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HONG KONG AIRCRAFT ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability) (Stock Code: 00044)

2017 FINAL RESULTS

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

		2017	2016	Change
Results				
Revenue	HK\$ Million	14,546	13,760	+5.7%
Net operating (loss)/profit	HK\$ Million	(209)	38	-650.0%
 Share of after-tax results of joint venture companies Hong Kong Aero Engine Services Limited and Singapore Aero Engine Services Pte. Limited (before disposal of investment) Gain on disposal of Singapore Aero Engine 	HK\$ Million	244	218	+11.9%
Services Pte. Limited	HK\$ Million	-	805	-100.0%
- Other joint venture companies	HK\$ Million	70	49	+42.9%
(Loss)/profit attributable to the Company's shareholders	HK\$ Million	(541)	975	-155.5%
(Loss)/earnings per share for (loss)/profit attributable to the Company's shareholders (basic and diluted)	HK\$	(3.25)	5.86	-155.5%
First and second interim dividends per share	HK\$	1.03	1.55	-33.5%
Special interim dividend per share	HK\$	-	2.35	-100.0%
Total dividends per share	HK\$	1.03	3.90	-73.6%
Financial Position				
Net borrowings	HK\$ Million	2,369	2,368	+0.0%
Gearing ratio	%	33.0	31.5	+1.5%pt
Total equity	HK\$ Million	7,185	7,519	-4.4%
Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders per share	HK\$	33.48	37.12	-9.8%
Cash Flows				
Net cash generated from operating activities	HK\$ Million	841	1,023	-17.8%
Net cash inflow before financing activities	HK\$ Million	326	1,062	-69.3%

Note: The average number of shares in issue is 166,324,850 in 2017 (2016: 166,324,850).



CHAIRMAN'S LETTER

In 2017, most HAECO businesses did well but those businesses in America continued to incur losses. The HAECO Group overall reported an attributable loss of HK\$541 million in 2017. This loss included an impairment charge of HK\$625 million in respect of the goodwill attributable to HAECO USA Holdings, Inc. ("HAECO Americas") and a write off of HK\$249 million in respect of HAECO Americas' net deferred tax assets. This compares with a profit of HK\$975 million in 2016, which included a gain of HK\$805 million on disposal of the interest of Hong Kong Aero Engine Services Limited ("HAESL") in Singapore Aero Engine Services Pte. Limited ("SAESL") and an impairment charge of HK\$285 million in respect of the goodwill attributable to HAECO Americas. Disregarding the impairment charges in both years, the net deferred tax asset write off in 2017 and the gain on disposal in 2016, the HAECO Group made an attributable profit of HK\$340 million in 2017, compared with an attributable profit of HK\$516 million in 2016.

The Directors have declared a second interim dividend of HK\$0.50 per share for the year ended 31st December 2017. Together with the first interim dividend of HK\$0.53 per share paid on 19th September 2017, this results in total dividends for the year of HK\$1.03 per share and represents a total distribution of HK\$171 million. The second interim dividend, which totals HK\$83 million (2016: HK\$153 million), will be paid on 24th April 2018 to shareholders on the register at the close of business on 29th March 2018. Shares of the Company will be traded ex-dividend as from Tuesday, 27th March 2018.

More airframe and line services work was done by the Group in Hong Kong and in Xiamen in 2017. Line services results benefited from increased aircraft movements. The increase in airframe services work reflected higher demand and the deferral of some customers' work from 2016. In America less airframe services work was done, reflecting the completion of some significant aircraft and cabin modification programmes in 2016 and the loss of significant work from a major customer from August 2017. Line services work had been discontinued in America in 2016.

Revenue from cabin and seat work increased in 2017. More seats were sold, but there were fewer interior reconfigurations and fewer Panasonic communication equipment installation kits were delivered.

A larger number of engines were repaired and overhauled in 2017 than in 2016, and more work was done per engine. More components and avionics maintenance manhours were sold during the year. The Group's inventory technical management subsidiary (HAECO ITM Limited) benefited from the loan of more aircraft parts and more repair work.

The Group continued to invest in order to increase the scale of operations and technical capabilities and to improve and widen the range of services it can offer to customers. Total capital expenditure for 2017 was HK\$843 million. Capital expenditure committed at the end of the year was HK\$887 million.



CHAIRMAN'S LETTER (cont'd)

Prospects

The prospects for the Group's different businesses in 2018 are satisfactory. More engines are expected to be repaired and overhauled. The component and avionics overhaul business is expected to improve gradually, with the development of new capabilities. Demand for line services is expected to be firm. Demand for airframe services is expected to be roughly similar to that of 2017, with little change in Hong Kong and Xiamen, and an increase in America. The number and mix of seats sold are expected to be similar to those in 2017. Forward bookings for cabin integration work are low. Significantly less Panasonic communication equipment work is expected.

Airframe services results will depend on the outcome of efforts to improve efficiency and work flow in America. We expect to realise some of the benefits of this work in 2018.

The relocation proposed by the Xiamen municipal government of the Gaoqi airport to a new airport in the Xiang'an district remains subject to central government approval. Management maintains regular communications with the local authorities about the new airport and its opening, which will be material to the operations of the HAECO Group in Xiamen.

The commitment and hard work of employees of the Company and its subsidiary and joint venture companies are central to our continuing success. On behalf of the Directors, I would like to take this opportunity to thank them for their continued dedication and commitment to aviation safety.

By Order of the Board Hong Kong Aircraft Engineering Company Limited John Slosar Chairman Hong Kong, 13th March 2018



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

The (loss)/profit attributable to the Company's shareholders comprises:

	2017 HK\$M	2016 HK\$M	Change
HAECO Hong Kong	257	172	+49.4%
HAECO Americas	(1,483)	(523)	-183.6%
HAECO Xiamen	135	94	+43.6%
TEXL	209	196	+6.6%
Share of:			
HAESL and SAESL	244	1,023	-76.1%
Other subsidiary and joint venture companies	97	13	+646.2%
	(541)	975	-155.5%

The following table shows the attributable (loss)/profit adjusted so as to exclude the net gain on disposal of SAESL in 2016, impairment charges in respect of goodwill and plant, machinery and tools in 2016 and 2017 and the write-off of net deferred tax assets in respect of HAECO Americas in 2017.

	2017 HK\$M	2016 HK\$M	Change
(Loss)/profit attributable to the Company's shareholders	(541)	975	-155.5%
Adjusting items			
Gain on disposal of SAESL, net of associated expenses	-	(783)	+100.0%
Impairment charge in respect of goodwill	625	285	+119.3%
Impairment charge in respect of plant, machinery and tools	7	39	-82.1%
Write-off of net deferred tax assets	249	-	N/A
Adjusted profit	340	516	-34.1%
The adjusted profit by company is analysed below:			
HAECO Hong Kong	257	194	+32.5%
HAECO Americas	(602)	(238)	-152.9%
HAECO Xiamen	135	94	+43.6%
TEXL	209	196	+6.6%
Share of:			
HAESL and SAESL	244	218	+11.9%
Other subsidiary and joint venture companies	97	52	+86.5%
	340	516	-34.1%

Industry Background

Orders for new aircraft are firm. Aircraft manufacturers have record order books and are increasing production. More aircraft means in principle more demand for their maintenance and repair. But new aircraft need less maintenance and repair than older aircraft, and original equipment manufacturers are doing more maintenance and repair work than they used to. On balance, maintenance and repair work demand is still expected to grow in the medium and longer term.



HAECO Hong Kong (100% owned)

HAECO's business in Hong Kong ("HAECO Hong Kong") comprises airframe services, line services at the passenger and cargo terminals at Hong Kong International Airport ("HKIA"), component services and material management. Disregarding the profit on the disposal of an interest in SAESL in 2016, HAECO Hong Kong recorded a 32.5% increase in profit in 2017.

Airframe Services

HAECO Hong Kong performs scheduled maintenance checks, modifications and overhaul work on a wide variety of aircraft types. It competes on turnaround time and quality of workmanship with other maintenance, repair and overhaul facilities worldwide. Manhours sold increased from 2.67 million in 2016 to 2.70 million in 2017. The increase reflected the deferral of some customers' work from 2016. 78.3% of the work was for airlines based outside Hong Kong.

Line Services

HAECO Hong Kong undertakes technical and non-technical line services for airlines operating at HKIA. The average number of aircraft movements handled per day increased in 2017 by 4.2% to 320. Line services manhours sold increased, reflecting this increase in volume.

Component Services

HAECO Hong Kong overhauls components and avionics at Tseung Kwan O in Hong Kong and through HAECO Component Overhaul (Xiamen) Limited in Xiamen. Manhours sold, including both Hong Kong and Xiamen, were 0.215 million in 2017, an increase of 4.4% compared to 2016. The increase reflected additional component maintenance capabilities.

HAECO Hong Kong employed 6,057 staff at the end of 2017, 1.6% fewer than at the end of 2016. The decrease principally reflects improved efficiency and a slight reduction in the number of trainees.

In 2018, HAECO Hong Kong expects demand for its airframe services to be stable. Demand for line services in Hong Kong is expected to be firm. The component and avionics overhaul business is expected to improve gradually, with the development of new capabilities.



HAECO Americas (100% owned)

HAECO Americas' business comprises airframe services, engine repair services, the manufacture of seats and cabin interior products and reconfiguration services. Line services work was discontinued in 2016. HAECO Americas recorded a loss of HK\$1,483 million in 2017 (including an impairment charge of HK\$625 million in respect of goodwill and the write off of net deferred tax assets of HK\$249 million). Excluding impairment charges in both years and the write off of net deferred tax assets in 2017, HAECO Americas' 2017 loss was HK\$602 million, compared to a loss of HK\$238 million in 2016. The higher loss reflected less airframe services, reconfiguration services and Panasonic communication equipment work. The results were also adversely affected (by comparison with 2016) by the non-recognition of deferred tax assets in respect of 2017 tax losses.

Airframe Services

Demand for HAECO Americas' airframe services decreased. 2.80 million manhours were sold in 2017 compared with 3.24 million in 2016 reflecting the completion of some significant aircraft and cabin modification programmes in 2016 and the loss of significant work from a major customer from August 2017. Results were adversely affected by the additional costs of training and recruiting staff in preparation for the opening of a fifth hangar at Greensboro in 2018.

Cabins and Seats

Revenue from cabins and seats increased in 2017. More seats were sold (approximately 7,300 premium and economy seats compared with 3,400 in 2016), but there was less reconfiguration work and fewer Panasonic communication equipment installation kits delivered. Overall, cabin and seats work was loss making, with losses being made on some seat contracts.

As required by applicable accounting standards, a review of the carrying value of the business of HAECO Americas was undertaken. As a result of this review (which took into account the prospects for the airframe maintenance business of HAECO Americas), an impairment charge of HK\$625 million was made in 2017 in respect of the goodwill recorded.

The write off of net deferred tax assets in 2017 resulted from a review of the ability to set past tax losses in the US off against future profits in the US in light of timing certainty required by applicable accounting standards.

HAECO Americas employed 2,331 staff at the end of 2017, 13.9% less than at the end of 2016.

Demand for HAECO Americas airframe services is expected to increase in 2018. More work is expected from a major customer. However, airframe services results will depend on the outcome of efforts to improve efficiency and work flow. We expect to realise some of the benefits of this work in 2018. The number and mix of seats sold in 2018 are expected to be similar to 2017. Forward bookings for cabin integration work are low. Significantly less Panasonic communication equipment work is expected.



HAECO Xiamen (58.55% owned)

The business of Taikoo (Xiamen) Aircraft Engineering Company Limited ("HAECO Xiamen") comprises airframe services, line services, private jet work, parts manufacturing and technical training. It recorded a 43.6% increase in attributable profit in 2017 compared to 2016.

Airframe Services

HAECO Xiamen provides airframe services in Xiamen. Manhours sold in 2017 were 3.76 million, representing 17.1% growth in volume reflecting higher demand, which generated a 22.1% increase in revenue.

Line Services

HAECO Xiamen provides line services in Xiamen, Beijing, Tianjin, Yinchuan, Chongqing, Zhengzhou, and Chengdu. It handled an average of 54 aircraft movements per day in 2017, 8.0% more than in 2016. Revenue increased by 14.9%.

Private Jet Work

Revenue from private jet work recorded an increase of 159.8% in 2017. A Boeing 747-400 VVIP cabin modification project, which commenced in the second half of 2017, is scheduled to complete in March 2018.

Parts Manufacturing and Technical Training

HAECO Xiamen manufactures aviation parts and provides technical training for internal and external parties in Xiamen. Parts manufacturing revenue increased by 25.7% in 2017. Revenue from technical training increased by 14.9% in 2017.

HAECO Xiamen employed 4,450 staff at the end of 2017, 0.6% fewer than at the end of 2016.

Demand for HAECO Xiamen's airframe services in 2018 is expected to be similar to 2017. Demand for line services and parts manufacturing is expected to be stable.

New Airport in Xiamen

The relocation proposed by the Xiamen municipal government of the Gaoqi airport to a new airport in the Xiang'an district remains subject to central government approval. Management maintains regular communications with the local authorities about the new airport and its opening, which will be material to the operations of the HAECO Group in Xiamen.



TEXL (72.86% owned)

Taikoo Engine Services (Xiamen) Company Limited ("TEXL") repairs and overhauls General Electric engines and engine components in Xiamen in Mainland China. It has a service agreement with General Electric under which it provides maintenance, repair and overhaul services for GE90-110B and GE90-115B engines. In 2017, TEXL completed 52 engine performance restorations and 33 quick turn repairs on GE90 aircraft engines (compared with 48 engine performance restorations and 42 quick turn repairs in 2016). With more engine performance restorations, compressor module repair work and component repair work, TEXL recorded a higher profit in 2017 than that in 2016.

Demand for TEXL's overhaul services is expected to be stable in 2018.

HAESL (45% owned until 30th June 2016 and 50% owned thereafter)

HAESL repairs and overhauls Rolls-Royce engines and engine components at Tseung Kwan O in Hong Kong. It recorded an 11.7% increase in profit (on a 100% basis) in 2017 compared to 2016 (disregarding in 2016 the profit on disposal of its interest in SAESL). The increase in profit principally reflected an increase in volume. 140 engines were overhauled in 2017, compared with 114 in 2016. HAESL invested heavily during 2017 in new facilities and tooling and recruited more people, in order to accommodate new engines types and expected volume growth.

HAESL is expected to overhaul more engines in 2018 and, in particular, to overhaul more Trent XWB engines, two of which were overhauled in 2017.

HAECO Landing Gear Services (69.66% owned until October 2017 and 86.53% owned thereafter)

Taikoo (Xiamen) Landing Gear Services Company Limited ("HAECO Landing Gear Services") overhauls landing gears in Xiamen in Mainland China. It did more work in 2017 than in 2016. Its losses were reduced accordingly. Its 2016 losses included an impairment charge in respect of plant, machinery and tools.



FINANCIAL REVIEW

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

	2017 HK\$M	2016 HK\$M	Change HK\$M	Reference
Revenue				
- HAECO Hong Kong	4,041	3,879	162	
The increase reflects more line services work.				
-HAECO Americas	2,625	2,836	(211)	
The decrease reflects less airframe services work, reconfiguration services				
and Panasonic communication equipment installation kit work, partly				
offset by the sale of more seats.				
-HAECO Xiamen	2,041	1,640	401	
The increase mainly reflects more airframe services work.				
(1)-1×24	= 1 ()	4.000	254	
-TEXL The increase reflects more engine performance restorations and	5,162	4,808	354	
component repair work, partly offset by fewer quick turn repairs.				
component repair work, party onset by rewer quick turn repairs.				
-Others	677	597	80	
The increase mainly reflects more work at HAECO Landing Gear				
Services.				
-Total	14,546	13,760	786	Note 2
Staff remuneration and benefits	(5,110)	(5,059)	(51)	
The increase mainly reflects salary increases, partly offset by a reduction	(0,110)	(5,057)	(51)	
in headcount at HAECO Americas.				
	(= 225)	(6.670)		
Cost of direct material and job expenses	(7,335)	(6,679)	(656)	
The increase reflects more performance restoration work at TEXL, more airframe services work at HAECO Xiamen and the sale of more seats at				
HAECO Americas.				
Indeo Mileneas.				
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	(1,270)	(966)	(304)	
The increase principally reflects a higher impairment charge in respect of				
goodwill attributable to HAECO Americas.				
Other operating expenses	(918)	(959)	41	
The decrease mainly reflects reduced expenses at HAECO Hong Kong and				
HAECO Americas.				
Other net (losses)/gains	(2)	30	(32)	Note 3
The net losses in 2017, compared with net gains in 2016, reflected net	(_)	50	(52)	1.000 0
foreign exchange losses in 2017, partly offset by higher government				
subsidies received in Mainland China.				



FINANCIAL REVIEW (cont'd)

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss (continued)

Operating (loss)/profit An operating loss was incurred in 2017, compared with a profit in 2016. This reflected a higher impairment charge in respect of goodwill attributable to HAECO Americas. Disregarding the impairment charges, improved results at HAECO Hong Kong, HAECO Xiamen, TEXL and HAECO Landing Gear Services were partly offset by an increased loss at HAECO Americas.	2017 HK\$M (89)	2016 HK\$M 127	Change HK\$M (216)	Reference
Net finance charges The increase principally reflects a higher fair value loss on a put option over a non-controlling interest in a subsidiary company.	(120)	(89)	(31)	Note 4
Share of after-tax results of joint venture companies The reduction principally reflects the absence of the gain on disposal of an interest in SAESL recorded in 2016. Disregarding this gain, an increase was recorded, reflecting more work at HAESL.	314	1,072	(758)	
Taxation The increase principally reflects non-recognition of deferred tax assets and the write-off of net deferred tax assets at HAECO Americas. The higher profits at HAECO Hong Kong and HAECO Xiamen also contributed to the increase.	(451)	(17)	(434)	Note 5
Non-controlling interests The increase reflects a higher profit at HAECO Xiamen and a reduced loss at HAECO Landing Gear Services.	(195)	(118)	(77)	
(Loss)/profit attributable to the Company's shareholders	(541)	975	(1,516)	



FINANCIAL REVIEW (cont'd)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

Property, plant and equipment The increase mainly reflects the construction of a new hangar at HAECO Americas.	2017 HK\$M 5,719	2016 HK\$M 5,264	Change HK\$M 455	Reference
Intangible assets The decrease principally reflects the impairment of goodwill attributable to HAECO Americas. The amortisation of intangible assets at HAECO Americas also contributed to the decrease.	1,466	2,166	(700)	
Joint venture companies The increase reflects HAECO's share of profits from HAESL and the joint venture companies in Mainland China, and translation differences arising from foreign exchange rates, partly offset by dividends distributed.	1,727	1,607	120	
Trade and other receivables The increase principally reflects more receivables at TEXL and HAECO Americas.	1,689	1,595	94	Note 8
Trade and other payables (current portion) The increase principally reflects more accrued capital expenditure at HAECO Americas and more deferred income at TEXL.	2,576	2,194	382	Note 9
Loans and finance lease obligations (current and non-current portion) The decrease principally reflects the repayment of bank loans at HAECO Hong Kong and TEXL.	3,360	3,689	(329)	



FINANCIAL REVIEW (cont'd)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	2017 HK\$M	2016 HK\$M	Change HK\$M
Cash generated from operations The decrease principally reflects a higher loss at HAECO Americas, partly offset by better results at HAECO Hong Kong and HAECO Xiamen.	1,096	1,199	(103)
Net interest paid The increase reflects higher interest rates.	(77)	(73)	(4)
The increase reflects inglici increase rates.			
Dividends received from joint venture companies The decrease principally reflects a lower dividend from HAESL, due to the absence of a dividend attributable to the disposal of its interest in SAESL in 2016.	243	1,169	(926)
Purchase of shares in a joint venture company The amount in 2016 represents the payment for the acquisition of an additional 5% shareholding in HAESL.	-	(452)	452
Purchase of property, plant and equipment The increase mainly reflects the construction of a new hangar at HAECO Americas.	(837)	(717)	(120)
Net loans repaid Bank loans at HAECO Hong Kong and TEXL were repaid in 2017.	(362)	(449)	87



FINANCING

Sources of Financing

At 31st December 2017, net borrowings consisted of long-term loans of HK\$3,247 million, short-term loans of HK\$106 million and finance lease obligations of HK\$7 million, net of bank balances and short-term deposits of HK\$991 million. Committed facilities were HK\$4,805 million at 31st December 2017, of which HK\$1,517 million were undrawn. In addition, there were uncommitted facilities of HK\$2,442 million at the same date, of which HK\$2,336 million were undrawn. Sources of funds at 31st December 2017 comprised:

			Undrawn	Undrawn
			expiring	expiring
			within	beyond
	Available	Drawn	one year	one year
	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
Committed facilities				
- Loans and finance leases	4,805	3,288	400	1,117
Uncommitted facilities				
- Loans and overdraft	2,442	106	2,336	-
Total	7,247	3,394	2,736	1,117

Currency Hedging

HAECO Xiamen tries to mitigate its exposure to increases in the value of the Renminbi by retaining surplus funds in Renminbi and by selling US dollars forward. At 31st December 2017, HAECO Xiamen had sold forward a total of US\$18.8 million to fund part of its Renminbi requirements for 2018 and 2019. The weighted average exchange rate applicable to these forward sales was RMB6.85 to US\$1. A breakeven position resulted from forward foreign exchange contracts in 2017.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company complied with all the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") throughout the year covered by the annual report with the following exceptions which it believes do not benefit shareholders:

• Sections A.5.1 to A.5.4 of the CG Code in respect of the establishment, terms of reference and resources of a nomination committee. The Board has considered the merits of establishing a nomination committee but has concluded that it is in the best interests of the Company and potential new appointees that the Board collectively reviews and approves the appointment of any new Director as this allows a more informed and balanced decision to be made by the Board as to suitability for the role.

The Company has adopted a code of conduct (the "Securities Code") regarding securities transactions by Directors and officers on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

On specific enquiries made, all the Directors of the Company have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Securities Code.

Details of the Company's corporate governance principles and processes will be available in the 2017 annual report.

The annual results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Company.



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

for the year ended 31st December 2017

for the year ended 51st December 2017		2015	2016
	NL /	2017	2016
	Note	HK\$M	HK\$M
Revenue	2	14,546	13,760
Operating expenses:			
Staff remuneration and benefits		(5,110)	(5,059)
Cost of direct material and job expenses		(7,335)	(6,679)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment		(1,270)	(966)
Insurance and utilities		(177)	(188)
Operating lease rentals - land and buildings		(283)	(279)
Repairs and maintenance		(202)	(189)
Other		(256)	(303)
	ļ	(14,633)	(13,663)
Other net (losses)/gains	3	(2)	30
Operating (loss)/profit		(89)	127
Finance income	4	11	9
Finance charges	4	(131)	(98)
Net operating (loss)/profit		(209)	38
Share of after-tax results of:			
Joint venture companies before gain on disposal of investments		314	267
Joint venture company's gain on disposal of investments		-	805
		314	1,072
Profit before taxation		105	1,110
Taxation	5	(451)	(17)
(Loss)/profit for the year		(346)	1,093
(Loss)/profit attributable to:			
The Company's shareholders		(541)	975
Non-controlling interests		195	118
		(346)	1,093
Dividends			
First interim - paid		88	105
Second interim - declared/paid		83	153
Special interim - paid		-	391
	6	171	649
(Loss)/earnings per share for (loss)/profit attributable to the			
Company's shareholders (basic and diluted)	7	(HK\$3.25)	HK\$5.86



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 31st December 2017

Tor the year childer 31st December 2017	2017	2016
	HK\$M	HK\$M
		1 002
(Loss)/profit for the year	(346)	1,093
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Defined benefit retirement schemes		
 remeasurement gains recognised 	113	104
- deferred tax	(18)	(17)
Share of other comprehensive income of joint venture companies	8	11
Items that can be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		
Cash flow hedges		
- gains/(losses) recognised	11	(6)
- transferred to revenue	2	5
- transferred to finance charges	2	2
- deferred tax	(3)	-
Share of other comprehensive income of joint venture companies	-	6
Net translation differences on foreign operations	234	(181)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	349	(76)
Total comprehensive income for the year	3	1,017
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to:		
The Company's shareholders	(279)	972
Non-controlling interests	282	45
	3	1,017
		, .



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

at 31st December 2017

		2017	2016
	Note	HK\$M	HK\$M
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment		5,719	5,264
Land and land use rights		328	322
Intangible assets		1,466	2,166
Joint venture companies		1,727	1,607
Derivative financial instruments		6	3
Deferred tax assets		71	311
Retirement benefit assets		48	39
Long-term prepayment		17	17
		9,382	9,729
Current assets			
Stocks		801	820
Work in progress		1,165	883
Trade and other receivables	8	1,689	1,595
Taxation recoverable		-	1
Derivative financial instruments		7	1
Cash and cash equivalents		971	1,299
Short-term deposits		20	22
		4,653	4,621
Current liabilities	0		2 10 1
Trade and other payables	9	2,576	2,194
Advance from a related party		292	-
Taxation payable		61	54
Put option over a non-controlling interest in a subsidiary company	у	106	77
Derivative financial instruments		-	6
Short-term loans		106	64
Long-term loans due within one year		39	136
Finance lease obligations due within one year		3	3
		3,183	2,534
Net current assets		1,470	2,087
Total assets less current liabilities		10,852	11,816
Non-current liabilities		2 200	2 170
Long-term loans		3,208	3,478
Finance lease obligations		4	8
Receipt in advance Deferred income		- 18	5 17
		10	289
Advance from a related party Deferred tax liabilities		329	289 282
Retirement benefit liabilities			
Kentement benefit habilities		108	218
NET ASSETS		3,667 7,185	4,297
NEI ASSEIS		7,185	7,519
EQUITY			
EQUITY Share comital	10	105	105
Share capital	10	185 5 383	185
Reserves	11	5,383	5,989
Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders		5,568 1,617	6,174
Non-controlling interests TOTAL EQUITY		<u>1,617</u> 7,185	1,345 7,519
		7,105	1,319



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 31st December 2017

	2017	2016
	HK\$M	HK\$M
Operating activities		
Cash generated from operations	1,096	1,199
Interest paid	(89)	(83)
Interest received	12	10
Tax paid	(178)	(103)
Net cash generated from operating activities	841	1,023
Investing activities		<u> </u>
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(837)	(717)
Purchase of intangible assets	(6)	(10)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	82	57
Dividends received from joint venture companies	243	1,169
Purchase of shares in a joint venture company	-	(452)
Decrease/(increase) in deposits maturing after more than three months	3	(8)
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	(515)	39
Net cash inflow before financing activities	326	1,062
Financing activities		
Proceeds from loans	3,018	1,576
Repayment of loans and finance leases	(3,380)	(2,025)
Repayment to a related party	-	(6)
Dividends paid to the Company's shareholders	(241)	(679)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(101)	(5)
Net cash used in financing activities	(704)	(1,139)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(378)	(77)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1st January	1,299	1,413
Currency adjustment	50	(37)
Cash and cash equivalents at 31st December	971	1,299



1. Basis of principal accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard ("HKFRS") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified in relation to the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments), each of which are carried at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial information relating to the years ended 31st December 2016 and 2017 that is included in this document does not constitute the Company's statutory annual consolidated financial statements for those years but is derived from those financial statements.

The non-statutory accounts (within the meaning of section 436 of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) (the "Ordinance")) in this document are not specified financial statements (within such meaning). The specified financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2016 have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong in accordance with section 664 of the Ordinance. The specified financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2017 have not been but will be delivered to the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong in accordance with section 664 of the Ordinance. Auditor's reports have been prepared on the specified financial statements for the years ended 31st December 2016 and 2017. Those reports were not qualified or otherwise modified, did not refer to any matters to which the auditor drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying the reports and did not contain statements under section 406(2) or (3) of the Ordinance.

(a) The following amendments to standards were required to be adopted by the Group effective from 1st January 2017:

HKAS 7 (Amendment)	Disclosure Initiative
HKAS 12 (Amendment)	Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised
	Losses

The adoption of these amendments has had no significant impact on the Group's financial statements.



1. Basis of principal accounting policies (cont'd)

(b) The Group has not early adopted the following relevant new and revised standards and new interpretations that have been issued but are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 and they have therefore not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements:

		Effective for annual
		periods beginning on or
		after
HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to	1st January 2018
(Amendment)	HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle	
HKFRS 2	Classification and Measurement	1st January 2018
(Amendment)	of Share-Based Payment	
	Transactions	
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments	1st January 2018
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with	1st January 2018
	Customers	
HKFRS 16	Leases	1st January 2019
HKFRS 10 and	Sales or Contribution of Assets	Postponed indefinitely
HKAS 28	between an Investor and its	
(Amendments)	Associate or Joint Venture	
HK(IFRIC) 22	Foreign Currency Transactions	1st January 2018
	and Advance Consideration	
HK(IFRIC) 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax	1st January 2019
	Treatments	

The complete version of HKFRS 9 replaces the guidance in HKAS 39. HKFRS 9 retains the mixed measurement model and establishes three primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. The incurred loss impairment model used in HKAS 39 has been replaced by an expected credit loss model, with the result that a loss event will no longer need to occur before an impairment allowance is recognised. There are no changes to classification and measurement of financial liabilities except for the recognition of changes relating to an entity's own credit risk, which are recognised in other comprehensive income for liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss. Hedge accounting under HKFRS 9 requires an economic relationship between the hedged item and hedging instrument and for the hedged ratio to be the same as the one used by an entity's management for risk management purposes. This replaces the hedge effectiveness test under the current standard. This new standard is not expected to have a significant effect on the Group's financial statements.



1. Basis of principal accounting policies (cont'd)

HKFRS 15 deals with revenue recognition and establishes principles for reporting information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers. Revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of a good or service and thus has the ability to direct the use and obtain the benefits from the good or service. The new standard replaces HKAS 18 and HKAS 11 and related interpretations and provides a comprehensive revenue recognition model that can be applied to a wide range of transactions and industries. The model uses a fivestep analysis of transactions to determine whether, how much and when revenue is recognised. The adoption of the new standard will have an effect on the timing of the Group's revenue recognition, particularly in relation to engine maintenance service contracts which are expected to change from being recognised at a point in time under the current standards to being recognised over time under HKFRS 15. A percentage of completion method will be used to calculate the revenue to be recognised on these contracts and as a result, some revenue on engine maintenance contracts which are in progress at period ends will be recognised earlier under HKFRS 15. In adopting HKFRS 15 at 1st January 2018, the expected net opening adjustment under the modified retrospective approach is to increase retained earnings by approximately HK\$70 million. The adoption of HKFRS 15 will impact the revenue, cost of direct material and job expenses, share of after-tax results of joint venture companies and taxation line items in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the work in progress, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and taxation payable line items in the consolidated statement of financial position.

HKFRS 16 replaces HKAS 17 and related interpretations and introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. The distinction between operating and finance leases is removed for lessee accounting, and is replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognised on the balance sheet for all leases by lessees. The standard does not significantly change the accounting of lessors. Application of HKFRS 16 will result in the Group's recognition of right-of-use assets and corresponding liabilities in respect of the Group's operating lease arrangements. These assets and liabilities are currently not required to be recognised but certain relevant information is disclosed as commitments in the financial statements. In the Group's statement of profit or loss, operating lease rentals will be replaced with depreciation and interest expenses. The Group has yet to finalise the assessment of the full impact of the new standard.

None of the remaining new and revised standards is expected to have a significant effect on the Group's financial statements.



2. Revenue and segment information

Revenue represents the aggregate amounts invoiced to customers and changes in work in progress.

The Group is engaged in commercial aircraft overhaul, modification and maintenance mainly in Hong Kong, Mainland China and the United States. Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports used by the Executive Directors of the Board to assess performance and allocate resources. The Executive Directors of the Board consider the business primarily from an entity perspective.

The segment information provided to the Executive Directors of the Board for the reportable segments is as follows:

					HA	ESL		Inter-	
				-		Adjustments	Other	segment	
						to reflect	segments -	elimination/	
	HAECO	HAECO	HAECO			the Group's	subsidiary	unallocated	
Year ended 31st December 2017	Hong Kong	Americas	Xiamen	TEXL	At 100%	equity share	companies	adjustments	Total
	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
External revenue	4,041	2,625	2,041	5,162	9,570	(9,570)	677	-	14,546
Inter-segment revenue	90	-	23	1	24	(24)	15	(129)	-
Total revenue	4,131	2,625	2,064	5,163	9,594	(9,594)	692	(129)	14,546
Operating profit/(loss)	327	(1,181)	275	356	595	(595)	134	-	(89)
Finance income	19	-	21	3	4	(4)	-	(32)	11
Finance charges	(33)	(53)	-	(4)	(17)	17	(45)	4	(131)
Share of after-tax results of joint									
venture companies	-	-	-	-	-	244	-	70	314
Profit/(loss) before taxation	313	(1,234)	296	355	582	(338)	89	42	105
Taxation charge	(56)	(249)	(53)	(53)	(95)	95	(19)	(21)	(451)
Profit/(loss) for the year	257	(1,483)	243	302	487	(243)	70	21	(346)
Depreciation	181	68	117	44	106	(106)	123	-	533
Amortisation	2	56	14	32	5	(5)	1	-	105
Provision for impairment of stock and property, plant									
and equipment	13	49	25	2	3	(3)	-	-	89
Provision for impairment of goodwill	-	625	-	-	-	-	-	-	625
Auditors' remuneration - statutory									
audit fees	3	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	7

						HAESL				
					At 10 Excluding	00%	Adjustments	Other	Inter- segment	
					disposal of	Disposal of	to reflect	segments -	elimination/	
	HAECO	HAECO	HAECO		interests	interests	the Group's	subsidiary	unallocated	
Year ended 31st December 2016	Hong Kong	Americas	Xiamen	TEXL	in SAESL	in SAESL	equity share	companies	adjustments	Total
	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
External revenue	3,879	2,836	1,640	4,808	8,423	-	(8,423)	597	-	13,760
Inter-segment revenue	108	1	24	1	23		(23)	26	(160)	-
Total revenue	3,987	2,837	1,664	4,809	8,446		(8,446)	623	(160)	13,760
Operating profit/(loss)	223	(608)	178	336	522	1,789	(2,311)	(2)	-	127
Finance income	16	-	21	1	3	-	(3)	1	(30)	9
Finance charges	(31)	(48)	-	(6)	(6)	-	6	(41)	28	(98)
Share of after-tax results of joint										
venture companies	-	-	-	-	27	-	996	-	49	1,072
Profit/(loss) before taxation	208	(656)	199	331	546	1,789	(1,312)	(42)	47	1,110
Taxation (charge)/credit	(36)	133	(30)	(49)	(83)	-	83	(18)	(17)	(17)
Profit/(loss) for the year	172	(523)	169	282	463	1,789	(1,229)	(60)	30	1,093
Depreciation	172	62	124	38	96	-	(96)	124	-	520
Amortisation	1	57	14	31	5	-	(5)	1	-	104
Provision for impairment of stock and property, plant										
and equipment	4	14	15	2	7	_	(7)	57	_	92
Provision for impairment of goodwill	4	285	-	2	,		(/)	51		285
Auditors' remuneration - statutory	-	265	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	285
audit fees	3	2	1	-	-	<u> </u>	-	1	-	7



2. Revenue and segment information (cont'd)

At 31st December 2017	HAECO Hong Kong	HAECO Americas	HAECO Xiamen	TEXL	At 100%	AESL Adjustments to reflect the Group's equity share	Other segments - subsidiary companies	Inter- segment elimination/ unallocated adjustments	Total
	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
Total segment assets	3,698	3,158	3,137	2,340	3,404	(3,404)	1,967	(1,992)	12,308
Total segment assets include: Additions to non-current assets (other than financial instruments, retirement benefit assets and deferred tax assets)	135	485	118	37	283	(283)	208	-	983
Total segment liabilities	2,769	3,225	445	804	1,538	(1,538)	1,556	(1,949)	6,850
At 31st December 2016	HAECO Hong Kong HK\$M	HAECO Americas HK\$M	HAECO Xiamen HK\$M	TEXL HK\$M	H/ At 100% HK\$M	AESL Adjustments to reflect the Group's equity share HK\$M	Other segments - subsidiary companies HK\$M	Inter- segment elimination/ unallocated adjustments HK\$M	Total HK\$M
Total segment assets	3,816	3,337	2,797	2,141	2,932	(2,932)	1,914	(1,262)	12,743
Total segment assets include: Additions to non-current assets (other than financial instruments, retirement benefit assets and deferred tax assets)	158	169	57	40	188	(188)	286	-	710
Total segment liabilities	2,250	2,730	414	783	1,143	(1,143)	1,891	(1,237)	6,831

The goodwill which arose on the acquisitions of TEXL and TIMCO Aviation Services, Inc. in previous accounting periods has been accounted for under TEXL and HAECO Americas respectively.

	2017	2016
	HK\$M	HK\$M
Reportable segments' assets are reconciled to total assets as follows:		
Total segment assets	12,308	12,743
Unallocated: investment in joint venture companies	1,727	1,607
Total assets	14,035	14,350

The Group's principal joint venture companies, except for SAESL which was disposed of on 30th June 2016, are held by HAECO and HAECO Xiamen.

Reportable segments' liabilities are equal to total liabilities.



3. Other net (losses)/gains

		2017 HK\$M	2016 HK\$M
	Net foreign exchange (losses)/gains	(31)	17
	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(14)	(6)
	Receipt of government subsidies	39	16
	Others	4	3
		(2)	30
4.	Finance income and finance charges		
		2017	2016
		HK\$M	HK\$M
	Finance income:		
	Short-term deposits and bank balances		9
	Finance charges:		
	Bank loans	(97)	(89)
	Advance from a related party	(8)	(6)
	Finance lease obligations	(1)	(1)
	Fair value losses on derivative instruments:		
	Interest rate swaps: cash flow hedges, transferred		
	from other comprehensive income	(2)	(2)
	Fair value loss on a put option over a non-controlling	(* *)	
	interest in a subsidiary company	(28)	(2)
	Capitalised on property, plant and equipment	5	2
	Total finance charges	(131)	(98)
	Net finance charges	(120)	(89)
5.	Taxation		
		2017	2016
		HK\$M	HK\$M
	Current taxation:		
	Hong Kong profits tax	57	37
	Overseas taxation	123	91
	Under/(over)-provisions in prior years	3	(7)
		183	121
	Deferred taxation:		
	Decrease/(increase) in deferred tax assets	368	(119)
	(Decrease)/increase in deferred tax liabilities	(100)	15
		451	17



5. Taxation (cont'd)

Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at 16.5% (2016: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year. Overseas tax is calculated at tax rates applicable in jurisdictions in which the Group is assessable for tax.

The Group's share of joint venture companies' tax charge of HK\$61 million (2016: HK\$56 million) is included in the share of after-tax results of joint venture companies shown in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

6. Dividends

	Comp	any
	2017	2016
	HK\$M	HK\$M
First interim dividend paid on 19th September 2017		
of HK\$0.53 per share (2016: HK\$0.63 per share)	88	105
Second interim dividend declared on 13th March 2018		
of HK\$0.50 per share (2016: HK\$0.92 per share)	83	153
Special interim dividend paid on 20th September 2016		
of HK\$2.35 per share	-	391
	171	649

The Directors have declared a second interim dividend of HK\$0.50 per share for the year ended 31st December 2017. Together with the first interim dividend of HK\$0.53 per share paid on 19th September 2017, this results in total dividends for the year of HK\$1.03 per share and represents a total distribution of HK\$171 million. The second interim dividend will be paid on 24th April 2018 to shareholders registered at the close of business on the record date, being Thursday, 29th March 2018. Shares of the Company will be traded ex-dividend as from Tuesday, 27th March 2018.

The register of members will be closed on Thursday, 29th March 2018 during which day no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for entitlement to the second interim dividend, all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrars, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 28th March 2018.

To facilitate the processing of proxy voting for the annual general meeting to be held on Friday, 4th May 2018, the register of members will be closed from Wednesday, 2nd May 2018 to Friday, 4th May 2018, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to be entitled to attend and vote at the annual general meeting, all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrars, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 30th April 2018.



6. Dividends (cont'd)

The second interim dividend is not accounted for in 2017 because it had not been declared and approved at the year end date. The actual amount payable in respect of 2017 will be accounted for as an appropriation of the revenue reserve in the year ending 31st December 2018.

7. (Loss)/earnings per share (basic and diluted)

(Loss)/earnings per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to the Company's shareholders of HK\$541 million (2016: a profit of HK\$975 million) by the weighted average number of 166,324,850 ordinary shares in issue during the year (2016: 166,324,850).

8. Trade and other receivables

HK\$MHK\$MTrade receivables -in HK dollars 56 32 in US dollars 906 726 in Renminbi 74 45 in other currencies 2 2 $1,038$ 805 Less: Provision for impairment of receivables (46) (35) 992 770 Amounts due from joint venture companies 8 14 Amounts due from related parties 349 423 Other receivables and prepayments 340 388			2017	2016
InderivationInflationalityInflationalityin US dollars906726in Renminbi7445in other currencies221,038805Less: Provision for impairment of receivables(46)(35)992770Amounts due from joint venture companies814Amounts due from related parties349423Other receivables and prepayments340388			HK\$M	HK\$M
in Renminbi7445in other currencies221,038805Less: Provision for impairment of receivables(46)(35)992770Amounts due from joint venture companies814Amounts due from related parties349423Other receivables and prepayments340388	Trade receivables -	in HK dollars	56	32
in other currencies221,038805Less: Provision for impairment of receivables(46)(35)992770Amounts due from joint venture companies814Amounts due from related parties349423Other receivables and prepayments340388		in US dollars	906	726
1,038805Less: Provision for impairment of receivables(46)(35)992770Amounts due from joint venture companies814Amounts due from related parties349423Other receivables and prepayments340388		in Renminbi	74	45
Less: Provision for impairment of receivables(46)(35)992770Amounts due from joint venture companies814Amounts due from related parties349423Other receivables and prepayments340388		in other currencies	2	2
Amounts due from joint venture companies992770Amounts due from related parties814Amounts due from related parties349423Other receivables and prepayments340388			1,038	805
Amounts due from joint venture companies814Amounts due from related parties349423Other receivables and prepayments340388	Less: Provision for	impairment of receivables	(46)	(35)
Amounts due from related parties349423Other receivables and prepayments340388			992	770
Other receivables and prepayments <u>340</u> 388	Amounts due from	joint venture companies	8	14
	Amounts due from	related parties	349	423
1,689 1,595	Other receivables an	nd prepayments	340	388
			1,689	1,595

The analysis of the age of trade receivables at year-end (based on the invoice date) is as follows:

	2017 HK\$M	2016 HK\$M
Under three months	921	700
Between three and six months	70	47
Over six months	47	58
	1,038	805



8. Trade and other receivables (cont'd)

At 31st December 2017, the Group had trade debtors of HK\$357 million (2016: HK\$338 million) which were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The period of time since the due date of these trade debtors is as follows:

	2017	2016
	HK\$M	HK\$M
Under three months	324	299
Between three and six months	28	19
Over six months	5	20
	357	338

At 31st December 2017, trade receivables of the Group of HK\$46 million (2016: HK\$35 million) were impaired and provided for. The impaired trade receivables relate to customers which are in unexpectedly difficult financial situations. The ageing of these receivables is as follows:

	2017 HK\$M	2016 HK\$M
Up to three months overdue	5	-
Three to six months overdue	2	3
Over six months overdue	39	32
	46	35

Trade and other payables 9.

	2017 HK\$M	2016 HK\$M
Trade payables	623	542
Amounts due to joint venture companies	7	6
Amounts due to related parties	23	26
Accrued capital expenditure	178	41
Accruals	1,038	1,008
Deferred income	487	397
Other payables	220	174
	2,576	2,194
The analysis of the age of trade payables at year-end is as follows:		
	2017	2016
	HK\$M	HK\$M
Under three months	612	535
Between three and six months	3	3
Over six months	8	4
	623	542



10. Share capital

There was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of the Company's shares during the year.

11. Reserves

			Excha	0				
			translation		Cash flow hedge reserve			
		Revenue reserve reserve					Total	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
At 1st January	6,013	5,619	(24)	84	-	(7)	5,989	5,696
(Loss)/profit for the year	(541)	975	-	-	-	-	(541)	975
Other comprehensive income								
Defined benefit retirement schemes								
 remeasurement gains recognised 	113	104	-	-	-	-	113	104
 deferred tax 	(18)	(17)	-	-	-	-	(18)	(17)
Cash flow hedges								
 recognised during the year 	-	-	-	-	7	(3)	7	(3)
- transferred to revenue	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	2
- transferred to finance charges	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2
 deferred tax 	-	-	-	-	(2)	-	(2)	-
Share of other comprehensive								
income of joint venture companies	8	11	-	-	-	6	8	17
Net translation differences on								
foreign operations	-	-	151	(108)	-	-	151	(108)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income								
for the year	(438)	1,073	151	(108)	8	7	(279)	972
Previous year's second interim								
dividend paid (note 6)	(153)	(183)	-	-	-	-	(153)	(183)
Current year's first interim								
dividend paid (note 6)	(88)	(105)	-	-	-	-	(88)	(105)
Current year's special interim								
dividend paid (note 6)	-	(391)	-	-	-	-	-	(391)
Change in composition of the Group	(86)	-	-	-			(86)	-
At 31st December	5,248	6,013	127	(24)	8	-	5,383	5,989

12. Capital commitments

	2017	2016
	HK\$M	HK\$M
Contracted but not provided for in the financial statements	176	649
Authorised by Directors but not contracted for	711	747
	887	1,396

Capital commitments mainly relate to the acquisition of rotable spares and other machinery and tools.



ANNUAL REPORT

The 2017 Annual Report containing all the information required by the Listing Rules will be published on the Stock Exchange website and the Company website **www.haeco.com** on or before 2nd April 2018. Printed copies will be sent to shareholders who have elected to receive printed copies on 3rd April 2018.

LIST OF DIRECTORS

As at the date of this announcement, the Directors of the Company are:

Executive Directors: J.R. Slosar (Chairman), W.E.J. Barrington, C.P. Gibbs, R.J. Sharpe, A.K.W. Tang;

Non-Executive Directors: G.T.F. Hughes, M.B. Swire; and

Independent Non-Executive Directors: B.Y.C. Cha, Y.K. Leung, J.L. Lewis and P.P.W. Tse.