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China Animal Healthcare Ltd.

中國動物保健品有限公司*

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 0940)

ANNOUNCEMENT OF INTERIM RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

The board of directors (the “**Board**”) of China Animal Healthcare Ltd. (the “**Company**”) is pleased to announce its unaudited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the “**Group**”) for the six months ended 30 June 2015 together with the comparative figures for the previous year as follows:

(I) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the six months ended 30 June 2015

	Notes	Six months ended	
		30-Jun-15 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	30-Jun-14 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Revenue	4	52,137	497,247
Cost of sales		(9,689)	(169,190)
Gross profit		42,448	328,057
Other income and gains		-	8,067
Distribution and selling expenses		(21,605)	(114,353)
Administrative expenses		(9,677)	(25,113)
Other expenses and losses		(5,643)	(6,581)
Finance income		484	2,306
Finance costs		(2,253)	(2,263)
Profit before tax	5	3,754	190,120
Income tax	6	(2,028)	(40,730)
Profit for the year, representing total comprehensive income for the year		1,726	149,390
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		766	129,587
Non-controlling interests		960	19,803
		1,726	149,390
Earnings per share			
- basic and diluted (RMB cents)	8	0.04	6.59

* For identification purpose only

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position
At 30 June 2015

		As at	
		30-Jun-15	31-Dec-14
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		(unaudited)	(audited)
Non-current Assets			
		103,424	107,715
		4,323	4,377
		76,440	76,440
		10,479	3,464
		<u>194,666</u>	<u>191,996</u>
Current Assets			
		51,600	32,513
	9	35,317	60,808
		15,041	7,298
		108	108
		-	21,190
		66,477	150,339
		<u>168,543</u>	<u>272,256</u>
Current Liabilities			
	10	15,808	22,922
		581,418	600,341
		-	64,421
		896	13,986
		<u>598,122</u>	<u>701,670</u>
Net Current Liabilities		<u>(429,579)</u>	<u>(429,414)</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		<u>(234,913)</u>	<u>(237,418)</u>
Capital and Reserves			
		108,677	108,677
		<u>(392,279)</u>	<u>(393,045)</u>
		(283,602)	(284,368)
		34,273	33,313
		<u>(249,329)</u>	<u>(251,055)</u>
Non-current Liabilities			
		14,416	13,637
		<u>(234,913)</u>	<u>(237,418)</u>

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 30 June 2015

1. Corporation information

The Company is a public limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda and its shares are listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”). The ultimate controlling party of the Group is Madam Li Chunhua.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi, which is also the functional currency of the Company.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiary companies are research, development and manufacture of animal drugs.

2. Basis of preparation

As disclosed in the Company’s announcements dated 10 June 2015, during the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014, the Company and Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, the predecessor auditors of the Company (the “**Predecessor Auditors**”), were unable to agree upon certain specific work steps relating to the additional audit procedures required by the Predecessor Auditors to confirm the Group’s bank account balances. In addition, the Predecessor Auditors have alleged misconduct on the part of an employee of the Group (collectively referred to as the “**Unresolved Matters**”). Consequently, the trading of the shares of the Company on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange had been suspended on 30 March 2015. The Predecessor Auditors tendered their resignation as auditors of the Company with effect from 25 September 2015.

As disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 10 July 2015, the Stock Exchange has imposed conditions to the Company in respect of resumption of trading of shares, including but not limited to conducting a forensic investigation on the Unresolved Matters, disclose the findings of the investigation, assess the impact on the Group’s financial and operational positions and take appropriate remedial actions. As disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 30 October 2015, the Company appointed RSM Corporate Advisory (Hong Kong) Limited (formerly known as “RSM Nelson Wheeler Corporate Advisory Limited”) (the “**Forensic Accountant**”), an independent professional firm, to conduct a forensic investigation in respect of the Unresolved Matters.

As disclosed in the Company’s announcements dated 28 December 2015, 30 December 2015, 1 February 2016 and 17 October 2016, a truck (the “**Truck**”) loaded with, among other things, original financial documents for five financial years ended 31 December 2015 of the Company’s subsidiaries, including Shenzhou Pagina-Kang Technology Co. Ltd (深州保吉安康科技有限公司) (“**Shenzhou Pagina-Kang**”), Beijing Pagina-Kang Technology Co. Ltd. (北京保吉安康科技有限公司) (“**Beijing Pagina-Kang**”) (formerly known as Beijing Healthcare Technology Co. Ltd (北京海思科瑞科技有限公司)), Hebei Biwei Science Technology Co. Ltd. (河北畢威科技有限公司), Shijiazhuang Lixinkang Animal Medicine Company Limited (石家莊利欣康動物藥業有限公司), Shijiazhuang Greenxinkang Animal Medicine Company Limited (石家莊綠欣康動物藥業有限公司), Hebei Qingshanhong Animal Medicine Company Limited (河北青山紅動物藥業有限公司), Longyao Qingshanhong Animal Medicine Company Limited (隆堯青山紅動物藥業有限公司), Shijiazhuang Keruida Animal Medicine Company Limited (石家莊科瑞達動物藥業有限公司), Hebei Geruisi Animal Medicine Company Limited (河北格瑞斯動物藥業有限公司), Shijiazhuang Aoxin Animal Medicine Company Limited (石家莊澳信動物藥業有限公司), Hebei Runshengzhongfu Animal Medicine Company Limited (河北潤生中福動物藥業有限公司), Shijiazhuang Sikede Animal Medicine Company Limited (石家莊思科德動物藥業有限公司), Hebei Pagina-Kang Animal Medicine Company Limited (河北保吉安康動物藥業有限公司) (“**Hebei Pagina-Kang**”) (formerly known as Shijiazhuang Maidisenda Animal Medicine Company Limited (石家莊麥迪森達動物藥業有限公司)), Beijing Jianxiang Hemu Biological Technology Limited (北京健翔和牧生物科技有限公司)

(“**Beijing Jianxiang Hemu**”) and all financial documents for 4 years ended 31 December 2014 and part of the year ended 31 December 2015 of Shanxi Longkeer Biological Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd. (山西隆克爾生物製藥有限公司, (“**Shanxi Longkeer**”)) (collectively referred to as the “**Relevant PRC Subsidiaries**”) (the “**Lost Documents**”) was stolen in the Qingyuan District of Baoding City, Hebei Province, the PRC on 4 December 2015 (the “**Truck Theft**”). A Special Investigation Group (the “**Special Investigation Group**”) accountable to the Board was established on 5 December 2015 which is headed by Mr. Li Jun, an executive director of the Company (“**Mr. Li**”) at that material time, to (i) investigate into the Truck Theft, (ii) maintain close contact with the Public Security Bureau in the PRC (the “**PSB**”) to search for the Truck, and (iii) confirm the list of Lost Documents and follow up on this matter. Since the occurrence of the Truck Theft, the finance team of the Group has been inquiring from different sources to retrieve as many copies of the Lost Documents as possible in order to minimise the impact of the Lost Documents. In order to complete the forensic investigation in respect of the Unresolved Matters, the Forensic Accountant was also instructed to reconstruct certain books and records of the Relevant PRC Subsidiaries and obtain alternative or secondary information or confirmations within the Group or from third parties.

As disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 17 October 2016, it had come to the attention of the Board that there were obvious discrepancies between the year end balances of the bank statements obtained directly from the banks and those stated in the accounting records of the Relevant PRC Subsidiaries as at 31 December 2014 and 2015 (the “**Possible Accounting Discrepancies**”). A special investigation committee (the “**Special Investigation Committee**”) was established on 14 October 2016 which comprised of all independent non-executive directors of the Company at that material time to conduct investigations into the Possible Accounting Discrepancies. As disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 13 January 2017, the Possible Accounting Discrepancies were related to bank balances of subsidiaries operating under the Group’s chemical drug business and the aggregate amount of the discrepancies was estimated to be in the range of approximately RMB835 million to RMB933 million. The Forensic Accountant was then requested by the Special Investigation Committee to extend the forensic investigation to cover the Possible Accounting Discrepancies (the works covered by the Forensic Accountants including the Unresolved Matters, the Truck Theft and the Possible Accounting Discrepancies, are referred to as the “**Forensic Investigations**”).

As disclosed in the Company’s announcements dated 27 July 2017 and 14 November 2017, the Forensic Investigations were completed and submitted to the Stock Exchange. The Special Investigation Committee at the meeting on 12 July 2017 resolved to make, amongst others, the following suggestions to the Board for their considerations: (i) a number of the management staff of the Company and of the Group who might be involved in all or some of the matters covered by the Forensic Investigations, should cease to hold their offices in the Group; (ii) in respect of the results of the Forensic Investigations, the Company should report to the Police in Hong Kong for investigation; and (iii) to instruct independent PRC legal advisers to consider whether the Company should take any civil action in the PRC against those former management staff of the Company and of the Group who might be involved in all or some of the matters covered by the Forensic Investigations, and to report the matters to the PSB for their investigation. The Company announced on 14 November 2017 that the Company had (i) on 2 August 2017, through its Hong Kong legal advisers, reported to the Commercial Crime Bureau of the Police (the “**CCB**”) in Hong Kong and were informed that there was insufficient evidence to support a charge against any person. As such, there would be no prosecution action at this stage; (ii) sought legal advice from its legal advisers as to whether the Company should commence any action or other legal proceedings in the name and on behalf of the Company in Hong Kong for seeking remedy and/or recovery of losses and damages suffered or sustained by the Company. The Company was considering the same and would take appropriate actions promptly where appropriate; (iii) instructed the Company’s PRC legal advisers to report the results of the Forensic Investigations to the PSB for their investigation and the PSB had accepted the case for their criminal investigation on 13 September 2017. Up to the date of the approval of the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group, the investigation by the PSB is still in progress; and (iv) on 28 August 2017, the Company’s PRC legal advisers submitted to the PRC Court the papers for commencing civil action in the PRC against the former management staff of the Company and of the Group and the PRC Court had accepted

the case. Up to the date of the approval of the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2015, the relevant proceedings are still in progress.

In addition, the Special Investigation Committee has reached the following conclusions:

- the discrepancies between the balances shown on the bank statements obtained from the banks and the balances in the accounting records as at 31 December 2014 amounted to approximately RMB1,060,196,000. The discrepancies between the opening balances of the bank statements and the opening balances shown in the accounting records as at 1 January 2014 amounted to approximately RMB951,513,000, thus showing that the Group's funds were already unaccounted for at the beginning of the financial year ended 31 December 2014;
- there were overstatements of recorded sales revenue, however the amounts could not be determined;
- there were evidences obtained which supported that certain customers and suppliers to whom recorded sales and purchases related were either non-existent or had ceased to have sales or trading transactions with the Relevant PRC Subsidiaries since the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2013;
- there were insufficient information or evidence to support the validity of the Truck Theft and the details of the Lost Documents; and
- there were insufficient information or evidence to support the validity of the returns of goods and relevant claims as set out in the Company's announcement dated 30 November 2015 which were supposedly as a result of the revocation of GMP certificates and production permits as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 23 October 2015.

Given the facts and circumstances that (i) the results of the investigation of the PSB is still in progress; (ii) the Group has been unable to retrieve and reconstruct complete books and records of the Relevant PRC Subsidiaries; and (iii) key management personnel of the Relevant PRC Subsidiaries had left the Group and the Group has lost contact with them, the Board has been unable to explain and validate the true state of the affairs of the Relevant PRC Subsidiaries at 30 June 2015. The Board considered that it would be difficult and time consuming to ascertain the true and correct financial position and profit or loss as of and for the six months ended 30 June 2015 for the Relevant PRC Subsidiaries or to obtain sufficient documentary information to satisfy themselves regarding the treatment of the transactions during the period and various balances of the Relevant PRC Subsidiaries as at 30 June 2015. In the opinion of the Board, any reconstruction of the correct accounting records would also be almost impossible as it will be necessary to verify the information with external and independent sources and such sources may not be available or may be unreliable due to their connections with the previous management of the Relevant PRC Subsidiaries or those responsible for the financial information which the Unresolved Matters and the Possible Accounting Discrepancies.

As of the date of approval for issuance of the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2015, the Board considered that it had made its best efforts, to the extent commercially practicable, to reconstruct the accounting records of the Relevant PRC Subsidiaries for the six months ended 30 June 2015, applying the best estimates and judgement based on the information of the Group that are available to the Board. However, given the substantial portion of the books and records was lost and the key management of the Relevant PRC Subsidiaries left and lost contact, the Board believes as at the date of approval for issuance of the condensed consolidated financial statements that it was impossible and impractical to ascertain the transactions and balances of the Relevant PRC Subsidiaries for inclusion in the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for the period ended 30 June 2015. Also, due to the same reason abovementioned, the Board believes that it is almost impossible, and not practical, to verify the financial information as reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group in the previous periods.

Given these circumstances, the Board has not consolidated the results, cash flows and financial position of the Relevant PRC Subsidiaries (collectively referred to also as the “**De-consolidated Subsidiaries**”) in the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2015. As such, the results, cash flows and assets and liabilities of the De-consolidated Subsidiaries have not been included in the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group with effect from 1 January 2014. The resulting loss on de-consolidation of the De-consolidated Subsidiaries amounted to approximately RMB1,527,194,000, representing the carrying amounts of the net assets of the De-consolidated Subsidiaries as at 1 January 2014 as included in the management accounts of these subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013. This loss amount includes the effects of the Truck Theft, the Possible Accounting Discrepancies and the irregularities and misconduct constituting the Unresolved Matters (hereinafter referred to collectively as the “**Incidents**”), which effects as at the date of this report are still unascertained. This loss amount has been recognised as “loss arising from the Incidents” in consolidated profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2014 and the resulting movement and transfer of reserves have been recognised in the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2014.

In the preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2015, the directors of the Company (the “**Directors**”) have included the results, cash flows and financial position of Inner Mongolia Bigvet Bio-tech Co., Ltd. (內蒙古必威安泰生物科技有限公司) (“**Bigvet Biotech**”) in the condensed consolidated financial statements as they were able to have access to the books and records and key management personnel of Bigvet Biotech. Bigvet Biotech is an indirectly held non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, which as at 30 June 2015, 87.8% of its equity interests were held by Beijing Pagina-Kang, Hebei Pagina-Kang and Shenzhen Pagina-Kang, which are part of the De-consolidated Subsidiaries. On 27 November 2017, the Directors had successfully arranged for the transfer of the 87.8% equity interests of Bigvet Biotech to Beijing Bigvet Technology Co., Ltd. (北京必威安泰科技有限公司), which is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company established on 30 March 2017 and directly held by Evanton Pte. Ltd (“**Evanton**”), a directly held wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

In the opinion of the Board, the condensed consolidated financial statements as at and for the six months ended 30 June 2015 prepared on the aforementioned basis are the only practicable way of presenting the results, cash flows and state of affairs of the Group as the Board was unable to obtain sufficient documentary information to satisfy themselves regarding the transactions and balances related to the De-consolidated Subsidiaries. However, the Board understands that the de-consolidation of the De-consolidated Subsidiaries effective from 1 January 2014 is not in compliance with the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standard (“**IFRS**”) 10 “Consolidated Financial Statements”. Given the abovementioned circumstances, the Board is unable to ascertain the impact of the Unresolved Matters and the Possible Accounting Discrepancies with respect to the accounting records and transactions of the De-consolidated Subsidiaries, if any, and the de-consolidation of the De-consolidated Subsidiaries on the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Due to limited books of accounts and records available to the Board and the non-consolidation of the De-consolidated Subsidiaries with effect from 1 January 2014, the following disclosures have not been made in the condensed consolidated financial statements, insofar as the details or information relate to the De-consolidated Subsidiaries as at and for the six months ended 30 June 2015:

- Details of the credit policy and aging of debtors and creditors as required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the “**Listing Rules**”);
- Details of contingent liabilities and commitments as required by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and IFRSs;
- Details of allowance account for credit losses, financial risk management and fair value disclosure as required by IFRS 7, “Financial Instruments - Disclosures”; and

- Entity-wide disclosures as required by IFRS 8, “Operating Segments”.

Further, for the same reasons as those stated above, the Board is unable to represent in these condensed consolidated financial statements that all transactions entered into by the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2015 have been properly reflected in the condensed consolidated financial statements. In this connection, the Board is also unable to represent as to the completeness, existence and accuracy of identification and the disclosures of revenue and segment information, income tax, profit for the period, earnings per share, property, plant and equipment, trade receivables, trade payables, commitments and related party transactions insofar as the details or information related to the De-consolidated Subsidiaries.

As per assessment by the Board, based on the results of the Forensic Investigations and the information available at this stage, all identified, adjustments required to be put through in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2015 have been put through, insofar as these adjustments do not relate to the De-consolidated Subsidiaries. Since the follow up investigations by the PSB are still ongoing], any further adjustments and disclosures, if required, would be made in the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group as and when the outcome of the above uncertainties is known and the consequential adjustments and disclosures are identified, and would have a consequential effect on the net loss of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2015 and the net liabilities of the Group as at 30 June 2015.

Any adjustments arising from the matters described above would have a consequential significant effect on the net loss of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2015 and net liabilities of the Group as at 30 June 2015.

As at 30 June 2015, the Group’s total liabilities exceeded its total assets by approximately RMB249,329,000 (31 December 2014: RMB251,055,000). In addition, it was disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 14 November 2017 that, on 3 November 2017, the Company received a letter from the Stock Exchange notifying, among others, that the Listing Department of the Stock Exchange intends to commence the procedures under Rule 6.10 of the Listing Rules to cancel the Company’s listing on the ground that the Company is no longer suitable for listing and intends to publish an announcement under Rule 6.10 pursuant to which the Company will have a period until 14 May 2018 to remedy the matters which have rendered the Company unsuitable for listing, failing which the Listing Department will recommend the Listing Committee to proceed with the cancellation of the Company’s listing. In addition, the Board has been unable to represent that all present and contingent liabilities of the Group have been completely identified as described above. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant effect on the Group’s ability to continue as a going concern.

As disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 26 May 2017, the Company received a petition dated 19 May 2017 (the “**Petition**”) filed by Lilly Nederland Holding B.V. (the “**Petitioner**”), a substantial shareholder of the Company at that material time, in the Court of First Instance of the High Court of Hong Kong against (i) the Company; (ii) Mr. Wang Yangang (“**Mr. Wang**”); (iii) Ms. Li, the spouse of Mr. Wang and the ultimate controlling shareholder of the Company; and (iv) Wang Family Company Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company. The Petitioner alleged, inter alia, that the affairs of the Group have been conducted by Mr. Wang, with the present management of the Group, in a manner which is unfairly prejudicial to the interests of the Group and all its minority shareholders including the Petitioner in that, inter alia, (i) trading in the Company’s shares has been subjected to a prolonged suspension and the resumption conditions have not been complied with; (ii) there has been a prolonged failure on the part of the Company to publish its annual accounts for 2014, 2015 and 2016; (iii) the shareholders of the Company have been deprived of their right to ascertain the true financial position of the Company and the Group for over 2 years; (iv) there were interference with the audit process of the Predecessor Auditors, failure to comply with the Predecessor Auditors’ requests and concealment of the true reasons for the Predecessor Auditors’ resignation; (v) the Company took no steps to investigate into the allegations made by the Predecessor Auditors and various alleged incidents; (vi) the business of the Group has been mismanaged which result in the revocation of the permits for the Group’s chemical drug business and reduction in the turnover and profits of the

Group; (vii) the Company failed to address the Petitioner's concerns or questions; and (viii) the discrepancies in bank balances were unexplained and the Company took no steps to recover the missing bank balances. The Petitioner sought a buy-out order and sought, as an alternative remedy, a winding-up order against the Company on just and equitable grounds under section 327 of the Companies (Winding-up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Chapter. 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The hearing of the Petition was adjourned to 7 March 2018.

As disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 14 November 2017, the Petitioner on 31 October 2017 entered into a shares transfer agreement (the "**Shares Transfer Agreement**") to dispose of 400,000,000 shares in the share capital of the Company (representing around 20.4% of the issued share capital of the Company) to Good Charm International Development Limited (益輝國際發展有限公司) ("**Good Charm**") (the "**Share Disposal**"). To the best of the Directors' knowledge, Good Charm is a wholly owned subsidiary of Tech-Bank Food Company Limited (天邦食品股份有限公司) ("**Tech-Bank**") which is a company listed in the Shenzhen Stock Exchange with stock code SZ: 002124, and is a third party independent of the Company and its connected persons as defined in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. After completion of the Shares Disposal on 7 December 2017, the Petitioner ceased to have any shareholding interest in the Company and Good Charm held 400,000,000 shares, representing 20.4% of the issued share capital of the Company and became a substantial shareholder of the Company. On 19 December 2017, the Petitioner filed summons to seek the withdrawal of the winding up proceedings. On 12 March 2018, the Court of the First Instance of High Court of Hong Kong has dismissed the Petition.

Given the circumstance in respect of the possibility of fulfillment of the resumption conditions imposed by the Stock Exchange and the continuity in the operations of the Group's biological drug products business, the Board is of the view that the Group is able to repay or extend existing borrowings and liabilities upon their maturities or when they fall due through cash flows from operations and working capital to be provided through continuing support from financial institutions. Accordingly, the Board has adopted the going concern basis in the preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Should the resumption conditions be unable to be fulfilled, the Group might not be able to continue to operate as a going concern, in which case adjustments would have to be made to the condensed consolidated financial statements to adjust the value of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify all non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

3. Adoption of new or amended IFRS

The Group has applied the same accounting policies and methods of computation in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the current reporting period compared with the audited annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

In the current period, the Group has applied a number of amendments to IFRSs issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("**IASB**").

IFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010–2012 Cycle
IFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2011–2013 Cycle
IAS 19 (Amendments)	Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions

The application of the new and amended IFRSs in the current period has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior periods and/or disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

4. Revenue

Revenue of the Group represents the amount received and receivables for goods sold to customers excluding value-added tax (“VAT”).

The chief operating decision maker (“CODM”) of the Group, being the Company’s Chief Executive Officer, monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment.

The Group’s principal activities were research, development and manufacture of biological drugs. For the purpose of resources allocation and assessment of performance, the CODM regularly reviewed the Group’s performance based on revenue and gross profit margin of the Group as a whole. No other discrete financial information was provided to the CODM. As the Group’s resources are integrated and there are no discrete operating segment assets and liabilities reported to the CODM, accordingly, no separate segment information is presented.

5. Profit for the period

Profit for the period has been arrived at after charging (crediting):

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2015	2014
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	5,720	5,121
Amortisation of intangible assets (included in cost of sales)	-	37,450
Staff costs, including directors’ emoluments	12,936	63,793
Interest income from bank balances	(484)	(2,306)
Interest on bank borrowings	2,253	2,263
Net foreign exchange losses (gain)	1,004	(4,303)
Release of prepaid lease payments	54	184
Impairment loss recognised in respect of trade receivables	65	-
Operating leases payments in respect of rented premises	-	5,580

6. Income tax

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2015	2014
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
PRC enterprise income tax		
– current period	1,249	46,361
– under provision in prior years	-	(264)
Deferred tax		
– current year	779	(5,367)
	<u>2,028</u>	<u>40,730</u>

7. Dividends

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2015	2014
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Ordinary		
– Nil (2014: 2013 final dividend of RMB2.5 cents per share)	–	49,150

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2015.

8. Earnings per share

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2015	2014
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
<u>Earnings</u>		
Profit attributable to the Owners of the Company for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share	766	129,587
	Six months ended 30 June	2015
	2015	2014
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
<u>Number of shares</u>		
Number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings per share	1,965,989,853	1,965,989,853

Diluted earnings per share for the six months ended 30 June 2015 and 2014 were the same as the basic earnings per share as there was no potential ordinary shares outstanding during the six months ended 30 June 2015 and 2014.

9. Trade receivables

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful debts, presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period.

	At	At
	30 June	31 December
	2015	2014
	RMB'000	
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
0–30 days	354	55,573
31–90 days	27,142	5,235
91–180 days	117	-
181–365 days	7,704	-
	35,317	60,808

The Group allows credit periods ranging from 30 to 180 days to customers which were government bureaus. Other customers were granted with credit terms of 1 year or on cash on delivery or before delivery. The credit terms vary on a case by case basis based on the creditworthiness and the Group's existing relationships with the customers.

10. Trade payables

The following is an aged analysis of the trade payables to third parties presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period.

RMB'000	At	At
	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
0–30 days	3,168	6,494
31–90 days	3,502	5,137
91–180 days	3,162	4,720
181-365 days	3,360	5,088
Over 365 days	2,616	1,483
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	15,808	22,922
	<hr/>	<hr/>

The average credit period on purchases of goods is 0 to 40 days.

(II) Management Discussion and Analysis

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income Review

A breakdown of the Group's revenue by business activities for the six months ended 30 June 2015 ("HY2015") is set out below.

Revenue	HY2015		HY2014*	
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)	
Biological drugs – FMD vaccines	52,137	100.0	37,995	100.0

*The HY2014 figures used in the following statement of profit and loss analysis pertained only to Bigvet Biotech.

Revenue for FMD vaccines amounted to RMB52.1 million in the HY2015, an increase of RMB14.1 million or 37.1% over HY2014 revenue of RMB38.0 million.

Revenue from sales of FMD vaccines to provincial veterinary stations declined by RMB4.5 million or 12.6% from RMB35.6 million in HY2014 to RMB31.1 million in HY2015. Sales of premium FMD vaccines in HY2015 amounted to RMB21.0 million, an increase of RMB18.6 million in the current period from RMB2.4 million in prior period. This increase in revenue from premium vaccines in HY2015 can be attributed to the fact that sales of such vaccines only commenced in the second quarter of 2014.

Excluding effects of amortisation in prior year, cost of sales of FMD vaccines constituted approximately 18.6% and 29.4% of its revenue in HY2015 and HY2014 respectively. Cost of sales decreased by RMB1.5 million or 13.4% from RMB11.2 million in HY2014 to RMB9.7 million in HY2015. Gross profit margin increased by 10.8 percentage points to 81.4% in HY2015 from 70.6% in HY2014. The increase in gross profit margin is mainly contributed by the increase in sales of premium FMD vaccines which enjoys a higher gross profit margin than vaccine sales to provincial veterinary stations.

Distribution and selling expenses pertaining to sales of FMD vaccines amounted to RMB21.6 million in HY2015, an increase of RMB6.4 million of 42.1% from RMB15.2 million in HY2014. . The increase is mainly due to increases in payroll expenses resulting from higher sales commission paid out at the back of the 37.2% increase in sales.

Administrative expenses amounted to RMB9.7 million, an increase of RMB2.3 million from RMB6.8 million in HY2014. The increase is mainly due to increase in professional fees incurred in the current period.

Other expenses and losses amounted to RMB5.6 million which mainly relates to research and development costs.

Finance income pertained to interest income on bank balances which amounted to RMB0.5 million.

Finance costs of RMB2.3 million mainly pertained to loan interest expense on borrowings by Bigvet Biotech.

As a result of the foregoing, net profit for the period attributable to owners of the Company amounted to RMB0.7 million in HY2015. Net profit attributable to non-controlling interests amounted to RMB1.0 million in HY2015.

The Group's non-current assets for HY2015 comprises mainly property, plant and equipment of RMB103.4 million, prepaid lease payments of RMB4.3 million, deposits for property, plant and equipment of RMB10.5 million and available-for-sale financial asset of RMB76.4 million. PPE decreased by RMB4.3 million during the period as a result of depreciation charge of RMB5.7 million, partially offset by PPE additions of RMB1.4 million. Prepaid lease payments amounted to RMB4.3 million as at 30 June 2015 after amortisation charge of RMB54,000 for the period. The available-for-sale financial asset of RMB76.4 million was paid towards the paid-in capital of Liaoning Yikang Biological Corporation Limited ("Liaoning Yikang") for a 16.99% stake in the company. Liaoning Yikang is a designated producer of bird flu inactivated vaccine and live-attenuated swine fever vaccine appointed by the Ministry of Agriculture of the People's Republic of China.

Current assets of the Group decreased by RMB103.8 million to RMB168.5 million as at 30 June 2015, comprising mainly inventories of RMB51.6 million, trade receivables of RMB35.3 million, prepayments and other receivables of RMB15.0 million and cash and cash equivalents of RMB66.5 million. Inventories increased by RMB19.1 million to RMB51.6 million, comprising stockpile of FMD vaccines of RMB27.8million and raw materials and packing materials of RMB23.8million. Prepayments and other receivables increased by RMB7.7 million, this is attributed mainly to an increase in amounts due from the deconsolidated subsidiaries of RMB5.0 million. Cash and cash equivalents amounted to RMB66.5 million as at 30 June 2015. Net cash used in operating activities amounted to RMB31.0 million. Net cash used in investing activities amounted to RMB12.8 million which mainly relates to purchase of property, plant and equipment of RMB8.4 million partially offset by proceeds from release of pledged deposits of RMB21.2 million. Net cash used in financing activities amounted to RMB66.8 million which mainly relates to repayment of borrowings of RMB108.7 million partially offset by proceeds from borrowings of RMB44.2 million.

The Group's current liabilities comprises trade payables of RMB15.8 million, other payables and accrued charges of RMB581.4 million and provision for income tax of RMB0.9 million. It decreased from RMB701.7 million as at 31 December 2014 to RMB598.1 million as at 30 June 2015. This is due mainly to a decrease in trade payables by RMB7.1 million, other payables and accrued charges by RMB18.9 million, and provision for income tax by RMB13.1 million. Other payables and accrued charges mainly comprises amounts due to deconsolidated subsidiaries of RMB567.7 million and accrued operating expenses. Income tax liabilities relates mainly to corporate tax payable by the PRC subsidiary on the operating profits.

Non-current liability comprises deferred tax liabilities amounting to RMB14.4 million as at 30 June 2015. This pertained mainly to accruals for PRC withholding tax on expected dividends out of the profits derived by the PRC subsidiary.

The Group's capital and reserves comprised share capital, share premium, retained earnings, other reserves and non-controlling interests. Capital deficiency of RMB249.3 million was recorded. Net profit attributable to owners of the Company amounted to RMB0.7 million and profit attributable to non-controlling interests amounted to RMB1.0 million during the period. Total capital deficiency attributable to owners of the Company amounted to RMB283.6 million as at 30 June 2015.

(III) **Supplementary information**

1. **Audit Committee**

The audit committee of the Company (the "**Audit Committee**") has reviewed the accounting principles and standards adopted by the Group, reviewed the interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2015, and has discussed and reviewed the internal control and reporting matters.

2. **Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code**

The Company devotes to best practice on corporate governance, and has complied with all the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "**CG Code**") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules throughout the six months ended 30 June 2015, except for deviations from Code Provisions A.2.1 and A.5.1 of the CG Code which is explained below:

Code Provision A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer ("**CEO**") should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Mr. Wang Yangang is the Chairman and CEO of the Company. The Board is of the view that there is already a sufficiently strong independent element on the Board to enable independent exercise of objective judgement on affairs and operations of the Group by members of the Board, taking into account factors such as the number of the independent non-executive directors on the Board as well as the contributions made by each member at board meetings which relate to the affairs and operations of the Group. The Board is satisfied that one person is able to effectively discharge the duties of both positions.

Code Provision A.5.1 stipulates that issuers should establish a nomination committee which is chaired by the chairman of the board or an independent non-executive director and comprises a majority of independent non-executive directors.

Mr. Liang Hsien Tse Joseph resigned as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 26 June 2015. Following Mr. Liang's resignation, the remaining members of the nomination committee were Mr. Liu Zhanmin (independent non-executive Director) and Dr. Ying Du (non-executive Director) and the nomination committee failed to comprise a majority of independent non-executive directors.

The Company made their best endeavor to seek a replacement and Mr. Zhang Suqiang was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company who was also appointed as a member of the nomination committee with effect from 27 July 2015. The Company has resumed complying with the Code Provision A.5.1 since 27 July 2015.

3. **Compliance with the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuer**

The Board has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuer (the "**Model Code**") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules and its amendments from time to time as its own code of conduct regarding securities transaction by directors of the Company (the "**Directors**"). The Board confirms, having

made specific enquiries with all Directors, save and except Mr. Alberto Riva who has not responded to the Board's enquiries, that during the year ended 30 June 2015, all other Directors have complied with the required standards of the Model Code.

4. Closure of Register of Members

Not applicable as no interim dividend in respect of the six months ended 30 June 2015 has been proposed by the Directors.

5. Purchase, Sales or Redemption of the Company's Securities

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries have purchased, sold or redeemed any of the securities of the Company during the six months ended 30 June 2015.

6. Event after the Reporting Period

(a) Disposal of Shares by and Change of Substantial Shareholder

On 31 October 2017, Lilly Nederland Holding B.V. ("**Petitioner**"), entered into a Shares Transfer Agreement (the "**Shares Transfer Agreement**") to dispose of 400,000,000 shares in the share capital of the Company (representing around 20.4% of the issued share capital of the Company) to Good Charm, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tech-Bank Food Company Limited (the "**Disposal**"). After the completion of the Disposal on 7 December 2017, the Petitioner ceased to have any shareholding interest in the Company and Good Charm held 400,000,000 shares, representing 20.4% of the issued share capital of the Company and became a substantial shareholder of the Company. On 19 December 2017, the Petitioner filed summons to seek the withdrawal of the winding up proceedings. On 12 March 2018, the Court of the First Instance of High Court of Hong Kong has dismissed the Petition.

(b) Update on Recent Development of Suspension of Trading

On 3 November 2017, the Company received a letter from the Stock Exchange notifying, among others, that the Listing Department of the Stock Exchange intends to commence the procedures under Rule 6.10 of the Listing Rules to cancel the Company's listing on the ground that the Company is no longer suitable for listing and intends to publish an announcement under Rule 6.10 pursuant to which the Company will have a period until 14 May 2018 to remedy the matters which have rendered the Company unsuitable for listing, failing which the Listing Department will recommend the Listing Committee to proceed with the cancellation of the Company's listing. On 14 November 2017, the Company has submitted a request to the Listing Committee for review of the Listing Department's Decision of 3 November 2017 pursuant to Listing Rule 2B.06(1). The review hearing was held on 19 April 2018, during which the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange considered the request made by the Company for review of the Department's Decision. On 27 April 2018, the Company received a facsimile from the Stock Exchange notifying the Company that the Listing Committee decided to uphold the Department's Decision to commence the procedures under Rule 6.10 of the Listing Rules to cancel the Company's listing on the ground that the Company is no longer suitable for listing. On 7 May 2018, the Company has lodged a request to the Listing (Review) Committee for reviewing the Listing Committee's Decision.

(c) Change in the Directors of the Company

Ms. Song Yanmei was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 9 July 2015.

Mr. Zhang Suqiang was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 27 July 2015.

Mr. Alberto Riva resigned as a non-executive Director with effect from 29 February 2016.

Dr. Du Ying resigned as a non-executive Director with effect from 17 March 2016.

Mr. Goh Kay Seng Edwin resigned as a non-executive Director with effect from 1 April 2016.

Mr. Wang Yangang resigned as the chairman of the Board, executive Director and chief executive officer of the Company with effect from 24 July 2017.

Mr. Li resigned as an executive Director and deputy chief executive officer of the Company with effect from 24 July 2017.

Mr. Wang Yongwei was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 11 September 2017.

7. Disclosure on the Website of the Stock Exchange

This announcement shall be published on the website of the Stock Exchange (<http://www.hkex.com.hk>) and on the website of the Company (<http://www.chinanimalhealthcare.com>) in due course.

By Order of the Board
China Animal Healthcare Ltd.
Song Yanmei
Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 16 May 2018

As at the date of announcement, the executive Directors of the Company are Ms. Song Yanmei and Mr. Wang Yongwei; and the independent non-executive Directors of the Company are Mr. Cai Huiyi, Mr. Zhang Suqiang and Mr. Liu Zhanmin.