) Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

The fair value is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at current market interest rates for similar financial instruments at the balance sheet dates.

(ii) Derivatives

Copper futures contracts are measured using quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments.

(g) 公平值的估算

(i) 計息貸款及借款

公平值是所估計的未來現金流量現值(按類似金融工具於結算日的現行市場利率折現計算)。

(ii) 衍生工具

銅期貨合約利用在活躍市場中 相同金融工具的報價計量。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

34 COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

34 公司層面的財務狀況表

		Note 附註	31 December 2016 2016年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 December 2015 2015年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-comment consts	北法到次京			
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries	非流動資產 於附屬公司的投資	14	298,322	298,322
Interest in associates	於 附屬公司 的 投員 聯營公司權益	15	37,435	135,957
IIITELEST III ASSOCIATES	明名公刊惟盆	10	37,435	100,907
			335,757	434,279
Current assets	流動資產			
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司的款項		711,684	466,808
Amount due from a related party	應收一名關聯方款項		476	444
Other receivables	其他應收款項		76	_
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目		17,554	13,786
			729,790	481,038

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

34 COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

34 公司層面的財務狀況表(續)

		Note 附註	31 December 2016 2016年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 December 2015 2015年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables Amounts due to a related party	貿易及其他應付款項 應付一名關聯方款項		5,440 2	12,762 6
Loan from a related party Liability component of convertible bonds Derivative component of convertible	來自一名關聯方的貸款 可換股債券的負債部分 可換股債券的衍生工具部分	22(b) 27	211,810	83,780 -
bonds		27	133,344	
			350,596	96,548
Net current assets	淨流動資產		379,194	384,490
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		714,951	818,769
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Liability component of convertible bonds Derivative component of convertible	可換股債券的負債部分 可換股債券的衍生工具部分	27	-	166,488
bonds		27	-	130,989
				297,477
NET ASSETS	淨資產		714,951	521,292
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備			
Share capital Reserves	股本儲備	29 29	182,579 532,372	166,075 355,217
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		714,951	521,292

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30 March 2017.

於2017年3月30日經董事會批准及授權 刊發。

Yu Jianqiu 俞建秋 Directors 董事 Kwong Wai Sun Wilson 鄺偉信 Directors 董事

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

35 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the IASB has issued a few amendments and new standards which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2016 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

35 已頒佈但於截至2016年12月 31日止年度尚未生效的修訂、 新準則及詮釋可能產生的影響

截至本財務報表刊發日期,國際會計準則 理事會已頒佈數項於截至2016年12月31 日止年度尚未生效且本財務報表中並無 採納的修訂及新準則,其中包括以下或會 與本集團有關的修訂及新準則。

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後開始的會計期間生效

Amendments to IAS 1	1, Disclosure initiative
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Amendments to IAS 12, Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses

IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers

IFRS 9, Financial instruments

Amendments to IFRS 2, Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions

IFRS 16, Leases

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, Sales or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture 國際會計準則第1號之修訂,披露計劃

國際會計準則第12號,確認未變現虧損 的遞延税項資產

國際財務報告準則第15號,客戶合約 收入

國際財務報告準則第9號,金融工具

國際財務報告準則第2號之修訂,以股份為基礎的付款交易分類與計量

國際財務報告準則第16號,租約

國際財務報告準則第10號及國際會計準 則第28號之修訂,投資者與其聯營公 司或合營企業之間的資產出售或注資 1 January 2017 2017年1月1日

1 January 2017

2017年1月1日 1 January 2018

2018年1月1日 1 January 2018 2018年1月1日

1 January 2018

1 January 2018 2018年1月1日

1 January 2019 2019年1月1日

To be determined 待定

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far the Group has identified some aspects of new standards which may have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements. Further details of the expected impacts are discussed below. As the Group has not completed its assessment, further impacts may be identified in due course and will be taken into consideration when determining whether to adopt any of these new requirements before their effective date and which transitional approach to take, where there are alternative approaches allowed under the new standards.

本集團正在評估該等修訂於初次應用期間預期產生的影響。迄今為止,本集團識別出新準則的部分方面可能對綜合財務報表產生重大影響。有關預期影響的進一步詳情載述如下。由於本集團尚未完成評估,於適當時候可能會發現其他影響,並將於釐定是否於生效日期之前採納任何該等新修訂及(倘新準則允許採用其他方法)採取何種過渡方法時考慮有關影響。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

35 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (Continued)

IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers

IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognised. It replaces existing revenue recognition guidance, including IAS 18 Revenue, IAS 11 Construction Contracts and IFRIC 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes.

The Group is currently assessing the impacts of adopting IFRS 15 on its financial statements. Based on the preliminary assessment, the Group has identified the following areas which are likely to be affected:

(a) Timing of revenue recognition

The Group's revenue recognition policies are disclosed in note 2(v). Currently, revenue from the sale of goods is generally recognised when the risks and rewards of ownership have passed to the customers.

Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognised when the customer obtains control of the promised good in the contract. IFRS 15 identifies 3 situations in which control of the promised good is regarded as being transferred over time:

- (a) When the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the entity's performance, as the entity performs;
- (b) When the entity's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example work in progress) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced;
- (c) When the entity's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the entity and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

35 已頒佈但於截至2016年12月 31日止年度尚未生效的修訂、 新準則及詮釋可能產生的影響

國際財務報告準則第15號客戶合約收入

國際財務報告準則第15號為釐定是否確認收入、確認金額及時間制定了一套全面的框架。其取代現有的收入確認指引,包括國際會計準則第18號收入、國際會計準則第11號建築合約及國際財務報告準則詮釋委員會第13號客戶忠誠計劃。

本集團目前正評估採納國際財務報告準則第15號對其財務報表的影響。基於初步評估,本集團已識別出下列可能受影響的方面:

(a) 收入確認時間

本集團的收入確認政策披露於附註 2(v)。目前,銷售貨品所得收入通常 於所有權風險及回報轉移予客戶時 確認。

根據國際財務報告準則第15號,收入於客戶獲得合約之承諾貨品的控制權時確認。國際財務報告準則第15號確定了以下對承諾貨品的控制權被視為隨時間轉移的3種情況:

- (a) 當客戶於實體履約時同時接受 及使用實體履約所提供之利益 時;
- (b) 當實體履約創造或增強一項於 資產被創造或增強時由客戶控 制之資產(如在建工程)時;
- (c) 當實體履約並無創造對實體而 言具替代用途的資產,且該實 體對迄今完成的履約付款具有 可執行權利時。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

35 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (Continued)

IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

(a) Timing of revenue recognition (Continued)

If the contract terms and the entity's activities do not fall into any of these 3 situations, then under IFRS 15 the entity recognises revenue for the sale of that good at a single point in time, being when control has passed. Transfer of risks and rewards of ownership is only one of the indicators that will be considered in determining when the transfer of control occurs. As a result of this change from the risk-and-reward approach to the contract-by-contract transfer-of-control approach, it is possible that once the Group adopts IFRS 15 some of the Group's contract manufacturing and selling activities that are currently recognised at a point in time may meet the IFRS 15 criteria for revenue recognition over time. This will depend on the terms of the sales contract and the enforceability of any specific performance clauses in that contract, which may vary depending on the jurisdiction in which the contract would be enforced. It is also possible that for the remainder of the Group's contracts the point in time when revenue is recognised may be earlier or later than under the current accounting policy. However, further analysis is required to determine whether this change in accounting policy may have a material impact on the amounts reported in any given financial reporting period.

(b) Sales with a right of return

Currently when the customers are allowed to return the products, the Group estimates the level of returns and makes an adjustment against revenue and cost of sales.

The Group expects that the adoption of IFRS 15 will not materially affect how the Group recognises revenue and cost of sales when the customers have a right of return.

However, the new requirement to recognise separately a return asset for the products expected to be returned will impact the presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position as the Group currently adjusts the carrying amounts of inventory for the expected returns, instead of recognising a separate asset.

35 已頒佈但於截至2016年12月 31日止年度尚未生效的修訂、 新準則及詮釋可能產生的影響 (續)

國際財務報告準則第15號客戶合約收入(續)

(a) 收入確認時間(續)

倘合約條款及實體活動並不屬於任 何該等3種情況,則根據國際財務 報告準則第15號,實體於某一指定 時間點(即控制權轉移時)就銷售貨 品確認收入。所有權風險及回報的 轉移僅為於釐定控制權轉移發生時 將考慮的其中一項指標。由於從風 險及回報法向按合約轉移控制權法 轉變,一旦本集團採納國際財務報 告準則第15號,本集團目前於某一 時間點確認的部分合約生產及銷售 活動可能會符合國際財務報告準則 第15號的準則,而需要隨時間確認 收入。這將視平銷售合約的條款以 及合約中任何特定履約條款能否執 行(可能會因應執行合約的所屬司 法管轄區而有異)而定。本集團剩 餘合約的收入確認時間點或會早於 或遲於現行會計政策中的時間點。 然而,本集團必須再作分析,才可 釐定這項會計政策變動會否對任何 指定的財務報告期間已報告的金額 造成重大影響。

(b) 具退貨權的銷售

目前,當客戶被允許退回產品時, 本集團會估計退貨水平並就收入及 銷售成本作出調整。

本集團預期採納國際財務報告準則 第15號將不會對本集團於客戶有退 貨權時確認收入及銷售成本的方式 造成重大影響。

然而,由於本集團目前就預期退貨 對存貨賬面值進行調整而非另行確 認資產,因此另行就預期將被退回 的產品確認退回資產的新規定將影 響於綜合財務狀況表的呈列。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)(除另有註明者外,以人民幣列值)

36 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The following significant events took place subsequent to 31 December 2016:

Exercise of share option

On 23 January 2017, share options were exercised to subscribe for 4,500,000 ordinary shares in the Company at a consideration of RMB8,592,000, in which RMB398,000 and RMB8,194,000 were credited to share capital and share premium respectively.

36 結算日後事件

於2016年12月31日後發生下列重大事件:

行使購股權

於2017年1月23日,可認購本公司4,500,000股普通股的購股權獲行使,代價為人民幣8,592,000元,其中人民幣398,000元及人民幣8,194,000元乃分別計入股本及股份溢價。

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務概要

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

資產及負債

			At 31 December 於12 月31 日					
		2016	2015	2014	2013	2012		
		2016年	2015年	2014年	2013年	2012年		
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000		
		人民幣千元 ————	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元		
Total assets	總資產	2,278,476	2,335,311	2,408,196	1,694,092	993,035		
Total liabilities	總負債	(1,470,768)	(1,581,128)	(1,134,893)	(1,081,287)	(694,713)		
Net assets	淨資產	807,708	754,183	1,273,303	612,805	298,322		

Notes:

附註:

本集團截至2011年12月31日及2012年12月31日止 年度的財務資料乃摘錄自招股書附錄一所載的本集團

The financial information of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012 are extracted from the accountants' report of the Group as set out on Appendix I to the Prospectus.

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Yu Jiangiu Kwong Wai Sun Wilson Huang Weiping Zhu Yufen

Independent Non-executive Directors

Lee Ting Bun Denny Pan Liansheng Ren Ruxian

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE IN THE PRC

She Nos 1, 3 and 8 Shunhe Village Xiaojiangou Town Youxian District Mianyang Sichuan Province China

PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 908, China Merchants Tower 168-200 Connaught Road Central Sheung Wan Hong Kong

COMPANY SECRETARY

Cheung Ying Kwan, FCCA

AUDITORS

KPMG Certified Public Accountants

LEGAL ADVISORS

As to Hong Kong law Herbert Smith Freehills As to PRC law Chen & Co Law Firm

董事

執行董事

俞建秋 鄺偉信 黃偉萍 朱玉芬

獨立非執行董事

李廷斌 潘連勝 任汝嫻

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

中國總辦事處

中國四川省綿陽市游仙區 小梘溝鎮順河村1、3及8社

香港營業地點

香港上環干諾道中 168-200 號 招商局大廈908室

公司秘書

張應坤, FCCA

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所 執業會計師

法律顧問

有關香港法律 史密夫斐爾律師事務所 有關中國法律 瑛明律師事務所

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

AUDIT AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

Lee Ting Bun Denny (Chairperson)
Pan Liansheng
Ren Ruxian

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Pan Liangsheng (Chairperson) Lee Ting Bun Denny Ren Ruxian

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Ren Ruxian (Chairperson) Lee Ting Bun Denny Pan Liansheng

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES PURSUANT TO THE LISTING RULES

Kwong Wai Sun Wilson Cheung Ying Kwan

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Mianyang Commercial Bank Huarong Xiangjiang Bank

COMPANY WEBSITE

http://www.cmru.com.cn

STOCK CODE

1636

審核及企業管治委員會

李廷斌(主席) 潘連勝 任汝嫻

薪酬委員會

潘連勝(*主席*) 李廷斌 任汝嫻

提名委員會

任汝嫻(主席) 李廷斌 潘連勝

根據上市規則的授權代表

鄺偉信 張應坤

股份過戶登記總處

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓1712至1716室

主要往來銀行

渣打銀行(香港)有限公司中國工商銀行 綿陽市商業銀行 華融湘江銀行

公司網站

http://www.cmru.com.cn

股份代號

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China Metal Resources Utilization Limited中國金屬資源利用有限公司