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CANbridge Pharmaceuticals Inc.

北海康成製藥有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 1228)

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

This announcement is made by CANbridge Pharmaceuticals Inc. 北海康成製藥有限公司 (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries as the "Group") pursuant to Rule 13.51(1) of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

The board of directors (the "Board") of Company announces that the Board has resolved at a meeting held on March 22, 2022 to propose to make certain amendments (the "Proposed Amendments") to the existing memorandum and articles of association of the Company (the "Memorandum and Articles") in order to (i) conform to the core shareholder protection standards as set out in the amended Appendix 3 to the Listing Rules, which took effect on January 1, 2022 and (ii) make some other housekeeping improvements.

The details of the Proposed Amendments are as follows:

Table of Amendments to the Existing Memorandum of Association of the Company

No.	Existing Clause	Proposed Amendments
Clause 5	The Company shall have the power, subject to the provisions of the Cayman Islands Companies Act and with the approval of a special resolution, to transfer and be registered by way of continuation as a body corporate limited by shares under the laws of any jurisdiction outside of the Cayman Islands and to be de-registered in the Cayman Islands.	The Company shall have the power, subject to the provisions of the Cayman Islands Companies Act and with the approval of a special resolution Special Resolution, to transfer and be registered by way of continuation as a body corporate limited by shares under the laws of any jurisdiction outside of the Cayman Islands and to be de-registered in the Cayman Islands.

Table of Amendments to the Existing Articles of Association of the Company

No.	Existing Articles	Proposed Amendments
Article 1(b)	Subsidiary has the meaning ascribed to it by Section 15 of the Companies Ordinance; and	Subsidiary has the meaning ascribed to it by Section 15 of the Companies Ordinance; and
	Transfer Office means the place where the principal register of Shareholders is located for the time being.	Transfer Office means the place where the principal register of Shareholders is located for the time being:; and
Article 1(d)	At all times during the Relevant Period a resolution shall be a Special Resolution when it has been passed by a majority of not less than three-quarters of the votes cast by such Shareholders as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or by proxy or, in the case of any Shareholder being a corporation, by its duly authorised representatives at a general meeting of which notice specifying the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution has been duly given.	At all times during the Relevant Period a resolution shall be a Special Resolution when it has been passed by a majority of not less than three-quarters fourths of the votes east voting rights held by such Shareholders as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or by proxy or, in the case of any Shareholder being a corporation, by its duly authorised representatives at a general meeting of which notice specifying the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution has been duly given.
Article 5(a)	If at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of Shares, all or any of the special rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided for by the terms of issue of the Shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, be varied or abrogated either with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-quarters in nominal value of the issued Shares of that class or with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the Shares of that class. To every such separate general meeting the provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, provided that:	If at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of Shares, all or any of the special rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided for by the terms of issue of the Shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, be varied or abrogated either with the consent in writingof at least three-fourths of the voting rights of the holders of not less than three-quarters in nominal value of the issued Shares of that class or with the sanction of a Special Resolution passedpresent and voting in person or by proxy at a separate general meeting of the holders of the Shares of that class. To every such separate general meeting the provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, provided that:

No.	Existing Articles	Proposed Amendments
Article 5(a)(i)	the necessary quorum (other than at an adjourned meeting) shall be not less than two persons holding (or, in the case of a Shareholder being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) or representing by proxy one-third in nominal value of the issued Shares of that class. In the event of any adjourned meeting as a result of a lack of quorum, two Shareholders present in person (or in the case of the Shareholder being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy (whatever the number of Shares held by them) shall be a quorum; and	the necessary quorum (other than at an adjourned meeting) shall be not less than two persons holding (or, in the case of a Shareholder being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) or representing by proxy one-third in nominal value of the issued Shares of that class. In the event of any adjourned meeting as a result of a lack of quorum, two Shareholders present in person (or in the case of the Shareholder being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy (whatever the number of Shares held by them) shall be a quorum; and
Article 17(c)	During the Relevant Period (except when the Register is closed), any Shareholder may inspect during business hours any Register maintained in Hong Kong without charge and require the provision to him of copies or extracts thereof in all respects as if the Company were incorporated under and were subject to the Companies Ordinance.	During the Relevant Period (except when the Register is closed in accordance with the Companies Ordinance), any Shareholder may inspect during business hours any Register maintained in Hong Kong without charge and require the provision to him of copies or extracts thereof in all respects as if the Company were incorporated under and were subject to the Companies Ordinance.

No.	Existing Articles	Proposed Amendments
Article 62	At all times during the Relevant Period other than the year of the Company's adoption of these Articles, the Company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meeting in that year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notice calling it; and not more than 15 Months (or such longer period as may be authorised by the HK Stock Exchange) shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the Company and that of the next. The annual general meeting shall be held in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere as may be determined by the Board and at such time and place as the Board shall appoint. A meeting of the Shareholders or any class thereof may be held by means of such telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence at such meetings.	At all times during the Relevant Period other than the year of the Company's adoption of these Articles, the Company shall in each financial year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meeting in that year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notice calling it; and not more than 15 Months (or such longer period as may be authorised by the HK Stock Exchange) shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting shall be held within six months after the end of the Company and that of the next's financial year. The annual general meeting shall be held in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere as may be determined by the Board and at such time and place as the Board shall appoint. A meeting of the Shareholders or any class thereof may be held by means of such telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence at such meetings.

No.	Existing Articles	Proposed Amendments
Article 64	The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting. Extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on the requisition of one or more Shareholders holding, as at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the Secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two Months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.	The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting. Extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on the requisition of oneOne or more Shareholdersmembers holding, as at the date of deposit of the requisition, in aggregate not less than one-tenth of the paid upvoting rights (on a one vote per share basis) in the share capital of the Company havingmay also make a requisition to convene an extraordinary general meeting and add resolutions to the rightagenda of voting at general meetingsa meeting. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the Secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two Months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

No.	Existing Articles	Proposed Amendments
Article 65	An annual general meeting of the Company shall be called by at least 21 days' (and not less than 20 clear business days') notice in writing, and a general meeting of the Company, other than an annual general meeting, shall be called by at least 14 days' (and not less than 10 clear business days') notice in writing. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and shall specify the place, the day, the hour and the agenda of the meeting and particulars of the resolutions to be considered at that meeting and in case of special business (as defined in Article 67), the general nature of that business, and shall be given, in manner hereinafter mentioned or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting, to such persons as are, under these Articles, entitled to receive such notices from the Company, provided that a meeting of the Company shall notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this Article be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed:	An annual general meeting of the Company shall be called by at least 21 days' (and not less than 20 clear business days') notice in writing, and a general meeting of the Company, other than an annual general meeting, shall be called by at least 14 days' (and not less than 10 clear business days') notice in writing. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and shall specify the place, the day, the hour and the agenda of the meeting and particulars of the resolutions to be considered at that meeting and in case of special business (as defined in Article 67), the general nature of that business, and shall be given, in manner hereinafter mentioned or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting, to such persons as are, under these Articles, entitled to receive such notices from the Company, provided that a meeting of the Company shall notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this Article be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed:

No.	Existing Articles	Proposed Amendments
Article 80	Where the Company has knowledge that any Shareholder is, under the Listing Rules, required to abstain from voting on any particular resolution or restricted to voting only for or only against any particular resolution, any votes cast by or on behalf of such Shareholder in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted. No powers shall be taken to freeze or otherwise impair any of the rights attaching to any share by reason only that the person or persons who are interested directly or indirectly therein have failed to disclose their interests to the Company.	All Shareholders of the Company (including a Shareholder which is a Clearing House (or its nominee(s))) shall have the right to speak and vote at a general meeting except Wherewhere the Company has knowledge that any Shareholder is, under the Listing Rules, required to abstain from voting on any particular resolution or restricted to voting only for or only against any particular resolution, in which case any votes cast by or on behalf of such Shareholder in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted. Otherwise, all Shareholders shall have the right to vote at a general meeting. No powers shall be taken to freeze or otherwise impair any of the rights attaching to any share by reason only that the person or persons who are interested directly or indirectly therein have failed to disclose their interests to the Company.

No.	Existing Articles	Proposed Amendments
Article 86	Any Shareholder entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to attend and vote instead of him. A Shareholder who is the holder of two or more Shares may appoint more than one proxy to represent him and vote on his behalf at a general meeting of the Company or at a class meeting. A proxy need not be a Shareholder. On a poll or a show of hands votes may be given either personally (or, in the case of a Shareholder being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy. A proxy shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of a Shareholder who is an individual and for whom he acts as proxy as such Shareholder could exercise. In addition, a proxy shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of a Shareholder which is a corporation and for which he acts as proxy as such Shareholder could exercise if it were an individual Shareholder.	Any Shareholder entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to attend and vote instead of him. A corporation which is a Shareholder may execute a form of proxy under the hand of a duly authorized officer. A Shareholder who is the holder of two or more Shares may appoint more than one proxy to represent him and vote on his behalf at a general meeting of the Company or at a class meeting. A proxy need not be a Shareholder. On a poll or a show of hands votes may be given either personally (or, in the case of a Shareholder being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy. A proxy shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of a Shareholder who is an individual and for whom he acts as proxy as such Shareholder could exercise. In addition, a proxy shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of a Shareholder which is a corporation and for which he acts as proxy as such Shareholder which is a corporation and for which he acts as proxy as such Shareholder could exercise as if it were an individual Shareholder present in person at any general meeting.

No.	Existing Articles	Proposed Amendments
Article 93(b)	Where a Shareholder is a Clearing House (or its nominee(s)), it may (subject to Article 94) authorise such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its representative or representatives at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of Shareholders, provided that if more than one person is so authorised, the authorisation shall specify the number and class of Shares in respect of which each such representative is so authorised. A person so authorised pursuant to the provisions of this Article shall be deemed to have been duly authorised without further evidence of the facts and be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers on behalf of the Clearing House (or its nominee(s)) which he represents as that Clearing House (or its nominee(s)) could exercise as if such person were an individual Shareholder, including the right to vote individually on a show of hands.	Where a Shareholder is a Clearing House (or its nominee(s)), it may (subject to Article 94) appoint proxies or authorise such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its representative or representatives, who enjoy rights equivalent to the rights of other Shareholders, at any meeting of the Company (including but not limited to general meetings and creditors meetings) or at any meeting of any class of Shareholders, provided that if more than one person is so authorised, the authorisation shall specify the number and class of Shares in respect of which each such representative is so authorised. A person so authorised pursuant to the provisions of this Article shall be deemed to have been duly authorised without further evidence of the facts and be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers on behalf of the Clearing House (or its nominee(s)) which he represents as that Clearing House (or its nominee(s)) could exercise as if such person were an individual Shareholder, including the right to speak and vote individually on a show of hands or on a poll.
Article 106(h)	if he shall be removed from the office by notice in writing served on him signed by not less than three-quarters in number (or if that is not a round number, the nearest lower round number) of the Directors (including himself) then in office.	if he shall be removed from the office by notice in writing served on him signed by not less than three-quartersfourths in number (or if that is not a round number, the nearest lower round number) of the Directors (including himself) then in office.

No.	Existing Articles	Proposed Amendments
Article 113	The Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director, provided that the number of Directors so appointed shall not exceed the maximum number determined from time to time by the Shareholders in general meeting. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the first general meeting of the Company after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting. Any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election. Any Director appointed under this Article shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at an annual general meeting.	The Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director, provided that the number of Directors so appointed shall not exceed the maximum number determined from time to time by the Shareholders in general meeting. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting. Any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for reelection. Any Director appointed under this Article shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at an annual general meeting.

No.	Existing Articles	Proposed Amendments
Article 114	No person, other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director signed by a Shareholder and notice in writing signed by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the Head Office or at the Registration Office. The period for lodgement of the notices required under this Article will commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least seven days.	No person, other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director signed by a Shareholder and notice in writing signed by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the Head Office or at the Registration Office. The period for lodgement of the notices required under this Article will commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for Company shall include the particulars of such proposed person for election and end no later than seven daysas a Director in its announcement or supplementary circular, and shall give the Shareholders at least seven days to consider the relevant information disclosed in such announcement or supplementary circular prior to the date of such general the meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least seven dayselection.

No.	Existing Articles	Proposed Amendments
Article 115	The Company may by Ordinary Resolution remove any Director (including a managing director or other executive director) before the expiration of his term of office notwithstanding anything in these Articles or in any agreement between the Company and such Director (but without prejudice to any claim which such Director may have for damages for any breach of any contract between him and the Company) and may by Ordinary Resolution elect another person in his stead. Any Director so appointed shall be subject to retirement by rotation pursuant to Article 109.	any Director (including a managing director or other executive director) before the expiration of his term of office notwithstanding anything in these Articles or in any agreement between the Company and such Director (but without prejudice to any claim which such Director may have for damages for any breach of any contract between him and the Company) and may by Ordinary Resolution elect another person in his

No.	Existing Articles	Proposed Amendments
Article 177(a)	The Company shall at each annual general meeting appoint one or more firms of auditors to hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting on such terms and with such duties as may be agreed with the Board, but if an appointment is not made, the Auditors in office shall continue in office until a successor is appointed. A Director, officer or employee of any such Director, officer or employee shall not be appointed Auditors of the Company. The Board may fill any casual vacancy in the office of Auditors, but while any such vacancy continues the surviving or continuing Auditors (if any) may act. The remuneration of the Auditors shall be fixed by or on the authority of the Company in the annual general meeting except that in any particular year the Company in general meeting may delegate the fixing of such remuneration to the Board and the remuneration of any Auditors appointed to fill any casual vacancy may be fixed by the Board.	The CompanyShareholders shall at each annual general meeting appoint one or more firms of auditors to hold office by Ordinary Resolution until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting on such terms and with such duties as may be agreed with the Board, but if an appointment is not made, the Auditors in office shall continue in office until a successor is appointed. A Director, officer or employee of any such Director, officer or employee shall not be appointed Auditors of the Company. The Board may fill any casual vacancy in the office of Auditors subject to the approval by Ordinary Resolution of the Shareholders at general meeting, but while any such vacancy continues the surviving or continuing Auditors (if any) may act. The remuneration of the Auditors shall be fixed by or on the authority of the CompanyShareholders in the annual general meeting by Ordinary Resolution except that in any particular year the CompanyShareholders in general meeting may by Ordinary Resolution delegate the fixing of such remuneration to the Board and the remuneration of any Auditors appointed to fill any casual vacancy may be fixed by the Board.
Article 177(b)	The Shareholders may, at any general meeting convened and held in accordance with these Articles, remove the Auditors by Special Resolution at any time before the expiration of the term of office and shall, by Ordinary Resolution, at that meeting appoint new auditors in its place for the remainder of the term.	The Shareholders may, at any general meeting convened and held in accordance with these Articles, remove the Auditors by SpecialOrdinary Resolution at any time before the expiration of the term of office and shall, by Ordinary Resolution, at that meeting appoint new auditors in its place for the remainder of the term.

Except for the clause or articles as stated above, other clauses and articles in the Memorandum and Articles remain unchanged.

The Proposed Amendments are subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") by way of a special resolution at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM"), and will become effective upon the approval by the Shareholders at the AGM.

A circular containing, inter alia, further details of the Proposed Amendments together with the notice of the general meeting will be despatched to the Shareholders in due course.

By order of the Board **CANbridge Pharmaceuticals Inc.**北海康成製藥有限公司 **Dr. James Qun Xue** *Chairman*

Hong Kong, March 23, 2022

As at the date of this announcement, the board of directors of the Company comprises Dr. James Qun Xue as Chairman and executive director, Dr. Kan Chen, Dr. Derek Paul Di Rocco and Mr. Xiao Le as non-executive directors, and Mr. James Arthur Geraghty, Dr. Richard James Gregory, Mr. Peng Kuan Chan and Dr. Lan Hu as independent non-executive directors.