

Café de Coral Holdings Limited 大家樂集團有限公司*

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 341 7年記に事か 共高リ光學大皇 Together Chine



ANNUAL REPORT 2020/21 年報

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獨立核數師報告

Corporate Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Non-executive Directors

Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny (Chairman) Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael Mr Hui Tung Wah, Samuel

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry Mr Au Siu Cheung, Albert

Executive Directors

Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter (Chief Executive Officer) Mr Lo Ming Shing, lan

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey (Chairman) Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny Mr Lo Ming Shing, lan

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael (Chairman) Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr Au Siu Cheung, Albert (Chairman) Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey Mr Hui Tung Wah, Samuel

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms Vera Leung Ms Lee Hung

董事局

非執行董事

羅開光先生(主席) 羅碧靈女十 陳裕光先生 許棟華先生

獨立非執行董事

蔡涯棉先生 李國星先生 郭琳廣先生 區嘯翔先生

執行董事

羅德承先生(首席執行官) 羅名承先生

提名委員會

李國星先生(主席) 蔡涯棉先生 郭琳庸先生 羅開光先生 羅名承先生

薪酬委員會

蔡涯棉先生(主席) 李國星先生 郭琳廣先生 陳裕光先生

審核委員會

區嘯翔先生(主席) 郭琳廣先生 蔡涯棉先生 李國星先生 許棟華先生

公司秘書

梁慧寶女士 李紅女士

REGISTERED OFFICE

Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE

10th Floor, Café de Coral Centre 5 Wo Shui Street, Fo Tan Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants and Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

LEGAL ADVISER

Mayer Brown

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
Mizuho Bank, Ltd.
MUFG Bank, Ltd.
Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Ltd.
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

BERMUDA SHARE REGISTRAR

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th Floor North Cedar House 41 Cedar Avenue Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Rooms 1712-1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

SHARE LISTING

Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited Stock Code: 341

WEBSITE

www.cafedecoral.com

註冊辦事處

Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda

總辦事處

香港新界沙田 火炭禾穗街五號 大家樂中心十樓

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師及註冊公眾利益實體核數師

法律顧問

孖士打律師行

主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 瑞穗銀行 三菱UFJ銀行 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司 香港上海匯豐銀行有限公司

百慕達股份登記過戶處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th Floor North Cedar House 41 Cedar Avenue Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda

股份登記過戶處香港分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司香港灣仔皇后大道東 183 號合和中心17樓 1712-1716室

股份上市

香港聯合交易所有限公司主板 股份代號:341

網址

www.cafedecoral.com

Financial Highlights and Calendar 財務概要及財務日誌

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

財務概要

Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$</i> ′000 <i>千港元</i>	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	Change 變動 % 百分比
Revenue Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	收入 本公司股權持有人 應佔溢利	6,714,255 359,130	7,963,097 73,634	(15.7) 387.7
Total assets	資產總值	7,154,673	6,220,758	15.0
Net assets	資產淨值	3,034,836	2,671,312	13.6
Basic earnings per share	每股基本溢利	HK\$0.62港元	HK\$0.13港元	376.9
Interim and final dividends per share	每股中期及末期股息	HK38 cents 港仙	HK19 cents 港仙	100.0
Net assets per share	每股資產淨值	HK\$5.18港元	HK\$4.56港元	13.6

FINANCIAL CALENDAR

財務日誌

Announcement of Interim Results	26 November 2020				
中期業績公佈	二零二零年十一月二十六日				
Announcement of Annual Results	15 June 2021				
全年業績公佈	二零二一年六月十五日				
Dividends	Interim dividend:	HK10 cents per share paid on 28 December 2020			
股息	中期股息:	每股10港仙,已於二零二零年十二月二十八日派付			
	Proposed final dividend:	HK28 cents per share payable on 21 September 2021			
	建議之末期股息:	每股28港仙,於二零二一年九月二十一日派付			
Annual General Meeting ("AGM")	6 September 2021	6 September 2021			
股東周年大會	二零二一年九月六日				
Closure of Register of Members	1 September 2021 to 6 September 2021 (both days inclusive)				
暫停辦理股份過戶登記	(for determining eligibility to attend and vote at the AGM)				
	二零二一年九月一日至二	二零二一年九月一日至二零二一年九月六日(首尾兩天包括在內)			
	(以確定出席及於股東周年大會投票的資格)				
	10 September 2021				
	(for determining entitlement to the final dividend)				
	二零二一年九月十日				
	(以確定收取末期股息的)	(以確定收取末期股息的資格)			









Chairman's Message 主席獻辭

For the year ended 31 March 2021, I am pleased to report that the Group achieved revenue of HK\$6,714.3 million and delivered profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$359.1 million. The Group has cautiously managed working capital to ensure healthy cash flow for its operations during these uncertain times. With all the active steps taken, the Group maintained positive operating cash flow for the year before government subsidies were taken into account.

The continued impact of the COVID-19 pandemic during the year under review presented a remarkable challenge to people, businesses and economies around the globe. After a full year of operation in a postpandemic world, the Group has taken solid steps to protect our leadership position in the market, and to capitalise on future growth opportunities.

IMMEDIATE ACTION, SUSTAINABLE STRATEGY

When it first became evident that the outbreak of COVID-19 was reaching global proportions, the Group took immediate actions to ensure our operations could continue uninterrupted. We protected the health and safety of our customers and staff with enhanced hygiene measures, took swift defensive action to control costs, and secured loan facilities to ensure stable cash flow in a harsh environment.

With this safety net in place, we next turned our attention to making the best of the situation – adapting to the new realities of social distancing and changing consumer preferences. As a result, the Group began shifting marketing and operational focus towards take-away and delivery options, leveraging social media and other digital platforms to promote menus and seasonal products redesigned for home dining.

Testament to the Group's deep relationships with Hong Kong people from all walks of life, enrolment in our Club 100 membership programme has grown significantly due to the Group's continued efforts in recent years to address the changing demands of consumers who sought traditional comfort food from reputable, trusted brands to ease the uncertainties brought by COVID-19.

我謹此欣然報告,集團截至二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度錄得收入6,714.3 百萬港元,股 東應佔溢利為359.1百萬港元。過去一年經營 環境充滿挑戰,集團審慎管理營運資金,確保 有穩健的現金流以維持營運。年內,我們積極 採取各項措施後,在不計及政府補貼下,仍能 保持正經營現金流。

回顧年內,新冠肺炎疫情持續肆虐,對全球各 地民眾、企業及經濟帶來巨大挑戰。集團在疫 情下營運整整一年,以堅實的步伐配合行之有 效的措施,成功保持我們的市場領導地位,同 時亦充分把握未來的增長機遇。

當機立斷推行可持續策略

早於有證據顯示新冠肺炎疫情在全球爆發時, 集團已當機立斷採取措施,確保業務在疫情下 仍可繼續經營。我們一方面加強衛生措施,保 障顧客及員工的安全健康;另一方面迅速採取 防禦措施控制成本,並爭取足夠貸款額,確保 在艱難環境下具備穩定的現金流。

築好這個安全網後,我們隨即應對社交距離 措施及消費者喜好轉變對業務的影響,鋭意 在新的營商環境中突圍而出。因此,集團開始 將市務推廣和營運重心轉移至外賣自取及外賣 速遞,配合在家用餐重新設計餐單和季節性美 食,並善用社交媒體及其他數碼平台加強宣傳 推廣。

消費者傾向選擇信譽超卓及可靠的餐飲品牌, 以減低新冠肺炎疫情的風險。大家樂快餐近年 積極推動「Club 100」會員計劃以回應不斷改變 的顧客需求,其會員持續增加,足以證明集團 深受香港廣大市民愛戴及支持。

The pandemic followed a different course in Mainland China, marked by a more severe initial lockdown, followed by a shorter recovery period. The Group took advantage of the situation to increase the pace of network expansion, opening 13 new stores during the year with a strategic focus on Guangzhou and Shenzhen - and currently has 17 stores in the pipeline to open next year.

中國內地的疫情發展則截然不同,當地在疫情 爆發初期已採取較嚴格的封城措施,故經濟可 在較短時間內復甦。集團審時度勢,伺機加快 網絡擴張步伐,年內以廣州及深圳為策略發展 據點,新開設13間門店,來年籌劃中的新門店 已有17間。

MAXIMISING OPPORTUNITIES FROM A **MARKET RESET**

Over the past decade, Hong Kong's economy has experienced tremendous growth. Rents have increased multiple times and labour costs have also risen accordingly, leading to unsustainable levels and an unbalanced market.

However, the prolonged nature of the pandemic is creating a new situation - a "reset" of the economy - as health considerations, social distancing regulations and international travel lockdowns have completely changed the way people live, work and socialise. These significant changes have impacted not only our home markets of Hong Kong and the Greater Bay Area, but all around the world.

With international travel and global transport still severely limited, it appears it will take some time before economic activity recovers. However, this contraction is also opening the door for new and innovative pathways to growth as rents and wages seek lower points of market equilibrium.

The Group's immediate cost controls have kept the business cash flow positive throughout this difficult year. As rental and labour costs fall further, we have a unique opportunity to emerge from the pandemic with a lower cost base than before – taking full advantage of this market reset.

把握市場重整的機遇

過去十年,香港經濟取得巨大增長。租金倍 升、人工成本亦相應遞增,已達到企業難以持 續負擔的水平,導致市場失衡。

然而,持續不斷的疫情正在「重整」經濟,帶 來全新的局面。市民對健康的重視、社交距離 規例及國際旅遊限制等,已徹底改變市民的生 活、工作及社交方式。這些轉變不僅影響著集 團業務所在的香港及大灣區市場,亦衝擊著全 球各地。

由於國際旅遊及全球運輸仍然受到嚴重限制, 預期經濟活動仍有待回復。然而,市場在經濟 收縮下正達至新平衡點,租金及人工成本相應 降低,為企業業務增長開拓出一個嶄新的途徑。

面對過去艱難的一年,集團憑藉果斷的節流措 施有效保持正現金流; 而受惠於租金及人工成 本進一步下降,集團的基本開支將較以往減 少。我們將把握市場重整下的特有優勢,積極 拓展業務。

MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP

With recent appointments, the key elements of our succession plan are in place and the transition to the new management team is in its final stages. I am pleased to announce that, effective 1 April 2021, Piony Leung Ho-ting has been appointed as Managing Director (Hong Kong). In addition, we have expanded the role of James Yang Bin, Managing Director (China), to include responsibility for back office operations — consolidating resources and streamlining the decision-making process. Both of them will report directly to Peter Lo, Chief Executive Officer of the Group.

During the past year, this team have proven themselves under some of the most challenging market conditions in recent memory. Their swift and effective leadership not only protected our business and operations, but also positioned the Group to take increased advantage of the eventual economic recovery.

While the global reset has been a severe shock to the market, it has also provided the Group with a valuable "stress test" of our long-term strategy, business sustainability and overall competitiveness. I hold every confidence that the management team will continue to hone our competitive edge in the market.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Against this backdrop of uncertainty and changes, I must express my deep gratitude to our Board of Directors, business partners, employees, investors and customers for their continued support and steadfast loyalty. As the everyday face of the Group, our frontline staff deserve the highest praise for their courage during the pandemic, which allowed us to keep our operations running smoothly and our communities fed despite the enormously challenging environment.

Building on the strength of our reputation and the capabilities of our management team, I am confident the Group will continue to thrive despite the current challenges – consolidating its position as one of the best-loved catering groups in the region.

Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny

Chairman

Hong Kong, 15 June 2021

管理與領導

集團近期的人事任命標誌著傳承計劃已逐步完成,新管理團隊的過渡安排亦進入最後階段。 我很高興宣佈,梁可婷由二零二一年四月一日 起獲委任為行政總裁(香港)。此外,行政總裁 (中國)楊斌的職務範圍亦會擴大至後勤業務, 負責整合資源及精簡決策流程。他們均直接向 集團首席執行官羅德承匯報。

過去一年,新管理團隊帶領集團應對前所未有 的嚴峻市場環境,管理能力無庸置疑。在他們 的領導下,集團的業務及營運得以維持,卓有 成效,更做好各方面的準備,以待經濟復甦後 發揮最大的優勢。

全球經濟重整為市場帶來沉重打擊,然而我們 視之為難得的「壓力測試」,激勵集團進一步完 善其長遠策略及業務可持續性。我深信管理團 隊將繼續提升集團在市場上的競爭優勢。

鳴謝

我衷心感謝董事會、所有業務夥伴、員工、投資者及顧客,在充滿不確定性及持續轉變的大環境下,仍一如既往地支持集團。我更要高度讚揚所有前線員工,他們在嚴峻的疫情期間,無畏無懼地緊守崗位,確保餐廳營運暢順,如常為市民提供餐飲服務。

憑藉集團的品牌聲譽及管理團隊的卓越領導才能,我深信集團將可克服當前的挑戰,繼續蓬勃發展,並進一步鞏固市場領導地位,成為區內最受歡迎的餐飲集團之一。

主席

羅開光

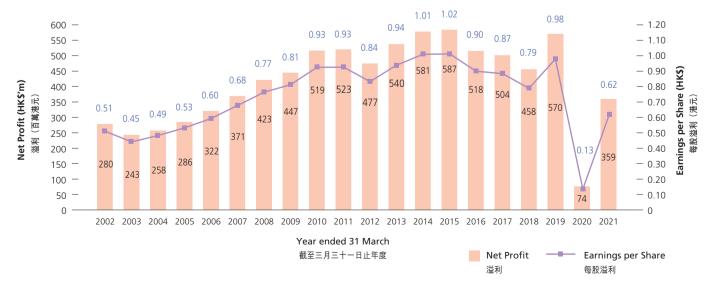
香港,二零二一年六月十五日

Business Highlights 業務撮要

- Social distancing restrictions and poor consumer sentiment amidst the COVID-19 pandemic had severe impact on the Group's business and operations throughout the year. Revenue for the year declined to HK\$6.714.3 million (FY2019/20: HK\$7.963.1 million). Profit attributable to shareholders increased to HK\$359.1 million (FY2019/20: HK\$73.6 million) as a result of government pandemic relief and subsidies, as well as the efforts of staff and management team under unprecedented circumstances.
- The Group received pandemic relief and subsidies from governments totalling HK\$638.9 million, including HK\$486.8 million under the Employment Support Scheme of the Hong Kong Government, which was used in its entirety for paying salaries and wages to employees.
- The Group took immediate action to adapt product offerings and operations to the "new normal", implementing measures to improve productivity and efficiency, including stringent cost control, manpower deployment and acceleration of technology upgrades to capture more takeaway and delivery business. These measures, combined with relaxed social distancing restrictions, led to improved revenue in the second half of the financial year.
- Our business in Mainland China has recovered after the initial severe lockdown. The Group will continue to expand its network in the Greater Bay Area.
- The Group cautiously managed working capital to maintain healthy cash flow for operations during these uncertain times, and generated positive operating cash flow for the year before government subsidies were taken into account.
- A final dividend of HK28 cents per share is recommended (FY2019/20: nil), with a total dividend payout ratio of 62.0% for the year.

- 回顧年內,新冠肺炎疫情持續肆虐,各種 社交距離規例加上疲弱的消費氣氛,嚴重 打擊集團的業務及營運,集團全年收入減 少至6,714.3百萬港元(二零一九/二零年 度:7,963.1百萬港元)。由於政府因應疫情 提供寬免及資助,以及集團上下一心應對 前所未有的困境,股東應佔溢利增至359.1 百萬港元(二零一九/二零年度:73.6百萬 港元)。
- 集團獲得中國及香港政府因應疫情提供的 寬免及資助合共638.9百萬港元,包括香港 政府保就業計劃資助共486.8百萬港元,該 資助全數用作支付員工薪酬。
- 集團迅速調整產品組合及營運以適應「新常 態」,同時採取措施提高生產力及效率,包 括嚴格控制成本、整合人力資源,以及加 快新科技應用,爭取更多外賣自取及外賣 速遞業務。這些措施連同政府放寬防疫規 例,令集團下半年的收入得以改善。
- 中國內地業務自疫情初期大規模封城後已 經回復。集團將進一步拓展大灣區的門店 網絡。
- 過去一年經營環境充滿挑戰,集團審慎管 理營運資金,以保持穩健的現金流維持營 運,在未計及政府資助下仍能保持正經營 現金流。
- 建議派發末期股息每股28港仙(二零一九) 二零年度:無),全年派息率為62.0%。

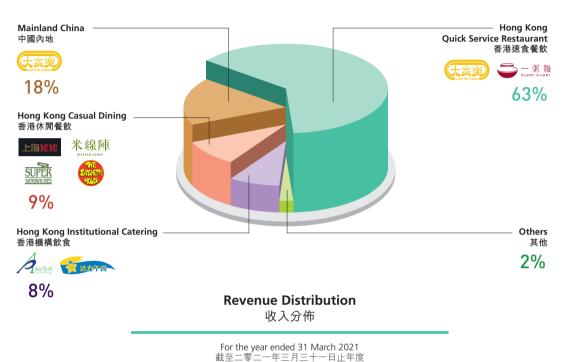
Financial Performance – Net Profit & Earnings per Share 財務表現 - 溢利及每股溢利





Café de Coral Group Key Strategic Businesses

大家樂集團主要策略性業務



Total Operating Units: 473

營運單位總數

(As of 31 March 2021) (截至二零二一年三月三十一日)











Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

INTRODUCTION AND HIGHLIGHTS

The effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and related social distancing measures continued to impact the operations and business of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2021.

Against a backdrop of weak consumer sentiment, stringent government restrictions imposed on the catering sector and multiple waves of the pandemic, revenue for the year under review was HK\$6,714.3 million, representing a decline of 15.7% compared to FY2019/20.

Despite the unstable economic environment, the Group recorded a profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$359.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2021, as compared to that of HK\$73.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2020, mainly due to government pandemic relief and subsidies, as well as the concerted efforts of our management team and staff under the extremely difficult environment.

During the year, the Group received pandemic relief and subsidies from the Hong Kong and PRC governments totalling HK\$638.9 million, which include subsidies of HK\$486.8 million under the Employment Support Scheme ("ESS") and other subsidies of HK\$136.0 million under the Anti-epidemic Fund of the Hong Kong Government. All ESS subsidies, which accounted for approximately 23.3% of the Group's staff cost in Hong Kong during the period, were used for paying salaries and wages to our employees.

Though initially caught off-guard by the severity of the pandemic, the Group swiftly took proactive measures to adjust operations and product offerings to the "new normal", and implemented strict actions to control operating expenses and enhance productivity. We re-engineered menus for takeaway and delivery sales, accelerated digitalisation of our business and expanded our presence on online delivery platforms. These initiatives helped to mitigate the impact of the pandemic, allowing the Group to not only break even during FY2020/21, but to maintain positive operating cash flow for the year before government subsidies were taken into account. Adaptation of business operations and loosening of government pandemic restrictions led to improvement in revenue during the second half of the financial year compared to the first half.

簡介及撮要

新冠肺炎疫情和相關社交距離規例持續對集團 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度的業務及 營運造成打擊。

回顧年內,消費意欲疲弱、政府對飲食業實施 嚴格限制,加上疫情反覆,導致集團收入減少 至6,714.3 百萬港元,較二零一九/二零年度下 跌 15.7%。

儘管經濟環境不穩定,對比截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度之股東應佔溢利73.6百萬港 元,集團截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 錄得股東應佔溢利359.1百萬港元,主要由於 政府因應疫情提供了寬免及資助,以及我們管 理團隊及員工同心協力應對極度艱難的環境。

年內,集團獲得香港及內地政府因應疫情提供 的寬免及資助合共638.9百萬港元,包括保就 業計劃資助共486.8百萬港元及香港政府防疫 抗疫基金的其他資助共136.0百萬港元。保就 業計劃的資助額佔集團期內於香港的人工成本 約23.3%,該筆資助全數用作支付員工薪酬。

疫情初期嚴峻危急,導致集團措手不及,但集 團迅速採取積極措施,調整營運及產品組合以 應對「新常態」,同時嚴格控制營運開支及提 高生產力。我們重新設計餐單以針對外賣自取 及外賣速遞業務、加快業務數碼化步伐,並拓 展網上外賣速遞平台市場。該等措施有助降低 疫情對集團的影響,使集團不僅在二零二零/ 二一年度實現收支平衡,年內未計及政府資助 下仍保持正經營現金流。集團的業務營運已適 應新市場環境,加上政府放寬防疫規例,下半 年的收入較上半年有所改善。

Amidst the serious business contraction brought by the pandemic, the Group seized the opportunity to invest in future growth by launching a series of long-term business and operation enhancement initiatives on product development, marketing campaigns and staff training – implemented in view of the breathing space made available by government subsidies whilst paving the way for continued success in the post pandemic world.

疫情雖令業務嚴重收縮,但集團仍把握機會為 未來發展做好準備。政府的資助為我們提供了 喘息的空間,使我們能夠籌劃一連串長遠業務 及營運調整方案,改善產品研發、市場推廣及 員工培訓,為疫情後於市場爭勝奠定基礎。

Although the Group's operations in Mainland China faced a more severe initial lockdown period, the subsequent recovery period was relatively guick. Taking advantage of the Group's underlying financial strength and confidence in the Greater Bay Area market, we took the opportunity to continue network expansion with a focus on Guangzhou and Shenzhen.

儘管集團中國內地業務在疫情初期經歷更為嚴 峻的封城措施,但當地的復甦相對較快出現。 憑藉集團穩健的財務優勢以及對大灣區市場的 信心,我們把握機會,以廣州及深圳為中心繼 續拓展網絡。

The pandemic has caused a paradigm shift in the market. Adapting to new strategic models and operations, the Group remains committed to controlling overheads and improving efficiency while strengthening the reputation and equity of its catering brands. Building on a solid foundation in Hong Kong, we will continue to tap into significant growth opportunities in the Greater Bay Area – creating sustainable value for our investors, partners, customers and staff.

疫情已改變了市場形態。集團為適應新的業務 策略及營運模式,將繼續致力控制經常性開支 及提高效率,同時鞏固旗下餐飲品牌的聲譽及 價值。我們建基於香港堅實的業務基礎上,時 刻把握大灣區巨大增長機遇,為投資者、合作 夥伴、顧客及員工創造可持續價值。

RESULTS OVERVIEW

Revenue

For the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group's revenue decreased by 15.7% to HK\$6,714.3 million (FY2019/20: HK\$7,963.1 million). Revenue by business division is set out below:

業績概要

收入

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,集團收 入減少15.7%至6,714.3百萬港元(二零一九/ 二零年度:7,963.1百萬港元)。集團收入按業 務分類載列如下:

Represents mainly income from food processing and distribution as well as rental income

Gross Profit Margin

Gross profit margin decreased to 5.6% (FY2019/20: 9.2%), primarily due to weak market sentiment and social distancing measures amidst the COVID-19 pandemic.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses decreased by 3.9% to HK\$462.6 million (FY2019/20: HK\$481.4 million), mainly due to cost control.

* 主要為食品加工和分銷以及租金收入

毛利率

毛利率下跌至5.6%(二零一九/二零年度: 9.2%),主要由於新冠肺炎疫情下市場氣氛疲 弱及因應疫情實施的社交距離規例。

行政費用

行政費用減少3.9%至462.6百萬港元(二零 一九/二零年度:481.4百萬港元),主要由於 成本控制。

Key Costs

The breakdown of major expenses is set out below:

主要成本

主要開支載列如下:

For the year ended 31 March

			截至三月三十一日止年度			
		2021		2	2020	
		二零二一年		二零二零年		
		HK\$'m	% of revenue	HK\$'m	% of revenue	
		百萬港元	收入佔比(%)	百萬港元	收入佔比(%)	
Cost of raw materials and packing	原材料及包裝成本	2,008.1	29.9	2,258.2	28.4	
Staff cost Rental costs*	人工成本 租金成本*	2,366.1 855.7	35.2 12.7	2,696.4 1,045.0	33.9 13.1	

It includes rental related depreciation in right-of-use assets and finance costs of lease liabilities, as well as rental costs of short-term lease and low-value leases. It also includes turnover rent as well as gain on modification and termination of leases.

其包括租賃相關的使用權資產折舊及租賃負債的融資成 本,以及短期租賃及低價值租賃的租金成本。其亦包括營 業額租金以及修訂及終止租賃的收益。

Other Income and Other (Losses)/Gains, Net

Other income and other losses, net increased to HK\$561.0 million (FY2019/20: net losses of HK\$40.5 million), due to subsidies totalling HK\$638.9 million granted by the Hong Kong Government under the Antiepidemic Fund and the PRC Government (FY2019/20: HK\$60.3 million), netting off against an impairment loss of right-of-use assets of HK\$23.7 million (FY2019/20: HK\$40.6 million).

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense decreased by 24.8% to HK\$30.0 million (FY2019/20: HK\$39.9 million).

Profit Attributable to Equity Holders

The Group's profit attributable to equity holders increased 387.7% to HK\$359.1 million (FY2019/20: HK\$73.6 million) attributable to government monetary relief of HK\$638.9 million.

其他收入及其他淨(虧損)/溢利

其他收入及其他淨虧損增加至561.0百萬港 元(二零一九/二零年度:淨虧損40.5百萬港 元),此乃由於香港政府防疫抗疫基金資助及內 地政府的資助合共638.9百萬港元(二零一九/ 二零年度:60.3百萬港元)及抵銷使用權資產 減值虧損23.7百萬港元(二零一九/二零年度: 40.6 百萬港元)。

所得税費用

所得税費用減少24.8%至30.0百萬港元(二零 一九/二零年度:39.9百萬港元)。

股權持有人應佔溢利

集團股權持有人應佔溢利增加387.7%至359.1 百萬港元(二零一九/二零年度:73.6百萬港 元),由於政府的638.9百萬港元資助。

Segment Results

Hong Kong segment results increased 37.2% to HK\$674.2 million (FY2019/20: HK\$491.5 million) attributable to government monetary relief. Mainland China results increased 93.3% to HK\$149.4 million (FY2019/20: HK\$77.3 million) attributable to business recovery after the initial severe lockdown due to outbreak of pandemic and Renminbi appreciation.

Basic Earnings Per Share

The Group's basic earnings per share increased by 376.9% to HK\$0.62 (FY2019/20: HK\$0.13).

Dividend

The Board is pleased to recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK28 cents per share (FY2019/20: nil). Together with the interim dividend of HK10 cents per share paid during the year, the dividend payout ratio for the year is 62.0%.

BUSINESS REVIEW

As of 31 March 2021, the Group had a network of 352 stores in Hong Kong (31 March 2020: 356) and 121 stores in Mainland China (31 March 2020: 114).

Hong Kong Retail Operations

COVID-19 Impact

In the face of unprecedented challenges brought by COVID-19, Hong Kong's dining sector faced various government-mandated restrictions throughout the year. These included no in-house dining after 18:00, limiting seating capacity by half, imposing a 1.5m minimum distance between seats, safety shields between tables and temperature checks, as well as limiting the number of diners per table. On 28-29 July 2020, in-house dining was completely banned at all catering outlets in Hong Kong. Together, these restrictions barred dinner service for 114 days in FY2020/21, in addition to 9 days that we voluntarily suspended. These regulations severely impacted the Group's business and operations, with a significant decline in the number of meals served in-house at retail outlets.

分類業績

香港分類業績上升37.2%至674.2百萬港元(二 零一九/二零年度:491.5百萬港元),主要由 於政府的資助。中國內地業績增加93.3%至 149.4 百萬港元(二零一九/二零年度:77.3 百 萬港元),主要由於業務自疫情爆發初期封城後 已回復,以及人民幣升值。

每股基本溢利

集團每股基本溢利增加376.9%至0.62港元(二 零一九/二零年度:0.13港元)。

股息

董事局欣然建議派發本年度末期股息每股28港 仙(二零一九/二零年度:無)。連同年內派發 中期股息每股10港仙,全年派息率為62.0%。

業務回顧

截至二零二一年三月三十一日,集團於香港 擁有352間門店(二零二零年三月三十一日: 356),於中國內地則有121間門店(二零二零 年三月三十一日:114)。

香港零售餐飲業務

新冠肺炎疫情衝擊

新冠肺炎疫情為本港餐飲業帶來前所未有的挑 戰,行業過去一年須配合政府規定的各項限制 措施,包括晚上6時後禁止堂食、五成入座率、 餐桌之間至少要有1.5米距離、增設安全隔板 分隔餐桌、實施體溫檢查,以及限制每桌人 數。全港所有食肆於二零二零年七月二十八日 至二十九日更須全日暫停堂食。於二零二零/ 二一年度,除我們自願暫停晚市堂食9天,共 有114天因相關法例要求而禁止晚市堂食。這 些規例嚴重打擊集團的業務及營運,導致門店 堂食餐數大幅下跌。









In light of the changing operating environment, the Group took swift action to adapt to new consumer preferences while enhancing hygiene standards. We reallocated manpower due to huge takeaway meal demand during lunch and dinner hours, and also provided additional training regarding standard operating procedures for takeaway packaging and order fulfilment time. We also implemented the "LeaveHomeSafe" QR code at all shops, consolidated all COVID-19 preventive measures into standardised guidelines, and conducted regular disinfections as well as nano-photocatalyst sanitization at all shops.

The launch of additional ordering platforms, mobile ordering apps and QR code ordering for takeaway/pre-orders, as well as closer collaboration with third party food delivery service providers, helped to maintain market share and sales revenue as the market settled into the new rhythm of post pandemic life. The Group also placed vigorous emphasis on VIP and membership programmes, making use of these platforms to build closer relationships, strengthen brand loyalty and communicate directly with customers.

As a result of these actions, takeaway sales accounted for a considerably greater proportion of revenue during FY2020/21 as compared to the previous year – a sign of significant changes in consumer preferences, as well as the Group's ability to adapt to the market.

Quick Service Restaurants (QSR)

During the year ended 31 March 2021, revenue from the QSR division decreased by 15.4% to HK\$4,216.1 million, as Café de Coral fast food and **Super Super Congee & Noodles** experienced declines in revenue, as well as negative same store sales growth of 14% and 11%, respectively, for the year under review. The business quickly responded to the challenges of the year, taking initiative to protect margins through a shift in marketing focus, accelerated digitalisation and tight control of costs.

The Group's shift in marketing focus to takeaway and delivery menus was accompanied by a large-scale joint promotion with Octopus Cards and other electronic payment gateways to stimulate use of electronic payment. By adopting new innovations in technology including ordering kiosks, KVS (kitchen video system) and mobile pre-ordering apps, the business was able to increase consumer convenience while minimising interpersonal contact for takeaway service.

經營環境急劇轉變,新的消費模式出現,集團 迅速採取行動以作適應。我們提高衛生標準、 重新調配人手,並針對外賣自取標準包裝作業 程序及訂單完成時間提供額外的培訓,以應付 午市及晚市時段外賣自取的巨大需求。另一方 面,所有門店均配合規定提供「安心出行」二維 碼、整合及將所有防疫措施訂為標準指引,並 定期進行消毒及納米光觸媒殺菌清潔。

與此同時,集團推出更多點餐平台、手機點餐 應用程式及外賣自取/預訂二維碼點餐服務, 以及加強與第三方外賣速遞服務供應商合作。 這些措施有助我們於疫情後的新形態中保持市 場份額和銷售收入。集團同時加強推動會員計 劃並加以善用此平台,以鞏固顧客關係,並提 升品牌忠誠度及直接與顧客溝通。

以上種種措施成效顯著,集團二零二零/二一 年度外賣自取相關的銷售佔比較去年大幅增 加。這不僅反映顧客消費習慣的明顯轉變,更 證明集團有能力適應市場變化。

速食餐飲

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,速食餐 飲業務的收入減少15.4%至4,216.1百萬港元。 大家樂快餐及一粥麵在回顧年度內的收入下 跌,同店銷售分別錄得14%及11%的負增長。 年內相關業務迅速應對各項挑戰, 積極採取措 施,包括轉移市場推廣重點、加快數碼化步伐 及嚴格控制成本,以保障利潤。

集團將市場推廣重點轉移至外賣自取及外賣速 遞服務, 並與八達誦及其他電子付款供應商合 作舉辦大型推廣活動以推動電子付款。我們並 於門店營運應用創新科技,引入自助點餐機、 取餐輪候系統及手機點餐應用程式,既可方便 顧客,亦可令外賣自取服務更趨無接觸化。

This shift was also facilitated by the development of express takeaway menus for lunch and dinner service, as well as popular individual and family meal offers, including a "HK\$38 for one dish, HK\$70 for 2 dishes and HK\$100 for 3 dishes" promotion. QSR also increased traffic with everyday low prices, as well as ad hoc limited special offers for lunch, tea and early bird dinner takeaway orders. A "Thanksgiving" HK\$300 coupon campaign was launched as a special promotion during the severe second wave of the pandemic, and received overwhelming response.

Our new eatCDC.com online ordering platform was launched in September 2020, driving strong response to seasonal festive products such as Winter Festival and Chinese New Year poon choi offerings, Chinese New Year cakes and Mid-Autumn Festival mooncakes. Reflecting changing consumer behaviour, a significant percentage of festive product sales were conducted through online platforms rather than in-store. Partnering with third party delivery platforms like foodpanda helped the Group capture significant opportunities in takeaway and delivery business.

Assisting this transition to a more digitally-enabled business model, we hired dedicated staff under our Service Ambassador Programme to teach customers how to use new technology channels, such as in-store kiosks and mobile pre-ordering apps. In order to maintain our high standards of consistent food quality and overall hygiene in line with consumer expectations, the Group also enhanced its emphasis on Quality, Service and Cleanliness by redoubling efforts in our Mystery Shopper Programme at our retail outlets.

Uncertain economic conditions have driven consumers to look for valueoriented offerings from trusted brands, which has benefited our Club 100 membership programme. Despite the pandemic, we have increased our rewards to existing members and proactively recruited new members through apps and special redemption programmes. As a result of the Group's efforts recent years, we have doubled our membership and strengthened engagement with our customers.

The business also implemented strict cost control measures, while re-engineering and simplifying menus to maintain food costs at a steady level. Despite the dip in sales revenue, Café de Coral fast food was able to increase store productivity, which helped to offset overall costs – especially in manpower.

為配合推廣重點的轉移,集團特別設計午市及 晚市特快外賣餐單,並推出深受歡迎的個人 及家庭套餐優惠,包括「\$38一餸、\$70兩餸 及\$100三餸外賣快餸」。速食餐飲業務亦透過 天天超值選增加客流量,並為午市、茶市及晚 市早鳥時段的外賣自取推出限量特別優惠。此 外,我們在第二波疫情期間推出「感謝回饋」 \$300優惠券計劃作為特別推廣活動,獲得顧客 熱烈回響。

我們於二零二零年九月推出全新網上平台 eatCDC.com,成功帶動顧客對節慶產品的強大 需求,例如冬至及農曆新年的盆菜優惠、賀年 糕點及中秋月餅。大部分節慶產品的訂單均透 過網上平台接收,而非門店,反映顧客的消費 模式已轉變。集團與foodpanda等第三方外賣 速遞平台合作,有助集團把握外賣自取及外賣 速遞業務的重大機遇。

回顧期內,我們推出「服務大使計劃」,聘請專 職人員協助顧客使用新技術平台,例如自助點 餐機及手機點餐應用程式,協助集團轉型至更 為數碼化的業務模式。集團還將重點放在提高 「品質、服務及整潔」方面,在門店加大力度推 動「神秘顧客計劃」,確保產品質素及整體衛生 狀況均維持一貫的高水平,以符合消費者期望。

在充滿不確定性的經濟環境下,消費者傾向選 擇可靠的品牌及其提供的優惠,「Club 100」會 員計劃亦因此受惠。儘管疫情肆虐,我們仍然 增加現有會員的獎賞,並透過應用程式及特別 兑換計劃積極招募新會員。全賴集團近年的努 力,「Club 100」會員數目已增加一倍,成功建 立更為牢固的顧客關係。

該業務亦採取嚴格的控制成本措施,重新設計 及簡化餐單,使食材成本維持在穩定水平。儘 管銷售收入下跌,大家樂快餐仍能夠提高門店 的生產力,有助抵消總成本,尤其是人工成本。

Some of our landlords, especially the Hong Kong Housing Authority and Hong Kong Housing Society, granted temporary rental concessions to the Group during the year. The Group continues to discuss with landlords for more favourable leasing terms, with a view to improving the Group's operating costs amidst the challenging business environment.

During the year under review, Café de Coral fast food opened 4 new outlets and operated a network of 161 shops at year end (31 March 2020: 162). The number of stores operated by **Super Super Congee & Noodles** as at year end was 40 (31 March 2020: 45). Currently 11 QSR-brand shops have been scheduled to open during FY2021/22.

Casual Dining

Revenue from the Casual Dining business (including Chinese cuisine brands Shanghai Lao Lao and Mixian Sense, and western cuisine brands The Spaghetti House and Oliver's Super Sandwiches) decreased by 20.2% during the year under review to HK\$622.0 million (FY2019/20: HK\$779.2 million), affected by the pandemic and related restrictions on dining.

In order to stimulate customer traffic and sales volume, the business introduced "value based" menus across all brands – such as takeaway dinner meal sets and a "Grab n Go" range for extra convenience. VIP programmes drove customer engagement with newly introduced apps, providing a direct communication channel with customers for special offers and enhanced customer relationship management. Additional ordering platforms – such as QR code ordering – helped to drive a pronounced increase in walk-in takeaway sales across all Casual Dining brands. Closer collaboration with third party food delivery services like Deliveroo also helped to capture more delivery business.

The division operated 60 shops at the end of the period under review (31 March 2020: 62). Shanghai Lao Lao and Mixian Sense operated 13 and 19 shops as of 31 March 2021 (31 March 2020: 13 and 20, respectively). The Spaghetti House opened 1 new shop during the period and operated 8 shops at the end of the period (31 March 2020: 8). With 2 shops opened during the reporting period, Oliver's Super Sandwiches operated 17 shops as of the financial year end (31 March 2020: 16).

部分業主,如香港房屋委員會及香港房屋協 會,年內給予集團臨時租金優惠。集團繼續與 業主商議更有利的租賃條款,冀望在充滿挑戰 的營商環境下改善營運成本。

回顧年度內,大家樂快餐開設4間新門店,並 於年末經營161間門店(二零二零年三月三十一 日:162)。一粥麵於年末經營40間門店(二零 二零年三月三十一日:45)。速食餐飲品牌目 前已有11間門店籌備在二零二一/二二年度開 設。

休閒餐飲

受疫情及餐飲業相關的限制影響,休閒餐飲 業務(包括中餐品牌上海姥姥及米線陣,以及 西餐品牌The Spaghetti House(意粉屋)和 Oliver's Super Sandwiches (利華超級三文 治))於回顧年度收入減少20.2%至622.0百萬 港元(二零一九/二零年度:779.2百萬港元)。

為刺激顧客流量及銷量,該業務所有品牌均推 出「超值」餐單,例如晚市外賣套餐及「Grab n Go(即買即走)」系列,更加方便快捷。品牌亦 透過新的會員計劃應用程式帶動顧客參與,更 可直接向顧客發送優惠資訊,加強顧客關係管 理。休閒餐飲品牌的其他點餐平台,如二維碼 點餐亦顯著帶動所有品牌的外賣自取營業額增 長。我們與「戶戶送」等第三方外賣速遞服務供 應商緊密合作,有助爭取更多外賣速遞訂單。

該業務於回顧期末經營60間門店(二零二零 年三月三十一日:62)。截至二零二一年三月 三十一日,上海姥姥及米線陣分別經營13間及 19間門店(二零二零年三月三十一日:分別為 13間及20間)。The Spaghetti House(意粉 屋)於期內開設1間新門店,於期末經營8間門 店(二零二零年三月三十一日:8), 而 Oliver's Super Sandwiches (利華超級三文治)則於期 內開設2間門店,並於財政年度末經營17間門 店(二零二零年三月三十一日:16)。









Institutional Catering

The Group's Institutional Catering business continued to be severely impacted by the pandemic as school closures continued, hospital catering and other institutional services were suspended, and global aviation remained at minimal levels. Revenue from the business dropped by 44.1% during the year under review to HK\$534.7 million (FY2019/20: HK\$957.2 million).

However, as competition thinned due to the pandemic, the Group was able to successfully renew and extend major contracts as other players exited the market. Asia Pacific Catering successfully negotiated a number of new contracts, ending the year with 91 operating units (31 March 2020: 87). Luncheon Star took advantage of the lower business volume to expand its production facilities and automate processes for enhanced hygiene and safety.

Even though the Group's Institutional Catering business was severely impacted by the pandemic, it remains by far the market leader in Hong Kong – and a preferred strategic partner in the education, medical and institutional sector. We believe the current consolidation in the market is a prime opportunity for the Group to further build its reputation and capabilities, which will allow us to accelerate business growth once the COVID-19 situation is under control.

Mainland China

Revenue from Mainland China operations grew by 10.1% to HK\$1,200.1 million (FY2019/20: HK\$1,090.0 million). The South China fast food business recorded a 9.3% increase in revenue to RMB1,007.1 million, with same store sales growth of 2%.

In Mainland China, the initial outbreak of the pandemic resulted in more severe social restrictions, but the economy also rebounded more quickly as a result. From a sharp and steep decline in year-on-year sales in February, the Group was able to significantly narrow the gap by May 2020 – and to remain ahead of average industry growth in Guangdong Province.

機構飲食

疫情導致學校持續停課、醫院餐飲及其他機構 服務暫停,以及全球航空業嚴重受挫,故集團 的機構飲食業務深受打擊。機構飲食業務的收 入於回顧年度內減少44.1%至534.7百萬港元 (二零一九/二零年度:957.2 百萬港元)。

然而,疫情亦令行業競爭減少。由於同業相繼 退出市場,集團能夠成功續約及擴大主要合 約。泛亞飲食成功洽商多項新合約,年末的營 運單位數目為91個(二零二零年三月三十一日: 87)。活力午餐則利用業務淡靜期擴充生產設 施及自動化程序,提升衛生及安全。

儘管集團的機構飲食業務深受疫情打擊,但在 香港市場仍然是行業領導者,亦是教育、醫療 及工商機構的首選策略夥伴。我們認為目前的 市場整合正好為集團帶來難得的機會,進一步 提高品牌聲譽及能力,在疫情受控時當可加速 業務增長。

中國內地

中國內地業務的收入增長10.1%至1,200.1百 萬港元(二零一九/二零年度:1,090.0百萬港 元)。華南快餐業務收入增加9.3%至人民幣 1,007.1 百萬元,同店銷售錄得2%增長。

中國內地於疫情爆發初期便實施更為嚴格的社 交限制,故經濟亦可短期內迅速反彈。集團相 關業務在二月按年急跌,但到二零二零年五月 跌幅已大為收窄,並在廣東省保持高於行業平 均水平的增長。

Although the pandemic impacted the Group's business in transportation hubs and during dinner service, we experienced a significant increase in Online-to-Offline (O2O) sales as a result of deliberate marketing efforts to drive takeaway and delivery options, and a focus on signature hero products. We also accelerated digitalisation efforts such as electronic e-coupon marketing to improve productivity and address changing consumer preferences.

The business worked diligently to control costs through menu management and strategic sourcing as well as manpower expenses. Close negotiations with landlords and other strategic partners allowed the Group to obtain appreciable concessions in rent. The business also benefitted from a series of social welfare and support measures provided by the government. We continue to focus on efficiency through managing labour costs and resources in order to drive operational costs lower.

We believe this period of industry consolidation provides an attractive opportunity for larger-scale caterers to strengthen their competitive positions. Therefore despite the pandemic, the Group's long-term network expansion plans remain unchanged. We opened 13 new stores in Mainland China during the year under review, with a strategic focus on Guangzhou and Shenzhen, ending the year with 121 stores (31 March 2020: 114). The South China fast food business currently has 17 stores in the pipeline to open in FY2021/22.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Financial Position

During the year under review, the Group's financial position remained healthy. We cautiously managed working capital during these uncertain times, allowing the Group to maintain positive operating cash flow for the year before government subsidies were taken into account. The Group also secured additional banking facilities during the year to ensure sufficient reserves of working capital.

儘管集團位於交通樞紐的門店業務及晚市業務 深受疫情影響,但內地業務團隊不遺餘力推出 多項市場推廣措施,以推動外賣自取及外賣速 遞服務, 並重點推廣核心產品, 令線上營銷線 下外送(O2O)訂購服務錄得顯著增長。我們亦 加快數碼化步伐,例如推廣電子優惠券,藉此 提高生產力及應對消費模式轉變。

集團透過餐單管理、策略性採購及控制薪酬開 支,致力控制成本,同時藉著與業主及其他策 略夥伴的緊密洽商獲取可觀租金優惠。中國內 地業務亦受惠政府提供的一系列社會福利及紓 困措施。我們繼續透過管理人工成本和資源, 務求提高效率,致力降低營運成本。

我們認為行業整合為大型餐飲企業帶來良機, 以藉此擴大競爭優勢。因此,儘管疫情肆虐, 集團的長遠門店網絡擴展計劃並無改變。我們 在回顧年度內於中國內地開設13間新店,並 以廣州及深圳為策略性發展重心,於年末經營 121 間門店(二零二零年三月三十一日:114)。 華南快餐業務現時已有17間門店計劃在二零 二一/二二年度開設。

財務回顧

財務狀況

集團於回顧年度內的財政狀況保持穩健。在充 滿不確定性的時期,我們審慎管理營運資金, 在未計及政府資助下,集團年內依然能保持正 經營現金流。集團年內亦取得額外銀行信貸 額,確保營運資金儲備充足。

As of 31 March 2021, the Group recorded cash of approximately HK\$2,073 million, with HK\$888 million in available banking facilities. The Group's current ratio as of the same date was 1.5 (31 March 2020: 0.5), and the cash ratio was 1.2 (31 March 2020: 0.2). The Group had borrowings of HK\$1,179 million (31 March 2020: nil) and a nil gearing ratio (ratio of total borrowing less cash and cash equivalents to total equity) (31 March 2020: nil).

The Group's return on equity for FY2020/21 was 12% (FY2019/20: 3%), and return on assets was 5% (FY2019/20: 1%).

Capital Expenditure and Commitment

During the year under review, the Group's capital expenditure (excluding right-of-use assets) was HK\$257 million (FY2019/20: HK\$487 million). As at 31 March 2021, the Group's outstanding capital commitments were HK\$735 million (31 March 2020: HK\$449 million).

Contingent Liabilities

As of 31 March 2021, the Company provided guarantees of approximately HK\$2,229 million (31 March 2020: HK\$945 million) to financial institutions in connection with banking facilities granted to its subsidiaries. The Group had no charge on assets as of 31 March 2021 (31 March 2020: nil).

Financial Risk Management

With regard to foreign exchange fluctuations, the Group earned revenue and incurred costs and expenses mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars, while those of our Mainland China businesses were in Renminbi. Foreign currency exposure did not pose a significant risk for the Group, but we will remain vigilant and closely monitor our exposure to movements in relevant currencies.

截至二零二一年三月三十一日,集團錄得淨現 金約2,073百萬港元,可動用銀行信貸額為888 百萬港元。集團於同日的流動比率為1.5(二零 二零年三月三十一日:0.5),現金比率為1.2 (二零二零年三月三十一日:0.2)。集團的借 貸為1,179百萬港元(二零二零年三月三十一 日:無),負債比率(借款總額減除現金及現金 等值項目與總權益相比)為無(二零二零年三月 三十一日:無)。

集團的股本回報率在二零二零/二一年度為 12%(二零一九/二零年度:3%),資產回報 率為5%(二零一九/二零年度:1%)。

資本開支和承擔

集團於回顧年度內的資本開支(撇除使用權資 產)為257百萬港元(二零一九/二零年度: 487百萬港元)。截至二零二一年三月三十一 日,集團尚未行使的資本承擔為735百萬港元 (二零二零年三月三十一日:449百萬港元)。

或然負債

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本公司向財務機 構提供擔保其附屬公司之信貸額約2,229百萬 港元(二零二零年三月三十一日:945百萬港 元)。集團於二零二一年三月三十一日並無抵押 資產(二零二零年三月三十一日:無)。

財務風險管理

對於外匯波動,集團的業務收支主要以港元計 算,旗下在中國內地的業務收支則以人民幣計 算。外匯操作並未對集團構成重大風險,但我 們將持續保持警覺,密切注視有關匯率的變動。









HUMAN RESOURCES

As of 31 March 2021, the Group had a workforce of 18,109 employees (31 March 2020: 18,832). During the year under review, we maintained recruitment and hiring to build and equip the team for business and operations during and after the pandemic, and also retrained employees to support new channels and strategies.

Effective leadership and talent development are critical to the Group's ongoing success. Training continued to focus on developing staff at levels through initiatives including the Continuous Leadership Development programme, customer service and product quality training - with a particular focus on enhanced safety and hygiene measures to combat the pandemic.

The Group reviews internal equity and market benchmarking on pay level regularly. Remuneration at all staff levels is based on individual experience, qualifications, duties and responsibilities. Qualified employees are entitled to participate in profit sharing bonus and performance incentive programmes, as well as share award and share option schemes.

SUSTAINABILITY

Under the pandemic, environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) initiatives have come to the forefront as businesses and communities work together in mutual support. The Group is strongly committed to supporting the global agenda on sustainable development. By making ESG initiatives an integral part of our strategy and operations, we are putting sustainability into practice – and achieving tangible benefits in overall business competitiveness.

The Group has been a constituent member of the Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Benchmark Index since 2015.

During the reporting year, we refined our sustainability strategy to broaden our vision and consolidate our efforts - starting with a review of our stakeholder groups and their priorities; followed by analysis and prioritisation of engagement and communication channels; and finally, alignment of the Group's sustainability strategy with stakeholders' expectations and industry best practice.

人力資源

截至二零二一年三月三十一日,集團共有 18,109名員工(二零二零年三月三十一日: 18,832)。我們於回顧年度內繼續招募員工, 建立和裝備團隊支持疫情期間和之後的業務營 運,亦對員工進行再培訓,以配合新營銷渠道 及策略。

有效培育領導班子及人才發展乃集團持續取得 成功之關鍵。集團將繼續專注於各職級員工的 發展,包括提供領袖培訓課程、顧客服務及產 品質素培訓,並特別重視加強安全及衛生措施 培訓以對抗疫情。

集團定期檢討內部薪酬制度的公平性和市場薪 酬基本水平。各職級員工的薪酬視乎個人經 驗、資歷、職責和責任而定。合資格員工均可 享有利潤分紅獎金和業績獎勵計劃,更可參與 股份獎勵和股份期權計劃。

可持續發展

疫情下,企業的發展策略更著重涵蓋環境、社 會及管治(ESG)範疇,並與社區攜手協力,互 相支持。集團不遺餘力推動有關可持續發展的 全球議題,將ESG融入業務策略及營運當中, 落實可持續發展,進一步提升整體業務競爭力。

集團自二零一五年起成為恒生可持續發展企業 基準指數成份股之一。

報告年度內,我們調整了集團的可持續發展策 略,更有效地整合我們的工作。我們首先檢視 與業務有關人士及其關注範疇,繼而對互動溝 通渠道的重要性作出分析, 最後根據與業務有 關人士的期望及行業最佳慣例,調整集團的可 持續發展策略。

With our renewed strategy in place, the Group's ESG efforts during the year centred around immediate pandemic relief, as well as long-term community support. As part of our "Cheer YOU up" Community Support Programme, we made use of Luncheon Star's production lines to produce and donate over 220,000 hot meals to feed the elderly, disabled and disadvantaged. In light of social distancing regulations, the Group modified its Community Spring Feast 2021 by delivering 2,000 sets of "Nutri-rich" poon choi to the elderly, low-income families, disabled people and those severely affected by the pandemic. We also continued to support Guangzhou Huiling, a charitable organisation that aims to ensure intellectually disabled individuals are able to participate in the community.

Full details of our sustainability programmes can be found in the Group's Sustainability Report 2020/21.

OUTLOOK

Although the economic outlook remains uncertain due to the global health situation, the Group remains cautiously optimistic in its ability to leverage its market leadership position to drive additional synergies amongst business units. In this environment, cost-conscious consumers are seeking valuefocused meals offered by reliable caterers with a focus on quality and consistency. With a strong portfolio of brands catering across QSR, Casual Dining and Institutional Catering, the Group remains confident in its ability to offer a wide range of food options that cater to the diverse needs of the community.

During the past year under the pandemic, the Group has seen positive results from investments in digitalisation such as mobile ordering apps, selfordering kiosks, digital CRM programme and our own eatCDC.com online platform, as well as collaboration with third party food delivery services. We will continue to enhance these efforts with touch-free solutions at express takeaway counters, as well as electronic vouchers and other digital promotions. By successfully and continuously adapting to the new market environment, the Group has an opportunity to demonstrate its leadership in both the industry and the community.

根據新的可持續發展策略,集團年內的ESG重 點包括針對疫情的即時紓困援助,以及對社區 的長期支持。因此,我們推出區區[家]油社區 支援計劃,向長者、殘疾人士及弱勢社群捐贈 超過22萬份由活力午餐製作的熱餐,提供短期 食物援助。受社交距離規例限制,集團以新模 式舉辦「區區開年飯2021」,向長者、低收入家 庭、殘疾人士及受疫情影響人士派送多達2.000 個「豐盛有營」盆菜。我們亦繼續支持慈善團體 廣州慧靈,致力讓智障人士融入社區。

有關集團可持續發展工作詳情,請參閱集團的 二零二零/二一年度可持續發展報告。

前景

儘管疫情肆虐全球而導致經濟前景仍未明朗, 但集團仍然抱持審慎樂觀的態度,憑藉其市場 領導地位的優勢,推動各業務單位發揮最大的 協同效益。目前,精明的消費者傾向選擇重視 質素及服務穩定的可靠餐飲品牌,追求物有所 值的產品。而集團的品牌組合涵蓋速食餐飲、 休閒餐飲及機構飲食,正可提供各式各樣的餐 飲選擇以回應顧客的不同需要。

過去一年疫情下,集團投資於數碼科技的成 效顯著,包括手機點餐應用程式、自助點餐 機、數碼客戶關係管理計劃、自家網上平台 eatCDC.com,以及與第三方外賣速遞服務供應 商的合作。我們將繼續加大力度發展無接觸特 快外賣自取櫃檯,同時推出電子優惠券及其他 數碼推廣優惠。集團不斷適應新市場環境並取 得成功,彰顯其在行業及社區的領導地位。

The Group's business performance improved and revenue rebounded in the second half of the year as compared to the first half. As the pandemic situation resolves, the Group expects business performance to make progress along with the economy. The Group will continue to implement stringent cost control measures on operations to protect margins as we navigate through the pandemic. While we are actively negotiating rental concessions and more favourable leasing terms, we are confident in creating stronger strategic alliance and partnership with landlords to capture market opportunities and prime locations by leveraging our brand portfolios and financial position.

集團下半年的業務表現及收入較上半年已有 改善。隨著疫情緩和,我們預期業務表現將 會跟隨經濟復甦而進一步提升。集團在應對疫 情的同時,將繼續嚴格控制營運成本,以保障 利潤。我們積極爭取租金優惠及商議更有利的 租賃條款,憑藉集團的品牌組合及穩健財政狀 况,我們有信心可加強與業主的策略結盟及夥 伴關係,爭取機會進駐理想的地點。

As the Mainland China market was able to control the severity of the COVID-19 pandemic, domestic consumption is expected to rebound at a faster rate. Taking advantage of this opportunity, the Group will actively seek to penetrate residential areas in Tier 1 cities, while expanding our presence in Tier 2 and 3 cities.

由於中國內地有效控制新冠肺炎疫情,預期國 內經濟將快速復甦。集團將把握機會,積極擴 大一線城市住宅區的滲透,同時拓展二線和三 線城市的覆蓋。

As a result of the pandemic, the industry has faced a severe shock and many weaker players have already exited the market. Those that remain are lean, fit and aggressive; and we anticipate a sharply competitive environment in the year ahead.

飲食業飽受疫情衝擊下,已出現汰弱留強,只 有實力雄厚的才能繼續經營,因此我們預計來 年的行業競爭將更為激烈。

However, the Group has proven the strength of its management team, brand portfolio, customer relationships and financial standing in the face of severe challenges this past year. With streamlined, digitalised operations and a firm control on costs, we are well positioned to thrive in the current economy – and to take full advantage of the post-pandemic recovery.

然而,過去一年的挑戰,讓集團無論在團隊管 理、品牌組合、顧客關係以及財政狀況方面, 均充分展現其優勢。透過精簡業務、推動數碼 科技及嚴格控制成本,我們已準備就緒,在目 前的經濟環境下繼續發展,同時充分把握疫情 後經濟復甦的增長機遇,再創輝煌。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Chairman

Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny, aged 65, is the Chairman of the Company and a member of the Nomination Committee. Mr Lo joined the Group in 1982 and had been an Executive Director since 1990 until his re-designation as a Non-executive Director in April 2016. He was the Managing Director of the Company from December 1997 to March 2012 and the Chief Executive Officer from April 2012 to March 2016. As Chairman, Mr Lo is responsible for leading and managing the Board to ensure that the Board effectively operates and fully discharges its responsibilities. Mr Lo holds a Master's Degree in Chemical Engineering from Stanford University.

Mr Lo is the brother of Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita, and a relative of Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael, Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter and Mr Lo Ming Shing, Ian, all of whom are Directors of the Company. He is a director of Ardley Enterprises (PTC) Limited and Victor Reach Investments Limited, each of which has discloseable interests in the shares of the Company under the provisions of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita, aged 68, joined the Group in 1982. Ms Lo has been an Executive Director of the Company since 1990 except the period from September 2016 to December 2017 which she was re-designated as a Non-executive Director. She ceased to be an Executive Director in April 2019 and is currently a Non-executive Director. Ms Lo has more than 35 years of experience in the fast food industry. She holds a Bachelor's Degree in Social Sciences from The University of Hong Kong.

Ms Lo is the sister of Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny, and a relative of Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael, Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter and Mr Lo Ming Shing, Ian, all of whom are Directors of the Company.

非執行董事

羅開光先生,六十五歲,本公司主席及提名委 員會成員。羅先生於一九八二年加入本集團, 自一九九零年起擔任執行董事,直至二零一六 年四月調任為非執行董事。彼於一九九七年 十二月至二零一二年三月出任本公司行政總 裁,並於二零一二年四月至二零一六年三月擔 任首席執行官。作為主席,羅先生負責帶領及 管理董事局,以確保董事局有效運作及充分履 行其責任。羅先生持有史丹福大學化學工程碩 十學位。

羅先生乃本公司董事羅碧靈女士之弟,亦為本 公司董事陳裕光先生、羅德承先生及羅名承先 生之親屬。彼為Ardley Enterprises (PTC) Limited 及Victor Reach Investments Limited之董事,該 等公司分別持有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部須 予披露之本公司股份權益。

羅碧靈女士,六十八歲,於一九八二年加入 本集團。除於二零一六年九月至二零一七年 十二月期間曾調任為非執行董事外,羅女士自 一九九零年起一直出任本公司執行董事。彼於 二零一九年四月不再擔任執行董事,現為非執 行董事。羅女士在快餐行業擁有逾三十五年經 驗。彼持有香港大學社會科學學士學位。

羅女士乃本公司董事羅開光先生之姊,亦為本 公司董事陳裕光先生、羅德承先生及羅名承先 生之親屬。

Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael, aged 69, joined the Group in 1984 and was appointed as a Director of the Company in 1988. Mr Chan led the Group as Managing Director from 1989 to 1997 and served as the Executive Chairman from 1997 to 2012. He was re-designated as a Non-executive Director in April 2012 and served as the Chairman of the Company from April 2012 to March 2016. Mr Chan is currently a member of the Remuneration Committee. Having worked as a professional town planner for various government bodies in Hong Kong and Canada, Mr Chan has considerable experience in planning and management. Mr Chan holds a Degree in Sociology and Political Science, a Master's Degree in City Planning from the University of Manitoba, Canada, an Honorary Doctorate Degree in Business Administration, and an Honorary Fellow from Lingnan University.

Mr Chan is the Honorary Chairman of the Hong Kong Institute of Marketing, the Advisor of the Quality Tourism Services Association and an Adjunct Professor of The Hang Seng University of Hong Kong.

In past years, Mr Chan was personally bestowed with the "The Stars of Asia Awards", the "Executive of the Year Awards", the "Bauhinia Cup Outstanding Entrepreneur Awards", the "Directors of the Year Awards", the Honoree, Beta Gamma Sigma of the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology and "Ernst & Young Entrepreneur of the Year".

Mr Chan is currently an independent non-executive director of Starlite Holdings Limited, Pacific Textiles Holdings Limited, Tse Sui Luen Jewellery (International) Limited, Modern Dental Group Limited and Human Health Holdings Limited and a non-executive director of Tao Heung Holdings Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Mr Chan is a relative of Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny, Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita, Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter and Mr Lo Ming Shing, Ian, all of whom are Directors of the Company.

陳裕光先生,六十九歲,於一九八四年加入本 集團並於一九八八年獲委任為本公司董事。陳 先生於一九八九年至一九九十年擔任行政總裁 帶領本集團,及由一九九七年至二零一二年出 任執行主席。彼於二零一二年四月調任為非執 行董事,並由二零一二年四月至二零一六年三 月擔任本公司主席。陳先生現為薪酬委員會成 員。陳先生曾在香港及加拿大政府機構任職專 業城市規劃師,擁有廣泛之企業策劃及管理經 驗。陳先生持有加拿大曼尼托巴大學社會及政 治學學位及城市規劃碩士學位,並持有工商管 理榮譽博士學位及榮膺嶺南大學之榮譽院士殊 榮。

陳先生為香港市務學會榮譽主席、優質旅遊服 務協會顧問以及香港恒生大學客席教授。

陳先生個人曾榮膺「亞洲之星」、「香港商業傑 出管理獎」、「紫荊花杯傑出企業家獎」、「傑出 董事獎」、香港科技大學Beta Gamma Sigma及 「安永企業家獎| 之殊榮。

陳先生現為星光集團有限公司、互太紡織控股 有限公司、謝瑞麟珠寶(國際)有限公司、現代 牙科集團有限公司及盈健醫療集團有限公司之 獨立非執行董事,以及稻香控股有限公司之非 執行董事,該等公司之股份均於香港聯合交易 所有限公司主板上市。

陳先生乃本公司董事羅開光先生、羅碧靈女 士、羅德承先生及羅名承先生之親屬。

Mr Hui Tung Wah, Samuel, aged 67, joined the Group in 1984 and has been a Non-executive Director of the Company since 1997. Mr Hui is currently a member of the Audit Committee. He holds a Bachelor's Degree in Social Sciences from the University of Hong Kong and a Master's Degree in Business Administration from the Brunel University in the United Kingdom.

許棟華先生,六十七歲,於一九八四年加入本 集團,並由一九九七年起擔任本公司非執行董 事。許先生現為審核委員會成員。彼持有香港 大學社會科學學士學位及英國 Brunel University 工商管理碩士學位。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael, BBS, JP, aged 63, has been an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since 1994 and is the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr Choi is a Director and Senior Vice-President of Henderson (China) Investment Company Limited. He has been in the real estate industry for over 40 years with extensive knowledge and experience in the real estate markets in Hong Kong and Mainland China. Currently, he is the Vice-President of the Hong Kong Real Property Federation, a Board Director and a member of Non-subvented Service Governing Committee of Haven of Hope Christian Service. Mr Choi graduated from the Business Management Department of the Hong Kong Baptist College and obtained a Master's Degree in Business Administration from the University of East Asia, Macau.

獨立非執行董事

蔡涯棉先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士,六十三 歲,自一九九四年起擔任本公司獨立非執行董 事,亦為薪酬委員會之主席及審核委員會和提 名委員會成員。蔡先生為恒基(中國)投資有限 公司之董事兼常務副總裁。蔡先生從事房地產 業逾四十年,擁有香港及中國內地房地產市場 豐富經驗及知識。蔡先生現為香港房地產協會 副會長、基督教靈實協會董事及非資助服務管 治委員會委員。蔡先生畢業於香港浸會學院工 商管理系,並於澳門東亞大學取得工商管理碩 士學位。

Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey, aged 71, has been an Independent Nonexecutive Director of the Company since 1994 and is the Chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee. Mr Li is Chairman of IAM Family Office Limited, a Hong Kong-based investment firm, and has extensive experience in the fields of investment banking, merchant banking and capital markets. He is a non-executive director of The Bank of East Asia, Limited, and an independent non-executive director of Kowloon Development Company Limited and Pokfulam Development Company Limited. The shares of all these companies are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Mr Li holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration from Columbia University and a Bachelor's Degree of Science in Civil Engineering from Brown University.

李國星先生,七十一歲,自一九九四年起擔任 本公司獨立非執行董事,亦為提名委員會主席 以及審核委員會及薪酬委員會成員。李先生現 為一間以香港為基地之投資公司-星安家族辦 公室有限公司之主席,並於投資銀行、商人銀 行及資本市場界具廣泛經驗。李先生現為東亞 銀行有限公司之非執行董事,並為九龍建業有 限公司及博富臨置業有限公司之獨立非執行董 事。該等公司之股份均於香港聯合交易所有限 公司主板上市。李先生持有哥倫比亞大學工商 管理碩士學位及布朗大學土木工程學士學位。

Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry, SBS, JP, aged 65, has been an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since July 2004 and is a member of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr Kwok is a practising solicitor in Hong Kong, and is a Partner of Kwok Yih & Chan ("KYC"), Solicitors. Prior to founding KYC, he worked in a number of international law firms, including Baker & McKenzie, Simmons & Simmons (Partner), Andersen Legal (Managing Partner, Greater China), Mallesons Stephen Jagues (Managing Partner, Mainland China and Hong Kong) and King & Wood Mallesons (Managing Partner, Asia Strategy & Markets). Mr Kwok graduated from the University of Sydney, Australia with combined Degrees in accounting/economics and laws respectively as well as a Master's Degree in laws. He also obtained the Advanced Management Program diploma from the Harvard Business School. He is qualified to practise as a solicitor in Hong Kong, Australia, England and Wales and Singapore. He is also qualified as a Chartered Accountant in England and Wales and a CPA in Hong Kong and Australia. Mr Kwok has served regularly on Government boards and committees. Previously, he was Chairman of the Transport Advisory Committee, Chairman of the Independent Police Complaints Council, Convenor of the Disciplinary Appeals Committee of the The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, Chairman of the Traffic Accident Victims Assistance Advisory Committee, Chairman of the Appeal Board of the Criminal & Law Enforcement Injuries Compensation Boards, Vice-Chairman of the Consumer Council and Deputy Chairman of the Appeal Board under the Consumer Goods Safety Ordinance.

Mr Au Siu Cheung, Albert, BBS, aged 70, has been an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since January 2013 and is the Chairman of the Audit Committee. Mr Au is the Special Advisor of BDO Limited, the Hong Kong member firm of BDO International Limited. He has more than 40 years of experience in the accountancy profession. Mr Au was the President of the Council of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants from December 2007 to December 2008. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants.

Mr Au is currently an independent non-executive director, the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee of AAC Technologies Holdings Inc., the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

郭琳廣先生,銀紫荊星章,太平紳士,六十五 歲,由二零零四年七月起擔任本公司獨立非執 行董事,並為審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名 委員會成員。郭先生為香港執業律師,現為郭 葉陳律師事務所(「KYC」)之合夥人。在創立 KYC之前,彼曾在多間國際律師事務所工作, 當中包括美國貝克·麥堅時律師事務所、英國 西盟斯律師行(合夥人)、美國安達信國際律師 事務所(大中華區主管合夥人)、澳大利亞萬盛 國際律師事務所(大中華區管理合夥人)及金杜 律師事務所(執行管理合夥人(亞洲戰略及市 場))等。郭先生畢業於澳洲悉尼大學並先後取 得經濟學學士、法學學士及法學碩士學位,其 後亦取得哈佛商學院的高級管理課程文憑。彼 為香港執業律師,同時亦具有澳洲、英格蘭和 威爾斯及新加坡的執業律師資格。此外,郭先 生更具有英格蘭和威爾斯的特許會計師資格及 澳洲和香港的認可會計師資格。郭先生任職多 個政府諮詢機構及委員會的委員, 曾任交通諮 詢委員會主席、監警會主席、香港聯合交易所 有限公司紀律上訴委員會召集人、交通意外傷 亡援助諮詢委員會主席、暴力及執法傷亡賠償 上訴委員會主席、消費者委員會副主席及消費 品安全條例上訴委員會副主席等。

區嘯翔先生,銅紫荊星章,七十歲,自二零一三 年一月起獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事,並 為審核委員會主席。區先生現為香港立信德豪 會計師事務所有限公司(BDO國際有限公司香 港成員所)特別顧問。彼在會計界具有逾四十年 經驗。區先生曾於二零零七年十二月至二零零 八年十二月期間出任香港會計師公會之會長。 彼為香港會計師公會資深會員及加拿大特許會 計師公會會員。

區先生目前為瑞聲科技控股有限公司之獨立非 執行董事、審核及風險委員會主席及薪酬委員 會成員,該公司之股份於香港聯合交易所有限 公司主板上市。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Chief Executive Officer

Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter, aged 59, is the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and a director of most subsidiaries of the Company. Mr Lo joined the Group in 1996 and has been an Executive Director since 1998. Mr Lo was appointed as the Deputy Chief Executive Officer of the Company in September 2015 and has been the Chief Executive Officer since April 2016. Mr Lo has performed key functions within the Group and led various major projects for the growth and development of the Group's business and operations. As the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, Mr Lo leads the overall management and strategic planning and development of the Group's businesses and operations. Mr Lo holds a Bachelor's Degree in Electronic Engineering & Physics from the Loughborough University of Technology, a Master's Degree in Medical Physics from the University of Surrey, a Doctorate's Degree in Medical Physics from the University of London and an Honorary Fellow from The Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Mr Lo is currently a non-executive director and a member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee of Vitasov International Holdings Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. He is also a member of the Executive Committee of Hong Kong Retail Management Association.

Mr Lo is a relative of Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny, Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita, Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael and Mr Lo Ming Shing, Ian, all of whom are Directors of the Company. He is a director of Wandels Investment Limited, Verdant Success Holdings Limited and Sky Bright International Limited, each of which has discloseable interests in the shares of the Company under the provisions of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

執行董事

首席執行官

羅德承先生,五十九歲,本公司首席執行官, 並為本公司多間附屬公司之董事。羅先生於 一九九六年加入本集團,並自一九九八年起擔 任執行董事。羅先生於二零一五年九月獲委任 為本公司副首席執行官,並自二零一六年四月 起擔任首席執行官。羅先生於本集團曾擔任關 鍵職位,領導多個主要項目,帶領本集團業務 及營運之增長及發展。作為本公司首席執行 官,羅先生負責帶領本集團之整體管理以及 業務及營運之策略規劃及發展。羅先生持有 Loughborough University of Technology電子工 程學士學位、University of Surrey醫學物理碩士 學位、倫敦大學醫學物理博士學位及香港中文 大學榮譽院士銜。

羅先生現為維他奶國際集團有限公司之非執行 董事及薪酬及提名委員會成員,該公司之股份 於香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市。彼亦為 香港零售管理協會之執委會成員。

羅先生乃本公司董事羅開光先生、羅碧靈女 士、陳裕光先生及羅名承先生之親屬。羅先生 為Wandels Investment Limited、Verdant Success Holdings Limited 及 Sky Bright International Limited 之董事,該等公司分別持有根據證券及期貨條 例第XV部須予披露之本公司股份權益。

Mr Lo Ming Shing, lan, aged 47, is an Executive Director of the Company and a member of the Nomination Committee. He also serves as a director of most subsidiaries of the Company. Mr Lo was a Non-executive Director of the Company from 2010 until his re-designation as an Executive Director in March 2016. Mr Lo is in charge of property and branch development, project and facilities management, quantity surveying and business analysis of the Group. He had served as Advisor (Special Projects) and Manager (Food Manufacturing) of the Group during the period from November 2003 to June 2009. Mr Lo holds a Bachelor's Degree of Arts, specialist in Economics from University of Toronto and an Executive Master of Business Administration Degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Mr Lo is a relative of Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny, Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita, Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael and Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter, all of whom are Directors of the Company. He is a director of LBK Holding Corporation and MMW Holding Corporation, each of which has discloseable interests in the shares of the Company under the provisions of Part XV of the Securities and Future Ordinance.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms Leung Ho Ting, Piony, aged 50, joined the Group in February 2019 and is the Managing Director (Hong Kong) of the Group. She also serves as a director of most subsidiaries of the Company. Ms Leung is responsible for managing and developing the Group's catering business in Hong Kong, namely, quick service restaurants, casual dining as well as institutional catering (including school catering). She has over 25 years of experience in retail and fast-moving consumer goods industries across Asia Pacific region. Prior to joining the Group, Ms Leung held senior management positions with leading multinational corporations with extensive experience in general management, brand marketing as well as strategic business development. Ms Leung holds a Bachelor's Degree of Arts from The University of Hong Kong.

羅名承先生,四十七歲,本公司執行董事及提 名委員會成員。彼亦為本公司多間附屬公司之 董事。羅先生自二零一零年起出任本公司非執 行董事,直至二零一六年三月獲調任為執行董 事。羅先生主管本集團物業及分店網絡拓展、 項目及設施管理、物料測量及業務分析。羅先 生於二零零三年十一月至二零零九年六月曾擔 任本集團顧問(特別項目)及食品製作部經理。 羅先生持有多倫多大學文學士學位,專修經 濟,以及香港中文大學行政人員工商管理碩士 學位。

羅先生為本公司董事羅開光先生、羅碧靈女 士、陳裕光先生及羅德承先生之親屬。羅先生 為LBK Holding Corporation及MMW Holding Corporation之董事,該等公司分別持有根據證 券及期貨條例第XV部須予披露之本公司股份權 益。

高級管理人員

梁可婷女士,五十歲,於二零一九年二月加入 本集團,為本集團行政總裁(香港)。彼亦為本 公司多間附屬公司之董事。梁女士負責領導本 集團香港區整體餐飲業務的管理和拓展,涵蓋 速食餐飲、休閒餐飲及機構飲食(包括學童午 膳)。彼於亞太區零售及快速消費品行業擁有超 過二十五年經驗。加入本集團前,梁女士曾任 職知名跨國企業之高級管理職務,負責整體管 理、品牌推廣及業務發展策略等。梁女士持有 香港大學文學士學位。

Mr Yang Bin, James, aged 50, joined the Group in February 2016 and is the Managing Director (China) of the Group. He also serves as a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company. Mr Yang is responsible for strategic planning, business operation and market development of the Group's catering businesses in Mainland China and Macau. He has over 20 years of rich management experience gained from various international corporations where he was responsible for leading corporate strategic business development, formulating operation direction and expanding business in Asia Pacific region. Mr Yang holds Master's Degree in Business Administration from Kellogg Business School, Northwestern University and Hong Kong University of Science and Technology.

Mr Lam Ming Fung, David, aged 52, joined the Group in April 2015 and is the Senior General Manager (Casual Dining) of the Group. He also serves as a director of most subsidiaries of the Company. Mr Lam is responsible for leading the overall management and development of the casual dining business in Hong Kong. He has extensive experience in business management. Prior to joining the Group, Mr Lam had worked for renowned organisation and international retail group responsible for strategic business development, operation management, marketing and product development and customer management. He holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration from University of Leicester.

Mr Ng Tsz Chiu, Ivan, aged 50, joined the Group in October 2013 and is the General Manager (Supply Chain) of the Group. Mr Ng is responsible for management and development of strategic procurement and supply chain of the Group's operations in Hong Kong and Mainland China, as well as overseeing the operations of the Group's central food processing centres. He has extensive experience in procurement management and has worked for leading retail and international product distribution groups where he was responsible for various strategic commercial and technical procurements. Mr Ng holds a Bachelor's Degree of Business from Queensland University of Technology in Australia.

楊斌先生,五十歲,於二零一六年二月加入本 集團,為本集團行政總裁(中國)。彼亦為本 公司若干附屬公司之董事。楊先生負責管理本 集團於中國內地及澳門餐飲業務之策略規劃、 業務管理及市場拓展。彼擁有逾二十年豐富管 理經驗,曾任職多間跨國企業,負責領導企業 策略性業務發展,制定營運方向及拓展亞太 區業務。楊先生持有Kellogg Business School, Northwestern University及香港科技大學之工商 管理碩士學位。

林明豐先生,五十二歲,於二零一五年四月加 入本集團,為本集團高級業務總經理(休閒餐 飲)。彼亦為本公司多間附屬公司之董事。林先 生負責領導香港休閒餐飲品牌之整體業務管理 及拓展。彼擁有豐富的業務管理經驗。加入本 集團前,林先生曾任職於著名機構及國際零售 集團,負責領導策略性業務拓展、營運管理、 市場及產品策劃及客戶管理。彼持有University of Leicester工商管理碩士學位。

吳子超先生,五十歲,於二零一三年十月加入 本集團,為本集團總經理(供應鏈)。吳先生 負責本集團香港及中國內地業務之策略性採 購及供應鏈管理及發展,並負責帶領中央產製 中心的營運。彼於採購管理具有豐富經驗,曾 任職於主要零售及國際產品分銷集團,負責多 項策略性商業及技術採購。吳先生持有澳洲 Queensland University of Technology 商學士學 位。

Mr Lim Hung Chun, Mike, aged 57, joined the Group in January 2011 as Chief Financial Officer. He also serves as a director of most subsidiaries of the Company. With extensive experience in general management, corporate finance and financial control all gained from top management positions held in renowned corporations and firms, Mr Lim is responsible for the overall oversight of the Group's financial planning and strategy as well as headquarters management. Prior to joining the Group, Mr Lim held various general management positions and directorships in listed and private conglomerates with operations spanning key international markets since 1990. Mr Lim holds an Executive Master of Business Administration Degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong and is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

林洪進先生,五十七歲,於二零一一年一月加 入本集團為首席財務官。彼亦為本公司多間附 屬公司之董事。林先生曾擔任知名企業及公司 高級管理職務,於整體管理、企業財務及財務 監控方面擁有豐富經驗。林先生主責全面管理 本集團之財務規劃及策略以及總部之管理。加 入本集團前,林先生自一九九零年起於業務遍 及主要國際市場之上市及私人企業擔任多個高 級管理及董事職務。林先生持有香港中文大學 行政人員工商管理碩士學位,並為英國特許公 認會計師公會及香港會計師公會之資深會員。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") and management aspire to a high standard of corporate governance and constantly strive for a responsible and value-driven management focusing on safeguarding and enhancing interest and value of the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") as well as the long-term sustainability of the Group.

本公司董事局(「董事局」)及管理層致力維持高 水平之企業管治,並不斷努力達致負責任及以 回報價值為主導的管理,著重保障及提升本公 司股東(「股東」)權益及投資價值,以及本集團 之長遠可持續發展。



COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

Adhering to the principles of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange"), the Directors' Handbook of Corporate Governance adopted by the Board guides the Group's corporate governance framework and practices. For the year ended 31 March 2021, the Company complied with all code provisions of the CG Code and adopted the recommended best practices of the CG Code insofar as they are relevant and practicable.

Key practices under the Group's corporate governance framework are set out in this report.

遵守企業管治守則

董事局所採納之企業管治手冊符合載列於香港 聯合交易所有限公司(「香港聯交所」)證券上 市規則(「上市規則」) 附錄十四之企業管治守 則(「企業管治守則」)之原則,引領本集團之 企業管治框架及常規。於截至二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度,本公司已遵守所有企業管治 守則內之守則條文,並在相關及可行之情況下 採納企業管治守則之建議最佳常規。

本報告列載本集團企業管治框架下之主要常規。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Company is headed by the Board which assumes the responsibility for leadership and control and be collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising the Company's affairs.

Directors

The Board currently comprises ten members, including four Non-executive Directors, four Independent Non-executive Directors and two Executive Directors (collectively, the "Directors") as follows:

Non-executive Directors

Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny (Chairman) Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael Mr Hui Tung Wah, Samuel

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry Mr Au Siu Cheung, Albert

Executive Directors

Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter (Chief Executive Officer) Mr Lo Ming Shing, lan

Biographies, including relationships among members of the Board are set out in the "Directors and Senior Management" section of the Company's Annual Report 2020/21.

The Board has a balanced composition of Executive and Non-executive Directors with each Director having sound knowledge, experience and expertise contributing to the successful performance and development of the Group. All Directors are aware of their collective and individual responsibilities to the Shareholders and have exercised their duties of care, skill and diligence. In situation where certain areas of expertise/advice are required, external advisers or consultants shall be engaged to advise the Directors at the Company's expenses. Comprehensive liability insurance coverage is in place to provide protection to the Company, the Directors and senior management.

董事局

本公司由董事局領導,共同負責帶領及監督本 公司之事務,促進本公司發展成就。

董事

董事局現由以下十名成員組成,包括四名非執 行董事、四名獨立非執行董事及兩名執行董事 (統稱「董事」):

非執行董事

羅開光先生(主席) 羅碧靈女士 陳裕光先生 許棟華先生

獨立非執行董事

蔡涯棉先生 李國星先生 郭琳廣先生 區嘯翔先生

執行董事

羅德承先生(首席執行官) 羅名承先生

董事局成員之簡介,包括各董事與其他董事局 成員之關係,刊載於本公司2020/21年報「董事 及高級管理人員 | 章節。

由執行董事與非執行董事組成之董事局架構 均衡,各董事均具備豐富知識、經驗及專業 知識,為本集團之表現及發展作出貢獻。全體 董事均知悉彼等對股東所須承擔之共同及個人 責任,並以謹慎、專業及盡責之態度履行其董 事職責。如需要某些方面之專業知識/建議, 董事可徵求外部顧問之意見,費用由本公司承 擔。本公司已購買全面董事及高級管理人員責 任保險,為本公司、董事及高級管理人員提供 保障。

The Board conducts periodically evaluation of its performance with a view to enhancing the Board's effectiveness and corporate governance. The last Board evaluation was conducted in 2018 and assisted by an external professional advisor, with areas of improvement identified and implemented to strengthen the Board's operations, including extra focus on corporate vision and strategy, management succession plan, Directors' involvement, as well as better collaboration and communication with management.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer are held by Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny and Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter respectively. Their respective responsibilities are clearly established and set out in the charter adopted by the Board (the "Board Charter").

The Chairman, being a Non-executive Director, provides leadership for the Board and is accountable to the Board ultimately. The Chairman takes the lead to encourage Directors to make active contribution to the Board's affairs and ensure that the Board acts in the best interests of the Company.

The Chief Executive Officer represents the management of the Company and is accountable to the Board. His main responsibilities include overseeing the implementation of the Group's strategies, objectives and policies as well as monitoring day-to-day management of the Group's businesses and operations.

Non-executive Directors and Independent Nonexecutive Directors

The Non-executive Directors and the Independent Non-executive Directors give the Board the benefit of their skills, expertise, varied background and experiences. Through active participation in Board meetings and serving on various Board Committees, the Non-executive Directors and the Independent Non-executive Directors bring in independent judgment and make valuable contributions to the effective direction and strategic decisionmaking of the Group.

董事局定期評核其表現,旨在提升董事局效率 及企業管治。上一次董事局評核於二零一八年 在外部專業顧問協助下進行,其中需要改善之 範疇已得到識別並已施行,以加強董事局運 作,包括重點關注企業遠景及策略、管理層傳 承計劃、董事參與度以及與管理層加強合作與 **溝涌**。

主席及首席執行官

主席及首席執行官分別由羅開光先生及羅德承 先生擔任。經董事局採納之章程(「董事局章 程1)清晰確立及載列彼等各自之責任。

主席(為非執行董事)領導董事局及最終向董事 局負責。主席負責帶領董事對董事局事務作出 積極貢獻, 並確保董事局行事符合本公司之最 佳利益。

首席執行官代表本公司之管理層,並向董事局 負責。其主要職責包括監管本集團策略、目標 及政策之實施,以及監察本集團日常業務之管 理和運作。

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之技能、專業知 識、不同的背景及經驗為董事局帶來裨益。诱 過積極參與董事局會議及為董事局轄下各委員 會服務,非執行董事及獨立非執行董事均對本 集團之業務方向及策略性決策帶來獨立判斷及 作出寶貴貢獻。

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence from each of the four Independent Non-executive Directors under the guidelines as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Nomination Committee has assessed the independence of each of the Independent Non-executive Directors during the year and considered them still to be independent, taking into account criteria including, expression of objective view, provision of independent advice and guidance, exercise of independent judgement, as well as possession of required character, integrity, perspective, skills and experience to fulfil the role of an independent director.

本公司已獲四名獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條所載之指引,各自就其獨立性作出年度確認。提名委員會已評估每名獨立非執行董事年內之獨立性,考慮基準包括其提供之客觀見解、獨立建議及指引、獨立判斷力,以及擁有作為一名獨立董事須具備的品格、誠信、見解、技能及經驗,並認為彼等仍屬獨立。

Board Diversity Policy

The Company's Board Diversity Policy sets out its approach to achieve and maintain its diversity through consideration of a number of measurable objectives in terms of skills, professional experience, cultural and educational background, gender, age, as well as other attributes and strengths that are required for the Company's business from time to time. Board appointments are made on a merit basis and candidates are considered against objective selection criteria, with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The Board has delegated the Nomination Committee to review the Board Diversity Policy on a regular basis, make recommendations on measurable objectives for achieving diversity of the Board as appropriate and monitor the progress on achieving the objectives.

In the annual review conducted by the Nomination Committee, the Nomination Committee considered the current structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board appropriate for leading the Group's development, and stability thereof is crucial for the Board and the Group's success in particular under the extremely challenging operating environment during the reporting year.

董事局多元化政策

本公司之董事局多元化政策載列透過考慮一系列可計量目標以達成及保持董事局成員多元化之方針,包括技術、專業經驗、文化及教育背景、性別、年齡以及兼備本公司業務不時所需之其他特長與優勢之可計量目標。董事局之之其他特長與優勢之可計量目標。董事局成員多元代政任人唯賢之基準,按客觀甄選條件遴選候選人,同時應適當考慮對董事局成員多元代政策,於適當時就董事局達致多定。 上之可計量目標向董事局提出建議,並監察達致目標的進度。

在提名委員會進行之年度檢討中,提名委員會 認為董事局現時之架構、人數、組成及多元性 適宜帶領集團發展,尤其在報告年度內極具挑 戰的經營環境下,董事局的穩定性對董事局及 集團的成功尤其關鍵。

Nomination Policy

The Board has adopted specific procedures for identifying, assessing and nominating suitable candidates to the Board for appointment as a new director of the Company in addition to the incumbents or to fill a vacancy. Nomination to the Board shall be based on merit and consideration of objective selection criteria developed by the Nomination Committee in light of the needs and desires of the Board as well as the Company's business and strategies. Selected individuals shall be evaluated against the desired criteria with consideration of the following factors:

- skills and knowledge
- related business/financial acumen and experience
- leadership and communication capabilities
- cultural background and personality
- integrity and reputation
- other commitments, including directorships in other listed companies and public organisations
- independence criteria of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (applicable for appointment of independent non-executive directors)
- other attributes and strengths, as appropriate

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

In compliance with the requirements under the Listing Rules and the Byelaws of the Company (the "Bye-laws"), (i) any Director who is appointed to fill a casual vacancy is subject to election by Shareholders at the first general meeting after appointment; and (ii) all Directors should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and are eligible for reelection.

All Non-executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company have been appointed for a specific term subject to retirement by rotation as required by the Bye-laws and the Listing Rules.

提名政策

本公司已採納特定程序,就新增加董事或填補 董事局空缺物色、評估及提名合適人選。董事 局提名以用人唯才為原則,亦會參考由提名委 員會就董事局以及公司業務和策略所需而制定 之客觀選擇準則。經甄選人員將按照選擇準則 並在考慮下列因素後獲評估:

- 專業技能及知識
- 相關商業/金融方面之敏鋭度及經驗
- 領導才能及溝通能力
- 文化背景及性格
- 誠信及聲望
- 其他任命,包括於其他上市公司及公眾機 構之董事職務
- 香港聯交所之獨立準則(適用於委任獨立 非執行董事)
- 其他特長與優勢(倘適當)

委任及重選董事

遵照上市規則及公司細則之規定,(i)任何獲委 任以填補臨時空缺之董事,須於獲委任後首個 股東大會上經股東選舉;及(ii)所有董事須最少 每三年輪值告退一次,並符合資格膺選連任。

所有本公司非執行董事及獨立非執行董事均按 特定任期獲委任,惟須根據公司細則及上市規 則之規定輪值告退。

Directors' Induction and Continuous Development

Every newly appointed Director receives a comprehensive induction package to ensure that he has a proper understanding of the operations, business and governance policies of the Group. In addition, our external legal adviser meets with the new Director to ensure that he/she is fully aware of the responsibilities as a director under statute and common law, the Listing Rules, applicable legal requirements and other regulatory requirements.

The Directors recognise that continuous professional development is critical for them to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills so as to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains relevant. Directors receive from senior management and the Company Secretary regular updates and presentations on developments to the Group's business and changes to the statutory and regulatory requirements to facilitate the Directors' discharge of their responsibilities. The Company organises training and briefing sessions regularly for the Directors to help them keep abreast with the Group's business and operation as well as developments of regulatory and compliance requirements. Directors are also encouraged to participate in continuous improvement programmes held by external bodies at the expense of the Company.

董事就任須知及持續發展

每名新委任之董事均獲全面就職資料,確保彼 對本集團之營運、業務及管治政策有適當的了 解。此外,我們的外聘法律顧問會與新任董事 會晤,確保彼完全知悉其在法例及普通法、上 市規則、適用法律規定及其他監管規定下之董 事職責。

董事認同參與持續專業發展對彼等發展及更新 董事知識及技能的重要性,以確保彼等在切合 所需的情況下對董事局作出貢獻。高級管理人 員及公司秘書定期向董事提供有關本集團業務 發展及法定和監管規定變動之最新資料及報 告,以協助董事履行其職責。本公司定期為董 事安排培訓及簡介會,讓彼等及時了解本集團 之業務及營運,以及監管和合規規定之發展。 本公司亦鼓勵董事參與外部機構舉辦之持續發 展課程,並承擔相關費用。

All Directors are required to provide the Company with their training record on a regular basis. Summary of Directors' training records for the year is set out below:

所有董事均須定期向本公司提供彼等之培訓紀 錄。年內董事培訓紀錄概列如下:

Directors	董事	Training Areas ^(Note) 培訓範疇 ^(附註)
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事	
Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny (Chairman)	羅開光先生(主席)	a, b, f
Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita	羅碧靈女士	a, b, f
Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael	陳裕光先生	a, b, c, d, e, f
Mr Hui Tung Wah, Samuel	許棟華先生	a, b, f
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael	蔡涯棉先生	a, b, f
Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey	李國星先生	a, b, c, d, e, f, g
Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry	郭琳廣先生	a, b, e, f
Mr Au Siu Cheung, Albert	區嘯翔先生	a, b, f
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter (Chief Executive Officer)	羅德承先生(首席執行官)	a, b, d, e, f
Mr Lo Ming Shing, lan	羅名承先生	a, b, f

Training relating to (a) business development update of the Group; (b) business environment/ Note: management; (c) corporate governance/risk management; (d) Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting; (e) legal or regulatory update; (f) banking/accounting/financial reporting/taxation; and (g) information technology

THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

The Board Charter sets out the duties and powers of the Board as well as the roles and responsibilities of the Directors, the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer and the Management Board.

附註: 培訓內容涉及(a)本集團業務最新發展:(b)商業環境/ 管理:(c)企業管治/風險管理:(d)環境、社會及管治 報告:(e)法律或監管最新發展:(f)銀行/會計/財務 報告/税務:及(g)資訊科技

董事局及管理層

董事局章程載列董事局之職責及權力,以及董 事、董事局主席、首席執行官與管理局之角色 及責任。

The Board is vested with duties and accountability to Shareholders regarding management of the Group in addition to those powers and authorities conferred upon it under the Bye-laws. The role of the Board is to provide overall strategic direction for the Group and effective oversight of management. The Board Charter sets out a schedule of matters reserved to the Board which mainly include the following:

- Approval of strategic and business plans and financial budget of the
- Succession planning, appointment and remuneration of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and senior management;
- Approval of significant transactions and investments and major financial matters;
- Ensuring risk management and internal control systems of the Group;
- Approval of Company's announcements, circulars and reports, including interim and annual results announcements and reports; and
- Appointment or removal of external auditor.

Group;

The Board has delegated to the Management Board the authority to manage the day-to-day affairs of the Group. The Management Board is headed by the Chief Executive Officer and its members include all the Executive Directors, the Chief Financial Officer and such other senior executives of the Group as nominated by the Chief Executive Officer and agreed by the Board. When the Board delegates aspects of its management and administration functions to management, clear directions are given as to the limits of the authority delegated, in particular, the circumstances where management should report to the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Group. The Board reviews its delegation of responsibilities to the Management Board from time to time to ensure that they remain appropriate to the need of the Group and its business. Principal functions that are delegated to the Management Board include the following:

Development and implementation of corporate strategy, business plans and financial budgets;

除公司細則賦予董事局的權力和授權外,董事 局須就本集團的管理對股東履行職責及負責。 董事局負責提供本集團整體策略性方向及有效 監督管理層。董事局章程列明保留予董事局決 策之事項主要包括下列各項:

- 審批本集團之策略與業務計劃及財務預 算;
- 董事、首席執行官及高級管理人員之傳承 計劃、委任及薪酬;
- 審批重大交易及投資以及主要財務事項;
- 確保本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統;
- 審批本公司之公告、通函及報告,包括中 期及全年業績公告及報告;及
- 委任或罷免外聘核數師。

董事局將管理本集團日常事務的權力授予管理 局。管理局以首席執行官為首,成員包括全體 執行董事、首席財務官以及由首席執行官提名 並經董事局同意之本集團其他高級行政人員。 董事局授予管理層管理及行政職能時,清晰界 定其權限,尤其是關於在何種情況下管理層應 向董事局匯報後方可作出決定或代表本集團作 出任何承諾。董事局不時檢討其授予管理局之 責任授權,以確保有關安排切合本集團及其業 務所需。管理局獲授權之主要職能包括以下各 項:

發展及實施企業策略,業務計劃及財政預 算;

- Approval of transactions, investments and financial matters within the limit delegated by the Board;
- Management of day-to-day operations of the Group;
- Development, implementation and monitoring of risk management and internal control:
- Development of human resources policies and succession planning of executives: and
- Ensuring the Board and its Committees are provided with sufficient and relevant information on a timely basis in relation to the Group's business and financial performance.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established the Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee to assist the Board to discharge its functions. Each Committee has specific written terms of reference which sets out clearly the Committee's duties and authority. The terms of reference of the Board Committees are published on the websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Committees are provided with sufficient resources to perform their duties, including the management support and engagement of independent professional advice at the Company's expense. The Committees report to the Board on their decisions or recommendations and maintain an effective and constructive communication with the Board.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee currently comprises the following five Directors with majority members being Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey (Chairman of the Committee) Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny Mr Lo Ming Shing, lan

Independent Non-executive Director

Independent Non-executive Director Independent Non-executive Director Non-executive Director and Chairman **Executive Director**

- 審批屬董事局授予之權限範圍內之交易、 投資及財務事項;
- 本集團之日常營運管理;
- 發展、實施及監察風險管理及內部監控;
- 發展人力資源政策及行政人員之傳承計 劃;及
- 確保董事局及其轄下委員會適時獲得有關 本集團業務及財務表現之充足及相關資 料。

董事局轄下委員會

董事局轄下設立提名委員會、薪酬委員會及審 核委員會,以協助董事局履行其職能。各委員 會均具備書面特定職權範圍,清楚載列委員會 之職責及權力。各董事局轄下委員會之職權範 圍登載於香港聯交所及本公司網站。

委員會獲提供充足資源以履行其職責,包括管 理層的支援及由本公司承擔費用之獨立專業意 見諮詢。委員會向董事局匯報其決策或建議, 並與董事局保持有效及具建設性的溝通。

提名委員會

提名委員會現由下列五名董事組成,其中大部 分成員為獨立非執行董事:

李國星先生 獨立非執行董事 (委員會主席)

蔡涯棉先生 獨立非執行董事 郭琳廣先生 獨立非執行董事 羅開光先生 非執行董事及主席

羅名承先生 執行董事 The Nomination Committee is primarily responsible for reviewing at least annually the structure, size and composition (including skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board with due regard of diversity of the Board and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy.

提名委員會主要負責至少每年就董事局多元化 方面檢討董事局之架構、人數及組成(包括技 能、知識及經驗),並就任何為配合本公司策略 而擬定對董事局作出的變動提供建議。

The Nomination Committee held two meetings during the year when the following key issues were reviewed and considered and recommendations were made to the Board where appropriate:

提名委員會於年內舉行兩次會議,審視及考慮 下列主要事項及適當時向董事局作出建議:

- The structure, size and composition of the Board with due regard of the Board Diversity Policy;
- 董事局多元化政策下適當之董事局架構、 人數及組成;
- Independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors;
- 獨立非執行董事之獨立性;
- Re-election of Directors for Shareholders' approval at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 3 September 2020;
- 於二零二零年九月三日舉行之本公司股東 周年大會 上供股東重選之董事;

Succession plan of senior executives; and

- 高級管理人員之傳承;及
- Appropriate timeline and approach for the next Board evaluation.
- 下一次董事局評核之適當時間及方針。

Remuneration Committee

薪酬委員會

蔡涯棉先生

The Remuneration Committee currently comprises the following four Directors with majority members being Independent Non-executive Directors:

薪酬委員會現由下列四名董事組成,主要成員 為獨立非執行董事:

獨立非執行董事

Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael Independent Non-executive Director (Chairman of the Committee) Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey Independent Non-executive Director Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry Independent Non-executive Director Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael Non-executive Director

(委員會主席) 李國星先生 獨立非執行董事 郭琳廣先生 獨立非執行董事 陳裕光先生 非執行董事

The Remuneration Committee is primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board regarding the Group's policy and structure for remuneration of Directors and senior management and the specific remuneration packages of individual Directors and senior management. Remuneration of Directors and senior management is determined with reference to duties and responsibilities of the role, experience and performance of the individuals as well as the prevailing market conditions. Remuneration of Executive Directors is structured to align with the longterm interest of the Company with significant proportion of remuneration linked to corporate and individual performance.

薪酬委員會主要負責就本集團董事及高級管理 人員之薪酬政策及架構,以及本公司個別董事 及高級管理人員之具體薪酬待遇向董事局提出 建議。董事及高級管理人員之薪酬乃參考職位 之職責及責任、個人之經驗及表現以及現行市 況後釐定。執行董事之薪酬其中大部分與公司 及個人表現掛鈎,以符合本公司之長遠利益。

Two meetings of the Remuneration Committee were held during the year when the following key issues were reviewed and considered and recommendations were made to the Board where appropriate:

薪酬委員會於年內舉行兩次會議,審視及考慮 下列主要事項及適當時向董事局作出建議:

- Remuneration package of Executive Directors and senior management based on individual performance appraisal;
- 執行董事及高級管理人員按其個人表現評 估之薪酬待遇;
- Share award proposal under the Company's Share Award Scheme; and
- 根據本公司之股份獎勵計劃授出獎勵股份 之建議;及
- Management's work plan regarding a structural review of the Company's long-term incentive plan in light of the Remuneration Committee's recommendation.
- 管理層按薪酬委員會之建議對本公司長期 獎勵計劃進行結構性審閱之工作計劃。

Audit Committee

審核委員會

區嘯翔先生

The Audit Committee currently comprises the following five Directors with majority members being Independent Non-executive Directors:

審核委員會現由下列五名董事組成,主要成員 為獨立非執行董事:

獨立非執行董事

Mr Au Siu Cheung, Albert	Independent Non-executive Director
(Chairman of the Committee)	
Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry	Independent Non-executive Director
Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael	Independent Non-executive Director
Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey	Independent Non-executive Director
Mr Hui Tung Wah, Samuel	Non-executive Director

(委員會主席) 郭琳廣先生 獨立非執行董事 蔡涯棉先生 獨立非執行董事 李國星先生 獨立非執行董事 許棟華先生 非執行董事

The Audit Committee is primarily responsible for reviewing the financial information of the Company and overseeing the financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems as well as corporate governance functions.

審核委員會主要負責審閱本公司之財務資料, 以及監管財務匯報制度、風險管理及內部監控 系統與企業管治職能。

Three meetings of the Audit Committee were held during the year when the following key issues were reviewed and considered and recommendations were made to the Board where appropriate:

審核委員會於年內舉行三次會議,審視及考慮 下列主要事項及適當時向董事局作出建議:

- Independence of the external auditor and engagement of external auditor;
- 外聘核數師之獨立性及其聘用事宜;
- External auditor's remuneration in respect of audit and non-audit services;
- 外聘核數師提供其核數及非核數服務之薪 酬;
- Audit findings by external auditor and related management responses, as well as development in accounting standards and its effects on the Group;
- 外聘核數師之審核結果及管理層的相關回 應,以及會計準則之發展及其對本集團之 影響;
- Annual and interim results announcements and financial statements:
- 全年及中期業績公告及財務報表;
- Internal audit plan, risk management and internal control performance, as well as effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control systems;
- 內部審核計劃、風險管理及內部監控表 現,以及檢討本公司之風險管理及內部監 控系統之有效性;
- Corporate governance practices and policies, compliance with CG Code and disclosure in Corporate Governance Report;
- 企業管治常規及政策,企業管治守則的遵 守及企業管治報告所載之披露;
- Internal audit proposal relating to the Company's Environmental, Social and Governance reporting;
- 就本公司之環境、社會及管治報告之內部 審核建議;
- The Group's connected transaction and annual review of the Group's continuing connected transactions;
- 本集團之關連交易及年度審閱集團之持續 關連交易;
- Renewal of Directors' and officers' liability insurance policy; and
- 董事及高級管理人員責任保險之續期;及
- Adequacy of resources, qualifications, experience of staff, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting as well as internal audit functions.
- 本集團會計及財務匯報以及內部審計職能 的資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓課程及有 關預算是否充足。

During the year, the Audit Committee held two private sessions with the external auditor and external internal audit consultant respectively without the presence of management.

年內,審核委員會分別與外聘核數師及外聘內 部審計顧問舉行兩次管理層不在場的會議。

BOARD AND BOARD COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Regular Board and Board Committee meetings are scheduled a year ahead to facilitate maximum attendance by the Directors. Formal notices of at least 14 clear calendar days are given in respect of regular meetings and arrangement is in place to invite Directors to include matters in the agenda. For special Board or Board Committee meetings, reasonable notices are given.

Agenda of the meetings and the accompanying papers for regular Board and Board Committee meetings are sent in full to Directors at least three clear calendar days before the date of the meetings.

Minutes of Board and Board Committee meetings record in sufficient details the matters considered and decision reached, including any concern raised by Directors or dissenting views expressed. Draft and final versions of minutes are sent to all Directors for comments within a reasonable time after the meetings and kept by the Company Secretaries.

董事局及董事局轄下委員會會議

常規董事局及董事局轄下委員會會議的舉行時 間均於一年前預先確定,以提高董事的出席 率。定期會議之正式通告於會議舉行前最少足 14個曆日發出,並邀請董事提出商討事項列入 會議議程。董事局或董事局轄下委員會之特別 會議則在合理期限內給予誦告。

有關董事局及董事局轄下委員會定期會議之議 程及隨附之會議文件,會在召開會議日期前最 少足三個曆日全部呈交董事。

董事局及董事局轄下委員會之會議紀錄充分記 載會議所考慮事項及所達成決策之詳情,包括 董事提出之任何關注或異議。會議紀錄之初稿 及終稿於會後合理期限內呈交全體董事以徵詢 意見,並由公司秘書保存紀錄。

During the year, the Board held four regular meetings at approximately quarterly intervals. Directors' attendance of the Board Meetings, Board Committee Meetings, Annual General Meeting and other meetings delegated by the Board held during the year ended 31 March 2021 are set out below:

年內,董事局舉行了四次定期會議(約每季舉行 一次)。各董事於截至二零二一年三月三十一日 止年度舉行之董事局會議、董事局轄下委員會 會議、股東周年大會及其他董事局授權會議之 出席紀錄載列如下:

	Number of meetings attended/held during the year 年內出席/召開之會議次數							
						Budget Deliberation		
			Nomination	Remuneration	Audit	Working	Annual	
		Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	Group	General	
		Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	
		董事局	提名委員會	薪酬委員會	審核委員會	預算審議工作組	股東周年	
		會議	會議	會議	會議	會議	大會	
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事							
Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny (Chairman)	羅開光先生	4/4	2/2	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1	
Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita	羅碧靈女士	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1	
Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael	陳裕光先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	2/2	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1	
Mr Hui Tung Wah, Samuel	許棟華先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	3/3	1/1	1/1	
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事							
Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael	蔡涯棉先生	4/4	2/2	2/2	3/3	N/A 不適用	0/1	
Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey	李國星先生	3/4	2/2	2/2	3/3	N/A 不適用	1/1	
Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry	郭琳廣先生	4/4	2/2	2/2	3/3	N/A 不適用	0/1	
Mr Au Siu Cheung, Albert	區嘯翔先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	3/3	N/A 不適用	1/1	
Executive Directors	執行董事							
Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter (Chief Executive Officer)	羅德承先生 <i>(首席執行官)</i>	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1	
Mr Lo Ming Shing, lan	羅名承先生	4/4	2/2	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1	

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial Reporting

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Group's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flow for the reporting period. The Board is aware that its responsibilities to present a balanced, clear and understandable assessment extend to annual and interim reports, reports to regulators, other inside information and financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules as well as information required to be disclosed pursuant to statutory requirements.

Management provides the Board and its Committees with adequate information in a timely manner to enable the Directors to make an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before the Board for approval. Each Director has separate and independent access to the Company's senior management for inquiries and additional information.

External Auditor

A statement by the external auditor about their reporting responsibilities is included in the Independent Auditor's Report contained in the Company's Annual Report 2020/21.

The Company has adopted a policy on engagement of external auditor for non-audit services. The external auditor may provide non-audit services to the Group as permitted under the policy provided that the external auditor's independence of audit work shall not be impaired. The Audit Committee reviews the nature, size and proportion of non-audit service fees as to the total service fees of the external auditor on an annual basis.

For the year under review, the remuneration paid to the Company's auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers, is set out as follows:

問責及核數

財務匯報

董事確認彼等有責任編製本集團之財務報表, 以真實和公正地反映本集團於匯報期間之業務 狀況以及業績及現金流動狀況。就年度及中期 報告、向監管者提交之報告、根據上市規則規 定須予披露之其他內幕資料及財務資料,以及 根據法例規定須予披露之資料,董事局知悉其 須作出平衡、清晰及易於理解的評審責任。

管理層適時向董事局及其轄下委員會提供充足 資料,確保董事可就提交予董事局批准之財務 及其他資料作出知情評估。各董事可自行接觸 本公司之高級管理人員,以作出查詢及獲取進 一步資料。

外聘核數師

外聘核數師就彼等之申報責任作出之聲明載列 於本公司2020/21年報之獨立核數師報告內。

本公司已採納一項有關聘用外聘核數師提供非 核數服務之政策。外聘核數師可在政策批准範 圍內提供非核數服務,惟不能影響其提供核數 服務時之獨立性。審核委員會按年檢視外聘核 數師相對其整體服務費用所提供之非核數服務 之性質、規模及比例。

於回顧年內,本公司支付核數師羅兵咸永道會 計師事務所之酬金載列如下:

Type of services	服務種類	Fee paid/payable 已付/應付費用 HK\$'000 千港元
Audit services Non-audit services*	核數服務 非核數服務*	3,438 531
Total	總計	3,969

Include mainly advisory services on taxation

主要包括有關税項的諮詢服務

Risk Management and Internal Control

Maintaining sound risk management and internal control systems is pivotal to the fulfillment of the Group's business objectives and its long-term sustainable growth. The Board has an overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks according to the Board's risk appetite in achieving the Group's strategic objectives, and ensuring that the Company establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems to safeguard Shareholders' investment and the Group's assets. To this end, the Board continuously reviews and makes improvements in its risk management and internal control systems.

Risk Management Structure and Process

The risk management and internal control systems of the Company are founded on internationally recognised standard and designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives of the Group and can provide reasonable, but no absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The systems are made of by two essential features – the risk governance structure and risk management process.

Risk Governance Structure – The Group's risk governance structure is based on the "3 lines of defence" model comprised of day-to-day operational management and control, risk and compliance oversight, and independent assurance. The enterprise risk management ("ERM") policy formalised by the Group clearly defines the roles and responsibilities of each of the multiple layers of the structure, including the Board, Audit Committee, Management Board, department and operation heads as well as Internal Audit.

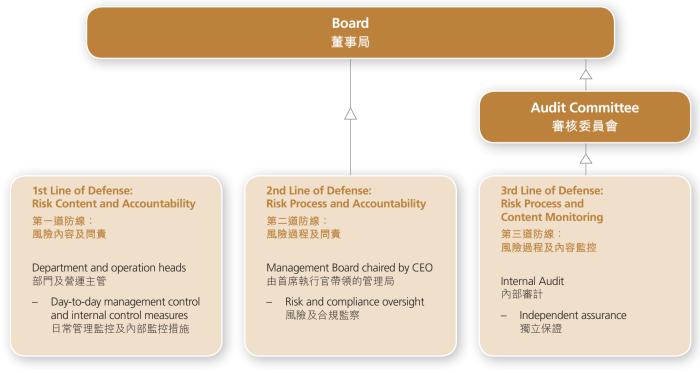
風險管理及內部監控

維持穩健之風險管理及內部監控系統乃達致本 集團業務目標及長遠可持續增長之關鍵所在。 董事局有整體責任根據其風險承受能力,評估 及釐定本集團為達成策略性目標可承擔之風險 性質及程度,並確保本公司建立和維持合適而 有效之風險管理及內部監控系統,以保障股東 投資及本集團之資產。為此,董事局持續檢討 並改善其風險管理及內部監控系統。

風險管理架構及程序

本公司之風險管理及內部監控系統按照國際認 可基準建立,旨在管理而非消除本集團未能達 成業務目標之風險,並可合理而非絕對保證不 會出現重大錯誤陳述或虧損。該等系統由兩大 不可或缺之部分組成,分別是風險管治架構及 風險管理程序。

風險管治架構 ─ 本集團之風險管治架構以「三 道防線」模式為基礎,包括日常運作管理及監 控、風險及合規監察以及獨立保證。本集團已 規範其企業風險管理政策,清晰界定架構內多 個層面(包括董事局、審核委員會、管理局、部 門及營運主管以及內部審計)各自之角色及責 任。



The Audit Committee, delegated by the Board, provides oversight and review on risk management, financial reporting and internal control system.

The Company's Internal Audit team, co-sourced with external consultant, is an independent function reporting directly to the Audit Committee. It provides independent, objective, assurance and consulting services on risk management and internal control.

Risk Management Process - The Group's ERM approach is a structured mechanism and a continuous process of identifying, evaluating, prioritising, managing and monitoring of the risks that the Group faces. The risks are categorised into strategic risks, operational risks, financial risks and compliance risks. The key process of the Group's ERM is illustrated below:

審核委員會由董事局賦予權力,對風險管理、 財務報告及內部監控系統作出監管及檢閱。

本公司之內部審計小組為獨立職能,與外聘顧 問以合作模式直接向審核委員會匯報。內部審 計小組就風險管理及內部監控提供獨立、客 觀、保證及諮詢服務。

風險管理程序 ─ 本集團之企業風險管理方針 具有結構分明之機制,持續識別、評估、安排 優先處理次序、管理及監察本集團所面對之風 險。風險分類為策略風險、營運風險、財務風 險及合規風險。本集團企業風險管理之主要程 序列示如下:



The ERM adopted by the Group is embedded in our strategy development, business planning and day-to-day operations. The Group adopts a control and risk self-assessment methodology and continuously assesses and manages its risk profile on a regular basis. The ERM system uses risk indicators and red flags to monitor the priority risks identified. Risk owners are required to submit risk alerts with risk mitigation plan promptly and regular risk reports are presented to the Management Board and Audit Committee for ongoing review and monitoring. The key risks identified, managed and monitored during the year included food safety, supply chain management, project management, marketing as well as research and development. Action plans were formulated and implemented during the year to address the areas of concern effectively.

Annual Review of System Effectiveness

The Board, through the Audit Committee, had conducted annual review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems for the year ended 31 March 2021. The review covered all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls. Heads of key business units and functional departments are required to confirm the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system of their responsible areas during the year. The Board has received a confirmation from the Management Board on the effectiveness of the systems. No significant areas of concern have been identified and the Board considered the systems effective and adequate.

During the annual review, the Audit Committee has also considered the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's internal audit, accounting and financial reporting functions.

Whistleblowing Policy

The Group seeks to conduct its business honestly and with integrity at all times. A Protocol on Malpractice Reporting and Investigation is in place to provide guidance to our employees and business partners who may, from time to time, need to raise issues relating to the Group in confidence and to ensure that they can raise any matters of genuine concern, in the knowledge that they will be taken seriously and that the matters will be investigated appropriately and regarded as confidential.

本集團所採納之企業風險管理已應用於我們的 策略發展、業務規劃及日常營運之中。本集團 採納監控及風險自我評估方法,並持續對風險 庫進行定期評估及管理。企業風險管理系統運 用風險指標及預警信號監察已識別之優先處理 風險。風險負責人須即時上報風險預警及採取 風險減緩計劃,並須向管理局及審核委員會提 交定期風險報告,以便進行持續檢討及監察。 年內已識別、管理及監察之主要風險包括食品 安全、供應鏈管理、項目管理、市務以及研究 與開發。年內亦已制定及實施行動計劃,以有 效處理所需關注之事宜。

系統有效性之年度檢討

董事局已透過審核委員會就本集團截至二零 二一年三月三十一日止年度之風險管理及內部 監控系統之有效性進行年度檢討。檢討覆蓋所 有重大監控,包括財務、營運及合規監控。主 要業務單位及職能部門之主管必須確認年內彼 等負責範圍內之風險管理及內部監控系統之有 效性。董事局已接獲管理局就系統有效性作出 之確認,並無發現需關注之重大事宜,故此認 為系統屬有效及充分。

在進行年度檢討時,審核委員會亦已考慮本公 司內部審計、會計及財務匯報職能方面之資 源、員工資歷及經驗,以及培訓課程及有關預 算是否充足。

舉報政策

本集團一向秉承以誠信營運之宗旨。本公司已 訂立不當行為舉報及調查規章,為可能不時認 為需要在保密的情況下舉報有關本集團若干情 況之僱員及業務夥伴提供指引,並確保彼等在 知悉本集團會認真處理及作妥善調查並保密的 情況下,通報彼等真誠關切之任何事項。

Under the Group's Protocol on Malpractice Reporting and Investigation, employees and business partners may raise their concern by sending their malpractice reports to the Head of Internal Audit who reports directly to the Audit Committee on receipt and investigation of malpractice reports. For malpractice reports concerning any member of the Management Board, informants may make direct reports to the Chairman of Audit Committee.

根據本集團之不當行為舉報及調查規章,僱員 及業務夥伴可向內部審計主管舉報不當行為, 內部審計主管就收到及調查不當行為報告直接 向審核委員會匯報。涉及任何管理局成員之不 當行為報告,舉報人可直接向審核委員會主席 舉報。

CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry of Directors of the Company, all Directors have confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 March 2021.

The Board has also adopted written guidelines based on the Model Code for relevant employees of the Group in respect of their dealings in the Company's securities.

INSIDE INFORMATION

The Company takes seriously of its obligations under the Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO") and the Listing Rules with respect to procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information. The Group's Disclosure Policy sets out guidelines and procedures to the Directors and officers of the Group to ensure inside information of the Group is disseminated to the public in equal and timely manner. Under the Disclosure Policy, the Company's Disclosure Team comprising Executive Directors and members of senior management have the overall delegated authority to decide whether the information reported is inside information and requires disclosure and to refer the subject matter to the Board for approval. Measures are in place to preserve the confidentiality of inside information and to ensure that its recipients recognise their obligations to maintain it confidential. In communicating with external parties, only designated officers are authorised to respond to enquiries in allocated areas of issues. Communication is held regularly for officers to facilitate their understanding and compliance with the policy.

證券交易守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市發 行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守 則」),作為本公司董事進行證券交易之操守守 則。經向本公司全體董事作出特定杳詢後,董 事均已確認彼等於截至二零二一年三月三十一 日止年度已遵守標準守則所規定之準則。

董事局亦根據標準守則採納本集團相關僱員買 賣本公司證券之書面指引。

內幕資料

本公司重視其於證券及期貨條例XIVA部及上 市規則下有關處理及發放內幕資料之程序及內 部監控之責任。本集團之披露政策載列對本集 團董事及高級管理人員之指引及程序,以確保 本集團之內幕資料公平並及時地發佈。根據披 露政策,由執行董事及高級管理人員組成之披 露小組獲授權決定所匯報的資訊是否構成內幕 資料及須予披露,並將有關事項提交董事局審 批。本公司已制定措施維持內幕資料保密及確 保獲發資訊者明白其對有關資訊須維持保密的 責任。涉及對外界之溝通,只有授權人員才可 就指定相關範疇的問題作出回應。本集團定期 與高級管理人員溝通,促使彼等了解及遵守相 關政策。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Company Secretaries of the Company report to the Board and also to the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer on day-to-day duties and responsibilities. Company Secretaries are responsible for supporting and advising the Board on governance matters. All Directors have access to the advice and service of the Company Secretaries to ensure that Board procedures, all applicable rules and regulations are followed.

The Company Secretaries complied with the professional training requirement under the Listing Rules during the year.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Dividend Policy

The Company endeavours to enhance returns on Shareholders' investment by way of, inter alia, distribution of regular and stable dividends. Guided by the Dividend Policy adopted by the Board, the Company's dividend payout amount and frequency shall be based on the Group's profit available for distribution and shall make reference to historical payout ratios and amounts to achieve consistency in dividend distribution. The Board shall take into account all relevant circumstances when it decides on the Company's dividend distribution, including but not limited to, the Group's business performance, operating results, cash flow, working capital requirement and business development plans as well as general market condition and other internal and external factors that the Board may consider relevant. Dividend payment shall normally be in the form of cash, unless the Board resolves otherwise.

Shareholders' Communication Policy

The Company has established Shareholders' Communication Policy to ensure proactive communication with Shareholders and keep Shareholders informed of balanced and understandable information about the Company in a factual and timely manner. The Policy also serves to govern the Company's open and regular dialogue with Shareholders, fund managers, analysts and the media through effective corporate communication system covering various communication channels including Shareholders' meetings, corporate's publications and website, press and analyst conferences.

公司秘書

本公司之公司秘書向董事局匯報,並向首席 執行官及首席財務官匯報日常職責及責任。 公司秘書負責就管治事宜向董事局提供支援及 意見。所有董事均可獲得公司秘書之意見和服 務,以確保董事局程序及所有適用規則和規例 均獲得遵守。

年內,公司秘書已遵守上市規則之專業培訓規 定。

與股東之溝通及股東權利

股息政策

本公司致力回報股東之投資,包括派發定期及 穩定之股息。按董事局採納之股息政策指引, 本公司之股息分發金額及次數應根據本集團可 分派溢利及參考歷史派息率及金額而釐定,以 保證股息分派之穩定性。董事局在決定本公司 股息分派時將考慮所有相關情況,包括但不限 於本集團之業務表現、經營業績、現金周轉、 流動資金需求和業務發展計劃,以及一般市場 狀況和董事局認為相關之內在及外在因素。除 董事局另有決議外,股息一般以現金形式支付。

股東溝通政策

本公司訂有股東溝通政策,以確保與股東積極 溝通, 並讓股東能真實和適時掌握關於本公司 之全面及易於理解的資料。該政策亦規管本公 司透過有效的企業通訊制度(包括股東大會、公 司刊物及網站、新聞發布會及分析師會議等多 種通訊渠道)與股東、基金管理人、分析師及媒 體進行之公開及定期溝通。

Shareholders' Meeting

At the last annual general meeting of the Company held on 3 September 2020, the Chairman of the Board and all other Board members, including Chairmen and representatives of the Board Committees as well as senior management and the external auditor were present to communicate with Shareholders. Procedures for the poll voting on the proposed resolutions were explained at the meeting by the Chairman. The Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, acted as scrutineer to ensure the votes were properly counted and the poll results of the meeting were published on both the websites of the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

Except for the annual general meeting, the Company did not convene any other Shareholders' meeting during the year ended 31 March 2021.

Shareholders' Rights

Subject to the applicable laws and regulations, the Listing Rules and the Byelaws, Shareholders may convene general meetings of the Company and put forward proposals at general meetings. The procedures for Shareholders to convene a special general meeting, put forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings and propose a person for election as a director of the Company are available on the website of the Company at www.cafedecoral.com.

Shareholders may also send their enquiries and concern to the Board by addressing them to the Company Secretary of the Company at the Company's head office at 10th Floor, Café de Coral Centre, 5 Wo Shui Street, Fo Tan, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong. Shareholders can also make enquiries to the Board directly at general meetings.

Constitutional Documents

The Company's Memorandum of Association and Bye-laws are available on the websites of the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. During the year ended 31 March 2021, there was no change to the Memorandum of Association and Bye-laws of the Company.

股東大會

在本公司於二零二零年九月三日舉行之上屆股 東周年大會上,董事局主席以及所有其他董事 局成員,包括董事局轄下委員會主席及代表以 及高級管理人員和外聘核數師均出席並與股東 溝通。主席在大會上對建議決議案進行投票表 決之程序作出解釋。本公司之股票登記過戶處 香港分處香港中央證券登記有限公司擔任監票 人,確保票數均作適當點算。大會表決結果登 載於本公司及香港聯交所網站。

除股東周年大會外,本公司於截至二零二一年 三月三十一日止年度並無舉行任何其他股東大 會。

股東權利

根據適用之法律及規例、上市規則及公司細 則,股東可召開本公司股東大會並於會上提呈 議案。有關股東召開股東特別大會、在股東大 會上提呈議案及提名任何人士參選本公司董事 之程序,可於本公司網站www.cafedecoral.com 杳閱。

股東亦可向董事局作出查詢及提問,將之寄往 本公司總辦事處(地址為香港新界沙田火炭禾穗 街五號大家樂中心十樓),並註明收件人為本公 司之公司秘書。股東亦可直接在股東大會上向 董事局作出查詢。

組織章程文件

本公司之組織章程大綱及公司細則可於本公司 及香港聯交所網站查閱。截至二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度,本公司之組織章程大綱及公 司細則概無任何變動。

Investor Relations

Management of the Company meets with institutional investors, financial analysts or media from time to time and provides updates on the business progress and recent developments of the Company. The Company also participates in investor summits or corporate days when appropriate, to enhance communication with the investment community. Investors are welcomed to send their enquiries to our Investor Relations Department at ir@cafedecoral.com or browse the Company's website for the latest information of the Group.

投資者關係

本公司管理層不時會見機構投資者、財經分析 員或媒體,提供有關本公司業務進展及發展近 況之資料。如情況合適,本公司亦會參與投資 者峰會或企業日,加強與投資界人士之溝通。 投資者如有任何查詢,可電郵至本集團投資者 關係部門,電郵地址為ir@cafedecoral.com或登 入本公司網站,閱覽本集團最新資訊。

Directors' Report 董事局報告

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements of Café de Coral Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2021.

董事呈報大家樂集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其 附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)或(「集團」)截至二零 二一年三月三十一日止年度之董事局報告及經 審核財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The Group is principally engaged in operation of guick service restaurants, casual dining chains, institutional catering, as well as food processing and distribution in Hong Kong and Mainland China. The activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group's business and operations were severely affected by the mandatory social distancing restrictions on in-restaurant dining and the dampened consumer sentiment amidst the COVID-19 pandemic, resulting in a significant decrease in the Group's revenue recorded for the year. Though initially caught off-guard by the severity of the pandemic, the Group swiftly took measures to adjust operations and business models to the "new normal", developed and implemented specific measures to improve productivity and efficiency in different perspectives, including stringent cost control measures, manpower deployment and acceleration of technology upgrades to capture more takeaway and delivery business. The Group's operations in Mainland China has recovered though facing a more severe initial lockdown period and is seizing the opportunity to continue network expansion in the Greater Bay Area. The Group is thankful for government pandemic relief and subsidies, as well as the concerted efforts of our management team and staff under the extremely difficult environment, which enabled the Group to mitigate the adverse impact of the revenue decline and record a substantial increase in profit attributable to shareholders for the year as compared to FY2019/20.

主要業務

本公司主要業務為投資控股。本集團主要於香 港及中國內地經營速食餐飲、休閒餐飲、機構 飲食以及食品生產及分銷業務。主要附屬公司 之業務載列於綜合財務報表附註9。

業務回顧

新冠肺炎疫情下,堂食受到強制性社交距離限 制,消費意欲疲弱,對本集團截至二零二一年 三月三十一日止年度的業務和營運造成嚴重打 擊,導致收入大幅下降。儘管疫情初期形勢嚴 峻,集團措手不及,但集團迅速採取積極措 施,調整營運及業務模式以應對「新常態」,在 各方面訂立及實施具體措施以提高生產力及效 率,包括嚴格控制營運開支、整合人力資源、 加快新科技應用,爭取更多外賣自取及外賣速 遞業務。中國內地業務在疫情爆發初期面對更 為嚴峻的封城措施後已回復,並把握時機繼續 於大灣區拓展網絡。本集團感謝政府因應疫情 提供的寬免及資助,以及我們的管理團隊和員 工在嚴峻的環境下共同努力,使集團得以減輕 收入下降所帶來的負面影響,並令該年度的股 東應佔溢利較二零一九/二零年度錄得大幅增

BUSINESS REVIEW (CONTINUED)

A fair review of the Group's business for the year with analysis using financial key performance indicators as well as discussion on principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, particulars of important events affecting the Group subsequent to the financial year end, if any, and future development of the Group's business are provided in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" section in the Company's Annual Report 2020/21.

Together with the Annual Report 2020/21, the Company publishes its standalone Sustainability Report which discloses the Group's sustainability performance for the reporting year in four key areas, namely, Catering to Customers, Empowering Our Employees, Focusing on Food and Preserving the Planet. The report discusses in detail the Company's environmental policies and performance as well as our relationship and continuous engagement through various channels with our customers, employees, suppliers and other key stakeholders who have a significant impact on the Group.

The Group conducts its business in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and integrates industry best practices into our operations where appropriate. Details of the Group's compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group's business and operations are set out in the Sustainability Report 2020/21 as well as the Corporate Governance Report in the Annual Report 2020/21.

The abovementioned discussions in the Company's Annual Report and Sustainability Report for the year ended 31 March 2021 form part of this Directors' Report.

業務回顧(續)

本公司2020/21年報內之「管理層討論及分析」 章節載有關於集團年內業務回顧,包括以財務 關鍵表現指標進行的分析,以及就集團所面對 的主要風險及不明朗因素、財政年度終結後發 生之重大事件的具體情況(如有)和集團業務未 來發展的討論。

本公司連同2020/21年報刊發了獨立出版的可 持續發展報告,就「以客為先」、「員工為本」、 「專注食物」及「保護環境」四項主要範疇,披 露本集團於報告年度內之可持續發展表現。該 報告詳細載述本公司的環境政策及表現,以及 我們與顧客、員工、供應商及其他對集團有重 大影響的主要持份者的關係及透過不同渠道與 他們的持續溝通。

本集團於其業務經營中遵守所有適用法律及規 例,並適當採用行業之最佳常規。對集團有重 大影響的有關法律及規例的遵守情況載述於 2020/21 可持續發展報告及 2020/21 年報內之企 業管治報告。

上述本公司截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年 度之年報及可持續發展報告之相關討論構成本 董事局報告的一部分。

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

Results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 87 of the Company's Annual Report 2020/21.

During the year, an interim dividend of HK10 cents per share was paid. The Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK28 cents per share, totaling approximately HK\$163,997,000 to the shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on 10 September 2021. The proposed final dividend is subject to approval by shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held on 6 September 2021 ("AGM"). Details of dividends for the year ended 31 March 2021 are set out in Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 March 2021, pursuant to the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, amounted to approximately HK\$776,919,000.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 March 2021, the percentage of sales or purchases attributable to the Group's five largest customers or suppliers was less than 30%.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of the principal properties held for investment purposes are set out on page 213 of the Company's Annual Report 2020/21.

DONATIONS

During the year, the Group made charitable and other donations totaling HK\$334,000.

SHARE CAPITAL

During the year, no shares of the Company were issued on exercise of share options under the Company's Share Option Schemes. Details of the movements of share capital and share options of the Company during the year are set out in Notes 20 and 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

業績及溢利分配

本集團年度之業績載列於本公司2020/21年報 第87頁之綜合損益表內。

年內已派發中期股息每股10港仙。董事局建 議向於二零二一年九月十日名列本公司股東名 冊的股東派發末期股息每股28港仙,合共約 163,997,000港元。該建議之末期股息須待本 公司股東在二零二一年九月六日舉行之股東周 年大會上通過方可作實。截至二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度之股息詳情載列於綜合財務報 表附註27。

可供分配儲備

根據一九八一年百慕達公司法,本公司於二 零二一年三月三十一日之可供分配儲備約為 776,919,000港元。

主要客戶及供應商

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團主要五大客戶或五大供應商佔本集團之營業 額或採購額少於30%。

主要投資物業

本集團之主要投資物業詳情載列於本公司 2020/21年報第213頁。

捐款

年內,本集團之慈善及其他捐款合共為 334,000港元。

股本

年內, 並無根據本公司股份期權計劃行使期權 而發行本公司股份。本公司之股本及股份期權 於年內變動情況載列於綜合財務報表附註20及 32 °

EOUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the Company's Share Option Schemes as disclosed in Note 32 to the consolidated financial statements, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 214 to 216 of the Company's Annual Report 2020/21.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws and there is no restriction against such rights under the laws of Bermuda.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED **SECURITIES**

During the year ended 31 March 2021, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed the Company's listed securities, except that the trustee of the Company's Share Award Scheme purchased on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange") a total of 1,542,055 shares of the Company at a total consideration of about HK\$25.5 million to satisfy the award of shares to selected participants pursuant to the terms of the rules and trust deed of the Share Award Scheme.

CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES, OPTIONS, WARRANTS OR SIMILAR RIGHTS

Other than the Share Option Scheme described in this report, the Company had no outstanding convertible securities, options, warrants or similar rights as at 31 March 2021. Save as disclosed in this report, there has been no issue or exercise of any convertible securities, options, warrants or similar rights during the year.

股份掛鈎協議

除於綜合財務報表附註32所披露之股份期權計 劃外,本公司於年內及於年度終結時並無訂立 股份掛鈎協議。

五年財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績及資產負債概 要載列於本公司2020/21年報第214至216頁。

優先購買權

本公司之公司細則並無優先購買權之條文,百 慕達之法例亦無對此等權利作出限制。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,除本 公司股份獎勵計劃受託人根據股份獎勵計劃之 規則和信託契約條款,以總額約25.5百萬港元 在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港聯交所」)購 買共1,542,055股本公司股份以獎授股份予經 甄撰參與者外,本公司及其任何附屬公司並無 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券。

可換股證券、股份期權、認股權證 或類似權利

除本報告所述之股份期權計劃外,本公司於二 零二一年三月三十一日並無任何尚未行使之可 換股證券、股份期權、認股權證或類似權利。 除本報告所述外,年內並無發行或行使任何可 換股證券、股份期權、認股權證或其他類似權 利。

DIRECTORS

The Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of this report are:

Non-executive Directors

Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny (Chairman) Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael Mr Hui Tung Wah, Samuel

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry Mr Au Siu Cheung, Albert

Executive Directors

Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter (Chief Executive Officer) Mr Lo Ming Shing, lan

In accordance with Bye-law 109(A) of the Company's Bye-laws and the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita, Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey, Mr Au Siu Cheung, Albert and Mr Lo Ming Shing, Ian shall retire by rotation at the AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the AGM. Information on Directors proposed for re-election will be set out in the circular to shareholders of the Company accompanying the resolutions to re-elect them at the AGM.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

A permitted indemnity provision for the benefit of the Directors and officers of the Company is currently in force and was in force throughout the year. Pursuant to the Bye-laws of the Company, the Directors and the officers of the Company shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company which may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duties. The Company has maintained liability insurance to provide appropriate cover for the directors and officers of the Group.

董事

於年內及截至本報告日期任職之董事載列如 下:

非執行董事

羅開光先生(主席) 羅碧靈女十 陳裕光先生 許棟華先生

獨立非執行董事

蔡涯棉先生 李國星先生 郭琳廣先生 區嘯翔先生

執行董事

羅德承先生(首席執行官) 羅名承先生

根據本公司之公司細則第109(A)條及香港聯交 所證券上市規則(「上市規則」),羅碧靈女士、 李國星先生、區嘯翔先生及羅名承先生須在股 東周年大會上輪值告退並符合資格膺選連任。 擬於股東周年大會重選之董事資料將載列於隨 附重撰彼等之決議案之致本公司股東誦函內。

獲准許的彌償條文

旨在保障本公司董事及高級管理人員之獲准許 彌償條文於年內並於本報告日期維持有效。根 據本公司之公司細則,本公司董事及高級管理 人員將獲以本公司資產作為彌償保證及擔保, 使其不會因於執行職務期間作出、同意或遺漏 之任何行為而將會或可能招致或蒙受損害。本 公司已購買責任保險,為本集團董事及高級管 理人員提供適當保障。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

Saved as disclosed in this report and "Related Party Transactions" in Note 36 to the consolidated financial statements, no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract for the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year.

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in this report, at no time during the year ended 31 March 2021 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

董事服務合約

所有擬於股東周年大會上膺選連任之董事概無 與本公司訂立本公司不可於一年內無償(法定補 償除外)終止的服務合約。

董事於交易、安排或合約之權益

除本報告及綜合財務報表附註36「關聯方交易」 所披露者外,於年度終結日或年內任何時間, 概無任何本公司董事在本公司或其附屬公司涉 及本集團業務之重大交易、安排或合約中直接 或間接擁有任何重大權益。

管理合約

於本年度內,概無就本公司的整體或任何重大 部分業務的管理及行政工作訂立或存有任何合 約。

董事認購股份或債券之權利

除本報告所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公 司於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內之 任何時間並無作為任何安排之參與方,致使董 事藉購入本公司或仟何其他法人團體之股份或 **信**券而獲益。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme upon the passing of a shareholders' resolution on 11 September 2012 (the "2012 Scheme"). Pursuant to the 2012 Scheme, the Board may grant options to eligible participants to subscribe for ordinary shares in the Company subject to the terms and conditions stipulated therein. As of the date of this report, no share options had been granted by the Company under the 2012 Scheme. Summary of details of the 2012 Scheme is as follows:

Purpose

To grant incentives for retaining and rewarding eligible participants for their contributions to the business and development of the Group

Participants

Employees, Executive Directors, Nonexecutive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, suppliers and customers of the Group and consultants, advisers, managers, officers and corporations that provide research, development or other technical support to the Group

Total number of ordinary shares available for issue and the percentage of the issued shares that it represents as at the date of this report

Maximum entitlement of each participant

57,182,403 ordinary shares representing 9.76% of the issued shares as at the date of this report

In any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue

股份期權計劃

本公司於二零一二年九月十一日通過股東決議 案已採納一項股份期權計劃(「二零一二年計 劃」)。根據二零一二年計劃,董事局可按其條 款及條件,向合資格參與者授出股份期權以認 購本公司普通股。截至本報告日期,本公司並 未根據二零一二年計劃授出任何股份期權。二 零一二年計劃之詳情概要如下:

目的

保留及獎勵合資格參 與者,獎勵彼等對本 集團業務及發展作出 之貢獻

參與者

本公司或其仟何附屬 公司之僱員、執行董 事、非執行董事及獨 立非執行董事、本集 團之供應商及客戶和 提供研究、發展或其 他技術支援予本集團 之顧問、諮詢人、經 理、行政人員及機構

可供發行普通股總數 及於本報告日其所佔 已發行股份之百分比

57,182,403股普通股, 相等於截至本報告 期已發行股份之 9.76%

每名參與者可獲發 之上限

於任何12個月期間 不得超過已發行股份 之1%

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (CONTINUED)

Period within which the securities must be taken up under an option

Such period shall be determined by the Board and specified in the letter to the grantee, which may be varied by the Board in accordance with the terms of the 2012 Scheme, provided that it shall not under any circumstances exceed ten years from the date of grant of the relevant option

Minimum period for which The Board may, in its discretion, determine the time or period when the right to exercise the option in respect of all or some of the shares the subject of

the option will vest

Amount payable on acceptance of the option

an option must be held

before it can be exercised

HK\$1.00

Basis of determining the exercise price

Not less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant, which must be a business day; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the Company's shares as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a Company's share

The remaining life of the scheme

The 2012 Scheme remains in force until 10 September 2022 unless otherwise terminated under the terms of the 2012 Scheme

股份期權計劃(續)

根據股份期權認購 證券之期限

該期限須由董事局釐 定且於予承授人之函 件中指明,並可由董 事局根據二零一二年 計劃之條款作出更 改,惟該期限在仟何 情況下不得超逾授出 日期起計十年

行使股份期權前須持有 之最低期限

董事局可全權決定就 股份期權涉及之所有 或部分股份行使認股 權權利之歸屬時間或 期限

接納股份期權時應付 之金額

1.00港元

行使價之釐定基準

不低於(i)於授出日期 (須為營業日)本公司 股份在香港聯交所每 日報價表所載之收市 價;(ii)緊接授出日期 前五個營業日本公司 股份於香港聯交所每 日報價表所載之平均 收市價;及(iii)本公 司股份面值,以最高 者為準

計劃之剩餘年期

除非根據二零一二年 計劃之條款另行終止 者外,二零一二年計 劃有效期至二零二二 年九月十日

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

A share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme" or the "Scheme") was adopted by the Company on 27 August 2013 (the "Adoption Date"), under which any individual being an existing director, employee, officer, supplier, customer, consultant, adviser or manager of any member of the Group is entitled to participate in as selected participant who may be granted an award of restricted shares and/or performance shares during the period commencing on the Adoption Date and ending on the day immediately prior to the 10th anniversary date of the Adoption Date. The purpose of the Scheme is to recognise and reward selected participants for their contributions to the business and development of the Group. The Scheme also aims to provide a competitive remuneration and/or incentive package in order to attract and retain talent for the development of the Group's business, and to promote long term success of the Group by aligning the interests of selected participants and shareholders.

The Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a term of 15 years from the Adoption Date and is administrated by the Board and the trustee of the Scheme. The total number of shares to be awarded under the Scheme shall not exceed 5% of the total number of issued shares of the Company from time to time. The maximum number of shares which may be awarded to a selected participant but unvested under the Scheme shall not exceed 1% of the total number of issued shares of the Company from time to time.

股份獎勵計劃

本公司於二零一三年八月二十七日(「採納日 期」)採納股份獎勵計劃(「股份獎勵計劃」或「該 計劃」)。在該計劃下,本集團任何成員公司之 現有董事、僱員、行政人員、供應商、客戶、 顧問、諮詢人或經理之任何個人可作為經甄選 參與者參與股份獎勵計劃,於採納日期起計至 緊接採納日期十周年當日前一日內獲授予限制 性股份及/或業績股份作為獎勵。該計劃之目 的為表彰及獎勵經甄選參與者對本集團業務及 發展之貢獻,同時旨在提供具競爭力之薪酬 及/或獎勵待遇,以吸引及保留人才,推動本 集團之業務發展,並將經甄選參與者與股東之 利益緊密相聯,促進本集團之長遠成就。

股份獎勵計劃的有效期自採納日期起計為期15 年,並由董事局及該計劃受託人進行管理。該 計劃下可獎授之股份總數不得超過本公司不時 已發行股份總數之5%。該計劃下可授予個別 經甄選參與者但尚未歸屬之股份最高數目不得 超過本公司不時已發行股份總數之1%。

SHARE AWARD SCHEME (CONTINUED)

During the year ended 31 March 2021, restricted shares and performance shares were awarded to selected participants pursuant to the Share Award Scheme. Details of movements of shares awarded under the Scheme during the year were as follows:

股份獎勵計劃(續)

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內,本 公司根據股份獎勵計劃向經甄選參與者授予限 制性股份及業績股份。根據該計劃授出之股份 於年內之變動詳情如下:

Grantees 承授人	Date of grant 授出日期	As at 1 April 2020 於二零二零年 四月一日	Granted during the year 於年內授出	Vested during the year 於年內歸屬		As at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年 三月三十一日	Vesting period 歸屬期
Director & substantial shareholder 董事及主要股東							
Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter 羅德承先生	31/7/2017	23,942	_	(23,942)	-	_	31/7/2018 - 31/7/2020 ^(a)
	31/7/2018	62,928	-	(30,993)	-	31,935	31/7/2019 - 31/7/2021 ^(a)
	31/7/2019	40,822	-	(13,471)	-	27,351	31/7/2020 - 31/7/2022 ^(a)
	31/7/2019	440,879	_	_	-	440,879	6/2022 ^(b)
	31/7/2020	-	55,961	-	_	55,961	31/7/2021 - 31/7/2023 ^(a)
Director 董事							
Mr Lo Ming Shing, lan 羅名承先生	31/7/2017	8,552	-	(8,552)	-	_	31/7/2018 - 31/7/2020 ^(a)
	31/7/2018	22,474	-	(11,069)	-	11,405	31/7/2019 - 31/7/2021 ^(a)
	31/7/2019	14,579	-	(4,811)	-	9,768	31/7/2020 - 31/7/2022 ^(a)
	31/7/2019	157,457	-	-	-	157,457	6/2022 ^(b)
	31/7/2020	-	19,986	-	-	19,986	31/7/2021 - 31/7/2023 ^(a)

SHARE AWARD SCHEME (CONTINUED)

股份獎勵計劃(續)

Grantees 承授人	Date of grant 授出日期	As at 1 April 2020 於二零二零年 四月一日	Granted during the year 於年內授出	Vested during the year 於年內歸屬	-	As at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年 三月三十一日	Vesting period 歸屬期
Continuous contract employees 連續合約僱員	31/7/2017	243,657	-	(242,799)	(858)	-	31/7/2018 - 31/7/2020 ^(a)
	31/7/2018	743,414	-	(367,108)	(26,300)	350,006	31/7/2019 - 31/7/2021 ^(a)
	31/7/2019	1,075,972	-	(355,859)	(55,852)	664,261	31/7/2020 - 31/7/2022 ^(a)
	31/7/2019	2,550,292	-	_	(118,542)	2,431,750	6/2022 ^(b)
	31/7/2020	-	1,539,595	(2,092)	(47,958)	1,489,545	31/7/2021 - 31/7/2023 ^(a)
	31/7/2020	_	400,136	_	(29,247)	370,889	6/2022 ^(b)

5,384,968 2,015,678 (1,060,696) (278,757) 6,061,193

Notes:

- (a) The awarded shares are subject to a vesting scale in tranches of 33% of the awarded shares respectively on the first and second anniversary dates of the grant date and the balance of the remaining awarded shares on the third anniversary date of the grant date. In case such anniversary date is not a business date, the date of vesting shall be the business day immediately thereafter.
- (b) The awarded shares are subject to attainment of performance targets with reference to the Group's performance.

Since the Adoption Date, a total of 17,467,695 shares had been awarded under the Share Award Scheme, representing approximately 2.98% of the total number of issued shares of the Company as at 31 March 2021.

附註:

- (a) 獎授股份按比例歸屬,在授出日期起計第一個周年日及第 二個周年日分別歸屬獎授股份之33%,剩餘的獎授股份 則於授出日期起計第三個周年日歸屬。若周年日並非營業 日,股份歸屬日期則為緊接的下一個營業日。
- (b) 獎授股份須達到經參考本集團業績表現而釐定的指標後方 可歸屬。

自採納日期以來,根據股份獎勵計劃已授出 之股份總數為17,467,695股,佔本公司於二 零二一年三月三十一日之已發行股份總數約 2.98%。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES. **UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES**

As at 31 March 2021, the interests of each Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register maintained by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules were as follows:

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關 股份及債券中之權益及淡倉

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本公司根據證券 及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條而 存置之登記冊所記錄,或根據上市規則附錄十 所載之上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則 (「標準守則」)另行知會本公司及香港聯交所, 本公司各董事及首席執行官於本公司及其相聯 法團(按證券及期貨條例第XV部之涵義)之股 份、相關股份及債券之權益載列如下:

	Number of ordinary shares/underlying shares of the Company (long positions) 本公司普通股/相關股份數目(好倉)						
Name of Directors 董事姓名	Personal interests 個人權益	Family interests 家族權益	Corporate interests 公司權益	Other interests 其他權益	Equity derivatives 股本 衍生工具	Total interests 權益總數	% of total issued shares * 佔已發行股份總額之百分比 *
Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny 羅開光先生	23,450,500	-	-	40,983,394 ^(a)	_	64,433,894	11.001%
Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita 羅碧靈女士	14,039,928	_	-	3,000,000 ^(b)	_	17,039,928	2.909%
Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael 陳裕光先生	7,419,407	9,614,500 ^(c)	-	-	-	17,033,907	2.908%
Mr Hui Tung Wah, Samuel 許棟華先生	25,837	-	-	-	-	25,837	0.004%
Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey 李國星先生	55,000 ^(d)	-	-	-	-	55,000	0.009%
Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter 羅德承先生	688,755	-	-	91,708,213 ^(e)	556,126 ^(f)	92,953,094	15.870%
Mr Lo Ming Shing, lan 羅名承先生	119,338	-	-	-	198,616 ^(f)	317,954	0.054%

The percentage is calculated based on 585,704,033 shares of the Company in issue as at 31 March 2021.

百分比乃基於二零二一年三月三十一日本公司已發行股份 585,704,033 股計算。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES. UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- (a) These shares comprised (i) 3,000,000 shares held by a foundation in which Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny ("Mr Lo") is a trustee; and (ii) 37,983,394 shares held by Ardley Enterprises (PTC) Limited ("Ardley") in the capacity of trustee of a unit trust (the "Unit Trust") of which Mr Lo and Victor Reach Investments Limited ("Victor Reach") were the unit holders. Mr Lo was deemed to be interested in these shares by virtue of being the sole shareholder of both Ardley and Victor Reach as well as a beneficiary of the Unit Trust.
- (b) These shares were held by a foundation in which Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita is a trustee.
- (c) Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael was deemed to be interested in these shares through interests of his spouse, of which 3,000,000 shares were held by a foundation in which his spouse is a trustee.
- (d) These shares were held by Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey jointly with his spouse.
- (e) These shares were held by Wandels Investment Limited ("Wandels"). Wandels was 50% owned by Sky Bright International Limited ("Sky Bright") and 50% owned by Verdant Success Holdings Limited ("Verdant Success"). Both of Sky Bright and Verdant Success were wholly-owned by Butterfield Trust (Guernsey) Limited, a trustee of two discretionary family trusts. Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter was deemed to be interested in these shares by virtue of his being beneficiary of one of the family trusts.
- (f) These represented interests in unvested shares granted under the Company's Share Award Scheme

All the above interests in shares and underlying shares of equity derivatives of the Company were long positions. None of the Directors held any short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2021, none of the Directors and Chief Executive Officer of the Company or their respective associates had or was deemed to have any interest or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be recorded in the register kept under Section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關 股份及債券中之權益及淡倉(續)

附註:

- (a) 該等股份包括(i)由一基金持有的3,000,000股股份,羅開 光先生(「羅先生」)為該基金之受託人;及(ii) 37,983,394股 股份由Ardley Enterprises (PTC) Limited (「Ardley」)以單位信 託(「單位信託」)之受託人身份持有。羅先生及Victor Reach Investments Limited (「Victor Reach」) 為單位信託之持有 人。羅先生為Ardley及Victor Reach唯一股東及單位信託受 益人,故被視為持有該等股份權益。
- (b) 該等股份權益由一基金持有,羅碧靈女士為該基金之受託
- (c) 陳裕光先生因其配偶之權益而被視為持有該等股份權益, 其中3,000,000股股份由一基金持有,其配偶為該基金之受
- (d) 該等股份由李國星先生與其配偶共同持有。
- (e) 該等股份由Wandels Investment Limited (「Wandels」)持有。 Sky Bright International Limited(「Sky Bright」)及Verdant Success Holdings Limited(「Verdant Success」) 分 別 持 有 Wandels 50%之權益。Sky Bright及Verdant Success均由 Butterfield Trust (Guernsey) Limited全資擁有, Butterfield Trust (Guernsey) Limited 為兩間全權家族信託之受託人。羅 德承先生為其中一間家族信託之受益人,故被視為持有該 等股份權益。
- (f) 該等權益乃根據本公司股份獎勵計劃授出之未歸屬股份。

以上於本公司股份及股本衍生工具之相關股份 中之全部權益均為好倉。概無任何董事於本公 司股份、相關股份或債券中持有任何淡倉。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年三月三十一 日,本公司之董事及首席執行官或彼等各自之 聯繫人士概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(按證 券及期貨條例第XV部之涵義)之股份、相關股 份或債券中持有或被視為持有根據證券及期貨 條例第352條須記錄於存置之名冊內,或根據 標準守則另行知會本公司及香港聯交所的任何 權益或淡倉。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

As at 31 March 2021, the interests and short positions of every person, other than a Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, in the shares and underlying shares of the Company, being 5% or more of the Company's issued share capital, as recorded in the register kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

主要股東權益

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本公司根據證券 及期貨條例第336條保存之登記名冊所示,持 有本公司股份及相關股份權益或淡倉之人士(即 佔本公司已發行股本5%或以上)(除本公司董 事及首席執行官外)載列如下:

Number of ordinary shares/underlying shares of the Company (long positions) 本公司普通股/相關股份數目(好倉)						
Name of substantial shareholders 主要股東姓名/名稱	Personal interests 個人權益	Family interests 家族權益	Corporate interests 公司權益	Other interests 其他權益	Total interests 權益總數	% of total issued shares * 佔已發行 股份總額 之百分比 *
Wandels Investment Limited	_	_	_	91,708,213 ^(a)	91,708,213	15.658%
Sky Bright International Limited	-	_	_	91,708,213 ^(a)	91,708,213	15.658%
Verdant Success Holdings Limited	-	_	_	91,708,213 ^(a)	91,708,213	15.658%
Butterfield Trust (Guernsey) Limited	-	_	-	91,708,213 ^(a)	91,708,213	15.658%
Ms Tso Po Ping 曹寶平女士	-	64,433,894 ^(b)	-	-	64,433,894	11.001%
Ardley Enterprises (PTC) Limited	-	-	_	37,983,394 ^(c)	37,983,394	6.485%
Victor Reach Investments Limited	_	_	_	37,983,394 ^(c)	37,983,394	6.485%
Mr Lo Hoi Chun 羅開親先生	132,000	-	67,880,834 ^(d)	-	68,012,834	11.612%
Ms Man Bo King 文寶琼女士	-	68,012,834 ^(e)	-	-	68,012,834	11.612%
LBK Holding Corporation	35,969,133 ^(f)	_	_	_	35,969,133	6.141%
MMW Holding Corporation	31,911,701 ^(g)	_	_	-	31,911,701	5.448%
Mondrian Investment Partners Limite	d –	_	_	29,388,000 ^(h)	29,388,000	5.018%

The percentage is calculated based on 585,704,033 shares of the Company in issue as at 31 March 2021.

百分比乃基於二零二一年三月三十一日本公司已發行股份 585,704,033股計算。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- These interests were held by Wandels Investment Limited ("Wandels"). Wandels was 50% owned by Sky Bright International Limited ("Sky Bright") and 50% owned by Verdant Success Holdings Limited ("Verdant Success"). Both of Sky Bright and Verdant Success were wholly-owned by Butterfield Trust (Guernsey) Limited, a trustee of two discretionary family trusts. Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter, being a Director of the Company, was deemed to be interested in these shares by virtue of his being beneficiary of one of the family trusts.
- (b) Ms Tso Po Ping was deemed to be interested in these shares through the interests of her spouse, Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny.
- (c) These shares were held by Ardley Enterprises (PTC) Limited ("Ardley") in the capacity of trustee of a unit trust (the "Unit Trust"). Victor Reach Investments Limited ("Victor Reach") was deemed to be interested in the shares by virtue of being a beneficiary of the Unit Trust. Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny, being a Director of the Company, was deemed to be interested in the shares by virtue of being the sole shareholder of both Ardley and Victor Reach as well as a beneficiary of the Unit
- (d) Mr Lo Hoi Chun was deemed to be interested in these shares which were held, as to 35,969,133 shares, by LBK Holding Corporation ("LBK") and, as to 31,911,701 shares, by MMW Holding Corporation ("MMW"). Both of LBK and MMW were wholly-owned by Mr Lo Hoi Chun.
- (e) Ms Man Bo King was deemed to be interested in these shares through the interests of her spouse, Mr Lo Hoi Chun.
- (f) These interests were held by LBK which was wholly-owned by Mr Lo Hoi Chun.
- These interests were held by MMW which was wholly-owned by Mr Lo Hoi Chun.
- (h) These interests were held in the capacity of investment manager.

All the above interests in the shares and underlying shares of the Company were long positions.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2021, the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO recorded no other interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company.

主要股東權益(續)

附註:

- (a) 該等權益由 Wandels Investment Limited (「Wandels」) 持有。 Sky Bright International Limited(「Sky Bright」)及Verdant Success Holdings Limited(「Verdant Success」) 分別持有 Wandels 50%之權益。Sky Bright及Verdant Success均由 Butterfield Trust (Guernsey) Limited全資擁有, Butterfield Trust (Guernsey) Limited 為兩間全權家族信託之受託人。本 公司董事羅德承先生為其中一間家族信託之受益人,故被 視為持有該等股份權益。
- (b) 曹寶平女士因其配偶羅開光先生持有該等股份,故被視為 持有該等股份權益。
- (c) 該等股份由Ardley Enterprises (PTC) Limited (「Ardley」)以 單位信託(「單位信託」)之受託人身份持有, Victor Reach Investments Limited(「Victor Reach」)為單位信託之受益人, 故被視為持有該等股份權益。本公司董事羅開光先生為 Ardley及Victor Reach唯一股東及單位信託受益人,故被視 為持有該等股份權益。
- (d) 羅開親先生被視為持有該等股份權益,當中35,969,133股股 份由LBK Holding Corporation(「LBK」)持有,而31,911,701 股股份由MMW Holding Corporation(「MMW」)持有。LBK及 MMW兩間公司均由羅開親先生全資持有。
- (e) 文寶琼女士因其配偶羅開親先生持有該等股份,故被視為 持有該等股份權益。
- (f) 該等權益由LBK持有,該公司由羅開親先生全資持有。
- (q) 該等權益由MMW持有,該公司由羅開親先生全資持有。
- (h) 該等權益以投資經理身份持有。

上述於本公司股份及相關股份之全部權益均為 好倉。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年三月三十一 日,本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置 之名冊內並無其他於本公司股份或相關股份之 權益或淡倉之記錄。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Framework Agreement with Fung Yuen

On 19 March 2020, the Company and Fung Yuen Engineering Company Limited ("Fung Yuen") entered into a new framework agreement ("2020 Framework Agreement") which governs the terms upon which Fung Yuen and its subsidiaries ("Fung Yuen Group") would continue to be engaged by the Group to provide interior decoration, renovation, maintenance and/ or related services to the shops operated or managed by the Group in Hong Kong, Macau and Guangdong Province in the People's Republic of China (the "Renovation Works") for a further term of three years from 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2023 subject to the following annual caps:

1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021	HK\$30,000,000
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HK\$30,000,000 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022

1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023 HK\$30,000,000

Fung Yuen Group is a deemed connected person of the Company as Mr Ng Lam To, the cousin of Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny and Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita (both being Directors of the Company), has a majority control in Fung Yuen Group. Thus the Renovation Works constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Details of the 2020 Framework Agreement were disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 19 March 2020 and 24 March 2020.

For the year ended 31 March 2021, the aggregate value in respect of the Renovation Works under the 2020 Framework Agreement amounted to approximately HK\$2,452,000 and did not exceed the annual cap for the year.

持續關連交易

與逢源訂立之框架協議

本公司與逢源裝飾設計工程有限公司(「逢源」) 於二零二零年三月十九日訂立一項新框架協議 (「二零二零年框架協議」),以規範繼續聘用逢 源及其附屬公司(「逢源集團」) 為本集團於香 港、澳門及中國廣東省所經營之店舖提供內部 裝飾、裝修、維修及/或相關工程(「裝修工 程1)的條款。該協議由二零二零年四月一日至 二零二三年三月三十一日上為期三年,年度金 額 ト限如下:

二零二零年四月一日至 30.000.000港元

二零二一年三月三十一日

二零二一年四月一日至 30,000,000港元

二零二二年三月三十一日

二零二二年四月一日至 30,000,000港元

二零二三年三月三十一日

由於擁有逢源集團重大控制權的吳藍濤先生為 羅開光先生及羅碧靈女士(彼等均為本公司之董 事)之表弟,逢源集團因而為本公司之視作關連 人士。因此,根據上市規則,裝修工程構成本 公司之持續關連交易。

二零二零年框架協議之詳情已刊載於本公司二 零二零年三月十九日及二零二零年三月二十四 日之公告內。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,在二零 二零年框架協議下之裝修工程金額總額約為 2.452.000港元, 並無超過該年度之年度金額上 限。

ANNUAL REVIEW

The Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company have reviewed the continuing connected transactions under the 2020 Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 March 2021 and confirmed that the transactions were entered into:

- (a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- on normal commercial terms or better; and (b)
- (c) according to the relevant agreement(s) governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company's shareholders as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the above continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued its unqualified letter containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the above continuing connected transactions in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The related party transactions set out in Note 36 to the consolidated financial statements (other than the transactions relating to the operating lease rentals paid to a related party, which constituted a connected transaction but was exempted from the reporting and announcement requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules due to de minimis) did not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

年度審閱

本公司獨立非執行董事已審閱截至二零二一年 三月三十一日止年度就二零二零年框架協議下 進行之持續關連交易,並確認該等交易:

- 屬本集團的日常業務; (a)
- 按一般商務條款或更佳條款進行;及 (b)
- 乃根據有關交易之協議條款進行,而該等 (c) 條款屬公平合理,並符合本公司股東之整 體利益。

本公司已委聘核數師遵照香港會計師公會所頒 佈的《香港核證聘用準則第3000號(修訂)》「非 審核或審閱過往財務資料的核證工作」及參照 實務説明第740號「關於香港《上市規則》所述持 續關連交易的核數師函件」,就上述持續關連交 易作出匯報。核數師已根據上市規則第14A.56 條就上述持續關連交易的審查結果及結論出具 無保留意見函件。

關聯方交易

綜合財務報表附註36所載之關聯方交易(除關 於向關聯方支付經營租賃租金之交易構成上市 規則第14A章下之關連交易,但因其符合最低 豁免水平而獲豁免遵守有關申報及公告之規定 外)並不構成上市規則第14A章下之關連交易或 持續關連交易。

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

The changes in information of Directors are set out below pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules:

Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael

(Independent Non-executive Director)

Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael was re-designated from a co-opted member to board director of Haven of Hope Christian Service on 27 November 2020.

Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry

(Independent Non-executive Director)

Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry ("Mr Kwok") has been appointed as a director of Heep Hong Society on 27 November 2020.

Mr Kwok ceased to be a member of the Hospital Governing Committee of Prince of Wales Hospital and a member of the Committee on Real Estate Investment Trusts of the Securities and Futures Commission on 31 March 2021.

Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael

(Non-executive Director)

Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael ceased to be a member of Advisory Committee on Management and Marketing of The Hong Kong Polytechnic University on 1 January 2021.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and to the best knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued shares were held by the public as at the date of this report.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the AGM.

By order of the Board LO HOI KWONG, SUNNY

Chairman

Hong Kong, 15 June 2021

董事資料變更

依照上市規則第13.51B(1)條,董事資料變動詳 情載列如下:

蔡涯棉先生

(獨立非執行董事)

蔡涯棉先生於二零二零年十一月二十七日起由 基督教靈實協會增選委員調任為董事。

郭琳廣先生

(獨立非執行董事)

郭琳廣先生(「郭先生」)於二零二零年十一月 二十七日獲委任為協康會董事。

郭先生於二零二一年三月三十一日起終止擔任 威爾斯親王醫院管治委員會委員以及證券及期 省事務監察委員會房地產投資信託基金委員會 委員。

陳裕光先生

(非執行董事)

陳裕光先生於二零二一年一月一日起終止擔任 香港理工大學管理及市場諮詢委員會委員。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司獲得之公開資料以及就董事所知 悉,於本報告日期,本公司已發行股份總額之 最少25%由公眾人士持有。

核數師

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財 務報表經已由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審核, 其將任滿告退,並符合資格及願意於股東周年 大會上應聘連任。

承董事局命

主席

羅開光

香港,二零二一年六月十五日



羅兵咸永道

Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of Café de Coral Holdings Limited

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

Opinion

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Café de Coral Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 85 to 212, which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021;
- the consolidated income statement for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

致大家樂集團有限公司股東

(於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計的內容

大家樂集團有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其 附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第85至 212頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於二零二一年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合損益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合全面收入報表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

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羅兵咸永道

Opinion (Continued)

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

意見(續)

我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計 師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯 地反映了 貴集團於二零二一年三月三十一日 的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財 務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條 例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準 則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已 在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適 當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守 則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團, 並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對 本年綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這 些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具 意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供 單獨的意見。



羅兵咸永道

Key Audit Matters (Continued)

Key audit matter identified in our audit is related to risk of revenue recognition.

關鍵審計事項(續)

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項是關於收入 確認風險。

Key Audit Matter

關鍵審計事項

Risk of revenue recognition 收入確認風險

Refer to note 2.20 for the Group's accounting policies on revenue recognition and note 22 for the analysis of revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021.

請參閱附註2.20 貴集團有關收入確認的會計政策及附註 22 貴集團於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度的收入 分析。

The Group recognised revenue of HK\$6,714 million for the year ended 31 March 2021.

貴集團於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度確認收入 6,714 百萬港元。

We focused on revenue recognition in particular for sales of food and beverage due to its magnitude and the characteristics of the Group's industry nature. The recording of revenue involves high volume of small amount transactions through various systems. Any errors arising from capturing of data or interfaces of data amongst the various systems may have significant impact on revenue. Therefore it required significant time and resource to audit.

因餐飲業務的規模及 貴集團所從事行業性質的特點使 然,我們尤其專注於出售食物及飲品的收入確認。收入的 記錄涉及大量透過不同系統進行的小額交易。在獲取數據 或各系統間數據接口時產生的任何差錯,均可能對收入構 成重大影響,因此,審計需要大量時間及資源。

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

We understood, evaluated and validated management's key internal controls in its revenue recognition process.

我們瞭解、評估及證實管理層於其收入確認過程中的主要 內部控制。

We involved Information Technology specialists to evaluate the design of the relevant controls (including automated controls) over revenue recognition and tested the operating effectiveness of those controls.

我們安排資訊科技專家評估就收入確認而設計的相關控制 (包括自動控制),並測試該等控制的運作效率。

We performed analytical procedures on revenue by comparing the actual result of the current year with that of the prior year.

我們透過比較本年度的實際結果與上年度的實際結果,對 收入加以分析。

We tested samples of sales transactions by tracing to bank receipts and other relevant evidence.

我們透過追溯銀行收據及其他相關憑證抽查銷售交易。

We tested samples of journal entries posted to revenue accounts selected on risk based criteria.

我們按風險基準抽查了計入收入賬的日記賬目。

We found the sales transactions being tested were supported by appropriate evidence.

我們發現測試中的銷售交易均已獲提供適當憑證。



羅兵咸永道

Other Information

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Directors and the Audit Committee for the Consolidated Financial **Statements**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及 我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信 息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的 鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了 解的情况存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤 陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信 息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。 在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表 須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露 規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其 認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐 或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制 負責。



羅兵咸永道

Responsibilities of Directors and the Audit Committee for the Consolidated Financial **Statements (Continued)**

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the **Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表 須承擔的責任(續)

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集 團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持 續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計 基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經 營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過 程。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存 在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得 合理保證, 並出具包括我們意見的核數師報 告。我們僅按照百慕達一九八一年《公司法》第 90條向 閣下(作為整體)報告我們的意見, 除此之外本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本 報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責 任。合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按 照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重大錯 誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐 或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或滙總起 來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務 報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可 被視作重大。



羅兵咸永道

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the **Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)**

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我 們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我 們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財 務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及 執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取 充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的 基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄 意遺漏、虚假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之 上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯 誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致 的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部 控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出 會計估計和相關披露的合理性。



羅兵咸永道

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the **Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)**

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作 出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定 是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確 定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經 營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在 重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中 提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披 露。假若有關的披露不足,則我們應當發 表非無保留意見。我們的結論是基於核數 師報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未 來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續 經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是 否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息 獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合 財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審 計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見 承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃 的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包 括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺 陷。



羅兵咸永道

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the **Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)**

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ms. Kong Pui Yin.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 15 June 2021

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明, 説明我們已符 合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們 溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的 所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下, 用以消除對獨立性產生威脅的行動或採取的防 範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些 事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因 而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描 述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這 些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預 期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超 過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝 通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是鄺 佩賢女士。

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港,二零二一年六月十五日

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日

AS	at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三	月二十一	=	
			As at	As at
			31 March 2021	31 March 2020
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	於
			二零二一年	二零二零年
			三月三十一日	三月三十一日
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
		LIIHT	1 7570	17676
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
		_	4 540 002	1 (00 021
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	6	1,518,982	1,608,831
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	6	2,124,383	2,705,239
Investment properties	投資物業	7	542,700	585,600
Intangible assets	無形資產	8	1,229	1,421
Deferred income tax assets	遞延税項資產	16	70,733	66,294
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值列入其他全面收入			
other comprehensive income	之金融資產	10	96,951	101,033
Retirement benefit assets	退休金福利資產	15	542	
Non-current prepayments and deposits	非流動預付款項及按金	11	283,622	277,820
	升/// 到頂門 秋坝 八 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11	203,022	277,020
			4,639,142	E 246 220
			4,039,142	5,346,238
Current assets	流動資產			
Current assets		12	224.024	260.626
Inventories	存貨	12	234,924	260,626
Trade and other receivables	營業及其他應收賬項	13	102,539	166,518
Prepayments and deposits	預付款項及按金	13	51,490	60,920
Current income tax recoverable	即期可收回税項		32,844	39,743
Bank deposits with maturity over	超過三個月到期日的銀行存款			
three months		14	21,222	1,641
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	14	2,072,512	345,072
<u> </u>				<u> </u>
			2,515,531	874,520
Total assets	總資產		7,154,673	6,220,758
FOLUTY	股權			
EQUITY				
Capital and reserves attributable to	本公司股權持有人			
equity holders of the Company	應佔股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	20	58,570	58,570
Share premium	股份溢價	21	621,122	621,122
Shares held for share award scheme	股份獎勵計劃持有之股份	21	(140,944)	(146,021)
Other reserves	其他儲備	21	508,452	468,520
Retained earnings	保留溢利	21		
Proposed dividends	- 擬派股息		163,997	_
– Others	- 其他		1,817,640	1,664,542
				. ,
			3,028,837	2,666,733
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		5,999	4,579
Total equity	股權總計		3,034,836	2,671,312

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日

	Note 附註	As at 31 March 2021 於 二零二一年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	As at 31 March 2020 於 二零二零年 三月三十一日 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
台 庄			
	16	22 424	20.410
		-	29,410
		30,629	48,778
		4 360 FF0	10,346
			1,845,279
女别貝ぶ	19	999,433	_
		2,432,036	1,933,813
流動負債			
營業應付賬項	17	178,183	172,161
其他應付賬項及應計費用	18		675,200
即期税項負債		7,719	13,487
租賃負債	6(d)	681,521	754,785
長期貸款的即期部份	19	100,000	_
短期貸款	19	80,000	_
		1,687,801	1,615,633
總負債		4,119,837	3,549,446
股權及負債總額		7,154,673	6,220,758
淨流動資產/(負債)		827,730	(741,113)
總資產減流動負債		5,466,872	4,605,125
	其他應付賬項及應計費用 即期税項負債 租賃負債 長期貸款的即期部份 短期貸款 總負債 股權及負債總額 淨流動資產/(負債)	負債 非流動負債 16 長期服務金撥備 15 退休金福利負債 15 租賃負債 6(d) 長期貸款 19 流動負債 17 其他應付賬項及應計費用 18 即期稅項負債 6(d) 長期貸款 19 短期貸款 19 總負債 2 股權及負債總額 3 淨流動資產/(負債)	Note HK\$'000 大港元 大学元 大学元

The notes on pages 92 to 212 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

在第92至212頁之附註為本綜合財務報表的整 體部分。

The consolidated financial statements on pages 85 to 212 were approved by the Board of Directors on 15 June 2021 and were signed on its behalf.

在第85至212頁之綜合財務報表經董事局於二 零二一年六月十五日批准及代表董事局簽署。

LO HOI KWONG, SUNNY

羅開光

Chairman 主席

Chief Executive Officer 首席執行官

LO TAK SHING, PETER

羅德承

Consolidated Income Statement - By Function of Expense 綜合損益表一按費用功能分類

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

•			
	Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
收入	22	6,714,255	7,963,097
銷售成本	24	(6,339,067)	(7,232,445)
20.40.		(-)//	
毛利		375,188	730,652
其他收入及其他			
淨(虧損)/溢利	23	561,011	(40,540)
行政費用	24	(462,619)	(481,414)
營運送利		473 580	208,698
財務淨成本	25	(83,034)	(94,440)
除税前溢利		390,546	114,258
所得税費用	26	(29,996)	(39,872)
本年度溢利		360,550	74,386
確化送利:			
		359 130	73,634
非控制性權益		1,420	752
		360,550	74,386
t 本公司股權持有人應佔 nolders 溢利之每股溢利			
基本	28	HK\$0.62港元	HK\$0.13港元
攤薄	28	HK\$0.62港元	HK\$0.13港元
	銷售成本 毛利 其他收入及其他 淨(虧損)/溢利 行政費用 營運溢利 財務淨成本 除税前溢利 所得税費用 本年度溢利 應佔溢利: 本公司股權持有人應佔 溢利之每股溢利 基本	收入 22 銷售成本 24 毛利 其他收入及其他 淨(虧損)/溢利 23 行政費用 營運溢利 財務淨成本 25 除税前溢利 所得税費用 26 本年度溢利 應估溢利: 本公司股權持有人 非控制性權益 t molders 本公司股權持有人應估 溢利之每股溢利 基本 28	Note HK\$'000 円達

The notes on pages 92 to 212 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

在第92至212頁之附註為本綜合財務報表的整 體部分。

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收入報表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	360,550	74,386
Other comprehensive income/(loss): Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss Exchange differences arising from	其他全面收入/(虧損): 或會重新分類為損益之項目		
Exchange differences arising from translation of foreign subsidiaries	轉換海外附屬公司之匯兑差額	32,249	(25,293)
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Remeasurement of retirement benefit liabilities and provision for long	不會隨後重新分類為損益之項目 重新計量退休金福利負債及 長期服務金撥備		
service payments Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through other	按公平值列入其他全面收入之金融資產的公平值虧損	24,887	(2,775)
comprehensive income		(4,082)	(53,069)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	本年度總全面收入/(虧損)	413,604	(6,751)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year attributable to:	應佔本年度總全面收入/(虧損)		
Equity holders of the CompanyNon-controlling interests	- 本公司股權持有人 - 非控制性權益	412,184 1,420	(7,503) 752
		413,604	(6,751)

The notes on pages 92 to 212 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

在第92至212頁之附註為本綜合財務報表的整 體部分。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company							
				本公司股	東應佔				
			9	Shares held					
				for share				Non-	
		Share	Share	award	Other	Retained		controlling	Total
		capital	premium	scheme 股份獎勵	reserves	earnings	Total	interests	equity
				計劃持有				非控制性	
		股本 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	股份溢價 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	之股份 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	其他儲備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	保留溢利 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	總額 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	權益 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	股權總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Balance as at 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日結餘	58,570	621,122	(146,021)	468,520	1,664,542	2,666,733	4,579	2,671,312
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	-	-	-	359,130	359,130	1,420	360,550
Other comprehensive income/(loss):	其他全面收入/(虧損):					-	-	-	
Exchange differences arising from	轉換海外附屬公司之								
translation of foreign subsidiaries	匯兑差額	-	-	-	32,249	-	32,249	-	32,249
Fair value loss on financial assets at	按公平值列入其他全面								
fair value through other	收入之金融資產的 公平值虧損				(4.002)		(4.002)		(4.002)
comprehensive income Remeasurement of retirement benefit	五十個虧損 重新計量退休金福利負債	-	_	-	(4,082)	_	(4,082)	-	(4,082)
liabilities and provision for long	及長期服務金撥備								
service payments	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	-	-	-	-	24,887	24,887	-	24,887
	// a = -11 a // b=10)								
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	總全面收入/(虧損)	-	-	-	28,167	384,017	412,184	1,420	413,604
Employee share award scheme-value of employee services	僱員股份獎勵計劃 - 僱員服務價值			_	33,123		33,123		33,123
Purchase of shares	購入股份	_	_	(25,480)	33,123	_	(25,480)	- 1 -	(25,480)
Vesting of shares of share award scheme		_	_	30,557	(23,287)	(7,270)	(23,400)	_	(25,400)
Transfer to statutory reserves	轉撥至法定儲備	_	_	_	1,929	(1,929)	_	_	_
Dividends	股息	-	-	-	-	(57,723)	(57,723)	-	(57,723)
		_	_	5,077	11,765	(66,922)	(50,080)		(50,080)
				3,011	11,703	(00/322)	(30,000)		(30,000)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月								
	三十一日結餘	58,570	621,122	(140,944)	508,452	1,981,637	3,028,837	5,999	3,034,836

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

	roi tile year erided 3	. WIGHTELL Z		ıtable to own		mpany	~		
				Shares held					
				for share				Non-	
		Share capital	Share premium	award scheme 股份獎勵	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total	interests	Total equity
		88-1-	PD /0 \\/ /==	計劃持有	±± // D±/++	/D CB.\/ 4.1	/ £ 4cT	非控制性	nn 14F (4.3.1
		股本 HK\$'000	股份溢價 HK\$'000	之股份 HK\$'000	其他儲備 HK\$'000	保留溢利 HK\$'000	總額 HK\$'000	權益 HK\$'000	股權總計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Balance as at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	Γ0 ΓΓ <i>1</i>	C1C 011	(122.020)	F42.070	2 000 210	2 174 (24	F 220	2 170 054
Dualit for the year	結餘	58,554	616,811	(133,020)	542,070	2,090,219	3,174,634	5,220	3,179,854
Profit for the year Other comprehensive (loss)/income: Exchange differences arising from	本年度溢利 其他全面(虧損)/收入: 轉換海外附屬公司之	-	-	-	-	73,634	73,634	752	74,386
translation of foreign subsidiaries Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through other	匯兑差額 按公平值列入其他全面 收入之金融資產的	-	-	-	(25,293)	-	(25,293)	-	(25,293)
comprehensive income Remeasurement of retirement benefit	公平值虧損 重新計量退休金福利負債及	-	-	-	(53,069)	-	(53,069)	-	(53,069)
liabilities and provision for long service payments	長期服務金撥備	_	_	_	_	(2,775)	(2,775)	_	(2,775)
Service payments						(2,773)	(2,773)		(2,113)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income Employee share award scheme-value	總全面(虧損)/收入 僱員股份獎勵計劃	-	-	-	(78,362)	70,859	(7,503)	752	(6,751)
of employee services	- 僱員服務價值	-	-	_	23,845	-	23,845	-	23,845
Purchase of shares	購入股份	-	-	(40,631)	-	-	(40,631)	-	(40,631)
Proceeds from shares issued Release of share-based compensation reserve to share premium upon	發行股份之所得款 因行使股份期權由以股份 支付的酬金儲備轉入	16	3,585	-	-	-	3,601	-	3,601
exercise of share options	股份溢價	-	726	-	(726)	-	-	-	-
Vesting of shares of share award scheme	股份獎勵計劃的股份歸屬	-	-	27,630	(21,637)	(5,993)	-	-	-
Transfer upon lapse of share options	因股份期權失效而轉撥	-	-	-	(555)	555	-	-	-
Transfer to statutory reserves	轉撥至法定儲備	-	-	-	3,885	(3,885)	-	_	_
Distribution to non-controlling interests	分配予非控制性權益	-	-	-	-	-	-	(811)	(811)
Dividends	股息	-	_	-	_	(487,213)	(487,213)	(582)	(487,795)
		16	4,311	(13,001)	4,812	(496,536)	(500,398)	(1,393)	(501,791)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日 結餘	58,570	621,122	(146,021)	468,520	1,664,542	2,666,733	4,579	2,671,312
	MH M	30,370	021,122	(170,021)	400,520	1,004,342	2,000,733	+,513	2,011,012

The notes on pages 92 to 212 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

在第92至212頁之附註為本綜合財務報表的整 體部分。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

Tor the year t	ended 31 March 2021 似土—令—	サニカニー	口业十尺	
		Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Cash flows from operating activities Net cash generated from operations Hong Kong profits tax paid Overseas taxation paid	經營業務產生之現金流量 營運產生之淨現金 已付之香港利得税 已付之海外税項	31(a)	1,722,384 (18,864) (10,589)	1,529,292 (93,319) (18,956)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營業務產生之淨現金		1,692,931	1,417,017
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment	投資活動產生之現金流量添置物業、廠房及設備		(277,948)	(502,307)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Decrease in bank structured deposits Dividend received from listed investments Interest received (Increase)/decrease in bank deposits with maturity over three months	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款 銀行結構性存款之減少 5已收上市投資股息 已收之利息 (增加)/減少超過三個月到 期日的銀行存款	31(b)	1,739 10,918 3,572 8,125 (19,581)	1,294 18,238 12,246 16,098
Net cash used in investing activities	用於投資活動之淨現金		(273,175)	(434,207)
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from bank borrowings Purchase of shares held for share	融資活動產生之現金流量 銀行貸款所得款 購買股份獎勵計劃持有之股份	31(c)	1,179,254	_
award scheme Dividends paid Payment of lease liabilities Interest paid Net proceeds from issue of shares upon exercise of share options	已付股息 支付租賃負債 已付利息 行使股份期權而發行股份之 所得款淨額	31(c) 31(c)	(25,480) (57,723) (801,979) (6,111)	(40,631) (487,795) (935,542) – 3,601
Distribution to non-controlling interests Net cash generated from/(used in)	分配予非控制性權益 融資活動所產生/(所用)之			(811)
financing activities	淨現金 明白及明白笠/唐福日之		287,961	(1,461,178)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	現金及現金等值項目之 淨增加/(減少) 年度開始時現金及現金等值項目 外幣匯率轉變之影響		1,707,717 345,072 19,723	(478,368) 835,537 (12,097)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	年度結束時現金及現金等值項目	14	2,072,512	345,072

The notes on pages 92 to 212 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

在第92至212頁之附註為本綜合財務報表的整 體部分。

1 **General Information**

Café de Coral Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda with limited liability on 1 October 1990. The address of its registered office is Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The Company's subsidiaries are principally engaged in operation of guick service restaurants, casual dining chains, institutional catering, as well as food processing and distribution business in Hong Kong and Mainland China.

The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange").

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (HK\$), unless otherwise stated, and have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 15 June 2021.

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation 2.1

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") and disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cap. 622. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investment properties and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), which are carried at fair value.

簡介 1

大家樂集團有限公司(「本公司」)於 一九九零年十月一日在百慕達按當地 一九八一年公司法註冊成立為一間有限 責任及獲豁免公司。註冊辦事處地址 為Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda °

本公司主要業務為投資控股。本公司之 附屬公司主要於香港及中國內地經營速 食餐飲、休閒餐飲、機構飲食以及食品 產製及分銷業務。

本公司股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「香港聯交所」)主板上市。

除另有説明外,本綜合財務報表以港元 (港元)為單位呈報,並已經由董事局於 二零二一年六月十五日批准刊發。

重要會計政策摘要 2

編製本綜合財務報表採用的主要會計政 策載於下文。除非另行陳述,此等政策 在所呈報的所有年度內貫徹應用。

編製基準 2.1

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)之 綜合財務報表乃根據所有適用香港財務 報告準則及香港《公司條例》第622章之 披露規定編製。綜合財務報表已按照歷 史成本法編製, 並就重估投資物業及按 公平值列入其他全面收入之金融資產均 按公平值列賬而作出修訂。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

Basis of preparation (Continued) 2.1

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies.

Amended standards and conceptual framework adopted (i) by the Group

The following amended standards and conceptual framework have been adopted by the Group for the first time for the financial year beginning on or after 1 April 2020:

- Amendments to HKFRS 3, "Definition of a business"
- Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8, "Definition of material"
- Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 7 and HKFRS 9, "Interest rate benchmark reform"
- Conceptual framework for financial reporting 2018

The adoption of these amendments to standards and conceptual framework does not have any significant impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.1 編製基準(續)

編製符合香港財務報告準則的綜合財務 報表需要使用若干關鍵會計估算。管理 層亦須在應用本集團會計政策過程中作 出判斷。

本集團已採納的經修訂準則以及概 (i) 念框架

本集團於二零二零年四月一日或之後開 始的財政年度首次採納以下經修訂準則 以及概念框架:

- 香港財務報告準則3之修訂「業務 之定義 |
- 香港會計準則1及香港會計準則8 之修訂「重大之定義」
- 香港會計準則39、香港財務報告 準則7及香港財務報告準則9之修 訂「利率基准改革」
- 二零一八年財務報告概念框架

採納該等準則之修訂及概念框架對本集 團之業績及財務狀況並無任何重大影響。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

Basis of preparation (Continued) 2.1

New and amended standards and annual improvements (ii) not yet adopted

The following new and amended standards and annual improvements have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 April 2020 and have not been early adopted.

2.1 編製基準(續)

新訂及經修訂準則及年度改進,但 (ii) 無提早接納

以下為已頒佈的新訂以及經修訂準則及 年度改進,但並未於二零二零年四月一 日開始的財政年度生效,亦無提早採納。

> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 年度期間開始 或之後生效

二零二三年一月一日

Amendments to HKFRS 16 香港財務報告準則16之修訂 Amendments to HKFRS3 香港財務報告準則3之修訂 Amendments to HKAS 16 香港會計準則16之修訂 Amendments to HKAS 37 香港會計準則37之修訂 Amendments to annual improvements project 年度改進計劃之修訂 Amendments to HKAS 1 香港會計準則1之修訂 HKFRS 17 香港財務報告準則17 Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 香港財務報告準則10及香港會計 準則28之修訂

COVID-19-related rent concessions 1 June 2020 與新冠肺炎疫情相關之租金寬減 二零二零年六月一日 Reference to the conceptual framework 1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日 概念框架之提述 Proceeds before intended use 1 January 2022 擬定用途前所得款項 二零二二年一月一日 Cost of fulfilling a contract 1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日 履約成本 Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020 1 January 2022 二零一八年至二零二零年之 二零二二年一月一日 香港財務報告準則年度改進 Classification of liabilities as current or non-current 1 January 2023

Insurance contracts 1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日 保險合約 Sale or contribution of assets between Not yet established an investor and its associate by the Hong Kong or joint venture Institute of Certified 投資者與其聯營公司或合營公司之 **Public Accountants**

將負債分類為流動或非流動

間之資產出售或注資

The Group has commenced an assessment of the impact of these new and amended standards and annual improvements, but is yet in a position to state whether they would have significant impacts on its results of operations and financial position.

本集團已開始評估該等新訂及經修訂準 則以及年度改進之影響,惟現時尚未可 判斷會否對其經營業績及財務狀況造成 重大影響。

香港會計師公會尚未制訂日期

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.2 Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiaries made up to 31 March.

Subsidiaries (a)

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group applies the acquisition method of accounting to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amount of acquiree's identifiable net assets.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost is adjusted to reflect changes in consideration arising from contingent consideration amendments. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.2 綜合

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其所有附屬 公司截至三月三十一日的財務報表。

附屬公司 (a)

附屬公司指本集團擁有控制權的實體(包 括結構性實體)。當本集團對參與該實體 業務的浮動回報承擔風險或享有權利以 及能透過對該實體的權力影響該等回報 時,即為控制該實體。附屬公司於其控 制權轉移至本集團的日期綜合入賬。於 控制權終止的日期則取消綜合。

本集團利用收購法將業務合併入賬。收 購附屬公司所轉讓的代價為所轉讓的資 產公平值、所產生的負債及本集團發行 的股本權益。所轉讓的代價包括或有代 價安排所產生的任何資產或負債的公平 值。收購相關成本在產生時支銷。在業 務合併中所收購的可識辨資產以及所承 擔的負債及或有負債,首先以彼等於收 購日期的公平值計量。基於各項收購基 準,本集團按公平值或非控制性權益應 佔被收購方可識辨淨資產已確認金額的 比例,確認被收購方的任何非控制性權 益。

於本公司財務狀況表,附屬公司投資按 成本扣除減值列賬。成本經調整以反映 修改或有代價所產生的代價變動。成本 亦包括投資的直接歸屬成本。附屬公司 的業績由本公司按已收及應收股息列賬。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.2 Consolidation (Continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (Continued)

Impairment testing of investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated income statement.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.2 綜合(續)

附屬公司(續) (a)

如股息超過宣派股息期內附屬公司的總 全面收入,或如在獨立財務報表的投資 賬面值超過綜合財務報表中被投資公司 淨資產(包括商譽)的賬面值,則必須於 收取該等投資股息後對附屬公司投資作 減值測試。

轉讓的代價、於被收購方任何非控制性 權益,以及被收購方任何之前股本權益 在收購日期的公平值,超過所收購可識 辨淨資產公平值的數額,列為商譽。就 廉價收購而言,如轉讓的代價、已確認 非控制性權益及先前持有的權益總額低 於所購入附屬公司淨資產的公平值,該 差額直接在綜合損益表中確認。

本集團內公司之間的交易、結餘及交易 的未實現溢利予以抵銷。除非交易提供 所轉讓資產減值之憑證, 否則未實現虧 損亦予以對銷。

附屬公司之申報金額已作必要調整,以 符合本集團的會計政策。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.2 Consolidation (Continued)

(b) Transactions with non-controlling interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with equity owners of the Group. For purchases from non-controlling interests, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, a joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer who makes strategic decisions.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.2 綜合(續)

與非控制性權益的交易 (b)

本集團將其與非控制性權益進行的交易 視為與本集團權益持有人進行的交易。 來自非控制性權益的收購,所支付的任 何代價與相關應佔所收購附屬公司淨資 產賬面值的差額記錄為權益。向非控制 性權益的出售的溢利或虧損亦記錄在權 益中。

當本集團不再持有控制權,在實體的任 何保留權益於失去控制權的日期重新計 量至公平值, 賬面值的變動在損益中確 認。公平值為就保留權益的其後入賬而 言的初始賬面值,作為聯營公司、合營 公司或金融資產。此外,之前在其他全 面收入中確認與該實體有關的任何數額 按猶如本集團已直接出售相關資產或負 債的方式入賬。這意味著之前在其他全 面收入中確認的數額重新分類至損益。

分類報告 2.3

營運分部以向主要經營決策者提供的內 部報告一致的方式呈報。首席執行官乃 視為主要經營決策者,會作出策略決 定,並負責就營運分部分配資源及評估 表現。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at yearend exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges or qualifying net investment hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated income statement within 'finance costs, net'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated income statement.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. For example, translation differences on nonmonetary assets such as equities classified as fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised in other comprehensive income.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.4 外幣換算

功能及呈報貨幣 (a)

本集團各實體之財務報表內之項目均以 該實體營運所在主要經濟環境通行之貨 幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。本綜合財務報表 乃以港元呈報,港元為本公司之功能貨 幣及本集團之呈報貨幣。

(b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易按交易當日通行之匯率換算為 功能貨幣。此等交易結算以及按年結日 之匯率換算以外幣計值之貨幣資產和負 債而產生的外匯溢利及虧損,均於綜合 損益表內確認,但符合資格成為現金流 量對沖或投資淨額對沖的項目,則於權 益內列為遞延項目。

與借款和現金及現金等值項目有關的匯 兑溢利和虧損在綜合損益表內的 「財務 淨成本」中列報。所有其他匯兑溢利和 虧損在綜合損益表內列報。

按公平值計量之外幣非貨幣項目採用公 平值確定日之匯率換算。按公平值列賬 之資產及負債之匯兑差異均申報為公平 值溢利或虧損的一部分。舉例而言,非 貨幣資產之匯兑差異(例如分類為按公平 值列入其他全面收入之權益)均於其他全 面收入中確認。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.4 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(c) **Group companies**

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- income and expenses for each income statement item are (ii) translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate (iii) component of equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations are taken to shareholder's equity.

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a joint venture that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the equity holders of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.4 外幣換算(續)

集團公司 (c)

本集團旗下所有實體如持有與呈報貨幣 不一致的功能貨幣(其中並無任何實體持 有通脹嚴重的經濟體系的貨幣),其業績 和財務狀況均按以下方法折算為呈報貨 幣:

- 每項財務狀況表的資產及負債均 (i) 按照該財務狀況表當日收市時的 匯率折算為呈報貨幣;
- 每項損益表項目的收入和支出均 (ii) 按照平均匯率折算為呈報貨幣(但 若此平均匯率未能合理地反映各 交易日通行之匯率所帶來的概約 累積影響,收支項目則按照交易 日期之匯率折算);及
- 所有匯兑差異均於權益內確認為 (iii) 一個獨立分項。

在編製綜合賬目時,折算海外業務投資 淨額而產生的匯兑差異,均列入股東權 益內。

對於出售境外經營業務(即出售集團在 境外經營中的全部權益,或者出售涉及 喪失對擁有境外經營的附屬公司的控制 權,或涉及喪失對擁有境外經營的合營 公司的共同控制權,或涉及喪失對擁有 境外經營的聯營公司的重大影響力),就 該項經營累計計入權益的歸屬於本公司 權益持有人的所有匯兑差額均獲重新分 類至損益。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

Foreign currency translation (Continued) 2.4

Group companies (Continued) (c)

In the case of a partial disposal that does not result in the group losing control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (that is, reductions in the group's ownership interest in associates or joint ventures that do not result in the group losing significant influence or joint control) the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange difference is reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising are recognised in equity.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, except for freehold land, are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Freehold land is stated at historical cost less accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

2 重要會計政策摘要(續)

2.4 外幣換算(續)

(c) 集團公司(續)

對於並不導致本集團喪失對擁有境外經 營的附屬公司的控制權的部分出售,本 集團在累計匯兑差額中的比例份額重新 歸屬於非控制性權益並且不在損益中確 認。對於所有其他部分出售(即本集團在 聯營公司或合營公司中的所有權權益的 減少並不導致本集團喪失重大影響或共 同控制權),本集團在累計匯兑差額中的 比例份額獲重新分類至損益。

因收購境外實體而產生之商譽及公平值 調整,均視作為該境外實體之資產及負 債處理,並以當日收市時的匯率折算。 產生的匯兑差額在權益中入賬。

2.5 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(永久業權土地除外) 均以歷史成本扣除累積折舊及減值虧損 後入賬。永久業權土地以歷史成本扣除 累積減值虧損後入賬。歷史成本包括購 買該等項目時直接支出的費用。

其後成本只有在與該項目有關的未來經 濟利益有可能流入本集團,而該項目的 成本能可靠計量時,才包括在資產的賬 面值或確認為獨立資產(如適用)。已替 換部分的賬面值已被終止確認。所有其 他維修及保養成本在其產生的財政期間 內於綜合損益表支銷。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2 重要會計政策摘要(續)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

No provision for depreciation is made on freehold land. Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Building 2.5%

Leasehold improvements Shorter of remaining period of

the lease or useful life

Plant and machinery 10%

Furniture and other equipment 12.5% - 33.3%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of the reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.8).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. They are included in the consolidated income statement.

For property occupied by the Group as an owner-occupied property which becomes an investment property, the Group revalues such property on the date of change in use, and any difference at that date between the carrying amount and the fair value of the property is dealt with in assets revaluation reserve.

The fair value at the date of the change in use is the deemed cost for subsequent accounting as investment properties. On disposal of the property, revaluation reserve is transferred to retained profits as a movement in reserves.

2.5 物業、廠房及設備(續)

永久業權土地毋須折舊撥備。其他物 業、廠房及設備均以直線法於其估計可 用年限內將其成本分配至其剩餘價值以 計算折舊,所採用的折舊率如下:

樓宇 2.5%

和賃樓字裝修 餘下和期或可使用

年期之較短者

廠房及機器 10%

傢俬及其他設備 12.5%-33.3%

於報告期末檢討資產的剩餘價值及可用 年期,並作出適當的調整。

若資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回金 額,其賬面值即時撇減至可收回金額(附 註2.8)。

出售之溢利及虧損乃透過比較所得款與 賬面值而釐定,並將此列入綜合損益表 內。

就本集團佔用作自用物業而其後轉為投 資物業的物業而言,本集團於變更用途 當日重估有關物業,而該物業於該日的 賬面值與公平值之間的任何差額計入資 產重估儲備。

變更用涂當日的公平值乃視作其後入賬 列為投資物業的成本。於出售該物業 時,重估儲備會作為儲備變動而轉撥至 保留溢利。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.6 Investment properties

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Group, is classified as investment property.

Investment property comprises leasehold land and buildings. Rightof-use assets of the leasehold land that meet the definition of investment property are classified and accounted for as investment property.

Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs.

After initial recognition, investment property is carried at fair value. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. These valuations are performed in accordance with Valuation Standards on Properties issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors and are reviewed annually by external valuers.

The fair value of investment property reflects, among other things, rental income from current leases and assumptions about rental income from future leases in the light of current market conditions. The fair value also reflects, on a similar basis, any cash outflows that could be expected in respect of the property. Some of those outflows are recognised as a liability, others, including contingent rent payments, are not recognised in the financial statements.

Subsequent expenditure is charged to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the consolidated income statement during the period in which they are incurred.

2 重要會計政策摘要(續)

2.6 投資物業

持有用作獲取長期租金收入或資本增值 或同時用作此兩種目的且非由本集團佔 用之物業列作投資物業。

投資物業包含永久業權土地及樓宇。租 賃土地(符合投資物業的定義)的使用權 資產分類列作投資物業並以此入賬。

投資物業最初按其成本(包括有關交易成 本)計量。

於初步確認後,投資物業乃按公平值列 賬。公平值乃按交投活躍市場之價格計 算,並於必要時就特定資產之任何性 質、位置或狀況差異作出調整。倘並無 有關資料,本集團則會使用交投較淡靜 市場的最近期價格或貼現現金流量預測 等其他估值法。此等估值乃按照香港測 量師學會發出之物業估值的標準指引進 行,並每年由外間估值師審閱。

投資物業的公平值反映(其中包括)現有 租約的租金收入,以及有關在現行市況 下對未來租約之租金收入作出的假設。 同樣地,公平值亦反映任何有關物業可 預期出現之現金流出。此等流出部分被 確認為負債;而其他流出(包括或然租金 付款)則不會於財務報表內確認。

僅當與該項目有關之未來經濟利益流入 本集團及其成本能可靠計算時,其後開 支才計入該資產的賬面值。所有其他維 修及保養成本均於其產生的期間自綜合 損益表內支銷。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.6 Investment properties (Continued)

Changes in fair values are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

2.7 Intangible assets

(a) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share in net fair value of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary or joint venture or associate at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill on acquisitions of joint ventures or associates is included in investments in joint venture or associates and is tested for impairment as part of the overall balance. Separately recognised goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose.

(b) Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets with definite useful lives and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate costs of other intangible assets over their estimated useful lives of 5 to 20 years.

2 重要會計政策摘要(續)

2.6 投資物業(續)

公平值變動乃於綜合損益表中確認。

無形資產 2.7

商譽 (a)

商譽指收購成本超出本集團於收購日期 應佔所收購附屬公司、合營公司或聯營 公司可辨別資產淨值的公平值。附屬公 司的收購商譽計入無形資產內。合營公 司或聯營公司之收購商譽計入於合營公 司投資或於聯營公司投資,並且接受減 值評估作為整體結餘之一部分。本集團 每年為獨立確認之商譽評估減值,並按 成本扣除累積減值虧損列賬。商譽的減 值虧損不撥回。出售實體的溢利及虧損 已計入與售出實體相關的商譽賬面值。

為評估減值情況, 商譽被分配至現金產 生單位。預期因業務合併而受惠的該等 現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別將獲 分配從業務合併產生的商譽。

其他無形資產 (b)

擁有有限可使用年期的其他無形資產是 按成本扣除累計攤銷及減值虧損列賬。 其他無形資產以直線法於其估計可用年 限5至20年內將其成本分配以計算攤銷。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

Impairment of investments in subsidiaries and non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation, but are at least tested annually for impairment. Assets which are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that were impaired are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.9 Financial assets

(a) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for equity investments at FVOCI.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.8 附屬公司投資與非金融資產之

無特定期限的資產毋須攤銷,但此等資 產每年均接受至少一次減值評估。須作 攤銷的資產,如有任何事件或情況改變 顯示賬面值不可收回,本集團將審閱該 資產的減值情況。減值虧損確認為資產 賬面值超越其可收回金額之數額。可收 回金額為資產公平值減出售成本後之價 值與其使用價值之間的較高者。為了評 估資產減值,本集團按可獨立地確認其 現金流量(現金產生單位)的最低水平劃 分資產類別。除商譽以外而出現減值的 非金融資產可於各報告日期就可能撥回 減值進行審閱。

金融資產 2.9

(a) 分類

本集團將金融資產分類為下列計量類 別:

- 其後按公平值(列入其他全面收入 或損益表)計量之該等金融資產, 及
- 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產。

分類取決於實體用以管理金融資產及現 金流量之合約條款的商業模式。

按公平值計量之資產之溢利及虧損將記 入損益或其他全面收入。並非持作買賣 之股權工具投資將視乎本集團是否於初 步確認時已作出不可撤回之選擇,將有 關股權投資按公平值列入其他全面收入 入賬。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

Financial assets (Continued) 2.9

(b) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

(c) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to the profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in "other income and other (losses)/ gains, net" in the consolidated income statement as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

金融資產(續) 2.9

確認與終止確認 (b)

金融資產的常規買賣於交易日(即本集團 承諾購買或出售該資產當日)確認。當本 集團從該等金融資產收取現金流量的權 利已屆滿或已被轉讓,而本集團已大致 上將擁有權的所有風險和回報轉移,則 會終止確認該等金融資產。

(c) 計量

於初步確認時,本集團按金融資產之公 平值(倘該金融資產並非按公平值列入損 益表,則直接加上收購該金融資產的交 易成本)計量。按公平值列入損益表之金 融資產之交易成本於損益表支銷。

本集團其後按公平值計量所有股權投 資。倘本集團管理層已選擇於其他全面 收入內呈列股權投資的公平值溢利及虧 損,則該投資獲終止確認後,將不會把 公平值溢利及虧損重新分類至損益表。 該等投資的股息將繼續於本集團收取款 項的權利確立時於損益表內確認為其他 收入。

按公平值列入損益表的金融資產的公平 值變動於綜合損益表內確認為「其他收 入及其他淨(虧損)/溢利」(如適用)。 按公平值列入其他全面收入計量的股權 投資的減值虧損(及減值虧損撥回)並無 與其他公平值變動分開申報。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

Financial assets (Continued) 2.9

(d) **Impairment**

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

2.10 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position where the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The Group has also entered into arrangements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of a contract.

2.11 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The cost comprises costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable selling expenses.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

金融資產(續) 2.9

減值 (d)

本集團按前瞻性基準評估按攤銷成本入 賬之債務工具之相關預期信貸虧損。所 用減值方法視乎信貸風險有否大幅增加 而定。

至於營業應收賬項,本集團應用香港財 務報告準則9允許之簡易方法,該方法 規定於初始確認應收賬項時確認預期存 續期虧損。

2.10 抵銷金融工具

當本集團目前有法定可執行權力可抵銷 已確認金額,並有意圖按淨額基準結算 或同時變現資產和結算負債時,金融資 產與負債可互相抵銷,並在綜合財務狀 況表報告其淨額。本集團亦訂立不符合 抵銷標準的安排,但仍允許在若干情況 下(例如破產或合約終止)抵銷相關款項。

2.11 存貨

存貨以成本值及可變現淨值兩者的較低 者列賬。成本值是以先入先出法計算。 成本包括購貨成本、轉變成本及其他促 使存貨達致其目前所在地及狀況的費 用。可變現淨值為於日常業務過程內的 估計售價扣除適當的銷售開支計算。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.12 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade and other receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. See Note 2.9 and Note 3.1(d) for further information about the Group's accounting for trade and other receivables for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdraft.

2.14 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Where the Company purchases its equity share capital (treasury shares), the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes), is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders until the shares are cancelled or reissued. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.12 營業及其他應收賬項

營業應收賬項為於日常業務過程中就銷 售商品或提供服務應收客戶的款項。

營業及其他應收賬項按可無條件獲得的 代價進行初始確認,但當其包含重大融 資成分時,則按公平值進行初始確認。 本集團持有營業及其他應收賬項的目的 為獲取合約現金流量,因此其後以實際 利率法按攤銷成本計量有關賬項。有關 本集團營業及其他應收賬項會計處理的 進一步資料及本集團減值政策的闡述, 分別見附註2.9及附註3.1(d)。

2.13 現金及現金等值項目

為呈報綜合現金流量表,現金及現金等 值項目包括手頭現金、財務機構通知存 款、其他可隨時轉換為已知數額現金且 價值變動風險不大,且原於三個月內或 之前到期之短期高流通投資,以及銀行 透支。

2.14 股本

普通股分類為權益。因發行新股份或股 份期權而直接產生的增量成本於權益內 列作所得款的扣減項目(扣除税項)。

倘本公司購買其權益股本(庫存股份), 所支付之代價(包括任何增加之直接應佔 成本(扣除所得税))從本公司股權持有 人應佔權益中扣除,直至股份被註銷或 重新發行為止。倘有關股份其後重新發 行,則所收取之任何代價(扣除任何增加 之直接應佔交易成本及有關所得稅影響) 計入本公司股權持有人應佔權益。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.15 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.16 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

2.17 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest expense, finance charges in respect of borrowings and lease liabilities, and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs. The exchange gains and losses that are an adjustment to interest costs include the interest rate differential between borrowing costs that would be incurred if the entity had borrowed funds in its functional currency, and the borrowing costs actually incurred on foreign currency borrowings. Such amounts are estimated based on interest rates on similar borrowings in the entity's functional currency.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.15 營業及其他應付賬項

營業及其他應付賬項最初按公平值確 認,其後則以實際利率法按經攤銷成本 **值計算。**

2.16 借款

借款初步按公平值扣除所產生的交易成 本予以確認。借款其後按攤銷成本入 賬;所得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回價 值間的任何差額使用實際利率法於借款 期間於綜合損益表內確認。

在融資將很有可能部分或全部提取的情 況下,所設立貸款融資支付的費用應確 認為貸款交易成本。在此情况下,該費 用將遞延至提取貸款時。在並無跡象顯 示該融資將很有可能部分或全部提取的 情況下,該費用資本化為流動資金服務 的預付款項,並於其相關融資期間內予 以攤銷。

除非本集團有權無條件將債務結算日期 遞延至報告期結束起計至少12個月,否 則借款被分類為流動負債。

2.17 借款成本

借款成本包括利息開支、借款及租賃負 债的財務成本及外幣借款產生的匯兑差 額,以其被視為利息成本的調整為限。 屬於利息成本調整的匯兑收益及虧損包 括在實體以其功能貨幣借入資金的情況 下產生的借款成本與外幣借款實際產生 的借款成本之間的利率差額。有關金額 根據以實體功能貨幣作出的類似借款的 利率估計。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.18 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current income tax (a)

The current income tax is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.18 即期及遞延税項

當期的所得税費用或抵免乃按當期應課 税收入與各司法權區的適用所得税税率 計算, 並根據由於暫時差異及未動用税 損而導致的遞延税項資產和負債變動作 出調整。

即期及遞延税項在損益表中確認,惟關 乎於其他全面收入或直接在權益中確認 的項目者除外。在該情況下,税項亦分 別於其他全面收入或直接在權益中確認。

即期所得税項 (a)

即期税項根據本公司及其附屬公司營運 所在及產生應課税收入的國家於報告日 期已頒佈或實質頒佈的稅務法例計算。 管理層就適用税務法例詮釋所規限的情 况定期評估報税表的狀況,並在適用情 況下根據預期須向稅務機關支付的稅款 計提撥備。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.18 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

(b) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred income tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred taxation is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.18 即期及遞延税項(續)

搋延税項 (b)

遞延税項利用負債法按資產和負債的税 基與資產和負債在綜合財務報表的賬面 值的暫時性差異悉數撥備。然而,若遞 延税項負債來自對商譽的初始確認,以 及若遞延税項來自在交易(不包括業務合 併)中對資產或負債的初始確認,而在交 易時不影響會計處理或應課稅利潤或損 失,則不予確認及不作記賬。 遞延税項 採用在報告日期前已頒佈或實質上已頒 佈,並在有關的遞延税項資產實現或遞 延税項負債結算時預期將會適用的税率 (及法例)而釐定。

遞延税項資產於可能有未來應課稅溢利 而就此可使用暫時差異時確認。

遞延税項乃就附屬公司、聯營公司及合 營公司的投資之暫時差異而撥備,惟就 遞延税項負債而言,集團可控制暫時差 異之撥回時間, 而暫時性差異可能在可 預見未來不會撥回則除外。

當有法定可執行權力將即期税項資產與 即期税項負債抵銷,且遞延税項資產和 負債涉及由同一税務機關對應課税主體 或不同應課税主體但有意向以淨額基準 結算所得税結餘時,則可將遞延税項資 產與負債互相抵銷。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.19 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Restructuring provisions comprise lease termination penalties and employee termination payments. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole.

A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.19 撥備

當本集團因已發生的事件須承擔現有之 法律性或推定性的責任, 而解除責任時 有可能消耗資源,及有關金額已可靠地 作出估算的情況下,需確認撥備。重 建撥備包括租賃終止罰款和僱員離職付 款。不就未來營運虧損確認撥備。

如有多項類似責任, 而需要在償付中流 出資源的可能性則根據責任的類別整體 考慮而釐定。

即使在同一責任類別所包含任何一個項 目的相關資源流出的可能性極低,仍須 確認撥備。

撥備以管理層預計於報告期末為履行責 任所需支出的最佳估算現值計量。計算 此等現值使用的折現率為能夠反映當前 市場的貨幣時間價值及該責任特有風險 的税前折現率。時間流逝導致撥備金額 的增幅,確認為利息開支。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.20 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of discounts.

Revenue is recognised when, or as, the control of the goods or services is transferred to the customer. Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws applicable, control of the goods and services may be transferred over time or at a point in time. The Group bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration of the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

(i) Sales of food and beverages

Sales of food and beverages are recognised in the consolidated income statement at the point of sale to customers or when a group entity has delivered products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

Rental income (ii)

Rental income is recognised in the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

(iii) Royalty and franchise income

Royalty and franchise income are recognised on an accrual basis over the period in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements.

(iv) Management and service fee income

Management and service fee income is recognised over the time when services are rendered.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.20 收入確認

收入包括在本集團業務過程中已收到或 應收的出售產品及服務代價的公平值。 收入以扣除折扣後的金額列示。

收入於(或就)產品或服務的控制權轉移 予客戶時確認。視乎合約條款及適用法 例而定,產品及服務的控制權可能隨時 間或於某一時間點轉移。本集團會根據 其往績並考慮客戶類別、交易種類和每 項安排的特點作出估計。

出售食物及飲品 (i)

出售食物及飲品的收入於向客戶銷售時 或於集團實體向客戶交付產品、客戶已 接獲有關產品且相關應收賬項的收回可 合理保證時於綜合損益表中確認。

租金收入 (ii)

租金收入以直線法在租賃期間於綜合損 益表確認。

特許權及專利權收入 (iii)

特許權及專利權收入根據相關協議的條 款於期內按應計基準確認入賬。

管理及服務費收入 (iv)

管理及服務費收入隨提供服務的時間確 認入賬。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.21 Dividend income

Dividends are received from financial assets measured at FVOCI. Dividends are recognised as other income in the consolidated income statement when the right to receive payment is established.

2.22 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value when there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Income grants are presented as "other income" in the consolidated income statement.

2.23 Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

2.24 Employee benefits

(i) **Employee leave entitlements**

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the reporting date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

Profit sharing and bonus plans (ii)

The expected cost of profit sharing and bonus payments are recognised as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Liabilities for profit sharing and bonus plans are expected to be settled within 12 months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.21 股息收入

股息乃自按公平值列入其他全面收入的 金融資產中收取。股息會於收取款項的 權利建立時在綜合損益表中確認為其他 收入。

2.22 政府補助

倘可合理保證本集團將符合所有附帶條 件而獲得補助時,則按公平值確認政府 補助。

收入補助於綜合損益表內計入為「其他 收入1。

2.23 利息收入

利息收入為採用實際利息法按時間比例 基準確認入賬。

2.24 僱員福利

僱員有薪假期

僱員之有薪年假在僱員應享有時認算入 賬。於報告日期,本集團已就僱員已提 供服務而產生之年假預計開支作出撥備。

僱員之有薪病假及產假不會被確認,直 至僱員正式領享該等假期。

(ii) 利潤分享和花紅計劃

當本集團因僱員已提供之服務而產生現 有法定或推定責任,而該責任金額能可 靠估算時,利潤分享和花紅計劃之預計 成本將被確認為負債。

利潤分享和花紅計劃之負債預期在十二 個月內支付,並以預計之金額繳付。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.24 Employee benefits (Continued)

Pension obligations (iii)

The Group operates various pension schemes. The schemes are generally funded through payments to insurance companies or trustee-administered funds, determined by periodic actuarial calculations. The Group has both defined benefit and defined contribution plans. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that is not a defined contribution plan. Defined benefit plans typically define an amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive on retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation.

The liability or asset recognised in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability.

Past-service costs are recognised immediately in statement of profit or loss. Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit or loss as past service costs.

Remeasurement arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to equity in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.24 僱員福利(續)

退休金責任 (iii)

本集團旗下公司設有多項退休金計劃。 該等計劃一般透過向保險公司或託管人 管理之基金,提供根據定期精確計算後 釐定之供款提供資金。本集團設有界定 福利計劃及界定供款計劃。界定供款計 劃為退休金計劃,據此,本集團向獨立 **實體作定額供款。即使基金並無足夠資** 產以向所有僱員繳付有關僱員現時及過 往期間服務之福利,本集團並無法律或 推定責任作進一步供款。界定福利計劃 為並非界定供款計劃之退休金計劃。一 般而言,界定福利計劃界定為僱員可於 退休時享有既定退休金福利,金額視乎 一個或多個因素,例如年齡、服務年期 及補償。

於財務狀況表內就界定福利退休金計劃 確認的負債或資產,為於報告日期之界 定福利責任的現值減計劃資產公平值。 界定福利責任每年由獨立精算師根據 預算單位信貸記存法計算。界定福利責 任的現值,按以支付福利的同一貨幣計 值,且到期日與相關退休福利責任相若 的優質企業債券利率,折算估計未來現 金流出。

過往服務成本即時於損益表確認。計劃 修訂或刪減所導致的界定福利責任現值 變動即時於損益表確認為過往服務成本。

根據經驗而調整的重新計量以及精算假 設的變動,在產生期間內於其他全面收 入扣除或計入權益。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.24 Employee benefits (Continued)

Pension obligations (Continued)

For defined contribution plans, the Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(iv) Long service payment

The Group's net obligation in respect of long service payments to its employees upon the termination of their employment or retirement when the employee fulfills certain circumstances under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior periods.

The obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method, discounted to present value and reduced by entitlements accrued under the Group's retirement plans that are attributable to contributions made by the Group. The discount rate is the yield at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds which have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related liability.

Remeasurement are charged or credited to equity in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

2 重要會計政策摘要(續)

2.24 僱員福利(續)

(iii) 退休金責任(續)

就界定供款計劃而言,本集團向公營或 私人管理退休保險計劃作出強制、合約 或自願性質供款。於作出供款後,本集 時確認為僱員福利開支。預付供款以所 出現的現金退款或未來款項減少為限確 認為資產。

(iv) 長期服務金

本集團根據香港僱傭條例在若干情況下 員工終止合約或退休而支付之長期服務 金責任淨額,是指僱員於現時及過往期 間提供服務所賺取的未來福利。

此責任額是以預計單位信貸記存法計 算,並計算其貼現現值,並扣除本集團 退休計劃下集團供款所佔之應計權益。 貼現率為報告日期與有關負債期到期期 限相若之優質企業債券的收入率。

重新計量在產牛期間內於其他全面收入 扣除或計入權益。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.24 Employee benefits (Continued)

(v) Share-based compensation

The Group operates a number of equity-settled, share-based compensation plans under which the Group receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments of the Company. These plans comprise share option schemes and a share award scheme.

The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options and the awarded shares is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options or the awarded shares as at the date of grant: (i) including any market performance conditions; (ii) excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets); and (iii) including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save or holding shares for a specified period of time). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options or awarded shares that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options or awarded shares that are expected to vest based on the non-marketing vesting conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the consolidated income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.24 僱員福利(續)

以股份支付的酬金

本集團設有多項以股權結算,以股份支 付的薪酬計劃,而僱員則向本集團提供 服務作為本公司股權工具之代價。該等 計劃包括股份期權計劃及股份獎勵計劃。

僱員提供服務而授予之股份期權及獎勵 股份的公平值確認為費用。將列作支出 的總金額乃參考股份期權或獎勵股份於 授出日期的公平值釐定:(i)包括任何市 場業績狀況:(ii)不包括任何服務及非市 場表現的歸屬條件所產生的影響(例如盈 利能力及銷售增長指標);及(iii)包括任 何非歸屬條件(例如僱員於特定期間保留 或持有股份的規定)所產生之影響。在 假定預期可予以歸屬的股份期權或獎勵 股份數目時,非市場性質的歸屬條件亦 加入一併考慮。費用總額在歸屬期間確 認,即指所有特定歸屬條件均獲滿足之 期間。於各報告期末,本集團按非市場 歸屬條件調整對預期可予以歸屬的股份 期權或獎勵股份數目作出的估計,並在 綜合損益表確認調整原來估計(如有)所 產生的影響,及對權益作出相應調整。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.24 Employee benefits (Continued)

Share-based compensation (Continued)

For the share award scheme, the Group may purchase its own shares through the trustee of the share award scheme from the open market for the shares to be vested under the share award scheme. The shares purchased by the Group that are not yet vested for this share award scheme were recorded as treasury shares and recorded as "Shares held for share award scheme" as a deduction under equity. Upon vesting of the awarded shares, the related costs of the purchased shares are reduced from the "Shares held for share award scheme", and the related fair value of the awarded shares are debited to share-based compensation reserve with the difference charged/credited to equity.

When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

2.25 Leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.24 僱員福利(續)

以股份支付的酬金(續)

就股份獎勵計劃而言,本集團可能會根 據股份獎勵計劃透過股份獎勵計劃受託 人於股份將予歸屬之公開市場購買其自 有股份。就本股份獎勵計劃而言,本集 團已購買但尚未歸屬之股份作為庫存股 份入賬,且作為「股份獎勵計劃持有之 股份 | 入賬為股權的扣減項目。待獎授 股份歸屬後,購買股份的相關成本於「股 份獎勵計劃持有之股份」內扣減,獎授 股份的相關公平值計入以股份支付的酬 金儲備,差額在股權內扣除/計入。

在股份期權行使時,本公司發行新股, 收取的所得款扣除任何直接應佔的交易 成本後,撥入股本(面值)和股份溢價。

2.25 和賃

租賃於本集團租賃資產可供使用的日期 確認為使用權資產及相應負債。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.25 Leases (Continued)

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivables;
- variable lease payments that are based on an index or a rate;
- amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

Lease payments are allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.25 和賃(續)

租賃產生的資產及負債初步按現值基準 計量。租賃負債包括以下租賃付款的淨 現值:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定付款)減 仟何應收和賃優惠;
- 以指數或利率為基準的可變和賃 付款;
- 根據剩餘價值擔保項下預期承租 人應付之款項;
- 購買權的行使價(倘承和人合理確 定行使該權利);及
- 就終止租賃的支付罰款(倘租賃條 款反映承租人行使該權利)。

根據合理確定延續選擇權支付的租賃付 款亦計入負債計量之內。

租賃付款使用租賃中隱含的利率進行貼 現。倘無法釐定該利率,則使用承租人 的增量借貸利率,即承租人在類似經濟 環境中按類似條款及條件借入為獲得具 有類似價值資產所需之資金而必須支付 的利率。

租賃付款在負債及財務成本之間分攤。 財務成本於租賃期內從損益表中扣除, 以計算各期間負債結餘的固定週期利率。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.25 Leases (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Payments associated with short-term leases are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in the income statement. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the consolidated statement of financial position based on their nature.

2.26 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 2

2.25 和賃(續)

使用權資產按成本計量,包括以下各 項:

- 租賃負債的初始計量金額;
- 於開始日期或之前作出的任何和 賃付款減去任何已收取租賃優 惠;
- 仟何初始直接成本;及
- 修復成本。

使用權資產乃按其可使用年期及租期(以 較短者為準)以直線法計算折舊。

與短期租賃有關的付款按直線法於損益 表中確認為開支。短期租賃指租期為 十二個月或少於十二個月的租賃。

自本集團作為出租人的經營租賃所得之 租賃收入於租期內以直線法於損益表中 確認。獲取經營租賃產生的初始直接成 本計入在相關資產的賬面值,並於租期 內按確認租賃收入的相同基準確認為開 支。個別租賃資產按其性質計入綜合財 務狀況表。

2.26 股息分派

向本公司股東分派的股息在股息獲本公 司股東或董事(如適用)批准的期間內於 本公司的財務報表內列為負債。

Summary of Significant Accounting 2 **Policies (Continued)**

2.27 Financial guarantees

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised as a financial liability at the time the guarantee is issued. The liability is initially measured at fair value and subsequently at the higher of:

- the amount determined in accordance with the expected credit loss model under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments; and
- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

The fair value of financial guarantees is determined based on the present value of the difference in cash flows between the contractual payments required under the debt instrument and the payments that would be required without the guarantee, or the estimated amount that would be payable to a third party for assuming the obligations.

Where guarantees in relation to loans or other payables of associates are provided for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of the investment.

Financial Risk Management 3

Financial risk factors 3.1

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Management regularly manages the financial risks of the Group. Because of the simplicity of the financial structure and the current operations of the Group, no hedging activities are undertaken by management.

重要會計政策摘要(續)

2.27 財務擔保

財務擔保合約於發出擔保時確認為金融 負債。負債初步按公平值計量,期後按 以下較高者計量:

- 根據香港財務報告準則第9號「金 融工具」的預期信貸虧損模型釐 定的金額;及
- 初步確認金額減(如適用)根據香 港財務報告準則第15號「來自客 戶合約之收益」所確認累計收入 金額。

財務擔保的公平值釐定為債務工具所需 合約付款與無擔保情況下所須付款的現 金流量差額現值,或因第三方承擔責任 而應付第三方的估計金額。

倘聯營公司的貸款或其他應付款項擔保 為無償提供,相關公平值作為注資列 賬,確認為投資成本一部分。

財務風險管理 3

財務風險因素 3.1

本集團的活動承受著多種的財務風險: 市場風險(包括外匯風險、利率風險及價 格風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。本 集團的整體風險管理計劃專注於金融市 場的難預測性, 並尋求降低對本集團財 務表現的潛在不利影響。

本集團之財務風險由管理層定期管理。 由於本集團的財務結構及現行營運簡 單,故管理層並無進行對沖活動。

Financial Risk Management (Continued) 3

Financial risk factors (Continued) 3.1

(a) Foreign exchange risk

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong and Mainland China and is exposed to foreign exchange risk from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to Chinese Renminbi ("RMB").

Management has a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risks against their respective functional currencies. It mainly includes managing the exposures arisen from sales and purchases made by relevant group companies in currencies other than their own functional currencies. The Group also manages its foreign exchange risk by performing regular reviews of the Group's net foreign exchange exposure. The Group has not used any hedging arrangement to hedge its foreign exchange risk exposure.

As the assets and liabilities of each company within the Group are mainly denominated in the respective company's functional currency, the directors are of the opinion that the Group's volatility of its profits against changes in exchange rates of foreign currencies would not be significant.

(b) Interest rate risk

The Group has no significant interest-bearing assets except for bank deposits and bank borrowings, the income and operating cash flows of which are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

Interest rate risk mainly arises from bank deposits and bank borrowings at variable interest rates which are subject to cash flow interest rate risk.

As at 31 March 2021, if interest rates had been increased/decreased by 0.5% with all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year would have been HK\$4,924,000 decreased/ increased and HK\$2,760,000 increased/decreased, as a result of the changes in the interest expenses on bank borrowings and interest income on bank deposits.

財務風險管理(續) 3

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

外匯風險 (a)

本集團主要於香港及中國內地經營業 務,而所承受之外匯風險主要由人民幣 (「人民幣」)之匯率引致。

管理層已要求各分公司管理其功能貨幣 以外所引起的外匯風險。此政策主要包 括管理使用非其功能貨幣之外幣銷售及 購置交易的風險。本集團的外匯風險管 理是進行定期檢討其外匯風險淨額。本 集團並無使用任何對沖安排以對沖外匯 風險。

由於本集團各分公司的資產及負債均以 其功能貨幣入帳,董事認為外幣匯率變 動對本集團之溢利不穩定性並無嚴重的 影響。

利率風險 (b)

本集團並無重大的計息資產,惟銀行存 款和銀行借款、收入和營運現金流量除 外,該等資產大致上不受市場利率變動 影響。

利率風險主要來自按浮動利率計算的銀 行存款及銀行借款,而其受現金流動利 率風險影響。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,如利率升/ 跌0.5%,而所有其他可變因素保持不變, 則本集團年內溢利會因銀行貸款利息開支 及銀行存款利息收入變動而減少/增加 4,924,000港元或增加/減少2,760,000港 元。

Financial Risk Management (Continued) 3

Financial risk factors (Continued) 3.1

(b) Interest rate risk (Continued)

As at 31 March 2020, the directors are of the opinion that any reasonable changes in interest rates would not result in a significant change in the Group's results. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis is presented for interest rate risk.

(c) Price risk

The Group is exposed to securities price risk because investments held by the Group are classified on the consolidated statement of financial position as financial assets at FVOCI. The Group has not mitigated its price risk arising from these financial assets.

For the Group's financial assets that are publicly traded, the fair value is determined with reference to guoted market prices. For the Group's financial assets that are not publicly traded, the Group uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the reporting date.

As at 31 March 2021, if the price of the listed equity securities (financial assets at FVOCI) had increased/decreased by 10% with all other variables being held constant, the Group's FVOCI investment reserve would have increased/decreased by HK\$9,695,000 (2020: HK\$10,103,000).

財務風險管理(續) 3

財務風險因素(續) 3.1

利率風險(續) (b)

於二零二零年三月三十一日,董事認為 利率的任何合理變動不會對本集團業績 構成重大變動。因此,並無呈報利率風 險的敏感度分析。

價格風險 (c)

本集團所持有的投資在綜合財務狀況表 被分類為按公平值列入其他全面收入之 金融資產,因而面臨證券價格風險。本 集團並無減低此金融資產所引起的價格 風險。

本集團在公開市場交易的金融資產,會 按市場報價釐定公平值。至於本集團在 非公開市場交易的金融資產,本集團會 使用其判斷採用多種方法及假設,主要 根據於報告日期之現有市場情況。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,如上市股 權證券(按公平值列入其他全面收入之 金融資產)的價格升/跌10%,而所有 其他可變因素保持不變,本集團的按公 平值列入其他全面收入之投資儲備則增 加/減少9,695,000港元(二零二零年: 10,103,000港元)。

Financial Risk Management (Continued) 3

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(d) Credit risk

(i) Risk management

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, contractual cash flows of debt instruments carried at amortised cost, deposits with bank and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers and debtors, including trade and other receivables.

Credit risk is managed on a group basis. Majority of the Group's bank balances and deposits are placed in banks and financial institutions which are independently rated with high credit ratings. Management does not expect any losses from non-performance by these banks and financial institutions as they have no default history in the past. Therefore, expected credit loss rate of cash at bank is assessed to be close to zero and no provision was made as at 31 March 2021.

The credit quality of the landlords is assessed based on the financial position of the landlords as well as past experience of the Group in dealing with the respective landlords. The Group has policies in place to ensure rental deposits are placed to landlords with appropriate credit histories and credit terms are granted to reliable debtors. The Group's historical experience in collection of deposits and other receivables falls within recorded allowance and the directors are of the opinion that expected credit loss rate of these balances is close to zero and no provision was made as at 31 March 2021.

There is no concentration of credit risk as the Group's bank balances and deposits are deposited in over ten financial institutions with good credit ratings, and the Group has a large number of counterparties for rental deposits, trade and other receivables. Management does not expect any losses from non-performance by these financial institutions and counterparties.

3 財務風險管理(續)

財務風險因素(續) 3.1

(d) 信貸風險

(i) 風險管理

信貸風險由現金及現金等值項目、按攤 銷成本入賬之債務工具之合約現金流 量、銀行及財務機構的存款以及客戶及 債務人的信貸風險(包括營業及其他應收 賬項)所引起。

信貸風險以集體形式管理。本集團的大 部分銀行結餘及存款均存放在獲得獨立 評級及享有高信貸評級的銀行及財務機 構內。由於該等銀行及金融機構過往並 無違約紀錄,故管理層預料不會出現因 彼等未履約而產生的任何損失。因此, 銀行現金的預期信貸虧損率被評定為接 近零,故於二零二一年三月三十一日並 無計提撥備。

業主的信貸質素乃根據其財政狀況以及 本集團與相關業主交易的過往經驗而評 估。本集團設有政策確保向具有良好信 貸記錄之業主提供租務按金,並向可靠 的債務人授予信貸期。根據本集團的過 往經驗,收回的按金及其他應收賬項並 未超出所設定之限額,故董事認為該等 結餘的預期信貸虧損率接近零,故於二 零二一年三月三十一日並無計提撥備。

本集團的銀行結餘及存款均分散存放在 超過十間以上具良好信貸評級之金融機 構,故並無集中信貸風險,而本集團擁 有眾多租務按金以及營業及其他應收賬 項的交易對方。管理層預期不會出現因 該等金融機構及交易對方未履約而產生 的任何損失。

Financial Risk Management (Continued) 3

Financial risk factors (Continued) 3.1

- (d) Credit risk (Continued)
- (ii) Impairment of financial assets

The Group has three main types of financial assets that are subject to the expected credit loss model:

- (1) Cash and cash equivalents;
- (2) Trade receivables: and
- (3) Other financial assets measured at amortised costs (including deposits and other receivables)
- (1) Cash and cash equivalents

While cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of HKFRS 9, as all financial institutions are rated with a high credit rating, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

(2) Trade receivables

Trade receivables of the Group are subject to the expected credit loss model. The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on the nature of customer accounts, shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

財務風險管理(續) 3

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- 信貸風險(續) (d)
- 金融資產減值 (ii)

本集團受預期信貸虧損模型所規限的金 融資產可分為三大類:

- 現金及現金等值項目; (1)
- (2) 營業應收賬項;及
- (3) 按攤銷成本計量之其他金融資產 (包括存款及其他應收賬項)
- (1) 現金及現金等值項目

儘管現金及現金等值項目亦須遵 守香港財務報告準則9的減值規 定,惟因所有金融機構的信貸評 級均為高,則已識別的減值虧損 並不重大。

(2) 營業應收賬項

本集團的營業應收賬項受預期信 貸虧損模型所規限。本集團應 用香港財務報告準則9簡化方法 計量預期信貸虧損,該方法對營 業應收賬項採用存續期預期虧損 撥備。為計量預期信貸虧損,營 業應收賬項已根據客戶賬目的性 質、共同信貸風險特徵及逾期日 數劃分。

Financial Risk Management (Continued) 3

Financial risk factors (Continued) 3.1

- (d) Credit risk (Continued)
- (ii) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)
 - (2) Trade receivables (Continued)

The expected loss rates are based on the payment pattern of sales over a period of 12 months before 31 March 2021 or 31 March 2020 respectively and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

On the basis, expected loss rate of trade receivables is assessed to be close to zero, as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020. In respect of trade receivables, the loss allowance as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 was determined as follows:

財務風險管理(續) 3

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
- 信貸風險(續) (d)
- 金融資產減值(續) (ii)
 - (2) 營業應收賬款(續)

預期虧損率乃根據於二零二一年 三月三十一日或二零二零年三月 三十一日前12個月期間各自銷售 的付款情况及本期間內出現的相 應過往信貸虧損計算得出。過往 虧損率已作出調整以反映影響客 戶結付應收賬項能力的宏觀經濟 因素的當前及前瞻性資料。

按此基準,於二零二一年三月 三十一日及二零二零年三月 三十一日,營業應收賬項的預期 虧損率被評定為接近零。就營業 應收賬項而言,於二零二一年三 月三十一日及二零二零年三月 三十一日的虧損撥備釐定如下:

31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日		0 – 30 days 0至30日 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	31 – 60 days 31至60日 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	61 – 90 days 61至90日 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	91 – 365 days 91至365日 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Over 365 days 逾365 日 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Gross carrying amount – Trade receivables Loss allowance	總賬面值 - 營業應收賬項 虧損撥備	27,362 -	6,378 -	2,288 _	1,296 _	825 (823)	38,149 (823)
31 March 2020 二零二零年三月三十一日		0 – 30 days 0至30日 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	31 – 60 days 31至60日 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	61 – 90 days 61至90日 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	91 – 365 days 91至365日 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Over 365 days 逾365日 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Gross carrying amount – Trade receivables Loss allowance	總賬面值 - 營業應收賬項 虧損撥備	23,754 -	7,070 -	9,272 -	10,084 -	877 (875)	51,057 (875)

Financial Risk Management (Continued) 3

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (d) Credit risk (Continued)
- (ii) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)
 - (3) Other financial assets measured at amortised costs (including deposits and other receivables)

Other financial assets at amortised cost include the other receivables excluding prepayments. The credit quality of other financial assets at amortised cost has been assessed with reference to historical information about the counterparties default rates and financial position of the counterparties. Management is of the opinion that the risk of default by these counterparties is not significant and does not expect any losses from non-performance by the counterparties. Therefore, expected credit loss rate of the other financial assets at amortised cost is assessed to be close to zero and no provision was made as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020.

(e) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of available credit facilities. The Group has considered the present and expected market conditions, including the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak and the expected pace of recovery. The Group continues to maintain a healthy net cash position by keeping credit lines available and to maintain flexibility in future funding.

The Group's primary cash requirements are payments for trade and other payables and operating expenses. The Group mainly finances its working capital requirements through internal resources and borrowings from financial institutions.

The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities.

財務風險管理(續) 3

財務風險因素(續) 3.1

- 信貸風險(續) (d)
- 金融資產減值(續) (ii)
 - 按攤銷成本計量之其他金融資產 (3) (包括存款及其他應收賬項)

按攤銷成本計量之其他金融資產 包括其他應收賬項,惟預付款項 除外。按攤銷成本計量之其他金 融資產的信貸質素乃經參考過往 交易對方欠賬比率及交易對方的 財務狀況的資料後進行評估。管 理層認為,該等交易對方違約的 風險 並不重大,故預料不會因交 易對方未履約而產生任何損失。 因此,按攤銷成本計量之其他金 融資產的預期信貸虧損率被評定 為接近零,故於二零二一年三 月三十一日及二零二零年三月 三十一日並無計提撥備。

流動資金風險 (e)

審慎流動資金風險管理指诱過已承諾充 足的可得信貸融資額度,維持充裕的現 金及可用資金。本集團已考慮現時及預 期市況,包括爆發新冠肺炎疫情及預期 復甦速度的影響。本集團通過銀行信貸 額度繼續保持穩健淨現金額及未來資金 的流動性。

本集團所持現金主要用作繳付營業及其 他應付賬項及營運費用。而本集團的流 動資金則主要透過內部資源及來自金融 機構的借款獲得。

下表為根據合約到期日將本集團的非衍 生金融負債劃分為相關到期組別的分析。

Financial Risk Management (Continued) 3

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued) (e)

The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

流動資金風險素(續) (e)

表中披露的金額為合約未貼現現金流 量。由於貼現的影響並不重大,因此 十二個月內到期的餘額相當於其賬面餘 額。

		On demand 按要求 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Within 1 year 1年內 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Between 1 and 2 years 1至2年內 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 2至5年內 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	More than 5 years 5年以上 <i>HK\$</i> 000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash outflows 未貼現現金 流量總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2021 Trade payables Other payables and accrued liabilities (excluding non-financial	於二零二一年三月三十一日 營業應付賬項 其他應付賬項及應計費用 (不包括非金融負債)	178,183	-	-	-	-	178,183
liabilities)		477,142	-	-	-	-	477,142
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	-	755,880	548,388	849,876	64,366	2,218,510
Bank borrowings	銀行貸款	-	180,000	100,000	900,000	-	1,180,000
		655,325	935,880	648,388	1,749,876	64,366	4,053,835
		On demand 按要求 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Within 1 year 1年內 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 1至2年內 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>干港元</i>	Between 2 and 5 years 2至5年內 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>干港元</i>	More than 5 years 5年以上 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash outflows 未貼現現金 流量總額 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元
At 31 March 2020 Trade payables Other payables and accrued liabilities (excluding non-financial	於二零二零年三月三十一日 營業應付賬項 其他應付賬項及應計費用 (不包括非金融負債)	172,161	-	-	-	-	172,161
liabilities)		492,586	-	-	_	-	492,586
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	_	839,579	699,664	1,172,609	103,320	2,815,172
		664,747	839,579	699,664	1,172,609	103,320	3,479,919

Financial Risk Management (Continued) 3

3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group monitor capital on basis of gearing ratio, which is calculated based on total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents divided by total equity.

As at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020, as the Group is in a net cash position of HK\$893,079,000 and HK\$345,072,000 respectively, management considers that the Group's capital risk is minimal.

3.3 Fair value estimation

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The difference levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

財務風險管理(續) 3

3.2 資本風險管理

本集團的資本管理目的為保障本集團能 持續營運,從而為股東提供回報並為其 他利益相關參與者帶來利益, 同時維持 最佳的資本結構以減低資金成本。

為維持或調整資本結構,本集團可能會 調整支付予股東的股息金額、向股東退 回資本、發行新股份或出售資產以降低 債務。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團以負債比率 監察資本總額,負債 比率乃按照借貸總額減去現金及現金等 值項目,除以股權總額計算。

於二零二一年三月三十一日及二零二零 年三月三十一日,由於本集團的淨現金 分別為893,079,000港元及345,072,000 港元,管理層認為本集團的資本風險屬 於低水平。

3.3 公平值估計

下表利用估值法分析按公平值入賬的金 融工具。不同層級的定義如下:

- 同類資產或負債在活躍市場上的 報價(未經調整)(第一級)。
- 並非納入第一級內的報價,惟可 直接(即例如價格)或間接(即源 自價格)觀察的資產或負債的輸入 值(第二級)。
- 並非依據可觀察的市場數據的資 產或負債的輸入值(即非可觀察輸 入值)(第三級)。

Financial Risk Management (Continued) 3

財務風險管理(續)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

other comprehensive income

- Listed equity investments

The following table presents the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value at 31 March 2021:

3.3 公平值估計(續)

本集團於二零二一年三月三十一日按公 平值計量的金融資產載列於下表:

		Level 1 第一級	Total 總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Assets Financial assets at fair value through	資產 按公平值列入其他全面		

收入之金融資產

- 上市股權投資

The following table presents the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value at 31 March 2020:

本集團於二零二零年三月三十一日按公 平值計量的金融資產載列於下表:

96,951

96,951

		Level 1 第一級 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元
Assets	資產		

Financial assets at fair value through 按公平值列入其他全面 other comprehensive income 收入之金融資產

 Listed equity investments - 上市股權投資 101,033 101,033

Financial Risk Management (Continued) 3

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. These instruments are included in level 1.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

The carrying values less loss allowance of trade and other receivables and payables are a reasonable approximation of their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments. There were no transfers between level 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

財務風險管理(續) 3

3.3 公平值估計(續)

在活躍市場交易的金融工具,其公平值 乃基於報告日所報市場價。如果報價可 隨時和定期從交易所、交易商、經紀 商、業內人士、定價服務者或監管機構 獲得,而該等報價代表按公平交易基準 進行的實際和常規市場交易時,該市場 可被視為活躍。此類工具歸納為第一級。

沒有在活躍市場買賣的金融工具的公平 值則利用估值技術釐定。該等估值技術 盡量利用可獲得的可觀察市場數據,盡 量少依賴主體的特定估計。如金融工具 的公平值所需的所有重要輸入值均可觀 察,則該金融工具列入第二級。

如一個或多個重要輸入值並非基於可觀 察的市場數據,此類工具則列入第三級。

營業及其他應收賬項及應付賬項之賬面 值減去虧損撥備,為其公平值之合理近 似估值。就披露而言,金融負債公平值 的估計按未來合約現金流量以本集團類 似金融工具可得的現有市場利率貼現計 算。年內,第一級、第二級及第三級間 概無轉移。

Critical Accounting Estimates and 4 **Judgements**

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. The recoverable amounts have been determined based on the higher of value-in-use calculations or fair value less costs to sell calculations. The calculations require the use of judgements and estimates.

關鍵的會計估算及判斷

估計及判斷將持續基於過往經驗及其他 因素加以評估及作出,因素包括於有關 情況下相信屬合理而預期某些未來事件 的發生。

本集團就未來作出估計及假設。產生的 會計估算根據定義甚少與有關實際結果 相同。於下一財政年度有重大風險,且 造成資產與負債賬面值作重大調整的估 計及假設於下文敘述:

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資 (a) 產及無形資產減值

如有任何跡象或變動顯示賬面值未能收 回,本集團亦會審閱物業、廠房及設 備、使用權資產及無形資產的減值情 况。可收回款項已按使用價值計算或公 平值減出售成本計算之方式,以較高者 **釐定。計算需要運用判斷及估計。**

Critical Accounting Estimates and 4 **Judgements (Continued)**

Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets (Continued)

Management judgement is required in the area of asset impairment in assessing: (i) whether an event, including the outbreak of COVID-19, has occurred that may indicate that the related asset values may not be recoverable; (ii) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell and net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset in the business; and (iii) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections, which include among others, consideration of the present and expected market conditions including the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak and the expected pace of recovery; and whether these cash flow projections are discounted using an appropriate rate. Changing the assumptions selected by management in assessing impairment, including the discount rates or the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections, could affect the net present value used in the impairment test and as a result affect the Group's financial position and results of operations.

4 關鍵的會計估算及判斷(續)

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資 (a) 產及無形資產減值(續)

管理層需要判斷資產減值,尤其是評 估:(i)是否已發生可能顯示有關資產價 值可能不可收回之事件(包括爆發新冠肺 炎疫情);(ii)可收回款項(即按業務中持 續使用資產而估計公平值減銷售成本及 未來現金流量之淨現值(以較高者為準)) 能否支持該項資產之賬面值;以及(iii)於 準備預計現金流量(其中包括現時及預期 市況(包括爆發新冠肺炎疫情及預期復甦 進度)的影響;以及是否應用適當折現率 於該等現金流量預測)時使用的適當主要 假設。倘改變管理層用以評估減值之假 設(包括現金流量預測中採用之折現率或 增長率假設),足以對減值測試中使用的 淨現值產生影響,因而影響本集團之財 務狀況及營運業績。

Critical Accounting Estimates and 4 **Judgements (Continued)**

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives, and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets. The estimates are based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets of similar nature and functions. Management will increase the depreciation and amortisation charges where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives. It will write off or writedown technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable and amortisable lives and therefore affect the depreciation and amortisation charges in future periods.

(c) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in several jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. The Group recognises liabilities or anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred income tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

The Group also has significant tax losses carried forward not recognised as deferred income tax assets. Deferred income tax assets in respect of tax losses are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

4 關鍵的會計估算及判斷(續)

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資 (b) 產及無形資產之可使用年期

本集團之管理層為其物業、廠房及設 備、使用權資產及無形資產釐定估計可 使用年期及有關折舊及攤銷支出。此估 計以相似性質及功能之物業、廠房及設 備、使用權資產及無形資產過往經驗之 實際可使用年期為基準。倘可使用年期 較先前估計年期為短,則管理層將提高 折舊及攤銷支出。其將註銷或撇銷已棄 置或出售技術上過時或非策略性之資 產。實際經濟年期可能與估計之可使用 年期不同。定期檢討可能使可折舊及攤 銷年期出現變動,因而影響在未來期間 之折舊及攤銷支出。

所得税 (c)

本集團須於若干司法權區繳付所得稅。 於釐定所得税撥備時須作出重大判斷。 本集團根據估計是否將須繳付額外稅項 而確認負債或預計税務審核事宜。倘有 關事宜之最終評税結果有異於最初記錄 之數額,則有關差額將會影響作出有關 **釐**定期間之所得税及遞延税項撥備。

本集團亦有重大稅損結轉並未於遞延稅 項資產中確認。關於稅損的遞延稅項資 產,惟於可能有未來應課稅溢利以抵扣 其暫時差異方才確認。

4 **Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (Continued)**

Income taxes (Continued) (c)

No deferred income tax assets are recognised when it is uncertain whether there are sufficient future taxable profits available before such tax losses expire where the final outcome of these uncertainties are different from the estimation, such differences will impact the carrying amount of deferred income tax assets in the period in which such determination is made.

Judgement is required in determining the provision for withholding tax on the undistributed retained profits of the PRC subsidiaries. The Group assesses its needs to make distribution out of its subsidiaries. Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised on the undistributed retained profits that are expected to be distributed by the Group in the future.

Fair values of investment properties (d)

The Group carries its investment properties at fair value with changes in the fair values recognised in consolidated income statement. The Group obtains independent valuations at least annually. At the end of each reporting period, the management update their assessment of the fair value of each property, taking into account the most recent independent valuations. In making the assessment, consideration is given to assumptions based on market conditions, such as actual market data and latest transactions for comparable properties, existing at the end of the financial reporting period.

4 關鍵的會計估算及判斷(續)

所得税(續) (c)

在税損到期前,如並未能確定是否有足 夠的未來應課税溢利,則不會確認遞延 税項資產。如此類不確定因素的最終結 果不同於估算,該差額將會影響遞延稅 項資產在作出有關釐定期間的賬面值。

於釐定中國附屬公司未分配保留溢利之 預扣税撥備時,須作出判斷。本集團評 估是否需要從其附屬公司作出分派,並 就預期本集團日後將分派之未分配保留 溢利確認遞延税項負債。

投資物業的公平值 (d)

本集團按公平值列賬的投資物業於綜合 損益表確認公平值的變動。本集團最少 每年取得獨立估值。於各報告期末,管 理層會考慮到最近期的獨立估值,更 新每個物業的公平值評估。於進行評估 時,會考慮基於市場狀況之假設,例如 於財政報告期末存在之實際市場收據及 可比較物業之最新交易。

4 **Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (Continued)**

Share-based compensation (e)

The Group operates a number of equity-settled, share-based compensation plans under which the Group receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments of the Company. These plans comprise share option schemes and a share award scheme. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options or shares is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options or shares granted as at the date of grant: (i) including any market performance conditions; (ii) excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets); and (iii) including the impact of any non-market vesting conditions.

Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options or shares that are expected to vest. At the end of each financial reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options or shares that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting conditions, taking into account the Group's latest business performance, current market condition and the future business outlook.

4 關鍵的會計估算及判斷(續)

以股份支付的酬金 (e)

本集團設有數項以股權結算,以股份支 付的薪酬計劃,而僱員則向本集團提供 服務作為本公司股權工具之代價。該等 計劃包括股份期權計劃及股份獎勵計 劃。僱員提供服務而授予之股份期權或 股份的公平值確認為費用。將列作支出 的總金額乃參考所授股份期權或股份於 授出日期的公平值釐定:(i)包括任何市 場業績狀況;(ii)不包括任何服務及非市 場表現的歸屬條件所產生的影響(例如盈 利能力及銷售增長指標);及(iii)包括任 何非市場條件所產生之影響。

在假定預期可予以歸屬的股份期權或股 份數目時,非市場性質的歸屬條件亦加 入一併考慮。於各財政報告期末,本集 團按非市場歸屬條件,考慮本集團之最 近業務表現、近期市場狀況及未來業務 展望,調整對預期可予以歸屬的股份期 權或股份數目作出的估計。

Critical Accounting Estimates and 4 **Judgements (Continued)**

Determination of lease term (f)

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

For leases of properties, the following factors are normally the most relevant:

- If there are significant penalties to terminate (or not extend), the Group is typically reasonably certain to extend (or not terminate).
- If any leasehold improvements are expected to have a significant remaining value, the Group is typically reasonably certain to extend (or not terminate).
- Otherwise, the Group considers other factors including historical lease durations and the costs and business disruption required to replace the leased asset.

The lease term is reassessed when an option is actually exercised (or not exercised) or the Group becomes obliged to exercise (or not exercise) it. The assessment of reasonable certainty is revised when a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs, which affects this assessment and that is within the control of the Group.

關鍵的會計估算及判斷(續) 4

釐定和期 (f)

於釐定租期時,管理層會考慮所有構成 經濟誘因的事實及情況以行使續租選擇 權或不行使終止選擇權。僅當和賃獲合 理確定延長(或不會終止)時,延長選擇 權(或終止選擇權之後的期間)方可計入 和期。

以下因素一般與物業租賃最為相關:

- 倘有關於重大終止(或不延長)之 大額罰款,則本集團一般合理確 定延長(或不終止)。
- 倘預期任何租賃樓宇裝修將具有 可觀的餘下價值,則本集團一般 合理確定延長(或不會終止)。
- 否則,本集團將考慮其他因素(包 括所需的過往租賃期限及成本以 及業務中斷事件)以代替租賃資 產。

當選擇權實際上已獲行使(或未獲行使) 或本集團有責任行使(或不行使)選擇 權,則會重新評估租期。當發生重大事 件或情況發生重大變化而影響該項評 估,並於本集團控制範圍之內時,方會 修訂合理確定的評估。

Segment Information 5

The Group is principally engaged in the operation of quick service restaurants, casual dining chains, institutional catering, as well as food processing and distribution business.

The Chief Executive Officer of the Group reviews the Group's internal reporting in order to allocate resources amongst different segments. He assesses the business principally from a geographical perspective, including Hong Kong and Mainland China. Segment result as presented below represents operating profit excluding fair value changes on investment properties, depreciation and amortisation and impairment loss of property, plant and equipment and rightof-use assets less related depreciation for right-of-use assets – properties; and including finance cost of lease liabilities.

5 分類資料

本集團主要經營速食餐飲、休閒餐飲、 機構飲食以及食品產製及分銷業務。

本集團首席執行官根據內部報告以分配 資源,並就地區遠景,包括香港及中國 內地,以評估其業務狀況。於下列之分 類業績代表除投資物業之公平值變動、 折舊及攤銷以及物業、廠房及設備和使 用權資產之減值虧損減去相關使用權資 產一物業之折舊;及包括租賃負債之財 務成本之營運溢利。

Segment Information (Continued) 5

分類資料(續) 5

Segment information of the Group for the current year and comparative figures are as follows:

本集團本年度的分類資料和比較數字如 下:

		Hong Kong 香港 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Mainland China 中國內地 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Group 本集團 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Year ended 31 March 2021	截至二零二一年三月三十一日			
Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue (Note i)	止年度 總分類收入 內部分類收入(附註i)	5,518,223 (4,022)	1,298,001 (97,947)	6,816,224 (101,969)
Revenue (from external revenue) (Note ii) Represented by timing of	收入(來自外部收入) (附註ii) 按收入確認的時間表示:	5,514,201	1,200,054	6,714,255
revenue recognition: – At a point in time – Over time	- 在某一時間點 - 在某一段時間內	5,470,460 43,741	1,200,054 –	6,670,514 43,741
		5,514,201	1,200,054	6,714,255
Segment results (Note iii)	分類業績(附註iii)	674,219	149,405	823,624
Depreciation and amortisation (excluding depreciation of right-of-use assets – properties) Fair value loss on investment properties		(302,586) (42,900)	(63,042) -	(365,628) (42,900)
Impairment loss of property, plant and equipment Impairment loss of right-of-use assets Finance income Finance cost on bank borrowings Income tax expense	物業、廠房及設備之 減值虧損 使用權資產之減值虧損 財務收入 銀行貸款之財務成本 所得税費用	(2,705) (23,680) 6,480 (6,290) (15,646)	- 1,645 - (14,350)	(2,705) (23,680) 8,125 (6,290) (29,996)

Segment Information (Continued) 5

5 分類資料(續)

		Hong Kong 香港 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Mainland China 中國內地 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Group 本集團 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Year ended 31 March 2020	截至二零二零年三月三十一日 止年度			
Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue (Note i)	總分類收入 內部分類收入(附註i)	6,877,088 (3,959)	1,202,574 (112,606)	8,079,662 (116,565)
Revenue (from external revenue) (Note ii)	收入(來自外部收入) (附註ii)	6,873,129	1,089,968	7,963,097
Represented by timing of revenue recognition:	按收入確認的時間表示:			
At a point in timeOver time	- 在某一時間點 - 在某一段時間內	6,819,214 53,915	1,089,968 –	7,909,182 53,915
		6,873,129	1,089,968	7,963,097
Segment results (Note iii)	分類業績(附註iii)	491,525	77,304	568,829
Depreciation and amortisation (excluding depreciation	折舊及攤銷 (使用權資產 – 物業之折舊			
of right-of-use assets – properties)	除外)	(316,686)	(55,749)	(372,435)
Fair value loss on investment properties		(42,400)	_	(42,400)
Impairment loss of property,	物業、廠房及設備之			
plant and equipment	減值虧損	(12,069)	(3,185)	(15,254)
Impairment loss of right-of-use assets		(25,180)	(15,400)	(40,580)
Finance income	財務收入	13,912	2,186	16,098
Income tax expense	所得税費用	(24,712)	(15,160)	(39,872)

Segment Information (Continued) 5

- (i) Inter-segment transactions were entered into in the normal course of business.
- The Group has a large number of customers. For the (ii) years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, no revenue was derived from transactions with a single external customer representing 10% or more of the Group's total revenue.
- Information of segment results (iii)
 - The following items are included in the measure (a) of segment results reviewed by the Chief Executive Officer of the Group.

分類資料(續) 5

- 內部分類交易乃於正常業務過程 (i) 中訂立。
- 本集團擁有大量顧客。截至二零 (ii) 二一年及二零二零年三月三十一 日止年度,並無單一外部顧客之 交易產生佔本集團總收入10%或 以上之收入。
- 分類業績資料 (iii)
 - 以下項目已計入本集團首 (a) 席執行官審閱的分部業績 計量。

			Mainland	
	H.	long Kong	China	Group
		香港	中國內地	本集團
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Year ended 31 March 2021	截至二零二一年			
real efficeu 31 Maich 2021	三月三十一日止年度			
Depreciation – right-of-use assets – properties	折舊 – 使用權資產 – 物業	645,219	88,495	733,714
Finance cost of lease liabilities	租賃負債的財務成本	62,611	22,258	84,869
Year ended 31 March 2020	截至二零二零年			
	三月三十一日止年度			
Depreciation – right-of-use assets – properties	折舊 – 使用權資產 – 物業	781,012	80,770	861,782
Finance cost of lease liabilities	租賃負債的財務成本	87,795	22,743	110,538

Segment Information (Continued) 5

分類資料(續)

Information of segment results (Continued) (iii)

- (iii) 分類業績資料(續)
- (b) Reconciliation of total segment results to total profit before income tax is as follows:
- 總分類業績與總除税前溢 (b) 利的對賬如下:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK \$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Segment results Depreciation and amortisation (excluding depreciation of right-of-use assets	分類業績 折舊及攤銷 (使用權資產 - 物業之折舊 除外)	823,624	568,829
– properties)		(365,628)	(372,435)
Fair value loss on investment properties	投資物業之公平值虧損	(42,900)	(42,400)
Impairment loss of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之減值虧損	(2,705)	(15,254)
Impairment loss of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之減值虧損	(23,680)	(40,580)
Finance income	財務收入	8,125	16,098
Finance cost on bank borrowings	銀行貸款之財務成本	(6,290)	
Profit before income tax	除税前溢利	390,546	114,258

Segment Information (Continued) 5

5 分類資料(續)

		Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000 千港元	Mainland China 中國內地 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Group 本集團 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
As at 31 March 2021 Segment assets	於二零二一年三月三十一日 分類資產	5,905,698	1,048,447	6,954,145
Year ended 31 March 2021	截至二零二一年			
Segment assets include:	三月三十一日止年度 分類資產包括:			
Additions to non-current assets	添置非流動資產(金融工具及			
(other than financial instruments	遞延税項資產除外)			
and deferred income tax assets)		487,583	188,652	676,235
As at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日			
Segment assets	分類資產	5,127,814	885,874	6,013,688
Vacua and ad 24 Manah 2020	本 五一章 - 章 左			
Year ended 31 March 2020	截至二零二零年 三月三十一日止年度			
Segment assets include:	分類資產包括:			
Additions to non-current assets	添置非流動資產(金融工具及			
(other than financial instruments	遞延税項資產除外)			
and deferred income tax assets)		1,054,482	172,649	1,227,131

Segment Information (Continued) 5

As at 31 March 2021, the Group's non-current assets (other than financial instruments and deferred income tax assets) that are located in Hong Kong and the Mainland China amounted to HK\$3,775,601,000 (2020: HK\$4,562,078,000) and HK\$695,857,000 (2020: HK\$616,833,000) respectively.

Reconciliation of total segment assets to total assets is provided as follows:

分類資料(續) 5

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團 置於香港及中國內地的非流動資產 (金融工具及遞延税項資產除外)分別 為3,775,601,000港元(二零二零年: 4,562,078,000港元)及695,857,000港元 (二零二零年:616,833,000港元)。

總分類資產與總資產的對賬如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total segment assets	總分類資產	6,954,145	6,013,688
Deferred income tax assets	遞延税項資產	70,733	66,294
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值列入其他全面		
other comprehensive income	收入之金融資產	96,951	101,033
Current income tax recoverable	即期可收回税項	32,844	39,743
Total assets	總資產	7,154,673	6,220,758

Property, Plant and Equipment and Right- 6 物業、廠房及設備及使用權 6 of-Use Assets 資產

				and equipment 原及設備			-	use assets 霍資產		
		Land and buildings (Note c) 土地及樓宇 (附註c) <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃樓宇裝修 HK\$*000 千港元	Furniture and other equipment 像私及 其他設備 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 HK\$*000 千港元	Subtotal 小計 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元	Leasehold land and land use right 租賃土地及 土地使用權 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Properties 物業 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Subtotal 小計 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元	Total 總額 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
At 1 April 2019 Cost Accumulated depreciation and	於二零一九年四月一日 成本 累積折舊及減值虧損	727,350	1,213,161	1,547,020	221,100	3,708,631	630,817	5,283,688	5,914,505	9,623,136
impairment losses		(152,268)	(771,763)	(1,115,548)	(136,796)	(2,176,375)	(165,132)	(2,768,565)	(2,933,697)	(5,110,072)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	575,082	441,398	431,472	84,304	1,532,256	465,685	2,515,123	2,980,808	4,513,064
Year ended 31 March 2020	截至二零二零年 三月三十一日止年度									
Opening net book amount Additions	年初賬面淨值 添置	575,082 -	441,398 205,961	431,472 222,970	84,304 57,789	1,532,256 486,720	465,685 –	2,515,123 697,945	2,980,808 697,945	4,513,064 1,184,665
Disposals Termination of lease Depreciation	出售 終止租賃 折舊	- - (17,674)	(9,799) - (147,332)	(10,362) - (172,881)	(205) - (19,897)	(20,366) - (357,784)	- - (14,243)	(39,909) (861,782)	(39,909) (876,025)	(20,366) (39,909) (1,233,809)
Impairment Exchange differences	減值 匯兑差額	(5,678)	(7,391) (6,578)	(7,863) (2,796)	(1,689)	(15,254) (16,741)	(1,131)	(40,580) (15,869)	(40,580) (17,000)	(55,834) (33,741)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	551,730	476,259	460,540	120,302	1,608,831	450,311	2,254,928	2,705,239	4,314,070
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年 三月三十一日									
Cost Accumulated depreciation and	成本 累積折舊及減值虧損	717,564	1,293,206	1,642,168	269,917	3,922,855	630,817	5,883,668	6,514,485	10,437,340
impairment losses		(165,834)	(816,947)	(1,181,628)	(149,615)	(2,314,024)	(180,506)	(3,628,740)	(3,809,246)	(6,123,270)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	551,730	476,259	460,540	120,302	1,608,831	450,311	2,254,928	2,705,239	4,314,070

Property, Plant and Equipment and Right- 6 物業、廠房及設備及使用權 6 of-Use Assets (Continued) 資產(續)

			Property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備			Right-of-use assets 使用權資產				
		Land and buildings (Note c) 土地及樓宇 i (附註c) <i>HK\$'000</i>	Leasehold mprovements 租賃樓宇裝修 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	Furniture and other equipment 像俬及 其他設備 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Subtotal 小計 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Leasehold land and land use right 租賃土地及 土地使用權 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Properties 物業 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Subtotal 小計 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Total 總額 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元
Year ended 31 March 2021	截至二零二一年 三月三十一日止年度									
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	551,730	476,259	460,540	120,302	1,608,831	450,311	2,254,928	2,705,239	4,314,070
Additions	添置	-	126,854	122,850	7,671	257,375	-	359,524	359,524	616,899
Disposals	山佳 山告	-	(7,318)	(7,073)	(188)	(14,579)	-	(407.707)	(407.727)	(14,579)
Modification and termination of leases		(47.724)	(4.44.765)	- (4.66.004)	(24.765)	(254.402)	- (4.4.252)	(187,727)	(187,727)	(187,727)
Depreciation	折舊減值	(17,721)	(144,765)	(166,931)	(21,765)	(351,182)	(14,252)	(733,714)	(747,966)	(1,099,148)
Impairment Exchange differences) 展	6,373	(1,026) 8,943	(1,679) 4,211	- 1,715	(2,705) 21,242	- 1,333	(23,680) 17,660	(23,680) 18,993	(26,385) 40,235
Exchange unreferices	<u> </u>	0,373	0,943	4,211	1,/13	21,242	1,333	17,000	10,333	40,233
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	540,382	458,947	411,918	107,735	1,518,982	437,392	1,686,991	2,124,383	3,643,365
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年 三月三十一日									
Cost	成本	729,426	1,350,420	1,684,709	281,181	4,045,736	631,139	5,820,191	6,451,330	10,497,066
Accumulated depreciation and	累積折舊及減值虧損						,			
impairment losses		(189,044)	(891,473)	(1,272,791)	(173,446)	(2,526,754)	(193,747)	(4,133,200)	(4,326,947)	(6,853,701)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	540,382	458,947	411,918	107,735	1,518,982	437,392	1,686,991	2,124,383	3,643,365

Property, Plant and Equipment and Right-6 of-Use Assets (Continued)

- Depreciation expenses of HK\$1,074,357,000 (2020: (a) HK\$1,207,421,000) and HK\$24,791,000 (2020: HK\$26,388,000) have been charged to cost of sales and administrative expenses, respectively (Note 24), while impairment losses of HK\$26,385,000 (2020: HK\$55,834,000) have been charged to other income and other (losses)/gains, net (Note 23).
- (b) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-ofuse assets

The Group mainly operates restaurants, institutional catering and casual dining chains on self-owned properties and leased properties with lease terms ranging from 1 to 9 years. Management regards each individual restaurant as a separately identifiable cash-generating unit (CGU) and performs impairment assessments on each of the CGU with impairment indicators by considering the recoverable amount of such assets at restaurant level. During the year ended 31 March 2021, management identified those restaurants with impairment indicators and performed impairment assessments to estimate the corresponding recoverable amounts of their property, plant and equipment and right-ofuse assets.

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined based on value-in-use basis which cover a period of the useful life or the remaining lease term, whichever is shorter. Impairment is recognised when the recoverable amount was lower than the carrying amount of a CGU. Key inputs to the determination of the recoverable amount includes the annual revenue growth and pre-tax discount rate. The pre-tax discount rate used to determine the recoverable amounts is approximately 11.5% per annum (2020: 8.7%).

物業、廠房及設備及使用權 資產(續)

- (a) 折舊開支1,074,357,000港元(二 零二零年:1,207,421,000港元) 及24,791,000港元(二零二零年: 26,388,000港元)已分別計入銷 售成本及行政費用(附註24),而 減值虧損26,385,000港元(二零 二零年:55,834,000港元)已計 入其他收入及其他淨(虧損)/溢 利(附註23)。
- 物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產 (b) 減值

本集團主要於自有物業及租賃物 業經營餐飲、機構飲食及休閒餐 飲,租賃期限為一至九年。管理 層視各個別餐廳為獨立可識別現 金產生單位,並透過考慮有關資 產於餐廳層面的可收回金額,對 出現減值跡象之各現金產生單位 進行減值評估。截至二零二一年 三月三十一日止年度,管理層識 別有減值跡象之餐廳,並對其進 行減值評估,以估計其物業、廠 房及設備及使用權資產之相應可 回收金額。

現金產生單位的可收回金額按使 用價值基準釐定,其涵蓋可使用 年期或餘下租期的期間(以較短者 為準)。當可收回金額低於現金產 生單位的賬面值,則確認減值。 釐定可收回金額的主要輸入數據 包括年度收益增長及税前折現 率。釐定可收回金額的年度稅前 折現率為約11.5%(二零二零年: 8.7%) 。

Property, Plant and Equipment and Right-6 of-Use Assets (Continued)

- (b) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-ofuse assets (Continued)
 - In connection with the impairment assessment performed, the Group recognised an impairment charge of property, plant and equipment of HK\$2,705,000 (2020: HK\$15,254,000) and right-of-use assets of HK\$23,680,000 (2020: HK\$40,580,000) for the year ended 31 March 2021.
- (c) The Group's land and buildings are analysed as follows:

- 物業、廠房及設備及使用權 資產(續)
 - 物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產 (b) 減值(續)

有關所進行之減值評估,於截至 二零二一年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團確認物業、廠房及設 備之減值支出2,705,000港元(二 零二零年:15,254,000港元)及使 用權資產之減值支出23,680,000 港元(二零二零年:40,580,000 港元)。

本集團土地及樓宇分析如下: (c)

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Net book value:	振面淨值:		
Freehold land	永久業權土地	14,811	14,811
Buildings	樓宇	525,571	536,919
		540,382	551,730

Property, Plant and Equipment and Right-6 of-Use Assets (Continued)

- 物業、廠房及設備及使用權 資產(續)
- (d) This note provides information for the leases where the Group is a lessee.
- (d) 此附註提供本集團為承租人的租 賃資料。
- Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of (i) financial position
- 於綜合財務狀況表中確認 (i) 的金額

The consolidated statement of financial position shows the following amounts related to leases:

綜合財務狀況表載列以下 與租賃有關的金額:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
D'abrada a santa	住田排次文		
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產		
Leasehold land and	租賃土地及土地使用權		
land use right		437,392	450,311
Properties	物業	1,686,991	2,254,928
		2,124,383	2,705,239
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		
Non-current	非流動	1,368,550	1,845,279
Current	流動	681,521	754,785
		2,050,071	2,600,064

Property, Plant and Equipment and Right-6 of-Use Assets (Continued)

- 物業、廠房及設備及使用權 資產(續)
- (d) This note provides information for the leases where the Group is a lessee. (Continued)
- (d) 此附註提供本集團為承租人的租 賃資料。(續)
- Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of (ii) income statement
- 於綜合損益表中確認之金 (ii) 額

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
		/E/L	l /E/L
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊		
Leasehold land and land use right	租賃土地及土地使用權	14,252	14,243
Properties	物業	733,714	861,782
		747,966	876,025
Interest expenses	利息開支		
(included in finance costs)	(計入財務成本)	84,869	110,538
Expense relating to short term	與短期租賃有關之費用		
leases (included in cost of sales)	(計入銷售成本)	33,043	22,737
	的三线切在从书 光子石机		
Expenses relating to variable	與可變租賃付款,並不包括		
lease payments not included	租賃負債有關之費用		
lease liabilities	(計入銷售成本)		
(included in cost of sales)		36,349	49,970

Leases entered by the Company were generally with lease term of 1 to 9 years with renewal option.

本公司訂立之租賃一般為 1至9年租期,並可選擇續 租。

During the year ended 31 March 2021, total cash outflows for leases were HK\$801,979,000 (2020: HK\$935,542,000).

截至二零二一年三月三十一 日止年度,租賃現金流出總 額 為801,979,000港 元(二 零二零年:935,542,000港 元)。

7 **Investment Properties**

投資物業 7

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$′000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Beginning of the year Fair value loss (Note 23)	年初結餘 公平值虧損(附註23)	585,600 (42,900)	628,000 (42,400)
End of the year	年末結餘	542,700	585,600

Amounts recognised in profit or loss for investment properties:

就投資物業於損益中確認的金額:

		<mark>2021</mark> 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Rental income Direct operating expenses from properties that generate	租金收入 產生租金收入之物業之 直接營運費用	14,864	21,312
rental income		(994)	(867)
		13,870	20,445

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had no un-provided contractual obligations for future repairs and maintenance (2020: Nil).

An independent valuation of the Group's investment properties was performed by CBRE Limited (the "Valuer") to determine the fair value of the investment properties as at 31 March 2021 and 2020. Fair value loss has been charged to other income and other (losses)/ gains, net (Note 23).

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團並 無有關未來維修及保養之未撥備合約責 任(二零二零年:無)。

本集團投資物業由CBRE Limited(「估值 師1) 進行獨立估值,以釐定投資物業於 二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日 的公平值。公平值虧損已在其他收入及 其他淨(虧損)/溢利(附註23)內扣除。

7 **Investment Properties (Continued)**

投資物業(續) 7

The following table analyses the investment properties carried at fair value, by valuation method.

下表利用估值法按公平值分析投資物業。

Fair value measurements at 31 March 2021 using

於二零二一年三月三十一日之公平值計量方式使用

Quoted prices in **Significant Significant** active markets for other observable unobservable identical assets inputs inputs

同類資產在活躍 其他可觀察的 非可觀察的 重大輸入值 市場上的報價 重大輸入值 (Level 1) (Level 2) (Level 3)

(第一級) (第二級) (第三級) HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

千港元 千港元 千港元

Recurring fair value measurements 經常性公平值計量

Description

描述

Investment properties: 投資物業:

- Shops - Hong Kong - 商舗 - 香港 542,700

Fair value measurements at 31 March 2020 using 於二零二零年三月三十一日之公平值計量方式使用 Quoted prices in Significant Significant active markets for unobservable other observable identical assets inputs inputs 同類資產在活躍 其他可觀察的 非可觀察的 市場上的報價 重大輸入值 重大輸入值 Description (Level 1) (Level 2) (Level 3) (第二級) 描述 (第一級) (第三級) HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元

Recurring fair value measurements 經常性公平值計量 Investment properties: 投資物業:

- Shops - Hong Kong - 商舗 - 香港 585,600

7 **Investment Properties (Continued)**

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

Valuation process of the Group

The fair value of the Group's investment property at 31 March 2021 were determined on the basis of a valuation by a qualified valuer in accordance with the "HKIS Valuation Standards 2017" published by the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors, which is also compliant with the RICS Valuation – Professional Standards of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and the International Valuation Standards (IVS).

Valuation technique

Fair value is defined as "the estimated amount for which an asset or liability should exchange on the valuation date between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's-length transaction after proper marketing and where the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion."

Under the direct comparison method, fair value of the investment property is derived from comparing the property to be valued directly with other comparable properties, which have recently transacted. However, given the heterogeneous nature of the properties, appropriate adjustments are usually required to allow for any qualitative differences that may affect the price likely to be achieved by the property under consideration. The most significant impact into this valuation approach is price per square meter. The higher the price per square meter, the higher the fair value of the investment properties.

There was no change to the valuation technique with that of prior year.

7 投資物業(續)

本集團政策為於事件日期或導致轉移發 生之情況出現變動時,確認公平值層級 的轉入及轉出。

年內,第一級、第二級及第三級間概無 轉移。

本集團的估值程序

本集團投資物業於二零二一年三月 三十一日的公平值已由合資格估值師按 估值基準釐定。估值乃根據香港測量師 學會刊發之香港測量師學會估值準則(二 零一七年版)進行,亦符合皇家特許測量 師學會之皇家特許測量師學會估值專業 準則及國際估值準則。

估值方法

公平值的定義為「自願買方與自願賣方 經適當市場推廣後基於公平原則, 在知 情、審慎及不受脅迫的情況下於估值日 期買賣資產或負債之估計價值」。

根據直接比較法,投資物業之公平值乃 以將予估值之物業與近期交易之其他可 比較物業進行直接比較而得出。然而, 由於各物業之性質互不相同,通常須 作出適當調整,從而容許存在可能影響 目標物業可能達致之價格之任何量化差 異。此估值方法對每平方米之價格影響 最為明顯。每平方米之價格越高,投資 物業之公平值越高。

相對去年的估值方法並無變動。

Investment Properties (Continued) 7

Valuation technique (Continued)

The Group's management reviews the valuation performed by independent valuer and holds discussion of the valuation processes and results are held with the independent qualified valuer once a year for financial reporting purpose.

投資物業(續) 7

估值方法(續)

本集團管理層審閱獨立估值師作出之估 值,並與獨立合資格估值師每年討論估 值程序及結果,以供財務匯報之用。

Intangible Assets 8

無形資產 8

		Goodwill 商譽 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Other intangible assets 其他無形資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
At 1 April 2019 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	於二零一九年四月一日 成本 累積攤銷及減值虧損	1,350 (246)	57,794 (57,046)	59,144 (57,292)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	1,104	748	1,852
Year ended 31 March 2020 Opening net book amount Amortisation expense (Note (a)) Exchange differences	截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度年初賬面淨值 難銷費用(附註(a)) 匯兑差額	1,104 - -	748 (408) (23)	1,852 (408) (23)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	1,104	317	1,421
At 31 March 2020 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	於二零二零年三月三十一日 成本 累積攤銷及減值虧損	1,350 (246)	57,794 (57,477)	59,144 (57,723)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	1,104	317	1,421
Year ended 31 March 2021 Opening net book amount Amortisation expense (Note (a)) Exchange differences	截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度年初賬面淨值 難銷費用(附註(a)) 匯兑差額	1,104 - -	317 (194) 2	1,421 (194) 2
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	1,104	125	1,229
At 31 March 2021 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	於二零二一年三月三十一日 成本 累積攤銷及減值虧損	1,350 (246)	57,794 (57,669)	59,144 (57,915)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	1,104	125	1,229

Intangible Assets (Continued) 8

- (a) Amortisation expense of HK\$194,000 (2020: HK\$408,000) has been charged to costs of sales.
- (b) Other intangible assets mainly represent franchise rights with useful lives of 5 to 20 years.

(c) Impairment tests for goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units (CGUs) identified according to country of operation.

A segment-level summary of the goodwill allocation is presented below.

8 無形資產(續)

- (a) 194,000港元(二零二零年:408,000港 元)之攤銷費用已計入銷售成本。
- (b) 其他無形資產主要包括專利權,其使用 年期為5至20年。

(c) 商譽減值測試

商譽乃按照本集團的經營國家(根據現金 產生單位識別)分配。

商譽分配的分部摘要呈報如下。

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Hong Kong	香港	1,104	1,104

The recoverable amounts of CGUs are determined based on the higher of (i) fair value less costs to sell and (ii) value in use determined using the discounted cash flow method. The calculations of the recoverable amounts of the CGUs in Hong Kong were determined with reference to their fair value less costs to sell.

現金產生單位的可收回金額乃按(i)公平 值減出售成本及(ii)以貼現現金流量法計 算之使用價值(以較高者為準)釐定。關 於香港現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根 據其公平值減出售成本計算。

Subsidiaries 9

附屬公司 9

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 March 2021:

下表載列於二零二一年三月三十一日的 主要附屬公司資料:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation 註冊成立/成立及經營地點	Issued/ registered capital 已發行/ 註冊股本	Class of shares held 所持 股份類別	Percentage of shares held¹ 所持股份 百分比¹	Principal activities 主要業務
Asia Pacific Catering Corporation Limited 泛亞飲食有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$101,000,000 101,000,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Catering 飲食
Barson Development Limited 霸新發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Bloomcheer Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$71,000,000	Ordinary	100%	Catering
報昌有限公司	香港	71,000,000港元	普通		飲食
Brilliantwin Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	Ordinary	100%	Catering
皓勝有限公司	香港	1,000,000港元	普通		飲食
Café de Coral Assets Limited	British Virgin Islan 英屬維京群島	nds US\$1 1美元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Café de Coral Central	Hong Kong	HK\$20	Ordinary	100%	Food processing
Processing Limited	香港	20港元	普通		食物生產
Café de Coral (China) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$92,291,880	Ordinary	100%	Investment holding
大家樂(中國)有限公司	香港	92,291,880港元	普通		投資控股
Café de Coral (Denmark) ApS	Denmark 丹麥	DKK125,000 125,000 丹麥克郎	Ordinary 普通	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Café de Coral Development	British Virgin Islan	nds US\$1	Ordinary	100%	Investment holding
Limited ¹	英屬維京群島	1美元	普通		投資控股
Café de Coral Group Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$148,923,550	Ordinary	100%	Catering
大家樂企業有限公司	香港	148,923,550港元	普通		飲食

Subsidiaries (Continued) 9

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation establishment and operation 註冊成立/成立及經營地點	t registered capital	Class of shares held 所持 股份類別	Percentage of shares held¹ 所持股份 百分比¹	Principal activities 主要業務
Café de Coral (Guangzhou) Catering Company Limited 大家樂(廣州)食品有限公司	The People's Republic of C ("PRC") 中華人民共和國 (「中國」)	HK\$21,000,000 China 21,000,000港元	-	100%	Catering 飲食
Café de Coral (Macau) Limited 大家樂(澳門)有限公司	Macau 澳門	MOP300,000 300,000澳門元	Ordinary 普通	70%	Catering 飲食
City Energy Limited 國能有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$200,000 200,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Dongguan Asia Pacific Catering Company Limited 東莞泛亞飲食有限公司	PRC 中國	HK\$7,400,000 7,400,000港元	-	100%	Catering 飲食
Dongguan Continental Foods Limited 東莞歐陸食品有限公司	PRC 中國	RMB39,186,061 人民幣39,186,061元	-	100%	Food processing 食物生產
Eldoon Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$16,000,000 16,000,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Catering 飲食
Exo Enterprises Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$4,000,000 4,000,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Catering 飲食
Foshan Café de Coral Catering Company Limited 佛山大家樂飲食有限公司	PRC 中國	HK\$6,000,000 6,000,000港元	-	100%	Catering 飲食
Gateway City Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Catering 飲食

Subsidiaries (Continued) 9

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation 註冊成立/成立 及經營地點	Issued/ registered capital 已發行/ 註冊股本	Class of shares held 所持 股份類別	Percentage of shares held¹ 所持股份 百分比¹	Principal activities 主要業務
Global Force Limited 強霸有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$92,466,446 92,466,446港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Catering 飲食
Grand Seasons (Central) Food and Beverages Caterers Company Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Catering 飲食
Greatpower Kingdom Limited 天威基業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$22,000,000 22,000,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Catering 飲食
Greenwise Limited 研慧有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$4,000,000 4,000,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Catering 飲食
Guangzhou Asia Pacific Catering Company Limited 廣州泛亞飲食有限公司	PRC 中國	HK\$16,000,000 16,000,000港元	-	100%	Catering 飲食
Guangzhou Café de Coral Foods Limited 廣州大家樂食品實業有限公司	PRC 中國	US\$23,500,000 23,500,000美元	-	100%	Food processing 食物生產
Honour Congee & Noodles Food Limited 賞粥麵食品有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Catering 飲食
Huizhou Asia Pacific Catering Company Limited 惠州泛亞飲食有限公司	PRC 中國	HK\$3,200,000 3,200,000港元	-	100%	Catering 飲食
Invol Resources Limited 國際富豪資源有限公司	Hong Kong (incorporation)/ PRC (operation) 香港(註冊成立)/ 中國(經營)	HK\$6,125,000 6,125,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Property investment 物業投資

Subsidiaries (Continued) 9

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation 註冊成立/成立 及經營地點	Issued/ registered capital 已發行/ 註冊股本	Class of shares held 所持 股份類別	Percentage of shares held¹ 所持股份 百分比¹	Principal activities 主要業務
Jiangmen Café de Coral Catering Company Limited 江門大家樂飲食有限公司	PRC 中國	HK\$5,000,000 5,000,000港元	-	100%	Catering 飲食
Kamstar International Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	Ordinary	100%	Catering
金昌泰國際有限公司	香港	1,000,000港元	普通		飲食
Kater International Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	Ordinary	100%	Catering
崎達國際有限公司	香港	1,000,000港元	普通		飲食
Kolink Enterprises Limited 國聯企業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK \$2 2港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Leasing of premises space 租賃物業位置
Luckyview Enterprises Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	Ordinary	100%	Leasing of properties
祥耀企業有限公司	香港	1港元	普通		租賃物業
Maradona Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$20 20港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Paramount Success Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$24,000,000	Ordinary	100%	Catering
速成有限公司	香港	24,000,000港元	普通		投資控股
Perfect Plan International	British Virgin Island	s US\$1	Ordinary	100%	Investment holding
Limited	英屬維京群島	1美元	普通		投資控股
Real King Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$25,000,000	Ordinary	100%	Catering
俊詠有限公司	香港	25,000,000港元	普通		飲食
Regal Universal Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$18,000,000	Ordinary	100%	Catering
威高環球有限公司	香港	18,000,000港元	普通		飲食
Scanfoods Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2,100,000	Ordinary	100%	Food trading
北歐國際食品有限公司	香港	2,100,000港元	普通		食品貿易

Subsidiaries (Continued) 9

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation 註冊成立/成立 及經營地點	Issued/ registered capital 已發行/ 註冊股本	Class of shares held 所持 股份類別	Percentage of shares held ¹ 所持股份 百分比 ¹	Principal activities 主要業務
Shenzhen Café de Coral Catering Company Limited 深圳大家樂飲食有限公司	PRC 中國	HK\$12,000,000 12,000,000港元	-	100%	Catering 飲食
Shenzhen Prime Deal Catering Company Limited 深圳威耀飲食有限公司	PRC 中國	HK\$32,000,000 32,000,000港元	-	100%	Catering 飲食
Silver Weal Enterprises Limited 銀利豐企業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Catering 飲食
Sparango Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$16,000,000 16,000,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Catering 飲食
The Spaghetti House Restaurants Limited 意粉屋有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000,000 10,000,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Very Nice Fast Food Limited 好樂意食品有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$17,025,000 17,025,000港元 HK\$5,675,000 5,675,000港元	Class A ² A類別 ² Class B ² B類別 ²	100%	Catering 飲食
Vogue Asia Limited 威裕亞洲有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Weli Company Limited 合二有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Catering 飲食
Winfast Holdings Limited 永發集團有限公司	Hong Kong (incorporation)/ PRC (operation) 香港(註冊成立)/ 中國(經營)	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Property investment 物業投資

Subsidiaries (Continued) 9

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation 註冊成立/成立 及經營地點	Issued/ registered capital 已發行/ 註冊股本	Class of shares held 所持 股份類別	Percentage of shares held¹ 所持股份 百分比¹	Principal activities 主要業務
Worldway Limited 宏偉有限公司	Macau 澳門	MOP300,000 300,000澳門元	Ordinary 普通	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Yumi Yumi Caterers Limited 音音飲食有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$6,701,560 6,701,560港元 HK\$2,872,100 2,872,100港元	Class A ³ A類別 ³ Class B ³ B類別 ³	100%	Catering and property investment 飲食及物業投資
Zhongshan Café de Coral Catering Company Limited 中山大家樂飲食有限公司	PRC 中國	HK\$1,300,000 1,300,000港元	-	100%	Catering 飲食
Zhuhai Café de Coral Catering Company Limited 珠海大家樂飲食有限公司	PRC 中國	HK\$8,000,000 8,000,000港元	-	100%	Catering 飲食
	Café de Coral Development Limited is held directly by the Company. All other 1 Café de Coral Development Limited 由本 subsidiaries are held indirectly. 1 直接持有。所有其他附屬公司均為間接持				
	Holders of class A shares of this subsidiary have priority over those of class B shares on certain shareholders' rights.				A類別股份之持有人之若干股 頁別股份之持有人所擁有之權
	Holders of class A shares of this subsidiary have voting rights, while holders of class B shares have no voting rights.				A類別股份之持有人擁有投票 於分之持有人並無投票權。
The official names of the cortranslation is for reference only		C are in Chinese. Englis	h 4	於中國註冊成 文。英文譯名值	立的公司之法定名稱使用中 重供參考。
5 All of the companies incorpora	ated in PRC are wholly forei	gn owned enterprises.	5	所有於中國註冊]成立的公司為外商全資企業。

10 Financial Assets at Fair Value Through **Other Comprehensive Income**

10 按公平值列入其他全面收入 之金融資產

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income include the following:

按公平值列入其他全面收入之金融資產 包括以下項目:

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Listed investments denominated in HK\$ 上市投資(以港元計值)		
– Market value of listed equity securities – 上市股權證券市值	96,951	101,033

The fair values of the listed equity investments are based on their current bid prices in an active market.

上市股權投資的公平值根據活躍市場的 現行賣出價計算。

Non-Current Prepayments and Deposits 11

11 非流動預付款項及按金

Non-current prepayments and deposits include the following:

非流動預付款項及按金包括下列:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Deposits Prepayments	按金 預付款項	254,618 29,004	269,381 8,439
		283,622	277,820

Non-Current Prepayments and Deposits 11 (Continued)

11 非流動預付款項及按金(續)

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-current deposits were denominated in the following currencies:

本集團之非流動按金的賬面值以下列貨 幣計值:

澳門元	1,349	1,438
人民幣	32,384	28,185
港元	220,885	239,758
	千港元	千港元
	二零二一年	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
	人民幣	HK\$'000

Inventories 12

Inventories mainly comprise food and consumable stores and are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value.

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in cost of sales amounted to HK\$2,008,142,000 during the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: HK\$2,258,184,000).

存貨 12

存貨主要包括食物及消耗品,按成本值 與可變現淨值兩者之較低者入賬。

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年 度,已確認為支出及已計入銷售成本之 存貨成本為2,008,142,000港元(二零二 零年:2,258,184,000港元)。

Trade and Other Receivables, Prepayments 13 and Deposits

營業及其他應收賬項、預付 13 款項及按金

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
		17670	17575
Trade receivables	營業應收賬項	38,149	51,057
Less: Loss allowance	減:虧損撥備	(823)	(875)
Trade receivables – net (Note a)	營業應收淨賬項(附註a)	37,326	50,182
Other receivables (Note b)	其他應收賬項(附註b)	65,213	116,336
		102,539	166,518
Prepayments	預付款項	49,260	58,340
Deposits	按金	2,230	2,580
		154,029	227,438

- The Group's sales to customers are mainly on a cash basis. (a) The Group also grants a credit period between 30 to 90 days to certain customers for the provision of the Group's institutional catering services, sales of merchandise for the Group's food manufacturing business and its franchisees.
- As at 31 March 2021, other receivables primarily comprise (b) value-added tax recoverables and receivables from a security logistic company.
- 本集團對客戶之銷售以現金交易 (a) 為主。本集團亦給予三十至九十 天信貸期予部分機構飲食服務、 銷售本集團食品製造業務商品之 顧客和特許加盟商。
- 於二零二一年三月三十一日,其 (b) 他應收賬項主要包括可收回增值 税及保安物流公司的其他應收賬 項。

Trade and Other Receivables, Prepayments 13 and Deposits (Continued)

13 營業及其他應收賬項、預付 款項及按金(續)

The ageing analysis of trade receivables is as follows:

營業應收賬項的賬齡分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$′000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
0 – 30 days 31 – 60 days 61 – 90 days 91 – 365 days Over 365 days	零至三十日 三十一日至六十日 六十一日至九十日 九十一日至三百六十五日 超過三百六十五日	27,362 6,378 2,288 1,296 825	23,754 7,070 9,272 10,084 877
		38,149	51,057

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measure provision for loss allowance which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. Details on the calculation of loss allowance is set out in Note 3.1(d). The creation and release of loss allowance of trade receivables have been included in administrative expenses in the consolidated income statement. Amounts charged to the allowance account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash. The Directors are of the opinion that adequate provision for uncollectible trade receivables has been made in the consolidated financial statements.

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables approximate their fair values due to their short maturities.

本集團應用香港財務報告準則9簡化方 法計量虧損撥備,該虧損撥備對所有營 業應收賬項採用存續期預期虧損撥備。 虧損撥備之計算詳情載於附註3.1(d)。新 增和撥回的營業應收賬項虧損撥備已計 入綜合損益表內之行政費用。在撥備賬 目中扣除的數額一般會在預期無法收回 額外現金時撇銷。董事認為在綜合財務 報表已為未能收回之營業應收賬項作出 充分撥備。

由於還款期限較短,營業及其他應收賬 項的賬面值約相等於其公平值。

Trade and Other Receivables, Prepayments 13 and Deposits (Continued)

13 營業及其他應收賬項、預付 款項及按金(續)

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團的營業及其他應收賬項之賬面值 按以下貨幣計值:

		<mark>2021</mark> 二零二一年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK\$ RMB	港元人民幣	63,772 38,757	117,506 48,804
Others	其他	102,539	208 166,518

The carrying amounts of the Group's current deposits are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團的流動按金的賬面值按以下貨幣 計值:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
HK\$	港元	161	618
RMB	人民幣	2,069	1,658
Canadian dollar	加拿大元	_	288
Macau pataca	澳門元	_	16
		2,230	2,580

Bank Deposits with Maturity Over Three 14 **Months and Cash and Cash Equivalents**

14 超過三個月到期日的銀行存 款及現金及現金等值項目

Bank deposits with maturity over three months (a)

As at 31 March 2021, bank deposits with maturity over three months bore average interest rate of 0.05% (2020: 1.25%) per annum.

Bank deposits with maturity over three months were denominated in the following currencies:

(a) 超過三個月到期日的銀行存款

於二零二一年三月三十一日,超過三個 月到期日的銀行存款的平均年利率為 0.05%(二零二零年:1.25%)。

超過三個月到期日的銀行存款以下列貨 幣計值:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元
US dollar	美元	19,373	_
Canadian dollar	加拿大元	1,849	1,641
		21,222	1,641

(b) Cash and cash equivalents

(b) 現金及現金等值項目

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Cash at banks and on hand Short-term bank deposits	銀行及手持現金 短期銀行存款	569,416 1,503,096	152,377 192,695
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	2,072,512	345,072

The effective interest rate on short-term bank deposits was 1.0% (2020: 3.6%) per annum. As at 31 March 2021, these deposits have an average maturity of 57 days (2020: 52 days).

短期銀行存款之實際年利率為1.0%(二 零二零年:3.6%),於二零二一年三月 三十一日,該等存款之平均到期日為57 日(二零二零年:52日)。

Bank Deposits with Maturity Over Three 14 Months and Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

- 超過三個月到期日的銀行存 14 款及現金及現金等值項目 (續)
- (b) Cash and cash equivalents (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents were denominated in the following currencies:

(b) 現金及現金等值項目(續)

現金及現金等值項目以下列貨幣計值:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
HK\$ RMB Macau pataca US dollar	港元 人民幣 澳門元 美元	1,873,166 164,697 30,747 3,426	236,624 63,694 21,375 22,751
Canadian dollar Others	加拿大元 其他	457 19 2,072,512	610 18 345,072

The Group's cash and bank balances amounting to HK\$160,275,000 (2020: HK\$59,758,000) were denominated in RMB and were deposited with banks in the PRC. The conversion of these RMB denominated balances into foreign currencies and remittance of these deposits out of the PRC is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

本集團以人民幣計值的現金及銀行結 餘160,275,000港元(二零二零年: 59,758,000港元)存放於中國內地銀行。 將該等以人民幣計值的結餘兑換為外幣 及匯出中國須遵守中國政府頒佈的外匯 管制規定及條例。

15 Retirement Benefit Assets/(Liabilities) and **Provision for Long Service Payments**

退休金福利資產/(負債)及 15 長期服務金撥備

	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Π Κ \$ 000	Π Λ Φ 000
	千港元	千港元
Retirement benefit assets/(liabilities) 退休金福利資產/(負債)		
Defined contribution schemes (Note a) 界定供款計劃(附註a)	(13,946)	(13,750)
Defined benefit scheme (Note b) 界定福利計劃(附註b)	542	(10,346)
Provision for long service payments 長期服務金撥備(附註c)		
(Note c)	(30,629)	(48,778)

(a) Defined contribution schemes

The Group operates the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The scheme is administered by an independent trustee.

Under the MPF scheme, each of the Group and the eligible employees makes monthly mandatory contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The mandatory contributions by each party are subject to a maximum of HK\$1,500 per month. Contributions to the scheme vest immediately upon the completion of service in the relevant service period.

The Group also operates defined contribution schemes for its employees in the Mainland China. The Group is required to make contributions to the schemes at various applicable rates of monthly salary that are in accordance with the local practice and regulations.

As at 31 March 2021, the Group has defined contribution scheme payable of HK\$13,946,000 (2020: HK\$13,750,000), which were recorded in other creditors and accrued liabilities.

(a) 界定供款計劃

本集團按香港強制性公積金計劃條例為 於香港僱傭條例司法權區內受僱之僱 員提供強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計 劃」)。該計劃由獨立受託人管理。

根據強積金計劃,本集團及其合資格僱 員均須每月按僱員有關收入(定義見強制 性公積金計劃條例)之5%為計劃供款。 雙方的強制性供款上限為每月1,500港 元。該計劃之供款於完成相關服務期間 之服務後隨即歸屬。

本集團亦為中國內地僱員提供界定供款 計劃。本集團須按當地慣例及規定,每 月按薪金的不同適用比率向該等計劃供 款。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團有 界定供款計劃應付款項13,946,000港元 (二零二零年:13,750,000港元),已計 入其他應付賬項及應計費用內。

Retirement Benefit Assets/(Liabilities) 15 and Provision for Long Service Payments (Continued)

退休金福利資產/(負債)及 15 長期服務金撥備(續)

(b) Defined benefit scheme

The Group also operates a defined benefit scheme for its employees in Hong Kong. The benefit entitlement under the scheme is calculated based on the final salary of the staff and the length of service with the Group. The scheme assets are held independently of the Group's assets in separate trustee-administered funds.

The scheme is funded by contributions from the Group and the employees in accordance with qualified independent actuary's recommendation from time to time on the basis of periodic valuations.

Such defined benefit scheme obligation was valued by Mercer (Hong Kong) Limited, an independent qualified actuary, using the projected unit credit method.

The net assets/(liabilities) recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position are determined as follows:

(b) 界定福利計劃

本集團亦為香港僱員提供界定福利計 劃。該計劃的福利權益按照僱員於本集 團內之最終薪金及其服務年期計算。計 劃之資產乃與獨立信託管理基金內之本 集團資產分開持有。

此計劃由本集團與僱員按合資格獨立精 算師基於定期估值不時提供之建議而作 出之供款額進行供款。

此界定福利計劃責任由獨立合資格精算 師美世(香港)有限公司採用預計單位信 貸記存法進行估值。

在綜合財務狀況表內確認之淨資產/(負 債)按下列方式釐定:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Present value of funded obligations Fair value of plan assets	注資責任之現值 計劃資產之公平值	(76,331) 76,873	(87,591) 77,245
Net assets/(liabilities) in the consolidated statement of financial position	綜合財務狀況表內之淨資產/(負債)	542	(10,346)
Remeasurement on defined benefit obligation excluding interest expense	重新計量界定福利責任(利息開支除外)	1,950	3,845
Remeasurement on return on plan assets	重新計量計劃資產之回報	7,676	(2,999)

15 Retirement Benefit Assets/(Liabilities) 15 退休金福利資產/(負債)及 and Provision for Long Service Payments (Continued)

長期服務金撥備(續)

(b) Defined benefit scheme (Continued)

The movements in the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

(b) 界定福利計劃(續)

界定福利責任的變動如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Beginning of the year	年初結餘	(87,591)	(95,911)
,	· · · · · · · · · ·		
Current service cost	現有服務成本	(1,642)	(1,978)
Interest cost	利息成本	(487)	(1,356)
Employee contributions	僱員供款	(491)	(568)
Remeasurement on defined benefit	重新計量界定福利計劃		
scheme		1,950	3,845
Benefits paid	已付福利	11,930	8,377
End of the year	年末結餘	(76,331)	(87,591)

The movements in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

計劃資產的公平值變動如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Designing of the year	左 → π 4+ &Α	77 245	02.452
Beginning of the year	年初結餘	77,245	82,452
Interest income	利息收入	437	1,186
Employee contributions	僱員供款	491	568
Employer contributions	僱主供款	2,969	4,431
Administrative expenses paid	就計劃資產支付之行政費用		
from plan assets		(15)	(16)
Remeasurement on return on plan assets	重新計量計劃資產之回報	7,676	(2,999)
Benefits paid	已付福利	(11,930)	(8,377)
End of the year	年末結餘	76,873	77,245

Retirement Benefit Assets/(Liabilities) and Provision for Long Service Payments (Continued)

15 退休金福利資產/(負債)及 長期服務金撥備(續)

(b) Defined benefit scheme (Continued)

Amounts recognised in the consolidated income statement are as follows:

(b) 界定福利計劃(續)

在綜合損益表內確認之金額如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current service cost Interest cost Interest income on plan assets Administrative expenses	現有服務成本 利息成本 計劃資產之利息收入 行政費用	1,642 487 (437) 15	1,978 1,356 (1,186) 16
Total, included in employee benefit expenses (Note 29)	總額,已包括在僱員福利 開支內(附註29)	1,707	2,164

Of the total amount debited to the consolidated income statement, approximately HK\$855,000 (2020: HK\$1,135,000) and HK\$852,000 (2020: HK\$1,029,000) have been included in cost of sales and administrative expenses, respectively.

在計入綜合損益表的總額中已包括銷 售成本及行政費用,分別約855,000港 元(二零二零年:1,135,000港元)及 852,000港元(二零二零年:1,029,000 港元)。

The principal actuarial assumptions used are as follows:

所採用之主要精算假設如下:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Discount rate	貼現率	0.6% p.a. 每年 0.6%	0.6% p.a. 每年 0.6%
Expected rate of future salary increases	未來薪酬之預期增長率	4.0% p.a. 每年4.0%	4.0% p.a. 每年4.0%

The remeasurement of defined benefit obligation recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income was a gain of HK\$9,626,000 (2020: HK\$846,000).

在綜合全面收入報表確認的界定福利責 任之重新計量為收益9,626,000港元(二 零二零年:846,000港元)。

15 Retirement Benefit Assets/(Liabilities) and Provision for Long Service Payments (Continued)

15 退休金福利資產/(負債)及 長期服務金撥備(續)

(b) Defined benefit scheme (Continued)

The cumulative remeasurement of defined benefit obligation recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income was a loss of HK\$23,920,000 (2020: HK\$33,546,000).

The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of total plan assets are as follows:

(b) 界定福利計劃(續)

在綜合全面收入報表確認的界定福利責 任之累計重新計量為虧損23,920,000港 元(二零二零年:33,546,000港元)。

主要計劃資產種類佔總計劃資產百分比 如下:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Equity instruments Debt instruments	股權工具 債項工具	28.0% 61.7%	19.0% 68.7%
Other assets	其他資產	10.3%	12.3%

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation ("DBO") to changes in the assumption is:

界定福利責任對假設變動的敏感性為:

		Impact on DBO 對界定福利責任的影響		
Assumption	假設	Changes in assumption 假設變動	Increase in assumption 假設增加	Decrease in assumption 假設減少
Assumption	IFX DX		以以为	IX IX IIX IIX
Discount rate	貼現率	0.5%	Decreased by 1.8% 減少1.8%	Increased by 1.9% 增加1.9%
Salary increase rate	薪酬增長率	0.5%	Increased by 1.8% 增加1.8%	Decreased by 1.8% 減少1.8%

Expected contributions to the defined benefit scheme by the Group for the year ending 31 March 2022 are approximately HK\$2,854,000.

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團就界定福利計劃的預期供款約為 2,854,000港元。

Retirement Benefit Assets/(Liabilities) 15 and Provision for Long Service Payments (Continued)

退休金福利資產/(負債)及 15 長期服務金撥備(續)

(b) Defined benefit scheme (Continued)

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 3.7 years.

Expected maturity analysis of defined benefit obligation in the next ten years on 31 March 2021:

(b) 界定福利計劃(續)

界定福利責任的加權平均年期為3.7年。

於二零二一年三月三十一日對界定福利 責任於未來十年的預期到期日分析:

			Between	Between	
		Less than a	1-2	2-5	Next 5
		year	years	years	years
		一年以內	一至兩年	二至五年	下一個五年期
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Defined benefit obligation	界定福利責任	9,811	13,248	29,860	16,942

Through its defined benefit obligations, the Group is exposed to a number of risks. The defined benefit scheme offers a defined benefit depending on members' length of service and their salary at the time of leaving the firm. Active members contribute 2.5% of their salary to the scheme, while the Group bears the remainder cost of funding the scheme. The scheme exposes the Group to actuarial risks such as interest rate risk, salary risk, and investment risk.

Provision for long service payments (c)

The Group provides long service payments for its employees in respect of long service payments on cessation of employment in certain circumstances under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance.

Such provision for long service payment obligation was valued by Mercer (Hong Kong) Limited, an independent qualified actuary, using the projected unit credit method.

本集團透過界定福利責任面臨多項風 險。界定福利計劃提供一項視乎成員服 務年期及彼等於離職時的薪酬而定的界 定福利。活躍成員根據其薪酬的2.5%向 計劃供款,而本集團則承擔該計劃的剩 餘費用。該計劃使本集團面臨如利率風 險、薪酬風險及投資風險等精算風險。

(c) 長期服務金撥備

本集團根據香港僱傭條例在若干情況下 終止聘用員工而支付長期服務金予員工。

此長期服務金撥備責任由獨立合資格精 算師美世(香港)有限公司採用預計單位 信貸記存法進行估值。

- Retirement Benefit Assets/(Liabilities) 15 and Provision for Long Service Payments (Continued)
- 15 退休金福利資產/(負債)及 長期服務金撥備(續)
- Provision for long service payments (Continued) (c)

The liability recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position is determined as follows:

(c) 長期服務金撥備(續)

在綜合財務狀況表內確認之負債如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Liability in the consolidated statement of financial position	綜合財務狀況表內之負債	(30,629)	(48,778)
Remeasurement on plan liabilities	計劃負債之重新計量	15,261	(3,621)

Movements in the liability recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

在綜合財務狀況表內確認之負債變動如 下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Beginning of the year Current service cost Interest cost Remeasurement of provision	年初結餘 現有服務成本 利息成本 長期服務金撥備之重新計量	(48,778) (2,788) (282)	(45,258) (2,131) (656)
of long service payments Benefits paid	已付福利	15,261 5,958	(3,621)
End of the year	年末結餘	(30,629)	(48,778)

Retirement Benefit Assets/(Liabilities) 15 and Provision for Long Service Payments (Continued)

15 退休金福利資產/(負債)及 長期服務金撥備(續)

(c) Provision for long service payments (Continued)

Amounts recognised in the consolidated income statement are as follows:

(c) 長期服務金撥備(續)

在綜合損益表確認之金額如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current service cost Interest cost	現有服務成本 利息成本	2,788 282	2,131 656
Total, included in employee benefit expenses (Note 29)	總額,已包括在僱員福利開支內 (附註29)	3,070	2,787

Of the total charge, HK\$3,070,000 (2020: HK\$2,787,000) have been included in administrative expenses.

總支出中,3,070,000港元(二零二零 年:2,787,000港元)包括在行政費用內。

The principal actuarial assumptions used are as follows:

所採用之主要精算假設如下:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Discount rate	貼現率	1.1% p.a. 每年1.1%	0.6% p.a. 每年 0.6%
Expected rate of future salary increases	未來薪酬之預期增長率	每年 1.1% 4.0% p.a. 每年 4.0%	每年 0.6% 4.0% p.a. 每年 4.0%

The remeasurement of provision of long service payments recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income was a gain of HK\$15,261,000 (2020: a loss of HK\$3,621,000).

在綜合全面收入報表內確認的長期服務 金撥備之重新計量為收益15,261,000港 元(二零二零年:虧損3,621,000港元)。

The cumulative remeasurement of provision of long service payments recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income was a loss of HK\$32,913,000 (2020: HK\$48,174,000).

在綜合全面收入報表內確認的長期服務 金撥備之累計重新計量為虧損32,913,000 港元(二零二零年:48,174,000港元)。

15 Retirement Benefit Assets/(Liabilities) and Provision for Long Service Payments (Continued)

退休金福利資產/(負債)及 15 長期服務金撥備(續)

(c) Provision for long service payments (Continued)

Expected contributions to the long service payment obligation by the Group for the year ending 31 March 2022 after the offset the accrued MPF account balance is approximately HK\$1,913,000.

The weighted average duration of the long service payment obligation is 6.5 years.

Expected maturity analysis of long service payment obligation in the next ten years on 31 March 2021:

長期服務金撥備(續) (c)

於抵銷應計強積金賬戶結餘後,本集團 於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度 預期將予支付之長期服務金責任供款約 為1,913,000港元。

長期服務金責任之加權平均年期為6.5

於二零二一年三月三十一日之長期服務 金責任於未來十年之預期到期日分析:

			Between	Between	
		Less than a	1-2	2-5	Next 5
		year	years	years	years
		一年以內	一至兩年	二至五年	下一個五年期
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Long service payment					
obligation	長期服務金責任	1,913	2,902	9,007	10,164

The long service payment obligation arises as per Hong Kong Employment Ordinance to the extent that the long service payment obligation exceeds the employer balance in the Hong Kong mandatory defined contribution plan. It exposes the Group to actuarial risks such as interest rate risk, salary risk and the investment risk of the Company's MPF scheme's constituent funds.

根據香港僱傭條例,倘長期服務金責任 超過香港強制性界定供款計劃之僱主結 餘,則產生長期服務令責任。本集團須 因此承受利率風險、薪金風險及本公司 強積金計劃成分基金投資風險等精算風 險。

Deferred Income Tax 16

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority. The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown on the consolidated statement of financial position:

16 遞延税項

當有合法強制執行權利可將即期稅項資 產與稅項負債互相抵銷,及遞延稅項涉 及同一財政機關,則遞延税項資產及負 債即可互相抵銷。綜合財務狀況表內顯 示的款額(經作出適當抵銷後釐定)如 下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Deferred income tax assets to be recovered after 12 months Deferred income tax liabilities to be	將於12個月後收回的遞延 税項資產 將於12個月後償付的遞延	70,733	66,294
settled after 12 months	税項負債	(33,424)	(29,410)

Movements in net deferred income tax assets are as follows:

淨遞延税項資產之變動如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Beginning of the year	年初結餘	36,884	29,070
Deferred taxation credited to the consolidated income statement (Note 26)	在綜合損益表扣除之 遞延税項(附註26)	588	7,864
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(163)	(50)
End of the year	年末結餘	37,309	36,884

16 Deferred Income Tax (Continued)

The movements in deferred income tax assets and liabilities of the Group (prior to offsetting of balances within the same taxation jurisdiction) during the year are as follows:

本集團之年內遞延税項資產及負債之變 動(於同一徵税司法權區之結餘抵銷前) 如下:

Deferred income tax assets:

遞延税項資產:

	Decelera	ted tax	Lease liabilities,						
	depreciation		Tax losses		provision and others		Total		
	減速税工	減速税項折舊		税損		租賃負債、撥備及其他		總額	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Beginning of the year 年初結餘	9,617	9,673	34,565	23,150	444,623	441,027	488,805	473,850	
Credited/(charged) 在綜合損益表內 to the consolidated 和除/(計入)									
income statement	5,218	(56)	31,680	11,415	(353,001)	6,854	(316,103)	18,213	
Exchange differences 匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	5,479	(3,258)	5,479	(3,258)	
End of the year 年末結餘	14,835	9,617	66,245	34,565	97,101	444,623	178,181	488,805	

Deferred Income Tax (Continued) 16

16 遞延税項(續)

Deferred income tax liabilities:

遞延税項負債:

	Accelera	ted tax							
	deprec	depreciation		Provision		Right-of-use assets		Total	
	加速税	加速税項折舊		撥備		使用權資產		[
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Beginning of the year 年初結	徐 66,058	52,733	-	-	385,863	392,047	451,921	444,780	
	員益表內 注)/計入								
income statement	(679)	13,325	685	-	(316,697)	(2,976)	(316,691)	10,349	
Exchange differences 匯兑差額	額 –	-	-	-	5,642	(3,208)	5,642	(3,208)	
End of the year 年末結	65,379	66,058	685	_	74,808	385,863	140,872	451,921	

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses carrying forwards to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefits through the future taxable profits is probable. As at 31 March 2021, the Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets in respect of losses of approximately HK\$826,370,000 (2020: HK\$457,698,000). Unrecognised tax losses amounting to approximately HK\$205,568,000 (2020: HK\$202,602,000) and HK\$49,280,000 (2020: HK\$47,208,000) will be expired up to year 2037 and 2025 respectively, while the remaining balance can be carried forward indefinitely.

Deferred income tax liabilities of HK\$11,478,000 (2020: HK\$7,714,000) have not been recognised for withholding tax that would be payable on the undistributed retained profits amounting to HK\$193,342,000 (2020: HK\$124,696,000) of the Company's subsidiaries in Mainland China earned after 1 January 2008. Such amounts are not intended to be distributed in the foreseeable future to the group companies outside of the Mainland China.

遞延税項資產乃因應相關稅務利益可透 過未來應課税溢利變現而就所結轉之稅 損作確認。於二零二一年三月三十一 日,本集團並無就虧損約826,370,000 港元(二零二零年:457,698,000港元) 確認遞延税項資產。約205,568,000 港元(二零二零年:202,602,000港 元)及49,280,000港元(二零二零年: 47,208,000港元)未確認税損將分別於 二零三七年及二零二五年屆滿,餘下結 餘可無限期結轉。

本公司於中國內地的附屬公司所賺取的 二零零八年一月一日後未分配保留溢 利 為 193,342,000港 元(二零二零年: 124,696,000港元)應付的預扣税,並 未確認11,478,000港元(二零二零年: 7,714,000港元)的遞延税項負債。有關 金額不擬於可見將來分配給中國內地以 外的集團公司。

Trade Payables 17

17 營業應付賬項

The ageing analysis of trade payables is as follows:

營業應付賬項的賬齡分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
0 – 30 days 31 – 60 days 61 – 90 days Over 90 days	零至三十日 三十一至六十日 六十一至九十日 超過九十日	174,377 2,641 816 349	167,135 1,727 1,333 1,966
		178,183	172,161

The carrying amounts of trade payables are denominated in the following currencies:

營業應付賬項的賬面值以下列貨幣計 值:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
HK\$ RMB	港元 人民幣	136,863 41,320	128,588 43,573
		178,183	172,161

The carrying amounts of trade payables approximate their fair values due to their short maturities.

由於還款期限較短,營業應付賬項的賬 面值約相等於其公平值。

Other Creditors and Accrued Liabilities 18

Other creditors and accrued liabilities mainly comprise accrued salaries and wages and other provisions. Substantially all of the other creditors and accrued liabilities are denominated in HK\$ and RMB.

18 其他應付賬項及應計費用

其他應付賬項及應計費用主要包括應計 薪金、工資及其他撥備。其他應付賬項 及應計費用幾乎全部以港元及人民幣計 值。

Bank Borrowings 19

19 銀行貸款

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current Long-term bank borrowings	非流動 長期銀行貸款	1,099,433	-
Less: Current portion included in current liabilities	減:計入流動負債之即期部分	(100,000)	-
		999,433	_
Current Short-term bank borrowings At 31 March 2021, the Group's ban follows:	流動 短期銀行貸款 k borrowings were repayable as	80,000 於二零二一年三月三十一 償還之銀行貸款如下:	- 日,本集團應
		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Within 1 year Between 1 and 2 years Between 2 and 5 years	1年內 1至2年內 2至5年內	180,000 100,000 899,433	- - -
		1,179,433	_

19 **Bank Borrowings (Continued)**

The Group's bank borrowings are secured by the corporate guarantees provided by the Company. In addition, the Group is required to comply with certain restrictive financial covenants imposed by the banks.

The carrying amounts of bank borrowings approximate their fair

An analysis of the carrying amounts of the Group's bank borrowings by type and currency is as follows:

銀行貸款(續) 19

本集團之銀行貸款由本公司提供之公司 擔保作為抵押。此外,本集團須遵守銀 行施加之若干財務限制契約。

銀行貸款之賬面值與其公平值相若。

按種類及貨幣分類之本集團銀行貸款賬 面值之分析如下:

> 2020 2021 二零二一年 二零二零年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元

HK\$ at floating rates 港元,浮動利率 1,179,433

As at 31 March 2021, the effective interest rate of the bank borrowings was 1.0% per annum (2020: Not applicable).

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had total banking facilities amounting to HK\$2,219,564,000 (2020: HK\$945,000,000) of which HK\$1,331,235,000 were utilised (2020: HK\$159,462,000). As at 31 March 2021, the Group had available unutilised banking facilities of HK\$888,329,000 (2020: HK\$785,538,000).

於二零二一年三月三十一日,銀行貸款 之實際年利率為1.0%(二零二零年:不 適用)。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團 之銀行信貸總額達2,219,564,000港元 (二零二零年:945,000,000港元),其 中1,331,235,000港元(二零二零年: 159,462,000港元)已獲動用。於二零 二一年三月三十一日,本集團有可動用 之銀行信貸額為888,329,000港元(二零 二零年:785,538,000港元)。

Share Capital 20

股本 20

2021

		2021		2020		
		二零二一年		二零.	二零年	
		Number of	Nominal	Number of	Nominal	
		share	value	share	value	
		股份數目	面值	股份數目	面值	
		′000	HK\$'000	′000	HK\$'000	
		千股	千港元	千股	千港元	
Authorised:	法定:					
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10	普通股每股面值					
each	0.10港元					
Beginning and end of the year	年初與年末結餘	1,000,000	100,000	1,000,000	100,000	
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:					
Issued and fully paid:		FOF 704	F0 F70	FOF F43	E0 EE4	
Beginning of the year	年初結餘	585,704	58,570	585,543	58,554	
Shares issued under share	根據股份期權計劃					
option scheme (Note 32)	發行股份(附註32)	_	_	161	16	
End of the year	在主任統	EOE 704	E9 E70	E9E 704	E0 E70	
End of the year	年末結餘	585,704	58,570	585,704	58,570	

During the year, no shares were issued pursuant to the Share Option Scheme of the Company.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, 161,000 shares of HK\$0.10 each were issued pursuant to the Share Option Scheme of the Company and total proceeds less expenses amounting to HK\$3,601,000 were provided to the Group with working capital.

During the year, the Group purchased 1,542,055 (2020: 1,686,126) of its own shares through the trustee of the Share Award Scheme from the open market. The total amount paid to acquire these shares was approximately HK\$25,480,000 (2020: HK\$40,631,000) and has been deducted from shareholders' equity. As at 31 March 2021, such shares were recorded as treasury shares of the Company and the Group as they were not yet vested.

年內,概無股份按本公司之股份期權計 劃發行。

2020

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 161,000股每股面值為0.10港元之股份 按本公司之股份期權計劃發行。所得款 總額減開支之3,601,000港元用作為本 集團提供流動資金。

年內,本集團透過其股份獎勵計劃受 託人於公開市場上購買1,542,055股 (二零二零年:1,686,126股)其自有 股份。就購買該等股份支付之總金額 約 為25,480,000港元(二零二零年: 40,631,000港元),已自股東權益內撇 減。於二零二一年三月三十一日,因股 份尚未歸屬,該等股份作為本公司及本 集團的庫存股入賬。

21 儲備 21 Reserves

							Share	Shares held					
			Capital	Exchange			based	for share	Statutory				
		Share	Redemption	translation			compensation	award	reserve				
		premium	reserve	reserve	Capital	Investment	reserve	scheme	法定儲備	Contributed	Revaluation	Retained	
			資本	外幣	reserve	reserve	以股份支付	股份獎勵計劃	(note i)	surplus	reserve	earnings	Total
		股份溢價	贖回儲備	折算儲備	資本儲備	投資儲備	的酬金儲備	持有之股份	(附註i)	實繳盈餘	估值儲備	保留溢利	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 1 April 2020 Fair value loss on financial	於二零二零年四月一日 按公平值列入其他全面	621,122	152,034	16,375	21,079	650	26,304	(146,021)	31,158	80,696	140,224	1,664,542	2,608,163
assets at fair value through	收入之金融資產的												
other comprehensive income	公平值虧損	_	_	_	_	(4,082)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(4,082)
Remeasurement of retirement	重新計量退休金福利負債												,
benefit liabilities and provision	及長期服務金撥備												
for long service payments		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	24,887	24,887
Fransfer to statutory reserves	轉撥至法定儲備	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,929	_	_	(1,929)	_
Employee share award	僱員股份獎勵											(,, ,,	
scheme – value of employee	計劃 - 僱員服務價值												
services	81 = 1 m > 1 m > 1 m > 1 m	_	_	_	_	_	33.123	_	_	_	_	_	33,123
Vesting of shares of share award	股份遊勵計劃的股份歸屬						,						,
scheme		_	_	_	_	_	(23,287)	30,557	_	_	_	(7,270)	_
Exchange differences arising	轉換海外附屬公司之						(25/20.7	50,551				(.,=,	
from translation of foreign	運 兑差額												
subsidiaries	□ /0/上版	_	_	32,249	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	32,249
Profit attributable to equity	本公司股權持有人應佔溢利			32,213									32/2 13
holders of the Company	1 会小水库以口/00份里门	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	359,130	359,130
Purchase of shares	購入股份	_	_	_	_	_	_	(25,480)		_	_	-	(25,480)
Dividends	股息	_	_		_	_	_	(25/100)	_	_	_	(57,723)	(57,723)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年	***				<i>*</i> *		444					
	三月三十一日結餘	621,122	152,034	48,624	21,079	(3,432)	36,140	(140,944)	33,087	80,696	140,224	1,981,637	2,970,267

21 Reserves (Continued)

21 儲備(續)

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital Redemption reserve 資本 購回儲備 <i>HK\$</i> 000 千港元	Exchange translation reserve 外幣 折算儲備 <i>HK\$</i> 000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Investment reserve 投資儲備 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	Share based compensation reserve 以股份支付的酬金儲備 HK\$*000	Shares held for share award scheme 股份獎勵計劃 持有之股份 <i>HK\$000</i> <i>干港元</i>	Statutory reserve 法定儲備 (note i) (附註i) <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元	Contributed surplus 實繳盈餘 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	Revaluation reserve 估值儲備 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Retained earnings 保留溢利 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Total 總額 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元
	於二零一九年四月一日 已發行股份所得款項 按公平值列入其他	616,811 3,585	152,034 -	41,668 -	21,079 -	53,719 -	25,377 -	(133,020)	27,273 -	80,696 -	140,224 -	2,090,219	3,116,080 3,585
at fair value through other comprehensive income Remeasurement of retirement benefit liabilities and provision	全面收入之金融資產 的公平值虧損 重新計量退休金福利負債 及長期服務金務備	-	-	-	-	(53,069)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(53,069)
for long service payments Transfer to statutory reserves Employee share award scheme – value of employee	轉撥至法定儲備 僱員股份獎勵計劃 -僱員服務價值	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,885	-	-	(2,775) (3,885)	(2,775)
services Release of share-based compensation reserve to share premium upon	因行使股份期權 由以股份支付的酬金儲備 轉入股份溢價	-	-	-	-	-	23,845	-	-	-	-	-	23,845
exercise of share options Transfer upon lapse of share	因股份期權失效而轉撥	726	-	-	-	-	(726)	-	-	-	-	-	-
options Vesting of shares of share award scheme	股份獎勵計劃的股份歸屬	-	_	_	-	-	(555) (21,637)	27,630	_	_	-	(5,993)	-
Exchange differences arising from translation of foreign	轉換海外附屬公司 之匯兑差額						(21,037)	27,000				(3,333)	
subsidiaries Profit attributable to equity	本公司股權持有人	-	-	(25,293)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(25,293)
holders of the Company Purchase of shares	應佔溢利 購入股份	-	-	-	-	-	-	(40,631)	-	-	-	73,634	73,634 (40,631)
Dividends	股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(487,213)	(487,213)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年 三月三十一日結餘	621,122	152,034	16,375	21,079	650	26,304	(146,021)	31,158	80,696	140,224	1,664,542	2,608,163

Reserves (Continued) 21

(i) Under the relevant PRC laws and regulations, PRC companies are required to allocate 10% of the companies' net profit to the fund until such fund reaches 50% of the companies' registered capital. The statutory reserve fund can be utilised, upon approval by the relevant authorities, to offset against accumulated losses or to increase registered capital of the companies, provided that such fund is maintained at a minimum of 25% of the companies' registered capital.

儲備(續) 21

根據中國有關法律及規例,中國 (i) 公司須將公司淨溢利之10%分配 至該儲備金,直至該儲備金達致 公司註冊資本之50%為止。法定 儲備金經有關當局批准後可用於 抵銷累計虧損或增加公司之註冊 資本,惟該儲備金最低須維持於 公司註冊資本之25%水平。

22 Revenue

22 收入

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Sales of food and beverages Rental income Management and service fee income Sundry income	出售食物及飲品 租金收入 管理及服務費收入 雜項收入	6,627,557 38,341 5,400 42,957	7,877,944 47,737 6,127 31,289
		6,714,255	7,963,097

Other Income and Other (Losses)/Gains, 23 其他收入及其他淨(虧損)/ 23 溢利 Net

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Dividend income from listed equity investments	上市股權投資股息收入	3,572	12,246
Fair value loss on investment properties (Note 7)	投資物業的公平值虧損(附註7)	(42,900)	(42,400)
Loss on disposal of other property, plant and equipment, net	出售其他物業、廠房及設備淨虧損	(12,840)	(19,072)
Impairment loss of property, plant and equipment (Note 6)	物業、廠房及設備之減值虧損(附註6)	(2,705)	(15,254)
Impairment loss of right-of-use assets (Note 6)	使用權資產之減值虧損(附註6)	(23,680)	(40,580)
Government subsidies (Note a)	政府資助(附註a)	638,868	60,289
Others	其他	696	4,231
		561,011	(40,540)

- These primarily represented government subsidies in relation (a) to the COVID-19 pandemic which included subsidies of HK\$486,767,000 under the Employment Support Scheme (2020: Nil) and other subsidies of HK\$135,971,000 (2020: HK\$57,240,000) granted under the Anti-Epidemic Fund of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region.
- 該等款項主要由香港特別行政區 (a) 政府轄下防疫抗疫基金因新冠 肺炎流行而提供之補助,當中 包括「保就業」計劃工資補貼為 486,767,000港元(二零二零年: 無)及其他補貼為135,971,000港 元(二零二零年:57,240,000港 元)。

Expenses by Nature 24

24 按性質分類的費用

Expenses included in cost of sales and administrative expenses are analysed as follows:

包括在銷售成本及行政費用的費用分析 如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Cost of raw materials and packing Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 8) Depreciation expenses (Note 6)	原材料及包裝成本 無形資產攤銷(附註8) 折舊開支(附註6)	2,008,142 194	2,258,184 408
– property, plant and equipment	- 物業、廠房及設備	351,182	357,784
– leasehold land and land use rights	- 分類作使用權資產的租賃土地	44.252	14242
classified as right-of-use assets	及土地使用權	14,252	14,243
right-of-use assets – propertiesExpenses relating to leases of	- 使用權資產 - 物業 有關以下項用租賃的開支	733,714	861,782
– short-term leases	- 短期租賃	33,043	22,737
variable lease payments not included	- 可變租賃付款 - 並不包括租賃負債	33,043	22,737
lease liabilities	1. 人工	36,349	49,970
Gain on modification and termination	租賃變動及終止之溢利	30,3 .3	.57576
of leases		(32,228)	_
Exchange losses, net	匯兑淨虧損	1,976	512
Employee benefit expenses (excluding share-based compensation expenses)	僱員福利開支(不包括以股份 支付酬金)(附註29)		
(Note 29)		2,332,973	2,672,600
Share-based compensation expenses	以股份支付酬金(附註29)		
(Note 29)		33,123	23,845
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	3,611	4,019
Electricity, water and gas	電費、水費及煤氣費	316,237	385,717
Advertising	推廣支出	88,639	71,871
Reversal of loss allowance on trade	營業應收賬項之轉回虧損	(==)	(2.27)
receivables (Note 13)	撥備(附註 13)	(52)	(307)
Sanitation	清潔費	120,973	124,973
Repairs & maintenance	維修及保養費	97,322	105,177
Other expenses	其他費用	662,236	760,344
		6,801,686	7,713,859
Representing:	代表:		
Cost of sales	銷售成本	6,339,067	7,232,445
Administrative expenses	行政費用	462,619	481,414
		6,801,686	7,713,859

25 **Finance Costs. Net**

25 財務淨成本

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Finance income Finance cost of lease liabilities Finance cost on bank borrowings	財務收入 租賃負債的財務成本 銀行貸款的財務成本	8,125 (84,869) (6,290)	16,098 (110,538) –
Finance costs, net	財務淨成本	(83,034)	(94,440)

Income Tax Expense 26

The Company is exempted from taxation in Bermuda until year 2035. Hong Kong profits tax has been provided for at the rate of 16.5% (2020: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

The amount of taxation charged to the consolidated income statement represents:

所得税費用 26

本公司於百慕達獲豁免徵税至二零三五 年。香港利得税乃按照年內估計應課 税溢利依税率16.5%(二零二零年: 16.5%) 提撥準備。海外溢利之税款則按 照年內估計應課税溢利依本集團經營業 務國家之現行税率計算。

於綜合損益表內扣除之稅項包括:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current income tax:	即期税項:		
Hong Kong profits taxPRC taxation	- 香港利得税 - 中國內地税項	24,643 13,803	35,210 13,072
Deferred income tax relating to the origination and reversal of temporary	暫時差異產生及轉回 涉及的遞延税項		
differences		(588)	(7,864)
Over provision in prior years	過往年度撥備過度	(7,862)	(546)
		29,996	39,872

Income Tax Expense (Continued) 26

26 所得税費用(續)

The taxation on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the taxation rate of Hong Kong as follows:

本集團有關除稅前溢利之稅項與假若採 用香港之税率而計算之理論税額之差額 如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Profit before income tax	除税前溢利	390,546	114,258
Calculated at a taxation rate of 16.5% (2020: 16.5%) Effect of different taxation rates	按税率16.5% (二零二零年:16.5%)計算的税項 其他地區不同税率之影響	64,440	18,853
in other territories	共10.40mm(10.400年之於音)	5,053	(1,583)
Income not subject to taxation	無須課税之收入 不可扣税的費用	(115,125)	(19,919)
Expenses not deductible for taxation purposes		20,332	27,598
Reversal of previously recognised temporary difference	轉回早前被確認之 暫時差異	1,846	339
Tax losses not recognised	未確認之税損	61,408	15,714
Over provision in prior years	過往年度撥備過度	(7,862)	(546)
Others	其他	(96)	(584)
Taxation charge	税項支出	29,996	39,872

Dividends 27 股息 27

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
(2020: HK19 cents) per ordinary share	已派中期股息:每股普通股10港仙 (二零二零年:19港仙) 建議末期股息:每股普通股28港仙 (二零二零年:無)	58,570 163,997	111,284
		222,567	111,284

A final dividend of HK28 cents (FY2019/20: Nil) per ordinary share in respect of the year ended 31 March 2021 was proposed. Such final dividend is subject to approval by the shareholders at the upcoming annual general meeting. These financial statements do not reflect this dividend payable.

建議就截至二零二一年三月三十一日 止年度派發末期股息每股普通股28港 仙(二零一九/二零年度:無)。該末期 股息須待股東於應屆股東周年大會上批 准,方可作實。該等財務報表並無反映 此應付股息。

Earnings Per Share 28

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year excluding ordinary shares purchased by the Company for share award scheme.

每股溢利 28

(a) 基本

每股基本溢利乃按本公司股權持有人應 佔溢利除以年內已發行普通股(不包括本 公司就股份獎勵計劃購買之普通股)之加 權平均數之基準來計算。

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (HK\$'000)	本公司股權持有人應佔溢利(千港元)	359,130	73,634
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	已發行普通股之加權平均數(千單位)	579,551	580,095
Basic earnings per share (HK\$ per share)	每股基本溢利(每股港元)	HK\$0.62港元	HK\$0.13港元

Earnings Per Share (Continued) 28

28 每股溢利(續)

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year (excluding the ordinary shares purchased by the Company under the share award scheme) with the weighted average number of ordinary shares deemed to be issued assuming the dilutive impact on the share options and shares under the share award scheme.

(b) 攤薄

每股攤薄溢利乃按照視作將予發行之普 通股加權平均數對年內已發行之普通股 (不包括本公司根據股份獎勵計劃購回的 普通股)之加權平均數作出調整而計算, 當中假設股份期權及股份獎勵計劃的股 份均具有攤薄影響。

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (HK\$'000)	本公司股權持有人應佔溢利(千港元)	359,130	73,634
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	已發行普通股之加權平均數(千單位)	579,551	580,095
Adjustment for share award scheme ('000)	股份獎勵計劃之調節 (千單位)	2,138	1,566
		581,689	581,661
Diluted earnings per share	每股攤薄溢利		
(HK\$ per share)	(每股港元)	HK\$0.62港元	HK\$0.13港元

Employee Benefit Expenses 29

29 僱員福利開支

Employee benefit expenses during the year are as follows:

年內的僱員福利開支如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Wages, salaries and allowances Discretionary bonuses	工資、薪金及津貼 非固定花紅	2,128,214 112,403	2,440,191 124,572
Pension costs – Defined contribution plans – Defined benefit plan (Note 15) – Long service payments (Note 15)	離職福利 - 界定供款計劃 - 界定福利計劃(附註15) - 長期服務金(附註15)	87,579 1,707 3,070	102,886 2,164 2,787
Employee benefit expense (excluding share-based compensation expenses) Share-based compensation expenses	僱員福利開支 (不包括以股份支付酬金) 以股份支付酬金	2,332,973 33,123	2,672,600 23,845
Employee benefit expenses	僱員福利開支	2,366,096	2,696,445

- 30 Benefits and interests of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) and Hong Kong **Listing Rules)**
- 30 董事的利益和權益(依據香港 《公司條例》(第622章)第383 條,《公司(披露董事利益資 料)規則》(第622G章)及香港 上市規則披露要求)

(a) Directors' emoluments

The remuneration of each director for the year ended 31 March 2021 is set out below:

(a) 董事酬金

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度的 各董事酬金載列如下:

Name of director	董事姓名	Fees 袍金 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物津貼 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元	Discretionary bonuses 非固定花紅 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元	Employer's contribution to pension scheme 僱主的退休会計劃供款 <i>HK\$*000 千港元</i>	Sub-total 小計 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元	Share-based compensation benefits 以股份支付的 酬金福利 (Note i) (附註i) <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元	Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of director's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 有關本屬是供支付或應收之其他服務之一,其他服務之一,以下的企作。	Total 總額 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元
Non-executive directors Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny Chairman Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael Mr Hui Tung Wah, Samuel	非執行董事 羅開光先生 主席 羅碧靈女士 陳梓華先生 許棟華先生	1,180 300 300 300 300	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	1,180 300 300 300	- - - -	- - - -	1,180 300 300 300
Independent non-executive directors Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry Mr Au Siu Cheung, Albert	<i>獨立非執行董事</i> 蔡涯棉先生 李國星先生 郭琳廣先生 區嘯翔先生	400 400 400 400	-	- - - -	- - - -	400 400 400 400	- - - -	- - - -	400 400 400 400
Executive directors Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter Chief Executive Officer Mr Lo Ming Shing, lan	<i>執行董事</i> 羅德承先生 <i>首席執行官</i> 羅名承先生	50 50	4,800 2,160	2,919 1,080	18 18	7,787 3,308	1,053 376	- -	8,840 3,684

- 30 Benefits and interests of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) and Hong Kong **Listing Rules) (Continued)**
- 30 董事的利益和權益(依據香港 《公司條例》(第622章)第383 條,《公司(披露董事利益資 料)規則》(第622G章)及香港 上市規則披露要求)(續)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

The remuneration of each director for the year ended 31 March 2020 is set out below:

(a) 董事酬金(續)

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度的 各董事酬金載列如下:

Name of director	董事姓名	Fees 袍金 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物津貼 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>干港元</i>	Discretionary bonuses 非固定花紅 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Employer's contribution to pension scheme 僱主的退休会計劃供款 HK\$*000	Sub-total 小計 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Share-based compensation benefits 以股份支付的 酬金福利 (Note i) (附註i) HK\$*000 干港元	Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of director's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 有關本屬企供支酬の支持的最後支酬的最後支酬的最後支酬的表现。	Total 總額 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元
<i>Non-executive directors</i> Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny <i>Chairman</i>	<i>非執行董事</i> 羅開光先生 <i>主席</i>	1,180	-	-	-	1,180	-	-	1,180
Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael Mr Hui Tung Wah, Samuel	羅碧靈女士 陳裕光先生 許棟華先生	300 300 300	- - -	- - -	- - -	300 300 300	- - -	- - -	300 300 300
Independent non-executive directors Mr Choi Ngai Min, Michael Mr Li Kwok Sing, Aubrey Mr Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry Mr Au Siu Cheung, Albert	獨立非執行董事 蔡涯棉先生 李國星先生 郭琳廣先生 區嘯翔先生	400 400 400 400	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	400 400 400 400	- - - -	- - - -	400 400 400 400
Executive directors Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter Chief Executive Officer Mr Lo Ming Shing, lan	<i>執行董事</i> 羅德承先生 <i>首席執行官</i> 羅名承先生	50 50	4,800 2,160	1,440 1,560	18 18	6,308 3,788	1,429 510	-	7,737 4,298

- 30 Benefits and interests of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) and Hong Kong Listing Rules) (Continued)
- 董事的利益和權益(依據香港 30 《公司條例》(第622章)第383 條,《公司(披露董事利益資 料)規則》(第622G章)及香港 上市規則披露要求)(續)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

No director waived any emolument during the year.

Note:

(i) The share-based compensation benefits represent the relevant expenses relating to each of the directors apart from those relating to performance shares. Benefits relating to the performance shares will be presented based on the market price of the shares on the day of vesting.

Directors' retirement benefits (b)

No retirement benefits were paid to or receivable by any directors in respect of their other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking (2020: Nil).

Directors' termination benefits (c)

No payment was made to directors as compensation for the early termination of the appointment during the year (2020: Nil).

(d) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

No payment was made to the former employer of directors for making available the services of them as a director of the Company (2020: Nil).

Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

There were no loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors during the year (2020: Nil).

董事酬金(續) (a)

年內無董事放棄收取仟何酬金。

附註:

以股份支付的酬金福利指與各董事有關的開 支,不包含與業績股份有關的開支。與業績 股份有關的福利將根據股份於歸屬日的市價 早列。

(b) 董事退休金福利

概無任何董事就管理本公司或其附屬企 業事務而提供之其他服務獲支付或應收 之退休金福利(二零二零年:無)。

董事離職福利 (c)

年內概無就提前終止委任向董事支付賠 償金(二零二零年:無)。

就獲取董事服務而向第三方支 (d) 付代價

概無就董事作為本公司董事提供服務而 向該董事的前僱主作出付款(二零二零 年:無)。

(e) 有關以董事、該等董事的受控 法團及關連實體為受益人之貸 款、準貸款及其他交易之資料

年內概無以董事、該等董事的受控法團 及關連實體為受益人之貸款、準貸款及 其他交易(二零二零年:無)。

- 30 Benefits and interests of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) and Hong Kong **Listing Rules) (Continued)**
- 董事的利益和權益(依據香港 30 《公司條例》(第622章)第383 條,《公司(披露董事利益資 料)規則》(第622G章)及香港 上市規則披露要求)(續)

(f) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Company's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2020: Nil).

Five highest paid individuals (g)

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include one (2020: one) director whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in Note 30(a). The emoluments payable to the remaining four (2020: four) individual during the year are as follows:

董事於交易、安排或合約的重 (f) 大權益

於年度終結日或年內任何時間,概無任 何本公司董事在本公司涉及其業務之重 大交易、安排及合約中直接或間接擁有 任何重大權益(二零二零年:無)。

五名最高薪酬人士 (q)

本年度本集團內五名最高薪酬人士包括 一名(二零二零年:一名)董事,其酬金 已載於附註30(a)。其餘四名(二零二零 年:四名)人士於本年度應收之酬金如 下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Basic salaries, gratuities and	底薪、約滿酬金及其他津貼		
other allowances		14,450	14,396
Discretionary bonuses	非固定花紅	7,462	8,776
Contributions to pension schemes	退休金計劃供款	72	72
Share-based compensation expenses	以股份支付酬金	1,972	2,336
		23,956	25,580

- 30 Benefits and interests of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) and Hong Kong **Listing Rules) (Continued)**
- 董事的利益和權益(依據香港 30 《公司條例》(第622章)第383 條,《公司(披露董事利益資 料)規則》(第622G章)及香港 上市規則披露要求)(續)
- (q) Five highest paid individuals (Continued)

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

五名最高薪酬人士(續) (q)

酬金之組別如下:

		Number of individuals 人數	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	1	_
HK\$4,500,001 to HK\$5,000,000	4,500,001港元至5,000,000港元	_	1
HK\$5,000,001 to HK\$5,500,000	5,000,001港元至5,500,000港元	_	1
HK\$6,000,001 to HK\$6,500,000	6,000,001港元至6,500,000港元	1	_
HK\$6,500,001 to HK\$7,000,000	6,500,001港元至7,000,000港元	1	_
HK\$7,000,001 to HK\$7,500,000	7,000,001港元至7,500,000港元	1	1
HK\$8,000,001 to HK\$8,500,000	8,000,001港元至8,500,000港元	_	1

- (h) No incentive payment for joining the Group or compensation for loss of office was paid or payable to any director or the five highest paid individuals during the year.
- (h) 年內無任何董事或五名最高薪酬人士已 經或應獲支付作為加入本集團之獎勵金 或離職的補償。
- Senior management's emoluments by band (i)

The senior management's emoluments (excluding directors) fell within the following bands:

高級管理人員薪酬範圍 (i)

高級管理人員(不包括董事)之薪酬範圍 如下:

		Number of individuals 人數	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	1	_
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	1	1
HK\$4,500,001 to HK\$5,000,000	4,500,001港元至5,000,000港元	_	1
HK\$5,000,001 to HK\$5,500,000	5,000,001港元至5,500,000港元	_	1
HK\$6,000,001 to HK\$6,500,000	6,000,001港元至6,500,000港元	1	_
HK\$6,500,001 to HK\$7,000,000	6,500,001港元至7,000,000港元	1	_
HK\$7,000,001 to HK\$7,500,000	7,000,001港元至7,500,000港元	1	1
HK\$8,000,001 to HK\$8,500,000	8,000,001港元至8,500,000港元	-	1

- Notes to the Consolidated Statement of 31 綜合現金流量表附註 31 **Cash Flows**
- (a) Reconciliation of profit before income tax to net cash generated from operations
- (a) 除税前溢利與營運產生之淨現 金對賬

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Profit before income tax	除税前溢利	390,546	114,258
Adjustments for: - Finance income - Finance cost of lease liabilities - Finance cost on bank borrowings - Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	調整: - 財務收入 - 租賃負債之財務成本 - 銀行貸款之財務成本 - 物業、廠房及設備之折舊	(8,125) 84,869 6,290 351,182	(16,098) 110,538 - 357,784
 Depreciation of right-of-use assets 	- 使用權資產之折舊 - 使用權資產 - 租賃土地及	733,714	861,782
 Amortisation of right-of-use assets leasehold land and land use rights Amortisation of intangible assets Fair value loss on investment properties 	土地使用權之攤銷 - 無形資產攤銷 - 投資物業之公平值虧損	14,252 194 42,900	14,243 408 42,400
Net loss on disposal of other property,plant and equipmentGain on modification and termination	出售其他物業、廠房及設備之淨虧損和賃變動及終止之收益	12,840	19,072
of leases – Reversal of loss allowance	- 金融資產之轉回虧損	(32,228)	(3,480)
on financial assets – Share-based compensation expenses – Dividend income from listed	撥備	(52) 33,123	(307) 23,845
investments – Impairment loss of property, plant	- 物業、廠房及設備之減值虧損	(3,572)	(12,246)
and equipment - Impairment loss of right-of-use assets	- 使用權資產之減值虧損	2,705 23,680	15,254 40,580
Operating profit before working capital changes	流動資金變動前之營運溢利	1,652,318	1,568,033
Changes in working capital:	流動資金變動:		, ,
– Inventories– Prepayments and deposits	- 存貨 - 預付款項及按金	25,702 24,201	(19,301) 22,817
– Frepayments and deposits– Trade and other receivables	- 營業及其他應收賬項	53,113	(19,362)
– Trade payables	- 營業應付賬項	6,022	(47,549)
 Other creditors and accrued liabilities Retirement benefit assets and provision 		(34,822)	27,022
for long service payments		(4,150)	(2,368)
Net cash generated from operations	營運產生之淨現金	1,722,384	1,529,292

- Notes to the Consolidated Statement of 31 **Cash Flows (Continued)**
 - 31 綜合現金流量表附註(續)
- (b) In the consolidated statement of cash flows, proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment comprise:
- (b) 綜合現金流量表內的出售物 業、廠房及設備所得款包括:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Net book amounts Net loss on disposal of property, plant	賬面淨值 出售物業、廠房及設備之淨虧損	14,579	20,366
and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠長及設備所得款	(12,840)	(19,072)
and equipment	山口700木 网次 人	1,739	1,294

- 31 Notes to the Consolidated Statement of 31 綜合現金流量表附註(續) **Cash Flows (Continued)**
- Reconciliation of liabilities arising from (c) financing activities for the year ended 31 March 2021
- (c) 截至二零二一年三月三十一日 止年度融資活動產生的負債對

		Lease	Bank	
		liabilities	borrowings	Total
		租賃負債	銀行貸款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 1 April 2010	於二零一九年四月一日	2 701 120		2 701 120
As at 1 April 2019 Additions	<u> </u>	2,791,129	_	2,791,129
Cash flows:	冰 <u>自</u> 現金流量:	697,945	_	697,945
		(025 542)		(025 542)
– Payment of lease liabilities	- 支付租賃負債	(935,542)	_	(935,542)
Finance cost	財務成本	110,538	_	110,538
Termination of leases	終止租賃	(43,388)	_	(43,388)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(20,618)	_	(20,618)
As at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	2,600,064	-	2,600,064
A+ 1 A: 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	2 600 064		2 600 064
As at 1 April 2020 Additions	ぶ → ◆ → ◆ + 凸 月 一 口添 置	2,600,064	_	2,600,064
Cash flows:	· —	359,524	_	359,524
	現金流量:		4 470 254	4 470 254
– Proceeds from bank borrowings	- 銀行貸款之所得款	(004.070)	1,179,254	1,179,254
– Payment of lease liabilities	- 支付租賃負債	(801,979)	-	(801,979)
– Interest paid	- 已付利息	-	(6,111)	(6,111)
Finance cost	財務成本	84,869	6,290	91,159
Modification and termination of leases	租賃變動及終止	(219,955)	_	(219,955)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	27,548	_	27,548
A+ 21 March 2021	分-黍- 左-p- l □	2.050.074	4 470 422	2 220 504
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	2,050,071	1,179,433	3,229,504

Share Options and Share Award Scheme 32

Share Options

Pursuant to a share option scheme adopted by the Company on 24 September 2003 (the "2003 Scheme"), the Company may grant options to the eligible participants to subscribe for ordinary shares in the Company subject to the terms and conditions stipulated therein. The Company had granted options to certain employees of the Group (including executive directors of the Company) pursuant to the 2003 Scheme. The 2003 Scheme expired on 24 September 2013 and the Group has stopped granting share options under the 2003 Scheme since then.

The Company adopted a share option scheme upon the passing of a shareholders' resolution on 11 September 2012 (the "2012 Scheme"). Pursuant to the 2012 Scheme, the Board may grant options to the eligible participants to subscribe for ordinary shares in the Company subject to the terms and conditions stipulated therein. No share options had been granted under the 2012 Scheme since its adoption up to 31 March 2021.

For options granted under the 2003 Scheme, the exercise price in relation to each option was determined by the Board of Directors of the Company, but in any event would not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant, which must be a business day or (ii) the average of the closing prices of the Company's shares as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant or (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company. The exercisable period and the vesting period of the options were also determined by the Board of Directors and the options shall expire at the end of a 5-year period after the options become exercisable save that such period shall not expire later than 10 years from the date on which the option is deemed to be granted and accepted in accordance with the 2003 Scheme.

32 股份期權及股份獎勵計劃

股份期權

根據本公司於二零零三年九月二十四日 採納之股份期權計劃(「2003計劃」),本 公司可按其條款及條件規定,向合資格 參與者授出股份期權以認購本公司之普 通股。本公司曾按**2003**計劃授出股份期 權予本集團若干僱員(包括本公司執行 董事)。2003計劃已於二零一三年九月 二十四日到期屆滿,自此,本集團已停 **止按2003**計劃授出股份期權。

本公司已於二零一二年九月十一日通 過股東決議案採納一項股份期權計劃 (「2012計劃」)。根據2012計劃,董事 局可按其條款及條件規定,向合資格 參與者授出股份期權以認購本公司普通 股。自2012計劃採納以來至二零二一年 三月三十一日為止,並無按該計劃授出 任何股份期權。

根據2003計劃授出之任何股份期權,其 行使價由本公司董事局決定,但任何情 況下不得少於(i)授出日期(須為交易日) 本公司股份在香港聯交所每日報價表所 載之收市價或(ii)緊接授出日期前五個交 易日本公司股份於香港聯交所每日報價 表所載之平均收市價或(iii)本公司股份面 值,以最高者為準。股份期權之行使期 及歸屬期亦由董事局決定, 股份期權於 可行使之日起計五年期滿但以不超過根 據2003計劃被視作授出及獲接納之日起 計十年為原則。

Share Options and Share Award Scheme 32 (Continued)

32 股份期權及股份獎勵計(續)

Share Options (Continued)

As at 31 March 2021, there were no outstanding options granted under the 2003 Scheme.

There were no movements in share options during the year ended 31 March 2021.

Movements in share options during the year ended 31 March 2020 are as follows:

股份期權(續)

於二零二一年三月三十一日,概無根據 2003計劃授出且尚未行使的股份期權。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 內,股份期權概無變動。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 內,股份期權之變動情況如下:

Grant date 授出日期	Exercise period 行使期間	Exercise price 行使價 <i>HK\$</i>	Beginning of the year 年初結餘	Granted 授予	Exercised 行使	Lapsed 失效	End of the year 年末結餘
28 October 2010 二零一零年十月二十八日	31 March 2011 to 30 March 2020 二零一一年三月三十一日至二零二零年三月三十日	22.370	255,000	-	(161,000)	(94,000)	-
			255,000	-	(161,000)	(94,000)	-

There were no outstanding exercisable options as at 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil). No share options were exercised during the year so there was no related weighted average share price for exercise of the options during the year (2020: HK\$25.18).

Share Award Scheme

On 27 August 2013, a share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme" or the "Scheme") was approved and adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company. Unless otherwise cancelled or amended, the Scheme will remain valid and effective for 15 years from the date of adoption.

於二零二一年三月三十一日,沒有尚未 行使的可予行使股份期權(二零二零年: 無)。由於年內概無股份期權獲行使,故 年內並無行使股份期權之相關加權平均 股價(二零二零年:25.18港元)。

股份獎勵計劃

於二零一三年八月二十七日,本公司董 事局批准及採納一項股份獎勵計劃(「股 份獎勵計劃」或「該計劃」)。除非另行 取消或修訂,該計劃將自採納日期起計 十五年內維持有效及具有效力。

Share Options and Share Award Scheme 32 (Continued)

Share Award Scheme (Continued)

During the year, 1,615,542 (2020: 1,202,289) restricted shares (Note b) and 400,136 (2020: 3,273,474) performance shares (Note c) were granted to selected participants pursuant to the Scheme. Details of the restricted shares and performance shares awarded under the Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2021 are as follows:

32 股份期權及股份獎勵計劃 (續)

股份獎勵計劃(續)

年 內,1,615,542股(二零二零年: 1,202,289股)限制性股份(附註b)及 400,136股(二零二零年:3,273,474 股)業績股份(附註c)已根據該計劃授 予經甄選參與者。截至二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度,根據該計劃授出的限 制性股份及業績股份詳情如下:

			Number o				
Date of grant 授出日期	Fair value per share 每股公平值 <i>HK\$</i> 港元 (Note a) (附註a)	As at 1 April 2020 於二零二零年 四月一日	Granted during the year 年內授出	Vested during the year 年內歸屬	Lapsed during the year 年內失效	As at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年 三月三十一日	Vesting period 歸屬期
31/7/2017	23.6	276,151	-	(275,293)	(858)	-	31 July 2018 – 31 July 2020 (Note b) 二零一八年七月三十一日至
31/7/2018	18.6	828,816	-	(409,170)	(26,300)	393,346	二零二零年七月三十一日 (附註 b) 31 July 2019 – 31 July 2021 (Note b) 二零一九年七月三十一日至
31/7/2019	24.1	1,131,373	-	(374,141)	(55,852)	701,380	二零二一年七月三十一日(附註b) 31 July 2020 – 31 July 2022 (Note b) 二零二零年七月三十一日至 二零二二年七月三十一日(附註b)
31/7/2019	23.6	3,148,628	-	-	(118,542)	3,030,086	June 2022 (Note c)
31/7/2020	14.0	-	1,615,542	(2,092)	(47,958)	1,565,492	二零二二年六月 (附註c) 31 July 2021 – 31 July 2023 (Note b) 二零二一年七月三十一日至
31/7/2020	14.2	-	400,136	-	(29,247)	370,889	二零二三年七月三十一日(附註b) June 2022 (Note c) 二零二二年六月(附註c)
		5,384,968	2,015,678	(1,060,696)	(278,757)	6,061,193	

32 Share Options and Share Award Scheme (Continued)

32 股份期權及股份獎勵計劃 (續)

Share Award Scheme (Continued)

Details of the restricted shares and performance shares awarded under the Share Award Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2020 are as follows:

股份獎勵計劃(續)

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度,根據股份獎勵計劃授出的限制性股 份及業績股份詳情載述如下:

			Number o 股份數				
Date of grant 授出日期	Fair value per share 每股公平值 <i>HK\$</i> 港元 (Note a) (附註a)	As at 1 April 2019 於二零一九年 四月一日	Granted during the year 年內授出	Vested during the year 年內歸屬	Lapsed during the year 年內失效	As at 31 March 2020 於二零二零年 三月三十一日	Vesting period 歸屬期
1/8/2016	24.8	269,181	-	(269,181)	-	-	31 July 2017 – 31 July 2019 (Note b) 二零一七年七月三十一日至 二零一九年七月三十一日(附註b)
31/7/2017	23.6	579,327	-	(285,146)	(18,030)	276,151	31 July 2018 – 31 July 2020 (Note b) 二零一八年七月三十一日至 二零二零年七月三十一日(附註b)
31/7/2018	18.6	1,327,223	-	(436,480)	(61,927)	828,816	31 July 2019 – 31 July 2021 (Note b) 二零一九年七月三十一日至 二零二一年七月三十一日(附註b)
31/7/2019	24.1	-	1,202,289	(1,059)	(69,857)	1,131,373	31 July 2020 – 31 July 2022 (Note b) 二零二零年七月三十一日至 二零二年七月三十一日(附註b)
31/7/2019	23.6	-	3,273,474	-	(124,846)	3,148,628	_ マニー
		2,175,731	4,475,763	(991,866)	(274,660)	5,384,968	

Share Options and Share Award Scheme 32 (Continued)

Share Award Scheme (Continued)

During the year, the Group purchased 1,542,055 (2020: 1,686,126) of its own shares through the trustee of the Scheme from the open market. The total amount paid to acquire the shares was approximately HK\$25,480,000 (2020: HK\$40,631,000) and has been deducted from shareholders' equity as at 31 March 2021. The shares purchased by the Group that are not yet vested for this Share Award Scheme were recorded as treasury shares of the Group. As at 31 March 2021, there were 6,169,170 treasury shares (2020: 5,687,811) held through the trustee of the Scheme.

Notes:

- (a) The fair value of the awarded shares was based on the closing price per share at the date of grant and adjusted by the fair value of the dividends during the vesting periods as the grantees are not entitled to dividends during the vesting periods.
- (b) The awarded restricted shares are subject to a vesting scale in tranches of 33% of the awarded shares respectively on the first and second anniversary dates of the grant date and the balance of the remaining awarded shares on the third anniversary date of the grant date. In case such anniversary date is not a business date, the date of vesting shall be the business day immediately thereafter. Management has revised its estimates of number of shares that are expected to vest based on the market vesting conditions.
- The awarded performance shares are subject to attainment of performance targets (c) with reference to the Group's performance.
- (d) During the year, Mr Lo Tak Shing, Peter and Mr Lo Ming Shing, Ian, being Directors of the Company, participated in the Share Award Scheme.

32 股份期權及股份獎勵計劃 (續)

股份獎勵計劃(續)

年內,本集團透過該計劃的受託人於公 開市場上購買1,542,055股(二零二零 年:1,686,126股)其自有股份。於二零 二一年三月三十一日,就購買股份支付 之總金額約為25,480,000港元(二零二 零年:40,631,000港元),已自股東權益 內撇減。本集團就此股份獎勵計劃而購 買但尚未歸屬的股份已作為本集團的庫 存股份入賬。於二零二一年三月三十一 日,該計劃的受託人持有6,169,170股 庫存股份(二零二零年:5,687,811股)。

附註:

- 獎授股份公平值是基於授出日期的每股收市 (a) 價及按歸屬期內的股息公平值作調整,因為 承授人在歸屬期內無權享有股息。
- 獎授限制性股份按比例分批歸屬,在授出日 (b) 期起計第一個周年日及第二個周年日分別歸 屬獎授股份之33%,剩餘的獎授股份則於授 出日期起計第三個周年日歸屬。若周年日並 非營業日,股份歸屬日期則為緊接的下一個 營業日。管理層已根據市場歸屬條件修訂預 期可予歸屬之股份數目之估計。
- (c) 獎授業績股份須達到經參考本集團業績表現 而釐定的指標後方可歸屬。
- 年內本公司董事羅德承先生及羅名承先生均 有參與股份獎勵計劃。

33 Commitments

33 承擔

(a) Capital commitments

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had the following capital commitments:

(a) 資本承擔

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團之 資本承擔如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	收購物業、廠房及設備		
Authorised and contracted for	已批准及已簽約	37,598	13,813
Authorised but not contracted for	已批准但未簽約	697,474	435,527
		735,072	449,340

(b) Committed leases not yet commenced

As at 31 March 2021, the total future lease payments for leases committed but not yet commenced were payable as follows:

(b) 尚未開始的承擔租賃

於二零二一年三月三十一日,租賃承擔 的總未來租賃付款(惟尚未開始)應付如 下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Properties	物業		
Within 1 year	一年內期滿	7,746	5,937
After 1 year but within 5 years	第二至第五年內期滿	23,554	20,575
		31,300	26,512

34 **Financial Guarantees**

As at 31 March 2021, the Company had given guarantees totaling approximately HK\$2,229,020,000 (2020: HK\$945,000,000) to financial institutions in connection with the banking facilities granted to its subsidiaries.

The Group's bankers have given guarantee in lieu of deposits amounting to approximately HK\$151,235,000 to the landlords and utility providers of the subsidiaries of the Group as at 31 March 2021 (2020: HK\$159,462,000).

35 **Future Operating Lease Arrangements**

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease receipts under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

財務擔保 34

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本公司向 財務機構提供有關其附屬公司之銀行信 貸額擔保合共約2,229,020,000港元(二 零二零年:945,000,000港元)。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團之 往來銀行已向本集團附屬公司之業主及 公用設施供應商提供擔保,以代替按金 金額約為151,235,000港元(二零二零 年:159,462,000港元)。

35 未來經營租賃之安排

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團根 據不可撤銷之經營租賃而於未來應收之 最低租賃款項總額如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than	一年內期滿 第二至第五年內期滿	37,820	38,600
five years		21,846	51,120
		59,666	89,720

36 **Related Party Transactions**

關聯方交易 36

- The Group has the following significant transactions with related party during the year:
- (a) 年內本集團與關聯方有以下之 重大交易:

2021	2020
二零二一年	二零二零年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元

Operating lease rentals paid to a related party:

向關聯方支付之經營租賃租金:

– Tinway Investments Limited (Note)

- 天維投資有限公司(附註)

2,400

2,400

Tinway Investments Limited is a company jointly owned by Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita, an associate of Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael, and Ardley Enterprises (PTC) Limited, the trustee of a unit trust of which Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny being a beneficiary. Ms Lo Pik Ling, Anita, Mr Chan Yue Kwong, Michael and Mr Lo Hoi Kwong, Sunny are Directors of the Company.

附註: 天維投資有限公司由羅碧靈女士、陳裕光先 生之聯繫人以及一間單位信託(由羅開光先 生作為受益人)之受託人Ardley Enterprises (PTC)Limited共同擁有。羅碧靈女士、陳裕 光先生及羅開光先生均為本公司董事。

The above transactions were carried out in accordance with the terms of the contracts entered into by the Group and the related party.

上述交易乃按本集團與關聯方所訂立之 合約條款進行。

(b) Key management compensation

(b) 主要管理人員酬金

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Salaries and allowances	薪酬及津貼	23,570	23,516
Fees	袍金	100	100
Discretionary bonuses	非固定花紅	12,001	12,952
Contributions to pension schemes	退休金計劃供款	126	126
Share-based compensation expense	以股份支付酬金	3,742	4,675
		39,539	41,369

- 37 Statement of Financial Position and 37 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變 **Reserve Movement of the Company**
- (a) Statement of financial position of the (a) 本公司財務狀況表 Company

		Note 附註	31 March 2021 二零二一年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	31 March 2020 二零二零年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
		P1) p	1 /B/U	1 /E/L
ASSETS Non-current assets	資產 非流動資產			
Investment in a subsidiary Amount due from subsidiaries	於附屬公司的投資 應收附屬公司款項		331,802 1,172,075	331,802 842,218
			1,503,877	1,174,020
Current assets	流動資產			
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目		280	448
Total assets	總資產		1,504,157	1,174,468
EQUITY	股權			
Capital and reserves attributable to the equity holders	本公司股權持有人應佔股本及儲備			
of the Company	/忘旧 灰 个 / 及			
Share capital	股本		58,570	58,570
Share premium Shares held for share award	股份溢價 股份獎勵計劃	37(b)	621,122	621,122
scheme	持有之股份	37(b)	(140,944)	(146,021)
Other reserves	其他儲備	37(b)	282,641	272,805
Retained earnings	保留溢利	37(b)	682,452	367,675
Total equity	股權總額		1,503,841	1,174,151
LIABILITIES	負債			
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Other creditors and accrued liabilities	其他應付賬項及應計費用		316	317
Total equity and liabilities	股權及負債總額		1,504.157	1,174.468
Total equity and liabilities	股權及負債總額		1,504,157	1,174,468

- 37 Statement of Financial Position and 37 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變 Reserve Movement of the Company (Continued)
 - 動(續)
- (b) Reserve movement of the Company
- (b) 本公司儲備變動

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$*000	Capital redemption reserve 資本 贖回儲備	Share-based compensation reserve 以股份支付的酬金儲備	Shares held for share award scheme 股份獎勵計劃 持有之股份 HK\$*000	Contributed Surplus (note i) 實繳盈餘 (附註i) HK\$'000	Retained earnings 保留溢利 HK\$*000	Total 總額 <i>HK\$</i> *000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Balance as at 1 April 2020 Employee share award scheme	於二零二零年四月一日結餘	621,122	152,034	26,304	(146,021)	94,467	367,675	1,115,581
– value of employee services	- 僱員服務價值	-	-	33,123	-	-	-	33,123
Vesting shares of share award scheme	e股份獎勵計劃的股份歸屬	-	-	(23,287)	30,557	-	(7,270)	-
Purchase of shares	購入股份	-	-	-	(25,480)	-	-	(25,480
Profit attributable to equity holders	本公司股權持有人應佔溢利							
of the Company		-	-	-	-	-	380,000	380,000
Dividends	股息	-	-	-	-	-	(57,953)	(57,953
Balance as at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日結餘	621,122	152,034	36,140	(140,944)	94,467	682,452	1,445,271
Balance as at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日結餘	616,811	152,034	25,377	(133,020)	94,467	760,327	1,515,996
Employee share award scheme	僱員股份獎勵計劃							
– value of employee services	- 僱員服務價值	-	-	23,845	-	-	-	23,84
Release of share-based compensation reserve to share premium upon exercise	因行使股份期權由以股份支付的 酬金儲備轉入股份溢價							
of share options		726	_	(726)	_	_	_	-
Transfer upon lapse of share options	因股份期權失效而轉撥	_	_	(555)	_	_	555	
Proceeds from share issued	發行股份之所得款	3,585	_	_	_	_	_	3,585
Vesting shares of share award scheme		_	-	(21,637)	27,630	-	(5,993)	
Purchase of shares	購入股份	-	-	-	(40,631)	-	-	(40,631
Profit attributable to equity holders								
of the Company		_	_	_	-	-	100,000	100,000
Dividends	股息	-	-	-	-	-	(487,214)	(487,214
Balance as at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日結餘	621,122	152,034	26,304	(146,021)	94,467	367,675	1,115,581

- Statement of Financial Position and 37 Reserve Movement of the Company (Continued)
- 37 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變 動(續)
- Reserve movement of the Company (Continued)
 - Contributed surplus mainly arose from the group reorganisation made in prior years and represented the difference between the value of investment in a subsidiary acquired by the Company and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange thereon. Under the Companies Act of Bermuda, contributed surplus is distributable to shareholders, subject to the condition that the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if (i) it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due or (ii) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium account.

本公司儲備變動(續) (b)

(i) 實繳盈餘主要為本集團於過往年 度的重組而產生,呈報金額乃本 公司以股份互換方式購入附屬公 司投資的價值與本公司所發行的 股份面值的差額所致。根據百慕 達公司法,實繳盈餘可分配予股 東,惟如(i)分配後無力償還到期 債務或(ii)其資產的可變現價值將 因此而低於其負債以及其已發行 股本及股份溢價賬之總額,本公 司則不可以由實繳盈餘中宣派或 派發股息或作出分派。

Principal Investment Properties 主要投資物業

Description 描述	Lot number 地段編號	Type 種類	Lease term 租約期
Portion A & C of Shop No. N95 on the First Floor, Nos. 1-17 Mount Sterling Mall and Nos. 10-16 Lai Wan Road, Mei Foo Sun Chuen, Lai Chi Kok, Kowloon 九龍荔枝角美孚新村荔灣道10-16號 萬事達廣場1-17號一樓N95舖A及C部份	New Kowloon Inland Lot No. 5086 新九龍內地段 5086 號	Shop 商舗	Medium-term 中期
Rear Portion of Shop No. 3 on the Ground Floor, Cheong Yiu Building, Nos. 167, 171 and 173 Castle Peak Road and Nos. 47-51 Shiu Wo Street, Tsuen Wan, New Territories 新界荃灣青山道167、171及173號及兆和街 47-51號昌耀大廈一樓3號舖後部份	Tsuen Wan Town Lot No. 223 荃灣市地段 223 號	Shop 商舗	Medium-term 中期
2/F, Cheong Yiu Building, Nos. 167, 171 & 173 Castle Peak Road and Nos. 47-51 Shiu Wo Street, Tsuen Wan, New Territories 新界荃灣青山道167、171及173號及兆和街 47-51號昌耀大廈二樓	Tsuen Wan Town Lot No. 223 荃灣市地段 223 號	Shop 商舗	Medium-term 中期
Shop A of Portion B on the Basement, Argyle Centre, Phase I, No. 688 Nathan Road and No. 65 Argyle Street, Mongkok, Kowloon 九龍旺角彌敦道 688 號及亞皆老街 65 號旺角中心 第一期地庫 B 部份 A 舖	Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1262 九龍內地段1262號	Shop 商舗	Medium-term 中期
Shop C of Portion B on the Basement, Argyle Centre, Phase I, No. 688 Nathan Road and No. 65 Argyle Street, Mongkok, Kowloon 九龍旺角彌敦道688號及亞皆老街65號旺角中心 第一期地庫B部份C舖	Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1262 九龍內地段 1262 號	Shop 商舗	Medium-term 中期
Shop A on the Ground Floor, Admiralty Centre, No. 18 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong 香港夏慤道 18號海富中心一樓 A舖	Inland Lot No. 8423 內地段 8423 號	Shop 商舖	Long-term 長期

Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

綜合損益表

For the five years ended 31 March 2021

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止五個年度

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2019 二零一九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Revenue Cost of sales	收入 銷售成本	6,714,255 (6,339,067)	7,963,097 (7,232,445)	8,493,883 (7,266,605)	8,427,399 (7,385,291)	7,895,262 (6,838,442)
Gross profit Other income and other	毛利 其他收入及	375,188	730,652	1,227,278	1,042,108	1,056,820
(losses)/gains, net Administrative expenses	其他淨(虧損)/溢利 行政費用	561,011 (462,619)	(40,540) (481,414)	17,687 (445,453)	(13,706) (458,819)	(23,148) (430,609)
Operating profit Finance (costs)/income, net	營運溢利 財務淨(成本)/收入	473,580 (83,034)	208,698 (94,440)	799,512 (99,386)	569,583 11,661	603,063 9,619
Profit before income tax Income tax expense	除税前溢利 所得税費用	390,546 (29,996)	114,258 (39,872)	700,126 (128,456)	581,244 (121,949)	612,682 (108,832)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	360,550	74,386	571,670	459,295	503,850
Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	應佔溢利: 本公司股權持有人 非控制性權益	359,130 1,420	73,634 752	569,907 1,763	458,055 1,240	503,827
		360,550	74,386	571,670	459,295	503,850
Dividends	股息	222,567	111,284	491,856	679,230	473,875
Basic earnings per share	每股基本溢利	HK\$0.62	HK\$0.13	HK\$0.98	HK\$0.79	HK\$0.87
Diluted earnings per share	每股攤薄溢利	HK\$0.62	HK\$0.13	HK\$0.98	HK\$0.79	HK\$0.87

Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL 综合財務狀況表 **POSITION**

As at 31 March 2021

於二零二一年三月三十一日

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2019 二零一九年 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Assets	資產					
Non-current assets	非流動資產					
Leasehold land and land use rights	租賃土地及土地使用權	_	_	-	79,485	80,532
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	1,518,982	1,608,831	1,532,256	2,020,925	1,943,607
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	2,124,383	2,705,239	2,980,808	-	_
Investment properties	投資物業	542,700	585,600	628,000	663,300	567,700
Intangible assets	無形資產	1,229	1,421	1,852	4,051	4,621
Deferred income tax assets	遞延税項資產	70,733	66,294	56,729	30,506	26,325
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	-	-	-	147,978	229,621
Financial assets at fair value	按公平值列入其他全面					
through other comprehensive income	收入之金融資產	96,951	101,033	154,102	_	-
Retirement benefit assets	退休金福利資產	542	-	-	_	-
Non-current prepayments and deposits	非流動預付款項及按金	283,622	277,820	307,871	295,657	308,523
		4,639,142	5,346,238	5,661,618	3,241,902	3,160,929
Current assets	流動資產					
Inventories	存貨	234,924	260,626	241,325	234,362	240,154
Trade and other receivables	營業及其他應收賬項	102,539	166,518	165,086	191,466	97,271
Prepayments and deposits	預付款項及按金	51,490	60,920	38,099	121,198	116,327
Current income tax recoverable	即期可收回税項	32,844	39,743	1,017	3,383	9,816
Bank deposits with maturity over	超過三個月到期日的					
three months	銀行存款	21,222	1,641	21,865	22,778	22,296
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	2,072,512	345,072	835,537	801,240	790,017
		2,515,531	874,520	1,302,929	1,374,427	1,275,881
Total assets	總資產	7,154,673	6,220,758	6,964,547	4,616,329	4,436,810

Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL 综合財務狀況表(續) **POSITION (Continued)**

As at 31 March 2021

於二零二一年三月三十一日

		2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2019 二零一九年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Equity Capital and reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company	股權 本公司股權持有人應佔 股本及儲備					
Share capital	股本	58,570	58,570	58,554	58,554	58,518
Other reserves	其他儲備	988,630	943,621	1,025,861	1,074,300	992,709
Retained earnings	保留溢利	1,981,637	1,664,542	2,090,219	2,436,827	2,436,150
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益	3,028,837 5,999	2,666,733 4,579	3,174,634 5,220	3,569,681 3,819	3,487,377 3,743
Total equity	股權總額	3,034,836	2,671,312	3,179,854	3,573,500	3,491,120
Liabilities	負債					
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債					
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	33,424	29,410	27,659	33,520	31,964
Provision for long service payments	長期服務金撥備	30,629	48,778	45,258	34,990	45,525
Retirement benefit liabilities	退休金福利負債	-	10,346	13,459	18,747	22,288
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,368,550	1,845,279	2,017,541	-	-
Long-term borrowings	長期貸款	999,433				
		2,432,036	1,933,813	2,103,917	87,257	99,777
Current liabilities	流動負債					
Trade payables	營業應付賬項	178,183	172,161	219,710	207,478	211,109
Other creditors and accrued liabilities	其他應付賬項及應計費用	640,378	675,200	648,178	706,965	609,109
Current income tax liabilities	即期税項負債	7,719	13,487	39,300	41,129	25,695
Lease liabilities Current portion of long-term borrowings	租賃負債 長期貸款的即期部分	681,521 100,000	754,785	773,588	-	_
Short-term borrowings	文别貝承的(A) 别可力 短期貸款	80,000	_	_	_	_
	7477237					
		1,687,801	1,615,633	1,680,776	955,572	845,913
Total liabilities	總負債 	4,119,837	3,549,446	3,784,693	1,042,829	945,690
Total equity and liabilities	股權及負債總額	7,154,673	6,220,758	6,964,547	4,616,329	4,436,810

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