

GOLDSTONE INVESTMENT GROUP LIMITED 金石投資集團有限公司

EDUCATION

(Incorporated in the Cayman Isnds with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 901)

> ANNUAL REPORT 年報 2020

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Corporate Information 公司資料

DIRECTORS 董事 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR 執行董事 Dr. XIAO Yanming (Chairlady) 肖艷明博 NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS 非執行董 TUNG Shu Sun WONG Tsz Wai 董樹新 黃子偉	
Dr. XIAO Yanming (Chairlady) 肖艷明博 NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS 非執行董 TUNG Shu Sun 董樹新	
NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS 非執行董 TUNG Shu Sun 董樹新	
TUNG Shu Sun 董樹新	± (
	事
Ul Ye 李曄	
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS 獨立非執	行蟗
LAI Kim Fung厲劍峰WANG Zhongqiu王中秋WONG Yiu Kit, Ernest黃耀傑	
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER 首席財	務'
KOON Wai Hung 官偉雄	
COMPANY SECRETARY 公司秘	書
KOON Wai Hung 官偉雄	
NOMINATION COMMITTEE 提名委	員
LI Ye 李曄 WONG Tsz Wai 黃子偉 LAI Kim Fung 厲劍峰 WANG Zhongqiu <i>(Chairman of Nomination Committee)</i> 王中秋 (4	提名

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

WONG Yiu Kit, Ernest

LI Ye WONG Tsz Wai LAI Kim Fung (Chairman of Remuneration Committee) WONG Yiu Kit, Ernest

(主席)

董事

官

會

王中秋*(提名委員會主席)* 黃耀傑

薪酬委員會

李曄 黃子偉 厲劍峰(薪酬委員會主席) 黃耀傑

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Corporate Information 公司資料

AUDIT COMMITTEE

LI Ye WONG Tsz Wai LAI Kim Fung WONG Yiu Kit, Ernest *(Chairman of Audit Committee)*

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

XIAO Yanming *(Chairman of Investment Committee)* LI Ye WONG Tsz Wai LAI Kim Fung WANG Zhonggiu

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 901 Sing Ho Finance Building 166–168 Gloucester Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

AUDITOR

HLM CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Chong Hing Bank Limited

審核委員會

李曄 黃子偉 厲劍峰 黃耀傑*(審核委員會主席)*

投資委員會

肖艷明*(投資委員會主席)* 李曄 黃子偉 厲劍峰 王中秋

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

香港主要營業地點

香港灣仔 告士打道166-168號 信和財務大廈 901室

核數師

恒健會計師行有限公司 *執業會計師*

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 創興銀行有限公司

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Corporate Information 公司資料

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Suntera (Cayman) Limited Suite 3204, Unit 2A Block 3, Building D P.O. Box 1586, Gardenia Court Camana Bay, Grand Cayman KY1-1100 Cayman Islands

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR IN HONG KONG

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Rooms 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

901

COMPANY WEBSITE

http://www.goldstoneinvest.com

開曼群島股份過戶登記總處

Suntera (Cayman) Limited Suite 3204, Unit 2A Block 3, Building D P.O. Box 1586, Gardenia Court Camana Bay, Grand Cayman KY1-1100 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓1712-1716室

股份代號

901

公司網址

http://www.goldstoneinvest.com

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "**Board**") of Goldstone Investment Group Limited ("**Goldstone**" or the "**Company**"), I am pleased to present the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "**Group**") for the year ended 31 December 2020.

2020 is one of the most difficult years in world history as the COVID-19 pandemic severely harmed the world economy and people's lives. For our Group, however, 2020 has been a year of great change and improvement. The new management team gradually joined Goldstone since August 2020, bringing with them extensive experiences in the investment market. Under the leadership of the new Board and with the joint efforts of all staff, Goldstone has been transformed to a positive direction and moved out from past difficulties, its operating loss significantly reduced by 16.9% through the large-scale restructuring and the cautious cost control measures carried out since August. At the same time, the management team has prepared for series of fund raising under the tremendously challenging financial environment, thus laying a solid foundation for future growth of the Company.

During the year under review, the invested projects of the Company included (1) E-Com Holdings Pte. Ltd., a company principally engaged in the provision of Chinese e-learning platforms. Chinese e-learning platforms are available in most of the primary schools in Singapore and its coverage is gradually expanding into other Asian Pacific regions; and (2) the listed equity investment held by the Company.

Looking forward, although the damaging impact of COVID-19 is still haunting the world, it also spawned new technologies and business models, and brought new opportunities to the investment market that is expected to remain challenging in 2021. The new management team, under the new situation, will try to seize all possible opportunities brought by the changes to optimize the Company's development potential. The investment strategy of the Company is to seek risk diversification through investment in a diverse range of products comprising different types of assets, and to carry out the investment by seizing opportunities presented by different industries and markets, in order to maximize investment returns.

Finally, I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to the shareholders, management team, staff and business partners of the Company for their unremitting dedications. The management will continue to go all out to conquer all obstacles for achieving the best results so as to reward the shareholders for their support to Goldstone. 本人謹代表金石投資集團有限公司(「金石投 資」或「本公司」)董事會(「董事會」)欣然提呈 本公司及其附屬公司(合稱「本集團」)截至二 零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的全年業績報 告。

由於新冠肺炎嚴重打擊了世界經濟以及人們 的生活,二零二零年可以說是世界歷史上是最 艱難的年份之一。然而,對本集團來說,這卻 是變革和相對向好的一年。自二零二零年八月 起,具有豐富投資和管理經驗的專業人士相繼 加入董事會及管理團隊。在新任董事會成員的 領導以及全體員工的共同努力下,金石投資正 朝著積極的方向蛻變,擺脫了過去的困境,並 通過自八月以來開始實施的大規模改組和謹 慎的成本控制措施,將經營虧損大幅降低了 16.9%。與此同時,新團隊也為在異常艱難的 財務狀況下進行融資做好了準備,進而為公司 未來的發展打下了堅實的基礎。

於回顧年度內,本公司之投資項目包括:(1) E-Com Holdings Pte. Ltd.,該公司主要從事中 文網絡平台教育,目前中文電子學習平台已涵 蓋新加坡絕大部分小學,並逐步擴展到其他亞 洲地區及全世界;及(2)本公司持有的上市股 本投資。

展望未來,儘管新冠肺炎的傷害仍籠罩著全 球,但它也催生了新的技術和業務模式,為二 零二一年這個仍將充滿挑戰的投資市場帶來新 的機遇。在新形勢下,新的管理團隊將努力抓 住這些變化所帶來的一切機遇,從而優化本集 團的發展潛力。本公司的投資策略是通過對多 元化不同資產類別產品的投資,以分散風險, 並抓住不同行業及不同市場所帶來的機會進行 投資,從而實現最大的投資回報。

最後,本人希望藉此機會,對本公司股東、管 理層、員工及商業合作夥伴的不懈努力表示衷 心的感謝。管理層將全力以赴,排除萬難,創 造佳績,以回饋股東對金石投資的支持。

Dr. XIAO Yanming Chairlady

31 March 2021

主席 **肖艷明博士**

二零二一年三月三十一日

CHANGE OF COMPANY NAME

Pursuant to a special resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at a special general meeting on 23 October 2020, the Company's English name has changed from "Eagle Ride Investment Holdings Limited" to "Goldstone Investment Group Limited" and the Company's Chinese name has changed from "鷹力投資控股有限公司" to "金石投資集團有限公司" with effect from 23 October 2020. The Certificate of Incorporation on Change of Name of the Company was issued by the Registry of Companies, Cayman Islands on 23 October 2020. The Certificate of Registration of Change of Corporate Name of Non-Hong Kong Company confirming registration of the Company under the name of "Goldstone Investment Group Limited 金石投資集團有限公司" under Part XI of the Companies Ordinance was issued by the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong on 12 November 2020.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Goldstone Investment Group Limited is an investment holding company. The Company's investment instruments are to be made in the form of investment fund or equity securities or equity related securities or debtrelated instruments in listed and unlisted companies. The investments normally are to be made in enterprises which are established within their respective fields. The Company may also subscribe for the funds mainly includes equity investment funds, hedge funds, quantitative funds, index funds, securities and futures investment funds, Pre-IPO cornerstone funds, strategic investment and M&A funds, digital currency funds, art investment funds and gold funds.

Year 2020 was a year full of challenges, difficulties and unpredictability. The global financial markets were impacted by COVID-19 pandemic severely across the stock, bond and commodity (including crude oil and gold) markets. The public health crisis has deeply plagued Hong Kong's economy in 2020, which contracted by 6.1% for 2020 as a whole, the sharpest annual decline on record. The economic turmoil associated with the COVID-19 pandemic has been regarded as the major cause for the economic downturn with a severe blow to the labor market and business activities.

更改公司名稱

根據股東於二零二零年十月二十三日舉行 之股東特別大會獲本公司股東通過之特 別決議案,本公司之英文名稱已由「Eagle Ride Investment Holdings Limited」更改為 「Goldstone Investment Group Limited」,而本公 司之中文名稱已由「鷹力投資控股有限公司」更 改為「金石投資集團有限公司」,均自二零二零 年十月二十三日起生效。開曼群島公司註冊處 處長已於二零二零年十月二十三日發出更改名 稱註冊證書。香港公司註冊處處長已於二零二 零年十一月十二日發出非香港公司更改法人名 稱註冊證明書,確認本公司已根據公司條例第 XI部以「Goldstone Investment Group Limited 金 石投資集團有限公司」之名稱註冊。

業務回顧

金石投資集團有限公司為一家投資控股公司。 本公司之投資工具將會以投資基金、上市及非 上市公司之股本證券、股本相關證券或債務相 關1具之形式制訂。本公司一般投資於在其相 關領域已確立地位之企業。本公司也可能認 購基金主要包括股權投資基金、對沖基金、量 化基金、指數基金、證券期貨投資基金、上市 前基石基金、戰略投資併購基金、數字貨幣基 金、藝術品投資基金及黃金基金。

二零二零年是充滿挑戰,困難和不可預測的一 年。全球金融市場,包括股票,債券和商品(包 括原油和黃金)市場,都受到新冠肺炎大流行 的嚴重影響。二零二零年,公共衛生危機也深 深困擾了香港經濟,造成香港經濟收縮6.1%, 創下有史以來最大的年度降幅。與新冠肺炎大 流行相關的經濟動盪被認為是經濟衰退的主要 原因,嚴重打擊了勞動力市場和商業活動。

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Although the global economy is emerging from the collapse triggered by COVID-19, the recovery is likely to be subdued in 2021, and global GDP is projected to remain well below its pre-pandemic trend for a prolonged period. However, China's continued economic recovery is expected with lower unemployment rates, rising consumer confidence and offline consumption to return to normal in 2021, together with lightened US-China trade conflict. The pandemic has changed the lives globally, it also spawned new technologies and business models. All these contributed to cautious sentiment among investors, and created a challenging but promising market environment for the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company continued its investments in both listed and unlisted equity securities and other related financial assets. As at 31 December 2020, the Company's investment portfolio was diversified and across different business sectors including education and investment in securities.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company's investment performances were as follows:

1. Net unrealised loss arising on fair value changes of unlisted equity investment was approximately HK\$5,794,000 (2019: unrealised loss approximately HK\$4,767,000).

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The net loss attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$36,302,000, a decrease of approximately HK\$7,372,000 from the loss of approximately HK\$43,674,000 in the last financial year.

The decrease in loss position was mainly attributable to the decrease in administrative cost and finance costs of approximately HK\$2,844,000 and HK\$4,614,000 respectively.

儘管全球經濟正從新冠肺炎引發的崩潰中復 甦,但復甦很可能會在二零二一年仍舊低迷, 而且全球國內生產總值預計將長期保持遠低於 大流行前的趨勢。然而,中國經濟持續復甦預 計將降低失業率,消費者信心增強,並使線下 消費在二零二一年恢復正常,同時美中貿易衝 突也會減輕。疫情改變了全球的生活,也催生 了新技術和商業模式。所有這些都促使投資者 持謹慎態度,並為公司創造了充滿挑戰但充滿 希望的市場環境。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度內, 本公司繼續投資於上市及非上市股本證券以 及其他相關財務資產。於二零二零年十二月 三十一日,本公司擁有多元化之投資組合,涵 蓋教育及證券投資等不同業務板塊。

於報告期末,本公司錄得以下投資表現:

 非上市股本投資公允價值變動產生之未 變現虧損淨額為約5,794,000港元(二零 一九年:未變現虧損約4,767,000港元)。

財務回顧

本公司擁有人應佔虧損淨額約36,302,000港 元,較上個財政年度之虧損約43,674,000港元 減少約7,372,000港元。

虧蝕情況減少乃主要由於行政成本及財務成本 分別減少約2,844,000港元及4,614,000港元所 致。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2020, the Group has cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$168,000 (2019: approximately HK\$160,000). The Company is fully aware of the financial position and financial performance of the reporting period.

The Board are of the opinion that the Company will have sufficient financial resources to meet its financial obligations as they fall due for at least the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period, after taking into consideration of the following:

- In January 2021, the Company placed total of 90,140,000 new ordinary shares at a price of HK\$0.28 per share to six independent third parties. The net proceeds was approximately HK\$24,400,000. The net proceeds raised will be used for general working capital of the Group.
- In January 2021, the Company issued 1-year, 8% coupon unsecured nonredeemable convertible bonds at an initial conversion price of HK0.3 of an aggregate principal amount of approximately HK\$50,010,000 to six independent third parties.

The net proceeds raised of approximately HK\$30,500,000 and HK\$19,000,000 will be used for general working capital and repayment of borrowings repayable within one year of the Group respectively.

- 3. In February 2021, the Company allotted a total of 270,520,000 new shares under general mandate, representing approximately 12.50% of the total issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by the issue of new shares at HK\$0.33 per share to an independent third party, Dragon Synergy Holdings Limited which is wholly owned by Ms. Liu Yutong. Immediately after completion of the Placing, Dragon Synergy Holdings Limited has become a substantial Shareholder of the Company. The net proceeds was approximately HK\$88.400,000. The net proceeds raised will be used for general working capital of the Group.
- 4. In March 2021, the Group and one of the Group's bondholder entered into a letter of intent whereby the bondholders expressed their intentions to subscribe for, and the Company intended to issue and allot preference shares to replace the corporate bond due to those bondholder in the amount of approximately HK\$10,000,000; and

流動資金及財務資源

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有現 金及現金等價物約168,000港元(二零一九年: 約160,000港元)。本公司充份瞭解報告期的 財務狀況及財務表現。

董事會認為至少於報告期末後的未來十二個 月,本公司將有足夠的財務資源,以滿足其到 期財務責任,因為考慮到以下:

- 於二零二一年一月,本公司按每股0.28
 港元的價格向六名獨立第三方配售合共 90,140,000股新普通股。所得款項淨額 約為24,400,000港元。籌集的所得款項 淨額將用作本集團一般營運資金。
- 於二零二一年一月,本公司向六名獨立 第三方發行了本金總額約為50,010,000 港元的1年期票息為8%,初始轉換價為 0.3港元,的無擔保不可贖回可轉換債券。

籌集的所得款項淨額約為30,500,000港 元及19,000,000港元將分別用作本集團 之一般營運資金及償還一年內應付借款。

- 於二零二一年二月,本公司根據一般授 權配發合共270,520,000股新股份,相當 於本公司經獨立發行的新股以每股0.33 港元發行後擴大後的已發行股本總額 的12.50%予由劉禹彤女士全資擁有的 Dragon Synergy Holdings Limited。緊隨配 售事項完成後,Dragon Synergy Holdings Limited立即成為本公司的主要股東。所 得款項淨額約為88,400,000港元。籌集 的所得款項淨額將用作本集團一般營運 資金。
- 於二零二一年三月,本集團與本集團的其 中一個債券持有人簽訂了意向書,其中債 券持有人表達了認購意向,本公司擬發 行和配發優先股以代替應付給這些債券 持有人的公司債券。金額約為10,000,000 港元;及

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5. The Group will seek to obtain additional new financial support including but not limited to borrow loans, issuing additional equity or debt securities.

The directors of the Company have carried out a detailed review of the cash flow forecast of the Group for the next twelve months from the reporting date taking into account the impact of the above measures, the directors of the Company believe that the Group will have sufficient cash resources to satisfy its future working capital and other financing requirements.

DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the current year (2019: nil).

GEARING RATIO

The gearing ratio (total borrowings/total assets) as at 31 December 2020 was 2,323.51% (2019: 516.12%).

The Group's capital management objectives are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital and to support the Group's stability and growth.

The directors of the Company actively and regularly reviews and manages the Group's capital structure, taking into consideration the future capital requirements of the Group, to ensure optimal shareholders' returns. The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may issue new shares, raise new debts or sells assets to reduce debt. 本集團將尋求獲得額外新財務支持,包 括但不限於借貸、發行額外股權或債務 證券。

本公司董事經考慮上述措施的影響,已對本集 團自報告日期起的未來十二個月的現金流量預 測進行了詳細的檢討,本公司董事相信,本集 團將有充裕現金資源滿足其未來營運資金及其 他融資需要。

股息

董事會不建議就本年度派付末期股息(二零 一九年:無)。

資產負債比率

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,資產負債比 率(總借貸/總資產)為2,323.51%(二零一九 年:516.12%)。

本集團之資本管理目標為保障本集團繼續持續 經營之能力從而為股東提供回報及為其他持份 者提供利益、維持最佳資本架構以減少資金成 本以及支持本集團之穩定性及增長。

本公司董事積極及定期審閲及管理本集團之 資本架構,考慮本集團之未來資金需要以確保 最佳股東回報。本集團因應經濟狀況變動及相 關資產之風險特性管理資本架構及對此作出調 整。為維持或調整資本架構,本集團可能發行 新股份、籌措新債務或出售資產以減少債務。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

LITIGATION

On 23 April 2019, the Company, and an independent third party ("**Landlord**") entered into a tenancy agreement, pursuant to which a property was let to the Company for office use for a fixed term from 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2022.

On 29 May 2020, the Company received a writ of summons with a statement of claim issued in the District Court of Hong Kong by the Landlord against the Company for overdue rent, management fee and interest during the period from December 2019 to May 2020, and further claimed the rent and management fee from 1 June 2020 to 31 March 2022 (the end of contract) and rate from 1 July 2020 to 31 March 2022 (the end of contract).

The directors of the Company are of the view that the litigations have no significant impact on the Group's financial position and its operating result for the year ended 31 December 2020 as the accrued rental and management fee have already been recorded in the consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2020.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2020, the Company did not have any contingent liabilities (2019: nil).

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, no margin facility (2019: nil) from a regulated securities broker was granted to the Group under which financial assets at FVTPL of approximately HK\$448,000 (2019: approximately nil) were treated as collateral for the facilities granted. No margin facility has been utilised by the Group at 31 December 2020 (2019: nil).

訴訟

於二零一九年四月二十三日,本公司與獨立第 三方(「**業主**」)訂立租賃協議,據此,物業由二 零一九年四月一日起至二零二二年三月三十一 日止出租予本公司作辦公室用途。

於二零二零年五月二十九日,本公司收到由業 主在香港地方法院就本公司在二零一九年十二 月至二零二零年五月期間逾期的租金,管理費 和利息發出的訴狀書和一份索賠書,以及進一 步要求從二零二零年六月一日至二零二二年三 月三十一日(合同終止)支付租金和管理費, 並從二零二零年七月一日至二零二二年三月 三十一日(合同終止)收取差餉。

本公司董事認為訴訟對本集團截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度的財務狀況及其經營 業績沒有重大影響,因為於二零二零年十二月 三十一日的應計租金和管理費已記錄在綜合財 務報表中。

或然負債

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公司並無任 何或然負債(二零一九年:無)。

資產抵押

於報告期末,本集團概無獲一間受規管證券經 紀行授予孖展信貸(二零一九年:無),當中 按公允價值計入損益之財務資產約448,000港 元(二零一九年:約零)被視為所獲信貸之抵押 品。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並 無動用孖展信貸(二零一九年:無)。

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

The Company has foreign currency investments in financial assets, which expose it to foreign currency risk. The Group is mainly exposed to the effects of fluctuation of the US\$ and the S\$. As the HK\$ is pegged to the US\$, the Group considers the risk of movements in exchange rates between the HK\$ and the US\$ to be insignificant. Accordingly, their fluctuation is excluded from the sensitivity analysis. If the exchange rate of HK\$ against S\$ has been increased/decreased by 5% (2019: 5%), the Group's loss for the year would have been decreased/increased by approximately HK\$227,000 (2019: approximately HK\$545,000).

EMPLOYEES

As at 31 December 2020 the Group had 4 (2019: 3) employees. The total employees remuneration was approximately HK\$3,457,000 (2019: approximately HK\$3,624,000) for the current financial year. The Group's emolument policies are formulated based on the performance of individual employees and is reviewed regularly every year.

OUTLOOK

Looking forward into the Year of 2021, the operating environment for financial markets is expected to remain challenging. The outbreak of the global virus has adversely impact on the investment market and thus many economic and political uncertainties remain. Capital markets in 2021 are likely to be volatile.

The Company will continue to adopt and maintain a prudent investment approach to capture attractive investment opportunities as and when they arise. The Company will continue fully leveraging its strong market analytical capability and carefully identify the market trend focusing on high-tech, new economy, bio-medicine, new energy, real estate, and education and culture as the core investment areas. The Company intends to initiate the establishment of the SPAC (Special Purpose Acquisition Company) in 2021 to acquire outstanding targets in the health industry. The Company is committed to adopting the rigorous investment attitudes and professional investment methods, through a flexible investment strategy to bring the maximum returns for all the shareholders.

外匯風險

本公司因擁有財務資產外幣投資而須承受外匯 風險。本集團主要承受美元及新加坡元波動之 影響。由於港元掛鈎美元,本集團認為港元與 美元之間的匯率波動風險不大。因此,其波動 被排除在敏感度分析之外。倘港元兑新加坡元 之匯率上升/下跌5%(二零一九年:5%),則 本集團年內虧損將減少/增加約227,000港元 (二零一九年:約545,000港元)。

僱員

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團聘有4 名(二零一九年:3名)僱員。本財政年度之僱 員薪酬總額為約3,457,000港元(二零一九年: 約3,624,000港元)。本集團之薪酬政策乃參照 個別僱員之表現制訂,並每年定期檢討。

展望

展望二零二一年,金融市場的經營環境預期繼 續充滿挑戰。全球病毒爆發對投資市場造成不 利影響,因此眾多經濟及政治不穩定因素持 續。二零二一年資本市場可能仍有頗大變動。

本公司將繼續採取及維持審慎的投資方針,把 握市場出現的具吸引力的投資機會。本公司將 繼續充分發揮其強大的市場分析能力及透過靈 活的投資策略仔細辨別市場趨勢,聚焦於高科 技、新經濟、生物醫療、新能源、地產及教育 文化為核心投資領域。本公司擬於二零二一年 發起成立SPAC(特殊目的收購公司)併購大健 康行業內的優秀標的。本公司致力於採取嚴謹 的投資態度和專業的投資方法,為全體股東帶 來最佳回報。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Dr. XIAO Yanming, aged 58, was appointed as a Non-executive Director of the Company on 18 August 2020 and re-designated as an Executive Director of the Company on 2 December 2020. She has been the Chairlady and CEO of Hong Kong Cornucopiae Asset Management Limited since 2013. Previously, Dr. Xiao was Managing Director of UBS Wealth Management in Hong Kong and had worked as senior banker at Credit Suisse, Citi Bank and other financial institutions prior to that. She was an independent non-executive director of Xinjiang La Chapelle Fashion Co. Ltd. (a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange with stock code: 6116) until 14 December 2020. Dr. Xiao received a law degree from China Foreign Affairs University, and MA and Ph.D. from Harvard University in the US. She is the Type 1, Type 4 and Type 9 License Holder and Responsible Officer of the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. TUNG Shu Sun, aged 73, was appointed a Non-executive Director of the Company on 1 November, 2013. He used to be the chief executive officer of APAC. APAC is principally engaged in investment holding focusing on the energy sector and high growth private investments. Mr. Tung was the executive director and the executive deputy managing director of COSCO International Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code: 517, from December 1997 to July 2003 and has extensive experiences in corporate management, management of investment projects as well as management and mergers and acquisitions of listed companies. Mr. Tung joined China Ocean Shipping (Group) Company since 1968 and served in sea transportation, shipbuilding, container transportation, external affairs and administrative management as well as real estate and infrastructure. He is a Senior Economist.

執行董事

肖艷明博士,58歲,於二零二零年八月十八 日獲委任為公司的非執行董事,並於二零二零 年十二月二日調任為公司的執行董事。自二零 一三年起擔任香港華豐資產管理有限公司的董 事長暨首席執行官。在此之前,肖博士在瑞士 銀行(UBS)香港分行任董事總經理、並曾任職 於瑞士信貸、美國花旗銀行等多家國際著名金 融機構。直至二零二零年十二月十四日,她曾 擔任新疆拉下貝爾服飾股份有限公司(一家於 香港聯交所上市之公司,股份代號:6116)之 獨立非執行董事。肖博士在中國外交學院獲得 法學士,並在美國哈佛大學獲得碩士和博士學 位。彼為香港證監會第1號、4號、9號牌照的 持牌人及負責人。

非執行董事

董樹新先生,73歲,於二零一三年十一月一 日獲委任為本公司非執行董事。彼曾任龍德之 行政總裁。龍德之主要業務為專注於能源行 業及高增長私人投資之投資控股。董先生於 一九九七年十二月至二零零三年七月間曾任聯 交所上市公司中遠國際控股有限公司(股份代 號:517)之執行董事及董事常務副總經理, 在企業管理、投資項目管理及上市公司管理、 併購等方面積累豐富經驗。董先生於一九六八 年加入中國遠洋運輸(集團)總公司,曾任職 航運、造船、集裝箱運輸、外務及行政管理以 及房地產、市政投資部門。彼是一位高級經濟 師。 **Ms. LI Ye**, aged 38, was appointed as a Non-executive Director of the Company on 7 October 2020. She was the co-founder of Vallyn Culture Group Co., Ltd. from July 2017 to August 2020, and was responsible for brand cooperation with companies in the TMT field. Previously, she worked in the Internet industry for seven years and joined sina.com in 2007. After that, she served as the deputy director of media Weibo operation, responsible for global media cooperation and media Weibo management. She served as the corporate development and strategy director of Meiah Entertainment Group Ltd. from July 2015, responsible for the group brand management, Internet platform cooperation and investment analysis of new media projects. Ms. Li graduated from Harbin Institute of Technology with a Master of Art in 2007.

Mr. WONG Tsz Wai, aged 35, was appointed as a Non-executive Director of the Company on 18 August 2020. He serves as a Director of Cornucopiae Asset Management Limited from October 2020 to now, responsible for the fund management and the asset management. He served as the Associate Director of the capital market department of Haotian International Securities Co., Ltd. from February 2018 to August 2020, responsible for institutional investment business, focusing on listed companies, asset management, capital markets, and equity investment business development. He served as the senior manager of the wealth management department of Chinalin Securities (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd from December 2016 to January 2018, responsible for private banking, asset management, private equity funds, and high-end client business development. He served as the investment manager of Fulbright Securities Co., Ltd from August 2013 to November 2016, responsible for client investment portfolio management and stock analysis. Mr. Wong graduated from Monash University, Australia with a degree in Commerce (Banking and Finance) in December 2007 and obtained an MBA in Finance from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in November 2015. Mr. Wong is the Type 1 and Type 9 License Holder of the Securities and Future Commission of Hong Kong.

李曄女士,38歲,於二零二零年十月七日獲委 任為本公司的非執行董事。彼自二零一七年七 月至二零二零年八月擔任華珺文化集團有限公 司聯合創始人,負責TMT領域企業的品牌戰略 合作。在此之前,李女士曾深耕於互聯網行業 七年,於二零零七年加入新浪網,後擔任媒體 微博運營副總監一職,負責全球媒體合作及媒 體微博管理。於二零一五年七月出任美亞娛樂 資訊集團市場戰略總監,負責集團品牌運營、 互聯網平台戰略合作及新媒體項目投資分析。 李女士於二零零七年畢業於哈爾濱工業大學, 並取得文學碩士學位。

黃子偉先生,35歲,於二零二零年八月十八日 獲委任為本公司的非執行董事。彼自二零二零 年十月至今出任華豐資產管理有限公司董事, 負責基金及資產管理業務;彼自二零一八年二 月至二零二零年八月出任昊天國際證券有限公 司資本市場部副總監,負責機構投資業務,專 注資本市場融資,資產管理,私募基金及股權 投資業務;於二零一六年十二月至二零一八年 一月出任華林證券(香港)有限公司擔任財富 管理部高級客戶經理,負責私人銀行,資產管 理,私募基金,高端客戶業務開發;及於二零 一三年八月至二零一六年十一月出任富昌證券 有限公司擔任投資經理,負責客戶投資組合管 理及股票分析。黃先生於二零零七年十二月畢 業於澳洲蒙納殊大學,取得商業學(財務及銀 行)學位;並於二零一五年十一月取得香港中 文大學金融財務工商管理碩士學位。彼為香港 證監會第1號及9號牌照持牌人。

Biographical Details of Directors 董事履歷

Mr. LI Kim Fung, aged 54, was appointed an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 1 September, 2020. Currently, he is also a senior advisor of Credit Intelligence Limited, a listed company in Australia. He is also an Independent Non-executive Director of the China Aviation Flying Shark Global Credit Fund that under AVIC Capital International Holding Co., Ltd. From August 2017 to August 2020, Mr. Li served as the executive director and chief executive officer of DTXS Silk Road Investment Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 620), a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Prior to that, Mr. Li worked for China Travel Service (Group) Co., Ltd., a central enterprise, and its subsidiaries for 19 years. During this period, he was sent to the United States to serve as the vice president of US China Travel Service Investment Co., Ltd., and one of the founders of China Travel Service Financial Holdings Co., Ltd. Mr. Li has worked in various multinational banks and investment banks, responsible for corporate financing, mergers and acquisitions, listing and investment management in the Greater China region. He holds postgraduate certificate in Professional Accounting from City University of Hong Kong and master of business administration from University of Exeter in the United Kingdom. He is currently the chairman of Industry Development Committee of Hong Kong Society of Artificial Intelligence and Robotics and the founding member of China Mergers and Acquisitions Association (Hong Kong) Limited.

Ms. WANG Zhongqiu, aged 58, was appointed an Independent Nonexecutive Director of the Company on 14 September, 2020. She was the Vice General Manager and General Manager of China Overseas Engineering (Macau) Company Limited from February 2000 to December 2018 and the General Manager of China Railway Group Macau Company Limited from October 2014 to December 2018. Prior to that, she was the Deputy Director of CEO Office and Vice General Manager of Enterprise Management Department of China Overseas Engineering Group Company from December 1991 to February 2000. She received a Bachelor degree from Jilin University and she is a Senior Economist.

厲劍峰先生,54歲,於二零二零年九月一日 獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。目前也是澳 洲上市公司Credit Intelligence Limited 的高級顧 問;同時也為中航資本控股股份有限公司屬下 中航資信環球飛鯊基金的獨立非執行董事。厲 先生於二零一十年八月至二零二零年八月出任 任香港聯交所上市公司大唐西市絲路投資控股 有限公司(股份代號:620)之執行董事兼行政 總裁。在此之前, 厲先生於央企香港中旅(集 團)有限公司及其附屬公司工作達十九年,期 間被派往美國出任美國中旅投資有限公司副總 裁,也為香港中旅金融控股有限公司創始人之 一。 厲先生曾任職多間跨國銀行和投資銀行, 負責大中華地區的企業融資、併購、上市及投 資管理。彼持有香港城市大學之專業會計學深 造證書及英國埃克塞特大學之工商管理碩士學 位,現時為香港人工智能與機器人學會之產業 發展委員會主席及香港中國併購公會有限公司 的創始理事。

王中秋女士,58歲,於二零二零年九月十四日 獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼於二零零 零年二月至二零一八年十二月擔任中國海外工 程(澳門)有限公司副總經理、總經理及於二零 一四年十月至二零一八年十二月兼任中國中鐵 股份有限公司澳門分公司總經理。在此之前, 彼於一九九一年十二月至二零零零年二月曾擔 任中國海外工程總公司歷任總裁辦公室副主任 及企業管理部副總經理。彼獲吉林大學學士學 位,是一位高級經濟師。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. WONG Yiu Kit, Ernest, aged 53, was appointed an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 1 December, 2020. He has over 25 years of experience in venture capital, corporate finance, business development and general management. He is the president and group chief financial officer of KVB Holdings Limited ("KVB"). Mr. Wong is an independent non-executive director of Renheng Enterprise Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 3628) since 20 October 2011, Progressive Path Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 1581) since 15 November 2016 and Aidigong Maternal & Child Health Limited (formerly known as Common Splendor International Health Industry Group Limited) (Stock Code: 286) since 20 September 2017, the shares of such companies are listed on the Stock Exchange. During the past three years, Mr. Wong was also an independent non executive director of Legend Strategy International Holdings Group Company Limited (Stock Code: 1355) until 6 September 2018, China Regenerative Medicine International Limited (Stock Code: 8158) until 21 August 2019 and HongDa Financial Holding Limited (now known as China Wood International Holding Co., Limited) (Stock Code: 1822) until 27 July 2020; and was an executive director, the chief financial officer and the company secretary of KVB Kunlun Financial Group Limited (now known as CLSA Premium Limited) (Stock Code: 6877) until 12 August 2019, the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange. Moreover, during the past three years, Mr. Wong was a non-executive director of Adamas Finance Asia Limited (AIM Stock Code: ADAM) until 3 June 2019, this company is listed on the London Stock Exchange.

Mr. Wong obtained a master's degree in management from Saïd Business School of Oxford University, a bachelor's degree in business administration from The University of Hong Kong ("HKU"), a master's degree of science in investment management from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology and a master's degree of science in electronic engineering from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. Mr. Wong was admitted as a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He was admitted as a chartered financial analyst of the Institute of Chartered Financial Analysts. He is a current member of the Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute. He is also acting the deputy chairman of the HKU Convocation, the court member of The University of Hong Kong, and the chairman of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants Hong Kong.

獨立非執行董事

黃耀傑先生,53歲,於二零二零年十二月一 日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼於創 業投資、企業財務、業務發展及一般管理方面 擁有逾25年經驗。彼為KVB Holdings Limited (「KVB」)之總裁及集團財務總監。黃先生自二 零一一年十月二十日起、自二零一六年十一月 十五日起及自二零一七年九月二十日起分別擔 任仁恒實業控股有限公司(股份代號:3628)、 進昇集團控股有限公司(股份代號:1581)及 愛帝宮母嬰健康股份有限公司(前稱同佳國際 健康產業集團有限公司)(股份代號:286)之獨 立非執行董事,該等公司的股份均在聯交所上 市。於過去三年,黃先生百至二零一八年九月 六日、二零一九年八月二十一日及二零二零年 七月二十七日分別亦為朸濬國際集團控股有限 公司(股份代號:1355)、中國再生醫學國際 有限公司(股份代號:8158)及弘達金融控股 有限公司(現稱中木國際控股有限公司)(股份 代號:1822)之獨立非執行董事;以及直至二 零一九年八月十二日為昆侖國際金融集團有限 公司(現稱CLSA Premium Limited)(股份代號: 6877)之執行董事、首席財務官及公司秘書, 該等公司的股份均在聯交所上市。此外,於過 去三年, 黃先生直至二零一九年六月三日為 Adamas Finance Asia Limited (AIM股份代號: ADAM)的非執行董事,該公司於倫敦證券交 易所上市。

黃先生獲得牛津大學賽德商學院管理學碩士學 位,獲得香港大學(「香港大學」)工商管理學學 士學位,獲得香港科技大學投資管理學理學碩 士學位。黃先生分別獲准成為英國特許公認會 計師公會、香港會計師公會及英格蘭和威爾士 特許會計師公會資深會員。彼獲准成為特許財 務分析師學會之特許財務分析師。彼現為香港 證券及投資學會會員。彼亦為香港大學畢業生 議會副主席、香港大學校董、特許公認會計師 公會香港分會會長。

The directors of the Company (the "**Directors**") submit their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 (the "**Year**").

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company. During the Year, the Group is principally engaged in the investments in the securities of listed and unlisted companies and other related financial assets.

The Company's investment instruments will be made in the form of investment fund or equity securities or equity-related securities or debtrelated or instruments in listed and unlisted companies. The investments will normally be made in enterprises which are established in their respective fields. The Company may also subscribe for the funds mainly includes equity investment funds, hedge funds, quantitative funds, index funds, securities and futures investment funds, Pre-IPO cornerstone funds, strategic investment and M&A funds, digital currency funds, art investment funds and gold funds.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the business of the Group during the Year under review and a discussion on the Group's future development are set out in the Chairman's Statement on page 5 of this report and the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 6 to 11. These discussions form part of this director's report.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 58.

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the Year.

FURNITURE, FIXTURES AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the furniture, fixtures and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

本公司董事(「**董事**」)謹此提呈截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度(「**本年度**」)之年報及經 審核綜合財務報表。

主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。於本年度內,本 集團主要從事投資於上市及非上市公司證券業 務及其他相關財務資產。

本公司之投資工具將以從事,包括但不限於其 他行業之投資基金、上市及非上市公司之股本 證券或股本相關證券或債務相關工具形式作 出。投資一般將於在彼等各自之領域已具有確 立地位之企業作出。本公司也可能認購基金主 要包括股權投資基金、對沖基金、量化基金、 指數基金、證券期貨投資基金、上市前基石基 金、戰略投資併購基金、數字貨幣基金、藝術 品投資基金及黃金基金。

業務回顧

有關本集團對回顧年度內業務的審視與對未 來業務發展的討論載於本報告第5頁的主席報 告書及第6頁至11頁的管理層討論與分析段落 中。該等討論為本董事會報告的一部分。

業績及股息

本集團本年度之業績載於第58頁之綜合損益 及其他全面收益表。

董事會不建議派付本年度之末期股息。

傢俬、裝置及設備

本集團之傢俬、裝置及設備於本年度內之變動 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註18。

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND SHARE CAPITAL

The net proceeds from the placing was used as general working capital of the Group during the Year.

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the Year are set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and note 35(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

At 31 December 2020, the reserves available for distribution to shareholders pursuant to the Cayman Islands Companies Law amounted to HK\$Nil.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

A substantial portion of the Group's income is derived from the Group's investments and bank deposits and thus the disclosure of information regarding customers would not be meaningful. The Group has no major suppliers which require disclosure.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SECURITIES

During the Year, the Company did not purchase, sell or redeem any of the Company's own securities.

資本架構及股本

配售所得款項淨額已於本年度內用作本集團之 一般營運資金。

本公司股本於本年度內之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註27。

儲備

本集團及本公司儲備於本年度內之變動載於綜 合權益變動報表及綜合財務報表附註35(b)。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,根據開曼群島 公司法可分派予股東的儲備為零港元。

主要客戶及供應商

本集團大部分收入源自本集團之投資及銀行存 款,披露有關客戶之資料並無意義。本集團並 無須要披露之主要供應商。

購買、出售或贖回證券

於本年度,本公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公 司本身之任何證券。

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the Year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Director:

- Dr. XIAO Yanming, *Chairlady* (appointed as non-executive director on 18 August 2020 and re-designated as an Executive Director and Chairlady on 2 November 2020)
- Mr. CHAN Yiu Pun, Clement (resigned on 1 November 2020)

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. TUNG Shu Sun

Ms. LI Ye (appointed on 7 October 2020)
Mr. WONG Tsz Wai (appointed on 18 August 2020)
Mr. HU Haisong (resigned on 18 August 2020)
Mr. DANG Yin Liang (resigned on 7 October 2020)
Mr. DING Shiguo (resigned on 18 August 2020)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. LAI Kim Fung (appointed on 1 September 2020)
Ms. WANG Zhongqiu (appointed on 14 September 2020)
Mr. WONG Yiu Kit, Ernest (appointed on 1 December 2020)
Mr. GUI Shengyue (resigned on 15 June 2020)
Mr. WANG Xianzhang (deceased on 14 August 2020)
Mr. PHAISALAKANI Vichai (re-appointed on 23 January 2020 and resigned on 1 December 2020)

According to Article 87(3) of the Article of Association of the Company, Dr. Xiao Yanming, Mr. Wong Tsz Wai, Ms. LI Ye, Mr. LAI Kim Fung, Ms. WANG Zhongqiu and Mr. Wong Yiu Kit, Ernest who were appointed as director after the Company's last annual general meeting, shall hold office until the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company, and being

eligible, offer himself for re-election as Director of the Company. Pursuant to Article 88(1) of the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Tung Shu Sun shall retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company, and being eligible, offer

themselves for re-election of Directors of the Company.

董事

本年度內及直至本報告日期止,本公司之董事 如下:

執行董事:

肖艷明博士, *主席*(於二零二零年八月十八日 獲委任為非執行董事, 並於二零二零年 十一月二日調任為執行董事兼主席) 陳耀彬先生(於二零二零年十一月一日辭任)

非執行董事:

董樹新先生

李曄女士(於二零二零年十月七日獲委任) 黃子偉先生(於二零二零年八月十八日獲委任) 胡海松先生(於二零二零年八月十八日辭任) 黨銀良先生(於二零二零年十月七日辭任) 丁世國先生(於二零二零年八月十八日辭任)

獨立非執行董事:

属劍峰先生(於二零二零年九月一日獲委任) 王中秋女士(於二零二零年九月十四日獲委任) 黃耀傑先生(於二零二零年十二月一日獲委任) 桂生悦先生(於二零二零年六月十五日辭任) 王憲章先生(於二零二零年八月十四日辭世) 熊敬柳先生(於二零二零年一月二十三日再獲 委任並於二零二零年十二月一日辭任)

根據本公司之組織章程細則第87(3)條,於本 公司上屆股東週年大會之後獲委任為董事之肖 艷明博士,黃子偉先生,李曄女士,厲劍峰先 生、王中秋女士及黃耀傑先生將任職直至本公 司應屆股東週年大會為止,符合資格且願意膺 選連任本公司董事。

根據本公司之組織章程細則第88(1)條,董樹 新先生將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上輪值退 任,並符合資格及願意膺選連任本公司董事。

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE 獨 DIRECTORS

The Company has received annual written confirmations from each of its independent non-executive Directors in respect of their independence during the year and all of them are still being considered to be independent.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS

As at 31 December 2020, the following persons (other than the Directors of the Company) had interest or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("**SFO**"):

獨立非執行董事之獨立性

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事就其於年內之 獨立性作出之年度書面確認,並認為全體獨立 非執行董事均為獨立。

主要股東及其他人士之權益及淡倉

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,以下人士(本 公司董事除外)擁有本公司根據證券及期貨條 例(「證券及期貨條例」)第336條規定存置之登 記冊所記錄之本公司股份及相關股份中之權益 或淡倉:

Name	Capacity	Nature of interests	Number of issued shares held	Approximate percentage of the total issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司之
名稱	身份	權益性質	所持已發行 股份數目	已發行股本總額 之概約百分比
Eagle Ride Investments Limited*	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Corporate 公司	690,638,573	38.30
Harmony Rise International Limited**	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Corporate 公司	276,000,000	15.30

* Eagle Ride Investments Limited is a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability is wholly-owned by APAC Investment Holdings Limited ("APAC"), a company incorporated in Samoa and beneficially owned as to approximately 94.19% by Mr. Hu Haisong ("Mr. Hu"), the Non-executive Director of the Company, and approximately 5.81% by the Investors ("Investors") (whose interests are held on trust by Mr. Hu). The investors, namely (i) Mr. Wang Haibin, is a PRC resident and engages in investment business in the PRC; and (ii) RB International Investments Asia Limited is principally engaged in financial services.

** Harmony Rise International Limited ("**Harmony Rise**") is a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability and is wholly-owned by Dr. Xiao Yanming, executive director and chairman of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, the Company had not been notified by any other person (other than the Directors of the Company) who had an interest or a short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO as at 31 December 2020.

Eagle Ride Investments Limited 為一間於英屬處女群 島註冊成立之有限公司,並由龍德投資控股有限公 司(「龍德」)全資擁有,而龍德為一間於薩摩亞註冊 成立之公司,並由本公司之非執行董事胡海松先生 (「胡先生」)實益擁有約94.19% 權益及由投資者(「投 資者」)實益擁有約5.81% 權益(其權益乃由胡先生以 信託方式持有)。投資者即(i)王海濱先生,為中國居 民並從事於中國之投資業務:及(ii) RB International Investments Asia Limited,主要從事金融服務業務。

* Harmony Rise International Limited (「Harmony Rise」),一間於英屬處女群島註冊成立之有限公司, 並由本公司執行董事兼主席肖艷明博士全資擁有。

除上文披露者外,於二零二零年十二月三十一 日,本公司並無獲悉有任何其他人士(本公司 董事除外)擁有本公司根據證券及期貨條例第 336條規定存置之登記冊所記錄之本公司股份 及相關股份中之權益或淡倉。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

No contracts of significance in relation to the Company's business to which the Company or its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the employer within 1 year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS

As at 31 December 2020, the Directors of the Company and their associates had the following interests and short positions in any shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies ("**Model Code**").

Long positions

董事於合約之權益

本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何本公司 董事直接或間接於其中擁有重大權益而於本年 度末或本年度內任何時間仍然生效之與本公司 業務有關之重大合約。

董事服務合約

概無建議於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董 事與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂有僱主不可於 一年內終止而毋須賠償(法定賠償除外)之服 務合約。

董事之權益及淡倉

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及 彼等之聯繫人士於本公司及其相聯法團(定義 見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關 股份及債券中,擁有以下根據證券及期貨條例 第352條規定存置之登記冊所記錄,或根據上 市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守 則」)須另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡 倉。

好倉

附註:

1.

Name	Capacity and nature	Note	Number of shares	Total	% of issued share capital 已發行
姓名	身份及性質	附註	股份數目	合計	股本百分比
Dr. Xiao Yanming 肖艷明博士	Interest of corporation 法團權益	(1)	276,000,000	276,000,000	15.30

Note:

1. 276,000,000 shares are held through Harmony Rise. Harmony Rise is an investment holding company which is wholly-owned by Dr. Xiao Yanming.

276,000,000股股份乃透過Harmony Rise持有。 Goldstone Investments為一間投資控股公司,其為, 並由肖艷明博士全資擁有。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2020, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company or their associates had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code. 除上文披露者外,於二零二零年十二月三十一 日,概無本公司董事及行政總裁或彼等之聯繫 人士於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券 及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份及 債券中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352條規 定由本公司存置之登記冊所記錄,或根據標準 守則須另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡 倉。

ARRANGEMENTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURE

At no time during the Year was the Company or its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate. Save as disclosed under the heading "Share Option Scheme" below, the Company did not grant any right to subscribe for the shares in the Company to any Directors of the Company or their respective spouse or children under the age of 18 during the Year.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

A new share option scheme was adopted by members of the Company on 22 May 2015 (the "**Scheme**"). The purpose of the Scheme is to reward and provide incentives to eligible participants and encourage them to contribute to the Group. Under the Scheme, the Board of the Company may at their discretion, at any time following the date of the adoption of the Scheme but before the tenth anniversary of that date, grant share options to eligible participants, including directors of the Company and its subsidiaries and any other persons including consultants, advisors, agents, customers, suppliers, etc. to subscribe for shares in the Company.

The exercise price of share options is the highest of the nominal value of the shares, the closing price of the shares on the Stock Exchange on the date of offer of the grant and the average closing price of the shares on the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer of the grant. An offer of an option shall be deemed to have been accepted within 30 days from the date of offer upon acceptance of the option duly signed by the grantee together with a remittance of HK\$1. The maximum number of securities available for issue under the Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the issued capital of the Company. The maximum entitlement of each grantee in any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the ordinary shares in issue of the Company. The option period will not be more than ten years from the date of grant of the option and the Board of the Company may at its discretion determine the minimum period for which the option has to be held or other restriction before the exercise of the subscription right attaching thereon.

As at the date of the adoption of the Scheme, the maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme or any other share option schemes adopted by the Company is 150,005,878 shares. Further details of the Scheme are set out in the circular of the Company dated 21 April 2015.

During the Year, no options granted, exercised or cancelled under the Scheme.

收購股份或債券之安排

於本年度內任何時間,本公司或其附屬公司概 無訂立任何安排,致使本公司董事可藉收購本 公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲 利。除下文「購股權計劃」一節所披露者外,於 本年度內,本公司概無向任何本公司董事或彼 等各自之配偶或未滿十八歲之子女授出任何可 認購本公司股份之權利。

購股權計劃

本公司股東本於二零一五年五月二十二日通 過採納新購股權計劃(「計劃」)。計劃的目的 是為了使本公司可向合資格參與者提供回報 及獎勵,並鼓勵彼等為本集團作出貢獻。根據 計劃,本公司董事會可酌情於採納計劃之日後 但該日期之第十週年前之任何時間,向合資格 參與者(包括本公司及其附屬公司之董事及任 何其他人士,有關人士包括諮詢人、顧問、代 理、客戶、供應商等)授出購股權以認購本公 司股份。

購股權的行使價為股份的票面值、股份於購股 權要約授予日期在聯交所錄得的收市價及股份 於緊隨購股權要約授予日期前五個營業日在 聯交所錄得的平均收市價三者中的最高數額。 在授予購股權起計30日內,當附有1港元匯款 的承受人正式簽署的購股權接納函件已收取, 則視作購股權已被接納。根據計劃可發行之證 券總數,最多不得超過本公司已發行股本之 10%。每名承受人的購股限制為在任何十二個 月期間限於本公司已發行普通股的1%。購股 權的有效年期由授出購股權當日起計不得超逾 十年。本公司董事會可酌情決定參與者在行使 購股權所附認購權前必須持有購股權的最短期 限或其他限制。

於採納計劃之日,根據計劃或本公司所採納之 任何其他購股權計劃授出之所有購股權獲行 使時可予發行之最高股份數目為150,005,878 股。計劃之詳情載於本公司於二零一五年四月 二十一日發出之通函內。

於本年度內,概無購股權根據計劃獲授出、行 使或註銷。

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Details of pledge of assets are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

Details of the retirement benefits scheme are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Directors are not aware of any related party transactions which constituted a nonexempt connected transaction or continuing connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is public available and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company maintained the percentage prescribed for public float requirement under the Listing Rules at the date of this report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee, currently comprising two non-executive directors and two independent non-executive directors, has reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and has discussed the internal controls and financial reporting matters of the Company with the management of the Company. The audit committee has also reviewed the annual results of the Group for the Year.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association, or the laws of Cayman Islands, although there are no restrictions against such rights under the laws in the Cayman Islands.

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Shares.

資產抵押

資產抵押詳情載於綜合財務報表附註31。

退休福利計劃

退休福利計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表附註32。

關連交易

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,董事 並不知悉任何關聯方交易會構成上市規則第 14A章下本公司之非豁免關連交易或持續關連 交易。

公眾持股量

根據公開可得資料及據董事所知,於本報告日 期,本公司已維持上市規則項下規定之指定公 眾持股量百分比。

審核委員會

審核委員會現由兩名非執行董事及兩名獨立非 執行董事組成,並已與本公司管理層共同檢討 本集團所採納之會計原則及慣例,以及討論本 公司之內部監控及財務申報事宜。審核委員會 亦已審閱本集團於本年度之全年業績。

優先購買權

本公司之組織章程細則或開曼群島法例並無有 關優先購買權之條文,而開曼群島法例亦無對 有關權利之限制。

税務減免

本公司並不知悉股東因持有股份而可享有任何税務減免。

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Company maintained Directors' liability insurance to protect them from any loss to which the Directors of the Company might be liable arising from their actual or alleged misconduct.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 have been audited by HLM CPA Limited who will retire and eligible for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

The Group supports environmental protection, implements green office practices and promotes green awareness within the company. Such measures include the using of energy- saving lightings and recycled paper, minimising the use of paper, reducing energy consumption by switching off idle lightings, computers and electrical appliances.

On behalf of the Board

Dr. XIAO Yanming *Chairlady*

Hong Kong, 31 March 2021

獲准許的彌償條文

本公司已投保董事責任保險,以就本公司董事 可能需要承擔任何因其事實上或遭指控的不當 行為所引致的損失而向彼等提供保障。

核數師

本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 之綜合財務報表乃由恒健會計師行有限公司審 核,而恒健會計師行有限公司將於應屆股東週 年大會上退任並合資格重選。

環境政策

本集團於本公司支持環保,執行綠化辦公室活動及推廣環保意識。有關措施包括使用節能照明及環保紙、減少用紙、關掉閑置照明、電腦 及電器等節省耗能。

代表董事會

主席 肖艷明博士

香港,二零二一年三月三十一日

The Company is committed to maintain statutory and regulatory standards and adherence to the principles of corporate governance with emphasis on transparency, independence, accountability and responsibility. The Company reviews its corporate governance practices from time to time in order to meet the expectations of shareholders and to fulfill its commitment to excellence in corporate governance.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles, code provisions and recommended best practices as set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "**CG Code**") contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Listing Rules**"). During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company has complied with all code provisions, and where applicable, certain recommended best practices set out in the CG Code except for code provisions A.5.1 and A.6.7 of the CG Code as explained below.

Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company had adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "**Model Code**"), as contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules, as the required standard for the Directors of the Company to deal in the securities of the Company. Upon enquiry by the Company, all Directors of the Company have confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2020.

Board Diversity Policy

The Company continuously seeks to enhance the effectiveness of the Board and to maintain the highest standards of corporate governance and recognises and embraces the benefits of diversity in the Board. The Board has adopted a Board Diversity Policy which is available on the website of the Company. 本公司致力維持法定及法規標準,並謹守強調 透明、獨立、問責及負責之企業管治原則。本 公司不時檢討其企業管治常規,以達致股東之 期望及履行其對優越企業管治之承諾。

企業管治常規

本公司之企業管治常規乃根據香港聯合交易所 有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四 之企業管治守則及企業管治報告(「企業管治守 則」)所載之原則、守則條文及建議最佳慣例而 作出。於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度內,本公司已遵守載於企業管治守則之所有 守則條文及(如適用)若干建議最佳慣例,惟下 文所述之企業管治守則之守則條文第A.5.1及 第A.6.7條除外。

董事進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載之上市發行 人董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守則」) 作為本公司董事進行本公司證券交易之規定標 準。經本公司作出查詢後,本公司全體董事已 確認彼等於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度內一直遵守標準守則所載之規定標準。

董事會多元化政策

本公司一直務求提升董事會效率及維持最高水 平之企業管治,認同並確信董事會成員多元化 之好處。董事會已採納董事會多元化政策,可 於本公司之網站查閱。 The Company believes that a diversity of perspectives can be achieved through consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to skills, regional and industrial experience, cultural and educational background, race, gender and other qualities. In forming its perspective on diversity, the Company will also take into account factors based on its own business model and specific needs from time to time.

The composition, experience and balance of skills in the Board are regularly reviewed to ensure that the Board retains a core of members with longstanding knowledge of the Group alongside new Director(s) appointed from time to time who bring(s) fresh perspectives and diverse experiences to the Board. The process for the nomination of Directors is led by the Nomination Committee, which has been made on a merit basis. The Board will review the Board Diversity Policy on a regular basis to ensure its continued effectiveness.

The Board

Composition and Appointment

As at the date of this report, the Board of the Company comprises seven Directors, consisting of Dr. Xiao Yanming as executive Director and Chairlady; Mr. Tung Shu Sun, Ms. Li Ye and Mr. Wong Tsz Wai as nonexecutive Directors; and Mr. Lai Kim Fung, Ms. Wang Zhongqiu and Mr. Wong Yiu Kit, Ernest as independent non-executive Directors. Pursuant to the Listing Rules, each independent non-executive Director had given an annual confirmation of his independence to the Company.

Biographical details of the Directors as at the date of this report are set out in the section headed 'Biographical Details of Directors' of this annual report. Given the composition of the Board and the skills, knowledge and expertise of the Directors, the Board believes that it is appropriately structured to provide sufficient checks and balances to protect the interest of the Group and the shareholders. The Board will review its composition regularly to ensure that it has the appropriate balance of expertise, skills and experience to continue to effectively oversee the business of the Company. 本公司相信要獲得多樣化的觀點,可以從多方 面的因素考慮,包括(但不限於)技能、地區與 行業經驗、文化與教育背景、種族、性別及其 他特質。在實行多元化方面,本公司亦將根據 本身的業務模式及不時之特定需要考慮各種因 素。

董事會定期檢討其組合、經驗及技能平衡,確 保董事會保留一組對本集團有長期認識之核 心成員,同時不時委任之新董事可為董事會帶 來新觀點及多元化經驗。提名董事程序由提名 委員會帶領,並以用人唯賢為基準。董事會將 定期檢討董事會多元化政策,以確保其持續有 效。

董事會

組成及委任

於本報告日期,本公司董事會由七名董事組 成,包括執行董事及主席肖艷明博士;非執行 董事董樹新先生、李曄女士及黃子偉先生;以 及獨立非執行董事厲劍峰先生、王中秋女士及 黃耀傑先生。根據上市規則,各獨立非執行董 事已向本公司提供其獨立性年度確認書。

於本報告日期,董事履歷載於本年報「董事履 歷」一節。鑑於董事會之組成及董事之技能、 知識及專長,董事會認為,其架構已能恰當地 提供足夠之監察及平衡,以保障本集團及股東 之利益。董事會將定期檢討其組成,以確保其 在專長、技能及經驗方面維持合適之平衡,以 繼續有效地監管本公司之業務。

The Board is responsible for the management of and formulation in the Group's overall investment strategies and guidelines in accordance with the investment objective and policies of the Group. The Board is also responsible for performing the corporate governance duties set out in code provision D.3.1 of the CG Code which included developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices and corporate governance, reviewing the training and continuous professional development of Directors, reviewing the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, developing, reviewing the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors, and reviewing the Company's compliance with the code provision in the CG Code and disclosure in this report.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Board has established Board committees, namely, audit committee, remuneration committee, nomination committee and investment committee, and has delegated to these Board committees various responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference. The Board is accountable to the members of the Company for the performance and activities of the Group.

All Directors, including non-executive Directors and independent nonexecutive Directors, were appointed for a specific term of one year or three years and subject to re-election. One-third of the Directors of the Company (both executive and non-executive) are subject to retirement by rotation at an annual general meeting at least once every three years in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company.

Prior to the re-appointment of Mr. Phaisalakani on 23 January 2020, (i) the number of the INEDs had fallen below the minimum number required under Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules; (ii) the Board did not have at least one of its INEDs possessing appropriate professional gualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules; (iii) there was a vacancy for chairman of the Audit Committee, the number of members of the Audit Committee had fallen below the minimum number, and no INED who possesses appropriate qualifications or expertise has been appointed as a member of the Audit Committee as required under Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules; (iv) the Remuneration Committee to comprise a majority of INEDs could not be met, which did not fulfil the requirement under Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules; and (v) the Nomination Committee to comprise a majority of INEDs could not be met, which did not fulfil the requirement under Code Provision A.5.1 of the CG Code set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

董事會負責根據本集團之投資目標及政策管理 及制定本集團之整體投資策略及指引。董事會 亦負責履行企業管治守則之守則條文第D.3.1 條所載之企業管治職責,其中包括制定及審閱 本公司之政策及常規以及企業管治、審閲董事 之培訓及持續專業發展、審閱本公司有關遵守 法律及規管規定之政策及常規,制定、審閱僱 員及董事適用之操守守則及合規手冊(如有)以 及審閱本公司遵守企業管治守則之守則條文及 本報告內披露事項之情況。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度內, 董事會已成立董事委員會,即審核委員會、薪 酬委員會、提名委員會及投資委員會,並按該 等董事委員會各自之職權範圍向其轉授不同職 責。董事會須就本集團之表現及業務活動向本 公司股東負責。

全體董事(包括非執行董事及獨立非執行董事) 已獲委任一年或三年之指定任期,並須接受重 選。根據本公司組織章程細則,三分之一本公 司董事(執行及非執行)須至少每三年在股東 週年大會上輪值退任一次。

在二零二零年一月二十三日重新委任熊先生之前,(i)獨立非執行董事人數曾低於上市規則第 3.10(1)及3.10A條所規定的最少人數;(ii)董事 會並無至少一名獨立非執行董事擁有上市規則 第3.10(2)條所規定的合適專業資格或會計或 相關財務管理專業知識;(iii)審核委員會主席 懸空、審核委員會成員人數低於最少人數且根 據上市規則第3.21條並無擁有合適資格或專業 知識的獨立非執行董事獲委任為審核委員會成 員;(iv)不符合薪酬委員會大部分成員須為獨 立非執行董事,並無遵守上市規則第3.25條的 規定;及(v)不符合提名委員會大部分成員須為獨 面立非執行董事,並無遵守上市規則附錄十四 所載的企業管治守則守則條文第A.5.1項下的 規定。 The Company should appoint sufficient number of INED and make appropriate appointment to the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee within three months from date of insufficient number of INED pursuant to Rules 3.11, 3.23, 3.27 of the Listing Rules and Code Provision A.5.1 of the CG Code. On 17 January 2020, the Stock Exchange granted a waiver from strict compliance with Rule 3.10(1), 3.10(2), 3.10A, 3.21 and 3.25 of the Listing Rules and an extension of time for a period of one month to 31 January 2020.

Following the re-appointment of Mr. Phaisalakani as an independent nonexecutive director, the chairman of the Audit Committee, a member of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee on 23 January 2021, the Company fulfils the requirements under Rule 3.10(1), 3.10(2), 3.10A, 3.21 and 3.25 of the Listing Rules and Code Provision A.5.1 of the Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

As at the date of this report, the Company has complied with Rule 3.10(1), Rule 3.10(2), and Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules. The Company has appointed three independent non-executive Directors, one of whom possess the requisite appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. The Board confirmed that the independence and eligibility of the independent non-executive Directors are in compliance with the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules.

Under the code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code, independent nonexecutive Directors and other non-executive Directors should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of members. All Directors are encouraged to attend the Company's general meetings and each Director makes every effort to attend. However, two independent non-executive Directors and three non-executive Directors were unable to attend the annual general meeting held on 10 June 2020 due to other personal engagements.

The Board has effectively overseen and monitored the business activities, operational and financial performance of the Group, ensured a proper internal control system is in place to enable risks to be assessed and managed and the decisions were made in the best interests of the Company. The Board holds meetings from time to time whenever necessary and the Board considered that sufficient notice of Board meetings is given to Directors. The Company Secretary records and maintains the minutes of the Board meetings for inspection by Directors.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Board convened a total of 32 meetings, performing its duties in considering, inter alia, interim and final results and other matters pursuant to the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company. Real-time teleconference and video conference system was adopted at meeting to increase the attendance rate. 本公司須根據上市規則第3.11, 3.23, 3.27條以 及企業管治守則條文第A.5.1條的要求,在獨 立非執行董事人數不足之日起三個月內,委任 足夠獨立非執行董事人數及任命審核委員會主 席、薪酬委員會成員及提名委員會成員。於二 零二零年一月十七日,聯交所批准豁免嚴格遵 守上市規則第3.10(1)、3.10(2)、3.10A、3.21 及3.25條項下之規定,並將時限延長一個月至 二零二零年一月三十一日。

繼熊先生於二零二一年一月二十三日獲重新委 任為獨立非執行董事、審核委員會主席、薪酬 委員會成員及提名委員會成員後,本公司能遵 守上市規則第3.10(1)、3.10(2)、3.10A,3.21 及3.25條項下之規定及上市規則附錄十四所載 的企業管治守則條文第A.5.1條項下之規定。

於本報告日期,本公司已遵守上市規則第 3.10(1)、3.10(2)及3.10A條之規定。本公司已 委任三名獨立非執行董事,其中一名獨立非執 行董事具備所需合適專業資格或會計或相關財 務管理專長。董事會確認,獨立非執行董事之 獨立性及資格符合上市規則之有關規定。

根據企業管治守則條文第A.6.7條,獨立非執 行董事及其他非執行董事應出席股東大會,並 對股東之意見有公正之了解。全體董事獲鼓勵 出席本公司之股東大會及各董事均盡力出席。 然而,兩名獨立非執行董事及三名非執行董事 由於須處理其他私人事務,未克出席本公司於 二零二零年六月十日舉行之股東週年大會。

董事會對本集團業務活動、營運及財務表現進 行有效之監督和監控,確保已設立適當之內部 監控系統以令風險得到評估及管理,而所作之 決策均符合本公司最佳利益。董事會於必要時 候不時召開會議,董事會認為董事均獲發出董 事會會議之充分通知。公司秘書記錄及保存董 事會會議之會議記錄以供董事查閱。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政年度 內,董事會共召開三十二次會議,履行其職責 以考慮(其中包括)本公司中期及末期業績及其 他根據本公司組織章程細則條文進行之事項。 會議均借助同步電話會議及視像會議系統提高 會議出席率。

Directors' attendance at the meetings during the financial year ended 31 於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政年 December 2020 are as follows:

度,董事之會議出席資料如下:

Name of Director 董事姓名	Title 職銜	A Board Meetings 董事會會議 Attended/H 已出席/舉行	
 XIAO Yanming (appointed on 18 August 2020 and re-designated on 2 November 2020) 肖艶明(於二零二零年八月十八日獲 委任,並於二零二零年十一月二日 調任) 	Non-executive Director (from 18 August 2020 to 2 November 2020) 非執行董事(二零二零年八月十八 日至二零二零年十一月二日) Executive Director, Chairlady (since 2 November 2020) 執行董事、主席(自二零二零年 十一月二日)	23/23	N/A 不適用
CHAN Yiu Pun, Clement (resigned on 1 November 2020) 陳耀彬 (二零二零年十一月一日辭任)	Executive Director 執行董事	17/17	1/1
TUNG Shu Sun 董樹新	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	32/32	1/1
LI Ye (appointed on 7 October 2020) 李曄 (於二零二零年十月七日獲委任)	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	15/15	N/A 不適用
WONG Tsz Wai (appointed on 18 August 2020) 黃子偉 (於二零二零年八月十八日獲委任)	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	23/23	N/A 不適用
HU Haisong (resigned on 18 August 2020) 胡海松 (於二零二零年八月十八日辭任)	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	5/8	0/1
DANG Yin Liang (resigned on 7 October 2020) 黨銀良(於二零二零年十月七日辭任)	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	0/16	0/1
DING Shiguo (resigned on 18 August 2020) 丁世國(於二零二零年八月十八日辭任)	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	1/8	0/1

		Board Meetings 董事會會議	Annual General Meetings 股東週年大會
Name of Director	Title	Attended	/Held
董事姓名	職銜	已出席/舉	行次數
LAI Kim Fung (appointed on	Independent Non-executive	15/18	N/A
1 September 2020)	Directors		不適用
厲劍峰(於二零二零年九月一日獲委任)	獨立非執行董事		
WANG Zhongqiu (appointed on	Independent Non-executive	14/17	N/A
14 September 2020)	Directors		不適用
王中秋(於二零二零年九月十四日獲委任)	獨立非執行董事		
WONG Yiu Kit, Ernest (appointed on	Independent Non-executive	10/12	N/A
1 December 2020) ま 切(なく) かって、 この この たま (ない)			不適用
黃耀傑(於二零二零年十二月一日獲委任)	獨立非執行董事		
GUI Shengyue (resigned on 15 June 2020)	Independent Non-executive	1/4	0/1
桂生悦(於二零二零年六月十五日辭任)	Director		
	獨立非執行董事		
WANG Xianzhang (deceased on	Independent Non-executive	3/8	0/1
14 August 2020)	Director		
王憲章(於二零二零年八月十四日辭世)	獨立非執行董事		
PHAISALAKANI Vichai (re-appointed on	Independent Non-executive	9/16	1/1
23 January 2020 and resigned on			
1 December 2020) 約4	獨立非執行董事		
熊敬柳(於二零二零年一月二十三日再獲 委任並於二零二零年十二月一日辭任)			
女口业水—令—令十十—月 日附江/			

Every Board member has full access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary with a view to ensuring that Board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations are followed and they are also entitled to have full access to Board papers and related materials so that they are able to make an informed decision and to discharge their duties and responsibilities.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Dr. XIAO Yanming was the Chairlady of the Company and the Company has no Chief Executive Officer during the Year.

每位董事會成員均可獲得公司秘書全面之建議 及服務,以確保董事會之程序及所有適用規則 及規定獲得遵行,彼等亦可全面獲得董事會之 文件及相關資料,讓彼等能夠作出知情決定, 並履行彼等之職責及責任。

主席及行政總裁

於本年度內,肖艷明博士擔任本公司主席,而 本公司並無行政總裁。

DIRECTORS' PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Directors' training is an ongoing process. All Directors are encouraged to attend relevant training courses at the Company's expenses. They are requested to provide their respective training records to the Company Secretary.

The Company has complied with the code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code on Directors' training. A record of the training received by the respective Directors are kept and updated by the Company Secretary.

董事之專業發展

董事培訓乃持續過程。全體董事均獲鼓勵出席 相關培訓課程,費用由本公司承擔。彼等須向 公司秘書提供其各自培訓記錄。

本公司已就董事培訓遵守企業管治守則之守則 條文第A.6.5條。各董事所接受之培訓記錄由 本公司公司秘書保管及更新。

Type(s) of continuous

.....

Directors	董事	professional development activities 持續專業發展活動的類型
XIAO Yanming	肖艷明	В
CHAN Yiu Pun, Clement	陳耀彬	А, В
TUNG Shu Sun	董樹新	В
LI Ye	李曄	В
WONG Tsz Wai	黄子偉	В
HU Haisong	胡海松	В
DANG Yin Liang	黨銀良	В
DING Shiguo	丁世國	В
LAI Kim Fung	厲劍峰	В
WANG Zhongqiu	王中秋	В
WONG Yiu Kit, Ernest	黃耀傑	В
GUI Shengyue	桂生悦	В
WANG Xianzhang	王憲章	В
Vichai PHAISALAKANI	熊敬柳	В

A: Attending training sessions conducted by the Company

B: Reading articles, journal, newspapers and/or other materials provided by the Company

All Directors understand the importance of continuous professional development and are committed to participate any suitable training to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

出席本公司舉辦的培訓課程 B:

A:

閲覽本公司提供的文章、期刊、報章及/或其他材 料

全體董事知悉持續專業發展之重要性,並承諾 參與任何適合的培訓課程,以擴充及更新彼等 知識及技能。

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial Reporting

The management provides such explanation and information to the Board and reports regularly to the Board on financial position and prospects of the business of the Group so as to enable the Board to make an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before the Board for approval.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group. The Directors' responsibilities in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and the auditor's responsibilities are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report. The responsibility of the external auditor is to form an independent opinion, based on their audit, on those consolidated financial statements prepared by the Board and to report their opinion to the members of the Company. A statement by auditor about their reporting responsibility is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for overseeing the Group's risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness. The Audit Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its corporate governance roles in the Group's financial, operational, compliance, risk management and internal controls, and the resourcing of the finance and internal audit functions.

The Company has established an organizational structure with defined levels of responsibility and reporting procedures. Appropriate policies and controls have been designed and established to ensure that assets are safeguarded against improper use or disposal, relevant rules and regulations are adhered to and complied with, reliable financial and accounting records are maintained in accordance with relevant accounting standards and regulatory reporting requirements, and key risks that may impact on the Group's performance are appropriately identified and managed. The Company has adopted its risk management policy and the Group's internal control system is designed to provide reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage and eliminate risks of failure in operational systems and fulfillment of business objective. The system includes a defined management structure with segregation of duties and a cash management system such as monthly reconciliation of bank accounts.

問責及審核

財務申報

管理層須就本集團之財政狀況及業務前景向董 事會提供有關解釋及資料,並定期向董事會匯 報,以令董事會可於其批准前就所提交之財務 及其他資料作出知情評估。

董事知悉彼等須負責編製本集團之綜合財務報 表。有關董事編製綜合財務報表之責任及核數 師之責任均載於獨立核數師報告內。外聘核數 師負責根據彼等之審核結果,對董事會所編製 之綜合財務報表作出獨立意見,並向本公司股 東匯報彼等之意見。核數師作出之申報責任聲 明載於獨立核數師報告內。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會確認其監管本集團的風險管理及內部監 控系統的責任。審核委員會協助董事會履行其 於本集團財務、營運、合規、風險管理及內部 監控,以及財務及內部審計職能方面資源的監 管及企業管治角色。

本公司已建立一個有清晰的職責級別及匯報程 序的組織架構。適當的政策及監控經已訂立及 制定,以確保保障資產不會在未經許可下使用 或處置,依從及遵守相關規則及規例,根據相 關會計準則及監管申報規定保存可靠的財務及 會計記錄,以及適當地識別及管理可能影響本 集團表現的主要風險。本公司已採納風險管理 政策,而本集團之內部監控系統旨在針對重大 失實陳述或損失提供合理保證,並管理及消除 營運系統失效及未達成業務目標之風險。該系 統包括清晰劃分職責之管理架構及現金管理系 統(如銀行賬戶之每月對賬)。

The Company has appointed an independent professional as an internal audit and to report directly to the Audit Committee on a semi-annually basis. During the Year, Internal Audit conducted selective reviews of the effectiveness of the systems of risk management and internal controls of the Group over financial, operational and compliance controls with emphasis on information technology and security, data privacy and protection, business continuity management and procurement. These results were reported to the Audit Committee, which then reviewed and reported the same to the Board. The Audit Committee and the Board were not aware of any areas of concern that would have a material impact on the Group's financial position or results of operations and considered the risk management and internal control systems to be generally effective and adequate including the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of the accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions.

Based on the respective assessments made by management, the Audit Committee considered that for the year ended 31 December 2020:

- The risk management and internal control systems, as well as accounting systems of the Group were in place and functioning effectively and adequately, and were designed to provide reasonable assurance that material assets were protected, business risks attributable to the Group were identified and monitored, material transactions were executed in accordance with management's authorisation and the financial statements were reliable for publication.
- There was an ongoing process in place for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group.

本公司已委任一獨立專業人士為內部審計,並 每半年直接向審核委員會報告。於本年度內, 內部審計就本集團風險管理及內部監控系統在 財務、營運及合規監控方面的成效作出甄選檢 討,著重資訊技術及安全、資料私隱及保護、 業務持續性管理及採購方面的監控。有關結果 交由內部審計向審核委員會匯報。審核委員會 其後審閱有關資料並向董事會匯報。審核委員員 會及董事會均無發現任何將對本集團的財務狀 況或經營業績造成重大影響而需多加關注的 事項,亦認為風險管理及內部監控系統整體而 言充足並具成效,包括在會計、內部審計及財 務匯報職能方面有足夠的資源、員工資歷及經 驗,以及有足夠的員工培訓課程及預算。

根據管理人員所作之評估,審核委員會認為於 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度:

- 本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統,以 及會計系統已獲確立、足夠並有效地運 作,其目的是為提供合理保證,以確保 重要資產獲得保障、本集團營商之風險 得到確認及受到監控、重大交易均在管 理層授權下執行及財務報表能可靠地對 外發表。
- 監控系統持續運作,以識別、評估及管 理本集團所面對之重大風險。

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The nomination committee comprises five members and is currently consisting of three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Lai Kim Fung, Ms. Wang Zhongqiu and Mr. Wong Yiu Kit, Ernest, and two non-executive Director, namely, Ms. Li Ye and Mr. Wong Tsz Wai. Ms. Wang Zhongqiu is the chairman of the nomination committee.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, there was eight nomination committee meetings. The attendance of each of the members at such meeting are as follows:

提名委員會

提名委員會目前由五名成員組成,現時包括三 名獨立非執行董事(即厲劍峰先生、王中秋女 士及黃耀傑先生)及兩名非執行董事(即李曄 女士及黃子偉先生)。王中秋女士為提名委員 會主席。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政年度 內,本公司舉行八次提名委員會會議。各名成 員於該等會議之出席情況如下:

Name of Member 成員姓名	Title 職銜	Attended/Held 出席/舉行次數
LI Ye (appointed on 7 October 2020) 李曄女士 (於二零二零年十月七日獲委任)	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	3/3
WONG Tsz Wai (appointed on 18 August 2020) 黃子偉先生 (於二零二零年八月十八日獲委任)	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	6/6
HU Haisong (resigned on 18 August 2020) 胡海松(於二零二零年八月十八日辭任)	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	1/1
LAI Kim Fung (appointed on 1 September 2020) 厲劍峰 (於二零二零年九月一日獲委任)	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	5/5
WANG Zhongqiu (appointed on 14 September 2020) 王中秋(於二零二零年九月十四日獲委任)	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	4/4
WONG Yiu Kit, Ernest (appointed on 1 December 2020) 黃耀傑 (於二零二零年十二月一日獲委任)	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	N/A 不適用
WANG Xianzhang (deceased on 14 August 2020) 王憲章 (於二零二零年八月十四日辭世)	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	1/1
PHAISALAKANI Vichai (re-appointed on 23 January 2020 and resigned on 1 December 2020) 熊敬柳(於二零二零年一月二十三日再獲委任 並於二零二零年十二月一日辭任)	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	5/5

The Board adopted the terms of reference of the nomination committee which is available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The nomination committee is mainly responsible for the following functions: reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board and making recommendations to the Board on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors. The nomination committee also considered the past performance, qualification, general market conditions and the Articles of Association of the Company in selecting and recommending candidates for the directorship. During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the nomination committee has discussed and reviewed the Board composition and appointment, retirement and re-election of Directors.

DIRECTOR NOMINATION POLICY

The Board has delegated its responsibilities and authority for selection and appointment of Directors to the Nomination Committee of the Company.

The Company has adopted a Director Nomination Policy which sets out the selection criteria and process and the Board succession planning considerations in relation to nomination and appointment of Directors of the Company and aims to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Company and the continuity of the Board and appropriate leadership at Board level.

The Director Nomination Policy sets out the factors for assessing the suitability and the potential contribution to the Board of a proposed candidate, including but not limited to the following:

- Character and integrity.
- Qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience and diversity aspects under the Board Diversity Policy that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy.
- Any measurable objectives adopted for achieving diversity on the Board.

董事會採納提名委員會職權範圍,其可於聯交 所及本公司各自網站查閲。提名委員會主要 負責以下職能:檢討董事會結構、人數及組成 (包括技能、知識及經驗)及就董事會之任何建 議變動向董事會作出建議,以配合本公司之企 業策略,物色合適之合資格人士成為董事會成 員及評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性。於選擇及 推薦董事候選人時,提名委員會亦考慮過往表 現、資格、一般市場狀況及本公司之組織章程 細則。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政 年度內,提名委員會已討論及審閲董事會結構 及董事之委任、退任及重選。

董事提名政策

董事會已將其甄選和任命本公司董事的責任和 權力授予本公司提名委員會。

本公司採納了董事提名政策,載列本公司有關 提名及委任董事的甄選準則、程序、以及董事 會繼任計劃的相關考慮,目的是確保董事會成 員具備切合本公司業務所需的技巧、經驗和多 元化觀點,亦確保本公司董事會的持續性及維 持其領導角色。

董事提名政策列出了評估擬委任候選人適宜性 和對董事會潛在貢獻的因素,包括但不限於以 下方面:

- 品格與誠實。
- 資格,包括專業資格、技巧、知識及與
 本公司業務及策略相關的經驗,以及董
 事會成員多元化政策所提述的多元化因
 素。
- 為達致董事會成員多元化而採納的任何 可計量目標。

- Requirement for the Board to have independent directors in accordance with the Listing Rules and whether the candidate would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.
- Any potential contributions the candidate can bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experience, independence and gender diversity.
- Willingness and ability to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a member of the Board and/or Board committee(s) of the Company.
- Such other perspectives that are appropriate to the Company's business and succession plan and where applicable, may be adopted and/or amended by the Board and/or the Nomination Committee from time to time for nomination of directors and succession planning.

The Director Nomination Policy also sets out the procedures for the selection and appointment of new Directors and re-election of Directors at general meetings.

The Nomination Committee will review the Director Nomination Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its effectiveness.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company has a remuneration committee for determining the remuneration of Directors. The remuneration committee has adopted the model that it will determine, with delegated responsibility, the remuneration package of individual executive Directors and senior management. The remuneration committee comprises four members and is currently consisting of two independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Lai Kim Fung and Mr. Wong Yiu Kit, Ernest, and two non-executive Directors, namely, Ms. Li Ye and Mr. Wong Tsz Wai. Mr. Lai Kim Fung is the chairman of the remuneration committee.

- 根據上市規則,董事會需包括獨立非執 行董事的規定,以及參考上市規則內列 明候選人是否被視為獨立的指引。
- 候選人的專業資格、技巧、經驗、獨立 性及性別多元化方面可為董事會帶來的 任何潛在貢獻。
- 是否願意及是否能夠投放足夠時間履行 身為本公司董事會成員及/或擔任董事 會轄下委員會的委員的的職責。
- 其他適用於本公司業務及其繼任計劃的 其他各項因素,董事會及/或提名委員會 可不時就董事提名及繼任計劃採納及/ 或修訂有關因素。

董事提名政策亦載列新董事甄選及委任程序, 以及在股東大會上重選董事的程序。

提名委員會將適當地檢討董事會提名政策,以 確保其有效性。

薪酬委員會

本公司設有薪酬委員會以釐定董事之酬金。薪 酬委員會已採納該模式,其獲轉授責任釐定執 行董事及高級管理層之個別薪酬待遇。薪酬委 員會由四名成員組成,現時包括兩名獨立非執 行董事(即厲劍峰先生及黃耀傑先生)及兩名 非執行董事(即李曄女士及黃子偉先生)。厲劍 峰先生為薪酬委員會主席。

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, there were eight remuneration committee meetings to discuss remuneration related matters. The attendance of each of the members at such meeting are as follows: 於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政年度 內,本公司舉行八次薪酬委員會會議以討論薪 酬有關事宜。各名成員於該等會議之出席情況 如下:

Name of Member 成員姓名	Title 職銜	Attended/Held 出席/舉行次數
LI Ye (appointed on 7 October 2020) 李曄 (於二零二零年十月七日獲委任)	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	3/3
WONG Tsz Wai (appointed on 18 August 2020) 黄子偉 (於二零二零年八月十八日獲委任)	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	6/6
HU Haisong (resigned on 18 August 2020) 胡海松 (於二零二零年八月十八日辭任)	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	1/1
LAI Kim Fung (appointed on 1 September 2020) 厲劍峰 (於二零二零年九月一日獲委任)	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	5/5
WONG Yiu Kit, Ernest (appointed on 1 December 2020) 黃耀傑 (於二零二零年十二月一日獲委任)	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	1/1
WANG Xianzhang (deceased on 14 August 2020) 王憲章 (於二零二零年八月十四日辭世)	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	1/1
PHAISALAKANI Vichai (re-appointed on 23 January 2020 and resigned on 1 December 2020) 熊敬柳 (於二零二零年一月二十三日再獲委任	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	5/5

並於二零二零年十二月一日辭任)

The terms of reference of the remuneration committee are of no less exacting terms than those stipulated in the CG Code. The terms of reference of the remuneration committee is available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The remuneration committee is mainly responsible for the following functions: determining the Company's framework or board policy for remuneration of Directors and senior management, determining the policy and scope of pension and compensation arrangements for executive Directors and senior management, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment and reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals objectives.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the remuneration committee has reviewed the remuneration packages of the Directors and employees of the Group with reference to the factors including but not limited to salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of them and considered that are fair and reasonable.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has set up an audit committee to review the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and the audit committee has discussed the risk management, internal controls and financial reporting matters of the Group with the management of the Company. The audit committee has also reviewed interim results and the annual results of the Group for the current year. The audit committee comprises four members and is currently consisting of two independent nonexecutive Directors, namely, Mr. Lai Kim Fung and Mr. Wong Yiu Kit, Ernest, and two non-executive Director, namely, Ms. Li Ye and Mr. Wong Tsz Wai. Mr. Wong Yiu Kit, Ernest is the chairman of the audit committee. 薪酬委員會職權範圍之條款之嚴謹程度不遜於 企業管治守則所訂明者。薪酬委員會之職權範 圍可於聯交所及本公司各自之網站查閱。薪酬 委員會主要負責以下職能:參考董事會之公司 目標釐定董事及高級管理層薪酬之公司架構或 董事會政策,釐定執行董事及高級管理層之退 休金及補償安排之政策及範圍,包括彼等失去 或終止職務或委任而應付之任何補償,以及檢 討及批准管理層之薪酬建議。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政年度 內,薪酬委員會已參考包括但不限於可比較的 公司所支付之薪酬、投入時間及彼等之職責等 因素而檢討董事及本集團僱員之薪酬待遇,並 認為其屬公平合理。

審核委員會

本公司已設立審核委員會,以審閱本集團所採 納之會計準則及常規,且審核委員會已與本公 司管理層討論本集團之風險管理,內部監控及 財務申報事宜。審核委員會亦已審閱本集團於 本年度之中期業績及全年業績。審核委員會由 四名成員組成,現時包括兩名獨立非執行董事 (即厲劍峰先生及黃耀傑先生)及兩名非執行董 事(即李曄女士及黃子偉先生)。黃耀傑先生為 審核委員會主席。

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, there were three audit committee meetings. The attendance of each of the members at such meetings are as follows:

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政年度 內,本公司已舉行三次審核委員會會議。各成 員出席該等會議之情況如下:

Name of Member 成員姓名	Title 職銜	Attended/Held 出席/舉行次數
LI Ye (appointed on 7 October 2020) 李曄 (於二零二零年十月七日獲委任)	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	N/A 不適用
WONG Tsz Wai (appointed on 18 August 2020) 黃子偉 (於二零二零年八月十八日獲委任)	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	1/1
HU Haisong (resigned on 18 August 2020) 胡海松 (於二零二零年八月十八日辭任)	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	2/2
LAI Kim Fung (appointed on 1 September 2020) 厲劍峰 (於二零二零年九月一日獲委任)	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	N/A 不適用
WONG Yiu Kit, Ernest (appointed on 1 December 2020) 黃耀傑 (於二零二零年十二月一日獲委任)	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	N/A 不適用
WANG Xianzhang (deceased on 14 August 2020) 王憲章 (於二零二零年八月十四日辭世)	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	2/2
 PHAISALAKANI Vichai (re-appointed on 23 January 2020 and resigned on 1 December 2020) 熊敬柳(於二零二零年一月二十三日再獲委任 並於二零二零年十二月一日辭任) 	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	3/3

The terms of reference of the audit committee are of no less exacting terms than those stipulated in the CG Code. The terms of reference of the audit committee is available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The audit committee is mainly responsible for the following functions: monitoring integrity of the Company's financial statements, including annual report and accounts, interim and other periodic reports, preliminary result announcements and reviewing significant financial reporting judgments contained in them and reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls and risk management systems.

審核委員會職權範圍之條款之嚴謹程度不遜於 企業管治守則所訂明者。審核委員會之職權範 圍可於聯交所及本公司各自之網站查閱。審核 委員會主要負責以下職能:監察本公司財務報 表之完整性,包括年報及賬目、中期及其他定 期報告、初步業績公佈及審閲其所載之重大財 務報告判斷以及審閲本集團之內部監控及風險 管理系統之有效性。 The audit committee has reviewed the auditing performance, the risk management, the internal controls, the unaudited consolidated interim financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2020 and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

The investment committee is responsible for formulating investment policies and reviewing and determining the investment portfolio of the Group. The investment committee comprises five members and consists of one executive Director, Dr. Xiao Yanming, two non-executive Director, namely, Ms. Li Ye and Mr. Wong Tse Wai, two independent non-executive Director, namely, Mr. Lai Kim Fung and Ms. Wang Zhongqiu. Dr. Xiao Yanming is the chairlady of the investment committee.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, there were four investment committee meetings. The attendance of each of the members at such meetings are as follows:

審核委員會已審閲核數表現、風險管理、內部 監控、本集團截至二零二零年六月三十日止六 個月之未經審核綜合中期財務報表及本集團截 至二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政年度之經 審核綜合財務報表。

投資委員會

投資委員會負責制定投資政策及審閲及釐定 本集團之投資組合。投資委員會由五名成員組 成,包括一名執行董事肖艷明博士、兩名非執 行董事(即李曄女士及黃子偉先生)、兩名獨立 非執行董事(即厲劍峰先生及王中秋女士)。肖 艷明博士為投資委員會主席。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政年度 內,本公司已舉行四次投資委員會會議。各成 員出席該等會議之情況如下:

Name of Member 成員姓名	Title 職銜	Attended/Held 出席/舉行次數
 XIAO Yanming (appointed on 18 August 2020 and re-designated on 2 November 2020) 肖艷明(於二零二零年八月十八日獲委任, 並於二零二零年十一月二日調任) 	Non-executive Director (from 18 August 2020 to 2 November 2020) 非執行董事(二零二零年八月十八日至 二零二零年十一月二日)	1/1
	Executive Director, Chairlady (since 2 November 2020) 執行董事、主席 (自二零二零年十一月二日)	
CHAN Yiu Pun, Clement (resigned on 1 November 2020) 陳耀彬 (二零二零年十一月一日辭任)	Executive Director 執行董事	3/3
LI Ye (appointed on 7 October 2020) 李曄 (於二零二零年十月七日獲委任)	Executive Director 執行董事	1/1

Name of Member 成員姓名	Title 職銜	Attended/Held 出席/舉行次數
WONG Tsz Wai (appointed on 18 August 2020) 黃子偉 (於二零二零年八月十八日獲委任)	Executive Director 執行董事	2/2
HU Haisong 胡海松	Non-executive Director 非執行董事	1/2
LAI Kim Fung (appointed on 1 September 2020) 厲劍峰(於二零二零年九月一日獲委任)	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	1/1
WANG Zhongqiu (appointed on 14 September 2020) 王中秋(於二零二零年九月十四日獲委任)	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	1/1
WANG Xianzhang (deceased on 14 August 2020) 王憲章(於二零二零年八月十四日辭世)	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	2/2

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Koon Wai Hung, the Company Secretary of the Company, has confirmed that he has fulfilled the training requirements under the Listing Rules for the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the remuneration payable to the Company's external auditor in respect of audit services and nonaudit services were approximately HK\$250,000 (2019: HK\$250,000) and nil (2019: HK\$30,000) respectively.

MEMBERS' RIGHTS

Way to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting

Pursuant to Article 58 of the Articles of Association of the Company, any one or more members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition.

公司秘書

官偉雄先生為本公司之公司秘書,彼已確認於 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政年度已 遵守上市規則項下之培訓規定。

核數師酬金

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政年度, 本公司就審核服務及非審核服務應付本公司之 外聘核數師之薪酬分別約為250,000港元(二 零一九年:250,000港元)及無(二零一九年: 30,000港元)。

股東權利

召開股東特別大會之方式

根據本公司之組織章程細則第58條,於遞交 呈請日期持有附帶權利可於本公司股東大會上 投票之本公司繳足股本不少於十分之一之任何 一名或以上股東,於任何時候均有權透過向董 事會或本公司秘書提交書面呈請之方式,要求 董事會就處理該呈請所指明之任何事務召開股 東特別大會。

Members' Enquiries

Members should direct their questions about their shareholdings to the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong. Members may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent that such information is publicly available. Members may also make enquiries to the following contact details of the Company:

Address:	Room 901, Sing Ho Finance Building,			
	166–168 Gloucester Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong			
Tel:	+852 3901 0901			
Email:	info@goldstoneinvest.com			

Procedures and Sufficient Contact Details for Putting Forward Proposals at Members' Meetings

Members are welcomed to suggest proposals relating to the operations, strategy and/or management of the Group to be discussed at members' meeting. Proposal shall be sent to the Board or the Company Secretary by written requisition. Pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company, members who wish to put forward a proposal should convene an extraordinary general meeting by the procedures set out in "Way to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting" above.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Communication with Investors

The Board maintains an on-going dialogue with the Company's members through various channels including the Company's financial reports (interim and annual reports), annual general meeting and other general meetings. Members are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at the general meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend the general meetings. The results of the voting by poll are published on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company on a timely basis.

For both investors and other stakeholders, the Company's website www.goldstoneinvest.com provides latest information on the Group. All key information about the Group such as the Company's financial reports, announcements, circular and other corporate information can be downloaded from this website.

股東查詢

股東應向本公司香港股份過戶登記處提出有關 其股權之疑問。股東可隨時要求索取有關本公 司資料(以公開資料為限)。股東亦可透過本公 司下列聯絡資料作出查詢:

地址:	香港灣仔告士打道166–168號
	信和財務大廈901室
電話:	+852 3901 0901
電郵:	info@goldstoneinvest.com

於股東大會上提呈建議之程序及充足之聯絡資 料

本公司歡迎股東提呈有關本集團業務、策略 及/或管理之建議於股東大會上討論。有關建 議須透過書面請求送交董事會或公司秘書。根 據本公司之組織章程細則,擬提出建議之股東 應透過上文「召開股東特別大會之方式」所載 之程序召開股東特別大會。

投資者關係

與投資者之溝通

董事會透過多種渠道(包括本公司之財務報告 (中期及年度報告)、股東週年大會及其他股東 大會)維持與本公司股東保持持續對話。股東 獲鼓勵參與股東大會,倘未能出席大會,亦鼓 勵彼等委任代表代其出席大會及於會上投票。 投票表決結果將及時刊載於聯交所及本公司各 自之網站。

就投資者及其他利益相關人士而言,本公司網站www.goldstoneinvest.com提供有關本集團之最新資料。有關本集團之所有重要資料(如本公司之財務報告、公佈、通函及其他公司資料)均可從該網站下載。

Dividend Policy

The Board has adopted the Dividend Policy, pursuant to which the Board may propose to declare and distribute dividends to the shareholders after taking into consideration of, *inter alia*, the following factors:

- (a) general economic conditions;
- (b) the Group's financial results;
- the Group's capital requirement for business strategies and future development needs;
- (d) possible effects on the Group's liquidity;
- (e) shareholders' expectations; and
- (f) other factors which the Board may consider appropriate.

Declaration of the dividend by the Company is also subject to any restrictions under the Laws of Cayman Island, Articles of Association and any applicable laws, rules and regulations. The Company in general meeting may from time to time declare dividends to be paid to the shareholders but no dividend shall be declared in excess of the amount recommended by the Board. The Board may from time to time pay to the shareholders such interim dividends as appeared to the Board to be justified by the profits of the Group.

股息政策

董事會已採納股息政策,據此,董事會經考慮 (其中包括)以下因素後,可建議向股東宣派股 息:

- (a) 體經濟狀況;
- (b) 集團的財務業績;
- (c) 本集團業務策略及未來發展所需的資金 需求;
- (d) 對本集團流動資金可能造成的影響;
- (e) 股東期望;及
- (f) 董事會認為適當的其它因素。

本公司宣派股息亦須遵守開曼群島法例、組織 章程細則及任何適用法律、規則及規定的任何 限制。本公司在股東大會可不時宣佈向股東派 發股息,惟股息額不得超過董事會建議宣派的 數額。董事會可不時向股東派付其鑑於本集團 利潤認為合理的中期股息。 The Company is an investment company and principally engages in investments in a diversified portfolio of listed and unlisted companies. As an investment company, the Company does not directly participate in the production and operation of these listed and unlisted companies. While actively seeking to optimise its investment portfolio and maximise shareholder return, the Company lives up to its corporate social responsibility and strikes a balance between the interests of stakeholders such as the shareholders and the community, with the ultimate goal of achieving a sustainable corporation.

The Company has adopted its policy which set out guidelines to the directors, officers and all relevant employees of the Company to maintain an approach that integrates environmental, social and governance ("**ESG**") factors into its investment process and business in order to maximize the interests of the Group. The Company will take into account ESG considerations when performing investment analysis and decision-making processes. These assessments form an important input for the Company in reaching a decision whether to invest and in monitoring its investment portfolios.

This environmental, social and governance report ("**ESG Report**") has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "**ESG Guide**") as contained in Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules. The ESG Guide requires a listed company to identify and disclose ESG information that is material and relevant to its business.

The initiatives of the Company in implementing environment and socialrelated policies are as follows:

- To optimize efficient use of resources in efforts to minimize impact on the environment and natural resources;
- (2) To encourage employees to be environmentally conscientious; and
- (3) To contribute to the community's well-being.

本公司為一間投資公司,而本公司之主要業務 為投資於上市及非上市公司之多元化投資組 合。作為投資公司,本公司未直接參與這些上 市及非上市公司的生產及營運。然而,本公司 於積極尋求優化投資組合,提升股東回報的同 時,仍然恪守企業社會責任,平衡股東、社區 等各持份者的利益,致力取得企業可持續發展。

本公司已採納政策,當中載列其對本公司董 事、高級職員及所有相關僱員之指引,以維持 將環境、社會及管治(「ESG」)因素整合至其投 資過程及業務之方針,從而為本集團帶來最大 利益。本公司將於進行投資分析時及決策過程 中計及ESG考量。該等評估構成本公司於達致 是否投資之決定及監管其投資組合時之重要輸 入數據。

本環境、社會及管治報告(「ESG報告」)已根據 上市規則附錄27所載之環境、社會及管治報 告指引(「ESG指引」)編製。ESG指引規定上市 公司識別及披露屬重大及與其業務相關之ESG 資料。

本公司於實行環境及社會相關政策時之措施如 下:

- 優化資源的有效運用以盡量減低對環境 及天然資源造成的影響;
- (2) 鼓勵僱員有環保意識;及
- (3) 為社群享有更美好的明天作出貢獻。

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT AND MATERIALITY

In order to identify the most significant ESG aspects for the Group to report on for this ESG report, key stakeholders such as investors, shareholders and employees have been taken into consideration. As the Group is principally engaged in investments in a diversified portfolio of listed and unlisted companies, the Group did not have any major suppliers, therefore disclosures relating to supply chain management as set forth in the ESG Guide is not applicable to the Group.

STAKEHOLDERS' FEEDBACK

The Company welcomes stakeholders' feedback on our ESG approach and performance. Suggestions can be sent to us via e-mail at ESG@goldstoneinvest.com.

A. ENVIRONMENTAL

Emissions and Use of Resources

The Company's operation is mainly office-based and the Company is committed to minimising the impact of businesses on the environment through adopting eco-friendly measures at the office. For example, staff is encouraged to reduce paper consumption by double-sided printing and reusing papers printed on one side.

In terms of energy saving measures, there are a number of good practices at office as follows:

- A mix of LED and fluorescent lights are used to reduce energy consumption for lighting;
- Staff is reminded to switch off lights and air conditioning in the meeting room and the computer at the workstation when it is not in use;
- The room temperature is maintained at 25 degrees Celsius in summer to save energy; and
- Conference calls or video conference instead of face-to-face meetings are arranged where possible.

The Company is dedicated to sustain implementation of the measures above, while it will explore other ecofriendly initiatives.

持份者之參與及重要性

為確定本集團於本環境、社會及管治報告中所 匯報之最重要環境、社會及管治方向,當中已 考慮主要持份者如投資者、股東及僱員。由於 本集團主要從事投資於上市及非上市公司之多 元化投資組合,本集團並無任何主要供應商, 因此,環境、社會及管治指引中所載有關供應 鏈管理的披露對本集團並不適用。

持份者意見

本公司歡迎持份者就我們的環境、社會及管治 方針及表現提出意見。相關建議可發送至電郵 地址ESG@goldstoneinvest.com。

A. 環境

排放物與資源使用

本公司以辦公室運作為主。因此,本公 司通過辦公室內的環保措施,致力盡量 減少公司對環境的影響。例如,本公司 鼓勵員工多採用雙面打印,以及重用已 經單面打印的紙張。

在節能方面,本公司已實施了下列良好 措施:

- 以LED光管取代一部份的普通光
 管,以減低照明的能源消耗;
- 當會議室閒置時,員工會關掉房中 的空調和燈;
- 辦公室於夏天的室內溫度亦保持在
 25攝氏度,以節省能源;及
- 盡量安排以電話或視像會議代替面 談。

本公司將繼續致力執行上述措施,同時 亦會積極研究推行其他環保措施。 Given the nature of the Group's business, the main emissions and wastes produced by the Group are primarily attributable to its use of electricity, water, paper and gasoline. The Group does not produce any hazardous waste in its operations. The Company believes that its business operations have minimal direct impact on the environment and natural resources. The Company is not aware of any material non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the environment and natural resource relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

Electricity

The Company endeavors to conserve energy by utilising energy efficient equipment and light fixtures. Employees are encouraged to save energy by turning off lights and equipment when not in use.

Electricity consumed by the Group's office in its normal business operations is supplied by The Hongkong Electric Co., Ltd. The electricity consumption by the Group at its office was approximately 21,433 (2019: 26,752) kWh, producing CO_2 equivalent emissions of approximately 16,932 (2019: 21,134) kg and an energy consumption intensity of approximately 177 (2019: 48) kWh per square meter during the year.

Water

There is no direct water supply to the office apart from water uses/ affluent discharges at shared facilities of the office building for which no usage statistics are available. Water consumption by the Group for the year involved mainly bottled drinking water uses at its offices premises and the Group's business operations do not require any other water usage. The Group's office utilised a total of approximately 10.40 (2019: 5.60) m³ of drinking water with a water consumption intensity of approximately 1.49 (2019: 0.70) m³ per employee for domestic consumption during the year. 鑑於本集團業務的性質,其主要排放及產 生的廢料主要源自其使用的電力、水、紙 及汽油。本集團的營運並不產生任何危 險廢物。本公司相信其業務營運對環境 及自然資源造成的直接影響甚為輕微。 就本公司所知,並無任何重大不遵守有 關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的 排污、有害及無害廢棄物產生之相關法 律法規的情況而對環境及天然資源造成 顯著影響。

電力

本公司通過使用節能設備和燈具而致力 節約能源。本公司鼓勵員工關掉不使用 的燈具和設備以節省能源。

本集團辦公室於正常業務營運的用電 由香港電燈供應。於本年度,集團辦公 室的用電量約為21,433(二零一九年: 26,752)千瓦時,產生二氧化碳當量排 放約16,932(二零一九年:21,134)公斤 而能源消耗強度為每平方米約177(二零 一九年:48)千瓦時。

用水

除了在辦公室建築物的共用設施之用 水/污水排放(無法取得有關用量的統計 數據)外,辦公室並無直接供水。本集團 本年度的用水量主要是其辦公室物業的 瓶裝水飲用水而本集團的業務營運毋須 其他用水。本集團辦公室於本年度使用 共約10.40(二零一九年:5.60)立方米的 食水而每名僱員在日常使用方面的用水 強度約為1.49(二零一九年:0.70)立方 米。

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Paper

The Company encourages employees to go paperless as much as possible by limiting printouts as well as communicating via e-mail as opposed to fax. Employees are also encouraged to re-use paper and conserve paper usage by printing double-sided to the extent practicable. The Group has not otherwise adopted any dedicated recycling programme regarding paper uses.

During the year, the Group used a total of approximately 219 (2019: 280) kg of print paper in its normal office- based operations and the total CO_2 equivalent emissions for the paper used was approximately 1,053 (2019: 1,342) kg.

Gasoline

The Company encourages employees to always keep the environment in mind when undertaking business activities including use of public transportation to travel to properties. Employees are encouraged to optimize resources to help the Group minimize its impact on the environment and natural resources.

During the year, a total of approximately 0 (2019: 3,387) litres of unleaded petrol was used for the motor vehicles of the Group.

用紙

本公司鼓勵僱員盡量無紙化辦公,減少 打印並以電郵(而非傳真)通訊。本集團 亦鼓勵員工在切實可行情況重用紙張及 採用雙面打印節省紙張用量。本集團並 無在其他方面就用紙而採納任何專項回 收計劃。

於本年度,本集團於正常以辦公室運作 為主使用合共約219(二零一九年:280) 公斤的印刷紙張,用紙的總二氧化碳當 量排放約為1,053(二零一九年:1,342) 公斤。

汽油

本公司鼓勵員工辦公時,時刻以環境為 念,包括使用公共交通工具往返不同物 業。本集團鼓勵員工優化資源運用,協 助集團盡量減少對環境和天然資源造成 影響。

於本年度,本集團的汽車已使用合共約0 (二零一九年:3,387)公升的無鉛汽油。

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Emissions data from the vehicles used by the Group are set out as follows:

本集團使用的汽車的排放數據載列如下:

		Nitrogen Oxides 氮氧化物 (NOx) (g) (克)	Sulphur Oxides 硫氧化物 (SOx) (g) (克)	Particulate Matters 懸浮顆 (PM) (g) (克)	Carbon Dioxide 二氧化碳 (CO ₂) (kg) (公斤)
Unleaded Petrol used by the private vehicles of the Group during the year ended	本集團的私家車於截至 以下日期止年度使用 的無鉛汽油				
31 December 2020	二零二零年十二月 三十一日	0	0	0	0
31 December 2019	二零一九年十二月 三十一日	1,341	50	99	7,993

B. SOCIAL

Employment and Labour Practices

The Company has complied with the applicable employmentrelated laws and regulations currently in force in Hong Kong. The Company does not employ staffs who are below 18 years of age. The Company provided such rights and benefits to its employees which are no less than those required statutorily. No employee is paid less than the minimum wage specified by the Minimum Wage Ordinance (Chapter 608 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Company's contributions to the defined contribution retirement scheme it operated under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are made by each monthly contribution day.

The Company is not aware of any material non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to prevention of child and forced labour.

B. 社會

僱傭及勞工常規

本公司遵守香港現行之適用的僱傭相關 法例及法規。本公司概無僱傭未滿18歲 之員工,並向員工提供不低於法定標準的 勞工權利及福利。概無向任何僱員支付 低於最低工資條例(香港法律第608章) 之工資。本公司根據強制性公積金計劃 於每個月的供款日之前向其經營之定額 供款退休計劃作出供款。

就本公司所知,並無任何重大不遵守相 關法律法規的情況而在防止童工及強迫 勞動方面對本集團造成顯著影響。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

Working Conditions, Health and Safety

The Company is committed to complying with the laws relating to anti-discrimination and equal opportunities promotion. It also strives to provide a pleasant, safe and healthy workplace for our employees. We care for our employees and recognize that having positive attitude helps motivate employees at workplace.

The Company has developed a set of work safety codes covering areas of environmental hygiene and cleanliness, machine operation, smoking ban and fire prevention, hazardous materials handling, arrangements in times of typhoons and rainstorms, as well as response to emergencies, etc. It also requires strict compliance with these work safety codes by its employees.

The Company is not aware of any material non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to providing a safe working environment & protecting employees from occupational hazards during the Year.

Staff Care, Development and Training

We consider our employees an important asset of the Company. We strive to provide a fair and respectful working environment to our employees. In selecting our employees, the Company considers the experience, knowledge and background of the individual that can contribute to the diversity and caliber of the Company.

The Company supports its staff to develop and enhance their professional knowledge and skills to cope with the evolving market environment and compliance level. On top of on-the-job training, the staff is encouraged to take external professional training to strengthen their work-related expertise. The Company offers training program in compliance to our directors and employees through necessary continuous training courses. The range of training hours varies depending on seminar, courses and events available for the year. During the year, the company secretary of the Company has completed more than 15 hours of training related to the Continuing Professional Development (CPD) requirements in order to discharge his duties professionally.

We adopt a five-day workweek and encourage our employees to have a good balance among health, work and social or family activities.

工作環境、健康及安全

本公司致力遵守有關反歧視及推廣平等 機會之法例。其亦力求為僱員提供舒適、 安全及健康之工作環境。本公司關心其 僱員,並明白正面態度有助於工作環境 激勵僱員。

本公司已制定一套工作安全守則,其涵 蓋環境衛生及清潔、機器操作、禁煙及 防火、危險物料處理、颱風及暴雨安排 以及緊急情況應對等範圍,並要求其僱 員嚴格遵守工作安全守則。

於本年度內,就本公司所知,並無任何 重大不遵守相關法律法規的情況而在提 供安全工作環境及保障員工免於職業危 害事故方面對本集團造成顯著影響。

員工關懷、發展及培訓

本公司認為僱員為本公司之重要資產。 本公司力求為僱員提供公平及受尊重之 工作環境。於選擇僱員時,本公司考慮 有關人選之經驗、知識及背景是否可向 本公司之多元化及質素作出貢獻。

本公司支持員工發展及提升彼等之專業 知識及技能,以應付不斷演變之市場環 境及合規水平。除在職培訓外,本公司亦 鼓勵員工接受外部專業培訓,以加強彼 等與工作相關之專業知識。本公司透過 必要之持續培訓課程為本公司董事及僱 員提供合規培訓。培訓時數按年內可參 與之研討會、課程及活動而有所不同。 年內,本公司之公司秘書已完成超過15 小時之有關持續專業發展(CPD)規定之培 訓,以專業地履行彼之職責。

本公司採納五天工作週,並鼓勵本公司 之僱員於健康、工作及社交或家庭活動 之間取得良好平衡。

Anti-corruption

The Company upholds high standards on promoting anticorruption, with all its employees and directors are required to maintain a high level of business ethics. The Company strives to eliminate bribery and corruption across its management and staff. To do so, all employees are required to comply with the relevant anticorruption laws and guidelines so as to ensure that they carry out their duties in good faith. The Company closely monitors the conduct of its staff to prevent wrong-doings amongst the Board, its senior management and its staff, such as prohibiting transfer of benefits while considering any company or project investment. The Audit Committee has the overall responsibility for matters related to the internal controls of anti-corruption.

During the reporting period, the Company had no legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the Company or its employees.

Community Investment

The Company is fully aware of the importance of interacting with the wider community in fulfilling corporate social responsibility. In this aspect, the Company and its Investment Manager would explore the possibility to identify suitable partners and support community and environmental programmes that align with the Company's missions and values.

The Company believes the best way to serve the community is to drive positive impact through our investment portfolio. During the year, the Company explored investment opportunities in several proposed environmental protection projects. To create shared values with the community and stakeholders, the Company will continue to consider ESG factors in selecting future investment projects.

反貪污

本公司堅持推廣反貪污之高標準,其所 有僱員及董事均須維持高水平之商業道 德。本公司力求消除其管理層及員工之 間之賄賂及貪污。就此而言,本公司要求 所有僱員遵守相關反貪污法例及指引, 以確保以良好誠信履行彼等之職務。本 公司密切監察其員工之行為,以防止董 事會、其高級管理層及其員工之不當行 為,例如於考慮任何公司或項目投資時 禁止轉讓利益。審核委員會須為有關內 部控制反貪污之事宜負全責。

於報告期間,本公司並無有關本公司或 其僱員之貪污行為之法律案件。

社區投資

本公司充分瞭解跟廣大社會互動的重要 性。有鑒於此,本公司將與其投資經理 共同探討識別合適的合作夥伴及支持與 公司使命和價值觀一致的社區及環境項 目的機會。

我們認為回饋社會的最佳方式,是透過本 公司的投資組合推動社區的正面影響。 於本年度,本公司尋找於不同的環境保 護項目作出投資的機會。本公司將繼續 探討於選擇投資項目時考慮環境、社會 及管治因素的可能性,與社會及持份者 創造共同價值。

C. HKEX ESG GUIDE REFERENCE

C. 聯交所ESG指引參考索引

HKEx ESG Guide Subject Areas 聯交所ESG指引中的主要範疇	ESG Aspects 各範疇的相關層面	Disclosure Reference 披露內容參考索引
Environmental A.環境	A1. Emissions A1. 排放物 A2. Use of resources A2. 資源使用	Refer to the "Environmental" section of this ESG Report. 詳情載於本 ESG 報告的「環境」標題之下。
	A3. The environment and natural resources A3. 環境及天然資源	The office-based nature of the Company's operations are not considered to have significant impact on environment and natural resources. 本公司認為其以辦公室為主的運作對環境及天然資源不構成重大影響。
Social Employment a B.社會 practices 僱傭及勞工常	B1.僱傭	All matters related to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare complied with the Employment Ordinance. 我們在有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元 化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的事項上遵守僱傭條例。
	B2. Health and safety B2.健康與安全	The office-based operation of the Company is not considered to have significant occupational hazards. The Company has complied with all the major relevant laws and regulations such as Occupational Safety And Health Ordinance. 本公司認為其以辦公室為主的運作不構成重大的職業性危害。我們遵守所有相關法律及規例,如職業安全及健康條例。
	B3. Development and training B3. 發展及培訓	Refer to "Social" section of this ESG Report. 詳情載於本 ESG報告的「社會」標題之下。
	B4. Labour standards B4. 勞工準則	Child labour and forced labour are prohibited in the Company. 本公司嚴禁使用童工或強制勞工。
Operating pra 營運慣例	ectices B5. Supply Chain Management B5. 供應鏈管理	The office-based operation of the Company is not considered to have a significant environmental and social risks of the supply chain. 本公司認為其以辦公室為主的運作在管理供應鏈上不構成重大的環境及 社會風險。
	B6. Product responsibility B6.產品責任	The office-based operation of the Company is not considered to have significant environmental and social risks of product responsibility due to its nature of business. 本公司認為因其業務性質,以其以辦公室為主的運作在產品責任上不構成重大的環境及社會風險。
	B7. Anti-corruption B7.反貪污	Refer to "Social" section of this ESG Report. 詳情載於本 ESG報告的「社會」標題之下。
Community 社區	B8. Community investment 8.社區投資	Refer to "Social" section of this ESG Report. 詳情載於本 ESG報告的「社會」標題之下。

恒健會計師行有限公司 HLM CPA LIMITED

Certified Public Accountants

TO THE MEMBERS OF GOLDSTONE INVESTMENT GROUP LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS EAGLE RIDE INVESTMENT HOLDINGS LIMITED)

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Goldstone Investment Group Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**") set out on pages 58 to 151, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("**the Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Rooms 1501-8, 15th Floor, Tai Yau Building, 181 Johnston Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong. 香港灣仔莊士敦道 181 號 大有大廈 15 楼 1501-8 室 Tel 電話: (852) 3103 6980 Fax 傳真: (852) 3104 0170 E-mail 電郵: info@hlm.com.hk

致金石投資集團有限公司(前稱為鷹力投資控 股有限公司)各股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

吾等已審核刊於第58至151頁金石投資集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集 團」)之綜合財務報表,其中包括於二零二零年 十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表,以及截至 該日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜 合權益變動報表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合 財務報表附註(包括主要會計政策概要)。

吾等認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計 師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈的香港財務報 告準則(「**香港財務報告準則**」)真實而中肯地反 映了 貴集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日的 綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表 現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例的 披露要求妥為擬備。

意見之基準

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準 則(「**香港審計準則**」)進行審計。吾等於該等準 則項下的責任於本報告核數師就審核綜合財務 報表須承擔的責任一節進一步詳述。根據香港 會計師公會頒佈之專業會計師道德守則(「**守 則**」),吾等獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中 的其他專業道德責任。吾等相信,吾等所獲得 之審核憑證能充足及適當地為我們之審核意見 提供基礎。

MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

The accompanying consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 have been prepared assuming that the Group will continue as a going concern. We draw attention to note 2 to the consolidated financial statements which indicated that the Group incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$36,302,000 and as at the same date, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by approximately HK\$63,865,000, total liabilities exceeded its total assets by approximately HK\$129,549,000 while its cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately HK\$168,000. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. As explained in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of these matters.

KEY AUDIT MATTER

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the "Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern" section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

有關持續經營的重大不確定性因素

隨附的截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 的綜合財務報表乃假設 貴集團將能夠繼續持 續經營而編製。吾等謹請 閣下垂注綜合財務 報表附註2,當中提及 貴集團產生淨虧損約 36,302,000港元,而於同日,貴集團的流動 負債超出其流動資產約63,865,000港元,負債 總額超出其資產總值約129,549,000港元,而 其現金及現金等價物約168,000港元。該等情 況顯示存在重大不確定因素,將對 貴集團繼 續持續經營的能力存有重大疑問。如綜合財務 報表附註2所述,該等綜合財務報表乃按持續 經營基準編製。吾等的意見並無就該事項作出 修訂。

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項乃根據吾等的專業判斷,認為對 本期間綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項, 此等事項乃於我們審核整體綜合財務報表及出 具意見時進行處理,而我們不會對此等事項提 供單獨意見。除「有關持續經營的重大不確定 性因素」一節所述的重大事項外,吾等決定下 文所述事項屬將於本報告內提出的關鍵審核事 項。

Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告

Key audit matters 關鍵審核事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

Valuation of financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") 指定為按公允價值計入損益之財務資產(「按公允價值計入損益」)之估值

The Group's financial assets designated as at FVTPL were carried at approximately HK\$4,535,000 as at 31 December 2020. Management has assessed the fair value of these unlisted investments with reference to the valuation reports performed by an independent professional valuer.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 貴集團指定為按公允價值 計入損益之財務資產約為4,535,000港元。管理層已參考獨 立專業估值師編製的估值報告評估該等非上市投資之公允 價值。

The valuation of these unlisted investments was subject to significant judgment and estimation by the management and has a significant financial impact to the consolidated financial statements.

該等非上市投資之估值須由管理層作出重大判斷及估計並 對綜合財務報表有重大影響。 Our procedures in relation to management's valuation assessment on financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss included:

我們有關管理層對按公允價值計入損益之財務資產的估值 評估的程序包括:

- Evaluated the objectivity, independence and competency of the valuer;
- 評估估值師的客觀性、獨立性及勝任能力;
- Discussed with the valuer on the valuation methodologies, assumptions and key estimates used in the valuation for estimating the fair value;
- 與估值師討論估值方法、估值時用於估計公允價值之
 假設及關鍵估計;
- Challenged the appropriateness and reasonableness of the valuation methodology assumption and key estimates use in the valuation based on our knowledge of the relevant industry;
- 根據我們對有關行業之知識質疑估值方法、估值所用
 假設及關鍵估計之適當性及合理性;
- Checked the mathematical accuracy of the valuation; and
- 核查估值之數學準確性;及
- Assessed the reasonableness of the methods and assumptions used by the management for estimating the fair value.
- 評估管理層估計估計公允價值使用之方法及假設之合 理性。

We considered that the management's judgment and assumption used in the valuation of financial assets designated as at FVTPL are reasonable and appropriate. 我們認為,指定為按公允價值計入損益之財務資產之估值所用管理層判斷及假設屬合理及適當。

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accounts ("**HKICPA**") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and such internal control as the directors of the Company determined is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及 我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信 息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的 鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了 解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤 陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我 們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要 報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會(「**香港** 會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則及香港 公司條例之披露規定編製可真實與公平地呈列 之綜合財務報表,並落實 貴公司董事認為必 要之內部監控,以使所編製之綜合財務報表不 存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集 團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持 續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計 基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經 營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

治理層負責監督 貴集團財務報告程序。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存 在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯報取得合理 保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告,並 按照我們雙方所協定的應聘條款,我們僅對全 體股東作出報告,除此以外,本報告並無其他 用途。我們不會就核數師報告的內容向任何其 他人士負上或承擔任何責任。合理保證是高水 平的保證,但不能保證按照香港審計準則進行 的審計,在某一重大錯報存在時總能發現。錯 報可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們 單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者 依賴綜合財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關 的錯報可被視作重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我們 運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們 亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯報的風險,設計及 執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲 取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意 見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽 造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或淩駕於內 部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導 致的重大錯報的風險高於未能發現因錯 誤而導致的重大錯報的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適 當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團 內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定 是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確 定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續 經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為 存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師 報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報中的 相關披露。假若有關的披露不足,則我 們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的結論 是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑 證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴 集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否公允反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信
 息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對
 綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴
 集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為
 審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與治理層溝通了計劃的審 計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我 們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向治理層提交聲明, 説明我們已符合有 關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與他們溝通 有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有 關係和其他事項, 以及在適用的情況下, 為消 除威脅而採取的行動或相關的防範措施。 From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構 成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這 些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事 項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在 我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產 生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該 事項。

HLM CPA LIMITED *Certified Public Accountants*

Yip Yuen Nga Practising certificate number: P05908

Hong Kong, 31 March 2021

恒健會計師行有限公司 *執業會計師*

葉婉雅 執業證書編號:P05908

香港,二零二一年三月三十一日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$	HK\$
		附註	港元	港元
Revenue	收益	(8)	-	-
Net loss on financial assets at fair	按公允價值計入損益之			
value through profit or loss	財務資產之虧損淨額	(10)	(5,794,542)	(4,767,488)
Net other income, gains and losses	其他收入、收益及虧損淨額	(8)	1,151,798	210,587
Administrative and other operating	行政及其他營運開支			
expenses			(21,757,565)	(24,601,594)
Loss from operations	經營虧損	(11)	(26,400,309)	(29,158,495)
Finance costs	財務費用	(12)	(9,901,282)	(14,515,341)
Loss before tax	除税前虧損		(36,301,591)	(43,673,836)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(13)	-	-
		(10)		
Loss for the year and total	本公司擁有人應佔年內			
comprehensive expenses	虧損及全面開支總額			
attributable to owners of the	<u> </u> 周俱及主 四			
Company			(36,301,591)	(43,673,836)
Company			(30,301,331)	(45,075,050)
Loss per share	每股虧損		(a)	
Basic and diluted	基本及攤薄	(17)	(0.020)	(0.024)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$	HK\$
		附註	港元	港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	傢俬、裝置及設備	(18)	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through	按公允價值計入損益之			
profit or loss	財務資產	(19)	4,535,340	10,906,777
Rental deposit	租賃按金	(20)	60,693	944,859
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	(21)		8,788,249
			4,596,033	20,639,885
Current assets	流動資產			
Financial assets at fair value`	按公允價值計入損益之			
through profit or loss	財務資產	(19)	448,000	-
Other receivables, deposits and	其他應收款、按金及			
prepayments	預付款項	(20)	87,711	417,053
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	(22)	168,180	160,039
			703,891	577,092
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Creditors and accrued expenses	應付款項及預提費用	(23)	11,704,868	8,078,346
Unsecured borrowings	無抵押借貸	(24)	37,706,111	27,480,024
Corporate bonds	公司債券	(25)	6,970,152	12,313,303
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	(26)	8,188,237	3,646,789
			64,569,368	51,518,462
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨值		(63,865,477)	(50,941,370)
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		(59,269,444)	(30,301,485)
			(= 5,= 00, 11)	(23)001/100/

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$	HK\$
		附註	港元	港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Unsecured borrowings	無抵押借貸	(24)	-	3,083,743
Corporate bonds	公司債券	(25)	69,086,340	57,777,109
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	(26)	1,193,245	5,205,101
			70,279,585	66,065,953
NET LIABILITIES	負債淨值		(129,549,029)	(96,367,438)
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	(27)	22,544,485	22,544,485
Reserves	儲備		(152,093,514)	(118,911,923)
CAPITAL DEFICIENCY	資本虧絀		(129,549,029)	(96,367,438)
			(,,0=0)	(3 3 / 2 3 . / 13 3)
Net liability value per share	每股負債淨值	(30)	(0.0718)	(0.0534)
Net hability value per share	ᆈᇺᆈᆽᇄᆠ	(00)	(0.0710)	(0.0554)

The consolidated financial statements on pages 58 to 151 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2021 and are signed on its behalf by: 第58至151頁所載之綜合財務報表已於二零 二一年三月三十一日獲董事會批准及授權刊 發,並由以下董事代表簽署:

Xiao Yanming 肖艷明 Director 董事 Wong Tsz Wai 黃子偉 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動報表

		Share capital 股本 HK\$ 港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$ 港元	Capital redemption reserves 資本贖回儲備 HK\$ 港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$ 港元	Total 總計 HK \$ 港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	22,544,485	672,651,012	168,800	(748,057,899)	(52,693,602)
Total comprehensive expenses	全面開支總額	-			(43,673,836)	(43,673,836)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 Waiver of amount due to the ultimate	於二零一九年十二月三十一日 及二零二零年一月一日 應付最終控制方賬款之免除	22,544,485	672,651,012	168,800	(791,731,735)	(96,367,438)
controlling party		-	-	-	3,120,000	3,120,000
Total comprehensive expenses	全面開支總額				(36,301,591)	(36,301,591)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	22,544,485	672,651,012	168,800	(824,913,326)	(129,549,029)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$	HK\$
		附註	港元	港元
Operating activities	經營活動			
Loss before tax	除税前虧損		(36,301,591)	(43,673,836)
Adjustments for:	經以下各項調整:			
Depreciation of furniture,	傢俬、裝置及設備折舊			
fixtures and equipment		(18)	-	1,513
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	(21)	1,208,489	2,929,416
Net loss on financial assets at fair	按公允價值計入損益之			
value through profit or loss	財務資產之虧損淨額	(10)	5,794,542	4,767,488
Net exchange loss	匯兑虧損淨額		128,887	865,949
Gain on termination of lease	終止租賃之收益		(182)	-
Impairment losses on right-of-use	使用權資產之減值虧損			
assets			8,241,405	_
Interest income on rental deposit	租金按金利息收入	(8)	(317,519)	(85,925)
Interest expenses	利息開支	(12)	9,901,282	14,515,341
Operating cash outflows before	營運資金變動前經營現金			
movements in working capital	活住員並受助別起告先並 流出		(11,344,687)	(20,680,054)
Decrease in other receivables,	其他應收款、按金及		(11,544,007)	(20,000,004)
deposits and prepayments	到付款項減少		1,533,288	2,837,699
Increase in creditors and accrued	應付款項及預提費用增加		1,555,200	2,037,099
	應鬥承填及頂挺負用垍加		6 720 602	1 722 674
expenses			6,720,602	4,733,674
	应然过我公司日日人运行			
Net cash used in operating	經營活動所動用現金淨額			(42,422,624)
activities			(3,090,797)	(13,108,681)
Investing activity	小次江乱			
Investing activity Payment for rental deposit	投資活動 租賃按金付款		(77 570)	(1 257 722)
rayment for rental deposit	但貝仅並门承		(77,320)	(1,257,732)
Net cash used in investing	投資活動所用現金淨額			
activity			(77,320)	(1,257,732)
activity			(77,320)	(1,237,732)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$	HK\$
		附註	港元	港元
Financing activities	融資活動			
Corporate bonds interest paid	公司債券之利息支付	(25)	-	(2,074,384)
Loans interest paid	貸款利息支付		(200,000)	(1,184,433)
Net proceeds from issue of	發行公司債券之所得款項			
corporate bonds	淨額	(25)	-	8,350,000
Net proceeds from unsecured loans	無抵押借貸之所得款項淨額		24,330,000	50,805,327
Repayment of unsecured loans	償還無抵押借貸		(20,000,000)	(53,000,000)
Net proceeds from director's loan	董事借貸之所得款項淨額		-	183,151
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債		(1,013,750)	(2,999,808)
Net cash generated from	融資活動所產生現金淨額			
financing activities			3,116,250	79,853
Net decrease in cash and cash	現金及現金等價物減少			
equivalents	凈額		(51,867)	(14,286,560)
Effect of foreign exchange	外匯匯率變動之影響		(- , ,	
rate change			8	_
Cash and cash equivalents	於年初之現金及現金等價物		-	
at the beginning of year			220,177	14,506,737
Cash and cash equivalents	於年末之現金及現金等價物			
at the end of year	六十小之先並及先並 守慎初		168,318	220,177
at the end of year			100,510	220,177
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物指:			
represent:		(2.2)		
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	(22)	168,180	160,039
Other receiveble	甘山産山志			
Other receivable	其他應收款	(20)	400	CO 120
 broker's account 	一經紀賬目	(20)	138	60,138
			168,318	220,177

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and its shares are listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**") and its ultimate holding company is APAC Investment Holdings Limited ("**APAC**") (incorporated in Samoa). Its ultimate controlling party is Mr. Hu Haisong ("**The Ultimate Controlling Party**"), who is a non-executive director of the Company during the year and resigned on 18 August 2020. The registered office of the Company is at Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and its principal place of business in Hong Kong is at Sing Ho Finance Building, 166–168 Gloucester Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong.

Pursuant to a special resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at a special general meeting on 23 October 2020 and approved by the Cayman Islands Registry of Companies on 23 October 2020, the Company's English name has changed from "Eagle Ride Investment Holdings Limited" to "Goldstone Investment Group Limited" and the Company's Chinese name has changed from "鷹力投資控股有限公司" to "金石投資集團有限公司" with effect from 23 October 2020.

The Group is principally engaged in investment holdings and trading of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("**FVTPL**").

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("**HK\$**"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company. It is authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2021.

1. 一般資料

本公司為一間於開曼群島註冊成立之有 限公司,其股份在香港聯合交易所有限 公司(「**聯交所**」)主板上市,而其最終控 股公司為龍德投資控股有限公司(「**龍** 德」)(於薩摩亞註冊成立)。其最終控制 方為胡海松先生(「最終控制方」),彼於 年內為本公司之非執行董事並於二零二 零年八月十八日辭任。本公司之註冊辦 事處位於Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands,而其香港主要營業地點 為香港灣仔告士打道166-168號信和財 務大廈。

根據於二零二零年十月二十三日舉行之 股東特別大會獲本公司股東通過之特別 決議案及開曼群島公司註冊處於二零二 零年十月二十三日發出之批准,本公司 之英文名稱已由「Eagle Ride Investment Holdings Limited」更改為「Goldstone Investment Group Limited」,而本公司之 中文名稱已由「鷹力投資控股有限公司」 更改為「金石投資集團有限公司」,均自 二零二零年十月二十三日起生效。

本集團主要從事投資控股及買賣按公允 價值計入損益(「公允價值計入損益」)之 財務資產。

綜合財務報表以港元(「**港元**」)呈報,與 本公司之功能貨幣相同。此報表已於二 零二一年三月三十一日獲董事會批准刊 發。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Going Concern

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$36,302,000 and as at that date, the Group recorded net current liabilities of approximately HK\$63,865,000 and net liabilities of approximately HK\$129,549,000 while its cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately HK\$168,000. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, the Group may not be able to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

In view of such circumstances, the directors of the Company have given careful consideration to future liquidity and performance of the Group and its available sources of financing in assessing whether the Group will be able to repay the outstanding borrowings and be able to finance its future working capital and finance requirements. Certain measures have been taken to manage its liquidity needs and to improve its financial position which include, but are not limited to, the following:

- In January 2021, the Company placed 90,140,000 new ordinary shares at a price of HK\$0.28 per share to independent third parties with net proceeds of approximately HK\$24,400,000. Details are disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 4 January 2021 in relation to the completion of subscription of new shares under general mandate;
- (ii) In January 2021, the Company issued 1-year, 8% coupon unsecured non-redeemable convertible bonds of an aggregate principal amount of approximately HK\$50,010,000 to independent third parties to subscribe for 166,700,000 conversion shares at the initial conversion price of HK\$0.30 per share with net proceeds of approximately HK\$49,500,000. Details are disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 22 January 2021 in relation to the completion of placing of convertible bonds under special mandate;

2. 編製基準

持續經營

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團錄得淨虧損約36,302,000港 元。截至該日,本集團錄得流動負債 淨值約63,865,000港元及負債淨值約 129,549,000港元。而其現金及現金等價 物約為168,000港元。該等情況顯示存在 重大不確定因素,可能對本集團持續經 營的能力構成重大疑慮,故本集團未必 能於正常業務過程中變現資產及解除負 債。

鑒於該等情況,在評估本集團是否有能 力償付其尚未償還之借貸及滿足未來營 運資金及財務需要時,本公司董事已審 慎考慮本集團的未來流動資金及表現以 及其可用融資來源。已採取若干措施管 理其流動資金需要及改善其財務狀況, 包括但不限於以下各項:

- (i) 於二零二一年一月,本公司按每股
 0.28港元的價格向獨立第三方配售
 90,140,000股的新普通股,所得款
 項淨額約為24,400,000港元。詳情
 於本公司日期為二零二一年一月四
 日內容有關完成根據一般授權認購
 新股份的公告披露;
- (ii) 於二零二一年一月,本公司向獨立 第三方發行本金總額約50,010,000 港元一年期票息率8%無抵押不可 贖回可換股債券,以按初始換股 價每股0.30港元認購166,700,000 股換股股份,所得款項淨額約為 49,500,000港元。詳情於本公司日 期為二零二一年一月二十二日內容 有關完成根據特定授權配售可換股 債券的公告披露;

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 综合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

Going Concern (Continued)

- (iii) In February 2021, the Company allotted a total of 270,520,000 new shares under general mandate, representing approximately 12.50% of the total issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by the issue of new shares at HK\$0.33 per share to an independent third party, Dragon Synergy Holdings Limited which is wholly owned by Ms. Liu Yutong, with net proceeds of approximately HK\$88,400,000. Immediately after completion of the placing, Dragon Synergy Holdings Limited has become a substantial shareholder of the Company. The net proceeds raised will be used for general working capital of the Group. Details are disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 25 February 2021 in relation to the completion of subscription of new shares under general mandate;
- (iv) In March 2021, the Group and one of the Group's bondholder entered into a letter of intent whereby the bondholder expressed intention to subscribe for, and the Company intended to issue and allot preference shares to replace the corporate bond due to the bondholder in the amount of approximately HK\$10,000,000; and
- (iv) The Group will seek to obtain additional new financial support including but not limited to borrow loans, issuing additional equity or debt securities.

The directors of the Company have carried out a detailed review of the cash flow forecast of the Group for the next twelve months from the reporting date taking into account the impact of the above measures. The directors of the Company believe that the Group will have sufficient cash resources to satisfy its future working capital and other financing requirements. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue to operate as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any future liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities respectively. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

2. 編製基準(續)

持續經營(續)

- (iii) 於二零二一年二月,本公司根據一 般授權按每股0.33港元的價格向 一名獨立第三方人Dragon Synergy Holdings Limited (由Liu Yutong女 士全資擁有) 配發270,520,000股 新股份,佔本公司經發行新股份擴 大後已發行股本總數約12.50%, 所得款項淨額約為88,400,000港 元。緊隨配售事項完成後,Dragon Synergy Holdings Limited 已成為本 公司的主要股東。所籌集的所得款 項淨額將用作本集團的一般營運資 金。詳情於本公司日期為二零二一 年二月二十五日內容有關完成根據 一般授權認購新股份的公告披露;
- (iv) 於二零二一年三月,本集團與一名本集團債券持有人訂立意向書,據此,債券持有人同意認購,而本公司同意向該等債券持有人發行及配發優先股以取代應償付該債券持有人的到期公司債券金額約為10,000,000港元;及
- (iv) 本集團將尋求獲得額外新財務支持,包括但不限於借貸、發行額外股權或債務證券。

本公司董事經考慮上述措施的影響,已對 本集團自報告日期起的未來十二個月的 現金流量預測進行了詳細的檢討。本公 司董事相信,本集團將有充裕現金資源 滿足其未來營運資金及其他融資需要。 因此,截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度的該等綜合財務報表乃按持續經 營基準編製。

倘本集團無法繼續按持續基準營運,則 須作出調整以將資產價值撇減至其可收 回金額,為可能產生之任何進一步負債 作出撥備,以及將非流動資產及非流動 負債分別重新分類為流動資產及流動負 債。此等調整之影響並未於綜合財務報 表反映。 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards and the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2020 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8	Definition of Material
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Definition of a Business
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

The application of the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards and the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)

對本年度強制生效之香港財務報告準則 之修訂本

於本年度,集團編製綜合財務報表時首 次應用自二零二零年一月一日或之後開 始之年度期間強制生效的「提述香港財務 報告準則概念框架的修訂」及下列香港會 計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒布的經 修訂之香港財務報告準則:

香港會計準則第1號及 重大的定義 香港會計準則第8號 (修訂本) 香港財務報告準則第3號 業務的定義 (修訂本) 香港財務報告準則 利率基準改革 第9號、香港會計準則 第39號及香港財務 報告準則第7號 (修訂本)

在本年度應用「提述香港財務報告準則概 念框架的修訂」及經修訂之香港財務報告 準則,對集團本年度及過往年度的綜合 財務狀況及表現及/或對該等綜合財務 報表所載的披露並無重大影響。

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and Amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments ¹		
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions ⁴		
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework ²		
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 ⁵		
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ³		
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non- current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) ¹		
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use ²		
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract ²		
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020 ²		
¹ Effective for annual periods	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023		
² Effective for annual periods	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022		
Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020			

⁵ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

已頒布但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂之香 港財務報告準則

集團並無提早採納以下已頒佈但尚未生 效的新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準則:

香港財	務報告準則第17號	保險合同及相關修訂1
香港財務報告準則第16號		Covid-19相關的租金優惠 ⁴
(修言	(丁本)	
香港財	務報告準則第3號	對概念框架之提述2
(修言	(丁本)	
香港財	務報告準則第9號、	利率基準改革−第二階段⁵
香港	會計準則第39號、	
香港	財務報告準則第7號 [,]	
香港	財務報告準則第4號	
及香	港財務報告準則	
第16	5號(修訂本)	
香港財	務報告準則第10號	投資者與其聯營公司或
及香	港會計準則第28號	合營公司之間之資產
(修言	(]本)	出售或投入3
香港會	計準則第1號	負債分類為流動或非流動
(修言	(]本)	及相關香港詮釋第5號
		的修訂(二零二零年)1
香港會	計準則第16號	物業,廠房及設備-擬定
(修言	(]本)	用途前之所得款項2
香港會	計準則第37號	虧損性合約-履行合約之
(修言	(丁本)	成本2
香港財	務報告準則	對二零一八年至二零二零年
(修言	(丁本)	週期之香港財務報告準則
		的年度改進2
1	於二零二三年一月 間生效	一日或之後開始的年度期
2	於二零二二年一月	一日或之後開始的年度期
3	間生效	即私め左府期間生故
4		開始的年度期間生效 一日或之後開始的年度期
	間生效	
5	於一零一一年—日	一日式 之後開始的 年度期

於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始的年度期 間生效

本公司董事預期,採用該等新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則於可預見未來將不 會對綜合財務報表產生重大影響。 For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for sharebased payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

For financial instruments which are transacted at fair value and a valuation technique that unobservable inputs is to be used to measure fair value in subsequent periods, the valuation technique is calibrated so that at initial recognition the results of the valuation technique equals the transaction price.

4. 主要會計政策

遵例聲明

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒 佈之香港財務報告準則編製。此外,綜 合財務報表包括香港聯合交易所有限公 司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港公 司條例所規定之適用披露資料。

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本基準編製, 惟若干於各報告期末按公允價值計量之 金融工具則作別論,詳見下文所載之會 計政策。

歷史成本一般根據資產交換所得代價之 公允價值釐定。

公允價值是於計量日期市場參與者之間 於有序交易中出售資產所收取或轉讓負 **債須支付之價格**,而不論該價格是否可 直接觀察或可使用其他估值技巧估計得 出。於估計資產或負債之公允價值時, 本集團會考慮該等市場參與者於計量日 期對資產或負債定價時所考慮之資產或 負債之特點。於該等綜合財務報表中作 計量及/或披露用途之公允價值乃按此 基準釐定,惟以下各項除外:屬於香港 財務報告準則第2號以股份為基礎之付 款範圍內之以股份為付款之交易、根據 香港財務報告準則第16號入賬之租賃交 易,以及其計量與公允價值之計量存在 某些相似之處但並非公允價值,例如香 港會計準則第2號存貨之可變現淨值或 香港會計準則第36號資產減值之使用價 值。

按公允價值交易之金融工具,凡於其後 期間應用以不可觀察輸入數據計量公允 價值之估值方法,該估值方法應予校正, 以致於初步確認時估值方法之結果相等 於交易價格。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Statement of compliance (Continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved where the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date of the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

遵例聲明(續)

此外,就財務報告而言,公允價值計量 乃依照其輸入數據之可觀察程度及該等 輸入數據之整體重要性劃分為第一級、 第二級或第三級,概述如下:

- 第一級輸入數據指該實體於計量日 期就相同資產或負債獲得之活躍市 場報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據指除第一級所包含
 之報價以外,可直接或間接就資產
 或負債觀察所得之輸入數據;及
- 第三級輸入數據指資產或負債之不 可觀察輸入數據。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包含本公司及本公司及其 附屬公司所控制之實體之財務報表。當 本公司符合以下情況,即取得控制權:

- 有權控制被投資方;
- 因其參與被投資方業務而獲得或有 權獲得可變回報;及
- 有能力以其權力影響其回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上列三項控制權條 件之其中一項或多項有變,本集團則會 重新評估其是否控制被投資方。

當本集團取得附屬公司之控制權,便將 該附屬公司綜合入賬。當本集團失去附 屬公司之控制權,便停止將該附屬公司 綜合入賬。具體而言,年內收購或出售 之附屬公司之收入及支出會於本集團取 得控制權當日起計入綜合損益及其他全 面收益表,直至本集團對該附屬公司之 控制權終止當日為止。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the noncontrolling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue mainly from dividend income and interest income.

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good and service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

損益及其他全面收入之各個項目乃歸屬 於本公司擁有人及非控股權益。附屬公 司之全面收入總額乃歸屬於本公司擁有 人及非控股權益,即使此舉會導致非控 股權益產生虧絀結餘。

當有需要時,會調整對附屬公司之財務 報表,以使附屬公司之會計政策與本集 團之會計政策一致。

集團內各公司間之所有資產及負債、有 關本集團成員公司間之交易之權益、收 入及開支及現金流量已於綜合賬目時悉 數對銷。

來自客戶合約的收入

本集團確認之收益主要來自股息收入及 利息收入。

本集團於完成履約責任時(即於特定履約 責任相關商品或服務的「控制權」轉移至 客戶時)確認收益。

履約責任指個別的商品及服務(或一組商 品或服務)或一系列大致相同的個別商品 或服務。

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Company and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the rights to receive payments have been established.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

來自客戶合約的收入(續)

倘符合以下其中一項標準,則控制權隨 時間轉移,而收益則參照完成履行相關 履約責任的進展而隨時間確認:

- 於本集團履約時,客戶同時取得並
 耗用本集團履約所提供的利益;
- 本集團的履約產生或提升一項資 產,而該項資產於本集團履約時由 客戶控制;或
- 本集團的履約並未產生讓本公司有 替代用途的資產,且本集團對迄今 已完成履約的付款具有可強制執行 的權利。

否則,收益於客戶獲得個別商品或服務 控制權的時間點確認。

投資之股息收入於收取款項之權利確立 時確認。

利息收入乃參照未償還本金及適用實際 利率按時間基準累計,而實際利率為於 財務資產預期年期內將估計未來現金流 入準確折現至資產於初步確認日期之賬 面淨值之比率。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified or arising from business combinations on or after the date of initial application, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

The Group as a lessee

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate standalone price of the non-lease components.

Non-lease components are separated from lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃

租賃的定義

如果合同賦予在一段時期內控制一項已 識別資產的使用的權利以換取對價,則 該合同是一項租賃或包含一項租賃。

對於首次應用日期或之後訂立或修訂或 業務合併產生的合同,本集團根據香港 財務報告準則第16號項下的定義,於開 始日、修訂日或收購日(如適用)評估合 同是否是一項租賃或包含一項租賃。除 非合同條款和條件在後續發生變更,否 則不會對此類合同進行重新評估。

本集團作為承租人

將對價分攤至合同的各組成部分

倘合同包含一個租賃成分以及一個或多 個額外的租賃或非租賃成分,則本集團 應基於租賃成分的相關單獨價格及非租 賃成分的單獨價格總和,將合同中的對 價在各租賃成分之間進行分攤。

非租賃組成部分與租賃組成部分基於相 關的單獨價格進行分拆。

短期租賃和低價值資產租賃

本集團對從租賃日開始日租賃期為12個 月或更短的租賃及不包含購買選擇權的 租賃應用短期租賃的確認豁免。本集團 亦對低價值資產租賃應用該項豁免。短 期租賃和低價值資產租賃的付款額在租 賃期內採用直線法或另一種系統法確認 為費用。

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to product inventories.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

使用權資產

使用權資產的成本包括:

- 租賃負債的初始計量金額;
- 在租賃期開始日或之前支付的任何 租賃付款額,減去所取得的任何租 賃激勵金額;
- 本集團發生的任何初始直接成本;
 及
- 本集團拆卸及移除相關資產、復原 相關資產所在地或將相關資產恢復 至租賃條款和條件所規定的狀態所 發生的預計成本,除非該等成本乃 產生於產品存貨。

使用權資產按成本減去任何累計折舊和 減值損失進行計量,並對租賃負債的任 何重新計量作出調整。

對於本集團可合理確定在租賃期結束時 取得相關租賃資產所有權的使用權資產, 自租賃期開始日至使用壽命結束的期間 內計提折舊。否則,使用權資產應按估 計使用壽命和租賃期兩者中的較短者以 直線法計提折舊。

本集團將使用權資產作為單獨項目於綜 合財務狀況表中呈列。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

可退回租賃按金

已支付的可退回租賃按金根據香港財務 報告準則第9號金融工具(「香港財務報 告準則第9號」)進行核算,並且按公允價 值進行初始計量。初始確認時的公允價 值調整視為額外租賃付款並計入使用權 資產的成本。

租賃負債

在租賃期開始日,本集團應當按該日尚 未支付的租賃付款額現值確認及計量租 賃負債。在計算租賃付款額的現值時, 如果不易於確定租賃的內含利率,本集 團則使用租賃期開始日的增量借款利率。

租賃付款額包括:

- 固定付款額(包括實質上的固定付 款額),減去應收的租賃激勵措施 金額;
- 取決於指數或費率的可變租賃付款 額,初步計量時使用開始日期的指 數或利率;
- 本集團預期應支付的剩餘價值擔保
 金額;
- 倘本集團合理確定將行使購買選擇 權的行權價;及
- 終止租賃的罰款金額,如果租賃期
 反映出本集團將行使終止租賃的選
 擇權。

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities (Continued)

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review or a change in expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債(續)

租賃期開始日之後,租賃負債通過利息 增加和租賃付款額進行調整。

如果符合下述兩種情況之一,本集團對 租賃負債進行重新計量(並對相關使用權 資產進行相應調整):

- 租賃期發生變化或對行使購買選擇 權的評估發生變化,在此情況下, 使用重新評估日修改後的折現率對 修正後的租賃付款額進行折現重新 計量相關的租賃負債。
- 租賃付款因於市場租金檢討後的市場租金水平變化或有擔保剩餘價值項下的預期付款變化而變化,在此情況下,使用初始折現率對修正後的租賃付款額進行折現來重新計量相關的租賃負債。

本集團在綜合財務狀況表中將租賃負債 作為單獨的項目呈列。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Lease modifications

The Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset. When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃修改

如果同時符合以下條件,本集團將租賃 修改作為一項單獨租賃進行會計處理:

- 該修改通過增加對一項或多項相關 資產的使用權擴大了租賃範圍;及
- 租賃對價增加的金額與針對擴大租 賃範圍的單獨價格及為反映特定合
 同的具體情況而對單獨價格作出的
 任何適當的調整相稱。

對於不作為一項單獨租賃進行會計處理 的租賃修改,在租賃修改的生效日,本 集團根據修改後租賃的租賃期,通過使 用修改後的折現率對修改後的租賃付款 額進行折現以重新計量租賃負債。

本集團通過對相關使用權資產進行相應 調整,對租賃負債的重新計量進行會計 處理。當修改後的合同包含租賃組成部 分和一個或多個其他租賃或非租賃組成 部分時,本集團會根據租賃組成部分的 相對獨立價格及非租賃組成部分的總獨 立價格將修改後的合同中的對價分配至 每個租賃組成部分。

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are interests and other costs (e.g. transaction costs) that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those asset until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Any specific borrowing that remain outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale is included in the general borrowing pool for calculation of capitalisation rate on general borrowings. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

借貸成本

借貸成本為利息及其他成本(例如:交易 成本),此實體的產生與借款資金有關聯 的。

因收購、建造或生產合資格資產(即需要 相當長時間方能達致擬定用途或出售之 資產)而直接產生之借貸成本會加入該等 資產之成本,直至該等資產大致上可作 擬定用途或出售為止。

於相關資產準備用作其擬定用途或出售 之後仍未償還的任何特定借貸,乃計入一 般借貸池以計算一般借貸的資本化率。 就於用作合資格資產開支前作短暫投資 之特定借貸賺取之投資收入,自合資格 撥充資本之借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本均於產生之期間在損 益中確認。

外幣

於編製各個別集團實體之財務報表時, 以該實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)進 行之交易按交易日期之現行匯率確認。 於報告期末,以外幣計值之貨幣項目按 該日之現行匯率重新換算。按公允價值 列值並以外幣計值之非貨幣項目按釐定 公允價值當日之現行匯率重新換算。按 歷史成本以外幣計值之非貨幣項目不予 重新換算。

Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e., Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of foreign currency translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are reattributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or joint arrangements that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目產生 之匯兑差額於產生期間在損益確認。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團海外業 務之資產與負債按各報告期末之現行匯 率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣(即港元)。 收支項目按期內平均匯率換算,惟倘期 內匯率波動較大,則使用交易日期之現 行匯率。所產生之匯兑差額(如有)於其 他全面收益確認,並於權益之匯兑儲備 (於適合時歸屬於非控股權益)中累計。

於出售海外業務(即出售本集團於海外業 務之全部權益、出售涉及失去對包含海 外業務之附屬公司之控制權,或出售包 含海外業務之合營安排或聯營公司之部 分權益(而於該合營安排或聯營公司之保 留權益成為財務資產)時,所有於權益中 就該業務累計而歸屬於本公司擁有人之 匯兑差額會重新分類至損益。

此外,就部分出售附屬公司且不會導致 本集團失去對附屬公司控制權而言,按 比例分佔之累計匯兑差額重新計至非控 制權益,且不會於損益確認。就所有其 他部分出售(即部分出售聯營公司或合營 安排不會導致本集團失去重大影響力或 共同控制權)而言,按比例分佔之累計匯 兑差額重新分類至損益。

Employee benefits

Retirement benefit schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "**MPF Scheme**") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for all the employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave) after deducting any amount already paid.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

僱員福利

退休福利計劃

本集團根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例, 為所有合資格參與強制性公積金退休福 利計劃(「強積金計劃」)的僱員提供一項 定額供款之強積金計劃。根據強積金計 劃之規則,供款按僱員基本薪金之若干 百分比釐定,並於應付供款時於損益中 扣除。強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資 產分開並由獨立管理基金持有。本集團 之僱主向強積金計劃供款後,其供款即 悉數撥歸僱員所有。

短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利於僱員提供服務時於預期 支付的未貼現福利金額中確認。所有短 期僱員福利均被視為開支,除非另有香 港財務報告準則要求或允許將利益納入 資產成本。

在扣除任何已支付的金額後,僱員所產 生的利益(如工資和薪金,年假和病假) 被確認為負債。 For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit/(loss) before tax because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognised if the temporary difference assets neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognised if the temporary difference assets neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference assets from the initial recognised if the temporary difference assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference assets from the initial recognised if the temporary difference assets from the initial recognised if the temporary difference assets as a displayed by the asset as a displayed by the asset as a displayed by the temporary difference assets as a displayed by the temporary difference asset as a displayed

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

税項

所得税開支為即期應付税項與遞延税項 之總額。

即期税項

即期應付税項根據年內應課税溢利計算。 應課税溢利有別於除税前溢利/(虧損), 乃因其他年度之應課税或可扣減收支, 以及毋須課税或不獲扣減之項目所致。 本集團之即期税項負債按於報告期末已 實施或大致上已實施之税率計算。

遞延税項

遞延税項按綜合財務報表內資產及負債 賬面值與計算應課税溢利所用相應税基 間之臨時性差異確認。遞延税項負債一般 就所有應課税臨時性差異確認。遞延税 項資產一般於有可能出現可以該等可扣 減之臨時性差異抵銷之應課税溢利時, 就所有可扣減之臨時性差異確認。倘臨 時性差異乃因初步確認(在業務合併情況 下除外)不影響應課税溢利或會計溢利之 交易中之資產及負債。此外,倘臨 時性差異乃由於初步確認商譽而引致, 則不會確認為遞延税項負債。

遞延税項負債按與於附屬公司及聯營公 司之投資以及於合營企業之權益有關之 應課税臨時性差異確認,惟本集團可控 制撥回臨時性差異及不大可能於可見將 來撥回臨時性差異則除外。於可能有足 夠應課税溢利可供動用臨時性差異之利 益,且預期會於可見將來撥回有關臨時 性差異之情況下,方會確認因與該等投 資及權益有關之可扣減臨時性差異而產 生之遞延税項資產。

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 *Income Taxes* requirements to the leasing transaction as a whole. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are assessed on a net basis. Excess of depreciation on right-of-use assets over the lease payments for the principal portion of lease liabilities resulting in net deductible temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告期末進 行審閱。倘不大可能再有足夠應課税溢 利用作收回全部或部分資產,則會調減 遞延税項資產之賬面值。

遞延税項資產及負債按照於報告期末已 實施或大致實施之税率(及税法),以預 期於償還負債或變現資產之期間內適用 之税率計算。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量反映出於報 告期末將因依循本集團所預期收回資產 或償還負債之賬面值之方式而造成之税 務後果。

就計量本集團確認使用權資產及相關租 賃負債的租賃交易的遞延税項而言,本 集團首先釐定税項扣除是否歸屬於使用 權資產或租賃負債。

就税項扣減可歸因於租賃負債的租賃交易而言,本集團將香港會計準則第12號 所得税的規定應用於整筆租賃交易。使 用權資產及租賃負債的暫時性差額按淨 額基準評估。使用權資產的折舊超出租 賃負債本金部分租賃付款的差額會導致 產生可扣減暫時性淨差額。

倘有法定可強制執行權利將即期税項資 產及即期税項負債抵銷,且其與同一税 務機構向同一應課税實體徵收的所得税 相關,則遞延税項資產及負債可互相抵 銷。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax (Continued)

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Furniture, fixtures and equipment

Furniture, fixtures and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, at the following rates:

Leasehold improvements	20%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Office equipment	20%

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of furniture, fixtures and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of furniture, fixtures and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

税項 (續)

遞延税項(續)

即期及遞延税項於損益內確認,惟倘即 期及遞延税項與於其他全面收益或直接 於權益確認之項目有關,則亦分別於其 他全面收益或直接於權益確認。倘因就 業務合併作初步會計處理而產生即期税 項或遞延税項,有關税務影響會計入業 務合併之會計處理中。

傢俬、裝置及設備

傢俬、裝置及設備乃於綜合財務狀況表 中以成本值減其後累計折舊及其後累計 減值虧損(如有)列賬。

資產之折舊乃按下列比率以直線法按估 計可使用年期撇銷其成本值減其剩餘價 值計算:

20%
20%
20%

估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法 於各報告期末進行審閱,而任何估計變 動之影響按未來適用基準入賬。

傢俬、裝置及設備項目乃於出售或預期 持續使用該資產不會產生未來經濟利益 時終止確認。出售或報廢傢俬、裝置及設 備項目產生之任何收益或虧損,按資產 銷售所得款項與其賬面值之差額釐定, 並於損益內確認。

Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cashgenerating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cashgenerating unit or a group of cash-generating units) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

有形及無形資產(商譽除外)減值

本集團於各報告期末審閱有形及無形資 產之賬面值,以釐定該等資產是否有任 何減值虧損跡象。倘出現任何有關跡象, 則會估計資產之可收回金額,以釐定減 值虧損(如有)之程度。倘若不能估計個 別資產之可收回金額,則本集團估算該 資產所屬現金產生單位之可收回金額。 如能確定合理而一致之分配基準,公司 資產亦分配至個別現金產生單位,否則 將分配至能確定合理而一致之分配基準 之最小現金產生單位組別。

具無限可使用年期之無形資產及仍未可 供使用之無形資產均至少每年及於資產 可能出現減值跡象時進行減值測試。

可收回金額乃公允價值減出售成本與使 用價值之較高者。在評估使用價值時, 估計未來現金流量使用税前貼現率貼現 至其現值,該貼現率反映貨幣時間價值 之當前市場估計及估計未來現金流量尚 未經調整之資產(或現金產生單位)之特 有風險。

倘若資產(或現金產生單位)之可收回金 額估計少於其賬面值,則該資產(或現金 產生單位)之賬面值調減至其可收回金 額。減值虧損即時於損益確認。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則該資產(或現金 產生單位或一組現金產生單位)之賬面值 增至其可收回金額之經修訂估計值,然 而,增加後之賬面值不得超過倘若該資產 (或現金產生單位或一組現金產生單位) 過往年度並無確認減值虧損原應釐定之 賬面值。減值虧損之撥回即時於損益確 認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("**FVTPL**")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

撥備

倘本集團因過往事件而承擔現有責任 (法律或推定),而本集團可能須償付該 項責任,並能可靠地估計該項責任之金 額,則確認撥備。

確認為撥備之金額為於報告期末經計及 有關責任之風險及不明朗因素後,對償 付現有責任所需代價之最佳估計。倘撥 備使用償付現有責任之估計現金流量計 量,則其賬面值為該等現金流量之現值 (倘金錢之時間價值影響屬重大)。

倘結算撥備所需之部分或全部經濟利益 預期將可自第三方收回,則在實質上肯 定將收到償款且應收款項金額能可靠計 量之情況下,應收款項方會確認為資產。

金融工具

當集團實體成為工具訂約條文之訂約方 時,財務資產及財務負債乃予以確認。 以常規方式購買或出售財務資產全部按 交易日基準確認及終止確認。以常規方 式購買或出售,指須於市場規則或慣例 設定之時間框架內交付資產之財務資產 購買或銷售。

財務資產及財務負債初步按公允價值計 量(初步根據香港財務報告準則第15號 計量之客戶合約產生之貿易應收款除 外)。因收購或發行財務資產及財務負債 (按公允價值計入損益「按公允價值計入 損益」之財務資產或財務負債除外)而直 接產生之交易成本於初步確認時按適用 情況加入或扣自該項財務資產或財務負 債之公允價值。因收購按公允價值計入 損益之財務資產或財務負債而直接產生 之交易成本即時於損益確認。

Financial instruments (Continued)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Financial assets

Classification and measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

實際利息法乃計算財務資產或財務負債 之攤銷成本及按有關期間攤分利息收入 及利息開支之方法。實際利率乃按財務 資產或財務負債之預計年期或(如適用) 較短期間內準確折現估計未來現金收款 及付款(包括構成實際利率部分之已付或 已收取之全部費用及利率點、交易成本 及其他溢價或折讓)至於初步確認時之賬 面淨值之利率。

財務資產

財務資產分類及計量

滿足以下條件其後按攤銷成本計量的財 務資產:

- 以收取合約現金流量為目的之經營 模式下持有之財務資產;及
- 合約條款於指定日期產生之現金流 量純粹為支付本金及未償還本金之 利息。

符合下列條件的財務資產於其後按公允 價值計入其他全面收益計量:

- 財務資產於業務模式內所持有以同
 時收回合約現金流量及出售;及
- 合約條款令於特定日期產生的現金
 流量僅為支付本金及未償還本金的
 利息。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and measurement of financial assets (Continued)

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 *Business Combinations applies*.

(i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer creditimpaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit impaired.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產分類及計量(續)

所有其他財務資產於其後按公允價值計 入損益計量,倘該股權投資既非持作買 賣,亦非香港財務報告準則第3號「企業 合併」所適用的企業合併收購方確認的或 有代價,於初始確認財務資產之日,本 集團將不可撤銷地於其他全面收益中呈 列股權投資公允價值的其後變動。

(i) 攤銷成本及利息收入

其後按攤銷成本計量的財務資產乃 使用實際利息法予以確認。利息收 入乃對一項財務資產賬面總值應用 實際利率予以計算,惟其後出現信 貸減值的財務資產除外(見下文)。 就其後出現信貸減值的財務資產而 言,自下一報告期起,利息收入乃 對財確認。倘信貸減值金融工具的 信貸減值,於釐定資產不再出現 信貸減值後,自報告期開始起利息 收入乃對財務資產賬面總值應用實 際利率予以確認。

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and measurement of financial assets (Continued)

(ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "other income" line item.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("**ECL**") model on financial assets including deposits, cash and cash equivalents and other receivables which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("**12m ECL**") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for deposits and other receivables. The ECL on these assets are assessed individually for debtors with significant balances and collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate grouping.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產分類及計量(續)

(ii) 按公允價值計入損益之財務資產

不符合按攤銷成本或按公允價值計 入其他全面收益或指定為按公允價 值計入其他全面收益計量標準的財 務資產按公允價值計入損益計量。

按公允價值計入損益之財務資產 按各報告期末的公允價值計量,任 何公允價值收益或虧損於損益中 確認。於損益確認的收益或虧損淨 額,不包括從財務資產賺取的任何 股息或利息,並計入「其他收入」項 目內。

財務資產之減值

本集團根據預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧 損」)模式對根據香港財務報告準則第9 號面臨減值評估的財務資產(包括按金、 現金及現金等價物以及其他應收款項)進 行減值評估。預期信貸虧損金額於各報 告日期更新,以反映自初始確認以來的 信貸風險變動。

全期預期信貸虧損指於相關工具預期年 期內發生所有可能違約事件而導致的預 期信貸虧損。相反,12個月預期信貸虧 損([12個月預期信貸虧損」)則指預期於 報告日期後12個月內可能發生的違約事 件而導致的部分全期預期信貸虧損。預 期信貸虧損根據本集團過往信貸虧損經 驗進行評估,並根據債務人的特定因素、 整體經濟狀況及於報告日期對當前狀況 及未來狀況預測的評估而作出調整。

本集團始終就其他應收款項確認全期預 期信貸虧損。該等資產的預期信貸虧損 乃就具有重大餘額的債務人進行個別評 估及使用具有適當分組的撥備矩陣進行 集體評估。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值 (續)

就所有其他工具而言,本集團計量虧損 撥備等於12個月預期信貸虧損,除非當 信貸風險自初始確認以來顯著上升,於 該情況下,本集團確認全期預期信貸虧 損。是否應以全期預期信貸虧損確認乃 根據自初步確認以來發生違約的可能性 或風險顯著上升而評估。

(i) 信貸風險大幅增加

於評估信貸風險自初始確認以來有 否大幅增加時,本集團比較金融工 具於報告日期出現違約的風險與該 金融工具於初始確認日期出現違約 的風險。作此評估時,本集團會考 慮合理並有理據支援的定量及定性 資料,包括過往經驗及毋須花費不 必要成本或努力即可獲得的前瞻性 資料。

具體而言,在評估信貸風險是否顯 著增加時會考慮以下資料:

- 金融工具外部(如有)或內部
 信貸評級的實際或預期顯著
 惡化;
- 信貸風險的外部市場指標顯 著惡化,例如債務人的信貸 息差、信貸違約掉期價格顯 著上升;
- 商業、金融或經濟狀況出現 預計會導致債務人償債能力 顯著下降的現有或預期不利 變化;

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

- (i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)
 - an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
 - an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate. 金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值(續)

- (i) 信貸風險大幅增加(續)
 - 債務人經營業績實際或預期 顯著惡化;
 - 債務人的監管、經濟或技術 環境有實際或預期的顯著不 利變動,導致債務人償債能 力顯著下降。

無論上述評估的結果如何,本集團 假設倘合約付款逾期超過30日, 則信貸風險自首次確認以來顯著增 加,除非本集團有能説明信貸風險 並無顯著增加的合理可靠資料,則 作別論。

本集團定期監察就確定信貸風險曾 否顯著增加所用標準之成效,並視 適當情況修訂有關標準,以確保其 能夠於款項逾期前發現信貸風險顯 著增加。

(ii) 違約定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團 認為,違約事件在內部制定或取自 外界來源的資料顯示債務人不大可 能悉數向其債權人(包括本集團)還 款(未計及本集團所持任何抵押品) 時發生。

不論上述,本集團認為,違約於財 務資產逾期超過90日時發生,除非 本集團有合理可靠資料顯示更加滯 後的違約標準更為恰當。

綜合財務報表附註

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties; or
- (f) the purchase or origination of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses.

4.	主	要	會	計	政	策	(續)	
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金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值(續)

(iii) 信貸減值財務資產

倘發生一項或多項事件對於財務資 產的預期未來現金流量產生不利影 響,則該財務資產發生信貸減值。 信款減值的證據包括下列事項的可 觀察資料:

- (a) 發行方或借款人出現重大財務困難;
- (b) 違反合約條款,如違約或逾 期事件等;
- (c) 借款人的貸款人因有關借款 人財政困難的經濟或合約理 由而向借款人批出貸款人不 會另行考慮的寬免;
- (d) 借款人可能進行破產或其他 財務重組;
- (e) 由於出現財政困難導致該財務資產失去活躍市場;或
- (f) 財務資產按大幅折價而予以 購買或產生而反映已發生之 信貸虧損。

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(iv) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis or cater for cases where evidence at the individual instrument level may not yet be available, the financial instruments are grouped on the basis:

- Nature of financial instruments;
- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset. 金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認

預期信貸虧損的計量為違約概率、 違約損失率(即違約時的損失程度) 及違約風險函數。違約概率及違約 損失率的評估依據歷史數據作出, 並根據前瞻性資料調整。預期信貸 虧損的估算乃無偏概率加權平均金 額,以各自發生違約的風險為權重 確定。

一般而言,預期信貸虧損為根據合約應付本集團的所有合約現金流量 與本集團預期收取的現金流量(按初始確認時釐定的實際利率貼現)的差額。

倘預期信貸虧損按集體基準計量或 迎合就個別工具層面而言證據未必 存在的情況,則金融工具按以下基 準歸類:

- 金融工具性質;
- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人的性質、規模及行業;
 及
- 外部信貸評級(如有)

歸類工作經管理層定期檢討,以確 保各組別組成部分繼續存在類似信 貸風險特性。

利息收入按財務資產的賬面總值計 算,倘財務資產出現信貸減值,則 利息收入按財務資產的攤銷成本計 算。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety, the Group allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

終止確認財務資產

當從資產收取現金流量之合約權利屆滿 時,或轉讓財務資產並已轉移資產擁有權 之絕大部分風險及回報予另一實體時, 本集團方會終止確認該項財務資產。倘 本集團並無轉移或保留擁有權之絕大部 分風險及回報並繼續控制已轉讓資產, 則本集團會確認其於資產的保留權益及 可能需要支付的相關負債款項。倘本集 團保留已轉讓財務資產擁有權之絕大部 分風險及回報,則本集團繼續確認財務 資產,亦會就已收取之所得款項確認有 抵押借貸。

完全終止確認財務資產時,資產賬面值 與已收取及應收代價總額間的差額乃於 損益確認。

除全面終止確認外,於終止確認財務資 產時,本集團會將財務資產的過往賬面 值,根據於其確認為繼續參與的部分及 不再確認的部分於轉讓日期的相對公允 價值在兩者間作出分配,而不再確認部 分配的賬面值與不再確認部分所收 取代價及已於其他全面收入中確認的 分配的任何累計收益或虧損的總和間的 差額,乃於損益內確認。已於其他全面 收入確認的累計收益或虧損,將按繼續 確認之部分及不再確認的部分的相對公 允價值間作出分配。

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by an entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Other financial liabilities (including other payables) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務負債及股本

分類為債務或股本

債務及股本工具按合約安排內容以及財 務負債與股本工具的釋義分類為財務負 債或股本。

股本工具

股本工具為證明於實體資產(扣除其所有 負債)剩餘權益之任何合約。實體發行之 股本工具乃按已收取所得款項扣除直接 發行成本確認。

購回本公司自身股本工具直接於權益中 確認為權益減少。本公司購買、出售、 發行或註銷自身的股本工具所得收益或 虧損概不會於損益內確認。

財務負債

所有財務負債其後使用實際利息法按攤 銷成本或按公允價值計入損益計量。

按攤銷成本列賬之財務負債

其他財務負債(包括其他應付款項)其後 使用實際利息法按攤銷成本計量。

終止確認財務負債

當及僅當本集團之責任獲解除、取消或 到期時,本集團終止確認財務負債。終 止確認財務負債之賬面值與已付及應付 之代價之差額於損益確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is the person or group that responsible for allocating resources and accessing performance of the operating segments and geographical location. The Group has determined the Company's board of directors (the "**Board**") as its chief operating decision-maker.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type of class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash at banks and on hand and demand deposits with any bank or other financial institution. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturing at acquisition.

Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group that is preparing its financial statement.

- (i) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (1) has control or joint control of the Group;
 - (2) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (3) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or a parent of the Group.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

分類呈報

經營分類之呈報方式與向主要經營決策 者提供內部報告方式一致。主要經營決 策者負責分配資源及評估經營分類及地 區位置之表現。本集團以本公司董事會 (「**董事會**」)決定按主要經營決策者分類。

單獨重大營運分類是不會合計於財務報 告之用除非分類以經濟特徵相似及關於 產品及服務性質、生產過程的性質、顧 客級別的類型、分銷產品所用或提供服 務之方法、及監管環境性質相似。倘彼 等共用大部分條件,營運分類沒有單獨 重大的可以合計。

現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行現金及手頭 現金及存於任何銀行或其他金融機構之 活期存款。現金等價物為於由收購時起 計三個月內到期,可隨時兑換為已知現 金金額,且所承擔之價值變動風險輕微 之短期高流通性投資。

關連人士

關連人士為與本集團有關連之個人或實 體以其編制財務報表。

- (i) 倘屬以下人士,則該人士或其近親與本集團有關連:
 - (1) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (2) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (3) 為本集團或其母公司之主要 管理層成員。

Related parties (Continued)

- (ii) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (1) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (2) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (3) The entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (4) One entity is a joint venture of a third party and the other entity is an associate of the same third party.
 - (5) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
 - (6) The entity is controlled or jointly-controlled by a person identified in (i).
 - (7) A person identified in (i)(1) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (8) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

關連人士(續)

- (ii) 倘符合下列任何條件,則實體與本 集團有關連:
 - (1) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團 之成員公司(即各母公司、附 屬公司及同系附屬公司彼此 間有關連)。
 - (2) 一間實體為另一實體之聯營 公司或合營企業(或另一實體 為成員公司之集團旗下成員 公司之聯營公司或合營企業)。
 - (3) 實體及本集團均為同一第三 方之合營企業。
 - (4) 一間實體為第三方之合營企 業,而另一實體為該第三方 實體之聯營公司。
 - (5) 實體為本集團或與其有關連 之實體就僱員利益設立之離 職福利計劃。倘本集團本身 即為該計劃,則提供資助之 僱主亦與本集團有關連。
 - (6) 實體受第(i)項所識別人士控 制或受共同控制。
 - (7) 第(i)(1)項所識別人士對實體 有重大影響力或屬該實體(或 其母公司)之主要管理層成員。
 - (8) 實體或其組成部分的任何成員為本集團或本集團的母公司提供主要管理人員服務。

關連方交易是報告實体與關連方之間轉 讓資源、服務或責任,不論是否價格被 收取。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Related parties (Continued)

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity, and include:

- (a) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (b) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (c) dependants of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 4, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and associated assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

關連人士(續)

一名人士之近親指在該人士與實體進行
 交易時預期可對其造成影響或受其影響
 之家族成員,及包括:

- (a) 此人的孩子及配偶或同居伴侣;
- (b) 此人配偶或同居伴侣的孩子;及
- (c) 此人或此人配偶或同居伴侶家屬。

5. 重大會計判斷及估計不明朗因 素之主要來源

於應用附註4所述之本集團會計政策時, 本公司董事須對未能從其他資料來源即 時得知之資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、 估計及假設。估計及相關假設乃以過往 經驗及被視為相關之其他因素為依據。 實際結果可能有別於該等估計。

估計及相關假設會持續予以檢討。倘若 須對會計估計作出修訂,而有關修訂僅 影響修訂估計之期間,則於作出修訂之 期間確認修訂;或倘若修訂影響當期及 未來期間,則於修訂期間及未來期間確 認有關修訂。

估計不明朗因素之主要來源

以下為有關未來之主要假設,以及於報告 期末其他估計不明朗因素之主要來源, 其可能具有導致下一財政年度須對資產 及負債賬面值作重大調整之重大風險。

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Estimated impairment of right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are stated at costs less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. In determining whether an asset is impaired, the Group has to exercise judgement and make estimation, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred or any indicators that may affect the asset value; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, in the case of value in use, the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in estimating the recoverable amounts including cash flow projections and an appropriate discount rate. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of right-of-use assets, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the assets belongs, including allocation of corporate assets when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, otherwise recoverable amount is determined at the smallest group of cash generating units, for which the relevant corporate assets have been allocated. Changing the assumptions and estimates, including the discount rates or the growth rate in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the recoverable amounts.

As at 31 December 2020, impairment losses of approximately HK\$8,241,000 (2019: HK\$nil) in respect of right-of-use assets have been recognised.

5. 重大會計判斷及估計不明朗因 素之主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

估計使用權資產之減值

使用權資產按成本減累計折舊及減值(如 有)列賬。於釐定資產是否減值時,本集 團須作出判斷及估計,尤其需要評估: (1)是否發生任何可能影響資產價值之事 件或任何跡象;(2)資產賬面值是否能夠 以可收回金額(如為使用價值)支持,即 按照持續使用資產估計的未來現金流量 的淨現值;及(3)將應用於估計可收回金 額的適當關鍵假設(包括現金流量預測及 適當的貼現率)。當無法估計使用權資產 之可收回金額時,本集團估計資產所屬 現金產生單位的可收回金額(包括倘可設 立合理及一致的分配基準時進行公司資 產分配),否則按已分配相關公司資產的 最小現金產生單位組別為基礎釐定可收 回金額。更改有關假設及估計(包括現金 流預測中的貼現率或增長率),可顯著影 響可收回金額。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,已就使 用權資產確認減值虧損約8,241,000港元 (二零一九年:零港元)。

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Depreciation

The Group depreciates the furniture, fixtures and equipment over their estimated useful live and after taking into account of their estimated residual values, using the straight line method. The estimated useful live reflects the directors' estimate of the periods that the Group intends to derive future economic benefits from the use of the Group's furniture, fixtures and equipment. The residual values reflect the directors' estimated amount that the Group would currently obtain from the disposal of the assets, after deducting the estimated costs of disposal, if the assets were already of the age and in the condition expected at the end of their useful lives.

Fair value measurement and valuation processes

The listed and unlisted equity and other related financial assets investments are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available.

Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engaged an independent professional valuer to perform the valuation. The Investment Committee and the investment manager work closely with the valuer to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The Investment Committee and the investment manager report the valuation finding to the Board to explain the cause of fluctuations in the fair value of the assets and liabilities.

The Group uses valuation techniques that include inputs that are not based on observable market data to estimate the fair value of certain types of financial instruments. Note 7 provides detailed information about the valuation techniques, inputs and key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of financial instruments, as well as the detailed sensitivity analysis for these assumptions.

The directors of the Company believe that the chosen valuation techniques and assumptions used are appropriate in determining the fair value of financial instruments.

重大會計判斷及估計不明朗因 素之主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

折舊

本集團於傢俬、裝置及設備之估計使用 年期內,使用直線法對傢俬、裝置及設 備計提折舊,當中已計及其估計剩餘價 值。估計使用年期反映董事對本集團計 劃使用其傢俬、裝置及設備產生未來經 濟利益之估計期間。剩餘價值反映當資 產已成殘舊及預期處於使用年期終結之 狀況時,董事就本集團於當前出售資產 可得之估計金額(經扣除估計出售成本)。

公允價值計量及估值流程

上市及非上市股本及其他相關財務資產 投資按公允價值計量作為財務報告之用。 於估計資產或負債之公允價值時,本集 團使用可供使用的可觀察市場的數據。

當第一級的數據沒有可供使用,本集團委 任一名獨立專業估值師進行估值。投資 委員會及投資經理與估值師緊密地工作 建立合適的估值方法及數據輸入模型。 投資委員會及投資經理就資產及負債的 公允價值匯報估值結論予董事會解釋差 異的成因。

本集團使用之估值方法包括並非基於可 觀察市場數據之輸入數據,以估計若干 種類之金融工具之公允價值。附註7提供 於釐定金融工具之公允價值所使用之估 值技術、輸入數據及主要假設之詳細資 料,以及該等假設之詳細敏感度分析。

本公司董事相信,所選用之估值技術及 所使用之假設適合釐定金融工具之公允 價值。

5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Income tax

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had estimated unused tax losses of approximately HK\$266,770,000 (2019: approximately HK\$248,460,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax assets have been recognised on such tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The realisability of the deferred tax asset mainly depends on whether sufficient future taxable profits or taxable temporary differences will be available in the future. In cases where the actual future taxable profits generated are more than expected, recognition of deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in profit or loss for the period in which such recognition takes place.

Going concern consideration

The directors of the Company have prepared the consolidated financial statements on the assumption that the Group will be able to operate as a going concern in the foreseeable future, which is a critical judgement that has the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements. The assessment of the going concern assumption involves making a judgement by the directors, about the future outcome of events or conditions which are inherently uncertain. The directors consider that, after taking into account of all major events or conditions and the subsequent events disclosed in note 38, which may give rise to business risks, that individually or collectively may cast significant doubt upon the going concern assumption as set out in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group has the capability to continue as a going concern.

重大會計判斷及估計不明朗因 素之主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

所得税

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 預計有未動用的税項虧損約266,770,000 港元(二零一九年:約248,460,000港元) 可供於抵銷未來利潤。由於未來利潤的 不可預測性,税項虧損的遞延税項資產 並沒有確認。遞延税項資產的變現主要 取決於是否有足夠的未來應課税利潤或 應納税暫時性差異。當實際未來產生的 應税利潤超過預期,遞延税項資產有可 能出現,如此發生時會被確認為收支。

持續經營的考慮

本公司董事編製綜合財務報表時已假設 本集團在可見將來將能持續經營,其為 一項關鍵判斷,對綜合財務報表內確認 的款項影響最大。持續經營假設之評估 涉及董事對本身具不確定性的未來事件 結果或狀況作出判斷。經考慮可能產生 業務風險而個別或共同對綜合財務報表 附註2所載持續經營假設造成重大質疑 之所有主要事項或狀況以及附註38所披 露之期後事項後,董事認為本集團有能 力持續經營。 For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

6. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remained unchanged from prior year.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure periodically. As part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt. No change was made in the objectives, policies or processes as compared to those in 2019.

The directors of the Company monitor the capital on the basis of gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total borrowings divided by total assets.

The management considers the gearing ratio at the year ended was as follows:

6. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團旗下 實體將有能力持續經營,並同時通過優 化債務及股本平衡,盡量增大股東之回 報。本集團整體策略自以往年度比較維 持不變。

本公司董事定期檢討資本架構。作為有 關檢討之一部分,本公司董事考慮資本 成本及各類資本之相關風險。根據董事 之建議,本集團將通過派付股息、發行新 股、購回股份及發行新債或贖回現債, 平衡其整體資本架構。與二零一九年比 較,目標、政策或程式均無變動。

本公司董事依據資產負債比率監察資本。 此比率乃按總借貸除以總資產計算。

管理層於年結時考慮之資產負債比率如 下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$ 港元
Total borrowings: Corporate bonds Unsecured borrowings Lease liabilities	總借貸: 公司債券 無抵押借貸 租賃負債	76,056,492 37,706,111 9,381,482	70,090,412 30,563,767 8,851,890
		123,144,085	109,506,069
Total assets	總資產	5,299,924	21,216,977
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	2,323.51%	516.12%

The increase in the gearing ratio during the year ended 31 December 2020 was primarily resulted from the decrease in financial assets designated as at FVTPL and right-of-us assets.

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 內資產負債比率增加主要由於指定為按 公允價值計入損益之財務資產及使用權 資產減少所致。

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7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

7. 財務風險管理

Categories of financial instruments

The table below provided a reconciliation of the line items in the consolidated statement of financial position to the categories of financial instruments.

金融工具之類別

下表提供綜合財務狀況表項目與金融工 具類別之對賬。

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Financial assets	財務資產		
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬之財務資產	232,261	1,488,186
Financial assets designated as at FVTPL	指定為按公允價值計入損益	232,201	1,400,100
	之財務資產	4,983,340	10,906,777
		4,505,540	
		5,215,601	12,394,963
			,
Financial liabilities	財務負債		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:	按攤銷成本列賬之財務負債:		
Other payables	其他應付款項	430,000	430,000
Unsecured borrowings	無抵押借貸	37,706,111	30,563,767
Corporate bonds	公司債券	76,056,492	70,090,412
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	9,381,482	8,851,890
		123,574,085	109,936,069

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7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include financial assets at FVTPL, deposits, other receivables, cash and bank balances, other payables, lease liabilities, corporate bonds and unsecured borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and operational risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(1) Risk management

- (a) Market risk
 - (i) Foreign currency risk

The Group has foreign currency investment in financial assets, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk. Approximately 87% (2019: approximately 88%) of the Group's financial assets denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Company. The management monitors foreign exchange exposure by closely monitoring the movement of foreign currency rate.

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

7. 財務風險管理(續)

財務風險管理目的及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括按公允價值 計入損益之財務資產、按金、其他應收 款項、現金及銀行結餘、其他應付款項、 租賃負債、公司債券及無抵押借貸。該 等金融工具之詳情於各個附註內披露。 與該等金融工具有關之風險包括市場風 險(外幣風險、利率風險及其他價格風 險)、信貸風險、流動資金風險及營運風 險。有關如何減低此等風險之政策載於 下文。管理層管理及監察此等風險,以 確保適時有效採取適當措施。

- (1) 風險管理
 - (a) 市場風險
 - (i) 外幣風險

本集團擁有財務資產 外幣投資,令本集團承 受外幣風險。本集團約 87%(二零一九年:約 88%)之財務資產以本 公司功能貨幣以外之貨 幣計值。管理層密切地 留意外幣兑率變動監測 外幣兑換風險。

本集團近期沒有外幣對 沖政策。但是,管理層 監測外幣兑換風險及認 為對沖重要外幣兑換風 險應需要產生。

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7.	FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 7.						財務	多風隆	僉管	理(;	續)	
	Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)						財務風險管理目的及政策(續)					
	(1) Risk management (Continued)						(1) 風險管理(續)					
	(a) Market risk (Continued)							(a)	市場	風險	(續)	
			(i)	Foreign currency risk (Continu	ed)		於報			風險(續)		
				The significant carrying amou foreign currencies denominat at the end of reporting period	ed monetary assets					8告期末,本集團以 8計值之貨幣資產之 5賬面值如下:		
							2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元		⋷年 I K\$	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元		
				Singapore dollars (" S\$ ")	新加坡元(「 新加 」	坡元 」)		4,535,340		340	10,906,777	
				Sensitivity analysis			敏感度分析 本集團主要受新加坡 之波動影響。 倘港元兑新加坡元之 率貶值或升值5%(零一九年:5%),則 集團之本年度虧損將 加或減少226,767港 (二零一九年:545,33 港元)。			度分析		
				The Group is mainly expose fluctuation of the S\$.	d to the effects of							
				If the exchange rate of HK\$ a weakened or strengthened by Group's loss for the year wou or lower by HK\$226,767 (201	5% (2019: 5%), the ld have been higher					5值或升值5%(二 -九年:5%),則本 國之本年度虧損將增 线減少226,767港元 零一九年:545,339		

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

7. FII

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)						財務風險管理(續)					
Fina	ncial	risk m	nanagement objectives and policies (Continued)		財務	↑務風險管理目的及政策(續)					
(1)	Risk	k mana	agement (Continued)		(1)	<u>風</u> 険	管理	(續)			
	(a)	(a) Market risk (Continued)				(a)	市場	层風險(續)			
		(ii)	Interest rate risk				(ii)	利率風險			
			The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to the Group's variable-rate bank balances. The Group has no significant bank balances for both years, the management considers the rise is minimal.					本集團面臨有關本集團 浮動利率銀行結餘的公 允價值利率風險。本集 團於兩個年度並無重大 銀行結餘,管理層認為 風險屬不重大。			
			The Group's interest rate risk related primarily to the variable interest bearing deposits and debts.					本集團之利率風險主要 涉及浮息存款及債務。			
			The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider the necessary actions when significant interest rate exposure is anticipated.					本集團近期沒有利率對 沖政策。但是,管理層 監測利率風險及當重要 利率風險被預測時,會 考慮必要的措施。			
			Sensitivity analysis					敏感度分析			
			The Group's sensitivity to interest rate risk has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for bank balances at the end of the reporting period, which is not significant influence to the Group's loss before tax. A 100 basis point change is used which represents management's assessment of the possible change in interest rates.					本集團的敏感度分析被 定立的利率風險基於報 告期末承受浮息銀行存 款之利率風險,其對本 集團的除税前虧損沒有 重大影響。分析中採用 100個基點之變動,此 乃管理層評估之可能利 率變動。			
			If interest rates have been 100 (2019: 100) basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's loss before tax for the year ended 31 December 2020 would be increased/decreased by HK\$1,229,758 (2019: increased/decreased by HK\$1,092,859).					倘利率上升/下降100 (二零一九年:100)個 基點,而所有其他變數 維持不變,則本集團於 截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度之 除税前虧損將增加/減 少1,229,758港元(二 零一九年:增加/減少			

1,092,859港元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

- (1) Risk management (Continued)
 - (a) Market risk (Continued)
 - (iii) Other price risk

The Group's strategy for the management of market risk is driven by the Group's investment objective. The listed and unlisted equity and other related financial assets investments in Hong Kong and overseas are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Therefore, the Group's equity investments are exposed to other price risk. The Group's market risk is managed on a regular basis by the investment manager in accordance with policies and procedures in place and are monitored on a regular basis by the Board. Decisions to buy or sell trading securities are based on regular monitoring of the performance of securities compared to that of the relevant stock market index and other industry indicators, as well as the Group's liquidity needs. To manage its price risk arising from the equity investments, the Group maintains a portfolio of diversified investments in terms of industry distribution such as education and minerals industry sectors. Temporarily, the Group's management has monitored price risk and will consider hedging of the risk if necessary.

The management manages the exposure of financial assets designated as at FVTPL by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk and return profiles. The Group's equity price risk is mainly concentrated on equity instruments operating in securities and brokerage industry sectors quoted in the Stock Exchange.

The Group has not hedged its price risk arising from investments in equity securities. The Group's securities investments are listed on the Stock Exchange are valued at the quoted market prices at the reporting date.

7. 財務風險管理(續)

財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

- (1) 風險管理(續)
 - (a) 市場風險(續)
 - (iii) 其他價格風險

本集團管理市場風險之 策略取決於本集團之投 資目標。就香港及海外 之上市及非上市股本及 其他相關財務資產投資 於各報告期末按公允價 值計量。因此,本集團 的股本投資承受其他價 格風險。投資經理定期 按既定政策及程序管理 及董事會定期監察本集 團之市場風險。決定買 賣交易證券與否,視乎 定期所監察證券對比相 關股票市場指數及其他 行業指標之表現,以及 本集團之流動資金需要 而定。為管理股本證券 所產生之價格風險,本 集團投資組合在行業分 佈方面十分多元化,所 涉及之行業包括教育及 礦物產業等。目前本集 團之管理層會臨時監察 價格風險,並將於有需 要時考慮對沖有關風險。

管理層以維持不同風險 和收益的投資組合管理 指定為按以於資產的價 產之則務資產的價 產的國的集子 及經紀行業操作的股 。證券於聯交所之報價。

本集團沒有對沖由投資 於股本證券所引起之價 格風險。本集團的證券 投資於聯交所上市按市 場買入報價於報告日被 估值。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

財務風險管理(續) 7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 7.

(1)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續) (1) 風險管理(續) Risk management (Continued) (a) Market risk (Continued) (a) 市場風險(續) Other price risk (Continued) 其他價格風險(續) (iii) (jjj) Sensitivity analysis 敏感度分析 The sensitivity analysis below have been 以下敏感度分析基於報 determined based on the exposure to equity price 告期末承受股本價格風 risks at the end of reporting period. For sensitively 險釐定。就敏感度分析 analysis purpose, the sensitivity rate remains at 而言,於本年度敏感率 15% in the current year. 保持在15%。 If listed equity prices had been 15% higher/lower 倘指定為持作買賣之財 for financial assets designated as held for trading 務資產之上市股本價 (2019: 15% higher/lower), loss for the year 格上升/下跌15%(二 零一九年:上升/下跌 ended 31 December 2020 would be decreased/ 15%),則截至二零二 increased by HK\$67,200 (2019: decreased/ increased by HK\$nil). If the unlisted equity prices 零年十二月三十一日 had been higher/lower by 15% for financial assets 止年度之虧損將減少/ designated as at FVTPL (2019: 15% higher/lower) 增加67,200港元(二零 一九年:減少/增加零 and all other variables were held constant, loss for the year ended 31 December 2020 would 港元)。倘指定為按公 be decreased/increased by HK\$680,301 (2019: 允價值計入損益之財務 資產之非上市股本價 decreased/increased by HK\$1,636,017). 格上升/下跌15%(二 零一九年:上升/下跌 15%),而所有其他變數 維持不變,則截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日 止年度之虧損將減少/ 增加680,301港元(二 零一九年:減少/增加

1,636,017港元)。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 综合財務報表附註

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7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(1) Risk management (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Group. Financial assets which potentially subject the Group to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of financial assets at FVTPL, bank balances, deposits and other receivables.

The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by transacting the majority of its financial assets and contractual commitment activities with brokers, banks and regulated exchanges with high credit ratings and that the Group considers to be well established. All transactions in listed financial assets are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved and reputable brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold is only made when the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase only when the securities have been received by broker. The Group reviews and monitors the credit concentration of investments on a regular basis.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks or financial institutions. Other than concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with several banks and financial institutions, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk.

7. 財務風險管理(續)

財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

- (1) 風險管理(續)
 - (b) 信貸風險

信貸風險乃指交易對方將未 能或不願意遵守與本集團訂 下承諾之風險。本集團可能 須承擔集中信貸風險之財務 資產主要包括按公允價值計 入損益之財務資產、銀行結 餘、按金及其他應收款項。

由於交易對手為銀行或金融 機構,流動資金信貸風險有 限。除存入若干銀行及金融 機構的流動資金集中信貸風 險外,本集團並無任何其他 重大集中信貸風險。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

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7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

7. 財務風險管理(續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(1) Risk management (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

The Group invests in both listed and unlisted equity securities which are classified as financial assets at FVTPL. The listed equity investment is considered readily realisable as it is listed in the Stock Exchange. The unlisted equity securities may not be traded in an organised public market and may be illiquid. As a result, the Group may not be able to liquidate quickly its investments in these instruments at an amount close to their fair value in order to meet its liquidity requirements or to respond to specific events such as deterioration in the creditworthiness of any particular issuer. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents in order to fulfil the Group's financial liabilities.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities which are included in the maturity analysis provided internally to the key management personnel for the purpose of managing liquidity risk. For non-derivative financial liabilities, the table reflects the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flow. 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

- (1) 風險管理(續)
 - (c) 流動資金風險

以下表詳述了本集團財務負 債的剩餘合同的到期日,當中 提供給內部主要管理層的到 期日分析以作為管理流動性 風險。於非衍生財務負債,此 表已反映了未貼現現金流量 的財務負債是基於本集團被 要求最早的還款日期劃分。 此表包括利息和本金現金流。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 7.

7. 財務風險管理(續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

- (1) Risk management (Continued)
 - (c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

(1) 風險管理(續)

2020

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

					2020			
					二零二零年			
		Weighted					Total	Total
		average					undiscounted	carrying
		interest rate 加權平均	On demand	Within 1 year	2–5 years	Over 5 years	cash flows 未貼現現金	amounts
		利率	應要求	一年內	二至五年	超過五年	流量總額	賬面總值
		%	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		%	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
Creditors	應付款項		430,000	_	_	_	430,000	430,000
Loan from a director	董事之貸款		72,269	_	_	_	72,269	72,269
Loan from a licensed	重乎之虽然 持牌放債公司貸款		12,205				12,205	12,205
money lending company		10	8,600,000	_	-	-	8,600,000	8,587,713
Loans from third parties	第三方貸款	13	25,876,578	3,413,200	-	_	29,289,778	29,046,129
Corporate bonds	公司債券	6	6,325,616	4,550,000	75,074,384	10,500,000	96,450,000	76,056,492
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	12	3,749,760	4,866,912	1,216,728	-	9,833,400	9,381,482
			45,054,223	12,830,112	76,291,112	10,500,000	144,675,447	123,574,085
					2019 二零一九年			
		Weighted					Total	Total
		average					undiscounted	carrying
		interest rate 加權平均	On demand	Within 1 year	2–5 years	Over 5 years	cash flows 未貼現現金	amounts
		利率	應要求	一年內	二至五年	超過五年	流量總額	賬面總值
		%	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		%	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
Creditors	 雁付款項	%		港元	港元	港元		
	應付款項 董事之貸款	-	港元 430,000 -	_	港元 - -	港元 - -	430,000	430,000
Loan from a director Loan from a licensed	董事之貸款 持牌放債公司貸款	- 6	430,000	- 11,151,612	港元 - -	_	430,000 11,151,612	430,000 11,803,639
Loan from a director Loan from a licensed money lending company	董事之貸款 持牌放債公司貸款 /	- 6 10	430,000 _ _	_ 11,151,612 8,000,000	- - -	- -	430,000 11,151,612 8,000,000	430,000 11,803,639 7,987,713
Loan from a director Loan from a licensed money lending company Loans from third parties	董事之貸款 持牌放債公司貸款 / 第三方貸款	- 6 10 11	430,000 - - 7,201,596	- 11,151,612 8,000,000 1,529,500	- - 3,413,200	- - -	430,000 11,151,612 8,000,000 12,144,296	430,000 11,803,639 7,987,713 10,772,415
Loans from third parties Corporate bonds	董事之貸款 持牌放債公司貸款 / 第三方貸款 公司債券	- 6 10 11 6	430,000 _ _	- 11,151,612 8,000,000 1,529,500 11,100,000	- - 3,413,200 28,274,590	- -	430,000 11,151,612 8,000,000 12,144,296 95,550,000	430,000 11,803,639 7,987,713 10,772,415 70,090,412
Loan from a director Loan from a licensed money lending company Loans from third parties	董事之貸款 持牌放債公司貸款 / 第三方貸款	- 6 10 11	430,000 - - 7,201,596	- 11,151,612 8,000,000 1,529,500	- - 3,413,200	- - -	430,000 11,151,612 8,000,000 12,144,296	430,000 11,803,639 7,987,713 10,772,415

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 7

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(1) Risk management (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Taking into account the Group's major events or conditions and the subsequent event disclosed in note 38, the directors consider the liquidity of the Group will be improved.

(d) Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect (loss) profit arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the processes and technology supporting the Group's operations either internally within the Group or externally at the Group's service provider, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of investment management behavior. Operational risks arise from all of the Group's activities.

The Group's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation with achieving its investment objective of generating returns to investors.

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls over operational risk rests with the Board. This responsibility is supported by the development of overall standards for the management of operational risk, which encompasses the controls and processes at the service providers and the establishment of service levels with the service providers, in the following areas:

7. 財務風險管理(續)

財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

- (1) 風險管理(續)
 - (c) 流動資金風險(續)

考慮到本集團之主要事項或 狀況以及附註38所披露之期 後事項,董事認為本集團之 流動性將得到改善。

(d) 營運風險

本集團之目標為管理營運風 險,從而在降低財務虧損及 聲譽受損程度,與實踐為投 資者賺取回報之投資目標之 間取得平衡。

董事會承擔發展及推行營運 風險控制之重責。此責任由開 發管理營運風險整體標準支 持,其涉及服務供應商之監控 及程式,以及為服務供應商 於以下範疇制定服務水準:

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 7

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

- (1) Risk management (Continued)
 - (d) Operational risk (Continued)
 - requirements for appropriate segregation of duties between various functions, roles and responsibilities;
 - requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of the transactions;
 - compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements;
 - documentation of controls and procedures;
 - requirements for the periodic assessment of operational risks faced, and the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified;
 - contingency plans;
 - ethical and business standards; and
 - risk mitigation, including insurance where this is effective.

The directors' assessment over the adequacy of the controls and processes in place at the service providers with respect to operational risks is carried out via regular discussions with the service providers and a review of the service providers' reports on internal controls, where available and practicable.

7. 財務風險管理(續)

財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

- (1) 風險管理(續)
 - (d) 營運風險(續)
 - 規定適當地劃分各職
 能、角色及責任之職責:
 - 規定進行交易對賬及監 察;
 - 遵守監管及其他法律規 定;
 - 以檔記錄監控及程式;
 - 規定定期評估所面對營 運風險,以及處理所識 別風險之監控及程式是 否足夠;
 - 應變計劃;
 - 道德及商業標準;及
 - 減低風險,包括保險(如 有效)。

董事透過定期與服務供應商 進行討論,以及審閱服務供 應商之內部監控報告(如有及 可行),評估服務供應商現時 有關營運風險之監控及程式 是否足夠。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

財務風險管理(續) **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)** 7. 7.

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Fair value measurement of financial instruments (2)

(a) Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair value of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used).

財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

- (2) 金融工具之公允價值計量
 - (a) 按經常性基準以公允價值計 量之本集團財務資產及財務 負債公允價值

於各報告期末,本集團若干 財務資產及財務負債按公允 價值計量。下表提供有關如 何釐定該等財務資產及財務 負債公允價值之資料(尤其是 所用估值技術及輸入數據)。

Relationshin

Financial assets 財務資產	Fair value as a 於十二月三十-		Fair value hierarchy 公允價值 等級	Valuation technique(s) and key input 估值技術及關鍵 輸入數據	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察 輸入數據	Kelationship of the significant input for fair value 公允價值重要輸入 數據的關係
	2020	2019	JMA	אפע אצ י ע מד	עפאן אאג איי דעמד	או מון דא אני איג איג איג איג איג איג איג איג איג אי
	二零二零年	二零一九年				
Financial assets at FVTPL	Listed equity investment in Hong Kong	Listed equity investment in Hong Kong				
		 Tech Pro Technology Development Limited (stock code: 3823) HK\$nil 	Level 1	Quoted market bid price in an active market	N/A	N/A
	 State Energy Group International Assets Holdings Limited (stock code: 918) HK\$448,000 	 State Energy Group International Assets Holdings Limited (stock code: 918) HK\$nil 	Level 1	Quoted market bid price in an active market	N/A	N/A
按公允價值 計入損益之	於香港的上市股本投資	於香港的上市股本投資				
財務資產		-德普科技發展有限 公司(股份代號: 3823)零港元	第一級	活躍市場上之市場買入 報價	不適用	不適用
	一國能集團國際資產 控股有限公司 (股份代號:918) 448,000港元	-國能集團國際資產 控股有限公司 (股份代號:918) 零港元	第一級	活躍市場上之市場買入 報價	不適用	不適用

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 7.

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

- (2) Fair value measurement of financial instruments (Continued)
 - (a) Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

7. 財務風險管理(續)

財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

- (2) 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)
 - (a) 按經常性基準以公允價值計 量之本集團財務資產及財務 負債公允價值(續)

Relationship

Financial assets	Fair value as a	t 31 December	Fair value hierarchy 公允價值	Valuation technique(s) and key input 估值技術及關鍵	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察	Relationship of the significant input for fair value 公允價值重要輸入
財務資產	於十二月三十-	一日的公允價值	等級	輸入數據	輸入數據	數據的關係
	2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年				
Financial assets at FV	TPL Unlisted equity investments in overseas	Unlisted equity investments in overseas	Level 3	Income approach – in this approach, the discounted cash flow method was	Discount rate 14.99% (2019: 18.30%)	10% increase (decrease) in discount rate would result in (decrease) increase in fair
	 E-Com Holdings Pte. Ltd. HK\$4,535,340 	 E-Com Holdings Pte. Ltd. HK\$10,906,777 		used to capture the present value of the expected future economic benefits to be derived from the ownership of investee.		value by (HK\$355,933) and HK\$451,863 respectively (2019: decrease HK\$908,784 and increase HK\$1,136,666 respectively).
					Discount for lack of marketability (" DLOM ") 24.82% (2019: 17.40%)	10% increase (decrease) in DLOM would result in (decrease) increase in fair value by (HK\$148,770) and HK\$147,375 respectively (2019: decrease HK\$253,965 and increase HK\$256,711 respectively).
按公允價值 計入損益之	於海外非上市股本投資	於海外非上市股本投資				
財務資產	ー E-Com Holdings Pte. Ltd. 4,535,340港元	E-Com Holdings Pte. Ltd. 10,906,777港元	第三級	收入法一在此方法中, 利用貼現現金流量法取得 接受投資公司擁有權將產 生之預期未來經濟利益之 現值。	貼現率14.99% (二零一九年: 18.30%)	貼現率増加(減少)10%致使公允 價值分別(減少)増加(355,933 港元)及451,863港元(二零 一九年:分別減少908,784港 元及増加1,136,666港元)。
					缺乏市場性流動 貼現率(「缺乏 市場性流動貼現 率」)24.82% (二零一九年: 17.40%)	缺乏市場性流動貼現率増加(減 少)10% 致使公允價值分別 (減少)増加(148,770港元)及 147,375港元(二零一九年: 分別減少253,965港元及増加 256,711港元)。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 7. 財務風險管理(續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

- (2) Fair value measurement of financial instruments (Continued)
 - (a) Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

Valuation processes of the Group

The management of the Group reviews the estimation of fair value of the investments in unlisted equity which is categorised into Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Fair values of the unlisted investments are determined by the management with reference to the valuation reports prepared by an independent professional valuer. Discussion of the valuation process and results with the management is held twice a year, for the Group's interim and annual reporting.

During the year ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, there were no transfers between financial instruments in Level 1, 2 and 3.

財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

- (2) 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)
 - (a) 按經常性基準以公允價值計 量之本集團財務資產及財務 負債公允價值(續)

本集團的估值流程

本集團管理層審核投資於非 上市股本的公允價值之估計 分類為公允價值等級的第三 級。非上市投資的公允價值均 由管理層經參考獨立合資格 專業估值進行之估值釐定。 管理層每年舉行兩次估值流 程的討論及結論為本集團的 中期及年度報告之用。

截至二零二零年及二零一九 年十二月三十一日止年度內, 金融工具在第一級、第二級 與第三級之間概無轉移。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

7. 財務風險管理(續) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 7.

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

- Fair value measurement of financial instruments (2) (Continued)
 - (a) Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring *basis (Continued)*

Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

- (2) 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)
 - (a) 按經常性基準以公允價值計 量之本集團財務資產及財務 負債公允價值(續)

公允價值等級

下表提供於初步確認後按公 允價值計量之金融工具之分 析(按公允價值之可觀察程度 分為第一至三級)。

			20 二零二		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		第一級	第二級	第三級	總計
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元
Financial assets	財務資產				
Financial assets at FVTPL:	按公允價值計入損益				
	之財務資產:				
Unlisted equity investment	非上市股本投資			4,535,340	4,535,340
			20	19	
			二零-		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		第一級	第二級	第三級	總計
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元
Financial assets	財務資產				
Financial assets at FVTPL:	按公允價值計入損益 之財務資產:				
Unlisted equity investment	非上市股本投資			10,906,777	10,906,777

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

(b) 第三級公允價值計量對賬

7. 財務風險管理(續) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 7.

- Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Fair value measurement of financial instruments (2) 金融工具之公允價值計量(續) (2) (Continued)
 - (b) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements

(C)

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

本公司董事認為於綜合財務 報表內確認之財務資產及財 務負債之賬面值與其公允價

值相若。

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
At 1 January Unrealised loss recognised in	於一月一日 於損益確認之未變現	10,906,777	16,540,214
profit or loss Exchange loss, net	虧損 匯兑虧損淨額	(6,242,542) (128,895)	(4,767,488) (865,949)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	4,535,340	10,906,777
<i>Fair value of the Group's financi liabilities that are not measure recurring basis (but fair value disc</i>	ed at fair value on a	計量(惟)	性基準以公允價值 須作出公允價值披 €團財務資產及財務 價值

8. REVENUE AND NET OTHER INCOME, GAINS AND LOSSES

8. 收益及其他收入、收益及虧損 淨值

An analysis of revenue and net other income, gains and losses is as follows

收益及其他收入、收益及虧損淨值分析 如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Revenue	收益		
Other income, gains and losses:	其他收入、收益及虧損:		
Income from office sharing	來自共用辦公室之收入	67,500	240,000
Exchange loss, net	匯兑虧損淨額	(128,887)	(867,970)
Interest income on rental deposit	租賃按金之利息收入	317,519	85,925
Government subsidies	政府補貼	216,000	-
Waiver of directors' remuneration	放棄董事薪酬	675,484	-
Sundry income	其他收入	4,182	752,632
		1,151,798	210,587

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Business segments

The directors of the Company consider that the Group only has single business segment, i.e. investment in financial assets at FVTPL. It is not considered meaningful to provide a business segment analysis of financial performance.

Geographical segments

The Group's segment assets, which represent furniture, fixtures and equipment, financial assets at FVTPL and cash and bank balance, and liabilities which represent unsecured borrowings and corporate bonds for the year, analysed by geographical markets, are as follows:

9. 分類資料

業務分類

考慮到本集團僅有一項業務分類,即按 公允價值計入損益之財務資產投資,本 公司董事認為提供財務表現之業務分類 分析意義不大。

地區分類

本集團年內之分類資產(包括傢俬、裝置 及設備、按公允價值計入損益之財務資產 及現金及銀行結餘)及負債(包括無抵押 借貸及公司債券)按地區市場分析如下:

			2020 二零二零年	
		Singapore	Hong Kong	Total
		新加坡	香港	總計
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元
Segment assets	分類資產	4,535,340	616,180	5,151,520
Unallocated assets	未分配資產			148,404
Total assets	資產總值			5,299,924
Segment liabilities	分類負債	-	113,762,603	113,762,603
Unallocated liabilities	未分配負債			21,086,350
Total liabilities	負債總值			134,848,953

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) 9. 分類資料(續)

Geographical segments (Continued)

地區分類(續)

		2019 二零一九年	
	Singapore	Hong Kong	Total
	新加坡	香港	總計
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
	港元	港元	港元
分類資產	10,906,777	160,039	11,066,816
未分配資產			10,150,161
資產總值			21,216,977
分類負債	_	100,654,179	100,654,179
未分配負債			16,930,236
負債總值			117,584,415
	未分配資產 資產總值 分類負債 未分配負債	新加坡 HK\$ 港元 分類資產 10,906,777 未分配資產 資產總值 分類負債 未分配負債	二零一九年 Hong Kong 新加坡 新加坡 日K\$ 著元分類資產 未分配資產10,906,777分類負債 未分配負債-100,654,179

10. NET LOSS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

10. 按公允價值計入損益之財務資 產虧損淨額

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$ 港元
Unrealised gain arising on fair value changes of listed equity investments Unrealised loss arising on fair value changes of unlisted equity investment	上市股本投資公允價值 變動產生之未變現收益 非上市股本投資公允價值 變動產生之未變現虧損	448,000 (6,242,542)	(4,767,488)
		(5,794,542)	(4,767,488)

11. LOSS FROM OPERATIONS

11. 經營虧損

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Loss from operations has been arrived at 🛛 🐇	經營虧損乃經扣除(計入)		
after charging (crediting):	下列各項後得出:		
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	250,000	280,000
Investment management fee	投資管理費	-	2,220,000
Depreciation of furniture, fixtures and	傢俬、裝置及設備之折舊		
equipment		-	1,513
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊	1,208,489	2,929,416
Exchange loss, net	匯兑虧損淨額	128,887	867,970
Interest income on rental deposit	租賃按金之利息收入	(317,519)	(85,925)
Impairment losses on right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值虧損	8,241,405	-
Net loss on financial assets at FVTPL	按公允價值計入損益之財務		
	資產虧損淨額	5,794,542	4,767,488
Lease payments for short-term leases not	並無計入租賃負債計量的		
included in the measurement of lease	短期租賃之租賃付款		
liabilities		348,215	1,907,608
Directors' remuneration and staff costs	董事酬金及員工成本		
 salaries, allowance and other benefits 	-薪金、津貼及其他實物		
in kind	福利	9,149,644	10,218,183
 – contributions to MPF Scheme 	一強積金計劃供款	94,725	102,895

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12. FINANCE COSTS

12. 財務費用

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Interest on:	利息:		
- Loans from a director	-董事之貸款	72,269	-
- Loans from the Ultimate Controlling	一最終控制方貸款		
Party		369,744	624,447
 Loans from a licensed money lending company 	- 持牌放債公司貸款	800,000	873,411
 Loans from third parties 	- 第三方貸款	1,770,331	6,270,617
- Overdue rent and management fee	一逾期租金及管理費	25,920	
		3,038,264	7,768,475
Effective interest on corporate bonds	公司債券實際利息	5,966,080	5,839,059
Imputed interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債推算利息	896,938	907,807
		9,901,282	14,515,341

13. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%. The directors of the Company considered the amount involved upon implementation of the two-tiered profits tax rates regime as insignificant to the consolidated financial statements. Thus, Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made for both years as the Group did not have any assessable profits.

13. 所得税開支

根據利得税兩級制,合資格集團實體首2 百萬港元溢利的税率為8.25%,而超過2 百萬港元的溢利税率為16.5%。不符合利 得税兩級制資格的集團實體的溢利將繼 續按16.5%之劃一税率徵收税項。本公 司董事認為,實施利得税兩級制所涉及 之金額與綜合財務報表並無重大關係。 因此,兩個年度的香港利得税均按估計 應課税溢利之16.5%計算。

由於本集團於該兩個年度並無任何應課 税溢利,故並無於該兩個年度就香港利 得税作出撥備。

13. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

13. 所得税開支(續)

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the loss before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows: 年內所得税開支與綜合損益及其他全面 收益表之除税前虧損對賬如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(36,301,591)	(43,673,836)
Hong Kong Profits Tax calculated at the rate of 16.5% (2019: 16.5%)	按香港利得税税率16.5% (二零一九年:16.5%) 計算之税項	(5.090.762)	(7, 206, 192)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	司 昇之忧頃 不可扣税開支之税務影響	(5,989,762) 3,134,529	(7,206,183) 1,992,459
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	毋須課税收入之税務影響	(165,941)	
Tax effect on temporary differences not recognised	未確認暫時差異之税務影響	-	(92,363)
Tax effect on tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損之税務影響	3,021,174	5,306,087
Income tax expense for the year	年內所得税開支		

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has estimated unrecognised tax losses of approximately HK\$266,770,000 (2019: approximately HK\$248,460,000) to set off against future taxable income. No deferred tax asset is recognised in respect of such tax losses carried forward as the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits could not be reasonably assessed. The tax losses do not have expiry date under the current tax legislation. The Group had no material unprovided deferred tax liabilities at the end of the reporting period (2019: HK\$nil). 於報告期末,本集團之估計未確認税項虧 損約為266,770,000港元(二零一九年: 約248,460,000港元),可用以抵銷未來 應課税收入。由於未能合理評估以未來應 課税溢利變現相關税務利益,故並無就 該等結轉税項虧損確認遞延税項資產。 根據現行税法,税項虧損並無屆滿日期。 於報告期末,本集團並無任何重大未撥 備遞延税項負債(二零一九年:零港元)。

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14. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, Cap. 622 and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, are as follows:

(a) Directors' emoluments and other benefit

14. 董事酬金

根據上市規則,香港公司條例第622章 383條及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例 第2部披露如下:

(a) 董事酬金及其他福利

For the year ended 31 December 2020	截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度	Fee 袍金 HK S 港元	Salaries, allowance and other benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 其他實物福利 HKS 港元	Employer's contributions to MPF Scheme 強積金計劃 之僱主供款 HKS 港元	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅 HK S 港元	Total emoluments 酬金總額 HK S 港元
Executive director	執行董事					
Chan Yiu Pun, Clement	陳耀彬(附註2)					
(Note 2)		-	1,102,333	15,000	161,333	1,278,666
Xiao Yanming (Chairman)	肖艷明 <i>(主席)</i>					
(Note 14)	(附註14)	120,000	-	3,000	-	123,000
Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
Hu Haisong (Note 6)	胡海松(附註6)	1,520,000	-	-	200,000	1,720,000
Tung Shu Sun (Note 10)	董樹新(附註10)	1,121,667	-	-	146,667	1,268,334
Xiao Yanming	肖艷明					
(Notes 7, 11 and 14)	(附註7、11及14)	148,000	-	4,400	-	152,400
Dang Yin Liang (Note 12)	黨銀良(附註12)	277,000	-	-	30,000	307,000
Ding Shiguo (Note 6) Wong Tsz Wai (Note 7)	丁世國(附註6) 黃子偉(附註7)	124.000	-	-	-	_ 140,700
Li Ye (Note 13)	★ (附註1)	134,000 84,000	-	6,700 4,200	-	88,200
	ナーナ (11) (二 13)	04,000		4,200		00,200
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Gui Shengyue (Note 5)	桂生悦(附註5)	-	-	-	-	-
Wang Xianzhang (Note 4)	王憲章(附註4)	223,000	-	-	30,000	253,000
Vichai Phaisalakani	熊敬柳(附註1及3)	200.000				200.000
(Notes 1 and 3)	厲劍峰(附註8)	309,000	-	-	-	309,000
Lai Kim Fung (Note 8) Wang Zhonggiu (Note 9)	属则嘽(附註8) 王中秋(附註9)	40,000 35,667	-	-	-	40,000 35,667
Wong Yiu Kit, Ernest (Note 15)	」 黃耀傑(附註15)	10,000	-	_	-	10,000
Total emoluments	酬金總額	4,022,334	1,102,333	33,300	568,000	5,725,967

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14. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

14. 董事酬金(續)

(a)	Directors' emoluments and other benefit (Continued)			(a)	董事酬金及	&其他福利(續	[)
	For the year ended	截至二零一九年十二月		Salaries, allowance and other benefits	Employer's contributions to MPF	Discretionary	Total
	31 December 2019	截 <u> </u>	Fee	in kind	Scheme	bonuses	emoluments
	ST December 2015		100	薪金、津貼及	強積金計劃	DOLIDSES	emoluments
			袍金	其他實物福利	之僱主供款	酌情花紅	酬金總額
			HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
			港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
	Executive director	執行董事					
	Chan Yiu Pun, Clement	陳耀彬	-	1,056,000	18,000	88,000	1,162,000
	Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
	Hu Haisong	胡海松	2,400,000	-	-	200,000	2,600,000
	Tung Shu Sun <i>(Chairman)</i>	董樹新 <i>(主席)</i>	960,000	-	-	80,000	1,040,000
	Dang Yin Liang	黨銀良	360,000	-	-	30,000	390,000
	Ding Shiguo	丁世國	360,000	-	-	30,000	390,000
	Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
	Gui Shengyue	桂生悦	360,000	-	-	30,000	390,000
	Wang Xianzhang	王憲章	360,000	-	-	30,000	390,000
	Vichai Phaisalakani (Note 1)	熊敬柳(附註1)	225,000			25,000	250,000
	Total emoluments	酬金總額	5,05,000	1,056,000	18,000	513,000	6,612,000

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14. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

14. 董事酬金(續)

Directors' emoluments and other benefit (Continued) (a) 董事酬会

Notes:

(a)

- 1. Resigned on 2 October 2019 and re-appointed on 23 January 2020.
- 2. Resigned on 1 November 2020.
- 3. Resigned on 1 December 2020.
- 4. Passed away on 14 August 2020.
- 5. Resigned on 15 June 2020.
- 6. Resigned on 18 August 2020.
- Appointed as non-executive director on 18 August 2020.
- 8. Appointed on 1 September 2020.
- 9. Appointed on 14 September 2020.
- 10. Retired from Chairman on 15 September 2020.
- 11. Appointed as the Chairlady on 15 September 2020.
- 12. Resigned on 7 October 2020.
- 13. Appointed on 7 October 2020.
- 14. Redesignated from an non-executive director to executive director on 2 November 2020.
- 15. Appointed on 1 December 2020.

Mr. Hu Haisong, Mr. Ding Shiguo and Mr. Gui Shengyue agreed to waive all the director's fees and bonus payable to them of approximately HK\$3,120,000 (including approximately HK\$1,400,000 payable as at 31 December 2019), HK\$723,000 (including approximately HK\$465,000 payable as at 31 December 2019) and HK\$390,000 (including approximately HK\$210,000 payable as at 31 December 2019) respectively during the year. There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year ended 31 December 2019.

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

No other significant transactions, arrangement and contracts in relation to the Company's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2019: HK\$nil).

(a)	重爭酬金及具他福利(續)	

附註:

1.	於二零一九年十月二日辭任及於二零
	二零年一月二十三日重新委任。
2.	於二零二零年十一月一日辭任。
3.	於二零二零年十二月一日辭任。
4.	於二零二零年八月十四日去世。
5.	於二零二零年六月十五日辭任。
6.	於二零二零年八月十八日辭任。
7.	於二零二零年八月十八日獲委任為非
	執行董事。
8.	於二零二零年九月一日獲委任。
9.	於二零二零年九月十四日獲委任。
10.	於二零二零年九月十五日退任主席。
11.	於二零二零年九月十五日獲委任為主
	席。
12.	於二零二零年十月七日辭任。
13.	於二零二零年十月七日獲委任。
14.	於二零二零年十一月二十日由非執行
	董事調任為執行董事。
15.	於二零二零年十二月一日獲委任。
年 入	,胡海松先生、丁世國先生

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年內,胡海松先生、丁世國先生 及桂生悦先生分別同意免除應 付彼等之所有董事袍金及花紅 約3,120,000港元(包括於二零 一九年十二月三十一日應付之約 1,400,000港元)、723,000港元(包 括於二零一九年十二月三十一日 應付之約465,000港元)及390,000 港元(包括於二零一九年十二月 三十一日應付之約210,000港元)。 於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日 止年度,概無就董事年內放棄或同 意免除任何報酬訂立任何安排。

年內,本集團概無向董事支付任何 酬金作為吸引加入或加入本集團時 之獎金或離職補償。

本公司概無訂立其他任何本公司董 事直接或間接於其中擁有重大權益 而於本年度末或本年度內任何時間 仍然生效之與本公司業務有關之重 大合約(二零一九年:零港元)。

15. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees of the Group during the year included three directors (2019: three directors), details of whose emoluments are set out in Note 14 above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2019: two) highest paid employees who are not a director of the Company are as follows:

15. 五名最高酬金僱員

年內,本集團五名最高酬金僱員包括三名 董事(二零一九年:三名董事),彼等酬 金詳述載於上文附註14。其餘兩名(二零 一九年:兩名)最高酬金僱員的酬金(非 本公司董事)如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Basic salaries and other benefits Discretionary bonuses Contributions to MPF schemes	基本薪金及其他福利 酌情花紅 強積金計劃供款	2,189,000 260,000 31,500	2,273,205 190,000 34,500
Total emoluments Emoluments bands	酬金總額	2,480,500 酬金幅度	2,497,705
		2020 二零二零年 No. of employees 僱員數目	2019 二零一九年 No. of employees 僱員數目
HK\$nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	零港元至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至 1,500,000港元	1	-
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至 2,000,000港元	1	2

During the year, no remuneration (2019: HK\$nil) was paid by the Group to any of the highest paid individuals as an inducement to join the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

During the year, no share options to subscribe for ordinary shares of the Company were granted to employees under the Company's share option scheme (2019: nil). 年內,本集團概無向任何最高薪人士支 付任何酬金(二零一九年:零港元)作為 吸引加入本集團之獎金或離職補償。

年內,根據本公司的購股權計劃,本公 司概無授予僱員認購普通股的購股權 (二零一九年:無)。

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16. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or proposed for ordinary shareholders of the Company during the year, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the year (2019: HK\$nil).

17. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

16. 股息

年內及自年末概無派付或建議宣派任何 股息予本公司普通股股東(二零一九年: 零港元)。

17. 每股虧損

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄虧損 乃根據以下數據計算得出:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$ 港元
Loss for the purpose of basic loss per share	就計算每股基本虧損之虧損		
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損	36,301,591	43,673,836
Number of shares Number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic loss per share	股份數目 用作計算每股基本 虧損之普通股數目	1,803,558,784	1,803,558,784
The diluted loss per share is the same as b were no potential dilutive ordinary sha	asic loss per share as there	於二零二零年及二 三十一日並無尚未行	

December 2020 and 2019.

股,故每股攤薄虧損與每股基本虧損相 同。

18. FURNITURE, FIXTURES AND EQUIPMENT

18. 傢俬、裝置及設備

		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$ 港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 HK\$ 港元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 HK\$ 港元	Total 總計 HK\$ 港元
COST	成本				
At 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	於二零一九年一月一日、 二零一九年十二月三十一日、 二零二零年一月一日及				
	二零二零年十二月三十一日		826,148	528,585	1,354,733
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT	累計折舊及減值				
At 1 January 2019 Charge for the year	於二零一九年一月一日 本年度扣除	-	826,148	527,072 1,513	1,353,220 1,513
At 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	於二零一九年十二月三十一日、 二零二零年一月一日及 二零二零年十二月三十一日	_	826,148	528,585	1,354,733
CARRYING AMOUNTS At 31 December 2020	振面值 於二零二零年十二月三十一日				
	<u> </u>				
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日				

During the year, the directors of the Company considered that no impairment loss is required for the furniture, fixtures and equipment (2019: HK\$nil).

年內,本公司董事認為沒有就傢俬、裝 置及設備減值的需要(二零一九年:零港 元)。

19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

19. 按公允價值計入損益之財務資 產

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Non-current asset: – Unlisted equity investments in overseas (Note a)	非流動資產: 一於海外非上市之股本投資 (附註a)	4,535,340	10,906,777
Current assets: Equity investments listed in Hong Kong (Note b)	流動資產: 於香港上市之股本投資 (附註b)	448,000	

19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

The Group had the following investments:

As at 31 December 2020

19. 按公允價值計入損益之財務資 產(續)

本集團擁有下列之投資:

於二零二零年十二月三十一日

		Place of		Effective		Unrealised gain (loss)			Net assets attributable	Dividend received/
	Name of investee	registration/	Number of	shareholding	Carrying	arising on	Exchange	Fair value/	to the	receivable
Notes	company	incorporation	shares held	interest	amount	revaluation	loss	market value	investments	during the year
						重估所產生				
		登記/註冊	所持股份	有效的		之未變現		公允價值/	投資應佔	年內已收/
附註	接受投資公司名稱	成立地點	數目	股權權益	賬面值	收益(虧損)	匯兑虧損	市場價值	資產淨值	應收股息
					HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
					港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
(a)	E-Com Holdings Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	1,259,607	23.70%	10,906,777	(6,242,542)	(128,895)	4,535,340	5,651,670	-
	E-Com Holdings Pte. Ltd.	新加坡								
(b)	State Energy International Assets Holdings	Bermuda	896,000	0.12%	-	448,000	-	448,000	48,384	-
	國能集團國際資產控股 有限公司	百慕達								

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產(續)

19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

於二零一九年十二月三十一日

19. 按公允價值計入損益之財務資

	Name of investee	Place of registration/	Number of	Effective shareholding	Carrying	Unrealised gain (loss) arising on	Exchange	Fair value/	Net assets attributable to the	Dividend received/ receivable
Notes	company	incorporation	shares held	interest	amount	revaluation 重估所產生	loss	market value	investments	during the year
		登記∕註冊	所持股份	有效的		之未變現		公允價值/	投資應佔	年內已收/
附註	接受投資公司名稱	成立地點	數目	股權權益	賬面值	收益(虧損)	匯兑虧損	市場價值	資產淨值	應收股息
					HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
					港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
(a)	E-Com Holdings Pte. Ltd. E-Com Holdings Pte. Ltd.		1,259,607	23.70%	16,540,214	(4,767,488)	(865,949)	10,906,777	4,547,974	-
	E com noralings r.e. Eta.	171 /01/24								
(b)	Tech Pro Technology Development Limited	Cayman Islands	17,634,000	0.22%	-	-	-	-	-	-
	德普科技發展有限公司	開曼群島								
(c)	State Energy Internationa Assets Holdings Limited		896,000	0.12%	-	-	-	-	-	-
	國能集團國際資產控股 有限公司									
	行版ムり									

As at 31 December 2019

19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

Notes:

(a) E-Com Holdings Pte. Ltd. ("E-Com") is a private company incorporated in Singapore, which is principally engaged in the provision of Chinese e-learning platforms for primary school students in Singapore and other Asian regions. No dividend was declared or received during the year (2019: HK\$nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the unaudited consolidated net profit was approximately \$\$941,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$5,296,000) (2019: audited consolidated net profit approximately S\$325,000, equivalent to approximately HK\$1,870,000). As at 31 December 2020, its unaudited consolidated net assets were approximately S\$4,065,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$23,847,000) (2019: audited consolidated net assets approximately S\$3,687,000, equivalent to approximately HK\$21,361,000).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group held more than 20% of the effective shareholding interest in E-Com. The investment in E-Com was not accounted for as associate as the Group does not have any significant influence over the financial and operating policies in E-Com or participate in the policymaking processes. Accordingly, investment in E-Com has been designated upon initial recognition as a financial asset at FVTPL.

As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, the carrying amount of the Group's interest in the shares of E-Com exceeded 10% of the total assets of the Group.

(b) Tech Pro Technology Development Limited ("Tech Pro") (Stock code: 3823) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Stock Exchange. It is principally engaged in the manufacturing and sale of LED lighting products and accessories, provision of energy efficiency projects, promotion and development of a professional football club, and provision of property leasing and sub-leasing services.

The Stock Exchange has suspended the trading of Tech Pro's shares since 9 November 2017. Also, the Stock Exchange announced that the listing of Tech Pro's shares was cancelled with effect from 9:00 am on 2 March 2020. Therefore, it is considered that the market value of Tech Pro is HK\$nil as at 31 December 2019 and was written off as at 31 December 2020.

(c) State Energy Group International Assets Holdings Limited ("State En Assets") (Stock code: 918) was incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Stock Exchange. It is principally engaged in the sourcing, marketing and selling of garments, and property investments. No dividend was declared or received during the year (2019: HK\$Nil). State En Assets' shares trading has been suspended on 1 February 2019 and been resumed trading on 7 December 2020.

For the six months ended 30 September 2020, the unaudited consolidated net profit attributable to owners of State En Assets was approximately HK\$7,636,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidated net profit approximately HK\$10,925,000) and the basic earnings per share was HK0.85 cents (31 March 2020: basic earnings per share was HK1.21 cents). At 30 September 2020, the unaudited consolidated net asset value was approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidated net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net assets approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020: audited consolidation net asset approximately HK\$40,320,000 (31 March 2020) (31 March 2020)

As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, the carrying amount of the Group's interest in the shares of State En Assets was less than 10% of the total assets of the Group.

按公允價值計入損益之財務資 產(續)

附註:

(a) E-Com Holdings Pte. Ltd.(「E-Com」)於新加坡 註冊成立之私人公司,主要從事為新加坡和 其他亞洲地區之小學生提供中文網絡平台教 育。年內概無宣派或收取股息(二零一九年: 零港元)。

> 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,未 經審核綜合利潤淨額約941,000新加坡元(相 等於約5,296,000港元)(二零一九年:經審核 綜合利潤淨額約325,000新加坡元,相等於約 1,870,000港元)。於二零二零年十二月三十一 日,該等未經審核綜合資產淨額約4,065,000 新加坡元(相等於約23,847,000港元)(二零 一九年:經審核綜合資產淨額約3,687,000新 加坡元,相等於約21,361,000港元)。

> 於報告期末,本集團持有E-Com 有效的股權 權益超過20%。於E-Com 的投資不會入賬為 關聯公司因為本集團於E-Com 的財務及經營 政策沒有任何重大影響或參與其決策過程。 據此,於E-Com 的投資初次確認時指定為按 公允價值計入損益之財務資產。

> 於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團於E-Com 股權權益之賬面值超過本集團的總資產10%。

(b) 德普科技發展有限公司(「德普」,股份代號: 3823)於開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限責任公司,其股份於聯交所上市。其主要從事 製造及銷售LED照明產品及配件、提供節能 項目、推廣及發展職業足球俱樂部以及提供 物業租賃及分租服務。

> 聯交所已自二零一七年十一月九日起暫停買 賣德普的股份。此外,聯交所公佈取消德普 股份的上市地位,自二零二零年三月二日上 午九時正起生效。因此,於二零一九年十二 月三十一日,德普市場價值被認為為零港元 並於二零二零年十二月三十一日註銷。

(c) 國能集團國際資產控股有限公司(「國能國際 資產」,股份代號:918)於百慕達註冊成立 為獲豁免有限責任公司,其股份於聯交所上 市。其主要從事服裝之採購、市場推廣及銷 售以及物業投資。年內概無宣派或收取任何 股息(二零一九年:零港元)。國能國際資產 之股份已於二零一九年二月一日暫停買賣並 於二零二零年十二月七日恢復買賣。

截至二零二零年九月三十日止六個月,國能國際資產擁有人應佔之未經審核綜合利潤淨額約為7,636,000港元(二零二零年三月三十一日:經審核綜合利潤淨額約為10,925,000港元)及每股基本盈利為0.85港仙(二零二零年三月三十一日:每股基本盈利為1.21港仙)。於二零二零年九月三十日,未經審核綜合資產淨值約為40,320,000港元(二零二零年三月三十一日:經審核綜合資產淨值約為32,968,000港元)。

於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團於國能國際資產股權權益之賬面值少於本集團的總資產10%。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

The investments in listed and unlisted equity investment at 31 December 2020 and 2019 were, upon initial recognition, recognised by the Group as financial assets at FVTPL. Their performances are regularly reviewed by the key management personnel of the Group.

The fair value of unlisted equity investment was assessed by the directors of the Company with reference to the professional valuation carried out by Peak Vision Appraisals Limited, an independent qualified professional valuer.

The market value of listed equity investments were determined based on the quoted market bid prices available on the Stock Exchange at 31 December 2020 and 2019.

20. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

19. 按公允價值計入損益之財務資 產(續)

於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日之投資於上市及非上市股本投 資於初步確認時由本集團確認為按公允 價值計入損益之財務資產。該等資產之 表現會由本集團之主要管理人員定期檢 討。

非上市股本投資之公允價值均由本公司 董事經參考獨立合資格專業估值師澋鋒 評估有限公司進行之專業估值釐定。

上市股本投資之市場價值乃根據於二零 二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日於 聯交所之市場買入報價釐定。

20. 其他應收款、按金及預付款項

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Non-current asset	非流動資產		
Rental deposit	租賃按金	60,693	944,859
Current assets	流動資產		
Other receivables	其他應收款	2,317,265	2,657,265
Less: allowance for credit loss	減:信用損失撥備	(2,317,127)	(2,317,127)
		138	340,138
Rental and utility deposits	租金及水電按金	3,250	43,150
Prepayments	預付款項	84,323	33,765
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		87,711	417,053
		07,711	417,855

21. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

21. 使用權資產

		Premises 物業 HK\$ 港元
Cost	成本	
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	-
Addition	添置	11,717,665
At 31 December 2019 and	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及	
1 January 2020	二零二零年一月一日	11,717,665
Addition	添置	727,017
Termination of lease	終止租賃	(82,575)
Impairment	減值	(12,362,107)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	-
Charge for the year	本年度扣除	2,929,416
As at 31 December 2019 and	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及	
1 January 2020	二零二零年一月一日	2,929,416
Charge for the year	本年度扣除	1,208,489
Termination of lease	終止租賃	(17,203)
Impairment	減值	(4,120,702)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	
Carrying amount	賬面值	
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	8,788,249

The Group leases offices for its operations. Lease contract is entered into for fixed term of 2 years and 3 years. Lease term is negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

Details of the lease maturity analysis of lease liabilities are set out in note 26.

本集團租賃辦公室用於運營。租賃合同 以固定租期2年及3年訂立。租賃條款乃 在個別基礎上磋商,包括各種不同條款 及條件。於釐定租期及評估不可撤回期 間的長度時,本集團應用合同的定義並 釐定合同可強制執行的期間。

租賃負債之租賃到期分析詳情載於附註 26。

22. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

22. 現金及銀行結餘

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Deposits with banks Cash in hand	銀行存款 庫存現金	167,960 220	156,274 3,765
		168,180	160,039

23. CREDITORS AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

23. 應付款項及預提費用

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Accrued expenses Other payables	預提費用 其他應付款項	11,274,868 430,000	7,648,346 430,000
		11,704,868	8,078,346

24. UNSECURED BORROWINGS

24. 無抵押借貸

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Current liabilities	流動負債			
– Loans from a director	一董事之貸款	а	72,269	_
- Loans from the Ultimate	一最終控制方貸款			
Controlling Party		b	-	11,803,639
– Loan from a licensed money	一持牌放債公司貸款			
lending company		С	8,587,713	7,987,713
- Loans from third parties	- 第三方貸款	d	29,046,129	7,688,672
			37,706,111	27,480,024
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
- Loans from third parties	一第三方貸款	d		3,083,743
			37,706,111	30,563,767

24. UNSECURED BORROWINGS (Continued)

Notes:

(a) Loans from a director

During the year, there were loans from a director of HK\$3,300,000 (2019: HK\$nil) and loan interest payable of approximately HK\$72,000 (2019: HK\$nil). The loans were obtained from a director, Dr. Xiao Yanming ("**Dr. Xiao**"), on an unsecured basis, bearing fixed interest at 10% per annum and repayable within one year. The loans from Dr. Xiao was assigned to an independent third party on 31 December 2020.

(b) Loans from the Ultimate Controlling Party

The loans included loans advanced of approximately HK\$nil (2019: approximately HK\$10,560,000) and loan interest payable of approximately HK\$nil (2019: approximately HK\$1,243,000). The loans were obtained from the Ultimate Controlling Party, on an unsecured basis, bearing fixed interest at 6% per annum and repayable within one year. The loans from Ultimate Controlling Party was assigned to an independent third party on 1 August 2020.

(c) Loan from a licensed money lending company

The loan was due to an independent licensed money lending company, bearing fixed interest rate at 10% per annum for a term of one year. The effective interest rate was 11.23% (2019: 11.23%) per annum. The loan was fully settled in February 2021.

(d) Loans from third parties

The loans were due to independent third parties, bearing fixed interest rate at 6% to 16% (2019: 6% to 16%) per annum. The effective interest rate was in the range of 8.78% to 16% (2019: 8.78% to 16%) per annum.

An analysis of unsecured borrowings presented based on the repayment terms is as follows:

24. 無抵押借貸(續)

附註:

(a) 董事之貸款

於年內,一名董事貸款3,300,000港元(二零 一九年:零港元)及應付貸款利息約72,000 港元(二零一九年:零港元)。自董事肖艷明 博士(「肖博士」)取得的貸款乃無抵押,按固 定年利率10%計息及於一年內償還。肖博士 之貸款於二零二零年十二月三十一日轉讓予 獨立第三方。

(b) 最終控制方貸款

貸款包括已提貸款約零港元(二零一九年:約 10,560,000港元)及應付貸款利息約零港元 (二零一九年:約1,243,000港元)。來自最終 控制方的貸款按無擔保基準,按固定年利率 6%計息及須於一年內償還。最終控制方貸款 於二零二零年八月一日轉讓予獨立第三方。

(c) 持牌放債公司貸款

貸款來自獨立持牌放債公司,按固定年利率 10%計息及為期一年。實際年利率為11.23% (二零一九年:11.23%)。貸款已於二零二一 年二月悉數結清。

(d) 第三方貸款

貸款來自獨立第三方,按固定年利率6%至 16%(二零一九年:6%至16%)計息。實際 年利率為8.78%至16%(二零一九年:8.78% 至16%)。

根據還款條款,無抵押之借貸分析呈列 如下:

		At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	At 31 December 2019 於二零一九年 十二月三十一日 HK\$ 港元
The carrying amounts of the above	以上未還借貸之賬面值:		
borrowings were repayable: Within one year Within a period of more than one year	一年內 超過一年內但不多過兩年內	37,706,111	27,480,024
but not exceeding two years			3,083,743
		37,706,111	30,563,767

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

25. CORPORATE BONDS

25. 公司債券

The corporate bonds ("**Bond(s)**") recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position were calculated as follows:

載於綜合財務狀況表之公司債券(「**債 券**」)計算如下:

		Unlisted bond ("Bond I") 非上市債券 (「債券 I」) HKS 港元 (note a) (附註a)	Unlisted bond ("Bond II") 非上市債券 (「債券II」) HKS 港元 (note b) (附註 b)	Unlisted bond ("Bond III") 非上市債券 (「債券III」) HK\$ 港元 (note c) (附註 c)	Unlisted bond ("Bond IV") 非上市債券 (「債券 IV」) HK\$ 港元 (note d) (附註d)	Unlisted bond ("Bond V") 非上市債券 (「債券 V」) HKS 港元 (note e) (附註 e)	Unlisted bond ("Bond VI") 非上市債券 (「債券 VI」) HK\$ 港元 (note f) (附註f)	Unlisted bond ("Bond VII") 非上市債券 (「債券 VII」) HKS 港元 (note g) (附註g)	Unlisted bond ("Bond VIII") 非上市債券 (「債券 VIII」) HK\$ 港元 (note h) (附註 h)	Total 總計 HKS 港元
At 1 January 2019 Principal value of the Bonds	於二零一九年一月一日 債券初次確認之本金值	10,178,986	2,571,693	9,183,057	9,779,214	9,034,773	8,826,686	8,401,328	-	57,975,737
on initial recognition Direct transaction costs	直接交易成本							-	10,000,000 (1,650,000)	10,000,000 (1,650,000)
		10,178,986	2,571,693	9,183,057	9,779,214	9,034,773	8,826,686	8,401,328	8,350,000	66,325,737
Effective interest expenses Interest paid	實際利息開支 利息支付	858,907 (600,000)	279,905 (74,384)	978,733 (700,000)	842,489 (700,000)	635,058	656,509	966,764	620,694	5,839,059 (2,074,384)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 Effective interest expenses	於二零一九年十二月三十一日 及二零二零年一月一日 實際利息開支	10,437,893 806,643	2,777,214 294,522	9,461,790 1,009,581	9,921,703 858,938	9,669,831 644,722	9,483,195 668,342	9,368,092 986,052	8,970,694 697,280	70,090,412 5,966,080
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	11,244,536	3,071,736	10,471,371	10,780,641	10,314,553	10,151,537	10,354,144	9,667,974	76,056,492
Andreden	八七 五 ·									
Analysed as: Current	分析為: 流動	1,244,536	225,616	700,000	700,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,600,000	500,000	6,970,152
Non-current	灬虭 非流動	10,000,000	2,846,120	9,771,371	10,080,641	9,314,553	9,151,537	8,754,144	9,167,974	69,086,340
Total	總計	11,244,536	3,071,736	10,471,371	10,780,641	10,314,553	10,151,537	10,354,144	9,667,974	76,056,492

The effective interest rate of the Bond I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII and VIII are 8.63%, 21.58%, 10.73%, 8.85%, 6.99%, 7.38%, 11.22% and 8.00% per annum respectively.

債券1、II、III、IV、V、VI、VII及VIII之 實際年利率分別為8.63%、21.58%、 10.73%、8.85%、6.99%、7.38%、 11.22%及8.00%。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

25. CORPORATE BONDS (Continued)

Notes:

(a) From previous year, the Company issued an unsecured corporate bond to an independent private investor through the placing agent at a principal amount of HK\$10,000,000 with effective date from 29 January 2015 which is repayable on the date falling 3 years from the date of issue of the corporate bond, which is 29 January 2018. During the year of 2019, the Company has entered into an extension corporate bond agreement to extend the maturity date of Bond I from 29 January 2018 to 29 January 2020 with interest rate changed from 5% to 6% per annum starting from 30 January 2018. During the year of 2020, the Company has entered into an extension corporate bond agreement to extend the maturity date of Bond I from 29 January 2020 to 28 January 2022 (the "Maturity Date I") with interest rate changed from 6% to 7% per annum starting from 29 January 2020.

Bond I carries a fixed interest rate at 7% per annum for the period from 29 January 2020 to 28 January 2022, 6% per annum for the period from 30 January 2018 to 29 January 2020 and 5% per annum before 30 January 2018 payable annually in arrears on 29 January in each year ("**Interest Payment Date** I"), provided that the first Interest Payment Date I shall fall on 29 January 2016 and the final repayment of the interest shall be on the Maturity Date I.

(b) From previous year, the Company issued an unsecured corporate bond to an independent private investor through the placing agent at a principal amount of HK\$3,000,000 with effective date from 17 March 2015 which is repayable on the date falling 7 years from the date of issue of the corporate bond, which is 17 March 2022 (the "Maturity Date II").

Bond II carries a fixed interest rate at 5% per annum payable semi-annually in arrears on 17 March and 17 September in each year ("**Interest Payment Date II**"), provided that the first Interest Payment Date II shall fall on 17 September 2015 and the final repayment of the interest shall be on the Maturity Date II.

(c) From previous year, the Company issued an unsecured corporate bond to an independent private investor through the placing agent at a principal amount of HK\$10,000,000 with effective date from 15 July 2015 which is repayable on the date falling 7 years from the date of issue of the corporate bond, which is 15 July 2022 (the "Maturity Date III").

Bond III carries a fixed interest rate at 7% per annum payable annually in arrears on 15 July in each year ("**Interest Payment Date III**"), provided that the first Interest Payment Date III shall fall on 15 July 2016 and the final repayment of the interest shall be on the Maturity Date III.

(d) From previous year, the Company issued an unsecured corporate bond to an independent private investor through the placing agent at a principal amount of HK\$10,000,000 with effective date from 13 April 2016 which is repayable on the date falling 7 years from the date of issue of the corporate bond, which is 13 April 2023 (the "Maturity Date IV").

Bond IV carries a fixed interest rate at 7% per annum payable annually in arrears on 13 April in each year ("**Interest Payment Date IV**"), provided that the first Interest Payment Date IV shall fall on 13 April 2017 and the final repayment of the interest shall be on the Maturity Date IV.

25. 公司債券(續)

附註:

(a) 自前年,本公司透過配售代理向一名獨立私人投資者發行了本金額10,000,000港元無抵押之公司債券,於二零一五年一月二十九日生效,自發行日期起計為期三年,到期日為二零一八年一月二十九日。於二零一九年,本公司已訂立公司債券延期償付協議,將債券I之到期日自二零一八年一月二十九日延長至二零年一月二十九日,自二零一八年一月三十日起,年利率由5%變為6%。於二零二零年,本公司已訂立公司債券延期償付協議,將債券I之到期日自二零二零年一月二十九日延長至二零二二年一月二十八日(「到期日I」),自二零二零年一月二十九日起,年利率由6%變為7%。

債券I於二零二零年一月二十九日至二零二二 年一月二十八日按固定年利率7%計息、於 二零一八年一月三十日至二零二零年一月 二十九日止期間按固定年利率6%計息及於二 零一八年一月三十日前按固定年利率5%計 息,利息於每年一月二十九日(「**利息付款日** Ⅰ」)到期支付,首個利息付款日Ⅰ為二零一六 年一月二十九日及最後償付利息日為到期日 Ⅰ。

(b) 自前年,本公司透過配售代理向一名獨立私 人投資者發行了本金額3,000,000港元無抵 押之公司債券,於二零一五年三月十七日生 效,須自發行日期起計滿七年當日(即二零 二二年三月十七日(「到期日Ⅱ」))償還。

> 債券Ⅱ按固定年利率5%計息,利息於每年三 月十七日及九月十七日半年支付(「利息付款 日Ⅱ)),首個利息付款日Ⅱ為二零一五年九月 十七日及最後償付利息日為到期日Ⅱ。

(c) 自前年,本公司透過配售代理向一名獨立私 人投資者發行了本金額10,000,000港元無抵 押之公司債券,於二零一五年七月十五日生 效,須自發行日期起計滿七年當日(即二零 二二年七月十五日(「到期日Ⅲ」))償還。

> 債券Ⅲ按固定年利率7%計息,利息於每年七 月十五日(「利息付款日Ⅲ」)到期支付,首個 利息付款日Ⅲ為二零一六年七月十五日及最 後還付利息日為到期日Ⅲ。

(d) 自前年,本公司透過配售代理向一名獨立私 人投資者發行了本金額10,000,000港元無抵 押之公司債券,於二零一六年四月十三日生 效,須自發行日期起計滿七年當日(即二零 二三年四月十三日(「**到期日Ⅳ**」))償還。

> 債券Ⅳ按固定年利率7%計息,利息於每年四月十三日(「利息付款日Ⅳ」)到期支付,首 個利息付款日Ⅳ為二零一七年四月十三日及 最後還付利息日為到期日Ⅳ。

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25. CORPORATE BONDS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(e) From previous year, the Company issued an unsecured corporate bond to an independent private investor through the placing agent at a principal amount of HK\$10,000,000 with effective date from 13 September 2018 which is repayable on the date falling 7 years from the date of issue of the corporate bond, which is 13 September 2025 (the "Maturity Date V").

Bond V carries a fixed interest rate at 5% per annum payable annually in arrears on 13 September in each year ("**Interest Payment Date V**"), provided that the first Interest Payment Date V shall fall on 13 September 2020 and the final repayment of the interest shall be on the Maturity Date V.

(f) From previous year, the Company issued an unsecured corporate bond to an independent private investor through the placing agent at a principal amount of HK\$10,000,000 with effective date from 21 September 2018 which is repayable on the date falling 7 years from the date of issue of the corporate bond, which is 21 September 2025 (the "Maturity Date VI").

Bond VI carries a fixed interest rate at 5% per annum payable annually in arrears on 21 September in each year ("**Interest Payment Date VI**"), provided that the first Interest Payment Date VI shall fall on 21 September 2020 and the final repayment of the interest shall be on the Maturity Date VI.

(g) From previous year, the Company issued an unsecured corporate bond to an independent private investor through the placing agent at a principal amount of HK\$10,000,000 with effective date from 11 December 2018 which is repayable on the date falling 7 years from the date of issue of the corporate bond, which is 11 December 2025 (the "Maturity Date VII").

Bond VII carries a fixed interest rate at 8% per annum payable annually in arrears on 11 December in each year ("**Interest Payment Date VII**"), provided that the first Interest Payment Date VII shall fall on 11 December 2019 and the final repayment of the interest shall be on the Maturity Date VII.

(h) During last year, the Company issued an unsecured corporate bond to an independent private investor through the placing agent at a principal amount of HK\$10,000,000 with effective date from 1 February 2019 which is repayable on the date falling 7 years from the date of issue of the corporate bond, which is 2 February 2026 (the "Maturity Date VIII").

Bond VIII carries a fixed interest rate at 5% per annum payable annually in arrears on 1 February in each year ("**Interest Payment Date VIII**"), provided that the first Interest Payment Date VIII shall fall on 1 February 2020 and the final repayment of the interest shall be on the Maturity Date VIII.

On initial recognition and subsequent measurements, the directors of the Company consider that the principal amount of Bonds approximate to their fair values.

25. 公司債券(續)

附註:(續)

(e) 自前年,本公司透過配售代理向一名獨立私 人投資者發行了本金額10,000,000港元無抵 押之公司債券,於二零一八年九月十三日生 效,須自發行日期起計滿七年當日(即二零 二五年九月十三日(「到期日▼」))償還。

> 債券V按固定年利率5%計息,利息於每年九 月十三日(「利息付款日V」)到期支付,首個 利息付款日V為二零二零年九月十三日及最 後還付利息日為到期日V支付。

(f) 自前年,本公司透過配售代理向一名獨立私 人投資者發行了本金額10,000,000港元無抵 押之公司債券,於二零一八年九月二十一日 生效,須自發行日期起計滿七年當日(即二零 二五年九月二十一日(「到期日Ⅵ」))償還。

> 債券Ⅵ按固定年利率5%計息,利息於每年 九月二十一日(「利息付款日Ⅵ」)到期支付, 首個利息付款日Ⅵ為二零二零年九月二十一 日及最後還付利息日為到期日Ⅵ。

(g) 自去年起,本公司透過配售代理向一名獨立 私人投資者發行了本金額10,000,000港元無 抵押之公司債券,於二零一八年十二月十一 日生效,須自發行日期起計滿七年當日(即二 零二五年十二月十一日(「到期日Ⅶ」))償還。

> 債券VII按固定年利率8%計息,利息於每年 十二月十一日(「利息付款日VII」)到期支付, 首個利息付款日VII為二零一九年十二月十一 日及最後還付利息日為到期日VII。

(h) 去年,本公司透過配售代理向一名獨立私人 投資者發行了本金額10,000,000港元無抵押 之公司債券,於二零一九年二月一日生效, 須自發行日期起計滿七年當日(即二零二六 年二月二日(「到期日VIII」))償還。

> 債券VIII按固定年利率5%計息,利息於每年 二月一日(「利息付款日VIII」)到期支付,首 個利息付款日VIII為二零二零年二月一日及最 後還付利息日為到期日VIII。

於初次確認及期後計量時,本公司董事 認為債券的本金額與其公允價值相若。

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26. LEASE LIABILITIES

26. 租賃負債

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$	2019 二零一九年 HK\$
		港元	港元
Within one year	一年內	8,188,237	3,646,789
Within a period of more than one year	為期一年以上,但不超過兩年		
but not more than two years		1,193,245	4,101,975
Within a period of more than two years	為期兩年以上,但不超過五年		
but not more than five years			1,103,126
		9,381,482	8,851,890
Less: Amount due for settlement within	減:列作流動負債之於十二個月		
12 months shown under current liabilitie	es 內到期結算之款項	(8,188,237)	(3,646,789)
Amount due for settlement after	列作非流動負債之		
12 months shown under	於十二個月後		
non-current liabilities	到期結算之款項	1,193,245	5,205,101

27. SHARE CAPITAL

27. 股本

	Number of
	ordinary shares of
HK\$	HK\$0.0125 each
	每股面值
	0.0125港元
港元	之普通股數目

Authorised:

法定:

At 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	於二零一九年一月一日、 二零一九年十二月三十一日、 二零二零年一月一日及		
	二零二零年十二月三十一日	80,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足︰		
At 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019,	於二零一九年一月一日、		
1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	二零一九年十二月三十一日、		
	二零二零年一月一日及		
	二零二零年十二月三十一日	1,803,558,784	

28. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

28. 融資活動產生負債的對賬

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities. 下表詳細列出本集團因融資活動而產生 的負債變動,包括現金及非現金變動。 融資活動產生的負債是指於本集團綜合 現金流量表作為融資活動現金流量的現 金流量或未來現金流量。

		Unsecured borrowings 無抵押借貸 HK\$ 港元	Corporate bonds 公司債券 HK\$ 港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$ 港元	Total 總計 HK \$ 港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	25,991,247	57,975,737		83,966,984
Changes from financing cash flows: Corporate bonds interest paid Loans interest paid Net proceeds from issue of	融資現金流量變動: 公司債券之利息支付 貸款利息支付 發行公司債券之所得	_ (1,184,433)	(2,074,384)	- -	(2,074,384) (1,184,433)
Corporate bonds Net proceeds from unsecured loans Repayment of unsecured loans Repayment of lease liabilities	(1) (京) (京) (京) (京) (京) (京) (京) (京) (京) (京	50,988,478 (53,000,000) 	8,350,000 	_ _ (2,999,808)	8,350,000 50,988,478 (53,000,000) (2,999,808)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	(3,195,955)	6,275,616	(2,999,808)	79,853
Other change: New lease entered Interest expenses (Note 12)	其他變動: 新訂立租賃 利息開支(附註12)	7,768,475	_ 5,839,059	10,943,891 907,807	10,943,891 14,515,341
Total other changes	其他變動總額	7,768,475	5,839,059	11,851,698	25,459,232
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年十二月三十一日 及二零二零年一月一日	30,563,767	70,090,412	8,851,890	109,506,069
Changes from financing cash flows: Loans interest paid Net proceeds from unsecured loans Repayment of unsecured loans Repayment of lease liabilities	融資現金流量變動: 貸款利息支付 無抵押借貸之所得款項淨額 償還無抵押借貸 償還租賃負債	(200,000) 24,330,000 (20,000,000)	- - -	- - -	(200,000) 24,330,000 (20,000,000)
– interest element Repayment of lease liabilities – principal element	一利息部分 償還租賃負債 一本金部分	-	-	(215,564) (798,187)	(215,564)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	4,130,000		(1,013,750)	3,116,250
Other change: New lease entered Termination of lease Interest expenses (Note 12)	其他變動: 新訂立租賃 終止租賃 利息開支(附註12)	 3,012,344	_ _ 5,966,080	711,958 (65,554) 896,938	711,958 (65,554) 9,875,362
Total other changes	其他變動總額	3,012,344	5,966,080	1,543,342	10,521,766
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	37,706,111	76,056,492	9,381,482	123,144,085

29. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's share option scheme (the "**Scheme**") was adopted by members of the Company on 22 May 2015. The purpose of the Scheme is to reward and provide incentives to eligible participants and encourage them to contribute to the Group. Under the Scheme, the Board may at their discretion, at any time following the date of the adoption of the Scheme but before the tenth anniversary of that date, grant share options to eligible participants, including directors of the Company and its subsidiaries and any other persons including consultants, advisors, agents, customers, suppliers, etc. to subscribe for shares in the Company.

The exercise price of share options is the highest of the nominal value of the shares, the closing price of the shares on the Stock Exchange on the date of offer of the grant and the average closing price of the shares on the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer of the grant. An offer of an option shall be deemed to have been accepted within 30 days from the date of offer upon acceptance of the option duly signed by the grantee together with a remittance of HK\$1. The maximum number of securities available for issue under the Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the issued capital of the Company. The maximum entitlement of each grantee in any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the ordinary shares in issue of the Company. The option period will not be more than ten years from the date of grant of the option and the Board may at its discretion determine the minimum period for which the option has to be held or other restriction before the exercise of the subscription right attaching thereon.

During the year ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, no option was granted, exercised or cancelled.

29. 購股權計劃

本公司股東於二零一五年五月二十二日 通過採納本公司購股權計劃(「此計劃」)。 此計劃的目的是為了使本公司可向合資 格參與者提供回報及獎勵,並鼓勵彼等 為本集團作出貢獻。根據此計劃,董事 會可酌情於採納此計劃之日後但該日期 之第十週年前之任何時間,向合資格參 與者(包括本公司及其附屬公司之董事及 任何其他人士,有關人士包括諮詢人、 顧問、代理、客戶、供應商等)授出購股 權以認購本公司股份。

購股權的行使價為股份的票面值、股份 於購股權要約授予日期在聯交所錄得的 收市價及股份於截至購股權要約授予日 期前五個營業日在聯交所錄得的平均收 市價三者中的最高數額。在授予購股權 起計30日內,當附有1港元匯款的承授 人正式簽署的購股權接納函件已收取, 則視作購股權已被接納。根據此計劃可 授出之購股權所涉及之股份總數,最多 不得超過本公司已發行股本之10%。每 名承授人的購股限制為在任何十二個月 期間限於本公司已發行普通股的1%。購 股權的有效年期由授出購股權當日起計 不得超逾十年。本公司董事會可酌情決 定參與者在行使購股權所附認購權前必 須持有購股權的最短期限或其他限制。

於截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度內,概無購股權獲授出、 行使或註銷。

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30. NET LIABILITY VALUE PER SHARE

As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, the net liability value per share of the Company were HK\$0.0718 and HK\$0.0534 respectively. The net liability value per share is calculated by dividing the net liabilities in the consolidated financial position of approximately HK\$129,549,000 (2019: approximately HK\$96,367,000) by the number of 1,803,558,784 (2019: 1,803,558,784) ordinary shares in issue at 31 December 2020.

31. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, no margin facility (2019: HK\$nil) from a regulated securities broker was granted to the Group under which financial assets at FVTPL of HK\$448,000 (2019: HK\$nil) were treated as collateral for the facilities granted.

32. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

Defined benefit plan

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "**MPF scheme**") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000 (2019: HK\$30,000). Contributions to the plan vest immediately.

The total costs charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the sum of approximately HK\$95,000 (2019: approximately HK\$103,000) represents contributions payable to the MPF scheme in Hong Kong.

30. 每股負債淨值

於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日,本公司之每股負債淨值分別 為0.0718港元及0.0534港元。每股負 債淨值乃按綜合財務狀況中的負債淨 額約129,549,000港元(二零一九年:約 96,367,000港元)除以於二零二零年十二 月三十一日已發行的1,803,558,784股 (二零一九年:1,803,558,784股)普通股 計算。

31. 資產抵押

於報告期末,本集團概無獲一間受規管 證券經紀行授予孖展信貸(二零一九年: 零港元),當中按公允價值計入損益之財 務資產448,000港元(二零一九年:零港 元)被視為所獲信貸之抵押品。

32. 退休福利計劃

定額福利計劃

本集團根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例 按僱傭條例下聘用之僱員參加香港強制 性公積金計劃(「**強積金計劃**」)。強積金 計劃的指定供款退休計劃由獨立的受託 人管理。根據強積金計劃,僱主及其僱 員須各自供出僱員相關收入的5%於計 劃內,上限為相關每月收入30,000港元 (二零一九年:30,000港元)。該計劃供 款即時授予。

於綜合損益及其他全面收益表扣除之成 本總額約95,000港元(二零一九年:約 103,000港元),即須於香港向強積金計 劃支付之供款。

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33. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

33. 關連方披露

(a) Transactions

(a) 交易

The Group had the following significant related party transactions during the year:

本集團於年內重大的關連方交易:

	ne of related party 直方名稱	Nature of transaction 交易性質		2020 二零二零年 HK\$	2019 二零一九年 HK\$
_					
Fort	une Legendary	Investment management fee (Note 1)		_	2,220,000
財富	「榮耀	投資管理費(附註1)			
		Income from office sharing (Note 2) 來自共用辦公室之收入(附註2)		(67,500)	(240,000)
Dr. 〉 肖博		Loan interest expenses (Note 3) 貸款利息開支(附註3)		72,269	-
	Ultimate Controlling Party 轻制方	Loan interest expenses (Note 4) 貸款利息開支(附註4)		369,744	624,447
Notes	5:		附註	:	
(1)	Pursuant to the investment man 2014 made between Fortune Leg	agement agreement dated 27 March endary and the Company.	(1)		公司所訂立日期為二零 日之投資管理協議。
	On 5 July 2017, the Company entered into the supplemental agreement with Fortune Legendary to revise the fee to a monthly fixed investment management fee of HK\$185,000 for the period from 5 July 2017 to 31 December 2019.			訂立補充協議,由	五日,本公司與財富榮耀 二零一七年七月五日至二 十一日期間將投資管理費 185,000港元。
	Fortune Legendary is deemed to pursuant to Rule 14A.08 of the Li	be a connected party of the Group sting Rules.		根據上市規則第14 本集團之關連方。	A.08條,財富榮耀被視為
(2)		mpany entered into a supplemental egendary to revised the monthly office K\$75,000.	(2)	訂立使用許可的補	一日,本公司與財富榮耀 充協議,將共用辦公室費 修訂為75,000港元。
	On 1 November 2018, the Company entered into a supplemental licence agreement with Fortune Legendary to revised the monthly office sharing fee from HK\$75,000 to HK\$20,000.			耀訂立使用許可的	月一日,本公司與財富榮 補充協議,將共用辦公室 元修訂為20,000港元。
	The licence agreement was termir	nated on 13 April 2020.		租賃協議已於二零	二零年四月十三日終止。
(3)	The loans from the director - Dr. Xiao were unsecured and repayable within one year with fixed interest rate at 10% per annum. All loan principal was assigned to an independent third party on 31 December 2020. Details are set out in note 24(a) of the consolidated financial statements.		(3)	還,按固定年利率 額已於二零二零年	為無抵押及需於一年內償 10%計息。所有貸款本金 十二月三十一日轉讓予獨 約合財務報表附註24(a)。
(4)	repayable within one year with fix loans were assigned to an indepe	ontrolling Party were unsecured and ted interest rate at 6% per annum. The endent third party on 1 August 2020. f the consolidated financial statements.	(4)	還,按固定年利率	為無抵押及需於一年內償 6% 計息。貸款已於二零 讓予一名獨立第三方。詳 表附註24(b)。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

33. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

33. 關連方披露(續)

(b)	Balances		(b)	結餘		
	At the end of the reporting peri related parties are as follows:	od, the amounts due from/(to)		於報告期末・應收/(應付) 之款項如下:		
	Name of related party 關連方名稱	Nature of balance 結餘性質		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$ 港元	
	Fortune Legendary	Other receivables — Income from office sharing receivable		_	280,000	
	財富榮耀	其他應收款項 一應收來自共用辦公室之收入 Accrued expenses				
		 Investment management fee payable 預提費用 一應付投資管理費 		(577,500)	(925,000)	
	Dr. Xiao 肖博士	Loan interest incurred from a director 董事產生之貸款利息		(72,269)	-	
	The Ultimate Controlling Party 最終控制方	Loans and interest incurred from the Ultimate Controlling Party 最終控制方產生之貸款及利息		-	(11,803,639)	
(c)	Compensation of key manag	Compensation of key management personnel		主要管理人員补	捕償	
	Remuneration for key management personnel, including amounts paid to the directors of the Company is as follows:			主要管理人員; 本公司董事之數	之酬金(包括支付予 數額)如下:	
				2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$ 港元	
	Directors' fee Salaries, allowance and other	董事袍金 薪金、津貼及其他實物福利		4,022,334	5,025,000	
	le sus offites the latin of			4 400 200	1 050 000	

酌情花紅 強積金計劃供款

benefits in kind

Discretionary bonuses

Contributions to MPF Scheme

1,056,000

6,612,000

513,000

18,000

1,102,333

5,725,967

568,000

33,300

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

34. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

34. 於附屬公司之權益

Details of the subsidiaries are set out as follows:

附屬公司詳情如下:

		Paid up/ issued registered					
Name of	Place of	ordinary		portion owne	-		Principal
subsidiary	incorporation	share capital	vot	ing power hel	d by the Com	ipany	activities
		已繳足/已發行					
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	註冊普通股股本	本公	司持有之擁有栯	雚權益及投票	權比例	主要業務
			Directly	Indirectly	Directly	Indirectly	
			直接	間接	直接	間接	
			2020	2020	2019	2019	
			二零二零年			二零一九年	
			%	%	%	%	
Gold Basin Invest Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK \$ 1 1港元	100	-	100	-	Investment holdings 投資控股
King Phoenix Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	-	100	-	Investment holdings 投資控股
Energy Supreme Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	-	100	-	Investment holdings 投資控股
Fortuneway Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	-	100	-	Investment holdings 投資控股
Sunluck Investment Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	-	100	-	Investment holdings 投資控股
Winning Point Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	100	Inactive 暫無活動

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding during or at the end of reporting period.

於報告期內或於報告期末,概無附屬公 司有任何尚未償還之債務證券。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

35. 公司財務狀況報表

35. COMPANY INFORMATION OF FINANCIAL POSITION

 (a) Financial information of the financial position of the (a) 本公司財務狀況表之財務資料 Company

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Non-current assets Investment in subsidiaries Furniture, fixtures and equipment Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Rental deposits Right-of-use assets	非流動資產 於附屬公司之投資 傢俬、裝置及設備 按公允價值計入損益之 財務資產 租賃按金 使用權資產	_ - 4,535,340 60,693 _	- 10,906,777 944,859 8,788,249
		4,596,033	20,639,885
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Other receivables, deposits and prepayments Cash and bank balances	流動資產 按公允價值計入損益之 財務資產 其他應收款、按金及 預付款項 現金及銀行結餘	448,000 87,711 128,816	- 391,040 77,274
		664,527	468,314
Current liabilities Creditors and accrued expenses Unsecured borrowings (Note 24) Corporate bonds (Note 25) Lease liabilities	流動負債 應付款項及預提費用 無抵押借款(附註24) 公司債券(附註25) 租賃負債	8,208,563 37,706,111 6,970,152 8,188,237	6,819,368 27,480,024 12,313,303 3,646,789
		61,073,063	50,259,484
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨值	(60,408,536)	(49,791,170)
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債	(55,812,503)	(29,151,285)

35. COMPANY INFORMATION OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

35. 公司財務狀況報表(續)

(a) Financial information of the financial position of the (a) 本公司財務狀況表之財務資料(續)
 Company (Continued)

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ 港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		
Unsecured borrowings	無抵押借款	-	3,083,743
Corporate bonds (Note 25)	公司債券(附註25)	69,086,340	57,777,109
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,193,245	5,205,101
		70,279,585	66,065,953
NET LIABILITIES	負債淨值	(126,092,088)	(95,217,238)
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備		
Share capital (Note 27)	股本(附註27)	22,544,485	22,544,485
Reserves (Note b)	儲備(附註b)	(148,636,573)	(117,761,723)
CAPITAL DEFICIENCY	資本虧絀	(126,092,088)	(95,217,238)

The statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2021 and are signed on its behalf by: 財務狀況表已於二零二一年三月 三十一日獲董事會批准及授權刊 發,並由以下董事代表簽署:

o Yanming 肖艷明	Wong Tsz Wai 黃子偉
Director	Director
董事	董事

Xia

35. COMPANY INFORMATION OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

35. 公司財務狀況報表(續)

(b) Reserve movement of the Company

(b) 公司儲備變動

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$ 港元	Capital redemption reserves 資本贖回儲備 HK\$ 港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$ 港元	Total 總計 HK\$ 港元
At 1 January 2019 Total comprehensive expenses	於二零一九年一月一日 全面開支總額	672,651,012	168,800	(747,022,595) (43,558,940)	(74,202,783) (43,558,940)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 Waiver of amount due to the ultimate	於二零一九年十二月三十一日 及二零二零年一月一日 應付最終控制方賬款之免除	672,651,012	168,800	(790,581,535)	(117,761,723)
controlling party Total comprehensive expenses	全面開支總額			3,120,000 (33,994,850)	3,120,000 (33,994,850)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	672,651,012	168,800	(821,456,385)	(148,636,573)

Capital redemption reserves was derived from the Company by repurchase its own shares pursuant to the approval and shall not exceed 10% of the aggregate nominal of the issued share capital of the Company within the relevant period. 資本贖回儲備來自由本公司按照批 准後購回本身股份而得出,數額不 得超過本公司於相關期間內已發行 股本總面值之10%。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 综合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

36. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On 23 April 2019, the Company and an independent third party ("**Landlord**") entered into a tenancy agreement, pursuant to which a property was let to the Company for office use for a term of three years from 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2022.

On 29 May 2020, the Company received a writ of summons with a statement of claim issued in the District Court of Hong Kong by the Landlord against the Company for overdue rent, management fee and interest during the period from December 2019 to May 2020, and further claimed the rent and management fee from 1 June 2020 to 31 March 2022 (the end of contract) and rate from 1 July 2020 to 31 March 2022 (the end of contract).

The directors of the Company are of the view that the litigations have no significant impact on the Group's financial position and its operating result for the year ended 31 December 2020 as the accrued rental and management fee amounts as at 31 December 2020 have already been recorded in the consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2020.

37. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTION

During the year, Mr. Hu Haisong, Mr. Ding Shiguo and Mr. Gui Shengyue agreed to waive all the director's fees and bonus payable to them of approximately HK\$3,120,000 (including approximately HK\$1,400,000 payable as at 31 December 2019), HK\$723,000 (including approximately HK\$465,000 payable as at 31 December 2019) and HK\$390,000 (including approximately HK\$210,000 payable as at 31 December 2019).

On 1 August 2020, loans from Ultimate Controlling Party of approximately HK\$12,173,000 was assigned to an independent third party.

On 31 December 2020, loans from a director – Dr. Xiao Yanming of HK\$3,300,000 was assigned to an independent third party.

36. 法律訴訟

於二零一九年四月二十三日,本公司與一 名獨立第三方(「**業主**」)訂立租賃協議, 據此,其向本公司出租一項物業用作辦 公用途,期限由二零一九年四月一日至 二零二二年三月三十一日為三年。

於二零二零年五月二十九日,本公司收到 由業主在香港地方法院就本公司在二零 一九年十二月至二零二零年五月期間逾 期的租金、管理費和利息發出的訴狀書和 一份索賠書,以及進一步要求從二零二 零年六月一日至二零二二年三月三十一 日(合同終止)支付租金和管理費,並從 二零二零年七月一日至二零二二年三月 三十一日(合同終止)收取差餉。

本公司董事認為,訴訟對本集團截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日止年度的財務狀 況及其經營業績並無重大影響,原因為於 二零二零年十二月三十一日的應計租金 及管理費已於二零二零年十二月三十一 日的綜合財務報表內入賬。

37. 主要非現金交易

於年內,胡海松先生、丁世國先生及桂 生悦先生同意放棄所有應付彼等之董 事袍金及花紅約3,120,000港元(包括 於二零一九年十二月三十一日應付之 約1,400,000港元)、723,000港元(包 括於二零一九年十二月三十一日應付之 約465,000港元)及390,000港元(包括 於二零一九年十二月三十一日應付之約 210,000港元)。

於二零二零年八月一日,最終控制方貸 款約12,173,000港元轉讓予獨立第三方。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,董事(肖 艷明博士)貸款3,300,000港元轉讓予獨 立第三方。

38. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

- (a) On 4 January 2021, a total of 90,140,000 ordinary shares have been issued at HK\$0.28 per share pursuant to the terms and conditions of the placing agreement under general mandate. Net proceeds of approximately HK\$24.4 million have been raised through the placing.
- (b) On 15 January 2021, the Company entered into a memorandum of understanding "MOU" for strategic cooperation with Cornucopiae Asset Management Limited, pursuant to which, both parties agreed to explore opportunities for cooperation and investment and, subject to the terms and conditions of the MOU, to cooperate and establish a multi-strategy open-ended investment fund.
- (c) On 22 January 2021, convertible bonds of an aggregate principal amount of approximately HK\$50,010,000 are placed to not less than six placees to subscribe for 166,700,000 conversion shares at the initial conversion price of HK\$0.30 per share. Net proceeds of approximately HK\$49.5 million have been raised through the placing.
- (d) On 25 February 2021, a total of 270,520,000 ordinary shares have been issued at HK\$0.33 per placing share pursuant to the terms and conditions of the placing agreement under general mandate. Net proceeds of approximately HK\$88.4 million have been raised through the placing.
- (e) On 19 March 2021, the Group and one of the Group's bondholder entered into a letter of intent whereby the bondholder expressed intention to subscribe for, and the Company intended to issue and allot preference shares to replace the corporate bond due to the bondholder in the amount of approximately HK\$10,000,000.

38. 於報告期後事項

- (a) 於二零二一年一月四日,合共 90,140,000股普通股已根據一般授 權按配售協議的條款及條件以每股 0.28港元獲配售。所得款項淨額約 24.4百萬港元已透過配售獲籌集。
- (b) 於二零二一年一月十五日,本公司 與華豐資產管理有限公司簽定戰略 合作諒解備忘錄,據此,雙方同意 探尋合作及投資機會以及在備忘錄 條款及條件的規限下,合作成立一 個多策略開放式投資基金。
- (c) 於二零二一年一月二十二日,本金 總額約為50,010,000港元的可換股 債券配售予不少於六名承配人,以 每股0.30港元的初始換股價認購 166,700,000股換股股份。所得款 項淨額約49.5百萬港元已透過配售 獲籌集。
- (d) 於二零二一年二月二十五日,合共 270,520,000股普通股已根據一般 授權按配售協議的條款及條件以每 股配售股份0.33港元獲配售。所得 款項淨額約88.4百萬港元已透過配 售獲籌集。
- (e) 於二零二一年三月十九日,本集 團與其中一個本集團債券持有人 訂立意向函,據此,債券持有人表 示有意向認購,而本公司擬發行 及配發優先股,以取代金額約為 10,000,000港元應付該債券持有人 之企業債券。

Five Years Financial Summary 五年財務概要

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
Results	業績					
Revenue	米 線 收益	-	-	660,685	718,333	350,000
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(36,301,591)	(43,673,836)	(53,267,690)	(45,248,621)	(76,815,200)
Income tax expense	所得税開支					
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 年內虧損	(36,301,591)	(43,673,836)	(53,267,690)	(45,248,621)	(76,815,200)
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債					
Total assets	總資產	5,299,924	21,216,977	34,243,078	61,317,384	61,491,807
Total liabilities	總負債	(134,848,953)	(117,584,415)	(86,936,680)	(60,743,296)	(61,112,862)
Net (liabilities) assets	(負債)資產淨值	(129,549,029)	(96,367,438)	(52,693,602)	574,088	378,945
Share capital	股本	22,544,485	22,544,485	22,544,485	22,544,485	20,225,735
Reserves	儲備	(152,093,514)	(118,911,923)	(75,238,087)	(21,970,397)	(19,846,790)
(Capital deficiency) total equity	(資本虧絀)權益總額	(129,549,029)	(96,367,438)	(52,693,602)	574,088	378,945



GOLDSTONE INVESTMENT GROUP LIMITED 金石投資集團有限公司